

iii. Director's Message

iv. Taking Account

Articles

1. GDP and the Economy: Second Estimates for the Fourth Quarter of 2010

Real GDP increased 2.8 percent after increasing 2.6 percent in the third quarter. Imports turned down, consumer spending picked up, residential investment turned up, and exports accelerated.

12. NIPA Translation of the Fiscal Year 2012 Federal Budget

Every year, BEA prepares federal government estimates that are based on the proposed budget of the U.S. government. This analysis is often used to gauge the effect of the federal budget on U.S. economic activity.

22. BEA Briefing: Comparing NIPA Profits With S&P 500 Profits

Corporate profits measures from BEA's national economic accounts are compared with S&P 500 profits measures.

29. Gross Domestic Product by Metropolitan Area: Advance Statistics for 2009 and Revised Statistics for 2001–2008

Real GDP contracted in 292 of the nation's 366 metropolitan areas in 2009, reflecting decreases in durable-goods manufacturing, construction, and professional and business services. In 2008, real GDP contracted in 200 areas.

Upcoming in the Survey...

U.S. International Transactions. Statistics for the fourth quarter of 2010 and for 2010.

Regional Quarterly Report. State personal income for the fourth quarter of 2010 and per capita personal income for 2010.

Director's Message

Corporate profits measures from the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) are widely followed as an indicator of the health of the business sector, as a tool to help analyze investment-related issues, and as a component of national income. In this issue of the *SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS*, we compare BEA corporate profits measures with various Standard & Poor's 500 profits measures, which are also widely followed. The BEA and S&P measures differ in purpose, coverage, source data, definitions, and methodologies. Generally, the BEA measures are designed to be more comprehensive; they cover all corporations, including private corporations and S corporations. These measures reflect the national economic accounting concept of "income from current production." The S&P 500 measures, on the other hand, reflect profits for 500 large corporations and are rooted in financial accounting concepts.

In this month's issue, statistics on gross domestic product (GDP) by metropolitan areas for 2009 are presented. Real GDP contracted in 292 of the nation's 366 metropolitan areas.

We also present a translation of the President's budget for the 2012 fiscal year into a framework consistent with our national economic accounts. This annual translation, which researchers find useful, provides a tool to help gauge how proposed federal spending might affect GDP and other measures.

As usual, the most recent estimates of GDP are presented in an easy-to-read format.



J. Steven Landefeld
Director, Bureau of Economic Analysis

Taking Account...

BEA economist looks at airline price strategies

The role of pricing strategies, which can have a profound impact on companies' profitability, has attracted plentiful interest from economists recently. Adding to the literature, Adam H. Shapiro, an economist at the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA), Marco Cornia of Johns Hopkins University, and Kristopher S. Gerardi of the Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta have taken a look at price discrimination and its role in the airline industry.

Their paper, "Price Discrimination and Business-Cycle Risk," presents evidence that suggests price discrimination by airlines is highly procyclical and that the use of such pricing strategies has had a profound impact on the entire airline industry.

Price discrimination is a well-known strategy that airlines and other companies employ to try to increase profits. It involves charging higher prices to consumers with a lower price elasticity of demand or with a higher willingness to pay for given products or services.

In this manner, companies are able to increase the average markup of prices to marginal cost and thus increase their profits. In order for airlines to price discriminate, they must be able to identify and separate consumers according to their willingness to pay. They achieve this by offering airline tickets with various types of restrictions so that con-

sumers essentially separate themselves through the ticket choices that they make. This type of self selection is referred to in the economic literature as second-degree price discrimination.

During business cycle booms, airlines can more easily price discriminate among their consumers, while in business downturns, such pricing is much more difficult. This results in procyclical markups and thus procyclical airlines profits. Indeed, airlines that rely more heavily on price discrimination strategies, according to the study, should expect more volatile profits over business cycles.

Given the large number of bankruptcies in this industry, there is reason to believe that airlines are particularly sensitive to movements in the business cycle. However, while several of the traditional, legacy airlines were forced to seek bankruptcy court protection in recent years, a group of low-cost airline carriers have been able to stay competitive. The success of these low-cost carriers has been impressive, considering the extreme volatility the industry has endured in an era of deregulation.

The authors found that the legacy carriers reliance on price discrimination strategies relative to the low-cost carriers were in fact a major contributor to the large number of bankruptcies.

To explore price discrimina-

tion strategies at an airline, the authors developed a simple theoretical model of second-degree price discrimination and applied it to a relatively long panel data set of airline ticket prices that spanned almost two full business cycles.

Price discrimination in any empirical analysis tends to be difficult to identify and measure. The authors did not have access to data with enough information about consumer and airline ticket characteristics to identify precise instances of price discrimination and to directly study how price discrimination evolved over time. Instead, they adopted the strategy of the previous literature and used price dispersion at the airline-route level as a proxy for price discrimination.

In particular, they looked at how various measures of price dispersion are correlated with the business cycle, while controlling for the variation in price dispersion that was likely due to other factors, such as competition and cost.

Although the author's empirical analysis was limited to the airline industry, their model indicates that the procyclicality of markups is likely to occur in other industries as well. In general, procyclical markup variation should occur in industries in which firms have market power and can successfully price discriminate.

The paper is available on the BEA Web site.

GDP and the Economy

Second Estimates for the Fourth Quarter of 2010

REAL GROSS domestic product (GDP) increased 2.8 percent at an annual rate in the fourth quarter of 2010, according to the second estimates of the national income and product accounts (NIPAs) (chart 1 and table 1).¹ The fourth-quarter increase was revised down 0.4 percentage point from the advance estimate (see page 9). In the third quarter, real GDP increased 2.6 percent.

The small acceleration in real GDP primarily reflected a sharp downturn in imports, an acceleration in consumer spending, an upturn in residential fixed investment, and an acceleration in exports that were mostly offset by downturns in inventory investment and in federal government spending, a deceleration in nonresidential fixed investment, and a downturn in state and local government spending.²

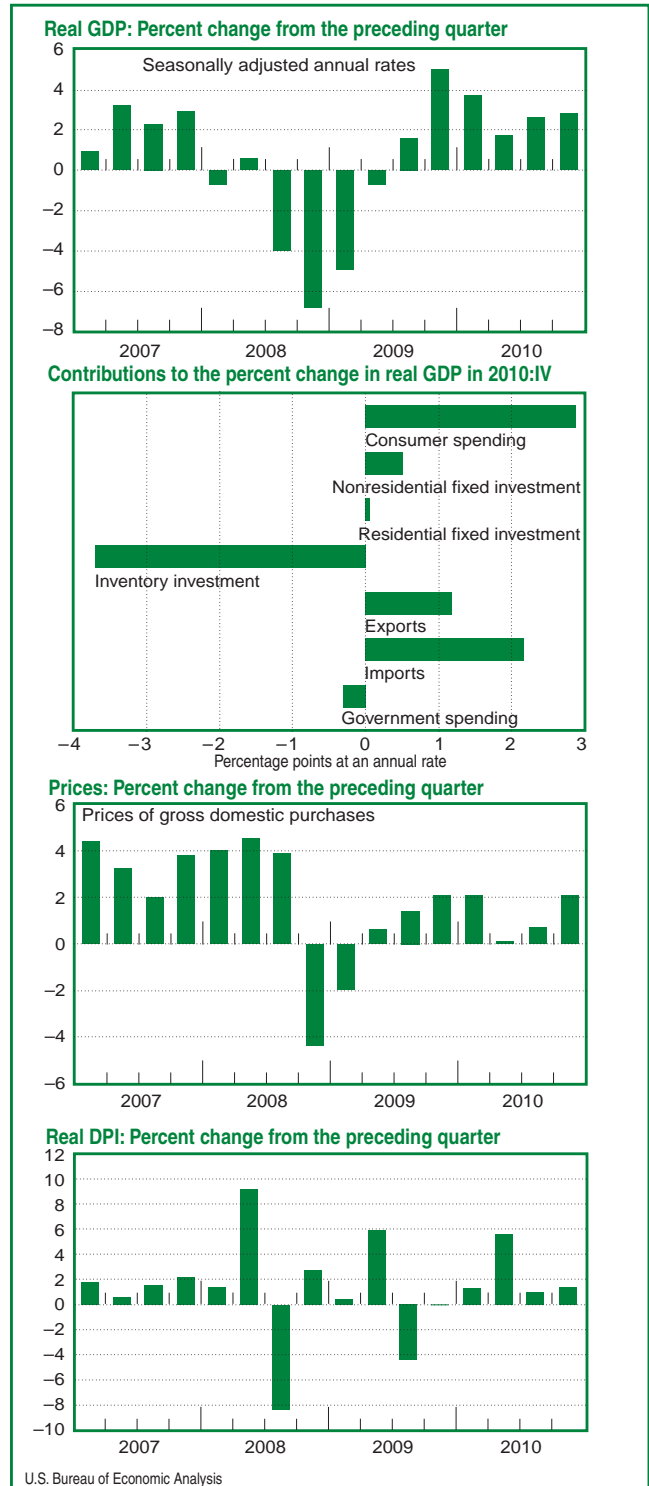
- Prices of goods and services purchased by U.S. residents increased 2.1 percent in the fourth quarter (see page 8). Both energy prices and food prices accelerated. Excluding food and energy, gross domestic purchases prices increased 1.2 percent after increasing 0.4 percent.
- Real disposable personal income (DPI) increased 1.4 percent, 0.3 percentage point less than in the advance estimate, after increasing 1.0 percent in the third quarter (revised). The fourth-quarter acceleration mainly reflected an acceleration in current-dollar DPI, which reflected an acceleration in personal income. (The PCE implicit price deflator that is used to deflate DPI increased 1.8 percent after increasing 0.8 percent.)
- The personal saving rate, personal saving as a percentage of current-dollar DPI, was 5.4 percent in the fourth quarter, unrevised from the advance estimate; in the third quarter, the saving rate was 6.0 percent (revised).

1. "Real" estimates are in chained (2005) dollars, and price indexes are chain-type measures. Each GDP estimate for a quarter (advance, second, and third) incorporates increasingly comprehensive and improved source data. More information can be found at www.bea.gov/about/infoqual.htm and www.bea.gov/faq/national/gdp_accuracy.htm. Quarterly estimates are expressed at seasonally adjusted annual rates, which assumes that a rate of activity for a quarter is maintained for a year.

2. In this article, "consumer spending" refers to "personal consumption expenditures (PCE)," "inventory investment" refers to "change in private inventories," and "government spending" refers to "government consumption expenditures and gross investment."

Christopher Swann prepared this article.

Chart 1. GDP, Prices, Disposable Personal Income (DPI)



Real GDP Overview

Table 1. Real Gross Domestic Product and Components

[Seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

	Share of current-dollar GDP (percent)	Change from preceding period (percent)					Contribution to percent change in real GDP (percentage points)			
	2010	2010					2010			
	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	
Gross domestic product ¹	100.0	3.7	1.7	2.6	2.8	3.7	1.7	2.6	2.8	
Personal consumption expenditures	70.8	1.9	2.2	2.4	4.1	1.33	1.54	1.67	2.88	
Goods.....	23.8	5.7	3.4	4.1	9.8	1.29	0.79	0.94	2.20	
Durable goods.....	7.6	8.8	6.8	7.6	21.0	0.62	0.49	0.54	1.44	
Nondurable goods.....	16.1	4.2	1.9	2.5	4.8	0.67	0.31	0.39	0.76	
Services.....	47.0	0.1	1.6	1.6	1.4	0.03	0.75	0.74	0.68	
Gross private domestic investment	12.1	29.1	26.2	15.0	-22.1	3.04	2.88	1.80	-3.13	
Fixed investment.....	12.1	3.3	18.9	1.5	4.8	0.39	2.06	0.18	0.57	
Nonresidential.....	9.8	7.8	17.2	10.0	5.3	0.71	1.51	0.93	0.51	
Structures.....	2.6	-17.8	-0.5	-3.5	4.5	-0.53	-0.01	-0.09	0.11	
Equipment and software.....	7.2	20.4	24.8	15.4	5.5	1.24	1.52	1.02	0.39	
Residential.....	2.3	-12.3	25.7	-27.3	2.8	-0.32	0.55	-0.75	0.06	
Change in private inventories.....	0.0	.....	.....	.....	.....	2.64	0.82	1.61	-3.70
Net exports of goods and services	-3.3	.....	.....	.....	.....	-0.31	-3.50	-1.70	3.35
Exports.....	13.0	11.4	9.1	6.8	9.6	1.30	1.08	0.82	1.18	
Goods.....	9.1	14.0	11.5	5.8	11.7	1.09	0.93	0.49	0.99	
Services.....	3.9	5.8	3.9	8.9	5.0	0.21	0.15	0.33	0.19	
Imports.....	16.3	11.2	33.5	16.8	-12.4	-1.61	-4.58	-2.53	2.17	
Goods.....	13.5	12.0	40.5	17.4	-14.1	-1.41	-4.46	-2.16	2.07	
Services.....	2.8	7.8	4.3	14.2	-3.7	-0.20	-0.12	-0.37	0.11	
Government consumption expenditures and gross investment	20.4	-1.6	3.9	3.9	-1.5	-0.32	0.80	0.79	-0.31	
Federal.....	8.3	1.8	9.1	8.8	-0.2	0.15	0.72	0.71	-0.02	
National defense.....	5.6	0.4	7.4	8.5	-2.1	0.02	0.40	0.46	-0.12	
Nondefense.....	2.7	5.0	12.8	9.5	3.7	0.13	0.32	0.25	0.10	
State and local.....	12.1	-3.8	0.6	0.7	-2.4	-0.48	0.08	0.09	-0.29	

1. The estimates under the contribution columns are also percent changes.

NOTE. Percent changes are from NIPA table 1.1.1, contributions are from NIPA table 1.1.2, and shares are from NIPA table 1.1.10.

Consumer spending increased 4.1 percent in the fourth quarter, the largest percentage increase since the first quarter of 2006. In the third quarter of 2010, it increased 2.4 percent. The acceleration reflected pickups in durable and nondurable goods. Services slowed slightly (see page 3).

Nonresidential fixed investment slowed, mainly reflecting a slowdown in equipment and software that was partly offset by an upturn in structures (see page 4).

Residential fixed investment turned up, mainly reflecting an upturn in "other" structures.

Inventory investment turned down sharply and subtracted 3.70 percentage points from real GDP growth after adding 1.61 percentage points (see page 5).

Exports picked up, contributing 1.18 percentage points to real GDP growth after contributing 0.82 percentage point. The pickup reflected an acceleration in exports of goods. Exports of services slowed (see page 6).

Imports turned down sharply, reflecting downturns in both goods and services. The largest contributor to the downturn in goods imports was a downturn in petroleum and products.

Federal government spending turned down, reflecting a downturn in defense spending and a slowdown in nondefense spending (see page 7).

State and local government spending turned down sharply, mainly reflecting a downturn in investment in structures.

Table 2. Real Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by Type of Product

[Seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

	Share of current-dollar GDP (percent)	Change from preceding period (percent)					Contribution to percent change in real GDP (percentage points)			
	2010	2010					2010			
	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	
Gross domestic product ¹	100.0	3.7	1.7	2.6	2.8	3.7	1.7	2.6	2.8	
Final sales of domestic product.....	100.0	1.1	0.9	0.9	6.7	1.09	0.90	0.95	6.49	
Change in private inventories.....	0.0	.....	.....	.....	.....	2.64	0.82	1.61	-3.70
Goods.....	28.1	19.5	-0.8	7.4	7.8	4.90	-0.20	1.99	2.14	
Services.....	65.0	0.0	1.9	1.8	1.0	0.02	1.21	1.15	0.63	
Structures.....	6.9	-15.2	10.6	-7.9	0.2	-1.18	0.71	-0.58	0.02	
Addenda:										
Motor vehicle output.....	2.2	42.3	-2.7	25.0	-13.1	0.74	-0.06	0.49	-0.31	
GDP excluding motor vehicle output.....	97.8	3.0	1.8	2.1	3.2	2.99	1.78	2.07	3.10	
Final sales of computers.....	0.7	19.2	5.3	65.1	61.4	0.10	0.03	0.29	0.30	
GDP excluding final sales of computers.....	99.3	3.7	1.7	2.3	2.5	3.63	1.69	2.27	2.48	

1. The estimates under the contribution columns are also percent changes.

NOTE. Percent changes are from NIPA table 1.2.1, contributions are from NIPA table 1.2.2, and shares are calculated from NIPA table 1.2.5.

Real final sales of domestic product, real GDP less inventory investment, increased 6.7 percent and added 6.49 percentage points to real GDP growth. The fourth-quarter increase was the largest percent increase since the fourth quarter of 1998.

Motor vehicle output turned down, decreasing 13.1 percent after increasing 25.0 percent.

Final sales of computers increased 61.4 percent after increasing 65.1 percent.

Consumer Spending

Table 3. Real Personal Consumption Expenditures (PCE)

[Seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

	Share of current-dollar PCE (percent)	Change from preceding period (percent)					Contribution to percent change in real PCE (percentage points)				
	2010	2010					2010				
	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV		
PCE ¹	100.0	1.9	2.2	2.4	4.1	4.1	1.9	2.2	2.4	4.1	
Goods	33.6	5.7	3.4	4.1	9.8	9.8	1.82	1.13	1.34	3.15	
Durable goods	10.8	8.8	6.8	7.6	21.0	0.88	0.69	0.77	2.06		
Motor vehicles and parts	3.6	-2.6	6.9	5.2	48.4	-0.08	0.22	0.17	1.38		
Furnishings and durable household equipment	2.5	13.9	9.0	5.6	10.1	0.32	0.22	0.14	0.24		
Recreational goods and vehicles.....	3.2	12.9	9.3	12.2	12.1	0.39	0.29	0.37	0.38		
Other durable goods	1.5	18.8	-2.2	6.6	4.4	0.25	-0.03	0.09	0.07		
Nondurable goods	22.8	4.2	1.9	2.5	4.8	0.94	0.44	0.56	1.09		
Food and beverages for off-premises consumption....	7.7	3.7	-2.9	3.2	4.9	0.29	-0.23	0.24	0.38		
Clothing and footwear.....	3.3	12.0	6.4	-1.1	12.6	0.37	0.20	-0.04	0.39		
Gasoline and other energy goods.....	3.6	0.7	3.0	0.1	-3.1	0.02	0.10	0.00	-0.11		
Other nondurable goods.....	8.1	3.3	4.5	4.4	5.3	0.26	0.36	0.35	0.43		
Services	66.4	0.1	1.6	1.6	1.4	0.05	1.07	1.05	0.99		
Household consumption expenditures.....	63.9	0.0	1.5	1.6	1.4	0.02	0.98	1.03	0.93		
Housing and utilities	18.2	-0.5	1.1	3.4	0.0	-0.09	0.20	0.62	0.00		
Health care	16.3	-0.3	3.1	1.2	3.0	-0.06	0.49	0.19	0.49		
Transportation services.....	2.9	3.5	4.1	3.9	2.0	0.10	0.12	0.11	0.06		
Recreation services.....	3.7	-0.1	-0.3	4.3	0.2	0.00	-0.01	0.16	0.01		
Food services and accommodations.....	6.0	6.9	2.5	2.8	2.4	0.40	0.15	0.17	0.14		
Financial services and insurance	7.8	-2.8	1.1	-4.7	2.5	-0.22	0.10	-0.38	0.20		
Other services.....	9.0	-1.2	-0.8	1.7	0.2	-0.11	-0.07	0.16	0.02		
Final consumption expenditures of NPISHs ²	2.6	1.2	3.4	1.0	2.4	0.03	0.09	0.03	0.07		
Gross output of NPISHs ³	10.6	-0.9	3.3	1.2	3.2	-0.09	0.35	0.12	0.34		
Less: Receipts from sales of goods and services by NPISHs ⁴	8.0	-1.6	3.3	1.2	3.5	-0.12	0.26	0.10	0.28		

Spending for goods accelerated sharply, reflecting a sharp acceleration in spending for durable goods and a pickup in spending for nondurable goods.

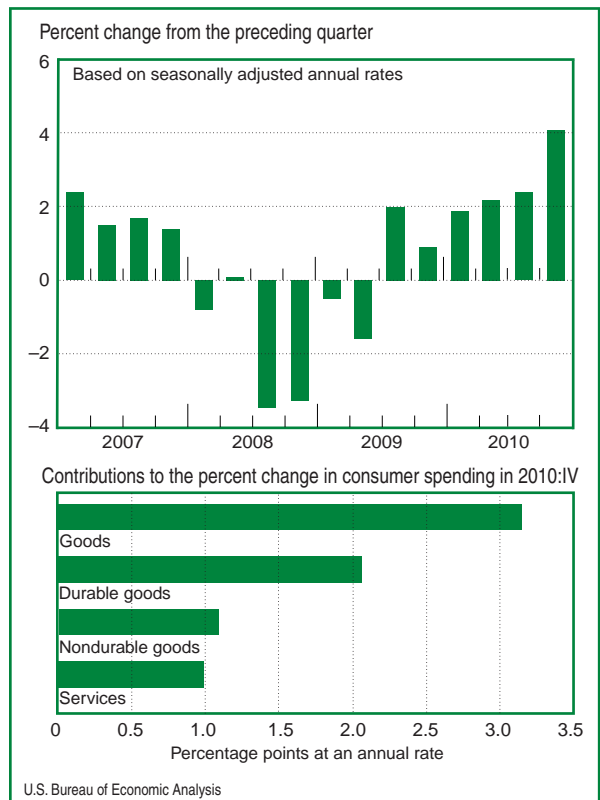
The acceleration in durable goods was primarily due to a sharp acceleration in motor vehicles and parts. Spending for furnishings and durable household equipment also picked up.

The pickup in nondurable goods reflected an upturn in clothing and footwear and slight pickups in food and beverages for off-premises consumption and in "other" nondurable goods. Spending for gasoline and other energy goods turned down.

Spending for services slowed slightly. Decelerations in spending for housing and utilities, for recreation services, and for "other" services were partly offset by an upturn in financial services and insurance and a pickup in health care.

1. The estimates under the contribution columns are also percent changes.
 2. Net of expenses, or gross operating expenses less primary sales to households.
 3. Net of unrelated sales, secondary sales, and sales to business, to government, and to the rest of the world; excludes own-account investment (construction and software).
 4. Excludes unrelated sales, secondary sales, and sales to business, to government, and to the rest of the world; includes membership dues and fees.
 NOTE: Percent changes are from NIPA table 2.3.1, and contributions, from NIPA table 2.3.2; shares are calculated from NIPA table 2.3.5.
 NPISHs Nonprofit institutions serving households

Chart 2. Real Personal Consumption Expenditures



Private Fixed Investment

Table 4. Real Private Fixed Investment (PFI)

[Seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

	Share of current-dollar PFI (percent)	Change from preceding period (percent)				Contribution to percent change in real PFI (percentage points)			
		2010				2010			
		IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV
Private fixed investment ¹	100.0	3.3	18.9	1.5	4.8	3.3	18.9	1.5	4.8
Nonresidential	81.4	7.8	17.2	10.0	5.3	6.03	13.92	7.70	4.27
Structures	21.6	-17.8	-0.5	-3.5	4.5	-4.52	0.14	-0.77	0.97
Commercial and health care	4.9	-28.5	-18.0	-11.4	-14.4	-2.05	-1.07	-0.63	-0.78
Manufacturing	2.0	-43.8	-18.3	-39.4	-29.8	-1.74	-0.53	-1.20	-0.75
Power and communication	5.1	-33.7	-7.1	-26.6	81.9	-2.14	-0.35	-1.41	2.86
Mining exploration, shafts, and wells	6.6	93.4	58.2	64.4	5.0	3.18	2.67	3.04	0.32
Other structures ²	3.1	-36.0	-16.0	-15.4	-19.4	-1.78	-0.59	-0.56	-0.68
Equipment and software	59.7	20.4	24.8	15.4	5.5	10.55	13.79	8.46	3.30
Information processing equipment and software	34.0	8.4	15.3	8.8	11.5	2.70	5.10	2.82	3.71
Computers and peripheral equipment	5.6	4.8	45.2	1.3	17.9	0.25	2.17	0.07	0.93
Software ³	16.2	9.2	8.1	9.8	7.7	1.43	1.34	1.50	1.21
Other ⁴	12.1	8.8	13.0	11.1	13.8	1.02	1.59	1.25	1.57
Industrial equipment	9.5	0.2	44.2	6.9	10.9	0.02	3.48	0.62	0.98
Transportation equipment	6.5	173.9	74.8	64.4	-25.4	5.25	3.62	3.33	-1.98
Other equipment ⁵	9.7	32.7	16.2	19.4	6.1	2.59	1.58	1.70	0.59
Residential	18.6	-12.3	25.7	-27.3	2.8	-2.69	4.95	-6.21	0.53
Structures	18.1	-12.8	26.2	-28.0	2.6	-2.75	4.90	-6.22	0.49
Permanent site	6.7	1.2	13.5	-23.6	-14.8	0.09	1.06	-1.96	-1.10
Single family	5.9	19.3	22.4	-26.3	-16.4	1.18	1.45	-1.99	-1.10
Multifamily	0.8	-64.9	-38.2	4.2	-0.5	-1.09	-0.39	0.03	0.00
Other structures ⁶	11.4	-20.7	34.8	-30.5	14.9	-2.84	3.84	-4.26	1.59
Equipment	0.5	11.2	8.3	2.4	8.5	0.06	0.04	0.01	0.04

1. The estimates under the contribution columns are also percent changes.
 2. Consists primarily of religious, educational, vocational, lodging, railroads, farm, and amusement and recreational structures, net purchases of used structures, and brokers' commissions on the sale of structures.
 3. Excludes software "embedded," or bundled, in computers and other equipment.
 4. Includes communication equipment, nonmedical instruments, medical equipment and instruments, photocopy and related equipment, and office and accounting equipment.
 5. Consists primarily of furniture and fixtures, agricultural machinery, construction machinery, mining and oilfield machinery, service industry machinery, and electrical equipment not elsewhere classified.
 6. Consists primarily of manufactured homes, improvements, dormitories, net purchases of used structures, and brokers' commissions on the sale of residential structures.
 Note: Percent changes are from NIPA table 5.3.1, contributions are from NIPA table 5.3.2, and shares are calculated from NIPA table 5.3.5.

Private fixed investment accelerated in the fourth quarter, increasing 4.8 percent after increasing 1.5 percent. An upturn in residential fixed investment was partly offset by a deceleration in nonresidential fixed investment.

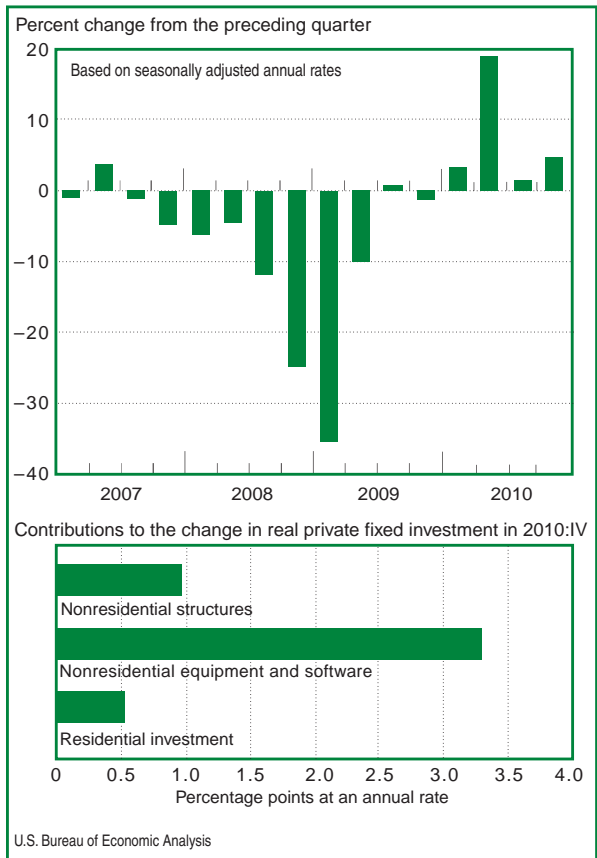
The deceleration in nonresidential fixed investment reflected a deceleration in equipment and software that was partly offset by an upturn in structures.

The upturn in structures reflected an upturn in power and communication and a smaller decrease in manufacturing that were partly offset by decelerations in mining exploration, shafts, and wells and larger decreases in commercial and health care and in "other" structures.

The deceleration in equipment and software mainly reflected a downturn in transportation equipment and a slowdown in "other" equipment. In contrast, information processing equipment and software and industrial equipment picked up.

The upturn in residential fixed investment mainly reflected an upturn in "other" structures, specifically in brokers' commissions and in improvements.

Chart 3. Real Private Fixed Investment



Inventory Investment

Table 5. Change in Real Private Inventories by Industry
 [Billions of chained (2005) dollars; seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

	Level					Change from preceding quarter				
	2009	2010				2010				
		IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV
Change in private inventories ¹	-36.7	44.1	68.8	121.4	7.1	80.8	24.7	52.6	-114.3	
Farm	6.4	7.6	7.8	5.1	1.3	1.2	0.2	-2.7	-3.8	
Mining, utilities, and construction ...	-15.7	-10.4	4.3	-2.6	-0.2	5.3	14.7	-6.9	2.4	
Manufacturing	-4.6	21.0	-3.4	29.6	23.3	25.6	-24.4	33.0	-6.3	
Durable-goods industries	-20.0	8.9	22.1	18.5	16.0	28.9	13.2	-3.6	-2.5	
Nondurable-goods industries	13.8	11.9	-24.4	11.1	7.4	-1.9	-36.3	35.5	-3.7	
Wholesale trade	-8.7	13.2	31.2	57.3	8.4	21.9	18.0	26.1	-48.9	
Durable-goods industries	-24.9	8.3	11.4	28.3	21.0	33.2	3.1	16.9	-7.3	
Nondurable-goods industries	13.9	4.9	19.0	28.3	-9.8	-9.0	14.1	9.3	-38.1	
Retail trade	-8.8	12.6	24.9	28.7	-29.1	21.4	12.3	3.8	-57.8	
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	6.2	11.9	16.6	23.7	-30.8	5.7	4.7	7.1	-54.5	
Food and beverage stores	-2.9	1.1	-0.9	0.3	-1.6	4.0	-2.0	1.2	-1.9	
General merchandise stores	-1.0	-0.2	4.4	2.1	3.0	0.8	4.6	-2.3	0.9	
Other retail stores	-10.3	0.3	5.6	3.5	-1.2	10.6	5.3	-2.1	-4.7	
Other industries	-6.0	-0.2	3.9	2.1	1.2	5.8	4.1	-1.8	-0.9	
Residual ²	3.8	0.0	-1.0	1.0	0.8	.....	.....	.....	.....
Addenda: Ratios of private inventories to final sales of domestic business: ³										
Private inventories to final sales	2.32	2.33	2.35	2.39	2.33	.....	.....	.....	.....
Nonfarm inventories to final sales	2.11	2.11	2.13	2.17	2.11	.....	.....	.....	.....
Nonfarm inventories to final sales of goods and structures	3.92	3.91	3.96	4.04	3.88	.....	.....	.....	.....

Real inventory investment decreased \$114.3 billion, reflecting a much smaller accumulation in the fourth quarter than in the third quarter. The largest contributors to the fourth-quarter decrease were retail trade, wholesale trade, and manufacturing industries.

Inventory investment in manufacturing industries decreased \$6.3 billion. The decrease reflected smaller accumulations in both nondurable-goods and durable-goods industries.

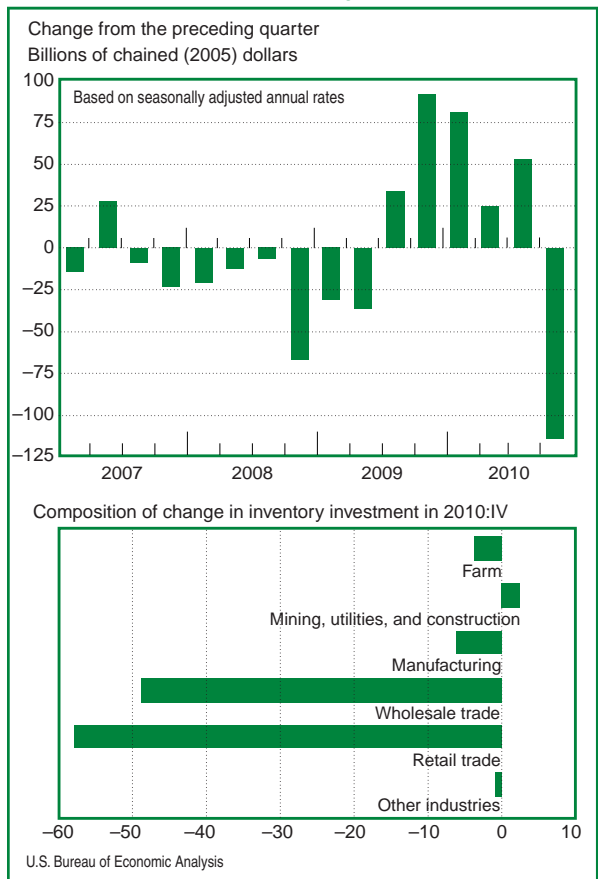
Inventory investment in wholesale trade industries decreased \$48.9 billion as a result of a drawdown in nondurable-goods industries after a large third-quarter accumulation and a smaller accumulation in durable-goods industries in the fourth quarter.

Inventory investment in retail trade industries decreased \$57.8 billion, mainly reflecting a large drawdown in motor vehicle and parts dealers.

The ratio of private inventories to final sales decreased to 2.33.

1. The levels are from NIPA table 5.6.6B.
 2. The residual is the difference between the first line and the sum of the most detailed lines.
 3. The ratios are from NIPA table 5.7.6B.
 NOTE: The chained-dollar series are calculated as the period-to-period change in end-of-period inventories. Quarterly changes are stated at annual rates. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes weights of more than one period, chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive.

Chart 4. Real Private Inventory Investment



Inventory Investment

This article presents an expanded overview of inventory investment in the box on page 10. The overview discusses fundamental concepts about inventory movements and includes numerical examples of how inventory investment relates to the level of GDP and how the change in inventory investment relates to the change in GDP, or GDP growth.

Exports and Imports

Table 6. Real Exports and Imports of Goods and Services

[Seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

	Share of current-dollar exports and imports (percent)	Change from preceding period (percent)					Contribution to percent change in real exports and imports (percentage points)			
		2010					2010			
		IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV
Exports of goods and services ¹	100.0	11.4	9.1	6.8	9.6	11.4	9.1	6.8	9.6	
Exports of goods ²	70.1	14.0	11.5	5.8	11.7	9.53	7.91	4.09	8.07	
Foods, feeds, and beverages	6.4	-0.9	-32.2	24.1	48.0	0.00	-2.12	1.18	2.41	
Industrial supplies and materials	21.8	19.2	17.3	-3.0	14.1	3.63	3.45	-0.62	2.91	
Capital goods, except automotive	24.0	15.1	19.1	13.5	10.3	3.60	4.34	3.17	2.50	
Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts	5.9	35.9	19.5	-6.4	7.4	1.92	1.14	-0.40	0.44	
Consumer goods, except automotive	9.0	11.0	-4.6	7.2	18.5	1.03	-0.40	0.63	1.57	
Other	3.0	-17.5	53.9	3.6	-42.0	-0.64	1.49	0.13	-1.77	
Exports of services ²	29.9	5.8	3.9	8.9	5.0	1.84	1.21	2.67	1.53	
Imports of goods and services ¹	100.0	11.2	33.5	16.8	-12.4	11.20	33.50	16.80	-12.40	
Imports of goods ²	83.0	12.0	40.5	17.4	-14.1	9.81	32.50	14.41	-11.79	
Foods, feeds, and beverages	3.9	18.0	5.4	-0.6	-14.7	0.68	0.32	0.01	-0.58	
Industrial supplies and materials, except petroleum and products	10.3	30.1	31.5	0.6	-16.8	2.82	3.46	0.16	-1.82	
Petroleum and products	14.8	-3.4	78.6	43.6	-55.7	-0.53	10.32	5.70	-11.48	
Capital goods, except automotive	19.6	15.5	49.0	16.4	8.7	2.76	8.49	3.22	1.68	
Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts	9.5	12.1	69.9	15.6	-17.9	1.10	5.66	1.52	-1.84	
Consumer goods, except automotive	20.6	7.7	25.3	18.1	-2.1	1.69	5.27	3.69	-0.37	
Other	4.3	35.7	-24.2	1.9	92.2	1.30	-1.01	0.11	2.62	
Imports of services ²	17.0	7.8	4.3	14.2	-3.7	1.40	0.95	2.41	-0.59	
Addenda:										
Exports of agricultural goods ³	7.1	14.6	-32.4	14.1	45.0					
Exports of nonagricultural goods	63.1	13.9	17.1	5.1	8.7					
Imports of nonpetroleum goods	68.2	15.9	32.9	12.3	-1.0					

1. The estimates under the contribution columns are also percent changes.

2. Exports and imports of certain goods, primarily military equipment purchased and sold by the federal government, are included in services.

3. Includes parts of foods, feeds, and beverages, of nondurable industrial supplies and materials, and of nondurable nonautomotive consumer goods.

NOTE. Percent changes are from NIPA table 4.2.1, contributions are from NIPA table 4.2.2, and shares are calculated from NIPA table 4.2.5.

Exports of goods and services picked up in the fourth quarter, reflecting an acceleration in exports of goods. Exports of services slowed.

The acceleration in exports of goods reflected an upturn in industrial supplies and materials and accelerations in foods, feeds, and beverages and in nonautomotive consumer goods, and an upturn in automotive vehicles, engines, and parts. In contrast, "other" exports turned down and nonautomotive capital goods slowed.

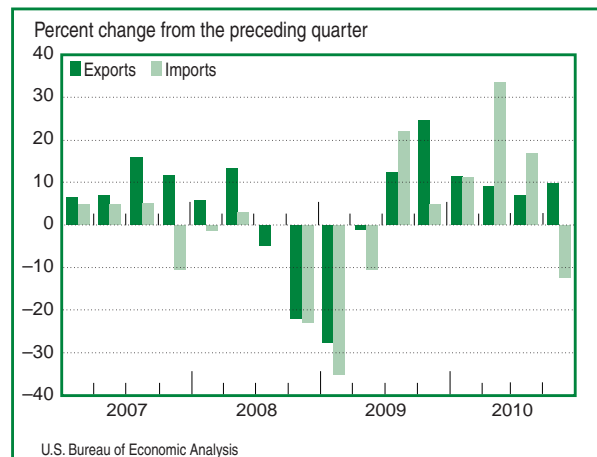
The slowdown in exports of services primarily reflected a slowdown in travel, a downturn in transfers under U.S. military agency sales contracts, and slowdowns in other private services and in passenger fares. In contrast, other transportation turned up.

Imports of goods and services turned down, reflecting downturns in imports of both goods and services.

The downturn in imports of goods was widespread among most categories of goods. The largest contributor was a downturn in petroleum and products. In contrast, "other" imports of goods accelerated.

The downturn in imports of services was also widespread among most categories of services. In contrast, royalties and license fees picked up.

Chart 5. Real Exports and Imports of Goods and Services



Government Spending

Table 7. Real Government Consumption Expenditures and Gross Investment (CEGI)
[Seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

	Share of current-dollar CEGI (percent)	Change from preceding period (percent)				Contribution to percent change in real CEGI (percentage points)			
	2010	2010				2010			
	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV
Government consumption expenditures and gross investment¹	100.0	-1.6	3.9	3.9	-1.5	-1.6	3.9	3.9	-1.5
Consumption expenditures.....	82.8	-0.2	2.5	2.7	-2.0	-0.14	2.13	2.23	-1.67
Gross investment.....	17.2	-8.2	11.3	10.2	0.9	-1.44	1.82	1.68	0.15
Federal.....	40.8	1.8	9.1	8.8	-0.2	0.73	3.56	3.48	-0.09
National defense.....	27.4	0.4	7.4	8.5	-2.1	0.10	1.96	2.26	-0.58
Consumption expenditures.....	23.2	0.3	5.4	8.8	-6.6	0.07	1.23	2.01	-1.58
Gross investment.....	4.2	0.7	20.4	6.3	27.7	0.03	0.73	0.25	1.00
Nondefense.....	13.4	5.0	12.8	9.5	3.7	0.63	1.60	1.22	0.48
Consumption expenditures.....	11.7	2.9	12.2	8.1	3.0	0.33	1.33	0.91	0.34
Gross investment.....	1.8	20.8	17.2	19.4	8.3	0.30	0.27	0.31	0.14
State and local.....	59.2	-3.8	0.6	0.7	-2.4	-2.31	0.39	0.43	-1.43
Consumption expenditures.....	47.9	-1.1	-0.9	-1.4	-0.9	-0.54	-0.44	-0.69	-0.44
Gross investment.....	11.2	-14.4	7.5	10.2	-8.3	-1.77	0.83	1.12	-0.99

1. The estimates under the contribution columns are also percent changes.
NOTE. Percent changes are from NIPA table 3.9.1, contributions from NIPA table 3.9.2, and shares are calculated from NIPA table 3.9.5.

Government spending turned down in the fourth quarter, reflecting downturns in both federal government spending and state and local government spending.

The downturn in federal government spending reflected a downturn in national defense spending and a slowdown in nondefense spending. Within national defense, a downturn in consumption expenditures was partly offset by a pickup in gross investment.

The downturn in state and local government spending mainly reflected a downturn in gross investment in structures.

Government Spending

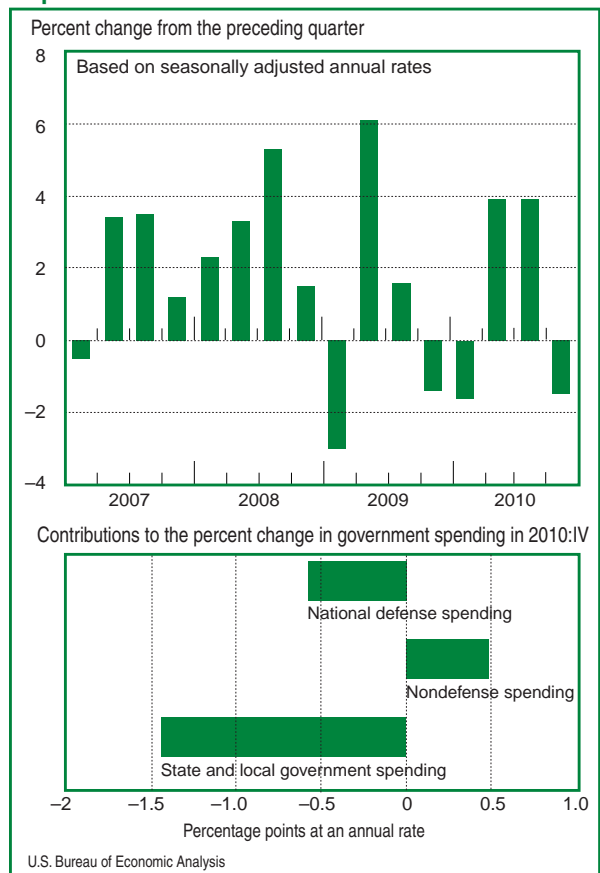
“Government consumption expenditures and gross investment,” or “government spending,” consists of two components: (1) consumption expenditures by federal government and by state and local governments and (2) gross investment by government and government-owned enterprises.

Government consumption expenditures consists of the goods and services that are produced by general government (less any sales to other sectors and investment goods produced by government itself). Governments generally provide services to the general public without charge. The value of government production—that is, government’s gross output—is measured as spending for labor and for intermediate goods and services and a charge for consumption of fixed capital (which represents a partial measure of the services provided by government-owned fixed capital).

Gross investment consists of new and used structures (such as highways and dams) and of equipment and software purchased or produced by government and government-owned enterprises.

Government consumption expenditures and gross investment excludes current transactions of government-owned enterprises, current transfer payments, interest payments, subsidies, and transactions in financial assets and nonproduced assets, such as land.

Chart 6. Real Government Consumption Expenditures and Gross Investment



Prices

Table 8. Prices for Gross Domestic Purchases

[Percent change at annual rates; based on seasonally adjusted index numbers (2005=100)]

	Change from preceding period (percent)				Contribution to percent change in gross domestic purchases prices (percentage points)			
	2010				2010			
	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV
Gross domestic purchases¹	2.1	0.1	0.7	2.1	2.1	0.1	0.7	2.1
Personal consumption expenditures	2.1	0.0	0.8	1.8	1.43	-0.03	0.53	1.25
Goods	2.6	-3.6	0.9	3.4	0.57	-0.83	0.21	0.77
Durable goods	-2.0	-1.6	-2.2	-2.2	-0.15	-0.11	-0.16	-0.16
Nondurable goods	4.7	-4.6	2.4	6.2	0.72	-0.72	0.37	0.93
Services	1.8	1.8	0.7	1.1	0.85	0.80	0.32	0.49
Gross private domestic investment	-2.0	-0.7	0.5	2.5	-0.22	-0.09	0.06	0.31
Fixed investment	-1.4	-0.7	0.1	1.2	-0.16	-0.08	0.02	0.14
Nonresidential	-1.9	0.0	0.2	0.8	-0.18	0.00	0.02	0.07
Structures	0.9	2.0	2.9	3.6	0.02	0.05	0.07	0.09
Equipment and software	-3.1	-0.8	-0.8	-0.2	-0.20	-0.05	-0.05	-0.02
Residential	0.6	-3.2	-0.1	3.0	0.01	-0.08	0.00	0.06
Change in private inventories					-0.06	-0.01	0.05	0.17
Government consumption expenditures and gross investment	4.6	0.9	0.3	3.0	0.89	0.17	0.07	0.58
Federal	4.5	0.9	0.5	1.7	0.35	0.07	0.04	0.14
National defense	5.3	1.2	0.5	2.0	0.28	0.06	0.03	0.11
Nondefense	2.8	0.2	0.4	0.9	0.07	0.01	0.01	0.03
State and local	4.6	0.9	0.2	3.9	0.54	0.10	0.03	0.45
Addenda:								
Gross domestic purchases:								
Food	1.3	1.3	1.2	2.7	0.07	0.07	0.06	0.15
Energy goods and services	15.2	-17.4	5.2	26.4	0.58	-0.73	0.19	0.93
Excluding food and energy	1.6	0.8	0.4	1.2	1.45	0.72	0.40	1.06
Personal consumption expenditures (PCE):								
Food	1.8	1.6	0.3	1.4				
Energy goods and services	16.4	-17.5	5.4	24.3				
Excluding food and energy	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5				
"Market-based" PCE	1.7	-0.2	1.3	1.9				
Excluding food and energy	0.7	1.0	1.1	0.4				
Gross domestic product	1.0	1.9	2.1	0.4				

1. The estimates under the contribution columns are also percent changes
 Note: Most percent changes are from NIPA table 1.6.7; percent changes for PCE for food and energy goods and services and for PCE excluding food and energy are calculated from index numbers in NIPA table 2.3.4. Contributions are from NIPA table 1.6.8.

Prices paid by U.S. residents, as measured by the gross domestic purchases price index, accelerated in the fourth quarter, increasing 2.1 percent after increasing 0.7 percent. Consumer prices and prices paid by government were the main contributors to the acceleration.

Consumer prices picked up, contributing 1.25 percentage points to the increase in gross domestic purchases prices after contributing 0.53 percentage point. The pickup mainly reflected a sharp acceleration in gasoline and other energy goods.

Prices paid for nonresidential fixed investment picked up slightly.

Prices paid for residential investment turned up, increasing 3.0 percent after decreasing 0.1 percent.

Prices paid by government picked up, reflecting accelerations in prices paid by both the federal government and state and local government. The acceleration in prices paid by state and local government reflected an acceleration in petroleum prices.

Consumer prices excluding food and energy, a measure of the "core" rate of inflation, increased 0.5 percent, the same rate as in the third quarter.

The GDP price index increased 0.4 percent in the fourth quarter, 1.7 percentage points less than the percent change in the price index for gross domestic purchases, reflecting a larger increase in import prices (18.6 percent) than in export prices (8.2 percent).

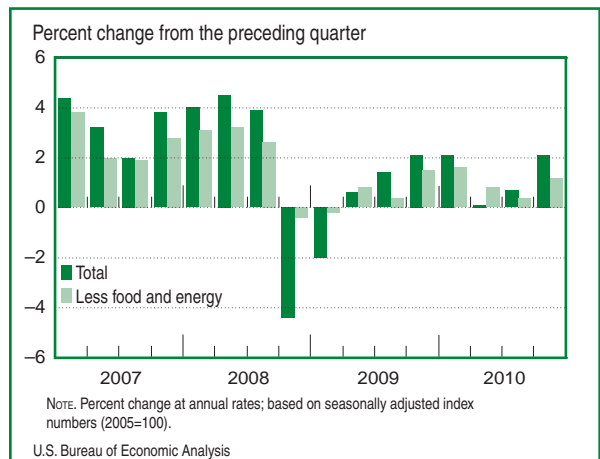
Note on Prices

BEA's gross domestic purchases price index is the most comprehensive index of prices paid by U.S. residents for all goods and services, regardless of whether those goods and services were produced domestically or imported. It is derived from prices of consumer spending, private investment, and government spending.

The GDP price index measures the prices of goods and services produced in the United States, including the prices of goods and services produced for export.

The difference between the gross domestic purchases price index and the GDP price index reflects the differences between imports prices (included in the gross domestic purchases index) and exports prices (included in the GDP price index). For other measures that are affected by import and export prices, see the dollar depreciation [FAQ Answer ID 498](#) on BEA's Web site.

Chart 7. Gross Domestic Purchases Prices



Revisions

Table 9. Advance and Second Estimates for the Fourth Quarter of 2010
[Seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

	Change from preceding quarter (percent)			Contribution to percent change in real GDP (percentage points)		
	Advance	Second	Second minus advance	Advance	Second	Second minus advance
Gross domestic product (GDP) ¹	3.2	2.8	-0.4	3.2	2.8	-0.4
Personal consumption expenditures	4.4	4.1	-0.3	3.04	2.88	-0.16
Goods.....	10.1	9.8	-0.3	2.26	2.20	-0.06
Durable goods.....	21.6	21.0	-0.6	1.48	1.44	-0.04
Nondurable goods.....	5.0	4.8	-0.2	0.78	0.76	-0.02
Services.....	1.7	1.4	-0.3	0.78	0.68	-0.10
Gross private domestic investment	-22.5	-22.1	0.4	-3.20	-3.13	0.07
Fixed investment.....	4.2	4.8	0.6	0.50	0.57	0.07
Nonresidential.....	4.4	5.3	0.9	0.43	0.51	0.08
Structures.....	0.8	4.5	3.7	0.02	0.11	0.09
Equipment and software.....	5.8	5.5	-0.3	0.41	0.39	-0.02
Residential.....	3.4	2.8	-0.6	0.08	0.06	-0.02
Change in private inventories.....				-3.70	-3.70	0.00
Net exports of goods and services				3.44	3.35	-0.09
Exports.....	8.5	9.6	1.1	1.04	1.18	0.14
Goods.....	10.0	11.7	1.7	0.85	0.99	0.14
Services.....	5.1	5.0	-0.1	0.19	0.19	0.00
Imports.....	-13.6	-12.4	1.2	2.40	2.17	-0.23
Goods.....	-15.5	-14.1	1.4	2.29	2.07	-0.22
Services.....	-3.8	-3.7	0.1	0.11	0.11	0.00
Government consumption expenditures and gross investment	-0.6	-1.5	-0.9	-0.11	-0.31	-0.20
Federal.....	-0.2	-0.2	0.0	-0.01	-0.02	-0.01
National defense.....	-2.0	-2.1	-0.1	-0.11	-0.12	-0.01
Nondefense.....	3.7	3.7	0.0	0.10	0.10	0.00
State and local.....	-0.9	-2.4	-1.5	-0.10	-0.29	-0.19
Addenda:						
Final sales of domestic product.....	7.1	6.7	-0.4	6.87	6.49	-0.38
Gross domestic purchases price index.....	2.1	2.1	0.0			
GDP price index.....	0.3	0.4	0.1			

1. The estimates under the contribution columns are also percent changes.

The second estimate of the fourth-quarter increase in real GDP is 0.4 percentage point less than the advance estimate, primarily reflecting an upward revision to imports and downward revisions to state and local government spending and to consumer spending that were partly offset by an upward revision to exports. The average revision (without regard to sign) between the advance estimate and the second estimate is 0.5 percentage point.

The downward revision to consumer spending was to both services and goods. The largest contributors to the revision were electricity and gas services, recreational goods and vehicles, and food services and accommodations.

The upward revision to exports was more than accounted for by exports of goods. In exports of goods, the largest contributors to the revision were "other" nonautomotive capital goods and civilian aircraft, engines, and parts.

The upward revision to imports was to imports of goods. In imports of goods, the largest contributor to the revision was "other" imports of goods.

The downward revision to state and local government spending was primarily to gross investment for structures.

Personal Income for the Third Quarter of 2010

With the release of the second estimates of GDP, BEA also releases revised estimates of various income-related measures for the previous quarter. This revision reflects the incorporation of newly available third-quarter tabulations from the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages from the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Wage and salary disbursements increased \$54.9 billion, an upward revision of \$2.9 billion. Personal current taxes increased \$29.1 billion, an upward revision of \$0.5 billion. Contributions for government social insurance, which is subtracted in calculating personal income, increased \$8.3 billion, an upward revision of \$0.4 billion.

As a result of these revisions,

- Personal income increased \$78.4 billion, an upward revision of \$2.7 billion.
- Disposable personal income increased \$49.3 billion, an upward revision of \$2.2 billion.
- Personal saving decreased \$23.3 billion, an upward revision of \$2.3 billion.
- The personal saving rate was 6.0 percent, an upward revision of 0.1 percentage point.

Source Data for the Second Estimates

Personal consumption expenditures: retail sales for October, November, and December (revised). Motor vehicle registrations for December (new). Retail electricity sales and unit value data for November (revised) and December (new) and natural gas sales and unit value data for October (revised) and November (new) from the Energy Information Administration.

Nonresidential fixed investment: construction spending (value put in place) for October and November (revised) and December (new). Manufacturers' shipments (M3) of machinery and equipment for November and December (revised). Exports and imports for October and November (revised) and December (new).

Residential fixed investment: construction spending (value put in place) for October and November (revised) and December (new).

Change in private inventories: manufacturers' inventories for October, November, and December (revised) and trade inventories for October and November (revised) and December (new).

Exports and imports of goods and services: international transactions for October and November (revised) and December (new).

Government consumption expenditures and gross investment: state and local construction spending (value put in place) for October and November (revised) and December (new).

Inventory Investment

The change in private inventories, or inventory investment, is a measure of the value of the change in the physical volume of inventories—additions less withdrawals—that businesses maintain to support production and distribution activities. Firms hold inventories in order to smooth production processes, to protect against poor quality, to allow for long setup times in the production process, and to allow for uncertainties in deliveries from suppliers and in demand from customers. Therefore, additions to inventories are a form of investment by the firm, and like other types of investment, positive inventory investment represents an increase in the nation's wealth and expands the nation's capacity for consumption in future periods.

Inventory investment measures the flow (or change) in the stock of inventories that businesses hold over a specified period, whether the goods were produced or acquired in that period or in previous periods. Inventories may include materials and supplies, work-in-process goods, and finished goods. For example, auto manufacturers hold inventories of raw materials and auto dealers maintain inventories of autos and parts, to meet the varied requirements of customers.

Inventory investment is a key component of gross domestic product (GDP), which aims to measure output from current production. Inventory investment is also one of the most volatile components of GDP, giving it an important role in short-run variations in GDP growth. It plays a key role in the timing, duration, and magnitude of business cycles, as unanticipated buildups in inventories may signal future cutbacks in production, and unanticipated shortages in inventories may signal future pickups in production.

In measuring GDP, other components, such as consumer spending and fixed investment, record final sales in the current period, but these sales may involve goods that were produced, or at least partly produced, in earlier periods. The measurement of the movement of goods into and out of inventory provides a way to allocate production to the period in which it actually occurred.

Thus, GDP can also be seen as the sum of final sales of domestic product and the change in private inventories. To include the value of currently produced goods that are not yet sold and to exclude the value of goods produced in previous periods, change in private inventories must be included in the GDP calculation.

In measuring the *level of GDP*, the change in, but not the level of, inventories provides the appropriate measure of economic activity that is consistent with that measured by the other GDP components. A positive value of inventory investment indicates that total production exceeded the sum of the final sales components of GDP and that the excess production was added to inventories. A negative value of inventory investment indicates that sales exceeded production and were filled by drawing down inventories.

The auto manufacturing example in table A illustrates this. At the beginning of period I, an auto manufacturer has \$10,000 of steel and other materials and supplies in inventory that it will use as inputs to produce an automobile. In period I,

the manufacturer uses these materials and supplies from inventory and its own resources (such as labor) to produce the automobile. The value of the materials and supplies used (\$10,000) is subtracted from those inventories, and the value of the produced automobile (\$20,000) is added to the finished goods inventory. The total change in inventories is \$10,000, and this amount, which represents production, or value added, is added to GDP in this period.

Table A. Change in Inventories and Gross Domestic Product

[Billions of dollars]

Period	Auto manufacturer		Auto dealer		GDP
	Materials and supplies	Finished goods	Goods for sale	Sales	
I	-10,000	20,000	.....	.....	10,000
II	.....	-20,000	20,000	.....	.....
III	.....	.....	-20,000	22,000	2,000

In period II, the manufacturer ships the finished auto to an auto dealer. The value of the manufacturer's inventory of finished goods decreases \$20,000 and the value of the dealer's inventory of autos for sale increases \$20,000. GDP is not affected. In period III, the dealer sells the auto to a consumer for \$22,000. The dealer's inventory declines \$20,000. GDP increases \$2,000, as consumer spending increases \$22,000 and inventory investment decreases \$20,000. The \$2,000 increase in GDP represents the value added by the dealer in the form of retail margin.

As a result of this accounting for inventories, the process of assembling the materials and supplies into a finished automobile is recorded in period I, when it actually occurred, rather than in period III, when the final sale occurred. Similarly, the value added by steel manufacturers and other producers of the materials and supplies that were used as inputs in period I would have been recorded in earlier periods when those goods were produced.

In measuring the *change in GDP*, the change in inventory investment is the relevant measure. As table B shows, inventories may contribute to an increase in GDP (1) by accumulating in the current period after decumulating in the preceding period, (2) by accumulating more in the current period than in the preceding period, or (3) by decumulating less in the current period than in the preceding period. (The converse for each of these cases would apply to a contribution to a decrease in GDP.)

Table B. Change in Inventory Investment and Gross Domestic Product

	Level of inventories (stock)			Inventory investment (flow)		Contribution of the change in inventory investment to the change in GDP
	I	II	III	II	III	
1	500	495	500	-5	5	10
2	500	510	530	10	20	10
3	500	485	480	-15	-5	10

More information on the methodology used to develop BEA's inventory estimates is found in "Change in Private Inventories" in the *NIPA Handbook*.

NIPA Translation of the Fiscal Year 2012 Federal Budget

By Mark S. Ludwick and Andrea L. Cook

ON FEBRUARY 14, 2011, President Obama submitted the *Budget of the United States Government, Fiscal Year 2012* to Congress. The *Analytical Perspectives* volume of this budget includes a presentation of federal government transactions in the national income and product accounts (NIPAs) for fiscal years 2001 through 2012. These fiscal year estimates prepared by the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) are consistent with the projected and proposed receipts and outlays defined in the budget for the current fiscal year of 2011 and for the budget year of 2012, as translated into the framework of the NIPAs. They are included in the federal budget to assist readers in gauging the impact of the budget on aggregate economic activity. BEA also provides the Office of Management and Budget with fiscal year gross domestic product (GDP) statistics, which are shown in the *Historical Tables* volume of the budget.

This article presents NIPA estimates for fiscal years

2010, 2011, and 2012 that are more detailed than the comparable estimates shown in the budget, and it includes a presentation of projected quarterly estimates. These projections are used by BEA in the development of quarterly NIPA estimates of federal government transactions, including estimates of the federal government component of GDP. The estimates prepared for the budget year also allow data users to make more detailed analyses of the macroeconomic effects of the budget and provide economic forecasters with source data for their models.

The results of the budget translation can be summarized by comparing the budget surplus or deficit to the NIPA measure of net federal government saving (chart 1, table 1). For fiscal years 2011 and 2012, net federal government saving is negative but smaller in absolute value than the budget deficit. Net federal government saving for fiscal year 2012 is $-\$1,046.6$ billion, $\$474.1$ billion more than the fiscal year 2011 value of $-\$1,520.7$. The budget deficit for fiscal year 2012 is $-\$1,101.2$ billion, $\$543.9$ billion more than the fiscal year 2011 value of $-\$1,645.1$.

Chart 1. Federal Government Fiscal Position

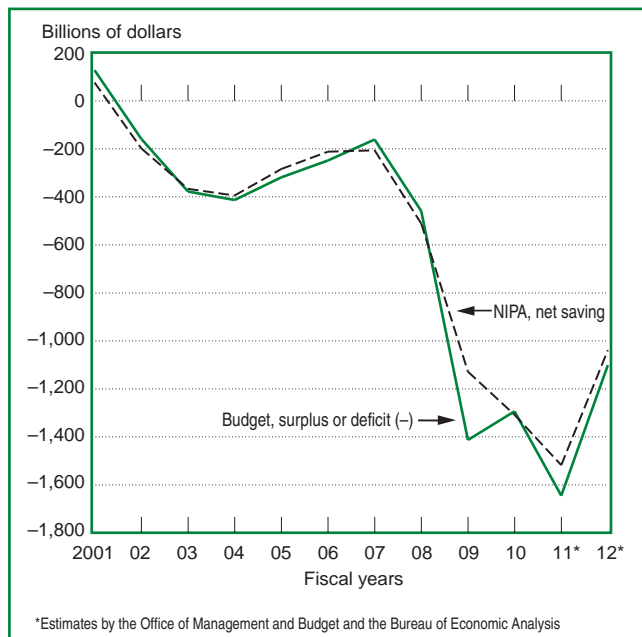


Table 1. Budget Receipts and Outlays and NIPA Federal Government Current Receipts and Expenditures

	Level for fiscal year			Change from preceding fiscal year	
	Actual	Estimates		2011	2012
	2010	2011	2012		
Budget:					
Receipts	2,162.7	2,173.7	2,627.4	11.0	453.7
Outlays	3,456.2	3,818.8	3,728.7	362.6	-90.1
Surplus or deficit (-)	-1,293.5	-1,645.1	-1,101.2	-351.6	543.9
NIPAs:					
Current receipts	2,355.5	2,400.8	2,846.1	45.3	445.3
Current expenditures	3,660.7	3,921.6	3,892.8	260.9	-28.8
Net federal government saving	-1,305.1	-1,520.7	-1,046.6	-215.6	474.1
	Differences				
Budget receipts less NIPA current receipts	-192.8	-227.1	-218.7	-34.3	8.4
Budget outlays less NIPA current expenditures	-204.5	-102.8	-164.1	101.7	-61.3
Budget deficit less NIPA net federal government saving	11.6	-124.4	-54.6	-136.0	69.8

Sources: *Budget of the United States, Fiscal Year 2012* and the Bureau of Economic Analysis. NIPAs National income and product accounts

The remainder of this article consists of four sections. The first section compares budget receipts and outlays to NIPA receipts and expenditures, showing the various adjustments made to translate budget estimates into NIPA estimates. The second section summarizes the budget and reviews the effects of major legislative proposals and program changes. The third section presents detailed annual and quarterly NIPA estimates for fiscal years 2011 and 2012. The fourth section explains the methodology that was used in translating the budget projections into a NIPA framework.

Comparison of Budget and NIPA Estimates

Current receipts as defined in the NIPAs are greater than budget receipts for every fiscal year from 2001 through 2012. Current expenditures in the NIPAs are greater than budget outlays for each of these fiscal years except 2009. The coverage, netting and grossing, and timing adjustments that BEA makes to the budget estimates of receipts and outlays are detailed in table 2, and those to the budget estimates of outlays are detailed in table 3. Adjustments for national defense spending are shown in table 4. For more information about the types of adjustments that contribute to the differences between NIPA and budget measures, see the box "NIPA Estimates of the Federal Sector and the Federal Budget Estimates."

Budget Estimates

According to the budget, federal receipts are projected to increase \$11.0 billion in fiscal year 2011 and \$453.7 billion in fiscal year 2012 (table 5). The acceleration in federal re-

ceipts is the result of a projected increase in economic activity and the scheduled expiration, at the end of calendar year 2011, of tax provisions that reduce individual income tax receipts, corporate tax receipts, and social security contributions. Several of the most significant of these expiring tax provisions, which would reduce receipts by approximately \$300 billion in tax year 2011, were introduced or temporarily extended by the Tax Relief, Unemployment Insurance Reauthorization, and Job Creation Act passed on December 16, 2010. These include a reduction in the 2011 social security contribution rates for employees and the self-employed of 2.0 percentage points, an adjustment to the 2011 Alternative Minimum Tax exemption amount for individual income taxes, an extension of investment incentives for individuals and businesses, and an extension of corporate tax credits for research and experimentation.¹

1. This list does not include tax provisions that were extended by the act beyond the end of tax year 2011 such as the extension of existing income tax rates and dividend and capital gains tax rates through the end of tax year 2012.

Table 3. Relation of NIPA Federal Government Current Expenditures to Budget Outlays
[Billions of dollars]

	Fiscal year		
	2010	2011	2012
Budget outlays	3,456.2	3,818.8	3,728.7
Less: Coverage differences.....	23.2	63.9	61.9
Federal employee retirement plan transactions ¹	-51.2	-54.1	-58.5
Interest received.....	-54.2	-53.8	-59.3
Contributions received (employer).....	-130.0	-137.4	-140.6
Benefits paid.....	132.7	136.8	141.1
Administrative expenses.....	0.3	0.2	0.2
Financing disbursements from credit programs ²	-157.4	-195.2	-108.6
Other differences in funds covered ³	8.2	7.1	7.5
Net investment ⁴	39.5	56.3	53.4
Capital transfers paid ⁵	141.7	152.7	116.0
Financial transactions.....	41.7	96.1	54.9
Loan disbursements less loan repayments and sales.....	147.3	126.0	81.3
Deposit insurance.....	29.2	6.6	3.0
Net purchases of foreign currency.....	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other.....	-134.8	-36.5	-29.4
Net purchases of nonproduced assets.....	0.0	0.1	-3.7
Outer Continental Shelf.....	0.0	0.0	0.0
Land and other ⁶	0.0	0.1	-3.7
Other ⁷	0.7	0.8	0.8
Netting and grossing differences.....	-223.5	-173.9	-201.9
Supplementary medical insurance premiums.....	-60.5	-62.5	-68.3
Interest receipts.....	-39.5	-40.7	-51.4
Current surplus of government enterprises.....	5.7	6.9	-0.3
Other ⁸	-129.2	-77.6	-81.8
Plus: Timing differences.....	4.2	-7.3	24.1
Purchases (increase in payables net of advances).....	-3.8	-8.2	3.9
Interest.....	0.1	0.1	0.1
Current transfer payments.....	9.6	0.4	17.3
Other timing ⁹	-1.8	0.4	2.8
Equals: NIPA federal government current expenditures	3,660.7	3,921.6	3,892.8

1. These transactions are included in the NIPA personal sector and include the Uniformed Services Retiree Health Care Fund.

2. Consists of transactions (not included in the budget totals) that record all cash flows arising from post-1991 direct loan obligations and loan guarantee commitments. Many of these flows are for new loans or loan repayments; therefore, related entries are included in "Loan disbursements less loan repayments and sales."

3. Consists largely of agencies or accounts, such as the Postal Service and the Federal Financing Bank, that were not included in the budget in some periods, and the Universal Service Fund. Includes repayments of certain collections from the U.S. territories and the Commonwealths of Puerto Rico and Northern Mariana Islands.

4. Net investment is gross investment less consumption of fixed capital for government enterprises and general government.

5. Consists of investment grants to state and local governments and maritime construction subsidies. Excludes the forgiveness of debts owed by foreign governments to the U.S. government or payments to the Uniformed Services Retiree Health Care Fund to amortize unfunded liability; both are classified as capital transfers paid by the United States and are excluded from both budget outlays and NIPA current expenditures.

6. Consists of net sales of land other than the Outer Continental Shelf and includes the auction of the radio spectrum.

7. Consists largely of net expenditures of foreign currencies.

8. Includes proprietary receipts that are netted against outlays in the budget and that are classified as receipts in the NIPAs and some transactions that are not reflected in the budget data but that are added to both receipts and expenditures in the NIPAs.

9. Primarily includes timing on subsidies and government enterprises.

Sources: *Budget of the United States Government, Fiscal Year 2012* and the Bureau of Economic Analysis. NIPAs National income and product accounts

Table 2. Relation of NIPA Federal Government Current Receipts to Budget Receipts
[Billions of dollars]

	Fiscal year		
	2010	2011	2012
Budget receipts	2,162.7	2,173.7	2,627.4
Less: Coverage differences.....	30.7	24.0	25.3
Contributions received by federal employee retirement plans ¹	4.1	4.3	4.0
Capital transfers received ²	18.7	12.0	13.4
Financial transactions.....	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other ³	7.9	7.7	7.8
Netting and grossing differences.....	-223.5	-173.9	-201.9
Supplementary medical insurance premiums.....	-60.5	-62.5	-68.3
Income receipts on assets.....	-39.5	-40.7	-51.4
Current surplus of government enterprises.....	5.7	6.9	-0.3
Other ⁴	-129.2	-77.6	-81.8
Plus: Timing differences.....	0.1	77.3	42.1
Taxes on corporate income.....	16.4	45.9	29.5
Federal and state unemployment insurance taxes.....	0.6	0.5	-0.3
Withheld personal current tax and social security contributions.....	14.6	15.8	-2.1
Excise taxes.....	2.8	0.3	0.2
Other.....	-34.3	14.7	14.7
Equals: NIPA federal government current receipts	2,355.5	2,400.8	2,846.1

1. Included in the NIPA personal sector.

2. Consists of estate and gift taxes.

3. Beginning with 1996, consists largely of Universal Service Fund receipts. Includes certain revenues collected from and repaid to U.S. territories and the Commonwealths of Puerto Rico and Northern Mariana Islands.

4. Includes proprietary receipts that are netted against outlays in the budget and that are classified as receipts in the NIPAs and some transactions that are not reflected in the budget but that are added to both receipts and expenditures in the NIPAs.

Sources: *Budget of the United States Government, Fiscal Year 2012* and the Bureau of Economic Analysis. NIPAs National income and product accounts

NIPA Estimates of the Federal Sector and the Federal Budget Estimates

The Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) prepares estimates of the federal sector in the framework of the national income and product accounts (NIPAs). Unlike the federal budget, which is a financial plan of the government, the NIPA federal sector estimates are designed to facilitate macroeconomic analyses of the effects of federal government activity on economic activity.¹

In translating budget estimates into the framework of the NIPAs, three primary types of adjustments are made. These adjustments result in NIPA estimates of current receipts and expenditures that differ from corresponding estimates of receipts and outlays in the budget.

- **Coverage adjustments** are necessary because certain transactions that are included in the budget are excluded from the NIPAs (and vice versa).
- **Netting and grossing adjustments** are necessary because certain transactions that are recorded as offsets to outlays in the budget are recorded as receipts in the NIPAs.
- **Timing adjustments** are necessary because certain receipts and outlays that are recorded on a cash basis in the budget are recorded on an accrual basis in the NIPAs.

The arrangement of federal transactions in the federal sector NIPA statistics differs from that in the budget estimates because of different treatments of capital transactions. Unlike the federal budget estimates, the NIPAs distinguish current transactions from capital transactions, which include expenditures to acquire, improve, or dispose of nonfinancial assets such as property or equipment. In the NIPAs, current transactions for production, income, and consumption are presented in summary NIPA accounts one through five, while capital transactions are presented in summary NIPA accounts six and seven.² Because of this organization, the following types of transactions are not included in NIPA federal government current receipts and current expenditures but are shown in account six and as items in NIPA table 3.2:

- **Government investment in fixed assets.** In the NIPAs, government consumption expenditures exclude investment in fixed assets and include consumption of fixed capital, a depreciation charge on fixed assets that are used in production.
- **Transfers involving the acquisition or disposal of assets.** In the NIPAs, these transactions are classified as capital transfer receipts and payments and are presented in the domestic capital account.³ Capital transfers include certain investment grants-in-aid to state and local governments, investment subsidies to businesses, lump-sum payments to amortize the

unfunded liability of the Department of Defense Medicare-Eligible Retiree Health Care Fund and the Postal Service Retiree Health Benefits Fund, payments to retroactively reimburse veterans for the costs of some past medical treatments, the implied subsidy costs of financial stabilization equity purchases, the payments of insurance benefits related to catastrophes, and estate and gift taxes.

- **Transactions involving nonproduced assets.** In the NIPAs, purchases and sales of nonproduced assets, such as land and radio spectrum licenses, are reflected in “capital account transactions (net)” in the domestic capital account. The NIPA estimates also differ from the budget estimates because of different definitions of the scope and coverage of the federal government sector. Examples include the following:
 - **Retirement plans.** NIPA federal government receipts exclude government employee contributions to retirement plans, which are included in budget receipts, because these contributions are included in NIPA personal income as part of the income of employees. Similarly, NIPA current expenditures exclude federal employee retirement benefits, which are included in budget outlays, because these benefits are paid from assets that represent equity belonging to the personal sector.
 - **Other differences.** The NIPA federal government sector also excludes other transactions, such as contributions by telecommunications providers into the Federal Communication Commission Universal Service Fund and outlays from this Fund. In the NIPAs, this fund is treated as a nonprofit institution serving business, and these transactions are included in the NIPA business sector.

Receipts

For most years, the differences between NIPA current receipts and budget receipts primarily reflect capital transfers received, supplementary medical insurance premiums, and personal and business current transfer receipts. (Personal and business current transfer receipts are classified as receipts in the NIPAs, but some are netted against outlays in the budget.)

Expenditures

For most years, the differences between NIPA current expenditures and budget outlays primarily reflect capital transfers paid, federal employee retirement plan transactions, personal and business current transfer receipts, and net investment.

In the NIPAs, budget outlays for national defense and nondefense are reflected in both consumption expenditures and gross investment. For national defense, the budget outlays differ from the NIPA estimates for several reasons:

- The NIPA measure includes general government consumption of fixed capital.
- The NIPAs include cash payments to amortize the unfunded liability for military and civilian retirement benefits as defense consumption expenditures; the budget records these payments as intergovernmental transactions.
- NIPA expenditures are recorded on a delivery (accrual) basis, and budget outlays are recorded on a cash basis; thus, in the NIPAs, all work in progress except ships and structures are included as part of change in private inventories.

1. For a comparison, see tables 4 and 5 and NIPA table 3.18B. See also “National Income and Product Accounts” in *Analytical Perspectives: Budget of the U.S. Government*, 459–464.

2. Current transactions are presented in the “Domestic Income and Product Account,” “Private Enterprise Income Account,” “Personal Income and Outlay Account,” “Government Receipts and Expenditures Account,” and “Foreign Transactions Current Account.” Capital transactions are presented in the “Domestic Capital Account” and the “Foreign Transactions Capital Account.” See “Summary National Income and Product Accounts,” SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS 90 (August 2010): 34–35. The federal government components of the domestic capital account are often shown as addenda in tables presenting federal government current receipts and expenditures.

3. The flow of funds accounts of the Federal Reserve Board present detailed information on the acquisition and disposal of financial assets and liabilities by U.S. economic sectors, including the federal government.

According to the budget, federal outlays are projected to increase \$362.6 billion in fiscal year 2011 and to decrease \$90.1 billion in fiscal year 2012 (table 6). This downturn can be largely attributed to downturns in outlays for income security and for national defense. For income security, the downturn in outlays reflects a projected downturn in outlays for housing assistance and a projected larger decrease in unemployment compensation. For national defense, the downturn in outlays reflects projected downturns in outlays for military procurement and for military operations and maintenance. Outlays for commerce and housing credit are projected to decelerate; the deceleration in outlays primarily reflects the pattern of financial payments by the federal government.²

Proposed legislative and program changes

Budget projections include the amounts of receipts and outlays in the current-services baseline as well as in proposed legislation. If enacted, proposed legislation would increase the federal deficit \$48.2 billion in fiscal year 2011 and \$10.8 billion in fiscal year 2012 (table 7).

2. For details about federal outlays by budget function, see “Table 3.1, Outlays by Superfunction and Function” in the *Historical Tables*.

Financial payments include payments related to financial stabilization programs and payments through the Federal Housing Administration mortgage credit and rural housing programs. For details about the treatment of these programs in the budget, see “Financial Stabilization Efforts and Their Budgetary Effects,” in *Analytical Perspectives: Budget of the U.S. Government Fiscal Year 2012* (Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office, 2011): 27–48. For details about the different treatment of these programs in the NIPAs, see the box “Treatment of Financial Stabilization Programs” in “NIPA Translation of the Fiscal Year 2010 Federal Budget,” SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS 89 (June 2009): 22.

Table 4. Relation of National Defense Consumption Expenditures and Gross Investment to National Defense Outlays

	[Billions of dollars]		
	Fiscal year		
	2010	2011	2012
Budget outlays for national defense	693.6	768.2	737.5
Department of Defense, military	666.7	739.7	707.5
Military personnel	155.7	157.0	159.3
Operation and maintenance	276.0	311.9	301.7
Procurement	133.6	151.9	134.4
Aircraft	33.7	42.5	40.7
Missiles	6.4	7.3	7.2
Ships	11.9	13.9	13.3
Weapons	9.3	8.6	7.4
Ammunition	2.3	5.0	3.0
Other ¹	69.9	74.6	62.7
Research, development, test, and evaluation	77.0	80.7	78.2
Other	24.4	38.1	33.9
Atomic energy and other defense-related activities	26.9	28.6	30.1
Plus: Consumption of general government fixed capital	89.2	94.0	97.8
Additional payments to military and civilian retirement funds	48.7	50.7	52.2
Less: Grants-in-aid to state and local governments and net interest paid	3.8	4.0	4.1
Timing differences	1.3	6.7	-5.0
Other differences	19.0	24.3	23.4
Equals: NIPA national defense consumption expenditures and gross investment	807.4	877.8	865.0
Less: National defense gross investment ²	115.4	134.6	136.1
Equals: NIPA national defense consumption expenditures	692.0	743.3	728.9

1. Includes outlays for military construction, family housing, and anticipated funding for war operations.
 2. Gross investment consists of general government expenditures for fixed assets; inventory investment is included in federal government consumption expenditures.
 Sources: *Budget of the United States Government, Fiscal Year 2012* and the Bureau of Economic Analysis. NIPAs National income and product accounts

Proposed legislation would decrease federal receipts \$0.6 billion in fiscal year 2011 and would increase federal receipts \$18.9 billion in fiscal year 2012 relative to the current-services baseline. Outlays would increase \$47.6 billion in fiscal year 2011 and \$29.7 billion in fiscal year 2012.

Receipts. The following legislative proposals would noticeably affect receipts.

The following proposals would increase receipts:

- A proposed reauthorization of funding for surface transportation programs includes new taxes and tax offsets that would increase federal receipts by a net \$20 billion in fiscal year 2012. The reauthorization establishes a new Transportation Trust Fund that would include an account for funding high speed rail projects. Surface transportation outlays have been funded through a series of short-term extensions since September 30, 2009.

Table 5. Budget Receipts by Source
[Billions of dollars]

	Level for fiscal year				Change from preceding year		
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2010	2011	2012
Budget receipts	2,105.0	2,162.7	2,173.7	2,627.4	57.7	11.0	453.7
Individual income taxes	915.3	898.5	956.0	1,140.5	-16.8	57.5	184.5
Corporation income taxes	138.2	191.4	198.4	329.3	53.2	7.0	130.9
Social insurance taxes and contributions	890.9	864.8	806.8	925.1	-26.1	-58.0	118.3
Excise taxes	62.5	66.9	74.1	103.1	4.4	7.2	29.0
Estate and gift taxes	23.5	18.9	12.2	13.6	-4.6	-6.7	1.4
Customs duties	22.5	25.3	27.7	29.8	2.8	2.4	2.1
Miscellaneous receipts	52.1	96.8	98.4	86.1	44.7	1.6	-12.3

Source: *Budget of the United States Government, Fiscal Year 2012*.

Table 6. Budget Outlays by Function
[Billions of dollars]

	Level for fiscal year				Change from preceding year		
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2010	2011	2012
Budget outlays	3,517.7	3,456.2	3,818.8	3,728.7	-61.5	362.6	-90.1
National defense	661.0	693.6	768.2	737.5	32.5	74.6	-30.7
International affairs	37.5	45.2	55.2	63.0	7.7	10.0	7.8
General science, space, and technology	29.4	31.0	33.4	32.3	1.6	2.3	-1.1
Energy	4.7	11.6	27.9	23.4	6.9	16.3	-4.5
Natural resources and environment	35.6	43.7	49.0	42.7	8.1	5.3	-6.3
Agriculture	22.2	21.4	25.1	18.9	-0.9	3.7	-6.2
Commerce and housing credit	291.5	-82.3	17.4	23.6	-373.8	99.7	6.2
Transportation	84.3	92.0	94.5	104.9	7.7	2.5	10.3
Community and regional development	27.7	23.8	25.7	25.7	-3.8	1.9	0.0
Education, training, employment, and social services	79.7	127.7	115.1	106.2	48.0	-12.6	-8.9
Health	334.3	369.1	387.6	373.8	34.7	18.6	-13.8
Medicare	430.1	451.6	494.3	492.3	21.5	42.7	-2.0
Income security	533.2	622.2	622.7	554.3	89.0	0.4	-68.3
Social security	683.0	706.7	748.4	767.0	23.8	41.6	18.7
Veterans benefits and services	95.4	108.4	141.4	124.7	13.0	33.0	-16.8
Administration of justice	51.5	53.4	60.7	58.7	1.9	7.2	-2.0
General government	22.0	23.0	32.1	31.1	1.0	9.0	-0.9
Net interest	186.9	196.2	206.7	241.6	9.3	10.5	34.9
Allowances ¹	0.0	0.0	3.1	6.6	0.0	3.1	3.4
Undistributed offsetting receipts ²	-92.6	-82.1	-89.7	-99.6	10.5	-7.5	-10.0

1. Allowances are included in budget totals to cover certain budgetary transactions that are expected to increase or decrease outlays, receipts, or budget authority but are not reflected in the program details.
 2. Undistributed offsetting receipts are two categories of collections that are governmental in nature and that are not credited to expenditure accounts: Receipts from performing business-like activities, such as proceeds from selling Federal assets or leases; and shifts from one account to another, such as agency payments to retirement funds.
 Source: *Budget of the United States Government, Fiscal Year 2012*.

- A series of proposed reforms to the U.S. international tax system, described in the budget as “closing loopholes” in the taxation of multinational corporations, would increase federal receipts \$7.7 billion in fiscal year 2012.
- A proposal to limit the maximum rate at which itemized deductions can reduce individual tax liabilities would increase federal receipts \$6.0 billion in fiscal year 2012. The maximum rate would be limited to 28 percent; currently, itemized deductions reduce a taxpayer’s individual tax liability at a rate equal to their marginal tax rate.

Table 7. Proposed Legislative and Program Changes in the Budget
[Billions of dollars]

	Fiscal Year	
	2011	2012
Receipts		
Current-services estimates ¹	2,174.3	2,608.5
Plus: Proposed legislation excluding proposals assumed in the baseline ²	-0.6	18.9
Introduce taxes to fund the reauthorization of surface transportation projects.....		20.0
Reform the U.S. international corporate tax system.....		7.7
Limit the tax rate at which itemized deductions reduce individual tax liability.....		6.0
Eliminate fossil fuel preferences (individual and corporate).....	0.0	3.6
Tax carried interests as ordinary income for individuals.....	0.3	2.3
Modify estate and gift tax rules.....		0.9
Extend existing trade provisions.....	-0.6	-0.9
Provide short-term tax relief to employers and expand the Federal Unemployment Tax Act (FUTA) base.....		-1.7
Extend the excise tax credit for alcohol used as fuel.....		-2.3
Continue expiring business tax relief provisions through 2012.....	-0.2	-3.6
Enhance and make permanent the research and experimentation tax credit.....		-4.6
Tax net capital gains and dividends at 20% for high-income taxpayers.....		-8.4
Other.....	-0.1	-0.1
Equals: The budget.....	2,173.7	2,627.4
Outlays		
Current-services estimates ¹	3,771.2	3,699.0
Plus: Program changes excluding proposals assumed in the baseline ²	47.6	29.7
Medicare.....		18.1
Transportation.....	0.4	6.8
International Affairs.....	2.3	6.8
Commerce and housing credit.....	6.2	5.3
Energy.....	0.7	3.1
Health.....	2.8	2.7
Income security.....	2.2	1.8
Net Interest.....	1.3	1.6
General government.....	1.1	1.1
Veterans benefits and services.....	-0.1	0.7
Social security.....	14.7	0.5
Allowances ³	0.6	0.1
General science, space and technology.....	-0.2	0.0
Community and regional development.....	0.3	-0.2
Agriculture.....	-0.4	-0.8
Natural resources and environment.....	0.0	-1.6
Undistributed offsetting receipts.....	-3.1	-2.3
Administration of Justice.....	2.5	-3.7
Education, training, employment and social services.....	1.6	-4.7
National Defense.....	14.8	-5.5
Equals: The budget.....	3,818.8	3,728.7
Current-services surplus or deficit (-).....	-1,596.9	-1,090.4
Proposed changes, receipts less outlays.....	-48.2	-10.8
Administration budget surplus or deficit (-).....	-1,645.1	-1,101.2
Addenda:		
Budget Enforcement Act current-services baseline surplus or deficit.....	1,593.2	1,036.1
Plus: Adjustments to reflect current tax policies.....	1.3	35.9
Plus: Adjustments to reflect current spending policies.....	2.5	18.5
Equals: Current-services surplus or deficit (-).....	1,596.9	1,090.4

1. These current-services estimates reflect proposed adjustments to the Budget Enforcement Act current-services baseline. For information on these adjustments, see “Current Services Estimates” in Chapter 27 of the *Analytical Perspectives* volume.
 2. Consistent with the budget, the proposed legislation excludes proposals that are included in the baseline. The baseline reflects the annualized levels of the 2011 Continuing Resolution. Proposed changes from these levels are included in proposed legislation.
 3. Allowances are included in budget totals to cover certain budgetary transactions that are expected to increase or decrease outlays, receipts or budget authority but are not reflected in the program details.
 Source: *Budget of the United States Government, Fiscal Year 2012*

The following proposals would reduce receipts:

- A proposal to tax dividends at a rate of 20 percent for upper-income taxpayers would reduce federal receipts \$8.4 billion in fiscal year 2012. The tax rate on dividends for upper-income taxpayers is scheduled to increase from 15 percent to the taxpayer’s marginal income tax rate of 36 percent or 39.6 percent on January 1, 2013.
- A proposal to permanently extend the existing tax credits for qualified research and experimentation would reduce tax receipts \$4.6 billion in fiscal year 2012. These tax credits, which are intended to stimulate spending on research and development, have been temporarily extended 14 times since they were enacted in 1981.
- A proposal to extend a series of expiring business tax relief provisions through December 31, 2012, would reduce tax receipts \$3.6 billion in fiscal year 2012.
- A proposal to extend tax credits for alcohol used as fuel and payments for alcohol fuel mixtures through December 31, 2012, would reduce tax receipts \$2.3 billion in fiscal year 2012.

Outlays. The following legislative proposals would noticeably affect outlays.

The following proposals would primarily increase outlays in the budget year:

- Outlays for Medicare would increase \$18.1 billion in fiscal year 2012. This increase is more than accounted for by a 2-year extension of current Medicare reimbursement rates for physicians. Medicare payments for physician services are scheduled to be adjusted down 23.1 percent on January 1, 2012, to meet the target Medicare sustainable growth rate (SGR) calculated by the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services. Congress has postponed the enforcement of fee cuts mandated by the SGR formula every year since 2002.

Acknowledgments

Translation of fiscal year 2012 federal budget data into the framework of the national income and product accounts (NIPAs) was conducted under the general direction of Pamela A. Kelly, Chief of the Government Division, and Benjamin A. Mandel, Chief of the Federal Branch of the Government Division. The following economists contributed to the preparation of the NIPA federal government statistics presented in this article: Peter G. Beall, Stan J. Bellotti, Jennifer A. Bennett, Andrew P. Cairns, Andrea L. Cook, Raymen G. Labella, Mark S. Ludwick, Ann W. Miller, Kyle D. Mulgrew, Farah Naz, Michael D. Randall, Michelle D. Robinson, Mary L. Roy, Benyam M. Teshaye, Andrew E. Vargo, Bryan A. Williams, and Keith P. Zipay.

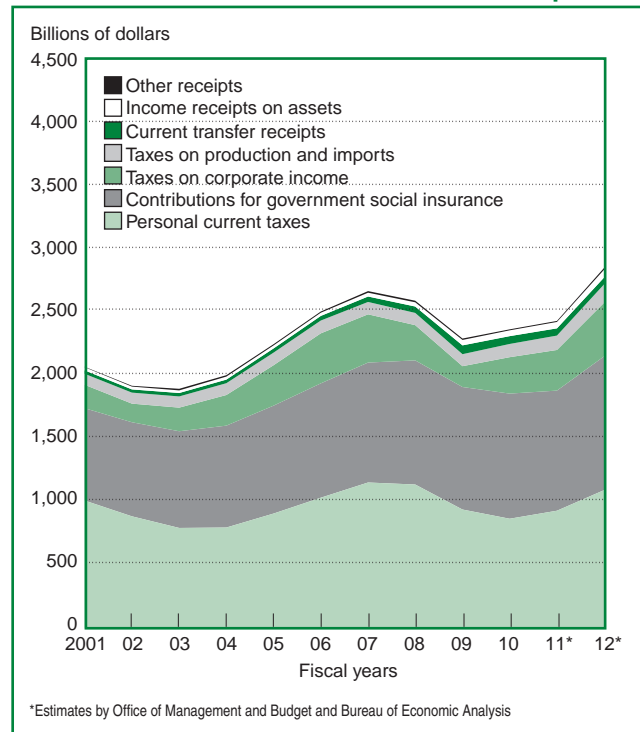
- Outlays for transportation would increase \$6.8 billion in fiscal year 2012. This increase is more than accounted for by proposed federal aid for highways related to the proposed reauthorization of funding for surface transportation outlays.
- Outlays for commerce and housing credit would increase \$5.3 billion in fiscal year 2012, largely as a result of a proposal to expand 4G wireless broadband coverage and to support Universal Service Fund Reform.

Table 8. Sources of Change in NIPA Federal Government Current Receipts
[Billions of dollars]

	Change from preceding fiscal year		
	2010	2011	2012
Total current receipts	94.5	45.3	445.3
Current tax receipts.....	77.4	94.1	319.6
Personal current taxes.....	-42.5	46.8	186.9
Due to tax bases.....	-42.5	46.6	191.2
Due to proposed legislation.....	0.0	0.2	-4.3
Taxes on production and imports.....	5.0	7.3	31.9
Due to tax bases.....	5.0	8.1	9.5
Due to proposed legislation.....	0.0	-0.8	22.4
Taxes on corporate income.....	117.5	39.9	100.8
Due to tax bases.....	117.5	37.4	94.6
Due to proposed legislation.....	0.0	2.5	6.2
Taxes from the rest of the world.....	-2.6	0.0	0.0
Contributions for government social insurance.....	8.7	-45.6	105.5
Due to tax bases.....	8.7	-45.6	105.5
Due to proposed legislation.....	0.0	0.0	0.0
Income receipts on assets.....	8.9	1.8	12.6
Current transfer receipts.....	0.7	-3.8	0.4
Current surplus of government enterprises.....	-1.2	-1.2	7.2
Addenda:			
Total due to tax bases.....	88.7	46.5	400.8
Total due to proposed legislation.....	0.0	1.9	24.4

Sources: Budget of the United States Government, Fiscal Year 2012 and the Bureau of Economic Analysis. NIPAs National income and product accounts

Chart 2. Federal Government Current Receipts



- Outlays for health would increase \$2.8 billion in fiscal year 2011 and \$2.7 billion in fiscal year 2012, primarily reflecting a proposal to provide temporary financial relief to the U.S. Postal Service (USPS) by restructuring how it pays for the health benefits of current and future retirees. This proposal would require that the USPS make larger payments into the fund in future years.
- Outlays for energy would increase \$0.7 billion in fiscal year 2011 and \$3.1 billion in fiscal year 2012, primarily reflecting a proposed Home Energy Retrofit Rebate Program. This program would provide rebates to consumers for a variety of energy saving investments in their homes.
- Outlays for net interest would increase \$1.3 billion in fiscal year 2011 and \$1.6 billion in fiscal year 2012, largely as the result of a proposal to temporarily suspend the collection of interest owed by state governments on federal unemployment insurance loans.³ The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 had suspended the repayment of interest on these loans through December 31, 2010.

The following proposal would primarily increase outlays in the current fiscal year 2011:

- Outlays for social security and for income security combined would increase \$16.9 billion in fiscal year 2011 and \$2.3 billion in fiscal year 2012, primarily reflecting a proposal to provide \$250 economic recovery payments to eligible beneficiaries of social security, supplemental security income (SSI), veterans affairs, Railroad Retirement Board, and government pensions. These payments would be similar to the Economic Recovery Payments made in 2009. Because there have been no cost-of-living adjustments, the amounts of social security and SSI benefit payments have been unchanged since 2008.

NIPA Estimates

Fiscal year estimates

Receipts. Total NIPA federal government current receipts are projected to increase \$45.3 billion in 2011 and \$445.3 billion in 2012 (table 8 and chart 2). The acceleration in receipts is the result of projected increases in the tax base, which are based on economic assumptions defined in the budget and the impacts of proposed legislation.⁴ The upturn in contributions for government social insurance is primarily caused by the expiration of the rate reduction for social security. The social security contribution rates for employees and

3. The proposal would suspend the scheduled increase in interest receipts, which appears as an increase in federal outlays rather than as a reduction in federal receipts.

4. For details, see "Economic Assumptions" in *Analytical Perspectives*, 9–19.

the self-employed were reduced by 2.0 percentage points in 2011. Beginning in 2011, contributions for government social insurance also includes a new category of contributions for health care insurance, which consists of premium payments from participants in new federally managed health insurance programs.⁵

Expenditures. Total NIPA federal government current expenditures are projected to increase \$260.9 billion in fiscal year 2011 and to decrease \$28.8 billion in fiscal year 2012 (table 9 and chart 3). The downturn primarily reflects a downturn in current transfer payments. Grants to state and local governments, specifically education grants, turn down in fiscal year 2012, partly because of the expiration of the State Fiscal Sta-

bilization Program at the end of fiscal year 2011. Within social benefits, unemployment benefits decrease more in fiscal year 2012 than in fiscal year 2011 and “other” social benefits turn down in fiscal year 2012. The downturn in “other” social benefits is largely the result of the proposed Economic Recovery Payments, which will boost benefits in fiscal year 2011, and the expiration of the “Making Work Pay” tax credit at the end of 2011.⁶ Subsidies turn up sharply in fiscal year 2011 and continue to increase in 2012, reflecting payments to reimburse businesses for health care expenses through the new Temporary Early Retiree Reinsurance Program and proposed funding to expand 4G wireless broadband coverage.

5. In 2011 and 2012, these consist of premium payments from participants in the Community Living Assistance Services and Supports program and the Temporary High Risk Health Insurance Pool Program in states where high-risk insurance pools are managed by the Department of Health and Human Services.

Table 9. Sources of Change in NIPA Federal Government Current Expenditures
[Billions of dollars]

	Change from preceding fiscal year		
	2010	2011	2012
Total current expenditures	305.5	260.9	-28.8
Consumption expenditures.....	63.5	89.3	-15.0
National defense	33.1	51.3	-14.4
Pay raise and locality pay ¹	0.0	1.2	1.5
Other	33.1	50.1	-15.8
Nondefense	30.4	38.0	-0.6
Pay raise and locality pay ¹	0.0	0.0	0.0
Other	30.4	38.0	-0.6
Current transfer payments.....	215.4	116.0	-66.0
Government social benefits to persons	157.5	72.0	-26.4
Social security	35.2	26.2	32.4
Medicare	24.6	45.6	3.3
Supplemental security income	2.3	2.2	2.5
Earned income and other tax credits	13.3	-9.5	3.8
Veterans benefits.....	6.5	6.8	1.9
Unemployment benefits	28.9	-16.5	-37.4
Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program.....	14.6	8.3	0.6
Other	32.1	8.9	-33.5
Government social benefits to the rest of the world	2.6	1.3	-0.1
Grants-in-aid to state & local governments	62.4	26.7	-41.8
General public service	-0.2	0.2	0.0
National defense	0.1	0.2	0.0
Public order and safety.....	1.1	-1.0	0.6
Economic affairs.....	3.1	7.7	-2.0
Transportation	0.0	0.0	0.1
Space	-0.2	0.0	-0.1
Other economic affairs	3.2	7.7	-2.1
General economic and labor affairs	-0.6	1.2	1.0
Agriculture.....	-0.1	0.7	-0.3
Energy.....	3.9	5.0	-2.5
Natural resources.....	0.0	0.7	-0.3
Housing and community services	6.6	5.4	-1.4
Health.....	26.9	4.4	-4.8
Medicaid.....	21.8	3.5	-7.1
Prescription drug plan clawback	3.0	-2.3	-1.5
Other	2.1	3.3	3.8
Recreation and culture	0.0	0.0	0.0
Education	20.4	5.6	-28.1
Income security.....	4.4	4.1	-6.0
Disability.....	0.3	0.2	0.3
Welfare and social services	5.6	2.8	-3.5
Unemployment	0.9	-0.4	-0.7
Other	-2.4	1.5	-2.0
Other current transfer payments paid to the rest of the world	-7.0	16.1	2.3
Federal interest paid.....	29.5	37.8	46.0
Subsidies.....	-2.9	17.7	6.2
Agriculture.....	-0.2	0.3	0.2
Housing	1.5	1.3	0.5
Other	-4.2	16.1	5.6

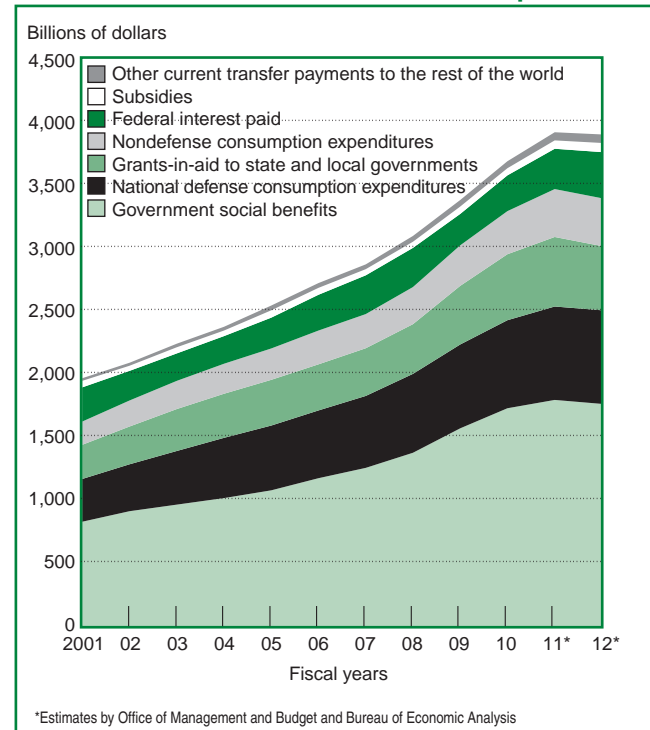
1. Beginning in January 2011.
Source: Bureau of Economic Analysis.
NIPAs National income and product accounts

Quarterly pattern

BEA prepares seasonally adjusted quarterly NIPA estimates of federal government current receipts and current expenditures for 2011 and 2012 that are consistent with the federal budget and that reflect the quarterly patterns that would result from enacted and proposed legislation (table 10). These estimates are extrapolated

6. The amount by which a refundable tax credit, such as the “Making Work Pay” tax credit, reduces a taxpayer’s total tax liability is reflected as a reduction in receipts in the NIPAs. The amount by which these tax credits exceed a taxpayer’s total tax liability is recorded as an outlay in the budget and treated as a social benefit in the NIPAs.

Chart 3. Federal Government Current Expenditures



*Estimates by Office of Management and Budget and Bureau of Economic Analysis

from published NIPA estimates for the fourth quarter of 2010, which were released on February 28, 2011.⁷

Receipts. The quarterly NIPA estimates of current receipts are also based on the administration's projected pattern of wages and reflect BEA's methodology for deriving quarterly estimates of income tax payments and of "final settlements less refunds."⁸ Contributions for social insurance decrease sharply in the first quarter of 2011 and rebound in the first quarter of 2012 as a result of the reduction in the social security contribution rates for employees and the self-employed for tax year 2011.

Expenditures. The quarterly NIPA estimates of current expenditures reflect the effects of expiring legislation and a cost-of-living increase for social security and other programs in 2012. Outlays related to the proposed \$250 Economic Recovery payments boost social benefits primarily in the second quarter of 2011.

Net saving. NIPA estimates of net federal government saving reflect the differences between receipts and expenditures. Net saving is projected to turn up by the end of fiscal year 2011, reflecting an acceleration in current receipts and a downturn in current expenditures.

In general, because of the limited information available to estimate quarterly patterns, the estimates should be viewed as approximations that will be superseded by more reliable quarterly estimates that will be published in NIPA table 3.2.

Translation into a NIPA Framework

BEA uses a detailed analytical process to translate federal budget receipts and outlays into a NIPA framework.

Receipts

Fiscal year budget data for receipts are supplemented by information on the effects of budget proposals from the Department of the Treasury's Office of Tax Analysis and information included in the budget's *Appendix*.⁹ These data are translated into the following major components of the NIPA federal government current receipts: current tax receipts, contributions for government social insurance, income receipts on assets, current transfer receipts, and current surplus of government enterprises. Quarterly projections are based on the economic assumptions from the federal

budget. When monthly and quarterly NIPA estimates are released by BEA, these initial quarterly projections of receipts are reevaluated and revised to incorporate newly available data from the Department of the Treasury, including the *Monthly Treasury Statement*.

Outlays

Fiscal year budget outlays are organized by appropriation in the federal budget's *Appendix*. These data and supplemental data from the Office of Management and Budget are used to allocate federal budget outlays to the following NIPA categories: current transfer payments, interest payments, subsidies, and consumption expenditures and gross investment.¹⁰ The quarterly projections are mainly derived by interpolation from fiscal year projections.

When BEA releases its quarterly NIPA estimates, the fiscal year relationships derived from the budget data are used to allocate the spending that is detailed in the *Monthly Treasury Statement of Receipts and Outlays of the United States Government*¹¹. Supplemental data are also used. A detailed reconciliation of defense consumption expenditures and gross investment with outlays is prepared, using extensive financial, delivery, and other information from the Department of Defense. In order to prepare seasonally adjusted estimates of non-defense consumption expenditures and gross investment, data from the budget are used to extrapolate portions of nondefense expenditures (for durable goods, "other nondurable goods," services, and equipment) for which there are no quarterly source data. These extrapolated estimates of expenditures incorporate quarterly data for certain expenditures, such as those for construction from the Census Bureau and for compensation from the Office of Personnel Management and the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Updated estimates

BEA's initial quarterly projections of federal government receipts and expenditures that are presented in this article will likely differ from later estimates. The initial estimates are prepared from budget data, which are based on various economic assumptions about the budget year. These estimates are then updated during the year as new laws are enacted, as actual spending occurs, as economic conditions change, and as more source data become available.

7. Because quarterly NIPA estimates have been extrapolated from published values, the average of fiscal year quarters may not equal the displayed fiscal year values, which are consistent with budget data.

8. For details about the methodology, see Eugene P. Seskin, "Annual Revision of the National Income and Product Accounts," *SURVEY* 78 (August 1998): 29–31.

9. See *Appendix: Budget of the United States Government, Fiscal Year 2012*.

10. Outlays by program are first adjusted for coverage (for example, for the treatment of federal employee retirement plan transactions) and for netting and grossing (for example, supplemental medical insurance premiums).

11. Department of the Treasury, Financial Management Service, *Monthly Treasury Statement* (Washington, DC: U.S. Government Printing Office); www.fms.treas.gov/mts.

BEA BRIEFING

Comparing NIPA Profits With S&P 500 Profits

By Andrew W. Hodge

CORPORATE profits measures from the Bureau of Economic Analysis national income and product accounts (NIPAs) and from Standard and Poor's (S&P) are widely followed by economists.¹ The measures, however, differ significantly, reflecting differences in purpose, coverage, source data, definitions, and methodologies. In this article, the NIPA measures of profits are compared with S&P 500 measures of reported earnings and operating earnings. The comparison indicates that although long-term trends of NIPA profits measures and S&P earnings measures are broadly similar, short-term annual and quarterly growth rates can differ dramatically. For example, both S&P 500 earnings measures fall by larger percentages during recessions than the NIPA profits measures and then rise faster to converge back toward NIPA profits trends.

NIPA profits measures are designed to reflect the national economic accounting concept of "income from current production" and to provide consistent coverage over time of all U.S. corporations, including private corporations and S corporations. Primarily reflecting this broader coverage, total after-tax NIPA profits are typically about twice as high as S&P 500 operating earnings during expansions. In contrast, the purpose of the S&P 500 earnings measures is to serve as benchmarks for comparing the performance of individual companies, which are reported on a financial accounting basis that reflects "generally accepted accounting principles," or GAAP, accounting.

NIPA Profits

Corporate profits in national income is the income earned from current production by U.S. corporations. Because national income is defined as the income of U.S. residents, its profits component includes income earned abroad by U.S. corporations and excludes income earned in the United States by foreign corporations or their subsidiaries. Income consists of receipts from current production less associated expenses. NIPA receipts exclude income in the form of dividends and capital gains. NIPA expenses exclude bad debts,

depletion, and capital losses. NIPA profits from current production—profits before tax with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments—are based on valuations of withdrawals from inventories and depreciation of fixed assets at current cost that use consistent depreciation profiles based on used asset prices.

Source data

Most businesses report profits information on a financial-accounting basis and on a tax-accounting basis. While both financial accounting and tax accounting calculate profits as the difference between receipts and expenses, they differ in the definitions of some receipts and expenses and in the timing of when some receipts and expenses are recorded. Neither tax accounting measures nor financial accounting measures are entirely suitable for implementing the NIPA concept of corporate profits. Consequently, the procedure for estimating NIPA corporate profits mainly consists of adjusting, supplementing, and integrating financial-based and tax-based source data.

The tax accounting measures published annually by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) in *Statistics of Income (SOI): Corporation Income Tax Returns* are the primary source data for the annual NIPA estimates of corporate profits.² This comprehensive IRS reporting of federal corporate income tax returns is only available annually and with a 2-year lag. Although financial data are less comprehensive than tax data, they are prepared quarterly, and they are available sooner. As a result, data from financial accounting measures, including financial data from the Census Bureau, publicly available financial accounting profits data, and other source data are used to interpolate and extrapolate the tax-return-based NIPA profits.³

The key NIPA data source for the most recent year and for the quarterly estimates for manufacturing, mining, and wholesale and retail trade sector profits is the Census Bureau's *Quarterly Financial Report*.⁴ This

1. Information about the S&P 500 index is available at www2.standardandpoors.com/spf/pdf/index/SP_500_Factsheet.pdf.

2. For more information, go to www.irs.gov/pub/irs-soi/07coccr.pdf.

3. These procedures are described in www.bea.gov/scb/pdf/NATIONAL/NIPA/Methpap/methpap2.pdf.

4. For more information, go to www.census.gov/csd/qfr/view/qfr_mg.pdf.

report provides quarterly source data for operating profits for about 9,000 companies. Nearly all of the companies in the surveyed sectors that have domestic assets of over \$250 million are included. Smaller corporations, including private corporations and S corporations, are sampled.

Financial reports filed with regulatory authorities provide profit indicators for commercial banks, savings and loans, and property and casualty insurers. The largest of these is the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation report on insured institutions in the *Quarterly Banking Profile*.⁵ The remaining sectors of the economy are estimated with matched sample panels of adjusted financial accounting earnings compiled from publicly available sources.

In order to estimate NIPA corporate profits, the SOI tabulations of “total receipts less total deductions” are adjusted to conform to NIPA concepts.⁶ In particular, the adjustments to exclude capital gains from NIPA receipts and capital losses and bad debts from NIPA expenses result in significant differences between the NIPA measures of corporate profits and both the financial accounting and the tax accounting measures. Capital gains and losses are excluded from the NIPA profits measures because they result from the revaluation of existing assets rather than from current production. Similarly, bad debts are not deducted as expenses, because they are not costs of current produc-

tion. NIPA table 7.16 shows the relation of corporate profits, taxes, and dividends in the NIPAs to corresponding measures published by the IRS. The two largest adjustments are the misreporting adjustment and the adjustments for capital gains and losses on the sale of property.

National and domestic profits

The NIPAs include tabulations for both national profits and domestic profits. NIPA national profits are closer in concept to the GAAP and S&P 500, because like GAAP, they are the global profits of U.S.-headquartered companies only. In contrast, domestic profits are profits earned from U.S. operations regardless of where the company is headquartered. National profits are part of national income (shown in NIPA table 1.12) in the NIPAs, and domestic profits are part of gross domestic income (shown in NIPA table 1.10).

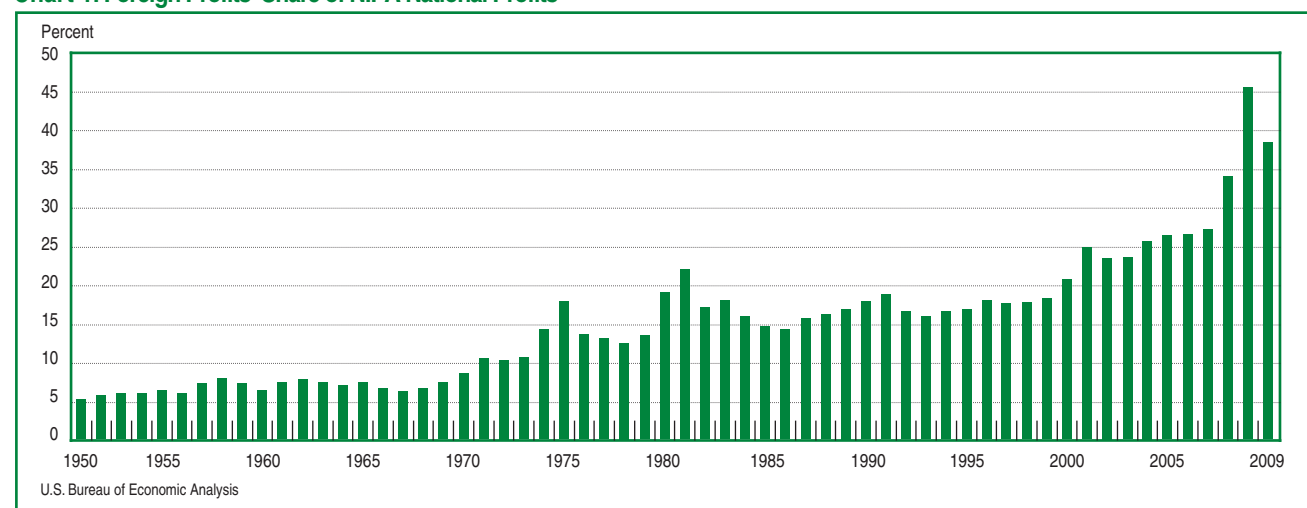
National profits have been growing more rapidly than domestic profits because of rapid foreign earnings growth, which has grown elevenfold since 1980. The share of national corporate profits accounted for by foreign profits (receipts from the rest of the world) has trended upward for the last 60 years, peaking at 45.3 percent in 2008 (chart 1).

To analyze income earned from domestic production activities, a measure of domestic corporate profits and other income earned in the United States is needed. Domestic profits are part of gross domestic income, which is conceptually equivalent to gross domestic product, though measurement differences generally yield a small statistical discrepancy between the two. To prepare estimates of domestic profits,

5. For more information, go to www2.fdic.gov/qbp/qbpSelect.asp?menuItem=QBP.

6. See NIPA table 7.16, “Relation of Corporate Profits, Taxes, and Dividends in the National Income and Product Accounts to Corresponding Measures as Published by the Internal Revenue Service.”

Chart 1. Foreign Profits' Share of NIPA National Profits



adjustments remove foreign earnings of U.S. corporations and add earnings of foreign companies in the United States.

Before- and after-tax profits

The NIPAs present a variety of profits measures, including before-tax and after-tax profits. Table 1 shows the major NIPA profits concepts, their relations to each other, and the adjustments needed. National corporate profits before tax incorporates adjustments to IRS “total receipts less total deductions” shown in NIPA table 7.16.

Profits before tax reflect the charges used in tax accounting for inventory withdrawals and depreciation. The inventory valuation adjustment (IVA) and the capital consumption adjustment (CCAdj) are used to adjust before-tax profits to NIPA asset valuation concepts. The IVA adjusts inventories to a current-cost basis, which is similar to valuation of inventory withdrawals on a last-in/first-out basis. The CCAdj adjusts tax-reported depreciation to the NIPA concept of economic depreciation (or “consumption of fixed capital”), which values fixed assets at current cost and uses consistent depreciation profiles based on used asset

prices. Recent depreciation adjustments, which reflect the difference between tax-based depreciation and the NIPA estimates of economic depreciation, have been large, reaching a value of $-\$180.5$ billion in 2007. Bonus depreciation in the recent tax laws has raised tax accounting depreciation, most recently to 100 percent expensing in the same year, to reduce corporate profits taxes.

National after-tax profits without IVA and CCAdj are conceptually closest to S&P 500 profits, since S&P 500 profits measure the after-tax worldwide earnings of U.S. corporations. They also appear to have trended similarly with S&P 500 operating profits, as discussed in the final section.

S&P 500 Profits

The S&P 500 measures of reported earnings, operating earnings, and earnings per share reflect the aggregate earnings of the 500 corporations that compose the stock index, and they are measured on a financial-accounting basis. Reported earnings are based on the after-tax earnings that are publicly reported by corporations, which include operating and nonoperating earnings.

Table 1. NIPA Profits, Taxes on Corporate Income, and Profits After Tax

[Billions of dollars]

Year	Corporate profits before tax									Taxes on corporate income	Corporate profits after tax			
	National				Domestic industries		Rest of the world				National		Domestic industries	
	Corporate profits with IVA and CCAdj	Corporate profits before tax	IVA	CCAdj	Corporate profits with IVA and CCAdj	Profits before tax	Total	Receipts from the rest of the world	Less: Payments to the rest of the world		Profits after tax with IVA and CCAdj	Profits after tax	Profits after tax with IVA and CCAdj	Profits after tax
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9		10	11	12	13	14
1980	201.4	253.5	-42.1	-10.0	166.0	218.1	35.5	43.8	8.4	87.2	114.2	166.4	78.8	130.9
1981	223.3	243.7	-24.6	4.2	193.6	214.1	29.7	38.1	8.4	84.3	138.9	159.4	109.3	129.7
1982	205.7	198.6	-7.5	14.6	173.1	166.0	32.6	36.7	4.1	66.5	139.2	132.1	106.6	99.5
1983	259.8	234.0	-7.4	33.3	224.8	198.9	35.1	41.1	6.0	80.6	179.2	153.4	144.1	118.3
1984	318.6	268.6	-4.0	54.0	282.0	232.0	36.6	46.1	9.5	97.5	221.1	171.1	184.5	134.5
1985	332.5	257.5	0.0	75.1	294.4	219.4	38.1	46.8	8.7	99.4	233.1	158.1	195.0	120.0
1986	314.1	246.0	7.1	61.1	274.7	206.5	39.5	48.7	9.2	109.7	204.5	136.3	165.0	96.8
1987	367.8	323.1	-16.2	61.0	319.8	275.1	48.0	58.9	10.9	130.4	237.4	192.7	189.4	144.6
1988	426.6	389.9	-22.2	58.9	369.6	332.9	57.0	71.6	14.6	141.6	285.0	248.3	228.0	191.3
1989	425.6	390.5	-16.3	51.5	358.4	323.3	67.1	75.5	8.4	146.1	279.5	244.4	212.4	177.3
1990	434.4	411.7	-12.9	35.7	358.4	335.6	76.1	80.9	4.8	145.4	289.0	266.3	212.9	190.2
1991	457.3	425.4	4.9	27.0	380.8	348.9	76.5	75.5	-1.0	138.6	318.7	286.8	242.2	210.3
1992	496.2	474.4	-2.8	24.6	423.1	401.3	73.1	78.3	5.2	148.7	347.5	325.7	274.4	252.6
1993	543.7	519.0	-4.0	28.7	466.8	442.1	76.9	88.9	12.0	171.0	372.7	348.0	295.7	271.1
1994	628.2	599.0	-12.4	41.6	550.3	521.1	78.0	104.5	26.6	193.1	435.1	405.9	357.1	327.9
1995	716.2	684.3	-18.3	50.2	623.2	591.3	92.9	127.4	34.4	217.8	498.3	466.5	405.4	373.5
1996	801.5	740.7	3.1	57.7	699.5	638.8	102.0	139.4	37.4	231.5	570.0	509.3	468.1	407.3
1997	884.8	801.8	14.1	69.0	777.3	694.2	107.6	155.5	47.9	245.4	639.4	556.3	531.9	448.8
1998	812.4	722.9	15.7	73.8	709.7	620.1	102.8	146.8	44.0	248.4	564.1	474.5	461.3	371.8
1999	856.3	780.5	-4.0	79.7	734.8	659.0	121.5	176.8	55.3	258.8	597.5	521.7	476.0	400.2
2000	819.2	772.5	-16.8	63.6	673.6	626.8	145.6	202.5	56.9	265.1	554.1	507.4	408.5	361.8
2001	784.2	712.7	8.0	63.4	614.5	543.0	169.7	182.6	12.9	203.3	580.9	509.4	411.2	339.7
2002	872.2	765.3	-2.6	109.4	714.3	607.5	157.9	204.4	46.5	192.3	679.9	573.0	522.0	415.1
2003	977.8	903.5	-11.3	85.6	812.0	737.7	165.8	249.2	83.4	243.8	734.0	659.7	568.3	494.0
2004	1,246.9	1,229.4	-34.3	51.8	1,041.9	1,024.4	205.0	328.2	123.1	306.1	940.8	923.3	735.8	718.3
2005	1,456.1	1,640.2	-30.7	-153.4	1,216.6	1,400.7	239.4	384.1	144.6	412.4	1,043.7	1,227.8	804.3	988.3
2006	1,608.3	1,822.7	-38.0	-176.4	1,351.5	1,565.9	256.8	434.4	177.6	473.3	1,135.0	1,349.5	878.2	1,092.6
2007	1,510.6	1,738.4	-47.2	-180.5	1,159.8	1,387.5	350.9	510.6	159.7	445.5	1,065.2	1,292.9	714.3	942.0
2008	1,262.8	1,333.2	-44.1	-26.3	851.5	921.9	411.3	571.8	160.5	308.4	954.4	1,024.8	543.1	613.6
2009	1,258.0	1,316.7	11.9	-70.6	905.7	964.4	352.3	480.6	128.3	254.9	1,003.1	1,061.8	650.8	709.5

NIPA National income and product accounts
IVA Inventory valuation adjustment
CCAdj Capital consumption adjustment

The S&P 500 stock index is intended to gauge changes in the total stock market value of the 500 leading corporations chosen by S&P. The inclusion of a corporation in the index is based on its market value, capitalization, trading activity, and industry group representation. As a market-based index, the S&P 500 company list is continuously changing. Companies grow or shrink, undergo mergers and acquisitions, bankruptcy, or restructuring. They may no longer satisfy trading volume or stock price minimums. Because the composition of companies in the S&P 500 changes regularly, the S&P 500 earnings measures reflect a shifting market basket of corporations, and the series for reported earnings and operating earnings are discontinuous over time. Their growth rates partly reflect changes in the composition of the index.

The most commonly used measure of S&P 500 total profits includes nonoperating profits and losses. The largest nonoperating expenses are pension valuation and pension interest adjustments, including adjustments for securities in defined benefit pension programs, and capital losses, including writedowns and goodwill impairments. There are no agreed upon generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for which “nonoperating” items should be excluded, but S&P applies a consistent methodology to produce an index of operating earnings. These nonoperating losses tend to become larger during recessions, as shown in chart 2, and further depress S&P total earnings.

S&P quarterly estimates are rarely restated. Early estimates of taxes due, for example, remain the same even when actual taxes owed are revised.

Differences Between Annual NIPA and S&P 500 Profits

The main differences between annual NIPA profits and S&P 500 profits are differences in coverage, industry representation, and accounting principles.

Coverage

NIPA profits include the profits of all U.S.-headquartered corporations. S&P 500 profits exclude unconsolidated subsidiaries, all other public corporations, all private C corporations, and all S corporations,

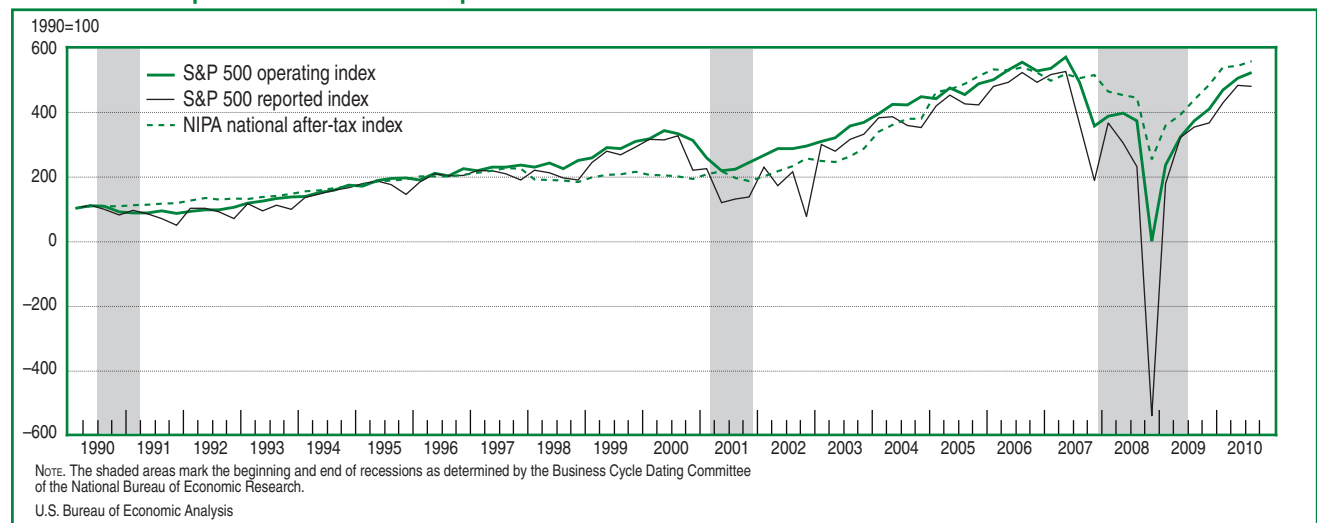
In 2007, the latest year for which IRS data are available, 5.9 million corporate tax returns were filed. Because the earnings of small and mid-sized corporations do not necessarily move in line with the earnings of large corporations, changes in NIPA profits may differ from changes in S&P 500 earnings. The NIPA profits measures include, for example, all the corporations, even those that show persistent losses, but the S&P 500 measures are limited to the largest, and generally more profitable, corporations. All these coverage differences will tend to produce varying earnings growth results.

Industry representation

The S&P 500 index is limited to publicly traded corporations, so certain sectors of the economy—such as construction, legal services, and medical services—may be under-represented because fewer corporations in these sectors meet the criteria for inclusion in the S&P 500 index.

Thus, the industry composition of the S&P 500 earnings does not reflect the industry composition of

Chart 2. NIPA Corporate Profits and S&P Corporate Profits



the overall economy. Specifically, energy, manufacturing, information technology, and financial corporations are disproportionately represented in the S&P 500 and in some recent years have accounted for more than 80 percent of S&P 500 operating earnings.

Accounting principles

Accounting principles affect the definition of some receipts and expenses and their timing and thus have an impact on corporate profits measures.

- The appreciation of securities in corporate-sponsored defined benefit pension plans can result in increased earnings under financial accounting but not in SOI or NIPA measures.
- The respective treatments of employee stock options differ significantly. NIPA accounting and tax accounting have always treated employee stock options as an expense only when (and if) options are exercised. It is an operating expense and therefore always a cost deduction in the NIPA profits calculation. However, GAAP accounting now expenses options at grant or on a schedule beginning at grant. The valuation of the options is based on a formula that is in turn based on the right to eventual exercise, and considerable discretion is allowed. Until 2006, GAAP option expense reporting was completely at a company's discretion and reported as a nonoperating expense or, often, not reported at all. Since 2006, options grant expense was mandated by GAAP. It was included in S&P reporting starting in 2006 as an operating profits deduction.⁷
- Expenditures associated with plant closings and

company reorganizations are recorded as an expense under financial accounting when companies establish reserves for their estimated future costs. In tax accounting, these expenditures are recorded only when they are actually made. Such differences can result in substantial short-term divergences between the S&P and NIPA measures of profits.

- The adjustment of S&P earnings to an operating earnings concept depends on interpretations of what constitutes special or extraordinary items and the degree to which corporations disclose or quantify the amounts.
- The corporate taxes deducted in preparing S&P 500 profits are early estimates of taxes that are based on future taxes due. They are not revised. Early NIPA tax accrual estimates are revised when payments and SOI data are available. S&P 500 companies report pre-tax earnings, but they tend to be less prominently featured.

It is therefore misleading to directly compare the growth rates of the NIPA measures of corporate profits with those of the S&P 500 measures or others like them. However, comparisons are meaningful if adjustments are made for the differences in coverage, industry composition, and definitions.

The adjusted NIPA after-tax profits estimates, which include capital gains and losses and bad debt expenses, provide one conceptual bridge to understand the differences between NIPA growth rates and SOI growth rates (table 2). The differences between the growth rates of S&P reported earnings per share and those of S&P reported earnings and the differences between the growth rates of S&P operating earnings per share and those of S&P operating earnings reflect the impact of

7. Carol E. Moylan, "Employee Stock Options and the National Economic Accounts," SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS 88 (February 2008): 7–13.

Table 2. Comparison of Selected Measures of Profits

	Line	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009
Billions of dollars:											
NIPA national profits after tax ¹	1	507.4	509.4	573.0	659.7	923.3	1,227.8	1,349.5	1,292.9	1,024.8	1,061.8
Less: Bad debt expense	2	107.7	142.2	168.0	151.1	139.7	119.0	105.9	130.0	.....	.....
Plus: Capital gains, net of losses	3	286.3	156.6	96.4	123.3	170.8	246.1	281.5	324.5	.....	.....
Equals: Adjusted NIPA national profits after tax	4	686.0	523.8	501.4	631.9	954.4	1,354.9	1,525.1	1,487.4	.....	.....
Percent change from preceding year:											
S&P 500 reported earnings											
Earnings per share	5	3.8	-50.6	11.7	76.7	20.1	19.4	16.6	-18.8	-77.5	242.5
Earnings	6	9.0	-48.5	13.8	77.7	21.0	16.4	15.7	-20.0	-77.8	244.8
S&P 500 operating earnings											
Earnings per share	7	8.6	-30.8	18.5	18.8	23.8	13.0	14.7	-5.9	-40.0	14.8
Earnings	8	14.2	-27.9	20.6	19.4	24.7	10.2	13.8	-7.4	-41.0	16.0
SOI total receipts less deductions	9	-1.2	-35.5	-6.7	36.1	43.6	75.9	0.4	-5.9	.....	.....
Adjusted NIPA national profits after tax (based on line 4)	10	-0.7	-23.6	-4.3	26.0	51.0	42.0	12.6	-2.5	.....	.....
NIPA national profits after tax (based on line 1)	11	-2.7	0.4	12.5	15.1	40.0	33.0	9.9	-4.2	-20.7	3.6

1. Without inventory valuation adjustment and capital consumption adjustment
NIPA National income and product accounts
S&P Standard & Poor's
SOI Statistics of Income

corporate turnover in the S&P 500, and the differences between the growth rates of S&P operating earnings and those of SOI before-tax receipts less deductions reflect the differences in coverage, industry representation, and accounting principles between the after-tax S&P 500 operating earnings and the pretax SOI tax return tabulations. The differences between growth rates of SOI before-tax receipts less deductions and those of NIPA national profits after tax reflect the adjustments that are made to the SOI data to prepare NIPA profits estimates.

The growth rates of the various measures of profits are similar in some years and differ considerably in others. For example, NIPA after-tax profits decreased 20.7 percent in 2008, while S&P 500 operating earnings decreased 41.0 percent and S&P 500 reported earnings decreased 77.8 percent.

Quarterly NIPA and S&P 500 Profits

Most of the differences noted above for the annual estimates also apply to the quarterly estimates. The impacts of the differences are more concentrated in quarterly profits, resulting in even larger gaps between NIPA and S&P quarterly growth rates. The quarterly differences may also reflect the fact that NIPA corporate profits measures are seasonally adjusted, while the S&P 500 measures are not.

However, the long-term trend is broadly similar, especially between S&P operating earnings and NIPA national profits after tax without IVA and CCAdj.

The quarterly S&P operating and reported earnings and quarterly NIPA profits in chart 2 are expressed as indexes to facilitate comparisons between S&P earnings and the generally much higher NIPA profits. The NIPA profits measure used is national profits after tax without IVA and CCAdj, which is the best fit to the S&P profits measures. Indexes for operating and reported earnings show large declines relative to NIPA profits during or shortly after recessions, but they then tend to reconverge with NIPA profits.

During the 1990–91 recession, S&P 500 profits fell more than NIPA profits. S&P 500 reported earnings also continued to fall in the three quarters after the end

of the recession, to 40.8 percent of the NIPA profits index in the fourth quarter of 1991 from 103.5 percent in the second quarter of 1990 before the start of the recession. In the 2001 recession, S&P earnings fell sharply in the first two quarters of the recession. S&P reported earnings decreased to 54.7 percent of NIPA profits in the second quarter of 2001 from 113.8 percent in the fourth quarter of 2000 before the start of the recession. In both cases, sharp increases in S&P 500 earnings after their recession lows brought earnings indexes back close to the NIPA trend. During the 2007–2009 recession, both S&P 500 earnings levels turned negative at their lowest point before moving back up toward the less volatile NIPA trend, but S&P 500 operating earnings showed less pronounced quarterly movements.

A key source of high volatility in S&P 500 quarterly reported earnings is asset writedowns. In the most extreme case, in the fourth quarter of 2008, S&P 500 companies reported a loss of \$202.1 billion (not annualized) after a third-quarter profit of \$65.2 billion. This was associated with the well-publicized writedowns of prominent financial companies. AIG lost \$61.7 billion, and large writedowns were also recorded by other large financial companies in the S&P 500, including Citigroup, Bank of America, and Merrill Lynch. In an earlier example, in the fourth quarter of 2002, S&P 500 reported earnings fell 64.1 percent or \$51.0 billion. This roughly accords with the \$45.0 billion loss reported that quarter by Time-Warner, at that time the largest quarterly corporate loss in history.

S&P 500 operating earnings in the fourth quarter of 2008 turned down, to a loss of \$0.8 billion from a gain of \$87.8 billion in the third quarter. Although writedowns are excluded from the S&P 500 operating earnings measures, trading gains and losses are considered part of S&P 500 operating profits and losses, and a portion of these are likely capital losses on held positions rather than spread or market-making profits. NIPA profits indicators, such as the *Quarterly Financial Report* and *Quarterly Banking Profile*, may exclude these losses more effectively and NIPA profits may give more weight to industries that did not experience large capital losses.

Gross Domestic Product by Metropolitan Area

Advance Statistics for 2009 and Revised Statistics for 2001–2008

By Sharon D. Panek, Frank T. Baumgardner, Yolanda B. Langford, and Ralph M. Rodriguez

THE ECONOMIC downturn that began in 2008 continued in 2009 as 292 of the nation's 366 metropolitan areas experienced a contraction in real gross domestic product (GDP) (chart 1 and table 1). By comparison, in 2008, real GDP in 200 metropolitan areas declined (chart 2). Real U.S. GDP by metropolitan area—a measure of nationwide growth calculated as the sum of GDP of all metropolitan areas deflated by a national price measure—declined 2.4 percent in 2009 after declining 0.4 percent in 2008.¹

GDP by metropolitan area is the most comprehensive measure of overall economic activity in individual metropolitan areas—the metropolitan area counterpart to GDP in the national income and product accounts (NIPAs). In February, the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) released advance current-dollar and real (chained-dollar) statistics of GDP by metropolitan area for 2009.² Additional highlights for 2009 include the following:

- Durable-goods manufacturing and construction led the decline in real U.S. GDP by metropolitan area.
- The metropolitan areas hardest hit by the decline in durable-goods manufacturing were in the Great Lakes region.
- Metropolitan areas that benefited from a strong housing market earlier in the decade, such as Las Vegas, were particularly hard hit by the decline in construction in 2009.
- Real GDP grew in several metropolitan areas as a result of growth in natural resources and mining industries.

This article first focuses on the factors and industries affecting real GDP growth for the U.S. metropolitan areas by briefly mentioning the largest declining industries nationally and relating these industries to

where they are concentrated locally. Next, the article discusses growing industries that offset the national decline and metropolitan areas where these industries are concentrated. The article then examines patterns in per capita real GDP by metropolitan area and concludes with a discussion of revisions to the GDP by metropolitan area statistics.

Industry Contributions to Regions and Metropolitan Areas

The decline in real GDP across the United States in 2009 was primarily caused by declines in durable-goods manufacturing, construction, and professional and business services industries. For the nation, durable-goods manufacturing declined 12.7 percent in 2009, construction declined 15.6 percent, and professional and business services declined 5.0 percent. The U.S. metropolitan portion of national GDP showed a similar trend. Although the rate of decline was faster for the construction industry, durable-goods manufac-

Acknowledgments

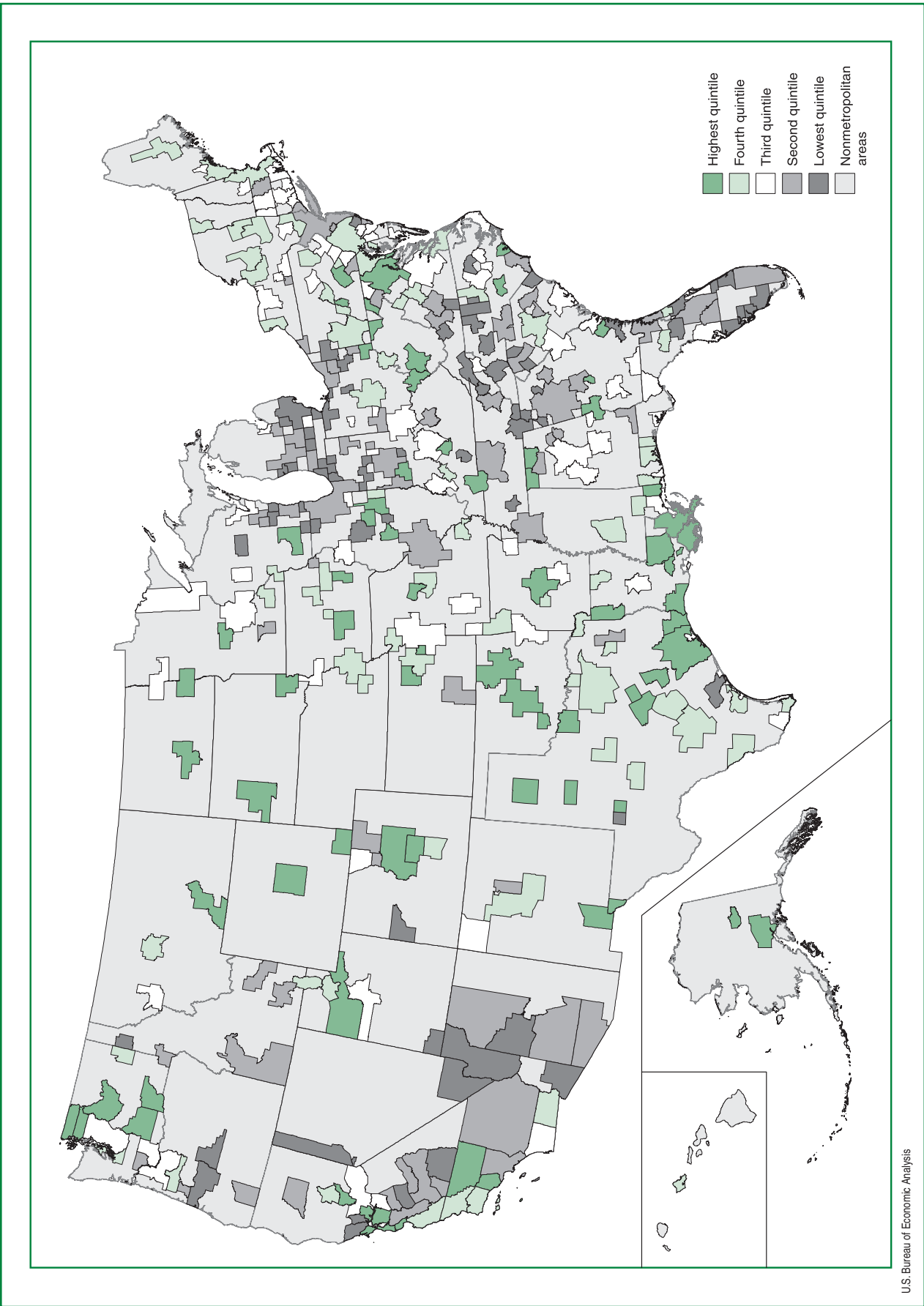
The statistics on gross domestic product (GDP) by metropolitan area were prepared by staff in the Regional Product Division under the direction of Charles Ian Mead, Chief, Clifford H. Woodruff III, Chief of the Regional Product Branch, and Sharon D. Panek, Chief of the GDP by State Services Section. Joel D. Platt, Associate Director for Regional Economics, provided general guidance. Contributing staff members were Slavea A. Assenova, Jonathan E. Avery, Frank T. Baumgardner, Jacob R. Hinson, Yolanda B. Langford, Lindsey J. Rittmueller, and Ralph M. Rodriguez.

The staff would like to thank other members of the Regional Product Division for their review of the statistics and for their assistance with online publishing. The staff would also like to thank Sharon C. Carnevale, Chief of the Regional Income Division, Melanie N. Vejdani, and Callan S. Swenson for their support in producing the statistics.

1. These growth rates may differ from other previously reported national GDP growth rates as explained in the box "Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by Metropolitan Area Statistics."

2. The metropolitan area definitions used by BEA for these statistics are the county-based definitions issued by the Office of Management and Budget in June 2003 (with revisions released in February 2004, March 2005, December 2005, December 2006, November 2007, November 2008, and December 2009) for federal statistical purposes.

Chart 1. Percent Change in Real Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by Metropolitan Area, 2009



turing represents a larger share of total GDP (5.9 percent) and therefore contributed more to the decline in total GDP (0.77 percentage point) (table 2).

Real GDP declined in seven of the eight BEA regions and in the U.S. metropolitan portion (2.4 percent).³ The decline was most pronounced in the Great Lakes (4.8 percent) and in the Southeast (2.7 percent) regions. Both regions have large concentrations of industries that led the decline in U.S. GDP—durable-goods manufacturing, construction, and professional and business services.

Despite a widespread decline in most industries in 2009, some metropolitan areas fared well because of growth in natural resources and mining and in nondurable-goods manufacturing.

Industries contributing to the decline

Durable-goods manufacturing. In 2009, durable-goods manufacturing subtracted from real GDP growth in 341 of the 366 U.S. metropolitan areas. The decline in durable-goods manufacturing impacted metropolitan areas in the Southeast region but was most pronounced in the metropolitan areas of the Great Lakes region. Kokomo, IN, Elkhart-Goshen, IN, Columbus, IN, and Holland-Grand Haven, MI, had double-digit declines in real GDP growth primarily due to declines in durable-goods manufacturing. In the three Indiana metropolitan areas, durable-goods manufacturing subtracted more than 10 percentage points from real GDP growth. Detroit-Warren-Livonia, MI, the second largest metropolitan area in the region, contracted 9.0 percent because of declines in durable-goods manufacturing.

The decline in durable-goods manufacturing also subtracted from growth in 97 of 108 metropolitan areas in the Southeast region. Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton, NC, experienced the largest contraction among metropolitan areas in the Southeast region in real GDP (10.5 percent) as a result of declines in durable-goods manufacturing.

Construction. The effects of the continued decline in construction were felt across the country; this industry subtracted from growth in 352 of the nation's 366 U.S. metropolitan areas in 2009. Effects from the decline in the housing market in 2008 continued to be felt across most metropolitan areas in 2009, particularly in the Southwest and Southeast regions where places like Lake Havasu City-Kingman, AZ, St. George, UT, Prescott, AZ, and Naples-Marco Island, FL, faced even sharper declines because of downturns in con-

struction. The effects were most pronounced in the Southeast, where nearly 25 percent of total U.S. construction activity recently occurred; declines in the construction sector detracted from growth in 103 of 108 metropolitan areas.

Professional and business services. The contraction in professional and business services was widespread among all regions, with subtractions from real GDP of 2 percentage points or more in St. Louis, MO-IL, Detroit-Warren-Livonia, MI, and Boulder, CO. Chicago-Joliet-Naperville, IL-IN-WI, the third largest metropolitan area in the nation, contracted 4.6 percent because of declines in professional and business services.

Industries offsetting the decline

Natural resources and mining. In contrast to most other industries, natural resources and mining made a positive contribution to U.S. real GDP growth, adding 0.58 percentage point in 2009. Natural resources and mining contributed to growth in 222 of the nation's 366 metropolitan areas and added more than 2 percentage points to real GDP growth in 27 metropolitan areas. Metropolitan areas where natural resources and mining are concentrated fared well, as did the Southwest region, the only region with positive growth in

Advance Statistics on Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by Metropolitan Area for 2009

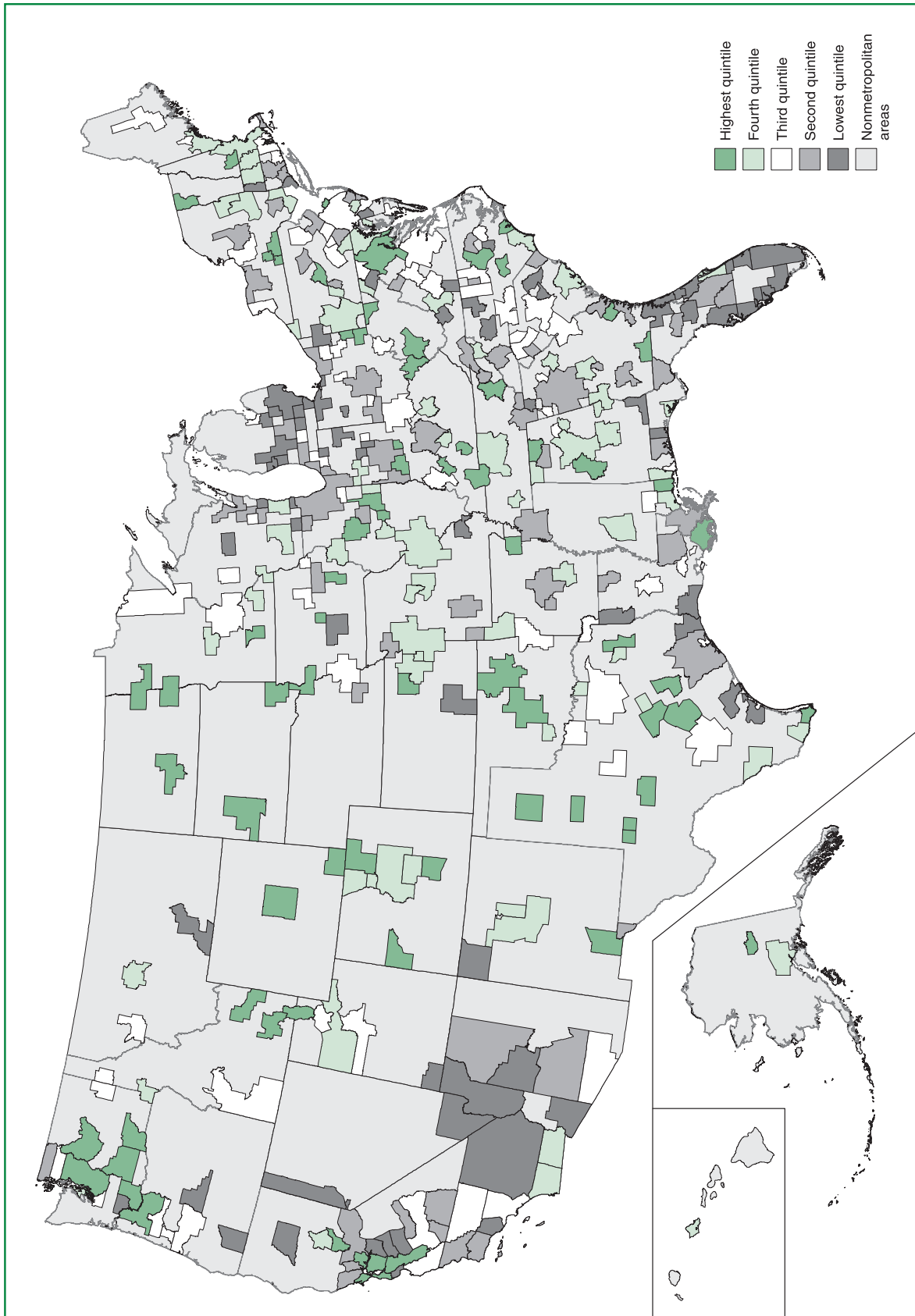
The advance statistics for 2009 are based on a more limited set of source data and on an abbreviated estimation methodology compared with the data and estimation methodology used to prepare the revised statistics for 2001–2008. Subsector industry detail for GDP by state and county earnings are not yet available for 2009. The advance statistics on GDP by metropolitan area for 2009 use sector-level industry detail for unpublished county earnings from the metropolitan area earnings released on August 9, 2010, and the advance current-dollar GDP by state statistics released on February 23, 2011.

The annual percent change in county earnings by sector from 2008 to 2009 was calculated and then applied to the county GDP statistics underlying the statistics on GDP by metropolitan area for 2008. These extrapolated statistics for all sectors were scaled to the advance statistics on GDP by state for 2009 by allocating the difference between the two measures among the counties. The resulting county statistics were then summed to their related metropolitan areas to yield GDP by metropolitan area.

Sharon D. Panek

3. U.S. GDP includes both nonmetropolitan and metropolitan portions of the United States.

Chart 2. Percent Change in Real Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by Metropolitan Area, 2008



2009 (0.2 percent). Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown, TX, the largest metropolitan area in the Southwest region and the fifth largest metropolitan area in the nation, grew 2.4 percent. Smaller metropolitan areas that also benefitted from strong growth in this industry included Casper, WY, Oklahoma City, OK, and Shreveport-Bossier City, LA, three of the fastest growing metropolitan areas in 2009.

Nondurable-goods manufacturing. While most metropolitan areas experienced declines in nondurable-goods manufacturing, several areas did not follow the national trend. This industry grew in 56 metropolitan areas and fueled strong growth in Pascagoula, MS (15.0 percent), Vallejo-Fairfield, CA (11.1 percent), and Lake Charles, LA (7.5 percent).

Per Capita Real GDP by Metropolitan Area

Nationwide, per capita real GDP decreased 2.9 percent in 2009, reflecting a decline in real GDP coupled with a population increase of 0.9 percent. Metropolitan area per capita real GDP fell 3.4 percent to \$44,703 from \$46,268 in 2008 (table 3).⁴ Real GDP declined 2.4 percent, while population increased 1.0 percent.

Per capita real GDP fell in 318 of the 366 metropoli-

4. Per capita real GDP by metropolitan area was computed using Census Bureau midyear population estimates.

tan areas in 2009. A decline in real GDP alone caused per capita real GDP to decline in 43 metropolitan areas, and population growth contributed to the decline in an additional 248 metropolitan areas.

In 2009, the metropolitan areas in the highest quintile of per capita real GDP did not change significantly from 2008. Casper, WY, had the highest per capita real GDP in the nation (\$91,497), up from third in 2008, as a result of strong real GDP growth in the mining sector in 2009. It also had the largest percent change in per capita real GDP (20.0 percent).

Palm Coast, FL, continued to have the lowest per capita real GDP in the nation (\$12,868). Kokomo, IN, had the largest decline in per capita real GDP in 2009 (19.4 percent), dropping it from the second to third quintile.

Revisions

The revisions to GDP by metropolitan area for 2001–2008 reflect benchmark revisions to the underlying source data. The revised statistics incorporate revisions to BEA's local area personal income statistics released on April 22, 2010, and to the GDP by state statistics released on November 18, 2010, and on February 23, 2011.

Current-dollar statistics. The revisions to the current-dollar statistics, measured as a percentage of the previously published statistics, were moderate for most

Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by Metropolitan Area Statistics

Metropolitan (statistical) areas, defined by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget, are standardized county-based areas that have at least one urbanized area with a population of 50,000 or more plus adjacent territory that has a high degree of social and economic integration with the core, as measured by commuting ties.

GDP by metropolitan area is the most comprehensive measure of overall economic activity in a metropolitan area—it is the metropolitan area counterpart to the nation's GDP. The methodology developed for these statistics is relatively simple and allows for the production of timely statistics.

GDP by metropolitan area is derived as the sum of the value added originating in all of the industries in the metropolitan area. Real GDP by metropolitan area is an inflation-adjusted measure based on national prices for the goods and services produced within that area. The statistics on real GDP by metropolitan area and on quantity indexes with a base year of 2005 were derived by applying national chain-type price indexes to the statistics on current-dollar GDP by metropolitan area for the

61 detailed NAICS-based industries. Then, the chain-type index formula that is used in the national accounts is used to calculate the statistics on total real GDP by metropolitan area and on real GDP by metropolitan area at more aggregated industry levels.

U.S. metropolitan area growth rates of real GDP may differ from national real GDP growth rates released in July 2010 and the U.S. growth rates of real GDP by state released in February 2011.¹ Real GDP growth for the U.S. metropolitan portion may differ from the growth of U.S. GDP by state because of the exclusion of nonmetropolitan areas. Differences with the national growth in real GDP are primarily due to the direct linkage and consistency of the statistics on GDP by metropolitan area with GDP by state statistics released in February 2011 and GDP by industry released in December 2010. The statistics on GDP by state and by industry are based upon national real GDP statistics released in July 2010.

1. The GDP by state statistics for 2007–2009 were updated on February 23, 2011, to incorporate revised national GDP by industry statistics released on December 14, 2010.

Sharon D. Panek

metropolitan areas (table 4). The mean absolute revision for all metropolitan areas for 2001–2008 was 2.7 percent. For individual metropolitan areas, the mean absolute revision was less than 10 percent for all areas

Data Availability

Summary statistics on gross domestic product (GDP) by metropolitan area are presented in tables 1–6 in this article. GDP by metropolitan area in current dollars, real GDP by metropolitan area in chained (2005) dollars, and quantity indexes can be accessed interactively on BEA's Web site.

The following annual statistics are available at www.bea.gov/regional/gdpmetro:

- Advance statistics of current-dollar GDP by metropolitan area, real GDP by metropolitan area, and quantity indexes for 2009 for 24 NAICS-based sectors.
- GDP by metropolitan area in current dollars, real GDP by metropolitan area, and quantity indexes for 2001–2008 for 61 NAICS-based subsectors and 24 NAICS-based sectors.
- Per capita real GDP by metropolitan area for 2001–2009.

For further information about GDP by metropolitan area, e-mail gdpbymetro@bea.gov or call 202–606–5341.

except Lake Charles, LA (17.5 percent), Pascagoula, MS (14.5 percent), Beaumont-Port Arthur, TX (12.1 percent), Farmington, NM (12.1 percent), Mount Vernon-Anacortes, WA (11.5 percent), Corvallis, OR (11.3 percent), and Bellingham, WA (10.1 percent). Revisions in nondurable-goods manufacturing led to sizable revisions for Lake Charles, LA, Pascagoula, MS, Beaumont-Port Arthur, TX, Mount Vernon-Anacortes, WA, and Bellingham, WA, while revisions in mining led to sizable revisions for Farmington, NM. Revisions in durable-goods manufacturing led to revisions for Corvallis, OR, and revisions in agriculture, forestry, and fishing led to revisions in Hanford-Corcoran, CA.

Real growth rates. The revisions to the real growth rates are measured as a percentage point difference from the previously published growth rate. The mean absolute revision of growth rates for all metropolitan areas for 2002–2008 was 1.1 percentage points. For individual metropolitan areas, the mean absolute revision of growth rates was less than 5 percentage points for all areas except Lake Charles, LA (8.1 percentage points), Pascagoula, MS (6.7 percentage points), Dalton, GA (5.2 percentage points), and Corvallis, OR (5.1 percentage points). Nondurable-goods manufacturing statistics led to sizable revisions in growth rates for each of these metropolitan areas except Corvallis, OR, where revisions in durable-goods manufacturing led to the revision in the growth rate.

Tables 1-6 follow.

Table 1. Percent Change in Real Gross Domestic Product by Metropolitan Area, 2006–2009—Continues

	2006	2007	2008	2009*
U.S. metropolitan portion.....	2.9	2.0	-0.4	-2.4
Abilene, TX.....	2.5	5.3	0.2	-1.6
Akron, OH.....	-0.4	1.0	-0.6	-4.6
Albany, GA.....	-3.1	-0.1	-1.5	-2.1
Albany-Schenectady-Troy, NY.....	1.9	-0.6	1.1	-0.1
Albuquerque, NM.....	1.8	-1.6	1.2	-1.3
Alexandria, LA.....	5.0	1.6	0.0	-2.3
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA-NJ.....	1.4	2.0	-1.2	-2.8
Altoona, PA.....	-0.3	3.1	-1.2	0.9
Amarillo, TX.....	3.6	5.2	2.9	0.8
Ames, IA.....	5.7	0.7	2.8	-0.6
Anchorage, AK.....	4.6	1.7	0.3	8.7
Anderson, IN.....	1.9	-4.3	-4.0	-2.9
Anderson, SC.....	1.0	-0.1	-1.5	-7.9
Ann Arbor, MI.....	-1.2	2.1	-5.2	-3.0
Anniston-Oxford, AL.....	1.9	4.6	1.7	-4.4
Appleton, WI.....	0.5	2.2	-2.4	-3.5
Asheville, NC.....	3.3	1.2	-1.3	-6.0
Athens-Clarke County, GA.....	0.5	2.4	1.3	-4.6
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta, GA.....	2.7	2.9	-1.7	-4.6
Atlantic City-Hammonton, NJ.....	0.7	-1.9	-2.4	-6.9
Auburn-Opelika, AL.....	4.4	2.4	0.7	-2.6
Augusta-Richmond County, GA-SC.....	-2.2	0.8	0.2	-2.3
Austin-Round Rock-San Marcos, TX.....	8.3	3.1	2.7	-1.1
Bakersfield-Delano, CA.....	6.6	4.3	0.1	4.0
Baltimore-Towson, MD.....	2.0	1.3	0.3	-1.2
Bangor, ME.....	1.3	0.6	-0.1	-1.1
Barnstable Town, MA.....	-3.5	-2.7	-1.8	-2.2
Baton Rouge, LA.....	-3.4	-4.6	-1.6	3.4
Battle Creek, MI.....	-2.1	0.2	0.0	-5.6
Bay City, MI.....	-0.7	-0.2	-0.6	-3.1
Beaumont-Port Arthur, TX.....	1.9	7.9	-7.0	2.5
Bellingham, WA.....	-9.2	3.6	-1.9	3.1
Bend, OR.....	8.9	0.3	-2.9	-7.1
Billings, MT.....	2.0	8.1	-6.1	5.8
Binghamton, NY.....	2.9	5.6	3.4	-2.1
Birmingham-Hoover, AL.....	0.1	1.7	0.7	-2.7
Bismarck, ND.....	1.0	0.6	2.0	3.3
Blacksburg-Christiansburg-Radford, VA.....	3.2	4.3	-2.8	-6.2
Bloomington, IN.....	3.3	0.8	2.2	0.5
Bloomington-Normal, IL.....	7.4	-1.6	-2.1	4.2
Boise City-Nampa, ID.....	0.3	4.3	-0.2	-4.6
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH.....	1.9	2.4	0.7	-1.8
Boulder, CO.....	2.5	6.6	1.5	-4.4
Bowling Green, KY.....	4.6	2.1	2.2	-6.0
Bremerton-Silverdale, WA.....	4.2	-0.7	0.4	-1.2
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, CT.....	3.1	1.4	-3.5	-4.5
Brownsville-Harlingen, TX.....	3.3	4.6	2.3	-0.8
Brunswick, GA.....	3.9	-1.2	-1.6	-6.2
Buffalo-Niagara Falls, NY.....	2.7	-0.1	-0.4	-1.7
Burlington, NC.....	2.7	-1.1	-1.8	-10.3
Burlington-South Burlington, VT.....	2.6	-1.1	3.4	-0.3
Canton-Massillon, OH.....	-3.9	-0.3	-0.3	-5.4
Cape Coral-Fort Myers, FL.....	3.2	-2.8	-7.3	-6.5
Cape Girardeau-Jackson, MO-IL.....	2.2	3.2	-2.6	-0.2
Carson City, NV.....	2.7	2.9	-3.0	-5.6
Casper, WY.....	11.4	-3.3	6.8	22.4
Cedar Rapids, IA.....	-1.5	10.5	-2.4	-0.1
Champaign-Urbana, IL.....	3.2	1.9	4.5	1.6
Charleston, WV.....	2.2	1.0	1.9	0.7
Charleston-North Charleston-Summerville, SC.....	1.8	4.3	0.4	-2.5
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill, NC-SC.....	3.7	0.6	0.1	-4.4
Charlottesville, VA.....	3.3	0.7	0.3	-0.6
Chattanooga, TN-GA.....	4.3	1.6	-1.5	-5.5
Cheyenne, WY.....	6.8	4.9	2.4	6.4
Chicago-Joliet-Naperville, IL-IN-WI.....	2.2	1.8	-1.8	-4.6
Chico, CA.....	1.4	0.9	0.4	-0.3
Cincinnati-Middletown, OH-KY-IN.....	-1.0	1.5	-0.5	-2.8
Clarksville, TN-KY.....	4.0	0.0	3.5	0.9
Cleveland, TN.....	0.9	-0.5	-1.1	-5.4
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor, OH.....	-1.4	0.7	-1.0	-4.0
Coeur d'Alene, ID.....	5.8	4.8	-0.4	-5.8
College Station-Bryan, TX.....	3.6	2.9	2.8	0.8
Colorado Springs, CO.....	0.9	1.9	1.1	1.1
Columbia, MO.....	2.7	0.4	0.7	0.2
Columbia, SC.....	3.2	2.0	-0.2	-1.9
Columbus, GA-AL.....	2.3	2.6	0.9	0.7
Columbus, IN.....	6.8	4.6	3.2	-12.2
Columbus, OH.....	0.1	1.8	-1.4	-1.2
Corpus Christi, TX.....	1.6	6.0	-2.7	-0.7
Corvallis, OR.....	19.8	4.3	-0.3	-4.8
Crestview-Fort Walton Beach-Destin, FL.....	1.5	-2.6	-3.1	-0.4
Cumberland, MD-WV.....	0.7	-1.2	1.7	1.6
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX.....	4.7	4.1	-0.2	-0.9
Dalton, GA.....	-4.9	3.9	-9.5	-8.8
Danville, IL.....	2.2	-1.4	0.4	-1.5
Danville, VA.....	-4.8	-1.3	-3.7	-5.5
Davenport-Moline-Rock Island, IA-IL.....	0.5	1.7	0.9	-3.1
Dayton, OH.....	-0.2	-1.0	-2.1	-4.8
Decatur, AL.....	1.5	3.0	-1.1	-4.0
Decatur, IL.....	0.1	3.1	1.9	-8.6
Deltona-Daytona Beach-Ormond Beach, FL.....	3.7	1.4	-4.5	-6.5
Denver-Aurora-Broomfield, CO.....	3.0	2.0	1.8	0.4
Des Moines-West Des Moines, IA.....	-0.8	10.1	-6.2	1.1
Detroit-Warren-Livonia, MI.....	-3.2	0.4	-4.4	-9.0

Table 1. Percent Change in Real Gross Domestic Product by Metropolitan Area, 2006–2009—Continues

	2006	2007	2008	2009*
Dothan, AL.....	0.8	1.0	-3.4	-3.6
Dover, DE.....	1.4	1.9	-3.2	-2.8
Dubuque, IA.....	1.0	2.1	-0.9	-5.0
Duluth, MN-WI.....	-2.8	1.1	-0.6	-2.6
Durham-Chapel Hill, NC.....	17.6	7.4	-0.4	-1.5
Eau Claire, WI.....	2.5	0.9	-0.1	-2.6
El Centro, CA.....	4.7	0.0	1.0	-1.8
Elizabethtown, KY.....	4.0	-2.1	0.7	1.9
Elkhart-Goshen, IN.....	3.3	4.0	-10.2	-18.3
Elmira, NY.....	-0.5	1.2	3.3	-4.8
El Paso, TX.....	5.0	2.6	-0.9	1.1
Erie, PA.....	0.2	2.2	0.8	-5.0
Eugene-Springfield, OR.....	5.1	3.3	-0.5	-7.4
Evansville, IN-KY.....	-0.1	-0.4	-0.8	-3.3
Fairbanks, AK.....	2.9	-1.6	5.2	5.7
Fargo, ND-MN.....	2.8	3.3	5.4	1.8
Farmington, NM.....	3.9	2.1	-4.8	-2.0
Fayetteville, NC.....	1.9	3.8	4.8	3.4
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, AR-MO.....	3.4	-0.1	1.3	-1.2
Flagstaff, AZ.....	8.0	8.0	-2.2	-4.0
Flint, MI.....	-1.8	-1.7	-7.6	-7.8
Florence, SC.....	0.7	2.8	-3.2	-4.5
Florence-Muscle Shoals, AL.....	2.2	0.7	0.6	0.6
Fond du Lac, WI.....	1.5	1.9	-0.9	-8.6
Fort Collins-Loveland, CO.....	2.1	3.6	0.8	-2.4
Fort Smith, AR-OK.....	3.3	-2.7	0.2	-2.0
Fort Wayne, IN.....	2.9	2.3	-3.0	-4.6
Fresno, CA.....	4.6	-0.2	-0.1	-4.0
Gadsden, AL.....	0.4	1.4	-0.3	-4.8
Gainesville, FL.....	3.3	5.1	-1.2	-1.4
Gainesville, GA.....	-0.2	2.3	-0.8	-7.2
Glens Falls, NY.....	0.9	-0.5	0.4	-1.4
Goldsboro, NC.....	5.1	-0.4	-3.5	-3.2
Grand Forks, ND-MN.....	4.5	0.9	4.6	-2.9
Grand Junction, CO.....	4.5	9.2	9.4	-7.0
Grand Rapids-Wyoming, MI.....	1.2	-0.8	-4.4	-5.1
Great Falls, MT.....	4.6	0.7	0.4	-0.3
Greeley, CO.....	2.3	3.5	2.0	-4.7
Green Bay, WI.....	0.2	1.2	-1.0	-3.1
Greensboro-High Point, NC.....	2.8	1.3	-0.6	-6.1
Greenville, NC.....	4.5	6.3	-0.3	-2.3
Greenville-Mauldin-Easley, SC.....	0.0	4.7	-0.1	-5.3
Gulfport-Biloxi, MS.....	-3.3	6.6	1.0	-2.0
Hagerstown-Martinsburg, MD-WV.....	2.7	-0.7	-0.6	-3.0
Hanford-Corcoran, CA.....	0.4	6.9	-1.9	-4.2
Harrisburg-Carlisle, PA.....	1.6	2.2	-0.8	0.3
Harrisonburg, VA.....	4.1	3.8	-2.6	-1.2
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, CT.....	4.8	5.9	-2.0	-2.2
Hattiesburg, MS.....	6.6	2.2	-0.7	-1.0
Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton, NC.....	2.7	-3.2	-5.0	-10.5
Hinesville-Fort Stewart, GA.....	0.8	3.3	9.6	1.1
Holland-Grand Haven, MI.....	-3.0	-1.7	-3.9	-10.1
Honolulu, HI.....	3.2	1.4	1.6	-1.3
Hot Springs, AR.....	1.8	-0.9	-1.4	-2.0
Houma-Bayou Cane-Thibodaux, LA.....	15.8	7.9	5.2	1.3
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown, TX.....	5.7	7.5	-1.8	2.4
Huntington-Ashland, WV-KY-OH.....	0.1	0.5	4.2	6.1
Huntsville, AL.....	4.3	1.8	4.0	1.2
Idaho Falls, ID.....	6.5	7.2	2.2	-3.5
Indianapolis-Carmel, IN.....	1.8	2.1	-1.0	-3.5
Iowa City, IA.....	4.9	3.7	1.9	0.6
Ithaca, NY.....	0.1	-0.1	2.9	-2.7
Jackson, MI.....	-2.7	2.2	-2.9	-8.0
Jackson, MS.....	3.2	2.1	1.3	-0.3
Jackson, TN.....	-0.2	-4.0	0.5	-5.4
Jacksonville, FL.....	6.0	0.1	-3.3	-3.6
Jacksonville, NC.....	1.4	7.4	10.2	12.7
Janesville, WI.....	6.6	-1.5	-4.3	-7.8
Jefferson City, MO.....	-1.0	0.1	1.5	-1.4
Johnson City, TN.....	2.7	0.0	1.8	-2.8
Johnstown, PA.....	-0.2	2.2	1.6	-1.0
Jonesboro, AR.....	1.3	-1.6	4.2	-2.7
Joplin, MO.....	2.2	-0.3	-0.9	-2.6
Kalamazoo-Portage, MI.....	0.6	2.7	-1.9	-4.2
Kankakee-Bradley, IL.....	1.8	0.2	-0.5	-2.2
Kansas City, MO-KS.....	1.2	3.0	0.5	-2.3
Kennewick-Pasco-Richland, WA.....	-0.8	6.6	2.8	6.7
Killeen-Temple-Fort Hood, TX.....	6.2	6.0	4.9	3.3
Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol, TN-VA.....	4.4	0.6	-2.3	-5.5
Kingston, NY.....	5.4	0.2	-1.1	-2.7
Knoxville, TN.....	1.5	-0.4	1.9	-4.0
Kokomo, IN.....	5.1	6.4	-10.3	-20.0
La Crosse, WI-MN.....	1.0	1.1	1.2	-0.2
Lafayette, IN.....	1.4	2.3	1.0	-5.5
Lafayette, LA.....	10.5	5.5	-0.1	4.6
Lake Charles, LA.....	-14.5	-19.6	-6.6	7.5
Lake Havasu City-Kingman, AZ.....	10.1	0.6	-5.8	-8.2
Lakeland-Winter Haven, FL.....	4.3	-0.1	-1.4	-4.8
Lancaster, PA.....	-0.1	0.2	-1.1	-3.1
Lansing-East Lansing, MI.....	1.4	0.5	-2.6	-4.9

Table 1. Percent Change in Real Gross Domestic Product by Metropolitan Area, 2006–2009—Continues

	2006	2007	2008	2009*
Laredo, TX	0.8	2.9	0.4	-1.8
Las Cruces, NM	3.6	3.2	3.5	1.0
Las Vegas-Paradise, NV	4.1	2.8	-2.7	-7.6
Lawrence, KS	0.5	3.1	0.6	1.3
Lawton, OK	6.1	2.7	1.7	4.8
Lebanon, PA	1.3	3.2	-0.3	-1.6
Lewiston, ID-WA	1.9	1.1	0.5	-3.6
Lewiston-Auburn, ME	2.4	2.4	0.2	-2.4
Lexington-Fayette, KY	4.4	1.4	0.4	-4.8
Lima, OH	-1.3	-2.1	-7.8	-3.0
Lincoln, NE	3.7	1.0	-2.3	-0.8
Little Rock-North Little Rock-Conway, AR	3.8	5.1	-0.9	2.4
Logan, UT-ID	2.0	7.4	4.2	-1.5
Longview, TX	5.3	5.3	2.3	-5.2
Longview, WA	2.1	1.5	-4.8	-4.9
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, CA	3.8	1.0	0.2	-3.4
Louisville-Jefferson County, KY-IN	3.0	1.9	-1.1	-3.3
Lubbock, TX	3.9	0.7	2.5	2.2
Lynchburg, VA	3.2	0.5	0.1	-4.2
Macon, GA	-2.7	-3.4	0.7	-4.5
Madera-Chowchilla, CA	3.7	0.7	-1.6	-5.1
Madison, WI	2.6	3.3	0.6	0.5
Manchester-Nashua, NH	-0.1	1.5	3.3	-2.6
Manhattan, KS	9.2	11.1	7.8	3.4
Mankato-North Mankato, MN	6.2	-4.7	2.4	-3.7
Mansfield, OH	-1.0	-3.9	-0.8	-6.7
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, TX	3.2	3.9	1.1	-2.2
Medford, OR	2.6	0.0	-4.7	-5.2
Memphis, TN-MS-AR	1.9	0.8	-1.9	-3.8
Merced, CA	2.0	9.4	-6.6	-6.0
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach, FL	3.7	1.1	-3.0	-4.5
Michigan City-La Porte, IN	-1.2	2.2	-1.5	-5.8
Midland, TX	9.7	7.0	4.7	5.5
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, WI	3.3	0.7	0.8	-3.5
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI	0.1	1.0	0.1	-3.1
Missoula, MT	2.7	3.7	0.1	-2.1
Mobile, AL	6.3	1.8	1.1	-0.1
Modesto, CA	1.4	-0.9	-2.8	-5.3
Monroe, LA	2.7	-0.8	-1.6	0.0
Monroe, MI	-2.3	-1.5	-6.4	-10.3
Montgomery, AL	2.7	0.0	0.6	-2.3
Morgantown, WV	4.5	1.9	4.2	1.8
Morristown, TN	1.8	-2.2	-2.5	-9.1
Mount Vernon-Anacortes, WA	-17.2	-1.1	-0.8	4.5
Muncie, IN	0.5	-3.7	-0.1	-4.0
Muskegon-Norton Shores, MI	-2.4	-2.1	-3.3	-6.0
Myrtle Beach-North Myrtle Beach-Conway, SC	4.6	3.6	-1.7	-7.7
Napa, CA	2.9	1.8	-1.6	-5.5
Naples-Marco Island, FL	0.8	-2.4	-9.2	-8.0
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin, TN	4.7	0.9	1.5	-4.7
New Haven-Milford, CT	2.2	1.3	-0.9	-3.1
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner, LA	-7.9	-3.8	-2.6	8.6
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island, NY-NJ-PA	4.2	2.1	-0.4	-4.0
Niles-Benton Harbor, MI	2.0	4.0	-2.5	-6.0
North Port-Bradenton-Sarasota, FL	3.2	-2.3	-6.7	-5.6
Norwich-New London, CT	5.6	0.6	-0.2	-2.6
Ocala, FL	8.6	0.1	-2.6	-8.3
Ocean City, NJ	-4.7	-1.7	-1.3	-3.7
Odessa, TX	9.1	15.7	5.0	-9.8
Ogden-Clearfield, UT	5.3	2.6	-0.8	-1.0
Oklahoma City, OK	6.0	1.5	3.2	14.5
Olympia, WA	4.9	4.0	-0.1	-1.3
Omaha-Council Bluffs, NE-IA	3.5	3.1	-0.7	-1.4
Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford, FL	4.8	2.3	-2.1	-4.5
Oshkosh-Neenah, WI	0.7	1.2	-0.7	-5.0
Owensboro, KY	5.1	-4.5	2.8	-0.3
Oxnard-Thousand Oaks-Ventura, CA	2.6	1.6	-6.4	0.1
Palm Bay-Melbourne-Titusville, FL	2.6	3.0	0.7	-2.4
Palm Coast, FL	0.0	-6.9	-6.3	-1.4
Panama City-Lynn Haven-Panama City Beach, FL	2.8	0.3	0.5	-2.5
Parkersburg-Marietta-Vienna, WV-OH	3.4	0.6	0.2	-1.5
Pascagoula, MS	6.4	5.6	22.4	15.0
Pensacola-Ferry Pass-Brent, FL	3.6	-0.4	-2.3	-1.1
Peoria, IL	5.8	3.1	2.6	-7.1
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD	1.8	2.0	0.1	-0.9
Phoenix-Mesa-Glendale, AZ	7.6	2.4	-1.6	-4.7
Pine Bluff, AR	1.0	-2.0	0.4	-2.0
Pittsburgh, PA	0.7	1.5	0.8	-1.0
Pittsfield, MA	-3.4	-3.3	-3.1	-3.3
Pocatello, ID	-5.1	4.7	2.0	-4.9
Portland-South Portland-Biddeford, ME	1.7	0.8	0.5	-1.3
Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro, OR-WA	12.2	4.8	2.2	-2.9
Port St. Lucie, FL	3.3	2.1	-7.6	-5.9
Poughkeepsie-Newburgh-Middletown, NY	0.6	0.5	1.0	0.0
Prescott, AZ	10.5	1.1	-5.3	-6.5
Providence-New Bedford-Fall River, RI-MA	2.1	-1.2	-0.7	-2.7
Provo-Orem, UT	8.1	7.9	0.2	-3.0
Pueblo, CO	-0.7	3.2	3.6	-0.1
Punta Gorda, FL	4.8	-6.0	-5.5	-6.9
Racine, WI	2.5	0.4	-6.3	-7.0
Raleigh-Cary, NC	5.7	6.0	1.9	-3.2
Rapid City, SD	1.7	1.8	3.9	2.0
Reading, PA	4.5	0.1	-0.7	-2.1
Redding, CA	-0.2	-1.4	-5.4	-5.1
Reno-Sparks, NV	3.9	4.4	-3.3	-6.9

Table 1. Percent Change in Real Gross Domestic Product by Metropolitan Area, 2006–2009—Table Ends

	2006	2007	2008	2009*
Richmond, VA.....	-0.2	0.7	-0.4	-2.3
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA.....	3.0	-0.7	-3.4	-4.9
Roanoke, VA.....	2.6	2.0	0.3	-3.9
Rochester, MN.....	1.6	0.1	0.9	-0.1
Rochester, NY.....	1.1	-1.6	-2.4	-2.9
Rockford, IL.....	3.4	1.3	-2.2	-9.8
Rocky Mount, NC.....	0.8	-1.1	-2.2	-5.7
Rome, GA.....	-0.3	0.0	0.0	-6.0
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville, CA.....	2.2	-0.4	-2.4	-2.8
Saginaw-Saginaw Township North, MI.....	-1.2	-2.6	-6.0	-4.8
St. Cloud, MN.....	-0.8	-2.3	1.3	0.3
St. George, UT.....	11.1	3.0	-4.4	-5.8
St. Joseph, MO-KS.....	5.4	5.7	-2.0	-1.5
St. Louis, MO-IL.....	-1.2	0.8	1.7	-5.1
Salem, OR.....	6.3	-0.1	0.2	-1.7
Salinas, CA.....	3.4	-4.2	-0.6	-1.8
Salisbury, MD.....	4.0	1.1	-0.1	-2.8
Salt Lake City, UT.....	6.6	6.1	1.1	0.3
San Angelo, TX.....	-2.1	0.5	2.7	-1.0
San Antonio-New Braunfels, TX.....	4.0	4.1	0.2	-0.9
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos, CA.....	2.2	1.7	1.4	-2.4
Sandusky, OH.....	-1.6	-6.2	-4.0	-5.7
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont, CA.....	2.6	2.2	2.8	1.0
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, CA.....	6.8	7.5	2.3	-3.8
San Luis Obispo-Paso Robles, CA.....	-0.7	-0.6	-2.4	-1.6
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Goleta, CA.....	0.4	0.0	-0.9	-0.4
Santa Cruz-Watsonville, CA.....	1.8	-1.3	-3.7	0.5
Santa Fe, NM.....	4.7	1.5	0.3	-4.8
Santa Rosa-Petaluma, CA.....	0.8	-0.4	-2.0	-5.9
Savannah, GA.....	5.5	1.5	-2.4	-3.4
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre, PA.....	0.0	2.2	-0.8	-1.8
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue, WA.....	5.3	6.7	2.0	-2.4
Sebastian-Vero Beach, FL.....	2.4	2.5	-3.4	-7.4
Sheboygan, WI.....	0.6	1.0	-5.5	-7.5
Sherman-Denison, TX.....	5.8	0.2	0.4	-1.0
Shreveport-Bossier City, LA.....	8.0	-4.4	-3.8	13.6
Sioux City, IA-NE-SD.....	2.0	5.3	4.7	-3.4
Sioux Falls, SD.....	2.3	2.6	4.0	4.2
South Bend-Mishawaka, IN-MI.....	1.6	1.1	-0.7	-7.0
Spartanburg, SC.....	2.8	2.5	-0.7	-8.0
Spokane, WA.....	4.3	3.0	-0.5	-1.9
Springfield, IL.....	0.7	0.9	1.4	1.7
Springfield, MA.....	-0.3	0.4	1.2	-2.2
Springfield, MO.....	0.8	1.1	-1.2	-3.0
Springfield, OH.....	1.8	-1.9	-0.8	-3.3
State College, PA.....	1.0	2.1	2.5	-0.6
Steubenville-Weirton, OH-WV.....	-9.2	1.9	6.3	-4.3
Stockton, CA.....	1.8	1.5	-2.9	-2.5
Sumter, SC.....	1.3	-0.2	-2.6	-5.1
Syracuse, NY.....	1.0	1.8	-0.3	-1.6
Tallahassee, FL.....	1.9	4.0	-1.6	-2.6
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL.....	3.8	0.7	-2.8	-2.9
Terre Haute, IN.....	1.1	4.9	-2.1	-4.7
Texarkana, TX-Texarkana, AR.....	1.7	3.0	-0.6	-1.7
Toledo, OH.....	-1.1	-0.8	-2.8	-5.8
Topeka, KS.....	-1.4	4.3	0.6	-0.4
Trenton-Ewing, NJ.....	5.4	-0.3	3.7	-3.6
Tucson, AZ.....	4.8	3.0	-0.3	-3.9
Tulsa, OK.....	5.9	1.8	2.8	7.6
Tuscaloosa, AL.....	1.3	3.4	1.9	-3.0
Tyler, TX.....	1.6	2.3	0.5	-1.3
Utica-Rome, NY.....	1.8	0.7	-1.2	-0.3
Valdosta, GA.....	2.9	2.2	2.9	-2.6
Vallejo-Fairfield, CA.....	-0.3	0.0	2.4	11.1
Victoria, TX.....	4.0	0.4	-2.6	-7.6
Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton, NJ.....	0.9	-0.6	1.4	-3.1
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, VA-NC.....	3.0	1.8	0.2	-0.8
Visalia-Porterville, CA.....	-0.1	6.9	-2.5	-9.5
Waco, TX.....	2.3	3.0	1.3	0.3
Warner Robins, GA.....	2.1	2.1	-1.3	1.9
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV.....	1.7	1.6	1.9	0.4
Waterloo-Cedar Falls, IA.....	-0.2	4.0	0.2	-1.6
Wausau, WI.....	0.9	1.8	-3.9	-8.4
Wenatchee-East Wenatchee, WA.....	4.1	-0.8	2.4	2.1
Wheeling, WV-OH.....	-0.5	-0.1	3.1	0.3
Wichita, KS.....	10.5	5.8	-2.8	-3.8
Wichita Falls, TX.....	3.5	1.4	0.3	1.3
Williamsport, PA.....	-0.3	0.5	-1.7	-2.0
Wilmington, NC.....	1.2	4.6	0.5	-3.9
Winchester, VA-WV.....	3.2	-1.5	-3.9	-3.7
Winston-Salem, NC.....	0.8	-1.8	-2.8	-5.7
Worcester, MA.....	0.8	0.7	0.9	-3.6
Yakima, WA.....	2.5	0.9	3.5	3.1
York-Hanover, PA.....	-0.3	2.5	0.5	-4.2
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman, OH-PA.....	-1.9	-2.1	-4.3	-5.9
Yuba City, CA.....	3.7	-0.6	2.2	1.5
Yuma, AZ.....	4.6	4.8	-5.1	-6.4

* Advance statistics

Table 2. Contributions to Percent Change in Real Gross Domestic Product by Metropolitan Area, 2009*—Table Ends

	Percent change in real GDP by metropolitan area	Percentage points												
		Natural resources and mining	Construction	Durable-goods manufacturing	Nondurable-goods manufacturing	Trade	Transportation and utilities	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Government
Wheeling, WV-OH	0.3	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	-0.01	1.26	(D)	(D)	-0.24	-0.11	0.21
Wichita, KS	-3.8	0.69	-0.34	(D)	(D)	0.45	-0.70	-0.11	0.66	-1.16	0.06	-0.29	-0.15	0.28
Wichita Falls, TX	1.3	(D)	-0.50	(D)	(D)	0.03	-0.32	(D)	0.57	-0.26	0.20	(D)	-0.41	1.36
Williamsport, PA	-2.0	-0.34	-0.33	-0.45	-1.31	0.09	-0.84	0.00	0.69	0.67	-0.35	-0.13	-0.11	0.41
Wilmington, NC	-3.9	-0.05	-1.01	(D)	(D)	-0.05	-0.70	0.32	0.01	-0.62	0.14	-0.45	-0.16	-0.16
Winchester, VA-WV	-3.7	-0.03	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	-0.58	(D)	1.03	-0.20	-0.15	-0.27	-0.28	0.62
Winston-Salem, NC	-5.7	(D)	-0.63	-0.72	-4.03	(D)	(D)	(D)	1.24	-0.48	-0.11	-0.23	-0.16	0.08
Worcester, MA	-3.6	0.11	-0.52	-1.09	-0.69	0.11	-0.76	-0.50	0.90	-0.70	0.31	-0.29	-0.27	-0.24
Yakima, WA	3.1	4.18	-0.52	(D)	(D)	0.90	-0.55	-0.03	0.47	-0.14	0.30	-0.26	-0.16	0.13
York-Hanover, PA	-4.2	0.13	-0.62	-1.93	-0.87	-0.02	-1.30	-0.02	0.37	-0.31	0.16	-0.24	-0.16	0.57
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman, OH-PA	-5.9	0.17	-0.39	-4.09	-0.42	-0.10	-0.99	-0.14	0.71	-0.14	-0.09	-0.31	-0.24	0.10
Yuba City, CA	1.5	4.31	-0.75	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	0.01	0.96	-0.29	0.24	-0.15	-0.23
Yuma, AZ	-6.4	-4.65	-1.27	-0.24	-0.63	-0.52	-0.70	-0.19	0.86	-0.20	0.14	-0.18	-0.15	1.34

* Advance statistics

(D) Not shown to avoid disclosure of confidential information, but the estimates for this item are included in the totals.

Table 3. Per Capita Real Gross Domestic Product by Metropolitan Area, 2009*—Continues

	Real GDP [millions of chained (2005) dollars]	Population	Per capita real GDP
U.S. metropolitan portion.....	11,504,593	257,355,190	44,703
Abilene, TX	4,741	160,070	29,617
Akron, OH	24,249	699,935	34,644
Albany, GA	4,396	165,440	26,570
Albany-Schenectady-Troy, NY	35,244	857,592	41,097
Albuquerque, NM	33,229	857,903	38,733
Alexandria, LA	4,453	154,101	28,895
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA-NJ	25,586	816,012	31,356
Altoona, PA	3,763	126,122	29,840
Amarillo, TX	8,889	246,474	36,063
Ames, IA	3,413	87,214	39,130
Anchorage, AK	24,631	374,553	65,761
Anderson, IN	2,831	131,417	21,543
Anderson, SC	3,902	184,901	21,102
Ann Arbor, MI	15,922	347,563	45,810
Anniston-Oxford, AL	3,381	114,081	29,639
Appleton, WI	8,462	221,894	38,133
Asheville, NC	11,398	412,672	27,621
Athens-Clarke County, GA	5,500	192,222	28,612
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta, GA	241,590	5,475,213	44,124
Atlantic City-Hammonton, NJ	11,629	271,712	42,797
Auburn-Opelika, AL	3,169	135,883	23,321
Augusta-Richmond County, GA-SC	16,123	539,154	29,904
Austin-Round Rock-San Marcos, TX	75,136	1,705,075	44,066
Bakersfield-Delano, CA	27,425	807,407	33,967
Baltimore-Towson, MD	124,636	2,690,886	46,318
Bangor, ME	4,922	149,419	32,944
Barnstable Town, MA	7,388	221,151	33,405
Baton Rouge, LA	34,938	786,947	44,397
Battle Creek, MI	4,244	135,616	31,294
Bay City, MI	2,518	107,434	23,441
Beaumont-Port Arthur, TX	14,331	378,477	37,865
Bellingham, WA	7,305	200,434	36,446
Bend, OR	5,467	158,629	34,462
Billings, MT	6,665	154,553	43,128
Binghamton, NY	7,537	244,694	30,803
Birmingham-Hoover, AL	48,569	1,131,070	42,941
Bismarck, ND	4,161	106,286	39,153
Blacksburg-Christiansburg-Radford, VA	4,528	159,587	28,374
Bloomington, IN	5,517	185,598	29,725
Bloomington-Normal, IL	8,074	167,699	48,144
Boise City-Nampa, ID	23,568	606,376	38,868
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH	272,452	4,588,680	59,375
Boulder, CO	16,481	303,482	54,307
Bowling Green, KY	3,964	120,595	32,869
Bremerton-Silverdale, WA	7,813	240,862	32,439
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, CT	70,880	901,208	78,650
Brownsville-Harlingen, TX	6,748	396,371	17,024
Brunswick, GA	2,832	103,841	27,273
Buffalo-Niagara Falls, NY	38,740	1,123,804	34,472
Burlington, NC	3,705	150,358	24,641
Burlington-South Burlington, VT	9,685	208,055	46,550
Canton-Massillon, OH	11,373	408,005	27,875
Cape Coral-Fort Myers, FL	17,879	586,908	30,463
Cape Girardeau-Jackson, MO-IL	2,960	93,712	31,585
Carson City, NV	2,529	55,176	45,830
Casper, WY	6,817	74,508	91,497
Cedar Rapids, IA	12,391	256,324	48,342
Champaign-Urbana, IL	7,952	226,132	35,167
Charleston, WV	12,962	304,214	42,675
Charleston-North Charleston-Summerville, SC	23,829	659,191	36,149
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill, NC-SC	101,291	1,745,524	58,029
Charlottesville, VA	8,166	196,766	41,504
Chattanooga, TN-GA	18,305	524,303	34,912
Cheyenne, WY	4,511	88,854	50,769
Chicago-Joliet-Naperville, IL-IN-WI	459,612	9,580,567	47,973
Chico, CA	5,621	220,577	25,485
Cincinnati-Middletown, OH-KY-IN	88,677	2,171,896	40,829
Clarksville, TN-KY	8,753	268,546	32,595
Cleveland, TN	2,982	113,358	26,305
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor, OH	92,868	2,091,286	44,407
Coeur d'Alene, ID	3,765	139,390	27,007
College Station-Bryan, TX	5,757	212,268	27,122
Colorado Springs, CO	23,061	626,227	36,826
Columbia, MO	5,829	166,234	35,063
Columbia, SC	27,807	744,730	37,339
Columbus, GA-AL	10,443	292,795	35,666
Columbus, IN	3,503	76,063	46,050
Columbus, OH	82,818	1,801,848	45,963
Corpus Christi, TX	14,474	416,095	34,785
Corvallis, OR	4,458	82,605	53,967
Crestview-Fort Walton Beach-Destin, FL	8,394	178,473	47,031
Cumberland, MD-WV	2,277	99,736	22,835
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX	335,918	6,447,615	52,100
Dalton, GA	4,739	134,319	35,283
Danville, IL	2,150	80,067	26,854
Danville, VA	2,463	105,814	23,276
Davenport-Moline-Rock Island, IA-IL	14,855	379,066	39,188
Dayton, OH	29,836	835,063	35,729
Decatur, AL	4,226	151,399	27,911
Decatur, IL	4,584	108,204	42,363
Deltona-Daytona Beach-Ormond Beach, FL	10,679	495,890	21,535
Denver-Aurora-Broomfield, CO	142,813	2,552,195	55,957
Des Moines-West Des Moines, IA	34,712	562,906	61,666

Table 3. Per Capita Real Gross Domestic Product by Metropolitan Area, 2009*—Continues

	Real GDP [millions of chained (2005) dollars]	Population	Per capita real GDP
Detroit-Warren-Livonia, MI.....	169,518	4,403,437	38,497
Dothan, AL.....	4,046	142,693	28,355
Dover, DE.....	5,063	157,741	32,097
Dubuque, IA.....	3,681	93,072	39,552
Duluth, MN-WI.....	8,233	276,368	29,789
Durham-Chapel Hill, NC.....	32,328	501,228	64,499
Eau Claire, WI.....	5,585	160,018	34,899
El Centro, CA.....	3,884	166,874	23,275
Elizabethtown, KY.....	4,087	113,433	36,030
Elkhart-Goshen, IN.....	7,634	200,502	38,073
Elmira, NY.....	2,412	88,331	27,305
El Paso, TX.....	23,610	751,296	31,426
Erie, PA.....	8,245	280,291	29,415
Eugene-Springfield, OR.....	10,391	351,109	29,595
Evansville, IN-KY.....	14,068	351,911	39,977
Fairbanks, AK.....	4,727	98,660	47,909
Fargo, ND-MN.....	9,761	200,102	48,782
Farmington, NM.....	4,838	124,131	38,978
Fayetteville, NC.....	14,685	360,355	40,752
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, AR-MO.....	16,021	464,623	34,482
Flagstaff, AZ.....	4,277	129,849	32,937
Flint, MI.....	10,025	424,043	23,642
Florence, SC.....	6,155	200,653	30,674
Florence-Muscle Shoals, AL.....	3,565	144,238	24,719
Fond du Lac, WI.....	3,120	100,070	31,181
Fort Collins-Loveland, CO.....	10,244	298,382	34,332
Fort Smith, AR-OK.....	8,763	293,063	29,900
Fort Wayne, IN.....	15,584	414,315	37,613
Fresno, CA.....	26,179	915,267	28,603
Gadsden, AL.....	2,265	103,645	21,849
Gainesville, FL.....	8,919	260,690	34,213
Gainesville, GA.....	5,519	187,743	29,397
Glens Falls, NY.....	3,396	128,774	26,369
Goldsboro, NC.....	3,309	113,811	29,072
Grand Forks, ND-MN.....	3,421	97,190	35,199
Grand Junction, CO.....	4,402	146,093	30,134
Grand Rapids-Wyoming, MI.....	28,662	778,009	36,840
Great Falls, MT.....	2,587	82,178	31,480
Greeley, CO.....	6,400	254,759	25,121
Green Bay, WI.....	12,946	304,783	42,476
Greensboro-High Point, NC.....	28,654	714,765	40,088
Greenville, NC.....	5,323	179,715	29,621
Greenville-Mauldin-Easley, SC.....	22,184	639,617	34,684
Gulfport-Biloxi, MS.....	8,953	238,772	37,497
Hagerstown-Martinsburg, MD-WV.....	6,991	266,149	26,266
Hanford-Corcoran, CA.....	3,654	148,764	24,560
Harrisburg-Carlisle, PA.....	25,300	536,919	47,121
Harrisonburg, VA.....	5,030	120,271	41,819
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, CT.....	72,207	1,195,998	60,374
Hattiesburg, MS.....	4,153	143,093	29,020
Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton, NC.....	9,358	365,364	25,613
Hinesville-Fort Stewart, GA.....	2,871	74,420	38,583
Holland-Grand Haven, MI.....	7,555	261,957	28,842
Honolulu, HI.....	44,733	907,574	49,289
Hot Springs, AR.....	2,298	98,479	23,340
Houma-Bayou Cane-Thibodaux, LA.....	8,945	202,973	44,070
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown, TX.....	344,741	5,867,489	58,754
Huntington-Ashland, WV-KY-OH.....	9,416	285,624	32,967
Huntsville, AL.....	18,470	406,316	45,458
Idaho Falls, ID.....	3,482	126,131	27,607
Indianapolis-Carmel, IN.....	88,005	1,743,658	50,471
Iowa City, IA.....	6,644	152,263	43,634
Ithaca, NY.....	3,317	101,779	32,591
Jackson, MI.....	4,090	159,828	25,589
Jackson, MS.....	21,670	540,866	40,066
Jackson, TN.....	3,863	113,629	33,997
Jacksonville, FL.....	52,650	1,328,144	39,642
Jacksonville, NC.....	7,153	173,064	41,329
Janesville, WI.....	4,364	160,155	27,246
Jefferson City, MO.....	5,092	147,438	34,534
Johnson City, TN.....	5,246	197,381	26,578
Johnstown, PA.....	3,576	143,998	24,837
Jonesboro, AR.....	3,535	120,139	29,424
Joplin, MO.....	4,849	174,300	27,818
Kalamazoo-Portage, MI.....	10,393	326,634	31,817
Kankakee-Bradley, IL.....	2,726	113,215	24,074
Kansas City, MO-KS.....	94,163	2,067,585	45,542
Kennewick-Pasco-Richland, WA.....	8,936	245,649	36,378
Killeen-Temple-Fort Hood, TX.....	13,467	379,231	35,512
Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol, TN-VA.....	8,041	305,629	26,310
Kingston, NY.....	4,134	181,440	22,787
Knoxville, TN.....	26,122	699,247	37,357
Kokomo, IN.....	3,220	98,787	32,597
La Crosse, WI-MN.....	4,842	132,923	36,424
Lafayette, IN.....	6,830	196,329	34,790
Lafayette, LA.....	14,490	263,171	55,059
Lake Charles, LA.....	11,240	194,138	57,898
Lake Havasu City-Kingman, AZ.....	3,268	194,825	16,772
Lakeland-Winter Haven, FL.....	14,617	583,403	25,055

Table 3. Per Capita Real Gross Domestic Product by Metropolitan Area, 2009*—Continues

	Real GDP [millions of chained (2005) dollars]	Population	Per capita real GDP
Lancaster, PA.....	16,684	507,766	32,858
Lansing-East Lansing, MI.....	16,260	453,603	35,845
Laredo, TX.....	5,179	241,438	21,451
Las Cruces, NM.....	4,877	206,419	23,627
Las Vegas-Paradise, NV.....	82,255	1,902,834	43,228
Lawrence, KS.....	3,258	116,383	27,993
Lawton, OK.....	3,980	113,228	35,152
Lebanon, PA.....	3,142	130,506	24,078
Lewiston, ID-WA.....	1,688	60,643	27,840
Lewiston-Auburn, ME.....	3,413	106,539	32,033
Lexington-Fayette, KY.....	20,294	470,849	43,102
Lima, OH.....	3,670	104,357	35,171
Lincoln, NE.....	12,292	298,012	41,245
Little Rock-North Little Rock-Conway, AR.....	29,967	685,488	43,716
Logan, UT-ID.....	2,995	127,945	23,409
Longview, TX.....	7,705	206,874	37,244
Longview, WA.....	2,520	101,966	24,714
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, CA.....	671,520	12,874,797	52,158
Louisville-Jefferson County, KY-IN.....	50,541	1,258,577	40,158
Lubbock, TX.....	9,000	276,659	32,532
Lynchburg, VA.....	7,351	247,447	29,706
Macon, GA.....	6,723	231,576	29,032
Madera-Chowchilla, CA.....	3,108	148,632	20,908
Madison, WI.....	31,700	570,025	55,612
Manchester-Nashua, NH.....	19,478	405,906	47,988
Manhattan, KS.....	4,997	123,086	40,597
Mankato-North Mankato, MN.....	3,328	93,234	35,693
Mansfield, OH.....	3,398	124,490	27,293
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, TX.....	11,724	741,152	15,818
Medford, OR.....	5,530	201,286	27,471
Memphis, TN-MS-AR.....	56,392	1,304,926	43,215
Merced, CA.....	5,262	245,321	21,451
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach, FL.....	230,213	5,547,051	41,502
Michigan City-La Porte, IN.....	3,003	111,063	27,037
Midland, TX.....	9,230	132,316	69,760
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, WI.....	75,263	1,559,667	48,256
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI.....	173,215	3,269,814	52,974
Missoula, MT.....	4,088	108,623	37,634
Mobile, AL.....	13,983	411,721	33,962
Modesto, CA.....	13,140	510,385	25,744
Monroe, LA.....	5,682	174,086	32,641
Monroe, MI.....	3,114	152,721	20,387
Montgomery, AL.....	13,286	366,401	36,261
Morgantown, WV.....	4,719	120,327	39,221
Morristown, TN.....	2,867	137,612	20,836
Mount Vernon-Anacortes, WA.....	4,765	119,534	39,860
Muncie, IN.....	2,965	115,192	25,739
Muskegon-Norton Shores, MI.....	3,976	173,951	22,855
Myrtle Beach-North Myrtle Beach-Conway, SC.....	8,446	263,868	32,010
Napa, CA.....	6,257	134,650	46,471
Naples-Marco Island, FL.....	11,346	318,537	35,618
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin, TN.....	69,298	1,582,264	43,797
New Haven-Milford, CT.....	34,924	848,006	41,183
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner, LA.....	64,063	1,189,981	53,835
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island, NY-NJ-PA.....	1,093,418	19,069,796	57,338
Niles-Benton Harbor, MI.....	4,705	160,472	29,322
North Port-Bradenton-Sarasota, FL.....	20,771	688,126	30,184
Norwich-New London, CT.....	12,584	266,830	47,161
Ocala, FL.....	6,540	328,547	19,906
Ocean City, NJ.....	3,491	96,091	36,329
Odessa, TX.....	4,709	134,625	34,978
Ogden-Clearfield, UT.....	15,020	541,569	27,735
Oklahoma City, OK.....	59,532	1,227,278	48,507
Olympia, WA.....	7,824	250,979	31,173
Omaha-Council Bluffs, NE-IA.....	41,207	849,517	48,506
Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford, FL.....	91,400	2,082,421	43,891
Oshkosh-Neenah, WI.....	6,640	163,370	40,645
Owensboro, KY.....	3,789	113,636	33,343
Oxnard-Thousand Oaks-Ventura, CA.....	31,937	802,983	39,772
Palm Bay-Melbourne-Titusville, FL.....	17,359	536,357	32,365
Palm Coast, FL.....	1,179	91,622	12,868
Panama City-Lynn Haven-Panama City Beach, FL.....	5,814	164,767	35,287
Parkersburg-Marietta-Vienna, WV-OH.....	4,939	160,905	30,698
Pascagoula, MS.....	7,376	155,603	47,406
Pensacola-Ferry Pass-Brent, FL.....	12,331	455,102	27,094
Peoria, IL.....	15,165	375,865	40,348
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD.....	303,719	5,968,252	50,889
Phoenix-Mesa-Glendale, AZ.....	174,617	4,364,094	40,012
Pine Bluff, AR.....	2,734	100,694	27,151
Pittsburgh, PA.....	100,518	2,354,957	42,683
Pittsfield, MA.....	4,550	129,288	35,192
Pocatello, ID.....	2,438	90,273	27,012
Portland-South Portland-Biddeford, ME.....	22,769	516,826	44,055
Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro, OR-WA.....	114,028	2,241,841	50,863
Port St. Lucie, FL.....	9,825	406,296	24,181
Poughkeepsie-Newburgh-Middletown, NY.....	19,729	677,094	29,137
Prescott, AZ.....	4,017	215,686	18,625
Providence-New Bedford-Fall River, RI-MA.....	58,011	1,600,642	36,242
Provo-Orem, UT.....	13,064	555,551	23,516
Pueblo, CO.....	3,681	157,224	23,413
Punta Gorda, FL.....	2,890	156,952	18,416
Racine, WI.....	5,609	200,601	27,960
Raleigh-Cary, NC.....	47,626	1,125,827	42,303
Rapid City, SD.....	4,586	124,766	36,757
Reading, PA.....	13,035	407,125	32,018

Table 3. Per Capita Real Gross Domestic Product by Metropolitan Area, 2009*—Table Ends

	Real GDP [millions of chained (2005) dollars]	Population	Per capita real GDP
Redding, CA	4,621	181,099	25,516
Reno-Sparks, NV	17,544	419,261	41,845
Richmond, VA	55,275	1,238,187	44,642
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA	98,942	4,143,113	23,881
Roanoke, VA	11,594	300,399	38,596
Rochester, MN	8,225	185,618	44,309
Rochester, NY	38,825	1,035,566	37,491
Rockford, IL	10,367	353,722	29,307
Rocky Mount, NC	4,733	146,596	32,288
Rome, GA	2,747	96,250	28,541
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville, CA	85,449	2,127,355	40,167
Saginaw-Saginaw Township North, MI	5,732	200,050	28,652
St. Cloud, MN	6,826	189,148	36,087
St. George, UT	3,054	137,473	22,212
St. Joseph, MO-KS	3,791	126,644	29,932
St. Louis, MO-IL	112,117	2,828,990	39,631
Salem, OR	11,194	396,103	28,261
Salinas, CA	16,016	410,370	39,028
Salisbury, MD	3,723	120,181	30,975
Salt Lake City, UT	59,603	1,130,293	52,733
San Angelo, TX	3,248	110,119	29,496
San Antonio-New Braunfels, TX	70,466	2,072,128	34,007
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos, CA	155,850	3,053,793	51,035
Sandusky, OH	2,554	76,963	33,184
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont, CA	312,003	4,317,853	72,259
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, CA	146,448	1,839,700	79,604
San Luis Obispo-Paso Robles, CA	9,577	266,971	35,873
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Goleta, CA	17,732	407,057	43,562
Santa Cruz-Watsonville, CA	9,122	256,218	35,601
Santa Fe, NM	6,016	147,532	40,777
Santa Rosa-Petaluma, CA	17,782	472,102	37,667
Savannah, GA	11,456	343,092	33,389
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre, PA	17,092	549,454	31,107
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue, WA	208,839	3,407,848	61,282
Sebastian-Vero Beach, FL	3,764	135,167	27,844
Sheboygan, WI	4,239	114,560	37,001
Sherman-Denison, TX	3,049	120,030	25,401
Shreveport-Bossier City, LA	19,027	391,516	48,599
Sioux City, IA-NE-SD	5,649	144,360	39,132
Sioux Falls, SD	14,988	238,122	62,943
South Bend-Mishawaka, IN-MI	10,533	317,538	33,169
Spartanburg, SC	8,906	286,822	31,051
Spokane, WA	15,954	468,684	34,040
Springfield, IL	8,376	208,182	40,234
Springfield, MA	19,981	698,903	28,590
Springfield, MO	12,784	430,900	29,669
Springfield, OH	3,259	139,671	23,336
State College, PA	5,083	146,212	34,765
Steubenville-Weirton, OH-WV	3,232	120,929	26,725
Stockton, CA	17,650	674,860	26,154
Sumter, SC	2,636	104,495	25,230
Syracuse, NY	23,629	646,084	36,572
Tallahassee, FL	11,715	360,013	32,540
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL	101,434	2,747,272	36,922
Terre Haute, IN	4,866	169,825	28,652
Texarkana, TX-Texarkana, AR	3,839	137,486	27,925
Toledo, OH	22,939	672,220	34,125
Topeka, KS	8,151	230,824	35,312
Trenton-Ewing, NJ	22,704	366,222	61,996
Tucson, AZ	29,174	1,020,200	28,597
Tulsa, OK	44,760	929,015	48,180
Tuscaloosa, AL	7,498	210,839	35,564
Tyler, TX	7,335	204,665	35,840
Utica-Rome, NY	7,909	293,280	26,966
Valdosta, GA	3,723	135,804	27,413
Vallejo-Fairfield, CA	14,242	407,234	34,972
Victoria, TX	4,003	115,396	34,688
Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton, NJ	4,342	157,745	27,526
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, VA-NC	71,201	1,674,498	42,521
Visalia-Porterville, CA	9,447	429,668	21,987
Waco, TX	7,338	233,378	31,441
Warner Robins, GA	4,688	135,715	34,544
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV	368,793	5,476,241	67,344
Waterloo-Cedar Falls, IA	6,854	164,913	41,559
Wausau, WI	4,728	131,612	35,921
Wenatchee-East Wenatchee, WA	3,348	109,937	30,456
Wheeling, WV-OH	4,453	144,637	30,789
Wichita, KS	24,476	612,683	39,948
Wichita Falls, TX	5,178	147,421	35,123
Williamsport, PA	3,187	116,840	27,273
Wilmington, NC	11,679	354,525	32,942
Winchester, VA-WV	4,165	123,989	33,594
Winston-Salem, NC	18,649	484,921	38,457
Worcester, MA	25,414	803,701	31,621
Yakima, WA	6,940	239,054	29,031
York-Hanover, PA	13,038	428,937	30,397
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman, OH-PA	14,660	562,963	26,040
Yuba City, CA	4,245	165,539	25,641
Yuma, AZ	4,247	196,972	21,562

* Advance statistics

NOTE: Population data are from Census Bureau midyear population statistics.

Table 4. Revisions to Current-Dollar Gross Domestic Product by Metropolitan Area, 2007–2008—Continues

	2007			2008		
	Millions of dollars		Percent revision ¹	Millions of dollars		Percent revision ¹
	Revised	Revision		Revised	Revision	
Dothan, AL.....	4,609	87	1.9	4,547	125	2.8
Dover, DE.....	5,758	-185	-3.1	5,719	-332	-5.5
Dubuque, IA.....	4,099	-59	-1.4	4,135	-173	-4.0
Duluth, MN-WI.....	9,136	-375	-3.9	9,299	-570	-5.8
Durham-Chapel Hill, NC.....	33,303	1,730	5.5	33,790	1,481	4.6
Eau Claire, WI.....	5,973	187	3.2	6,043	94	1.6
El Centro, CA.....	4,275	375	9.6	4,419	339	8.3
Elizabethtown, KY.....	4,230	-80	-1.8	4,326	-148	-3.3
Elkhart-Goshen, IN.....	10,360	498	5.0	9,264	128	1.4
Elmira, NY.....	2,602	-7	-0.3	2,731	-67	-2.4
El Paso, TX.....	25,230	643	2.6	25,595	-759	-2.9
Erie, PA.....	9,142	-43	-0.5	9,404	-139	-1.5
Eugene-Springfield, OR.....	11,726	509	4.5	11,828	400	3.5
Evansville, IN-KY.....	15,807	557	3.7	16,189	496	3.2
Fairbanks, AK.....	4,789	167	3.6	5,152	337	7.0
Fargo, ND-MN.....	9,610	295	3.2	10,309	215	2.1
Farmington, NM.....	5,779	-768	-11.7	6,166	-1,030	-14.3
Fayetteville, NC.....	14,721	274	1.9	15,814	183	1.2
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, AR-MO.....	16,942	83	0.5	17,519	14	0.1
Flagstaff, AZ.....	4,877	493	11.2	4,889	428	9.6
Flint, MI.....	12,068	315	2.7	11,237	-169	-1.5
Florence, SC.....	7,120	375	5.6	7,061	299	4.4
Florence-Muscle Shoals, AL.....	3,794	11	0.3	3,914	-6	-0.1
Fond du Lac, WI.....	3,638	-48	-1.3	3,689	-106	-2.8
Fort Collins-Loveland, CO.....	10,946	487	4.7	11,201	165	1.5
Fort Smith, AR-OK.....	9,569	-273	-2.8	9,956	-100	-1.0
Fort Wayne, IN.....	17,524	759	4.5	17,151	357	2.1
Fresno, CA.....	29,386	1,422	5.1	30,061	1,204	4.2
Gadsden, AL.....	2,523	12	0.5	2,572	-29	-1.1
Gainesville, FL.....	9,823	462	4.9	9,918	321	3.3
Gainesville, GA.....	6,225	134	2.2	6,370	-27	-0.4
Glens Falls, NY.....	3,677	107	3.0	3,767	27	0.7
Goldensboro, NC.....	3,691	79	2.2	3,695	54	1.5
Grand Forks, ND-MN.....	3,637	23	0.6	3,900	126	3.3
Grand Junction, CO.....	4,730	181	4.0	5,285	58	1.1
Grand Rapids-Wyoming, MI.....	33,159	307	0.9	32,231	-893	-2.7
Great Falls, MT.....	2,802	91	3.4	2,874	74	2.6
Greeley, CO.....	7,145	272	4.0	7,505	321	4.5
Green Bay, WI.....	14,414	576	4.2	14,552	143	1.0
Greensboro-High Point, NC.....	32,023	-377	-1.2	32,708	-467	-1.4
Greenville, NC.....	5,807	98	1.7	6,003	56	0.9
Greenville-Mauldin-Easley, SC.....	24,826	1,029	4.3	25,279	449	1.8
Gulfport-Biloxi, MS.....	9,747	270	2.9	10,053	158	1.6
Hagerstown-Martinsburg, MD-WV.....	7,678	57	0.8	7,811	9	0.1
Hanford-Corcoran, CA.....	4,286	515	13.7	4,327	302	7.5
Harrisburg-Carlisle, PA.....	27,005	-67	-0.2	27,336	-573	-2.1
Harrisonburg, VA.....	5,383	161	3.1	5,476	60	1.1
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, CT.....	79,145	6,230	8.5	78,746	4,198	5.6
Hattiesburg, MS.....	4,523	190	4.4	4,598	133	3.0
Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton, NC.....	11,568	-223	-1.9	11,249	-506	-4.3
Hinesville-Fort Stewart, GA.....	2,875	85	3.0	3,227	98	3.1
Holland-Grand Haven, MI.....	9,106	122	1.4	8,873	-414	-4.5
Honolulu, HI.....	47,968	1,610	3.5	49,729	1,634	3.4
Hot Springs, AR.....	2,542	14	0.5	2,563	-40	-1.5
Houma-Bayou Cane-Thibodaux, LA.....	9,247	-539	-5.5	10,086	-461	-4.4
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown, TX.....	372,317	-3,134	-0.8	394,694	-8,508	-2.1
Huntington-Ashland, WV-KY-OH.....	9,455	525	5.9	10,105	696	7.4
Huntsville, AL.....	18,275	168	0.9	19,184	-90	-0.5
Idaho Falls, ID.....	3,759	190	5.3	3,921	269	7.4
Indianapolis-Carmel, IN.....	97,256	4,193	4.5	99,109	2,726	2.8
Iowa City, IA.....	6,884	131	1.9	7,205	41	0.6
Ithaca, NY.....	3,579	45	1.3	3,786	20	0.5
Jackson, MI.....	4,882	61	1.3	4,816	-44	-0.9
Jackson, MS.....	22,706	441	2.0	23,585	514	2.2
Jackson, TN.....	4,317	-116	-2.6	4,456	-159	-3.4
Jacksonville, FL.....	60,064	457	0.8	59,286	-425	-0.7
Jacksonville, NC.....	6,374	155	2.5	7,175	227	3.3
Janesville, WI.....	5,143	138	2.8	4,994	82	1.7
Jefferson City, MO.....	5,458	63	1.2	5,654	-2	0.0
Johnson City, TN.....	5,526	-189	-3.3	5,724	-184	-3.1
Johnstown, PA.....	3,807	15	0.4	3,949	-12	-0.3
Jonesboro, AR.....	3,700	152	4.3	3,941	205	5.5
Joplin, MO.....	5,267	-14	-0.3	5,360	-100	-1.8
Kalamazoo-Portage, MI.....	11,699	344	3.0	11,770	-99	-0.8
Kankakee-Bradley, IL.....	2,999	32	1.1	3,069	-25	-0.8
Kansas City, MO-KS.....	101,017	3,479	3.6	103,346	2,345	2.3
Kennewick-Pasco-Richland, WA.....	8,790	618	7.6	9,269	489	5.6
Killeen-Temple-Fort Hood, TX.....	13,604	316	2.4	14,582	30	0.2
Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol, TN-VA.....	9,198	-250	-2.6	9,315	-515	-5.2
Kingston, NY.....	4,585	-5	-0.1	4,638	-40	-0.9
Knoxville, TN.....	28,068	-357	-1.3	29,031	-582	-2.0
Kokomo, IN.....	4,376	474	12.1	3,818	278	7.9
La Crosse, WI-MN.....	5,084	105	2.1	5,253	62	1.2
Lafayette, IN.....	7,501	435	6.2	7,754	383	5.2
Lafayette, LA.....	15,662	-1,802	-10.3	16,775	-1,704	-9.2
Lake Charles, LA.....	13,212	1,310	11.0	12,779	85	0.7
Lake Havasu City-Kingman, AZ.....	4,057	412	11.3	3,911	336	9.4
Lakeland-Winter Haven, FL.....	16,583	698	4.4	16,777	591	3.7
Lancaster, PA.....	18,555	-110	-0.6	18,756	-637	-3.3
Lansing-East Lansing, MI.....	18,461	594	3.3	18,265	-93	-0.5
Laredo, TX.....	5,660	-78	-1.4	5,906	-246	-4.0

Table 4. Revisions to Current-Dollar Gross Domestic Product by Metropolitan Area, 2007–2008—Table Ends

	2007			2008		
	Millions of dollars		Percent revision ¹	Millions of dollars		Percent revision ¹
	Revised	Revision		Revised	Revision	
Roanoke, VA	12,692	251	2.0	12,996	571	4.6
Rochester, MN	8,475	-21	-0.2	8,659	-66	-0.8
Rochester, NY	43,280	-524	-1.2	43,391	-2,054	-4.5
Rockford, IL	12,303	198	1.6	12,220	-193	-1.6
Rocky Mount, NC	5,320	-1	0.0	5,363	-116	-2.1
Rome, GA	3,069	209	7.3	3,146	175	5.9
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville, CA	95,673	3,354	3.6	95,330	1,678	1.8
Saginaw-Saginaw Township North, MI	6,685	234	3.6	6,322	13	0.2
St. Cloud, MN	7,192	2	0.0	7,432	-97	-1.3
St. George, UT	3,623	164	4.8	3,538	89	2.6
St. Joseph, MO-KS	4,148	38	0.9	4,208	5	0.1
St. Louis, MO-IL	123,544	1,448	1.2	128,318	-148	-0.1
Salem, OR	12,093	460	4.0	12,398	353	2.9
Salinas, CA	17,854	-525	-2.9	18,203	-617	-3.3
Salisbury, MD	4,073	174	4.5	4,158	195	4.9
Salt Lake City, UT	62,537	1,943	3.2	64,613	2,088	3.3
San Angelo, TX	3,480	113	3.4	3,704	65	1.8
San Antonio-New Braunfels, TX	75,704	-1,080	-1.4	77,820	-3,075	-3.8
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos, CA	167,050	4,932	3.0	172,397	3,072	1.8
Sandusky, OH	2,992	39	1.3	2,931	-48	-1.6
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont, CA	322,423	19,605	6.5	338,898	28,073	9.0
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, CA	149,132	3,789	2.6	151,926	5,239	3.6
San Luis Obispo-Paso Robles, CA	10,839	517	5.0	10,818	231	2.2
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Goleta, CA	19,275	123	0.6	19,563	-83	-0.4
Santa Cruz-Watsonville, CA	10,096	296	3.0	9,908	5	0.0
Santa Fe, NM	6,754	214	3.3	7,027	219	3.2
Santa Rosa-Petaluma, CA	20,329	566	2.9	20,362	133	0.7
Savannah, GA	12,999	184	1.4	12,955	-225	-1.7
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre, PA	18,590	99	0.5	18,826	-239	-1.3
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue, WA	221,128	10,764	5.1	229,159	10,388	4.7
Sebastian-Vero Beach, FL	4,509	34	0.8	4,448	-44	-1.0
Sheboygan, WI	5,123	-46	-0.9	4,993	-256	-4.9
Sherman-Denison, TX	3,148	4	0.1	3,191	-28	-0.9
Shreveport-Bossier City, LA	18,707	-2,524	-11.9	19,776	-2,615	-11.7
Sioux City, IA-NE-SD	5,849	-69	-1.2	6,334	-86	-1.3
Sioux Falls, SD	14,425	656	4.8	15,362	1,179	8.3
South Bend-Mishawaka, IN-MI	12,013	-68	-0.6	12,137	-176	-1.4
Spartanburg, SC	10,208	328	3.3	10,288	67	0.7
Spokane, WA	17,436	421	2.5	17,685	46	0.3
Springfield, IL	8,679	480	5.9	8,984	412	4.8
Springfield, MA	21,546	169	0.8	22,268	-48	-0.2
Springfield, MO	14,064	150	1.1	14,201	-94	-0.7
Springfield, OH	3,543	116	3.4	3,571	41	1.2
State College, PA	5,341	40	0.8	5,591	13	0.2
Steubenville-Weirton, OH-WV	3,597	182	5.3	3,903	211	5.7
Stockton, CA	19,967	820	4.3	19,856	337	1.7
Sumter, SC	3,036	66	2.2	3,026	67	2.2
Syracuse, NY	25,638	-170	-0.7	26,013	-838	-3.1
Tallahassee, FL	13,097	483	3.8	13,190	393	3.1
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL	113,860	3,117	2.8	112,583	2,073	1.9
Terre Haute, IN	5,522	265	5.0	5,570	213	4.0
Texarkana, TX-Texarkana, AR	4,193	82	2.0	4,258	-41	-1.0
Toledo, OH	26,618	634	2.4	26,204	98	0.4
Topeka, KS	8,688	357	4.3	8,955	326	3.8
Trenton-Ewing, NJ	24,321	1,358	5.9	25,819	1,361	5.6
Tucson, AZ	32,579	1,666	5.4	33,149	1,344	4.2
Tulsa, OK	43,337	720	1.7	46,794	1,637	3.6
Tuscaloosa, AL	8,148	324	4.1	8,491	385	4.7
Tyler, TX	7,950	-126	-1.6	8,420	-232	-2.7
Utica-Rome, NY	8,556	100	1.2	8,626	-122	-1.4
Valdosta, GA	3,966	196	5.2	4,184	154	3.8
Vallejo-Fairfield, CA	13,703	1,030	8.1	14,417	1,077	8.1
Victoria, TX	4,907	-249	-4.8	5,060	-480	-8.7
Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton, NJ	4,721	-54	-1.1	4,894	-51	-1.0
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, VA-NC	76,443	1,634	2.2	78,290	1,229	1.6
Visalia-Porterville, CA	11,623	366	3.2	11,609	40	0.3
Waco, TX	7,563	55	0.7	7,824	-118	-1.5
Warner Robins, GA	4,976	62	1.3	5,036	-77	-1.5
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV	384,141	4,505	1.2	398,505	2,757	0.7
Waterloo-Cedar Falls, IA	7,313	118	1.6	7,484	-78	-1.0
Wausau, WI	5,631	120	2.2	5,496	-80	-1.4
Wenatchee-East Wenatchee, WA	3,476	-225	-6.1	3,639	-180	-4.7
Wheeling, WV-OH	4,716	41	0.9	5,044	26	0.5
Wichita, KS	27,795	936	3.5	27,602	-939	-3.3
Wichita Falls, TX	5,521	-15	-0.3	5,940	-18	-0.3
Williamsport, PA	3,519	-125	-3.4	3,548	-214	-5.7
Wilmington, NC	12,922	-85	-0.7	13,295	-199	-1.5
Winchester, VA-WV	4,701	-74	-1.6	4,649	-134	-2.8
Winston-Salem, NC	20,858	-557	-2.6	21,039	-896	-4.1
Worcester, MA	27,593	126	0.5	28,274	-132	-0.5
Yakima, WA	7,089	-190	-2.6	7,503	-43	-0.6
York-Hanover, PA	14,434	-177	-1.2	14,803	-361	-2.4
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman, OH-PA	17,542	247	1.4	17,078	-14	-0.1
Yuba City, CA	4,437	207	4.9	4,651	303	7.0
Yuma, AZ	5,204	550	11.8	5,060	142	2.9

1. Revision is a percentage of the previously published statistic.
NA. Not applicable. No previously published statistics are available.

Table 6. Real Gross Domestic Product by Metropolitan Area, 2006–2009—Continues

[Millions of chained (2005) dollars]

	2006	2007	2008	2009*
U.S. metropolitan portion.....	11,600,878	11,836,487	11,789,658	11,504,593
Abilene, TX	4,570	4,810	4,819	4,741
Akron, OH	25,327	25,587	25,428	24,249
Albany, GA	4,564	4,560	4,492	4,396
Albany-Schenectady-Troy, NY.....	35,102	34,880	35,264	35,244
Albuquerque, NM	33,819	33,283	33,679	33,229
Alexandria, LA	4,487	4,560	4,559	4,453
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA-NJ.....	26,116	26,638	26,321	25,586
Altoona, PA	3,660	3,775	3,729	3,763
Amarillo, TX	8,143	8,565	8,817	8,889
Ames, IA	3,316	3,339	3,434	3,413
Anchorage, AK	22,204	22,591	22,661	24,631
Anderson, IN	3,170	3,035	2,914	2,831
Anderson, SC	4,304	4,302	4,238	3,902
Ann Arbor, MI	16,966	17,326	16,420	15,922
Anniston-Oxford, AL.....	3,325	3,478	3,537	3,381
Appleton, WI	8,794	8,984	8,767	8,462
Asheville, NC	12,134	12,282	12,122	11,398
Athens-Clarke County, GA.....	5,559	5,693	5,767	5,500
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta, GA	250,230	257,578	253,202	241,590
Atlantic City-Hammonton, NJ.....	13,037	12,785	12,485	11,629
Auburn-Opelika, AL	3,154	3,229	3,252	3,169
Augusta-Richmond County, GA-SC.....	16,339	16,465	16,497	16,123
Austin-Round Rock-San Marcos, TX.....	71,804	74,002	76,000	75,136
Bakersfield-Delano, CA	25,243	26,337	26,367	27,425
Baltimore-Towson, MD	124,002	125,665	126,091	124,636
Bangor, ME	4,950	4,981	4,975	4,922
Barnstable Town, MA	7,899	7,688	7,552	7,388
Baton Rouge, LA	36,003	34,333	33,792	34,938
Battle Creek, MI	4,489	4,496	4,497	4,244
Bay City, MI	2,620	2,615	2,600	2,518
Beaumont-Port Arthur, TX	13,921	15,027	13,982	14,331
Bellingham, WA	6,974	7,223	7,089	7,305
Bend, OR	6,043	6,062	5,883	5,467
Billings, MT	6,208	6,709	6,302	6,665
Binghamton, NY.....	7,049	7,445	7,698	7,537
Birmingham-Hoover, AL.....	48,748	49,582	49,930	48,569
Bismarck, ND	3,926	3,950	4,029	4,161
Blacksburg-Christiansburg-Radford, VA	4,763	4,966	4,828	4,528
Bloomington, IN	5,329	5,372	5,490	5,517
Bloomington-Normal, IL.....	8,046	7,918	7,751	8,074
Boise City-Nampa, ID	23,739	24,766	24,714	23,568
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH.....	269,021	275,497	277,548	272,452
Boulder, CO	15,944	16,990	17,239	16,481
Bowling Green, KY	4,039	4,124	4,215	3,964
Bremerton-Silverdale, WA	7,936	7,878	7,910	7,813
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, CT	75,814	76,910	74,220	70,880
Brownsville-Harlingen, TX	6,353	6,646	6,801	6,748
Brunswick, GA	3,108	3,070	3,020	2,832
Buffalo-Niagara Falls, NY	39,575	39,548	39,397	38,740
Burlington, NC	4,249	4,203	4,129	3,705
Burlington-South Burlington, VT.....	9,504	9,399	9,717	9,685
Canton-Massillon, OH.....	12,099	12,062	12,025	11,373
Cape Coral-Fort Myers, FL.....	21,216	20,624	19,115	17,879
Cape Girardeau-Jackson, MO-IL.....	2,949	3,043	2,965	2,960
Carson City, NV	2,684	2,761	2,678	2,529
Casper, WY	5,394	5,219	5,571	6,817
Cedar Rapids, IA	11,497	12,707	12,399	12,391
Champaign-Urbana, IL	7,347	7,486	7,826	7,952
Charleston, WV.....	12,530	12,652	12,893	12,982
Charleston-North Charleston-Summerville, SC.....	23,330	24,326	24,435	23,829
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill, NC-SC.....	105,204	105,828	105,976	101,291
Charlottesville, VA	8,138	8,196	8,219	8,166
Chattanooga, TN-GA	19,369	19,675	19,378	18,305
Cheyenne, WY	3,947	4,140	4,238	4,511
Chicago-Joliet-Naperville, IL-IN-WI.....	481,952	490,474	481,561	459,612
Chico, CA	5,564	5,616	5,636	5,621
Cincinnati-Middletown, OH-KY-IN.....	90,365	91,723	91,226	88,677
Clarksville, TN-KY	8,390	8,387	8,678	8,753
Cleveland, TN	3,203	3,187	3,153	2,982
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor, OH.....	97,102	97,738	96,731	92,868
Coeur d'Alene, ID	3,826	4,011	3,995	3,765
College Station-Bryan, TX	5,397	5,552	5,710	5,757
Colorado Springs, CO	22,160	22,571	22,814	23,061
Columbia, MO	5,749	5,773	5,816	5,829
Columbia, SC	27,846	28,403	28,344	27,807
Columbus, GA-AL	10,025	10,283	10,373	10,443
Columbus, IN	3,692	3,863	3,987	3,503
Columbus, OH	83,438	84,964	83,807	82,818
Corpus Christi, TX	14,131	14,978	14,577	14,474
Corvallis, OR	4,503	4,698	4,685	4,458
Crestview-Fort Walton Beach-Destin, FL.....	8,932	8,697	8,428	8,394
Cumberland, MD-WV.....	2,229	2,203	2,242	2,277
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX	326,287	339,738	339,047	335,918
Dalton, GA	5,520	5,737	5,195	4,739
Danville, IL	2,205	2,174	2,183	2,150
Danville, VA	2,744	2,709	2,608	2,463
Davenport-Moline-Rock Island, IA-IL.....	14,930	15,189	15,324	14,855
Dayton, OH	32,328	32,017	31,354	29,836
Decatur, AL	4,320	4,451	4,404	4,226
Decatur, IL	4,770	4,920	5,016	4,584
Deltona-Daytona Beach-Ormond Beach, FL.....	11,790	11,957	11,421	10,679
Denver-Aurora-Broomfield, CO.....	136,923	139,706	142,271	142,813
Des Moines-West Des Moines, IA	33,242	36,592	34,320	34,712
Detroit-Warren-Livonia, MI.....	194,192	194,910	186,285	169,518
Dothan, AL	4,299	4,341	4,195	4,046

Table 6. Real Gross Domestic Product by Metropolitan Area, 2006–2009—Continues

[Millions of chained (2005) dollars]

	2006	2007	2008	2009*
Dover, DE.....	5,278	5,377	5,207	5,063
Dubuque, IA.....	3,830	3,910	3,876	3,681
Duluth, MN-WI.....	8,409	8,498	8,451	8,233
Durham-Chapel Hill, NC.....	30,679	32,938	32,813	32,328
Eau Claire, WI.....	5,690	5,742	5,736	5,585
El Centro, CA.....	3,917	3,918	3,956	3,884
Elizabethtown, KY.....	4,065	3,982	4,010	4,087
Elkhart-Goshen, IN.....	10,004	10,402	9,343	7,634
Elmira, NY.....	2,425	2,453	2,534	2,412
El Paso, TX.....	22,965	23,565	23,342	23,610
Erie, PA.....	8,421	8,607	8,679	8,245
Eugene-Springfield, OR.....	10,917	11,281	11,227	10,391
Evansville, IN-KY.....	14,735	14,672	14,548	14,068
Fairbanks, AK.....	4,323	4,252	4,473	4,727
Fargo, ND-MN.....	8,814	9,101	9,591	9,761
Farmington, NM.....	5,076	5,184	4,936	4,838
Fayetteville, NC.....	13,056	13,547	14,204	14,685
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, AR-MO.....	16,028	16,005	16,214	16,021
Flagstaff, AZ.....	4,216	4,555	4,454	4,277
Flint, MI.....	11,959	11,759	10,869	10,025
Florence, SC.....	6,481	6,659	6,444	6,155
Florence-Muscle Shoals, AL.....	3,496	3,520	3,543	3,565
Fond du Lac, WI.....	3,378	3,442	3,412	3,120
Fort Collins-Loveland, CO.....	10,052	10,413	10,493	10,244
Fort Smith, AR-OK.....	9,175	8,924	8,945	8,763
Fort Wayne, IN.....	16,466	16,843	16,333	15,584
Fresno, CA.....	27,365	27,298	27,262	26,179
Gadsden, AL.....	2,352	2,385	2,378	2,265
Gainesville, FL.....	8,710	9,158	9,049	8,919
Gainesville, GA.....	5,859	5,995	5,949	5,519
Glens Falls, NY.....	3,448	3,432	3,445	3,396
Goldsboro, NC.....	3,554	3,539	3,416	3,309
Grand Forks, ND-MN.....	3,337	3,367	3,522	3,421
Grand Junction, CO.....	3,961	4,326	4,732	4,402
Grand Rapids-Wyoming, MI.....	31,855	31,599	30,216	28,662
Great Falls, MT.....	2,567	2,586	2,596	2,587
Greeley, CO.....	6,360	6,584	6,714	6,400
Green Bay, WI.....	13,349	13,506	13,366	12,946
Greensboro-High Point, NC.....	30,307	30,699	30,506	28,654
Greenville, NC.....	5,144	5,469	5,450	5,323
Greenville-Mauldin-Easley, SC.....	22,395	23,451	23,433	22,184
Gulfport-Biloxi, MS.....	8,483	9,041	9,134	8,953
Hagerstown-Martinsburg, MD-WV.....	7,304	7,250	7,205	6,991
Hanford-Corcoran, CA.....	3,638	3,888	3,814	3,654
Harrisburg-Carlisle, PA.....	24,877	25,425	25,227	25,300
Harrisonburg, VA.....	5,033	5,226	5,092	5,030
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, CT.....	71,188	75,371	73,830	72,207
Hattiesburg, MS.....	4,134	4,224	4,194	4,153
Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton, NC.....	11,372	11,009	10,454	9,358
Hinesville-Fort Stewart, GA.....	2,510	2,592	2,841	2,871
Holland-Grand Haven, MI.....	8,899	8,748	8,404	7,555
Honolulu, HI.....	43,963	44,588	45,320	44,733
Hot Springs, AR.....	2,398	2,377	2,344	2,298
Houma-Bayou Cane-Thibodaux, LA.....	7,783	8,399	8,834	8,945
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown, TX.....	318,922	342,852	336,700	344,741
Huntington-Ashland, WV-KY-OH.....	8,471	8,517	8,878	9,416
Huntsville, AL.....	17,245	17,551	18,260	18,470
Idaho Falls, ID.....	3,295	3,532	3,610	3,482
Indianapolis-Carmel, IN.....	90,252	92,110	91,235	88,005
Iowa City, IA.....	6,250	6,479	6,602	6,644
Ithaca, NY.....	3,316	3,313	3,408	3,317
Jackson, MI.....	4,479	4,577	4,444	4,090
Jackson, MS.....	21,002	21,450	21,733	21,670
Jackson, TN.....	4,232	4,062	4,083	3,863
Jacksonville, FL.....	56,385	56,464	54,627	52,650
Jacksonville, NC.....	5,361	5,759	6,345	7,153
Janesville, WI.....	5,015	4,942	4,731	4,364
Jefferson City, MO.....	5,081	5,085	5,163	5,092
Johnson City, TN.....	5,301	5,300	5,397	5,246
Johnstown, PA.....	3,480	3,557	3,613	3,576
Jonesboro, AR.....	3,543	3,487	3,633	3,535
Joplin, MO.....	5,043	5,025	4,979	4,849
Kalamazoo-Portage, MI.....	10,773	11,061	10,852	10,393
Kankakee-Bradley, IL.....	2,795	2,800	2,787	2,726
Kansas City, MO-KS.....	93,064	95,826	96,341	94,163
Kennewick-Pasco-Richland, WA.....	7,639	8,146	8,372	8,936
Killeen-Temple-Fort Hood, TX.....	11,727	12,430	13,033	13,467
Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol, TN-VA.....	8,655	8,709	8,509	8,041
Kingston, NY.....	4,285	4,294	4,248	4,134
Knoxville, TN.....	26,841	26,727	27,224	26,122
Kokomo, IN.....	4,217	4,487	4,024	3,220
La Crosse, WI-MN.....	4,745	4,795	4,852	4,842
Lafayette, IN.....	6,993	7,152	7,226	6,830
Lafayette, LA.....	13,132	13,859	13,849	14,490
Lake Charles, LA.....	13,936	11,198	10,459	11,240
Lake Havasu City-Kingman, AZ.....	3,756	3,779	3,560	3,268
Lakeland-Winter Haven, FL.....	15,572	15,561	15,349	14,617
Lancaster, PA.....	17,388	17,416	17,216	16,684
Lansing-East Lansing, MI.....	17,471	17,549	17,100	16,260
Laredo, TX.....	5,104	5,251	5,274	5,179
Las Cruces, NM.....	4,521	4,665	4,828	4,877

Table 6. Real Gross Domestic Product by Metropolitan Area, 2006–2009—Continues

[Millions of chained (2005) dollars]

	2006	2007	2008	2009*
Las Vegas-Paradise, NV	89,025	91,485	89,008	82,255
Lawrence, KS	3,102	3,199	3,217	3,258
Lawton, OK	3,637	3,736	3,798	3,980
Lebanon, PA	3,103	3,202	3,192	3,142
Lewiston, ID-WA	1,724	1,742	1,751	1,688
Lewiston-Auburn, ME	3,407	3,488	3,495	3,413
Lexington-Fayette, KY	20,960	21,246	21,325	20,294
Lima, OH	4,192	4,105	3,783	3,670
Lincoln, NE	12,565	12,691	12,395	12,292
Little Rock-North Little Rock-Conway, AR	28,119	29,557	29,276	29,967
Logan, UT-ID	2,718	2,920	3,042	2,995
Longview, TX	7,545	7,947	8,127	7,705
Longview, WA	2,742	2,783	2,651	2,520
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, CA	686,810	693,944	695,513	671,520
Louisville-Jefferson County, KY-IN	51,833	52,826	52,264	50,541
Lubbock, TX	8,531	8,592	8,805	9,000
Lynchburg, VA	7,626	7,663	7,670	7,351
Macon, GA	7,243	6,994	7,043	6,723
Madera-Chowchilla, CA	3,306	3,328	3,273	3,108
Madison, WI	30,351	31,365	31,540	31,700
Manchester-Nashua, NH	19,088	19,368	20,002	19,478
Manhattan, KS	4,038	4,485	4,834	4,997
Mankato-North Mankato, MN	3,538	3,373	3,454	3,328
Mansfield, OH	3,906	3,752	3,721	3,398
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, TX	11,417	11,865	11,990	11,724
Medford, OR	6,118	6,120	5,834	5,530
Memphis, TN-MS-AR	59,245	59,741	58,629	56,392
Merced, CA	5,483	5,996	5,598	5,262
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach, FL	245,877	248,601	241,032	230,213
Michigan City-La Porte, IN	3,166	3,234	3,186	3,003
Midland, TX	7,807	8,350	8,746	9,230
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, WI	76,806	77,374	77,977	75,263
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI	176,857	178,561	178,787	173,215
Missoula, MT	4,025	4,173	4,177	4,088
Mobile, AL	13,593	13,838	13,995	13,983
Modesto, CA	14,405	14,272	13,868	13,140
Monroe, LA	5,817	5,773	5,681	5,682
Monroe, MI	3,760	3,705	3,470	3,114
Montgomery, AL	13,515	13,509	13,595	13,286
Morgantown, WV	4,366	4,449	4,636	4,719
Morristown, TN	3,312	3,237	3,155	2,867
Mount Vernon-Anacortes, WA	4,648	4,595	4,558	4,765
Muncie, IN	3,206	3,089	3,087	2,965
Muskegon-Norton Shores, MI	4,471	4,376	4,231	3,976
Myrtle Beach-North Myrtle Beach-Conway, SC	8,981	9,309	9,148	8,446
Napa, CA	6,616	6,733	6,622	6,257
Naples-Marco Island, FL	13,925	13,585	12,339	11,346
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin, TN	71,000	71,654	72,707	69,298
New Haven-Milford, CT	35,897	36,377	36,036	34,924
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner, LA	62,908	60,544	58,989	64,063
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island, NY-NJ-PA	1,120,164	1,143,685	1,138,904	1,093,418
Niles-Benton Harbor, MI	4,937	5,136	5,007	4,705
North Port-Bradenton-Sarasota, FL	24,171	23,606	22,014	20,771
Norwich-New London, CT	12,875	12,950	12,924	12,584
Ocala, FL	7,310	7,320	7,130	6,540
Ocean City, NJ	3,737	3,673	3,626	3,491
Odessa, TX	4,297	4,971	5,218	4,709
Ogden-Clearfield, UT	14,907	15,289	15,173	15,020
Oklahoma City, OK	49,640	50,404	51,994	59,532
Olympia, WA	7,623	7,929	7,923	7,824
Omaha-Council Bluffs, NE-IA	40,775	42,051	41,777	41,207
Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford, FL	95,552	97,736	95,725	91,400
Oshkosh-Neenah, WI	6,953	7,035	6,987	6,640
Owensboro, KY	3,869	3,696	3,799	3,789
Oxnard-Thousand Oaks-Ventura, CA	33,560	34,092	31,914	31,937
Palm Bay-Melbourne-Titusville, FL	17,154	17,676	17,792	17,359
Palm Coast, FL	1,370	1,276	1,196	1,179
Panama City-Lynn Haven-Panama City Beach, FL	5,914	5,930	5,961	5,814
Parkersburg-Marietta-Vienna, WV-OH	4,975	5,004	5,015	4,939
Pascagoula, MS	4,962	5,240	6,416	7,376
Pensacola-Ferry Pass-Brent, FL	12,823	12,774	12,474	12,331
Peoria, IL	15,442	15,919	16,327	15,165
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD	299,981	306,043	306,404	303,719
Phoenix-Mesa-Glendale, AZ	181,763	186,128	183,224	174,617
Pine Bluff, AR	2,836	2,779	2,790	2,734
Pittsburgh, PA	99,301	100,753	101,517	100,518
Pittsfield, MA	5,022	4,855	4,704	4,550
Pocatello, ID	2,402	2,514	2,564	2,438
Portland-South Portland-Biddeford, ME	22,769	22,943	23,065	22,769
Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro, OR-WA	109,621	114,886	117,469	114,028
Port St. Lucie, FL	11,065	11,300	10,446	9,825
Poughkeepsie-Newburgh-Middletown, NY	19,429	19,533	19,731	19,729
Prescott, AZ	4,486	4,534	4,296	4,017
Providence-New Bedford-Fall River, RI-MA	60,747	60,043	59,622	58,011
Provo-Orem, UT	12,453	13,439	13,472	13,064
Pueblo, CO	3,447	3,557	3,686	3,681
Punta Gorda, FL	3,496	3,285	3,105	2,890
Racine, WI	6,412	6,435	6,030	5,609
Raleigh-Cary, NC	45,543	48,281	49,221	47,626
Rapid City, SD	4,255	4,330	4,497	4,586
Reading, PA	13,394	13,405	13,312	13,035
Redding, CA	5,215	5,144	4,868	4,621
Reno-Sparks, NV	18,663	19,477	18,842	17,544
Richmond, VA	56,358	56,773	56,559	55,275
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA	108,493	107,709	104,054	98,942
Roanoke, VA	11,783	12,023	12,061	11,594
Rochester, MN	8,146	8,156	8,230	8,225

Table 6. Real Gross Domestic Product by Metropolitan Area, 2006–2009—Table Ends

[Millions of chained (2005) dollars]

	2006	2007	2008	2009*
Rochester, NY.....	41,628	40,966	39,996	38,825
Rockford, IL.....	11,596	11,747	11,491	10,367
Rocky Mount, NC.....	5,194	5,135	5,020	4,733
Rome, GA.....	2,920	2,922	2,921	2,747
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville, CA.....	90,438	90,101	87,914	85,449
Saginaw-Saginaw Township North, MI.....	6,579	6,407	6,020	5,732
St. Cloud, MN.....	6,873	6,716	6,805	6,826
St. George, UT.....	3,292	3,390	3,241	3,054
St. Joseph, MO-KS.....	3,717	3,927	3,848	3,791
St. Louis, MO-IL.....	115,107	116,078	118,084	112,117
Salem, OR.....	11,381	11,365	11,389	11,194
Salinas, CA.....	17,113	16,402	16,302	16,016
Salisbury, MD.....	3,790	3,833	3,831	3,723
Salt Lake City, UT.....	55,400	58,769	59,397	59,603
San Angelo, TX.....	3,178	3,195	3,280	3,248
San Antonio-New Braunfels, TX.....	68,173	70,974	71,087	70,466
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos, CA.....	154,930	157,499	159,733	155,850
Sandusky, OH.....	3,009	2,824	2,709	2,554
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont, CA.....	294,210	300,605	308,917	312,003
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, CA.....	138,461	148,881	152,255	146,448
San Luis Obispo-Paso Robles, CA.....	10,028	9,970	9,736	9,577
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Goleta, CA.....	17,988	17,981	17,812	17,732
Santa Cruz-Watsonville, CA.....	9,550	9,426	9,081	9,122
Santa Fe, NM.....	6,209	6,300	6,320	6,016
Santa Rosa-Petaluma, CA.....	19,356	19,275	18,896	17,782
Savannah, GA.....	11,974	12,154	11,859	11,456
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre, PA.....	17,169	17,546	17,407	17,092
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue, WA.....	196,495	209,724	213,892	208,839
Sebastian-Vero Beach, FL.....	4,105	4,207	4,064	3,764
Sheboygan, WI.....	4,799	4,846	4,582	4,239
Sherman-Denison, TX.....	3,063	3,068	3,081	3,049
Shreveport-Bossier City, LA.....	18,208	17,415	16,756	19,027
Sioux City, IA-NE-SD.....	5,304	5,586	5,850	5,649
Sioux Falls, SD.....	13,474	13,826	14,381	14,988
South Bend-Mishawaka, IN-MI.....	11,279	11,405	11,319	10,533
Spartanburg, SC.....	9,510	9,751	9,681	8,906
Spokane, WA.....	15,878	16,348	16,270	15,954
Springfield, IL.....	8,051	8,122	8,235	8,376
Springfield, MA.....	20,113	20,190	20,429	19,981
Springfield, MO.....	13,191	13,341	13,180	12,784
Springfield, OH.....	3,464	3,399	3,372	3,259
State College, PA.....	4,884	4,987	5,111	5,083
Steubenville-Weirton, OH-WV.....	3,117	3,178	3,378	3,232
Stockton, CA.....	18,374	18,643	18,106	17,650
Sumter, SC.....	2,859	2,853	2,779	2,636
Syracuse, NY.....	23,659	24,088	24,018	23,629
Tallahassee, FL.....	11,753	12,227	12,031	11,715
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL.....	106,740	107,464	104,465	101,434
Terre Haute, IN.....	4,972	5,215	5,108	4,866
Texarkana, TX-Texarkana, AR.....	3,817	3,932	3,907	3,839
Toledo, OH.....	25,249	25,054	24,346	22,939
Topeka, KS.....	7,794	8,131	8,182	8,151
Trenton-Ewing, NJ.....	22,782	22,716	23,547	22,704
Tucson, AZ.....	29,568	30,456	30,356	29,174
Tulsa, OK.....	39,773	40,469	41,594	44,760
Tuscaloosa, AL.....	7,333	7,584	7,728	7,498
Tyler, TX.....	7,229	7,393	7,432	7,335
Utica-Rome, NY.....	7,981	8,033	7,933	7,909
Valdosta, GA.....	3,633	3,713	3,821	3,723
Vallejo-Fairfield, CA.....	12,527	12,522	12,823	14,242
Victoria, TX.....	4,433	4,451	4,333	4,003
Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton, NJ.....	4,446	4,419	4,480	4,342
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, VA-NC.....	70,367	71,618	71,792	71,201
Visalia-Porterville, CA.....	10,018	10,707	10,435	9,447
Waco, TX.....	7,013	7,224	7,315	7,338
Warner Robins, GA.....	4,563	4,660	4,600	4,688
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV.....	354,687	360,536	367,414	368,793
Waterloo-Cedar Falls, IA.....	6,678	6,948	6,962	6,854
Wausau, WI.....	5,277	5,374	5,162	4,728
Wenatchee-East Wenatchee, WA.....	3,229	3,203	3,279	3,348
Wheeling, WV-OH.....	4,315	4,309	4,442	4,453
Wichita, KS.....	24,735	26,162	25,435	24,476
Wichita Falls, TX.....	5,027	5,095	5,110	5,178
Williamsport, PA.....	3,293	3,309	3,252	3,187
Wilmington, NC.....	11,558	12,094	12,157	11,679
Winchester, VA-WV.....	4,569	4,501	4,327	4,165
Winston-Salem, NC.....	20,733	20,357	19,777	18,649
Worcester, MA.....	25,958	26,140	26,373	25,414
Yakima, WA.....	6,442	6,502	6,728	6,940
York-Hanover, PA.....	13,215	13,551	13,615	13,038
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman, OH-PA.....	16,641	16,285	15,583	14,660
Yuba City, CA.....	4,118	4,092	4,181	4,245
Yuma, AZ.....	4,564	4,781	4,538	4,247

* Advance statistics

National Data

A. Selected NIPA Tables

The selected set of NIPA tables presents the most recent estimates of gross domestic product (GDP) and its components, which were released on February 25, 2011. These estimates include the second estimates for the fourth quarter of 2010 and for 2010 annual totals. Also included are revised estimates of wages and salaries and of affected income-side series for the third quarter of 2010 and for their contributions to the 2010 annual totals.

The selected set presents quarterly estimates that are updated monthly. Annual estimates are presented in most of the tables.

The GDP news release is available on BEA's Web site within minutes after the release. To receive an e-mail notification of the release, go to www.bea.gov and subscribe. The "Selected NIPA Tables" are available later that day.

1. Domestic Product and Income

Table 1.1.1. Percent Change From Preceding Period in Real Gross Domestic Product
[Percent]

	Line	2009	2010	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates				
				2009	2010			
					IV	I	II	III	IV
Gross domestic product	1	-2.6	2.8	5.0	3.7	1.7	2.6	2.8
Personal consumption expenditures	2	-1.2	1.8	0.9	1.9	2.2	2.4	4.1
Goods	3	-2.0	4.3	1.7	5.7	3.4	4.1	9.8
Durable goods	4	-3.7	7.6	-1.1	8.8	6.8	7.6	21.0
Nondurable goods	5	-1.2	2.8	3.1	4.2	1.9	2.5	4.8
Services	6	-0.8	0.5	0.5	0.1	1.6	1.6	1.4
Gross private domestic investment	7	-22.6	16.8	26.7	29.1	26.2	15.0	-22.1
Fixed investment	8	-18.3	3.8	-1.3	3.3	18.9	1.5	4.8
Nonresidential	9	-17.1	5.6	-1.4	7.8	17.2	10.0	5.3
Structures	10	-20.4	-13.8	-29.2	-17.8	-0.5	-3.5	4.5
Equipment and software	11	-15.3	15.1	14.6	20.4	24.8	15.4	5.5
Residential	12	-22.9	-3.0	-0.8	-12.3	25.7	-27.3	2.8
Change in private inventories	13							
Net exports of goods and services	14							
Exports	15	-9.5	11.8	24.4	11.4	9.1	6.8	9.6
Goods	16	-12.0	14.7	31.7	14.0	11.5	5.8	11.7
Services	17	-3.9	5.8	10.2	5.8	3.9	8.9	5.0
Imports	18	-13.8	12.7	4.9	11.2	33.5	16.8	-12.4
Goods	19	-15.8	14.8	6.2	12.0	40.5	17.4	-14.1
Services	20	-4.2	3.5	-0.5	7.8	4.3	14.2	-3.7
Government consumption expenditures and gross investment	21	1.6	1.0	-1.4	-1.6	3.9	3.9	-1.5
Federal	22	5.7	4.8	0.0	1.8	9.1	8.8	-0.2
National defense	23	5.4	3.9	-2.5	0.4	7.4	8.5	-2.1
Nondefense	24	6.5	6.6	5.6	5.0	12.8	9.5	3.7
State and local	25	-0.9	-1.4	-2.3	-3.8	0.6	0.7	-2.4
Addendum:								
Gross domestic product, current dollars	26	-1.7	3.8	4.7	4.8	3.7	4.6	3.2

Table 1.1.2. Contributions to Percent Change in Real Gross Domestic Product

	Line	2009	2010	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates				
				2009	2010			
					IV	I	II	III	IV
Percent change at annual rate:								
Gross domestic product	1	-2.6	2.8	5.0	3.7	1.7	2.6	2.8
Percentage points at annual rates:								
Personal consumption expenditures	2	-0.84	1.26	0.69	1.33	1.54	1.67	2.88
Goods	3	-0.46	1.00	0.42	1.29	0.79	0.94	2.20
Durable goods	4	-0.27	0.55	-0.07	0.62	0.49	0.54	1.44
Nondurable goods	5	-0.18	0.45	0.49	0.67	0.31	0.39	0.76
Services	6	-0.38	0.26	0.27	0.03	0.75	0.74	0.68
Gross private domestic investment	7	-3.24	1.84	2.70	3.04	2.88	1.80	-3.13
Fixed investment	8	-2.69	0.46	-0.12	0.39	2.06	0.18	0.57
Nonresidential	9	-1.96	0.54	-0.10	0.71	1.51	0.93	0.51
Structures	10	-0.81	-0.43	-1.01	-0.53	-0.01	-0.09	0.11
Equipment and software	11	-1.15	0.97	0.91	1.24	1.52	1.02	0.39
Residential	12	-0.74	-0.07	-0.02	-0.32	0.55	-0.75	0.06
Change in private inventories	13	-0.55	1.38	2.83	2.64	0.82	1.61	-3.70
Net exports of goods and services	14	1.13	-0.48	1.90	-0.31	-3.50	-1.70	3.35
Exports	15	-1.18	1.35	2.56	1.30	1.08	0.82	1.18
Goods	16	-1.04	1.13	2.19	1.09	0.93	0.49	0.99
Services	17	-0.15	0.21	0.37	0.21	0.15	0.33	0.19
Imports	18	2.32	-1.83	-0.66	-1.61	-4.58	-2.53	2.17
Goods	19	2.20	-1.74	-0.68	-1.41	-4.46	-2.16	2.07
Services	20	0.12	-0.09	0.02	-0.20	-0.12	-0.37	0.11
Government consumption expenditures and gross investment	21	0.32	0.21	-0.28	-0.32	0.80	0.79	-0.31
Federal	22	0.43	0.39	0.01	0.15	0.72	0.71	-0.02
National defense	23	0.27	0.22	-0.13	0.02	0.40	0.46	-0.12
Nondefense	24	0.16	0.17	0.14	0.13	0.32	0.25	0.10
State and local	25	-0.11	-0.18	-0.29	-0.48	0.08	0.09	-0.29

Table 1.1.11. Real Gross Domestic Product: Percent Change From Quarter One Year Ago
[Percent]

Line	2009		2010			
	IV		I	II	III	IV
Gross domestic product	1	0.2	2.4	3.0	3.2	2.7
Personal consumption expenditures	2	0.2	0.8	1.7	1.8	2.6
Goods.....	3	2.3	3.2	4.5	3.7	5.7
Durable goods.....	4	4.8	5.8	8.4	5.5	10.9
Nondurable goods.....	5	1.1	2.1	2.7	2.9	3.4
Services.....	6	-0.8	-0.4	0.4	0.9	1.2
Gross private domestic investment	7	-9.6	10.5	23.3	24.1	9.9
Fixed investment.....	8	-12.9	-2.0	5.1	5.3	6.9
Nonresidential.....	9	-12.7	-0.8	5.2	8.2	10.0
Structures.....	10	-26.5	-20.1	-15.6	-13.5	-4.7
Equipment and software.....	11	-4.9	9.5	15.7	18.7	16.3
Residential.....	12	-13.4	-6.3	4.8	-5.6	-4.7
Change in private inventories.....	13					
Net exports of goods and services	14					
Exports.....	15	-0.1	11.4	14.1	12.7	9.2
Goods.....	16	-0.2	14.4	18.7	15.4	10.7
Services.....	17	0.3	5.1	4.9	7.2	5.9
Imports.....	18	-7.2	6.2	17.4	16.1	11.0
Goods.....	19	-7.3	7.9	20.8	18.3	12.2
Services.....	20	-7.0	-0.8	3.2	6.3	5.5
Government consumption expenditures and gross investment	21	0.8	1.1	0.6	1.2	1.2
Federal.....	22	3.6	5.5	4.1	4.9	4.8
National defense.....	23	3.3	5.6	3.4	3.3	3.4
Nondefense.....	24	4.5	5.1	5.5	8.2	7.7
State and local.....	25	-1.0	-1.5	-1.6	-1.2	-1.2
Addenda:						
Final sales of domestic product.....	26	-0.3	0.9	1.1	1.2	2.4
Gross domestic purchases.....	27	-0.9	1.9	3.8	4.1	3.1
Final sales to domestic purchasers.....	28	-1.4	0.5	1.9	2.1	2.8
Gross national product.....	29	0.5	2.8	3.4	3.3	
Real disposable personal income.....	30	0.4	0.7	0.6	2.0	2.3
Price indexes (Chain-type):						
Gross domestic purchases.....	31	0.5	1.5	1.4	1.2	1.2
Gross domestic purchases excluding food and energy ¹	32	0.6	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.0
Gross domestic product.....	33	0.5	0.5	0.8	1.2	1.4
Gross domestic product excluding food and energy ¹	34	0.8	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.1
Personal consumption expenditures.....	35	1.5	2.4	1.9	1.4	1.2
Personal consumption expenditures excluding food and energy ¹	36	1.7	1.8	1.5	1.2	0.8
Market-based PCE ²	37	1.5	2.2	1.7	1.3	1.2
Market-based PCE excluding food and energy ²	38	1.7	1.4	1.1	1.1	0.8

1. Food excludes personal consumption expenditures for purchased meals and beverages, which are classified in food services.

2. Market-based PCE is a supplemental measure that is based on household expenditures for which there are observable price measures. It excludes most imputed transactions (for example, financial services furnished without payment) and the final consumption expenditures of nonprofit institutions serving households.

NOTE: Percent changes for real estimates are calculated from corresponding quantity indexes presented in NIPA tables 1.1.3, 1.2.3, 1.4.3, and 1.7.3. Percent changes in price estimates are calculated from corresponding price indexes presented in NIPA tables 1.1.4, 1.6.4, and 2.3.4.

Table 1.2.1. Percent Change From Preceding Period in Real Gross Domestic Product by Major Type of Product
[Percent]

Line	2009	2010	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates					
			2009		2010			
			IV	I	II	III	IV	
Gross domestic product	1	-2.6	2.8	5.0	3.7	1.7	2.6	2.8
Final sales of domestic product.....	2	-2.1	1.4	2.1	1.1	0.9	0.9	6.7
Change in private inventories.....	3							
Goods	4	-3.8	11.0	23.9	19.5	-0.8	7.4	7.8
Final sales.....	5	-1.6	5.4	11.0	8.6	-3.7	1.4	23.5
Change in private inventories.....	6							
Durable goods.....	7	-10.0	16.8	16.3	33.3	11.2	12.1	4.3
Final sales.....	8	-5.4	7.5	4.0	11.2	5.3	7.7	18.8
Change in private inventories ¹	9							
Nondurable goods.....	10	3.2	5.5	31.7	7.4	-11.8	2.6	11.6
Final sales.....	11	2.6	3.3	18.5	6.0	-12.2	-4.8	28.7
Change in private inventories ¹	12							
Services ²	13	-0.2	0.8	0.8	0.0	1.9	1.8	1.0
Structures	14	-16.6	-7.2	-15.9	-15.2	10.6	-7.9	0.2
Addenda:								
Motor vehicle output.....	15	-24.7	25.9	13.7	42.3	-2.7	25.0	-13.1
Gross domestic product excluding motor vehicle output.....	16	-2.1	2.4	4.8	3.0	1.8	2.1	3.2
Final sales of computers ³	17	5.0	18.5	17.3	19.2	5.3	65.1	61.4
Gross domestic product excluding final sales of computers.....	18	-2.7	2.8	5.0	3.7	1.7	2.3	2.5
Gross domestic purchases excluding final sales of computers to domestic purchasers.....	19	-3.7	3.0	2.6	3.9	4.9	4.1	-0.7
Final sales of domestic product, current dollars.....	20	-1.1	2.4	1.8	2.1	2.9	3.0	7.0

1. Estimates for durable goods and nondurable goods for 1996 and earlier periods are based on the 1987 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC); later estimates for these industries are based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

2. Includes government consumption expenditures, which are for services (such as education and national defense) produced by government. In current dollars, these services are valued at their cost of production.

3. Some components of final sales of computers include computer parts.

Table 1.3.6. Real Gross Value Added by Sector, Chained Dollars [Billions of chained (2005) dollars]

Table with 8 columns: Line, 2009, 2010, and four sub-columns for 2010 (IV, I, II, III, IV). Rows include Gross domestic product, Business, Nonfarm, Farm, Households and institutions, General government, and an Addendum for gross housing value added.

1. Equals gross domestic product excluding gross value added of households and institutions and of general government. 2. Equals gross domestic business value added excluding gross farm value added. 3. Equals compensation of employees of nonprofit institutions, the rental value of nonresidential fixed assets owned and used by nonprofit institutions serving households, and rental income of persons for tenant-occupied housing owned by nonprofit institutions. 4. Equals compensation of general government employees plus general government consumption of fixed capital. NOTE: Chained (2005) dollar series are calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the 2005 current-dollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive. The residual line is the difference between the first line and the sum of the most detailed lines.

Table 1.4.1. Percent Change From Preceding Period in Real Gross Domestic Product, Real Gross Domestic Purchases, and Real Final Sales to Domestic Purchasers [Percent]

Table with 8 columns: Line, 2009, 2010, and four sub-columns for 2010 (IV, I, II, III, IV). Rows include Gross domestic product, Less: Exports of goods and services, Plus: Imports of goods and services, Equals: Gross domestic purchases, Less: Change in private inventories, Equals: Final sales to domestic purchasers, and an Addendum for final sales of domestic product, current dollars.

Table 1.4.3. Real Gross Domestic Product, Real Gross Domestic Purchases, and Real Final Sales to Domestic Purchasers, Quantity Indexes [Index numbers, 2005=100]

Table with 8 columns: Line, 2009, 2010, and four sub-columns for 2010 (IV, I, II, III, IV). Rows include Gross domestic product, Less: Exports of goods and services, Plus: Imports of goods and services, Equals: Gross domestic purchases, Less: Change in private inventories, Equals: Final sales to domestic purchasers, and an Addendum for final sales of domestic product.

Table 1.4.4. Price Indexes for Gross Domestic Product, Gross Domestic Purchases, and Final Sales to Domestic Purchasers [Index numbers, 2005=100]

Table with 8 columns: Line, 2009, 2010, and four sub-columns for 2010 (IV, I, II, III, IV). Rows include Gross domestic product, Less: Exports of goods and services, Plus: Imports of goods and services, Equals: Gross domestic purchases, Less: Change in private inventories, Equals: Final sales to domestic purchasers, and an Addendum for implicit price deflator for final sales to domestic purchasers.

Table 1.4.5. Relation of Gross Domestic Product, Gross Domestic Purchases, and Final Sales to Domestic Purchasers [Billions of dollars]

Table with 8 columns: Line, 2009, 2010, and four sub-columns for 2010 (IV, I, II, III, IV). Rows include Gross domestic product, Less: Exports of goods and services, Plus: Imports of goods and services, Equals: Gross domestic purchases, Less: Change in private inventories, Equals: Final sales to domestic purchasers, and an Addendum for final sales of domestic product.

Table 1.4.6. Relation of Real Gross Domestic Product, Real Gross Domestic Purchases, and Real Final Sales to Domestic Purchasers, Chained Dollars [Billions of chained (2005) dollars]

Table with 8 columns: Line, 2009, 2010, and four sub-columns for 2010 (IV, I, II, III, IV). Rows include Gross domestic product, Less: Exports of goods and services, Plus: Imports of goods and services, Equals: Gross domestic purchases, Less: Change in private inventories, Equals: Final sales to domestic purchasers, and an Addendum for final sales of domestic product.

NOTE: Chained (2005) dollar series are calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the 2005 current-dollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive.

Table 1.5.3. Real Gross Domestic Product, Expanded Detail, Quantity Indexes [Index numbers, 2005=100]

Table with columns: Line, 2009, 2010, 2009 (Seasonally adjusted), 2010 (Seasonally adjusted) IV, I, II, III, IV. Rows include categories like Gross domestic product, Personal consumption expenditures, Fixed investment, Net exports of goods and services, and Government consumption.

1. Net expenses of NPISHs, defined as their gross operating expenses less primary sales to households. 2. Gross output is net of unrelated sales, secondary sales, and sales to business, to government, and to the rest of the world; excludes own-account investment (construction and software). 3. Excludes unrelated sales, secondary sales, and sales to business, to government, and to the rest of the world; includes membership dues and fees. 4. Excludes software "embedded," or bundled, in computers and other equipment.

Table 1.5.4. Price Indexes for Gross Domestic Product, Expanded Detail [Index numbers, 2005=100]

Table with columns: Line, 2009, 2010, 2009 (Seasonally adjusted), 2010 (Seasonally adjusted) IV, I, II, III, IV. Rows include categories like Gross domestic product, Personal consumption expenditures, Fixed investment, Net exports of goods and services, and Government consumption.

1. Net expenses of NPISHs, defined as their gross operating expenses less primary sales to households. 2. Gross output is net of unrelated sales, secondary sales, and sales to business, to government, and to the rest of the world; excludes own-account investment (construction and software). 3. Excludes unrelated sales, secondary sales, and sales to business, to government, and to the rest of the world; includes membership dues and fees. 4. Excludes software "embedded," or bundled, in computers and other equipment.

Table 1.8.6. Command-Basis Real Gross Domestic Product and Gross National Product, Chained Dollars
 [Billions of chained (2005) dollars]

	Line	2009	2010	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates				
				2009	2010			
					IV	I	II	III	IV
Gross domestic product	1	12,880.6	13,245.6	13,019.0	13,138.8	13,194.9	13,278.5	13,370.1
Less: Exports of goods and services	2	1,490.7	1,666.5	1,573.5	1,616.4	1,652.1	1,679.3	1,718.3
Plus: Imports of goods and services	3	1,853.8	2,088.4	1,903.6	1,954.8	2,101.1	2,184.3	2,113.3
Equals: Gross domestic purchases	4	13,233.6	13,660.3	13,338.2	13,467.6	13,637.7	13,777.6	13,758.2
Plus: Exports of goods and services, command basis ¹	5	1,439.9	1,655.0	1,532.6	1,585.9	1,639.9	1,665.1	1,728.5
Less: Imports of goods and services, command basis ¹	6	1,792.4	2,119.2	1,919.3	2,018.8	2,126.4	2,161.0	2,170.1
Equals: Command-basis gross domestic product ^{1,2}	7	12,880.7	13,194.9	12,948.2	13,033.8	13,151.4	13,279.8	13,313.5
Plus: Income receipts from the rest of the world, command basis ¹	8	574.6	.....	602.8	625.9	628.0	634.0	.....
Less: Income payments to the rest of the world, command basis ¹	9	441.2	.....	452.7	453.4	451.7	464.3	.....
Equals: Command-basis gross national product ^{1,3}	10	13,014.1	.....	13,098.3	13,206.3	13,327.7	13,449.6	.....
Addenda:								
Command-basis net domestic product ⁴	11	11,140.2	11,431.0	11,204.1	11,284.1	11,393.3	11,511.2	11,534.3
Net domestic product	12	11,137.3	11,477.5	11,271.2	11,384.8	11,432.7	11,506.1	11,586.4
Command-basis net national product ⁴	13	11,273.1	.....	11,353.4	11,455.4	11,568.3	11,679.7	.....
Net national product	14	11,271.5	.....	11,422.3	11,558.8	11,610.4	11,676.7	.....
Trading gains index ⁵	15	100.004	99.625	99.481	99.207	99.669	100.024	99.600
Terms of trade index ⁶	16	99.896	97.775	96.585	94.985	98.064	100.210	97.944
Terms of trade, goods ⁷	17	99.518	97.350	95.863	93.945	97.593	100.087	97.911
Terms of trade, nonpetroleum goods ⁸	18	100.892	103.445	101.816	101.993	103.064	103.415	105.293

1. Uses gross domestic purchases price index as deflator.
2. This measure is called "real gross domestic income" in the System of National Accounts, 2008.
3. This measure is called "real gross national income" in the System of National Accounts, 2008.
4. Uses net domestic purchases price index as deflator.
5. Ratio (multiplied by 100) of the price index for gross domestic product to the price index for gross domestic purchases.
6. Ratio (multiplied by 100) of the price index for exports of goods and services to the price index for imports of goods and services.
7. Ratio (multiplied by 100) of the price index for goods exports to the price index for goods imports.
8. Ratio (multiplied by 100) of the price index for goods exports to the price index for nonpetroleum goods imports.

Table 1.10. Gross Domestic Income by Type of Income
 [Billions of dollars]

	Line	2009	2010	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates				
				2009	2010			
					IV	I	II	III	IV
Gross domestic income	1	13,939.9	.....	14,102.1	14,282.2	14,447.6	14,564.1	.....
Compensation of employees, paid	2	7,819.5	7,999.7	7,839.2	7,866.3	7,978.3	8,044.6	8,109.6
Wage and salary accruals	3	6,286.9	6,413.6	6,292.8	6,299.6	6,397.2	6,452.1	6,505.5
Disbursements	4	6,281.9	6,413.6	6,292.8	6,299.6	6,397.2	6,452.1	6,505.5
To persons	5	6,271.2	.....	6,281.9	6,288.4	6,385.7	6,440.6	.....
To the rest of the world	6	10.8	.....	10.8	11.2	11.5	11.6	.....
Wage accruals less disbursements	7	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Supplements to wages and salaries	8	1,532.6	1,586.1	1,546.5	1,566.7	1,581.1	1,592.4	1,604.1
Taxes on production and imports	9	1,024.7	1,058.1	1,035.2	1,045.9	1,054.6	1,060.8	1,071.0
Less: Subsidies	10	60.3	59.0	58.4	57.4	58.5	58.6	61.6
Net operating surplus	11	3,294.9	.....	3,433.9	3,575.0	3,612.9	3,645.4	.....
Private enterprises	12	3,308.1	.....	3,445.1	3,587.1	3,626.0	3,659.6	.....
Net interest and miscellaneous payments, domestic industries	13	982.5	.....	954.8	955.0	923.9	905.1	.....
Business current transfer payments (net)	14	134.0	132.1	129.8	130.5	130.8	133.4	133.5
Proprietors' income with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments	15	1,011.9	1,055.3	1,022.1	1,030.7	1,049.7	1,059.5	1,081.0
Rental income of persons with capital consumption adjustment	16	274.0	301.2	282.8	292.7	298.8	303.8	309.5
Corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments, domestic industries	17	905.7	.....	1,055.7	1,178.1	1,222.7	1,257.7	.....
Taxes on corporate income	18	254.9	.....	319.1	403.2	405.6	429.4	.....
Profits after tax with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments	19	650.8	.....	736.6	774.9	817.1	828.3	.....
Net dividends	20	611.6	.....	596.1	621.2	591.6	624.3	.....
Undistributed corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments	21	39.2	.....	140.5	153.6	225.6	204.0	.....
Current surplus of government enterprises	22	-13.2	-13.3	-11.3	-12.1	-13.1	-14.2	-13.7
Consumption of fixed capital	23	1,861.1	1,868.8	1,852.2	1,852.4	1,860.4	1,871.9	1,890.6
Private	24	1,535.8	1,533.9	1,525.5	1,522.8	1,527.4	1,535.5	1,550.1
Government	25	325.3	334.9	326.8	329.6	333.0	336.4	340.5
Addendum:								
Statistical discrepancy	26	179.1	.....	175.2	164.2	131.1	181.0	.....

Table 1.12. National Income by Type of Income
[Billions of dollars]

	Line	2009	2010	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates				
				2009	2010			
					IV	I	II	III	IV
National income	1	12,225.0		12,415.5	12,621.0	12,782.6	12,880.7	
Compensation of employees	2	7,811.7	7,991.3	7,831.4	7,858.1	7,969.9	8,036.2	8,101.2
Wage and salary accruals	3	6,279.1	6,405.3	6,284.9	6,291.4	6,388.8	6,443.7	6,497.1
Government	4	1,173.6	1,187.1	1,174.9	1,185.5	1,193.1	1,185.3	1,184.4
Other	5	5,105.5	5,218.2	5,110.0	5,105.9	5,195.7	5,258.5	5,312.7
Supplements to wages and salaries	6	1,532.6	1,586.1	1,546.5	1,566.7	1,581.1	1,592.4	1,604.1
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds	7	1,072.0	1,106.8	1,084.0	1,095.8	1,103.1	1,110.3	1,118.2
Employer contributions for government social insurance	8	460.6	479.2	462.5	470.9	478.0	482.2	485.9
Proprietors' income with IVA and CCAAdj	9	1,011.9	1,055.3	1,022.1	1,030.7	1,049.7	1,059.5	1,081.0
Farm	10	30.5	44.9	36.2	36.8	38.9	48.5	55.5
Nontfarm	11	981.5	1,010.3	985.9	994.0	1,010.8	1,011.0	1,025.6
Rental income of persons with CCAAdj	12	274.0	301.2	282.8	292.7	298.8	303.8	309.5
Corporate profits with IVA and CCAAdj	13	1,258.0		1,418.2	1,566.6	1,614.1	1,640.1	
Taxes on corporate income	14	254.9		319.1	403.2	405.6	429.4	
Profits after tax with IVA and CCAAdj	15	1,003.1		1,099.2	1,163.3	1,208.5	1,210.7	
Net dividends	16	718.9	732.6	708.5	720.3	728.4	736.5	745.0
Undistributed profits with IVA and CCAAdj	17	284.2		390.6	443.0	480.1	474.2	
Net interest and miscellaneous payments	18	784.3	737.3	765.6	765.9	736.2	719.6	727.4
Taxes on production and imports	19	1,024.7	1,058.1	1,035.2	1,045.9	1,054.6	1,060.8	1,071.0
Less: Subsidies	20	60.3	59.0	58.4	57.4	58.5	58.6	61.6
Business current transfer payments (net)	21	134.0	132.1	129.8	130.5	130.8	133.4	133.5
To persons (net)	22	36.0	37.4	35.8	36.6	37.0	37.2	38.8
To government (net)	23	98.5	94.8	93.6	93.0	93.8	96.2	96.2
To the rest of the world (net)	24	-0.6	-0.1	0.4	0.9	0.0	0.0	-1.5
Current surplus of government enterprises	25	-13.2	-13.3	-11.3	-12.1	-13.1	-14.2	-13.7
Addenda for corporate cash flow:								
Net cash flow with IVA	26	1,427.9		1,484.0	1,517.3	1,578.4	1,510.0	
Undistributed profits with IVA and CCAAdj	27	284.2		390.6	443.0	480.1	474.2	
Consumption of fixed capital	28	1,019.8	1,017.4	1,010.8	1,008.0	1,013.7	1,019.0	1,028.9
Less: Capital transfers paid (net)	29	-123.9		-82.6	-66.3	-84.6	-16.8	
Addenda:								
Proprietors' income with IVA and CCAAdj	30	1,011.9	1,055.3	1,022.1	1,030.7	1,049.7	1,059.5	1,081.0
Farm	31	30.5	44.9	36.2	36.8	38.9	48.5	55.5
Proprietors' income with IVA	32	36.8	50.4	42.2	42.5	44.4	54.0	60.9
Capital consumption adjustment	33	-6.3	-5.5	-6.0	-5.7	-5.5	-5.4	-5.5
Nontfarm	34	981.5	1,010.3	985.9	994.0	1,010.8	1,011.0	1,025.6
Proprietors' income (without IVA and CCAAdj)	35	837.2	897.8	852.5	895.2	903.5	910.3	882.1
Inventory valuation adjustment	36	0.2	-6.4	-11.6	-6.1	2.0	-4.8	-16.6
Capital consumption adjustment	37	144.0	118.9	144.9	104.8	105.3	105.5	160.1
Rental income of persons with CCAAdj	38	274.0	301.2	282.8	292.7	298.8	303.8	309.5
Rental income of persons (without CCAAdj)	39	289.0	315.8	297.7	307.5	313.3	318.3	324.1
Capital consumption adjustment	40	-15.1	-14.6	-14.9	-14.8	-14.5	-14.5	-14.6
Corporate profits with IVA and CCAAdj	41	1,258.0		1,418.2	1,566.6	1,614.1	1,640.1	
Corporate profits with IVA	42	1,328.6		1,481.2	1,736.5	1,784.7	1,809.3	
Profits before tax (without IVA and CCAAdj)	43	1,316.7		1,548.4	1,772.9	1,788.2	1,845.7	
Taxes on corporate income	44	254.9		319.1	403.2	405.6	429.4	
Profits after tax (without IVA and CCAAdj)	45	1,061.8		1,229.3	1,369.7	1,382.6	1,416.3	
Net dividends	46	718.9	732.6	708.5	720.3	728.4	736.5	745.0
Undistributed profits (without IVA and CCAAdj)	47	342.9		520.8	649.4	654.2	679.9	
Inventory valuation adjustment	48	11.9		-67.2	-36.4	-3.5	-36.4	
Capital consumption adjustment	49	-70.6	-131.5	-63.0	-169.9	-170.7	-169.3	-16.1

IVA Inventory valuation adjustment
CCAAdj Capital consumption adjustment

Table 2.3.1. Percent Change From Preceding Period in Real Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product
[Percent]

	Line	2009	2010	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates				
				2009	2010			
					IV	I	II	III	IV
Personal consumption expenditures (PCE)	1	-1.2	1.8	0.9	1.9	2.2	2.4	4.1
Goods	2	-2.0	4.3	1.7	5.7	3.4	4.1	9.8
Durable goods.....	3	-3.7	7.6	-1.1	8.8	6.8	7.6	21.0
Motor vehicles and parts.....	4	-6.9	3.5	-21.3	-2.6	6.9	5.2	48.4
Furnishings and durable household equipment.....	5	-6.4	8.6	9.4	13.9	9.0	5.6	10.1
Recreational goods and vehicles.....	6	1.4	12.1	15.8	12.9	9.3	12.2	12.1
Other durable goods.....	7	-2.3	5.9	-0.8	18.8	-2.2	6.6	4.4
Nondurable goods.....	8	-1.2	2.8	3.1	4.2	1.9	2.5	4.8
Food and beverages purchased for off-premises consumption.....	9	-0.9	2.7	5.1	3.7	-2.9	3.2	4.9
Clothing and footwear.....	10	-4.4	5.6	5.8	12.0	6.4	-1.1	12.6
Gasoline and other energy goods.....	11	1.2	-0.2	-2.3	0.7	3.0	0.1	-3.1
Other nondurable goods.....	12	-1.1	2.9	2.4	3.3	4.5	4.4	5.3
Services	13	-0.8	0.5	0.5	0.1	1.6	1.6	1.4
Household consumption expenditures (for services).....	14	-0.7	0.4	0.2	0.0	1.5	1.6	1.4
Housing and utilities.....	15	1.1	1.1	1.7	-0.5	1.1	3.4	0.0
Health care.....	16	2.2	1.3	1.8	-0.3	3.1	1.2	3.0
Transportation services.....	17	-8.1	1.3	-1.0	3.5	4.1	3.9	2.0
Recreation services.....	18	-2.4	-0.5	-1.0	-0.1	-0.3	4.3	0.2
Food services and accommodations.....	19	-3.6	2.3	0.6	6.9	2.5	2.8	2.4
Financial services and insurance.....	20	-3.6	-2.3	-3.7	-2.8	1.1	-4.7	2.5
Other services.....	21	-1.2	-1.1	-1.2	-1.2	-0.8	1.7	0.2
Final consumption expenditures of nonprofit institutions serving households (NPISHs) ¹	22	-4.2	2.7	8.6	1.2	3.4	1.0	2.4
Gross output of nonprofit institutions ²	23	0.6	1.0	1.6	-0.9	3.3	1.2	3.2
Less: Receipts from sales of goods and services by nonprofit institutions ³	24	2.3	0.4	-0.5	-1.6	3.3	1.2	3.5
Addenda:								
PCE excluding food and energy ⁴	25	-1.4	1.7	0.4	2.0	2.6	1.9	4.6
Energy goods and services ⁵	26	1.1	1.9	3.4	-2.6	3.4	9.7	-3.5
Market-based PCE ⁶	27	-1.0	2.1	1.2	2.2	2.5	2.3	4.5
Market-based PCE excluding food and energy ⁶	28	-1.1	2.0	0.7	2.5	3.0	1.7	5.1

1. Net expenses of NPISHs, defined as their gross operating expenses less primary sales to households.
2. Gross output is net of unrelated sales, secondary sales, and sales to business, to government, and to the rest of the world; excludes own-account investment (construction and software).
3. Excludes unrelated sales, secondary sales, and sales to business, to government, and to the rest of the world; includes membership dues and fees.
4. Food consists of food and beverages purchased for off-premises consumption; food services, which include purchased meals and beverages, are not classified as food.
5. Consists of gasoline and other energy goods and of electricity and gas services.
6. Market-based PCE is a supplemental measure that is based on household expenditures for which there are observable price measures. It excludes most imputed transactions (for example, financial services furnished without payment) and the final consumption expenditures of nonprofit institutions serving households.

Table 2.3.2. Contributions to Percent Change in Real Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product

	Line	2009	2010	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates				
				2009	2010			
					IV	I	II	III	IV
Percent change at annual rate:								
Personal consumption expenditures (PCE)	1	-1.2	1.8	0.9	1.9	2.2	2.4	4.1
Percentage points at annual rates:								
Goods	2	-0.65	1.39	0.57	1.82	1.13	1.34	3.15
Durable goods.....	3	-0.39	0.77	-0.11	0.88	0.69	0.77	2.06
Motor vehicles and parts.....	4	-0.24	0.11	-0.79	-0.08	0.22	0.17	1.38
Furnishings and durable household equipment.....	5	-0.17	0.21	0.22	0.32	0.22	0.14	0.24
Recreational goods and vehicles.....	6	0.05	0.37	0.47	0.39	0.29	0.37	0.38
Other durable goods.....	7	-0.03	0.08	-0.01	0.25	-0.03	0.09	0.07
Nondurable goods.....	8	-0.26	0.62	0.68	0.94	0.44	0.56	1.09
Food and beverages purchased for off-premises consumption.....	9	-0.07	0.21	0.38	0.29	-0.23	0.24	0.38
Clothing and footwear.....	10	-0.14	0.18	0.18	0.37	0.20	-0.04	0.39
Gasoline and other energy goods.....	11	0.04	0.00	-0.07	0.02	0.10	0.00	-0.11
Other nondurable goods.....	12	-0.09	0.24	0.19	0.26	0.36	0.35	0.43
Services	13	-0.55	0.36	0.36	0.05	1.07	1.05	0.99
Household consumption expenditures (for services).....	14	-0.43	0.29	0.15	0.02	0.98	1.03	0.93
Housing and utilities.....	15	0.20	0.20	0.31	-0.09	0.20	0.62	0.00
Health care.....	16	0.33	0.22	0.29	-0.06	0.49	0.19	0.49
Transportation services.....	17	-0.25	0.04	-0.03	0.10	0.12	0.11	0.06
Recreation services.....	18	-0.09	-0.02	-0.04	0.00	-0.01	0.16	0.01
Food services and accommodations.....	19	-0.22	0.14	0.03	0.40	0.15	0.17	0.14
Financial services and insurance.....	20	-0.30	-0.19	-0.30	-0.22	0.10	-0.38	0.20
Other services.....	21	-0.11	-0.10	-0.11	-0.11	-0.07	0.16	0.02
Final consumption expenditures of nonprofit institutions serving households (NPISHs) ¹	22	-0.11	0.07	0.21	0.03	0.09	0.03	0.07
Gross output of nonprofit institutions ²	23	0.06	0.10	0.17	-0.09	0.35	0.12	0.34
Less: Receipts from sales of goods and services by nonprofit institutions ³	24	0.17	0.03	-0.04	-0.12	0.26	0.10	0.28
Addenda:								
PCE excluding food and energy ⁴	25	-1.19	1.44	0.36	1.73	2.24	1.64	3.97
Energy goods and services ⁵	26	0.06	0.10	0.18	-0.15	0.19	0.51	-0.20
Market-based PCE ⁶	27	-0.85	1.82	1.06	1.96	2.14	2.00	3.93
Market-based PCE excluding food and energy ⁶	28	-0.84	1.51	0.49	1.83	2.18	1.25	3.75

1. Net expenses of NPISHs, defined as their gross operating expenses less primary sales to households.
2. Gross output is net of unrelated sales, secondary sales, and sales to business, to government, and to the rest of the world; excludes own-account investment (construction and software).
3. Excludes unrelated sales, secondary sales, and sales to business, to government, and to the rest of the world; includes membership dues and fees.
4. Food consists of food and beverages purchased for off-premises consumption; food services, which include purchased meals and beverages, are not classified as food.
5. Consists of gasoline and other energy goods and of electricity and gas services.
6. Market-based PCE is a supplemental measure that is based on household expenditures for which there are observable price measures. It excludes most imputed transactions (for example, financial services furnished without payment) and the final consumption expenditures of nonprofit institutions serving households.

Table 2.3.3. Real Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product, Quantity Indexes

[Index numbers, 2005=100]

Table with 9 columns: Line, 2009, 2010, 2009 (Seasonally adjusted), 2010 (Seasonally adjusted) [IV, I, II, III, IV]. Rows include Personal consumption expenditures (PCE), Goods, Durable goods, Non-durable goods, Services, and Addenda.

1. Net expenses of NPISHs, defined as their gross operating expenses less primary sales to households.
2. Gross output is net of unrelated sales, secondary sales, and sales to business, to government, and to the rest of the world; excludes own-account investment (construction and software).
3. Excludes unrelated sales, secondary sales, and sales to business, to government, and to the rest of the world; includes membership dues and fees.
4. Food consists of food and beverages purchased for off-premises consumption; food services, which include purchased meals and beverages, are not classified as food.
5. Consists of gasoline and other energy goods and of electricity and gas services.
6. Market-based PCE is a supplemental measure that is based on household expenditures for which there are observable price measures. It excludes most imputed transactions (for example, financial services furnished without payment) and the final consumption expenditures of nonprofit institutions serving households.

Table 2.3.4. Price Indexes for Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product

[Index numbers, 2005=100]

Table with 9 columns: Line, 2009, 2010, 2009 (Seasonally adjusted), 2010 (Seasonally adjusted) [IV, I, II, III, IV]. Rows include Personal consumption expenditures (PCE), Goods, Durable goods, Non-durable goods, Services, and Addenda.

1. Net expenses of NPISHs, defined as their gross operating expenses less primary sales to households.
2. Gross output is net of unrelated sales, secondary sales, and sales to business, to government, and to the rest of the world; excludes own-account investment (construction and software).
3. Excludes unrelated sales, secondary sales, and sales to business, to government, and to the rest of the world; includes membership dues and fees.
4. Food consists of food and beverages purchased for off-premises consumption; food services, which include purchased meals and beverages, are not classified as food.
5. Consists of gasoline and other energy goods and of electricity and gas services.
6. Market-based PCE is a supplemental measure that is based on household expenditures for which there are observable price measures. It excludes most imputed transactions (for example, financial services furnished without payment) and the final consumption expenditures of nonprofit institutions serving households.

Table 2.3.7. Percent Change from Preceding Period in Prices for Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product

	Line	2009	2010	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates				
				2009	2010			
					IV	I	II	III	IV
Personal consumption expenditures (PCE)	1	0.2	1.7	2.7	2.1	0.0	0.8	1.8
Goods	2	-2.5	1.7	2.8	2.6	-3.6	0.9	3.4
Durable goods	3	-1.6	-1.4	0.7	-2.0	-1.6	-2.2	-2.2
Motor vehicles and parts	4	0.1	4.5	9.9	4.2	2.6	2.3	-0.4
Furnishings and durable household equipment	5	-0.3	-4.1	-5.0	-3.4	-4.1	-5.4	-4.2
Recreational goods and vehicles	6	-5.6	-6.0	-6.0	-5.9	-4.9	-5.5	-5.9
Other durable goods	7	1.4	0.6	5.4	-4.5	1.4	0.7	5.5
Nondurable goods	8	-2.9	3.2	3.8	4.7	-4.6	2.4	6.2
Food and beverages purchased for off-premises consumption	9	1.3	0.4	-0.1	1.8	1.6	0.3	1.4
Clothing and footwear	10	0.9	-0.7	-1.8	-1.3	-4.1	3.7	-3.6
Gasoline and other energy goods	11	-27.1	18.0	26.8	24.5	-26.2	9.9	45.7
Other nondurable goods	12	4.4	1.9	1.3	2.3	0.0	1.1	0.7
Services	13	1.5	1.7	2.7	1.8	1.8	0.7	1.1
Household consumption expenditures (for services)	14	1.7	1.8	2.8	2.0	1.8	0.6	1.0
Housing and utilities	15	1.2	0.2	0.5	0.4	0.0	0.5	0.6
Health care	16	2.7	2.5	3.3	2.2	2.5	2.2	1.9
Transportation services	17	2.9	2.1	3.8	2.7	2.6	-1.2	1.5
Recreation services	18	1.2	1.1	0.4	-0.3	2.1	1.7	0.2
Food services and accommodations	19	2.4	1.4	1.8	0.2	2.8	1.9	1.2
Financial services and insurance	20	-0.4	3.3	7.5	7.3	1.3	-3.8	-0.4
Other services	21	2.3	2.8	4.0	2.6	3.3	1.1	1.3
Final consumption expenditures of nonprofit institutions serving households (NPISHs) ¹	22	-3.1	0.1	-0.1	-2.8	1.8	3.2	3.1
Gross output of nonprofit institutions ²	23	1.4	2.2	2.8	1.2	2.8	2.3	2.2
Less: Receipts from sales of goods and services by nonprofit institutions ³	24	3.0	2.9	3.8	2.5	3.1	2.0	1.9
Addenda:								
PCE excluding food and energy ⁴	25	1.5	1.3	2.1	1.2	1.0	0.5	0.5
Energy goods and services ⁵	26	-19.2	10.3	18.0	16.4	-17.5	5.4	24.3
Market-based PCE ⁶	27	0.3	1.6	2.2	1.7	-0.2	1.3	1.9
Market-based PCE excluding food and energy ⁶	28	1.9	1.1	1.4	0.7	1.0	1.1	0.4

1. Net expenses of NPISHs, defined as their gross operating expenses less primary sales to households.

2. Gross output is net of unrelated sales, secondary sales, and sales to business, to government, and to the rest of the world; excludes own-account investment (construction and software).

3. Excludes unrelated sales, secondary sales, and sales to business, to government, and to the rest of the world; includes membership dues and fees.

4. Food consists of food and beverages purchased for off-premises consumption; food services, which include purchased meals and beverages, are not classified as food.

5. Consists of gasoline and other energy goods and of electricity and gas.

6. Market-based PCE is a supplemental measure that is based on household expenditures for which there are observable price measures. It excludes most imputed transactions (for example, financial services furnished without payment) and the final consumption expenditures of nonprofit institutions serving households.

3. Government Current Receipts and Expenditures

Table 3.1. Government Current Receipts and Expenditures

[Billions of dollars]

	Line	2009	2010	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates				
				2009	2010			
					IV	I	II	III	IV
Current receipts	1	3,726.9		3,785.0	3,904.0	3,947.8	4,020.8	
Current tax receipts	2	2,409.3		2,459.4	2,572.4	2,597.8	2,656.0	
Personal current taxes	3	1,140.0	1,167.1	1,117.2	1,134.7	1,149.1	1,178.2	1,206.2
Taxes on production and imports	4	1,024.7	1,058.1	1,035.2	1,045.9	1,054.6	1,060.8	1,071.0
Taxes on corporate income	5	231.4		294.6	379.2	381.3	404.8	
Taxes from the rest of the world	6	13.2	12.6	12.4	12.6	12.8	12.1	12.7
Contributions for government social insurance	7	975.1	1,009.5	979.5	992.9	1,007.1	1,015.4	1,022.8
Income receipts on assets	8	162.2	163.3	166.8	159.3	162.2	165.6	166.2
Interest and miscellaneous receipts	9	140.8	143.4	141.7	141.4	142.9	144.2	145.0
Dividends	10	21.5	20.0	25.1	18.0	19.2	21.4	21.2
Current transfer receipts	11	193.5	195.6	190.5	191.4	193.9	198.0	199.2
From business (net)	12	98.5	94.8	93.6	93.0	93.8	96.2	96.2
From persons	13	95.0	100.8	97.0	98.5	100.1	101.8	103.0
Current surplus of government enterprises	14	-13.2	-13.3	-11.3	-12.1	-13.1	-14.2	-13.7
Current expenditures	15	4,998.8	5,282.9	5,081.5	5,189.6	5,268.6	5,316.4	5,356.9
Consumption expenditures	16	2,411.5	2,490.7	2,434.0	2,464.7	2,485.2	2,502.9	2,510.1
Current transfer payments	17	2,164.9	2,331.9	2,215.0	2,287.2	2,319.0	2,352.9	2,368.7
Government social benefits	18	2,112.3	2,273.5	2,168.2	2,224.6	2,265.2	2,295.7	2,308.6
To persons	19	2,096.8	2,257.4	2,152.5	2,208.9	2,249.1	2,279.2	2,292.3
To the rest of the world	20	15.5	16.2	15.7	15.8	16.1	16.5	16.3
Other current transfer payments to the rest of the world (net)	21	52.7	58.4	46.8	62.5	53.8	57.1	60.1
Interest payments	22	362.0	401.2	374.1	380.3	405.9	402.1	416.4
To persons and business	23	218.0		237.8	242.8	264.8	260.1	
To the rest of the world	24	144.0		136.3	137.5	141.1	142.0	
Subsidies	25	60.3	59.0	58.4	57.4	58.5	58.6	61.6
Less: Wage accruals less disbursements	26	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Net government saving	27	-1,271.9		-1,296.4	-1,285.7	-1,320.8	-1,295.6	
Social insurance funds	28	-249.8	-269.5	-284.5	-274.9	-267.2	-272.1	-264.0
Other	29	-1,022.0		-1,012.0	-1,010.8	-1,053.6	-1,023.6	
Addenda:								
Total receipts	30	3,752.2		3,805.8	3,930.2	3,971.5	4,040.8	
Current receipts	31	3,726.9		3,785.0	3,904.0	3,947.8	4,020.8	
Capital transfer receipts	32	25.3	19.5	20.8	26.2	23.7	20.1	8.0
Total expenditures	33	5,344.9	5,562.3	5,393.6	5,471.6	5,591.9	5,577.3	5,608.3
Current expenditures	34	4,998.8	5,282.9	5,081.5	5,189.6	5,268.6	5,316.4	5,356.9
Gross government investment	35	503.4	509.6	500.5	491.0	505.6	519.3	522.6
Capital transfer payments	36	161.8	90.1	125.2	106.9	137.3	61.7	54.5
Net purchases of nonproduced assets	37	6.3	14.6	13.1	13.7	13.4	16.3	14.8
Less: Consumption of fixed capital	38	325.3	334.9	326.8	329.6	333.0	336.4	340.5
Net lending or net borrowing (-)	39	-1,592.7		-1,587.8	-1,541.4	-1,620.5	-1,536.4	

Table 3.10.5. Government Consumption Expenditures and General Government Gross Output

[Billions of dollars]

	Line	2009	2010	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates				
				2009	2010			
					IV	I	II	III	IV
Government consumption expenditures ¹	1	2,411.5	2,490.7	2,434.0	2,464.7	2,485.2	2,502.9	2,510.1
Gross output of general government	2	2,819.0	2,920.5	2,850.0	2,885.4	2,913.6	2,937.2	2,945.7
Value added	3	1,760.2	1,800.9	1,770.3	1,789.4	1,803.7	1,802.0	1,808.5
Compensation of general government employees	4	1,487.9	1,520.1	1,496.4	1,512.9	1,524.5	1,520.0	1,522.9
Consumption of general government fixed capital ²	5	272.3	280.8	274.0	276.5	279.3	282.0	285.5
Intermediate goods and services purchased ³	6	1,058.8	1,119.6	1,079.7	1,096.0	1,109.9	1,135.2	1,137.3
Durable goods.....	7	73.9	76.7	74.9	73.4	75.0	77.3	80.9
Nondurable goods.....	8	249.9	276.7	260.0	272.8	272.9	274.8	286.4
Services.....	9	735.0	766.2	744.7	749.8	762.0	783.1	769.9
Less: Own-account investment ⁴	10	29.1	28.5	28.5	27.8	28.3	29.2	28.8
Sales to other sectors.....	11	378.4	401.2	387.5	392.9	400.2	405.0	406.8
Federal consumption expenditures ¹	12	987.1	1,043.5	1,001.8	1,017.3	1,038.5	1,061.6	1,056.6
Gross output of general government	13	1,002.0	1,060.1	1,017.0	1,033.0	1,055.7	1,079.7	1,072.1
Value added	14	551.7	579.1	558.6	572.7	580.6	579.9	583.1
Compensation of general government employees.....	15	434.0	456.2	439.3	452.1	458.5	456.4	457.6
Consumption of general government fixed capital ²	16	117.7	122.9	119.3	120.6	122.1	123.5	125.5
Intermediate goods and services purchased ³	17	450.3	481.0	458.5	460.3	475.1	499.8	489.0
Durable goods.....	18	48.8	51.6	49.9	48.5	49.9	52.1	55.7
Nondurable goods.....	19	50.1	54.9	50.4	51.0	53.5	57.4	57.6
Services.....	20	351.4	374.6	358.2	360.8	371.7	390.3	375.7
Less: Own-account investment ⁴	21	5.5	5.9	5.5	5.6	5.8	6.1	6.1
Sales to other sectors.....	22	9.4	10.8	9.7	10.1	11.5	12.0	9.4
Defense consumption expenditures ¹	23	664.1	698.3	673.5	684.0	695.2	711.2	702.7
Gross output of general government	24	670.1	704.5	679.5	690.1	701.3	717.6	709.2
Value added	25	359.4	378.0	365.4	374.5	376.6	378.8	382.3
Compensation of general government employees.....	26	273.3	287.6	278.0	285.9	286.7	287.9	289.7
Consumption of general government fixed capital ²	27	86.2	90.5	87.5	88.6	89.8	90.9	92.6
Intermediate goods and services purchased ³	28	310.7	326.5	314.0	315.6	324.8	338.8	326.9
Durable goods.....	29	45.3	47.7	46.3	44.8	46.1	48.0	51.7
Nondurable goods.....	30	24.2	26.2	24.2	24.6	26.0	27.1	27.0
Services.....	31	241.1	252.7	243.5	246.2	252.7	263.6	248.3
Less: Own-account investment ⁴	32	2.4	2.6	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.7
Sales to other sectors.....	33	3.6	3.7	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.8
Nondefense consumption expenditures ¹	34	323.0	345.2	328.3	333.3	343.3	350.4	353.9
Gross output of general government	35	331.9	355.6	337.6	342.9	354.4	362.2	362.9
Value added	36	192.2	201.1	193.1	198.2	204.0	201.1	200.8
Compensation of general government employees.....	37	160.7	168.6	161.4	166.2	171.8	168.5	167.9
Consumption of general government fixed capital ²	38	31.5	32.5	31.8	32.0	32.3	32.6	33.0
Intermediate goods and services purchased ³	39	139.6	154.5	144.4	144.8	150.3	161.0	162.1
Durable goods.....	40	3.5	3.9	3.6	3.7	3.8	4.1	4.1
Nondurable goods.....	41	25.8	28.7	26.1	26.5	27.6	30.2	30.6
Commodity Credit Corporation inventory change	42	-0.3	-0.1	0.1	-0.4	-0.3	0.0	0.1
Other nondurable goods	43	26.1	28.8	26.1	26.9	27.8	30.2	30.5
Services.....	44	110.3	121.9	114.7	114.6	118.9	126.7	127.4
Less: Own-account investment ⁴	45	3.1	3.3	3.1	3.1	3.2	3.5	3.3
Sales to other sectors.....	46	5.7	7.1	6.2	6.4	7.8	8.3	5.7
State and local consumption expenditures ¹	47	1,424.4	1,447.2	1,432.2	1,447.4	1,446.7	1,441.3	1,453.5
Gross output of general government	48	1,817.0	1,860.3	1,833.0	1,852.4	1,857.9	1,857.4	1,873.6
Value added	49	1,208.5	1,221.8	1,211.7	1,216.7	1,223.1	1,222.1	1,225.3
Compensation of general government employees.....	50	1,053.9	1,063.9	1,057.1	1,060.9	1,065.9	1,063.5	1,065.3
Consumption of general government fixed capital ²	51	154.6	157.9	154.7	155.8	157.2	158.5	160.0
Intermediate goods and services purchased ³	52	608.5	638.5	621.3	635.7	634.8	635.4	648.3
Durable goods.....	53	25.1	25.1	25.0	24.9	25.1	25.1	25.2
Nondurable goods.....	54	199.8	221.9	209.7	221.8	219.4	217.4	228.8
Services.....	55	383.6	391.6	386.6	389.0	390.3	392.9	394.2
Less: Own-account investment ⁴	56	23.6	22.6	23.0	22.1	22.5	23.2	22.7
Sales to other sectors.....	57	369.0	390.5	377.8	382.8	388.7	393.0	397.4
Tuition and related educational charges	58	81.8	88.2	84.1	85.7	87.7	89.1	90.2
Health and hospital charges	59	165.4	174.8	169.3	171.5	173.8	175.9	177.9
Other sales	60	121.8	127.5	124.3	125.7	127.2	127.9	129.3

1. Government consumption expenditures are services (such as education and national defense) produced by government that are valued at their cost of production. Excludes government sales to other sectors and government own-account investment (construction and software).

2. Consumption of fixed capital, or depreciation, is included in government gross output as a partial measure of the services of general government fixed assets; the use of depreciation assumes a zero net return on these assets.

3. Includes general government intermediate inputs for goods and services sold to other sectors and for own-account investment.

4. Own-account investment is measured in current dollars by compensation of general government employees and related expenditures for goods and services and is classified as investment in structures and in software in table 3.9.5.

Table 3.10.6. Real Government Consumption Expenditures and General Government Gross Output, Chained Dollars
[Billions of chained (2005) dollars]

	Line	2009	2010	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates					
				2009	2010				
					IV	I	II	III	IV
Government consumption expenditures ¹	1	2,112.3	2,132.4	2,119.1	2,118.1	2,131.4	2,145.5	2,134.6	
Gross output of general government	2	2,460.4	2,489.1	2,470.3	2,470.7	2,487.7	2,504.9	2,493.3	
Value added	3	1,520.5	1,529.0	1,525.0	1,527.0	1,533.3	1,528.0	1,527.8	
Compensation of general government employees	4	1,283.0	1,284.3	1,284.8	1,285.2	1,289.7	1,282.4	1,279.8	
Consumption of general government fixed capital ²	5	237.5	245.0	240.2	241.9	243.7	245.9	248.4	
Intermediate goods and services purchased ³	6	939.8	960.2	945.3	943.7	954.5	977.1	965.7	
Durable goods	7	70.8	73.3	71.7	70.3	71.7	73.9	77.6	
Nondurable goods	8	226.8	227.7	224.7	224.6	226.5	230.3	229.6	
Services	9	643.5	660.4	650.0	649.9	657.4	674.3	660.1	
Less: Own-account investment ⁴	10	25.6	24.6	24.8	24.0	24.4	25.2	24.6	
Sales to other sectors	11	322.5	332.0	326.3	328.3	331.7	334.1	333.8	
Federal consumption expenditures ¹	12	882.3	915.3	893.0	895.5	912.0	931.0	922.8	
Gross output of general government	13	895.7	930.0	906.6	909.4	927.2	946.9	936.4	
Value added	14	485.6	502.8	492.8	497.5	504.8	503.6	505.2	
Compensation of general government employees	15	375.9	388.5	381.5	385.2	391.2	388.8	388.9	
Consumption of general government fixed capital ²	16	109.8	114.4	111.5	112.4	113.6	115.0	116.6	
Intermediate goods and services purchased ³	17	410.3	427.6	414.1	412.2	422.7	443.9	431.6	
Durable goods	18	47.3	49.9	48.4	46.9	48.3	50.4	54.1	
Nondurable goods	19	45.9	47.0	44.2	44.2	46.1	49.4	48.5	
Services	20	317.5	330.9	321.8	321.2	328.6	344.3	329.6	
Less: Own-account investment ⁴	21	4.9	5.1	4.9	4.9	5.0	5.3	5.3	
Sales to other sectors	22	8.5	9.6	8.7	9.0	10.2	10.7	8.4	
Defense consumption expenditures ¹	23	591.7	608.7	598.5	598.9	606.8	619.8	609.4	
Gross output of general government	24	597.0	614.2	603.8	604.3	612.2	625.3	615.0	
Value added	25	313.8	324.5	320.2	322.1	323.7	325.3	327.2	
Compensation of general government employees	26	234.3	241.6	239.4	240.6	241.3	241.9	242.6	
Consumption of general government fixed capital ²	27	79.6	83.1	80.8	81.6	82.5	83.5	84.8	
Intermediate goods and services purchased ³	28	283.5	290.0	283.8	282.4	288.8	300.5	288.1	
Durable goods	29	43.5	45.7	44.5	42.9	44.2	46.0	49.7	
Nondurable goods	30	22.3	21.2	20.6	20.5	21.2	22.1	21.2	
Services	31	218.3	223.7	219.4	219.6	224.0	233.0	218.3	
Less: Own-account investment ⁴	32	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.3	
Sales to other sectors	33	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.3	
Nondefense consumption expenditures ¹	34	290.6	306.7	294.5	296.6	305.3	311.3	313.6	
Gross output of general government	35	298.7	315.9	302.8	305.2	315.1	321.7	321.6	
Value added	36	171.8	178.3	172.6	175.5	181.2	178.4	178.1	
Compensation of general government employees	37	141.6	147.0	142.0	144.6	150.0	147.0	146.3	
Consumption of general government fixed capital ²	38	30.3	31.3	30.7	30.9	31.1	31.4	31.8	
Intermediate goods and services purchased ³	39	126.9	137.7	130.2	129.7	134.0	143.4	143.6	
Durable goods	40	3.8	4.2	3.9	4.0	4.1	4.4	4.4	
Nondurable goods	41	23.9	26.3	24.0	24.2	25.3	27.8	28.0	
Commodity Credit Corporation inventory change	42	-0.2	-0.1	0.1	-0.3	-0.2	0.1	0.2	
Other nondurable goods	43	24.1	26.4	23.9	24.5	25.5	27.7	27.8	
Services	44	99.2	107.1	102.3	101.6	104.6	111.2	111.2	
Less: Own-account investment ⁴	45	2.8	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.9	3.0	2.9	
Sales to other sectors	46	5.3	6.4	5.6	5.8	7.1	7.5	5.1	
State and local consumption expenditures ¹	47	1,232.1	1,220.1	1,228.4	1,225.1	1,222.3	1,217.9	1,215.0	
Gross output of general government	48	1,566.6	1,562.0	1,565.9	1,563.5	1,563.3	1,561.3	1,560.0	
Value added	49	1,035.3	1,027.0	1,032.7	1,030.1	1,029.3	1,025.3	1,023.5	
Compensation of general government employees	50	907.1	895.8	903.4	900.1	898.5	893.6	891.0	
Consumption of general government fixed capital ²	51	127.9	130.9	129.0	129.7	130.4	131.2	132.1	
Intermediate goods and services purchased ³	52	531.7	535.3	533.5	533.7	534.3	536.4	536.8	
Durable goods	53	23.6	23.5	23.4	23.4	23.5	23.6	23.6	
Nondurable goods	54	181.0	180.9	180.6	180.4	180.7	181.1	181.4	
Services	55	327.1	330.9	329.4	329.8	330.1	331.6	331.8	
Less: Own-account investment ⁴	56	20.7	19.4	20.0	19.1	19.4	19.9	19.4	
Sales to other sectors	57	314.0	322.5	317.6	319.3	321.6	323.5	325.5	
Tuition and related educational charges	58	64.1	65.6	64.5	64.9	65.3	65.8	66.3	
Health and hospital charges	59	145.1	149.0	146.6	147.4	148.5	149.5	150.6	
Other sales	60	105.0	108.1	106.7	107.2	108.0	108.4	108.9	
Residual	61	-2.9	-4.0	-2.8	-3.2	-3.5	-4.3	-4.8	

1. Government consumption expenditures are services (such as education and national defense) produced by government that are valued at their cost of production. Excludes government sales to other sectors and government own-account investment (construction and software).

2. Consumption of fixed capital, or depreciation, is included in government gross output as a partial measure of the services of general government fixed assets; the use of depreciation assumes a zero net return on these assets.

3. Includes general government intermediate inputs for goods and services sold to other sectors and for own-account investment.

4. Own-account investment is measured in current dollars by compensation of general government employees and related expenditures for goods and services and is classified as investment in structures and in software in table 3.9.5.

NOTE: Chained (2005) dollar series are calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the 2005 current-dollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive. The residual line is the difference between the first line and the sum of the most detailed lines.

Table 3.11.1. Percent Change From Preceding Period in Real National Defense Consumption Expenditures and Gross Investment by Type
[Percent]

	Line	2009	2010	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates				
				2009	2010			
					IV	I	II	III	IV
National defense consumption expenditures and gross investment	1	5.4	3.9	-2.5	0.4	7.4	8.5	-2.1
Consumption expenditures ¹	2	5.3	2.9	-3.6	0.3	5.4	8.8	-6.6
Gross output of general government	3	5.2	2.9	-3.6	0.3	5.3	8.9	-6.4
Value added	4	6.1	3.4	3.9	2.3	2.1	1.9	2.4
Compensation of general government employees	5	6.6	3.1	3.8	1.9	1.3	0.9	1.2
Military	6	7.7	1.6	-0.3	1.9	0.0	-1.8	-1.5
Civilian	7	4.2	6.5	13.7	1.7	4.2	7.2	7.1
Consumption of general government fixed capital ²	8	4.6	4.4	4.0	3.8	4.6	5.2	6.2
Intermediate goods and services purchased ³	9	4.2	2.3	-11.5	-2.0	9.3	17.3	-15.6
Durable goods	10	5.3	5.0	-16.5	-13.2	12.0	17.7	36.4
Aircraft	11	16.3	4.1	32.6	-49.2	32.4	27.5	62.9
Missiles	12	-1.1	2.3	-49.8	-15.1	40.6	22.4	5.3
Ships	13	-12.3	10.7	-76.9	206.6	20.6	32.9	-16.4
Vehicles	14	11.1	12.5	4.9	2.1	7.2	-37.5	32.5
Electronics	15	2.1	2.9	-38.5	31.5	-10.3	7.6	2.8
Other durable goods	16	-2.0	6.6	-26.0	5.3	3.9	40.8	62.3
Nondurable goods	17	4.8	-4.6	-54.0	-2.4	14.7	19.1	-16.8
Petroleum products	18	1.4	-4.8	-63.1	-25.5	43.6	77.3	-38.8
Ammunition	19	-5.6	0.5	15.1	3.9	4.4	-43.4	36.5
Other nondurable goods	20	15.5	-6.8	-59.5	30.9	-8.9	-5.2	5.8
Services	21	3.9	2.5	-4.1	0.3	8.3	17.1	-23.0
Research and development	22	-2.1	-2.5	-7.6	-0.2	-1.1	-0.1	-18.4
Installation support	23	9.5	-3.6	-9.6	-7.7	-1.3	18.0	-30.8
Weapons support	24	8.4	-1.6	-16.6	-20.9	29.7	32.0	-52.7
Personnel support	25	8.0	10.8	-0.2	14.9	19.1	24.6	-12.8
Transportation of material	26	-31.4	27.8	140.7	34.7	-18.8	28.6	68.3
Travel of persons	27	8.2	-19.6	-4.4	-30.3	-28.7	-14.9	-46.0
Less: Own-account investment ⁴	28	4.1	7.2	4.2	3.8	4.3	18.9	13.2
Sales to other sectors	29	-3.7	0.7	-8.5	5.6	-3.0	4.8	5.0
Gross investment ⁵	30	6.0	10.6	4.5	0.7	20.4	6.3	27.7
Structures	31	40.1	20.4	11.3	3.5	0.5	19.0	29.6
Equipment and software	32	1.7	8.8	3.3	0.2	24.5	4.1	27.3
Aircraft	33	5.8	21.7	126.6	-15.7	120.8	-2.3	-24.4
Missiles	34	23.2	12.1	-23.4	11.5	44.8	-6.6	-2.7
Ships	35	6.8	0.8	53.9	-47.7	15.0	29.4	46.5
Vehicles	36	-4.4	7.6	-17.5	34.5	6.1	-11.3	15.1
Electronics and software	37	1.6	6.1	-19.4	21.6	-2.9	10.6	5.4
Other equipment	38	-2.7	7.4	-18.2	10.0	13.1	2.9	90.7

1. National defense consumption expenditures are defense services produced by government that are valued at their cost of production. Excludes government sales to other sectors and government own-account investment (construction and software).

2. Consumption of fixed capital, or depreciation, is included in government gross output as a partial measure of the services of general government fixed assets; the use of depreciation assumes a zero net return on these assets.

3. Includes general government intermediate inputs for goods and services sold to other sectors and for own-account investment.

4. Own-account investment is measured in current dollars by compensation of general government employees and related expenditures for goods and services and is classified as investment in structures and in software.

5. Gross government investment consists of general government and government enterprise expenditures for fixed assets; inventory investment is included in government consumption expenditures.

Table 3.11.3. Real National Defense Consumption Expenditures and Gross Investment by Type, Quantity Indexes

[Index numbers, 2005=100]

	Line	2009	2010	Seasonally adjusted				
				2009	2010			
					IV	I	II	III	IV
National defense consumption expenditures and gross investment ¹	1	117.648	122.280	119.477	119.582	121.732	124.233	123.574
Consumption expenditures ¹	2	114.933	118.240	116.251	116.337	117.866	120.389	118.367
Gross output of general government	3	114.767	118.073	116.074	116.171	117.684	120.208	118.228
Value added	4	110.345	114.119	112.593	113.245	113.823	114.369	115.039
Compensation of general government employees	5	108.625	111.996	111.002	111.519	111.875	112.132	112.456
Military	6	109.008	110.765	110.588	111.123	111.126	110.613	110.198
Civilian	7	107.664	114.644	111.812	112.288	113.438	115.427	117.423
Consumption of general government fixed capital ²	8	115.830	120.976	117.632	118.742	120.080	121.614	123.469
Intermediate goods and services purchased ³	9	120.216	122.963	120.374	119.776	122.459	127.446	122.170
Durable goods	10	147.306	154.648	150.507	145.280	149.444	155.656	168.211
Aircraft	11	135.139	140.679	148.151	125.051	134.133	142.521	161.012
Missiles	12	133.693	136.827	129.759	124.544	135.624	142.643	144.498
Ships	13	47.740	52.868	37.609	49.768	52.155	56.002	53.548
Vehicles	14	296.029	333.180	340.549	342.355	348.363	309.710	332.292
Electronics	15	202.500	208.430	196.459	210.397	204.758	208.563	210.004
Other durable goods	16	129.075	137.564	124.853	126.483	127.691	139.088	156.995
Nondurable goods	17	106.644	101.698	98.654	98.052	101.469	106.010	101.260
Petroleum products	18	99.720	94.940	91.352	84.860	92.900	107.196	94.804
Ammunition	19	88.927	89.348	92.286	93.172	94.190	81.709	88.322
Other nondurable goods	20	130.970	122.126	116.545	124.664	121.780	120.172	121.888
Services	21	117.746	120.699	118.386	118.479	120.851	125.704	117.763
Research and development	22	99.777	97.259	98.746	98.688	98.426	98.403	93.517
Installation support	23	117.020	112.823	115.610	113.308	112.926	117.698	107.362
Weapons support	24	127.339	125.256	127.720	120.456	128.536	137.787	114.244
Personnel support	25	142.232	157.598	144.471	149.579	156.245	165.066	159.502
Transportation of material	26	82.626	105.616	95.384	102.749	97.532	103.871	118.309
Travel of persons	27	80.983	65.077	80.071	73.155	67.224	64.574	55.354
Less: Own-account investment ⁴	28	101.581	108.881	103.857	104.833	105.949	110.632	114.111
Sales to other sectors	29	96.885	97.577	95.950	97.261	96.532	97.659	98.855
Gross investment ⁵	30	137.252	151.734	142.838	143.089	149.875	152.189	161.781
Structures	31	180.681	217.501	207.231	209.013	209.254	218.552	233.184
Equipment and software	32	131.719	143.366	134.652	134.711	142.306	143.747	152.700
Aircraft	33	104.096	126.675	115.958	111.097	135.431	134.634	125.536
Missiles	34	120.268	134.828	123.591	127.003	139.326	136.961	136.022
Ships	35	97.607	98.370	106.242	90.354	93.562	99.783	109.780
Vehicles	36	218.858	235.404	217.488	234.227	237.712	230.717	238.962
Electronics and software	37	168.658	178.939	168.639	177.072	175.775	180.263	182.646
Other equipment	38	131.342	141.072	128.431	131.516	135.636	136.602	160.532

1. National defense consumption expenditures are defense services produced by government that are valued at their cost of production. Excludes government sales to other sectors and government own-account investment (construction and software).
 2. Consumption of fixed capital, or depreciation, is included in government gross output as a partial measure of the services of general government fixed assets; the use of depreciation assumes a zero net return on these assets.
 3. Includes general government intermediate inputs for goods and services sold to other sectors and for own-account investment.
 4. Own-account investment is measured in current dollars by compensation of general government employees and related expenditures for goods and services and is classified as investment in structures and in software.
 5. Gross government investment consists of general government and government enterprise expenditures for fixed assets; inventory investment is included in government consumption expenditures.

Table 3.11.4. Price Indexes for National Defense Consumption Expenditures and Gross Investment by Type

[Index numbers, 2005=100]

	Line	2009	2010	Seasonally adjusted				
				2009	2010			
					IV	I	II	III	IV
National defense consumption expenditures and gross investment ¹	1	111.342	113.514	111.590	113.046	113.377	113.529	114.103
Consumption expenditures ¹	2	112.240	114.700	112.522	114.191	114.555	114.746	115.309
Gross output of general government	3	112.245	114.703	112.529	114.190	114.560	114.749	115.312
Value added	4	114.539	116.468	114.114	116.277	116.312	116.446	116.837
Compensation of general government employees	5	116.620	119.015	116.070	118.835	118.794	119.014	119.416
Military	6	118.171	120.975	117.262	120.676	120.688	120.977	121.558
Civilian	7	113.407	114.957	113.633	115.024	114.869	114.949	114.985
Consumption of general government fixed capital ²	8	108.333	108.881	108.275	108.656	108.915	108.796	109.156
Intermediate goods and services purchased ³	9	109.596	112.614	110.648	111.740	112.488	112.738	113.491
Durable goods	10	104.108	104.284	104.190	104.332	104.405	104.456	103.942
Aircraft	11	102.088	101.942	101.799	102.027	102.085	102.242	101.413
Missiles	12	107.806	108.041	107.561	107.940	108.322	108.222	107.680
Ships	13	109.288	109.568	110.133	109.416	109.404	109.649	109.805
Vehicles	14	105.252	105.083	105.403	105.367	104.777	104.631	105.557
Electronics	15	101.680	101.849	101.943	102.019	102.138	101.917	101.324
Other durable goods	16	106.197	106.977	106.694	106.805	106.980	107.296	106.828
Nondurable goods	17	108.848	123.192	117.608	119.932	122.540	122.658	127.636
Petroleum products	18	102.328	131.726	121.210	125.238	130.656	130.694	140.316
Ammunition	19	116.982	120.269	117.017	118.822	119.998	120.329	121.927
Other nondurable goods	20	109.812	111.428	110.443	111.096	111.274	111.398	111.944
Services	21	110.471	112.935	110.941	112.103	112.807	113.108	113.721
Research and development	22	111.874	114.189	112.227	113.382	113.841	114.298	115.235
Installation support	23	110.061	113.868	110.809	113.190	114.044	113.431	114.808
Weapons support	24	109.069	110.706	109.047	110.187	110.461	111.025	111.151
Personnel support	25	109.909	111.191	110.190	110.665	110.952	111.412	111.737
Transportation of material	26	104.111	113.337	106.694	108.981	113.903	115.125	115.339
Travel of persons	27	115.328	123.224	118.728	119.669	124.340	124.500	124.440
Less: Own-account investment ⁴	28	113.007	115.750	113.774	114.943	115.938	115.605	116.515
Sales to other sectors	29	112.930	114.736	113.057	113.773	114.758	115.045	115.368
Gross investment ⁵	30	105.507	106.040	105.559	105.807	105.950	105.890	106.514
Structures	31	118.453	117.179	117.325	117.171	116.575	116.961	118.010
Equipment and software	32	104.073	104.889	104.297	104.616	104.885	104.750	105.306
Aircraft	33	103.497	104.750	103.166	103.500	103.990	104.012	107.498
Missiles	34	105.308	107.099	106.131	106.658	107.318	107.060	107.359
Ships	35	116.338	121.994	118.375	120.550	122.650	121.746	123.030
Vehicles	36	107.256	106.157	106.970	106.870	106.130	105.406	106.223
Electronics and software	37	94.084	93.131	93.711	93.607	93.380	92.985	92.551
Other equipment	38	104.993	105.698	105.388	105.491	105.686	106.077	105.538

1. National defense consumption expenditures are defense services produced by government that are valued at their cost of production. Excludes government sales to other sectors and government own-account investment (construction and software).
 2. Consumption of fixed capital, or depreciation, is included in government gross output as a partial measure of the services of general government fixed assets; the use of depreciation assumes a zero net return on these assets.
 3. Includes general government intermediate inputs for goods and services sold to other sectors and for own-account investment.
 4. Own-account investment is measured in current dollars by compensation of general government employees and related expenditures for goods and services and is classified as investment in structures and in software.
 5. Gross government investment consists of general government and government enterprise expenditures for fixed assets; inventory investment is included in government consumption expenditures.

Table 3.11.5. National Defense Consumption Expenditures and Gross Investment by Type
[Billions of dollars]

	Line	2009	2010	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates				
				2009	2010			
				IV	I	II	III	IV
National defense consumption expenditures and gross investment	1	771.6	817.7	785.4	796.3	813.0	830.8	830.6
Consumption expenditures ¹	2	664.1	698.3	673.5	684.0	695.2	711.2	702.7
Gross output of general government	3	670.1	704.5	679.5	690.1	701.3	717.6	709.2
Value added	4	359.4	378.0	365.4	374.5	376.6	378.8	382.3
Compensation of general government employees	5	273.3	287.6	278.0	285.9	286.7	287.9	289.7
Military	6	189.4	197.1	190.7	197.2	197.2	196.8	197.0
Civilian	7	83.8	90.5	87.2	88.7	89.5	91.1	92.7
Consumption of general government fixed capital ²	8	86.2	90.5	87.5	88.6	89.8	90.9	92.6
Intermediate goods and services purchased ³	9	310.7	326.5	314.0	315.6	324.8	338.8	326.9
Durable goods	10	45.3	47.7	46.3	44.8	46.1	48.0	51.7
Aircraft	11	14.8	15.4	16.2	13.7	14.7	15.7	17.5
Missiles	12	4.7	4.8	4.6	4.4	4.8	5.0	5.1
Ships	13	0.7	0.8	0.6	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8
Vehicles	14	3.5	3.9	4.0	4.1	4.1	3.6	3.9
Electronics	15	11.1	11.4	10.8	11.5	11.2	11.4	11.4
Other durable goods	16	10.5	11.3	10.2	10.4	10.5	11.4	12.9
Nondurable goods	17	24.2	26.2	24.2	24.6	26.0	27.1	27.0
Petroleum products	18	10.3	12.6	11.1	10.7	12.2	14.1	13.4
Ammunition	19	4.1	4.3	4.3	4.4	4.5	3.9	4.3
Other nondurable goods	20	9.8	9.3	8.8	9.5	9.3	9.1	9.3
Services	21	241.1	252.7	243.5	246.2	252.7	263.6	248.3
Research and development	22	60.2	59.9	59.8	60.4	60.4	60.7	58.1
Installation support	23	45.5	45.4	45.3	45.3	45.5	47.2	43.6
Weapons support	24	33.8	33.8	33.9	32.4	34.6	37.3	31.0
Personnel support	25	87.3	97.8	88.9	92.4	96.8	102.7	99.5
Transportation of material	26	6.6	9.2	7.8	8.6	8.5	9.2	10.5
Travel of persons	27	7.7	6.6	7.8	7.2	6.8	6.6	5.6
Less: Own-account investment ⁴	28	2.4	2.6	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.6	2.7
Sales to other sectors	29	3.6	3.7	3.6	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.8
Gross investment ⁵	30	107.5	119.4	111.9	112.4	117.9	119.6	127.9
Structures	31	15.9	19.0	18.1	18.3	18.2	19.1	20.5
Equipment and software	32	91.5	100.4	93.8	94.1	99.7	100.5	107.4
Aircraft	33	14.6	17.9	16.2	15.6	19.0	18.9	18.3
Missiles	34	5.1	5.8	5.3	5.4	6.0	5.9	5.9
Ships	35	11.1	11.8	12.3	10.7	11.3	11.9	13.2
Vehicles	36	9.1	9.7	9.0	9.7	9.8	9.4	9.8
Electronics and software	37	20.1	21.1	20.0	21.0	20.8	21.2	21.4
Other equipment	38	31.6	34.2	31.0	31.8	32.8	33.2	38.8

Table 3.11.6. Real National Defense Consumption Expenditures and Gross Investment by Type, Chained Dollars
[Billions of chained (2005) dollars]

	Line	2009	2010	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates				
				2009	2010			
				IV	I	II	III	IV
National defense consumption expenditures and gross investment	1	693.0	720.3	703.8	704.4	717.1	731.8	727.9
Consumption expenditures ¹	2	591.7	608.7	598.5	598.9	606.8	619.8	609.4
Gross output of general government	3	597.0	614.2	603.8	604.3	612.2	625.3	615.0
Value added	4	313.8	324.5	320.2	322.1	323.7	325.3	327.2
Compensation of general government employees	5	234.3	241.6	239.4	240.6	241.3	241.9	242.6
Military	6	160.3	162.9	162.6	163.4	163.4	162.7	162.0
Civilian	7	73.9	78.7	76.8	77.1	77.9	79.3	80.6
Consumption of general government fixed capital ²	8	79.6	83.1	80.8	81.6	82.5	83.5	84.8
Intermediate goods and services purchased ³	9	283.5	290.0	283.8	282.4	288.8	300.5	288.1
Durable goods	10	43.5	45.7	44.5	42.9	44.2	46.0	49.7
Aircraft	11	14.5	15.1	15.9	13.4	14.4	15.3	17.3
Missiles	12	4.4	4.5	4.2	4.1	4.4	4.7	4.7
Ships	13	0.7	0.7	0.5	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.7
Vehicles	14	3.3	3.7	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.5	3.7
Electronics	15	10.9	11.2	10.6	11.3	11.0	11.2	11.3
Other durable goods	16	9.9	10.5	9.6	9.7	9.8	10.7	12.0
Nondurable goods	17	22.3	21.2	20.6	20.5	21.2	22.1	21.2
Petroleum products	18	10.1	9.6	9.2	8.6	9.4	10.8	9.6
Ammunition	19	3.5	3.5	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.2	3.5
Other nondurable goods	20	8.9	8.3	8.0	8.5	8.3	8.2	8.3
Services	21	218.3	223.7	219.4	219.6	224.0	233.0	218.3
Research and development	22	53.8	52.5	53.3	53.2	53.1	53.1	50.4
Installation support	23	41.3	39.9	40.8	40.0	39.9	41.6	37.9
Weapons support	24	31.0	30.5	31.1	29.4	31.3	33.6	27.8
Personnel support	25	79.4	88.0	80.7	83.5	87.2	92.2	89.0
Transportation of material	26	6.4	8.1	7.3	7.9	7.5	8.0	9.1
Travel of persons	27	6.6	5.3	6.6	6.0	5.5	5.3	4.5
Less: Own-account investment ⁴	28	2.1	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.2	2.3	2.3
Sales to other sectors	29	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.3
Gross investment ⁵	30	101.9	112.6	106.0	106.2	111.2	112.9	120.1
Structures	31	13.5	16.2	15.4	15.6	15.6	16.3	17.4
Equipment and software	32	87.9	95.7	89.9	89.9	95.0	96.0	101.9
Aircraft	33	14.1	17.1	15.7	15.0	18.3	18.2	17.0
Missiles	34	4.8	5.4	5.0	5.1	5.6	5.5	5.5
Ships	35	9.6	9.7	10.4	8.9	9.2	9.8	10.8
Vehicles	36	8.5	9.1	8.4	9.1	9.2	8.9	9.2
Electronics and software	37	21.3	22.6	21.3	22.4	22.2	22.8	23.1
Other equipment	38	30.1	32.3	29.4	30.1	31.1	31.3	36.8
Residual	39	-2.1	-2.8	-2.0	-2.3	-2.6	-3.2	-3.5

1. National defense consumption expenditures are defense services produced by government that are valued at their cost of production. Excludes government sales to other sectors and government own-account investment (construction and software).

2. Consumption of fixed capital, or depreciation, is included in government gross output as a partial measure of the services of general government fixed assets; the use of depreciation assumes a zero net return on these assets.

3. Includes general government intermediate inputs for goods and services sold to other sectors and for own-account investment.

4. Own-account investment is measured in current dollars by compensation of general government employees and related expenditures for goods and services and is classified as investment in structures and in software.

5. Gross government investment consists of general government and government enterprise expenditures for fixed assets; inventory investment is included in government consumption expenditures.

1. National defense consumption expenditures are defense services produced by government that are valued at their cost of production. Excludes government sales to other sectors and government own-account investment (construction and software).

2. Consumption of fixed capital, or depreciation, is included in government gross output as a partial measure of the services of general government fixed assets; the use of depreciation assumes a zero net return on these assets.

3. Includes general government intermediate inputs for goods and services sold to other sectors and for own-account investment.

4. Own-account investment is measured in current dollars by compensation of general government employees and related expenditures for goods and services and is classified as investment in structures and in software.

5. Gross government investment consists of general government and government enterprise expenditures for fixed assets; inventory investment is included in government consumption expenditures.

NOTE: Chained (2005) dollar series are calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the 2005 current-dollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive. The residual line is the difference between the first line and the sum of the most detailed lines.

4. Foreign Transactions

Table 4.1. Foreign Transactions in the National Income and Product Accounts

[Billions of dollars]

	Line	2009	2010	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates				
				2009	2010			
					IV	I	II	III	IV
Current receipts from the rest of the world	1	2,208.2		2,354.6	2,451.5	2,514.0	2,552.8	
Exports of goods and services	2	1,578.4	1,838.5	1,689.9	1,757.8	1,817.9	1,848.9	1,929.4
Goods ¹	3	1,063.1	1,277.7	1,157.6	1,213.0	1,262.8	1,282.0	1,353.2
Durable	4	671.0	801.9	728.0	758.4	802.9	812.9	833.2
Nondurable	5	392.1	475.9	429.6	454.6	459.9	469.1	520.0
Services ¹	6	515.3	560.7	532.3	544.8	555.1	566.9	576.2
Income receipts	7	629.8		664.7	693.7	696.1	704.0	
Wage and salary receipts	8	2.9		3.0	3.0	3.1	3.1	
Income receipts on assets	9	626.9		661.7	690.7	693.0	700.8	
Interest	10	146.3		132.6	129.3	135.5	134.5	
Dividends	11	206.8		192.2	195.8	222.8	193.1	
Reinvested earnings on U.S. direct investment abroad	12	273.8		336.8	365.6	334.7	373.1	
Current payments to the rest of the world	13	2,587.9		2,755.2	2,896.5	3,006.4	3,066.8	
Imports of goods and services	14	1,964.7	2,354.1	2,116.3	2,237.6	2,357.1	2,399.4	2,422.4
Goods ¹	15	1,587.8	1,949.6	1,731.8	1,843.5	1,957.2	1,988.2	2,009.4
Durable	16	890.1	1,105.6	968.4	1,015.5	1,114.6	1,143.0	1,149.4
Nondurable	17	697.7	843.9	763.4	827.9	842.6	845.2	859.9
Services ¹	18	376.9	404.6	384.5	394.1	400.0	411.2	413.0
Income payments	19	483.6		499.1	502.6	500.8	515.5	
Wage and salary payments	20	10.8		10.8	11.2	11.5	11.6	
Income payments on assets	21	472.8		488.3	491.3	489.3	503.9	
Interest	22	344.5		321.8	318.4	323.2	320.1	
Dividends	23	99.5		79.8	96.6	86.0	80.9	
Reinvested earnings on foreign direct investment in the United States	24	28.8		86.7	76.3	80.2	103.0	
Current taxes and transfer payments to the rest of the world (net)	25	139.5	158.2	139.7	156.3	148.5	151.9	155.4
From persons (net)	26	66.5	71.7	69.5	70.7	72.2	71.1	72.8
From government (net)	27	50.2	62.0	45.3	60.6	51.9	56.3	58.5
From business (net)	28	22.9	24.5	24.9	25.0	24.4	24.5	24.1
Balance on current account, NIPAs	29	-379.7		-400.6	-445.0	-492.5	-514.0	
Addenda:								
Net lending or net borrowing (-), NIPAs	30	-380.3		-401.3	-445.4	-493.0	-514.6	
Balance on current account, NIPAs	31	-379.7		-400.6	-445.0	-492.5	-514.0	
Less: Capital account transactions (net) ²	32	0.6		0.7	0.4	0.5	0.6	

1. Exports and imports of certain goods, primarily military equipment purchased and sold by the federal government, are included in services. Beginning with 1986, repairs and alterations of equipment are reclassified from goods to services.

2. Consists of capital transfers and the acquisition and disposal of nonproduced nonfinancial assets. Prior to 1982, reflects only capital grants paid to the U.S. territories and the Commonwealths of Puerto Rico and Northern Mariana Islands.

Table 4.2.1. Percent Change From Preceding Period in Real Exports and in Real Imports of Goods and Services by Type of Product
[Percent]

	Line	2009	2010	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates				
				2009		2010		
				IV	I	II	III	IV
Exports of goods and services	1	-9.5	11.8	24.4	11.4	9.1	6.8	9.6
Exports of goods ¹	2	-12.0	14.7	31.7	14.0	11.5	5.8	11.7
Foods, feeds, and beverages	3	-4.6	7.8	69.6	-0.9	-32.2	24.1	48.0
Industrial supplies and materials	4	-6.8	15.1	11.9	19.2	17.3	-3.0	14.1
Durable goods	5	-13.3	16.4	18.6	12.8	38.0	-7.1	9.8
Nondurable goods	6	-3.5	14.5	8.8	22.4	8.5	-1.0	16.2
Capital goods, except automotive	7	-14.7	14.3	28.7	15.1	19.1	13.5	10.3
Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts	8	-3.7	-5.9	23.4	-31.1	-7.3	36.1	-7.9
Computers, peripherals, and parts	9	-7.8	19.4	25.9	23.1	21.3	10.7	22.5
Other	10	-18.0	19.0	30.5	29.2	25.4	9.4	13.2
Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts	11	-33.1	36.3	70.6	35.9	19.5	-6.4	7.4
Consumer goods, except automotive	12	-7.2	9.2	23.9	11.0	-4.6	7.2	18.5
Durable goods	13	-16.8	17.4	24.8	13.7	23.2	9.4	13.3
Nondurable goods	14	5.2	1.1	22.9	8.3	-28.0	4.6	24.9
Other	15	-4.0	9.2	92.5	-17.5	53.9	3.6	-42.0
Exports of services ¹	16	-3.9	5.8	10.2	5.8	3.9	8.9	5.0
Transfers under U.S. military agency sales contracts	17	16.1	8.5	-80.4	78.4	21.6	45.7	-0.4
Travel	18	-10.9	7.3	7.6	19.5	0.3	15.0	5.2
Passenger fares	19	-3.9	-4.3	-22.1	-9.3	-5.3	24.5	9.7
Other transportation	20	-14.6	9.5	20.9	10.4	8.0	-4.3	7.0
Royalties and license fees	21	-4.3	9.6	69.5	-5.8	9.0	4.7	2.8
Other private services	22	0.4	4.4	9.8	2.2	3.7	7.3	5.5
Other	23	-7.1	0.9	-4.0	25.1	-8.1	-2.4	2.8
Imports of goods and services	24	-13.8	12.7	4.9	11.2	33.5	16.8	-12.4
Imports of goods ¹	25	-15.8	14.8	6.2	12.0	40.5	17.4	-14.1
Foods, feeds, and beverages	26	-5.4	3.1	-2.5	18.0	5.4	-0.6	-14.7
Industrial supplies and materials, except petroleum and products	27	-24.3	14.9	19.9	30.1	31.5	0.6	-16.8
Durable goods	28	-29.9	15.6	31.0	43.3	39.5	-8.3	-17.0
Nondurable goods	29	-18.3	14.1	10.4	18.5	23.8	10.8	-16.5
Petroleum and products	30	-8.8	0.7	-47.4	-3.4	78.6	43.6	-55.7
Capital goods, except automotive	31	-16.8	22.5	32.2	15.5	49.0	16.4	8.7
Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts	32	-18.1	-0.3	14.7	-10.5	-0.3	20.2	4.4
Computers, peripherals, and parts	33	-1.5	27.5	79.2	8.8	51.5	-20.9	-9.1
Other	34	-21.4	23.4	18.3	22.2	54.5	35.4	16.4
Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts	35	-32.4	42.0	52.0	12.1	69.9	15.6	-17.9
Consumer goods, except automotive	36	-10.8	12.6	19.2	7.7	25.3	18.1	-2.1
Durable goods	37	-14.1	16.1	18.8	18.5	31.3	19.2	0.4
Nondurable goods	38	-6.9	8.9	19.6	-3.2	18.8	16.8	-4.9
Other	39	-7.0	7.1	4.2	35.7	-24.2	1.9	92.2
Imports of services ¹	40	-4.2	3.5	-0.5	7.8	4.3	14.2	-3.7
Direct defense expenditures	41	11.5	2.5	-16.5	9.0	26.4	24.4	-21.0
Travel	42	-2.1	-3.9	-11.3	3.0	-6.4	22.6	-6.0
Passenger fares	43	-13.8	-0.7	-28.1	0.2	-6.7	35.4	-11.4
Other transportation	44	-15.9	11.5	3.5	33.4	28.9	15.0	-19.1
Royalties and license fees	45	-2.0	15.6	36.3	60.9	-17.4	5.3	10.3
Other private services	46	-3.6	4.2	6.0	0.7	5.8	7.5	5.0
Other	47	7.2	-3.1	13.1	-22.0	0.6	12.7	-5.6
Addenda:								
Exports of durable goods	48	-17.1	17.4	33.6	15.8	23.6	6.3	7.5
Exports of nondurable goods	49	-2.3	10.2	28.3	11.1	-6.4	5.0	18.9
Exports of agricultural goods ²	50	-3.2	8.5	59.2	14.6	-32.4	14.1	45.0
Exports of nonagricultural goods	51	-12.8	15.3	29.1	13.9	17.1	5.1	8.7
Imports of durable goods	52	-20.6	22.7	30.7	19.1	43.2	13.1	0.2
Imports of nondurable goods	53	-9.4	5.4	-18.2	3.7	37.1	23.2	-30.0
Imports of nonpetroleum goods	54	-17.4	18.2	24.3	15.9	32.9	12.3	-1.0

Table 4.2.2. Contributions to Percent Change in Real Exports and in Real Imports of Goods and Services by Type of Product

	Line	2009	2010	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates				
				2009		2010		
				IV	I	II	III	IV
Percent change at annual rate:								
Exports of goods and services	1	-9.5	11.8	24.4	11.4	9.1	6.8	9.6
Percentage points at annual rates:								
Exports of goods ¹	2	-8.35	9.92	20.66	9.53	7.91	4.09	8.07
Foods, feeds, and beverages	3	-0.26	0.50	3.56	0.00	-2.12	1.18	2.41
Industrial supplies and materials	4	-1.32	2.93	2.50	3.63	3.45	-0.62	2.91
Durable goods	5	-0.89	1.05	1.23	0.82	2.23	-0.49	0.66
Nondurable goods	6	-0.44	1.88	1.27	2.81	1.22	-0.13	2.25
Capital goods, except automotive	7	-3.75	3.45	6.71	3.60	4.34	3.17	2.50
Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts	8	-0.16	-0.28	1.05	-1.56	-0.29	1.24	-0.31
Computers, peripherals, and parts	9	-0.18	0.45	0.60	0.51	0.47	0.25	0.50
Other	10	-3.41	3.28	5.07	4.65	4.16	1.69	2.31
Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts	11	-2.24	1.86	3.34	1.92	1.14	-0.40	0.44
Consumer goods, except automotive	12	-0.65	0.87	2.20	1.03	-0.40	0.63	1.57
Durable goods	13	-0.85	0.82	1.17	0.65	1.01	0.44	0.63
Nondurable goods	14	0.21	0.05	1.03	0.38	-1.41	0.19	0.95
Other	15	-0.13	0.31	2.35	-0.64	1.49	0.13	-1.77
Exports of services ¹	16	-1.17	1.87	3.70	1.84	1.21	2.67	1.53
Transfers under U.S. military agency sales contracts	17	0.12	0.08	-1.54	0.50	0.18	0.36	0.00
Travel	18	-0.65	0.44	0.46	1.05	0.02	0.81	0.29
Passenger fares	19	-0.06	-0.06	-0.38	-0.15	-0.09	0.37	0.15
Other transportation	20	-0.35	0.21	0.46	0.23	0.17	-0.10	0.15
Royalties and license fees	21	-0.22	0.54	3.22	-0.34	0.49	0.26	0.15
Other private services	22	0.06	0.66	1.51	0.32	0.52	0.99	0.76
Other	23	-0.07	0.01	-0.03	0.22	-0.08	-0.02	0.02
Percent change at annual rate:								
Imports of goods and services	24	-13.8	12.7	4.9	11.2	33.5	16.8	-12.4
Percentage points at annual rates:								
Imports of goods ¹	25	-13.15	12.01	5.04	9.81	32.50	14.41	-11.79
Foods, feeds, and beverages	26	-0.20	0.12	-0.10	0.68	0.32	0.01	-0.58
Industrial supplies and materials, except petroleum and products	27	-2.88	1.48	1.76	2.82	3.46	0.16	-1.82
Durable goods	28	-1.82	0.78	1.28	1.88	2.10	-0.42	-0.94
Nondurable goods	29	-1.06	0.70	0.48	0.94	1.36	0.58	-0.88
Petroleum and products	30	-1.39	0.22	-9.57	-0.53	10.32	5.70	-11.48
Capital goods, except automotive	31	-3.13	3.99	5.20	2.76	8.49	3.22	1.68
Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts	32	-0.27	0.00	0.20	-0.15	0.02	0.26	0.06
Computers, peripherals, and parts	33	-0.06	1.27	2.98	0.45	2.45	-1.17	-0.43
Other	34	-2.80	2.73	2.02	2.46	6.02	4.12	2.05
Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts	35	-3.11	3.28	3.83	1.10	5.66	1.52	-1.84
Consumer goods, except automotive	36	-2.17	2.64	3.76	1.69	5.27	3.69	-0.37
Durable goods	37	-1.54	1.74	1.93	1.94	3.39	2.10	0.10
Nondurable goods	38	-0.63	0.90	1.84	-0.26	1.88	1.59	-0.47
Other	39	-0.27	0.28	0.15	1.30	-1.01	0.11	2.62
Imports of services ¹	40	-0.70	0.64	-0.11	1.40	0.95	2.41	-0.59
Direct defense expenditures	41	0.13	0.03	-0.27	0.13	0.36	0.30	-0.29
Travel	42	-0.07	-0.14	-0.43	0.10	-0.20	0.68	-0.19
Passenger fares	43	-0.18	-0.01	-0.42	0.00	-0.08	0.40	-0.15
Other transportation	44	-0.34	0.23	0.06	0.59	0.60	0.32	-0.43
Royalties and license fees	45	-0.02	0.19	0.39	0.64	-0.23	0.07	0.12
Other private services	46	-0.26	0.35	0.48	0.06	0.50	0.58	0.37
Other	47	0.03	-0.02	0.07	-0.13	0.01	0.06	-0.03

1. Exports and imports of certain goods, primarily military equipment purchased and sold by the federal government, are included in services. Beginning with 1986, repairs and alterations of equipment are reclassified from goods to services.

1. Exports and imports of certain goods, primarily military equipment purchased and sold by the federal government, are included in services. Beginning with 1986, repairs and alterations of equipment are reclassified from goods to services.

2. Includes parts of foods, feeds, and beverages, of nondurable industrial supplies and materials, and of nondurable nonautomotive consumer goods.

Table 4.2.3. Real Exports and Imports of Goods and Services by Type of Product, Quantity Indexes

[Index numbers, 2005=100]

	Line	2009	2010	Seasonally adjusted				
				2009		2010		
					IV	I	II	III	IV
Exports of goods and services	1	114.228	127.698	120.569	123.858	126.592	128.679	131.662
Exports of goods ¹	2	112.377	128.896	120.484	124.495	127.939	129.762	133.387
Foods, feeds, and beverages....	3	119.593	128.974	131.879	131.570	119.371	125.993	138.960
Industrial supplies and materials.....	4	122.237	140.744	130.126	135.959	141.499	140.409	145.111
Durable goods	5	110.948	129.181	118.330	121.957	132.175	129.768	132.824
Nondurable goods	6	128.530	147.194	136.690	143.763	146.727	146.348	151.937
Capital goods, except automotive.....	7	109.611	125.233	114.390	118.484	123.775	127.747	130.927
Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts.....	8	111.788	105.220	113.223	103.159	101.233	109.350	107.136
Computers, peripherals, and parts	9	109.844	131.196	116.994	123.237	129.334	132.649	139.565
Other	10	109.055	129.824	114.421	121.979	129.089	132.032	136.195
Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts	11	79.703	108.604	97.647	105.426	110.219	108.414	110.358
Consumer goods, except automotive.....	12	122.962	134.327	129.465	132.889	131.340	133.641	139.438
Durable goods	13	116.895	137.201	125.284	129.359	136.273	139.377	143.794
Nondurable goods	14	129.674	131.150	133.993	136.693	125.920	127.348	134.638
Other	15	104.532	114.144	113.577	108.241	120.552	121.634	106.147
Exports of services ¹	16	118.303	125.139	120.822	122.533	123.708	126.380	127.936
Transfers under U.S. military agency sales contracts.....	17	79.562	86.356	68.607	79.290	83.261	91.477	91.396
Travel.....	18	105.933	113.696	106.436	111.275	111.369	115.338	116.801
Passenger fares.....	19	118.913	113.830	113.963	111.207	109.690	115.857	118.566
Other transportation.....	20	78.584	86.071	82.866	84.948	86.591	85.643	87.102
Royalties and license fees.....	21	127.266	139.534	138.305	136.244	139.221	140.845	141.827
Other private services.....	22	135.924	141.922	138.502	139.253	140.507	142.999	144.929
Other	23	113.285	114.297	109.926	116.267	113.850	113.148	113.923
Imports of goods and services	24	91.418	102.987	93.874	96.401	103.613	107.718	104.215
Imports of goods ¹	25	88.615	101.699	91.691	94.321	102.690	106.881	102.904
Foods, feeds, and beverages....	26	100.247	103.322	99.211	103.392	104.766	104.606	100.525
Industrial supplies and materials, except petroleum and products.....	27	70.179	80.631	72.464	77.388	82.870	82.996	79.270
Durable goods	28	63.205	73.047	64.120	70.158	76.241	74.598	71.193
Nondurable goods	29	78.304	89.372	82.132	85.692	90.396	92.745	88.654
Petroleum and products	30	91.277	91.942	83.281	82.572	95.452	104.485	85.258
Capital goods, except automotive.....	31	100.488	123.061	107.326	111.259	122.917	127.683	130.383
Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts.....	32	97.152	96.861	97.089	94.422	94.360	98.799	99.863
Computers, peripherals, and parts	33	128.862	164.283	154.025	157.304	174.522	164.589	160.716
Other	34	92.488	114.095	95.050	99.934	111.417	120.186	124.842
Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts	35	62.815	89.227	77.916	80.166	91.520	94.888	90.332
Consumer goods, except automotive.....	36	100.742	113.458	104.637	106.588	112.769	117.551	116.925
Durable goods	37	97.959	113.687	101.163	105.539	112.973	118.053	118.183
Nondurable goods	38	103.984	113.221	108.685	107.815	112.552	116.996	115.521
Other	39	85.500	91.549	85.374	92.138	85.974	86.381	101.704
Imports of services ¹	40	106.461	110.207	105.772	107.766	108.916	112.601	111.547
Direct defense expenditures	41	84.230	86.366	79.822	81.555	86.468	91.328	86.112
Travel.....	42	94.753	91.081	89.575	90.241	88.750	93.384	91.950
Passenger fares.....	43	82.595	82.023	80.538	80.588	79.196	85.429	82.879
Other transportation.....	44	69.772	77.781	68.666	73.800	78.643	81.447	77.235
Royalties and license fees.....	45	93.572	108.190	98.297	110.710	105.554	106.919	109.577
Other private services.....	46	153.013	159.481	155.617	155.877	158.093	160.984	162.968
Other	47	103.894	100.716	105.837	99.454	99.601	102.634	101.177
Addenda:								
Exports of durable goods	48	105.658	124.014	113.456	117.690	124.085	125.986	128.294
Exports of nondurable goods....	49	124.782	137.557	133.351	136.892	134.661	136.327	142.347
Exports of agricultural goods ² ..	50	119.801	129.996	129.793	134.290	121.767	125.844	138.083
Exports of nonagricultural goods.....	51	111.564	128.646	119.476	123.437	128.403	130.006	132.739
Imports of durable goods.....	52	84.904	104.203	91.699	95.804	104.797	108.082	108.132
Imports of nondurable goods....	53	92.827	97.836	90.934	91.754	99.294	104.615	95.682
Imports of nonpetroleum goods....	54	87.632	103.544	93.235	96.736	103.859	106.918	106.663

1. Exports and imports of certain goods, primarily military equipment purchased and sold by the federal government, are included in services. Beginning with 1986, repairs and alterations of equipment are reclassified from goods to services.
 2. Includes parts of foods, feeds, and beverages, of nondurable industrial supplies and materials, and of nondurable nonautomotive consumer goods.

Table 4.2.4. Price Indexes for Exports and Imports of Goods and Services by Type of Product

[Index numbers, 2005=100]

	Line	2009	2010	Seasonally adjusted				
				2009		2010		
					IV	I	II	III	IV
Exports of goods and services	1	105.877	110.317	107.424	108.771	110.060	110.122	112.315
Exports of goods ¹	2	104.403	109.401	106.072	107.565	108.965	109.072	112.001
Foods, feeds, and beverages....	3	133.190	138.325	132.498	133.688	132.417	136.779	150.414
Industrial supplies and materials.....	4	105.615	121.042	111.130	115.679	120.780	120.342	127.365
Durable goods	5	105.465	117.817	111.684	114.959	117.813	116.417	122.080
Nondurable goods	6	105.764	122.740	110.960	116.130	122.344	122.390	130.096
Capital goods, except automotive.....	7	99.386	99.420	99.593	99.741	99.689	99.446	98.805
Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts.....	8	119.652	122.827	120.575	121.580	122.005	123.329	124.393
Computers, peripherals, and parts	9	75.405	73.509	75.836	74.195	74.881	72.881	72.079
Other	10	99.185	98.952	99.181	99.480	99.213	99.010	98.105
Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts	11	104.184	104.731	104.256	104.667	104.552	104.663	105.042
Consumer goods, except automotive.....	12	105.846	107.007	106.377	106.350	106.612	106.833	108.233
Durable goods	13	104.740	103.519	104.924	103.046	103.215	103.374	104.441
Nondurable goods	14	107.311	111.139	108.251	110.257	110.627	110.928	112.745
Other	15	107.180	112.902	109.075	110.798	112.307	112.547	115.955
Exports of services ¹	16	109.172	112.316	110.437	111.451	112.480	112.435	112.896
Transfers under U.S. military agency sales contracts.....	17	108.405	109.663	108.764	109.264	109.602	109.912	109.875
Travel.....	18	108.384	112.055	110.122	110.685	111.874	112.578	113.082
Passenger fares.....	19	105.968	123.124	106.391	116.367	127.141	127.244	121.744
Other transportation.....	20	109.143	112.695	109.597	111.011	112.341	113.108	114.322
Royalties and license fees.....	21	109.566	110.885	110.173	110.651	110.668	110.837	111.383
Other private services.....	22	109.554	111.787	111.088	111.354	111.787	111.463	112.544
Other	23	112.687	115.856	115.119	118.642	118.434	113.894	112.453
Imports of goods and services	24	105.987	112.828	111.222	114.514	112.234	109.892	114.673
Imports of goods ¹	25	104.908	112.380	110.650	114.497	111.653	108.977	114.391
Foods, feeds, and beverages....	26	119.547	130.516	121.299	125.014	128.725	130.572	137.754
Industrial supplies and materials, except petroleum and products.....	27	104.555	116.335	108.628	115.671	116.200	114.718	118.751
Durable goods	28	109.987	126.422	117.310	122.633	127.602	124.790	130.663
Nondurable goods	29	98.862	106.384	100.046	108.346	105.102	104.783	107.215
Petroleum and products	30	116.302	154.849	151.436	172.189	149.107	131.634	166.463
Capital goods, except automotive.....	31	96.638	95.874	96.302	96.167	95.857	95.705	95.766
Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts.....	32	122.356	125.541	124.009	124.825	124.898	125.888	126.554
Computers, peripherals, and parts	33	78.061	76.471	77.338	76.896	76.716	76.435	75.836
Other	34	101.339	100.674	101.032	100.984	100.578	100.405	100.730
Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts	35	104.762	105.549	105.380	105.068	105.238	105.696	106.193
Consumer goods, except automotive.....	36	103.890	103.937	103.913	104.203	104.292	103.787	103.468
Durable goods	37	102.723	101.597	102.948	102.711	102.417	100.927	100.334
Nondurable goods	38	105.286	106.721	105.082	105.971	106.514	107.192	107.206
Other	39	110.922	113.306	111.112	112.415	113.310	113.499	114.000
Imports of services ¹	40	110.711	114.772	113.650	114.351	114.813	114.164	115.762
Direct defense expenditures	41	120.298	119.550	127.988	126.660	119.537	113.024	118.979
Travel.....	42	112.056	119.381	118.796	118.974	118.653	119.688	120.830
Passenger fares.....	43	120.290	136.600	124.846	130.594	140.742	134.893	140.170
Other transportation.....	44	96.231	102.617	96.687	99.081	102.166	104.073	105.148
Royalties and license fees.....	45	109.553	110.877	110.16				

**Table 4.2.5. Exports and Imports of Goods and Services
by Type of Product**
[Billions of dollars]

	Line	2009	2010	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates				
				2009		2010		
				IV	I	II	III	IV
Exports of goods and services	1	1,578.4	1,838.5	1,689.9	1,757.8	1,817.9	1,848.9	1,929.4
Exports of goods ¹	2	1,063.1	1,277.7	1,157.6	1,213.0	1,262.8	1,282.0	1,353.2
Foods, feeds, and beverages.....	3	93.9	105.5	103.0	103.7	93.2	101.6	123.3
Industrial supplies and materials.....	4	293.7	387.3	328.5	357.2	388.2	383.8	419.8
Durable goods.....	5	96.2	125.0	108.4	115.0	127.8	124.0	133.1
Nondurable goods.....	6	197.5	262.3	220.0	242.2	260.4	259.8	286.8
Capital goods, except automotive.....	7	390.5	446.2	408.3	423.6	442.3	455.3	463.7
Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts.....	8	74.8	72.2	76.3	70.1	69.0	75.3	74.4
Computers, peripherals, and parts.....	9	37.7	43.9	40.4	41.6	44.1	44.0	45.8
Other.....	10	278.0	330.1	291.7	311.9	329.2	336.0	343.4
Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts.....	11	81.7	111.9	100.2	108.6	113.4	111.7	114.1
Consumer goods, except automotive.....	12	150.0	165.7	158.7	162.9	161.4	164.6	174.0
Durable goods.....	13	76.0	88.2	81.6	82.7	87.3	89.4	93.2
Nondurable goods.....	14	74.0	77.5	77.2	80.2	74.1	75.1	80.7
Other.....	15	53.2	61.2	58.8	56.9	64.3	65.0	58.4
Exports of services ¹	16	515.3	560.7	532.3	544.8	555.1	566.9	576.2
Transfers under U.S. military agency sales contracts.....	17	15.6	17.1	13.5	15.7	16.5	18.2	18.2
Travel.....	18	93.9	104.2	95.9	100.7	101.9	106.2	108.0
Passenger fares.....	19	26.4	29.4	25.4	27.1	29.2	30.9	30.3
Other transportation.....	20	35.4	40.0	37.5	38.9	40.2	40.0	41.1
Royalties and license fees.....	21	89.8	99.6	98.1	97.1	99.2	100.5	101.7
Other private services.....	22	238.3	253.9	246.2	248.1	251.4	255.1	261.0
Other.....	23	15.8	16.4	15.7	17.1	16.7	16.0	15.9
Imports of goods and services	24	1,964.7	2,354.1	2,116.3	2,237.6	2,357.1	2,399.4	2,422.4
Imports of goods ¹	25	1,587.8	1,949.6	1,731.8	1,843.5	1,957.2	1,988.2	2,009.4
Foods, feeds, and beverages.....	26	81.6	91.8	81.9	88.0	91.8	93.0	94.3
Industrial supplies and materials, except petroleum and products.....	27	195.2	249.2	209.2	237.9	255.9	253.0	250.2
Durable goods.....	28	94.6	125.7	102.3	117.0	132.4	126.6	126.6
Nondurable goods.....	29	100.6	123.6	106.8	120.8	123.5	126.4	123.6
Petroleum and products.....	30	267.4	355.1	317.6	358.1	358.5	346.4	357.4
Capital goods, except automotive.....	31	369.7	449.2	393.6	407.4	448.6	465.3	475.5
Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts.....	32	30.6	31.3	31.0	30.3	30.3	32.0	32.5
Computers, peripherals, and parts.....	33	93.9	117.4	111.3	113.0	125.1	117.5	113.9
Other.....	34	245.3	300.5	251.3	264.1	293.2	315.8	329.0
Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts.....	35	157.6	225.3	196.4	201.5	230.4	239.9	229.5
Consumer goods, except automotive.....	36	430.7	485.3	447.5	457.1	484.0	502.1	497.9
Durable goods.....	37	225.4	258.6	233.3	242.8	259.2	266.9	265.6
Nondurable goods.....	38	205.3	226.6	214.2	214.3	224.8	235.2	232.2
Other.....	39	85.6	93.7	85.6	93.5	87.9	88.5	104.7
Imports of services ¹	40	376.9	404.6	384.5	394.1	400.0	411.2	413.0
Direct defense expenditures.....	41	30.5	31.0	30.8	31.1	31.1	31.1	30.8
Travel.....	42	73.2	75.0	73.4	74.0	72.6	76.7	76.6
Passenger fares.....	43	26.0	29.3	26.3	27.5	29.2	30.2	30.4
Other transportation.....	44	41.6	49.4	41.1	45.2	49.7	52.4	50.2
Royalties and license fees.....	45	25.2	29.5	26.7	30.1	28.7	29.2	30.0
Other private services.....	46	168.9	178.6	174.2	174.6	177.1	179.7	183.0
Other.....	47	11.5	11.7	12.1	11.5	11.5	11.9	11.9
Addenda:								
Exports of durable goods.....	48	671.0	801.9	728.0	758.4	802.9	812.9	833.2
Exports of nondurable goods.....	49	392.1	475.9	429.6	454.6	459.9	469.1	520.0
Exports of agricultural goods ²	50	101.0	116.8	110.3	115.2	104.0	111.3	136.6
Exports of nonagricultural goods.....	51	962.1	1,161.0	1,047.3	1,097.8	1,158.7	1,170.7	1,216.6
Imports of durable goods.....	52	890.1	1,105.6	968.4	1,015.5	1,114.6	1,143.0	1,149.4
Imports of nondurable goods.....	53	697.7	843.9	763.4	827.9	842.6	845.2	859.9
Imports of nonpetroleum goods.....	54	1,320.4	1,594.5	1,414.2	1,485.4	1,598.7	1,641.8	1,651.9

**Table 4.2.6. Real Exports and Imports of Goods and Services
by Type of Product, Chained Dollars**
[Billions of chained (2005) dollars]

	Line	2009	2010	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates				
				2009		2010		
				IV	I	II	III	IV
Exports of goods and services	1	1,490.7	1,666.5	1,573.5	1,616.4	1,652.1	1,679.3	1,718.3
Exports of goods ¹	2	1,018.2	1,167.9	1,091.7	1,128.0	1,159.2	1,175.8	1,208.6
Foods, feeds, and beverages.....	3	70.5	76.0	77.8	77.6	70.4	74.3	81.9
Industrial supplies and materials.....	4	278.1	320.2	296.0	309.3	321.9	319.4	330.1
Durable goods.....	5	91.2	106.2	97.3	100.2	108.6	106.7	109.2
Nondurable goods.....	6	186.8	213.9	198.6	208.9	213.2	212.7	220.8
Capital goods, except automotive.....	7	392.9	448.9	410.0	424.7	443.6	457.9	469.3
Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts.....	8	62.5	58.8	63.3	57.7	56.6	61.1	59.9
Computers, peripherals, and parts ²	9	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Other.....	10	280.3	333.6	294.1	313.5	331.8	339.3	350.0
Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts.....	11	78.4	106.9	96.1	103.7	108.5	106.7	108.6
Consumer goods, except automotive.....	12	141.8	154.9	149.3	153.2	151.4	154.1	160.8
Durable goods.....	13	72.6	85.2	77.8	80.3	84.6	86.5	89.3
Nondurable goods.....	14	69.0	69.8	71.3	72.7	67.0	67.7	71.6
Other.....	15	49.7	54.2	54.0	51.4	57.3	57.8	50.4
Exports of services ¹	16	472.0	499.3	482.0	488.9	493.6	504.2	510.4
Transfers under U.S. military agency sales contracts.....	17	14.4	15.6	12.4	14.3	15.1	16.6	16.5
Travel.....	18	86.7	93.0	87.1	91.0	91.1	94.3	95.5
Passenger fares.....	19	24.9	23.9	23.9	23.3	23.0	24.3	24.9
Other transportation.....	20	32.4	35.5	34.2	35.1	35.7	35.4	36.0
Royalties and license fees.....	21	82.0	89.9	89.1	87.7	89.7	90.7	91.3
Other private services.....	22	217.5	227.1	221.7	222.9	224.9	228.9	232.0
Other.....	23	14.0	14.2	13.6	14.4	14.1	14.0	14.1
Residual.....	24	7.8	3.0	7.9	5.6	1.6	1.9	2.7
Imports of goods and services	25	1,853.8	2,088.4	1,903.6	1,954.8	2,101.1	2,184.3	2,113.3
Imports of goods ¹	26	1,513.5	1,737.0	1,566.1	1,611.0	1,753.9	1,825.5	1,757.6
Foods, feeds, and beverages.....	27	68.3	70.4	67.6	70.4	71.3	71.2	68.5
Industrial supplies and materials, except petroleum and products.....	28	186.7	214.5	192.8	205.9	220.5	220.8	210.9
Durable goods.....	29	86.0	99.4	87.2	95.4	103.7	101.5	96.8
Nondurable goods.....	30	101.8	116.2	106.8	111.4	117.5	120.6	115.3
Petroleum and products.....	31	229.9	231.6	209.7	208.0	240.4	263.2	214.7
Capital goods, except automotive.....	32	382.6	468.5	408.6	423.6	468.0	486.1	496.4
Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts.....	33	25.0	24.9	25.0	24.3	24.3	25.4	25.7
Computers, peripherals, and parts ²	34	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Other.....	35	242.0	298.6	248.7	261.5	291.6	314.5	326.7
Automotive vehicles, engines, and parts.....	36	150.4	213.7	186.6	192.0	219.1	227.2	216.3
Consumer goods, except automotive.....	37	414.6	466.9	430.6	438.6	464.1	483.8	481.2
Durable goods.....	38	219.4	254.7	226.6	236.4	253.1	264.5	264.7
Nondurable goods.....	39	195.0	212.3	203.8	202.2	211.1	219.4	216.6
Other.....	40	77.2	82.6	77.1	83.2	77.6	78.0	91.8
Imports of services ¹	41	340.5	352.5	338.3	344.6	348.3	360.1	356.7
Direct defense expenditures.....	42	25.3	26.0	24.0	24.5	26.0	27.5	25.9
Travel.....	43	65.4	62.8	61.8	62.2	61.2	64.4	63.4
Passenger fares.....	44	21.6	21.4	21.1	21.1	20.7	22.3	21.7
Other transportation.....	45	43.2	48.2	42.5	45.7	48.7	50.4	47.8
Royalties and license fees.....	46	23.0	26.6	24.2	27.2	26.0	26.3	27.0
Other private services.....	47	149.7	156.0	152.2	152.5	154.6	157.5	159.4
Other.....	48	10.6	10.3	10.8	10.2	10.2	10.5	10.4
Residual.....	49	-0.2	-0.6	-15.8	-20.2	-18.8	-13.7	-29.4
Addenda:								
Exports of durable goods.....	50	660.2	774.9	708.9	735.4	775.4	787.2	801.7
Exports of nondurable goods.....	51	350.9	386.8	375.0	385.0	378.7	383.4	400.3
Exports of agricultural goods ³	52	77.7	84.4	84.2	87.1	79.0	81.7	89.6
Exports of nonagricultural goods.....	53	938.5	1,082.2	1,005.0	1,038.4	1,080.1	1,093.6	1,116.6
Imports of durable goods.....	54	870.6	1,068.5	940.2	982.3	1,074.5	1,108.2	1,108.7
Imports of nondurable goods.....	55	633.7	667.9	620.7	626.3	677.8	714.1	653.1
Imports of nonpetroleum goods.....	56	1,276.0	1,507.7	1,357.6	1,408.6	1,512.3	1,556.9	1,553.1

1. Exports and imports of certain goods, primarily military equipment purchased and sold by the federal government, are included in services. Beginning with 1986, repairs and alterations of equipment are reclassified from goods to services.

2. Includes parts of foods, feeds, and beverages, of nondurable industrial supplies and materials, and of nondurable nonautomotive consumer goods.

1. Exports and imports of certain goods, primarily military equipment purchased and sold by the federal government, are included in services. Beginning with 1986, repairs and alterations of equipment are reclassified from goods to services.

2. The quantity index for computers can be used to accurately measure the real growth of this component. However, because computers exhibit rapid changes in prices relative to other prices in the economy, the chained-dollar estimates should not be used to measure the component's relative importance or its contribution to the growth rate of more aggregate series; accurate estimates of these contributions are shown in table 4.2.2 and real growth rates are shown in table 4.2.1.

5. Saving and Investment

Table 5.1. Saving and Investment by Sector

[Billions of dollars]

	Line	2009	2010	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates					
				2009	2010				
					IV	I	II	III	IV
Gross saving	1	1,533.8	.....	1,562.5	1,621.5	1,723.9	1,731.4	.....
Net saving	2	-327.4	.....	-289.8	-230.9	-136.5	-140.5	.....
Net private saving	3	944.5	.....	1,006.7	1,054.8	1,184.3	1,155.2	.....
Domestic business.....	4	284.2	.....	390.6	443.0	480.1	474.2	.....
Undistributed corporate profits.....	5	342.9	.....	520.8	649.4	654.2	679.9	.....
Inventory valuation adjustment, corporate.....	6	11.9	.....	-67.2	-36.4	-3.5	-36.4	.....
Capital consumption adjustment, corporate.....	7	-70.6	-131.5	-63.0	-169.9	-170.7	-169.3	-16.1	
Households and institutions.....	8	660.3	655.7	616.0	611.8	704.3	681.0	626.0	
Personal saving.....	9	655.3	655.7	616.0	611.8	704.3	681.0	626.0	
Wage accruals less disbursements.....	10	5.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Net government saving.....	11	-1,271.9	.....	-1,296.4	-1,285.7	-1,320.8	-1,295.6	.....
Federal.....	12	-1,251.7	.....	-1,310.3	-1,314.2	-1,336.5	-1,343.4	.....
State and local.....	13	-20.1	.....	13.9	28.6	15.8	47.7	.....
Consumption of fixed capital	14	1,861.1	1,868.8	1,852.2	1,852.4	1,860.4	1,871.9	1,890.6	
Private.....	15	1,535.8	1,533.9	1,525.5	1,522.8	1,527.4	1,535.5	1,550.1	
Domestic business.....	16	1,245.2	1,241.4	1,234.7	1,231.1	1,236.9	1,243.0	1,254.6	
Households and institutions.....	17	290.6	292.5	290.8	291.7	290.5	292.5	295.5	
Government.....	18	325.3	334.9	326.8	329.6	333.0	336.4	340.5	
Federal.....	19	124.3	129.7	125.9	127.3	128.8	130.2	132.3	
State and local.....	20	200.9	205.2	200.8	202.3	204.2	206.1	208.2	
Gross domestic investment, capital account transactions, and net lending, NIPAs	21	1,712.9	.....	1,737.6	1,785.7	1,855.0	1,912.4	.....
Gross domestic investment	22	2,092.6	2,332.2	2,138.2	2,230.7	2,347.4	2,426.4	2,324.1	
Gross private domestic investment.....	23	1,589.2	1,822.5	1,637.7	1,739.7	1,841.8	1,907.2	1,801.5	
Domestic business.....	24	1,176.5	1,419.0	1,225.7	1,337.2	1,423.6	1,512.9	1,402.3	
Households and institutions.....	25	412.7	403.5	412.0	402.6	418.2	394.3	399.2	
Gross government investment.....	26	503.4	509.6	500.5	491.0	505.6	519.3	522.6	
Federal.....	27	152.4	170.8	158.1	160.8	168.2	172.3	181.7	
State and local.....	28	351.0	338.9	342.4	330.2	337.4	346.9	340.9	
Capital account transactions (net) ¹	29	0.6	.....	0.7	0.4	0.5	0.6	.....
Private.....	30	-142.2	.....	-116.9	-94.0	-126.6	-57.3	.....
Domestic business.....	31	-125.0	.....	-90.4	-72.7	-102.2	-29.0	.....
Households and institutions.....	32	-17.3	.....	-26.4	-21.3	-24.3	-28.4	.....
Government.....	33	142.8	.....	117.6	94.4	127.1	57.9	.....
Federal.....	34	196.8	.....	179.4	135.9	176.1	117.0	.....
State and local.....	35	-54.0	.....	-61.8	-41.5	-49.1	-59.1	.....
Net lending or net borrowing (-), NIPAs	36	-380.3	.....	-401.3	-445.4	-493.0	-514.6	.....
Private.....	37	1,212.5	.....	1,186.5	1,096.0	1,127.5	1,021.9	.....
Domestic business.....	38	657.0	.....	665.2	573.8	526.6	414.3	.....
Households and institutions.....	39	555.5	.....	521.3	522.1	600.9	607.6	.....
Government.....	40	-1,592.7	.....	-1,587.8	-1,541.4	-1,620.5	-1,536.4	.....
Federal.....	41	-1,476.6	.....	-1,521.9	-1,483.6	-1,552.1	-1,502.5	.....
State and local.....	42	-116.1	.....	-65.9	-57.7	-68.4	-34.0	.....
Statistical discrepancy	43	179.1	.....	175.2	164.2	131.1	181.0	.....
Addenda:									
Gross private saving.....	44	2,480.3	.....	2,532.1	2,577.5	2,711.7	2,690.7	.....
Domestic business.....	45	1,529.4	.....	1,625.3	1,674.1	1,716.9	1,717.2	.....
Households and institutions.....	46	950.9	948.3	906.8	903.4	994.8	973.5	921.4	
Gross government saving.....	47	-946.6	.....	-969.7	-956.0	-987.8	-959.2	.....
Federal.....	48	-1,127.4	.....	-1,184.4	-1,186.9	-1,207.8	-1,213.1	.....
State and local.....	49	180.8	.....	214.7	230.9	220.0	253.9	.....
Net domestic investment.....	50	231.5	463.3	286.0	378.3	487.1	554.5	433.5	
Private.....	51	53.4	288.6	112.3	217.0	314.4	371.6	251.3	
Domestic business.....	52	-68.7	177.6	-9.0	106.1	186.8	269.9	147.6	
Households and institutions.....	53	122.0	111.0	121.2	110.9	127.6	101.8	103.7	
Government.....	54	178.1	174.7	173.8	161.3	172.6	182.9	182.1	
Federal.....	55	28.1	41.1	32.2	33.5	39.4	42.1	49.4	
State and local.....	56	150.0	133.6	141.6	127.8	133.2	140.8	132.7	
Gross saving as a percentage of gross national income	57	10.9	.....	11.0	11.2	11.8	11.7	.....
Net saving as a percentage of gross national income	58	-2.3	.....	-2.0	-1.6	-0.9	-1.0	.....
Disaster losses ²	59	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Private.....	60	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Domestic business.....	61	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Households and institutions.....	62	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Government.....	63	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Federal.....	64	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
State and local.....	65	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	

1. Consists of capital transfers and the acquisition and disposal of nonproduced nonfinancial assets. Prior to 1982, reflects only capital grants paid to the U.S. territories and the Commonwealths of Puerto Rico and Northern Mariana Islands.

2. Consists of damages to fixed assets.

Table 5.3.1. Percent Change From Preceding Period in Real Private Fixed Investment by Type
 [Percent]

	Line	2009	2010	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates				
				2009	2010			
				IV	I	II	III	IV
Private fixed investment	1	-18.3	3.8	-1.3	3.3	18.9	1.5	4.8
Nonresidential	2	-17.1	5.6	-1.4	7.8	17.2	10.0	5.3
Structures	3	-20.4	-13.8	-29.2	-17.8	-0.5	-3.5	4.5
Commercial and health care	4	-29.9	-25.4	-34.8	-28.5	-18.0	-11.4	-14.4
Manufacturing	5	7.6	-32.0	-41.8	-43.8	-18.3	-39.4	-29.8
Power and communication	6	2.5	-9.5	-19.3	-33.7	-7.1	-26.6	81.9
Mining exploration, shafts, and wells	7	-35.5	26.5	-10.4	93.4	58.2	64.4	5.0
Other structures ¹	8	-18.7	-27.4	-37.5	-36.0	-16.0	-15.4	-19.4
Equipment and software	9	-15.3	15.1	14.6	20.4	24.8	15.4	5.5
Information processing equipment and software	10	0.2	13.3	22.4	8.4	15.3	8.8	11.5
Computers and peripheral equipment	11	-1.5	26.7	80.6	4.8	45.2	1.3	17.9
Software ²	12	1.7	9.6	14.2	9.2	8.1	9.8	7.7
Other ³	13	-1.1	12.7	13.5	8.8	13.0	11.1	13.8
Industrial equipment	14	-23.3	5.7	-3.0	0.2	44.2	6.9	10.9
Transportation equipment	15	-51.5	60.9	40.2	173.9	74.8	64.4	-25.4
Other equipment ⁴	16	-22.3	9.1	-4.3	32.7	16.2	19.4	6.1
Residential	17	-22.9	-3.0	-0.8	-12.3	25.7	-27.3	2.8
Structures	18	-23.2	-3.3	-1.1	-12.8	26.2	-28.0	2.6
Permanent site	19	-40.0	-3.7	-1.4	1.2	13.5	-23.6	-14.8
Single family	20	-40.8	8.7	18.8	19.3	22.4	-26.3	-16.4
Multifamily	21	-36.7	-50.1	-60.1	-64.9	-38.2	4.2	-0.5
Other structures ⁵	22	-6.5	-3.0	-1.0	-20.7	34.8	-30.5	14.9
Equipment	23	-7.1	8.1	11.2	11.2	8.3	2.4	8.5
Addenda:								
Private fixed investment in structures	24	-21.6	-9.2	-17.8	-15.5	11.3	-15.8	3.6
Private fixed investment in equipment and software	25	-15.2	15.0	14.6	20.3	24.6	15.3	5.6
Private fixed investment in new structures ⁶	26	-22.5	-9.5	-21.3	-11.9	6.8	-9.2	1.1
Nonresidential structures	27	-20.3	-13.7	-29.1	-17.5	-0.4	-3.4	4.4
Residential structures	28	-25.6	-3.1	-8.1	-3.5	17.4	-16.5	-3.3

1. Consists primarily of religious, educational, vocational, lodging, railroads, farm, and amusement and recreational structures, net purchases of used structures, and brokers' commissions on the sale of structures.
2. Excludes software "embedded" or bundled, in computers and other equipment.
3. Includes communication equipment, nonmedical instruments, medical equipment and instruments, photocopy and related equipment, and office and accounting equipment.
4. Consists primarily of furniture and fixtures, agricultural machinery, construction machinery, mining and oilfield machinery, service industry machinery, and electrical equipment not elsewhere classified.
5. Consists primarily of manufactured homes, improvements, dormitories, net purchases of used structures, and brokers' commissions on the sale of residential structures.
6. Excludes net purchases of used structures and brokers' commissions on the sale of structures.

Table 5.3.2. Contributions to Percent Change in Real Private Fixed Investment by Type

	Line	2009	2010	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates				
				2009	2010			
				IV	I	II	III	IV
Percent change at annual rate:								
Private fixed investment	1	-18.3	3.8	-1.3	3.3	18.9	1.5	4.8
Percentage points at annual rates:								
Nonresidential	2	-13.34	4.43	-1.11	6.03	13.92	7.70	4.27
Structures	3	-5.52	-3.60	-8.52	-4.52	0.14	-0.77	0.97
Commercial and health care	4	-2.58	-1.88	-2.88	-2.05	-1.07	-0.63	-0.78
Manufacturing	5	0.21	-1.17	-1.86	-1.74	-0.53	-1.20	-0.75
Power and communication	6	0.11	-0.50	-1.19	-2.14	-0.35	-1.41	2.86
Mining exploration, shafts, and wells	7	-2.34	1.27	-0.49	3.18	2.67	3.04	0.32
Other structures ¹	8	-0.92	-1.33	-2.10	-1.78	-0.59	-0.56	-0.68
Equipment and software	9	-7.81	8.03	7.41	10.55	13.79	8.46	3.30
Information processing equipment and software	10	0.05	4.11	6.51	2.70	5.10	2.82	3.71
Computers and peripheral equipment	11	-0.06	1.24	2.96	0.25	2.17	0.07	0.93
Software ²	12	0.21	1.46	2.08	1.43	1.34	1.50	1.21
Other ³	13	-0.10	1.41	1.47	1.02	1.59	1.25	1.57
Industrial equipment	14	-2.14	0.52	-0.27	0.02	3.48	0.62	0.98
Transportation equipment	15	-3.65	2.58	1.56	5.25	3.62	3.33	-1.98
Other equipment ⁴	16	-2.07	0.82	-0.40	2.59	1.58	1.70	0.59
Residential	17	-5.01	-0.63	-0.18	-2.69	4.95	-6.21	0.53
Structures	18	-4.97	-0.67	-0.24	-2.75	4.90	-6.22	0.49
Permanent site	19	-4.27	-0.29	-0.12	0.09	1.06	-1.96	-1.10
Single family	20	-3.50	1.10	1.18	1.18	1.45	-1.99	-1.10
Multifamily	21	-0.77	-0.83	-1.21	-1.09	-0.39	0.03	0.00
Other structures ⁵	22	-0.70	-0.37	-0.12	-2.84	3.84	-4.26	1.59
Equipment	23	-0.03	0.04	0.06	0.06	0.04	0.01	0.04
Addenda:								
Private fixed investment in structures	24	-10.50	-4.27	-8.76	-7.27	5.04	-6.98	1.46
Private fixed investment in equipment and software	25	-7.85	8.07	7.46	10.60	13.83	8.48	3.34
Private fixed investment in new structures ⁶	26	-10.28	-4.10	-9.88	-5.05	3.00	-3.62	0.44
Nonresidential structures	27	-5.51	-3.56	-8.47	-4.46	0.15	-0.74	0.95
Residential structures	28	-4.77	-0.53	-1.42	-0.59	2.85	-2.88	-0.51

1. Consists primarily of religious, educational, vocational, lodging, railroads, farm, and amusement and recreational structures, net purchases of used structures, and brokers' commissions on the sale of structures.
2. Excludes software "embedded" or bundled, in computers and other equipment.
3. Includes communication equipment, nonmedical instruments, medical equipment and instruments, photocopy and related equipment, and office and accounting equipment.
4. Consists primarily of furniture and fixtures, agricultural machinery, construction machinery, mining and oilfield machinery, service industry machinery, and electrical equipment not elsewhere classified.
5. Consists primarily of manufactured homes, improvements, dormitories, net purchases of used structures, and brokers' commissions on the sale of residential structures.
6. Excludes net purchases of used structures and brokers' commissions on the sale of structures.

Table 5.3.3. Real Private Fixed Investment by Type, Quantity Indexes
[Index numbers, 2005=100]

	Line	2009	2010	Seasonally adjusted				
				2009	2010			
					IV	I	II	III	IV
Private fixed investment	1	76.835	79.757	76.198	76.826	80.219	80.517	81.465
Nonresidential	2	95.804	101.159	94.879	96.677	100.592	103.019	104.347
Structures	3	105.064	90.524	95.310	90.761	90.649	89.848	90.837
Commercial and health care	4	78.754	58.733	67.889	62.430	59.416	57.644	55.444
Manufacturing	5	174.631	118.698	154.206	133.491	126.895	111.942	102.466
Power and communication	6	167.925	151.960	170.722	154.038	151.234	139.990	162.578
Mining exploration, shafts, and wells	7	83.433	105.529	76.540	90.256	101.224	114.617	116.020
Other structures ¹	8	115.316	83.689	99.916	89.368	85.567	82.062	77.760
Equipment and software	9	92.035	105.938	94.895	99.408	105.067	108.898	110.377
Information processing equipment and software	10	125.368	142.030	133.164	135.861	140.775	143.763	147.721
Computers and peripheral equipment	11	156.682	198.592	180.635	182.749	200.624	201.263	209.733
Software ²	12	118.929	130.351	123.600	126.350	128.839	131.877	134.340
Other ³	13	120.829	136.188	127.510	130.239	134.286	137.856	142.372
Industrial equipment	14	82.784	87.525	80.385	80.422	88.127	89.605	91.948
Transportation equipment	15	38.207	61.477	41.000	52.744	60.651	68.682	63.830
Other equipment ⁴	16	77.020	84.050	74.133	79.571	82.614	86.365	87.648
Residential	17	44.220	42.893	44.092	42.670	45.177	41.719	42.008
Structures	18	43.638	42.207	43.476	42.007	44.520	41.016	41.285
Permanent site	19	27.025	26.020	26.444	26.520	27.376	25.593	24.590
Single family	20	24.324	26.449	25.577	26.732	28.115	26.046	24.903
Multifamily	21	49.595	24.753	34.990	26.926	23.876	24.120	24.091
Other structures ⁵	22	71.926	69.757	72.464	68.392	73.694	67.279	69.663
Equipment	23	91.636	99.048	94.261	96.793	98.733	99.309	101.356
Addenda:								
Private fixed investment in structures	24	64.317	58.378	60.837	58.325	59.905	57.383	57.897
Private fixed investment in equipment and software	25	92.031	105.872	94.888	99.383	105.006	108.807	110.291
Private fixed investment in new structures ⁶	26	65.466	59.225	61.073	59.161	60.145	58.716	58.879
Nonresidential structures	27	105.306	90.880	95.602	91.101	91.001	90.223	91.195
Residential structures	28	42.105	40.781	40.912	40.547	42.208	40.353	40.018

1. Consists primarily of religious, educational, vocational, lodging, railroads, farm, and amusement and recreational structures, net purchases of used structures, and brokers' commissions on the sale of structures.
2. Excludes software "embedded" or bundled, in computers and other equipment.
3. Includes communication equipment, nonmedical instruments, medical equipment and instruments, photocopy and related equipment, and office and accounting equipment.
4. Consists primarily of furniture and fixtures, agricultural machinery, construction machinery, mining and oilfield machinery, service industry machinery, and electrical equipment not elsewhere classified.
5. Consists primarily of manufactured homes, improvements, dormitories, net purchases of used structures, and brokers' commissions on the sale of residential structures.
6. Excludes net purchases of used structures and brokers' commissions on the sale of structures.

Table 5.3.4. Price Indexes for Private Fixed Investment by Type
[Index numbers, 2005=100]

	Line	2009	2010	Seasonally adjusted				
				2009	2010			
					IV	I	II	III	IV
Private fixed investment	1	105.260	103.625	104.030	103.661	103.487	103.523	103.828
Nonresidential	2	105.700	103.713	104.144	103.639	103.636	103.689	103.888
Structures	3	122.187	120.443	119.017	119.291	119.887	120.755	121.838
Commercial and health care	4	119.695	115.856	116.716	116.128	115.560	116.674	116.610
Manufacturing	5	120.815	118.172	117.989	117.803	117.989	118.282	118.615
Power and communication	6	120.791	122.260	118.579	119.713	121.865	122.272	124.272
Mining exploration, shafts, and wells	7	132.162	130.505	126.324	127.720	129.287	131.340	133.671
Other structures ¹	8	114.059	110.932	111.674	111.291	110.679	110.646	111.112
Equipment and software	9	99.620	97.701	98.721	97.954	97.764	97.574	97.514
Information processing equipment and software	10	89.062	87.366	88.285	87.923	87.583	87.121	86.838
Computers and peripheral equipment	11	64.734	61.765	63.072	62.638	61.989	61.448	60.984
Software ²	12	100.364	99.442	99.973	99.700	99.538	99.233	99.295
Other ³	13	88.358	86.567	87.661	87.249	86.909	86.333	85.777
Industrial equipment	14	113.766	115.050	114.098	114.362	114.891	115.168	115.779
Transportation equipment	15	109.977	100.804	105.729	101.206	100.648	100.465	100.897
Other equipment ⁴	16	112.772	111.210	112.063	110.841	110.947	111.558	111.493
Residential	17	102.736	102.412	102.712	102.869	102.030	101.994	102.755
Structures	18	102.758	102.588	102.816	103.004	102.175	102.166	103.006
Permanent site	19	102.804	101.297	102.331	102.055	100.505	100.884	101.745
Single family	20	99.893	98.284	99.287	99.020	97.516	97.883	98.719
Multifamily	21	120.414	119.366	120.584	120.259	118.433	118.879	119.894
Other structures ⁵	22	102.448	103.161	102.874	103.356	102.991	102.736	103.561
Equipment	23	99.815	93.990	96.720	95.771	94.639	93.667	91.883
Addenda:								
Private fixed investment in structures	24	110.622	109.616	109.042	109.269	109.140	109.556	110.501
Private fixed investment in equipment and software	25	99.622	97.667	98.702	97.934	97.734	97.538	97.462
Private fixed investment in new structures ⁶	26	112.275	111.361	110.550	110.840	110.818	111.383	112.402
Nonresidential structures	27	122.394	120.649	119.205	119.484	120.089	120.966	122.057
Residential structures	28	104.411	104.595	104.493	104.810	104.053	104.273	105.245

1. Consists primarily of religious, educational, vocational, lodging, railroads, farm, and amusement and recreational structures, net purchases of used structures, and brokers' commissions on the sale of structures.
2. Excludes software "embedded" or bundled, in computers and other equipment.
3. Includes communication equipment, nonmedical instruments, medical equipment and instruments, photocopy and related equipment, and office and accounting equipment.
4. Consists primarily of furniture and fixtures, agricultural machinery, construction machinery, mining and oilfield machinery, service industry machinery, and electrical equipment not elsewhere classified.
5. Consists primarily of manufactured homes, improvements, dormitories, net purchases of used structures, and brokers' commissions on the sale of residential structures.
6. Excludes net purchases of used structures and brokers' commissions on the sale of structures.

Table 5.3.5. Private Fixed Investment by Type

[Billions of dollars]

	Line	2009	2010	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates				
				2009	2010			
				IV	I	II	III	IV
Private fixed investment	1	1,716.4	1,753.6	1,681.9	1,689.8	1,761.4	1,768.6	1,794.7
Nonresidential	2	1,364.4	1,413.2	1,330.9	1,349.6	1,404.2	1,438.8	1,460.2
Structures	3	451.6	382.8	398.2	380.1	381.5	380.9	388.5
Commercial and health care	4	128.1	92.2	107.4	98.2	93.0	90.3	87.2
Manufacturing	5	63.1	41.9	54.4	47.0	44.7	39.6	36.3
Power and communication	6	91.6	83.9	91.5	83.3	83.3	77.9	91.3
Mining exploration, shafts, and wells	7	85.0	105.7	74.1	88.3	100.2	115.3	118.8
Other structures ¹	8	83.8	59.0	71.0	63.3	60.2	57.7	54.9
Equipment and software	9	912.8	1,030.4	932.7	969.5	1,022.7	1,057.9	1,071.6
Information processing equipment and software	10	530.7	589.9	559.0	568.0	586.2	595.5	609.9
Computers and peripheral equipment	11	80.0	97.0	90.1	90.5	98.4	97.8	101.2
Software ²	12	260.2	282.6	269.4	274.7	279.6	285.3	290.8
Other ³	13	190.4	210.3	199.5	202.8	208.3	212.4	217.9
Industrial equipment	14	150.4	160.8	146.4	146.8	161.6	164.7	169.9
Transportation equipment	15	76.4	112.6	78.8	97.0	110.9	125.4	117.0
Other equipment ⁴	16	155.4	167.2	148.6	157.7	163.9	172.3	174.8
Residential	17	352.1	340.4	351.0	340.2	357.2	329.8	334.5
Structures	18	343.1	331.3	342.1	331.1	348.1	320.7	325.4
Permanent site	19	133.6	126.7	130.0	130.1	132.2	124.1	120.2
Single family	20	105.3	112.7	110.1	114.8	118.9	110.5	106.6
Multifamily	21	28.2	14.0	20.0	15.3	13.4	13.6	13.7
Other structures ⁵	22	209.5	204.7	212.0	201.0	215.9	196.6	205.2
Equipment	23	8.9	9.1	8.9	9.1	9.1	9.1	9.1
Addenda:								
Private fixed investment in structures	24	794.7	714.1	740.3	711.2	729.6	701.5	713.9
Private fixed investment in equipment and software	25	921.7	1,039.5	941.6	978.6	1,031.8	1,067.0	1,080.7
Private fixed investment in new structures ⁶	26	740.3	663.5	679.2	659.7	670.5	665.9	665.8
Nonresidential structures	27	451.5	383.4	398.5	380.6	382.1	381.6	389.2
Residential structures	28	288.8	280.1	280.8	279.1	288.4	276.3	276.6

1. Consists primarily of religious, educational, vocational, lodging, railroads, farm, and amusement and recreational structures, net purchases of used structures, and brokers' commissions on the sale of structures.

2. Excludes software "embedded" or bundled, in computers and other equipment.

3. Includes communication equipment, nonmedical instruments, medical equipment and instruments, photocopy and related equipment, and office and accounting equipment.

4. Consists primarily of furniture and fixtures, agricultural machinery, construction machinery, mining and oilfield machinery, service industry machinery, and electrical equipment not elsewhere classified.

5. Consists primarily of manufactured homes, improvements, dormitories, net purchases of used structures, and brokers' commissions on the sale of residential structures.

6. Excludes net purchases of used structures and brokers' commissions on the sale of structures.

Table 5.3.6. Real Private Fixed Investment by Type, Chained Dollars

[Billions of chained (2005) dollars]

	Line	2009	2010	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates				
				2009	2010			
				IV	I	II	III	IV
Private fixed investment	1	1,630.7	1,692.7	1,617.1	1,630.5	1,702.5	1,708.8	1,728.9
Nonresidential	2	1,290.8	1,362.9	1,278.3	1,302.6	1,355.3	1,388.0	1,405.9
Structures	3	369.6	318.4	335.3	319.3	318.9	316.0	319.5
Commercial and health care	4	107.0	79.8	92.3	84.9	80.8	78.4	75.4
Manufacturing	5	52.2	35.5	46.1	39.9	37.9	33.5	30.6
Power and communication	6	75.8	68.6	77.1	69.6	68.3	63.2	73.4
Mining exploration, shafts, and wells	7	64.3	81.3	59.0	69.6	78.0	88.3	89.4
Other structures ¹	8	73.5	53.3	63.7	57.0	54.5	52.3	49.6
Equipment and software	9	916.3	1,054.7	944.7	989.7	1,046.0	1,084.2	1,098.9
Information processing equipment and software	10	595.8	675.0	632.9	645.7	669.1	683.3	702.1
Computers and peripheral equipment ²	11							
Software ³	12	259.3	284.2	269.5	275.4	280.9	287.5	292.9
Other ⁴	13	215.5	242.9	227.4	232.3	239.5	245.9	254.0
Industrial equipment	14	132.2	139.7	128.3	128.4	140.7	143.0	146.8
Transportation equipment	15	69.4	111.7	74.5	95.8	110.2	124.8	116.0
Other equipment ⁵	16	137.8	150.4	132.7	142.4	147.8	154.5	156.8
Residential	17	342.7	332.4	341.7	330.7	350.1	323.3	325.5
Structures	18	333.9	323.0	332.7	321.4	340.7	313.8	315.9
Permanent site	19	129.9	125.1	127.1	127.5	131.6	123.1	118.2
Single family	20	105.4	114.7	110.9	115.9	121.9	112.9	108.0
Multifamily	21	23.5	11.7	16.6	12.7	11.3	11.4	11.4
Other structures ⁶	22	204.5	198.4	206.1	194.5	209.6	191.3	198.1
Equipment	23	9.0	9.7	9.2	9.5	9.7	9.7	9.9
Residual	24	-22.3	-45.9	-38.8	-41.6	-46.9	-46.7	-48.9
Addenda:								
Private fixed investment in structures	25	718.4	652.0	679.5	651.4	669.1	640.9	646.7
Private fixed investment in equipment and software	26	925.2	1,064.4	954.0	999.1	1,055.7	1,093.9	1,108.8
Private fixed investment in new structures ⁷	27	659.4	596.5	615.1	595.9	605.8	591.4	593.0
Nonresidential structures	28	368.9	318.4	334.9	319.2	318.8	316.1	319.5
Residential structures	29	276.6	267.9	268.7	266.3	277.3	265.1	262.9

1. Consists primarily of religious, educational, vocational, lodging, railroads, farm, and amusement and recreational structures, net purchases of used structures, and brokers' commissions on the sale of structures.

2. The quantity index for computers can be used to accurately measure the real growth rate of this component. However, because computers exhibit rapid changes in prices relative to other prices in the economy, the chained-dollar estimates should not be used to measure the component's relative importance or its contribution to the growth rate of more aggregate series; accurate estimates of these contributions are shown in table 5.3.2 and real growth rates are shown in table 5.3.1.

3. Excludes software "embedded" or bundled, in computers and other equipment.

4. Includes communication equipment, nonmedical instruments, medical equipment and instruments, photocopy and related equipment, and office and accounting equipment.

5. Consists primarily of furniture and fixtures, agricultural machinery, construction machinery, mining and oilfield machinery, service industry machinery, and electrical equipment not elsewhere classified.

6. Consists primarily of manufactured homes, improvements, dormitories, net purchases of used structures, and brokers' commissions on the sale of residential structures.

7. Excludes net purchases of used structures and brokers' commissions on the sale of structures.

NOTE: Chained (2005) dollar series are calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the 2005 current-dollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive. The residual line is the difference between the first line and the sum of the most detailed lines.

Table 5.6.5B. Change in Private Inventories by Industry

[Billions of dollars]

	Line	2009	2010	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates				
				2009	2010			
					IV	I	II	III	IV
Change in private inventories	1	-127.2	68.9	-44.2	50.0	80.4	138.6	6.8
Farm	2	3.8	6.5	7.1	9.3	9.6	6.3	1.0
Mining, utilities, and construction	3	-3.3	-2.5	-17.3	-11.9	4.9	-2.9	-0.2
Manufacturing	4	-30.4	20.8	-7.0	23.6	-2.1	33.6	28.3
Durable goods industries	5	-34.2	18.5	-21.8	9.9	25.0	20.8	18.3
Nondurable goods industries	6	3.8	2.3	14.8	13.7	-27.1	12.7	10.0
Wholesale trade	7	-56.0	32.1	-10.9	15.7	36.5	67.6	8.5
Durable goods industries	8	-52.7	19.3	-27.5	9.3	12.7	31.7	23.5
Nondurable goods industries	9	-3.4	12.8	16.6	6.3	23.8	36.0	-15.0
Retail trade	10	-33.8	10.1	-9.5	13.7	27.2	31.6	-32.1
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	11	-13.3	5.6	6.5	12.3	17.2	25.0	-32.1
Food and beverage stores	12	-0.7	-0.4	-3.4	1.3	-1.1	0.4	-2.0
General merchandise stores	13	-3.3	2.6	-1.1	-0.2	4.9	2.3	3.4
Other retail stores	14	-16.6	2.3	-11.5	0.3	6.2	3.9	-1.4
Other industries	15	-7.5	1.9	-6.6	-0.3	4.3	2.4	1.4
Addenda:								
Change in private inventories	16	-127.2	68.9	-44.2	50.0	80.4	138.6	6.8
Durable goods industries	17	-114.4	42.6	-60.2	26.7	55.3	77.4	10.8
Nondurable goods industries	18	-12.8	26.4	16.0	23.2	25.1	61.2	-4.0
Nonfarm industries	19	-131.1	62.4	-51.3	40.7	70.8	132.2	5.8
Nonfarm change in book value ¹	20	-152.7	113.2	25.1	93.6	67.3	174.5	117.2
Nonfarm inventory valuation adjustment ²	21	21.6	-50.8	-76.3	-53.0	3.5	-42.3	-111.4
Wholesale trade	22	-56.0	32.1	-10.9	15.7	36.5	67.6	8.5
Merchant wholesale trade	23	-45.2	20.5	-8.0	7.2	22.0	53.7	-0.7
Durable goods industries	24	-42.1	13.2	-23.2	6.3	7.8	23.5	15.0
Nondurable goods industries	25	-3.0	7.4	15.2	0.9	14.2	30.2	-15.7
Nonmerchant wholesale trade	26	-10.9	11.5	-2.9	8.4	14.5	14.0	9.1

1. This series is derived from the Census Bureau series "current cost inventories."

2. The inventory valuation adjustment (IVA) shown in this table differs from the IVA that adjusts business incomes. The IVA in this table reflects the mix of methods (such as first-in, first-out and last-in, first-out) underlying inventories derived primarily from Census Bureau statistics (see footnote 1). This mix differs from that underlying business income derived primarily from Internal Revenue Service statistics.

NOTE: Estimates in this table are based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

Table 5.6.6B. Change in Real Private Inventories by Industry, Chained Dollars

[Billions of chained (2005) dollars]

	Line	2009	2010	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates				
				2009	2010			
					IV	I	II	III	IV
Change in private inventories	1	-113.1	60.4	-36.7	44.1	68.8	121.4	7.1
Farm	2	3.4	5.4	6.4	7.6	7.8	5.1	1.3
Mining, utilities, and construction	3	-2.8	-2.2	-15.7	-10.4	4.3	-2.6	-0.2
Manufacturing	4	-26.6	17.6	-4.6	21.0	-3.4	29.6	23.3
Durable goods industries	5	-31.5	16.4	-20.0	8.9	22.1	18.5	16.0
Nondurable goods industries	6	3.8	1.5	13.8	11.9	-24.4	11.1	7.4
Wholesale trade	7	-48.9	27.5	-8.7	13.2	31.2	57.3	8.4
Durable goods industries	8	-48.7	17.3	-24.9	8.3	11.4	28.3	21.0
Nondurable goods industries	9	-2.2	10.6	13.9	4.9	19.0	28.3	-9.8
Retail trade	10	-31.4	9.3	-8.8	12.6	24.9	28.7	-29.1
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	11	-13.0	5.4	6.2	11.9	16.6	23.7	-30.8
Food and beverage stores	12	-0.6	-0.3	-2.9	1.1	-0.9	0.3	-1.6
General merchandise stores	13	-3.0	2.3	-1.0	-0.2	4.4	2.1	3.0
Other retail stores	14	-15.0	2.0	-10.3	0.3	5.6	3.5	-1.2
Other industries	15	-6.9	1.8	-6.0	-0.2	3.9	2.1	1.2
Residual	16	3.4	0.2	3.8	0.0	-1.0	1.0	0.8
Addenda:								
Change in private inventories	17	-113.1	60.4	-36.7	44.1	68.8	121.4	7.1
Durable goods industries	18	-106.7	38.5	-55.6	24.4	50.0	69.9	9.6
Nondurable goods industries	19	-9.6	22.5	16.3	20.0	19.8	52.3	-1.9
Nonfarm industries	20	-116.9	55.0	-43.0	36.5	61.0	116.6	5.7
Wholesale trade	21	-48.9	27.5	-8.7	13.2	31.2	57.3	8.4
Merchant wholesale trade	22	-39.5	17.8	-6.8	6.1	18.7	45.3	1.0
Durable goods industries	23	-38.8	11.8	-20.9	5.7	7.0	21.0	13.5
Nondurable goods industries	24	-2.1	6.3	12.3	0.7	11.2	23.6	-10.3
Nonmerchant wholesale trade	25	-9.5	9.7	-1.9	6.9	12.4	12.0	7.3

NOTE: Estimates in this table are based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

Chained (2005) dollar series for real change in private inventories are calculated as the period-to-period change in chained-dollar end-of-period inventories. Quarterly changes in end-of-period inventories are stated at annual rates. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive. The residual line is the difference between the first line and the sum of the most detailed lines.

Table 5.7.5B. Private Inventories and Domestic Final Sales by Industry

[Billions of dollars]

	Line	Seasonally adjusted quarterly totals				
		2009	2010			
		IV	I	II	III	IV
Private inventories¹	1	1,922.8	1,954.7	1,952.6	2,038.1	2,126.5
Farm.....	2	178.8	188.8	186.1	211.1	235.7
Mining, utilities, and construction.....	3	85.7	86.8	86.3	86.4	86.9
Manufacturing.....	4	593.7	597.5	588.4	606.5	641.7
Durable goods industries.....	5	321.6	328.7	336.3	342.8	352.9
Nondurable goods industries.....	6	272.1	268.8	252.1	263.7	288.8
Wholesale trade.....	7	449.5	458.0	461.1	492.0	518.5
Durable goods industries.....	8	238.0	242.9	246.6	255.1	265.0
Nondurable goods industries.....	9	211.5	215.1	214.5	236.9	253.5
Retail trade.....	10	465.9	472.8	479.0	490.0	487.8
Motor vehicle and parts dealers.....	11	137.1	141.2	146.9	154.1	144.9
Food and beverage stores.....	12	41.8	43.0	41.8	42.3	43.2
General merchandise stores.....	13	77.7	78.0	79.4	80.5	82.3
Other retail stores.....	14	209.3	210.6	210.8	213.2	217.4
Other industries.....	15	149.1	150.9	151.7	152.1	156.1
Addenda:						
Private inventories.....	16	1,922.8	1,954.7	1,952.6	2,038.1	2,126.5
Durable goods industries.....	17	778.5	794.0	811.4	832.7	844.4
Nondurable goods industries.....	18	1,144.3	1,160.7	1,141.2	1,205.4	1,282.1
Nonfarm industries.....	19	1,744.0	1,766.0	1,766.5	1,827.0	1,890.9
Wholesale trade.....	20	449.5	458.0	461.1	492.0	518.5
Merchant wholesale trade.....	21	393.8	398.7	400.8	426.4	445.3
Durable goods industries.....	22	214.5	218.4	220.8	227.1	234.4
Nondurable goods industries.....	23	179.3	180.4	180.1	199.3	210.8
Nonmerchant wholesale trade.....	24	55.7	59.2	60.3	65.5	73.2
Final sales of domestic business²	25	786.6	790.1	795.9	802.2	820.8
Final sales of goods and structures of domestic business²	26	407.7	408.5	410.2	414.3	430.2
Ratios of private inventories to final sales of domestic business:						
Private inventories to final sales.....	27	2.44	2.47	2.45	2.54	2.59
Nonfarm inventories to final sales.....	28	2.22	2.23	2.22	2.28	2.30
Nonfarm inventories to final sales of goods and structures.....	29	4.28	4.32	4.31	4.41	4.40

1. Inventories are as of the end of the quarter. The quarter-to-quarter change in inventories calculated from current-dollar inventories in this table is not the current-dollar change in private inventories component of GDP. The former is the difference between two inventory stocks, each valued at its respective end-of-quarter prices. The latter is the change in the physical volume of inventories valued at average prices of the quarter. In addition, changes calculated from this table are at quarterly rates, whereas, the change in private inventories is stated at annual rates.

2. Quarterly totals at monthly rates. Final sales of domestic business equals final sales of domestic product less gross output of general government, gross value added of nonprofit institutions, compensation paid to domestic workers, and imputed rental of owner-occupied nonfarm housing. It includes a small amount of final sales by farm and by government enterprises.

NOTE: Estimates in this table are based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

Table 5.7.6B. Real Private Inventories and Real Domestic Final Sales by Industry, Chained Dollars

[Billions of chained (2005) dollars]

	Line	Seasonally adjusted quarterly totals				
		2009	2010			
		IV	I	II	III	IV
Private inventories¹	1	1,702.2	1,713.2	1,730.4	1,760.8	1,762.5
Farm.....	2	160.3	162.2	164.1	165.4	165.7
Mining, utilities, and construction.....	3	77.9	75.2	76.3	75.7	75.6
Manufacturing.....	4	512.5	517.8	517.0	524.4	530.2
Durable goods industries.....	5	290.9	293.1	298.6	303.2	307.2
Nondurable goods industries.....	6	220.9	223.8	217.8	220.5	222.4
Wholesale trade.....	7	385.9	389.2	397.0	411.3	413.4
Durable goods industries.....	8	216.2	218.3	221.2	228.3	233.5
Nondurable goods industries.....	9	168.3	169.5	174.2	181.3	178.9
Retail trade.....	10	428.2	431.4	437.6	444.8	437.5
Motor vehicle and parts dealers.....	11	133.5	136.4	140.6	146.5	138.8
Food and beverage stores.....	12	35.6	35.9	35.6	35.7	35.3
General merchandise stores.....	13	70.8	70.7	71.9	72.4	73.1
Other retail stores.....	14	187.7	187.8	189.2	190.1	189.8
Other industries.....	15	135.5	135.5	136.5	137.0	137.3
Residual.....	16	4.6	4.8	4.4	4.7	4.9
Addenda:						
Private inventories.....	17	1,702.2	1,713.2	1,730.4	1,760.8	1,762.5
Durable goods industries.....	18	716.1	722.2	734.7	752.2	754.6
Nondurable goods industries.....	19	982.3	987.3	992.2	1,005.3	1,004.8
Nonfarm industries.....	20	1,541.4	1,550.5	1,565.8	1,594.9	1,596.4
Wholesale trade.....	21	385.9	389.2	397.0	411.3	413.4
Merchant wholesale trade.....	22	338.8	340.3	345.0	356.3	356.5
Durable goods industries.....	23	194.3	195.8	197.5	202.8	206.1
Nondurable goods industries.....	24	143.2	143.4	146.2	152.1	149.5
Nonmerchant wholesale trade.....	25	47.1	48.8	51.9	54.9	56.8
Final sales of domestic business²	26	732.2	734.7	735.1	736.0	755.0
Final sales of goods and structures of domestic business²	27	393.2	396.3	395.4	394.7	411.9
Ratios of private inventories to final sales of domestic business:						
Private inventories to final sales.....	28	2.32	2.33	2.35	2.39	2.33
Nonfarm inventories to final sales.....	29	2.11	2.11	2.13	2.17	2.11
Nonfarm inventories to final sales of goods and structures.....	30	3.92	3.91	3.96	4.04	3.88

1. Inventories are as of the end of the quarter. The quarter-to-quarter changes calculated from this table are at quarterly rates, whereas the change in private inventories component of GDP is stated at annual rates.

2. Quarterly totals at monthly rates. Final sales of domestic business equals final sales of domestic product less gross output of general government, gross value added of nonprofit institutions, compensation paid to domestic workers, and imputed rental of owner-occupied nonfarm housing. It includes a small amount of final sales by farm and by government enterprises.

NOTE: Estimates in this table are based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

Chained (2005) dollar inventory series are calculated to ensure that the chained (2005) dollar change in inventories for 2005 equals the current-dollar change in inventories for 2005 and that the average of the 2004 and 2005 end-of-year chain-weighted and fixed-weighted inventories are equal.

Table 5.7.9B. Implicit Price Deflators for Private Inventories by Industry

[Index numbers, 2005=100]

	Line	Seasonally adjusted				
		2009	2010			
		IV	I	II	III	IV
Private inventories ¹	1	112.964	114.098	112.843	115.751	120.653
Farm	2	111.544	116.377	113.388	127.608	142.203
Mining, utilities, and construction	3	110.114	115.324	113.092	114.092	114.819
Manufacturing	4	115.838	115.392	113.819	115.669	121.027
Durable goods industries	5	110.578	112.134	112.626	113.037	114.851
Nondurable goods industries	6	123.179	120.103	115.761	119.591	129.851
Wholesale trade	7	116.497	117.682	116.168	119.611	125.413
Durable goods industries	8	110.080	111.270	111.513	111.750	113.475
Nondurable goods industries	9	125.704	126.893	123.121	130.653	141.724
Retail trade	10	108.803	109.610	109.453	110.173	111.497
Motor vehicle and parts dealers	11	102.745	103.500	104.513	105.160	104.388
Food and beverage stores	12	117.529	119.917	117.334	118.412	122.379
General merchandise stores	13	109.789	110.220	110.532	111.194	112.473
Other retail stores	14	111.482	112.169	111.435	112.166	114.589
Other industries	15	110.017	111.353	111.156	111.057	113.692
Addenda:						
Private inventories	16	112.964	114.098	112.843	115.751	120.653
Durable goods industries	17	108.717	109.939	110.436	110.708	111.898
Nondurable goods industries	18	116.494	117.566	115.017	119.900	127.598
Nonfarm industries	19	113.147	113.894	112.821	114.551	118.448
Wholesale trade	20	116.497	117.682	116.168	119.611	125.413
Merchant wholesale trade	21	116.250	117.178	116.198	119.691	124.895
Durable goods industries	22	110.346	111.536	111.771	112.023	113.741
Nondurable goods industries	23	125.205	125.786	123.150	131.025	140.988
Nonmerchant wholesale trade	24	118.292	121.292	116.146	119.273	128.899

1. Implicit price deflators are as of the end of the quarter and are consistent with inventory stocks.
 NOTE: Estimates in this table are based on the North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

6. Income and Employment by Industry

Table 6.1D. National Income Without Capital Consumption Adjustment by Industry
[Billions of dollars]

	Line	2009	2010	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates				
				2009	2010			
					IV	I	II	III	IV
National income without capital consumption adjustment	1	12,173.0	.....	12,354.4	12,706.6	12,868.0	12,964.4	.....
Domestic industries	2	12,026.8	.....	12,188.8	12,515.4	12,672.7	12,775.9	.....
Private industries	3	10,429.5	.....	10,582.2	10,891.9	11,039.6	11,149.4	.....
Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting.....	4	99.6	.....	106.1	106.7	110.4	122.6	.....
Mining.....	5	196.1	.....	200.5	240.0	229.5	233.0	.....
Utilities.....	6	184.3	.....	180.3	197.5	189.8	192.4	.....
Construction.....	7	518.6	.....	505.4	503.4	511.9	506.7	.....
Manufacturing.....	8	1,215.2	.....	1,232.5	1,314.0	1,360.9	1,363.4	.....
Durable goods.....	9	689.8	.....	717.3	774.2	799.1	819.1	.....
Nondurable goods.....	10	525.4	.....	515.2	539.8	561.8	544.3	.....
Wholesale trade.....	11	706.1	.....	696.5	724.4	749.3	738.9	.....
Retail trade.....	12	812.4	.....	815.5	854.8	861.0	862.5	.....
Transportation and warehousing.....	13	337.9	.....	339.5	353.8	371.5	378.7	.....
Information.....	14	423.2	.....	449.2	466.7	457.5	473.6	.....
Finance, insurance, real estate, rental, and leasing.....	15	2,200.7	.....	2,290.4	2,313.2	2,322.6	2,358.6	.....
Professional and business services ¹	16	1,684.8	.....	1,694.3	1,719.5	1,745.1	1,760.7	.....
Educational services, health care, and social assistance.....	17	1,244.8	.....	1,266.6	1,277.4	1,300.2	1,314.4	.....
Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation, and food services.....	18	453.0	.....	452.0	464.2	470.9	479.3	.....
Other services, except government.....	19	352.8	.....	353.5	356.1	359.1	364.6	.....
Government	20	1,597.2	.....	1,606.6	1,623.5	1,633.1	1,626.5	.....
Rest of the world	21	146.3	.....	165.5	191.2	195.3	188.5	.....

1. Consists of professional, scientific, and technical services; management of companies and enterprises; and administrative and waste management services.
NOTE: Estimates in this table are based on the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

Table 6.16D. Corporate Profits by Industry
[Billions of dollars]

	Line	2009	2010	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates				
				2009	2010			
					IV	I	II	III	IV
Corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments	1	1,258.0	.....	1,418.2	1,566.6	1,614.1	1,640.1	.....
Domestic industries	2	905.7	.....	1,055.7	1,178.1	1,222.7	1,257.7	.....
Financial ¹	3	242.4	.....	332.4	337.6	334.2	368.8	.....
Nonfinancial.....	4	663.3	.....	723.2	840.4	888.6	888.9	.....
Rest of the world	5	352.3	.....	362.6	388.5	391.3	382.4	.....
Receipts from the rest of the world.....	6	480.6	.....	529.1	561.4	557.5	566.3	.....
Less: Payments to the rest of the world.....	7	128.3	.....	166.5	172.9	166.1	183.9	.....
Corporate profits with inventory valuation adjustment	8	1,328.6	.....	1,481.2	1,736.5	1,784.7	1,809.3	.....
Domestic industries	9	976.3	.....	1,118.6	1,348.0	1,393.4	1,427.0	.....
Financial.....	10	258.0	.....	346.7	362.7	359.4	393.7	.....
Federal Reserve banks.....	11	47.3	.....	49.6	56.9	60.3	59.0	.....
Other financial ²	12	210.6	.....	297.1	305.8	299.1	334.6	.....
Nonfinancial.....	13	718.4	.....	771.9	985.3	1,034.0	1,033.3	.....
Utilities.....	14	30.0	.....	26.4	41.5	32.8	35.2	.....
Manufacturing.....	15	150.9	.....	170.9	250.4	277.1	269.2	.....
Durable goods.....	16	53.3	.....	83.9	140.1	147.0	160.5	.....
Fabricated metal products.....	17	16.4	.....	12.0	17.4	17.0	19.6	.....
Machinery.....	18	12.4	.....	14.3	19.9	23.3	29.1	.....
Computer and electronic products.....	19	13.4	.....	24.1	44.8	51.2	54.6	.....
Electrical equipment, appliances, and components.....	20	6.1	.....	6.3	9.2	9.6	9.4	.....
Motor vehicles, bodies and trailers, and parts.....	21	-23.5	.....	-4.6	5.7	8.4	9.8	.....
Other durable goods ³	22	28.5	.....	31.8	43.2	37.6	38.1	.....
Nondurable goods.....	23	97.5	.....	87.0	110.3	130.1	108.7	.....
Food and beverage and tobacco products.....	24	35.4	.....	31.5	36.6	35.1	34.0	.....
Petroleum and coal products.....	25	15.7	.....	9.7	33.5	55.2	22.7	.....
Chemical products.....	26	36.4	.....	35.1	28.7	30.6	38.4	.....
Other nondurable goods ⁴	27	10.1	.....	10.7	11.6	9.2	13.6	.....
Wholesale trade.....	28	80.4	.....	73.0	91.5	107.7	90.2	.....
Retail trade.....	29	99.0	.....	97.1	129.1	126.7	123.2	.....
Transportation and warehousing.....	30	24.7	.....	29.5	39.4	52.4	54.3	.....
Information.....	31	83.5	.....	109.0	112.9	104.9	114.6	.....
Other nonfinancial ⁵	32	250.0	.....	266.0	320.4	332.5	346.6	.....
Rest of the world	33	352.3	.....	362.6	388.5	391.3	382.4	.....

1. Consists of finance and insurance and bank and other holding companies.

2. Consists of credit intermediation and related activities; securities, commodity contracts, and other financial investments and related activities; insurance carriers and related activities; funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles; and bank and other holding companies.

3. Consists of wood products; nonmetallic mineral products; primary metals; other transportation equipment; furniture and related products; and miscellaneous manufacturing.

4. Consists of textile mills and textile product mills; apparel; leather and allied products; paper products; printing and related support activities; and plastics and rubber products.

5. Consists of agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting; mining; construction; real estate and rental and leasing; professional, scientific, and technical services; administrative and waste management services; educational services; health care and social assistance; arts, entertainment, and recreation; accommodation and food services; and other services, except government.

NOTE: Estimates in this table are based on the 2002 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS).

7. Supplemental Tables

Table 7.1. Selected Per Capita Product and Income Series in Current and Chained Dollars

[Dollars]

	Line	2009	2010	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates				
				2009	2010			
					IV	I	II	III	IV
Current dollars:								
Gross domestic product	1	45,918	47,267	46,277	46,734	47,070	47,498	47,763
Gross national product	2	46,394	47,267	46,813	47,352	47,701	48,105	48,105
Personal income	3	39,595	40,452	39,670	39,953	40,414	40,573	40,867
Disposable personal income	4	35,888	36,689	36,049	36,282	36,704	36,778	36,990
Personal consumption expenditures	5	32,526	33,378	32,839	33,097	33,208	33,392	33,810
Goods	6	10,507	11,050	10,738	10,934	10,905	11,015	11,344
Durable goods	7	3,338	3,513	3,384	3,431	3,468	3,504	3,647
Nondurable goods	8	7,169	7,537	7,354	7,503	7,437	7,511	7,698
Services	9	22,019	22,328	22,101	22,162	22,304	22,377	22,466
Chained (2005) dollars:								
Gross domestic product	10	41,890	42,713	42,198	42,504	42,602	42,773	42,971
Gross national product	11	42,327	42,713	42,688	43,067	43,176	43,323	43,323
Disposable personal income	12	32,847	33,016	32,673	32,717	33,100	33,103	33,144
Personal consumption expenditures	13	29,770	30,036	29,764	29,844	29,948	30,056	30,295
Goods	14	10,139	10,484	10,216	10,337	10,405	10,486	10,709
Durable goods	15	3,560	3,799	3,614	3,684	3,738	3,799	3,975
Nondurable goods	16	6,561	6,686	6,587	6,643	6,662	6,688	6,752
Services	17	19,619	19,557	19,541	19,506	19,544	19,575	19,601
Population (midperiod, thousands)	18	307,483	310,106	308,521	309,120	309,724	310,438	311,140

Table 7.2.1B. Percent Change from Preceding Period in Real Motor Vehicle Output

[Percent]

	Line	2009	2010	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates				
				2009	2010			
					IV	I	II	III	IV
Motor vehicle output								
Auto output	1	-24.7	25.9	13.7	42.3	-2.7	25.0	-13.1
Truck output	2	-33.0	16.8	21.4	69.7	-18.2	-26.2	-31.2
Final sales of domestic product	3	-18.5	31.3	9.3	27.5	8.4	66.0	-3.2
Personal consumption expenditures	4	-19.2	11.4	-16.6	45.4	-4.1	11.2	71.3
New motor vehicles	5	-6.9	3.4	-24.6	-3.8	6.3	5.0	56.4
Autos	6	-11.5	5.4	-31.8	-6.6	10.8	-1.3	72.0
Light trucks (including utility vehicles)	7	-16.6	-4.4	-57.2	-12.3	-15.8	1.0	59.6
Net purchases of used autos and used light trucks	8	-7.1	12.9	-0.4	-2.2	33.2	-2.7	80.3
Used autos	9	1.3	0.2	-10.6	0.9	-0.5	15.4	35.0
Used light trucks (including utility vehicles)	10	-5.1	-0.2	-4.0	0.4	-9.4	13.0	41.3
Private fixed investment	11	6.6	0.5	-15.3	1.2	6.8	17.2	30.6
New motor vehicles	12	-61.7	116.5	216.0	377.2	113.6	46.3	-14.6
Autos	13	-33.4	30.7	52.0	42.7	20.0	24.5	-12.6
Trucks	14	-26.9	27.3	54.1	63.0	7.2	1.2	-33.5
Light trucks (including utility vehicles)	15	-38.0	33.4	50.3	27.4	32.0	46.5	6.0
Other	16	-39.4	37.9	44.2	37.1	43.9	42.1	6.7
Net purchases of used autos and used light trucks	17	-33.5	20.2	69.9	1.9	-0.7	62.1	3.5
Used autos	18	8.6	-10.1	2.5	-38.1	-31.4	3.6	-10.1
Used light trucks (including utility vehicles)	19	2.3	-10.8	72.1	-40.7	-46.0	-13.8	-26.7
Gross government investment	20	14.5	-9.5	-34.4	-35.6	-15.1	20.3	4.6
Autos	21	-20.0	0.1	-22.9	-32.3	78.3	13.8	4.4
Trucks	22	-18.6	-1.0	-11.0	-46.4	171.8	-31.5	-13.4
Net exports	23	-20.4	0.3	-26.0	-27.9	59.0	30.3	9.1
Exports	24							
Autos	25	-39.2	36.1	81.9	42.4	8.6	-11.6	15.0
Trucks	26	-44.2	32.8	78.9	25.5	6.3	-9.9	39.9
Imports	27	-32.5	39.7	85.3	62.4	11.0	-13.2	-6.4
Autos	28	-34.5	39.9	48.9	-12.2	118.3	7.1	-27.9
Trucks	29	-29.1	34.5	26.5	-38.5	156.0	45.3	-34.9
Used light trucks (including utility vehicles)	30	-40.9	47.8	88.9	37.0	81.0	-28.5	-16.9
Change in private inventories	31							
Autos	32							
New	33							
Domestic	34							
Foreign	35							
Used	36							
Trucks	37							
New	38							
Domestic	39							
Foreign	40							
Used ¹	41							
Addenda:								
Final sales of motor vehicles to domestic purchasers	42	-21.3	16.5	-9.2	23.4	24.7	13.3	35.3
Private fixed investment in new autos and new light trucks	43	-33.4	32.4	49.3	50.3	23.3	19.8	-14.9
Domestic output of new autos ²	44	-40.9	29.2	58.4	8.8	14.5	-18.0	-30.7
Sales of imported new autos ³	45	-16.5	10.2	-32.5	29.4	-2.1	21.9	4.6

1. Consists of used light trucks only.

2. Consists of final sales and change in private inventories of new autos assembled in the United States.

3. Consists of sales of imported new autos in personal consumption expenditures, in private fixed investment, and in gross government investment.

Table 7.2.3B. Real Motor Vehicle Output, Quantity Indexes
[Index numbers, 2005=100]

	Line	2009	2010	Seasonally adjusted				
				2009		2010		
				IV	I	II	III	IV
Motor vehicle output	1	60.568	76.267	68.836	75.184	74.677	78.963	76.245
Auto output.....	2	62.905	73.460	70.822	80.831	76.874	71.241	64.893
Truck output.....	3	59.266	77.826	67.694	71.937	73.405	83.318	82.646
Final sales of domestic product	4	66.201	73.719	64.421	70.738	70.009	71.886	82.245
Personal consumption expenditures	5	77.640	80.283	77.333	76.596	77.767	78.727	88.042
New motor vehicles	6	67.926	71.600	69.025	67.862	69.630	69.411	79.495
Autos.....	7	73.285	70.052	72.423	70.086	67.142	67.317	75.664
Light trucks (including utility vehicles).....	8	64.428	72.732	66.828	66.457	71.394	70.911	82.165
Net purchases of used autos and used light trucks	9	99.272	99.447	95.646	95.852	95.740	99.237	106.959
Used autos.....	10	85.912	85.723	83.989	84.083	82.023	84.575	92.210
Used light trucks (including utility vehicles).....	11	112.286	112.809	106.999	107.314	109.092	113.500	121.331
Private fixed investment	12	26.089	56.477	31.736	46.905	56.705	62.360	59.939
New motor vehicles.....	13	54.524	71.256	61.783	67.525	70.670	74.650	72.180
Autos.....	14	66.992	85.281	76.243	86.142	87.659	87.931	79.393
Trucks.....	15	47.265	63.037	53.363	56.694	60.769	66.853	67.832
Light trucks (including utility vehicles).....	16	50.179	69.190	56.747	61.407	67.262	73.442	74.648
Other.....	17	39.659	47.662	44.540	44.747	44.664	50.398	50.838
Net purchases of used autos and used light trucks	18	124.472	111.930	135.620	120.272	109.462	110.446	107.540
Used autos.....	19	111.991	99.945	132.160	115.954	99.409	95.782	88.634
Used light trucks (including utility vehicles).....	20	137.171	124.099	139.126	124.652	119.667	125.336	126.743
Gross government investment.....	21	92.217	92.281	89.332	81.028	93.634	96.713	97.750
Autos.....	22	84.660	83.772	85.528	73.184	93.966	85.485	82.455
Trucks.....	23	94.452	94.753	90.416	83.321	93.563	99.959	102.168
Net exports.....	24	88.096	119.904	108.782	118.823	121.311	117.644	121.837
Exports.....	25	88.096	119.904	108.782	118.823	121.311	117.644	121.837
Autos.....	26	99.929	132.677	122.875	130.049	132.066	128.663	139.930
Trucks.....	27	77.803	108.726	96.515	108.950	111.828	107.951	106.176
Imports.....	28	61.443	85.948	77.347	74.877	91.011	92.587	85.319
Autos.....	29	76.635	103.058	94.956	84.106	106.388	116.814	104.922
Trucks.....	30	47.730	70.563	61.463	66.492	77.120	70.922	67.718
Change in private inventories ..	31	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Autos.....	32	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New.....	33	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Domestic.....	34	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Foreign.....	35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Used.....	36	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Trucks.....	37	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New.....	38	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Domestic.....	39	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Foreign.....	40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Used ¹	41	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Addenda:								
Final sales of motor vehicles to domestic purchasers.....	42	62.898	73.250	64.314	67.784	71.625	73.894	79.696
Private fixed investment in new autos and new light trucks.....	43	57.815	76.535	65.601	72.633	76.537	80.067	76.903
Domestic output of new autos ²	44	54.951	71.018	71.006	72.524	75.019	71.387	65.140
Sales of imported new autos ³	45	86.005	94.796	86.788	92.563	92.062	96.733	97.826

1. Consists of used light trucks only.
2. Consists of final sales and change in private inventories of new autos assembled in the United States.
3. Consists of sales of imported new autos in personal consumption expenditures, in private fixed investment, and in gross government investment.

Table 7.2.4B. Price Indexes for Motor Vehicle Output
[Index numbers, 2005=100]

	Line	2009	2010	Seasonally adjusted				
				2009		2010		
				IV	I	II	III	IV
Motor vehicle output	1	97.984	100.224	100.074	99.918	100.265	100.309	100.405
Auto output.....	2	99.990	101.159	101.879	101.543	101.430	100.840	100.821
Truck output.....	3	96.785	99.702	99.054	99.005	99.632	100.011	100.161
Final sales of domestic product	4	98.055	100.036	99.962	99.688	100.073	100.149	100.233
Personal consumption expenditures	5	95.952	100.766	98.966	100.025	100.713	101.259	101.068
New motor vehicles.....	6	97.784	99.799	99.754	99.401	99.599	100.149	100.045
Autos.....	7	100.991	101.987	102.678	102.124	101.984	102.110	101.730
Light trucks (including utility vehicles).....	8	95.514	98.203	97.688	97.474	97.887	98.695	98.757
Net purchases of used autos and used light trucks.....	9	93.008	102.246	97.677	100.961	102.426	102.962	102.633
Used autos.....	10	92.812	101.306	97.245	100.713	101.954	101.238	101.320
Used light trucks (including utility vehicles).....	11	93.178	102.972	98.036	101.180	102.812	104.264	103.634
Private fixed investment	12	111.128	95.750	103.652	96.597	95.660	95.153	95.592
New motor vehicles.....	13	100.402	102.366	102.183	101.907	102.139	102.779	102.640
Autos.....	14	101.089	102.068	102.767	102.206	102.067	102.189	101.809
Trucks.....	15	100.027	102.795	101.885	101.851	102.398	103.451	103.483
Light trucks (including utility vehicles).....	16	95.732	98.408	97.895	97.668	98.096	98.901	98.966
Other.....	17	114.018	117.225	114.835	115.493	116.491	118.507	118.407
Net purchases of used autos and used light trucks.....	18	91.078	103.315	97.219	101.469	102.878	104.893	104.021
Used autos.....	19	91.488	103.610	97.594	101.713	103.176	105.214	104.336
Used light trucks (including utility vehicles).....	20	90.716	103.065	96.889	101.264	102.624	104.621	103.752
Gross government investment.....	21	108.782	109.443	109.399	108.414	108.745	110.179	110.435
Autos.....	22	111.414	107.275	111.570	107.200	106.157	107.335	108.407
Trucks.....	23	108.089	110.079	108.849	108.778	109.490	110.996	111.052
Net exports.....	24	103.194	104.178	103.435	103.708	104.028	104.129	104.846
Exports.....	25	103.194	104.178	103.435	103.708	104.028	104.129	104.846
Autos.....	26	102.137	102.804	102.257	102.511	102.668	102.862	103.177
Trucks.....	27	104.420	105.683	104.732	105.025	105.513	105.521	106.673
Imports.....	28	103.728	104.557	104.124	103.968	104.200	105.042	105.017
Autos.....	29	103.040	102.861	103.400	102.919	102.941	102.823	102.761
Trucks.....	30	104.519	106.462	104.756	105.015	105.498	107.653	107.681
Change in private inventories ..	31	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Autos.....	32	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New.....	33	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Domestic.....	34	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Foreign.....	35	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Used.....	36	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Trucks.....	37	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
New.....	38	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Domestic.....	39	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Foreign.....	40	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Used ¹	41	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Addenda:								
Final sales of motor vehicles to domestic purchasers.....	42	99.218	100.991	100.885	100.571	100.915	101.256	101.222
Private fixed investment in new autos and new light trucks.....	43	98.085	99.903	100.004	99.605	99.740	100.205	100.061
Domestic output of new autos ²	44	102.350	101.853	102.786	102.047	101.816	101.791	101.760
Sales of imported new autos ³	45	100.997	101.978	102.667	102.115	101.976	102.100	101.721

1. Consists of used light trucks only.
2. Consists of final sales and change in private inventories of new autos assembled in the United States.
3. Consists of sales of imported new autos in personal consumption expenditures, in private fixed investment, and in gross government investment.

Table 7.2.5B. Motor Vehicle Output

[Billions of dollars]

	Line	2009	2010	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates				
				2009		2010		
				IV	I	II	III	IV
Motor vehicle output	1	248.9	320.3	288.5	314.8	313.7	331.9	320.7
Auto output.....	2	94.7	111.8	108.4	123.5	117.3	108.0	98.4
Truck output.....	3	154.3	208.5	180.1	191.3	196.4	223.8	222.4
Final sales of domestic product	4	274.3	311.8	272.3	298.2	296.2	304.4	348.6
Personal consumption expenditures	5	269.4	292.6	276.7	277.0	283.2	288.3	321.8
New motor vehicles.....	6	165.3	177.8	171.3	167.8	172.6	173.0	197.9
Autos.....	7	72.1	69.6	72.4	69.7	66.7	67.0	75.0
Light trucks (including utility vehicles).....	8	93.2	108.2	98.9	98.1	105.8	106.0	122.9
Net purchases of used autos and used light trucks.....	9	104.1	114.8	105.4	109.2	110.7	115.3	123.9
Used autos.....	10	44.4	48.4	45.5	47.2	46.6	47.7	52.1
Used light trucks (including utility vehicles).....	11	59.7	66.4	59.9	62.0	64.1	67.6	71.8
Private fixed investment	12	42.9	80.3	48.9	67.3	80.6	88.2	85.1
New motor vehicles.....	13	116.6	155.2	134.3	146.4	153.6	163.2	157.6
Autos.....	14	52.7	67.6	60.9	68.4	69.5	69.8	62.8
Trucks.....	15	63.9	87.6	73.4	78.0	84.1	93.4	94.8
Light trucks (including utility vehicles).....	16	47.5	67.2	54.8	59.2	65.1	71.7	72.9
Other.....	17	16.5	20.3	18.6	18.8	18.9	21.7	21.9
Net purchases of used autos and used light trucks.....	18	-73.7	-74.9	-85.4	-79.1	-73.0	-75.1	-72.5
Used autos.....	19	-33.5	-33.7	-42.0	-38.4	-33.4	-32.8	-30.1
Used light trucks (including utility vehicles).....	20	-40.1	-41.2	-43.4	-40.7	-39.6	-42.2	-42.4
Gross government investment	21	15.1	15.3	14.8	13.3	15.4	16.1	16.3
Autos.....	22	3.3	3.1	3.3	2.7	3.4	3.2	3.1
Trucks.....	23	11.9	12.2	11.5	10.6	11.9	12.9	13.2
Net exports	24	-53.1	-76.3	-68.1	-59.5	-82.9	-88.1	-74.6
Exports.....	25	40.0	54.9	49.5	54.2	55.5	53.9	56.2
Autos.....	26	20.8	27.8	25.7	27.2	27.7	27.0	29.5
Trucks.....	27	19.1	27.1	23.8	27.0	27.8	26.8	26.7
Imports.....	28	93.1	131.2	117.6	113.6	138.4	142.0	130.8
Autos.....	29	54.9	73.7	68.3	60.2	76.2	83.5	75.0
Trucks.....	30	38.2	57.5	49.3	53.4	62.2	58.4	55.8
Change in private inventories	31	-25.4	8.4	16.3	16.6	17.5	27.5	-27.8
Autos.....	32	-10.1	2.6	11.0	6.8	12.9	9.7	-18.9
New.....	33	-12.5	3.8	2.0	2.0	13.1	10.8	-10.8
Domestic.....	34	-9.2	2.7	2.7	2.5	7.3	7.0	-5.9
Foreign.....	35	-3.3	1.1	-0.7	-0.5	5.8	3.7	-4.8
Used.....	36	2.4	-1.1	9.0	4.8	-0.2	-1.1	-8.2
Trucks.....	37	-15.2	5.8	5.3	9.8	4.6	17.8	-8.9
New.....	38	-16.6	7.3	0.0	9.1	5.4	18.8	-4.3
Domestic.....	39	-12.9	6.5	-1.7	8.1	4.0	18.2	-4.3
Foreign.....	40	-3.7	0.8	1.7	1.0	1.4	0.6	-0.1
Used ¹	41	1.4	-1.5	5.3	0.6	-0.9	-1.1	-4.6
Addenda:								
Final sales of motor vehicles to domestic purchasers.....	42	327.4	388.1	340.4	357.6	379.2	392.5	423.2
Private fixed investment in new autos and new light trucks.....	43	100.1	134.8	115.7	127.6	134.6	141.5	135.7
Domestic output of new autos ²	44	60.6	77.9	78.6	79.7	82.3	78.3	71.4
Sales of imported new autos ³	45	75.0	83.5	76.9	81.6	81.1	85.3	85.9

Table 7.2.6B. Real Motor Vehicle Output, Chained Dollars

[Billions of chained (2005) dollars]

	Line	2009	2010	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates				
				2009		2010		
				IV	I	II	III	IV
Motor vehicle output	1	253.7	319.5	288.4	315.0	312.9	330.8	319.4
Auto output.....	2	94.5	110.4	106.4	121.5	115.5	107.0	97.5
Truck output.....	3	159.2	209.1	181.9	193.3	197.2	223.9	222.1
Final sales of domestic product	4	279.7	311.5	272.2	298.9	295.8	303.8	347.5
Personal consumption expenditures	5	280.7	290.3	279.6	277.0	281.2	284.7	318.4
New motor vehicles.....	6	169.1	178.2	171.8	168.9	173.3	172.8	197.9
Autos.....	7	71.4	68.3	70.6	68.3	65.4	65.6	73.7
Light trucks (including utility vehicles).....	8	97.6	110.2	101.2	100.6	108.1	107.4	124.4
Net purchases of used autos and used light trucks.....	9	111.9	112.1	107.8	108.0	107.9	111.8	120.6
Used autos.....	10	47.8	47.7	46.8	46.8	45.7	47.1	51.3
Used light trucks (including utility vehicles).....	11	64.0	64.3	61.0	61.2	62.2	64.7	69.2
Private fixed investment	12	38.6	83.6	47.0	69.4	83.9	92.3	88.7
New motor vehicles.....	13	116.1	151.7	131.6	143.8	150.5	159.0	153.7
Autos.....	14	52.1	66.3	59.3	67.0	68.2	68.4	61.7
Trucks.....	15	63.9	85.2	72.1	76.6	82.2	90.4	91.7
Light trucks (including utility vehicles).....	16	49.6	68.3	56.1	60.7	66.4	72.6	73.7
Other.....	17	14.4	17.4	16.2	16.3	16.3	18.3	18.5
Net purchases of used autos and used light trucks.....	18	-80.9	-72.7	-88.1	-78.2	-71.1	-71.8	-69.9
Used autos.....	19	-36.7	-32.7	-43.3	-38.0	-32.5	-31.4	-29.0
Used light trucks (including utility vehicles).....	20	-44.3	-40.0	-44.9	-40.2	-38.6	-40.4	-40.9
Gross government investment	21	13.9	13.9	13.5	12.2	14.1	14.6	14.8
Autos.....	22	2.9	2.9	3.0	2.5	3.2	3.0	2.8
Trucks.....	23	11.0	11.0	10.5	9.7	10.9	11.6	11.9
Net exports	24	-51.0	-72.8	-65.1	-57.1	-79.6	-83.5	-71.0
Exports.....	25	38.7	52.7	47.8	52.2	53.3	51.7	53.6
Autos.....	26	20.4	27.1	25.1	26.6	27.0	26.3	28.6
Trucks.....	27	18.3	25.6	22.7	25.7	26.3	25.4	25.0
Imports.....	28	89.7	125.5	113.0	109.4	132.9	135.2	124.6
Autos.....	29	53.3	71.7	66.1	58.5	74.0	81.3	73.0
Trucks.....	30	36.5	54.0	47.0	50.9	59.0	54.3	51.8
Change in private inventories	31	-25.5	8.3	16.5	16.2	17.1	26.7	-26.9
Autos.....	32	-10.1	2.6	11.0	6.6	12.5	9.4	-18.3
New.....	33	-12.0	3.6	1.9	1.9	12.7	10.5	-10.5
Domestic.....	34	-8.8	2.6	2.6	2.4	7.1	6.8	-5.8
Foreign.....	35	-3.2	1.0	-0.7	-0.5	5.7	3.7	-4.7
Used.....	36	2.5	-1.1	9.3	4.8	-0.2	-1.0	-7.9
Trucks.....	37	-15.4	5.7	5.4	9.6	4.5	17.3	-8.6
New.....	38	-16.6	7.1	0.0	9.0	5.4	18.5	-4.3
Domestic.....	39	-12.9	6.4	-1.6	7.9	4.0	17.9	-4.2
Foreign.....	40	-3.6	0.7	1.6	1.0	1.4	0.6	-0.1
Used ¹	41	1.4	-1.4	5.4	0.6	-0.8	-1.0	-4.4
Residual.....	42	-0.4	0.6	0.6	1.0	0.1	0.8	0.4
Addenda:								
Final sales of motor vehicles to domestic purchasers.....	43	330.0	384.3	337.4	355.6	375.8	387.7	418.1
Private fixed investment in new autos and new light trucks.....	44	102.1	135.1	115.8	128.2	135.1	141.4	135.8
Domestic output of new autos ²	45	59.2	76.6	76.5	78.2	80.9	76.9	70.2
Sales of imported new autos ³	46	74.3	81.9	74.9	79.9	79.5	83.5	84.5

1. Consists of used light trucks only.

2. Consists of final sales and change in private inventories of new autos assembled in the United States.

3. Consists of sales of imported new autos in personal consumption expenditures, in private fixed investment, and in gross government investment.

1. Consists of used light trucks only.

2. Consists of final sales and change in private inventories of new autos assembled in the United States.

3. Consists of sales of imported new autos in personal consumption expenditures, in private fixed investment, and in gross government investment.

NOTE: Chained (2005) dollar series are calculated as the product of the chain-type quantity index and the 2005 current-dollar value of the corresponding series, divided by 100. Because the formula for the chain-type quantity indexes uses weights of more than one period, the corresponding chained-dollar estimates are usually not additive. The residual line is the difference between the first line and the sum of the most detailed lines, excluding the lines in the addenda.

B. NIPA-Related Table

Table B.1 presents the most recent estimates of personal income and its disposition. These estimates were released on February 28, 2011.

Table B.1 Personal Income and Its Disposition
 [Billions of dollars; monthly estimates seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

	2009	2010	2010												2011	
			Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	March	April	May	June	July ^r	Aug. ^r	Sept. ^r	Oct. ^r	Nov. ^r		Dec. ^r	Jan. ^{p}
Personal income	12,174.9	12,544.6	12,300.7	12,324.3	12,337.2	12,389.4	12,478.5	12,532.8	12,540.0	12,558.8	12,615.3	12,612.3	12,674.5	12,707.5	12,764.1	12,897.3
Compensation of employees, received.....	7,806.7	7,991.3	7,842.4	7,855.0	7,851.0	7,868.3	7,939.1	7,985.8	7,984.8	8,016.7	8,040.9	8,050.9	8,092.4	8,092.8	8,118.4	8,147.0
Wage and salary disbursements.....	6,274.1	6,405.3	6,291.5	6,291.3	6,284.8	6,298.1	6,362.4	6,403.7	6,400.4	6,428.2	6,448.0	6,455.0	6,491.3	6,489.1	6,510.9	6,527.7
Private industries.....	5,100.5	5,218.2	5,116.7	5,107.6	5,099.7	5,110.5	5,172.2	5,207.8	5,207.0	5,236.3	5,264.0	5,275.0	5,307.1	5,305.1	5,325.9	5,340.7
Goods-producing industries.....	1,064.0	1,056.5	1,046.9	1,037.4	1,028.8	1,030.3	1,045.7	1,062.9	1,054.2	1,061.7	1,068.8	1,070.5	1,072.1	1,071.5	1,074.0	1,084.0
Manufacturing.....	661.5	673.1	660.6	655.6	651.0	651.3	664.6	679.6	673.1	679.3	682.3	684.4	685.1	683.9	686.5	693.5
Service-producing industries.....	4,036.6	4,161.7	4,069.8	4,070.1	4,070.8	4,080.2	4,126.5	4,144.9	4,152.9	4,174.6	4,195.2	4,204.6	4,235.0	4,233.6	4,251.8	4,256.6
Trade, transportation, and utilities.....	990.5	1,010.1	987.6	987.9	986.4	989.6	1,002.7	1,007.2	1,006.2	1,014.1	1,017.6	1,020.3	1,028.3	1,027.0	1,033.5	1,033.7
Other services-producing industries.....	3,046.1	3,151.6	3,082.2	3,082.2	3,084.4	3,090.6	3,123.7	3,137.7	3,146.6	3,160.5	3,177.6	3,184.3	3,206.7	3,206.6	3,218.4	3,222.9
Government.....	1,173.6	1,187.1	1,174.8	1,183.7	1,185.2	1,187.6	1,190.1	1,195.9	1,193.4	1,184.0	1,179.9	1,184.1	1,181.1	1,184.1	1,185.1	1,187.0
Supplements to wages and salaries.....	1,532.6	1,586.1	1,550.9	1,563.7	1,566.1	1,570.2	1,576.7	1,582.1	1,584.4	1,588.5	1,592.9	1,595.9	1,601.2	1,603.6	1,607.4	1,619.4
Employer contributions for employee pension and insurance funds.....	1,072.0	1,106.8	1,088.1	1,093.1	1,095.8	1,098.5	1,100.7	1,103.1	1,105.5	1,107.8	1,110.2	1,112.8	1,115.6	1,118.1	1,120.8	1,124.2
Employer contributions for government social insurance.....	460.6	479.2	462.8	470.6	470.3	471.7	476.0	479.0	479.0	480.8	482.7	483.1	485.5	485.5	486.6	495.2
Proprietors' income with IVA and CCAdj.....	1,011.9	1,055.3	1,025.3	1,027.0	1,028.0	1,037.2	1,049.2	1,051.7	1,048.3	1,050.5	1,061.3	1,066.7	1,074.1	1,080.4	1,088.6	1,092.5
Farm.....	30.5	44.9	38.0	37.4	36.8	36.2	37.6	38.9	40.3	44.4	48.5	52.6	54.0	55.5	57.0	58.6
Nonfarm.....	981.5	1,010.3	987.3	989.7	991.2	1,001.0	1,011.6	1,012.7	1,008.0	1,006.1	1,012.8	1,014.1	1,020.1	1,025.0	1,031.6	1,033.9
Rental income of persons with CCAdj.....	274.0	301.2	282.3	287.4	292.5	298.0	298.1	298.8	299.6	301.2	303.6	306.7	307.9	309.4	311.3	317.8
Personal income receipts on assets.....	1,919.7	1,906.4	1,915.9	1,913.3	1,916.1	1,903.8	1,911.1	1,915.0	1,917.3	1,902.8	1,888.0	1,878.5	1,891.3	1,909.0	1,930.1	1,940.4
Personal interest income.....	1,222.3	1,193.7	1,216.6	1,212.6	1,208.7	1,204.7	1,205.0	1,205.3	1,205.6	1,190.1	1,174.7	1,159.3	1,172.8	1,186.3	1,199.8	1,201.9
Personal dividend income.....	697.4	712.6	699.3	700.7	707.4	699.0	706.0	709.7	711.8	712.7	713.3	719.2	718.6	722.7	730.3	738.5
Personal current transfer receipts.....	2,132.8	2,294.8	2,210.5	2,227.7	2,236.3	2,271.4	2,279.0	2,285.4	2,293.8	2,295.2	2,332.5	2,321.5	2,325.6	2,332.6	2,335.0	2,323.8
Government social benefits to persons.....	2,096.8	2,257.4	2,174.7	2,192.1	2,199.7	2,234.7	2,242.3	2,248.4	2,256.5	2,257.8	2,295.2	2,284.5	2,286.2	2,294.0	2,296.6	2,285.2
Old-age, survivors, disability, and health insurance benefits.....	1,164.5	1,213.9	1,198.4	1,187.3	1,190.7	1,195.9	1,207.9	1,207.9	1,208.6	1,219.5	1,221.5	1,229.5	1,229.8	1,228.9	1,239.2	1,240.7
Government unemployment insurance benefits.....	128.6	136.6	150.1	143.3	138.2	156.8	137.2	137.1	136.1	123.5	150.3	133.3	128.7	131.1	123.4	123.0
Other.....	803.7	906.9	826.2	861.6	870.8	882.1	897.2	903.4	911.9	915.1	923.3	921.6	927.7	934.1	934.0	921.5
Other current transfer receipts, from business (net).....	36.0	37.4	35.8	36.6	36.6	36.7	36.7	37.0	37.2	37.4	37.3	37.0	39.3	38.6	38.4	38.7
Less: Contributions for government social insurance.....	970.3	1,004.4	975.8	987.3	986.7	989.3	998.0	1,003.9	1,003.9	1,007.6	1,011.0	1,012.0	1,016.9	1,016.7	1,019.2	924.3
Less: Personal current taxes	1,140.0	1,167.1	1,116.8	1,133.1	1,133.6	1,137.4	1,143.5	1,151.8	1,152.0	1,170.7	1,178.9	1,185.1	1,200.7	1,205.0	1,213.0	1,268.0
Equals: Disposable personal income	11,034.9	11,377.5	11,183.9	11,191.2	11,203.6	11,252.1	11,335.0	11,381.0	11,388.0	11,388.2	11,436.4	11,427.3	11,473.7	11,502.6	11,551.1	11,629.4
Less: Personal outlays	10,379.6	10,721.8	10,536.4	10,554.0	10,602.9	10,654.6	10,652.6	10,670.4	10,668.1	10,696.2	10,743.2	10,769.6	10,843.5	10,875.8	10,930.2	10,952.3
Personal consumption expenditures.....	10,001.3	10,350.6	10,168.4	10,182.8	10,229.9	10,279.7	10,275.2	10,292.1	10,288.8	10,322.1	10,373.2	10,403.6	10,478.0	10,512.4	10,568.9	10,592.6
Goods.....	3,230.7	3,426.7	3,327.0	3,346.8	3,375.3	3,417.9	3,396.4	3,374.8	3,361.2	3,384.0	3,421.8	3,453.0	3,512.5	3,520.3	3,556.2	3,581.8
Durable goods.....	1,026.5	1,089.3	1,051.8	1,041.0	1,052.2	1,089.0	1,078.1	1,074.6	1,069.5	1,081.2	1,081.8	1,100.5	1,136.2	1,128.9	1,138.6	1,142.7
Nondurable goods.....	2,204.2	2,337.4	2,275.2	2,305.8	2,323.1	2,328.9	2,318.3	2,300.1	2,291.7	2,302.7	2,340.0	2,352.5	2,376.3	2,391.4	2,417.5	2,439.0
Services.....	6,770.6	6,923.9	6,841.4	6,836.1	6,854.6	6,861.8	6,878.8	6,917.3	6,927.6	6,938.1	6,951.4	6,950.6	6,965.5	6,992.2	7,012.8	7,010.8
Personal interest payments ¹	216.8	198.6	201.1	202.5	203.8	205.6	206.0	206.5	201.8	197.1	192.5	192.0	190.0	187.5	185.1	183.2
Personal current transfer payments.....	161.4	172.5	169.9	168.7	169.2	169.7	171.7	172.3	172.8	172.3	172.9	173.5	175.5	175.8	176.2	176.4
To government.....	95.0	100.8	97.4	97.9	98.5	99.0	99.5	100.1	100.6	101.2	101.8	102.4	102.7	103.0	103.3	103.6
To the rest of the world (net).....	66.5	71.7	69.5	70.7	70.7	70.7	72.2	72.2	72.2	71.1	71.1	71.1	72.8	72.8	72.8	72.8
Equals: Personal saving	655.3	655.7	647.5	637.2	600.6	597.4	682.4	710.6	719.8	692.0	693.2	657.7	630.2	626.8	620.9	677.1
Personal saving as percentage of disposable personal income	5.9	5.8	5.8	5.7	5.4	5.3	6.0	6.2	6.3	6.1	6.1	5.8	5.5	5.4	5.4	5.8
Addenda:																
Personal income excluding current transfer receipts:																
Billions of chained (2005) dollars.....	9,191.1	9,223.7	9,128.6	9,110.5	9,111.8	9,112.9	9,188.9	9,240.2	9,250.8	9,249.9	9,252.5	9,253.9	9,286.3	9,301.9	9,325.1	9,426.9
Disposable personal income:																
Billions of chained (2005) dollars ²	10,099.8	10,238.5	10,118.1	10,099.3	10,106.5	10,134.3	10,211.9	10,262.4	10,281.6	10,263.4	10,290.6	10,275.9	10,295.6	10,313.0	10,328.3	10,368.3
Per capita:																
Current dollars.....	35,888	36,689	36,225	36,226	36,244	36,378	36,622	36,746	36,742	36,714	36,839	36,780	36,902	36,968	37,101	37,329
Chained (2005) dollars.....	32,847	33,016	32,773	32,691	32,695	32,764	32,994	33,135	33,172	33,088	33,149	33,074	33,113	33,145	33,173	33,281
Population (midperiod, thousands) ³	307,483	310,106	308,733	308,930	309,119	309,312	309,509	309,718	309,946	310,185	310,439	310,691	310,927	311,149	311,345	311,535
Personal consumption expenditures:																
Billions of chained (2005) dollars.....	9,153.9	9,314.4	9,199.3	9,189.3	9,228.2	9,258.6	9,257.2	9,280.5	9,289.3	9,302.6	9,333.9	9,355.4	9,402.1	9,425.2	9,450.2	9,443.9
Goods.....	3,117.4	3,251.3	3,158.6	3,159.9	3,193.0	3,233.3	3,223.7	3,221.8	3,222.3	3,231.9	3,254.3	3,279.4	3,323.2	3,329.3	3,343.5	3,341.8
Durable goods.....	1,094.6	1,178.2	1,125.2	1,116.5	1,131.0	1,169.2	1,159.1	1,158.2	1,156.2	1,172.0	1,172.2	1,193.6	1,235.2	1,230.4	1,245.2	1,249.1
Nondurable goods.....	2,017.4	2,073.5	2,030.3	2,038.7	2,057.7	2,064.0	2,063.4	2,062.3	2,064.4	2,060.4	2,081.2	2,087.1	2,094.1	2,103.7	2,105.0	2,100.3
Services.....	6,032.7	6,064.6	6,038.4	6,027.4	6,034.6	6,034.4	6,034.4	6,058.9	6,066.9	6,07						

C. Historical Measures

This table is derived from the “Selected NIPA Tables” that are published in this issue and from the “GDP and Other Major NIPA Series” tables that were published in the August 2010 issue. (The changes in prices are calculated from indexes expressed to three decimal places.)

Table C.1. GDP and Other Major NIPA Aggregates—Continues

[Quarterly estimates are seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

Year and Quarter	Billions of chained (2005) dollars			Percent change from preceding period		Chain-type price indexes [2005=100]		Implicit price deflators [2005=100]		Percent change from preceding period			
	Gross domestic product	Final sales of domestic product	Gross national product	Real gross domestic product	Real final sales of domestic product	Gross domestic product	Gross domestic purchases	Gross domestic product	Gross national product	Chain-type price index		Implicit price deflators	
										Gross domestic product	Gross domestic purchases	Gross domestic product	Gross national product
1959	2,762.5	2,764.0	2,780.5	7.2	6.3	18.348	17.972	18.340	18.320	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.2
1960	2,830.9	2,836.6	2,850.6	2.5	2.6	18.604	18.220	18.596	18.577	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4
1961	2,896.9	2,904.6	2,918.6	2.3	2.4	18.814	18.412	18.805	18.786	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
1962	3,072.4	3,064.9	3,096.8	6.1	5.5	19.071	18.654	19.062	19.044	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.4
1963	3,206.7	3,202.6	3,232.8	4.4	4.5	19.273	18.871	19.265	19.248	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.1
1964	3,392.3	3,393.7	3,420.4	5.8	6.0	19.572	19.175	19.563	19.546	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.5
1965	3,610.1	3,590.7	3,639.5	6.4	5.8	19.928	19.507	19.919	19.903	1.8	1.7	1.8	1.8
1966	3,845.3	3,806.6	3,873.1	6.5	6.0	20.493	20.054	20.484	20.469	2.8	2.8	2.8	2.8
1967	3,942.5	3,923.3	3,971.1	2.5	3.1	21.124	20.637	21.115	21.098	3.1	2.9	3.1	3.1
1968	4,133.4	4,119.4	4,164.1	4.8	5.0	22.022	21.508	22.012	21.996	4.3	4.2	4.2	4.3
1969	4,261.8	4,248.6	4,291.6	3.1	3.1	23.110	22.563	23.099	23.081	4.9	4.9	4.9	4.9
1970	4,269.9	4,287.9	4,299.4	0.2	0.9	24.328	23.778	24.317	24.299	5.3	5.4	5.3	5.3
1971	4,413.3	4,407.4	4,446.0	3.4	2.8	25.545	25.000	25.533	25.515	5.0	5.1	5.0	5.0
1972	4,647.7	4,640.6	4,682.9	5.3	5.3	26.647	26.112	26.634	26.617	4.3	4.4	4.3	4.3
1973	4,917.0	4,888.2	4,964.5	5.8	5.3	28.124	27.623	28.112	28.097	5.5	5.8	5.5	5.6
1974	4,889.9	4,874.1	4,944.0	-0.6	-0.3	30.669	30.459	30.664	30.643	9.0	10.3	9.1	9.1
1975	4,879.5	4,926.3	4,921.4	-0.2	1.1	33.577	33.300	33.563	33.541	9.5	9.3	9.5	9.5
1976	5,141.3	5,120.2	5,191.2	5.4	3.9	35.505	35.208	35.489	35.472	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.8
1977	5,377.7	5,344.9	5,433.7	4.6	4.4	37.764	37.586	37.751	37.735	6.4	6.8	6.4	6.4
1978	5,677.6	5,639.7	5,733.2	5.6	5.5	40.413	40.252	40.400	40.385	7.0	7.1	7.0	7.0
1979	5,855.0	5,841.2	5,930.2	3.1	3.6	43.773	43.797	43.761	43.745	8.3	8.8	8.3	8.3
1980	5,839.0	5,878.7	5,913.4	-0.3	0.6	47.776	48.408	47.751	47.728	9.1	10.5	9.1	9.1
1981	5,987.2	5,959.5	6,052.5	2.5	1.4	52.281	52.864	52.225	52.206	9.4	9.2	9.4	9.4
1982	5,870.9	5,923.3	5,939.1	-1.9	-0.6	55.467	55.859	55.412	55.391	6.1	5.7	6.1	6.1
1983	6,136.2	6,172.9	6,202.3	4.5	4.2	57.655	57.817	57.603	57.586	3.9	3.5	4.0	4.0
1984	6,377.1	6,495.6	6,639.8	7.2	5.2	59.823	59.854	59.766	59.749	3.8	3.5	3.8	3.8
1985	6,849.3	6,898.9	6,893.9	4.1	5.3	61.633	61.553	61.576	61.562	3.0	2.8	3.0	3.0
1986	7,086.5	7,098.7	7,116.5	3.5	3.8	63.003	62.948	62.937	62.920	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.2
1987	7,313.3	7,296.2	7,342.2	3.2	2.8	64.763	64.923	64.764	64.749	2.8	2.9	2.9	2.9
1988	7,613.9	7,607.8	7,650.4	4.1	4.3	66.990	67.159	66.988	66.974	3.4	3.4	3.4	3.4
1989	7,865.9	7,867.5	7,924.0	3.6	3.4	69.520	69.706	69.518	69.511	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8
1990	8,033.9	8,032.7	8,081.8	1.9	2.1	72.213	72.540	72.201	72.199	3.9	4.1	3.9	3.9
1991	8,015.1	8,034.8	8,055.6	-0.2	0.0	74.762	74.917	74.760	74.755	3.5	3.3	3.5	3.5
1992	8,287.1	8,284.3	8,326.4	3.4	3.1	76.537	76.724	76.533	76.521	2.4	2.4	2.4	2.4
1993	8,523.4	8,515.3	8,563.2	2.9	2.8	78.222	78.339	78.224	78.224	2.2	2.1	2.2	2.2
1994	8,870.7	8,809.2	8,900.5	4.1	3.5	79.867	79.962	79.872	79.874	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
1995	9,093.7	9,073.2	9,129.4	2.5	3.0	81.533	81.674	81.536	81.542	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
1996	9,433.9	9,412.5	9,471.1	3.7	3.7	83.083	83.150	83.088	83.096	1.9	1.8	1.9	1.9
1997	9,854.3	9,782.6	9,881.8	4.5	3.9	84.554	84.397	84.555	84.558	1.8	1.5	1.8	1.8
1998	10,283.5	10,217.1	10,304.0	4.4	4.4	85.507	84.962	85.511	85.509	1.1	0.7	1.1	1.1
1999	10,779.8	10,715.7	10,812.1	4.8	4.9	86.766	86.304	86.768	86.766	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.5
2000	11,226.0	11,167.5	11,268.8	4.1	4.2	88.648	88.463	88.647	88.645	2.2	2.5	2.2	2.2
2001	11,347.2	11,391.7	11,404.6	1.1	2.0	90.654	90.123	90.650	90.648	2.3	1.9	2.3	2.3
2002	11,553.0	11,543.5	11,606.9	1.8	1.3	92.113	91.422	92.118	92.113	1.6	1.4	1.6	1.6
2003	11,840.7	11,824.8	11,914.2	2.5	2.4	94.099	93.550	94.100	94.096	2.2	2.3	2.2	2.2
2004	12,263.8	12,198.2	12,358.5	3.6	3.2	96.769	96.400	96.770	96.767	2.8	3.0	2.8	2.8
2005	12,638.4	12,588.4	12,735.5	3.1	3.2	100.000	100.000	100.000	100.000	3.3	3.7	3.3	3.3
2006	12,976.2	12,917.1	13,046.1	2.7	2.6	103.263	103.380	103.257	103.260	3.3	3.4	3.3	3.3
2007	13,228.9	13,200.0	13,344.4	1.9	2.2	106.301	106.428	106.296	106.300	2.9	2.9	2.9	2.9
2008	13,228.8	13,268.1	13,388.7	0.0	0.5	108.598	109.813	108.619	108.626	2.2	3.2	2.2	2.2
2009	12,860.6	12,992.8	13,014.7	-2.6	-2.1	109.618	109.614	109.615	109.609	0.9	-0.2	0.9	0.9
2010	13,245.6	13,176.4	.....	2.8	1.4	110.670	111.087	110.662	.....	1.0	1.3	1.0	.....

Table C.1. GDP and Other Major NIPA Aggregates—Continues

[Quarterly estimates are seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

Year and Quarter	Billions of chained (2005) dollars			Percent change from preceding period		Chain-type price indexes [2005=100]		Implicit price deflators [2005=100]		Percent change from preceding period			
	Gross domestic product	Final sales of domestic product	Gross national product	Real gross domestic product	Real final sales of domestic product	Gross domestic product	Gross domestic purchases	Gross domestic product	Gross national product	Chain-type price index		Implicit price deflators	
										Gross domestic product	Gross domestic purchases	Gross domestic product	Gross national product
1959: I.....	2,710.3	2,714.7	2,727.5	8.3	8.5	18,267	17,892	18,281	18,261	1.5	1.6	0.5	0.6
1959: II.....	2,778.8	2,761.5	2,795.9	10.5	7.1	18,309	17,936	18,299	18,279	0.9	1.0	0.4	0.4
1959: III.....	2,775.5	2,795.1	2,793.8	-0.5	5.0	18,369	17,992	18,350	18,331	1.3	1.3	1.1	1.1
1959: IV.....	2,785.2	2,784.6	2,804.6	1.4	-1.5	18,446	18,066	18,427	18,408	1.7	1.7	1.7	1.7
1960: I.....	2,847.7	2,815.0	2,866.4	9.3	4.4	18,483	18,100	18,505	18,486	0.8	0.8	1.7	1.7
1960: II.....	2,834.4	2,841.9	2,853.5	-1.9	3.9	18,561	18,177	18,564	18,544	1.7	1.7	1.3	1.3
1960: III.....	2,839.0	2,837.9	2,858.9	0.7	-0.5	18,646	18,261	18,632	18,613	1.8	1.9	1.5	1.5
1960: IV.....	2,802.6	2,851.8	2,823.6	-5.0	2.0	18,726	18,341	18,684	18,665	1.7	1.8	1.1	1.1
1961: I.....	2,819.3	2,854.0	2,841.4	2.4	0.3	18,750	18,361	18,727	18,707	0.5	0.4	0.9	0.9
1961: II.....	2,872.0	2,884.6	2,893.1	7.7	4.4	18,786	18,383	18,769	18,749	0.8	0.5	0.9	0.9
1961: III.....	2,918.4	2,906.9	2,939.9	6.6	3.1	18,835	18,432	18,827	18,808	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3
1961: IV.....	2,977.8	2,973.0	2,999.8	8.4	9.4	18,884	18,473	18,892	18,874	1.0	0.9	1.4	1.4
1962: I.....	3,031.2	3,009.2	3,053.1	7.4	5.0	18,992	18,569	19,004	18,985	2.3	2.1	2.4	2.4
1962: II.....	3,064.7	3,060.5	3,088.6	4.5	7.0	19,040	18,627	19,030	19,012	1.0	1.3	0.5	0.6
1962: III.....	3,093.0	3,084.3	3,117.2	3.7	3.1	19,091	18,675	19,076	19,058	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0
1962: IV.....	3,100.6	3,105.6	3,128.1	1.0	2.8	19,159	18,744	19,136	19,119	1.4	1.5	1.3	1.3
1963: I.....	3,141.1	3,126.2	3,167.4	5.3	2.7	19,213	18,803	19,180	19,163	1.1	1.3	0.9	0.9
1963: II.....	3,180.4	3,179.2	3,205.9	5.1	7.0	19,232	18,827	19,217	19,200	0.4	0.5	0.8	0.8
1963: III.....	3,240.3	3,235.7	3,266.2	7.7	7.3	19,266	18,868	19,255	19,238	0.7	0.9	0.8	0.8
1963: IV.....	3,265.0	3,269.3	3,291.7	3.1	4.2	19,382	18,986	19,402	19,385	2.4	2.5	3.1	3.1
1964: I.....	3,338.2	3,340.8	3,367.2	9.3	9.0	19,452	19,060	19,460	19,443	1.5	1.6	1.2	1.2
1964: II.....	3,376.6	3,380.5	3,404.5	4.7	4.8	19,518	19,129	19,512	19,496	1.4	1.5	1.1	1.1
1964: III.....	3,422.5	3,422.4	3,451.2	5.5	5.1	19,614	19,216	19,590	19,573	2.0	1.8	1.6	1.6
1964: IV.....	3,432.0	3,431.3	3,458.8	1.1	1.0	19,704	19,304	19,686	19,669	1.8	1.7	2.0	2.0
1965: I.....	3,516.3	3,485.5	3,546.6	10.2	6.5	19,788	19,364	19,785	19,769	1.7	1.4	2.0	2.0
1965: II.....	3,564.0	3,548.5	3,595.2	5.5	7.4	19,876	19,450	19,870	19,854	1.8	1.8	1.7	1.7
1965: III.....	3,636.3	3,615.2	3,665.5	8.4	7.7	19,963	19,541	19,943	19,927	1.8	1.9	1.5	1.5
1965: IV.....	3,724.0	3,713.4	3,750.8	10.0	11.3	20,066	19,675	20,071	20,055	2.5	2.8	2.6	2.6
1966: I.....	3,815.4	3,775.3	3,843.1	10.2	6.8	20,209	19,784	20,201	20,186	2.5	2.2	2.6	2.6
1966: II.....	3,828.1	3,792.4	3,855.9	1.3	1.8	20,401	19,973	20,374	20,358	3.9	3.9	3.5	3.5
1966: III.....	3,853.3	3,824.0	3,880.5	2.7	3.4	20,591	20,146	20,584	20,568	3.8	3.5	4.2	4.2
1966: IV.....	3,884.5	3,834.8	3,912.8	3.3	1.1	20,772	20,312	20,773	20,757	3.6	3.3	3.7	3.7
1967: I.....	3,918.7	3,873.6	3,946.7	3.6	4.1	20,874	20,393	20,868	20,852	2.0	1.6	1.8	1.8
1967: II.....	3,919.6	3,915.0	3,946.8	0.1	4.3	21,002	20,518	20,980	20,963	2.5	2.5	2.2	2.1
1967: III.....	3,950.8	3,934.9	3,980.8	3.2	2.0	21,194	20,708	21,185	21,169	3.7	3.8	4.0	4.0
1967: IV.....	3,981.0	3,969.8	4,010.1	3.1	3.6	21,426	20,930	21,419	21,403	4.5	4.4	4.5	4.5
1968: I.....	4,063.0	4,052.9	4,092.9	8.5	8.7	21,658	21,156	21,653	21,638	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.5
1968: II.....	4,132.0	4,093.6	4,162.5	7.0	4.1	21,900	21,377	21,880	21,864	4.5	4.2	4.3	4.2
1968: III.....	4,160.3	4,152.2	4,191.6	2.8	5.9	22,111	21,600	22,096	22,080	3.9	4.2	4.0	4.0
1968: IV.....	4,178.3	4,178.6	4,209.4	1.7	2.6	22,418	21,900	22,407	22,390	5.7	5.7	5.7	5.7
1969: I.....	4,244.1	4,221.8	4,275.4	6.5	4.2	22,644	22,109	22,640	22,623	4.1	3.9	4.2	4.2
1969: II.....	4,256.5	4,242.6	4,286.6	1.2	2.0	22,946	22,407	22,932	22,914	5.4	5.5	5.3	5.2
1969: III.....	4,283.4	4,264.6	4,312.3	2.6	2.1	23,279	22,724	23,260	23,242	5.9	5.8	5.8	5.8
1969: IV.....	4,263.3	4,265.4	4,292.1	-1.9	0.1	23,571	23,012	23,561	23,542	5.1	5.2	5.3	5.3
1970: I.....	4,256.6	4,277.0	4,286.2	-0.6	1.1	23,898	23,346	23,895	23,877	5.7	5.9	5.8	5.8
1970: II.....	4,264.3	4,268.7	4,294.9	0.7	-0.8	24,241	23,670	24,226	24,208	5.9	5.7	5.7	5.7
1970: III.....	4,302.3	4,307.0	4,332.4	3.6	3.6	24,432	23,892	24,417	24,399	3.2	3.8	3.2	3.2
1970: IV.....	4,256.6	4,299.0	4,284.3	-4.2	-0.7	24,742	24,204	24,730	24,712	5.2	5.3	5.2	5.2
1971: I.....	4,374.0	4,352.2	4,406.6	11.5	5.0	25,115	24,563	25,104	25,086	6.2	6.1	6.2	6.2
1971: II.....	4,398.8	4,382.3	4,433.2	2.3	2.8	25,451	24,894	25,433	25,416	5.5	5.5	5.3	5.4
1971: III.....	4,433.9	4,420.9	4,465.1	3.2	3.6	25,705	25,166	25,689	25,673	4.1	4.4	4.1	4.1
1971: IV.....	4,446.3	4,474.2	4,479.1	1.1	4.9	25,909	25,378	25,896	25,878	3.2	3.4	3.3	3.2
1972: I.....	4,525.8	4,536.3	4,560.0	7.3	5.7	26,333	25,775	26,297	26,279	6.7	6.4	6.3	6.3
1972: II.....	4,633.1	4,611.6	4,666.8	9.8	6.8	26,486	25,952	26,452	26,435	2.3	2.8	2.4	2.4
1972: III.....	4,677.5	4,653.2	4,714.0	3.9	3.7	26,728	26,207	26,708	26,691	3.7	4.0	3.9	3.9
1972: IV.....	4,754.5	4,761.4	4,790.8	6.8	9.6	27,041	26,514	27,060	27,044	4.8	4.8	5.4	5.4
1973: I.....	4,876.2	4,865.8	4,917.9	10.6	9.1	27,394	26,862	27,380	27,365	5.3	5.4	4.8	4.8
1973: II.....	4,932.6	4,899.7	4,977.0	4.7	2.0	27,851	27,368	27,804	27,789	6.8	7.8	6.3	6.3
1973: III.....	4,906.3	4,895.7	4,957.9	-2.1	0.5	28,383	27,872	28,346	28,330	7.9	7.6	8.0	8.0
1973: IV.....	4,953.1	4,901.4	5,005.1	3.9	0.5	28,869	28,391	28,907	28,893	7.0	7.7	8.2	8.2
1974: I.....	4,909.6	4,895.4	4,970.5	-3.5	-0.5	29,465	29,145	29,463	29,445	8.5	11.1	7.9	7.9
1974: II.....	4,922.2	4,900.8	4,979.8	1.0	0.4	30,125	29,981	30,166	30,146	9.3	12.0	9.9	9.9
1974: III.....	4,873.5	4,885.7	4,926.0	-3.9	-1.2	31,063	30,903	31,059	31,038	13.0	12.9	12.4	12.4
1974: IV.....	4,854.3	4,814.7	4,899.7	-1.6	-5.7	32,022	31,806	31,987	31,964	12.9	12.2	12.5	12.5
1975: I.....	4,795.3	4,852.4	4,833.4	-4.8	3.2	32,760	32,501	32,729	32,706	9.5	9.0	9.6	9.6
1975: II.....	4,831.9	4,902.1	4,870.4	3.1	4.2	33,237	32,991	33,216	33,193	6.0	6.2	6.1	6.1
1975: III.....	4,913.3	4,946.2	4,954.8	6.9	3.6	33,857	33,563	33,835	33,814	7.7	7.1	7.7	7.7
1975: IV.....	4,977.5	5,004.6	5,026.9	5.3	4.8	34,454	34,144	34,433	34,413	7.2	7.1	7.3	7.3
1976: I.....	5,090.7	5,073.8	5,138.6	9.4	5.6	34,841	34,531	34,807	34,789	4.6	4.6	4.4	4.4
1976: II.....	5,128.9	5,090.9	5,178.8	3.0	1.4	35,208	34,905	35,178	35,160	4.3	4.4	4.3	4.3
1976: III.....	5,154.1	5,122.4	5,204.4	2.0	2.5	35,680	35,407	35,655	35,639	5.5	5.9	5.5	5.6
1976: IV.....	5,191.5	5,194.0	5,243.0	2.9	5.7	36,291	35,989	36,300	36,284	7.0	6.7	7.4	7.4

Table C.1. GDP and Other Major NIPA Aggregates—Continues

[Quarterly estimates are seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

Year and Quarter		Billions of chained (2005) dollars			Percent change from preceding period		Chain-type price indexes [2005=100]		Implicit price deflators [2005=100]		Percent change from preceding period			
		Gross domestic product	Final sales of domestic product	Gross national product	Real gross domestic product	Real final sales of domestic product	Gross domestic product	Gross domestic purchases	Gross domestic product	Gross national product	Chain-type price index		Implicit price deflators	
											Gross domestic product	Gross domestic purchases	Gross domestic product	Gross national product
1977: I	5,251.8	5,242.7	5,310.6	4.7	3.8	36.901	36.668	36.911	36.894	6.9	7.8	6.9	6.9	
1977: II	5,356.1	5,327.0	5,413.8	8.2	6.6	37.491	37.295	37.438	37.423	6.6	7.0	5.8	5.9	
1977: III	5,451.9	5,383.0	5,509.0	7.3	4.3	38.009	37.864	37.894	37.881	5.6	6.2	5.0	5.0	
1977: IV	5,450.8	5,426.9	5,501.5	-0.1	3.3	38.652	38.517	38.725	38.709	6.9	7.1	9.1	9.0	
1978: I	5,469.4	5,433.8	5,528.1	1.4	0.5	39.290	39.145	39.292	39.275	6.8	6.7	6.0	6.0	
1978: II	5,684.6	5,649.4	5,733.5	16.7	16.8	40.048	39.900	40.016	40.001	7.9	7.9	7.6	7.6	
1978: III	5,740.3	5,701.2	5,793.7	4.0	3.7	40.741	40.592	40.681	40.667	7.1	7.1	6.8	6.8	
1978: IV	5,816.2	5,774.5	5,877.5	5.4	5.2	41.571	41.369	41.540	41.525	8.4	7.9	8.7	8.7	
1979: I	5,825.9	5,792.7	5,888.8	0.7	1.3	42.334	42.169	42.282	42.267	7.5	8.0	7.3	7.3	
1979: II	5,831.4	5,792.4	5,901.8	0.4	0.0	43.364	43.244	43.325	43.307	10.1	10.6	10.2	10.2	
1979: III	5,873.3	5,876.4	5,957.3	2.9	5.9	44.260	44.345	44.263	44.245	8.5	10.6	8.9	8.9	
1979: IV	5,889.5	5,903.2	5,972.9	1.1	1.8	45.136	45.429	45.155	45.136	8.2	10.1	8.3	8.3	
1980: I	5,908.5	5,914.7	5,993.4	1.3	0.8	46.126	46.678	46.105	46.085	9.1	11.5	8.7	8.7	
1980: II	5,787.4	5,798.8	5,865.8	-7.9	-7.6	47.156	47.827	47.137	47.117	9.2	10.2	9.3	9.3	
1980: III	5,776.6	5,874.4	5,850.6	-0.7	5.3	48.232	48.215	48.215	48.194	9.4	9.4	9.5	9.5	
1980: IV	5,883.5	5,926.8	5,943.7	7.6	3.6	49.591	50.211	49.551	49.529	11.8	11.0	11.6	11.5	
1981: I	6,005.7	5,956.0	6,069.9	8.6	2.0	50.894	51.534	50.808	50.788	10.9	11.0	10.5	10.6	
1981: II	5,957.8	5,967.8	6,018.3	-3.2	0.8	51.802	52.460	51.769	51.747	7.3	7.4	7.8	7.8	
1981: III	6,030.2	5,974.8	6,094.4	4.9	0.5	52.754	53.271	52.685	52.666	7.6	6.3	7.3	7.3	
1981: IV	5,955.1	5,939.5	6,027.2	-4.9	-2.3	53.674	54.193	53.646	53.628	7.2	7.1	7.5	7.5	
1982: I	5,857.3	5,922.8	5,925.6	-6.4	-1.1	54.430	54.906	54.375	54.356	5.8	5.4	5.5	5.5	
1982: II	5,889.1	5,920.3	5,965.7	2.2	-0.2	55.105	55.494	55.033	55.013	5.1	4.4	4.9	4.9	
1982: III	5,866.4	5,881.5	5,931.4	-1.5	-2.6	55.870	56.231	55.816	55.795	5.7	5.4	5.8	5.8	
1982: IV	5,871.0	5,968.6	5,933.6	0.3	6.1	56.463	56.806	56.422	56.401	4.3	4.2	4.4	4.4	
1983: I	5,944.0	6,031.7	6,005.9	5.1	4.3	56.946	57.157	56.880	56.861	3.5	2.5	3.3	3.3	
1983: II	6,077.6	6,117.1	6,143.5	9.3	5.8	57.362	57.550	57.296	57.280	3.0	2.8	3.0	3.0	
1983: III	6,197.5	6,230.5	6,264.6	8.1	7.6	57.947	58.113	57.880	57.864	4.1	4.0	4.1	4.1	
1983: IV	6,325.6	6,312.4	6,395.3	8.5	5.4	58.366	58.447	58.305	58.290	2.9	2.3	3.0	3.0	
1984: I	6,448.3	6,354.6	6,512.8	8.0	2.7	59.091	59.172	59.045	59.029	5.1	5.1	5.2	5.2	
1984: II	6,559.6	6,471.1	6,624.4	7.1	7.5	59.624	59.699	59.551	59.535	3.7	3.6	3.5	3.5	
1984: III	6,623.3	6,530.8	6,687.5	3.9	3.7	60.111	60.113	60.029	60.012	3.3	2.8	3.2	3.2	
1984: IV	6,677.3	6,626.0	6,734.4	3.3	6.0	60.466	60.431	60.413	60.394	2.4	2.1	2.6	2.6	
1985: I	6,740.3	6,738.3	6,785.7	3.8	7.0	61.157	61.009	61.083	61.062	4.7	3.9	4.5	4.5	
1985: II	6,797.3	6,789.6	6,845.8	3.4	3.1	61.471	61.356	61.431	61.415	2.1	2.3	2.3	2.3	
1985: III	6,903.5	6,899.9	6,943.5	6.4	6.7	61.763	61.679	61.683	61.677	1.9	2.1	1.7	1.7	
1985: IV	6,955.9	6,928.1	7,000.5	3.1	1.6	62.142	62.169	62.067	62.078	2.5	3.2	2.6	2.6	
1986: I	7,022.8	6,999.4	7,061.9	3.9	4.2	62.457	62.511	62.403	62.391	2.0	2.2	2.1	2.0	
1986: II	7,051.0	7,052.2	7,079.0	1.6	3.0	62.769	62.637	62.732	62.716	2.0	0.8	2.1	2.1	
1986: III	7,119.0	7,151.4	7,150.4	3.9	5.8	63.165	63.081	63.089	63.071	2.5	2.9	2.3	2.3	
1986: IV	7,153.4	7,192.0	7,174.6	1.9	2.3	63.622	63.562	63.513	63.491	2.9	3.1	2.7	2.7	
1987: I	7,193.0	7,172.8	7,217.0	2.2	-1.1	64.122	64.191	64.105	64.088	3.2	4.0	3.8	3.8	
1987: II	7,269.5	7,268.4	7,299.6	4.3	5.4	64.482	64.645	64.471	64.458	2.3	2.9	2.3	2.3	
1987: III	7,332.6	7,355.2	7,361.9	3.5	4.9	64.990	65.191	64.977	64.964	3.2	3.4	3.2	3.2	
1987: IV	7,458.0	7,388.3	7,490.1	7.0	1.8	65.456	65.668	65.475	65.460	2.9	3.0	3.1	3.1	
1988: I	7,496.6	7,497.5	7,536.7	2.1	6.0	65.982	66.220	66.012	65.997	3.3	3.4	3.3	3.3	
1988: II	7,592.9	7,587.9	7,629.6	5.2	4.9	66.618	66.854	66.632	66.617	3.9	3.9	3.8	3.8	
1988: III	7,632.1	7,624.0	7,665.1	2.1	1.9	67.408	67.479	67.384	67.368	4.8	3.8	4.6	4.6	
1988: IV	7,734.0	7,721.9	7,770.3	5.5	5.2	67.952	68.081	67.895	67.883	3.3	3.6	3.1	3.1	
1989: I	7,806.6	7,759.2	7,842.3	3.8	1.9	68.662	68.835	68.664	68.652	4.2	4.5	4.6	4.6	
1989: II	7,865.0	7,834.5	7,899.3	3.0	3.9	69.346	69.581	69.340	69.331	4.0	4.4	4.0	4.0	
1989: III	7,927.4	7,933.2	7,964.5	3.2	5.1	69.816	69.958	69.795	69.790	2.7	2.2	2.7	2.7	
1989: IV	7,944.7	7,943.1	7,990.1	0.9	0.5	70.256	70.451	70.257	70.254	2.5	2.8	2.7	2.7	
1990: I	8,027.7	8,029.3	8,070.3	4.2	4.4	71.109	71.405	71.106	71.103	4.9	5.5	4.9	4.9	
1990: II	8,059.6	8,032.8	8,103.5	1.6	0.2	71.936	72.070	71.931	71.926	4.7	3.8	4.7	4.7	
1990: III	8,059.5	8,048.6	8,096.5	0.0	0.8	72.604	72.884	72.593	72.589	3.8	4.6	3.7	3.7	
1990: IV	7,988.9	8,020.0	8,057.0	-3.5	-1.4	73.202	73.801	73.176	73.177	3.3	5.1	3.3	3.3	
1991: I	7,950.2	7,988.0	8,001.5	-1.9	-1.6	73.985	74.308	73.963	73.962	4.3	2.8	4.4	4.4	
1991: II	8,003.8	8,045.4	8,040.2	2.7	2.9	74.503	74.644	74.490	74.487	2.8	1.8	2.9	2.9	
1991: III	8,037.5	8,056.5	8,069.5	1.7	0.6	75.067	75.135	75.069	75.063	3.1	2.7	3.1	3.1	
1991: IV	8,069.0	8,049.1	8,111.2	1.6	-0.4	75.492	75.579	75.505	75.498	2.3	2.4	2.3	2.3	
1992: I	8,157.6	8,173.5	8,199.3	4.5	6.3	75.919	76.051	75.889	75.878	2.3	2.5	2.0	2.0	
1992: II	8,244.3	8,232.0	8,285.3	4.3	2.9	76.371	76.525	76.358	76.346	2.4	2.5	2.5	2.5	
1992: III	8,329.4	8,322.5	8,366.1	4.2	4.5	76.710	76.967	76.713	76.700	1.8	2.3	1.9	1.9	
1992: IV	8,417.0	8,409.1	8,455.0	4.3	4.2	77.146	77.353	77.149	77.138	2.3	2.0	2.3	2.3	
1993: I	8,432.5	8,403.6	8,480.0	0.7	-0.3	77.620	77.773	77.610	77.607	2.5	2.2	2.4	2.5	
1993: II	8,486.4	8,474.1	8,525.2	2.6	3.4	78.042	78.204	78.039	78.039	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2	
1993: III	8,531.1	8,540.5	8,577.4	2.1	3.2	78.409	78.502	78.399	78.402	1.9	1.5	1.9	1.9	
1993: IV	8,643.8	8,642.8	8,670.4	5.4	4.9	78.816	78.876	78.829	78.834	2.1	1.9	2.2	2.2	

Table C.1. GDP and Other Major NIPA Aggregates—Table Ends

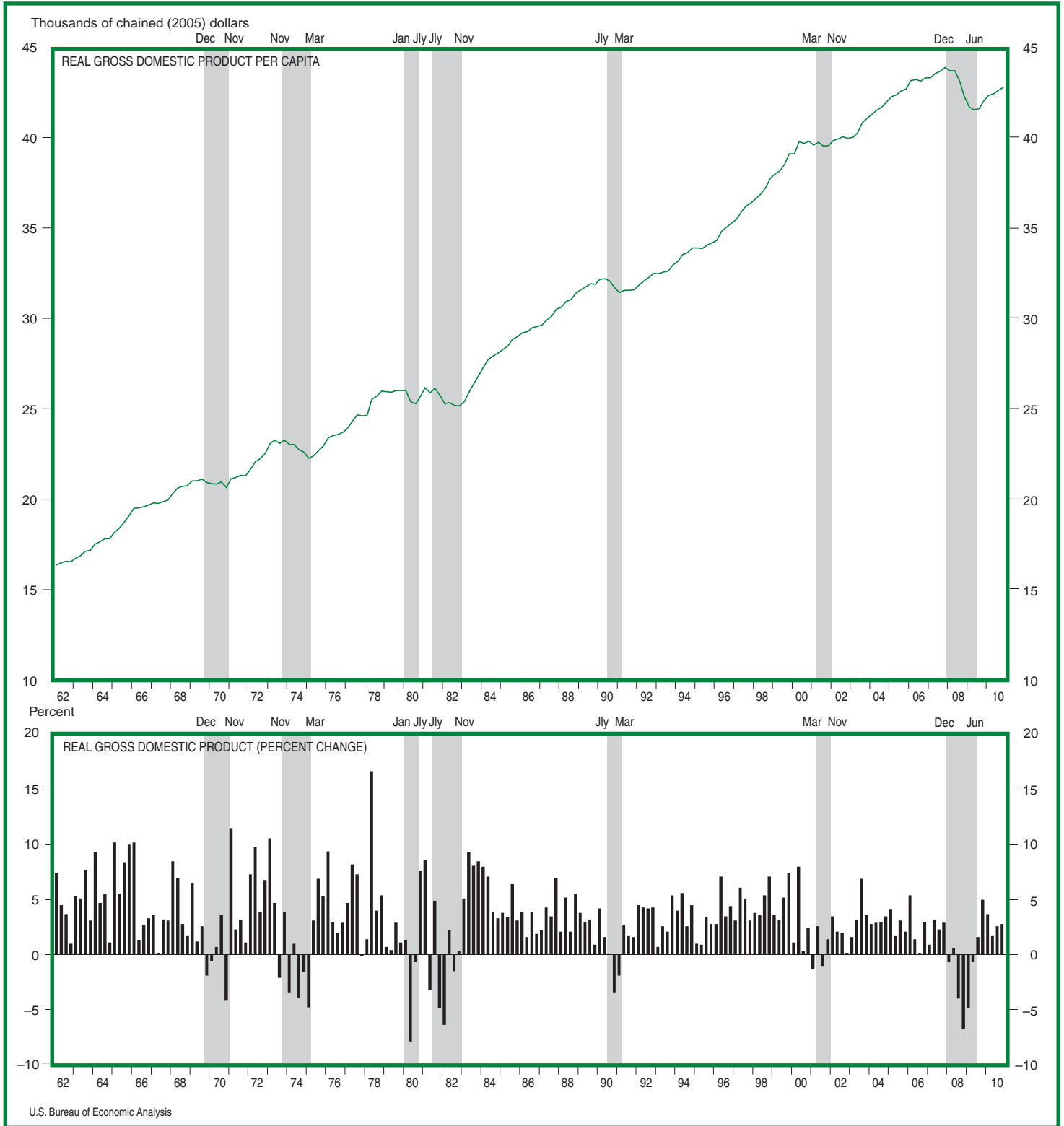
[Quarterly estimates are seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

Year and Quarter	Billions of chained (2005) dollars			Percent change from preceding period		Chain-type price indexes [2005=100]		Implicit price deflators [2005=100]		Percent change from preceding period			
	Gross domestic product	Final sales of domestic product	Gross national product	Real gross domestic product	Real final sales of domestic product	Gross domestic product	Gross domestic purchases	Gross domestic product	Gross national product	Chain-type price index		Implicit price deflators	
										Gross domestic product	Gross domestic purchases	Gross domestic product	Gross national product
1994:													
I.....	8,727.9	8,689.0	8,763.3	4.0	2.2	79.250	79.264	79.244	79.247	2.2	2.0	2.1	2.1
II.....	8,847.3	8,762.2	8,877.5	5.6	3.4	79.633	79.694	79.621	79.625	1.9	2.2	1.9	1.9
III.....	8,904.3	8,857.2	8,931.5	2.6	4.4	80.080	80.245	80.094	80.096	2.3	2.8	2.4	2.4
IV.....	9,003.2	8,928.4	9,029.7	4.5	3.3	80.503	80.646	80.507	80.510	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.1
1995:													
I.....	9,025.3	8,966.4	9,063.8	1.0	1.7	80.985	81.110	80.969	80.973	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.3
II.....	9,044.7	9,019.4	9,086.4	0.9	2.4	81.346	81.539	81.328	81.334	1.8	2.1	1.8	1.8
III.....	9,120.7	9,126.8	9,145.0	3.4	4.9	81.691	81.840	81.710	81.717	1.7	1.5	1.9	1.9
IV.....	9,184.3	9,180.1	9,222.5	2.8	2.4	82.110	82.208	82.125	82.132	2.1	1.8	2.0	2.0
1996:													
I.....	9,247.2	9,259.4	9,292.9	2.8	3.5	82.554	82.642	82.600	82.608	2.2	2.1	2.3	2.3
II.....	9,407.1	9,392.1	9,442.1	7.1	5.9	82.859	82.920	82.916	82.925	1.5	1.4	1.5	1.5
III.....	9,488.9	9,433.0	9,520.0	3.5	1.8	83.269	83.287	83.179	83.186	2.0	1.8	1.3	1.3
IV.....	9,592.5	9,565.4	9,629.6	4.4	5.7	83.650	83.752	83.638	83.645	1.8	2.3	2.2	2.2
1997:													
I.....	9,666.2	9,632.6	9,693.2	3.1	2.8	84.075	84.118	84.179	84.184	2.0	1.8	2.6	2.6
II.....	9,809.6	9,709.3	9,845.8	6.1	3.2	84.450	84.273	84.375	84.378	1.8	0.7	0.9	0.9
III.....	9,932.7	9,862.5	9,959.7	5.1	6.5	84.686	84.463	84.669	84.673	1.1	0.9	1.4	1.4
IV.....	10,008.9	9,925.9	10,028.3	3.1	2.6	85.007	84.735	84.982	84.982	1.5	1.3	1.5	1.5
1998:													
I.....	10,103.4	9,988.3	10,133.3	3.8	2.5	85.134	84.689	85.125	85.125	0.6	-0.2	0.7	0.7
II.....	10,194.3	10,157.1	10,221.2	3.6	6.9	85.344	84.810	85.329	85.327	1.0	0.6	1.0	1.0
III.....	10,328.8	10,274.3	10,340.3	5.4	4.7	85.663	85.054	85.656	85.653	1.5	1.2	1.5	1.5
IV.....	10,507.6	10,448.5	10,521.2	7.1	7.0	85.888	85.297	85.914	85.913	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2
1999:													
I.....	10,601.2	10,517.3	10,628.0	3.6	2.7	86.252	85.634	86.298	86.295	1.7	1.6	1.8	1.8
II.....	10,684.0	10,648.2	10,716.6	3.2	5.1	86.615	86.100	86.602	86.600	1.7	2.2	1.4	1.4
III.....	10,819.9	10,779.7	10,848.9	5.2	5.0	86.919	86.509	86.924	86.922	1.4	1.9	1.5	1.5
IV.....	11,014.3	10,917.5	11,055.0	7.4	5.2	87.275	86.974	86.974	87.229	1.6	2.2	1.4	1.4
2000:													
I.....	11,043.0	11,027.6	11,078.6	1.1	4.1	87.939	87.778	87.924	87.922	3.1	3.7	3.2	3.2
II.....	11,258.5	11,158.0	11,297.8	8.0	4.8	88.386	88.153	88.370	88.367	2.0	1.7	2.0	2.0
III.....	11,267.9	11,206.4	11,302.4	0.3	1.7	88.908	88.716	88.903	88.901	2.4	2.6	2.4	2.4
IV.....	11,334.5	11,278.1	11,396.4	2.4	2.6	89.359	89.204	89.371	89.369	2.0	2.2	2.1	2.1
2001:													
I.....	11,297.2	11,335.1	11,343.3	-1.3	2.0	89.977	89.738	89.979	89.976	2.8	2.4	2.7	2.7
II.....	11,371.3	11,385.2	11,426.4	2.6	1.8	90.603	90.142	90.590	90.587	2.8	1.8	2.7	2.7
III.....	11,340.1	11,373.8	11,369.9	-1.1	-0.4	90.891	90.274	90.874	90.873	1.3	0.6	1.3	1.3
IV.....	11,380.1	11,472.8	11,479.0	1.4	3.5	91.144	90.337	91.151	91.150	1.1	0.3	1.2	1.2
2002:													
I.....	11,477.9	11,496.4	11,534.0	3.5	0.8	91.469	90.642	91.469	91.466	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.4
II.....	11,538.8	11,528.9	11,575.1	2.1	1.1	91.873	91.223	91.881	91.875	1.8	2.6	1.8	1.8
III.....	11,596.4	11,579.7	11,648.5	2.0	1.8	92.282	91.621	92.284	92.279	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8
IV.....	11,598.8	11,569.1	11,669.9	0.1	-0.4	92.828	92.200	92.828	92.821	2.4	2.6	2.4	2.4
2003:													
I.....	11,645.8	11,616.5	11,701.8	1.6	1.6	93.501	93.105	93.496	93.492	2.9	4.0	2.9	2.9
II.....	11,738.7	11,743.8	11,809.3	3.2	4.5	93.780	93.174	93.776	93.771	1.2	0.3	1.2	1.2
III.....	11,935.5	11,933.4	12,005.6	6.9	6.6	94.304	93.712	94.304	94.300	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.3
IV.....	12,042.8	12,005.3	12,140.2	3.6	2.4	94.813	94.207	94.799	94.795	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.1
2004:													
I.....	12,127.6	12,076.2	12,243.7	2.8	2.4	95.624	95.151	95.626	95.623	3.5	4.1	3.5	3.5
II.....	12,213.8	12,136.3	12,303.0	2.9	2.0	96.441	96.002	96.435	96.433	3.5	3.6	3.4	3.4
III.....	12,303.5	12,241.1	12,403.5	3.0	3.5	96.766	96.766	97.131	97.128	3.0	3.2	2.9	2.9
IV.....	12,410.3	12,339.2	12,483.7	3.5	3.2	97.864	97.681	97.862	97.860	3.0	3.8	3.0	3.0
2005:													
I.....	12,534.1	12,443.2	12,642.6	4.1	3.4	98.774	98.561	98.766	98.764	3.8	3.7	3.7	3.7
II.....	12,587.5	12,572.0	12,684.5	1.7	4.2	99.445	99.333	99.438	99.437	2.7	3.2	2.7	2.8
III.....	12,683.2	12,671.2	12,789.5	3.1	3.2	100.470	100.541	100.461	100.463	4.2	5.0	4.2	4.2
IV.....	12,748.7	12,667.2	12,825.6	2.1	-0.1	101.312	101.565	101.309	101.314	3.4	4.1	3.4	3.4
2006:													
I.....	12,915.9	12,851.3	12,994.2	5.4	5.9	102.071	102.275	102.071	102.076	3.0	2.8	3.0	3.0
II.....	12,962.5	12,891.0	13,035.4	1.4	1.2	102.980	103.173	102.973	102.976	3.6	3.6	3.6	3.6
III.....	12,965.9	12,898.3	13,025.1	0.1	0.2	103.763	103.910	103.756	103.760	3.1	2.9	3.1	3.1
IV.....	13,060.7	13,027.8	13,129.5	3.0	4.1	104.237	104.162	104.218	104.217	1.8	1.0	1.8	1.8
2007:													
I.....	13,089.3	13,071.1	13,155.8	0.9	1.3	105.366	105.297	105.349	105.351	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.4
II.....	13,194.1	13,146.4	13,269.0	3.2	2.3	106.188	106.118	106.169	106.169	3.2	3.2	3.2	3.1
III.....	13,268.5	13,230.4	13,404.4	2.3	2.6	106.709	106.653	106.706	106.703	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
IV.....	13,363.5	13,352.2	13,548.5	2.9	3.7	106.940	106.944	106.943	106.949	0.9	3.8	0.9	0.9
2008:													
I.....	13,339.2	13,346.2	13,516.8	-0.7	-0.2	107.454	108.693	107.416	107.427	1.9	4.0	1.8	1.8
II.....	13,359.0	13,382.4	13,519.7	0.6	1.1	108.295	109.887	108.330	108.340	3.2	4.5	3.4	3.4
III.....	13,223.5	13,249.6	13,408.7	-4.0	-3.9	109.488	110.953	109.539	109.550	4.5	3.9	4.5	4.5
IV.....	12,993.7	13,094.1	13,109.5	-6.8	-4.6	109.154	109.720	109.216	109.213	-1.2	-4.4	-1.2	-1.2
2009:													
I.....	12,832.6	12,964.2	12,945.5	-4.9	-3.9	109.465	109.163	109.484	109.476	1.1	-2.0	1.0	1.0
II.....	12,810.0	12,929.4	12,929.4	-0.7	0.2	109.555	109.326	109.558	109.550	0.3	0.6	0.3	0.3
III.....	12,860.8	12,984.5	13,013.8	1.6	0.4	109.759	109.702	109.750	109.744	0.7	1.4	0.7	0.7
IV.....	13,019.0	13,051.1	13,170.1	5.0	2.1	109.693	110.265	109.665	109.664	-0.2	2.1	-0.3	-0.3
2010:													
I.....	13,138.8	13,085.5	13,313.0	3.7	1.1	109.959	110.838	109.952	109.950	1.0	2.1	1.1	1.0
II.....	13,194.9	13,114.7	13,372.7	1.7	0.9	110.485	110.852	110.488	110.479	1.9	0.1	2.0	1.9
III.....	13,278.5	13,145.3	13,449.3	2.6	0.9	111.060	111.034	111.045	111.036	2.1	0.7	2.0	2.0
IV.....	13,370.1	13,360.0	.....	2.8	6.7	111.176	111.623	111.152	.....	0.4	2.1	0.4	.....

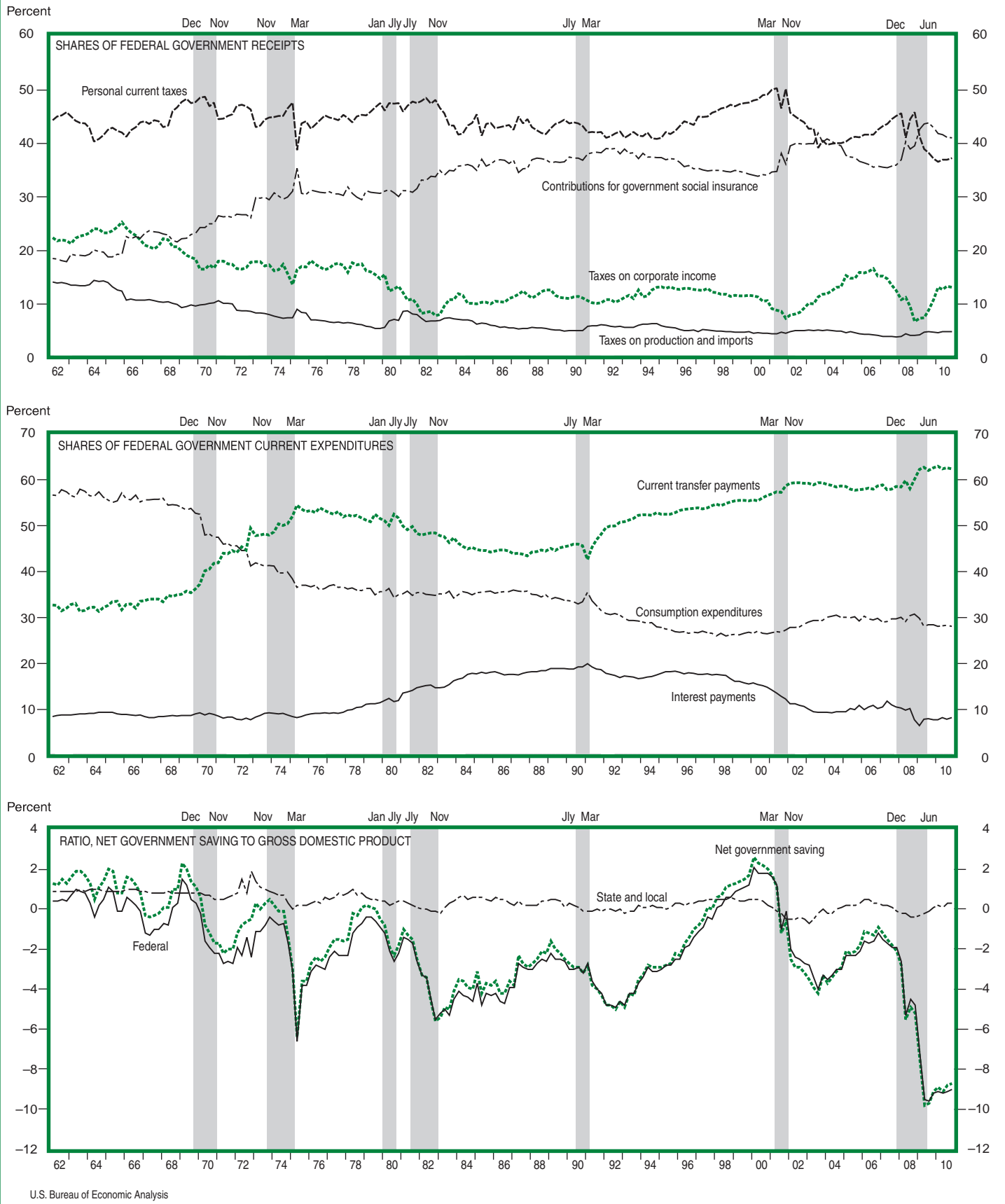
D. Charts

All series are seasonally adjusted at annual rates. The percent changes in real gross domestic product are based on quarter-to-quarter changes. The shaded areas mark the beginning and end of recessions as determined by the Business Cycle Dating Committee of the National Bureau of Economic Research.

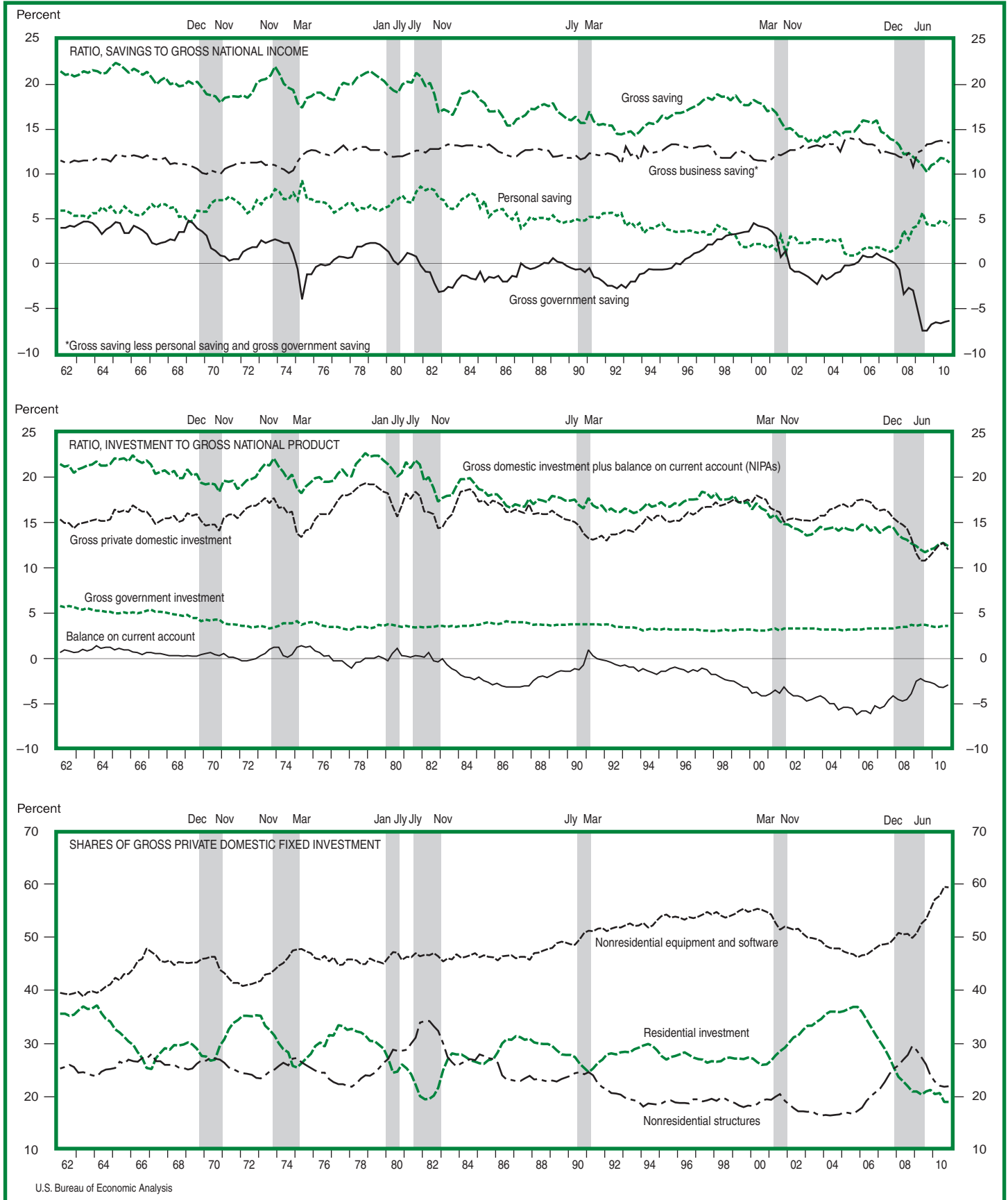
SELECTED NIPA SERIES



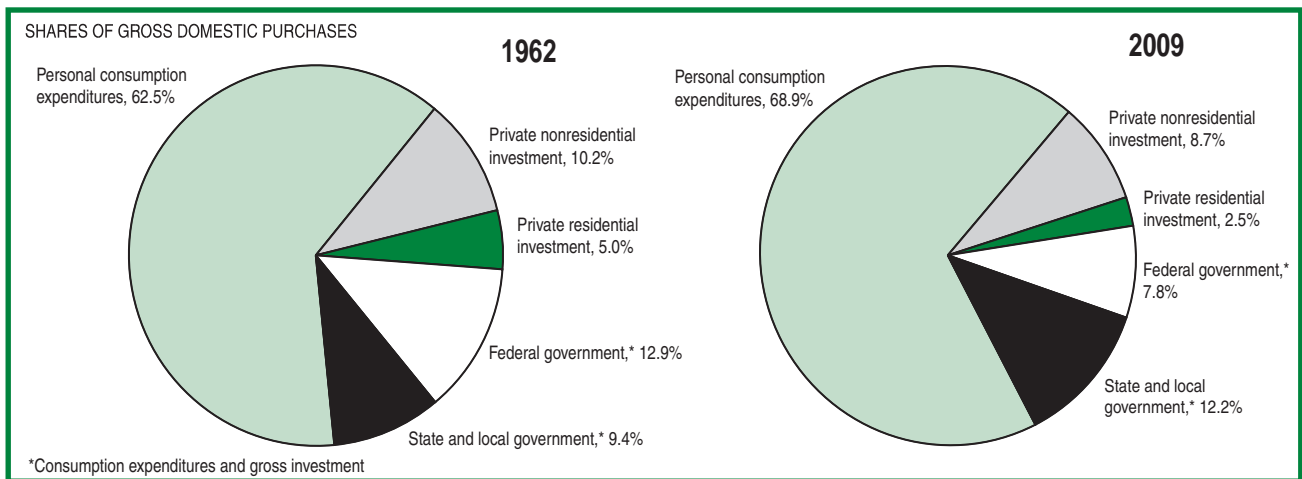
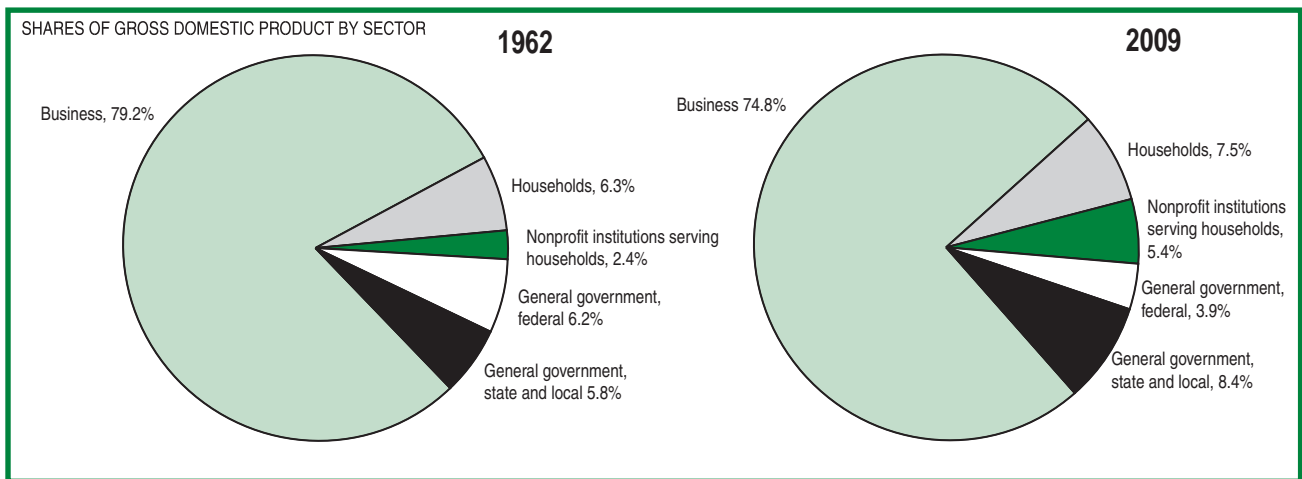
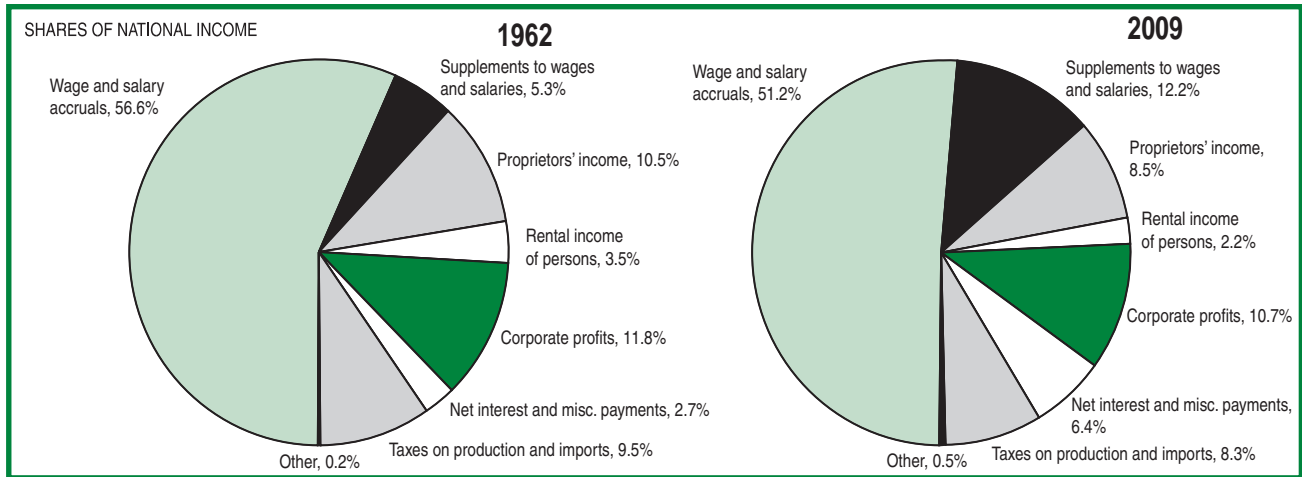
SELECTED NIPA SERIES



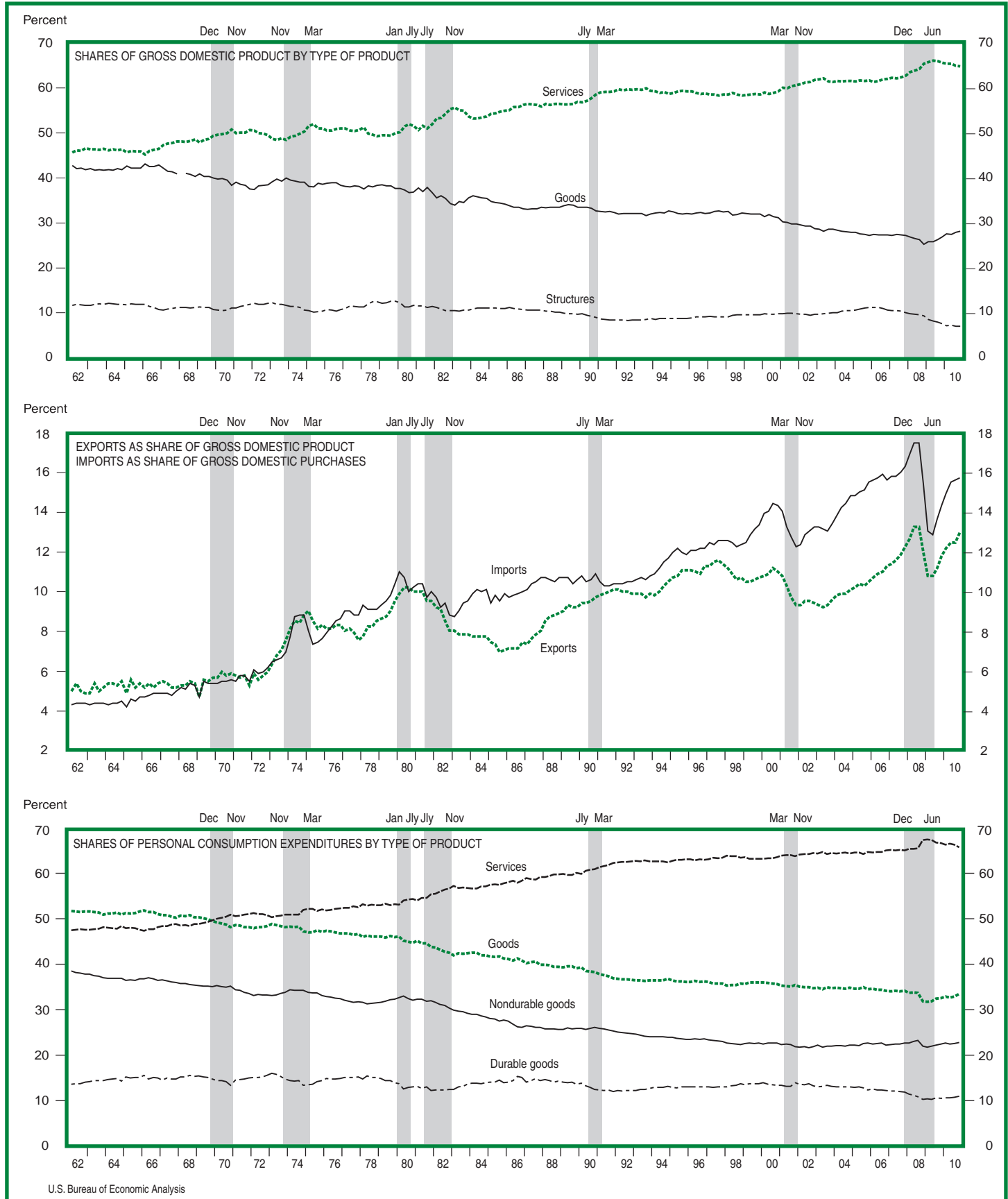
SELECTED NIPA SERIES



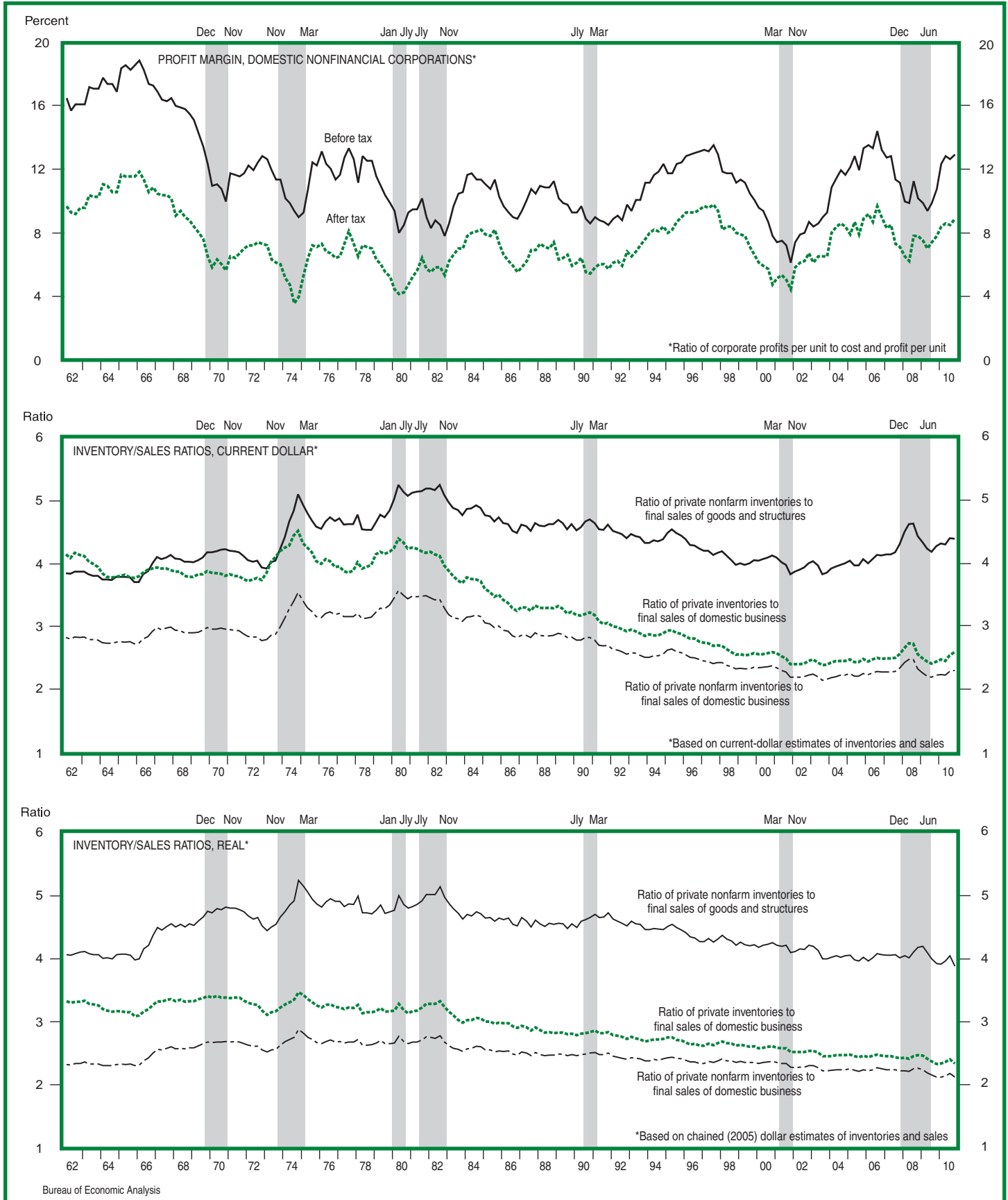
SELECTED NIPA SERIES



SELECTED NIPA SERIES



SELECTED NIPA SERIES



Industry Data

E. Industry Table

The statistics in this table were published in tables 3a and 5a in “Annual Industry Accounts: Revised Statistics for 2007–2009” in the January 2011 SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS.

Table E.1. Percent Changes in Chain-Type Quantity and Price Indexes for Value Added by Industry for 2007–2009

Line		Chain-type quantity indexes			Chain-type price indexes			Line		Chain-type quantity indexes			Chain-type price indexes		
		2007	2008	2009	2007	2008	2009			2007	2008	2009	2007	2008	2009
1	Gross domestic product	1.9	0.0	-2.6	2.9	2.2	0.9	50	Finance, insurance, real estate, rental, and leasing	1.7	0.0	1.1	2.3	2.9	1.1
2	Private industries	2.1	-0.7	-3.0	2.7	2.4	0.5	51	Finance and insurance	-2.2	-4.0	6.1	2.7	3.2	0.3
3	Agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting	-7.4	9.1	5.3	27.6	1.4	-21.0	52	Federal Reserve banks, credit intermediation, and related activities	-3.1	3.5	0.9	1.8	4.2	-0.9
4	Farms	-8.9	13.3	6.1	35.5	0.8	-25.3	53	Securities, commodity contracts, and investments	-15.6	-13.2	-2.2	10.3	9.0	-5.1
5	Forestry, fishing, and related activities	-2.5	-6.6	2.3	4.0	4.0	-1.7	54	Insurance carriers and related activities	6.3	-9.6	16.3	0.5	-1.1	4.1
6	Mining	3.0	-3.4	27.4	7.8	29.1	-40.4	55	Funds, trusts, and other financial vehicles	6.6	8.7	18.1	-3.1	2.8	5.7
7	Oil and gas extraction.....	4.3	-10.0	45.3	5.7	43.7	-53.7	56	Real estate and rental and leasing	4.3	2.5	-1.8	2.1	2.7	1.5
8	Mining, except oil and gas.....	-9.2	-0.9	12.6	13.4	15.3	-9.2	57	Real estate	4.8	3.3	-1.7	2.2	2.5	1.6
9	Support activities for mining.....	10.9	19.9	-0.3	10.0	-1.4	-13.7	58	Rental and leasing services and lessors of intangible assets	0.2	-4.6	-2.2	1.0	4.7	0.4
10	Utilities	3.4	6.0	-9.0	1.8	-0.4	12.2	59	Professional and business services	2.5	3.1	-5.0	5.5	0.9	1.3
11	Construction	-5.3	-5.7	-15.6	6.6	0.6	2.1	60	Professional, scientific, and technical services	3.0	4.2	-3.4	4.9	2.0	1.1
12	Manufacturing	3.3	-4.8	-8.6	-0.4	1.9	5.3	61	Legal services	-0.4	-1.1	-6.5	7.1	6.0	3.9
13	Durable goods	3.7	1.0	-12.7	-1.5	-2.7	7.2	62	Computer systems design and related services	11.1	7.6	1.3	0.3	-1.4	-1.9
14	Wood products	8.1	-5.3	-17.4	-13.4	-6.1	0.6	63	Miscellaneous professional, scientific, and technical services	2.2	5.2	-3.5	5.3	1.6	1.0
15	Nonmetallic mineral products.....	-1.8	-6.9	-12.5	-0.5	-4.8	10.8	64	Management of companies and enterprises	-1.4	2.4	-2.1	11.4	-1.3	-3.2
16	Primary metals.....	-8.3	2.2	3.0	7.6	2.0	-31.5	65	Administrative and waste management services	3.9	0.7	-11.1	3.6	-0.5	4.7
17	Fabricated metal products.....	3.1	-3.5	-25.1	3.7	4.2	20.6	66	Administrative and support services	3.4	0.5	-11.4	3.7	-0.9	4.8
18	Machinery	5.4	-0.1	-22.2	2.0	0.1	15.5	67	Waste management and remediation services	9.0	1.9	-8.5	2.9	3.3	3.4
19	Computer and electronic products.....	10.2	15.2	3.4	-10.9	-9.8	-2.1	68	Educational services, health care, and social assistance ...	1.8	4.0	1.1	4.4	2.5	4.4
20	Electrical equipment, appliances, and components.....	-4.1	7.7	-10.1	4.8	2.7	13.6	69	Educational services	0.7	1.7	-1.4	6.0	5.3	6.9
21	Motor vehicles, bodies and trailers, and parts.....	-1.1	-13.7	-25.6	-2.8	-9.2	29.6	70	Health care and social assistance	1.9	4.3	1.5	4.1	2.1	4.0
22	Other transportation equipment.....	13.1	3.5	-11.7	0.2	0.0	7.4	71	Ambulatory health care services.....	1.4	4.5	2.2	4.5	1.5	3.5
23	Furniture and related products.....	-8.1	-17.8	-26.9	3.3	0.9	15.1	72	Hospitals and nursing and residential care facilities.....	2.0	4.6	0.9	3.8	2.5	4.6
24	Miscellaneous manufacturing.....	4.2	2.6	-7.2	1.5	-0.3	5.6	73	Social assistance.....	4.2	2.2	0.6	4.0	2.7	4.0
25	Nondurable goods	2.8	-11.8	-3.4	1.0	8.0	3.1	74	Arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation, and food services	1.5	-4.6	-8.7	5.0	3.0	5.0
26	Food and beverage and tobacco products.....	3.4	-10.6	-1.7	-4.1	12.6	15.8	75	Arts, entertainment, and recreation	2.8	-1.6	-7.8	3.3	2.2	2.2
27	Textile mills and textile product mills.....	5.2	0.0	-27.5	-2.5	3.3	8.5	76	Performing arts, spectator sports, museums, and related activities	0.6	-1.4	-5.4	5.6	2.5	2.5
28	Apparel and leather and allied products.....	-4.0	-9.5	-14.1	0.1	0.0	0.4	77	Amusements, gambling, and recreation industries.....	5.4	-1.7	-10.7	0.7	1.7	1.8
29	Paper products.....	-3.5	-13.0	-8.3	2.4	5.6	13.7	78	Accommodation and food services	1.1	-5.6	-9.0	5.6	3.2	5.9
30	Printing and related support activities	2.7	-0.5	-14.7	-1.2	-3.5	4.0	79	Accommodation.....	1.8	-5.8	-6.6	6.6	1.7	-1.5
31	Petroleum and coal products.....	-4.7	0.4	10.8	12.2	1.0	-28.7	80	Food services and drinking places.....	0.8	-5.5	-9.9	5.2	3.9	9.0
32	Chemical products	7.5	-21.4	-3.6	-0.1	14.7	11.7	81	Other services, except government	0.2	-4.8	-6.8	3.6	3.9	5.6
33	Plastics and rubber products	9.7	-17.0	-16.1	-2.7	2.9	13.9	82	Government	0.8	2.1	0.8	4.7	3.2	2.8
34	Wholesale trade	5.6	-0.1	2.8	0.1	1.3	-0.7	83	Federal	0.3	2.6	3.6	4.6	2.3	1.7
35	Retail trade	1.3	-6.9	-1.9	-0.1	1.9	-0.5	84	General government.....	0.8	3.9	5.8	4.7	2.4	0.8
36	Transportation and warehousing	0.9	0.8	-13.0	1.6	2.4	6.9	85	Government enterprises.....	-3.2	-6.6	-13.3	3.9	2.1	9.4
37	Air transportation.....	-0.7	-4.1	-8.4	1.5	5.7	10.7	86	State and local	1.0	1.9	-0.5	4.8	3.6	3.3
38	Rail transportation.....	-1.0	-1.2	-15.0	4.7	11.1	4.2	87	General government.....	1.4	1.7	-0.2	4.9	3.8	2.6
39	Water transportation.....	21.9	21.2	1.7	-10.1	-9.6	-5.2	88	Government enterprises.....	-3.8	4.7	-3.6	2.9	1.2	12.6
40	Truck transportation.....	2.1	-2.6	-15.7	-0.7	0.8	7.5	89	Addenda:						
41	Transit and ground passenger transportation.....	4.0	-3.5	-7.4	2.3	1.0	7.7	90	Private goods-producing industries ¹	0.6	-4.2	-6.4	3.2	4.1	-3.0
42	Pipeline transportation.....	5.5	31.9	-32.9	4.5	-1.0	10.3	91	Private services-producing industries ²	2.5	0.4	-2.1	2.6	1.9	1.4
43	Other transportation and support activities	-3.9	3.7	-14.2	4.2	1.9	8.3		Information-communications-technology-producing industries ³	8.8	8.8	-0.5	-4.9	-3.8	-0.7
44	Warehousing and storage	3.7	0.9	-7.5	3.6	3.4	2.0								
45	Information	8.5	4.1	-2.5	-1.6	-1.0	0.5								
46	Publishing industries (includes software).....	13.2	2.4	-7.1	-0.2	0.4	2.3								
47	Motion picture and sound recording industries	2.0	-3.4	-2.6	3.1	0.7	0.6								
48	Broadcasting and telecommunications	11.4	5.3	-0.7	-1.8	-1.9	-0.2								
49	Information and data processing services	-5.9	8.4	-1.2	-7.2	-0.9	0.0								

1. Consists of agriculture, forestry, fishing, and hunting; mining; construction; and manufacturing.
 2. Consists of utilities; wholesale trade; retail trade; transportation and warehousing; information; finance, insurance, real estate, rental, and leasing; professional and business services; educational services, health care, and social

assistance; arts, entertainment, recreation, accommodation, and food services; and other services, except government.
 3. Consists of computer and electronic products; publishing industries (includes software); information and data processing services; and computer systems design and related services.

International Data

F. Transactions Tables

Selected U.S. international transactions tables are presented in this section. For BEA's full set of detailed estimates of U.S. international transactions, visit BEA's Web site at www.bea.gov.

Table F.1. U.S. International Transactions in Goods and Services
[Millions of dollars, monthly estimates seasonally adjusted]

	2009	2010 ^r	2010												2011	
			Dec.	Jan. ^r	Feb. ^r	March ^r	April ^r	May ^r	June ^r	July ^r	Aug. ^r	Sept. ^r	Oct. ^r	Nov. ^r		Dec. ^r	Jan. ^{p}
Exports of goods and services	1,570,797	1,834,166	143,353	144,747	144,603	150,270	148,011	152,252	150,302	153,788	153,624	154,350	158,681	160,239	163,297	167,744
Goods	1,068,499	1,288,663	99,631	100,555	100,328	105,275	104,298	107,294	105,089	107,895	107,745	107,893	112,183	113,593	116,514	120,500
Foods, feeds, and beverages.....	93,908	107,699	8,965	9,111	8,654	8,726	8,079	8,046	7,739	7,699	8,909	9,358	10,084	10,668	10,624	10,703
Industrial supplies and materials.....	296,709	390,741	28,277	29,120	29,633	31,758	32,343	32,872	31,856	32,418	32,941	32,065	34,675	34,963	36,095	39,788
Capital goods, except automotive.....	390,461	445,910	35,090	34,856	34,986	35,977	35,977	37,968	36,547	38,805	37,340	37,616	37,992	38,191	39,655	39,250
Automotive vehicles, parts, and engines.....	81,715	111,858	8,818	8,991	9,002	9,137	9,264	9,401	9,666	9,258	9,383	9,256	9,688	9,123	9,687	10,986
Consumer goods (nonfood), except automotive.....	150,044	165,754	13,153	13,644	13,173	13,919	13,185	13,525	13,650	13,646	13,681	13,826	13,952	14,922	14,629	14,077
Other goods.....	43,206	56,177	4,001	3,895	3,959	5,072	4,513	4,483	4,723	5,205	4,545	5,129	5,171	4,660	4,824	4,538
Adjustments ¹	12,456	10,525	1,326	938	920	685	937	999	907	863	945	644	621	1,066	999	1,158
Services	502,298	545,502	43,723	44,192	44,275	44,995	43,713	44,958	45,212	45,893	45,879	46,456	46,498	46,645	46,783	47,244
Travel.....	93,917	103,094	8,051	8,309	8,289	8,539	8,058	8,588	8,682	8,687	8,548	8,795	8,816	8,891	8,892	9,010
Passenger fares.....	26,424	31,295	2,173	2,295	2,382	2,509	2,348	2,695	2,783	2,806	2,639	2,774	2,736	2,675	2,652	2,757
Other transportation.....	35,406	39,826	3,114	3,170	3,244	3,285	3,215	3,329	3,411	3,383	3,369	3,349	3,285	3,377	3,412	3,435
Royalties and license fees.....	89,791	95,807	8,353	8,083	7,987	8,056	8,047	7,998	8,005	7,956	7,901	7,896	7,927	7,964	7,985	7,998
Other private services.....	238,332	256,570	20,690	20,742	20,799	21,078	20,483	20,748	20,704	21,452	21,806	22,036	22,189	22,210	22,323	22,506
Transfers under U.S. military agency sales contracts ²	17,096	17,445	1,213	1,427	1,420	1,396	1,451	1,495	1,518	1,500	1,505	1,494	1,429	1,411	1,400	1,417
U.S. government miscellaneous services.....	1,333	1,465	129	167	154	133	111	105	108	109	110	112	116	118	120	120
Imports of goods and services	1,945,705	2,329,894	180,485	179,394	184,321	189,776	188,582	194,248	200,242	196,014	199,939	198,428	196,908	198,478	203,561	214,084
Goods	1,575,443	1,935,740	148,713	147,664	151,853	157,534	156,896	161,774	167,154	162,770	166,677	164,927	163,317	165,032	170,143	180,254
Foods, feeds, and beverages.....	81,604	91,721	6,919	7,262	7,221	7,504	7,500	7,709	7,733	7,636	7,790	7,810	7,686	7,840	8,030	8,519
Industrial supplies and materials.....	462,512	601,321	47,446	46,652	49,283	51,994	52,143	50,027	49,819	49,306	49,545	49,674	47,800	49,920	55,157	59,585
Capital goods, except automotive.....	369,336	449,313	33,718	33,563	33,942	34,439	36,001	37,923	38,311	37,755	38,645	39,954	39,047	40,123	39,610	41,709
Automotive vehicles, parts, and engines.....	157,629	225,210	17,026	16,732	16,027	17,602	17,330	19,482	20,770	19,994	20,648	19,297	19,345	18,917	19,065	21,735
Consumer goods (nonfood), except automotive.....	428,379	483,343	36,958	36,543	38,394	38,989	37,461	40,071	43,183	41,217	42,637	41,123	41,989	41,064	40,672	41,583
Other goods.....	60,165	61,134	5,122	5,093	5,209	5,133	4,634	4,664	5,254	4,909	5,341	5,034	5,304	5,107	5,451	4,893
Adjustments ¹	15,818	23,699	1,524	1,818	1,775	1,873	1,827	1,899	2,085	1,953	2,073	2,034	2,034	2,146	2,060	2,230
Services	370,262	394,153	31,772	31,730	32,469	32,242	31,686	32,474	33,088	33,244	33,262	33,502	33,591	33,446	33,418	33,830
Travel.....	73,230	74,646	6,091	6,261	6,172	6,195	5,811	6,096	6,223	6,341	6,252	6,355	6,363	6,307	6,270	6,314
Passenger fares.....	25,980	28,086	2,234	2,203	2,152	2,276	2,151	2,398	2,425	2,446	2,355	2,420	2,430	2,437	2,393	2,479
Other transportation.....	41,586	48,953	3,592	3,617	3,751	3,960	3,940	4,095	4,349	4,266	4,337	4,267	4,228	4,079	4,063	4,285
Royalties and license fees.....	25,230	29,227	2,255	2,294	3,042	2,321	2,294	2,297	2,494	2,353	2,385	2,410	2,423	2,444	2,467	2,470
Other private services.....	168,892	177,720	14,574	14,376	14,381	14,523	14,547	14,652	14,660	14,863	14,954	15,073	15,185	15,225	15,281	15,348
Direct defense expenditures ²	30,474	30,446	2,566	2,571	2,574	2,576	2,539	2,529	2,523	2,539	2,538	2,532	2,515	2,508	2,503	2,500
U.S. government miscellaneous services.....	4,871	5,075	460	408	396	391	404	407	413	436	442	444	447	446	441	433
Memoranda:																
Balance on goods.....	-506,944	-647,077	-49,082	-47,109	-51,525	-52,259	-52,598	-54,480	-62,065	-54,875	-58,933	-57,033	-51,134	-51,438	-53,629	-59,754
Balance on services.....	132,036	151,349	11,950	12,463	11,806	12,753	12,027	12,484	12,124	12,648	12,617	12,955	12,907	13,199	13,365	13,414
Balance on goods and services.....	-374,908	-495,728	-37,132	-34,647	-39,718	-39,506	-40,571	-41,996	-49,941	-42,226	-46,316	-44,079	-38,227	-38,239	-40,264	-46,341

p Preliminary

r Revised

1. Reflects adjustments necessary to bring Census Bureau data in line with the concepts and definitions used by BEA

to prepare international and national accounts.

2. Contains goods that cannot be separately identified.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis and U.S. Census Bureau.

Table F.2. U.S. International Transactions

[Millions of dollars]

Line	(Credits +; debits -)	Not seasonally adjusted											Seasonally adjusted					
		2009	2009			2010			2009			2010						
			II	III	IV	I	II ^r	III ^p	II	III	IV	I	II ^r	III ^p				
Current account																		
1	Exports of goods and services and income receipts	2,159,000	522,236	543,188	583,506	587,045	615,804	630,044	520,110	540,729	576,426	600,182	613,730	625,346				
2	Exports of goods and services	1,570,797	378,017	395,717	428,734	428,887	449,177	462,995	377,829	394,145	420,444	438,914	449,859	459,818				
3	Goods, balance of payments basis	1,068,499	254,698	267,099	297,632	299,404	317,815	321,272	254,021	268,858	290,576	305,640	316,163	323,061				
4	Services	502,298	123,319	128,618	131,102	129,483	131,361	141,724	123,808	125,287	129,868	133,274	133,696	136,758				
5	Transfers under U.S. military agency sales contracts	17,096	4,561	5,445	3,709	4,242	4,464	4,815	4,561	5,445	3,709	4,242	4,464	4,815				
6	Travel	93,917	23,803	27,190	22,212	21,907	25,921	30,515	23,066	23,311	23,969	25,006	25,199	26,273				
7	Passenger fares	26,424	6,357	7,165	6,269	6,783	7,575	9,057	6,534	6,498	6,356	7,167	7,806	8,223				
8	Other transportation	35,406	8,620	8,935	5,944	9,366	10,025	10,217	8,549	8,834	9,371	9,691	9,947	9,905				
9	Royalties and license fees	89,791	24,310	20,073	25,798	22,507	24,543	23,897	22,363	21,396	24,530	24,138	24,062	24,390				
10	Other private services	238,332	55,359	59,466	63,193	64,223	58,508	62,892	58,487	59,458	61,555	62,576	61,893	62,822				
11	U.S. government miscellaneous services	1,333	309	345	377	454	324	331	309	345	377	454	324	331				
12	Income receipts	588,203	144,219	147,471	154,772	158,158	166,627	167,049	142,281	146,584	155,982	161,268	163,871	165,528				
13	Income receipts on U.S.-owned assets abroad	585,256	143,481	146,743	154,029	157,399	165,850	166,262	141,543	145,855	155,239	160,509	163,094	164,741				
14	Direct investment receipts	346,073	84,320	90,516	97,459	101,058	107,897	108,110	82,354	89,626	98,730	104,130	105,114	106,592				
15	Other private receipts	234,458	58,080	55,506	56,084	55,981	57,655	57,815	58,080	55,506	56,084	55,981	57,655	57,815				
16	U.S. government receipts	4,724	1,081	721	486	360	298	337	1,109	723	425	398	325	334				
17	Compensation of employees	2,947	738	728	743	759	777	787	738	723	743	759	777	787				
18	Imports of goods and services and income payments	-2,412,489	-575,903	-620,591	-655,850	-642,794	-704,805	-737,197	-574,265	-604,594	-646,066	-674,473	-703,794	-718,687				
19	Imports of goods and services	-1,945,705	-458,934	-507,905	-535,001	-524,111	-583,052	-611,099	-458,270	-493,467	-525,152	-553,365	-582,937	-594,214				
20	Goods, balance of payments basis	-1,575,443	-365,763	-412,108	-441,193	-433,087	-483,596	-507,484	-367,528	-400,977	-430,698	-456,961	-485,734	-494,218				
21	Services	-370,262	-93,171	-95,797	-93,808	-91,223	-99,456	-103,615	-90,742	-92,490	-94,454	-96,404	-97,203	-99,996				
22	Direct defense expenditures	-30,474	-7,662	-7,728	-7,689	-7,721	-7,590	-7,662	-7,728	-7,689	-7,721	-7,590	-7,590	-7,580				
23	Travel	-73,230	-20,138	-20,988	-15,944	-16,070	-20,452	-21,977	-17,721	-18,459	-18,348	-18,651	-18,152	-19,167				
24	Passenger fares	-25,900	-6,666	-6,710	-6,151	-6,324	-7,483	-7,496	-6,163	-6,455	-6,578	-6,638	-6,981	-7,228				
25	Other transportation	-41,586	-10,145	-10,369	-10,405	-10,642	-12,357	-13,437	-10,141	-9,880	-10,269	-11,287	-12,344	-13,028				
26	Royalties and license fees	-25,230	-6,289	-6,054	-7,159	-7,322	-6,864	-7,077	-6,442	-6,137	-6,663	-7,662	-7,087	-7,191				
27	Other private services	-168,892	-41,124	-42,728	-45,100	-41,750	-43,485	-44,725	-41,461	-42,611	-43,546	-43,250	-43,825	-44,480				
28	U.S. government miscellaneous services	-4,871	-1,152	-1,220	-1,360	-1,194	-1,224	-1,323	-1,152	-1,220	-1,152	-1,194	-1,224	-1,323				
29	Income payments	-466,783	-116,969	-112,686	-120,849	-118,684	-121,753	-126,099	-115,995	-111,127	-120,914	-121,108	-120,857	-124,473				
30	Income payments on foreign-owned assets in the United States	-456,027	-114,452	-110,112	-117,873	-115,891	-119,058	-123,312	-113,323	-108,460	-118,212	-118,304	-117,992	-121,589				
31	Direct investment payments	-94,010	-23,939	-25,000	-33,850	-32,730	-34,527	-39,324	-22,810	-23,348	-34,189	-35,143	-33,461	-37,601				
32	Other private payments	-218,020	-54,146	-50,473	-49,941	-48,426	-48,902	-48,140	-54,146	-50,473	-49,941	-48,426	-48,902	-48,140				
33	U.S. government payments	-143,997	-36,367	-34,639	-34,082	-34,735	-35,629	-35,848	-36,367	-34,639	-34,082	-34,735	-35,629	-35,848				
34	Compensation of employees	-10,757	-2,517	-2,574	-2,976	-2,993	-2,695	-2,786	-2,673	-2,667	-2,702	-2,804	-2,865	-2,884				
35	Unilateral current transfers, net	-124,943	-29,481	-34,174	-31,146	-36,046	-31,424	-34,678	-30,292	-33,638	-31,268	-34,867	-33,151	-33,886				
36	U.S. government grants	-41,638	-10,969	-13,067	-8,962	-12,311	-10,005	-10,813	-10,969	-13,067	-8,962	-12,311	-10,005	-10,813				
37	U.S. government pensions and other transfers	-8,874	-1,832	-2,684	-2,516	-2,587	-1,576	-3,107	-2,222	-2,233	-2,241	-2,548	-2,590	-2,597				
38	Private remittances and other transfers	-74,431	-16,681	-18,423	-19,668	-21,147	-19,843	-20,758	-17,101	-18,338	-20,065	-20,008	-20,555	-20,476				
Capital account																		
39	Capital account transactions, net	-140	-29	-36	-56	-3	-2	-8	-29	-36	-56	-3	-2	-8				
Financial account																		
40	U.S.-owned assets abroad, excluding financial derivatives (increase/financial outflow (-))	-140,465	26,351	-283,801	9,930	-305,061	-150,755	-332,204	31,734	-276,241	-8,685	-301,389	-141,177	-324,506				
41	U.S. official reserve assets	-52,256	-3,632	-49,021	1,379	-773	-165	-1,096	-3,632	-49,021	1,379	-773	-165	-1,096				
42	Gold	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0				
43	Special drawing rights	-48,230	-8	-47,720	-487	-7	-6	-8	-8	-47,720	-487	-7	-6	-8				
44	Reserve position in the International Monetary Fund	-3,357	-3,485	-1,098	1,980	-581	-77	-956	-3,485	-1,098	1,980	-581	-77	-956				
45	Foreign currencies	-669	-139	-203	-114	-185	-82	-132	-139	-203	-114	-185	-82	-132				
46	U.S. government assets, other than official reserve assets	541,342	193,750	57,736	45,754	9,433	-2,441	571	193,750	57,736	45,754	9,433	-2,441	571				
47	U.S. credits and other long-term assets	-4,069	-1,947	-616	-1,266	-1,247	-1,835	-977	-1,947	-616	-1,266	-1,247	-1,835	-977				
48	Repayments on U.S. credits and other long-term assets	2,133	432	534	683	399	783	404	432	534	683	399	783	404				
49	U.S. foreign currency holdings and U.S. short-term assets	543,278	195,265	57,818	46,337	10,281	-1,389	1,144	195,265	57,818	46,337	10,281	-1,389	1,144				
50	U.S. private assets	-629,552	-163,767	-292,516	-37,203	-313,720	-148,149	-331,679	-158,384	-284,956	-55,817	-303,048	-138,572	-323,991				
51	Direct investment	-268,680	-67,449	-85,873	-64,541	-106,612	-82,113	-90,815	-62,066	-78,313	-83,155	-102,940	-72,536	-83,117				
52	Foreign securities	-208,213	-86,725	-46,823	-45,489	-46,147	-20,329	-44,460	-86,725	-46,823	-45,489	-46,147	-20,329	-44,460				
53	U.S. claims on unaffiliated foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns	124,428	22,161	83,302	16,248	10,821	11,306	-734	22,161	83,302	16,248	10,821	11,306	-734				
54	U.S. claims reported by U.S. banks and securities brokers	-277,087	-31,754	-243,122	56,579	-171,782	-57,013	-195,670	-31,754	-243,122	56,579	-171,782	-57,013	-195,670				
55	Foreign-owned assets in the United States, excluding financial derivatives (increase/financial inflow (+))	305,736	-26,060	344,720	100,919	318,242	164,612	508,655	-28,348	342,385	103,615	320,217	162,096	506,126				
56	Foreign official assets in the United States	450,030	128,667	96,616	116,835	72,507	43,568	141,614	128,667	96,616	116,835	72,507	43,568	141,614				
57	U.S. government securities	441,056	120,776	73,293	101,475	83,384	37,848	130,030	120,776	73,293	101,475	83,384	37,848	130,030				
58	U.S. Treasury securities	561,125	149,213	123,675	124,428	89,654	18,229	197,988	149,213	123,675	124,428	89,654	18,229	197,988				
59	Other	-120,069	-28,437	-50,382	-22,953	-6,270	19,619	-67,958	-28,437	-50,382	-22,953	-6,270	19,619	-67,958				
60	Other U.S. government liabilities	57,971	685	53,455	1,297	4,060	2,484	1,518	685	53,455	1,297	4,060	2,484	1,518				
61	U.S. liabilities reported by U.S. banks and securities brokers	-70,851	-4,900	-33,735	12,712	-15,968	3,886	10,022	-4,900	-33,735	12,712	-15,968	3,886	10,022				
62	Other foreign official assets	21,854	12,106	3,603	1,351	1,031	-650	44	12,106	3,603	1,351	1,031	-650	44				
63	Other foreign assets in the United States	-144,294	-154,727	248,104	-15,916	245,735	121,044	367,041	-157,015	245,769	-13,220	247,710	118,528	364,512				
64	Direct investment	134,707	33,812	58,138	38,818	49,593	20,553	73,011	31,524	55,803	41,514	51,568	18,037	70,482				
65	U.S. Treasury securities	22,781	-29,321	-9,203	15,221	103,092	101,320	64,985	-29,321	-9,203	15,221	103,092	101,320	64,985				
66	U.S. securities other than U.S. Treasury securities	59																

Table F.3. U.S. International Transactions, by Area—Continues
[Millions of dollars]

Line	(Credits +; debits -)	Europe		European Union		Euro area		United Kingdom	
		2010:II ^r	2010:III ^p	2010:II ^r	2010:III ^p	2010:II ^r	2010:III ^p	2010:II ^r	2010:III ^p
	Current account								
1	Exports of goods and services and income receipts	194,728	198,395	164,147	167,910	114,545	117,262	39,475	40,678
2	Exports of goods and services	120,536	124,207	101,305	104,912	69,531	71,876	24,582	25,532
3	Goods, balance of payments basis	71,228	70,548	59,561	59,249	43,848	43,466	11,987	12,042
4	Services	49,308	53,659	41,744	45,662	25,684	28,410	12,595	13,490
5	Transfers under U.S. military agency sales contracts	432	539	252	309	157	194	73	86
6	Travel	7,329	9,933	6,609	9,082	3,644	5,521	2,287	2,850
7	Passenger fares	2,147	3,065	1,948	2,772	1,103	1,663	722	883
8	Other transportation	3,873	4,035	3,319	3,457	1,814	1,801	915	1,005
9	Royalties and license fees	11,554	11,351	8,899	8,746	7,136	7,028	1,226	1,193
10	Other private services	23,881	24,646	20,642	21,223	11,786	12,159	7,351	7,452
11	U.S. government miscellaneous services	91	90	75	73	44	43	21	21
12	Income receipts	74,192	74,188	62,843	62,998	45,014	45,386	14,893	15,146
13	Income receipts on U.S.-owned assets abroad	74,071	74,063	62,745	62,898	44,961	45,331	14,864	15,117
14	Direct investment receipts	50,169	50,165	41,729	41,877	32,972	33,274	7,035	7,355
15	Other private receipts	23,832	23,755	20,954	20,891	11,928	11,928	7,829	7,761
16	U.S. government receipts	70	143	62	130	61	129	0	1
17	Compensation of employees	122	125	97	100	55	55	28	29
18	Imports of goods and services and income payments	-197,217	-206,418	-166,988	-174,774	-117,524	-121,749	-37,229	-39,679
19	Imports of goods and services	-138,573	-144,639	-115,219	-120,918	-82,462	-86,289	-23,217	-24,266
20	Goods, balance of payments basis	-96,331	-100,680	-79,747	-83,964	-60,213	-63,240	-12,705	-13,407
21	Services	-42,242	-43,959	-35,472	-36,954	-22,249	-23,049	-10,513	-10,859
22	Direct defense expenditures	-3,102	-3,137	-2,871	-2,902	-2,611	-2,622	-256	-250
23	Travel	-6,977	-7,098	-6,225	-6,266	-4,327	-4,402	-1,455	-1,373
24	Passenger fares	-3,665	-3,681	-3,337	-3,438	-2,222	-2,108	-962	-1,097
25	Other transportation	-5,056	-5,622	-4,010	-4,533	-2,420	-2,728	-683	-767
26	Royalties and license fees	-4,288	-4,516	-3,034	-3,196	-2,083	-2,192	-661	-697
27	Other private services	-18,538	-19,211	-15,596	-16,193	-8,287	-8,673	-6,452	-6,632
28	U.S. government miscellaneous services	-616	-694	-399	-426	-299	-324	-44	-44
29	Income payments	-58,844	-61,778	-51,770	-53,856	-35,063	-35,460	-14,012	-15,413
30	Income payments on foreign-owned assets in the United States	-58,478	-61,624	-51,640	-53,734	-34,970	-35,372	-13,983	-15,385
31	Direct investment payments	-25,826	-28,911	-23,378	-25,663	-17,155	-17,909	-4,570	-5,798
32	Other private payments	-27,079	-26,604	-24,384	-23,936	-15,123	-14,791	-8,657	-8,550
33	U.S. government payments	-5,773	-6,109	-3,878	-4,135	-2,692	-2,672	-756	-1,037
34	Compensation of employees	-167	-155	-129	-122	-93	-88	-29	-28
35	Unilateral current transfers, net	-1,858	-2,208	-486	-863	-474	-523	156	-118
36	U.S. government grants	-413	-424	-28	-23	-3	-9	0	0
37	U.S. government pensions and other transfers	-503	-510	-467	-474	-351	-353	-77	-77
38	Private remittances and other transfers	-942	-1,274	9	-366	-120	-161	233	-41
	Capital account								
39	Capital account transactions, net	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Financial account								
40	U.S.-owned assets abroad, excluding financial derivatives (increase/financial outflow (-))	60,402	-200,353	70,005	-210,664	34,200	-107,513	37,238	-109,067
41	U.S. official reserve assets	-56	-111	-47	-106	-47	-106	0	0
42	Gold	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
43	Special drawing rights								
44	Reserve position in the International Monetary Fund								
45	Foreign currencies	-56	-111	-47	-106	-47	-106		
46	U.S. government assets, other than official reserve assets	-1,100	949	-1,054	944	-1,044	1,002	-1	-49
47	U.S. credits and other long-term assets	-250	-51	-130	-49	0	0	0	-49
48	Repayments on U.S. credits and other long-term assets	177	52	136	30	11	30	0	0
49	U.S. foreign currency holdings and U.S. short-term assets	-1,027	948	-1,060	963	-1,055	972	-1	0
50	U.S. private assets	61,558	-201,191	71,106	-211,502	35,291	-108,409	37,239	-109,018
51	Direct investment	-40,688	-38,369	-34,041	-37,652	-29,692	-30,297	-8,034	-6,708
52	Foreign securities	6,450	-1,983	887	-5,604	-19,927	-1,822	18,971	-7,043
53	U.S. claims on unaffiliated foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns	9,844	-18,153	9,734	-18,210	85	-11,696	8,912	-10,269
54	U.S. claims reported by U.S. banks and securities brokers	85,952	-142,686	94,526	-150,036	84,825	-64,594	17,390	-84,998
55	Foreign-owned assets in the United States, excluding financial derivatives (increase/financial inflow (+))	96,885	269,109	52,842	200,659	21,362	29,253	28,564	169,010
56	Foreign official assets in the United States	32,858	34,737	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
57	U.S. government securities	(¹)	(¹)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
58	U.S. Treasury securities	(¹)	(¹)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
59	Other	(¹)	(¹)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
60	Other U.S. government liabilities	648	-56	272	-91	-24	55	231	6
61	U.S. liabilities reported by U.S. banks and securities brokers	(¹)	(¹)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
62	Other foreign official assets	(¹)	(¹)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
63	Other foreign assets in the United States	64,027	234,372	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
64	Direct investment	6,918	55,744	3,140	45,826	16,707	30,687	-8,329	14,551
65	U.S. Treasury securities	68,051	13,238	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)
66	U.S. securities other than U.S. Treasury securities	-2,491	41,084	-3,948	38,219	-8,984	19,313	6,055	19,036
67	U.S. currency	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
68	U.S. liabilities to unaffiliated foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns	-23,956	42,845	-25,178	43,354	-12,062	6,782	-12,981	38,310
69	U.S. liabilities reported by U.S. banks and securities brokers	15,505	81,461	² 78,556	² 73,351	² 25,725	² -27,584	² 43,588	² 97,107
70	Financial derivatives, net	16,959	n.a.	12,225	n.a.	5,477	n.a.	6,912	n.a.
71	Statistical discrepancy (sum of above items with sign reversed)	-169,898	-58,526	-131,745	-17,731	-57,586	-83,270	-75,116	-60,824
	Memoranda:								
72	Balance on goods (lines 3 and 20)	-25,102	-30,132	-20,185	-24,714	-16,365	-19,774	-717	-1,365
73	Balance on services (lines 4 and 21)	7,066	9,700	6,271	8,709	3,435	5,361	2,082	2,631
74	Balance on goods and services (lines 2 and 19)	-18,037	-20,432	-13,914	-16,006	-12,930	-14,413	1,365	1,266
75	Balance on income (lines 12 and 29)	15,548	12,409	11,073	9,142	9,951	9,926	881	-267
76	Unilateral current transfers, net (line 35)	-1,858	-2,208	-486	-863	-474	-523	156	-118
77	Balance on current account (lines 1, 18, and 35 or lines 74, 75, and 76)	-4,347	-10,231	-3,327	-7,726	-3,453	-5,010	2,402	881

p Preliminary

r Revised

(*) Transactions are less than \$500,000 (+/-)

1. Details not shown separately; see totals in lines 56 and 63.

2. Details not shown separately are included in line 69.

3. Estimates of financial derivatives for Mexico are included in Latin America and Other Western Hemisphere; and for China and India, in Asia and Pacific. Estimates for the Middle East are combined with estimates for Asia and Pacific.

4. Calculated excluding financial derivatives, net (line 70).

Table F.3. U.S. International Transactions, by Area—Continues

(Millions of dollars)

Line	(Credits +; debits -)	Canada		Latin America and Other Western Hemisphere		Mexico		Asia and Pacific		Australia	
		2010:II ^r	2010:III ^p	2010:II ^r	2010:III ^p	2010:II ^r	2010:III ^p	2010:II ^r	2010:III ^p	2010:II ^r	2010:III ^p
Current account											
1	Exports of goods and services and income receipts	90,443	88,517	132,670	136,046	49,459	51,093	154,446	161,349	14,169	13,996
2	Exports of goods and services	77,777	75,409	98,722	102,250	45,801	47,196	125,299	132,329	8,676	8,817
3	Goods, balance of payments basis	64,854	62,990	74,907	76,336	40,075	41,332	88,234	92,134	5,399	5,449
4	Services	12,923	12,419	23,815	25,914	5,726	5,863	37,066	40,195	3,277	3,367
5	Transfers under U.S. military agency sales contracts	69	43	340	314	5	6	2,491	2,577	90	67
6	Travel	4,702	3,930	5,593	7,050	1,479	1,528	7,192	7,930	937	973
7	Passenger fares	1,105	1,230	2,124	2,343	664	633	1,952	2,085	128	167
8	Other transportation	768	759	1,342	1,381	285	334	3,400	3,428	124	127
9	Royalties and license fees	1,878	1,814	2,568	2,496	538	523	8,152	7,856	469	456
10	Other private services	4,362	4,604	11,796	12,280	2,747	2,832	13,774	16,209	1,522	1,569
11	U.S. government miscellaneous services	39	38	52	48	7	7	104	110	8	9
12	Income receipts	12,666	13,108	33,947	33,796	3,659	3,897	29,147	29,020	5,493	5,179
13	Income receipts on U.S.-owned assets abroad	12,621	13,064	33,888	33,737	3,650	3,888	29,040	28,912	5,485	5,171
14	Direct investment receipts	7,715	8,025	21,875	21,770	2,684	2,957	19,183	18,929	2,787	2,471
15	Other private receipts	4,905	5,039	11,939	11,950	946	931	9,772	9,901	2,698	2,700
16	U.S. government receipts	1	0	74	17	20	0	85	82	0	0
17	Compensation of employees	45	44	59	59	9	9	107	108	8	8
18	Imports of goods and services and income payments	-84,506	-82,382	-127,510	-129,938	-64,753	-65,660	-240,591	-263,937	-5,472	-5,755
19	Imports of goods and services	-79,719	-76,542	-111,536	-113,804	-61,876	-62,574	-204,091	-227,378	-3,670	-3,921
20	Goods, balance of payments basis	-73,087	-68,356	-91,664	-93,804	-58,540	-59,316	-179,943	-202,518	-2,164	-2,296
21	Services	-6,632	-8,187	-19,871	-20,000	-3,336	-3,257	-24,148	-24,861	-1,506	-1,625
22	Direct defense expenditures	-69	-70	-65	-68	-1	-2	-2,225	-2,221	-41	-40
23	Travel	-1,716	-3,131	-6,111	-5,947	-2,187	-2,018	-4,108	-4,124	-353	-374
24	Passenger fares	-133	-200	-721	-776	-162	-193	-2,195	-2,195	-148	-215
25	Other transportation	-1,108	-1,090	-1,108	-1,147	-154	-159	-4,608	-5,036	-61	-60
26	Royalties and license fees	-205	-216	-49	-52	-29	-30	-2,095	-2,212	-114	-121
27	Other private services	-3,295	-3,371	-11,660	-11,845	-757	-807	-8,611	-8,863	-766	-796
28	U.S. government miscellaneous services	-108	-109	-157	-164	-47	-48	-206	-209	-22	-20
29	Income payments	-4,787	-5,840	-15,974	-16,134	-2,876	-3,087	-36,500	-36,559	-1,802	-1,834
30	Income payments on foreign-owned assets in the United States	-4,635	-5,693	-13,958	-13,939	-899	-923	-36,176	-36,296	-1,797	-1,829
31	Direct investment payments	-1,784	-2,730	-458	-469	-169	-182	-5,426	-5,714	-967	-1,052
32	Other private payments	-2,210	-2,189	-10,250	-10,029	-280	-289	-6,374	-6,370	-710	-682
33	U.S. government payments	-641	-774	-3,250	-3,217	-450	-452	-24,376	-24,212	-120	-95
34	Compensation of employees	-153	-147	-2,016	-2,195	-1,978	-2,163	-324	-263	-5	-5
35	Unilateral current transfers, net	-771	-779	-8,692	-8,748	-3,373	-3,252	-8,010	-9,208	-94	-101
36	U.S. government grants	0	0	-1,035	-949	-214	-74	-3,656	-3,989	0	0
37	U.S. government pensions and other transfers	-179	-177	-223	-224	-95	-95	-271	-270	-25	-25
38	Private remittances and other transfers	-592	-602	-7,434	-7,576	-3,064	-3,083	-4,083	-4,949	-69	-76
Capital account											
39	Capital account transactions, net	0	0	-1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Financial account											
40	U.S.-owned assets abroad, excluding financial derivatives (increase/financial outflow (-))	-13,925	-15,872	-119,156	-35,230	-6,450	733	-71,412	-73,017	-10,871	-5,707
41	U.S. official reserve assets	0	0	0	0	0	0	-26	-21	0	0
42	Gold	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
43	Special drawing rights	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
44	Reserve position in the International Monetary Fund	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
45	Foreign currencies	0	0	0	0	0	0	-26	-21	0	0
46	U.S. government assets, other than official reserve assets	1	0	245	-184	49	-3	-280	247	1	1
47	U.S. credits and other long-term assets	0	0	-155	-233	-6	-1	-80	-116	0	0
48	Repayments on U.S. credits and other long-term assets	1	1	398	53	53	0	136	166	0	0
49	U.S. foreign currency holdings and U.S. short-term assets	(*)	-1	2	-4	2	-2	-356	197	1	1
50	U.S. private assets	-13,926	-15,872	-119,401	-35,046	-6,499	736	-71,106	-73,243	-10,872	-5,708
51	Direct investment	-5,457	-9,036	-19,061	-14,203	-1,690	172	-22,839	-22,839	-5,799	-5,799
52	Foreign securities	-18,350	-10,778	-9,314	-21,388	-908	-1,276	-3,524	-9,076	-1,246	-3,713
53	U.S. claims on unaffiliated foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns	492	1,187	2,451	15,341	-255	750	-312	51	-46	-12
54	U.S. claims reported by U.S. banks and securities brokers	9,389	2,755	-93,477	-14,796	-3,646	1,090	-57,438	-41,379	-6,744	3,816
55	Foreign-owned assets in the United States, excluding financial derivatives (increase/financial inflow (+))	21,576	28,713	-1,546	33,227	2,342	8,579	56,600	153,154	-2,599	1,428
56	Foreign official assets in the United States	1,810	-318	5,050	29,495	(2)	(2)	23,217	69,893	(2)	(2)
57	U.S. government securities	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
58	U.S. Treasury securities	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
59	Other	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)
60	Other U.S. government liabilities	9	-11	195	4	152	7	914	448	148	98
61	U.S. liabilities reported by U.S. banks and securities brokers	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(2)	(2)	(1)	(1)	(2)	(2)
62	Other foreign official assets	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(2)	(2)	(1)	(1)	(2)	(2)
63	Other foreign assets in the United States	19,766	29,031	-6,596	3,732	(2)	(2)	33,383	83,261	(2)	(2)
64	Direct investment	260	4,878	4,431	2,875	300	190	7,845	8,546	-1,061	2,087
65	U.S. Treasury securities	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	(2)	(2)	(1)	(1)	(2)	(2)
66	U.S. securities other than U.S. Treasury securities	1,679	2,690	-19,138	35,191	1,664	245	16,387	28,549	-1,137	-619
67	U.S. currency	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
68	U.S. liabilities to unaffiliated foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns	(1)	(1)	(1)	(1)	386	-233	(1)	(1)	201	-19
69	U.S. liabilities reported by U.S. banks and securities brokers	-393	-1,140	-36,271	20,967	² -160	² 8,370	11,046	9,557	² -750	² -119
70	Financial derivatives, net	-262	n.a.	-3,099	n.a.	(3)	(3)	-3,846	n.a.	-2,056	n.a.
71	Statistical discrepancy (sum of above items with sign reversed)	-12,555	4-18,197	127,334	4,643	22,775	48,507	112,813	431,659	6,922	4-3,860
Memoranda:											
72	Balance on goods (lines 3 and 20)	-8,233	-5,365	-16,757	-17,468	-18,465	-17,984	-91,709	-110,384	3,234	3,153
73	Balance on services (lines 4 and 21)	6,290	4,232	5,914	2,389	2,639	2,639	12,918	15,334	1,772	1,742
74	Balance on goods and services (lines 2 and 19)	-1,942	-1,133	-12,813	-11,554	-16,076	-15,378	-78,791	-95,049	5,006	4,896
75	Balance on income (lines 12 and 29)	7,878	7,268	17,662	17,662	782	811	-7,353	-7,539	3,691	3,345
76	Unilateral current transfers, net (line 35)	-771	-779	-8,692	-8,748	-3,373	-3,252	-8,010	-9,208	-94	-101
77	Balance on current account (lines 1, 18, and 35 or lines 74, 75, and 76)	5,166	5,356	-3,533	-2,640	-18,667	-17,820	-94,154	-111,796	8,604	8,140

p Preliminary

r Revised

(*) Transactions are less than \$500,000 (+/-)

1. Details not shown separately; see totals in lines 56 and 63.

2. Details not shown separately are included in line 69.

3. Estimates of financial derivatives for Mexico are included in Latin America and Other Western Hemisphere; and for China and India, in Asia and Pacific. Estimates for the Middle East are combined with estimates for Asia and Pacific.

4. Calculated excluding financial derivatives, net (line 70).

Table F.3. U.S. International Transactions, by Area—Table Ends

(Millions of dollars)

Line	(Credits +; debits -)	China		India		Japan		Middle East		Africa	
		2010:II ^r	2010:III ^p	2010:II ^r	2010:III ^p	2010:II ^r	2010:III ^p	2010:II ^r	2010:III ^p	2010:II ^r	2010:III ^p
Current account											
1	Exports of goods and services and income receipts	27,627	30,114	9,001	9,080	31,846	33,378	19,725	20,269	11,374	13,019
2	Exports of goods and services.....	24,667	27,101	7,848	7,930	25,700	27,216	17,241	17,411	8,853	10,591
3	Goods, balance of payments basis.....	20,337	22,024	5,239	4,993	14,891	15,451	12,367	11,815	6,225	7,448
4	Services.....	4,330	5,077	2,608	2,937	10,809	11,765	4,874	5,595	2,628	3,143
5	Transfers under U.S. military agency sales contracts.....	(*)	(*)	2	10	45	50	986	1,085	101	170
6	Travel.....	889	1,019	1,026	822	2,232	2,944	714	1,120	391	552
7	Passenger fares.....	264	340	414	366	977	1,119	115	147	132	187
8	Other transportation.....	578	550	85	86	896	923	519	479	113	119
9	Royalties and license fees.....	722	705	155	148	2,459	2,357	171	165	219	215
10	Other private services.....	1,871	2,456	913	1,491	4,169	4,344	2,348	2,577	1,654	1,878
11	U.S. government miscellaneous services.....	6	8	13	13	31	28	21	22	18	23
12	Income receipts.....	2,960	3,013	1,153	1,150	6,146	6,163	2,485	2,858	2,521	2,428
13	Income receipts on U.S.-owned assets abroad.....	2,949	3,002	1,148	1,145	6,124	6,141	2,458	2,830	2,496	2,403
14	Direct investment receipts.....	2,476	2,526	734	700	2,942	2,999	1,863	2,248	2,056	1,950
15	Other private receipts.....	468	466	413	441	3,156	3,120	581	554	395	394
16	U.S. government receipts.....	5	10	4	5	26	22	14	28	45	59
17	Compensation of employees.....	11	11	5	5	21	22	27	27	25	25
18	Imports of goods and services and income payments	-103,154	-118,530	-11,297	-11,585	-49,903	-52,903	-27,772	-25,498	-23,833	-25,802
19	Imports of goods and services.....	-90,652	-106,344	-10,943	-11,242	-35,435	-38,231	-25,416	-23,173	-23,491	-25,465
20	Goods, balance of payments basis.....	-88,106	-103,833	-7,885	-7,803	-28,950	-31,480	-20,950	-18,800	-21,621	-23,326
21	Services.....	-2,546	-2,511	-3,058	-3,438	-6,485	-6,751	-4,466	-4,373	-1,870	-2,139
22	Direct defense expenditures.....	-3	-3	-1	-2	-568	-560	-2,037	-1,990	-92	-94
23	Travel.....	-720	-590	-323	-602	-844	-911	-792	-730	-602	-947
24	Passenger fares.....	-153	-132	-39	-43	-357	-324	-519	-499	-151	-145
25	Other transportation.....	-730	-799	-29	-52	-1,453	-1,541	-335	-353	-110	-135
26	Royalties and license fees.....	-26	-28	-30	-31	-1,887	-1,993	-43	-45	-6	-6
27	Other private services.....	-903	-947	-2,630	-2,701	-1,342	-1,394	-666	-680	-699	-740
28	U.S. government miscellaneous services.....	-11	-12	-7	-7	-34	-28	-74	-76	-64	-72
29	Income payments.....	-12,501	-12,187	-354	-343	-14,468	-14,672	-2,356	-2,325	-342	-337
30	Income payments on foreign-owned assets in the United States.....	-12,374	-12,074	-286	-292	-14,439	-14,648	-2,339	-2,312	-322	-323
31	Direct investment payments.....	(*)	-31	-63	-72	-3,925	-3,991	-34	-76	-12	-16
32	Other private payments.....	-682	-683	-57	-56	-3,009	-2,993	-1,139	-1,116	-93	-92
33	U.S. government payments.....	-11,692	-11,360	-166	-164	-7,505	-7,664	-1,166	-1,120	-217	-215
34	Compensation of employees.....	-128	-113	-68	-51	-29	-24	-17	-13	-19	-14
35	Unilateral current transfers, net	-621	-813	-1,193	-1,410	-273	-266	-1,943	-1,809	-2,896	-2,829
36	U.S. government grants.....	-6	-6	-26	-27	0	0	-1,294	-1,111	-1,753	-1,602
37	U.S. government pensions and other transfers.....	-3	-2	-7	-7	-78	-79	-36	-38	-10	-10
38	Private remittances and other transfers.....	-612	-805	-1,160	-1,376	-195	-187	-613	-660	-1,133	-1,217
Capital account											
39	Capital account transactions, net	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	-1	-8
Financial account											
40	U.S.-owned assets abroad, excluding financial derivatives (increase/financial outflow (-))	-9,981	3,851	-2,901	-7,386	-27,895	-44,424	-3,020	2,083	-1,140	-3,795
41	U.S. official reserve assets.....	0	0	0	0	-26	-21	0	0	0	0
42	Gold.....	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
43	Special drawing rights.....										
44	Reserve position in the International Monetary Fund.....										
45	Foreign currencies.....					-26	-21				
46	U.S. government assets, other than official reserve assets.....	22	42	1	22	-220	216	38	-391	-62	-30
47	U.S. credits and other long-term assets.....	0	0	-3	0	0	0	-5	-434	-82	-123
48	Repayments on U.S. credits and other long-term assets.....	23	35	6	16	0	0	52	35	18	97
49	U.S. foreign currency holdings and U.S. short-term assets.....	-1	7	-2	6	-220	216	-9	8	2	-4
50	U.S. private assets.....	-10,003	3,809	-2,902	-7,408	-27,649	-44,619	-3,058	2,474	-1,078	-3,765
51	Direct investment.....	-2,171	-1,528	-1,038	-2,771	-2,542	-2,389	469	57	-2,507	-1,403
52	Foreign securities.....	55	-12	-134	-380	2,610	148	1,062	251	2,221	-392
53	U.S. claims on unaffiliated foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns.....	-99	42	-174	-10	-346	-128	-1,081	688	-94	151
54	U.S. claims reported by U.S. banks and securities brokers.....	-7,788	5,307	-1,556	-827	-27,371	-42,250	-3,508	1,478	-698	-2,121
55	Foreign-owned assets in the United States, excluding financial derivatives (increase/financial inflow (+))	-21,697	43,274	3,764	7,225	47,428	71,776	-23,832	10,547	7,953	5,998
56	Foreign official assets in the United States.....	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	-22,530	8,236	3,161	-441
57	U.S. government securities.....	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
58	U.S. Treasury securities.....	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
59	Other.....	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
60	Other U.S. government liabilities.....	0	0	104	70	117	-66	641	972	75	149
61	U.S. liabilities reported by U.S. banks and securities brokers.....	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
62	Other foreign official assets.....	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
63	Other foreign assets in the United States.....	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	-1,302	2,311	4,792	6,439
64	Direct investment.....	106	206	217	12	7,144	5,494	-147	6	60	-221
65	U.S. Treasury securities.....	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(²)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
66	U.S. securities other than U.S. Treasury securities.....	1,587	-447	-99	-148	7,397	23,539	-875	1,399	-236	-224
67	U.S. currency.....	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
68	U.S. liabilities to unaffiliated foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns.....	329	-401	-42	-285	-178	140	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)	(¹)
69	U.S. liabilities reported by U.S. banks and securities brokers.....	² -23,719	² 43,916	² 3,584	² 7,576	² 32,948	² 42,669	412	-1,372	-619	1,183
70	Financial derivatives, net	(³)	(³)	(³)	(³)	-1,701	n.a.	(³)	(³)	468	n.a.
71	Statistical discrepancy (sum of above items with sign reversed)	107,826	42,105	2,626	4,075	498	-7,561	36,842	-5,591	8,075	413,416
Memoranda:											
72	Balance on goods (lines 3 and 20).....	-67,769	-81,809	-2,645	-2,810	-14,059	-16,029	-8,584	-6,985	-15,396	-15,878
73	Balance on services (lines 4 and 21).....	1,784	2,566	-450	-501	4,324	5,014	408	1,222	758	1,004
74	Balance on goods and services (lines 2 and 19).....	-65,986	-79,242	-3,096	-3,312	-9,735	-11,015	-8,176	-5,763	-14,638	-14,874
75	Balance on income (lines 12 and 29).....	-9,541	-9,174	799	807	-8,322	-8,509	129	533	2,179	2,091
76	Unilateral current transfers, net (line 35).....	-621	-813	-1,193	-1,410	-273	-266	-1,943	-1,809	-2,896	-2,829
77	Balance on current account (lines 1, 18, and 35 or lines 74, 75, and 76).....	-76,147	-89,230	-3,489	-3,914	-18,331	-19,791	-9,989	-7,039	-15,355	-15,611

p Preliminary

r Revised

(*) Transactions are less than \$500,000 (+/-)

1. Details not shown separately; see totals in lines 56 and 63.

2. Details not shown separately are included in line 69.

3. Estimates of financial derivatives for Mexico are included in Latin America and Other Western Hemisphere; and for China and India, in Asia and Pacific. Estimates for the Middle East are combined with estimates for Asia and Pacific.

4. Calculated excluding financial derivatives, net (line 70).

Table F.4. Private Services Transactions
[Millions of dollars]

Line		Not seasonally adjusted												Seasonally adjusted					
		2009	2009				2010				2009				2010				
			I	II	III	IV	I	II ^r	III ^p	I	II	III	IV	I	II ^r	III ^p			
1	Exports of private services	483,869	115,576	118,449	122,828	127,016	124,786	126,573	136,578	119,651	118,939	119,498	125,782	128,578	128,908	131,612			
2	Travel (table F.2, line 6)	93,917	20,712	23,803	27,190	22,212	21,907	25,921	30,515	23,631	23,006	23,311	23,969	25,006	25,199	26,273			
3	Passenger fares (table F.2, line 7)	26,424	6,632	6,357	7,165	6,269	6,783	7,575	9,057	7,035	6,534	6,498	6,356	7,167	7,806	8,223			
4	Other transportation (table F.2, line 8)	35,406	8,307	8,620	8,935	9,544	9,366	10,025	10,217	8,652	8,549	8,834	9,371	9,691	9,947	9,905			
5	Freight	17,247	4,061	4,103	4,332	4,752	4,680	4,966	4,773	4,168	4,073	4,335	4,671	4,777	4,902	4,773			
6	Port services	18,159	4,247	4,517	4,603	4,792	4,686	5,059	5,443	4,484	4,476	4,499	4,700	4,914	5,045	5,132			
7	Royalties and license fees (table F.2, line 9)	89,791	19,610	24,310	20,073	25,798	22,507	24,543	23,897	21,502	22,363	21,396	24,530	24,138	24,062	24,390			
	By type: ¹																		
8	Industrial processes ²	35,630	7,822	8,348	8,843	10,617	8,984	9,535	9,733	7,822	8,348	8,843	10,617	8,984	9,535	9,733			
9	Other ³	54,161	11,788	15,962	11,230	15,181	13,523	15,008	14,165	13,680	14,014	12,553	13,913	15,154	14,527	14,657			
	By affiliation:																		
10	U.S. parents' receipts from their foreign affiliates	55,430	11,955	13,654	13,463	16,358	13,722	14,493	14,393	12,681	13,622	13,665	15,463	14,549	14,420	14,601			
11	U.S. affiliates' receipts from their foreign parent groups	3,387	794	891	880	822	733	736	794	891	880	822	733	736	746	746			
12	U.S. receipts from unaffiliated foreigners	30,974	6,861	9,766	5,730	8,617	8,051	9,313	8,759	8,028	7,850	6,851	8,245	8,855	8,906	9,043			
13	Other private services (table F.2, line 10)	238,332	60,314	55,359	59,466	63,193	64,223	58,508	62,892	58,831	58,487	59,458	61,555	62,576	61,893	62,822			
	By type: ¹																		
14	Education	19,911	8,141	2,407	5,596	3,767	8,874	2,609	6,123	4,813	4,921	5,046	5,130	5,238	5,355	5,501			
15	Financial services	55,446	13,295	13,618	14,013	14,520	14,028	13,726	13,657	13,295	13,618	14,013	14,520	14,028	13,726	13,657			
16	Insurance services	14,651	3,643	3,754	3,611	3,643	3,505	3,518	3,523	3,643	3,754	3,611	3,643	3,505	3,518	3,523			
17	Telecommunications	9,284	2,225	2,303	2,388	2,368	2,432	2,451	2,523	2,225	2,303	2,388	2,368	2,432	2,451	2,523			
18	Business, professional, and technical services	116,629	27,724	27,977	28,322	32,607	29,625	30,350	31,071	29,568	28,590	28,864	29,606	31,614	30,989	31,623			
19	Other services ⁴	22,411	5,286	5,300	5,536	6,289	5,758	5,855	5,995	5,286	5,300	5,536	6,289	5,758	5,855	5,995			
	By affiliation:																		
20	U.S. parents' receipts from their foreign affiliates	53,636	12,848	12,559	12,516	15,713	14,189	13,907	14,218	13,499	12,969	12,896	14,273	14,884	14,323	14,647			
21	U.S. affiliates' receipts from their foreign parent groups	24,536	5,557	6,095	5,898	6,987	6,584	6,601	6,343	6,007	6,129	6,251	6,149	7,113	6,639	6,702			
22	U.S. receipts from unaffiliated foreigners	160,159	41,910	36,705	41,052	40,493	43,451	37,999	42,332	39,325	39,389	40,312	41,134	40,579	40,931	41,472			
23	Imports of private services	334,917	78,953	84,358	86,849	84,759	82,108	90,642	94,712	84,043	81,928	83,542	85,405	87,489	88,389	91,093			
24	Travel (table F.2, line 23)	73,230	16,160	20,138	20,988	15,944	16,070	20,452	21,977	18,702	17,721	18,459	18,348	18,651	18,152	19,167			
25	Passenger fares (table F.2, line 24)	25,980	6,458	6,661	6,710	6,151	6,324	7,483	7,496	6,784	6,163	6,455	6,578	6,638	6,981	7,228			
26	Other transportation (table F.2, line 25)	41,586	10,667	10,145	10,369	10,405	10,642	12,357	13,437	11,295	10,141	9,880	10,269	11,287	12,344	13,028			
27	Freight	29,341	7,623	6,927	7,238	7,553	8,005	9,493	10,523	8,026	6,911	6,952	7,451	8,449	9,510	10,099			
28	Port services	12,245	3,044	3,217	3,132	2,852	2,637	2,865	2,913	3,269	3,230	2,928	2,818	2,938	2,824	2,929			
29	Royalties and license fees (table F.2, line 26)	25,230	5,728	6,289	6,054	7,159	7,322	6,864	7,077	5,988	6,442	6,137	6,663	7,662	7,087	7,191			
	By type: ¹																		
30	Industrial processes ²	16,464	3,540	4,045	4,049	4,830	4,453	4,443	4,625	3,716	4,163	4,113	4,472	4,696	4,584	4,688			
31	Other ³	8,766	2,188	2,244	2,004	2,329	2,869	2,421	2,452	2,272	2,279	2,024	2,191	2,966	2,502	2,502			
	By affiliation:																		
32	U.S. parents' payments to their foreign affiliates	4,508	1,089	1,202	1,002	1,214	711	689	705	1,089	1,202	1,002	1,214	711	689	705			
33	U.S. affiliates' payments to their foreign parent groups	13,843	3,096	3,366	3,295	4,085	3,952	4,249	4,484	3,378	3,505	3,387	3,573	4,315	4,461	4,602			
34	U.S. payments to unaffiliated foreigners	6,880	1,543	1,722	1,756	1,860	2,659	1,926	1,887	1,520	1,736	1,748	1,876	2,636	1,937	1,883			
35	Other private services (table F.2, line 27)	168,892	39,940	41,124	42,728	45,100	41,750	43,485	44,725	41,274	41,461	42,611	43,546	43,250	43,825	44,480			
	By type: ¹																		
36	Education	5,583	1,048	1,416	1,883	1,235	1,110	1,502	2,000	1,367	1,389	1,409	1,417	1,446	1,473	1,498			
37	Financial services	16,454	3,770	4,329	4,054	4,301	3,896	3,951	3,928	3,770	4,329	4,054	4,301	3,896	3,951	3,928			
38	Insurance services	55,233	14,408	13,310	13,644	13,871	13,398	13,831	13,861	14,408	13,310	13,644	13,871	13,398	13,831	13,861			
39	Telecommunications	7,048	1,605	1,722	1,829	1,892	1,819	1,867	1,892	1,605	1,722	1,829	1,892	1,819	1,867	1,892			
40	Business, professional, and technical services	81,995	18,594	19,630	20,656	23,115	20,881	21,729	22,426	19,609	19,993	21,013	21,379	22,046	22,098	22,682			
41	Other services ⁴	2,579	513	718	661	686	646	605	618	513	718	661	686	646	605	618			
	By affiliation:																		
42	U.S. parents' payments to their foreign affiliates	46,687	10,575	11,232	11,489	13,392	11,650	11,880	11,976	11,254	11,335	11,770	12,329	12,387	11,972	12,225			
43	U.S. affiliates' payments to their foreign parent groups	20,291	4,428	4,803	5,144	5,916	5,006	5,223	5,533	4,706	5,024	5,242	5,320	5,364	5,455	5,578			
44	U.S. payments to unaffiliated foreigners	101,913	24,937	25,090	26,095	25,792	25,094	26,383	27,216	25,315	25,102	25,598	25,898	25,499	26,398	26,677			
	Supplemental detail on insurance transactions:																		
45	Premiums received ⁵	23,928	5,946	6,214	5,833	5,936	5,518	5,546	5,566	5,946	6,214	5,833	5,936	5,518	5,546	5,566			
46	Actual losses paid	11,400	3,014	2,860	2,767	2,760	3,046	3,132	3,237	3,014	2,860	2,767	2,760	3,046	3,132	3,237			
47	Premiums paid ⁵	88,468	23,865	21,044	21,543	22,016	21,073	21,716	21,825	23,865	21,044	21,543	22,016	21,073	21,716	21,825			
48	Actual losses recovered	42,567	11,344	10,813	10,295	10,116	10,151	10,405	10,608	11,344	10,813	10,295	10,116	10,151	10,405	10,608			
	Memoranda:																		
49	Balance on goods (table F.2, line 72)	-506,944	-107,309	-111,065	-145,009	-143,561	-133,683	-165,781	-186,212	-121,197	-113,507	-132,119	-140,121	-151,321	-169,571	-171,157			
50	Balance on private services (line 1 minus line 23)	148,952	36,623	34,092	35,979	42,257	42,678	35,931	41,866	35,609	37,010	35,956	40,377	41,089	40,519	40,519			
51	Balance on goods and private services (lines 49 and 50)	-357,992	-70,685	-76,973	-109,029	-101,304	-91,005	-129,850	-144,346	-85,588	-76,497	-96,163	-99,744	-110,232	-129,052	-130,639			

p Preliminary

r Revised

1. Royalties and license fees and "other private services" by detailed type of service include both affiliated and unaffiliated transactions.

2. Includes royalties, license fees, and other fees associated with intangible assets, including patents, trade secrets, and other proprietary rights, that are used in connection with the production of goods.

3. Includes royalties, license fees, and other fees associated with copyrights, trademarks, franchises, rights to broadcast live events, software licensing fees, and other intellectual property rights.

4. Other services receipts (exports) include mainly film and television tape rentals and expenditures of foreign residents temporarily working in the United States. Payments (imports) include mainly expenditures of U.S. residents temporarily working abroad and film and television tape rentals.

5. These reflect the amount of premiums explicitly charged by, or paid to, insurers and reinsurers.

G. Investment Tables

Table G.1. International Investment Position of the United States at Yearend, 2008 and 2009

[Millions of dollars]

Line	Type of investment	Position, 2008 ¹	Changes in position in 2009					Position, 2009 ^p
			Attributable to:				Total (a+b+c+d)	
			Financial flows (a)	Valuation adjustments				
				Price changes (b)	Exchange-rate changes ¹ (c)	Other changes ² (d)		
1	Net international investment position of the United States (lines 2+3)	-3,493,882	-216,075	522,929	276,730	172,452	756,036	-2,737,846
2	Financial derivatives, net (line 5 less line 25) ³	159,635	-50,804	(⁴)	(⁴)	⁴ 19,103	-31,701	127,934
3	Net international investment position, excluding financial derivatives (line 6 less line 26).....	-3,653,517	-165,271	522,929	276,730	153,349	787,737	-2,865,780
4	U.S.-owned assets abroad (lines 5+6)	19,244,875	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	-865,791	18,379,084
5	Financial derivatives (gross positive fair value).....	6,127,450	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	-2,615,443	3,512,007
6	U.S.-owned assets abroad, excluding financial derivatives (lines 7+12+17).....	13,117,425	140,465	1,066,119	357,956	185,112	1,749,652	14,867,077
7	U.S. official reserve assets.....	293,732	52,256	56,941	875	0	110,072	403,804
8	Gold.....	227,439	0	⁵ 56,941	.....	⁶ 0	56,941	284,380
9	Special drawing rights.....	9,340	48,230	0	244	0	48,474	57,814
10	Reserve position in the International Monetary Fund.....	7,683	3,357	0	345	0	3,702	11,385
11	Foreign currencies.....	49,270	669	0	286	0	955	50,225
12	U.S. government assets, other than official reserve assets.....	624,100	-541,342	0	0	17	-541,325	82,775
13	U.S. credits and other long-term assets ⁷	69,877	1,936	0	0	17	1,953	71,830
14	Repayable in dollars.....	69,604	1,936	0	0	17	1,953	71,557
15	Other ⁸	273	0	0	0	0	0	273
16	U.S. foreign currency holdings and U.S. short-term assets ⁹	554,222	-543,278	0	0	0	-543,278	10,944
17	U.S. private assets.....	12,199,593	629,552	1,009,178	357,081	185,095	2,180,906	14,380,499
18	Direct investment at current cost.....	3,742,835	268,680	-12,201	79,124	-27,247	308,356	4,051,191
19	Foreign securities.....	3,985,712	208,213	1,021,379	255,694	0	1,485,286	5,470,998
20	Bonds.....	1,237,284	144,909	84,123	27,269	0	256,301	1,493,585
21	Corporate stocks.....	2,748,428	63,304	937,256	228,425	0	1,228,985	3,977,413
22	U.S. claims on unaffiliated foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns.....	794,699	-124,428	0	8,404	115,550	-474	794,225
23	U.S. claims reported by U.S. banks and securities brokers, not included elsewhere.....	3,676,347	277,087	0	13,859	96,792	387,738	4,064,085
24	Foreign-owned assets in the United States (lines 25+26)	22,738,757	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	-1,621,827	21,116,930
25	Financial derivatives (gross negative fair value).....	5,967,815	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	(⁵)	-2,583,742	3,384,073
26	Foreign-owned assets in the United States, excluding financial derivatives (lines 27+34).....	16,770,942	305,736	543,190	81,226	31,763	961,915	17,732,857
27	Foreign official assets in the United States.....	3,939,998	450,030	-13,584	219	-2,824	433,841	4,373,839
28	U.S. Government securities.....	3,264,139	441,056	-104,274	.....	-8,524	328,258	3,592,397
29	U.S. Treasury securities.....	2,400,516	561,125	-92,297	.....	1,708	470,536	2,871,052
30	Other.....	863,623	-120,069	-11,977	.....	-10,232	-142,278	721,345
31	Other U.S. Government liabilities ¹⁰	40,577	57,971	0	219	0	58,190	98,767
32	U.S. liabilities reported by U.S. banks and securities brokers, not included elsewhere.....	252,608	-70,851	0	0	5,700	-65,151	187,457
33	Other foreign official assets.....	382,674	21,854	90,690	.....	0	112,544	495,218
34	Other foreign assets.....	12,830,944	-144,294	556,774	81,007	34,587	528,074	13,359,018
35	Direct investment at current cost.....	2,521,353	134,707	-5,761	3,560	18,927	151,433	2,672,786
36	U.S. Treasury securities.....	850,921	22,781	-47,510	.....	0	-24,729	826,192
37	U.S. securities other than U.S. Treasury securities.....	4,620,798	59	610,045	56,261	0	666,365	5,287,163
38	Corporate and other bonds.....	2,770,606	-136,296	150,665	56,261	0	70,630	2,841,236
39	Corporate stocks.....	1,850,192	136,355	459,380	.....	0	595,735	2,445,927
40	U.S. currency.....	301,139	12,632	.....	.....	0	12,632	313,771
41	U.S. liabilities to unaffiliated foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns.....	731,539	-1,460	.....	4,638	-69,240	-66,062	665,477
42	U.S. liabilities reported by U.S. banks and securities brokers, not included elsewhere.....	3,805,194	-313,013	.....	16,548	84,900	-211,565	3,593,629
	Memoranda:							
43	Direct investment abroad at market value.....	3,103,704	268,680	737,062	194,222	-817	1,199,147	4,302,851
44	Direct investment in the United States at market value.....	2,552,572	134,707	422,683	.....	10,621	568,011	3,120,583

p Preliminary

r Revised

¹ Less than \$500,000 (+/-)

..... Not applicable

1. Represents gains or losses on foreign-currency-denominated assets and liabilities due to their revaluation at current exchange rates.

2. Includes changes in coverage due to year-to-year changes in the composition of reporting panels, primarily for bank and nonbank estimates, and to the incorporation of survey results. Also includes capital gains and losses of direct investment affiliates and changes in positions that cannot be allocated to financial flows, price changes, or exchange-rate changes.

3. Financial flows and valuation adjustments for financial derivatives are available only on a net basis, which is shown on line 2; they are not separately available for gross positive fair values and gross negative fair values of financial derivatives. Consequently, columns (a) through (d) on lines 4, 5, and 24, 25 are not available.

4. Data are not separately available for the three types of valuation adjustments; therefore, the sum of all three types is shown in column (d).

5. Reflects changes in the value of the official gold stock due to fluctuations in the market price of gold.

6. Reflects changes in gold stock from U.S. Treasury sales of gold medallions and commemorative and bullion coins; also reflects replenishment through open market purchases. These demonetizations/monetizations are not included in international transactions financial flows.

7. Also includes paid-in capital subscriptions to international financial institutions and outstanding amounts of miscellaneous claims that have been settled through international agreements to be payable to the U.S. government over periods in excess of 1 year. Excludes World War I debts that are not being serviced.

8. Includes indebtedness that the borrower may contractually, or at its option, repay with its currency, with a third country's currency, or by delivery of materials or transfer of services.

9. Includes foreign-currency-denominated assets obtained through temporary reciprocal currency arrangements between the Federal Reserve System and foreign central banks. These assets are included in the investment position at the dollar value established at the time they were received, reflecting the valuation of these assets in the Federal Reserve System's balance sheet. The movement of exchange rates does not affect this valuation.

10. Includes U.S. government liabilities associated with military sales contracts and U.S. government reserve-related liabilities from allocations of special drawing rights (SDRs).

Table G.2. U.S. Direct Investment Abroad: Selected Items, by Country and by Industry of Foreign Affiliate, 2006–2009

[Millions of dollars]

	Direct investment position on a historical-cost basis				Financial outflows without current-cost adjustment (inflows (-))				Income without current-cost adjustment			
	2006	2007 ¹	2008	2009	2006	2007 ¹	2008	2009	2006	2007 ¹	2008	2009
All countries, all industries	2,477,268	2,993,980	3,219,725	3,508,142	224,220	393,518	330,491	248,074	304,114	350,237	382,575	325,467
By country of foreign affiliate												
Canada	205,134	250,642	239,170	259,792	-1,551	22,331	5,986	18,085	23,542	21,170	32,410	19,865
Europe	1,397,704	1,682,023	1,831,246	1,976,222	147,687	239,803	192,691	129,014	153,702	175,702	191,650	173,623
<i>Of which:</i>												
France	63,008	74,179	81,753	85,801	7,076	12,010	-168	2,393	5,801	5,494	5,228	2,390
Germany	93,620	100,601	108,217	116,832	2,703	9,569	1,154	6,775	8,081	9,356	8,401	5,851
Ireland	86,372	117,708	146,672	165,924	20,148	15,506	25,433	24,704	17,865	21,994	24,477	27,063
Netherlands	279,373	412,122	426,762	471,567	41,118	109,097	52,839	42,974	35,644	44,255	49,618	52,654
Switzerland	102,022	94,675	132,126	148,239	11,019	7,365	23,700	15,039	14,231	14,543	19,297	18,919
United Kingdom	406,358	426,357	449,521	471,384	30,535	21,978	37,138	20,119	26,772	21,412	27,214	22,561
Latin America and Other Western Hemisphere	418,429	556,160	591,363	678,956	35,672	55,324	77,018	66,149	53,532	72,600	78,558	69,598
<i>Of which:</i>												
Bermuda	133,480	211,708	213,863	245,671	19,944	14,785	21,903	26,588	15,586	23,176	23,803	19,985
Brazil	33,504	48,807	44,532	56,692	223	5,585	4,179	2,663	5,253	7,617	9,546	7,377
Mexico	82,965	91,046	89,610	97,897	9,444	9,798	6,898	5,924	9,606	11,634	10,368	7,640
United Kingdom Islands, Caribbean	84,817	105,829	129,243	141,527	-6,374	12,640	21,701	10,198	5,112	10,431	9,829	14,772
Africa	28,158	32,607	37,221	44,805	5,157	4,490	3,764	5,733	7,208	6,726	6,801	5,067
Middle East	24,206	28,448	31,886	37,012	5,699	4,070	3,907	4,925	6,043	7,692	9,064	5,100
Asia and Pacific	403,637	444,101	488,839	511,355	31,556	67,500	47,125	24,168	60,086	66,347	64,092	52,214
<i>Of which:</i>												
Australia	67,632	84,331	94,451	106,370	1,473	10,122	10,182	6,202	6,596	7,840	8,369	5,231
Hong Kong	39,636	40,720	40,014	50,459	4,174	11,533	-332	6,367	8,130	7,681	5,730	5,742
Japan	84,428	85,224	101,918	103,643	2,709	15,721	-1,150	6,140	7,627	7,862	7,667	8,929
Singapore	81,879	93,529	86,048	76,862	8,035	14,003	8,996	5,833	15,563	19,045	17,487	9,525
By industry of foreign affiliate												
Mining	121,006	141,299	153,442	171,106	21,903	19,857	27,293	22,259	29,848	32,315	40,940	27,542
Manufacturing	441,724	484,839	484,596	541,080	42,359	71,977	33,955	47,707	57,677	66,435	60,895	44,624
Food	31,215	40,588	41,201	45,247	2,736	11,045	3,939	3,429	4,278	4,525	3,506	2,654
Chemicals	94,519	95,915	114,171	129,529	5,778	11,452	16,571	15,759	12,523	14,154	15,520	14,207
Primary and fabricated metals	18,773	22,244	20,078	23,186	2,490	3,440	2,445	611	2,044	2,405	1,788	735
Machinery	29,136	31,257	39,093	43,612	3,711	5,630	7,451	3,627	3,344	5,735	5,983	3,766
Computers and electronic products	63,113	69,467	65,530	65,598	13,458	6,583	4,687	182	12,542	12,253	10,213	6,416
Electrical equipment, appliances, and components	16,293	19,979	23,582	24,694	2,753	4,425	4,633	1,316	1,919	1,870	2,202	1,718
Transportation equipment	50,663	60,612	45,456	47,235	1,563	11,532	-11,614	804	4,257	5,733	1,420	-1,721
Other manufacturing	138,013	144,777	135,486	161,978	9,869	17,871	5,842	21,980	16,771	19,762	20,262	16,849
Wholesale trade	138,211	150,089	176,869	198,985	14,835	12,874	33,171	21,296	24,321	28,527	29,564	24,154
Information	100,445	116,923	135,037	149,826	3,851	8,562	13,635	11,700	11,526	11,144	13,806	14,404
Depository institutions (banking)	81,637	123,202	116,874	114,032	-6,441	10,785	5,322	-17,473	-6,362	-7,927	1,901	-66
Finance (except depository institutions) and insurance	514,462	649,773	688,160	746,993	25,825	82,169	55,672	42,063	39,402	42,802	42,915	38,774
Professional, scientific, and technical services	69,213	81,344	74,691	77,474	9,377	12,094	10,253	6,545	9,480	8,953	6,732	6,743
Holding companies (nonbank)	838,566	1,039,045	1,181,323	1,279,952	97,498	153,562	133,959	99,246	120,884	146,576	166,976	152,471
Other industries	172,004	207,466	208,733	228,693	15,012	21,637	17,232	14,731	17,338	21,411	18,847	16,821

1. The direct investment position, financial outflows, and income reflect a discontinuity between 2006 and 2007 because of the reclassification of permanent debt and associated interest, a component of income, between affiliated depository institutions from direct investment to other investment accounts.

NOTE: The data in this table are from tables 14 and 15 in "U.S. Direct Investment Abroad Tables" in the September 2010 SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS.

Table G.3. Selected Financial and Operating Statistics of Nonbank Foreign Affiliates of U.S. Companies by Country and by Industry of Affiliate, 2008

	All nonbank foreign affiliates						Majority-owned nonbank foreign affiliates							Thousands of employees
	Millions of dollars					Thousands of employees	Millions of dollars							
	Total assets	Sales	Net income	U.S. exports of goods shipped to affiliates	U.S. imports of goods shipped by affiliates		Total assets	Sales	Net income	Value added	U.S. exports of goods shipped to affiliates	U.S. imports of goods shipped by affiliates		
All countries, all industries	12,504,725	6,107,864	956,357	269,752	337,057	11,879.4	11,443,211	5,202,191	872,506	1,211,854	260,373	318,486	10,123.8	
By country of affiliate														
Canada	955,514	617,615	66,148	78,100	(D)	1,082.4	908,594	593,283	63,046	126,352	75,809	107,945	1,064.4	
Europe	7,419,907	3,147,942	525,813	74,868	83,297	4,820.1	6,876,406	2,726,149	487,414	638,280	72,734	82,522	4,213.3	
<i>Of which:</i>														
France	352,752	243,870	13,330	(D)	7,942	636.8	334,243	231,869	12,386	56,712	5,334	7,785	604.4	
Germany	600,177	388,658	21,984	10,720	(D)	671.5	546,547	347,394	20,287	94,127	10,715	7,208	621.3	
Netherlands	1,276,966	318,605	147,566	(D)	5,699	244.4	1,197,498	232,802	139,344	33,296	12,739	5,698	228.8	
United Kingdom	1,727,600	681,792	9,193	15,985	13,601	1,328.0	1,605,149	622,447	3,103	165,991	15,927	13,576	1,174.2	
Latin America and Other Western Hemisphere	1,913,412	691,555	187,832	57,525	68,742	2,321.6	1,760,796	598,005	176,314	140,149	55,209	65,072	1,935.7	
<i>Of which:</i>														
Brazil	160,699	157,495	13,318	6,034	(D)	505.9	150,019	147,757	12,687	38,915	5,860	3,304	485.8	
Mexico	193,682	207,031	10,268	40,262	49,834	1,107.2	164,617	168,435	8,199	30,753	38,259	46,762	901.7	
Africa	197,015	110,624	42,072	1,412	(D)	219.2	178,471	97,192	39,755	57,267	1,316	6,458	172.4	
Middle East	160,235	120,970	26,619	1,151	(D)	122.5	88,928	48,586	9,311	21,269	1,000	2,267	90.9	
Asia and Pacific	1,858,643	1,419,158	107,873	56,695	60,749	3,313.7	1,630,016	1,138,976	96,666	228,536	54,307	54,221	2,647.1	
<i>Of which:</i>														
Australia	280,155	177,554	18,282	5,704	2,947	322.2	266,702	148,938	17,413	46,058	5,609	2,946	288.2	
China	161,987	171,733	12,472	(D)	7,516	950.2	124,331	131,372	11,161	27,296	3,927	7,140	774.2	
India	47,440	41,203	3,058	1,042	(D)	384.3	35,931	33,503	2,916	9,363	926	727	313.4	
Japan	595,861	321,119	12,235	12,197	(D)	583.5	508,081	200,857	8,990	44,094	11,794	1,458	296.7	
By industry of affiliate														
Mining	742,815	485,267	115,521	2,492	25,617	M	611,524	338,021	92,792	221,006	2,446	25,617	198.2	
Utilities	84,583	120,524	3,801	608	(D)	37.9	57,810	48,708	2,876	8,772	608	(D)	27.3	
Manufacturing	2,260,530	2,731,326	163,861	168,628	243,318	5,438.1	1,880,285	2,285,194	132,111	517,133	161,427	224,990	4,600.1	
<i>Of which:</i>														
Food	167,153	213,437	9,379	5,252	9,668	491.9	151,821	199,283	9,661	34,516	5,167	9,560	434.3	
Chemicals	568,875	505,640	51,017	28,069	21,826	721.8	504,184	457,020	43,218	110,154	27,663	19,658	627.1	
Primary and fabricated metals	100,653	93,495	5,104	4,269	6,814	241.5	94,619	87,224	5,042	21,562	4,223	6,732	230.2	
Machinery	162,511	170,408	14,268	10,312	16,324	472.2	145,673	149,311	13,078	36,911	9,942	15,591	400.7	
Computers and electronic products	258,442	303,672	19,011	25,476	(D)	721.8	239,059	296,874	19,761	49,729	25,392	48,284	700.4	
Electrical equipment, appliances, and components	66,093	54,624	3,743	(D)	(D)	269.1	59,980	47,514	3,631	11,742	3,167	5,898	231.4	
Transportation equipment	285,370	483,091	5,101	64,021	(D)	1,000.5	244,774	410,221	2,646	62,036	60,146	74,378	902.3	
Wholesale trade	793,580	1,423,914	63,409	82,265	62,805	825.1	773,583	1,391,801	62,270	157,274	80,620	62,583	796.8	
Information	447,556	294,122	20,868	(D)	154	507.4	298,446	184,756	8,670	46,380	905	154	361.1	
Finance (except depository institutions) and insurance	2,810,330	306,349	21,608	27	(D)	286.6	2,731,396	285,963	19,828	46,482	26	(D)	239.6	
Professional, scientific, and technical services	289,047	177,717	20,142	3,387	(D)	702.4	284,921	173,692	19,809	67,463	3,377	(D)	679.3	
Other industries	5,076,283	568,646	547,149	(D)	1,422	M	4,805,245	494,056	534,150	147,343	10,963	1,404	3,221.5	

D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

NOTES: The following ranges are given in employment cells that are suppressed: A—1 to 499; F—500 to 999; G—1,000 to 2,499; H—2,500 to 4,999; I—5,000 to 9,999; J—10,000 to 24,999; K—25,000 to 49,999; L—50,000 to 99,999;

M—100,000 or more.

The data in this table are from "U.S. Multinational Companies: Operations in the United States and Abroad in 2008" in the August 2010 SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS.

Table G.4. Foreign Direct Investment in the United States: Selected Items, by Country of Foreign Parent and by Industry of U.S. Affiliate, 2006–2009
[Millions of dollars]

	Direct investment position on a historical-cost basis				Financial inflows without current-cost adjustment (outflows (-))				Income without current-cost adjustment			
	2006	2007 ¹	2008	2009	2006	2007 ¹	2008	2009	2006	2007 ¹	2008	2009
All countries, all industries	1,840,463	2,055,176	2,165,748	2,319,585	237,136	265,957	324,560	129,883	144,755	123,881	111,764	89,186
By country of foreign parent												
Canada	165,281	205,381	194,140	225,836	14,770	47,425	21,998	25,813	14,555	10,342	8,064	6,715
Europe	1,326,738	1,478,383	1,555,208	1,685,279	182,575	161,704	202,924	83,725	98,286	79,343	86,662	76,981
<i>Of which:</i>												
France	147,799	153,713	157,172	189,285	29,078	4,701	16,862	24,046	14,550	3,602	13,760	8,145
Germany	205,969	213,159	201,424	218,153	39,540	9,693	-1,481	16,210	10,324	4,084	-893	11,664
Luxembourg	89,157	120,945	118,283	127,768	17,923	28,763	414	12,422	2,710	4,625	3,082	598
Netherlands	182,014	189,469	199,137	237,959	25,543	18,434	75,568	5,416	20,250	21,260	11,047	13,117
Switzerland	134,568	151,513	164,534	189,371	1,177	-3,194	43,325	8,638	2,862	6,203	22,511	14,733
United Kingdom	414,629	424,046	454,328	453,875	38,547	37,183	41,314	12,632	36,555	26,292	23,890	23,344
Latin America and Other Western Hemisphere	66,583	49,828	46,130	27,864	11,808	-4,658	29,509	8,372	7,113	7,678	6,772	48
<i>Of which:</i>												
Bermuda	9,223	-2,676	4,116	-13,181	7,047	-11,805	5,971	4,492	670	594	3,302	-263
Mexico	5,310	7,688	9,444	11,361	2,265	717	2,369	913	923	1,197	1,185	672
Panama	11,924	932	822	1,045	1,618	1,037	228	159	1,851	1,170	415	179
United Kingdom Islands, Caribbean	28,367	34,588	24,401	17,529	3,845	7,322	18,718	-1,649	1,826	2,609	580	214
Venezuela	5,380	4,181	4,567	4,850	-1,362	-1,980	569	283	818	(D)	(D)	-461
Africa	1,976	1,535	2,309	1,689	255	-207	948	-787	207	175	75	(D)
Middle East	10,112	14,896	17,242	17,614	2,504	5,196	3,652	600	1,243	470	-467	(D)
Asia and Pacific	269,772	305,154	350,718	361,303	25,225	56,497	65,529	12,160	23,350	25,873	10,658	5,656
<i>Of which:</i>												
Australia	38,777	37,514	40,626	45,663	2,174	16,706	14,890	6,732	5,773	6,649	3,118	2,326
Japan	204,020	229,408	259,753	264,208	16,466	26,576	36,377	4,373	16,190	16,751	7,108	2,639
By industry of U.S. affiliate												
Manufacturing	569,324	684,555	746,475	790,568	98,508	148,075	87,446	48,136	55,253	48,503	40,062	31,698
Food	50,339	26,903	23,849	20,004	6,550	2,200	282	-4,356	3,987	2,652	2,959	3,671
Chemicals	135,054	190,049	187,332	203,760	30,404	58,926	4,856	14,137	14,015	19,818	14,064	17,809
Primary and fabricated metals	34,812	42,453	47,645	48,693	8,341	8,596	10,626	2,939	5,484	4,216	3,708	-396
Machinery	41,600	93,091	88,730	95,585	9,957	37,142	4,665	6,627	1,908	2,180	2,336	1,638
Computers and electronic products	48,944	44,410	59,757	55,349	23,312	980	14,818	-4,232	5,633	-2,322	841	103
Electrical equipment, appliances, and components	25,537	20,112	20,561	24,004	3,249	9,404	461	3,261	1,781	1,712	1,165	945
Transportation equipment	67,505	93,053	83,907	96,872	-4,134	13,228	-5,908	12,789	3,614	1,065	-29	-3,982
Other manufacturing	165,532	174,482	234,695	246,302	20,829	17,599	57,645	16,971	18,831	19,183	15,018	11,910
Wholesale trade	255,590	294,697	316,581	328,430	20,907	32,077	42,376	12,853	25,295	24,494	25,089	9,646
Retail trade	31,677	31,363	40,129	44,330	2,789	-1,060	7,826	4,805	2,557	2,358	1,995	2,604
Information	135,986	155,704	164,491	146,114	27,321	10,825	10,452	-10,874	5,720	5,973	3,438	3,464
Depository institutions (banking)	135,391	107,242	92,565	111,913	13,794	-1,237	23,202	8,999	7,535	1,798	521	-2,447
Finance (except depository institutions) and insurance	283,364	275,722	238,875	293,204	37,614	-8,398	69,585	24,188	7,839	6,005	9,341	16,525
Real estate and rental and leasing	41,924	53,780	57,459	54,539	435	6,809	3,981	625	3,054	3,232	2,742	710
Professional, scientific, and technical services	47,597	55,201	62,934	46,087	3,636	8,853	9,705	1,531	1,566	2,608	3,665	1,796
Other industries	339,610	396,912	446,238	504,399	32,131	70,014	69,986	39,621	35,935	28,910	24,910	25,190

D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

1. The direct investment position, financial inflows, and income reflect a discontinuity between 2006 and 2007 because of the reclassification of permanent debt and associated interest, a component of income, between affiliated depository

institutions from direct investment to other investment accounts.

NOTE: The data in this table are from tables 14 and 15 in "Foreign Direct Investment in the United States Tables" in the September 2010 SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS.

Table G.5. Selected Financial and Operating Data of U.S. Affiliates of Foreign Companies by Country of Ultimate Beneficial Owner and by Industry of Affiliate, 2008

	All affiliates						Majority-owned affiliates						
	Millions of dollars			Thousands of employees	Millions of dollars		Millions of dollars				Thousands of employees	Millions of dollars	
	Total assets	Sales	Net income		U.S. exports of goods shipped by affiliates	U.S. imports of goods shipped to affiliates	Total assets	Sales	Net income	Value added		U.S. exports of goods shipped by affiliates	U.S. imports of goods shipped to affiliates
All countries, all industries	12,666,896	3,819,986	-28,851	6,279.2	246,685	587,994	11,671,560	3,448,568	-4,118	670,284	5,593.5	232,413	566,925
By country													
Canada	1,161,937	299,570	1,433	717.2	11,636	35,189	1,095,047	256,319	2,186	62,554	515.9	9,557	33,932
Europe	9,076,176	2,263,147	-12,719	3,942.9	126,423	226,037	8,590,080	2,063,938	-15,099	423,365	3,614.5	120,466	214,937
<i>Of which:</i>													
France	1,308,792	306,760	7,973	598.3	13,318	20,243	1,263,179	278,483	2,762	57,521	550.2	12,217	19,402
Germany	1,705,228	458,952	-30,298	722.7	(D)	(D)	1,583,013	394,109	-11,458	82,445	614.2	34,547	65,472
Netherlands	903,406	343,402	3,137	386.6	(D)	37,346	883,357	331,578	-1,687	56,173	371.5	19,373	37,259
Sweden	70,927	52,205	1,020	182.2	5,405	6,940	70,690	51,747	995	13,446	181.5	5,398	6,934
Switzerland	1,671,263	220,345	-13,510	413.4	9,338	16,574	1,654,932	212,525	-12,792	48,836	394.4	9,142	16,252
United Kingdom	2,302,076	(D)	(D)	1,047.5	(D)	40,001	2,171,515	543,771	16,519	108,820	957.4	27,726	39,027
Latin America and Other Western Hemisphere	427,523	212,964	3,281	389.8	(D)	(D)	401,953	197,282	3,360	51,391	377.4	11,788	37,882
<i>Of which:</i>													
Bermuda	(D)	73,520	1,208	M	(D)	(D)	238,206	70,890	1,632	24,494	208.5	(D)	(D)
Mexico	37,397	22,867	586	L	(D)	(D)	36,988	20,879	614	5,858	46.2	1,086	3,565
United Kingdom Islands, Caribbean	41,044	(D)	(D)	30.1	112	(D)	40,988	12,828	238	4,486	30.1	112	(D)
Venezuela	(D)	(D)	(D)	I	(D)	(D)	21,523	(D)	(D)	5,062	6.4	(D)	(D)
Africa	(D)	7,559	246	6.7	799	(D)	5,116	7,443	204	1,257	6.6	797	176
Middle East	153,039	102,911	-5,907	89.6	2,261	(D)	135,980	96,610	-5,845	11,519	77.4	2,256	(D)
Asia and Pacific	1,664,244	835,173	-17,373	1,038.4	82,692	238,047	1,351,370	748,908	10,612	109,509	928.8	77,411	232,795
<i>Of which:</i>													
Australia	184,255	46,702	3,348	84.3	(D)	(D)	169,185	40,873	3,517	10,569	81.5	3,572	2,170
Japan	1,061,694	626,996	8,899	741.7	64,225	187,728	1,026,574	590,923	8,623	87,651	691.0	60,031	183,836
Korea, Republic of	41,827	(D)	(D)	28.6	10,895	(D)	41,213	58,741	-1,657	1,966	27.4	10,849	37,928
United States	(D)	98,662	2,187	94.7	(D)	(D)	92,014	78,068	464	10,690	72.8	10,138	(D)
By industry													
Manufacturing	1,700,407	1,428,083	-1,793	2,256.0	141,898	242,185	1,500,219	1,288,552	14,800	280,329	2,115.5	131,300	223,993
<i>Of which:</i>													
Food	81,432	96,812	3,002	173.9	11,084	5,208	79,871	93,263	2,787	17,345	169.6	11,023	5,164
Petroleum and coal products	118,219	237,188	4,489	40.0	9,612	(D)	115,965	226,817	4,480	22,040	38.1	(D)	63,080
Chemicals	384,926	275,506	9,694	M	31,230	47,392	375,916	267,418	8,513	65,577	305.8	30,048	46,827
Nonmetallic mineral products	104,111	58,098	-1,082	159.7	1,470	1,365	103,367	57,089	-1,181	19,109	157.1	1,431	1,277
Primary and fabricated metals	112,911	112,971	1,028	185.4	9,148	8,924	106,130	100,600	1,144	23,242	178.3	8,563	7,748
Machinery	124,838	97,627	1,745	245.1	14,428	12,450	123,445	94,887	1,698	25,474	241.3	14,257	11,705
Computers and electronic products	106,833	65,236	-6,630	172.3	14,297	13,388	99,150	60,476	-6,302	12,578	164.7	13,229	12,823
Electrical equipment, appliances, and components	45,705	(D)	(D)	75.7	3,245	5,486	45,603	31,792	2,448	10,795	75.4	3,236	5,476
Transportation equipment	(D)	285,672	-20,758	485.6	31,135	64,254	245,902	219,616	-1,482	40,292	420.5	26,574	54,218
Wholesale trade	706,493	1,053,989	24,349	661.1	92,090	324,195	695,840	1,019,137	22,913	116,400	648.8	89,824	322,319
Retail trade	87,354	159,752	379	M	(D)	(D)	68,003	120,905	1,485	27,468	464.4	700	7,303
Information	471,101	174,192	13,537	365.5	1,369	(D)	254,337	101,672	-1,106	35,771	249.1	968	644
<i>Of which:</i>													
Publishing industries	(D)	45,643	-2,656	138.5	947	544	97,448	40,415	-3,309	14,119	122.1	(D)	544
Telecommunications	186,079	(D)	(D)	M	75	(D)	82,866	35,515	527	11,347	59.2	(D)	48
Finance and insurance	8,533,653	538,652	-91,845	485.9	0	(*)	8,111,541	494,441	-63,322	61,996	407.5	0	(*)
Real estate and rental and leasing	175,333	29,946	-10	40.8	(D)	(D)	140,526	24,925	-781	13,171	39.4	(D)	(D)
Professional, scientific, and technical services	126,495	81,974	2,279	M	591	(D)	120,883	78,727	2,449	26,870	248.3	565	348
Other industries	866,059	353,398	24,254	1,555.7	9,989	12,856	780,211	320,210	19,444	108,280	1,420.5	(D)	(D)

D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

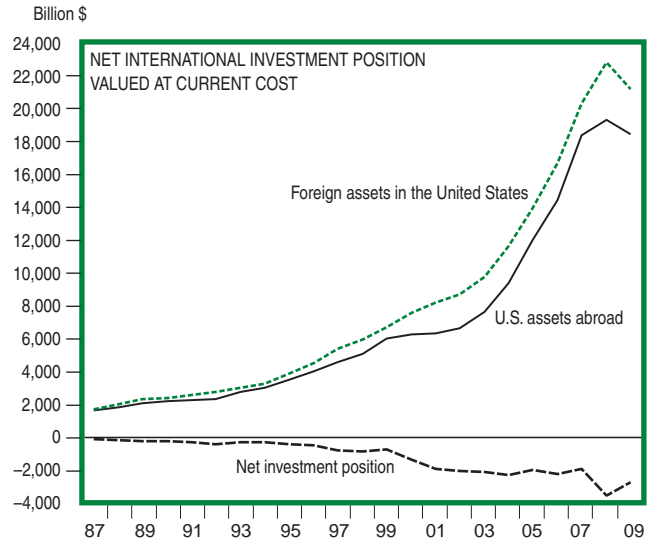
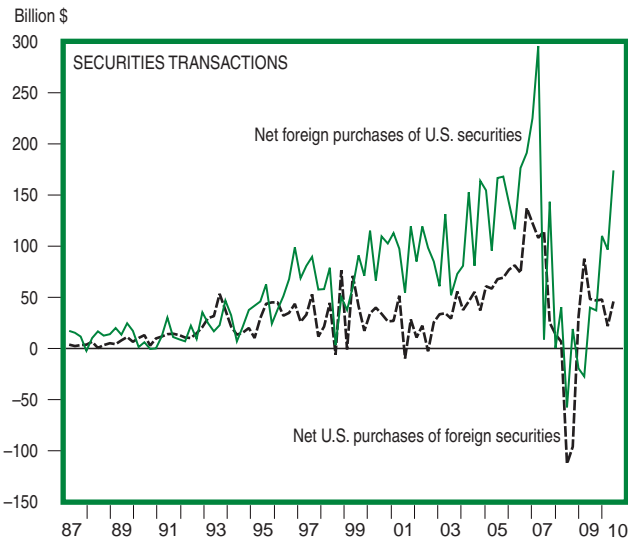
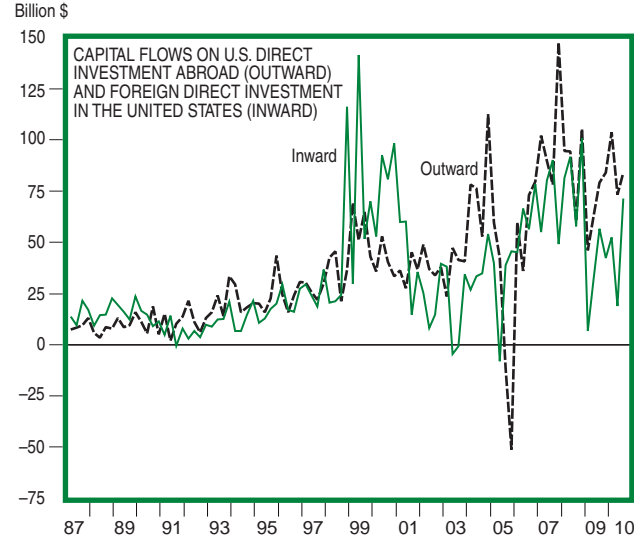
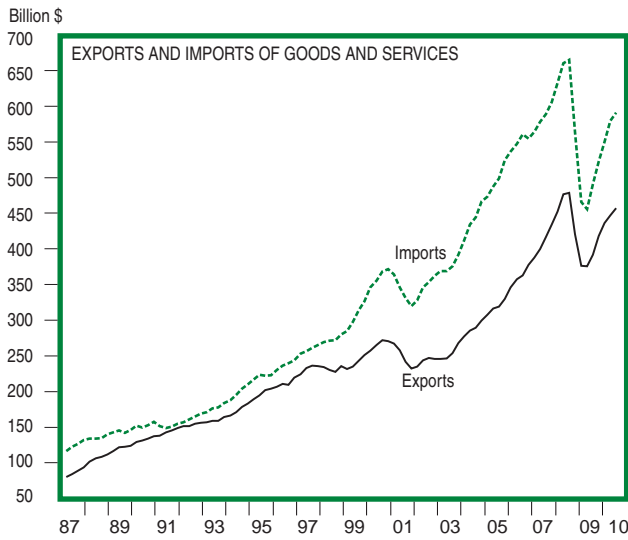
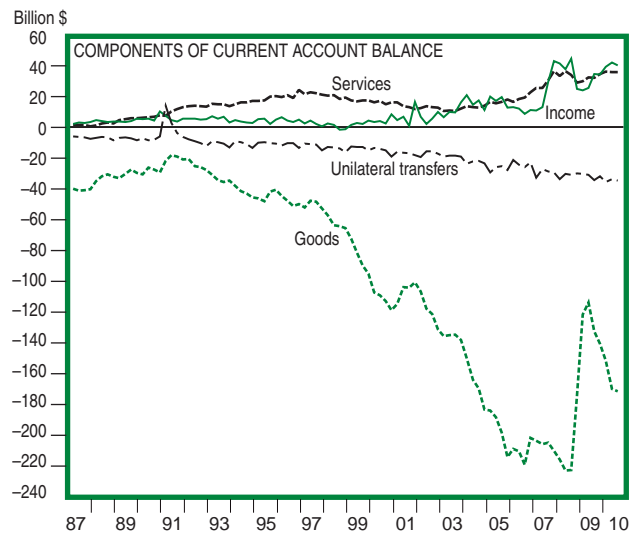
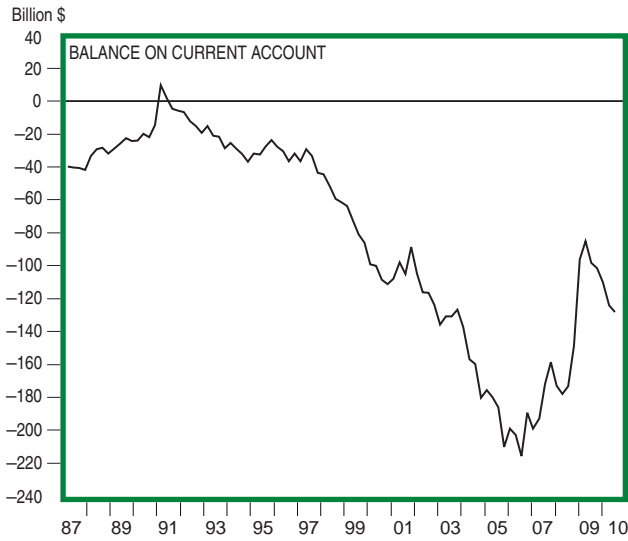
NOTES. Size ranges are given in employment cells that are suppressed. The size ranges are: A—1 to 499; F—500 to 999; G—1,000 to 2,499; H—2,500 to 4,999; I—5,000 to 9,999; J—10,000 to 24,999; K—25,000 to 49,999;

L—50,000 to 99,999; M—100,000 or more.

The data in this table are from BEA's annual survey of the operations of U.S. affiliates of foreign companies; see "U.S. Affiliates of Foreign Companies: Operations in 2008" in the November 2010 SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS.

H. Charts

THE U.S. IN THE INTERNATIONAL ECONOMY



NOTE: All series except those for the international investment position are quarterly and are seasonally adjusted when adjusted data are available. The series are from tables F.2, with opposite signs in some cases, and G.1.
U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis

Regional Data

I. State and Regional Tables

The tables in this section include the most recent estimates of state personal income and gross domestic product by state. The sources of these estimates are noted.

The quarterly and annual estimates of state personal income and the estimates of gross domestic product by state are available online at www.bea.gov. For information on state personal income, e-mail reis@bea.gov; write to the Regional Economic Information System, BE-55, Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC 20230; or call 202-606-5360. For information on gross domestic product by state, e-mail gdpbystate@bea.gov; write to the Regional Product Division, BE-61, Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC 20230; or call 202-606-5340.

Table I.1. Personal Income by State and Region
[Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

Area	2006				2007				2008				2009				2010			Percent change ^p 2010:III
	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I ^r	II ^r	III ^r				
United States	11,493,304	11,696,446	11,828,816	11,942,634	12,131,515	12,294,280	12,445,933	12,436,903	12,341,864	12,087,756	12,191,395	12,156,914	12,225,831	12,338,247	12,506,616	12,590,671	0.7			
New England	665,358	680,276	685,817	691,395	699,866	706,920	710,965	710,364	706,142	686,591	695,203	694,025	697,504	698,952	712,944	715,884	0.4			
Connecticut	188,526	194,242	196,328	198,321	199,685	200,191	201,123	201,753	199,075	191,393	195,064	193,681	194,767	193,998	199,468	199,383	0.0			
Maine	44,848	45,759	46,111	46,462	47,099	47,914	48,323	48,372	48,191	47,450	48,154	48,262	48,493	48,815	49,362	49,782	0.9			
Massachusetts	312,065	318,996	320,940	323,812	329,009	332,901	335,142	334,365	333,218	324,863	327,723	327,623	329,085	330,870	336,267	338,267	0.6			
New Hampshire	55,754	55,544	56,515	56,382	57,031	57,763	57,924	57,598	57,182	55,988	56,352	56,614	56,676	56,895	58,131	58,320	0.3			
Rhode Island	41,401	42,528	42,435	42,723	43,091	43,926	44,080	43,849	44,030	43,041	43,621	43,516	43,912	43,847	44,564	44,801	0.5			
Vermont	22,763	23,207	23,488	23,694	23,950	24,225	24,373	24,426	24,447	23,856	24,289	24,330	24,571	24,528	25,153	25,331	0.7			
Mideast	2,098,947	2,149,936	2,163,343	2,185,937	2,215,432	2,236,051	2,248,332	2,248,026	2,233,029	2,163,848	2,212,671	2,205,496	2,221,404	2,237,926	2,274,865	2,283,401	0.8			
Delaware	33,583	34,317	34,600	34,663	35,142	35,430	35,851	35,937	35,801	35,270	35,366	35,366	35,437	35,522	36,008	36,285	0.4			
District of Columbia	35,508	36,691	37,084	37,940	38,356	39,769	40,236	40,578	40,817	40,277	40,963	40,784	41,114	41,683	42,211	42,504	0.7			
Maryland	257,116	260,140	263,277	264,952	269,132	271,372	274,399	274,992	274,974	272,362	275,674	275,631	276,908	279,467	282,491	284,643	0.8			
New Jersey	421,354	430,969	434,167	436,465	442,658	446,955	447,197	447,936	445,447	430,307	436,695	436,788	438,073	441,661	446,561	448,473	0.4			
New York	878,725	905,873	907,976	920,369	931,832	939,224	940,306	938,765	927,818	884,099	916,829	911,335	919,280	927,130	948,077	947,855	0.0			
Pennsylvania	472,662	481,946	486,240	491,549	498,312	503,322	510,343	509,818	508,171	501,533	507,144	505,592	510,592	512,462	519,517	523,280	0.7			
Great Lakes	1,659,519	1,684,623	1,694,584	1,705,635	1,727,951	1,752,529	1,770,005	1,766,387	1,752,731	1,711,632	1,725,744	1,722,739	1,733,455	1,741,654	1,767,370	1,781,423	0.8			
Illinois	514,917	522,383	529,908	535,000	545,702	551,801	556,374	557,644	551,074	537,736	541,098	541,014	544,131	545,988	553,506	557,936	0.8			
Indiana	209,504	212,014	213,439	214,292	217,285	222,304	224,588	223,729	222,195	216,430	218,046	217,536	219,264	220,710	224,016	226,993	0.9			
Michigan	337,247	342,613	342,528	344,834	346,067	352,129	356,030	353,283	351,744	339,278	343,497	341,696	344,739	344,999	350,865	352,833	0.6			
Ohio	395,663	403,148	403,474	405,205	409,382	414,169	419,166	417,556	414,352	408,998	411,224	410,662	412,313	415,755	420,871	424,306	0.8			
Wisconsin	202,188	204,467	205,235	206,304	209,514	212,126	213,848	214,176	213,366	209,191	211,882	211,831	213,008	214,202	218,111	220,255	1.0			
Plains	728,538	741,263	753,824	758,933	776,212	797,880	801,685	805,276	801,295	785,195	786,479	786,554	791,397	797,811	805,794	815,279	1.2			
Iowa	102,538	104,805	106,838	107,575	110,428	114,693	114,438	115,144	113,668	112,961	112,977	112,932	113,794	115,316	116,905	118,519	1.4			
Kansas	101,496	103,051	104,322	104,784	107,421	111,246	112,583	113,100	112,153	110,125	110,548	110,685	111,336	112,284	113,362	114,693	1.2			
Minnesota	209,377	212,897	216,148	216,724	220,942	226,327	225,240	228,069	224,999	219,560	220,048	220,048	222,089	224,551	226,378	229,012	1.2			
Missouri	202,129	204,039	207,139	208,903	212,724	215,408	219,734	218,022	222,807	214,984	215,527	214,896	215,316	217,486	219,151	221,077	0.9			
Nebraska	64,400	65,678	67,112	67,773	69,588	71,613	71,865	72,140	70,324	70,734	70,327	70,269	70,929	70,924	72,023	73,117	1.5			
North Dakota	21,832	22,602	23,271	23,763	24,816	26,589	26,332	27,016	26,521	25,985	26,142	26,602	26,646	26,108	26,525	26,846	1.2			
South Dakota	27,126	28,190	28,995	29,763	30,315	32,003	31,492	31,785	31,024	30,845	30,905	31,122	31,286	31,143	31,450	32,016	1.8			
Southeast	2,631,668	2,679,350	2,713,739	2,739,002	2,776,242	2,808,876	2,856,775	2,842,408	2,822,524	2,783,020	2,806,553	2,795,105	2,809,169	2,841,153	2,879,554	2,899,800	0.8			
Alabama	147,153	149,593	150,920	152,257	154,692	157,103	158,903	157,620	158,903	157,620	157,620	157,620	157,620	158,943	161,693	163,005	0.7			
Arkansas	84,759	86,299	88,545	89,767	93,486	92,756	94,724	94,111	93,458	93,449	93,489	93,606	94,197	95,142	96,717	97,717	1.0			
Florida	703,378	711,398	716,825	723,759	729,821	734,322	744,002	740,868	732,660	719,300	723,913	718,624	721,959	728,095	736,948	740,651	0.5			
Georgia	318,355	326,802	329,110	331,537	334,254	340,424	345,098	341,868	338,732	333,220	335,358	333,109	334,296	339,087	342,281	344,954	0.8			
Kentucky	129,068	130,693	132,123	132,750	135,019	137,123	139,984	139,155	138,900	137,556	139,728	139,738	140,659	142,097	144,228	145,305	0.7			
Louisiana	146,262	148,619	156,990	158,504	161,614	164,953	170,468	170,620	172,125	169,274	168,481	168,173	168,250	170,253	172,626	174,049	0.8			
Mississippi	82,247	83,763	86,301	87,456	88,005	89,100	92,107	90,361	89,847	89,213	90,208	89,701	90,150	90,885	92,465	93,099	0.7			
North Carolina	304,609	311,406	314,529	317,338	323,345	326,067	331,603	329,622	327,022	321,718	326,691	326,365	328,008	333,517	338,589	341,242	0.8			
South Carolina	136,722	139,439	141,186	142,641	144,935	146,746	149,926	148,959	147,851	146,342	147,602	147,352	148,710	150,130	152,589	153,745	0.8			
Tennessee	204,591	207,236	209,812	211,626	215,742	218,366	220,964	219,590	217,178	214,222	216,231	214,936	217,060	220,592	223,883	225,289	0.6			
Virginia	321,453	330,824	333,695	337,123	340,372	346,012	349,993	350,423	349,147	345,148	348,609	348,024	349,618	353,125	357,503	360,266	0.8			
West Virginia	53,071	53,277	53,703	54,243	54,956	55,905	57,295	57,567	58,004	57,869	58,599	58,311	58,642	59,286	60,032	60,487	0.8			
Southwest	1,239,052	1,254,143	1,276,918	1,299,195	1,326,422	1,366,391	1,402,350	1,403,800	1,399,185	1,372,498	1,373,076	1,370,276	1,377,838	1,397,429	1,417,287	1,431,144	1.0			
Arizona	211,781	215,740	217,227	219,710	221,403	223,945	225,956	224,684	222,337	219,349	219,951	218,031	219,746	221,704	223,900	225,399	0.7			
New Mexico	60,451	61,578	62,468	63,543	64,585	65,852	67,275	66,942	66,829	66,259	66,611	66,784	67,324	68,347	69,631	70,326	1.0			
Oklahoma	120,946	121,684	123,558	125,676	127,983	131,825	135,673	135,741	134,874	132,335	132,020	132,103	132,117	133,831	136,177	137,605	1.0			
Texas	845,874	855,142	873,665	890,266	912,451	944,770	973,446	976,435	975,145	954,555	954,494	953,358	958,650	973,981	987,580	997,814	1.0			
Rocky Mountain	381,068	385,712	393,3																	

Table I.2. Annual Personal Income and Per Capita Personal Income by State and Region

Area	Personal income							Per capita personal income						Rank in United States
	Millions of dollars						Percent change ¹	Dollars						
	2004 ^r	2005 ^r	2006 ^r	2007 ^r	2008 ^r	2009 ^r		2004 ^r	2005 ^r	2006 ^r	2007 ^r	2008 ^r	2009 ^r	
United States	9,928,790	10,476,669	11,256,516	11,899,853	12,379,745	12,165,474	-1.7	33,881	35,424	37,698	39,458	40,673	39,626	.....
New England	580,159	602,449	649,981	689,339	708,598	693,331	-2.2	40,809	42,345	45,585	48,212	49,336	48,049	.....
Connecticut	161,428	168,804	184,049	197,144	200,536	193,726	-3.4	46,459	48,543	52,809	56,510	57,248	55,063	1
Maine	41,164	41,982	44,307	46,358	48,200	48,090	-0.2	31,465	32,007	33,695	35,191	36,524	36,479	30
Massachusetts	271,086	282,367	304,855	323,189	333,906	327,324	-2.0	42,021	43,757	47,144	49,727	51,028	49,643	3
New Hampshire	48,661	50,028	53,765	56,368	57,617	56,408	-2.1	37,641	38,441	40,982	42,789	43,587	42,585	10
Rhode Island	37,585	38,570	40,664	42,695	43,971	43,522	-1.0	35,079	36,217	38,355	40,468	41,738	41,324	16
Vermont	20,234	20,697	22,341	23,585	24,368	24,261	-0.4	32,733	33,446	36,035	38,012	39,236	39,021	22
Mideast	1,808,114	1,898,598	2,046,137	2,178,662	2,241,359	2,200,855	-1.8	38,269	40,076	43,076	45,706	46,868	45,815	.....
Delaware	29,522	31,077	33,350	34,680	35,755	35,360	-1.1	35,713	37,001	39,096	40,098	40,806	39,949	19
District of Columbia	29,729	31,965	34,787	37,518	40,350	40,785	1.1	51,274	54,918	59,569	63,979	68,381	68,013	.....
Maryland	224,646	237,146	252,431	264,375	273,934	275,143	0.4	40,530	42,480	44,979	46,923	48,410	48,275	4
New Jersey	365,260	379,650	411,429	436,064	446,884	435,466	-2.6	42,415	44,034	47,709	50,494	51,583	50,009	2
New York	741,167	786,512	851,437	916,512	936,528	907,886	-3.1	38,407	40,687	43,987	47,188	48,107	46,459	6
Pennsylvania	417,790	432,248	462,704	489,512	507,908	506,215	-0.3	33,724	34,808	37,102	39,090	40,418	40,161	18
Great Lakes	1,506,978	1,551,823	1,635,232	1,703,198	1,760,413	1,723,393	-2.1	32,814	33,710	35,420	36,787	37,949	37,062	.....
Illinois	455,291	472,073	504,493	533,248	554,223	540,995	-2.4	36,005	37,246	39,668	41,727	43,154	41,904	13
Indiana	190,283	195,526	206,868	214,257	223,204	217,819	-2.4	30,619	31,268	32,827	33,762	34,939	33,912	40
Michigan	319,434	325,749	334,858	344,010	353,296	342,302	-3.1	31,661	32,283	33,212	34,227	35,321	34,334	37
Ohio	361,666	371,931	390,457	405,302	416,311	410,799	-1.3	31,546	32,412	33,975	35,180	36,123	35,590	34
Wisconsin	180,303	186,545	198,556	206,380	213,379	211,478	-0.9	32,715	33,664	35,637	36,843	37,916	37,398	29
Plains	651,446	673,520	714,501	757,558	801,534	787,406	-1.8	33,131	34,065	35,876	37,764	39,668	38,719	.....
Iowa	93,316	95,467	100,573	107,412	114,436	113,166	-1.1	31,726	32,368	33,927	36,060	38,222	37,623	27
Kansas	87,177	90,876	98,577	104,894	112,271	110,673	-1.4	31,924	33,145	35,772	37,792	40,134	39,263	21
Minnesota	188,330	193,990	205,857	216,678	226,159	220,438	-2.5	37,078	37,988	39,985	41,739	43,238	41,859	14
Missouri	180,547	186,753	198,727	208,201	218,993	215,181	-1.7	31,353	32,162	33,903	35,230	36,766	35,938	32
Nebraska	57,905	60,064	62,810	67,533	71,485	70,565	-1.3	33,237	34,289	35,679	38,156	40,116	39,277	20
North Dakota	19,293	20,542	21,375	23,613	26,615	26,344	-1.0	30,320	32,331	33,568	36,999	41,493	40,727	17
South Dakota	24,879	25,829	26,582	29,228	31,576	31,040	-1.7	32,132	33,110	33,711	36,671	39,248	38,208	25
Southeast	2,249,054	2,403,753	2,580,723	2,727,083	2,832,556	2,798,462	-1.2	30,812	32,452	34,438	35,865	36,811	36,033	.....
Alabama	128,020	135,636	144,463	151,866	158,568	157,085	-0.9	28,372	29,843	31,421	32,744	33,900	33,360	41
Arkansas	73,720	77,475	82,918	89,524	93,762	93,685	-0.1	26,845	27,907	29,455	31,498	32,695	32,423	44
Florida	582,766	633,193	690,268	720,451	737,950	720,949	-2.3	33,540	35,605	38,161	39,417	40,054	38,890	23
Georgia	272,953	292,544	311,855	330,426	341,530	333,996	-2.2	30,622	32,157	33,425	34,659	35,217	33,980	39
Kentucky	113,984	119,151	126,719	132,646	138,791	139,370	0.4	27,479	28,489	30,033	31,165	32,368	32,306	46
Louisiana	125,957	135,318	143,223	156,432	169,541	168,544	-0.6	28,057	30,086	33,776	35,747	38,086	37,520	28
Mississippi	72,579	77,748	81,098	86,381	90,354	89,818	-0.6	25,149	26,808	29,992	29,565	30,730	30,426	50
North Carolina	260,698	277,743	297,596	316,654	328,578	325,695	-0.9	30,558	32,037	33,562	34,935	35,533	34,719	36
South Carolina	117,248	124,392	134,197	142,050	148,370	147,502	-0.6	27,908	29,226	30,925	32,107	32,947	32,338	45
Tennessee	179,012	187,679	200,227	211,104	219,025	215,612	-1.6	30,255	31,302	32,881	34,199	35,098	34,245	38
Virginia	275,618	294,734	316,298	335,503	348,894	347,850	-0.3	36,902	38,966	41,362	43,460	44,756	44,129	7
West Virginia	46,500	48,139	51,862	54,045	57,193	58,355	2.0	25,786	26,685	28,697	29,839	31,513	32,067	47
Southwest	1,019,582	1,107,818	1,209,262	1,289,169	1,392,932	1,373,422	-1.4	30,359	32,368	34,473	36,030	38,231	37,045	.....
Arizona	170,026	188,152	206,958	218,520	224,230	219,269	-2.2	29,521	31,491	33,423	34,346	34,500	33,244	42
New Mexico	51,579	55,342	59,274	63,044	66,724	66,745	0.0	27,264	28,876	30,513	32,022	33,584	33,212	43
Oklahoma	101,182	107,640	118,749	124,725	134,528	132,144	-1.8	28,790	30,469	33,223	34,529	36,917	35,840	33
Texas	696,796	756,683	824,281	882,881	967,449	955,264	-1.3	31,082	33,185	35,272	37,037	39,806	38,546	24
Rocky Mountain	318,318	341,570	372,380	396,025	415,078	407,342	-1.9	32,286	34,064	36,293	37,767	38,825	37,459	.....
Colorado	168,587	179,695	194,390	205,153	214,727	210,228	-2.1	36,652	38,555	40,898	42,367	43,509	41,839	15
Idaho	39,544	42,197	46,253	49,117	50,376	48,944	-2.8	28,414	29,594	31,585	32,761	32,979	31,662	48
Montana	26,495	28,179	30,447	32,447	34,111	33,923	-0.5	28,616	30,144	32,177	33,897	35,237	34,794	35
Utah	65,453	71,530	78,378	85,116	88,901	88,025	-1.0	26,837	28,616	30,335	31,953	32,596	31,612	49
Wyoming	18,239	19,969	22,912	24,192	26,963	26,222	-2.7	36,261	39,446	44,676	46,220	50,588	48,178	5
Far West	1,795,140	1,897,138	2,048,299	2,158,818	2,227,276	2,181,263	-2.1	36,222	37,928	40,580	42,371	43,231	41,876	.....
Alaska	23,070	24,617	26,304	28,131	30,550	30,180	-1.2	34,872	36,770	38,835	41,230	44,395	43,209	8
California	1,312,227	1,387,661	1,495,533	1,568,257	1,610,932	1,572,650	-2.4	36,903	38,767	41,567	43,291	44,038	42,548	11
Hawaii	42,285	45,332	49,124	52,516	54,612	54,495	-0.2	33,753	35,804	38,510	41,130	42,418	42,075	12
Nevada	82,161	91,837	97,844	103,708	104,829	99,621	-5.0	35,282	38,125	39,241	40,389	40,076	37,691	26
Oregon	112,974	117,634	127,403	133,663	139,205	138,203	-0.7	31,614	32,515	34,644	35,806	36,798	36,125	31
Washington	222,422	230,057	252,091	272,544	287,148	286,114	-0.4	35,966	36,743	39,561	42,157	43,732	42,933	9

^r Revised

¹. Percent change from preceding period was calculated from unrounded data.

NOTE: The personal income level shown for the United States is derived as the sum of the state estimates. It differs from

the estimate of personal income in the national income and product accounts because of differences in coverage, in the methodologies used to prepare the estimates, and in the timing of the availability of source data.

Source: Table 2 in the "Regional Quarterly Report" in the October 2010 SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Table I.3. Disposable Personal Income and Per Capita Disposable Personal Income by State and Region

Area	Disposable personal income						Percent change ²	Per capita disposable personal income ¹					Rank in United States	
	Millions of dollars							Dollars						
	2004 ^r	2005 ^r	2006 ^r	2007 ^r	2008 ^r	2009 ^r		2004 ^r	2005 ^r	2006 ^r	2007 ^r	2008 ^r		2009 ^r
United States	8,882,065	9,269,389	9,905,432	10,412,579	10,942,849	11,026,561	0.8	30,309	31,342	33,174	34,527	35,952	35,916	.....
New England	506,349	519,148	558,095	584,790	610,558	615,156	0.8	35,617	36,490	39,141	40,900	42,510	42,631	.....
Connecticut	137,811	141,491	153,813	162,490	168,561	168,164	-0.2	39,662	40,689	44,134	46,577	48,120	47,797	1
Maine	37,226	37,611	39,596	41,317	43,051	43,977	2.2	28,455	28,675	30,112	31,365	32,622	33,359	30
Massachusetts	235,219	242,288	260,656	272,286	286,404	289,355	1.0	36,461	37,546	40,309	41,895	43,769	43,884	4
New Hampshire	44,222	45,018	48,178	50,211	51,723	51,823	0.2	34,207	34,591	36,724	38,115	39,128	39,124	10
Rhode Island	33,557	34,229	35,953	37,597	39,116	39,638	1.3	31,320	32,140	33,911	35,637	37,129	37,636	15
Vermont	18,314	18,511	19,899	20,889	21,704	22,198	2.3	29,627	29,914	32,096	33,666	34,947	35,703	23
Mideast	1,580,391	1,640,209	1,755,189	1,849,420	1,923,431	1,945,128	1.1	33,450	34,622	36,951	38,799	40,220	40,491	.....
Delaware	26,085	27,089	29,108	30,220	31,494	31,980	1.5	31,556	32,252	34,123	34,941	35,943	36,130	19
District of Columbia	25,956	27,635	30,114	32,169	35,241	36,430	3.4	44,767	47,478	51,567	54,857	59,723	60,751	.....
Maryland	196,375	205,361	217,700	226,522	237,638	244,517	2.9	35,430	36,787	38,790	40,205	41,996	42,902	5
New Jersey	320,707	328,725	355,529	372,131	385,960	386,761	0.2	37,242	38,127	41,227	43,090	44,551	44,416	2
New York	637,253	668,814	714,843	760,015	785,809	788,456	0.3	33,022	34,598	36,930	39,130	40,365	40,348	6
Pennsylvania	374,015	382,585	407,895	428,362	447,289	456,985	2.2	30,191	30,808	32,707	34,207	35,594	36,255	18
Great Lakes	1,350,590	1,380,020	1,447,415	1,499,039	1,561,496	1,568,232	0.4	29,409	29,978	31,352	32,378	33,661	33,725	.....
Illinois	407,401	417,908	443,565	465,111	488,791	489,471	0.1	32,218	32,972	34,877	36,395	38,059	37,913	13
Indiana	171,679	175,184	184,570	190,000	199,210	199,005	-0.1	27,626	28,016	29,289	29,940	31,184	30,983	40
Michigan	287,780	291,861	299,376	305,770	315,874	313,796	-0.7	28,523	28,924	29,693	30,422	31,580	31,475	38
Ohio	322,521	329,577	344,743	356,590	369,487	374,504	1.4	28,132	28,721	29,997	30,952	32,051	32,445	34
Wisconsin	161,209	165,490	175,160	181,568	188,134	191,456	1.8	29,250	29,864	31,438	32,414	33,431	33,857	29
Plains	588,699	602,630	635,546	669,529	711,598	715,952	0.6	29,940	30,480	31,912	33,376	35,217	35,206	.....
Iowa	85,209	86,413	90,432	95,788	102,362	103,425	1.0	28,969	29,298	30,506	32,157	34,189	34,385	27
Kansas	79,021	81,470	87,754	92,601	99,763	100,670	0.9	29,837	29,714	31,845	33,363	35,663	35,714	22
Minnesota	167,008	170,056	179,851	188,205	197,422	197,921	0.3	32,880	33,302	34,934	36,254	37,744	37,583	16
Missouri	163,733	167,716	177,581	184,832	195,038	196,279	0.6	28,434	28,884	30,296	31,275	32,745	32,781	32
Nebraska	52,717	54,246	56,222	60,137	64,087	64,568	0.8	30,259	30,967	31,936	33,977	35,965	35,939	21
North Dakota	17,814	18,849	19,412	21,313	23,976	24,118	0.6	27,996	29,667	30,484	33,396	37,379	37,286	17
South Dakota	23,197	23,879	24,293	26,653	28,950	28,971	0.1	29,959	30,611	30,809	33,440	35,983	35,662	24
Southeast	2,036,424	2,154,295	2,302,607	2,427,930	2,547,376	2,570,940	0.9	27,899	29,084	30,727	31,930	33,105	33,103	.....
Alabama	116,963	122,857	129,861	136,218	143,389	144,832	1.0	25,921	27,031	28,245	29,371	30,655	30,758	42
Arkansas	67,478	70,359	75,136	80,677	84,740	86,281	1.8	24,572	25,344	26,690	28,385	29,549	29,861	45
Florida	527,637	564,208	614,903	641,860	669,467	667,940	-0.2	30,367	31,726	33,994	35,117	36,337	36,031	20
Georgia	245,210	260,665	275,989	291,841	306,044	305,653	-0.1	27,509	28,653	29,981	30,611	31,558	31,096	39
Kentucky	102,792	106,698	113,474	118,192	123,939	127,380	2.8	24,781	25,512	26,894	27,769	28,904	29,526	46
Louisiana	115,856	123,943	129,587	141,822	152,174	153,848	1.1	25,807	27,557	30,561	32,408	34,185	34,249	28
Mississippi	67,386	71,910	74,603	79,338	83,038	83,798	0.9	23,349	24,795	25,751	27,155	28,242	28,387	50
North Carolina	234,606	247,481	263,532	278,554	292,043	296,762	1.6	27,500	28,546	29,721	30,732	31,582	31,635	37
South Carolina	106,761	112,228	120,475	127,054	134,258	136,382	1.6	25,411	26,368	27,763	28,718	29,813	29,900	44
Tennessee	165,821	172,735	182,823	192,290	201,570	202,333	0.4	28,026	28,810	30,023	31,151	32,301	32,135	35
Virginia	243,235	257,467	275,159	291,283	305,358	312,200	2.2	32,566	34,039	35,983	37,732	39,171	39,606	9
West Virginia	42,681	43,743	47,064	48,802	51,356	53,530	4.2	23,668	24,249	26,042	26,945	28,297	29,416	47
Southwest	934,596	1,003,510	1,087,780	1,157,247	1,256,600	1,265,053	0.7	27,829	29,320	31,010	32,343	34,489	34,122	.....
Arizona	153,935	168,244	184,234	194,606	202,853	203,194	0.2	26,727	28,159	29,753	30,588	31,211	30,807	41
New Mexico	47,262	50,294	53,451	56,690	60,694	61,739	1.7	24,982	26,242	27,515	28,795	30,549	30,721	43
Oklahoma	92,139	96,921	106,223	111,105	120,558	121,048	0.4	26,217	27,435	29,718	30,758	33,084	32,831	31
Texas	641,261	688,051	743,873	794,846	872,495	879,072	0.8	28,604	30,175	31,832	33,344	35,899	35,472	25
Rocky Mountain	287,207	304,303	328,862	347,397	368,703	370,843	0.6	29,131	30,347	32,052	33,130	34,487	34,102	.....
Colorado	151,009	159,214	170,853	178,786	189,582	190,432	0.4	32,830	34,160	35,946	36,922	38,414	37,899	14
Idaho	36,075	37,888	41,189	43,694	45,294	45,093	-0.4	25,921	26,572	28,127	29,144	29,652	29,171	48
Montana	24,169	25,419	27,299	28,826	30,502	31,057	1.8	26,103	27,192	28,850	30,114	31,509	31,853	36
Utah	59,326	63,876	69,370	74,959	79,335	80,352	-1.3	24,325	25,554	26,849	28,140	29,089	28,856	49
Wyoming	16,629	17,906	20,151	21,132	23,990	23,909	-0.3	33,060	35,371	39,292	40,373	45,010	43,929	3
Far West	1,597,808	1,665,273	1,789,939	1,877,227	1,963,087	1,975,257	0.6	32,240	33,293	35,462	36,844	38,103	37,921	.....
Alaska	21,193	22,477	23,892	25,344	27,546	27,673	0.5	32,035	33,573	35,274	37,145	40,031	39,620	8
California	1,161,582	1,210,243	1,298,263	1,352,890	1,409,889	1,415,642	0.4	32,667	33,810	36,084	37,346	38,542	38,300	12
Hawaii	37,962	40,216	43,547	46,589	48,817	49,937	2.3	30,302	31,764	34,138	36,488	37,917	38,556	11
Nevada	73,552	81,280	86,564	92,004	94,942	92,281	-2.8	31,585	33,743	34,717	35,831	36,296	34,914	26
Oregon	100,562	103,084	111,224	117,357	122,033	125,164	2.6	28,141	28,493	30,244	31,438	32,528	32,717	33
Washington	202,957	207,973	226,448	243,042	259,859	264,559	1.8	32,818	33,216	35,537	37,594	39,576	39,699	7

^r Revised

1. Per capita disposable personal income was computed using midyear population estimates of the Census Bureau.
 2. Percent change from preceding period was calculated from unrounded data.

NOTE: The personal income level shown for the United States is derived as the sum of the state estimates. It differs from

the estimate of personal income in the national income and product accounts because of differences in coverage, in the methodologies used to prepare the estimates, and in the timing of the availability of source data.

Source: Table 3 in the "Regional Quarterly Report" in the October 2010 SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Table I.4. Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by State for Industries, 2009
 [Millions of dollars]

State and region	Rank of total GDP by state	Total	Natural resources and mining	Construction	Durable-goods manufacturing	Nondurable-goods manufacturing	Trade	Transportation and utilities	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Government
United States		14,027,659	373,980	537,460	867,200	717,634	1,600,431	657,605	639,350	3,040,285	1,701,270	1,212,861	513,057	335,401	1,831,125
New England		765,086	2,645	23,848	51,875	26,362	79,860	25,033	31,875	204,693	105,878	91,243	25,670	17,054	79,050
Connecticut	23	220,372	378	5,920	15,740	10,468	22,407	7,227	8,348	69,268	27,184	21,589	5,775	4,486	21,582
Maine	43	50,645	685	1,831	2,452	2,838	6,703	2,105	1,293	10,974	4,532	6,613	2,092	1,194	7,334
Massachusetts	12	362,413	910	11,426	23,682	9,589	35,041	10,916	17,426	92,003	60,277	46,638	12,451	8,154	33,901
New Hampshire	41	58,937	223	1,827	5,130	1,488	7,748	2,107	2,173	14,447	6,759	6,992	2,294	1,523	6,226
Rhode Island	44	47,598	113	1,960	2,792	1,197	4,829	1,561	1,931	12,969	4,974	6,095	1,753	1,072	6,353
Vermont	50	25,121	337	883	2,081	783	3,132	1,117	704	5,033	2,152	3,317	1,304	625	3,653
Mideast		2,553,709	11,844	84,305	89,091	96,771	264,812	101,301	137,399	675,921	365,636	251,060	86,356	62,426	326,788
Delaware	40	59,328	273	1,716	1,164	2,982	4,364	1,632	1,121	27,537	6,283	4,119	1,428	972	5,738
District of Columbia		99,194	0	974	67	151	1,905	1,573	5,480	12,833	23,929	7,344	3,648	6,679	34,610
Maryland	15	283,801	829	13,144	8,070	7,328	28,513	11,343	10,491	65,683	42,502	26,554	9,414	7,299	52,631
New Jersey	7	478,391	802	15,190	13,406	25,361	62,820	21,768	22,281	125,828	71,494	41,255	14,455	9,618	53,993
New York	3	1,085,131	2,869	34,124	29,473	29,374	105,439	38,036	77,573	326,518	149,245	104,823	40,471	23,816	123,369
Pennsylvania	6	547,865	7,071	19,157	36,911	31,575	61,652	26,949	20,453	117,524	72,182	66,965	16,939	14,042	56,446
Great Lakes		1,944,772	24,315	67,264	187,144	114,087	232,506	99,083	59,072	412,420	231,653	184,522	63,151	48,494	221,063
Illinois	5	621,101	7,619	23,897	39,890	29,432	74,148	32,367	22,748	148,314	88,246	53,677	20,805	15,898	64,060
Indiana	17	257,463	4,450	9,464	28,205	28,205	62,820	14,538	5,894	43,277	19,896	23,466	9,002	6,400	27,706
Michigan	13	361,126	3,858	11,311	38,207	13,520	44,992	16,731	9,331	72,040	47,321	35,919	12,189	9,319	46,388
Ohio	8	466,021	4,442	14,389	47,101	26,275	57,170	23,894	13,487	96,814	54,972	47,072	14,010	10,979	55,416
Wisconsin	21	239,061	3,945	8,202	25,604	16,655	27,373	11,553	7,611	51,976	21,217	24,388	7,146	5,898	27,493
Plains		909,997	33,796	33,281	64,840	50,772	109,439	48,564	37,694	187,436	92,224	84,447	29,482	22,033	115,087
Iowa	30	136,341	7,273	4,613	12,016	11,681	15,342	7,048	4,064	32,107	8,289	10,742	3,909	3,023	16,235
Kansas	32	123,449	5,659	3,993	10,139	6,743	15,460	6,718	7,092	20,339	11,817	10,169	3,485	3,013	18,824
Minnesota	16	257,583	5,511	9,848	19,566	12,413	30,464	10,795	9,254	59,558	31,557	26,400	8,166	6,041	28,009
Missouri	22	236,749	3,533	8,994	14,489	13,251	29,605	12,499	12,675	41,898	28,930	23,498	9,525	6,460	31,393
Nebraska	36	84,575	5,012	3,188	4,524	4,699	9,687	7,721	2,658	16,265	7,838	7,216	2,180	1,947	11,640
North Dakota	49	31,626	3,688	1,347	1,675	1,087	4,314	2,216	1,023	5,618	1,846	2,846	903	693	4,370
South Dakota	46	38,774	3,121	1,299	2,431	899	4,568	1,567	929	11,651	1,948	3,576	1,313	856	4,617
Southeast		3,117,352	67,337	131,153	174,377	196,445	377,298	158,709	121,422	609,144	355,158	257,699	120,907	77,557	470,148
Alabama	25	168,368	4,613	6,978	16,567	10,274	21,299	9,560	3,923	26,832	16,157	13,418	4,697	4,758	29,294
Arkansas	34	100,753	4,977	3,921	8,166	6,375	13,785	6,862	4,062	15,258	8,814	8,513	2,866	2,424	14,730
Florida	4	729,485	6,411	36,760	24,769	11,949	97,455	36,459	31,047	178,636	86,320	65,508	40,237	19,513	94,420
Georgia	11	393,380	3,860	15,317	17,232	23,858	52,485	22,877	26,086	73,599	47,630	30,384	13,534	8,750	57,766
Kentucky	28	154,558	5,520	5,846	13,070	12,043	19,217	9,955	4,191	23,235	13,141	14,279	5,147	3,480	25,433
Louisiana	24	208,392	22,480	10,782	7,458	34,361	22,013	12,895	4,291	26,331	16,844	14,677	7,587	4,331	24,345
Mississippi	35	95,055	3,012	4,564	8,076	8,230	11,634	5,746	2,003	13,476	6,461	7,633	4,092	2,329	17,800
North Carolina	10	398,902	4,017	14,513	28,421	44,443	41,972	14,222	12,562	85,629	40,247	31,738	12,113	8,501	60,524
South Carolina	27	157,990	1,284	7,023	13,712	10,476	20,088	7,991	4,252	27,528	14,976	11,286	6,600	4,205	28,569
Tennessee	20	241,907	1,601	7,517	20,257	14,641	33,479	13,047	8,204	43,802	27,222	26,408	10,347	7,059	28,322
Virginia	9	406,305	3,375	15,372	13,893	16,972	36,694	15,312	19,386	85,828	73,043	27,600	11,479	10,756	76,594
West Virginia	39	62,258	6,189	2,562	2,756	2,821	7,177	3,784	1,415	8,991	4,302	6,255	2,207	1,450	12,350
Southwest		1,624,070	136,201	74,363	101,749	87,174	195,551	93,618	61,170	276,566	175,165	116,664	55,008	35,055	215,788
Arizona	18	254,099	5,466	13,232	16,715	3,751	32,688	12,548	7,093	61,850	27,895	22,768	10,417	5,244	34,431
New Mexico	37	74,388	6,410	3,588	3,031	1,060	7,419	3,358	2,207	11,935	8,990	6,151	2,826	1,975	15,440
Oklahoma	29	154,296	24,758	4,908	9,211	8,366	16,050	8,865	4,332	21,224	11,747	10,761	4,456	3,215	26,403
Texas	2	1,141,287	99,566	52,635	72,792	73,997	139,394	68,847	47,537	181,556	126,533	76,984	37,310	24,621	139,515
Rocky Mountain		490,161	34,457	22,538	24,875	16,261	53,025	22,889	28,653	96,801	58,060	34,759	18,722	12,093	67,027
Colorado	19	250,930	12,297	10,712	10,680	7,330	26,009	9,746	22,174	50,249	35,795	17,225	10,447	6,106	32,160
Idaho	42	53,488	3,070	2,541	3,976	1,796	7,019	2,425	1,189	9,919	6,100	4,529	1,780	1,171	7,972
Montana	48	35,609	2,750	1,882	646	1,392	4,134	2,603	908	6,454	2,706	3,602	1,634	958	5,940
Utah	33	112,671	3,224	5,645	9,177	3,811	12,842	5,337	3,903	26,132	11,973	7,904	3,559	3,256	15,907
Wyoming	47	37,462	13,116	1,758	396	1,932	3,020	2,776	478	4,048	1,486	1,499	1,302	603	5,048
Far West		2,623,412	63,385	100,707	173,249	129,762	287,941	108,409	162,066	577,306	317,496	192,466	113,761	60,691	336,175
Alaska	45	46,664	10,634	1,848	190	1,378	2,884	5,952	1,113	5,935	2,930	2,722	1,350	762	8,967
California	1	1,884,452	38,141	65,725	111,330	112,983	207,779	72,441	123,464	426,590	245,679	138,347	71,976	44,506	225,490
Hawaii	38	65,680	387	3,762	345	927	6,357	3,906	1,516	14,895	5,869	4,978	5,372	1,615	15,751
Nevada	31	125,115	4,125	8,829	4,057	1,237	12,621	6,681	2,391	30,810	12,106	7,122	18,848	2,314	13,973
Oregon	26	165,176	3,557	6,293	27,466	4,151	18,111	6,715	5,418	32,706	15,582	14,822	5,020	3,933	21,401
Washington	14	336,325	6,541	14,250	29,861	9,087	40,189	12,714	28,164	66,369	35,329	24,475	11,195	7,561	50,592

NOTE: Totals shown for the United States differ from the national income and product account estimates of gross domestic product (GDP) because GDP by state excludes and national GDP includes the compensation of Federal civilian and military personnel stationed abroad and government consumption of fixed capital for military structures located abroad and for military equipment, except office equipment. Also, GDP by state and national GDP have different revision

schedules.

Source: This table reflects the GDP by state estimates for 2009 that were updated on February 23, 2011. Detailed estimates are available on BEA's Web site at

J. Local Area Table

Table J.1. Personal Income and Per Capita Personal Income by Metropolitan Area, 2007-2009—Continues

Area	Personal income					Per capita personal income ¹					
	Millions of dollars			Percent change from preceding period ²		Dollars			Rank in United States ³	Percent change from preceding period	
	2007	2008	2009 ^p	2008	2009 ^p	2007	2008	2009 ^p	2009	2008	2009 ^p
United States	11,879,836	12,225,589	12,024,414	2.9	-1.6	39,392	40,166	39,167	.....	2.0	-2.5
Metropolitan portion	10,404,973	10,684,318	10,488,977	2.7	-1.8	41,260	41,930	40,757	.....	1.6	-2.8
Metropolitan statistical areas⁴											
Abilene, TX.....	5,116	5,343	5,285	4.4	-1.1	32,176	33,589	33,016	232	4.4	-1.7
Akron, OH.....	26,005	26,523	26,071	2.0	-1.7	37,120	37,893	37,247	121	2.1	-1.7
Albany, GA.....	4,533	4,746	4,809	4.7	1.3	27,699	28,854	29,068	338	4.2	0.7
Albany-Schenectady-Troy, NY.....	34,883	36,327	36,291	4.1	-0.1	40,941	42,523	42,318	46	3.9	-0.5
Albuquerque, NM.....	28,883	29,982	30,168	3.8	0.6	34,604	35,415	35,165	169	2.3	-0.7
Alexandria, LA.....	4,988	5,218	5,262	4.6	0.8	32,661	34,005	34,146	195	4.1	0.4
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA-NJ.....	30,270	31,012	31,015	2.5	0.0	37,586	38,208	38,008	106	1.7	-0.5
Altoona, PA.....	3,872	3,993	4,096	3.1	2.6	30,736	31,709	32,478	248	3.2	2.4
Amarillo, TX.....	8,012	8,463	8,417	5.6	-0.5	33,129	34,729	34,150	194	4.8	-1.7
Ames, IA.....	2,926	3,052	3,074	4.3	0.7	34,329	35,400	35,246	167	3.1	-0.4
Anchorage, AK.....	16,068	17,267	16,988	7.5	-1.6	44,521	47,205	45,355	31	6.0	-3.9
Anderson, IN.....	3,891	4,026	4,064	3.5	0.9	29,723	30,674	30,921	296	3.2	0.8
Anderson, SC.....	5,314	5,534	5,462	4.1	-1.3	29,496	30,252	29,542	328	2.6	-2.3
Ann Arbor, MI.....	13,614	13,483	13,219	-1.0	-2.0	39,142	39,107	38,032	105	-0.1	-2.7
Anniston-Oxford, AL.....	3,515	3,652	3,629	3.9	-0.6	31,163	32,199	31,809	272	3.3	-1.2
Appleton, WI.....	8,194	8,417	8,234	2.7	-2.2	37,585	38,298	37,108	124	1.9	-3.1
Asheville, NC.....	13,722	14,038	13,847	2.3	-1.4	33,935	34,323	33,554	216	1.1	-2.2
Athens-Clarke County, GA.....	5,477	5,700	5,604	4.1	-1.7	29,333	30,010	29,153	337	2.3	-2.9
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta, GA.....	203,961	206,463	199,747	1.2	-3.3	38,721	38,336	36,482	134	-1.0	-4.8
Atlantic City-Hammonton, NJ.....	10,407	10,780	10,711	3.6	-0.6	38,553	39,835	39,421	74	3.3	-1.0
Auburn-Opelika, AL.....	3,594	3,693	3,704	2.8	0.3	27,476	27,749	27,259	353	1.0	-1.8
Augusta-Richmond County, GA-SC.....	16,872	17,672	17,898	4.7	1.3	31,892	33,056	33,197	224	3.6	0.4
Austin-Round Rock-San Marcos, TX.....	59,758	61,800	60,568	3.4	-2.0	37,477	37,362	35,522	155	-0.3	-4.9
Bakersfield-Delano, CA.....	23,023	23,952	24,174	4.0	0.9	29,341	30,047	29,940	320	2.4	-0.4
Baltimore-Towson, MD.....	124,418	128,213	129,061	3.1	0.7	46,604	47,881	47,962	17	2.7	0.2
Bangor, ME.....	4,711	4,948	5,072	5.0	2.5	31,705	33,149	33,947	206	4.6	2.4
Barnstable Town, MA.....	11,081	11,341	11,274	2.3	-0.6	49,858	51,194	50,979	10	2.7	-0.4
Baton Rouge, LA.....	26,749	28,326	28,577	5.9	0.9	34,647	36,346	36,314	138	4.9	-0.1
Battle Creek, MI.....	4,150	4,317	4,342	4.0	0.6	30,361	31,652	32,018	261	4.3	1.2
Bay City, MI.....	3,218	3,332	3,356	3.6	0.7	29,968	30,971	31,237	287	3.3	0.9
Beaumont-Port Arthur, TX.....	12,696	13,403	13,342	5.6	-0.5	33,791	35,507	35,252	166	5.1	-0.7
Bellingham, WA.....	6,750	7,010	6,946	3.9	-0.9	35,004	35,592	34,657	182	1.7	-2.6
Bend, OR.....	5,566	5,635	5,503	1.2	-2.4	36,282	35,728	34,688	180	-1.5	-2.9
Billings, MT.....	5,742	5,900	5,873	2.8	-0.5	38,332	38,737	37,997	107	1.1	-1.9
Binghamton, NY.....	8,066	8,415	8,348	4.3	-0.8	32,870	34,367	34,116	198	4.6	-0.7
Birmingham-Hoover, AL.....	43,734	44,798	43,511	2.4	-2.9	39,899	39,886	38,468	90	1.5	-3.6
Bismarck, ND.....	3,787	3,947	4,072	4.2	3.2	36,760	37,728	38,311	95	2.6	1.5
Blacksburg-Christiansburg-Radford, VA.....	4,351	4,470	4,500	2.7	0.7	27,602	28,196	28,197	345	2.2	0.0
Bloomington, IN.....	5,342	5,568	5,716	4.2	2.7	29,198	30,231	30,796	299	3.5	1.9
Bloomington-Normal, IL.....	6,105	6,435	6,510	5.4	1.2	37,228	38,865	38,818	85	4.4	-0.1
Boise City-Nampa, ID.....	21,200	21,323	20,615	0.6	-3.3	36,160	35,615	33,997	204	-1.5	-4.5
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH.....	243,740	250,811	246,471	2.9	-1.7	54,117	55,187	53,713	6	2.0	-2.7
Boulder, CO.....	14,886	15,040	14,412	1.0	-4.2	50,344	50,058	47,489	18	-0.6	-5.1
Bowling Green, KY.....	3,531	3,698	3,660	4.7	-1.0	30,327	31,180	30,348	312	2.8	-2.7
Bremerton-Silverdale, WA.....	10,001	10,312	10,369	3.1	0.6	42,004	42,992	43,051	39	2.4	0.1
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, CT.....	70,748	70,754	66,437	0.0	-6.1	79,576	79,108	73,720	1	-0.6	-6.8
Brownsville-Harlingen, TX.....	7,846	8,323	8,505	6.1	2.2	20,502	21,387	21,456	365	4.3	0.3
Brunswick, GA.....	3,595	3,718	3,636	3.4	-2.2	35,371	36,088	35,013	170	2.0	-3.0
Buffalo-Niagara Falls, NY.....	40,778	42,317	42,155	3.8	-0.4	36,216	37,647	37,511	115	4.0	-0.4
Burlington, NC.....	4,502	4,659	4,562	3.5	-2.1	31,083	31,501	30,338	313	1.3	-3.7
Burlington-South Burlington, VT.....	8,258	8,517	8,582	3.1	0.8	40,059	41,139	41,247	56	2.7	0.3
Canton-Massillon, OH.....	13,053	13,393	13,206	2.6	-1.4	31,946	32,763	32,367	252	2.6	-1.2
Cape Coral-Fort Myers, FL.....	24,617	24,077	22,984	-2.2	-4.5	42,062	40,898	39,160	79	-2.8	-4.2
Cape Girardeau-Jackson, MO-IL.....	2,895	2,978	3,048	2.9	2.3	31,140	31,926	32,521	247	2.5	1.9
Carson City, NV.....	2,365	2,374	2,303	0.4	-3.0	42,998	42,955	41,741	51	-0.1	-2.8
Casper, WY.....	3,557	3,812	3,633	7.2	-4.7	49,526	52,185	48,759	16	5.4	-6.6
Cedar Rapids, IA.....	9,425	9,893	9,829	5.0	-0.7	37,367	38,811	38,345	92	3.9	-1.2
Champaign-Urbana, IL.....	7,360	7,778	7,883	5.7	1.3	32,932	34,723	34,859	172	5.4	0.4
Charleston, WV.....	10,703	11,257	11,431	5.2	1.6	35,277	37,111	37,577	113	5.2	1.3
Charleston-North Charleston-Summerville, SC.....	22,102	22,941	22,938	3.8	0.0	34,973	35,447	34,797	176	1.4	-1.8
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill, NC-SC.....	66,218	67,612	65,234	2.1	-3.5	40,108	39,621	37,372	119	-1.2	-5.7
Charlottesville, VA.....	8,226	8,453	8,433	2.8	-0.2	42,731	43,344	42,857	42	1.4	-1.1
Chattanooga, TN-GA.....	17,653	18,091	17,734	2.5	-2.0	34,225	34,784	33,824	207	1.6	-2.8
Cheyenne, WY.....	3,739	3,915	3,934	4.7	0.5	43,175	44,613	44,273	33	3.3	-0.8
Chicago-Joliet-Naperville, IL-IN-WI.....	423,953	431,795	418,929	1.8	-3.0	44,854	45,377	43,727	36	1.2	-3.6
Chico, CA.....	6,856	7,101	7,164	3.6	0.9	31,486	32,349	32,478	248	2.7	0.4
Cincinnati-Middletown, OH-KY-IN.....	82,568	84,330	82,897	2.1	-1.7	38,434	39,066	38,168	100	1.6	-2.3
Clarksville, TN-KY.....	8,666	9,304	9,730	7.4	4.6	33,053	35,545	36,233	141	7.5	1.9
Cleveland, TN.....	3,293	3,383	3,367	2.7	-0.5	29,606	30,092	29,704	324	1.6	-1.3
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor, OH.....	82,646	84,009	82,288	1.6	-2.0	39,370	40,118	39,348	75	1.9	-1.9
Coeur d'Alene, ID.....	4,282	4,422	4,358	3.3	-1.5	31,976	32,279	31,265	285	0.9	-3.1
College Station-Bryan, TX.....	5,568	5,836	5,905	4.8	1.2	27,436	28,176	27,818	349	2.7	-1.3
Colorado Springs, CO.....	22,729	23,581	24,077	3.8	2.1	37,428	38,221	38,448	91	2.1	0.6
Columbia, MO.....	5,690	5,910	6,025	3.9	1.9	35,097	35,998	36,241	140	2.6	0.7
Columbia, SC.....	24,932	25,880	25,952	3.8	0.3	34,646	35,328	34,847	173	2.0	-1.4
Columbus, GA-AL.....	10,150	10,646	10,837	4.9	1.8	35,377	37,063	37,011	126	4.8	-0.1
Columbus, IN.....	2,742	2,874	2,769	4.8	-3.7	36,714	38,068	36,400	136	3.7	-4.4
Columbus, OH.....	67,204	68,952	68,907	2.6	-0.1	38,198	38,741	38,242	97	1.4	-1.3
Corpus Christi, TX.....	13,982	14,725	14,457	5.3	-1.8	33,975	35,636	34,743	177	4.9	-2.5
Corvallis, OR.....	3,013	3,087	3,059	2.5	-0.9	36,937	37,755	37,030	125	2.2	-1.9
Crestview-Fort Walton Beach-Destin, FL.....	7,321	7,370	7,429	0.7	0.8	40,465	41,050	41,624	53	1.4	1.4

See the footnotes at the end of the table.

Table J.1. Personal Income and Per Capita Personal Income by Metropolitan Area, 2007-2009—Continues

Area	Personal income					Per capita personal income ¹					
	Millions of dollars			Percent change from preceding period ²		Dollars			Rank in United States ³	Percent change from preceding period	
	2007	2008	2009 ^p	2008	2009 ^p	2007	2008	2009 ^p	2009	2008	2009 ^p
Cumberland, MD-WV.....	2,848	3,003	3,134	5.5	4.3	28,601	30,101	31,420	280	5.2	4.4
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, TX.....	254,067	262,549	254,769	3.3	-3.0	41,667	41,667	39,514	72	1.0	-5.2
Dalton, GA.....	3,867	3,851	3,722	-0.4	-3.3	28,980	28,675	27,708	350	-1.1	-3.4
Danville, IL.....	2,327	2,456	2,507	5.5	2.1	28,758	30,523	31,311	282	6.1	2.6
Danville, VA.....	3,050	3,165	3,224	3.8	1.9	28,803	29,789	30,471	307	3.4	2.3
Davenport-Moline-Rock Island, IA-IL.....	13,943	14,540	14,429	4.3	-0.8	37,145	38,571	38,065	103	3.8	-1.3
Dayton, OH.....	29,308	29,736	29,514	1.5	-0.7	34,908	35,526	35,344	161	1.8	-0.5
Decatur, AL.....	4,685	4,884	4,794	4.2	-1.8	31,382	32,483	31,668	274	3.5	-2.5
Decatur, IL.....	4,109	4,241	4,219	3.2	-0.5	37,798	39,147	38,991	81	3.6	-0.4
Deltona-Daytona Beach-Ormond Beach, FL.....	15,895	15,964	15,610	0.4	-2.2	31,869	32,098	31,479	279	0.7	-1.9
Denver-Aurora-Broomfield, CO.....	116,354	120,044	117,356	3.2	-2.2	47,501	48,010	45,982	24	1.1	-4.2
Des Moines-West Des Moines, IA.....	22,732	23,552	23,524	3.6	-0.1	41,769	42,506	41,790	50	1.8	-1.7
Detroit-Warren-Livonia, MI.....	170,963	172,649	165,311	1.0	-4.3	38,362	39,028	37,541	114	1.7	-3.8
Dothan, AL.....	4,562	4,718	4,723	3.4	0.1	32,639	33,357	33,097	228	2.2	-0.8
Dover, DE.....	4,626	4,781	4,909	3.3	2.7	30,419	30,749	31,119	292	1.1	1.2
Dubuque, IA.....	3,133	3,266	3,232	4.2	-1.0	33,960	35,273	34,722	178	3.9	-1.6
Duluth, MN-WI.....	9,189	9,520	9,503	3.6	-0.2	33,550	34,595	34,387	187	3.1	-0.6
Durham-Chapel Hill, NC.....	19,556	20,092	20,107	2.7	0.1	40,809	40,927	40,116	63	0.3	-2.0
Eau Claire, WI.....	5,130	5,261	5,240	2.6	-0.4	32,594	33,193	32,745	243	1.8	-1.3
El Centro, CA.....	4,231	4,512	4,698	6.7	4.1	26,382	27,666	28,154	346	4.9	1.8
Elizabethtown, KY.....	3,661	3,820	4,017	4.3	5.2	32,790	33,981	35,411	158	3.6	4.2
Elkhart-Goshen, IN.....	6,615	6,457	6,051	-2.4	-6.3	33,344	32,263	30,180	315	-3.2	-6.5
Elmira, NY.....	2,788	2,942	2,899	5.5	-1.5	31,656	33,469	32,814	241	5.7	-2.0
El Paso, TX.....	19,596	20,728	21,515	5.8	3.8	26,924	28,071	28,638	342	4.3	2.0
Erie, PA.....	8,689	9,031	9,038	3.9	0.1	31,054	32,294	32,244	256	4.0	-0.2
Eugene-Springfield, OR.....	11,353	11,680	11,526	2.9	-1.3	32,924	33,522	32,826	240	1.8	-2.1
Evansville, IN-KY.....	12,217	12,737	12,691	4.3	-0.4	34,899	36,329	36,063	143	4.1	-0.7
Fairbanks, AK.....	3,537	3,833	3,833	8.4	0.0	36,105	38,969	38,856	84	7.9	-0.3
Fargo, ND-MN.....	7,226	7,801	7,836	8.0	0.4	37,566	39,812	39,159	80	6.0	-1.6
Farmington, NM.....	3,568	3,858	3,783	8.1	-1.9	29,173	31,518	30,479	306	8.0	-3.3
Fayetteville, NC.....	12,828	13,838	14,745	7.9	6.6	36,544	39,054	40,917	58	6.9	4.8
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, AR-MO.....	14,373	14,818	14,664	3.1	-1.0	32,363	32,537	31,562	276	0.5	-3.0
Flagstaff, AZ.....	4,259	4,409	4,429	3.5	0.5	33,417	34,330	34,111	199	2.7	-0.6
Flint, MI.....	12,529	12,646	12,562	0.9	-0.7	28,863	29,488	29,623	326	2.2	0.5
Florence, SC.....	6,301	6,528	6,517	3.6	-0.2	31,659	32,603	32,477	250	3.0	-0.4
Florence-Muscle Shoals, AL.....	4,220	4,377	4,392	3.7	0.3	29,481	30,433	30,446	309	3.2	0.0
Fond du Lac, WI.....	3,538	3,649	3,501	3.1	-4.1	35,601	36,541	34,984	171	2.6	-4.3
Fort Collins-Loveland, CO.....	11,112	11,378	11,150	2.4	-2.0	38,726	38,848	37,368	120	0.3	-3.8
Fort Smith, AR-OK.....	8,664	8,937	8,807	3.2	-1.5	29,929	30,714	30,053	316	2.6	-2.2
Fort Wayne, IN.....	13,870	14,067	13,864	1.4	-1.4	33,858	34,176	33,462	218	0.9	-2.1
Fresno, CA.....	27,117	27,994	28,120	3.2	0.5	30,472	30,997	30,724	302	1.7	-0.9
Gadsden, AL.....	2,993	3,098	3,096	3.5	-0.1	28,995	29,947	29,869	323	3.3	-0.3
Gainesville, FL.....	8,732	8,884	8,895	1.7	0.1	33,963	34,277	34,122	197	0.9	-0.5
Gainesville, GA.....	5,413	5,578	5,380	3.0	-3.5	30,269	30,195	28,657	341	-0.2	-5.1
Glens Falls, NY.....	4,087	4,248	4,249	3.9	0.0	31,833	33,018	32,994	233	3.7	-0.1
Goldensboro, NC.....	3,416	3,557	3,628	4.1	2.0	30,150	31,364	31,877	269	4.0	1.6
Grand Forks, ND-MN.....	3,259	3,487	3,434	7.0	-1.5	33,673	35,855	35,328	164	6.5	-1.5
Grand Junction, CO.....	4,811	5,203	4,996	8.1	-4.0	34,792	36,665	34,197	192	5.4	-6.7
Grand Rapids-Wyoming, MI.....	25,596	26,076	25,661	1.9	-1.6	33,038	33,582	32,983	234	1.6	-1.8
Great Falls, MT.....	2,886	2,997	3,017	3.8	0.7	35,286	36,533	36,718	133	3.5	0.5
Greeley, CO.....	6,780	7,068	6,906	4.2	-2.3	27,988	28,402	27,109	354	1.5	-4.6
Green Bay, WI.....	10,917	11,204	11,048	2.6	-1.4	36,278	37,060	36,248	139	2.2	-2.2
Greensboro-High Point, NC.....	24,421	25,038	24,516	2.5	-2.1	35,074	35,405	34,300	189	0.9	-3.1
Greenville, NC.....	5,420	5,682	5,768	4.8	1.5	31,361	32,179	32,094	260	2.6	-0.3
Greenville-Mauldin-Easley, SC.....	20,704	21,451	20,962	3.6	-2.3	33,558	34,044	32,773	242	1.4	-3.7
Gulfport-Biloxi, MS.....	8,669	8,427	8,486	-2.8	0.7	37,434	35,683	35,540	154	-4.7	-0.4
Hagerstown-Martinsburg, MD-WV.....	8,398	8,757	8,826	4.3	0.8	32,142	33,135	33,161	225	3.1	0.1
Hanford-Corcoran, CA.....	3,893	3,977	3,923	2.2	-1.3	26,369	26,734	26,371	357	1.4	-1.4
Harrisburg-Carlisle, PA.....	20,259	20,875	21,064	3.0	0.9	38,241	39,106	39,231	77	2.3	0.3
Harrisonburg, VA.....	3,577	3,688	3,704	3.1	0.4	30,359	31,055	30,795	300	2.3	-0.8
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, CT.....	59,198	60,458	59,402	2.1	-1.7	49,900	50,755	49,667	12	1.7	-2.1
Hattiesburg, MS.....	3,937	4,094	4,126	4.0	0.8	28,346	29,036	28,831	340	2.4	-0.7
Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton, NC.....	10,797	10,981	10,712	1.7	-2.5	29,984	30,230	29,317	334	0.8	-3.0
Hinesville-Fort Stewart, GA.....	1,830	1,913	1,986	4.6	3.8	25,496	27,224	26,681	356	6.8	-2.0
Holland-Grand Haven, MI.....	8,424	8,612	8,313	2.2	-3.5	32,551	33,009	31,735	273	1.4	-3.9
Honolulu, HI.....	39,258	40,809	41,282	4.0	1.2	43,683	45,205	45,486	29	3.5	0.6
Hot Springs, AR.....	3,190	3,253	3,221	2.0	-1.0	33,055	33,298	32,705	244	0.7	-1.8
Houma-Bayou Cane-Thibodaux, LA.....	7,361	7,910	7,725	7.5	-2.3	36,532	39,019	38,060	104	6.8	-2.5
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown, TX.....	248,161	262,484	255,635	5.8	-2.6	44,332	45,835	43,568	37	3.4	-4.9
Huntington-Ashland, WV-KY-OH.....	8,286	8,713	8,931	5.2	2.5	29,099	30,583	31,269	284	5.1	2.2
Huntsville, AL.....	14,397	15,197	15,476	5.6	1.8	37,134	38,259	38,090	102	3.0	-0.4
Idaho Falls, ID.....	3,975	4,142	4,076	4.2	-1.6	33,341	33,639	32,318	255	0.9	-3.9
Indianapolis-Carmel, IN.....	65,586	67,623	66,850	3.1	-1.1	38,633	39,297	38,339	93	1.7	-2.4
Iowa City, IA.....	5,441	5,716	5,784	5.1	1.2	37,092	38,273	37,985	108	3.2	-0.8
Ithaca, NY.....	3,251	3,420	3,423	5.2	0.1	32,374	33,856	33,632	212	4.6	-0.7
Jackson, MI.....	4,649	4,745	4,690	2.1	-1.2	28,576	29,610	29,343	332	3.6	-0.9
Jackson, MS.....	18,610	19,368	19,198	4.1	-0.9	34,863	36,054	35,495	156	3.4	-1.6
Jackson, TN.....	3,543	3,668	3,634	3.5	-0.9	31,440	32,456	31,985	263	3.2	-1.5
Jacksonville, FL.....	52,267	52,697	51,533	0.8	-2.2	40,171	40,028	38,801	86	-0.4	-3.1
Jacksonville, NC.....	6,016	6,758	7,730	12.3	14.4	36,771	39,932	44,664	32	8.6	11.9
Janesville, WI.....	5,059	5,098	4,932	0.8	-3.3	31,730	31,826	30,797	298	0.3	-3.2
Jefferson City, MO.....	4,768	4,975	5,027	4.3	1.0	32,826	33,970	34,093	201	3.5	0.4
Johnson City, TN.....	5,768	6,007	6,059	4.1	0.9	29,830	30,682	30,695	303	2.9	0.0
Johnstown, PA.....	4,310	4,511	4,624	4.7	2.5	29,710	31,221	32,114	259	5.1	2.9
Jonesboro, AR.....	3,357	3,571	3,529	6.4	-1.2	28,870	30,228	29,378	331	4.7	-2.8
Joplin, MO.....	4,880	5,120	5,157	4.9	0.7	28,535	29,663	29,586	327	4.0	-0.3

See the footnotes at the end of the table.

Table J.1. Personal Income and Per Capita Personal Income by Metropolitan Area, 2007-2009—Continues

Area	Personal income					Per capita personal income ¹					
	Millions of dollars			Percent change from preceding period ²		Dollars			Rank in United States ³	Percent change from preceding period	
	2007	2008	2009 ^p	2008	2009 ^p	2007	2008	2009 ^p	2009	2008	2009 ^p
Kalamazoo-Portage, MI.....	10,563	10,919	10,770	3.4	-1.4	32,746	33,685	32,972	235	2.9	-2.1
Kankakee-Bradley, IL.....	3,396	3,545	3,550	4.4	0.2	30,393	31,449	31,359	281	3.5	-0.3
Kansas City, MO-KS.....	80,154	82,653	81,915	3.1	-0.9	39,841	40,396	39,619	69	1.4	-1.9
Kennewick-Pasco-Richland, WA.....	7,368	7,837	8,201	6.4	4.6	32,180	33,040	33,383	219	2.7	1.0
Killeen-Temple-Fort Hood, TX.....	13,102	14,071	14,698	7.4	4.5	35,255	37,070	38,757	87	5.1	4.6
Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol, TN-VA.....	9,274	9,657	9,642	4.1	-0.2	30,548	31,697	31,547	277	3.8	-0.5
Kingston, NY.....	6,488	6,694	6,619	3.2	-1.1	35,738	36,836	36,481	135	3.1	-1.0
Knoxville, TN.....	23,316	24,017	23,801	3.0	-0.9	34,180	34,696	34,038	203	1.5	-1.9
Kokomo, IN.....	3,297	3,257	3,070	-1.2	-5.7	33,035	32,752	31,078	293	-0.9	-5.1
La Crosse, WI-MN.....	4,479	4,645	4,677	3.7	0.7	34,192	35,263	35,183	168	3.1	-0.2
Lafayette, IN.....	5,702	5,991	5,943	5.1	-0.8	29,795	30,921	30,268	314	3.8	-2.1
Lafayette, LA.....	9,906	10,438	10,249	5.4	-1.8	38,570	40,182	38,944	83	4.2	-3.1
Lake Charles, LA.....	6,572	6,908	6,632	5.1	-4.0	34,312	35,799	34,159	193	4.3	-4.6
Lake Havasu City-Kingman, AZ.....	5,005	5,124	5,035	2.4	-1.7	25,557	26,197	25,841	359	2.5	-1.4
Lakeland-Winter Haven, FL.....	18,583	18,901	18,640	1.7	-1.4	32,404	32,572	31,951	264	0.5	-1.9
Lancaster, PA.....	17,874	18,303	18,071	2.4	-1.3	35,794	36,330	35,589	152	1.5	-2.0
Lansing-East Lansing, MI.....	14,869	15,386	15,271	3.5	-0.7	32,643	33,844	33,666	211	3.7	-0.5
Laredo, TX.....	5,088	5,387	5,410	5.9	0.4	22,041	22,831	22,409	364	3.6	-1.8
Las Cruces, NM.....	5,281	5,611	5,832	6.3	3.9	26,642	27,855	28,251	344	4.6	1.4
Las Vegas-Paradise, NV.....	73,444	75,013	71,275	2.1	-5.0	39,945	39,920	37,457	118	-0.1	-6.2
Lawrence, KS.....	3,519	3,608	3,637	2.5	0.8	31,028	31,443	31,253	286	1.3	-0.6
Lawton, OK.....	3,752	3,959	4,161	5.5	5.1	32,764	35,272	36,748	132	7.7	4.2
Lebanon, PA.....	4,477	4,640	4,652	3.6	0.3	34,926	35,885	35,643	151	2.7	-0.7
Lewiston, ID-WA.....	1,974	2,047	2,031	3.7	-0.8	32,939	33,973	33,485	217	3.1	-1.4
Lewiston-Auburn, ME.....	3,570	3,727	3,766	4.4	1.1	33,461	34,808	35,346	160	4.0	1.5
Lexington-Fayette, KY.....	16,512	16,897	16,807	2.3	-0.5	36,250	36,413	35,696	150	0.4	-2.0
Lima, OH.....	3,161	3,182	3,190	0.7	0.3	30,131	30,351	30,568	305	0.7	0.7
Lincoln, NE.....	10,687	11,027	11,024	3.2	0.0	36,749	37,423	36,993	127	1.8	-1.1
Little Rock-North Little Rock-Conway, AR.....	26,042	26,369	26,563	1.3	0.7	39,074	39,012	38,750	88	-0.2	-0.7
Logan, UT-ID.....	3,052	3,236	3,210	6.0	-0.8	25,259	26,023	25,092	361	3.0	-3.6
Longview, TX.....	6,933	7,371	7,209	6.3	-2.2	34,169	36,046	34,847	173	5.5	-3.3
Longview, WA.....	2,933	3,016	3,060	2.8	1.5	29,170	29,703	30,008	317	1.8	1.0
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, CA.....	555,946	568,435	551,271	2.2	-3.0	43,801	44,519	42,818	43	1.6	-3.8
Louisville-Jefferson County, KY-IN.....	46,378	47,484	47,208	2.4	-0.6	37,491	37,995	37,509	116	1.3	-1.3
Lubbock, TX.....	8,426	8,812	8,899	4.6	1.0	31,306	32,447	32,166	257	3.6	-0.9
Lynchburg, VA.....	7,925	8,267	8,221	4.3	-0.5	32,563	33,662	33,224	223	3.4	-1.3
Macon, GA.....	7,566	7,879	7,886	4.1	0.1	32,895	34,147	34,056	202	3.8	-0.3
Madera-Chowchilla, CA.....	3,808	3,914	3,913	2.8	0.0	26,225	26,524	26,326	358	1.1	-0.7
Madison, WI.....	24,113	24,828	24,480	3.0	-1.4	43,455	44,172	42,946	41	1.6	-2.8
Manchester-Nashua, NH.....	18,012	18,358	17,916	1.9	-2.4	44,726	45,432	44,139	34	1.6	-2.8
Manhattan, KS.....	4,292	4,697	4,966	9.4	5.7	36,244	38,485	40,345	60	6.2	4.8
Mankato-North Mankato, MN.....	3,118	3,298	3,232	5.7	-2.0	33,985	35,619	34,670	181	4.8	-2.7
Mansfield, OH.....	3,645	3,717	3,651	2.0	-1.8	28,922	29,719	29,327	333	2.8	-1.3
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, TX.....	13,320	14,224	14,615	6.8	2.8	18,979	19,721	19,720	366	3.9	0.0
Medford, OR.....	6,825	6,911	6,895	1.3	-0.2	34,409	34,506	34,256	191	0.3	-0.7
Memphis, TN-MS-AR.....	49,107	50,094	48,929	2.0	-2.3	38,050	38,577	37,495	117	1.4	-2.8
Merced, CA.....	6,802	6,810	6,699	0.1	-1.6	27,981	27,871	27,306	352	-0.4	-2.0
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach, FL.....	234,822	236,645	229,380	0.8	-3.1	42,967	43,013	41,352	55	0.1	-3.9
Michigan City-La Porte, IN.....	3,259	3,399	3,320	4.3	-2.3	29,528	30,689	29,897	322	3.9	-2.6
Midland, TX.....	6,252	6,970	6,542	11.5	-6.1	49,590	53,968	49,441	13	8.8	-8.4
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, WI.....	64,768	66,396	65,031	2.5	-2.1	41,926	42,824	41,696	52	2.1	-2.6
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI.....	150,181	154,282	149,594	2.7	-3.0	46,870	47,653	45,750	25	1.7	-4.0
Missoula, MT.....	3,679	3,776	3,700	2.6	-0.1	34,758	35,108	34,712	179	1.0	-1.1
Mobile, AL.....	11,947	12,506	12,544	4.7	0.3	29,481	30,567	30,468	308	3.7	-0.3
Modesto, CA.....	15,605	15,977	15,886	2.4	-0.6	30,816	31,485	31,126	291	2.2	-1.1
Monroe, LA.....	5,356	5,571	5,634	4.0	1.1	31,031	32,204	32,365	253	3.8	0.5
Monroe, MI.....	5,078	5,105	4,971	0.5	-2.6	33,111	33,397	32,547	246	0.9	-2.5
Montgomery, AL.....	12,817	13,209	13,181	3.1	-0.2	35,057	36,129	35,973	146	3.1	-0.4
Morgantown, WV.....	3,771	3,980	4,141	5.6	4.0	31,977	33,468	34,412	186	4.7	2.8
Morristown, TN.....	3,611	3,744	3,700	3.7	-1.2	26,750	27,415	26,886	355	2.5	-1.9
Mount Vernon-Anacortes, WA.....	4,335	4,497	4,438	3.7	-1.3	37,289	37,989	37,131	122	1.9	-2.3
Muncie, IN.....	3,271	3,372	3,393	3.1	0.6	28,368	29,349	29,455	330	3.5	0.4
Muskegon-Norton Shores, MI.....	4,773	4,899	4,819	2.6	-1.6	27,390	28,062	27,703	351	2.5	-1.3
Myrtle Beach-North Myrtle Beach-Conway, SC.....	7,455	7,604	7,482	2.0	-1.6	29,711	29,383	28,354	343	-1.1	-3.5
Napa, CA.....	6,820	6,969	6,809	2.2	-2.3	51,684	52,169	50,569	11	0.9	-3.1
Naples-Marco Island, FL.....	20,140	19,739	18,331	-2.0	-7.1	64,251	62,559	57,548	3	-2.6	-8.0
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin, TN.....	60,049	61,893	60,548	3.1	-2.2	39,378	39,768	38,266	96	1.0	-3.8
New Haven-Milford, CT.....	38,551	39,673	39,114	2.9	-1.4	45,697	46,918	46,125	22	2.7	-1.7
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner, LA.....	48,912	48,775	47,419	-0.3	-2.8	44,088	41,740	39,849	66	-5.3	-4.5
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island, NY-NJ-PA.....	1,018,093	1,041,636	998,777	2.3	-4.1	53,864	54,914	52,375	9	1.9	-4.6
Niles-Benton Harbor, MI.....	5,239	5,398	5,320	3.0	-1.4	32,767	33,669	33,151	226	2.8	-1.5
North Port-Bradenton-Sarasota, FL.....	33,611	33,413	31,968	-0.6	-4.3	49,220	48,713	46,456	21	-1.0	-4.6
Norwich-New London, CT.....	12,063	12,341	12,296	2.3	-0.4	45,610	46,426	46,082	23	1.8	-0.7
Ocala, FL.....	9,961	10,216	10,046	2.6	-1.7	30,836	31,225	30,577	304	1.3	-2.1
Ocean City, NJ.....	4,310	4,438	4,481	3.0	1.0	44,575	46,001	46,638	19	3.2	1.4
Odessa, TX.....	4,139	4,542	4,326	9.7	-4.7	32,121	34,622	32,135	258	7.8	-7.2
Ogden-Clearfield, UT.....	16,871	17,416	17,339	3.2	-0.4	32,610	32,799	32,017	262	0.6	-2.4
Oklahoma City, OK.....	44,274	46,951	46,525	6.0	-0.9	37,166	38,882	37,909	109	4.6	-2.5
Olympia, WA.....	9,426	9,820	9,938	4.2	1.2	39,485	39,988	39,597	70	1.3	-1.0
Omaha-Council Bluffs, NE-IA.....	34,979	36,098	36,029	3.2	-0.2	42,185	43,012	42,412	44	2.0	-1.4
Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford, FL.....	72,381	73,612	71,458	1.7	-2.9	35,570	35,717	34,315	188	0.4	-3.9
Oshkosh-Neenah, WI.....	5,837	6,020	5,917	3.1	-1.7	36,151	37,139	36,218	142	2.7	-2.5
Owensboro, KY.....	3,479	3,691	3,736	6.1	1.2	30,986	32,684	32,878	239	5.5	0.6

See the footnotes at the end of the table.

Table J.1. Personal Income and Per Capita Personal Income by Metropolitan Area, 2007-2009—Continues

Area	Personal income					Per capita personal income ¹					
	Millions of dollars			Percent change from preceding period ²		Dollars			Rank in United States ³	Percent change from preceding period	
	2007	2008	2009 ^p	2008	2009 ^p	2007	2008	2009 ^p	2009	2008	2009 ^p
Oxnard-Thousand Oaks-Ventura, CA	37,192	37,185	36,651	0.0	-1.4	47,098	46,787	45,643	26	-0.7	-2.4
Palm Bay-Melbourne-Titusville, FL	19,501	19,863	19,734	1.9	-0.6	36,491	37,035	36,793	129	1.5	-0.7
Palm Coast, FL	2,759	2,879	2,832	4.3	-1.6	31,324	31,741	30,912	297	1.3	-2.6
Panama City-Lynn Haven-Panama City Beach, FL	5,670	5,808	5,859	2.4	0.9	34,723	35,459	35,560	153	2.1	0.3
Parkersburg-Marietta-Vienna, WV-OH	4,875	5,082	5,130	4.3	0.9	30,291	31,580	31,879	268	4.3	0.9
Pascagoula, MS	5,128	5,194	5,227	1.3	0.7	33,516	33,613	33,594	214	0.3	-0.1
Pensacola-Ferry Pass-Brent, FL	14,700	15,107	15,290	2.8	1.2	32,643	33,338	33,596	213	2.1	0.8
Peoria, IL	14,598	15,199	14,872	4.1	-2.1	39,345	40,787	39,568	71	3.7	-3.0
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD	265,838	272,829	271,943	2.6	-0.3	44,961	45,927	45,565	28	2.1	-0.8
Phoenix-Mesa-Glendale, AZ	153,131	155,014	149,611	1.2	-3.5	36,673	36,156	34,282	190	-1.4	-5.2
Pine Bluff, AR	2,803	2,907	2,937	3.7	1.0	27,519	28,698	29,170	336	4.3	1.6
Pittsburgh, PA	95,780	99,172	99,418	3.5	0.2	40,634	42,104	42,216	48	3.6	0.3
Pittsfield, MA	5,462	5,602	5,590	2.6	-0.2	41,941	43,237	43,240	38	3.1	0.0
Pocatello, ID	2,480	2,554	2,537	3.0	-0.7	28,226	28,702	28,102	347	1.7	-2.1
Portland-South Portland-Biddeford, ME	20,733	21,427	21,434	3.3	0.0	40,353	41,522	41,473	54	2.9	-0.1
Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro, OR-WA	85,339	88,022	86,822	3.1	-1.4	39,443	39,942	38,728	89	1.3	-3.0
Port St. Lucie, FL	16,128	16,099	15,527	-0.2	-3.6	40,389	39,777	38,216	98	-1.5	-3.9
Poughkeepsie-Newburgh-Middletown, NY	26,126	26,961	26,598	3.2	-1.3	39,109	40,119	39,282	76	2.6	-2.1
Prescott, AZ	6,345	6,450	6,228	1.7	-3.4	29,930	30,011	28,877	339	0.3	-3.8
Providence-New Bedford-Fall River, RI-MA	63,409	65,391	65,291	3.1	-0.2	39,643	40,887	40,790	59	3.1	-0.2
Provo-Orem, UT	12,369	12,853	12,684	3.9	-1.3	23,675	23,814	22,832	363	0.6	-4.1
Pueblo, CO	4,518	4,768	4,867	5.5	2.1	29,270	30,564	30,959	294	4.4	1.3
Punta Gorda, FL	5,567	5,574	5,417	0.1	-2.8	35,408	35,337	34,516	183	-0.2	-2.3
Racine, WI	7,255	7,406	7,220	2.1	-2.5	36,346	37,012	35,992	145	1.8	-2.8
Raleigh-Cary, NC	41,897	43,182	42,611	3.1	-1.3	40,059	39,602	37,849	110	-1.1	-4.4
Rapid City, SD	4,414	4,622	4,632	4.7	0.2	36,603	37,669	37,129	123	2.9	-1.4
Reading, PA	14,306	14,675	14,645	2.6	-0.2	35,545	36,256	35,971	147	2.0	-0.8
Redding, CA	6,144	6,233	6,243	1.4	0.2	34,260	34,527	34,473	185	0.8	-0.2
Reno-Sparks, NV	19,464	19,553	18,442	0.5	-5.7	47,401	46,929	43,986	35	-1.0	-6.3
Richmond, VA	50,735	51,918	51,065	2.3	-1.6	41,844	42,309	41,242	57	1.1	-2.5
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA	122,811	125,379	124,004	2.1	-1.1	30,332	30,634	29,930	321	1.0	-2.3
Roanoke, VA	11,186	11,576	11,465	3.5	-1.0	37,667	38,727	38,166	101	2.8	-1.4
Rochester, MN	7,524	7,741	7,808	2.9	0.9	41,624	42,208	42,066	49	1.4	-0.3
Rochester, NY	39,852	41,132	40,586	3.2	-1.3	38,635	39,812	39,192	78	3.0	-1.6
Rockford, IL	11,395	11,646	11,289	2.2	-1.1	32,486	32,955	31,915	266	1.4	-3.2
Rocky Mount, NC	4,486	4,635	4,585	3.3	-1.1	30,823	31,631	31,276	283	2.6	-1.1
Rome, GA	2,949	3,065	3,035	3.9	-1.0	31,008	32,032	31,535	278	3.3	-1.6
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville, CA	84,193	86,397	85,596	2.6	-0.9	40,572	41,119	40,236	62	1.3	-2.1
Saginaw-Saginaw Township North, MI	5,894	6,054	6,074	2.7	0.3	29,177	30,143	30,363	311	3.3	0.7
St. Cloud, MN	6,061	6,340	6,376	4.6	0.6	32,571	33,782	33,706	210	3.7	-0.2
St. George, UT	3,473	3,512	3,425	1.1	-2.5	26,252	25,886	24,912	362	-1.4	-3.8
St. Joseph, MO-KS	3,759	3,957	4,036	5.3	2.0	29,896	31,392	31,869	270	5.0	1.5
St. Louis, MO-IL	112,948	117,886	114,127	4.4	-3.2	40,247	41,823	40,342	61	3.9	-3.5
Salem, OR	11,986	12,504	12,611	4.3	0.9	31,126	32,016	31,837	271	2.9	-0.6
Salinas, CA	17,019	17,385	17,382	2.2	0.0	42,322	42,857	42,356	45	1.3	-1.2
Salisbury, MD	3,768	3,915	3,952	3.9	0.9	31,516	32,628	32,881	238	3.5	0.8
Salt Lake City, UT	41,551	42,505	41,805	2.3	-1.6	38,030	38,237	36,986	128	0.5	-3.3
San Angelo, TX	3,495	3,675	3,659	5.1	-0.4	32,291	33,666	33,229	222	4.3	-1.3
San Antonio-New Braunfels, TX	68,213	70,947	71,489	4.0	0.8	34,368	34,937	34,500	184	1.7	-1.3
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos, CA	136,616	140,847	139,345	3.1	-1.1	45,911	46,649	45,630	27	1.6	-2.2
Sandusky, OH	2,770	2,840	2,801	2.5	-1.4	35,807	36,717	36,389	137	2.5	-0.9
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont, CA	263,201	266,680	257,761	1.3	-3.3	62,634	62,598	59,696	2	-0.1	-4.6
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, CA	105,576	105,979	101,926	0.4	-3.8	59,365	58,531	55,404	5	-1.4	-5.3
San Luis Obispo-Paso Robles, CA	10,565	10,774	10,654	2.0	-1.1	40,372	40,635	39,905	65	0.7	-1.8
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Goleta, CA	19,089	19,358	18,976	1.4	-2.0	47,664	47,957	46,619	20	0.6	-2.8
Santa Cruz-Watsonville, CA	12,924	12,935	12,612	0.1	-2.5	51,669	51,140	49,222	14	-1.0	-3.8
Santa Fe, NM	6,335	6,531	6,344	3.1	-2.9	44,186	44,927	43,002	40	1.7	-4.3
Santa Rosa-Petaluma, CA	22,116	22,274	21,465	0.7	-3.6	47,929	47,755	45,467	30	-0.4	-4.8
Savannah, GA	12,473	13,109	13,103	5.1	0.0	37,853	39,183	38,190	99	3.5	-2.5
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre, PA	18,807	19,445	19,747	3.4	1.6	34,244	35,399	35,940	148	3.4	1.5
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue, WA	164,759	169,798	166,902	3.1	-1.7	49,816	50,586	48,976	15	1.5	-3.2
Sebastian-Vero Beach, FL	7,714	7,669	7,201	-0.6	-6.1	58,074	57,107	53,277	8	-1.7	-6.7
Sheboygan, WI	4,365	4,436	4,319	1.6	-2.6	38,247	38,755	37,705	112	1.3	-2.7
Sherman-Denison, TX	3,509	3,625	3,598	3.3	-0.7	29,687	30,516	29,979	319	2.8	-1.8
Shreveport-Bossier City, LA	13,176	13,884	13,895	5.4	0.1	33,988	35,657	35,491	157	4.9	-0.5
Sioux City, IA-NE-SD	4,641	4,980	4,924	7.3	-1.1	32,693	34,885	34,110	200	6.7	-2.2
Sioux Falls, SD	8,887	9,290	9,278	4.5	-0.1	38,985	39,786	38,964	82	2.1	-2.1
South Bend-Mishawaka, IN-MI	10,844	11,130	10,837	2.6	-2.6	34,215	34,986	34,127	196	2.3	-2.5
Spartanburg, SC	8,305	8,619	8,460	3.8	-1.8	30,012	30,506	29,494	329	1.6	-3.3
Spokane, WA	15,133	15,727	15,846	3.9	0.8	33,172	34,011	33,810	208	2.5	-0.6
Springfield, IL	7,855	8,219	8,350	4.6	1.6	38,063	39,646	40,109	64	4.2	1.2
Springfield, MA	25,367	26,485	26,779	4.4	1.1	36,514	38,006	38,316	94	4.1	0.8
Springfield, MO	13,005	13,421	13,448	3.2	0.2	30,966	31,496	31,208	288	1.7	-0.9
Springfield, OH	4,406	4,518	4,563	2.5	1.0	31,432	32,314	32,673	245	2.8	1.1
State College, PA	4,675	4,852	4,932	3.8	1.6	32,444	33,336	33,730	209	2.7	1.2
Steubenville-Weirton, OH-WV	3,596	3,796	3,743	5.6	-1.4	29,400	31,194	30,951	295	6.1	-0.8
Stockton, CA	20,635	21,097	21,032	2.2	-0.3	31,018	31,547	31,166	289	1.7	-1.2

See the footnotes at the end of the table.

Table J.1. Personal Income and Per Capita Personal Income by Metropolitan Area, 2007–2009—Table Ends

Area	Personal income					Per capita personal income ¹					
	Millions of dollars			Percent change from preceding period ²		Dollars			Rank in United States ³	Percent change from preceding period	
	2007	2008	2009 ^p	2008	2009 ^p	2007	2008	2009 ^p	2009	2008	2009 ^p
Sumter, SC	2,946	3,057	3,099	3.7	1.4	28,271	29,302	29,653	325	3.6	1.2
Syracuse, NY	23,069	23,852	23,766	3.4	-0.4	35,797	36,980	36,784	130	3.3	-0.5
Tallahassee, FL	11,767	12,015	11,977	2.1	-0.3	33,283	33,639	33,268	220	1.1	-1.1
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL	101,211	102,407	101,045	1.2	-1.3	37,331	37,512	36,780	131	0.5	-2.0
Terre Haute, IN	4,842	5,035	5,094	4.0	1.2	28,482	29,652	29,995	318	4.1	1.2
Texarkana, TX-Texarkana, AR	4,210	4,397	4,386	4.4	-0.3	31,311	32,338	31,900	267	3.3	-1.4
Toledo, OH	22,282	22,560	22,230	1.3	-1.5	32,993	33,505	33,069	230	1.6	-1.3
Topeka, KS	7,884	8,176	8,241	3.7	0.8	34,487	35,581	35,704	149	3.2	0.3
Trenton-Ewing, NJ	19,317	20,113	19,601	4.1	-2.5	53,156	55,170	53,523	7	3.8	-3.0
Tucson, AZ	33,112	34,393	33,930	3.9	-1.3	33,225	34,058	33,259	221	2.5	-2.3
Tulsa, OK	35,796	37,540	36,642	4.9	-2.4	39,524	40,981	39,442	73	3.7	-3.8
Tuscaloosa, AL	6,750	7,016	6,942	3.9	-1.1	32,737	33,587	32,926	236	2.6	-2.0
Tyler, TX	6,996	7,333	7,228	4.8	-1.4	35,329	36,456	35,316	165	3.2	-3.1
Utica-Rome, NY	9,275	9,656	9,698	4.1	0.4	31,614	32,975	33,069	230	4.3	0.3
Valdosta, GA	3,644	3,899	3,967	7.0	1.7	27,982	29,169	29,211	335	4.2	0.1
Vallejo-Fairfield, CA	15,606	16,025	16,153	2.7	0.8	38,440	39,442	39,666	68	2.6	0.6
Victoria, TX	3,902	4,091	3,922	4.9	-4.1	34,392	35,809	33,989	205	4.1	-5.1
Vineland-Milville-Bridgeton, NJ	4,725	4,973	5,099	5.3	2.5	30,405	31,721	32,326	254	4.3	1.9
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, VA-NC	63,748	65,639	66,434	3.0	1.2	38,135	39,300	39,674	67	3.1	1.0
Visalia-Porterville, CA	11,757	12,083	11,956	2.8	-1.1	28,248	28,610	27,827	348	1.3	-2.7
Waco, TX	6,809	7,098	7,172	4.3	1.0	29,830	30,748	30,731	301	3.1	-0.1
Warner Robins, GA	4,195	4,348	4,495	3.7	3.4	31,949	32,577	33,121	227	2.0	1.7
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV	296,134	305,595	309,088	3.2	1.1	55,737	56,824	56,442	4	2.0	-0.7
Waterloo-Cedar Falls, IA	5,596	5,900	5,937	5.4	0.6	34,449	36,053	36,002	144	4.7	-0.1
Wausau, WI	4,701	4,788	4,660	1.8	-2.7	36,162	36,536	35,409	159	1.0	-3.1
Wenatchee-East Wenatchee, WA	3,352	3,545	3,569	5.8	0.7	31,330	32,737	32,464	251	4.5	-0.8
Wheeling, WV-OH	4,478	4,705	4,760	5.1	1.2	30,682	32,454	32,911	237	5.8	1.4
Wichita, KS	22,642	23,650	23,112	4.5	-2.3	38,032	39,207	37,723	111	3.1	-3.8
Wichita Falls, TX	5,050	5,301	5,210	5.0	-1.7	34,065	35,910	35,344	161	5.4	-1.6
Williamsport, PA	3,529	3,657	3,733	3.6	2.1	30,208	31,344	31,950	265	3.8	1.9
Wilmington, NC	11,445	11,784	11,728	3.0	-0.5	33,709	33,858	33,082	229	0.4	-2.3
Winchester, VA-WV	4,041	4,168	4,162	3.1	-0.1	33,362	33,994	33,568	215	1.9	-1.3
Winston-Salem, NC	16,839	17,187	16,891	2.1	-1.7	35,676	35,801	34,832	175	0.4	-2.7
Worcester, MA	33,034	34,252	33,994	3.7	-0.8	41,498	42,850	42,296	47	3.3	-1.3
Yakima, WA	6,726	7,202	7,269	7.1	0.9	28,955	30,661	30,409	310	5.9	-0.8
York-Hanover, PA	14,700	15,179	15,159	3.3	-0.1	34,868	35,651	35,340	163	2.2	-0.9
Youngstown-Warren-Boardman, OH-PA	17,870	18,075	17,794	1.1	-1.6	31,289	31,911	31,608	275	2.0	-0.9
Yuba City, CA	4,824	5,043	5,157	4.5	2.3	29,559	30,562	31,155	290	3.4	1.9
Yuma, AZ	4,686	4,840	5,022	3.3	3.8	24,768	25,041	25,496	360	1.1	1.8

1. Per capita personal income was computed using Census Bureau midyear population estimates.

2. Percent change calculated from unrounded data.

3. In January 2011, the rank of per capita personal income was corrected from previously published rankings.

4. The metropolitan area definitions used by BEA for its personal income estimates are the county-based definitions issued by the Office of Management and Budget as of December 2009, for federal statistical purposes.

NOTE: The personal income level shown for the United States is derived as the sum of the metropolitan-area estimates and an estimate for the nonmetropolitan portion of the United States.

It differs from the estimate of personal income in the national income and product accounts because of differences in coverage, in the methodologies used to prepare the estimates, and in the timing of the availability of source data.

Table J.2. Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by Metropolitan Area for Industries, 2009*—Continues

[Millions of dollars]

Metropolitan area	Rank of total GDP by metropolitan area	Total	Natural resources and mining	Construction	Durable-goods manufacturing	Nondurable-goods manufacturing	Trade	Transportation and utilities	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Government
U.S. metropolitan portion		12,610,788	243,234	479,619	749,272	605,393	1,436,716	568,146	615,292	2,862,227	1,624,141	1,094,944	460,022	291,573	1,580,209
Abilene, TX	254	5,269	(D)	269	(D)	(D)	739	248	(D)	601	290	688	194	155	1,264
Akron, OH	77	26,944	117	835	2,789	1,587	4,126	1,341	700	4,084	3,972	2,802	753	619	3,220
Albany, GA	269	4,925	203	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	201	(D)	436	394	531	133	(D)	1,070
Albany-Schenectady-Troy, NY	57	39,597	(D)	1,674	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	1,433	6,659	(D)	4,515	1,155	1,030	8,403
Albuquerque, NM	60	35,498	(D)	1,866	(D)	(D)	3,748	1,231	(D)	6,949	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	837
Alexandria, LA	267	5,047	120	385	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	86	629	385	693	(D)	(D)	125
Allentown-Bethlehem-Easton, PA-NJ	72	28,597	165	1,093	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	1,181	4,295	3,732	3,981	932	816	2,855
Altoona, PA	298	4,231	71	138	240	424	653	391	113	474	298	612	127	132	558
Amarillo, TX	173	9,780	883	445	(D)	(D)	1,322	714	297	(D)	830	(D)	313	(D)	1,279
Ames, IA	314	3,859	114	107	192	467	333	78	62	641	231	238	104	65	1,227
Anchorage, AK	83	25,368	(D)	1,233	106	174	(D)	(D)	838	3,699	2,281	1,740	719	454	4,361
Anderson, IN	349	3,111	62	85	(D)	(D)	376	149	67	419	179	391	190	98	419
Anderson, SC	291	4,424	21	257	752	470	634	146	52	443	220	315	152	160	801
Ann Arbor, MI	110	17,583	34	307	1,169	385	1,635	768	543	3,184	2,399	1,533	446	335	4,845
Anniston-Oxford, AL	320	3,761	13	84	562	116	513	151	103	242	341	280	114	101	1,140
Appleton, WI	176	9,495	160	590	(D)	(D)	1,292	288	327	1,881	766	842	253	257	815
Asheville, NC	147	12,812	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	1,473	(D)	274	2,070	(D)	(D)	720	388	1,789
Athens-Clarke County, GA	229	6,230	109	189	313	582	(D)	176	(D)	836	384	771	211	153	1,786
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Marietta, GA	10	264,700	345	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	16,268	(D)	59,087	39,085	18,446	8,891	5,250	25,872
Atlantic City-Hammonton, NJ	143	12,963	(D)	567	125	134	(D)	354	171	2,263	897	1,229	3,479	283	1,961
Auburn-Opelika, AL	330	3,577	21	151	305	209	384	163	51	579	196	191	148	112	1,067
Augusta-Richmond County, GA-SC	106	18,412	(D)	916	(D)	(D)	(D)	313	1,792	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	463
Austin-Round Rock-San Marcos, TX	38	78,426	(D)	3,289	8,060	1,637	11,929	1,519	4,854	12,919	(D)	5,327	3,039	2,043	11,785
Bakersfield-Delano, CA	70	29,053	6,158	1,233	565	3,174	2,885	1,458	409	2,706	2,173	1,805	669	806	5,010
Baltimore-Towson, MD	19	138,420	185	6,081	(D)	(D)	(D)	5,937	(D)	29,420	20,041	15,582	4,621	(D)	24,463
Bangor, ME	247	5,486	66	181	195	268	902	381	162	786	386	944	191	133	892
Barnstable Town, MA	197	8,262	46	459	(D)	(D)	923	318	196	2,050	798	1,095	749	315	1,132
Baton Rouge, LA	56	39,686	516	3,510	(D)	(D)	(D)	2,168	(D)	5,097	3,807	2,550	1,000	796	4,785
Battle Creek, MI	277	4,735	29	140	586	670	(D)	(D)	60	435	577	490	124	127	782
Bay City, MI	357	2,786	(D)	64	151	228	369	(D)	64	325	289	352	136	96	402
Beaumont-Port Arthur, TX	121	16,093	209	1,435	885	4,272	1,769	999	238	1,043	1,495	1,155	432	360	1,703
Bellingham, WA	200	8,022	388	542	406	1,294	1,108	290	180	1,157	588	595	295	212	1,067
Bend, OR	233	6,021	40	339	331	58	582	202	205	1,927	540	716	298	171	611
Billings, MT	214	7,203	352	379	(D)	(D)	1,116	485	163	1,132	590	887	284	163	697
Binghamton, NY	201	8,002	28	358	(D)	(D)	1,020	458	204	900	550	906	280	223	1,480
Birmingham-Hoover, AL	49	53,276	(D)	2,341	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	1,899	11,392	5,318	(D)	1,341	1,422	6,053
Bismarck, ND	281	4,659	52	203	186	219	623	345	111	833	430	665	159	130	704
Blacksburg-Christiansburg-Radford, VA	265	5,098	17	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	174	73	667	399	344	166	134	1,255
Bloomington, IN	227	6,251	109	192	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	904	507	559	212	(D)	1,352
Bloomington-Normal, IL	191	8,774	256	256	163	166	738	240	135	3,294	1,584	645	273	184	840
Boise City-Nampa, ID	86	24,771	512	1,150	(D)	(D)	(D)	1,012	(D)	5,298	3,088	2,253	730	451	3,043
Boston-Cambridge-Quincy, MA-NH	9	298,256	565	8,707	(D)	(D)	27,596	8,129	15,731	81,994	54,441	35,713	9,672	5,961	24,489
Boulder, CO	111	17,581	161	400	(D)	(D)	1,651	218	1,946	2,470	3,521	1,355	567	392	2,107
Bowling Green, KY	292	4,398	(D)	232	(D)	435	587	138	(D)	683	497	433	162	(D)	591
Bremerton-Silverdale, WA	188	8,809	30	351	153	15	841	178	149	1,242	662	730	266	205	3,988
Bridgeport-Stamford-Norwalk, CT	37	78,805	49	(D)	4,211	4,297	7,784	(D)	3,689	29,956	11,993	5,243	1,982	1,289	4,021
Brownsville-Harlingen, TX	208	7,555	142	254	336	163	917	385	239	854	507	1,258	349	240	1,912
Brunswick, GA	346	3,203	13	154	(D)	(D)	143	(D)	143	454	194	236	321	95	828
Buffalo-Niagara Falls, NY	55	43,157	166	1,557	2,903	3,254	5,296	1,817	1,086	7,339	5,486	4,644	1,797	1,074	6,739
Burlington, NC	306	4,118	18	190	374	472	554	102	67	532	480	608	168	147	407
Burlington-South Burlington, VT	164	10,400	94	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	335	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	206	1,526
Canton-Massillon, OH	146	12,813	149	456	2,013	775	1,800	494	260	2,181	875	1,706	388	430	1,286
Cape Coral-Fort Myers, FL	96	19,910	61	1,617	292	78	2,666	656	1,162	5,267	1,913	1,548	1,242	597	2,811
Cape Girardeau-Jackson, MO-IL	343	3,283	45	165	(D)	(D)	404	234	131	379	224	612	112	98	401
Carson City, NV	356	2,830	(D)	(D)	203	24	292	105	43	551	188	200	165	67	857
Casper, WY	221	6,479	(D)	216	105	140	764	(D)	53	706	245	399	146	132	441
Cedar Rapids, IA	139	13,281	191	539	(D)	(D)	1,423	1,122	750	3,323	831	1,018	314	261	1,062
Champaign-Urbana, IL	190	8,782	497	309	(D)	(D)	877	321	285	1,577	585	920	281	207	2,232
Charleston, WV	130	14,683	1,823	631	408	522	(D)	965	(D)	1,469	1,431	387	310	225	2,225
Charleston-North Charleston-Summerville, SC	78	26,691	(D)	1,228	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	770	5,022	(D)	2,022	1,322	638	5,580
Charlotte-Gastonia-Rock Hill, NC-SC	25	110,427	292	3,759	(D)	(D)	11,753	4,951	5,303	40,857	12,967	5,463	3,259	1,674	8,193
Charlottesville, VA	184	9,096	(D)	373	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	358	1,856	(D)	(D)	392	290	2,467
Chattanooga, TN-GA	95	20,285	(D)	637	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	546	4,681	(D)	(D)	720	682	2,523
Cheyenne, WY	268	5,012	271	200	45	591	404	570	147	660	233	254	137	81	1,418
Chicago-Joliet-Naperville, IL-IN-WI	3	508,712	1,095	19,269	(D)	(D)	(D)	24,054	(D)	132,234	79,200	42,145	17,774	(D)	45,797
Chico, CA	226	6,256	339	273	120	161	787	338	132	1,318	440	893	213	266	974
Cincinnati-Middletown, OH-KY-IN	30	98,260	180	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	4,323	(D)	20,857	14,994	8,976	3,519	(D)	9,168
Clarksville, TN-KY	170	9,942	151	238	(D)	(D)	(D)	240	(D)	855	539	494	241	(D)	5,170
Cleveland, TN	337	3,385	14	(D)	412	516	(D)	104	37	673	221	428	104	121	329
Cleveland-Elyria-Mentor, OH	27	103,020	(D)	2,608	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	2,813	26,822	12,584	10,636	3,084	2,057	10,699
Coeur d'Alene, ID	300	4,175	78	272	234	38	569	137	113	1,014	362	370	238	92	658
College Station-Bryan, TX	222	6,431	(D)	327	(D)	(D)	659	234	196	719	(D)	(D)	283	177	2,044
Colorado Springs, CO	84	25,270	(D)	1,004	(D)	(D)	2,197	602	(D)	3,685	3,781	1,797	1,018	691	7,315
Columbia, MO	219	6,538	43	236	236	115	731	154	140	1,190	545	748	246	165	1,989
Columbia, SC	69	31,101	249	1,295	(D)	(D)	4,171	1,815	(D)	2,889	2,328				

Table J.2. Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by Metropolitan Area for Industries, 2009*—Continues

[Millions of dollars]

Metropolitan area	Rank of total GDP by metropolitan area	Total	Natural resources and mining	Construction	Durable-goods manufacturing	Nondurable-goods manufacturing	Trade	Transportation and utilities	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Government
Des Moines-West Des Moines, IA.....	59	37,719	389	1,250	(D)	(D)	4,098	1,084	1,436	17,101	2,903	2,509	974	740	3,135
Detroit-Warren-Livonia, MI.....	15	185,800	370	5,630	19,293	3,656	23,838	7,893	5,815	40,917	31,933	17,634	6,442	4,311	18,069
Dothan, AL.....	289	4,514	118	217	(D)	(D)	702	619	(D)	585	263	501	148	(D)	662
Dover, DE.....	240	5,712	94	187	(D)	(D)	(D)	210	88	1,144	278	467	230	169	1,843
Dubuque, IA.....	308	4,084	17	156	723	167	535	177	149	750	254	557	219	94	286
Duluth, MN-WI.....	179	9,281	218	435	(D)	(D)	958	897	228	1,445	554	1,540	377	243	1,631
Durham-Chapel Hill, NC.....	63	34,285	86	658	6,331	5,355	2,509	538	694	4,187	4,103	3,900	743	574	4,606
Eau Claire, WI.....	234	6,018	(D)	222	671	307	(D)	(D)	141	1,199	548	838	174	170	720
El Centro, CA.....	295	4,296	688	108	48	146	608	268	44	389	195	187	101	104	1,412
Elizabethtown, KY.....	286	4,568	38	138	(D)	(D)	357	124	(D)	457	273	255	112	(D)	2,013
Elkhart-Goshen, IN.....	198	8,193	58	258	2,666	781	1,066	302	80	987	497	614	159	176	549
Elmira, NY.....	359	2,692	15	122	468	27	359	123	65	303	148	392	94	82	494
El Paso, TX.....	80	26,333	102	1,000	1,038	1,496	2,853	1,335	688	6,382	1,542	1,775	790	487	6,846
Erie, PA.....	181	9,273	63	238	1,612	561	1,011	323	233	1,460	585	1,388	336	298	1,166
Eugene-Springfield, OR.....	156	11,199	157	468	899	338	1,294	276	487	2,298	1,006	1,391	393	332	1,859
Evansville, IN-KY.....	122	16,034	(D)	749	(D)	(D)	(D)	1,270	360	1,805	1,200	1,591	448	364	1,126
Fairbanks, AK.....	245	5,494	(D)	256	18	292	337	992	80	500	(D)	297	158	89	1,941
Fargo, ND-MN.....	161	10,614	379	443	626	275	1,583	436	582	2,780	852	1,042	373	238	1,004
Farmingville, NY.....	261	5,162	1,524	317	62	32	535	669	40	425	180	347	146	147	738
Fayetteville, NC.....	114	16,895	64	408	334	1,078	949	382	196	1,544	919	818	353	315	9,533
Fayetteville-Springdale-Rogers, AR-MO.....	109	17,637	290	632	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	257	3,068	3,213	1,177	530	350	1,935
Flagstaff, AZ.....	273	4,827	29	202	(D)	(D)	480	186	47	766	226	561	486	113	1,231
Flint, MI.....	160	10,816	3	337	925	179	1,626	428	376	2,036	855	1,596	382	360	1,712
Florence, SC.....	217	6,988	52	251	(D)	(D)	885	486	123	1,048	460	645	200	191	1,062
Florence-Muscle Shoals, AL.....	310	3,966	131	223	395	282	651	117	70	494	207	309	132	135	821
Fond du Lac, WI.....	332	3,509	95	195	575	307	420	210	120	492	137	401	92	102	365
Fort Collins-Loveland, CO.....	157	11,189	123	678	1,208	393	1,129	228	358	1,802	1,570	1,101	481	317	1,799
Fort Smith, AR-OK.....	175	9,581	(D)	361	(D)	(D)	1,173	699	171	1,162	(D)	(D)	(D)	211	1,210
Fort Wayne, IN.....	115	16,838	(D)	648	2,651	695	(D)	(D)	701	3,157	(D)	(D)	476	376	1,420
Fresno, CA.....	71	29,017	1,970	1,225	773	2,398	3,707	1,553	810	4,694	2,179	3,055	830	925	4,900
Gadsden, AL.....	363	2,543	7	91	136	295	333	127	63	416	146	387	98	96	348
Gainesville, FL.....	167	10,053	(D)	405	(D)	(D)	938	335	(D)	1,708	(D)	(D)	413	244	3,226
Gainesville, GA.....	230	6,156	48	309	(D)	(D)	873	198	83	842	355	697	390	152	669
Glens Falls, NY.....	317	3,821	38	211	405	184	502	137	112	452	284	438	283	101	674
Goldsboro, NC.....	321	3,730	81	119	222	632	410	135	75	302	166	398	83	82	1,024
Grand Forks, ND-MN.....	316	3,835	193	153	203	159	484	248	80	506	398	479	140	89	903
Grand Junction, CO.....	270	4,913	499	372	144	91	660	330	107	693	195	555	215	172	678
Grand Rapids-Wyoming, MI.....	68	31,657	(D)	1,083	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	621	6,161	(D)	(D)	890	770	2,579
Great Falls, MT.....	353	2,902	27	169	12	111	369	159	73	409	221	417	121	82	732
Greeley, CO.....	215	7,062	864	549	476	568	886	257	118	1,102	473	512	170	238	849
Green Bay, WI.....	132	14,659	212	500	764	1,684	(D)	(D)	(D)	2,856	1,173	1,414	585	(D)	1,323
Greensboro-High Point, NC.....	67	31,829	120	1,092	2,610	4,615	4,586	1,409	837	6,123	3,229	2,742	857	681	2,928
Greenville, NC.....	232	6,067	137	213	321	895	(D)	(D)	(D)	757	351	623	188	138	1,705
Greenville-Mauldin-Easley, SC.....	87	24,762	52	1,085	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	1,056	3,731	3,185	1,783	832	684	3,233
Gulfport-Biloxi, MS.....	166	10,095	(D)	501	(D)	(D)	963	689	165	1,368	(D)	(D)	1,029	193	3,028
Hagerstown-Martinsburg, MD-WV.....	203	7,787	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	368	(D)	1,380	545	855	255	217	1,589
Hanford-Corcoran, CA.....	307	4,104	502	93	37	585	345	81	34	308	118	288	82	87	1,544
Harrisburg-Carlisle, PA.....	74	28,064	180	834	1,239	1,038	(D)	(D)	1,015	5,897	3,149	2,984	945	775	4,850
Harrisburg, VA.....	243	5,629	276	272	161	1,580	617	186	273	694	238	439	172	104	616
Hartford-West Hartford-East Hartford, CT.....	36	79,424	122	2,053	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	2,596	28,725	8,848	7,266	1,815	1,612	8,689
Hattiesburg, MS.....	280	4,664	80	195	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	76	759	272	608	192	112	968
Hickory-Lenoir-Morganton, NC.....	162	10,556	80	305	1,787	1,382	1,414	545	109	1,149	775	991	286	315	1,418
Hinesville-Fort Stewart, GA.....	338	3,364	7	39	(D)	(D)	130	(D)	32	145	135	55	45	(D)	2,513
Holland-Grand Haven, MI.....	193	8,390	229	291	2,010	755	947	322	86	1,313	594	498	194	215	937
Honolulu, HI.....	51	50,071	100	2,763	261	817	4,686	2,904	1,281	10,767	4,900	3,953	2,894	1,149	13,595
Hot Springs, AR.....	362	2,561	49	118	131	51	413	73	39	470	193	420	195	83	326
Houma-Bayou Cane-Thibodaux, LA.....	174	9,666	1,625	471	914	307	925	1,688	80	1,268	628	522	228	229	783
Houston-Sugar Land-Baytown, TX.....	5	363,201	56,637	18,971	(D)	(D)	39,929	29,634	(D)	49,301	46,238	18,332	9,158	(D)	27,504
Huntington-Ashland, WV-KY-OH.....	165	10,384	272	419	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	183	1,196	607	1,437	279	240	1,491
Huntsville, AL.....	97	19,882	188	438	(D)	(D)	1,916	184	351	2,067	4,744	1,077	496	410	4,888
Idaho Falls, ID.....	319	3,793	145	246	88	107	818	139	142	628	378	414	119	113	455
Indianapolis-Carmel, IN.....	29	98,799	511	(D)	(D)	(D)	5,208	2,882	23,056	10,068	7,767	3,472	2,188	8,968	8,968
Iowa City, IA.....	211	7,442	179	207	192	530	607	398	400	1,243	336	515	263	129	2,443
Ithaca, NY.....	315	3,849	73	71	250	32	273	148	66	432	231	1,607	138	86	442
Jackson, MI.....	278	4,675	28	121	538	195	548	928	41	548	258	531	127	145	667
Jackson, MS.....	88	23,689	674	978	(D)	(D)	3,064	1,316	928	4,961	2,452	2,346	648	549	4,042
Jackson, TN.....	293	4,326	(D)	489	428	594	(D)	(D)	94	482	(D)	(D)	(D)	110	762
Jacksonville, FL.....	47	58,303	198	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	2,383	13,903	6,357	5,248	2,551	1,569	8,142
Jacksonville, NC.....	195	8,310	35	175	(D)	(D)	345	116	45	536	283	207	161	101	6,220
Janesville, WI.....	276	4,770	207	174	506	301	775	338	132	601	273	609	138	129	587
Jefferson City, MO.....	236	5,764	(D)	242	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	325	539	(D)	(D)	(D)	183	1,645
Johnson City, TN.....	238	5,733	24	165	(D)	(D)	769	133	297	702	356	825	217	212	1,061
Johnstown, PA.....	309	3,988	73	111	296	79	512	267	104	580	390	693	107	149	629
Jonesboro, AR.....	313	3,896	159	150	270	221	615	131	61	790	219	520	131	97	532
Joplin, MO.....	248	5,438	69	154	544	643	741	741	124	514	348	685	164	167	543
Kalamazoo-Portage, MI.....	153	11,694	179	373	1,054	1,085	(D)	(D)	192	2,481	(D)	1,329	404	298	1,429
Kankakee-Bradley, IL.....	351	3,054	114	111	234	304	455	184	56	366	154	476	108	94	400
Kansas City, MO-KS.....	26	103,137	566	3,821	(D)	(D)	5,559	(D)	22,191	14,243	7,900	3,495	2,230	12,071	12,071
Kennewick-Pasco-Richland, WA.....	171	9,931	925	510	145	369	945	272	103	1,004	3,075	657	286	211	1,428
Killeen-Temple-Fort Hood, TX.....	126	15,448	93	459	(D)	(D)	1,225	549	331	954	780	1,080	301	307	8,694
Kingsport-Bristol-Bristol, TN-VA.....	183	9,139	97	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	345	(D)	810	1,082	311	285	953	953
Kingsport, NY.....	283	4,636	54	192	200	118	678	177	120	637	395	519	269	149	1,130
Knoxville, TN.....	73	28,424	101	(D)	3,092	688	(D)	853	(D)	4,629	3,992	2,980	1,210	(D)	3,450
Kokomo, IN.....	339	3,358	64	68	1,322	51	357	117	40	317	126	243	100	97	457
La Crosse, WI-MN.....	249	5,408	44	183	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	161	1,078	425	940	164	155	648
Lafayette, IN.....	206	7,625	202	194	(D)	(D)	656	184	(D)	1					

Table J.2. Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by Metropolitan Area for Industries, 2009*—Continues

[Millions of dollars]

Metropolitan area	Rank of total GDP by metropolitan area	Total	Natural resources and mining	Construction	Durable-goods manufacturing	Nondurable-goods manufacturing	Trade	Transportation and utilities	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Government
Las Vegas-Paradise, NV.....	32	91,742	151	7,122	2,117	724	8,897	4,754	1,873	24,958	9,028	4,991	16,134	1,592	9,401
Lawrence, KS.....	323	3,670	25	114	87	258	351	137	181	719	297	243	157	149	955
Lawton, OK.....	285	4,595	34	104	(D)	(D)	304	144	(D)	489	232	201	127	(D)	2,417
Lebanon, PA.....	333	3,497	87	118	347	434	611	177	55	287	184	389	87	110	612
Lewiston, ID-WA.....	365	1,900	(D)	77	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	32	330	(D)	243	74	76	316
Lewiston-Auburn, ME.....	318	3,799	60	154	130	353	484	205	88	790	325	686	108	83	332
Lexington-Fayette, KY.....	91	22,114	(D)	877	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	755	3,926	(D)	(D)	876	410	3,295
Lima, OH.....	305	4,122	33	124	526	660	536	185	101	433	232	632	110	111	437
Lincoln, NE.....	138	13,739	173	521	775	697	(D)	(D)	285	2,982	1,221	1,438	406	352	2,487
Little Rock-North Little Rock-Conway, AR.....	65	32,884	556	1,208	(D)	(D)	4,633	1,709	(D)	5,796	3,037	2,862	917	(D)	5,917
Logan, UT-ID.....	341	3,304	154	143	401	350	330	108	53	379	274	228	85	123	675
Longview, TX.....	192	8,491	1,133	495	726	606	1,254	587	495	748	580	738	221	215	692
Longview, WA.....	354	2,864	116	233	226	359	426	175	42	261	133	312	99	85	397
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Santa Ana, CA.....	2	730,941	7,256	20,859	41,353	34,608	86,498	26,612	64,888	190,419	94,161	51,521	31,993	16,565	64,209
Louisville-Jefferson County, KY-IN.....	48	55,850	270	2,386	(D)	(D)	(D)	4,354	(D)	11,686	5,725	5,521	2,142	(D)	5,675
Lubbock, TX.....	172	9,794	257	(D)	(D)	(D)	1,590	410	(D)	1,629	634	1,125	430	287	1,831
Lynchburg, VA.....	196	8,278	26	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	236	140	1,473	843	896	212	240	863
Macon, GA.....	209	7,518	76	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	534	(D)	1,482	679	1,299	235	(D)	937
Madera-Chowchilla, CA.....	335	3,449	530	131	168	100	379	112	100	360	178	461	90	113	729
Madison, WI.....	62	34,786	506	1,044	(D)	(D)	3,806	957	1,838	10,398	3,267	2,395	875	799	5,827
Manchester-Nashua, NH.....	93	20,865	17	541	2,357	459	2,638	486	1,186	5,746	2,630	2,027	562	481	1,735
Manhattan, KS.....	239	5,728	(D)	166	(D)	(D)	(D)	571	(D)	118	(D)	(D)	134	132	3,197
Mankato-North Mankato, MN.....	327	3,650	217	156	284	236	423	127	168	486	239	531	98	116	568
Mansfield, OH.....	326	3,661	(D)	115	803	104	495	(D)	157	406	205	434	116	95	542
McAllen-Edinburg-Mission, TX.....	142	13,082	417	453	223	193	2,312	555	322	1,227	816	2,235	558	454	3,316
Medford, OR.....	231	6,112	120	393	277	153	(D)	(D)	203	1,153	538	860	264	207	815
Memphis, TN-MS-AR.....	44	62,735	(D)	1,762	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	1,128	13,467	(D)	(D)	(D)	1,484	7,190
Merced, CA.....	235	5,813	882	211	87	595	671	300	140	708	247	469	160	190	1,153
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-Pompano Beach, FL.....	11	252,647	1,522	11,458	6,019	3,087	37,640	14,367	12,340	68,010	30,355	21,102	12,001	6,504	28,242
Michigan City-La Porte, IN.....	340	3,353	46	174	510	386	373	243	39	383	150	335	181	93	439
Midland, TX.....	186	8,853	4,105	248	252	146	924	219	160	830	665	316	230	167	594
Milwaukee-Waukesha-West Allis, WI.....	34	82,692	199	2,457	(D)	(D)	9,044	3,006	3,275	21,685	9,905	9,136	2,295	1,680	7,064
Minneapolis-St. Paul-Bloomington, MN-WI.....	14	189,801	629	6,464	(D)	(D)	(D)	7,463	(D)	(D)	28,265	15,919	6,129	4,041	18,042
Missoula, MT.....	288	4,552	33	229	68	101	549	249	140	1,146	453	580	219	128	656
Mobile, AL.....	127	15,337	434	947	1,103	807	2,081	1,154	346	2,720	1,382	1,345	430	453	2,135
Modesto, CA.....	131	14,665	812	602	548	1,726	1,971	518	190	2,575	1,012	1,808	444	456	2,002
Monroe, LA.....	225	6,270	127	255	157	614	986	299	496	970	585	672	186	154	770
Monroe, MI.....	334	3,495	103	205	456	43	400	620	29	389	328	267	134	117	403
Montgomery, AL.....	128	14,886	143	710	(D)	(D)	1,625	576	(D)	2,555	1,483	1,286	416	(D)	3,691
Morgantown, WV.....	250	5,402	185	240	(D)	(D)	532	187	91	909	391	670	166	110	1,365
Morristown, TN.....	347	3,169	43	102	458	456	(D)	225	(D)	298	170	289	81	(D)	381
Mount Vernon-Anacortes, WA.....	257	5,219	182	265	315	1,329	643	234	41	652	210	305	163	135	745
Muncie, IN.....	342	3,292	37	100	321	69	382	131	43	571	290	530	115	99	604
Muskegon-Norton Shores, MI.....	290	4,425	31	134	844	147	643	179	121	659	184	600	155	128	601
Myrtle Beach-North Myrtle Beach-Conway, SC.....	178	9,352	25	424	205	52	1,208	157	241	3,378	511	590	1,284	220	1,055
Napa, CA.....	216	7,057	259	373	167	1,212	693	199	126	1,314	625	622	466	196	805
Naples-Marco Island, FL.....	148	12,620	381	951	210	51	1,565	216	270	4,071	1,151	1,176	1,136	385	1,057
Nashville-Davidson-Murfreesboro-Franklin, TN.....	40	75,764	144	(D)	(D)	(D)	2,813	(D)	(D)	14,630	9,922	11,113	3,668	(D)	6,958
New Haven-Milford, CT.....	58	38,834	57	1,291	2,862	1,978	4,781	1,114	1,685	7,686	4,340	6,690	1,027	992	4,329
New Orleans-Metairie-Kenner, LA.....	41	68,008	6,981	2,865	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	9,347	6,716	4,581	3,599	1,308	6,538
New York-Northern New Jersey-Long Island, NY-NJ-PA.....	1	1,210,387	(D)	35,618	(D)	(D)	125,418	(D)	89,328	396,152	(D)	104,180	40,335	24,620	113,732
Niles-Benton Harbor, MI.....	251	5,391	112	127	(D)	(D)	508	682	51	843	325	519	177	148	573
North Port-Bradenton-Sarasota, FL.....	89	23,067	451	1,471	850	500	3,022	575	588	5,513	3,210	2,676	1,312	756	2,143
Norwich-New London, CT.....	134	14,463	86	337	(D)	(D)	1,324	1,108	213	1,613	1,255	1,233	584	280	3,375
Ocala, FL.....	213	7,222	117	510	443	127	1,096	298	214	1,414	466	771	308	264	1,194
Ocean City, NJ.....	312	3,911	11	(D)	15	37	402	(D)	63	1,369	214	279	397	110	719
Odessa, TX.....	258	5,207	(D)	433	364	94	948	207	124	588	284	(D)	195	190	617
Ogden-Clearfield, UT.....	116	16,759	61	995	(D)	(D)	1,753	673	(D)	3,109	1,443	1,200	460	(D)	4,030
Oklahoma City, OK.....	46	61,099	10,888	1,874	(D)	(D)	2,285	(D)	9,147	5,200	4,535	2,037	(D)	10,468	(D)
Olympia, WA.....	187	8,811	91	349	151	98	1,155	313	145	1,393	583	880	321	283	3,048
Omaha-Council Bluffs, NE-IA.....	53	45,733	673	1,934	(D)	(D)	4,511	(D)	10,902	5,605	3,982	1,380	(D)	5,283	(D)
Orlando-Kissimmee-Sanford, FL.....	28	100,711	336	4,995	(D)	(D)	12,153	3,688	4,692	29,893	13,265	7,325	9,280	2,123	8,590
Oshkosh-Neenah, WI.....	212	7,436	46	229	1,200	1,236	(D)	(D)	214	893	940	644	151	179	767
Owensboro, KY.....	297	4,241	279	139	(D)	(D)	(D)	295	(D)	532	183	298	124	119	596
Oxnard-Thousand Oaks-Ventura, CA.....	61	34,962	2,078	1,228	2,398	3,490	4,515	772	1,023	6,863	3,849	2,360	1,099	890	4,396
Palm Bay-Melbourne-Titusville, FL.....	105	18,464	19	847	3,288	105	1,923	481	540	2,491	3,019	1,862	722	503	2,665
Palm Coast, FL.....	366	1,304	(D)	53	46	7	182	(D)	(D)	273	95	116	71	46	247
Panama City-Lynn Haven-Panama City Beach, FL.....	220	6,489	17	331	232	112	715	195	187	1,503	622	477	413	200	1,484
Parkersburg-Marietta-Vienna, WV-OH.....	242	5,640	87	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	480	(D)	783	303	642	166	127	867
Pascagoula, MS.....	205	7,669	50	484	(D)	(D)	380	261	86	443	362	243	129	104	871
Pensacola-Ferry Pass-Brent, FL.....	137	13,905	68	804	244	338	1,654	658	441	2,114	1,353	1,575	524	428	3,704
Peoria, IL.....	113	17,136	(D)	762	(D)	(D)	(D)	972	(D)	2,146	1,921	2,117	489	406	1,325
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD.....	8	335,112	866	(D)	(D)	(D)	35,171	12,829	12,599	99,254	50,117	36,930	8,742	6,606	30,141
Phoenix-Mesa-Glendale, AZ.....	13	190,725	2,175	10,474	(D)	(D)	25,878	9,529	5,710	52,140	22,504	16,246	7,598	3,725	19,543
Pine Bluff, AR.....	348	3,139	156	139	(D)	(D)	(D)	342	(D)	275	122	273	54	75	755
Pittsburgh, PA.....	22	111,597	(D)	4,250	(D)	(D)	12,790	5,369	4,298	24,382	(D)	13,578	3,717	2,782	9,307
Pittsfield, MA.....	260	5,170	21	237	(D)	(D)	469	148	116	1,265	483	916	321	170	502
Pocatello, ID.....	360	2,679	35	109	202	145	(D)	(D)	(D)	388	239	(D)	83	68	529
Portland-Southern Portland-Biddeford, ME.....	85	25,201	88	814	(D)	(D)	3,116	950	768	6,758	2,713	2,884	1,060	501	3,221
Portland-Vancouver-Hillsboro, OR-WA.....	21	117,006	1,242	4,368	(D)	(D)	(D)	4,338	(D)	12,233	9,138	3,219	2,578	11,609	11,609
Port St. Lucie, FL.....	158	11,041	215	673	321	127	1,666	1,339	250	1,904	949	1,171	574	397	1,455
Poughkeepsie-Newburgh-Middletown, NY.....	92	21,499	70	878	(D)	(D)	2,997	1,209	537	2,797	1,743	2,866	701	560	4,747
Prescott, AZ.....	287	4,552	347	293	182	39	653	102	62	877	263	576	246	134	779
Providence-New Bedford-Fall River, RI-MA.....	43	64,341	211	(D)	4,853	1,816	(D)	2,554	2,45						

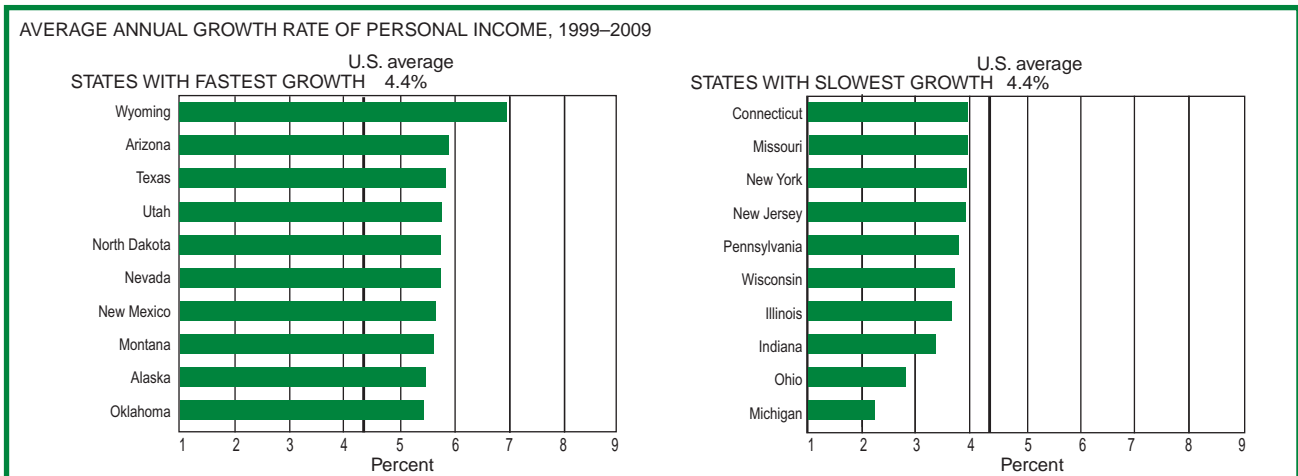
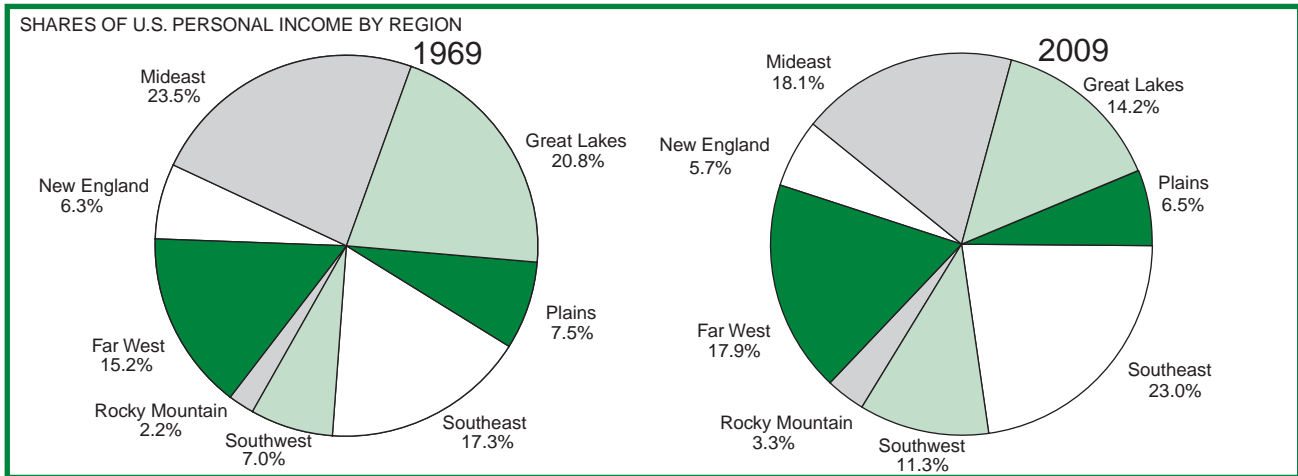
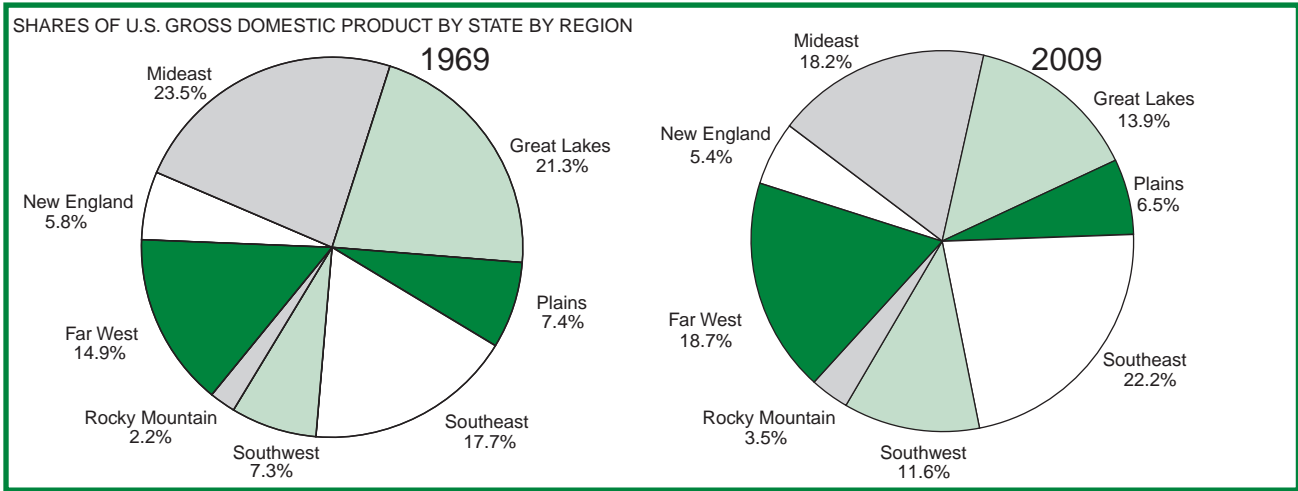
Table J.2. Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by Metropolitan Area for Industries, 2009*—Table Ends

(Millions of dollars)

Metropolitan area	Rank of total GDP by metropolitan area	Total	Natural resources and mining	Construction	Durable goods manufacturing	Nondurable goods manufacturing	Trade	Transportation and utilities	Information	Financial activities	Professional and business services	Education and health services	Leisure and hospitality	Other services	Government
Reno-Sparks, NV	100	19,546	104	1,188	1,404	345	(D)	(D)	(D)	4,185	2,133	1,586	1,643	438	2,342
Richmond, VA	45	61,447	293	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	2,513	(D)	14,950	9,655	5,012	1,544	(D)	9,121
Riverside-San Bernardino-Ontario, CA	24	110,565	1,306	6,559	5,123	3,504	15,927	7,431	2,509	20,794	9,169	9,508	4,482	3,770	20,482
Roanoke, VA	145	12,880	47	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	876	(D)	2,259	1,345	1,629	376	(D)	1,527
Rochester, MN	185	8,854	145	334	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	192	1,039	323	3,514	271	180	724
Rochester, NY	54	43,517	(D)	1,688	4,174	4,269	(D)	(D)	1,831	5,744	5,311	(D)	1,291	940	5,486
Rockford, IL	155	11,623	(D)	530	2,381	503	(D)	(D)	231	1,651	833	1,492	328	382	1,109
Rocky Mount, NC	259	5,193	207	182	566	861	899	153	190	533	338	351	142	116	656
Rome, GA	350	3,085	15	78	240	437	358	203	142	264	139	608	92	71	437
Sacramento-Arden-Arcade-Roseville, CA	31	94,391	1,038	4,650	2,880	1,676	(D)	(D)	3,132	21,433	11,029	8,298	2,935	2,740	22,000
Saginaw-Saginaw Township North, MI	228	6,239	104	195	978	100	769	230	212	1,000	583	910	208	157	793
St. Cloud, MN	207	7,595	(D)	474	661	543	949	271	222	1,202	460	(D)	206	191	962
St. George, UT	336	3,418	(D)	247	145	18	459	250	(D)	770	221	428	199	136	445
St. Joseph, MO-KS	294	4,312	153	229	(D)	(D)	486	186	(D)	494	248	464	130	(D)	568
St. Louis, MO-IL	20	124,558	582	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	5,739	(D)	22,548	18,220	13,386	5,135	(D)	13,061
Salem, OR	150	12,386	738	542	(D)	(D)	1,114	402	176	2,315	847	1,614	325	302	3,104
Salinas, CA	112	17,510	2,878	513	162	944	2,306	504	332	2,451	1,220	1,163	1,190	441	3,405
Salisbury, MD	304	4,129	75	189	188	199	567	231	124	650	411	573	126	138	660
Salt Lake City, UT	42	65,221	(D)	3,047	4,498	2,057	(D)	(D)	2,180	18,529	7,894	3,878	2,068	1,522	7,636
San Angelo, TX	328	3,628	307	144	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	201	(D)	123	98	828
San Antonio-New Braunfels, TX	39	77,712	1,558	3,858	(D)	(D)	9,405	2,384	3,848	14,296	8,525	6,880	3,865	1,775	15,522
San Diego-Carlsbad-San Marcos, CA	16	171,471	869	6,411	10,303	3,285	15,939	5,253	10,956	42,679	23,129	10,863	6,937	3,760	31,088
Sandusky, OH	355	2,845	20	66	404	257	355	86	36	394	112	302	381	69	361
San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont, CA	7	335,563	2,759	10,659	9,975	44,220	28,684	12,782	18,763	80,597	58,747	21,381	11,325	6,562	29,110
San Jose-Sunnyvale-Santa Clara, CA	18	147,370	625	3,697	(D)	(D)	15,233	4,125	17,011	22,682	25,322	10,760	3,355	2,143	9,052
San Luis Obispo-Paso Robles, CA	159	10,824	268	635	(D)	(D)	1,181	1,395	190	2,038	929	867	563	356	1,547
Santa Barbara-Santa Maria-Goleta, CA	101	19,433	1,298	831	1,181	590	1,964	391	687	3,843	2,548	1,614	977	515	2,994
Santa Cruz-Watsonville, CA	168	9,969	724	504	363	170	1,498	169	155	2,007	1,223	983	439	362	1,372
Santa Fe, NM	218	6,670	(D)	272	60	71	751	88	(D)	1,641	619	613	507	229	1,435
Santa Rosa-Petaluma, CA	99	19,603	229	1,188	1,295	1,149	2,509	610	485	4,351	2,252	1,950	835	652	2,097
Savannah, GA	144	12,921	29	564	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	252	1,702	1,086	1,495	661	338	2,481
Scranton-Wilkes-Barre, PA	103	19,979	101	621	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	912	2,637	1,517	2,675	642	550	2,198
Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue, WA	12	228,797	581	9,118	25,032	3,620	26,406	8,397	26,254	50,239	25,798	14,426	7,282	4,518	27,127
Sebastian-Vero Beach, FL	301	4,172	149	246	124	24	677	55	106	1,062	368	526	258	131	445
Sheboygan, WI	271	4,879	55	147	1,044	848	499	138	30	699	275	505	130	107	402
Sherman-Denison, TX	345	3,220	42	171	607	127	473	163	58	374	160	434	136	92	385
Shreveport-Bossier City, LA	102	19,217	4,488	574	(D)	(D)	1,980	1,056	421	2,181	1,093	1,651	822	350	2,824
Sioux City, IA-NE-SD	224	6,300	(D)	185	(D)	(D)	720	432	107	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	152	611
Sioux Falls, SD	120	16,123	373	490	591	351	1,775	512	468	7,561	857	1,616	424	271	836
South Bend-Mishawaka, IN-MI	152	11,741	(D)	382	1,744	733	1,419	363	(D)	2,149	1,080	1,870	325	(D)	1,028
Spartanburg, SC	169	9,952	54	423	1,615	1,074	1,549	339	126	1,176	862	724	363	239	1,407
Spokane, WA	108	17,720	71	854	1,063	275	2,678	917	378	3,381	1,591	2,423	698	481	2,911
Springfield, IL	180	9,275	341	361	(D)	(D)	969	216	319	1,639	791	1,393	301	336	2,308
Springfield, MA	90	22,514	128	773	1,539	917	2,395	1,064	609	4,040	1,898	3,827	758	743	3,822
Springfield, MO	136	14,191	25	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	892	515	2,519	1,442	2,026	467	477	1,771
Springfield, OH	329	3,607	56	95	460	126	(D)	(D)	45	649	248	486	119	149	470
State College, PA	241	5,693	36	182	240	63	422	122	246	910	493	436	212	144	2,186
Steubenville-Weirton, OH-WV	325	3,664	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	355	(D)	69	374	(D)	(D)	208	84	400
Stockton, CA	98	19,698	1,048	944	660	1,111	2,808	1,609	358	3,639	1,276	2,064	562	625	2,997
Sumter, SC	352	2,988	27	165	406	177	283	95	33	242	148	289	75	96	952
Syracuse, NY	79	26,352	178	1,003	2,028	1,004	3,455	2,623	678	4,160	2,771	3,162	840	639	3,813
Tallahassee, FL	141	13,127	123	572	(D)	(D)	(D)	228	(D)	1,981	1,573	1,185	413	(D)	4,351
Tampa-St. Petersburg-Clearwater, FL	23	111,377	835	5,377	4,769	2,314	14,548	5,175	5,580	25,471	15,340	10,944	5,662	2,725	12,637
Terre Haute, IN	244	5,514	122	196	(D)	(D)	612	464	79	632	274	627	166	160	787
Texarkana, TX-Texarkana, AR	296	4,294	38	141	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	72	547	268	487	158	121	1,014
Toledo, OH	82	25,397	200	998	3,003	1,604	3,003	1,775	477	4,039	2,507	3,079	760	632	3,318
Topeka, KS	182	9,174	115	357	(D)	(D)	(D)	813	(D)	1,770	728	999	242	(D)	1,842
Trenton-Ewing, NJ	81	25,409	7	601	422	522	2,061	583	1,627	5,190	5,188	3,164	508	540	4,995
Tucson, AZ	66	32,697	641	1,427	3,390	302	3,241	1,494	778	5,445	3,593	3,690	1,371	806	6,520
Tulsa, OK	52	47,066	5,727	1,661	(D)	(D)	5,184	4,230	1,789	7,509	4,492	3,429	1,183	890	3,822
Tuscaloosa, AL	194	8,338	642	307	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	1,324	392	487	233	168	1,729
Tyler, TX	202	7,948	738	276	600	225	1,046	396	381	961	687	1,318	276	209	835
Utica-Rome, NY	189	8,801	83	269	632	220	(D)	(D)	225	1,313	614	1,254	274	234	2,202
Valdosta, GA	299	4,190	101	(D)	(D)	288	(D)	219	(D)	649	(D)	(D)	177	(D)	1,236
Vallejo-Fairfield, CA	124	15,765	286	756	383	4,053	1,574	568	224	1,835	957	1,493	421	374	2,842
Victoria, TX	284	4,618	430	308	(D)	(D)	(D)	258	(D)	(D)	233	374	119	110	502
Vineland-Millville-Bridgeton, NJ	272	4,873	139	234	397	378	(D)	(D)	(D)	110	579	275	551	88	1,162
Virginia Beach-Norfolk-Newport News, VA-NC	35	79,600	450	2,890	(D)	(D)	(D)	3,456	(D)	16,443	7,698	5,386	2,588	(D)	23,287
Visalia-Porterville, CA	163	10,457	1,285	451	187	792	1,570	572	213	1,258	633	745	269	333	2,147
Waco, TX	199	8,076	122	368	1,124	694	921	352	221	1,175	551	931	267	224	1,128
Warner Robins, GA	253	5,307	9	98	141	394	375	126	39	411	507	254	147	108	2,698
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, DC-VA-MD-WV	4	407,463	332	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	11,486	(D)	(D)	93,028	25,137	12,240	14,786	89,191
Waterloo-Cedar Falls, IA	204	7,699	189	227	1,766	526	842	271	122	1,366	428	724	210	151	876
Wausau, WI	256	5,228	42	188	821	436	759	158	82	1,040	374	554	130	139	505
Wenatchee-East Wenatchee, WA	322	3,672	495	150	(D)	(D)	(D)	555	96	621	161	460	181	95	651
Wheeling, WV-OH	264	5,129	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	660	(D)	119	738	(D)	(D)	219	122	694
Wichita, KS	76	26,967	626	901	(D)	(D)	3,363	888	816	3,652	2,319	2,623	1,016	598	2,989
Wichita Falls, TX	246	5,487	844	177	(D)	(D)	569	177	(D)	476	227	506	(D)	157	1,371
Williamsport, PA	331	3,568	32	123	501	406	459	111	81	386	236	453	101	122	556
Wilmington, NC	140	13,170	104	724	(D)	(D)	1,418	928	433	3,161	1,209	963	562	304	1,735
Winchester, VA-WV	279	4,666	26	(D)	(D)	(D)	(D)	162	(D)	793	304	659	151	132	620
Winston-Salem, NC	94	20,785	(D)	627	1,145	4,205	(D)	712	(D)	3,991	2,112	3,004	548	416	1,581
Worcester, MA	75	28,043	91	1,041	2,750	1,215	3,407	1,175	808	4,642	3,318	4,323	845	849	3,577
Yakima, WA	210	7,495	1,587	234	210	392</									

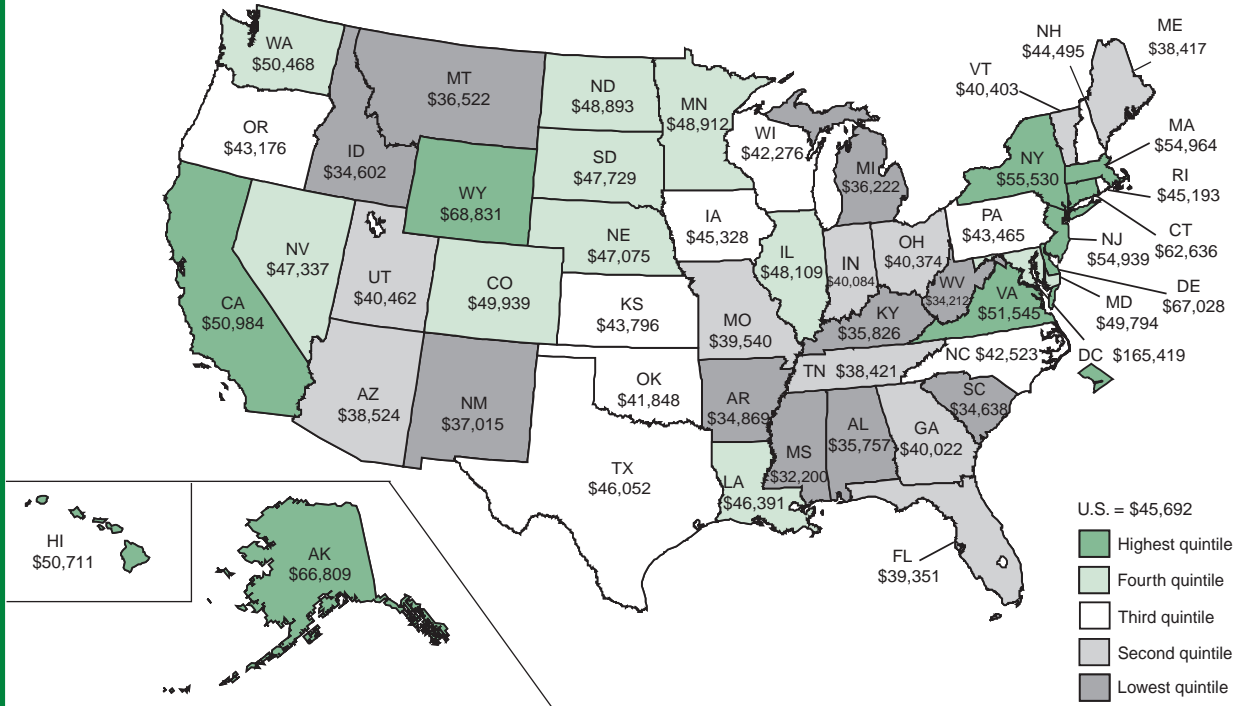
K. Charts

SELECTED REGIONAL ESTIMATES

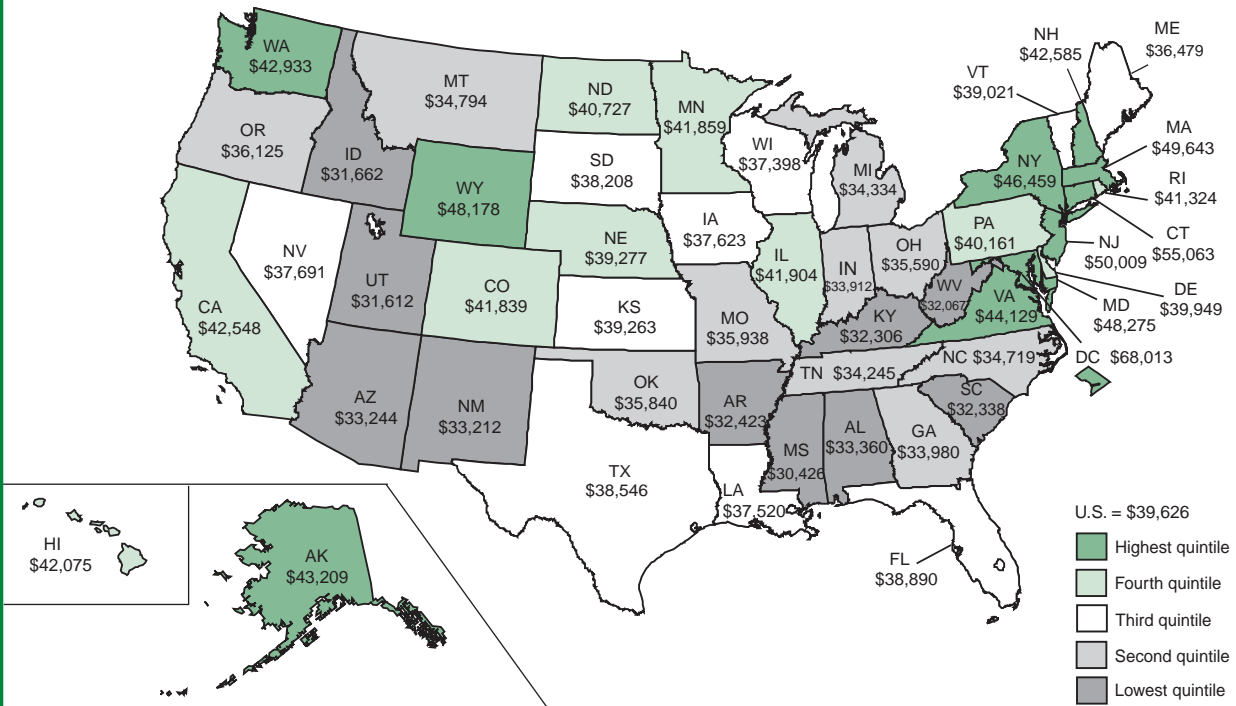


SELECTED REGIONAL ESTIMATES

PER CAPITA GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT BY STATE IN CURRENT DOLLARS, 2009



PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME, 2009



Appendixes

A. Additional Information About the NIPA Estimates

Statistical Conventions

Current-dollar GDP is a measure of the market value of goods, services, and structures that are produced in the economy in a particular period. The changes in current-dollar GDP can be decomposed into quantity and price components. Quantities, or “real” measures, and prices are expressed as index numbers with the reference year—at present, the year 2005—equal to 100.¹

The annual changes in quantities and prices are calculated using a Fisher formula that incorporates weights from 2 adjacent years. For example, the annual percent change in real GDP for 2006–2007 uses prices for 2006 and 2007 as weights, and the 2006–2007 annual percent change in the GDP price index uses quantities for 2006 and 2007 as weights. Because the Fisher formula allows for the effects of changes in relative prices and in the composition of output over time, the resulting quantity or price changes are not affected by the substitution bias that is associated with changes in quantities and prices calculated using a fixed-weighted formula. These annual changes are “chained” (multiplied) together to form time series of quantity and price indexes. The percent changes in the Fisher indexes are not affected by the choice of the reference year.

BEA also publishes implicit price deflators (IPDs), which are calculated as the ratio of the current-dollar value of a component to the chained-dollar value of the component, multiplied by 100. The values of an IPD are very close to the values of the corresponding “chain-type” price index.

The measures of real GDP and its major components are also presented in dollar-denominated form, designated “chained (2005) dollar estimates.” For most series, these estimates are computed by multiplying the current-dollar value in 2005 by a corresponding quantity index number and then dividing by 100. For example, if a current-dollar GDP component equaled \$100 in 2005 and if real output for this component increased by 10 percent in 2006, then the chained (2005) dollar value of this component in 2006 would be \$110 (\$100 × 1.10). The percent changes calculated from the chained (2005) dollar estimates and from the quantity indexes are the same; any differences will be small and due to rounding.

The chained-dollar values for the detailed GDP components will not necessarily sum to the chained-dollar estimate of GDP (or to any intermediate aggregate) in a table, because the relative prices that are used as weights for any period other than the reference year differ from those of the reference year. A measure of the effect of such

differences is provided by a “residual” line—the difference between the chained-dollar value of the main aggregate in the table and the sum of the most detailed components in the table. For periods close to the reference year, when the relative prices that are used as weights have usually not changed much, the residuals tend to be small, and the chained-dollar estimates can be used to approximate the contributions to growth and to aggregate the detailed estimates. For periods further from the reference year, the residuals tend to be larger, and the chained-dollar estimates are less useful for analyses of contributions to growth. In particular, for components for which relative prices are changing rapidly, the calculation of contributions based on chained-dollar estimates may be misleading even just a few years from the reference year. Thus, contributions derived from quantity indexes provide a better measure than contributions derived from chained-dollar estimates; contributions based on quantity indexes are shown in selected NIPA tables 1.1.2, 1.2.2, 1.5.2, 2.3.2, 3.9.2, 4.2.2, and 5.3.2.

For quarters and months, NIPA estimates are presented at annual rates, which show the value that would be registered if the rate of activity that is measured for a quarter or for a month were maintained for a full year. Annual rates are used so that periods of different lengths—for example, quarters and years—may be more easily compared. These annual rates are determined simply by multiplying the estimated rate of activity by 4 (for quarterly data) or by 12 (for monthly data).

For most quarterly NIPA estimates, *percent changes* in the estimates are also expressed at annual rates. Calculating these *changes* requires a variant of the compound interest formula:

$$r = \left[\left(\frac{x_t}{x_0} \right)^{m/n} - 1 \right] \times 100$$

where r is the percent change at an annual rate; x_t is the level of activity in the later period; x_0 is the level of activity in the earlier period; m is the periodicity of the data (for example, 1 for annual data, 4 for quarterly data, or 12 for monthly data); and n is the number of periods between the earlier periods and the later periods (that is, $t - 0$).

Quarterly and monthly NIPA estimates are seasonally adjusted if necessary. Seasonal adjustment removes from the time series the average effects of variations that normally occur at about the same time and in about the same magnitude each year—for example, weather, holidays, and tax payment dates. After seasonal adjustment, cyclical and other short-term changes in the economy stand out more clearly.

1. See J. Steven Landefeld, Brent R. Moulton, and Cindy M. Vojtech, “Chained-Dollar Indexes: Issues, Tips on Their Use, and Upcoming Changes,” *SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS* (November 2003): 8–16.

Reconciliation Table

Table 1. Relation of Net Exports of Goods and Services and Net Receipts of Income in the NIPAs to Balance on Goods and Services and Income in the ITAs

[Billions of dollars]

	Line	2008	2009	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates					
				2009			2010		
				II	III	IV	I	II	III
Exports of goods and services and income receipts, ITAs	1	2,594.5	2,159.0	2,080.4	2,162.9	2,305.7	2,400.7	2,454.9	2,501.4
Less: Gold, ITAs	2	18.7	13.9	12.3	14.3	15.3	17.9	14.7	20.0
Statistical differences ¹	3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-7.8	-7.6	-7.6
Other items.....	4	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.3	2.0	2.3	2.0
Plus: Adjustment for grossing of parent/affiliate interest payments.....	5	10.1	8.0	9.2	7.2	7.1	6.2	6.6	7.7
Adjustment for U.S. territories and Puerto Rico	6	51.1	49.6	49.0	48.6	51.8	49.7	54.6	51.7
Services furnished without payment by financial intermediaries except life insurance carriers	7	8.3	7.0	7.0	6.6	6.6	7.0	7.3	6.3
Equals: Exports of goods and services and income receipts, NIPAs	8	2,642.9	2,208.2	2,131.9	2,209.5	2,354.6	2,451.5	2,514.0	2,552.8
Imports of goods and services and income payments, ITAs	9	3,167.4	2,412.5	2,297.1	2,418.4	2,584.3	2,697.9	2,815.2	2,874.7
Less: Gold, ITAs	10	12.5	8.8	8.4	8.8	10.9	9.7	11.8	10.3
Statistical differences ¹	11	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-4.9	-6.1	-6.1
Other items.....	12	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Plus: Gold, NIPAs	13	-4.1	-5.1	-4.8	-5.2	-5.8	-6.2	-4.2	-6.3
Adjustment for grossing of parent/affiliate interest payments.....	14	10.1	8.0	9.2	7.2	7.1	6.2	6.6	7.7
Adjustment for U.S. territories and Puerto Rico	15	35.0	34.8	37.2	32.4	34.2	40.1	38.7	36.6
Imputed interest paid to rest of world.....	16	8.3	7.0	7.0	6.6	6.6	7.0	7.3	6.3
Equals: Imports of goods and services and income payments, NIPAs	17	3,306.8	2,448.3	2,337.3	2,450.6	2,615.5	2,740.2	2,857.9	2,914.9
Balance on goods and services and income, ITAs (1-9)	18	-572.9	-253.5	-216.7	-255.5	-278.6	-297.2	-360.3	-373.3
Less: Gold (2-10+13).....	19	2.1	0.0	-0.9	0.3	-1.4	2.0	-1.3	3.4
Statistical differences (3-11) ¹	20	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	-2.9	-1.5	-1.5
Other items (4-12).....	21	1.6	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.3	2.0	2.3	2.0
Plus: Adjustment for U.S. territories and Puerto Rico (6-15).....	22	16.1	14.8	11.8	16.2	17.6	9.6	15.9	15.1
Equals: Net exports of goods and services and net receipts of income, NIPAs (8-17)	23	-663.9	-240.1	-205.4	-241.1	-260.9	-288.7	-343.9	-362.1

1. Consists of statistical revisions to the ITAs that have not yet been incorporated into the NIPAs.

ITAs International transactions accounts

NIPAs National income and product accounts

B. Suggested Reading

The Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA) has published a wealth of information about the methodologies that are used to prepare its national, industry, international, and regional accounts. Most of this information is available on BEA's Web site at www.bea.gov.

National accounts

The national accounts encompass the detailed estimates in the national income and product accounts (including gross domestic product) and the estimates of fixed assets and consumer durable goods.

National income and product accounts (NIPAs). This series of papers documents the conceptual framework of the NIPAs and the methodologies that are used to prepare the estimates.

Concepts and Methods of the U.S. National Income and Product Accounts

“Introductory Chapters 1–4” (2009)

“Chapter 5: Personal Consumption Expenditures” (2009)

“Chapter 6: Private Fixed Investment” (2010)

“Chapter 7: Change in Private Inventories” (2010)

Corporate Profits: Profits Before Tax, Profits Tax Liability, and Dividends (2002)

An Introduction to National Income and Product Accounts (2007)

Measuring the Economy: A Primer on GDP and the National Income and Product Accounts (2007)

The following SURVEY articles describe the 2009 comprehensive revision of the NIPAs.

“Initial Results of the 2009 Comprehensive NIPA Revision” (August 2009)

“Improved Estimates of the National Income and Product Accounts: Results of the 2009 Comprehensive Revision” (September 2009)

Preview of the 2009 Comprehensive NIPA Revision Changes in Definitions and Presentations (March 2009)

New Classifications for Personal Consumption Expenditures (May 2008)

Statistical Changes (May 2009)

“Preview of the Revised NIPA Estimates for 2002: Effects of Incorporating the 2002 Benchmark I-O Accounts and Proposed Definition and Statistical Changes” (March 2008)

In addition, see the following articles.

“Annual Revision of the National Income and Product Accounts” (August 2010) presents revisions and describes any changes in the data and the methods used to prepare the estimates.

“Updated Summary of NIPA Methodologies” (November 2010) describes the source data and methods that are used to prepare the estimates.

“Chained-Dollar Indexes: Issues, Tips on Their Use, and Upcoming Changes” (November 2003) discusses the advantages of using chain-weighted indexes and the challenges of using chained dollars.

“The Reliability of GDP, GDI, and Their Major Components” (March 2011) evaluates the principal NIPA estimates by examining the record of revisions to them.

“Gross Domestic Product: Revisions and Source Data” (February 2006) describes the categories of data that are used for the advance, preliminary (now called second), and final (now called third) quarterly estimates of GDP.

Fixed assets and consumer durable goods. *Fixed Assets and Consumer Durable Goods in the United States, 1925–97* (2003) discusses the concepts and statistical considerations that underlie the estimates and their derivation.

“Fixed Assets and Consumer Durable Goods for 1999–2008” (November 2009) describes the improvements that were incorporated into these estimates as part of the 2009 comprehensive NIPA revision.

Satellite account. This account extends the analytical capacity of the NIPAs by focusing on the effects of a particular aspect of economic activity on GDP.

“Research and Development Satellite Account”

For 1959–2002 (December 2006)

For 1959–2004 (October 2007)

For 1959–2007 (December 2010)

Mission Statement and Strategic Plan

The mission statement of the Bureau of Economic Analysis and its most recently updated strategic plan for improving the accuracy, reliability, and relevance of the national, industry, regional, and international accounts are available on BEA's Web site at www.bea.gov under “About BEA.”

Industry accounts

The industry accounts consist of the annual industry accounts (the input-output accounts and the gross domestic product by industry accounts), the benchmark input-output accounts, and two satellite accounts.

Annual industry accounts. “Preview of the Comprehensive Revision of the Annual Industry Accounts” (March 2010) provides the details about the upcoming comprehensive revision.

“Annual Industry Accounts” (June 2010) presents the comprehensive revision of these accounts and summarizes the source data and any changes in the methods that are used to prepare the estimates.

Benchmark input-output accounts. *Concepts and Methods of the U.S. Input-Output Accounts* (September 2006) describes the concepts and methods that underlie the preparation of these accounts.

Satellite accounts. These accounts extend the analytical capacity of the input-output accounts by focusing on a particular aspect of economic activity.

“U.S. Travel and Tourism Satellite Accounts”

For 1998–2006 (June 2007)

For 2004–2007 (June 2008)

For 2005–2008 (June 2009)

For 2004–2009 (November 2010)

International accounts

The international accounts encompass the international transactions accounts, direct investment, and international transactions in services.

International transactions accounts and international investment position accounts. “A Guide to the U.S. International Transactions Accounts and the U.S. International Investment Position Accounts” (February 2010) introduces these accounts.

The Balance of Payments of the United States: Concepts, Data Sources, and Estimating Procedures (1990) describes the methodologies used to prepare the estimates in the ITAs and the international investment position of the United States. These methodologies are usually updated and improved as part of the annual revisions of the international transactions accounts. The updated and improved methodology is described in a series of articles, the latest of which was published in the July 2010 SURVEY.

“Modernizing and Enhancing BEA’s International Economic Accounts: Recent Progress and Future Directions” (May 2010) provides an overview of BEA’s initial and long-term plans to introduce the new international statistical standards from recently updated manuals and other improvements to the accounts.

Direct investment. Updated methodologies are available in *U.S. Direct Investment Abroad: Final Results From the 2004 Benchmark Survey* (2008) and in *Foreign Direct Investment in the United States: Final Results From the 2002 Benchmark Survey* (2006).

Additional improvements are described in the following annual articles: “Direct Investment Positions: Country and Industry Detail” (September) and Operations of U.S. Multinational Companies (August) and of U.S. Affiliates of Foreign Companies (November).

International services. The methodology used to prepare the estimates is usually updated and improved in a series of articles, the latest of which was published in the October 2010 SURVEY.

“Selected Issues in the Measurement of U.S. International Services” (June 2002) describes key issues in defining and measuring insurance, wholesale and retail trade, finance, construction, and utilities services.

Regional accounts

The regional accounts include estimates of personal income and gross domestic product.

Personal income. Estimates of personal income are prepared for states and for local areas.

State Personal Income (2009) describes the improvements in the methodology that is used to prepare the quarterly and annual estimates. This methodology has been updated in “Regional Quarterly Report: Comprehensive Revision” (November 2009).

Local Area Personal Income (2009) describes the detailed methodology that is used to prepare the estimates for counties, metropolitan divisions and areas, micropolitan areas, and BEA economic areas and regions. This methodology has been updated in “Comprehensive Revision of Local Area Personal Income” (May 2010).

Gross domestic product. Estimates of gross domestic product (GDP) are prepared for states and metropolitan areas.

Gross Domestic Product by State (2006) describes the sources and the methods that are used to prepare the estimates.

“Gross Domestic Product by State” (December 2010) presents the results of the most recent comprehensive revision.

“Introducing New Measures of the Metropolitan Economy: Prototype Estimates of GDP by Metropolitan Area” (November 2007) describes the potential uses of the estimates.