Personal income last published on September 25, 2018.

The population of New Mexico in 2017 was 2,088,070. Its rank was 36th in the nation.

Per Capita Personal Income

In 2017, New Mexico had a per capita personal income (PCPI) of $39,811. This PCPI ranked 48th in the United States and was 77 percent of the national average, $51,640. The 2017 PCPI reflected an increase of 2.3 percent from 2016. The 2016-2017 national change was 3.6 percent. In 2007, the PCPI of New Mexico was $31,752 and ranked 46th in the United States. The 2007-2017 compound annual growth rate of PCPI was 2.3 percent. The compound annual growth rate for the nation was 2.6 percent.

Personal Income

In 2017, New Mexico had a personal income of $83,127,258*. This personal income ranked 37th in the United States. In 2007, the personal income of New Mexico was $63,188,913* and ranked 37th in the United States.

*Personal income estimates are in thousands of dollars, not adjusted for inflation.
Components of Personal Income

Personal income includes net earnings by place of residence; dividends, interest, and rent; and personal current transfer receipts received by the residents of New Mexico.

### 2016-2017 percent change

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>New Mexico</th>
<th>U.S.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Net earnings</td>
<td>3.0 %</td>
<td>4.7 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dividends, interest, and rent</td>
<td>3.6 %</td>
<td>4.7 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personal current transfer receipts</td>
<td>0.1 %</td>
<td>2.9 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### 2007-2017 CAGR

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Components</th>
<th>New Mexico</th>
<th>U.S.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Net earnings</td>
<td>1.7 %</td>
<td>3.0 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dividends, interest, and rent</td>
<td>3.2 %</td>
<td>3.6 %</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personal current transfer receipts</td>
<td>5.4 %</td>
<td>5.2 %</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

CAGR: compound annual growth rate

### Percent Contribution to Personal Income

#### New Mexico

- **2007**
  - Net earnings by place of residence: 63%
  - Dividends, interest, and rent: 13%
  - Personal current transfer receipts: 16%

- **2017**
  - Net earnings by place of residence: 57%
  - Dividends, interest, and rent: 20%
  - Personal current transfer receipts: 24%

#### United States

- **2007**
  - Net earnings by place of residence: 53%
  - Dividends, interest, and rent: 20%
  - Personal current transfer receipts: 14%

- **2017**
  - Net earnings by place of residence: 63%
  - Dividends, interest, and rent: 20%
  - Personal current transfer receipts: 17%

Legend:
- **Blue**: Net earnings by place of residence
- **Orange**: Dividends, interest, and rent
- **Gray**: Personal current transfer receipts
GDP last published on May 4, 2018.

Gross Domestic Product (GDP) by State

In 2017, New Mexico current-dollar GDP was $97.1 billion and ranked 37th in the United States. In 2007, New Mexico GDP was $80.9 billion and ranked 37th in the United States.

In 2017, New Mexico real GDP grew 0.8 percent; the 2016-2017 national change was 2.1 percent. The 2007-2017 compound annual growth rate for New Mexico real GDP was 0.7 percent; the compound annual growth rate for the nation was 1.2 percent.

GDP by State for Industries

In 2017, the largest industry in New Mexico was government and government enterprises. This industry accounted for 22.8 percent of New Mexico GDP and had a 1.7 percent real decline. The second largest industry was finance, insurance, real estate, rental, and leasing, which accounted for 16.9 percent of New Mexico GDP and had 0.7 percent real growth.

The largest contributor to real GDP growth in New Mexico was mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction. This industry accounted for 0.94 percentage point of the total growth in real GDP. The second largest contributor was professional and business services. This industry accounted for 0.36 percentage point of the total growth in real GDP.

* The industry contributions, or sum thereof, may be larger than 100 percent (and the percentage points larger than the percent change) because growing and declining industries offset one another.

Top Five State Industries as a percent of Total GDP, 2017

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Industry</th>
<th>New Mexico</th>
<th>United States</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Mining, quarrying, and oil and gas extraction</td>
<td>23%</td>
<td>2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Finance, insurance, real estate, rental, and leasing</td>
<td>9%</td>
<td>12%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Professional and business services</td>
<td>17%</td>
<td>8%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Educational services, health care, and social assistance</td>
<td>10%</td>
<td>12%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Government and government enterprises</td>
<td>32%</td>
<td>44%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All others</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>