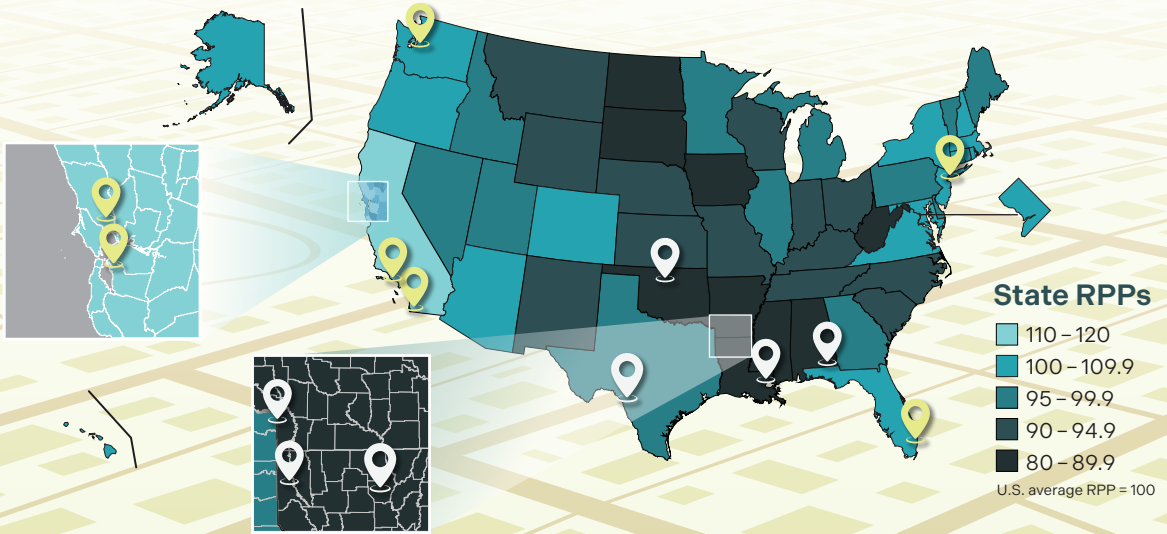


How much does it cost to live in your area?

Regional price parities (RPPs) measure the differences in price levels across states and metropolitan areas for a given year and are expressed as an index with the overall national price level as the base of 100. RPPs cover all consumption and are available for all items, goods, housing rents, utilities, and other services. Areas with high/low RPPs typically correspond to areas with high/low price levels for rents.

RPPs by State, 2024



U.S. Metropolitan Area RPPs, 2024

Seven highest and seven lowest (of 387 metro areas)

7 Highest Metro Areas



7 Lowest Metro Areas

Metropolitan Area

RPP

| | |
|---|--------------|
| San Francisco-Oakland-Fremont, CA | 115.6 |
| Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, FL | 114.2 |
| Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, CA | 113.6 |
| New York-Newark-Jersey City, NY-NJ..... | 112.6 |
| Napa, CA | 112.6 |
| San Diego-Chula Vista-Carlsbad, CA..... | 111.9 |
| Seattle-Tacoma-Bellevue, WA | 111.1 |
| U.S. average | 100.0 |
| Shreveport-Bossier City, LA | 84.8 |
| Hammond, LA..... | 84.5 |
| Enid, OK | 84.3 |
| Texarkana, TX-AR | 84.0 |
| Dothan, AL | 83.8 |
| Eagle Pass, TX | 83.8 |
| Monroe, LA..... | 83.6 |



U.S. Nonmetropolitan Portion RPP, 2024

88.7

See the [regional price parities by state and metro area product page](#) for the latest RPP statistics.



Read more: "[Real Personal Consumption Expenditures by State and Real Personal Income by State, 2024](#)," February 19, 2026