## MONTHLY SUPPLEMENT TO COMMERCE REPORTS

## UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE WASHINGTON <br> <br> SURVEY OF <br> <br> SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

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IMPORTANT NOTICE
In addition to figures given from Government sources, there are also incorporated for completeness of service figures from other sources generally accepted by the trades, the authority and responsibility for which are noted in the "Sources of Data" on pages 160-163 of the February, 1925, wsue

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## INTRODUCTION

The Survey of Current Business is designed to present each month a picture of the business situation by setting forth the principal facts regarding the various lines of trade and industry. At semiannual intervals detailed tables are published giving, for each item, monthly figures for the past two years and yearly comparisons, where available, back to 1913; also blank lines sufficient for six months have been left at the bottom of each table enabling those who care to do so to enter new figures as soon as they appear (see issue for August, 1925, No. 48). In the intervening months the more important comparisons only are given in the table entitled "Trend of business movements" as in the present number.

## ADVANCE SHEETS

Realizing that current statistics are highly perishable and that to be of use they must reach the business man at the earliest possible moment, the department has arranged to distribute advance leaflets every week to subscribers in the United States. The leaflets are usually mailed on Tuesdays and give such information as has been received during the preceding week. The information contained in these leaflets is also reprinted in "Commerce Reports," issued weekly by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce. The monthly bullotin is distributed as quickly as it can be completed and printed.

## BASIC DATA

The figures reported in the accompanying tables are very largely those already in existence. The ehief function of the department is to bring together these data which, if available at all, are scattered in hundreds of different publications. A portion of these data are collected by Governinent departments, other figures are compiled by technical journals, and still others are reported by trade associations.

## RELATIVE NUMBERS

To facilitate comparison between different items and render the trend of a movement more apparent, relative numbers (often called "index numbers," a term referring more particularly to a special kind of number described below) have been calculated. The relative numbers enable the reader to see at a glance the general upward or downward tendency of a movement which can not so easily be grasped from the actual figures.

In computing these relative numbers the last prewar year, 1913, or in some instances a five-year average, 1909-1913, has been used as a base equal to 100 wherever possible.

The relative numbers are computed by allowing the monthly average for the base year or period to equal 100. If the movement for a current month is greater than the base, the relative number will be greater than 100, and vice versa. The difference between 100 and the relative number will give at once the per cent increase or decrease compared with the base period. Thus a relative number of 115 means an increase of 15
per cent over the base period, while a relative number of 80 means a decrease of 20 per cent from the base.
Relative numbers may also be used to calculate the approximate percentage increase or decrease in a movement from one period to the next. Thus, if a relative number at one month is 120 and for a later month it is 144 there has been an increase of 20 per cent.

In many instances comparable figures for the prewar years are not available, and in such cases the year 1919 has usually been taken as the base. For some industries 1919 can not be regarded as a proper base, due to extraordinary conditions in the industry, and some more representative period has been chosen. In many cases relative numbers of less importance have been temporarily omitted.

Most of the relative numbers appear in a special section of the semiannual issues, as in Tables 103 to 123 of the August, 1925, number, thus allowing easy comparison on a pre-war base for all items for which relatives could be computed.

## INDEX NUMBERS

When two or more series of relative numbers are combined by a system of weightings the resulting series is denominated an index number. The index number, by combining many relative numbers, is designed to show the trend of an entire group of industries or for the country as a whole, instead of for the single commodity or industry which the relative number covers. Comparisons with the base year or with other periods are made in the same manner as in the case of relative numbers.

## RATIO CHARTS

In many instances the charts used in the Surver of Current Business are of the type termed "Ratio Charts" (logarithmic scale), notably the Business Indicator charts on page 2. These charts show the percentage increase and allow direct comparisons between the slope of one curve and that of any other curve regardless of its location on the diagram; that is, a 10 per cent increase in an item is given the same vertical movement whether its curve is near the bottom or near the top of the chart.

The difference between this and the ordinary form of a chart can be made clear by an example. If a certain item, having a relative number of 400 in one month, increases 10 per cent in the following month, its relative number will be 440 , and on an ordinary chart would be plotted 40 equidistant scale points higher than the preceding month. Another movement with a relative number of, say, 50 also increases 10 per cent, making its relative number 55. On the ordinary (arithmetic) scale this item would rise only 5 equidistant points, whereas the previous item rose 40 points, yet each showed the same percentage increase. The ratio charts avoid this difficulty and give to each of the two movements exactly the same vertical rise and hence the slopes of the two lines are directly comparable. The ratio charts compare percentage changes, while the arithmetic charts compare absolute changes.

This issue presents practically complete data for the month of A ugust and also items covering September, 1925, received up to October 15. As most data codering a particular month's business are not available until from 15 to 30 days after the close of the month, a complete picture of that month's operations, including relative numbers, cumulative totals, text, and charts, can not be presented in printed form under 45 days after its close, but the adoance leaflets described above give considerable information as early as 15 days after its close, and present almost every week the latest data available.

## CONTENTS



## PRELIMINARY SUMMARY FOR SEPTEMBER

The iron and steel industries in September continued to show increased activity, the output in each of these being considerably larger than in either the preceding month or a year ago. Shipments of locomotives by principal manufacturers, on the other hand, were smaller than in either the preceding month or September, 1924, while deliveries of silk to mills, although larger than a year ago, were smaller than in August. Unfilled orders for steel, after several months of decline, showed the first increase in September over the previous month, while locomotive unfilled orders, though smaller than a year ago, were likewise larger than at the end of August.

Sales by mail-order houses were larger than in either the previous month or September, 1924, while sales by 10 -cent stores, though smaller than in August, were considerably above those in September, 1924. Check payments were also larger than in the previous month and in September, 1924, while the average
prices of railroad and industrial stocks continued to increase. Interest rates, both for speculative and commercial funds, continued to average higher, while a continuation in the downward movement, though slight, was noted in prices of bonds. Loans and discounts of the Federal reserve member banks continued to mount, while the reserve ratio at the end of September was lower than in the preceding month. The amount of new security issues, though smaller than a year ago, was larger than in August, while the capitalization of new incorporations was larger than a year ago and smaller than in August.

Contracts awarded for new building, though smaller than in the preceding month, were considerably larger than a year ago, while awards for concrete pavements in September were larger than in either of these periods. Business failures were smaller than in either the preceding month or a year ago.

## BUSINESS INDICATORS: 1920-1925

Ratio charts-see explanation on inside front cover. Except for "Net freight ton-miles," latest month plotted is August, 1925; July is latest plotted for "Net frelght ton-miles," while the curve on bank debits has been adjusted for normal seasonal variations and that on manufacturing production for the varying number of working days]


## BUSINESS INDICATORS

The following table gives comparative relative numbers for a selected list of important business movements. It is believed that this table will prove useful, because it separates out from the large mass of material a comparatively small number of i:ems which are often regarded as indicative of business in general.

The table has been divided into two parts, the first containing those items for which relative numbers can be calculated, using 1913 as a base. The second part contains items for which comparable data back to 1913 are not available. This latter group of relative numbers is calculated by letting the 1919 monthly average equal 100. Care should therefore be exercised in comparing the. absolute value of the two sets of data. In either group, however, the upward or downward trend of the relative numbers, compared to previous months, does reflect the present tendency in each item and will give a basis for business judgment.

Where available at the time of going to press, October 15, September indicators have been included, thus bringing this table up to date. It should be noted that the charts on page 2 show August data as the latest plotted, except for freight ton-miles, which shows July.

| COMMODITY | montely average |  |  |  |  | 1924 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1004 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1920 | 1921 | 1922 | 1923 | 1924 | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. |
|  | 1913 monthly average $=100$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pig iron.. | 120 | 54 | 87 | 130 | 101 | 79 | 70 | 74 | 80 | 97 | 98 | 116 | 132 | 126 | 138 | 127 | 114 | 104 | 104 | 106 | 100 |
| Steel ingots. | 135 | 64 | 114 | 144 | 122 | 82 | 74 | 101 | 112 | 124 | 124 | 141 | 166 | 149 | 166 | 142 | 137 | 127 | 122 | 136 | 138 |
| Copper | 99 | 38 | 80 | 120 | 128 | 124 | 126 | 130 | 124 | 134 | 133 | 131 | 144 | 134 | 145 | 137 | 137 | 136 | 133 | 132 | 131 |
| Cement (shipments) | 108 | 107 | 131 | 153 | 164 | 203 | 225 | 228 | 228 | 231 | 139 | 74 | 69 | 81 | 138 | 195 | 226 | 237 | 245 | 249 |  |
| Anthracite coal....- | 98 | 99 | 58 | 104 | 99 | 101 | 102 | 93 | 100 | 101 | 89 | 97 | 97 | 94 | 93 | 98 | 107 | 102 | 112 | 116 |  |
| Bituminous coal | 119 | 87 | 85 | 118 | 101 | 79 | 84 | 90 | 106 | 121 | 106 | 116 | 130 | 98 | 94 | 85 | 89 | 93 | 99 | 113 |  |
| Electric energy (gross revenue sales) | 283 | 312 | 349 | 407 | 434 | 399 | 382 | 386 | 307 | 427 | 462 | 506 | 522 | 480 | 457 | 449 | 429 | 423 | 418 |  |  |
| Crude petroleum. | 178 | 189 | 224 | 295 | 285 | 286 | 295 | 298 | 288 | 289 | 272 | 273 | 287 | 261 | 292 | 297 | 329 | 322 | 325 |  |  |
| Cotton (consumption) | 105 | 97 | 109 | 117 | 99 | 75 | 75 | 77 | 94 | 114 | 108 | 114 | 127 | 118 | 125 | 128 | 114 | 108 | 104 | 96 |  |
| Beef. | 119 | 113 | 126 | 130 | 133 | 116 | 132 | 135 | 146 | 167 | 149 | 134 | 146 | 105 | 120 | 131 | 132 | 127 | 145 | 135 |  |
| Pork | 113 | 117 | 130 | 160 | 151 | 154 | 153 | 115 | 103 | 118 | 152 | 101 | 180 | 152 | 115 | 109 | 116 | 136 | 107 | 96 |  |
| Unflied orders: <br> United States Steel Corporation. | 170 | 90 | 98 | 102 | 68 | 55 | 54 | 56 | 59 | 60 | 68 | 82 | 85 | 89 | 82 | 75 | 69 | 63 | 60 | 59 |  |
| Stocks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crude petroleum | 127 | 152 | 234 | 287 | 338 | 339 | 343 | 349 | 350 | 348 | 346 | 338 | 335 | 337 | 337 | 340 | 344 |  |  |  |  |
| Cotton (total). | 155 | 198 | 153 | 125 | 112 | 59 | 45 | 44 | 84 | 161 | 183 | 193 | 172 | 150 | 128 | 103 | 80 | 61 | 45 | 56 |  |
| Prices: 1 l |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wholesale index | 226 | 147 | 149 | 154 | 150 | 145 | 147 | 150 | 149 | 152 | 153 | 157 | 160 | 161 | 161 | 156 | 155 | 157 | 160 | 160 | 160 |
| Retall food. | 203 | 153 | 142 | 146 | 146 | 142 | 143 | 144 | 147 | 149 | 150 | 152 | 154 | 151 | 151 | 151 | 162 | 155 | 160 | 160 | 159 |
| Retail coal, bituminous | 207 | 197 | 188 | 190 | 169 | 163 | 165 | 159 | 164 | 169 | 171 | 171 | 170 | 172 | 169 | 161 | 169 | 158 | 159 | 160 |  |
| Farm products.. | 205 | 116 | 124 | 135 | 134 | 130 | 132 | 139 | 132 | 138 | 137 | 139 | 146 | 146 | 151 | 147 | 146 | 148 | 149 | 152 | 144 |
| Business finances: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Defaulted liabilities. | 108 | 229 | 228 | 197 | 198 | 149 | 161 | 242 | 150 | 158 | 136 | 198 | 238 | 176 | 149 | 163 | 162 | 161 | 151 | 163 | 134 |
| Price 25 industrial stocks. | 184 | 136 | 169 | 185 | 198 | 187 | 195 | 205 | 201 | 202 | 213 | 231 | 233 | 238 | 235 | 233 | 245 | 248 | 258 | 272 | 280 |
| Price 25 railroad stocks. | 67 | 64 | 75 | 72 | 81 | 78 | 82 | 80 | 85 | 84 | 92 | 95 | 96 | 98 | 95 | 92 | 96 | 96 | 97 | 101 | 102 |
| Banking: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clearings, New York City. | 257 | 205 | 230 | 226 | 264 | 253 | 268 | 258 | 245 | 274 | 284 | 325 | 339 | 267 | 296 | 290 | 302 | 305 | 297 | 256 | 276 |
|  | 275 | 212 | 230 | 276 | 284 | 266 | 282 | 285 | 277 | 314 | 290 | 317 | 322 | 273 | 309 | 308 | 297 | 317 | 323 | 293 | 813 |
| Commercial paper interest rate................... | 134 | 118 | 80 | 90 | 71 | 71 | 64 | 69 | 57 | 57 | 59 | 64 | 66 | 68 | 71 | 72 | 70 | 70 | 71 | 72 | 76 |
| Distribution: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Imports (value). | 294 | 140 | 177 | 212 | 201 | 183 | 185 | 170 | 192 | 208 | 198 | 224 | 232 | 223 | 258 | 233 | 219 | 218 | 218 | 228 | 234 |
| Exports (value)..................................... | 331 | 181 | 154 | 168 | 185 | 148 | 134 | 160 | 207 | 255 | 238 | 214 | 216 | 179 | 219 | 193 | 179 | 156 | 164 | 184 | 204 |
| Sales, mail-order. | 264 | 188 | 204 | 259 | 284 | 239 | 198 | 211 | 278 | 364 | 351 | 411 | 308 | 290 | 318 | 322 | 262 | 271 | 248 | 255 | 309 |
| Transportation:Freigtios |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Freight, net ton-miles | 137 | 105 | 115 | 139 | 131 | 117 | 121 | 133 | 143 | 158 | 139 | 128 | 135 | 123 | 129 | 123 | 136 | 131 | 139 |  |  |
|  | 1018 monthly average $\mathbf{1 0 0}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Building contracts | 102 | 86 | 117 | 106 | 129 108 | 103 | 118 88 | 138 80 | 135 | 140 102 | 120 | 100 | 121 91 | 122 | 136 138 | 143 | 148 | 151 143 | 141 | 154 | 158 |
| Stoeks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8 | 13 |  |  | 123 | 145 | 160 | 100 |
| Beef. | 66 | 42 | 29 | 32 | 34 | 25 | 21 | 21 | 20 | 28 | 42 | 60 | 59 | 55 | 49 | 41 | 31 | 26 | 21 | 19 |  |
| Pork. | 98 | 83 | 70 | 91 | 88 | 111 | 104 | 91 | 61 | 44 | 46 | 70 | 85 | 94 | 90 | 88 | 81 | 98 | 89 | 76 |  |
| Business finances: Bond prices (40 issues) | 86 | 87 | 107 | 104 | 108 | 108 | 110 | 110 | 109 | 110 | 110 | 110 | 110 | 94 | 111 | 111 | 113 | 114 | 112 | 111 | 111 |
| Banking: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Debits outside New York City...................- | 114 | 01 | 95 | 107 | 108 | 104 | 108 | 101 | 104 | 118 | 107 | 124 | 127 | 106 | 121 | 117 | 116 | 124 | 123 | 113 | 119 |
| Federal Reserve- Bills discounted. | 132 | 91 | 28 | 39 | 19 | 18 | 15 | 14 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 16 | 14 | 22 | 21 | 21 | 21 | 24 | 24 | 30 | 33 |
| Total reserves. | 97 | 122 | 144 | 146 | 146 | 149 | 149 | 146 | 144 | 143 | 143 | 189 | 141 | 138 | 137 | 137 | 136 | 135 | 134 | 132 | 131 |
| Ratio--------- | 80 | 122 | 154 | 152 | 160 | 165 | 165 | 164 | 280 | 157 | 154 | 145 | 155 | 151 | 154 | 154 | 153 | 153 | 154 | 149 | 144 |

: Wholesale and retail prices from Department of Labor averaged for the month; farm prices from Department of Agriculture.
${ }^{2}$ Based on the total computed production reported by 5 associations. Includes southern pine, Douglas fr, western pine, North Carolina pine, and Oalifornia white pine. The total production of these assoclations in 1919 was equal to $11,401,000,000$ board feet, compared with a total lumber production for the country of $34,552,000,000$ board feet reported by the census.

## WHOLESALE PRICES IN SEPTEMBER

[Bars denote percentages of increase or decrease in the wholesale prices of specified commodities as compared with the same month of 1924 and 1923]


## WHOLESALE PRICE COMPARISONS

NOTE--Prices to producer on farm products and market price of wool are from $\quad$. S. Department of Agriculture, Bureau of Aoricullural Economics: nonferrous metals from the Engineering and Mining Journal-Press. All other prices are from U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. As far as possible all quotations represent prices to producer or at mill. See diagram on page 4.

| COMMODITIES | Unit | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ACTUAL PRICE } \\ & \text { (dollars) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { PER CENT } \\ \text { ORCREASE }(+) \\ \text { ORECREASE }(-) \end{gathered}$ |  | melative prices (1913 averagem 100) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | $\underset{1925}{\text { August }^{2}}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sep- } \\ \text { tember, } \\ 1925 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sep- } \\ \text { tember, } \\ 1924 \end{gathered}$ | September, 1925, from August, 1925 | Septem- <br> ber, 1925, from <br> Septem- <br> ber, 1924 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Au- } \\ & \text { gust, } \\ & \text { 1925 } \end{aligned}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Sep- } \\ \text { tember, } \\ 1925 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sep- } \\ \text { tember, } \\ 1924 \end{gathered}$ |
| FARM PRODUCTS-AVERAGE PRICE TO PRODUCERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wheat. | Bushel | 1. 504 | 1.444 | 1. 142 | -4.0 | +26.4 | 190 | 182 | 144 |
| Corn. | Bushel | 1.065 | . 988 | 1. 097 | $-7.2$ | -9.9 | 172 | 160 | 178 |
| Potatoe | Bushel. | 1. 534 | 1. 211 | . 810 | -22.0 | +49.5 | 260 | 203 | 136 |
| Cottonse | Ton..... | 36.63 | 33.48 | 31.74 | -8.6 | +5.5 | 168 | 154 | 146 |
| Cattle, beef | Pound. | . 0658 | . 0627 | . 0553 | -4.7 | +13.4 | 112 | 106 | 94 |
| Hogs | Pound.- | . 11219 | . 1150 | . 0850 | -5.7 +1.3 | +35.3 +17 | 163 | 153 | 113 |
| FARM PRODUCTS-MARKET PRICE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wheat, No. 1, northern, spring (Chicago) | Bushel | 1.639 | 1. 555 | 1. 350 | $-5.1$ | +15.2 | 176 | 170 | 148 |
| Wheat, No. 2, red, winter (Chicago) | Bushel | 1. 680 | 1. 667 | 1. 343 | -0.8 | +24.1 | 170 | 169 | 136 |
| Corn, contract grades, No. 2, cash (Chicago) | Bushel- | 1. 052 | . 917 | 1. 163 | -12.8 | -21.2 | 168 | 147 | 186 |
| Oats, contract grades, cash (Chicago)- | Bushel | . 415 | . 3988 | . 8967 | -4.1 | -19.9 -13 | 110 | 120 | 132 139 |
|  | Bushel-....- | 1. 069 | . 883 | 1. 016 | -17.4 | -13.1 | 168 | 139 | 160 |
| Tobacco, burley, good leaf, dark red (Louisville) | CWt.-. | 25. 00 | 25.00 | 24.50 | 0.0 | +2.0 | 189 | 189 | 186 |
| Cotton, middling upland (New York) | Pound. | . 238 | . 236 | . 244 | -0.8 | -3. 3 | 186 | 184 | 191 |
| Wool, $1 / 4$ blood combing, Ohio and Pennsylvania fleeces (Boston) | Pound. | . 51 | - 50 | ${ }^{.53}$ | $-2.0$ | -5.7 | 204 | 200 | 212 |
| Cattle, steers, good to choice, corn fed (Chicago) | Cwt | 12.075 | 12.438 | 9.02 | +3.0 | $+37.9$ | 142 | 146 | 118 |
| Hogs, heavy (Chicago) | CWt. | 13.130 | 12.881 6.188 | 9. 5. 41 136 | -1.9 | +30.6 +14.4 | 157 | 154 | 118 |
| Sheep, lambs (Chicago). | Cwt. | 64. 1400 | 6. 15.098 | -13.18 | + +3.4 | +14.4 +14.5 | 187 | 194 | 115 169 |
| FOOD |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Flour, standard patents (Minneapolis) | Barrel. | 8. 831 | 8. 310 | 7. 440 | -5.9 | +11.7 | 193 | 181 | 162 |
| Flour, winter straights (Kansas City) | Barrel...... | 7.570 | 7.431 | 6.069 | -1.8 | +22.4 | 197 | 193 | 158 |
| Sugar, $96^{\circ}$ centrifugal (New York) - | Pound. | . 044 | - 043 | . 060 | $-2.3$ | $-28.3$ | 124 | 122 | 170 |
| Sugar, granulated, in barrels (New York) -....- | Pound. | - 054 | - 054 | . 071 | 0.0 | -23.9 | 125 | 127 | 167 |
| Cottonseed oil, prime summer yellow (New York) | Pound | . 113 | . 187 | . 168 | $-5.3$ | -0.9 | 158 | 147 | 150 |
| Beef, fresh carcass good native steers (Chicago) Beef, fresh steer rounds No. 2 (Chicago)...... | Pound..- | . 185 | . 185 | . 165 | 0.0 -8.0 | +12.1 +8.1 | 142 | 143 | 122 |
| Pork, smoked hams (Chicago). | Pound. | . 298 | . 292 | . 223 | $-2.0$ | +30.9 | 180 | 175 | 134 |
| CLOTHING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cotton yarns, carded, white, northern, mulespun, 22-1 cones (Boston) | Pound | 423 | . 423 | . 432 | 0.0 | -2.1 | 171 | 171 | 175 |
| Cotton, print cloth, 27 inches, $64 \times 60-7.60$ yards to pound (Boston)... | Yard..-.-. | . 066 | . 067 | . 066 | +1.5 | +1.5 | 191 | 194 | 191 |
| Cotton, sheeting, brown 4/4 Ware Shoals L. L. (New York) | Yard.-.-.- | . 104 | - 106 | -110 | $+1.9$ | $-3.6$ | 170 | 172 | 179 |
| Worsted Yarns, $2 / 32$ 's crossbred stock, white, in skein (Boston) | Pound...-- | 1.650 | 1.650 | 1. 650 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 212 | 212 | $\stackrel{212}{184}$ |
| Women's dress goods, storm serge, all-wool, dbl. Warp, 50 in. ( N. | Yard |  |  | 1. 0300 |  |  |  |  | 184 |
| Suitings, wool, dyed blue, 55556 inches, $16-0$ unce Middlesex (N. Y. | Yard. | 3.600 6.468 | 3.600 6.639 | 3.600 5.439 | 0.0 +2.6 | 0.0 +22.1 | 178 | 179 | 233 149 |
| Eides, green salted, packer's heavy native steers (Chicago) | Pound | . 176 | . 177 | . 161 | +0.6 | +9.9 | 96 | 96 | 87 |
| Hides, calfskins, No. 1, country, 8 to 15 pounds (Chicago) | Pound. | . 213 | . 198 | . 198 | -7.0 | 0.0 | 113 | 105 | 105 |
| Leather, chrome calf, dull or bright " $B$ " grades (Boston) | Square foot. | . 460 | . 460 | . 460 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 171 | 171 | 171 |
| Leather, sole, oak, scoured backs, heavy (Boston) | Pound...-- | . 460 | . 460 | . 445 | 0.0 | +3.4 | 103 | 103 | 99 |
| Boots and shoes, men's black call, blucher (Massachusetts) | Pair-....... | 6. 40 | 6. 40 | 6. 25 | 0.0 | +2.4 | 206 | 206 | 201 |
| Boots and shoes, men's dress welt tan calf (St. Louis).... | Pair. | 5. 15 | 5.15 | 4. 85 | 0.0 | +6.2 | 163 | 163 | 153 |
| FUEL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coal, bituminous, mine run lump, Kanawha (Cincinnati) | Short ton.- | 3.39 | 3.49 | 3. 39 | +2.9 | +2.9 | 154 | 159 | 154 |
| Coal, anthracite, chestnut (New York tidewater) | Long ton... | 11. 158 | 11. 272 | 11. 47 | +1.0 | -1.7 | 210 | 212 | 216 |
| Coke, Connellspille (range of prompt and future) furnace-at ovens | Short ton-- | 3. 19 | 3.70 | 3. ${ }^{13}$ | +16.0 | +18.2 | 131 | 152 | 128 |
| Petroleum, crude, Kansas-Oklahoma-at wells.................... | Barrel...-.- | 1. 720 | 1. 550 | 1.313 | $-9.9$ | +18.1 | 184 | 170 | 141 |
| METALS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pig iron, foundry No. 2, northern (Pittsburgh) | Long ton..- | 20.26 | 20.56 | 21.56 | +1.5 | $-4.6$ | 127 | 128 | 135 |
| Pig iron, basic, valley furnace-..-- | Long ton.-- | 18.00 | 18.30 | 19.00 | +1.7 | $-3.7$ | 122 | 124 | 129 |
| Steel, billets Bessemer (Pittsburgh) | Long ton...- | 35. 00 | 35. 00 | 36. 40 | 0.0 | $-3.8$ | 136 | 134 | 141 |
| Copper ingots, electrolytic, early delivery (New York) | Pound....- | - 145 | . 144 | . 129 | $-0.7$ | +11.6 +189 | $\stackrel{95}{ }$ | 94 |  |
| Lead, pig, delivered, for early delivery (New York). | Pound...--- | . 0919 | .0951 .564 | . 08800 | ${ }_{-0.5}^{+3.5}$ | +18.9 +16.0 | 210 | 218 | 183 110 |
| Zinc, slab, western (St. Louis) .......... | Pound...-.-- | . 0758 | . 0775 | . 0618 | +2.2 | +25.4 | 138 | 141 | 112 |
| BUILDING MATERIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lumber, pine, southern, yellow flooring, $1 \times 4$, " $B$ " and better (Hattiesburg district) | M feet...-- | 45.31 | 46. 42 | 39.92 | +2.4 | +16.3 | 197 | 202 | 173 |
| Lumber, Douglas fr, No. 1, common, s $1 \mathrm{~s}, 1 \times 8 \times 10$ (Washington) | M feet.-.-- | 17. 50 | 16. 50 | 16.00 | $-5.7$ | +3.1 +54 | 190 | 179 | ${ }_{213}^{174}$ |
| Brick, common red, domestic building (New York). | Thousand_- | 15.36 | 14.75 | 14.00 | -4.0 | +5.4 | 234 | 225 | 213 |
| district) | Barrel. | 1.75 | 1.75 | 1.75 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 173 | 173 | 173 |
| Steel beams, mill (Pittsburgh). | Cwt.-.... | 1.93 | 1.95 | 2. 10 | +1.0 | -7.1 | 128 | 129 | 138 |
| Rubber, Para Island, fine (New York) | Pound... | . 663 | . 590 | . 227 | -11.0 | +159.9 0.0 | 82 70 | 73 70 | 28 70 |
|  | Cwt. | . 70 | . 70 | . 70 | 0.0 | 0.0 | 70 | 70 | 70 |

## EMPLOYMENT IN MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES BY MAJOR GROUPS

[Drawn from data compiled by U. S. Department of Labor, and representing weighted indexes based upon number of wage earners in the respective industries in 1919. Average monthly employment $1923=100$. August, 1925, is latest month plotted]


## BUSINESS SUMMARY

[Index and relative numbers based on the 1919 monthly average as 100 -except unflled orders which are based on the 1920 average-enable comparisons to be made of the relative condition of the several phases of business. The uss of index and relative numbers is more fully explained on the inside front cover, and details of this summary are given in the table entitled "Indexes of Business," beginning on p. 23]

|  |  |  | 1924 |  |  | 1925 |  |  | $\underset{\text { OR DECREASE }(-)}{\operatorname{PER}}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1923 | 1924 | June | July | August | June | July | August | $\begin{aligned} & \text { August, 1925, } \\ & \text { from } \\ & \text { July, } 1925 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { August, 1925, } \\ & \text { August, } 1924 \end{aligned}$ |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing ( 64 commodities-Ad- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Raw materials, total | 113 | 118 | 89 | 97 | 121 | 93 | 97 | 114 | +17.5 | -5.8 |
| Minerals- | 131 | 123 | 117 | 121 | 122 | 131 | 136 | 142 | +4.4 | +16.4 |
| Animal products | 117 | 117 | 117 | 117 | 108 | 120 | 111 | 107 | -3.6 | -0.9 |
| Crops...-- | 102 | 118 | 56 | 73 | 129 | 55 | 69 | 105 | +52.2 | -18.6 |
| Forest products | 121 | 119 | 120 | 111 | 124 | 133 | 125 | 131 | +4.8 | +5.6 |
| Electric power. | 144 | 152 | 141 | 142 | 146 | 160 | 165 |  |  |  |
| Building (awards-floor space) | 106 | 108 | 103 | 88 | 90 | 143 | 145 | $16{ }^{-7}$ | +14.5 | +84.4 |
| Stocks (45 commodities; seasonal adjustment) | 119 | 135 | 133 | 129 | 133 | 142 | 133 | 142 | +6. 8 | +6.8 |
| Unfllied orders (relative to 1920) | 74 | 52 | 43 | 44 | 46 | 51 | 51 | 52 | +2.0 | +13.0 |
| Sales (based on value) : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mail-order houses (4 houses) | 99 165 | 105 185 | 89 162 | 69 163 | 74 172 | 102 | 87 183 | 89 195 | +2.3 +6.6 | +20.3 +13.4 |
| Wholesale trade. | 83 | 82 | 76 | 78 | 83 | 83 | 83 | 87 | +4.8 | +4.8 +8 |
| Department stores (359 stores) | 124 | 125 | 120 | 91 | 93 | 126 | 95 | 98 | +3.2 | +5. 4 |
| Prices (recomputed to 1919 base) : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Producers ${ }^{\text { }}$, farm products | 65 | 64 | 62 | 63 | 67 | 71 | 71 | 73 | +2.8 | +9.0 |
| Wholesale, all commodities. | 75 | 73 | 70 | 71 | 73 | 76 | 78 | 78 | 0.0 | +6. 8 |
| Retail food. | 78 | 78 | 76 | 77 | 77 | 83 | 86 | 86 | 0.0 | +11.7 |
| Cost of living (including food) | 94 | 95 | 94 | 94 | 95 | 97 | 98 | 98 | 0.0 | +3.2 |
| Check payments ( 141 cities-Seasonal adjustment) | 103 | 109 | 104 | 108 | 112 | 126 | 127 | 125 | -1.6 | +11.6 |
| Factory employment (1919 base). | 93 | 84 | 81 | 79 | 79 | 83 | 82 | 83 | +1.2 | +5.1 |
| Transportation: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net freight ton-mile operation.-.----- | 115 | 108 | 97 | 100 | 110 | 109 | 115 |  |  |  |
| Car loadings (monthly total) --1-..-.--- Net available car surplus (end of mo.) | 119 25 | 116 139 | 104 216 | 101 195 | 139 117 | 113 186 | 112 | 154 98 | +37.5 -38.8 | $\begin{array}{r} +10.8 \\ { }_{16} \end{array}$ |

1 See p. 28, Jan., 1925, issue (No. 41) for details of adjustment.

## COURSE OF BUSINESS IN AUGUST

## GENERAL CONDITIONS

The output of manufactures in August was 6 per cent smaller than in the preceding month but 11 per cent greater than in August, 1924. Raw materials, on the other hand, produced in larger quantities than in July, showed smaller production than in August of last year. Stocks of commodities, after adjustment for seasonal influences, increased in August while manufacturers' unfilled orders also increased during the month, standing at 2 per cent and 13 per cent higher, respectively, than at the end of either the previous month or of August, 1924. Contracts awarded for new construction were greater than in either July or a year ago.

The volume of wholesale trade was 5 per cent larger than in either the previous month or August, 1924, while retail trade recorded similar advances over these two comparative periods. Check payments, after
seasonal adjustment, were smaller than in July but 12 per cent greater than in August of last year, while carloadings of merchandise were 11 per cent larger than a year ago.

Wholesale prices showed no change from July levels but were, on the whole, about 7 per cent higher than in August, 1924. Farm prices, on the other hand, were higher in August than in either the previous month or a year ago, while retail-food prices and the general cost of living showed no change from July. Factory employment was 1 per cent and 6 per cent greater, respectively, than in July or a year ago. Factory pay rolls made corresponding increases over these comparative periods. Fewer business failures were reported in August than in either the preceding month or a year ago, while prices of stocks, both industrial and railroad, continued to advance.

## SUMMARY OF INDEXES OF BUSINESS

## PRODUCTION

August production showed a decline of 5 per cent in manufacturing from the preceding month, due largely to the change in automobile models, which cut production in that industry by about one-third. An increase of 11 per cent over a year ago, however, was shown in the manufacturing production index. The increases over the preceding month in the output of foodstuffs, iron and steel, lumber, leather, and stone and clay products were insufficient to offset declines in textiles, nonferrous metals, and tobacco, but all groups were higher than a year ago.

The production of raw materials was 18 per cent greater than in July but 6 per cent smaller than in August, 1924, the increases over a year ago in the production of minerals and forest products being not so great as to counterbalance declines in the marketings of crops and animals. Mineral production was 4 per cent greater than in July and 16 per cent larger than a year ago, all classes of minerals registering increased output over July, except zinc, gold, and silver, which declined, and copper, which showed no change. As compared with August, 1924, declines in mineral production were noted only in gold and silver, all other minerals recording larger outputs than a year ago.

Marketings of animal products were 3 per cent and 1 per cent smaller, respectively, than in either the previous month or August, 1924, the principal declines from these two periods occurring in wool, hogs, eggs, milk, and poultry. Crop marketings were 52 per
cent larger than in July but 19 per cent smaller than a year ago, the decline from a year ago in the general index being due to smaller marketings of grains, vegetables, and fruits. An increase of 10 per cent in the production of lumber, as compared with July, was solely responsible for an increase in the general index of forestry production, other items entering into the index registering declines.

## COMMODITY STOCKS

The index of stocks of commodities held on August 31 after adjustment for normal seasonal conditions increased 8 per cent over the previous month and 7 per cent over a year ago, all classes of commodities increasing except manufactured foodstuffs. Compared with a year ago, manufactured foodstuffs wére held in smaller quantities, while other manufactured commodities, raw foodstuffs, and other raw materials had higher physical inventories.

## SALES

The index of unfilled orders increased 2 per cent over July and 13 per cent over a year ago, larger forward business for building materials alone accounting for the general increase over the preceding month. Compared with a year ago, however, both the iron and steel and the building-materials groups recorded increases.

The index of wholesale trade was 5 per cent higher than in either July or a year ago, increases occurring

RELATIVE PRODUCTION, STOCKS, AND UNFILLED ORDERS FOR MANUFACTURED COMMODITIES
[ 1920 monthly average $=100$. This chart shows stocks of manufactured commodities only, while adjustment has been made for both stocks and production for their respective seasonal movements. Unfiled orders are principally those for iron, steel, and building materials. August, 1925, is latest month plotted]

over a year ago in all lines of trade, except groceries, which showed no change. As compared with the preceding month, the declines in the sales of hardware, groceries, drugs, and meats were insufficient to offset the increases in shoes and dry goods.

Retail trade was larger in August than in either the previous month or a year ago, all types of retail establishments recording larger sales volume than a year ago. As compared with July, the August sales of shoe and grocery chains were alone smaller, the increases over the preceding month ranging from 3 per cent in the case of department stores to 23 per cent in the case of music chains. The greatest increases over a year ago occurred in the mail-order, 10 -cent store, and other chain-distribution systems, with the smallest relative gain in department-store business.

## PRICES

Producers, on the whole, received more for their agricultural products than in either July or a year ago. Increases over the previous month were gen-
eral in all groups, except fruits and vegetables and cotton, which showed no change from July, while, as compared with August, 1924, all groups were higher in price, except cotton and unclassified items.

The wholesale price index remained stationary in August at 60 per cent above pre-war. At this point the August price level was 7 per cent higher than a year ago. Declines from July in prices for fuel and miscellaneous items were sufficient to balance the increased prices of farm products, foods, cloths and clothing, metals, building materials, ${ }^{\text {r" }}$ and chemicals. As regrouped by the Federal Reserve Board, wholesale prices show a decline from "July in producers' goods amounting to 2 per cent and an increase in prices of consumers' goods amounting to almost 1 per cent, while raw products recorded an advance of slightly more than 1 per cent. The commercial price index numbers for September 1 were each lower than on August 1 and higher than a year ago. Like wholesale prices the cost of living showed no change from July but was 4 per cent above a year ago.

## COMPARISON OF PRICES FOR RAW MATERIALS, PRODUCERS' GOODS, AND CONSUMERS' GOODS



## EMPLOYMENT

Factory employment increased 1 per cent over July and 6 per cent over a year ago. All industrial groups had larger employment than in July, except tobacco and miscellaneous factories, which declined, and iron and steel, lumber, and paper, which showed no change from the preceding month. Compared with last year, employment in food and tobacco factories was alone smaller.

Factory pay rolls were 1 per cent and 8 per cent larger, respectively, than in July or a year ago. All industrial groups had larger pay rolls than in July, except food products, lumber, and vehicles, which showed no change. As compared with last year, the August pay rolls were likewise larger for all groups, except in the case of food and tobacco pay rolls, which were smaller.

## REVIEW BY PRINCIPAL BRANCHES OF INDUSTRY AND COMMERCE

## textiles

A decline of 24 per cent both from the previous month and from a year ago was reported in the August receipts of wool at Boston, due to the large decrease in receipts of domestic wool which more than offset increases in the receipts from abroad. For the first eight months of this year, wool receipts at Boston were 4 per cent greater than for the corresponding period a year ago, the domestic receipts during this period being 27 per cent less and the foreign receipts 60 per cent greater than for last year. Imports of unmanufactured wool were much greater during August than in either the previous month or August, 1924. The total for the first eight months was also greater than for the corresponding months
of last year by 30 per cent. Wool consumption by textile mills was substantially greater during August and machinery activity in woolen mills was also greater for each class of machines, a slight decline in the activity of woolen spindles being more than offset by the activity in worsted spindles. Prices of raw wools and yarns showed a slight decline from the previous month.

Cotton brought into sight in August was very little larger than during the previous month, but ginnings of the new cotton crop were twice as large as a year ago. The consumption of cotton by textile mills continued its seasonal decline, but was 25 per cent greater than a year ago. Exports of raw cotton, on the other hand, increased seasonally from July, and were 14 per cent greater than in August, 1924.

STOCKS OF COTTON AT WAREHOUSES AND MILLS
[August, 1025, is latest month plotted]


Stocks of raw cotton at mills and warehouses increased seasonally over the previous month and were 27 per cent greater than a year ago. Compared with the previous month an increase in warehouse stocks more than offset a decline in mill stocks. The world visible supply of American cotton, while slightly less than in July, was considerably greater than a year ago.

Raw Cotton Consumption and Exports
[August, 1925, is latest month plotted]


Spindle activity in cotton mills continued to decline from the previous month but was greater than in August, 1924. The activity of cotton finishing mills also declined from July, the orders, billings, and shipments being less than in the previous month, while stocks of finishers' goods were slightly greater.

Cotton Spindle Activity in Northern and Sotthern Mills


Compared with a year ago, cotton finishing plants showed a 6 per cent increase in activity, orders and stocks being less than for August, 1924, while billings and shipments increased. Exports of cotton and cot-
ton cloth increased over the previous month but were 10 per cent less than a year ago, while the production and sales of fine cotton goods declined from the previous month, but were greater than in August, 1924.

The average price of cotton to the producer remained the same as during the previous month, but declined considerably from a year ago, while the monthly average price of middling cotton declined from both periods. Prices of cotton yarn and sheetings increased over July but were from 5 to 10 per cent lower than in August, 1924. Print cloth prices, on the other hand, were the same as for the previous month, and were slightly greater than a year ago.


Deliveries of silk from warehouses, while practically the same as in July, were almost 50 per cent greater than a year ago. Imports of raw silk and stocks at warehouses at the end of the month, on the other hand, declined from the previous month, but were 18 and 6 per cent greater, respectively, than a year ago. The New York price of Japanese silk averaged slightly higher in August than for either the previous month or a year ago. Imports of burlap were considerably greater than for either July or a year ago, and imports of unmanufactured fibers, while greater than for the previous month, were 3 per cent less than in August, 1924. Production, shipments, and unfilled orders of pyroxylin-coated textiles showed substantial increases both over the previous month and a year ago.

## IRON AND STEEL

Stocks of iron ore continued their seasonal increase, but were slightly less than the stocks at this time last year. Consumption of iron ore also increased during August and was more than 50 per cent greater than a year ago. Shipments from the mines remained practically the same as in July, but were 27 per cent larger than in August, 1924.

The total output of pig iron in August showed a slight increase over the previous month, although the output of merchant furnaces declined. Furnaces in blast were slightly larger both in number and in capacity than for the previous month and considerably larger than in August, 1924. Wholesale prices of pig iron remained practically the same as in July and were from 2 to 5 per cent less than a year ago.

Steel ingot production was 11 per cent greater than in July and 34 per cent greater than a year ago. The production, shipments, and bookings of malleable castings, on the other hand, declined from the previous month, although much greater than in August, 1924. Bookings of steel castings and unfilled orders of the United States Steel Corporation likewise declined
from July but increased over a year ago. Increases in the production and shipments of steel sheets from the previous month were accompanied by declines in sales, unfilled orders, and stocks. The steel sheet industry, however, showed increases in all items reported, as compared with August, 1924, except unsold stocks. Increases in production, stocks, and unfilled orders of steel barrels were accompanied by a decline in shipments as compared with the previous month. Prices of steel continued to decline slightly while imports and exports of iron and steel products were considerably greater than for either July, 1925, or August, 1924.

Bookings and shipments of fabricated structural steel were less than in July but substantially larger than a year ago. Orders, shipments, and unfilled orders of the "business group" of steel furniture and shipments of shelving were also less than in the previous month, while bookings and unfilled orders of shelving increased. Orders for machine tools were greater than for either the previous month or August, 1924, while sales of stokers were considerably smaller than for either of the previous periods.

## PRODUCTION OF PIG IRON AND UNITED STATES STEEL CORPORATION'S UNFILLED ORDERS



NONFERROUS METALS
Slight increases in copper production at the mines, both from the previous month and August, 1924, were accompanied by slight declines from both periods in the smelter production. The world production of blister copper, while slightly greater than in July, was less than a year ago. Exports of copper from the United States were much less than in July and were 6 per cent less than a year ago, while prices averaged higher than for either of the earlier periods.

Orders for brass faucets were larger than for either the previous month or a year ago while shipments,
although less than in July, were also larger than in August, 1924. Sales of tubular plumbing were also greater in both quantity and value than in the previous month and were greater in value than a year ago. The wholesale price of plumbing fixtures, on the other hand, averaged slightly less than for either the previous month or a year ago.
Stocks of tin in the United States were more than 50 per cent greater than at the end of August than for the previous month and were also somewhat larger than on August 31, 1924. Tin deliveries to consuming plants on the other hand were almost the same as
in July, but were 36 per cent greater than a year ago and imports of tin showed a marked increase over both periods. The wholesale price of tin, while slightly less than in July, was 10 per cent greater than in August, 1924. The world visible supply of tin, while slightly greater than in July, was 18 per cent less than a year ago.

## Copper Production and Exports

[August, 1925, is latest month plotted]


An increase in the production and shipments of zinc from the Joplin district was accompanied by a decline in zinc stocks, both from the previous month and from August, 1924. The number of retorts in operation was 4 per cent greater than in July and 18 per cent greater than a year ago. Prices of zinc likewise declined from these two periods.

Tin: Imports, Visible Supply, and Deliveries to Mills


Lead production was 1 per cent larger than in July and 6 per cent greater than in August, 1924. The New York price of desilverized pig lead was also considerably higher than for either of these periods.

Relative Production and Stocks of Zinc
[1913 monthly average $=100$. August, 1925, is latest month plotted]


The output of bituminous coal increased 13 per cent and 25 per cent, respectively, over July and a year ago. Imports were also larger than in either the previous month or in August, 1924. Mine prices for bituminous coal showed slight increases over both the previous month and a year ago. The production of anthracite coal in August was 4 per cent greater than in the previous month and 25 per cent greater than in August, 1924, the August exports being 3 per cent and 85 per cent greater, respectively, than for these earlier periods. Prices were but slightly greater than in July and were 2 per cent less than a year ago.

Production of Bituminous and Antrracite Coal
[August, 1925, is latest month plotted]


Beehive coke production was considerably larger in August than in either the previous month or a year ago. By-product coke production, on the other hand, while slightly less than in July, was much larger than
in August, 1924. Experts of coke were practically the same as in the previous month but were 52 per cent greater than a year ago while prices were 10 and 6 per cent higher, respectively, than for these earlier periods.

## PETROLEUM

The production of crude petroleum was only slightly less in August than in the previous month and was 8 per cent greater than in August, 1924. Stocks also declined from July and were 5 per cent less than a year ago. The consumption, as represented by the total run to the stills, was slightly less than in July, but exceeded that of a year ago by 23 per cent. The price of Kansas-Oklahoma crude averaged 8 cents less a barrel or a 4 per cent decline from the previous month but was 25 per cent above that of a year ago.

The production of gasoline and lubricating oil showed a slight increase over July and a very considerable increase from a year ago. The production of kerosene and of gas and fuel oil, on the other hand, was less than in July, the production of kerosene being also less than a year ago. Stocks of gasoline, kerosene, and lubricating oil were all less than at the end of July, but considerably greater than a year ago. Stocks of gas and fuel oil, on the other hand, showed increases from both prior periods. Prices of gasoline and lubricating oil also showed declines from July while that of gas and fuel oil increased and that of kerosene was unchanged.

Production of Beehive and By-Product Core
[August, 1925, is latest month plotted]


AUTOMOBILES
The output of automobiles in the United States declined greatly in August, both from the previous month and from a year ago, due to changes in models. The Canadian production of automobiles and the production of trucks in both the United States and Canada also declined from the previous month to a much smaller extent, but were considerably larger than a year ago. Despite the decline in automobile production in August, the total for the year thus far was 7 per cent greater than for the corresponding months of last year. August exports greatly exceeded those of either the previous month or August, 1924, the exports of automobiles for the first eight months
of this year being 57 per cent greater and those of trucks 90 per cent greater than for the corresponding months of 1924.
Internal revenue taxes collected on passenger automobiles and motorcycles in August were 17 per cent less than in the previous month. Tax collections on trucks also declined and were 20 per cent less than in August, 1924. Sales of automobile accessories and parts by dealers as derived from figures on tax collections, while practically the same as a year ago, were 33 per cent greater than in July.

Below are given for the first time figures showing new passenger car registrations in the United States, indicative of the sales of new cars, and as such, forming a valuable addition to the store of automotive data already available.

${ }^{1}$ Data compiled by $R$. L. Polk Company, Polk's National New Car Reporting Service, issued monthly, which shows the number of new cars of each make registered in each county in all but three states, estimates being made for these states,

## RUBBER

Crude rubber imports showed only a slight increase over the previous month, but were 54 per cent greater than in August, 1924. Rubber imports for the first eight months were 27 per cent greater than for the corresponding months of last year. The wholesale price of rubber, on the other hand, showed a marked decline during the month, averaging 66.3 cents per pound in August, as compared with 82.5 cents in July, a decline of 20 per cent. The August price, however, was more than 3 times as large as that of a year ago.

## HIDES AND SKINS

The August importation of hides and skins was almost the same as in July and but slightly larger than a year ago, due to a decline in imports of cattle hides, which more than offset increases over July in imports of goatskins, sheepskins, and calfskins. Prices of cattle hides averaged higher during August than during either the previous month or a year ago; those of calfskins, while slightly lower than in July, were 10 per cent greater than in August, 1924.

Exports of sole leather were 42 per cent greater and those of upper leather 10 per cent less than for the previous month. Compared with a year ago, however, exports of sole leather were smaller and those of upper leather greater. Leather prices were the same as the previous month and but little greater than a year ago.

Imports of Hides and Skins
[August, 1025, is latest month plotted]


The output of shoes was approximately 10 per cent greater during August than during either the previous month or a year ago. Exports, however, declined from the previous month, being 6 per cent less than in July and 10 per cent less than in August, 1924. Wholesale prices of shoes in August, being the same as for the previous month, were slightly higher than a year ago.

The production of glove leather was slightly larger than in July and was 27 per cent greater than a year ago. Stocks, however, both in process and finished, were smaller than for either the previous month or for August 31, 1924.

## PAPER AND PRINTING

A decline during the month in the production of mechanical wood pulp was only partially offset by an increase in imports so that, although consumption and shipments declined slightly, stocks at the end of the month were considerably smaller than on July 31. Production of chemical wood pulp was slightly larger and the imports slightly smaller than in July, so that the small increase in consumption and shipments produced a decline of only 2 per cent in the stocks. For the first eight months of this year, production and imports of both chemical and mechanical wood pulp were larger than for the corresponding months of last year.

The output of newsprint paper was only slightly smaller than in July and was 4 per cent larger than a year ago. Shipments showed a corresponding tendency, being 2 per cent greater than in August, 1924. Imports, on the other hand were 13 per cent and 7 per cent less than for these two comparative periods, and stocks, while only 3 per cent greater than in July, wert 22 per cent larger than a year ago.

Newsprint Paper Production and Mill Stocks
[August, 1925, is latest month plotted]


The production of book, wrapping, and fine paper was larger in August than in either the previous month or a year ago, while the production of miscellaneous grades of paper declined from both periods. Stocks of book and fine paper at the end of August also showed increases and those of writing paper decreases from both comparative periods, while the stocks of other grades were less than at the end of the previous month, but greater than a year ago.

## building construction and housing

Building costs in general remained practically the same as for the previous month but were slightly less than a year ago. Contracts awarded for building construction in 36 States were 7 per cent greater than in July in floor space and 11 per cent greater in value, all classes of building except industrial and educational buildings participating in the increase. Compared with a year ago contracts awarded were 74 per cent greater in floor space and 66 per cent greater in value, the only decline from August, 1924, being in the value of contracts for industrial buildings. For the first eight months of this year, lettings were substantially greater than for the corresponding months of last year, all classes of buildings participating in the increase.
[August, 1925, is latest month plotted. Cumulatives for 1925 are through August]


BUILDING MATERIALS
The production of the two principal species of softwood lumber increased in August, both from the previous month and from August, 1924, southern pine recording an advance of 4 per cent, and Douglas fir of 16 per cent. North Carolina pine was also produced in larger quantities than in the previous month, while Northern pine and walnut lumber declined in production. Shipments of all classes of lumber exceeded those of either of these comparative periods with the exception of shipments of Douglas fir which declined from July, 1925, and those of southern pine, which declined slightly from August, 1924. For the first eight months of this year, however, shipments of all classes of lumber, for which data are gathered, exceeded shipments for the corresponding period of last year. New orders for lumber were uniformly greater in August than for either the previous month or a year ago, but stocks showed no general trend, those of southern pine being less and those of western pine and walnut greater than at the end of July, while the stocks of southern pine and walnut lumber were greater and those of western pine less than for a year ago.
Production, shipments, and unfilled orders of flooring material were larger for August than for either the previous month or a year ago. Bookings and stocks of maple flooring, however, were less than for July, but greater than for August, 1924, while the bookings of oak flooring were greater and stocks less than for either comparative period.

The paving brick industry was more active during August than during either the previous month or a year ago, increases over both periods being recorded in orders received, production, shipments, and unfilled orders. In fact, production in this industry did not keep pace with shipments, so that stocks continued to decline. An increase during the month in unfilled orders of common brick, on the other hand, was accompanied by an increase in stocks.

A decline from the previous month in the production of Portland cement was accompanied by an increase in shipments, which resulted in a considerable decline in stocks. Compared with a year ago, however, production, shipments, and stocks of Portland cement all recorded increases. There was a falling off from both the previous month and a year ago in concrete paving contracts awarded, despite smaller increases in contracts awarded for roads.

Shipments and stocks of enameled sanitary ware were less in August than in the previous month but considerably greater than a year ago, all classes showing the same trend except that shipments of miscellaneous ware were less than in August, 1924. Orders received for baths and miscellaneous ware were also smaller than in July but considerably larger than a year ago, while orders received for lavatories and sinks were larger than in either of the prior periods. Unfilled orders for baths were slightly less and those for the other ware greater than at the end of the previous month, but all classes of enameled ware showed fewer unfilled orders than at the end of August, 1924.

## CHEMICALS AND OILS

Imports of potash were 9 per cent less and those of nitrate of soda 34 per cent greater than in July, both of these commodities being imported in much greater quantities than in August, 1924.

Imports of Potash and Nitrate of Soda
[August," 1925, is latest month plotted]


Below are given figures, for the United States and Canada, covering refined methanol.

| Methanol (in Gallons) ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| MONTH, 1925 | crude |  |  | refined |  |
|  | Purchased | Con- sumed | Stocks (end of month) | $\xrightarrow{\text { Pro- }}$ duced | Stocks (end of month) |
| United States: |  |  |  |  |  |
| April. | 430,377 | ${ }_{58}^{579,388}$ | 1,785, 550 | 474, 701 | 717, 853 |
| June- | 336, 740 | 477, 756 | 1,461,989 | 375, 040 | 689, 861 |
| July. | 395, 832 | 643, 148 | 1,543, 375 | 394, 207 | 554, 261 |
| August | 435, 423 | 619, 463 | 1,465,549 | 525,683 | 575, 492 |
| Canada: |  |  |  |  |  |
| May. |  | 29,123 | 58,648 | 27,965 | 50, 344 |
| June |  | 17,493 | 55,475 | 16,793 | 51, 551 |
| July |  | 22,941 | 42,944 | 22,000 | 52, 459 |
| August. |  |  | 42,077 |  | 32, 007 |

${ }^{1}$ Compiled from individual reports of all methanol-refining plants in the United States and Canada by the $U$. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census,
the following grades of methanol being included 95 per cent refined, 97 per cent refined, pure, C. P. and denaturing grade methanol.

Exports of fertilizers, sulphuric acid, and dyestuffs were larger in August than in the previous month and except for exports of sulphuric acid were larger than a year ago. Receipts of turpentine and rosin at the principal ports declined, both from the previous month and from August, 1924, stocks of turpentine increasing and those of rosin decreasing from both comparative periods. The production and stocks of cottonseed oil revealed the opening of the new season by recording pronounced advances from the previous month, production being much greater and stocks
only a little less than for August of last year. Stocks of cottonseed also advanced seasonally and were more than double those of a year ago. The movement of flaxseed at the two northern centers increased seasonally and was much greater than in August of last year. Stocks, on the other hand, continued to decline but were also greatly in excess of those at the end of August, 1924. Shipments of linseed oil and oil cake were greater during August than during either the previous month or August, 1924.

## CEREALS

The movement of wheat was only slightly larger in August than during the previous month, receipts at the principal markets being 4 per cent greater and shipments 22 per cent greater than in July. The August trade, on the other hand, was very much smaller than for August, 1924. Chicago wheat prices strengthened slightly during the month and averaged from 20 to 30 per cent above those of a year ago.

The domestic movement of corn was considerably less than a year ago, "receipts at the principal markets being greater and shipments less in August than in the previous month. The visible supply of this commodity was 80 per cent greater than at the end of July, but was slightly less than a year ago.

Receipts of oats in August were much greater than in either the previous month or a year ago. Exports also increased, but despite this the visible supply was almost twice that at the end of July and was over four times as great as a year ago. Prices consequently climbed, both from the previous month and from August, 1924.

Receipts and exports of barley also recorded pronounced advances over last year's August totals, while receipts and exports of rye were much smaller than a year ago. Barley prices, were, in consequence, lower, and rye prices higher than for the corresponding month of last year. Shipments of rice from New Orleans continued to increase while exports of this commodity increased both over the previous month and from August, 1924.

Car-lot shipments of apples and onions, and receipts of hay showed increases over the previous month, while car-lot shipments of potatoes and citrus fruits declined.

The following figures show a comparison of the pack of canned peas each year since 1921, as compiled by the National Canners' Association. The data given are in thousands of cases of No. 2 cans: 1925, 17,$816 ; 1924,19,315 ; 1923,13,948$; and 1922, 13,042.

## MEATS AND DAIRY PRODUCTS

The movement and local slaughter of cattle and calves increased over July and was also higher than a year ago. Except for total shipments these items also exceeded 1924 on an eight-month total. Exports
and storage holdings of beef products declined from both the previous month and a year ago. Prices of cattle and beef averaged higher than in July except for steer rounds, all quotations being considerably higher than a year ago.

The hog movement and slaughter showed the usual seasonal decline from July and was about 20 per cent less than a year ago, except for stocker and feeder shipments, which increased. The hog movement and slaughter for eight months was also about 20 per cent less than in 1924 except for an increase in stocker and feeder shipments.

Exports of pork products continued their seasonal decline but were over 30 per cent less than a year ago, both for August and for eight months. Storage holdings declined from both the end of July and a year ago, with lard holdings declining 21 per cent from July 31 but only 8 per cent from last year. Prices of hams increased over the July average, but hogs and lard declined, all gaining from 25 to 37 per cent over a year ago.

> Production, Exports, and Storage Holdings of Pork and Pork Products $\cdot$
> [August, 1925, is latest month ploted]


The sheep movement and slaughter made a seasonal increase in August, the changes from a year ago being slight increases in all items except stocker and feeder shipments. Similarly over the eight-month period increases occurred in all items except stocker and feeder shipments. Storage holdings of lamb and mutton showed little change during August but were 39 per cent below August, 1924, holdings. Prices were less than in July but higher than a year ago.

Poultry receipts were slightly less than in August and also somewhat below a year ago, the totals for the year to date showing a decline of 16 per cent. Storage holdings declined 10 per cent during the month but were still 42 per cent above last year.

Butter receipts showed the usual seasonal decline from July and were 4 per cent less than a year ago from August and 5 per cent less for the eight-month period. Although storage holdings increased during August, they were 18 per cent less than a year ago. Butter prices increased over July and were 16 per cent higher than in August, 1924.

Cheese receipts were less than in July but 12 per cent above a year ago, the cumulative total showing almost no change from the 1924 period. Storage holdings were also on the same level as a year ago, but the price of cheese was 22 per cent higher, having risen 5 per cent over July.

Egg receipts, declining according to seasonal trend, were about the same as a year ago, both for August and for eight months. Storage holdings, however, increased 12 per cent over August 31, 1924.

Milk production, as showing by both receipts in Greater New York and the output of the Minneapolis district, increased over 1924, both fer August and for the year to date.

Exports of condensed, evaporated, and powdered milk all declined both from July and a year ago, the cumulatives also showing declines from 1924 except in powdered milk.

## SUGAR AND COFFEE

The usual seasonal decline in imports, meltings, and stocks of raw sugar occurred in August. Imports and stocks were higher than a year ago, but meltings were less. Total imports and meltings since the beginning of the year were both larger than in the 1924 period. Exports of refined sugar, however, increased considerably over both the previous month and a year ago, the cumulative showing a gain of 50 per cent over the 1924 period. Sugar prices increased over July but declined from 15 to 18 per cent from August, 1924.

Raw Sugar: Imports, Meltings, and Refinery Stocks
[August, 1925, is latest month plotted]


Although receipts of sugar at Cuban ports declined 11 per cent from July, exports continued at almost the same level, stocks being reduced by 15 per cent. Compared with a year ago receipts and exports were slightly greater for August and 28 and 16 per cent larger, respectively, for the eight-month period. Stocks at Cuban ports were almost double those held a year ago.

The Brazilian movement of coffee increased over July, but the visible supply declined, and imports into the United States were less. Compared with a year ago all these items declined except clearances from Brazil, and for the eight-month period all items were smaller than in 1924.

Tea imports increased over both July and a year ago, the cumulative figures showing a gain of 5 per cent over the 1924 period.

## TOBACCO

Tobacco consumption and exports declined from July but increased slightly over a year ago, with cigarette consumption showing a gain of 11 per cent over August, 1924, though cigarette exports declined.

> Relative Consumption of Cigars and Cigarettes [1913 monthly average $=100$. August, 1925 , is latest month plotted]


For the year to date cigarette consumption increased 12 per cent but other tobacco products showed a decline, as well as exports of both leaf tobacco and cigarettes. With the beginning of the season of sales from loose-leaf warehouses, there was a gain in August of 17 per cent over a year ago, the eight-month total for 1925 showing an increase of 5 per cent over last year.

## SHIPPING

August showed a decline of 70 per cent from July in vessels completed, but an increase of 112 per cent over a year ago. For the year to date, total launchings were slightly larger than in the 1924 period. Traffic through the Sault Ste. Marie Canals was 6
per cent larger than in August, 1924, with an increase of 13 per cent for the eighth-month period, while Ohio River traffic increased 17 per cent over last year for August and 16 per cent for the cumulative period.

## RAILROADS

Loadings of freight cars in August increased 11 per cent over a year ago, all groups except grain and livestock participating therein, while coal and coke and ore showed particularly large increases. Total loadings for eight months increased 6 per cent over the 1924 period, with grain and livestock again the only declines. Ore loadings made the greatest increase over the 1924 cumulative, with 17 per cent.

Shortage, Surplus, and Bad-Order Freight Cars
[August, 1925, is latest month plotted]


With the seasonal increase in loadings, the surplus of idle cars was reduced at the end of August, but it was still 16 per cent higher than a year ago. Car shortages were about the same as in August, 1924, but still negligible in relation to surplus. Freight cars in bad order declined slightly during August and were less than a year ago, both in number and in percentage to total cars on lines.

LOCOMOTIVE SHIPMENTS AND UNFILLED ORDERS
[August, 1925, is latest month plotted]


Shipments of locomotives by principal manufacturing plants were over 50 per cent greater than in July, but 25 per cent less than a year ago, total shipments for eight months being 24 per cent less than in the 1924 period for all locomotives and 37 per cent less for those for domestic use. Unfilled orders for locomotives declined 18 per cent from the end of July and 14 per cent from a year ago.

Electric railways carried more passengers in August than in July and also more than in August, 1924. For the eight-month period, however, passenger traffic on electric railways was still slightly more than 1 per cent less than a year ago.

## DISTRIBUTION MOVEMENT

Sales of the leading mail-order houses for August increased 3 per cent over July and were 21 per cent larger than a year ago, the totals for the year to date showing an increase of 14 per cent over the 1924 period. The 5 -and-10-cent chains showed an increase in sales of 7 per cent over July and of 14 per cent over a year ago, the eight-month total making a gain of 12 per cent over the 1924 corresponding period. During the past 12 months the number of stores operated by the principal 10 -cent chains increased 6 per cent. Sales of food by restaurant chains were larger than in August, 1924, by 2 per cent, with the eight-month total unchanged from the 1924 period.

Sales by Mail-Order Houses and Chain 10-Cent Stores
[August, 1925, is latest month plotted]


Magazine advertising booked for September was over 10 per cent greater in lineage than for September, 1924, and thus shows an increase for nine months of the year over 1924, as compared with a decrease over eight months. Newspaper advertising in August was 13 per cent larger in lineage than a year ago, the eight-month total showing a gain of 2 per cent. The table in the next column shows the class and amount of national advertising in newspapers of 44 identical cities, as compiled by Printers Ink.

Postal receipts were also considerably larger than in September, 1924, the 50 largest cities showing a
gain of 11 per cent and the next 50 cities a gain of 9 per cent. Both groups increased 8 per cent over 1924 comparisons for eight months.

National Advertising in Newspapers
[Number of lines for 44 identical cities]

|  | June | July | August |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 24, 030, 002 | 18,933,978 | 20,379,631 |
| Automobile advertising. | 3,299,019 | 3,849,085 | 6,275,985 |
| Automobile accessories.- | 1,749, 082 | 1,382, 178 | 1, 244,408 |
| Cigars, cigarettes, and tobacco | 1,210, 447 | 1, 331, 776 | 1,048,335 |
| Financial. | 1,074,855 | 996,762 | 653, 293 |
| Food, groceries, beverages. | 4, 269, 249 | 3, 971, 791 | 2,602, 860 |
| Hotels and resorts. | 952,702 | 883, 297 | 464,355 |
| Household furniture | 425, 731 | 204, 856 | 425,846 |
| Men's clothing.- | 506, 933 | 208, 872 | 74,563 |
| Musical instruments | 106, 665 | 38,370 | 49,372 |
| Radio and electrical | 406, 587 | 292,397 | 312,439 |
| Railroads and steamships. | 2, 530,307 | 2,010,835 | 1,570,418 |
| Shoes.---.....--....-.-- | 246,211 | 132,712 | 42,479 |
| Toilet articles apd medical preparations. | 3, 561, 249 | 3, 367,983 | 2, 990, 192 |
| Miscellaneous. | 84,467 $3,606,498$ | 34,003 229,061 | 31,204 $2,593,891$ |

Tax receipts on firearm sales were 20 per cent less than a year ago but, for eight months, an increase of 25 per cent occurred over 1924. Taxes on security issues and conveyances and on capital-stock transfers both made large increases over the September, 1924, figures, while for eight months the latter taxes increased 71 per cent over 1924 and the former declined 22 per cent.

## LIFE INSURANCE

August sales of life insurance resulted in an increase of 18 per cent over a year ago in new policies and contracts, this ratio remaining about the same for all classes except group insurance, which increased 56 per - cent in number of contracts and 365 per cent in number of certificates. New policies added during eight months increased 10 per cent over the 1924 period, with group insurance again leading with a 35 per cent gain. In amount of new insurance, August sales increased 43 per cent over a year ago, due principally to the almost fivefold increase in group insurance, while for the eight-month period there was an increase of 20 per cent over a year ago. By districts, the sales of ordinary life insurance made increases over July only in the South and far West, with the East showing a decline of 13 per cent, but comparison with August, 1924, shows the greatest gain, 32 per cent in the eastern district, with the South making the least relative gain. Over the eight-month period, however, the western agricultural district made the best showing, as compared with 1924.

Premium collections continued to increase, with gains over a year ago of 13 per cent for August and 14 per cent for eight months. The assets of lifeinsurance companies continued to increase but showed little change in composition from July. Compared with a year ago, the chief changes were gains of 45 per cent in holdings of public-utility securities and of 22 per cent in city-mortgage loans.

## BANKING

Check payments, both for New York City and outside, declined from July and were about 11 per cent greater than a year ago. The cumulative figures show 19 per cent as the gain for New York City payments and 12 per cent for outside New York.

During August, Federal reserve discounts increased 24 per cent, more than doubling the discounts outstanding a year ago. Only slight changes were noted on the other items, the reserve ratio standing at 75 per cent at the end of August, compared with 77.3 per cent a month before and 80.4 per cent a year ago. Member-bank reports show expansion of 1 per cent in loans and slight declines in investments and deposits from the end of July. Interest rates for both time and call money averaged slightly higher than in July.

Savings deposits increased in August through all section of the country, except in the New York and Richmond Federal reserve districts. Compared with a year ago, only the Kansas City district and the Postal Savings System show smaller deposits, the greatest gains being noted in the St. Louis, Dallas, and San Francisco districts.

Agricultural financing reports showed slight increases during August in the outstanding loans of Federal farm-loan and joint-stock land ${ }^{*}$ banks, but declines in loans of the intermediate credit banks and of the War Finance Corporation.

## PUBLIC FINANCE

The outstanding Government debt continues to decline, while money in circulation increased over July, though the per capita computation declined from a year ago. Customs receipts increased 9 per cent over July and 8 per cent over a year ago. Total ordinary receipts of the Government increased 18 per cent over September, 1924, though for the eightmonth period there was a decline of 4 per cent. Expenditures increased 12 per cent over the same period but were still less than receipts.

## CORPORATE FINANCE

The number of business failures continued to decline in August in all classes and, except for trading establishments, was less than a year ago. Liabilities declined at a greater rate, except for a doubling in the manufacturing liabilities over July, which caused an increase in the total as compared with that month. Over the eight-month period the number of failures increased 5 per cent but liabilities declined 22 per cent.

Dividend payments in August were 8 per cent higher than a year ago, street railways making the greatest relative gain. Interest payments alone were less than in August, 1924. For the year to date, however, interest payments increased more than dividends, which averaged about 5 per cent above the 1924 period, the street railways making a gain of 9 per cent.

BUSINESS FAILURES, BY CLASSES OF ESTABLISHMENTS
(Data plotted are 12 months' moving monthly averages. August, 1925, is latest month shown.)


New security issues declined heavily, both from July, 1925, and from August, 1924, though stock issues increased. For the year to date, however, all corporate issues, both stocks and bonds, were in greater volume than a year ago, but less were required for refunding purposes. State and municipal new issues declined considerably, the eight-month total showing a falling off of 12 per cent. New incorporations were much larger than a year ago, though smaller than in July, and made a gain over the 1924 period of 36 per cent in eight months.

Stock prices averaged higher than in July, and transactions were slightly larger. Bond prices averaged somewhat less, though at the end of the month there was a slight gain over August 1, and transactions were 10 per cent smaller. The average municipal bond yield rose to a point above that obtainable in September, 1924.

## GOLD AND SILVER

A decline of 5 per cent from a year ago in August gold receipts put the cumulative total below the 1924 figures. Rand output declined slightly, and was 2 per cent below 1924 for the eight-month total. Both imports and exports of gold were virtually cut in half from July, the import balance being reduced to $\$ 2,700,000$, while for the year to date there still remains an export balance of $\$ 142,000,000$, as against an export balance of $\$ 256,000,000$ a year ago.

Gold Trade Balance, $\underset{\substack{\text { Showing Experss } \\ \text { Exp }}}{\text { Ef }}$ Imports and


Silver production declined 10 per cent from a year ago, but still remains slightly above 1924 on a cumulative basis. An increase of 40 per cent in imports over July was accompanied by a slight decline in exports, the net exports balance of silver being reduced to $\$ 1,000,000$ for the month, while for eight months the export balance was $\$ 22,000,000$, about the same as in
1924. Silver prices averaged slightly higher than in August.

## FOREIGN EXCHANGE AND TRADE

Outside of an increase of 6 per cent in the value of Brazilian exchange, measured in dollars, foreignexchange rates were almost unchanged from July. Except for the Latin countries of Europe and for Japan, the principal exchanges were all higher than a year ago, the principal increases being in South America and India.

Both exports and imports of merchandise increased considerably over July and over a year ago, exports again exceeding imports by a slight margin.

Imports and Exports of Merchandise
[August, 1925, is latest month plotted]


In the chart below is shown a comparison between immigration and emigration for the years 1920 to 1925, inclusive.


## INDEXES OF BUSINESS

The index numbers presented in this table are designed to show the trend in production, prices, trade, etc., in various groups of industry and commerce. They consist in general of weighted combinations of series of individual relative numbers; often the individual relative numbers making up the series are also given. The function of index and relative numbers is explained on the inside front cover. A condensed form of this table is given on page 7.


[^1]INDEXES OF BUSINESS-Continued

|  | Maximum Jan. 1, 1020 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mini- } \\ \text { mum } \\ \text { since } \\ \mathrm{Jan}_{1920}, \end{gathered}$ | 1924 |  |  | 1925 |  |  | per cent increase ( + ) OR DECREASE (-) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | June | July | August | June | July | August | $\begin{gathered} \text { August, 1925, } \\ \text { fuly, } 1925 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { August, 1825, } \\ & \text { August, } 1924 \end{aligned}$ |
| STOCKS <br> (Relative to 1919 monthly average as 100) (Corrected for seasonal variation) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 155 | 91 | 133 | 129 | 133 | 142 | 132 | 142 | +7.6 | +6. 8 |
| Raw foodstuffs | 233 | 73 | 151 | 145 | 156 | 182 | 146 | 158 | +8.2 | +1.3 |
| Raw materials for manufacture | 189 | 89 | 98 | 95 | 100 | 104 | 104 | 124 | $+19.2$ | $-76.0$ |
| Manufactured foodstuffs.- | 115 | 58 | 87 | 89 | 87 | 76 | 83 | 78 | -6. 0 | $-10.3$ |
| Manufactured commodities | 175 | 86 | 169 | 161 | 164 | 176 | 171 | 183 | +7.0 | $+11.6$ |
| Total (Unadjusted inder) | 162 | 84 | 124 | 121 | 120 | 135 | 125 | 125 | -0. 0 | +4. 2 |
| Raw foodstuffs | 239 | 70 | 128 | 112 | 114 | 164 | 122 | 118 | -3. 3 | +3.5 |
| Raw materials for manufact | 187 | 68 | 84 | 82 | 83 | 91 | 87 | 93 | -4. 6 | +12.0 |
| Manufactured foodstuff | 115 | 56 | 87 | 100 | 102 | 76 | 91 | 91 | 0.0 | $-10.8$ |
| Manufactured commodities | 175 | 89 | 169 | 164 | 159 | 177 | 172 | 171 | $-0.6$ | $+7.5$ |
| UNFILLED ORDERS <br> (Relative to 1920 monthly averages as 100) (Iron, Steel, and Building Materials) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total (8 commodities) | 116 | 40 | 43 | 44 | 46 | 51 | 51 | 52 | +2.0 | +13. 0 |
| Iron and steel...- | 112 | 32 | 32 | 31 | 32 | 37 | 36 | 36 | 0.0 | +12.5 |
| Building materials | 153 | 25 | 87 | 96 | 107 | 106 | 113 | 121. | +7.1 | +13. 1 |
| WHOLESALE TRADE <br> (Relative to 1910 monthly average as 100 ) (Distributed by Federal Reserve Districts) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand total, all classes .-.-- | 126 | 60 | 76 | 78 | 83 | 83 | 83 | 87 | +4.8 | +4.8 |
| Hardware (10 districts) | 129 | 59 | 96 | 93 | 93 | 105 | $\therefore 99$ | 97 | -2. 0 | +4.3 |
| Shoes (8 districts) --.. | 136 | 43 | 52 | 44 | 56 | 54 | 45 | 66 | $+46.7$ | +17.9 |
| Groceries (11 districts) | 135 | 62 | 83 | 83 | 83 | 84 | $\cdots 85$ | - 83 | $-2.4$ | -0.0 |
| . Drugs (7 districts) -- | 133 | 88 | 105 | 110 | 107 | 110 | 111 | - 108 | -2. 7 | +0.9 |
| Dry goods (8 districts) | 150 | 58 | 70 | 79 | 102 | 82 | 85 | - 107 | +25.9 | +4.9 |
| Meats | ${ }^{1} 80$ | 46 | 64 | 67 | 68 | 79 | 79 | - 78 | -1.3 | +14.7 |
| RETAIL TRADE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (Relative to 1910 monthly average as 100) |  |  |  |  |  | . |  |  |  |  |
| Mail-order Houses (4 houses) | 148 | 49 | 89 | 69 | 74 | 102 | 87 | 89 | +2.3 | +20.3 |
| Chain Stores: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ten-cent (5 chains) | 366 | 84 | 162 | 163 | 172 | 187 | 183 | 195 | +6. 6 | +13.4 |
| Music (4 chains) -- | 214 | 55 | 75 | 72 | - 91 | 99 | 104 | 128 | +23.1 | +40.7 |
| Grocery (27 chains) | 258 | 119 | 200 | 206 | 201 | 254 | 259 | 241 | -6. 9 | +19.9 |
| Drug (9 chains) | 187 | 109 | 143 | 148 | 152 | 167 | 166 | 171 | +3.0 | +12.5 |
| Cigar (3 chains) | 193 | 106 | 131 | 128 | 138 | 134 | 136 | 142 | +4.4 | +2.9 |
| - Candy (5 chains) | 282 | 109 | 169 | 177 | 180 | 184 | 181 | 202 | $+11.6$ | $+12.2$ |
| Shoe (6 chains) | 186 | 72 | 140 | 113 | 108 | 152 | 122 | 120 | - -1.6 | +11.1 |
| Department Stores: <br> Sales (359 stores) | 210 | 80 | 120 | 91 | 93 | 126 | 95 | 98 |  |  |
| Stocks (314 stores) | 151 | 100 | 127 | 123 | 126 | 129 | 125 | 131 | +4.8 | +5.4 +4.0 |
| EMPLOYMENT <br> (Relative to 1023 monthly average as 100) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number employed, by industries: Total, all classes |  |  | 88 | 85 | 85 | 90 | 89 | 90 | +1. 1 | +5.9 |
| Food products |  |  | 94 | 94 | 95 | 89 | 89 | 90 | +1.1 | -5.3 |
| Textiles |  |  | 84 | 79 | 81 | 88 | 86 | 87 | +1.2 | +7.4 |
| Iron and steel |  |  | 85 | 80 | 79 | 87 | 85 | 85 | 0.0 | +7.6 |
| Lumber. |  |  | 95 | 93 | 93 | 94 | 93 | 93 | 0. 0 | +0.0 |
| Leather |  |  | 83 | 83 | 87 | 86 | 89 | 93 | +4.5 | $+6.9$ |
| Paper and printing |  |  | 99 | 98 | 98 | 99 | 99 | 99 | 0.0 | +1.0 |
| Chemicals_------- |  |  | 85 | 84 | 84 | 87 | 89 | 91 | +2.2 | +8.3 |
| Stone, clay, and glass |  |  | 89 | 94 | 96 | 101 | 97 | 99 | +2. 1 | +3.1 |
| Metals, except iron and steel |  |  | 87 92 | 81 | 81 | 92 91 | 90 | 91 | $+1.1$ | +12.3 |
| Tobacco products. |  |  | 92 | 93 | 93 | 91 | 91 | 90 | $-1.1$ | $-3.2$ |
| Vehicles_--..- |  |  | 85 | 84 | 84 | 90 | 90 | 91 | +1. 1 | +8.3 |
| Miscellaneous. |  |  | 85 | 82 | 80 | 91 | 91 | 90. | $-1.1$ | $+12.5$ |

[^2]INDEXES OF BUSINESS-Continued


INDEXES OF CONSTRUCTION COSTS ${ }^{1}$

${ }^{1}$ Compiled by The American Appraisal Company and represent construction costs as based upon material and labor costs prevailing in the United States. Details of the method employed may be found in the American Appraisal News for January, 1925, p. 9.

## POWDERED MILK

| Month | PRODUCTION ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  | SALES, LESS : RESALES |  | STOCKS ON HAND: (end of month) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1920 | 1921 | 1922 | 1923 | 1924 | 1925 | 1924 | 1925 | 1924 | 1925 |
|  | Thousands of pounds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yearly average... | 4,436 | 3,566 | 3,901 | 5, 734 | 6,426 |  |  |  |  |  |
| January.. | 3,967 | 1,685 | 3,025 | 3, 850 | 6, 294 | 4, 120 | 2,911 | 3,489 | 4,215 | 3, 537 |
| March | $\stackrel{4}{4,075}$ | 2, 561 | 3,373 | 3,874 4,874 | 6,358 7,358 | 5,677 | 3,451 | 2, <br> 3,551 <br> , 581 | 7,865 | 2, $\mathbf{3}, 388$ 3,388 |
| April. | 5,154 | 3,710 | 4,399 | 6,519 | 7,680 |  | 4,430 | 4, 058 | 8,159 | 3,863 |
| May... | 7,624 | 4,822 | 5,601 | 8,047 | 9,152 |  | 5,378 | 4, 586 | 8,526 | 4,849 |
| June... | 6, 330 | 4, 979 | 5, 463 | 8,418 | 9,273 |  | 5,243 | 6,447 | 8,812 | 3,734 |
| July-........ | 5,239 4,255 | 4,743 4,404 | 4,714 4,213 | 6,797 5,251 | 8,029 6,107 | - | 3,980 4,579 | 4,814 | 9,439 8,562 | 3,666 |
| September | 4,037 | 3,288 | 3,685 | 4,955 | 5,306 |  | 3,800 |  | 7,631 |  |
| October-. | 2, 299 | 4, 234 | 3,619 | 5,629 | 4,401 |  | 3,496 |  | 6,571 |  |
| November-. | 2,079 1,949 | 3,491 3,193 | 2,620 2,771 | 4, 820 5,757 | 3,400 3,724 |  | 2,969 4,087 |  | 5,808 4,242 |  |

${ }^{1}$ Compiled by U.S. Department of Agriculture, Bureau of Agricultural Economics, covering practically the entire industry. The data are collected quarterly, but present each month separately. Monthly averages for previous years, in thousands of pounds, are as follows: $1914=1,749,1916=1,549,1917=2,147,1918=2,530,1919=3,634$.
${ }_{2}$ Compiled by the American Dry Mill Institute from 21 identical firms reporting to it.

## TREND OF BUSINESS MOVEMENTS

The following table contains a summary of the monthly figures, designed to show the trend in important industrial and commercial movements. These data represent continuations of the figures presented in the latest semiannual number (August, 1925), in which monthly figures for 1924 and 1925 may be found, together with explanations as to the sources and exact extent of the figures quoted. The figures given below should always be read in connection with those explanations. Data on stocks, unfilled orders, etc., are given as of the end of the month referred to. For explanations of relative numbers, including base periods, see introduction on inside front cover.


TREND OF BUSINESS MOVEMENTS—Continued


2 Cumulative for seven months ending July 31.

## TREND OF BUSINESS MOVEMENTS-Continued

| Where available, September data have been included in this table. The cumulatives shown are in most instances, however, only through August and where designated by a footnote through July. Detailed data for items shown here may be found on pages 29 to 151 of the August, 1925, "Survey" | 1925 |  |  |  | 1924 |  |  | PER CENT INDECREASE (-) |  | cumulative total FROM JANUARY 1 terough august 31 |  | Percentin-crease( + )or decrease$(-)$1920.from1924 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Septem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | July | August | $\underset{\substack{\text { Septem- } \\ \text { ber }}}{\text { St }}$ | August 1925, <br> from <br> July, <br> 1925 | $\left.\begin{gathered} \text { August, } \\ \text { 1925, } \\ \text { from } \\ \text { August, } \\ 1924 \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | 1924 | 1925 |  |
| IRON AND STEEL-Continued Crude Steel-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sheets, blue, black, and galvanized: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 266,290 83.4 | 246,404 75.5 | 270, 212 |  | 144,291 48.7 | 190,436 65.2 | 217,981 75.7 | +9.7 +15.5 | +41.9 +33 | 1,688, 098 | 2, 214, 480 | +31.2 |
| Shipments..........................short tons.- | 231,006 | 223, 454 | 243, 204 |  | 151,255 | 177, 498 | 190, 210 | +8.7 +8.8 | + +37.0 | 1, 643, 166 | 2, 011,372 | +22.4 |
| Sales .....-........................-.-short tons. | 286, 453 | 252, 871 | 239, 492 |  | 135, 998 | 207, 986 | 227, 520 | -5.3 | +15.1 | 1, 437, 417 | 1, 899, 989 | +32.2 |
| Unfilled orders, end of month . -short tons.- | 440, 687 | 475, 950 | 460, 530 |  | 203, 440 | 236, 614 | 274, 325 | -3.2 | +94.6 | 1, 33,17 | 1, |  |
| Stocks, end of month- Total.............--short tons | 132, 552 | 130, 940 | 114, 577 |  | 110, 419 | 112, 729 | 124, 577 | -12.5 | +1.6 |  |  |  |
| Unsold.............-----...-short tons.- | 51, 614 | 42,081 | 38,476 |  | 39, 621 | 42,635 | 43, 001 | -8.6 | -9.8 |  |  |  |
| Steel barrels: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 508, 880 | 506, 894 | 495, 736 |  | 407, 258 | 398, 312 | 389, 064 | $-2.2$ | +24.5 | 3, 094,795 | 4, 020,353 | +29.9 |
| Stocks, end of month.------........-barrels.- | 54, 373 | 44, 631 | 48,052 |  | 47, 629 | 45, 429 | 41, 577 | +7.7 | +5.8 |  |  |  |
| Unfilled orders, end of month.....-barrels.- | 852,594 | 1, 109, 383 | 1, 114, 667 |  | 519,034 | 715, 480 | 905, 870 | +0.5 | +55.8 |  |  |  |
| Wholesale prices: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Iron and steel.......-.--dolls. per long ton.- | 37.61 | 37.45 | 37.39 | 37.35 | 39. 79 | 39.36 | 39.05 | $-0.2$ | $-5.0$ |  |  |  |
| Composite steel --------dolls. per 100 lbs -- | 2.65 | 2.63 | 2.61 | 2.61 | 2.81 | 2. 76 | 2. 72 | $-0.8$ | -5.4 |  |  |  |
| Composite finished steel dolls. per 100 lbs -- | 2. 44 | 2. 43 | 2.42 | 2. 40 | 2. 56 | 2. 52 | 2.49 | -0.4 | -4.0 |  |  |  |
| Structural steel beams - - dolls. per 100 lbs -- | 2,00 | 2.00 | 1.90 | 2.00 | 2.20 | 2. 20 | 2. 10 | $-5.0$ | -13.6 |  |  |  |
| Iron and Steel Products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports (selected series) .--------.-. long tons.- | 99,624 | 110, 122 | 145, 382 |  | 110,055 | 117,243 | 108, 725 | $+32.0$ | +24.0 | 1, 037, 286 | 910,462 | $-12.2$ |
|  | 136,847 | 138, 670 | 188, 963 |  | 138,794 | 135,989 | 133, 540 | +36.3 | +39.0 | 1, 267,630 | 1, 169,920 | -7.7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales (prorated) ----.-..........short tons.- | 252, 300 | 240, 700 | 229, 100 |  | 197, 200 | 171, 100 | 188, 500 | -4.8 | +33.9 | 1,516, 700 | 1,679, 100 | +10.7 |
| Sales -------.---------per ct. of capacity .- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | -4.8 | +33.9 |  |  |  |
| Shipments (prorated)........-short tons.- | 229, 100 | 246, 500 | 240, 700 |  | 229, 100 | 203, 000 | 211, 700 | $-2.4$ | +18.6 | 1, 571,800 | 1,734, 200 | +10. |
| Steel plate, iabricated, bookings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total -----------------------short tons.- | 34, 402 | 29,367 | 26, 210 |  | 21,798 | 32,315 | 19, 402 | -10.8 | -18.9 | 184, 829 | 210,455 | $+13.9$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipments.............- <br> thous. of dolls.- | 1, 806 | ${ }^{1} 1,811$ | 1,690 |  |  |  | 1,519 | -6.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Orders received.......- throus. of dolls.-- | 1,793 1,391 | 111,823 11,446 | 1,666 1,439 |  |  |  | 1, 590 | -8.6 |  |  |  |  |
| Shelving- |  |  |  |  |  |  | I, 194 | -0.5 |  |  |  |  |
| Shipments .----------- thous. of dolls | 514 | ${ }^{1} 482$ | 454 |  |  |  | 471 | -5.8 |  |  |  |  |
| Orders received.-.-.---thous. of dolls.-- Unfilled orders...-.--thous. of dolls.- | 501 360 | ${ }^{1} 1511$ | 4178 |  |  |  | 415 334 | +1.2 +12.3 |  |  |  |  |
| Machinery |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Machine tools, orders..........index number.- | 66.4 | 64.2 | 68.7 |  | 29.1 | 32.2 | 29.7 | +7.0 | +113.4 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 318, 442 | 352,603 | 588, 371 |  | 276, 702 | 244,408 284,607 | 219,946 235,226 | +64.3 | +137.7 +36.5 | 2, $2,686,567$ | 3, 3 , 744,785 | +18.0 +2.2 |
| Unfilled orders .- .-.-........-.-.-. -dollars.. | 460, 383 | 457, 925 | 598, 143 |  | 410, 694 | 378, 016 | 327, 291 | $+30.6$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1288 44,095 | 1147 58,719 | - ${ }^{991}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 715 \\ 37,759 \end{array}$ | 94 41,931 | 73 25,988 | -38.1 -49.1 | -3.2 -28.8 | 754 360,827 | 931 381,162 | $\begin{array}{r} +23.5 \\ +5.6 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pitcher, hand, etc...................number.. | 60,344 | 59,360 | 63,995 |  |  |  |  | +7.4 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3,413 | 3, 151 | 3,289 |  |  |  |  | +4.4 |  |  |  |  |
| Steam, power, sad centrifugal pumps: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipments----------------- | 1,539 | 1,498 | 1,428 |  | 1,065 | 945 | 997 | ${ }_{+4.7}^{+1.6}$ | +51.1 | 9,318 | 10, 543 | +29.5 +13.1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, all classes -...--------.--- number-- | 4, 724 | 3,477 | 3, 513 | 4,281 | 4, 137 | 3, 270 | 3, 721 | +1.0 | +7.4 | 27, 735 |  |  |
| Agricultural implements.-.....-- n - | 69 90 | 57 48 |  |  |  |  |  | -12.3 +16.7 | +2.0 +9.7 |  |  | +29.4 +24.8 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 77, 515 | 76, 267 | 78,539 |  | 53,951 | 65,457 |  | +3.0 | $+20.0$ | 479, 096 | 583, 411 | $+21.8$ |
|  | 64, 302 | 65,495 | 64, 040 |  | 45,352 | 56, 066 | 57, 883 | $-2.2$ | +14.2 | 401, 698 | 475, 717 | +18.4 |
| NONFERROUS METALS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Copper and Brass |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Copper: <br> Production- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mines.....-.-..............-short tons.- | 69,894 | 68, 507 | 68,574 |  | 64,787 | 66,756 | 63,800 | +0.1 | +2.7 | 524, 651 | 566, 873 | +8.0 |
| Smelter-.-------.-.....-short tons.- | 76,587 | 76,335 | 72, 861 |  | 74, 072 | 73, 074 | 74, 390 | -4.6 | $-0.3$ | 592, 763 | 629, 995 | +6.3 |
| World production, blister....-short tons-- | 125,685 | 125, 250 | 122, 144 |  | 121,717 | 119, 166 | 116, 557 | -2.5 | +2.5 | $965,433$ | 1,012,469 | +4.9 +12. |
| Exports_-...-.-.-.-.-.-.-short tons.- | 52,924 .1340 | 52,354 .0395 | 38,285 1.449 | . 1438 | 39,020 .1239 | 40,891 $: 1322$ | 48, 625 .1292 | -26.9 +3.9 | -6.4 +9.6 | 353, 201 | $397,788$ | +12.6 |
| Brass faucets: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders received......-.- | 299, 931 | 336,609 | 362,901 |  | 307, 400 | 243, 540 | 447, 604 | +7.8 | +49.0 | 2, 857, 495 | 2, 954, 987 | +3.4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quantity | 186, 515 | 179, 805 | 216, 768 |  | 125, 914 | 283, 933 | 167, 497 | +20.6 | -23.7 | 1, 941, 663 | 1,616,457 | -16.7 |
|  | 173,020 112.16 | 180,603 111,55 | 202,588 111.44 | $\cdots$ | 118,855 118.05 | 190,438 118.00 | 143,267 117.84 | +12.2 +0.1 | +6.4 -5.6 | 1, 675, 648 | 1,479, 777 | -11.7 |

## TREND OF BUSINESS MOVEMENTS-Continued



## TREND OF BUSINESS MOVEMENTS-Continued



TREND OF BUSINESS MOVEMENTS-Continued

| Where available, September data have been included in this table. The cumulatives shown are in most instances, however, only through August and where designated by a footnote through July. Detailed data for items shown here may be found on pages 29 to 151 of the August, 1925, "Survey" | 1925 |  |  |  | 1924 |  |  | per cent increase ( + ) or DECREASE ( - ) |  | cumdlative total FROM JANUARY I THROUGH AUGUST 31 |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Per } \\ \text { cent } \\ \text { in- } \\ \text { crease } \\ \left.(+)^{2}\right) \\ \text { or de } \\ \text { crease } \\ (-) \\ 1925 \\ \text { from } \\ 1924 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | Septem. ber | July | August | Septem- ber | August, 1925, from July, 1925 | August, 1925, from August, 1924 | 1024 | 1925 |  |
| RUBBER-Continued Other Rubber Products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rubber heels: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production---------------thous. of pairs -- | 14, 002 | 13,472 |  |  | 10,451 | 11,476 | 16,666 |  |  | 298, 982 | ${ }^{2} 112,089$ | +13.2 |
| Shipments- To shoe manuacturers.thous. of pairs.. | 10,229 | 10, 166 |  |  | 9, 262 | 10, 431 | 11, 594 |  |  | 268, 579 | ${ }^{2} 68,227$ | -0.5 |
| To repair trade ........thous. of pairs.- | 6,045 | 8,509 |  |  | 4, 677 | 5, 098 | 5, 783 |  |  | ${ }^{2} 298706$ | ${ }^{2} 36,106$ | +21.5 |
| Stocks, end of month. ....thous. of pairs.- | 46, 774 | 37, 740 |  |  | 32, 144 | 28, 245 | 27, 722 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rubber-proofed fabrics: <br> Production-. <br> Auto fabrics | 566 | 595 | 646 |  | 509 | 656 | 884 | 8.6 |  |  |  |  |
| HIDES AND LEATHER Hides |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Imports: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total hides and skins........-thous. of libs | 36,338 3 411 | 28,780 | 28,624 |  | 28,503 | 27,764 | 27,301 | -0.5 | +3.1 | 230, 280 | 262, 168 | +13.8 |
| Cattle hides-..---.-........-----thous. of libs-- | 16,967 | 12,712 | 9,165 |  | 15,759 | 15,066 | 13,586 | -27.9 | +39.2 | 113, 091 | 117,798 | . 5 |
| Goatskins....-..................thous. of libs.. | 7,408 | 6, 358 | 7,040 |  | 3,715 | 3, 224 | 2,972 | +10.7 | +118.4 | 36, 873 | 57, 058 | +4.2 +54.7 |
| Sheepskins....-...................-thous. of libs.- | 6,568 | 4,755 | 6,442 |  | 3,403 | 4,870 | 5,046 | +35.5 | +32.3 | 40,950 | 48, 111 | +17.5 |
| Stocks, end of month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total hides and skins------- thous. of libs-- | 256,800 202,145 | 259,078 202,014 | 254,801 197,111 |  | 245,155 197,071 | 244,946 197,628 | 247,093 196,965 | -1.7 | +4.0 -0.3 |  |  |  |
| Calf and kip skins....-------- thous. of lbs.- | 35,776 | -36,749 | 37,814 |  | 32,453 | 29, 958 | -31,922 | +2.9 | +26. 2 |  |  |  |
| Sheep and lamb skins........-thous. of lbs.- | 18,879 | 20,315 | 19,876 |  | 15, 631 | 17, 360 | 18, 206 | -2.2 | +14.5 |  |  |  |
| Prices: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Green salted, packers' heavy native steers.-.--.-.-...-.-.-.-.-.-.-. dolls. per lb. | 147 | 166 | 176 | 177 | 131 | . 156 | . 161 | $+6.0$ | +12.8 |  |  |  |
| Caliskins, country No. 1-..--dolls. per lb.- | . 200 | . 218 | . 213 | 198 | .180 | .194 | . 198 | -2.3 | +9.8 +9 |  |  |  |
| Leather |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sole leather--thous. of backs, bends, sides-- | 1, 331 | $\begin{array}{r}1 \\ 1,293 \\ 23 \\ \hline 107\end{array}$ | 1,283 |  | 1,151 | 1,169 | 1,225 | -0.8 | +9.8 +12 | 9,508 | 10,317 | +8.5 |
| Finished sole and belting ---thous. of lbs.- | 24, 283 | 23,707 | 23,617 |  | 20,793 | 21, 006 | 21,094 | -0.4 | +12.4 | 171, 232 | 184,374 | +7.7 |
| Finished upper -------.---thous. of sq. ft-- | 56, 190 | 57,718 | 61,999 |  | 53, 579 | 56,972 | 60,381 | +7.4 | +8.8 | 515, 124 | 499, 650 | -3.0 |
| Oak and union harness .-----stuffed sides.-- | 89,604 | 199,889 | 94,775 |  | 73,787 | 86,013 | 95,349 | -5.1 | +10.2 | 858, 513 | 789,929 | -8.0 |
| Skivers | 30, 537 | ${ }^{1} 30,613$ | 30,587 |  | 28,027 | 32,057 | 33, 377 | -0.1 | -4.6 | 251, 523 | 273, 146 | +8.6 |
| Unfilled orders: <br> Oak and union harness. $\qquad$ sides | 149, | 1229 |  |  | 3 | 200, 031 |  | -4.2 | +9.9 |  |  |  |
| Stocks in process of tanning:----------1. |  | 129 |  |  |  | 200, 031 | 179,868 | -4. 2 | +9.9 |  |  |  |
| Sole and belting.-.---------thous. of libs-- | 93,098 | 91, 125 | 88,487 |  | 88,086 | 87,632 | 88, 130 | -2.9 | +1.0 |  |  |  |
| Stocks end of month:--........thous. of sq. ${ }^{\text {dt.- }}$ | 130, 948 | 135, 871 | 144, 392 |  | 125, 049 | 125, 322 | 129,975 | +6.3 | +15.2 |  |  |  |
| Stocks, end of month: <br> Sole and belting. thous. of Ibs.. | 131, 286 | 134, 726 | 133, 679 |  | 150, 273 |  |  |  | -7.6 |  |  |  |
|  | 319, 124 | 304, 082 | 295, 988 |  | 368,457 | 346,867 | 334, 819 | -0.8 | $-14.7$ |  |  |  |
| Exports: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,374 | 1,206 | 1,716 |  | 2, 242 | 2,076 | 1,817 | +42. 3 | -17.3 | 14,741 | 12,627 | -14.3 |
| Upper-.-.---.-------........thous. of sq. ft... | 7,130 | 7,422 | 6,711 |  | 6,148 | 6,260 | 6,679 | -9.6 | +7.2 | 56, 110 | 58, 424 | +4.1 |
| rices: at scoured backs, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sole, oak, scoured backs, heavy, Boston-...........-.-dolls. per lb.- |  |  |  |  |  | . 440 | . 445 | 0.0 | +4.5 |  |  |  |
| Chrome calf, " B " grades..-dolls. per sq. ft.-- | . 460 | . 460 | . 460 | . 460 | . 430 | . 460 | . 460 | 0.0 | 0.0 |  |  |  |
| Leather Products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Belting sales: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quantity..-.----.-.------- thous. of lbs.-- | 368 | 346 | 352 |  | 320 | 327 | 348 | +1.7 | $+7.6$ | 2, 931 | 2,991 | +2.0 |
| Value $\qquad$ thous. of dolls.- | 643 | 588 | 595 |  | 540 | 552 | 581 | +1.2 | +7.8 | 5,010 | 5,116 | +2.1 |
| Production..-............-.thous, of pairs.- | 23, 449 | ${ }^{1} 24,758$ | 28,374 |  | 21,389 | 25,473 | 27,716 | +14.6 |  |  |  |  |
| Exports $\qquad$ Wholesale pricesthous. of pairs.- | 559 | 488 | 458 |  | 457 | 512 | 480 | -6.1 | -10.5 | 4,217 | 4,574 | +8.5 |
| Men's black calf, <br> blucher, Mass dolls. per pair | 6.40 | 6.40 | 6. 40 | 6.40 | 6.25 | 6.25 | 6.25 | 0.0 | +2.4 |  |  |  |
| Men's dress welt, tan |  |  |  |  |  | 6.25 | 6.25 |  | +2.4 |  |  |  |
| calt, St, Louis | 5.15 | 5.15 | 5.15 | 5.15 | 4.85 | 4.85 | 4.85 | 0.0 | +6.2 |  |  |  |
| Women's black kid, Goodyear welt, St. Louis........dolls. per pair.- | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 3.85 | 3.85 | 3.85 | 0.0 | +3.9 |  |  |  |
| Gloves: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Glove leather- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production.............number of skins.- <br> Stocks (tanned)- | 494, 052 | 442,059 | 456, 059 |  | 318, 586 | 359, 165 | 439, 740 | +3.2 | +27.0 | 3,904,543 | 4, 179, 048 | +7.0 |
| In process.........number of skins.- | 1,269,346 | 1, 205, 971 | 1, 167, 838 |  | 1, 448,544 | 1, 448, 968 | 1, 400, 848 | -3.2 | -19.4 |  |  |  |
| Finished........-. | 419, 211 | 420,949 | 382, 678 |  | 546, 653 | 1534, 581 | -493,927 | $-9.1$ | -28.4 |  |  |  |
| Gloves cut- <br> Total. $\qquad$ dozen pairs_. | 210,598 | 196,614 | 207, 094 |  | 163, 730 | 189, 752 | 183, 865 | +5.3 | +9.1 | 1,558,408 | 1,609,089 | +3.3 |
| Dress and street-- |  |  |  |  |  | 18, 72 | 183,865 | +5.3 | +9.1 | 1,558,408 | 1,000,089 | +3.3 |
| Imported leather.-....dozen pairs.. | 44,970 | 40, 153 | 45,986 |  | 31, 283 | 33, 279 | 32, 227 | +14.5 | +38.2 | 255,969 | 327,492 | +27.9 |
| Domestic leather. $\qquad$ dozen pairs.- | 34, 578 | 32,374 | 31, 932 |  | 25,711 | 30,466 | 27,431 | -1.4 | +4.8 | 255, 163 | 257, 935 | +1.1 |
| Work gloves. $\qquad$ dozen pairs.- | 131, 050 | 124, 087 | 129, 176 |  | 106, 736 | 126, 007 | 124,207 | +4.1 | +2.5 | 1, 047,276 | 1, 023, 662 | -2.3 |
| PAPER AND PRINTING Wood Pulp |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mechanical: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption and shipments....-short tons..- | 149, 129 | 1118,571 | 99,794 129,329 |  | 98,009 125,329 | 116,540 128,183 | 114,737 128,226 | -15.8 | -14.4 | 1, 245, 301 | 2, 174, 835 $1,138,208$ | +74.6 +0.4 |
| Stocks, end of month...........short tons.. | 294, 358 | 1 276,345 | 246, 691 |  | 226,798 | 218, 334 | 204, 725 | -10.7 | +13.0 |  |  | +0.4 |
|  | 30, 199 | 23,369 | 29, 859 |  | 18,042 | 21, 204 | 24, 527 | +27.8 | +40.8 | 141,997 | 206,706 | +45.6 |
| Chemical: <br> Production $\qquad$ short tons.. | 193,552 | ${ }^{1} 193,158$ | 195, 810 |  | 172, 230 | 179, 046 | 185, 800 | +1.4 |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption and shipments..-short tons.. | 192, 808 | ${ }^{1} 190,358$ | 193, 854 |  | 178, 186 | 180, 640 | 188, 082 | +1.8 | +9.4 +7.3 | 1,601,452 | 1, $1,630,882$ | +3.0 +1.8 |
| Stocks, end of month...........-short tons.. | 35,890 | 1 1 40,220 | 39,338 |  | 54,546 | 52,840 | 48,888 | -2.2 | -25.6 |  |  |  |
| Imports.....-..........-.-.-...-- short tons.- | 111, 539 | 107, 752 | 106, 879 |  | 114, 531 | 120,816 | 132, 350 | -0.8 | -11.5 | 767, 805 | 883, 003 | +15.0 |
| Price.......................dolls. per 100 lbs. . | 2.66 | 2.68 | 2.68 | 2.68 | 2.51 | 2.53 | 2.51 | 0.0 | +5.9 | , | 83, |  |

TREND OF BUSINESS MOVEMENTS--Continued


TREND OF BUSINESS MOVEMENTS-Continued


TREND OF BUSINESS MOVEMENTS-Continued

: Cumulative for seven months ending July 31.

TREND OF BUSINESS MOVEMENTS-Continued


## TREND OF BUSINESS MOVEMENTS-Continued

| Where available, Sepiember data have been included in this table. The cumulatives shown are in most instances, however, only through August and where designated by a footnote througJuly. Detailed data for items shown here may be found on pages 29 to 151 of the August, 1925, "Survey" | 1225 |  |  |  | 1924 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { PER CENT IN- } \\ & \text { CREASE }(+) \text { OR } \\ & \text { DEREEASE }(-) \end{aligned}$ |  | cumulative total FROM JANUARY 1 through august 31 |  | Percentin-crease$(+)$or de-crease$(-)$1925from1924 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Septem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | July | August | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Septem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | August, 1925, from July, 1925 | August, 1925, Augum 192t 1924 | 1924 | 1925 |  |
| CHEMICALS AND OLLS-Continued Wood Chemicals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Acetate of lime: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 10,822 | 11,449 10 10 | 11,971 |  | 7,714 | 8, 112 | 8,449 10,025 | +4.6 +9.7 | +47.6 +2.7 | 90,111 75,037 | 91, 469 86,962 | +1.5 +15.9 |
| Stocks, end of month...------- thous. of libs.- | 16,678 | 17, 760 | 16,804 |  | 23,757 | 19,764 | 18,070 | -5.4 | $-15.0$ |  |  |  |
| Exports ...............--...---- thous. of lbs-. | 1,498 | 2,457 | 1,231 |  | 3,196 | 728 | 2,402 | -49.9 | $+69.1$ | 14, 845 | 12,732 | -14.2 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production.......-.-...............gallons .- | 556, 449 | 600,696 | 573, 469 |  | 408, 132 | 444, 612 | 464,702 | -4.5 | +29.0 | 4, 804, 534 | 4, 665, 861 | -2.9 |
| Shipments or use---.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-gallons-- | 562,733 | 591, 443 | 626,701 |  | 448, 022 | 525,756 | 578,381- | +6.0 | +19.2 | 4, 674, 282 | 4, 517, 610 | -3.4 |
|  | $1,783,159$ 17 8 | 1, $\begin{array}{r}107,748 \\ 28,447\end{array}$ | $1,597,933$ 9,881 |  | 1, ${ }_{5}{ }_{50,462}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1,797,729 \\ 77 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | $1,656,499$ 19,747 | - 11.6 | -11.1 |  |  | -41.2 |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}17,853 \\ .58 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}28,447 \\ \hdashline 88\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}9,881 \\ .58 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | . 49 | 50,462 | 77,547 .68 | 19,747 .68 | -65.3 0.0 | -87.3 | 492, 461 | 289, 572 | -41.2 |
| Wood at chemical plants: Consumption (carbonized) St........-cords.- | 59,538 | 62,615 | 61, 519 |  | 46,536 | 47, 198 | 49,850 | -1.8 | +30.3 | 520, 859 | 491, 029 |  |
| Stocks, end of month--............-cords-- Daily capacity: | 556, 817 | 463, 904 | 529, 294 |  | 623, 940 | 663, 715 | 645,956 | +14.1 | -20.3 |  |  |  |
| Total................................cords.- | 4,807 | 4,639 | 4,639 |  | 4,609 | 4,609 | 4, 819 | 0.0 | +0.7 |  |  |  |
|  | 3,908 | 3,776 | 3,728 |  | 3, 580 | 3, 544 | 3,724 | -1.3 | +5.2 |  |  |  |
| Ethyl Alcohol |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production........................thous. of gals.. | 13,457 | 13,143 |  |  | 9, 254 | 11, 029 | 13,118 |  |  | ${ }^{2} 69,919$ | ${ }^{2} 93,449$ | +33.7 |
| (Black powder, permissibles, and other high explosives) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production....-.-................-thous. of lbs... | 33, 894 | 35,621 | 37,436 |  | 31, 097 | 33, 890 | 37, 158 | +5. 1 | +10.5 | 261, 512 | 277,390 | $+6.1$ |
| Shipments.......................--thous. of lbs.. | 35, 492 | 35,545 | 37,429 |  | 36, 199 | 34, 235 | 37, 062 | +5.3 | $+9.3$ | 270, 776 | 278, 686 | +2.9 |
| Sales-.............................thous. of libs.. | 34, 880 | 33,869 | 36,402 |  | 30,765 | 33,609 16,101 | 35,777 16,314 | +7.5 +2.5 | +8.3 +3.0 | 257, 294 | 269, 232 | +4.6 |
| Naval Stores |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Turpentine (3'principal ports): <br> Net receipts. barrels. <br> Stocks, end of month........................................ | 42,146 35,402 | 42,703 44,957 | 36,945 58,437 |  | 46,751 34,200 | 40,605 43,567 | 34,364 52,856 | -13.5 +30.0 | -9.0 +34.1 | 198, 198 | 193,333 | -2.5 |
| Rosin (3 principal ports): <br> Net receipts. barrels | 126, 622 | 134, 609 | 122, 022 |  | 129, 907 | 124,876 | 113, 209 | -9.4 | -2.3 | 677, 149 | 697, 495 | +3.0 |
| Stocks, end of month.-....-...-.---barrels.- | 210, 059 | 211, 452 | 202, 247 |  | 270, 218 | 274, 605 | 273, 721 | -4.4 | $-26.3$ |  |  |  |
| Fats and Oils |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total vegetable oils: <br> Exports. <br> thous. of lbs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 5,657 58,950 | 2,525 44,941 | 47, ${ }^{3,486}$ |  | - 34,856 | 47,838 | 46,118 | +38.1 +5.3 | $\underline{+67.2}$ | 615,583 | 450,667 | +43.9 -26.8 |
| Oleomargarine: | 15,312 | 15,809 | 17,191 |  | 15,519 | 15,900 | 19,260 | +8.7 | +8.1 |  |  |  |
|  | 14, 623 | 14, 704 | 17,068 |  | 15, 095 | 15,857 | 20, 202 | +16.1 | +7.6 | 153, 341 | 137, 107 | -10.6 |
| Cottonseed |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cottonseed stock, end of month...........tons.- | 28, 502 | 33, 577 | 189, 542 |  | 21, 711 | ${ }^{1} 93,822$ | 380, 443 | +464.5 | +102.0 |  |  |  |
| Cottonseed oil: <br> Stocks, end of month.........thous. of lbs |  |  | 8, 041 |  | 4,053 | 18,258 | 44,116 | +57.6 |  |  |  |  |
| Production-1..............-.thous. of libs.-- | 18, 493 | 12,815 | 33, 846 |  | 7,158 | 117,583 | 91, 756 | +164.1 | +92.5 | 410, 534 | 676, 658 | +64.8 |
| Price, New York............-. dolls. per 1b.-1 | . 107 | . 114 | . 113 | 1.07 | . 121 | . 139 | . 108 | -0.9 | -18.7 |  |  |  |
| Flaxseed |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minneapolis and Duluth: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 819 | 758 | 1,412 |  | 386 | 297 | 3,664 | $+86.3$ | +375. 4 | 3,130 | 7,323 | +134.0 |
|  | 200 | 364 | 602 |  | 166 | 146 | 1,747 | +65.4 | +312.3 | 2,057 | 3,065 | +49.0 |
|  | 617 | 581 | 291 |  | 93 | 72 | 1,063 | -49.9 | +304.2 |  |  |  |
| Argentina:Exports..................-- thous. of bushs.--Stocks..................... | 3,637 | 3,781 |  |  | 3,810 | 3,098 | 2,306 |  |  | ${ }^{3} \mathbf{4 2 , 4 3 6}$ | ${ }^{8} 20,999$ | $-50.5$ |
|  | 5,000 | 5,200 | 4,400 |  | 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 | $-15.4$ | +46.7 |  |  |  |
| Linseed oil: Shipments from <br> Minneapolis thous. of lbs.- | 12,681 | 9,380 | 10,881 | 13, 840 | 6, 286 | 4,188 | 8,883 | +16.0 | +159.8 | 69, 280 | 104, 314 | +50.6 |
| Linseed-oil cake: Shipments from Minneapolis. thous. of lbs. | 15,637 | 14,624 | 24,490 | 24, 916 | 10,466 | 9,388 | 15,955 | +67.5 | +160.9 | 102, 353 | 164, 769 | +61.0 |
| FOODSTUFFS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wheat |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production, monthly estimate: ${ }^{4}$ <br> Winter.........................thous. of bushs. |  |  | 415,697 |  |  | 590,037 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 262, 749 | 283, 872 | 281, 575 |  |  | 282,636 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 678, 446 | 699, 569 | 697, 272 |  |  | 872,673 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Visible supply: <br> United States $\qquad$ thous. of bushs | 30,420 | 33, 248 | 38, 167 |  | 43,779 | 76, 537 | 88, 291 | +14.8 | -50.1 |  |  |  |
| Canada | 40,087 | ${ }_{22} \mathbf{2 2}, 513$ | 7,586 |  | 31, 306 | 19, 789 | 13, 501 | -66.3 | -61.7 |  |  |  |
| Receipts, principal markets .--thous. of bushs--- | 21,866 17,719 | 41, 783 268 | 43,342 27,652 |  | 35,074 16,302 | 92,987 52,826 | 82,075 58,482 | +3.7 +21.9 | -53.4 -47.7 | 223,637 145,341 | 196,989 157,756 | -11.9 +8.5 |

[^3]${ }^{3}$ Cumulitive for seven months san. 1 to July mint following month indicated. Data for a year ago represent final estimate of the 1924 crop.

TREND OF BUSINESS MOVEMENTS-Continued

${ }^{1}$ Revised. $\quad$ First of the second month following month indicated. Data for a year ago represent final estimate of the 1824 crop.

## TREND OF BUSINESS MOVEMENTS-Continued



## TREND OF BUSINESS MOVEMENTS-Continued



## TREND OF BUSINESS MOVEMENTS-Continued

| Where available, September data have been included in this table. The cumulatives shown are in most instances, however, only through August and where designated by a footnote through July. Detailed data for items shown here may be found on pages 29 to 151 of the August, 1925, "Survey" | 1925 |  |  |  | 1924 |  |  | PER CENT IN- <br> CREASE ( + ) OR <br> DECREASE ( - ) |  | CUMULATIVE total FROM JANUARY 1 THROUGH AUGUST 31 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { cent } \\ & \text { in- } \\ & \text { crease } \\ & (+) \\ & \text { or de- } \\ & \text { crease } \\ & (-) \\ & \text { i925 } \\ & \text { from } \\ & 1924 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | Septem- | July | August | September | August, 1925, from July, 1925 | August, 1925, from August, 1924 | 1924 | 1925 |  |
| TRANSPORTATION <br> River and Canal Cargo Traffic |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Panama Canal: <br> Total cargo traffic. $\qquad$ thous. of long tons.In American vessels. thous. of long tons.- <br> In British vessels. $\qquad$ thous. of long tons.- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,920 | 1,961 |  |  | 2,097 1,196 | 1,958 | 2, 112 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}215,576 \\ \mathbf{2} 9,111 \\ \mathbf{2} \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 213,506 2 2 2 2 | -13.3 -18.8 -1.0 |
|  | 502 | 476 |  |  | 538 | 445 | 527 |  |  | ${ }^{2} 3,826$ | 2 3, 328 | -13.0 |
| Canals: <br> Sault Ste. Marie $\qquad$ thous. of short tons.- <br> Mississippi River: <br> Government-owned barges $\qquad$ short tons.- <br> Ohio River, Pittsburgh, Pa., to <br> Wheeling, W. Va_ $\qquad$ short tons.- | 10,942 | 10,668 | 11,663 | 10,904 | 11, 140 | 11,051 | 9,661 | +9.3 | +5.5 | 44, 751 | 49,087 | +9.7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 75,283 |  |  |  | 70,387 | 76,609 | 80,537. |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 565.228 | 609, 727 | 716, 142 | 668,392 | 439,861 | 609,940 | 573, 668 | $+17.5$ | +17.4 | 3,633, 776 | 4, 209, 754 | +15.9 |
| Ocean Traffic |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clearances, vessels in foreign trade: | 6,378 | 6,833 | 6,917 |  | 6,638 | 6,713 | 6,4 | +1.2 | +3.0 | 44,957 | 46,434 | +3.3 |
| American--.-................thous. of net tons. | 2,481 | 2,578 | 2,586 |  | 2, 724 | 2,877 | 2,872 | +0.3 | -10.1 | 19,538 | 18,052 | -7.6 |
| Foreign.-.-.-.-.-.-........thous. of net tons.- | 3,897 | 4,255 | 4,331 |  | 3,913 | 3,837 | 3,607 | +1.8 | +12.9 | 25, 421 | 28, 382 | +11.7 |
| Vessel construction: <br> Completed during month- <br> Total...--.......................................... Steess tons seagoing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 18,687 | 30, 101 | 8,415 | 21, 758 | 18,070 | 3,965 | 25,875 | -70.0 | +112.2 | 144,980 | 148, 923 | +2.7 |
|  | 9,767 | 21, 951 | 1,631 | 17, 191 | 10, 484 | 386 | 12,346 | -92.6 | +322.5 | 91, 497 | 90,796 | $-0.8$ |
| Steel seagoing $\qquad$ gross tons.Building or under contract, end of mo.Merchant vessels...thous. of gross tons. | 186 | 157 | 155 |  | 164 | 164 | 168 | -1.3 | -5.5 |  |  |  |
| Cars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Surplus (daily av. last week of month): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 149, 405 | 139,428 80,661 | 85,732 40,427 | 58,203 61,370 | 138,734 146,840 | 69,244 97 | 36,768 58,375 | -38.5 -49.9 | $\pm \begin{aligned} & +23.8 \\ & -58.3\end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Total | 307, 495 | 263, 876 | 162, 397 | 140,842 | 322, 330 | 194, 306 | 116, 689 | -38.5 | -16.4 |  |  |  |
| Shortage (daily av. last week of month) : Box | 9 | 4 | 272 | 364 | 94 | 212 | 270 |  | +28.3 |  |  |  |
|  | None. | None. | 354 | 153 | 13 | 19 | 274 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 18 | 4 | 636 | 558 | 150 | 248 | 670 |  | 156.5 |  |  |  |
| Car loadings (monthly totals) : |  | 3,888 |  | 4, 297 | 3, 525 | 4,844 |  |  | +10.7 | 31, 554 | 33, 550 | +6. 3 |
| Train and grain products.-.-. thous. of ears.-- | 3,956 | 3,888 165 | 5,364 | 4,210 | 3, 174 | 4,304 | , 269 | +38.0 +64.2 | $\pm 10.9$ | 1,556 | 1,458 | -6.3 |
| Livestock....................thous. of cars.- | 106 | 105 | 149 | 131 | 118 | 152 | 147 | +41.9 | -2.0 | 1, 093 | 1,021 | -6.6 |
| Coal and coke................thous. of cars.- | 659 | 680 | 1, 023 | 731 | 577 | 806 | 750 | $+50.4$ | +26.9 | 5,778 | 6, 206 | +7.4 |
| Forest products................thous. of cars.- | 295 | 258 | 358 | 279 | 240 | 343 | 269 | +38.8 | +4.4 | 2,516 | 2, 589 | +2.9 |
| Ore..-.-..............-....- thous. of cars.- | 252 | 251 | 315 | 230 | 221 | 255 | 188 | +25.5 | +23.5 | 1,166 | 1,360 | $+16.6$ |
| Merchandise, l. c. l .-......- thous. of cars | 1,029 | 985 | 1,297 | 1,046 | 917 | 1,213 | 987 | +31.7 | +6.9 | 8,334 | 8, 761 | +5.1 |
| Miscellaneous..-.-.-.-....-- - thous. of cars.- | 1, 470 | 1,444 | 1,951 | 1, 670 | 1,279 | 1,771 | 1,537 | +35.1 | +10.2 | 11, 112 | 12,155 | +9.4 |
| Cars in bad order: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, end of month........................cars.. Ratio to total on line.....................per cent.. | 198,468 8.5 | 197,281 8.4 | 197,178 8.4 |  | 202,864 8.9 | 210,109 9.2 | 206,044 8.9 | -0.1 0.0 | -6.2 |  |  |  |
| Railroad Operations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenue: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Freight $\qquad$ Passenger thous. of dolls.thous. of dolls.- | $\begin{array}{r}365,988 \\ 92 \\ \hline 1896\end{array}$ | 377,517 97,916 | 403,311 103,961 |  | 340,088 97,359 | 358, 510 | $\begin{array}{r}399,038 \\ 93 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | +6.8 +6.2 | +12.5 -0.6 | 2, 767, 784 | 2, 9001,042 | $\underset{+4.1}{+4.8}$ |
|  | 500, 809 | 522, 427 | 555,367 |  | 481, 826 | 508, 506 | 540,839 | +6.3 | +9.2 | 3,862, 574 | 3, 973,034 | +2.9 |
| Operating expenses...........thous. of dolls.- | 375, 936 | 382, 905 | 388, 970 |  | 370, 100 | 373, 671 | 381, 623 | +1.6 | +4.1 | 3,017, 922 | 3, 010, 744 | -0.2 |
| Net operating income.....-thous. of dolls -- | 91, 751 | 99, 463 | 124, 805 |  | 74, 368 | 95, 707 | 116, 760 | +25.5 | +30.4 | 562,419 | 665, 954 | +18.4 |
| Freight carried....--.....mills. ton-miles... | 35, 863 | 37, 968 |  |  | ${ }^{1} 33,185$ | 36,442 | 39, 046 |  |  | 237,906 | 250,500 | +5.3 |
| Pullman Company operations: | 7, 291 | 7,562 | 7,768 |  | 6,345 | 7, 182 | 6, 512 | +2.7 | +8.2 | 49,112 | 53, 238 | +8.4 |
| Expenses....-.-.-...............thous. of dolis.- | 5,216 | 5, 003 | 5,020 |  | 5, 421 | 4,998 | 5,072 | +0.3 | +0.4 | 40,748 | 41, 205 | +1.1 |
| Passengers carried thousands.Locomotives in bad order: | 3,150 | 3,276 | 3,633 |  | 3,097 | 3,491 | 3,167 | +10.9 | +4.1 | 22, 820 | 23,491 | +2.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11,329 | -1.0 | -3.8 |  |  |  |
|  <br> Per cent of total in use. $\qquad$ per cent.- | 10,917 17.1 | 10,658 16.7 | 10,501 |  | 11,105 | 17,0 | 11,329 17.6 | -1.2 | -2.8 |  |  |  |
| Equipment Installations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Locomotives (Arn. Ry. Assn.): | 64,435 | 64, 420 | 64,357 |  | 65, 008 | 65, 062 | 65, 071 | -0.1 | -1.1 |  |  |  |
| Tractive power-.....-...-....inills. of lbs.-- | 2, 591 | 2, 594 | 2, 596 |  | 2, 576 | 2, 583 | 2,586 | +0.1 | +0.5 |  |  |  |
| Installed during month.......-.-- - | 179 | 139 | 147 |  | 197 | 229 | 160 | +5.8 | -35.8 | 1,497 | 1,213 | -19.0 |
| Retired during month............-number-- | 224 | 170 | 210 |  | 113 | 166 | 151 | $+23.5$ | +26.5 | 1,210 | 1,737 | +43.6 |
| Ordered from manufacturers . . ...number... Shipments, by manufacturers- | 16 | 39 | 26 | 86 | 91 | 9 | 111 | -33.3 | +188.9 | 870 | 423 |  |
|  | 110 | 66 | 104 | 94 | 140 | 139 | 104 | +57.6 | $-25.2$ | 990 | 752 | $-24.0$ |
|  | 61 | 58 | 91 | 50 | 130 | 121 | 79 | $+56.9$ | -24.8 | 908 | 571 | -37.1 |
| Unfilled orders, by manufacturers- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. $\qquad$ number.Domestic number | 397 300 | 378 283 | 209 | 363 296 | 48 | 361 306 | 383 | -18.3 5 | -14.4 -26.5 |  |  |  |
| Building in railroad shops |  |  |  |  | 63 | 50 | 37 | -23.7 | -10.0 |  |  |  |
| (end of month) | 66 43 | 59 12 | 11 |  | 17 | 36 | 51 | $-8.3$ | -69.4 |  |  |  |
| Freight cars (Am. Ry. Assn.): | 2359,040 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $2,359,040$ 210 | 2, 361, ${ }_{210} \mathbf{5 1}$ | $2,363,849$ 211,102 |  | $2,322,968$ 204,777 | $2,329,582$ 205,690 | 2, 336, 147 | +0.1 +0.2 | +15 +2.6 |  |  |  |
| Installed during month.-----.-....- | 12,191 | 10,542 | 11, 554 |  | 16,583 | 15,452 | 15, 455 | +9.6 | -25.2 | 96, 398 | 103,817 | $+7.7$ |
| Retired during month.-.-.-..........number-- | 9,797 | 10, 051 | 9,259 |  | 8,413 | 8, 834 | 9,337 | $-7.9$ | +4.8 | 74, 200 | 77,649 | +4.6 |
| Ordered from manufacturers.-.-- | 777 | 843 | 2,816 | 6,113 | 567 | 5,054 | 23,597 |  |  | 82,474 | 39, 284 |  |
| Sbipments by manufacturers (I. C. C.): <br> Freight cars, total $\qquad$ number.- <br> Domestic. $\qquad$ number.. | 7,639 | $5 ; 040$ 4,880 |  |  | 9,584 9,580 | 9,411 | 9,467 9,440 |  |  | 242,445 <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & 858,506 \\ & 356,160 \end{aligned}$ | +37.8 +33.5 |

TREND OF BUSINESS MOVEMENTS-Continued


## TREND OF BUSINESS MOVEMENTS-Continued

| Where available, September data have been included in this table. The cu- | 1925 |  |  |  | 1924 |  |  | PER CENT INcrease ( + ) or DECREASE (一) |  | cumulative total FROM JANUARY 1 tHROUGH aUGUST 31 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \text { cent } \\ & \text { in- } \\ & \text { crease } \\ & (+) \\ & \text { or de } \\ & \text { crease } \\ & (-) \\ & 1925 \\ & \text { fromi } \\ & 1924 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| July. Detailed data for items shown here may be found on pages 29 to 151 of the August, 1925, "Survey" | June | July | August | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Septem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | July | August | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Septem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { August, } \\ & 1025, \\ & \text { from } \\ & \text { July, } \\ & 1925 \end{aligned}$ | August, 1925, from August, 1924 | 1924 | 1925 |  |
| EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES-Contd. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wages of common labor by geographic divisions: <br> New England. cents per hour. | 46 | 47 | 47 |  | 51 | 47 | 48 | 0.0 | 0.0 |  |  |  |
| Middle Atlantic.-.-.......-cents per hour-- | 42 | 43 | 42 |  | 43 | 42 | 41 | -2.3 | 0.0 |  |  |  |
| South A tlantic-.-.........cents per hour-- East South Central | 29 26 | $\stackrel{28}{25}$ | 28 28 |  | $\stackrel{28}{24}$ | ${ }_{25}^{28}$ | $\stackrel{29}{29}$ | 0.0 0.0 | 0.0 0.0 |  |  |  |
| West South Central--.-.-.-.cents per hour-- | 25 | 26 | 25 |  | 26 | 28 | 28 | -3.8 | $-10.7$ |  |  |  |
| East North Central.........cents per hour.- | 38 | 36 | 38 |  | 39 | 39 | 43 | +5.6 | -2.6 |  |  |  |
| West North Central..-...-. cents per hour-- | 38 | 35 | 38 |  | 36 | 39 | 39 | +8.6 +8.6 | -2.6 |  |  |  |
| Mountain....-.-.-.........cents per hour-- | 47 | 48 | 44 |  | 41 | 40 | 43 | -8.3 | +10.0 |  |  |  |
| Pacific -----.-...-.-....cents per hour-- | ${ }_{38}^{53}$ | 52 38 | 52 |  | 53 | ${ }_{38}^{53}$ | 52 | 0.0 | -1.9 |  |  |  |
| Wage rates, U. S. Steel Oorp-cents per hour..- | 38 40 | 38 40 | 48 |  | 38 40 | 38 40 | 39 40 | 0.0 | 0.0 |  |  |  |
| Wage rates, U. S. Steel Corp_-cents per hour-Applicants per fob, employment agencies: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U. S. average....-..............-.number-- | 1. 55 | 1.40 | 1.31 |  | 1. 59 | 1. 39 | 1.26 | -6.4 | $-5.8$ |  |  |  |
| $\xrightarrow[\text { Centern }]{\text { States }}$ average | 1. 18 | 1.32 1.77 | 1.23 1.67 |  | 1.43 2.00 | 1.25 1. 75 | 1.16 1.64 | -6.8 | -1.6 <br> -4.6 |  |  |  |
| Southern States average.............number. | 1. 22 | 1.36 | 1.27 |  | 1.34 | 1.31 | 1.11 | -6.6 | $-3.1$ |  |  |  |
| Western States average................number.. DISTRIBUTION MOVEMENT | . 59 | . 71 | . 65 |  | . 82 | . 67 | . 57 | -85 | 2.0 |  |  |  |
| Mail-order houses: thous of dolls |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total sales------------thous. of dolls-- | 30,526 | 27,916 17,073 | 28,749 16,947 | 34,836 19 | 22,069 13 | 23,809 13 | 31,448 17 | ${ }_{+0.0}^{+3.0}$ | $+20.7$ | 226,522 131,810 | 257, 334 | $+13.6$ |
|  | 16,095 14,431 | 17,073 10,843 | 16,947 | 19,359 | 13,416 8,653 | 13,476 10 | 17,905 13,543 | -0.7 +8.8 | +25.8 +14.2 | 131,810 94,712 | 152,263 105,071 | +15.5 +10.9 |
| Ten-cent stores: Total sales................thous. of dolls |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total sales-.................thous. of dolls | 31,350 $\mathbf{2 , 0 1 2}$ | 30,628 2,015 | $\begin{array}{r}32,668 \\ 2,034 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 32, 075 | 27,320 1,902 | 28,787 1,908 | 28,396 1,919 | +6.7 +0.9 | +13.5 +6.6 | 214, 100 | 240, 515 | $+12.3$ |
| F. W. Woolworth \& Co.--thous. of dolls | 17,920 | 17,829 | 18,780 | 18,129 | 15,950 | 16,927 | 16,528 | +5.3 | +10.9 | 124, 167 | 137, 892 | +11.1 |
| Number of stores operated. | 1,403 | 1,405 | 1,411 |  | 1,328 | 1,334 | 1,345 | +0.4 | +5.8 |  |  |  |
| S. S. Kresge Co--..---..--thous. of dolis.- | 7,898 | 7,510 | 8,178 | 8,222 | 6,371 | 6, 802 | 6,851 | +8.9 | +20.2 | 52, 529 | 60, 343 | +14.9 |
| Number of stores operated...-------- | He275 | 275 | \% 285 |  | - 245 | 2, 245 | 245 1,894 | +8.6 +8.3 +1 | +16.3 +13.2 |  |  |  |
| McCrory Stores Corp -...-.thous. of dolls Number of stores operated | 2,189 +173 | 2,151 | 2, 329 | 2, 284 | 1,909 | 2,058 | 1, 894 | +8.3 +1.2 | +13.2 +2.3 | 14,695 | 16, 523 | +12.4 |
| S. H. Kress \& Co.......thous. of dolls | 3,343 | 3,138 | 3,381 | 3,440 | 3,099 | 3,000 | 3,171 | +1.2 +7.7 | +12.7 | 22, 727 | 25, 758 | +13.3 |
| Number of stores operated | 161 | 162 | 163 |  | 158 | 158 | 158 | +0.6 | +3.2 |  |  |  |
| Restaurant chains: | 2,811 | 2,967 | 3,151 |  | 2,940 | 3,078 | 3,114 | +6.2 | +2.4 | 23, 919 | 23, 913 | . 0 |
|  | ${ }^{2} 218$ | ${ }^{218}$ | , 220 |  | , 221 | , 221 | ${ }^{2} 22$ | +0.9 | -0.5 |  |  |  |
| Child's Co...................-thous. of dolls.- | 1,810 | 1,943 | 2,109 | 2,151 | 1,900 | 2,023 | 2,034 | +8.5 | +4.3 | 15,259 | 15,560 | +2.0 |
| Waldorf System (Inc.) .....thous. of dolls.- | 1,001 | 1,024 | 1,042 |  | 1,040 | 1,055 | 1,080 | +1.8 | -1.2 | 8,660 | 8,356 | -3.5 |
| Chain stores: | 7,022 |  |  |  | 4,752 |  |  |  |  | 39,719 | 48, 033 | +20.9 |
| Number of stores | , 591 | , 593 | , 618 | ${ }^{8} 645$ | ${ }^{501}$ | ${ }^{547}$ | , 560 | +4.2 | +13.0 | 3, |  |  |
| United Cigar Stores Co....thous. of dolls.- | 5,965 | 6, 020 | 6, 303 |  | 5,741 | 6, 201 | 6, 151 | +4.7 | +1.6 | 47,440 | 47, 029 | -0.9 |
| Number of stores....-.-- | 2, 690 | 2,731 | 2,810 |  | 2,495 | 2,529 | 2,546 | +2.9 | +11.1 |  |  |  |
| A. Schulte (Inc.).............thous. of dolls... Number of stores_-.................... | 1,913 | ${ }_{1}^{1,965}$ | 2,057 |  | 1,800 | $\begin{array}{r}1,903 \\ 254 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,908 | +4.7 +0.4 | +8.1 +5.1 +1 | 14,209 | 15,367 | +8.1 |
| Owl Drug Co...........-.thous. of dolls.- | 1,455 | 1,418 | 1,453 |  | 1,439 | 1,501 | 1,468 | +0.4 | ${ }_{-3.2}^{+5.1}$ | 11,085 | 10, 932 | -1.4 |
| Number of stores. | 85 | 1,85 | 1,85 |  | , 84 | 84 | 1,86 | 0.0 | +1.2 |  |  |  |
| Magazine advertising ..........- - hous. of lines.- | 2,232 | 1,675 | 1,489 | 1,979 | 1,658 | 1,408 | 1,795 | -11.1 | +5.8 | 16,081 | 15,965 | -0.7 |
| Newspaper advertising--......--thous. of lines.- | 96,012 | 82,044 | 85,660 |  | 76, 188 | 76,051 | 94,903 | +4.4 | +12.6 | 747, 920 | 766, 152 | +2. |
| Postal receipts, 50 selected <br> PR cities. $\qquad$ thous. of dolls | 26,987 | 25,707 | 25, 085 | 28, 551 | 22,728 | 22, 545 | 25,898 | -2.4 | +11.3 | 200, 388 | 216, 317 | +7.9 |
| Postal receipts, 50 industrial | 20,087 | 25, 707 |  | 2,501 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| cities .-.-.-.-.-.-.-........thous. of dolls.. | 2,833 | 2,888 | 2,794 | 3,002 | 2, 597 | 2,565 | 2,718 | -3.3 | +8.9 | 21,601 | 23, 366 | +8.2 |
| Money orders: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 11,033 | 9,763 | 9,233 |  | 9,712 | 9,064 | 9,880 | -5.4 | +1.9 | 82,829 | 88, 076 | +6.3 |
|  | 80, 682 | 74,469 | 58, 250 |  | 72,940 | 69, 552 | 77,980 | -21.8 | $-16.2$ | 651,360 | 606, 895 | -6.8 |
| Domestic issued ( 50 cities)-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3,127 30,840 | 29,861 2931 | 2,771 29,075 |  | 2,724 28,018 | 2,591 27,210 | 2,795 $\mathbf{2 8 , 3 9 8}$ | -3.1 | +6.9 +6.9 | 23,409 235,002 | 24,699 243,361 | +5.5 +3.6 +0.8 |
| Foreign issued $\qquad$ thous. of dolls. Delinquent accounts, electrical trade: | 4,444 | 3,998 |  |  | 3,931 | 3,700 | 3,706 |  |  | 28, 167 | 28,423 | +0.9 |
|  | 209,783 | 195, 347 | 153,426 |  | 209, 834 | 196,454 | 200, 250 | -21.5 | -21.9 |  |  |  |
| Amount.-.-.-.....................dollars.- | 1,678 | 1,490 | 1,425 |  | 1,642 | 1,550 | 1, 639 | $-4.4$ | $-8.1$ |  |  |  |
| Hardware trade: Sales index |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 141 | 145 | 144 |  | 128 | 128 | 137 | -0.7 | +12.5 |  |  |  |
| Outstanding accounts (number of times sales) | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.0 |  | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 0.0 | -4.8 |  |  |  |
| Internal-revenue taxes collected: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Firearms and shells. $\qquad$ thous. of dolls.Jewelry, watches, and clocks. <br> thous. of dolls | 289 | 445 | 376 |  | 321 | 470 893 | 425 | -15.5 | $-20.0$ | 1,704 | 2,122 | +24.5 |
| Theater admissions....-...-.-.thous. of dous. dolls-- | 675 2,468 | 561 1,544 | 524 1,407 |  | 6, ${ }^{1,528}$ | 893 3,198 | 459 1,577 | -6.6 | $-41.3$ | 15,863 50,607 | 6,014 16,208 | -62.1 |
| Theater admissions . .-....-.thous. of dolls.Bonds and stocks issued and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| conveyances $\qquad$ thous. of dolls.. Capital stock transfers. $\qquad$ thous. of dolls.- | 2,761 | 2,599 | 2,459 |  | 2,405 | 1,866 | 1,833 | $-5.4$ | +31.8 | $\begin{gathered} 28,360 \\ 5,927 \end{gathered}$ | $20,661$ $10,133$ | +21.6 |
|  | 1,330 | 1,111 | 1,219 |  | 629 | 814 | 788 | +9.7 | +49.8 | $5,927$ | $10,133$ | +71.0 |
| BANKING AND FINANCE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Life Insurance |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (Association of Life Insurance Presidents) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Policies, new (45 companies): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ordinary..................number of policies.- | 219,984 | 214,633 |  |  |  |  |  | $-2.0$ |  |  |  | +5.6 +11.6 |
| Industrial..................number of policies.- | $\begin{array}{r} 788,352 \\ 160 \end{array}$ | 734, 531 | $\begin{array}{r} 717,402 \\ \hline 118 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 595,545 \\ 114 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 609,703 \\ \quad 71 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 614,848 \\ 75 \end{array}$ | -2.3 | +17.7 +66.2 | 5, 455, 353 | $\begin{array}{r} 6,086,056 \\ 1,106 \end{array}$ | +6.6 +11.6 +35.0 |
|  | 1, 008, 496 | 949,285 | 927, 928 |  | 783, 994 | 784, 058 | 774, 241 | -2.2 | +18.3 | 7,053, 102 | 7,771,943 | +10.2 |
| Policies and certificates issued: <br> Total policies and certificates.....num |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,040, 572 | 976,949 27,785 | 996, 704 68,894 |  | 801,758 17,878 | $\begin{array}{r} 798,815 \\ 14.828 \end{array}$ | 788,072 13,906 | +2.0 +148.0 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{r} +24.8 \\ +364.6 \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} 7,190,524 \\ 138,241 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 8,058,394 \\ 286,657 \end{array}$ | +12.1 +107.4 |

TREND OF BUSINESS MOVEMENTS-Continued


## TREND OF BUSINESS MOVEMENTS-Continued

| Where available, September data have been included in this table. The cu- | 1925 |  |  |  | 1924 |  |  | per cent inCREASE ( + ) or DECREASE ( - ) |  | cumulative total from jandary 1 through august 31 |  | Per cent crease (+) or decrease 1925 from 1924 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| where designated by a foot note through July. Detailed data for items shown here may be found on pages 29 to 151 of the August, 1925, "Survey'" | June | July | August | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Septem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | July | August | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Septem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { August, } \\ & \text { 1ro2, } \\ & \text { from } \\ & \text { July, } \\ & 1925 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { August, } \\ \text { 1925, } \\ \text { from } \\ \text { August, } \\ 1924 \end{gathered}$ | 1924 | 1925 |  |
| BANKING AND FINANCE-Continued Business Failures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total commercial $\qquad$ thous. of dolls.Manufacturing | 36,701 | 34, 505 | 37,159 <br> 23 | 30,687 | 36,813 | 55, 154 | 34, 296 | +7.7 +104.3 | -32.6 | 396, 427 | 311, 063 | $-21.5$ |
| establishments $\qquad$ thous. of dolls.Trado establishments thous. of dolls. | 16,159 <br> 17213 | 10,932 15,961 | 22,339 13,460 | 8,167 14,990 | 20,022 12,421 | 29,924 16,361 | 19,468 10,126 4 | +104.3 -15.7 | -25.3 -17.7 | 225,077 134,020 | 121,329 147,307 | -46.1 +9.9 |
| Agents and brokers..-....-.thous. of dolls-. | 13,329 | 7,612 | 13,360 | 14,530 | 12,421 4,370 | 16,361 8,869 | 10,126 4,702 | - -8.1 | -1.7 -84.7 | 134,020 36,729 | 147, 307 | +9.9 +15.5 |
| Total commercial......................number <br> Manufacturing establishments...._number <br> Trade establishments-.----------number <br> Agents and brokers |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,745 | 1,685 418 | 1,513 | $\begin{array}{r}1,465 \\ 388 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,615 416 | 1, 514 | 1,306 360 | -10.2 -12.7 | -0.5 | 13,920 3,601 | 14,618 3,362 | +5.0 -6.6 |
|  | 1,229 | 1, 184 | 1,069 | 1,015 | 1, 124 | 1,024 | 833 | -9.7 | +4.4 | 9, 537 | 10, 582 | +11.0 |
|  | 85 | 83 | 79 | 62 | 75 | 82 | 63 | -4.8 | $-3.7$ | 652 | 674 | +3.4 |
| Dividend and Interest Payments <br> (For the following month) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand total ..................--thous. of dolls .- | 437,900 | 212,590 | 318, 775 |  | 199,075 | 315, 265 | 397, 760 | +49.9 | +1.1 | 2, 848,890 | 3, 014, 840 | $+5.8$ |
| Dividend payments: Total. | 115, 200 | 83, 690 | 67,525 |  | 80, 575 | 62, 265 | 95, 860 | -19.3 | +8. | 776, 889 | 815, 020 | +4.9 |
| Indus, and mise. corp.....-.thous. of dolls | 58,915 | 46, 300 | 44,900 |  | 44,500 | 41, 500 | 62, 110 | -3.0 | +8.2 | 420, 770 | 439, 705 | +4.5 |
| Steam railroads.-........-.-thous. of dolls.- | 30,510 | 32, 275 | 17,250 |  | 31, 250 | 16, 250 | 24, 350 | -46. 6 | +6.2 | 230, 195 | 240, 080 | +4.3 |
| Street railways.----.---.-----thous. of dolls. | 10,900 | 5,115 | 5, 375 |  | 4, 825 | 4,515 | -9,400 | +5.1 | +19.0 | 64, 190 | 70, 190 | +0.3 |
| New Security Issues <br> Total corporation (Commercial and Financial Chronicle): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | , |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Purpose of issue- <br> New capital. thous. of dolls.- | 311,531 | 348, 377 | 211, 750 |  | 232,994 | 194,987 | 273,367 | -39.2 | +8.6 | 2, 137, 782 | 2, 689,954 | +25.8 |
| Kind of issueStocks. $\qquad$ thous. of dolls_ | 67, 737 | 74, 682 | 29, 237 |  | 46, 184 | 92, 862 | 39,059 | -60.9 | -68.5 | 353, 378 | 196, 563 | -44.4 |
|  | 106, 172 | 160,637 | 64,370 |  | 39,876 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total corporation ( Journal of | 273, 097 | 262, 422 | 176, 617 |  | 239, 302 | 249,594 | 262, 234 | -32.7 | -29.2 | 1, 898, 989 | 2, 482, 970 | +30.8 |
| (Commerce) $\qquad$ thous. of dolls. | 208, 012 | 321, 115 | 191, 121 | 234, 096 | 275,834 | 272, 220 | 279, 267 | $-40.5$ | -29.8 | 2, 048, 369 | 2, 504, 461 | $+22.3$ |
| Permanent loans......-.....-thous. of dolls .- | 142, 674 | 122, 267 | 72, 5 | 108, 784 | 112, | 121, 1 | 92,561 | -40.7 | -40.1 | 1,064, 208 | 937,785 | -11.9 |
| Temporary loans. ..........-thous. of dolls.- | 98, 405 | 33,455 | 8,875 |  | 78,353 | 71,955 | 129,037 | -73. 5 | -87.7 | 555, 712 | 477, 730 | -14.0 |
| New incorporations............thous. of dolls.- | 1,003, 270 | 1, 066, 860 | 972, 735 | 572, 751 | 572, 196 | 398, 950 | 478, 680 | -8.8 | +143.8 | 4, 823,600 | 6, 560, 888 | +36.0 |
| Agricultural Finance |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| utstanding | 975, 175 | 980,638 | 985, 160 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Joint stockland banks....- thous. of dolls.- | 501, 673 | 508, 800 | 513,994 |  | 423, 147 | 426, 467 | 430,066 | +1.0 | +20.5 |  |  |  |
| Federal intermediate credit banks............................thous. of dolls. | 58, 398 | 58,333 | 57,886 |  | -49,525 | 42,48 48,873 | 53, 52, 279 | +1.0 | +18.4 |  |  |  |
| War financelcorporation...-.thous. of dolls.- | 29, 222 | 28,043 | 26, 741 | 24,688 | 62, 509 | 60,765 | 58,069 | -4.6 | $\pm 56.0$ |  |  |  |
| Stocks and Bonds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stock prices, closing: | 144.42 | 149.25 | 158. 16 | 162.83 | 113. 53 | 119.18 | 116.73 |  | +32.7 |  |  |  |
| 25 railroads, average........dolls. per share.. | 79.57 | 80. 23 | 83.63 | 84. 73 | 68.39 | 71.06 | ${ }_{70.28}$ | +4.2 | +17.7 |  |  |  |
| Stock sales: <br> N.Y.Stock Exchange.....thous. of shares. Bond sales: | 108.05 | 110.75 | 112.71 | 115.71 | 88.44 | 89.85 | 89.90 | +1.8 | +25.4 |  |  |  |
|  | 30, 860 | 32, 273 | 32, 865 | 36,886 | 24, 226 | 22, 427 | 18, 150 | +1.8 | +46.5 | 161, 275 | 268, 833 | +66.7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 243, 516 | 237, 909 | 219, 278 |  | 273, 131 | 244, 041 | 212,357 | $-7.8$ | -10.1 | 1, 807,937 | 2, 127, 867 | $\underline{+17.7}$ |
| Bond sales: <br> Miscellaneous $\qquad$ $\qquad$ thous. of dolls. <br> Liberty-Victory thous. of dolls.- | 33,074 276,590 | $\begin{array}{r}32,192 \\ 270 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 22,143 241,421 |  | 68,014 341,145 | 62, 231 | 52, 665 | -31.2 | -64.4 | 635,870 2 2438 | 2 231,523 | -60.4 -2.6 |
| Bond prices: |  |  |  |  |  | 306, 212 | 285, 022 |  |  | 2,44, |  |  |
| Highest-grade rails $\mathbf{p}$. ct. of par, $4 \%$ bond.-Second-grade rails._p. ct. of par, $4 \%$ bond.- | 88.77 | 87.28 | 88.00 |  | 87. 22 | 86.09 | 86.47 | $-1.5$ | -0.1 |  |  |  |
|  | 77.79 | 76.78 | 75. 99 |  | 73. 58 | 73.52 | 73. 69 | $-1.0$ | +3.4 |  |  |  |
| Second-grade rails._p. ct. of par, $4 \%$ bond. Public atility .......p. ct. of par, $4 \%$ bond. | 72.06 | 71.05 | 74.66 |  | 70. 73 | 71.57 | 73. ${ }^{69} 24$ | -0.5 -3.4 | -1.3 +0.2 |  |  |  |
| (For 1st of following month) | 78.46 | 77.56 | 76.34 |  | 75.81 | 75.93 | 75.40 | $-1.6$ | +0.5 |  |  |  |
| 5 Liberty bonds. ..............-p. ct. of par.16 foreign governments and | 102.97 | 102.14 | 102. 46 | 101.40 | 102.97 | 102. 10 | 102.66 | +0.3 | +0.4 |  |  |  |
| comb. price index, 66 bonds ..p. ct. of par-- par- | 103. 50 | 103.40 | 103. 81 | 104. 00 | 102.41 | 103.84 | 103.68 | $+0.4$ | 0.0 |  |  |  |
| Long-Term Real Estate Bonds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand total......................thous. of dolls.- | 108, 195 | 60,099 | 36, 428 |  | 26,658 | 18,568 | 39,818 | -39.4 | +96.2 | 164, 073 | 429, 454 | +161.7 |
| Purpose of issue: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | +38.8 |  |  | +111.0 |
| Real estate mortgage........thous. of dolls.- <br> Aequisitions and improve- | 27, 091 | 9,420 | 11, 515 |  | 1, 615 | 2,935 | 4, 400 | +22.2 | +292. 3 | 31, 295 | 88, 845 | +1118.9 |
| Acquisitions and improvements. $\qquad$ thous. of dolls | 10, 405 |  |  |  | 175 | 375 | 2,300 | -92.0 | +73.3 | 2, 278 | 42,310 |  |
|  | 11, 455 | 5,485 | 3,083 |  | 635 | None. | 3,080 | -43.8 |  | 5, 260 | 33,988 | +546.2 |
| Kind of structure: | 37,745 | 13,756 | 10, 175 |  | 11,880 | 10, 110 | 15, 880 | -20.0 | +0.6 | 72,892 | 167, 874 | +130.3 |
| Hotels.................. thous. of dolls-- | 23, 365 | 16,655 | 5,705 |  | 1, 168 | 3,425 | 2,795 | $-65.7$ | +66.6 | 38, 148 | 76, 198 | +99.7 |
| Apartments................--thous. of dolls | 7,855 | 6,630 | 6,970 |  | 11, 730 | 4, 100 | 8,358 | +5.1 | +70.0 | 39, 698 | 62, 072 | +56.4 |
|  | 39, 230 | 23, 058 | 13,578 |  | 1,880 | 933 | 12,785 | -41.1 |  | 13,335 | 123, 312 | +824. 7 |

TREND OF BUSINESS MOVEMENTS-Continued

| Where available, September data have been included in this table. The cumulatives shown are in most instances, however, only through August and where designated by a footnote through July. Detailed data for items shown here may be found on pages 29 to 151 of the August, 1925, "Survey" | 1925 |  |  |  | 1924 |  |  | PER CENT INCREASE ( + ) OR DECREASE ( - ) |  | cumulative total from jandary 1 throvgh ajgust 31 |  | Percentin-crease$(+)$or de-crease$(-)$1925from1924 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | July | August | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Septem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | July | August | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Septem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | August, 1925, from, July, 1925 | August, 1925, from August, 1924 | 1924 | 1925 |  |
| GOLD AND SILV |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic receipts at mint....-.fine ounces..- | 71,652 | 92,830 | 87,490 |  | 90,089 | 92, 132 | 106, 919 | -5.8 | -5.0 | 651, 397 | 648, 806 |  |
| Rand output....-........thous. of ounces.. | 780 | 818 | , 808 | 797 | 829 | 810 | ${ }^{108,799}$ | -1.2 | $-0.2$ | 6,543 | 6, 110 | -2.4 |
| Imports...---.-...........-.thous. of dolls-- | 4, 426 | 10, 204 | 4,862 | 4,098 | 18,834 | 18,150 | 6, 656 | $-52.4$ | $-73.2$ | 263, 226 | 55,733 | -78.8 |
| Experts.....-...............thous. of dolls..- | 6,712 | 4,416 | 2, 136 | 6,784 | 327 | 2, 397 | 4,580 | $-51.6$ | $-10.9$ | 6,579 | 197, 488 |  |
| Production.-.-...........thous. of fine oz-- | 5,481 | 5,365 | 4,907 |  | 4,836 | 5,426 | 5,523 | -8.5 | -9.6 | 41,768 | 42,033 | +0.6 |
| Imports....-......-.-.-.-.-.-thous. of dolls | 4,919 | 5,238 | 7,273 | 4,501 | 7,128 | 7,042 | 7,083 | +38.9 | +3.3 | 48,689 | 44,694 | -8.2 |
| Exports...----7.-......-- thous. of dolls.- | 8,522 | 8,349 | 8,285 | 7,487 | 9, 1972 | 8,632 | 10,345 | -0.8 | -4.0 | 69,400 | 67, 150 | -3.3 |
| Price at New York........dolls. per fine oz.. <br> FOREIGN EXCHANGE RATES | . 691 | . 694 | . 702 | . 716 | . 672 | . 685 | . 694 | +1.2 | +2.5 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| France........................dolls. per franc.. | . 048 | . 047 | . 047 | . 047 | . 051 | . 055 | . 053 | 0.0 | -14.5 |  |  |  |
| Italy-...-.-.-.....................-dolls. per lire.- | . 038 | . 037 | . 037 | . 041 | . 043 | . 044 | . 044 | 0.0 | -15.9 |  |  |  |
| Belgium.--.----.-----..-dolls. per franc.- | . 047 | . 048 | . 045 | . 044 | . 046 | . 050 | . 049 | -2.2 | $-10.0$ |  |  |  |
| Netherlands.--.-.-.-.....dolls. per guilder-- | . 401 | . 401 | . 402 | . 402 | . 379 | . 388 | . 385 | +0.2 | +3.6 |  |  |  |
| Sweden-................-dolls por krone... | . 268 | . 269 | . 269 | . 269 | . 286 | . 266 | . 266 | 0.0 | +1. 1 |  |  |  |
| Asia: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0.0 |  |  |  |  |
| Japan | - 408 | . 411 | . 410 | . 408 | . 414 | . 413 | . 406 | $-0.2$ | -0.7 |  |  |  |
| India.-........-------.-.-dolls. per rupee-- | . 365 | . 366 | . 366 | . 368 | . 313 | . 323 | . 325 | 0.0 | +13.3 |  |  |  |
| Canada..........dolls. per Canadian doll.- | 1.000 | 1. 000 | 1.000 | 1.000 | . 993 | . 999 | . 999 | 0.0 | +0.1 |  |  |  |
| Argentina.-....-.-.....dolls. per gold peso-. | . 913 | . 9118 | . 917 | . 917 | . 741 | . 767 | . 800 | -0.1 | +19.6 |  |  |  |
| Brazil.-....................-. dolls. per paper peso.. | . 1113 | . 1117 | . 1121 | .135 .120 | . 109 | . 109 | . 101 | +6.1 +1.7 | +22.2 +19.0 |  |  |  |
| U. S. FOREIGN TRADE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Imports |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand total.-......-..---.....thous. of dolls-- | 325, 167 | 325, 648 | 340,074 |  | 278, 694 | 254, 542 | 287, 144 | +4. 4 | +33.6 | 2,382, 727 | 2, 732, 395 | +14.7 |
| Europe |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total.-.-.-.-.-.-.-...-.thous. of dolls..- | 88,702 | 93, 069 | 100,547 |  | 82, 071 | 79,907 | 98, 939 | +8.0 | +25.8 | 682, 196 | 788, 271 | +15.5 |
| France.....-.............thous. of dolls.- | 10,016 | 9,841 | 14, 287 |  | 10,725 | 11, 059 | 12,630 | +45.2 | +29.2 | 92,739 | 99, 365 | +7.1 |
| Germany-------------thous. of dolls-- | 11, 247 | 13,820 | 13,770 |  | 12,527 | 11, 869 | 13,157 | -0.4 | +16.0 | 87, 698 | 96, 394 | +9.9 |
| Italy ------............thous. of dolls | 9,206 | 7,036 | 6,046 |  | 5,049 | 4, 108 | 5,745 | -14.1 | +47.2 | 43, 163 | 67,030 | +55.3 |
| United Kingdom.-.-.--thous. of dolls.- | 26,644 | 33, 196 | 32,312 |  | 23, 053 | 25,870 | 32,700 | -2.7 | +24.9 | 222, 224 | 364, 380 | +64.0 |
| North America- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Argentina-................- thous. of dolls. | 5, 799 | 5, 249 | 5, 152 |  | 6,494 | 4,258 | 5,455 | -1.8 | +21.0 | 54, 281 | $56,703$ | +12.1 +4.5 |
| Asia and Oceania- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Japan--....................thous. of dolls.-- | 24,215 | 32, 133 | 135, 727 |  | 26,763 | 29, $\mathbf{2 9 1 0}$ | 81, 358 | +6.9 +11.2 | +7.9 +20.7 | 637, 207, 163 | 864,637 220,942 | +35.6 +6.7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crude materials..............thous. of dolls.Foodstuffs, crude, and food | 129,664 | 124, 431 | 140, 524 |  | 89,180 | 83, 288 | 96,325 | +12.9 | +68.7 | 800, 652 | 1,086,883 | +35.7 |
| animals.................-.thous. of dolls.- | 35,738 | 42,366 | 36,702 |  | 39, 130 | 31, 471 | 29,163 | -13.4 | +16.6 | 275, 131 | 310,528 | +12.8 |
| Manufactured foodstuffs...thous. of dolls.- | 37,688 | 34, 231 | 29,786 |  | 42,495 |  |  | -13.0 |  | 388, 113 | 308, 853 | -20.4 |
| Semimanufactures - --.-..- thous. of dolls.- | 59, 742 | 58,983 | 65, 302 |  | 44, 909 | 47, 140 | 53, 043 | +10.7 | +38.5 | 424, 475 | 502, 033 | +18.3 |
| Finished manufactures....-thous. of dolls-- | 62, 434 | 64, 836 | 65, 664 |  | 62, 144 | 60, 466 | 66, 414 | +1.3 | +8. 6 | 483, 312 | 509, 416 | +5.4 |
| Miscellaneous.-.------.....thous. of dolls.- | 571 | 1,152 | 2,506 |  | 736 | 1,781 | 4,667 | +117.5 | +40.7 | 11,044 | 12,510 | +13.3 |
| Exports |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand total, including re- <br> exports. thous. of dolls.- | 323, 150 | 339, 646 | 379, 853 |  | 276, 649 | 330, 660 | 427, 460 | +11.8 | +14.9 | 2,697, 031 | 3,083,591 | +14.3 |
| By grand divisions: Europe- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. .-................thous. of dolls-- | 144, 412 | 155,027 | 180, 873 |  | 125,948 | 156, 103 | 235,720 | +16.7 | +15.9 | 1,339, 249 | 1,607,530 | +20.0 |
| France-...--------.-.--thous. of dolls-- | 15, 205 | 14, ${ }^{142}$ | 18, 212 |  | 13, 179 | 20,524 | 28, 217 | +26.5 | -11.3 | 162, 033 | 167, 908 | +3.6 |
| Qermany -.-..--....... thous. of dolls..- | 22,434 | 23,588 | 34, 114 |  | 12,836 | 19, 279 | 44,381 | +44.6 | +76.9 | 237, 397 | 286, 556 | +20.7 |
| Italy--.-.-.-.-.-....-thous. of dolls.- | 11,785 | 12, 268 | 11, 601 |  | 8 8, 042 | 13,220 | 14, 889 | $-5.4$ | -12.2 | 105, 620 | 140, 709 | +33.2 |
| United Kingdom.......-thous. of dolls.-- | 57, 202 | 57,738 | 63,098 |  | 56, 596 | 65, 687 | 96,662 | +9.3 | -3.9 | 518, 220 | 598, 630 | +35.2 +15.5 |
| Total | 96,002 | 101,556 | 101,375 |  | 83,358 |  |  | -0.2 | +7.2 |  |  |  |
| Canada-................thous. of dolls-. | 59,767 | 62,596 | 60,781 |  | 45, 167 | 50, 385 | 70,459 | $-2.9$ | +20.6 | 375, 207 | 426, 901 | +13.8 |
| South America- <br> Total thous. of dolls. | 31,192 | 32,275 | 38,125 |  | 23,362 |  |  |  |  |  |  | + +31.1 |
| Argentina--.-............-thous. of dolls.-- | 10,938 | 11,977 | 14,390 |  | 8,778 | 12,399 | 9,627 | +20.1 | +16.1 | 73,880 | 96,851 | +31.1 +31.1 |
| Asia and Oceania- ${ }_{\text {Total }}$ - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Japan-...................thous. of dolls.-. | 8,722 | 10,947 | 13, 238 |  | 89,423 | 9,635 | 15,765 | +13.1 +20.9 | +14.6 +37.4 | - 1477614 | - 1102,883 | -7.6 |
| Africa, total....................-thous. of dolls.- | 6,434 | 5,876 | 8,701 |  | 4,956 | 6,123 | 5,962 | +48.1 | +42.1 | 146, 297 | 56, 769 | +2. 6 |
| Total, domestic exports only ...thous. of dolls.- | 315, 397 | 331, 647 | 372,467 |  | 270, 598 | 325,027 | 419, 232 | +12.3 | +14.6 | 2,635,280 | 3,024,310 | +14.8 |
| By classes of commodities: <br> Crude materials. $\qquad$ thous. of dolls.. | 52,217 | 56,340 | 71,472 |  | 55,863 | 63,044 | 127, 908 | +26.9 | +13.4 | 671, 228 | 747, 691 | +11. ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |
| Foodstuffs, crude, and food | 52,217 | 56,310 | 7, 772 |  | 55,83 | 63,044 | 127, 018 | +26.8 | +13.4 | 671, 228 | 747,691 | +11. |
| Manimals | 21,879 | 22, 555 | 28, 564 |  | 12,821 | 31,728 | 65, 281 | +26.6 | -10.0 | 126, 247 | 223, 280 | +76.9 |
| Manufactured foodstufis...thous. of dolls.-- | 43, 017 54,348 | 43,339 57,802 | 47, 514 |  | 37,220 46251 | 44,378 47,186 | 49, 617 49 | +9.6 -9.8 | +7.1 +10.6 | 357,199 402,887 | 370,427 454,988 | +3.7 +12.9 |
| Finished manufactures....-.thous. of dolls..- | 143, 670 | 151,099 | 172, 406 |  | 118, 123 | 43,168 $\mathbf{1 3 8}, 234$ | - ${ }^{496,565}$ | +14.8 | +10.6 +24.7 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 402, } \\ \text { 1,073 } \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 4, } \\ 1,224,988 \\ \hline 1,238\end{array}$ | +12.9 +13.9 |
| Miscellaneous.-..........thous. of dolls.- | 266 |  | 362 |  | 320 | 477 | 438 | -29.3 | -24.1 | 3,787 | 4,685 | +23.7 |
| All commodities. $\qquad$ index numbers.- | 68 | 70 | 82 |  | 67 | 92 | 158 | +17.1 | -10.9 |  |  |  |
| All commodities except cotton inder numbers | 118 | 125 | 137 |  | 117 | 162 | 229 | + + +9.6 | -15.4 |  |  |  |

## TREND OF BUSINESS MOVEMENTS-Continued



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"The American people have Iitile right to complain about our economic situationi cluring the year 1924. Even agriculture has shown some partial iecovery from its three years of extreme difficulty. Our Industrial production was only kbout 5 per cent less than in 1923 , which was the record year in the history of the Nation, bit was 13 per cent greater than in 1919:"

From Secretary Hoover's formort ba the Cominerce Yearbook for 1924.


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#### Abstract

A foreword by Seeretary Hoover. A resume of general business conditionis. 1. Pliscussions of production, employnent, and domestic trade:

Sections dovoted to agricultural products end focdstufis; whalessle and retan price lists; fuel and power, photals, consthution, and con struction materialy, mechinery, ratway equipment and electileat apparatusy texties and clothing, leather and leather products paper and printing; ohemicals, transportation and communication, finatice and banking; and foreige trade.

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 of States from revenueg and front the principh classos thereof (2) thetotal and per onpita payments of States fon expenses, Taterest, and outays, ind tor each of the principal denge of expenses and outlaysi (3) the total value of State properties (4) the tatal and per, capita indehtedness of 8 dates , ad $(5)$ the total and per onpita assessed valuation of properiv subject to taration.

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Foreign Trade or Lte Untee Shates, Fiscal Year $1924-25$. Yrude Information Bulletio No. 364 ; 24 pages. This if the third of 8 series of entual buletins summarizing the foreign trade of the United states by fiscal years: Statisties are organiged on the basls of teading commodities and geographte distribution of trate. Price, 104.

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Amateur Redio Stations of the United Stateg (eation of June 30,1925 , L This bulletin contains 8 conplete, list of amateu tallo, statione of the United States and c complete list of speent land statione. Irice, 256.

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[^1]:    * Fluctuations between maximum and minimum due largely to seasonal conditions

[^2]:    1 Since Jan. 1, 1921.

[^3]:    ${ }^{1}$ Revised.
    ${ }_{3}^{2}$ Cumulative for seven months ending July 31.

[^4]:    ATLANTA, Ess Pot Opic Bethons BALTMORG 22 Lith Strat.
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    Chath Mooelt, 1901 Marlel Strel CHICICO, Rome 8s, 66 Wot Mofirea Stent CINCMNMIS Chemper of Comparce. Chivelinior Cunhet Camned
     LOS ANGERESt Chmbrer Comphet NBWIRY A 4 Chimhor of Chmperce.

