## SURVEY

## OF

# CURRENT BUSINESS 



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# SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS 

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## CONTENTS



## Monthly Business Indicators, 1936-41






DEPARTMENT STORE SALES *



WHOLESALE PRICES



## The Business Situation

INDUSTRIAL output recovered very sharply in May from its temporary setback of the previous month. Further advances in defense industrics, coupled with resumption of heavy output in coal, stecl, and automobiles, pushed production into new high ground. Freight carloadings moved above last year's peak to the highest total since 1930, while output of electric power was the largest on record. On other business fronts reports revealed additional impetus as the dofense program accelerated. Continued strength of residential and industrial plant demand offset further declines in cantonment building to maintain aggregate new construction. Trade volumes were high, even in relation to the current flow of income as consumers pressed to satisfy their needs-particularly of durable commodities, the output of which will be curtailed as the defense requirements make an imperative claim upon scarce resources.

On May 27, one day short of the first anniversary of the defense program, the President proclaimed "that an unlimited national emergency confronts this country, which requires that its military, naval, air, and civilian defenses be put on the basis of readiness to repel any and all acts or threats of aggression directed toward any part of the Western Hemisphere." By this proclamation the President automatically assumed additional vast powers of control over the cconomy of the United States, these to be exercised as necessity decrees. ${ }^{1}$

Table 1.-National Defense Appropriations and Cash Expenditures

|  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Billions of dollars |  |
| Airplanes and accessories... |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{\text {9, }}^{8.4}$ |  |
| Neesindustrial facilities |  | 1 |
| Other Army and Navy equipment |  | 1.1 |
| Total. | 37.9 | 0.1 |

A large measure of required control had previously been undertaken. During the past year the Nation's economy has been gradually reoriented toward the provision of a larger Army and Navy and the material they and the British require. For this purpose, a steadily expanding program has been laid out. Appropriations and authorizations amounting to 28.5 billion

[^0]dollars had been recommended by the President in his budget message of January, but by May 17 these had risen to 37.9 billion dollars and an additional 6 billion was before Congress. To this should be added British orders of 3.7 billion dollars. By May 1, the Army, Navy, and other defense agencies had awarded contracts totaling 15.2 billion dollars and the Treasury had disbursed 5.1 billion. These great sums are required for the variety of purposes summarized in table 1.

In the first year the rate of defense cash expenditure jumped from 153 million dollars in June to 837 million in May. This initial stage has been aptly termed a "tooling-up" period-a period which is not yet com-


Figure 2.-Percentage Increase, March 1941 from March 1939, in the Production of Selected Commodities.
Note.-Computed from data published in the Survey of Current Business and in the Federal Reserve Bulletin.
plete. For of the more than 1,600 plants under construction by May, a relatively small number had been finished. Many more have yet to be started under appropriations now existing, and the program daily expands. Nevertheless, along with new building there now is beginning to appear a growing stream of finished war material. Henceforth, an increasing proportion of expenditure will represent such supplies.

That the influence of this already huge defense outlay has permeated every sector of the economy is a commonplace. Income, production, consumption-all are in record volume. As pointed out in the article on page 11,
national income this month is estimated to have reached an annual rate of 85 billion dollars, and by far the largest part of the current increase is originating in manufacturing industries. Obviously here the impact of strengthened demand has been felt to a varying degree. Some indication of this is presented in figure 2, which shows relative gains in output occurring since the spring of 1939 for selected products. In general, the metals and metal-using products have increased most sub)stantially, while the nondurable consumer goods have advanced the least. This reflects the underlying character of the rise-it is based upon the durable goods to a high degree.

## Steel Placed Under Limited Priority Status.

Notwithstanding substantial expansion in the production and importation of the metals, supplies of key commodities are already regarded as inadequate to fulfill both civilian and military demands. By the middle


Figure 3.-Value of Unfilled Orders of Blast Furnaces, Steel Works, and Rolling Mills, 1939-41 (U. S. Department of Commerce).

Note.-Unfilled orders are expressed as number of months' shipments at daily aver age rate in March 1941.
of May, aluminum, magnesium, nickel, nickel steel, and ferro-tungsten were being strictly allocated under mandatory, industry-wide priorities. Subsequently, zinc and copper were added. Of outstanding significance was the further addition to the list of the most basic of all durable materials in our present-day econ-omy-steel. This commodity was placed under less formal but equally effective control.

The situation in the steel industry for more than a year has been one in which incoming business has consistently exceeded a rising volume of shipments. The result is depicted in figure 3, showing the growth of order backlogs from the beginning of 1939 through April of this year. In April 1940, unfilled orders were the equivalent of slightly more than 1 month's capacity shipments (using March 1941 shipments as the measure). Since that time backlogs have expanded continuously and by April of this year they had become equal to $4 \frac{1}{2}$ months' shipments. A growth in steel
backlogs orer a short period is not unusual. Howerer, it is noteworthy that absolute gains in recent months reveal little tendency to decline. Indeed, the very nature of the situation was such as to induce a further growth. For as new defense orders were given preference over those for civilian use, it became necessary for many firms to chart and attempt to provide for their raw material needs many months in advance of delivery.

The second report on the adequacy of sted capacity, submitted by Mr. Gano Dunn of the Office of Production Management to the President, made it clear that stecl output will fall short of requirements for combined military and full civilian use in both 1941 and 1942. Mr. Dunn's estimates are summarized as follows:


Source: Second Report to the President of the United States on the Adequacy of the Steel Industry for National Defense, Gano Dunn, Office of Production Management, May 2?, 1941 , pp. 65-66.

These figures represent a compromise by Mr. Dunn in regard to estimates of civilian requirements submitted to him by representatives of the industry and by the Bureau of Research and Statistics of the Office of Production Management. The industry group forceast 1941 civilian needs at 69.4 million net tons and those in 1942 at 68.5 million tons-a decline in the latter years notwithstanding the probability of rising income. The Bureau, on the other hand, placed evilian needs this year at 72.5 million tons and those in 1942 at 88.6 million tons-in both instances the calculated amount that would be demanded if all needs could be met. Mr. Dunn applied certain adjustments to the Bureau's estimates (including one limiting automobile production in model year 1942 to 80 percent of output this model year), reducing them to 66.7 and 78.3 million tons, respectively. The figure shown in the above table represents an average of the adjusted Burcau and industry estimates. In every case, the defense program was assumed to be unchanged from that provided by existing appropriations.

During the first 5 months of this ycar, 34 million tons of steel were produced. Mr. Dunn reports effective capacity ( 102.5 percent of rated capacity) at the end of 1940 was $87,576,000$ net tons and that he expects it to be $91,339,000$ net tons at the end of 1941. Capacity for the remaining part of this year might be taken as roughly 89 million tons. If this is the case and the industry should operate continuously at this rate, requirements as indicated by Mr. Dum would exceed output by 3 million tons. Again,
if the industry were to run at effective capacity for all of 1942 , production would fall short some $6,400,000$ tons of the Dunn estimate of requirements.

It thus has been made clear that complete rationing of steel is probably inevitable unless a much larger expansion than that now contemplated is undertaken. Actually, leading companies have been rationing most steel for some months, with cooperation from the Office of Production Management in the case of certain finished types. Under the plan announced at the end of May by the Prioritics Division, defense and indirect defense (which includes machinery, railroad equipment, ete.) orders are to be given strict preference while the Office of Civilian Supply formulates plans for equitably allocating remaining civilian orders.

## Consumption at Record Level.

While one year of the defense program is adding considerably to the Nation's capital plant, it has also resulted in the largest flow of goods to consumers on record. This is true both absolutely and on a per capita basis after allowance for the usual scasonal changes. From January through April, expenditures by consumers on all commodities are estimated to have been 12 percent higher than the like period a year previous. Figure 4 shows the movement of such expenditures by quarters from the beginning of 1939 through the first quarter of this year. A large part of the rise has been concentrated in durable commodities, purchases of this type during the first 4 months exceeding the total for the comparable period in 1940 by onefourth. Sales of passenger cars, electric appliances, and houschold furnishings have been particularly noteworthy. After the best first quarter on record, April buying of passenger cars rose to a new high of 483,000 and May reports reveal no let-down from this peak. Similarly, $1,640,000$ electric refrigerators were purchased from January through April, another record and 42 pereent ahead of last ycar. Other electrical appliances have recorded comparable gains over the same period. In the case of houschold furniture, exceptional fourth-quarter sales in 1940 have been followed by buying in the past several months that has run about one-fifth above a year ago.

Demand for most nondurable goods as a rule fluctuates to a much smailer degree with changes in the level of income. Purchasing of such commodities has expanded in good measure since the advent of the defense program, with expenditure from January through $A_{\text {pril }}$ one-tenth ahead of the same period in 1940-a very substantial rise from the comparatively good level a year ago, even though business was slackening its pace in the initial quarter of last year.

Sales of food, clothing, drugs, and shocs all illustrate the advance. For example, buying from food stores was 9 percent higher than in 1940, while sales of apparel stores had grown 15 pereent. January-April depart-
ment-store sales (which include some durable items) increased 14 pereent over the 1940 period.

The heaviest purchasing has been of goods which embody materials, machines, and personnel which can be utilized in defense industries. Hence, as the initial "tooling-up" period of the defense program gives way to expanding output of actual war material, competition between durable consumers' industries and defense needs must greatly increase. As shown above, it is already clear that existing capacity in key raw material industries is insufficient to provide both the present output of consumer durables and the anticipated defense production. For this reason, the supply of new consumer durables coming on to the market must decline before the year is out. However, as has been suggested previously, stocks of durables now in the hands of


Figure 4.-Indexes of Consumers' Expenditures for Durable and Nondurable Commodities, Adjusted for Seasonal Variations, 1939-41 (U. S. Department of Commerce).
consumers are the highest in history on a per capita basis. If the supply of commodities necessary for operating many of the durables-petroleum, electricity, gas, etc.-can be maintained (and here the chicf probIem at the moment is one of transport capacity), the services yielded by these large consumer stocks will continue to be very high over the next few years.

## Substantial Advance in Prices.

Price influences of an inflationary nature which have gathered strength in recent months emerged more openly in May to bring about the largest rise since the speculative upsurge in the early autumn of 1939. The comprehensive weekly index of the Bureau of Labor Statistics covering 887 commodities advanced during the month from 83.2 to 85.2-approaching the peak of 1937. This movement was general in character and as such differed from the more crecping advance over the period subsequent to August of last year, when first one group of prices, then another, climbed slowly upward.

A number of factors were responsible for the accelerated movement in May. The most comprehensive of these, of course, was simply a continutation of the situation in previous months: namely, the growing strength of demand in almost all sectors of the
economy which pressed upon supplies that in many cases were increasingly limited by capacity operations and inadequate imports. Prospective shortages of some import commodities were more clearly revealed by the President's announcement of the eventual diversion of 2 million tons of American shipping to British needs. Hence speculative activity in these markets created a further price advance in rubber, cocoa beans, and many other import goods. Among domestic manufactures, textiles and chemical products registered the most outstanding rise. Here (as in a number of other industries) higher labor and raw material costs were offered as reasons for expecting a future price advance and heavy anticipatory buying led to an immediate increase. That the rise overshot the mark in some instances was apparent from the experience in the combed yarns-an important raw material used in the manufacture of cotton textiles, garments, and other products. From January through mid-May the price of the largest volume grade rose from 37 cents to 52 cents a pound. As this increase was far in excess of the rise in manufacturing costs (including cotton costs at the 85 -percent parity loan rate), the Price Administrator established a maximum price of 42 cents, 20 percent under the market quotation.

The most considerable upward price movement in May, however, took place among farm and food products and was directly linked to the new agricultural program. The following table reviews the course since the first of the year of the farm prices most affected by changes in the program.

Table 2.-Wholesale Prices of Selected Farm Products

| Week ended- | Wheatall classes and grades in 6 markets | CornNo. 3 yel low at Chicago | CottonMiddling $15 / 6$ in. in 10 markets | Hogs-average all purchases at Chicago | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Butter- } \\ & 92 \text {-score at } \\ & \text { New } \\ & \text { York } \end{aligned}$ | Eggsfresh firsts at Chicago (car lots) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Cents per bu. 85.4 | Cents per bu. 61.2 | Cents per lb. 9.86 | Dol. per cwt. 6. 68 | Cents per bl. 33. 44 | Cents per doz. 22.10 |
| Dec. 28, 1940 | 85.4 | 61.2 | 9.86 10.10 | 6.68 8.08 | 33. 44 | 22. 10 |
| Feb. 22, 1941 | 78.7 | 61.8 | 10. 11 | 7.71 | 30.75 | 17.50 |
| Mar. 29, 1941 | 89.8 | 67.2 | 10. 79 | 7.66 | 32.45 | 19.67 |
| Apr, 26, 1941 | 89.0 | 69.1 | 11.00 | 8.45 | 33.50 | 21. 79 |
| May 24, 1941 | 96.4 | 73.3 | 12.84 | 9.25 | 35.75 | 23.38 |
| May 31, 1941. | 92.5 | 73.8 | 12. 72 | 9.36 | 35.31 | 23.75 |

## Agricultural Programs Increase Farm Prices.

Two recent changes in the agricultural program have been chiefly instrumental in leading farm and food prices higher. During April the Surplus Marketing Administration began substantial purchases of pork, dairy, and poultry products in the open market in accordance with a plan (which will continue in force until 1943) for advancing prices and hence stimulating production of these foods, both for domestic consumption and lease-lend transfer to Great Britain. Moreover, in May, passage by Congress of Public Law 74 required loans of the Commodity Credit Corporation on 1941 cotton, wheat, corn, rice, and tobacco to be increased to 85 percent of parity.

Some idea of the possible effect of the latter program is indicated in table 3. As of May 15, the indicated loan rates on wheat and cotton have been advanced more them 50 percent to 97.7 cents a bushel and 13.7 cents a pound, respectively. The corn loan-already nearer parity-will rise less sharply, an important fact since efforts to expand output of livestock produets musst be adjusted to the level of corn and other feed prices. Part of the indicated rise in loan rates is due to the increase to 85 percent of parity, while a small part is due to the advance in the general price level, for the parity price is based on the average relation of the price of the farm commodity in question to the prices of commodities purchased by the farmer


Figure 5.-Indexes of Wholesale Prices, January 2, 1937-May 24, 1941 (U. S. Department of Labor).
(together with interest and taxes paid by him) in the years 1909 through 1914. With the possible exception of corn, the supplies of important loan commodities were already more than ample to meet all requirements before the increase in loan rates. Hence, strict control over production of these commodities will be necessary to avoid burdensome additions to existing surpluses (a policy in direct contrast to that in regard to pork, dairy, and poultry products).

The advance in loan rates will raise the actual return received by the farmer for a unit of his crop to the approximate parity price. Commodity Credit Corporation loans establish a minimum price level for quoti marketings of the loan commodities. But in addition, producers of these crops receive two other payments: one an agricultural conservation payment and the other a parity payment (both are listed in table 3). The latter payments are made only on the normal yield of the allotted acreage. For example, on this yicld the wheat grower will receive a minimum approximating $\$ 1.16$ a bushel-the 98 -cent loan minimum plus an 8-cent agricultural conservation payment plus a 10 -cent parity payment.

Higher loan rates on principal crops and larger returns from livestock are expected to increase farm income this year more than a billion dollars over the 9.1 billions realized in 1940. Such an income will be
the highest attained since 1929 when the aggregate was 11.2 billion dollars. In terms of real income, however, the farmers' return will probably be higher than in 1929, as prices paid for commodities used in farm production and farm home consumption have fallen about 15 percent since that year.
Table 3.-Government Loan, Agricultural Conservation, and Parity Payment Rates on Principal Crops

|  | Wheat (cents per bushel) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Corn } \\ & \text { (cents } \\ & \text { per } \\ & \text { bushel) } \end{aligned}$ | Cotton (cents per pound) | Fluecured tobaceo (entsprer pound) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Commodity Credit Corporation loan rate |  |  |  |  |
| on 1940 erop | 64.0 | 61.0 | 18.89 | 218.8 |
| Parity price May 15, 1941-..-.--------- | 114.9 | 83.5 | 16. 12 | 22.9 |
| Indicated loan rate on 1941 crop at 85 percent of May 15, 1941, parity price | 97.7 | 71.0 | 13.70 | 18. 5 |
| Percentage change of 1941 over 1940 crop loan rates. | +53 | +16 | +54 | -2 |
| United States average pripe received by farmere at local markets May 15, 1941 | 79.4 | 65.9 | 11.68 | ${ }^{3} 16.2$ |
| Government payment rates on 1941 crop: 4 | 8.0 | 9.0 | 1.37 | 0.8 |
| Parity payment --.....--------- | 10.0 | 5.0 | 1.38 | 0.9 |

${ }_{2}^{1}$ Basie loan rate on Middling $7 / 8$ inch.
${ }^{2}$ A verage loan and purchase value of 1940 flue-cured tobacco acquired for subsequent export to Great Britain.

Scason average price for the 1940 crop. No sales reported since January 1941. - On normal yield of acreage allotments for 1941.

## New Orders for Durable Goods Decline Slightly.

Though the pace of the advance in consumer demand shows no signs of abating, some leveling off has appeared in the huge upsurge of capital goods buying. During April the durable goods component of the Department of Commerce index of manufacturers new orders fell from 285 to 276 (January $1939=100$ ). However, this was not sufficient to counter a sharp 7 -point advance in the nondurable component to 143 (a new high for this series) and the aggregate index moved from 194 to 195. The largest decrease among the durables occurred in the machinery and transportation equipment groups, while the incoming business in the iron and steel industry remained virtually unchanged from the tremendous volume of the previous month. Among the nondurables, the increase was general with a number of the consumer goods in the lead.

Despite this smaller volume of new orders, in no instance could incoming business be described as other than very large. Though shipments were heavier in almost all lines save automobiles (where work stoppage brought some decline), manufacturers' unfilled order backlogs advanced a further 5 percent. What this moans in terms of lengthening the period of commitments was illustrated above in reference to the steel industry.

The heavier movement of goods in almost all manufacturing industries lifted the index of shipments from 165 in March to 172 in April, a gain about equal to the average since the first of the year. As compared with the preceding 2 months, a somewhat larger proportion of these goods flowed into inventory. Accumulation for the month amounted to 140 million dollars, lifting the Department of Commerce index to 123.6. It was
a year previous that the short period of liquidation of manufacturers' inventories after the abortive upsurge in the fall of 1939 was completed. Over the intervening time stocks have expanded in value terms about 1.6 billion dollars. While the increase during April, as in previous months, was gencral in character, rapidly growing defense industries with heavier raw material and goods in process needs were responsible for the most substantial rise. These are about the only durable industries in which much further growth of inventories is expected to occur. Control over raw material stocks by the Office of Production Management is widening appreciably, and as it is implemented successfully, some disinvestment of inventory will be forced in a number of industries.
Among retailers and wholesalers, inventory accumulation has not been large as yet, though in each case the movement has been greater than is usual at this time of year. From January through March the adjusted index of department store stocks had advanced from 71 to 74 , while stocks of wholesalers in the first 4 months expanded about 5 percent.

## Production Rises Sharply.

Industrial output resumed its rapid advance in May directly upon settlement of management-labor disputes in several key industries. Declines in the output of coal, automobiles, and steel during April had been sufficient to reduce the Federal Reserve index of industrial production some 4 points to 139. However, activity in these industries recovered very sharply early in May, and with effective support from such defense industries as machinery, shipbuilding, aircraft, and the nonferrous metals, the Federal Reserve index jumped to a new high of 148 , after adjustment for the seasonal variation usual in more normal years.
The upsurge in bituminous coal production (the industry most affected by work stoppage in April) brought production within 90 percent of the March level, and in itself added more than 4 points to the Reserve Board index. After some hesitancy because of price uncertainties, output of anthracite also rose $3,858,000$ tons being produced in May as contrasted with 3,198,000 tons in April.

Automobile production usually declines sharply in May, but record demand, prospective raw material shortages, and smaller output in April all combined to induce an increase of more than 20 percent in May of this year. Ford operations were exceptionally large in consequence of the shut-down during the previous month, with operations in some plants being resumed on a 6 -day basis. A total of 555,000 units (including the small Canadian production) were produced by the industry, the highest total for any month since 1929.

In the steel industry, the coal stoppage had interrupted the flow of raw materials and some operators took advantage of the situation to reline furnaces.

Output did not regain its former peak until the latter part of May when production was near 100 pereent of capacity. For May as a whole, $7,101,800$ tons were produced, as compared with $6,757,700$ tons in April.
Freight carloadings during the month climbed to 866,017 weekly, the largest movement for any week since 1930. The chief gain as compared to the previous month naturally appeared in the movement of coal, as may be seen in figure 6. At the end of the month the coal movement was about 15 percent above a year previous, though not back to the winter level.


Figure 6.-Total Freight-Car Loadings and Loadings of the Miscellaneous and Coal Classes, January 7, 1939, Through May 24, 1941 (Association of American Railroads).

Other types of freight were also being shipped in heavier volume, evidencing for the most part a larger-than-seasonal rise. However, the backbone of the upward movement continued to be the steady expansion of miscellancous carloadings-which contain most industrial frcight. Topping May 1940 by nearly 30 percent, this class of loadings has moved above the figure for all years subsequent to 1930 .

The electric power industry is undergoing a similar experience in regard to industrial demand. Output in the latter part of May was the highest on record, rising above 3 billion kilowatt-hours for the week of May 24 (using the newly published series of the Edison Electric Institute which includes power generated by Government and industry not heretofore reported). Since March it has been rumning about 16 pereent ahead of last year. These increases have been reffected in a
stcady revision of the maximum power requirements expected in most districts this year, as published by the Federal Power Commission. Whereas, last winter maximum assured capacity appeared to be adequate through 1941 for almost all districts, the latest estimates of requirements reveal the expectation of a growing tightness of supply in many regions before the ycar is out. Expansion of capacity is continuing apace, with programs being constantly revised upward. For the year as a whole the Federal Power Commission now reports a contemplated addition of $3,352,639$ kilowatts of generating capacity. As this is not sufficiently large in all areas, a number of power pools are being formed which will more equitably distribute available supplies over regions of greater area. Meanwhile, drought in the Southeast and New England continued to lower both present and future hydroelectric supplies to a serious cxtent in those areas.

## Growth in Machine Tool Output.

Machinery, aircraft, and shipbuilding have been the major defense industries moving ahead most rapidly in recent roonths, output in each instance increasing at an average rate of 5 percent or better. On none of thesc has pressure for expansion been any greater than on the machine tool industry, for machine tools are an integral part of the huge complex of armament and other supporting industries now under construction. The response of the industry to the demands made upon it is charted in figure 7. Since August 1940 production has advanced at an average monthly rate exceeding 5 percent. If such an expansion be continued (and it can be bettered), the value of output this year will rise to around 800 million dollars, which may be compared with an output of 450 million dollars in 1940 and less than 300 million in 1937 and 1929-all ycars of substantial capital formation.

An examination of the chart of production and exports discloses that the initial impetus for greatly enlarged machine-tool output came from export demand following the outbreak of the war in 1939. The rise in exports roughly paralleled the rise in production throughout 1940 with England receiving increasing amounts. Shipments to Britain reached a peak of about 20 million dollars per month in the final quarter of 1940 compared with 8 million dollars in July of that year. Exports have since declined to 18 million in March, with well over 90 percent going to England and Canada. Continuation of the precipitous rise in production since last fall has been in answer to defense demand. All told, reduced exports coupled with increased production have nearly doubled the flow of new tools to domestic industry since the year end.

Expansion of output by the industry to date has involved plant expansion, additional employment of labor, longer hours, and the extension of subcontracting. Almost 24,000 wage carners were added during. 1940 and the Bureau of Labor Statistics' survey of
estimated labor requirements in the machinc-tool industry indicates that an additional 22,600 will be employed during 1941. More than half of this number have already been added as of April. Greater difficulties are expected in recruiting labor during the latter half of the year, and steps have been taken to improve training programs and to obtain deferment of skilled workers called in the draft.

That further large gains are possible in this and other defense industries as a result of more intensive operations in existing plants has again been revealed in field studies conducted by the Department of Labor last March. Some 587 plants employing 618,000 employees in 12 defense industries wero covered and it


Figure 7.-Estimated Monthly Production of the Machine-Tool Industry and United States Exports of Machine Tools, 1936-41 (U. S. Department of Commerce).
was discovered that 72 percent of the employees were included in the first shift, 20 percent in the second, and only 8 percent in the third. However, in many cases bottlenecks in specific parts of plant facilities or shortages of particular kinds of labor prevented full threeshift operations. Many workers on the first shift labored overtime, the average work-week for these being 49.8 hours. Only 60 percent of all workers were employed on Saturday, while 10 percent worked Sundays. Of the plants reporting, 90 manufactured machine tools. In these, the first shift included 71 percent of the workers, the second 23 percent, and the third 6 pereent. The average work-week was 60.6 hours.

Exact information regarding subcontracting in the machine tool industry is still incomplete. It is estimated, however, that 22 pereent of total machine tool output in the final quarter of 1940 was produced under subcontracts, and that more than one-fourth of current production is accounted for in this manner. With the machine-tool industry under extreme pressure, subcontracting largely extends to a wide variety of ma-
chinery producers who have resourees of equipment and skilled labor which can be brought to bear on the machine-tool problem.

In order to assure continuous output in the event that orders are not perfectly geared to the availability of equipment, the Reconstruction Finance Corporation on May 16 announced a loan of 200 million dollars to the Office of Production Management for purchase of machine tools. The loan, made in addition to an carlier 35 -million-dollar loan, permits the Defense Plant Corporation to place orders for all types of machine tools which will be distributed by O. P. M. where needed. No orders have been placed as yet.

## Rubber Affected by Import Uncertainty.

One of the most important commodities affected by the growing tightness of shipping facilities in recent months has been crude rubber. Consumption has been extremely heavy as compared with recent yoars, with successive new highs being attained in January, March, and April. Over the first 4 months total crude consumption of 269,000 long tons exceeded the 1940 record for the same period by 25 percent. An informal agreement among rubber manufacturers, suggested by the Office of Production Management, contemplates some curtailment of consumption after June 1. However, the continuing effort to accumulate and conserve stocks may require Federal regulation of consumption.

Total domestic stocks of crude rubber as of the end of April, inclusive of Government holdings, were reported at 329,767 long tons, equal to 5 months' supply at the April consumption rate. In addition, stocks afloat to the United States amounted to 153,484, an additional 2 months' supply at the April rate. Since February 1940 (when stocks were at their low point for that year) the additional accumulation of crude rubber has been about 200,000 long tons and 85 percent of this has gone into Government reserve, including rubber acquired by the Commodity Credit Corporation by barter with England. However, the present Government stockpile is less than half of what it is expected to be. The Rubber Rescrve Corporation has contracted to buy up to 430,000 tons of Far Eastern crude, and 24,000 tons of Brazilian rubber. Through April 30, only 112,000 tons of this had been delivered or was in transit. The balance of this reserve is to be accumulated in 1941 if the necessary shipping facilities can be made available. Meanwhile, if the April consumption rate were cut even as much as 42 percent, total stocks on hand plus stocks afloat at the end of April would still only be equal to a year's supply.

The plan to limit automobile production in the coming model year will result in some saving of rubber. The initial 20 -percent eut in production would reduce rubber consumption only 50,000 long tons, something less than 1 month's consumption at the current rate of
use. Part of this saving may be offset by increased demand for replacement rubber on automobiles. In recent years replacement has accounted for about twothirds, on the average, of total tire demand.


Figure 8.-Rubber Consumption andestocks, 1939-41.
Note.-All data for 1939 and 1940 and Government holdings for 1941 are from the U. S. Department of Commerce; other data for 1941 are from 'the 'Rubber Manufacturers Association, Ine.

Attempts are being made to stimulate the production of natural rubber in the Western hemisphere, and also domestic production of synthetic rubber. However, the Department of Agriculture prograni for fostering crude rubber production in Latin America
camot influence United States rubber supplies appreciably for many years. Currently, little Brazilian rubber is available to United States buyers, owing to increased Brazilian and Argentine buying of Brazilian output. Meanwhile, domestic guayule rubber plantation possibilities have been brought to the attention of Congress in House debate.

Domestic production of synthetic rubber has been of minor importance to date, and the price of the synthetic product is still substantially above that of crude. Negotiations looking toward a sizable expansion in productive capacity for synthetic rubber have been carried on for several months between the Federal Loan Administrator and prospective producers. As a rosult, four rubber manufacturing companies are now establishing plants with capacity for 2,500 tons each per year, so planned as to facilitate quick expansion to 10,000 tons each. Additional plants of this nature can, of course, be constructed if desired.

The current heavy consumption, import uncertainties, and limited supplies available for trading purposes all contributed to an increase in the price of crude rubber of more than 5 cents a pound between late January and the middle of May. On May 13 the price of No. 1 ribbed smoked sheets touched 25 cents, not equaled since May 10 last year, at the time the big German westward drive began. By the end of May of this year, however, the price had dropped somewhat to less than 23 cents. This was due chiefly to more liberal offerings from producers and indications of increased May arrivals with the prospect that, for the immediate future at least, arrivals will continue to exceed consumption. Higher margin requirements proposed by the Office of Price Administration and Civilian Supply for futures trading in rubber, and the setting of maximum prices for combed cotton yarns, which implied the possibility of definite price limits over a wide area of nondurable goods, also had a restraining influence on the rubber market.

# National Income Exceeds 76 Billion Dollars in 1940 

By Milton Gilbert and Dwight B. Yntema

LARGELY as a result of the stimulus provided by the defense program, the national income of the United States rose to 76 billion dollars ${ }^{1}$ in 1940 -more than 5 billion above the total reached in the preceding year. This comprehensive measure of the net value of the commodities and services produced by the economic cnterprises of the country, both private and public, was higher in 1940 than in any year since 1929, when the record high of 83.4 billion dollars was attained. It was above the decade's previous high, 1937, by a good margin. Moreover, in terms of the physical quantity of goods and services produced-that is, dollar values adjusted for price changes-w the national income in 1940 was at an all-time high and it likewise exceeded the 1929 volume on a per capita basis.

## Rapid Rise in Second Half of 1940.

Compared with advances in other years of the recovery period since 1932 , the rise of 5.4 billion dollars in national income for 1940 was not exceptional. This is a reflection of the fact that cconomic expansion in 1940 was confined largely to the latter half of the year. The flow of income actually declined during the first 4 months and recovered only moderately in May and June. After the midyear, however, a vigorous upswing began and the rate of income flow increased by more than 1 percent a month. It is estimated that 53 percent of the year's income was produced during the second 6 months of 1940, after allowance for the usual scasonal difference between the first and second 6 -month periods.

The motivating forces behind these changes in the flow of national income during 1940 all stem from the military developments in Europe. The decline during the first third of the year was itself a reaction to the upward surge of economic activity in late 1939 which was based to a considerable degree upon the wave of

[^1]inventory accumulation initiated by the outbreak of war. From the beginning of 1940 the inventory movement contracted sharply until the invasion of the Low Countrics by the German forces on May 10 caused a drastic change in the fundamental economic situation. This change resulted, in the first instance, from the acceleration in the rate of Allied purchasing of war materials in this country and, after the middle of the year, from the growing demands of our own defense program.

Citation of a few figures will show the magnitude of these propelling forces. Exports of principal warrelated products ${ }^{2}$ in 1940 were more than double the total for the year carlier, rising from 706 million dollars to 1,492 million. Approximately 55 percent of the 1940 export total was concentrated in the second half of the year. Defense expenditures of the United States also more than doubled, with an increase from 1,290 million dollars in 1939 to 2,634 million in 1940. But not only was the absolute rise of defense spending considerably larger than war-induced exports, it was concentrated to a greater extent in the second half of the year. With an advance from little more than 150 million dollars in June to 460 million in December, about two-thirds of the year's outlay for rearmament was made after the midyear. In addition to these actual deliveries of armament materials here and abroad there was, of course, the stimulus of the work started by many industrial firms upon the huge volume of orders placed. Its importance in raising the level of national income is indicated by the inventory increase in durable goods industries of about 850 million dollars from August through December.

These three factors provided the stimulus which pushed up the level of income. There were, of course, substantial increases both in induced investment and in consumers' real income.

## Upward Movement Continued in 1941.

The upward movement of the national income has continued during the first half of 1941, although at a moderately slower pace than during the previous half-year, owing to capacity limitations and material bottlenecks. It is estimated that the national income has risen from the year-end rate of about 80 billion dollars to an annual rate in June approximating 85 billion. During this period, however, the defense program had so grown in size as to overshadow the

[^2]other stimulating forces in the economic situation. Whereas defense expenditures amounted to 900 million dollars in May, up from 460 in December 1940, exports were relatively stable in the early months of 1941 and the rate of inventory accumulation actually fell off rather sharply.

With the huge expansion in the output of defense equipment projected for the year ahead, recent trends may be expected to continue. A further rise of the national income is assured as still unused capacity and new production facilities come into operation. Furthermore, the rearmament effort will assume a position of almost complete dominance as a causal factor, entirely dwarfing the impact of changes in other independent demand factors.

The expansion in nondefense industries induced by British and United States armament outlays, however,


Figure 9.-National Income in Current and 1935-39 Dollars, and Per Capita Income in 1935-39 Dollars, 1919-40 (U. S. Department of Co m merce).
may be expected to be less marked during the coming year. Up to the present the existence of unused capacity has allowed induced demands to be met without serious restriction. However, shortages of many raw materials that enter into durable goods have now appeared, and it can be expected that both producers' and consumers' durable goods industries will be unable to produce in sufficient quantity to meet all nondefense demands. In part, this will be reflected in a greater-than-usual rise in nondurable goods and service industries and probably, in part, in a less-than-usual relationship between the investment stimulating force (defense outlays in this case) and the increase it induces in the total output of goods and services.

## Real Income at New High.

Inasmuch as the rise of the national income in 1940 was accompanied by only a slight rise in the prices of finished products, the increase over 1939 largely represented an increase in the physical quantity of goods and services produced. This is evident in figure 9. The three lines in the chart show the effect of successive allowances for price changes and population growth, depicting the estimated value of the national income in current dollars and in average 1935-39 dollars and
the latter after reduction to a per capita basis. ${ }^{3}$ These adjustments provide a closer approximation to a measure of the change in the cconomic well-being of the Nation.

The importance of making an adjustment for changing prices is clearly apparent. Whereas in 1937, for example, national income in current dollars was still 14 percent below the 1929 total, the national income in fixed prices was slightly above the 1929 volume. After the recession of 1938 the national income in constant dollars moved to new highs in 1939 and again in 1940. In the latter year it was as much as 11 percent larger than in 1929. Real national income was approximately equal in 1932 and 1921 and the annual averages for the 1923-29 and 1934-37 periods were substantially equivalent. Some significance may be attached to the fact that the real national income as estimated, was almost 60 percent higher in 1939 and 1940 than 20 years earlier.

The growth of population from about 105 million persons in 1919 to approximately 132 million in 1940 should be kept in mind in appraising the significance of this 20 -year growth in the physical volume of national income. Allowing for this population growth, real income per capita in 1937 and 1939 was about equal to the per capita real income in 1927 and 1928. By 1940, real income per capita was above the 1929 peak; between these years the 11-percent gain in total real income more than offset the 9 -percent increase in population. About half of the 60 -percent rise in aggregate real income from 1919-20 to 1939-40 represented a gain in per capita income.

## Components of the National Income Total.

Before proceeding with an analysis of changes in the cormposition of the national income, the meaning and content of the concept may be reviewed briefly. National income is the measure of the value of the net output of commodities and services produced by the private and public enterprises of the economy. It includes the economic activities carried on by all producing entities-corporations, partnerships, individual enterprises, and governmental agencies. In practice, the development follows industrial lines so that measures are at once provided for the segments of the national income that originate in each of the several broad industry groups such as agriculture, mining, trade, etc. The measure is net in the sense that the value of materials and supplies and of plant and equip-

[^3]ment consumed in the process of production is deducted from the gross value of goods and services produced in order to obtain the value of net production.
'The private and public enterprises utilize personal services and capital provided by individuals, who thus both contribute to the productive process and share in the division of the net product. The net product is represented by returns in the form of salaries and wages, net income of business enterprises, interest, and rents and royalties. Salaries and wages, supplements to salaries and wages, interest, and net rents and royalties are conceived as paid out by enterprises. Net incomes of businesses, on the other hand, are transferred


Figure 10-Indexes of National Income in Constant Dollars and Industrial Production, 1919-40 (National Income, U. S. Department of Commerce; Industrial Production, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System).
only to the extent that dividend payments are made by corporations and withdrawals are made by owners of unincorporated businesses. The difference between net income and the amount disbursed constitutes business savings, such "savings" being either positive or negative. Income actually disbursed by enterprises plus business savings equals the national income. ${ }^{4}$ Thus, the national income is a measure of the net value of goods and services produced and also of the claims to these goods and services. The discussion that follows deals successively with the industrial sources of the national income and its composition in terms of the different types of returns.

## Industrial Composition of National Income in 1940.

Considering that the major impetus to the expansion of the national income in 1940 came from domestic and foreign outlays for armaments, it is to be expected that output of manufacturing industries would increase more substantially than that of other areas of the economy. That this was the case is evident from figure 10, showing relative changes in the Reserve Board's index of industrial production and the physical volume

[^4]of national income. As in other years of very high business volumes, the rise in industrial production in 1940 was considerably larger than in the national income total. Against a rise in the former of approximately 20 percent, the national income, adjusted for price changes, increased by 7 percent. In this regard the armaments boom of 1940 was similar to the durable-goods investment booms of previous periods.
The same influence is evident in the changes recorded in the industrial components of the national income. Figure 11 shows that manufacturing, mining, and contract construction were the only components showing a percentage increase from 1939 greater than the over-all increase in national income. Indeed, half of the increase from 1939 to 1940 was concentrated in these commodity-producing industrics, though they accounted for only slightly more than one-fourth of the national income in 1939. The gain in manufacturing, as would be expected, was not divided equally among the different types of manufacturing activities. Firms producing metals and metal products were greatly stimulated by a combination of demands for defense production and demands reflecting industrial expansion and strong consumer purchases. Income originating in these activities rose 33 percent. At the other extreme from this volatile type of durabic-goods activity was the textile and leather group which recorded an improvement of only 2 percent.
Income originating in manufacturing amounted to more than 19 billion dollars in 1940, or 25.2 perent of


Figure 11.-Percentage Increase, 1940 from 1939, in National Income by Industrial Divisions (U. S. Department of Commerce).
Note. - The width of each bar represents the percent that each industrial division is of the total income for 1939.
the year's total. Only in other prosperous years has the income arising in manufacturing activities attained so large a percentage. In both 1937 and 1929, for example, 24.5 percent of the total had its origin in this industry. Such proportions are in marked contrast with the performance in a year like 1932 ( 15.2 percent) or even 1938 ( 20.7 percent), and provide evidence of the past association between strong manufacturing activity and a high level of national income.

The other industrial components did not show so aggressive an advance from 1939 to 1940 as did manufacturing, mining, and contract construction. Over the course of the past decade, however, significant shifts have occurred in the relative contribution of certain industries to the income total. Besides showing a substantial absolute rise, the relative portion of national income originating in government almost doubled between 1929 and 1940; it accounted for 13.5 percent of the total income at the end of the period as compared with only 7.6 percent in 1929. This growth is traceable very largely to an increase in Federal disbursements. Over the period, the State and local portion changed but little, rising as high as 4.3 billion dollars in 1930 and in 1931, and falling a little below 3.9 billions in 1934; the total of 4.9 billions for 1940 showed

Table 1.-National Income, by Industrial Divisions, ${ }^{1940}$ )

| Industrial division | Amount in 1940 (millions of dollars) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per- } \\ & \text { cent of } \\ & 1940 \\ & \text { total } \end{aligned}$total | 1940 as percent of - |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1939 | 1932 or 1933 (whichever is lower) | 1929 |
| Total | 76,035 | 100.0 | 107.6 | 190.1 | 91.2 |
| Agriculture | 5,950 | 7.8 | 103.5 | 233.2 | 82.0 |
| Mining.- | 1,422 | 1.9 | 109.5 | 271.4 | 75.5 |
| Manufacturing. | 19, 168 | 25.2 | 118.0 | 316.0 | 93.9 |
| Contract construction | 2, ${ }_{5}^{293}$ | 3.2 | 112.5 | 449.6 146.8 | 67.9 74.5 14.8 |
| Power and gas | 1,450 | 1.9 | 102.3 | 141.3 | 101.8 |
| Communication | 984 | 1.3 | 107.3 | 154.5 | 94.4 |
| Retail trade.- | 6, 424 | 8.5 | 105.3 | 192.5 | 90.4 |
| Wholesale trade. | 3,646 | 4.8 | 104. 7 | 210.0 | 92.0 |
| Finance.-...-- | 6, 195 | 8.1 | 102.4 | 139.9 | 66.0 |
| Government (including relief) $\qquad$ | 10,221 | 13.4 | 102.9 | 157.3 | 161.0 |
| Service. | 9,285 | 12.2 | 104.8 | 171.0 | 93.7 |
| Miscellaneous | 3, 596 | 4.7 | 105.7 | 164.1 | 89.6 |

only a small increase from 1939. Meanwhile, the income attributed to the Federal Government more than doubled as it advanced from less than 2.2 billions in 1929 and 1930 to a total in 1940 which included 3.8 billions in other than work relief and 1.5 billions for work relief. The defense program, even in the early stage of its development in the second half of 1940, was chiefly responsible for the net rise of 287 million dollars from 1939 to 1940, despite a curtailment in work relief amounting to nearly 300 millions.

Trade and service activities, in addition to government, each accounted for 12 to 14 percent of the 1940 national income. Retail and wholesale trade combined, with 10.1 billions for the year, maintained a relative position in 1940 that has varied but little over the decade. The relative contribution of the diversified service industry increased over the decade, although less rapidly than government and without
such markedly greater-than-arerage strength in depression years.

Three industries, each advancing moderately over the past year and each with from 6 to 9 percent of the national income, were similar not only in size but also in that their relative contribution to the country's income total has fallen off since 1929. For agriculture and transportation the decline dates back to still carlier years; in the case of finance, however, the drop involves in considerable measure a downward adjustment from the high level attained in 1928 and 1929. The remaining industries, power and gas and communication, together accounted for approximately 3 percent of the 1940 total; each constituted a slightly larger proportion of the total income in 1940 than in 1939.


Figure 12.-National Income by Major Sources, 1929-40 (U. S. Department of Commerce).
For broad summary purposes the several industrial sources of the national income may be combined into three major groups. These include the commodityproducing industries (agriculture, mining, manufacturing, and contract construction), the distribution industries (transportation, power and gas, and retail and wholesale trade), and the service industries (communication, finance, service, government, and miscellaneous). Figure 12 shows the experience of these major groups from 1929 through 1940, separating government from the other service industries. The figure well illustrates such points as the growth of the income originating in government, the comparative stability of the distribution and service industries, and the wide cyclical swings of the commodity producing industries.

## Gains in All Types of Returns in 1940.

Of the different types of returns, the compensation of employees increased in largest amount from 1939 to 1940, primarily because it accounts for so large a fraction of total income. The gain of 3.7 billion dollars, an 8-percent advance, was slightly smaller than that for salaries and wages alone, because of a 300 -million-dollar reduction in work-relief wages, one of the supplements to salaries, and wages. Aggregate employee compensation at nearly 52 billions in 1940 was within 1 billion of the current dollar total reached in 1929 . On a percentage basis the largest advance of the year was scored by net income of corporations, despite a sharp rise in

Federal tax liability. ${ }^{5}$ The increase of approximately 1 billion dollars in this return was about equally divided between corporate dividends and corporate business savings, with the latter showing a substantial positive amount for the first time since 1929.

Neither interest nor net rents and royalties scored an advance in excess of 100 million dollars from 1939 to 1940. Since 1929 the former has declined slowly but almost continuously, whereas the latter experienced a severe drop from which only limited recovery has been realized. Changes in the components of the net income of unincorporated business were all favorable, as may be secn in table 2 ; for the composite the advance amounted to about 300 million dollars. Of the compo-

Table 2.-National Income, by Distributive Shares, for Selected Years
[Millions of dollars]

| Type of share | 1929 | 1932 | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total national income | 83,365 | 39,991 | 64,418 | 70,674 | 76,035 |
| Total compensation of employ | 52, 692 | 31,466 | 44,948 | 48,128 | 51,816 |
| Salaries and wages. | 52, 246 | 30,888 | 41,089 | 44, 349 | 48,158 |
| Total supplements to salaries and wages | 446 | 578 | 3,859 | 3,779 | 3,658 |
| Work rolief wages ${ }^{\text {I }}$ |  | 132 | 2,094 | 1,870 | 1, 577 |
| Social Security contributions of employers |  |  | 1,173 | 1,282 | 1,414 |
| Other enuployee income ${ }^{2}$ | 446 | 446 | 592 | 627 | 667 |
| Net income of incorporated businesses. | 7, 194 | $-3,646$ | 1,690 | 3,806 | 4,766 |
| Dividends to stockholders (net) | 5,944 | 2,727 | 3,165 | 3,764 | 4,150 |
| Business savings | 1,250 | -6,373 | $-1,475$ | 42 | 616 |
| Net income of unincorporated businesses ${ }^{3}$ | 14. 214 | 5, 291 | 11,013 | 11,855 | 12,447 |
| Agriculture | 5, 628 | 1, 661 | 4, 440 | 4,780 | 4,970 |
|  | 8,586 | 3, 630 | 6,573 | 7,075 | 7,477 |
| Entrepreneurial (owners') withdrawals | 8,340 | 5,489 | 6. 793 | 7,050 | 7,343 |
| Buslness savings | 246 | $-1,859$ | -220 | 25 | 134 |
| Interest (net) | 5.901 | 5, 656 | 4,861 | 4,884 | 4.935 |
| Net rents and royalties | 3,364 | 1, 224 | 1,906 | 2,001 | 2,071 |

I Includes pay rolls and maintenance of Civilian Conservation Corps enrollees and pay rolls of Civil Works Administration, Federal Emergency Relief Administration and the Federal Works Program projects plus administrative pay rolls outside of Washington, D.C., for all except the Federal Works Program. Area office employees and their pay rolls under the Federal Works Program are included with the regular Federal Government employment and pay-roll figures.
2 Pension payments under private plans and under systems for Government employecs, compensation for industrial injuries, etc.
3 Includes returns for personal services of owners.
nents of net income of businesses both corporate and noncorporate (exclusive of agriculture), undistributed business savings moved most dynamically over the 1929-40 period. Only in 1929, 1939, and 1940 were these positive; the low mark of minus 8 billion dollars was recorded in 1932. In connection with the estimates of business savings, as in table 2 , mention must bemade of the fact that a considerable margin of crror is inevitably present. The limitations of financial accountstatements resulting from the use of teehniques not necessarily consonant with economic analyses, as with depreciation for example, tend to be centered in the business-savings item. Furthermore, in the case of unincorporated businesses, the estimates of withdrawals by owners are necessarily based on limited data; after

[^5]deduction from net income they leave a business-savings balance of only approximate validity.

## Stability of Employee Component in Distributed Total.

Because of the special characteristics of business savings arising from the fact that they are undisbursed and that they have such wide variability in different phases of the business cycle, detailed analysis is often made after arrangement of the data in the form shown in table 3. Comparison is there made between the relative sizes of the different types of shares transferred by enterprises in different years.

Table 3.-Comparative Size of Distributive Shares Transferred by Enterprises in Selected Years

| Tyine of share | 1929 | 1932 | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total national income <br> Business savings ${ }^{1}$ <br> Total shares transferred by enterprises. | Amount in millions of dollars |  |  |  |  |
|  | 83,365 | 39, 091 | 64, 418 | 70,674 | 76,035 |
|  | 1,496 81,869 | -8.232 48,223 | $-1,695$ 66,113 | 67 70,607 | $\begin{array}{r} 750 \\ 75,285 \end{array}$ |
|  | Percent of total transferred by enterprises |  |  |  |  |
| Total shares transferred by enterprises.. | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| Total compensation of employees. | 64.3 | 65.3 | 68.0 | 63.2 | 68.8 |
| Salaries and wages..--. | 63.8 | 64.1 | 62.1 | 62.8 | 64.0 |
| Supplements to salaries and wages - | . 5 | 1. 2 | 5.9 | 5.4 | 4.8 |
| Work-relief wages? <br> Social Security contributions of |  | . 3 | 3.2 | 2. 6 | 2.1 |
| Social Security contributions of employers |  |  | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.8 |
| Other employee income ${ }^{2}$ | . 5 | . 9 | . 9 | 9 | . 9 |
| Entrepreneurial (owners') withdrawals from enterprises other than agricultural ${ }^{3}$ | 10.2 | 11.4 | 10.3 | 10.0 | 9.8 |
| Net income of unincorporated agricultural enterprises ${ }^{3}$ | 6.9 | 3.4 | 6.7 | 6.8 | 6.6 |
| Total dividends, interest, and net rents and rovalties. | 18.6 | 19.9 | 15.0 | 15.1 | 14.8 |
| bividends | 7.3 | 5.7 | 4.8 | 5.3 | 5.5 |
| Interest (net) | 7. 2 | 11.6 | 7.5 | 7.0 | 6. 6 |
| Net rents and royalties. | 4.1 | 2.6 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.7 |

${ }^{1}$ Business savings in incorporated and unincorporated enterprises other than agricultural.
${ }_{2}$ See footnote on corresponding item table 2.
${ }^{3}$ Includes returns for personal services of owners.
Both the comparative size and the stability of the percentages that salaries and wages bear to total income distributed are to be noted. In the years covered by the table, for example, salaries and wages plus Social Security contributions of employers and other employee income, exclusive of work-relief wages, ranged narrowly between 64.3 and 66.7 percent of the total. The development of work-relief programs for the unemployed since 1929 was largely responsible for raising the total compensation of employees to as high as 68.8 percent of the aggregate income distributed in 1940.

The estimate of owner's withdrawals from unincorporated business other than agricultural showed little change from 1929 to 1940, although this share was comparatively high in 1932. Net income from unincorporated agricultural enterprises, for which actual withdrawals have not been separately estimated, had fallen severely by 1932 but in 1940 accounted for 6.6 percent of the total. The total of the disbursements for the services rendered by capital, in the form of dividends, interest, and net rents and royalties, rose percentagewise in 1932 because of the maintenance of
interest payments as against a declining disbursement aggregate．As would be expected，dividends and net rents and royalties accounted for a much smaller frac－ tion of total disbursements in 1932 than in 1929，and even the improvement realized by 1939 and 1940 still left these disbursements below their 1929 percentages． With the interest share also lower in the last 2 years， the total of dividends，interest，and net rents and royal－ ties was one－fifth below the comparative position attained in 1929.

It is important to recognize that underlying changes in the structure of the economy must have pronounced effects on the comparative size of the different types of shares．In going back as far as 1919 （table 5），for example，the greater proportion of the income total then originating in agriculture would tend to increase the comparative size of the net income of unincorporated businesses，largely at the expense of returns arising from other types of businesses（salaries and wages may be used as illustrative）since agriculture is predomi－ nately carried on by individual farm operators．On the other hand，the growth of service activities and their relative strength in times of depression is a type of change which would tend to offset the effect of some declinc in the relative importance of agriculture．The pervading influence of corporate industrial organization is，of course，a major underlying factor evident in the comparative size of corporate labor returns in the form of salaries and wages．

Table 4．－Salaries and Wages，Employees，and Average Salary－Wage for Employee，by Industrial Divisions， 1940


## Average Salary－Wage Per Employee Higher in 1940.

The 1940 advance in salarics and wages was for the greater part paid to additional salaried and wage workers and to more fully employed workers．Though total salaries and wages increased 7 percent from 1939 to 1940 ，the over－all average salary－wage per employee advanced only 2 percent．As shown in table 4，the 1940 average was 24 percent higher than the low point reached in 1933 but still 8 percent short of the similar 1929 figure．Comparisons with earlicr years require modification in the light of changes in prices as seen， for example，in the Bureau of Labor Statistics cost－of－
living index．After this adjustment，it is apparent that the real salary－wage was definitely higher in 1940 than in earlier years in terms of its command over commod－ ities used in urban living．It should be noted that full－time employment for the year as used hercin is an arerage of the number of persons working in the different reported pay periods of the year．This is not to be confused with the total number of different per－ sons working at some time during the year，nor does it represent the equivalent of employment for the full number of working hours during the reported pay periods or intervening periods．In addition to the summary data shown in table 4，annual industry figures for salaries and wages and average salary－wages per employee are provided in tables 9 and 10.
Table 5．－－National Income，by Industrial Origin，1919－40 ${ }^{1}$

| Y＇ear | $\begin{aligned} & \overline{\mathrm{E}} \\ & \stackrel{0}{6} \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{\text { E }}{3}$ | 总 <br> 总 <br> 总 <br> 空 |  |  |  |  |  | 䔍 | $\stackrel{\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{3}}{\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{3}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1919 | 67.7 | 11.1 | 17.3 | 1.9 | 5.8 | 11．2 | 5.7 | 4.7 | 5.1 | 4.9 |
| 1920 | 69.8 | 9.1 | 18.4 | 2.5 | 7.1 | 9.7 | 6.1 | 4.7 | 6.0 | 6． 2 |
| 1921 | 52.8 | 6.3 | 10.7 | 1.9 | 5.7 | 7.1 | 6． 0 | 4.8 | 5． 8 | 4.5 |
| 1922 | 60.6 | 5.9 | 13.9 | 2.4 | 5.8 | 9.1 | 6.7 | 4.9 | 6.7 | 5.2 |
| 1923. | 70． 9 | 6.7 | 17.4 | 3.2 | 6.5 | 10.3 | 7.2 | 5.3 | 7.0 | 6.4 |
| 1924. | 70.1 | 7.3 | 16.0 | 3.3 | 6.4 | 10.1 | 7.7 | 5.2 | 7.6 | 6.5 |
| 1925 | 74.8 | 7.7 | 17.4 | 3.5 | 6.7 | 10.7 | 8.1 | 5． 4 | 8.3 | 7.0 |
| 1924 | 76.9 | 7.3 | 18.0 | 3.6 | 6.3 | 10.9 | 8.4 | 5． 6 | 8.5 | 7.7 |
| 1927 | 76.4 | 7.2 | 17.6 | 3.5 | 6.7 | 10.6 | 8.7 | 5.9 | 8.8 | 7.4 |
| 1928 | 80.2 | 7.3 | 18.7 | 3.7 | 6.8 | 11.0 | 9．6 | 6.1 | 9.4 | 7.6 |
| 1929 | 83.4 | 7.3 | 20.4 | 3.5 | 7.1 | 11.1 | 9.4 | 6.3 | 9.9 | 8.4 |
| 1930 | 69.0 | 5.6 | 15.1 | 2.6 | 6.2 | 9.0 | 8.0 | 6.5 | 8.9 | 7.1 |
| 1931 | 54.3 | 3.7 | 10.3 | 1.8 | 5.0 | 7.2 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 7.5 | 5.8 |
| 1932 | 40.0 | 2.6 | 6.1 | ． 8 | 3.7 | 5.1 | 4.9 | 6． 5 | 5.7 | 4． 6 |
| 1933 | 42.5 | 3.4 | 8.2 | ． 5 | 3.6 | 5.9 | 4.4 | 6． 6 | 5.4 | 4.5 |
| 1934 | 50.3 | 4.6 | 10.6 | ． 7 | 3.8 | 6.8 | 4.7 | 7.6 | 6.3 | 5.2 |
| 1935 | 55.8 | 5.3 | 12.5 | .9 | 4.1 | 7.5 | 5.2 | 7.9 | 6． 8 | 5.6 |
| 1936 | 65.1 | 6.0 | 15.2 | 1.4 | 4． 8 | 8.6 | 5.9 | 9.2 | 7.7 | 6． 3 |
| 1937 | 71.4 | 6.4 | 17.5 | 1.8 | 5． 2 | 9.6 | 6.4 | 9.0 | 8.6 | 6.9 |
| 1938 | 64.4 | 5.4 | 13.3 | 1.8 | 4.4 | 9.0 | 5.9 | 9.8 | 8.3 | 6.5 |
| 1939 | 70.7 | 5.8 | 16.4 | 2.1 | 5.0 | 9.6 | 6.1 | 9.9 | 8.8 | 7.0 |
| 1940 | 76.0 | 6.0 | 19.2 | 2.4 | 5.3 | 10.1 | 6.2 | 10.2 | 9.3 | 7.3 |

I Data for $1919-28$ derived from estimates prepared by Simon Fuznets（Vational ncome and Capital Formation 1919－35，National Burcau of Economic Rescarch， Inc．，Now York， 937 ，，by haking the industrial components of each distributive
share of the Kuznets＇figures to comparable elements of the Department of Com－ meree data of the basis of 1929 relationships．
Table 6．－－National Income，by Distributive Shares：1919－40 ${ }^{1}$

| Year | ［Billions of dollars］ |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { In• } \\ & \text { terest } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Net } \\ \text { rents } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { rotal- } \\ \text { ties } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { na- } \\ & \text { tional } \\ & \text { incombe } \end{aligned}$ | Compensation of employees |  | Net income of incorporated businesses |  | Total net income of un－ incor－ porated busi－ nesses ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |
|  |  | ＇Total | Sala－ ries and wages only | Total | Divi－ dends only |  |  |  |
| 1919 | 67.7 | 38.0 | 37.7 | 5.9 | 3.0 | 18.1 | 3.0 | 2.7 |
| 1920 | 69.8 | 44.7 | 44.4 | 4.4 | 3.3 | 14.4 | 3.4 | 2.9 |
| 1921 | 52.8 | 35.6 | 35.3 | ． 4 | 3.0 | 10.2 | 3.6 | 3.0 |
| 1422 | 60.6 | 37.6 | 37.3 | 4.0 | 3.0 | 11.8 | 3.8 | 3.4 |
| 1923 | 70.0 | 44.2 | 43.8 | 5.3 | 3.8 | 12.7 | 4.2 | 3.6 |
| 1924 | 70.1 | 43.8 | 43.4 | 4.6 | 3.7 | 13.5 | 4.5 | 3.7 |
| 1925 | 74.8 | 45.8 | 45.4 | 6.3 | 4． 4 | 14.1 | 4.8 | 3.8 |
| 1926 | 76.9 | 48.5 | 48.1 | 6.3 | 4.7 | 13.6 | 5.0 | 3.5 |
| 1927 | 76.4 | 48.6 | 48.2 | 5.5 | 5.0 | 13.7 | 5． 3 | 3.3 |
| 1928 | 80.2 | 50.1 | 49.7 | 7.0 | 5． 3 | 14.1 | 5． 6 | 3.4 |
| 1929 | 83.4 | 52.7 | 52． 2 | 7.2 | 5.9 | 14.2 | 5.9 | 3.4 |
| 11930 | 69.0 | 47．9 | 47.4 | 1.7 | 5． 6 | 10.7 | 6.1 | 2． 7 |
| 11131 | 54.3 | 40.3 | 39.8 | $-1.6$ | 4． 3 | 7.5 | 6.0 | 2.0 |
| 1932 | 40.0 | 31.5 | 30.9 | $-3.6$ | 2． 7 | 5.3 | 5.7 | 1.2 |
| 1433. | 42.5 | 29.6 | 28.5 | $-.6$ | 2． 2 | 7.2 | 5.1 | 1.2 |
| 1934 | 50.3 | 34.2 | 32.4 | 6 | 2.7 | 8.9 | 5.2 | 1.5 |
| 1935 | 55.8 | 37.2 | 35.4 | 1． 7 | 2.9 | 10.1 | 5.1 | 1.7 |
| 1939 | 65.1 | 42.6 | 39．6 | 3.8 | 4.7 | 11.8 | 5.0 | 1.9 |
| 1937 | 71.4 | 47.8 | 44． 6 | 3.9 | 4.8 | 12.5 | 5.0 | 2.1 |
| 1938 | 64.4 | 44.9 | 41.1 | 1.7 | 3.2 | 11.0 | 4． 9 | 1.9 |
| 1939 | 70.7 | 48.1 | 44.3 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 11.9 | 4.9 | 2.0 |
| 1940 | 76.0 | 51.8 | 48． 2 | 4.8 | 4.2 | 12.4 | 4.9 | 2.1 |

[^6]Includes fiwners＇remuncration for personal services．

Table 7.-National Income by Industrial Divisions: 1929-40 ${ }^{1}$
[Millions of dollars]

| Industrial division | 1929 | 1930 | 1931 | 1932 | 1933 | 1934 | 1935 | 1936 | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total national income | 83,365 | 68, 983 | 54, 277 | 39,991 | 42,489 | 50,346 | 55,808 | 65,144 | 71,436 | 64, 418 | 70,674 | 76,035 |
| Agriculture, total | 7,258 | 5,622 | 3,729 | 2,551 | 3,419 | 4,553 | 5,276 | 5,970 | 6,378 | 5,432 | 5,750 | 5,950 |
| Mining, total ${ }^{2}$ | 1,883 | 1, 327 | 748 | 524 | 590 | 992 | 1,028 | 1,308 | 1, 564 | 1, 146 | 1,999 | 1,422 |
| Anthracite | 271 | 264 | 212 | 140 | 129 | 160 | 131 | 130 | 116 | 91 | 100 | 119 |
| Bituminous coal | 651 | 521 | 380 | 245 | 249 | 422 | 444 | 524 | 554 | 453 | 501 | 559 |
| Metal | 365 | 163 | 48 | -11 | 42 | 95 | 131 | 208 | 341 | 192 | 251 | 296 |
| Nonmetal | 206 | 169 | 102 | 45 | 24 | 77 | 87 | 133 | 161 | 115 | 138 | 156 |
| Oil and gas. | 389 | 209 | 5 | 104 | 125 | 237 | 234 | 313 | 391 | 295 | 309 | 292 |
| Manufacturing, total ${ }^{3}$ | 20.413 | 15,082 | 10,280 | 6, 066 | 8.205 | 10, 577 | 12, 473 | 15, 186 | 17.488 | 13,303 | 16, 384 | 19.168 |
| Food and tobacco. | 2,198 | 2,010 | 1,604 | 1. 248 | 1,416 | 1,743 | 1,807 | 2,030 | 2,054 | 2,036 | 2,176 | 2, 246 |
| Prper, printing and publishing | 1,988 | 1,844 | 1,467 | 1,008 | 1, 039 | 1,226 | 1,345 | 1,513 | 1,696 | 1, 494 | 1,576 | 1,707 |
| Textiles and leather | 3,178 | 2, 131 | 1,833 | 1, 199 | 1,876 | 2,019 | 2,319 | 2, 571 | 2,636 | 2,211 | 2,740 | 2,796 |
| Construction materials and furnitur | 2,056 | 1,411 | 786 | 302 | 540 | 751 | 951 | 1,292 | 1, 527 | 1,181 | 1,443 | 1,616 |
| Chemicals and petroleum refining | 1,688 | 1,141 | 663 | 548 | 687 | 817 | 931 | 1, 144 | 1,342 | 1,023 | 1,325 | 1,453 |
| Metal and metal products | 7,985 | 5,504 | 3,136 | 1,269 | 2,084 | 3,305 | 4,303 | 5, 711 | 7,231 | 4,496 | 6, 101 | 8, 128 |
| Miscellaneous and rubber | , 720 | 443 | , 304 | 1, 148 | 271 | 3,388 | +479 | 5, 580 | -626 | + 501 | , 656 | 811 |
| Contract construction, total | 3,535 | 2,603 | 1,764 | 845 | 534 | 6 ¢8 | 872 | 1,439 | 1,781 | 1,777 | 2, 134 | 2,401 |
| Transportation, total | 7,107 | 6, 167 | 4,962 | 3, 653 | 3, 605 | 3,831 | 4,144 | 4,840 | 5,191 | 4,417 | 4,900 | 5,293 |
| Steam railroads, Pullman and express | 4,640 | 3,859 | 2,965 | 2,079 | 2,115 | 2, 224 | 2,404 | 2,819 | 2,961 | 2, 403 | 2,823 | 2, 946 |
| Water transportation. | 531 | 471 | 391 | 289 | 317 | 344 | 411 | 482 | 566 | 455 | 544 | 594 |
| Motor transportation and public | 1,073 | 1,046 | 925 | 713 | 643 | 747 | 835 | 976 | 1,088 | 989 | 1,077 | 1,168 |
| Street railways. | 659 | 624 | 508 | 427 | 370 | 379 | 353 | 399 | 389 | 333 | 347 | 359 |
| Air transportation | (4) | -10 | 2 | 10 | 10 | 7 | 13 | 19 | 22 | 26 | 33 | 49 |
| Pjoe lines. | 204 | 177 | 171 | 135 | 150 | 130 | 128 | 145 | 165 | 151 | 136 | 127 |
| Power and gas, total | 1,425 | 1,324 | 1,240 | 1,096 | 1,026 | 1,127 | 1, 152 | 1, 239 | 1,398 | 1,365 | 1,418 | 1,450 |
| Communication, total | 1,042 | 1,010 | 906 | 722 | 637 | 676 | 720 | 771 | 854 | 858 | 917 | 984 |
| Trade, total. .-. | 11,066 | 9,020 | 7,202 | 5,073 | 5,855 | 6,833 | 7,473 | 8, 606 | 9, 550 | 8,952 | 9,585 | 10,076 |
| Retail trade | 7,105 | 5,863 | 4, 749 | 3,337 | 3,860 | 4,562 | 4,866 | 5, 527 | 6, 142 | 5, 806 | 6, 102 | 6, 424 |
| Wholesale trade | 3,961 | 3,157 | 2, 453 | 1,736 | 1,995 | 2,271 | 2,607 | 3,079 | 3,408 | 3, 146 | 3,483 | 3, 646 |
| Finance, total. | 9,390 | 7,975 | 6,465 | 4,909 | 4,429 | 4,729 | 5,215 | 5,936 | 6,388 | 5, 888 | 6,051 | 6, 195 |
| Banking -- | 1,454 | 1,224 | 814 | 624 | 485 | 562 | 711 | 828 | -957 | , 908 | 950 | 975 |
| Insurance | 1,254 | 1,146 | 1,040 | 960 | 906 | 960 | 1,023 | 1,093 | 1,219 | 1,205 | 1,219 | 1,242 |
| Security brokerage and real estate | 6,682 | 5, 605 | 4,611 | 3,325 | 3, 038 | 3, 207 | 3,481 | 4,015 | 4,212 | 3,775 | 3,882 | 3,478 |
| Government, total, including work-rel | 6,346 | 6,458 | 6,534 | 6, 496 | 6,579 | 7,595 | 7.922 | 9, 228 | 9, 045 | 9, 795 | 9,934 | 10,221 |
| Total, excluding work-relief | 6,346 | 6, 458 | 6,475 | 6,364 | 5.923 | 6,208 | 6,593 | 7,073 | 7,406 | 7, 701 | 8,064 | 8,644 |
| Federal, including work-relief | 2,157 | 2,139 | 2,214 | 2,227 | 2,683 | 3,717 | 3,903 | 4, 995 | 4, 619 | 5, 140 | 5,165 | 5,288 |
| Federal, excluding work-relinf | 2,157 | 2,139 | 2,155 | 2,095 | 2,027 | 2,330 | 2,574 | 2,840 | 2,980 | 3,046 | 3,295 | 3, 711 |
| State, county, local, and publie educat | 4,189 | 4,319 | 4,320 | 4, 269 | 3, 896 | 3,878 | 4,019 | 4, 233 | 4,426 | 4,655 | 4,769 | 4,983 |
| Service, total .........-.-.-- | 9,887 | 8,925 | 7,480 | 5, 659 | 5,418 | 6,250 | 6, 838 | 7, 707 | 8,573 | 8,342 | 8,839 | 9, 285 |
| Miscellaneous, total | 4,013 | 3,470 | 2,967 | 2,397 | 2,192 | 2,515 | 2,695 | 2,915 | 3,226 | 3,143 | 3,403 | 3,596 |

1 See also notes to table 2.
${ }_{2}$ Including small amounts for pensions not allocated.
${ }_{4}{ }^{3}$ Including amounts for central administrative offices not allocated.

Table 8.-National Income by Distributive Shares, 1929-40
[Millions of dollars]

| Type of share | 1929 | 1930 | 1931 | 1932 | 1933 | 1934 | 1935 | 1936 | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total national incom | 83, 365 | 68,983 | 54, 277 | 39,991 | 42,489 | 50,346 | 55,808 | 65, 144 | 71,436 | 64,418 | 70,674 | 76,035 |
| Total compensation of employees | 52, 692 | 47, 853 | 40, 326 | 31,466 | 29, 578 | 34, 232 | 37, 199 | 42,640 | 47,829 | 44,948 | 48, 128 | 51, 816 |
| Salaries and wages | 52, 246 | 47, 388 | 39, 805 | 30,888 | 28, 490 | 32, 399 | 35,355 | 39,641 | 44,615 | 41,089 | 44, 349 | 48,158 |
| Total supplements to salaries and wages | 446 | 465 | 521 | 578 | 1,088 | 1,833 | 1,844 | 2,999 | 3,214 | 3,859 | 3,779 | 3,658 |
| Work-relief wages |  |  | 59 | 132 | 656 | 1,387 | 1,329 | 2,155 | 1,639 | 2,094 | 1,870 | 1,577 |
| Social Security contributions of employers |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 299 | 1,011 | 1,173 | 1,282 | 1,414 |
| Other labor income ${ }^{3}$ | 446 | 465 | 462 | 446 | 432 | 446 | 515 | 545 | 564 | 592 | 627 | 667 |
| Net income of ineorporated busines | 7, 194 | 1,723 | -1,614 | -3, 646 | -625 | 550 | 1,668 | 3,767 | 3, 949 | 1,690 | 3, 806 | 4,766 |
| Dividends to stockholders net | 5,944 | 5,634 | 4, 280 | 2, 727 | 2,193 | 2, 727 | 2,931 | 4,655 | 4,752 | 3,165 | 3,764 | 4,150 |
| Business savings...... | 1,250 | -3, 911 | $-5,894$ | -6, 373 | -2,818 | -2,177 | -1,263 | -888 | -803 | -1,475 | 42 | 616 |
| Net income of unincorporated business | 14, 214 | 10,653 | 7, 543 | 5,291 | 7, 190 | 8,918 | 10, 147 | 11,783 | 12,535 | 11,013 | 11,855 | 12,447 |
| Agriculture. | 5,628 | 4, 152 | 2,549 | 1,661 | 2,625 | 3,726 | 4,380 | 5,024 | 5,335 | 4,440 | 4,780 | 4,970 |
| Other | 8, 586 | 6,501 | 4,994 | 3,630 | 4, 565 | 5,192 | 5. 767 | 6,759 | 7,200 | 6,573 | 7,075 | 7,477 |
| Entrepreneurial (owners') withdra | 8,340 | 7,680 | 6, 710 | 5,489 | 4,937 | 5, 367 | 5,848 | 6,600 | 7,138 | 6,793 | 7,050 | 7,343 |
| Business savings | 246 | -1, 179 | -1,716 | -1,859 | -372 | -176 | -81 | 159 | 62 | -220 | 25 | 134 |
| Interest (net) | 5,901 | 6,080 | 5,986 | 5,656 | 5,138 | 5,192 | 5,103 | 5,045 | 5, 010 | 4, 861 | 4,884 | 4,935 |
| Net rents and royalties. | 3, 364 | 2,674 | 2, 036 | 1,224 | 1,208 | 1,455 | 1,691 | 1,909 | 2,113 | 1,906 | 2,001 | 2,071 |
| Total shares transferred by business enterprises ${ }^{5}$ | 81, 869 | 74,073 | 61,887 | 48, 223 | 45, 679 | 52, 699 | 57, 152 | 65,873 | 72, 177 | 60, 113 | 70, 007 | 75,285 |
| Dividends, interest and net rents and royalties. | 15,209 | 14, 388 | 12,302 | 9,607 | 8,539 | 9,374 | 9,725 | 11, 609 | 11,875 | 9,932 | 10,649 | 11, 156 |

${ }_{3}$ Sce footnote 1 table 2, p. 15. ${ }^{2}$ Includes contributions to Railroad Retirement and Railroad Unemployment Compensation Funds.
3 See footnote 2, table 2, p. 15. I Includes owners' remuneration for personal services.
${ }^{5}$ Formerly referred to as "Income paid out"; total national income less savings of incorporated and unincorporated businesses.
Table 9.-Total Salaries and Wages of Employees by Industrial Divisions, 1929-40
[Millions of dollars]

| Industrial division | 1029 | 1930 | 1931 | 1932 | 1983 | 1934 | 1935 | 1936 | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total salaries and wages | 52, 246 | 47,388 | 39,805 | 30, 888 | 28,490 | 32,399 | 35,355 | 39,641 | 44,615 | 41, 089 | 44,349 | 48,158 |
| Agriculture, total | 1,284 | 1,134 | 847 | 584 | 517 | 558 | 639 | 690 | 794 | 758 | 738 | 745 |
| Mining, total | 1,602 | 1,407 | 1,027 | 709 | 725 | 952 | 998 | 1,132 | 1, 261 | 1,063 | 1,081 | 1,158 |
| Anthracite | 257 | 247 | 200 | 146 | 128 | 153 | 135 | 129 | 123 | 101 | 104 | 101 |
| Bituminous coa | 636 | 531 | 401 | 275 | 297 | 413 | 443 | 520 | 534 | 453 | 466 | 515 |
| Metal | 212 | 177 | 111 | 57 | 57 | 77 | 99 | 138 | 205 | 142 | 157 | 185 |
| Nonmetal | 151 | 139 | 108 | 68 | 62 | 76 | 84 | 105 | 120 | 95 | 104 | 119 |
| Oil and gas | 346 | 313 | 207 | 163 | 181 | 233 | 237 | 240 | 279 | 272 | 250 | 238 |
| Manufacturing, total | 15,870 | 13,681 | 10,647 | 7,447 | 7,506 | 9,375 | 10, 564 | 12,000 | 14,076 | 11,602 | 13,260 | 15,218 |
| Food and tobacco. | 1,550 | 1,480 | 1,256 | 1,017 | 1,044 | 1,268 | 1,329 | 1,418 | 1,572 | 1,544 | 1,595 | 1,671 |
| Paper, printing and publishing | 1,615 | 1,620 | 1,383 | 1,063 | 1,950 | 1,093 | 1,168 | 1, 266 | 1, 420 | 1,323 | 1,347 | 1,432 |
| Textiles and leather----.-..-. | 2,898 | 2,412 | 2, 108 | 1,528 | 1,676 | 1,957 | 2,175 | 2, 268 | 2, 421 | 2,139 | 2,472 | 2,503 |
| Construction materials and furnitur | 1,811 | 1,445 | 2, 988 | $\begin{array}{r}1,590 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,608 | 1,759 | - 896 | 1, 100 | 1,292 | 1, 079 | 1,226 | 1,346 |
| Chemicals and petroleum refining | 1,858 | 1,817 | 672 | 526 | 530 | 631 | 677 | , 721 | - 850 | ${ }^{1} 797$ | 1, 840 | 1,923 |
| Metal and metal products.-.-. | 5,947 | 4,818 | 3,377 | 2,109 | 2,132 | 2,994 | 3,603 | 4,453 | 5, 658 | 3,952 | 4,901 | 6,360 |
| Miscellaneous and rubber- | 591 | - 491 | 376 | - 270 | - 274 | -345 | - 378 | - 429 | -487 | 407 | 512 | -572 |
| Central administrative offices | 600 | - 598 | , 487 | 344 | 292 | 328 | 338 | +345 | , 376 | 361 | , 367 | 411 |
| Contract construction, total. | 2,947 | 2,182 | 1,536 | 806 | 481 | 573 | 719 | 1,140 | 1,403 | 1,402 | 1,689 | 1,907 |

Table 9.-Total Salaries and Wages of Employees by Industrial Divisions, 1929-40—Continued
[Arillions of dollars]

| Industrial division | 1929 | 1930 | 1931 | 1932 | 1933 | 1934 | 1935 | 1936 | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Transportation, total | 4,939 | 4,491 | 3,770 | 2,8:2 | 2,603 | 2,840 | 3,104 | 3,495 | 3, 825 | 3,412 | 3,659 | 3,838 |
| Steam railroads, Pullman and express | 3,228 | 2,850 | 2,333 | 1,685 | 1,560 | 1,689 | 1,831 | 2,056 | 2, 218 | 1, 961 | 2,090 | 2, 156 |
| Water transportation | 472 | 443 | 374 | 285 | 297 | 323 | 376 | 434 | 507 | ${ }^{417}$ | 481 | 522 |
| Motor transportation and public | 719 | 711 | 627 | 510 | 435 | 498 | 558 | 645 | 715 | 653 | 700 | 759 |
| Street railways. | 464 | 434 | 384 | 312 | 268 | 281 | 285 | 299 | 312 | 308 | 312 | 316 |
| Air transportation | ${ }_{5}^{6}$ | ${ }_{4}^{9}$ | 12 | 13 | 13 | 14 | 16 | 20 | 24 | 27 | 32 | 43 |
| Pipe lines--.-.- | $\begin{array}{r}50 \\ 650 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{651}^{44}$ | $\begin{array}{r}40 \\ 584 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}31 \\ 433 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}30 \\ 450 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 35 | 38 | 41 | 49 | 46 | 44 | 42 |
| Electric light and power | 439 | 448 | 396 | 312 | 286 | 313 | 342 | 595 | 665 | 668 | 671 | 688 466 |
| Gas. | 217 | 203 | 188 | 171 | 164 | 184 | 198 | 209 | 218 | 219 | 219 | ${ }_{222}$ |
| Communication, total | 706 | 710 | 640 | 534 | 461 | 492 | 507 | 538 | 606 | 610 | 622 | ${ }_{652}$ |
| Telephone. | 589 | 596 | 536 | 4.98 | 393 | 415 | 432 | 457 | 517 | 530 | 539 | 566 |
| Telegraph | 8117 | ${ }^{120}$ | 104 | 5 ${ }^{6}$ | ${ }^{68}$ | 5.77 | \% 75 | 81 | 89 | 80 | 83 | 86 |
| Trade, total. | 8,085 | 7, 549 | 6,576 | 5,117 | 4, 607 | 5,171 | 5,453 | 6, 001 | 6,818 | 6,576 | 6,887 | 7,265 |
| Retail trade | 4,996 | 4,626 | 4,076 | 3,162 | 2, 877 | 3,186 | ${ }^{3}, 308$ | 3,650 | 4,150 | 3,967 | 4. 148 | 4, 400 |
| Wholesale trade | 3.089 | 2,923 | 2,500 | 1,9:5 | 1,730 | 1,985 | 2, 145 | 2,351 | 2,668 | 2,609 | 2,739 | 2,865 |
| Finance, total ${ }^{1}$ | 2,503 | 2, 403 | 2, 138 | 1,8:13 | 1, 703 | 1, 764 | 1,794 | 1,922 | 2,035 | 1,961 | 1,994 | 2,049 |
| Banking | 809 | 796 | 725 | 617 | 532 | 565 | 562 | 570 | 597 | 605 | 620 | 634 |
| Insurance | 984 | 981 | 908 | $8: 38$ | 763 | 803 | 843 | 889 | 936 | 920 | 930 | 951 |
| Security brokerage and real estato | 710 | ${ }_{626}$ | 505 | 4.4 | 408 | 396 | 389 | 463 | 502 | 436 | $44 \pm$ | 464 |
| Government, total | 4,950 | 5,078 | 5,064 | 4,911 | 4,400 | 4,563 | 4,970 | 5,401 | 5,657 | 5. 927 | 6. 197 | 6, 698 |
| Federal ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ | 1,398 | 1, 425 | 1,444 | 1,3.99 | 1,222 | 1,415 | 1,678 | 1,893 | 1.908 | 1,931 | 2, 0.8 | 2, 402 |
| State | 422 | 441 | 463 | 4156 | 444 | 457 | 506 | 567 | 629 | 683 | 703 | 714 |
| City | 1, 1336 | 1,162 | 1. 107 | 1,031 | 908 | 928 | 949 | 1,012 | 1,072 | 1,171 | 1,182 | 1,235 |
| County, township | 1. ${ }^{382}$ | 1 1,693 | 1,663 | 1, 634 | $\begin{array}{r}3,36 \\ 1,490 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}343 \\ 1.420 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | r $\begin{array}{r}356 \\ 1,481\end{array}$ | 1.577 1.552 | 1,645 | 1. 719 | 1.780 | ${ }_{4}^{4} 8$ |
| Service, total. | 6,506 | 6,015 | 5. 179 | 4, 136 | 3,690 | 4, 157 | 4,511 | 5,043 | 5,615 | 5.371 | 5, 660 | 1,874 |
| Professional service ${ }^{3}$ | 1,224 | 1,254 | 1.193 | 1,095 | 1,010 | 1,014 | 1,056 | 1, 133 | 1,213 | 1, 237 | 1,265 | 1,292 |
| Personal service ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 2, 140 | 1,979 | 1,699 | 1,313 | 1,143 | 1,385 | 1,539 | 1,774 | 1,988 | 1.912 | 2,034 | 2, 161 |
| Recreation and amusements | 432 | 405 | 351 | 291 | 259 | 283 | 316 | 353 | 401 | 402 | 436 | 443 |
| Business service ${ }^{6}$ | 456 | 427 | 382 | 307 | 277 | 312 | 327 | 350 | 381 | 381 | 394 | 414 |
| Miscellaneous and domestic service ? | 2, 254 | 1,950 | 1, 554 | 1, 130 | 1,001 | 1,163 | 1,273 | 1.433 | 1.632 | 1,439 | 1,531 | 1.627 |
| Miscellaneous, tot | 2,198 | 2,081 | 1,797 | 1,437 | 1,347 | 1, 4.5 | 1,556 | 1,686 | 1.860 | 1,739 | 1,891 | 2,093 |

[^7]Table 10.-Average Salary-Wage of Employees (Full-time Equivalent), by Industrial Divisions, 1929-40

| Industrial division | 1929 | 1930 | 1931 | 1932 | 1933 | 1934 | 1935 | 1936 | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | \$1.472 | \$1,432 | \$1,340 | \$1,179 | \$1,089 | \$1, 138 | \$1,189 | \$1, 237 | \$1,304 | \$1,284 | \$1,318 | \$1,351 |
| Agriculture ${ }^{1}$, total | 828 | 782 | ${ }_{6}^{632}$ | 471 | 434 | 481 | 517 | 548 | ${ }_{606}^{606}$ | 583 | 588 | 582 |
| Mining, total | 1,492 | 1, 397 | 1,186 | 972 | 976 | 1,083 | 1, 124 | 1,199 | 1,269 | 1,230 | 1,321 | 1,326 |
| Anthracite. | 1. 658 | 1, 669 | 1,515 | 1,377 | 1, 376 | I, 417 | 1,337 | 1,316 | 1,309 | 1,232 | 1,316 | 1,278 |
| Bituminous | 1.314 | 1, 142 1.526 | +930 | 74 | 765 483 | 1.922 | , 971 | 1,106 | 1,117 | 1,081 | 1,223 | 1,206 |
| Notal.atal | 1, 1,398 | 1.526 1.337 1 | 1,261 | 997 | ${ }_{827}^{983}$ | 1,027 | 1, 125 | 1, 232 | 1, 434 | 1,279 | 1,342 | 1,412 |
| Oil and gas. | 1,756 | 1, 1.799 | 1,683 | 1,552 | 1, 403 | 1,447 | 1,955 1,529 | 1,106 | 1, | 1, 1791 | 1,209 1,603 | 1,368 |
| Manufacturing, total | 1,542 | I, 497 | 1,373 | 1,139 | 1,065 | 1,144 | 1,208 | 1. 268 | 1,358 | 1,289 | 1,347 | 1,423 |
| Food and tobacco | 1,378 | l, 369 | 1,310 | 1,136 | 1,080 | 1.121 | 1,156 | 1,170 | 1,238 | 1,265 | 1,274 | 1,293 |
| Paper, printing and publishing | 1.835 | 1. 856 | 1,771 | 1. 5.56 | 1,416 | 1,457 | 1,507 | 1,529 | 1,585 | 1,596 | 1,637 | 1,661 |
| Textiles and leather | 1,239 | 1,154 | 1,084 | 875 | 846 | 920 | 961 | 963 | 997 | 956 | 990 | 1,006 |
| Construction materials and furnitu | 1,354 | 1,318 | 1,192 | 932 | 869 | 929 | 984 | 1,060 | 1,131 | 1,093 | 1,117 | 1,151 |
| Chemicals and petroleum refining | 1,560 | 1,568 | 1,503 | 1,322 | 1,210 | 1,267 | 1,320 | 1,392 | 1,543 | 1,572 | 1,606 | 1,648 |
| Metal and metal products | 1,713 | 1,630 | 1,436 | 1,147 | 1,111 | 1,220 | 1,331 | 1,441 | 1,573 | 1,422 | 1,556 | 1,680 |
| Miscellaneous and rubber | 1,539 | 1,539 | 1,393 | 1,1.99 | 1,092 | 1,182 | 1. 260 | 1.332 | 1,387 | 1, 304 | 1,380 | 1,426 |
| Central administrative officers | 2,885 | 2,975 | 2,882 | 2,597 | 2, 454 | 2,563 | 2, 641 | 2,695 | 2,870 | 2, 843 | 2,867 | 2,978 |
| Contract construction, total. | 1,904 | 1,808 | 1,655 | 1,40 | 1,116 | 1,126 | 1,149 | 1,269 | 1,419 | 1,368 | 1, 423 | 1,473 |
| Transportation, total | 1.668 | 1,635 | 1,568 | 1,370 | 1,309 | 1,371 | 1,476 | 1,549 | 1,613 | 1,613 | 1,652 | 1.671 |
| Steam railroads, Pullman and expr | 1,748 | 1,718 | 1,659 | 1,459 | 1,439 | 1,503 | 1,645 | 1,722 | 1,774 | 1,848 | 1,878 | 1,915 |
| Water transportation | 1,645 | 1,623 | 1,585 | 1,390 | 1,314 | 1,380 | 1,535 | 1,676 | 1,799 | 1,668 | 1,781 | 1,717 |
| Motor transportation and public warehouses | 1,357 | 1,329 | 1,234 | 1,050 | 933 | 1,008 | 1,057 | 1,110 | 1,172 | 1,114 | 1,136 | 1,1:7 |
| Street railways | 1,725 | 1,722 | 1,684 | 1,537 | 1,433 | 1,479 | 1,524 | 1,590 | 1,642 | 1,692 | 1,733 | 1. 765 |
| Air transportatio | 2,000 | 2, 250 | 2.460 | 2, 1.77 | 2, 167 | 2,333 | 2, 286 | 2, 222 | 2, 182 | 2, 250 | 2, 286 | 2,150 |
| Pipe lines. | 2,000 | 1,833 | 1, 818 | 1,722 | 1,509 | 1,522 | 1. 652 | 1,640 | 1,885 | 1,917 | 2. 000 | 1, 826 |
| Power and gas, total | 1.604 | 1. 569 | 1, 5125 | 1, 429 | 1,368 | 1. 449 | 1,547 | 1,592 | 1, 696 | 1,753 | 1, 766 | 1. 782 |
| $\xrightarrow{\text { Electric light and p }}$ | 1.614 | 1,566 | 1. 1.511 | 1,331 | 1,349 | 1,423 | 1,520 | 1,598 | 1, 1,639 | 1,782 | 1,801 1,698 | 1,827 1,695 |
| Communication, total | 1, 357 | 1. 403 | 1, $42 \times$ | 1,328 | 1, 225 | 1, 305 | 1, 367 | 1,415 | 1,485 | 1,544 | 1,563 | 1,590 |
| Telephone | 1,382 | 1,425 | 1, 455 | 1,371 | 1,263 | 1,356 | 1, 426 | 1,482 | 1,553 | 1,611 | 1,619 | 1. 655 |
| Telegraph | 1,245 | 1,304 | 1,300 | 1,118 | 1, 046 | 1, 085 | 1,103 | 1,12.5 | 1,187 | 1, 212 | 1. 277 | 1. 265 |
| Trade, total | 1, 588 | 1, 565 | 1.494 | 1,315 | 1. 190 | 1. 246 | 1, 308 | 1,325 | 1,378 | 1,390 | 1, 400 | 1.411 |
| Retail trade | 1,384 | 1.359 | 1,304 | 1,153 | 1,055 | 1.099 | 1,144 | 1,162 | 1,224 | 1.227 | 1,235 | 1,239 |
| Wholesale trade | 2,084 | 2.057 | 1,958 | 1,703 | 1,511 | 1,587 | 1, 675 | 1,694 | 1,715 | 1,740 | 1,754 | 1, 791 |
| Finance, total | 1,818 | 1,816 | 1,755 | 1,656 | 1,595 | 1,638 | 1,638 | 1, 704 | 1.759 | 1,717 | 1,726 | 1,748 |
| Banking. | 1,740 | 1,769 | 1,743 | 1,719 | 1,6.32 | 1, 688 | 1,735. | 1,769 | 1, 826 | 1,850 | 1,879 | 1,893 |
| Insurance | 1,864 | 1.844 | 1.756 | 1,572 | 1, 542 | 1,575 | 1,624 | 1.693 | 1. 759 | 1,701 | 1,706 | 1,726 |
| Security, brokerage | 1,849 | 1.836 | 1.772 | 1,744 | 1.744 | 1. 707 | 1,544 | 1,642 | 1,685 | 1, 591 | 1,586 | 1,622 |
| Government, total | 1,517 | 1,508 | 1.495 | 1, 466 | 1.344 | 1,347 | 1.399 | 1.435 | 1,455 | 1,507 | 1,511 | 1,490 |
| Federal ${ }^{3}$ | 1,622 | 1,632 | 1,639 | 1,573 | 1.428 | 1,502 | 1,598 | 1,622 | 1.603 | 1,627 | 1,603 | 1,493 |
| State. | 1, 298 | 1,305 | 1,312 | 1,280 | 1,220 | 1,199 | 1,219 | 1,252 | 1. 258 | 1,262 | 1. 274 | 1,261 |
| City | 1. 623 | 1. 621 | 1,621 | 1,623 | 1.457 | 1.482 | 1,491 | 1,543 | 1,545 | 1.6.68 | 1.660 | 1.711 |
| County, township, and minor units | 1,399 | 1. 394 | 1,397 | 1,391 | 1, 273 | 1,270 | 1,295 | 1,304 | 1,326 | 1,356 | 1.343 | 1,379 |
| Public education | 1,463 | 1.432 | 1,393 | 1,374 | 1,276 | 1.216 | 1,254 | 1,294 | 1,371 | 1,445 | 1,481 | 1.493 |
| Service, total | 1,103 | 1, 0163 | + 993 | -881 | 810 | -830 | 8588 | ¢94 | , 942 | 1943 | 989 | ${ }^{976}$ |
| Professional service | 1,225 | 1,238 | 1,197 | 1,128 | 1,052 | 1, 040 | 1,047 | 1.070 | 1.091 | 1.090 | 1.099 | 1,112 |
| Personal service ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ | 1,241 | 1, 194 | 1. 103 | 939 | 838 | 892 | 922 | 968 | 1.025 | 1,031 | 1,062 | 1.092 |
| Recreation and amus | 1,823 | 1,841 | 1,838 | 1,712 | 1,560 | 1,564 | 1,612 | 1,642 | 1,736 | 1,682 | 1,690 | 1,672 |
| Business service? | 1,974 | 1. 932 | 1,882 | 1,687 | 1,539 | 1,584 | 1, 6.35 | 1,675 | 1,748 | 1,814 | 1,850 | 1,8:3 |
| Miscellaneous and domestic service |  | 780 | 681 | 573 | 531 | 554 | 584 | 617 | 664 | 638 | 647 | 662 |
| Miscellaneous. total | 1,462 | 1,434 | 1,318 | 1,131 | 1,054 | 1,110 | 1,164 | 1,215 | 1,296 | 1,219 | 1,293 | 1,326 |
| Memorandum: <br> Bureau of Labor Statistics cost of living in | 100.0 | 97.5 | 88.7 | 79.7 | 75.4 | 78.1 | 80.1 | 80.9 | 83.8 | 82.3 | 81.1 | 81.8 |

## Monthly Business Statistics

The data here are a continuation of the statistics published in the 1940 Supplement to the Survey of Current Business. That volume contains monthly data for the years 1936 to 1939 , and monthly averages for earlier years back to 1913 insofar as available; it also provides a description of each series and references to sources of monthly figures prior to 1936 . Series added or revised since publication of the 1940 Supplement are indicated by an asterisk (*) and a dagger ( $\dagger$ ), respectively, the accompanying footnote indicating where historical data and a descriptive note may be found. The term "unadjusted" and "adjusted" used to designate index numbers refer to adjustment of monthly figures for seasonal variations.

Data subsequent to April for selected series will be found in the Weekly Supplement to the Survey.

| Monthly statistics through December 1939, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1840 Supplement to the Survey | 1941 | 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1941 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | November | December | $\underset{\substack{\text { Janu- }}}{\text { ary }}$ | February | March |

BUSINESS INDEXES

| INCOME PAYMENTS $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  | 89.3 |  | 91.7 |  |  |  |  |  | r 98.0, 1000 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Indexes, adjusted: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total income payments .-........ 1929=100.. | $\begin{array}{r} 10.3 \\ 99.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 88.2 \\ & 86.2 \end{aligned}$ | 88.687.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 88.7 87.9 | 88.8 | 90.5 90.4 | 91.5 | 92.5 92.2 | 93.6 93.9 | 95.8 97.0 | 96.8 98.1 | 97.3 99 |  |
| Total nonagricultural income........ do...- |  | 88.75,965 | 89.85,689 | 90.76,288 | 91.1 | 92.3 | 93.0 | 93.4 | 94.7 | 96.9 | 97.5 | 98.3 | r99.1 |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 99.1 \\ 6,744 \end{array}$ |  |  |  | 6,103 | 5,791 | 6,467 | 6,681 | 6, 240 | 7,390 | 6, 544 | 6, 187 | r 6,815 |
| Salaries and wages: Total | 4, 432 | $\begin{aligned} & 3,784 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | 3,838 | 3,871 | 3,766 | 3,841 | 4,030 | 4,178 | 4,169 | 4.290 | 4, 218 | 4,281 | r 4,379 |
| Commodity-producing industries-do...- | 1,765 |  | 1,391 | 1,419 | 1,423 | 1,493 | 1, 562 | 1,604 | 1, 597 | 1,642 | 1,633 | 1,700 | r 1,745 |
| Distributive industries............-do.... | '982 | 900 | 908 | 915 | 923 | 917 | 940 | 963 | 958 | 1,004 | 949 | 943 | 「970 |
| Service industries...................d. do...- | 901663 | 845 | 854 | 860 | 854 | 859 | 867 | 882 | 888 | 900 | 891 | 892 | -897 |
| Government.......................... ${ }^{\text {do.- }}$ |  | 540 | 548 | 557 | 452 | 455 | 550 | 602 | 609 | 620 | 614 | 624 | -643 |
|  | 121 | 143 | 137 | 120 | 114 | 117 | 111 | 127 | 117 | 124 | 131 | 122 | 124 |
| Direct and other relief -....-.-....d. do.-- | 87 | 92 | 89 | 86 | 87 | 87 | 84 | 86 | 86 | 88 | 90 | 90 | 89 |
| Social-security benefits and other labor income. $\qquad$ mil. or dol |  | 152 | 166 | 166 | 167 | 164 | 150 | 145 | 144 | 145 | 155 | 150 | 152 |
| Dividends and interest..................-do.... | 145 820 | 799 | 472 | 1,050 | 901 | 485 | 897 | 845 | 494 | 1,573 | 811 | 443 | 910 |
| Entrepreneurial income and net rents and |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,138 \\ & 5,479 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,124 \\ & \mathbf{5}, 211 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,115 \\ & 5,821 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,182 \\ & 5,562 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,214 \\ & 5,232 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,427 \\ & 5,909 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | 1,255 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,260 \\ & 6,232 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{1}, 306 \\ & 5,818 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,347 \\ & 5,570 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,294 \\ & 6,797 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,270 \\ & 5,994 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,223 \\ & 5,684 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| AGRICULTURAL INCOME |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash income from farm marketings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crops and livestock, combined index: Unadjusted | p 74.5 | 62.5 | 66.0 | 62.5 | 75.0 | 79.0 | 95.0 | 117.0 | 96.5 | 86.0 | 74.5 | 61.5 | -68.0 |
| Adjusted......-................-........-do...-- | р 93.0 | 81.5 | 80.0 | 70.0 | 71.0 | 71.0 | 75.5 | 80.5 | 79.5 | 85.5 | 86.5 | 84.0 |  |
| Crops......-.........................-do..-- | ¢ 77.5 | 77.0 | 73.5 | 61.5 | 57.5 | 59.0 | 64.5 | 69.0 | 66.5 | 72.0 | 73.0 | 66.5 | r 79.5 |
| Livestock and products.............do...- | ${ }^{\circ} 107.5$ | 85.5 | 85.5 | 78.0 | 83.0 | 81.5 | 85.5 | 90.5 | 91.5 | 98.0 | 98.5 | 100.5 | r 97.0 |
| Dairy products......-................do. | ¢ 109.0$p 114.5$$p 82.5$ | $\begin{aligned} & 89.5 \\ & 89.5 \\ & 88.0 \end{aligned}$ | 84.5 | 82.0 | 84.0 | 90.0 | 92.0 | 93.5 | 99.5 | 104.0 | 99.5 | 102.0 | -97.5 |
| Meat animals....................-d. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ |  |  | 70.5 | 64.0 | 65.0 | 65.0 | 67.0 | 70.5 | 74.5 | 96.0 | 10.085.0 | 105.078.0 | r 100.082.0 |
| Poultry and eggs...................do |  | 70.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 89.5 |  |  |  |
| $\underset{\text { (Federal Reserve) }}{\text { INDUSTRION } \dagger}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unadjusted: |  | 112 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Combined index ----------1--1935-39=100.- | p 141 |  | 116 116 |  | 118 |  | 129 | 134 | 135 | 135 | r 134 | 138 | $\begin{array}{r}143 \\ 148 \\ \hline 175\end{array}$ |
|  | p 150 | 112 | 116 <br> 125 | 122 | 118 | 120 |  | ${ }_{155}^{136}$ | 137 <br> 158 | 139 | 137 | 142 |  |
| Durable manufactures.------....- do | P 176 | 120 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Iron and steel...-..---...........-do. | - 171 | 109 | 114 | 151 | $\begin{aligned} & 147 \\ & 111 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 153 \\ & 123 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 161 \\ & 132 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 164 \\ & 132 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 166 \\ & 126 \end{aligned}$ | 121 | 116 | 172119 |  |
| Lumber and products*...-........do. | - 128 |  |  | 110 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | +123+133 |
| Furniture*-.-.-.-.-.-.........- do. |  | 109126 | 1108 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 107 \\ & 112 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 118 \\ & 126 \end{aligned}$ | 127 | $\begin{aligned} & 133 \\ & 132 \end{aligned}$ | 130123 | $\begin{aligned} & 133 \\ & 114 \end{aligned}$ | 123113 | 129+115 |  |
|  | 1125 <br> $p 196$ <br> 8. |  |  | 119 |  |  | 134 |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}+133 \\ \\ \hline 188\end{array}$ |
| Machinery* -.-- .-...----........ do |  |  | 126 | 130 | 131127127 | 135141121 | $\begin{aligned} & 142 \\ & 154 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 149 \\ & 167 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 153 \\ & 172 \end{aligned}$ | 164172 | $\begin{aligned} & 168 \\ & 176 \end{aligned}$ | r 176181 | +185+190 |
| Nonferrous metals*........-..... do | -194 | 114 | 129129 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stone, clay, and glass products*.-do. | ${ }^{\sim} 142$ |  |  | 129 |  | 133 | 139 | 142 | 136 | 125 | 110 | 112 |  |
|  | 139 | 115 | 140 | 143 | 136 | 141150 | $\begin{aligned} & 150 \\ & 161 \\ & 10 \end{aligned}$ | 154 <br> 154 <br> 1 | $\begin{aligned} & 145 \\ & 147 \end{aligned}$ | 124 | 100 | 102 | 117 |
| Common and face brick*-....-do |  | $\begin{aligned} & 103 \\ & 116 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 131 \\ & 119 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 146 \\ & 117 \end{aligned}$ | 147 |  |  |  |  | 125 |  |  |  |
| Glass containers* ...............do. | 135 |  |  |  | 121 | 124 | 118 | 119 | 115 | 111 | 110 | 120 | 130 |
| Polished plate glass.............do | 142 | 96 | 91 | 79 | 66 | 93 | 118 | 127 | 129 | 141 | 144 | 131 | 141 |
| Transportation equipment*-..... do.. | ${ }^{p} 191$ | 141 | 132 | 131 | 96 | 63 | 120 | 167 | 184 | 183 | 186 | 199 |  |
|  | ¢ 815 | 306 | 329 | 371 | 394 | 455 | 501 | 544 | 590 | 624 | r 672 | -727 | 751 |
|  | $\stackrel{139}{ }$ | 130 | 118 | 114 | 70 | 23 | 89 | 142 | 161 | 152 | 151 | 161 | $r 160$ |
|  | - 262 | 98 | 102 | 106 | 116 | 124 | 137 | 152 | 163 | 186 | 204 | 222 | - 234 |
|  | - 194 | 141 | 137 | 124 | 117 | 130 | 135 | 141 | 153 | 172 | 176 | , 181 | -178 |
| Shipbuilding*-..................do. | ${ }^{\sim} 357$ | 162 | 172 | 176 | 185 | 202 | 213 | 229 | 219 | 263 | 280 | 307 | , 336 |
| Nondurable manufactures..........-. do. | -129 | -106 | 109 | 112 | $\bigcirc 111$ | 114 | 119 | 121 | 121 | 121 | +118 | +122 | +126 |
| Alcoholic beverages*-....-.-......d. do.. | 108 | 106 | 107 | 120 | 112 | 89 | 108 | 108 | 104 | 93 | 87 | 94 | 100 |
| Chemicals*.......................do. | p 133 | 114 | 113 | 110 | 110 | 112 | 116 | 120 | 120 | 122 | 121 | 123 | -128 |
| Leather and products....-...-...-do. | ${ }^{p} 119$ | 89 | 86 | 88 | 91 | 104 | 111 | 98 | 98 | 99 | 104 | 117 | -121 |
| Shoes*-.......................-do | $p 123$ | 91 | 86 | 89 | 98 | 114 | 111 | 102 | 96 | 95 | 106 | $r 121$ | -127 |
| Manufactured food products*....do.. | - 111 | 101 | 107 | 116 | 120 | 131 | ${ }^{1} 133$ | 126 | 116 | 115 | - 104 | $r 104$ | 107 |
| Dairy products*.......--.-...-do. | 128 | 112 | 143 | 168 | 164 | 144 | $\cdot 116$ | r 96 | - 80 | $\begin{array}{r} \\ \hline\end{array}$ | - 83 | $r 91$ | $r 106$ |
| Meat packing....-............- do. | - 119 | 111 | 117 | 123 | 109 | 102 | 112 | 127 | 151 | 159 | 133 | 122 | r 122 |
| Paper and products*..............do. |  | 119 | 127 | 130 | 124 | 123 | 124 | 127 | 124 | 123 | 128 | 133 | 137 |
| Paper and pulp**-..........do |  | 120 | 128 | 131 | 123 | 114 | 120 | 124 | 124 | 124 | 127 | 133 | 133 |
| Petroleum and coal products*.-.-do |  | 115 | 115 | 116 | 113 | 114 | 118 | 118 | 119 | 119 | 120 | 120 | 119 |
|  |  | 118 | 122 | 131 | 135 | 138 | 141 | 144 | 147 | 149 | 150 | 152 | 154 |
| Petroleum refining.-............do. |  | 114 | 113 | 113 | 109 | 110 | 114 | 114 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 114 |
| Printing and publishing*.........do...- | - 122 | 114 | 119 | 119 | 103 | 102 | 108 | 113 | 112 | 112 | 109 | 115 | 121 |
| Rubber products* $\ddagger$.-............-do.... | - 157 | +118 | +122 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 117$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 109$ | -115 | r 126 | $r 126$ | ${ }^{r} 135$ | r 137 | r 145 | r 151 | r 155 |
|  | - 149 | 97 | 100 | 101 | 105 | 111 | 118 | 126 | 137 | 140 | +138 | 143 | -147 |
| Cotton consumption*-.-........do.- | 160 | 110 | 109 | 108 | 109 | 114 | 120 | 129 | 139 | 142 | 144 | 152 | 156 |
| Rayon deliveries*...............d. do.... | - 158 | 127 | 127 | 131 | 134 | 137 | 138 | 144 | 151 | 154 | r 154 | -148 | r 150 |
| Silk deliveries*-........-........do.... | ${ }^{\circ} 73$ | 60 | 55 | 51 | 51 | 57 | 65 | 77 | 87 | 79 | 72 | 68 | 74 |
| Wool textile production*-.....- do | - 149 | 73 | 85 | 88 | 98 | 109 | 120 | 129 | 140 | -146 | 136 | 149 | $\cdots 152$ |
| Tobacco products...--...--.-.....do.... | 113 | 105 | 112 | 124 | 112 | 110 | 118 | 120 | 115 | 98 | 108 | 108 | 110 |

Revised. $\quad>$ Preliminary.
$\dagger$ Revised series. For revised data on income payments beginning 1929, see table 42, pp. 17 and 18 of the October 1940 Survey. For industrial production series, see note marked with a " $\uparrow$ " on [1. 20.
"New series. See note marked with a " $\dagger$ " on p. 20.

| Monthly statistics through December 1939, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1940 Supplement to the Survey | 1941 | 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1941 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | Novem. ber | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | January | Febru. ary | March |

## BUSINESS INDEXES-Continued

| INDUSTRIAL. PRODUCTION $\ddagger-C$ Con. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unadjusted--Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Minerals_.....-.-.-.-.-.-. -- $1935-39=100 .-$ | p 96 | 111 | 118 | 118 | 121 | 117 | 124 | 122 | 119 | 114 | 113 | 115 | 116 |
|  | $p 86$ | 113 | 113 | 111 | 111 | 109 | 115 | 112 | 115 | 116 | 117 | 118 | r 121 |
|  | $p 76$ | 89 | 90 | 104 | 101 | 83 | 100 | 97 | 96 | 112 | 114 | 112 | 105 |
| Bituminous coal.................... do | P 19 | 100 | 102 | 100 | 106 | 111 | 124 | 110 | 128 | 127 | 130 | 134 | 143 |
| Crude petroleum.--...-.-.....-.-. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | p 114 | 121 | 119 | 116 | 114 | 111 | 114 | 114 | 111 | 111 | 111 | -112 | r114 |
|  | ${ }^{p} 151$ | 95 | 148 | 161 | 179 | 164 | 171 | 184 | 147 | 102 | 91 | 98 | $r 90$ |
| Copper*....--...-.....................do. | ${ }^{2} 157$ | 150 | 141 | 140 | 133 | 135 | 136 | 146 | 147 | 146 | 145 | ${ }^{1} 155$ | 151 |
|  |  | 119 | 122 | 116 | 112 | 114 | 112 | 117 | 114 | 118 | 116 | 116 | 116 |
|  | 152 | 127 | 119 | 116 | 121 | 118 | 127 | 131 | 135 | 139 | -140 | 145 | 147 |
| Adjusted: do |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | - 140 | 111 | 115 | 121 | 121 | 121 | 125 | 129 | 132 | 138 | r 140 | 141 | 143 |
| Manufactures .-.---......-.-.-........ do. | p 147 | 110 | 114 | 122 | 121 | 122 | 127 | 131 | 135 | 142 | 143 | 145 | 146 |
| Durable manufactures.--..........- do. | $p 167$ | 113 | 119 | 131 | 132 | 135 | 146 | 150 | 154 | $r 165$ | 170 | 172 | $\cdots 170$ |
| Iron and steel...-.........-....... do...- | - 160 | 99 | 118 | 154 | 156 | 158 | 164 | 165 | 166 | 181 | 174 | 168 | 168 |
| Lumber and products*..-..-....- do. | p 129 | 110 | 112 | 111 | 107 | 114 | 121 | 123 | 127 | 132 | 137 | 135 | 128 |
| Furniture* ....-.-.----.........-do. | * 139 | 111 | 115 | 113 | 115 | 115 | 121 | 122 | 125 | 128 | 132 | 129 | +132 |
|  | p 124 | 109 | 110 | 110 | 104 | 113 | 121 | 124 | 128 | 133 | 139 | 139 | 125 |
|  | p 192 | 123 | 124 | 128 | 133 | 138 | 145 | 146 | 153 | 163 | 173 | $r 176$ | +181 |
| Nonferrous metals*-.-.-.-.-.--- - ${ }^{\text {do }}$ - - - | $p 186$ | 124 | 127 | 130 | 138 | 146 | 153 | 164 | 169 | 177 | 181 | r 185 | +186 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products*...do...- | P 142 | 1115 | 113 | 112 | 115 | 119 | 124 | 126 | 130 140 | 140 | 154 | 158 | +150 |
| Coment.....-.-.-.-.-. - do...- | 139 | 115 108 | 115 | 113 | 1117 | 115 | 125 | 133 126 | 140 | 155 | 181 | 183 | 156 |
| Glass containers*-.-.-.-------- do | 135 | 116 | 112 | 111 | 117 | 114 | 116 | 115 | 114 | 119 | 123 | 131 | 139 |
| Polished plate glass...---.....-do.... | ${ }^{p} 142$ | 96 | 91 | 80 | 100 | 114 | 118 | 111 | 113 | 117 | 137 | 138 | 135 |
| Transportation equipment ${ }^{\text {* }}$-...-. do..... | D 165 | 117 | 117 | 122 | 111 | 107 | 138 | 157 | 162 | 168 | 188 | 199 | 188 |
| Aircraft* | ${ }^{p} 815$ | 306 | 323 | 364 | 394 | 455 | 517 | 544 | 584 | 624 | 「686 | +727 | 751 |
| Automobiles..-...--...-- | - 111 | 103 | 101 | 106 | 87 | 76 | 109 | 130 | 133 | 134 | 149 | 159 | r 144 |
|  | p 276 | 103 | 102 | 102 | 113 | 123 | 140 | 160 | 168 | 174 | 204 | 218 | - 239 |
| Railroad cars*--.----------..- ${ }^{\text {do...- }}$ | ${ }^{p} 172$ | 125 | 121 | 111 | 119 | 127 | 148 | 148 | 166 | 177 | 207 | r 188 | r 168 |
| Shipbuilding*-...-......-.-.-.- ${ }^{\text {do..-- }}$ | ${ }^{p} 343$ | 156 | 164 | 170 | 189 | 213 | 220 | 227 | 226 | 261 | 289 | 316 | +323 |
| Nondurable manufactures .-.-.--- do.--- | ${ }^{p} 131$ | 107 | 110 | 114 | 112 | 112 | 112 | 116 | 120 | r 124 | r 122 | 123 | - 127 |
| Alcoholic beverages*..----.-.-.-. do..-- | 107 | 104 | 100 | 113 | 108 | 91 | 103 | 103 | 96 | 101 | 105 | 108 | 104 |
| Chemicals* | ${ }^{*} 129$ | 111 | 114 | 116 | 117 | 115 | 114 | 116 | r 118 | 121 | 123 | 123 | r 123 |
| Leather and products..-.-......-do.... | -115 | 87 | 88 | 96 | 94 | 97 | 95 | 97 | 107 | 108 | 107 | r 108 | r 114 |
|  | $p 117$ | 87 | 88 | 101 | 101 | 101 | 99 | 100 | 112 | 113 | 110 | r 112 | r 115 |
| Manufactured food products*-...do.... | p 122 | 111 | 111 | 115 | 110 | 114 | r110 | $r 118$ | $r 117$ | r 121 | r 117 | +119 | r 121 |
| Dairy products*-------.-.-. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | ${ }^{p} 129$ | 112 | 106 | 111 | 113 | 109 | r114 | -122 | +117 | +125 | r128 | r 126 | r 126 |
| Meat packing-------------- do. | p 126 | 117 | 117 | 126 | 116 | 119 | 121 | 127 | 133 | 134 | 114 | 126 | -134 |
| Paper and products*.------.-.-. - do. |  | 116 | 127 | 132 | 130 | 124 | 120 | 122 | 125 | 130 | 129 | +128 | 131 |
| Paper and pulp ${ }^{*}$ - .-.-.-.....-d. ${ }^{\text {do...- }}$ |  | 117 | 128 | 132 | 130 | 123 | 118 | 121 | 124 | 131 | 129 | 128 | 132 |
| Petroleum and coal products*...-do.... |  | 115 | 114 | 115 | 112 | 113 | 116 | 116 | 118 | 120 | 121 | 121 | 123 |
| Coke*-.- |  | 119 | 123 | 132 | 139 | 139 | 142 | 144 | 146 | 147 | 148 | 148 | 150 |
| Petroleum refining.-.-.-.-.-...do. |  | 114 | 113 | 112 | 108 | 109 | 112 | 112 | 114 | 116 | 117 | 117 | 118 |
| Printing and publishing*--...-- do | p 116 | 108 | 115 | 120 | 114 | 110 | 108 | 109 | 110 | 112 | 111 | 114 | 116 |
|  | p 158 | +119 | -122 | $\cdot 117$ | -109 | $\bigcirc 115$ | -124 | r 126 | ז132 | r 144 | r141 | r 153 | -155 |
| Textiles and products............do. ${ }^{\text {do..- }}$ | ${ }^{\text {P } 154}$ | 100 | 104 | 107 | 113 | 113 | 116 | 123 | 134 | 140 | 134 | 135 | -144 |
| Cotton consumption*.......-...do...- | 156 | 107 | 109 | 114 | 121 | 124 | 120 | 126 | 135 | 145 | 138 | 142 | 147 |
| Rayon deliveries*-..--.-.-.-.-. do. | ${ }^{2} 171$ | 137 | 142 | 144 | 137 | 127 | 120 | 129 | 146 | -156 | -157 | r150 | r158 |
| Silk deliveries* ---........-do..... | ${ }^{p} 73$ | 61 | 58 | 56 | 57 | 61 | 65 | 71 | 77 | 74 | 69 | 67 | 71 |
| Wool textile production*-...-. do...- | p 161 | 79 | 87 | 89 | 100 | 106 | 123 | 132 | 142 | 142 | 134 | 136 | 151 |
| Tobacco products....-.-....-.-.-. - do...- | 120 | 111 | 110 | 115 | 103 | 106 | 108 | 115 | 113 | 114 | 113 | 116 | 117 |
|  | - 101 | 119 | 117 | 118 | 120 | r 113 | 116 | 113 | - 118 | r119 | 118 | 118 | r 125 |
|  | p 85 | 116 | 114 | 116 | 117 | 112 | 114 | 109 | 113 | 113 | 114 | 113 | r 121 |
| Anthracite -...--............-.-. do | p 71 | 83 | 82 | 113 | 129 | 112 | 105 | 91 | 94 | 105 | 98 | 102 | 102 |
| Bituminous coal ------..------ do | P 22 | 120 | 120 | 116 | 121 | 121 | 119 | 98 | 112 | 115 | 117 | 114 | 149 |
| Crude petroleum.-..........-.-.-do.-. - | * 112 | 118 | 116 | 116 | 114 | 108 | 114 | 115 | 115 | 113 | 114 | -113 | r 112 |
|  | p 193 | 135 | 135 | 134 | 139 | 124 | 127 | r 137 | - 148 | r151 | 144 | $r 151$ | +148 |
|  | ${ }^{p} 151$ | 144 | 143 | 143 | 150 | 144 | 132 | 140 | 141 | 142 | 148 | 151 | 148 |
|  |  | 118 | 124 | 117 | 120 | 117 | 108 | 119 | 107 | 112 | 116 | 116 | 118 |
|  | 147 | 123 | 119 | 118 | 129 | 125 | 131 | 131 | 134 | 135 | r137 | 142 | 140 |
| MANUFACTURERS' ORDERS, SHIPMENTS, AND INVENTORIES* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New orders, total.................J. Jan. 1939=100.. | p 195 | 110 | 121 | 133 | 127 | 130 | 164 | 172 | 171 | 172 | 176 | 189 | 194 |
| Durable goods.......................-.....-do..-- | p 276 | 118 | 141 | 157 | 159 | 163 | 211 | 235 | 237 | 252 | 246 | 277 | +285 |
| Electrical machinery.-..-.-----.-.-. ${ }^{\text {d }}$ do.--- | p 289 | 131 | 141 | 168 | 190 | 208 | 228 | 253 | 258 | 294 | 257 | 303 | +296 |
| Iron and steel and their products....-do..-. | ${ }^{2} 302$ | 104 | 145 | 161 | 151 | 140 | 199 | 211 | 214 | 216 | 256 | 295 | - 304 |
| Other machinery--..-...-.-.-.-........ do | ${ }^{\text {p }} 259$ | 133 | 141 | 159 | 154 | 167 | 212 | 231 | 209 | 267 | 238 | 277 | r 267 |
| Other durable goods .-.......-.-.-..... do...- | P 242 | 123 | 135 | 144 | 162 | 179 | 225 | 269 | 292 | 282 | 231 | 237 | + 263 |
|  | ${ }^{p} 143$ | 105 | 109 | 118 | 107 | 108 | 133 | 131 | 129 | 120 | 132 | 132 | +136 |
|  | ${ }^{p} 172$ | 120 | 123 | 126 | 117 | 124 | 145 | 146 | 148 | 152 | 148 | 159 | - 165 |
| Durable goods .-.-.-...---........-.-..... do | - 204 | 133 | 136 | 140 | 127 | 129 | 158 | 167 | 172 | 184 | 175 | 189 | 198 |
| Automobiles and equipment.........do.... | p 154 | 127 | 118 | 107 | 75 | 41 | 100 | 148 | 158 | 161 | 155 | 165 | -165 |
| Electrical machinery-.................do..... | p 230 | 142 | 147 | 153 | 137 | 143 | 161 | 159 | 178 | 200 | 181 | 205 | + 209 |
| Iron and steel and their products....-do.... | ${ }^{p} 214$ | 121 | 133 | 152 | 146 | 163 | 180 | 175 | 176 | 195 | 190 | 198 | r 210 |
| Transportation equipment (except auto- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| mobiles) Jan. $1939=100$ | p 387 | 235 | 197 | 180 | 188 | 211 | 244 | 234 | 261 | 336 | 268 | 325 | 「370 |
| Other machinery | p 233 | 151 | 155 | 157 | 147 | 149 | 165 | 162 | 170 | 193 | 181 | 202 | - 217 |
|  | ${ }^{\text {D }} 195$ | 129 | 138 | 137 | 132 | 147 | 171 | 173 | 172 | 167 | 163 | 176 | +183 |
| Nondurable goods .-..................... do...- | ${ }^{2} 144$ | 108 | 111 | 114 | 109 | 119 | 134 | 128 | 127 | 123 | 124 | 133 | -136 |
| Chemicals and allied products.......do. | ${ }^{p} 160$ | 115 | 121 | 121 | 110 | 116 | 138 | 129 | 130 | 124 | 142 | 146 | +144 |
| Food and kindred products . . . . . . . . do.... | ${ }^{2} 130$ | 107 | 111 | 114 | 108 | 113 | 131 | 122 | 120 | 112 | 114 | 120 | r 123 |
| Paper and allied products.............do....- | P 161 | 124 | 137 | 142 | 135 | 129 | 137 | 133 | 134 | 146 | r142 | 148 | 152 |
| Petroleum refining...................... do.... | p 118 | 106 | 108 | 112 | 103 | 103 | 111 | 107 | 112 | 107 | 110 | 110 | r 114 |
| Rubber products.......-.-....-.......... do....- | - 192 | 130 | 135 | 159 | 122 | 130 | 147 | 163 | 164 | 169 | 158 | 171 | r 174 |
| Textile-mill products | p 166 |  |  | 92 | 93 | 113 | 136 | 142 | 141 | 143 | 140 | 154 | +107 |
| Other nondurable goods.........-..... do....- | ${ }^{p} 142$ | 113 | 105 | 103 | 107 | 147 | 147 | 132 | 130 | 123 | 114 | 134 | r 140 |

PRevised. P Preliminary.
of the August 1940 Survev except fores of industrial production beginning 1919 ( 1923 for industrial groups and industries), including the new series, are available on pp. $12-17$ and durable manufactures (unadjusted) on p. 20 of the March 1941 Survey; a few minor revisions in 1936 data for transportation equipment, alcoholic beverages, dairy products, textiles and products, minerals, and crude petrolenm are available upon request.
*New series. For industrial production series, see note marked with "t'". For indexes of marufacturers' orders and shipments beginning January 1939 , see monthly Burveys beginning with the September 1940 issue (description of data and figures for January-June 1939 are available on pp. $7-13$ of that issue except for revisions given in note marked with an "*" on p. 20 of the November 1940 Survey).
$\ddagger$ Data on rubber products revised for 1940; revisions not shown above and on p. 19 are as follows: Unadjusted-January, i2 8; February, 121; March, 121. Adjustedanuary . 124; February, 124; March, 121.

| Monthly statistics through December 1939，to－ gether with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data，may be found in the 1940 Supplement to the Survey | 1941 | 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1941 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | April | May | June | July | August | Sep－ tember | October | Novem－ ber | Decem－ ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | Febru－ ary | Mareh |
| BUSINESS INDEXES－Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MANUFACTURERS＇ORDERS，SHIP－ MENTS，AND INVENTORIES＊－COn． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Inventories，total．．．．．．．．．．－．Dec． $31,1938=100$. | ${ }^{\text {p }} 123.5$ | 108.9 | 109.1 | 108.6 | 109.2 | 110.9 | 112.2 | 114.4 | 116.5 | 119.3 | 120.8 | 121.1 | －122．1 |
| Dutable goods ．－．－．．．．．－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．． | D 134.0 | 111.5 | 112.1 | 111.8 | 111.9 | 115.4 | 118.4 | 121.2 | 124.1 | 127.9 | 129.7 | 130.7 | r131．8 |
| Automobiles and equipment．．．．．．．．－do． | p 143.9 | 109.1 | 105.9 | 95．9 | 86.6 | 112.3 | 128.7 | 130.6 | 130.7 | 134.7 | 134.3 | 135.6 | ＋138．9 |
| Electrical machinery－－．．．－．－．－．－do | ${ }^{p} 1164.0$ | 114.9 | 116.5 113.6 | 115.6 116.3 | 115.6 | 115.5 | 116.7 | 122.1 | 126.8 | 133.9 | 140.4 | 148.2 | $\stackrel{+}{+157.1}$ |
| Iron and steel and their products．．．．．．do．．． Transportation equipment（except auto－ mobiles）．－．－．．．．．．．．．．．－Dec．31，1938－100 | $p$ p 123.2 $p$ 354．0 | 110.8 160.4 | 113.6 164.9 | 116.3 174.4 | 119.1 185.2 | 120.1 194.7 | 121.1 207.8 | 123.8 228.8 | 126.9 251.9 | 129.4 271.1 | 128.5 297.1 | 127.0 318.9 | r 124.0 r 341.8 |
| Other machinery．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．－ | ${ }^{-134.0}$ | 110.9 | 110.6 | 110.0 | 110.8 | 110.7 | 112.2 | 114.8 | 117.6 | 122.1 | 125.6 | 128．2 | －129．9 |
| Other durable goods．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－do． | ${ }^{2} 110.4$ | 107.8 | 107.0 | 100.7 | 105.7 | 104.5 | 104． 1 | 104.9 | 105.9 | 108.3 | 110.2 | 108.5 | r $\sim$ 7 109.3 |
| Nondurable goods－－－．－．－．．．．－．－．－－do | p 112.1 | 106.2 | 105.8 | 105.2 | 106． 4 | 106.0 | 105.5 | 107.1 | 108.5 | 110.1 | 111.2 | 110.8 | ז 111.8 |
| Chemicals and allied products ．．－．－．－．do．． | p 115.9 | 111.5 | 111.1 | 111.3 | 111.7 | 112.4 | 110.7 | 110.1 | 110.5 | 114.1 | 114.2 | 114.8 | － 115.0 |
| Food and kindred products．．．．．．．．．．do ． | p 106.8 | 98.4 | 97.5 | 97.1 | 100.6 | 101.7 | 99.8 | 101.0 | 104.6 | 107.0 | 105.8 | 103.9 | －105． 1 |
| Paner and allied products．．．．．．．．．．．．．d．do．． | D 111.1 | 10¢． 6 | 104.9 | 104.0 | 104． 5 | 107.1 | 108.4 | 110.3 | 110.7 | 112.8 | 111.8 | 112.0 | －112．5 |
| Petroleum refining．．．．．．．．．．．－．．．．．．．．－${ }^{\text {do．}}$ | p 99.7 |  | 97.1 | 96.3 | 98.3 | 98.3 | 99.0 | 98.7 | 97.7 | 98.5 | 98.4 | 98.4 | ＋ 98.4 |
| Rubber products | ${ }^{p} 141.7$ | 120.7 | 122.2 | 116.7 | 120.5 | 124.0 | 125.5 | 124.6 | 124.4 | 126.6 | 131.4 | 135.1 | 1140.6 $=125$ |
|  | ${ }^{p} 126.6$ |  |  | 118.5 104.6 | 118.5 | 114.9 | 115．0 | 119.9 103.2 | 121.4 104.2 | 119.0 106.7 | 1119.7 | 121.5 110.0 | $\underset{\sim}{\sim} 125.1$ |
| Other nondurable goods－．－－－－－－－－－－．－${ }^{\text {do．}}$ | ${ }^{\text {p }} 106.1$ | 6． 0 | 105.3 | 104.6 | 104.1 | 100.8 | 100.3 | 103.2 | 104.2 | 106.7 | 111.7 | 110.0 | － 108.6 |

## COMMODITY PRICES

 Chickens and eggs－Cotton and cottonseed
 Fruits Grains．
Meat animals
Truck crops．
RETAIL PRICES
U．S．Department of Labor indexes
 Bituminous coaly（sce under cost of living above）． Food（see under
Fairchild＇s index：
Combined index．．．．．．．．．．．．Dec． $31,1930=100$ ． Apparel： Infants＇
Men＇s $\qquad$ do
do．．．
do．
do Home furnishings $\qquad$

## WHOLESALE PRICES

U．S．Department of Labor indexe Combined index（ 813 quotations $\bullet$ ） $.1926=100$ Economic classes：

Finished products． $\qquad$ do．．． Semimanufactures． Farm products．．．

Livestock and ponltry Commodities other than farm products＊


Dairy produets Frnits and vegetabies
 Commodities other than farm products and
 Brick and tile Cement
 Chemieals and allied productst．．．．


| $\begin{aligned} & -1=x=0=0 \\ & -1+x-10-1-\infty \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \infty, \hat{N}_{0}^{x}=1 \\ & =\infty=0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2-1 \times 20 \\ & \text { No }=10 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \infty \\ & \text { is } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathscr{H} \\ & i \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathscr{8} \underset{8}{0} \\ & -0 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| －2x －$\infty$ ox－twiser |  |  Anfiocn | $\begin{aligned} & \text { oे } \\ & \infty \end{aligned}$ | 890x <br> ownoo | － | ： |  |  |  |
|  <br>  |  | 8コローำN心 の心000\％ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { yo } \\ & \text { is } \end{aligned}$ | \％ 000000 | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & \infty \\ & \infty \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | ： |  |  |  |



PRICES RECEIVED BY FARMERS§
U．S．Department of Agriculture：
Combined index ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－．1909－14＝100


gether with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data，may be found in the 1840 Supplement to the Survey

| Monthly statistics through December 1939, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1940 Supplement to the Survey | 1941 | 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1941 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | April | May | June | July | August | Sep- tember | October | November | Decem- <br> ber | January | February | March |

## COMMODITY PRICES-Continued

| WHOLESALE PRICES-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| U. S. Department of Labor indexes-Con. Commodities other than farm products and foods-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fuel and lighting materials..... 1926=100 . | 72.9 | 71.8 | 71.7 | 71.4 | 71.1 | 71.1 | 71.0 | 71.6 | 71.9 | 71.7 | 72.1 | 72.1 | 72.0 |
| Electricity .-.-.....-......-..........- do....- |  | 76.0 | 73.9 | 74.2 | 73.3 | 72.4 | 73.5 | + 71.6 | 73.3 | 73.4 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 82.0 | 84.4 | 87.4 | 88.2 | 84.5 | 84.8 | 82.4 | 80.5 | 78.2 | 77.5 | 77.6 | 77.0 |
| Petroleum products..-....-......... do | 51.9 | 50.4 | 50.7 | 50.0 | 49.5 | 49.2 | 48.9 | 49.0 | 49.3 | 49.5 | 50.0 | 50.0 | 49.9 |
| Hides and leather products..---...... do | 103.9 | 101.8 | 101. 3 | 99.2 | 99.0 | 96.9 | 98.3 | 100.4 | 102.3 | 102.3 | 102.4 | 101.6 | 102.6 |
| Hides and skins.....-.-.-............ do. | 104. 7 | 94.8 | 92.2 | 81.9 | 84.6 | 77.1 | 84.0 | 93.8 | 101.2 | 99.3 | 99.1 | 94.8 | 99.1 |
| Leather---..--------.-.-.-.-........... do | 95.6 | 93.2 | 93.6 | 92.4 | 91.4 | 88.3 | 88.9 | 90.9 | 93.2 | 94.1 | 94.4 | 94.5 | 94.8 |
| Shoes.-.---.-----.-........------- do | 107.8 | 108.2 | 107.9 | 107.9 | 107.0 | 107.0 | 107.0 | 107.0 | 107.1 | 107.2 | 107.4 | 107. 4 | 107.4 |
| House-furnishing goods . .-.-----.-- - do | 90.4 | 88.4 | 88.5 | 88.5 | 88.5 | 88.5 | 88.5 | 88.6 | 88.6 | 88.9 | 89.0 | 89.1 | 89.5 |
| Furnishings...---------.-.-.-.-. - do | 97.1 | 94.5 | 94.8 | 94.9 | 94.8 | 94.8 | 94.8 | 95.0 | 95.0 | 95.1 | 95.2 | 95.3 | 95.8 |
| Furniture.-.------------------ do | 83.4 | 81.9 | 81.9 | 81.7 | 81.8 | 81.8 | 81.8 | 81.8 | 81.8 | 82.2 | 82.6 | 82.6 | 82.9 |
| Metals and metal products......-.....do. | 97.9 | 94.5 | 94.5 | 94.7 | 95.1 | 94.9 | 95.4 | 97.3 | 97.6 | 97.6 | 97.7 | 97.6 | 97.7 |
|  | 95.9 | 94.3 | 94.2 | 94.3 | 94.6 | 94.8 | 94.9 | 94.9 | 95.3 | 95.4 | 95.7 | 95.5 | 95.7 |
| Metals, nonferrous .--.-.-.-.-.-.- do. | 84.3 | 79.2 | 80.3 | 81.2 | 80.8 | 79.1 | 80.7 | 83.6 | 83.9 | 83.4 | 83.6 | 84.0 | 84.3 |
| Plumbing and heating equipment do | 83.0 | 80.9 | 80.6 | 80.5 | 80.5 | 80.5 | 80.5 | 80.5 | 80.5 | 80.5 | 80.5 | 82.2 | 82.8 |
| Textile products.-...........-.....-. do | 81.0 | 72.9 | 72.9 | 72.6 | 72.4 | 72.3 | 72.5 | 73.6 | 74.5 | 74.8 | 75.2 | 76.4 | 78.4 |
|  | 88.7 | 84.7 | 85.0 | 85.3 | 85.3 | 85.6 | 85.6 | 85.7 | 85.7 | 85.5 | 86.6 | 87.2 | 8 8. 7 |
| Cotton goods .---------------------------- do- | 86.8 | 70.2 | 69.4 | 68.4 | 68.8 | 68.6 | 69.2 | 71.5 | 73.6 | 74.9 | 75.8 | 77.5 | 81.1 |
| Hosiery and underwear .-.-......- do | 61.1 | 61.7 | 61.3 | 61.6 | 61.5 | 61.5 | 61.4 | 61.4 | 61.5 | 60.7 | 59.9 | 60.3 | 60.4 |
|  | 29.5 | 29.5 | 29.5 | 29.5 | 29.5 | 29.5 | 29.5 | 29.5 | 29.5 | 29.5 | 29.5 | 29.5 | 29.5 |
|  | 48.3 | 45.4 | 47.0 | 46.1 | 43.3 | 43.0 | 42.8 | 44.7 | 42.8 | 42.5 | 42.5 | 43.3 | 47.7 |
| Woolen and worsted goods-------- do. | 93.3 | 83.8 | 83.4 | 83.7 | 83.9 | 83.7 | 84.2 | 86.3 | 88.8 | 89.0 | 89.2 | 91.2 | 93.2 |
| Miscellaneous.-.............-........-. do. | 78.6 | 77.7 | 77.7 | 77.3 | 77.7 | 76.7 | 76.5 | 76.9 | 77.5 | 77.3 | 77.1 | 76.9 | 7.6 |
| Antomobile tires and tubes.-.....- do.-.- | 58.8 | 58.0 | 58.0 | 58.2 | 58.8 | 53.8 | 58.8 | 58.8 | 58.6 | 58.3 | 58.2 | 58.2 | 58.4 |
|  | 94.5 | 89.5 | 90.7 | 91.7 | 93.5 | 93.5 | 93.2 | 93.2 | 93.1 | 93.1 | 93.1 | 93.3 | 93.5 |
| Wholesale prices, actual. (See under respective commodities.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| PURCHASING POWER OF THE DOLLAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 121.0 | 128.1 | 128.5 | 129.9 | 129.6 | 130.1 | 129. 1 | 128.0 | 125.6 | 125.9 | 124.7 | 125.0 | 123.6 |
|  | 125.8 | 131.6 | 130.4 | 128.7 | 129.9 | 131.4 | 130.2 | 131.6 | 131.9 | 130.0 | 129.4 | 129.2 | 128. 5 |
| Prices received by farmers. .-....-.-.-.-.- do.... | 133.7 | 149.9 | 149.9 | 154.8 | 154.8 | 153.1 | 151.5 | 148.6 | 148.6 | 145.6 | 141.4 | 142.7 | 142.7 |
|  | 117.1 | 119.6 | 119.3 | 118.9 | 118.6 | 119.0 | 118.6 | 118.9 | 118.9 | 118.3 | 118.2 | 118. 1 | 117.8 |

CONSTRUCTION AND REAL ESTATE

| CONTRACT AWARDS, PERMITS, AND DWELLING UNITS PROVIDED | $v 107$ |  |  |  | 93 |  |  |  |  |  | 84 | 86 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Value of contracts awarded (F, R. indexes): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | -94 |
| Total, unadjusted .-.-.-.-.-. 1923-25 = 100.. |  | 73 | 78 | 86 |  | 94 | 93 | 90 | 99 | 93 |  |  |  |
| Residential, unadjusted.-....------- do...- | $p 88$ | 73 | 75 | 76 | 78 | 81 | 82 | 82 | 83 | 77 | 70 | 68 | -78 |
|  | $p 94$ | 64 | 64 | 74 | 85 | 90 | 93 | 95 | 111 | 115 | 103 | 99 | $\bigcirc 94$ |
| Residential adjusted....-............do.... | -75 | 62 | 64 | 69 | 77 | 82 | 82 | 85 | 87 | 90 | 84 | 76 | , 74 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total projects..---------.-.-.-.-.- | 36. 380 | 26, 101 | 29, 201 | 26, 679 | 28,466 | 31.512 | 31, 671 | 34, 084 | 31,528 | 34,959 | 21,462 | 25,001 | 32.304 |
| Total valuation .-.-.-..........thous. of dol | 406, 675 | 300,504 | 328, 914 | 324,726 | 398, 673 | 414.941 | 347, 651 | 383, 069 | 380, 347 | 456,189 | 305, 205 | 270,373 | 479.903 |
| Public ownership...-.-....-.-.-.-. - do. | 168, 817 | 103, 450 | 111,578 | 147,316 | 204, 568 | 195. 293 | 143,996 | 174, 506 | 194, 591 | 257, 693 | 111, 124 | 96, 425 | 226.392 |
| Private ownership .-......-------- do | 237, 858 | 197, 054 | 217,336 | 177,410 | 194, 105 | 219,648 | 203, 655 | 208, 563 | 185, 756 | 198, 496 | 194,081 | 173,948 | 253, 511 |
| Nonresidential buildings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Projects.-.-------.-.-.-.-.-.-.- | 5,233 31.509 | 3,815 16.610 | 4,346 16,971 | 4,078 18,028 | 4,130 23,413 | 5,199 | 5,135 23 | 7,284 34,028 | $\begin{array}{r}6,144 \\ 33 \\ \hline 809\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}8,746 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3.438 38 | 4.120 10 | 5.668 |
| Floor area | 31.509 143,304 | 16,610 88,821 | 16,971 90.164 | 18,028 91,995 | 23,413 138,954 | 23,654 110,189 | 23,431 101,295 | 34,028 136,405 | 33,890 148,367 | 42,129 182,618 | 23,918 118,754 | 19,718 90,058 | 29.451 201,458 |
| Residential buildings, all types: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 29,499 | 20, 594 | 22, 939 | 20,584 | 22, 387 | 24, 277 | 24,758 | 24, 888 | 24,009 | 24,176 | 16,936 | 19,746 | 25.325 |
| Floor area...-.....-.-.-. - thous. of sq. it-- | 41,978 | 33, 459 | 36, 312 | 33, 537 | 36, 227 | 38,987 | 41, 630 | 40,778 | 42,151 | 48, 183 | 25,450 | 29,322 | 35.801 |
| Valuation --------------- | 166,462 | 135, 420 | 145,912 | 135, 274 | 140,430 | 152,988 | 152,372 | 148, 469 | 152, 838 | 159,275 | 111,306 | 116. 459 | 147, 859 |
| Public works: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,283 | 1,512 | 1,733 | 1,789 | 1, 686 | 1,685 | 1,339 | 1,482 | 921 | 761 | 812 | 728 | 975 |
| Valuation.-.-.---.-.-......thous. of dol.. | 71,426 | 62,881 | 81,261 | 74,433 | 85,681 | 119,358 | 59, 898 | 73, 220 | 51,430 | 73,447 | 59, 622 | 42,242 | 84, 592 |
| Utilities: | 365 | 180 | 183 | 228 | 263 | 351 | 439 | 430 | 454 | 476 | 276 | 410 | 336 |
|  | 25. 483 | 13, 382 | 11,5\% | 23, 024 | 33, 608 | 23,406 | 34,086 | 24,975 | 27, 712 | 40,849 | 15,520 | 21,614 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 4, } \\ 436 \\ \hline 94\end{array}$ |
| Families provided for and indicated expenditures for building construction (based on bldg. permits). U.S. Dept of Labor indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of families provided for. $\quad .1929=100$. | 116.3 | r 82.2 | 79.6 | 63.0 | 79.5 | 80.4 | 86.2 | 98.0 | 67.4 | 66.2 | 63.7 | 63.4 | 84.0 |
| Indicated expenditures for: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total building construction.......... do. | 65.3 | 52.0 | 52.9 | 46.7 | 56.0 | 55.5 | 51.4 | 77.7 | 60.8 | 63.4 | 41.8 | 39.9 | 47.1 |
| New residential buildings..-.-..... do. | 82.2 | 57.0 | 58.5 | 45.2 | 56.4 | 55.5 | 60.5 | 68.5 | 47.4 | 45.6 | 43.8 | 43.6 | 89.8 |
| New nonresidential buildings .-... do | 34.1 | 29.7 | 30.6 | 31.0 | 39.7 | 10.9 | 28.0 | 69.8 | 60.3 | 67.4 | 27.5 | 24.4 | 22.4 |
|  | 62.5 | 64.4 | 62.1 | 69.1 | 65.8 | 30.4 | 60.5 | 57.0 | 43.5 | 40.2 | 43.7 | 43.8 | 54.5 |
| Estimated number of new dwelling units provided in all urban areas (U. S. Dept. of Labor): $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | r 38,527 | r 37, 491 | r 20.861 | - 36.031 | r 36.918 | r 38.481 | r 43, 101 | '31.126 | + 29.202 | 26, 227 | 27,480 | 35, 227 |
|  |  | - 28,392 | r 28.493 | r $24.14{ }^{\circ}$ | r 29.093 | - 29.629 | + 27.961 | -30, 164 | r 23, 211 | +21,265 | 18, 398 | 20, 512 | 27.103 |
| 2 family dwellings..-.----------- do |  | + 2,919 | - 3, 394 | $\bigcirc 2.127$ | -3,0103 | -3.018 | T3, 973 | T3.475 | +2.375 | r 2.073 | $\bigcirc .917$ | 2. 429 | -2, 6.60 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Concrete pavement contract awards: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Totalt....-.-----.-.-.......-thous. sq. yd.- | 5,042 | 4, 121 | 7,584 | 6,756 | 5, 478 | 7.285 | 5, 788 | 6. 882 | 5,050 | 4,496 | 4.967 | 2,083 | 3, 567 |
|  | 1,358 | 63 | -48 | 468 | . 251 | 868 | 1, 045 | 922 | 1,195 | 644 | 832 | 227 | 1,929 |
|  | 2,087 | 3,170 | 5,496 | 4,575 | 3,406 | 4. 049 | 3,170 | 3,673 | 2,197 | 2,262 | 2,814 | 819 | 1.531 |
|  | 1,596 | , 888 | 2,041 | 1,713 | 1,821 | 2.368 | 1,574 | 2,287 | 1,658 | 1,590 | 1,321 | 1,037 | 1, 0107 |

[^8]*New series. For indexes of rayon and silk prices beginning 1926, see table 29, p. 18 of the May 1940 Survey. Earlier data for concrete pavement contract awards for airports and for the total revised to include airports will appear in a subsequent issue.
$\dagger$ Revised series. Indicated series on "Purchasing power of the dollar" revised beginning January 4935; see table 4, p. 18 of the January 1941 Survey. For revision in total concrete pavement awards see note marked with an **". Revised data on dwalling units beginning Jinuary 1939 are shown in table 18 , p. 17 of the May 1941 Survey. Estimates beginnine January 1940 cover urban areas as defined by results of the 1940 Census. Revisions for 1940 not shown above are as follows: Total, Jan., 18,$916 ;$ Feb., 24,891 ; Mar., 32,06; 1-family, Jan., 11.687; Feb., 16,458; Mar., 23,918; 2-family, Jan., 1,125; Feb., 2,048; M[ar., 1,970: multj-family. Jan., 6, 104; Feb., 6,385; Jar., 6,188.

| Monthly statistics through December 1939, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1940 Supplement to the Survey | 1941 | 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1941 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | November | Decem- | January | February | March |

## CONSTRUCTION AND REAL ESTATE-Continued

| HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Status of highway and grade crossing projects administered by Public Roads Admn.: Highways: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Approved for construction: <br> Mileage. no. of miles | 3,621 | 4,633 | 4,645 | 4,731 | 4, 034 | 3,902 | 3,578 | 3,030 | 2,892 | 2,926 | 3,047 | 3, 100 | 3,322 |
| Federal funds | 42,405 | 46,922 | 50,515 | 50,724 | 43, 925 | 41, 210 | 37, 242 | 32,356 | 33,555 | 35, 949 | 36,845 | 36,477 | 39, 100 |
| Under construction: <br> Mileage................................ of miles | 8,334 | 7,306 | 8,388 | 8,915 | 9,612 | 9,439 | 9,390 | 8,906 | 8,236 | 7,536 |  | 7,413 | 7,773 |
| Federal funds .............-. thous. of dol.. | 126, 387 | 106, 063 | 115,864 | 121, 248 | 126, 761 | 128, 737 | 131, 614 | 127, 250 | 121,566 | 113, 922 | 113,671 | 115, 932 | 121, 029 |
| Estimated cost....-...-.-.-.-....- do...- | 246, 119 | 211,630 | 230,819 | 242, 425 | 253, 523 | 257, 567 | 264, 589 | 256, 691 | 244, 464 | 228, 840 | 227, 763 | 232, 054 | 241,877 |
| Grade crossings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Federal funds......................-do | 13,000 | 9,810 | 10,328 | 10, 119 | 9,652 | 9,496 | 9,779 | 9,473 | 9, 081 | 10, 123 | 10,573 | 10,331 | 11,060 |
| Estimated cost...--........-......- do | 13,535 | 10, 420 | 11,394 | 11,094 | 10,596 | 10, 198 | 10,214 | 9,855 | 9,307 | 10,781 | 11,665 | 10, 719 | 11, 632 |
| Under construction: Federal funds. | 37,648 | 34, 526 | 3f, 458 | 37,013 | 37,682 | 38,323 | 35,975 | 35,831 | 34, 813 | 32,483 | 32,072 | 33,226 |  |
| Estimated cost...-...-.-.-.........-.- do | 39,300 | 35, 819 | 37, 751 | 38, 239 | 39,010 | 39,674 | 37, 543 | 37, 226 | 36,352 | 34, 001 | 33, 592 | 34, 715 | 36, 768 |
| CONSTRUCTION COST INDEXES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A berthaw (industrial building) ...... 1914 $=100 .$. |  |  |  | 193 |  |  | 194 |  |  | 195 |  |  | 197 |
| American Appraisal Co.t |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 213 | 190 | 191 | 191 | 192 | 192 | 195 | 198 | 198 | 202 | 208 | 209 | 209 |
|  | 230 | 221 | 220 | 220 | 220 | 220 | 225 | 227 | 228 | 230 | 231 | 231 | 231 |
|  | ${ }_{2} 196$ | 183 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 184 | 190 | 191 | 191 | 194 | 194 | 194 | 194 |
| St. Louis .-...-...-...-......do...- | 216 | 210 | 208 | 208 | 209 | 209 | 212 | 214 | 214 | 217 | 216 | 216 | 216 |
| Associated General Contractors (all types) $1913=100$ | 195 | 187 | 187 | 188 | 188 | 189 | 189 | 191 | 192 | 193 | 193 | 193 | 194 |
| E. H. Boeckh and Associates, Inc.: A partments, hotels, and office buildings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brick and concrete: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New York -------.-.............-d ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 134.0 | 131.9 | 131.9 | 132.1 | 132.3 | 132.6 | 132.8 | 132.9 | 132.9 | 133.5 | 133.8 | 133.8 | 133.9 |
|  | 119.6 | 117.1 | 117.2 | 114.5 | 114.9 | 115.1 | 115.3 | 115.5 | 115.5 | 116.1 | 116.9 | 116.9 | 119.3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlanta. | 101.7 | 98.2 | 98.3 | 98.2 | 98.2 | 98.4 | 98.7 | 99.1 | 99.1 | 99.3 | 99.6 | 99.6 | 99.7 |
| New York | 136. 6 | 134.6 | 134.6 | 135.5 | 135.5 | 135.7 | 135.8 | 135.8 | 135.9 | 136.3 | 136.5 | 136. 5 | 136.6 |
| San Francisco | 123.0 | 121.9 | 121.9 | 117.8 | 118.2 | 118.3 | 118.4 | 118.6 | 118.6 | 119.0 | 119.6 | 119.6 | 122.8 |
| St. Louis...- | 121.3 | 119.9 | 120.4 | 120.3 | 120.3 | 120.4 | 120.6 | 120.7 | 120.7 | 121.0 | 121.2 | 121.2 | 121.2 |
| Brick and steel: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New York | 133.7 | 131.3 | 131.3 | 131.1 | 131.2 | 131.7 | 131.9 | 132.2 | 132.3 | 132.9 | 133.2 | 133.2 | 133.4 |
| San Francisco | 122.1 | 115.2 | 115.3 | 113.1 | 114.0 | 114.3 | 114.6 | 114.8 | 114.8 | 115.5 | 117.2 | 117.2 | 121.2 |
| St. Louis. | 122. 1 | 118.7 | 119.1 | 118.9 | 118.9 | 119.2 | 119.7 | 120.5 | 120.5 | 120.9 | 121.1 | 121.1 | 121.6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlanta . .-..........................do | 95.6 | 89.4 | 89.5 | 88.8 | 88.5 | 89.6 | 92.3 | 96.2 | 96.2 | 96.7 | 97.7 | 97.7 | 96.3 |
| New York | 132.1 | 125.9 | 125.9 | 125.4 | 124.4 | 126.1 | 127.2 | 127.8 | 128.2 | 130.2 | 130.7 | 130.7 | 131.3 |
| San Francisco-...-...-.-............- do | 114.5 | 105.8 | 106.2 | 104.3 | 104,4 | 105.8 | 107.0 | 107.8 | 107.9 | 109.9 | 112.5 | 112.5 | 114.3 |
| St. Louis. | 118.0 | 110.4 | 110.8 | 110.1 | 110.1 | 111.2 | 113.3 | 117.6 | 117.6 | 118.4 | 118.6 | 118.6 | 116.2 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New York | 131.9 | 124.4 | 124.4 | 123.6 | 122.3 | 124.5 | 125.9 | 126.7 | 127.2 | 129.7 | 130.3 | 130.3 | 131.0 |
| San Francisco-...-.-...-----.........- do | 110.9 | 100.2 | 100.5 | 98.6 | 98.8 | 100.8 | 102.2 | 103.1 | 103.3 | 105.8 | 109.1 | 109.1 | 110.5 |
| St. Louis | 117.0 | 107.2 | 107.8 | 106.9 | 106.9 | 108.3 | 111.0 | 116.6 | 116.6 | 117.5 | 117.7 | 117.7 | 114.7 |
| gineering News Record (all $1913=100$ _- | 255.6 | 238.9 | 241.6 | 242.2 | 242.2 | 244.1 | 245.0 | 247.2 | 249.1 | 249.7 | 250.5 | 250.7 | 252.4 |
| Federal Home Loan Bank Board: Standard 6 -room frame house: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Combined index -................ $1936=100 .$. | 115.6 | 106.2 | 106.2 | 106.2 | 106.0 | 106.2 | 107.0 | 108.7 | 110.6 | 112.5 | 113.6 | 114.6 | 114.9 |
|  | 112.0 | 104.3 | 104.4 | 104.4 | 104.3 | 104.4 | 105.0 | 106.5 | 107.8 | 109.1 | 109.9 | 111.0 | 111.3 |
|  | 122. 9 | 110.0 | 109.9 | 109.7 | 109.5 | 109.7 | 111.0 | 113.3 | 116.3 | 119.2 | 121.3 | 121.9 | 122.2 |
| Heal estate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Federal Housing Administration, home mortgage insurance: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| thous. of dol.. | 92, 406 | 76, 874 | 79,930 | 84,357 | 88,074 | 89,379 | 84,689 | 92,083 | 66, 754 | 56, 878 | 54, 728 | 52, 116 | 75,516 |
| Premum-paing mortages (hous. of dol. | 2,968,407 | 2,180,413 | 2,233,991 | 2,288,348 | 2,348,663 | 2,411,632 | 2,479,964 | 2,559,984 | 2,628,851 | 2,706,353 | 2,785,138 | 2,846,467 | 2,908,104 |
| Estimated new mortgage loans by all savings and loan associations, total . . thous. of dol . Classified according to purpose: | 120,631 | 108,001 | 114,542 | 106, 084 | 114,301 | 117,622 | 111, 775 | 114,400 | 94,567 | 88, 553 | 80, 440 | 82,330 | 105, 162 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Construction.....-.................-do. | 38,686 | 33, 764 | 36, 956 | 35,523 | 39,907 | 42,488 | 39,417 | 41,610 | 32, 584 | 30,032 | 26,662 | 26, 483 | 33, 250 |
| Home purchase.........................do | 48,311 | 37, 821 | 42,049 | 38,402 | 40, 658 | 40, 567 | 40, 947 | 40,771 | 33, 875 | 31, 465 | 27, 809 | 30, 283 | 41,784 |
| Refinancing -.-.-......-............do | 16,905 | 20, 859 | 18,034 | 17, 147 | 17,649 | 17,762 | 15,483 | 16,840 | 14, 481 | 14, 575 | 13,645 | 14,204 3 3 |  |
| Repairs and reconditioning......... do Loans for all other purposes | 6,368 10,361 | 6,097 9,460 | 6,896 10,607 | 5,691 10,221 | 6, 115 9,972 | 6,079 10,726 | 6,283 9,645 | 5,756 <br> 9,423 <br> 8 | 4,869 8,798 | 4,248 8,233 | 37,784 <br> 8,540 | 3,573 7,787 | 4, 765 8,460 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Feteral...-.....---.-...- thous. of dol |  |  | 49, 287 | $47,435$ |  |  | 46,480 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| State members.......................-d. do.-- | 50,956 18,304 | 43,015 18,409 | 45,803 19,452 | 42,214 17,335 | 45,414 20,211 | 46,807 20,510 | 45,988 19,307 | 46,224 19,869 | 40, 143 15,528 | 36,729 14,109 | 33,947 12,133 | 35,301 11,384 | 43,947 15,850 |
| Loans outstanding of agencies under the Federal Home Loan Bank Board: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Federal Savings and Loan Ass'ns, estimated mortgages outstanding .......thous. of dol | 1,628,421 | 1,348,072 | 1,376,700 | 1,405,100 | 1,432,100 | 1,461,867 | 1,487,974 | 1,515,392 | 1,533,246 | 1,546,270 | 1,564,168 | 1,578,543 | 1,000,482 |
| Fed. Home Loan Bks., outstanding advances to member institutions ..... thous of dol | 141,828 | 133, 811 | 137,509 | 157,397 | 162, 222 | 168, 402 | 176,047 | 181, 526 | 185,547 | 201, 492 | 170,849 | 156, 899 | 145, 959 |
| Home Owners' Loan Corporation, balance of loans outstanding $\qquad$ thous. of dol | 1,809,856 | 2,020,572 | 2,017,395 | 2,012,760 | 2,004,737 | 1,996,443 | 1,087,611 | 1,980,704 | 1,968,816 | 1,956,268 | 1,942,427 | 1,929,316 | 1,913,862 |
| Foreclosures: <br> Nonfarm real estate. ................ $1926=100$ | 96 | 113 | 126 | 116 | 111 | 108 | 111 | 111 | 103 | 99 | 96 | 87 |  |
| Metropolitan communities..----.-........do do... |  | 108 | 119 | 108 | 108 | 105 | 106 | 106 | 94 | 94 | 90 | 83 | 92 |
| Fire losses ...............--------- thous. of dol.. | 29,330 | 26,657 | 23,447 | 19,506 | 20,323 | 20,722 | 21,198 | 22,091 | 23,449 | 28,617 | 26, 470 | 26, 102 | 31,471 |

ing News Record index is similarly shown in the 1940 supplement as of the end of the preceding month. $\dagger$ Revised series. Revised indexes beginning 1913 are available in table 44, p. 13 of the November 1940 Survey. ©Figure for April 1941 includes mortgages insured under the defense housing insurance fund.

| Monthly statistics through December 1939, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1940 Supplement to the Survey | 1941 | 19.40 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1941 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | April | May | June | July | Augast | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sep- } \\ & \text { tember } \end{aligned}$ | October | Novem- ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Decem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March |

DOMESTIC TRADE


## Space occupied in public-merchandise ware-

## NEW INCORPORATIONS Business incorporations (4 States) ..... number-

POSTAL BUSINESS
Air mail: Pound-mile performance... millions. Money orders:
Domestic, issu
Domestic, issued ( 50 cities) :
Number.
 Value
.... thousands.
 Receipts, postal:
50 selected cities
 RETAIL TRADE
A utomobiles, value of new passenger-car sales:
Unadjusted. .........-................-1029-31 = 100..

Chain-Store Age, combined index ( 20 chains) Apparel chains. same month $1929-31=100$.............................................. Drug chain-store sales:* Unadjusted...---.-..................... 1935-39=100..


Variety-store sales, combined sales, 7 chains: $\dagger$

hain-store sales and stores operated:
Variety chains:
H. L. Green Co., Inc.: $\dagger$
Sales. S. Stores onerated......................................
S. S. Kresge Co.:

Sales_-.................................... of dol.

Sales McCrory Stores Corp.:

Sales..................................... of dol Stores operated.-.............................................

| Monthly statistics through December 1939, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1940 Supplement to the Survey | 1941 | 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1941 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | April | May | June | July | August | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sep- } \\ & \text { tember } \end{aligned}$ | October | November | December | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | Febriaary | March |


| RETAIL TRADE-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chain store sales and stores operated--Con. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Variety chains-Con. <br> G. (V. Murphy Co: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1, 419 | 3,585 | 4,300 | 4,398 | 3. 964 | 4,370 | 3, 923 | 4. 6112 | 4,884 | 9,042 | 3, 479 | 3. 3.31 | f. $1: 2$ |
|  |  |  | 204 | 203 | 203 | ${ }^{2} 202$ | 202 | 202 | 202 | 202 | 202 | 204 | 20.4 | 201 | 20.1 |
| F. W. Woolworth Co.: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales...---.----------- thous. of dol.- | 29. 194 | + 23,775 | 26,067 | 26,020 | 24, 207 | 26, 828 | 25, 197 | 28,634 | 29, 6888 | 54,571 | 29, 0108 | 23, fifif | 26.434i |
| Stores operated................- number.- | 2.015 | 2,014 | 2,015 | 2.015 | 2,013 | 2,014 | 2,021 | 2,024 | 2,023 | 2, 025 | 2,121 | 2.023 | 2.020 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales | 0.805 | * 7.619 | 8,787 | 8,911 | 7.698 | 8.750 | 8.276 | 10, 172 | 10. 569 | 20,030 | 6, 625 | 6,7\% | 8, 439 |
| Stores operated .--.-----.-.-.-.- - - | 493 | 492 | 492 | 492 | 402 | 493 | 493 | 494 | 494 | 494 | 494 | 492 | 492 |
| J. O. Penney Co.: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales. .-......-........... thons. of dol.. | 27, 5.55 | r 21, 714 | 23, 599 | 2t,737 | 20,882 | 24,492 | 24.791 | 20, 584 | 33,765 | 45.716 | 20, 284 | 18.345 | 22, 272 |
| Stores operated.-.-...--.-.-...--number... | 1,591 | 1,562 | 1,562 | 1,568 | 1.568 | 1,575 | 1,578 | 1,582 | 1,586 | 1,586 | 1,586 | 1,587 | 1, 589 |
| Department stores: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Instalment accounts. ... -...-. .-. - percent. |  | 17.8 | 17.3 | 16.5 | 16. 4 | 16.9 | 16.7 | 17.7 | 18.1 | 17.5 |  |  |  |
| Open accounts .-...-....-.-........... do ... |  | 46.5 | 46.8 | 45.9 | 45.4 | 44.1 | 42.4 | 47.1 | 48.7 | 44.9 |  |  |  |
| Sales, total U. S., unadjusted - . $1923-25=100 .-$ | $p 105$ | 86 | 89 | 87 | 64 | 77 | 10.5 | 101 | 114 | 179 | 73 | +81 | 「93 |
|  | 137 | 104 | 114 | 088 | 81 | 107 | 132 | 125 | 141 | 223 | 93 | 110 | 12.5 |
|  | 86 | 71 | 74 | 75 | 51 | 62 | 80 | 91 | 92 | 145 | 69 | 63 | + 74 |
|  |  | 91 | 93 | 92 | 6.5 | 86 | 104 | 101 | 113 | 173 | 81 | 79 | 99 |
|  | 115 | 90 | 94 | 93 | 67 | 84 | 107 | 97 | 116 | 178 | 7.5 | sif | 95 |
| Dallas .-.......----...............-. - do | 117 | 99 | 105 | 90 | 76 | 94 | 127 | 111 | 131 | 201 | 9 | 160 | 112 |
| Kansas City ...... - .-. .-.----1925=109.. | 93 | 8.5 | 86 | 76 | f6 | 86 | 91 | 95 | 99 | 1.58 | 7. | 76 | 9 |
| Minneapolis $\dagger$..-. . . . . .-.... $1935-39=100$. | 124 | 109 | 109 | 109 | 80 | 110 | 115 | 127 | 118 | 173 | 92 | 79 | 108 |
| New York ......-. -- $1923-25=100$. | 100 | 83 | 85 | 89 | 67 | 76 | 108 | 108 | 120 | 181 | 78 | 79 | 84 |
| Philadelphia ........-........-----.-. do...- | 88 | 6 6\% | 74 | 73 | 50 | 60 | 79 | 87 | 100 | 148 | 55 | 6i3 | 7 |
|  | 142 | 105 | 120 | 112 | 83 | 104 | 128 | 149 | 148 | 239 | 99 | 94 | +121 |
|  | 111 | 90 | 88 | 82 | 66 | 78 | 106 | 101 | 112 | 167 | 80 | 81. | 9 |
| San Francisco --......--.....-.-.-.-.- do | 110 | 90 | 9.5 | 88 | 83 | 98 | 103 | 103 | 1.16 | 188 | 90 | 90 | 99 |
| Sales, total U. S., adjusted $\dagger$ - .-. | - 103 | 89 | 89 | 91 | 92 | 98 | 97 | 94 | 100 | 101 | 101 | 103 | 103 |
|  | 141 | 111 | 115 | 11.5 | 118 | 123 | 122 | 112 | 129 | 129 | 122 | 127 | 12.5 |
|  |  | 92 | 92 | 04 | 92 | 107 | 100 | 92 | 103 | 103 | 101 | 99 | 106 |
|  | 105 | 88 | 87 | 95 | 92 | 101 | 102 | 94 | 108 | 104 | 100 | 107 | 118 |
|  | 118 | 103 | 10.5 | 102 | 105 | 122 | 115 | 99 | 117 | 116 | 129 | 118 | 115 |
| Minneapolist...-...-.-. - . . $1935-39=100$ - | 109 | 110 | 110 | 107 | 113 | 125 | 101 | 106 | 117 | 111 | 115 | 111 | 109 |
| New York .-. .-. - .-. . . $1923-25=100$ | 103 | 90 | 88 | 92 | 94 | 101 | 104 | 95 | 101 | 102 | 99 | 97 | $9 \times$ |
| Philadelphia .---.......................... do | 87 | 69 | 74 | 75 | 73 | 80 | 79 | 75 | 82 | 81 | 76 | 82 | 82 |
|  | 105 | 92 | 88 | 89 | 95 | 104 | 99 | 89 | 96 | 101 | 100 | 94 | 1117 |
| San Francisco .......................d. do.... | 112 | 96 | 99 | 97 | 101 | 104 | 100 | 99 | 110 | 109 | 109 | 108 | 111 |
| Instalment sales, New England dept. stores percent of total sales.. | 10.7 | 9.5 | 9.6 | 7.5 | 10.0 | 15.1 | 11.2 | 11.8 | 10.5 | 7.0 | 11.7 | 12.7 | 11.7 |
| Stoeks, total U. S., end of month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unadjusted....-.....-. - .-. - - 1923-25-100 .. | 76 | 71 | 70 | 64 | 61 | 66 | 73 | 79 | 83 | 66 | 64 | 70 | 75 |
|  | 74 | 69 | 68 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 70 | 71 | 72 | 71 | 71 | 73 | 74 |
| Mail-order and store sales: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total sales, 2 companies ........thous. of dol.. | 133.787 | 102,228 | 111, 883 | 106, 417 | 88, 565 | 101,512 | 111,622 | 133,857 | 127,938 | 166, 723 | 83, 465 | 83,832 | 110,866 |
| Montgomery Ward \& Co............do.... | 58, 068 | 45, 856 | 45, 905 | 43, 104 | 37, 213 | 42,692 | 45,972 | 56, 937 | 54, 613 | 70, 850 | 33, 495 | 33.841 | 44. 485 |
| Sears, Roebnck \& Co ...........-...do...- | 75, 719 | 56,372 | 65,978 | 63,313 | 51, 352 | 58,820 | 65, 650 | 76,920 | 73, 324 | 95,873 | 49,971 | 49.992 | 64, 381 |
| Rural sales of general merchandise: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total U. S., unadjusted...... $1929-31=100 \ldots$ | 151.7 | 115.3 | 122.8 | 125.5 | 96.4 | 119.4 | 135.1 | 158.4 | 179.4 | 233.7 | 110.9 | 122.0 | 130.7 |
|  | ........ | 115.2 | 126.3 | 133.1 | 95.7 | 120.4 | 136. 7 | 167.1 | 176.0 | 256.2 | 112.3 | 128.0 | 138.5 |
| South. |  | 134.4 | 135.8 | 132.6 | 102.6 | 121.2 | 163.8 | 207.9 | 233.9 | 268.3 | 130.0 | 101.8 | 160.5 |
|  |  | 105. 1 | 114.0 | 116.4 | 88.1 | 110.2 | 117.7 | 138.3 | 164.5 | 210.6 | 102.3 | 110.3 | 117.7 |
| Far West...-....-.............---...- ${ }^{\text {do. }}$ |  | 127.0 | 138.4 | 146.7 | 121.9 | 150.5 | 163.5 | 165.9 | 186.5 | 245.2 | 110.5 | 111.1 | 138.4 |
| Total U. S., adjusted...-.........-.-.-.... do. | 165. 1 | 125.4 | 133.8 | 137.7 | 132. 1 | 146.0 | 127.8 | 122.0 | 137.9 | 146.1 | 145.7 | 150.8 | $14 \times .9$ |
|  |  | 120.8 | 137.3 | 145.0 | 134.4 | 151.1 | 139.0 | 129.8 | 136.6 | 153.9 | 147.7 | 156.5 | 154.2 |
|  |  | 152.5 | 160. 1 | 164.9 | 151. 1 | 168.1 | 148.4 | 140.3 | 170.3 | 178.7 | 175.7 | 177.4 | 177.8 |
| Middle West .-..... - .-.-........... do |  | 112.5 | 120.4 | 123.3 | 119.4 | 133.6 | 114.9 | 108.9 | 125.5 | 135.0 | 133.7 | $13 \times .7$ | 132.8 |
|  |  | 142.2 | 153.9 | 153.9 | 148.6 | 163.4 | 139.7 | 138.2 | 153.8 | 150.2 | 150.3 | 150. 1 | 168.1 |

## EMPLOYMENT CONDITIONS AND WAGES



## Revised.


 P. p. 1s of the March 1941 surver.
*New series. For data beginning 1929, see table 11, pp. 17 and 18 of the March 1941 Survey, except for total employment, total eniployees in nonagricultural establishments, and manufacturing beginning 1937, which were revised to include preliminary adjustment of factory wage-earmer estimate to ly39 Census data. Revisions not shown in the May 1941 survey will appear in an early issuc.

| Monthly statistics through December 1989，to－ gether with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data，may be found in the 1940 Supplement to the Survey | 1941 | 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1941 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Apri！ | April | May | June | July | August | Sep－ tember | October | Novem－ ber | Decem－ <br> ber | $\underset{\text { ary }}{\substack{\text { Janu- }}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Febru- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | Marr |

## EMPLOYMENT CONDITIONS AND WAGES－Continued

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
EMPLOYMENT－Contimued \\
Mfg．，unadj．（U．S．Dept．of Labor）－w．Con． Durabie goods－Continued．
\end{tabular} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Machinery，exel transd equip 1923－25－100 \& 15．3 \& 113.6 \& 13.9 \& 11.1 \& 116． 1 \& 119．2 \& 123.1 \& 122.3 \& 131.2 \& 136.1 \& 139．8 \& 143．3 \& －117．7 \\
\hline Agriculumalimplements（including trac－ tors）．．．．．．．－．．．．．．．．．．．．． \(1923-25=100 \ldots\) \& 179．7 \& \(1+1.4\) \& 139.6 \& 137.3 \& 130.6 \& 1.1 .2 \& 133.5 \& 134.9 \& \(13 \mathrm{h}\). \& 143.2 \& 149．6 \& 114.2 \& －132．6； \\
\hline Electical machinery，apparatus，and supplies \(\quad . \quad 1923-25=100\) \& 15.0 \& 101.5 \& 101.9 \& 103.3 \& 103.8 \& 16 ficis \& 111.2 \& 116.1 \& 120.6 \& 125． 8 \& 129.4 \& 13451 \& \(=14 i-\) \\
\hline Engines，trmbines．water wheels，and windmills
\[
1923-2 \overline{5}=100
\] \& 2567 \& 140.2 \& 118.9 \& 158． 1 \& 167.5 \& 174.8 \& 1822 \& 190.4 \& 201.0 \& 211.8 \& ，223．5 \& \％23： 7 \& －21． 1 \\
\hline Foundry and machine－shor products \(1020.25=100\). \& 127.3 \& 97.2 \& 96 \& 90.9 \& 98.0 \& \(1(10.5\) \& 103.4 \& 106.7 \& 110.1 \& 114． \& 117.4 \& 120.0 \& \％ 123.6 \\
\hline Nachine tools＊．．．．．．．．．．do．．．． \& 316． 7 \& 216.3 \& 221.1 \& 229.1 \& 234.8 \& 26.7 .5 \& 218.0 \& 257.9 \& 265.9 \& 276.0 \& － 285.8 \& － 297.2 \& －307． 1 \\
\hline Rattos and phomographs ．．．．do．．．． \& 158.8 \& 128.3 \& 13 6 .5 \& \(1+1.0\) \& 143.4 \& \(1: 7.1\) \& 159.5 \& 163.6 \& 159.4 \& 158.5 \& 147.5 \& ＋14． 8 \& \(\times 1491\) \\
\hline Vetals．nomerrous，aud produets－do \& 138.0 \& 105.6 \& 100.3 \& 106.6 \& 10：． 0 \& 113.8 \& 119.8 \& 126.1 \& 129.9 \& 131.2 \& 131.1 \& 134.7 \& r 196 \\
\hline Brass．bronze and copper protucts do \& 181.5 \& 125.8 \& 125.6 \& 127.1 \& 129.6 \& 168.2 \& 146.6 \& 154.9 \& 162.4 \& 168.1 \& 171.5 \& － 13.5 \& －180．5 \\
\hline Stone，clay and glass products．．．．．．d． \& 43.7 \& 80.5 \& 82.0 \& 8.9 \& 82.4 \& 6．4．5 \& 85.8 \& 87.5 \& 88.6 \& 88.7 \& 85.9 \& 87.0 \& 89.5 \\
\hline Brick，tile，and terra cotta ．．．．．．．．．d \& 70.9 \& 58.0 \& 60.9 \& ti3． 1 \& 64.1 \& fit． 4 \& 64.7 \& 65.0 \& 64.8 \& 65． 2 \& 64.8 \& 64.1 \& ＋ 18.4 \\
\hline Glass ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． \& 121.3 \& 105.3 \& 104.4 \& 114.9 \& 103.3 \& 116.9 \& 1093 \& 113.2 \& 117.0 \& 116.8 \& r 114.4 \& \(r 136.0\) \& ז119．7 \\
\hline Trmosuration equipment \(\dagger\)－．．．．．．．－do \& 164.7 \& 116.9 \& 116.7 \& 114.3 \& 99.7 \& 145.1 \& 126.9 \& 139.5 \& 146.0 \& 149.2 \& 152． \& 15.0 \& －161．6 \\
\hline  \& 5.981 .7 \& 2，454．3 \& 2， 10.6 .4 \& 2，913．5 \& 3，146．6 \& 3．4\％8．6 \& 3，764． 3 \& 4， 115.9 \& 4， 402.3 \& 4，684． 1 \& 5，037． 3 \& \(r 5,3+4.0\) \& 5.5037 \\
\hline Antomohiles \& 131.0 \& 112.0 \& 109.8 \& 104.9 \& 82.3 \& 65.4 \& 112.1 \& 125． 1 \& 129.5 \& 129.3 \& 128.3 \& 129.9 \& ，131．3 \\
\hline Shiphoildina＊ \& 290.1 \& 152.8 \& 1：8．2 \& 10.8 \& 170．2 \& \(1: 1.1\) \& 188.1 \& 197.4 \& 204.2 \& 221.0 \& 240.0 \& \(2 \% 63\) \& ＋2920 \\
\hline Nomtumble goodst．．．－．．．．－．－．．．．．．．do \& 117．5 \& 107.5 \& 145.5 \& \(10 \% .2\) \& 107.8 \& 1：2．2 \& 114.4 \& 114.8 \& 113.9 \& 114.8 \& 112.7 \& 114.7 \& ． 116.3 \\
\hline Chenical，petroleum，and eoal broduets \(1923-25=100\) ． \& 133.7 \& 123.4 \& 120.8 \& 119.0 \& 118.5 \& 19.4 \& 123.0 \& 125.3 \& 125.6 \& 125.8 \& 12 ¢． 0 \& 127.8 \& 130.7 \\
\hline Chemiteats ．．．．．．－．．．．．．．．．．．－do．－．－ \& 160．7 \& 135．2 \& 133．2 \& 138.3 \& 140.4 \& 11.6 \& 143.4 \& 145.6 \& 148.0 \& 149.9 \& 152.0 \& 15．5． 1 \& ＋180．3 \\
\hline Paints and rarnishes \& 137.1 \& 124．4． \& 125.9 \& 126.4 \& 124． 6 \& 123.5 \& 126.1 \& 125． 1 \& 125.9 \& 126.0 \& 126.3 \& 125.6 \& ＋132． 9 \\
\hline Petmbenar refining \& 129.7 \& 121． 1 \& 121．8 \& 1232 \& 122.9 \& \(1: 2.7\) \& 122.6 \& 121． 2 \& 120.7 \& 119.8 \& 119.1 \& － 119.2 \& － 119.3 \\
\hline Rayon and allisd product \& 318． 1 \& 305.8 \& 301． 3 \& 300.0 \& 306.9 \& 317.7 \& 311.7 \& 311.1 \& 314.5 \& 315.1 \& 313.5 \& 311.0 \& r 312.2 \\
\hline Frod and kindred products．．．．．．．．．d \& 123.7 \& 119.7 \& 121.7 \& 129.7 \& 135．4 \& 145.8 \& 147.4 \& 141.3 \& 132.5 \& 130.5 \& ＋121．4 \& － 119.1 \& －120．4 \\
\hline Bating－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do \& 143.4 \& 142.5 \& 14．8 \& 147.0 \& 147.1 \& \(1<6.6\) \& 146.6 \& 145.9 \& 145.5 \& 144.1 \& 140.5 \& － 142.9 \& ＋145． 1 \\
\hline Slaughturing and meat packing ．．．do \& 111.4 \& 108.6 \& 105.7 \& 100． 2 \& 111.1 \& 1 㶡积 8 \& 108.0 \& 109.6 \& 116.2 \& 125.0 \& 116.3 \& 110,6 \& －110． 7 \\
\hline Leather and its manufactures．．．．．．．．do \& 98.1 \& 94.2 \& 8 8． 8 \& 81.8 \& 91.6 \& 92.0 \& 90.8 \& 90.0 \& 8.0 \& 90.6 \& 93.4 \& 9 9． 9 \& ＋98．7 \\
\hline Boots mim shoos．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do \& 95.9 \& 98.1 \& 84.6 \& 84.8 \& 90.7 \& 41．1 \& 89.7 \& 88.4 \& 81.1 \& 88.0 \& 91.4 \& 95.0 \& －97．0 \\
\hline  \& 119.4 \& 113.8 \& 115.0 \& 114.5 \& 114.7 \& 115.2 \& 116.2 \& 117.6 \& 118.8 \& 119.5 \& 116.7 \& 117.2 \& 118.2 \\
\hline Paper and pulp－．－．－．－．．．．．．．．．．．．－． do \& 120.2 \& 112.0 \& 115.2 \& 116.2 \& 117.1 \& 116.9 \& 116.7 \& 115.1 \& 115.7 \& 115.9 \& 115． 7 \& 117.3 \& 118.5 \\
\hline Rubler praduets ．．．．．．．．－．．．．．．．．．do \& 105． 1 \& \(8 \pm .7\) \& 83.9 \& 83.1 \& 83.5 \& 告 9 \& 89.4 \& 92.6 \& 94.4 \& 97.5 \& 98.8 \& － 10 m .7 \& －102．9 \\
\hline Rubber tires and inner tubes ．．．．．．－do \& 82.8 \& 69.7 \& 69.0 \& 68． 5 \& 69.3 \& 70.5 \& 72.6 \& 73.9 \& 75． 2 \& 76.9 \& 77.9 \& ＋78．6 \& － 80.0 \\
\hline ＇iextiles and their productst．．．．．．．．．．．do． \& 111.9 \& 95.8 \& 96.0 \& 93.7 \& 94.5 \& 99.7 \& 102.6 \& 104． 5 \& 105.5 \& 107.0 \& 106． 4 \& 110.1 \& 111.6 \\
\hline Fabricst． \& 103.6 \& 88.3 \& 87.0 \& 85.7 \& 85.0 \& 10.4 \& 92.8 \& 96． 1 \& 98.7 \& 100.4 \& 99.7 \& 101.7 \& 102.7 \\
\hline Wearing appard－－．－．．．．．．．．．－．．．．．do \& 126.0 \& 115.6 \& 112.2 \& 10.9 \& 104.9 \& 116.7 \& 120．7 \& 118．9 \& 116.2 \& 117.2 \& 116.8 \& 124.2 \& 127.0 \\
\hline Tobacen man factures．．．．．．．．do \& 63.2 \& 63.8 \& 62.2 \& 64.9 \& 62.4 \& （1．4 \& 65.8 \& 66.5 \& 66.8 \& 65.6 \& 60.8 \& 63.7 \& －63． 3 \\
\hline Menufacturing，adjusted（Fed．Reserve）\(\dagger\) do \& \& \& \& \& 105． 1 \& \& \& 111.4 \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Durable goodst ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－．．．．．．．．．．．．do \& 125.6 \& 102． 97 \& 97.9 \& \％1． 0 \& 100.4 \& 18.4 \& 107.4 \& 111.2 \& 114.6 \& 117.5 \& r 118.2

121.1 \& 122.1 \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& +119.4 \\
& \times 129,0
\end{aligned}
$$ <br>

\hline Iron and steel and their products，not in－ cluding machinery－．．．．． $1923-25=100$ Blast furnaces，steel works，and rolling \& 128.3 \& 100.8 \& 101.2 \& 193.7 \& 107.3 \& 111.1 \& 112.9 \& 116.1 \& 118.9 \& 122.4 \& ＋124．7 \& 123.5 \& 124．2 <br>
\hline Blast furnaces，stee works，and rolling mills …－－－$-1928-25=100^{\circ}$ \& 1.36 \& 107 \& 109 \& 11.5 \& 129 \& 123 \& 123 \& 125 \& 127 \& 130 \& 133 \& 13：3 \& 133 <br>
\hline Hardware．．．．－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．． \& 116 \& 97 \& 9. \& 82 \& 81 \& 99 \& 102 \& 105 \& 109 \& 113 \& 113 \& 114 \& $11 i$ <br>
\hline Structural and ornamental metal mork

$$
1923-25=100 . .
$$ \& 101 \& 71 \& 71 \& 73 \& 75 \& 78 \& 81 \& 84 \& 86 \& 91 \& 98 \& ：00 \& 100 <br>

\hline Tin eans and other tinware． $\qquad$ do． \& 109 \& 98 \& 97 \& 109 \& 100 \& 98 \& 96 \& 99 \& 103 \& 104 \& －110 \& $!12$ \& 113 <br>
\hline Lembersad abled products－．．do \& 74.2 \& 67.2 \& 67.9 \& \％ 4 \& fi4． 5 \& 0.0 \& 20.6 \& 71.3 \& 73． 6 \& 75.2 \& 76.3 \& 75.5 \& r－4．0 <br>
\hline Feruituro． \& 101 \& 90 \& （i） \& （19） \& 89 \& 90 \& 91 \& 91 \& 08 \& 96 \& 97 \& 98 \& 98 <br>
\hline Lhenher，sammills ．．．．．．．－．．．do \& 6.5 \& 60 \& n！ \& 60 \& EO \& 62 \& 64 \& 64 \& fif \& 67 \& 68 \& $\mathrm{fi}^{5}$ \& 13. <br>
\hline Mahinery，exel transp equip ．to \& 154.9 \& 113.4 \& 113.4 \& 114.9 \& 116．6 \& 120.0 \& 122.5 \& 12fi． 6 \& 130.9 \& ${ }^{+135.0}$ \& ＋141．2 \& 14.2 \& ＋115．1 <br>
\hline Acrimilutal implements（incliding trac－ fors）．$\quad . . .-1923-25=109$ \& 169 \& 133 \& 136 \& 1.36 \& 133 \& 39 \& 141 \& 14.3 \& 110 \& 143 \& 147 \& 140 \& \％ <br>

\hline | Electrical machinery，apparatus，and sup－ plies |
| :--- |
| $192 ;-25=100$ | \& 147 \& 102 \& 101 \& 103 \& 101 \& 107 \& 111 \& 116 \& 120 \& 126 \& 131 \& 137 \& －142 <br>

\hline Fneines，turbines，water wheds，and wintmills．．．．．．1923－25＝100 \& 244 \& 134 \& 112 \& 152 \& 165 \& $17 \%$ \& 181 \& 105 \& 212 \& 219 \& 237 \& 238 \& ＋ 242 <br>
\hline Foundre and machine－shop products \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& ＋ 242 <br>
\hline ，1923－25＝100．． \& 127 \& 97 \& 96 \& 9 \& 98 \& 101 \& 103 \& 107 \& 110 \& 114 \& 118 \& 120 \& 124 <br>
\hline Machine tools＊．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do． \& 315 \& 215 \& 220 \& 298 \& 237 \& 247 \& 247 \& 257 \& 265 \& 275 \& 288 \& 298 \& － 304 <br>
\hline Fiadios ant phonographs．．．．．．．．．．．．do \& 189 \& 1.53 \& 15 \& 11.4 \& 145 \& 145 \& 138 \& 134 \& 142 \& ＋150 \& 155 \& 164 \& ＋17s <br>
\hline Metals，nonterrous，and products．．．－do \& 138.1 \& 10.9 \& 109．0 \& 10 E .2 \& 110.7 \& 115.7 \& 118.6 \& 122.3 \& 126.3 \& 129.4 \& ＋133．3 \& 135.1 \& －136． 1 <br>
\hline Brass，bromze，and copper products do．－ \& 180 \& 125 \& 124 \& 128 \& 132 \& 140 \& 147 \& 153 \& 162 \& 108 \& 173 \& 176 \& 174 <br>
\hline Stone，clay，and ulass products ．．．．．．do． \& 93.0 \& 79.8 \& 78.9 \& 74.8 \& 81.3 \& 81.8 \& 83.0 \& 84.7 \& 88.4 \& 90.4 \& － 04.6 \& 93.0 \& 92.3 <br>
\hline Brick，tile，and terra cotta．．．．．．．．．do \& 72 \& 59 \& $\therefore$ \& is \& fi0 \& 60 \& 61 \& 61 \& 65 \& 68 \& 75 \& 74 \& －1 <br>
\hline Glass． \& 120 \& 104 \& 103 \& 103 \& $10 \%$ \& 107 \& 109 \& 112 \& 117 \& 117 \& 120 \& 116 \& 118 <br>
\hline Transportation equipment \& 1．57． 2 \& 111.2 \& $111 .{ }^{\text {a }}$ \& 111.8 \& 110.7 \& 120.9 \& 130． 2 \& 140.2 \& 143.7 \& 144.9 \& 150.4 \& 152.7 \& ＋153．9 <br>
\hline Aircraft＊－－．－．－．．．－．．．．．．．．．．．．．do \& －5， 815 \& 2，426 \& 2，698 \& 2． 529 \& 3， 115 \& 3.489 \& 3， 881 \& 4， 243 \& 4， 447 \& 4，731 \& r 5， 089 \& 5.397 \& － 3.509 <br>
\hline Antomobiles．．．．．．．．．－．－．．．．．．．．．．．do \& 124 \& 106 \& 105 \& 102 \& 92 \& 107 \& 116 \& 125 \& 126 \& 123 \& 123 \& 123 \& 123 <br>
\hline Shinbuilding＊－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． do \& 280 \& 148 \&  \& 16. \& 175 \& 186 \& 187 \& 195 \& 204 \& 220 \& 244 \& 262 \& robx <br>
\hline Nondurable goodst ．－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．． \& 117.8 \& 107.6 \& 107.4 \& 10\％． 5 \& 109.6 \& 110.2 \& 110.3 \& 111.5 \& 113.8 \& 115.7 \& 115． 6 \& 115.2 \& 116.0 <br>
\hline Cheraical，betroleum，and coal products $1923-25=100$ ． \& 131.4 \& 121.1 \& 120． 0 \& 129.4 \& 121．7 \& 122． 2 \& 121.7 \& 122.9 \& 124.1 \& 125.3 \& －126．5 \& 127.4 \& －128． 1 <br>
\hline Chemieals．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．－． \& 152 \& 136 \& 13： \& 1.35 \& 138 \& 141 \& 141 \& 143 \& 147 \& 151 \& 154 \& 157 \& 161 <br>
\hline Painds and varnishes．．－．．．．．．．．．．．．do \& 135 \& 123 \& 121 \& 122 \& 124 \& 126 \& 127 \& 125 \& 127 \& 128 \& 130 \& 130 \& 134 <br>
\hline  \& 121 \& 122 \& 122 \& 123 \& 122 \& 122 \& 121 \& 121 \& 120 \& 120 \& 120 \& 120 \& 121 <br>
\hline Rayon ami allied products．．．．－－．－．do \& 325 \& 312 \& 311 \& 315 \& 309 \& 306 \& 309 \& 310 \& 311 \& 314 \& 310 \& 30 i \& － 308 <br>
\hline Ford and kindred products．．．．．．．．．．do． \& 132.6 \& 128.8 \& 124． 1 \& 131.9 \& 129.0 \& 129.8 \& 126.9 \& 129.9 \& 132.4 \& 135.6 \& r 133.0 \& 130.7 \& 131.5 <br>
\hline Brking ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－－．．．do \& 148 \& 144 \& 145 \& 146 \& 146 \& 146 \& 144 \& 144 \& 144 \& 144 \& 143 \& 14.5 \& 146 <br>
\hline staughtering and meat packing．．．do \& 115 \& 107 \& 107 \& 109 \& 111 \& 108 \& 109 \& 110 \& 114 \& 121 \& 112 \& 111 \& $\times 113$ <br>
\hline Teather and its manufactures．．．－．．．．do \& 95.7 \& 91.9 \& 87.9 \& 89.6 \& 90.9 \& 83.1 \& 89.9 \& 91.1 \& 93.8 \& 94.3 \& 93.3 \& 93.2 \& 91．3 <br>
\hline  \& 93 \& 90 \& 8 ¢ \& 88 \& 89 \& 87 \& 88 \& 90 \& 92 \& 93 \& 91 \& 91 \& 92 <br>
\hline laper and printing \& 119.8 \& 114.3 \& 115．3 \& 115.7 \& 116.5 \& 113.4 \& 115.7 \& 116． 1 \& 116.8 \& ${ }^{+} 117.3$ \& ＇117．1 \& 117.3 \& 115.6 <br>
\hline Paper ant pulp．－．－．．．－．．．．．．．．．．．－．${ }^{\text {do }}$ \& 127： \& 112 \& 115 \& 116 \& 117 \& 117 \& 117 \& 115 \& 116 \& 116 \& 116 \& 117 \& 119 <br>
\hline Rubber products ．－．．．．．．－．－．－．－．－．－ $10 . .$. \& 104．0 \& 83.9 \& 83， 5 \& 84.2 \& 84.7 \& 87.0 \& 89.7 \& 91.6 \& 93.6 \& 96.8 \& 99.0 \& 100.6 \& r 102.1 <br>
\hline Rubber lires and inmer tubes．．．．．．－ do \& 8.3 \& 70 \& 69 \& 69 \& 69 \& 71 \& 73 \& 74 \& ${ }^{75}$ \& 77 \& 78 \& 79 \& 80 <br>
\hline Tentiles and their productst．．．．．．．．．－do \& 104.7 \& 96.6 \& 96.8 \& 96.8 \& 100.2 \& 101.1 \& 101.9 \& 102.6 \& 105.3 \& 107.2 \& 107.3 \& 107.1 \& － 107.6 <br>
\hline Fabries $\dagger$－．．．．．．．－．－．－－．－．．．．do \& 103.2 \& 87.8 \& 81．7 \& S8．0 \& 91.3 \& 92.6 \& 93.5 \& 95.2 \& 97.7 \& 98.7 \& 98.8 \& 99.1 \& 100.4 <br>
\hline Wearing apparel ．－．．－－．．．．．．．．．．do． \& 119．6 \& 112.4 \& 111．${ }^{\text {j }}$ \& 11.3 .5 \& 116.1 \& 113.1 \& 116.5 \& 114.8 \& 118.0 \& 121.9 \& 122.1 \& 120.6 \& 119.0 <br>
\hline Tobaceo manulactures ．．．．．．．．．．．do． \& 1.4 .7 \& 65， 0 \& 6i3． 2 \& （6is 2 \& 62.8 \& 63.0 \& 63.7 \& 63.3 \& 63.4 \& 64.7 \& 66.3 \& 84.9 \& －64． 4 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

## －Revised

Revised serios．Slight revisions were made in data for textiles and products and fatrics heginning 1933 ；revisions not shown on pp． 25 and 26 of the May 1940 Surver are available upon request．Index for transportation equipment revised beginning January 1939 ；see table 57 ，p． 17 of the December 1940 Survey．For revised indexes of employ． ment，begimning in 1937 for all industries and nondurable goods，and Jaunary 103 s for durable goods，see table 12 ，p． 18 of the Mareh 1941 Survey．
1960）Survey；for aircraft indexes（rovise for 1039 see table $57,0,17$ of the December 1940 Surver 1940 Survey；for aircraft idexes（revised）for 1939 ，see table 57,0 ， 17 of the Decenber 1940 survey．

| Monthly statistics through December 1939, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1940 Supplement to the Survey | 1941 | 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1941 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | April | May | June | July | August | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sep- } \\ \text { tember } \end{gathered}$ | October | Novem. ber | December | January | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Eebru- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | March |

## EMPLOYMENT CONDITIONS AND WAGES-Continued

| EMPLOYMENT-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Manufacturing, unalj., by States and cities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Delaware $\quad 1923-25=100$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Delaware . .-.-.-. .......... $1923-2.5=100 \ldots$ | 123.9 | 98.5 | 98.9 | 100.9 | 49.3 | 107.5 | 108.9 | 110.2 | 104.9 | 1108.7 | 111.4 | 112.2 | ${ }^{+116 . i}$ |
| [1linois $\dagger$. . . . . . .-.-.........-1935-39 $=100 \ldots$ | 126.1 | 104.0 | 104.4 | 105.4 | 107.1 | 110.0 | 112.2 | 113.9 | 116.2 | 118.9 | 118.4 | 119.3 | 123) 1 |
|  | 149.6 | 134.9 | 136.5 | 137.6 | 136.2 | 137.3 | 138.9 | 142.4 | 147.0 | 151.1 | 144.8 | 14.4 | 146.7 |
|  | 127.4 | 105.4 | 106.0 | 106.4 | $10 \times 9$ | 110.5 | 111.8 | 113.3 | 115.3 | 116.3 | 115.4 | 119.6 | $12 \cdot \mathrm{x}$ |
| Massachusetts - - - .-. - - - - - $1925-27=100$ |  | 76.3 | 74.9 | 74.6 | 77.7 | 79.9 | 82.5 | 81.9 | 85.3 | 87.6 | s\%.0 | 90.7 | ¢0.9 |
| New Jersey .............- - $1923-25=100$ - | 129.2 | 103.1 | 103.8 | 105.6 | 1060 | 111.3 | 115.4 | 116.6 | 118.0 | 120.5 | 120.0 | 123.1 | 124.5 |
| New York..................... $1925-27=100$. | 112.0 | 89.6 | 98.7 | 88.9 | 89.6 | 93.3 | 97.2 | 99.7 | 101.0 | 103.6 | 103. 5 | 107.2 | נ10.1 |
| Ohio | 117.6 | 93.1 | +92.8 | - 94.0 | 4.2 | 97.4 | - 100.8 | 103.6 | r 105.3 | r 107.1 | ${ }^{r} 108.8$ | -112.0 | $\stackrel{+14.7}{ }$ |
| Pennsylvania ....-...-. . . . $1923-25=100 \ldots$ | 102.1 | 85.3 | 84.3 | 85.5 | 82.0 | 84.6 | 91.3 | 93.9 | 95.2 | 96.4 | 96.2 | r 98.3 | - 100.0 |
| City or industrial area: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 124.5 | 103.7 | 104.4 | 1046 | 106.7 | 108.7 | 110.9 | 113.2 | 115.9 | 119.3 | 11: | 1176 | $11 \%$ \% |
| Cleveland . . . . . . . . - - . . . . $1923-25=100 .$. | 121.7 | 96.2 | 97.0 | 96.9 | 97.7 | 101.3 | 103.7 | 107.8 | 109.4 | 110.0 | 112.4 | $11 \pm .1$ | 117.4 |
| Detroit . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .-.-. do. | 120.3 | 108.8 | 102.6 | 90.0 | 6.4 | 93.4 | 111.6 | 120.2 | 122.0 | 121.5 | 123.0 | 12.1 | 12 E |
|  | 125.3 | 99.1 | 99.4 | 100.0 | 97.5 | 101.4 | 105. 5 | 110.5 | 111.2 | 113.7 | 113.3 | 119.0 | 129.9 |
|  | 114.1 | 93.7 | 91.1 | 88.4 | \% 2 | 97.1 | 101.6 | 102.5 | 102.5 | 103.0 | 104.8 | 109.9 | 12. x |
| Philadelphia... . . . . . . . . . . . $1923-25=100$. | 103.0 | 83.7 | 82.0 | 83.0 | 84.5 | 37.9 | 91.1 | 93.7 | 95.7 | 97.1 | mi. | 99. 4 | - 101.3 |
| Pittsburgh..... .-......-. .-. . . . . . do | 108.0 | 86.3 | 86.2 | 89.6 | 91.1 | 43.1 | 94.0 | 96.6 | 98.4 | 100.1 | 191.6 | 113.3 | -104.9 |
| Nonmig, madj. (U.S. Dept. of Labor):$\begin{gathered}\text { Mining: }\end{gathered}$M |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Anthracite . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 1929 = $100 .$. | 48. | 51.2 | 51.8 | 49.7 | 50.5 | 49.9 | 49.8 | 49.4 | 50.4 | 50.8 | 50.3 | 51.6 | 50. 2 |
| Bituminous coal .-. ................. do | 21.1 | 86.2 | 85.1 | $\times 3.8$ | 84.9 | Sfi. 6 | 87.7 | 89.2 | 89.8 | 90.1 | 00.2 | r 90. 5 | 9.4 |
| Metaliferous .-....... . ...-do | 76.6 | ${ }_{67}^{67}$ | 69.2 | 70.3 | 71.2 | 71.8 | 72.5 | 72.6 | 72.5 | 72.2 | 72. 5 | + 73.1 | \%19 |
| Crude petroleum producins . . . . . do | 60.8 | 63. 1 | 63.3 | ${ }^{6} 38$ | 6. 7 | 63.6 | 63.0 | 62.4 | ${ }^{61.3}$ | 60.7 | 6ii) 5 | r 60.5 | (91): |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| street railways and busses | 68.2 | 68.3 | 68.4 | 6.55 | 68.4 | (8. 4 | (6\%) 5 | 68.7 | 68.7 | 6.8. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 63, 3 | (18.0 | (is) : |
| Telephone and telegraph $\dagger$ | 83.0 | 76.7 | 77.3 | 77.8 | 78.8 | 79.0 | 78.9 | 79.1 | 79.2 | 79.7 | 90.7 | r 80.9 | 81.6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Laundries | 105.5 | 97.2 | 99.1 | 102.1 | 102.5 | 102.8 | 101.9 | 100.2 | 99.7 | 101.3 | 101.4 | r 1011.1 | 4102. 6 |
| Year-round hotels | 95.1 | 92.7 | 93.4 | 92.0 | 40.3 | 90.3 | 91.6 | 93.4 | 92.3 | 92.6 | 92.9 | г93.9 | 94, \% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 119.4 | 92.9 | 9.1 | 96.2 | 90.3 | 9.1 | 99.4 | 103.5 | 111.4 | 152.2 | 91.0 | r92. 9 | 92.1 |
| Wholesale. | 92.3 | 89.3 | 88.9 | 89.6 | 89.2 | 90.1 | 90.9 | 91.0 | 91.8 | 92.5 | 91.2 | r91.4 | 91.7 |
| Miscellaneous employment data: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Construction, Ohio --...-.-. $1926=1$ | 50.3 | 35.7 | 42.8 | 47.6 | \% 49.3 | + 51.8 | \% 52.0 | 54.8 | 51.3 | 49.2 | -47.2 | -48.6 | 49.5 |
| Federal and State highways, total $\ddagger$ number |  | 242.692 | 296, 583 | 326, 5:0 | 343, 2013 | 356, 691 | 344,025 | 341, 926 | 289, 232 | 220,769 | 199.623 | 184,042 | 193, 498 |
| Construction (Federal and State) .... do |  | 93,726 | 131.970 | 152,049 | 165. 528 | 172, 379 | 172,304 | 161.252 | 121, 545 | 74, 280 | 55,45 | 47,663 | 42, 363 |
| Maintenance (State) .-....-.........do |  | 111, 438 | 126, 192 | 134,051 | 136, 245 | 137, 703 | 130, 921 | 140.326 | 128, 499 | 108, 229 | 106, 420 | 99,503 | 101, 535 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| District of Columbia .-.................do |  | 129,677 | 130,938 | 133, 356 | 138,471 | 142,899 | - 145,620 | 149, 389 | -152,58 | 156,017 | 1.88 .587 | 161,527 | 167.081 |
| Railway employees (elass I steam railways):             <br> Total 1,004 1,032 1,055 1,071 1,081 1,088 1,094 1,065 1,048 1,039 1,051 1,074 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1,004 | 1,032 | 1,055 | 1,671 | 1.081 | 1,088 | 1,094 | 1,065 | 1,048 | 1.039 | 1,051 | 1,074 |
| Indexes: Unadjusted | 60.5 | 55.1 | 56.7 | 58.0 | 58.8 | 59.4 | 50.8 | 60.1 | 58.4 | 5.4 | 5.0 |  | 68.8 |
|  | 61.0 | 55.6 | 56.0 | 56.7 | 57.4 | 57.9 | 58.6 | 58.4 | 58.0 | 58.8 | 59.4 | 89.9 | 60.5 |
| LABOR CONDITIONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A verage weelily hours per worker in factories: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Natiً. Ind. Con. Bd. (25 industries).... hour |  | 37.6 | 37.5 | 38.0 | 38.1 | 38.5 | 39.0 | 39.9 | 39.6 | 40.1 | 40.2 | 41.0 | 41.2 |
| U. S. Dept. of Labor (90 industries) . do |  | 37.2 | 37.2 | 37.5 | 37.3 | 38.4 | 38.8 | 39.3 | 38.6 | 39.8 | 30.0 | 40.0 | 40.4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Beginning in month .-.-.-...-.-.-- |  | 2928 +3 | -239 | +214 | -244 | +231 +394 | 7253 -394 | +267 +419 | - 207 | $\bigcirc$ | - 213 | r 211 $r$ | 2330 +375 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Beginning in month .-.-. . . . . thousands |  | 39 |  | -39 | -63 | $\checkmark 61$ | ${ }^{+} 65$ | +72 | r 62 | \% 43 | \% 96 | $r 69$ | ${ }^{1} 113$ |
| In progress during month ............do |  | ${ }^{+53}$ | + 77 | Tisi | ${ }_{5} 8$ | r90) | 1118 | $\bigcirc 108$ | $\bigcirc 102$ | r 6 [82 | -168 | ${ }^{r} 124$ | ${ }^{2} 16: 5$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Applieations: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Active file -.....----------- thousands .- | 5,098 | 5, 6882 | 5,724 | 5,734 | 5. 565 | 5,211 | 4.911 | 4,619 1,391 | 4,568 | 4, 759 <br> 1,495 | 5,093 | 5, 101 |  |
| New and renewed.............................. | 1,824 | 1.615 | 1,328 3 | 1,318 330 | 1, 308 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,274 \\ & 331 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,207 \\ 353 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,391 \\ 407 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,333 \\ & 365 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,495 \\ 378 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,416 \\ 365 \end{array}$ | 1.361 | $\begin{aligned} 1.60,6 ; \\ 3: 6 i \end{aligned}$ |
| Unemployment compensation activities; |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Continued claims.............-thousands.. | 4,270 | 6,614 | 7,253 | 6,525 | 7,292 | 5,881 | 4,258 | 4,006 | 3,622 | 4,008 | 4,981 | 4.647 | 3, $73 \times$ |
| Benefit payments: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Individuals receiving paymentss .-. do - |  | 961 | 1. 201 | 1,269 | 1,220 | 1,125 | 875 | 698 | ${ }^{676}$ | 667 | 826 | Naf; | -6\% |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Separation rate, total...................do. |  | 3.66 | 3. 78 | 3.36 | 3.35 | 3.00 | 3.22 | 3.23 | 3.06 | 3.16 | 3.41 | 3.15 | 3.9 |
| Discharges...--..........................d. do |  | 13 | . 13 | . 14 | . 14 | . 16 | . 16 | . 19 | . 18 | 16 | 18 | 19 | 2 |
|  |  | 2.69 | 2.78 | 2.32 | 2. 25 | 1. 63 | 1.48 | 1. 53 | 1. 60 | 1.86 | 1.61 | 1.20 | 1.imi |
| Quits and miscellaneous *-...........do |  | . 84 | . 87 | . 90 | . 96 | 1.21 | 1.58 | 1.51 | 1.28 | 1.14 | 1.62 | $1 . \%$ | 2.13 |
| PAY ROLLS <br> Manufacturing, unadjusted (U. S. Department |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| of Labor) $\dagger$......................- $1923-25=100$. | 134.4 | 97.9 | 97.8 | 99.5 | 98.2 | 105.5 | 111.6 | 116.2 | 116.4 | 122.4 | 120.7 | 124.4 | r 131.2 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills. ...............-- -- - $1923-25=100$ | 165.3 | 98.6 | 103.1 | 113.9 | 116.2 | 124.8 | 123.2 | 131.0 | 134.6 | 142.1 | 138.3 | +1454 | 149.0 |
|  | 138.8 | 104.0 | 101.9 | 85.8 | 85.7 | 106.5 | 113.5 | 118.8 | 122.3 | 128.4 | 130.4 | 134.8 | 1:8.1 |
| Structural and ornamental metal work |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1923-25=100$ | 102.5 |  | 61.7 100.9 | 64.8 113.5 | 67.6 113.4 | 72.9 121.9 | 74.8 116.8 | 179.6 | ${ }^{78.7} 1$ | 56.0 | 3\% 4 | 938 | 96. 1 |

r Revised. pPrelmimary. Designation changed from "quit" as separations such as deaths, permanent disabilities, retirements on pensions, etc., are included. Sata are weckly average of the number receiving benefits, based on an average of the weeks of unemployment compensated during weehs ended within the month. Compitation of separate figures for private phacements, shown in previous issues of the Survey through February 1941 , has been disentimued by the reporting source.

 1940 issue. For revisions in pay-roll indexes for all manufacturing and durable goods for 1938 and 1939 , see table 12 , p. 18 of the Narch 1941 Survey. For revisions in 1 llinois and Chicago indexes, see note marked with a " $f$ " on
February 1941 Survey will appear in an early issue.
February 1941 Survey win appear in an early issue. $\ddagger$, Survey.

| Monthly statistics through December 1939, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1840 Supplement to the Survey | 1941 | 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1941 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | November | December | $\begin{gathered} \text { Janlu- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | Febru- ary | March |

## EMPLOYMENT CONDITIONS AND WAGES-Continued

| PAY TROLLS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  | $'$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mfg., unadj. (U. S. Dept. of Labor)-Con. <br> Jurable goods- Continued. <br> Lamber and allied products $\quad 1923-25=100$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 94. 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 74.2 | 74.8 | 75.9 | 74.3 | 81.7 | 87.4 | 91.3 | 90.4 | 92.6 | 84.2 | (10.0 | 92.1 |
| Lumber, sawmills .-.-............. do | tif. 7 |  |  |  |  | 55. 4 | 58.3 | 58.1 | 53.9 | 62.2 | 63.8 | 65.1 | 60.9 | 10.4 | 54.2 | 13.10 | +62. ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |
| Machinery, excl. transp. equip.-....do. | 196.6 |  |  |  |  | 121.6 | 122.3 | 125.1 | 125.7 | $1: 1.0$ | 137.9 | 145.3 | 149.3 | 163.0 | 16.5 | 176.9 | -156. 2 |
| Agricultural implewents (including trac- <br>  | 250.2 | 166.1 | 104.9 | 157.8 | 148.9 | 152.0 | 156.2 | 158.8 | 160.4 | 171.3 | 180.9 |  |  |
| Fiectrical machinery, apparatus, and $1923-25=100$ |  |  |  |  | 148.0 | 143 | 131.4 | 138.2 | 145.0 | 157.9 | $102-$ | 14.2 | -162.0 |
| supplies ....................... $1923-25=100 .-$ <br> Fngines, turbines, water wheels, and | 191.8 | 112.7 | 114. 3 | 118.3 | 118.1 | 14.3. | 131.4 | 138.2 | 145.0 | 157.9 | 102.7 | 175.7 | -185.9 |
| windmills . . . . . .-. - .-. . . $1923-25=100$ | $36 \% .4$ | 183.1 | 193.8 | 210.7 | 223.8 | $2: 8.5$ | 249.4 | 263.4 | 275.0 | 305.5 | +331.7 | - 345.7 | +376. 4 |
| Foundry and machine-shop products $1923-25=100$ | 149.1 | 9.9 .4 | 94.6 | 95.8 | 96.3 | 111.3 | 105.4 | 111.7 | 114.6 | 126.6 | 128.7 | 136.1 | -143.6 |
| Machine tools*-...-.---...--.-.-.-. do...- | 471.4 | 287.1 | 289.7 | 302.9 | 307.8 | 312.9 | 332.3 | 352.3 | 355.4 | 394.2 | r 414.5 | - 448.7 | -143.6 +462.9 |
| liadios and phonographs...-.....do | $16+$. 8 | 116.0 | 126.9 | 134.0 | 138.5 | 149.8 | 161.5 | 164.3 | 155.7 | 163.6 | 144.9 | $r 14 t i$ | -156.2 |
| Motals, nouferrous, and products...- do | 156.0 | 103.1 | 103.6 | 105.8 | 105.9 | 117.0 | 128.0 | 136.3 | 141.7 | 149.6 | 145.0 | r 101.2 | -155.0 |
| Brass, bronze, and copper products do | 235.2 | 133.0 | 134.? | 140.8 | 146.2 | 11.0 .7 | 173.6 | 190.0 | 201.6 | 218.8 | 220.1 | +224.2 | - 24n 7 |
| Stome, clay, and glass products.......do | 91.5 | 72.2 | 74.5 | 73.4 | 71.1 | 76.7 | 79.7 | 83.0 | 82.0 | 85.7 | 79.6 | 8.1 | 585 |
| Brick, tile, and terra cotta......... do | fis. 8 | 45.2 | 49.2 | \$1.1 | 51.8 | ¢3.6 | 54.0 | 55.1 | 64. 0 | 56.8 | 5.46 | 84.8 | - 31.1 |
|  | 142.6 | 114.2 | 112.0 | 111.0 | 105.2 | 116.0 | 120.7 | 129.8 | 130.8 | 137.6 | 131.0 | - 135 0 | - $1+1.1$ |
| 'Trausportation equipment $\dagger$.--....... do | 190.9 | 124.3 | 118.5 | 121.0 | 98.9 | 115.8 | 141.5 | 163.3 | 16661 | 169.2 | r 176.2 | r 196.7 | +1420 |
|  | 7.243.2 | 2, 415 0 | $2,601.5$ | 2, 968. 2 | 3,124.6 | 3, 76.4 | 4, 211.9 | 4, 689.4 | 5,012.9 | 5,356.3 | 5, 919.7 | 6.4.41. 4 |  |
|  | 147.0 | 121.2 | 111.1 | 112.0 | 50.5 | c6. 1 | 125.2 | 149.3 | 150.5 | 144.8 | 147. 5 | 1501 | -162. |
| Shiphailding* Nondurable goods | 386.5 | 169.4 97.3 | 130.4 49.8 | 18.5 97.4 | 143.4 99.1 | 211.6 14.4 | 227.5 107.7 | 244.3 108.1 | 234.0 106.6 | 288.0 112.1 | 307.6 108.1 | 338.1 | - 315.0 |
| ('hemical, petroleum, and coal products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 112.9 | 114.3 |
| Chemicals $1923-25=100$ | 15.8 | 133.4 | 133.6 | 133.2 | 133.0 | 184.4 | 138.2 | 139. | 139.7 | 144.2 | 5142.1 | r 144.2 | -14\%. 2 |
|  | 205.4 | 159.6 | 161.9 | 165.2 | 167.2 | 169.3 | 170.9 | 176.2 | 181.7 | 187.9 | 188. 2 | 193.9 | 20]. |
| P'aint and varnishes | 158.0 | 131.9 136.9 | 133.3 136.8 | 136.2 | 132.4 136.6 | 132.1 | 135.6 139.3 | 135.8 136.2 | 135.7 | 138.7 139.0 | 137.4 | 141. 7 | -147. 4 |
| Rayon and allied prod | 338. 1 | 311.1 | 311.4 | 1314.3 | 136.6 | 137.4 318.0 | 139.3 327.7 | 136.2 322.6 | 133.3 | 139.0 334.4 | 132.2 | -132. 1 | -133. 4 |
| Food and kindred products .-..........do | 125: 2 | 117.7 | 121.5 | 129.0 | 131.3 | 139.0 | 138.5 | 134.2 | 128.8 | 132.4 | r 120.2 | $32 \% 16$ | - 309 |
| Baking | 140.9 | 134.3 | 137.8 | 140.8 | 142.1 | 140.1 | 140.8 | 139.2 | 138.3 | 137.7 | 134.5 | 1378 | ¢ 1298 -14110 |
| Slaughtering and meat packing | 115.7 | 109.5 | $110 . \ddagger$ | $11 \pm .7$ | 117.6 | 112.3 | 112.6 | 115.8 | 118.9 | 137.3 | 119.7 | 1135 | -114.2 |
| Lecther and its manufactures. | 93.9 | 70.7 | 6.3.6 | 67.0 | 76.4 | 77.0 | 74.6 | 73.4 | 68.5 | 78.5 | 83.3 | 91.5 | - |
| Boots and shoes | 91.1 | 66.6 | 5s. 1 | 62.7 | 74.6 | 75.0 | 72.0 | 69.1 | 62.5 | 73.2 | 80.1 | 88.9 | - 94.2 |
| Paper and printing | 121.3 | 109.7 | 113. 1 | 112.3 | 111. 2 | 110.9 | 113.4 | 115.2 | 115.4 | 120.8 | 115. 4 | 11\%. | 1204 |
| P'aper and pulp | 139.0 | 115.4 | 124. 2 | 126.2 | 126.3 | 124.8 | 124.2 | 123.8 | 123.8 | 128.5 | 12 6 .5 | 132.5 | 1346.4 |
| Rubber products. | 121.5 | 86.5 | 87.1 | 86.4 | 85.2 | 87.7 | 95.7 | 99.5 | 102.0 | 111.1 | - 111.6 | - 115.3 | -119. 5 |
| Rubber tires and inner t | 106.3 | 78.1 | 51.4 | 7.5 | 76.4 | 75.3 | 84.6 | 86.6 | 89.7 | 96.4 | $r 97.9$ | +99.7 | +102 - |
| Textiles and their products $\dagger . \ldots-\ldots . .$. do | 106.5 | 81.4 | 75.4 | 75.4 | 77.7 | 87.4 | 92.6 | 93.2 | 92.3 | 97.6 | 95.1 | 103.9 | 1078 |
| Fabriest-.-.--------------------- | 103.8 | 75.2 | 73.9 | 72.5 | 76.4 | 83.9 | 84.8 | 89.5 | 90.9 | 95.6 | 43.1 | T98.5 | +101. 1 |
| Wearing apparel | 105. 2 | 88.7 | 81.11 | 76.6 | 75.7 | 91.9 | 102.5 | 94.8 | 89.5 | 95.6 | 93. 2 | 108.0 | -112. |
| Tobacco manufactures.............d. do | -8. 1 | 58.7 | 60.7 | 66.9 | 62.3 | 62.3 | 65.9 | 66.5 | 66.4 | 67.4 | 89.3 | 61.7 | -12. 7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 13\%.7 | 98.1 | 97.0 | 98.6 | 97.0 | 10). 6 | 104.7 | 108.7 | 105.3 | 116.9 | 112.9 |  |  |
| Illinoist .-.-....---............ $1935-39=100 .-$ | 151.6 | 111.9 | 112.8 | 115.2 | 116.4 | 121). 8 | 124.4 | 128.0 | 129.4 | 137.3 | 134.8 | 125.1 | +128.1 140.8 |
| Maryland..--.-.-.-.-....-.-- $1929-31=100$. | 174.5 | 124.1 | 126.3 | 128.7 | 131.4 | 133.7 | 138.0 | 141.3 | 145.1 | 150.2 | 151.6 | 18. 1 | -161.2 |
| Massachusetts...-.-.-------1925-27 $=100$. |  | 70.9 | 70.3 | 70.7 | 75.4 | 77.7 | 82.5 | 84. 5 | 83.9 | 91.2 | 89.6 | 95.0 | 101.0 |
|  | 147.5 | 101.8 | 103.9 | 107.5 | 106.6 | 113.2 | 121.2 | 123.3 | 124.9 | 134.8 | 133.2 | 139.1 | 145.6 |
|  | 122.6 | 85.3 | 85.4 | 86.7 | 87. 6 | 93.8 | 98.2 | 100.5 | 101.5 | 108.2 | 108.2 | 113.6 | 119.2 |
| Pennsylvania | 113.6 | $\bigcirc 79.1$ | 79.6 | 82.5 | 83.5 | 84.7 | 91.9 | 96.2 | 96.8 | 102.2 | 99.4 | +104 | + 108.8 |
| Wisconsint ---...-.-......... $1925-27=100 \ldots$ | 142.5 | 102.8 | 104.7 | 106.0 | 102.0 | 107.9 | 111.5 | 119.4 | 122.1 | 128.0 | 126.1 | 129.5 | 134.8 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Baltimore | 178.4 | ${ }^{+127.1}$ | 125.4 | 129.6 | 132.7 | $13 i .5$ | 139.3 | 142.9 | 147.0 | 151.9 | 153.7 | 155.9 | r 104. 2 |
| Chicagot.-.---.---......... $1935-39=100 \ldots$ | 148.7 | 110.3 | 112.0 | 114.9 | 117.0 | 120.0 | 123.5 | 126.0 | 128.5 | 136.9 | 135.1 | 135. 1 | 135. 1 |
| Milwaukee New York ------.....-. - $1925-27=100 .-$ | 151.7 | 104.1 86.5 | 105.9 | 106.0 | 101.7 | 103.7 | 112.2 | 122.2 | 126.6 | 131.3 | 132.6 | 139.5 | 14.5 |
|  | 115.9 | 86.5 | 84.5 | 82.2 | 80.8 | 9:1.9 | 101.6 | 98.8 | 97.6 | 101.3 | 103.3 | 109.7 | 115. 2 |
|  | 114.2 129.8 | 81.8 83.7 | 80.7 | 84.0 80.3 | 85.2 | 80.7 96.0 | 94.7 | 98.0 103.8 | 100.1 | 106.3 113.1 | 103.6 | 110.5 | +114.9 +118. |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 24.3 | 36.3 | 40.0 | 40.6 | 36.5 | $3 \times 1$ | 39.3 | 32.3 | 37.6 | 42.7 | 38.5 | 45. 2 |  |
| Bituininous coal ---.----------...-. - do - | 15.5 | 72.2 | 75.3 | 73.9 | 75.2 | $8{ }^{\text {ci. }} 5$ | 83.2 | 83.6 | 84.5 | 91.4 | 87.8 | -90.8 | 9.0 |
| Metalliferous .-........-.-.......... do. | -6.9 | 63.5 | 65.7 | 6 6. 4 | 63.7 | 68.5 | 69.5 | 71.4 | 69.8 | 72.8 | 70.4 | - 71.8 | 72.7 |
| Crude petroleum producing- ${ }^{\text {Quarrying and nonmetalic..... }}$ do | 57.5 | 59.0 | 58.7 | 58.8 | 59.1 | 54.0 | 58.2 | 57.6 | 56.8 | 55.9 | 56.2 | + 57.6 | 5 |
| Quarrying and nonmetallic.............. <br> Public utilities: | 47.0 | 38.1 | 42.7 | 43.9 | 43.5 | 45.2 | 46.2 | 46.7 | 42.3 | 42.4 | 36.9 | - 38.2 | 40.2 |
| Electric light and powert............. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 107.8 | 103.3 | 104. 2 | 104.8 | 105.8 | 108. 1 | 105.8 | 107.0 | 106.9 | 106.0 |  |  |  |
| Street railways and bussest......... do | 71.8 | 69.2 | 69.2 | 70.5 | 70.0 | 76.4 | 71.5 | 70.7 | 70.3 | 106.0 | 105. 70.7 | +105.4 +71.0 | 108.8 72.8 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Year-round hotels | 88.7 | 83.2 | 83.0 | 82.0 | 890.0 | 80.7 | 89.9 81.8 | 88.0 84.2 | 87.2 83.6 | 89.2 84.1 | 89.8 | +89.7 | 90.5 |
| Trade: |  |  |  | 82. | 8.5 | 8.7 | 8.8 | 84.2 | 8.0 | 84.1 | 84.1 | +86, 1 | 86. 2 |
| Retail, total $\dagger$.-.-...-..............-. - do | 91.3 | 82.3 | 83.4 | 81.8 | 82.6 | 81.5 | 85.1 | 85.8 | 87.1 | 97.3 | 83.7 |  |  |
| General merchandisingt.-----...... do | 48.5 | 85.0 | 88.6 | 80.3 | 84.0 | 82.3 | 90.5 | 92.3 | 97.5 | 132.9 | 86.5 | +86. 6 | $8 \times 1$ |
|  | 83.0 | 77.4 | 77.4 | 78.4 | 78.3 | 78.7 | 81.1 | 80.2 | 80.7 | 83.4 | 80.5 | r 81.4 | 82. 8 |
| WAGES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Factory average weekly earnings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| National Industrial Conference Board (25 industries) dollars |  | 27.66 | 27.67 | 28.23 |  |  |  | 29.84 |  |  |  |  |  |
| U. S. Dept. of Labor (90 industries) .... do. |  | 25.33 | 25.43 | 25.79 | 25.25 | 26.10 | 26.54 | 27.13 | 29.73 | 30.28 | 30.61 | 31. 41 | 31.80 |
| Durable goods ....-...............do do |  | 28.92 | 28.80 | 29.48 | 28.52 | 29. 38 | 30.57 | 31.42 | 31.11 | 27.89 | ${ }^{+} 27.71$ | -28.88 | 29. 11 |
| Iron and steel and their products, not including machinery dolars |  | 27.50 | 28.16 | 29.48 29.30 | 28.89 | 29.38 30.24 | 30.51 30.60 | 31.42 30.97 | 31.11 | 31.96 32.18 | 31.90 | r 32.93 | 33.30 |
| Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling |  | 27.60 | 2 2. 16 | 29.30 | 28.89 | 30. 24 | 30.60 | 30.97 | 31.01 | 32. 18 | r 31.40 | + 32.23 | 32. 11 |
|  |  | 25.73 | 29.87 | 31.53 | 30.75 | 32.25 | 32.93 | 33.04 | 33. 43 | 34.65 | 33.66 |  |  |
| Hardware ........-.-.-.-.-.....d. do. |  | 26.13 | 26.14 | 25.85 | 25.45 | 27.29 | 27.53 | 27.74 | 27.56 | 28.03 | 28.30 | 28.84 | 26.93 |
| Structural and ornamental metal work |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 26,9: |
| Tin cans and other tinmars |  | 28.42 | 28.13 | 28. 56 | 28.87 | 29.31 | 28.99 | 30.02 | 29.26 | 30.80 | 31.01 |  |  |
| Tin cans and other tinware ......do. |  | 24.20 | 24.04 | 25.04 | 24.38 | 25.61 | 25.01 | 25.16 | 23.47 | + 25.72 | + 25.63 | 25.31 |  |

## $r$ Revised

tRevised series. Slight revisions were made in data for textiles and their products and fabries beginning 1933 ; revisions not shown on p. 27 of the May 1940 Surrey are available upon request. For revisions in Illinois and Chicago indexes, see note marked with a "t" on p. 29 of the January 1941 Survey. Index for Wisconsin revised beginning




| Monthly statistics through December 1939, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1940 Supplement to the Survey | 1941 | 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1941 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Aprit | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | November | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Decem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jalu- } \\ & \text { ary- } \end{aligned}$ | February | March |

EMPLOYMEN'T CONDITIONS AND WAGES-Continued

| Wages-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fiatory averace weekly earnings-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. Depariment of Labor-Continued. Durable goods--Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lumber and allied products......dollars.. | 20.00 | 20.22 | 20.17 | 19, 38 | 20.81 | 21.06 | 21.49 | 20.75 | 21.06 | 20.72 | 21.41 | 21.69 |
| Furniture .-...-................- do - | 20.70 | 20. 59 | 20.67 | 20.28 | 21.39 | 22.07 | 22.49 | 22.23 | 22.64 | 21.42 | 22.32 | 23.103 |
| Lumber, sawmills................- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 18.98 | 14.43 | 19.32 | 18.02 | 19.79 | 19.85 | 20.23 | 19.06 | 19.29 | 19.59 | 20.26 | 20.31 |
| Machinery, excl transp. equip .... do - | 29.97 | 30.11 | 30. 41 | 36. 29 | 30.67 | 31.22 | 31.71 | 31.65 | 33.13 | ז 33.35 | 34.28 | $34.9 \times$ |
| Agricultural tractors) $\ddagger \ldots$ implements (including | 31.43 | 31.42 | 30.74 | 30.42 | 30.87 | 31.17 | 31.41 | 31.29 | - 32.89 | - 32.25 | - 33.13 | 33.54 |
| Electrical machinery, apparatus, and supplies | 29.70 | 30.01 | 30.52 | 3i0. 14 | 30.92 | 31.21 | 31. 26 | 31.61 | 32.95 | 33.00 | 33.87 | 34.46 |
| Engines, turbines, water wheels, and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| windmills......-.......... dollars | 34.35 | 34.21 | 35.05 | 35. 04 | 36.00 | 36.24 | 36.74 | 36.21 | - 38.17 | r 39.09 | + 38.46 | 40.14 |
| Foundry and machine-shop products | 29.27 | 29. 29 | 29.41 | 29.33 | 30.12 | 30.31 | 31.18 | 30.95 | 32.85 | 32.51 | 33.51 | 34.39 |
| Machine tools*. ..............-. do-.-- | 36.72 | 33.35 | 36.68 | 36.45 | 35.48 | 37.02 | 37.73 | 36.85 | 39.56 | r 40.15 | ז 41.80 | 41.73 |
| Radios and phonographs.........do | 22.46 | 23.09 | 23.6! | 23.90 | 23.49 | 24.89 | 24.74 | 23.97 | 25.32 | 24. 08.8 | - 24.80 | 25.79 |
| Metals, nonferrous, and products . do | ${ }^{26 .} 76$ | 27.12 | 27.25 | 27.12 | 28. 18 | 29.38 | 30.00 | 30.02 | 31.63 | +30.71 | $\bigcirc 31.02$ | 31.49 |
| Brass, bronze, and copper prod do | 28.74 | 29.10 | ${ }^{29} 95$ | 30.73 | 31.55 | 32.97 | 33.64 | 33.98 | 35.66 | 135.28 -2. | $\checkmark 35.16$ | 816.45 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products ..... do | 24.49 | 24.79 | 24. 20 | 23.49 | 24.81 | 25.27 | ${ }^{25.75}$ | 25.17 | 26.25 | ${ }^{+} 25.17$ | 25.62 | 25.90 |
| Brick, tile, and terra cotta $\ddagger$..... do | 19.97 | 20.65 | 20.97 | 20.95 | 21.49 | 21.62 | 21.87 | 21.47 | 22.52 | 21.74 | 22.07 | 22.30 |
| Glass..-.------......-......... do | 26.49 | 26.18 | 25.89 | 24. 91 | 24.56 | 26.90 | 27.90 | 27.26 | 28.77 | + 28.02 | 28.58 | 28.76 |
| Transportation equipment ...-.--- - do | 34.40 | 32.83 | 34. 21 | 31.88 | 35.41 | 35.60 | 37.39 | 36. 39 | 35. 96 | г 36.57 | 38.44 | 3x.80 |
|  | 29.75 | 29. 69 | 31.18 | 30. 48 | 31.79 | 32.37 | 32.62 | 32.93 | 33.17 | 34.13 | ז35.14 | 35.02 |
| Automobiles --.-.-.----.------- do | 35. 78 | 33.47 | 35.28 | 32.26 | 37.13 | 35. 67 | 39.24 | 38.11 | 36.54 | 37. 61 | 40.05 | 40.64 |
|  | 33.25 | 34. 20 | 34.17 | 34.03 | 34.86 | 36.08 | 36.63 | 34. 63 | 38.50 | 37.81 | 38. 9 1 | 39.58 |
| Nondurable goods ......-.-........-do | 21.49 | 21.72 | 21.81 | 21.87 | 22.10 | 22.20 | 22.28 | 22.08 | 23.09 | r 22.64 | r 23.22 | 23.63 |
| Chemical, petroleum, and coal products | 28.99 | 29.73 | 30.08 | 30.12 | 30.16 | 30.08 | 29.96 | 29.87 | 30.90 | r.30.31 | (30. 24 | 30. 38 |
| Chemicals.---.-................do | 31.83 | 32.09 | 32.23 | 31.95 | 32.18 | 31.80 | 32.39 | 32.72 | 33.33 | 33. 10 | 33.50 | 3.93 |
| Paints and varnishes...-..........do | 29.02 | 29.62 | 29.55 | 29.13 | 29.28 | 29.40 | 29.60 | 29.35 | 30.15 | 29.84 | 30. 22 | 30.46 |
| Petroleum refining-...-...........do | 35.34 | 35.14 | 34. 84 | 34.73 | 34.94 | 35.20 | 34.93 | 34.32 | 36.00 | 33.46 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 34.36$ | 34. 68 |
| Rayon and allied products .-.....do | 26. 12 | 26. 27 | 26.36 | 26.32 | 26.53 | 26.99 | 26. 63 | 26.95 | 27.15 | 27.40 | 26.94 | 27.28 |
| Food and kindred products........do | 25.17 | 25.64 | 25. 54 | 24.33 | 24.17 | 23.48 | 23.82 | 24. 43 | 25.78 | - 24.89 | 25.25 | 25.74 |
|  | 26. 22 | 26.46 | 26.57 | 25.69 | 26.40 | 2f. 60 | 26.31 | 26.31 | 26. 39 | r 26.46 | 26.38 | 27.66 |
| Slaughtering and meat packing.. do | 27.76 | 27.43 | 27.82 | 27.76 | 27.57 | 27.38 | 27.64 | 26.82 | 28.77 | 26.84 | 26.70 | 26,81 |
| Leather and its manufactures $\ddagger$.....do | 17.68 | 17.26 | 18.17 | 19.80 | 19.86 | 19.37 | 18.87 | 18.19 | 20.05 | 20.6. 67 | 21.89 | 22.61 |
| Boots and shoes $\ddagger .$. .-.............. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ do | 16.30 | 15.65 | 17.00 | 18.92 | $18.9 \pm$ | 18.32 | 17.53 | 16. 65 | 18. 54 | 19.58 | 20.92 | 21.7 |
| Paper and printing..................-do | 28.70 | 29.38 | 29.27 | 29.00 | 28.73 | 29.18 | 29.35 | 29.35 | 30.37 | 29.75 | 30.01 | 30.67 |
|  | 25.35 | 26.52 | 26. 70 | 26.47 | 26.14 | 26.12 | 26.45 | 26.35 | 27.30 | $\begin{array}{r} \\ \mathrm{r} 27.02 \\ \mathrm{r} \\ \hline\end{array}$ | - 27.66 | 28.19 |
| Rubber products --....-.....-- do | 27. 98 | 23.39 | 28.27 | 27.76 | 27.81 | 29.15 | 29.31 | 29.45 | 31.13 | +30.85 | $\bigcirc$ | 31.80 |
| Rubber tires and inner tubes --.. do | 32.77 | 33.88 | 33.11 | 32. 66 | 31.64 | 34.08 | 34.27 | 34.92 | 36.59 | - 36.67 | ${ }^{r} 37.02$ | 37.55 |
| Textiles and their products. .-..... do | 16.74 | 16. 52 | 16. 43 | 16.85 | 17.64 | 18.09 | 18.10 | 17. 80 | 18.46 | r 18.13 | - 19.09 | 19.39 |
|  | 16.40 | 16.35 | 16. 24 | 16.71 | 17.15 | 17.57 | 17.95 | 17.71 | 18. 28 | 17.93 | r 18.61 | 18.89 |
| Wearing apparel...--.-.-. .-..... do | 17.63 | 16. 97 | 16.96 | 17.26 | 18. 95 | 19.51 | 18.53 | 18.05 | 18.98 | 18.70 | 20.39 | 20.74 |
| Tobacco manufactures .-..........- do | 17.07 | 18.02 | 18.98 | 18.36 | 17.79 | 18.42 | 18. 25 | 18.14 | 18.70 | 17.76 | 17. 54 | 17.94 |
| Factory average hourly earnings:National Industrial Conference Board ( 25 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| National Industrial Conference Board (25 industries) | .734 | . 737 | . 740 | . 740 | . 741 | . 742 | . 744 | . 747 | . 754 | 78 | 764 | 769 |
| U. S. Dept. of Labor (90 industries)...-do.. | . 685 | . 669 | . 672 | . 667 | . 668 | . 671 | . 673 | . 678 | . 683 | . 69 | . 692 | . 697 |
| Durable goods...................-do | . 729 | . 730 | . 732 | .727 | . 731 | . 737 | . 739 | . 744 | . 749 | 58 | . 762 | .768 |
| Iron and steel and their products, not including machinery..........dollars. | . 764 | . 76 | . 774 | 777 | 77 | . 779 | 778 | 781 | . 780 | . 780 | . 791 | . 795 |
| Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling |  |  |  | - 81 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| mills......-.-.-.-..............doliars.- | . 838 | . 842 | . 849 | . 847 | . 848 | . 857 | . 851 | . 857 | . 858 | 861 | 「. 868 | . 878 |
| Hardware-.-----.----------- do- | . 685 | . 692 | . 680 | . 683 | . 697 | . 691 | . 684 | . 683 | . 681 | . 695 | .689 | - 190 |
| structural and ornamental metal work dollars. | . 737 | . 741 | . 741 | . 738 | . 736 | . 735 | 733 | . 732 | 743 | 743 | . 750 |  |
| Tin cans and other tinware $\ddagger$. ....do...-- | . 624 | . 624 | . 632 | .627 | . 633 | . 634 | 632 | . 635 | r. 638 | ¢. 648 | $\therefore 644^{\circ}$ | . 648 |
| Lumber and allied products.-...-...do | . 518 | . 521 | . 523 | . 519 | . 526 | . 525 | . 524 | . 526 | . 528 | . 529 | . 533 | . 541 |
| Furniture .....-.-.....-.-......... do | . 546 | . 546 | . 548 | . 550 | . 546 | . 546 | . 547 | . 555 | . 552 | . 552 | . 560 | . 565 |
| Lumber, sawmills .................. do | . 497 | . 503 | . 505 | . 496 | . 509 | . 507 | . 500 | . 505 | . 507 | - 510 | . 518 | . 523 |
| Machinery, excl trans. equip .-.-do --. | . 739 | . 741 | . 743 | . 744 | . 745 | . 746 | . 749 | . 752 | . 761 | . 768 | . 71 | . 78 |
| Agricultural implements (including tractors) f ........................dollars | . 801 | . 799 | . 798 | . 795 | 801 | . 799 | . 802 | . 806 | r. 818 | -. 821 | r. 818 | . 820 |
| Electrical machinery, apparatus, and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| supplies $\ddagger$-.---...........-- dollars | 756 | . 757 | 764 | . 762 | 756 | . 757 | . 752 | . 757 | . 766 | . 773 | . 776 | . 780 |
| Engines, turbines, water wheels, and windmills......................... dollars | 803 | .797 | . 803 | . 807 | 819 | 812 | . 830 | . 840 | . 842 | . 866 | r. 854 | .874 |
| Foundry and machine-shop products |  |  | . 8 \% | . 80 | 8. | s12 | . 80 |  |  |  | . 8.4 | .ni4 |
| * dollars | 726 | 730 | 729 | 730 | . 733 | 734 | . 740 | . 75 | 755 | 757 | 7 fi | 769 |
| Machine tools*.....-...........- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ do. | 767 | 766 | . 766 | .768 | . 760 | . 766 | . 769 | . 768 | 781 | r. 747 | r. x 12 | . 801 |
| Radios and phonographs.-.......do --. | 611 | ${ }_{6}^{606}$ | . 614 | . 621 | . 611 | .621 | . 618 | . 6127 | . 626 | $\begin{array}{r}.982 \\ -740 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\stackrel{\square}{\square} \mathrm{C}, 40$ | . 648 |
| Metals, nonferrous, and products...do-. Brass, bronze, and coper products | 700 | . 701 | . 702 | . 701 | . 703 | . 710 | . 712 | . 727 | . 738 | r. 740 | -. 740 | . 748 |
| Brass, bronze, and copper products | 749 | 250 | . 755 | . 762 | . 76.5 | . 775 | . 777 | . 799 | 805 | r. 807 | -. 809 | . 822 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products.....do. | 664 | . 664 | . 664 | . 665 | . 668 | . 672 | . 671 | . 671 | 680 | (682 | . $68 \times 3$ | . 688 |
| Brick, tile, and terra cotta $\ddagger$.......do. | 551 | . 551 | . 564 | . 966 | . 568 | . 565 | . 566 | . 572 | . 582 | . 587 | . 188 | . 594 |
| Glass .-.............-... do | 739 | 739 | . 740 | . 742 | . 743 | .750 | . 747 | . 746 | . 664 | r. 772 | . 769 | . 774 |
| Transportation equipment .......... do | 902 | 902 | -905 | . 891 | . 897 | 900 | . 898 | . 902 | . 909 | .911 | r. 918 | . 921 |
|  | 733 | . 332 | . 742 | . 738 | . 39 | 738 | . 750 | . 755 | . 950 | 76 | - 98 | . 883 |
|  | . 985 | . 947 | .954 .869 | .949 .852 | . 868 | 8959 | .981 .872 | . 885 |  | 894 | . 903 | . 898 |
| Nondurable goods......--..-..........do | 609 | . 615 | . 617 | . 615 | . 613 | 611 | . 609 | . 613 | . 617 | . 120 | . 621 | . 624 |
| Chemical, petroleum, and coal products |  | 760 | . 77 | -83 | 778 | 773 | 757 | 765 | 766 | 770 | \% |  |
| Chemicals $\ddagger$......................-do. | 801 | 803 | . 802 | .804 | 798 | 799 | . 798 | 811 | 816 | 822 | . 826 | S29 |
| Paints and varnishes............... ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 717 | 716 | . 717 | . 721 | . 720 | 722 | . 720 | . 733 | 741 | . 741 | . 743 | . 749 |
| Petroleum refining...-.-.........-do | 974 | 975 | . 983 | . 986 | . 977 | . 983 | . 963 | . 966 | . 908 | . 970 | . 970 | . 914 |
| Rayon and allied products.-.-...-do | (672 | 673 | . 675 | . 676 | . 62 | 683 | . 685 | . 690 | 694 | . 699 | . 702 | .700 |
| Food and kindred products.-.-.--- do | . 643 | 647 | . 641 | . 625 | . 615 | 603 | . 610 | . 632 | 641 | . 649 | $6{ }^{\text {m }}$ | . 615 |
| Baking-..............-.-.-..... do | .636 | 637 | . 639 | -640 | . 643 | . 611 | -635 | . 610 | 644 | $r .644$ | r. 644 | 641 |
| Slaughtering and meat packing. .do | . 689 | . 638 | . 691 | 689 | . 697 | . 691 | .684 | . 6,86 | 650 | 681 | . 685 | . 685 |
| Leather and its manufactures $\ddagger$.... . do | . 543 | . 555 | . 553 | . 553 | . 5.5 | . 588 | . 573 | . 55.5 | . 552 | . 555 | . 564 | . 572 |
| Boots and shoest................-. - do | ${ }_{593} 521$ | ${ }_{794}$ | ${ }_{-97} .531$ | ${ }_{-91}^{53}$ |  |  |  |  |  | .539 .802 | . 540 | . 449 |
| Paper and printing Paper and pulp. | . 793 | .794 .638 | .797 <br> .644 | .791 .649 | 789 .648 | .792 .654 | .792 .654 | . 763 | . 799 | $r$ <br> .802 <br> .662 | .803 +.6651 | . 805 |

RRevised.
$\ddagger$ Wata for agricultural implements revised begiming December 1340 on the basis of more complew reporte the revision could mot be extenden to earlier monthe for


*New series. Earlier monthly data not shown on p. 29 of the March 1941 Survey are available upon request.

| Monthly statistics through December 1939, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1940 Supplement to the Survey | 1941 | 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1941 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | April | May | June | July | August | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sep- } \\ & \text { tember } \end{aligned}$ | October | Nosem- <br> ber | Decam ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jame- } \\ & \text { at } \end{aligned}$ | February | March |

## EMPLOYMENT CONDITIONS AND WAGES-Continued



FINANCE


| 220 | 293 | 214 | 206 | 188 | 182 | 177 | 187 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 170 | 178 | 171 | 166 | 1.52 | 148 | 142 | 149 |
| 105 | 118 | 113 | 112 | 103 | 103 | 100 | 96 |
| 166 | 61 | 58 | 54 | 49 | 44 | 42 | 53 |
| 49 | 45 | 43 | 40 | 36 | 34 | 35 | 38 |
| 275 | 239 | 234 | 224 | 232 | 245 | 251 | 232 |
| 2.882 | 3,059 | 3,058 | 3,000 | 3,056 | 3,050 | 3,035 | 3,008 |
| 2. 467 | 2,560 | 2,553 | 2,549 | 2,540 | 2,534 | 2,526 | 2,517 |
| 1,830 | 1,886 | 1,8×3 | 1,850 | 1,875 | 1,871 | 1,867 | 1,862 |
| 637 | 674 | 671 | 659 | 665 | 6i\%3 | 639 | 695 |
| 85 | 88 | 83 | 81 | 82 | 83 | 89 | 90 |
| 68 | 67 | 64 | 62 | $6{ }^{6}$ | 67 | 73 | 73 |
| 16 | 19 | 18 | 18 | 15 | 15 | 16 | 17 |
| 431 | 412 | 422 | 429 | 434 | 433 | 420 | 394 |
| 212 | 185 | 191 | 196 | 199 | 203 | 197 | 191 |
| 39 | 38 | 38 | 40 | 42 | 42 | 41 | 35 |
| 207 | 186 | 195 | 200 | $20 \pm$ | 203 | 195 | - 80 |
| ${ }_{6} 6$ | 8 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 108 | 127 | 6 |
| 129 | 128 | 129 | $\begin{array}{r}130 \\ 52 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 129 52 | 128 59 5 | $\begin{array}{r}127 \\ 51 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 122 |
| 50 44 | 5 | ${ }_{56}^{52}$ | 5 | 52 | ${ }_{53}^{52}$ | 51 | 5 |
| 38, 731 | 34, 739 | 34, 194 | 31,960 | 32, 956 | 29, 718 | 30, 8.52 | 36,317 |
| 15,657 | 15, 519 | 14, 336 | 13, 110 | 13, 112 | 11, 304 | 12, 53 | 14,952 |
| 23,074 | 19,250 | 19,659 | 18, 850 | 19,244 | 18, 314 | 18, 267 | 21,365 |


$r$ Revised. ${ }^{\circ}$ Preliminary. a Less than $\$ 500,000$. or To avoid duplication these loans are excluded from the totals.
TConstruction wage rates as of May 1, 1941; common labor, $\$ 0.741$; skilled labor, $\$ 1.49$
§Figures for special types of public assistance and general relief exclude the cost of hospitalizatior and intial. The cost of metical cave is also evcluded beginning september 1940; this item is included in all earlier data on qeneral relief and in figures for July 1937 - dugust 1940 on gerial types of assistane.
 Revised indexes for Wisconsin beginning t925 will be shown in an early issue. For revisions in data on cmercency crop loans publisted ins the surver nrior to the September


New series. For data beginning 1933 for old-age assistance, see table 56, p. 17 of the December 1940 Survey. Data on earnings on regular Federal construction projects
beginning January 1938 will appear in a subsequent issue.

| Monthly statistics through December 1939, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1940 Supplement to the Survey | 1941 | 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1941 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | November | December | $\begin{gathered} \text { Janu. } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | February | March |

FINANCE-Continued

| BSNKING-Contibued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Federal Reserve banks, condition, end of mo.: 4 ssets total | 23.3686 | 20), 042 | 20, 58.5 | 21,408 |  | 22, 176 | 22,440 | 22,865 | 23, 017 | 23.262 |  |  |  |
| Reserve iank eredit motanding, total | -n,...n |  | -0, 38.5 | 21, 408 | 21,801 | 2, 716 | 22,440 | 22,865 | 23,017 | 23.262 | 23,30, | 23,528 | 23,409 |
| Rils bought mil. oidol | 2,234 | 2,518 | 2,519 | 2,531 | 2,484 | 2,516 | 2, 485 | 2,412 | 2,304 | - 2,274 | 2,250 | 2, 26.5 | 2.24. |
| Bills bought Bills disounted | 11 | $\stackrel{0}{3}$ | 0 | 0 | 4 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 |  |
| United states securitips.......... do | 2.184 | 2,467 | 2,477 | 2, 466 | 2, 448 | 2,436 | 2, 434 | 2.333 | 2, 199 | 2,184 | 2. $1 \times 4$ | 2.18 .4 | 2.184 |
| Reserves, mial... . . . . . . . do | 20,63 | 16, 809 | 17,346 | 18, 120 | 18,579 | 18, 979 | 19,272 | 19,632 | 19,881 | 20,036 | 20, 28, | 20, 3ti6 | 2n, 43 h |
| Gold ertifimates . . . . . . . . . . . . . . Io | 20. 04 | 16.428 | 16, 994 | 17,754 | 18,202 | 18, 618 | 18,940 | 19,289 | 19,586 | - 19,760 | 19,913 | 20,031 | 20, 112 |
| Linhilities, total... . . . . . . . . . . . . do | ? 3.3 , 488 | 20, 012 | 20, 585 | 21, 408 | 21,801 | 22, 176 | 22, 440 | 22,865 | 23, 017 | 23, 262 | 23,306 | 23,528 | 23,409 |
| beposits, tomal | 16,220 | 14,152 | 14, 575 | 15, 213 | 15,575 | 15, 867 | 16, 063 | 16, 218 | 16, 191 | 16,127 | 16. 396 | 16.351 | 115,272 |
| Member bank reserve batanc | 13.524 | 12919 | 13. 237 | 13, 781 | 13, 498 | 13, 541 | 13,727 | 14, 208 | 14,215 | 14,026 | 13,930 | 14,203 | 13,371 |
| Exess reserces (cestmated) . . . . do | 5.71 | 6, J49 | 6, 38.5 | 6, 857 | 6, 514 | 6, 525 | 6,655 | 6, 960 | 6. 849 | 6,615 | 6. 380 | 6,5,34 | 5,775 |
| Federal Reserve notes in circulation do. | 6. 282 | 4. 941 | 5. 057 | 5. 199 | 5, 248 | 5. 370 | 5,450 | 5,577 | 5,743 | 5.931 | 5. 884 | 6, 022 | 6. 14. |
| Reserve ratio ....................errent | 91.3' | 88.0 | 88.4 | 88.8 | 83.2 | 89.3 | 89.6 | 90.1 | 90.6 | 90.8 | 91.0 | 91.0 | 91. |
| Federal Reserve reporting mominer banks, condition, Wednesday neatest end of month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1) emand, adjusted $\qquad$ mil. of dol. | 23,712 | 19,696 | 20, 287 | 20, 510 | 20, 084 | 20,901 | 21, 152 | 21,858 | 22, 189 | 22, 299 | 22,932 | 23.431 | 23, |
| Demenf, exemt interbabk: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Inditiduals, partnerships, and corporations..................... of del | 23, 123 | 10, 253 | 19, 696 | 20, 167 | 2n, 499 | 20,415 | 20, 741 | 21, 266 | 21, 771 | 22,324 | 23. 101 | 22,812 | 23, 518 |
| States and political subdivisions the. | 1,093 | 1,594 | 1,578 | 1,434 | 1, 497 | 1, 440 | 1,463 | 1,651 | 1,495 | 1,595 | 1,579 | 1,820 | 1,747 |
| Vuitod States Gowernment.-...... do | $3 \times 6$ | 560 | 560 | 515 | 505 | 509 | 508 | 506 | 509 | 451 | 214 | 332 | 39 |
| Time, except interbank, total . mil. or dol. | 5.46 | 5, 323 | 5,333 | 5,352 | 5,341 | 5,380 | 5,381 | 5,371 | 5,397 | 5,455 | 5,448 | 5,478 | 5, 465 |
| Individuals, partnershaps, and corporations .......................... of dol | 5,209 | 5, 121 | 5, 120 | 5.146 | 5,144 | 5,174 | 5,187 | 5, 171 | 5, 180 | 5, 234 | 5,240 | 5. 273 | 5,269 |
| States and political subdivisions ... do | 181 | 183 | 191 | 183 | 175 | 182 | 170 | 175 | 192 | 196 | 185 | 179 | 171 |
| Interbank, domestic .............. do | 9,013 | 8,460 | 8,431 | 8,577 | 8,239 | 8, 505 | 8,734 | 8,707 | 8, 843 | 9,065 | 9.06 | 9,253 | 9,34: |
| Investments, total .....-...........-.-do. | 17, 6,4 | 14,881 | 15,049 | 15, 124 | 15,461 | 15, 622 | 15, 544 | 15,693 | 15, 774 | 16, 137 | 16.368 | 16.955 | 17,124 |
| U, S. Govt direct obilimations, total do | 10, 812 | 8,960 | 9,081 | 9, 202 | 9,457 | 9,373 | 9, 280 | 9, 374 | 9, 543 | 9, 219 | 9, 470 | 19, 334 | 10, 57 |
|  | 88.9 |  | 8. $\begin{array}{r}627 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}757 \\ 6,382 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 6,791 | 8, 705 | 6, 628 | 736 | 784 | 611 | 68, | 727 | 74 765 |
| Bonds | 7,,$\ldots$ | 6,496 | -1.528 | 6,382 2,063 |  | $\begin{array}{r}6,573 \\ 2,095 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 6, 640 2,112 | 6, 804 | 6,898 | 6,978 | 7.031 | 7,052 | 7,653 |
| Obligations fully guarateed by U S. Gor- | 2, 140 | 1,871 | 1,926 | 2,063 | 2,099 | 2,095 | 2, 112 | 1,834 | 1,861 | 2,130 | 2,214 | 2,555 | 2.183 |
| ernment.-...-..............ril. of dol.- | 3,115 | 2, 427 | 2, 399 | 2, 405 | 2,418 | 2,584 | 2, 582 | 2,627 | 2, 707 | 2, 743 | 2, 744 | 2,766 | 2,75. |
| Other securities ............ - .-. .-..ds | 3.738 | 3.44 | 3,569 | 3,517 | 3, 586 | 3, 6fin | 3, 682 | 3,692 | 3,524 | 3,65\% | 3,674 | 3,855 | 3,79 |
| Lomns, total - do-...- | 9,870 | 8,661 | 8,475 | 8,462 | 8,517 | 8,566 | 8,785 | 8,909 | 9,128 | 9,300 | 9,308 | 9,495 | 9,828 |
| Commercial, industrial, and agricultiral loans ...............................nil. of dol | 5, 3.32 | 4,409 | 4,367 | 4,438 | 4,441 | 4.480 | 4,630 | 4,773 | 4,911 | 5,018 | 5,076 | 5.227 | 465 |
| Open market paper.................. do. | 3, 31 | 326 | 322 | , 301 | 291 | 294 | 297 | 304 | 299 | 301 | 314 | 319 | 347 |
| To brokers and deaters in securities. do. | 445 | 626 | 478 | 380 | 419 | 390 | 446 | 410 | 467 | 584 | 458 | 478 | 504 |
| Other loans for purchasins, or carrying securities ...........................il. of dol | 445 | 474 | 481 | 471 | 474 | 463 | 460 | 455 | 460 | 465 | 459 | 455 | 454 |
| Real estate loans. -...................... do .- | 1,235 | 1,187 | 1,189 | 1, 199 | 1,210 | 1,219 | 1,220 | 1,222 | 1,223 | 1,230 | 1,229 | 1,232 | 1,228 |
| Loans to banks..........-............. त . do | 40 | 52 | 46 | 40 | 40 | 48 | 41 | 36 | 39 | 37 | 35 | 36 | 52 |
| Other loans . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . do | 1,799 | 1.587 | 1,592 | 1,633 | 1,642 | 1,672 | 1,691 | 1,709 | 1.724 | 1,755 | 1,727 | 1,748 | 1,778 |
| Instament hans to ennsumers:* $B y$ industrial banking compan |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| By industrial banking companies: Loans made................................ |  | 47. | 48. | 47.0 | 45.3 | 42.6 | 41.0 | 44.4 | 43.7 | 48.6 | 44.7 | 124 | 50.7 |
| Repayments. .-......................do |  | 43.1 | 42.6 | 42.6 | 41.2 | 42.0 | 38.5 | 43.8 | 43.1 | 44.6 | 44.1 | 42.4 | 47.5 |
| A mount outstanding, end of month ... do. |  | 268.3 | 273.9 | 278.3 | 279.4 | 280.0 | 282.5 | 283.1 | 283.7 | 287.7 | 288.3 | 288.3 | 291.3 |
| By personal fimace companies: do |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Leans matc-....... .- ... dn |  | 76.5 | 78.6 | 79.1 | 78.4 | 76.8 | 69.2 | 74.3 | 77.4 | 107. 6 | ${ }_{6} 6$. | 65.0 | 84.9 |
| Reprymerot Amount ontanting endof nonth do |  | 69.8 | 71.3 | 70.3 | 72.7 | 70.0 | 68.4 | 74.1 | 74.8 | 89.3 | 70.1 | 69.0 | 80. 3 |
| Amount ontstanding, endof:nonth . ${ }^{\text {do }}$ ( |  | 44.9 | 462.2 | 471.0 | 476.7 | 483.5 | 484.3 | 484.5 | 487.1 | 505.4 | 503 \% | 501.5 | 5194i) 1 |
| Money and interest eates: Bank rates to antomers: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bank rates to enswmers: New York City.....perent. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New York Sity <br> Tother northeriand eastern ctics. pracent s.... do |  |  |  | 2. 00 | $\cdots$ | . | 2.14 2.56 |  |  | 2.09 |  |  | $\stackrel{2}{2.06}$ |
| 11 smathern nnd western cities.........do. |  |  |  | 3.38 |  |  | 3.43 |  |  | 3.36 |  |  | 3.25 |
| Bond yiods Moudy's (see p. 3 a) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Discount rate (N. Y. F. R. Bank) do | 1. 00 | 1. 00 | 1. 00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1. 00 | 1. 00 | 1. 00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Federal land bamk lons --...... do | 4. 00 | 4.00 | 4. 100 | 4. 00 | 4. 00 | 4.00 | 4. 00 | 4.00 | 4. 00 | 4.00 | 4.000 | 4. 00 | 4. 0 |
| Federat intermediate credit hank loans do | 1. 50 | 1. 50 | 1.50 | 1. 50 | 1. 50 | 1.50 | 1. 50 | 1. 50 | 1. 50 | 1. 50 | 1. 30 | 1. 50 | 1. 50 |
| Opmen market rates, N. Y. O.: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prevailing rate: <br> Acceptances, prime, bankers, 90 days |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| percent | 7/6 | 7/6 | 710 | 76 | 716 | 716 | 716 | 766 | 716 | 7/6 | 7in | 7/6 | 710 |
| Com'l maper, prime, t-6 months do... | 1, 55 | 16-56 | 13.5.58 | 1658 | 16-58 | 1, 2 -56 | 122-58 | 16-58 | 12-56 | 12-56 |  | 6-5 | 6-5, |
| Time loans, mays (N. Y. S. E.) do ... | 11. | 11/4 | 11/4 | $11 / 4$ | 11/4 | 114 | $11 / 4$ | 11/4 | 11/4 | 11/4 | 114 | $11 / 4$ | 11/4 |
| Average rate: Call loins, renowl (N. Y.S.E.)...do |  |  |  |  |  | 1.00 | 1. 00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |  |  |
| Call lowns, renown (N. Y. S. E.)...do | 1.00 .10 | 1.02 | 1.06 | 1.10 | 1.05 | 1.04 | . 05 | 1.02 | . 02 | . 02 | . 12 | 1.04 | 1.60 .11 |
| Av. yield, 1. S. Tras. notes, 3 -5 yrs .do | $\cdots$ | . 40 | . 65 | . 76 | . 57 | . 58 | . 48 | . 43 | 34 | . 35 | . 43 | . 55 | . 50 |
| Savings deposits: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Savings tanks in New York State: <br> Amont due demositors ...... inil. of dol | 5,627 | 8,660 | 5,644 | 5. 670 | 5, 631 | 5.629 | 5. 657 | 5,635 | 5,639 | r 5,688 | 5,664 | 5,652 | 5,661 |
| If.S. Postal Savings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Balance in credit or demositors....... do | 1,317 | 1,303 | 1,299 | 1,293 | 1,297 | 1,298 | 1,296 | 1,296 | 1,299 | 1,304 | 1,314 | 1,316 | 1,320 |
| Balance on deposit in hanks .-.. ..... do | S | 44 | 43 | 43 | 42 | 41 | 40 | 38 | 37 | r 36 | ${ }^{3} 34$ | 32 | 33 |
| COMMEBCLAL FAILURES $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand total .-......... number |  | 1,201 | 1,238 | 1,114 |  | 1,128 | 976 | 1,111 | 1,024 | 1,086 | 1,124 | 1,129 | 1,211 |
| Commercial serviee, total . . . . . . . . . . do | 35 | 72 | 46 | 48 | 50 | 49 | 49 | 44 | 40 | 48 | 43 |  |  |
| Construetion, total .-. ............. ds | 70 | 78 | 70 | 61 | 65 | 49 | 58 | 71 | 53 | 57 | 54 | 58 | 60 |
| Manufacturing and minius, total .-... do | 191 | 246 | 245 | 207 | 206 | 196 | 173 | 200 | 196 | 188 | 161 | 152 | 88 |
| Mining (chat, oil misembaneous) ..-... do | 8 | 11 | 14 | 7 | 7 | 8 | 7 | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | ${ }^{6}$ | 7 | 7 | 12 |
| Chemicals and ailiod products...-... do. | 8 | 7 | 14 | 9 | 16 | 9 | 8 | 40 | 15 | 13 | \% | ${ }_{5}^{7}$ | 10 |
| Food and kindred prohuets .-...... do | 44 | 54 | 33 | 29 | 30 | 21 | 22 | 40 | 29 | 30 | 27 | 25 | 39 |
| Lumber and rrotacts | 18 | 24 | 34 | 30 | 29 | 28 | 24 | 21 | 22 | 20 | 15 | 24 | 2 |
| Iron and stedand products.......... dio- | 7 | 14 | 10 | 9 | 14 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 14 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 5 |
| Leather and leather products ..-...... do | 4 | 7 | 14 | 9 | ${ }_{1}{ }^{4}$ | 9 | 10 | 14 | 7 | 10 | $\stackrel{6}{5}$ | 7 |  |
| Machinerv | 13 | 7 | 13 | 11 | 11 | 14 | 7 | 14 | 11 | ${ }^{6}$ | 5 | 1.5 | 18 |
|  | 14 6 | 32 6 | 27 2 2 | $\begin{array}{r}20 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 12 | 24 | $\stackrel{20}{2}$ | $\begin{array}{r}20 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 19 | $\begin{array}{r} 11 \\ 3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}16 \\ 4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 13 | 18 |
| Stone chiv, and dase products .... do | \% ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | 8 | 54 | 57 | 56 | 46 | 39 | 54 | 44 | 59 | 4 | 12 | 3.5 |
| Transportation cquipmont ... .....do | 3 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 6 | 2 | 4 | 1 | 1 | $\checkmark$ | 1 |
| Misechamems - .... ...........do | 30 | 27 | 36 | 23 | 21 | 23 | 21 | 19 | 24 | 23 | 2 | 30 | 31 |

rRevised.
*New scries. For data beginning 1929 for industrial banking companies, see p .18 of the September 1940 Survey; data beginning 1929 for personal finance companies will be shown in a later issue.

| Monthly statistics through December 1939, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1940 Supplement to the Survey | 1941 | 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1941 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | April | May | June | July | August | September | Ostober | November | Decem- ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu-u- } \end{aligned}$ | Febrivary | March |



LIFE INSURANCE
(Association of Life Insurance Presidents)

(Life Tirsurance Sales Research Bureau)
Insurance written, ordinary, total thots. of dol New England-
Middle Atlantic_
East North Central
West North Centr
South Atlantic.
East South Central
Mountain
Papserate

## MONETARY STATISTICS

Foreign exchange rates
Argentina .................... dol. per paper peso. Belgium

 Chada Ole-
Colombia.
France
Germany
Italy.
Japan-
Mexico-....
$\qquad$ dol. per franc
$\qquad$ dol. per reichsmark weden Kingdom
Gold:
Monetary stock, U.S $\qquad$
Movement, foreign:
Exports. Imports. $\qquad$ do...-.

## Revised.

1 Average for May 1-9.
1 Average for May 1-9. ${ }^{2}$ No quotation +37 companies through 1940 and 36 companies in 1941 havins 82 perent of total asets of all United States legal reserve companies.
thevised sues through 1940 and 39 companies in 1941 having 82 porent of total lite insurance outs tanding in all unted States legal reserve companies thevised series. For da
the Mareh 1940 Survey.

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Monthly statistics through December 1939, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1940 Supplement to the Survey} \& 1941 \& \& \& \& \& 1940 \& \& \& \& \& \& 1941 \& \\
\hline \& April \& April \& May \& June \& July \& August \& \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Sep- } \\
\text { tember }
\end{gathered}
\] \& October \& Novem. ber \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { Decem- } \\
\& \text { ber }
\end{aligned}
\] \& January \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { Febru-b } \\
\& \text { ary }
\end{aligned}
\] \& March \\
\hline \multicolumn{14}{|c|}{FINANCE-Continued} \\
\hline \multicolumn{14}{|l|}{MONETARY STATISTICS-Continued} \\
\hline \multicolumn{14}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{Gold-Continued.
Production, estimated world total, outside}} \\
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Reported monthly, total \& \& -90,190 \& - 8 89,014 \& -86. 776 \& -92,381 \& +92,272 \& +89,388 \& \({ }_{-97}^{7}\) \& - 722,337 \& \({ }^{-91,567}\) \& n 90,364 \& p 85,25 \& -88, 439 \\
\hline  \& \& ' 46.766 \& \({ }^{\text {r }}\) - 46,931 \& - 4,5,517 \& +46,985 \& \({ }^{\text {r }} 47,212\) \& - 46,060 \& - 47, 548 \& - 46,711 \& -46,289 \& - \({ }^{47,386}\) \& \({ }^{x} 44,601\) \& \({ }^{5} 47,170\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Canada. \\
United States
\end{tabular} \& \& 14,652
16,391 \& 15,488
16,483 \& 15,795
14,845 \& 15,982
18,849 \& 16,318
16,035 \& 15,416
17,065 \& 16,360
21,744 \& 15,750
19,692 \& 15,755
19,434 \& 15. 199
16.646 \& \(\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \times \\ 15,446 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& \(p\)

16,446
16,023 <br>
\hline United States \& \& 16,391 \& 16,483 \& 14,845 \& 18,849 \& 16,035 \& 17,065 \& 21, 744 \& 19,692 \& 19,434 \& 16, 646 \& 15, 408 \& 16, 023 <br>
\hline Currency in circulation, total.... mine of donces. \& $\underset{9,051}{292,251}$ \& 240,003
7,559 \& 233,901 \& 231,486
7 \& 368,330
-883 \& 307,780 \& 341,402
8,151 \& 447,526
8,300 \& 397, 336 \& 338,006
8,732 \& r 296,624 \& ${ }^{233} \mathbf{2 3 , 0 6 5}$ \& 275, 091 <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Silver:
Exports......-----............thous. of dol.--} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 8, 81 \& 8, 924 <br>
\hline \& 1,212 \& 594 \& 177 \& 884 \& 15 \& 180 \& 139 \& 87 \& 68 \& 123 \& 319 \& 817 \& 1,048 <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& 4, 346 \& 5,170 \& 4,589 \& 4,673 \& 5,378 \& 4, 107 \& 4,656 \& 4, 8 ®5 \& 4,721 \& 4, 690 \& 4,576 \& 3, 292 \& 4,489 <br>
\hline \& . 348 \& \& \& \& . 348 \& \& \& . 348 \& . 348 \& . 348 \& . 348 \& . 348 \& . 348 <br>
\hline Price at New York Production, world $\qquad$ dol. per fine oz thous. of fine oz \& \& 24, 785 \& 22, 269 \& 23,423 \& ${ }^{23,091}$ \& 22,836 \& 23, 835 \& - 22,900 \& - 23,093 \& 20,619 \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& \& 1,770
8,140
0 \& ${ }_{5}^{1,997}$ \& -3,096 \& 2,042 \& ${ }_{8}^{1,791}$ \& 1,795
7990 \& 1,673 \& 1,708 \& 1,642
4.568 \& $\begin{array}{r}1,557 \\ 8 \\ 8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 1,357 \& <br>
\hline Mnited Sta \& \& 8,140

6,120 \& 5,619 \& $\stackrel{6,311}{5,373}$ \& | 6, |
| :--- |
| 5,531 | \& 8,120

4,419 \& 5,049 \& 5,609 \& 6, 367 \& 6,499 \& 5,733 \& 6,009 \& 3, 445 <br>

\hline | Stocks, refinery, end of month: |
| :--- |
| United States .-............................. do | \& \& 1,385 \& 1,870 \& 3.424 \& 3,997 \& 1,605 \& 1,557 \& 1,522 \& 2,107 \& 1, 730 \& 1,792 \& 1,340 \& 2,382 <br>

\hline CORPORATION PROFITS (Quarterly) \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline \multicolumn{14}{|l|}{| Federal Reserve Bank of New York: |
| :--- |
| Industrial corporations, total ( 168 cos.) $\ddagger$ |} <br>

\hline mil. of dol. \& \& \& \& 226.0 \& \& \& 184.5 \& \& \& 288.7 \& \& \& <br>
\hline Autos, parts, and accessories ( 28 cos.) -do-- \& \& \& \& 72.3 \& \& \& 19.4 \& \& \& 87.2 \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& \& \& \& 32.8
21.0 \& \& \& 30.2
17.7 \& \& \& 31.1
25.9 \& \& \& <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{Machinery and machine manufacturing ( 17 cos.) --.......-- --.......--mil. of dol Metals and mining ( 12 cos.)} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& 9.0 \& \& \& 8.2 \& \& \& 12.0 \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& 3.9 \& \& \& 4.7 \& \& \& 8. 6 \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& \& \& \& 12.1 \& \& \& 8.6 \& \& \& 9.2 \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& \& \& \& 38.1 \& \& \& 58.8
36.9 \& \& \& ${ }_{49}^{65.5}$ \& \& \& <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{Miscellanoous ( $55 \cos$. $) ~$
Public utilitics, except steam railways and telephone companies (net income) ( 52 cos .) mil. of dol} \& \& \& \& 36.8 \& \& \& 36.9 \& \& \& 49.5 \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& 52.0 \& \& \& 44.2 \& \& \& 54.4 \& \& \& <br>
\hline Federal Communications Commission: Telephones (net op. income) ( 91 cos.). . do .... \& \& \& \& 61.9 \& \& \& 9 \& \& \& 62.9 \& \& \& <br>

\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{| Interstate Commerce Commission: |
| :--- |
| Railways, class I (net income) |} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline \& \& \& \& 1.6 \& \& \& 68.5 \& \& \& 124.5 \& \& \& <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Standard and Poor's Corporation (earnings): $\triangle$ Combined index, unadjusted $\cdot \ldots . . .1926=100$ Industriads (119 cos.) $\qquad$ do...} \& \& \& \& 87.2 \& \& \& \& \& \& p 112.3 \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& 95.1 \& \& \& 79.9 \& \& \& P 115.5 \& \& \& ${ }^{\circ} 112.0$ <br>

\hline | Industrials ( 119 cos.) ......................... |
| :--- |
| Railroads (elass 1) | \& \& \& \& ${ }^{8.9}$ \& \& \& ${ }_{40.7} 7$ \& \& \& - 71.2 \& \& \& ¢ 43.0 <br>

\hline Railroads (elass 1) Utilities ( 13 cos.) \& \& \& \& 136.4 \& \& \& 109.5 \& \& \& - 140.0 \& \& \& ${ }^{\text {p }} 145.5$ <br>
\hline PUBLIC FINANCE (FEDERAL) \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Debt, gross, ond of month.........- mil. of dol.. \& 47, 231 \& 42,663 \& 42,810 \& 42,971 \& 43, 774 \& 43, 909 \& 44, 075 \& 44, 140 \& 44, 277 \& 45,039 \& 45,890 \& F 46,117 \& 47, 173 <br>

\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{| Interest bearing .......-................... do |
| :--- |
| Noninterest bearing |} \& 40,967 \& 37,625 \& 37,671 \& 37,605 \& 38,337 \& 38,386 \& 38,419 \& , 462 \& 38,502 \& 39, 102 \& 39,9018 \& - 40,028 \& , 898 <br>

\hline \& 557 \& 541 \& 555 \& 591 \& 584 \& 589 \& 593 \& 577 \& 38,502 \& 568 \& 557 \& -554 \& 50 <br>
\hline Special issues to government agencies and
trust funds...............mil. of dol... \& 5,707 \& 4,496 \& 4, 585 \& 4,775 \& 4,853 \& 4,934 \& 5,063 \& 5, 102 \& 5, 209 \& 5,370 \& 5,426 \& 5,534 \& 5,683 <br>
\hline Obligations fully guaranteed by U. S. Gov't: \& \& \& 4,88 \& 5,528 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Total amount outstandingo $\boldsymbol{o}^{2}$. ..... mil. of dol. By agencies: $\boldsymbol{o}^{7}$ \& 6,560 \& 5,656 \& 5,535 \& 5,528 \& 5, 526 \& 5,812 \& 5,808 \& 5,810 \& 5,919 \& 5,916 \& 5,915 \& 5,914 \& 5,916 <br>
\hline Fcderal Farm Mortgage Corp .....do \& 1,269 \& 1,269 \& 1,269 \& 1,269 \& 1,269 \& 1,269 \& 1,269 \& 1,269 \& 1,269 \& 1,269 \& 1,269 \& 1,269 \& 1,269 <br>
\hline Home Owners' Loan Corporation..-do..... \& 2, 610 \& 2,763 \& 2.641 \& 2, 634 \& 2,631 \& 2,627 \& 2,623 \& $\stackrel{2}{1,621}$ \& 2, 618 \& 2,615 \& 2,614 \& 3,613 \& 2,611 <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Expenditures, total, including recovery and relieft -.......................... thous. of dol.} \& 1,741 \& 1,096 \& 1,096 \& 1,096 \& 1,096 \& 1,096 \& 1,097 \& 1,097 \& 1,097 \& 1,097 \& 1,097 \& 1,097 \& 1,097 <br>
\hline \& 1,316,452 \& 792, 288 \& 648, 814 \& 933, 880 \& 830, 509 \& 708,382 \& 760, 286 \& 870, 241 \& 817, 888 \& 1,187,277 \& 1,117,844 \& 1.077,438 \& 1,400,675 <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{General (including recovery and relief) do...-} \& 1,294,775 \& 756, 975 \& 642,330 \& 883,092 \& 699, 794 \& 693, 620 \& 757, 536 \& 873, 936 \& 819, 821 \& 1,172,540 \& 1,091,428 \& 1,054,387 \& 1,387,737 <br>
\hline \& 2,155 \& 5,988 \& 975 \& 3,425 \& 5,072 \& $-13,009$ \& -8,054 \& -4,939 \& $-22,726$ \& -486 \& 1,762 \& ${ }^{930}$ \& 1,399 <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& 18, 350 \& 20,000 \& 3,500 \& \& 113,520 \& 25, 195 \& 10,000 \& - 0 \& 20,000 \& 0 \& 17, 500 \& 20, 000 \& 10,000 <br>
\hline \& 1,171 \& 9,325 \& 2,010 \& - 474,363 \& 12,212 \& 2,576 \& 1, 704 \& 1,244 \& ${ }^{2} 792$ \& 15,223
-40 \& ${ }_{371}^{7,214}$ \& 2, 122 \& 1.5.39 <br>

\hline Reccipts, total. \& 602, 443 \& 304, 203 \& 309,598 \& 784, 218 \& 367,064 \& 566. 388 \& 711.124 \& | 365.351 |
| :--- |
| 333.258 | \& 484,796

362,08 \& 740,929
740,226 \& 371.605
33978 \& 673,490
541.352 \& 1,566, 871 <br>
\hline \& 565, 418 \& 304. 203 \& 309.598 \& 648, 323 \& 331, 221 \& 447, 196 \& 710.584 \& 333,258
29 \& 362,078
27,923 \& 740,226
29,783 \& 339,788
33,278 \& ${ }_{\substack{511,352 \\ 31,630}}$ \& 1,566, 308 <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& 352, 005 \& 201, 772 \& 356, 508 \& 664, 932 \& 326, 141 \& 522, 813 \& 672, 540 \& 318, 578 \& 438, 481 \& 692, 937 \& 319, 169 \& 502, 046 \& 1,513,017 <br>
\hline \& 74, 881 \& 47,621 \& 40, 197 \& 463, 786 \& 49,655 \& 37, 645 \& 431.669 \& 44,039 \& 48,906 \& 428,722 \& 62, 759 \& 104, 408 \& 1,207,513 <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Socin security
Taxes rom:} \& 43, 053 \& 39, 194 \& 137, 299 \& 31,749 \& 39, 098 \& 139, 131 \& 29,437 \& 37, 614 \& 188, 013 \& , 498 \& 46,613 \& 193,379 \& 34, 131 <br>
\hline \& 1,744 \& 2,001 \& 1,791 \& 1,646 \& 1,633 \& 1,734 \& 1,684 \& 2, 621 \& 2, 104 \& 2, 208 \& 1,881. \& 1,910 \& 2,098 <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Government corporations and credit agencies:} \& 842 \& 948 \& 1,593 \& 1, 833 \& 669 \& 488 \& , 486 \& 772 \& 887 \& 1,306 \& 1,271 \& 1, 025 \& 801 <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Ioons and prefrred stock, total - .-. do...} \& \& 12. 176 \& 12,685 \& 12,021 \& 12, 192 \& 12,410 \& 12,371 \& 12,398 \& 12,518 \& 12,500 \& 12.645 \& 12,676 \& 12.909 <br>
\hline \& \& 8,930 \& 8, 922 \& 8,470 \& 8, 513 \& 8, 623 \& 8,583 \& 8, 113 \& 8,680 \& 8,682 \& 8,639 \& 8,614 \& 8, 681 <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Loms to fimancial institutions (incl. preferrd stock) . ................ mil. ar dol Lomen to rairmās.} \& \& 1,198 \& 1,170 \& 1,212 \& 1,202 \& 1,189 \& 1,194 \& 1, 198 \& 1,208 \& 1,221 \& 1,174 \& 1, 136 \& 1,115 <br>
\hline \& \& 521 \& , 515 \& 524 \& 552 \& ${ }^{5} 5.3$ \& 513 \& 512 \& 815 \& 516 \& 523 \& 518 \& 523 <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& \& 2, 347 \& 2,355 \& 2,323 \& 2, 342 \& 2,336 \& 2,348 \& 2,387 \& 2,387 \& 2, 390 \& 2, 424 \& 2, 305 \& 2, 406 <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& \& 3,705
1,160 \& 3,700
1,183 \& 3,224
1,187 \& 3,233
1,185 \& 3,349
1,197 \& 3.328
1,200 \& 3,202 \& 3,280
1,291 \& 3,257
1,298 \& 3,208
1,309 \& 3,212
1,352 \& 3, 1,381 <br>
\hline U. S. oblications, direct and fully quaran- \& \& \& 1, 83 \& 1, 187 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& \& 891 \& 893 \& 879 \& 871 \& 846 \& \$24 \& 834 \& 827 \& 829 \& 850
599 \& $\mathrm{Sc}_{6} 8$ \& 880 <br>
\hline \& \& ${ }_{6} 510$ \& fing \& 1,067 \& 1, 9.94 \& 1, 6191 \& 1, 04.1 \& 1. 094 \& 1,113 \& 1, 141 \& 1,190 \& 1,2019 \& 1,245 <br>
\hline All other assets. \& \& 1,187 \& 1, 103 \& 1,043 \& 1,075 \& 1,312 \& 1, 3 s 3 \& 1,260 \& 1,296 \& 1,257 \& 1,367 \& 1,392 \& 1,501 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

$\dagger$ Revised. $\quad$ Preliminary.

- Number of
$\triangle$ Formerly Staudard Statistics Co., Inc. $\ddagger$ A merger during the second quarter of 1940 reduced the number of carporations in the miscellaneous group to 54 and the total to 167 .
QExcludes collections from national defense taxes under Reveme Acto 1940 . Whe The tal includes graranteed debentures of certain agencies not shon woparately. Metal statistics, as the latter data hare been temporarily dis substituted. Ampual totals from the two sources have been in fairly close agreement but the monthly movement in the past has been quite different.

TBerinning with A pril 1940, whre direct reports from foreign countrics are lacking, available reperts of the American Bureau of Metal Statisties are used. When no current report are available at the time of complation, the last reported figure is carried forward. The comparability of the data has been affected by these substitutions. Data for Belgian Congo, formerly incladed in figures for A frica aud total reported monthy, are excluded beginaing May 1940 as reports are not available. During recent years, the reported figures for Belgian Congo amounted to betwcen 136 and 2 percent of the total reported for Airica.
the November 1940 Survey.
November 1940 Survey.
*New series. For data beginning January 1937, see table 50 , p. 18 of the November 1940 Survey.

| Monthly statistics through December 1939, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1840 Supplement to the Survey | 1941 | 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1941 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | Novem. ber | Decem- ber | Janu- ary | Febru- <br> ary | March |

FINANCE-Continued
PUBLIC FINANCE (FEDERAL)-Con. Governmental corps. and credit agencies-
Liabilities, other than interagency, total


Total securities effective under the Securities Act of 1933 ....-...................................
 substitute securities........ thous. of dol.
Not proposed for sal
Proposed for sale:
Proposed for sale:
Cost of flotation:
Cost of flotation:
Compensation to underwriters, agents, etc. Expenses
Net proceeds, tot
To be used for: o be used for:
New money. $\qquad$
$\qquad$ Securities for investment Securities for affliation do
do Repayment of funded debt Repayment of other debt.
Retirement of preferred stock Organization expense. .-.......Gross amount of securities less securities reserved for conversion or substitution, total Type of security


$r$ Revised a Less than $\$ 500$
Includes repayments unallocated, pending advices, at end of month. 1 Includes $\$ 154,350,000$ in face amount instalment certificates not included in the break-down by type of security. $\dagger$ Revised series. Data on security registrations revised beginning January 1938 , see table 47 , p. 15 of the Novernber 1940 Survey. Data on total loans of the Reconstruc-
tion Finance Corporation and "other loans and authorizations" revised beginning January 1937 to exclude a loan of $\$ 146,500,000$ to the Rural Electrification Administration, tion Finance Corporation and "other loans and authorizations" revised beginning January 1937 to exclude a loan of $\$ 146,500,000$ to the Rural Electrification Administration, advanced in varying amounts during "937-39, now classified under allocations; this loan has been excluded from data shown in the Survey beginning with the October 1940 RFC to aid in national defense, now included in authorizations for national derense. Certain othor comparatively small revisionshave been made in the grand total; currently such revisions are not carried into the detail.
${ }^{*}$ New series. For data beginning 1938 for substitute securities, see table $47, p$. 15 of the Norember 1940 issue. Authorizations for national defense include loans, participations, and purchases of capital stock in corporations created by the Reconstruction Finance Corporation to aid in national defense.

| Monthly statistics through December 1939, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1940 Supplement to the Survey | 1941 | 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1941 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | April | May | June | July | August | Sep- tember | October | November | Decem- | Janu- <br> ary | $\begin{gathered} \text { Febru- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | March |

FINANCE-Continued


- Revised. $\quad$ Formerly Standard Statistics Co., Inc.

FFor revisions in 1939 data from Commercial and Financial Chronicle, see notes marked " $\ddagger$ " on p. 34 of the September 1940 and $p .35$ of the March 1941 Survey.
*New series. For data on domestic issues for productive uses beginning 1921, see table 34, p. 17 of the September 1940 Survey.
$\dagger$ Revised series. For data beginning 1931, see table 55, p. 17 of the December 1940 Survey.

| Monthly statistics through December 1939, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1040 Supplement to the Survey | 1941 | 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1941 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | Novem. ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Decem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Febru- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | March |

FINANCE-Continued

| SECURITY MARKETS-Continued Bonds-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Value, issues listed on N. Y. S. E.: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Face value, all issues.-------..-. mil. of dol | 55, 678 | 53, 646 | 53, 414 | 52.879 | 53,431 | 53914 | 53,913 | 54,329 | 54, 237 | 54, 169 | 54, 139 | 54, 225 | 55, 746 |
|  | 51, 416 | 49,108 | 48,879 | 48.347 | 48,903 | 49.399 | 49,400 | 49,966 | 49,877 | 49, 820. | 49, 799 | 49,891 | 51,419 |
| Foreign. | 4, 262 | 4, 538 | 4. 535 | 4, 532 | 4,528 | 4515 | 4,514 | 4,363 | 4,360 | 4,349 | 4,340 | 4,334 | 4.328 |
| Market value, | 52, 518 | 49,612 | 46,937 | 47,666 | 48,602 | 49239 | 49, 643 | 50, 438 | 50.756 | 50,831 | 50, 374 | 50, 277 | 52, 252 |
| Domestic. | 50, 515 | 47,395 | 45.197 | 45, 894 | 46, 762 | 47285 | 47.699 | 48,481 | 48,768 | 48, 871 | 48,386 | 48,307 | 50, 249 |
| Foreign | 2,003 | 2, 217 | 1.740 | 1,771 | 1, 840 | 1,954 | 1,944 | 1,957 | 1,088 | 1,961 | 1,988 | 1,971 | 2,003 |
| Yields: <br> Bond Buyer: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic mumicipals (20 cities) ..... percent.. | 2. 26 | 2. 59 | 3.00 | 2.67 | 2. 53 | ?. 52 | 2.39 | 2.32 | 2.18 | 2.14 | 2.29 | 2. 43 | 2. 33 |
| Moody's: <br> Domestic corporate | 3.39 | 3.54 | 3.65 | 3.72 | 3.57 | 3. 55 | 3.50 | 3.46 | 3.40 | 3.36 | 3. 36 | 3.40 | 3.39 |
| By ratings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2.82 | 2. 82 | 2.93 | 2. 96 | 2.88 | \& 85 | 2.82 | 2.79 | 2.75 | 2. 71 | 2.75 | 2. 78 | 2.80 |
| Aa. | 3.04 | 2.89 <br> 3.59 | 3.08 3.65 | 3. 10 3.70 | 3.01 3.57 | 6.83 6.55 | 3.01 3.52 | 3. 101 <br> 3.48 | 2. <br> 3.96 | 2.92 3.36 | 2.95 <br> 3.36 | 3.00 3.38 | 3.01 |
|  | 3.38 4.33 | 4.74 | 4.94 | 5.11 | 4.80 | 4.76 | 4.66 | 4.56 | 4.48 | 3. 4 | 4.38 | 3.38 4.42 | 3.37 4.38 |
| By groups |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrials | 3.06 | 3.05 | 3. 20 | 3.25 | 3.15 | 3.12 | 3.10 | 3. 06 | 2.98 | 2. 93 | 2. 96 | 3.00 | 3.02 |
| Public utilities .--------------.-- do...- | 3.16 | 3. 24 | 3.30 | 3.33 | 3.23 | 3. 23 | 3.19 | 3. 18 | 3. 14 | 3.13 | 3.17 | 3.19 | 3.17 |
|  | 3.96 | 4.33 | 4. 46 | 4. 57 | 4.32 | 4.30 | 4. 23 | 4.15 | 4. 07 | 4.03 | 3.96 | 4.00 | 3.98 |
| Standard and Poor's Corporation: § <br> Domestic municipals ( 15 bonds) $\qquad$ | 2.20 | 2. 56 | 2.81 | 2.85 | 2. 54 | 249 | 2. 44 | 2. 32 | 2.18 | 2.07 | 2.16 | 2.27 | 29 |
| U. S. Treasury bonds....---...--........-do | 1.96 | 2.25 | 2.38 | 2.38 | 2. 28 | 2.25 | 2.18 | 2. 10 | 1.97 | 1.89 | 1. 99 | 2.10 | 2.01 |
| Stocks |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash dividend payments and rates (Moody's): Total annual payments at current rates ( 600 companies) mil. of dol |  | 1,643.66 | 1,680. 36 | 1,690.37 | 1,694.82 | 1,713,08 | 711.42 | 1,738.04 | 1,781. 52 | 792.84 | 791, 94 |  |  |
| Number of shares, adjusted | 938.08 | 936.43 | 936.43 | 936.43 | 936.43 | 936.43 | 936.43 | 936.43 | 936.43 | 936. 43 | -938.08 | 928.08 | 516.13 938.08 |
| Dividend rate per share (weighted average) ( 600 cos ) dollars | 104 | 1.76 | 1.79 | 1.81 | 1.81 | 1.83 | 1.83 | 1.86 | 1.90 | 1.91 |  |  |  |
|  | 3.01 | 3.01 | 3.01 | 3.01 | 3.01 | 3.01 | 3.01 | 3.01 | 3.01 | 1.81 3.01 | 3.01 | 1.92 3.01 | 1.94 |
| Industrials (492 cos.) .----................... do | 1.92 | 1. 70 | 1. 75 | 1. 77 | 1.77 | 1. 79 | 1.79 | 1. 83 | 1.88 | 1.89 | 1.89 | 1.90 | 1. 42 |
| Insurance (21 cos.) .......--.-........- do | 2.54 | 2.64 | 2.44 | 2.44 | 2.54 | 2. 54 | 2. 54 | 2.54 | 2. 54 | 2.54 | 2.54 | 2.54 | 2. 54 |
| Public utilities ( 30 cos.)...--.-.-.-. - do | 1.94 | 1. 96 | 1.96 | 1.96 | 1. 96 | 1. 36 | 1.96 | 1.96 | 1.97 | 1.97 | 1.94 | 1. 94 | 1.94 |
| Rails (36 cos.) --..-- do | 1. 56 | 1.27 | 1.27 | 1.29 | 1. 29 | 1.36 | 1.36 | 1.36 | 1.47 | 1.53 | 1. 53 | 1.53 | 1. 56 |
| Dividend declarations (N. Y. Times) Total |  | 180,341 | 449,981 | 239,426 | 191,824 | 365, 5.33 |  | 221,404 | 685, 574 |  |  |  |  |
| Industrials and miscellaneous........do. | 192,375 | 176,637 | 420, 278 | 223, 372 | 182, 232 | 347, $3: 31$ | 207, 354 | 213, 843 | 635, 110 | 305,652 | 204, 274 | 375, 817.2 | 231.737 $22 f, 315$ |
| Railroads --------------.-............-do | 6, 823 | 3,704 | 29,703 | 16,055 | 12,592 | 18, $2: 3$ | 2,128 | 7,561 | 50, 463 | 26,069 | 13, 743 | 15, 662 | 5, 422 |
| Prices: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A verage price of all listed shares (N. Y. S. E.) <br> Dec. $31,1924=100$.. | 51.4 | 64.3 | 50.2 | 53.1 | 54.6 | 55.6 | 56.7 | 58.4 | 57.0 | 57.2 | 55.0 | 53.8 | 54.1 |
| Dow-Jones \& Co., Inc. (65 stocks) dol. per share - | 40.74 | 49.92 | 43.48 | 39.99 | 41.64 | 42. 0 | 44.40 | 44.72 | 45.04 | 43.39 | 43.82 | 41.21 | 41. 60 |
| Industrials (30 stocks).................do... | 119.10 | 148.91 | 130.76 | 119.46 | 122.23 | 125.82 | 131. 46 | 132.39 | 133.90 | 130.45 | 130.17 | 121. 68 | 123. 52 |
| Public utilities (15 stocks) .............. do | 18. 66 | 25.09 | 21.45 | 20.15 | 22.42 | 22. 22 | 22.18 | 22.07 | 21.22 | 19.91 | 20.17 | 19.37 | 19.54 |
| Rails (20 stocks) --------------.-. do | 28.48 | 31.00 | 26. 52 | 24.66 | 26.43 | 26.83 | 28.43 | 28.83 | 29.36 | 27.61 | 29.01 | 27.54 | 28. 03 |
| New York Times ( 50 stocks) | 85. 41 | 109. 17 | 95. 20 | 89.17 | 90.46 | 92. $¢ 1$ | 96.27 | 97.29 | 95.86 | 93.68 | 93.24 | 87.07 | \%. 66 |
| Industrials (25 stocks) .....-......-----do | 150.17 | 195. 13 | 170.95 | 159.61 | 161.49 | 164.48 | 171.50 | 173.26 | 170. 32 | 167.16 | 165.43 | 154.20 | 134.56 |
| Railroads ( 25 stocks) .-..--------.-...do | 20.65 | 23.22 | 19.46 | 18.72 | 19.43 | 19.94 | 21.05 | 21.34 | 21.40 | 20.21 | 21.06 | 19.94 | 20.46 |
| Standard and Poor's Corporation: § Combined index ( 420 stocks) $\quad 1926=100 .-1$ | 72.8 | 92.9 | 83.0 | 73.3 | 76.1 | 77.5 | 80.9 | 81.4 | 82.1 | 80.4 | 80.5 | 9 | -6.0 |
| Industrials ( 350 stocks)....--......d do ---- | 85.6 | 109.2 | 97.3 | 84.8 | 87.2 | 89.1 | 93.7 | 94.6 | 95.8 | 94.0 | 93.7 | 87.9 | 88.2 |
| Capital goods (107 stocks) ------ do | 106.0 | 132.8 | 118.1 | 104.1 | 105.9 | 109.5 | 116.5 | 119.5 | 120.2 | 118.7 | 118.0 | 109.5 | 109.8 |
| Consumer's goods (194 stocks) --.-do | 78.7 | 104.4 | 92.7 | 80.0 | 84.2 | 85.3 | 89.6 | 90.1 | 89.9 | 87.3 | 87.1 | 81.9 | 82.0 |
| Public utilities (40 stocks) ....-.-.-. do | 71.2 | 87.8 | 80.6 | 75.1 | 80.1 | 80.3 | 81.0 | 80.2 | 79.0 | 77.6 | 78.0 | 74.6 | 74.5 |
| Rails (30 stocks).-.-.-......-........do | 24.9 | 29.1 | 25.4 | 22.7 | 24.4 | 24.3 | 27.0 | 27.4 | 27.8 | 26.4 | 27.7 | 26.4 | 26.6 |
| Other issues: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Banks, N. Y. C. (19 stocks) $\qquad$ do.... Fire and marine insurance ( 18 stocks) | 51.2 | 58.9 | 52.0 | 48.8 | 51.4 | 50.4 | 51.0 | 53.6 | 55.6 | 55.8 | 55.9 | 53.8 | 53.7 |
| $1926=100$ | 89.7 | 94.3 | 83.8 | 78.7 | 84.0 | 84.3 | 87.4 | 90.0 | 93.9 | 94.3 | 95.1 | 90.5 | 91.1 |
| Sales (Securities and Exchange Commission): Total on all registered exchanges: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Market value ..-----.-.-. - - thous. of dol |  | 1,134,340 | 1,488,207 | 500, 465 | 320,860 | 320.91: | 472, 742 | 591, 703 | 876,452 | 706, 231 | 613.194 | 403, 344 | $3 \times 3.348$ |
|  |  | 51,103 | 69, 404 | 25, 452 | 15. 101 | 14, 21: | 20,728 | 24,006 | 37,022 | 33,003 | 26,545 | 18, 555 | 19. 169 |
| On New York Stnck Exchange: <br> Market value ............ thous of dol |  | 964, 608 | 11,242,999 | 487, 116 | 264. 352 | $2: 0,47$ | 406, 925 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 37, 599 | 54, 617 | 20, 107 | 10.828 | 10,421 | 16, 206 | 18,522 | 29,040 | 23,744 | -20,064 | 3 13.481 | 318.750 13.688 |
| Exclusive of odd lot and stopped sales <br> (N. Y. Times) ...............thousands. - | 11,178 | 26,696 | 33,969 | 15,573 | 7,307 | 7, 616 | 11,941 | 14, 484 | 20.893 | 23,744 18.400 | 20,004 13,295 | 13,481 8,971 | 13.688 10,111 |
| Shares listod, N. Y. S. E.: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Market vaine, all listed shares....mil. of dol.- | 37.711 | 46.769 | 30.547 | 38. 775 | 39,992 | 40,70¢ | 41,492 | 42,67.4 | 41,848 | 41.891 | 40,280 | 39.308 | 30,690 |
| Number of shares listed.-.....--....-millions.-. | 1,463 | 1,446 | 1,447 | 1,450 | 1,454 | 1,454 | 1, 403 | 1,453 | 1,457 | 1,455 | 1,455 | 1,455 | 1,457 |
| Common stocks (200), Moody's.....-percent. | 6.4 | 4.6 | 6.1 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 5.5 | 5.4 | 5. 6 | 5.7 | 5.9 | 6. 0 | 6. 1 |
|  | 4.8 | 4.1 | 5.2 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 4. 5 |
| Industrials (12.5 stocks)..........-.-.-- do | 6.6 | 4. 5 | 6.1 | 5.9 | 5.7 | 5. 6 | 5.5 | 5. 5 | 5. 7 | 5.7 | 6.0 | 6.2 | 6.2 |
| Insurance ( 10 stocks)...-------------- do.-.- | 4.4 | 4.3 | 4. 9 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4. 8 | 4. 4 | 4. 2 | 4.1 | 4. 2 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 4.2 |
| Public utilities (25 stocks).-..........-do...- | 6.7 | 5. 3 | 6.3 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 5.8 | 5. 7 | 6.0 | 5.9 | 6.0 | f. 1 | 6.2 |
|  | 6.3 | 4.8 | 6.3 | 5.7 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 5.5 | 5.3 | 5.8 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 6.2 |
| Preferredstocks, Standard and Poor's Corp.: § Industrials, high-grade ( 20 stocks) .-percent. | 4.94 | 4.92 | 5.07 | 5. 26 | 5.11 | 5. 10 | 5.04 | 4.99 | 4.94 | 4.87 | 4.82 | 4. 80 | 4.92 |
| Stockholders (Common Stock) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| American Tel. \& Tel. Co., total . . . . . number.. |  |  |  | 032.308 |  |  | 63\%.343 |  |  | 630,812 |  |  | 630,366 |
| Foreign....-.-...........----- - do |  |  |  | 6.544 |  |  | 6.451 |  |  | 6,404 |  |  | 5. 742 |
| Penasylvania Railroad Co., total |  |  |  | 207. 679 |  |  | 206, 907 |  |  | 205, 883 |  |  | 204.776 |
| Foreign |  |  |  | 2.719 |  |  | 2,742 |  |  | 2,724 |  |  | 1.680 |
| U. S. Steel Corporation, total........-...-do |  |  |  | 165. 193 |  |  | 164,553 |  |  | 160, 676 |  |  | 164,687 |
|  |  |  |  | 2.745 |  |  | 2.706 |  |  | 2,749 |  |  | 2, 664 |
| Shares held by brokers ...... percent of total.- |  |  |  | 27.57 |  |  | 27.48 |  |  | 27.37 |  |  | 26.00 |

§Formerly Standard Statistics Co., Inc.

| Monthly statistics through December 1939, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1940 Supplement to the Survey | 1941 | 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1941 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | April | May | June | July | August | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sep- } \\ & \text { tember } \end{aligned}$ | October | November | Decem- ber | January | Febru- ary | March |

FOREIGN TRADE-Continued

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline INDEXES \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Total: Value, unadjusted. ...... 1923-25=100 \& 85 \& 85 \& 92 \& 83 \& 92 \& 78 \& 91 \& 86 \& 85 \& \& 80 \& 94 \\
\hline Value, adjusted .-...............do \& 90 \& 91 \& 104 \& \({ }_{95}\) \& 100 \& 74 \& 74 \& 75 \& 80 \& 84 \& 88 \& 93 \\
\hline U. S. merchandise, unadjusted: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Quantity ......----..........---.... do \& 123 \& 124 \& 136 \& 126 \& 135 \& 115 \& 136 \& 127 \& 126 \& 124 \& 117 \& 138 \\
\hline  \& 85 \& 85 \& 92 \& 84 \& 92 \& 77 \& 90 \& 86 \& 85 \& 85 \& 80 \& 94 \\
\hline nit \& 69 \& 69 \& 68 \& 67 \& 68 \& 68 \& 67 \& 68 \& 67 \& 69 \& 68 \& \\
\hline Total: Value, unadjusted................d \& 66 \& 65 \& 65 \& 72 \& 68 \& 60 \& 64 \& 69 \& 78 \& 71 \& 72 \& 83 \\
\hline Value, adjusted ........................do \& 61 \& 64 \& 69 \& 78 \& 71 \& 63 \& 63 \& 69 \& 79 \& 70 \& 73 \& 75 \\
\hline Imports for consumption, unadjusted: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Quantity ---------------1923-25=10 \& 105 \& 106 \& 109 \& 115 \& 134 \& 106 \& 117 \& 120 \& 130 \& 120 \& 118 \& 133 \\
\hline  \& 61 \& 60 \& 59 \& 68
59 \& 67
59 \& 61
58 \& 67
57
57 \& 68
57 \& 75
57 \& 70
58 \& 68
58 \& \({ }_{60} 80\) \\
\hline Agricultural products, quantity: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Exports, domestic, total: \(\dagger\) \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Unadjusted............---- \(1924-29=100 .\). \& 45 \& 34 \& 28 \& 29 \& 24 \& 21 \& 33 \& 25 \& 23 \& 17 \& 20 \& 4 \\
\hline  \& 60 \& 49 \& 41 \& 47 \& 31 \& 18 \& 23 \& 19 \& 18 \& 16 \& 22 \& 27 \\
\hline Total, excluding cotton: Unadjusted \& 39 \& 33 \& 34 \& 38 \& 37 \& 27 \& 36 \& 29 \& 29 \& 26 \& 30 \& 33 \\
\hline Adjusted. \& 46 \& 41 \& 44 \& 49 \& 41 \& 23 \& 29 \& 25 \& 25 \& 25 \& 33 \& 36 \\
\hline Imports for consumption:* \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Adjusted \& \({ }_{97}\) \& 102 \& 101 \& 120 \& 118 \& 102 \& 118 \& 129 \& \({ }_{131}^{131}\) \& 132 \& \({ }_{131}^{135}\) \& 141
125 \\
\hline VALUE § \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Exports, total, incl. reexports ...-thous. of dol.. \& 324, 008 \& 325, 306 \& 350, 458 \& 317,015 \& 349, 928 \& 295, 245 \& 343, 485 \& 327,685 \& 322, 257 \& 325, 355 \& 303, 413 \& 357, 233 \\
\hline By grand divisions and countries: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& 13,944 \& 12, 545 \& 12,325 \& 12, 243 \& 12, 615 \& 14,094 \& 15,613 \& 16, 945 \& 16,624 \& 22,047 \& 19,954 \& 35, 121 \\
\hline Asia and \& 53, 220 \& 57, 898 \& 53,755 \& 59, 146 \& 59,734 \& 48,405 \& 66,957 \& 55, 894 \& 60,405 \& 54, 876 \& 59, 498 \& 64,753 \\
\hline  \& 140,271 \& 124, 527 \& 15,421 \& 15, 364 \& 25, 188 \& 17, 778 \& 26, 195 \& 16, 443 \& 19,343 \& 11, 588 \& 11, 108 \& 10,112
113,233 \\
\hline  \& 140,240 \& 124, 527 \& 144,813 \& 122, 837 \& 143, 754 \& 113, 523 \& 122, 003 \& 118,695 \& 116, 329 \& 126, 772 \& 96, 336 \& 113, 233 \\
\hline  \& 45,990 \& 39,350
70 \& 47,237 \& \& \& \& \& \[
\begin{gathered}
(a) \\
(a) \\
(a)
\end{gathered}
\] \& \({ }^{(0)} 2\) \& \& \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { (a) } \\
\& \hline 1,329
\end{aligned}
\] \\
\hline Itarmany - .-...................................................... \& \[
\begin{array}{r}
35 \\
9,240
\end{array}
\] \& \[
\begin{array}{r}
70 \\
13,234
\end{array}
\] \& \[
\begin{gathered}
0 \\
1,603
\end{gathered}
\] \& \[
{ }^{(a)}{ }_{16}
\] \& \[
\text { (a) }_{6}
\] \& \[
\begin{gathered}
0 \\
90
\end{gathered}
\] \& 0
12 \& (a) \& \(\stackrel{2}{9}\) \& (a) \& \& \({ }^{(a)} 0\) \\
\hline United Kingdom \& 53,339 \& 49,822 \& 77, 868 \& 108, 308 \& 125, 309 \& 103, 361 \& 107, 597 \& 102, 375 \& 101, 253 \& 116,631 \& 77, 268 \& 95,509 \\
\hline North America, northern-............ do \& 55, 136 \& 62,738 \& 67, 679 \& 64, 486 \& 71, 800 \& 64, 626 \& 77, 886 \& 65, 609 \& 63, 266 \& 62,449 \& 65, 233 \& 69, 898 \\
\hline  \& 54, 373 \& 61,877 \& 66,796 \& 63, 494 \& 70, 707 \& 63, 252 \& 76,682 \& 64, 262 \& 62, 439 \& \({ }^{61,886}\) \& 64, 419 \& 68,616 \\
\hline North Ame \& 25, 249 \& 27, 265 \& 26, 924 \& 24, 163 \& 27, 888 \& 25,673 \& \({ }^{31,556}\) \& 33,792 \& \({ }^{33,807}\) \& 30, 022 \& 33,010 \& 37, 200 \\
\hline Mexico \& 6. 624 \& 7,472 \& 6, 536 \& 7,110 \& 7,198 \& 7,697 \& 10,061 \& 9,772 \& 10,554 \& 8,507 \& 9, 824 \& 11,745 \\
\hline South Americ \& 36, 219 \& 40,332 \& 44, 961 \& 34, 139 \& 34, 137 \& 28,923 \& 29, 471 \& 36,749 \& 31,824 \& 29,188 \& 29,381 \& 37, 028 \\
\hline Argentina \& 8,326 \& 10,770 \& 14, 759 \& 10,650 \& 10, 170 \& 6, 267 \& 5,151 \& 5,920 \& 4,734 \& 5,300 \& 5,223 \& 6, 400 \\
\hline Brazll \& 10,360 \& 10,384 \& 10,641 \& 7,205 \& 7,522 \& 6,753 \& 7,176 \& 10, 807 \& 10,046 \& 9,216 \& 8, 843 \& 11, 992 \\
\hline Chile--------.-.......---......-. do. \& 3,066 \& 3,694 \& 4,244 \& 3,110 \& 3,543 \& 2,976 \& 3,389 \& 4,081 \& 3,360 \& 2,955 \& 3,249 \& 4,463 \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
U. S. merchandise, by economic classes: \\

\end{tabular} \& 316, 520 \& 318,051 \& 344, 444 \& 312,337 \& 341, 924 \& 288, 270 \& 336, 165 \& 321, 275 \& 315, 323 \& 317,953 \& 298, 273 \& 350,446 \\
\hline Crude materials.......................do \& 40, 886 \& 40, 277 \& 33, 589 \& 31,987 \& 24, 161 \& 22,724 \& 29, 188 \& 24, 600 \& 20,453 \& 16, 092 \& 15,234 \& 19,658 \\
\hline Cotton, unmanufactured..........do \& \({ }^{21,086}\) \& 13,526 \& 8, 295 \& 7,861 \& 3,640 \& 5, 138 \& 10,541 \& 7,703 \& 6,417 \& 3,120 \& 3,800 \& 5, 86 \\
\hline Foodstuffs, total \& 22, 058 \& 14,965 \& 17,758 \& 20,407 \& 19, 170 \& 15, 331 \& 18,360 \& 14,650 \& 13,719 \& 13,746 \& 16, 010 \& \\
\hline Crude foodstuffs.-- .-............do \& 6, 314 \& 4,005 \& 6,480 \& 7,706 \& 8, 819 \& 4,974 \& 7,528 \& 3,603 \& 3,488 \& 2,887 \& 2,841 \& 4, 262 \\
\hline Mid. foodstuffs and beverages...-do \& 15,744 \& 10,960 \& 11, 278 \& 12,701 \& 13, 351 \& 10, 357 \& 10, 832 \& 11, 047 \& 10, 231 \& 10,859 \& 13, 169 \& 12,531 \\
\hline Fruits and proparations..........do \& 3,927 \& 1,608 \& 2, 209 \& 1, 538 \& 2,386 \& 1,813 \& 2,362 \& 1,974 \& 2,638 \& 1,944 \& 2, 098 \& 1,933 \\
\hline Meats and fats....-...............do \& 2,762 \& 2,056 \& 1,764 \& 3,151 \& 1,710 \& 1,729 \& 1,754 \& 1,859 \& 1,837 \& 2,048 \& \(\stackrel{2}{2}, 495\) \& 3,317 \\
\hline Wheat and flour...-.............-do \& 3,381 \& 1,993 \& 1,536 \& 2,593 \& 2,237 \& 2,153 \& 2,946 \& 2,703 \& 1,686 \& 1,530 \& 2, 103 \& 3, 030 \\
\hline Semimanufactures .-.-................do \& 65,810 \& 74, 490 \& 76, 310 \& 75, 545 \& 96, 863 \& 78,575 \& 81, 421 \& 70,651 \& 67,154 \& 69,989 \& 56, 973 \& 60,644 \\
\hline Finished manufactures.............. \({ }^{\text {do }}\) \& 187, 766 \& 188, 319 \& 216,787 \& 184, 398 \& 201, 730 \& 171,639 \& 207, 195 \& 211,373 \& 213, 997 \& 218, 126 \& 210, 056 \& 253, 684 \\
\hline Autos and parts....-.................do \& 19, 493 \& 21, 337 \& 17, 661 \& 13,964 \& 15,645 \& 15, 735 \& 22,531 \& 26, 828 \& 24,470 \& 25, 379 \& 24, 028 \& 29, 084 \\
\hline Gasoline. \& 5,364 \& 6, 110 \& 6,332 \& 3,966 \& 4, 365 \& 4, 422 \& 5,827 \& 6,897 \& 5,950 \& 6,101 \& 4, 250 \& 3,733 \\
\hline Machinery \& 62, 864 \& 58,422 \& 54, 496 \& 48, 292 \& 56, 813 \& 52,658 \& 61,046 \& 62, 873 \& 63,327 \& 60,993 \& 54, 426 \& 61, 604 \\
\hline General imports, total \& 212, 240 \& 211,382 \& 211,390 \& 232, 258 \& 220, 217 \& 194,928 \& 207, 141 \& 223, 430 \& 253, 099 \& 228,636 \& 233, 702 \& 267, 784 \\
\hline By grand divisions and countries: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Asia and Oceania \& 77,883 \& 8,052
70,057 \& 72, 720 \& 14,849
86,645 \& 11,901
90 \& \({ }_{86,220}^{12,581}\) \& 9,714
89 \& 13,191
93,250 \& 13,663
105,823 \& \(\xrightarrow{10,203}\) \& 8,739
89
89 \& 11,593
106,303 \\
\hline Japan....-..............................- do \& 8,760 \& 9,283 \& 8,972 \& 13, 362 \& 13,277 \& 11, 124 \& 18,361 \& 21,676 \& 14,033 \& 10, 391 \& 8 8,127 \& 10,488 \\
\hline Europe...................................... do \& 40,883 \& 38, 215 \& 35, 876 \& 32, 303 \& 26,566 \& 15, 762 \& 18,330 \& 24,600 \& 26, 187 \& 20,119 \& 17,941 \& 26, 100 \\
\hline France \& 4, 220 \& 5, 351 \& 3, 222 \& 1,751 \& 655 \& 267 \& 415 \& 1,870 \& 1,301 \& 493 \& 635 \& 672 \\
\hline German \& 457 \& 231 \& 251 \& 201 \& 183 \& 231 \& 231 \& 576 \& \& 531 \& 717 \& 295 \\
\hline Italy \& 4,953 \& 4,210 \& 4,053 \& 802 \& 158 \& 116 \& 74 \& \& 84 \& \& 39 \& 20 \\
\hline United Kingdom \& 12, 748 \& 12,115 \& 15, 426 \& 20,299 \& 13,280 \& 9, 263 \& 9,873 \& 10, 423 \& 13,610 \& 9,742 \& 9,443 \& 12,583 \\
\hline North America, northern.----------- do \& 30, 475 \& 36, 917 \& 37, 802 \& 39, 852 \& 41, 229 \& 40, 569 \& 39, 163 \& 44, 122 \& 43, 619 \& 36, 586 \& 35, 428 \& 38, 592 \\
\hline Canada \& \({ }^{29} 978\) \& \({ }^{36,180}\) \& 37, 164 \& 37, 976 \& 39,467 \& 39, 197 \& 38,050 \& 42, 533 \& 41, 113 \& 35, 486 \& 34, 287 \& 37, 834 \\
\hline North America, \& 25, 993 \& \({ }^{25,797}\) \& 28,491 \& 24,585 \& 19,571 \& 14, 782 \& 16, 440 \& 14, 884 \& 15, 782 \& 24, 474 \& 28, 072 \& 33, 948 \\
\hline South Am \& -6,652 \& \& 10,330
27
292 \& 6,986 \& 6,330 \& 3,876 \& 5,105 \& 4,
3311

083 \& 5,769
48,024 \& \& $\begin{array}{r}7,516 \\ 53,825 \\ \hline 1,\end{array}$ \& <br>
\hline Argentina \& 5,084 \& 5,067. \& 4,743 \& 5,175 \& 5,170 \& 3,648 \& $\stackrel{\text { s, }}{5}$ \& 6,902 \& 11,613 \& 11, 186 \& 11, 732 \& 12, 624 <br>
\hline Brazil. \& 7,079 \& 9, 282 \& 7,579 \& 9,004 \& 8,396 \& 7,122 \& 9,904 \& 9,340 \& 12,711 \& 11, 644 \& 15,383 \& 13, 295 <br>
\hline Chile. \& 7,012 \& 6, 143 \& 3,590 \& 8,583 \& 6, 372 \& 5,164 \& 6,378 \& 4,435 \& 6,709 \& 4, 999 \& 9,139 \& 7,917 <br>
\hline Imports for consumption, \& 202, 974 \& 203, 702 \& 205, 397 \& 217, 828 \& 214, 106 \& 196, 312 \& 213, 133 \& 217, 175 \& 238, 275 \& 223,595 \& 216, 623 \& 254, 5.53 <br>

\hline | By economic classes: |
| :--- |
| Crude materials | \& 78,125 \& 70,866 \& 70, 511 \& 85, 231 \& 88, 495 \& 80, 113 \& 88, 004 \& 83, 838 \& 110, 375 \& 97, 633 \& \& <br>

\hline  \& 25, 052 \& 26, 095 \& 23, 642 \& 24,924 \& 21, 515 \& 18,098 \& 22, 625 \& 22,695 \& 25, 331 \& 30, 291 \& 31, 211 \& 32, 892 <br>
\hline Mfd. foodstuffs and beverages.........do \& 24, 539 \& 27, 215 \& 31, 275 \& 22,567 \& 20, 588 \& 19, 026 \& 21, 176 \& 22, 444 \& 19,435 \& 20, 552 \& 22, 940 \& 26,652 <br>
\hline Semimanufactures \& 42,447 \& 43, 337 \& 45, 146 \& 45, 414 \& 50, 342 \& 46,510 \& 46, 045 \& 44,383 \& 52,009 \& 47, 131 \& 42, 208 \& 57, 936 <br>
\hline Finished manufact \& 32,810 \& 36, 189 \& 34, 823 \& 39,691 \& 33, 166 \& 32, 565 \& 34,383 \& 33, 816 \& 30, 524 \& 27, 988 \& 28,458 \& 30,399 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS

| TRANSPORTATION Express Operations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating revenue...-...------.-.thous. of dol. |  | 9,588 | 9,837 | 9,528 | 9,415 | 9,632 | 10,055 | 10,624 | 10,542 | 12,701 | 10,032 | 9,961 |  |
| Local Transit Lines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fares, average, cash ratet...............cents.- | 7.8253 | 7.8253 | 7.8253 | 7.8253 | 7.8253 | 7.8253 | 7.8253 | 7.8253 | 7.8253 | 7.8253 | 7.8253 | 8253 | 7.8253 |
| Passengers carried $\dagger$--.......-...--t-thousands-- | 847, 071 | 797,619 | 810, 833 | 752,776 | 724,390 | 726,151 | 762, 107 | 830,741 | 801, 646 | 860, 704 | 837,903 | 777, 294 | 864, 644 |
| Operating revenues-..---------------thous. of dol-- |  | 57,872 | 59, 139 | 55,935 | 53,574 | 54, 097 | 58,452 | 60,542 | 58, 489 | 62, 623 | 59, 579 | 56,220 | 61, 192 |

- Less than $\$ 500$.
tRevised series. Data on fares revised beginning August 1936; see p. 45 of the July 1940 Survey. Passengers carried revised beginning January 1938; see table 13, p. 18 of March 1941 issue. Indexes of agricultural exports have been revised to a new base. Earlier monthly data will be shown in a subsequent issue.
*New series. Data beginning 1915 for indexes of agricultural imports will be shown in a subsequent issue.
*New series. Dats beginning 1915 for indexes of agricultural imports will be shown in a subsequent issue.
8Data for 1939 revised; see tables 14 and 15 , pp. 17 and 18 of the April 1941 issue.
8 Data for 1939 revised; see tables 14 and 15, pp. 17 and 18 of the April 1941 issue.

| Monthly atatiatics through December 1939, together with explanatory notes and references to the wources of the data, may be found in the 1940 Supplement to the Survey | 1941 | $\times 940$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1941 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | April | May | June | July | August | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sep- } \\ \text { tember } \end{gathered}$ | October | Novem. ber | Decem- ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Febru- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | March |

## TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS-Continued



+ Revised. d Deficit.
Data temporarily discontinued by reporting source
IData for June, August, and November, 1946 and March 1941, are for 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks.
*New series. Adjusted data on financial operations of railways beginning 1921 appear in table $33, \mathrm{p}$. 16 , of the September 1940 issue. The new series on taxes and joint facility and equipment rents is shown to provide figures for obtaining total railway expenses as given in the adjusted figures of financial operations; earlier data not sho

| Monthly statistics through December 1939, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1940 Supplement to the Survey | 1941 | 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1941 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | April | May | June | July | August | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sep- } \\ & \text { tember } \end{aligned}$ | October | November | Decem- ber | January | February | March |

## TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS-Continued

| COMMUNICATIONS | 107.155 | 108, 603 | 106, 063 | 106, 593 | 107, 350 | 107, 852 | 113, 087 | 110,544 | 114,761 | 114,684 | 111,219 | 116,883 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Telephone carriers: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating revenues. .-.-.-...- thous. of dol. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 70, 469 | 71, 007 | 69, 741 | 68,972 | 68,749 | 70, 117 | 73, 025 | 72, 118 | 73, 979 | 74, 214 | 72,752 | 74,585 |
|  | 27, 859 | 28,693 | 27, 424 | 28,636 | 29, 722 | 28,781 | 31,034 | 29,343 | 31,471 | 31,077 | 29, 250 | 32, 975 |
|  | 69, 842 | 71, 950 | 68,995 | 71, 850 | 70, 885 | 69,711 | 72,841 | 77, 106 | 75,650 | 73, 934 | 70,648 | 73.403 |
| Net operating income ---........-.....do | 22, 135 | 21, 391 | 18, 404 | 19, 204 | 20, 560 | 16, 174 | 23,004 | 17,933 | 21, 988 | 22, 998 | 22,974 | ${ }^{24,891}$ |
| Phones in service, end of month thousands.- | 18,992 | 19,089 | 19,108 | 19, 138 | 19, 211 | 19,334 | 19,446 | 19,547 | 19,670 | 19,833 | 10,966 | 20. 107 |
| Telegraph and canle carriers: $\dagger$ <br> Operating revenues, total $\dagger$. $\qquad$ thous. of dol. | 10,661 | 11, 586 | 11,116 | 10,773 | 10,969 | 10, 648 | 11,442 | 10,642 | 12,557 | 11,182 | 10,667 | 11,961 |
| Telegraph carriers, total...............do | 9,687 | 10, 565 | 10, 198 | 9,906 | 10, 188 | 9,882 | 10,622 | 9,872 | 11,654 | 10, 294 | 9,832 | 10,982 |
| Western Union Telegraph Co., revenues from cable operations.... thous. of dol. |  |  | 569 | 543 | 433 | 415 | 441 | 424 | 540 | 494 | 451 | 525 |
| Cable carriers .-..................do. | 973 | 1,022 | 918 | 867 | 781 | 766 | 821 | 770 | 903 | 888 | 835 | 980 |
| Operating expensest | 9,321 | 9,816 | 9,621 | 9,873 | 9, 783 | 9,409 | 9,695 | 9,498 | 10,586 | 9,821 | 9, 290 | 9,884 |
| Operating incomet....................... ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 641 | 1,035 | 759 | 204 | 443 | 503 | 1,012 | 465 | 1,291 | 614 | 667 | 1,303 |
|  | 145 | 397 | 466 | ${ }^{4} 293$ | ${ }^{\text {d }} 61$ | 94 | 536 | d 38 | 872 | 96 | 202 | 896 |
| Kadiotelegraph carriers, operating revenues | 1,116 | 1,239 | 1,177 | 1,149 | 1,083 | 1,110 | 1,267 | 1,179 | 1,348 | 1,290 | 1,253 | 1,399 |

## CHEMICALS AND ALIIED PRODUCTS

| CHEMICALS | 12,451 | 9,791 | 10,037 | 9,625 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 14,157 \\ & 13.694 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15,566 \\ & 15,098 \end{aligned}$ | 13,544 <br> 13,158 | $\begin{aligned} & 12,441 \\ & 12,215 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10,499 \\ & 10,610 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 13,339 \\ & 13,192 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alcohol, denatured: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption......-.-.-.-thous. of wine gal.- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 12,6541,511 | 9,994 | 10,037 | 9,7071,662 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stocks, end of montb .......-.-.-.-......-do |  |  | 1, 586 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 10,443 \\ 2,605 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 11,510 \\ 2,919 \end{array}$ |  | 1,975 | 1,586 | 1,360 | 1,468 | $\begin{array}{r} 10,556 \\ 1,4665 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 13,192 \\ 1,313 \end{array}$ |
| Alcohol, ethyl: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stocks, warehoused, end of month.....do. | $\begin{aligned} & 20,248 \\ & 11,330 \\ & 22,789 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20,218 \\ & 20,957 \\ & 17,610 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20,948 \\ & 21,921 \\ & 17,752 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 21,423 \\ & 21,799 \\ & 17,499 \end{aligned}$ | 22,457 22,393 | 24,094 23,645 | $\begin{aligned} & 21,559 \\ & 18,480 \end{aligned}$ | 23,350 13,471 | 23,354 | 9,503 | 11,963 | 12, 166 | 11, 127 |
| Withdrawn for denaturing -.-.-........-do |  |  |  |  | 19,621 | 20,918 | 24, 218 | 25,552 | 23, 110 | 22,056 | 19,434 | 19,070 | 23, 705 |
| Withdrawn, tax paid....................do | 2,449 | 2,035 | 1,782 | 3,380 | 2,020 | 1,424 | 2,045 | 2,357 | 2,959 | 2,128 | 1,742 | 1,766 | 2,735 |
| Methanol: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Price, refined, wholesale (N. Y.) dol. per ga | . 34 | 35,725 .34 | $\begin{array}{r} 21,932 \\ .34 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 53,341 \\ .34 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 74,295 \\ .34 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 228,961 \\ .34 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 198,332 \\ .34 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 162,302 \\ .34 \end{array}$ | 191,739 .34 | $\begin{array}{r} 267,077 \\ .34 \end{array}$ | 14,283 .34 | 102,711 .34 | 94,467 .34 |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crude (wood distilled) ........thous. of ga |  | 442 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 3,409 } \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 426 \\ 3,426 \end{array}$ |  | 3,788 | $\begin{array}{r} 366 \\ 3,549 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,408 \\ 37,740 \end{array}$ | 4,440 | 4843,913 | $\begin{array}{r}450 \\ 3,420 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | - $\begin{array}{r}435 \\ 3,171\end{array}$ | 4553,673 |
|  | -31,986 | $\begin{array}{r} 3,486 \\ 32,204 \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 3,852 \\ 33,340 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Explosives, shipments..............thous. of 1 |  |  | 34, 475 | 32,877 |  | 35,036 | 37, 180 |  | 34, 444 | 33,461 | 36, 080 | 33, 631 | 35,722 |
| Sulphur production (quarterly): <br> Louisiana-.............................. long tons. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 525, 157 |  |  | 573, 421 |  |  | 567,698 |  |  |  |
| Sulphuric acid (fertilizer manufacturers): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| short tons.. |  | 140,272 | 143, 742 | 137, 321 | 134, 050 | 153, 215 | 140, 444 | 169, 878 | 179,677 | 178, 193 | 184, 149 | 162, 306 | 177, 376 |
| Price, wholesale, $66^{\circ}$, at works dol. per short ton.. | 16. 50 | $\begin{array}{r} 16.50 \\ 182,846 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16.50 \\ 191,643 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16.50 \\ 176,846 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16.50 \\ 180,553 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16.50 \\ 194,664 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16.50 \\ 193,243 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16.50 \\ 222,476 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16.50 \\ 216,290 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16.50 \\ 223,131 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16.50 \\ 221,788 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 16.50 \\ 234,026 \end{array}$ |
| Production....................--short to |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 16.50 \\ 226,069 \end{array}$ |  |
| Purchases: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| From others. |  | 27, 618 | $\xrightarrow{17,692}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18,013 \\ & 36,029 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24,133 \\ & 32,517 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 30,782 \\ & 31,476 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 33,813 \\ & 27,163 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 38,361 \\ & 25,518 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 33,220 \\ & 36,184 \end{aligned}$ | 23,941 32,732 | $\begin{aligned} & 32,570 \\ & 38,659 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26,343 \\ & 25,650 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25,309 \\ & 33,008 \end{aligned}$ |
| Shipments: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| To fertilizer manufacturers...-......- do | $\begin{aligned} & 32,533 \\ & 58.061 \\ & 94,820 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 37,371 \\ 59,090 \\ 89,282 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 34,534 \\ 57,344 \\ 90,971 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 44,063 \\ & 55,433 \\ & 94,628 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 45,680 \\ & 60,923 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 42,582 \\ & 59,393 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 48,635 \\ & 65,817 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 43,014 \\ & 57,475 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 36,377 \\ & 74.497 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 36,116 \\ & 81.591 \end{aligned}$ | 37, 311 | 39,082 78,095 |
| Stocks, end of month |  |  | 91, 732 |  |  | 103, 532 | 105, 557 | 110,939 | 100, 246 | 91, 407 | 100, 338 | 98, 151 |  |
| FERTILIZERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption, Southern States |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports. totals $\qquad$ thous. of short tons |  | $\begin{gathered} 1,125 \\ 65,98 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 329 \\ 108,207 \end{array}$ | ${ }^{122}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 72 \\ 122,837 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 61 \\ 178,474 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 142 \\ 144,348 \end{array}$ | 148, ${ }^{189}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 105 \\ 116,416 \end{array}$ | 138, ${ }^{182}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 518 \\ 109,654 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 762 \\ 94,316 \end{array}$ | 1,365 90,255 |
|  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 100,481 \\ 20,485 \\ 80,484 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15,379 \\ & 66,619 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 21,021 \\ 21,021 \\ 86,672 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 30,321 \\ 128,907 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 29,729 \\ 100,713 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 11,773 \\ 111,936 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 15,891 \\ 88,409 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 16,486 \\ 112,063 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 109,604 \\ 9,336 \\ 87,698 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14,010 \\ & \mathbf{1 1 , 0 3 1} \\ & 76,333 \end{aligned}$ | 90, 26510,6474,162 |
| Phosphate materials§...................-do |  | $\begin{aligned} & 20,053 \\ & 43,167 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prepared fertilizers......................-do |  | 144,702 | -544 | 6, 372 | $86,672$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 11,936 \\ 1,003 \end{array}$ | -88,428 |  | 87,698 | 76,333 | 74,162 686 |
| Imports, total§ .-...-........................do | 120, 330 |  | 146, 797 | 99, 002 | 117, 250 | 89.891 | 71,038 | 68,208 | 63, 852 | 62, 706 | 87,115 | 95, 474 | 152,323 |
|  | 106, 737 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 97,920 \\ 79,299 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 83,707 \\ 63,598 \\ 6,386 \end{array}$ | 109,618 | 75, 542 | 61, 456 | 63, 090 | 56, 362 | 50, 245 | 81, 085 | 92, 203 | 134, 290 |
|  | 89,5653,5511,51 |  |  |  | 82, 342 | 52,703 | 37,610 | 34, 822 | 28, 478 | 27, 718 | 34, 332 | 40, 254 | 84, 337 |
| Phosphates - ----------------------- do |  |  |  |  |  | 3, 136 | 364 | 3, 394 | 637 | 3, 179 | ${ }^{2}, 112$ |  | 1.086 |
| Price, who | 1,891 | 19,553 | 30, 197 | 10, 349 | 7,441 | 8,829 | 7,787 |  | 5,625 | 7,903 | 2,765 | 1,436 | 14, 110 |
| (N. Y.) | 1,470 | 1. 450 | 1.450 | 1.450 | 1.450 | 1.450 | 1.450 | 1.470 | 1.470 | 1.470 | 1. 470 | 1. 470 | 1.470 |
| Potash deli veries....-..............-short tons.- |  | 6,548 | 7. 521 | 27,054 | 39,212 | 37,998 | 51,213 | 46,003 | 51,644 | 36,833 | 51, 502 | 35,536 | 29,802 |
| Superphosphate (bulk): Production |  |  |  | 327, 169 | 323,567 |  |  | 404,467 | 398,341 |  | 408.192 |  |  |
| Shipments to consumers .-....................... |  | 228, 376 | 133,372 | 61, 120 | 27,584 | 45,389 | 130, 823 | 98, 210 | 45,649 | 425,188 | 55, 997 | 110,438 |  |
| Stocks, end of month --.................-do |  | 834, 900 | 906, 650 | 945, 712 | 1,010,047 | 1,091,183 | 1,135,178 | 1,201,715 | 1,244,655 | 1,285,408 | 1,264,881 | 1,202,767 |  |
| NAYAL STORES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Price, wholesale "H" (Savannah), bulk $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| dol. per 100 lb .. | 1.87 | 2.13 | 1.96 | 1.76 | 1.42 | 1.69 | 1.61 | 1.67 | 1.87 | 1.72 | 1. 73 | 1.65 | 1.78 |
| Receipts, net, 3 ports .-.-.....bbl. ( 500 lb .) |  | 26,679 | 37,792 | 43, 411 | 46, 132 | 48,389 | 40, 190 | 39, 820 | 35, 018 | 34, 098 | 17,906 | 11,941 |  |
| Stocks, 3 ports, end of month ..........do |  | 622, 133 | 516, 741 | 529,416 | 519, 556 | 524, 212 | 522, 181 | 528, 065 | 542,091 | 561,241 | 560,045 | 542,446 |  |
| Turpentine, gum, spirits of: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Price, wholesale (Savannah) .-.dol. pergal | 42 | $\begin{array}{r} 6,29 \\ 684 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} .28 \\ 9,429 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} .26 \\ 11,302 \end{array}$ | $12,340$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} .31 \\ 9.762 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} .35 \\ 8,364 \end{array}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}.39 \\ 2 \\ \hline 158\end{array}$ | . 3 |
| Receipts, net, 3 ports Stocks, 3 ports, end of month..........do. |  | - $\begin{array}{r}6,284 \\ 51,215\end{array}$ | 9, 50,704 | 53,345 | - $\begin{array}{r}12,348 \\ \hline 148\end{array}$ | - 51,488 | - $\begin{array}{r}\text { 91, } \\ \text {, } \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 8,364 44,961 | 44,488 | 6,986 40,016 | 35, 421 | 33,906 |  |
| OILS, FATS, AND BYPRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Animal, including fish oils (quarterly): <br> Animal fats: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption, factory..........thous. of |  |  |  | 231,581 |  |  | 235, 774 |  |  | 269, 361 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 633, 821 |  |  | 557, 921 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Greases: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption, factory ...............- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ |  |  |  | 89, 978 |  |  | 82,409 |  |  | 98, 639 |  |  | 104, 91 |
| Productio |  |  |  | 109, 979 |  |  | 104, 520 |  |  | 126, 451 |  |  | 120, 55 |

[^9]tRevised series. Data for telegraph and cable carriers revised to exclude data for radiotelegraph carriers; for revised data beginning 1934 , see table 48 , p. 16 of the Novem-
ber 1940 Survey. Wholesale price of gum rosin revised beginning 1919; see table 3, p. 17 of the January 1941 Surve. .
§Data revised for 1939; for exports, see table 14, p. 17, and for imports, table 15, p. 18, of the A pril 1941 Survey.

| Monthly statistics through December 1939, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1940 Supplement to the Surver | 1941 | 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1941 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | Novem. ber | Decem ber | $\underset{\operatorname{ary}}{\text { Jand }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Febru- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | March |

## CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PROIDUCTS-Continued

| OILS, FATS, AND BYPRODUCTS-Con. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Animal, including fish oils (quarterly)-Con. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shortenings and compounds: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production--...............-thous. of lb.- |  |  |  | 287,998 |  |  | 296, 179 |  |  | 332, 320 |  |  | 355, 698 |
| Stocks, end of quarter .................do. |  |  |  | 52,880 |  |  | 8, 144 |  |  | 3, 700 |  |  | 6,417 |
| Fish oiss: Consumption, factory................. do |  |  |  | 47, 402 |  |  | 43,958 |  |  | 51,818 |  |  | 45,542 |
| Production......-.... |  |  |  | 5,843 |  |  | 42,816 |  |  | 91, 722 |  |  | 15, 846 |
| Vegetable oils, total: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption, crude, factory (quarterly) mil. 0 |  |  |  | 756 |  |  | 622 |  |  | 017 |  |  | 096 |
| Exports.......................--thous. of ib |  | 9.178 | 8,804 | 8. 648 | 10,245 | 111,6950 | 9,680 | $\cdots$ | 7,290 | 9,318 | 8,758 | 37, 275 | 1,096 12,685 |
|  | 82,135 | 66, 051 | 71,149 | 78, 214 | 96,629 | 74, 854 | 57,977 | 64, 460 | 54, 366 | 68,389 | 51, 320 | 61, 097 | 57, 672 |
| Paint oils ..---------.-.............-.- do | 4, 536 | 1,388 | 11,944 | 15,791 | 19,533 | 1), 839 | 2,745 | 6,027 | 1,300 | 1,625 | 1,239 | 437 | 4, 626 |
| All other vegetable oils§ -.............-. il do --. | 77, 599 | 64,663 | 59, 205 | 62,424 | 77,096 | 64, 015 | 55, 232 | 58,433 | 53,066 | 66,764 | 50,081 | 60,660 | 53,046 |
| Stocks, end of quarter: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,059 |
| Crude.. |  |  |  | 713 |  |  | 737 |  |  | 935 |  |  | 4 |
| Refined |  |  |  | 684 |  |  | 452 |  |  | 570 |  |  | 637 |
| Сорга: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption, factory (quarterly) _short ton |  |  |  | 70, 217 |  |  | 57, 579 |  |  | 69,664 |  |  | 69,423 |
| Imports...-.-.-.......................do | 18,672 | 18,932 | 27,606 | 17,454 | 19,137 | 201, 578 | 11,980 29,293 | 26,861 | 30,584 | 27,606 34,797 | 34, 294 | 16,271 | 20,199 34,851 |
| Coconut or copra oil: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Refined (quarterly) |  |  |  | 58,492 |  |  | 56, 248 |  |  | 52, 296 |  |  | 61, 126 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1, 32,206 | 1,424 25,831 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crude-........... |  |  |  | 87,781 69,451 |  |  | 73,038 |  |  | 87,883 |  |  | 86,251 |
| RennedStocks, end of quarter: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crude.-.-.-........ |  |  |  | 202, 239 |  |  | 209, 674 |  |  | 242,973 |  |  | 209.940 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption (crusb) .--thous. of short tons --- Receipts at mills | 305 91 | $\begin{array}{r}173 \\ 28 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}101 \\ 26 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 57 23 | 18 | $\begin{array}{r} 77 \\ 125 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 353 \\ & 599 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 700 \\ \times, 407 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 644 \\ & 766 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 544 \\ & 657 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 560 \\ & 361 \end{aligned}$ | 458 225 | 373 147 |
| Stocks at mills, end of month.............do. | 403 | 172 | 97 | 63 | 40 | 86 | 333 | 1,040 | 1,162 | 1,276 | 1,076 | 844 | 617 |
| Cottonseed cake and meal: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 132, 635 | 83, 402 | 47, 227 | 26, 165 | 19,566 | 36, 303 | 155,320 | 312, 138 | 286, 890 | 239, 375 | 248, 916 | 201, 822 | 165,520 |
| Stocks at mills, end of month ..........do | 256, 255 | 151, 995 | 129, 173 | 110,909 | 79, 501 | 57, 539 | 95,884 | 130, 714 | 153, 465 | 175, 700 | 215, 358 | 252, 947 | 245, 634 |
| Cottonseed oil, crude: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stocks, end of month.......................dous. of | 102, 196 | 142,833 | 36,488 98,843 | 66, 134 | 37, 352 | 24, 267 | -80, 274 | 148, 288 | 182, 533 | 176, 626 | 176, 42 | 176, 281 | 122, 195 |
| Cottonseed oil, refined: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| In oleomargarine.................-- do.... |  |  |  | 316, 196 |  |  | 312, 007 |  |  | 328, 495 |  |  | 350,747 |
|  |  | 8,188 | 8,468 | 7,392 | 8, 526 | 8,275 | 9,956 | 11, 827 | 10,908 | 13, 107 | 13, 450 | 11,626 | 13, 142 |
| Price, wholesale, summer, yellow, prime (N. Y.) .............................dol. per lb. | 086 | . 068 | . 064 | . 060 | . 060 | . 056 | . 056 | 054 | . 057 | . 059 | . 064 | . 062 | .$^{071}$ |
| Production-.................. thous. of 1 lb | 130,692 | 97,318 | 79,498 | 51, 091 | 45, 862 | 34, 262 | 46, 171 | 134, 368 | 158,418 | 168, 517 | 179,925 | 145, 105 | 123, 722 |
|  |  | 640,916 | 600,480 | 553,395 | 493, 658 | 412, 564 | 348, 042 | 356, 104 | 400, 259 | 458, 335 | 484, 764 | 507, 248 | 505,219 |
| Imports........................thous of bu | 1,286 | 1,199 | 1,434 | 521 | 661 | [28 | 24 | 704 | 1,093 | 769 | 1,482 | 1,285 | 1,223 |
| Minneapolis: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts | 643 | 176 | 209 | 161 | 42 | 7,307 | 5,813 | 1,226 | 388 | 407 | 476 | 414 | ${ }_{7} 18$ |
| Shipments | 139 | 1, ${ }_{237}^{132}$ | 172 | 123 519 | 38 248 | 1,80 2,816 | 7,073 <br> 84 | 7,363 | 6, ${ }_{232}^{452}$ | 5, ${ }^{251}$ | 71 4,739 | 3,952 | 74 3,620 |
| Duluth: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 193 | 56 | 170 | 53 | 63 | 1, 1666 | 2,293 | 517 | 537 | 61 | 168 | 159 | 159 |
| Shipments | 168 | 0 | 180 | 0 | 183 | 1244 | 1,691 | 674 | 2,042 | 220 | 11 | 1 |  |
| Oiltocks-...-- | 619 | 88 | 78 | 130 | 10 | 1,333 | 1,935 | 1,778 | 277 | 118 | 275 | 434 | 593 |
|  |  |  |  | 6,637 |  |  | 6,943 |  |  | 10,083 |  |  | 10,228 |
| Stocks end of quarter--................do |  |  |  | 3,148 |  |  | 7, 038 |  |  | 7,077 |  |  | 4,159 |
| Price, wholesale, No. 1 (Mpls.) - dol. per bu. | 1.93 | 2.11 | 1.97 | 1.78 | 1.58 | 1.50 | 1.48 | 1.47 | 1. 59 | ${ }_{1}^{1.64}$ | 1.78 | 1.75 | 1. 80 |
| Linseed cake and meal: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 66, 237 | 21, 538 | 1,926 |  | 1,021 | 159 | 629 | 282 |  | 1,512 | 34 |  |
| Shipments from Minneapolis............do | 30,680 | 15,280 | 13,760 | 10,440 | 18,560 | 22, 760 | 29,440 | 34, 960 | 32, 440 | 42,920 | 44,400 | 30, 760 | 27, 800 |
| Linseed oil: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Price, wholesale (N. Y.)......-. dol. rer ib.- | 107 | . 108 | . 105 | . 099 | . 092 | . 087 | . 084 | . 083 | . 086 | . 088 | . 095 | . 095 | ${ }^{10} .099$ |
| Production (quarterly) .-...-....thous. of ib |  |  |  | 128,383 |  |  | 135, 389 |  |  | 192, 185 |  |  | 196,281 |
| Shipments from Minneapolis Stocks at factory, end of quarter | 21, 600 | 13, 020 | 14,000 | 14, 1350 | 14,350 | 14,550 | $16,600$ | 16, 600 | 13, 250 | $\begin{array}{r} 10,850 \\ 153.820 \end{array}$ | 14,350 | 14,950 | $\begin{array}{r} 18,900 \\ 192,850 \end{array}$ |
| Oleomargarine: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption (tax-paid withdrawals) $\ddagger$ do Price, wholesale, standard, uncolored (Chicago) -................................. dol. per lb- |  | 27, 582 | 24, 150 | 19,517 | 22,066 | 22,498 | 25,719 | 29,489 | 30,854 | 31, 118 | 33, 835 | 27, 869 | 34,328 |
|  | . 130 |  | 120 |  | 120 |  | 115 | 115 | . 115 | 115 | 118 | 120 | 125 |
|  |  | 27,411 | 24,703 | 19,870 | 22, 021 | 21, 664 | 26, 542 | 30, 160 | 30,002 | 32,457 | 34, 030 | 28, 103 | 33, 880 |
| Vegetable shortenings: <br> Price, wholesale, tierces (Chi.) .... dol. per lb.. | 11 | . 096 | . 098 | . 095 | . 095 | . 093 | . 090 | . 086 | . 087 | . 088 | . 094 | . 094 | . 097 |
| PAINT SALES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 342 55 | 272 54 | 302 56 | 247 43 | $\begin{array}{r}193 \\ 47 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 202 49 | $\begin{array}{r}213 \\ 50 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 218 | 140 40 | 150 44 | 208 35 | 182 43 | 301 43 |
| Cold-water paints: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 270 | 234 | 242 | 207 | 199 | 183 | 193 | 181 | 158 | 138 | 146 | 159 | ${ }_{376}^{202}$ |
| In paste form..........- | 483 | 382 | 413 | 316 | 251 | 295 | 311 | 302 | 273 | 259 | 294 | 279 | 376 |
| Paint, varnish, Totalacquer, and | 50,02935,160 | 36, 206 | 41, 722 | 36, 271 | 34, 056 | 34,991 | 33, 937 | 37,748 | 30,795 | 27,326 | 33,408 | 32, 538 | 38,541 |
|  |  | 26, 552 | 29, 744 | 25, 828 | 24, 278 | 24,973 | 24, 101 | 27, 347 | 22,819 | 20,472 | 24,609 | 24, 013 | 28, 245 |
|  | 15,24619,91414,869 | 10, 972 | 11, 051 | 9, 776 | 9,895 | 10,61. | 10,502 | 12,594 | 11, 336 | 10,785 | 12, 206 | 12, 177 | 13,752 |
|  |  | 15,580 9,654 | 18,693 <br> 11,978 | 16,052 10,443 | 14,383 <br> 9,779 | 14,351 10,018 | 13,599 9,836 | 14,753 <br> 10,401 | 11,483 7,976 | 9,686 6,854 | 12,403 8,789 | 11,837 <br> 8,525 | 14,493 10,296 |

[^10]$\ddagger$ Production and consumption of oleomargarine revised beginning July 1939 ; see note marked " $\ddagger$ "' on p. 40 of the April 1941 Survey.

| Monthiy statistics through December 1939, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1940 Supplement to the Survey | 1941 | 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1941 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | April | May | June | July | August | Sep- tember | October | November | Decem- ber | January | February | March |

## CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS-Continued



ELECTRIC POWER AND GAS

| ELECTRIC POWER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 12,669 | 11, 205 | 11, 614 | 11,489 | 12,094 | 12,444 | 11,984 | 13,055 | 12,765 | 13,456 | 13,641 | 12, 293 | +13,095 |
| By soure: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fuel.... | 7, 868 | \%i, 65.56 | 7,011 | 7, 727 | 7,934 | 8,476 | 8,129 | 9,396 | 8,731 | 9,057 | 9,054 | 8.381 | r 8, 706 |
| By type of producer: | 4,806 | 4, 549 | 4,604 | 4,217 | 4, 160 | 3,968 | 3,855 | 3,650 | 4, 034 | 4,399 | 4,587 | 3,912 | - 4,388 |
| Privately and municipally owned electric |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| utilities --.-.-.-...........mil. of kw.-hr- | 11,575 | 10, 279 | 10, 594 | 10,461 | 10.949 | 11,226 | 10,796 | 11,702 | 11.462 | 12,119 | 12,311 | 11,027 | 12, 1 \%1 |
| Other producers ande.......... do | 1,094 | 92.5 | 1,021 | 1,028 | 1,146 | 1,218 | 1,188 | 1,353 | 1,303 | 1,337 | 1,330 | 1,266 | 1,034 |
| Electric Institute) .........mil. of Kw.-hr |  | 9,272 | 9,367 | 9,479 | 9,611 | 10, 105 | 10,057 | 10,307 | 10,577 | 10,895 |  |  |  |
| Residential or domestic.-.-.............do. |  | 1,857 | 1,787 | 1,799 | 1,769 | 1,828 | 1,841 | 1,922 | 2,093 | 2,222 |  |  |  |
| Rural (distinct rural rates) --. --.........do |  | 126 | 152 | 211 | 262 | 288 | 260 | 177 | 131 | 109 |  |  |  |
| Commercial and industrial: <br> Small light and power |  | I, 759 | 1,742 | 1,799 | 1,819 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Large light and power |  | 4,608 | 4,797 | 4,827 | 4, 1.8198 | 5,191 | 5,115 | 5,445 | 1,970 | 2,034 |  |  |  |
| Street and highway lighting |  | 155 | 143 | 130 | 136 | 149 | 16.5 | -189 | 5201 | ${ }^{5} 417$ |  |  |  |
| Other puillic authorities. |  | 221 | 215 | 215 | 212 | 224 | 222 | 233 | 237 | 248 |  |  |  |
| Railways and railroads. |  | 481 | 468 | 439 | 444 | 451 | 442 | 488 | 504 | 551 |  |  |  |
| Interdepartmental .-...-.......-.-.-. do |  | 64 | 63 | 58 | 61 | 58 | 35 | 58 | 61 | 67 |  |  |  |
| Revenue from sales to ultimate customerst(Edison Electric Institute) ..... thous. of dol. |  | 194,535 | 193,280 | 195,785 | 195,547 | 201,993 | 204, 434 | 206, 983 | 214, 161 | 219, 913 |  |  |  |
| GAS $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufactured gas: |  | 9.910 | 10,003 | 10,020 | 10, 042 | 10, 064 | 10.140 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 9,181 | 9,269 | 9,299 | 9, 330 | 9,348 | (9, 408 | 9,398 | 9,367 | ${ }_{9}^{10,394}$ | 9,350 | 10, ${ }^{148}$ |  |
| House heating .-............................... do |  | 253 | 260 | 249 | 240 | 241 | 262 | 281 | - 292 | -304 | , 282 | ${ }^{294}$ |  |
| Industrial and commercial.....-..... do |  | 46.5 | 463 | 461 | 462 | 463 | 462 | 453 | 447 | 448 | 465 | 463 |  |
| Sales to consumers, total........-mil. of cu. ft. |  | 33.894 | 31,782 | 28,754 | 26,559 | 25, 105 | 27,641 | 30, 682 | 33,824 | 37, 946 | 37, 950 | 38,046 |  |
|  |  | 16,063 | 16,077 | 16,988 | 16,072 | 14,787 | 16, 760 | 17,340 | 15,623 | 15,892 | 17, 312 | 16, 947 |  |
| House heating |  | 7,195 | 5, 537 | 2, 183 | 1,233 | 932 | 1,241 | 2,837 | 7,290 | 10, 801 | 9, 608 | 10,095 |  |
| Industrial and commercial........-. do |  | 10,446 | 10,002 | 9,443 | 9,083 | 9,256 | 9, 491 | 10,316 | 10,699 | 11, 000 | 10,791 | 10, 704 |  |
| Revenue from sales to consumers, total thous. of dol. |  | 31,658 | 31, 137 | 29, 781 | 27,929 | 26,661 | 29, 134 | 31, 213 | 32, 589 | 34,904 | 35, 157 | 35, 166 |  |
| Domestic. |  | 20, 610 | 21, 650 | 22, 137 | 21, 133 | 19, 992 | 21, 932 |  | 21, 569 | 21,629 | 21, 988 | 21, 247 |  |
| House heating |  | 4, 446 | 3, 053 | 1,594 | 5968 | \% 789 | 1, 103 | 2,150 | 4, 137 | 6, 136 | 6, 107 | 6,784 |  |
| Industrial and commercial...-........do...-- |  | 6,465 | 6,322 | 5,965 | 5,744 | 5,783 | 6,005 | 6,464 | 6.750 | 6,992 | 6,918 | 6,987 |  |
| Natural gas: Customers, total $-\ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . t h o u s a n d s . ~$ |  | 7,498 | 7,516 | 7,482 | 7.461 | -,501 | 7,563 | 7,636 | 7,755 | 7.804 | 7,764 | 7.773 |  |
| Domestic - .-.........-.-.........-. do...- |  | 6,922 | 6,956 | 6,948 | 6, 832 | 6,976 | 7,033 | 7,080 | 7,158 | 7,194 | 7, 170 | 7, 182 |  |
| Industrial and commercial.........do-. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 528 | 554 | 594 | 608 | 591 | 889 |  |
| Sales to consumers, total ........ mil. of cu. ft. Domestic -...................................... |  | 122,464 40,300 | $\begin{array}{r}108,980 \\ 30,878 \\ \hline 188\end{array}$ | 96,361 <br> 21,524 <br> 20 | 93,728 <br> 17,883 | 96,16 16,233 | 106,689 17,449 8,49 | $\begin{gathered} 110,389 \\ 22,306 \end{gathered}$ | 126,389 34,047 | $\begin{array}{r} 147,071 \\ 49,515 \end{array}$ | $\xrightarrow{151,963}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 157,611 \\ 56,914 \end{array}$ |  |
| Indi., comi., and elec generation---- do |  | 81, 477 | 76,868 | 73,584 | 74,688 | 78,207 | 81, 413 | 86, 18.4 | 90, 342 | 95,516 | -95, 184 | 98, 98 48 |  |
| Revenue from sales to consumers, total thous. of dol. |  | 43,848 | 37, 143 | 30,885 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic.-.........................do..-- |  | 26, 627 | 21,540 | 16.574 | 14, 252 | 13, 284 | 13, 812 | 16,720 | 22,977 | 30,995 | 34, 885 | 35,046 |  |
| Ind'l., com'l., and elec. generation |  | 17,099 | 15, 401 | 14, 122 | 14,071 | 14,746 | 15,423 | 16,747 | 18,373 | 20,583 | 21,321 | 21,920 |  |

FOODSTUFFS AND TOBACCO

| ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fermented malt liquors: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production --.-.-.---.......thous. of bbl - | 5, 129 | 5,124 | 5,485 | 5,597 | 5,851 | 5, 074 | 4,001 | 3,915 | 3,396 | 3,606 | 3, 863 | 3,660 | 4, 434 |
| Tax-paid withdrawals..........-.-......do | 4,522 | 4, 187 |  | 5,856 | 5, 320 | 5,393 | 4, 300 | 4, 194 | 3,765 | 3,777 | 3,200 | 3,185 | 3,786 |
| Stocks | 8,642 | 9,127 | 9, 509 | 9,019 | 9,324 | 8,776 | 8,314 | 7,840 | 7,325 | 7,001 | 7,483 | 7,887 | 8,255 |
| Distilled spirits: <br> Production. $\qquad$ thous. of tax gal. | 14, 725 | 13,949 | 13,926 | 10,658 | 7,581 | 6,742 | 16,701 | 21,487 | 17,567 | 15,712 | 16,015 | 15, 131 | 15,475 |
| Tax-paid withdrawals................do..-- | 8.011 | 7,793 | 7,522 | 10,862 | 7,634 | 4,850 | 8,176 | 11,494 | 13,173 | 8,958 | 6,043 | 6,974 | 8, 4.58 |
| Irports .-- - .-....-- - thous of proof gal-- | 1,052 |  |  | [ $\begin{array}{r}1,824 \\ 525,395\end{array}$ |  | ${ }_{521} 504$ |  | \% $\begin{array}{r}18,084 \\ 518,638\end{array}$ | 1,240 518,358 | 1,386 522,699 | 530,859 | 630 536,917 | 879 54142 |
| Stocks.........................thous. of tax gal. Whisky | 546, 764 | 522, 515 | 525, 441 | 525, 395 | 523, 596 | 521, 601 | 519, 017 | 518, 638 | 518, 358 | 522,699 | 530,859 | 536, 917 | 541432 |
| Production .-.....-................. do | 11,860 | 11, 233 | 11,492 | 88,187 | 5,200 | 3, 252 | 6,762 | 10, 303 | 11,761 | 12, 265 | 13,532 | 12, 658 | 12,602 |
| Tax-paid withdrawals .-............do..-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8,982 | 10,529 1,096 | 7,331 1,270 | 5, 519 | 5,834 568 | 6, 6137 |
| Stocks...------------------ thous. of tax gal. | 499, 854 | 477,873 | 480, 599 | 480, 938 | 479, 189 | 477, 484 | 476,980 | 476, 298 | 475, 111 | 479, 102 | 486, 133 | 491,301 | 445, 315 |

- Revised. or Includes consumption in reporting company plants. $\ddagger$ Excludes consumption in reporting company plants.
$\dagger$ Revised series. Manufactured and natural gas revised beginning January 1929; earlier data will appear in a subsequent issue. Revised electric-power sales and revenue from sales beginning 1937 will be shown in a subsequent issue.
$\bullet$ Monthly data for 1920-39, corresponding to averages shown on p . 97 of the 1940 Supplement, appear in table 28 , pp. 17 and 18 of the December 1940 Survex; revised 1940 data not shown above are: Production-Total, Jan., 12,257 ; Feb., 11,107 ; Mar., 11,$515 ;$ by Guel, Jan., 9,$070 ;$ Feb., 7,917 ; Mar., 7,583 ; by water power, Jan., 3,187 ; Feb., 3,190; Mar., 3,932; by privately and municipaly owned utilities, Jan., 11,241 ; Fcb., 10,234 ; Mar., 10,536; by other producers, Jan., 1,015 ; Feb., 873 ; Mar., 978 .

| Monthly statistics through December 1939, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1940 Supplement to the Survey | 1941 | 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1941 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | November | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Decem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | January | February | March |

## FOODSTUFFS AND TOBACCO-Continued


'Revised.
1 December 1 estimate. $\quad$ For domestic consumption only, excluding grindings for export. $\quad$ No quotation. ditions are included
$\ddagger$ For monthly data beginning 1913, corresponding to monthly averages shown on p. 105 of the 1940 supplement, see table 20 , p. 18, of the April 1940 Survey.
$\dagger$ Data for 1939 revised. See note marked " $\dagger$ ", p. 42 of the January 1941 survey.
§Data for 1939 revised; for exports, see table 14, D. 17, and for imports, table 15, p. 18, of the April 1941 Survey.

| Monthly statistics through December 1939, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1940 Supplement to the Survey | 1941 | 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1941 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | April | May | June | July | August | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sep- } \\ \text { tember } \end{gathered}$ | October | Novem- ber | December | $\begin{gathered} \text { Janu- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | Fubriary | March |

## FOODSTUFES AND TOBACCO-Continued

GRAINS AND GRAIN PRODUCES-COD.
Corn-Continued.
Production (crop estimate) .....thous. of bu.
 Stocks, commercial, end of month...................... Oats:
Exports, including oatmeal§...................
Price, wholesale, No. 3, white (Chicago)
Production (crop estimate).......thous. of bu Receipts, principal markets..................... Stocks, commercial, end of month......-do...
Rice:
Exports§.......................................... $(100$ lb.). Imports pockets ( 100 lb .)
Price, wholesale, bead, clean (New Orleans)
Production (crop estimate) ..... thous. of bu Southern States (La., Tex., Ark., and Tenn.) Receipts, rough, at mills
Shipments from mills, milled rice Stocks, domestic, rough and cleaned (in terms of cleaned rice), end of inonth
California: thous. of pockets (100 lb.)
Shipment from mills, milled rice......do.... Stocks, rough and cleaned (in terms of Rye:
Rye: $\quad$ Exports, including flour ........thous. of bu Price, wholesale, No. 2 (Mpls.). dol. per bu. Production (crop estimate) ....thous. of bu. Receipts, principal markets...................... Stocks, commercial, end of month
heat: Exports:8 $\qquad$ Wheat, includi
No. 1, Dark Northern Spring (Minneapolis) No. 2, Red Winter (St. Louis) dol. per bu No. 2, Hard Winter (K. O.) Weighted av., 6 markets, all grades. do...
Production (crop est.), total...thous. of bu Spring wheat Winter wheat,
Shipments, principal m
Canada (Canadian wheat).............. do United States, total........................ do
Commercial
 Wheat four:
Disappearance (Russell-Pearsall)
Exportes.-..........................................
Crindings of wheat
Prices, wholesale: Standard patents (Mpls.) -..... dol. per bbl
Production: Flour. actual (Census) ........thous
Operations, percent of capacity. Flour (Russell-Pearsall) ......thous. of bhi Offal (Census)
Stocks, total end of month (Russell-Pearsall) Held by mills (Census) ....................

## LIVESTOCK

Cattle and calves:
Receipts. principal markets thous of animals. Receipts. prin
Disposition: Disposition:
Local slanghter
Shipments. total Stocker and feeder
Prices, wholesale (Chicago): lBeef steers.... (Chi.............. Steers, corn fed -........................ per 100 lb . Calves, vealers.................................................... do. Hogs:
Receints, principal markets thous. of animals. Disposition:
Lecal slaughter ter.......
er-
 do... Storker and feeder.
Prices:
Wholesale, heavy (Chi.)....dol. per 100 lb Hog.corn ratio bu. of corn per ewt. of live hogs bu

$r$ Revised.
$i$ Less than 50 bushels.

- December 1 estimate

Sata for 1939 revised; see table 14, p. 17 of the April 1941 Survey

| Monthly statistics through December 1939, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1940 Supplement to the Survey | 1941 | 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1941 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | November | Decem. ber | January | Fehruary | March |

## FOODSTUFFS AND TOBACCO-Continued

| LIVESTOCK-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sheep and lambs: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts. principal markets thous of animals Disposition: | 1,618 | 1,876 | 2,002 | 1,687 | 1,894 | 2,068 | 2,523 | 2,737 | 1,776 | 1, 597 | 1,721 | 1.416 | 1,520 |
| Local slaughter --.....................do. | 972 | 1,046 | 1,077 | 915 | 972 | 876 | 954 | 1,085 | 908 | 917 | 997 | 8.0 | 90 |
| Shipments, | 648 | 828 | 917 | 779 | 921 | 1,188 | 1,530 | 1,669 | 883 | 688 | 718 | 56,5 | 32 |
| Stocker and feed | 113 | 156 | 169 | 132 | 214 | 383 | 610 | 890 | 320 | 154 | 148 | 128 | 131 |
| Prices wh | 6. 75 | 5.10 | 4.16 | 3.84 | 3.45 | 3.50 | 3.83 | 4.01 | 4.03 | 4.10 | 5.22 | 5. $\mathrm{m}_{3}$ | 6. 27 |
| Lambs...................................do | 9.88 | 9.67 | 9.63 | 10.16 | 9.14 | 8.75 | 8.54 | 8.88 | 8.88 | 9.06 | 9.78 | 10.04 | 10. 29 |
| MEATS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption, apparent ............mil. of lb. |  | r 1, 168 | 1,200 | 1,144 | 1,152 | 1,228 | 1,167 | 1,365 | 1,289 | 1,200 | 1,250 | 1.072 | :1221 |
| Exports§.................................do |  | 28 | 21 | 19 | 35 | 17 | 16 | 17 | 17 | 1,200 | 1,250 | 1. | ${ }^{1.221}$ |
| Production (inspected slaughter) .......d |  | 1,133 | 1,200 | 1,177 | 1,122 | 1,068 | 1,051 | 1,349 | 1,442 | 1,550 | 1,356 | 1. 139 | 1.216 |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month | 1, 292 | 1,031 | 1,010 | 1,034 | 974 | 796 | 662 | 632 | 788 | 1,164 | 1,258 | 1,310 | 1, 2 s 2 |
| Miscellaneous m | 80 | 87 | 77 | 79 | 77 | 67 | 58 | 53 | 66 | 102 | 98 | 99 | 83 |
| Beet and veal: |  | 467, 534 | ז484, 142 | 441,163 | 479,493 | 480, 723 | 456, 800 | 524,736 | 463, 355 |  |  |  |  |
| Exports\$.................-.----.........- do |  | 1,491 | 1,366 | 1,323 | 1,076 | 1,403 | 1,280 | 1,508 | 1,609 | 1,181 | 502,003 | +29 1.099 | 1,512 |
| Price, wholesale, beef, fresh, native steers (Chicago) dol per Ib | . 170 |  |  |  | 176 | . 183 |  |  | 190 | 93 | 193 | Si) |  |
| Production (inspeeted slaughter) thous. of lb. |  | 453, 508 | 467, 179 | 429,851 | 471.496 | 469, 808 | 452,515 | 532,165 | 483,045 | 469, 265 | 496, 850 | 410, 821 | 449.098 |
| Stocks, beef, cold storage, end of mo...- do | 85,076 | 62, 020 | 53, 193 | 45,972 | 42,004 | 35, 663 | 36,303 | 48, 245 | 71,508 | 106,990 | 108, 622 | 98, 444 | -90. 373 |
| Lamb and mutton: |  | 57, | 56,647 | 52,42 | 54,886 | 57,579 | 57, 848 | 69, 1 | 58,705 |  |  |  |  |
| Production (inspected slaug |  | 56,657 | 56,567 | 52, 245 | 55, 019 | 57,457 | 58,108 | 69,618 | 59, 332 | 59,026 | 69, 936 | 60, 800 | 62. 328 |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of m | 5, 036 | 3,580 | 3,463 | 3,254 | 3, 342 | 3, 192 | 3,411 | 3,817 | 4,427 | 5,119 | 4,699 | 4, 448 | '4,375 |
| Pork (including lard): |  | 642 | 659,459 | 650, 297 | 617,900 | 68, 594 | 651,872 | 771,486 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports, total |  | 23,806 | 18,664 | 15,826 | 31,472 | 14,158 | 13,854 | 14, 033 | 13,555 | 702,972 | 674, 365 | 579. 2311 | 683.909 |
| Lard. |  | 18, 849 | 14,889 | 12,697 | 28, 239 | 1), 181 | 9,956 | 10, 198 | 10, 228 | 12,392 | 13, 666 | 14, 830 | 24,329 |
| Prices, wholesale: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hams, smoked (Chicago) --..-.- dol. per <br> Lard, in tierces: | . 238 | . 168 | 171 | . 173 | . 175 | . 178 | . 183 | . 183 | . 183 | . 183 | . 200 | . 218 | 218 |
| Prime, contract ( N | . 083 | . 066 | . 060 | . 060 | . 064 | . 055 | . 055 | . 052 | . 053 | . 050 | . 057 | (162 | 00 |
| Refined (Chicago) .....--.-.-.-...- | . 097 | . 072 | T0 | . 065 | 069 | 066 | 071 | . 068 | . 069 | . 068 | . 075 | .0-5 | 081 |
| Production (inspected slaughter), total thous. of |  | 622,544 | 675,942 | 694, 535 | 595,749 | 541, 180 | 540,486 | 747,045 | 899, 321 | 1,021.219 | 788,844 | 660. 956 | 704. 487 |
| Lard $\dagger$ | 125, 746 | 113,315 | 121,956 | 121, 511 | 103, 983 | 9(1, 525 | 84, 310 | 114, 789 | 145, 387 | 181,917 | 138.836 | 117.714 | 130, 029 |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of mont | 1,122.416 | 878, 008 | 876, 512 | 905, 296 | 851,896 | 685, 854 | 564, 904 | 526, 878 | 646, 492 | 950, 238 | 1,046,817 | 1,118,552 | -1,104,102 |
| Fresh and cured | 795, 717 | 611.956 | 592, 575 | 598, 522 | 548,688 | 417, 564 | 329, 214 | 303, 712 | 408,900 | 656,169 | 739,927 | 791.910 | r 785,387 |
| Lard甲....................................do | 326, 699 | 266, 052 | 283,937 | 306, 74 | 303, 208 | 272, 290 | 235, 690 | 223, 166 | 237, 592 | 294,069 | 306, 890 | 326, 642 | -318, 685 |
| POULTRY AND EGGS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts, 5 markets...-....thous. of mb | 19,863 | 19,889 | 26, 042 | 28, 212 | 26, 892 | 32,987 | 34,087 | 44, 248 | 89,802 | 88,005 | 27,933 | 19.159 | 19,324 |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month.....do.... | 101,000 | 86, 226 | 76,904 | 82, 336 | 82,415 | 82, 178 | 90, 842 | 114, 257 | 159, 110 | 208.365 | 191,410 | 163, 321 | - 12fi, 91/ |
| Eggs: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts, 5 markets ..........thous. of cases Stocks. cold storage, end of month: | 2,073 | 2,238 | 2,369 | 1,682 | 1,274 | 943 | 799 | 727 | 682 | 734 | 1,065 | 1,110 | 1. 520 |
| Shell ----.....-......-..-- thous. of c | 3, 030 | 3,341 | 5,980 | 7,513 | 7,784 | 7241 | 6,040 | 4, 144 | 1,969 | 614 |  | 307 | (1) |
| Frozen-............................ thous. of lb.. | 99,617 | 79,454 | 123, 793 | 150, 366 | 154,947 | 145653 | 130,787 | 111,815 | 91, 273 | 73,326 | 53,828 | 4.5,239 | + 83.3428 |
| TROPICAL PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Imports§....-.-.........-........ long tons. | 31,304 | 11,886 | 20,119 | 22, 288 | 41,185 | 35,396 | 24, 935 | 30,053 | , 082 | 40, 548 | 33, 795 | 27,615 | 32. 215 |
| Price, spot, Acera (N. Y.) ........dol. per lb.- | . 0731 | . 0600 | . 0553 | . 0495 | . 0466 | . 0426 | . 0451 | . 0452 | . 0489 | . 0534 | . 0520 | . 0558 | (1) |
| Cle |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clearances from Brazil, total -thous. of bags.. To United States | 1, 110 | 526 | 1,342 | 571 | 606 |  | ${ }_{7} 808$ | 1,050 | 1,094 | 1.306 1.149 1.15 | 1,455 | 1. 136 | 1.5.61 |
| Imports into United States | 2,135 | 1,274 | 1,339 | 1,226 | 1,393 | 1,148 | 994 | 1,247 | 1,386 | 1,605 | 2,010 | 2. 240 | 2,012 |
| Price, wholesale, Rio No. 7 (N. Y.) $\qquad$ | 068 | 55 | . 053 | 053 | 053 | . 051 | 51 | 051 | . 052 | .053 | . 053 | 05 | . 063 |
| Visible supply: <br> United States $\qquad$ thous. of bags.. | 1,948 | 895 | 1,018 | 997 | 992 | 975 | 1,044 | 997 | 1,099 | 1.1 | 1,300 | 1.600 | 709 |
| Sugar: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Raw sugar: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cuban stocks, end of month thous. of Spanish tons.. | 2, 460 | 2,496 | 2,260 | 2,021 | 1,776 | 1,650 | 1,568 | 1,473 | 1,216 | 1,181 | 1,037 | 1,258 | 2,421 |
| United States: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Meltings, 8 ports long tons. Price, wholesale, $96^{\circ}$ centrifugal (N. Y.) | 442, 264 | 339, 755 | 351, 629 | 336, 579 | 380, 198 | 318, 357 | 368, 346 | 303, 215 | 350, 401 | 305, 978 | 307, 619 | 323, 430 | 415,675 |
| dol. per 1 b . | . 034 | 28 | . 028 | 027 | . 027 | . 227 | . 027 | . 028 | . 029 | . 029 | . 029 | . 030 | 0.33 |
| Receipts: From Hawaii and Puerto Rico |  | 156,1.55 | 148, 904 | 64,831 | 100, 932 | 123, 183 | 125, 256 | 127, 822 | 136, 764 | 118, 252 | 34, 554 | 95, 057 | 143.3\% |
|  |  | 207. 784 | 222, 532 | 232.048 | 221, 696 | 198,490 | 143, 034 | 145, 042 | 175, 548 | 113,189 | 236, 098 | 276, 810 | 2,8.86i3 |
| From Cubat |  | 143,329 | 129,006 | 148,833 | 155, 545 | 98, 123 | 90,986 | 73, 155 | 91, 442 | 51,607 | 148, 938 | 164, 919 | 222, 179 |
| From Philippine Islands $\ddagger$......... do |  | 60, 535 | 93,447 | 79, 824 | 66, 140 | 99,852 | 52,041 | 71,884 | 79,097 | 45,955 | 83,458 | 106, 397 | 54, 3.57 |
| Stocks at refineries, end of month. . do | 460, 549 | 500,912 | 557, 928 | 55i, 564 | 487, 637 | 474, 426 | 412, 105 | 315, 501 | 295, 661 | 277, 946 | 276, 034 | 296, 796 | 312, 153 |
| Refined sugar (United States): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports ${ }^{\text {Price, retail gran (N. Y) }}$ ) dol per ib. | . 0.55 | 19,001 | $\begin{array}{r}18,392 \\ .050 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 38,635 .050 .06 | 2,034 .050 | 10,077 .050 | 7,420 .050 | -.050 | $\begin{array}{r}6,305 \\ .050 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}2,998 \\ .050 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 6,720 .050 | 0.50 | . 0.52 |
|  | . 0.0 | . 044 | 044 | 044 | . 044 | $(143$ | . 043 | 043 | . 043 | . 043 | 043 | . 044 | . 048 |
| Receipts: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| From Hawaii and Puerto Rico-long to |  | 26,245 $53,8,8$ | 29, 415 | 13,755 37,488 | 3,991 40,129 | 43,681 | 1,109 | - 1,406 | 1,654 10,076 | 2,054 | 2,366 12.976 | 22.737 23.361 | 29,442 474 461 |
| Imports. totalf |  | -53, 689 | 48,471 | 37, <br> 35,278 | 30,048 | 退 47,462 | 3, 29,711 | 24,994 | - ${ }_{6,155}$ | ${ }_{241}$ | + 7.477 | 20,251 | 41, 532 |
| From Philippine Islands $\ddagger$ |  | 8, 178 | 7.261 | 2, 187 | 8,066 | 6, ¢23 | 5,571 | 960 | 1,362 | 479 | 5,207 | 2,857 | 5,911 |
| Tea, imports....-...............thous of 1 lb . | 7,793 | 8,630 | 4,921 | 6,510 | 7,316 | 7, 176 | 7,783 | 9, 030 | 9,364 | 9,385 | 7,838 | 8,863 | 6, 197 |

"Revised. 4 Revised series; revisions beginning January 1937 appear in table 8, p. 18, of the January 1941 Survey; see also note marked "q" which applies to both production and stocks
Revised series; revisions beginning January 1937 appear in table 8, p. 18, of the January 1941 Survey; see also note marked "qq" which applies
IIn accordance with new definitions effective November 1, 1940, fats rendered from hog carcasses formerly reported as "lard" are now reported as "lard" and "rendered pork fat." The two are here combined to have figures comparable with the earlier data.
§Data for exports and imports revised for 1939; see table 14, p. 17, and table 15, p. 18, respectively, of the April 1941 Survey.

| Monthly statistics through Deceraber 1939, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1940 Supplement to the Survey | 1941 | 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1941 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | November | December | $\underset{\text { ary }}{\text { Janu- }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Febru- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | March |

## FOODSTUFFS AND TOBACCO-Continued

| M1SCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Candy, sales by manufacturers ... thous of dol.- | 18,467 | 16, 212 | 15, 953 | 12, 268 | 12,820 | 15,679 | 23,409 | 24, 111 | 24,159 | 22, 709 | 19,076 | 20, 411 | 21, 227 |
| Landings, fresh fish. prin. ports. thous. oflb. |  | 20, 344 | 26,603 | 35, 583 | 55,715 | 51,461 | 44,624 | 40,836 | 36, 070 | 31,518 | 22,027 | 29,189 | 37, 224 |
| Salmon, canned, shipments ..........ccases... |  | 603,249 | 86, 061 | 204, 827 | 375, 008 | 880, 148 | 794, 289 | 817,370 | 463, 549 | 728, 566 | 530, 784 | 421, 338 | 277,998 |
| Stocks, cold storage, 15 th of menth thous. of lb... | 35,568 | 34, 835 | 33, 756 | 45,473 | 62,062 | 76,479 | 86,321 | 94,006 | 95, 531 | 100, 088 | 86,880 | 71,458 | - 49,805 |
| Gelatin, edible: <br> Monthly report for 7 companies: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production.............................. do | 1,847 | 2,029 | 1,688 | 1,587 | 1,229 | 1,150 | 1,160 | 1,397 | 1,625 | 1,856 | 1,806 | 1,686 | 1.859 |
|  | 2,205 |  | 1,711 | 1,622 | 1,715 | 1,674 | 1,399 | 1,595 | 1,636 | 1,775 | 1,617 | 1,513 |  |
| Quarterly report for il companies:---.-...-do | 4, 882 | 7,009 | 6,985 | 6,950 | 6,464 | 5,940 | 5,701 | 5,503 | 5,492 | 5,574 | 5,763 | 5,935 | 5,240 |
| Quarterly report for 11 companies: Production. |  |  |  | 6,971 |  |  | 4,700 |  |  | 64 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 10, 362 |  |  | 8,600 |  |  | 8, 421 |  |  |  |
| TOBACCO |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lear: Exports, incl. scrap and stems§. -tbous. of lb- |  | 15,912 | 32.616 | 20,965 | 15,533 | 14,360 | 7,644 | 11, 526 | 11,836 | 18,947 | 14,844 | 14,930 |  |
| Imports incl. scrap and stems§......-do - | 5,927 | 5,790 | 6,770 | 6,425 | 7,780 | 7,329 | 6, 239 | 6,734 | 5,365 | 7,091 | 6,268 | 4,898 | 7,087 |
| Production (crop estimate) .........mil. of lb-. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11,376 |  |  |  |
| Stocks, dealers and manufacturers, total, end <br>  |  |  |  | 3, 031 |  |  | 3,123 |  |  | - 3,437 |  |  | 3,568 |
| Domestic: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cirear leaf |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 378 \\ & 227 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 358 \\ & 207 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} +322 \\ \\ 202 \end{array}$ |  |  | 396 299 |
| Flue-cured and light air -ured -....-d |  |  |  | 2,290 |  |  | 2, 431 |  |  | 2,789 |  |  | 2,752 |
| Miscellaneous domestic. .-....--...-d |  |  |  | 3 |  |  | 3 |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |
| Foreign grown: Cigar leaf. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cigarette tobacco |  |  |  | 112 |  |  | 106 |  |  | 102 |  |  | 99 |
| Manufactured products: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption (tax-paid withdrawals): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 15,854 490,585 | 14,820 425,140 | 16,275 469,313 | 17,565 435,029 | 15,913 460,523 | 15,840 487,641 | 14,890 475,725 | 16,448 583,508 | 14,347 507,349 | 13,815 349,780 | 16,287 | 14,465 385,349 | 15,529 430,326 |
| Large cigars. thousands <br> Manufactured tobacco and snuff | 490, 585 | 425, 140 | 469, 313 | 435,029 | 460, 523 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports, cigarettess............... thousands. | 29, 127 | $\begin{array}{r} 28,481 \\ 509,420 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 29,924 \\ 803,312 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 27,660 \\ 604,312 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 29,333 \\ 406,076 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 28,849 \\ 639,101 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 28,729 \\ 285,106 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 34,718 \\ 533,455 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 28,596 \\ 472,923 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 24,758 \\ 597,390 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 28,958 \\ 626,129 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 25,202 \\ 584,281 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 28,253 \\ 685,139 \end{array}$ |
| Prices, wholesale (list price, destination): <br> Cigarettes, compasite price.. dol. per 1,000 . |  | 5. 513 | 5. 513 | 5.513 | 5. 760 | 5. 760 | 5. 760 | 5.760 | 5.760 | 5.760 | 5.760 | 5. 760 | 5. 760 |
| Cigars, composite price.............do.... | 46.056 | 46.056 | 46.056 | 46.056 | 46.056 | 46.056 | 46.056 | 46.056 | 46.056 | 46.056 | 46.056 | 46.056 | 46. 056 |
| Production, manufactured tobacco: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total.................................................... Fine cut chewing |  | 25, 564 | 26,889 512 | 24, 167 | 26,887 ${ }_{432}$ | 25,933 | 26,300 | 31, 133 | 25,704 | 22,941 380 | 25,153 426 | 22,630 | 24,766 389 |
| Plug. |  | 4, 278 | 4,331 | 4,115 | 4,521 | 4, 225 | 4,145 | 4,195 | 3,942 | 3,681 | 3,882 | 3,748 | 4, 065 |
| Scrap chewing |  | 3,507 | 3,539 | 3,187 | 3,985 | 3,807 | 3, 525 | 4,009 | 3,256 | 3,196 | 3,636 | 3. 347 | 3,385 |
| Smokin |  | 16, 949 | 18, 004 | 16, 082 | $17,460$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16,949 \\ 497 \end{array}$ | $17,762$ | $21,950$ | 17,642 | 15, 227 | 16,752 | $\begin{array}{r}14,719 \\ \hline 461\end{array}$ | 16, 468 |
| Twist |  | 458 | 503 | 416 | 480 | 497 | $47 \theta$ | 536 | 442 | 456 | 457 | 461 | 468 |

## FUELS AND BYPRODUCTS

| COAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Anthracite. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports ...-----.-......thous. of long tons.- |  | 121 | 282 | 363 | 329 | 222 | 221 | 167 | 141 | 153 | 146 | 159 | 180 |
| Prices, composite, chestnut: Retail..............do | 11.67 |  |  | 11, 04 |  |  | 11.41 | 11,48 | 11.57 | 11.59 | 11.67 | 11. 66 | 11. 66 |
|  | 9.801 | 9.388 | 9.278 | 9.333 | 9.462 | 9.558 | 9.636 | 9.769 | 9.775 | 9.793 | 9.823 | 9.826 | 9.805 |
| Production...-.-.-....-- thous. of short tons.-- | 3,203 | 3,746 | 3,957 | 4,367 | 4,408 | 3,775 | 4,056 | 4,234 | 3,869 | 4,699 | 4,977 | 4,432 | +4,595 |
| Stocks, end of month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| In producers' storape yards .-. ---.-. do...-- |  | 91 | 137 | 506 | 953 | 1,164 | 1,279 | 1,112 | 1,112 | 939 | 704 | 531 | 331 |
| In selected retail dealers' yards number of days' supply.- |  | 24 | 37 | 40 | 46 | 56 | 51 | 49 | 57 | 45 | 33 | 26 | 23 |
| Bituminous: mamber |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports..........-.... thous. of long tons.- |  | 1,231 | 2,081 | 1,948 | 1,849 | 1,806 | 1,488 | 1,091 | 1,065 | 518 | 454 | 488 | 658 |
| Industrial consumption, total thous. of short tons.. |  | 26,072 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 32,637 | 33, 588 | 31, 161 | r34, 041 |
| Beehive coke ovens..-----.-.-.-- do. - .-. | 29,006 148 | 26,072 160 | 25,741 166 | $\begin{array}{r}24,988 \\ \hline 240\end{array}$ | 25,877 367 | 27,079 442 | 26, 438 | 30,333 577 | 30,961 626 | 32, 736 | 33,588 817 | 31,161 789 | -34, 931 |
| Byproduct coke ovens..-- ---.-.---- do. | 6, 404 | 5, 632 | 6,000 | 6,184 | 6,603 | 6, 703 | 6,624 | 6,928 | 6,799 | 6,999 | 7.061 | 6, 445 | 7, 157 |
| Cement mills ..-......-- .-.-.-...-.-.-. - do. | 489 | 418 | 513 | 542 | 6 519 | - 534 | 543 | 578 | - 556 | 507 | 407 | 370 | 470 |
|  | 208 | 205 | 131 | 124 | 123 | 136 | 139 | 139 | 139 | 171 | 152 | 139 | 150 |
| Electric power utilities..........-.-......do | 4,247 | 3, 561 | 3,696 | 3, 839 | 4, 079 | 4,341 | 4,177 | 4,812 | 4,582 | 4,737 | 4,782 | 4,446 | r 4, 729 |
| Railways (class I) .-..................... do | 6,833 | 6, 721 | 6,534 | 6, 199 | 6,391 | 6,612 | 6,606 | 7,349 | 7,594 | 8,072 | 8,176 | 7,666 | r 8.600 |
| Steel and rolling mills.................. do | 947 | 725 | 751 | . 690 | 7715 | 791 | - 752 | 870 | 895 | 975 | 1,043 | 966 | 1,024 |
|  | 9, 730 | 8,650 | 7,950 | 7,170 | 7,080 | 7,520 | 7,510 | 9,080 | 9,770 | 10,440 | 11, 150 | 10,340 | -10, 980 |
| Other consumption: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Vessels (bunker) .......thous. of long tons.. | 45 | 93 226 | 128 | 100 231 | 102 258 | 112 281 | 102 | 105 277 | 107 286 | 80 296 | 83 315 | 78 298 | 77 345 |
| Prices: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Retail, compositel.......dol, per short ton.Wholesale: | 8.86 |  |  | 8.36 |  |  | 8.54 | 8.75 | 8.84 | 8.87 | 8.87 | 8.87 | 8.88 |
| Mine run, composite. .-...--......... do | 4. 398 | 4.275 | 4.265 | 4. 264 | 4.251 | 4. 256 | 4. 277 | 4. 403 | 4.393 | 4.393 | 4.390 | 4. 389 | 4.389 |
| Prepared sizes, composito | 4. 533 | 4. 297 | 4. 230 | 4. 231 | 4.276 | 4.314 | 4.354 | 4.602 | 4.619 | 4.618 | 4.616 | 4. 615 | 4615 |
| Production $\ddagger$..........-. thous. of short tons.- | 6,266 | 32,790 | 34, 896 | 32,400 | 35,890 | 39,010 | 38,650 | 38,700 | 40, 012 | 41, 400 | 44,070 | 41, 695 | 48,250 |
| Stocks, industrial and retail dealers, end of month, total thous. of short tons | 36, 587 | 35, 721 | 39, 203 | 41,563 | 45,438 | 48, 111 | 51, 122 | 51, 564 | 51,872 | 50,998 | 48, 702 | 48,518 | - 50, 690 |
|  | 32,507 | 30, 521 | 32, 403 | 34,563 | 37, 538 | 39,611 | 42,122 | 42, 464 | 42,922 | 42,978 | 42, 102 | 42, 518 | - 45, 590 |
| Byproduct coke ovens................do | 4,970 | 5,150 | 5,956 | 6,506 | 7,448 | 7,832 | 8,861 | 9, 712 | 10, 091 | 10, 184 | 9,887 | 9,890 | 9,854 |
| Cement mills...................--......do. | 390 | 463 | 486 | 507 | 494 | 551 | 578 | 515 | 476 | 436 | 408 | 440 | 562 |
|  | 220 | 243 | 248 | 284 | 292 | 291 | 287 | 285 | 273 | 284 | 258 | 247 | 247 |
|  | 9, 540 | 9, 514 | 9,798 | 10,241 | 10, 559 | 11,003 | 11,337 | 11,309 | 11, 413 | 11,336 | 11,119 | 10,944 | -11, 330 |
| Railways (class I) .-.....-----.-.-. do | 5, 714 | 4, 526 | 4,602 | 4,644 | 5,240 | 5,693 | 5,679 | 5,493 | 5,748 | 5,921 | 6,235 | 7,216 | + 8, 741 |
| Steel and rolling mills.-.-.------.-.-.- do | 723 | 565 | 533 | 541 | 605 | 661 | 690 | 660 | 691 | 827 | 935 | 1,041 | 1. 276 |
|  | 10,950 | 10,060 | 10,780 | 11,840 | 12,900 | 13, 580 | 14,690 | 14,490 | 14, 230 | 13,890 | 13,260 | 12, 740 | -13, 580 |
| Retail dealers, total....................do. do.... | 4,080 | 5,200 | 6, 800 | 7,000 | 7,900 | 8,500 | 9,000 | 9, 100 | 8,950 | 8,020 | 6,600 | 6,000 | 5, 100 |

- Revised

IData for 1938 revised. See p. 45 of the August 1940 Survey.
Somposite price for 37 cities in June, September, and October; 36 cities in November; and 35 cities beginning in December. Data for retail coal prices, both anthracite and bituminous, are now compiled on a monthly basis for the coal-burning season, September through April.
§Data for exports and imports revised for 1939; see table 14, p. 17, and table 15, p. 18, respectively, of the April 1941 survey.

| Monthly statistios through December 1939, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1940 Supplement to the Survey | 1941 | 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1941 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | Novem- ber | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | Janu- | February | March |

LEATHER AND PRODUCTS-Continued

| HIDES AND SKINS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Livestock (federally inspected slaughter): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Calves . ...................thous. of animals.- | 507 | 480 | 501 | 437 | 457 | 432 | ${ }^{5} 412$ | 507 | 462 | 437 | 411 | 384 | 444 |
|  | 792 | 774 | 796 | 738 | 822 | 842 | 812 | 968 | 884 | 858 | 891 | 717 | 760 |
|  | 3,807 | 3,610 | 3,890 | 3,886 | 3,219 | 3,045 | 3, 168 | 4,483 | 5,419 | 6,063 | 4,517 | 3,725 | 3,904 |
| Sheep and lambs --....-.-......--....do | 1,436 | 1,355 | 1,420 | 1,378 | 1,448 | 1,489 | -1,473 | 1,734 | 1, 462 | 1,416 | 1,625 | 1,391 | 1,408 |
| Prices, wholesale, Hides, packers', heavy, native steers |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| dold per lb.- | . 137 | . 127 | . 123 | . 105 | . 114 | . 102 | .123 | . 140 | . 146 | . 133 | .133 | .124 | 129 |
| Calfskins, packers', 8 to $15 \mathrm{lb} . . . \mathrm{-}$. | . 240 | . 212 | . 214 | . 187 | . 188 | . 153 | . 166 | . 203 | . 218 | . 213 | . 216 | . 216 | 225 |
| Leatimer |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports: |  | 354 |  |  |  | 33 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 3.842 | 2,902 | 2,701 | 2,031 | 2,256 | 1,971 | 2.752 | ${ }_{2}, 626$ | 2776 | 2489 | 1,216 | 2,799 |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Calf and kip ................. thous. of skins |  | 889 | 993 | 936 | 953 | 996 | 844 | 980 | 912 | 964 | 994 | -1,014 | 1,154 |
| Cattle bides .-........-.......thous of hides |  | 1,566 | 1,590 | 1,452 | 1,534 | 1,739 | 1,597 | 1,977 | 1,941 | 2,054 | 2,182 | +2,119 | 2. 150 |
| Goat and kid. - .-.............thous. of skins.- |  | 3,413 | 3,259 | 3,087 | 3,077 | 3,030 | 2, 830 | 3, 098 | 2, 672 | 3,098 | 2,953 | + 3, 064 | 3,417 |
| Sheep and lamb $\ddagger$.......................-do... |  | 3,212 | 3, 357 | 2,880 | 2,873 | 3,261 | 3,050 | 3,643 | 3,411 | 3,320 | 3,494 | + 3, 797 | 3. 724 |
| Prices, wholesale: Sole, oak, scoured ba |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| dol. per lb.. | . 367 | . 345 | . 344 | . 340 | . 325 | . 305 | . 300 | . 812 | . 343 | . 345 | . 35 | . 355 | . 355 |
| Chrome, calf, B grade, black, composite <br> dol per sq. ft |  | .46 | . 469 | . 455 | . 453 | . 442 | . 440 | . 453 | . 466 | . 478 | . 481 | 480 | 186 |
| Stocks of cattle hides and leather, end of mo.: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total ....-.-.-.-...-thous of equiv. hide |  | 12,362 | 12,406 | 12,721 | 12,718 | 12, 779 | 12,940 | 13,377 | 33,764 | 13,998 | - 14, 041 | r 13,647 | 13.256 |
| In process and finished .-.-.-..........do |  | 8,584 | 8,735 | 8,905 | 8,875 | 8,879 | 8,945 | 9, 174 | 9, 400 | 9,544 | ' 9 , 5689 | ${ }^{\text {r }}$ 9, 364 | 8,987 4 |
| Raw |  | 3,778 | 3,671 | 3,816 | 3,843 | 3,900 | 3,995 | 4,203 | 4,364 | 4, 454 | 4,472 | - 4,283 | 4269 |
| LEATHER MANUFACTURES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gloves and mittens: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (cut) total...........dozen pairs.. |  | 146,345 81,355 | $\begin{aligned} & 169,671 \\ & 100,717 \end{aligned}$ | 179,972 | (2) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 235, 1490 |
| Work |  | 64, $\mathbf{6 9 0}$ | 68, 654 | 108,674 | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | 188,020 78,499 | 127,698 76,615 | 446, 187 89,103 |
| Boots, shoes, and slippers: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports§, ${ }_{\text {Prices, }}$ wholesale factory: |  | 177 | 142 | 129 | 105 | 202 | 206 | 168 | 170 | 108 | 10 | 219 | 241 |
| Prices, wholesale, ${ }^{\text {Men's }}$ black calf blucher |  | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6. 00 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.00 |
| Men's black calf oxford, corded tip..do...- | 4.27 | 4.25 | 4.25 | 4. 25 | 4.25 | 4.25 | 4.25 | 4.25 | 4.25 | 4. 25 | 4. 25 | 4.25 | 4. 25 |
| Women's colored, elk blucher --..-. do.... | 3.30 | 3.30 | 3.30 | 3.30 | 3.30 | 3.30 | 3.30 | 3.30 | 3.30 | 3.30 | 3. 30 | 3.30 | 3. 30 |
| Production, boots, shoes, and slippers: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 30,533 |  |  |  | -42,663 |
|  |  |  | 50, ${ }_{344}$ | ${ }^{28}, 12$ | 34, 320 | ${ }^{3} 934$ | $\begin{array}{r}380 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | -508 | - 469 | -380 | 32, 324 | - $\begin{array}{r}42,683 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| All fabric"(satin, canvas, etc.) ......do | 582 | 974 | 1,037 | 693 | 308 | 318 | 316 | 324 | 305 | 349 | 414 | 493 | -453 |
| Part fabric and part leather .-.a....do | 1,153 | 736 | 450 | 317 | 380 | 522 | 479 | 815 | 833 | 1,013 | 1,586 | 1,645 | r 1, 400 |
| High and low cut, leather, total. ... do | 35, 884 | 26,043 | 24, 198 | 22, 808 | 28, 478 | 33, 109 | 28, 310 | 28, 805 | 22, 541 | 25, 430 | 32, 215 | 32868 | - 36,427 |
| Boys' and youths'................do | 1,555 | 1,022 | 1, 163 | 1,227 | 1,391 | 1,624 | 1,366 | 1,533 | ${ }^{\text {r }}$, 2881 | 1,312 | 1,359 | 1,266 | 1,461 |
| Infants'....-.-.-.-.,-..........do | 2,166 | 1,736 | 1,599 | 1,602 | 1,710 | 1, 814 | 1, 808 | 2, 132 | ${ }^{1,823}$ | 1,891 | 2,148 | 1,947 | 2, 256 |
| Misses' and children's............do | 3,969 | 2,951 | 2.711 | 3,007 | 3,437 | 3,741 | 3, 399 | 3,511 | 2,941 | 3, 287 | 3,909 | 3,954 | 4,217 |
|  | ${ }^{2} 11,198$ | 7,587 | 7,416 11310 | 6,908 10,065 | 8,018 13,922 | - $\begin{array}{r}\text { 9, } 632 \\ 16.299\end{array}$ | 8,687 13,051 | 10,265 | ${ }_{7}^{8.678}$ | 8,788 | ${ }^{2} 10,254$ | 29,999 | r210, $r 17,726$ |
| Women's | 16,996 | 12,747 | 11,310 | 10, 065 | 13,922 | 16, 299 | 13, 051 | 11,385 | 7,819 | 10, 151 | 14, 544 | 15, 704 | -17, 26 |
| slippers and moccasins for housewear thous. or pairs. |  |  | 3,219 | 3,214 | 4,047 | 4,950 | 5,419 | 6,341 | 6, 143 | 4, 120 |  | 2,343 |  |
| All other footwear..................do.... | 1,015 | 716 | 890 | 718 | 479 | 355 | 189 | 244 | 203 | 243 | 496 | 615 | -990 |

LUMBER AND MANUFACTURES

| LUMBER-ALL TYPES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Exports, total sawmill products§.... M bd. ft.- |  | 79,880 | 99,098 | 91, 180 | 108,059 | 98, 296 | 89,940 | 72,862 | 73,911 | 61,960 | 79,865 | 60, 921 | 50,968 |
| Sawed timber§......-...................... do.. |  | 19,934 | 26, 859 | 14,892 | 14,880 | 11, 155 | 12,271 | 10, 342 | 10,085 | 6, 443 | 14,907 | 7,755 | 2, 541 |
| Boards, planks, scantlines, etc. $\mathrm{\delta}$.........do. |  | 52,469 | 65, 731 | 62, 509 | 81,099 | 68, 262 | 69,356 | 56.499 | 53, 023 | 36, 434 | 46, 449 | 42, 140 | 35, 284 |
| Imports, total saw mill products...........do | 79, 734 | 45,357 | 71,006 | 60,725 | 65, 714 | 64, 704 | 71,374 | 74,975 | 71,548 | 71, 202 | 62,349 | 67,504 | 83, 861 |
| National Lamber Mfrs. Assn.: $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2,568 381 | 2, 199 | $\begin{array}{r}2,343 \\ 328 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2. 257 | 2, 227 | 2,541 300 | 2,484 353 | 2, 671 | 2,342 388 | 2, 227 | 2, 298 | 2,175 322 | 2.392 325 |
|  | 2,187 | 1,868 | 2,016 | 1,973 | 1.968 | 2,241 | 2, 131 | 2,245 | 1,954 | 1,870 | 1,939 | 1,853 | 2,067 |
|  | 2,512 | 2,211 | 2,398 | 2, 219 | 2,305 | 2, 665 | 2, 751 | 2,947 | 2,569 | 2, 405 | 2,479 | 2,228 | 2,391 |
|  | 387 | 327 | 335 | 328 | 339 | 379 | 399 | 453 | 422 | 383 | 393 | 357 | 369 |
|  | 2, 125 | 1,885 | 2. 063 | 1.891 | 2,017 | 2, 286 | 2,352 | 2, 495 | 2, 147 | 2, 022 | 2,086 | 1,871 | 2,022 |
| Stocks, gross, end of month, total......do | 6,406 | 7,556 | 7, 520 | 7, 586 | 7,482 | 7,363 | 7, 146 | 6,904 | 6,685 | 6, $5=2$ | 6,384 | 6.331 | 6,333 |
| Hardwoods.....-.-....................... do | 1,374 | 1, 228 | 1,820 | 1.776 | J, 699 | 1, 620 | 1, 573 | 1,548 | 1,514 | 1,497 | 1,453 | 1,418 | 1,374 |
|  | 5,031 | 5,729 | 5,700 | 5,810 | 5,783 | 5,743 | 5,573 | 5,356 | 5,171 | 5.065 | 4,931 | 4,913 | 4,959 |
| FLOORING: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maple, beech, and birch: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new........................... M bd. ft. | 8,075 | 6,350 | 6,550 | 7,000 | 9,350 | 10,725 | 8,700 | 9,900 | 6,450 | 5,750 | 8,075 | 8,225 | 7,900 |
| Orders, unfilled, end of month......... do.. | 11, 175 | 9,900 | 9,360 | 8,900 | 9,375 | 10,800 | 11, 150 | 11,600 | 11, 150 | 10, 100 | 10, 950 | 11,600 | 11,350 |
|  | 8,275 | 6,850 | 6,420 | 6,450 | 7,450 | 8,175 | 7,500 | 9,200 | 7,100 | 7,600 | 8,550 | 6,650 | 7,800 |
| Shipments................................... do. | 8,325 | 6,950 | 7,270 | 7,400 | 8,750 | 9,350 | 8,400 | 9,600 | 7,000 | 6,600 | 7,275 | 7,650 | 8,300 |
| Stocks, end of month.....................- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 18,200 | 19,700 | 19,060 | 18,400 | 17,350 | 16,600 | 16,000 | 15,850 | 16,200 | 17, 500 | 19,300 | 18,350 | 18,350 |
| Oak: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 58, 267 | 34, 438 | 45,935 | 33,357 | 49,587 | 65, 836 | 51,344 | 47,571 | 31,588 | 25,942 | 35,903 | 45, 981 | 45,931 |
| Orders, unfilled, end of month..........do | 74,089 | 61,242 | 61,461 | 52,512 | 59,380 | 72, 557 | 73,818 | 68, 765 | 55,519 | 46,695 | 44, 681 | 54, 985 | 62.250 |
| Production.................................. do | 43, 227 | 41, 190 | 43, 865 | 38,015 | 41,658 | 46, 148 | 46, 916 | 51,938 | 48,413 | 44, 254 | 46, 656 | 38,409 | 40,369 |
|  | 46, 428 | 41,264 | 45, 716 | 43,127 | 44, 412 | 52, 655 | 50, 083 | 52, 624 | 44,642 | 36,664 | 37, 941 | 35, 677 | 40, 666 |
| Stocks, end of month | 70,737 | 79,397 | 75, 139 | 70,027 | 65,317 | 57,879 | 52, 712 | 51,426 | 55.197 | 62,788 | 71,503 | 74. 235 | 73.938 |
| SOFTWOODS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Douglas fir: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 33, 243 | 45,288 | 29,078 | 38, 014 | 37.625 9,595 | $\begin{array}{r} 26,888 \\ 0,385 \end{array}$ | 32,170 9,130 | 30,752 8,390 |  | 27,896 12,620 | 24,347 | $12,651$ |
| Sawed timber§.-....-.................- do. |  | 13, 603 | 21,375 | 10, 180 | 10,771 | 9,595 28,030 | 9,385 17,503 | 9,130 23,040 | 8,390 22,362 | 4,157 10,128 | 12,620 | 6. 555 | 11,365 |
| Boards, planks, scantlings, etc.8.-....do. |  | 19,640 | 23,913 | 18,898 | 27,243 | 28,030 | 17,503 | 23,040 | 22,362 | 10,128 | 15,276 | 17, 792 | 11, 286 |
| Prices, wholesale: Dimension, No. 1, common* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dimension, No. 1, common <br> dol. per M bd. ft. | 24.010 | 22.050 | 21.928 | 21.560 | 21.658 | 22.908 | 24.500 | 24.500 | 24.990 | 25.970 | 25.970 | 24. 990 | 24.990 |
| Flooring, "B" and better, F. G., $1 \times 4$, R. L." dol. per M bd. ft... | 35. 280 | 27.440 | 27.195 | 26.460 | 26.656 | 29.645 | 33.320 | 33.320 | 34.300 | 36.260 | 36.200 | 35. 280 | 35.280 |

${ }^{*}$ Revised.
${ }^{1}$ Data not avaitab
New series. Those prices replace series shown in the Survey through the February 1941 issue; data beginning 1922 appear in table 16 , p. 17 of the May 1941 Survey.
Data for 1939 revised; see table 14, p. 17 of the April 1941 Survey.
${ }^{2}$ Includes a small number of pairs of shoes other than men's leather (nurses, athletic, ete.) made for Government contract.

| Monthly statistics through December 1939, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1940 Supplement to the Survey | 1941 | 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1941 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | Novem. ber | December | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & a^{2 r y} \end{aligned}$ | February | March |

## LUMBER AND MANUFACTURES-Continued



METALS AND MANUFACTURES

| N AND STEEL |  | 612,906 | 783, 964 | 936, 047 | 1,034,938 | 1,402,075 | 1,221,052 | $\left\{\begin{array}{r} 1,105,510 \\ 258,926 \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{r} 788,176 \\ 74,349 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 805, I 58 \\ 69,980 \end{array}$ | 698,853 | 600. 240 | 56\%.227 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports (domestic), total........... Scrap long tons. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 62,674 | 312.483 7 | 5,505 | -3,542 | - | 2,508 |  |  | 69, 980 |  | ${ }^{74,378} 7$ | 54. 383 |
| Scrap, |  | 482 | 33 |  | 152 | 16 | 56 | 242 | 252 | 48 | 17 | 150 | 6,243 5,401 |
| Price, wholesale, iron and steel, composite dol. per long ton | 38.15 | 36.69 | 37.33 | 37.69 | 37.63 | 37.70 | 37.92 | 38.07 | 38.08 | 38.30 | 38.38 | 38.22 | 38.27 |
| $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lake Superior district: Consumption by furnaces |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| consumption by thous. of long tons. | 5. 802 | 3,935 | 4,566 | 5, 213 | 5,524 | 5.701 | 5,672 | 6,051 | 5,973 | 6,173 | 6,331 | 5,673 | 6,412 |
| Shipments from upper lake ports.... do.... | 6.919 | 465 | 7,245 | 9,487 | 10,383 | 10480 | 9,935 | 10,009 | 5, 341 |  |  |  |  |
| Stocks, end of month, total..........do... | 16.937 | 18,106 | 19,603 | ${ }^{23,516}$ | 28, 244 | 32935 | 37,090 | 41, 125 | 41, 712 | 36,073 | 29,794 | 24, 195 | 17.761 |
| At furnaces | 15, 002 | 15,155 | 16,717 | 20,428 | 24,608 | ${ }^{28} 708$ | 32,432 | 36, 280 | 36, 925 | 31, 792 | 26, 167 | 21. 100 | 15, 407 |
| On Lake Erie docks. .-.-.-.-.......do | 1,935 | 2,951 | 2, 886 | 3,088 | 3, 636 | 4, 227 | 4,658 | 4,846 | 4, 787 | 4, 281 | 3,627 | 3,096 | 2.353 |
| Imports, total | 185 | 257 | 175 | 162 | 249 | 194 | 164 | 265 | 229 | 174 | 155 | 178 | 182 |
| Manganese ore, imports (manganese content) $\$$ | 15 | 36 | 63 | 51 | 39 | 98 | 49 | 40 | 61 | 59 | 45 | 31 | 49 |
| Pig Iron and Iron Manufactures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Castings, malleable: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new ....................... short tons. | 84, 844 | 35, 290 | 35, 563 | 36,503 | 45,025 | 52,994 | 53,079 | 71,129 | 64, 612 | 66, 665 | 81,089 | 76.0.55 | 86. 293 |
| Production--...-.-...................- do | 76, 109 | 40,529 | 37,511 | 34, 700 | 38,872 | 48,926 | 49, 804 | 62, 293 | 57,717 | 60, 155 | 68,742 | 63, 331 | 6i. 208 |
| Percent of capa | 73, ${ }^{(1)} 05$ | - ${ }_{41,9.15}$ | 45.2 40,919 | 42.7 33,323 | 46.7 34,226 | 88.8 43,216 | 61.4 45,943 | 75.0 61,161 | ${ }_{56} 71.2$ | ${ }^{74.2}$ | 83.6 | 78.5 | 81.8 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Capacity $\dagger$---..........-short tons per day.. | 140, 310 | 106, 395 | 119,905 | 131, 360 | 131, 760 | 137, 500 | 140,620 | 144, 290 | 148,000 | 146,770 | 152,040 | 148.555 | 152.850 |
| Number- | 195 | 157 | 172 | 182 | 187 | 190 | 193 | 196 | 201 | 202 | 205 | 202 | 205 |
| Basic (valley furnace) .... dol. per long ton | 23. 50 | 22.50 | 22. 50 | 22. 50 | 22. 50 | 22. 50 | 22.50 | 22. 50 | 22.50 | 22.90 | 23.50 | 23. 50 | 23. 50 |
|  | 24.15 | 23.15 | 23. 15 | 23.15 | 23.15 | 23.15 | 23.15 | 23.15 | 23.15 | 23.15 | 23.95 | 23.95 | 24.00 |
| Foundry, No. 2, northern (Pitts) ....do | 25.89 | 24.89 | 24.89 | 24.89 | 24.89 | 24.89 | 24.89 | 24.89 | 24. 89 | 25. 29 | 25.89 | 25.89 | 25.89 |
| Boilers and radiators, cast-iron: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production.....................thous. of lb | 2, 214 | 2, 292 | 2,754 | 1. 697 | 1,449 | 1,348 | 2,371 | 3,598 | 2,416 | 1,934 | 2,071 | 1.920 | 2.252 |
|  | 1,358 | 1,177 | 1,334 | 1,613 | 1,698 | 2, ${ }^{\text {²3 }}$ | 3,851 | 5,145 | 2,451 | 1,884 | 1,608 | 1,222 | 1.092 |
| Stocks, end of month.............--...- do | 14, 107 | 13,565 | 14,923 | 15,009 | 13,477 | 13,873 | 12, 513 | 10.750 | 10,622 | 11,021 | 11,687 | 12. 391 | 13.256 |
| Boilers, square: Production | 23.525 | 17,900 | 20,922 | 18,698 | 17.352 | 26. 85 | 26,340 | 32,701 |  |  | 23,443 |  |  |
| Shipments. | 13, 360 | 10,933 | 12,024 | 14, 778 | 22,916 | 31, 000 | 40, 342 | 43, 767 | 26, 059 | 18,547 | 14, 437 | 13.086 | 13.489 |

${ }^{1}$ Discontinued by the reporting source.
$\dagger$ Revised series. Data on pig iron converted from a long to a short tonnage basis; data for production beginning 1913 are shown in table 38 , p. 14 of the October 1940 issue. Revisions for 1939 and January and February 1940 for southern pine, western pine, and west coast woods, and also revisions for 1938 for the latter group appear in table 17 , p. 17 of the May 1941 issue.
§Data for 1939 revised; see table 15, p. 18 of the A doril 1941 issue.

| Monthly statistics through December 1939, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1940 Supplement to the Survey | 1941 | 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1941 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | November | Decem. ber | $\begin{gathered} \text { Janu- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | February | March |

## METALS AND MANUFACTURES-Continued



| Monthly statistics through December 1939, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1940 Supplement to the Survey | 1941 | 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1941 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | Novernber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Decem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | January | Febraary | March |

METALS AND MANUFACTURES--Continued

rders, new thous of dol
$r$ Revised. TData for May, July, and October, 1040, January and April 1941 are for 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks.
$t$ Revised series. Data on air-conditioning equipment compiled on a revised basis beginning January 1939; see po of the
1 Reports indefinitely suspended.
t Revised series. Data on air-conditioning equipment compiled on a revised basis beginning January 1939 ; see, p. 50 of the September 1940 Survey. Index of total foundry 24 base) converted to the new base by dividing by 1.328 : index for new equipment and repairs available only beginning May 1940 .

| Monthly statistics through December 1939, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1940 Supplement to the Survey | 1941 | 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1941 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | November | Decentber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Fobru- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | March |

## METALS AND MANUFACTURES-Continued



PAPER AND PRINTING


| Monthly statistics through December 1939, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1940 Supplement to the Survey | 1941 | 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1941 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | November | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | January | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fetrus } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | March |

## PAPER AND PRINTING--Continued



## RUBBER AND PRODUC'TS


r Revised. $\quad \begin{aligned} & \text { Discontinued by reporting source. }\end{aligned} \quad$ Reports indefinitely suspended.
$\pm$ For monthly data for 1913 to 1938 corresponding to the monthly averages on p. 143 of the 1940 Supplement, see table 28 , p. 18, of the May 1940 Survey; for revised data
for 1939, see table 15, p. 18 of the April 1941 Survey.
SBeginning with the January 1941 Survey, data for world shipments of crude rubber are from the Statistical Bulletin of the International Rubber egulations Committec; earlier data from this source have been in close agreement with data compiled by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, shown in previous issues of the Survey. gData beginning Jan, 1940 have been revised on the basis of the 1940 surver made by the Department of Commerec. Revised data not shown abore are as follows
 134,871. Rec
Mar. $27,524$.

| Monthly statistics through December 1939, to gether with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1940 Supplement to the Survey | 1941 | 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1941 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | November | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | January | Febru- ary | March |

## RUBBER AND PRODUCTS-Continued

| TIRES AND TUBES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pneumatic casings: $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production | 5, 813 68050 | r 5.092 $\Gamma$ ז 5,037 | +5,413 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { F } 5,131 \\ +6803 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \mathrm{r} \\ \mathrm{4}, 788 \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ +4,676 \\ \hline 4,123\end{array}$ | $+4,413$ $+4,462$ | r 5,077 $r$ 5,525 | $+4,732$ $+4,969$ | $+4,968$ +4.991 | r 5,486 $+4,850$ | r 5,161 $+4,896$ | r 5,686 +5.517 |
|  | 6,010 2,334 | + $\mathrm{r} 2,005$ | ${ }_{\text {r }} \mathrm{r} 1,998$ | - 1,925 | - 4 , 8188 | -4,705 | 1,465 | - 2,320 | -4,435 | + $\mathrm{r} 2,624$ | r r 2,291 |  | + 2,638 |
| Replacement equipment...................... |  | r 2,855 | ${ }^{+} 3,664$ | r 4, 781 | - 3,350 | r 3,303 | r 2,892 | r 3, 048 | r 2,404 | r 2, 249 | -2,430 | r 2,197 | +2,722 |
|  |  | 87 | 96 | 96 | 110 | 115 | 106 | 158 | 130 | 118 | 128 | 153 | 158 |
| Stocks, end of | 9,958 | ${ }^{\text {¢ }} 10,867$ | - 10, 523 | r 8, 871 | -9,350 | + 9,911 | +9,837 | r9,410 | -9,163 | -9,127 | 9, 797 | r 10,029 | r 10, 149 |
| Inner tubes: $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 5,496 | r 4, 615 $\mathrm{r} 4,547$ | r $+4,737$ $+4,745$ | + ${ }_{+}^{+4,351}$ | $\begin{array}{r} r \\ r, 020 \\ r \\ 3,793 \end{array}$ | r 4, 306 $\mathrm{r} 3,600$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 4,548 \\ 54,886 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & r 4,104 \\ & r 4,690 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { r4, } 656 \\ \stackrel{4}{4}, 64 \end{array}$ | $+5,113$ $+4,474$ | - 4.887 | ¢ 5, 349 $-5,181$ |
| Shipments, total Exports | 5,371 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r 4, } 547 \\ 57 \\ \text { 5 } \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 4,745 \\ \hline 88\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}+5,686 \\ \hline 74\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} r 3,793 \\ 89 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 3,600 \\ \hline 96\end{array}$ | 3,952 84 | $\begin{array}{r} \ulcorner 4,876 \\ 124 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \top 4,690 \\ r \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} r 4,644 \\ \\ \hline 87 \end{array}$ | r 4, 474 r 96 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 4, } 610 \\ r \\ \hline\end{array}$ | -5, 181 |
| Stocks, end of month ..................... do. | 8,143 | -8,191 | r 8, 206 | ${ }^{\text {r } 6,849}$ | r 7,096 | +7,794 | r 7.970 | r7,648 | ${ }^{\text {r 7, }} \mathbf{7}$, 56 | r7,017 | r 7,633 | -7,924 | -8,069 |
| Raw material consumed: <br> Crude rubber. (See Crude rubber.) <br> Fabrics (quarterly). <br> thous. of lb. |  |  |  | 70, 972 |  |  | 66, 849 |  |  | 75, 475 |  |  |  |
| RUBBER AND CANVAS Footwear |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production, total.......-.......thous of pairs |  | 5,128 | 5, 075 | 4, 528 | 3,323 | 4, 583 | 4,046 | 5,105 | 5,146 | 5.369 | 5,939 | 5,543 | 5,827 |
| Shipments, total ---...------------ do |  | 3,902 | 3,862 | - 3,737 |  |  | 6,200 | 5, 971 | 6,633 |  | 6,614 | 5, 166 | 5,359 |
| Stocks, total, end of month........-.......do. |  | 16,881 | 18,095 | 18,886 | 17,641 | 16,386 | 14,232 | 13,365 | 11, 878 | 11,129 | 10,377 | 10,754 | 11, 222 |

STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS

| PORTLAND CEMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Production....---.-.-........-thous. of bbl. | 12,196 | 10,043 | 12,633 | 12,490 | 12,290 | 12,712 | 13, 105 | 13. 935 | 12,725 | 11,195 | r 9,021 | r 8,345 | - 10,596 |
| Percent of capacity | 59.3 | 47.5 |  | 58.9 | 56.0 | 57.8 | 61.8 | 63.7 | 60.1 | 51.2 | 42.4 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 43.4$ | 49.8 |
| Shipments .-.-................ thous. of bbl | 14, 132 | 10, 829 | 13, 206 | 13,223 | 13,442 | 14,018 | 14, 741 | 15,776 | 10,372 | 8,192 | ${ }^{\text {r } 7,984}$ | -7,456 | -9.915 |
| Stocks, flnished, end of month...........do... | 24,052 | 25, 348 | 24,758 | 24, 010 | 22,855 | 21,549 | 19,921 | 18, 008 | 20, 353 | 23,381 | ${ }^{\text {r } 24,416}$ | - 25,307 | - 25,988 |
| Stocks, clinker, end of month............do.... | 6, 205 | 6,606 | 6,071 | 5,907 | 5,559 | 5,158 | 4,829 | 4,470 | 4,558 | 4,886 | 5,092 | 5,520 | - 6,276 |
| Clay PRODUC'S |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Common brick: <br> Price, wholesale, composite, f. o. b. plant |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipments .-................thous. of brick.- | 12.323 | 176, 786 |  | 12.116 | 193, 479 | 12.094 187.648 | -12.121 | 12.147 213,800 | 12.148 162.829 | 12.195 | 12. 201 | 12.242 | 12.328 |
| Stocks, end of month......................do. |  | 408, 147 | 392,975 | 397, 336 | 402, 159 | 422,005 | 436, 436 | 445, 304 | 468,962 | 478,411 |  |  |  |
| Face brick: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 52,495 | 66, 190 | 61, 195 | 62, 330 | 64, 490 | 60,977 | 70, 864 | 47,056 | 40, 559 |  |  |  |
| Stocks, end of month .........-.........do |  | 273, 526 | 262, 463 | 253, 326 | 250, 730 | 248, 531 | 250, 617 | 242, 100 | 251.593 | 265, 825 |  |  |  |
| Floor and wall tile shipments: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 5,428 | 5,719 | 4,994 | 5,822 | 6,546 | 5,671 | 5,860 | 5, 181 | 4,724 | 4,565 | 4,368 | 5,597 |
|  |  | 1,341 | 1,399 | 1,254 | 1,449 | 1,643 | 1,444 | 1,470 | 1,344 | 1,249 | 1,195 | 1,117 | 1,387 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stocks, end of month........-............do...- |  | 361, 660 | 361, 648 | 361, 759 | 357, 266 | 357, 421 | 382, 066 | 382, 092 | 391,531 | 407, 618 |  |  |  |
| Vitrified paving brick: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipments...-...----.-.--- .thous. of brick |  | 2,897 | 5,153 | 5,081 | 6, 148 | 8,383 | 7,094 | 7,365 | 5,769 | 2,516 |  |  |  |
| Stocks, end of month...................do. |  | 43, 914 | 43,627 | 44, 049 | 43,383 | 37,425 | 34, 738 | 34,510 | 32,031 | 30, 288 |  |  |  |
| GLASS PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Glass containers:Production |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percent of capacity | 79.7 | 68.8 | 70.5 | 69.1 | 71.7 | 73.3 | 69.7 | 70.3 | 67.9 | 65.6 | 65.0 | 70.8 | 76.7 |
| Shipments, total....-......-thous. of gross .- | 5, 573 | ${ }^{-} 4,355$ | 4,763 | 5, 230 | 4, 532 | 4,653 | 4,565 | 4, 816 | 4, 078 | 3, 532 | 4,177 | 4, 273 | 5,117 |
| Narrow neck, food**-..................do. | 1.289 | ${ }_{883}^{211}$ | ${ }_{9}^{248}$ | ${ }_{932}^{281}$ | 315 953 | +657 | 820 879 | ${ }_{950}^{423}$ | ${ }_{8} 170$ | 138 | 189 | 205 009 | 240 |
| Wide mouth, food*---.................. do- | 1,113 | 883 | 955 | 932 | 953 | 1,016 | 879 | 950 | 808 | 686 | 961 | 909 | 1,038 |
| Pressed food ware*-......-..........- do | ${ }_{6} 35$ | $\begin{array}{r}37 \\ 510 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{6}^{41}$ | $\begin{array}{r}31 \\ 640 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 288 | 34 <br> 304 | ${ }_{145}^{32}$ | - 106 | 31 126 | $\begin{array}{r}33 \\ 189 \\ \hline 189\end{array}$ | 41 | 37 | 42 |
| Pressure and non-pressure*-........-- do | 633 418 | 295 | 397 | 781 | 358 | 186 | 91 | 105 | ${ }_{102}^{126}$ | 159 | 224 140 | 275 167 | 412 368 |
|  | 865 | 637 | 617 | 842 | 624 | 456 | 726 | 1, 023 | 1,137 | 803 | 589 | 676 | 843 |
| Medicine and toilet*.................- do. | 1,522 | 1,254 | 1,269 | 1,131 | 1,129 | I, 363 | 1,284 | 1,608 | 1,230 | 1.041 | 1,468 | 1,433 | 1,493 |
|  | 405 |  | 317 | ${ }_{200}^{273}$ | 285 | 304 | 313 | ${ }_{2}^{323}$ | 258 | 269 | 337 | 351 | 434 |
| Milk bottles* <br> Fruit jars and jelly glasses* | 229 | 171 | 200 59 | 102 | 207 | 208 | 208 | 201 | 197 | 198 | 206 | 199 | 213 |
| Stocks, end of month.---- | 9,612 | 10,234 | 10,078 | 9,180 | 9,331 | -9,655 | 9, 292 | 9,247 | 9,432 | 9,988 | 10,109 |  | 13 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production.---........--..--thous. of doz... | 3.838 | 3,995 | 3,877 | 3,648 | 3,595 | 3,841 | 3,450 | 3,887 | 3, 056 | 3,199 | 3,200 | 3,694 | 4, 200 |
|  | 4. 387 | 3,974 7,708 | $\begin{array}{r}4,048 \\ 7 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3,628 7 7 560 | 3,598 <br> 7 | $\begin{array}{r}3,813 \\ 7 \\ \hline 597\end{array}$ | 3,331 <br> 7 <br> 737 | 3,642 7 7 | 2,804 8,160 | 2,876 | $\stackrel{2}{2,641}$ | 4,004 | 4,424 |
| Tablocks , kitchen and householdware, shipments | 7,499 | 7,708 | 7,537 | 7,560 | 7,572 | 7, 597 | 7,737 | 7,991 | 8,160 | 8,455 | 8,775 | 8,419 | 8,115 |
| Table, kitchen and household ware, shipments | 3,922 | 2, 745 | 2,668 | 2,185 | 2,088 | 3,325 | 2,647 | 3,763 | 3,006 | 2,456 | 2,316 |  |  |
| Plate glass, polished, production thous. of sq.ft-- | 18,344 | 12,367 | 11,721 | 9, 788 | 8,522 | 12, 533 | 14,091 | 17,070 | 16,059 | 17,491 | 19,350 | 15,664 | 18,266 |
| Window glass, production-.....thous. of boxes.- <br> Percent of capacity | 1.400 | 1.023 63.1 | 1,068 65.8 | +908 | 6994 | ${ }_{61} 993$ | ${ }^{1,002}$ | 1,349 | 1.264 | 1,458 | 1.561 | 1,397 | 1,417 |
| GYPSUM AND PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crude: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Imports ........-..-.-.-..........-short tons.- |  |  |  | 313,340 |  |  | 531,032 |  |  | 387,969 |  |  | 175,467 |
|  |  |  |  | 917, 234 |  |  | 1,128,862 |  |  | 1,033,403 |  |  | 811, 500 |
| Calcined, production. |  |  |  | 869, 174 |  |  | 969,578 |  |  | 888,078 |  |  | 764, 500 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Building plasters --.--------------- do.. |  |  |  | 509, 602 |  |  | 556. 560 |  |  | 430, 090 |  |  | 373, 503 |
| For mif. and industrial uses...-...... do |  |  |  | 30, 444 |  |  | 29, 800 |  |  | 33, 358 |  |  | 36,027 |
| Keene's cement - ${ }^{\text {Board }}$ and tile, total |  |  |  | 7,303 |  |  | 7,393 |  |  | 6,447 |  |  | 6, 450 |
| Board and tile, total .....thous. of sq. ft Lath..............-. |  |  |  | 519,767 |  |  | 591, 878 |  |  | 621.768 |  |  | 539,000 |
|  |  |  |  | 384, 195 |  |  | 453, 124 |  |  | 388, 230 |  |  | 322, 700 |
|  |  |  |  | 8,329 |  |  | 8,475 |  |  | 6, 816 |  |  | 7. 100 |
| Wallboard.-.-....-....--------...- do. |  |  |  | 127, 243 |  |  | 130, 279 |  |  | 226, 722 |  |  | 209, 200 |

*Revised. Data for glass containers beginning January 1934 are shown in table 49, pp. 16 and 17, of the November 1940 issue; carlier data on glassware other than containers are shown in table 2, p. 17, of the January 1941 Survey.
 shipments, total, Jan., 4,274; Feb., 4,144; Mar., 4,373; original equipment, Jan., 1,810; Feb., 1,972; Mar., 2,048; replacement equipment, Jan., 2,359; Feb., 2,071; Mar., 2,233; stocks, Jan., 9,352 ; Feb., 10,137; Mar., 10,789. Inner tubes-production, Jan., 4,199; Feb., 4, 207; Mar., 4,395; shipments, Jan., 3,761; Feb., 3,805; Mar., 4,117; stoeks, Jan., 7,417; Feb., 7,828 ; Mar., 8,110 .

| Monthly statistics through December 1939, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1940 Supplement to the Surves | 1941 | 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1941 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | April | May | June | July | August | Sep. tember | October | November | December | $\underset{\text { ary }}{\text { Janu- }}$ | Februars | March |

TEXTILE PRODUCTS

${ }^{2}$ Revised. $\quad-$ Total ginnings to end of month indicated. $\quad 1$ Dec. 1 estimate of 1940 crop.
§Data for 1939 revised; for exports, see table 14, p. 17 , and for imports, table 15 , p. 18. of the Apr 11941 issue.
Monthly data, beginning January 1930, corresponding to monthly averages shown on 155 of the 1940 Supplement appear on 18 of the April 1040 Surver.

in the 1940 Supplement Earlier monthly data will be shown in a subsequent issue.

| Monthly statistics through December 1939, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1940 Supplement to the Survey | 1941 | 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1941 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | Novem. ber | Decem- ber | January | February | March |

TEXTILE PRODUCTS-Continued

| Miscell aneous products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Buttons, fresh-water pearl: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production-.......-.........pct. of capacity .-- | (1) | 41.0 | 40.5 | 28.8 | 30.4 | 44.6 | 50.7 | ${ }^{(1)}$ | ${ }^{(1)}$ | ${ }^{(1)}$ | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| Stocks, end of month.......-thous. of gross.- | (1) | 6, 539 | 6,541 | 6,437 | 6,304 | 6,400 | 6,499 | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| Fur, sales by dealers.--.-.-.-.- -thous. of dol. |  | 3,813 | 4, 263 | 2,403 | 3,377 | 4, 273 | 3,734 | 1,894 | 2. 229 | - 2,853 | - 5,494 | - 5, 561 | -3,188 |
| Pyroxylin-coated textiles (coton fabrics) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pyroxylin spread..............thous. of lb--- | 6,931 | 4,772 | 4, 102 | 3, 931 | 4,435 | 5,366 | 5,128 | 5,851 | 5,776 | 5,463 | 5,993 | 6,262 | 5,520 6, 759 |
| Shipments, billed.-...-.....thous. linear yd... | 7.317 | 5,003 | 4,504 | 4,030 | 4, 430 | 5,353 | 5,106 | 5,842 | 5,776 | 5,718 | 5,881 | 6,499 | -7,100 |

TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT

| AIRPLANES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Production, domestic civil aircraft § . . $^{\text {number }}$ |  | 430 | 490 | 599 | 665 | 808 | 802 | 938 | 697 | 509 |  |  |  |
| Exportsy-..-..............................do. |  | 233 | 295 | 372 | 235 | 383 | 284 | 334 | 287 | 366 | 458 | 344 | 481 |
| AUTOMOBLLES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports: | 9,405312 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Assembled, total... ................ number |  | $\begin{aligned} & 730 \\ & 443 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,265 \\ & 1,521 \end{aligned}$ | $6,299$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8.774 \\ & 3,523 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9,877 \\ & 1,558 \end{aligned}$ | 9,0051,096 | 8,859132 | 8,449 | 13,276 | $\begin{array}{r}8,796 \\ \hline 608\end{array}$ | 8.5341,036 | 11, 177 |
| Passenter cars....................... ${ }^{\text {do -... }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 93 | 611 |  |  |  |
| United States: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Assembled, total |  |  | 15,7938,184 | 17,18399 | 14,609 | 11, 263 | 6,539 | 2, 291 | 16, 857 | 19,943 | 18.017 | 15, 912 | 17,252 | 21,83412,230 |
| Passenger cars |  | 6,4638,146 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 3,727 \\ 7,536 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,339 \\ & 4,200 \end{aligned}$ | 7,071 9,786 |  | -9,525 | 7,782 | 7,2468,606 | $6,943$ |  |  |
| Trucks ${ }^{\text {ancing }}$ |  |  | 7,609 | 7,876 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Retail purchasers, total........thous. of dol |  | 165, 304 | 170,151 | 166, 922 | 166,034 | 137, 961 | 109,962 | 151,899 152,009 |  | 160,956 147, 186 |  | 158,693 | $\begin{aligned} & 202,793 \\ & 118,369 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| New cars..............................-do |  | 96,272 | 96,518 | 95,038 | 92, 744 | 71,574 | 55,797 | 89,475 | 88, 575 | 93,350 | 80, 739 | 89, 541 |  |  |
| Used cars-.-.-....................-...-.-.-. - |  | 68,386 | 72,980 | 71,241 | 72,626 | 65,774 | 53,711 | 61.933 | 62,928 | 67,065 | 65, 939 | 68,574 | $\begin{array}{r} 118,369 \\ 83,815 \end{array}$ |  |
| Unclassified --....................-.- ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  |  | 654 |  |  | 613 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 270,487 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hand extinguishers........................... do | $\begin{aligned} & \binom{2}{{ }^{2}} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 65 \\ 34,135 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 79 \\ 37,619 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 71 \\ 37,762 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \left({ }^{2}\right) \\ & \left({ }^{2}\right) \end{aligned}$ | ( ${ }^{(2)}$ | $(2)$ $(2)$ | (2) | $(2)$ $(2)$ | (2) | (2) (2) | ${ }^{(2)}$ | (2) |  |
| Production: <br> Automobiles: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 27,584 \\ & 12,091 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 19,687 \\ & 13,487 \end{aligned}$ | 21,27712,677 | $\begin{array}{r} 17,930 \\ 8,739 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 14,468 \\ 3,397 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 13,993 \\ 1,510 \end{gathered}$ |  | 21,151 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada, total |  |  |  |  |  |  | 15,475 3,410 |  | 23,621 10,814 | 23, 11,654 | 23,195 11,990 | 23,710 | 26,044 12.093 |  |
| United States (factory sales), total... do | $\begin{aligned} & 462,257 \\ & 374,979 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 432,746 \\ 362,139 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 391,215 \\ & 325,676 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 344,636 \\ & 286,040 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 231,703 \\ & 168,769 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 75,873 \\ & 46,823 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 269,108 \\ & 224,470 \end{aligned}$ | 493,223 | 487, 352 | 483,567 | $\begin{aligned} & 500,931 \\ & 411,258 \end{aligned}$ | 485,523 | 507,868410,258 |  |
| Passenger cars.- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 421,214 \\ 72,009 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 407,091 \\ 80,261 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 396,531 \\ 87,036 \end{array}$ |  | 394.48391.040 |  |  |
| Trucks ..........-..........-.......-do | $\begin{array}{r} 374,979 \\ 8,278 \\ 2,682 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 362,139 \\ 70,607 \\ 1,823 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 65,539 \\ 1,744 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 58,596 \\ 1,266 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 62,934 \\ 825 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 40,050 \\ 29,050 \\ 1,075 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 24,470 \\ 44,638 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  | a7,9102.660 |  |
| Registrations: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New commercial cars -.........-.-........ do |  | $\begin{array}{r} 353,239 \\ 55,982 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 345,748 \\ 51,553 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 318,615 \\ 43,504 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 315,246 \\ 50,913 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 211,031 \\ 48,980 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 148,000 \\ 39,224 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 290,495 \\ 48,356 \end{array}$ | $301,430$ | $334.073$ | $\begin{array}{r} 299,179 \\ 61,712 \end{array}$ | 300.466 55,900 | $\begin{gathered} p 40,6,636 \\ n \in 2,868 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Sales (General Motors Corporation): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| World sales: <br> By U.S. and Canadian plants. $\qquad$ do | 255, 887 | 196, 747 | 185, 548 | 167, 310 | 110,659 | 24,019 | 124, 692 | 226, 169 | 217, 406 | 223, 611 | 235. 422 | 226, 609 | 247,683 |  |
| United States sales: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| To dealers | $\xrightarrow{272,735}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 183,900 \\ & 183,481 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 171,024 \\ & 165,820 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 151,661 \\ & 173,212 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 99,664 \\ 145,064 \end{array}$ | 21,154 | 116,031 | 207,934 | 198, 064 | $\begin{gathered} 204,473 \\ 174 \end{gathered}$ | 218,578 | 208, 214 | $\begin{aligned} & 226,592 \\ & 253,282 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| To consumers |  |  |  |  |  | 100,782 | 97, 527 | 186,016 | 181, 421 |  | 168, 168 |  |  |  |
| Accessories and parts, shipments: |  |  |  |  |  | 151 | 78 |  | 183 | 179 |  |  |  |  |
| Combined index-...............Jan. $1925=100$. Original equipment to vehicle manuac | 240 | 170 | 157 | 140 | 126 |  |  | 190 |  |  | 207 | 214 | 210 |  |
| turers --.-.-.-.-.-.-. Jan. 1925=100 | 278 | 178 | 162 | 339 | 101 | 147 | 185 | 235 | 231 | 228 | 245 | 244 | 232 |  |
| Accessorjes to wholesalers ...-------- do | ${ }^{132}$ | 91 | 89 | 86 | 93 | 98 | 132 | 149 | 125 | 122 | 115 | 115 | ${ }^{12 \times}$ |  |
| Service parts to wholesalers ......... do | 218 | 174 | 172 | 165 | 172 | 196 | 200 | 199 | 180 | 180 | 170 | 174 | 118 |  |
| Service equipment to wholesalers . . . do.... | 199 | 140 | 131 | 117 | 120 | 126 | 139 | 142 | 156 | 143 | 162 | 182 | 214 |  |
| RAILWAY EQUIPMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (Association of American Railroads) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Freight cars, end of month: <br> Number owned thousands |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number owned.............................. Undergoing or awaiting classifed repairs | 1,647 | 1,648 | 1,649 | 1,646 | 1,642 | 1,641 | 1,642 | 1,638 | 1,638 | 1,640 | 1,642 | 1,641 | 1,644 |  |
| thousands.- | 96 | 150 | 164 | 153 | 144 | 138 | 131 | 117 | 114 | 109 | 108 | 107 | 101 |  |
| Percent of total on line | 5.9 | 9.9 | 10.2 | 9.5 | 9.0 | 8.6 | 8.1 | 7.3 | 7.1 | 6.8 | 6.7 | 6.6 | 6.3 |  |
| Orders, unfilled .-...-.-.-.-..........cars | 55. 404 | 17, 460 | 15, 039 | 16,933 | 19.765 | 18.456 | 16, 892 | 27, 459 | 30, 184 | 34, 202 | 40, 030 | 37.981 | 41, 091 |  |
| Equipment manufacturers .-..........do...- | 42. 162 | 11, 051 | 9, 772 | 9,974 | 13,477 | 12, 278 | 9,010 | 18.700 | 22, 738 | 25.866 | 26, 427 | 23, 787 | 27.756 |  |
| Railroad shops .-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-----do---- | 13, 242 | 6,409 | 5,267 | 6,959 | 6, 288 | 6,178 | 7,882 | 8, 759 | 7,446 | 8,336 | 13, 603 | 14, 194 | 13,335 |  |
| Locomotives, steam, end of month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Undergoing or awaiting classified repairs $\begin{gathered}\text { number.. }\end{gathered}$ | 5, 535 | 6,675 | 6,781 | 6,653 | 6,506 | 6. 226 | 6,276 | 6,155 | 6,076 | 5,914 | 5,853 | 5, 812 | 5, 704 |  |
| Percent of total on line. | 14.0 | 16.4 | 16.8 | 16.5 | 36. 2 | 15.5 | 15.7 | 15.4 | 15.2 | 14.9 | 14.7 | 14.7 | 14.4 |  |
| Orders, unfilled .-.-...............- number | 211 | 54 | 88 | 97 | 115 | 114 | 130 | 131 | 116 | 115 | 120 | 132 | 166 |  |
| Equipment manufacturers .-.-....... do... | 189 | 32 | 70 | 84 | 106 | 108 | 118 | 122 | 103 | 102 | 107 | 113 |  |  |
|  | 22 | 22 | 18 | 13 | 9 | 6 | 12 | 9 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 19 | 18 |  |
| (U. S. Bureau of the Census) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Locomotives, railroad: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, unfilled, end of mo., total...number. |  | 170 | 152 | 146 | 232 | 277 | 272 | 269 | 285 | 354 | 460 | 515 | 645 |  |
| Domestic, total |  | 144 | 126 | 124 | 209 | 252 | 251 | 243 | 244 | 315 | 415 | 468 | 602 |  |
|  |  | 72 | 70 | 81 | 87 | 109 | 120 | 125 | 122 | 115 | 129 | 157 | 196 |  |
| Other-...............-...........-- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ |  | 72 | 56 | 43 | 122 | 143 | 125 | 118 | 122 | 200 | 286 | 311 | 406 |  |
| Shipments, domestic, tot |  | 44 | 37 | 35 | 30 | 54 | 40 | 52 | 73 | 68 | 63 | 44 | 68 |  |
|  |  | ${ }^{6}$ | 2 | 5 | 7 | 8 | 0 | 8 | 24 | 22 | 15 | 5 | 11 |  |
| Other- |  | 38 | 35 | 30 | 23 | 46 | 40 | 44 | 49 | 46 | 48 | 39 | 53 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipments (quarterly), total*--......number Electric, totalt...................................... |  |  |  | 117 79 |  |  | 138 67 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}132 \\ 55 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |
| For mining use..........................-do |  |  |  | 76 |  |  | 67 |  |  | 52 |  |  |  |  |
| Other**. |  |  |  | 38 |  |  | 71 |  |  | 77 |  |  |  |  |
| Revised. <br> $p$ Preliminary. |  | ${ }^{1} \text { Comps }$ |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{2}$ Tem | orarily | scontinu | by rep | rting sou |  |  |  |
| \$Designation changed from "commercial lice tincludes straight electric types only (trolley | nsed" or or third- | civi! ai ail and | $\text { aft" } 19$ | Supplei ry); dat | ent). <br> for 193 | d ear |  | blished |  |  | some | of | partial |  |
| nited states manufacture and are not comparab | le with | ata here | hewn. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| IData revised for 1939. See table 14, p. 17 of | the Apri | 1941 Sur | ey. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| *New series. Comparable data on total ship | ments are | availabl | only beg | ing Ja | uary 1940 | "Other | nclud | Diesel | ectric, | sel-mec | anical, an | gasoline | orsteam |  |
| ocomotives; these are largely industrial; data for | 1939, th | lie | lab | as foll | s: | quarter, | ; secon | 20; th | 26; fou | 52. |  |  |  |  |


| Monthly statistics through December 1939, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1940 Supplement to the Survey | 1941 |  |  |  |  | 1940 |  |  |  |  |  | 1941 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | April | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | Noverber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Decem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March |
| TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RAILWAY EQUIPMENT-Continued (American Railway Car Institute) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipments: <br> Freight cars, total...-.-.-................... <br>  | 5,448 5,300 | 5,900 5,400 | 3,262 3,061 | 1,588 1,478 | 1,543 1,543 | 2, ${ }_{2} \mathbf{3 5 6}$ | 2,888 2,836 | 3,704 3,586 | 4.134 3,981 | 4,624 4,301 | 5,272 5,256 | 4,122 4,057 | 5,022 4,987 |
|  | 18 18 |  | 6 6 | 5 5 | 28 0 |  |  |  | 8 8 |  | 0 0 | 2 2 | 21 21 |
| (U. S. Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports of locomotives, total . ...........number |  | 26 9 17 | 20 18 2 | 14 13 1 | 14 12 2 | 16 13 3 | 13 9 4 | 19 14 5 | 11 10 1 | 4 3 1 | 12 8 4 | 17 12 5 | 11 6 5 |
| INDUSTRIAL ELECTRIC TRUCKS AND TRACTORS $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipments, total........................number.- | 263 | 109 | 147 | 135 | 123 | 134 | 141 | 165 | 180 | 202 | 206 | 242 |  |
| Domestic.-.-.................-.........- do...- | 25.5 | 98 | 137 | 121 | 120 | 124 | 134 | 157 | 174 | 165 | 173 | 216 | 214 |
|  | 8 | 11 | 10 | 14 | 8 | 10 | 7 | 8 | 6 | 37 | 33 | 26 | 52 |

CANADIAN STATYSTICS

| Physical volume of business, adjusted: $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Combined index .................... 1935-39 $=100$ |  | 120.0 | 117.8 | 120.0 | 120.9 | 128.6 | 130.1 | 129.0 | 129.7 | 128.3 | 130.5 | 126.1 | 123.2 |
| Industrial production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Combined index..-.-.-.-.-.-.----.-. - do |  | 134.0 179.6 | 128.8 139.9 | 132.1 157.4 | 131.9 130.2 | 143.9 169.3 | 148.6 223.0 | 146.4 143.4 | 146.9 278.2 | 140.6 187.4 | 145.1 244.3 | 138.3 223.8 118.7 | 133.5 |
|  |  | 112.3 | 123.0 | 124.2 | 128.6 | 119.4 | 114.0 | 108.8 | 109.0 | 111.4 | 116.7 | 115.7 | 115.8 |
|  |  | 127.9 | 129.6 | 128.6 | 133.8 | 143.9 | 148.6 | 146.4 | 146.9 | 142.3 | 141.9 | 134.0 | 137.3 |
| Forestry --.------------------ do do |  | 113.0 | 120.8 | 136. 0 | 137.3 | 134.4 | 132.2 | 124. 7 | 123.2 | 117.2 | 126. 2 | 121.3 | 125.6 |
|  |  | 146.4 | 120.5 | 137.3 | 126.5 | 142.3 | 124.4 | 117.1 | 128.0 | 123.5 | 122.7 | 125.0 | 122.8 |
| Distribution: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Combined index...........-.-.-.-. - do |  | 95. 9 | 99.0 | 99.3 114.9 | 102.1 | 102.3 | 98. 2 | 99.2 108.8 | 100.3 | 107. J | 105.4 | 105.1 | 105.6 |
| Carloadings ...------......-.-.-. ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  | 110.7 | 117. 1 | 114.9 | 126.8 139.3 | 120.0 | 107.2 | 108.8 | 114.8 | 125. 1 | 123.3 | 118.8 | 122.9 |
| Exports (volume) |  | 121.4 | 142.3 | 154.2 | 139.3 | 153.4 | 135.5 | 119.3 | 132.7 | 119.9 | 130.5 | 148.2 | 147.4 |
| Imports (volume) |  | 129.5 | 125.8 | 124.6 | 130.6 | 141.4 | 128.3 | 148.8 | 136. 0 | 171.6 | 171.0 | 152.7 | 153.6 |
| Trade employment |  | 107.8 | 109.2 | 109.8 | 109.9 | 110.6 | 112.3 | 112.8 | 112.5 | 116.8 | 115.3 | 115.8 |  |
| Agricultural marketings, adjusted: $\dagger$ <br> Combined index |  | 81.9 | 143.8 | 116.9 | 167.0 | 132.8 | 77.3 | 74.6 | 118.2 | 146.4 | 146.9 | 59.7 | 50.8 |
|  |  | 73.2 | 167.3 | 127.3 | 185.3 | 141.2 | 65.6 | 59.5 | 123.0 | 162.9 | 168.7 | 44.3 | 33.5 |
| Livestock |  | 102.7 | 87.9 | 92.2 | 123.3 | 113.0 | 105.2 | 110.5 | 106.8 | 107.0 | 94.9 | 97.8 | 93.4 |
| Commodity prices: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cost of living $\dagger$.-...-------.-. $1935-39=100 .-$ | 108.6 | 104.6 | 104.9 | 104.9 | 105.6 | 105.9 | 106.4 | 107.0 | 107.8 | 108.0 | 108.3 | 108.2 | 108.2 |
| Wholesale prices ...-.-.----.---1926-100.- | 86.6 | 83.1 | 82.1 | 81.6 | 82.4 | 82.7 | 83.1 | 83.3 | 84.0 | 84.2 | 84.6 | 85.2 | 85.9 |
| Employment (first of month, unadjusted): |  | 111.9 | 114.3 | 120.9 | 124. 7 | 127.9 | 131.6 | 136.2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Combined index -- .-.-.-.-.--- do |  | 111.9 | 114.3 68.4 | 120.9 90.5 | 124. 10 | 127.9 | 121.1 | 136.2 | 139.2 | 139.1 | 134.2 83.0 | 135. 2 | 135.3 |
| Construction and maintenance ---.- do |  | 59.6 123.4 | 68.4 125.7 | 90.5 129.2 | 105. 0 | 114.3 134.4 | 121.1 | 121.1 | 120.5 144.6 | 105.9 144.7 | 83.0 | 82.5 | 83.0 |
|  |  | 123.4 | 125.7 | 129.2 | 130.3 | 134.4 | 138.4 | 143.8 | 144.6 | 144.7 | 142.5 | 147.4 | 150.8 |
|  |  | 164.4 | 164.5 | 166.7 | 167.2 | 108.1 | 170.2 | 172.3 | 174.0 | 172.6 | 167.6 | 169.1 | 168.7 |
|  |  | 133.4 | 138.2 | 142.5 | 149.2 | 155.4 | 157.1 | 147.3 | 148.8 | 147.8 | 149.5 | 148.6 | 150.2 |
|  |  | 137.6 | 138.3 | 140.7 | 142.8 | 141.4 | 142.9 | 146.8 | 148.9 | 154.4 | 160.8 | $14 \% .0$ | 145.7 |
|  |  | 82.8 | 88.8 | 90.3 | 93.7 | 94.8 | 94.6 | 94.3 | 93.5 | 92.5 | 88.7 | 89.4 | 90.5 |
| Finance: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bank debits Commercial failures..........-------- mil. of dol. |  | 2,938 ${ }^{98}$ | 3,340 100 | 2,682 91 | 2,623 99 | 2,458 86 | 2,571 66 | 3,527 | 3,049 92 | 3,208 95 | 2,941 | 2.540 105 | 2.838 90 |
| Commercial failures $\qquad$ number. Life-insurance sales, new paid for ordinary $\dagger$ |  | 98 | 100 | 91 | 99 |  | 66 | 6 | 92 | 95 | ${ }^{9}$ | 105 | 90 |
| Lime-insurance sales, new paid thous. of dol.- | 35,398 | 32,248 | 31,779 | 28,530 | 28,159 | 24,698 | 26, 156 | 31, 210 | 32,899 | 33,727 | 28,326 | 31. 500 | 33, 700 |
| Security issues and prices: <br> New bond issues, totalt | 78,830 | 89, 109 | 480, 819 | 75,793 | 83, 162 | 84,668 | 404, 627 | 108,976 | 108,576 | 330,167 | 84, 235 | 115.271 | 12.524 |
| Bond yields $\dagger .$. | 95.9 | 100.2 | 99.8 | 101.4 | 101.1 | 100.0 | 98.9 | 98.6 | 98.0 | 97.0 | 96.3 | 96.1 | 05.8 |
|  | 65.8 | 88.4 | 73.3 | 65.5 | 66.1 | 69.3 | 75.8 | 74.2 | 74.5 | 70.3 | 71.3 | 66.5 | 66.8 |
| Foreign trade: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports, total thous. of dol.- <br> Wheat thous. of bu | 118,425 26,322 | 84,693 5,082 | 110,764 23,466 | 111,622 13,570 | 101,463 11,868 | 111,360 11,401 | 102,778 9,500 | 106,791 9,659 | 118,404 17,278 | 98,711 11,762 | 88,953 4,880 | 100.532 9.460 | $102.995$ |
| Wheat $\qquad$ thous. of bu.. <br> Wheat flour thous. of bbl. | 20, 322 | 5,082 520 | 23,466 723 | 13, 570 | 11,868 314 | 11,401 576 | 9, 500 | 9,659 750 | 17,278 683 | 11,762 | 4,880 355 | 9, 460 | $11,623$ |
|  | 106,268 | 85,980 | 100,537 | 90,705 | 89,496 | 96,836 | 86, 287 | 108, 645 | 102, 284 | 102,346 | 98,382 | 89, 607 | 559 107.982 |
| Railways: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 219 | 237 | 240 | 248 | 256 | 252 | 281 | 259 | 231 | 229 | 218 | 250 |
| Financial results: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating revenues . . .----- - thous. of dol.- |  | 29,916 | 34,630 | 36,914 | 38,398 | 37,409 | 37, 319 | 40,504 | 38,869 | 40, 221 | 36, 113 | 34.620 |  |
| Operating expenses ......-.-.-.......... do. |  | 25, 569 | 27,303 | 27, 557 | 30, 402 | 30, 240 | 29,463 | 28,573 | 26, 964 | 28,602 | 29, 224 | 28,558 |  |
| Operating income-.-.-.-.-.-.-.......d. do |  | 3,077 | 5,760 | 7,657 | 6,042 | 5,166 | 6,248 | 10,257 | 10,024 | 9,944 | 5,095 | 4,318 |  |
| Operating results: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenue freight carried 1 mile mil. of tons.- |  | 2,785 | 2,930 | 3,504 | 3,260 | 2,987 | 3,385 | 3,547 | 3, 371 | 3,772 | 3, 131 | 3.127 |  |
| Passengers carried 1 mile....--mil. of pass.- |  | 124 | 141 | 180 | 219 | 248 | 190 | 172 | 158 | 278 | 201 | 217 |  |
| Production: <br> Electric power, central stations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 84 | 93 | 89 | 96 | 89 | 105 | 109 | 110 | 110 | 103 | 91 | 102 |
| Steel ingots and castings......-----.-. do |  | 153 | 174 | 166 | 170 | 172 | 165 | 185 | 176 | 185 | 186 | 173 | 195 |
| Wheat flour-....-----.........thous. of bbl. |  | 1,344 | 1,283 | 1,170 | 1,223 | 1,291 | 1,636 | 1,873 | 1,588 | 1,076 | 1.17\% | 1, 462 | 1,477 |

## - Revised.

+Data on life-insurance sales revised beginning September 1936; for revisions see p. 56 of the September 1910 Survey. For revisions of new bond issues for 1939 see p. 56 of the March 1941 Survey. All Canadian index numbers to which this note is attached have keen revised to a 1935-39 base; earlier data for these series will be shown in a subsequent issue. Common stock price and bond yield indexes have been converted to the new base by multiplying the old series by a constant. The production and distribution indexes have been completely revised and no comparable data prior to January 1940 are arailable at this time. Complete 1940 data for production and distribution indexes are shown on p. 56 or the April 1941 Survey.
$\ddagger$ Beginning with Jiny 1940 , data are reported by the Industrial Truck Statistical Association a ad cover reports of 8 companies. They are approximately comparable with previous data which were compiled by the Bureau of the Census.

## INDEX TO MONTMLY EUSINESS STATISTICS

| CLASSIFICATION, BY SECTIONS |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Monthly business statistics: | Page |
| Business indexes. | 19 |
| Commodity prices. | 21 |
| Construction and real estate | 22 |
| Domestic trade... | 24 |
| Employment conditions and wages. | 25 |
| Finance-........ | 30 |
| Foreign trade | 37 |
| Transportation and communica- | 37 |
| Statistics on individual induso tries: |  |
| Chemicals and allied products..- | 39 |
| Electric power and gas. | 41 |
| Foodistutfs and tobacco | 41 |
| Fuels and byproducts. | 45 |
| Leather and products. | 46 |
| Lumber and man factures. | 47 |
| Metals and manufactures: |  |
| Iron and steel. | 48 |
| Nonferrous metals and products. | 49 |
| Machinery and apparatus....- | 50 |
| Paper and printing | 51 |
| Fibber and producis | 52 |
| Stone, ciay, and glass products. | 53 |
| Textile products...........- | 54 |
| Transportation equipment | 55 |
| Canadian statistics ................ | 56 |

CLAESIFICATION, BY INDIVIDUAL SERTES
Abrasive paper nad clotia (coated)
Acceptances, bankers'
Adverisiag con- income
Agricuitutal products, foregn trade
Agricuitural wages, loans--
Air-conditioning equipnaent.....

Acohol, denatured, ethyl, methanol
Atumirum
Anma rats, greases.................................. 39,40 Anthracite ar.............-27, 22, 20, 21, 27, 28, 45 Apparel, wearing
$19,20,21,24,26,28,29,37,55$
Athomotiles
Automobile accessories and parts.
Eutom
Bearing metal
Beverazes, alcoholic
$20,21,27,28,45$
Eituminous coal...
Boilers....
34,35 , 3
Book publication
Boxes, paper
Brass and bronze.
Brick
Brick
Brokers' loans....................
31,35
Building expenditures (indexes)
Building material prices

| Butter <br> Canadian statistics $\square$ 32,37, 55, <br> Canal tralic <br> Candy |
| :---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

Candy
$\begin{array}{r}34,35 \\ \hline 35\end{array}$
Fapita prodations
For productive
Carloadings......
Cellulose plastic products
Chain-store sales

Civil-service employees..........................................
Clay products-_............. $20,26,28,29,32,53$
Clothing (see also hosiery) $\ldots 2,22,24,26,28,29$ Clothing (see also hosiery) ..... $21,22,24,26,28,29$
Coal..............................................21, 27, 28,4 Conoa
Comfa
Come
Cone.
31.32
30.31

Commercial paper

## Construction

## Contrarts awardec

Fighways and
Wage retes.
Copver
Comer and coconut oil
Costor iving index


Dequits,
payments and rates. 19,3 Dis?ates, industrial
 swidend deciaration baynemts and rates... 19, 36
 hourly-n......................................23,29,20 Eloctical equirmen
$21,24.26,20$ 20,
Electric power production, sales, reveracs... 41 Employment, estimated nonagriculthal
Employment indexes
Futary, by cties and States................. $25,26,27$
Factory, by industras
Fromory, by innestr
Nonmanafacturn
$\begin{array}{r}27 \\ \hline 27\end{array}$
Emigration and immigration
Exchin rates foreigo
Expenditures. United Surtes Govemment.
Explosives
Exports
Fachory emplostment, pay thlis, wages $26,27,78,29,30$
Fairchilds
Farm wage
Farm wages
Farm prires, index
Federal Grovernment, framo
33, 34
تeteral-ath highways and prade crossings
33, 3
Feceral kescrve banks, whation of
Feceral Resenve wortimg nember banits.
Fireevimo
Fire-exanguishing equipment
Fire tosses
gisin oils a
23
40,45
Fharsed
47.48

Flour, whest
43
Frod prodacts, $22,25,28,29,31,32,33,37,41,42,43,44$,
rootweof ... ................ 10,20,22,26,26,29,
boundry squpater
Freisith cars (equipment)

Fum equament
50

Fwhinise
Ges dad fud olds

## Gosumeting edible

Gomath Eubtars soles
$152025,28,295$
Gloves and rittens.
$28,29,53$
Gold
Goods in warehciasts ......................21,35, 22, 24
Gyposum
Hogs

31,28
28,20
Hogs whean banks, bans outstandiag.
Horne mortgages
Hosiery
Housin.
Hinois, employmeat, pay rolis, wages.-. $27,28,30$
Immagrat
imports
Income payments.
Income-tax receipt
Incorporations, business, new
19.2

Industrial production, indexes.
Instalment sales, New England
Insurance, life
Interest and money rates.
Inventories, manufacturers
48.49

Kerosene
Labor, turn-over, disputes
Lamb and mutton
Lard
Leather oil, canc, ancl meal $19,20,28,29,31,30,47$
Linseed oil, care, ancl meal
Livestock.
43.44

Loans, real-estate, agriontura!, brokers- $23,30,31$ Locomotives ... woolan, actity
Lubricants
Lumber - - . . $19,20,25,25,26,23,29,47,48$
Machine activity, cottor, woon........... 26, 28, 29,50
Manhmery
Magenme advertising
Manufacturest orders, shemonts inven
tories .............................................. 20, 2
Marylamd, mployment, pay rols ............... 27, 28
Massctousefts empioymetit, tay rolls,
woces. 30
Neats and weat packires... 20, 21.25.28, 24, 37, 49
Witats $10,20,22,25,26,27,28,29,32,33$, +8
Metjamol
Mexter, filver produethot.............................. 3
Mile
Minerals ................................................................. 27,22
New Jersey, employment, pay roiks, wages. 27, 28,30


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Brief summaries of certain contracts awarded by the War and Navy Departments and documents of wide interest and application issued by the Council of National Defense, the Administrator of Export Control, the Selective Service System, the Office of Production Management, and the Office of Price Administration and Civilian Supply appear under Title 32-National Defense.
The Act of July 26, 1935, provides that publication in the Federal Register of any document shall create a rebuttable presumption that it was duly issued, prescribed, or promulgated; that it was duly filed with the Division and made available for public inspection at the day and hour stated in the printed notation; that the copy contained in the Federal Register is a true copy of the original; and that all requirements of the act have been complied with.


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ For a summary of the President's emergency powers consult the Congressionai Record, vol. 87, No. 100 (May 28, 1941), pp, 4605-4611.

[^1]:    1 The present estimate for 1940 compares with a preliminary figure of 74 billion dollars released in the February 1911 issue of the Survey of Current Business. The Bureau of the Census has recently published preliminary data on the Census of Manufactures for 1930, and for certain of the Industrial Censuses for that year. These preliminary totals have made necessary important upward revisions in the pay roll estimates for 1939 and consequently 1940, notably in trade and manufacturing, but to some extent in the service industry. Significant revisions have also been made in the finance and contract construction industries. In comparing the present estimates of the industrial origin of the national income for 1939 with those released in the June 1940 issue of the Survey of Current Business it should be noted that Social Security contributions are now included in the industrial composition of income. Iu addition, several minor transfers have been made, most important of which is the transfer of shipbuilding from the construction to the manufacturing industry. In general there have been no significant revisions in the data for years prior to 1037. The one important exception is in the finance industry where a special tabulation of individual and partnership returns to the Bureau of Internal Revenue for 1936 has made possible for the first time an estimate of entrepreneurial income in the brokerage industry. The resulting revisions are of some magnitude for the years 1036 and 1937 and for 1929 and earlier years but the estimates for recent years have been little affected.

[^2]:    ${ }^{2}$ Includes heavy iron and steel, nonferrous metals, metalworking machinery, air craft, firearms, and chemicals.

[^3]:    ${ }^{3}$ Conversion of national income in current dollars to national income in average 1935-39 dollars was accomplished as follows. The portion of estimated national income comprising consumers' goods in each year was determined by subtracting "net capital formation" in current dollars (taken from Simon Kuznets' Commodity Flow and Capitel Formation and supplemental materials, National Bureau of Economic Research) from the national income totals shown in table 5 . This consumers' serment was converted to average $1935-39$ prices by use of the L'nited States Burean of Labor Statistics costof-living jndex and the Cnited States Bureau of Agricultural Eeonomics index of the prices paid by farmers for commodities bought for farm family maintenance. The weights used in combining the two series were based on estimated percentages of urban and rural population in the $1935-39$ period multiplied by average incomes per person in urban and rural families, respectively, as found in the National Lesources Committee's report on Consumer Incomes in the Tnited States. To these adjusted yearly figures were added the Kuznets net capital formation data in 1929 dollars after the latter were shifted to a verage 1935-39 prices.

[^4]:    ${ }^{4}$ The concept underlying "income payments to individuals" as used in the Department's monthly income estimates and annual distributions by States should be distinguished from both of these concepts. The reconciliation of national income with with income payments to individuals is made as follows: deduct (a) pensions and other contributions of employers (under Social Security, Railroad Retirement Board, and governmental employee systems); (b) pension and other contributions of employecs (under the systems just noted); and (c) business savings; and add (a) direct relicf, including old-age assistance, aid to dependent children, and aid to the blind; (b) Federal pensions to veterans, including payments on adjusted service certificates; (c) governmental retirement allowances; and (d) insurance benefits under Unemployment Compensation, Old-Age Insurance, and Railroad Retirement programs.

[^5]:    ${ }^{5}$ It is to be noted that corporate income is included in the national income after deduction for taxes, aceording to the present method of estimation. Hence, increases in eorporate tax rates have the effect of reducing the national income figure as against other methods of government financing. At a time like the present, therefore, the estimated national income tends to understate the advance in over-all conomic activity.

[^6]:    See footncie 1，table 5 ．

[^7]:    ${ }^{1}$ Does not include certain miscellaneous financial institutions which have been included in "Miscellaneous."
    ${ }^{2}$ Does not include work-relief wages.
    ${ }_{3}^{2}$ Includes religious, private educational, curative, legal, aceounting, and engineering (consulting) activities.
    ${ }^{4}$ Includes hotels, restaurants, laundries, cleaning and dyeing establishments, apartment houses $\varepsilon$ and olfice buildings, barber and beauty shops, etc.
    ${ }_{6}{ }^{5}$ Includes motion-picture production and exhibition, radio broadcasting, and other activities primarily providing entertainment.
    ${ }^{6}$ Includes advertising agencies, trade associations, chambers of commerce, and other enterprises cerving business establishments.
    7
    Includes domestie service and various industries providing services on automobiles, radios, elevators, watches, and other commodities.

[^8]:    r Revised. pPreliminary. §Data for May, August, and October 1940 and January 1941 are for 5 wecks; other months, 4 weeks.

[^9]:    ${ }^{d}$ Deficit.

[^10]:    Less than 500 bushels.

