## SURVEY OF

# CURRENT BUSINESS 

NOVEMBER 1942

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE BUREAU OF FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC COMMERCE with the presentation in the 1942 Supplement has been made in this issue. Below are listed the series added since the Supplement was prepared and those carried in the Supplement which have been discontinued or are withheld from publication because of war conditions. The pages indicated for the added series refer to this issue, while the pages given for the discontinued data refer to the October 1942 issue unless otherwise noted.

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# SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS 



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[^1]
# Economic Highlights 

## National Income at New Record Level

National income for third quarter 1942 estimated at annual rate of nearly 120 billion dollars . . . up 6 percent from previous quarter and more than 20 percent above oomparable quarter last year. For entire year 1942 indications are national income will total 117 billions . . . against 1941 figure of 95 billions.


National Income, Adjusted for Seasonal Variations (Quarterly Totals Expressed at an Annual Rate).

Big factors in third quarter income rise are sharp gain in government pay rolls . . . resulting both from larger armed forces and expanded civilian personnel . . . plus steady rise in manufacturing pay rolls, especially in durable goods industries . . . plus further gain in income of farm operators.

Steepness of third quarter income expansion . . . at time when price rise a smaller factor than in previous quarters . . . implies an impressive advance in real output . . . but shift in composition of output from peace to war products . . . plus incomparabilities between prices of war and nonwar goods . . . make accurate measurement of total real output a difficult problem at present.

## Monthly War Expenditures Near Six Billion Mark

Checks issued by Treasury for war activities continue to climb steadily as war output . . . though lagging behind objectives in certain critical lines . . . advances to new record levels in each successive month. Treasury series . . . at 5.4 billion dollars in September . . . does not cover all United


Expenditures of the Federal Government for War Activities on the Basis of Checks Paid by the United States Treasury.

States war expenditures. Adding in extra budgetary outlays of Governmental war corporations . . . such as Defense Plant and Metals Reserve . . . brings figure approximately to 6 billion level in October. At this level war outlay accounts for over 90 percent of total Federal spending. When properly adjusted for comparability, war expenditures now probably close to 40 percent of gross national product. At present rate Government war expenditures are nearly equal to total consumer outlay for goods and services . . . all Government expenditures account for roughly one-half of value of entire finished output of the economy. Budget Bureau estimates Treasury war expenditures in fiscal year 1943 at $\$ 74$ billions.

Average hourly earnings in 90 manufacturing industries currently running nearly 15 percent ahead of last year . . . reflecting steadily expanding demand by industry and armed forces and relative scarcity of labor. Increasing spread between earnings in durable and nondurable goods lines results from fact that war orders more concentrated among durable goods industries . more overtime and higher wage rates in war industries carry continually heavier weights in overall averages. In durable group hourly earnings in steel works, machinery, transportation
 sential and better paid occupations . . . such earnings rise not necessarily a direct cause of higher production costs.

# The Business Situation 

BASIC economic developments in October contributed to the uneven advance of the Nation's economy toward complete mobilization for war. Although progress was registered, the reports of intensified manpower problems and more critical material shortages testify to the severity of the economic stresses which are bound to grow as war output and the armed forces continue to expand. Chief developments during the month were related to inflation and price control, to mobilization of manpower, and to measures designed to increase war output through better controls over scarce materials.

## Manpower Problem Growing.

The increasingly critical character of the Nation's manpower problem was highlighted by several important developments during October. The Army and Navy announcements of plans to have 9 million men in service by the end of 1943 imply the withdrawal of nearly 5 million adult males from the labor market during a period in which employment must increase almost another 5 million if the demands of the war program, as now scheduled, are to be met.

Total manpower requirements of the war program, as indicated in table 1, will by the end of 1943 call for roughly 9.7 million workers in addition to those at work or in the armed forces in July of this year. These requirements must be met by transfer of workers now employed in nonessential industries, by reduction in unemployment, by the normal increase in the labor force, and by extraordinary accessions to the labor force in the form of increased employment of women, under-age and over-age groups, and handicapped persons.

The problem is more than just a gigantic personnel problem of locating nearly 10 million people in their appropriate niches in the armed forces and in industry. To make it even more difficult, the 10 million persons who must be located and the industrial jobs where those not entering the armed forces are needed, are scattered all over the country; hence although national in scope, the problem is really a widespread series of local manpower problems.

The crux of it now is the orgenizational problem of developing the best means of doing the job effectively and promptly. By means of wage and salary ceilings and other manpower controls, our former system of guiding the flow of workers into alternative jobs by open-market bidding for their services has been so abridged that it can no longer function effectively. Hence a wartime substitute is urgently needed. Be cause many people, interests and agencies are affected, they bave been prolific in bringing forth numerous and
different suggestions as to the best means for dcing the job. It would be difficult to conceive of a problem bristling with more economic and social perplexities for a democracy than this one, involving as it does deepseated traditions of freedom of choice of an individual to dispose of his own services or to withhold them, as he pleases. Notwithstanding these difficulties, the national welfare is so deeply involved that this problem must inevitably be forthrightly solved by strong, positive measures on a countrywide scale. There is every reason to expect that such measures will not be long delayed.

Table 1.-Approximate Increase in Manpower Requirements by December 1943 from July 1942

| Requirements | Number (millions) | Sources | Number <br> (millions) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Increase in armed forces... | 4.8 | Decreases in civilian em- |  |
| Increases in civilian em- |  | ployment: |  |
| ployment: |  |  | 1.1 |
| Manufacturing and |  | Trade and service | 1.4 |
| mining | 4.1 | Self-employed | 1.2 |
| Transportation and utilities | . 2 | Agriculture. Reduction in unemploy- | ${ }^{1} 0.3$ |
| Other... | . 6 | ment........-.-...-...--- | 1.8 |
|  |  | Normal labor force increment | $1: 0$ |
|  |  | Extraordinary accessions to labor force required from nonworker groups. - | 3.9 |
| Total requirements. | 9.7 | Total of above manpower sources. | 9.7 |

${ }^{1}$ After allowance for usual seasonal decline.
Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics, except estimates for armed forces.

## Economic Stabilization Moves Forward.

On the economic stabilization front the action of Director Byrnes in limiting salaries to $\$ 25,000$ per year after payment of taxes and fixed obligations, and in clarifying the administrative responsibilities of the War Labor Board and the Treasury Department with respect to salary and wage control, set in motion the machinery which should prove a strong bar against further inflation. With wages and salaries accounting for two-thirds the national income, their uncontrolled rise over the past year has been perhaps the greatest single source of pressure against established price ceilings. Removal of this source of inflationary pressure now depends upon effective administration by the agencies to which responsibility has been delegated.

Drastic as the salary and wage limitation order was, it neither effectively bars all further pay increases nor limits all large incomes. It did not bring property incomes and earnings from professional or entrepreneurial activities under control. Below the $\$ 25,000$ ceiling, individual pay raises resulting from promotions, increased productivity, or length of service plans are not restricted. However, by providing that wage and salary increases shall neither increase costs nor furnish a
basis fur revision of price ceilings, the order specifically ties wage policy for the first time to the price control and anti-inflation programs.

Further strength was marshalled on the side of economic stabilization by the passage of the new tax bill. A brief review of this Act follows.

## The Revenue Act of 1942

After being debated for seven and a half months, the first World War II tax law was enacted on October 20. Providing additional revenue of nearly 7 billion dollars in the course of a full year of operation, it is the largest tax bill ever passed by Congress. That it is not large enough, however, to fulfill its two major purposes-to raise a reasonable proportion of the funds needed by the Government and to restrict consumer purchasing power sufficiently to avoid undue pressure on price ceilingswas clearly indicated on October 5 when Secretary Morgenthau called for a second War tax bill to yield an additional 6 billion dollars.

Table 2.-Estimated Change in Yields of Various Taxes Under Revenue Act of $1942{ }^{1}$
[Millions of dollars]

| Item | Amount |
| :---: | :---: |
| Corporation income taxes: |  |
| Income tax (normal and surtax). | 8 |
| Excess-profits tax (gross) .-.. | 1,901 |
| Declared value excess-profits tax | -59 |
| Total corporation income taxes (gross) | 1,851 |
|  | -550 |
| Total corporation income taxes (net) | 1,301 |
| Individual income taxes: |  |
| Income tax (normal and surtax) | 3,011 |
| Victory tax (gross) | 3,088 |
| Total individual income taxes (gross) - | 6,098 |
|  | -1, 132 |
| Total individual income taxes (net) | 4,966 |
| Miscellaneous internal revenue:- |  |
| Capital stock tax | -52 |
| Estate tax. | 5 |
| Gift tax | 8 |
| Manufacturers and retailers excise taxes ${ }^{2}$ | 391 |
| Miscellaneous taxes. | 263 |
| Total miscellaneous taxes ${ }^{2}$ | 615 |
| Grand total (net) ${ }^{2}$ | 6,882 |

${ }^{1}$ Treasury Department, Division of Research and Statistics. All estimates show full year effects. Estimates of the yield of income and excess-profits taxes and the gift tax are at levels of income estimated for calendar year 1942. All other estimates git tax are at levels of income estimated for calendar
2 Excluding 99 million dohars nonrecurring floor-stock taxes.
Note.-Due to rounding, items will not necessarily add to totals.
The 1942 Revenue Act and prior legislation will produce an estimated 21 billion dollars in tax receipts (excluding employment taxes) in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1943. Since new excise tax rates will be in effect only during the last 8 months of the year and since only partial payment of income taxes is made before the close of the fiscal year, the new act will add only about 4 billion dollars to the 17 -billion-dollar yield of earlier tax laws. With total budget expenditures now estimated at 80 billion dollars and likely to run even higher, eceipts for the fiscal year will probably be only about

28 percent of budget expenditures. In addition, there is contemplated over 5 billion dollars of nonbudgetary expenditures, making the over-all Federal deficit of this fiscal year approximately 63 billion dollars. This is three times greater than last year's deficit, and over 4 times greater than the deficit in 1919. It is likely, therefore, that substantial amendments to the Revenue Code will be forthcoming.

Chart 1.-Budget Receipts and Expenditures of the Federal . Government by Fiscal Years


1 Separate figures for individual and corporate income and excess-profits tax collections are not available for 1918 and 1919.
${ }^{3}$ Data exclude employment taxes transferred directly to oldage and survivors insurance trust fund.

Sources: Data through 1942, U. S. Treasury Department; expenditures for 1943 are estimates of the Bureau of the Budget and receipts for 1943 are estimates of the U. S. Treasury Department adjusted by the U.S. Department of Commerce to reflect the effect of the Revenue Act of 1942 upon the receipts for the fiscal year 1943 only.

The sources of the new revenue, on the basis of a full year's tax receipts, are shown in table 2. Practically all the increase is the result of revision in the corporation excess profits tax, in the individual income tax, and in the adoption of the new Victory tax on individual gross incomes. Modest increases in yield will result from an upward revision in excise and other miscellaneous taxes. Corporate excess profits taxes will be increased 1.3 billions over present tax laws, and taxes on individual incomes will be up nearly 5 billion dellars.

## Higher Income_Taxin Lower and Middle Brackets.

The large increase in individual income taxes stems from a lowering of exemptions, a rise in the normal tax, an increase in surtax rates, and the adoption of the new Victory tax. Exemptions have been lowered from $\$ 1,500$ to $\$ 1,200$ for the head of a family, and from $\$ 750$ to $\$ 500$ for a single person. Allowance for each dependent has been reduced from $\$ 400$ to $\$ 350$. The lowered exemptions will broaden the base of the regular income tax from 19.9 million persons under the 1941 law to an estimated 27.2 million persons under the 1942 law.
The rise in normal and surtax rates will cause each individual taxpayer to pay at least 19 percent on his first dollar of normal tax net income.

Table 3.-Effective Rates of the Individual Income Tax on Net Income Under the Revenue Acts of 1941 and 1942

| [Percent of net income] |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net income (all income earned, before exemptions and credits) | Single person |  | Married person; no dependents |  |
|  | 1941 | 1942 | 1941 | 1942 |
| \$1,000. | 2.1 | 8.9 |  |  |
| \$1,500. | 4.6 | 12.1 |  | 3.2 |
| \$2,000. | 5.9 | 13.7 | 2.1 | 7.0 |
| \$3,000 | 7.4 | 15.7 | 4.6 | 10.8 |
| \$5,000 | 9.7 | 18.4 | 7.5 | 14.9 |
| \$10,000. | 14.9 | 23.9 | 13.1 | 21.5 |
| \$20,000. | 24.6 | 34.1 | 23.1 | 32.3 |
| \$50,000. | 41.8 | 51.6 | 40.9 | 50.7 |
|  | 53.2 | 64.6 | 52.7 | 64. 1 |
| \$1,000,000.------...-.........-------- | 73.3 | 85.5 | 73.3 | 85.4 |

Source: U. S. Treasury Department.

## The New Victory Tax.

Despite these considerable alterations in the personal income tax, most interest has centered around the Victory tax which was added to the Revenue Bill in the Senate. The Victory tax is a 5 percent tax on all the income of an individual in excess of $\$ 624$ a year.

The post-war refund aspect of the Victory tax is significant since it introduces for the first time the principle of compulsory saving into our fiscal policy. A married person will be refunded 40 percent of his Victory tax payments, up to a maximum of $\$ 1,000$, "as soon as practicable after date of cessation of hostilities in the present war." In addition, he can claim a refund of 2 percent for each dependent, up to a maximum of $\$ 100$. A single person will be refunded 25 percent of his Victory tax, up to a maximum of $\$ 500$.

The refund portion of the tax can, and probably will, be taken at the end of each year instead of at the end of hostilities. If the taxpayer has made payments on life insurance, reduced his outstanding debt, or madenet purchases of Government securities to the amount of his refund credit, he is entitled to take his refund when he fles his Victory tax return at the end of the year. The yield from the Victory tax can therefore be expressed as a gross figure ( 3.1 billion dollars for calendar year 1943) or as a net figure ( 2 billion dollars). On the assumption that the refundable portion will be taken currently instead of in the post-war period and that in any case it represents a loan rather than a tax, the net figure is used in chart 1.

Since the Victory tax will be paid by about 43 million persons- 16 million of whom will not have sufficiently large incomes to be liable for the regular income tax-it becomes necessary, in order to avoid extensive defaulting, for the tax to be collected currently at the source of income. This withholding feature of the Victory tax has the additional advantage of reducing consumer purchasing power currently, starting January 1, 1943 instead of at the somewhat later dates when individuals might start saving to meet their March 1944 tax liabilities. To this end, each employer is required to withhold from each wage or salary check 5 percent of all
payment over the allowed credit of 624 dollars a year. Year-end returns will adjust any excess or deficiency of tax paid.

${ }^{1}$ Not taking into account the maximum effective rate limitation of 90 percent, which would reduce the Victory tax payment somewhat.
Source: Report of the Committee on Finance, United States Senate, to accompany, H. R. 7378.

## Corporation Excess Profits Tax at 90 Percent.

Corporate normal income tax rates have been left unchanged by the new Revenue Act (with 24 percent the general rule) but surtax rates have been raised from 6 to 10 percent on the first $\$ 25,000$ of net income, and from 7 percent on the remaining income to 16 percent on all income if net income is over $\$ 25,000$. For corporations with net income over $\$ 25,000$ the effective normal plus surtax rate is therefore increased from between 30 and 31 percent to 40 percent.

New permitted deductions, however, will leave the yield from corporation normal and surtaxes practically unchanged under the new act. In the first place, excess profits left after payment of the excess profits tax will not be taxed again as normal income. Second, long-term (over 6 months, rather than over 18 months) gains are subject to a tax of not over 25 percent. In the third place balancing of capital gains against losses, both short, and long term, is permitted over a period of 5 years.

The main increase in corporate taxes results from raising the excess profits tax from a graduated $35-60$ percent rate to a flat 90 percent rate. The former $\$ 5,000$ exemption remains unchanged, and there are only minor alterations in the two alternative methods of determining normal profits. On the invested capital method, the percentage allowance is raised slightly, and on the earnings method the 4 -year average earnings (1936-39) may be altered to allow for one bad year; the bad year may be left out and in its place 75 percent of the average earnings of the other 3 years may be substituted.

Following the same principle as in the Victory tax, either a post-war refund or a refund for debt retirement is permitted on 10 percent of the excess profits tax paid. If such refund is not taken currently, nontrans-
ferable, noninterest-bearing United States bonds will be issued, with maturities staggered through the second to fifth calendar years following cessation of hostilities.

With a smaller return from the declared value excess profits tax (arising from an annual rather than triennial declaration of capital stock value) the gross yield of corporate income taxes arising from the changes in the revenue laws is estimated at an additional 1.9 billion dollars, but the net figure will be only 1.3 billions-the difference being the post-war credit on excess profits taxes. The effective rate of tax is limited to 80 percent of corporate net income.

## Additional Tax Legislation Probable.

Despite its over-all magnitude, the 1942 Revenue Act is unlikely to be considered the final answer to the question of war taxation. In the first place, its total yield in the current fiscal year will amount to only one-fourth of total Federal expenditures. The other three-fourths (some 63 billion dollars) will have to be borrowed.

An additional reason for expecting the raising of larger sums by taxation than will be possible under the 1942 Revenue Act is the protection that vigorous fiscal policy can give to price ceilings and the entire program of economic stabilization. If 63 billion dollars are borrowed during the current fiscal year by the Treasury, it seems likely that a sizeable fraction will be borr.Jwed from the commercial banks of the country and from the Federal Reserve banks. Such borrowing from banks would tend to expand Government purchasing power without reducing private purchasing power and thereby to add to the inflationary pressure against price ceilings.

## More Effective Control Over Materials Instituted

Another highlight of the month was the initiation of the Controlled Materials Plan to systematize the production of goods made from scarce materials. If this plan proves to be effective in forcing wartime production scheduling to proceed in close unison with actually available supplies of materials, almost incalculable benefits may be expected to accrue to the entire war effort.

The Nation can command, in most cases, impressively large supplies. The essence of the problem is to prevent waste and to utilize immediately and effec-tively-down to the last ounce-all current new supplies other than those deliberately set aside in Government stockpiles as safety reserves. Hitherto there has been too much waste of materials by methods such as these: (1) Attempting to produce more units of a given product than can be completed with the supplies on hand and hence tieing up materials in unfinished and unusable form; (2) accumulating materials inventories too far ahead of actual utilization in the manufacturing
process; (3) unbalanced production of complementary items, such as more ammunition than guns of the required type could possibly shoot; and (4) maldistribution of materials so that one producer has more than he currently needs while another has so much less that he is forced to curtail or slow bis output. The question has also been raised whether other wastes were not threatened by such fundamental instances of unbalance as building more new arms plants than can be effectively operated by available labor, materials, and power, or the production of far more tanks than can be shipped overseas to the fighting fronts.

The Controlled Materials Plan is expected to obviate such waste by ensuring that no output is scheduled unless the necessary alloy steel, carbon steel, copper, or aluminum are available (later other scarce materials may be included in the control). Hence even though less output may be scheduled than formerly, the production actually resulting should be greater because of reduction in waste and improved coordination of efforts. A key feature of the plan is that part of the allocation of materials will be done by the producers themselves.

## Advance in Industrial Production Continues.

Industrial production (as represented by the Federal Reserve adjusted index) advanced a moderate 3 points during October. The rise conformed to the familiar pattern of recent months in which durable goods industries have consistently registered the largest gains. The durable goods industries scored a ten point advance during the month, but other seasonally adjusted components of the production index fell slightly.

Chart 2.-Production for Givilian and War Use in Selected Nondurable-Goods Industries ${ }^{1}$

${ }^{1}$ Civilian and war portions are estimated points in the index; data for 1942 are partially estimated.
Sources: U. S. Department of Commerce and Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The failure of nondurable goods production to increase düring recent months may be merely a prelude to actual decreases in months to come. During October, for example, production of paper and products was frozen by joint action of the American and Canadian Governments at levels approximating the average
of the past 6 months but somewhat below the level of most recent operations. Further reductions in output accompanied by concentration of the industry are definitely in prospect in order to release more labor, materials, and transportation for war purposes. Similar curtailment and concentration orders may be expected to cover other industries in the nondurable field as war requirements grow.

Output of durable manufactures has increased rapidly in 1942 and the Federal Reserve index for this group, which averaged 193 for the year 1941 (average $1935-39=100$ ) is expected to average 253 for the year 1942, an increase of over 30 percent. This rise is by no means evenly distributed throughout the durable goods industries. Some industries such as shipbuilding and aircraft have expanded their output tremendously, far more than the group average, while other durable goods industries such as cement, nonferrous metals and iron and steel have raised production somewhat but by less than the group average.

Table" 5.-Production in Selected Nondurable Goods Industries for Civilian and War Use
[ $1935-39=100$ ]

| $[1935-39=100]$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Industry | 1941 |  |  | 1942 |  |  |
|  | A verage produc tion | Civilian portion | $\begin{aligned} & \text { War } \\ & \text { Dor- } \\ & \text { tion } \end{aligned}$ | Estimated produc tion | Civilian portion | $\begin{aligned} & \text { War } \\ & \text { por- } \\ & \text { tion } \end{aligned}$ |
| Texities and their products. | 151 | 128 | 23 | 155 | 85 | 70 |
| Cotton consumption.. | 158 | 134 | 24 | 170 | 119 | 51 |
| Rayon deliveries.. | 166 | 158 | 8 | 168 | 146 | 22 |
| Woolen and worsted cloth | $\begin{array}{r}51 \\ 162 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 46 122 | $\begin{array}{r}5 \\ 40 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 178 | 0 45 | 138 |
| Leather and products. | 121 | 109 | 12 | 116 | 87 | 29 |
| Shoes production. | 123 | 117 | 6 | 112 | 103 | 9 |
| Manufactured food products. | 128 | 122 | 6 | 141 | 127 | 14 |
| Manufactured dairy products | 132 | 125 | 7 | 147 | 132 | 15 |
| Meat packing -...-. | 129 | 123 | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | 147 | 125 | 22 |
| Alcoholic beverages..-.......- | 116 | 123 | 0 | 100 | 100 | 0 |
| Tobacco products | 120 | 116 | 4 | 127 | 112 | 15 |
| Paper and paper products | 144 | 130 | 14 | 134 | 107 | 27 |
| Paper and pulp--...- | 145 | 130 | 15 | 134 | 107 | 27 |
| Printing and publishing --.- | 124 | 124 | , | 112 | 106 | 6 |
| Newsprint consumption.- | 107 | 107 | 0 | 100 | 95 | 5 |
| Printing paper production | 140 | 140 | 0 | 124 | 118 | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ |
| Petroleum and coal products.- Gasoline production. | 128 | 115 | 18 | 122 | 73 | 49 <br> 38 |
| Gasoline production.-.-. | 125 | $\begin{array}{r}113 \\ 98 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 12 | 109 | 11 16 | 38 148 |
| Chemicals........ | 139 | 118 | 21 | 170 | 85 | 85 |
| Rubber products. | 148 | 133 | 15 | 81 | 28 | 52 |
| Rubber consumption | 151 | 136 | 15 | 87 | 31 | 56 |

Source: Board of Governors of Federal Reserve System and U. S. Department of Commerce.

Just as significant as the output expansion in the durable goods industries is the large portion of their production required for war purposes. For example, only an estimated 10 percent of iron and steel output this year will be available for nonwar uses whereas last year roughly two-thirds of a slightly smaller output was available to civilians. Machinery production is up 37 percent this year but war requirements are absorbing 70 percent of the output as against only 43 percent last year. The aircraft and shipbuilding industries are, as in 1941, virtually 100 percent on a war footing. Conversion of the automobile industry is very nearly complete with only a small volume of replacement parts currently being produced.

War Production Less Concentrated in Nondurable Goods Industries.
Among the nondurable goods manufacturing industries the war program has produced less drastic conversion of output although products have been modified to fill war orders. Even without conversion, however, war requirements have expanded sufficiently to more than absorb 1942 increases in output and reduce this year's civilian supplies below average levels of last year. Only, in the manufactured foods group, as table 5 shows, will nonwar production this year be above 1941 volume.

## Transportation System Shows Increased Efficiency.

The transportation system has shown extraordinary elasticity in meeting the needs of the war. This has

Chart 3.-Indexes of Freight-Car Utilization


Sources: Indexes computed by U.S. Department of Commerce from data published by the Interstate Commerce Commission.
been especially true of the railroads. The carriers from time to time have taken the position that they could not handle the prospective traffic load without being allowed certain increases in equipment. Although their equipment construction proposals have consistently been reduced, the railroads have carried the traffic anyway.

Thus a reserve of transportation capacity was made available through an increase in efficiency. The amount of such reserve still remaining is only a matter of conjecture, but indications are that the railways can attain still greater efficiency as the war program approaches its peak.

A search for additional capacity is also being made among other types of carriers. It was found in the case of river transportation in the form of idle equipment as well as equipment traveling light or actually empty. In view of the wide publicity which has been given to the great size of the transportation load a casual observer might logically assume that all our facilities have been used to capacity. This is not yet the case. A part of the solution of the transportation problem, therefore, is the discovery of an efficient method of
shifting traffic from the most heavily burdened agencies to those which can stand an added load.

In the motor carrier field special emphasis has been given to the matter of conservation. Because of the unsatisfactory results obtained in this direction under earlier plans the Office of Defense Transportation has established a system under which commercial motor carriers are required, since November 15, to be covered by a Certificate of War Necessity before they can be supplied with gasoline, tires or repair parts. These certificates will limit the mileage that each vehicle may travel, govern the minimum load to be carried, and require periodic inspections of equipment.

Further additions to war transportation capacity are being sought through eliminating unnecessary passenger travel. In intercity passenger transportation the amount of pleasure travel was estimated last May to be as much as 40 percent of the total. Another survey conducted in late October by the Office, of Defense Transportation is expected to provide evidence of the amount of curtailment which can be made in passenger travel. Thus far no rationing has taken place. It is likely, however, that the year-end holidays will bring problems which may justify rationing.

In commodity transportation serious study is under way of the waste involved in nonessential movements, that is, in cross-hauling and unnecessarily lengthy hauls. Restriction of uneconomic shipping appears to the Office of Defense Transportation and the War Production Board to offer many possibilities for adding to our transportation capacity. A step in the control of transportation waste has been made by the Office of Price Administration which has established delivery zones for sugar distributors.

From January througb August, the railroads produced one-third more freight ton-miles than in 1941 with only a small increase in freight cars, but the freight cars have, on the average, traveled greater distances with the heavier loads. The combined effect of these two efficiency improvements has been to increase the net ton mileage per freight car-day from 780 in July 1941 to 968 in July of this year. (See chart 3.)
The same problem of handling more business with only a small increase in equipment has been faced by

Table 6.-Selected Transportation Statistics of Traffic, Equipment, and Employees

| Item | 1942 | 1941 | Percent change |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Ton-miles revenue and nonrevenue freight, 8 months (millions) | 435, 148 | 325, 178 | +33.8 |
| Serviceable freight cars, average of 8 monthiy |  |  |  |
| Freight-car-miles, 8 months (thousands). | 22, 265, 153 | 18,150,747 | +8.6 +22.7 |
| Serviceable road freight locomotives (not stored), average of 8 monthly counts. | 18, 223 | 16,050 | 13.5 |
| Road freight-locomotive-miles, 8 months |  |  |  |
|  | 500,968 | 413, 748 | +21.1 |
| Revenue passenger-miles, 7 months ((thousands) | 25, 295, 473 | 16, 108,795 | +37.0 |
| Serviceable passenger-train cars, average of 8 monthly counts | 33,158 | 32,156 | 3.1 |
| Passenger train car-miles, 8 months (thou- |  |  |  |
| sands) -......... | 2, 305, 035 | 2,071, 579 | +11.3 |
| Serviceable passenger locomotives (not stored), average of 8 monthly counts...-. | 5,533 | 5,308 | 4.2 |
| Motive power miles, passenger, 8 months (thousands) | 336, 092 | 316,368 | +6.2 |
| Railway maintenance and transportation employees, Sept. 15 | 1, 103, 431 | 1,016, 869 | +8.5 |
| Passengers carried, class I motorbus, 7 | 181,386 | 110,088 | +64.8 |
| Local transit lines, passengers, 8 months (thousands) | 7,951, 371 | 6, 563, 605 | +21.1 |

Source: American Transit Association and Interstate Commerce Commission.
all transportation agencies. Equal gains in efficiency, however, have not been achieved by the several transportation agencies nor by sections of the country. On the Great Lakes pressure was applied to move a minimum of $90,000,000$ tons of ore before cold weather. By October 12, the carriers were over $9,000,000$ tons ahead of the same date last year. On the Mississippi and its tributaries, on the other hand, utilization of equipment has been poor, especially on the downstream haul. Unsuccessful efforts have been made to divert rail traffic to this haul, to send, for example, steel from Pittsburgh to the Gulf.

The problems of our transportation agencies are not likely to be fewer in the coming months than they have been in the past. While the rate of increase in the load will diminish, nevertheless it is estimated that rail tonmileage in 1943 will run around 15 percent over 1942. Increases in efficiency of operation are becoming more and more difficult to obtain although the search will be continued for means of reducing unserviceable equipment. Because such equipment is already at a low level, there will probably be no alternative other than to examine the traffic to determine the necessity of its movement, and to direct whether and how it shall be moved.

# Monthly Estimates of Short-Term Consumer Debt, 1929-42 

By Duncan McG. Holthausen

THE prosecution of an all-out war program is making tremendous demands upon the natural resources, capital, and people of this country. Civilians are daily becoming increasingly aware of the far-reaching effects of our war effort. It has been necessary to employ over-all price and wage controls, rationing, consumer credit restrictions, and other means in order to narrow the disparity between the supply of goods and services available and civilian demand. At the same time war costs'and hence the Treasury's needs for cash have mounted precipitously. The determination to tax, to ration, to set price and wage controls, to require forced savings, or to establish other war measures of vital significance to the public, necessitates the use of a body of economic data enabling intelligent consideration of the effects of these measures.
Consumer short-term credit is closely related to these problems. It acts as a facilitating agent in the distribution to individuals of goods and services, many of which are now in short supply. Purchases of merchandise at retail stores are expedited through charge accounts and instalment accounts. Payments for medical, educational, legal, and other expenses, in addition to retail purchases, are facilitated through credit extended by lending agencies and professional persons.

This article presents monthly estimates of shortterm consumer debt for the period 1929-42. Shortterm consumer debt is defined as the total amount of outstanding unpaid balances arising from credit extended to individuals in their capacity as consumers, where the original credit extension does not exceed five years. The series includes the following five major components:
(1) Instalment sale debt.
(2) Instalment casb loan debt.
(3) Charge account sale debt.
(4) Open credit cash loan debt.
(5) Service debt.

## Current Trend of Consumer Debt

Following closely in the wake of a retail buying wave, total short-term consumer debt reached an all time peak at the end of September 1941. Aggregate debt of this type outstanding on that date amounted to 9.7

[^2]billion dollars. This unprecedented outstanding total was over one-third higher than short-term debt outstanding at the 1929 and 1937 peaks, and almost three times larger than short-term debt at the depression trough in the spring of 1933. As chart 1 indicates, the rise in short-term debt after 1938 was largely accounted

Chart 1.-Short-Term Consumer Debt by Type, at End of June and December


Sources: See text, pages 15 and 23-25.
for by the tremendous advances in instalment sale and cash loan debt. Record sales of automobiles and other consumer durable goods provided the chief stimulant.
Since September 1941 consumer debts have been drastically reduced. In a year's time total debt dropped one-third to 6.5 billion dollars. The production curtailment of consumer durable goods beginning early in 1942 and the credit restrictions imposed by Regulation W of the Federal Reserve System in September 1941 with subsequent amendements, were perhaps the two main causal factors for this decline. ${ }^{2}$ Instalment sale debt, following the production limitations on automobiles, household appliances and radios, has fallen off 50 percent in the past year.

[^3]Consumer Credit and the Anti-Inflation Program
Under our present wartime economy, consumer credit controls are serving a number of purposes. Restrictions on credit are helping to limit the gap between disposable consumer income and the total volume of goods and services available. More particularly, the restrictions are useful in diminishing the demand for typical instalment credit merchandise, largely consumer durable goods. The credit controls can also serve as an important supplementary measure necessary to the full success of government fiscal policy. The fulfillment of plans for greatly increased taxes, bond drives, and forced savings may to some extent depend upon the "liquidity" of the civilian population. A people heavily burdened with private debts might suffer great hardships in meeting the terms of radically new fiscal measures. Finally, and perhaps most important, short-term debts should be reduced to the minimum level by the end of 1943 . This will mean that the post-war period can be initiated with the consumer comparatively debt-free.

The consumer credit controls are accomplishing these objectives in varying degrees. It should be realized, however, that these credit restrictions are only serving as an adjunct to the over-all plan for controlling inflation. As the chairman of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System has stated, "consumer credit regulation . . . is a supplemental instrument to be used in conjunction with the broader, more basic fiscal and other governmental powers in combating price inflation." During the period from February through September 1942, it was conclusively shown that inflationary tendencies cannot be offset by piecemeal measures. Incomplete price ceilings, lack of wage controls and over-all rent ceilings, and lack of strong enough fiscal policies contributed to the partial failure of the initial anti-inflation program.

As has been pointed out, consumer debt was sharply liquidated during this February-September 1942 period. But the deflationary force of this debt amortization was somewhat offset by the lack of adequate controls in other areas. In other words, funds ordinarily drawn into credit channels as down payments and monthly payments for merchandise in many instances were diverted to the purchase of nondurable goods and the use of services. Under maximum price regulations in existence during the first three quarters of 1942, this transfer of spending had the effect of making rationing more urgently necessary in those areas where ceiling prices existed, and of contributing to further price increases in those areas where prices were still uncontrolled.

The broad economic stabilization powers recently established provide the coordinated anti-inflationary program that was desperately needed. Under such conditions, the full deflationary effects of further consumer debt reductions should be realized. The
diversion of funds to nondurable goods areas should not contribute to further bidding up of prices. There is still the possibility that rationing may be hastened in some areas, but recent fiscal measures may relieve this situation.

Short-Term Consumer Debt a Small Part of Total Public and Private Debt.

Total net public and private debt amounted to approximately 185 billion dollars at the end of $1941 .^{3}$ Short-term consumer debt accounted for but 5 percent of this figure. The net public and private debt data include all government debt as well as consumer and commercial debt; both long-term and short-term.

As compared to total private debt, consumer shortterm indebtedness was again not of very great importance. In 1941 consumer short-term debt made up about one-tenth of the total private debt figure, although it did amount to one-fourth of short-term private debt.
Chart 2.-Percentage Distribution of Short-Term Consumer Debt by Type ${ }^{1}$

${ }^{1}$ Percentages are based upon average debt outstanding during the year. Sources: See text, pages 15, 23 and 25.
According to estimates of the Federal Home Loan Bank Board, mortgage credit outstanding on nonfarm 1 - to 4 -family dwellings totaled 20 billion dollars at the close of 1941. This estimate of consumer real estate debt, if added to short-term debt, indicates that total consumer debt, both long- and short-term, was in the neighborhood of 30 billion dollars last year.

## The Composition of Short-Term Consumer Debt

The composition of short-term consumer debt changed markedly during the 14 -year period covered by these data. Instalment sale debt, as chart 2 indicates, consistently accounted for the largest share, roughly 36 percent in the period since 1928. The ratio dropped as low as 29 percent in 1933 , and reached 42 percent in the year 1941 when consumers were stocking up on supplies of consumer durable goods.

Charge accounts made up about one-fifth of total consumer short-term debt during the 1929-41 period.

[^4] Commerce, Department of Commerce, Economic Series No. 21.

The proportion of charge account debt to the total tended to rise during poor business years and fall off in periods of a business upswing. This may be explained by the relatively more stable movement of charge account debt, primarily the product of nondurable goods sales, compared to other large components of the total series.

Instalment and open credit cash loan debt displayed opposite trends during the years covered. Each type of debt accounted on the average for roughly 17 percent of the total during the entire period, but whereas instalment cash loan debt made up 9 percent of the total in 1929, open credit cash loans were almost onequarter of total debt. By 1941 instalment cash loan debt accounted for almost one-quarter of the total, and open credit cash loan debt was down to 13 percent. The explanation for this reversal lies in the entrance of commercial banks into the instalment lending field, and in the gradual conversion of their consumer accommodation loan business into regular personal loan departments making cash advances on an instalment repayment basis.

Table 1.-Total Short-term Consumer Debt at Year End, by Types, 1929-41
[Millions of dollars]

| Year-end | Instalment sale | Instal- <br> ment cash loan | Charge account sale | Open credit cash loan | Service | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { consumer } \\ \text { debt } \end{gathered}$ | Net change in total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1929 - . | 2, 515 | 652 | 1,749 | 1,577 | 596 | 7,089 | $+938$ |
| 1930....... | 2, 032 | 674 | 1,611 | 1,451 | 573 | 6, 341 | -748 |
| 1931-....- | 1,595 | 619 | 1,381 | 1,051 | 531 | 5, 177 | -1, 164 |
| 1932 | 999 | 516 | 1,114 | 726 | 491 | 3, 846 | -1,331 |
| 1933 | 1, 122 | 459 | 1,081 | 588 | 467 | 3,717. | -129 |
| 1934 | 1,317 | 529 | 1,203 | 659 | 451 | 4,159 | $+442$ |
| 1935. | 1,805 | 794 | 1,292 | 785 | 472 | 5,148 | +989 |
| 1936 | 2, 436 | 1,030 | 1,419 | 991 | 520 | 6,396 | +1,248 |
| 1937 | 2,752 | 1,167 | 1,459 | 1,119 | 557 | 7,054 | +658 |
| 1938 | 2,313 | 1,226 | 1,487 | 1,069 | 523 | 6,618 | $-436$ |
| 1939. | 2, 792 | 1,559 | 1,544 | 1,089 | 534 | 7,518 | $+900$ |
| 1940 | 3,450 | 1,984 | 1,650 | 1,123 | 560 | 8,767 | +1,249 |
| 1941. | 3,747 | 2,175 | 1,783 | 1,200 | ${ }_{6} 605$ | 9,510 | +743 |

## Consumer Credit and Expenditures for Goods and Services

It is estimated that roughly one-third of all consumer expenditures are facilitated through the use of short-term credit. In other words, during 1941 when expenditures for goods and services amounted to 75 billion dollars, perhaps as much as 25 billion represented credit transactions.

The use of consumer credit is most widespread in the sales of durable consumer goods. About 60 percent of these commodities have usually been made available to consumers through instalment credit. At least one-fourth of total nondurable goods sales are credit sales, principally charge accounts purchases. It is estimated that one-third of all expenditures for services are facilitated through cash loans and through credit extended by professional individuals, particularly curative practitioners.

Consumer credit thus bulks as a significant factor, from the quantitative standpoint, in the distribution of goods and services. Actually, however, nearly all purchases on credit except instalment credit generally involve repayment periods of not longer than 1 to 3 months. Credit of this sort represents essentially a convenience credit which can normally be paid out of the current month's income. Thus it is probably safe to say that charge account and service credit do not, in the long run, add materially to the volume of consumer expenditures.
Instalment credit transactions are usually spread out over a much longer period of time- 15 to 24 months typically. In this case, the availability of credit initially makes for a substantial increase in the volume of consumer durable goods sold. Debt repayments, on the other hand, tend to reduce the amount of current income available for spending.

## Measurement of Change in Consumer Debt Important

It is commonly agreed that the net change in consumer debt, or the difference between new credit advances and repayments, measures the contribution of consumer credit to the purchasing power of the community. Changes in consumer debt measure, in other words, the contribution of credit to consumer expenditure. Thus, consumer debt is a stimulating force when it increases, and a depressing force when it declines. ${ }^{4}$ This conclusion should be qualified to the extent that changes in consumer credit outstanding represent merely a transfer of funds from one consumer to another, or to the extent that funds so spent would have been raised by dissavings (i. e., use of previously accumulated savings or sales of assets) if credit had not been obtainable.
The largest changes in consumer debt until this year, according to table 2, occurred in 1932, 1936, and 1940. In 1932, total consumer debt declined roughly 1.3 billion dollars. In 1936 and 1940 the net changes were very similar in amount, roughly 1.3 billion, except that in these years the changes in debt were increases. The decline in 1942, as already indicated, will be close to 3.5 billion dollars.

## Net Government Outlays and Changes in Consumer Debt

The stimulating effects of government financing in some years have been substantially modified by the movement of consumer debt. The Government net contribution series (see table 2) approximately represents the difference between outlays and receipts of funds by the Government. Similar to the change in consumer debt, this series measures the extent to which

[^5]a stimulating or depressing effect has been exerted upon expenditures for goods and services.

Table 2.-Net Contribution of the Federal Government, Net Change in Total Short-Term Consumer Debt, and Net Change in Debt as a Percent of Net Government Contribution, 1930-40

| Year | Net Government contribution | Net change in short-term consumer debt | Change in consumer debt as a percent of net Government contribution |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (Millions of dollars) |  | (Percent) |
| 1930 | +251 | -748 | 298 |
| 1931 | +1,748 | $-1,164$ | 67 |
| 1933 | $+1,797$ $+1,809$ | -1, -164 | 9 |
| 1934 | +3,460 | +442 | 13 |
| 1935 | +3,568 | +989 | 28 |
| 1936 | +4,374 | +1,248 | 29 |
| 1937. | +1,114 | +658 | 59 |
| 1938... | +2,225 | $-436$ | 20 |
| 1939 193 | $+3,581$ $+3,984$ | +900 $+1,249$ | $\stackrel{25}{31}$ |
|  |  |  |  |

Government outlays have exceeded receipts, as table 2 shows, in every year from 930 on. From 1930 through 1933 the decline in consumer debt could be considered a significant offsetting factor to Government outlays. In 1930 the decline in consumer debt was three times larger than the Government's net contribution. In 1931 and 1932 the decline in consumer debt was an amount equivalent to about two-thirds of Government outlays. The increases in consumer debt during 1934-37 and 1939-40 amounted to roughly one-third of the Government net contribution. In these two later periods, both factors were stimulating influences.

## Consumer Debt and Disposable Consumer Income

The most significant economic magnitude in the determination of consumer expenditures for goods and services as well as of total short-term consumer debts should be consumer income. Chart 3 indicates the relationship for the years 1929-41 between average short-term debt outstanding during the year and the level of consumer disposable income. Consumer disposable income covers income payments to individuals less taxes. It is apparent from this chart that in the period 1929 through 1940, when consumer disposable income increased, consumer debt rose; and when income decreased, consumer debt fell off. Furthermore, the level of consumer debt, relative to disposable income, tended to be higher during years of decreasing income than during years of rising income. This was clearly shown in 1936 and 1938. In both years disposable income was roughly 65 billion dollars. Consumer debt in 1936 totaled 5.7 billion, but was almost 15 percent higher in 1938. This same tendency was revealed in other years.

In the last quarter of 1941 and in 1942, the effects of durable goods shortages and Regulation W upon the movement of consumer debts are obvious. For these
years average consumer debt, adjusted for seasonal variation, and disposable income adjusted to an annual rate, are plotted in chart 3 by quarters. It is clear that consumer debt, maintaining its normal relationship to disposable income, rose to new heights through the tbird quarter of 1941, although there is some evidence that the increased were slackening off. From that date, however, changes in outstanding consumer credit have been increasingly divergent from the normal relationship. In the last quarter of 1941 average consumer debt declined 250 million dollars,

Chart 3.-Relationship between Short-Term Consumer Debt and Consumer Disposable Income


Sources: Consumer Debt, see text, pages 15 and 23-25; Consumer Disposable Income, U. S. Department of Commerce.
when normally an increase of at least 500 million would have been expected. The full effects of goods shortages and credit restrictions are revealed in 1942, when according to the normal relationship to consumer disposable income, short-term consumer debt would have expanded to almost 12 billions. Actually, consumer debts are currently falling off at the annual rate of 3.5 billion dollars, and total short-term debt by the end of 1942 should be in the neighborhood of 6.0 billion.

## Instalment Sale Debt

The widely fluctuating curve of instalment sale debt is evidence of the close relationship between the use of instalment credit and the sales of consumer durable goods. The comparison of these two series in chart 4 provides evidence that the bulk of instalment sale credit, perhaps as much as 90 percent, is granted for purchases of automobiles, household furniture, refrigerators and other household appliances, radios, musical instruments, and jewelry. These durable goods are marketable in periods of rising business activity when consumers are optimistic about future income and
when credit agencies are inclined to be liberal in their acceptance of credit risks. When the conditions are reversed, however, consumers shy away from financial obligations and credit agencies are more cautious in their selection of credit risks.

In the year since September 1941 instalment sale debt has dropped off 1.8 billion dollars, almost one-half of the aggregate amount outstanding a year ago. The reduction in debt arising from automobile sales has accounted for over three-fourths of this tremendous liquidation.

Chart 4.-Indexes of Instalment Sale Debt and Retail Sales of Durable-Goods Stores, Adjusted for Seasonal Variations

${ }^{1}$ Indexes are based upon the debt outstanding at end of month.
Source: J. S. Department of Commerce.
The principal factor behind the drop in automobile debt has of course been the stoppage of production. Sales of new cars on an instalment basis this year have amounted to a mere 5 percent of 1941 volume. At the same time used car sales have dwindled to only onethird of sales in 1941. Credit restrictions, gasoline and rubber shortages have also played a part, particularly in the reduction of used car sales.

Table 3.-Estimates of Typical Instalment Terms Offered on Selected Consumers Durable Goods Prior to Regulation W, and Terms Under the May 6 Amendment of the Federal Reserve Regulations

| Item | Pre-regulationdown payments(parcent ofsales price) |  | Federal <br> Reserve <br> minimum <br> down <br> payment <br> (percent <br> of basis <br> price) ${ }^{1}$ | Pre-regulation contract maturities (months) |  | FederalReservemaximumcontractmaturi-tes(months) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Range | Largest volume |  | Range | Largest volume |  |
| Automobiles: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New.... | 20-40 | 331/6 | 331/3 | 12-36 | 18 | 15 |
| Late models-- | $20-40$ | 331/3 | 331/3 | 12-24 | 18 | 15 |
| Older models. | 20-40 | 331/6 | 331/3 | 12-18 | 12 | 15 |
| Mechanical refrigerators. | 0-12 | 10 | 331\% | 6-36 | 24 | 12 |
| Radios, phonographs | 0-6 | 10 | ${ }^{331 / 5}$ | ${ }^{6-36}$ | 12 | 12 |
| Stores, electric and others. | 0-12 | 10 |  | ${ }_{10-24}^{12-36}$ | 24 | 12 |
| Vacuum cleaners-.--.....- Sewing machines.-. | ${ }_{0-10}^{0-8}$ | 10 10 | 331/6 | $10-24$ <br> $6-36$ | 18 18 | 12 |
| Furniture. | 0-10 | 10 | 20 | 12-36 | 18 | 12 |
| Floor covering. | 0-6 | 10 | 331/3 | 5-24 | 12 | 12 |
| Draperies..--.-.............- | 0-3 | 10 | 331/8 | 3-24 | 12 | 12 |

[^6] agement Year Book, National Retail Dry Goods Association.

The decrease in instalment receivables arising from sales of other consumer durable goods has been much less extreme than the decline in automobile debt. Through the middle of 1942, retail stocks of furniture and household appliances were adequate to meet consumer demands. To date, credit restrictions of the Federal Reserve System have been largely responsible for the liquidation of instalment accounts on nonautomotive product sales. The terms under which these products may now be sold, as table 3 shows, have been restricted markedly. In general down-payment requirements have been tripled compared to normal practices prior to Regulation W. At the same time, the period of repayment on most contracts has been reduced from one-half to one-third. These restrictions have doubtless reduced sales volume. But perhaps more important in the reduction of receivables, even if sales volume were to remain the same, is the fact that the new term requirements are severe enough to cause a decrease of 25 to 40 percent within 1 year in the total a mount of credit outstanding.

## Instalment Cash ${ }^{\text {i }}$ Loan' Debt

Instalment cash loan debt arises from the disbursements of four principal types of agencies whose lending activities are designed to meet individual and family needs. Commercial banks, most important in order of instalment loan debt holdings, extend personal loans on a discount basis to individuals through specialized personal loan departments. Personal finance companies are small-loan agencies advancing funds of $\$ 300$ or less to individuals under state laws similar to the Uniform Small Loan Act as drafted by the Russell Sage Foundation. Industrial banking companies, which include Morris Plan banks, are primarily lending agencies but roughly half of these institutions accept savings deposits and extend other regular banking facilities to their customers. Credit unions, the last of these four agencies, are cooperative organizations generally formed among groups of people with some common bond, to serve as a saving and lending institution for their members, all of whom must buy shares in the organization.

At the end of August 1941, instalment cash loan debt totaled 2.2 billion dollars. This total was almost five times as large as cash loan credit outstanding in 1933, and more than three times larger than 1929 estimates.

Commercial banks have been the predominant factor in the rise of consumer instalment cash loan debt. In the 1929-33 period commercial bank personal loans made up less than 10 percent of total credit outstandings. By August 1941, however, the commercial bank item made up one-third of the greatly enlarged loan balance total. Since 1933 thousands of banks have entered the personal loan business, a profitable outlet for excess funds available during most of this period.

In 1934 repair and modernization loans were first issued in sizable volume under the insurance protection of the Federal Housing Administration. These loans increased sharply and amounted roughly to 250 million dollars by the end of 1941.

The reduction in instalment cash loan receivables since August 1941 does not show the steep decline exhibited by debt arising from instalment sales. Instalment loan debt has been reduced approximately one-fifth. Commercial banks have shown the greatest decrease as their receivables have fallen off about 35 percent. Credit unions, industrial banks, and personal finance companies follow in order of declines. To a large degree, the extent of debt reduction among these lending institutions depends upon the nature of their loan business. Commercial banks advanced a sizable volume of funds for the purchase of new cars as well as other durable goods. Hence their receivables would be expected to drop more sharply than other institutions holding less durable goods paper in their loan balances. This is especially the case with personal finance companies, where the size of loans, which are limited to $\$ 300$, generally precludes the advancement of funds for purchases of new passenger cars.

## Charge Account Debt

Consumer charge account receivables, only a small part of which arise from wholesale sales, are very closely related to the movement of total retail sales and more particularly to nondurable goods sales. Charge account debt has usually reacted sharply to
 Sales of Nondurable-Goods Stores, Adjusted for Seasonal Variations

Indexes are based upon the debt outstanding at end of month.
changes in business activity. At the close of 1929, charge account debt amounted to roughly 1.7 billion dollars; and it is estimated that these receivables declined to roughly one-half of this figure by 1933. As of December 31, 1941, consumer charge account debt totaled about 1.8 billion.

The bulk of charge account credit was granted by department stores, food stores and apparel stores prior to charge account regulations. It is estimated that the average account prior to regulation was outstanding for 60 to 70 days, with the range varying from 40 days for food stores to 100 days or over for furniture and houschold appliance stores. Strictly speaking, charge account credit of food stores could quite properly be termed "convenience credit," since customers generally pay their bills between dates of income receipt. The charge accounts of several types of stores, however, were outstanding for longer periods than is the case for true convenience credit.

The effectiveness of Regulation W in reducing charge accounts is perhaps most clearly illustrated by chart 5 , showing adjusted indexes of nondurable goods store sales and of total charge accounts outstanding. For the period shown, the index of nondurable goods store sales moved very closely with the adjusted index of charge account debt, although in 1941 the relationship was not so marked. In the first few months of 1942 nondurable goods store sales moved up at a faster pace than charge account sales debt and beginning in May 1942, all similarity between the two indexes completely disappeared as the charge account regulations began to take effect. By August the nondurable goods index had advanced from 152 in April to 166, while the charge account debt index in the meantime had dropped from 133 to 110.

## Open Credit Cash Loan Debt

Commercial banks in making regular $30-$, 60 -, and 90 -day renewable loans to individuals, and pawnbrokers with their lending activities, make up consumer debt arising from what we have termed "open credit" cash loans. According to our estimates, loans from these sources have accounted for outstanding loan balances of slightly over one billion dollars during the past few years. It is very roughly estimated that loans outstanding from these sources totaled about 1.5 billion dollars in 1929. Tbe apparent decline in these receivables may be considered a direct result of the establishment of personal loan departments in commercial banks. As these departments were instituted banks shifted their loans from a renewable $30-$, 60 -, or 90 -day note basis to an instalment basis. Thus the drop in open credit loans of banks has been accompanied by a corresponding increase in bank instalment loans.

## Service Debt

Service debt represents outstanding credit arising from the services rendered by doctors, dentists, and other medical practitioners, in addition to credit extended by cleaning and laundry establishments, funeral parlors and other service institutions. This item was estimated to account for roughly one-half billion dollars in receivables during mast of the period involved.

## The Institutional Effects of Current Consumer Debt Liquidation

It is estimated that short-term consumer debts will be reduced approximately 3.6 billion dollars during 1942. This will bring the total reduction since September 1941 to almost 4 billion by the year end.

This sharp contraction of consumer debt will have severe repercussions up.on the institutional framework of consumer financing. To date, sales finance companies have been most affected by the consumer credit decline. Instalment receivables holdings of these companies have been cut to one-third of August 1941 holdings. The decline in receivables of these finance agencies, particularly the larger concerns, has been cushioned to some extent by an equal reduction in their borrowings from banks and from the commercial paper market. However, by the end of the year, many of these companies will be faced with idle resources and their continuance in business can only be assured bv securing new outlets for their funds.

Commercial banks rank next to sales finance companies in holdings of retail receivables. Banks also hold a large share of consumer cash loan balances. The liquidation of commercial bank instalment receivables in addition to the repayment of loans made by banks to other consumer credit agencies, will free funds needed for financing the war effort. Since commercial banks have only recently entered the consumer credit field and their holdings of consumer instalment paper amount to a relatively small proportion of their total assets, their over-all operations will not be greatly affected.

The mortality rate among retail dealers of consumer durable goods will be substantial. Already a sizeable proportion of automobile dealers have closed their businesses, while other retail outlets specializing in sales of household appliances and furniture show signs of taking similar action.

In the cash loan field personal finance companies in addition to commercial banks hold a substantial share of total instalment loan balances. The holdings of personal finance companies have not been as seriously affected to date as most lending agencies. Industrial banking companies and credit unions have experienced rather sharp declines in loan holdings.

It is evident that major dislocations will occur among retail dealers and credit agencies whose operations are geared to the sale of consumer durable goods. Current trends in consumer debt point to a steady liquidation of credit receivables to a minimum amount. Only the financially strong agencies will probably survive for the duration unless other investment outlets are obtainable. In the post-war reconstruction period, there will initially be a much smaller number of active consumer credit institutions than wave existed in the past few years. This may or may not be a himdrance to the
post-war revival of the consumer durable goods market depending upon numerous factors, such as the amount of savings accumulated by individuals by that time, the capital funds available for new investment, and the length of the reconversion period.

## Methods of Estimation and Sources of Data

Recognizing long before this wartime emergency the need for estimates of consumer debt, the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce in 1939 collaborated with the National Bureau of Economic Research and the Russell Sage Foundation in the development of histovical monthly estimates of consumer installment debt. Shortly thereafter, the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce initiated a program to supply current monthly estimates of installment debt. This in turn has lead to the development of the monthly short-term consumer debt series, which is presented here for the first time. Since the consumer credit work of the Department of Commerce has recently been transferred to the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, all future current monthly estimates of consumer debt will be made bs that agency.
The five types of consumer debt included in the Department of Commerce series are:
I. Installment sale debt.
II. Installment cash loan debt.
III. Charge account sale debt.
IV. Open credit cash loan debt.
V. Service debt.

## I. Installment Sale Debt

The installment sale debt series includes debt arising from the installment sales of automobile dealers, department stores and mail order companies, furniture stores, household appliance stores, jewelry stores, and a miscellaneous group of retail stores selling goods to the consumer on an installment basis. Excluded are types of stores whose sales are predonsinantly to farmers, contractors, or others for business purposes. The receivables, listed by type of retail store, refer to credit outstandings arising from the sales of each type of retail outlet regardless of whether the installment receivables are held by the vendor originating the paper or by a financial agency to which the accounts receivable have been sold. In all cases, the installment sale debt receivables include finance charges.
The monthly historical estimates of installment sale debt (1929-38) except for the "all other"'stores category, are taken chiefly from "The Volume of Consumer Installment Credit, 1929-38," National Bureau of Economic Research, 1940. Monthly' installment sale debt estimates have been developed by the Department of Commerce for 1939 and 1940 using the National Bureau techniques. In some cases, revisions have been made in the National Bureau series, particularly for 1935-38, where more complete source data have become available.
The following general procedure was used to construct estimates for the major retail installment debt series.
(1) Annual totad retail sales series were obtained for each of the five principal types of retail establishments.
(2) The percent of total sales made on an installment basis by each type of establishment was calculated for each year.
(3) The annual retail sales series were multiplied by the percent of retail sales made on installment to produce annual series of installment sales. These sales were considered to represent the amount of installment credit granted.
(4) The installment sales, or amounts of credit granted were then distributed on a.monthly basis for each year covered.
(5) The average duration of indebtedness in months was computed for each retail field.
(6) The size of monthly payment for each amount of credit granted was derived through division of the amount of credit granted in each month of a particular year by the average duration of customer indebtedness (in months) for that year.
(7) The amount of repayments made in each month was calculated by addition of the monthly payments due in a given month on all unliquidated credit grants of previous months.
(8) Outstandings were estimated by subtraction of total repayments from total credit granted.
The more current figures, that is for 1941 and 1942, have been projected from yearend 1940 estimates using sample trade material on the movement of installments sale receivables as indicated in table 9 .
A. Automobile Dealers.-The automobile dealer series covers consumer debt arising from the installment sales of automobiles.
Estimates for 1929 through 1940 were derived using very much the same general procedure outlined above. The principal exception to the general procedure was the use of unit figures on car sales as a base from which the number of cars sold on an installment basis was calculated and in turn multiplied by a figure representing average credit granted per car to give total credit granted in automobile sales.
For source materials and a more detailed discussion of procedure see pages 111 and 112 of the "Volume of Consumer Installiment Credit." One change in sources was made-data on maturities were taken from the experience of one large sales finance company. Originally figures for two other large sales finance companies were available for 2 years (1936 and 1937), but since it was not possible to get comparable data beyond 1937, the figures of only one company were relied upon for the entire series.

Table 4.-Total Short-Term Consumer Debt, Monthly, by Types
[Millions of dollars]

| End of month and year | $\begin{gathered} \text { Instal- } \\ \text { ment } \\ \text { sale } \\ \text { debt } \end{gathered}$ | Instalment cash loan debt | Charge account sale debt | Open credit cash loan debt | Service debt | Total | Net change in total | End of month and year | Instalment sale debt | Instal- <br> ment <br> cash <br> loan <br> debt | Charge account sale debt | Open credit cash loan debt | Service debt | Total | Net change in total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1929 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1935 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January. | 2,087 | 522. | 1,531 | 1,440 | 571 | 6, 151 | -181 | November. | 1,736 | 764 | 1,189 | 772 | 468 | 4,929 | $+107$ |
| February | 2,037 | 528 | 1,475 | 1,463 | 575 | 6,078 | -73 | December | 1,805 | 794 | 1,292 | 785 | 472 | 5,148 | +219 |
| March. <br> April | 2,083 $\mathbf{2 , 1 9 7}$ | 538 549 | 1,513 1,533 | 1,488 | 579 582 | 6, 6 , 201 | +123 | 1936 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May | 2, 327 | 652 | 1, 545 | 1,534 | 584 | 6,552 | +179 | January | 1,767 | 813 | 1,187 | 800 | 477 | 5, 044 | -104 |
| June. | 2,439 | 577 | 1,538 | 1,552 | 587 | 6,693 | +141 | February | 1,741 | 835 | 1,155 | 817 | 480 | 5,028 | -16. |
| July | 2, 519 | 588 | 1,461 | 1,568 | 589 | 6, 725 | +32 | March. | 1, 808 | 873 | 1,169 | 835 | 484 | 5,169 | $+141$ |
| August | 2,576 | 594 | 1,457 | 1,578 | 591 | 6,796 | +71 | April | 1,931 | 894 | 1,190 | 852 | 488 | 5,355 | +186 |
| Septembe | 2,574 | 599 | 1,535 | 1,585 | 591 | 6,884 | +88 | May. | 2,067 | 914 | 1,233 | 869 | 492 | 5,575 | +220 |
| October- | ${ }_{2}^{2,583}$ | 612 | 1,589 | 1,585 | 593 | 6, 962 | $\begin{array}{r}+78 \\ +37 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | June. | 2, 194 | 916 | 1,202 | 887 | 496 | 5,695 | +120 |
| November | 2,532 | 627 | 1,590 | 1,582 | 594 | 6,925 | $-37$ | July | 2,280 | 928 | 1,150 | 905 | 500 | 5,763 | +68 |
| December..- | 2,515 | 652 | 1,749 | 1,577 | 596 | 7,089 | +164 | August September | 2, 2,344 | 948 966 | 1,147 | 923 941 | 504 508 | 5,845 5,975 5 | +82 +130 |
| 1930 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | September <br> October. | 2, 2444 | $\begin{aligned} & 966 \\ & 988 \end{aligned}$ | 1,216 | 941 959 | 508 511 | $\begin{aligned} & 5,975 \\ & 6,102 \end{aligned}$ | +130 +127 |
| January | 2,375 | 653 | 1,584 | 1,569 | 595 | 6,776 | -313 | Novembe | 2, 346 | 1,001 | 1,327 | 975 | 515 | 6,164 | +62 |
| February | ${ }^{2}, 263$ | 649 | 1,510 | 1,559 | 590 | 6,571 | $-205$ | Decembe | 2, 436 | 1,030 | 1,419 | 991 | 520 | 6, 396 | +232 |
| March | 2, 2222 | 652 659 | 1,533 1,537 | 1,549 | 592 589 | 6,548 6,567 | -23 +19 | 1937 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April | 2, 242 | 659 664 | 1,537 1,532 | 1,540 1,532 | 589 589 | 6,567 <br> 6,544 | +19 -23 | January | 2, 377 | 1,039 | 1,279 | 1,008 | 527 | 6, 230 | -166 |
| June | 2, 241 | 664 | 1,508 | 1,522 | 588 | 6,523 | -21 | February | 2,334 | 1,053 | 1,238 | 1,025 | 533 | 6, 183 | -47 |
| July | 2, 217 | 671 | 1,418 | 1,513 | 587 | 6,406 | -117 | March | 2, 406 | 1,080 | 1,273 | 1,040 | 538 | 6,337 | +154 |
| August | 2, 187 | 669 | 1,399 | 1,503 | 588 | 6,346 | -60 | April | 2,515 | 1, 096 | 1,269 | 1, 058 | 543 | 6, 481 | +144 |
| September | 2, 147 | 666 | 1,457 | 1,493 | 582 | 6,345 | -1 | May | 2, 639 | 1,113 | 1,284 | 1,074 | 548 | 6, 658 | +177 |
| October- | ${ }_{2}^{2,112}$ | 668 | 1, 492 | 1,479 | 578 | 6,329 | $-16$ | Jume | 2, 753 | 1,128 | 1,273 | 1,090 | 553 | 6,797 | $+139$ |
| November | 2, 043 | 668 | 1,504 | 1,465 | 575 | 6,255 | -74 | July | 2, 805 | 1,137 | 1,221 | 1,107 | 555 | 6,825 | $+28$ |
| December | 2,032 | 674 | 1,611 | 1,451 | 573 | 6,341 | +86 | August | 2,850 | 1,141 | 1,239 | 1,119 | 557 | 6,906 | $+81$ |
| 1931 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Septemb | 2, 854 | 1,148 | 1,309 | 1,127 | 557 | 6,995 | 89 |
| January | 1,926 | 669 | 1,446 | 1,429 | 571 | 6,041 | -300 | November | 2, 779 | 1,152 | 1,399 | 1,123 | 558 | 7,011 | ${ }_{26}$ |
| February | 1,838 | 662 | 1,367 | 1,404 | 567 | 5,838 | -203 | December | 2,752 | 1,167 | 1,459 | 1,119 | 557 | 7,054 | +43 |
| March. | 1,794 | 651 | 1,379 | 1,373 | 565 | 5,762 | -76 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April | 1,800 | 648 | 1,377 | 1,342 | 562 | 5,729 | -33 | 1938 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| June | 1,809 | ${ }_{647}$ | 1,341 | 1, 269 | $\stackrel{559}{557}$ | 5,624 | -68 | January | 2,619 | 1,153 | 1,291 | 1,113 | 555 | 6,731 | -323 |
| July | 1,785 | 651 | 1,257 | 1,230 | 553 | 5,476 | -148 | February | 2,503 | 1,144 | 1,218 | 1,103 | 549 | 6,517 | -214 |
| Angust | 1,752 | 643 | 1,232 | 1,192 | 547 | 5,366 | -110 | March | 2,444 | 1,150 | 1,233 | 1,094 | 544 | 6,465 | -52 |
| Septembe | 1,712 | 636 | 1,278 | 1,155 | 543 | 5,324 | -42 | April | 2,412 | 1,156 | 1,249 | 1,084 | 539 | 6,440 | -25 |
| October | 1,669 | 637 | 1,301 | 1, 120 | 538 | 5,265 | -59 | May | 2,384 | 1,162 | 1,240 | 1,076 | 534 | 6,396 | -44 |
| November | 1,610 | 625 | 1,280 | 1,088 | 534 | 5,137 | -128 | June | 2, 349 | 1, 174 | 1,243 | 1,071 | 531 | 6, 368 | -28 |
| December | 1,595 | 619 | 1,381 | 1,051 | 531 | 5,177 | +40 | July.- | 2,294 | 1,179 | 1, 187 | 1,066 | 527 | 6,253 | $-115$ |
| 1932 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | August | $\stackrel{2,278}{2,243}$ | 1,183 1, 193 | 1,195 1,270 | 1, 1,065 | 524 522 | 6,245 | -8 +48 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | October. | 2,222 | 1,199 | 1,305 | 1,066 | 520 | 6,312 | $+19$ |
| January | 1,495 | 611 | 1,224 | 1,024 | 518 | 4,872 | -305 | November | 2,231 | 1,205 | 1,362 | 1,067 | 521 | 6,386 | $+74$ |
| Februar | 1,407 | 599 | 1,136 | 997 | 515 | 4,654 | -218 | December | 2,313 | 1,226 | 1,487 | 1,069 | 523 | 6,618 | +232 |
| March | 1,335 | 594 | 1,123 | 968 | 521 | 4,541 | -113 | 1939 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April | 1,289 | 586 583 | 1,100 | 940 915 | 518 513 | 4, 433 4,339 | -108 | January |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| June | 1,226 | 570 | 1,048 | 888 | 509 | 4, 241 | -98 | February | 2,225 | 1,241 | 1,322 | 1,071 | 524 | 6,409 | $-209$ |
| July- | 1,162 | 562 | 978 | 860 | 503 | 4,065 | -176 | March. | 2,268 | 1,262 | 1,283 | 1,075 | 523 | 6, 411 | +76 |
| August | 1,122 | 552 | 961 | 833 | 498 | 3,966 | -99 | April | 2,331 | 1,296 | 1,287 | 1,076 | 522 | 6,512 | +101 |
| Septembe | 1,085 | 543 | 1,002 | 807 | 494 | 3, 931 | -35 | May | 2,431 | 1, 334 | 1.300 | 1,077 | 520 | 6, 662 | $+150$ |
| October- | 1,055 | 530 | 1,025 | 780 | 492 | 3, 882 | -49 | June | 2, 509 | 1,379 | 1,286 | 1,079 | 524 | 6,777 | $+115$ |
| November | 1,015 | 525 | 1,019 | 754 | 491 | 3,804 | -78 | July | 2,537 | 1,401 | 1,217 | 1,081 | 525 | 6,761 | $-16$ |
| Decembe | 999 | 516 | 1,114 | 726 | 491 | 3,846 | -42 | August | 2,571 | 1, 423 | 1,229 | 1,084 | 525 | 6,832 | $+71$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | September | 2,585 | 1, 445 | 1,345 | 1,087 | 528 | 6,988 | $+156$ |
| 1933 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | October- | 2,633 | 1, 479 | 1,388 | 1,088 | 528 | 7, 116 | +128 |
| January |  |  |  |  | 488 |  |  | Novembe | $\stackrel{2}{2}, 670$ | 1,509 | 1,399 | 1,089 | 529 | 77196 | +80 +322 |
| February | 916 | 495 | , 954 | 676 | 483 | 3,524 | -128 | December | 2,792 | 1, 559 | 1,544 | 1,089 | 534 | 7,618 | $+322$ |
| March. | 892 | 480 | 957 | 655 | 477 | 3,471 | -53 | 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April | 901 | 477 | 968 | 635 | 470 | 3,451 | -20 | January. | 2,740 | 1,579 | 1,408 | 1,080 | 536 | 7,343 | -175 |
| May | 941 | 473 | 968 | 615 | 465 | 3, 462 | +11 | February | 2, 711 | 1,598 | 1,336 | 1,073 | 537 | 7,255 | -88 |
| June_ | 988 | 469 | 956 | 601 | 462 | 3, 476 | $\pm 14$ | March. | $\stackrel{2}{2} 758$ | 1,632 | 1, 368 | 1,067 | 538 | 7,363 | $+108$ |
| July | 1,015 | 465 | 903 | 590 | 461 | 3,434 | -42 | April | 2, 860 | 1,675 | 1, 373 | 1,065 | 539 | 7,512 | $+149$ |
| August | 1,065 | 463 461 | 897 942 | 582 | 461 | 3,468 3,542 3 | +34 +74 | May | 2,978 3,066 | 1,724 | 1,384 1,402 | 1,066 1,070 | 541 | 7,693 7855 | +181 +162 |
| September October. | 1,096 | 469 | 942 974 | 588 | 462 465 | 3,542 <br> 3,599 | +74 +57 | June. | 3,066 | 1,772 1,798 | 1, 1,302 | 1,070 1,074 | 545 | 7,855 7,852 | $+162$ |
| November | 1,114 | 458 | 976 | 585 | 466 | 3,599 |  | Augrast | 3,164 | 1, 832 | 1,309 | 1,079 | 549 | 7,933 | +81 |
| December- | 1,122 | 459 | 1,081 | 588 | 467 | 3,717 | +118 | September | 3, 164 | 1,856 | 1,399 | 1,087 | 551 | 8,057 | +124 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | October | 3,226 | 1,894 | 1,455 | 1, 102 | 552 | 8, 229 | $+172$ |
| 1934 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | November | 3,285 | 1,930 | 1,494 1,650 | 1,117 1,123 | 554 | 8,380 8,767 | +151 +387 |
| January | 1,082 | 457 | 988 | 593 | 467 | 3, 587 | -130 | December | 3,450 | 1,984 | 1,650 | 1, 123 | 560 | 8,767 | +387 |
| February | 1,066 | 453 | 953 | 597 | 467 | 3,536 | -51 | 1941 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March. | 1,086 | 455 | 980 | 602 | 467 | 3,590 | $+54$ | January | 3, 398 | 1,998 | 1,486 | 1,123 | 561 | 8,566 | -201 |
| April. | 1,140 | 459 | 999 | 607 | 468 | ${ }^{3,673}$ | $+83$ | February | 3,405 | 2,012 | 1,419 | 1,123 | 563 | 8,522 | -44 |
| May | 1,203 | 465 | 1,012 | ${ }_{612}$ | 466 | 3,758 | $+85$ | March | 3,463 | $\stackrel{2}{2} \mathbf{0 3 5}$ | 1,450 | 1,123 | 565 | 8,636 | $-114$ |
| June. | 1,252 | 471 | 1,014 | 617 | 466 | 3,820 | +62 | April. | 3,649 | 2, 101 | 1,495 | 1, 131 | 569 | 8,945 | +309 |
| July- | 1,280 | 476 | 970 | 623 | 463 | 3,812 | -8 | May | 3,846 | 2,152 | 1, 632 | 1,146 | 574 | 9, 250 | $+305$ |
| August | 1,301 | 486 | 975 | 630 | 459 | 3,851 | +39 | June. | 3,969 | 2,198 | 1, 581 | 1,160 | 582 | 9,490 | +240 |
| September | 1, 298 | 495 | 1,035 | 637 | 455 | 3,920 | +69 | July. | 4,032 | 2,230 | 1,540 | 1,156 | 588 | 9,546 | $+56$ |
| October- | 1,311 | 507 | 1,078 | 644 | 453 | 3,993 | $+73$ | August. | 4,110 | $\stackrel{2}{252}$ | 1, 587 | 1,157 | 592 | 9, 698 | +152 |
| November | 1,302 | 516 | 1,086 | 651 | 451 | 4,006 | +13 | September | 4, 008 | $\stackrel{2}{2} 236$ | 1,712 | 1, 168 | 598 | 9, 720 | +22 |
| December | 1,317 | 529 | 1,203 | 659 | 451 | 4,159 | +153 | October | 3,900 | 2,214 | 1,702 | 1, 185 | 598 | 9,599 | -121 |
| 1935 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | November | 3,797 | 2,190 | 1,662 | 1,198 | 600 | 9,447 | -152 |
| January.. | 1,291 | 534 | 1,092 | 667 | 453 | 4,037 | -122 | December. | 3,747 | 2,175 | 1,783 | 1,200 | 605 | 9,510 | +63 |
| February | 1,285 | 542 | 1,053 | 676 | 454 | 4,010 | -27 | 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March. | 1,337 | 556 | 1,087 | 686 | 459 | 4,125 | +115 | January.. | 3, 503 | 2,103 | 1,709 | 1,197 | 608 | 9, 120 | -390 |
| April. | 1,427 | 575 | 1, 131 | 696 | 460 | 4,289 | +164 | February | 3,301 | 2,048 | 1,624 | 1,187 | 609 | 8,769 | -351 |
| May- | 1,509 | 598 | 1,111 | 705 | 461 | 4,384 | $+95$ | March. | 3, 105 | 2,015 | 1,680 | 1,180 | 610 | 8,590 | -179 |
| June | 1,579 | 625 | 1,128 | 714 | 462 | 4,508 | +124 | April.- | 2,929 | 1,977 | 1,660 | 1,166 | 613 | 8,345 | -245 |
| July--- | 1, 636 | 656 | 1,075 | 724 | 464 | 4,555 4,630 | +47 +75 | May | 2,710 | 1,917 | 1,575 1,470 | 1,145 1,119 | 616 617 | 7,963 7753 | -382 |
| August | 1,683 1,697 1 | 689 713 | 1,059 1,101 | 735 747 | 464 465 | 4, 630 4,723 | +75 +93 | June. | 2,481 2,254 | 1,866 1,791 | 1,470 1,326 | 1,119 1,109 | 617 619 | 7,553 7,099 | -410 |
| September | 1,697 1,709 | 7741 | 1,101 1,145 | 747 760 | 465 467 | 4,723 4,822 | +93 +99 | Jugy | 2,254 | 1,791 1,714 | 1,326 1,289 | 1,109 1,099 | 619 619 | 7,099 $\mathbf{6 , 7 5 3}$ | $-454$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 5．－Consumer Instalment Sale Debt，Monthly，by Sources

| $\underset{\substack{\text { End of month } \\ \text { and year }}}{ }$ | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c} \text { catoo } \\ \text { deate } \\ \text { dealers } \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|} \hline \begin{array}{c} \text { Furni- } \\ \text { stores } \end{array} \end{array}$ |  | ${ }_{\text {Jeverry }}$ |  | Total | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { ehet } \\ \text { eng } \\ \text { in total } \end{array}$ | ${ }_{\text {End }}^{\text {End of month }}$ and year | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|c\|c\|c\|c\|c\|c\|c\|c\|c\|} \text { doealers } \end{array}$ | Depart <br> stant <br> stors <br> and <br> moder <br> hooses$\|$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} \substack{\text { Furni- } \\ \text { sure }} \end{array}$ |  | Jewelry | （taln＂ | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ${ }_{\text {ary }}^{1929}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 393838383939393940404056 |  |  | ${ }_{-38}^{-38}$ |
| 隹 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{\text {April }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\frac{\text { April }}{\text { May }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{-133}$ |
| ${ }^{\text {Jup }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Juna |  |  |  |  |  |  | 194 | －189 |
| Augast |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Augic |  |  |  |  |  |  | 323 | ＋＋43 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Oet |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{+5}^{+5}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Decomm |  |  |  |  |  |  | 退 | $\stackrel{+}{+90}$ |
| ${ }^{1930}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 193 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fanuary | 1， 21 | $\underset{\substack{166 \\ 154 \\ 154}}{ }$ |  | ${ }_{238}^{249}$ | 530 | ${ }_{129}^{129}$ | ${ }^{75}$ | $-_{112}^{14}$ | uar | 1，221 | 475 | 397 | ${ }_{24}^{247}$ | ${ }_{5}^{56}$ | 170 | 374 | －599 |
| March |  | 151 <br> 152 <br> 15 |  | ${ }_{229}^{224}$ | 47 | ${ }_{128}^{128}$ |  | 20 | April | ${ }_{1}^{1,275}$ | ${ }_{\substack{248 \\ 248}}^{248}$ | $\underset{403}{403}$ | ${ }_{265}^{251}$ | － | 172 |  | ${ }_{109}^{+72}$ |
| $\stackrel{\text { May．}}{\text { Sund }}$ | 1，117 | 151 <br> 144 <br> 14 | ${ }_{\substack{545 \\ 545}}$ | ${ }_{248}^{237}$ | 45 | 131 |  | －15 | ${ }_{\text {Mapy }}$ | 402 | ${ }_{275}^{271}$ | ${ }_{\substack{436 \\ 446}}$ | 235 | 56 | ${ }_{189}^{189}$ | ${ }^{639}$ | $\underset{+124}{+124}$ |
| ${ }^{\text {July }}$ Aupis | colit | － |  | ${ }_{248}^{258}$ | ${ }_{41}^{42}$ | 132 |  | ${ }_{-30}^{24}$ | ${ }^{\text {July }}$ | 17 | ${ }_{270}^{270}$ | ${ }_{4}^{449}$ | ， | 55 | ${ }_{199}^{197}$ | ${ }_{8}^{805}$ | ${ }_{+}^{+52}$ |
| Se | 1， 1 | － | ¢ | ${ }_{231}^{242}$ | 39 | 133 |  | － 30 | Septer | 535 | $\xrightarrow{279}$ | ${ }^{461}$ | 退 | 54 | ${ }_{202}^{202}$ | （883 | ＋4 |
| （ecteor |  | ${ }_{\substack{147 \\ 145 \\ \\ \\ \hline}}$ |  | ${ }_{\substack{223 \\ 222}}^{232}$ | 38 47 47 | $\underset{\substack{135 \\ 131 \\ 135}}{ }$ | ， | －${ }_{-19}^{39}$ | （ |  |  |  | 边 |  |  |  | － |
| 1931 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1938 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| aray | 802 | ${ }_{1}^{149}$ | 520 | ${ }_{211}^{219}$ | ${ }_{45}^{46}$ | ${ }_{138}^{137}$ | 1，988 | －-108 | auary | －302 | ${ }^{236}$ | 45 | ${ }_{287}^{298}$ |  |  |  | －${ }_{-1163}^{133}$ |
| Marah－ | ${ }_{782}^{77}$ | － 1199 | ${ }_{498}^{498}$ | ${ }_{\text {cke }}^{192}$ | ${ }_{4}^{45}$ |  |  | -44 +6 | March | 184 | 283 | ${ }_{4}^{42}$ | 退 281 |  | ${ }_{199}^{197}$ | ${ }_{414}^{44}$ |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Jum }}$ | $\begin{array}{r}788 \\ 78 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{143}^{148}$ | 484 | 210 | ${ }_{44}^{44}$ | ${ }_{13}^{136}$ |  | ＋91 | May | ， | － | 47 | 永 |  | ${ }_{201}^{201}$ | 384 | －－388 |
| July | ${ }_{774}^{790}$ | ${ }_{131}^{1335}$ | 471 | ${ }_{208}^{221}$ | ${ }_{41}^{42}$ | 135 |  | $-_{-25}^{25}$ | July－ |  |  | 4 | 77 | ${ }_{\substack{55 \\ 54 \\ 54}}^{5}$ | ${ }_{\text {120 }}^{198}$ | 294 | －5id |
|  | ${ }_{716}^{747}$ | $\stackrel{\substack{132 \\ 135}}{ }$ | ${ }_{458}^{458}$ | con |  | －133 |  | －43 | Septem | ${ }_{9}^{996}$ | ${ }^{267}$ | 462 | ${ }^{664}$ | 㐌3 | ${ }^{202}$ | 228 | － |
| Nocemb | ${ }_{6}^{674}$ | cins | ${ }_{454}^{447}$ | （186） | 37 ${ }_{4}^{37}$ | ${ }_{136}^{132}$ | li，690 | －${ }_{-15}$ | Notem | cois | cos | ${ }_{\substack{465 \\ 485}}$ |  | ${ }_{50}^{58}$ | ${ }_{220}^{202}$ | ${ }^{2313}$ | $\stackrel{+9}{+82}$ |
| 1932 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | December 1939 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { January } \\ \substack{\text { Forbur }} \end{gathered}$ | ${ }_{542}^{588}$ | 130 <br> 124 <br> 12 | ${ }_{4}^{433} 4$ | $\underset{\substack{178 \\ 160}}{ }$ | ${ }_{41}^{43}$ | 130 <br> 125 |  | －-800 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mral | ${ }_{\substack{505 \\ 488 \\ \hline 88 \\ \hline}}$ |  | 400 | ＋ | － | － |  |  |  | ${ }^{993}$ | 284 | 2 | 246 |  | ${ }_{\substack{208 \\ 208}}$ | 288 |  |
| Jua | ${ }_{433}$ | ${ }_{111}^{115}$ | ${ }_{366}^{39}$ | ${ }_{144}^{144}$ | 35 | 117 |  | ${ }_{26} 26$ | ${ }_{\text {April }}$ | ， 103 | － | ${ }_{4}^{479} 4$ | $\underset{ }{253}$ | ${ }_{64}^{64}$ | ${ }_{216}$ | 退 | －100 |
| Augus | ${ }_{\substack{430 \\ 433}}^{4}$ | － | ${ }_{335}^{336}$ | （139 | 31 | 110 |  | 近 64 | ${ }^{\text {June－}}$ | ， | 边 | 92 |  | ${ }_{65}^{66}$ | ${ }_{218}$ |  | － |
| Sopto | － | 108 | － $\begin{gathered}323 \\ 321\end{gathered}$ | ${ }_{128}^{129}$ |  | $\stackrel{109}{109}$ |  | ${ }_{-30}^{37}$ | ${ }_{\text {den }}$ | ${ }_{223}^{223}$ | 退301 | ${ }_{\substack{497 \\ 501}}$ |  | ${ }_{64}^{64}$ | $\stackrel{\substack{221 \\ 221}}{ }$ | ${ }^{585}$ | － |
| －Noveemb | － | 100 | 313 313 | ${ }_{121}^{122}$ | ${ }_{30}^{27}$ | coict | 1，995 | －40 |  | 232 | ${ }^{334}$ | ¢11 | ${ }_{\substack{265 \\ 265}}$ | －85 | ${ }_{220}^{220}$ |  | ${ }_{\text {F }}^{\text {F }}$ |
| 19 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Decent |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ary |  |  | － |  |  |  |  |  | 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Ma }}$ |  | ${ }_{93}^{92}$ | ${ }_{284}^{284}$ | 102 | ${ }_{25}^{26}$ | ${ }_{94}^{95}$ |  | ＋9 | $\frac{\text { Januar }}{\text { Febru }}$ | ${ }_{275}^{275}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | $-_{-29}^{-53}$ |
| Maye | ${ }_{365}^{330}$ | ${ }_{96}^{95}$ | ${ }_{291}^{289}$ | ${ }^{107}$ | ${ }_{25}^{25}$ | ${ }_{96}^{95}$ | 988 | 47 | March | 300 | 362 | cit | $\stackrel{ }{253}$ | ${ }_{79}^{81}$ |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{\text {July }}^{\text {Jubist }}$ | ${ }_{437}^{393}$ | ${ }_{98}^{94}$ | － |  | 24. | ${ }_{95}^{94}$ |  | 50 | May－ | ${ }^{478}$ |  |  | $\xrightarrow{281}$ | ${ }_{78}^{78}$ |  | ， |  |
| Septemb | ${ }_{480}^{463}$ | $\xrightarrow{103}$ | 292 | ${ }_{120}^{122}$ | ${ }_{23}^{24}$ | ${ }_{95}^{95}$ | 1，119 | $\stackrel{+31}{+33}$ | July | ， 615 | ${ }^{661}$ | ${ }^{63}$ | $\underset{\substack{238 \\ 298 \\ 298}}{ }$ | ${ }_{7}^{78}$ | 24 |  | ${ }_{+86}^{+62}$ |
| Nocember | ${ }_{4}^{477} 4$ | ${ }^{112}$ | ${ }_{291}^{299}$ | 117 119 | 23 | ${ }_{97}^{97}$ | 退， 1 | ${ }_{+5}^{-5}$ | Septen |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1934 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Docem |  | coin |  | 边 | $\xrightarrow{79}$ | 2in |  | ＋169 |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} 116 \\ 116 \\ 118 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 201 \\ \substack{289} \\ \hline 290 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 1941 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1181 \\ & 124 \\ & 124 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 166 \\ 1260 \\ 1204 \end{gathered}$ | $\stackrel{{ }_{29}^{29}}{29}$ | － | 发， | ＋63 | Januar | ${ }_{1}^{1,752}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{\text {Jane }}$ Jund | ${ }_{505}^{562}$ | $\underset{\substack{124 \\ 120}}{ }$ | ${ }_{295}^{293}$ | $\underset{\substack{138 \\ 138}}{\substack{138}}$ | ${ }_{29}^{29}$ | ${ }_{104}^{1004}$ |  | ＋+ |  | 988 | ${ }_{404}^{402}$ | 585 |  | ${ }_{90}^{90}$ |  | 649 | 186 |
| August | 617 617 617 | $\underset{\substack{122 \\ 126}}{126}$ | 2985 | － | ${ }_{27}^{27}$ | 1005 |  | ${ }_{-3} 21$ | ${ }_{\text {May }}$ | 225 | －35 | cot | ${ }_{330}$ | ${ }_{92}^{91}$ |  | ${ }^{869}$ | 123 |
| ber－ | ${ }_{601}^{60}$ |  | ${ }_{303}^{302}$ | ${ }_{128}$ | ${ }_{26}^{26}$ | （107 | 1，302 | －9 | July | ${ }^{238}$ | ${ }^{14}$ | cio 68 |  | ${ }_{92}^{92}$ |  | ${ }^{032}$ | ＋78 |
| December | ${ }_{576}$ | 146 |  |  |  |  |  | ＋15 | （ | ， |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Jannary－ |  | ${ }_{1}^{142}$ |  |  |  |  |  | －26 | De | ${ }^{2}$ | ${ }_{468}^{467}$ | ${ }_{6}^{613}$ | ${ }_{\substack{320 \\ 313}}^{32}$ | －${ }_{126}^{96}$ | 284 | 3，747 | －50． |
| March | ${ }^{631}$ | ${ }_{142}^{19}$ |  | ${ }^{123}$ | ${ }_{33}^{33}$ | ${ }^{109}$ | 1，327 | ＋52 | 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{\text {May }}$ | ${ }_{805}^{784}$ | $\underset{ }{153}$ | 310 311 311 | 1438 | ${ }_{33}^{33}$ | ${ }_{119}^{116}$ | 隹， 1,579 | － | Tanuary |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July | ${ }_{\substack{880 \\ 808}}^{808}$ | $\underset{\substack{1152 \\ 152 \\ 152}}{ }$ | ${ }_{3}^{307}$ | cier |  | ${ }_{118}^{118}$ |  | ＋47 |  |  | ${ }^{396}$ |  | ${ }_{258}^{25}$ | ${ }_{95}^{98}$ |  | ${ }^{105}$ | － |
|  | ${ }_{903}^{903}$ | $\underset{\substack{159 \\ 169}}{169}$ | cin ${ }_{3}^{312}$ | （188 | －${ }_{30}^{30}$ | － | $\xrightarrow{\substack{1,792 \\ 1,709}}$ |  | May－－ | ${ }_{\text {li，}}^{1,2126}$ | ${ }_{332}^{332}$ | － | 219 | ${ }_{79}^{88}$ | ${ }^{213}$ | 288 | ${ }^{229}$ |
| cember．．．－－ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ＋69 | August．－． |  |  | ${ }_{49}^{475}$ | 135 | ${ }_{67}$ | ${ }_{182}^{196}$ | 2， 2 | ${ }_{-22}^{227}$ |

$491359-42-3$

Table 6.-Consumer Instalment Cash Loan Debt, Monthly, by Types
[Millions of dollars]

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { End of month. } \\ & \text { and year } \end{aligned}$ | Commercial banks | Credit unions | $\begin{gathered} \text { Indus- } \\ \text { trial } \\ \text { banking } \\ \text { com- } \\ \text { panies } \end{gathered}$ | Per- sonal finance com- panies | Total repair and modern- ization loans | Miscel laneou lenders | Total | $\underset{\substack{\text { Net } \\ \text { in tonge } \\ \text { in total }}}{\substack{\text {. } \\ \text {. }}}$ | End of month and year | Commercial banks | Credit unions | $\begin{gathered} \text { Indus- } \\ \text { trial } \\ \text { banking } \\ \text { com- } \\ \text { panies } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Per- } \\ \text { sonal } \\ \text { finance } \\ \text { com- } \\ \text { panies } \end{gathered}$ | Total repair and modern- ization loans | Miscel lenders | Total | Net change in total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1929 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1936 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 20 | 29 | 193 | 199 |  | 81 | 522 | +10 | January .-- | 74 | 45 | 159 | 270 | 184 | 81 | 813 | +19 |
| February.- | 22 | 29 | 192 | 204 |  | 81 | 528 | $+6$ | February | 78 | 45 | 160 | 272 | 197 | 83 | 835 | +22 |
| March---- | $\stackrel{24}{24}$ | 29 | 193 | 209 |  | 83 | 538 549 | $+10$ | March---- | 84 | 47 | 167 | 276 282 | 214 | 85 86 | ${ }_{894}^{873}$ | + ${ }^{38}$ |
| April | 28 | 30 30 | 1200 | 219 |  | 85 | 562 | +13 | May | 98 | 51 | 171 | 286 | 219 | 89 | 914 | +20 |
| Junè. | 30 | 30 | 204 | 226 |  | 87 | 577 | +15 | June | 102 | 54 | 174 | 275 | 221 | 90 | 916 | +2 |
| July | 32 | 30 | 205 | 232 |  | 89 | 588 | +11 | July | 107 | 56 | 175 | 275 | 223 | 92 | 928 | +12 |
| August | 34 | 30 | 205 | 236 |  | 89 | 594 | + | August | 112 | 57 | 178 | 278 | 228 | 95 | 948 | +20 |
| September- | 36 | ${ }_{31}^{30}$ | ${ }_{207}^{204}$ | 243 |  | ${ }_{93}^{91}$ | 599 <br> 612 | +13 | October. | 121 | ${ }_{62}$ | 182 | 285 | 240 | 98 | 988 | +18 |
| October-- | 38 40 | ${ }_{31}$ | 212 | 251 |  | ${ }_{93}$ | 627 | +15 | November | 125 | 63 | 185 | 288 | 240 | 100 | 1,001 | $+13$ |
| November. | 43 | 32 | 219 | 263 |  | 95 | 652 | +25 | December. | 130 | 66 | 191 | 301 | 240 | 102 | 1, 030 | +29 |
| 1930 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1937 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 43 | 31 | 219 | 265 |  | 95 | 653 | +1 |  | 138 |  |  |  | 27 |  |  |  |
| February |  | 30 | 217 | 265 |  | 95 | 649 | + | February | 145 | 68 | 193 | 302 | 239 | 106 | 1, 053 | +14 |
| March | $\stackrel{43}{43}$ | 30 30 | 222 | 270 |  | 99 | 602 659 | +7 | March | 154 | 71 | 198 | 308 | 241 | 108 | 1,080 | +27 |
| May | 44 | 30 | 221 | 274 |  | 95 | 664 | +5 | April-...- | 165 | 74 | 203 | 313 | 232 | 109 | 1,096 | +16 |
| June. | 44 | 31 | 220 | 275 |  | 94 | 664 | 0 | May--- | 176 | 77 | 208 | 318 | 222 | 112 | 1,113 | $+17$ |
| July | 44 | 31 | 224 | 278 |  | 94 | 671 | +7 | June | 186 | 81 | 210 | 325 | 213 | 113 | 1,128 | $+15$ |
| August | 44 | 31 | 222 | 278 |  | 94 | ${ }_{6}^{669}$ | -2 | July- | 193 | 88 | 213 | ${ }_{332}$ | 194 | 118 | 1,137 | +9 |
| September | 44 | 30 30 | ${ }_{221}^{221}$ | 279 |  | ${ }_{93}^{94}$ | 666 668 | -3 | September | 204 | 84 87 | 225 | ${ }_{337}^{332}$ | 186 | 119 | 1,148 | +7 |
| October- | 45 | 30 | ${ }_{219}^{221}$ | 280 |  | 94 | 668 | , | October- | 208 | 89 | 217 | 338 | 178 | 121 | 1,151 | +3 |
| December... | 45 | 31 | 218 | 287 |  | 93 | 674 | +6 | November | 211 | 91 | 218 | 338 | 171 | 123 | 1,152 | $+1$ |
| 1931 |  |  |  |  |  |  | \% |  | December | 215 | 93 | 221 | 350 | 163 | 125 | 1,167 | +15 |
| January | 45 | 31 | 210 | 291 |  | 92 | 669 | -5 | January |  |  |  |  | 155 |  |  | -14 |
| February | 44 | 31 | 207 | 280 |  | 80 | 662 | $-71$ | February | 214 | 94 | 216 | 347 | 149 | 124 | 1,144 | $-14$ |
| April | 43 | 28 | 207 | 282 |  | 88 | 648 | -3 | March | 216 | 95 | 220 | 348 | 148 | 123 | 1,150 | +6 |
| May--- | 43 | 29 | 208 | 284 |  | 86 | 650 | +2 | April.- | 220 | 98 | 220 | 348 | 148 | 122 | 1,156 | $+6$ |
| June- | 42 | 28 | 208 | 284 |  | 85 | 647 | -3 | May- | ${ }^{223}$ | 102 | 222 | 344 | 149 | 122 | 1,162 | ${ }^{6}$ |
| July. | 41 | 29 | 209 | 287 |  | 85 | 651 | +4 | June | 229 | 106 | 226 | 342 | 150 | 121 | 1,174 | +12 |
| August | ${ }^{41}$ | 29 | 203 | 287 |  | 83 | 643 | -8 | August | 236 | 107 | 225 | ${ }_{339}$ | 156 | 120 | ${ }_{1}^{1,183}$ | $+5$ |
| September | 40 | 28 | 200 | 286 |  | 82 | ${ }_{637} 6$ | - | September | 241 | 107 | 226 | 338 | 162 | 119 | 1, 193 | +10 |
| October--- | 40 39 | $\stackrel{29}{29}$ | 191 | ${ }_{287}^{286}$ |  | 81 79 | 637 625 | +1 -12 | October - | 242 | 108 | 224 | 339 | 167 | 119 | 1, 199 | +6 |
| November- | 39 | 29 | 184 | 289 |  | 78 | 619 | -6 | November | 244 | 110 | 226 | 338 | 170 | 117 | 1,205 | $+6$ |
| 1932 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Decemb | 248 | 113 | 230 | 346 | 172 | 117 | 1,226 | +21 |
| January | 38 | 29 | 183 | 285 |  | 76 | 611 | -8 | 1939 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February | ${ }^{38}$ | 28 | 176 | 282 |  | 75 | 599 | -12 | January | 254 | 112 | 231 | 346 | 171 | 117 | 1,231 | +5 |
| March | 37 | 29 | 175 | 280 |  | 73 | 594 | -8 | February | 260 | 114 | 231 | 344 | 174 | 118 | 1,241 | +10 |
| April. | 36 36 | ${ }_{28}^{28}$ | 174 | 277 |  | 71 | 586 583 58 | -8 | March..- | 266 | 118 | 234 | 348 | 178 | 118 | 1,262 | +21 |
| May-- | ${ }_{35}$ | 28 | 170 | 269 |  | 68 | 570 | -13 | April.-. | 282 | 122 | 237 | 352 | 185 | 118 | 1,296 | +34 |
| June | ${ }_{34}$ | 28 | 165 | 268 |  | ${ }_{67}$ | 562 | -8 | May | 297 | 126 | 240 | 358 | 194 | 119 | 1,334 | +38 |
|  | 34 | 28 | 159 | 266 |  | 65 | 552 | -10 | June. | 312 | 132 | 245 | 366 | 205 | 119 | 1,379 | +45 |
| September | 33 | 27 | 156 | 264 |  | 63 | 543 | -9 | July | ${ }^{318}$ | 134 | 247 | 373 | 209 | 120 | 1,401 | +22 |
| October-. | 32 | 27 | 151 | 258 |  | 62 | 530 | $-13$ | August | 324 <br> 330 | 137 | 248 | 381 384 | $\stackrel{212}{220}$ | 121 | 1,423 | $+22$ |
| November | ${ }^{32}$ | 27 | 147 | 259 |  | 60 | 525 | -5 | October. | ${ }_{347}$ | 142 | 251 | 384 <br> 388 | 230 | 121 | 1,479 | $+34$ |
| December- | 31 | 27 | 143 | 257 |  | 58 | 516 | -9 | November | 363 | 143 | 252 | 393 | 237 | 121 | 1, 569 | +30 |
| 1933 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | December | 380 | 147 | 257 | 435 | 244 | 96 | 1, 559 | +50 |
| January | 31 | 27 | 137 | 252 |  | 58 | 505 | -11 | 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February | 31 <br> 30 <br> 0 | 26 25 | 132 127 127 | 249 |  | $\stackrel{57}{56}$ | 495 480 | - -10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April. | 30 | 25 | 125 | 242 |  | 55 | 477 | -3 | January | 393 | 146 | 257 | 439 | 248 | 96 | 1,579 | $+20$ |
| May | 30 | 25 | 125 | 238 |  | 55 | 473 | -4 | March | 4 | 148 | 264 | 448 | ${ }_{249}$ | 97 | 1, 1.638 | $+$ |
| June | 30 | 26 | 125 | 234 |  | 54 | 469 | -4 | April. | 442 | 159 | 268 | 455 | 254 | 97 | 1,675 | +43 |
| July--- | 30 | ${ }_{26}^{26}$ | 124 | 232 |  | ${ }_{53}^{53}$ | 465 | -4 | May- | 464 | 166 | 274 | 462 | 261 | 97 | 1,724 | +49 |
| August.-- | $\begin{array}{r}30 \\ 29 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{26}^{26}$ | 123 | ${ }_{228}^{231}$ |  | 53 52 5 | ${ }_{461}^{463}$ | -2 | June. | 486 | 173 | 278 279 | 477 | 266 | 98 | 1,772 | +48 |
| October-- | 29 | 27 | 125 | 227 |  | 51 | 459 | -2 | August | ${ }_{501}^{494}$ | 177 | 279 | 477 | 278 | 98 | 1,798 | $+26$ |
| November. | 29 | 27 | 123 | 229 |  | 50 | 458 | -1 | September | 509 | 183 | 283 | 484 | 299 | 98 | 1,856 | +24 |
| December. | 29 | 27 | 121 | 232 |  | 50 | 459 | +1 | Oetober | 584 | 185 | 283 | 485 | 308 | 99 | 1, 1,894 | +38 |
| 1934 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | November | 560 | 186 | 284 | 487 | 314 | 99 | 1,930 | $+36$ |
| Januay | 30 | 27 | 118 | 231 |  | 51 | 457 | -2 | D | 586 | 189 | 288 | 505 | 317 | 99 | 1,984 | +54 |
| February. | 30 | 26 | 116 | 230 |  | 51 | 453 | -4 | 1941 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March_- | 31 | 27 | 116 | 228 |  | 53 | 455 | +2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April. | 32 | 27 | 116 | 230 |  | 54 | 459 | +4 | January. | 600 | 188 | 288 | 504 | 319 | 99 | 1,998 | +14 |
| May | ${ }_{34}$ | 28 | 118 | ${ }_{233}^{232}$ |  | 54 55 56 | 465 | $+6$ | February-- | 614 | 190 | 288 | 502 | 319 | 99 | 2,012 | +14 |
| June--- | 34 | 29 | 120 | 235 |  | $\stackrel{55}{56}$ | 474 | $+{ }_{+}^{+6}$ | March | 629 | 195 | 292 | 506 | 314 | 99 | 2,035 | +23 |
| Auly | ${ }_{36}$ | 30 | 123 | 238 | ------- | 56 | 486 |  | April. | 671 | 203 | 297 | 514 | 316 | 100 | 2, 101 | $+66$ |
| August.--- | ${ }_{36}$ | 30 | 124 | 237 | 10 | 58 | 495 | +9 +9 | May --- | ${ }_{7} 698$ | 210 | 302 | 519 | 333 | 100 | 2, 152 | +51. |
| October. | 37 | 31 | 125 | 238 | 17 | 59 | 507 | +12 | July | 744 | 220 | 306 <br> 309 | 531 | 325 <br> 324 | 102 | 2,198 2 2 | ${ }_{+}^{46}$ |
| November | 38 | 31 | 125 | 240 | 23 | 59 | 516 | +9 | August | 750 | 222 | 309 | 536 | 333 | 102 | 2,252 | +22 |
| December.- | 39 | 32 | 125 | 246 | 27 | 60 | 529 | +13 | September | 736 | 221 | 305 | 530 | 342 | 102 | 2, 236 | $-16$ |
| 1935 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | October--- | 722 | 218 | 303 | 527 | 343 | 101 | 2,214 | -22 |
| January |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | November | 707 | 215 | 300 | 527 | 340 | 101 | 2;190 | -24 |
| February | 43 | ${ }_{33}^{33}$ | 124 | 242 | ${ }_{36}$ | 64 | $\stackrel{542}{54}$ | + | December. | 694 | 211 | 298 | 535 | 335 | 102 | 2,175 | -15 |
| March-- | 46 | 34 | 125 | 242 | 44 | 65 | 556 | +14 | 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April.-. | 49 | 35 | 128 | 243 | 54 | 66 | 575 | +19 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May | 52 | 37 | 130 | 246 | 65 | 68 | 598 | +23 | January... | 660 | 199 | 291 | 527 | 325 | 101 | 2,103 | -72 |
| June- | 5 | 38 | -134 | 248 | 79 | 70 | 625 | $+27$ | February | 636 | 192 | 285 | 521 | 313 | 101 | 2,048 | -55 |
| July-- | 59 | 40 | 140 | 252 | 94 | 71 | 656 | +31 | March---- | 617 | 190 | 282 | 521 | 304 | 101 | 2,015 | -33 |
| September | 62 65 | ${ }_{41}^{41}$ | 1446 | 256 | 1130 | 73 74 | ${ }_{713}^{689}$ | +33 | April- | 602 579 | 184 | ${ }_{268}^{277}$ | 517 <br> 504 | 297 <br> 289 | 100 | 1,977 | - 38 |
| October | 67 | 42 | 149 | 258 | 149 | 76 | 741 | +28 | June.. | 560 | 173 | 261 | 493 | 281 | 98 | 1, 866 | -51 |
| November | 69 | 43 | 150 | 260 | 164 | 78 | 764 | +23 | July.- | 529 | 167 | 253 | 481 | 264 | 97 | 1,791 | -75 |
| December- | 71 | 44 | 156 | 267 | 177 | 79 | 794 | $+30$ | August....-. | 495 | 160 | 246 | 466 | 252 | 95 | 1. 714 | -77 |

Table 7A.-Indexes of Total Short-Term Consumer Debt, Monthly, by Types, Unadjusted for Seasonal Variation

| End of month and |  | Installment cash loan debt | Charge account sale debt | Open credit cash loan debt ${ }^{1}$ | Service debt ${ }^{\text {I }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Total } \\ & \text { short- } \\ & \text { term } \\ & \text { consumer } \\ & \text { debt } \end{aligned}$ | End of month and | Installment sale debt | Installment cash loan debt | Charge account sale debt | Open credit cash loan debt ${ }^{1}$ | Serrice debt ${ }^{1}$ | ```Total shortterm consumer debt``` |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1929 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1935 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January.. | 93.3 | 49.7 | 122.6 | 148.1 | 111.3 | 102.1 | September | 75.8 | 67.9 | 88.2 | 76.9 | 90.6 | 78.4 |
| February | 91.0 | 50.3 | 118.1 | 150.5 | 112.1 | 100.9 | October- | 76.4 | 70.6 | 91.7 | 78.2 | 91.0 | 80.1 |
| March | 93.1 | 51.2 | 121.1 | 153.1 | 112.9 | 103.0 | November | 77.6 | 72.8 | 95.2 | 79.4 | 91.2 | 81.8 |
| April. | 98.2 | 52.3 | 122.7 | 155.6 | 113.5 | 105.8 | December- | 80.7 | 75.6 | 103.4 | 80.8 | 92.0 | 85.5 |
| May.- | 104.0 | 53.5 | 123.7 | 157.8 | 1113.8 | 108.8 | 1936 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| June | 109.0 | 55.0 56.0 | 123.1 | 159.7 161.3 | 114.4 114.8 | 111.1 | January | 79.0 | 77.4 | 95.0 | 82.3 | 93.0 | 83.8 |
| August | 115.1 | 56.6 | 116.7 | 162.3 | 115.2 | 112.9 | February | 77.8 | 79.5 | 92.5 | 84.1 | 93.6 | 83.5 |
| September- | 115.0 | 57.1 | 122.9 | 163.1 | 115.2 | 114.3 | March.- | 80.8 | 83.1 | 93.6 | 85.9 | 94.3 | 85.8 |
| October--- | 115.4 | 58.3 | 127.2 | 163.1 | 115.6 | 115.6 | April. | 86.3 | 85.1 | 95.3 | 87.6 | 95.1 | 88.9 |
| November. | 113.1 | 59.7 | 127.3 | - 162.8 | 115.8 | 115.0 | May.. | 92.4 | 87.0 | 98.7 | 89.4 | 95.9 | 92.6 |
| December. | 112.4 | 62.1 | 140.0 | 162.2 | 116.2 | 117.7 | June. | 98.0 | 87.2 | 96.2 | 91.3 | 96.7 | 94.6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | July | 101.9 | 88.4 | 92.1 | 93.1 | 97.5 | 95.7 |
| 1930 |  |  |  |  |  |  | August | 103.8 | 90.3 | 91.8 | 95.0 | 98.2 | 97.1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | September | 104.7 | 92.0 | 97.4 | 96.8 | 99.0 | 99.2 |
| January | 106.1 | 62.2 | 126.8 | 161.4 | 116.0 | 112.5 | October- | 105.0 | 94.1 | 103.7 | 99.0 | 99.6 | 101.3 |
| February | 101.1 | 61.8 | 120.9 | 160.4 | 115.0 | 109.1 | November | 104.8 | 95.4 | 106.2 | 100.3 | 100.4 | 102.4 |
| March. | 99.3 | 62.1 | 122.7 | 159.4 | 115.4 | 108.7 | December | 108.8 | 98.1 | 113.6 | 102.0 | 101.4 | 106.2 |
| April | 100.2 | 62.8 | 123.1 | 158.4 | 114.8 | 109.1 | 1937 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| July. | 99.1 | 63.9 | 113.5 | 155.7 | 114.4 | 106.4 | February | 104.3 | 100.3 | 99.1 | 105. 5 | 103.9 | 102.7 |
| August | 97.7 | 63.7 | 112.0 | 154.6 | 114.6 | 105.4 | March. | 107.5 | 102.9 | 101.9 | 107.0 | 104.9 | 105.2 |
| September | 95.9. | 63.4 | 116.7 | 153.6 | 113.5 | 105.3 | April. | 112.4 | 104.4 | 101.6 | 108.8 | 105.8 | 107.6 |
| October.- | 94.4 | 63.6 | 119.5 | 152.2 | 112.7 | 105.1 | May | 117.9 | 106.0 | 102.8 | 110.5 | 106.8 | 110.6 |
| November | 91.3 | 63.6 | 120.4 | 150.7 | 112.1 | 103.9 | June. | 123.0 | 107.4 | 101.9 | 112.1 | 107.8 | 112.9 |
| December | 90.8 | 64.2 | 129.0 | 149.2 | 111.7 | 105.3 | July.- | 125.3 | 108. 3 | 97.8 | 113. 9 | 108.2 | 113.3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | August | 127.3 | 108.7 | 99.2 | 115.1 | 108.6 | 114.7 |
| 1931 |  |  |  |  |  |  | Septernber | 127.5 | 109.4 | 104.8 | 115.9 | 108.6 | 116.2 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | October- | 126.6 | 109.6 | 109.5 | 115.9 | 108.8 | 116.9 |
| January | 86.1 | 63.7 | 115.8 | 147.0 | 111.3 | 100.3 | November | 124.2 | 109.7 | 112.0 | 115.5 | 108.8 | 1116.4 |
| February | 82.1 | 63.0 | 109.4 | 144.4 | 110.5 | 96.9 | Decembe | 123.0 | 111.2 | 116.8 | 115.1 | 108.6 | 117.1 |
| March. | 80.2 | 62.0 | 110.4 | 141.3 | 110.1 | 95.7 | 1938 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April. | 80.4 | 61.7 | 110.2 | 138.0 | 109.6 | 95.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May | 80.8 | 61.9 | 109.4 | 134.5 | 109.0 | 94.5 | January-. | 117.0 | 109.8 | 103.4 | 114.5 | 108.2 | 111.8 |
| June. | 80.9 79.8 | 61.6 62.0 | 107.4 | 130.6 126.6 | 108.6 107.8 | 93.4 90.9 | March | 109.2 | 109.5 | 98.7 | 112.6 | 106.0 | 107.4 |
| August | 78.3 | 61.2 | 98.6 | 122.6 | 106. 6 | 89.1 | April | 107.7 | 110.1 | 100.0 | 111.5 | 105. 1 | 106.9 |
| September | 76.5 | 60.6 | 102.3 | 118.8 | 105.8 | 88.4 | May | 106.5 | 110.7 | 99.3 | 110.7 | 104.1 | 106.2 |
| October- | 74.6 | 60.7 | 104.2 | 115.2 | 104.9 | 87.4 | June | 105.0 | 111.8 | 99.5 | 110.2 | 103.5 | 105.7 |
| November. | 71.9 | 59.5 | 102.5 | 111.9 | 104.1 | 85.3 | July- | 102.5 | 112.3 | 95.0 | 109.7 | 102.7 | 103.8 |
| December | 71.3 | 59.0 | 111.0 | 108.1 | 103.5 | 86.0 | August | 101.8 | 112.7 | 95.7 | 109.6 | 102.1 | 103.7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | September | 100.2 | 113.6 | 101.7 | 109.6 | 101.8 | 104.5 |
| 1932 |  |  |  |  |  |  | October | 99.3 | 114.2 | 104.5 | 109.7 | 101.4 | 104.8 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | November | 99.7 | 114.8 | 109.0 | 109.8 | 101.6 | 106.0 |
| January..........-.-- | 66.8 | 58.2 | 98.0 | 105.3 | 101.0 | 80.9 | December | 103.4 | 116.8 | 119.1 | 110.0 | 101.9 | 109.9 |
| February | ${ }^{62.9}$ | 57.0 | 91.0 | 102.6 | 100.4 | 77.3 | 1939 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March. | 59.7 | 56.6 | 89.9 | ${ }_{96}^{99.6}$ | 101.6 | 75.4 73 | January...-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April. | 57.6 55.9 | 55.8 55.5 | 88.1 86.1 | 96.7 94.1 | 101.0 | 73.6 | January-- | 101.0 99.4 | 117.2 | 105.8 101.9 | 110.2 110.4 | 102.1 101.9 | 106.4 |
| June. | 54.8 | 54.3 | 83.9 | 91.4 | 99.2 | 70.4 | March | 101.3 | 120.2 | 102.7 | 110.6 | 101.9 | 106.5 |
| July. | 51.9 | 53.5 | 78.3 | 88.5 | 98.1 | 67.5 | April. | 104.2 | 123.4 | 103.0 | 110.7 | 101.8 | 108.1 |
| August | 50.1 | 52.6 | 76.9 | 85.7 | 97.1 | 65.9 | May.- | 108.6 | 127.0 | 104.1 | 110.8 | 101. 4 | 110.6 |
| Septembe | 48.5 | 51.7 | 80.2 | 83.0 | 96.3 | 65.3 | June. | 112.1 | 131.3 | 103.0 | 111.0 | 102.1 | 112.5 |
| October.- | 47.1 | 50.5 | 82.1 | 80.2 | 95.9 | 64.5 | July-. | 113.4 | 133.4 | 97.4 | 111.2 | 102.3 | 112.3 |
| November | 45.4 | 50.0 | 81.6 | 77.6 | 95.7 | 63.2 | ${ }^{\text {August }}$ | 114.9 | 135.6 | 98.4 | 111.5 | 102.3 | 113. 5 |
| December. | 44.6 | 49.1 | 89.2 | 74.7 | 95.7 | 63.9 | Septeraber | 115.5 | 137.6 | 107.7 | 111.8 | 102.5 | 116.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | October- | 117.6 | 140.9 | 111. 1 | 111.9 | 102.9 | 118.2 |
| 1933 |  |  |  |  |  |  | November | 119.3 | 143.7 | 112.0 | 112.0 | 103.1 | 119.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | December. | 124.8 | 148.5 | 123.6 | 112.0 | 104.1 | 124.8 |
| January | 42.7 | 48. 1 | 80.4 | 72.0 | 95.1 | 60.7 | 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February | 40.9 | 47.1 | 76.4 | 69.5 | 94.2 | 58.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March | 39.9 | 45.7 | 77.4 | 67.4 65.3 | 93.0 93.0 | 57.6 57.3 | February | 121.1 | 152.2 | 107.0 | 110.4 | 104.7 | 121.9 |
| May | 42.0 | 45 | 77.5 | 6.2 | 90.6 | 57.5 <br> 8. | March | 123.2 | 155.4 | 109.5 | 109.8 | 104.9 | 122. 3 |
| June | 44.1 | 44.7 | 76.5 | 61.8 | 90.1 | 57.7 | April. | 127.8 | 159.6 | 109.9 | 109.6 | 105.1 | 124.7 |
| July | 45.4 | 44.3 | 72.3 | 80.6 | 89.9 | 57.0 | May | 133.1 | 164.2 | 110.8 | 109.7 | 105.5 | 127.7 |
| August | 47.6 | 44.1 | 71.8 | 60.0 | 89.9 | 57.6 | June. | 137.0 | 168.8 | 112.2 | 110.1 | 106.2 | 130.4 |
| September | 49.0 | 43.9 | 75.4 | 59.7 | 90.1 | 58.8 | July..- | 139.8 | 171.2 | 104. 5 | 110.5 | 106.6 | 130.3 |
| October- | 50.0 | 43.7 | 78.0 | 60.0 | 90.6 | 59.8 | August. | 141.4 | 174.5 | 104.8 | 111.0 | 107.0 | 131.7 |
| November | 49.8 | 43.6 | 78.1 | 60.2 | 90.8 | 59.8 | September | 141. 4 | 176.8 | 112.0 | 111.8 | 107. 4 | 133.8 |
| December. | 50.1 | 43.7 | 86.5 | 60.5 | 91.0 | 61.7 | October | 144.1 | 180.4 | 116.5 | 113.4 | 107.6 | 136.6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Noverriber | 146.8 | 183.8 | 119.6 | 114.9 | 108.0 | 139.2 |
| 1934 |  |  |  |  |  |  | December | 154.2 | 189.0 | 132.1 | 115.5 | 109.2 | 145.6 |
| January | 48.3 | 43.5 | 79.1 | 61.0 | 91.0 | 59.6 | 1941 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February | 47.6 | 43.1 | 76.3 | 61.4 | 91.0 | 58.7 | January ............. | 151.8 | 190.3 | 119.0 | 115. 5 | 109.4 | 142.2 |
| March | 48.5 | 43.3 | 78.5 | 61.9 | 91.0 | 59.6 | February | 152.1 | 191.6 | 113.6 | 115.5 | 109.7 | 141.5 |
| April. | 50.9 | 43.7 | 80.0 | 62.4 | 91.2 | 61.0 | March | 154.7 | 193.8 | 116.1 | 115.5 | 110.1 | 143.4 |
| May | 53.8 | 44.3 | 81.0 | 63.0 | 90.8 | 62.4 | April. | 163.0 | 200.1 | 120.0 | 116.4 | 110.9 | 148.5 |
| June.. | 55.9 | 44.9 | 81.2 | 63.5 | 90.8 | 63.4 | May | 171.8 | 205.0 | 122.7 | 117.9 | 111.9 | 153.6 |
| July. | 57.2 | 45.3 | 77.7 | 64.1 | 90.3 | 63.3 | June | 177.3 | 209.3 | 126.6 | 119.3 | 113.5 | 157.6 |
| August | 58.1 | 46.3 | 78.1 | 64.8 | 89.5 | 63.9 | July-- | 180.2 | 212.4 | 123.3 | 118.9 | 114.6 | 158.5 |
| September | 58.0 | 47.1 | 82.9 | 65.5 | 88.7 | 65.1 | August | 183.6 | 214.5 | 127.1 | 119.0 | 115.4 | 161.0 |
| October-- | 58.6 | 48.3 | 86.3 | 66.3 | 88.3 | 66.3 | September | 179.1 | 213.0 | 137.1 | 120.2 | 116.2 | 161.4 |
| November | 58.2 | 49.1 | 86.9 | 67.0 | 87.9 | 66.5 | October-- | 174.3 | 210.9 | 136.3 | 121.9 | 116.6 | 159.4 |
| December | 58.8 | 50.4 | 96.3 | 67.8 | 87.9 | 69.1 | November | 169.7 | 208. 6 | 133.1 | 123.3 | 117.0 | 156.9 |
| 1935 |  |  |  |  |  |  | December... $1942$ | 167.4 | 207.1 | 142.8 | 123.5 | 117.9 | 157.9 |
| January | 57.7 | 50.9 | 87.4 | 68.6 | 88.3 | 67.0 | January -.-.-.......- | 156.5 | 200.3 | 136.8 | 123. 1 | 118.5 | 151.4 |
| February-..-.-....- | 57.4 | 51.6 | 84.3 | 69.5 | 88.5 | 66.6 | February. | 147.5 | 195.0 | 130.0 | 122.1 | 118.7 | 145. 6 |
| March | 59.7 | 53.0 | 87.0 | 70.6 | 89.5 | 68.5 | March... | 138.7 | 191.9 | 134.5 | 121.4 | 118.9 | 142. 6 |
| April. | 63.8 | 54.8 | 90.6 | 71.6 | 89.7 | 71.2 | April.- | 130.9 | 188.3 | 132.9 | 120.0 | 119.5 | 138.6 |
| May | 67.4 | 57.0 | 89.0 | 72.5 | 89.9 | 72.8 | May-- | 121.1 | 182.6 | 126.1 | 117.8 | 120.1 | 132.2 |
| June. | 70.6 | 59.5 | 90.3 | 73.5 | 90.1 | 74.9 | June | 110.9 | 177.7 | 117.7 | 115.1 | 120.3 | 125.4 |
| July | 73.1 | 62.5 | 86.1 | 74.5 | 90.4 | 75.6 | July. | 100.7 | 170.6 | 106. 2 | 114. 1 | 120.7 | 117.9 |
| August.-.-........-- | 75.2 | 65.6 | 84.8 | 75.6 | 90.4 | 76.9 | August. .-.-....-. | 90.8 | 163.2 | 103.2 | 113.1 | 120. 7 | 112. 1 |

${ }^{1}$ This series does not show any seasonal variation. See methods offestimate.

Table 7B.-Indexes of Total Short-Term Consumer Debt, Monthly, by Types, Adjusted for Seasonal Variation
[1935-39=100]

| End of month and year | Instalment sale debt | Instalment cash loan debt | Charge account sale debt | Total short term consumer debt | End of month and year | Instalment sale debt | Instalment cash loan debt | Charge account sale debt | Total shortterm consumer debt |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1929 |  |  |  |  | 1935 |  |  |  |  |
| January-..... | ${ }_{95.7}^{94.8}$ | 49.7 50.8 | 120.7 | 102.3 | November...- | 77.7 79.5 | 72.6 74.8 | 91.9 92.3 | 81.2 82.6 |
| March | 98.7 | 51.8 | 122.3 | 105.4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| April | 102.0 | 52.6 | 123.0 | 107.4 | 1936 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 105.7 | 53.5 | 123.5 | 109.4 | January------ | 82.3 | 77.4 | 93.5 | 84.7 |
| June. | 107.8 | 54.8 | 124.1 | 110.8 | February -.--- | 883.8 | 80.3 | 95.2 | 86.4 |
| July | 110.1 | 55.6 | 124.4 | 112.2 | March-.-. | 86.0 | 84.1 | 94.5 | 88.1 |
| ${ }_{\text {August }}$ | 111.8 | 56.5 57.0 | 124.7 124.9 | 113.3 113.4 | April...--- | 88.6 91.7 | 85.6. 87.0 | ${ }_{98.6}^{95.4}$ | 89.9 92.3 |
| September | 111.5 | 57.0 58.2 | 125.1 | 113.8 | June-- | 994.8 | 86.9 | ${ }_{97.0}^{98.0}$ | ${ }_{93.5}^{92.3}$ |
| November. | 110.5 | 59.6 | 125.1 | 113.6 | July- | 97.4 | 87.8 | 98.0 | 95.2 |
| December. | 109.7 | 61.4 | 125.1 | 113.5 | August | 99.1 | 90.1 | 98.2 | 96.6 |
|  |  |  |  |  | September | 101.4 | 91.9 | 99.0 | 98.3 |
| 1930 |  |  |  |  | October-- | 103.6 | 94.0 | 102.0 | 100.5 |
| January - | 108.1 | 62.2 | 124.8 | 112.8 | November | 105.0 | 94.1 97.0 | 102.6 101.4 | 101.6 103.0 |
| February | 106.5 105.5 | ${ }_{62.8}^{62.4}$ | 124.5 123.9 | 112.0 | December | 107.4 | 97.0 | 101.4 | 103.0 |
| April | 104.2 | 63.1 | 123.3 | 110.7 | January ............ |  | 99.0 |  |  |
| May-- | 101.0 | ${ }_{63}^{63.2}$ | 122.5 | 109.2 | Febriary. | 109.0 | 101.2 | 102.1 | 105.2 |
| June- | 997.0 97 | 63.0 63.5 | 120.1 | 107.1 | March..- | 111.8 | 104.0 | 102.9 | 107.2 |
| August | 95.1 | 63.6 | 119.8 | 106.0 | April. | 114.8 | 105.0 | 101.8 | 108.7 |
| September | 93.4 | 63.3 | 118.6 | 104.8 | Juay | 117.8 | 106.0 | 102.7 102.7 | 110.5 |
| October-1- | 91.6 89.3 | ${ }_{63.5}^{63.5}$ | 117.5 116.3 | 103.7 102.3 | July | 122.0 | 107.6 | 104.0 | 113.3 |
| December. | 88.5 | 63.5 | 115.1 | 101.5 | Ausust | 124.3 | 108.5 | 106.1 | 115.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  | September | 126.3 | 109.2 109.5 | 106.5 | 116.1 |
| 1931 |  |  |  |  | November | 124.3 | 109.5 | 108.1 | 115.6 |
| January.- | 87.4 86.1 | 63.7 63.6 | 111.0 | 100.7 | December | 120.4 | 110.0 | 104.3 | 113.4 |
| March_- | 84.7 | 62.7 | 111.5 | 97.7 | 1938 |  |  |  |  |
| April.. | 83.3 | 62.1 | 110.5 | 96.3 | January | 118.7 | 109.8 | 101.8 | 112.1 |
| May- | 81.9 | 61.9 | 109.4 | 94.9 | February | 116.8 | 110.0 | 100.4 | 110.8 |
| June- | 80.0 | ${ }_{61}^{61.4}$ | 1070 | 91.7 | March. | 113.5 | 110.8 | 99.7 | 109.4 |
| August | 76.7 | 61.1 | 1055 | 89.9 | April | ${ }_{106.5}^{110.1}$ | 110.8 | 100.2 | 108.0 |
| September | 74.7 | 60.5 | 104.0 | 88.1 | June.- | 102.6 | 111.4 | 100.3 | 105.0 |
| October | 72.7 | 60.6 | 102.4 | 86.4 | July | 100.3 | 111.6 | 101.1 | 104.2 |
| November | 70.7 | 59.4 | 100.8 | 84.5 | August | 99.9 | 112.5 | 102.3 | 104.4 |
| December | 69.3 | 58.3 | 99.1 | 82.8 | September | 99.7 | 113.5 | 103.4 | 104.7 |
|  |  |  |  |  | October- | 99.1 | 114.0 | 102.7 | 104.4 |
| 1932 |  |  |  |  | November. | 99.8 | 114.6 | 105.3 | 105.3 |
| January- | ${ }^{67.6}$ | 58.2 | 96.5 | 80.9 | December | 100.8 | 115.5 | 106.3 | 106.1 |
| February. <br> March | 65.6 62.8 | 57.5 57.2 | 93.7 90.8 | 79.0 76.9 | 1939 |  |  |  |  |
| April.- | 59.5 | 56.2 | 88.2 | 74.4 | January | 102.2 | 117.3 | 104.2 | 306. 5 |
| May. | 56.5 | 55.5 | 86.0 | 72.3 | February. | 103.6 | 119.4 | 104.9 | 107.6 |
| June- | 54.2 | 54.1 | 84.5 | 70.3 | March.- | 105.1 | 121.5 | 103.8 | 108.3 |
| July-..- | 51.3 | 53.2 | 83.3 | 68.3 | April. | 106.4 | 124.2 | 103.3 | 109. 2 |
| August | 49.3 | 52.5 | 82.3 | 66.7 | May- | 108.6 | 127.0 | 104.0 | 110.6 |
| September | 47.6 | 51.6 | 81.5 | ${ }_{63}^{65.2}$ | June- | 1109.7 | 129.8 | 103.8 | 111.6 |
| November | 46.2 44.6 | 50.4 49.9 | 80.7 80.2 | 63.8 62.6 | August | 112.8 | 135.0 | 105. 105 | 114.0 |
| December. | 43.3 | 48.6 | 79.7 | 61.3 | September | 114.8 | 138.0 | 109.4 | 116.2 |
|  |  |  |  |  | October. | 117.2 | 141.0 | 109.3 | 117.6 |
| 1933 |  |  |  |  | November | 119.4 | 143.9 | 108.1 | 118.8 |
| January | 43.1 | 48.1 | 79.1 | 60.6 | December. | 121.8 | 147.1 | 110.4 | 120.8 |
| February | 42.6 | 47.5 | 78.7 | 59.7 | 1940 |  |  |  | . |
| March | 41.8 | 46.2 | 78.2 | 58.6 57.9 | January-- | 124.0 | 150.6 | 111.0 | 122.2 |
| May | 42.6 | 45.0 | 77.4 | 57.6 | February | 126.3 | 153.7 | 110.2 | 123.3 |
| June- | 43.8 | 44.6 | 77.1 | 57.7 | March. | 127.8 | 157.1 | 110.6 | 124.5 |
| July-.-- | 44.8 | 44.0 | 76.9 | 57.8 | April.. | 130.5 133.0 | 160.5 164.0 | 110.2 | 127.7 |
| August | 46.7 48.0 | 44.0 43.9 | 76.8 76.6 | 58.3 58.7 | June. | 133.9 | 166.7 | 113.1 | 129.1 |
| Oetober | 48.7 | 43.7 | 76.7 | 59.0 | July--- | 136.5 | 177.1 | 111.1 | 130.4 |
| November | 48.8 | 43.5 | 75.4 | 59.1 | ${ }_{\text {August }}$ | 138.6 140.3 | 173.8 177.3 | 112.1 | 132.1 |
| December | 48.7 | 43.2 | 77.2 | 59.2 | Oetober | 143.7 | 180.6 | 114.6 | 136.1 |
| 1934 |  |  |  |  | November. | 147.0 | 184.0 | 115.5 | 138.4 |
| January.- | 49.3 | 43.5 | 77.8 | 59.7 | December. | 150.7 | 187.2 | 117.9 | 141.1 |
| February | 50.3 | 43.5 | 78.5 | 60.3 | 1941 |  |  |  |  |
| March. | 51.3 | 43.8 | 79.3 | 60.9 | January | 154.0 | 190.5 | 117.1 | 142.7 |
| April | 52.6 53.8 | 44.0 | 80.1 | 61.7 | February- | 158.9 | 193.5 | 117.0 | 145.1 |
| May-- | 53.8 54.6 | 44.3 44.8 | 80.9 81.8 | 62.4 63.1 | March--- | 160.7 | 196.0 | 117.3 | 146.3 |
| July. | 55.4 | 45.0 | 82.6 | 63.6 | Apri--- | 166.5 171.6 | 201.3 | 119.9 | 150.1 |
| August. | 55.8 | 46.2 | 83.5 | 64.2 | June- | 173.2 | 206.9 | 127.6 | 155.9 |
| September | 56.7 | 47.1 | 84.2 | 64.9 | July | 175.4 | 210.9 | 131. 1 | 158.1 |
| October- | 57.4 | 48.2 | 84.9 | 65.6 | August | 179. 6 | 213.6 | 135.9 | 161.2 |
| November. | 58.0 58.7 |  |  | 66.1 66.8 | September. | 177.7 | ${ }^{213.6}$ | 139.3 | 161.5 |
| December.. | 58.7 | 49.8 | 86.0 | 66.8 | October- | 173.6 | 211.0 | 134.0 | 158.7 |
|  |  |  |  |  | November. | 169.9 | ${ }^{208.8}$ | 128.4 | 156.1 |
| 1935 |  |  |  |  | December.- | 163.9 | 205.3 | 127.5 | 153.1 |
| February. | 61.3 | 52.1 | 86.8 | 68.6 | 1942 |  |  |  |  |
| March... | 63.3 | 53.5 | 87.9 | 70.1 | January ..... | 156.0 | 200.5 | 134.7 | 150.9 |
| April. | 65.4 | 55.0 | 90.8 | 71.9 | February...-- | 149.3 | 197.0 | 133.9 | 147.5 |
| Mane | 67.0 68.3 | 58.0 59.3 | 88.9 | 74.1 | March-.. | 141.0 | 194.0 | 135.9 | 143.1 |
| July. | 70.3 | 62.1 | 91.6 | 75.7 | May. | 120.9 | 182.4 | 125.9 | 133.1 |
| August | 72.1 | 65.5 | 90.7 | 77.0 | June | 110.2 | 175.6 | 118.7 | 125.1 |
| September | 73.6 | 67.8 | 89.6 | 77.9 | July- | 101. 0 | 169.4 | 113.0 | 119.2 |
| October | 75.5 | 70.5 | 90.2 | 79.4 | August. | 91.4 | 162.6 | 110.4 | 113.8 |

Table 8A.-Indexes of Installment Sale Debt, Monthly, by Sources, Unadjusted for Seasonal Variation
$[1935-39=100]$

| End of month and year | Automobile dealers | Department stores and mail order houses | Furniture stores | $\begin{gathered} \text { House- } \\ \text { hold } \\ \text { appliance } \\ \text { stores } \end{gathered}$ | Jewelry stores | "All other" stores | End of month and year | Automobile dealers | Department stores and mail order houses | Furniture stores | $\begin{gathered} \text { House- } \\ \text { hold } \\ \text { appliance } \\ \text { stores } \end{gathered}$ | Jewelry stores | "All" stores |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1929 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1936 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January------ | 92.3 | 57.6 | 130.2 | 87.0 | 100.0 | 69.1 | January |  | 73.1 | 79.8 | 68.5 | 76.5 | 72.6 |
| February. | 89.9 93.8 | 56.7 57.6 | 128.0 | 83.6 83.6 | 98.0 98.0 | 67.4 67.4 | February | 82.0 | 71.4 | 79.8 | 66.4 | 74.5 | 71.4 |
| April. | 101.5 | 58.0 | 129.4 | 91.2 | 98.0 | 69.1 | March | 86.9 | 73.1 | 80.3 | 68.1 | 74.5 | 72.6 |
| May | 110.3 | 57.6 | 131.9 | 99.6 | 98.0 | 70.9 | April | 94.5 | 76.7 | 82.5 | 73.9 | 74.5 | 76.0 |
| June | 118.1 | 56.3 | 132.4 | 109.2 | 100.0 | 72.0 | May | 102.1 | 80.4 | 85.6 | 82.4 | 76.5 | 80.6 |
| July. | 125.6 | 53.9 | 130.7 | 114.7 | 94.1 | 71.4 | June | 110.4 | 81.6 | 87.6 | 89.9 | 78.4 | 83.4 |
| August | 130.2 | 53.5 | 131.9 | 115.1 | 92.2 | 72.0 | August. | 116.1 | 81.2 82.9 | 88.3 90.0 | 97.5 99.2 | 76.5 | 85.1 |
| September | 129.7 | 56.3 | 131.9 | 114.3 | 90.2 | 72.0 | September | 118.3 | 82.9 86.9 | 90.0 91.2 | 97.2 100.0 | 76.5 78.4 | 86.9 88.6 |
| October. | 129.4 | 59.6 | 134.3 | 111.8 | 88.2 | 72.6 | October | 118.3 | 93.9 | 93.7 | 100.4 | 78.4 | 9 |
| November | 124.6 | 61.2 | 135.8 | 11109 | 84.3 | 72.6 | November | 113.8 | 97.6 | 94.6 | 102.1 | 78.4 | 93.1 |
| December- | 117.9 | 65.3 | 141.8 | 111.3 | 109.8 | 76.0 | December | 115.3 | 104.5 | 98.8 | 107.1 | 109.8 | 99.4 |
| 1930 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1937 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January.-- | 109.5 | 63.7 | 137.2 | 104.6 | 103.9 | 73.7 | 1937 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February | 102.7 | 62.9 | 134.1 | 97.9 | 98.0 | 72.6 | Jantiary-- | 112.8 | 100.8 | 96.6 | 103.8 | 107.8 | 97.1 |
| March | 100.9 | 61.6 | 132.4 | 94.1 96.2 | 96.1 92.2 | 72.0 | February | 109.8 | 98.8 | 96.6 | 102.9 | 105.9 | 96.0 |
| May | 99.9 | 61.6 | 132.6 | 99.6 | 90.2 | 74.9 | March | 114.2 | 101.2 | 98.1 | 105.5 | 107.8 | 98.3 |
| June. | 101.1 | 58.8 | 131.6 | 104.2 | 88.2 | 76.0 | April | 119.4 | 106.1 | 101.9 | 112.2 | 105.9 | 102.9 |
| July. | 100.6 | 55.5 | 129.0 | 105.9 | 82.4 | 75.4 | May | 125.4 | 110.6 | 106.1 | 119.7 | 109.8 | 108.0 |
| August | 98.7 | 54.7 | 128.5 | 104.2 | 80.4 | 75.4 | June | 131.8 | 112.2 | 108.5 | 129.0 | 109.8 | 112.0 |
| September | 96.2 | 55.9 | 127.0 | 101.3 | 76.5 | 76.0 | July--. | 135.7 | 110.2 | 109.2 | 133.2 | 107.8 | 112.6 |
| October | 92.8 | 58.8 | 127.7 | 97.5 | 74.5 | 77.1 | August-- | 138.4 | 110.2 | 111.1 | 135.7 | 105.9 | 113.7 |
| November | 87.4 | 60.0 | 127.5 | 93.7 | 72.5 | 77.1 | October-.. | 133.3 | 120.4 | 112.2 | 134.0 | 105.9 103.9 | 115.4 |
| December. | 83.0 | 63.3 | 131.1 | 93.3 | 92.2 | 80.6 | November | 129.4 | 122.4 | 112.7 | 131.1 | 102.0 | 117.1 |
| 1931 |  |  |  |  |  |  | December | 123.8 | 128.2 | 114.1 | 129.0 | 133.3 | 120.0 |
| January--- | 77.0 | 53.1 | 126. 5 | 88.7 | 90.2 | 78.3 | 1938 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February | 71.7 | 50.6 | 123.4 | 83.6 | 88.2 | 77.7 | January |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April. | 69.9 | 48.2 | 120.2 | 82.4 | 86.3 | 77.1 | February | 116.5 | 115.9 | 110.7 | 124.4 | 123.4 | 116.6 |
| May.. | 70.5 | 46.9 | 119.5 | 84.9 | 86.3 | 77.7 | March | 105.9 | 113.9 | 107.5 | 118.1 | 119.6 | 112.6 |
| June. | 70.8 | 45.3 | 117.8 | 88.2 | 86.3 | 78.3 | April | 102.4 | 115.5 | 107.8 | 118.5 | 117.6 | 113.7 |
| July | 70.7 | 42.0 | 114.6 | 89.1 | 82.4 | 77.1 | May | 99.6 | 114.7 | 108.8 | 118.5 | 115.7 | 114.9 |
| August | 69.2 | 40.4 | 111.9 | 87.4 | 80.4 | 76.6 | June | 97.3 | 112.7 | 108.3 | 118.1 | 113.7 | 114.9 |
| September | 66.8 | 40.0 | 111.4 | 84.9 | 78.4 | 76.0 | July. | 94.5 | 108.6 | 107.3 | 116.8 | 107.8 | 113.1 |
| October | 64.0 | 40.8 | 110.2 | 81.5 | 74.5 | 76.0 | August | 92.7 | 107.3 | 109.0 | 116.4 | 105.9 | 114.3 |
| November- | 60.3 | 40.8 | 108.8 | 78.2 | 72.5 | 75.4 | September | 80.1 | 109.0 | 110.0 | 114.7 | 103.9 | 115.4 |
| December. | 57.0 | 42.0 | 110.5 | 77.7 | 88.2 | 77.7 | October | 86.0 | 112.7 | 112.4 | 110.9 | 102.0 | 117.7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | November | 86.0 | 115.1 | 113.1 | 110.5 | 102.0 | 118.9 |
| 1932 | 52.6 | 61.6 | 105.4 | 71.8 | 84.3 | 74.3 | December | 86.8 | 123.3 | 118.0 | 111.8 | 137.3 | 125.7 |
| February | 48.5 | 60.8 | 101.0 | 67.2 | 80.4 | 71.4 | 1939 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March. | 45. 2 | 60.8 | 97.3 | 62.6 | 76.5 | 69.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April. | 42.8 | 60.8 | 94.9 | 61.3 | 72.5 | 68.6 | January------------ | 85.9 | 118.0 | 115.8 | 107.6 | 131.4 | 121.7 |
| May | 41.1 | 60.4 | 92.2 | 60.5 | 70.6 | 67.4 | February | 85.1 | 114.3 | 114.4 | 105.0 | 129.4 | 118.9 |
| June | 40.5 | 58.4 | 89.1 | 60.5 | 68.6 | 66.9 | March | 88.8 | 115.9 | 114.8 | 103.4 | 127.5 | 118.9 |
| July. | 38.5 | 55.1 | 84.2 | 58.4 | 62.7 | 64.0 | April | 92.6 | 120.4 | 116.5 | 103.8 | 125.5 | 120.6 |
| August | 36.9 | 53.5 | 81.5 | 56.3 | 60.8 | 62.9 | May | 98.7 | 124.1 | 119.5 | 106.3 | 125.5 | 123.4 |
| September | 35.2 | 53.9 | 79.3 | 54.2 | 58.8 | 62.3 | June | 103.9 | 125.3 | 120.4 | 109.2 | 129.4 | 125.1 |
| October | 33.2 | 55.1 | 78.1 | 52.9 | 54.9 | 62.3 | July:- | 107.1 | 122.4 | 119.7 | 111.3 | 127.5 | 124.6 |
| November. | 30.9 | 54.7 | 76.2 | 51.3 | 52.9 | 61.7 | August | 109.4 | 122.9 | 120.9 | 112.2 | 125.5 | 125.1 |
| December- | 28.8 | 56.3 | 76.2 | 50.8 | 58.8 | 62.9 | September | 108.9 | 128.2 | 121.9 | 111.8 | 127.5 | 126.3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | October | 110.2 | 136.3 | 124.3 | 111.3 | 127.5 | 129.1 |
| 1033 |  |  |  |  |  |  | November | 111.5 | 141.2 | 125.3 | 111.3 | 131.4 | 131.4 |
| January. | 27.8 | 40.0 | 73.0 | 47.9 | 54.9 | 59.4 | December | 113.3 | 153.9 | 130.4 | 114.7 | 182.4 | 140.6 |
| February. | 26.7 | 38.4 | 70.6 | 45.0 | 52.9 | 56.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March | 26.2 | 37.6 | 69.1 | 42.9 | 51.0 | 54.3 | 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April. | 27.1 | 38.0 | 69.1 | 42.9 | 49.0 | 53.7 | January | 113.6 | 147.3 | 127.0 | 110.1 | 172.5 | 135.4 |
| May. | 29.5 | 38.8 | 70.3 | 45.0 | 49.0 | 54.3 | February | 114.0 | 141.3 | 125.3 | 107.1 | 164.7 | 132.0 |
| June. | 32.6 | 39.2 | 70.8 | 48.3 | 49.0 | 54.9 | March. | 118.4 | 144.5 | 125.5 | 106.3 | 158.8 | 131.4 |
| July | 35.7 | 38.4 | 69.3 | 50.0 | 47.1 | 53.7 | April. | 125. 2 | 147.8 | 128.2 | 108.8 | 154.9 | 133.1 |
| August | 39.1 | 40.0 | 70.3 | 51,3 | 47.1 | 54.3 | May | 132.1 | 150.6 | 132.1 | 113.9 | 152.9 | 137.1 |
| September | 41.4 | 42.0 | 70.6 | 50.8 | 47.1 | 54.3 | June | 138.5 | 151.0 | 133.1 | 118.1 | 152. 9 | 138. 3 |
| October-- | 42.9 | 44.5 | 71.0 | 50.4 | 45.1 | 54.3 | July. | 144.5 | 147.3 | 132.8 | 121.0 | 152.9 | 137.1 |
| November. | 42.7 | 45.7 | 70.8 | 49.2 | 45.1 | 53.7 | August | 146.4 | 147.3 | 134.5 | 123.5 | 151.0 | 138.3 |
| December. | 41.1 | 48.6 | 72.7 | 50.0 | 56.9 | 55.4 | September | 144.8 | 151.4 | 135.3 | 123.1 | 158.8 | 139.4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | October- | 148.0 | 158.4 | 138.0 | 121.8 | 152.9 | 141.7 |
| 1934 |  |  |  |  |  |  | November | 151.0 | 164.5 | 139.4 | 121.8 | 154.9 | 144.0 |
| January | 39.2 38.7 | 47.3 46.9 | 70.8 70.1 | 47.5 45.4 | 56.9 54.9 | 54.3 53.7 | December | 154.7 | 179.2 | 145.7 | 126.9 | 215.7 | 154.9 |
| March | 40.1 | 48.2 | 70.3 | 45.0 | 56.9 | 54.3 | 1941 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April. | 43.0 | 49.4 | 71.5 | 48.7 | 56.9 | 56.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May.- | 46.8 | 50.6 | 72.7 | 52.9 | 56.9 | 58.3 | January-- | 156.7 | 170. 2 | 141.1 | 121.8 | 196.1 | 148.0 |
| June. | 50.3 | 50.6 | 72.7 | 56.3 | 56.9 | 59.4 | February | 160.4 | 165.3 | 139.4 | 120.2 | 184.3 | 145.1 |
| July.. | 53.2 | 49.0 | 71.8 | 58.0 | 54.9 | 59.4 | March- | 166.4 177.8 | 164.9 171.8 | 138.7 142.3 | 127.3 | 176.5 176.5 | 144.6 149.7 |
| August | 55.2 | 49.4 | 71.8 | 57.6 | 52.9 | 59.4 | May | 190.1 | 177.6 | 147.0 | 134.5 | 178.4 | 154.9 |
| September | 54.7 | 51.4 | 72.0 |  | 52.9 |  | June. | 198.9 | 178.4 | 148.7 | 138.7 | 180.4 | 157.1 |
| October-.. | 54.7 | 54.3 | 73.5 | 55.0 53 | 51.0 51.0 | 61.1 | July | 204.7 | 176.3 | 148.4 | 141.2 | 178.4 | 157.1 |
| November. | 53.7 51.5 | 55.5 59.6 | 73.7 76.4 | 53.8 55.0 | 51.0 68.6 | 62.3 65.7 | August | 206.9 | 181.2 | 153.8 | 145.4 | 180.4 | 161.7 |
| December. | 51.5 | 59.6 | 76.4 | 55.0 | 68.6 | 65.7 | September | 198.1 | 182.9 | 152.1 | 143.7 | 188.2 | 161. 1 |
| 1935 |  |  |  |  |  |  | October--- | 190.3 | 182.9 | 150.6 | 139.9 | 182.4 | 159.4 |
| January | 51.3 | 58.0 | 74.0 | 52.9 | 66.7 | 63.4 | November | 182. 9 | 182.4 | 149.1 | 134.5 | 188. 2 | 157.7 |
| February | 52.3 | 56.7 | 72.7 | 50.8 | 64.7 | 61.7 | December | 173.7 | 191.4 | 150.6 | 131.5 | 235.3 | 162.3 |
| March... | 56.4 | 58.0 | 72.7 | 51.7 | 64.7 | 62.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April. | 62.4 | 60.8 | 73.7 | 55.9 | 62.7 | 64.0 | 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May | 67.4 | 62.4 | 75.4 | 60.1 | 64.7 | 66.3 | January | 161.5 | 178.8 | 143.6 | 123.5 | 211.8 | 152.6 |
| June. | 72.0 | 63.3 | 75.7 | 65.5 | 64.7 | 68.0 | February. | 149.4 | 169.8 | 139.4 | 119.7 | 196.1 | 146.9 |
| July. | 77.3 | 62.0 | 74.7 | 68.9 | 60.8 | 67.4 | March. | 135.4 | 165.7 | 138.0 | 114.3 | 186.3 | 143.4 |
| August | 80.8 | 62.0 | 75.7 | 70.6 | 58.8 | 68.0 | April. | 123.3 | 161.6 | 136.5 | 108.4 | 178.4 | 139.4 |
| September | 81.1 | 64.9 69.0 | 75.9 77.4 | 70.6 | 58.8 56.9 | 69.1 | May | 111.2 | 149.4 | 132.1 | 101.3 | 166. 7 | 132.0 |
| October- | 80.8 | 69.0 | 77.4 | 70.2 | 56.9 | 70.3 | June. | 100.7 | 135. 5 | 124.6 | 92.0 | 154.9 | 121.7 |
| November | 82.2 | 70.6 | 78.3 | 70.6 | 56.9 | 71.4 | July | 90.3 | 122.4 | 115.6 | 84.9 | 139.2 | 112.0 |
| December | 84.1 | 75.9 | 81.8 | 71.8 | 78.4 | 75.4 | August. | 78.2 | 113.1 | 109.2 | 76.9 | 131.4 | 104.0 |

Table 8B.-Indexes of Installment Sale Debt, Monthly, by Sources, Adjusted for Seasonal Variation
(1935-39=100)

| End of month and year | Automobile dealers | Department stores and mail order houses | Furniture stores | House- hold appliance stores | Jewelry stores | "All other" stores | End of month and year | Automobile dealers | Department stores and mail order houses | Furni- <br> ture <br> stores | $\qquad$ | Jewelry stores | "All other" stores |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1929 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1936 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 96.1 | 55.6 | 129.4 | 89.5 | 91.0 | 68.6 |  | 90.4 | 71.7 | 79.3 | 70.5 | 68.8 | 72.1 |
| February | $\begin{array}{r}97.3 \\ 102.7 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 56.4 56.9 | 130.2 130.3 1 | 89.5 91.4 | 91.7 | 68.9 69.0 | February-- | 92.3 | 72.3 | 81.4 | 71.1 | 69.7 | 73.2 |
| April. | 107.9 | 56.9 57.1 | 130.3 130.8 | 91.4 96.2 | 93.7 | 69.0 69.8 | March.-- | 95.1 | 73.8 | 81.8 | 74.4 | 70.9 | 74.4 |
| May | 113.8 | 56.9 | 131.1 | 101.4 | 96.1 | 70.5 | April | 97.9 | 76.3 | 83.3 | 77.9 | 72.7 | 76.8 |
| June. | 116.8 | 57.2 | 131.4 | 105.2 | 97.1 | 71.2 | Juay | 104.9 | 79.6 82.0 | 85.2 87.0 | 84.0 86.9 | 74.5 77.4 | 79.9 |
| July | 120.5 | 57.3 | 131.9 | 108.0 | 97.8 | 71.6 | July | 107.2 | 84.9 | 89.1 | 81.8 91.8 | 79.6 | 82.4 |
| August | 123.7 | 57.2 | 132.5 | 108.5 | 99.0 | 71.9 | August | 108.8 | 87.4 | 90.6 | 93.0 | 82.1 | 85.1 |
| September | 122.7 | 58.4 | 132.4 | 109.7 | 99.4 | 71.8 | September | 111.6 | 89.7 | 91.6 | 96.0 | 84.9 | 88.6 |
| October | 122.1 | ${ }_{60}^{59.6}$ | 133.4 | 110.2 | 99.2 | 71.8 | October. | 113.6 | 93.4 | 93.0 | 99.0 | 88.0 | 90.7 |
| December. | 116.9 | 61.4 | 136.5 | 109.6 | 95.7 | 72.7 | November | 114.5 117.1 | 95.8 97.4 | 93.9 94.9 | 101.8 105.2 | 91.0 96.1 | 92.4 95.2 |
| ${ }^{1930}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1937 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 113.9 | 61.8 62.3 | 138.4 | 107.8 105.0 | 94.7 93.3 | 73.3 74.0 | January | 116.8 | 98.7 | 96.1 | 106.9 | 97.6 | 96.1 |
| March. | 110.5 | 61.0 | 134.9 | 102.9 | 91.2 | 73.9 | February | 116.8 | 100.0 | 98.2 | 110.6 | 100.0 | 98.3 |
| April. | 108.5 | 61.4 | 133.6 | 101.7 | 89.4 | 74.3 | March | 119.4 | 102.8 | 99.9 | 115.2 | 102.4 | 100.8 |
| May. | 103.2 | 60.9 | 132.1 | 101.4 | 87.6 | 74.4 | April. | 122.7 | 105.6 | 102.9 | 118.5 | 104.1 | 104.2 |
| June. | 100.1 | 59.8 | 130.8 | 100.3 | 86.4 | 74.8 | May | 125.5 | 109.5 | 105.5 | 122.0 | 105.9 | 107.3 |
| July | 96.7 | 59.2 | 130.1 | 99.7 | 86.1 | 75.3 | June | 127.7 | 112.4 | 107.8 | 124.3 | 108.3 | 110.4 |
| August | 93.7 | 58.1 | 129.1 | 97.9 | 85.7 | 75.8 | July | 129.2 | 114.8 | 110.2 | 125.8 | 111.0 | 112.4 |
| September | 90.9 | 56.6 | 127.6 | 97.1 | 84.7 | 76.0 | August | 132.3 | 115.7 | 111.7 | 127.5 | 113.4 | 114.1 |
| October | 87.6 | 58.8 | 126.7 | 95.8 | 83.5 | 76.3 | September | 134.7 | 117.3 | 112.6 | 130.3 | 115.7 | 115.6 |
| November | 83.8 | 58.8 | 126.4 | 93.4 | 82.7 | 76.7 | October | 133.1 | 119.7 | 112.5 | 131.8 | 117.1 | 116.4 |
| December | 82.4 | 59.4 | 126.1 | 91.9 | 80.6 | 77.3 | November | 130.0 | 120.2 | 111.7 | 131.0 | 117.9 | 116.0 |
| 1931 |  |  |  |  |  |  | December | 124.4 | 119.2 | 109.7 | 126.8 | 116.7 | 115.1 |
| January | 80.1 | 59.7 | 125.9 | 91.2 | 81.7 | 77.9 | 1938 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February | 77.7 | 60.3 | 125.4 | 89.6 | 82.9 | 79.1 | January | 120.5 | 118.7 | 110.0 | 128.0 | 116.9 | 115. 4 |
| April. | 74.3 | 60.2 | 121.4 | 88.3 87.0 | 83.5 84.3 | 77.9 | February | 116.5 | 117.7 | 110.0 | 129.3 | 116.9 | 116.1 |
| May | 72.8 | 59.7 | 118.9 | 86.4 | 84.1 | 77.4 | March. | 110.8 | 115.8 | 109.5 | 128.9 | 114.9 | 115.6 |
| June | 70.2 | 59.2 | 116.9 | 84.8 | 84.3 | 77.1 | April | 105.2 | 115.2 | 109.0 | 124.9 | 113.9 | 115.5 |
| July | 67.8 | 58.8 | 115.6 | 84.0 | 85.1 | 77.0 | May. | 99.7 | 113.8 | 108.2 | 120.6 | 112.0 | 114.3 |
| August | 65.7 | 57.1 | 113.6 | 82.3 | 85.7 | 76.8 | June | 94.3 90.0 | 112.6 | 107.6 108.3 109.5 | 113.6 | 111.6 112.0 | 1113.3 |
| September | 63.2 | 55.8 | 111.4 | 81.6 | 85.7 | 76.2 | August | 88.6 | 112.5 | 109.5 | 109.3 | 113.4 | 114.5 |
| October-.. | 60.5 | 55.1 | 109.4 108.0 | 80.4 78.2 | 85.1 | 75.5 74.9 | September | 87.4 | 112.3 | 110.4 | 110.7 | 114.5 | 115.7 |
| November | 57.8 | 53.6 52.9 | 108.0 | 78.2 | 84.3 77.6 | 74.9 74.3 | October | 85.6 | 112.0 | 111.6 | 110.7 | 115.1 | 116.9 |
| December | 56.5 | 52.9 | 106.3 | 76.2 | 77.6 | 74.3 | November | 86.3 | 113.0 | 112.3 | 110.5 | 117.3 | 118.0 |
| 1932 |  |  |  |  |  |  | December- | 87.2 | 114.6 | 113.5 | 109.8 | 119.1 | 120.5 |
| January.. | 54.7 | 51.5 | 104.7 | 74.2 | 76.6 | 73.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February | 52.4 | 50.5 | 102.6 | 71.9 | 75.2 | 73.0 | 1939 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March | 49.5 | 48.8 | 99.1 | 68.5 | 72.9 | 71.1 | January | 88.9 | 115.9 | 115.1 | 110.9 | 119.6 | 120.9 |
| April | 45.4 | 47.6 | 95.8 | 64.9 | 70.9 | 69.3 | February | 90.5 | 116.4 | 116.2 | 112.8 | 121.6 | 121.7 |
| May | 42.5 | 46.6 | 91.7 | 61.5 | 68.0 | 67.2 | March | 92.9 | 118.1 | 116.9 | 112.8 | 121.2 | 122.0 |
| June. | 40.1 | 45.8 | 88.3 | 58.4 | 66.4 | 65.8 | April. | 95.2 | 120.2 | 117.7 | 109.6 | 122.6 | 122.4 |
| July- | 36.9 | 44.7 | 84.8 | 55.1 | 65.8 | 63.9 | мay.. | 98.7 | 122.9 | 118.9 | 108.5 | 122.8 | 123.1 |
| August | 35.0 | 42.9 | 81.9 | 53.0 | 65.4 | 62.9 | June. | 100.7 | 125.2 | 119.6 | 105.4 | 126. 3 | 123.6 |
| September | 33.2 | 41.6 | 79.6 | 52.2 | 64. 0 | 62.2 | July | 102.0 | 127.3 | 120.8 | 105.0 | 132.8 | 124.3 |
| October | 31.3 | 40.9 | 77.5 | 52.0 | 62.7 | 61.8 | August | 104. 6 | 129.0 | 121.7 | 105.7 | 135.6 | 125.2 |
| November | 29.6 | 39.9 | 75.6 | 51.2 | 60.7 | 61.3 | September | 106.9 | 131.9 | 122.4 | 107.4 | 138.5 | 126. 6 |
| December | 28.6 | 39.4 | 73.3 | 50.1 | 50.9 | 60.4 | October-. | 109.7 | 135.3 | 123.3 | 109.6 | 143.8 | 128.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | November | 112.1 | 138.6 | 124.3 | 111.1 | 150.7 | 130.2 |
| January 1933 | 28.9 | 39.0 | 72.7 | 49.3 | 50.4 | 59.0 | December | 113.9 | 143.4 | 125.4 | 112.7 | 158.5 | 134,9 |
| February | 28.9 | 38.2 | 71.7 | 48.2 | 50.0 | 57.5 | 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March | 28.7 | 37.2 | 70.4 | 46.6 | 48.9 | 55.6 | 1940 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April. | 28.8 | 37.6 | 69.7 | 45.3 | 48.7 | 54.3 | January | 117.6 | 144.9 | 126.2 | 113.6 | 156.8 | 134.4 |
| May | 30.5 | 38.5 | 70.0 | 45.7 | 48.3 | 54.1 | February. | 121.3 | 145.8 | 127.4 | 114.7 | 156.6 | 134.6 |
| June. | 32.3 | 39.7 | 70.3 | 46.6 | 48.5 | 54.4 | March. | 123.8 | 147.4 | 127.8 | 116.1 | 152.5 | 134.7 |
| July | 34.2 | 40. 9 | 70.0 | 47.2 | 49.5 | 53.9 | April. | 128.7 | 147.6 | 129.5 | 115.0 | 151.3 | 135.2 |
| August September | 37.1 39.2 | 42.4 43.5 | 70.7 70.8 | 48.3 48.7 | 50.3 50.9 | 54.6 54.4 | May | 132.3 134.1 |  | 131.6 132.3 | 116.2 | 148.9 150.3 | 136.3 136.3 |
| Septembe | 39.2 40.4 | 43.5 44.4 | 70.8 70.5 | 48.7 49.6 | 50.9 51.5 | 54.4 54.1 | Juny | 134.1 137.5 | 150.7 152.6 | 132.3 134.1 | 113.9 | 158.0 | 136.3 137.2 |
| November | 40.9 | 44.9 | 70.2 | 49.2 | 51.9 | 53.4 | August | 140.0 | 154.4 | 135.3 | 116.3 | 163.3 | 138.8 |
| December | 40.8 | 45.6 | 69.9 | 49.0 | 49.7 | 53.3 | September | 142.0 | 155.9 | 135.8 | 118.3 | 172.9 | 139.8 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | October | 147.2 | 157.3 | 136.8 | 120.2 | 174.7 | 140.8 |
| 1934 |  |  |  |  |  |  | November | 151.7 | 161.3 | 138.4 | 121.6 | 179.4 | 142.7 |
| January | 41.5 | 46.1 | 70.5 | 48.9 | 51.3 | 54.0 | December | 155.4 | 167.0 | 140.1 | 124.7 | 188.4 | 148.4 |
| February | 42.8 | 47.0 | 71.2 | 48.6 | 52.7 | 54.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March | 44.1 | 48.3 | 71.6 | 49.1 | 53.8 | 55.7 | 1941 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April | 45.5 | 49.1 | 72.2 | 51.2 | 54.8 | 57.0 | January | 162.1 | 167.6 | 140.2 | 125.8 | 177.6 | 146.9 |
| May.. | 47.0 48.1 | 50.3 50.9 | 72.5 72.3 | 53.7 54.4 | 55.2 56.2 | 58.2 58.9 | February. | 170.5 | 168.8 | 141.8 | 128.9 | 174.5 | 148.3 |
| July. | 49.3 | 51.6 | 72.4 | 54.7 | 57.2 | 59.4 | March.-. | 174. 0 | 168.8 | 141.2 | 131.5 | 169.5 | 148.3 |
| August | 50.2 | 52.3 | 72.2 | 54.1 | 57.8 | 59.8 | April. | 182.7 | 172.2 | 143.8 | 134.3 136.9 | 171.7 173.7 | 151.5 |
| September | 51.5 | 53.1 | 72.3 | 53.8 | 58.2 | 60.2 | June. | 192.7 | 177.8 | 147.7 | 133.8 | 176.8 | ${ }_{155.2}^{154.1}$ |
| October | 52.4 | 54.2 | 72.9 | 54.1 | 58.7 | 61.0 | July | 194.9 | 182.7 | 149.9 | 133.2 | 185.1 | 156.9 |
| November | 53.3 | 54.7 | 73.2 | 53.8 | 59.3 | 61.5 | Angust | 197.8 | 190.1 | 154.7 | 136.8 | 194. 1 | 162.2 |
| December | 54.2 | 55.5 | 73.4 | 54.3 | 60.3 | 62.7 | September. | 194.4 | 188.1 | 152.8 | 138.3 | 205.9 | 161.5 |
| 1935 |  |  |  |  |  |  | October. | 189.3 | 181.4 | 149.4 | 137.8 | 207.9 | 158.2 |
| January | 55.7 | 56.5 | 73.5 | 54.4 | 60.9 | 62.7 | November | 183.8 | 178.7 | 147.9 | 134.1 | 217.5 | 156.3 |
| February. | 58.9 | 57.3 | 73.9 | 54.3 | 61.5 | 63.0 | December | 174.6 | 178.2 | 144.8 | 129.6 | 205.1 | 155.7 |
| March. | 61.8 | 58.6 | 74.1 | 56.5 | 61.7 | 63.5 | 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| April. | 64.7 | 60.5 | 74.5 | 58.7 | 61.9 | 64.9 | 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May | 66.8 | 62.0 | 75.0 | 61.4 | 62.1 | 65.9 | January ... | 161.5 | 175.7 | 142.7 | 127.2 | 191.9 | 151.5 |
| June- | 68.5 | 63.4 | 75.2 | 63.1 | 62.7 | 66.9 | February | 149.4 | 173.4 | 141.7 | 128.4 | 185. 1 | 150.0 |
| July- | 71.3 | 64.8 | 75.5 | 65.1 | 63.1 | 67.5 | March | 135.4 | 169.7 | 140.5 | 125.1 | 178.8 | 147.0 |
| August | 74.2 | 65.5 | 76.1 | 66.4 | 63.9 | 68.3 | April. | 123.3 | 161.6 | 137.8 | 114.5 | 174.9 | 141.2 |
| September | 76.5 | 67.0 | 76.2 | 67.9 | 64.6 | 69.0 | May... | 111.2 | 148.3 | 131.3 | 103.1 | 163.1 | 131.3 |
| October- | 79.2 | 68.7 | 76.7 | 69.3 | 64.8 | 69.8 | June. | 100.7 | 135.2 | 123.8 | 88.8 | 151.3 | 120.4 |
| November | 82.7 | 69.4 | 77.9 | 70.4 | 65.6 | 70.6 | July. | 90.3 | 127.0 | 116.8 | 79.9 | 143.8 | 111.8 |
| December | 85.3 | 70.8 | 78.5 | 70.8 | 67.8 | 72.1 | August.- | 78.2 | 118.2 | 109.9 | 72.2 | 140.7 | 104.4 |

Estimates for 1941 through the current date are based upon the movement of automobile installment receivables as reported currently in the release "Sales Finance Companies," a monthly publication of the Bureau of Census. The commercial bank installment receivables series of the Federal Reserve System also provides current data on the trend of automobile receivables (i. e., as held by commercial banks). This was not used in combination with the sales finance company material, however, since the purchase of some sales finance company receivables is reflected in the commercial bank series during 1942. This series is therefore not as satisfactory a reflector of the over-all movement of total automobile receivables as the sales finance series which makes allowance for sales and purchases of other financial agency receivables. This does not mean, however, that the commercial bank series will not be useful for projection of these estimates at some later date.
B. Department Stores and Mail-Order Houses Combined.-This series covers consumer debt arising from the installment sales of department stores and mail-order houses.

The mail-order company figures are installment receivables reported monthly by the four installment mail-order companies to the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce. Reported data cover the period from the beginning of 1929 through the current date.

The department store receivables estimates cover the installment receivables arising from department store sales other than mail order:
The following procedure was used to estimate receivables for 1929 through 1940. Base department store retail sales figures for 1929, 1935, and 1939 were obtained from the Census of Business after subtraction of the sales of the four installment mail order houses. Annual estimates of department store retail sales for 1930-34 were calculated using the Federal Reserve System index and adjusting to the 1935 Census totals. Annual retail sales figures for 1936-38 and 1940-41 were estimated by deducting retail sales of the four mail order houses from total sales of the department store and mail order group as estimated by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce.
Estimates of department store (excluding mail order) installment sales were obtained by using the 1935 and 1939 Census of Business installment sales figures (after deduction of mail-order sales) as bases and working backwards and forwards from these base points by the following procedure. The 1935 installment sales percentage (of total sales) for department stores was worked backwards on an annual basis through 1929 using Retail Credit Survey sample data on the installment sales of these stores. The percent changes in the installment sales percentages of each 2 -year period for identical stores were linked to the 1935 base. The 1935 figure was worked forward to 1939 on the same basis and adjustments were made to the 1939 Census of Business installment sale percentage. The necessary adjustments were distributed on a straight line basis over the original 1936-39 projected percentages. Using Retail Credit Survey data again, the 1940 figure was projected from 1939 with the adjust ment factor for 1936-39 continued on a straight line basis.
The department store installment sales estimates were then distributed monthly using Retail Credit Survey sample data. The average duration of indebtedness on installment contracts, yearly, was calculated from Retail Credit Survey collection ratio data.

The 1941 and current monthly installment debt figures for department stores are projections from the end of 1940 figure based on the movement of installment receivables as reported monthly by department stores to the Federal Reserve System.
C. Furnuture Sti res.-This series covers consumer debt arising from the installment sales of furniture stores. The furniture store series includes the Census of Business classifications-furniture stores; floor coverings and drapery stores; and other home furnishing stores.

The following procedure was used to estimate furniture installment sale receivables for 1929 through 1940. Furniture store base retail sales figures were taken from the 1929, 1933, 1935, and 1939 Census of Business. Estimates for intervening years and 1940 were taken from Department of Commerce sales estimates for the furniturehousehold appliance group after breaking down the group estimates into furniture store sales and household appliance store sales.

The procedure from this point was exactly similar to the method used in estimating department store installment sale percentages, monthly installment sales, and average durations of indebtedness from Retail Credit Survey data.
One exception to this method was the use of the trend of departiment store installment sale percentages for 1935-39 in estimating furniture store installment sale percentages over the same period. The furniture store data on this one item did not seem representative after adjustment to the 1939 Census.

The 1941 and current year figures are projections from the end of 1940 estimate, based on the movement of installment receivables as reported monthly by furniture stores to the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce.
D. Houschold Appliance Stores.-This series covers consumer debt arising from the installment sales of household appliance stores. Included are sales of household appliance dealers, radio-household appliance stores and radio stores-other, as classified by the Census.

The methods and sources employed in deriving the 1929-40 series are similar to those described for furniture stores.
The 1941 and current year figures are based on the movement of installment receivables as reported monthly by household appliance stores to the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce.
E. Jewelry Stores.-This series covers consumer debt arising from the installment sales of jewelry stores, as classified by the 1939 Census of Business.
The method and sources employed in deriving the 1929-40 series are similar to those described for furniture stores.

The 1941 and current-year figures are based on the movement of installment receivables as reported monthly by jewelry stores to the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce.
F. "All Other" Stores.-This series covers consumer debt arising from the installment sales of a miscellaneous group of other retail stores. Included are the following types of stores as classified by the Census of Business: country general stores; dry goods and general merchandise stores; the entire apparel group; accessory, tire, battery dealers; other automotive stores; filling stations; the entire lumber-building group; hardware stores; drug stores; fuel, ice, fuel oil dealers; book, stores; cigar stores, cigar stands; gifts, novelty souvenir shops; sporting goods stores; second-hand stores; photographic supply, camera stores; opticians; and "other" stores. Excluded because their credit was considered nonconsumer are the following stores: farm im-plement-tractor-hardware stores; hay, grain, and feed stores; farm and garden supply stores; office, sohool supply and equipment dealers; and scientific medical instrument and supply dealers.
The base point for the receivables figure was computed from the 1939 Census of Business for the types of stores mentioned above. Some adjustment was made in the year-end 1939 receivables figure for receivables not reported by retailers since such receivables were held by other institutions to which they had been sold. A ratio of year-end receivables to 1939 installment sales was obtained for "all other" stores, and this ratio was projected forward and backwards annually, based on the trend of the mean of year-end receivables to sales ratios for department and mail order, furniture, household appliance and jewelry stores combined. The projected receivables ratios for "all other" stores were then applied to estimated yearly instalment sales for these stores to arrive at year-end receivables.
The annual installment sales estimates for "all other" stores were derived by applying to estimates of "all other" store retail sales made by the Department of Commerce, estimated instal!ment sales percentages. These percentages were based on the 1935 and 1939 ratios as obtained from the Census, and estimated for all other years. using the trend of the mean of the installment sale percentages of mail order and department, furniture, household appliance and jewelry stores.
Monthly receivables were interpolated between the year-end figures for each year of the 1929-40 period using the trend of receivables for the four principal retail groups mentioned above. These estimates were adjusted on a straight line basis to each year-end figure.
The 1941 and 1942 receivables estimates are based on the movement of installment receivables shown by department and mail-order, furniture, household appliance and jewelry stores combined.

## II. Installment Cash Loan Debt

The installment cash loan debt series refer to receivables arising from loans repayable on an installment basis, made by cash lending agencies to consumers. Agencies'included are commercial banks, credit unions, industrial banking companies, personal finance companies, miscellaneous installment loan agencies and a separate series for home repair and modernization consumer loans. The principal exclusion is real estate mortgage credit.
Interest charges are included in all receivables estimates except those for the personal finance company and credit union series. Personal finance companies make their charge each month on the unpaid balance and do not include the charge as a part of the amount of the loan or as a part of the loan balance outstanding. Roughly three-fourths of all credit unions use a similar lending technique and, to that extent, the credit union series exclude interest charges.

The monthly estimates for 1929-38 for all lending agencies except miscellaneous, are figures compiled by the National Bureau of Economic Research in cooperation with the Russell Sage Foundation and the Department of Commerce. (See pages 120-125 of the "Volume of Consumer Installment Credit, 1929-38" National Bureau of Economic Research.) Monthly installment cash loan debt estimates for 1939, 1940, 1941, and the current year have been projected from year-end 1938 estimates primarily using sample material on the movement of loans receivable.
A. Commercial Banks.-This series covers consumer debt arising from loans extended by commercial banks and repayable on an installment basis.
For insured banks, projections from end of 1938 figures were linked to the Federal banking agency Call Report totals for all banks (excluding industrial banks) as of December 1940, and June and December 1941. Call Report items used to donate installment cash loans were "Personal Installment Cash Loans" and "Direct Loans for the Purchase of Merchandise."
Using quarterly sample data on personal installment cash loans and direct loans for some 150 to 200 banks reporting to the American Bankers Association the two Call Report items were extrapolated on a quarterly basis backwards from December 1940 to December 1939. Monthly interpolations were made between these quarterly points on a straight line basis.
The December 1939 personal installment cash loan total was carried back to December 1938 on a quarterly basis using sample data from 55 banks as published by the American Bankers Association. The December 1938 estimated total was adjusted slightly to conform to the National Bureau year-end 1938 estimate. This adjustment was carried on a straight line basis up to December 1940, the base point from which extrapolations were made to 1938 . The 1939 quarterly figures were interpolated on a straight line basis to derive monthly outstandings.
The March, June, and September 1941 cash loan estimates for commercial banks were calculated using quarterly sample data published by the American Bankers Association on the changes in direct loan and personal cash loan outstandings receivables. These estimates were adjusted to the June 1941 Call Report totals. The monthly estimates for the first quarter of 1941 are a straight line interpolation of the beginning and end of quarter figures. The second and third quarter 1941 monthly figures are based on the monthly movement of receivables reported by approximately 100 banks to the American Bankers Association with adjustment to the quarterly totals.

Figures for the fourth quarter of 1941 are based on_the movement of monthly re-
ceivables reported by the American Bankers Association sample with adjustment to the December 1941 Call Report totals. Estimates since December 1941 have been based on monthly reports of the Federal Reserve Board showing the movement of installment receivables as reported by approximately 400 banks.
An estimate of noninsured commercial bank holdings of installment receivables for September 1941 was made by the Federal Reserve System from statements filed by Regulation W registrants. This total was incorporated into the insured bank series, with monthly estimates based on the trend of insured bank holdings.
B. Credit Unions.-This series covers consumer debt arising from loans extended by credit unions and repayable on an installment basis.
Estimates since December 1938 have been linked to the 1939 and 1940 year-end bench mark figures on loans receivable provided by state banking reports and Farm Credit Administration reports. Monthly estimates between these points are based on the trend of loans receivable as reported monthly by a sample of State and Federal credit unions (December 1938 through the current date) with some slight adjustments to year-end bench mark figures.
C. Industrial Banking Companies.-This series covers consumer debt arising from loans extended by industrial banking companies and repayable on an installment basis. Monthly estimates for 1939, 1940, and 1941 are projections from the year-end 1938 receivables figure, based on the movement of loan receivables as reported monthly by a sample of over 300 industrial banks to the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce.
D. Personal Finance Companies.-This series covers consumer debt arising from loans extended by personal finance companies and repayable on an installment basis. Monthly estimates for 1939, 1940, and 1941 are projections from the year-end 1938 receivables figure based on the movement of loan receivables as reported monthly by a sample of approximately 1,200 personal finance companies to the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce.
E. Home Repair and Modernization Loans.-This series covers short-term installment debt arising from loans extended by financing institutions to consumers for home repair and modernization purposes.
The repair and modernization series has two components-insured FHA Title I loans as issued by all agencies and uninsured loans made by commercial banks and industrial banks.
Estimates for FHA loans from 1934 to date were developed by applying to monthly credit granted (after exclusion for nonconsumer loans) a monthly amortization pattern which conformed to FHA data on loan maturities. This is the method originally employed by the National Bureau of Economic Research. (See pp. 124-125 of the "Volume of Consumer Installment Credit.") One change in procedure has been made-it was assumed that the volume of FHA Title I loans insured in each month, as reported by the Federal Housing Administration, referred to loans made in the previous month. The 1929-38 estimates were accordingly changed, the outstandings estimates being moved one month backwards.
The series for commercial bank noninsured repair and modernization loans was not included with the original National Bureau estimates. In the December 1941 Call Report, an estimate of commercial bank uninsured property improvement loans was obtained for the first time. These loans amounted to roughly 12 percent of total repair and modernization notes at that date. No material was available which would indicate the trend of these uninsured loans during the period prior to the end of 1941 . The FHA series could not be used for trend purposes since commercial bank experience indicated that banks generally made uninsured loans during periods when FHA insurance was not available as from March 1937 to February 1938, or when an amendment was made covering the issuance of FHA loans which was somewhat restrictive from an operating standpoint.
Accordingly, it was assumed that noninsured repair and modernization loans were first issued around the middle of 1935, approximately one year after FHA Title I loans were originally granted, and that the outstanding uninsured loans increased sharply during restrictive periods while decining between these periods. The December 1941 figure was identical to the Call Report total.
The current 1942 uninsured loan estimates are based on the movement of these loans as indicated by the sample of approximately 400 commercial banks reporting to the Federal Reserve System.
F. Miscellaneous Lenders.-This series covers consumer debt arising from loans extended by miscellaneous lending agencies. These miscellaneous agencies in their lending operations most closely resemble noninvestment industrial banks and personal finance companies, but they lack adequate state regulatory controls.
For 1929-39 we have used the Russell Sage Foundation year-end estimates and interpolated monthly on a straight line basis. As of December 1939, a major adjustment was made in the series as the balances of personal property brokers operating in California were deducted from the miscellaneous lending agency total and included with the estimates of personal finance companies, under whose classification the property brokers properly belonged as the result of a new small loan law enacted in California.
For estimates from 1940 through the current date, one-half the outstandings of miscellaneous lending agencies as of December 1940 was held as a constant and the remaining half was extrapolated on the basis of the monthly change in personal finance company receivables. Data collected by the Department of Commerce from a small sample of miscellaneous lenders indicated that these receivables showed a monthly pattern very similar to that for personal finance companies.

## III Charge Account Sale Debt

The charge account sale debt series covers consumer debt arising from retail and wholesale charge account sales to consumers. Generally, interest is not charged in
the extension of charge account credit. Therefore, these estimates exclude such pay* ments.

The retail outlets excluded from the charge account series were the lumber-building group; farm implement-tractor-hardware stores; hay. grain and feed stores; farm and garden supply stores; office store appliance and equipment dealers; approximately 5 percent of "other retail stores" charge account receivables; and 13 percent of automobile dealer rceivables (allowance for trucks). The charge account receivables of all other types of retail stores were included.
A bench mark figure on consumer charge account sale debt as of December 31, 1939, was estimated from data contained in the 1939 Census of Business. Extrapolations from this year-end point through 1941 and back to the beginning of 1935 were made using reasonable adequate sample receivables data reported to the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce by the following 12 retail trades: automobile dealers; automobile tire and accessory stores; coal, fuel oil, and ice dealers; department; furniture; grocery; hardware; household appliance; jewelry; men's clothing; shoe; and women's specialty stores. The receivables of similar types of outlets were grouped as far as possible into these 12 retail trades. A small miscellaneous group of stores were not classified under any of the 12 trades and it was assumed that this miscellaneous group moved similarly to the combined total for the 12 trades. The monthly charge account receivables material for these trades, covering 1935-41, were weighted by type of trade according to the proportion of charge account receivables held at the end of 1939 by each trade as estimated from 1939 Census totals, and a combined montbly index for all trades computed.

Total monthly charge account sale debt for 1935 through 1941 was then estimated from this combined weighted index using December 1939 as the base point for dollar estimates.
For years previous to 1935 charge account receivables were estimated by using all available data on receivables or sales for the same types of trades. These particular figures should be considered rough estimates. This material was obtained from Retail Credit Survey data in some instances, from Nugent figures relating to receivables of certain kinds of stores whose credit business was exclusively charge account, and through use of retail sales data in several trades.
The 1942 figures are based on a relationship derived from the movement of total charge account sale debt and department store charge account receivables during the 1935-40 period. Monthly, department store charge account receivables are reported currently to the Federal Reserve Board. The relationship between total charge account debt and department store debt was not deemed reliable for projection of total charge account debt during May-August 1942, when the Federal Reserve System's regulation of charge accounts first showed their effects. Charge accounts of most outlets except grocery stores and milk dealers come within the scope of these new regulations which have reduced the repayment period on charge accounts. As grocery store and milk dealer charge accounts normally make up roughly one-fifth of total charge debt and since little pronounced variation is ever shown in the movement of these two types of accounts, we have reduced total charge account balances since May 1942 by only four-fifths the total amount indicated by the relationship employed.

## IV. Open Credit Cash Loan Debt

This series covers short-term debt arising from the consumer lending activities of commercial banks and pawnbrokers, when no specified repayment schedule is provided. Interest charges are for the most part not included with these receivables estimates.
A. Commercial Banks.-This series covers consumer debt arising from regular 3060 -, and 90 -day accommodation credit loans extended by commeroial banks.
The magnitude of the commercial $b$ ank estimates is based upon the results of the June 1942 Call Report from which dat a on single payment consumer loans were obtained for the first time.
The monthly movement of these receivables from March 1941 through the current date was based upon a break-down of "all other" loans as reported by commercial banks. "All other" loans include all consumer installment'receivables and single payment loan receivables in addition to state and local government loans, religious and charitable loans. The last four types of loans amount in volume to roughly one-third of total "all other" loans, and it is claimed that the movement of these loans is slight. From March 1941 we therefore developed a monthly series on total "all other" loans, subtracted total installment receivables from this item, and assumed that single payment consumer loans move in direction similar to a centered 3 -month moving average of this residual item.
The monthly estimates from March 1941 through the current date were developed by the following procedure; using data from the 101 city sample of banks on "all other" loans, monthly estimates of commercial benk "all other" loans were projected from each semi-annual Call Report date beginning with December 1940 and adjusted at each half-year point. Then monthly estimates by the Department of Commerce covering commercial bank installment receivables for the year 1941and by the Federal Reserve System for 1942 were deducted from estimated "all other" loans. The residual item was then used to project the June 1942 single payment loan data back to March 1941.
Prior to March 1941, similar estimates were prepared quarterly back to December 1939 and estimated monthly by using values obtained from a free-hand curve through the quarterly points.
Prior to December 1939, estimates of single-payment loans were made for year-end points. The December 1938 figure was derived from the trend of the total "all other" loans series, while close of year figures before 1938 were projected from the 1938 figure using the trend of commercial bank single payment loans as estimated by Rolf

Nugent in "Consumer Credit and Economic Stability." Monthly estimates were made by drawing a smooth hand curve through these year-nd points and reading the values from the curve.
B. Pawnbrokers.-This series covers consumer debt arising from the lending activities of pawnbrokers. The $1929-40$ monthly estimates represent a straight line interpolation of Nugent's year-end estimates. The 1941 and 1942 estimates are the December 1940 Nugent estimate carried as a constant.

## V. Service Debt

This series includes debt (in length of term of similar to charge accounts) arising from services rendered by medical practitioners, hospitals, laumdries, cleaning and pressing establishments, funeral parlors, public utilities, and correspondence schools. The principal exclusion is probably consumer|debt arising from legal services, for which field no data are available at the present time. Generally, interest is not charged in the extension of service credit and therefore these estimates exclude any such charges.
The monthly service debt estimates were developed by this Bureau using Russell Sage Foundation year-end estimates for 1929 through 1940 as base points. Monthly interpolations of these year-end figures were based on a relationship derived between the service debt year-end figures and income payments for the service industries (for the 4 months ending each year). 1941 and current year monthly estimates of service debt are based on this relationship.

## Future Development of the Consumer Debt Series

With the advent of Regulation W, more complete consumer credit statistics are becoming available for the first time. The statement submitted to the Federal Reserve System by Regulation W registrants for the year ending September 30, 1941, provided over-all aggregates of credit volume and receivables for the different retail and financial agencies in the installment credit feld.
These data, after necessary adjustments for nonconsumer credit, may eventually provide a bench mark for the inauguration of a retail installment receivables series by type of institution holding the outstanding credit balances instead of by type of institution originating the credit. For example, the automobile dealer series, presented in table 5 of this article refers to total receivables arising from installment sales of automobile dealers regardless of whether the receivables are held by automobile dealers or not. With an institutional series, these same receivables would be distributed among sales finance companies, commercial banks and industrial banking companies, in addition to antomobile dealers. All of the above mentioned financial agencies purchase installment paper from automobile dealers. A similar distribution of receivables would apply also to credit originating from other types of retail outlet.

The recent development by the Federal Reserve System of a monthly commercial bank series covering total bank installment receivables is an important addition to series on institutional holdings. This series in addition to the data now collected by the Bureau of Census on sales finance company holdings of different types of receiv-
ables, should help greatly in the construction of an over-all monthly series on agency holdings of installment receivables.
There are in addition several relatively unexplored sources of consumer credit, which, when more complete data become available, should be included with this short-term debt series. Life insurance company loans to policyholders are probably the most important item of this omitted group. As of September 1942 total policy loans outstanding amounted to roughly $\$ 2.5$ billions. Although life insurance policy loans are in effect loans against the reserve value of policies or in other words loans against savings, the loans if repaid in cash over a period of years are similar to any other type of consumer credit. It is known that a very substantial volume of life insurance loans are never repaid in cash, thus constituting a withdrawal of previously accumnlated savings. Where this is the case, the loans should not be considered a part of consumer credit. Of those loans repaid in cash, it is known that a considerable volume represent consumer credit of more than 5 year's duration. Such loans, of course, by definition should also be excluded from this short-term series. If more comprehensive statistics could be obtained from life insurance companies on their policy loans-particularly as to repayments, duration and purpose of loans-a basis for estimating the amount of consumer credit policy loans could be provided.
Another probable source of short-term consumer debt is the building and loan association group. The Regulation W registration statement indicated that there was about $\$ 225$ millions of installment credit receivables (other than real estate) on the books of building and loan associations. These organizations may make personal loans to holders of share balances against these balances and may also issue notes to present mortgagees for repair and modernization purposes. Nothing is known of the term of loans made to share holders or as to the proportion of such loans that results in a withdrawal of shares. It is believed that most repair and modernization notes are added to the mortgage and paid off along with the mortgage. This would mean that building and loan association repair and modernization notes are long-term debt. As more information is published about building and loan association activities in the personal loan and home improvement field, it may be possible to segregate what is short-term consumer debt from longer term debt.
Other improvements in the installment cash loan field may be provided by the use of annual State banking reports, particularly in the case of industrial banks, personal finance companies and miscellaneous lenders. Annual reports or other useful data are often available in each State where the different types of agencies operate. Reports give loan balances outstanding at the end of the report year for each agency. If complete' United States totals can be developed from such sources, State by State, these totals can be used as bench mark figures to which the monthly data should be adjusted.
In the service credit field, the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce is in the process of tabulating income and receivables data obtained from questionnaires sent to doctors, dentists, veterinarians, nurses, and lawyers. These data should provide a new set of bench mark material for estimates of consumer obligations to professional people.

Table 9.-Monthly Series Used for Current Projection of Consumer Debt Estimates, by Types


# Monthly Dividend Payments, 1941-42 

## By Tynan Smith

T${ }^{H} \mathrm{HE}$ accompanying table presents a new series of monthly dividend payments covering the period January 1941 through October 1942. Hereafter, the monthly figures will appear currently in the Business Statistics section of the Survey of Current Business.

Cash dividend payments during the first 10 months of 1942 were 8.6 percent lower than those of the same period of 1941, the cumulative total reported thus far this year being 3,236 million dollars as compared with 3,540 million a year ago.

Most of this decline was due to the drop in dividends paid by the manufacturing and heat, light, and power groups. Dividend payments by both groups fell 14 percent in the first 10 months of 1942 from the comparable 1941 figure. In the case of manufacturing the trend has been continuously downward since the furst of the year, while in the case of heat, light, and power the decline was concentrated in the first quarter with the last four months showing a slight increase in dividend payments over the same period of last year.

The downward trend in the dividend payments of manufacturing corporations is a composite of the widely diverging trends of the subgroups of the manufacturing industry. These diverse trends appear, for most groups, to bear little relation to the influence of war production.
The relative decline in 1942 is partly a result of the substantial payments made on dividend arrearages on preferred stock in 1941. An extreme example of this occurs in the paper and printing group in which dividends during the first 10 months of 1942 were more than 60 percent less than during the same perind of last year. This decline was primarily due to one company which paid the arrearages on its preferred stock in Octaber of last year, amounting to over 60 million dollars.
The corporations fyrmerly manufacturing automobiles, one of the largest of the subgroups, registered a decline of 33 percent for the 10 months period, reflecting the transition to war production. Transportation equipment was the only other manufacturing subgroup to have a greater than average decline, dropping by 37 pecrent. The upward trend in dividend payments of this group during the first quarter was sharply reversed during recent months, chiefly because of the failure of a few of the large aircraft manufacturers to pay dividends this year.
There are four manufacturing subgroups, textiles and apparel, nonferrous metals, machinery, and electrical machinery, which have experienced gains in
dividend payments this year. In each case the increase was most marked in the first quarter and nonierrous metals was the only one of these groups to show an increase for the last 4 months over the same period of 1941.

Gains were registered by two of the major industrial groups-railroad transportation and trade. The rise in the former resulting from the war activity is reflected in the 4 percent increase in dividends paid this year. A more pronounced gain, 10 percent, was reported for the trade groups. This upward trend has been consistent indicating that the curtailment of consumer's goods output has not been seriously felt as yet.

## Purpose and Scope of the Series.

The Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce dividend series is intended to replace the compilations formerly made available by the N. Y. Journal of Commerce. ${ }^{1}$ Although the dividend series was compiled for its use in the estimates of national income, it is of considerable interest in itself. ${ }^{2}$ As a measure of the current cash income of shareholders a series of dividend payments is of particular interest at the present time in connection with problems of inflation and of fiscal policy. Such a series has long been used by investors in considering the liberality of corporate dividend policy. It cannot be used as a measure of changes in corporate earnings since dividends are sometimes paid out of past earnings, particularly in depression years, while during more prosperous years there is a tendency for corporations to retain a larger proportion of earnings. Accordingly, it is more meaningful to compare dividend disbursements with corporate profits in order to establish the relative stability of returns to stockholders as compared with corporate earnings. ${ }^{3}$

The monthly dividend series attempts to measure, as did the Journal of Commerce series, the volume of dividends payable within a given month. The date payable appears to be the most desirable basis for the tabulations because of the somewhat random nature of the date of declaration. Moreover, for most purposes it is more significant to know when the dividends were actually paid than to know when they were declared.

[^7]Table 1．－Reported Monthly Dividend Payments by Industry Groups，1941－42
［Millions of dollars］

| Month | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ت } \\ & \text { Ë } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 最 } \\ & \text { 场 } \end{aligned}$ | Manufacturing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { चू } \\ & \stackrel{y}{\circ} \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 荵苞侖部品罢范 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 新 |  |  |  |
| Number of companies．． | 4，353 | 162 | 1，813 | 248 | 200 | 141 | 149 | 64 | 216 | 58 | 275 | 95 | 81 | 72 | 214 | 250 | 1，318 | 160 | 316 | 78 | 256 |
| January．．．－．－－ | Monthly totals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 321.3 | $\begin{array}{r}3.1 \\ 2.8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 81.554.8 | 23.2 | 4.61.9 | $\begin{aligned} & 4.3 \\ & 1.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 15.2 \\ 6.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8.3 \\ & .0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.3 \\ & 9.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.3 \\ & 3.5 \end{aligned}$ | 7.25.1 | $\begin{array}{r} 1.5 \\ .9 \end{array}$ | 0.1.2 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.2 \\ & 2.8 \end{aligned}$ | 7.33.3 | 15.4 | ${ }_{31}^{63.9}$ | 27.4 | $79.1$ | ${ }^{47.5}$ | 3.44.3 |
| February | 165.2 |  |  | 16.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| March | ${ }^{518.2}$ | 21.3 | 241.9 | 19.0 | 6． 8 | 10.5 | 34.1 | ${ }^{42} 3$ | 28.9 | 7.5 | 18.4 | 10.5 | 4.1 | 45．6 | 14.2 | ${ }_{14}^{25.0}$ | ${ }_{45}^{23.0}$ | 8.3 | 42.1 | 150.0 | 6．6 |
| May． | 153.8 | ${ }_{2.3}$ | 61.8 | 18.4 | 2.4 | 1.8 | 10.8 | ${ }_{3} 1$ | 10.8 | 4.7 | 3．0 | ${ }^{18.8}$ | 1.3 | 3.0 | 2.7 | 5.8 | 14．3 | 18.8 | 61.7 | 1.4 | 4.7 |
| June． | 584.1 | 32.7 | 274.9 | 19.6 | 7.0 | 18.5 | 41.5 | 43.2 | 20.6 | 7.5 | 19.8 | 10.8 | 13.8 | 57.4 | 15.2 | 25.4 | 27.8 | 29.2 | 34.5 | 151.3 | 8.3 |
| July－ | 364.7 | 4.3 | 153.6 | 30．6 | 8． 5 | 5.2 | 15.9 | 19．4 | 22.6 | 6.0 | 13.6 | 12.9 | 3.3 | 4.5 | 11.1 | 14.3 | 57.9 | 28.6 | ${ }^{51.6}$ | 47.4 | 7.0 |
| August | 187.1 | 2.7 | 70.4 | ${ }_{21} 16$ | 5．${ }^{2}$ | 1.5 | ${ }_{34}^{9.6}$ | 3.1 | ${ }_{22} 11.0$ | 4.7 | ${ }^{4.6}$ | 1089 | 3．5 | －3．2 | ${ }^{6.6}$ | 5.8 | 35．8 | 8.9 | ${ }_{32}^{57.7}$ | 150 | 4.4 |
| Oeptober | 404.1 | 3.8 | 229.6 | 30.3 | 7.3 | 66.4 | 17.6 | 17．6 | 23.5 | 5.8 | 17.7 | 13.3 | 13.8 | 4.3 | 12.0 | 13.6 | 41.8 | 18.4 | 44.7 | 47.1 | 5.1 |
| November | 185.2 | 4.9 | 86.4 | 17.5 | 5.7 | 6.2 | 9.2 | 3.2 | 11.3 | 5.3 | 9.4 | 1.1 | 4.3 | 3.8 | 9.4 | 4.3 | 18.8 | 7.0 | 57.8 | 1.4 | 4.6 |
| December | 987.5 | 60.3 | 550.0 | 50.9 | 17.8 | 14.2 | 51.1 | 108.9 | 59.1 | 26.2 | 46.2 | 28.5 | 34． 1 | 67.3 | 45.7 | 50.0 | 54.3 | 53.6 | 42.1 | 152.3 | 24.9 |
| Total | 4，713．1 | 171．3 | 2，186．3 | 294.4 | 78.9 | 143.1 | 263.5 | 294． 2 | 239.9 | 88.9 | 180.0 | 105.0 | 90.4 | 253.4 | 154.6 | 204.9 | 437.3 | 220.8 | 608.0 | 799.4 | 85.1 |
| Monthly average | 392.8 | 14， 3 | 182.2 | 24.5 | 6． 6 | 11.9 | 22.0 | 24.5 | 20.0 | 7.4 | 15.0 | 8.8 | 7.5 | 21.1 | 12．9 | 17.1 | 36.4 | 18.4 | 50.7 | 66.6 | 7.1 |
| January－．．．－．－－－ | 295.7 | 2.0 | 95.3 | 21.2 | 5.6 | 5.3 | 15.3 | 8.1 | 5.5 | 3.2 | 8.1 | 11.4 | ． 1 | 1.6 | 9.9 | 15.1 | 60.5 | 28.0 | 43.8 | 47.1 | 3.9 |
| February | 148.4 | 3.1 | 61.7 | 17.4 | 2.4 | 1.5 | 8.1 | 3.1 | 11.0 | 3.5 | 7.4 | 6 | ． 3 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 8.7 | 30.3 | 7.7 | 31.2 | 2.1 | 3.6 |
| March | 482.3 | 23.0 | 212.9 | 18.7 | ${ }^{6.5}$ | 8.6 | 29．2 | 24． 5 | ${ }^{30.6}$ | 9.9 | 22.5 | 9．9 | 5． 4 | 33． 1 | 14．0 | 28．3 | 18．3 | 9.3 | 32.8 | 150.0 | 7.7 |
| April． | 339.3 | 4． 6 | 134.4 | 28.0 | 7.5 | 4.6 | 17.0 | 16．4 | 12.1 | 5.4 | 10.6 | 13．5 | 5.3 | 3.1 | 10.9 | 15.8 | 42.6 | 20.6 | 69．1 | 47.6 | 4.6 |
| May | 123.5 538.8 | 30． 2 | 66．6 224 | ${ }^{21.1} 1$ | 6． 2.9 | 2.0 | $\begin{array}{r}8.9 \\ 27.8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3.0 44.2 | 10.6 31.0 | 4.7 9 | ${ }_{21.6}^{4}$ | 7.9 | ${ }_{8.2}^{1.2}$ | ${ }_{33.0}^{3.5}$ | 11．7 | 3.8 30.6 | 11.9 26.3 | 1.9 | 32．2 | 148.6 | 3.9 8.3 |
| July： | 361.3 | 3.4 | 139.7 | 29.5 | 8.6 | 4.1 | 17.2 | 19.4 | 10.3 | 7.7 | 11.5 | 12.6 | 3.6 | 3.9 | 11.3 | 14.0 | 54.9 | 30.0 | 65.3 | 47.8 | 6.2 |
| August | 153.1 | 3.5 | 71.8 | 19.8 | 4． 5 | 1.7 | 8.9 | 3.4 | 10.0 | 4.5 | 3.1 | 4.1 | ． 2 | 5.7 | 5.9 | 3.9 | 29.3 | 8.9 | 31.0 | 1.4 | 3.3 |
| September | 471.0 | 25.6 | 199.9 | 17.1 | 4.8 | 7.0 | 25．9 | 31． 5 | 27.4 | 9.0 | 22.1 | 4.7 | 7.0 | 31.1 | 12.3 | ${ }^{31.2}$ | ${ }^{20.0}$ | 10.8 | 31.0 | 145.0 | 7.5 |
| October．－ | 322.3 | 4.8 | 126.2 | 23.9 | 7.2 | 4.5 | 16.7 | 16.1 | 10.9 | 5.2 | 13.6 | 12.4 | 1.5 | 3.1 | 11.1 | 14.1 | 43.0 | 17.1 | 62.4 | 50.1 | 4.6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Cumu | ative | monthl | y tota |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January－．．．－．${ }^{1941}$ | 321.3 | 3.1 | 81.5 | 23.2 | 4.6 | 4.3 | 15.2 | 8.3 | 5.3 | 3.3 | 7.2 | 1.5 | 0.1 | 1.2 | 7.3 | 15.4 | 63.9 | 27.4 | 79．1 | ． 5 |  |
| February | 486． 5 | 5.9 | 136.3 | 39.6 | 6.5 | 5.4 | 21，9 | 11.3 | 15．2 | 6.8 | 12.3 | 2.4 | ． 3 | 4.0 | 10.6 | 22.3 | 95.6 | 35． 2 | 133.9 | 49.6 | 7.7 |
| March | 1，004．7 | 27.2 | 378.2 | 58.6 | 13.3 | 15.9 | 56.0 | 53.6 | 44． 1 | 14.3 | 30.7 | 12.9 | 4.4 | 49．6 | 24．8 | 47.3 | 118.6 | 43.5 | 176.0 | 199.6 | 14.3 |
| April | 1，323． 5 | 33.0 | 511.2 | 89.1 | ${ }^{19.4}$ | 21.2 | 73．0 | ${ }^{67.5}$ | 58.3 | 19.8 | 41.7 | 25．9 | 5.4 | 53.2 | 36.7 | ${ }^{61.8}$ | 1840 | 61.7 | ${ }^{225} 9$ | 247.1 | 18．8 |
| May． | 1，477．3 | ${ }_{68} 3.3$ | ${ }^{537} \mathbf{8} 0$ | 107.5 | 21.8 | 23.0 | 83．8 | 17．6 | ${ }_{89} 69.1$ | 24.5 | 44． 7 | 26．7 | ${ }^{5} 5.7$ | ${ }_{1136} 5$ | ${ }_{54} 39$ | ${ }_{93}^{67.6}$ | 178.3 | 63．5． | 287． 6 | 248.5 | ${ }^{23.5}$ |
|  | 2， 426.1 | ${ }_{72 .} 68$ | $1,001.5$ | 157.7 | 37.3 | 46.7 | 141． 2 | 133.2 | 112.3 | 38.0 | 78.1 | 50.4 | 22.8 | 118.1 | ${ }^{65.7}$ | 107.3 | 264.0 | 121．3 | 373.7 | 447.2 | 31.8 38.8 |
| August | 2，613．2 | 75.0 | $1,071.9$ | 174．2 | 42.5 | 48.2 | 150.8 | 136.3 | 123.3 | 42.7 | 82.7 | 51.3 | 26.3 | 121．3 | 72.3 | 113.1 | 299.8 | 130.2 | 431.4 | 448.6 | 43.2 |
| September | 3，136．3 | 102， 3 | 1，320．3 | 195.7 | 48.1 | 56.3 | 185．6 | 164.5 | 146.0 | 51.6 | 106.7 | 62.1 | 38.2 | 178．0 | 87.5 | 137.0 | 322.4 | 141.8 | 463.4 | 598.6 | 50.5 |
| Octaber | 3，540．4 | 106.1 | 1， 549.9 | 226.0 | 55． 4 | 122.7 | 203． 2 | 182． 1 | 168.5 | 57.4 | 124.4 | 75.4 | 52.0 | 182.3 | 99.5 | 150.6 | 364.2 | 160.2 | 508.1 | 645.7 | ${ }^{55.6}$ |
| November． | 3， 72515 | 111．0 | 1， 636.3 | 243.5 | 61.1 | 128.9 | ${ }^{212.4}$ | ${ }_{204}^{185} 3$ | 180.8 | ${ }_{88}^{62} 7$ | 183.8 | ${ }^{76.5}$ | 56.3 | ${ }^{1853} 1$ | 108.9 | 154.9 | 383.0 437. | 167.2 | ${ }^{565.9}$ | ${ }_{799.1}^{647}$ | ${ }_{85}^{60.2}$ |
| December | 4，713．1 | 171．3 | 2，186．3 | 294.4 | 78.9 | 143.1 | 263.5 | 294.2 | 239.9 | 88.9 | 180.0 | 105.0 | 90.4 | 253.4 | 154.6 | 204.9 | 437.3 | 220.8 | 608.0 | 799.4 | 85.1 |
| January－－．－． 1942 | 295.7 | 2.0 | 95.3 | 21.2 | 5.6 | 5.3 | 15.3 | 8.1 | 5． 5 | 3.2 | 8.1 | 11.4 | ． 1 | 1.6 |  | 1 | 60.5 |  |  |  |  |
| February | 444.1 | 5.1 | 157.0 | 38.6 | 8.0 | 6.8 | 23.4 | 11.2 | 16.5 | 6.7 | 15.5 | 12.0 | 4 | 4.8 | 13.1 | 23.8 | 90.8 | 35.7 | 75.0 | 49．2 | 7.5 |
| March | 926.4 | 28.1 | 369.9 | 57.3 | 14.5 | 15.4 | 52.6 | $3{ }^{35} .7$ | 47.1 | 16.6 | 38.0 | 21.9 | 5.8 | 37.9 | 27.1 | 52.1 | 109.1 | 45.0 | 107.8 | 199.2 | 15.2 |
| April | 1，265．7 | 32.7 | 504.3 | 85.3 | 22.0 | 20.0 | 69．6 | 52.1 | 59.2 | 22． 0 | 48.6 | 35.4 | 11.1 | 41．0 | 38.0 | 67.9 | 151.7 | 65.6 | 176.9 | 246.8 | 19.8 |
| May． | 1，389．2 | 34.5 | 570.9 | 106． 4 | 24.9 | 22.0 | 78.5 | 55.1 | 69.8 | 26.7 | 53.2 | 36.3 | 12.3 | 44.5 | 41．2 | 71.7 | 163.6 | 67.5 | 209． 1 | 248.2 | 23.7 |
| June | 1，928．0 | 64．7 | ${ }_{934 .} 7$ | 122.4 | ${ }_{39}^{31.7}$ | ${ }_{33}^{29.2}$ | ${ }_{123}^{106}$ | 118．3 | 100.8 | 34． 4 | 74.4 <br> 85 | 54．2 | 24． 1 | 87 | 54．9 | 1102.3 | 189.9 <br> 244 | 129．8 | ${ }_{312}^{247} 5$ | 396.8 <br> 444 | 32．0 |
| July－－ | 2， 2842.4 | ${ }_{71.6}^{68.1}$ | ${ }_{1,0065}^{934.7}$ | 171.7 | 39.7 <br> 44 | $3{ }^{33.0}$ | 132.4 | 122.1 | 121.1 | 44.1 | 85.9 89.0 | 60．8 | 24.3 | 87.1 | 64.2 70.1 | 120.3 | 274.1 | 138.7 | 3 | 444.6 <br> 446.0 | ${ }_{41.5}$ |
| September | 2，913．4 | 97.2 | 1， 206.4 | 188.8 | 49.0 | 42.0 | 158.3 | 153.6 | 148.5 | 57.6 | 111.1 | 65.6 | 31.3 | 118.2 | 82.4 | 151.4 | 294.1 | 149.5 | 374． | 591.0 | 49.0 |
| October | 3，235．7 | 102.0 | 1，332． 6 | 212.7 | 56.2 | 46.5 | 175.0 | 169.7 | 159.4 | 62.8 | 124． 7 | 78.0 | 32.8 | 121．3 | 93.5 | 165.5 | 337． 1 | 166.6 | 437．2 | 641.1 | 53.6 |

${ }^{1}$ Includes agriculture，contract construction，services，transportation other than railroads，and public utilities other than heat，light，and power．

Nearly 4,500 corporations are covered by the divi－ dend series．While all dividend payments for which current information is available are included，the series is necessarily a sample since there are some dividend payments which are not reported．The coverage of the sample in terms of volume of dividend payments is quite large，slightly more than 70 percent．${ }^{4}$ It is，however，the movement of the series rather than the level which is important．

[^8]In order to present the dividend series in proper perspective and to facilitate comparisons，it would be desirable to have the series on a seasonally adjusted basis，particularly since dividend payments display marked seasonal movements．Over the short period covered by the present series it is not possible to work out a satisfactory seasonal pattern．Since there is a close correspondence between this dividend series and that of the Journal of Commerce during the period in which the two overlap，an expedient was attempted of computing seasonal factors based on the movements of the latter series from 1938 through 1941．However， the results indicated a very definite shift in the seasonal pattern．A few years ago the largest dividend pay－
ments were made in the first month of each quarter. This pattern has gradually shifted so that dividend payments are now concentrated at the end of each quarter with the first month still showing substantial payments. In view of this shifting seasonal pattern it is preferable to defer the seasonal adjustment for the present until sufficient data are accumulated to determine the proper adjustment.

A comparison of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce dividend series with that of the Journal of


Sources: U. S. Department of Commerce and Journal of Commerce Corporation
Commerce for the period during which both series are available indicates a high degree of comparability between the two. The former series moves on a slightly higher level, as shown by the figures in table 1, due to the wider coverage of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce series. ${ }^{5}$ The movements of the two series are always in the same direction and of comparable magnitude. This is indicated by chart 1 which shows the relative movements of the two series. The present dividend series appears to fluctuate a little more widely and tends to show higher peaks for the last month of each quarter and sharper drops to the first month of the following quarter than does the

[^9]Journal of Commerce series. This can be accounted for, at least in part, by the shifting seasonal pattern of dividend payments referred to above. The group of companies covered by the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce has been selected only recently while the group of corporations included in the Journal of Commerce series was selected in 1938. The additional corporations included in the former tabulation are chiefly those which began or resumed paying dividends within the last few years and these companies have tended to make their dividend payments at the end of the quarter.

## Sources and Methods.

The tabulations of monthly dividend payments are based on the reports in Moody's Dividend Record. Dividend payments by companies incorporated outside the United States and its possessions were eliminated. Liquidating' dividends were excluded from the tabulations since they represent a repayment of capital investment rather than a disbursement of earnings. Stock dividends were excluded since they are not disbursements but rather capitalizations of earnings. In the case of alternative stock dividends in which the shareholder is offered a payment in either cash or stock it was assumed that the corporation would make the offering of stock sufficiently attractive to induce most of the shareholders to accept the stock. Consequently, such dividends were omitted from the tabulations. The resulting series covers the cash dividends paid on both preferred and common stock by 4,353 domestic corporations. Corporations added to the group in the future will be those which have not paid dividends during 1941 and 1942. This will assure comparability.

The data on shares of stock outstanding are obtained from Moody's Industrial Reports. An effort was made to keep current the number of shares outstanding by taking account of stock dividends and by reference to the monthly Consolidated Stock List, covering all stocks listed on the exchanges, prepared by the Securities and Exchange Commission. For a few companies for which dividends were reported no data on the number of shares outstanding could be obtained. Since the companies involved were small both in size and number, their omission has no significant effect on the dividend series.

The corporations included in the dividend tabulations were classified according to the Standard Industrial Classification developed by the Division of Statistical Standards, Bureau of the Budget. The industrial classification was made on the basis of the major pre-war activity of the corporations.

## Monthly Business Statistics

The data here are a continuation of the statistics published in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey of Current Business That volume contains monthly data for the years 1938 to 1941, and monthly averages for earlier years back to 1913 insofar as available; it also provides a description of each series and references to sources of monthly figures prior to 1938 . Series added or revised since publication of the 1942 Supplement are indicated by an asterisk (*) and a dagger ( $\dagger$ ), respectively, the accompanying footnote indicating where historical data and a descriptive note may be found. The terms "unadiusted" and "adjusted" used to designate index numbers refer to adjustment of monthly figures for seasonal variation.

Data subsequent to September for selected series will be found in the Weekly Supplement to the Survey.

| Monthly statistics through December 1941, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1942 | 1941 |  |  |  | 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sep- } \\ & \text { tember } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sep- } \\ & \text { tember } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Octo- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | November | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Decem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Janu- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August |

BUSINESS INDEXES

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline INCOME PAYMENTS \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{} \& \multirow[b]{3}{*}{146.5} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{} \& \multirow[b]{3}{*}{-161.9} \& \multirow[b]{3}{*}{r 165.8} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{+168.7
+18.} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{\({ }^{5} 171.6\)} \\
\hline Indexes, adjusted: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Total income payments........ 1935-39=100.- \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& 143.1 \\
\& 150.1
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Salaries and wages..-.-..............-do..-- \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{p 191.1
D 169.3} \& \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 145.4 \\
\& 152.6
\end{aligned}
\] \& 153. 7 \& 154.7
161.5 \& \(\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ + \\ +1636.1 \\ \hline 18\end{array}\) \& \(\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ +167.4 \\ \hline 16.3\end{array}\) \& +157.8
\(\cdot 167\)
+1 \& \({ }^{7} 160.9\) \& -174.2 \& + 180.5 \& \& \\
\hline Total nonagricultural income..........do- \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
141.3 \\
8,280 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}} \& \& 144.5 \& 150.3 \& +152.3 \& -154.1 \& -155.3 \& r 158.7 \& \({ }^{+159.5}\) \& r 163.6 \& \({ }^{\text {r } 166.4}\) \& r 168.1 \\
\hline Total--...........................-mil. of dol.- \& - \({ }_{p}{ }^{109,3} 128\) \& \& 8,508 \& 8,071 \& 9,397 \& r 8,355 \& -7,976 \& \({ }^{+} 8,734\) \& r8,719 \& -8,553 \& \({ }^{-9,578}\) \& r \(\mathbf{~ 9 , 3 2 9 ~}\) \& -9,157 \\
\hline Salartes and wages: \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
p 6,862 \\
p 3, \\
p 388 \\
p 30 \\
p 85
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
5,431 \\
2,481 \\
79 \\
89
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{5}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
5,592 \\
2,539 \\
80
\end{array}
\]} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{-6,211} \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& \& \& \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
5,555 \\
2,505 \\
\hline \quad 79 \\
\hline 90
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
5,830 \\
2,550 \\
88 \\
82
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& \mathbf{r} 5,672 \\
\& \mathbf{r} 2,540
\end{aligned}
\]} \& + 5,747
+2613 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& 55,883 \\
\& : 2,643
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\(\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ r \\ \mathbf{r} 2,039 \\ \hline\end{array}\)} \& \& +6,452 \& -6,486 \& -6, 639 \\
\hline Wommodity-producing industries._do...- \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& '2, 870 \& \& \& \\
\hline Work-relief wages................... do.... \& \& \& \& \& \& 77 \& 72 \& 75 \& \& \& \& 45 \& 35 \\
\hline  \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 95 \& 94 \& 92 \& 89 \& 87 \& 86 \& 86 \\
\hline mil. of dol.- \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\(p+162\)
\(p 1,000\)} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{151} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\({ }_{855}^{152}\)} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{152
549} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
159 \\
1,583
\end{array}
\]} \& 174 \& 173 \& 177 \& 171 \& 166 \& 167 \& 172 \& 167 \\
\hline Dividends and interest..----.-.-.--do.-- \& \& \& \& \& \& r 744 \& r 410 \& 981 \& - 758 \& - 460 \& r 1,201 \& \(r 827\) \& 417 \\
\hline Entrepreneurial income and net rents and royalties ........................mil. of dol. \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& p 2,019 \\
\& p 8,855
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& 1,691 \\
\& 7,328
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& 1,820 \\
\& 7,435
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& 1,725 \\
\& 7,109
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& \mathbf{1}, 733 \\
\& 8,456
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
1,671 \\
-7,515
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
1,551 \\
{ }_{7}, 253
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
1,599 \\
7,977
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
r_{r}^{r}, 659 \\
\hline 7,897
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& r 1,627 \\
\& r 7,748
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{gathered}
\text { r 1,61 } \\
\text { r 8,703 }
\end{gathered}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
\mathrm{r} \\
\mathrm{r} 8,758 \\
8,341
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1,848
8,069} \\
\hline Total nonagricultural income...........do...-. \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline AGRICULTURAL INCOME \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Cash income from farm marketings: \(\dagger\) \\
Crops and lipestock combined indor
\end{tabular} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Unadjusted.-...............-1935-39=100 \& p 257.0 \& 193.5 \& 217.0 \& 182.0 \& 170.0 \& 151.5 \& 125.5 \& 135.5 \& 148.0 \& 149.5 \& 161.0 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{183.5} \& 212.5 \\
\hline  \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\(p 208.0\)
\(p 220.5\)} \& 152.0 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{151.5
150.5} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{153.0
155.0} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{167.5
163.0} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1810.5
184.0
18.0} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{179.5
179.5} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{175.0
166.5} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& 191.0 \\
\& 189.0
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{188.5
193.0} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{191.5
166.5} \& \& \\
\hline  \& \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{153.5
150.5
1150.0
158.} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 192.5
187.5 \& 209. 5 \\
\hline Livestock and products...-.-.-....-do. \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& \begin{array}{c}
p \\
p \\
p \\
167.5 \\
\hline
\end{array}
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \& 152.0 \& 151.0 \& 170.5 \& 178.5 \& 179.5 \& 181.0 \& 192.0 \& 185.0 \& 208.0 \& 196.0 \& 201.5 \\
\hline Dairy products-...-....-.-.-...-do \& \& \& 145.5 \& 145.0 \& 141.5 \& 148.0 \& 156.0 \& 153.0 \& 163.0 \& 165.5 \& 163.0 \& 161.0 \& 164.0 \\
\hline  \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& p 167.5 \\
\& p 229.5 \\
\& p 181.0
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& 157.5 \\
\& 142.0
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& 170.0 \\
\& 159.0 \\
\& 15.0
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{155.0} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{174.5} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{199.0} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{184.0} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{194.0} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{175.0} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{174.5} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{177.0} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{226.0
180.5} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{234.0
187.0} \\
\hline  \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION (Federal Reseroe) \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \multicolumn{14}{|l|}{Unadjusted:} \\
\hline Combined index.....-............1935-39=100.- \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{8191
\(>201\)} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
167 \\
172 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& 168 \\
\& 178
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{167} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{164
171} \& -166 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& 167 \\
\& 176
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
168 \\
177 \\
\hline 178
\end{tabular}} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\({ }_{\cdot} 172\)} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{175
183} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
177 \\
185 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\(r 180\)
\(\cdot 189\)} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\(\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 187 \\ r 196 \\ r \\ \hline 260\end{array}\)} \\
\hline Manufactures....-.-...................do. \& \& \& \& \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\({ }_{216}^{173}\)} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Durable manufactures...............do....- \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\(p 266\)

219} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$\begin{array}{r}\text { '205 } \\ \hline 200 \\ \hline\end{array}$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{210
207} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{209
207} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$\begin{array}{r}+211 \\ { }_{205} \\ \hline\end{array}$} \& \& - 2721 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{+228} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$\checkmark 234$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{240} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{- 246} \& r 251 \& <br>
\hline Steel* \& \& \& \& \& \& 209 \& 211 \& \& \& \& \& \& - 260 <br>
\hline Lumber and products.............do. \& ${ }^{p} 135$ \& 148 \& 145 \& \& 128 \& \& 128 \& 129 \& 132 \& 135 \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{140
137} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{138
+136} <br>

\hline Furniture...........................do.. \& ${ }^{p} 138$ \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{| 156 |
| :--- |
| 144 |} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{| 159 |
| :--- |
| 138 |
| 1 |} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{154

124} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{aligned}
& 155 \\
& 113 \\
& 113
\end{aligned}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{142

112} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{aligned}
& 147 \\
& 118
\end{aligned}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{147

120} \& 142 \& 143 \& 140 \& \& <br>
\hline Lumber.................-.........do \& P133 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 131 \& \& 141 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{r 139
+299
+189} <br>
\hline Machinery $\ddagger$. \& -305 \& 228 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{232

185} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{aligned}
& 230 \\
& 190
\end{aligned}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{243

182

187} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
$$
\begin{aligned}
& 250 \\
& 191
\end{aligned}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \hline 189 \\ \hline 189\end{array}$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{'268 180} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$\begin{array}{r} \\ \cdot \\ \hline 177 \\ \hline 18\end{array}$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{|  |
| ---: |
|  |
|  |
| 189 |
| 189 |} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{+287} \& - 289 \& <br>

\hline Nonferrous metals....-.-............do. \& P 190 \& 191 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 191 \& + 189 <br>
\hline Stone, clay, and glass products..-do. \& $\bigcirc 164$ \& 175 \& \& \& 147 \& \& 132 \& 140 \& \& 163 \& -158 \& 151 \& -160 <br>
\hline Cement. ........................do. \& 200 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{184
168
168} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{185
172

178} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{aligned}
& 109 \\
& \mathbf{1 7 1} \\
& \mathbf{1 7 0}
\end{aligned}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 145 \\
& 153 \\
& 153
\end{aligned}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{gathered}
137 \\
165 \\
68 \\
6
\end{gathered}
$$
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{132

164
164} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{141
176
13} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{161
176
176} \& 178 \& 183 \& 186 \& 195 <br>
\hline Glass containers -----.-.-.-......d. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ \& 168 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 190 \& 171 \& 151 \& 167 <br>
\hline Polished plate glass...-.-.......do.. \& 38 \& 220 \& 117 \& 120 \& 80 \& \& 47 \& 43 \& \& 35 \& 37 \& 32 \& 30 <br>
\hline Transportation equipment - -...-do....- \& $p 481$ \& 245 \& 269 \& 276 \& 279 \& 305 \& 315 \& 330 \& 350 \& r373 \& -396 \& r 428 \& r 460 <br>
\hline Automobile bodies, parts and as.
sembly \& \& \& 146 \& 142 \& 120 \& 118 \& \& \& \& 107 \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& ${ }^{2} 1279$ \& 145 \& 143 \& 144 \& 138 \& 137 \& \& 137 \& \& ${ }_{\cdot} 137$ \& 112 \& \& <br>
\hline Alcoholic beverages .-...-....-.-. do \& - 150 \& 137 \& 137 \& 118 \& 106 \& 112 \& 117 \& 113 \& 113 \& 120 \& 116 \& 133 \& 140 <br>
\hline Chemicals .-.-.-....................do. \& p 174 \& 148 \& 153 \& 151 \& 153 \& 155 \& 161 \& 166 \& 168 \& 166 \& -166 \& r167 \& -170 <br>
\hline Leather and products.....-.-.-.- do. \& ${ }^{p} 112$ \& 129 \& 127 \& 123 \& 116 \& 124 \& 131 \& 128 \& 131 \& 124 \& $\cdot 115$ \& r 114 \& -115 <br>
\hline Shoes.....................-.-...-do. \& $p 111$ \& 132 \& 125 \& 116 \& 110 \& 120 \& 126 \& 129 \& 131 \& 122 \& 112 \& 114 \& -117 <br>
\hline Manufactured food products.....do \& $p 178$ \& 159 \& 143 \& 139 \& 130 \& 124 \& 122 \& 121 \& 123 \& 131 \& $\cdot 139$ \& 156 \& +165 <br>
\hline Dairy productst.........----..-do \& ${ }^{2} 144$ \& 142 \& 117 \& 100 \& 98 \& 99 \& 109 \& 124 \& 152 \& -193 \& r 210 \& r207 \& r 193 <br>
\hline Meat packing .-.........-.-.....-do \& 147 \& 119 \& 134 \& 152 \& 165 \& 173 \& 135 \& 131 \& 134 \& 140 \& 149 \& 138 \& r 132 <br>
\hline Paper and products..............-do. \& \& 149 \& 151 \& 159 \& 146 \& 151 \& 153 \& 155 \& 151 \& 144 \& 133 \& 122 \& 130 <br>
\hline  \& \& 151 \& 165 \& 159 \& 154 \& 159 \& 160 \& 161 \& 157 \& 149 \& 134 \& 121 \& 130 <br>
\hline Petroleum and coal products...- do \& \& 134 \& 135 \& 136 \& 138 \& 132 \& 129 \& 122 \& 118 \& 117 \& 115 \& $\checkmark 117$ \& 121 <br>
\hline Coke-...-.-....-...-...---...- do \& 166 \& - 153 \& 153 \& 153 \& 160 \& 161 \& 161 \& 160 \& 162 \& 164 \& 164 \& $r 163$ \& 165 <br>
\hline Petroleum refining---.-.-.......-do. \& \& 131 \& 132 \& 134 \& 134 \& 128 \& 124 \& 116 \& 111 \& 110 \& 108 \& 110 \& 114 <br>
\hline Printing and publishing--.-.....-do. \& ${ }^{p} 107$ \& 125 \& 131 \& 138 \& 131 \& 125 \& 12 ¢ \& 126 \& 123 \& 115 \& 103 \& 96 \& -102 <br>
\hline Textiles and products..............do \& ${ }^{2} 155$ \& 151 \& 150 \& 156 \& 154 \& 158 \& 156 \& 153 \& 157 \& 156 \& 153 \& 154 \& -153 <br>
\hline Cotton consumption..-.-.-.......do. \& 172 \& 156 \& 161 \& 167 \& 155 \& 169 \& 174 \& 169 \& 177 \& 175 \& 169 \& 166 \& 169 <br>
\hline Rayon deliveries...-.-........-do \& 169 \& 168 \& 172 \& 179 \& 179 \& 180 \& 174 \& 175 \& 170 \& 169 \& 169 \& 168 \& ${ }^{\sim} 168$ <br>
\hline Wool textile production..........d. \& \& 169 \& 164 \& 166 \& 178 \& 161 \& 153 \& 148 \& 153 \& 150 \& 151 \& 159 \& 153 <br>
\hline Tobacco products.....-.-............do \& 144 \& 132 \& 133 \& 134 \& 110 \& 126 \& 121 \& 117 \& 119 \& 123 \& 132 \& 131 \& 135 <br>
\hline  \& ${ }^{p} 137$ \& 138 \& 139 \& 135 \& ${ }^{1} 126$ \& 125 \& 125 \& 118 \& 125 \& 130 \& 132 \& 181 \& - 136 <br>
\hline  \& P 128 \& 130 \& 132 \& 131 \& 131 \& 131 \& 130 \& 122 \& 121 \& 121 \& 121 \& 121 \& ${ }^{1} 126$ <br>
\hline  \& $p 129$
$p 150$ \& 127 \& 127 \& 103
145 \& $\begin{array}{r}98 \\ 144 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 104 \& 121 \& 116 \& 122 \& 115 \& 117 \& 122 \& 118 <br>
\hline Bituminous coal $\ddagger$ \& ${ }^{2} 119$ \& 124 \& 127 \& 128 \& 144
129 \& 1429 \& 141 \& 140
115 \& 150
109 \& 147 \& 143 \& 141 \& 140 <br>
\hline  \& ¢ 189 \& 182 \& 181 \& 161 \& 98 \& 01 \& 92 \& 96 \& 153 \& 189 \& 195 \& r 194 \& -195 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

$r$ Revised.
Preliminary.
The total includes data for distributive and service industries and government which have been discontinued as separate series to avoid disclosure of military pay rolls. half of 1941 for machinery and anthracite are available on request. products, minerals, and fuels, beginning February 1939 for bituminous coal, and in figures for the first :
half of 1941 for machinery and anthracite, are available on request.
$\dagger$ Revised series. Earlier data for the revised indexes on a $1935-39$ base for cash income from farm marketings will be published in a subsequent issue.

| Monthly statistics through December 1941, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1942 | 1941 |  |  |  | 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | September | Sep- tember tember | October | November | Decem. ber | $\underset{\text { ary }}{\text { Janu- }}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August |

## BUSINESS INDEXES-Continued


${ }^{r}$ Revised.
${ }^{p}$ Preliminary
$\ddagger$ See note marked " " $\ddagger$ " on p. S-1.
Annual indexes: 1923 new index of steel production has been substituted for the combined index for iron and steel which is no longer available. Earlier data are as follows Annual indexes: 1923, 98; 1924, 83; 1925, 101; 1926, 107; 1927, 100; 1928, 115; 1929, 127; 1930, 91; 1931, 59; 1932, 31; 1933, 54; 1934, 61; 1935, 81; 1936, 114; 1937, 121; 1938, 68; 1939, 115; Dec., 181; 1940, adiusted-Jan., 151; Feb., 125; Mar., 108; Apr., 107; May, 130 ; June, 155; July, 162; Aug., 166; Sept., 175; Oct., 178; Nov., 177; Dec., 181; 1941, unadjusted and adjusted (seasonal factors fixed at 100 beginning December 1940)-Jan., 186; Feb., 187; Mar., 193; Apr., 193; May, 196; June, 196; July, 197 ; Aug., 198.

| Monthly statistics through December 1941, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1942 | 1941 |  |  |  | 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | September | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sep- } \\ \text { tember } \end{gathered}$ | October | November | Decem- ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August |

## COMMODITY PRICES

| Cost of Living |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| National Industrial Conference Board: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Combined index....-.-......-...-1923=100.. | 98.6 | 90.8 | 92.0 | 92.9 | 93.2 | 94.5 | 95.1 | 96.1 | 97.1 | 97.3 | 97.3 | 97.8 | 98.1 |
|  | 88.4 | 76.9 | 78.3 | 79.6 | 80.1 | 82.4 | 84.5 | 85.8 | 88.4 | 88.6 | 88.1 | 88.0 | 88.2 |
| Food - | 102.8 | 89.4 | 90.7 | 92.2 | 92.6 | 95.2 | 95.7 | 97.5 | 98.8 | 99.1 | 99.5 | 100.3 | 101.1 |
| Fuel and light....-...................-dido | 90.5 | 89.4 | 90.0 | 90.2 | 90.3 | 80.3 | 90.4 | 90.4 | 90.1 | 90.5 | 90.4 | 90.4 | 90.4 |
|  | 90.8 | 88.9 | 89.2 | 89.5 | 88.9 | 90.1 | 90.4 | 90.7 | 91.0 | 91.1 | 91.0 | 90.8 | 90.8 |
|  | 104.7 | 99.8 | 101.5 | 101.9 | 102.2 | 102.5 | 102.9 | 103.5 | 104.1 | 104.2 | 104.1 | 105.0 | 105.0 |
| U. Combined index | 117.8 | 108.1 | 109.3 | 110.2 | 110.5 | 112.0 | 112.9 | 114.3 | 115.1 | 116.0 | 116.4 | 117.0 | -117.5 |
|  | 125.8 | 110.8 | 112.6 | 113.8 | 114.8 | 116.1 | 119.0 | 123.6 | 126.5 | 126.2 | 125.3 | 125.3 | r 125.2 |
|  | 126.6 | 110.7 | 111.6 | 113.1 | 113.1 | 116.2 | 116.8 | 118.6 | 119.6 | 121.6 | 123.2 | 124.6 | 126.1 |
| Fuel, electricity, and ice....-.............do | 106.2 | 103.7 | 104.0 | 104.0 | 104. 1 | 104.3 | 104. 4 | 104.5 | 104.3 | 104.9 | 105.0 | 106.3 | 106.2 |
| Housefurnishings. ......................-do | 123.6 | 112.0 | 114.4 | 115.6 | 116.8 | 117.2 | 119.7 | 121.2 | 121.9 | 122.2 | 122.3 | r 122.8 | -123.0 |
| Rent | 118.0 | 106.8 | 107.5 | 107.8 | 108.2 | 108.4 | 108.6 | 1108.9 | 1109.2 | 109.9 | 108.5 | ¢ 108.0 | -108.0 |
| Miscellaneous..........-.......------ ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 111.4 | 105.0 | 106.9 | 107.4 | 107.7 | 108.5 | 109.4 | 110.1 | 110.6 | 110.9 | 110.9 | r 111.1 | 111.1 |
| PRICES RECEIVED BY FARMERS§ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| O. S. Department of Agriculture: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Combined index....-.-........-1809-14=100.- | 163 | 139 | 139 | 135 | 143 | 149 | 145 | 146 | 150 | 152 | 151 | 154 | 163 |
|  | 166 | 141 | 146 | 157 | 153 | 147 | 135 | 130 | 131 | 134 | 137 | 145 | 156 |
| Dairy products | 156 156 | 150 140 | 144 <br> 145 | 136 <br> 148 | 148 | 143 <br> 148 | 150 | 151 | 158 | 159 | 1153 <br> 141 <br> 1 | 155 | 151 |
|  | 129 | 89 | 107 | 98 | 98 | 102 | 98 | 111 | 118 | 131 | 148 | 131 | 126 |
|  | 119 | 106 | 101 | 103 | 112 | 119 | 121 | 122 | 120 | 120 | 116 | 115 | 115 |
| Meat animals | 195 | 163 | 154 | 149 | 157 | 164 | 173 | 180 | 190 | 189 | 191 | 193 | 200 |
|  | 191 | 161 | 161 | 158 | 162 | 204 | 161 | 136 | 158 | 152 | 169 | 200 | 256 |
|  | 172 | 131 | 144 | 128 | 154 | 169 | 133 | 132 | 136 | 138 | 134 | 139 | 173 |
| RETAIL PRICES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U. S. Department of Labor indezes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 88.8 | 88.3 | 88.7 | 88.4 | 88.5 | 88.8 | 88.9 | 88.9 | 87.5 | 88.9 | 88.8 | 88.8 | 88.8 |
| Food (see under cost of living above). | 97.0 | 94.8 | 95.8 | 96.3 | 96.5 | 96.7 | 96.7 | 96.7 | 95.9 | 96.1 | 96.6 | 96.8 | 96.9 |
| Fairchild's index: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Combined index---------Dec. 31, 1930=100 | 113.1 | 105.2 | 106.2 | 107.5 | 108.3 | 110.2 | 111.9 | 112.5 | 113.4 | 113.2 | 113.1 | 113.1 | 113.1 |
|  | 108.0 | 101.2 | 102.1 | 103.2 | 103.7 | 104.8 | 106.7 | 107.5 | 108.6 | 108.3 | 108.0 | 108.0 | 108.0 |
| Men's.- | 105.2 | 95.5 | 96.5 | 97.5 | 98.1 | 101.1 | 102.7 | 104. 2 | 105. 6 | 105.2 | 105.1 | 105.1 | 105.2 |
| Women's | 112.7 | 104.1 | 105.7 | 106.9 | 107.7 | 109.1 | 111.2 | 11.1 | 113. 2 | 113.0 | 112.9 | 112.8 | 112.7 |
|  | 115.5 | 106.9 | 108.5 | 109.5 | 110.2 | 11.7 | 114.3 | 115.1 | 115.8 | 115.7 | 115.6 | 115.6 | 115.5 |
|  | 112.2 | 98.9 | 101.6 | 103.7 | 105.0 | 107.1 | 110.8 | 111.8 | 112.6 | 112.2 | 112.2 | 112.3 | 112.3 |
| Wholesale Prices |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| J. S. Department of Labor indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Combined index (889 quotations)... $1826=100$. Economic classes: | p 99.6 | 91.8 | 92.4 | 92.5 | 93.6 | 96.0 | 96.7 | 87.6 | 98.7 | 98.8 | 98.6 | 98.7 | - 99.2 |
| Manufactured products......---.-. do...-- | ${ }^{p} 99.2$ | 92.8 | 93.9 | 93.8 | 94.6 | 96.4 | 97.0 | 97.8 | 98.7 | 99,0 | 98.6 | 98.6 | 98.9. |
| Raw materials.-.-.--7.-.........do | 102.2 | 90.0 | 89.7 | 90.2 | 92.3 | 96.1 | 97.0 | 98.2 | 100.0 | 99.7 | 99.8 | 100.1 | 101.2 |
| Semimanufactured articles..........do. | 92.9 | 90.3 | 89.9 | 89.7 | 90.1 | 91.7 | 92.0 | 92.3 | 92.8 | 92.9 | 92.8 | 92.8 | 92.7 |
| Farm products.-.---..-- | 107.8 | 81.0 | 90.0 | 90.6 | 94.7 | 100.8 | 101.3 | 102.8 | 104.5 | 104.4 | 104.4 | 105.3 | 106.1 |
| Grains $\qquad$ | 93.6 | 85.3 | 81.4 | 84.3 | 91.0 | 95.9 | 95.3 | 93.8 | 91.5 | 92.2 | 88.8 | 89.1 | 89.8 |
| Livestock and poultry $\qquad$ do...Commodities other than farm products | 122.1 | 101.1 | 94.5 | 90.6 | 97.4 | 105.7 | 109.3 | 113.8 | 118.3 | 117.6 | 116.9 | 117.8 | 122.6 |
| roaucts | $p 97.7$ | 91.9 | 92.8 | 92.7 | 93.3 | 94.8 | 95.5 | 96.2 | 97.2 | 97.4 | 97.1 | 97.0 | p97:5 |
| Foods--7.--.........................do. | 102.4 | 89.5 | 88.9 | 89.3 | 90.5 | 93.7 | 94.6 | 96.1 | 98.7 | 98.9 | 99.3 | 99.2 | 100:8 |
| Cereal products .-............-...-...-do | 89.1 | 85.8 | 86.4 | 85.9 | 89.3 | 91.1 | 91.1 | 90.6 | 90.2 | 89.0 | 87.2 | 87.2 | 87.8 |
|  | 105.5 | 93.3 | 95.2 | 96.3 | 95.5 | 96.0 | 95.0 | 94.3 | 94.1 | 93.5 | 92.0 | 96.0 | 100.2 |
| Fruits and vegetables $\qquad$ do | 17.5 | 70.7 | 75.8 | 77.9 | 73.8 | 78.3 | 85.2 | 87.7 | 97.7 | 96.7 | 105.4 | 98.5 | 98.0 |
| Meats Comodities other than farm products | 116.0 | 99.4 | 93.6 | 90.8 | 95.3 | 101.6 | 104.0 | 109.2 | 112.8 | 114.8 | 113.9 | 113.4 | 115.2 |
| foods........................-1926=100.. | p95.5 | 91.6 | 93.4 | 03.5 | 93.7 | 94.6 | 94.9 | 95.2 |  | 95.7 |  |  |  |
| Building materials...................-do...- | 110.4 | 106.4 | 107.3 | 107.5 | 107.8 | 109.3 | 110.1 | 110.5 | 110.2 | 110.1 | ${ }^{110.6}$ | 110.3 | $p 95.6$ 110.3 |
| Brick and tile...-................-dio | 98.7 | 95.7 | 96.6 | 96.6 | 96.7 | 96.9 | 97.0 | 97.1 | 98.0 | 98.0 | 98.1 | 98.2 | 98.7 |
| Cement----------------...-- - do | 94.2 | 92.2 | 92.7. | 93. 1 | 93.4 | 93.4 | 93.4 | 93.6 | 94.1 | 94.2 | 94.2 | 94.9 | 94.2 |
|  | 133.2 | 129.1 | 129.5 | 128.7 | 129.4 | 131.6 | 132.7 | 133.1 | 131.8 | 131.5 | 131.7 | 132.9 | 133.0 |
| Paint and paint materials.-.-.--do | 100.4 | 94.7 | 96.0 | 95.3 | 96.5 | 99.1 | 99.9 | 100.8 | 100.6 | 100.6 | 100.3 | 100.7 | 100.1 |
| Chemicals and allied products. .-.do Chemicals. | 96.2 | 87.4 88.2 | 89.7 88 88 | 89.8 | 91.3 | 96.0 | 97.0 | 97.1 | 97.1 | 97.3 | 97.2 | 96.7 | 96.2 |
| Drugs and pharmaceuticals..........do | 96.3 128.9 | 88.2 104.4 | 88.4 | 88.3 123.2 | 88.6 123.0 | 95.3 126.3 | 96.3 126.5 | 96.4 126.5 | 96.4 | ${ }_{129.5}^{96.5}$ | ${ }^{96.5}$ | 96.5 | 96.3 |
| Fertilizer materials................-do. | 78.2 | 76.6 | 77.3 | 77.3 | 77.8 | ${ }_{78.6}$ | 778 | 126.5 79.5 | ${ }_{79.2}$ | 129.1 | $\stackrel{129.1}{ }{ }^{129} 4$ | 129.1 78.5 | 129.0 78.3 |
| Oils and fats ...-..-------...... do | 101.5 | 91.3 | 93.4 | 92.9 | 101.9 | 106. 4 | 108.2 | 108.8 | 108.8 | 108.6 | 108.5 | 104.2 | 101.6 |
| Fuel and lighting materials .........-do | 79.0 | 79.2 | 79.6 | 78.8 | 78.4 | 78.2 | 78.0 | 77.7 | 77.7 | 78.0 | 78.4 | 79.0 | 79.0 |
|  |  | 66.7 | ${ }^{66.2}$ | 68.2 | 67.4 | 67.6 | 67.6 | 65.3 | 64.4 | 63.8 | 63.3 |  |  |
| Grs |  | 81.7 | 78.9 | 77.5 | 77.4 | 76.4 | 77.0 | 77.1 | 78.1 | 79.9 | 81.2 | 81.4 | 80.4 |
| Hides and leather products |  | $\begin{array}{r}61.7 \\ 111 . \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }^{61.7}$ | ${ }^{60.4}$ | 59.8 | $\begin{array}{r}59.5 \\ \hline 114\end{array}$ | 58.9 | 58.3 | 58.4 | 59.1 | 59.8 | 60.6 | 60.7 |
| Hides and leather products.-.......- ${ }^{\text {Hides }}$ and | 118.1 | 112.1 | 112.6 113.1 | 114.1 114.0 | 114.8 115.9 | 114.9 115.3 | 115.3 115.5 | 116.7 116.6 | 119.2 123.5 | 118.8 <br> 121.4 | 118.2 | 118.2 | 118.2 |
|  | 101.3 | 100.0 | 100.9 | 1101.1 | 115.9 | 115.3 <br> 101.4 | 115.5 101.4 | 116.6 101.5 | 123.5 <br> 101.3 <br> 1 | 121.4 101.3 | 118.5 101.3 | 118.5 101.3 | 118.8 |
| Shoes ...----------1.---...---- do | 126.4 | 17.1 | 118.8 | 120.5 | 120.7 | 121.1 | 121.8 | 124.3 | 126.7 | 126.6 | 126.4 | 126.4 | 126.4 |
| House-furnishing goods-----..----- do | 102.5 | 97.2 | 99.5 | 100.6 | 101.1 | 102.4 | 102.5 | 102.6 | 102.8 | 102.9 | 102.9 | 102:8 | 102.7 |
| Furnishings...---------------- do | 107.4 | 102.1 | 104. 4 | 105.2 | 105.6 | 107.2 | 107.4 | 107.7 | 108.0 | 108.1 | 108.1 | 108.0 | 107.9 |
|  | 97.4 -163.8 | 92.2 98.6 | 94.4 103.1 | 95.8 103.3 | $\begin{array}{r}96.6 \\ 103.3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 97.4 103.5 | 97.4 1036 | 97.4 | 97.5 | 97.5 | 97.4 | 97.5 | 97.4 |
| Iron and steel.-.-.-.......-.......- do | - ${ }^{97.2}$ | 98.9 | ${ }^{103.1}$ | 103.3 97.1 | 103.3 97.0 | 103.5 97.0 | 103.6 ${ }^{97} \mathbf{0}$ | 103.8 97.1 | ${ }^{103.8} 9$ | 103.9 97.2 | 103.9 97.2 | 103.8 97.2 | -103.8 |
| Metals, nonferrous.................do | 86.0 | 84.4 | 84.6 | 84.8 | 84.8 | 85.4 | 85.6 | 85.6 | 85.6 | 85.6 | .85.6 | 85.6 | 85.6 |
| Plumbing and heating equipmentdo..-- | 94.1 | 87.1 | 87.8 | 87.9 | 89.1 | 93.6 | 97.9 | 98.2 | 98.5 | 98.5 | 98.5 | 94.1 | 94.1 |
|  | 97.1 | 89.7 | 90.9 | 91.1 | 91.8 | 93.6 | 95.2 | 96.6 | 97.7 | 98.0 | 97.6 | 97.1 | 97.3 |
| Clothing --.-......................-do...- | 107.0 | 96.1 | 97.8 | 97.9 | 98.4 | 101.1 | 105.3 | 106. 6 | 107.8 | 109.6 | 109.1 | 107.2 | 107.2 |
| Cotton goods...-..........-.-...- do...- | 112.7 | 104.2 | 105.2 | 105.4 | 107.5 | 110.5 | 111.4 | 112.6 | 113.8 | 112.9 | 112.7 | 112.7 | 112.9 |
| Hosiery and underwear -........... do | 69.7 30.3 | 64.4 29.8 | 66.6 30.3 | ${ }^{67.0}$ | 67.0 | 69.0 | 69.6 30.3 | 69.8 | 70.6 | 71.9 | 70.0 | 69.7 | 69.7 |
| Woolen and worsted goods......-. ${ }^{\text {do....-. }}$ | 111.7 | 101.4 | 30.3 102.3 | 30.3 -102.6 | 102.7 | 30.3 103.0 | 30.3 104.3 | 30.3 108.7 | 30.3 111.0 | 30.3 111.0 | 30.3 111.0 | 30.3 111.0 | 30.3 111.7 |

$r$ Revised.
P Preliminar
miscellaneous, $185{ }^{2}$

| Monthly statistics through December 1941, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1942 | 1941 |  |  |  | 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sep- } \\ \text { tember } \end{gathered}$ | September | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Octo- } \\ & \text { ber- } \end{aligned}$ | Novem. ber | Decem- ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary- } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August |

## COMMODITY PRICES-Cóntinued

| WHOLESALE PRICES-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| U. S. Department of Labor indexes-Con. Commodities other than farm products and foods-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Miscellaneous --.-...-.-........- do...- | 88.8 | 85.1 | 86.4 | 87.3 | 87.6 | 89.3 | 89.3 | 89.7 | 90.3 | 90.5 | 90.2 | 89.8 | 88.9 |
| Aaper and pulp....................do...... | 98.8 | 101.7 | 101.9 | 102.2 | 102.5 | 102.8 | 102.9 | 102.9 | 102.9 | 102.8 | 101.6 | 100.5 | 73.0 98.9 |
| Wholesale prices, actual. (See under respective commodities.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| PURCHASING POWER OF THE DOLLAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| As measured by- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wholesale prices_-.-......-.-.-.-1935-39=100.- | 80.8 | 87.6 | 87.0 | 87.0 | 85.9 | 83.8 | 83.2 | 82.4 | 81.5 | 81.4 | 81.6 | 81.5 | 81.1 |
|  | 84.8 | 92.5 | 91.5 | 90.7 | 90.5 | 89.3 | 88.6 | 87.5 | 86.9 | 86.2 | 85.9 | 85.5 | 85.1 |
| Retail food prices...--.....................-do. | 78.9 | 90.2 | 89.5 | 88.3 | 88.3 | 86.0 | 85.5 | 84.2 | 83.5 | 82.1 | 81.1 | 80.2 | 79.2 |
| Prices received by farmers---....-.-...-do....- | 64.4 | 75.6 | 75.6 | 77.9 | 73.5 | 70.5 | 72.5 | 72.0 | 70.1 | 69.1 | 69.6 | 68.2 | 64.4 |

CONSTRUCTION AND REAL ESTATE

| CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY* <br> (Quarterly estimates) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New construction, total | 4, 173 | 3,162 |  |  | 3,132 |  |  | 2, 635 |  |  | 3,359 |  |  |
|  | 723 | 1, 569 |  |  | 1, 353 |  |  | 867 |  |  | 841 |  |  |
| Residential (nonfarm) --------.-.--- do. | 300 | 902 |  |  | 731 |  |  | 468 |  |  | 473 |  |  |
| Nonresidential building, except farm and publie utility, total...-........mil. of dol_ | 117 | 327 |  |  | 334 |  |  | 190 |  |  | 121 |  |  |
| Industrial | 85 | 146 |  |  | 188 |  |  | 95 |  |  | 63 |  |  |
|  | 32 | 181 |  |  | 146 |  |  | 95 |  |  | 58 |  |  |
| Farm construction, total........-.-- - do | 97 | 135 |  |  | 45 |  |  | 27 |  |  | 81 |  |  |
|  | 52 | 79 |  |  | 26 |  |  | 15 |  |  | 45 |  |  |
|  | 45 | 56 |  |  | 19 |  |  | 12 |  |  | 36 |  |  |
| Public utility_---.---.-.-.-........... do | 219 | 205 |  |  | 243 |  |  | 182 |  |  | 166 |  |  |
| Public construction, to | 3,450 | 1,593 |  |  | 1,779 |  |  | 1, 768 |  |  | 2, 518 |  |  |
|  | 175 | 158 |  |  | 128 |  |  | 105 |  |  | 130 |  |  |
| Military and naval -....-..............do. | 1,836 | 491 |  |  | 670 |  |  | 575 |  |  | 1,193 |  |  |
| Nonresidential building, total...-.-. - do. | 1,162 | 492 |  |  | 542 |  |  | 732 |  |  | 880 |  |  |
|  | 1,127 | 423 |  |  | 476 |  |  | 676 |  |  | 831 |  |  |
|  | 35 | 69 |  |  | 66 |  |  | 56 |  |  | 49 |  |  |
|  | 163 | 281 |  |  | 257 |  |  | 203 |  |  | 184 |  |  |
| Sewage disposal and water supply ....do...- | 29 | ${ }_{107}^{29}$ |  |  | +27 |  |  | 103 |  |  | 30 |  |  |
| All other Federal $\qquad$ $\qquad$ <br> Miscellaneous public-service enterprises mil of doI | 72 13 | 107 35 |  |  | 125 30 |  |  | 103 22 |  |  | 85 16 |  |  |
| CONTRACT AWARDS, PERMITS, AND DWELLING UNITS PROVIDED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Value of contracts awarded (F. R. indexes): <br> Total, unadjusted................. 1923-25=100.. | \% 194 | 162 | 137 | 122 | 98 | 96 | 111 | 125 | 145 | 192 | 228 | 232 | r194 |
| Residential, unadjusted................ do...- | ${ }^{5} 65$ | 105 | 84 | 71 | 59 | 68 | 89 | 99 | 96 | 90 | 83 | 75 | $r 64$ |
|  | ¢ 172 | 161 | 145 | 138 | 123 | 118 | 128 | 125 | 128 | 158 | 193 | 206 | -182 |
|  | $p 65$ | 105 | 87 | 74 | 69 | 82 | 100 | 95 | 82 | 76 | 76 | 74 | ${ }^{*} 65$ |
| Contract awards, 37 States (F. W. Dodge Corporation): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 30, 558 | 41,497 | 40,920 | 29, 150 | 22,941 | 23.862 | 40,000 | 55,843 | 33, 167 | 40,557 | 51,863 | 33, 100 | 30, 055 |
| Total valuation.-.-.-.-.........thous. of dol.- | 723, 216 | 623, 292 | 606, 349 | 458. 620 | 431, 626 | 316,846 | 433,557 | 610,799 | 498, 742 | 673, 517 | 1,190,264 | 943, 796 | 721, 028 |
| Public ownership.-------------.-. do...-- | 660, 953 | 403, 495 | 371, 345 | 297, 865 | 287, 722 | 198, 251 | 310, 249 | 472,817 | 354, 575 | 568, 988 | 1,105,414 | 875, 951 | 633,183 |
| Private ownership | 62, 263 | 219,797 | 235, 004 | 160,755 | 143,904 | 118,595 | 123, 308 | 137,982 | 144, 167 | 104, 529 | 84,850 | 67.845 | 87,845 |
| Nonresidential buildings: <br> Projects $\qquad$ number.- | 10, 405 | 7,822 | 9,907 | 4,978 | 3,619 | 3,245 | 4,600 | 5,982 | 5, 208 | 8,332 | 14,372 | 11, 093 | 10, 952 |
| Fioor area.....-.-.-...........thous. of sq, ft.- | 97, 962 | 46,810 | 54, 417 | 31,023 | 24,908 | 21,113 | 31,576 | 42,456 | 51, 281 | 67,961 | 134, 085 | 113,134 | 90, 774 |
|  | 466, 860 | 218, 288 | 269, 553 | 192,936 | 171,016 | 123, 231 | 169.606 | 231,834 | 234,939 | 297,885 | 568, 385 | 489, 066 | 407,324 |
| Residential buildings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 18, 2956 | 31,791 43,624 | 29, 240 | 22, 30.170. | 18,344 25,591 | 19,888 26,864 | 34,482 41,836 | 47,731 50,770 | 26,683 38,341 | 28,024 | 33,002 50,673 | 18,924 | 17,110 |
|  | 126, 708 | 175, 713 | 171, 772 | 116, 468 | 104, 276 | 102, 758 | 168, 014 | 219, 276 | 162, 097 | 147, 964 | 185, 471 | 127, 382 | 100, 561 |
| Public works: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,111 | 1,419 | 1,266 | 1,086 | 105 ${ }^{715}$ | 567 | 681 | 1,725 | 945 | 3,480 | 2, 739 | 1,960 | 1,384 |
|  | 65, 811 | 131, 123 | 94, 563 | 88, 436 | 105, 989 | 64, 428 | 58,535 | 92, 148 | 58, 477 | 127, 107 | 203, 341 | 129, 611 | 111, 960 |
| Utilities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - Projects. ._number.Valuation $\qquad$ $\qquad$ thous. of dol.- | 486 63,837 | 465 98,168 | 501 70,461 | 453 60.780 | 50,345 | - 26,412 | 227 37,402 | $-67,541$ | 331 43,229 | 721 100,561 | 1,750 233,067 | 1,123 197,737 | 609 101,193 |
| Valuation <br> Indexes of building construction (based on | 63, 837 | 98, 168 | 70,461 | 60,780 | 50,345 | 26, 429 | 37, 402 | 67,541 | 43,229 | 100,561 | 233, 067 | 197, 737 | 01, 193 |
| bldg. permits issued, U. S. Dept. of Labor): $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A umber of new dwelling units provided $1935-39=100 .$ | 95.5 | 233.6 | 195.4 | 165.4 | 114.2 | 119.7 | 214.1 | 182.9 | 209.3 | 164.7 | 102.1 | 90.3 | 100.4 |
| Permit valuation: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total building construction...-....... do | (a) | 212.7 | 154.6 | 128.2 | 132.7 | 120.0 | 183.0 | 148.8 | 128.8 | 116.7 | 85.3 | 77.5 | 63.9 |
| New residential buildings...............do | 90.6 | 226.5 | 191.5 | 154.2 | 116. 1 | 112.8 | 184.2 | 164.8 | 175.7 | 131.1 | 85.3 | 75.4 | 79.4 |
| New nonresidential buildings. ......do | (a) | 235.3 | 124.0 | 117.4 | 161.7 | 132.1 | 216.0 | 145.7 | 93.5 | 111.2 | 81.4 | 75.7 | 46.4 |
| Additions, alterations, and repairs_.do...- | 63.5 | 113.7 | 136.5 | 87.3 | 83.9 | 93.0 | 79.6 | 102.7 | 100.3 | 78.3 | 78.2 | 70.3 | 70.8 |
| Estimated number of new dwelling units in nonfarm areas (U. S. Dept. of Labor): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total nonfarm (quarterly)*.......number- | 87,900 | 211, 400 |  |  | 135,600 |  |  | 138,300 |  |  | 167, 500 |  |  |
|  | 16, 265 | 40,389 | 33,646 | 27, 868 | 19, 338 | - 21, 353 | - 36,292 | -32,316 | r 34,422 | -26,356 | - 22, 505 | 17, 581 | 17,605 |
|  | 11, 384 | 34,395 | 28,354 | 20, 833 | 15, 433 | r 16, 100 | r 23, 302 | r 25,640 | r 25,346 | - 23,432 | 14,096 | 10, 281 | 11,981 |
| 2-family dwellings --.-.-...---.-.-.- do | 1,326 | 2, 888 | 2,310 | 1, 550 | 1,353 | + 1,533 | ${ }^{r} 2,645$ | 2,311 | 2,970 | 1,183 | 1,104 | 1,314 | 1,315 |
| Multifamily dwellings .....-...-...-do. | 3,555 | 3,106 | 2,982 | 5, 485 | 2, 552 | 3,720 | 10,345 | 4,365 | 6,106 | 1,741 | - 7, 305 | 5,986 | 4,309 |
| Engineering construction: <br> Contract awards (E. N. R.) \&_ thous. of dol. | 712, 709 | 514, 251 | 406, 332 | 348, 800 | 269, 689 | 628, 780 | 634,823 | 729,485 | 898, 696 | 1,044,572 | 968, 938 | \|1,201,526 | 813, 077 |
| ${ }^{r}$ Revised. |  |  | 5 | - | , | eliminary |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| § Data for October 1941 and January, April, | and July | 1942 are | or 5 week | ; other m | onths, 4 | weeks. |  |  | - Data | not yet | available |  |  |
| $\dagger$ Data revised beginning January 1940; revis | ons are a | vailable on | n request. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| * New series. For figures for 1939 and 1940 fo | r the esti | mates of | onstructio | on activit | aill a | escription | of the da | , see pp | 24-26 of t | - May | 942 Surve | and for | anuary- |
| June 1941, p. 8 of the August 1942 issue; comparab | ble earlier | data are | being con | mpiled and | will be | published | when ava | lable. | Data for 19 | 40 and the | first qua | rter of 194 | 1 for the |
| quarterly estimates of total new nonfarm dwelling | units com | mpiled by | the Depa | artment of | Labor ar | e as follow | S: 1940-J | n.-Mar | , 108,600; | Apr.-June | , 164,300; | July-Sept. | 171,600; |
| Oct.-Dec., 158,100; 1941 -Jan.-Mar., 145,100; Apr.- | June, 223 | 100. Ear | lier annua | al totals ar | e availab | le on requ | est. This | series (b | ased on bu | uilding pe | rmits for | other than | Federal |
| projects and contract awards for Federal constru are compiled only quarterly. | ction) inc | udes the | data for | urban dw | lling uni | ts shown | above by | nonths a | nd data for | r rural no | nfarm dw | elling uni | its which |


| Monthly statistics through December 1941, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1942 | 1941 |  |  |  | 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sep- tember | Sep- tember | Octo. ber | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { Janu- }}}{ }$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Febru- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | March | April | May | June | July | August |

## CONSTRUCTION AND REAL ESTATE-Continued

| HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTIION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Concrete pavement contract awards: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total -.-.----------------thous. sq. yd.- | 20,090 | ${ }^{6}$, 072 | ${ }^{6,975}$ | 4,344 | 8,176 | 4,726 <br> 8 <br> 180 | 3.464 | 7,091 | 8,914 | 14, 462 | 15, 266 | 14,947 | 13,947 |
|  | 16,935 | 1,624 2,635 | 2,885 2,460 | - 21570 | 2, 3,197 | 1,139 | 1, 110 | 3,972 1,727 | $\stackrel{5}{5,416}$ | -9,800 | 11,038 | 11,366 | 10, 091 |
|  | 1, 1,618 | - | 2,460 1,630 | 1,239 | $\stackrel{3}{2,1975}$ | 1,098 | 1,903 | 1,392 | 2,061 1,437 | 3, 1,394 | 2,060 2,167 | 1,927 1,655 | 2,653 1,202 |
| Status of highway and grade crossing projects administered by Public Roads Admn.: | 1,037 | 1,814 | 1,030 | 1,238 | 2,015 | 1,098 |  | 1,392 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Highways: <br> Approved for construction: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mileage_--................--no. of miles.. | 1,534 | 2,899 | 2,749 | 2,635 | 2,259 | 1,967 | 1,796 | 1,562 | 1,431 | 1,455 | 1,654 | 1,718 | 1,606 |
| Federal funds.........-.-.--thous. of dol.- | 35, 534 | 38,404 | 38,850 | 39, 259 | 34, 014 | 30,789 | 28,344 | 24, 612 | 24,055 | 27, 968 | 32,808 | 36, 170 | 37,059 |
| Under construction: | 4.262 | 8,615 | 8,176 | 7,809 | 7,417 | 7,044 | 6,802 | 6,778 | 6, 817 | 6,672 | 6,071 | 83 | 54 |
| Federal funds.-..-.-.-.-.-.--thous. of dol | 102, 419 | 136, 512 | 131, 914 | 128,351 | 121, 384 | 117,669 | 119, 233 | 123, 405 | 127, 195 | 127, 511 | 122,402 | 114, 997 | 109, 549 |
| Estimated cost........................do..... | 174, 898 | 268, 926 | 260, 555 | 253, 703 | 239, 336 | 228, 623 | 225, 527 | 226, 543 | 231, 620 | 228, 535 | 217, 290 | 200, 868 | 189,077 |
| Grade crossings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Approved for construction: | 6,797 | 12,423 | 11,851 | 10, 208 | 10,005 | 8,542 | 8, 047 | 7,490 | 7,806 | 8,201 | 7,108 | 6,696 | 665 |
| Estimated cost. | 7,458 | 13, 553 | 13, 122 | 11,588 | 11, 810 | 9,314 | 8,761 | 8,210 | 8,503 | 8,893 | 7,843 | 7,358 | 7,327 |
| Under construction: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 26,417 \\ & 28.231 \\ & \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 42,328, \\ & 43,771 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{42}^{41,520}$ | 40, 464 <br> 41,932 | $\begin{aligned} & 37,742 \\ & 39,323 \end{aligned}$ | 35,928 38,300 | $\begin{aligned} & 34,754 \\ & 37,145 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 34,576 \\ & 36,913 \end{aligned}$ | $34,467$ $36,814$ | $33,658$ | $33,413$ | 31,299 33,279 | ${ }_{31}^{29,412}$ |
| CONSTRUCTION COST, INDEXES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A berthaw (industrial building) |  | 211 |  |  | 215 |  |  | 218 |  |  | 223 |  |  |
| American Appraisal Co.: <br> A verage, 30 cities. $\qquad$ $1913=100$. | 246 | 221 | 223 | 223 | 225 | 229 | 231 | 237 | 238 | 241 | 242 | 244 | 245 |
| Atlanta .-..................................-do. | 249 | 218 | 219 | 219 | 222 | 224 | 225 | 232 | 232 | 233 | 242 | 245 | 248 |
| New York | 251 | 235 | 235 | 235 | 238 | 240 | 241 | 247 | 248 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 |
| San Francisco | 229 | 205 | 209 | 210 | ${ }_{2} 212$ | 215 | 215 | 221 | 221 | 224 | 228 | 229 | 229 |
| St. Louis ..... $\qquad$ do-... $\qquad$ sociated General Contractors (all types) | 242 | 223 | 224 | 224 | 226 | 230 | 230 | 236 | 237 | 238 | 238 | 240 | 241 |
| $1913=100$ | 213.3 | 200.3 | 201.9 | 203.3 | 203.3 | 203.3 | 204.0 | 206.5 | 207.3 | 207.3 | 207.8 | 200.9 | 213.3 |
| E. H. Boeckh and Associates, Inc.: A partments, hotels, and office buildings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brick and concrete: Atlanta U. S. av., $1926-29=100$ | 106.1 | 100.7 | 100.7 | 100.7 | 100.2 | 101.4 |  | 101.9 |  |  | 6 |  |  |
| New York-.........................do | 138.2 | 136.3 | 136.3 | 136.3 | 136.0 | 137.0 | 137.0 | 137.5 | 137.7 | 138.2 | 138.2 | 138.2 | 138.2 |
|  | 130.0 | 122.8 | 122.5 | 123.5 | 123.2 | 124.2 | 124.2 | 125.6 | 125.7 | 126.6 | 126.6 | 130.0 | 130.0 |
| St. Louis------.-.---.........do | 129.6 | 121.5 | 121.5 | 122.6 | 122.5 | 123.8 | 123.8 | 124.4 | 124.4 | 124.8 | 129.6 | 129.6 | 129.6 |
| Commercial and factory bulldings: Brick and concrete: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlanta ............................. do | 106.0 | 102.4 | 102.4 | 102.4 | 102.1 | 102.9 | 102.9 | 103.2 | 105.7 | 106.0 | 106.0 | 106.0 | 106.0 |
| New York-..-...--.-...................do | 139.6 | 137.9 | 137.9 | 137.9 | 137.7 | 138.4 | 138.4 | 138.8 | 139.0 | 139.6 | 139.6 | 139.6 | 139.6 |
| San Francisco-...-.----..............do | 132.3 | 124.7 | 124. 8 | 126.2 | 126.0 | 125.3 | 125.3 | 126.6 | 126.7 | 127.2 | 127.2 | 132.3 | 132.3 |
| St. Louis <br> Brick and steel: $\qquad$ do | 132.6 | 121.7 | 121.7 | 123.4 | 123.4 | 124.4 | 124.5 | 124.9 | 124.9 | 125.3 | 132.6 | 132.6 | 132.6 |
| Atlanta. .-............-.............do | 106.5 | 102.0 | 102.1 | 102.1 | 101.3 | 102.5 | 102.5 | 102.8 | 106.4 | 106.5 | 106.5 | 106.5 | 106.5 |
| New York. | 137.4 | 135. 7 | 135.8 | 135.8 | 135.3 | 136.2 | 136.2 | 136.8 | 137.1 | 137.4 | 137.4 | 137.4 |  |
| San Francis | 133.1 | 122. 7 | 118.4 | 128.8 | 128.3 | 127.1 | 127.1 | 128.5 | 128.6 | 130.4 | 130.4 | 133.1 | 133.1 |
| St. Louis... | 129.4 | 122.8 | 122.8 | 123.2 | 123.1 | 124.1 | 124.3 | 124.7 | 124.8 | 125.3 | 129.4 | 129.4 | 129.4 |
| Residences |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlanta ---......-----...............do | 104.1 | 99.5 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 97.1 | 99.9 | 99.9 | 100.3 | 103.7 | 103.8 | 103.8 | i04. 1 | 104.1 |
| New York | 139.7 | 137.7 | 138.0 | 138.0 | 136.1 | 137.9 | 137.9 | 138.3 | 139.3 | 139.7 | 139.7 | 139.7 | 139.7 |
| San Franci | 125.8 | 120.4 | 119.0 | 119.5 | 117.6 | 120.0 | 120.0 | 121.9 | 122.3 | 124.8 | 124.8 | 125.8 | 125.8. |
| Srame: | 126.9 | 120.3 | 120.3 | 120.8 | 120.4 | 121.4 | 122.1 | 122.5 | 122.8 | 123.5 | 126.9 | 126.9 | 126.9 |
| Atlanta | 103.6 | 98.3 | 88.8 | 98.8 | 95.1 | 98.5 | 98.5 | 98.8 | 103.2 | 103.3 | 103.3 | 103.6 |  |
| New York | 141.4 | 139.3 | 139.7 | 139.7 | 137.2 | 139.4 | 139.4 | 139.8 | 141.1 | 141.4 | 1141.4 | 114.4 | 141.4 |
| San Francisco | 122.0 | 117.6 | 115.8 | 117.4 | 114.9 | 117.7 | 117.7 | 118.9 | 119.5 | 120.2 | 120.2 | 122.0 | 122.0 |
| St. Louis $\qquad$ $\qquad$ do.... | 124.8 | 119.9 | 119.9 | 120.3 | 119.8 | 120.8 | 121.7 | 122.1 | 122.5 | 122.9 | 124.8 | 124.8 | 124.8: |
| $1913=100 .$ | 282.4 | 264.5 | 266.1 | 266.2 | 267.6 | 269.4 | 269.7 | 271.8 | 272.3 | 274.2 | 277.7 | 281.6 | 281. 6 |
| Standard 6-room frame house: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 124.4 121.5 | 116.5 114.4 | 118.5 116.0 | 119.2 116.9 | 119.9 | 120.6 118.6 | 121.2 | 122.0 120.0 | 122.3 120.5 | 122.8 121.0 | 123.5 121.3 | 123.7 | 124.0 |
|  | 130.2 | 120.7 | 123.3 | 123.9 | 124.2 | 124.5 | 125.0 | 126.0 | 125.9 | 126.4 | 127.8 | 128.5 | 129.4 |
| meal mitate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fed. Hous. Admn., home mortgage insurance: Gross mortgages accepted for insurance |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| thous. of dol. <br> emium-paying mortgages (cumulative) | 100, 456 | 104, 937 | 94, 948 | 70,799 | 75,435 | 66, 852 | 104, 566 | 141,443 | 69, 225 | 53, 488 | 98,800 | 109, 350 | 109, 660 |
| m-paying mortgages (cunusus. of dol. | 4,311,126 | 3,335,703 | 3,423,183 | 3,503,681 | 3,596,491 | 3,690,214 | 3,769,496 | 3,849,549 | 3,916,421 | 3,990,152 | 4.071,838 | 4,155,187 | 4,232,030 |
| Estimated total nonfarm mortgages recorded ( $\$ 20,000$ and under) ${ }^{*}$ $\qquad$ thous. of dol. | 345,964 | 424, 929 | 447, 900 | 377.683 | 392, 355 | 321, 396 | 296, 041 | 335, 636 | 359, 968 | 350, 187 | 342, 250 | 353.511 | 336, 850: |
| Estimated new mortgage loans by all savings and loan associations, total...thous. of dol.. | 94, 055 | 129.934 | 127, 938 | 104, 749 | 100, 208 | 79,533 | 76,756 | 87, 367 | 99,047 | 95, 009 | 94,095 | 95,797 | 92, 563. |
| Classified according to purpose: Mortgage loans on homes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 12,449 | 40,782 | 37, 722 | 30, 103 | 30, 290 | 22,791 | 20,799 | 21,775 | 20, 488 | 17,610 | 15,930 | 17,709 | 12,568; |
|  | 58,060 | 58,052 | 59,874 | 48, 816 | 43, 145 | 34, 127 | 33, 769 | 40,930 | 52, 196 | 53,095 | 52, 112 | 52, 190 | 55, 301 |
| Refinanclig.-....-.-..............do... | 14,063 | 15,871 | 16,283 | 13, 340 | 14, 424 | 12,854 | 12, 325 | 13, 225 | 14, 508 | 13,607 | 15, 184 | 16,097 | 14, 019 |
| Repairs and reconditioning-.-.-...-do.... | 3,804 5,679 | ${ }_{6}^{5,884}$ | 5,361 8,698 | ${ }_{8}^{4,267}$ | 4,170 | 3, 190 | ${ }^{3}, 138$ | 3,547 | 4,083 | 3,866 | 3,566 | 3,671 | 4, 126 |
| Loans for all other purposes ......-do...- | 5,679 | 9,345 | 8,608 | 8,223 | 8,179 | 6,571 | 6,725 | 7,890 | 7,772 | 6,831 | 7,303 | 6, 130 | 6, 549 : |
| Federal......................thous. of dol... | 37, 987 | 54, 786 | 52,507 | 41,910 | 41, 182 | 31,142 | 31, 919 | 36,325 | 38,484 | 36,966 | 35, 279 | 37,007 |  |
| State members---..........---........do...- | 42,249 | 54,303 20,845 | 54,930 20 501 | 46,880 | 43,960 | - $\begin{aligned} & 31,312 \\ & 13\end{aligned}$ | 33,939 10 | 38,030 | 43, 937 | 43, 005 | 44, 465 | 43,665 | 41, 549. |
|  | 13,890 | 20,845 | 20,501 | 15, 048 | 15,068 | 13,079 | 10,888 | 13,012 | 16, 626 | 15,038 | 14, 551 | 15, 125 | 14,394 |

*The new series on nonfarm mortgages recorded, compiled by the Federal Home Loan Bank Administration, represents total mortgage iegistrations during the month, based on reports covering approximately 600 counties and similar political subdivisions, which contain almost two-thirds of the total nonfarm population. To relate mortgage able earlier data are as follows (thousands of dollars): 1939-Jan., 231,517; Feb., 213,913; Mar., 281,546; Apr., 280,486; May, 312,576; June, 320,813; July, 300,680; Aug., 321,014;



| Monthly statistios through December 1941, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1942 | 1941 |  |  |  | 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sep- } \\ \text { tember } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sep- } \\ \text { tember } \end{gathered}$ | October | $\underset{\text { ber }}{\substack{\text { Nover }}}$ | December | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu. } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August |

## CONSTRUCTION AND REAL ESTATE-Continued

| REAL ESTATE-Continued | 1,861,062 | 1,775,117 | 1,801,033 | 1,815,666 | 1,824,646 | 1,824,376 | 1,829,218 | 1,832,341 | 1,842,422 | 1,846,790 | 1,849,400 | 1,852,972 | 1,856,269 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Loans outstanding of agencies under the Fed- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Federal Savings and Loan Ass'ns, estimated mortgages outstanding $\ddagger$....-- thous. of dol. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fed. Home Loan Bks., outstanding advances to member institutions thous. of dol. | 144, 752 | 178,101 | 184, 311 | 187,084 | 219, 446 | 206, 008 | 197, 432 | 191, 505 | 185, 298 | 181, 165 | 192, 645 | 173, 593 | 160, 201 |
| Home Owners' Loan Corporation, balance of loans outstanding $\qquad$ thous. of dol | 1,622, | 1,824,672 | 1,800,074 | 1,794,111 | 1,777,110 | 1,758,213 | 1,742,116 | 1,724,229 | 1,709,064 | 1,692,197 | 1,675,888 | 1,657,256 | 1,640,119 |
| Foreclosures, nonfarm: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 25.3 \\ 20,443 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 32.9 \\ 24,668 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 34.2 \\ 30,833 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 31.9 \\ 23,822 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 32.4 \\ 31,261 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 32.1 \\ 35,655 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 30,9 \\ 30,819 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 29.5 \\ \mathbf{3 0 , 5 0 5} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 29.1 \\ 27,960 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 27.2 \\ 23,233 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 28.0 \\ 22,410 \end{array}$ | 27.4 21,000 | 24.1 19,680 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

DOMESTIC TRADE

| ADVERTISING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Advertising indexes, adjusted: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Printers' Ink, combined index $\quad 1928-32=100-$ | 87.6 | 90.7 | 89.1 | 89.5 | 99.4 | 80.5 | 81.0 | 80.4 | 79.1 | 78.0 | 80.9 | 88.0 | 88.2 |
|  | ${ }_{81}^{69.4}$ | 61.8 | 87.7 | 63.2 | 67.4 | 51.5 | 49.3 | 47.5 | 52.6 | 53.8 | 51.7 | 61.9 | ${ }_{64.2}^{63.2}$ |
| Magazines- | 81.5 79.4 | 85.0 81.4 | 86.3 82.1 | 92.0 83.2 | 92.8 91.3 | 72.3 74.5 | 72.7 75.3 | 69.4 74.8 | 67.9 78 | 67.9 78 | 77.6 | 90.3 | 84.2 |
| Newspapers..........--...-...-......do |  |  |  |  | 91.3 |  |  |  | 74.7 | 72.8 | 74.2 | 79.0 | 81.3 |
|  | 86.9 | 110.0 | 85.5 | 70.3 | 112.3 | 80.6 | 83.1 | 94.2 | 77.7 | 78.0 | 69.2 | 75.9 | 72.5 |
| Tide, combined index*-...-.-1935-39 ${ }_{\text {Magazines }}{ }^{*}$ do | 140.0 | 122.4 | 133.7 | 125.3 | 120.5 131.2 | 134.5 | 112.0 120.1 | 1108.5 | 109.2 100.9 | 107.9 | 112.2 | 123.4 | 122.6 |
|  | . 5 | 99.0 | 101.1 | 101.4 | 101.2 | 97.3 | 95.0 | . 9 | 92.8 | 88.2 | 91.2 | 100.5 | 134.9 101.9 |
| Radio advertising: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cost of facilities, total....-.-...thous. of do | 8,878 | 8,117 | 0,679 | 9,723 | 10,412 | 10, 285 | 9,382 | 10, 282 | 9,372 | 9, 199 | 8,989 | 8,500 | 8,186 |
| Automobiles and accessories ..........do | 429 | 252 | 285 | 279 | 283 | 251 | 210 | 176 | 152 | 138 | 265 | 367 | 448 |
|  | 70 | 67 | 59 | 73 | 61 | 87 | 84 | 83 | 115 | 108 | 62 | 55 | 45 |
| Electrical household equipment.....-do | 47 | 43 | 44 | 55 | 44 | 45 | 45 | 56 | 45 | 56 | 45 | 45 | 57 |
| Financial.--................-.-.......d | 49 | 63 | 39 | 51 | 41 | 41 | 41 | 54 | 44 | 52 | 41 | 41 | 53 |
| Foods, food beverages, confections....do | 2,336 | 2,220 | 2,730 | 2, 752 | 2,936 | 3. 102 | 2.845 | 3,112 | 2,785 | 2. 543 | 2,473 | 2, 162 | 2,051 |
| Gasoline and oil.-.---------1.------ ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 346 43 | 377 16 | 486 58 | 556 74 | 666 | ${ }_{66}^{567}$ | 502 59 | 470 67 | 380 52 | 431 52 | $\begin{array}{r}367 \\ 42 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 349 | 342 51 |
| House furnishings, etc..................... do. | 929 | 999 | 1,060 | 991 | 1,157 | 1,118 | 998 | 1,125 | 1, 52 | 1,005 | 1,050 | 142 1,013 | 928 |
| -Smoking materials | 1,347 | 1,252 | 1,321 | 1,250 | 1,351 | 1,356 | 1,215 | 1,298 | 1,293 | 1, 316 | 1,299 | 1, 329 | 1,252 |
| Tollet goods, medica | 2,659 | 2,592 | 3,151 | 3,078 | 3,218 | 3,094 | 2, 846 | 3,122 | 2,843 | 2,856 | 2,792 | 2,571 | 2,337 |
|  | 622 | 234 | 446 | 566 | 597 | 728 | 537 | 551 | 605 | 643 | 553 | 527 | 623 |
| Magazine advertising: <br> Cost, total | 15,393 | 14, 643 | 17,885 | 18,235 | 15,928 | 10, 488 | 13,044 | 15,811 | 14,847 | 15,421 | 13,932 | 11, 108 | 12,415 |
| Automobiles and accessories.......... do | 754 | 837 | 1,756 | 1,753 | 898 | 580 | 473 | 481 | 710 | 772 | 796 | 631 | 765 |
| Clothing | 1,208 | 1,337 | 1,389 | 1,029 | 880 | 383 | 660 | 1,242 | 905 | 968 | 735 | 250 | 724 |
| Electric household equipment.......-do | 232 | 272 | 436 | 430 | 476 | 103 | 227 | 237 | 244 | 161 | 213 | ${ }^{213}$ | 126 |
|  | 425 | 412 | 376 | 482 | 355 | 318 | 357 | 390 | 402 | 403 | 304 | 257 | 280 |
| Foods, fond beverages, confections....do | 2,307 | 2,133 | 2,893 | 3,010 | 2, 555 | 1,937 | 2.648 | 2,941 | 2,466 | 2,352 | 2,043 | 1,738 | 1,785 |
| Gasoline and oil-...------------- do | 422 | 417 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{8}^{542}$ | ${ }_{536}^{392}$ | 306 | 405 |
| House furnishings, ete...-............-do | 275 | 829 | 1,214 | 906 503 | 756 331 | 318 242 | 417 | 798 | 815 593 | 851 640 | 536 | 208 | 266 |
| Soap, cleansers, etc ${ }^{\text {Offee furnlshing and suppiles..........do }}$ | $\begin{array}{r}350 \\ 275 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 359 359 | 291 | 374 | ${ }_{329}^{331}$ | 177 | 237 | ${ }_{243}$ | ${ }_{206}$ | 640 258 | 477 172 | 320 <br> 170 | 378 |
| Smoking materials. .-...............-d | 741 | 699 | 782 | 870 | 705 | 733 | 673 | 790 | 736 | 809 | 732 | 609 | 671 |
| Toilet goods, medical supplies..... .-do | 2,463 | 2,435 | 2,939 | 3.053 | 2,679 | 1,853 | 2,675 | 2,922 | 2,771 | 2,883 | 2,928 | 2,406 | 2,268 |
|  | 5,592 | 4,576 | 4,994 | 5,343 | 5.744 | 3,763 | 3,992 | 4,727 | 4, 615 | 4,782 | 4, 604 | 4,001 | 4,554 |
| Linage, total --i-............thous of lines_- | 2,344 | 2, 514 | 2,534 | 2, 682 | 1,937 | 1,840 | 2, 130 | 2, 331 | 2,168 | 2,064 | 1,769 | 1,700 | 2,072 |
| Linage, total (52 cities).................-do | 104, 506 | 107, 160 | 123,815 | 120, 624 | 125, 484 | 89, 341 | 87,944 | 106,908 | 107,055 | 107, 044 | 97,663 | 89,411 | 94,963 |
| Classified............-................. do | 22,658 | 21,745 | 22, 010 | 21,008 | 20,534 | 19, 064 | 18, 192 | 21, 975 | 21,649 | 22, 326 | 20,608 | 20,085 | 21,931 |
| Display, total..-..............-.-..... do | 81, 847 | 85, 415 | 101, 805 | 99, 615 | 104, 950 | 70, 277 | 69, 752 | 84, 932 | 85, 406 | 84, 718 | 77,055 | 69,326 | 73, 032 |
|  | 2,481 | 2,980 | 5,607 | 4,841 | 3,291 | 1,320 | 1,560 | 1,938 | 2,416 | 2,334 | 2,541 | 2,316 | ${ }^{2}, 146$ |
| Financial | 15, ${ }^{1,099}$ | 15,343 | 19,551 | 1,515 20002 | 17,702 | - ${ }_{13,204}$ | 14, ${ }^{1,639}$ |  | 17,704 | 1,248 | 1,370 | 1,616 | 13,022 |
| Retail.-.-.-...............................- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ do | 62,695 | 65, 558 | 74, 654 | 73,258 | 82,910 | 63,677 | 52, 191 | 64, 878 | 63,464 | 64,608 | - | $\stackrel{131,407}{18}$ | - ${ }_{56,669}$ |
| GOODS IN WAREHOUSES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Space occupied in public-merchandise warehouses $\qquad$ |  | 79.5 | 80.6 | 81.7 | 82.8 | 83.4 | 83.9 | 85.0 | 85.2 | 84.5 | 85.4 | 84.1 | 83.6 |
| POSTAL BUSINESS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Air mail: Pound-mile performance....millions.- |  | 2,217 | 2,366 | 2,231 | 2,675 | 2, 594 | 2,553 | 3,019 | 2,996 | 3,156 |  |  |  |
| Money orders: ${ }_{\text {Domestie, issued ( } 50 \text { cities): }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 5, 852 | 4,932 | 5, 207 | 4,931 | 5,826 | 5,743 | 5,317 | 6,997 | 5,673 | 5,411 | 6,312 | 5,573 |  |
| Value -...-.........................thous. of dol.- | 78,701 | 50,413 | 53, 186 | 50, 334 | 57,537 | 58, 379 | 59,823 | 87, 793 | 59,746 | 59,542 | 73,783 | 65, 221 | 68,098 |
| Number.......................-thousands.- | 16, 308 | 14,795 | 17,084 | 15,464 | 17,557 | 15,707 | 14, 525 | 19,134 | 17,093 | 15,256 |  |  | 14, 582 |
| Value........-...-............thous. of dol.- | 174, 772 | 128, 836 | 149, 199 | 134, 758 | 149, 204 | 135,685 | 138, 264 | 210, 702 | 164, 302 | 137, 629 | 162, 616 | 152,047 | 142, 851 |
| CONSUMER EXPENDITURES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Expenditures for goods and services:* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 6,316 | 6,459 | 6,388 | 7,487 | 6,340 | 5,862 | 6,449 | 6,557 | 6,536 | 6,519 | 6,479 | 6,729 |
|  | 4,672 | 4,216 | 4,309 | 4, 233 | 5,274 | 4,097 | 3,648 | 4,203 | 4,281 | 4,253 | 4,230 | 4,188 | 4,440 |
| Services |  | 2,100 | 2,150 | 2,155 | 2,213 | 2,244 | 2,214 | 2,246 | 2,276 | 2,282 | 2,289 | 2,291 | 2,289 |
|  |  | 134.8 | 132.7 | 138.4 | 155.6 | 131.2 | 130.5 | 134.9 | 138.3 | 138.2 | 137.4 | 130.8 | 136.1 |
| Goods | 158.4 | 143.1 | 138.6 | 146.9 | 172.8 | 133.2 | 131.4 | 138.9 | 142.8 | 143.0 | 141.2 | 136.8 | 145.9 |
| Services- |  | 120.5 | 122.6 | 123.7 | 126.2 | 127.9 | 128.9 | 128.0 | 130.7 | 130.1 | 131.3 | 130.6 | 130.6 |
| Adjusted, |  | 131.4 | 129.4 | 135.8 | 133.8 | 145.1 | 138.9 | 139.1 | 138.6 | 139.0 | 138.2 | F 142.3 | 146.8 |
| Goods. | 152.4 | 137.7 | 133.4 | 142.6 | 138.3 | 151.1 | 145.9 | 145.3 | 143.7 | 143.5 | -142.1 | F148.6 | - 155.4 |
| Servic |  | 120.6 | 122.5 | 124.1 | 126.1 | 126.6 | 127.0 | 128.4 | 129.9 | 131.2 | 131.8 | 131.5 | 132.0 |

- Revised.
* Minor revisions have been made in the data beginning January 1939; data are available on request.
* New series. ' The new indexes of advertising are compiled by J. K. Lasser \& Co. for "Tide" magazine; the combined index includes radio (network only prior to July" in addition to magazine and newspaper advertising shown above; data beginning 1935 will be published in a subsequent issue. For data beginning 1929 for the series on consumer expenditures and a description of the data, see pp. 8-14 of the October 1942 Survey.

Monthly statistics through December 1941, to-
gether with explanacory notea and referencea
to the sources the data, may be found in the
1942 Supplement to the Survey 1942 Supplement to the Survey

$|$| 1942 |
| :---: |
| Sep- <br> tember |


| 1941 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Sep. | Octo. | No |

DOMESTIC TRADE-Continued

| RETALL TRADE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All retail stores, total salest.........mil. of dol.- | 4,879 | 4, 583 | 4,711 | 4, 569 | 5,585 | 4,354 | 3,842 | 4,473 | 4,584 | 4,557 | 4,506 | - 4,448 | ${ }^{r} 4,678$ |
| Durable goods stores ....-................ do. | 850 | 1,062 | 1,128 | 1,067 | 1,237 | 4,792 | 693 | , 803 | 859 | 858 | . 842 | , 818 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 856$ |
| Nondurable goods stores $\dagger$.-.----.-.-.-.-. do | 4,029 | 3,521 | 3,582 | 3,503 | 4,348 | 3, 562 | 3,149 | 3,670 | 3,725 | 3,699 | - 3,664 | - 3,631 | 5 3,822 |
| By kinds of business: | 454 | 393 | 387 | 388 | 557 | 376 376 | 290 | 440 | 406 | 363 | 352 | 302 | r 365 |
|  | 261 | 445 | 528 | 518 | 522 | 320 | 239 | 246 | 239 | 249 | 264 | 275 | r 280 +380 |
| Building materials and hardware.....do | 344 | 360 | 366 | 312 | 331 | 266 | 249 | 316 | 373 | 370 | 354 | 337 | +336 |
|  | 194 | 158 | 156 | 159 | 211 | 163 | 152 | 167 | 170 | 182 | 181 | 190 | r 195 |
| Eating and drinkingt .-...............- do | 561 | 437 | 423 | 396 | 428 | 399 | 381 | 431 | 438 | 459 | 466 | 505 | 556 |
|  | 1,275 | 1, 052 | 1,125 | 1,090 | 1,218 | 1,216 | 1,090 | 1,172 | 1,220 | 1,237 | 1,248 | - 1,285 | r 1, 274 |
|  | 294 | 322 | - 318 | - 289 | , 290 | ${ }^{1} 268$ | 240 | 270 | 273 | - 288 | r 286 | r 318 | r 301 |
|  | 765 | 706 | 724 | 735 | 1, 106 | 613 | 541 | 680 | 700 | 659 | 648 | 584 | 662 |
|  | 191 | 202 | 200 | 194 | 261 | 170 | 171 | 203 | 206 | 192 | 174 | 162 | 187 |
| Other retail storest | 541 | 507 | 484 | 489 | 662 | 563 | 489 | 548 | 558 | 557 | ${ }^{+} 532$ | 493 | ${ }^{r} 523$ |
| All retail stores, indexes of sales: Unadjusted, combined index $\dagger . .1985-38=100 \ldots$ | 153.8 | 144.5 | 140.6 | 147.2 | 169.8 | 131.4 | 128.5 | 137.2 | 141.7 | 142.4 | 139.5 | r 134.9 | 142.7 |
| Durable goods stores..--.-.-.-.-......do. ${ }^{\text {do..- }}$ | 109.9 | 137.2 | 137.7 | 139.6 | 153.9 | 187.9 | 94.2 | 100.0 | 108.0 | 109.9 | 106.0 | 101.8 | 105.8 |
| Nondurable goods storest ............... do | 167.8 | 146.9 | 141.6 | 149.7 | 174.9 | 142.3 | 139.6 | 149.3 | 152.7 | 153.0 | 150.4 | +150.4 | 154.7 |
| Adjusted, combined index $\dagger$...............do | 147.5 | 139.8 | 133.9 | 142.0 | 138.3 | 149.7 | 144.3 | 142.8 | 141.2 | 141.5 | 140.5 | + 146.8 | -151.4 |
| Durable goods stores...-.....-.......-. - do | 104.7 | 137.8 | 128.4 | 134.1 | 135.4 | 119.6 | 113.5 | 111.5 | 107.3 | 100.8 | 100.1 | 104.6 | -106.5 |
| Nondurable goods stores $\dagger$.-.-........-. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 161.4 | 140.5 | 135.7 | 144.6 | 139.3 | 159.5 | 154.3 | 152.9 | 152.2 | 154.7 | 153.6 | r 160.5 | ${ }^{+166.0}$ |
| By kinds of business, adjusted: | 162.7 | 140.8 | 123.3 | 145.9 | 132.1 | 176.9 | 157.9 | 171.4 | 152.5 | 146.8 | 142.3 | 163.1 | r 180.7 |
|  | 61.5 | 116.3 | 112.4 | 116.4 | 110.2 | 176.9 73.2 | 60.4 | 176.3 | 156.5 | 146.8 | 142.3 62.3 | 162.6 | + r 64.0 |
| Building materials and hardware....do. | 153.8 | 161.0 | 155.3 | 156.6 | 164.0 | 178.1 | 179.8 | 174.7 | 175. 4 | 162.0 | 153.4 | 157.0 | - 156.9 |
|  | 164.1 | 134.0 | 131.0 | 139.2 | 135.8 | 141.7 | 138.7 | 141.7 | 146.5 | 151.7 | 155. 6 | 162.2 | +168.7 |
| Eating and drinking $\dagger$-.....-.-. | 213.4 | 165.9 | 162.2 | 165.2 | 164.0 | 175.8 | 183.7 | 175.0 | 175, 6 | 175.9 | 180.2 | 192.2 | - 201.4 |
|  | 160.4 | 132.3 | 136.2 | 143.4 | 140.8 | 155.3 | 150.4 | 150.9 | 153.1 | 155.8 | 156.3 | 159.3 | ${ }^{+} 166.5$ |
|  | 130.8 | 143.4 | 144.7 | 142.5 | 141.0 | 155. 4 | 152.9 | 138.9 | 134.3 | 129.6 | - 124.6 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 141.6$ | ${ }^{\text {r } 124.1}$ |
|  | 142.0 | 131.0 | 120.2 | 132.9 | 123.5 | 148.5 | 139.8 | 138.4 | 136.2 | 130.7 | 127.2 | 139.0 | ${ }^{+147.1}$ |
|  | 140.1 | 149.0 | 135.2 | 149.7 | 138.6 | 168.2 | 167.0 | 176.0 | 149.8 | 132.5 | 123.4 | 136.7 | 138.2 |
|  | 180.7 | 166.5 | 146.3 | 155.5 | 150.0 | 172.5 | 173.0 | 167.1 | 175.8 | 202.6 | 200.3 | +188.8 | r 190.1 |
| Chain-store sales, indexes: <br> Chain-store Age, combined index ( 20 chains) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| average same month 1929-31-100.- | 183.0 | $\cdots 148.0$ | 146.0 | 151.0 | 157.0 | 164.0 | 165.0 | 169.0 | 164.0 | 170.0 | 171.0 | 177.0 | 182.0 |
|  | 220.0 | 164.0 | 153.0 | 162.0 | 178.0 | 188.0 | 178.0 | 208.0 | 174.0 | 181.0 | 172.0 | 200.0 | 212.0 |
| Drug chain-store sales: $\quad$ Unadjusted..........-1935-89 $=100$. |  |  | 111.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | - 137.6 | 118.2 | 110.0 | 116.4 | 121.3 | 120.7 | 118.5 | 125.4 | 128.9 | 133.4 | 137.0 | 138.8 | ¢ 135.2 r 142.3 |
| Grocery chain-store sales: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | p 168.9 | 145.0 | 158.4 | 155.6 | 164.7 | 170.4 | 170.0 | 170.0 | 175.2 | 170.7 | 173.4 | 169.0 | +167.3 |
|  | p 172.4 | 147.9 | 152.6 | 155.6 | 159.9 | 175.7 | 169.1 | 168.3 | 170.1 | 168.2 | 170.8 | 172.4 | r 174.3 |
| Variety-store sales, combined sales, 7 chains: Unadjusted. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adjusted | ${ }^{p} 187.8$ | 120.4 125.3 | 122.0 | 130.7 127.0 | 249.6 113.9 | 97.0 132.3 | 108.1 | 116.1 133.6 | 123.1 | 130.2 135.1 | 129.1 | 132.2 143.4 | 124.8 142.3 |
| Chain-store sales and stores operated: Variety chains: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| S. S. Kresge Co.: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 14,997 | 12,809 | 14, 102 | 14,832 | 27,515 | 11, 854 | 11,750 | 13,174 | 14,437 | 14, 219 | 14, 536 | 13, 565 | 14,781 |
| Stores operated.....-....-.........number.- | 671 | 671 | 671 | 674 | 675 | -673 | 671 | 671 | 672 | 674 | 673 | 672 | 671 |
| S. H. Kress \& Co.: | 9,599 | 8,483 | 8,427 | 8,458 | 17,376 |  |  |  |  |  |  | -8,733 |  |
|  | -245 | , 242 | 8, 242 | 8,428 | 17,342 242 | 7, 244 | , 242 | 8, 243 | 8,644 | 8, 244 | 9,105 | -8,746 | $\begin{array}{r}9,607 \\ \hline 246\end{array}$ |
| MeCrory Stores Corp.: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales $\qquad$ thous. of dol.- <br> Stores operated number. | 5,023 203 | 4.164 201 | $\begin{array}{r}4,422 \\ \hline 201\end{array}$ | 4,655 201 | 9, 308 | 3,819 | 3,739 | 4, 373 203 | 4,788 203 | 4,749 203 | 4,833 203 | 4,504 203 | 5,017 203 |
| Stores operated..... <br> G. C. Murphy Co.: | 203 | 201 | 201 | 201 | 202 | 202 | 203 | 203 | 203 | 203 | 203 | 203 | 203 |
| Sales..-.-.-.-.-.-.-........thous. of dol.- | 6,094 | r 4,868 | 5,575 | 5, 608 | 10,898 | 4,804 | 4,469 | 5,091 | 5,934 | 6,136 | 6,205 | 5,775 | 6, 156 |
| Stores operated....-.-.-.-.-...... | 207 | 204 | 204 | 205 | 207 | 206 | 206 | 206 | 207 | 207 | 207 | 207 | 207 |
| F. W. Woolworth Co.: | 33, 847 | 30,097 | 32,614 | 33,776 | 62,498 | 28,345 | 27,466 | 30, 266 | 33, 136 | 32,660 | 33, 025 | 31, 705 |  |
|  | 2,015 | 2,018 | 2,025 | 2,024 | 2,024 | 2,021 | 2,019 | 2,017 | 2,013 | 2,011 | 2,011 | 3, ${ }^{\text {2, }} \mathbf{0 1 1}$ | -3, 21212 |
| Other chains: <br> W. T. Grant Co.: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2,013 |  | 2,011 |  |  |
| Sales.....------.....-.-.....thous. of dol.- | 12,648 | 10,063 | 11,864 | 12, 174 | 23, 518 | 8,983 | 8,417 | 10,470 | 12,363 | 12,200 | 12, 222 | 10,441 | 11,442 |
| Stores operated .-............................. | 494 | 493 | 483 | 494 | 495 | , 496 | 8, 496 | - 495 | 494 | 493 | 12, 494 | 494 | - 494 |
| J. C. Penney Co.: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales -------------------- thous. of dol.-- | 47,467 | 33,648 | 38,711 | 40,417 | 59,520 | 30, 589 | 25,407 | 32,348 | 36,531 | 37, 170 | 38,457 | 34,683 | 40,523 |
| Stores operated................................ Department stores: | 1,611 | 1,598 | 1,603 | 1,605 | 1,605 | 1,606 | 1,607 | 1,608 | 1,609 | 1,609 | 1, 609 | 1,610 | 1,611 |
| Accounts receivable: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Instalment accounts.....-Dec. 31, 1939 $=100 .$. |  | 110.5 | 110.4 | 110.4 | 116.4 | 108.8 | 104.8 | 103.3 | 99.6 | 91.8 | 82.3 | 74.7 |  |
|  |  | 90.6 | 92.5 | 93.5 | 117.7 | 100.3 | 88.0 | 89.1 | 90.6 | 83.7 | 70.3 | 53.9 |  |
| Collections: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Instalment accounts percent of accounts receivable |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| percent of accounts receivable_ |  | 18.9 | 19.3 | 19.2 | 20.1 | 20.2 | 19.7 | 21.7 | 21.4 | 22.0 | 22.4 | 22.7 |  |
| Open accounts --------10 |  | 45.1 | 46.9 | 48.6 | 46.3 | 50.3 | 45.2 | 46.1 | 47.0 | 50.4 | 56.3 | 60.3 |  |
| Sales, total U. S., unadjusted.-. 1923-25 $=100$ | 133 | 125 | 112 | 133 | 197 | 108 | 99 | 118 | 115 | 108 | 100 | 83 | 103 |
|  | 171 | 158 | 145 | 177 | 253 | 127 | 127 | 151 | 149 | 144 | 124 | 116 | 144 |
| Boston. | 108 | 100 | 98 | 103 | 165 | 99 | 74 | 94 | 93 | 89 | 85 | 67 | $r 75$ |
|  | 155 | -152 | 123 | 146 | 213 | 121 | 114 | 136 | 133 | 124 | 121 | 97 | 117 |
|  | 161 | 155 | 134 | 163 | 232 | 130 | 120 | 147 | 153 | 137 | 128 | 105 | 134 |
| Dallas.-.-----------------1923-25=100-- | 171 | 151 | 127 | 150 | 222 | 122 | 108 | 129 | 127 | 126 | 109 | 100 | 127 |
| Kanses City | 133 | - 116 | 106 | 106 | 183 | 100 | 85 | 110 | 111 | 101 | 98 | 88 | 114 |
|  | 145 | r 139 | 140 | 123 | 198 | 122 | 95 | 125 | 130 | 111 | 117 | 94 | 115 |
|  | 120 | 125 | 112 | 130 | 194 | 104 | 94 | 106 | 106 | 99 | 92 | 81 | - 94 |
|  | 143 | 134 | 136 | 168 | 238 | 115 | 117 | 140 | 132 | 128 | 116 | 92 | 112 |
|  | 174 | 154 | 165 | 168 | 265 | 128 | 114 | 161 | 155 | 147 | 137 | 120 | 147 |
| St. Louis 1 - -----------------1923-25=100.. | 131 | 128 | 119 | 133 | 190 | 110 | 101 | 125 | 120 | 108 | 99 | 87 | 114 |
| San Francisco...-.-.-----...- $1935-39=100 .$. |  | 156 | 145 | 158 | 235 | 129 | 132 | 148 | 149 | 142 | 137 | -138 | 158 |

## Revised. $\quad$ Preliminary.

Beginning December 1941, seasonal adjustment factors of 100 are being used for this group.
The index on a 1935-39 base shown in the 1942 supplement is in process of revision; pending completion of the revision, the index on a $1923-25$ base is being continued. $\dagger$ Revised series. Data for sales of "eating and drinking places," "other retail stores," and the totals for nondurable goods stores and all retail stores, and the index of de partment store sales for Atlanta have been revised beginning 1935; the revised figures will be published in a subsequent issue. The index for the Cleveland district has been completely revised; data beginning 1919 will be published in a subsequent issue.

| Monthly statistics through December 1941, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1942 | 1941 |  |  |  | 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sep- } \\ \text { tember } \end{gathered}$ | Sep- | $\begin{gathered} \text { Octo- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{array}\right\|$ | December | $\underset{\text { ary }}{\text { Janu- }}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August |

DOMESTIC TRADE-Continued

| Retall trade-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Department stores-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales, total U. S., adjusted .-.-. $1023-25=100 .-$ | 123 | 116 | 105 | 116 | 111 | 138 | 126 | 124 | 117 | 108 | 104 | 121 | 130 |
|  | 161 | 149 | 137 | 160 | 146 | 164 | 144 | 150 | 153 | 147 | 143 | 162 | 169 |
|  | 141 | '138 | 117 | 133 | 125 | 154 | 135 | 141 | 134 | 123 | 124 | 139 | 148 |
| Clevelan | 146 | 141 | 128 | 148 | 135 | 177 | 150 | 161 | 151 | 134 | 134 | 143 | 157 |
|  | 154 | 136 | 113 | 134 | 127 | 161 | 127 | 133 | 181 | 126 | 123 | 143 | 165 |
| Minneapolis ---------------1935-39=100-- | 126 | - 121 | 117 | 123 | 127 | 152 | 134 | 124 | 129 | 112 | 117 | 133 | 131 |
| New York $\ddagger . \ldots$.-. | 112 | 116 | 99 | 109 | 107 | 132 | 116 | 120 | 110 | 105 | 97 | 114 | 123 |
| Philadelphia | 133 | 125 | 119 | 132 | 127 | 161 | 157 | 149 | 147 | 130 | 122 | 139 | 152 |
|  | 170 | 151 | 134 | 160 | 142 | 182 | 165 | 165 | 156 | 147 | 144 | 170 | 194 |
| St. Louis | 122 | 120 | 106 | 114 | 115 | 138 | 117 | 130 | 120 | 108 | 108 | 126 | 152 |
|  |  | 149 | 138 | 151 | 138 | 167 | 166 | 161 | 157 | 147 | 149 | 166 | 173 |
| Instalment sales, New England dept. stores percent of total sales. | 7.0 | 12.0 | 10.8 | 8.9 | 6.3 | 10.5 | 11.4 | 9.2 | 8.4 | 6.9 | 5.4 | 6.2 | 9.1 |
| Stocks, total U. S., end of month: <br> Unadjusted.......................-1923-25=100.. | ${ }_{p} 128$ | $\begin{aligned} & 95 \\ & 92 \end{aligned}$ | 108 97 | 110 95 | $\begin{aligned} & 88 \\ & 92 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 83^{1} \\ & 93 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 97 \\ 102 \end{gathered}$ | 111 | ${ }_{117}^{122}$ | $\begin{gathered} 129 \\ 129 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 128 \\ & 134 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{140}^{126}$ | 130 135 |
| Other stores, instalment accounts and collections: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Instalment accounts outstanding, end of mo: Furniture stores......Dec. $31,1939=100$ |  |  | 110.0 |  | 110.0 |  |  |  |  |  | 91.1 |  |  |
| Furniture stores.....--Dec. 31,1939 E. ${ }^{\text {Household appliance }}$ |  | 11.20 .4 120 | 117.1 | 112.5 | 110.1 | 104.9 103.3 | 100.3 | 100.8 95.8 | 90.8 | 96.5 84.7 | 77.0 | 84.6 70.9 | 64.3 |
|  |  | 98.3 | 95.7 | 98.4 | 122.9 | 110.9 | 102.4 | 97.6 | 93.4 | 87.4 | 80.5 | r 72.5 | 68.4 |
| Ratio of collections to accounts at beginning of month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Furniture stores.........-..........percent.- |  | 11.2 | 11.8 | 11.5 | 11.4 | 12.0 | 11.4 | 12.5 | 12.6 | 13.2 | 14.0 | 14.3 | 6. 0 |
| Household appliance stores .....-.-...-do |  | 10.8 | 11.2 | 10.8 | 11.7 | 11.4 | 11.4 | 12.7 | 12.5 | 12.7 | 12.8 | 13.1 | 13.2 |
|  |  | 17.8 | 17.7 | r 18.3 | 23.2 | 18.9 | 17.5 | 18.8 | 19.1 | 20.0 | 21.9 | +22.5 | 24.4 |
| Total sales, 2 companies........thous. of dol.. | 142,022 | 145, 495 | 164, 394 | 152, 308 | 204, 339 | 111,481 | 99, 640 | 131, 894 | 133, 905 | 119, 117 | 117, 597 | 104, 118 | 113, 447 |
| Montgomery Ward \& Co...--........do | 61, 495 | 59,780 | 68, 138 | 63, 345 | 85, 269 | 41, 854 | 37, 969 | 55, 856 | 57,604 | 50,762 | 48, 476 | 42,521 | 48,741 |
| Sears Roebuck \& Co.-.-.---- | 80,527 | 85, 714 | 96,256 | 88, 963 | 119, 069 | 69,627 | 61, 671 | 76,038 | 76,301 | 68,356 | 69, 121 | 61,597 | 64, 706 |
|  | 214.2 | 183.8 | 216.4 | 243.2 | 287.9 | 151.5 | 151,1 | 185.6 | 175.6 | 164.8 | 160.3 | 137.3 |  |
| East.....-................................ ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 201.1 | 181.9 | 221.8 | 269.1 | 320.3 | 162.8 | 161.0 | 204.9 | 183.3 | 171.7 | 162.9 | 128.1 | 153.3 |
| South .-................................do | 262.8 | г 246.2 | 299.9 | 330.3 | 341.1 | 173.8 | 199.3 | 224.0 | 202.0 | 188.0 | 179.4 | 158.6 | 178.0 |
|  | 185.7 | r157.0 | 187.7 | 209. 6 | 254.9 | 136.6 | 129.6 | 165.2 | 155.9 | 146.6 | 144.0 | 118.9 | 135.5 |
| Far West---.---.-...................do | 272.2 | - 220.9 | 223.0 | 235.7 | 319.9 | 166.6 | 135.9 | 184.5 | 200.1 | 188.8 | 203.6 | 193.8 | 207.8 |
|  | 202.6 | 173.9 | 166.6 | 186.9 | 180.1 | 189.0 | 186.8 | 211.4 | 191.1 | 179.5 | 176.0 | 188.1 | 196.6 |
|  | 204.6 | 185.1 | 172.3 | 208.8 | 192.4 | 214.2 | 196.9 | 228.2 | 192.4 | 186.6 | 177.4 | 179.9 | 192.4 |
| South | $\stackrel{238.0}{181.1}$ |  | 202.4 147.8 | 240.6 159.9 | 227.1 163.4 | 219.3 178.5 | 218.5 163.0 | 248.1 186.4 | 229.3 167.0 | 221.7 154.8 | 223.1 152.5 | 233.5 161.2 | 246.9 164.3 |
|  | 232.6 | ${ }^{+188.8}$ | 185.7 | 194.3 | 196.0 | 226.7 | 183.6 | 236.3 | 224.0 | 210.0 | 213.7 | 236.3 | 225.6 |

## EMPLOYMENT CONDITIONS AND WAGES

| EMPLOYMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Estimated labor force, employment, and unemployment:* | 54.1 | 54.8 | 54.1 | 54.1 | 54. | 53.2 | 53.4 | 54.5 | 53.7 | 54.2 | 56.1 | 56.8 | 56.2 |
| Employment .-...................... do | 52.4 | 50.3 | 50.2 | 50.2 | 50.2 | 48.9 | 49.4 | 50.9 | 50.7 | 51.6 | 53.3 | 54.0 | 54.0 |
|  | 10.2 | 10.1 | 9.3 | 9.0 | 8.3 | 8.2 | 8.4 | 8.9 | 9.3 | 10.2 | 11.5 | 11.7 | 11.2 |
|  | 42.2 | 40.2 | 40.9 | 41.2 | 41.9 | 40.7 | 41.0 | 42.0 | 41.4 | 41.4 | -41.8 | 42.3 | 42.8 |
| Unemployment.....---.-.-.-.-do. | 1.7 | 4.5 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.8 | 4.3 | 4.0 | 3.6 | 3.0 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.2 |
| Employees in nonagricultural establishments: $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unadjusted (U. S. Department of Labor): <br> Total | 38,303 | 36, 056 | 36, 053 | 35, 926 | 36, 088 | 34,876 | 35, 062 | 35, 411 | 35,998 | 36,346 | 36,665 | 37, 234 | - 37, 802 |
| Manufacturing ....-.-............... do...- | 15, 235 | 13,571 | 13, 597 | 13, 563 | 13,566 | 13,468 | 13,693 | 13, 859 | 14, 109 | 14, 133 | 14, 302 | 14, 641 | - 14, 980 |
|  | 911 | . 984 | 988 | 980 | 1976 | , 965 | , 947 | ${ }^{933}$ | -929 | , 928 | 921 | 923 | 918 |
|  | 2, 119 | 2,184 | 2,204 | 2,091 | 1, 880 | 1,662 | 1,594 | 1,625 | 1,771 | 1,909 | 1,991 | 2,108 | r 2, 181 |
| Transportation and public utilities ${ }_{\text {thousands.. }}$ | 3, 539 | 3,418 | 3,424 | 3,382 | 3,344 | 3,288 | 3,270 | 3,295 | 3,389 | 3,442 | 3,484 | 3. 519 | 3, 533 |
| Trade_-.-............-................do. | 6, 562 | 7,008 | 7,070 | 7,146 | 7,511 | 6, 756 | 6,686 | 6,711 | 6,679 | 6,667 | 6, 606 | 6, 504 | + 6,496 |
| Financial, service, and misc.....-do | 4, 391 | 4,325 | 4,256 | 4,229 | 4, 227 | 4,179 | 4,180 | 4, 194 | 4,265 | 4,309 | 4,324 | 4,355 | - 4, 371 |
|  | 5. 546 | 4,566 | 4,514 | 4,535 | 4,584 | 4,558 | 4,692 | 4,794 | 4,856 | 4,958 | 5, 037 | 5, 184 | r 5, 323 |
| Adjusted (Federal Reserve): Total | 37, 583 | 35,358 | 35, 440 | 35, 739 | 35, 868 | 35,887 | 35,933 | 35,895 | 36, 040 | 36, 200 | 36, 440 | 37, 169 | - 37, 525 |
|  | 14,981 | 13, 342 | 13, 390 | 13, 535 | 13,621 | 13, 725 | 13,794 | 13,832 | 14, 058 | 14, 146 | 14,361 | 14, 758 | - 14,911 |
|  | . 901 | 976 | 971 | 969 | 973 | - 970 | -953 | , 936 | -938 | , 933 | , 929 | -929 | ${ }_{\sim}{ }^{\text {r }} 918$ |
| Construction | 1,901 | 1,963 | 2,041 | 2,054 | 2,067 | 2,044 | 1,991 | 1,886 | 1,826 | 1,791 | 1,768 | 1,851 | r 1,916 |
| Transportation and public utilities thousands.- | 3,481 | 3,360 | 3,356 | 3,369 | 3,377 | 3,365 | 3,351 | 3,366 | 3,408 | 3,435 | 3,446 | 3,471 | r 3,490 |
|  | 6,524 | 6,968 | 6,989 | 7,043 | 7,017 | 6,907 | 6,862 | 6,812 | 6,690 | 6,695 | 6,610 | 6,609 | r 6,607 |
| Manufacturing, unadjusted (U. B. Department of Labor) $\qquad$ $1023-25=100$. | 148.2 | 135.2 | 135.4 | 134.8 | 134.2 | 132.5 | 133.8 | 135.1 | 136.6 | 137.2 | -139.4 | r 142.4 | F 145.9 |
| Durable goods | 168.2 | 142.1 | 144.0 | 144.6 | 144.2 | 143.3 | 145.1 | 147.5 | 150.9 | 154.0 | +157.5 | r 161.2 | +165.4 |
| Iron and steel and their products, not including machinery $\qquad$ | 134.4 | 140.5 | 139.4 | 138.8 | 138.0 | 136.3 | 135.9 | 135.7 | 135.4 | 135.0 | 135.5 | 135.0 | -134.8 |
| Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling nulls | 149.4 | 148.9 | 147.9 | 147.8 | 148.6 | 148.7 | 149.4 | 150.0 | 150.9 | 151.5 | 152.2 | 151.6 | +150.6 |
|  | 97.2 | 116.0 | 115.2 | 112.8 | 105.7 | 98.7 | 94.1 | 94.7 | 92.2 | 90.8 | 93.4 | 95.4 | +96.7 |
| Structural and ornamental metal work $1923-25=100$. | 125.8 | 109.5 | 109.3 | 107.5 | 106.0 | 105.7 | 107.2 | 110.4 | 114.0 | 115.6 | 118.2 | 121.4 | - 124.9 |
| Tin cans and other tinware........do.... | 106.0 | 145.0 | 130.1 | 135.0 | 134.4 | 136.7 | 130.9 | 115.9 | 111.2 | 108.0 | 107.8 | 107.4 | - 108.4 |
| Lumber and allied products...........do....- | 72.1 | 80.4 | 79.8 | 77.9 | 76.6 | 74.1 | 74.3 | 74.0 | 73.4 | 73.3 | r 73.4 | r 73.4 | -73.6 |
|  | 92.4 | 107.6 | 107.4 | 108.4 | 106.6 | 101.6 | 102.2 | 100.9 | 97.0 | 96.1 | +94.5 | -93.1 | - 92.4 |
| Lumber, sawmills .........................do.-.-- | 63.6 | 70.4 | 69.5 | 66.4 | 65.3 | 63.7 | 64.0 | 64.2 | 64.6 | 64.9 | 65.3 | 65.6 | - 65.7 |

*Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary.
tRevisions in earlier data, resulting from changes in seasonal adjustment factors, have been made as follows: 1938-May, 86; Sept., 88; Oct., 87; 1939-May, 90; Sept., 91; Oct., 92; 1940-May, 90; June, 93; Aug., 100; Sept., 100; Oct., 96; 1941-May, 102, $\quad$ Revised series. For revisions in indexes of department store sales for the Atlanta and Cleveland districts, see note marked " $\dagger$ " cn $p$. S-7. The estimates of employees in nonagricultural establishments and in each of the component industry groups, with the exception of the trade group and the financial, service, and miscellaneous group, have been revised and further revisions are in progress; the revised historical data will be published when revisions are completed.
*New series. Indexes of instalment accounts and collection ratios for furniture, jewelry, and household appliance stores beginning January 1940 will be shown in a subsequent issue (a new series on amount of instalment accounts outstanding is included on p. S-15). Data beginning April 1940 for the estimates of the labor force, employment,
and unemployment compiled by the Bureau of the Census will be shown in a subsequent issue (the estimate of total nonagricultural employment compiled by the $U$. S. Department of Labor, formerly shown in the Survey, has been discontinued by the compiling agency).

| Monthly statistics through December 1941, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1942 | 1941 |  |  |  | 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Septem. ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sep- } \\ & \text { tember } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Octo- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{array}\right\|$ | December | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August |

EMPLOYMENT CONDITIONS AND WAGES-Continued

| EMPLOTMENT-Continued <br> Mfg., unadj. (U. S. Dept. of Labor)-Con. Durable goods-Continued. <br> Machinery, excl. transp. equipment $1923-25=100$ | 220.8 | 179.3 | 181.0 | 182.5 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 185.1$ | -187.0 | \% 191.9 | r 196.6 | - 201.2 | r 204.4 | r 207.9 | * 211.8 | r 217.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Agricultural implements (including trac- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| tors) | 158.5 | 170.7 | 169.9 | 167.5 | 167.2 | 164.1 | 166.2 | 169.1 | 167.4 | 166.9 | 167.2 | 165.4 | r 163.3 |
| tlectrical machinery, apparatus, and supplies ...................... $1023-25=100$. | (1) | 168.7 | 168.8 | 169.2 | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| Engines, turbines, water wheels, and windmills. $1923-25=100$ | (1) | 325.0 | 339.5 | 352.5 | (t) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1). | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| Foundry and machine-shop products do...- | 171.4 | 147.0 | 147.8 | 148.8 | 150.4 | 152.1 | 154.8 | 157.3 | 160.3 | 162.8 | 165.1 | 167.4 | $\stackrel{(1)}{ } \mathrm{r}$ (170.7 |
| Machine tools.......-...............- do | (1) | 356.8 | 361.5 | 366.9 | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| Radios and phonographs...............do | 223.3 | 212.5 | 217.9 | 217.6 | 218.5 | 209.4 | 206.5 | 210.4 | 208.9 | 196.4 | 191.4 | 197.4 | r 211.4 |
| Metals, nonferrous, and products.....do. | 150.0 | 146. 4 | 147.4 | 146. 1 | 145.1 | 144.9 | 146.3 | 147.7 | 145. 7 | 145.9 | 146.1 | 146.6 | - 149.0 |
| Brass, bronze, and copper products do | (1) | 193.5 | 193.4 | 191.5 | (1) 7 | (1) | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | (1) | ${ }^{(1)}$ | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| Stone, clay, and glass products.......do | 92.3 | 101.8 | 102.0 | 101.5 | 99.7 | 95.6 | 93.9 | 94.3 | 95.4 | 94.3 | $r 94.1$ | + 92.1 | +92.5 |
| Brick, tile, and terra cotta..........do | 66.2 | 79.1 | 77.7 | 76.2 | 74.2 | 69.6 | 67.6 | 68.3 | 70.4 | 70.6 | 69.9 | ${ }^{+} 69.1$ | -68.2 |
| Transportation equipm | 119.1 | 130.3 | 203.5 | 133.1 | 1209.0 +20.3 | + 121.8 | - 217.2 | + 226.9 | + 239.7 | 123.6 +255 | + 2121.2 | + 115.5 | ${ }^{+} 117.9$ |
| A ircraft .-.-............................- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | (1) | 8,515. 7 | 9,169.7 | 9,696. 1 | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | ${ }_{\text {(1) }}$ | ${ }^{+} 311.2$ |
| Automobiles | 103.2 | 124.1 | 128.9 | 129.7 | 116.2 | 100.2 | 88.8 | 86.2 | 84.1 | 87.6 | 91.2 | 95.6 | +98.8 |
| Shipbuilding | (1) | 442.5 | 494.6 | 533.3 | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| Nondurable goods. $\qquad$ do...Chemical, petroleum, and coal products | 129.2 | 128.7 | 127.3 | 125.4 | 124.8 | 122.1 | 123.0 | 123.2 | 123.0 | 122.4 | F 122.2 | r 124.6 | - 127.2 |
| (1923-25=100.- | 163.4 | 147.6 | 149.9 | 149.8 | 149.7 | 151.1 | 154.8 | 158.5 | r 159.0 | - 157.8 | r 157.6 | - 158.4 | - 159.9 |
|  | 193.2 | 182.4 | 183.8 | 185. 3 | 185.4 | 185.9 | 188.7 | 192.6 | 193.5 | - 194.2 | r 196.6 | - 196.0 | -194.4 |
| Paints and varnishes.....-...-.--.- do | 125.6 | 143.9 | 143.9 | 142.6 | 142.2 | 140.9 | 141.0 | 140.7 | 138.7 | 136.2 | 131.8 | -126.3 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 125.6$ |
| Petroleum refining---.-.....-.-..... do | 133.8 | 128. 5 | 129.2 | 129.1 | 129.2 | 120.1 | 129.6 | 130.8 | 131.6 | 131.9 | 133.6 | 133.9 | - 134.5 |
| Rayon and allied products | 310.6 | 327.0 | 325.0 | 322.9 | 321.1 | 315.9. | 312.6 | 313.2 | 310.4 | 312.1 | 314.5 | 309.1 | - 307.3 |
| Food and kindred products.......-...do. | 179.3 | 163.2 | 152.5 | 145.9 | 141.0 | 135.4 | 133.5 | 131.7 | 132.8 | 135.7 | 141.9 | - 156.7 | + 167.4 |
|  | 165.3 | 153.5 | 154.5 | 153.7 | 151.5 | 149.5 | 150.0 | 150.3 | 149.6 | 150.9 | 154.2 | r 159.9 | r 162.7 |
| Slaughtering and meat packing ....do. | 149.2 | 123.6 | 125.9 | 129.9 | 138.1 | 143.8 | 137.8 | 134.0 | 134.0 | 138.4 | 145. 6 | 150.7 | + 150.2 |
| Leather and its manufactures...-....do | 91.4 | 98.9 | 98.5 | 96.7 | 99.2 | 98.9 | 100.2 | 101.9 | 100.5 | 98.7 | 97.1 | 96.2 | 94.1 |
| Boots and shoes----.-----------.- do | 88.2 | 95.2 | 94.7 | 92.3 | 95.2 | 95.4 | 96.6 | 98.6 | 97.4 | 95.7 | 94.1 | 93.5 | 91.6 |
|  | 114.7 | 124.9 | 126.5 | 126.7 | 128.3 | 124.7 | 123.3 | 121.6 | 120.8 | 119.1 | 117.2 | 115.6 | + 115.0 |
|  | 118.8 | 128.4 | 128.2 | 128.7 | 129.1 | 129.5 | 129.6 | 129.7 | 129.8 | 128.4 | 126.0 | 121.5 | - 119.5 |
|  | 107.4 | 111.5 | 111.6 | 111.2 | 110.1 | 99.3 | 98.5 | 98.4 | 94.6 | 94.6 | 97.2 | r 101.9 | 105.1 |
| Rubber tires and inner tubes.......-do | 88.3 | 86.5 | 86.0 | 86.1 | 84.5 | 74.8 | 72.8 | 73.3 | 72.9 | 74.5 | 77.9 | -82.9 | 86.3 |
| Textiles and their products...-.-..-.-do. | 108.8 | 115.5 | 114.9 | 113.4 | 113.0 | 111.1 | 113.0 | 113.5 | 113.1 | 111.8 | 108.8 | 108.2 | $r 109.6$ |
|  | 102.5 | 106.3 | 106.4 | 106.1 | 106.2 | 105.1 | 104.9 | 105.0 | 105.2 | 104.7 | r 104.4 | r 104.1 | r 103.4 |
|  | 118.2 | 131.3 | 129.0 | 124.9 | 123.2 | 119.7 | 126.4 | 127.6 | 126.0 | 122.8 | 113.8 | r 112.6 | r 118.9 |
| Tobacco manufactures..-----.-........do | 66.9 | 63.9 | 67.3 | 68.4 | 67.5 | 63.4 | 65.5 | 65.4 | 64.4 | 62.7 | 63.8 | 64.5 | r 66.3 |
| Manufacturing, adjusted (Fed. Res.) .....do...-- | 145.0 | 132.3 | 132.8 | 134.4 | 134.9 | 135.7 | 135.1 | 134.7 | 136.0 | -137.7 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 140.0$ | 143.7 | +145.0 |
| Durable goods . - .-...-.-...-........d. do .-.- | 167.2 | 141.3 | 142.3 | 143.7 | 144.3 | 146.7 | 146.8 | 146.9 | 149.2 | -151.7 | r 156.2 | 161.8 | r 165.7 |
| Iron and steel and their products, not including machinery......... 1923-25=100 | 133.7 | 139.7 | 138.2 | 138.3 | 138.9 | 139.0 | 136.5 | 134.7 | 134.2 | F 134.1 | r 135.5 | 136.4 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 135.3$ |
| Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills <br> $1923-25=100$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 149 98 | 147 | 1148 | 148 | 149 +104 | 150 110 | 149 94 | 148 94 | 149 91 | 151 +90 | $\begin{array}{r}153 \\ \hline 93\end{array}$ | 153 96 | $\begin{array}{r}151 \\ \hline 89\end{array}$ |
| Structural and ornamental metal work |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 94 |  | +90 | ${ }^{+} 93$ | 96 | -99. |
| 1923-25=100.- | 122 | 106 | 107 | 107 | 107 | 108 | 112 | 113 | 116 | 116 | 117 | 119 | r 121 |
| Tin cans and other tinware.........do...- | 96 | 132 | 127 | 138 | 141 | 147 | 141 | 122 | 115 | 110 | 105 | 101 | r 99 |
| Lumber and allied products.........- do. | 69.4 | 77.3 | 76.4 | 76.9 | 78.1 | 79.2 | 77.9 | 75.4 | 73.8 | 73.2 | 72.3 | 72.6 | -71.2 |
|  | 88 | 103 | 101 | 104 | 105 | 106 | 104 | 103 | 101 | 100 | 97 | 95 | 91 |
| Lumber, sawmills --.-....-.-........do....- | 61 | 68 | 67 | 67 | 68 | 70 | 68 | 66 | 64 | 64 | 63 | 64 | 63 |
| Machinery, exel. transp. equipment.- do...- | 219.7 | 178.4 | 180.2 | 182.3 | 185.0 | 189.1 | 192.8 | 196.5 | 199.4 | 201.5 | r 205.5 | 210.9 | +218.6 |
| Agricultural implements (including tractors) $\qquad$ | 168 | 181 | 180 | 172 | 167 | 181 | 161 | 160 | 157 | 162 | 166 | 169 | ¢ 173 |
| Electrical machinery, apparatus, and sup-plies_.........................-1923-25=100... | (1) | 168 | 168 | 169 | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | () | (i) | (1) | (1) |
| Engines, turbines, water wheels, and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (1) |
| windmills. $1923-25=100$. | (1) | 323 | 348 | 371 | (1) | ( ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | (1) | (1) | ${ }^{(1)}$ | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1). |
| $1923-25=100$ | 171 | 147 | 148 | 149 | 150 | 153 | 155 | 157 | 160 | 161 | 165 | 168 | r 172 |
|  | (1) | 355 | 360 | 365 | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| Radios and phonographs-...-.-...-do.-.- | 193 | 183 | 179 | 194 | 206 | 220 | 235 | 250 | 249 | 223 | 195 | 199 | ¢ 196 |
| Metals, nonferrous, and products....-do..-- | 149.0 | 144.8 | 143.1 | 142.2 | 143.4 | +147.1 | -146.7 | r 146.8 | - 145.8 | 146.5 | 147.8 | 150.9 | r 151.3 |
| Brass, bronze, and copper products-do. | (1) | 194 | 191 | 191 | (1) | (1) | ${ }^{(1)}$ | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) |  |
| Stone, clay, and glass products.....--do...- | 89.5 | 98.7 | 98.9 | 100.9 | 101.6 | 105.0 | 100.1 | 96.9 | 94.7 | r90.9 | -90.8 | 91.0 | r 89.9 |
| Brick, tile, and terra cotta.-.........do...- | 62 | 74 | 73 | 76 | 77 | 81 | 78 | 75 | 71 | 67 | 65 | 65 | 63 |
| Glass.-----..-----...-.-.-.-----.- do | 119 | 130 | 131 | 133 | 132 | 135 | 126 | 124 | 124 | 122 | 119 | 117 | r 118 |
| Transportation equipment---------- do | 329.1 | 195.4 | 204.7 | 209.6 | 205.9 | r 211.2 | $r 216.5$ | +221.2 | r 232.2 | r 247.6 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 270.0$ | 296.1 | ${ }^{r} 314.4$ |
|  | (1) ${ }^{103}$ | 8,779 | 9,459 | 9,799 | ${ }^{(1)} 11$ | ${ }^{(1)}$ | ${ }^{(1)} 84$ | ${ }^{(1)} 81$ | ${ }^{(1)} 79$ | ${ }^{(1)} 8$ | ${ }^{(1)}$ | (I) | (1) |
|  | (1) 103 | 128 440 | 129 487 | 127 | ${ }_{\text {(1) }} 111$ | (1) 96 | (1) 84 | 81 | (1) 79 | 83 | (1) 89 | (1) 96 | 99 |
|  | ${ }^{\text {(1) }} 123.8$ | 440 123.8 | 487 123.8 | 532 125.6 | ${ }^{(126.0}$ | (1) 12.2 | (12). | $\stackrel{(1)}{123.1}$ | ${ }^{(1)}$ | $\stackrel{(1)}{+124}$ | ${ }^{(1)}$ | ${ }^{1} 12$ | (1) |
| Chemical, petroleum, and coal products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 123.1 | 12.3 | T 124.3 | 124.6 | 126.4 | r 125.2 |
| - 1923-25=100-* | 161.2 | 145.7 | 147.1 | 148.2 | 149.2 | 151.8 | 154.7 | 155.9 | - 157.4 | ${ }^{-159.1}$ | r 160.8 | 160.7 | r 163.0 |
| Chemicals......-.-...-......-.-.-.-.- do. | 190 | 180 | 181 | 184 | 187 | 190 | 192 | r 195 | 194 | -195 | 196 | 192 | 193 |
| Paints and varnishes................-. ${ }^{\text {do. }}$ | 127 | 145 | 144 | 144 | 144 | 145 | 142 | 141 | 137 | 131 | 127 | 126 | +128 |
| Petroleum refining.-.-.-...........- do | 132 | 127 | 129 | 128 | 129 | 130 | 131 | 132 | 132 | 133 | 133 | 133 | 134 |
| Rayon and allied products........-do--- | 308 | 324 | 323 | 320 | 320 | 313 | 308 | 309 | 317 | 318 | 324 | 311 | ${ }_{5} 306$ |
| Food and kindred products...........do..-- | 152.2 | 138.8 | 140.7 | 147.0 | 147.5 | 148.4 | 147.6 | 144.4 | 142.3 | r 143.7 | 143.8 | 149.1 | -150.4 |
|  | 163 | 151 | 152 | 152 | 152 | 153 | 152 | 152. | 151 | 151 | 153 | 159 | r 162 |
| Slaughtering and meat packing .-..do....- | 151 | 125 | 126 | 127 | 133 | 139 | 138 | 137 | 138 | 141 | 146 | 151 | 152 |
| Leather and its manufactures...-....do. | 90.5 | 98.0 | 99.6 | 104.2 | 103.1 | 98.8 | 96.3 | 97.4 | 98.1 | 100.0 | 100.1 | 95.3 | 91.2 |
| Boots and shoes.........-..............do. | 87 | 94 | 96 | 101 | 100 | 95 | 92 | 93 | 95 | 97 | 98 | 92 | 88 |
| Paper and printing.-...-.................do. | 114.4 | 124.4 | 124.9 | 124.8 | 125.9 | 125.2 | 123.4 | 122.0 | 121.3 | 119.5 | 118.5 | 117.4 | r 116.1 |
|  | 119 | 128 | 128 | 129 | 129 | 130 | 130 | 130 | 130 | 128 | 126 | 122 | $\tau 120$ |
|  | 107.4 | 111.6 | 110.1 | 110.1 | 109.4 | 99.6 | 98.3 | 97.5 | 93.7 | 94.5 | r 98.1 | 102.7 | 106.4 |
| Rubber tires and inner tubes.......do...-- | 88 | 87 | 86 | 86 | 85 | 75 | 73 | 73 | 73 | 75 | 78 | 83 | 86 |
| Textiles and their products............do...-- | 108.2 | 114.7 | 112.9 | 113.3 | 113.2 | 112.0 | 110.0 | 109.4 | 110.9 | 112.3 | 112.2 | 114.5 | 111.4 |
|  | 103.5 | 107.2 | 105.4 | 105.1 | 104.4 | 104.1 | 102.2 | 102.6 | 104.8 | 105. 5 | 107.2 | 108.1 | - 106.2 |
|  | 114.1 | 126.6 | 124.7 | 126.9 | 128.2 | 125.1 | 122.8 | 120.0 | 119.7 | -122.7 | 118.5 | 123.8 | r 118.2 |
| Tobacco manufactures........---..-- - do. | 64.9 | 62.0 | 64.1 | 65.0 | 66.5 | 69.2 | 66.7 | 66.1 | 65.8 | 63.6 | 64.1 | 64.8 | -64.7 |

i Revised. in total and group indexes, but not available for publication separately.

| Monthly statistics through December 1941, together with explanatory notes and referencesto the sources of the data, may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1942 | 1941 |  |  |  | 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sep- tember | Sep. tember | October | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | Decern- ber | $\underset{\text { ary }}{\text { Janu- }}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August |

EMPLOYMENT CONDITIONS AND WAGES-Continued

$r$ Revised.
1 Not comparable with earlier data owing to change in active file definition. Registrant must now indicate availability for referral at least every 60 days and must
be unemployed or, if working, must be in nonessential activity or working below highest skill in essential activity. Counts will now be made in middle of alternate months
IData for years prior to 1940 , comparable with data beginning with that year published in the 1942 Supplement and currently, will be shown in a subsequent issue.
Data are a weekly average of the number receiving benefits, based on an average of the weeks of unemployment compensated during weeks ended within the month.
$\ddagger$ Total includes State engineering, supervisory, and administrative employees not shown separately. $\dagger$ Revised series. Earlier data for the revised employment index for New York City not shown in the July. 1942 Survey and subsequent issues will be published later.

| Monthly statistics through December 1941, together with explanatory notes end references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1042 Supplement to the Survey | 1942 | 1941 |  |  |  | 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sep- } \\ \text { tember } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sep- } \\ & \text { tember } \end{aligned}$ | Octo ber | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{array}\right\|$ | December | $\underset{\text { ary }}{\substack{\text { Janu- }}}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August |

EMPLOYMENT CONDITIONS AND WAGES-Continued

| PAY ROLLS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Manufacturing, unadjusted (U. S. Department |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| of Labor) .-..................-.- $1923-25=100$. . | 220.5 | 162.6 | 167.0 | 165.4 | 169.9 | 173.5 | 178.3 | 182.9 | 188.0 | 193.5 | - 198.2 | +204.6 | \% 214.7 |
|  | 274.9 | 183.3 | 191.4 | 190.3 | 195.4 | 204.3 | 210.6 | 217.3 | 226.6 | 235.6 | - 244.2 | + 252.7 | r266.7 |
| Iron and steel and their products, not including machinery $-\ldots . .-1923-25=100$. | 194.3 | 170.6 | 173.4 | 171.9 | 174.2 | 173.7 | 178.3 | 181.1 | F 181.3 | - 183.9 | F186.1 | r 188.2 | rise. 1 |
| Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills. <br> $1023-25=100$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 206.9 155.1 | 178.4 | 181.1 | 183.2 | 185.0 137.7 | 184.5 133.4 | 190.6 130.6 | 193.5 135.4 | 192.9 135.9 | 196.6 138.9 | 198.1 | 2 150.7 | r202.8 |
| Structural and ornamental metal work |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 145.3 | 15.7 |  |
| 1923-25=100.- | 176.6 | 123.6 | 127.2 | 116.0 | 121.2 | 124.9 | 133.3 | 140.0 | 145.6 | 149.2 | 155.0 | 159.0 | - 174.6 |
| Tin cans and other tinware_.......do...- | 153.3 | 187.6 | 171.7 | 165.8 | 173.6 | 180.8 | 164.6 | 150.0 | 145.4 | 141.4 | 143.6 | 146.7 | +152.9 |
| Lumber and allied products............ do...- | 93.7 | 90.8 | 92.3 | 86.4 | 85.8 | 81.7 | 86.0 | 86.4 | 87.3 | 90.3 | -93.6 | +92.7 | r 97.0 |
|  | 110.9 | 118.0 | 120.7 | 118.7 | 120.5 | 110.5 | 115.7 | 114.9 | 112.5 | 114.8 | - 121.6 | 109.6 | +112.9 |
|  | 83.4 | 77.5 | 78.2 | 70.2 | 68.0 | 67.3 | 71.9 | 72.9 | 75.0 | 7 nd | - 3 -x. ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | \% 83.3 | r 87.2 |
| Machinery, excluding transportation equipment $1923-25=100$ | 375.1 | 249.6 | 255.8 | 257.6 | r 273.7 | \% 289.8 | - 300.8 | r 314.4 | \% 324.2 | + 335.5 | r 346.0 | 「351, 1 | ${ }^{+} 367.1$ |
| Agricultural implements (including tractors) $\qquad$ | 245.9 | 230.7 | 231.6 | 223.8 | 219.0 | 228.8 | 241.1 | 249.8 | 249.6 | 259.1 | 262.7 | 255.4 | 「 259.5 |
| Electrical machinery, apparatus, and supplies .....-.-..............-1923-25=100. | (1) | 241.3 | 244.7 | 241.9 | (1) | (1) | ( ${ }^{\text {( }}$ | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (I) | (1) |
| Engines, turbines, water wheels, and windmills................... 1923-25=100.. | (1) | 572.9 | 615.5 | 676.3 | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | ( ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | (1) |
| Foundry and machine-shop products $1923-25=100$. | 260.1 | 187.8 | 194.7 | 191.4 | 202.8 | 211.2 | 219.3 | 227.3 | 234.9 | 241.8 | 249.8 | 250.3 | r 261.1 |
| Machine tools.-------......-.-.-. do...- | (1) | 578.2 | 596. 3 | 599.1 | (1) 8 | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) 1 |
| Radios and phonographs....-....... do | 340.0 | 254.4 | 261.7 | 267.0 | 286.3 | 276.6 | 279.0 | 290.7 | 292.2 | 283.3 | 284.4 | 293.1 | - 313.4 |
| Metals, nonferrous, and products.-.. do. | 236.3 | 185.6 | 185.9 | 182.0 | 192.1 | 198.9 | 202.6 | 208.4 | 210.1 | 213.6 | 218.3 | r 223.1 | r 232.0 |
| Brass, bronze, and copper products.do...- | (1) | 270.8 | 267.6 | 261.0 | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| Stone, clay, and glass products....... do...- | 103.6 | 105. 4 | 109.5 | 105.8 | 106.6 | 98.0 | 102.3 | 103.7 | 104.9 | 105.6 | - 104.7 | +101.0 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 105.5$ |
| Brick, tile, and terra cotta.........do.... | 71.0 | 76.2 | 75.8 | 72.9 | 72.6 | 65.2 | 66.7 | 68.6 | 71.2 | 72.4 | 73.0 | 71.9 | 72.5 |
|  | 151.9 | 160.5 | 173.7 | 168.2 | 171.1 | 160.6 | 165.6 | 165.3 | 164. 6 | 166. 6 | 156. 1 | ${ }^{-} 145.9$ | ${ }^{-} 157.3$ |
| Transportation equipment....-...-. . do. | 555.3 | 252.9 | 282.5 | 288.5 | r 291.3 | r 331.5 | ${ }^{*} 339.9$ | 354.6 | - 382.1 | r 408.6 | ${ }^{1} 435.1$ | + 475.3 | - 519.1 |
|  | (1) | 11, 145.8 | 12,296. 0 | 13,182. 6 | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) |  |
|  | 162.3 | 159.3 | 176.6 | 175.8 | 147.9 | 153.6 | 135.0 | 132.1 | 131.3 | 136. 2 | 142.2 | 147.9 | +157.6 |
|  | (1) | 703.8 | 803.4 | 829.1 | (1) | (1) | (1) | $\left.{ }^{1}\right)$ | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) | (1) |
| Nondurable goods .--...-.-....-.....-- do | 159.6 | 139.5 | 139.6 | 137.4 | 141.3 | 139.0 | 142.1 | 144.3 | 144.8 | 146.4 | 146.7 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 150.8$ | ${ }^{*} 156.6$ |
| Chemical, petroleum, and coal products $1923-25=100$ | 246.0 | 188.5 | 196.2 | 197.7 | 203.0 | 205.3 | 212.3 | 219.4 | r 223.1 | г 226.8 | + 228.8 | r 233.4 | + 237.4 |
|  | 307.4 | 250.9 | 261.4 | 265.6 | 271.7 | 278.0 | 279.3 | 288.3 | 293.7 | +303.4 | r 308.3 | + 313.8 | r 309.1 |
| Paints and varnishes..---.---.-...- do | 163.6 | 169.9 | 173.8 | 172.2 | 175.9 | 172.5 | 176.6 | 179.3 | 177.1 | 176.3 | 169.7 | 161.6 | ${ }^{r} 162.8$ |
| Petroleum refining---.-.-.-.-.-.-.-. do | 198.7 | 166. 4 | 168.0 | 167.9 | 173.9 | 171.1 | 178.3 | 179.6 | 178.2 | 179.3 | 182.0 | 186.5 | r 189.6 |
| Rayon and allied produets..-.....-. do | 402.5 | 874.3 | 386.4 | 385.2 | 391.2 | 392.4 | 391.3 | 394.4 | 389.6 | 392.9 | 397.8 | 392.6 | + 400.4 |
| Food and kindred products.............do. | 209.3 | 170.5 | 163.0 | 157.7 | 157.2 | 154.7 | 150.7 | 150.5 | 152.9 | 160.3 | 170.1 | 186.5 | r. 196.7 |
|  | 189.5 | 167.4 | 157.6 | 159.7 | 157.5 | 158.2 | 159.6 | 160.6 | 160.2 | 166.3 | 174.9 | +181.9 | ${ }^{\tau} 186.7$ |
| Slaughtering and meat packing.-...do. | 186.4 | 146.8 | 151.1 | 153.7 | 168.9 | 182.3 | 162.6 | 159.7 | 162.3 | 169.7 | 184.2 | 188.1 | $r 185.9$ |
| Leather and its manufactures..-......do. | 110.5 | 101.6 | 100.6 | 97.0 | 106.7 | 107.3 | 113.3 | 117.2 | 115.7 | 112.6 | 109.7 | 110.2 | - 107.4 |
| Boots and shoes .-........-.-.-.-....-. do | 105.7 | 95.3 | 93.3 | 88.4 | 99.5 | 101.0 | 107.6 | 112.2 | 110.4 | 106.7 | 103.3 | 103.4 | -101.9 |
|  | 130.3 | 133.3 | 135.9 | 137.5 | 144.1 | 136.6 | 135.1 | 134.8 | 133.2 | 131.9 | 130.5 | + 128.3 | - 129.9 |
|  | 163.6 | 163.0 | 165.4 | 166.9 | 169.8 | 171.9 | 174.2 | 175.6 | 172.1 | 170.8 | 168.6 | 162.3 | 165.1 |
|  | 157.6 | 134.8 | 138.0 | 140.6 | 136.9 | 127.4 | 127.4 | 132.4 | 126.1 | 132.4 | ${ }^{+137.6}$ | ז 147.0 | ${ }_{+}+154.0$ |
| Rubber tires and inner tubes........do | 140.6 | 107.3 | 111.8 | 117.6 | 108.6 | 103.0 | 101.7 | 106.4 | 106.3 | 112.5 | 118.7 | +131.0 | ${ }^{+} 135.4$ |
| Textiles and their products............do | 128.9 | 123.4 | 122.4 | 118.3 | 122.1 | 119.7 | 126.9 | 129.2 | 128.9 | 128.3 | ${ }^{+} 123.1$ | 124.3 | r 131.1 |
|  | 132.1 | 118.0 | 120.2 | 118.9 | 123.7 | 122.0 | 123.7 | 124.8 | 126.8 | 128.7 | 129.0 | 129.9 | +133.4 |
| Wearing apparel.......-...........-.- do | 114.7 | 126.3 | 119.2 | 109.8 | 111.6 | 107.8 | 125.5 | 129.9 | 125.2 | 119.6 | -104. 1 | +105.7 | ${ }^{+} 118.6$ |
| Tobacco manufactures...-.-.-.-...-do...- | 83.7 | 70.4 | 75.6 | 77.1 | 76.8 | 72.6 | 72.3 | 70.6 | 73.6 | 73.3 | 77.5 | r 78.3 | r 84.1 |
| Manufacturing, unadjusted, by states and cities: <br> State: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Delaware .......................- $1823-25=100 .$. | 264.8 | 173.7 | 169.5 | 171.9 | 182.4 | 187.9 | 188.7 | 193.8 | 199.4 | 214.2 | 220.0 | 233.2 | r 251.2 |
|  | 210.3 | 180.5 | 183. 7 | 181.7 | 188.4 | 188.4 | 192.4 | 194.3 | 195.9 | 198.6 | 200.0 | 201.2 | 210.3 |
| Maryland .-.-.................-1929-31=100.. | 321.5 | 215.2 | 224.5 | 221.4 | 234.0 | 241.0 | 251.5 | 259.7 | 276.7 | 279.5 | 285.3 | 307.0 | r 310.1 |
| Massachusetts.............-.-. $1925-27=100 .$. | 154.8 | 121.3 | 120.7 | 119.5 | 125.7 | 129.3 | 132.6 | 136.4 | 137.6 | 141.4 | 142.1 | 146.9 | 150.5 |
| New Jersey -....--.........-- | 253.7 | 189.3 | 188.5 | 190.0 | 198.5 | 205.3 | 210.2 | 219.2 | 224.2 | 230.0 | 230.2 | 234.3 | - 243.0 |
|  | 239.9 | 194.5 | 190.0 | 186.7 | 194.2 | 197.8 | 210.0 | 216.4 | 217.9 | 219.4 | 212.0 | 220.3 | 229.8 |
| Ohio _-...-.-.-.-.............- |  | 190.9 | 195.7 | 194.9 | 202.8 | 203.6 | 210.9 | 223.3 | 227.4 | 233.5 | 239.6 | + 251.5 | 263.8 |
| Pennsylvania | 161.7 | r 131.3 | 136.2 | 135. 2 | 139.6 | 139.4 | 144.7 | 146.8 | 148.9 | 151.1 | 154.6 | ${ }^{+155.2}$ | ${ }^{-} 160.2$ |
|  |  | 164.6 | 173.2 | 170.5 | 172.9 | 175.2 | 182.2 | 188.1 | 191.3 | 197.8 | 206.4 | 206.0 | 216.0 |
|  | 320.6 | 220.9 | 229.6 | 226.9 | 240.4 | 247.5 | 256.0 | 263.8 | 281.3 | 282. 2 | 288, 1 | 305.1 | (6\% |
|  | 209.0 | 177.8 | 180.3 | 179.9 | 186.9 | 189.1 | 189.1 | 191.0 | 192.5 | 198.5 | 196.4 | 200.1 | 206.7 |
|  |  | 219.7 | 229.8 | 229.5 | 239.7 | 243.7 | 254.7 | 256.5 | 263.6 | 273.6 | 286.2 | 295.1 | 312.5 |
| Milwaukee-.......-.-.........- $1925-27=100$. |  | 168.2 | 175.0 | 173.8 | 180.2 | 182.0 | 187.0 | 195.0 | 204.4 | 216.2 | 222.7 | 229.2 | 244.1 |
| New York $\dagger$-----------------1935-39 = 100 | 194.4 | 170.2 | 157.3 | 150.9 | 158.7 | 156.7 | 176.6 | 183.1 | 181.4 | 175.7 | 156.8 | 166.1 | 185.5 |
|  | 211.7 | 144.0 | 149.9 | 151.8 | 159.0 | 160.6 | 168.6 | 174.6 | 179.2 | 184.6 | 190.3 | ${ }^{r} 198.2$ | ${ }^{-} 204.0$ |
|  | 170.5 | 143.6 | 150.6 | 149.8 | 153.1 | 153.3 | 157.5 | 158.4 | 159.5 | 161.8 | 165.4 | ${ }^{+} 161.9$ | ${ }^{+} 167.2$ |
| Wlmington | 228.3 | 145.9 | 149.7 | 153.8 | 163.2 | 169.2 | 169.4 | 173.9 | 178. 1 | 190.3 | 196.0 | 206.6 | ${ }^{+} 218.0$ |
| Nonmanufacturing, unadjusted (U. S. Department of Labor): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mining: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Anthracite.---.-------.......-. 1929 = 100.- | 50.4 | 49.6 | 49.2 | 41.8 | 35.9 | 39.4 | 49.6 | 50.9 | 44.7 | 51.5 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 56.0$ | + 45.9 | 48.1 |
|  | 121.9 | 115.5 | 122.6 | 116.3 | 119.9 | 117.1 | 118.2 | 116.9 | 118.3 | 122.1 | $r 140.3$ | + 112.7 | +118.6 |
|  | 103.3 | 85.9 | 88.3 | 89.8 | 93.7 | 94.3 | 98.4 | 09.1 | 99.1 | 100.8 | 102.0 | 101.6 | ${ }^{5} 106.5$ |
| Crude petroleum producing. .-....... do...- | 64.8 | 64.4 | 64.4 | 64.2 | 64.6 | 64.8 | 64.8 | 62.6 | 63.2 | 62.0 | 63.1 | -62.4 | ${ }^{r} 62.7$ |
| Quarrying and nonmetallic....---....-do.--- | 70.2 | 60.5 | 61.5 | 57.5 | 55.8 | 48.9 | 52.0 | 54.4 | 58.1 | 63.0 | 65.1 | 65.9 | r 67.4 |
| Public utilities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Electric light and power......--......-do....- | 111.9 | 115.0 78.1 | 115.7 78.4 | 115.2 78.2 | 115.2 -80.0 | 114.6 80.5 | 113.7 | 113.5 | 113.5 | 113.6 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 113.6$ | r 113.4 $r 910$ | $r$ $r$ $r 93$ $r$ |
| Street railways and busses............- do...-- | 94.0 132.5 | 78.1 117.3 | 78.4 117.0 | 78.2 118.3 | - 80.0 122.9 | 80.5 120.9 | 83.7 120.9 | 84.7 121.8 | 84.4 122.2 | 86.8 125.0 | 89.4 125.3 | r 91.0 126.0 | $r 93.8$ $r$ $r$ |
| Services: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 108.5 | 99.5 | 98.5 | 93.0 | 88.6 | 86.5 | 85.6 | 92.7 | 105. 7 | 113.1 | 117.7 | $r 109.2$ | - 106.4 |
| Laundries..................................do...... | 117.8 | 105.2 | 103.4 | 101.9 | 102.6 | 103.8 | 102.5 | 1043 | 108.6 | 113.8 | 115.2 | r 117.8 | $r 116.8$ |
|  | 97.5 | 90.0 | 91.9 | 03.2 | 93.3 | 91.5 | 92.6 | 91.6 | 93.5 | 95.4 | 96.6 | ${ }^{5} 96.5$ | r 96.6 |

$r$ Révised.
${ }^{1}$ Included in total and group indexes, but not available for publication separately.
Data for years prior to 1940, comparable with data beginning with that year published in the 1942 Supplement and currently, will be shown in a subsequent issue
Revised series. Earlier data for the revised pay roll index for New York City not shown in the July 1942 Survey and subsequent issues will be published later.

| Monthly statistics through December 1941, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1942 | 1941 |  |  |  | 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | September | Sep- tember | October | November | December | $\underset{\text { ary }}{\text { Janu- }}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August |

## EMPLOYMENT CONDITIONS AND WAGES-Continued

| PAF ROLLS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Nonmfg., unadj. (U.S.Dept. of Labor)-Con. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Trade: <br> Retail, total $\quad$ - $1929-100$ | 93.3 | 95.8 | 97.3 | 98.5 | 107.8 | 94.6 | 93.9 | 93.7 | 93.6 | 94.0 | 93.4 | r91.8 | 91.4 |
|  | 112.2 | 106.6 | 110.8 | 117.8 | 151.1 | 105.7 | 104.1 | 105.2 | 108.0 | 108.5 | 109.0 | - 105. 1 | +104.9 |
|  | 92.1 | 90.8 | 92.0 | 01.6 | 92.8 | 91.8 | 93.7 | 03.9 | 92.2 | 91.7 | 91.0 | 91.3 | r91.8 |
| WAGES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Factory average weekly earnings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Natl. Ind. Con. Bd. (25 industries) -_dollars. |  | 35.10 | 35.65 | 35. 74 | 36.08 | 37.47 | 37.53 | 38. 14 | 38. 68 | 39.00 | 39.52 | r 39.80 | 40.87 |
| U. S.Dept. of Labor (90 industries)....do... |  | 32.06 | 32.89 | 32.79 | 33.70 | 35.11 | 35.71 | 36.11 | 36. 63 | 37.46 | r 37.99 | ${ }^{r} 38.56$ | 39. 42 |
| Durable goods |  | 36.82 | 37.92 | 37.63 | 38.62 | 40.91 | 41.53 | 41.94 | 42.57 | 43.41 | 44.02 | $r 44.62$ | 45.64 |
| Iron andudatin products, not including machinery $\qquad$ dollars. |  | 35.60 | 36.49 | 36.41 | 36.99 | 37.31 | 38.32 | 38.89 | 38.99 | 39.68 | r 39.84 | ${ }^{r} 40.46$ | 41.29 |
| Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills. dollars. |  | 37.81 | 38.63 | 39.06 | 39.26 | 39.13 | 40.23 | 40.67 | 40.22 | 40.91 | 40.85 | r 41.77 | 42.22 |
|  |  | 31.35 | 32.29 | 32.07 | 31.90 | 32.94 | 33.67 | 34.66 | 35. 84 | 37.22 | 37.77 | 38.40 | 39.61 |
| Structural and ornamental metal work dollars. |  | 36.51 | 37.59 | 34.89 | 36.89 | 38.00 | 39.95 | 40.65 | 40.85 | 41.14 | 41.63 | 41.66 | 44.87 |
| Tin cans and other tinware......do...- |  | 28.92 | 29.68 | 27.39 | 28.89 | 29.64 | 28.16 | 28.97 | 29.21 | 29.26 | 29.77 | 30.43 | 31.67 |
| Lumber and allied products.........do. |  | 24.47 | 25. 12 | 24.12 | 24. 30 | 23.80 | 24.94 | 25.33 | 25.71 | 26.66 | $\because 27.34$ | - 27.26 | 28.54 |
|  |  | 26. 03 | 26.62 | 25.95 | 26.61 | 25.47 | 26.46 | 26.75 | 27.26 | 28.05 | +27.91 | r 27.84 | 29.03 |
| Lumber, sawmills ......-.-........-. do. |  | 22.72 | 23.22 | 21.79 | 21.48 | 21.77 | 23.20 | 23.47 | 23.97 | 25.05 | 26.26 | - 26.07 | 27.34 |
| Machinery, excluding transportation equipment dollars.- |  | 38. 47 | 39.23 | 38.90 | 40.67 | 43.00 | 43.49 | 44.34 | 44.56 | 45.41 | r 46.16 | r 46.04 | 46. 38 |
| Agricultural implements (including tractors).........................dollars. |  | 37.12 | 37.46 | 36. 72 | 35. 96 | 38.28 | 39.82 | 40.61 | 40.93 | 42.55 | 43.07 | 42.36 | 43. 72 |
| Electrical machinery, apparatus, and supplies $\qquad$ dollars. |  | 37.24 | 37.78 | 37.16 | 38.90 | 40.68 | 41. 10 | 41.52 | 41.80 | 42.21 | 42.62 | 42.57 | 43.31 |
| Engines, turbines, water wheels, and windmills $\qquad$ dollars. |  | 47.59 | 49.41 | 「51.68 | r 52.71 | * 57.75 | - 55.59 | - 57.49 | 56.48 | - 56.48 | * 56.15 | r 56.91 | 54. 00 |
| Foundry and machine-shop products dollars |  | 37.77 | 38.84 | 38.00 | 39.86 | 41.09 | 41.98 | 42.90 | 43.49 | 43.91 | 44.71 | 44.46 | 45.74 |
| Machine tools ..........-.-..........do..-. |  | 44.74 | 45. 54 | 45. 17 | 48.82 | 50.81 | 50.87 | 51. 43 | 50. 79 | 52.24 | 52.47 | 51. 58 | 52.17 |
| Radios and phonographs...........do |  | 29.25 | 29.42 | 30.03 | 32.01 | 32.17 | 32.84 | 33.88 | 34.31 | 35. 33 | 36. 50 | 36. 77 | 36. 72 |
| Metals, nonferrous, and products..-do |  | 35.22 | 35.09 | 34. 74 | 36.72 | 38. 19 | 38.47 | 39. 16 | 40.01 | -40.39 | 41. 23 | $\begin{array}{r}+42.03 \\ +46 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 43. 00 |
| Brass, bronze, and copper prod.-do |  | 38.65 | 38.24 | 37.79 | 40.81 | 43.54 | 43.62 | 43.77 | 44.56 | - 44.73 | 45.81 | - 46.79 | 48. 02 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products..... do |  | 28.28 | 29.38 | 28. 49 | 29.21 | 28.04 | 29.77 | 30.02 | 30.00 | 30.59 | 30.31 | + 29.90 | 31.10 |
| Brick, tile, and terra cotta....... do |  | 25. 27 | 25.71 | 25.13 | 25.72 | 24.62 | 26. 10 | 26. 52 | 26.71 | 27.07 | 27.56 | + 27.38 | 27.99 |
| Glass...-.-.-..-.-..................- do |  | 30.19 | 32. 16 | 30.97 | 31.75 | 30.80 | 32.15 | 32.10 | 32.08 | 32.99 | 31.49 | +30.83 | 32. 55 |
| Transportation equipment...........do |  | 41.72 | 43.60 | 43.00 | 43. 74 | 49.29 | 49.31 | 48. 95 | 49.71 | 50.06 | ${ }^{\mathbf{r}} 5 \mathbf{5 0 . 1 0}$ | ${ }^{+} 50.93$ | 52.16 |
|  |  | 38.23 | 39.29 | 39.84 | 42.50 | 46.78 | 44.97 | 45.24 | + 45.90 | - 46.22 | ${ }^{r} 46.67$ | - 46.03 | 46.09 |
| Automoblles.-.----------------- do |  | 41.72 | 44.32 | 43.84 | 40.97 | 49.36 | 48.92 | 49.34 | 50.29 | 50.08 | 50. 20 | 49.79 | 51. 76 |
|  |  | 46.82 | 47.84 | 45. 90 | 49.19 | 52.42 | 53.38 | 52.28 | 53.28 | 53.27 | +52.73 | ${ }^{+} 55.07$ | 56. 93 |
|  |  | 25.78 | 26.11 | 26.11 | 26.91 | 26.95 | 27.35 | 27.68 | 27.78 | 28.26 | r 28.32 | + 28.66 | 29, 12 |
| Chemical, petroleum, and coal products |  | 34. 12 | 34.99 | 35.21 | 36. 14 | 36.17 | 36.45 | 36.64 | 37.04 | 37.93 | ${ }^{r} 38.03$ | 38. 80 | 39.35 |
|  |  | 36. 58 | 37.66 | 37.89 | 38.74 | 39.18 | 39.02 | 39.52 | 39. 97 | 41. 06 | 41. 21 | + 42.09 | 41.73 |
| Paints and varnishes.......-....... do |  | 32.56 | 33.33 | 33.30 | 34.13 | 33.88 | 34.66 | 35. 25 | 35.34 | 35. 96 | 35. 78 | + 35.47 | 35.90 |
| Petroleum refining-.-.-------- do |  | 40.14 | 40.33 | 40.33 | 41.74 | 41.09 | 42.64 | 42.57 | 41.97 | 42.07 | 42. 18 | 43. 10 | 43. 54 |
| Rayon and allied products.......-do |  | 29.29 | 30.42 | 30.50 | 31.13 | 31.71 | 31.95 | 32.15 | 32.05 | 32.13 | - 32.07 | 32. 20 | 33. 31 , |
| Food and kindred products..-...-- |  | 26.56 | 27.14 | 27.40 | 28.28 | 29.06 | 28.56 | 28.94 | 29.18 | 29.90 | +30.30 + | - 30.21 | 29.61 |
|  |  | 28.32 | 28. 18 | 28.81 | 28.84 | 29.30 | 29.41 | 29.48 | 29.52 | 30.45 | ${ }^{+} 31.34$ | - 31.44 | 31.62 |
| Slaughtering and meat packing.. do |  | 30. 63 | 31. 16 | 30.77 | 31.82 | 33.02 | 30.70 | 31.04 | 31.49 | 31.87 | 32.86 | 32.61 | 32. 40 |
| Leather and its manufactures......do. |  | 23.71 | 23. 59 | 23.16 | 24.87 | 25. 08 | 26.16 | 26. 55 | 26.57 | 26.35 | 26.09 | 26. 46 | 26.37 |
| Boots and shoes...--...---.----- - - do |  | 22.35 | 22.07 | 21.45 | 23.36 | 23. 64 | 24.86 | 25.32 | 25.21 | 24.84 | 24.48 | 24. 71 | 24.89 |
| Paper and printing.............-.-....do |  | 32.34 | 32. 66 | 32.98 | 34.02 | 33.34 | 33.45 | 33. 68 | 33. 45 | 33.59 | 33.76 | ${ }^{\text {r 33. }} 35$ | 34.50 |
| Paper and pulp...............-.-. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ - |  | 31.17 | 31.73 | 31.98 | 32.40 | 32.82 | 33.28 | 33.50 | 32.84 | 32.94 | 33.14 | 33. 09 | 34.50 |
| Rubber products.-.-.-.---.-.-.-.- do |  | 32. 65 | 33.54 | 34.37 | 33.50 | 34.55 | 34.88 | 36.32 | 35.91 | 37.80 | 38. 24 | ${ }^{+} 38.88$ | 39. 46 |
| Rubber tires and inner tubes....-do |  | 36. 19 | 37.92 | 39.71 | 37. 35 | 40.05 | 40.62 | 42.27 | 42.55 | 44. 05 | 44.42 -23.45 | $\begin{array}{r} \\ +46.04 \\ \hline 28\end{array}$ | 45. 79 |
| Textiles and their products...-.....do |  | 21.73 | 21.91 | 21. 56 | 22. 29 | 22. 14 | 22.94 | 23.25 | 23.37 | 23. 70 | - 23.45 | 23.73 | 24. 65 |
| Fabrics .---.-.-------------- do. |  | 21.38 | 21.80 | 21. 66 | 22.46 | 22.32 | 22.73 | 22. 90 | 23.20 | 23.70 | + 23.79 | +24.01 $r$ | 24. 79 |
| Wearing apparel |  | 22.68 | 22. 21 | 21. 28 | 21.79 | 21.59 | 23.52 | 24.23 | 23.85 | 23.72 | - 22.47 | r 22.88 | 24.26 |
| Tobacco manufactures ...-.-.-.-.... do |  | 20.00 | 20.36 | 20.45 | 20.65 | 20.76 | 20.05 | 19.72 | 20.82 | 21.25 | 22. 16 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 22.10$ | 23.09 |
| Factory average hourly earnings: <br> Natl. Ind. Con Bd. ( 25 industries) ...do |  | . 845 | . 853 | . 860 | . 868 | . 878 | . 880 | . 888 | . 896 | . 906 | . 917 | T. 928 | . 939 |
| U. S. Dept. of Labor ( 90 industries) .-. do. |  | . 758 | . 770 | . 781 | . 787 | .801 | . 803 | . 809 | . 819 | .831 | . 840 | . 850 | . 862 |
| Durable goods.................-.-.-do....- |  | . 843 | . 853 | . 865 | . 871 | . 889 | . 893 | . 899 | . 910 | . 923 | . 933 | . 946 | . 963 |
| Iron and steel and their products, not including machinery dollars.- |  | . 875 | . 877 | . 886 | . 894 | . 904 | . 909 | . 916 | . 926 | . 933 | . 937 | . 943 | . 967 |
| Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills dollars. |  | . 971 | . 969 | . 977 | . 983 | . 986 | . 988 | . 990 | -. 996 | 1.000 | . 999 | 1.004 | 1. 030 |
| Hardware |  | . 744 | . 749 | . 754 | . 741 | . 750 | . 746 | . 784 | . 790 | -. 812 | r. 827 | r. 852 | . 871 |
| Structural and ornamental metal work $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tin cans and other tinware.....do. |  | . 848 | . 8508 | . 8407 | . 8503 | .875 .713 | . 809 | . 899 | . 8981 | . 900 | . 905 | .910 .749 | . 946 |
| Lumber and allied products.........do. |  | . 590 | . 598 | . 602 | . 602 | . 607 | . 613 | . 620 | . 632 | . 644 | . 659 | . 660 | . 677 |
|  |  | . 617 | . 623 | . 637 | . 638 | . 641 | . 649 | . 655 | . 667 | . 677 | -. 673 | ${ }^{+} .672$ | . 681 |
| Lumber, sawmills. .-..............ddo...- |  | . 572 | . 578 | . 573 | . 572 | . 576 | . 584 | . 594 | . 606 | . 620 | . 646 | . 646 | . 664 |
| Machinery, excluding transportation equipment.-......................dollars.- |  | . 850 | . 863 | . 871 | . 884 | . 906 | . 910 | . 918 | r. 932 | 「. 945 | -. 955 | '. 961 | 964 |
| Agricultural implements (including tractors) dollars. |  | . 916 | . 921 | . 917 | . 922 | . 926 | . 938 | . 950 | . 955 | . 986 | 1.002 | 1. 000 | 1. 014 |
| Electrical machinery, apparatus, and |  | .855 | . 860 | . 864 |  |  | . 903 | . 906 | . 913 | . 918 |  |  |  |
| Engines, turbines, water wheels, and |  | . 805 |  | . 804 | . 878 | . 898 | . 903 | . 906 | . 913 | . 918 | . 926 | . 932 | . 938 |
| windmills.................... dollais.- |  | 1.017 | 1.048 | 1. 091 | 1.094 | r 1.152 | r 1.126 | r 1.153 | - 1.155 | -1.158 | -1.154 | r 1.175 | 1.104 |
| Foundry and machine-shop products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| dollars.- |  | . 829 | . 843 | . 849 | . 858 | . 874 | . 879 | . 881 | . 900 | . 910 | . 921 | . 924 | . 942 |
| Machine tools-...........-.----. - do. |  | . 871 | . 876 | . 888 | . 908 | . 926 | . 928 | . 943 | . 944 | . 965 | . 974 | . 973 | . 987 |
| Radios and phonographs $\ddagger$.-.-.-do.. |  | . 697 | . 701 | . 705 | . 726 | . 739 | . 754 | . 757 | - 770 | . 785 | . 799 | 803 | . 837 |
| Metals, nonferrous, and products_-do..-- |  | . 821 | . 822 | . 831 | . 848 | . 865 | . 872 | . 884 | . 897 | . 908 | . 920 | . 935 | . 954 |
| Brass, brozze, and copper products dollars.. |  | . 887 | . 890 | . 894 | . 918 | . 94 | . 957 | . 970 | . 981 | . 993 | 1.000 | -1.027 | 1.047 |

F Revised.
$\ddagger$ Hourly earnings for structural and ornamental metal work revised beginning April 1942, and for radios and phonographs beginning February 1942, on the basis of more complete reports.

| Monthly statistics through December 1941, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1942 | 1941 |  |  |  | 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sep- tember | Sep- tember | October | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | Decem. ber | January | February | March | April | May | June | July | August |

EMPLOYMENT CONDITIONS AND WAGES-Continued

| WAGES-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Factory average hourly earnings-Continued. U. S. Department of Labor-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Durable goods-Continued. |  | 0.736 |  |  |  | 0.751 | 0.759 | 0.762 | 0.767 | 0.771 | 0.780 | -0.787 | 0.798 |
| Brick, tile, and terra cotta ........do.... |  | . 653 | . 655 | . 657 | . 666 | . 669 | . 675 | . 685 | . 689 | . 700 | $\bigcirc$ | $\stackrel{714}{ }$ | . 727 |
|  |  | . 812 | . 8386 | . 839 | . 838 | . 825 | . 830 | . 826 | . 834 | . 835 | r. 838 | ${ }^{5} .842$ |  |
| Transportation equipment........-do. |  | 1.003 | 1.019 | 1. 042 | ${ }_{\text {1 }}^{1.035}$ | 1. 0669 | ${ }^{1} .061$ | $\begin{array}{r}1.052 \\ + \\ \hline 958\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1.057 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1.069 | ${ }_{\text {r. }}^{1.093}$ | 1.091 <br> $r$ <br> r <br> 92 | 1.114 .993 |
| Aircraft ${ }^{\text {Automobiles }}$ - |  | 1.847 1.879 | 1.872 1.091 1 | 1.903 1.116 | r. .918 1 1 1.107 | $\begin{array}{r}1.963 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 1.956 1.136 1.78 |  | r. <br> r <br> 1.142 <br> 1.142 | r. 1.137 1.137 | r. 1.992 1.144 | 1.993 1.145 |
| Automobiles.........................-. do |  | 1.079 1.043 | 1.091 1.059 | 1.116 1.070 | 1.107 1.063 | 1.168 1.085 | 1.158 1.091 | 1.136 1.078 | 1.133 1.083 | 1.142 1.091 | - $\begin{array}{r}1.137 \\ 1.088 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | -1.144 <br> 1.138 <br> 1.38 | 1.145 1.188 |
| Nondurable goods....-............................ |  | . 668 | . 680 | . 688 | . 695 | . 701 | . 702 | . 707 | . 714 | . 722 | . 727 | . 732 | . 738 |
| Ohemical, petroleum, and coal products |  |  | . 861 | . 875 | . 881 | . 886 |  | . 889 |  | . 917 |  |  |  |
| .Chemicals ....-.-.-.-.............do.--- |  | .897 | . 921 | . 933 | . 984 | . 949 | :8950 | . 966 | .973 | . 990 | 990 | ${ }_{-1.003}$ | 1. 001 |
| Paints and varnishes................do |  | . 789 | . 808 | . 818 | . 822 | . 824 | .831 | . 839 | . 847 | . 856 | . 862 | $\stackrel{5}{5} 864$ | . 870 |
| Petroleum refining..-..............-do |  | 1.083 | 1.097 | 1. 109 | 1. 106 | 1. 107 | 1.104 | 1.104 | 1.103 | 1.098 | 1.102 | 1. 109 | 1.124 |
| Rayon and allied products........do |  | . 746 | . 773 | . 775 | . 797 | . 800 | . 812 | . 812 | . 812 | $\bigcirc 808$ | r. 808 | r. 824 |  |
| Food and kindred products.........do |  | . 657 | . 679 | . 695 | . 703 | . 718 | . 718 | . 723 | . 732 | . 741 | . 743 | 735 | 732 |
|  |  | . 674 | . 675 | . 688 | . 695 | . 697 | . 696 | . 698 | . 706 | . 717 | -. 731 | r. 738 | 737 |
| Slaughtering and meat packing--do |  | . 780 | . 786 | . 794 | . 782 | . 791 | . 786 | . 791 | . 800 | . 800 | . 806 | . 801 | 807 |
| Leather and its manufactures ...-. do |  | . 630 | . 635 | . 644 | . 649 | . 649 | . 658 | -663 | . 678 | . 682 | . 685 | . 687 | ${ }^{687}$ |
| Boots and shoes......--------.-- do |  | . 601 | . 605 | . 614 | . 618 | . 6165 | . 628 | . 686 | . 6489 | . 6870 | . 6882 | . 6854 | 657 896 |
| Paper and printing.......---.-...-. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ do Paper and |  | . 888 | . 834 | . 789 | . 885 | . 8760 | . 8764 | . 8669 | . 8768 | . 8777 | . 8886 | . 8809 | 896 816 |
| Rubber productsf. |  | . 859 | . 859 | . 870 | . 875 | . 887 | . 882 | . 901 | . 902 | . 916 | . 926 | 933 | 936 |
| Rubber tires and inner tubesf....-do |  | 1.046 | 1.043 | 1. 660 | 1.058 | 1.085 | 1.074 | 1.093 | 1.084 | 1.096 | 1.103 | -1. 107 | 1. 100 |
| Textiles and their products.........do |  | . 569 | . 681 | . 579 | . 683 | . 589 | . 592 | . 596 | . 599 | . 604 | . 603 | r. 611 | ${ }^{627}$ |
|  |  | . 551 | . 566 | . 567 | . 571 | . 574 | . 574 | . 576 | . 583 | . 592 | . 595 | ${ }^{5} .604$ | ${ }_{64}^{619}$ |
| Wearing apparel -................ do |  | . 602 | . 611 | . 604 | .609 .530 | . 6248 | .629 .544 | . 635 | . 638 | . 627 | . 616 | .628 .575 | 642 587 |
| Factory average weekly earnings, by states: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Delaware....-...-.-.........---1923-25=100.- | 150.9 | 113.6 | 118.7 | 121.7 | 128.3 | 131.5 | 131.6 | 134.6 | 137.2 | 142.0 | 139.9 | 146.3 | -145. 0 |
|  | 151.2 | 129.2 | 132.3 | 130.3 | 135.5 | 137.3 | 140.3 | 141.8 | 144.0 | 147.9 | 148.9 | 148.4 | 150.9 |
| Massachusetts ...-..........--..-1925-27=100 | 150.5 | 121.9 | 120.5 | 119.4 | 125.2 | 130.3 | 131.9 | 134.4 | 134.9 | 138.9 | 140.0 | 144.3 | 146.5 |
| New Jersey ....-.-...-.-.-.-.-.--1923-25=100.- | 190.1 | 156.8 | 157. 1 | 157.4 | 163.9 | 169.3 | 170.3 | 175.4 | 177.7 | 180.5 | 180.9 | 184.0 | 184.7 |
| New York | 160.3 | 136.5 | 133.3 | 132.3 | 137.5 | 142.4 | 146.4 | 148.8 | 150.1 | 152.4 | 152.1 | 154.8 | 157.0 |
| Pennsylvania ----------------1923-25=100-- | 161.9 | 134.4 | 139.4 | 138.6 | 143.0 | 144.6 | 148.9 | 150.2 | 151.3 | 153.6 | 155.4 | 155.4 | 159.8 |
|  |  | 130.2 | 136.7 | 134.8 | 136.6 | 140.3 | 145.0 | 147.7 | 147.7 | 150.8 | 154.9 | 152.1 | 157.8 |
| Miscellaneous wage data: <br> Construction wage rates (E. N. R.):! |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Common labor.............d.dol. per hour.. | . 823 | . 761 | . 761 | . 768 |  | . 776 | . 780 | . 780 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Skilled labor--.....-.-.-.-.-. | 1. 59 | 1.62 | 1. 52 | 1. 52 | 1. 52 | 1.53 | 1.54 | 1. 54 | 1. 54 | i. 64 | i. 55 | 1. 56 | 1. 59 |
| arm wages without board (quarterly) <br> dol. permonth |  |  | 45.47 |  |  | 47.77 |  |  |  |  |  | 56.97 |  |
| Railway wages (avg., class I)_dol. per hour.- |  | . 733 | . 727 | . 745 | .836 | . 841 | .860 | . 840 | . 834 | . 835 | .826 | 825 | . 828 |
| Road-building wages, common labor: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | . 63 | . 48 | . 49 | . 49 | . 49 | . 45 | . 43 | . 47 | . 49 | . 53 | . 56 | . 59 | . 61 |
| East North Central.....-.-........- do- | . 77 | $\cdot 65$ | . 65 | . 66 | . 67 | . 65 | . 69 | . 68 | . 65 | . 67 | . 71 | . 71 | . 73 |
|  | . 64 | . 57 | - 59 | - 57 | . 69 | . 63 | . 69 | - 57 | . 64 | . 61 | . 61 | . 69 | . 66 |
|  | . 74 | . 62 | . 63 | . 60 | . 61 | . 63 | . 62 | . 62 | . 63 | . 68 | . 68 | . 71 | . 77 |
| New England...-.......-.-..........-do. | 66 | . 55 | . 54 | . 55 | . 59 | . 57 | . 52 | . 52 | . 62 | . 65 | , . 64 | . 69 | . 65 |
|  | 1.08 | . 79 | . 80 | . 79 | .81 | . 85 | . 82 | . 82 | . 89 | .90 | . 92 | . 95 |  |
| South Atlantic. do <br> West North Central $\qquad$ $\qquad$ | . 50 | - 36 | - 36 | - 37 | - 35 | . 35 | . 36 | . 37 | . 40 | . 43 | . 46 | . 60 | . 60 |
|  | . 44 | .42 | .41 | .41 | . 41 | . 40 | . 43 | . 42 | . 44 | . 42 | .43 | . 41 | 46 |
| PUBLIC ASSISTANCE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total public assistance and earnings of persons employed under Federal work programs |  | 159 | 161 | 160 | 170 | 162 | 157 | 159 | 150 | 1-1 | 35 | 120 | 110 |
| Assistance to recipients: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Special types of public assistance.....-do. |  | 61 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 64 |  |  |
| Old-age assistance--..-..-----.-...-do |  | 46 | 47 | 47 | 48 | 48 | 49 | 48 | 48 | 49 | 49 | 50 | 50 |
| General relief---.-. |  | 19 | 19 | 18 | 19 | 20 | 19 | 19 | 17 | 15 | 14 | 14 | 13 |
| Earnings of persons employed under Federal work programs: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oivilian Conservation Corps -.-mil. of dol.- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  |
| Work Projects Administration. $\qquad$ do |  | $68$ | 62 | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & 60 \end{aligned}$ | 69 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 7 \\ 58 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7 \\ 62 \end{array}$ | 56 | 6 50 | $\begin{array}{r}6 \\ 47 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 42 | 31 |
| Earnings on regular Federal construction projects..............................-mil. of dol.. | p 429 | 137 | 157 | 167 | 167 | 166 | 186 | 194 | 237 | 287 | 314 | 368 | 423 |

FINANCE

| BANKING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Acceptances and com'l paper outstanding: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bankers' acceptances, total.....mil. of dol.- | 123 | 177 | 185 | 194 | 194 | 197 | 190 | 183 | 177 | 174 | 163 | 156 | 139 |
| Held by accepting banks, total.....-do.... | 97 | 131 | 138 | 144 | 146 | 154 | 144 | 146 | 139 | 133 | 122 | 119 | 108 |
|  | 64 | 85 | 90 | 93 | 92 | 103 | 92 | 89 | 86 | 82 | 78 | 77 | 71 |
|  | 33 26 | 46 46 | 47 | $\stackrel{51}{50}$ | $\begin{array}{r}54 \\ 49 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 52 43 | 53 46 | 57 <br> 37 | 53 38 | ${ }_{41}^{51}$ | 44 41 | 42 <br> 38 | $\stackrel{37}{37}$ |
| Commercial paper outstanding--..-.............. | 282 | 371 | 378 | 387 | 375 | 381 | 388 | 384 | 373 | 354 | 315 | 305 | $\stackrel{31}{297}$ |
| - Revised. |  |  | ${ }^{\text {Pr }}$ | inary |  |  |  |  | tha | ,000. |  |  |  |

Revised.
1 No data available for small amounts expended in July and August.
No data available
$\ddagger$ Data for shipbuilding revised beginning December 1941 and for rubber products and rubber tires and inner tubes beginning March 1942, on the basis of more complete reports.
§ Data for years prior to 1940 , comparable with data beginning with that year published in the 1942 Supplement and currently, will be shown in a subsequent issue.

| Monthly ststistios through December 1941, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the deta, may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1942 | 1941 |  |  |  | $1942{ }^{\circ}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sep- } \\ & \text { tember } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sep- } \\ & \text { tember } \end{aligned}$ | October | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | December | $\underset{\text { Janu- }}{\text { Jary }}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August |

FINANCE-Continued

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline BANKING-Continued \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Agricultural loans outstanding of agencies supervised by the Farm Credit Adm.: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Total, excl. joint-stock land bks.- mil. of dol-- \& ${ }^{2,776}$ \& 2,954 \& 2,924 \& 2,906 \& 2,881 \& 2,873 \& 2,878 \& 2,876 \& 2, 888 \& 2, 869 \& 2,864 \& 2,868 \& 2,818
232 <br>
\hline Farm mortgage loans, total------.--- do-- \& $\stackrel{2}{2} 207$ \& 2,411 \& 2,395
1,786 \& 2,380
1,776 \& 2,361
1,764 \& 2,343 \& 2,332 \& 2,311 \& 2,296 \& \& 2,274 \& 2,274 \& -1, ${ }^{1}, 679$ <br>
\hline Federal land banks--------------do \& $\begin{array}{r}1,663 \\ \hline .544 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 1,795 \& 1,786 \& 1,776 \& $\begin{array}{r}1,764 \\ \hline 597\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}1,753 \\ \hline 590\end{array}$ \& 1,746 \& $\begin{array}{r}1,731 \\ 580 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& $\xrightarrow{1,721}$ \& 1,715 \& 1,706 \& 1,706

568 \& 1,679
553 <br>
\hline Loans to cooperatives, total............do \& 126 \& 111 \& 119 \& 128 \& 133 \& 130 \& 129 \& 125 \& 121 \& 114 \& 115 \& 117 \& 117 <br>
\hline Banks for cooperatives, including central \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline benk-1.--------........mil. of dol.- \& 112 \& 94 \& 101 \& 109 \& 113 \& 111 \& 110 \& 106 \& 102 \& 99 \& 101 \& 104 \& 104 <br>
\hline Agr. Mktg. Act revolving fund.--- do-- \& 12 \& 16 \& 16 \& 17 \& 17 \& 16 \& 17 \& 16 \& 16 \& 13 \& 13 \& 12 \& 12 <br>
\hline Short term credit, total...-.-.-.....-do \& 443 \& 431 \& 410 \& 398 \& 397 \& 400 \& 417 \& 440 \& 470 \& 468 \& 475 \& 477 \& 469 <br>
\hline Federal intermediate credit banks, loans to and discounts for: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Regional agricultural credit corps., prod. credit ass'ns, and banks for \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline cooperativeso' -...........mil. of dol. \& 249 \& 225 \& 219 \& 220 \& 226 \& 225 \& 235 \& 247 \& 258 \& 257 \& 260 \& 261 \& 255 <br>
\hline Other financing institutions...-.-do...- \& 43 \& 43 \& 39 \& 38 \& 39 \& 40 \& 41 \& 43 \& 44 \& 45 \& 47 \& 47 \& 47 <br>
\hline Production credit associations ......dio \& 225 \& 208 \& 194 \& 187 \& 188 \& 191 \& 203 \& 219 \& 245 \& 241 \& 248 \& 249 \& 243 <br>
\hline Regional agr. credit corporations...do \& 5 \& 7 \& 7 \& 7 \& 117 \& 5 \& 4 \& 4 \& 4 \& 4 \& 4 \& 5 \& ${ }_{12}^{5}$ <br>
\hline Emergeney crop loans...------..- do \& 124 \& 125 \& 121 \& 118 \& 117 \& 118 \& 122 \& 127 \& 130 \& 131 \& 129 \& 130 \& 128 <br>
\hline Drought relief loans \& 46 \& 49 \& 49 \& 48 \& 48 \& 48 \& 47 \& 47 \& 47 \& 47 \& 47 \& 46 \& ${ }_{4}^{46}$ <br>
\hline Joint-stock land banks, in liquidation_.-do \& 48, ${ }^{\text {p }} 114$ \& 39,976 \& 36
46,47 \& - $\begin{array}{r}35 \\ 41,164\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { \% } \\ \text { 63 } \\ \hline 181\end{array}$ \& 32
44,275 \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { \% } \\ \hline 32 \\ 37 \\ \hline 85\end{array}$ \& 37
44820 \& 42, 474 \& 44, 228 \& ${ }_{46,686}$ \& r 45.615 \& 26 <br>
\hline New York City. \& 18,593 \& 15,654 \& 19, 148 \& 16, 077 \& 20,598 \& 17,247 \& 14,242 \& 17,056 \& 16,023 \& 16,985 \& 17,394 \& 17,110 \& 17,051 <br>
\hline Outside New York City....................do \& 29,521 \& 24,322 \& 27,329 \& 25, 087 \& 31, 133 \& 27,028 \& 23,543 \& 27, 764 \& 26,451 \& 27, 241 \& 28, 292 \& - 28,505 \& - 27,837 <br>
\hline Federal Reserve banks, condition, end of mo.: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Assets, total .-.-.-mil. of dol.- \& 25,754 \& 24, 026 \& $\underset{\substack{24,211}}{2}$ \& 24, 192 \& 24, $\begin{array}{r}\text { 253 } \\ 2\end{array}$ \& 24, 288 \& 24,322 \& 24,187
2, 355 \& 24,359
2,468 \& 24,468
2634 \& 24,672
2
2 \& 25,139

$\mathbf{3}, 245$ \& $$
25,298
$$ <br>

\hline Res. bank credit outstanding, total-.-- do \& 3,774
8
8 \& 2,264 \& 2, 309 \& 2, ${ }^{212}$ \& 2,361 \& ${ }^{2}, 369$ \& 2, 412 \& 2,355 \& 2,468 \& 2, ${ }^{24} 7$ \& 2,775 \& 3,245 \& <br>
\hline United States securities...--.-......-do \& 3,567 \& 2,184 \& 2,184 \& 2,184 \& 2,254 \& 2,243 \& 2,262 \& 2, 244 \& 2,357 \& 2,489 \& 2,645 \& 3.153 \& - 3,426 <br>
\hline Reserves, total \& 20, 808 \& 20, 712 \& 20,841 \& 20, 822 \& 20, 764 \& 20,902 \& 20, 846 \& 20, 821 \& 20,824 \& 20,799 \& 20, 830 \& 20, 802 \& 20, 803 <br>
\hline Gold certificates. \& 20,576 \& 20,461 \& 20,572 \& 20, 569 \& 20, 504 \& 20,533 \& 20,515 \& 20, 495 \& 20,510 \& 20,522 \& 20,566 \& 20, 546 \& 20,575 <br>
\hline Liabilities, total \& 25,754 \& 24, 026 \& 24, 211 \& 24, 192 \& 24, 353 \& 24, 288 \& 24, 322 \& 24, 187 \& 24,359 \& 24,468 \& 24, 672 \& 25, 139 \& 25, 298 <br>
\hline Deposits, total ---......-.-.-....- do \& 13, 660 \& 15, 489 \& 15,466 \& 15, 213 \& 14, 678 \& 14, 715 \& 14, 441 \& 14, 268 \& 14, 204 \& 14, 094 \& 13, 957 \& 14, 159 \& 13,952 <br>
\hline Member bank reserve balances...-. do \& 11,592 \& 13, 227 \& 12,580 \& 13, 140 \& 12,450 \& 12, 927 \& 12,619 \& 12,575 \& -12, 658 \& 12, 405 \& 12,305 \& 12,492 \& 12, 338 <br>
\hline Excess reserves (estimated) .-....do \& 1,690 \& 5.169 \& 4,557 \& 3,828 \& 3,085 \& 3,347 \& 2,969 \& 3,073 \& 2,791 \& 2,486 \& ${ }^{2,362}$ \& 2, 130 \& 2, 143 <br>
\hline Federal Reserve notes in circulation..do \& 10,658 \& 7,234 \& 7,432 \& 7,669 \& 8,192 \& 8,303 \& 8,559 \& 8.635 \& 8,821 \& 9,071 \& 9,376 \& 9, 721 \& 10,157
86.3 <br>
\hline Reserve ratio...-...........-.-.......-percent \& 85.6 \& 91.2 \& 91.0 \& 91.0 \& 90.8 \& 90.8 \& 90.6 \& 90.9 \& 90.4 \& 89.8 \& 89.3 \& 87.1 \& 86.3 <br>
\hline Federal Reserve reporting member banks, condition, Wednesday nearest end of month: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Deposits: ${ }^{\text {Demand, adjusted }- \text {--.........-mil. of dol.- }}$ \& 27, 424 \& 24, 277 \& 24, 258 \& 24, 324 \& 23,650 \& 24,747 \& 24,712 \& 24, 197 \& 25, 358 \& 25, 483 \& 25, 502 \& 26,670 \& 27, 217 <br>
\hline Demand, except interbank: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Individuals, partnerships, and corpora- \& 27, 344 \& 23,894 \& 23, 662 \& 23, 814 \& 23,993 \& 24, 206 \& 24, 595 \& 23,673 \& 24,636 \& 24, 922 \& 25, 343 \& 26, 236 \& 26, 818 <br>
\hline States and political subdivisions....-do...- \& 1,909 \& 1,906 \& 1,889 \& 1,780 \& 1,721 \& 1, 820 \& 1,804 \& 1,916 \& 2,096 \& 1,971 \& 1, 803 \& 1,811 \& 1,806 <br>
\hline United States Government-...-...-do. \& 2, 018 \& 5,580 \& 653 \& 526 \& 1,475 \& 1,451 \& 1,671 \& 1, 8189 \& 1, 506 \& 1,301 \& 1,442 \& 1,782 \& 1,511 <br>
\hline Time, except interbank, total........do. \& 5,285 \& 5,448 \& 5,459 \& 5,410 \& 5,368 \& 5,259 \& 5,205 \& 5,137 \& 5,128 \& 5, 109 \& 5,112 \& 5,115 \& 5,134 <br>
\hline Individuals, partnerships, and corporations. $\qquad$ \& 5,038 \& 5,267 \& 5,285 \& 5,232 \& 5,172 \& 5,058 \& 5,005 \& 4,953 \& 4,929 \& 4, 174 \& 4,955 \& 4, 975 \& 5,019 <br>
\hline States and political subdivisions...do...- \& 121 \& 160 \& 153 \& 155 \& 173 \& 181 \& 180 \& 164 \& 189 \& 175 \& 137 \& 120 \& 115 <br>
\hline Interbank, domestic.-.--.-.-.-....- do \& 8,527 \& 9,669 \& 9,357 \& 9,405 \& 9,040 \& 9,088 \& 9,033 \& 8,885 \& 8,687 \& 9,175 \& 9,090 \& 8,444 \& 8,681 <br>
\hline Investments, total \& 25, 593 \& 18, 101 \& 18,379 \& 18,432 \& 18, 715 \& 19,087 \& 19,551 \& 19, 100 \& 20, 1111 \& 20,774 \& 21, 642 \& 22, 816 \& 24, 775 <br>
\hline U. S. Govt. direct obligations, total.do \& 19,948 \& 10,982 \& 11, 318 \& 11,860 \& 12,085 \& 12, 689 \& 13,132 \& 12,705 \& 13,730 \& 14,559 \& 16, 200 \& 17,352 \& +18,493 <br>
\hline  \& 5,408 \& 785 \& 797 \& 990 \& ${ }^{883}$ \& 1,240 \& 1,206 \& ${ }^{680}$ \& ${ }^{\text {r1, }} \mathbf{6} \mathbf{6 9} 9$ \& 1,953 \& 2,918 \& 3, 378 \& 4, 512 <br>
\hline Bonds \& 11, 257 \& 7,917 \& 8,277 \& 8,342 \& 8,667 \& 9,087 \& 9,589 \& 9,671 \& 9,705 \& 10, 309 \& 10, 383 \& 11, 118 \& - 11, 228 <br>
\hline  \& 3,283 \& 2,280 \& 2,244 \& 2,528 \& 2, 535 \& 2,362 \& 2,337 \& 2,354 \& 2,356 \& 2,297 \& 2,899 \& 2, 858 \& 2,753 <br>
\hline Obligations guaranteed by U. S. Govern- \& \& \& 3,330 \& 2,922 \& 2,964 \& 2,709 \& \& 2,684 \& 2,675 \& 2,667 \& 2,032 \& \& <br>
\hline Other seeurities................------.......do. \& 3,539 \& 3,800 \& 3,731 \& 3,650 \& 3, 366 \& 3,689 \& ${ }_{3,696}^{2,7}$ \& 3,711 \& 3,706 \& 3,548 \& 3, 410 \& 3,429 \& 3,487 <br>
\hline Loans, total --..--............-.-.....do \& -10,361 \& 11,024 \& 11, 203 \& 11, 259 \& 11,370 \& 11, 255 \& 11,392 \& 11,394 \& 11,094 \& 10,905 \& 10,740 \& 10,696 \& 10,382 <br>
\hline Commerc'l, indust' 1 , and agricult'l -- do \& 6,270 \& 6,447 \& 6,554 \& 6,593 \& 6,722 \& 6,778 \& 6,902 \& 7,003 \& 6, 726 \& 6,542 \& 6, 469 \& 6,432 \& 6,282 <br>
\hline Open market paper------------- do \& 282 \& 397 \& 419 \& 428 \& 423 \& 424 \& 422 \& 424 \& 409 \& 382 \& 341 \& ${ }^{336}$ \& 313 <br>
\hline To brokers and dealers in securities- do - \& 526 \& 494 \& 531 \& 548 \& 535 \& 448 \& 471 \& 408 \& 441 \& 528 \& 519 \& 569 \& 493 <br>
\hline Other loans for purchasing or carrying \& 381 \& \& \& \& 422 \& 409 \& 410 \& 407 \& 395 \& 403 \& 393 \& \& 381 <br>
\hline Real estate loans.........................do...- \& 1,221 \& 1,257 \& 1,265 \& 1,256 \& 1,259 \& 1,248 \& 1,250 \& 1,245 \& 1,246 \& 1,243 \& 1,236 \& 1,230 \& 1,230 <br>
\hline Loans to banks .-................-.......-do \& \& \& \& \& 35 \& 37 \& 37 \& 29 \& 30 \& 28 \& \& \& 26 <br>
\hline  \& 1,616 \& 1,962 \& 1,966 \& 1,969 \& 1,974 \& 1,911 \& 1,900 \& 1,878 \& 1,847 \& 1,779 \& 1,746 \& 1,693 \& 1,657 <br>
\hline Money and interest rates:8 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Bank rates to customers: perc \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline New York City--..--......-...-percent.. \& \& 1.98 \& \& \& 1.88 \& \& \& 1.85 \& \& \& 2.07 \& \& <br>
\hline 7 other northern and eastern cities...-do- \& \& 2.62 \& \& \& \& \& \& 2.48 \& \& \& 2. 36 \& \& <br>
\hline 11 southern and western cities .-.-.-. do \& \& 3.29 \& \& \& 2.99 \& \& \& 3.20 \& \& \& 3.34 \& \& <br>
\hline Discount rate (N. Y. F. R. Bank) .....do- \& 1. 00 \& 1.00 \& 1.00 \& 1.00 \& 1.00 \& 1. 00 \& 1.00 \& 1.00 \& 1.00 \& 1.00 \& 1.00 \& 1. 00 \& 1.00 <br>
\hline Federal land bank loans. - \& 4. 00 \& 4.00 \& 4. 00 \& 4. 00 \& 4.00 \& 4. 00 \& 4.00 \& 4. 00 \& 4.00 \& 4. 00 \& 4.00 \& 4. 00 \& 4. 00 <br>
\hline Federal intermediate credit bank loans_do... \& 1. 50 \& 1.50 \& 1.50 \& 1. 50 \& 1.50 \& 1. 50 \& 1.50 \& 1.50 \& 1.50 \& 1.50 \& 1.50 \& 1.50 \& 1. 50 <br>
\hline Open market rates, New York City: Prevailing rate: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Acceptances, prime, bankers, 90 days \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Com'l paper, prime, 4-6 months.-.do...- \& 58-3/4 \& 16 \& 15 \& \% \& 12-56 \& 3/2-58 \& \%\% \& 58 \& 58 \& \% 58 \& 58\%-36 \& 58-3/4 \& 58834 <br>
\hline Time loans, 90 days (N. Y. S. E.) _do...-- \& $11 / 4$ \& 11/4 \& 114 \& 11/4 \& 114 \& 114 \& 114 \& 11/4 \& 1 $1 / 4$ \& 114 \& 114 \& 11/4 \& 11/4 <br>
\hline A verage rate: \& 1.00 \& 1.00 \& 1.00 \& 1.00 \& 1.00 \& 1.00 \& 1.00 \& 1.00 \& 1.00 \& 1.00 \& 1.00 \& 1.00 \& 1.00 <br>
\hline U. S. Treasury bills, 3 -mo......-dido. \& . 370 \& . 055 \& . 049 \& . 242 \& . 298 \& . 214 \& . 250 \& . 212 \& . 299 \& . 864 \& . 363 \& . 368 \& . 370 <br>
\hline A verage yield, U. S. Treasury notes, 3-5 yrs.: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Tax exempt...-.-.---.-.-.-.-.-. percent.. \& \& . 34 \& . 41 \& . 57 \& . 64 \& . 47 \& . 44 \& 1.44 \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Taxable*--.---.------.............do.... \& 1.27 \& . 62 \& . 72 \& . 80 \& 1.02 \& . 96 \& . 93 \& . 93 \& . 98 \& 1.03 \& 1.15 \& 1.20 \& 1.25 <br>
\hline Savings deposits: ${ }^{\text {dem }}$ Sork \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline a mount due depositors $\qquad$ mil. of dol. \& 5,449 \& 5,555 \& 5, 554 \& 5,641 \& 5,555 \& 5,433 \& 5,401 \& 5,392 \& 6,373 \& 5,374 \& 5,422 \& 5,411 \& 5, 427 <br>
\hline U.S. Postal Savings: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Balance to credit of depositors......-do...- \& 1,359 \& 1,311 \& 1,317 \& 1,324 \& 1,314 \& 1,310 \& 1,307 \& 1,305 \& 1,306 \& 1,307 \& 1,316 \& 1,329 \& 344 <br>
\hline Balance on deposit in \& \& \& 27 \& 27 \& 26 \& 25 \& 25 \& 25 \& 25 \& 24 \& 24 \& 21 \& 22 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

- Revised.
p Preliminary.
For bond yields see p. S-19.
No tax-exempt notes outstanding within maturity range after Mar. 15, 1942. Average shown for March 1942 covers only first half of month.
${ }^{\prime}$ To avoid duplication these loans are excluded from the totals.
$\ddagger$ Bills and certificates of indebtedness beginning April 1942.
$*$ New series. Earlier data for the series on taxable Treasury notes appear on p. S-14 of the April 1942 Survey.

| Monthly statistics thirough December 1941, together with explanatory notes and referencesto the sources of the data, may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1942 | 1941 |  |  |  | 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sep- tember | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sep- } \\ \text { tember } \end{gathered}$ | October | $\underset{\substack{\text { Nover } \\ \text { ber }}}{ }$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{array}$ | $\underset{\text { ary }}{\text { Janu- }}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August |

FINANCE-Continued

$\ddagger 36$ companies having 82 percent of the total assets of all United States legal reserve companies. shown above.

| Monthly statistics through December 1941, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be lound in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1942 | 1941 |  |  |  | 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sep-1 tember | September | October | Novem ber | $\begin{gathered} \text { Deceam- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Janu- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\text { ary }}{\text { Febru- }}$ | March | April | May | June | July | August |

FINANCE-Continued


## Revised.

D Preliminary.
${ }^{1}$ Partly estimated.

- Or increase in earmarked gold ( - ).

Q 39 companies having 81 percent of the total life insurance outstanding in all United States legal reserve companies.
New series. The series on payments to policyholders and beneficiaries, compiled by the Institute of Life Insurance, represents total payments in the United States in
 income of electric power companies will be published in a subsequent issue.

| Monthly statistics through December 1941, together with explanatory notes and references 1942 Supplement to data, may be found in the | 1942 | 1941 |  |  |  | 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sep- | Sep- | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} \text { cont } \\ \text { ber } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Decem } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Janu- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \left.\begin{array}{c} F_{\text {ary }} \end{array} \right\rvert\, \end{array}$ | March | April | May | June | July | Augu |

FINANCE-Continued

$r$ Revised. $\quad p$ Preliminary.
a Less than $\$ 500,000$.
Turied becaupanies varies slightly
Revised because of changes in Treasury figures for war activities. The revised figures were first published in the May 1942 Survey.
$\ddagger$ Revisions in 1941 figures notshown above are as follows (millions of dollars): War expenditures (formerly designated "national defense")-July, 969 ; August, 1,131. Transfers to trust accounts, revised to include the Federal contribution to the District of Columbia-July, 174; August, 15 (for earlier years the Federal contribution has been included in "all other"). "All other" expenditure-Jaly, 254; August, 242.
New series. For explanation of the new series on the war program and earlier data see p. 21, table 9, of the April 1942 Survey. The series on war saivings bonds is from the Treasury Department and represents funds received during the months from sales of series $A, F$, and $G$; for earlier data see $p$. S-16 of the October 1942 Survey.

| Monthly statistics through December 1941, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1942 | 1941 |  |  |  | 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Septem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sep- } \\ \text { tember } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Octo• } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Noverm- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Decem- ber | $\begin{gathered} \text { Janu- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\text { ary }}{\text { Febru }}$ | March | April | May | June | July | August |

FINANCE-Continued

| SECURITIES ISSUED <br> (Securities and Exchange Commission) $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Estimated gross proceeds, total.....mil. of dol.By types of security: | 2,531 | 467 | 1,884 | 1465 | 2,336 | 1,345 | 2,335 | 709 | 708 | 2,965 | 809 | 3,099 | 2,068 |
| By Bonds, notes, and debentures, total..do....- | 2,519 | 449 | 1,826 | 1444 | 2, 302 | 1,290 | 2,315 | 693 | 701 | 2,952 | 792 | 3,099 | 2,066 |
| Corporate---------------------- do | 50 | 164 | 181 | 135 | 110 | 110 |  | 86 | 115 | 113 | 126 |  |  |
|  | 9 | 14 | 4 54 | 12 | ${ }_{13}^{20}$ | 37 | 19 | ${ }_{(a)} 16$ | 4 | 10 | 9 |  | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ |
|  | 3 | 5 | 54 | 8 | 13 | 17 | 0 | (a) | 2 | 3 | 7 | (a) | 0 |
| Corporate, total.-.-....................do...-- | 62 | 182 | 239 | 155 | 144 | 164 | 78 | 102 | 121 | 126 | 142 | 53 | 89 |
| Industrial | 16 | 24 | 77 | 87 | 48 | 44 | 39. | 47 | 110 | 104 | 63 | 47 | 19 |
| Public utility-.....-....-.-...........do | 45 | 114 | 80 | 60 | 62 | 109 | 35 | 49 | 11 | 21 | 70 | 3 | 68 |
| Rail 0 - | ${ }_{0}^{1}$ | $\begin{array}{r}43 \\ 1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 26 <br> 57 | 7 | 28 6 | 10 | $\stackrel{4}{0}$ | 6 | 0 | 0 | 9 1 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 2 |
|  | 2,469 | 285 | 1,645 | 1309 | 2,192 | 1,181 | 2,257 | 607 | 587 | 2,839 | 666 | 3,046 | 1,979 |
| U. 8. Government an 0 agencies.-.- do | 2, 444 | 232 | 1,578 | 1233 | 2, 131 | 1,061 | 2,216 | 558 | 531 | 2,809 | 634 | 2,998 | 1,932 |
| State and municipal................do | 24 | 51 | 64 | 74 |  | 118 |  | 49 | 56 | 30 | 32 |  |  |
| Foreign Government.-............. do | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Non-profit agencies--...-.---.--...-do...- | 1 | 2 | 2 | 1 | (a) | 2 | (a) | 1 | 0 | ( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| New corporate security issues: <br> Estimated net proceeds, total..................... | 60 | 180 | 236 | 152 | 142 | 161 | 76 | 100 | 118 | 124 | 139 | 52 | 88 |
| Proposed uses of proceeds: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New money, total....----- | 23 | 27 | 91 | 92 | ${ }^{57}$ | ${ }_{81}^{71}$ | 40 | 39 | 70 | 59 | 72 |  | 39 |
| Plant and equipment--.-......-- do...- | 15 | 17 10 | 64 27 | 61 31 | 36 21 | 38 38 | 34 5 | 35 4 | 15 65 | $\stackrel{27}{33}$ | 57 <br> 15 | 11 3 | 33 6 |
| Repayment of debt and retirement of | 29 | 153 | 140 | 59 | 79 | 89 | 26 | 61 | 48 | 64 | 66 |  | 37 |
| Funded debt-.......................do....- | 26 | 148 | 125 | 37 | 52 | 80 | 12 | 41 | 12 | 11 | 55 | 29 | 34 |
|  | 1 | , | 14 | 22 | 17. | 9 | 2 | 15 | 36 | 53 | 5 | 8 | 3 |
| Preferred stock ......-.............. do | ${ }_{8}^{2}$ |  | $\frac{1}{5}$ | ${ }^{(a)} 1$ | ${ }^{10}$ | (-) 0 | 11 |  | (a) 0 | 0 1 | 5 | (a) | 12 |
| Proposed uses of proceeds by major grdups: |  | (a) |  | (a) |  | (c) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial, total net proceeds_-mil. ofodol.- | 15 | ${ }_{13}^{23}$ | 75 | 85 | 46 | 43 | 38 | 46 | 107 | 102 | 61 | 46 | 18 |
| New money------...-----.-.d 0. | 14 | 13 | 49 | 41 | 25 | 43 | 11 | 25 | 59 | 49 | 51 |  | 4 |
| Repayment of debt and retirement of stock ........................-mil. of dol.. | (a) | 10 | 24 | 44 | 16 | (a) | 16 | 21 | 48 | 53 |  |  |  |
| Public utility, total net proceeds...do...- | 44 | 114 | 79 | 59 | 62 | 107 | 34 | 48 | 11 | 21 | 69 | 3 | 68 |
| New money .-.--.......------- do- | 7 | 6 | 11 | 46 | 3 | 18 | 25 | 8 | 11 | 10 | 17 | 2 | 34 |
| Repayment of debt and retirement of mil of dol | 28 | 108 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Railroad, total net proceeds.........do...- |  | 42 | 25 | 1 | 28 | 10 | 4 | 6 | 0 | 0 | 9 | 2 | 2 |
| New money---4----------1...- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 1 | 7 | 21 | 1 | 28 | 10 | 4 |  | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| Repayment of debt and retirement of stock............................. of dol | 0 | 35 |  |  |  | 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 6 | 0 |  |
| Other corporate, total net proceeds do...- | 0 | 1 | 57 | 6 |  | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
|  | 0 | 1 | 10 | $4$ |  | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (a) | 1 | 0 |  |
| Repayment of debt and retirement of stock............................mil. of dol. | 0 | 0 | 47 | 2 | 5 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (a) | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| (Commercial and Financial Chronicle) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Securitles issued, by type of security, total (new capital and refunding) $\qquad$ thous. of dol. | 100, 977 | 273, 962 | 300, 186 | 233, 304 | 241,732 | 333, 238 | 179,606 | 196,648 | 262, 148 | 180, 031 | 201, 306 | 142,151 | 161,645 |
| Nepr capital, total...-.........-.......-.-do...- | 45,085 | 64,840 | 132, 899 | 108,600 | 139, 136 | 181, 760 | 123,099 | 109;051 | 157, 820 | 127,570 | 96,482 | 40, 679 | 103,072 |
| Domestic, total --...................- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 45,085 | 64,840 | 132,899 | 108, 600 | 139,136 | 181,760 | 123, 099 | 109, 051 | 157, 820 | 127, 570 | 96, 482 | 40, 679 | 103,072 |
|  | 28, 446 | 34, 265 | 103,661 | 89, 427 | ${ }^{76,793}$ | 87,186 | 56,709 | 78, 585 | 97, 114 | 103, 092 | 76, 827 | 27, 510 | 58,600 |
| Federal agencies----------------- do- |  |  |  |  | 19,520 | 11, 175 | 36,890 | 8,860 | 9, 720 | 2, 715 | 2.060 | 2,515 |  |
| Municipal, State, etc---.----.---- do- | 16,639 | 30, 575 | 29,238 | 19,173 | 42, 823 | 83, 399 | 29,922 | 21,606 | 50, 986 | 21,764 | 17,594 | 10,654 | 44,472 |
|  | 55,893 | 209, 122 | 167, 287 | 124,703 | 102,596 | 151,478 | 56,508 | 87,597 | 104,328 | 52,461 | 104, 824 | 101,472 | 58,573 |
|  | 55,393 | 209, 122 | 167, 287 | 124, 703 | 102,596 | 151,478 | 56, 508 | 87, 597 | 104,328 | 52,461 | 104, 824 | 101, 472 | 58,573 |
|  | 30, 437 | 161,391 | 97,050 | 42,384 | 59,062 | 82, 846 | 18,901 | 39, 209 | 18,527 | 5,807 | 61,686 | 32,719 | 6,018 |
| Federal agencies ----------------- do | 18,400 | 26, 955 | 34, 822 | 31,675 | 25, 100 | 33,775 | 26,580 | ${ }^{21,315}$ | 80, 540 | 38, 800 | 28,455 | 32, 260 | 49,925 |
| Municipal, State, etc.------------ do | 6, 556 | 20,776 | 35, 415 | 50,644 | 18,435 | 34, 857 | 11,027 | 27,073 | 5, 261 | 7,855 | 14, 684 | 36,493 | 2,630 |
| Foreign-.-. Domestic issues for productive uses (Mood ${ }^{\text {d }}$ ) | 500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total .-......---.................mil. of doi.. | 7 | 47 | 63 | 61 | 71 | 137 | 47 | 78 | 50 |  | 66 |  |  |
| Corporate..............................d. ${ }^{\text {d }}$. | 4 | 25 | 53 | 43 | 34 | 67 | 33 | 58 | 10 | 20 | 55 | 18 |  |
| Municipal, State, ete..................do...- | 3 | 22 | 10 | 18 | 37 | 70 | 14 | 20 | 40 | 15 | 11 | 10 | 9 |
| (Bond Buyer) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| State and municipal issues: thous of |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Permanent (long term)............thous. of dol.- | 203, 584 | $\begin{aligned} & 65,052 \\ & 53,669 \end{aligned}$ | 78,479 93 | $\begin{aligned} & 60,722 \\ & 113,655 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 90,578 \\ & 99,988 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 118,470 \\ & 119,070 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 46,564 \\ & 38,277 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 51,235,235 \\ 183,744 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 61,308 \\ 113,745 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 28,759 \end{aligned}$ $59,916$ | $\begin{aligned} & 36,723,720 \\ & 75,400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 48,096 \\ 133,530 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { r } 60.862 \\ & \text { r } 53,672 \end{aligned}$ |
| COMMODITY MARKETS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Volume of trading in grain futures: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wheat-------..----.-..........-mil. of bu-- | 261 | 500 | 454 | 282 | 294 | ${ }_{154}^{253}$ | 140 | 178 | 249 | 226 | ${ }_{125}^{267}$ | 390 | 257 |
|  |  | 103 | 93 | 74 | 89 | 154 | 77 | 111 | 148 | 126 | 145 | 104 | 141 |
| Brokers' Balances (N. Y. S. E. members carrying margin accounts) I |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Customers' debit balances (net) ....-mil. of dol. | 500 | 633 | 628 | 625 | 600 | 547 | 534 | 531 | 515 | 502 | 496 | 491 | 490 |
| Cash on hand and in banks..............do...- |  | 196 | 186 | 195 | 211 | 219 | 203 | 195 | 195 | 177 | 180 | 172 |  |
|  | 310 | 396 | 414 | 409 | 368 | 308 | 307 | 306 | 300 | 300 | 309 | 307 | 300 |
| Oustomers' free credit balances.....-.-....-do.-- | 240 | 260 | 255 | 264 | 289 | 274 | 262 | 249 | 247 | 238 | 240 | 238 | 240 |
| Bonds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prices: <br> A verage price of all listed bonds (N. Y. S. E.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| doliars-- | ${ }^{96.18}$ | 94.74 | 95. 25 | 94.80 | 94.50 | 95. 24 | ${ }^{95.13}$ | 95.97 | 95. 63 | 95.64 | ${ }^{95} 50$ | 95.76 | ${ }^{96.08}$ |
|  | 97.83 | ${ }_{50}^{98.27}$ | ${ }^{98.72}$ | 98.30 | ${ }^{96} \mathbf{9 6}$ 69 | 97.31 58.45 | 97.18 | $\stackrel{987}{ } 98$ | 97.54 | 97.46 | 97. 28 | ${ }_{6}^{97.49}$ | 97.75 |
|  | 62.97 | 50.79 | 50.75 | 49.83 | 56.27 | 58.45 | 57.40 | 58.95 | 60.29 | 61.16 | 61.72 | 61.68 | 62.51 |

- Revised. a Less than $\$ 500,000$.
$\ddagger$ Fcr revised data for August-December 1941 see p. S-17 of the October 1942 Survey. Revisions for January-July 1941 are available upon request.
Data beginning August 1942 are estimates; cash on hand and in banks will hereafter be compiled only for June and December.
${ }^{1}$ Excludes offering of $\$ 502,983,0001 \%$ Treasury Notes of Series A- 1946 which were allotted to holders of Reconstruction Finance Corporation notes of Series $P$, maturing
Nov. 1, 1941, and of Commodity Credit Corporation notes of Series E , Nov. 1, 1941, and of Commodity Credit Corporation notes of Series E, maturing Nov. 15, 1941.

| Monthly statistics through December 1941, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1942 | 1941 |  |  |  | 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sep- } \\ & \text { tember } \end{aligned}$ | Sep- tember | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Octo- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary- } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August |

FINANCE-Continued

| SECURITY MARKETS-Continued. <br> Bonds-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Prices-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Standard and Poor's Corporation: Industrial, utilities, and rails: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| High grade (15 bonds).-dol. per $\$ 100$ bond. | 119.0 | 118.1 | 118.8 | 119.2 | 117.5 | 117.5 | 117.1 | 116.7 | 117.8 | 117.7 | 118.0 | 118.9 | 118.7 |
| Medium and lower grade: <br> Composite (50 bonds) -..............do |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 100.7 109.8 | 98.0 105.1 | $\begin{array}{r}99.2 \\ 105.3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 99.4 105.9 | 97.4 105.0 | 99.2 108.7 | 99.6 106.9 | 98.8 106.1 | 99.3 107.1 | 98.9 107.4 | 98.1 107.7 | 98.9 108.4 | [108.7 |
| Yublic utilities (20 bonds).-.-...do | 105.8 | 107.2 | 107.2 | 107.4 | 104.7 | 104.1 | 104.4 | 101.8 | 102.3 | 102.2 | 103.5 | 104.5 | [104. 1 |
| Rails (20 bonds)......... | 86.4 | 84.5 | 85.0 | 84.9 | 82.4 | 86.9 | 87.7 | 88.6 | 88.4 | 87.1 | 83.0 | 83.9 | 85.2 |
| Defaulted (15 bonds) --.----.......- do | 29.4 | 24.4 | 25.1 | 24.8 | 21.9 | 24.1 | 25.6 | 27.6 | 26.7 | 26.4 | 24.0 | 25.5 | 27.1 |
| Domestic municipals (15 bonds).....-do | 125.9 | 131.2 | 133.0 | 133.4 | 125.9 | 124.4 | 120.1 | 119.7 | 122.1 | 122.1 | 123.3 | 124.4 | 125.4 |
| U. S. Treasury bonds - .-...---.....-do | 109.8 | 111.1 | 112.0 | 112.4 | 110.7 | 110.1 | 108.9 | 110.2 | 110.5 | 110.7 | 110.7 | 110.2 | 109.9 |
| Sales (Securities and Exchange Commission): Total on all registered exchanges: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Market value...............thous. of dol- | 124,075 | 105,508 | 125, 159 | 88, 348 | 134,712 | 125, 744 | 89,449 | 137,003 | 99, 075 | 91, 838 | 81, 804 | 80,306 | 83, 842 |
|  | 316, 526 | 177,029 | 209, 219 | 161,048 | 277, 038 | 256, 089 | 178,409 | 306, 812 | 202,862 | 179,690 | 151,865 | 155, 111 | 173,629 |
| Market value...........---........do.-. | 112,301 |  | 109, 888 | 76, 382 | 116, 561 | 111, 586 | 78,643 | 121,066 | 86,629 | 80,772 | 72,623 |  |  |
| Face value.........................-. do | 300, 306 | 155, 537 | 189, 947 | 145,446 | 251, 650 | 237, 263 | 165, 002 | 286, 211 | 186, 165 | 165, 276 | 139, 586 | 142,932 | 75,610 162,734 |
| Exclusive of stopped sales (N.Y.S. E.), |  |  |  |  | 25, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| face value, total .....thous. of dol.- | 276, 812 | 140,963 | 178, 899 | 140, 746 | 224, 737 | 219, 955 | 158, 357 | 263, 055 | 174, 011 | 156, 658 | 133, 776 | 125, 605 | 159, 938. |
| U. S. Government - .-. | 276, 245 | 1,319 | 1,307 | 1, 470 | 222, ${ }^{1,781}$ | 11, 138 | 157 944 | 879 | 545 | ${ }_{155} 953$ | 407 | 299 | ${ }^{2} 8449$ |
| Other than U. S. Govt., total.--do | ${ }^{278}$,567 | 139,644 | 177, 592 | 139,276 | 222,956 | 218.817 | 157, 413 | 262, 176 | 173,467 | 155,705 | 133,369 | 125, 306 | 159, 4900 |
| Domestic...---------------- ${ }_{\text {do }}$ | 268, 643 | 127, 575 | 163, 413 | 125,694 | 205, 17,705 | 206, 14. | 148,551 | 249, 192 | 162,311 | 138,597 | 124, 676 | 119, 068 | 152, 418. |
|  | 7, 924 | 12,069 | 14, 179 | 13, 582 | 17,705 | 12, 672 | 8,862 | 12,984 | 11, 156 | 17,109 | 8, 694 | 6,238 | 7,072 |
| Face value, all issues .-----...---mil. of dol.- | 65, 256 | 56,387 | 57, 856 | 57, 821 | 58, 237 | 59,076 | 60, 532 | 60,579 | 60,572 | 61,956 | 61,899 | 63,992 | 65, 277 |
| Domestic -------------------------d. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 62, 182 | 52, 192 | 53,673 | 53,646 | 55, 080 | 55, 924 | 57,411 | 57,471 | 57, 468 | 58, 852 | 58,804 | 60, 903 | 62, 198 |
|  | 3, 374 | 4, 195 | 4,183 | 4,175 | 3,157 | 3,152 | 3, 121 | 3,108 | 3,105 | 3,105 | 3,096 | 3,089 | 3,079 |
| Market value, all issues | 62, 766 | 53,418 | 65, 107 | 54, 813 | 55, 034 | 56, 261 | 57, 584 | 58, 140 | 57,924 | 59,258 | 59, 112 | 61, 278 | 62, 720 |
|  | 60,830 | 51, 288 | - 52,984 | 52,732 | 53, ${ }^{\text {257 }}$ | 54,419 | 55,793 | 56, 308 | 56,051 | 57,359 | 57, 201 | 59,372 | 60, 796 |
| Ylelds:Bond Buyer: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic municipals (20 cities) .--percent.- | 2.16 | 2.02 | 1.90 | 1.93 | 2.24 | 2.36 | 2.51 | 2.38 | 2.33 | 2.33 | 2.21 | 2.15 | 2. 15 |
| Domestic corporate......-............-d | 3.33 | 3.30 | 3.27 | 3.26 | 3.35 | 3.35 | 3.35 | 3.37 | 3.34 | 3.36 | 3.37 | 3.35 | 3.34 |
| By ratings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aas.- | 2.80 | 2.75 | 2.73 | 2.72 | 2.80 | 2.83 | 2.85 | 2.86 | 2.83 | 2.85 | 2.85 | 2.83 | 2.81 |
|  | 2.98 | 2.91 | 2.87 | 2. 810 | 2.95 | ${ }_{3}^{2.96}$ | 2.98 | 3.00 | 2.98 | 3. 00 | 3.01 | 2.99 | 2.99 |
| A | 3.26 | 3.24 | 3.21 | 3.19 | 3.27 | 3.30 | 3.29 | 3.32 | 3.30 | 3.31 | 3.31 | 3.28 | 3. 27 |
| Baa | 4.26 | 4.30 | 4.28 | 4.28 | 4.38 | 4.29 | 4.29 | 4.30 | 4.26 | 4.27 | 4.33 | 4.30 | 4. 28. |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2.95 <br> 3.08 | 2.88 3.07 | 2.85 | 2.85 3.04 | 2.94 | ${ }_{3.13}^{2.97}$ | ${ }_{3.15}^{2.98}$ | 3.00 3.17 | ${ }_{3.13}^{2.96}$ | ${ }_{3.13}^{2.97}$ | ${ }_{3.12}^{2.97}$ | 2.94 3.09 |  |
|  | 3.95 | 3.95 | 3.93 | 3.91 | 3.99 | 3.93 | 3.94 | 3.94 | 3.95 | 3.97 | 4.03 | 4.02 | ${ }_{3}{ }^{3.98}$ |
| Standard and Poor's Corporation: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic municipals (15 bonds) <br> U. S. Treasury bonds: | 2.25 | 1.99 | 1.91 | 1.90 | 2.25 | 2.33 | 2.55 | 2.58 | 2.44 | 2.45 | 2.38 | 2.32 | 2. 28. |
| Partially tax-exempt.....-..........- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 2.03 | 1.94 | 1.88 | 1.85 | 1.97 | 2.01 | 2.09 | 2.00 | 1.98 | 1.97 | 1.97 | 2.00 | 2.02 |
|  | 2.34 |  | 2.23 | 2.22 | 2.37 | 2.37 | 2. 39 | 2.35 | 2.34 | 2.35 | 2.33 | 2.34 | 2.34 |
| Stocks |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash dividend payments and rates (Moody's): Total annual payments at current rates ( 600 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of shares, adjusted---.--millions.- | 938.08 | 938.08 | ${ }^{638.08}$ | 938.08 | 938.08 | , 938.08 | 938.08 | 938.08 | 1,938.08 | 938.08 | 938.08 | 938.08 | 938.08 |
| Dividend rate per share (weighted average) (600 cos.) |  | 1.95 | 1.96 | 2.01 | 2.05 |  | 1.98 | 1.97 | 1.92 | 1.81 |  |  | 1.75 |
|  | ${ }_{2}^{1.81}$ | ${ }_{3.01}^{1.95}$ | 2.99 | 3.00 | 2.88 | 2.05 2.88 | 1.88 | 1.81 | 2.81 | 2.81 | 2.81 | 2.81 | 2.81 |
| Industrials (492 cos.)............................. | 1.70 | 1.94 | 1.97 | 2.05 | 2.09 | 2.09 | 1.99 | 1.98 | 1.93 | 1.79 | 1.76 | 1.75 | 1.71 |
| Insurance (21 cos.) ....-................do | 2.69 | 2. 59 | 2.62 | 2.62 | 2.69 | 2.69 | 2. 69 | 2.69 | 2.69 | 2.69 | 2.69 | 2.69 | 2.699 |
| Public utilities (30 cos.)....-....-...-d | 1.73 | 1.91 | 1.86 | 1.82 | 1.81 | 1.81 | 1.81 | 1.80 | 1.77 | 1.75 | 1.74 | 1.74 | 1.74 |
|  | 1.79 | 1. 58 | 1.58 | 1.58 | 1.77 | 1.77 | 1.77 | 1.77 | 1.77 | 1.66 | 1.66 | 1.75 | 1.75 |
|  |  |  |  | 185.2 | 987.5 |  |  | 482.3 | 339.3 | 123.5 | 538.8 | 361.3 | 153.1 |
|  |  | 248.4 | 229.6 | 86.4 | 550.0 | 95.3 | 61.7 | 212.9 | 134.4 | 66.6 | 224.1 | 139.7 | 71.8 |
|  |  | 23.9 | 13.6 | 4.3 | 50.0 | 15.1 | 8.7 | 28.3 | 15.8 | 3.8 | 30.6 | 14.0 | 3.9 |
|  |  | 22.6 | 41.8 | 18.8 | 54.3 | 60.5 | 30.3 | 18.3 | 42.6 | 11.9. | ${ }^{26.3}$ | 54.9 | 29.3 |
| Railroads. |  | 11.6 | 18.4 | 7.0 | 53.6 | 28.0 | 7.7 | 9.3 | 20.6 | 1.9 | 32.3 | 30.0 | 8.9 |
| Heat, light, and p |  | 32.0 | 44.7 | 57.8 | 42.1 | 43.8 | 31.2 | 32.8 | 69.1 | 32.2 | 38.4 | 65.3 | 31.0 1.4 |
| Communications. |  | 150.0 | 47.1 | 1.4 | 152.3 | 47.1 | 2.1 | 150.0 | 47.6 | 1.4 | 148.6 | 47.8 | 1.4 |
| Prices:A verage price of all listed shares (N. Y. S. E. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dec. 31, 1924=100 | 48.2 | 55.9 | 53.2 | 51.6 | 48.7 | 49.2 | 47.8 | 44.5 | 42.6 | 44.6 | 45.3 | 46.6 | 47.2 |
| Dow-Jones \& Co., [nc. ( 65 stocks) dol, per share | 36.00 |  |  | 39. 53 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 35.54 |  |
| Industrials (30 stocks) ................do...- | 107.41 | 127.35 | 121.18 | 116. 91 | 110.67 | 111.11 | 107.28 | 101.62 | 97.79 | 98.42 | 103.75 | 106.94 | 106.08. |
| Public utilities (15 stocks) ---.-....-. .do | 11.76 | 18.62 | 17.65 | 15.93 | 14.38 | 14.41 | 13.83 | 12.15 | 11.06 | 11.68 | 11. 93 | 11.75 | 11.51 |
| Rails (20 stocks) --.....-............do | ${ }^{26.76}$ | 29.28 | 28.54 | 27.92 | 25.33 | 28.01 | 27.85 | 26.09 | 24.56 | 24.29 | ${ }^{23.59}$ | 25.63 | 26. 19 |
| New York Times (50 stocks) .-.-.-.-...-do. | 74. 40 | 90.91 | 87.37 | 87.02 | 79.17 | 77.09 | 74.46 | 69.17 | 67. 52 | 68.30 | .71.07 | 73. 26 | 73. 10 |
| Industrials (25 stocks) .-..............-dio...- | 128.65 | 160.08 | 153.71 | 145.66 | 139.86 | 133.77 | 128.67 | 119.65 | 117.45 | 119.25 | 125.05 | 129.42 | 126. 93. |
| Standard and Poor's Corporation: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Combined index (402 stocks). $1035-39=100 \ldots$ | 69.4 | 88.6 | 80.4 | 77.4 |  | 72.6 |  | 66.0 67.2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrials (354 stocks) Capital goods (116 stocks) ---- do-.-- | 71.6 71.3 | 84.8 87.8 | 81.6 82.2 | 78.6 78.7 | 73.8 76.3 | 74.3 78.6 | 71.0 74.8 | 67.2 70.8 | 64.8 67.8 | 64.7 <br> 66.3 | 68.2 69.0 | 70.6 71.5 | 70.5 |
|  | 71.3 69.6 | 87.8 82.9 | 81.2 79.0 | 74.2 | 66.6 | 68.8 | 74.8 66.2 | 63.9 | 61.8 | 62.9 | 67.6 | 69.2 | 68.9 |
| Public utilities (28 stocks)...........do..... | 69.6 59.5 | 82.9 81.3 | 79.0 78.5 | 74.2 74.5 | 66.2 66.2 | 6.1 | 64.5 | 60.5 | 56.5 | 57.2 | 58.8 | 58.4 | 58.8. |
| Rails (20 stocks) ........................do | 66.7 | 72.6 | 70.3 | 68.4 | 61.0 | 69.0 | 68.4 | 65.0 | 61.1 | 60.3 | 59.0 | 62.9 | 65.4. |
| Other issues: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Banks, N. Y. C. (19 stocks) --..... do | 74.1 | 87.6 | 84.9 | 78.6 | 72.1 | 73.8 | 70.9 | 62.6 | 60.4 | 62.5 | 66.3 | 67.9 | 70.5 |
| Fire and marine insurance (is stocks) | 100.6 | 115.6 | 114.0 | 111.5 | 106.1 | 107.6 | 101.7 | 95.9 | 89.5 | 90.6 | 97.2 | 98.5 | 98.5 |

* New series. The new bond series represents the average yield of taxable Treasury bonds (interest subject to both the normal and surtax rates of the Federal incometax) neither due nor callable for 12 years; this average started Oct. 20,1941 , following the issuance of the second series of such bonds. For available earlier data for the new series. on dividend payments and a description of the data, see pp. 26-28 of this issue..

| Monthly statistics through December 1941, together with explanatory notes and referenceas to the sources of the date, may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1942 | 1941 |  |  |  | 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sep- } \\ \text { tember } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sep- } \\ \text { tember } \end{gathered}$ | October | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August |

FINANCE-Continued


## TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS


$r$ Revised
1 Figures overstated owing te inclusion in October and December export statistics of an unusually large volume of shipments actually exported in earlier months

* New series. For a description of the transportation indexes and earlier data, except as noted, see pp. $20-28$ of the September 1942 Survey.
$\ddagger$ Revised or added since publication of data in the September Survey; earlier indexes will be published in a subsequent issue.

| Monthly statistics through December 1941, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1942 | 1941 |  |  |  | 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Septem. <br> ber | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sep. } \\ \text { tember } \end{gathered}$ | October | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \begin{array}{c} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Decem. ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August |

TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS-Continued

| TRANSPORTATION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adjusted indexes-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| By type of transportation-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 150 | 153 | 153 | 155 | 157 | 166 | 174 | 187 | 199 | 200 198 | ${ }_{203}^{205}$ | ${ }_{209}^{212}$ |
| Commodity ......-...------------- do |  | 131 | 138 | 151 | 154 | 165 | 182 | 181 181 | ${ }_{201}^{185}$ | ${ }_{228}^{196}$ | 198 | 222 | ${ }_{2}^{209}$ |
| Waterborne (domestic), commodity $\ddagger$ do |  | 122 | 19 | 119 | 115 | 110 | 99 | 96 | 86 | 80 | 80 | 80 | 79 |
| Express Operations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating revenue...................thous. of dol. <br>  |  | 11,942 78 | 12,143 | 11,904 95 | 14, 131 | 11,809 79 | 11,582 90 | 11,976 77 | 12,134 79 | 12.312 61 | 12, 168 | 12,170 76 |  |
| Local Transit Lines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fares, average, cash rate...-.-......-..-.cents.- | 7.8060 | 7.8005 | 7.8005 | 7.8005 | 7.8005 | 7.8005 | 7.8033 | 7.8033 | 7.8060 | 7.8060 | 7.8060 | 7.8060 | 7.8060 |
| Passengers carried...................thousands | 1,048,977 | 828, 576 | 895, 991 | 856, 773 | 941,924 | 946, 315 | 885, 128 | 1,003,196 | 1,004,698 | 1,034,361 | 1,015,722 | 1,023,167 | 1,038,784 |
| Operating revenues.-.-.........-.thous. of dol.- |  | 59,865 | 64, 603 | 61, 771 | 68, 133 | 68,637 | 65,004 | 72, 561 | 72,668 | 75, 512 | 76,494 | - 77, 400 | 78,399 |
| Class I Steam Rail ways |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Freight carloadings (Federal Reserve indexes): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Combined index, unadjusted $\ldots$. $1935-39=100 \ldots$ | 152 | 145 | 144 | 141 | 128 | 129 | 129 | 129 | 136 | 138 | 139 | 142 | 144 |
|  | 142 <br> 184 | 140 172 | 138 <br> 165 | 135 | 1125 | 136 184 | 132 | 125 175 | 135 | 139 <br> 181 | 135 179 | 132 <br> 177 | 136 175 |
|  | 167 | 149 | 147 | 143 | 129 | 140 | 153 | 149 | 176 <br> 159 <br> 150 | 161 | 179 | 173 | 173 |
| Grains and grain products...----...-do | 139 | 122 | 104 | 115 | 113 | 125 | 110 | 102 | 100 | 99 | 111 | 138 | 129 |
|  | 135 | 111 | 146 | 117 | 97 | 95 | 76 | 77 | 90 | 89 | 81 | 76 | 100 |
| Merchandise, 1. c. l-........-- | 57 | 102 | 101 | 101 | 96 | 93 | 96 | 92 | 81 | 62 | 60 | 57 | 57 |
| Ore- | 304 162 | 261 <br> 150 | ${ }^{232}$ | 159 | $\begin{array}{r}139 \\ 1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}46 \\ 134 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}47 \\ 135 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}73 \\ 139 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 218 | 303 <br> 144 | 318 <br> 145 | ${ }_{148}^{325}$ | 308 |
| Combined index, | 136 | 130 | 127 | 135 | 137 | 140 | 139 | 136 | 143 | 143 | 141 | 142 | 143 |
| Coal | 135 | 133 | 121 | 121 | 111 | 119 | 116 | 122 | 160 | 164 | 160 | 155 | 154 |
|  | 188 | ${ }^{176}$ | 165 | 159 | 167 | 153 | 150 | 168 | 200 | 197 | 199 | 205 | 208 |
| Forest products....-...................do | 154 | 138 | 140 | 146 | 145 | 156 | 159 | 149 | 159 | 155 | 159 | 172 9 | 165 |
| Grains and grain | 126 | 111 | 97 | 118 | 124 | 142 | ${ }^{131}$ | 119 | 117 | 115 | 113 | ${ }_{90}^{95}$ | 106 |
|  | 102 |  | 95 | ${ }_{99}^{93}$ | 101 | ${ }_{97}^{99}$ | -95 | 97 | 101 | ${ }_{66}^{98}$ | 103 60 | 90 57 | 106 57 |
| Merchandis | 174 | 149 | 178 | 204 | 246 | 186 | 187 | 282 | 80 | 289 | 183 | 180 | 176 |
| Miscellaneous........-................did | 146 | 135 | 133 | 144 | 149 | 152 | 151 | 143 | 141 | 142 | 144 | 149 | 152 |
| Freight-car loadings (A. A. R.) :¢ thousands |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3,504 661 | 3, 5450 | 3,658 675 | $\begin{array}{r}4,318 \\ \hline 790\end{array}$ | 3, 0475 | 3,858 797 7 | 3,123 | 3, 171 | 3, 351 | 4, 171 | 3,386 | 3, 322 | 4, 351 |
|  | ${ }_{5} 6$ | 52 | 5 | 64 | ${ }_{54}$ | 71 | 629 57 | 610 55 | $\begin{array}{r}645 \\ 56 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 830 70 | $\stackrel{5}{58}$ | 54 | 69 |
| Forest products.---.-.-.............-do | 199 | 179 | 184 | 214 | 153 | 208 | 185 | 184 | 196 | 245 | 204 | 203 | 270 |
| Grains and grain products.............-do | 188 | 167 | 149 | 194 | 155 | 212 | 154 | 146 | 141 | 174 | 154 | 194 | 228 |
|  | 71 | 59 | 82 | 82 | 53 | 65 | 42 | 43 | 50 | 62 | 45 | 40 | 68 |
| Merchandise, l. c. l.-.-...............-. do | 347 | ${ }_{286}^{618}$ | 641 | 768 | 582 | ${ }_{7}^{711}$ | 597 | 584 | 525 | 492 | 378 | 346 | 449 |
| Miscellaneo | 1,647 | 1, 526 | 1,603 | 1,929 | 1,396 | 1,729 | 1,407 | 1,477 | 1,503 | 1,878 | 1,528 | 1,517 | 2,001 |
| Freight-car surplus, total.-------------- do | 43 38 | 41 | 42 | 61 | 75 | 60 | 59 | ${ }_{53}^{58}$ |  | 70 | 82 | 71 46 | 59 |
|  | 28 4 | 15 10 | 18 | ${ }^{28}$ | 27 | 22 | $\stackrel{22}{22}$ | ${ }^{23}$ | 28 | 42 | 55 | 46 | 40 |
| Financial operations: |  |  |  |  | 32 |  | 20 | 17 | 12 | 10 |  |  |  |
| Operating revenues, total...,.thous. of dol. | 697, 792 | 488, 979 | 517, 605 | 457,012 | 479, 560 | 480,691 | 462.486 | 540, 118 |  | 601, 002 | 623,687 | 665, 182 | 683, 807 |
| Freight.........-.-.....-................d. ${ }^{\text {do. }}$ | 546, 791 | 411, 241 | 440, 122 | 385, 241 | 389, 223 | 392,571 | 377, 593 | 445, 490 | 8788, 007 | 487, 982 | 501, 343 | 533, 036 | 537, 412 |
|  | 104,971 | 43,521 | 42, 231 | 40,519 | 53, 868 | 55,697 | 54,746 | 59,106 | 66, 116 | 74, 345 | 82, 268 | 91, 939 | 103, 463 |
| Operating expenses....--.-...-...-.-.do | 399, 706 | r 312,288 $r 72$ | 361, 502 | 335, 614 | 352, 532 | 348,781 | 327, 653 | 360, 011 | 366, 756 | 375,440 | 378, 472 | 390, 477 | 399, 282 |
| Taxes, joint facility and equip. rents...do | 143, 455 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r 72, } \\ \cdot \\ -104,358 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 62,446 <br> 93 <br> 8.65 | 52,633 68,765 | 46,480 <br> 80 <br> 80 <br> 849 | ${ }_{68}^{62,944}$ | 68,347 66,486 | 87,749 92 9298 | 103,741 | 115, 333 | 126, 484 | 141, 703 | 149,250 135,264 |
| Net railway operating income |  | 59, 324 | 53,676 | 29,226 | - 56,492 | 28, 260 | ${ }^{23,716}$ | 92,359 46,888 | 102,034 57,890 | 109,628 63,668 | ${ }_{r} \mathbf{7} 77,691$ | ${ }_{-89,632}^{133,001}$ | 135,264 89,400 |
| Operating results: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Freight carried 1 mile---..----mil. of tons |  | 47, 616 | 51,135 | 46,032 | 44,545 | 46,666 | 44,109 | 51,853 | 53,631 | 58,517 | 57,304 | 60, 713 | 62, 405 |
| Revenue per ton-mile |  | 928 | 922 | . 904 | . 943 | 914 | 926 | 924 | 937 |  | 931 | . 936 |  |
| Passengers carried 1 mile --........-millions.. |  | 2,527 | 2,397 | 2,293 | 3,055 | 3,078 | 2,895 | 3, 070 | 3,427 | 3,822 | 4,238 | 4.765 |  |
| Finsncial operations, adjusted: <br> Operating revenues, total $\qquad$ mil. of do |  | 464.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 584.2 |  |  |  |  |
| Freight -- --........................do |  | 389.5 | 375.9 | 398.7 | 403.2 | 406. 6 | 423.9 | 443.0 | 474.8 | 499.4 | 508.6 | 519.4 | 634.2 |
| Passenger |  | 41.6 | 44.1 | 45.1 | 49.4 | 53.6 | 60.1 | 63.0 | 71.3 | 81.0 | 79.4 | 82.0 | 92.3 |
| Railway expenses |  | 379.4 | 403.2 | 403.1 | 409.8 | 413.1 | 420.3 | 445.7 | 471.5 | 486.5 | 499.5 | 518.7 | 539.3 |
| Net railway operating inoome..........-do |  |  |  | 72.9 | 76.4 | 82.3 | 98.6 | 96.1 | ${ }^{112.7}$ | 131.2 | 127.9 | 124.0 | 129.5 |
| Net income-------------------------- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ |  | 42.1 | 10.5 | 33.1 | 36.6 | 40.0 | 57.7 | 52.4 | 70.3 | 87.9 | 84.2 | 79.0 |  |
| Waterway Traffe |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canals, New York State._thous. of short tons.- |  | 507 | 700 | 534 |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 201 | 401 | 462 | 584 | 461 |
| Rivers, Mississippi (Gov. barges only)-.-- do.--- Travel | 199 | 211 | 251 | 240 | 119 | 81 | 65 | 100 | 206 | 251 | 225 | 257 | 247 |
| Operations on scheduled air lines: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 12,127 | 12, 200 | 11, 501 | 10,855 | 11, 127 | 9,979 | 11,352 | 11,340 | 10, 847 | 7,353 | 8, 079 | 8,451 |
| Express carried -..-------....-thous. of lb - |  | 1,962 | 1,761 | 1.689 | 2, 386 | 2, 531 | 2,170 | 2,560 | 2, 884 | 3,076 | 3,097 | 3, 534 | 3,927 |
| Passengers carried |  | 455, 647 | 420, 393 | 324, 546 | 298, 680 | 300,900 | 286, 435 | 371, 398 | 428, 153 | 369, 776 | 240,916 | 262, 715 | 283, 145 |
| Passenger-miles flown .-.....thous. of miles... |  | 158, 151 | 150, 920 | 115, 825 | 111, 077 | 113, 135 | 104, 220 | 139, 061 | 158, 218 | 144, 947 | 100, 253 | 116, 104 | 127, 393 |
| Average sale per occupied room_....-dollars. | 3. 70 | 3. 52 | 3. 55 | 3.61 | 3.39 | 3.40 | 3.39 | 3.30 | 3. 64 | 3.26 | 3.43 | 3.45 |  |
| Rooms occupied.---.........percent of total.. | 78 | 69 | 71 | 69 | 61 | 71 | 70 | 70 | 71 | 72 | 71 | 69 | 75 |
| Restaurant sales inder $\ldots . . . .-\ldots . . .-1929=100 .$. | 134 | 108 | 108 | 114 | 103 | 107 | 101 | 100 | 121 | 121 | 125 | 125 | 143 |
| Foreign travel: U. S. citizeus, arrivals |  | 11,328 | 11,668 | 8,991 | 10,799 | 9,456 | 6.723 | 8745 | 7298 | 7569 | 9 | 8, 263 | 1 |
| U. S. citizens, departures...------...-...- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ |  | 11,807 | 9,942 | 8,748 | 11,339 | 7,871 | 5,754 | 10,222 | 6,807 | 11, 145 | 8, 147 | 4,935 | 5,005 |
|  |  | 612 | 714 | 945 | 686 | 408 | 448 | 532 | 462 | 389 | 585 | 419 | 344 |
| Immigrants-..-- |  | 3,911 4,687 | 2,188 | 2,256 | 2,581 | 1,854 | 1,924 | 1,560 | 1,699 | 1,673 | 2, 593 | 2, 195 | 1,932 |
| Passports issuedor | 19, 128 | 4,687 | 4,331 | 5,177 | 4,549 | 5,145 | 6,020 | 6,881 | 7,923 | 7,880 | 16,244 | 15, 042 | 11, 635 |
| Visitors --.............................do |  | 430, 608 | 253, 489 | 129,890 | 59,812 | 60,767 | 59,338 | 60,808 | 94, 192 | 137, 187 | 221, 697 | 342, 043 | 330, 540 |
| Automobiles.............................do |  | 132, 359 | 78, 112 | 39,383 | 18, 152 | 17,477 | 16, 821 | 17,760 | 28, 203 | 41, 196 | 67, 454 | 98, 147 | 94, 102 |
| Putlman Co.: Revenue passenger-miles_........thousands |  | 707, 408 | 840, 925 | 763, 624 | 1,017,616 | 1,273,822 | 1,208,162 | 1,289,858 | 1,380,255 | 1,445,506 | 1,496,048 | 1,471,500 | 1,843,326 |
| Passenger revences .............thous. of dol |  | 4,857 | 5, 138 | 4,776 | 5,608 | 6,929 | 6,421 | 6,935 | 7,784 | 8,092 | 8,509 | 8,903 | 9,638 |

## r Revised.

tsee note marked " $\ddagger$ " on p . S-20.
Data for November 1941, January, May, and August 1942 are for 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks.
${ }^{\circ}{ }^{\circ}$ Begeginning February 1942 data include passports issued to American seamen.
*See note marked with an "**" on p. S-20.

| Monthly statistics through December 1941, together with explanatofy notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1942 | 1941 |  |  |  | 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sep- } \\ & \text { tember } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\text { tember }}{\text { Sep- }}$ | October | November | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Decem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Janu- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | Febru: ary | March: | April | May | June | July | August |

## TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS-Continued

| COMMUNICATIONS Telephone carriers: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating revenues....-.......thous. of dol. |  | 121,259 | 124,000 | 119,818 | 128,993 | 128,257 | 123, 860 | 130, 347 | 131, 727 | 133; 076 | 134, 216 | 135,652 | 135,328 |
| Station revenaes....................... do |  | 76, 470 | 78,700 | 77, 292 | 80, 229 | 79,974 |  |  |  |  | 80, 078 | r 79,415 | 78, 897 |
| Tolls, message |  | 35,029 | 35, 368 | 32, 526 | 37,782 | 37, 441 | 34,961 | 38, 471 | 40, 207 | 41, 616 | 42, 379 | 44, 579 | 44, 666 |
| Operating expenses |  | 79, 159 | 82,052 | 79,651 | 87,307 | 82,935 | 79, 414 | 84,365 | 84, 372 | 85, 655 | 85, 542 | 89, 370 | 86, 439 |
| Net operating income - -.....-.-.-...-do |  | 20, 477 | 20, 165 | ${ }^{19}$, 645 | 32, 532 | 21, 166 | 21, 307 | 21,647 | 21,596 | 22, 264 | 22; 167 | 21, 339 | 22, 632 |
| Phones in service, end of month thousands.- |  | 20,817 | 20,954 | 21,067 | 21, 206 | 21, 362 | 21, 481 | 21, 595 | 21, 702 | 21,815 | 21,888 | - 21, 941 | 22,048 |
| Tejegraph and cable carriers: <br> Operating revenues, total thous. of dol. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating revenues, total -.....thous. of dol.. |  | 11, 461 | 12, 11.488 | 10,436 | 14,088 | 12, 1263 | 11, ${ }_{10}^{107}$ | 11,940 | 12,553 | 13,887 12,824 | ${ }_{13,151}^{14,398}$ | 14, 14.375 | 14,282 13,254 |
| Western Union Telegraph Co., revenues from cable operations....thous. of dol. |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}11,553 \\ \hline 108\end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r}1734 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 11,620 620 | 11,65 565 | 663 |  | 12.88 658 | $\begin{array}{r}678 \\ \hline 188\end{array}$ | 13 709 | 712 |
| Cable carriers.............................. |  | 1,094 | 1,073 | 1,147 | 1,359 | 1,169 | 972 | 1,134 | 1,035 | 1,053 | 1,248 | 1,080 | , 028 |
| Operating expenses.-.....................- do |  | 10,830 | 10;809 | 10, 276 | 12,003 | 11,054 | 10,246 | 10, 889 | 11, 188 | 11,639 | 11, 718 | 11, 967 | 11,932 |
| Operating income.........................-do |  | 782 | 784 |  | 2,215 |  | 465 | 918 | 1,088 | 905 | 1,216 | 958 | 1, 031 |
|  |  | 401 | 316 | ${ }^{1} 88$ | 1,488 | 61 | ${ }^{4} 65$ | 80 | 572 | 380 | 787 | 45 | 501 |
| adiotelegraph carriers, operating revenues thous, of dol |  | 1,205 | 1,316 | 1,197 | 1,442 | 1,163 | 1,092 | 915 | 1,032 | 1,108 | 1,204 | 993 | 999 |

## CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS

| CHEMICALS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Metbanol: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 0.58 | 0.44 | 0.54 |  |  |  |  | $0.58$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Snythetic, pure, f. o. b. works <br> Explosives, shipruents.. <br> thous. of ib.. | 42, 271 | $\begin{array}{r} 43,69 \end{array}$ | $42,288$ | $37, \dot{486}$ | $38,28$ | $36,2_{720}^{28}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 37,681 \end{aligned}$ | $36,28$ | $41,28$ | $40.28$ | $42, \dot{101}_{28}^{28}$ | $40,409$ | $\begin{array}{r} 41,709 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| Sulphar production (quarteriy) : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{148,570} 56$ | $129,365$ |  |  | 135, 285 |  |  | 110, 115 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 725, 579 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, $66^{\circ}$, at works dol. per short ton. | 16.50 | 16.50 | 16. 50 | 18. 50 | 16. 50 | 16.50; | 16. 50 | 16.50 | 16.50 | 16. 50 | 16. 50 | 16.50 | 16.50 |
| FERTILIZERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption, Southern States | 169 | 134 | 168 | 186 | 267 | 1,030 |  | 1060 | 678 | 287 | 48 | 70 | 66 |
| Price, wholesale, nitrate of soda, crude |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| f. o. b. cars, port warehouses ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$.. dol. per cwt.- | 1.650 | 1. 650 | 1.650 | 1.650 | 1.650 | 1.650 | 51.650 | 1.650 | 1.650 | 1. 650 | $\begin{array}{r}1,650 \\ \hline 6.959\end{array}$ | 1.650 59 | 1.650 |
| Potash diliveries .-.-.----.......-short tons.- | 56,439 | 39,943 | 56,039 | 53,646 | 59,897 | 57,113 | 51,402 | 56, 386: | 44,994 | 29,714 | 62,959 |  | 59,371 |
| Superphospaate (bulk): |  | 364, 5 | 413, 240 | 419.946 | 487, 558 | 487, 164 | 457, 302 | 480,018: | 431,634 | 440,685 | 453, 095 | 445, 603 | 501, 592 |
| Shipments to consumers...................- do |  | 130.906 | 129,293 | 87, 581 | 80, 113 | 77, 725 | 146, 846 . | 204, 855 | 254,239 | 147, 473 | 78, 577 | 72, 332 | 98, 287 |
| Stocks, end of month...-....................d. |  | 4,022,410 | 1,051,966 | 1,050,633 | 1,049,268 | 1,082,860 | 1,017,847 | 911, 507 | 730, 135 | 760, 761 | 915, 172 | 1,067,747 | 1,028,540 |
| NAVAL STORES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rosin, gum: <br> Price, wholesale " H " (Savannah), bulk |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| dol. per cwt | 3.30 |  | 2.44 | 2.64 | 2.89 | 3.16 | 3.22 | 3.06 | 2.89 | 2.82 |  | 3.10 | 2.91 |
| Receipts, net, 3 ports....-.....bbl. ( 500 lb .) | 24,713: | 29, 282 | 24, 526i | 34, 516 | 34,637 | 30, 214 | 19,862 | 3,733 | 16, 353 |  | 21,686 | 26, 872 | 35,415 |
| Stocks, 3 ports, end of month | 250,079 | 419, 979 | 372, 883 | 297, 168 | 270, 383 | 269, 496 | 257, 926 | 250, 110 ${ }^{\text {i }}$ | 239,817 | 45, 086 | 237, 420 | 229, 436 | 245, 937 |
| Turpentine, gum, spirits of: ${ }^{\text {Price }}$ wholesale (Savannah) |  | 76 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 63 |  |  |
| Receipts, net, 3 ports.........bbl. (50 gal.)-- | 9,200 | 10,755 | 10,942 | 5,999 | 12, 231 | 6, 357 | 1,127 | 784 | 4.550 | 6,554 | 8,021 | 11,466 | 10,421 |
| Stoeks, 3 ports, end of month..---......do...- | 45; 705 | 36, 669 | 26, 389 | 18,955 | 15,676 | 26,594 | 20,496 | 16, 675 | 17,010 | , 758 | 22,817 | 32,164 | 39, 821 |
| OLLS, FATS, AND BYPRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Animal, including fish oils: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Animal fats: Consumption, factory .........thous. of 1 lb . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\qquad$ <br> Production do $\qquad$ | 1320, 217 |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{1776,542}$ |  |  | 1699, 673 | 247, 889. | ${ }_{213}^{120,265}$ |
|  | 311, 526 | 1504, 968 |  |  | 1461,497 |  |  | 1445, 114 |  |  | 1365, 870 | 393, 452 | 368, 527 |
| Greases: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption, factory --.-------....- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 42, 549 | ${ }^{1121,155}$ |  |  | 1118, 673 |  |  | 1125, 047 |  |  | 1135,020 | 39, 945 | 46, 245 |
|  | 42, 086 | 1124.006 |  |  | 1140, 931 |  |  | 1140, 105 |  |  | 1141, 187 | 46, 259 | - 41,318 |
| Stocks, end of month.....-.-........-do | 104, 028 | 1103;068 |  |  | 1105, 815 |  |  | 1100, 330 |  |  | 1102, 044 | 106, 004 | 107, 787 |
| Consumption, factory .................-do- | 15, 319 | ${ }^{1} 50,018$ |  |  | ${ }^{1} 54,513$ |  |  | 150, 176: |  |  | 142,798 |  |  |
|  | 27, 291 | 183, 140 |  |  | 181,685 |  |  | ${ }^{17} 7128$ | --7- |  | 111, 713 | 10,342 | 27,575 |
| Stocks, end of month.----.------.-.- do Vegetable oils, | 178, 247 | 1162,659 |  |  | 1189,916 |  |  | 1171, 398, |  |  | :160, 540 | 162,869 | 178, 219 |
| Consumption, crude, factory -....-mil. of ll | 266 | ${ }^{1} 788$ |  |  | ${ }^{1} 1,106$ |  |  | ${ }^{1} 11,048:$ |  |  | 1744 | 210 | 212 |
|  | 333 | ${ }^{1} 723$ |  |  | 11, 205 |  |  | ${ }^{1} 1,018$ |  |  | 1710 | 214 | 212 |
| Stocks, end of month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crude- | 764 | 1700 1300 |  |  | 1902 |  |  |  |  |  | 1761 | 729 | 726 373 |
| Coconut or copra oil: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption, factory: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crude.-.......................thous. of 1b..- | 7,352 | 1187, 302: |  |  | 1184, 737 |  |  | 1113, 643: |  |  | ${ }^{1} 35,085$ | 9,316 |  |
|  | 2,742 | ${ }^{1} 73,883$ |  |  | 179, 028 |  |  | 1 49, 437 |  |  | ${ }^{1} 12,995$ | 3,294 | 5,218 |
| Production: <br> Crude. $\qquad$ do. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{1} 17,740$ |  |  |
|  | 1,822 | 193, 710: |  |  | 197,464 |  |  | 165,072 |  |  | 113,512 | 3,715 | 4,289 |
| Stacks, end of month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 121,262 \\ 8,141 \end{array}$ | ${ }_{1} 116,994$ |  |  | 116,248 |  |  | ${ }_{115,131}^{135,9}$ |  |  |  | 129, 703 | $\begin{gathered} 128,602 \\ 6 \end{gathered}$ |
| Cottonseed: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption (crush) .-.thous. of short tons-- | 529 |  | 669 | 586 | 505 | 474 | 413 | 317 | 224 | 144 |  | 62 |  |
|  | 1,085 | ${ }^{*} 1,050$ | 1,264 | ${ }_{678}$ | ${ }^{361}$ | 218 | 144 | 52 | 22 | 21 | 27 | 27 | 157 |
| Stocks at mills, end of month..-----.--do.-... | 701 | r 759 | 1,344. | 1,437 | 1,293: | 1,037 | 768 | 503 | 301 | 177 | 116 | 81 | 145 |

${ }^{a}$ Not available. $\quad{ }^{d}$ Deficit. $\quad$ Revised.
This price bas been substituted beginning 1935 for the one previously shown in the Survey. Revisions for.Jan. $1935-J u l y$ 1937 will be shown in a subsequent issué, There has been no change in data beginning with Aug. 1937. Prices are quoted per ton, in 100 lb . bags, and have been converted to price per bag.

| Monthly statistics through December 1941, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1942 | 1941 |  |  |  | 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | September | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sep- } \\ \text { tember } \end{gathered}$ | Octo ber | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Febra- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | March | April | May | June | July | August |

## CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS-Continued



ELECTRIC POWER AND GAS

| ELECTEIC POWER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Production, total.......-.....-mil. of kw.hr. | 16,157 | 14,364 | 15, 246 | 14, 491 | 15,651 | 15,646 | 14, 102 | 15,053 | 14,588 | 14,991 | 15, 182 | 16,005 | -16,262 |
| By source: | 10, 944 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 5, 214 | 4, 000 | 4, 205 | 4.089 | 4,495. | 4,595 | 4, 4388 | $\underset{5,615}{9,438}$ | $\stackrel{8}{5,609}$ | 5, 360 | 5, 5,381 | 10,877 5,128 | $+10,946$ $+5,315$ |
| By type of producer: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| utilitfes....................mil. of kw .-hr.. | 13, 804. | 12, 862 | 13,687 | 13,056 | 14,224 | 14, 110 | 12,612 | 13, 322 | 12,949 | 13, 326 | 13, 394 | 14,047 | 14,047 |
|  | 2,353 | 1,501 | 1,558 | 1, 435 | 1,427 | 1,536 | 1.491 | 1,731 | 1,639 | 1,665 | 1,788 | 1,958 | - 2,214 |

$r$ Revised.
${ }^{1}$ Ruarterly data. Data compiled monthly beginning July 1942.
${ }^{2}$ December 1 estimate.
${ }^{3}$ October 1 estimate.

| Monthly statistics through December 1941, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1942 | 1.941 |  |  |  | 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sep- } \\ \text { tember } \end{gathered}$ | Sep- tember | October | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August |

ELECTRIC POWER AND GAS-Continued

| LLECTRIC POWER-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sales to ultimate customers, total (Edison Electric Institute) $\qquad$ mil. of kw.hr | 12,146 | 12,380 | 12,308 | 12,768 | 13, 242 | 12,572 | 12,568 | 12, 536 | 12,487 | 12,670 | 13, 166 | 13,650 |
| Residential or domestic.................do. | 2,031 | 2,092 | 2, 266 | 2,393 | 2,673 | 2, 405 | 2, 244 | 2, 139 | 2,047 | 2,025 | 2,053 | 2,104 |
| Rursl (distinct rural rates)...............do | 297 | 226 | 170 | 148 | 145 | 156 | 168 | 206 | 216 | 270 | 335 | 386 |
| mmercial and industrial: |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2199 | 2156 | 124 |  |  |  |
| Large light and power | 6,771 | 6,951 | 6,672 | 6, 2882 | 6,777 | 2,308 6,590 | 6,828 | 6,988 | 7,074 | 7,205 | 7,482 | 7,727 |
| Street and highway lighting.-.-.-...-...-do | 170 | 193 | 206 | 224 | 217 | 187 | 181 | 158 | 143 | 132 | 137 | 151 |
| Other public authorities......-..........do | 251 | 275 | 281 | 301 | 307 | 306 | 306 | 294 | 294 | 302 | 322 | 365 |
| Railways and railroads.......-.-.-.....-do | 467 | 501 | 503 | 569 | 597 | 550 | 560 | 525 | 520 | 509 | 522 | 522 |
| Interdepartmental ------7-----1---.- do | 40 | 42 | 47 | 63 | 76 | 74 | 72 | 69 | 69 | 66 | 69 | 66 |
| (Edison Electric Institute)......thous. of dol. | 226, 043 | 228, 884 | 234, 153 | 239, 611 | 250, 526 | 237,957 | 230, 766 | 227, 610 | 225, 602 | 227, 057 | 232, 460 | 238, 059 |
| GAS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufactured gas: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Customers, total...................thousands-- | 10,402 | 10,417 9,617 | 10,428 9,618 | $\begin{array}{r}10,474 \\ 9,646 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 10,434 9,616 | 10,482 | 10,454 | 10,463 | 10,544 | 10,542 | 10,608 |  |
| Domestic- | 9,619 308 | 9,617 333 | ${ }^{9,651}$ | $\begin{array}{r}9,646 \\ \hline 367\end{array}$ | 9,616 | 9,651 | 9,626 343 | ${ }^{9,621}$ | $\begin{array}{r}9,694 \\ \hline 872\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}9,706 \\ \hline 359\end{array}$ | 9,785 344 |  |
| Industrial and | 466 | 456 | 450 | 451 | 465 | 463 | 471 | 470 | 466 | 466 | 467 |  |
| Sales to consumers, total....... mil. of cu. $f$ | 29,210 | 31, 845 | 35,724 | 39,892 | 43, 705 | 42,357 | 41, 296 | 38, 161 | 34,873 | 31,983 | 30,383 |  |
| Domestic. -...........-...............- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 16,746 | 17,462 | 15,879 | 16,200 | 18, 268 | 17,672 | ${ }^{17}$ 7,629 | 16,875 | 16,534 | 17, 125 | 16,475 |  |
| House heati | 1,203 | 11,402 | 7,491 | 10,752 | 12, 294 | 11, 817 | 10, 224 | 7,722 13 | 5, 296 | 2,604 | 1,719 |  |
| Industrial and commercial...-.---tal | 11,079 | 11,747 | 12,086 | 12,618 | 12,796 | 12,425 | 13, 129 | 13, 280 | 12,794 | 12,035 | 11,919 |  |
| Revenue from sales to consumers, thous. of d | 29,887 | 31,854 | 33,692 | 36,107. | 38,680 | 37,759 | 36, 626 | 34, 286 | 33, 143 | 31,245 | 36, 202 |  |
|  | 22,003 | 22,712 | 21, 908 | 22, 042 | 23, 016 | 21,924 | 21, 663 | 21, 574 | 22,407 | 22,210 | 21, 740 |  |
| House heating | 1,118 | 1,941 | 4,248 | 6,191 | 7,728 | 7,960 | 6,937 | 4,881 | 3,083 | 1,918 | 1,332 |  |
| Industrial and commerci | 6,657 | 7,063 | 7,373 | 7,693 | 7,739 | 7,684 | 7,734 | 7,649 | 7,506 | 6,996 | 7,007 |  |
| Customers, total..................thousands | 7,942 | 8,012 | 8,174 | 8,215 | 8,171 | 8, 183 | 8,230 | 8,272 | 8,286 | 8. 192 | 8,242 |  |
| Domestic -..........-----------.- do | 7,392 | 7,444 | 7,554 | 7,585 | 7,554 | 7,572 | 7,610 | 7,656 | 7,676 | 7,615 | 7,664 |  |
| Industrial and commercial....-.-.-d |  |  |  |  |  | 609 | 618 |  | 607 | 575 | 574 |  |
| Sales to consumers, total.-.-...-min. of.....do | 115,379 17,812 | 127,179 | 143,343 36,976 | 160,937 50,694 | 178,028 67,790 | 174,389 62,485 | 171, 679 | 152,971 46,305 |  | 120.783 23,898 | 119,940 |  |
| Ind'l., com'l., and elec. generation | 94,873 | 102,073 | 103,639 | 107, 125 | 107, 521 | 108, 679 | 107, 401 | 105, 232 | 37,756 | ${ }^{\mathbf{9 4}, 151}$ | 97, 251 |  |
| Revenue from sales to consumers, total thous. of dol |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 52,55 |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic.-......--...-....------. do..-- | 13, 836 | 16,883 | 24, 655 | 32, 242 | 42,000 | 38,433 | 37, 312 | 30, 084 | 23, 243 | 18,018 | 15, 708 |  |
| Ind'l., com'l., and elec. generation...do. | 17,973 | 19,528 | 21,433 | 23,448 | 25, 241 | 24,816 | 21. 901 | 22, 253 | 20, 135 | 18,525 | 18,760 |  |

FOODSTUFFS AND TOBACCO

| ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fermented malt liquors: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production --.-.-.-.-.......thous. of bbl.. | 6,587 | -5,341 | 4,989 | 3,842 | 4,421 | 4,432 | 4,438 | 5,154 | 5,728 | 6, 142 | 6,145 | 6,803 | 6,984 |
| Tax-paid withdrawals...................-do.- | 6, 208 | '5, 296 | 4, 820 | 4. 074 | 4, 621 | 3,970 | 3,763 | 4, 577 | 5,030 | 5,978 | 5,786 | 6,814 | 6,864 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apparent consumption for beverage purposes $\qquad$ thous. of wine gal. |  | 16;980 | 10,741 | 13,931 | 16,940 | 15,593 | 13,861 | 13,749 | 12,984 | 12,762 |  |  |  |
| Productiong--....-...--thous. of tax gal. | 6,526 | 21, 201 | 30,667 | 20,788 | 18,778 | 18, 535 | 12,903 | 10,571 | 9,716 | 8 8,137 | 7,378 | 7,968 | 893 |
| Tax-paid withdrawals.-..-.....-.-....do | 15, 129 | + 11,985 | 10, 505 | 11, 108 | 8,586 | 9,233 | 9,413 | 11, 312 | 9, 641 | 9,283 | 9,215 | 12,801 | 15,380 |
| Stocks, end of month! .-.----......-do | 521, 243 | 547, 678 | 555, 462 | 558, 967 | 567, 403 | 574, 937 | 577, 140 | 542, 884 | 543, 512 | 543, 094 | 541, 188 | 537,737 | 529,089 |
| Whisky: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tax-paid withdrawals | 10,068 | r9. 204 | 7,602 | 8,143 | 6,832 | 6, 519 | 6,417 | 7,501 | 6,631 | 5,968 | 6, 326 | 8, 585 | 10, 144 |
| Stocks, end of monthy ---.-........-do | 500, 147 | 499, 503 | 504,041 | 505, 557 | 511. 211 | 516, 456 | 519, 790 | 520, 765 | 521, 503 | 521, 033 | 519, 197 | 515, 847 | 507, 493 |
| Rectified spirits and wines, production, to thous. of proof ga | 7,756 | '6,401 | 6,330 | 5,943 | , 683 | 6,006 | 6,249 | 6,481 |  | , 621 | 4, 420 | 6,199 |  |
|  | 6, 753 | - 4,839 | 5,167 | 5,040 | 3,772 | 4,627 | 4,881 | 5,627 | 3, 902 | 3,907 | 3,756 | 5,499 | 6,652 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,846 |  |  | ,063 |  | 3,542 |  |
| Tax-paid withdrawals...................-do |  | 10, 123 | 8,546 | 8,832 | 10,633 | 8,079 | 8.860 | 9,446 | 8,123 | 7,026 | 7,532 | 7,916 | 8,416 |
| Stocks, end of month |  | 136, 457 | 183,015 | 193, 275 | 183, 560 | 176, 627 | 167, 079 | 158, 041 | 150, 023 | 142, 528 | 133, 213 | 124,765 | 116, 168 |
| Sparkling wines: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 72 | 118 | 111 | 114 | 78 | ${ }_{36}^{93}$ | ${ }_{24}^{74}$ | 155 | 119 | 114 | 44 | 55 |
| als |  | ${ }_{761}^{12}$ | ${ }_{719}$ | 137 664 | 1150 690 | 744 | 780 | $\begin{array}{r}29 \\ 895 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 32 978 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}\text { ¢4 } \\ \hline 1,037\end{array}$ | 1,019 |
| DAIRY PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Butter. creamery: |  |  |  | 36 | 35 | 35 | 35 |  | 38 |  |  | 38 |  |
|  | 140, 130 | 146,069 | 113, ${ }^{3} 36$ | 112, ${ }_{461}$ | 116, 659 | 119,825 | 118, 020 | 135,920 | 149,585 | 203, 360 | 203, 860 | 188.665 | 169.620 |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month... ..do... | 125, 994 | 202, 957 | 186,635 | 152, 484 | 114, 436 | 83, 106 | 63, 701 | 45, 045 | 37, 228 | 64, 720 | 117, 111 | 148.504 | 152.198 |
| Cheese: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, American Cheddars (Wisconsin) .-..........................dol. per lb. |  |  |  | 232 |  | 232 | . 222 | . 208 | . 202 | 202 |  | . 205 | 210 |
| Production, total (factory) $\dagger$..... thous. of lb.- | 86, 100 | 86, 552 | 83,607 | 71,426 | 74, 422 | 69, 850 | 72, 105 | 88,770 | 103, 030 | 136,280 | 131, 100 | 115,385 | 104,008 |
| American whole milk | 70,675 | 70,734 | 66, 887 | 56,334 | 58, 744 | -62,350 | ${ }_{162,505}$ | 77,215 | 88, 810 | 117, 085 | 110, 430 | -97,005 | 87, 225 |
| Atocks, ciold storage, end or month........do | 221, 344 | 156, 746 | 157, 468 | 158, 238 | 171,869 | ${ }_{137,276}^{165}$ | 130, 140 | 163, 389 | 178, 473 | 195.537 | 228, 478 | $\xrightarrow{261,535}$ | ${ }^{243} \mathbf{2 4 9} 5$ |
| Condensed and evaporated milk:Prices, wholesale, U. S. average: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Evaporated (unsweetened) ............do... | 5.83 3.66 | 3. 3.65 | 5.33 3.67 | - ${ }_{3}^{5.64}$ | 5. ${ }_{\text {5. }} 64$ | 5.64 3.67 | 5.64 | ${ }_{3}^{5.64}$ | 5. 3.55 | 5.65 <br> 3.52 | 5. <br> 3.49 | 5.65 3.49 | 5. ${ }^{5} 50$ |
| Production, case goods: $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Evaporated (unsweetened) --.-.................. | $\begin{array}{r} 8,589 \\ 226,695 \end{array}$ | 10,105 290,634 | 281, ${ }^{10,372}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 8,726 \\ 259,758 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6,922 \\ 286,684 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,187 \\ 313,517 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,270 \\ 300,003 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6,105 \\ 339,522 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,518 \\ 358,443 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,051 \\ 449,330 \end{array}$ | 6,782 402,584 | $\begin{array}{r} 8,970 \\ 326,332 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 9,832 \\ 277,969 \end{array}$ |

RNotised. including high-proof spirits produced at registered distilleries beginning March 1942
$\dagger$ Revised 1941 data on production for the indicated series on dairy products are as follows (in thousands of pounds): Butter-Jan. 135,033; Feb. 129, 688; Mar., 147,337;
 7,243; Feb., 7,238; Mar., 10,526; Apr., 10,819; May, 11,747; June, 10,039; July, 11, $022 ;$ Aug., 11,052. Evaporated milk-Jan., 172,262; Feb., 169, 493; Mar., 208,296; Apr., 254,215; May, 353,803; June, 350,073; July, 310,791; Aug., 308,855.

| Monthly statistics through December 1941, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1942 | 1941 |  |  |  | 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sep. tember | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sep- } \\ & \text { tember } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Octo- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{array}\right\|$ | Decem- ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Febru- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | March | April | May | June | July | August |

## FOODSTUFFS AND TOBACCO-Continued

| DAIRY PRODUCTS-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Condensed and evaporated milk-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stocks, manufacturers, Condense (swetedsed) | 4,124 | 10,062 | 11,246 | 11,906 | 12,024 | 9,000 | 6,223 | 6,469 | 8,292 | 8,178 | 7,445 | 6,733 | ,412 |
| Evaporated (unsweetened) ----..-.-.-do...- | 136,985 | 339, 716 | 382,605 | 417,643 | 328,475 | 252, 532 | 218,410 | 213, 550 | 222, 485 | 294, 579 | 330, 810 | 292, 911 | 211,000 |
| Price, dealers', standard grade _dol. per 100 lb .- | 2.82 | 2.49 | 2.60 | 2.66 | 2.70 | 2.73 | 2.74 | 2.75 | 2.75 | 2.75 | 2.75 | 2.75 | 2.76 |
| Production--------------mil. of 1 l | 9,525 | 9,240 | 8,836 | 8,200 | 8,466 | 8,726 | 8,288 | 9,626 | 10,290 | 12, 136 | 12,570 | 11, 780 | 10,788 |
| Utilization in manufactured dairy productst mil. of 1 lb | 4,367 | 4,619 | 4,319 | 3,694 | 3,876 | 4,007 | 3, 934 | 4,589 | 5,036 | 6,694 | 6,546 | 5,894 | 5280 |
| Dry skim milk: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, for human consumption, U. S. average $\qquad$ dol. per lb. | 131 | 107 | 119 | 124 | 128 | 131 | 131 | 128 | 127 | 126 | 126 | 127 | 129 |
| Production, total $\dagger$...............-.thous. of lb.- | 44,000 | 32,979 | 29,169 | 26,305 | 31,253 | 40,000 | 41,800 | 54,000 | 61,400 | 78,100 | 79,600 | 61,000 | 55,100 |
| For human consumption $\dagger$--...-.-- do---- | 40,600 | 26,993 | 25, 239 | 22, 805 | 27, 525 | 35, 800 | 37, 164 | 48, 470 | 55,780 | 70, 500 | 74, 200 | 56,300 | 51, 400 |
| Stocks, manufacturers', end of month, total thous. of lb. | 32,017 | 26,975 | 21,470 | 18,732 | 20,156 | 22,931 | 28,789 | 38,482 | 47,459 | 60, 595 | 61,604 | 48, 597 | 41, 160 |
| For human consumption ..............do..... FRUITS AND VEGETABLES | 28,084 | 23,883 | 19,427 | 16,795 | 18,565 | 21,068 | 26, 102 | 34, 988 | 42,378 | 54,305 | 54, 855 | 42, 822 | 36, 331 |
| A pples: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (crop estimate) .-.--thous of bu.. | 128, 386 |  |  |  | 1126,059 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipments, carlot-........-no. of carloads.- | 5, 267 . | + 5 , 236 | 11,073 | 6, 322 | 4,974 | 3,704 | 3,951 | 48001 | 3,315 | 1,840 | 83 | 0 | 24 |
| Citrus fruits, carlot shipments..-no. of carloads | 910 |  | 32 | 31,181 | 25,732 | 20,162 |  | 8, 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Frozen fruits, stocks, cold storage, end 0 | 8,7 |  | 10, | 14,313 |  | 20,329 | 18,02 | 20,831 | 19,592 | 19,312 | 15, 894 | 12,140 | 9,701 |
| thous. of 1b | 222, 338 | 211, 503 | 199, 822 | 186, 714 | 177,948 | 157,973 | 142, 192 | 119,982 | 101, 810 | 106,538 | 129,334 | 186, 003 | 207, 767 |
| Frozen vegetables, stocks, cold storage, end of month_.............................thous. of lb | 115,496 | 99, 238 | 98,839 | 100, 440 | 92, 929 | 82,638 | 73,245 | 61,781 | 53,416 | 49, 548 | 65,358 | 88,248 | 102, 186 |
| Potatoes, white: Price, wholesale (N. Y.)......dol. per 100 lb .- | 1.6 | 1.845 | 1.944 | 2.163 | . 330 | r 2.131 | +2.044 | - 1.920 | -1.894 | r 2.58 | 2.883 | 2.019 | 「2. 150 |
| Production (erop estimate) ......thous. of bu.. | 376. 309 |  |  |  | ${ }^{1357,783}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipments, carlot...........-no. of carloads.. | 14, 928 | 11,205 | 16,716 | 14,162 | 14,016 | 21,738 | 16,556 | 21,989 | 10,827 | 21,016 | 24,473 | 11, 294 | 9,909 |
| Grains and grain Products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Barley: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prices, wholesale (Minneapolis): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No. 3, straight-...-........-..-dol. per bu-- | ${ }^{64}$ | . 60 | . 55 | . 68 | . 68 | . 76 | . 73 | . 70 | . 71 | . 76 | . 68 | . 65 | . 64 |
| Production (erop estimate)-.-. -thous of bu-. | 426, 188 |  |  |  | 1358, 709 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts, principal markets...---......do | 15, 566 | 14,111 | 9,116 | 13,239 | 12, 190 | 8, 827 | 20 | 70 | 813 | 6, 064 | 6,916 | 18 | 872 |
| Stours, commercial, end of month......do | 9, 632 | 6,977 | 7,757 | 8,739 | 10,002. | 9,681 | 9,656 | 8,324 | 6,344 |  | 3,600 | , 015 | 5, 514 |
| Grindings, wet process | 9,969 | r8,720 | 9,256 | 8,653 | 8,579 | 10,118 | 9,732 | 11,072 | 10,948 | 10,205 | 9,768 | 9,717 | 10,039 |
| Prices, wholesale: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No. 3, yellow (Chicago) .......- dol. per bu.. | . 84 | . 75 | .70 | 71 | . 76 | .82 | . 82 | . 82 | . 82 | . 85 | . 85 | 86 | . 84 |
| No. 3, white (Chicago) | 1.06 <br> .85 | . 81 | . 75 | . 78 | . 83 | . 98 | . 96 | . 97 | . 81 | . 88 | . 96 | 1.00 .85 | 1.02 .86 |
| Production (crop estimate) .....thous of bu. | 3,132,002 |  |  |  | 12,672,541 |  |  |  | . 81 |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts, principal markets-..............do | 22,183 | 27,496 | 24,041 | 24,354 | 28, 107 | 29,494 | 30,357 | 24,098 | 30, 570 | 25,755 | 22,448 | 23, 578 | 20, 126 |
| Stocks, domestic, end of month: Commercial $\qquad$ do |  |  |  | 39,835 |  | 50,311 | 59,884 |  | 63,363 | 64, 408 |  | 51,774 | 43.697 |
|  | 3423,597 | 3474,622 |  |  | 2,012, 138 |  |  | 1,286,720 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 570,052 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |
| Oats: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, No. 3, white (Chicago) <br> dol. per |  | 46 | . 44 | . 48 | 107 | 58 | 56 | . 54 | 55 | . 55 | . 49 | 48 | . 49 |
| Production (crop estimate)-..--thous. of | 1,369,540 | 10,414 | 6,720 | 052 | 1, 7,947 | 8,519 | 5,670 | 5,253 |  | 5,813 |  | ,642 | 16,918 |
| Stocks, domestic, end of month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Commercial.--------------------..- do-- | 10, 123 | 13,427 | 11,562 | 11,030 | -9,473 | 8,625 | 7,483 | 5,893 | 4,642 | 3,776 | 2,109 | 2, 191 | 5. 132 |
|  | 1,141,411 | 952, 329 |  |  | 749, 417 |  |  | 430,565 |  |  | 2191,688 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, head, clean (New Orlear |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| dol. per 1 lb . <br> Production (crop estimate) .....thous. of bu . | ${ }_{2} \begin{array}{r} 0.067 \\ \hline 798 \end{array}$ | . 041 | . 043 | . 049 | $\begin{array}{r} .064 \\ 154,028 \end{array}$ | . 068 | 068 | . 070 | . 080 | . 07 | . 070 | . 070 | . 069 |
| Californis: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts, domestic, rough abags ( 100 lb .).- | 493 | 114,931 | 263,460 | 316,495 | 378, 554 | 465, 182 | 229,404 | 278,245 | 499, 885 | 422,998 195,996 | 469, 837 | ${ }_{166,}^{194,} 148$ | 40.293 69.944 |
| Shipments from mills, milled rice....do..- | 36,666 | 72,446 | 131,856 | 290, 089 | 260, 941 | 137, 749 | 97,631 | 162, 316 | 420, 205 | 195, 996 | 392,090 | 166, 373 | 69,944 |
| stocks, rough and cleaned (in terms of cleaned rice), end of mo..bags ( 100 lb .). | 70,919 | 337, 263 | 354, 827 | 247, 542 | 210, 534 | 343,001 | 374, 565 | 364, 795 | 242, 690 | 290, 831 | 187, 381 | 152, 048 | 107. 281 |
| Southern States (La., Tex., Ark., and Tenn.): Receipts, rough, at mills |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (thous. of bbl. (162 lb.).. | 1,295 | 650 | 2, 191 | 2,321 | ${ }^{\text {r 2, }} 113$ | ${ }^{+1,231}$ | -1,342 | ${ }^{\text {r } 664}$ | 198 | 70 | 105 | 14 | 298 |
| Shipments (rom mills, milled rice ( 100 lb .) -- | 781 | 822 | 1,278 | 1,425 | '1,785 | r1,766 | +1,323 | r1,397 | 1,256 | 471 | 253 | 187 | 253 |
| Stocks, domestic, rough and cleaned (in terms of cleaned rice), end of month thous. of pockets ( 100 lb .).. | 677 | 712 | 1,683 | 2,627 | 1,785 3,007 | 2,508 | r2, 598 | 1,885 | 1,260 844 | 439 | 282 | 109 | 158 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, ${ }^{\text {No. }} 2$ (Mpls.) - dol. per bu-- |  | . 68 | . 60 | . 64 |  | . 80 | . 78 | 75 | . 72 | . 60 | . 60 | . 61 | 59 |
| Receipts, principal markets -...........do. | 2,393 | 4,944 | 2,603 | 2,150 | 2, 475 | 2,115 |  | 1,091 | 566 | 1,133 | 861 | 1,269 | 2,508 |
| Stocks, commercial, end of month......d | 18,477 | 17, 243 | 17, 504 | 17, 645 | 17, 474 | 16.785 | 17,029 | 17,651 | 17,333 | 17, 240 | 17,034 | 17,212 | 17, 288 |
| Wheat: <br> Disappearance, domestic |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Disappearance, domestic Prices, wholesale: |  | 179,253 |  |  | 164, 501 |  |  | 185, 815 |  |  | 169, 181 |  |  |
| No.1, Dark Northern Spring (Minneapolis) <br> dol. per bu |  | 1.14 |  |  |  | 1.28 | 1. | 1.24 | 1.19 | 1.20 | 1.14 | 14 |  |
| No. 2, Red Winter (St. Louis).......do | 1.33 | 1.16 | 1.13 | 1.17 | 1.27 | 1.34 | 1.31 | 1.30 | 1.21 | 1.20 | 1.19 | 1.22 | 1. 26 |
| No. 2, Hard Winter (K. O.) | 1.20 | 1. 14 | 1. 12 | 1. 13 | 1.20 | 1.26 | 1. 23 | 1.21 | 1.15 | 1.15 | 1.11 | 1.08 | 1.11 |
| Weighted av., 6 markets, all grades.- do...- | 1.18 | 1.12 | 1.02 | 1.06 | 1.15 | 1.20 | 1.21 | 1.19 | 1.14 | 1.16 | 1.11 | 1.10 | 1.11 |
| Production (erop est.), total....thous. of Spring wheat.................. | 2984, 046 |  |  |  | 1945, ${ }^{1937}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2697, 708 |  |  |  | 1671,293 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

${ }^{r}$ Revised. ${ }^{1}$ December 1 estimate. ${ }^{2}$ October 1 estimate. ${ }^{3}$ Includes old crop only.
$\dagger$ Data for the utilization of fuid milk in mannfactured dairy products have been revised beginning 1920 to include the milk equivalent of dry whole milk; revisions are minor throughout. Revised 1941 data for production of dry skim milk are as follows (in thousands of pounds): Total-Jan., 35,497; Feb., 35,051; Mar., 43,414; Apr., 48,179; May, 59,504; June, 56,038 ; July, 41,738; Aug., 36,885. For human consumption-Jan., 25,698; Feb., 25,703; Mar., 31,085; Apr., 34,407; May, 43,672; June, 41,677; July, 31,915; Aug., 29,265 .

| Monthly statistics through December 1941, together with explanatory dotes and references to the sources of the data may be found in the 1942 Suppiement to the Survey | 1942 | 1941 |  |  |  | 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | September | September | October | Novem- ber | Decem. ber | Janu. ary | February | March | April | May | June | July | August |

FOODSTUFFS AND TOBACCO-Continued

| GRAINS, ETC.-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wheat-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts, principal markets....thous, of bu.. | 53,694 | 39,925 | 31, 498 | 18,507 | 22, 530 | 19,665 | 17,803 | 17,457 | 12,669 | 17,354 | 23, 416 | 61,645 | 38,951 |
| Stocks, end of month: <br> - Canada (Canadian wheat) $\qquad$ do | 386, 956 | 452,018 | 476,307 | 473,005 | 471,492 | 465,608 | 458,692 | 446, 983 | 420,880 | 398, 177 | 384,746 | 390, 572 | 378, 091 |
| United States, total 1 -...................... do |  | 1,152, 108 | 478.307 | 43,005 | 987, 607 | 465, 008 | 458,602 | 801, 792 |  | 308, 17 | 632, 611 | 350,572 | 37,081 |
| Commercial | 269, 290 | 284.920 | 280, 688 | 276,260 | 270, 835 | -258, 570 | 249,891 | 237, 777 | 229,407 | 221,890 | 224,441 | -261, 422 | 266, 149 |
| Country mills and ele |  | 223. 975 |  |  | 207. 351 |  |  | 171, 432 |  |  | 141, 789 |  |  |
| Merchant mills..- |  | 154,902 |  |  | 135.601 |  |  | 122, 461 |  |  | 196,837 |  |  |
| On farms | 644, 503 | 488, 311 |  |  | 373, 820 |  |  | 270, 122 |  |  | 159,544 |  |  |
| Wheat flour: <br> Grindings of wheat $\qquad$ |  | 43,247 | 44,251 | 37,560 | 42,403 | 43,611 | 38,621 | 38, 194 | 36,878 | 36,141 | 37,842 | 41,465 | 0,920 |
| Prices, wholesale: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 37,852 | 1, |  |
| Standard patents (Mpls.) Winter, stralghts (Kansas City) dol. per bbl.- | 5.95 5.45 | 6.00 5.63 | 5.75 5.48 | 5.88 5.44 | 6.30 5.74 | 6.48 5.86 | 6.33 5.74 | 6.17 5.63 | 5.95 5.40 | 5.84 5.26 | 5.51 5.09 | 5.60 | 5.73 5.13 |
| Winter, straights (Kansas City) Production (Census): $\qquad$ do. | 45 | 5.63 | 5.48 | 5.44 | 5.74 | 5.86 | 5.74 | 5. 63 | 5.40 | 5.26 | 5.09 | 5.01 | 5.13 |
| Flour, actual Operations, percent of capacity |  | 9,495 65.8 | 9,693 62.2 | 8,216 59.6 | 9,283 61.8 | 9,532 63.5 | 8,479 83.8 | 8,378 55.7 | 8,058 53.6 | 7,903 54.6 | 8,279 55.0 | 9,075 60.4 | 8.968 59.6 |
| Offal .-....-...-........-.-.-- thous. of lb .- |  | 745, 899 | 766, 313 | 650, 110 | 732, 746 | 756,199 | 663,743 | 657,985 | 641, 182 | 628,939 | 656, 814 | 718,093 | 705,516 |
| Stocks held by mills, end of month $\begin{gathered}\text { thous. of bbl. }\end{gathered}$ |  | 4,586 |  |  | 3, 961 |  |  | 4,002 |  |  | 3, 619 |  |  |
| LIVESTOCK |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cattle and calves: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts, principal markets thous. of ani | 2,605 | 2,208 | 2, 454 | 2,022 | 1,964 | 1, 789 | 1,467 | 1,741 | 1,815 | 1,684 | 1,953 | 1,831 | 2,398 |
| Shipments, feeder, to 7 corn belt States thous. of animals | 294 | 270 | 405 | 274 | 189 | 89 | 61 | 84 | 126 | 91 | 80 | 74 | 173 |
| Prices, wholesale: <br> Beef steers (Chicago) do | 14 | 11.73 | 11.55 | 11.40 | 12.57 | 12.60 | 12.39 | 12.59 | 13.26 | 13.22 | 13.11 | 13.63 | 14.87 |
| Steers, stocker and feeder (Kan. City) do | 11. 64 | 19.98 | 1.53 | 9.34 | 10.46 | 10.57 | 10.69 | 11.47 | 11. 93 | 12. 00 | 11.83 | 11. 09 | 12. 05 |
| Calves, vealers (Chicago) ............. do | 14.00 | 13.50 | 13.38 | 12.00 | 12.60 | 14.09 | 13.50 | 13.80 | 13. 13 | 13.50 | 13.00 | 13.13 | 13.70 |
| Hogs: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts principal markets_thous. of animals.Prices: | 2,529 | 2,035 | 2,542 | 2,832 | 3,639 | 3,704 | 2,463 | 2,694 | 2,638 | 2,630 | 2,896 | 2,452 | 2,187 |
| Wholesale, average, all grades (Chicago) dol. per 100 lb .- | 14.45 | 11.04 | 10.41 | 10.16 | 10.65 | 11.36 | 12.58 | 13.37 | 14.18 | 14.07 | 14.19 | 14.25 | 14.37 |
| Hog-corn ratio <br> Sheep and lambs: <br> bu. of corn per ewt. of live hogs. | 16.4 | 15.7 | 15.5 | 15.2 | 15.3 | 14.5 | 15.2 | 15.7 | 16.9 | 16.3 | 16.3 | 16.6 | 16.9 |
| Receipts, principal markets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| thous. of animals.. | 3,657 | 2,557 | 2, 833 | 1,818 | 1,719 | 1,791 | 1,535 | 1,866 | 1, 866 | 1,855 | 1,832 | 2, 138 | 2,772 |
| Shipments, feeder, to 7 corn belt States do.... Prices, wholesale. | 720 | 786 | 956 | 219 | 122 | 116 | 82 | 87 | 118 | 163 | 105 | 135 | 387 |
| Lambs, average (Chicago) _. dol. per 100 lb _- | 14.16 | 11.80 | 11.66 | 11.27 | 12.06 | 12.34 | 12.03 | 12.00 | 12.78 | 14.64 | 14.75 | 14.18 | 14.60 |
| Lambs, feeder, good and choice (Omaha) dol. per 100 lb .- | 12.89 | 11.08 | 10.88 | 10.34 | 11.25 | 11.35 | 10.92 | 10.92 | 11.24 | 11. 76 | (a) | 12.52 | 12.94 |
| Meats |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total meats (including lard): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption, apparent |  | 1,292 | 1,418 | 1,245 | 1,477 | 1,503 | 1,213 | 1,282 | 1,338 1,376 | 1,328 | 1, 4477 | 1, 403 |  |
| Production (inspected slaughter) | 1, 449 | 1,178 | 1,435 | 1,394 | 1,684 | 1,728 1,097 | 1, 271 | 1,345 1,046 | 1,376 941 | 1, 374 | 1, 531 | 1,447 | 1, 329 |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month ..... do...- Miscellaneous meats............do. | 517 | 730 64 | 649 64 | 720 73 | 903 105 | $\begin{array}{r}1,097 \\ \hline 123\end{array}$ | 1,097 116 | 1,046 118 | 941 108 | 893 110 | 823 112 | 729 109 | 607 $r 94$ |
| Beef and veal: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption, apparent........-thous. of lb.- |  | 592, 169 | 635, 550 | 524, 974 | 574, 166 | 617, 671 | 518.851 | 560,617 | 598, 990 | 562, 214 | r632, 756 | 606. 544 |  |
| Price, wholesale, beef, fresh, native steers <br> (Chicago) $\qquad$ dol. per lb. | 209 | 176 | . 173 | 173 | 191 | 198 | 196 | 200 | . 214 | . 213 | 210 | 209 | 210 |
| Production (inspected slaughter) -thous of lb.- | 641, 531 | 580, 536 | 642, 731 | 535, 884 | 575, 794 | 605, 041 | 513,157 | 545,801 | 566, 213 | 530, 200 | 609,840 | 606. 516 | 613, 620 |
| Stocks, beef, cold storage, end of mo....do...- | 95, 182 | 73, 366 | 89, 793 | 114, 330 | 135, 478 | 142,599 | 150,410 | 147,514 | 126,884 | 99, 075 | 81, 556 | 82, 647 | - 83, 288 |
| Lamb and mutton: Consumption, spparent |  |  |  |  |  | 68,451 | 61,813 |  | 69,433 | 62, 497 | 58,964 | 66,734 |  |
| Production (inspected slaughter) -......... do | 86, 982 | 63, 094 | 67, 206 | 67, 244 | 65, 816 | 68,781 | 61, 701 | 73,422 | 68, 331 | 61, 158 | 58, 899 | 66. 916 | 72, 821 |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month.....-do | 11,267 | 4,093 | 4,783 | 6,432 | 7,936 | 8,228 | 8,122 | 8,180 | 7, 108 | 5,711 | 5,313 | 5,487 | 7,602 |
| Pork (including lard): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption, apparent----------.-. do. |  | 637,395 | 716, 262 | 664, 354 | 838, 113 | 816,538 | 632, 393 | 648, 483 | 669, 803 | 702,864 | 755, 213 | 729, 544 |  |
| Production (inspected slaughter).....-. do. | 720, 437 | 534,503 | 725,158 | 800, 819 | 1,042,675 | 1,053,759 | 696, 100 | 725, 295 | 741, 802 | 782, 338 | 861, 804 | 773, 247 | 642,827 |
| Pork: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prices, wholesale (Chicago): <br> Hams, smoked $\qquad$ dol. per lb.- | . 325 | . 296 | . 272 | . 265 | . 271 | . 299 | . 303 | . 315 | . 321 | . 300 | 295 | 295 | 303 |
| Fresh loins, 8-10 ib. average---.-...... do..-- | . 310 | . 263 | . 238 | . 214 | . 199 | . 206 | . 240 | . 262 | . 288 | . 291 | . 293 | . 294 | . 298 |
| Production (inspected slaughter) thous. of lb | 557, 953 | 407.997 | 550, 411 | 606, 814 | 782, 070 | 775,656 | 520, 156 | 544, 368 | 567,754 | 597, 129 | 654, 697 | 582, 774 | 496,360 |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month .-.-.do...- | 268, 781 | 371, 362 | 313, 268 | 350, 270 | 468, 538 | 613, 659 | 616,604 | 590,416 | 572, 799 | 559, 849 | 522, 173 | 433, 547 | r 336,634 |
| Lard: Consumption, apparent...-...-.........do...- |  | 115,369 | 111, 420 | 99,961 | 138, 011 | 144, 963 | 92, 053 | 72,194 | 103, 281 | 86,333 | 85, 093 | 86,356 |  |
| Prices, wholesale: |  | : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prime, contract, in tierces (N. Y.) | . 129 | . 111 | . 104 | . 104 | . 106 | . 112 | 121 | . 125 | 126 | 126 | 127 | 128 | 129 |
|  | . 139 | . 128 | .121 | . 120 | .127 | .130 | . 136 | . 138 | . 144 | 143 | (a) | . 139 | . 139 |
| Production (inspected slaughter) thous. of lb.. | 118, 236 | 92, 231 | 127, 469 | 141, 579 | 190, 337 | 203, 306 | 128, 465 | 132, 114 | 126, 877 | 135,081 | 151, 017 | 139, 042 | 106, 660 |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month ....-do...- | 62, 261 | 217, 960 | 177, 426 | 176, 465 | 186,511 | 209, 470 | 206, 565 | 182, 004 | 126, 284 | 117,995 | 102, 260 | 98,349 | r 85, 274 |
| POULTRY AND EGGE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poultry: <br> Price, wholecale live fowls (Chicago) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, live fowls (Chicago) <br> dol. per lb- | . 230 | . 198 | 179 | 167 | . 191 | . 224 | . 233 | . 235 | . 230 | . 218 | . 206 | . 209 | . 224 |
| Receipts, 5 markets............- thous. of lb.- | 46,666 | 35, 220 | 49,351 | 77,720 | 84, 224 | 27, 302 | 18,624 | 20,509 | 23, 123 | 29, 762 | 32,493 | 34, 435 | 37, 307 |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month ...--do...- | 116, 536 | 96, 701 | 127, 981 | 172,913 | 218, 392 | 206, 120 | 179, 083 | 139, 677 | 96, 716 | 80, 242 | 79, 200 | 79,346 | - 86,645 |
| Eggs: <br> Price, wholesale fresh firsts (Chicago) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, fresh firsts (Chicago) dol. per doz- | . 355 | . 288 | . 307 | . 361 | . 341 | . 333 | . 288 | . 282 | - 298 | . 301 | . 304 | . 321 | . 342 |
|  | 3, 013 | 2,726 | 2,470 | 2,156 | 2,612 | 3,371 | 3,836 | 5,489 | 5,992 | 5,769 | 4,731. | 4,092 | 3,534 |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month: <br> Shell...............................thous, of cases.- <br> Frozen thous. of 1 b . | 5,377 234,868 | 5,441 178,438 | 3,857 153,843 | 1,670 129,533 | $\begin{array}{r} 549 \\ 95,538 \end{array}$ | 331 76,293 | 529 73,766 | 107, ${ }_{\text {1,798 }}$ | 4,638 159,585 | 6,945 223,831 | 278, 7939 | $\begin{array}{r}7,754 \\ \hline 290,529\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} r 6,751 \\ \times 272,042 \end{array}$ | - Revised.

a No quotation.

| Monthly statistics through December 1941, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1942 | 1941 |  |  |  | 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sep- } \\ \text { tember } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sep- } \\ \text { tember } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Octo- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | Novernber | Decem- ber | January | ${ }_{\text {Febra- }}^{\text {ary }}$ - | March | April | May | June | July | August |


| TROPICAL PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cocoa, price, spot, Acera (N. Y.).dol. per lb. | 0.0890 | 0.0814 | 0.0820 | 0.0878 | 0. 0935 | 0. 0950 | 0. 0892 | 0.0890 | 0.0890 | 0.0890 | 0. 0890 | 0.0890 | 0.0890 |
| Clearances from Brazil, total thous. of bass | 519 | 847 | 706 | 882 | 1,008 | 1,073 | 766 | 680 | 1,006 | 773 | 453 | 560 | 269 |
| To United States --........... do... | 366 | 744 | 624 | 768 | 970 | 1,001 | 665 | 609 | 842 | 635 | 348 | 418 | 136 |
| Price, wholesale, Santos, No. 4 (N. dol. per Mb.- | . 1384 | . 1384 | - 138 | ${ }_{1} .131$ | - 133 | . 134 | . 134 | . 134 | ${ }_{8}^{134}$ | 134 825 | $\begin{array}{r}134 \\ +139 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{9}^{134}$ | ${ }_{795}^{134}$ |
| Visible supply, United States_thous. of bags.Sugar, United States: | 539 | 1,780 | 1,580 | 1,393 | 1,327 | 1,471 | 1,102 | 850 | 852 | 825 | 1,079 | 973 | 795 |
| Raw sugar: <br> Price, wholesale, $96^{\circ}$ centrifugal (N. Y.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| dol. per lb.- | . 037 | . 036 | . 035 | . 035 | . 035 | . 037 | . 037 | . 037 | . 037 | . 037 | . 037 | . 307 | . 037 |
| Refined sugar, granulated: <br> Price, retail (N. Y.) ............................. | . 068 | . 058 | . 059 | . 059 | . 060 | . 064 | . 066 | . 066 | . 066 | . 065 | . 066 | . 066 | ${ }^{066}$ |
| Price, wholesale (N. Y.) -.....-------.do | . 055 | . 052 | . 052 | . 052 | . 052 | . 053 | . 053 | . 053 | . 055 | . 055 | 055 | . 055 | 055 |
| MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Candy sales by manufacturers..-.ttous. of dol.- | 29, 234 | 28, 251 | 33,336 | 32,003 | 31,043 | 27,007 | 27, 277 | 28, 914 | 27, 178 | 22,830 | 19, 177 | 20, 136 | 23.962 |
| Fish: Landings, fresh fish, prin. ports..thous. of lb.- |  |  |  |  |  | 16,355 | 13.853 | 39,153 | 42493 |  |  |  |  |
| Stocks, cold storage, 15 th of month .....do...- | 109,861 | 102, 191 | 107,574 | 115, 432 | 117,805 | 99,979 | 82, 677 | 62, 160 | 49,079 | 55,036 | 63, 411 | 48, 496 | 49, 90 132 |
| Gelatin, edible: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Montbly report for 7 companies: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production. |  | 1,774 | 2,155 | 2,271 | 2,081 | 2,245 | 2,102 | 2,269 | 2,16 | 2,1 | 1,860 | 1,962 | 1,715 |
| Shipments. |  | 1,051 3,367 | 2,303 | 3,060 | 2,121 | 2,094 3,542 | 2,126 3,518 | 2,147 | $\stackrel{3}{3,162}$ | 1,940 3,819 | -2,151 | - ${ }_{3}, 292$ | 1,130 2 |
| Quarterly report for il companies: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 6,329 |  |  | 8,314 |  |  | 8,549 |  |  | 8, 035 |  |  |
| TOBACCO |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (crop estimate) ........mil. of lb. | 21,423 |  |  |  | 11,261 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stocks, dealers and manufacturers, total, end |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| of quarter ....................-mil. of lb.. |  | 3,372 |  |  | 3,492 |  |  | 3,510 |  |  | 3,210 |  |  |
| Domestic: <br> - Cigar lear |  | 371 |  |  | 340 |  |  | 437 |  |  | 423 |  |  |
| Fire-cured and dark air-cured......do |  | 258 |  |  | 251 |  |  | 303 |  |  | 280 |  |  |
| Flue-cured and light air-cured......-do |  | 2, 618 |  |  | 2, 784 |  |  | 2,663 |  |  | 2,403 |  |  |
| Miscellaneous domestic. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |  |  | 4 |  |  |
| Foreign grown: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cigar leaf |  | 21 |  |  | 21 |  |  | 21 |  |  | 22 |  |  |
| Manufactured products: |  | :9 |  |  | 91 |  |  | 81 |  |  | 78 |  |  |
| Consumption (tax-paid withdrawals): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Small cigarettes................- millions.-. | 21, 798 | 18,761 | 19,632 | 17, 141 | 16, 201 | 19,503 | 16, 628 | 17,016 | 17,380 | 18, 455 | 20,004 | 20, 875 | 20, 941 |
| Large cigars-...-......-...-- thousands.- | 519,976 | 506, 071 | 621, 930 | 542,906 | 474, 913 | 458,277 | 441, 805 | 489, 727 | 503, 536 | 457,767 | 532,390 | 510, 823 | 498, 872 |
| $\qquad$ | 27,329 | 29,756 | 32, 179 | 27,376 | 24, 265 | 27,938 | 24, 426 | 27, 919 | 27,825 | 25, 181 | 27,807 | 27,013 | 25, 329 |
| Cigarettes, f.o.b. destination. dol. per 1,000.. | 5.760 | 5.760 | 5.760 | 5.760 | 5.760 | 5.760 | 5. 760 | 5.760 | 5.760 | 5.760 | 5.760 | 5. 760 | 5. 760 |
| Cigars, delivered......-- ......-...do.... | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 46.056 | 46.056 | 46.056 | 46.056 | 46.056 | 46. 190 | 46.592 | 46.592 | 46.592 | 46.592. | 46. 592 | 46. 592 |
| Production, manufactured tobacco: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 25,950 | 28,207 | 29,443 |  |
| Fine cut chewing.-....................do. |  | 467 | ${ }^{467}$ | ${ }^{27} 396$ | ${ }^{25} 415$ | ${ }_{415}$ | ${ }_{3}{ }^{35}$ | 411 | 398 | ${ }^{25} 4$ | ${ }^{281}$ | 446 |  |
|  |  | 4,476 | 4,710 | 3, 810 | 3,769 | 4,045 | 3,697 | 4,445 | 4,347 | 4, 297 | 4,878 | 4, 933 |  |
| Scrap chewing |  | 3,962 | 4,016 | 3,279 | 3,410 | 3,673 | 3,411 | 4, 117 | 3,913 | 3,768 | 4,047 | 5,243 |  |
| Smoking. |  | 17,758 | 19,341 | 16,631 | 14, 070 | 14,990 | 13,854 | 15,240 | 14,782 | 13, 705 | 14, 912 | 15, 023 |  |
| Snuff |  | 3,333 | 3, 665 | 3,023 | 3,392 | 3,763 | 3,265 | 3,916 | 3,827 | 3, 302 | 3, 366 | 3, 264 |  |
|  |  | 503 | 514 | 430 | 465 | 479 | 486 | 528 | 478 | 459 | 522 | 534 |  |

LEATHER AND PRODUCTS

| HIDES AND SKINS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Livestock, slaughter (Federally inspected): | 513 | 447 | 536 | 476 | 457 | 440 | 392 |  | 502 | 471 | 475 | 461 | 460 |
|  | 1.159 | 1,004 | 1,119 | 941 | 1,004 | 1,057 | 891 | 929 | 956 | 885 | 1,039 | 1,048 | 1,103 |
| Hogs_...-.-...............................do.... | 3, 843 | 2,920 | 4,157 | 4, 561 | 5,767 | 5,831 | 3,892 | 4, 134 | 4, 196 | 4,320 | 4, 554 | 3, 888 | 3,223 |
| Sheep and lamb---...-......-.......do.... | 2, 223 | 1,567 | 1,682 | 1,424 | 1,571 | 1,611 | 1,407 | 1,669 | 1,570 | 1,475 | 1,481 | 1. 705 | 1. 840 |
| Prices, wholesale (Chicago): <br> Hides, packers', heavy, native steers |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| , dol. per lb.- | . 155 | . 153 | . 155 | . 155 | . 155 | . 155 | . 155 | . 155 | . 155 | . 155 | . 155 | 155 | . 155 |
| Calfskias, packers', 8 to 15 lb .-.-----. do | . 218 | . 218 | . 218 | . 218 | . 218 | . 218 | . 218 | . 218 | . 218 | . 218 | . 218 | 218 | . 218 |
| LEATHER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production: $\begin{aligned} & \text { Calf and kip................thous. of skins.- }\end{aligned}$ | 1, 025 |  | 1,209 | 1,014 | 1,048 | 922 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cattle hides......................thous. of hides.- | 2,392 | 2,405 | 2,675 | 2,445 | 2, 572 | 2,666 | 2,502 | 2,629 | ${ }_{2}^{1,684}$ | 2,577 | 1, 534 | J. 0501 | ${ }^{r} 1,003$ |
| Goat and kid....................thous. of skins.- | 2, 728 | 4,113 | 4, 568 | 3,837 | 4,441 | 4, 222 | 4, 2,005 | 4,414 | 4, 420 | 3,631 | - ${ }^{2,534}$ 3,490 | 12,601 3,037 | r 2,364 $r$ 2,423 |
| Sheep and lamb.-.-.-.....................do. |  | 4, 508 | 4, 796 | 4,408 | 4,303 | 4,163 | 4,555 | 4,462 | 4,552 | 4,998 | 4,514 | + 4,147 | 4, 299 |
| Prices, wholesale: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sole, oak, bends (Boston) $\dagger$......-.dol. per lb.Chrome, calf, B grade, black composite | . 440 | . 440 | . 440 | . 440 | . 440 | . 440 | r. 440 | . 440 | . 440 | . 440 | . 440 | . 440 | . 440 |
| chrome, call, brade, back dol. per sq. ft-- | . 529 | . 516 | . 522 | . 525 | . 529 | . 531 | . 531 | . 531 | . 529 | . 529 | . 529 | . 529 | . 529 |
| Stocks of cattle hides and leather, end of month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Totai .-.-........thous. of equiv. hides... | 11,753 8,618 | 13,186 8,223 | $\begin{array}{r}13,688 \\ 8,307 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 14,020 8,569 | 14, 021 8,691 8, | 14,223 8,958 | 14,052 8,823 | 13,413 8,900 | 12,747 8,879 | 12,389 8889 | 12,139 8,925 | 11, $\begin{array}{r}1122 \\ 8,762\end{array}$ | 11,706 8,679 |
| Hides, raw..............................d. do..... | 3,135 | 4, 963 | 5,391 | 5,451 | 5, 330 | 5, 265 | 5,129 | 4,513 | 3,868 | 3,491 | 3,214 | 2,860 | 3, 027 |

$r$ Revised.
${ }^{1}$ December 1 estimate.
${ }_{2}^{2}$ October 1 estimate
$\dagger$ Revised series; revised data beginning July 1933 will be shown in a subsequent issue.

| Monthly statistics through December 1641, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1842 Supplement to the Survey | 1942 | 1941 |  |  |  | 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | September | September | October | November | December | January | February | March | April | May | June | July | August |

LEATHER AND PRODUCTS-Continued

| LEATHER MANUFACTU |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gloves and mittens: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (cut), total.-......-. . dozen pairs.- |  | 276, 147 | 317, 139 | 271,215 | 216, 623 | 207, 169 | 252,904 | 283, 112 | 296, 359 | 313, 805 | 289, 850 | 295, 243 |  |
| Dress and semidress.-.-.-.-.-.........do |  | 182,483 | 195,568 | 163, 066 | 120, 228 | 122, 262 | 158, 253 | 180, 237 | 183, 210 | 198,458 | 178, 452 | 177, 707 |  |
| Boots, stoe...and slippers: <br> Prices, wholesale, factory: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Men's black calf blucher...... dol. per pair | 6.75 | 6.25 | 6.36 | 6.40 | 6.40 | 6. 40 | 6.40 | 6.40 | 6.75 | 6.75 | 6.75 | 6.75 | 6.75 |
| Men's black calf oxford, corded tip...do.. | 4. 60 | 4.35 | 4.35 | 4. 39 | 4. 40 | 4.55 | 4.60 | 4.60 | 4.65 | 4.61 | 4.60 | 4. 60 | 4. 60 |
| Women's colored, elk blucher .-...-. do . | 3.60 | 3.55 | 3.55 | 3. 55 | 3.55 | 3.58 | 3.60 | 3.60 | 3.60 | 3. 60 | 3.60 | 3.60 | 3.60 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{452}$ | 512 | 555 | 478 | 442 | 358 | 377 | , 572 | 620 | 504 | ${ }^{481}$ | 459 | -38, 424 |
| All fabric (satin, canvas, etc.)...-..-do | 237 | 273 | 271 | 223 | 337 | 438 | 454 | 643 | 535 | 478 | 395 | 147 | 175 |
| Part fabric and part leather.........do | 716 | 1,017 | 1,004 | 852 | 1,052 | 1,352 | 1,356 | 1,247 | 1,056 | 883 | 555 | 671 | 611 |
| High and low cut, leather, total.... do | 30, 921 | 35, 558 | 36,906 | 27, 644 | 32,654 | 34,899 | 34, 110 | 38, 220 | 38, 362 | 34, 046 | 33, 416 | 35.912 | -33,046 |
| Government shoes................. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 3,283 | 1,324 | 1,474 | 1,170 | 1,737 | 2. 223 | 2,336 | 2,954 | 3,858 | 3,614 | 3, 675 | 3, 678 | г 3, 879 |
| Civilian shoes: ${ }_{\text {Boys }}$ and youths'.............do | 1,419 |  |  |  |  |  | 1,410 | 1,513 | 1,526 | 1,412 | 1,459 | 1,562 | 1,392 |
| Infants'..............................do | 2,074 | 2,403 | 2,585 | 2,163 | 2,296 | 2, 146 | 2, 029 | 2,340 | 2, 372 | 2, 187 | 2,124 | 2,151 | 2, 125 |
| Misses' and children's.............do. | 3, 050 | 4, 025 | 4, 378 | 3,491 | 3,888 | 3, 805 | 3,659 | 3,760 | 3,751 | 3, 344 | 3, 603 | 3, 602 | -3,224 |
| Men's..............................do. | 7, 498 | 10, 473 | 11,931 | 9,600 | 10,410 | 9,871 | 9,368 | 9,640 | 9,730 | 8,557 | 8,311 | 8,578 | -7,446 |
| Women's...-.-................-.-.-. do | 13,596 | 15, 522 | 14, 627 | 9,821 | 12,789 | 15,461 | 15, 308 | 18,013 | 17,127 | 14,932 | 14,245 | 16, 341 | -14,980 |
| slippers and moccasins for housewear thous. of pairs.- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3, 850 |  |
| All other footwear...................do.... | 362 | 436 | 6, 453 | ${ }^{5} 434$ | ${ }^{359}$ | ${ }^{1} 827$ | 1,036 | 1,127 | 1,410 | 1,283 | 1,018 | 650 | r 460 |

LUMBER AND MANUFACTURES

| LUMBER-AELTYPES <br> National Lumber Manufacturers Assn.: |  |  | 3,037 | 2,572 | 2,403 | 2,334 | 2, 265 | 2,423 | 2,666 | 2, 702 | 2,883 | 2,967 | $\begin{array}{r} 2,902 \\ 390 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production, totalt .-........-.-.--mil. bd.pt.- |  | - 2,943 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 3,037 | 2, 372 | 2, 382 | 376 | 2, 372 | 361 | 2386 | 2,379 | 2,875 | 385 |  |
|  |  | ${ }^{\prime} 2,556$ | 2,634 | 2,200 | 2.021 | 1,958 | 1,893 | 2, 062 | 2, 280 | 2,323 | 2,507 3,070 | 2, 582 | $\begin{array}{r} 390 \\ 2.512 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| 8hipments, totalf |  | '3, 006 | 3,093 | 2, 503 | 2,403 | 2,527 | 2,500 | 2,749 | 3, 100 | 2,972 | 3,070 430 | 3, 199 | 3,028 -437 |
|  |  | 423 | 436 | 374 | 371 | 381 | 369 | ${ }^{368}$ | - 383 | 2 415 | 430 240 | 429 | 437 2,591 |
|  |  | [2,583 | 2,657 | 2,129 | 2,032 | 2,146 | 2, 132 | 2,381 | 2,717 | 2,557 | 2,640 | 2,770 | 2, 591 |
| Stocks, gross, end of month, total......do |  | 6,294 | 6,231 | 6,317 | 6,348 | 6,110 | 5,903 | 5,595 | 5, 235 | 5,004 | 4,843 | 4,619 | 4,489 |
|  |  | 1,377 | 1,343 | 1,340 | 1,355 | 1,349 | 1,353 | 1,346 | 1,349 | 1,313 3,691 | 1,268 3,575 | 1,224 3,395 | 1,178 3,311 |
|  |  | 4,917 | 4,888 | 4,977 | 4,993 | 4,761 | 4,550 | 4,249 | 3,886 | 3,691 | 3,575 | 3,395 | 3,311 |
| FLOORING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maple, beech, and birch: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new..........-...........-. M bd. ft.. |  | 7,000 | 7,650 | 5,050 | 7,225 | 7,775 | 7,150 | 8,575 | 7,300 | 7, 200 | 7,875 | 7, 325 | 6,950 |
| Orders, |  | 11,500 | 10,900 | 8,900 | 9,050 | 8,975 | 9,600 | 10,550 | 10, 125 | 8,750 | 8,950 | 8,650 | 8,100 |
|  |  | 7,600 | 8.900 | 7, 500 | 8. 075 | 7,175 | 7,550 | 7,275 | 7,500 | 7,150 | 7,625 | 7, 500 | 6, 850 |
|  |  | 8,800 | 8,300 | 7,150 | 7,350 | 7,075 | 7,100 | 7,500 | 7,700 | 8,850 | 7,675 | 7,675 | 7,500 |
|  |  | 12, 200 | 12,850 | 13, 100 | 13,625 | 14,045 | 14,250 | 14,000 | 13.850 | 12,000 | 12, 100 | 12,000 | 11,500 |
|  | 22, 609 | 36,363 | 40,080 | 28, 102 | 34, 286 | 40,749 | 39, 369 | 34,972 | 32,560 | 27,732 | 17,911 | 17, 616 | 22,720 |
| Orders, unfilled, end of month | 22, 631 | 60, 460 | 52, 446 | 42,549 | 42, 035 | 46, 235 | 48,097 | 45,481 | 42, 673 | 37,488 | 30, 479 | 24, 957 | 27,771 |
|  | 18, 633 | 47,432 | 49,227 | -40,910 | 42, 697 | 41,647 | 36, 719 | 38,691 | 40,656 | 36, 283 | 30,562 | 25, 491 | 19,288 |
|  | 21,214 | 48,939 | 48,094 | 38,014 | 35, 100 | 26, 549 | 37, 788 | 37, 588 | 37,027 | 32, 917 | 24, 920 | 21, 071 | 18,906 |
|  | 73, 841 | 41,955 | 43,088 | 48,278 | 55, 875 | 60, 873 | 58,601 | 59,704 | 63,333 | 66,699 | 72, 341 | 76, 763 | 76, 422 |
| Douglas fir: SOFTWOODS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dimension, No. 1, common, $2 \times 4-16$. | 32.340 |  | 28.665 | 28.910 | 29. 498 | 32.095 | 32.340 | 32.340 | 32.340 | 32.340 | 32.340 | 32. 340 | 32.340 |
| Flooring, $B$ and better, FF, G., 1 x $4, R$ R. L . | 44. 100 | 27.146 | 28.665 | 28.910 | 29.498 | 32.093 44.100 | 32.340 44.100 | 32.340 44.100 | 44. 100 | 42. 100 | 44. 100 | 44. 100 | 44. 1C0 |
| Southern pine: dol. per M bd. ft.- | 44. 100 | 38.808 | 41.160 | 41.160 | 42.336 | 44. 100 | 44. 100 | 44.100 | 44.100 | 44.100 | 44. 100 | 44. 100 | 44. 1C0 |
| Orders, new |  | 885 | 861 | 771 | 800 | 1, 050 | 868 | 974 | 995 | 795 | 832 | 867 840 | 768 793 |
|  |  | 715 | 633 | 603 | 621 | 796 | 858 | 940 | 943 | 887 | 871 | 840 | 793 |
| Prices, wholesale: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boards, No. 2 common, $1 \times 8$ dol. per M bd. ft.- | 30.000 | 33.050 | 31.013 | 30.813 | 30.804 | 30. 620 | 30.653 | 3C. 770 | 30.000 | 30.000 | 30.000 | 30.000 | 30.000 |
| Flooring, $B$ and better, F.G., $1 \times 4$. do | 55. 000 | 52. 782 | 52.050 | 52.393 | 53.809 53.596 | 54, 330 | 54. 708 | 53. 798 | 55. 000 | 55.000 | 55.000 | 55. 000 | 55. 000 |
| Production |  | 898 | 896 | 824 | 809 | 825 | 738 | 787 | 797 | 782 | 791 848 | 848 898 | 775 |
|  |  | 932 | 943 | . 801 | 782 1.425 | 875 1,375 | 806 1.307 | + 892 | $\begin{array}{r}992 \\ \hline 1.007\end{array}$ | 851 938 | 848 881 | 898 831 | 815 |
| Westers pine: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, unfiled, end of month |  | 479 | 401 | 345 | 421 | 519 | 471 | 472 | 609 | 630 | 665 | 620 | 573 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 31.04 | 31.35 | 31.51 | 31.36 | 31. 53 |
| common, $1 \times 8 . .$. | 31. 53 | 29.97 671 | 30.73 646 | 30.71 443 | 30.42 362 | 30.73 263 | 31.46 278 | 31.52 359 | 31.04 469 | 3187 | -677 | 704 | 670 |
|  |  | 629 | 630 | 450 | 420 | 418 | 400 | 469 | 529 | 533 | 613 | 641 | 608 |
|  |  | 1,775 | 1,788 | 1,779 | 1,721 | 1,566 | 1,444 | 1,334 | 1,275 | 1,229 | 1,293 | 1,356 | 1,418 |
| West coast woods: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new |  | 679 | 671 | 590 | 946 | 765 | 710 | 759 | 1,007 | - 037 | + 898 | 1,171 | 1, 145 |
| Orders, unflled, end of month........- do |  | 699 $\times 749$ | 607 $\times 856$ | 587 +738 +88 | 827 $\times 642$ | $\begin{array}{r}926 \\ \times 655 \\ \hline 685\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}894 \\ \times 677 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | 891 $\times 701$ | 1,029 | 1,097 | $\begin{array}{r}1,067 \\ \hline 783\end{array}$ | 1, 765 | 1, 813 |
|  |  | r 749 +752 +821 | r 856 +827 | +738 +675 | r 642 $\times 626$ | +655 $\times 635$ $\times 691$ | r 677 $\times 705$ | +701 +757 | 884 | 880 | 880 | 905 | 856 |
| Stocks, end of month |  | 821 | 854 | 929 | 971 | 991 | 968 | 929 | 875 | 835 | 756 | 622 | 572 |
| Redwood, California: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new--.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-. M bd. ft -- | 44, 983 | 27, 665 | 31, 540 | 26,781 | 29,688 | 41,252 <br> 49 <br> 83 | 40,942 | 55,566 75,009 | 66, 3973 | 39,445 64,152 | 65, 359 | 73, 137 | 87, 154 |
| Orders, unflled, end of month.......-- do..-- | 88,086 38,462 | 44,532 43,703 | 37,142 45,658 | 34,860 38,671 | 41,696 30.698 | 49,873 35,642 | 61,104 33,128 | 75,009 38,808 | 66,073 37,960 | 64,152 37,397 | 65, 41,666 | 73,137 42008 | 38, 790 |
|  | 48, 738 | 39, 068 | 38,318 | 29,910 | 22, 877 | 32, 292 | 30, 208 | 43, 560 | 46, 562 | 41, 205 | 43, 307 | 46,673 | 48, 647 |
| Stocks, end of month .-...-.-.-.-..........do. | 182, 697 | 242. 763 | 243, 225 | 248,440 | 253,061 | 249, 176 | 249, 377 | 240, 342 | 228, 068 | 220, 602 | 213, 124 | 207,588 | 195, 721 |

TRevised.
$\ddagger$ Revised 1941 data not shown above are as 'follows (mil. bd. feet): Total lumber production-Jan. 2,533; Feb., 2,386; Mar. 2,623; Apr., 2,811; May, 2,849; June, 2,803; July, 2,962; Aug., 3,132; softwoods, production-Jan., 2,162; Feb., 2,054; Mar., 2,285; Apr., 2,415; May, 2,464; June, 2,418; July, 2,579; Aug., 2,745; total lumber shipments-
Jan., 2,703; Feb., 2,431; Mar., 2,609; Apr., 2,739; May, 2,844; June, 2,889; July, 3,133; Aug., 3,25; ; sottwoods, shipments-Jan., 2,469; July 2,705; Aug., 2,841. West coast woods-production, Jan., 690; Feb., 683; Mar., 768; Apr., 758; May, 678 ; June, 711 ; July, 707; Aug., 830 ; shipments-Jan., 696; Feb., 648; Mar., 72; Apr., 776, May, 759; June, 766, July, 731: Aug. 844.

| Monthly statistics through December 1941, together with explanatory notes, and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1842 Supplement to the Survey | 1942 | 1941 |  |  |  | 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | September | September | October | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Decem. } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu• } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June. | July | August |

## LUMBER AND MANUFACTURES-Continued

| FURNITURE <br> All districts: <br> Plant operations $\qquad$ percent of normal. | 72.0 | 88.0 | 90.0 | 87.5 | 82.0 | 79.0 | 83.0 | 79.0 | 79.0 | 78.0 | 78.0 | 74.0 | 72.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grand Rapids district: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canceled..........percent of new orders.- | 5.0 | 3.0 | 4.0 | 5.0 | 15.0 | 8.0 | 7.0 | 8.0 | 5.0 | 10.0 | 8.0 | 5.0 | 4.0 |
| New --............ of days' production.- | 30 | 33 |  | 33 | 15 | 22 | 20 | 18 | 29 | 23 | 21 |  | 25 |
| Unfilled, end of month..........do...- | ${ }^{63}$ | 76 | 75 | 75 | 59 | 59 | 58 | 50 | 58 | 53 |  | 52 | 55 |
| Plant operations........-percent of normal.- | 51.0 | 84.0 | 88.0 | 88.0 | 86.0 | 81.0 | 82.0 | 75.0 | 79.0 | 78.0 | 75.0 | 73.0 | 60.0 |
| Shipments........no. of days' production.- | 20 | 32 | 32 | 27 | 28 | 24 | 22 | 25 | 21 | 22 | 20 | 19 | 18 |
| Prices, wholesale: $\quad 1920=100$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Beds, wooden .-...-....-.-......-1926=100.. | 118.9 | 96.1 | ${ }^{96.3}$ | ${ }^{98.0}$ | 101.2 | 101.2 | 101.0 | 101.0 | 101.0 | 101.0 | 101.0 | 101.0 | 101.0 |
|  | 102.6 | 99.3 | 102.0 | 102.0 | 102.0 | 102.6 | 102.6 | 102.6 | 102.6 | 102.6 | 102.6 | 102.6 | 102.6 |
|  | 104.2 | 98.9 | 104.2 | 104.2 | 104.2 | 104.2 | 104.2 | 104.2 | 104.2 | 104.2 | 104.2 | 104.2 | 104.2 |
| Steel furniture (see Iron and Steel Section). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

METALS AND MANUFACTURES

| IRON AND STEEL <br> Iron and Steel Scrap |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Consumption, total*...-.thous. of short tons.- |  | 5,072 | 5,582 | 5,010 | 5,078 | 4,956 | 4,708 | 5,221 | 5,156 | 5,225 | 5,000 | 5,006 | 5,015 |
| Home scrap*- ........................-d. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ |  | 2,783 | 3,145 | 2, 824 | 2,873 | 2,822 | 2,643 | 2, 956 | 2,919 | 2,932 | 2,763 | 2,792 | 2,812 |
| Purchased scre |  | 2, 289 | 2,437 | 2, 186 | 2,205 | 2,134 | 2,065 | 2,265 | 2. 237 | 2,293 | 2,237 | 2, 214 | 2, 203 |
| Stock, consumers', end of mo., total*. .-do |  | 4, 515 | 4, 089 | 3,829 | 3,802 | 3, 503 | 3,455 | 3,460 | 3,682 | 3,972 | 4.297 | 4, 579 | 4, 780 |
|  |  | 1,469 | $\stackrel{1}{1,322}$ | ${ }_{2}^{1,232}$ | 1,167 | 1,145 | 1,170 | 1,114 | 1,105 | 1,077 | 1,185 | 1,286 | 1,337 |
| Purchased scra |  | 3,046 | 2,767 | 2,597 | 2,635 | 2,358 | 2,285 | 2,346 | 2, 577 | 2,895 | 3,112 | 3, 293 | 3,443 |
| Iron Ore. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lake Superior district: Consumption by furnaces |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipments from thous. of long tons.- | 7,140 | 6,448 | 6,612 | 6,501 | 7, 062 | 7, 158 | 6,403 | 7,109 | 7.007 | 7,230 | 7,034 | 7,176 | 7,155 |
| Shipments from upper lake ports...-.do...- | 11, 848 | 10, 312 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7,857 | 12,677 | 12,625 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of month, total...........do.... | 48, 422 | 40, 770 | 43,946 | 45, 335 | 40, 457 | 33, 919 | 27, 526 | 20, 150 | 20, 065 | 25, 199 | 30, 931 | 37, 327 | 43, 236 |
| At furnaces.-...----............... do | 42, 548 | 36, 106 | 38,852 | 40, 245 | 35, 563 | 29,627 | 23,835 | 17,561 | 17, 536 | 22, 310 | 27, 664 | 33, 289 | 38,124 |
| On Lake Erie docks...-.-..........-do | 5,874 | 4,664 | 5,094 | 6, 290 | 4,894 | 4, 292 | 3,691 | 2,629 | 2,529 | 2,889 | 3,267 | 4,038 | 5,112 |
| Pig Iron and Iron Manufartures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Castings, malleable: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new, net.....-............-short tons.- | 85, 181 | 64, 283 | 70,528 | 60,745 | 56,587 | 105, 556 | 66, 292 | 62, 979 | 60, 398 | \% 54,219 | 55,032 | 63, 651 | 63,978 |
| Production..............--............... ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 58,687 | 69,175 | 84, 296 | 66,738 | 71,311 | 68,741 | 65, 140 | 69.737 | 71, 256 | 60,696 | 59,990 | 61. 434 | 56, 304 |
| Pig iron: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prices, wholesale: ${ }_{\text {Basic (valley furnace) ....dol. per long ton.. }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Basic (valley furnace)....dol. per long ton.- | 23.50 | ${ }^{23.50}$ | 23.50 | ${ }^{23.50}$ | 23.50 | 23.50 | 23.50 | 23.50 | 23.50 | 23.50 | 23.50 | 23.50 | 23.50 |
| Fomposite - No. 2, northern (Pitts) -.......do | 24.20 | 24.15 25.89 | ${ }^{24.15}$ | 24.15 | 24.15 | 24. 15 | 24.15 25.89 | ${ }^{24.17}$ | ${ }^{24 .} 20$ | ${ }^{24 .} 20$ | 24.20 | ${ }^{24.20}$ | 24. 20 |
| Stocks, consumers', ena of montn*. |  | 1,874 | -1,655 | 1,570 | 1,581 | 1,473 | 1,400 | 1,286 | 1,232 | 1,221 | -1,257 | -1,296 | 1,272. |
| Boilers and radiators, cast-iron:Boilers, round: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production.......-.-.----.-....thous. of lb.- | 1,419 | 2, 148 | 2,091 | 1,133 | 1,115 | 732 | 754 | 1,012 | 1,071 | 905 | 504 | 690 | 976 |
|  | 1,973 4,179 | 2,741 | 3,483 | 1,922 | 1,448 | 1,484 | 1,408 | 1,083 | 938 | 539 | 842 | 1,479 | , 094 |
|  | 4,179 | 13,405 | 11,912 | 11,168 | 11, 182 | 10. 146 | 9,493 | 9,421 | 9,554 | 9,673 | 9,325 | 8,546 | 7,428 |
| Production..-.....---..................do | Boilers, square: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipments | 14,556 | 34,899 | 37,360 | 24, 502 | 17,380 | 17,044 | 19,081 | 15,789 | 16,301 | 8,546 | 12,474 | 16.644 | 18,702 |
| Stocks, end of month.-....----.....-do | 44,605 | 105, 759 | 97,896 | 93,669 | 92, 998 | 94, 832 | 93, 525 | 93, 950 | 92, 675 | 93,749 | 91, 807 | 85, 090 | 77.700 |
| Radiators and convectors: Production thous. of sq. ft . heatiog surface | 2,6 | 7,675 | 8,267 | 5,787 |  |  | 6, 199 |  |  |  | , 333 |  | 4. 384 |
| Shipments............................- do | 3,773 | 10,901 | 10,494 | 7,695 | 7,390 | 6,175 | 6,781 | 5,656 | 6,384 | 4,131 | 5,168 | 6,284 | 6, 291 |
| Stocks, end of mont | 6, 046 | 22, 394 | 20, 154 | 18, 271 | 17,567 | 18, 106 | 17, 524 | 18,313 | 17,328 | 17,062 | 16, 149 | 14, 322 | 12.414 |
| Boilers, range, galvanized: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, unfiled, end of month.........d. do. | 35,879 | 101,016 | 101, 609 | ${ }_{93,966}$ | 80,844 | 72,366 | 77,190 | 76,750 | 68, 884 | 62, 709 | 52,652 | 34, 672 | 39, 324 |
|  | 43, 410 | 58, 635 | 69,972 | 58,810 | 55,856 | 50, 557 | 49,217 | 64, 847 | 42, 427 | 33,627 | 39, 171 | 40, 181 | 40, 454 |
| Shipments | 45,224 | ${ }^{65,481}$ | 73,988 | 60, 248 | 54, 465 | 51, 259 | 48,985 | 62, 450 | 45.880 | 37, 633 | 40,538 | 40,935 |  |
| Stocks, end of month .-................-do | 7, 832 | 21,615 | 17,599 | 16,411 | 17,785 | 17, 212 | 17,444 | 19,841 | 16,388 | 12,382 | 11,015 | 10,561 | 9,646 |
| Steel, Crude and Semimanufactured |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Castings, steel, commercial: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new, total, net............-short tons.- | 160,300 | 115, 066 | 117. 516 | 84, 534 | 113, 034 | 150,551 | 179, 880 | 211,081 | 191, 195 | 199,619 | 208,243 | 201, 679 | 135, 777 |
| Railway specialties.....................do | 11,789 | 32, 882 | 32,935 | 16,549 | 26, 839 | 35,723 | 54. 409 | 43, 997 | 26, 558 | 11,025 | 11, 218 | 3, 610 | -13,538 |
| Production, ${ }^{\text {Railway }}$ docial | 112,000 | 118.543 | $\begin{array}{r}135,272 \\ 49 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 104,605 33,383 | 131,518 45,640 | 134, 788 | 133,726 45,013 | 146,507 48,335 | 149,625 45,158 | - ${ }^{131}$ 25,644 | 131,458 21,658 | 133, 845 | 135,855 12,869 |
| Steel ingots and steel for bastings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production --.-........................................ Percent of capacity | $\begin{gathered} 7,067 \\ 97 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6,812 \\ 96 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7,236 \\ 99 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 6,961 \\ 98 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 7,150 \\ 98 \end{gathered}$ | $7,125$ | $\text { 6, } 521$ | $\begin{gathered} 7,393 \\ 98 \end{gathered}$ | 7,122 98 | 7,387 98 | $\begin{array}{r} 7,022 \\ 96 \end{array}$ | 7,149 95 | 7,233 95 |
| Composite, finished steel..........dol. per Ib.Steel billets, rerolling (Pittsburgh) <br> dol. per long ton- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | . 0265 | . 0265 | . 0265 | . 0265 | . 0265 | . 0265 | . 0265 | . 0265 | . 0265 | . 0265 | . 0265 | . 0265 | . 0265 |
|  | 34.00 | 34.00 | 34.00 | 34,00 | 34.00 | 34.00 | 34.00 | 34.00 | 34.00 | 34.00 | 34.00 | 34.00 | 34.00 |
| Structural steel (Pittsburgh) - .-dol. per lb.- | -0210 | -0210 | 0210 | 0210 | . 0210 | . 0210 | . 0210 | . 0210 | 0210 | . 0210 | . 0210 | . 0210 | -0210 |
| Steel scrap (Chicago)-...-dol. per long ton.. | 18.75 | 18.75 | 18.75 | 18.75 | 18.75 | 18.75 | 18.75 | 18.75 | 18.75 | 18.75 | 18.75 | 18.75 | 18.75 |
| ished steel products...-...thous. of sihort tons.. | 1,704 | 1,664 | 1,851 | 1,624 | 1,846 | 1,739 | 1,617 | 1,781 | 1.759 | 1,834, | 1,774 | 1,766 | 1,789 |

## Cancelations exceeded orders booked during the month by $\mathbf{1 3 , 5 3 8}$ short tons.

New series. The data on scrap iron and steel and pig iron consumption and stocks are estimated industry totals compiled by the U. S. Department of Interior, Bureau of Mines, based on reports from consumers accounting for 96 to 99 percent of the industry total beginning in the latter half of 1941 and 93 to 95 percent in the earlier period.
Data for January-September 1941 are shown on $p$. S-30 of the April 1942 Survey. Prior to 1941 data were collected only for the last month of each quarter. Available 1939 and 1940 data follow (thous. of short tons): Scrap, consumption durimg month (not quarterly totals); 1939, December 4,226 (home, 2,390; purchased, 1,836 ); 1940, March, 3,254 (home, 1,814; purchased, 1,440); June, 3,850 (home, 2,307; purchased, 1,543); September, 4,392 (home, 2,485; purchased, 1,907); December, 4,766 (home, 2,787 ; purchased, 1,979 ). Scrap stocks, consumers', end of month: 1939, September, 5,206 (home, 1,947; purchased, 3,259); December, 5,420 (home, 2,022; purchased, 3,398); 1940, March, 4,804 (bome, 1,942; purchased, 2,862); Jume, 4,986 (home, 1,905; purchased, 3,081); September, 5,440 (home, 1,972; purchased, 3,468); December, 5,652 (home, 1,837 ; purchased, 3,815 ). Pig iron: 3,816; June, 4,024; September, 3,777; December, 3,138 . Consumers' stocks of pig iron include suppliers' and producers' stocks.

| Monthly statistics through December 1941, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1942 | 1941 |  |  |  | 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Septem- | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sep. } \\ \text { tember } \end{gathered}$ | October | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{array}\right\|$ | Decem. ber | $\underset{\substack{\text { Janu- } \\ \text { ary }}}{ }$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August |

METALS AND MANUFACTURES-Continued


| Monthly statistics through December 1941, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1942 | 1941 |  |  |  | 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sep- } \\ \text { tember } \end{gathered}$ | Sep- tember | October | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\text { ary }}{\text { Febru }}$ | March | A pril | May | June | July | August |
| METALS AND MANUFACTURES-Continued * |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



PAPER AND PRINTING

| WOOD PULP |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 768, 869 | 817, 217 | 895, 566 | 883, 813 | 867, 738 | 939, 719 | 848, 380 | 967, 031 | 933, 764 | 925, 230 | 854,880 | 769, 364 | 813,237 |
| Sulphate, total.........................do....- | 360, 614 | 366, 776 | 398, 339 | 378, 087 | 373, 737 | 405, 729 | 371,572 | 425,643 | 412,155 | 428,479 | 394, 702 | 361, 272 | 385, 750 |
| Unbleached.......................... do | 302, 746 | 312, 049 | 340, 275 | 324, 352 | 324, 942 | 350, 651 | 318,629 | 370,357 | 358, 804 | 374, 412 | 342, 983 | 310. 525 | 328, 767 |
| Sulphite, total.......................... do | 226, 966 | 243, 713 | 266, 944 | 259, 685 | 253, 004 | 274, 355 | 246, 792 | 277, 408 | 205,639 | 259, 072 | 253, 057 | 225.818 | 241. 701 |
|  | 1.33, 068 | 142, 000 | 155, 667 | 143, 458 | 145, 138 | 156, 252 | 141,544 | 158,440 | 150,657 | 147, 791 | 148, 767 | 132, 651 | 145. 693 |
|  | 44,562 | 60, 008 | 54, 332 | 53, 594 | 53, 413 | 56, 505 | 52, 124 | 57, 120 | 54, 368 | 52,461 | 45, 484 | 41, 584 | 44, 651 |
| Groundwood --..................--- - do | 119, 270 | 137, 228 | 156, 220 | 172, 420 | 167, 578 | 181, 127 | 157, 185 | 184, 039 | 179,643 | 166,037 | 147, 325 | 124.955 | 123, 968 |
| Stocks, end of month: <br> Total, all grades. do | 182, 500 | 96,800 | 91,900 | 96,400 | 06,600 | 111, 300 | 112,600 | 136, 400 | 132, 400 | 163,600 | 170,000 | 175, 400 | 192,500 |
| Chemical: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sulphate, total .-.----.---.-.......- do | 76, 100 | 15,900 | 16,300 | 15, 100 | 13,900 | 16,700 | 14,900 | 19,700 | 16, 200 | 23,500 | 29,700 | 41,300 | 64,900 60,300 |
| Unbleached --..-...-.............. do | 69, 400 | 11, 500 | 10,800 41,100 | 10,300 41,300 | $\begin{array}{r}9,600 \\ 36 \\ \hline 100\end{array}$ | 11,100 39 | 10,600 37,800 | 14,600 42,800 | 12, 100 | 17,700 | 23,300 <br> 40 <br> 100 | 37,400 42,300 | 60,300 48,600 |
| Sulphite, total -.......................... di do | 42,000 26,400 | 38,600 24,200 | 41,100 25,200 | 41,300 24,300 | 36,100 21,600 | 39,700 23,900 | 37,800 24,600 | 42,800 28,200 | 29,400 16,100 | 41, 800 25,700 | 40,100 23,700 | $42,300$ | 48,600 32,400 |
| Bleached. | 26,400 5,100 | 24,200 4,500 | 25,200 3,800 | 24,300 3,200 | 21,600 3,400 | 23,900 3,400 | 24,600 3,600 | 28,200 3,600 | 16,100 3,300 | 25,700 4,400 | 23,700 4,600 | $\begin{array}{r} 27,300 \\ 4,300 \end{array}$ | 32,400 5,000 |
|  | 57, 200 | 36, 600 | 29, 400 | 35, 800 | 42,200 | 50, 300 | 55, 100 | 69, 100 | 82, 100 | 92,300 | 94, 200 | 85,800 | 72,200 |
| Prices, wholesale: <br> Sulphate, Kraft No. 1, unbleached <br> dol. per 100 lb |  | 3.625 | 3. 625 | 3.625 | 3.625 | 3. 625 | 3.625 | 3. 625 | (a) |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 3. 713 | 3.713 | 3.713 | 3.713 | 3.713 | 3. 713 | 3. 713 | (a) |  |  |  |  |
| PAPER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total paper, incl. newsprint and paperboard: Production. $\qquad$ short tons.. |  | 1,280,513 | 1,402,698 | 1,301,067 | 1,323,019 | 1,407,718 | 1,297,666 | 1,372,288 | 1,321,529 | 1,220,478 | 1,088,755 | 992, 225 | 1,071,848 |
| Paper, excl. newsprint and paperboard: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new. .-....................-short ton |  | 546,476 515,247 | 561,183 567,294 | 494.691 541,855 | 623, 096 550,696 | 570,366 584,728 | 490,358 | 535,913 | 480,905 561,402 | 435, 152 | r 424, $\mathbf{r} 485$ $\mathbf{4 8 5}, 561$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r 404, } 605 \\ \hline \mathbf{4 3 6 , 4 6 5}\end{array}$ | 425,527 462,749 |
| Shipments |  | 522, 578 | 581, 324 | 541, 125 | 557,951 | 579, 162 | 524,645 | 549,851 | 544,110 | 515, 417 | -473, 482 | r 431, 633 | 439, 507 |
| Fine paper: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new - ${ }^{\text {Orders }}$ unflied end of month |  | 65,527 126,097 | 66,982 131,876 | 52,773 127,734 | 51,948 119 | 66, 766 | 53, 211 | 55, 029 | 46, 505 | 40,339 | 35,479 49 | r 39,486 $r$ 40.782 | 40,864 |
| Orders, unflled, end of month .......... do |  | 126,097 55,115 | 131,876 59,607 | 127,734 58,242 | 119,847 60,176 | 115,708 61,768 | 112,775 55,699 | 104, 915 | 79, 757 | 64,360 58,953 | 49,485 52,850 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \hline\end{array} \mathbf{4 0 , 7 8 2}$ | 36, 014 |
| Production---................-..........- do |  | 55,115 56,062 | 59,607 63,826 | 58,242 60,053 | 60,176 60,881 | 61,766 62,792 | 55,699 57,926 | 62,468 61,052 | 62,167 59,693 | 58,953 <br> 56,505 | 52,850 50,403 | $\begin{array}{r}+46,763 \\ r \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 45,651 44,186 |
| Stocks, end of month |  | 48,970 | 43,923 | 42,430 | 41,318 | 39, 674 | 37,024 | 38,120 | 40,529 | 43, 205 | 46, 064 | r 47, 002 | 48,707 |
| Printing paper: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new. |  | 204, 595 | 197, 926 | 178, 717 | 177, 083 | 202, 304 | 166, 106 | 176, 103 | 151,901 | 130,506 | 137,689 | 135, 468 | 143, 572 |
| Orders, unfilled, end of month........do |  | 205, 191 | 191, 147 | 169,674 | 150,710 | 145, 159 | 133,418 | 124, 637 | 101, 239 | 85, 432 | 87, 107 | 78,511 | 80,522 |
|  |  | 186, 129 | 204, 796 | 201, 088 | 188, 632 | 205, 556 | 182, 115 | 190, 265 | 184, 042 | 165, 640 | 141, 414 | 133,608 | 142,690 |
| Shipments |  | 191, 139 | 211, 464 | 197, 424 | 195, 251 | 203, 954 | 180, 555 | 183,473 | 173, 373 | 157,244 | 139, 881 | 141, 166 | 141, 043 |
| Stocks, end of mont |  | 82,023 | 76, 355 | 79,330 | 72, 664 | 72, 359 | 72, 891 | 79, 897 | 90, 258 | 99, 299 | 100, 832 | 92, 740 | 86, 884 |
| Wrapping paper: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new Orders, unfilled, end of month................. do. |  | 183,054 199,450 | 197, 035 | 171,950 176,775 | 105,773 172,528 | 205, 436 | 181,150 161,842 | 203,361 160,881 | 199,272 151,056 | 187,460 131,933 | 167,470 111,161 | 160,105 100,290 | 158,618 93,863 |
| Production .-...-......-...... |  | 186, 853 | 204, 790 | 186, 799 | 197,408 | 211, 630 | 187, 990 | 208, 188 | 210, 318 | 207, 863 | 191, 899 | 176, 864 | 184, 113 |
| Shipments |  | 185, 418 | 205, 921 | 188, 076 | 196, 880 | 211,880 | 185, 348 | 203,323 | 209, 120 | 204, 402 | 187, 537 | 167, 497 | 164, 092 |
| Stocks, end of month .-......-........... do |  | 71, 809 | 70,770 | 68, 960 | 70,422 | 70,689 | 70,039 | 74,091 | 75, 598 | 79,244 | 81,080 | 88, 239 | 105, 018 |
| Book paper: Coated paper: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new....percent of standard capacity | 47.4 | 78.2 | 83.6 | 75.5 | 69.0 | 73.5 | 57.2 | 49.0 | 47.9 | 31.8 | 30.2 | 32.3 | 36.4 |
|  | 45,2 | 92.2 | 100.0 | 96.2 | 91.3 | 87.6 | 76.2 | 61.5 | 55.3 | 40.1 | 37.0 | 30.7 | 34.0 |
|  | 48.8 | 91.8 | 98.8 | 95.3 | 91.0 | 87.4 | 77.3 | 60.9 | 55.1 | 39.9 | 35.1 | 32, 7 | 35.8 |
| Uncoated paper: <br> Orders new | 88.1 | 109.0 | 100.7 | 92.9 | 93.1 | 104.4 | 93.5 | 94.0 | 84.1 | 69.7 | 71.1 | 74.9 | 78.6 |
| Price, wholesale," ${ }^{\text {B }}$ " grade, English finish, white, f. o. b. mill $\qquad$ dol. per 100 lb .. | 7.30 | 7.30 | 7.30 | 7.30 | 7.30 | 7.30 | 7.30 | 7.30 | 7.30 | 7.30 | 7.30 | 7.30 | 7.30 |
| Production_ percent of standard capacity.-. | 85.3 | 105.4 | 110.1 | 109.2 | 102.0 | 108.8 | 109.3 | 105.0 | 98.2 | 89.4 | 73.9 | 72.7 | 79.2 |
| Shipments $\qquad$ do...- | 86.6 | 108.5 | 110.6 | 106.6 | 103.0 | 107.5 | 108.7 | 102.6 | 96.1 | 87.0 | 74.7 | 76.7 | 79.5 |
| Newsprint: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada: Production | 257, 618 | 298, 276 | 318, 787 | 300, 308 | 300, 823 | 311,904 | 278, 101 | 295, 835 | 277, 741 | 251, 831 | 242, 762 | 241, 178 | 253, 239 |
| Shipments from mills.-......................do. | 292, 405 | 305, 010 | 304, 685 | 320, 860 | 319, 282 | 291, 998 | 264, 621 | 308, 166 | 238,346 | 266, 443 | 253, 283 | 243, 620 | 255, 563 |
| Stocks, at mills, end of month........-do.. | 119,335 | 148, 480 | 162, 582 | 142,030 | 123,571 | 143, 477 | 156,957 | 144,626 | 184, 021 | 169,409 | 158, 888 | 156, 446 | 154, 122 |
| a No comparable data. Revised. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Monthly statistics through December 1941, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1942 | 1941 |  |  |  | 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sep- } \\ & \text { tember } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sep- } \\ & \text { tember } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Octo- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | November | Decem. ber | $\begin{gathered} \text { Janu- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August |

PAPER AND PRINTING-Continued

| PAPER-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Newsprint-Continued United States: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption by publishers.....short tons.. | 231,691 | 239,093 | 262, 488 | 263, 889 | 274, 471 | 231,961 | 216, 109 | 251,042 | 238, 493 | 242, 372 | 222, 244 | 210, 549 | 223,189 |
| Price, rolls (N. Y.)--.....dol. per short ton.. | ${ }^{50.00}$ | 50.60 | 50.00 | 50.00 | 50.00 | 50.00 | 50.00 | 50.00 | 50.00 | 50.00 | 50.00 | 50.00 | 50.00 |
| Production.....-.-.-...........short tons.- | 77,962 | 78,657 | 87,068 | 82, 621 | 81,680 | 84,628 | 76, 234 | 80,923 | 82, 669 | 80,040 | 79,386 | 76, 952 | 79,885 |
| Shipments from mills:.................do. | 83, 530 | 80, 252 | 87,318 | 84,331 | 83,998 | 80,787 | 75, 247 | 82, 176 | 81, 182 | 76, 612 | 78,413 | 76, 181 | 79,556 |
| Stocks, end of month: | 12,551 | 11, 864 | 11,614 | 9,904 | 7,586 | 11, 427 | 12,414 | 11,161 | 12,648 | 16,076 | 17,049 | 17,820 | 18,149 |
|  | 455, 263 | 341, 884 | 334, 529 | 333, 120 | 330, 259 | 366, 236 | 370, 101 | 368,520 | 383,384 | 384, 758 | 402, 401 | 418,985 | 430, 409 |
| In transit to pubishers. .-.............do. | 52, 538 | 46,608 | 46,570 | 53,459 | 55, 037 | 46, 362 | 55,336 | 47,376 | 44, 843 | 39,025 | 36,442 | 35, 454 | 40,270 |
| Paperboard: |  | 701752 | 751966 | 668,621 | 669,927 | 746,832 | 640, 269 | 673, 880 | 611,967 |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, unfilled, end of month |  | 578,402 | 568, 264 | 554, 417 | 530, 459 | 528,698 | 493,947 | 436,029 | 371, 365 | 288, 516 | 231, 368 | 213,443 | 212, 953 |
| Production-..-.-... |  | 686, 609 | 748, 336 | 676, 591 | 690, 643 | 738, 362 | 665, 689 | 725,465 | 677, 458 | 609, 579 | 523, 808 | 478, 808. | 529, 214 |
| Percent of capacity |  | 94 | 99 | 98 | 93 | , 101 | 101 | 100 | 93 | 82 | 71 | 66 | 75 |
| Waste paper, consumption and stocks: <br> Consumption .-.-.-..............-. short tons. | 312, 279 | 422, 361 | 464,446 | 419,770 | 437, 902 | 425, 878 | 390, 276 | 438, 591 | 411, 110 | 352, 972 | 296,938 | 283, 040 | 304,215 |
| Stocks at mills, end of month........-do..-- | 420,465 | 218, 257 | 189, 163 | 167, 424 | 186, 522 | 181, 456 | 198, 059 | 241, 178 | 308, 963 | 371,086 | 414, 775 | 428,067 | 422,958 |
| PRINTING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Book publication, total..........no. of editions.. | 739 | 903 | 874 | 1,190 | 833 | 753 | 804 | 743 | 782 | 1,036 | 637 | 709 | 809 |
| New books --.......-.-.-.-............-do-- | 582 | 780 | 767 | 988 | 716 | 645 | 674 | 586 | 657 | 818 | 537 | 537 | 642 |
|  | 157 | 123 | 107 | 208 | 117 | 108 | 130 | 157 | 125 | 218 | 100 | 172 | 167 |
| ontinuous form stationery, new orders thous. of sets. | 238, 529 | 271,203 | 290, 591 | 223,492 | 281,013 | 262,613 | 257, 791 | 300,717 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales books, new orders........thous, of books.. | 16, 047 | 27,878 | 28,278 | 24, 859 | 23,307 | 24,979 | 22,806 | 22,878 | 19,672 | 18, 101 | 20,051 | 16,450 | 17, 235 |

## PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{4}{*}{} \& \multirow[b]{5}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
12.48 \\
10.340 \\
5,418
\end{array}
$$} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
12.41 \\
10.209
\end{array}
$$} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
12.46 \\
10.301
\end{array}
$$} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
12.42 \\
10.301
\end{array}
$$} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
12.43 \\
10.288
\end{array}
$$} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{$\begin{array}{r}12.48 \\ 10.288 \\ \hline\end{array}$} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
12.48 \\
10.288
\end{array}
$$} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
12.48 \\
10.280
\end{array}
$$} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{12.29
10.114} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
12.49 \\
10.311
\end{array}
$$} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
12.48 \\
10.342
\end{array}
$$} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
12.48 \\
10.342
\end{array}
$$} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{12.48
10.340} <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Production-----------thous. of short tons.- \& \& \& \& 3, 832 \& \& 4,532 \& \& 5,085 \& 5,153 \& 4,843 \& 5,122 \& 5,341 \& 5, 180 <br>
\hline  \& \& 708 \& 1,177 \& 1,383 \& 1,237 \& 015 \& 755 \& 656 \& 466 \& 292 \& 140 \& 181 \& 289 <br>
\hline In selected retail dealers' yar \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \multicolumn{14}{|l|}{Bituminous:} <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Industrial consumption and retail deliveries, total..................thous. of short tons.} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& 42, 245 \& 40, 128 \& 43, 478 \& 43, 055 \& 47, 832 \& 52,416 \& 47,081 \& -46, 533 \& 43,306 \& 42, 591 \& 40,269 \& 39, 856 \& ${ }_{\sim}^{\text {P }}$ - 30,296 <br>
\hline Industrial consumption, total........do...- \& 35, 055 \& 31, 928 \& 34,978 \& 34, 555 \& 37, 192 \& 38,476 \& 35, 091 \& 36, 443 \& 34, 520 \& 34, 501 \& - 3 1,289 \& 34,306
1

7 \&  <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& 1,086 \& 901 \& ${ }^{968}$ \& ${ }_{6}^{835}$ \& 1, 021 \& 1,016 \& 957 \& 1,024 \& 1,029 \&  \& 1,059
7,229 \& 1,080 \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \\ 7 \\ 7 \\ \hline\end{array} 0808$ <br>
\hline \& $\begin{array}{r}7,294 \\ \hline 678\end{array}$ \& 6,814 \& 7,050
676 \& 6,848
628 \& $\begin{array}{r}7,352 \\ \hline 88 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 7, 864 \& 6,685 \& $\begin{array}{r}7,372 \\ \\ 543 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 7,173 \& , 647 \& 7,249 \& , 660 \& 7,508 <br>
\hline Byproduct coke ovens..-............do..-- \& ${ }_{137}$ \& 126 \& 143 \& 143 \& 149 \& 148 \& 142 \& 153 \& 144 \& 144 \& 139 \& 125 \& 139 <br>
\hline  \& 5,686 \& 5, 552 \& 5,913 \& 5,532 \& 5,892 \& 5,913 \& 5,154 \& 5,011 \& 4,717 \& 5,103 \& 5,175 \& 5,712 \& - 5, 672 <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& 9,459 \& 8,053 \& 8, 742 \& 8,747 \& 9, 2226 \& 9, 685 \& 8,879 \& 9,723 \& 9, 189 \& 9,398 \& 8,921 \& 9,077 \& - 9,368 <br>
\hline \& 775 \& 802 \& 886 \& 912 \& 984 \& 1,046 \& ${ }^{937}$ \& 957 \& 863 \& 819 \& 766 \& 758 \& 769 <br>
\hline Steel and rolling mills.................................
Other industrial \& 9,940 \& 9,050 \& 10,600 \& 10, 910 \& 11,980 \& 12,700 \& 11,840 \& 11,660 \& 10,840 \& 9, 840 \& 9,360 \& 9. 390 \& 9,480 <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Rether consumption, coal mine fuel.-.-do.--} \& 7,190 \& 8,200 \& 8,500 \& 8, 500 \& 10, 640 \& 13, 940 \& 11,990 \& 10, 090 \& 8,780 \& 8,090 \& 6,980 \& 5,550 \& 5,610 <br>
\hline \& 258 \& 335 \& 362 \& 313 \& 334 \& 347 \& 313 \& 251 \& -260 \& 256 \& 257 \& 253 \& 250 <br>

\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{| Prices, composite: |
| :--- |
| Retail (35 cities) $\qquad$ dol. per short ton. Wholesale: |} \& 9.54 \& 9.34 \& 9.42 \& 9.47 \& 9.50 \& 9.52 \& 9.51 \& 9.51 \& 0.43 \& 9.46 \& 9.49 \& 9.52 \& 9.52 <br>

\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline | Wholesale: |
| :--- |
| Mine run-........................................... do... | \& ${ }^{4.797}$ \& 4.677 \& 4.703 \& 4.713 \& 4.704 \& 4.732 \& 4.737 \& 4.753 \& 4.774 \& 4.773 \& 4.775 \& 4.782 \& 4. 787 <br>

\hline Prepared sizes.------------------ do \& 5. 050 \& 4.883 \& 4. 922 \& 4.930 \& 4.925 \& 4. 926 \& 4. 924 \& 4.897 \& 4.819 \& 4.858 \& 4.939 \& 4. 989 \& 5. 021 <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Production. -............thous. of short tons. Stocks, industrial and retail dealers, end of month, total. thous. of short tons.-} \& 48,760 \& 47,505 \& 51,328 \& 44, 426 \& 48, 694 \& 48,540 \& 43,840 \& 47, 400 \& 49,000 \& 48,250 \& 48,410 \& 47,700 \& 47, 160 <br>
\hline \& 87, 297 \& 56,994 \& 61, 401 \& 61, 763 \& 62, 737 \& 58, 681 \& 56, 885 \& 57, 221 \& 61, 836 \& 67, 418 \& 73, 271 \& 77,583 \& г 82, 686 <br>
\hline Industrial, total--.-.-...............-. do... \& 77, 247 \& 48,044 \& 51, 501 \& 52, 013 \& 53, 397 \& 50,951 \& 50,635 \& 51, 761 \& 55,746 \& 60, 618 \& 65,691 \& 69,003 \& - 73,186 <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Byproduct coke} \& 10,566 \& 7, 292 \& 8,371 \& 8,326 \& 8. 901 \& 8,179 \& 7,888 \& 7, 881 \& 8,409 \& 9, 179 \& 9,866 \& ${ }^{9}, 922$ \& 10, 238 <br>
\hline \& 1,081 \& 709 \& 720 \& 714 \& 705 \& 647 \& 652 \& 743 \& 813 \& 876 \& 972 \& 1,040 \& 1.074 <br>
\hline Coment mills \& 409 \& 331 \& 364 \& 372 \& 367 \& 343 \& 333 \& 293 \& 301 \& 331 \& 369 \& 386 \& 402 <br>
\hline Coal-gas retorts .-1it-.............-do...- \& 19,872 \& 11,637 \& 11,919 \& 12, 427 \& 12, 821 \& 12,660 \& 13, 455 \& 13,891 \& 14, 767 \& 15, 854 \& 16,876 \& 17,339 \& 18, 165 <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& 13,528 \& 8,758 \& 9,548 \& 9,726 \& 10, 235 \& 9,788 \& 9,662 \& 9,910 \& 10,816 \& 11, 479 \& 12,223 \& 12,898 \& ז 13, 462 <br>
\hline \& 1, 251 \& 827 \& 909 \& 908 \& 968 \& 964 \& 995 \& 1. 1.013 \& 1,050 \& 1,099 \& 1,145 \& 1,178 \& 1, 235 <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& 30, 540 \& 18,490 \& 19,670 \& 19,540 \& 19,400 \& 18,370 \& 17,650 \& 18,030 \& \& \& 24, 240 \& 26,240 \& 28, 610 <br>
\hline \& 10,050 \& 8,950 \& 8,900 \& 9,750 \& 9,340 \& 7,730 \& 6,250 \& 5,460 \& 6,090 \& 6,800 \& 7, 580 \& 8, 580 \& 9,500 <br>
\hline COKE \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Price, beehive, Connellsville (furnace) dol. per short ton. \& 6. 000 \& 6.125 \& 6. 125 \& 6.125 \& 6.125 \& 6.125 \& 6.000 \& 6.000 \& 6.000 \& 6.000 \& 6.000 \& 6.000 \& 6. 000 <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Production:} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& \& $r 606$ \& 613 \& 532 \& 650 \& 647 \& 610 \& 652 \& 655 \& 700 \& 675 \& 688 \& 692 <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& 5,163 \& '4, 811 \& 4,971 \& 4, 833 \& 5,186 \& 5,224 \& 4, 716 \& 5,200 \& 5,059 \& 5,276 \& 5,118 \& 5, 278 \& 5,315 <br>
\hline \& \& 158 \& 154 \& 149 \& 151 \& 140 \& 121 \& 108 \& 91 \& 83 \& 88 \& 101 \& 111 <br>
\hline Stocks, end of month: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline By product plants, At furnace plants \& 1,614
1,021 \& $\begin{array}{r}r \\ r \\ r \\ r \\ r 881 \\ \hline 880 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 1,616 \& 1,668 \& 1,708 \& 1,510
817 \& 1,386
869 \& $\begin{array}{r}1,430 \\ \hline 920\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}1,448 \\ \hline 963\end{array}$ \& 1,432 \& $\begin{array}{r}1,405 \\ \hline 969\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}1,469 \\ \hline 999\end{array}$ \& 1,564 <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{At merchant plan Petroleum coke.} \& 593 \& 699 \& 745 \& 851 \& 876 \& 692 \& 513 \& 509 \& 485 \& 457 \& 435 \& 470 \& 539 <br>
\hline \& \& 370 \& 362 \& 390 \& 228 \& 246 \& 259 \& 252 \& 201 \& 191 \& 182 \& 175 \& 179 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

| Monthiy statistics through December 1941, together with explanatory notes and references $t 0$ the sources of the data, may be found in the 194 2Supplement to the Survey | 1942 | 1941 |  |  |  | 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Sep- tember | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sep- } \\ \text { tember } \end{gathered}$ | October | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Decem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August |

PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS-Continued

| PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Crude petroleum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption (runs to stills)...thous. of bbl.. |  | 121,481 | 126, 772 | 121, 539 | 124, 985 | 119, 032 | 105, 776 | 110, 565 | 104, 882 | 106, 883 | 105, 376 | 111, 355 | 114, 135 |
| Price (Kansas-Okia.) at wells.--dol. per bbl- | 1. 110 | 1.110 | 126,110 | 1.110 | 128, 110 | 128, 110 | 113, 110 | 114,473 | 105, 053 | 110, 192 | 108, 595 | 111, 782 | 1.110 120,429 |
| Refinery operations.............-pct. of capacity .- |  | 119,489 | 126, ${ }_{88}$ | 123, 88 | 128, 88 | 128, 82 | ${ }^{131}$ | 76 | 75 | 74 | 77 | 78 | 120,429 80 |
| Stocks, end of month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Refinable in U. S.------- thous. of bbl |  | 246, 111 | 243, 735 | 243, 679 | 246, 884 | 253, 531 | 260, 844 | 261, 832 | 257, 761 | 254, 577 | 251, 421 | 245, 026 | 244, 125 |
|  |  | 51, 188 | 51, 091 | 51, 631 | 51,319 | 53, 208 | 51, 821 | 50,050 | 49,525 | 48, 454 | 47,551 | 46, 919 | 46, 435 |
| At tank farms and in pipe lines....do |  | 183, 537 | 181,234 | 180, 051 | 183, 992 | 188,437 | 196, 728 | 199, 240 | 195, 937 | 193, 334 | 191, 353 | 185, 797 | 184, 757 |
| On leases |  | 11, 386 | 11, 410 | 11, 997 | 11, 573 | 11, 886 | 12, 295 | 12,542 | 12, 299 | 12,789 | 12, 517 | 12, 310 | 12,933 |
| Heavy in Califor |  | 10, 321 | 9,869 | 10, 203 | 10, 179 | 10, 543 | 11, 229 | 11, 737 | 11, 434 | 11, 168 | 10,892 | 10,950 | 10,700 |
| Wells completed.---.-.-.-------- |  | 1,931 | 1, 821 | 1,723 | 1,458 | 1,373 | 953 | 778 | 825 | 847 | 726 | 833 | 745 |
| Refined petroleum products: Gas and fuel oils: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Electric power plants.....thous. of bbl.. | 1,426 | 1,674 5,435 | 1,857 6,049 | 1,740 5,723 | 1,960 | 1,867 | 1,532 | 1,304 | 1,012 $\mathbf{6}, 399$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 6, } \\ \hline 646 \\ \hline 684\end{array}$ | 923 6,427 | $\stackrel{1,211}{6,747}$ | 1,349 |
| Price, fuel oil (Pennsylvania)- dol. per gal | . 059 | . 059 | . 058 | . 054 | . 051 | . 050 | . 052 | . 055 | . 057 | . 058 | . 059 | . 059 | 059 |
| Production: <br> Gas, oil and distillate fuel oil |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| thous. of bbl |  | 16, 024 | 16. 554 | 16, 230 | 17, 142 | 16, 902 | 15, 194 | 16,214 | 14, 002 | 13,436 | 15, 210 | 16, 149 | 7,052 |
|  |  | 28, 118 | 30, 871 | 29,666 | 31, 127 | 29,405 | 27, 254 | 28,095 | 29,440 | 30,971 | 28, 352 | 30,096 | 30, 446 |
| Stocks, end of month: <br> Gas, oil and distillate fuel oil. $\qquad$ do |  | 51, 412 | 55, 385 | 55, 073 | 49,926 |  | 33,711 | 30, 205 | 28,792 | 30, 281 | 32,501 | 37,729 |  |
| Residual fuel oil..............-...-. - ${ }^{\text {do }}$ |  | 83, 752 | 84, 960 | 83, 730 | 83, 195 | 78, 386 | 75,386 | 70,098 | 67, 658 | 68, 388 | 66,341 | 66, 935 | 67, 613 |
| Motor fuel: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prices, gasoline: <br> Wholesale, refin | . | . 060 | . 060 | . 060 | . 060 | . 060 | . 060 | . 055 | . 054 | . 055 | . 056 | . 058 | . 059 |
| Wholesale, tank wagon (N. Y.)... do | . 161 | . 149 | . 149 | . 149 | . 149 | . 150 | . 152 | . 153 | .157 | . 161 | . 166 | . 186 | .166 |
| Retail, service stations, 60 cities ....do | . 144 | . 140 | . 140 | 141 | 139 | . 141 | . 141 | . 143 | . 144 | . 144 | . 154 | 153 | . 144 |
| Production, totalt Benzol.........thous. of |  | 60, 167 | ${ }^{62,288}{ }_{296}$ | 61, 243 | 63, ${ }_{323}$ | $\begin{array}{r}60,035 \\ \hline 208\end{array}$ | 51, 189 | 52, 902 | 47, 528 | 48, 938 | 45,887 | 49,302 | 51, 105 |
| Straight run gasoline...................d. |  | 24, 039 | 24, 712 | 24, 244 | 24.913 | 22,725 | 19,226 | 20,609 | 18,339 | 19,573 | 17,404 | 19,088 | 19,192 |
| Cracked gasoline |  | 30, 198 | 31, 328 | 30, 718 | 32, 255 | 30, 324 | 26,006 | 25, 629 | 23, 504 | 23, 130 | 22, 423 | 23,946 | 25, 387 |
| Natural gasolinet |  | 5,664 | 5 5,952 | 5,994 | 6, 082 | 7,488 | 6, 768 | 7,020 | 6,257 | 6,718 | 6,558 | 6, 804 | 7,028 |
| Natural gasoline blended |  | 4. 854 | 6, 123 | 4,717 | 4, 622 | 5,351 | 4,456 | 4,414 | 4,046 | 4, 272 | 4, 423 | 4,577 | 4,909 |
| Retail distribution $\qquad$ mil, of gal |  | 2,381 | 2, 340 | 2,197 | 2,246 | 1,982 | 1,739 | 1,979 | 2,015 | 2, 092 | -2,079 | 2,065 |  |
| Finished gasoline, total....thous. of bbl |  | 72, 761 | 74, 698 | 79,378 | 80,413 | 93, 489 | 100,186 | 99, 184 | 94, 127 | 87,461 | 80,080 | 71,657 | 71,403 |
| At refineries. |  | 46, 151 | 46, 417 | 49,351 | 56.325 | 64,996 | 72, 990 | 73, 566 | 67, 182 | 62,597 | 55, 213 | 48,585 | 47,924 |
| Unfinished gasolin |  | 7,202 | 7,605 | 7,900 | 7,685 | 7, 724 | 8,111 | 7,549 | 7,695 | 7, 220 | 7,437 | 7,789 | 8,123 |
| Natural gasoline |  | 6,373 | 4, 870 | 4,557 | 4,275 | 4,802 | 5,209 | 5,620 | 6, 043 | 6,568 | 6,571 | 6, 588 | 6,405 |
| Kerosene: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, water white, $47^{\circ}$, refinery (Pennsylvania) $\qquad$ dol. per gai | . 063 | . 063 |  | . 064 | . 064 | . 064 | . 063 | . 063 | . 063 | . 064 | . 064 | . 063 | 063 |
| Production...................thous. of bbl. |  | 5, 949 | 6,355 | 6, 443 | 6, 682 | 6,634 | 6, 133 | 6,035 | 5. 529 | 5,302 | 4,929 | 5,134 | 5,340 |
| Stocks, refinery, end of month........do.. |  | 11. 682 | 11,670 | 10,843 | 9, 599 | 6,987 | 6, 193 | 6,430 | 5,630 | 6,416 | 6,940 | 7,480 | 8,261 |
| Price, wholesale, cylinder, refinery (Penn. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| sylvania) ...--.-.-.-.....--dol. per gal | . 160 | . 154 | . 160 | . 160 | . 160 | . 160 | . 160 | . 160 | . 160 | . 160 | . 160 | 160 | 160 |
| Prodaction-.-------------thous. of bbl - |  | 3,427 | 3,494 | 3,607 | 3, 554 | 3,497 | 3,174 | 3. 533 | 3,438 | 3,439 | 3,231 | 3,133 | 3,141 |
| Stocks, refinery, end of month |  | 7,415 | 7,487 | 7,752 | 8, 127 | 8,266 | 8,429 | 8,470 | 8,470 | 8,768 | 8,756 | 8,945 | 9,301 |
| sphati: |  | 680, 200 | 694, 400 | 680, 700 | 466, 500 | 382,000 | 382,700 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stocks, refinery, end of month |  | 474, 000 | 451,000 | 512,000 | 601,000 | 695, 000 | 765, 400 | 740, 700 | 719, 400 | 617,300 | 513,800 | 436, 000 | 396, 500 |
| Wax: <br> Production $\qquad$ thous. of 1 lb |  |  |  | 68,880 |  | 55,160 | 52,920 | 61,600 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stocks, refinery, end of month.. .....do.. |  | 79, 458 | 75, 467 | 76,413 | 74, 814 | 72, 800 | 75, 600 | 75, 040 | 69, 720 | 69, 160 | 69, 720 | 68, 040 | 77,000 |
| Asphalt prepared roofing, shipments: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total--------------thous. of squares |  | ${ }^{4,146}$ | ${ }^{4,737}$ | 3,825 | 3, 033 | 2,743 | 3, 085 | 3,692 | 4, 198 | 4,391 | 4,397 | 4,908 | 5, 152 |
| Grit surfaced------------------- do |  |  | 1,345 | 1,070 |  |  | ${ }^{782}$ |  | 1,178 | 1, 227 | 1,286 | 1,726 | 1, 823 |
|  |  | 1,385 1,535 | 1,668 1,724 | 1,441 $\mathbf{1}, 315$ | 1, 265 | 1,307 761 | 1,441 | 1,592 1,132 | 1,509 1,511 | 1,467 1,697 | 1,528 1,582 | 1,751 1,431 | 1,918 |
| Shingles, all types------------------ |  | 1,535 | 1,724 | 1,315 | 955 | 761 | 862 | 1,132 | 1,511 | 1,697 | 1,582 | 1,431 | 1,411 |

STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS

| ARRASIVE PRODUCTS <br> Coated abrasive paper and cloth: Shipments....................................-.-reams. | 142,985 | 141,985 | 138, 555 | 138,327 | 199, 373 | 111,700 | 130, 525 | 109, 568 | 105,808 | 110,645 | 115, 910 | 121, 187 | 135, 030 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PORTLAND CEMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production.-.....................-thous. of bbl-. | 17, 527 | 16,115 | 16,688 | 14, 831 | 13,810 | 12,360 | 10,787 | 12, 733 | 14,068 | 16, 119 | 16,022 | 16, 833 | 17,605 |
| Shipments | - 878 | 18, 78 | 10,798 17,833 | 13,73 | 11,511 11, | 9, 59 | 57 8,293 | 61 12,563 | 69 14,774 | $\begin{array}{r}77 \\ \hline 6.349\end{array}$ | 18, 79 | 80 20,501 | 85 |
| Stocks, finished, end of month | 12, 656 | 17,561 | 16, 417 | 17,638 | 19,925 | 23, 168 | 25,668 | 25, 831 | 25,112 | 24, 886 | 22,609 | 18,972 | - 15, 279 |
| Stocks, clinker, end of month...............do.. | 3,563 | 4,804 | 4,192 | 4,250 | 4, 575 | 5,020 | 5,840 | 6,570 | 6,656 | 6,241 | 5,809 | 5,536 | +4,514 |
| CLAY PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Common brick, price, wholesale, composite <br> f. o. b. plant $\qquad$ dol. per thous.. | 13.221 | 12.853 | 12.876 | 12.921 | 12.935 | 13. 100 | 13. 165 | 13.215 | 13.209 | 13. 216 | 13. 254 | 13. 226 | 13.225 |
| Floor and wall tile, shipments: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quantity--.....................thous. of sq. ft .- |  | 6,330 | 6,831 | 5,289 | 5,029 | 3, 584 | 3, 689 | 3,944 | 3,905 | 3, 290 | 2, 792 | 2, 589 | 2,558 |
| Value .-.-.------.-..........thous. of dol.. |  | 1,816 | 1,932 | 1, 501 | 1,432 | 1,077 | 1,047 | 1,119 | 1,147 | 939 | 773 | 667 | 675 |
| Vitrified paving brick: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 8,873 24,630 | 4, 24,681 | 3,113 17,211 | 17,735 | 1,016 17,948 | 785 18,823 | 2,075 18,992 | 1,983 19,615 | $\begin{array}{r}2,680 \\ \hline 19,647\end{array}$ | 3,682 19,461 | 3,711 18,760 | $\begin{array}{r} 3,682 \\ \end{array}$ |

$r$ Revised
 556 ; Apr., 572 ; May, 483 ; June, 498 ; July, 536 ; Aug., 502; data for such sales have not been included in the total for motor fuel. Prior to 1942 an indeterminable amount of liquefied petroleum gas has been included in total motor fuel and natural gasoline production.

| Monthly statistics through December 1941, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1942 | 1941 |  |  |  | 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { sep- } \\ \text { tember } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sep- } \\ & \text { tember } \end{aligned}$ | October | November | Decem- ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | Febru: ary | March | April | May | June | July | August |

## STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS-Continued

| Glass Products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Glass containers: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production...................thous. of gross .- | 6, 297 | 6,370 | 7,016 | 6.187 | 6,043 | 6,765 | 5,965 | 6,935 | ${ }^{6,921}$ | 7,192 | 6,723 | 5,946 | 6,585 |
| Percent of capacity-.---...-........... |  |  | 101.1 | 100.3 | 90.4 |  | 96.1 | 103.1 | 102.9 | 111.2 |  | 88.4 | 97.9 6 6002 |
| Shipments, total ............thous. of gross.. Narrow neck, | 6,879 | 6,968 | 6, 244 | 5,295 | 4,965 | 5,877 | 6,141 | 7,073 | 8,830 | 6,997 | 6,356 | 6, ${ }^{633}$ | 6,902 |
| Wide mouth, food...........................d. ${ }^{\text {do.... }}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 1, } 815 \\ \hline 15\end{array}$ | 1,269 | 1,242 | ${ }_{974}$ | ${ }_{862}^{214}$ | 1,191 | 1,319 | 1,517 | 1,554 | 1,489 | 1,405 | 1,577 | 1,828 |
| Pressed food ware...-.................-do....- | 31 | 45 | 55 | 142 | 39 | 45 | 37 | 49 | 51 | 49 | 43 | 40 | 33 |
| Pressure and non-pressure.....-. .-....do | 315 | 331 | 310 | 316 | 332 | 352 | 408 | 503 | 479 | 508 | 451 | 416 | 320 |
| Beer bottles ...---......................do | 636 | 401 | 408 | 260 | 395 | 524 | 601 | 737 | 868 | 1,158 | 1,065 | 837 | 723 |
| Liquor ware--.-...................... do | 1,095 | 1;074 | 1,042 | 1,056 | 843 | ${ }^{905}$ | 917 | ${ }^{983}{ }^{\text {a }}$ | 838 | - 814 | -759 | 853 | 1,164 |
| Medicine and toilet...................do | 1,286 | 1,817 | 2, 022 | 1,766 | 1,640 | 1,884 | 1,741 | 1,806 | 1,757 | 1, 733 | 1,482 | 1,379 | 1, 253 |
| General purpose........................ do | 386 | 417 | 464 | 381 | 374 |  | ${ }^{429}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Milk bottles Fruit jars and jeliy plasses.................do....... | ${ }^{286}$ | $\begin{array}{r}342 \\ 158 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 285 10 | 242 3 | 245 4 | 257 29 | 224 97 | ${ }_{106}^{243}$ | ${ }_{125}^{234}$ | $\stackrel{259}{104}$ | 272 90 | 295 | 270 |
| Stocks, end of month .-...................-do...- | 8,490 | 7,321 | 7,948 | 8,711 | 9,610 | 10, 228 | 9,950 | 9,450 | 9,417 | 9,489 | 10,008 | 9,528 | 9,139 |
| Other glassware, machine-made: Tumblers: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production...................thous of doz.- | 3,880 | 4,407 | 4,837 | 4, 658 | 4,346 | 6,350 | 4,595 | 4,804 | 4,558 | 4, 134 | 3,779 | 3,183 | 4, 498 |
| Shipments .............-...............do-. | 3, 829 | -5. 188 | 4,937 | 3,584 | 3,236 | 4,143 | 3,921 | 4,482 | 4,610 | 4,315 | 3,845 | 3,915 | 4, 532 |
| Table, kitchen, and household ware, shipments | 8,239 | 7, 208 | 6,975 | 7,903 | 8,936 | 8,797 | 9,376 | 9,260 | 9,156 | 8, 879 | 9,140 | 8,411 | 8,196 |
| , | 3,606 | 3,427 | 4, 082 | 3,279 | 2,553 | 2,587 | 3,112 | 3, 278 | 2,876 | 2,927 | 2,494 | 2,397 | 3,048 |
| Plate glass, polished, production thous, of sq. ft.- |  | 14,906 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4,726 |  | 3,863 |
| Window glass, production .....theus. of boxes.. | 1,097 $\mathbf{6 7 . 6}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1,123 \\ \hline 69.2\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1,524 \\ \hline 93.9\end{array}$ | 1,300 80.1 | 1,696 104.5 | 1,639 100.9 | 1,457 89.7 | 1,583 $\mathbf{9 7 . 5}$ | 1,644 101.3 | $\begin{array}{r}1,557 \\ \hline 95.9\end{array}$ | 1,223 $\mathbf{7 5 . 3}$ | 1,274 78.5 | 1,075 |
| GYPSUM AND PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gypsum, production: <br> Crude <br> short tons |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $1,213,817$ 754,911 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,335,905 \\ & 1,099,244 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,361,034 \\ & 1,088,745 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1,666,362 \\ 817,856 \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1,234,293 \\ 829,206 \end{array}$ |  |  |
| Gypsum products sold or used: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Uncalcined <br> Calcined: | 384, 730 | 368, 209 |  |  | 317,781 |  |  | 285, 755 |  |  | $399,192$ |  |  |
| For building uses: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 199, 061 | 475,567 |  |  | 345,697 |  |  | 275, 886 |  |  | 252, 860 |  |  |
| Keene's cement-.-----.-..........- do . | 2,905 | 8,854 |  |  | 6,841 |  |  | 5,904 |  |  | 3,781 |  |  |
|  | 77,483 197,845 | 102, 273 |  |  |  |  |  | 76,430 348,061 |  |  | 850,320 |  |  |
| Tile | 11, 577 | -9,133 |  |  | 7,388 |  |  | 6,490 |  |  | 7,523 |  |  |
|  | 404, 896 | 229, 488 |  |  | 269, 129 |  |  | 256, 755 |  |  | 365, 166 |  |  |
| Industrial plasters-.-----------short tons.- | 36,399 | 41, 569 |  |  | 36, 130 |  |  | 34, 114 |  | 相 | 35, 736 |  |  |

TEXTILE PRODUCTS


COTTON MANUFACTURES
Cotton cloth:
Prices, wholesale:
Mill margins-.....-..................ents per lb.-
Denims, 28 -inch


Finished cotton eloth, production:


r Revised.
11941 crop
2 October 1 estimate of 1942 crop.
§Total ginnings to end of month indicated.
$\ddagger$ Data revised for the cotton year 1940-41; revisions for August 1941 not shown above are as follows: Cotton stocks-warehouses, $9,298,000$ bales; mills, $1,695,000$ bales; linter stocks, 580,000 bales. The total stocks of American cotton in the United States on July 31, 1942, including srocks on farms and in transit, was $10,455,000$ bales.

| Monthly statistics through December 1941, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1942 | 1941 |  |  |  | 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sep- } \\ \text { tember } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sep- } \\ & \text { tember } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Octoa } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | November | December | $\mathrm{Janu}_{\mathrm{ary}}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August |

TEXTILE PRODUCTS—Continued

| COTTON MANUFACTURES-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Spindle activity: $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Active spindles........-.-......- thousands-- | 22,956 | 22, 978 | 23, 054 | $\stackrel{23,079}{9}$ | 23, 062 | 23,087 | 23, 088 | 23,109 11,379 | 23, 1102 | 23, 11.197 | 23, 11.295 | 23, 11.18 |  |
| Active spindle hours, total......-mil. of hrs-- | 11, 191 | 10,437 430 | 11, 237 | 9,914 | 10, ${ }_{441}$ | 11, 367 | 10,478 | $\begin{array}{r}11,379 \\ \hline 473\end{array}$ | 11,459 | 11,197 | 11, 295 | $\begin{array}{r}11,484 \\ \hline 479\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}10,981 \\ \hline 1458\end{array}$ |
|  | 1468 134 | 124.0 | 125.9 1293 | 410 129.8 | 125.4 4 | 137.0 | 136.3 | 134.3 | 135.2 | 138.5 | 133.7 | 130.2 | 136.4 |
| Cotton yarn, wholesale prices: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Southern, 22/1, cones, carded, white, for knitting (mill) $\dagger$ $\qquad$ dol. per lb | . 420 | . 424 | . 391 | . 380 | . 390 | . 409 | . 408 | 414 | . 420 | . 421 | 421 | . 421 | . 421 |
| Southern, 40 s, single, carded (mill).....do..- | . 515 | . 481 | . 479 | . 471 | . 481 | . 500 | . 504 | . 506 | . 516 | . 515 | . 515 | . 515 | . 515 |
| RAYON |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption: |  |  |  | 38.5 | 39.3 |  |  | 40.0 | 37.6 |  | 38.9 |  | 38.1 |
|  | 38.3 12.4 | 37.0 13.0 | 13.2 | 11.5 | 129.4 | 12.5 | 11.3 | 12.6 | 13.0 | 12.7 | 13.7 | 12.6 | 12.8 |
| Prices, wholesale: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yarn, viscose, 150 denier, first quality, minimum filament-..................dol. per lb | . 550 | . 542 | . 550 | . 550 | . 550 | . 550 | . 550 | . 550 | . 550 | . 550 | . 550 | . 550 | 550 |
| Staple fiber, viscose, 11/2 denier....-...-do...- | . 250 | . 250 | . 250 | .250 | . 250 | . 250 | . 250 | . 250 | . 250 | . 250 | . 250 | . 250 | 250 |
| Stocks, producers', end of month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Staple fiber | 4.3 | 2.7 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 4.1 2.1 | ${ }_{2.3}^{4.1}$ | 5.7 | 6.1 2.1 | 7.0 2.3 | 6.6 3.1 | 3.9 |
| WOOL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption (scoured basis): $\downarrow$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apparel class ...............- .-.thous. of lb. |  | 41, 764 | ${ }_{5}^{51,995}$ | 40, 860 | 43, 696 11,708 | 44, 480 | - 40,972 | 53,880 655 | 44,740 $\mathbf{2} 54$ | 44,320 | 53, 510 | 45, 886 $\mathbf{3} 236$ | 45, 330 |
| Machinery activity (weekly average) ${ }^{-1}$ |  | 11, 212 | 13,980 | 10, 700 | 11, 708 | 5,828 | 5,784 | 6,555 | 2,544 |  |  |  |  |
| Looms: Woolen and worsted: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Broad................thous. of actjve hours. |  | 2,523 93 | 2,546 94 | 2,521 89 | 2,706 78 | 2,850 89 | 2,616 86 | 2,602 95 | 2,754 86 | 2,789 81 | 2,668 78 | 2. 853 70 | 2,701 |
| Carpet and rug: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 131 | 132 | 125 | 122 | 122 | 115 | 98 | 77 | 80 | 76 | 71 | 72 |
| Narrow |  | 109 | 114 | 104 | 105 | 105 | 96 | 79 | 59 | 64 | 53 | 59 | 45 |
| Spinning spindles: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Woolen. |  | 113,084 123,512 | 112, 567 | 108, 122 | [110, 157 | ${ }^{118.654}$ | 117, 130 | 116,996 99 | -125, 11459 | 125, 175 | 119,375 | 127, 143 | 124, 074 |
| Worstedeombs |  | 123,512 223 | 127, 257 | 122, 409 | 129,890 233 | 120.808 243 | 101,015 231 | 99,935 | 114, 464 | $\begin{array}{r}116,750 \\ \hline 29\end{array}$ | 115,368 233 | 122, 324 | 120, 305 |
| Prices. wholesale: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Raw, territory, fine, scoured..... dol. per lb.- | 1. 199 | 1.059 | 1. 083 | 1.110 | 1.129 | 1. 135 | 1.161 | 1.175 | 1.195 | 1. 195 | 1.195 | 1. 195 | 1. 195 |
| Raw, Ohio and Penn., fleeces.....-.---do | . 527 | . 483 | . 490 | . 490 | . 490 | . 490 | . 515 | . 515 | . 515 | . 515 | . 503 | . 496 | . 499 |
| Australian (Sydney), 64-70s, scoured, in bond (Boston) .......-.....................dol. per lb | . 790 | . 705 | . 705 | . 705 | . 743 | . 755 | . 755 | . 755 | . 790 | . 790 | . 700 | . 790 | . 790 |
| Suting, unfinished worsted, 13 oz . (at mill) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Women ${ }^{\text {drese }}$ dol. per yd ${ }^{\text {y }}$ | (1) | 2. 228 | 2. 228 | 2. 228 | 2. 228 | 2228 | 2. 320 | 2. 599 | 2. 599 | ${ }^{(1)}$ | ${ }^{(1)}$ | (1) | (1) |
| Women's dress goods, French serge, 54" (at mill) $\qquad$ | (1) | 1.391 | 1.411 | 1.411 | 1411 | 1.411 | (1) | ${ }^{(1)}$ | (1) | (1) | ${ }^{(1)}$ | ${ }^{(1)}$ | (i) |
| Worsted yarn, 3a's's, crossbred stock (Boston) dol. per Ib | 1.800 | 1.740 | 1.763 | 1.890 | 1.800 | 1.800 | 1. 800 | 1.800 | 1.800 | 1.800 | 1.800 | 1.800 | 1.800 |
| Stocks, scoured basis, end of quarter: $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 230,698 |  |  | 190, 571 |  |  | 247, 083 |  |  | 351, 485 |  |  |
| Wool finer than 40s, total.-..........do-- |  | 168, 646 |  |  | 142,378 |  |  | 172, 438 |  |  | 276, 296 |  |  |
|  |  | 92,357 |  |  | 77, 253 |  |  | 66, 182 |  |  | 141,409 |  |  |
|  |  | 76, 289 |  |  | 65, 125 |  |  | 106, 256 |  |  | 134, 887 |  |  |
| Wool 40 and below and carpet.-....-do.-. |  | 62, 052 |  |  | 48, 193 |  |  | 74, 645 |  |  | 75, 189 |  |  |
| Miscellaneous products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fur, sales by dealers ----......- thous. of dol.. | 1; 552 | ${ }^{\text {r } 4,288}$ | 1,441 | 790 | 626 | - 3, 192 | -6,980 | r7,000 | - 4,914 | 1,360 | 1,221 | 1,367 | 2,740 |
| Pyroxylin-coated textiles (cotton fabrics): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | *1 |
| Orders, unfilled, end of mo.. thous. linear yd.- |  | 8,747 | 9,009 | 8,206 | 7,825 | 6,606 | ${ }_{5}^{6,097}$ | 6,617 |  | 5,798 | 5,563 | 4,937 | 4,686 |
| Pyroxylin spread --.------.-.thous. of lb. |  | 7,097 | 7,288 | 6,698 | 6,637 | 6. 210 | 5,651 | 5,387 | 5,554 | 5,371 5,877 | 4,605 | 4,430 4 4 | 4, 275 |
| Shipments, billed --------.- thous. linear yd-- |  | 8,017 | 7,841 | 7,097 | 7,398 | 7,033 | 6,699 | 6,067 | 6,384 | 5,877 | 5,279 | 4, 530 | 4,734 |

TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT

| AUTOMOBILES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Indexes of retail fimancing: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Passenger car financing, volume:t $1042=100$ | 42 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 419 | 483 | 429 | 463 | 100 | ${ }_{22}$ | 46 | 42 | 60 | ${ }_{55}^{58}$ | ${ }_{57}$ | 54 |
| Used cars-....-...-..............-do-. |  | 142 | 133 | 118 | 132 | 100 | 73 | 81 | 62 | 55 |  |  |  |
| Retail automobile receivables outstanding, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Automobile rims, production. thous. of rims... | 633 | 1; 811 | 2,024 | 1,864 | 1,677 | 1,271 | 823 | 669 | 665 | 617 | 664 | 573 | 580 |
| Accessories and parts, shipments: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accessories to wholesalers -- --Jan. $1935=100$. |  | 170 | 174 | 173 | 174 | 144 | 139 | ${ }^{141}$ | 130 | 128 | 126 | 118 | 110 |
| Service parts to wholesalers.-.--------- do--- |  | 298 | 302 | 287 | 297 | ${ }_{229} 22$ | 231 | 234 | ${ }_{2} 205$ | 174 | 111 | 117 | 119 173 |
| Service equpiment to wholesalers......do. |  | 290 | 287 | 288 | 255 | 217 | 201 | 202 | 198 | 183 | 187 | 176 | 173 |
| RAILWAY EQUIPMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| American Railway Car Institute: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipments: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Freigbt cars, total. --...................................... Domestic......... |  | 5, 168 5,044 | 7,617 6,626 | 6,378 6,073 | 7,183 7,181 | 6,240 6,240 | 7,752 7,652 | 7,781 7,781 | 7,957 7,273 | 7,573 5,700 | 5,253 2,851 | - $\begin{aligned} & 2,830 \\ & 1,370\end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{955}$ |
| Passenger cars, total.-.......................do |  | 38 | 28 | 42 | ${ }^{35}$ | 42 | ${ }^{24}$ | ${ }^{28}$ | 10 | 41 | ${ }^{23}$ | 16 | 10 |
| Domestic...........................-do.... |  | 30 | 28 | 42 | 29 | 42 | 20 | 28 | 10 | 41 | 23 | 16 | 10 |

## $r$ Revised.

1 No quotation.
$\ddagger$ Data revised for the cotton year 1941-42; revisions for August 1941 not shown above are as follows: Active spindles, $23,042,000$; active spindle hours, $10,248,000,000$; operacions, percent of capacity, 125.4.
$\dagger$ Revised series. The yarn price series for Southern, 22/1, cones, has been substituted beginning January 1941 for the Northern, mulespun, series formerly shown; 1941 data not shown above: Jan., 0.267; Feb., 0.270 ; Mar., 0.283 ; April, 0.333 ; May, 0.361 ; June, 0.360 ; July, 0.369 ; Aug., 0.408 . Figures for wool stocks are compiled on a revised basis beginning 1942 and data are not available comparable with figures shown in the 1942 Supplement and in monthly issues throngh June 1942 . 1942 data shown above dover all known stocks of wool in commercial channels, including stocks in the hands of country dealers and in country warehouses; stocks in the hands of country dealers and in counfiner than 40s, see p. S-37 of the October 1942 Survey. The indexes of retail automobile financing shown above on a January 1942 base may be linked to the indexes on a 1939 base shown in the 1942 Supplement by applying the current series to the January 1942 index on a 1939 base given in footnote 5 to p. 170 of the 1942 Supplement.,

| Monthly statistics through December 1941, together with explanatory notes and references to the sources of the data, may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1942 | 1941 |  |  |  | 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sep- } \\ & \text { tember } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sep- } \\ & \text { tember } \end{aligned}$ | October | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | Decem. ber | $\begin{gathered} \text { Janu- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | February | Marcb | April | May | June | July | August |

TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT-Continued

| RAILWAY EQUIPMENT-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Association of Amerjcan Railroads: Freight cars, end of month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number owned ...-........-.thousands.- | 1,737 | 1,676 | 1,682 | 1,689 | 1,694 | 1,701 | 1,709 | 1,718 | 1,726 | 1,731 | 1,736 | 1,737 | 1. 737 |
| thousands.- | 4 4 | 73 | 68 | 68 | 62 | 61 | 61 | 60 | 62 | 63 | 57 | 55 | 53 |
| Percent of total on line. | 2.7 | 4.4 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.7 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.1 |
| Orders, unfilled.--.......-............cars.- | 35, 637 | 86, 943 | 78,974 | 75, 559 | 73, 697 | 66, 870 | 69, 402 | 68,316 | 58, 129 | 48,351 | 37, 891 | 35, 442 | 34.195 |
| Equipment manufacturers.........-do.... | 28, 352 | ${ }^{63,} 607$ | 57,584 | 52, 563 | 50,661 | 45,798 | 49,939 | 47,985 | 39, 804 | 31,440 |  | 24, 974 | 24, 626 |
| Railroad shops...........-.-.....-do.... | 7,285 | 23, 336 | 21,390 | 22,996 | 23,036 | 21, 072 | 19,463 | 20,331 | 18, 325 | 16, 911 | 12, 829 | 10,468 | 9,569 |
| Locomotives, steam, end of month: Undergoing or awaiting classified repairs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| number.- | 2,381 | 4, 022 | 3,778 | 3,634 | 3,370 | 3,378 | 3,231 | 3,228 | 3,114 | 2,930 | 2,477 | 2,669 | 2,593 |
| Percent of total on line. | 6.1 | 10.2 | 9.6 | ${ }^{6} 2$ |  | 8.6 | 8.2 | 8.2 | 7.9 |  | 7.0 | 6.8 | 6.6 |
| Orders, unfilled.-..---...........number.- | 314 | 309 | 284 | 281 | 258 | 249 | 300 | 426 | 408 | 395 | 350 | 334 | 323 |
| Equipment manufacturers..........do...- | 238 | 263 | 240 | 256 | 237 | 229 | 282 | 372 | 357 | 348 | 304 | 284 | ${ }^{256}$ |
| U. S. Bureau of the Census:---.........-do...-- | 76 | 46 | 44 | 25 | 21 | 20 | 18 | 54 | 51 | 47 | 46 | 50 | 67 |
| O. S. Bureau of the Census: Locomotives, railroad: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, unfilled, end of mo., total...-do.... | 1,932 | 917 | 921 | 1,022 | 1,210 | 1,197 | 1,273 | 1,332 | 1,425 | 1,586 | 1,554 | 1,720 | 1,649 |
|  | 1, 065 | 285 | 268 | 364 | 526 | 522 | 551 | 589 | ${ }^{669}$ | ${ }^{716}$ | ${ }_{6}^{658}$ | 854 | ${ }^{783}$ |
|  | 867 | 632 | 653 | 658 | 684 | 675 | 722 | 743 | 756 | 870 | 896 | 866 | 866 |
|  | 177 | 79 | 102 | 89 | 96 | 89 | 100 | 125 | 132 | 111 | 142 | 132 | - 147 |
|  | 83 | 12 | 27 | 15 | 22 | 19 | 28 | 57 | 62 | 50 | 59 |  | 61 |
| Other-.....-.....-.-.-.-.---- do...- | 94 | 67 | 75 | 74 | 74 | 70 | 72 | 68 | 70 | 61 | 83 | 76 | -86 |
| Locomotives, mining and industrial: <br> Shipments (quarterly), total......number.- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 205 |  |  |
| Electric, total ......................do....- | 116 | 92 |  |  | 102 |  |  | 84 |  |  | 104 |  |  |
| For mining use.....................d. do...- | 112 | 86 |  |  | 99 |  |  |  |  |  | 102 |  |  |
| Other.-................................d. do...- | 150 | 94 |  |  | 105 |  |  | 93 |  |  | 101 |  |  |
| INDUSTRIAL ELECTRIC TRUCKS AND TRACTORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipments, total........................ number. |  | 260 | 323 | 298 | 271 | 330 | 309 | 371 | 400 | 384 | 400 | 360 | 382 |
| Domestic...................................do...- |  | 253 | 306 | 280 | 261 | 327 | 303 | 336 | 383 | 373 | 391 | 343 | 344 |
|  |  | 7 | 17 | 18 | 10 | 3 | 6 | 35 | 17 | 11 | 9 | 17 | 38 |

CANADIAN STATISTICS

| Physical volume of business, adjusted: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Combined index . .-...........-1935-39 $=100$. |  | 148.9 | 139.1 | 132.0 | 141.3 | 140.6 | 134.3 | 136.2 | 140.4 | 131.8 | 133.7 | 135.0 | 135. 3 |
| Industrial production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Combined index.-.---.----------- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ |  | 169.0 | 154.9 | 143.3 | 154.1 | 148.4 | 141.3 | - 144.8 | 152.7 | 139.0 | 142.3 | 143.8 | 147. ${ }^{1}$ |
| Construction.-.-....................- do |  | 166.4 | 145.9 | 129.6 | 184.4 | 125.8 | 103.6 | - 153.2 | 145.0 | 97.5 | 159.6 | 118.8 | 116.1 |
| Electric power-...-.-.-.-............- do |  | 136. 2 | 137.4 | 137.5 | 138.9 | 142.9 | 137.6 | 141.7 | 144.3 | 146.1 | 146.6 | 145.8 | 142.8 |
| Manufacturing.............................do |  | 182.3 | 164.7 | 149.4 | 158.9 | 158.3 | 152.4 | 150.2 | 159.7 | 144.8 113.9 | 144.3 | 146.8 | 156.7 111.8 |
| Forestry |  | 145.6 | 132.6 123.6 | 123.2 125.6 | 127.5 124.4 | 126.9 120.2 | 134.2 113.7 | 133.5 119.2 | 123.0 130.4 | 113.9 132.0 | 121.1 | 120.7 | 111.8 123.0 |
|  |  | 126.0 | 123.6 | 125.6 | 124.4 | 120.2 | 113.7 | 119.2 | 130.4 | 132.0 | 124.5 | 143.2 | 123.0 |
| Combined index .......................do |  | 112.4 | 110.2 | 111.4 | 118.1 | 125.3 | 121.9 | 120.7 | 118.5 | 119.0 | 118.4 | 119.2 | 113.6 |
| Carloadings ------.-.-.-.-.-.-.-...- do |  | 119.1 | 120.6 | 124.4 | 138.8 | 149.6 | 140.4 | 136.2 | 140.3 | 142.3 | 141.4 | 148.1 | 129.6 |
| Trade employment .-.---..-..... do |  | 123.2 | 123.9 | 123.4 | 122.9 | 125. 2 | 123.5 | 118.2 | 117.8 | 117.6 | 116.0 | 117.9 |  |
| Agricultural marketings, adjusted: $\dagger$ <br> Combined index. |  | 55.2 | 113.3 | 81.3 | 129.4 | 136.3 | 93.9 | 81.6 | 84.8 | 88.7 | 88.6 | 237.7 | 09.6 |
|  |  | 40.1 | 116.0 | 75.6 | 129.3 | 110.4 | 70.6 | 74.9 | 84.2 | 84.3 | 82.8 | 270.9 | 98.8 |
| Livestock |  | 120.8 | 101.3 | 106. 1 | 129.8 | 112.3 | 100.9 | 110.8 | 87.0 | 80.9 | 113.8 | 93.4 | 102.9 |
| Commodity prices: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 117.4 96.0 | 114.7 93.4 | 115.5 94.0 | 116.3 | 115.8 | 115.4 | 115.7 | 115.9 | 115.9 | $116 . \frac{1}{2}$ | 116.7 | 117.9 | 117.7 |
| Wholesale prices .-...-.-.-.-.-1926=100.. | 96.0 | 03.4 | 94.0 | 94.0 | 93.6 | 94. 3 | 94.6 | 95.1 | 95.0 | 95.2 | 95.8 | 96.1 | 95.6 |
| Combined index........................ do |  | 162.7 | 165.8 | 167.6 | 168.8 | 165.8 | 165.4 | 165.1 | 165.2 | 167.4 | 171.7 | 175. 7 | 177.8 |
| Construction and maintenance. .-..- do |  | 153.9 | 155.4 | 147.7 | 143.4 | 124.7 | 118.1 | 103.7 | 98.0 | 109.3 | 123.3 | 137.7 | 14.6 .8 |
| Manufacturing .-....-.-....-........-. do |  | 181.5 | 185.0 | 187.5 | 188.4 | 187. 1 | 191.2 | 195.7 | 199.4 | 202.3 | 205.9 | 209.5 | 212.4 |
| Mining.-.-.-.............................- do |  | 181.6 | 182.3 | 185.0 | 183.5 | 177.8 | 176.8 | 176.4 | 175.0 | 173.5 | 173.1 | 174.1 | 172.3 |
| Service....................................... ${ }^{\text {do }}$ |  | 183.9 | 175.7 | 173.7 | 170.1 | 168.0 | 167.0 | 169.1 | 172.8 | 176.3 | 180.6 | 184.8 | 189.4 |
|  |  | 157.5 | 160.9 | 163.4 | 167.1 | 172.4 | 156.8 | 151.7 | 153.0 | 153.5 | 153.7 | 152.8 | 152.5 |
|  |  | 105.9 | 104.2 | 102.8 | 104.1 | 101.1 | 98.2 | 97.5 | 89.0 | 104.1 | 106.4 | 108.1 | 110.4 |
| Finance: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 3,301 | 3,627 | 3,427 | 3,687 | 3,231 | 2,893 | 4,177 | 3, 733 | 3, 791 | 3,767 | 3,704 | 3, 480 |
| Commercial failures...........-. . . . number. | 39 | 45 | 57 | 80 | 78 | 77 | 64 | 56 | 46 | 53 | 46 | 47 | 42 |
| Life-insurance sales, new paid for ordinary <br> thous. of dol. | 55, 798 | 33,975 | 41,740 | 44,984 | 47,172 | 43,081 | 39,357 | 35,876 | 36, 232 | 40,336 | 43,898 | 44, 868 | 39,963 |
| Security issues and prices: |  |  |  |  | 17,172 | 4,081 | 9,357 | 35,870 | 3,232 | 4,33 | 4,808 |  |  |
| New bond issues, total. ......-.-.-....do.... | 254, 048 | 62,521 | 341,680 | 94,851 | 91,985 | 90,326 | ${ }^{*} 100,232$ | 1,044,077 | 396, 203 | 92,329 | 298, 653 | 226, 441 | 「339,640 |
| Bond yields | 99.4 | 100.3 | 100.2 | 99.1 | 99.3 | 99.4 | 99.3 | 99.6 | 99.6 | 99.5 | 98.8 | 98.7 | 99.0 |
| Common stock prices.................... do...- | 62.6 | 71.0 | 69.1 | 68.8 | 67.2 | 66.8 | 64.7 | 62.3 | 61.1 | 62.0 | 62.8 | 62.4 | 61.6 |
| Railways: |  | 294 | 313 | 286 | 294 | 272 | 249 | 271 | 273 | 283 | 87 |  |  |
| Financial results:----------- |  | 204 |  | 286 | 294 | 272 | 249 | 21 | 273 | 283 | 87 | 294 | 282 |
| Operating revenues.............thous of dol.. |  | 47,215 | 51, 239 | 48, 219 | 50,050 | 45, 422 | 44, 044 | 50,858 | 50, 597 | 53, 036 | 55, 247 |  |  |
| Operating expenses....................... do..- |  | 35,861 | 37, 304 | 35, 496 | 36, 134 | 35, 111 | 35, 281 | 37,338 | 36, 526 | 37, 606 | 39, 419 |  |  |
| Operating income..............-.......-d. do. |  | 8,973 | 11, 483 | 9,927 | 10,818 | 7,789 | 6,046 | 10,036 | 10,303 | 11, 510 | 11,696 |  |  |
| Operating results: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenue freight carried 1 mile mil. of tons. |  | 4,447 | 4,796 | 4,711 | 4,356 | 4,246 | 4,031 | 4,580 | 4,439 | 4,891 | 4,807 |  |  |
| Passengers carried 1 mile.......mil. of pass.Production: |  | 286 | 262 | 227 | 387 | 283 | 271 | 325 | 361 | 375 | 412 |  |  |
| Electric power, central stations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| mil. of kw-hr.- |  | 2, 867 | 3,140 | 3, 184 | 3,221 | 3,226 | 2, 864 | 3,221 | 3,083 | 3,175 | 3,043 | 2,966 | 2,990 |
| Pig iron --..............thous. of long tons.. |  | 112 | 137 | 134 | 148 | 146 | 129 | 149 | 143 | 153 | 150 | 154 | 145 |
| Steel ingots and castings. ------1.-.-.-do.... |  | 201 | 223 | 221 | 219 | 231 | 217 | 237 | 237 | 243 | 227 | 229 | 222 |
| Wheat flour....-.-.......-.-.-.- thous, of bbl. |  | 1. 648 | 1,596 | 1. 665 | 1,577 | 1,556 | 1,585 | 1,807 | 1,961 | 1,481 | 1,335 | 1,500 | 1,820 |

${ }^{*}$ Revised.
1941, see index of grain marketings is based on receipts at country elevators instead of receipts at head of Lake and Pacific ports, as formerly. For data beginning February 1941, see p. S-38 of the April 1942 Survey. Revisions for January 1941 are as follows: Total, 168.8; grain, 185.4. Earlier data will be shown in a subsequent issue.


## CLASSIFICATION, BY INDIVIDUAL

 SERIES| Pages marked S |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| oate |  |
| Acceptances, ban |  |
| Advertising |  |
| Agricultur |  |
| Agricultural wages, | 13,14 |
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| Alcoholic bev | 24 |
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| Anthracite....................... 1, 2, 3, 10, 11,32 |  |
| Apparel, wearing........ 3,6,7,9 | 11,12,13,34,35 |
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| Automobiles........... 1, 2, 6, 7,9, | 12,13,16,35 |
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| Bearing | 30 |
| Beef and v |  |
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| Bituminous coal | 0,11,32 |
|  |  |
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| Brass bronze, and copper product | 9,11,12,30 |
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| Brokers' | 14,18 |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Building expenditures (indexes)-........- ${ }^{\text {Building-material prices, retail }} \mathbf{4}$ |  |
| Building-material prices, | 3,7 |
| Butter |  |
| Canadian statistics.............................. 16 |  |
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| Candy .-......................................-. 27 |  |
| Capital fid | 18 |
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| Carloading |  |
| Cattle and calves........................-----2, 36 |  |
| Cement | 1,2,3,33 |
|  |  |
| Cheese. |  |
| Chemicals_......... 1, 2, 3, 9, 11, 12, 13, 15, 16, 22 |  |
| Cigars and cigare |  |
| Civil-service employees.-...-7, |  |
|  |  |
| Clothing (see also hosiery) $6,7,9,11,12,13,34,35$ |  |
|  |  |
| Coal............................... $1,2,3,10,11,32$ |  |
| Coco |  |
| Coff |  |
| Col | 1,2,32 |
| Commercial | 15 |
| Commercial pap | 13 |
| Construction: |  |
| Construction es | 4 |
| Contracts awe | 4 |
| Cost | - 5 |
| Highways and grade crossings................... 5 |  |
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| Consumer credit .................................... 15 |  |
| Consumer |  |
|  |  |
| Copra or cocon | 22 |
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| Cost-of-living index....-................................. 3,4 Cotton, raw, and manufactures.............. 1, 2, 3,34 |  |
|  |  |
| Cottonseed, calse and meal, oil.......-.-.-22, 23 |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Dairy products.......................... 1, 2, 3, 24, 25 |  |
| Debits, bank | 14 |
| Debt, United States Government............ 17 |  |
| Delaware, employment, pay rolls, wages - 10,11,13 |  |
| Department stores: Salea, stocka, collec-tions-...................................................... 7,8 |  |
|  |  |



Footwear...........................2, $9,11,12,13,28$
Foreciosures, real estate.
Freight cars (equipment)
ts, indexes
$-35,3$
Freight cars (equipment)----......
Freight-car surplus-
35, 36


Furniture.................................-. $1, \mathbf{1}, \mathbf{1}, 3,32,33$
Gas, customers, sales, revenues.
Gas and fuel oils.
Gasoline -
Glass, and gleasware...........-. $1, \overline{2}, \overline{9} 11,12,13,15,34$
Gloves and mittens
-.
$, 2,9,11,12,13,15,34$
28
Gold

Gypsum
Hides and arins
Highways, and grade crossings, Federal aid.
Hogs
Home-loan banks, loans outstanding.
Home mortgages.
Hosiery

- 3,

Housefurnishings
10, 11, 21

Immigration and emigration................... 21
Imports.
paymenta
Income-tax receipts.
Incorporations, business, new................................
Industrial production, indexes
Instalment loans
Instalment saies, department atores
Insurance, life.
interest and money rates-
Iron and steel, crude, manufacture
8
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14

3,8,9,11,12,15,16,29,30
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Lamb and mutton.
Leard
Lead_............................................. $13,13,15,27,28$



Looms, woolen, activity




Magazine advertising...-shipments, inven-
tories

Maryland, employment, pay rolls........-. 10,11
Massachusetts, employment, pay rois,

Meats and meet pacing...- $1,2,3,9,11,12,13,26$
Methanol
24,25


Newspaper advertising
Newsprint
$\begin{array}{r}6 \\ \hline 31,32\end{array}$

Pagen marked $s$
New York, employment, pay rolla, wages.. $10,11,13$
New York canal traffic....
18, 19,21
Ohis employment pay
Oils and fats...................
Orderargarine ...............

Paper and pulp..... 1, 2, 4,9,11,12,13,15,31,32 Passports issued
Pay rolls:
Factory, by cities and States
Factory, by industries .-----
Pennsylvania, employment, pay rolis, wages.
Petroleum and producte $\quad 2,3,9,10,11,12,13,16,33$
Porcelain enameled producte
Pork.
Postal business........................................................... 26


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Profits, corporation....................................................17,17
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Purchasing power of the dollar
Radiators
21
20
4
4

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statistics, employment, wages $10,19,20,21,35,36$
Railway, street (see Street railways, etc.). $12,13,35$
Rayon_-........2,3,9,11,12,

Recenstr,
Rente (housing), index
Retail trade:
All retail stores, sales by kind of busiChain stores

## Department stores <br> Mail order-.......-.-.

## Rural, seneral merchandise

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Rooning, asphalt
Rubber products


Shoes -
Skiner.

Soybeans and soybean oil.......................... 34,2
Steel and iron (see Iron and st

Stocks, department btore (see alao manufac-

Stone, clay. and glass producte. $2,-11,12,13,15,33,3$
Street railways and busses
Sugar--
Sulphuric acid


$\cdots \cdots, \ldots, \ldots$
Tobacco.......................................................... $12,13,27$

Trade, retail and wholesale.......................................................... 21
Transit lines, local......
Transportation, commodity and passenger-.
Travel.--
United States Government bonds...
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { United States Government, finance.............. } & 17,18\end{array}$

Variety-store sales index. ...........................
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7
22
Vegetables and fruits .............................................. 35
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { Wages, factory, and miscellaneous........... } & \text { 12, } 13 \\ \text { War program and expenditures..................... } & 17\end{array}$
War program and expenditures.
War Savings bonde
Warehouses, space occupied....................... 6
Wheat and wheat flour........................................................... 25,26
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Wisconsin, factory employment, pay rolls,
and wages.........................................
Wood pulp................................................. 4,31
Wool.................................................. 1,2,3,35
Zinc

# Revisions in This Number Conform to the Presentation of Data in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey of Current Business 

The table of monthly business statistics presented on page S-l et seq. has been changed in this issue to conform to the set-up of the 1942 Supplement to the Survey of Current Business, which is being released this month. Insofar as possible, it provides current data for the statistical series included in that volume. Because of war conditions, many series formerly carried in the Survey are not available for publication and they have been dropped in this issue. A list of the discontinued series is given on the inside cover page. The notes previously carried on the table have been eliminated, since the descriptive notes in the Supplement provide more adequate data concerning each item.

A few series that do not appear in the 1942 Supplement have been added; these are indicated by an asterisk (") and a brief footnote is carried where necessary.
It is urged that everyone using the SURVEY obtain and preserve a copy of the 1942 Supplement. This is essential, not only to obtain the qualifying data, but to secure, in convenient form, figures for earlier periods than shown in the table in the monthly issues.

A few copies of the 1938 and 1940 Supplements are still available from the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office. The price is 40 cents. These volumes, together with the 1942 Supplement, provide monthly data for the eight-year period, 1934-41.

A copy of the 1942 Supplement will NOT be sent to subscribers automati-cally-send your order to the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Washington, D. C. The price is 40 cents.


[^0]:    1 Discontinued in April 1942 Survey.
    2 Discontinued in October 1942 Surv 2 Discontinued in October 1942 Survey

[^1]:    Subscription price of the monthly and weekly issues of the Survey of Current Business, $\$ 2$ a year. Single-copy price: Monthly, 15 cents; weekly, 5 cents. Foreign subscriptions, $\$ 3.50$. Price of the 1940 Supplement is 40 cents. Make remittances only to Superintendent of Documents, Washington, D. C.
    $491350-42--1$

[^2]:    ${ }^{1}$ Acknowledgement is made to Lt. (j. g.) Malcolm L. Merriam, U. S. N. R., now on leave from this Burean, for his contribution in the initial planning and development of these estimates; also to Roland I. Robinson of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System for a number of suggestions which have resulted in substantial improvements to the serios. Bernard Beckler assisted in the methodology and compilation of the data, while Madge Eerron, Edmund Longnecker, and Thomas Smith shared the burden of the statistical work.

[^3]:    ${ }^{2}$ Regulation W was first issued by the Federal Reserve System in September 1941. This regulation as amended effective on May 6, 1942"applies, in general, to any person who is engaged in the business of making extensions of instalment credit, extending credit in charge accounts, making single-payment loans in amounts of $\$ 1,500$ or less, or discounting or purchasing obligations arising out of such extensions of credit." The regulation now in effect generally limits the number of months for repayment of instalment purchases to 12, and requires a down payment of 3313 percent of the sales price. Instalment cash loans are limited to 12 months' duration in most instances. Charge account debts are to be repaid within 10 days of the second month following the purchase of listed articles, or the customer's account is frozen until payment of the debt is arranged. Generally of 90 day maturity, single payment loans made after May 6, 1942, are not renewable beyond the period for which a similar purpose instalment loan would run (i. e., roughly 12 months).

[^4]:    ${ }^{3}$ See Indebtedness in the United States, 1929-41, Bureau of Foreign and Domestic

[^5]:    4See Gottfried Haberler, Consumer Instalment Credit and Economic Fluctuations (1942) pp. 69-80. See also Rolf Nugent, Consumer Credit and Economic Stability, 1938, pp. 178-182.

[^6]:    1 Basis price in the case of antomobiles is the sales price; in other cases, it is the sales price minus the allowance for an article traded in.
    Bource: Terms prior to Regulation $W$ : Automobile data represent estimates of

[^7]:    1 The New York Times discontinued its series of monthly dividend declarations in November 1941. The present series is not comparable with the New York Times series since the latter measured the volume of dividends declared within a given month.

    2 The dividend series here presented includes no adjustment for dividends paid to other enterprises whereas the dividend component of national income includes only dividends paid to individuals.
    ${ }^{3}$ A quarterly profits series was presented in the Survey of Current Business, June 1942.

[^8]:    ＊The Journal of Commerce series covered approximately 60 percent of the total cash dividend payments shown in the Bureau of Internal Revenue tabulations of corporation income tax returns for 1940，the last year for which the income tax returns have been tabulated．Since the dividend aggregate of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce series was 20 percent greater than that of the Journal of Com－ merce series of 1941，it is estimated that the coverage of the former series is approxi－ mately 70 percent．

[^9]:    The Journal of Commerce total for 1941 was $3,853.6$ million dollars, and the monthly average was 321.1 .

