## SURVEY OF



UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

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# THE BUSINESS SITUATION 

By the Office of Business Economics

TIHE OPENING MONTHS of 1947 saw further gains in production and income, advances in commodity prices, and a volume of employment which, for the most part, moved under the influence of seasonal factors. On the whole, therefore, the general pattern of economic developments during the latter part of 1946 was extended into the new year, although the trend of sales at retail stores was less favorable than in previous months and purchasing in wholesale markets reflected considerable caution and increasing insistence upon improved quality.

Increased output of steel, coal and other basic materials, coupled with further improvement in the movement of parts and better organization of production throughout industry, resulted in an upward trend of the flow of finished goods into trade channels. This was particularly pronounced in the durable goods lines. The absence of major industrial disputes was also a factor in the general improvement of production performance so far during 1947.

The expansion of inventories continued with large increases in the aggregate, though some divergent movements are beginning to show up among manufacturing concerns. Mercantile inventories are again rising, after the less-than-seasonal decline over the year-end.

## Renewed Price Advance

During February, the broad upward movement of prices was resumed after a brief period of stability around the turn of the year when declining prices for farm products and foods largely offset the continued upward price adjustments for industrial products. (See table 1).

The price advance in February, while at a slower rate than in the period following the elimination of general price controls in late 1946, was more general, reflecting the resumption of rising prices for farm and food products, the delayed reaction of some less sensitive prioes to the pressures in the seller's market, and continued advances in other prices. The broad sphere of price increases is indicated by the fact that 42 of the 48 commodity groups priced by

## The Month in Review

The rising trend of output continued into the early months of 1947. The volume of income payments to individuals has also moved higher. Changes in employment and unemployment have generally been confined to those of a seasonal character.

There have been scattered evidences of increased buyer resistance, but these have not been sufficient to hold back the upward movement of prices. The broad groups of farm products, foods, and industrial products have participated in the recent price gains in wholesale markets.

The dollar volume of sales at retail stores has continued at peak rates after seasonal adjustment. For several months changes in physical volume at retail have not been commensurate with the steady rise in output and businesses have been able to make further progress in rebuilding stocks.

Most of the statistics used in this review of the business situation will be found in the statistical section at the back (pp. S-1 to s-40).
the Bureau of Labor Statistics at wholesale advanced in the first two months of 1947.

The renewed rise in farm and food prices featured marked strength in grains, livestock, and meats. Prices of hogs, for example, turned sharply upward to reach an all-time high. Among the factors behind these price increases were heavier Government purchases of grains for export and reduced supplies of major meat items.

The Hoover report on Germany and other reports from Europe highlighted the continued need for relief almost two years after the end of the war in Europe. They presaged added commitments for food shipments to further alleviate distress on the Continent.

## Further Rise in Industrial Prices

The rate of advance in prices of many of the more important industrial products has tended to taper off. On the other hand, some prices which did not immediately react to decontrol were pushed upward in 1947 at a rather rapid pace. Included in this group of non-farm-nonfood items were crude rubber, plumbing and heating equipment, structural steel, and coke prices. Increases for these items have ranged from 5 to 15 percent so far this year. Further price advances in lumber, paints, iron and steel, and miscellaneous leather products during 1947 equalled or exceeded the considerable price increases in the latter part of 1946.
The consumers' price index leveled off in January but was scheduled for another rise as a result of developments in wholesale markets and some permitted advances in rents.

## Industrial Output Gains

The rate of industrial production in January and February was featured by maintained high levels of operations in those areas where capacity ceilings had been approached and further gains in sectors where final reconversion difficulties were being surmounted. The Federal Reserve Board index scored a 4 -percent advance in January over December. To a large extent, however, the change reflected the sharp recovery of steel and coal output following the reduced operations incident to the late November work stoppage at the bituminous mines. Raw cotton consumption also rebounded from the December rate and some plants found it necessary to add third shifts. The advances in other industries were small but. nevertheless, widespread.

## Steel at 85-Million Ton Annual Rate

On an annual rate basis, recent operations were equivalent to about 85 million net tons, as compared with approximately 90 million at the wartime high, when specialized wartime needs permitted the utilization of some capacity not suitable for present requirements.

Chart 1.-Daily Average Production of Coal and Steel

${ }^{1}$ Includes steel ingots and steel for castings. Daily average was computed with no allowance made for Sundays and holidays. Data for latest month are preliminary.
Source of data: U. S. Department of the Interior and American Iron and Steel Institute.

The production patterns for steel and coal have been closely parallel in recent months, as illustrated in chart 1. The supply situation for steel remained tight and it was necessary to continue allocations to more essential users.

## Auto Output Improves

The automobile industry was another case where the production picture showed further improvement in the first two months of 1947, as illustrated in chart 2. Slowed by inventory taking and minor model changes at the start of the year, and still hampered by shortages of particular items, automobile assemblies nonetheless reached a postwar peak on a daily average basis in February, with assemblies in the latter part of the month crossing the $100,000-a-w e e k$ mark. Excluding Canadian production, the annual rate of passenger car and truck assemblies topped 5 million and was somewhat above the total for the fiscal year 1940-41, but still below the rate in some of the peak months in the prewar period. The full production potential in this industry is still to be realized, however, and further gains in output may be expected as the final kinks are ironed out ahead of, and along, the assembly lines.

## Manufacturers' Sales Steady

The dollar value of shipments by manufacturers in January was only slightly
below the December daily average rate. This steadiness over a period when there is usually a seasonal decline is in part attributable to continued price advances in many segments of manufacturing industry. The value of shipments in January is estimated at 13.2 billion dollars400 million dollars over the total for December when there was one more working day.

Contrasting movements in the daily average rate of shipments characterized the major groups. Increased shipments in the iron and steel industries reflect in part a rebound from the relatively low December levels occasioned by the coal strike. Advancing prices, as well as a larger flow of materials, accounted for the increased value of sales in the transportation equipment (other than automobiles) and furniture industries. Offset by declines in shipments in the automobile, machinery and nonferrous metal industries, the rate of shipments for the durable goods group as a whole, rose only one percent.

On the other hand, the rate of dollar shipments in the nondurable goods group declined. All major segments other than the paper and allied products and the chemicals and allied products industries participated in the decline, but in most cases the downward movement reflected the usual seasonal drop from December to January.

## Inventories Increase

The book value of manufacturers ${ }^{\text {i }}$ inventories rose to 20.7 billion dollars at the end of January. The 385 -milliondollar increase for the month was about the same as in the previous two months, but was about two-thirds the average monthly accumulation from June through October last year.

The durable and the nondurable goods industries contributed about equally to the January increase in book-value inventories. A further development in January was the appearance of declines in some major industries in both the durable and the nondurable goods groups.

## Seasonal Lag in Construction

A somewhat different development has been noted in construction activity which in the first two months of 1947 totaler $11 / 2$ billion dollars. This represented a larger than seasonal decline from the volume of the preceding months and was somewhat below the amount which had been anticipated for this period. In general, private nonresidential construction continues to fare somewhat better than residential building from the standpoint of the progress of work put in place.

Construction of nonresidential buildings still requires authorization from the Civilian Production Administration in the Office of Temporary Controls, but liberalization of construction in these categories was announced by that agency early in January. After January 9, the limit on authorizations was stepped up from 35 to 50 million dollars per week. The increase was necessitated in part by the increased cost level and in part to provide added facilities for vital community needs in areas with new housing developments.

The Civilian Production Administration also liberalized its rules for approrals of future applications for foundations and structural frames. However, the basic provisions on essentiality of new construction have not been abandoned. This is evidenced by the fact that in the first 4 weeks following relaxation of the 35 million dollar limit, approvals have averaged only 40 million dollars a week. even though applications have been in excess of 50 million dollars a week.

## Employment Stabilizes at High Level

Following the very sharp expansion from the low reached soon after VJ-day, the number of workers outside of agriculture has remained virtually stable since last October at a level which approximates the war peak. The employment trend is illustrated in chart 3, after adjustment for seasonal influences. In the recent period of relative stability in the employment total, added small gains in manufacturing, trade, and miscellaneous industries have been partly offset

Chart 2.-Daily Average Production of Motor Vehicles ${ }^{1}$
thousanos

${ }^{1}$ Includes passenger cars, trucks, tractors jeeps, military ambulances, and wheeldrive personnel carriers.

Sources : Civilian Production Administration except figure for February 1947 which is an estimate of U. S. Department of Commerce.

by reductions in construction and in the number of Government employees. Although the volume of unemployment rose from 2.1 million in December to 2.4 million in January, this change largely reflected seasonal influences.

Recent trends in labor force participation lend support to the conclusion that the postwar readjustments in the civilian work force have been largely completed. The armed forces were reduced 200 thousand between December and early January to a total strength of approximately 1.7 million, which is but slightly above the anticipated strength for the months ahead. Labor force participation of veterans has also stabilized, although this is partly temporary, pending the completion of schooling.

## Incomes Continue to Rise

With the exception of but one month, income payments to individuals have risen steadily since February of last year, after allowance for seasonal factors. From December to January 1947 the seasonally adjusted annual rate of payments rose from 176 to 177 billion dollars. The full-year total for 1946 was 165 billion dollars.

The major increases in income in January were in wages and salaries paid to workers in commodity producing industries. Government transfer payments also rose, reflecting in the main the De-cember-January rise in unemployment compensation. Minor declines took place in wages and salaries paid in the distributive and service fields.

## Retail Sales Index Gains

The dollar volume of spending, after adjustment for seasonal influences, has
moved so far this year largely in accordance with the seasonal pattern. The index of sales at retail stores in January was about 3 percent above the previous month's seasonally adjusted index, with consumer purchases of both durables and nondurables showing approximately equal rates of increase.

Sales at apparel stores recovered somewhat from the fourth quarter rate. Relatively large gains, after seasonal adjustment, also were recorded for eating and drinking places, furniture and housefurnishings stores, and building materials and hardware stores.

Recent trends in consumer buying have also shown the effects of the largescale revival of postholiday clearance sales. These sales testified to the changed character of many retail markets, particularly in the ladies apparel field. During the war and early postwar period retailers rarely found it necessary to offer price inducements to clear shelves of stocks.

## Price Rice Influences Sales Gain

Owing to the substantial price rise since the middie of last year, the actual volume of consumer takings has lagged behind the rise in dollar sales volume. This fact is clearly evident from chart 4, showing changes in department store sales and in the appropriate price index.

Table 1.-Wholesale Prices


[^0]Chart 4.-Sales and Prices at De. partment Stores

${ }^{1}$ Data are adjusted for seasonal variation.
Sources of data: Prices, U. S. Department of Commerce; sales, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, recomputed to 1945 base by U. S. Department of Commerce.

Up till the middle of 1946 , the rise in sales was much sharper than in prices, indicating substantial increases in the volume of goods sold to individuals. The spurt in sales in the third quarter of 1946 was, however, paralleled by large price advances following the modification of controls. In the succeeding periodcovering the final quarter of last year and the first 2 months of 1947-dollar sales value at department stores did not register any new gains, after allowing for seasonal influences, although prices continued upward. Over these same months, however, there was a steady improvement in supplies of goods for sale at department stores.

The net effect of these developments has been a sizable expansion in depart-ment-store inventories and a more cautious purchasing policy, as described in the January issue. Outstanding orders of department stores at the end of January 1947 were about one-third below a year ago, on the basis of the Federal Reserve sample. Although comparable statistics are not available for other classes of stores, it is probable that specialty stores in soft-goods lines had followed a similar policy with respect to outstanding commitments.

In February, with a dollar increase of only 8 percent over a year ago in depart-ment-store sales, there was obviously an indication that volume was off, since the increase in prices over the past year was more than this. While chart 4 shows that the unusually sharp advance in sales in February 1946 affects the year-to-year comparison, it also reveals the leveling

[^1]
# The Current Structure of Prices 

By Louis J. Paradiso and Lois H. Rodriguez

THE PRICE INCREASES which have taken place since the middle of 1946 have been the sharpest in our history for any similar period of time. From June 1946 to January 1947 the over-all index of wholesale prices increased 25 percent while the price index of consumer goods rose 15 percent. This advance resulted from the elimination of price controls and the restoration of free-market pricing at a time when demand pressures, while diminishing in intensity, were still high and when normal production and imports had not been fully restored. By the end of the year, prices reflected the free exchange of goods between seller and buyers at quotations set by market processes.

While the release of controls has brought about a better balance in the general supply-demand picture at the higher level of prices, recent trends have not resulted in a balance in the price structure comparable to that which existed in the prewar period. Rather, the internal structure of prices represents a considerable deviation from this earlier period. This is clearly indicated by the wide dispersion in the wholesale price movements, particularly since the prices of many commodities were adjusted to the current demand-supply situation in a relatively brief period.

## Wide Dispersion of Change

The wide variation in price changes by individual commodities in the recent sharp advance of the general price level reflected sellers' ideas of what price was adequate and a variety of other circumstances, an important one being the extent to which adjustments upward had been permitted under the price control system. Incentive pricing had been the criterion for some industries; in others with high-level operations the permitted prices yielded profits regarded as adequate. Where prices are of the administered type, longer-run considerations weighed more heavily than short-run decisions. The most rapid, as well as by far the largest increases, occurred in farm products and foods where pricing

[^2]
#### Abstract

Summary The upward movement of prices which came with the lifting of price controls was the sharpest for any equal period in our history. Chief characteristics of the rise, aside from its generally broad character, have been: (1) many prices have increased by extraordinary amounts since June 1946; (2) prices of a number of other commodities, particularly some industrial commodities, have not increased or have risen by small amounts; and (3) in some segments prices are considerably out of line with the general level of prices.

A basic factor contributing to the upward price movement has been the short supplies of many goods relative to demand, partly because the flow of finished goods has been low relative to total production as a result of considerable additions to inventories. Output has not yet been balanced, nor have recent additions to capacity been fully reflected in the flow of goods, but progress is evident in the steadily rising movement of finished goods through trade channels. Rising costs also have been an influence on the supply side.

As 1947 advances, considerable change in the price structure may be expected. With the increasing availability of goods, greater efficiency of production and a lessening of the pressures of demands for nondurable goods, there is reason to expect that a more usual relationship will come to prevail among the broad groups of prices.


was on a day-to-day basis and where no single seller had anything to gain by taking a lower price if it were possible to sell higher.

It is desirable to examine in perspective what has happened to the general price structure in the recent move and to appraise the current level of prices of groups of commodities in relation to each
other and to the average of all prices. In addition, the price changes should also be considered in relation to the demand and supply situation which is necessary for an appraisal of the near-term outlook for prices.

In general, analysis shows that the recent upward sweep in prices had these characteristics: (1) many prices have increased by extraordinary amounts since June 1946; (2) prices of many other groups of commodities, particularly some important industrial commodities, have not increased or have increased by small amounts; and (3) in limited segments prices are considerably out of line with the general movement of all prices.

## Recent Price Increases

Every businessman and consumer has experienced the effects of rising prices in recent months. Just how sharp have these increases been?

The movement of the wholesale price index is shown in chart 1 for the period 1850-1946. The increase from June to December 1946 was 25 percent. In the two earlier periods of war stimulated in-crease-in 1860-65 and 1916-20-the largest advance for any 6 -month period was 10 percent.

The rise in farm product prices was a very important factor in the rise in the price level, both in the initial move starting in 1941, and in the more recent period of advance. Farm prices rose 12 percent from June to July 1946, and 7 percent from July to December, resulting in a total increase from June to December of 20 percent compared with 18 percent for industrial prices. But while the 6 -months relative advances were not far apart, it should be noted that farm prices are beyond the general run of prices. (See chart on page 4 of the December 1946 issue.)

## Contrast With First World War

In the first World War period prices of farm products reached a peak in January 1920 when the index was at 238 compared with July 1914=100. Prices of all commodities other than farm and food products reached their peak six months later when the index was at 265
compared with July 1914. In other words, the differential movement of the two series of prices was not great considering the extent of the rise.

The movement of these two groups of prices since August 1939 has been in sharp contrast to the first World War experience. Farm prices increased by about 70 percent prior to the institution of general price controls in 1942, and by November 1946 the index was 178 percent above the August 1939 average. Industrial prices rose by a much smaller percentage, the index standing in January 1947 some 59 percent above the August 1939 average.

## Frequency Distribution of Price Changes

In order to appraise the character of the recent price movement, a special tabulation was made of the percent changes from June to December 1946 in the wholesale prices of 675 commodities as reported by the Bureau of Labor Statistics. The results reveal that:
(1) Twenty-three items actually declined in price by more than 5 percent, dropping on the average 19 percent in this 6 -month period. These include some farm products such as apples, potatoes, oranges, corn and oats, and a few industrial products such as mercury, tartaric acid and toluene.
(2) No change or relatively little change in price, i. e., from -5 to +5 percent, was recorded for 147 items. Many of these are important commodities including some steel products, nonferrous metals, chemicals and cereals.

Table 1.-Wholesale Price Indexes $[1926=100]$

| Month | Combined index | Farm products | All commodities other than farm and food |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| VJ-day (August 1945) | 105.7 | 126.9 | 99.9 |
| June 1946 | 112.9 | 140.1 | 105. 6 |
| July 1946 | 124.7 | 157.0 | 109.5 |
| November 1946 | 139.7 | 169.8 | 120.7 |
| December 1946 | 140.9 | 168.1 | 124.7 |
| January 1947. | 141.5 | 165.0 | 127.6 |
| Percent change: |  |  |  |
| August 1945 to June 1946. | $+7$ | $+10$ | $+6$ |
| June 1946 to July 1946 --- | $+10$ | +12 | $+4$ |
| June 1946 to Jantuary 1947. | $+25$ | +18 | +21 |

Source: U. S. Department of Labor.
The number of items in which no change occurred was $93 .{ }^{1}$
(3) Commodities aggregating threefifths of the total (or 418 items) recorded increases from 5 to 50 percent, with an average rise of 19 percent. These include a wide variety of commodities, mostly industrial in character. Price rises from 50 to 100 percent occurred for 68 items, and finally, 19 items increased by 100 percent or more. ${ }^{2}$ This last-named group

[^3]comprises either farm products, foods, or raw materials.

Chart 2 shows the distribution of the 675 price items according to the percentage price change from June to December 1946. It is evident from this chart that the price movement in the last six months of 1946 was characterized by a wide variety of changes, and that the average increase of all the items of about 25 percent over the period was the result of increases exceeding 25 percent for a quarter of the items, while most of the prices of the other three-quarters of the items increased by much less than 25 percent.

## Flexible Prices Show Largest Increases

In periods of wide price swings, the flexible prices, i. e., those which in past periods recorded frequent changes by months, have in general increased much more sharply than the inflexible ones. This has been the case because the former have in general been freely traded in by large numbers of sellers and include many farm products and raw materials. On the other hand, the relatively inflexible prices include many iron and steel products, finished industrial commodities and a few manufactured food products.

Grouping the wholesale prices according to their degree of flexibility ${ }^{3}$ and averaging the percent changes in prices from June to December 1946, it is found

[^4]Chart 1.—Wholesale Prices of All Commodities
(Index, $1926=100$; Ratio Scale)


Chart 2.—Percentage Distribution of 675 Commodities, by Change in Wholesale Price Indexes, December 1946 from June 1946


47-100
Sources: Indexes, U. S. Department of Labor ; calculation of percentages, U. S. Department of Commerce.
that all groups in the flexible scale increased by at least 10 percent, and that the flexible prices rose on the average by a much greater percentage than the inflexible prices. The average increase of the 175 items falling in the inflexible groups ${ }^{4}$ for the period June to December 1946 was about 10 percent; the 242 items falling in the groups which are neither clearly in the one group or the other ${ }^{5}$ had an average increase in price of morè than 20 percent; while the 198 items which are clearly market-dominated ${ }^{6}$ increased in price on the average by more than one-third.

Taking as a base $1926=100$, the average of the indexes for the three groups of items mentioned above are shown in

[^5]the following table for June and December 1946:


Prices by Commodity Groups
The factors which will determine the movement of prices from now on is the supply situation and the strength of the
effective demand for goods. These factors will be discussed later. Understanding of the internal structure, and the probable nature of adjustments as more normal demand-supply relationships are restored will nonetheless be facilitated by an examination of the recent price increases in relation to past experience. This is here done by comparing price changes of individual groups in terms of the corresponding changes in the average prices of all commodities.

This comparison provides an additional indication of the magnitude of the adjustment which might be called for in order to bring prices of certain commodities closer in line with the relationship indicated by past experience, without raising the question as to the possibility or probability of change in the general level of prices which would result in additional adjustments.

In general, during the period from 1921 to the middle of 1946, the movements of the wholesale prices of major groups of commodities have been closely correlated with the general wholesale price level. The correlation is, of course, such that the major groups of commodities have shown differential rates of change relative to the change in the general price level. For example, a 10 -point change in the all-commodity wholesale price index ( $1926=100$ ) has been associated on the average with a change of 2 points in the average price of cement, of 11 points in the price of dairy products, of 14 points in the price of cotton goods, and of 20 points in the price of oils and fats.

The first column of table 3 gives the differential rates for major groups and subgroups of commodities in the wholesale price index. Charts 3, 4, and 5 show the relationships of the prices for each of 12 selected groups to the all-commodity wholesale price index. These scatter diagrams typify the patterns of relationships which exist between prices of commodity groups and the general price level.

## Degree of Association Close

It will be noted that in each case charted the degree of association be-

Table 2.-Consumers' Price Indexes
$[1935-39=100]$

| Month | Combined index | Food | Clothing | Fuel, electricity and ice | House furnishings | Rent | Miscellaneous |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| V Jday (August 1945) | 129.3 | 140.9 | 146.4 | 111.4 | 146.0 | 108.3 | 124.5 |
| June 1946. | 133.3 | 145.6 | 157.2 | 110.5 | 156.1 | 108.5 | 127.9 |
| July 1946. | 141.2 | 165.7 | 158.7 | 113.3 | 157.9 |  | 128.2 |
| November 1946. | 152.2 | 187.7 | 171.0 | 114.8 | 171.0 | 108.8 | 132.5 |
| December 1946 . | 153.3 | 185, 9 | 176.5 | 115.5 | 177.1 | 108.8 | 136.1 |
| January 1947. | 153.1 | 183.8 | 178.3 | 117.3 | 178.5 | 108.8 | 136.9 |
| Percent change: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August 1945 to June 1946. June 1946 to July 1946. | +3 +6 | +3 +14 | +7 +1 +1 | -1 +3 | +7 +1 | 9 0 | + ${ }^{\text {i }}$ |
| June 1946 to January 1947 | +15 | +26 | +13 | +6 | +14 | 0 | +i |

[^6]tween the price of the particular group and the general wholesale price is quite close. There are some years for which the deviations from the average line of relationship are considerable. This is shown in the relation of cotton goods where the points for 1933 and 1934 are more than 20 percent above the line.
These unusual deviations are due to particular conditions of supply or other special factors operating in the period. In two cases-lumber and lumber products, and petroleum and petroleum products (see chart 5) --it was found that the deviations followed a trend in the 1921-41 period. In the case of lumber, the upward trend reflects increased costs and long-term depletion of resources. In the case of petroleum, the declining trend is traceable to improved technology in the industry.
For a few groups there appears to be no consistent relation to the general price level throughout the whole period. These include 7 groups of the 38 major groups shown in table 3, namely automobile tires and tubes, fertilizer materials, fruits and vegetables, rayon, hosiery and underwear, electricity, and gas. In the case of rayon, for example, the average price index remained practically constant between 1933 and February 1947. It is self-evident why this is so in some of these commodities, though no attempt will be made here to analyze these particular price movements.
When the present price level for each of the $\mathbf{3 1}$ groups of commodities is examined in the perspective of the long-term past relationship, it is found that in 8 groups the rise in prices since June 1946 has brought the level significantly above the line of relationship prevailing between these prices and the all-commodity wholesale price index in the 1921-41 period.

## Groups Out of Line on High Side

Table 3 gives the percentage deviation from the long-term relationship of the wholesale prices on February 22, 1947, for each of 31 major groups of commodities with the all-commodity wholesale price index. The 8 commodity groups for which the average price was significantly above the line of relation in February 1947 are: paint and paint materials, meats, lumber, drugs and pharmaceuticals, oils and fats, shoes, leather, and cotton goods. It is important to note that the recent deviations are significantly above the average deviations prevailing in the period from 1921 to 1941 which have varied for these 8 groups from 3 to 5 percent.

For two groups of commodities-dairy products and meats-the average prices

Table 3.-Relation of Wholesale Price Commodity Group Indexes to Total Wholesale Price Indexes

| Commodity group |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Foods | $10^{\circ}$ | $+16$ | -4 | +44 |
| Creal products | 8 | $+7$ | +12 | $+40$ |
| [ Mairy products | 11 | +5 | -11 | +29 |
| Fruits and regeta | (3) | ${ }^{(3)}$ | +10 | -3 |
| Mears .-- | 13 | +31 | -14 | +83 |
| Textile products | 12 | $-11$ | +7 | +24 |
| Cotton goods. | 14 | +10 | +12 | +36 |
| Woolen and worsted goods | 12 | -24 | $+6$ | +6 |
| Clothing . | 9 | -6 | +8 | +11 |
| Hosier y and underwear | (3) | $\left.{ }^{3}\right)$ | $+13$ | +34 |
| Rayon. | (3) | ( ${ }^{3}$ | +12 | +12 |
| Metals and metal products | 7 | 0 | +21 | +23 |
| Nonferrous metals | 11 | $-10$ | +28 | +32 |
| Iron and steel | 6 | 0 | +11 | +12 |
| Plumbing and heating | 6 | -6 | +9 | +9 |
| Agricultural implement | 3 | +1 | +8 | +8 |
| Motor vehicles .... | 9 | $+2$ | (4) | (4) |
| Building materials. | 8 | +24 | +29 | $+33$ |
| Paint and paint materials | 8 | +30 | +46 | +60 |
| Brick and tile | 6 | +7 | $+4$ | +10 |
| Cement | 2 | +8 | +4 | +8 |
| Lumber | 14 | +22 | +44 | +46 |
| House furnishing groods | 7 | -5 | +8 | +14 |
| Furniture. | 6 | -5 | +9 | $+15$ |
| Furnishings | 6 | $-1$ | +7 | +12 |
| Hides and leather products | 10 | +10 | +23 | +44 |
| Shoers ............... | 7 | ${ }^{5}+10$ | +17 | +32 |
| Hides and skins | 18 | +1 | $+27$ | +70 |
| Leather | 12 | +11 | +30 | +63 |
| Chemicals and allied products. | 7 | +1 | $+30$ | +34 |
| Chemicals .-. | 3 | +3 | +15 | +16 |
| Drugs and pharmaceuticals | 12 | +18 | +63 | +67 |
| Fertilizer materials.- | (3) | (3) | +5 | $+20$ |
| Mixed fertilizers. - | 7 | $-20$ | +6 | +10 |
| Oils and fats. | 20 | +14 | +103 | +111 |
| Fuel and lighting | ${ }^{4}$ | -3 | +4 | $+12$ |
| Electricity | ${ }^{(3)}$ | (3) | $-1$ | -3 |
| Gas. | (3) | (3) | $+5$ | +4 |
| Petroleum and products | 8 | $-16$ | +5 | +19 |
| Coke | 8 | -3 | +5 | $+16$ |
| Anthracite | 6 | $-10$ | +1 | +8 |
| Bituminous coal | 9 | -3 | +4 | +11 |
| Miscellaneous. | 9 | $-16$ | $+7$ | +12 |
| Automobile tires ano tubes. | (3) | (8) | 0 | 0 |
| Paper and pulp.----------- | 7 | +7 | $+17$ | $+22$ |
| Farm products. | 14 | +3 | +1 | $+23$ |
| Grains | 14 | +6 | 0 | $+15$ |
| Livestook and poultrs | 18 | $+4$ | +4 | +48 |

1 Based on the average straight line relationship between prices for the speeified groups of commodities and the movement of the all-commodity index for the period
$1921-41$.
2 Percentage change of the actual index on February 22 from the calculated value from the straight line of relationship noted in preceding footnote.
${ }_{4}^{3}$ No relationship.
4 Not a vailable.
${ }^{5}$ The relationship was based, in this case, on the years 1927-41.

- No hange since 1942.
had reached a peak on October 19, 1846 when they were 75 percent and 29 percent above the line of relationship to the all-commodity price index. The sharp decline since then brought prices of dairy products much closer in line with their relationship to all wholesale prices but as indicated above prices of meats were still 31 percent above the line.


## Major Groups in Line

The prices of the many major groups of commodities on February 22, 1947, were either in line with their past relationship to all prices or were not suffi-
ciently above or below the relationship as to be out of line with past deviations of these prices from the relationship. ${ }^{7}$ A third group, including woolen and worsted goods and mixed fertilizers, still remained below the average relationship. The prices of such important groups of commodities, for example, as iron and steel and their products, nonferrous metals, furniture and furnishings, industrial chemicals as a group, paper and pulp and grains and livestock were fairly well in line with their past relation to the movement of the all-commodity price index.

## Shifts Since October

The third column of table 3 shows the percent change in prices from October 26, 1946, 2 weeks before prices were generally decontrolled, to February 22, 1547. With few exceptions the effect of price decontrol was to result in increases which either brought prices of groups of commodities in line with past relations of the movement of these prices to that of all commodity prices, or to a level far above the past relation.

The marked increases in the prices of oils and fats, drugs and pharmaceuticals, paint and paint materials, lumber, leather, shoes, and cotton goods, brought the price level of each of these groups on February 22, 1947, to a point far in excess of the past relationship of these prices to the all-commodity price level. On the other hand, the increases in the prices of nonferrous metals, paper and pulp, chemicals, and iron and steel, raised these quotations from a relatively low position to one about in line with the past relationship to the general movement of all prices.

Other groups such as cement, brick and tile, furniture and furnishings which were either already above the past relation or in line with it did not change very much after the time of decontrol.

These comparisons of the prices of groups of commodities in relation to the general price level serve to point up the recent price increases relative to a frame of reference which can be used to appraise their significance. While they do not provide a basis for conclusions as to the trend of the general price level, the data do serve to reveal the lack of internal balance in the price structure.

[^7]
## Supply Important in Future Trend

Although it is not the purpose of this article to appraise the supply-demand outlook for each of the commodities covered in the wholesale price index, nevertheless it is desirable to comment upon the general supply situation of groups of commodities in order to evaluate the influence of this factor on price trends. Many of the recent price increases can be attributed directly to short supplies and for these cases it can be inferred that as supplies come more nearly in balance with demand, prices will be affected.
At the present time production of goods for final use is on the increase and supplies of many goods are approaching
a closer balance with demands. In general, the groups of commodities which increased in prices far above the past relationship to the all-commodity price index are expected to be in larger supply relative to demand by the fall of this year. Similarly, we may expect that with reconversion problems fading and with less scrambling for some scarce goods as production is better organized (and inventory rebuilding is less urgent) some of the demand pressure will be off. The recent price rise itself is a potent force in altering demand and, in some cases, supplies.

Meat supplies should expand later in the year, according to the Department of Agriculture estimates. Currently the pork supply reflects the reduced farrow-
ings of last year. Lumber in general is now becoming less tight, although flooring as well as some hardwoods will still remain short for the remainder of the year. Industrial oils, on the other hand, are still short and will continue in short supply until the end of this year.

Supplies of leather and leather shoes are still short but are expected to be in a much more improved condition in the latter part of the year. The supply of cotton goods on the whole is still short and in some items far short, but an improvement in supply is expected this year. Thus, the supply situation will operate to relieve the pressure in those areas where price advances have been "excessive" in recent months, and should be a factor in redressing a balance.

Chart 3.—Relationship Between Wholesale Price Indexes for Selected Commodities and for All Commodities

${ }^{1}$ Data for sears and quarters are monthly averages. Latest data shown are for week ending February $22,1947$.
${ }_{2}$ Data for oils and fats before 1926 are not available. Source of basic data: U. S. Department of Labor.

For some commodities, supplies this year will continue to be far short of demands. These include such goods as passenger cars, agricultural implements, and certain chemicals. Nevertheless, it is important to note that here sustained peak operations would have a favorable influence on unit costs, a factor which is important in pricing.

## Shift in Demands Important

The foregoing analysis suggests that while the recent price increases have resulted in a distorted price structure, the startling advances have been concentrated in relatively few groups of commodities which in total have an important weight and consequently were of
major importance in the recent upward movement of the general price level.

Four basic factors have contributed to the sharp price increases which came with the termination of price controls. Although not new-they preexisted-it was recognized that with official restraints removed they would be sufficient

Chart 4.-Relationship Between Wholesale Price Indexes for Selected Commodities and for All Commodities ${ }^{1}$


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Chart 5.—Relationship Between Wholesale Price Indexes for Lumber, Petroleum and Products, and All Commodities, and Relationship With Time ${ }^{1}$

to result in a considerably higher price level. These were:
(1) Production of many items was very low in relation to demand and in these cases where the items were mar-ket-dominated or flexible, prices advanced very rapidly-meats, lumber, and certain types of cotton goods are examples of these commodities.
(2) Many consumer durables were not available in adequate quantities and consumers were utilizing an abnormally high percentage of their incomes for nondurables, thus contributing to the upward pressure on prices of such nondurables as food and clothing.
(3) Demands for additions to inventories, primarily to fill the production pipe lines, have resulted in channeling about 5 percent of the output of goods into additional stocks of manufacturers, retailers, and wholesalers in 1946, so that the flow of finished goods to consumers has been low in relation to total production and to incomes received.
(4) In the case of many firms, prices were raised in order to cover rising production costs.

## Changing Structure Ahead

As 1947 advances, considerable change in these factors may be expected. Total
output of finished goods is increasing and will continue to rise in the coming months as a result of new capacity which will become available and of the increased efficiency of operations. The accumulation of business inventories, which in book value has averaged one billion dollars per month in the past six months, will not be required after a more balanced inventory position is achieved. While this will result in reduced demands for further inventory building, it will effect an increase in the ratio of the flow of finished goods to total production. Thus, on the supply side there will be a
(Continued on p.16)

# International Transactions of the United States in 1946 

By the International Economics Division, Office of Business Economics

$\mathbf{A}^{\mathrm{s}}$S INDICATED in previous articles in this series, ${ }^{1}$ the record peacetime level of international transactions of the United States in 1946 involved an export surplus of unprecedented peacetime proportions. Requirements of wartorn Europe were in considerable part met by gifts and otherwise financed by loan arrangements. In other areas, resources accumulated during the war plus the continuing demand for their raw materials and other products at rising prices provided ample purchasing power for the goods that could be secured in the United States.

## Exports Up in Volume and Price

Exports from the United States reached a postwar high of 2.6 billion dollars in the fourth quarter of 1946 (see table 3) to yield a peacetime record of 9.7 billion dollars for the year as a whole. The rise of domestic prices during the year was a factor of importance in bringing the export value to this level. The very large monthly totals in November and December tended to compensate for the low figures in September and October resulting from the shipping strikes. Notably, exports through private channels rose rapidly during the year, reaching 85 percent of recorded exports in the last quarter compared to less than onefourth during the first 6 months of 1945.

## Large Exports to Europe

Exports to European countries other than the United Kingdom and the U. S. S . R. more than doubled in dollar totals from 1945 to 1946, but the decline in shipments to these two countries reduced the aggregate for all Europe from 5.5 billion dollars to 4.1 billion. The over-all decline was the result, of course, of the termination of the export of war materials under straight lend-lease aid to the two nations named, and reduced the proportion of exports going to Europe from 56 to 48 percent.

[^8]
## Summary

In 1946 foreign countries bought or otherwise received goods and services from the United States to the extent of 15.3 billion dollars. Despite the sharp decline of lendlease exports, this amount was less than 1 billion dollars below the preceding year's total. From their own financial resources foreign countries were able to pay for 60 percent of all goods and services received from us, while the remaining 40 percent was equally divided between gifts and loans. In order to facilitate these large purchases in this country, over 2 billion dollars of foreign gold and other assets were sold.

During the present year foreign productive capacity should rise sufficiently to provide us with goods and services to the extent of 9 billion dollars, as against 7.1 billion dollars last year. This increase should more than compensate for an expected decline in relief contributions and in the liquidation of foreign assets. Foreign countries should have sufficient means, therefore, to finance exports of goods and services of about . 1 billion more than last year.

Before the war the proportion of total exports going to Europe had shown a declining trend since the late $1870^{\circ}$; during the years 1936 to 1940 it averaged slightly over 40 percent. The decline in this ratio after the war was therefore in the direction of the long-term trend, and a further reduction in the share of our exports moving to Europe can be expected. This development will be stimulated by the abolition of special export preferences for war-torn European countries, the expiration of lend-lease and UNRRA programs, and the termination of Government procurement and setasides of foodstuffs for export.

Rising Share to Latin America and Asia
Exports to Latin America (including European dependencies in the Caribbean area) also rose sharply from 1.4 billion dollars or 14 percent of total exports in 1945 to 2.2 billion dollars or 23 percent in 1946. Exports to these countries comprised a growing share in our total exports for 60 years prior to the outbreak of World War II and reached over 20 percent in 1941. Although both the absolute level and the ratio to total exports represent new peaks in our export trade with the Western Hemisphere south of this country, this development seems to be in line with the prewar pattern.

Exports to Asia and Oceania, which rose in proportion to total exports over the last 70 years prior to the war, have not yet recovered their prewar share in total exports. The absolute value of exports to that area, 1.4 billion dollars, was, however, 130 percent higher than the average for the years 1936 to 1940 .

The relative deficiency in our exports to Asia and Oceania was due primarily to the decline of shipments to Japan, which during these prewar years averaged nearly 240 million dollars and comprised about 7.5 percent of our total exports as against a little over $100 \mathrm{mil}-$ lion dollars or 1.1 percent during 1946. This, however, does not include civilian supplies of about 200 million dollars sent by the War Department to Japan and Korea.

Canada and Newfoundland retained their prewar share in our export trade during 1946.

## Imports Rise Faster

Considerable increase was shown during the last quarter of 1946 in the value and quantity of goods imported. Even after adjustment for price changes, imports during that period represented a record in the history of the country, exceeding the previous high levels of 1929 and 1941. Compared to the present level of economic activity, imports were still relatively low, even if certain de-
clining trends in the relationship between real imports and real income exhibited during the prewar period are taken into consideration.

The "deficiency" exists in varying degrees with respect to all areas of the world except South America and Africa, which seem to have supplied more to us in 1946 than we should have expected on the basis of prewar relationships between national income and imports from these areas.

## Export Surplus Reflects Import Lag

During the years 1936 to 1938 the United States had a surplus of commodity exports over imports in the trade with Europe, Africa, and North America. In the trade with Asia and South America imports exceeded exports. (See chart 1).

In 1946 Europe, Africa, and North America, with which we had an export surplus before the war, continued to obtain more from us than they sold here. In fact, the export surplus to these areas increased from an annual average of about 700 million dollars during the years $1936-38$ to about 4.1 billion dollars during 1946. For Europe alone the export surplus increased from 533 million dollars to 3.3 billion dollars.

The question may be asked whether the unusually large export surplus to both Europe and Asia is due to the relative increase of exports or decline of imports. In Chart 1 there is indicated, in addition to actual imports in 1946, a "theoretical" or "calculated" level of imports for each area, based on a projection of prewar relationships between imports and domestic business activity with allowance for long-term trends.

Actual exports to Europe and Asia in 1946 were 191 percent and 66 percent, respectively, of calculated imports, as compared with an actual ratio in 1936-38 of 175 and 75 percent. Thus, exports to Europe in 1946 were only about 360 million dollars, or 10 percent above the value that would have been reached if actual imports had reached the calculated level, and the 1936-38 ratio of exports to imports had obtained. On the other hand, exports to Asia were less in proportion to calculated imports than the actual 1936-38 ratio. To reach the prewar pattern of trade with this continent, therefore, both exports and imports would have to expand.

If prewar (1936-38) ratios between total exports and imports had been maintained and if imports had been at the "calculated" level in 1946, exports would have amounted to 8.6 billion dollars instead of 9.7 billion dollars. In this sense, therefore, it might be said that the export surplus of 4.8 billion dollars in 1946 was due to an "excess" of exports

Chart 1.—United States Exports, and Actual and Calculated Imports

${ }^{1}$ Data are derived from the relationship between national income and imports for the years 1921-38, in constant prices.

Source of data: U. S. Department of Commerce.
of 1.1 billion dollars. By the same token the import "deficiency" may be considered to have been 2.4 billion dollars, and the "normal" portion of the export surplus 1.3 billion dollars.

## Transportation Receipts High

Ocean-borne traffic, which accounts for most of the transportation payments and receipts shown in table 4, was at a high level. American-flag shipping carried 62.2 percent of 61.5 million long tons of ocean-borne exports, and 67.6 percent of 40.6 million long tons imported. However, these percentages declined steadily from 72 and 75 percent of exports and imports, respectively, in the first quarter to an estimated 51 and 60 percent in the last. High freight rates and prices of goods and services comprising "port expenditures" also contributed to the substantial transfers on both sides of this account.

## Travel Expenditures Up

Although travel for purely pleasure purposes was restricted to the Western Hemisphere in 1946, Americans spent about 430 million dollars on foreign visits, excluding transoceanic passenger fares. Almost half of this was spent in Canada, and that country and Mexico together accounted for over two-thirds of the total. As was anticipated, United States expenditures in Canada reached an all-time peak.

Military expenditures accounted for an important part of our purchases of foreign services during 1946, although in greatly reduced volume compared to the war years. On the receipts side motion picture royalties of 135 million dollars, over half from Great Britain, constituted the major item in the "other services" group, although administrative expenditures in the United States of foreign governments and international organi-
zations also ran in excess of one hundred million dollars.

## Relation to Gross National Product

Excluding 1.6 billion dollars of surplus property, ${ }^{2}$ the United States in 1946 supplied about 6.6 billion dollars of goods and services to other countries in excess of the amount received from abroad. ${ }^{3}$ At 3.4 percent of the gross national product, this was considerably lower than during the war period but was nevertheless in sharp contrast with the balance in the exchange of goods and services with foreign countries reached in the middle thirties. (See chart 2).

As already indicated, the present export surplus results more from a deficiency of imports rather than an excess of exports. Nevertheless, because of the large pent-up demand in this country and the comparatively insufficient output of finished goods, exports in some cases represented a noticeable drain upon domestic supplies. In 1947, as the production pipeline fills and the output of finished goods increases over last year, even an increase in the percentage of total production exported should be possible.

## Large Unilateral Transfers

The pressure on foreign financial resources resulting from our 15.3 billion dollar export total was partially relieved through gifts and contributions, both government and private. Unilateral transfers-a term which includes all transactions that represent neither the purchase of goods and services nor of capital assets-financed exports of 31 billion dollars in 1946, about 20 percent of the total. The major components of this group of items are shown in table 5.

Private remittances increased sharply over the 1945 totals, primarily because it was possible to send goods and money to practically all European areas during all of 1946.

In spite of the virtual termination of straight lend-lease, the United States Government financed a large proportion of our exports in 1946, either as outright grants or under conditions where the obligation of repayment was not sufficiently clear to justify classification as a movement of capital. The latter applies particularly to civilian supplies, almost entirely foodstuffs, distributed in the occupied areas at a landed-cost value

[^9]of 554 million dollars. The whole of this amount has been entered in the merchandise figures for balance of payments purposes; the shipments are not reflected in the official exports statistics compiled by the Department of Commerce.

Contributions to UNRRA include the f. o. b. value of goods procured in the United States, ocean freight on UNRRA exports, certain miscellaneous services,
and actual cash transfers of 155 million dollars.

## United States Capital Invested Abroad

Movements of United States long-term capital invested abroad provided foreign countries with 3,992 million dollars net in 1946. (See table 6). Most of this movement was new Government lending. Lend-lease and surplus property credits

Table 1.-International Transactions of the United States in 1946 [Millions of dollars]

|  | First quarter | Second quarter | Third quarter | Fourth quarter | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Keceipts: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Goods and services: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Goods. . | 2,727 | 3, 344 | 3, 001 | 3,068 | 12,140 |
| Income on investments | 113 | 169 | 103 | 226 | ${ }_{6} 611$ |
| Other services. | 750 | 576 | 654 | 533 | 2,513 |
| Total goods and services. | 3, 590 | 4, 089 | 3,758 | 3,827 | 15, 264 |
| Unilateral transfers. | 73 | 52 | 44 | 50 | 219 |
| Long-term capital: |  |  | 289 |  |  |
| Movements of United States capital invested abroad Movements of foreign capital invested in United States | 222 | 246 | 289 | 233 | 990 1 |
| Total long-term capital | 222 | 247 | 289 | 233 | 991 |
| Total receipts. | 3,885 | 4,388 | 4, 091 | 4,110 | 16,474 |
| Payments: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Goods and services: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Goods.. | 1, 231 | 1.245 | 1.311 | 1,477 | 5, 264 |
| Income on investments | 37 | 40 | 14 | 52 | 173 |
| Other services | 543 | 336 | 432 | 383 | 1,694 |
| Total goods and services. | 1,811 | 1,621 | 1,787 | 1,912 | 7,131 |
| Unilateral transfers. | 952 | 939 | 827 | 611 | 3,329 |
| Long-term capital: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Movements of United States capital invested abroad ... | 720 | 1.305 | 1,037 | 930 | 3, 992 |
| Movements of foreign capital invested in United States...... | 154 | 30 | 137 | 20 | 341 |
| Total long-term capital | 874 | 1,335 | 1.174 | 950 | 4,333 |
| Total payments. | 3,637 | 3, 89.5 | 3,788 | 3,473 | 14,703 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Qoods and services. Unilateral transfers. | $+1,779$ -879 | $+2,468$ -887 | +1.971 -783 | $+1,915$ -561 | +8.133 $-3,110$ |
| Goods and services and unilateral transfers | +900 | +1, 881 | $+1,188$ | +1, 354 | $+5,023$ |
| Long-term capital | -652 | -1,088 | -885 | -717 | -3,342 |
| All transactions. | +-248 | $+493$ | $+303$ | $+637$ | +1,681 |
| Net flow of funds on gold and short-term capital account: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net increase ( - ) or decrease ( + ) in gold stock $-\ldots . . . . .$. | $-227$ |  |  |  | $-623$ |
| Net movement of United States short-term capital abroad..... | +108 | -161 | -169 | -71 | -293 |
| Net movement of foreign short-term capital in United States. - | -6 | -332 | -134 | -411 | -883 |
| Net inflow (+) or outflow (-) of funds . | - -125 | -.524 | --880 | $-770$ | -7,749 |
| Errors and omissions | -123 | +31 | $+77$ | $+133$ | $+118$ |

Table 2.-Financing United States Foreign Trade

|  | First quarter |  | Second quarter |  | Third quarter |  | Fourth quarter |  | Total |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Billions } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { dollars } \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per- } \\ & \text { cent } \end{aligned}$ | Billions <br> of dollars | Percent | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} \text { billions } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { dollars } \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per- } \\ & \text { cent } \end{aligned}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Billions } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { dollars } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Per- | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} \text { Billions } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { oflars } \end{array}\right\|$ | Percent |
| Total goods and serviees transferred | 3.6 | 100 | 4.1 | 100 | 3.8 | 140 | 3.8 | 100 | 15.3 | 100 |
| Through goods and services sold to us | 1.8 | 5) | 1.6 | 39 | 1.8 | 17 | 1.9 | 8) | 7.1 | 46 |
| Through liquidation of longand short-term forcign assets including gold. | .4 | 11 | ${ }^{1} .5$ | 12 | .3 | ¢ | 1.3 | 24 | 12.2 | 14 |
| Through long- and short-term credit | . 4 | 11 | 21.1 | 27 | . 9 | 2 | , | $1 ;$ | :3.0 | 20 |
| Through unilateral transfers (in kind or money). | . 9 | 25 | . 9 | 22 | . 8 | 21 | ${ }^{6}$ | 16 | 3.1 | 20 |

${ }^{1}$ Excluding the increase in short-term balances of the International Bank resulting from payment of the United States subscription.
${ }_{2}$ Excluding the United States subscription to the International Bank.
Note: Figures will not necessarily add to total because of rounding and "Errors and omissions."

Chart 2.-United States Exports and Imports of Goods and Services, as Percentages of Gross National Product


Source of data: U. S. Department of Commerce.
of 1,406 million dollars were direct offsets to goods transferred on a credit basis in an equivalent amount. Export-Import Bank disbursements of 971 million dollars were used to finance purchases of goods and services in the United States, or to make advance payments on orders here. These purchases and orders, however, were for the most part placed with private American suppliers whereas the lend-lease and surplus property transfers were made directly by the United States Government.

The other principal government loan transaction, the British credit, is in a class by itself. The loan was granted, among other purposes, to assist the British in meeting their over-all balance of payments deficit, and no limitations on where the loan may be spent were provided.

## Net Return of Private Long-Term Capital

In spite of moderately heavy purchases of outstanding Canadian securities in the first half of the year and an outflow of direct-investment capital to existing United States enterprises abroad, the net movement of private American longterm capital was inward. The regular amortization of American-held foreign dollar bonds was augmented in 1946 by unusual redemptions (calls before maturity) of several issues, principally Ca nadian and Argentine Government bonds, amounting to about 190 million dollars and net foreign repurchases of outstanding foreign issues of about 10 million. In addition the Argentine

Government purchased the Americanowned telephone system in that country for 95 million dollars in October, and the Barber Asphalt Corporation sold its oil royalty interests in Venezuela to the Shell Petroleum Company, Ltd., for 25 million dollars. Other liquidations in excess of new investments contributed to a net inflow of direct-investment funds of 26 million for the year.
Although the net movement for the year was inward, certain evidences of a renewed outflow of private capital appeared during 1946. For the first time since 1941, a foreign borrower other than Canada appeared in the market. Two Australian refunding issues totaling 45 million dollars were successfully floated,
and two additional issues totaling 53.5 million dollars were offered in the early part of 1947. It is known that other foreign borrowers are planning to raise funds in the market.

## Short-Term Capital Also Moves Out

Private short-term assets abroad increased during the year, the net movement being 261 million dollars. Private bank participation in Export-Import Bank loans, including the 200 million dollar loan to the Netherlands, and Federal Reserve loans to foreign banks (secured by pledges of earmarked gold) probably accounted for most of this movement, although some increased bank financing of United States exports may have been involved.

## Foreign Assets and Gold

Imports, gifts, and extensions of United States credit were not sufficient to finance all the goods and services transferred to foreign countries in 1946. To settle for the remainder they had to sell 340 millions of long-term assets, mostly United States securities, 623 million in gold, ${ }^{4}$ and reduce their short-term dollar claims by about 1.2 billion. The last, however, was partly offset by an increase of 317 million dollars received by the International Bank from the United States, leaving a net reduction of 883 million dollars.

[^10]Table 3.-Merchandise Transactions With Foreign Countries in 1946 [Millions of dollars]

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { First } \\ & \text { quarter } \end{aligned}$ | Second quarter | Third quarter | Fourth quarter | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Transfers to foreign countrics: <br> Recorded exports including reexports: |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Government | 1, 858 | 825 | 618 | 423 | 2, 724 |
| Total recorded exports | 2, 284 | 2. 485 | 2,351 | 2,619 | 9,739 |
| Additions: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Curplus property. | ${ }_{107}^{273}$ | ${ }_{20} 574$ | 194 | 203 125 | 1,594 |
| Miscellaneous adjustments (net) | 63 | 78 | 41 | 71 | 253 |
| Total transfers to foreign countries | 2,727 | 3, 344 | 3.001 | 3,068 | 12, 140 |
| Transfers from foreign countries: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Reprivate | 937 | 1,032 | 1,077 | 1, 198 | 4, $24 \pm$ |
| Government. | 159 | 1, 158 | , 157 | +218 | +692 |
| Total recorded imports | 1, 696 | 1,190 | 1,234 | 1, 416 | 4,936 |
| Additions: |  |  |  | 40 | 196 |
| Miscellaneous adjustments (net) | $\begin{aligned} & 81 \\ & 54 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35 \\ & 20 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{37}$ | 21 | 132 |
| Total transfers from foreign countries | 1,231 | 1,245 | 1,311 | 1,477 | 5, 264 |

## Outlook

For the year 1947 it may be estimated that foreign countries will utilize more dollars and credit to buy goods and services from the United States than the amount actually expended during the past year, provided the current high level of economic activity in the United States is maintained. Reconstruction of production facilities abroad, coupled with higher import prices, should raise the amount of dollars paid to foreigners for goods purchased from them to about 6.7 billion dollars.

Expenditures on foreign services, including tourist and shipping expenditures and payments of interest and dividends on foreign investments, should raise foreign dollar receipts from the sale of goods and services to about 9 billion dollars, as compared to slightly over 7 billion dollars last year.

Relief contributions (including unilateral transfers by the Government and personal and institutional remittances) are likely to fall off, particularly in the latter part of the year. UNRRA funds used to the end of December were still 600 million dollars short of our obligation of 2,700 million dollars. To these 600 million dollars may be added about 200 million dollars for continued relief for specified countries and for the International Refugee Organization and 500 million dollars for civilian supplies for the occupied countries if Congress approves the President's request. Wardamage payments to the Philippines and settlement of other war claims may bring the total unilateral transfers by the Government to about 1.6 billion dollars. Net private remittances may add another 700 million dollars, so that foreigners would receive either in money or in kind about 2.1 billion dollars on this account, or one billion dollars less than last year.

From loans and credits foreign countries should be able to obtain about 4.0 billion dollars, about one-third more than in 1946. ${ }^{5}$ The increase in longterm loans can be expected from a considerably higher utilization of the British loan, from the start of actual lending operations by the International Bank, and from some net capital outflow on private account. These increases should more than compensate for the practical disappearance of lend-lease credits and the sharp decline of surplus-property loans.

Accumulated foreign dollar assets and gold, which in 1946 were drawn upon to

[^11]Table 4.-Service Transactions With Foreign Countries in 1946
[Millions of dollars]

|  | First quarter | Second quarter | Third quarter | Fourth quarter | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Reccipts: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transportation. | 541 | 415 | 481 | 378 | 1,815 |
| Travelinaneous services: | 43 | 55 | 66 | 3 | $21 \times$ |
| Cuited States Government | 83 | 25 | 28 | 25 | 161 |
| Private. | 83 | 81 | 99 | 75 | 319 |
| Total | 750 | 576 | 654 | 533 | 2,513 |
| Payments: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transportation. | 166 | 160 95 | 192 | 131 | 699 |
| Miscellaneous services: | 7 |  | 170 | 9. |  |
| Einited states Govermment | 282 | 58 | 41 | 79 | (90) |
| Private | 24 | 23 | 29 | 30 | 106 |
| Total | 543 | 336 | 432 | 38.3 | 1, 694 |

Table 5.-Gifts and Other Unilateral Transfers in 1946
[Millions of dollars]


Table 6.-Movements of United States Long-Term Capital in 1946
[Millions of dollars]

|  | First quarter | Second quarter | Third quarter | Fourth quarter | Total |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Outflow: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Govermment: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lend-lease credits. | 271 | 173 | 78 | 24 | 546 |
| surplus property credits. | 135 | 414 | 110 | 201 | 8851 |
| Export-lmport Bank.. | 137 | 333 | 231 | 270 | 971 |
| International Bank and Monetary Fund. |  | 159 |  | 164 | 323 |
| British loan. |  |  | 400 | 200 | 600 |
| Other |  |  | 17 | 2 | 19 |
| Total. | 543 | 1,079 | 836 | 861 | 3,319 |
| Private. | 177 | 226 | 201 | 69 | 678 |
| Total outilow. | 720 | 1,305 | 1.037 | 930 | 3,992 |
| Inflow: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gorermment. | 22 | 19 | 18 | 20 | 79 |
| Private | 200 | 227 | 271 | 213 | 911 |
| Total inflow. | 222 | 246 | 289 | 233 | 990 |

the extent of 2.2 billion dollars, ${ }^{6}$ are unlikely to be liquidated to the same extent in 1947. Without reducing their gold and dollar reserves unduly, foreign countries could liquidate the equivalent of current gold production, about $700 \mathrm{mil}-$ lion dollars per year outside of the U. S. S. R., and obtain another $700 \mathrm{mil}-$ lion dollars by drawing upon long- and short-term assets in the United States

[^12]and by purchasing dollars from the Monetary Fund.

These approximations aggregate somewhat over 16 billion dollars, of which about 3.2 billion would have to be reserved for payment of interest and dividends on American investments, and for payment for various services, chiefly transportation. The remaining 13 billion dollars would be available for commodities. After allowing for civilian supplies for the occupied countries, and remaining surplus property sales, a balance of 12 billion dollars would be avail-
able to purchase exports of commodities recorded in the official trade statistics, as compared to 9.7 billion dollars in 1946.

Of the 16 billion dollars, however, it will be noted that only 10.4 billion would be derived from foreign countries' own resources, including goods, services, and gold to be sold to us, and utilization of existing dollar assets owned abroad. About one-third of the remainder would be made up by unilateral transfers, chiefly of a temporary character, and the balance by loans.

## The Business Situation

(Continued from p. 3)
tendency for department-store sales since last summer. These stores do not have a high proportion of durable goods, the sales of which are moving up with increased supplies, nor are they indicative of the rise in dollar sales of food.

## Lower Margins for Stocks

A recent money market development has been the Federal Reserve action reducing margin requirements for stock purchases. Effective February 1, margin requirements were reduced from 100 percent to 75 percent. During the preceding year, while the 100 percent ruling was in effect, the volume of credit being used for carrying listed securities was reduced to the lowest level in 30 years.

## Higher Rates for Short-Term Borrowing

Other types of borrowing have risen appreciably over the past year. On the whole, the stiffening of interest rates associated with the increased demand for funds during the reconversion period has been confined to short-term loans. It will be seen from chart 5 that bond yields declined to an all-time low last spring when stock prices reached their postwar peak. The subsequent rise has been small and has been most noticeable in bonds of less than gilt-edge quality. The basic factor shaping the interest rate structure continues to be the Government's policy of fostering low interest rates.
Despite the upward adjustment of charges for short-term financing, illustrated by the bottom line in the chart, short-term as well as long-term rates have remained at low levels as compared with any prewar standard. It would appear that continuance of this situation is guaranteed by the assured adequacy of bank resources-including legal reserves plus Federal securities-to meet expanded demands for loans.

${ }^{I}$ Bond yields are averages of daily figures. Data for prime commercial paper are averages of weekly prevailing open-market rates in New York City.
${ }^{2}$ Represent yields on bonds due or callable in 15 years or over. There were no partially tax-exempt bonds due or callable in 15 Jears or orer after December 15, 1945.

Sources of data: U. S. Treasury Department, Boald of Gorernors of the Federal Reserre System. and Moody's Investors Service.

## The Current Structure of Prices

(Continued from p. 10)
considerable improvement this year from the situation in 1946.

As the durable goods become available in increasing quantities, the disproportionate spending on nondurables (relative to incomes currently received) will run into a competitive factor not present last year. It is true that consumers have large asset holdings, and access to a large source of credit through such avenues as instalment purchasing. Nevertheless, if in the aggregate they do not decide to reduce their net savings substantially, the result will be developing pressure against the prices of many nondurable goods.

The fact that many of these commodi-ties-notably those in the farm cate-gory-are yielding unusually large margins means that there is leeway for adjustments without destroying the profitability of the trade. Furthermore, we may expect improvement in the effi-
ciency of production and distribution as output in some industries is better organized on a high and sustained levelan improvement that obviously should be shared with the consumer in terms of reduced prices.

In sum, then, aside from the question of what may happen to the level of prices, there is reason to expect in 1947 a considerable adjustment in the price structure. The existing structure does not rest upon a foundation of permanently altered relationships, but is rather a product of temporary influences, which, when they have passed, will have left much less of an imprint than has recently existed. Analyses of both the basic relationships, and the special conditions that affect, or will in the nearterm, affect individual commodity prices will no doubt yield fruitful results to individual business concerns which are, in general, concerned on both the selling and the buying side.

## Monthly Business Statistics

The data here are a continuation of the statistics published in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey of Current Business．That volume contains monthly data for the years 1938 to 1941，and monthly averages for earlier years back to 1913 insofar as available；it also provides a description of each series and references to sources of monthly figures prior to 1938 ．Series added or revised since publica－ tion of the 1942 Supplement are indicated by an asterik $\left({ }^{*}\right)$ and a dagger（ $\dagger$ ），respectively，the accompanying footnote indicating where historical data and a descriptive note may be found．The terms＂unadjusted＂and＂adjusted＂used to designate index numbers refer to adjustment of monthly figures for seasonal variation．

Data subsequent to January for selected series will be found in the Weekly Supplement to the Surver．

| Unless otherwise stated，statistics through 1941 and descriptive notes may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1947 | 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\underset{\text { ary }}{\text { Janu- }}$ | Janu－ ary ary | Febru－ ary | March | April | May | June | July | August | Sep－ tember | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Octo- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | Novem－ ber | $\underset{\substack{\text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber }}}{ }$ |

## BUSINESS INDEXES

| INCOME PAYMENTS $\dagger$ |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Indexes，adjusted： |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Total nonagricultu |  |
| － |  |
| Salaries and wages： |  |
|  |  |
| Commodity producing |  |
| Commodity－producing industries．－－．．．－－－－－－do |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Public assistance and other relief do Dividends and interest do |  |
|  |  |
| Entrepreneurial income and net rents and roy－ alties ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．of dol． |  |
|  |  |
| Total nonagricultural income．－－－－－－．－－－．．．－－－do． |  |
| FARM MARKETINGS AND INCOME |  |
| Farm marketings，volume：＊ Indexes，unadjusted． |  |
|  |  |
| Total farm marketings Crops． |  |
|  |  |
| Crops <br> Livestock and products |  |
| Indexes，adjusted |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Cash farm income，total，including Government pay－ ments＊ |  |
| Income from marketings＊ |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Indexes of cash income from marketings：$\dagger$ |  |
| Crops and livestock，combined index： |  |
| Unadjusted |  |
|  |  |
| Adjus |  |
| Livestock and products do |  |



|  |  |  | 年氟䓞 | 出出束 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & \text { d } \\ & \text { d } \end{aligned}$ | Bi̛ | - －nNoso <br>  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \％ | 体念N |  | W\％ew |  | -N | －－－NNON <br>  |  |
|  | N0్ర్రీ\％ |  | 岛实貝 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \boxed{\circ} \\ & \stackrel{⿴ 囗 ⿰ 丨 丨 夕}{ } \end{aligned}$ | 哭芯 |  | NNN： |
|  |  |  | 岛馬贰 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No } \\ & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 苞芯 | －上ronem <br>  |  |
|  |  |  | 姑岛気 | 㐌め゙， | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{5}{\circ} \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | Noig in | Frnucco <br>  | NuN్N్ర ©oio |
|  |  |  | 嵌呂岛 | 出8\％ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ت } \\ & \text { 芯 } \end{aligned}$ | oc |  | NWN： <br> － |
|  | N్ర్ర్ర్రు |  |  | 忥异三 | $\stackrel{\text { تٌ }}{\stackrel{\circ}{\circ}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { po } \\ & \substack{0 \\ \infty \\ \hline \\ \hline} \end{aligned}$ | N ：－上Nond <br>  |  |
|  | Wewewik |  |  | 出号岛 | $\begin{aligned} & \overrightarrow{\prime \prime} \\ & \stackrel{\alpha}{0} \\ & \underset{\sim}{2} \end{aligned}$ | \% \% |  | Mnvin 900 |
|  |  | Bo Mision | 希家宮 | 宸忽苦 | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \\ & \stackrel{y}{*} \end{aligned}$ | 为 | －rnoom <br>  |  |
|  |  |  | 㦴気 | ¢6\％ | $$ |  | － <br>  |  |
|  |  |  | 角念萝 | 瓦四家 |  | 必 | －runco <br>  |  |
|  |  |  | 匂氣䒺 | ¢¢\％ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N } \\ & 0 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ | 范会 | H－Nowe <br>  | 気促苞 Noco |
|  |  | R-nnix <br>  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\Delta} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\infty} \\ & \stackrel{\circ}{\infty} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | MnNo <br>  |

${ }_{*}^{p}$ Preliminary．$r$ Revised．§ Index is being revised；see note for automobile index at the bottom of $p$ ．S－2 of the February 1947 Survey．
＊New series．For a description of the indexes of the volume of farm marketings and figures for 1929－42，see pp． $23-32$ of the A prill 1943 Survey；indexes since 1942 are from the De－ partment of Agriculture．Data for 1913－41 for the dollar figures for total cash farm income and total income from marketings are shown on p． 28 of the May 1943 Survey；revised totals of cash income from marketings will be shown later．Data beginning 1939 for the new series under industrial production are shown on p． 18 of the December 1943 issue．
$\dagger$ Revised series．For revised data on income payments for $1930-41$ see p． 16 of the April 1944 Survey and for 1942－44，$p$ ． 20 of the May 1945 issue．For revisions for the indicated
 series on industrial production，see pp．18－20 of the December 1943 issue．Revised data for 1913－4 ior the unadjusted index of cash income from farm marketings are available on p． 28
of the May 1943 Survey；the adjusted index was revised in the February 1947 Survey（see note in that issue）；the indexes of cash income from dairy products，meat animals，poultry and eggs，published in the Survey through the February 1947 issue have been discontinued． $733486-47-3$

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1941 and descriptive notes may be found in the1942 Supplement to the Survey 1942 Supplement the Survey | 1947 | 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\underset{\substack{\text { Janu- } \\ \text { ary }}}{ }$ | Janu- ary | $\underset{\substack{\text { Febru- } \\ \text { ary }}}{ }$ | Ma | April | May | June | July | August | Sep. | ${ }_{\substack{\text { Oeto. } \\ \text { ber }}}^{\text {cos }}$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { Norem- } \\ \text { ber }}}{\text { a }}$ | ${ }_{\text {Decem- }}^{\text {Der }}$ ( |

BUSINESS INDEXES-Continued

 ventories for nonferrous metals and their products, see p. 22 of the August 1946 Survey.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1941 and descriptive notes may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1947 | 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | January | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | September | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Octo- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | Novem- ber | Decem ber |

## BUSINESS INDEXES-Continued



## BUSINESS POPULATION

| OPERATING BUSINESSES AND BUSINESS TURN-OVER* <br> (U. S. Department of Commerce) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operating businesses, total, end of quarter...thousands.. |  |  |  | 3,369.1 |  |  | 3,494.7 |  |  | p3,599.3 |  |  |  |
| Contract construction..................-.........-do...- |  |  |  | 214.1 |  |  | r 232.2 |  |  | 242.9 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 276.5 |  |  | r 287.8 |  |  | p 296.7 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 1, 554.7 |  |  | r1, 614.5 |  |  | ¹, 670.4 |  |  |  |
| Wholesale trade.........-.-.-..................... ${ }^{\text {do.. }}$ |  |  |  | 152.9 |  |  | ${ }^{+} 160.1$ |  |  | p 166.2 |  |  |  |
| Service industries.......................................-d. ${ }^{\text {do. }}$ |  |  |  | 641.3 |  |  | -661.2 |  |  | p 677.5 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 529.7 |  |  | - 538.8 |  |  | p 545.7 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 187.6 |  |  | r 168.7 |  |  | p 149.9 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 42.6 |  |  | ז43.1 |  |  | p 45.2 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 137.3 |  |  | 103.3 |  |  | p 108.3 |  |  |  |
| INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL FAILURES <br> Grand total <br> (Dun and Bradstreet) |  |  | 92 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 12 | 13 | 8 | 81 5 | 13 | $\stackrel{3}{3}$ | ${ }_{7} 7$ | 12 | 11 | 11 | 104 | 14 |
|  |  | 8 | 14 | 10 | 7 | 8 | 13 | 9 | 12 | 17 | 14 | 9 | 18 |
|  |  | 35 | 29 | 41 | 34 | 41 | 25 | 36 | 37 | 32 | 60 | 38 | 58 |
|  |  | 22 | 27 | 17 | 25 | 26 | 24 | 17 | 26 | 28 | 21 | 36 | 35 |
|  |  |  |  | 10 | 10 |  |  | 5 |  | 8 | 17 |  | 16 |
| Liabilities, grand total.....................thous. of dol-- |  | 4, 372 | 2,983 | 4, 421 | 3,785 | 3,656 | 3,006 | 3,434 | 3,799 | 4, 877 | 6,400 | 12, 511 | 17, 105 |
| Commercial service-........-.-.-...............-- do- |  | 2, 279 | 748 | 902 | 40 | ${ }^{60}$ | 7 | ${ }_{163}^{413}$ | 459 | , 311 | 147 | 3, 202 | 801 |
| Construction. |  | 155 | 215 | 436 | 133 | 191 | 262 | 162 | 516 | 1,368 | 500 | 136 | 266 |
|  |  | 1, 677 | 874 | 2, 285 | 2, 734 | 2,066 | 1,996 | 1,948 | 2,113 | 2,510 | 4,975 | 8, 492 | 7,217 |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 245 \\ & \hline 16 \end{aligned}$ | 258 888 | 269 529 | 249 629 | 1, 323 | 661 80 | 835 76 | 297 414 | 367 321 | 352 426 | 392 289 | 1,025 7,796 |
| BUSINESS INCORPORATIONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New incorporations (4 states) ...-.-.--------.-number.- | 4, 202 | 5, 521 | 4,191 | 4,774 | 4,843 | 4,634 | 4,388 | 3,946 | 3, 550 | 3,399 | 3,771 | 3,068 | 3, 561 |

## COMMODITY PRICES



${ }^{5}$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary.
New series. For estimated value of manufacturers' inventories for 1938-42, see p. 7 of the June 1942 Survey and p. S-2 of the May 1943 issue. For data prior to 1945 for the series on operating businesses and business turnover, see pp. $21-23$ of the May 1946 survey and p. 10 of the May 1944 issue. The series on new plant and equipment expenditures are compiled by the securites and Exchange Commission and the . S. Department of Commerce and are estimates for all private industry, excluding agriculture, based on reports from a sample including most of the corporations registered with the Commission and a large sample of unregistered manufacturing companies; data through the third quarter are reported merce the latter is the ratio of prices received by farmers to prices paid interest and taxes
$\dagger$ Revised series. Revised figures for 1938-August 1945 for inventories of "other nondurable goods industries" will be shown later. The indexes of prices received by farmers are shown on a revised basis beginning in the March 1944 Survey; data back to 1913 will be published later; data for February 15, 1947, are as follows: Total 262; crops, 245; food grain, 235 ; feed grain and hay, 185; tobacco, 390 ; cotton, 246; fruit, 203; truck erops, 275 ; oil-bearing crops, 334 ; livestock and products, 278; meat animals, 319; dairy, 270; poultry and eggs, 192 .

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1941 and descriptive notes may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1947 | 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sep- } \\ & \text { tember } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Octo } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novem. } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | Decem. ber |

## COMMODITY PRICES-Continued




PRevised. ${ }^{1}$ Not available. §Formerly designated "cost ofliving index." $\ddagger$ For revised 1943 data see p. 20, of April 1946 Survey


 124.4; metals and metal products, $114.3,117.0,120.5,1237$
 ward in the index; July index reflects full price change from mid-April and November index, full price change from mid-August.
IRents are surveyed semiannually for most cities in index, usually in March and September or June and December; see note in February 1947 Survev.

 935 for the indexes of retail prices of "gas and electricity" and "other fuels and ice" will be published later
$\dagger$ Revised series. For revised data for $1941-43$ for the indicated series on wholesale prices, see $p$. 23 of the November 1945 Survey.

| Unless otherwise stated，statistics through 1941 and descriptive notes may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1947 | 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary- } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Febru- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | March | April | May | June | July | August | Sep－ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Octo- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | Novem－ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ |

## COMMODITY PRICES－Continued

| PURCHASING POWER OF THE DOLLAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| As measured by－ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wholesale prices．－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－．．．．． $1935-39=100 .$. | 56.9 | 75.1 | 74.7 | 73.8 | 73.0 | 72.5 | 71.3 | 64.8 | 62.3 | 64.8 | 60.0 | 57.6 | 57.1 |
|  | 65.3 | 77.0 | 77.2 | 76.8 | 76.3 | 75.9 | 75.0 | 70.9 | 69.6 | 68.5 | 67.4 | 65.9 | 65． 2 |
| Retail food prices－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－do－ | 54.3 | 70.8 | 71.5 | 71.3 50 | 70.5 | 70.0 | 68.6 | 60.3 | 58.3 | 57.3 | 55.5 | 53.2 | 53.7 |
|  | 41.0 | 51.6 | 51.4 | 50.9 | 50.2 | 50.4 | 48.9 | 43.6 | 42.8 | 43.8 | 39.0 | 40.4 | 40.3 |

CONSTRUCTION AND REAL ESTATE

| CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY＊ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 801 | － 474 | 510 | r 602 | r 711 | r 823 | r 914 | － 908 | ז 1,067 | 「 1,064 | －1，069 | r985 | 889 |
|  | 633 | － 385 | 430 | － 500 | r 587 | － 670 | r 732 | r 772 | － 807 | －784 | ＋ 771 | － 730 | ${ }^{-688}$ |
|  | 273 | 136 | 159 | 195 | 244 | 288 | 317 | 329 | 345 | 340 | 330 | 320 | － 297 |
| Nonresidential building，except farm and public utility，total．－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 275 | 189 | 212 | 231 | 「 257 | r 282 | r 304 | ＇317 | － 321 | ${ }^{+} 315$ | － 318 | － 308 | ＋296 |
|  | 159 | 100 | 108 | 113 | 119 | r 128 | 138 | 149 | －159 | －167 | － 171 | 171 | － 166 |
|  | 10 | 8 | 8 | 14 | 20 | 30 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 50 | 40 | 20 | 10 |
| Public utility | 75 | ${ }^{+52}$ | 51 | －60 | r 66 | r 70 | r 71 | 76 | － 81 | ＋79 | $\stackrel{83}{ }$ | r 82 | 85 |
| Public construction， | 168 | 89 | 80 | 102 | 124 | 153 | 182 | 226 | 260 | 280 | － 298 | ＋255 | 201 |
|  | 40 | 3 | 5 | 9 | 11 | 20 | 23 | 31 | 41 | 53 | r 66 | r 68 | $\stackrel{51}{ }$ |
| Military and naval－－－－－－－－．－．．．．．．．．．－－do | 13 | 18 | 13 | 13 | 15 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 18 | 16 | 20 | $\bigcirc 17$ | 「 16 |
| Nonresidential building，total－－．－－－－－－－－－－－－do | 22 | 25 9 | 21 | $\stackrel{23}{7}$ | 22 | 23 6 | 26 6 | 30 6 | 32 | 35 9 | r $r$ $r$ | r 27 +7 | － 23 |
|  | 5 50 | 9 18 | 7 19 | 7 28 | $\begin{array}{r}6 \\ 42 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 6 57 | $7{ }^{6}$ | ${ }_{94}^{6}$ | 7 105 | 9 108 | 79 115 | +7 88 88 | $r 5$ +66 |
|  | 44 | 25 | 22 | 29 | 34 | 39 | 46 | 57 | 64 | 68 | 65 | 55 | － 45 |
| CONTRACT AWARDS，PERMITS，AND DWELLING UNITS PROVIDED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Value of contracts awarded（F．R．indexes）： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total，unadjusted．－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－－．－1923－25＝100．． | $p 121$ | 87 | 117 | 148 | 194 | 203 | 201 | 179 | 164 | 152 | 138 | 125 | $\cdots$ |
|  | ${ }^{2} 120$ | 50 | 85 | 135 | 201 | 211 | 195 | 162 | 155 | 147 | 136 | 118 | ＇122 |
|  | ${ }^{\square} 1148$ | 107 | 136 | 147 | 170 | 169 | 174 | 165 | 158 | 151 | 145 | 139 | ：154 |
|  | D 144 | 61 | 95 | 129 | 172 | 179 | 177 | 161 | 157 | 147 | 140 | 122 | －143 |
|  | 571， 628 | 357，501 | 387， 399 | 697， 593 | 734，911 | 952，418 | 807，914 | 717，991 | 679，909 | 619，857 | 573，206 | 503， 745 | 457，278 |
|  | 166，672 | 46，715 | 56， 449 | 146， 404 | 127，016 | 196，832 | 214， 534 | 201， 645 | 204，817 | 186，882 | 133， 806 | 130，329 | 108，920 |
|  | 404， 956 | 310， 786 | 330， 950 | 551， 189 | 607，895 | 755， 586 | 593， 380 | 516，346 | 475， 092 | 432， 975 | 439，400 | 373，416 | 348，358 |
| Nonresidential buildings： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3，096 | 4，700 | 4，648 | 7，416 | 4，769 | 4，878 | 4，357 | 3， 582 | 4,108 33,080 | 3，648 | 3,696 33 | $\begin{array}{r}3,609 \\ \\ 23 \\ \hline 1888\end{array}$ | 2,857 19 |
|  | 25,700 200,312 | 36,335 217,587 | 37,839 220,598 | 50,631 <br> 278,725 | 41， 676 236,182 | 45,285 290,963 | 41，370 273,207 | 42,457 283,635 | 33,080 211,530 | 25,929 169,127 | 33,932 225,355 | 160，871 | 19,656 148,014 |
| Residential buildings： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 23，593 | 10，071 | 11，469 | 34， 066 | 46，652 | 56， 264 | 31，574 | 31， 112 | 33，727 | 31，458 | 28，128 | 22， 251 | 21，704 |
| Floor area－．．．．－．－．－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．thous．of sq． ft － | 39，279 | 18，572 | 18，423 | 49， 198 | 65， 530 | 74，992 | 51，533 | 45，327 | 45，145 | 47，121 | 36，910 | 33， 530 |  |
| Valuation－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－．－－thous．of dol．－ | 257， 419 | 89，715 | 102， 079 | 275， 241 | 370， 590 | 463，600 | 332， 248 | 281，227 | 284， 025 | 293，831 | 235， 068 | 221， 113 | 193，365 |
| Public works： Projects． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 6881 80,721 | 366 26,841 | 37，687 | 815 120,230 | 1,039 95,964 | 156，626 | 154，009 | 1,537 121,149 | 153， 2,008 | 107，941 | 75，535 | 1,018 82,626 | 62，652 |
| Utilities： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 249 | 195 | 240 27035 | 23， 276 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 32，175 } \\ \hline 273\end{array}$ | 362 41,229 | 384 48,450 | 292 31,980 | 258 30,898 | 239 48,458 | $\begin{array}{r} 247 \\ 37,248 \end{array}$ | 39， 2135 | 229 53,247 |
| Indexes of building construction，based on building | 33， 176 | 23，358 | 27，035 | 23，397 | 32，175 | 41，229 | 48， 450 | 31，980 | 30， 898 | 48，458 |  | 39，135 | 53， 247 |
| permits（U．S．Dept．of Labor）：$\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of new dwelling units provided $1935-39=100 .$. Permit valuation： | 141.9 | г 181.9 | r 193.1 | － 322.9 | ᄃ 310.6 | 278.0 | 252.8 | 283.7 | 317.6 | 248.5 | 215.7 | 165.3 | r 123.2 |
| Total building construction．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do． | 149.3 | －183．1 | г 213.7 | ＋ 426.0 | － 240.5 | 212.2 | 210.4 | 218.7 | 235.4 | 194.6 | 191.4 | 153.2 | － 129.4 |
| New residential buildings．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－do．．．．－ | 195.9 | r 207.5 | r 234.6 | ${ }^{\text {r } 413.5}$ | ＋ 363.4 | 331.3 | 303.4 | 321.2 | 378.7 | 288.0 | 286.2 | 222.5 | r 162.0 |
| New nonresidential buildings ．．．．．－．．．．．．．．．－do．．． | 103.3 | r 159.0 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 191.1$ | ${ }^{r} 444.6$ | 140.7 | 116.6 | 136.7 | 135.8 | 119.4 | 115.9 | 108.4 | 99.2 | 97.0 |
| Additions，alterations，and repairs－－．－．．．do－．．－ | 163.4 | －190．5 | － 225.5 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 406.8$ | － 222.9 | －191．9 | 192.4 | 203.1 | 213.9 | 188.4 | 192.9 | 137.3 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 140.0$ |
| Estimated number of new dwelling units in nonfarm areas（U．S．Dept，of Labor）： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 41， 000 | 44， 800 | 49， 700 | 84， 700 | 83， 700 | 85， 300 | 76，100 | 78， 300 | 81， 800 | 65， 800 | 60， 200 | 46，600 | 35， 200 |
|  | 25， 301 | 31，607 | 34， 370 | 56， 503 | 55，603 | 60， 167 | 51，270 | 52， 131 | 55， 081 | 43， 087 | 37， 401 | 28， 661 | 21，348 |
| Privately financed，total．．．．．．．．．．．－．－．－－－．－do | 24， 217 | 25， 918 | 28，503 | 50， 066 | 44，996 | 43， 583 | 36，660 | 36，830 | 38， 660 | 35， 044 | 36，067 | 28，539 | 21，348 |
|  | 20，497 | 21，786 | 24， 072 | 41，785 | 39， 000 | 35， 824 | 31， 372 | 31， 071 | 32，921 | 29，335 | 29，576 | 23， 747 | 17，458 |
| ${ }^{2-f a m i l y ~ d w e l l i n g s . . . . .-.-.-.------------~}{ }^{\text {do }}$ | 1，458 | 1，309 | 1，792 | 2， 683 | 2，571 | 3，267 | 2，144 | 1，902 | 1，943 | 2，050 | 1，899 | 1，594 | 971 |
| Multifamily dwellings－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－do－ | 2， 268 | 2，823 | 2，639 | 5， 5988 | 3,425 10,607 | 4,492 1654 | 3,144 14 | 3，857 | 3，796 | 3，659 | 4，592 | 3，198 | 2，919 |
|  | 1，084 | 5，689 | 5，867 | 6，437 | 10，607 | 16， 584 | 14，610 | 15， 301 | 16， 421 | 8， 043 | 1，334 | 122 |  |
| Engineering construction： <br> Contract awards（E．N．R．）\＆ $\qquad$ thous，of dol． | 430， 970 | 348， 277 | 248， 025 | 383， 981 | 536， 190 | 560， 244 | 555， 469 | 536， 594 | 541， 325 | 373，056 | 448， 457 | 275， 825 | 352， 85.5 |
| HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Concrete pavement contract awards：$\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}1,343 \\ 26 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1,641 \\ \hline 209\end{array}$ |  |  | 4,283 416 |  | $\begin{array}{r}4,585 \\ \hline 747\end{array}$ | 3,345 385 |  | 3,382 490 | 3， 182 | $\begin{array}{r}3,239 \\ 138 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2，306 |
|  | 606 | 946 | 1，475 | 2， 211 | － 2,889 | 3， 355 | 2，735 | 1，687 | 2，055 | 1，678 | 1，957 | 1，970 | 1，661 |
| Streets and alleys．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－do．．－． | 711 | 486 | 301 | 626 | 978 | 1，698 | 1，103 | 1，274 | 1，609 | 1，214 | 1， 121 | 1，130 | 590 |
| CONSTRUCTION COST INDEXES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A berthaw（industrial building）．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． $1914=100 \ldots$ |  |  |  | 258 |  |  | 270 |  |  | 287 |  |  | 300 |
| American Appraisal Co．： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A verage， 30 cities－－－－－－．－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． $1913=100 .-$ | 381 | 283 | 286 | ${ }_{214}^{294}$ | 303 | 310 | ${ }_{337} 3$ | 326 | 335 | 342 | 347 | 352 | 371 |
|  | 410 390 | 293 | 303 281 | 314 <br> 298 | 325 313 | ${ }_{318}^{332}$ | 337 <br> 324 | 346 <br> 332 | 360 341 | 367 347 | 372 <br> 353 | 377 <br> 356 | 399 375 |
|  | 353 | 249 | 261 | 273 | 279 | 283 | 294 | 308 | 313 | 317 | 320 | 323 | 343 |
| St．Louis．． | 375 | 278 | 280 | 288 | 296 | 300 | 309 | 316 | 323 | 332 | 337 | 344 | 367 |

rRevised．p Preliminary，\＆Data for January，May，August，and October 1946 and January 1947 are for 5 weeks；other months， 4 weeks．
$\ddagger$ Based on weekly data combined into 4－and 5－week periods except that a week falling in December and January is prorated；see note in February 1947 Survey． of 1944 are joint estimates of the U．S．Departments of Commerce and Labor；there have been revisions in the data for several components as published prior to the July 1946 Survey； monthly data for January 1939－A pril 1945 and annual estimates for 1915－38 are available upon request．
$\dagger$ The index of purchasing power of the dollar based on prices received by farmers has been shown on a revised basis beginning in the April 1944 Survey．Revisions for the indexes of building construction for January 1940－December 1945 are available on request．Data for $1920-44$ for the number of new dwelling units are shown on p． 15 of the November 1946 Survey．（See note in February 1947 Survey with regard to January and February 1945 figures．）Since early 1945 data for new dwelling units and the indexes of building construction above should be considered volume of construction for which permits were issued or contracts awarded rather than volume started，as in normal years，since shortages of building materials and limiting orders have caused considerable delays in the start of construction or，in some cases，abandonment of the work．

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1941 and descriptive notes may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1947 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | January | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | November | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ |

CONSTRUCTION AND REAL ESTATE-Continued

| CONSTRUCTION COST INDEXES-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Associated General Contractors (all types) $. .1913=100$ | 277.0 | 241.0 | 245.0 | 247.0 | 247.0 | 249.0 | 252.0 | 258.0 | 263.0 | 267.0 | 267.0 | 270.0 | 275.6 |
| E. H. Boeckh and Associates, Inc.: <br> Apartments, hotels, and office buildings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlanta--.-.-......U. U. S. average, $1926-29=100 \ldots$ |  | 130.4 | 133.6 | 131.3 | 133.2 | 133.5 | 138.6 | 141.2 | 142.6 | 143.0 | 144.0 | 144.9 | 145.7 |
|  |  | 169.8 | 172.1 | 172.9 | 177.4 | 177.9 | 178.6 | 180.0 | 181.5 | 181.9 | 182.3 | 183.4 | 183.9 |
| San Francisco.........................-...--- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ |  | 149.2 | 151.8 | 153.8 | 155.7 | 156.2 | 158.7 | 160.6 | 164.0 | 164.3 | 164.8 | 165.9 | 167.3 |
| Commercial and factory buildings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 170.4 | 172.9 | 173.5 | 179.3 | 179.7 | 180.3 | 181.5 | 184.5 | 184.8 | 185.1 | 185.9 | 186.2 |
|  |  | 151.1 | 151.8 | 154.6 | 156.5 | 156.9 | 158.7 | 159.3 | 167.0 | 167.2 | 167.6 | 168.4 | 169.4 |
| Brick and steel:c- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlanta <br> New York |  | 128.9 167.0 | 129.3 169.0 | 130.1 | 131.3 174.7 | 131.5 175.1 | 135.5 175.6 | 137.5 177.3 | 141.8 179.5 | 142.2 179.9 | 142.7 180.3 | 143.9 182.3 | 145.8 183.0 |
| San Francisco.................................- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ |  | 150.3 | 152.3 | 154.5 | 156.2 | 156.6 | 160.1 | 161.5 | 168.0 | 168.2 | 168.6 | 169.8 | 172.5 |
|  |  | 149.5 | 149.9 | 152.1 | 153.1 | 159.5 | 160.8 | 162.9 | 164.3 | 164.7 | 164.9 | 166.5 | 169.5 |
| Residences: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlanta -...-.-.-.-..........................-do. |  | 140.8 | 141.2 | 141.2 | 144.7 | 144.9 | 148.6 | 152.4 | 154.5 | 155.6 | 156.2 | 159.2 | 161.9 |
|  |  | 173.1 | 174.9 | 175. 5 | 180.3 | 180.7 | 181.3 | 185.6 | 187.1 | 188.0 | 188.9 | 192.6 | 195.4 |
|  |  | 150.6 | 154.0 | 155.3 | 157.6 | 158.0 | 159.0 | 163.5 | 165.8 | 166.0 | 166.4 | 169.6 | 173.2 |
| Srame:F |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlanta |  | 142.6 | 143.0 | 143.0 | 147.2 | 147.4 | 150.2 | 153.3 | 155.4 | 156.5 | 157.0 | 160.8 | 164.2 |
|  |  | 173.7 | 175.6 | 176.2 | 180.6 | 181.0 | 181.6 | 186.0 | 187.4 | 188.5 | 189.7 | 194.4 | 198.0 |
| San Francisco <br> St. Louis |  | 147.7 | 153.0 | 153.7 | 156.1 | 156.5 | 157.5 | 164.0 | 162.9 | 163.1 | 163.5 | 166.8 | 170.8 |
| Engineering News Record: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Construction (all types) --.......-.....-........d. do...- | 390.8 | 319.5 | 323.8 | 334.6 | 339.7 | 347.9 | 353.9 | 361.4 | 360.2 | 360.9 | 362.5 | 368.1 | 381.7 |
| Federal Home Loan Bank Administration:Standard 6 -room frame house: $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Standard 6-room frame house: $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 168.0 | 139.7 135.5 | 140.3 136.3 | 131.0 | 142.1 138.0 | 143.6 139.2 | 145.7 141.6 | 1478 | 149.8 146.1 | 151.9 | 154.2 150.5 | 156.9 153.8 | 160.8 |
|  | 166.8 | 147.9 | 148.5 | 148.9 | 150.6 | 152.5 | 153.8 | 155.6 | 157.2 | 159.3 | 161.6 | 163.1 | 164.8 |
| REAL ESTATE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fed. Hous. Admn., home mortgage insurance: Premium-paying mortgages (cumulative) mil. of dol- |  | 6,538 | 6, 569 | 6,603 | 6, 639 | 6,679 | 6,721 | 6,759 | 6, 789 | 6,818 | 6,855 | 6,885 | 6, 921 |
| Estimated total nonfarm mortgages recorded ( $\$ 20,000$ and under)* $\qquad$ thous. of dol | 847, 043 | 634, 117 | 618,763 | 765, 973 | 887, 266 | 964, 438 | 917, 414 | 981, 187 | 999, 221 | 928,878 | 1,006,681 | 869,489 | 836,404 |
| Estimated new mortgage loans by all savings and loan associations, total |  | 216, 842 | 225, 519 | 300, 163 | 342,999 | 361, 298 | 325,997 | 326, 048 | 324, 459 | 309, 791 | 326, 199 | r271, 476 | 253, 701 |
| Classified according to purpose: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 145, 342 | 154, 219 | 202, 995 | 235, 878 | 243, 458 | 218, 575 | 216, 369 | 211, 804 | 198, 842 | 207, 139 | 170,162 | 151,843 |
|  |  | 21, 372 3803 | 19,801 4,217 | 24,244 6,198 | 24,882 6,796 | 24, $\begin{array}{r}\text { 6, } \\ \text { 6, } \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 22, 402 | 21, 388 | 22, 032 | 21, 546 | 24, 376 | 21, 625 | 22,116 |
|  |  | 3, 15,518 | 4,217 16,416 | 6,198 21,335 | 6,796 22,242 | 6,954 24,246 | 6,625 22,098 | 7,327 21,256 | 8,481 22,765 | 8,027 26,022 | 9, 24, 691 |  | 6,040 $\mathbf{2 3 , 4 6 4}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Federal Savings and Loan Associations, estimated mortgages outstanding $\ddagger$ $\qquad$ mil. of dol |  |  |  | 2,572 |  |  | 2,887 |  |  | 3,152 |  |  | 3,358 |
| Federal Home Loan Banks, outstanding advances to member institutions |  | 174 | 165 | 153 | 156 | 173 | 203 | 202 | 214 | 235 | 253 | 258 | 293 |
| Home Owners' Loan Corporation, balance of loans |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| outstanding ${ }^{\text {coreclosures, }}$ nonfarm, index, adjusted $\dagger$ - $1935-39=100$ |  |  |  |  | 775 | 753 | 735 6.7 | 715 | 699 | 682 | 665 | 651 | 636 |
| Fire losses......-.-.....................- thous. of dol. | 57, 180 | 49, 808 | 51,759 | 53, 252 | 52,153 | 46, 094 | 44, 240 | 40,998 | 40,019 | 40, 256 | 40, 108 | 44,706 | 58,094 |

## DOMESTIC TRADE

| ADVERTISING |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Advertising indexes, adjusted: $\dagger$ <br> Printers' Ink, combined index_-......... $1935-39=100$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Farm papers do..- |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Outdoor...-- |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Ratio - |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Radio advertising: |  |  |
| Cost of facilities, total ...................thous. of dol.- |  |  |
| Automobiles and accessories.........-.........-. do |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| $\xrightarrow[\text { Electrical }]{\text { Financial }}$ |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Foods, food bever |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Housefurnishings, ete |  |  |
| Soap, cleansers, etc Smoking materials. |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Toilet goods, medical supplies-...-...-............. |  |  |


|  |  |
| ---: | ---: |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| 157.7 | 151.9 |
| 177.6 | 161.5 |
| 203.8 | 176.2 |
| 127.2 | 122.8 |
| 222.6 | 216.7 |
| 279.8 | 298.5 |
| 183.0 | 175.0 |
| 16,726 | 15,758 |
| 884 | 815 |
| 224 | 209 |
| 351 | 325 |
| 308 | 293 |
| 3,682 | 4,042 |
| 650 | 620 |
| 164 | 149 |
| 1,540 | 1,378 |
| 1,342 | 1,211 |
| 5,660 | 4,920 |
| 1,921 | 1,796 |

r Revised. $\ddagger$ Minor revisions for January 1939-July 1942 are available on request. description of the Tide index of advertising description of the Tide index of advertising see note marked "*" on p. S-6 of the April 1946 Survey; data begi.
lished on a revised basis beginning in the April 1944 Survey; revised data beginning 1914 will pe publis 1943 Survey. Indexes of advertising from Printers' Ink have been pubon a revised basis beginning in the A pril 1946 Survey; revisions beginning November 1935 will be published later.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1941 and descriptive notes may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1947 | 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | September | $\begin{gathered} \text { Octo- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | Novernber | $\underset{\text { Decem- }}{ }$ |


GOODS IN WAREHOUSES
Space occupied in public-merchandise warehouses $\$$

## POSTAL BUSINESS

Money orders:
 Total..................................................... of dol
Goods.

 Seodices (including gifts) Adjusted, total... Services (including gifts)

## RETAIL-TRADE

All retail stores:
Estimated sales, total.................................. of dol. Durable goods store.
Automotive group Motor vehicles Parts and acessories Building materials and hardware. Building materials Farm implements Homefurnishings group Furniture and housefurnishings. Household appliance and radio Jewelry stores.
Nondurable goods stores.
 Women's apparel and accessories Fomen's apparel and accesso Shoes --.--


Grocery and combination. Other food Filling stations General merchandise group. Department, including mail order-...........................
General, including general merchandise with
food .................................................. Other gen
Variety.
$-39=100$
-do-- doof dol


## DOMESTIC TRADE-Continued

Revised. § See note marked " $\S$ " on p. S-6 of the April 1943 Survey in regard to enlargement of the reporting sample in August 1942.
${ }^{*}$ Revised. series See note marked for on p. S-6 of the Aprise

 note to the table on p. 8 of the February 1946 Survey); indexes beginning 1939 , both including and excluding expenditures of military personvel abroad, are available on request.



 1945 are on pp. S-7 and S-8 of the July 1946 issue.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1941 and descriptive notes may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1947 | 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | Janu- ary | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Febru- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | March | April | May | June | July | August | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sep- } \\ & \text { tember } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Octo- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | Novem- ber | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ |

## DOMESTIC TRADE-Continued


${ }_{*}^{r}$ Revised. ${ }^{\circ}$ N Preliminary. *New series. Revised 1940-43 dollar figures and indexes for total chain store sales and furniture and house furnishings, 1942 -43 indexes for all series in the general merchandise
 1933, and 1935 to March 1943 are correct as published on pp. $15-17$ of the February 1944 Survey. Revisions for January-April 1945 for grocery and combination stores and the total
 with the June 1944 issue a



 indexes through 1945 for Kansas City, Atlanta, Cleveland, and New York; all revisions will be published later.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1941 and descriptive notes may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1947 | 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jann- | Janc. | Febru- | March | April | May | June | July | August | Sep- tember | Octo- ber | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ |

DOMESTIC TRADE-Continued

| RETAIL TRADE-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Department stores-Continued. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales, adjusted, total U. S. $\dagger$-.....-.-.-. $1935-39=100 \ldots$ | 265 | 227 | 251 | '257 | 252 | 258 | 「276 | 273 | 290 | $\checkmark 270$ | 257 | 272 | 274 |
|  | 341 | 308 | 331 | 328 | 327 | 329 | 365 | 343 | 365 | 367 | 348 | ${ }_{237}$ | ${ }^{363}$ |
|  | 215 | 186 | 200 | 218 | 210 | 213 | 232 | 227 | 246 | 226 | 216 | 230 | 231 |
|  | 245 | 209 | 241 | 243 | 234 | 234 | ${ }_{2}^{253}$ | 254 | 281 | 263 | 250 | 261 | 264 |
| Cleveland | 256 | +220 | 236 | ${ }_{336}^{246}$ | 244 | ${ }_{342}$ | 273 <br> 368 | 260 | 286 | 249 | 248 | 266 356 | 277 |
| Dalast - ${ }^{\text {and }}$ | 364 | +304 +249 | ${ }_{29} 39$ | ${ }_{275}^{336}$ | 352 | 342 | 368 | 381 | 381 | 376 | ${ }_{297} 34$ | 356 | 348 |
|  | 261 | 212 | 236 | 246 | 225 | 252 | 248 | 253 | 259 | 265 | 254 | 252 | +251 |
|  | 228 | 194 | 207 | 215 | 221 | 228 | 243 | 236 | 259 | 205 | 179 | 231 | 232 |
| Philadelphia $\dagger$ | 244 | 205 | 221 | 244 | 224 | 232 | 253 | 254 | 250 | 241 | 229 | 253 | -229 |
|  | 292 | 262 | 283 | 294 | 276 | 276 | 303 | 307 | 306 | 298 | 286 | 290 | - 293 |
|  | 278 | 234 | 281 | 286 | 272 | 277 | 305 | 300 | 330 | 313 | 293 | 294 | 303 |
|  | ${ }^{\text {P }} 313$ | - 266 | 300 | 297 | 291 | 305 | 315 | -323 | 324 | 313 | 319 | 320 | 317 |
| Stocks, total U. S., end of month: $\dagger$ <br> Unadjusted <br> $1935-39=100$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Adjusted $\qquad$ | 268 | 146 167 | 171 | 172 | 188 | 200 | 211 | 223 | ${ }_{221}^{238}$ | 226 | ${ }_{237}^{267}$ | 255 | 235 274 |
| Mail-order and store sales: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total sales, 2 companies...............thous. of dol. | 201, 052 | 158, 852 | 150, 292 | 207, 055 | 209, 843 | 211, 418 | 201, 976 | 194, 503 | 232,811 | 242,461 | 283, 733 | 281, 422 | 313,678 |
| Montgomery Ward \& Co.....................-d | 67,097 | 53,007 | 55, 231 | 78,454 | 80, 073 | 85, 065 | 75, 428 | 72,667 | 91,864 | 94. 005 | 112, 155 | 106, 355 | 117, 281 |
| Sears, Roebuck \& Co...--.-.-.................do | 133, 955 | 105, 846 | 95, 061 | 128, 601 | 129, 770 | 126, 353 | 126,548 | 121,836 | 140,946 | 148, 456 | 171, 578 | 176, 067 | 196, 397 |
| Rural sales of general merchandise: Total U. S., unadjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 239.7 243 | 208.7 | 227.1 | 303.4 | 283.7 | ${ }_{2}^{233.8}$ | 243.4 | 214.8 | 288.0 |  | 345. 1 | 376.9 <br> 372 | 366.8 333 |
| Sauth | 243.8 348.3 | 209.3 300.4 107 | 218.2 346.1 | 313.2 <br> 449.1 | 277.0 374.1 | 217.6 311.2 | 236.6 322.4 | 189.5 300.4 | 268.0 394.0 | 320.1 493.2 | 334.6 <br> 493.8 | 372.7 552.2 | 333.8 491.5 |
|  | 199.6 | 177.1 | 195.3 | 261.9 | 243.6 | 199.4 | 210.0 | 188.3 | 253.2 | 286.7 | 293.2 | 313.2 | 312.6 |
|  | 258.9 | 220.1 | 222.7 | 280.3 | 321.7 | 283.2 | 294.1 | 263.5 | 325.2 | 383.5 | 384.9 | 439.0 | 465.5 |
|  | 315.0 | 274.2 | 280.7 | 345.5 | 308.7 | 254.7 | 267.2 | 294.2 | 352.1 | 321.9 | 265.6 | 289.7 | 229.4 |
|  | 320.7 | 275.4 | 266.7 | 348.8 | 290.6 | 237.1 | 257.7 | 266.1 | 336.2 | 325.6 | 260.0 | 289.2 | 200.5 |
|  | 440.3 | 379.8 | 381.7 | 497.4 | 424.6 | 366.9 | 401.0 | 442.4 | 546.4 | 446.8 | 333.2 | 402.1 | 327.2 |
|  | 261.0 | 231.5 | 245.7 | 295.6 | 260.8 | 210.5 | 222.4 | 255.1 | 306.9 | 279.7 | 230.8 | 238.9 | 200.4 |
|  | 352.2 | 299.5 | 300.9 | 340.6 | 360.2 | 315.0 | 308.6 | 321.4 | 353.1 | 327.7 | 320.5 | 361.9 | 285.2 |
| WHOLESALE TRADE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Service and limited function wholesalers:* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Estimated sales, total .-....-............-mil. of dol. | 5, 137 | 4,058 | 3,786 | 4,055 | 4, 183 | 4, 351 | 4,250 | 4,744 | 4,771 | 4,809 | 5, 674 | 5,262 | 5,194 |
| Durable goods establishments........-.-.....- do. | 1,583 | 987 | 966 | 1,076 | 1,180 | 1,234 | 1,239 | 1,317 | 1,436 | 1,483 | 1,680 | 1,600 | 1,671 |
| Nondurable goods establishments .-........... do | 3,554 | 3, 071 | 2,820 | 2,979 | 3,003 | 3,117 | 3,011 | 3,427 | 3,335 | 3,326 | 3,994 | 3,662 | 3,523 |
| All wholesalers, estimated inventories*............do.... | 6,271 | 4,258 | 4,254 | 4,375 | 4,413 | 4,458 | 4,498 | 4,642 | 4,809 | 5,055 | 5,338 | 5,738 | 5,939 |

## EMPLOYMENT CONDITIONS AND WAGES

| EMPLOYMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Employment status of noninstitutional population:* Estimated number 14 years of age and over, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Female | 106,970 54,180 | 105,950 53,590 | 106,020 53,630 | 106,070 53,660 | 106,140 53,690 | 106,200 53,730 | 106,210 53,750 | 106,360 53,820 | 106,470 53,890 | 106,630 53,980 | 106,760 54,060 5 | 106,840 54,110 | 108,940 54,150 |
|  | 52, 790 | ${ }_{52,360}$ | 52,390 | 52, 410 | 52, 450 | 52, 470 | 52, 460 | 52,540 | 52, 580 | 52,650 | 52, 700 | 52, 730 | 52,790 |
| Armed forces | 1,720 | 6,170 | 5,240 | 4,470 | 3,850 | 3,410 | 3,070 | 2,710 | 2,450 | 2, 220 | 2,170 | 2,010 | 1, 890 |
| Civilian labor for | 57,790 | 53,320 | 53, 890 | 55, 160 | 56, 450 | 57, 160 | 58,930 | 60, 110 | 59,750 | 59,120 | 58,990 | 58,970 | 58, 430 |
| Female | 15,930 | 16, 160 | 16,000 | 16, 290 | 16,590 | 16,680 | 17, 270 | 17, 400 | 17, 170 | 17,270 | 17,170 | 17,020 | 16,440 |
|  | 41, 860 | 37, 160 | 37, 890 | 38, 870 | 39, 860 | 40, 480 | 41, 660 | 42, 710 | 42, 580 | 41, 850 | 41, 820 | 41, 950 | 41, 990 |
|  | 55, 390 | 51, 020 | 51, 240 | 52,460 | 54, 120 | 54, 850 | 56, 360 | 57, 840 | 57,690 | 57,050 | 57,030 | 57,040 | 56,310 |
|  | 15,480 | 15,630 | 15,490 | 15,780 | 16, 130 | 16, 260 | 16,710 | 16,890 | 16,710 | 16,780 | 16,760 | 16,610 | 16,010 |
| Male | 39,910 | 35, 390 | 35,750 | 36,680 | 37,990 | 38,590 | 39, 650 | 40,950 | 40,980 | 40, 270 | 40, 270 | 40, 430 | 40,300 |
| Agricultural employment.-.............. do | 6,500 | 6,720 | 6,940 | 7,530 | 8,170 | 8,880 | 10,010 | 9,970 | 9,140 | 8,750 | 8,620 | 7,800 | 7,210 |
| Nonagricultural employme | 48, 890 | 44,300 | 44,300 | 44,930 | 45,950 | 45, 970 | 46, 350 | 47, 870 | 48,550 | 48,300 | 48,410 | 49, 140 | 49, 100 |
| Unemployed. | 2,400 | 2,300 | 2,650 | 2,700 | 2,330 | 2,310 | 2,570 | 2, 270 | 2,060 | 2,070 | 1,960 | 1,930 | 2,120 |
| Not in labor force .-...-.-.-.-............ ${ }_{\text {do }}$ | 47, 469 | 46, 460) | 46, 890 | 46,440 | 45, 840 | 45, 630 | 44, 210 | 43, 540 | 44, 270 | 45, 290 | 45, 600 | 45, 860 | 48, 820 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total........................................... do. | 39.657 | 37,013 | 36,509 | 37,469 | 38, 121 | 38,633 | 39,056 | 39, 265 | 39,871 | 40, 129 | 40, 175 | - 40,381 | -40,795 |
|  | 15,033 | 13, 236 | 12,536 | 13, 206 | 13,776 | 13, 901 | 14,098 | 14, 244 | 14, 583 | 14,731 | 14, 761 | + 14,967 | -15,048 |
|  | 831 | 810 | 808 | 801 | 13, 505 | 718 | 807 | 12, 815 | 828 | 827 | 827 | 828 | : 819 |
|  | 1,508 | 1,132 | 1,260 | 1,345 | 1,517 | 1,742 | 1,874 | 1,976 | 2,091 | 2,103 | 2,040 | ${ }^{\text {r 1, }} 1808$ | -1,642 |
| Transportation and public utilities.........-do | 3,939 | 3, 897 | 3,907 | 3,930 | 3,919 | 3,873 | 3,917 | 3,962 | 4,001 | 3,948 | 3,987 | -4, 005 | - 3, 977 |
|  | 7,961 | 7,481 | 7,505 | 7,617 | 7,759 | 7,724 | 7,749 | 7,747 | 7,814 | 7,918 <br> 5 <br> 155 | 8,039 5 5 | - ${ }^{8,259}$ | - 8 , 610 |
| Financial, service, a | $\stackrel{5}{5,216}$ | 4,984 <br> 5 | 5,031 5,462 | 5,076 5,494 | 5,140 5,502 | 5,134 5,541 | 5,131 5,480 | 5, 152 5,369 | 5,160 5,394 | 5,447 | 5, 5,313 | 5,244 $-5,270$ | \% $-5,260$ 5,489 |
| Adjusted (Federal Reserve): | 5,169 | 5,473 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 40, 207 | - 37, 511 | - 37, 057 | - 37, 906 | + 38,365 | - 38, 728 | r 38,983 | - 39, 124 | - 39, 648 | r 39,907 | - 39,957 | - 40,061 | ${ }^{\prime} 39,983$ |
| Manufactu | 15, 079 | - 13, 276 | -12,577 | - 13, 247 | - 13, 850 | - 13, 992 | - 14, 134 | - 14, 203 | ' 14, 468 | - 14, 615 | - 14,726 | ' 14, 930 |  |
| Mining- | 835 | ${ }^{814}$ | 812 | - 801 | 1508 | +717 | $\begin{array}{r}811 \\ 1.837 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}815 \\ 1,882 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}824 \\ 1.936 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 823 1.963 | - 8238 | $\begin{array}{r}14 \\ r \\ r \\ \hline\end{array}$ | r 815 $\cdot 1,710$ |
| Transportation and public utilities...-.-.-.-.-. do | 3,999 | 3,956 | 3,987 | $\begin{array}{r}1,990 \\ \hline 1,902\end{array}$ | 3,939 | 3,873 | 3,878 | 3,904 | 3,942 | 3,891 | 3,967 | -4,005 | - 3, 997 |
| Trade..-..---................................. do | 8,165 | 7,673 | 7,697 | 7,757 | 7,775 | 7,763 | 7,788 | 7,898 | 7,973 | 7,998 | - 7,950 | - 7,980 | - 7, 935 |
| Estimated production workers in manufacturing indus-tries, total (U. S. Dept. of Labor)*-...thousands |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 12,250 | 10,666 | 9,989 | 10,639 | 11, 130 | 11,216 | 11,412 | 11,554 | 11, 882 | 12,018 | 12,026 | 12,218 | 12, 6,281 |
| Durable goods industries...--.-.-. | 6,239 1,491 | 5,205 1,308 | 4,417 | 4,999 1,268 | 5,474 1,334 | 1,583 1,320 | 5,713 1,351 | 1,5829 1,390 | 1,433 | 1,456 | 1,442 | 1,476 | 1,462 |
| Blast furnaces, steel works, and roling mills thousands |  | 449 | 170 | 467 | 466 | 445 | 453 | 470 | 480 | 480 | 474 | 482 | 467 |

? Revised. ${ }^{\circ}$ Preliminary.
*New series. Annual estimates of total wholesale sales beginning 1939 are available on p. 32 of the February 1946 Survey and the table on the back cover of the February 1947 issue and monthly figures beginning June 1943 for all series are on $p$. S-9 of the August 1944 and later issues. For estimates of wholesalers' inventories for $1938-42$, see $p$. 7 of the June 1942 Survey and $p$. S-2 of the May 1943 issue. Estimates of the labor force have been revised beginning July 1945 (see explanation in the February 1947 Survey) and revision of the earlier data is in progress; all revisions for these series and data prior to 1946 for the series on noninstitutional population and persons not in the labor force will be published when re visions are completed. See note marked "" on p. $8-10$ regarding the estimates of production workers in manufacturing industries.
$\dagger$ Revised series. See note marked " $\dagger$ " on $p$. S-8 regarding revisions in the indexes of department store sales. Revised data for $1919-45$ for the index of department store stocks are shown on $p$. 24 of the August 1946 Survey. The estimates of employees in nonagricultural establishments have been revised back to 1929; unadjusted data for 1929-42 for manufacturing and the total and for 1929-43 for other series are available on p. 24 of the July 1945 Survey and $1943-45$ revisions for manufacturing and the total are shown on p. 32 of the February 1947 issue; January 1939 -June 1945 data for the adjusted series for manufacturing and the total will be published later; data beginning March 1943 for the other adjusted series are correct as published in the June 1944 Survey and later issues and data back to 1939 will be published also for these series.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1941 and descriptive notes may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1947 | 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\underset{\text { ary }}{ }$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | September | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Octo- } \\ & \text { ber- } \end{aligned}$ | NoveII ber | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ |

## EMPLOYMENT CONDITIONS AND WAGES--Continued

| EMPLOYMENT--Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Estimated production workers in manufacturing*-Con. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical machinery-......................thousands.- | 577 | 476 | 348 | 367 | 445 | 485 | 501 | 507 | 526 | 543 | 558 | 568 | 575 |
| Machinery, except electrical ....................d. do | 1,122 | 956 | 833 | 880 | 948 | 988 | 1,011 | 1,027 | 1,051 | 1,070 | 1,089 | 1,107 | 1,117 |
| Machinery and machine-shop pr |  | 334 | 295 | 314 | 344 | 345 | 348 | 352 | 357 | 363 | 370 | 378 | 380 |
| Machine tools§. |  | 58 | 58 | 57 | 60 | 59 | 59 | 59 | 61 | 62 | 62 | 60 | 60 |
|  | 716 | 416 | 401 | 447 | 623 | 651 | 668 | 699 | 728 | 760 | 745 | 749 | 745 |
| Transportation equipment, exc. automobiles-do | 457 | 519 | 469 | 459 | 486 | 473 | 462 | 459 | 451 | 539 | 440 | 447 | 456 |
| A ircraft and parts (excluding engines) §-...- do |  | 119 | 118 | 117 | 121 | 124 | 126 | 129 | 134 | 140 | 143 | r 146 | 145 |
| A ircraft engines§ ------1...-----....... do |  | 21 | 21 | 22 | 26 | 26 | 26 | 27 | 28 | 28 | 29 | 29 | 29 |
| Shipbuilding and boatbuilding |  | 249 <br> 33 | 228 | 219 | 213 | 193 | 183 | 174 | 158 | 139 | 134 +142 | ${ }^{+} 134$ | 143 |
| Nonferrous metals and products .-..........- do | 409 639 | 333 514 5 | 291 521 | 316 534 | $\begin{array}{r}337 \\ 558 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 347 | 365 | 378 | 392 | 396 | 402 | 406 | 410 |
| Lumber and timber basic products..........- d | 639 | 514 | 521 | 534 | 558 | 576 | 594 | 603 | 628 | 627 | 636 | 645 | 639 |
| Sawmills (incl. logging camps) .............- |  | 202 | 202 | 207 | 215 | 222 | 227 | 229 | 237 | ${ }_{238} 23$ | 234 | 236 | 231 |
| Furniture and finished lumber products......d | 412 | 348 | 355 | 361 | 366 | 365 | 374 | 376 | 388 | 388 | 393 | 401 | 407 |
| Furniture |  | 150 | 152 | 154 | 157 | 157 | 160 | 161 | 165 | 164 | 167 | 169 | 172 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products .------......... | 416 | 35 | 356 | 367 | 377 | 378 | 887 | 390 | 404 | 407 | 411 | 411 | 412 |
| Nondurable goods industries - Textile-mill products and other fiber manufactures | 6,011 | 5,461 | 5,566 | 5,640 | 5,656 | 5,633 | 5, 699 | 5,725 | 5,881 | 5,932 | 5,910 | 6,008 | 6,058 |
| Textie-min products and other ther thousands. | 1,251 | 1,127 | 1,157 | 1,176 | 1,183 | 1. 185 | 1,199 | 1,183 | 1,197 | 1,212 | 1,224 | 1,240 | 1,252 |
| Cotton manufacturing, except small wares-. do.- |  | 429 | 437 | 442 | ${ }_{4}^{44}$ | 443 | 448 | 445 | 452 | 456 | 460 | 465 | ${ }^{469}$ |
| Silk and rayon goods...-.-......-......-do. |  | 88 | 89 | 90 | 90 | 91 | 92 | 91 | 93 | 93 | 94 | 95 | 96 |
| Woolen and worsted manufactures (except dyeing and finishing) $\qquad$ thousands. |  | 149 | 154 | 158 | 159 | 159 | 160 | 155 | 156 | 160 | 161 | 162 | 164 |
| Apparel and other finished textile products.. do | 1,107 | 956 | 993 | 1,016 | 1,018 | 1,013 | 1,031 | 1,001 | 1,049 | 1,008 | 1,085 | 1,083 | 1,099 |
| Men's clothing. |  | 181 | 187 | 190 | 191 | 192 | 195 | 192 | 197 | 197 | 200 | 204 | 206 |
| Women's clothing |  | 207 | 214 | 219 | 218 | 213 | 213 | 196 | 212 | 217 | 217 | 209 | 211 |
| Leather and leather prod | 362 | 338 | 348 | 355 | 356 | 356 | 358 | 355 | 354 | 355 | 352 | 354 | 360 |
| Boots and shoes |  | 182 | 187 | 192 | 193 | 193 | 194 | 193 | 191 | 194 | 190 | $\bigcirc 192$ | 195 |
| Food and kindred | 1,083 | 1,051 | 1,045 | 1,034 | 1,023 | 1,009 | 1,017 | 1,102 | 1,166 | 1,157 | 1,074 | 1,123 | 1,121 |
| Baking. |  | 254 | 253 | 255 | 247 | 239 | 234 | 234 | 237 | 241 | 241 | 249 | 253 |
| Canning and preserving |  | 93 | 90 | 85 | 92 | 95 | 111 | 184 | 207 | 244 | 173 | 132 | 115 |
| Slaughtering and meat pa |  | 153 | 151 | 147 | 139 85 | 136 85 | 128 | 123 | 138 | 95 | 84 | 139 | 151 |
| Tobacco manufactures | 89 | 81 | 81 | 82 | 85 | 85 | 86 | 85 | 86 | 87 | 89 | 91 | 92 |
| Paper and allied products | 381 | 341 | 348 | 353 | 357 | 359 | 364 | 361 | 366 | 368 | 372 | 379 | 383 |
| Paper and pulp...---- |  | 157 | 160 | 162 | 164 | 165 | 168 | 166 | 168 | 168 | 168 | 170 | 171 |
| Printing, publishing, and | 399 | 359 | 367 | 372 | 374 | 375 | 379 | 383 | 384 | 386 | 394 | 399 | 403 |
| Newspapers and periodicals |  | 122 | 125 | 127 | 128 | 129 | 130 | 130 | 131 | 132 | 134 | 135 | 137 |
| Printing, book and job |  | 149 | 153 | 154 | 154 | 153 | 156 | 160 | 158 | 159 | 163 | 165 | 166 |
| Chernicals and alied pro |  | 115 | 491 | 494 | 493 | 481 | 46 | 472 | 417 | 484 | 491 | 501 | 504 |
| Products of petroleum | 150 | 142 | 142 | 145 | 146 | 145 | 149 | 151 | 152 | 152 | 151 |  | 23 |
| Petroleum refining. |  | 196 | 96 | 97 | 97 | 98 | 99 | 100 | 100 | 100 | ${ }^{189}$ | 199 | ${ }_{99}$ |
| Rubber products. | 245 | * 209 | 214 | 220 | 220 | 221 | 225 | 218 | 227 | 233 | 240 | 245 | 248 |
| Rubber tires and inner tubes....-.......-do |  | FE99 | 101 | 104 | 104 | 105 | 106 | 99 | 103 | 107 | 110 | 112 | 112 |
| Production workers, unadjusted index, all manufacturing (U. S. Dept, of Labor) $\dagger-\ldots$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 149.5 172.8 | 130.2 144.1 | 121.9 122.6 | 129.9 | 135.9 151.6 1 | 136.9 154.6 | 139.3 | 141.0 | 145.0 | 146.7 168.5 | 146.8 <br> 169.4 | 149.1 | 149.9 |
| Iron and steel and their products.............dido | 150.4 | - 131.9 | 85.0 | 127.9 | 134.5 | 133.1 | 136.2 | 140.2 | 144.5 | 146.9 | 145.5 | 148.9 | 147.4 |
| Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills $1939=10$ |  |  | 43.7 | 20. | 119.9 |  | 116.6 | 120.9 | 123.6 | 123.6 | 121.9 |  |  |
| Electrical machinery ..........................do | 222.8 | 183.7 | 134.2 | 141.5 | 171.5 | 188.3 | 193.3 | 195.8 | 202.8 | 209.4 | 1215.2 | 219.2 | 222.0 |
| Machinery, except electrical .................do | 212.4 | 180.9 | 157.2 | 166.5 | 179.3 | 187.0 | 191.3 | 194.4 | 199.0 | 202.5 | 206.5 | 209.5 | 211.3 |
| Machinery and machine-shop products . . . do |  | 164.9 | 145.8 | 155.1 | 170.0 | 170.6 | 171.8 | 173.7 | 176.2 | 179.5 | 183.0 | 186.7 | 187.6 |
| Machine tools§.............................. do |  | 158.6 | 159.5 | 156.4 | 162.3 | 161.1 | 161.9 | 161.5 | 167.5 | 169.2 | 169.2 | 162.9 | 163.8 |
| Automobiles. | 177.9 | 103.5 | 103.0 | 111.2 | 154.8 | 161.8 | 166.1 | 173.6 | 180.9 | 188.8 | 185.2 | 186.1 | 185. 1 |
| Transportation equipment, exc. automobiles d | 287.8 | 326.9 | 294.4 | 289.3 | 306.4 | 298.1 | 290.8 | 289.1 | 284.0 | 276.3 | 277.2 | 281.6 | 287.2 |
| Aircraft and parts (excluding engines) §.....do |  | 298.9 | 296.2 | 294.4 | 303.9 | 311.2 | 316.3 | 324.2 | 338.3 | 351.6 | ז 360.9 | - 368.8 | 364.8 |
| Aircraft engines§ |  | 239.7 | 239.0 | 252.2 | 293.1 | 294.0 | 292.3 | 298.3 | 309.3 | 310.5 | 321.8 | 329.0 | 325.4 |
| Shipbuilding and boatbuilding§ |  | 359.6 | 328.7 | 315.7 | 306.9 | 279.0 | 264.6 | 251.2 | 228.6 | 200.8 | r 193.3 | r 193.2 | 206.2 |
| Nonferrous metals and products. | 178.5 | 145.3 | 126.8 | 137.9 | 146.9 | 151.4 | 159.0 | 165.0 | 170.9 | 172.9 | 175.4 | 177.2 | 178.9 |
| Lumber and timber basic products . ......--- do | 152.0 | 122.3 | 124.0 | 127.0 | 132.6 | 137.0 | 141.3 | 143.4 | 149.4 | 149.2 | 151.2 | 153.5 | 151.9 |
| Sawmills |  | 70.0 | 70.2 | 71.7 | 74.7 | 77.0 | 78.7 | 79.5 | 82.2 | 80.9 | r 81.3 | -81.8 | 80.1 |
| Furniture and finished lumber produ | 125.5 | 106.0 | 108.1 | 109.9 | 111.5 | 111.4 | 114.5 | 114.5 | 118.1 | 118.2 | 119.8 | 122.1 | 123.9 |
| Furniture |  | 94.0 | 95.4 | 97.0 | 98.4 | 98.4 | 100.6 | 101.1 | 103.9 | 103.3 | 104.7 | 106.2 | 107.8 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products............... do | 141.7 | 114.3 | 121.4 | 124.9 | 128.4 | 128.9 | 132.0 | 132.9 | 137.8 | 138.7 | 139.9 | 140.0 | 140.5 |
| Nondurable goods industries | 131.2 | 119.2 | 121.4 | 123.1 | 123.5 | 123.0 | 124.4 | 125.0 | 128.4 | 129.5 | 129.0 | 131.2 | 132.2 |
| Textile-mill products and other fiber manufactures $\begin{array}{r}1939=100\end{array}$ | 109.3 | 98.6 | 101.2 | 102.8 | 103.4 | 103.6 | 104.8 | 103.5 | 104.7 | 106.0 | 107.0 | 108.4 |  |
| Cotton manufactures, except small wares...do. |  | 108.3 | 110.4 | 111.7 | 112.0 | 111.9 | 113.0 | 112.4 | 114.2 | 115.1 | 116.0 | 117.5 | 118.4 |
| Silk and rayon goods. .-.........-...... do ... |  | 73.0 | 74.4 | 75.0 | 75.4 | 75.7 | 7 C .6 | 75.9 | 77.2 | 77.6 | 78.3 | 79.1 | 79.8 |
| Woolen and worsted manufactures (except dyeing and finishing) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| and finishing) $\quad$ ande. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | 99.9 | 103.1 | 105.9 | 106.6 | 106.7 | 107.3 | 103.9 | 104.4 | 107.0 | 107.5 | 108.7 | 110.2 |
| Apparel and other finished textie products... do | 140.3 | 121.0 | 125.8 | 128.6 | 128.9 | 128.3 | 130.6 | 126.7 | 132.9 | 135.3 | 137.4 | 137.2 | 139.2 |
|  |  | 82.6 | 85.3 | 86.8 | 87.4 | 87.8 | 89.4 | 87.7 | 90.2 | 90.2 | 91.3 | 93.4 | 94.0 |
| Women's clothing ..........---.............. do |  | 76.3 | 78.7 | 80.4 | 80.1 | 78.2 | 78.3 | 72.1 | 77.9 | 79.7 | 79.9 | 76.9 | 77.7 |
| Leather and leather products ..--------...-- do | 104.3 | 97.4 | 100.4 | 102.4 | 102.5 | 102.6 | 103.1 | 102.3 | 102.0 | 102.4 | 101.5 | 102.1 | 103.6 |
| Boots and shoes |  | 83.5 | 85.8 | 87.9 | 88.5 | 88.4 | 89.1 | 88.6 | 87.8 | 88.8 | 87.3 | r 88.2 | 89.3 |
| Food and kindred products....-.............. do | 126.7 | 123.0 | 122.2 | 121.0 | 119.8 | 118.1 | 119.0 | 129.0 | 136.5 | 135.4 | 125. 7 | 131.4 | 131. |
|  |  | 110.2 | 109.7 | 110.3 | 107.3 | 103.5 | 101.5 | 101.4 | 102.7 | 104.6 | 104.6 | 107.9 | 109. |
|  |  | 68.8 | 66.6 | 63.2 | 68.4 | 70.4 | 82.8 | 136.8 | 153.5 | 182.2 | 128.9 | 98.1 | 85.7 |
| Slaughtering and meat packing ---......... do |  | 126.7 | 125.5 | 122.0 | 115.2 | 112.9 | 106. 5 | 102.4 | 114.8 | 78.6 | 70.0 | 115.3 | 125.0 |
| Tobacco manufactures --.............-....... do | 94.9 143.4 | 87.0 | 87.3 | 87.9 | 90.8 | ${ }^{91} 9$ | 92.1 | 90.7 | 91.7 | 93.5 | 95.8 | 97.6 | 98.3 |
| Paper and allied products.........-............. do. | 143.4 | 128.6 | 131.0 | 132.9 | 1.34 .5 | 135.3 | 137.3 | 135.9 | 137.8 | 138.6 | 140.2 | 142.9 | - 144. |
| Paper and pulp....... ${ }^{\text {Printing, publishing, and andied industries }}$ |  | 113.9 | 116.3 | 117.9 | 119.3 | 120.0 | 121.9 | 120.9 | 122.1 | 122.0 | 122.0 | 123.5 | 124. |
| Printing, publishing, and allied industries ...- do Newspapers and periodicals $\ddagger$.-......... do | 121.8 | 109.4 | 112. 1 | 113.5 | 114.2 | 114.3 | 115.7 | 116.8 | 117.0 | 117.6 | 120.1 | 121.6 | 122. |
| Newspapers and periodicals $\ddagger$................ do Printing, book and job $\ddagger$ - |  | 103. 1 | 105.3 | 107.0 | 108.1 | 109.0 | 109.4 | 109.6 | 110.4 | 111.0 | 112.8 | 113.7 | 115. |
|  |  | 117.6 | 120.9 | 122.1 | 122.2 | 121.3 | 123.8 | 126.3 | 125.0 | 125.8 | 128.9 | 130. 6 | 131. |
| Chemicals and allied produ | 176.0 | 169.7 | 170.3 | 171.4 | 170.9 | 166.8 | 165.1 | 163.7 | 164.9 | 167.9 | 170.5 | 173.7 | 174. |
| Products of petroleum |  | 164.7 <br> 134.0 <br> 1 | ${ }_{130.8}^{165 .}$ | 165.9 136.7 | 169.6 138.2 | 167.5 | 169.0 | 168.4 | 168.5 | 167.6 | 169.8 | 173.3 | 176. |
| Petroleum refining. |  | 131.9 | ${ }_{132.3}^{13}$ | 133.1 | 133.7 | 134.4 | 136.1 | 1137.4 | 1137.4 | 137.0 1378 | 136.8 136.2 | 136.6 136.0 | 136.4 |
| Rubber products. ${ }_{\text {Rubber }}$ tires and inner tub | 202.4 | 178.7 | 177.1 | 181.5 | 182.0 | 182.7 | 186.1 | 180.2 | 187.5 | 192.8 | 198.7 | 202.9 | 204. |
| Rubber tires and inner t |  | 182.4 | 187.3 | 191.6 | 192.8 | 193.4 | 195.8 | 183.1 | 189.9 | 197.0 | 204.0 | 207.0 | 207. |

[^13]1941-July 1942 for machine tools, see note marked " $t$ "' on p . $\mathrm{S}-10$ of the November 1943 Survey.
*New series. Estimates of production workers for 1929-43 for all manufacturing, total durable goods, total nondurable goods, and the industry groups are shown on p. 22 of De cember 1945 survey and data or January 1944 -February 1945 are on p. 24 of July 1946 issue, data beginning October 1941 for the individual industries are available on pp. S-8 and S-9. of the December 1942 and later issues (except as indicated in note marked $\$$ " above) and data back to 1939 will be shown later
tRevised series. The indexes of production-worker employment and pay rolls ( (p. S-12 and S-13) bave been completely revised; for 1939-41 data for the individual industries (except as indicated in note marked " 8 ") and 1939-40 data for the unadjusted series for all manufacturing, total durable goods and total nondurable goods industries, and the industry groups, see pp. $23-24$ of the December 1942 Survey; for 1941 data for the totals and the industry groups see p. 28 of the Marchi 1943 issue, for $1942-43$, p. 20 of the October 1945 isste and for January $194-$ Fehruary 1945, p. 24 of the July 1946 issuc; all revisions through Fehruary 1945 for the adiusted indexes (p. S-11) will be shown later.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1941 and descriptive notes may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1947 | 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Janu- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | September | Octo- | November | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ |

## EMPLOYMENT CONDITIONS AND WAGES-Continued

| EMPLOYMENT-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Production workers, adjusted index, all manufacturing <br> (Federal Reserve) $\dagger$ <br> $1939=100$ | p 150.0 | 130.7 | 122.4 | 130.3 | 136.6 | 138.0 | 139.6 | 140.6 | 143.8 | 145.9 | 146.4 | 148.7 | r 149.6 |
|  | D 173.1 | 144.4 | 122.9 | 138.6 | 151.6 | 154.6 | 158.1 | 161.2 | 165.9 | 168.3 | -169.3 | r 171.9 | -172.4 |
|  | - 131.9 | 119.8 | 122.0 | 123.7 | 124.7 | 124.8 | 125.0 | 124.3 | 126.5 | 128.2 | 128.4 | - 130.5 | - 131.6 |
| Nonmanufacturing, unadjusted (U.S. Dept. of Labor): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 79.3 | 81.1 | 81.7 | 81.4 | 81.0 | 79.0 | 81.4 | 82.0 | 82.2 | 83.2 | 82.9 | 83.5 |
| Bituminous coal...............................- ${ }^{\text {d }}$ do.. | 91.0 | 91.2 | 92.0 | 93.9 | 20.3 | 66.9 | 89.6 | 89.5 | 90.8 | 90.5 | 90.1 | 90.0 | 88.1 |
| Metalliferous..........-.-..........-.............- do | 87.5 | 76.3 | 67.5 | 65.5 | 62.9 | 67.7 | 74.4 | 78.0 | 82.5 | 83.5 | 83.9 | 85.2 | 86.4 |
| Quarrying and nonmetalic. |  | 83.3 | 84.3 | 88.8 | 93.8 | 95.7 | 98.9 | 101.2 | 103.2 | 102.5 | 101.7 | 101.2 | 99.5 |
| Crude petroleum and natural gas $\dagger$ |  | 90.0 | 91.0 | 90.8 | 91.8 | 92.8 | 94.2 | 95.4 | 95.5 | 93.9 | 93.4 | 93.0 | 92.6 |
| Public utilities: $\dagger$ <br> Electric light and power | 103.4 | 92.9 | 94.7 | 96.4 | 97.7 | 98.6 | 99.9 | 101.2 | 101.9 | 101.9 | 102.0 | 102.5 | 103.0 |
| Street railways and busses | 131.1 | 123.7 | 125.7 | 126.1 | 127.0 | 127.6 | 128.7 | 128.9 | 130.2 | 129.9 | 130.3 | 130.6 | 130.1 |
| Telegraph............. |  | 112.4 | 124.7 | 123.2 | 119.8 | 113.5 | 112.1 | 112.4 | 111.9 | 112.0 | 110.3 | 108.7 | 107.4 |
| Telephone | 185.1 | 146.3 | 153.7 | 158.6 | 163.5 | 167.6 | 171.7 | 177.7 | 181.1 | 181.0 | 181.6 | 183.4 | 184.6 |
| Services: $\dagger$ Dyeing and cleaning do |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dyeing and cleaning | 118.3 111.0 | 120.3 109.3 | 121.5 109.0 | 1124.3 | 130.3 110.0 | 129.6 110.7 | 131.6 112.3 | 130.0 113.6 | 124.5 | 125.6 109.9 | 126.1 110.1 | 123.0 109.9 | 120.9 110.9 |
| Year-round hotels. | 117.4 | 117.3 | 118.7 | 119.3 | 118.9 | 119.9 | 119.9 | 119.1 | 119.3 | 119.5 | 120.6 | 120.2 | 119.1 |
| Trade: <br> Retail, tot | 112.0 | 104.1 | 104.3 | 106.0 | 109.0 | 107.2 | 107.2 | 106. 2 | 106.6 | 109.8 | 112.2 | 117.2 | r 126.5 |
| Food* |  | 106.6 | 106.8 | 106.9 | 106.3 | 105.0 | 103.5 | 101.3 | 103.6 | 103.5 | 103.7 | 108.6 | 111.8 |
| General merchandis |  | 116.8 | 114.6 | 118.6 | 125.3 | 121.9 | 121.0 | 117.7 | 117.4 | 125.4 | r 132.4 | 144.8 | 171.1 |
| Wholesale $\dagger$ - | 111.8 | 104.7 | 105.5 | 106.6 | 106.7 | 106.0 | 106.9 | 107.5 | 109.1 | 109.4 | 110.7 | 112.7 | -114.4 |
| Water transportation* |  | 314.8 | 316.9 | 297.8 | 275.3 | 250.6 | 229.0 | 228.2 | 225.9 | (1) | ${ }^{1} 199.2$ |  |  |
| Miscellaneous employment data: <br> Federal and State highways, totalt ............. number. |  | 139, 381 | 142, 074 | 150, 013 | 165, 762 | 184,179 | 205, 161 | 225, 184 | 237, 601 | 236, 644 | 235, 045 | 220,879 | 198, 097 |
| Construction (Federal and State) ..............do.... |  | 14,908 | 16,277 | 21, 000 | 31, 871 | 45, 084 | 59, 001 | 73, 766 | 82,384 | 88,473 | 87, 889 | 75,850 | 56,289 |
|  |  | 95, 458 | 95, 596 | 97, 814 | 100,683 | 104, 445 | 110, 537 | 114, 717 | 117, 543 | 110,940 | 110, 363 | 108, 328 | 104, 901 |
| Federal civilian employees: 1 <br> United States. thousands. |  | 2,406 | 2, 402 | 2, 379 | 2, 394 | 2,360 | 2, 299 | 2, 282 | 2,232 | 2,154 | 2,119 | 2, 018 | 1,980 |
| District of Columbia-...---------.---...- do |  | 233 | 236 | 237 | 238 | 236 | 235 | 235 | 233 | 226 | 225 | 224 | 221 |
| Railway employees (class I steam railways): Total |  | I, 422 | 1,393 | 1,397 | 1,375 | 1,334 | 1,358 |  |  | 1,392 | r 1,405 | 1,412 | -1,383 |
| Indexes: Unadjusted $\dagger$-------------------1935-39 $=100$ | p 130.7 | 136.5 | 133.9 | 134.1 | 131.9 | 128.1 | 130.4 | 132.2 | 134.3 | 133.6 | 134.9 | 135.4 | ${ }^{\circ} 132.6$ |
|  | -135.9 | 142.0 | 137.3 | 137.5 | 134.0 | 128.6 | 128.6 | 129.5 | 131.6 | 130.4 | 130.5 | 134.3 | ${ }^{\sim} 134.7$ |
| LABOR CONDITIONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A verage weekly hours per worker: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Natl. Indus. Conf. Bd. (25 mfg. industries).....hours U. S. Dept. of Labor, all manuacturingt.....do.. | p 40.5 | 40.6 41.0 | 39.2 40.5 | 40.7 40.7 | 40.4 40.5 | 39.3 39.7 | 39.8 40.0 | 40.0 39.7 | 40.15 | 40.0 40.3 | 40.4 +40.5 | 40.4 40.2 | 40.9 |
| Durable goods industries*......................- do | $\bigcirc 40.3$ | 40.8 | 40.0 | 40.6 | 40.4 | 39.3 | 39.8 | 39.3 | 40.5 | 40.3 | r 40.7 | +40.2 | 40.8 |
| Iron and steel and their products**--......-do....- Blast furnaces, steel works, |  | 41.1 | 39.1 | 40.0 | 39.9 | 38.4 | 38.8 | 38.5 | 39.9 | 39.7 | 40.3 | 40.0 | 39.8 |
| Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills*-..................-.-.............................. |  | 38.5 | 30.4 | 37.9 | 37.5 | 35.8 | 36.0 | 36.4 | 38.2 | 38.0 | 38.7 | r 38.8 | 37.0 |
| Electrical machinery*------...................do...- |  | 41.3 | 40.3 | 40.3 | 40.2 | 38.9 | 39.8 | 39.4 | 40.6 | 40.8 | 40.7 | 40.6 | 41.1 |
| Machinery, except electrical*-...............-.-do. |  | 42.0 | 41.4 | 41.7 | 41.5 | 40.1 | 40.9 | 40.4 | 40.9 | 41.1 | 41.5 | 40.9 | 41.4 |
| Machinery and machine-shop products* do |  | 42.5 | 42.3 | 41.7 | 42.2 | 40.4 | 41.2 | 40.7 | 41.6 | 41.2 | 41. 6 | 41.1 | 41.8 |
| Machine tools*-.------....-............- do |  | 44.4 | 43.3 | 43.6 | 42.6 | 41.6 | 42.2 | 41.3 | 42.0 | 41.9 | 42.6 | 42.5 | 43.0 |
| Automobiles**.------------..-.-........--do |  | 37.5 | 34.5 | 37.0 | 37.4 | 36. 3 | 36.6 | 37.8 | 39.2 | 38.5 | - 38.8 | - 38.5 | 39.7 |
| Transportation equipment, except autos* - do. |  | 40.0 | 39.0 | 40.0 | 39.9 | 39.1 | 39.5 | 39.3 | 39.7 | 38.8 | 40.0 | 38.4 | 40.7 |
| Aircraft and parts (excluding engines)*...do |  | 41. 1 | 40.8 | 41.0 | 41.3 | 40.7 | 40.4 | 40.0 | 40.7 | 40.6 | - 40.6 | 39.6 | 40.4 |
|  |  | 40.9 | 42.1 | 41.9 | 41.8 | 41.3 | 41.6 | 40.6 | 41.4 | 41.9 | 42.1 | 37.0 | 41.9 |
| Shipbuilding and boatbuilding* |  | 38.8 | 37.3 | 38.8 | 38.5 | 37.6 | 38.1 | 38.4 | 38.0 | 35.7 | 37.7 | 35.7 | 41.0 |
| Nonferrous metals and products*--.-....- do |  | 43.3 | 43.2 | 42.2 | 41.8 | 41.1 | 40.9 | 40.0 | 40.8 | 40.7 | 40.9 | $\times 41.0$ | 41.8 |
| Lumber and timber basic products*.........do |  | 38.8 | 40.1 | 41.1 | 11.3 | 40.9 | 41.5 | 39.1 | 41.8 | 41.4 | 41.9 | + 40.6 | 42.0 |
| Sawmills (incl. logging camps)**-....-. do |  | 38.0 | 39.4 | 40.5 | 40.8 | 40.4 | 41.1 | 38.9 | 41.4 | 41.2 | 41.5 | 40.2 | 41.5 |
| Furniture and finished lumber products**.-. do Furniture |  | 41.8 | 42.3 | 42.5 | 42.3 | 41.3 | 41.8 | 41.0 | 41.9 | 41.8 | 42.2 | 41.7 | 42.2 |
|  |  | 41.4 | 42.1 | 42.2 | 42.1 | 41.3 | 41.4 | 40.6 | 41.7 | 41.6 | 41.8 | 41.4 | 41.6 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products**..--.-.-.-.do |  | 40.7 | 41.1 | ${ }^{41.6}$ | 41.3 | 40.2 | 40.4 | 39.5 | 40.7 | 40.5 | 40.6 | 40. 3 | 41.0 |
| Nondurable goods industries**-............... | > 40.6 | 41.2 | 40.9 | 40.9 | 40.6 | 40.1 | 40.2 | 40.1 | 40.5 | 40.3 | 40.2 | 40.2 | 41.1 |
| Textile-mill products and other fiber manufactures* .......................................... hours. |  | 40.4 | 40.5 | 40.4 | 40.3 | 39.8 | 40.0 | 39.6 | 40.1 | 40.0 | 40.2 | 40.2 | 40.9 |
| Cotton manufactures, except smali wares* do... |  | 40.1 | 40.0 | 39.8 | 39.8 | 39.3 | 39.5 | 39.4 | 39.8 | 39.8 | 39.9 | 40.3 | 40.9 |
| Silk and rayon goods**....-.........do do |  | 41.0 | 41.5 | 41.4 | 41.6 | 41.3 | 40.8 | 40.7 | 41.3 | 40.4 | 41.6 | 41.1 | 41.8 |
| Woolen and worsted manufactures (except dyeing and finishing)* ............................ |  | 41.8 | 41.6 | 41.4 | 41.4 | 41.1 | 41.1 | 40.5 | 40.9 | 41.1 | 40.9 | 40.1 | 41.3 |
| A pparel and other finished textile products* do...- |  | 36.7 | 36.5 | 37.5 | 37.2 | 36.9 | 37.1 | 36.0 | 37.0 | 36.9 | 36.8 | 36.6 | 37.0 |
| Men's clothing*-..........-----..........- do |  | 37.0 | 36.8 | 37.5 | 37.7 | 37.6 | 38.1 | 36.2 | 37.5 | 37.7 | 37.7 | 37.8 | 38.0 |
|  |  | 36.1 | 35.8 | 37.3 | 36. 5 | 36.4 | 36.1 | 35.4 | 36.4 | 35.8 | 35.5 | 34.8 | 35.3 |
| Leather and leather products**...-..--........do |  | 39.9 | 40.4 | 40.8 | 40.5 | 39.6 | 39.3 | 38.2 | 37.8 | 38.2 | 37.5 | 37.1 | 39.2 |
|  |  | 39.2 | 40.2 | 40.6 | 40.5 | 39.6 | 39.0 | 37.8 | 36.9 | 37.9 | 36.9 | 36. 3 | 38.8 |
| Food and kindred produets* |  | 44.9 | 44.3 | 42.9 | 42.8 | 42.4 | 42.3 | 43.8 | 43.7 | 43.0 | 42.4 | 42.8 | 44.4 |
|  |  | 45.4 | 45.1 | 45.1 | 45.0 | 44.2 | 43.9 | 44. 8 | 45.0 | 44.5 | 43.6 | 44.0 | 45.3 |
| Canning and preserving*-................do |  | 40.2 | 39.5 | 39.6 | 40.2 | 39.2 40.6 | 40.0 39 | 43.2 | 42.3 43 4 | 43.5 35 | 41.7 <br> 37 | 37.2 <br> 44.9 | 38.8 46.4 |
| Slaughtering and meat packing*-.......- do |  | 48.7 | ${ }_{38}^{46.1}$ | 40.6 39 | 40.1 | 40.6 | 39.3 | 43.0 | ${ }^{43.4}$ | 35.9 39 | 37.5 | 44.9 39 | 46.4 |
|  |  | 39.3 44.3 | 38.5 43.9 | 39.7 43.9 | 39.2 43.5 | 39.5 42.9 | 40.0 43.1 | 39.1 42.8 | 38.6 43.4 | 39.5 43.0 | 40.3 43.4 | 39.7 43.3 | 40.2 43.8 |
|  |  | 45.5 | 45.2 | 44.7 | 44.4 | 43.8 | 43.7 | 43.8 | 44.4 | 43.8 | 44.5 | 44.5 | 44.7 |
| Printing, publishing, and allied industries* do |  | 41.1 | 40.8 | 41.2 | 41.0 | 40.4 | 40.5 | 40.2 | 40.8 | 41.1 | 41.0 | 41.0 | 41.4 |
| Newspapers and periodicals*-.............do |  | 38.0 | 38.4 | 38.6 | 38.4 | 38.1 | 37.9 | 37.9 | 38.7 | 39.4 | 39.3 | 39.2 | 39.0 |
| Printing, book and job*-..-..............- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ |  | 42.9 | 42.0 | 42.7 | 42.2 | 41.4 | 41.6 | 41.5 | 41.8 | 42.0 | 41.7 | 41.9 | 42.6 |
| Chemicals and allied products* |  | 42.0 | 41.7 | 41.6 | 41.4 | 40.7 | 40.5 | 40.7 | 40.8 | 40.9 | 41.3 | - 41.3 | 41.6 |
|  |  | 42.4 | 41.7 | 41.5 | 415 | 40.7 | 40.8 | 41.5 | 41.1 | 41.1 | 41.4 | 41.1 | 41.2 | Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary, ${ }^{1}$ For October 1946, data relate to the end of the preceding month; data for the week ending nearest September 15th are not available.

$\ddagger$ Total includes state engineering, supervisory and administrative employees not shown separately , 1944 Survey regarding changes in the data beginning in 1943 . December figures do not include excess temporary post office substitutes employed only at Christmas.
$*$ New Series. Indexes beginning 1939 for employment in retail food establishments and beginning 1940 for water transportation are shown on p. 31 of the June 1943 Survey. Data *New series. Indexes beginning 1939 for employment in retail foad establishments and beginning 1940 for water transportation are shown on p. 31 of the June 1943 survey. Data prior to this issue; data beginning March 1942 for other series except aircraft engines, and beginning March 1944 for this series, are available in previous issues of the Survey
$\dagger$ Revised series. Revisions for 1939 through February 1945 for the adjusted indexes of employment in manufacturing industries will be shown later. Data for $1937-43$ for the index for 1939-41 for the other Department of Labor series on nonmanufacturing employment and pay rolls are on p. 31 of the Jume 1943 Survey. The index of railway employees has been shown on a revised basis beginning in the May 1943 Survey; earlier revisions will be published later. Data beginning January 1942 for the series on average weekly hours in all manufacturing industries are available in the March 1943 and later issues of the Survey; revised data prior to 1942 have not been published in the Survey and will be shown in a later issue.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1941 and descriptive notes may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1947 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Janu- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | January | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | November | Decem ber |

## EMPLOYMENT CONDITIONS AND WAGES-Continued



| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1941 and descriptive notes may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1947 | 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Janu- } \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\text { ary }}{\text { Janu- }}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Sep- tember | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Octo- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | Novem- ber | Decem- ber |

## EMPLOYMENT CONDITIONS AND WAGES-Continued

| PAY ROLLS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Production-workers pay rolls, mfg. unadj. $\dagger$-Con. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 166.7 | 165.2 | 171.3 | 174.6 | 181.1 | 184.1 | 178.3 | 186.2 | 196.0 | 207.4 | 212.7 | 222.0 |
| Paper and allied products..-.-.-.-............. do |  | 221.7 | 226.2 | 233.3 | 235.9 | 237.4 | 244.4 | 243.8 | 253.9 | 257.1 | 265.8 | 273.9 | 281.7 |
| Paper and pulp........-.-.-.-............-do |  | 198.4 | 203.6 | 208.1 | 209.9 | 212.7 | 216.7 | 218.4 | 227.8 | 228.0 | 234.9 | 240.2 | 244.8 |
| Printing, publishing, and allied industries....do |  | 165.7 | 171.2 | 177.2 | 178.9 | 179.5 | 184.2 | 186.0 | 190.5 | 195.2 | 200.3 | 205.5 | 214.9 |
| Newspapers and periodicals*................do |  | 143.5 | 148.9 | 154.4 | 157.8 | 160.9 | 162.0 | 163.7 | 168.8 | 175.6 | 178.9 | 182.0 | 189.7 |
| Printing, book and job* |  | 188.8 | 193.9 | 200.0 | 199.9 | 197.0 | 204.6 | 209.1 | 210.4 | 215.8 | 220.8 | 227.9 | 239.4 |
| Chemicals and allied products................ do |  | 285.2 | 284.7 | 290.0 | 291.2 | 283.8 | 285.1 | ${ }^{286.9}$ | 290.5 | 298.3 | 303.5 | 311.8 | 322.1 |
|  |  | 276.8 | 272.5 | 276.3 | 282.7 | 277.8 | 283.0 | 289.2 | 288.0 | 289.6 | 294.0 | 301.3 | 313.4 |
| Products of petroleum and coal.-........-.---do |  | 220.9 | 221.3 | 231.0 | 232.7 | 228.2 | 236.0 | 244.3 | 246. 3 | 250.3 | 245.8 | 245.7 | 246.6 |
| Petroleum refining..........................- do |  | 210.6 | 217.4 | 217.9 | 221.3 | 221.5 | 223.3 | 228.0 | 228.7 | 232.7 | 228.2 | 226.9 | 233.2 |
| Rubber products |  | ${ }^{290.1}$ | $\stackrel{292.1}{ }$ | 302.8 | 324.9 | 327.6 | 337.2 | 327.2 | 343.2 | 370.9 | 368.5 | 385.1 | 402.3 |
| Nonmanufacturing, unadjusted (U.S. Dept. of Labor):Mining $\cdot \dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 149.3 | 178.3 | 178.5 | 165.1 | 180.4 | 182.7 | 156. 5 | 193.3 | 194.0 | 199.9 | 182.3 | 212.3 |
|  |  | 209.9 | 222.8 | 230.9 | 26.0 | 97.4 | 243.8 | 198.4 | 241.0 | 234.9 | 237.1 | 233.1 | 258.3 |
| Metaliferous |  | 118.0 | 92.8 | 102.1 | 102.0 | 106.4 | 126.9 | 132.4 | 145.2 | 147.0 | 148.0 | r 146.9 | 159.3 |
| Quarrying and nonmetallic |  | 150.9 | 157.2 | 172.6 | 192.5 | 189.9 | 207.7 | 213.6 | 225.1 | 227.9 | 227.6 | 222.4 | 221.3 |
| Crude petroleum and natural |  | 138.0 | 142.0 | 144.4 | 144.0 | 145.4 | 147. 1 | 151.3 | 152.6 | 149.5 | 150.1 | +155.3 | 151.9 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Street railways and busses |  | 181.4 | 187.2 | 187.2 | 191.4 | 195. 2 | 199.5 | 206.7 | 211.2 | 207.9 | 212.6 | 210.9 | 213.6 |
| Telegraph. |  | 155.3 | 176.9 | 177.1 | 179.5 | 175.6 | 174.9 | 178.6 | 178.5 | 177.3 | 201.7 | 194.2 |  |
| Telephone |  | 205.2 | 230.7 | 237.0 | 246.1 | 254.0 | 259.9 | 268.8 | 267.6 | 265.0 | 269.2 | 273.0 | 264.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Power laundries |  | 178.7 | 177.0 | 181.3 | 183.3 | 186.2 | 190.9 | 193.3 | 188.4 | 188.7 | 189.8 | 191.5 | 201.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 218.8 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 211.1 |
| Food* |  | 159.7 | 161.7 | 163.9 | 165.7 | 166.1 | 170.0 | 171.5 | 177.2 | 173.5 | 174.6 | 185.6 | 194.6 |
| General merchandising $\dagger$--.....-.-...-........- do |  | 165.8 | 165.5 | 173.3 | 186.2 | 180.5 | 188.8 | 187.1 | 188.1 | 199.0 | 204.8 | 225.0 | 272.4 |
|  |  | ${ }_{561.2}$ | 165.0 | 167.5 | 169.8 | ${ }^{169.6}$ | ${ }_{467.6}^{17}$ | 174.5 | 177.3 478.8 | $\underset{(1)}{182.8}$ | 184.5 | 189.7 | 197.2 |
|  |  | 575.3 | 577.3 | 550.6 | 509.0 | 486.3 | 467.4 | 490.1 | 478.8 | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 422.6 |  |  |
| WAGES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A verage weekly earnings, manufacturing industries: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. Dept. of Labor, all manufacturing $\dagger$........ do . | p 46.79 | 41. 15 | 40. 58 | 42. 15 | 42.88 | 42.51 | 43.31 | 43.38 | 44.99 | 45. 39 | 45.73 | - 45.78 | r 46.86 |
| Durable goods industries--..-...-.-........- do | p 49.20 | 43. 67 | 42. 57 | 44. 79 | 45.71 | 45. 10 | 46. 32 | 46. 24 | 48.02 | 48.36 | 48.90 | + 48.60 | - 49.51 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical machinery $\dagger$-...----.-............. do. |  | 43.52 | 41. 49 | 41.81 | 44.03 | 43.99 | 45. 72 | 45. 59 | 47.49 | 48.31 | 48.28 | + 48.28 | 49.22 |
| Machinery, except electricalt..........-...-do. |  | 47.84 | 47.53 | 48.82 | 48.94 | 48.32 | 50.04 | 49.76 | 50.99 | 51.74 | 52.57 | + 52.06 | 52.80 |
| Machinery and machine-shop products $\dagger$ - do |  | 47.81 | 47.91 | 48.29 | 49.26 | 47.86 | 49.70 | 49.49 | 51.15 | 51.05 | 51.91 | 51.38 | 52.62 |
| Machine tools |  | 53.07 | 52.19 | 52.92 | 51.92 | 52.01 | 53.86 | ¢2. 44 | 54.07 | 54.45 | 55.61 | 55. 63 | 56. 62 |
| Automobilest |  | 46.19 | 43.01 | 46.75 | 48.72 | 48.05 | 49.32 | 51.15 | 53.80 | 53.37 | 53.41 | - 53.71 | 55. 44 |
| Transportation equipment, except autos... do |  | 49.29 | 48.09 | 50.51 | 52.50 | 52.09 | 53.32 | 53.70 | ${ }^{53.91}$ | 52. 65 | 54. 32 | 52.35 | 55. 34 |
| Aircraft and parts (excluding engines) ....do |  | 48.84 | 49.91 | 50.53 | 51.68 | ${ }_{51.63}$ | 52.55 | ${ }^{53.01}$ | 53.84 | 53.73 | 53.81 | 52.53 | 53. 53 |
| Aircraft engines* |  | 51.48 | 53.43 | 52.80 | 54.08 | 55.26 | 55.91 | 54.72 | 56.08 | 56.93 | 57.31 | 50.81 | 56.83 |
| Shipbuilding and boatbuilding............-do |  | 49.44 | 47.61 | 51.32 | 53.43 | 52.79 | 53.99 | 55. 20 | 54.41 | 50.91 | 53.96 | 51.42 | 57.09 |
| Nonferrous metals and products $\dagger$----.-.-. do |  | 46. 13 | 47. 13 | 46.92 | 47.29 | 47.18 | 47.61 | 46. 68 | 48.00 | 48.55 | 48.92 | r 49.27 | 50. 49 |
| Lumber and timber basic productst...--.-. do |  | 32.15 | 33. 52 | 34. 88 | 35. 34 | 36. 01 | 37. 62 | 35. 60 | 38.78 | 38.73 | 39.21 | + 37.74 | 38.73 |
| Sawmills (incl. logging camps) --.-.....do |  | 30. 58 | 31.91 | 33.47 | 34.02 | 34.71 | 36. 56 | 34.66 | 37.75 | 37.69 | 37.84 | + 36.37 | 36.97 |
| Furniture and finished lumber products $\dagger$-.-do |  | 36.07 | 36.86 | 37.78 | 38.21 | 37.88 | 38.73 | ${ }^{38 .} 37$ | 40.09 | 40.86 | 41.73 | + 46.62 | 42.54 |
| Furniture |  | 36. 56 | 37.46 | 38.46 | 39.16 | 38.87 | 39.31 | 38.80 | 40.85 | 41.62 | + 42.42 | r 42.41 | 42.86 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products $\dagger . .$. |  | 38. 33 | 39.76 | 40.98 | 41.47 | 41.00 | 42.01 | 41.80 | 43.23 | 44.03 | 44.46 | - 44.87 | 45. 91 |
|  |  | 38.75 | 39.01 | 39.83 | 40.13 | 39.93 | 40.28 | 40.46 | 41.89 | 42.34 | 42.45 | 42.86 | 44. 14 |
|  |  | 32.44 | 33.76 | 34.69 | 34.98 | 34.80 | 35.02 | 34.76 | 37.00 | 37.54 | 38.09 | 38.38 | 39.26 |
|  |  | 32.44 | 33. 66 | 34.69 | 34.98 | 34.80 | 35.02 | 34. 76 |  | 37.54 | 38.09 |  | 39.20 |
| Cotton manufacturers, except small wares $\dagger$ dollars. |  | 29.01 | 30.14 | 31.36 | 31.79 | 31. 58 | 31.75 | 31.64 | 34.81 | 35.35 | 35.57 | 36. 14 | 36.85 |
|  |  | 32.42 | 33.74 | 34. 74 | 35. 10 | 35.11 | 34. 64 | 34.94 | 37.42 | 37.20 | 38.67 | 38.69 | 39.53 |
| (except dyeing and finishing) $\dagger$ $\qquad$ Apparel and other finished textile products $\dagger$ dollars.- |  | 38. 52 | 41.0 | 41. 29 | 31.81 | 41. | 41.6 | 41.18 | 41.88 | 42.44 | 2.4 | 41.67 | 2.96 |
|  |  | 38.52 | 41.04 | 41.29 | 31.81 | 41. | 4.6 | 41.18 | 41.88 | 4.44 | 42.40 |  |  |
|  |  | 33.24 | 33.70 | 36.01 | 35.92 | 35.28 | 35. 23 | 33.83 | 36. 48 | 37:25 | 36.68 | 36. 55 | 37.24 |
|  |  | 33.88 | 34.94 | 37.04 | 37.50 | 37.68 | 38. 18 | 35. 84 | 38.11 | 39.14 | 38.89 | 41. 39 | 41.95 |
|  |  | 42.95 | 42.50 | 46. 83 | 46. 29 | 45. 10 | 44. 02 | 42.67 | 47.45 | 47.82 | 46. 25 | 43.21 | 43.84 |
| Leather and leather products $\dagger$.-.-...-.....-. do |  | 36. 03 | 36. 69 | 37.37 | 37.58 | 37.35 | 37.34 | 36.46 | 36. 74 | 37.47 | 37.09 | 37. 19 | 39.85 |
| Boots and shoes...---.---..............- do |  | 34. 71 | 35.99 | 36. 67 | 36.97 | 36. 77 | 36. 14 | ${ }^{35.38}$ | 35.17 | 36. 18 | 35.65 | -35.76 | 38. 65 |
| Food and kindred products $\dagger$.........-.....-do |  | 41.37 | 40.93 | 40.47 | 40. 76 | 40.70 | 41.09 | 43. 22 | 44. 34 | 43. 59 | 43.85 | 44.83 | 46. 94 |
|  |  | ${ }^{40.95}$ | ${ }_{31}^{41.15}$ | 41. 49 | 41. 74 | 41. 14 | 41.42 | 43. 81 | 44. 63 | ${ }^{44.60}$ | 45.45 | 46. 01 | 47. 55 |
|  |  | 33. 86 | 33.18 | 33. 71 | 35. 48 | 34. 64 | 35.78 | 38.89 | 41.12 | 41.50 | 40.82 | 35.31 | 37.87 51 |
| Slaughtering and meat packing......--- do |  | 46.68 | 43. 23 | 42.56 | 42.77 | 43. 99 | ${ }^{43.05}$ | 48.05 | 48.37 | 41.11 | 43.06 | 51.15 | 51.73 |
| Tobacco manufacturest |  | 32.36 | 31.98 | 32.95 | 32.48 | 33.52 | 33.83 | 33. 24 | 34.16 | 35. 25 | 36. 47 | 36. 66 | 38.12 |
| Paper and allied products $\dagger$ |  | 41.17 44.08 | ${ }_{44}^{41.15}$ | 41.97 44.80 | 42.03 44 | 42.10 | 42.74 45.34 | 43.12 46.06 | 44.26 47.56 | 44.57 47.55 | 45.61 49.05 | r 46.09 49.48 | 46. 90 50.05 |
| Paper and pulp.....-.-.-.-......-.-. |  | 44.08 | 44, 34 | 44.80 | 44.87 | 45.20 | 45.34 | 46.06 | 47.56 | 47. 55 | 49.05 | 49.48 | 50.05 |
| Printing, publishing, and allied industries $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 53.01 | 53.96 |  |  |  |
| Newspapers and periodicals*- |  | 52.95 | 53.67 | 54.86 | ${ }_{55} 5.63$ | 56.07 | 56.08 | 56.62 | ${ }_{58.09}$ | ${ }_{60.04}$ | 54.28 60.28 | 60.81 | 6.56 |
| Printing, book and job*-..-.-...........-do |  | 48. 18 | 48.30 | 49. 51 | 49.18 | 48.77 | 49.82 | 50.03 | 50.83 | 51.50 | 51.50 | - 52.60 | 54.77 |
| Chemicals and allied products $\dagger$............-do |  | 42.61 | 42.53 | 42.94 | 43. 28 | 43.31 | 43.95 | 44.67 | 44.91 | 45.41 | 45. 50 | 45.88 | 47.14 |
| Chemicals.........-....-.-................do |  | 50.66 | 49.91 | 50.25 | 50.58 | 50. 29 | 50.69 | 52.09 | 51.81 | 52.61 | 52.87 | 52.96 | 54.15 |
| Products of petroleum and coal |  | 52.06 | 53. 45 | 53. 30 | 53.27 | 52.80 | 53.34 | 54. 19 | 54.36 | 55.25 | 54. 38 | r 54.49 | 55.04 |
| Petroleum refining |  | 54. 59 | 56. 25 | 55.86 | 56. 61 | 56.49 | 56.46 | 57.02 | 57.10 | 58.35 | 57.32 | 57.11 | 58.55 |
| Rubber productst |  | 46.71 | 46.05 | 46. 46 | 49. 67 | 49.82 | 50.45 | 50.60 | 51.03 | 53. 69 | 51.74 | 52.88 | 54.73 |
| Rubber tires and |  |  |  |  | 04. 77 | 54.72 | 54.82 | 56.11 | 55.42 | 59.89 | 57.38 | 58.87 | 60.55 |

[^14]$\ddagger$ Sample was changed in November 1942; data are not strictly comparable with figures prior to that month.
§Sample was changed in July 1942; data are not strictly comparable with figures prior to that month.
*New series. Indexes of pay rolls beginning 1939 for retail food establishments and 1940 for water transportation are shown on p. 31 of the June 1943 Survey. Data beginning 1932 for the newspapers and printing, book and job, industries will be published later; see November 1943 Survey for data beginning August 1942 . Data for the aircraft engine industry beginning 1939 will also be published later.
$\dagger$ Revised series. See note marked " $\dagger$ "' on $p$. $s-10$ regarding revisions in the indexes of pay rolls in manufacturing industries and reference to revised data and note marked " $\dagger$ " on p. S-11 for reference to revised data for pay rolls in nonmanufacturing industies. The indicated series on average weekly earnings and average hourly earnings (p. S-14) have been shown on a revised basis beginning in the March 1943 Survey (see note in that issue for an explanation of the revision); data prior to 1942 have not been published in the Survey and will be shown in a later issue; there were no revisions in the data for industries that do not carry a reference to this note.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1941 and descriptive notes may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1947 | 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\text { Janu- }}{\text { Janu- }}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sep- } \\ & \text { tember } \end{aligned}$ | Octo- <br> ber | Novem- ber | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ |

## EMPLOYMENT CONDITIONS AND WAGES-Continued



[^15]The average for works who were emoled 1947 Survey
-The comparability of the series was affected by a change in the data in July 1945; see January 1946 Survey for June 1945 figures on both the old and the nisw basis.
Data beginning April 1945 are not comparable with earlier data; see note for hours and earnings in telephone industry at the bottom of p. S-13 of the April 1946 Survey.
I Rates as of February 1, 1947: Construction-common labor, \$1.123; skilled labor, \$1.919.
*New series. Data on hourly earnings for 1937-43 for the telephone industry are shown on p. 20 of the May 1945 Survey (See also note marked " $f$ " above regarding a change in the data in April 1945) and data for the telegraph industry beginning June 1943 are on p. S-14 of the January 1945 issue. Data on hourly earnings beginning March 1942 for the other nonmanufacturing industries and beginning August 1942 for the printing and publishing subgroups are available, respectively, in the May 1943 and November 1943 issues, and data back to 1939 will be published later.
$\dagger$ Revised series. See note marked " $\dagger$ " on p. S-13.

| Unless otherwise stated，statistics through 1941 and descriptive notes may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1947 | 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\underset{\text { ary }}{\text { Janu- }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Janu- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | Febru－ ary | March | April | May | June | July | August | Sep－ tember | Octo－ ber | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novem. } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ |

FINANCE

| BANKING | $\begin{aligned} & 1,662 \\ & 1,068 \end{aligned}$ | 1，770 | 1，772 | 1,7761,209 | 1,7701,198 | 1，777 |  | 1,7701,169 | 1，751 | $\begin{array}{r}1,741 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ \hline 136\end{array}$ |  |  | $\stackrel{r}{1,661} 1,085$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agricultural loans outstanding of agencies supervised by the Farm Credit Administration：$\oplus$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Farm mortgage loans，total ．－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－do． |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1，182 |  |  |  | 1，117 | 1，099 |  |
|  |  | 1，022 | 1，022 | 1，015 | 1，012 | 1，009 | 1，008 | 1，001 | 989 | 979 | 966 | 954 | 944 |
| Land Bank Commissioner．．．－－－－－－－－．－．．．－do | 135 | 214 | 205 | 194 | 186 | 179 | 174 | 168 | 162 | 157 | 151 | 145 | 140 |
| Loans to cooperatives，total－．－．－．－－－－．．．．．．．do | 195 | 161 | 154 | 144 | 125 | 124 | 118 | 124 | 130 | 151 | 180 | 189 | 188 |
| Banks for cooperatives，incl．central bank do | 187 | 156 | 148 | 138 | 120 | 119 | 115 | 118 | 125 | 146 | 175 | 183 | 182 |
| Agr．Marketing Act revolving fund－－．－．－－do | ${ }^{2}$ | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Short term credit，total－－－－${ }_{\text {Federal }}$ intermediate credit banks $\dagger$－ | 399 | 373 29 | 391 | ${ }_{29}^{423}$ | 448 | 466 32 | 479 34 | 477 | 470 | 454 30 | 421 | 401 33 | 389 34 |
| Federal intermediate credit banks $\mathbf{F}$ ．．．－－do | 35 | 29 | 28 | 29 | 31 | 32 | 34 | 33 | 32 | 30 | 30 | 33 | 34 |
| Production credit associations．．．．．．．．．．．．．－d | 245 | 208 5 | $\begin{array}{r}226 \\ 4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{4}$ | 274 4 | 291 | 304 4 | 305 4 1 | 302 3 | 291 3 | $\begin{array}{r}264 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 245 3 | 234 3 |
| Emergency crop loans ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－do | 87 | 97 | 100 | 105 | 106 | 106 | 105 | 104 | 102 | 98 | 93 | 91 | 88 |
|  | 29 | 33 |  | 33 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 32 |  | 31 | 31 | 30 | 30 |
| Bank debits，total（141 centers） | 83，365 | 80， 796 | 66，708 | 79， 119 | 79， 330 | 77， 518 | 78,191 | 82，374 | 73，900 | 74， 552 | 81，583 | 77，193 | 93，547 |
| New York City | 34，305 | 38，819 | 36， 210 | 43，449 | 42， 122 | 42，433 | 43， 219 | 45， 017 | 43，684 | 43， 155 | 33，913 | 31，088 | 41，252 |
| Outside New York City | 49，060 | 41，977 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 47， 670 | 46， 105 | 52， 295 |
| Federal Reserve banks，condition，end of month： Assets，total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}45,957 \\ 24,754 \\ \hline 308\end{array}$ | 44,268 23,970 | 44， 23,648 | $\stackrel{43,889}{ }$ | 43，652 | 43,807 23,518 | 44,828 24,456 | 44,625 24,164 | 44,045 24,748 | 44,813 24,594 | 44,889 24,109 | 45,647 24,791 | 45,006 24,093 |
|  |  | 294 | 347 | ${ }^{23} 626$ | －279 | 2， 254 | 24， 157 | 24， 245 | 24， 331 | 24， 213 | 24， 253 | 24,716 3 | 24，093 |
| United States securities．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do | 23， 941 | 23， 264 | 22，904 | 22，601 | 22，732 | 22，932 | 23，783 | 23，633 | 23，946 | 24，049 | 23， 518 | 23， 944 | 23， 350 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 20,941 \\ & 18,627 \\ & 45,957 \end{aligned}$ | 17，983 | 18，049 | 18，075 | 18，097 | 18，092 | 18， 103 | 18， 105 | 18，098 | 18，095 | 18，229 | 18，310 | 18，381 |
| Liabilities，total ．－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do |  | 44， 268 | 43，487 | 43， 277 | 43， 030 | 43， 807 | 44，828 | 44，625 | 45，045 | 44， 813 | 44，889 | 45， 647 | 45，006 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 45,957 \\ & 18,928 \end{aligned}$ | 17，822 | 17，559 | 17，659 | 17， 451 | 17，365 | 18， 206 | 17，906 | 18， 294 | 18，060 | 17，579 | 18，083 | 17，353 |
| Member bank reserve balances．．．．．．．．．．．－－－－do | $\begin{gathered} 18,98 \\ 16,963 \\ 631 \end{gathered}$ | 15，682 | 15， 537 | 14，853 | 15，606 | 15，653 | 16， 123 | 15， 991 | 16，245 | 15， 910 | 15，931 | 16，513 | 16，139 |
| Excess reserves（estimated）．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－dd |  | 1，089 | 1，014 | 627 | 959 | 807 | 1，112 | 856 | 1，085 | 725 | 567 | 1，063 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 562$ |
| Federal Reserve notes in circulation．．．．．．．．．．－do | $\begin{array}{r} 24,387 \\ 43.0 \end{array}$ | 24，153 | 24， 131 | 23，993 | 23，925 | 24，064 | 24， 191 | 24， 244 | 24，412 | 24，448 | 24，583 | 24，799 | 24，945 |
| Reserve ratio <br> percent <br> Federal Reserve weekly reporting member banks，con－ dition，Wednesday nearest end of month： |  | 42.8 | 43.3 | 43.4 | 43.7 | 43.7 | 42.7 | 43.0 | 42.4 | 42.6 | 43.2 | 42.7 | 43.5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Demand，adjusted．－．－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．mil．of dol．． | 39，902 | 38，026 | 37，610 | r 36,553 | 38，242 | 38，941 | －39， 241 | 39，362 | 39，303 | 39， 237 | 39，653 | 40， 135 | 39，981 |
| Demand，except interbank： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Individuals，partnerships，and corporations do | 39，866 | 37，933 | 37，741 | ${ }^{\text {r 36，}} 320$ | 38，041 | 38， 669 | ＋39， 374 | 39， 508 | 39， 273 | 39， 418 | 39，851 | 40，638 | 40，922 |
| States and political subdivisions | 2， 339 | 2，123 | 2，160 | 「2，281 | 2，456 | 2，433 | ＋ 2,318 | 2，274 | 2，245 | 2，370 | 2， 308 | 2， 270 | 2， 269 |
| United States Government | 1，706 | 16，227 | 16，481 | ＋14，008 | 12，363 | 11，377 | ＋ 7,665 | 7，299 | 6，556 | 4，680 | 4，640 | 3， 524 | 1，795 |
| Time，except interbank，total－－－－－－－－－－－．－do | 10，448 | 9，566 | 9，695 | r9，776 | 9,881 | 10，030 | ${ }^{-10,132}$ | 10， 214 | 10，280 | 10，344 | 10， 364 | 10，380 | 10，321 |
| Individuals，partnerships，and corporations do | 10， 295 | 9，416 | 9， 526 | －9，597 | 9，704 | 9，851 | ＋9，958 | 10，020 | 10，075 | 10，133 | 10， 159 | 10，158 | 10， 256 |
| States and political subdivisions．．．．．．．．．．．－do | 153 | 106 | 123 | ¢ 131 | 129 | 128 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 121$ | 139 | 145 | 153 | 145 | 162 | 165 |
| Interbank，domestic | 39， 131 | 53，021 | 52， 970 | －49，975 | 49，380 | 48，983 | r 46,161 | 45，750 | 44，905 | 42，631 | 9，235 | 9，148 | 39， 459 |
| Investments，total． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 42， 461 | 41， 243 |  |
| U．S．Government obligations，direct and guaran－ teed，total．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．of dol．． | 35，636 | 49，648 | 49，511 | －46， 529 | 45，986 | 45，58\％ | －42， 742 | 42， 269 | 41，463 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 392 | 1，742 | 1，517 | r1，039 | 1，052 | 1，014 | r 1，026 | ${ }^{2}, 773$ | －758 | －679 | －660 | －741 | 886 |
|  | 5，245 | 12，778 | 12．860 | ${ }^{+11,345}$ | 10， 608 | 10，359 | r 9,905 | 9，605 | 8，762 | 6，547 | 6，729 | 5，641 | 5，202 |
| Bonds（incl．guaranteed obligations）．．．．．．－do | 26，903 | 27，184 | 27， 234 | r 27,088 | 27，402 | 27， 471 | － 26,748 | 26，936 | 27，089 | 27， 228 | 27， 183 | 27，045 | 26，902 |
| Notes | 3，096 | 7，944 | 7，900 | ${ }^{\text {r }}$ ， 057 | 6，924 | 6，742 | ${ }^{+5,063}$ | 4，955 | 4，854 | 4，634 | 4， 472 | 4， 432 | 3，039 |
| Other securities．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－do | 3，495 | 3，365 | 3，452 | －3， 437 | 3，387 | 3，390 | ＋3，413 | 3，481 | 3，442 | 3，543 | 3，417 | 3，384 | 3，430 |
| Loans，total | 16，774 | 15，190 | 15．178 | ${ }^{+15,272}$ | 15，053 | 14，904 | －14， 888 | 14，912 | 15，078 | 15， 477 | 16，093 | 16，548 | 16，694 |
| Commercial，industrial，and agricultural§．．．－do | 10， 499 | 7，300 | 7，382 | r 2,354 | 7． 473 | 2，167 | －1，953 | 1，604 | 1，371 | 9,164 | 1，208 | 1，325 | 1，375 |
| To brokers and dealers in securities．－．－．．．－．do． | 1，140 | 2，337 | 2，345 |  | 2，204 |  |  |  |  | 1， 253 |  |  |  |
| Other loans for purchasing or carrying securities mil．of dol | 998 | 2，687 | 2，520 | r 2，334 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1，597 | 1，107 | 1，129 | r 1，157 | 1，195 | 1，228 | －1，284 | 1，332 | 1，367 | 1，424 | 1，473 | 1，513 | 1， 563 |
| Loans to banks | 201 |  | 1，747 | － 86 |  | 74 | r154 | 189 | 172 | 127 | 188 | 146 | 2，302 |
| Other loans． | 2， 339 | 1，703 |  | r 1，835 | 1，866 | 1，840 | －1，920 | 1，932 | 1，976 | 2， 054 | 2，122 | r 2， 188 |  |
| Money and interest rates： 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bank rates to customers： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New York City ．－－－－．．．－．．．．．．．．．．．．．－．－．－．percen |  |  |  | 1.75 |  |  | 1.84 |  |  | 1.83 |  |  | 1.85 |
| 7 other northern and eastern cities．．．．．．．．．．－－do |  |  |  | 2． 34 |  |  | 2.51 |  |  | 2.43 |  |  | 2.43 |
| 11 southern and western cities |  |  |  | 2.93 |  |  | 2.97 |  |  | 2.75 |  |  | 2.76 |
|  | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1． 00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 | 1.00 |
| Federal land bank loansor．－．－．．．－．－．－．－．－．．．． do | 1.50 | 4.00 | 1.50 | 4.00 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 4． 00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4． 00 | 4． 00 | 1． 50 |
| Federal intermediate credit bank loans ．．－．．．．do |  | 1.50 |  | 1． 50 |  |  | 1． 50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1． 50 | 1． 50 | 1． 50 |  |
| Open market rates，New York City： Prevailing rate： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Acceptances，prime，bankers＇， 90 days ．．．．．．do | .811.00 | .44.75 | .44.75 | ． 44 | $\begin{aligned} & .44 \\ & .75 \end{aligned}$ | ． 47 | ． 50 | ． 59 | ． 71 | ． 81 | ． 81 | $\begin{array}{r}.81 \\ .94 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1． 810 |
| Commercial paper，prime，4－6 months．．．．．．．d |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Time loans， 90 days（N．Y．S．E．） | 1.50 | 1.25 | 1.25 | 1.25 | 1.25 | 1.25 | 1.25 | 1.25 | 1． 50 | 1．50 | 1.50 | 1． 50 | 1． 519 |
| A verage rate： <br> Call loans，renewal（N．Y．S．E |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Call loans，renewal（N．Y．S．E U．S．Treasury bills，3－mo | 1.38.376 | 1.00.375 | 1.00.375 | 1.00.375 | 1.00.375 | 1.00.375 | 1.00.375 | 1.00.375 | 1.38.375 | 1.38.375 | 1.38.375 | 1.38.376 | 1.38.375 |
| U．S．Treasury bills，3－mo <br> A verage yield，U．S．Treasury notes， $3-5$ yrs．： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A verage yield，U．S．Treasury notes，3－5 yrs．： Taxable＊ | 1．18 | 1.10 | 1.03 | ． 99 | 1.12 | 1.18 | 1.15 | 1.13 | 1.14 | 1.22 | 1.24 | 1.22 | 1． 22 |
| Savings deposits，New York State savings banks： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Amount due depositors－－－－．－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．of <br> S．Postal Savings： | 9， 232 | 8，357 | 8，419 | 8，502 | 8，560 | 8，634 | 8，762 | 8，825 | 8，875 | 8，919 | 8，958 | 9，013 | 9，159 |
| Balance to credit of depositors ．－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．d | 3，331 | 2，981 | 3，013 | 3，043 | 3，066 | 3，091 | 3，120 | 3，160 | 3， 188 | 3， 207 | 3，235 | 3， 260 | 3， 277 |
| CONSUMER SHORT－TERM CREDIT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ＇Total consumer short－term debt，end of month＊．．do． | p9，790 | － 6,427 | r 6， 534 | 「 6， 988 | 「7，376 | ${ }^{\text {r 7，}} \mathbf{6 1 8}$ | －7，911 | r 8，007 | －8，318 | －8，554 | －8，890 | －9， 375 | 9，964 |
| Instalment debt，total ${ }^{*}$ ． ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－do | p 4,059 | 2，364 | 2，408 | 2，507 | 2，652 | 2，789 | 2，908 | －3，030 | － 3,176 | － 3,300 | 3，466 | － 3,655 | ＋ 3,992 |
|  | p 1， 567 | 877 | 879 | 905 | 957 | 1，004 | 1，035 | r 1， 071 | －1，125 | －1，180 | 1，263 | ${ }^{\text {r }} \mathrm{r}, 359$ | r 1，561 |
| Automobile dealers＊－－－．－－－．．．－．－．．．．．．－do | ${ }^{p} 581$ | 235 | 245 | 264 | 289 | 318 | 336 | 365 | 394 | 425 | 466 | 505 | r 544 |
| Department stores and mail－order houses＊－do | ¢ 337 | 189 | 184 | 188 | 200 | 206 | 210 | －212 | r 221 | － 235 | 257 | － 284 | －338 |
| Furniture stores＊ | p 351 | 272 | 274 | 279 | 288 | 295 | 299 | 299 | 308 | 311 | 322 | － 337 | r 366 |
| Household appliance stores＊ | p 28 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 21 | 23 | 25 | 27 | ＇27 | ${ }^{+} 29$ |
| Jewelry stores＊． | $\bigcirc 115$ | 66 | －62 | 59 | 60 | 61 | 63 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 72 | r 124 |
|  | p 155 | 101 | 100 | 101 | 105 | 108 | 110 | 111 | 115 | 119 | 125 | －134 | ${ }^{-1601}$ |

r Revised．Preliminary．§ Includes open－market paper．I For bond yields see p．S－19．
$\oplus$ Effective Nov．1，1946，jurisdiction over the emergency crop and draught relief loans included above was transferred to the Farmers Home Administration．
$\ddagger$ Excludes loans to other Farm Credit Administration agencies．
$\sigma^{7}$ Rate on all loans：see note on item in April 1946 Survey．
\＆Effective June 12， 1945 ，only gold certificates are eligible as reserves．
－A rate of 0.50 was in effect from Oct．30， 1942 －A pril 24，1946，on advances to member banks secured by Government obligations maturing or callable in 1 year or less．
＊New series．Data beginning December 1940 for the series on taxable Treasury notes are available on p．S－14 of the Aprill 1942 and later issues of the Survey；since Jec．15， 1945 ， his series represents price of Treasury bonds of Dec．15， 1950 ．For information regarding the series on consumer credit see note marked＂＊＂on p．S 16 ．
$\dagger$ Rank dehits were revised in the September 1943 Survey ioinclude additional hanks；see p． $\mathrm{F}-15$ of that issue for revised figures for May December 1942

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1941 and descriptive notes may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1947 | 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Janu- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Febru- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | March | April | May | June | July | August | Sep. tember | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Octo- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | Novem- | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Decem. } \\ \text { ber } \end{array}$ |

## FINANCE-Continued



Revised. $p$ Preliminary. $\ddagger$ See note on item in February 1947 Survey for number of companies reporting and percent of industry represented. ${ }^{2}$ ' See September 1946 Survey and earlier issues for official rate; the official market was abolished July 22, 1946. Free rate prior to August 1945 is available upon request.
§The offlcial rate for Canada was $\$ 0.909$ from March 1940 , when first quoted, through July 4, 1946, and $\$ 1.000$ thereafter; the average rate for July 1946 was $\$ 0.983$.
\$Publication of data was suspended during the war period; data for November $1941-\mathrm{February} 1945$ will be published later. - Or increase in earmarked gold ( - ).
$\oplus$ See notes in the April 1946 and August 1946 issues regarding revisions in the data for 1941-44 and January-May 1945.
*New series. Estimates of consumer short-term credit as originally compiled are published in the November 1942 Survey and the general estimating procedure is described in that issue; data for various components have subsequently been revised; there tave been recent minor revisions in the data for single payment loans and the total (dollar figures and index) and earlier revisions that have not been published, as indicated in the note marked "* on p. S-15 of the April 1946 Survey. See November 1942 Survey, p. S-16, for a brief description of the series on payments to policy holders and beneficiaries and data for september-December 1941 and early 1942.
$\dagger$ Revised series. All series for insurance written are estimated industry totals and for group and industrial insurance are not comparable with data published prior to the March 1946 Survey (See note in that issue); data for 1940-44 for these series will be shown later; data for ordinary insurance continue the data from the Life Insurance Sales Research Bureau published in the 1942 Supplement and subsequent monthly issues.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1941 and descriptive notes may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1947 | 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\underset{\text { ary }}{\text { Janu- }}$ | January | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Febru- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | March | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | Novem- ber | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ |

FINANCE-Continued

| MONETARY STATISTICS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Money supply: <br> Currency in circulation mil. of dol | 28, 265 | 27,917 | 27, 954 | 27, 879 | 27,885 | 28,120 | 28, 245 | 28, 254 | 28,448 | 28,507 | 28,600 | 28,861 | -28, 952 |
| Deposits adjusted, all banks, and currency outside |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| beposits, adjusted, total, including U. S. deposits ${ }^{*}$ | p165, 200 | 176, 500 | 177, 300 | 173,600 | 174,400 | 173, 500 | 171,237 | -170, 400 | p170,000 | -169,400 | -169, 100 | p168, 500 | p166, 400 |
| , mil. of dol. | r139, 100 | 150, 400 | 151, 200 | 147,500 | 148,200 | 147, 200 | 144, 721 | ı143,900 | p143, 400 | $p_{142,900}$ | p142, 600 | 1141,800 | ग139,500 |
| Demand deposits, adjusted, excl. U. S.*.-. do...-- | P 82, 200 | 76,800 | 76.400 | 75,000 | 77, 500 | 78,600 | 79,476 | ${ }^{p} 80,300$ | p 80,300 | p 80,300 | ${ }^{p} 82,200$ | p82,800 | $p 83,000$ <br> $\overline{5} 53$ <br> 800 |
| Silver: Time deposits, including postal savings* ...do | -54, 100 | 49, 000 | 49,800 | 50, 100 | 50, 700 | 51, 200 | 51,829 | - 52,300 | D 52,600 | D 53,900 | ${ }^{\text {D } 53,200}$ | ${ }^{p} 53,300$ | - 53,800 |
|  | 2,945 | 20,937 | 4,794 | 888 | 119 | 268 | 322 | 106 | 273 | 1,147 | 166 | 858 | 6,579 |
|  | 13, 295 | 2, 490 | 3,679 | 1,602 | 2,918 | 930 | 1,187 | 7,089 | 8,283 | 5,557 | 4,385 | 11,595 | 7,861 |
| Price at New York - .-. ---.-.-------dol. per fine oz-- | . 765 | . 708 | . 708 | . 708 | . 708 | 708 | 1.708 | . 901 | . 901 | . 901 | . 901 | . 901 | . 867 |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada United States |  | 1,205 | 1,042 | 1,166 513 | 1,056 344 | 1,038 409 | 1,175 | 1,267 | 1,186 2,583 | $\begin{array}{r} 953 \\ 2,993 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 929 \\ 2,940 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 842 \\ 2,561 \end{array}$ | 2,928 |
| PROFITS AND DIVIDENDS (QUARTERLY) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 323 |  |  | 604 |  |  | 676 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 22 +19 |  |  |  |  |  | 94 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | d 94 |  |  | 21 |  |  | 44 |  |  |  |
| Other transportation equip. ( 68 cos.) --.-.....- do |  |  |  | (2) ${ }^{\text {(d) }}$ |  |  | 251 |  |  | ${ }^{4} 38$ |  |  |  |
| Nonferrous metals and prod. ( 77 cos.)..........do |  |  |  | 20 |  |  | 26 |  |  | 43 |  |  |  |
| Other durable goods ( 75 cos .) .-....-.-.-.-.-- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ |  |  |  | 12 |  |  |  |  |  | 42 |  |  |  |
| Foods, beverages and tobacco ( 49 cos.)......- do |  |  |  | 65 |  |  | 74 |  |  | 84 |  |  |  |
| Oil producing and refining ( 45 cos .) --------- do |  |  |  | 56 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial chemicals ( 30 cos.).- |  |  |  | 63 |  |  | 66 |  |  | 67 |  |  |  |
| Other nondurable goods ( 80 cos .) |  |  |  | 62 |  |  | 71 |  |  | 76 |  |  |  |
| Miscellaneous services ( 74 cos.) |  |  |  | 82 |  |  | 80 |  |  | 79 |  |  |  |
| Profits and dividends ( 152 cos.):* Net profits |  |  |  | 116 |  |  | 250 |  |  | 303 |  |  |  |
| Dividends: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 20 |  |  | 21 |  |  | 20 |  |  |  |
| Common.....-.......----....................do |  |  |  | 146 |  |  | 153 |  |  | 149 |  |  |  |
| Electric utilities, net income (Fed. Res.)*-......do |  |  |  | 196 |  |  | 151 |  |  | 142 |  |  |  |
| Railways, class I, net income (I. C. C.) - |  |  |  | 13.7 |  |  | ${ }^{1} 43.4$ |  |  | 123.7 |  |  |  |
| Telephones, net operating income (Federal Communications Commission) $\qquad$ mil. of dol. |  |  |  | 72.7 |  |  | 70.7 |  |  | 60.4 |  |  |  |
| PUBLIC FINANCE (FEDERAL) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U. S. war and defense program, cash expenditures, cumulative totals from June 1940:*..............mil. of dol. | 348, 650 | 326, 961 | 329, 773 | 332, 432 | 334,995 | 337,110 | 339, 264 | 340, 497 | 342, 061 | 343,051 | 344, 535 | 345, 954 | 347, 340 |
| U. S. Savings bonds:* <br> Amount outstanding | 50, 407 | 48,617 | 48,718 | 48,756 | 48,849 | 48,936 | 49,053 | 49,336 | 49,493 | 49,560 | 49,638 | 49,723 | , 864 |
|  | 50,952 | 960 | 622 | 626 | 668 | 594 | 571 | 752 | 590 | 494 | 519 |  | 576 |
|  |  |  |  | 634 | 621 | 552 | 519 | 537 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Debt, gross, end of mon | 259,776 | 278,887 | 279, 214 | 276, 012 | 273, 898 | 272, 583 | 269, 422 | 268, 270 | 267,546 | 265, 369 | 263, 532 | 262, 277 | 259, 148 |
| Interest bearing: | 233,601 | 256, 801 | 257,016 | 253,613 | 251,487 | 249,960 | 245,779 | 243, 994 | 242,916 | 240,364 | 238,340 | 236,671 | 233,064 |
| Special issues to trust accounts, etc--.--......-d | 24, 776 | 20,655 | 20, 897 | 21,135 | 21, 224 | 21, 481 | 22, 322 | 23,045 | 23, 443 | 23, 854 | 24,015 | 24, 254 | 24,585 |
|  | 1,399 | 1,431 | 1,301 | 1,264 | 1,188 | 1,143 | 1,311 | 1,231 | 1,187 | 1,151 | 1,116 | 1,351 | 1,500 |
| Obligations fully guaranteed by U. S. Gov't: <br> Total amount outstanding (unmatured) | 307 | 545 | 539 | 542 | 533 | 542 | 467 | 324 | 370 | 391 | 378 | 362 | 331 |
| Expenditures and receipts: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Treasury expenditures, total....................do | 3,005 | 4,891 | 3,510 | 4,602 | 4, 251 | 3,677 | 5,513 | 4,514 | 2,796 | 2,851 | 3,023 | 2,557 | 3,618 |
|  | 1, 412 | 3,417 | 2, 702 | 2, 550 | 2,560 | 2,182 | 2,442 | 1,190 | 1,509 | 1,100 | 1,481 | 1,436 | 1,580 |
| Transfers to trust accounts $\ddagger$ | 71 | ${ }_{684}^{684}$ | 148 | 23 | 200 | 95 |  | ${ }_{6}^{631}$ | 13 | 32 | 48 | 27 | 21 |
|  | 343 | 309 | 118 | ${ }^{646}$ | 174 | 106 | 1,395 | 249 | 122 | 648 | 160 | 105 | 952 |
| All othert.-...- | 1,180 | 482 | 543 | 1,383 | 1,316 | 1,294 | 1,671 | $\stackrel{2}{2,44}$ | 1,152 | 1,070 | 1,335 | 989 | 1,065 |
| Treasury receipts, Receipts, net | 3, 860 | 3,848 3,819 | 3,875 3,678 | ${ }_{5}^{5,762}$ | 2,734 2,677 | 2,998 2,733 | 4,482 4,479 | 2,600 $\stackrel{2}{2} 59$ | $\stackrel{2}{2,717}$ | 4,481 4,478 | $\stackrel{2}{2,617}$ | 2,639 2,364 |  |
| Reccipts, net | 3,820 46 | 3,819 42 | 3,678 3 3 | $\begin{array}{r}5,747 \\ \hline 42\end{array}$ | 2,677 | 2,733 | $\begin{array}{r}4,479 \\ \hline 35 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2, 539 | 2,434 | 4,478 42 | 2,544 | 2, 364 | 4, 43 |
|  | 3,415 | 3,451 | 3, 684 | 5,583 | 2. 310 | $\stackrel{2}{2} 308$ | 4,080 | 2, 251 | 2,494 | 4, 291 | 2,230 | 2,403 | $\stackrel{2,971}{2}$ |
| Income taxes | 2, 664 | 2,755 | 2,790 | 4,838 | 1,603 | 1,407 | 3,392 | 1,488 | 1,513 | 3, 550 | 1,404 | 1,444 | 2,886 |
|  | 58 | 51 | 310 | 100 |  | 285 | 76 |  | 302 | 89 |  | 290 | 89 |
| Net expenditures of Government wholly owned ${ }^{\text {corporations }}$........................... of dol. | 108 | -31 | -75 | -757 | -18 | 187 | -161 | -870 | 136 | -96 | -59 | -28 | 45 |
| Government corporations and credit agencies: $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Assets, except interagency, total ..........mil. of dol Loans receivable, total (less reserves).......do |  |  |  | 33,553 5,297 |  |  | 27,572 5,425 |  |  | 29,569 5,949 |  |  | 30,409 6,649 |
| To aid agriculture |  |  |  | 2,935 |  |  | 2,873 |  |  | 2,860 |  |  | 2,884 |
|  |  |  |  | 825 |  |  | 759 |  |  | 704 |  |  | ${ }^{659}$ |
|  |  |  |  | 196 |  |  | 195 |  |  | 171 |  |  | 171 |
| To aid other industries...-................... do |  |  |  | 200 |  |  | 196 |  |  | 182 20 |  |  | 192 |
| To aid other financial institutions............do |  |  |  | 185 |  |  | 235 |  |  | 237 |  |  | 295 |
|  |  |  |  | 655 |  |  | 989 |  |  | 1,632 |  |  | 2, 284 |
|  |  |  |  | 715 |  |  | 656 1.459 |  |  | 1,641 |  |  | ${ }^{623}$ |
| Commodities, supplies, and materials .-mil. of dol |  |  |  | 1,918 |  |  | 1,459 |  |  | 1,429 1,836 |  |  | 1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,401 |  |  | , 390 |  |  | $\stackrel{547}{ }$ |
| Land, structures, and equipment......-......-do |  |  |  | 20,784 |  |  | 15,557 |  |  | 16, 973 |  |  | 16,924 |
| All other assets-.-.-........-.-.-..........- do |  |  |  | 3, 480 |  |  | 2,961 |  |  | ${ }^{2}, 992$ |  |  | 3, ${ }_{5} 152$ |
| Liabilities, except interagency, total .....-.......do |  |  |  | 6,856 |  |  | 5,752 |  |  | 5,004 |  |  | 5,101 |
| Bonds, notes, and debentures: <br> Guaranteed by the United States. $\qquad$ do |  |  |  | 536 |  |  | 325 |  |  | 377 |  |  | 261 |
| Other-.-.-.......................................... do |  |  |  | 1,133 |  |  | 1,234 |  |  | 1,250 |  |  | 1,252 |
| Other liabilities |  |  |  | 5,187 |  |  | 4,193 |  |  | 3, 377 |  |  |  |
| Privately owned intere |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 498 24.810 |

## Revised. p Preliminary. ${ }^{d}$ Deficit.

Data contain series published in the 1942 Supp ${ }^{1}$ A verage for July 11-31. ${ }^{2}$ Partly estimated. $\otimes$ Data are on the basis of Daily Treasury Statements (unrevised).
Quotations are for foreign silver through July 1946; thereafter they apply also to domestic and Treasury silver if such silver enters into New York market transactions,
$0^{7}$ For 1941-44 data for 629 companies and the industrial groups, see p. 31 of the October 1946 Survey.

* New series. For data for $1929-40$ for profits and dividends of 152 companies see p. 21 of the April 1942 Survey; 1941-44 revisions are available upon request. Data beginning July 1940 for expenditures for the U. S. war and defense program are shown on p . 29 of the June 1943 Survey; beginning July 1945 data are from the Treasury Daily Statements. See
 deposits and currency outside banks, and U. S. savings bonds; data for the bank deposits, etc., beginning Jantiary 1947 are for the last Wednesday or the month instead or the end on $\dagger$ Revised series. Data for government corporations and credit agencies have been shown on a revised basis beginning in the May 1946 Survey; data for certain items were further evised in the October 1946 issue (see note on p. S-18 of the February 1947 Survey for further information on these series).

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1941 and descriptive notes may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1947 | 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | Janu- | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | September | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Octo- } \\ & \text { ber- } \end{aligned}$ | Novem- <br> ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Decem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ |

FINANCE-Continued

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline PUBLIC FINANCE (FEDERAL)-Continued \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Reconstruction Finance Corporation, loans outstanding, end of month, totalt mil. of dol. \& 1,270 \& 1,827 \& 1,807 \& 1,776 \& 1,680 \& 1,689 \& 1,474 \& 1,453 \& 1,433 \& 1,327 \& 1,273 \& 1,279 \& 1. 287 \\
\hline Banks and trust cos., incl. receivers.............do...- \& 188 \& 234 \& 229 \& 223 \& 221 \& 219 \& 214 \& 212 \& 208 \& 206 \& 203 \& 203 \& 201 \\
\hline Other financial institutions---.-.-............... do \& 54 \& 100 \& 99 \& 89 \& 87 \& 85 \& 83 \& 81 \& 51 \& 50 \& 49 \& 49 \& 50 \\
\hline Railroads, including receivers....---...............d. do \& 146 \& 192 \& 171 \& 172 \& 171 \& 171 \& 171 \& 148 \& 147 \& 147 \& 147 \& 147 \& 147 \\
\hline Loans to business enterprises, except to aid in national defense \(\qquad\) mil. of dol \& 172 \& 145 \& 146 \& 175 \& 140 \& 143 \& 171 \& 168 \& 158 \& 160 \& 158 \& 165 \& 168 \\
\hline  \& 318 \& 694 \& 703 \& 689 \& 642 \& 656 \& 419 \& 429 \& 459 \& 358 \& 318 \& 320 \& 327 \\
\hline Other loans and authorizations...-..--.................do \& 391 \& 461 \& 459 \& 427 \& 420 \& 416 \& 416 \& 415 \& 410 \& 406 \& 397 \& 396 \& 395 \\
\hline SECURITIES ISSUED \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Securities and Exchange Commission: \(\dagger\) \\
Estimated gross proceeds, total. mil. of dol.
\end{tabular} \& \& 1,585 \& 1,180 \& 1,305 \& 1,937 \& 1,786 \& 1,542 \& 1,859 \& 1,360 \& 1,088 \& 1,276 \& 1,320 \& \(1.95{ }^{-}\) \\
\hline By types of security: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Bonds, notes, and debentures, total...-...-- do \& \& 1,406 \& 1,122 \& 1,168 \& 1,680 \& 1,579 \& 1,257 \& 1,633 \& 1,178 \& 1,016 \& 1,208 \& 1,148 \& , 799 \\
\hline  \& \& \({ }^{74}\) \& 239 \& 280 \& 425 \& \({ }^{637}\) \& 377 \& 495 \& 1345

34 \& 195 \& 315 \& 457 \& 660
138 <br>
\hline Preferred stock --------------------------- - \& \& 111 \& 25 \& 74
63 \& 154 \& 146
61 \& 129 \& 99 \& 34 \& 55 \& 24 \& 125 \& 138 <br>
\hline Common stock
By types of issuers: \& \& 68 \& 33 \& 63 \& 103 \& 61 \& 156 \& 126 \& 148 \& 17 \& 43 \& 47 \& 20 <br>

\hline | By types of issuers: |
| :--- |
| Corporate, total. | \& \& 253 \& 297 \& 417 \& 682 \& 844 \& 663 \& 672 \& 497 \& 267 \& 323 \& 629 \& 817 <br>

\hline  \& \& 188 \& 104 \& 134 \& 424 \& 299 \& 421 \& 289 \& 399 \& 134 \& 214 \& 540 \& 232 <br>
\hline  \& \& 44 \& 33 \& 79 \& 140 \& 430 \& 182 \& 342 \& 41 \& 113 \& 126 \& 63 \& 487 <br>
\hline Rail \& \& 7 \& 151 \& 194 \& 99 \& 77 \& 35 \& ${ }^{9}$ \& 3 \& 20 \& 40 \& 19 \& ${ }_{5}^{47}$ <br>
\hline Other (real estate \& \& 1,333 \& 883 \& 888 \& 1,255 \& 38
943 \& 879 \& 1, 186 \& 863 \& 821 \& 893 \& 691 \& 1,139 <br>
\hline U. S. Government \& \& 1,261 \& 803 \& 805 \& 967 \& 793 \& 755 \& 1,053 \& 778 \& 742 \& 703 \& 619 \& ${ }^{936}$ <br>
\hline State and municipal \& \& 71 \& 80 \& 83 \& 71 \& 150 \& 124 \& 132 \& 65 \& 77 \& 50 \& 71 \& 170 <br>

\hline | New corporate security issues: |
| :--- |
| Estimated net proceeds, total | \& \& 245 \& 291 \& 405 \& 666 \& 825 \& 643 \& '703 \& - 518 \& 261 \& 377 \& 617 \& 807 <br>

\hline Proposed uses of proceeds: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline New money, total....---------------.- do \& \& 111 \& 37 \& ${ }_{95}^{99}$ \& 213 \& 153 \& 245 \& 327 \& - 344 \& 138 \& $\checkmark 202$ \& 511 \& 523 <br>

\hline  \& \& | 63 |
| :--- |
| 49 | \& 17

20 \& 55
44
4 \& 148
65 \& 91
62 \& $\begin{array}{r}169 \\ 77 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 198
129 \& + ${ }^{126} 9$ \& 101
37
1 \& 160
+42
+1 \& $\begin{array}{r}329 \\ 183 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 557
66 <br>
\hline Working capital \& \& 124 \& 240 \& 289 \& 433 \& 658 \& 331 \& - 351 \& r 164 \& 117 \& r169 \& 86 \& 173 <br>
\hline  \& \& 56 \& 222 \& 257 \& 320 \& 514 \& 285 \& r 265 \& -94 \& 38 \& 36 \& 74 \& 97 <br>
\hline  \& \& 5 \& 2 \& 2 \& 57 \& 28 \& 14 \& 46 \& 50 \& 18 \& ${ }^{+} 122$ \& \& 59 <br>
\hline  \& \& 62 \& 16 \& 30 \& 56 \& 116 \& 32 \& 40 \& 21 \& 60 \& 12 \& , \& 17 <br>
\hline  \& \& 10 \& 15 \& 17 \& 21 \& 14 \& 67 \& 25 \& 10 \& 6 \& 5 \& 19 \& 12 <br>

\hline | Proposed uses by major groups: $\S$ |
| :--- |
| Industrial, total net proceeds................ do | \& \& 181 \& 100 \& 126 \& 412 \& 289 \& 405 \& - 325 \& r 421 \& 130 \& 210 \& 530 \& 226 <br>

\hline  \& \& 98 \& 26 \& 94 \& 198 \& 127 \& 206 \& 131 \& - 326 \& 108 \& +71 \& 470 \& 145 <br>
\hline Retirement of debt and stock.........-do \& \& 74 \& 59 \& 15 \& 195 \& 154 \& 166 \& + 771 \& $\stackrel{91}{ }$ \& 16 \& r 133 \& \& 70 <br>
\hline Public utility, total net proceds.........-do \& \& 43 \& 32 \& 78 \& 138 \& 424 \& 179 \& 338 \& 41 \& 111 \& 124 \& ${ }_{6}^{61}$ \& 483 <br>

\hline | New money |
| :--- |
| Retirement of debt and stock | \& \& $\begin{array}{r}1 \\ 4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 31 \& 77 \& ${ }_{132}^{6}$ \& 5

418 \& $\begin{array}{r}10 \\ 135 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 181
156 \& $\begin{array}{r}6 \\ 34 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 13

98 \& 108 \& | 18 |
| :--- |
| 3 | \& 411 <br>

\hline Railroad, total net proceeds \& \& 7 \& 150 \& 192 \& 98 \& 76 \& 35 \& 9 \&  \& 19 \& 40 \& 18 \& 47 <br>
\hline  \& \& 7 \& 1 \& 2 \& 1 \& 7 \& 9 \& 8 \& 3 \& 16 \& 21 \& 18 \& 35 <br>
\hline Retirement of debt and stock........-.do \& \& 0 \& 148 \& 190 \& 97 \& 69 \& 26 \& 1 \& 0 \& 3 \& 19 \& 0 \& 12 <br>
\hline Commercial and Financial Chronicle: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Securities issued, by type of security, total (new capital and refunding) $\qquad$ thous. of dol. \& 622,874 \& -349, 613 \& 429,614 \& 562,023 \& 1,096,7111 \& ,044,800 \& 866, 896 \& 931, 287 \& 569, 921 \& 431,025 \& 551,683 \& 761, 054 \& 1,011,544 <br>
\hline New capital, total $\ddagger$. \& 487, 806 \& \& 122, 291 \& 200, 449 \& 373,340 \& 309,593 \& 424, 631 \& 491,013 \& 419,510 \& 231, 340 \& 352, 955 \& 659, 364 \& 788, 447 <br>
\hline  \& 487, 229 \& -200, 847 \& 122, 291 \& 199, 549 \& 373, 340 \& 301, 752 \& 424, 631 \& 491, 013 \& 418, 510 \& 231, 340 \& 352,955 \& 659,364 \& 788,447 <br>
\hline  \& 251, 532 \& r134, 670 \& 47,089
18.280 \& $\begin{array}{r}127,315 \\ 15 \\ \hline 150\end{array}$ \& 289,600

22,420 \& 191,930 \& $$
\begin{array}{r}
307,350 \\
9.145
\end{array}
$$ \& 366, 543 \& 354, 302 \& 170, 290 \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
2566,539 \\
47.265
\end{array}
$$
\] \& E89, 878 \& 668, 968 <br>

\hline  \& 214,862 \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { 68, } 732 \\ \hline 45\end{array}$ \& 18,280
56,922 \& - $\begin{aligned} & 15,970 \\ & 56,264\end{aligned}$ \& 22,420
61,321 \& 102, 6 657 \& 108, 136 \& 124, 470 \& 64,208 \& 61,050 \& 47,265
49,150 \& 69, 486 \& 119, 479 <br>
\hline Foreign \& 18577 \& \& - \& -900 \& 6, 3 \& 7,841 \& 18, \& 12, \& 1,000 \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 135, 067 \& 145, 766 \& 307, 323 \& 361,574 \& 723, 371 \& 735, 207 \& 442, 266 \& 440, 274 \& 150,411 \& 199,685 \& 198, 728 \& 101,690 \& 223, 097 <br>
\hline  \& 135, 067 \& 145, 766 \& 307, 323 \& 338, 374 \& 698, 371 \& 727, 605 \& 422, 766 \& 385, 774 \& 125, 661 \& 198,925 \& 198, 728 \& 101,690 \& 189,597 <br>
\hline  \& 102, 635 \& 112,954 \& 264.262 \& 284, 215 \& 362, 663 \& 663, 502 \& 366, 065 \& 345, 174 \& 92,057 \& 144, 180 \& 655, 208 \& 86, 316 \& 105, 385 <br>
\hline Federal agencies \& 21,500 \& 29,900 \& 20,060 \& 22, 980 \& 325, 685 \& 17,180 \& 40, 580 \& 32,920 \& 32,920 \& 38,455 \& 132, 645 \& 13,395 \& 33, 940 <br>
\hline  \& 10,932 \& 2,912 \& 23,001 \& 31, 179 \& 10,024 \& 46, 923 \& 16,120 \& 7,680 \& ${ }_{6}^{684}$ \& - 16, 605 \& 875 \& 1,979 \& 50, 271 <br>
\hline  \& \& 0 \& \& 23, 200 \& 25,000 \& 7,602 \& 19,500 \& 54, 500 \& 24,750 \& 760 \& 0 \& \& 33, 500 <br>

\hline | Domestic issues for productive uses (Moody's): |
| :--- |
| Total_-. .-.................................................... of do | \& \& 146 \& 78 \& 117 \& 199 \& 188 \& 236 \& 306 \& 239 \& 188 \& 293 \& 528 \& 649 <br>

\hline  \& \& 82 \& 22 \& 67 \& r 144 \& r 104 \& 153 \& 210 \& 175 \& 127 \& 246 \& 459 \& 533 <br>
\hline  \& \& 64 \& 56 \& 50 \& 55 \& 84 \& 83 \& 96 \& 64 \& 61 \& 47 \& 69 \& 116 <br>

\hline | Bond Buyer: State and municipal issues: |
| :--- |
| Permanent (long term) ...................... of dol | \& \& 75,934 \& 76,164 \& \& \& 143,933 \& 130,851 \& 138,678 \& 67,526 \& 89,389 \& 53, 290 \& 78, 194 \& 175,449 <br>

\hline Temporary (short term) $\qquad$ \& 27, 611 \& 131,086 \& 59,710 \& 23,909 \& 57, 582 \& 14, 734 \& -56,461 \& 141, 185 \& 3, 482 \& 131,893 \& 62, 729 \& 47, 388 \& 10,685 <br>
\hline SECURITY MARKETS \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Brokers' Balanres (N. Y. S. E. members carrying margin accounts)9 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Customers' debit balances (net) .-...-........mil. of dol.- \& 533 \& 1,168 \& 1,048 \& 936 \& 895 \& 856 \& 809 \& 745 \& 723 \& 631 \& 583 \& 571 \& 537 <br>
\hline Cash on hand and in banks...-- \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 370
498 \& \& \& \& \& \& 453
217 <br>
\hline Money borrowed. do
$\qquad$ \& ${ }_{687}^{210}$ \& 727 \& 645
755 \& ${ }_{712}$ \& 675 \& ${ }_{669} 647$ \& ${ }_{651}^{498}$ \& 653 \& 647 \& 729 \& 720 \& ${ }_{723}$ \& $\stackrel{217}{693}$ <br>
\hline Bonds \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Prices: ${ }_{\text {Average price of all listed bonds (N. Y. S. E.) dollar }}$ \& 102.89 \& 104.75 \& 105. 19 \& 105.29 \& 103.89 \& 104.03 \& 104. 21 \& 103. 52 \& 103. 10 \& 102. 15 \& 102.46 \& 102.00 \& 102.64 <br>
\hline Domestic.-.------.-...-.....................- do. \& 103.30 \& 105.14 \& 105.59 \& 105. 69 \& 104.25 \& 104.40 \& 104.61 \& 103.92 \& 103.49 \& 102.56 \& 102.88 \& 102.41 \& 103.07 <br>
\hline  \& 77.12 \& 82.32 \& 82.11 \& 82.69 \& 82.88 \& 83.16 \& 81.64 \& 80.97 \& 80.15 \& 77.95 \& 77.19 \& 76.89 \& 76.18 <br>
\hline Standard and Poor's Corporation: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline | Industrials, utilities, and rails: |
| :--- |
| High grade ( 15 bonds).........dol. per $\$ 100$ bond . | \& 122.6 \& 123.8 \& 124.5 \& 124.5 \& 124.3 \& 123.7 \& 123.9 \& 124.0 \& 123.8 \& 122.8 \& 121.8 \& 121.6 \& 121.5 <br>

\hline Medium and lower grade: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Composite (50 bonds) .--------..........-do - \& 116.3 \& 119.7 \& 120.0 \& 120.1 \& 119.9 \& 119.5 \& 119.5 \& 119.1 \& 119.1 \& 117.4 \& 115.8 \& 115.9 \& 115.9 <br>
\hline Industrials (10 bonds) .-------.-.-.-.- do \& 123.5 \& 123.9 \& 124.4 \& 124.5 \& 124.4 \& 123.9 \& 123.9 \& 123.4 \& 124.0 \& 123.3 \& 122.2 \& 122.5 \& 123.0 <br>
\hline Public utilities (20 bonds).-.-.---------- do \& 111.2 \& 116.3 \& 116.1 \& 115.9 \& 115.8 \& 116.0 \& 116.0 \& 115.3 \& 115.4 \& 114.7 \& 112.9 \& 112.6 \& 111.9 <br>
\hline Railroads (20 bonds) .-.-.-.-...-------- do. \& 114.3 \& 118.9 \& 119.6 \& 119.9 \& 119.6 \& 118.6 \& 118.7 \& 118.5 \& 117.7 \& 114.3 \& 112.3 \& 112.7 \& 112.9 <br>
\hline Defaulted (15 bonds) - \& 68.3 \& 84.9 \& 85.4 \& 82.7 \& 83.6 \& 81.8 \& 83.2 \& 80.1 \& 78.8 \& 65.4 \& 62.7 \& 63.6 \& 67.7 <br>
\hline Domestie municipals (15 bonds) $\dagger$..............do. \& 134.4 \& 141.6 \& 143.4 \& 143.4 \& 144.1 \& 142.1 \& 142.0 \& 140.9 \& 140.0 \& 137.8 \& 136.0 \& 136.8 \& 133.4 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

r Revised. §Small amounts for "other corporate," not shown separately, are included in the total net proceeds, all corporate issues, above.
ISince February 1945 data are from the New York Stock Exchange except for June and December data are estimates based on reports for a sample group of firms.
$\otimes$ Includes for certain months small amounts for nonprofit agencies not shown separately. tisee note in the April 1946 Survey regarding revisions in the data for 1944.
$\dagger$ Revised series. The classification of Reconstruction Finance Corporation loans was revised in the November 1943 Survey (see note in that issue); the figures include payments unallocated, pending advices, at end of month. There have been unpublished revisions in the 1941 -44 data for security issues compiled by the Securities and Exchange Commission as indicated from time to time in notes in the Survey; and revisions in the 1945 data as shown in the September 1946 and earlier issues; all revisions will be shown later.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1941 and descriptive notes may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1947 | 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | January | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Sep- tember | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Octo- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | Novem- ber | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ |

FINANCE-Continued

| SECURITY MARKETS-Continued Bonds-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Prices-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U. S. Treasury bonds (taxable) t. dol. per $\$ 100$ bond.- | -. 104. 3 | 104.6 | 106.0 | 106.5 | 106.6 | 104.8 | 105.3 | 104.9 | 104.1 | 103.3 | 103.6 | 103.7 | 103.9 |
| Sales (Securities and Exchange Commission): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total on all registered exchanges: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 165, 360 | r117, 243 | 98,956 | 107, 506 | 89, 462 | 83,438 | 73,743 | 72,691 | 104,881 | r 85,870 | 66,551 | 121, 416 |
| Face value --............-....-.-...- do |  | 217, 071 | 154, 882 | 121, 413 | 131,595 | 107,064 | 97,833 | 90, 590 | 94, 121 | 167,352 | r 131,884 | 97,458 | 161,049 |
| On New York Stock Exchange: Market value |  | 155,270 | 110, 162 | 91, 234 | 100,481 | 84,330 | 73,706 | 69,459 | 69,346 | 99,647 | -81, 197 | 62,101 | 116, 541 |
|  |  | 204, 041 | 146, 310 | 113,002 | 123, 634 | 100, 995 | 91,898 | 85,918 | 90, 244 | 160, 265 | r 125, 782 | 91, 836 | 154, 937 |
| Exclusive of stopped sales (N. Y. S. E.) face value, total ................thous. of dol. | 125, 491 | 186, 923 | 129, 337 | 105, 018 | 122, 337 | 93,952 | 84,033 | 79,886 | 78,010 | 149, 259 | 112,738 | 5,127 | 127, 553 |
|  | 125, 126 | 1,060 | ${ }^{122}, 605$ | ${ }^{105,720}$ | 10,318 | -4,299 | ${ }^{856}$ | ${ }_{181}$ | 7879 | 4888 | 12,392 | ${ }^{225}$ | ${ }^{265}$ |
| Other than U. S. Government, total.-. do | 125, 365 | 185, 863 | 128, 732 | 104, 298 | 112,019 | 89,653 | 83,777 | 79,705 | 77,731 | 148,791 | 112, 346 | 94,902 | 127, 288 |
| Domestic....-----------1.-.----- do | 118,519 | 175, 742 | 122,533 | 95, 912 | 104, 968 | 84,310 | 77,609 | 72, 473 | 72,441 | 142,298 | 106, 488 | 89, 201 | 120, 5444 |
| Foreign. | 6,846 | 10, 121 | 6, 199 | 8,386 | 7,051 | 5,343 | 6, 168 | 7,232 | 5,290 | 6,493 | 5,858 | 5,701 | 6,744 |
| Value, issues listed on N. Y. S. E.: <br> Face value, all issues. $\qquad$ mil. of dol | 137,00 | 138,961 | 139, 299 | 138,831 | 138, 519 | 138,364 | 136, 648 | 136, 596 | 136,714 | 136,838 | 136,880 | 136,787 | 137, 165 |
|  | 134, 859 | 136, 550 | 136,890 | 136, 423 | 136, 143 | 135, 968 | 134, 281 | 134, 257 | 134, 441 | 134, 569 | 134,644 | 134, 584 | 134, 995 |
| Foreign | 2, 148 | 2, 411 | 2,409 | 2, 407 | 2, 375 | 2,396 | 2, 367 | 2, 339 | 2, 273 | 2, 269 | 2,236 | 2, 203 | 2,170 |
| Market value, all | 140, 966 | 145, 556 | 146, 524 | 146, 181 | 143,904 | 143,944 | 142, 406 | 141, 407 | 140, 958 | 139,784 | 140,245 | 139,521 | 140,793 |
| Domestic | 139, 310 | 143, 571 | 144, 546 | 144, 190 | 141,936 | 141,961 | 140, 474 | 139,513 1,894 | 139,137 | 138,015 | 138, 1720 | 137,827 1,694 | 139,139 1,653 |
| Yields: |  | 1,984 | 1,978 | 1,990 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic corporate (Moody's) $\qquad$ percent | 2.79 | 2.73 | 2.68 | 2.66 | 2. 67 | 2.71 | 2.71 | 2.71 | 2.73 | 2.79 | 2.82 | 2.82 | 2.83 |
| Aaa | 2.57 | 2.54 | 2.48 | 2.47 | 2. 46 | 2. 51 | 2. 49 | 2.48 | 2.51 | 2.58 | 2. 60 | 2.59 | 2.61 |
| Aa | 2.65 | 2. 62 | 2. 56 | 2.54 | 2.56 | 2. 58 | 2. 59 | 2. 59 | ${ }^{2.62}$ | 2. 68 | 2.70 | 2. 69 | 2.69 |
| A | 2. 79 | 2.73 | 2. 70 | 2. 69 | 2.69 | 2.73 | 2.73 | 2.72 | 2. 74 | 2. 80 | 2.84 | 2.84 | 2.83 |
| Baa | 3.13 | 3.01 | 2.95 | 2.94 | 2.96 | 3.02 | 3.03 | 3.03 | 3.03 | 3. 10 | 3.15 | 3.17 | 3. 17 |
| By groups: Industrials | 2.63 | 2.57 | 2.54 | 2.54 | 2.57 | 2. 60 | 2.59 | 2.58 | 2.58 | 2.64 | 2.65 | 2.66 | 2.66 |
| Public utili | 2.73 | 2.71 | 2.65 | 2.64 | 2.65 | 2.69 | 2.70 | 2. 69 | 2.70 | 2.75 | 2.76 | 2. 77 | 2.77 |
| Railroads | 3.00 | 2.89 | 2.83 | 2.80 | 2.78 | 2.84 | 2.85 | 2.86 | 2.89 | 2.98 | 3.05 | 3.05 | 3.04 |
| Domestic municipals: <br> Bond Buyer (20 cities |  | 1.3 | 1.29 | 1.29 | 1.37 | 1.36 | 1.41 | 1.51 | 1. 58 | 73 | 6 | 78 | 1.85 |
| Standard and Poor's Corp. (15 bonds) | 1.81 | 1.57 | 1. 19 | 1. 49 | 1.45 | 1.54 | 1.55 | 1. 60 | 1.65 | 1.75 | 1.84 | 1.80 | 1.97 |
| U. S. Treasury bonds, taxable $\dagger$.- | 2.21 | 2. 21 | 2.12 | 2. 09 | 2.08 | 2. 19 | 2.16 | 2. 18 | 2. 23 | 2. 28 | 2. 26 | 2.25 | 2. 24 |
| Stocks |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash dividend payments and rates, 600 cos., Moody's: Total annual payments at current rates...mil. of dol.- | 2,128.87 | 1,886.00 | 1,900. 31 | 1,908. 54 | 1,919.71 | 1,911.77 | 1, 943.39 | 1, 957.89 | 1,952. 00 | 1, 954. 89 | 2,002. 26 | 2,065. 80 | 2,110.73 |
| Number of shares, adjusted..............---millions.. | 954. 65 | 941.47 | 941.47 | ${ }^{941.47}$ | 1,941.47 | 941.47 | 1,941.47 | 941. 47 | 941.47 | 941.47 | 954.65 | 954.65 | 954.65 |
| Dividend rate per share (weighted average) .-dollars.- | 2.23 | 2. 00 | 2.02 | 2.03 | 2.04 | 2.03 | 2.06 | 2.08 | 2.07 | 2.08 | 2.10 | 2.16 | 2.21 |
|  | 3. 21 | 3.17 | 3.21 | 3.21 | 3.21 | 3.21 | 3.21 | 3. 21 | 3.21 | 3.21 | 3. 20 | 3. 20 | 3. 20 |
|  | 2.22 | 1.94 | 1.95 | 1.96 | 1.97 | 1.97 | 2.01 | 2.03 | 2.02 | 2.03 | 2.05 | 2.12 | 2.19 |
|  | 2.59 | 2.58 | 2. 58 | 2.58 | 2.58 | 2.58 | 2.58 | 2. 58 | 2.58 | 2.58 | 2. 59 | 2.59 | 2. 59 |
| Public utilities ( 30 cos .) | 1.92 | 1.80 | 1. 81 | 1.81 | 1.81 | 1.81 | 1.81 | 1. 81 | 1. 82 | 1.82 | 1.88 | 1.90 | 1. 90 |
| Railroads ( 36 cos .) | 2.75 | 2.64 | 2.77 | 2.81 | 2.81 | 2.65 | 2.71 | 2.71 | 2.71 | 2.65 | 2.59 | 2.76 | 2.77 |
| Publicly reported cash divid |  |  | 149.5 | 306.3 | 338.8 | 133.6 | 4976 | 393.1 | 162.5 | 451.8 | 344.7 | 158.2 | 950.2 |
| Manufacturing |  | 358.4 129.6 | 149.5 | ${ }_{237.6}$ | ${ }_{128.6} 6$ | 139.0 69.0 | 278.1 | 147.0 | 74.9 | 273.8 | 146.0 | 83.6 | 542.2 |
|  |  | 2.7 | 6 | 22.5 | 3.7 | 2.0 | 50.2 | 4.5 | 1.0 | 24.9 | 4.1 | 4.6 | 71.9 |
|  |  | 24.0 | 9.2 | 29.9 | 19.8 | 5.7 | 33.4 | 29.7 | 5.4 | 39.2 | 25.3 | 8.6 | 96.7 |
|  |  | 87.5 | 29.6 | 24.2 | 50.4 | 17.1 | 36.3 | 88.6 | 31.1 | 30.9 | 52.1 | 24.5 | 100.3 |
| Railroads |  | 19.7 | 7.2 | 22.5 | 29.3 | 7.6 | 33.8 | 17.2 | 4.8 | 17.9 | 12.5 | 2.0 | 47.6 |
| Heat, light, and p |  | 38.5 | 35.6 | 33.3 | 47.6 | 29.3 | 36.5 | 46.6 | 41.7 | 34.9 | 45. 3 | 32.4 | 48.1 |
| Prices: |  | 8.1 | 1.5 | 13.3 | 7.7 | 2.6 | 15.9 | 9.7 |  |  |  |  |  |
| A verage price of all listed shares (N. Y. S. E.) ${ }_{\text {d }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dow-Jones \& Co. (65 stocks).........-dol. ${ }^{\text {dol }}$ per share.- | $\begin{array}{r} 81.6 \\ 63.78 \end{array}$ | 98.2 74.78 | $\begin{array}{r}74.74 \\ \hline 8.7\end{array}$ | 73.01 9 | ${ }_{76.63}^{100.2}$ | 103.2 | 99.1 77.59 | $\begin{array}{r} 95.8 \\ 75.02 \end{array}$ | 89.6 73.81 | 80.2 62.66 | 79.3 61.10 | 78.5 61.77 | 82.4 63.97 |
| Industrials (30 stocks) ............................do | 176. 10 | 199.00 | 199.46 | 194.37 | 205.81 | 206. 63 | 207.32 | 202.27 | 199.44 | 172.72 | 169.48 | 168.94 | 174. 38 |
| Public utilities (15 stocks) --.......................... do | 36.55 | 39.94 | 40.01 | 40.38 | 42.93 | 43.03 | 42.51 | 40.96 | 40.93 | 35. 05 | 34. 58 | 35.23 | 51.18 |
| Railroads (20 stocks) .-----....................... do | 49.56 | 65.58 | 65.12 | 62.89 | 64.30 | 64.77 | 66.64 | 63.22 | 61.45 | 49. 59 | 47.28 | 49. 24 | 36. 77 |
| New York Tirnes (50 stocks) ..................... do | 119.06 | 138.72 | 136.88 | 136.03 | 141.86 | 143.47 | 144.63 | 140.10 | 136. 45 | 118.36 | 114.00 | 114.14 | 118.34 |
| Industrials (25 stocks) | 199.92 | 226.00 | 223. 25 | 222.79 | 233.85 | 236. 11 | 237.16 | 231.21 | 225.97 | 198.49 | 191.65 | 190.32 | 197.29 |
| Railroads (25 stocks) | 38.21 | 51.45 | 50.57 | 49.27 | 49.88 | 50.84 | 52.11 | 48.99 | 46.93 | 38.24 | 36.58 | 37.97 | 39.59 |
| Standard and Poor's Corporation: $\quad 1935-39=100$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 125.2 | 144.8 147.5 | 143.3 145.8 | 141.8 <br> 144 | 151.6 155.9 | 154.3 | 153.2 156.9 | 149.6 153.4 | 146.4 150.4 | 125.4 | 122.3 125.9 | 120.6 <br> 123.8 <br> 18. | 125.5 128.9 |
| Capital goods (1616 stocks) | 117.6 | 133.1 | 133.6 | 134.8 130.8 | 139.4 | 141.7 | 142.7 | 138.9 | 135.2 | 114.6 | 112.4 | 111.5 | 117.9 |
| Consumer's goods (191 stocks) | 133.8 | 161.9 | 159.5 | 159.2 | 170.1 | 172.0 | 166.7 | 162.7 | 159.3 | 136.9 | 132.3 | 130.0 | 133.5 |
| Public utilities (28 stocks) | 110.7 | 124.0 | 123.7 | 122.8 | 127.5 | 129.3 | 130.4 | 127.7 | 125.3 | 109.7 | 107.2 | 105. 5 | 109.8 |
| Railroads (20 stocks) | 114.7 | 164.3 | 159.8 | 153.6 | 156.8 | 157.2 | 161.8 | 153.6 | 147.1 | 119.0 | 110.2 | 113.3 | 118.8 |
| Other issues: Banks, N. Y. C. (19 stocks) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 108.7 |
|  | 106.2 | ${ }_{139.2}^{126.1}$ | 143.8 | 116.6 | 144.2 | 141.8 | 136.9 | 134.7 | 133.9 | 119.4 | 113.8 | 115.8 | 117.6 |
| ales (Securities and Exchange Commission): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total on all registered exchanges: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Market value ------------.......-.thous. of dol-- |  | ,112, 016 | 1,930,314 | -1,480,187 | $\xrightarrow{1,869,130}$ | 1,744,725 | 1,409,683 | 1,223,124 | -45,915 | r81,805 | ${ }_{-54,52}^{1,290}$ | 51,669 |  |
| On New York Stock Exchange: |  | 112,908 | +90, 863 | 60, 203 | r2, 381 |  | 56, 784 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Market value.----.-.-............ thous. of dol.- |  | 1,947,730 | 1,574,139 | r1,217,250 | 1,504,771 | 1, 427, 037 | 1, 149, 180 | 1, 014,338 | -982,461 | $\underset{r}{\text { r1,616,631 }}$ | 1,103,151 | 950, 904 | $1,074,021$ |
| Shares sold-..-....................- thousands-- |  | 71,761 | 52,604 | '36,609 | 47, 002 | 46, 326 | 35, 865 | 32, 188 | 32, 196 | r 60,438 | г 38,919 | r 36, 955 | 39, 723 |
|  | 23, 557 | 51,510 | 34, 093 | 25,664 | 31,427 | 30, 410 | 21, 717 | 20,595 | 20,807 | 43, 450 | 30, 384 | 23,819 | 29,834 |
| Shares listed, N. Y. S. E.: Market value, all listed shares.............mil. of dol.- | 69,627 | 78,468 | 74, 165 | 77,932 | 80,943 | 84,043 | 80,929 | 79, 132 | 74,350 | 66,864 | 66,115 | 65,741 | 68, 595 |
| Number of shares listed.....-....................-millions.- | 1,779 | 1,614 | 1,620 | 1,628 | 1,645 | 1,666 | 1,686 | 1,719 | 1,738 | 1,750 | 1,756 | 1,764 | 1,771 |

${ }^{r}$ Revised.
${ }^{*}$ New series. For data for dividend payments for 1941-42, except for minor 1942 revisions, see p. 20 of the February 1944 Survey; revisions in the 1942 figures shown on that page and 1943 -44 figures are on $p .31$ of the February 1947 issue.
$\dagger$ Revised series. For an explanation of the revision on the price series for municipal bonds and data begianing February 1942 see p. S-19 of the April 1943 Survey; earlier data will be published later. Revised figures through 1943 for prices and yields of U. S. Treasury taxable bonds and a description of the data are on $p$. 20 of the September 1944 Survey. Yields through December 1945 for partially tax-exempt Treasury bonds are shown in the April 1946 and earlier issues of the Survey.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1941 and descriptive notes may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1947 | 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | January | January | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | September | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Octo- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | Novem- | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ |

FINANCE-Continued

| SECURITY MARKETS-Continued Stocks-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Yommon stocks (200), Moody's..............-percent | 4.5 | 3.5 | 3.8 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 3.9 | 4.4 | 4.4 | 4.6 | 4.5 |
| Banks (15 stocks) .................................d. ${ }^{\text {d }}$... | 4.2 | 3.4 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 4.0 | 3.9 |
| Industrials (125 stocks) .--.-.-.......................d. do.... | 4.4 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.8 | 4.1 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 4.4 |
|  | 3.3 | 2.9 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3.0 | 3. 1 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3. 6 | 3.5 |
| Public utilities (25 stocks) .--------------1.- do-- | 4.6 | 3.8 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 4.2 | 4.6 | 4. 7 | 4.8 | 4.6 |
| Railroads (25 stocks) .-.-. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ - | 6.6 | 4.5 | 5.1 | 5.1 | 5.1 | 4.5 | 4.8 | 5.2 | 5.6 | 6.5 | 6.3 | 6.9 | 6.6 |
|  | 3.74 | 3.54 | 3.49 | 3.45 | 3.42 | 3.47 | 3.46 | 3.43 | 3.44 | 3.57 | 3.65 | 3.70 | 3.76 |

FOREIGN TRADE

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline INDEXES \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Exports of U. S. merchandise: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& \& 「 209 \& -173 \& - 209 \& -192 \& 213 \& 220 \& 202 \& 218 \& 154 \& 127 \& 226 \& 249 <br>
\hline  \& 294 \& - 209 \& - 174 \& , 211 \& $\checkmark 199$ \& 219 \& 230 \& 217 \& 231 \& 168 \& 142 \& 259 \& 291 <br>
\hline Unit value ........-.................................- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ \& \& r 100 \& '101 \& 101 \& 103 \& 103 \& 105 \& 107 \& 106 \& 109 \& 112 \& 115 \& 117 <br>
\hline Imports for consumption: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Quantity \& 169 \& 139 \& +107

96 \& 128 \& $\begin{array}{r}135 \\ +124 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 131
122 \& $\Gamma 124$

116 \& r 139
+132 \& 130
130 \& 119
118 \& 120 \& 141 \& 146 <br>
\hline Unit value \& \& 91 \& 90 \& 92 \& 92 \& 93 \& 95 \& 95 \& 100 \& 100 \& 104 \& 105 \& 107 <br>
\hline Agricultural products, quantity:§ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline | Exports, domestic, total: |
| :--- |
| Unadjusted $1924-29=100$ | \& \& 127 \& 108 \& 118 \& 105 \& 113 \& 118 \& 107 \& 95 \& 69 \& 43 \& 102 \& 108 <br>

\hline  \& \& 123 \& 124 \& 128 \& 128 \& 148 \& 161 \& 153 \& 128 \& 59 \& 31 \& 76 \& 90 <br>
\hline Total, excluding cotton: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Adjusted \& \& 204 \& 203 \& 185
200 \& 160
186 \& 156
183 \& 173
210 \& 156
187 \& 127 \& 101
87 \& 69

51 \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 136 \\
& 113
\end{aligned}
$$ \& 160

142 <br>
\hline Imports for cons \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Unadjusted. \& \& 103 \& 84 \& 106 \& 106 \& 95 \& 89 \& 4 \& 9 \& 89 \& 86 \& 108 \& 09 <br>
\hline Adjusted. \& \& 93 \& 78 \& \& 98 \& 98 \& 99 \& 112 \& 112 \& 101 \& 90 \& 117 \& 12 <br>
\hline SHIPPING WEIGHT* \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Exports, including reexports......-.-.-........mil. of lb... \& 19,888 \& 17,511 \& 16,808 \& ${ }^{+} 19,025$ \& 15,408 \& 13,314 \& 19, 275 \& 23, 534 \& 24,646 \& 21, 078 \& 17,301 \& 18,899 \& 17,444 <br>
\hline  \& 12,242 \& 10, 165 \& r9, 101 \& 10,112 \& 9, 891 \& 10,925 \& 9,679 \& 12, 490 \& 11,620 \& 11, 461 \& 10,566 \& 10,909 \& 10, 767 <br>
\hline values \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Exports, total, including reexports...-...-thous. of dol. \& 1,115,519 \& 798,653 \& 669,861 \& 815, 355 \& - 756,842 \& 850, 554 \& 877,683 \& 825,570 \& 882, 993 \& 642, 711 \& 536, 746 \& 987, 468 \& ,096,526 <br>
\hline  \& 8,357 \& 130, 391 \& 96,325 \& 116,215 \& 80,442 \& 66,614 \& 57, 194 \& 37,092 \& 33,809 \& 12,477 \& 7,587 \& 8, 557 \& 7,201 <br>
\hline By geographic regions: $\qquad$ \& \& 38,653 \& 42,349 \& 48,276 \& 46,932 \& 50,627 \& 42,166 \& 31,832 \& - 43.789 \& 27,553 \& \& 53,070 \& <br>
\hline  \& \& 111,346 \& 81, 050 \& 110, 505 \& 104, 394 \& 130, 875 \& 157, 933 \& 130, 312 \& 137,854 \& 99,470 \& 67, 263 \& 121, 680 \& 208, 207 <br>
\hline  \& \& 404,388 \& 320, 438 \& 391, 882 \& 339, 184 \& 383, 383 \& 370, 669 \& 379, 757 \& -354,879 \& 233, 960 \& 168, 582 \& 389, 885 \& 361, 462 <br>
\hline Northern North Amer \& \& 87, 794 \& 83, 535 \& 101, 556 \& 106, 641 \& 108,629 \& 117, 804 \& 123,836 \& 137,080 \& 135, 651 \& 158, 202 \& 157,786 \& 156, 202 <br>
\hline Southern North America \& \& 72,610 \& 72, 017 \& 82,936 \& 77, 594 \& 84,999 \& 88, 859 \& 77,094 \& 96. 168 \& 79, 293 \& 73, 395 \& 120, 557 \& 143, 415 <br>
\hline South America. \& \& 83,947 \& 71,511 \& 80, 200 \& 82, 697 \& 92, 222 \& 100, 823 \& 82, 593 \& 113,224 \& 66,948 \& 53, 313 \& 144, 489 \& 180, 777 <br>
\hline Total exports by leading countries:
Europe: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& \& 73,374 \& 67,936 \& 89,369 \& 78, 033 \& 70, 505 \& 62,577 \& 52,796 \& - 46, 382 \& 27, 530 \& 21,190 \& 67,492 \& 54, 669 <br>
\hline Germany \& \& \& 1,131 \& 1,646 \& 7,212 \& 3,515 \& 7,983 \& 11, 098 \& 15,636 \& 8,518 \& 2,331 \& 11,689 \& 10,943 <br>
\hline  \& \& 30, 803 \& 34, 507 \& 41, 809 \& 35, 04 \& 31, 187 \& 37, 234 \& 40, 146 \& 31, 004 \& 21, 651 \& 4, 424 \& 31,056 \& 31, 846 <br>
\hline Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (Russia).- do \& \& 52,501 \& 29,896 \& 32, 081 \& 30, 187 \& 30, 531 \& 48,090 \& 38,079 \& - 42, 671 \& 12,531 \& 11, 106 \& 16,039 \& 14, 078 <br>
\hline United Kingdom....- \& \& 81, 963 \& 60,013 \& 86, 163 \& 63,033 \& 68,094 \& 62,919 \& 73,160 \& 70, 755 \& 66,699 \& 46,037 \& 102,586 \& 74, 035 <br>
\hline North and South America: \& \& 85, 676 \& 82,216 \& 98,137 \& 1073, 680 \& 105, 373 \& 114,925 \& 121, 198 \& 134, 236 \& 133,784 \& 156, 252 \& 153,547 \& 152,752 <br>
\hline Latin American Republics, total.............do \& \& 146, 540 \& 132,008 \& 154, 136 \& 150,753 \& 167, 342 \& 180, 272 \& 151,903 \& 199,486 \& 137, 166 \& 121,392 \& 252, 306 \& 306, 297 <br>
\hline Argentina..-.-.-.-.....................-....- do \& \& 9,198 \& 9, 029 \& 9,295 \& 10,537 \& 14, 713 \& 13,622 \& 14,628 \& 19,797 \& 13, 064 \& 11,953 \& 29,379 \& 37, 850 <br>
\hline Brazil \& \& 31, 373 \& 22,441 \& 26, 494 \& 22, 442 \& 28,053 \& 27, 192 \& 26, 124 \& 33, 233 \& 20, 047 \& 20,091 \& 47, 760 \& 51, 138 <br>
\hline ${ }_{\text {Chile }}$ Colo \& \& 5,401
8801 \& $\begin{array}{r}4,946 \\ 10,708 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 6,280 \& 5,256
12
12 \& \& \& $\begin{array}{r}5,645 \\ 10 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Colombia \& \& 8,801

19,312 \& | 10, 708 |
| :--- |
| 20 |
| 188 | \& 11, 614

20,031 \& 12,435
23,491 \& 12,138

21,539 \& | 15,106 |
| :--- |
| 22 | \& 10, 9388 \& 16,382

24,752 \& $\begin{array}{r}9,124 \\ 14,884 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 3,010
13,141 \& 14,212
36,439 \& 21,123
38,143 <br>
\hline Mexico \& \& 31, 750 \& 31,527 \& 37, 969 \& 33,910 \& 39, 207 \& 42, 481 \& 38, 209 \& 44, 166 \& 45, 744 \& 51, 572 \& 50,331 \& 57,554 <br>
\hline Venezuela* \& \& 16,931. \& 13, 103 \& 15,353 \& 17,777 \& 17, 192 \& 20, 124 \& 13,315 \& -19,990 \& 11,093 \& 8,075 \& 27, 321 \& 31, 250 <br>

\hline | Other regions: |
| :--- |
| Australia. $\qquad$ do | \& \& 8,277 \& 8,873 \& 4,744 \& 9,319 \& 6,366 \& 5,854 \& 7,378 \& 5,420 \& 5,114 \& 7,096 \& 6,213 \& <br>

\hline  \& \& 2,456 \& 8120 \& 1,720 \& 1,363 \& 1,036 \& ${ }^{412}$ \& 2,052 \& 8, 809 \& ${ }^{\text {5, }} 172$ \& ${ }_{803}$ \& -779 \& 2, 579 <br>
\hline China, \& \& 33.170 \& 24,313 \& 37,024 \& 38, 346 \& 58, 458 \& 58,139 \& 42, 220 \& - 39,953 \& 24, 670 \& 19,094 \& 35, 441 \& 54, 590 <br>
\hline Egypt-. \& \& 3,266 \& 4,124 \& 3,909 \& 2,938 \& 2,684 \& 3,494 \& 1, 891 \& -3, 010 \& 2,117 \& 1,678 \& 3,261 \& 2,858 <br>
\hline  \& \& 12,678 \& 7,172 \& 12,487 \& 13, 504 \& 7, 802 \& 19,841 \& 17, 202 \& -15, 738 \& 16,763 \& 14, 145 \& 15, 428 \& 28,435 <br>
\hline ${ }^{\text {Japan}}$ - \& \& (a) \& \& \& $\stackrel{2}{2}, 762$ \& 8,304 \& 16, 977 \& 16,946 \& 20, 286 \& 14, 217 \& 3, 598 \& 12,416 \& 6.363 <br>
\hline Netherlands Silides \& \& 6,135
31,241 \& 3,888
23,685 \& 7,658
$\mathbf{2 3 , 3 9 0}$ \& 5,580
18,798 \& 25, ${ }^{2}, 132$ \&  \& ${ }_{21,251}^{10,512}$ \& 10,749
17.823 \& 2,040
18,019 \& 8, ${ }_{853}^{388}$ \& 3,311
25,401 \& 8,069
58.646 <br>
\hline Union of South Africa..........................- do \& \& 10,651 \& 14,991 \& 18, 391 \& 19,598 \& 22,331 \& 22,007 \& 15,645 \& 25, 219 \& 13,896 \& 7,063 \& 34,358 \& 23, 282 <br>
\hline General imports, total-...-.............................. do \& 532, 680 \& 393, 512 \& 317,628 \& 384, 489 \& 407, 188 \& 397, 381 \& 385, 943 \& 433, 758 \& 425,682 \& 377, 750 \& 393, 736 \& 481, 412 \& r 535,832 <br>
\hline By geographic regions: Africa \& \& 25, 004 \& 14,113 \& \& r 29,041 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Asia and Oceania-.......-...-.......-.........- do \& \& 82, 362 \& 78, 866 \& r 73,497 \& -84,929 \& 73, 532 \& -78,208 \& -101,328 \& + ${ }_{\text {r }}$ \& - 80,210 \& - 24,662 \& 28, 087 \& $\begin{array}{r}22,978 \\ 139 \\ \hline 236\end{array}$ <br>
\hline Europe...-.-.-...-.-.-....................... do \& \& 67, 431 \& 45,907 \& 52,082 \& 65,674 \& 76,950 \& -66,956 \& -70,511 \& -63,075 \& 58, 273 \& 63, 968 \& 76, 258 \& 88, 877 <br>
\hline Northern North America-....-........-...-. - do \& \& 67, 198 \& 56, 431 \& 67, 835 \& 70,880 \& 73,437 \& 68,375 \& 80,506 \& - 78,018 \& +81,305 \& - 90,340 \& 88,074 \& 93, 097 <br>
\hline Southern North America \& \& 51.476 \& 48, 846 \& 71, 913 \& +63,577 \& -66, 219 \& 55, 649 \& - 69, 207 \& -62,489 \& - 51, 994 \& 52, 310 \& 61, 094 \& 76, 938 <br>
\hline South America \& \& 100, 041 \& 73,465 \& 80,383 \& - 93, 183 \& - 85, 092 \& - 96,697 \& r 85, 250 \& r97, 533 \& - 79, 753 \& + 84, 331 \& 104,496 \& 114,707 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

$\stackrel{r}{r}$ Revised. a Less than $\$ 500$.
§ The publication of practically all series on foreign trade included in the 1942 Supplement but suspended during the war was resumed in the May Survey. Export statistics include lend-lease exports shown separately above, shipments by UNRRA and privato relief agencies, and since June 1945 comparatively small shipments consigned to United States Government agencies abroad; shipments to U. S. armed forces abroad are excluded. Revised 1941 figures for total exports of U. S. merchandise and total imports are shown on $p .22$ of the June 1944 Survey; revised figures for 1942-43 for the totals and revised figures for 1941 and later data through February 1945 for other series will be shown later.
andise series. Data
 exports although, since the program officially ceased to operate at the end of the war, the recipient nations had, with few exceptions, arranged to finance them prior to the exportation of the merchandise. Montly data prior to February 1945 for Colombia and Venezuela will be shown later.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1941 and descriptive notes may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1947 | 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\underset{\text { ary }}{\text { Janu- }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary- } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sep- } \\ & \text { tember } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Octo- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | Deecm ber |

## FOREIGN TRADE-Continued



TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS

| TRANSPORTATION Airlines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operations on scheduled air lines: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 20,452 | 19,783 | 23, 164 | 24,108 | 26, 019 | 26, 515 | 27,796 | 28,749 | 27,988 | 27,971 | 24,647 | 26,909 |
| Express and freight carried --.....-.-thous. of 1 lb |  | 5.746 | 5,429 | 7,232 | 8,204 | 10,909 | 8,722 | 9,911 | 11,994 | 15, 008 | 18,275 | 16, 414 | 24, 010 |
| Express and freight ton-miles flown*-thous. of miles- |  | 1,619 | 1,648 | 2, 227 | 2,390 | 2,982 1,986 | 2,387 | 2,666 | 3, 170 | 3.643 | 4,620 | 4,389 | 6, 318 |
|  |  | 727, 279 | 723, 187 | 917, 945 | 1, 057,641 | 1,150,846 | 1,299,480 | 1,340,733 | 1,493,137 | 1,428,444 | 1,287,338 | 1,080,180 | 1,112,630 |
| Passenger-miles flown....-............thous. of miles.- |  | 331, 056 | 332, 315 | 408, 201 | 463, 294 | 514, 999 | 565,087 | 573,693 | 628,038 | 616,961 | 563, 229 | 473, 219 | 1512,746 |
| Express Operations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating revenue ................................... thous. of dol <br> Operating income $\qquad$ do. |  | 24, 532 | 23,919 64 | 24,333 92 | 35,115 82 | 26,728 60 | 25,626 69 | 25,798 73 | 26,134 69 | 26,410 73 | 28,084 69 | 28,327 87 | 31,223 66 |
| Local Transit Lines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 7. 999 | 7.8641 | 7.8641 | 7.8641 | 7.8669 | 7.8807 | 7.8835 | 7.9168 | 7.9638 | 7.9638 | 7.9666 | 7.9666 | 7. 9749 |
| Passengers carried $\dagger$------.-.......-.-.-....thousands.- | 1,627,630 | r1.608,970 | 1,486,560 | 1,669,880 | 1,631,981 | 1,630,373 | 1,577,274 | 1,555,250 | 1,569,230 | 1,539,190 | 1,645,700 | 1,591,280 | 1,627.260 |
| Operating revenuest..--.............-...-thous. of dol.. |  | 118,600 | 106,900 | 118,700 | 118,882 | 119,800 | 117,000 | 116,400 | 117,000 | 1115,200 | 121,900 | 118,800 | 123,700 |

r Revised.
*New series.
§See note marked " $"$ " on p. S- 20 .
Data
of express and freight carried on scheduled airlines and data prior to February 1945 for imports from Colombia and Venezuela will be
 transit lines; revised data beginning 1936 will be published later.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1941 and descriptive notes may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1947 | 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Janu ary | $\begin{gathered} \text { Janu- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Sep- tember | October | November | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Decem } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}\right.$ |

TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS-Continued

| TRANSPORTATION-Continued Class I Steam Railways |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Freight carloadings (Fed. Reserve indexes): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Combined index, unadjusted........-1935-39 $=100$ | 138 | 123 | 119 | 132 155 | 107 26 | 107 | $\begin{array}{r}137 \\ 146 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 143 <br> 145 | 145 | 149 | 149 | 141 | 131 |
|  | 163 184 18 | 148 <br> 133 <br> 18 | 152 114 1 | 155 166 168 | $\stackrel{26}{93}$ | 68 <br> 61 <br> 1 | $\begin{array}{r}146 \\ 138 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 145 <br> 172 | 152 <br> 177 <br> 178 | 160 181 181 | 155 180 18 | 117 166 | 132 |
| Forest products. | 147 | 109 | 121 | 134 | 143 | 130 | 155 | 153 | 165 | 166 | 154 | 148 | 139 |
| Grains and grain products..---.-.-.-.-.-.-. do | 157 | 152 | 147 | 130 | 99 | 111 | 128 | 166 | 142 | 140 | 142 | 144 | 152 |
|  | 118 | 120 | 126 | 111 | 127 | 103 | 96 | 135 | 113 | 120 | 197 | 171 | 118 |
| Merchandise, 1. c. 1------------------------- do- | 74 | 74 | 75 | 79 | 82 | 74 | 81 | 78 | 77 | 79 | 82 | 84 | 78 |
|  | 44 | ${ }^{29}$ | 24 | 35 | 50 | 103 | 213 | 263 | 243 | 245 | 216 | 169 | 45 |
|  | 139 | 123 | 113 | 136 139 | 141 | 125 | 139 | 142 | 146 | 150 | 151 | 154 | 139 |
| Combined index, adjusted $\dagger$-....................... do | 150 | 133 | 126 | 139 | 109 | 106 | 133 | 139 | 141 | 138 | 139 | 137 | 140 |
| Coalt Coke | 163 175 | 148 <br> 127 | 152 | 155 165 | 26 95 | ${ }_{62}^{68}$ | 146 <br> 140 | 145 | 152 | 160 | 155 | 117 | 132 |
|  | 163 | 122 | 126 | 134 | 143 | 125 | 149 | 153 | 157 | 154 | 146 | 151 | 155 |
| Grains and grain products $\dagger$--....................... do | 157 | 152 | 150 | 141 | 112 | 126 | 126 | 139 | 131 | 125 | 142 | 147 | 162 |
| Livestock $\dagger$----................................. do | 123 | 126 | 158 | 140 | 143 | 114 | 118 | 166 | 118 | 91 | 128 | 136 | 122 |
|  | 77 | 78 | 78 | 78 | 81 | 74 | 81 | 78 | 77 | 75 | 79 | 83 | 81 |
|  | 176 | 118 | 94 | 121 | 66 | 66 | 137 | 164 | 162 | 164 | 157 | 157 | 145 |
| Miscellaneoust--... | 152 | 134 | 121 | 143 | 143 | 123 | 135 | 141 | 145 | 139 | 139 | 148 | 148 |
| Freight carloadings (A. A. R.): $\otimes$ <br> Total cars. thousands. | 3,168 | 2,884 | 2,867 | 3,982 | 2,605 | 2,616 | 4,063 | 3,407 | 4,478 | 3,517 | 3,680 | 4,220 | 3,022 |
|  | ${ }^{759}$ | r 684 | 740 | 938 | 126 | , 327 | 787 | 668 | 925 | 743 | 755 | 712 | 599 |
| Coke | 56 | 43 | 32 | 66 | 30 | 19 | 49 | 52 | 70 | 55 | 57 | 64 | 48 |
| Forest products | 167 | 128 | 146 | 208 | 177 | 159 | 234 | 181 | 254 | 197 | 192 | 222 | 166 |
| Grains and grain | 216 | 207 | 209 | 237 | 140 | 154 | 222 | 228 | 255 | 191 | 200 | 248 | 207 |
| Livestock | 68 | 65 | 73 | 79 | 71 | 59 | 67 | 74 | 80 | 63 | 112 | 117 | ${ }^{63}$ |
|  | 445 | 448 | 471 | ${ }_{6}^{620}$ | 516 | 468 | ${ }_{6}^{619}$ | 471 | ${ }_{6}^{611}$ | 477 | 519 | ${ }_{642}^{642}$ | 473 |
| Ore- Miscellaneous | 48 1,409 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ +1,274 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1, 171 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 1. } \\ \hline 80 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}53 \\ \hline 1,491\end{array}$ | 108 1,322 | 1.801 | - ${ }_{2}^{289}$ | 347 1,936 | 269 1.521 | 249 1.597 | 240 1,974 | 49 1,416 |
| Freight-car suplus and shortage, daily average: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Car surplust-................................thousands | 4 | 18 8 | 23 9 | 16 5 | 98 1 | 106 2 | 18 | 5 14 | 3 24 | ${ }_{21}^{2}$ | 31 | 12 | 16 24 |
| Financial operations (unadjusted): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating revenues, total.-...-.-......thous. of dol. | 685, 541 | -640,972 | 579, 136 | 646, 099 | 566, 702 | 532, 553 | 611, 939 | 674, 040 | 710, 224 | 660, 402 | 709, 938 | 658, 160 | 637, 241 |
| Freight | 551, 050 | - 453,490 | 421, 243 | 483, 776 | 411, 819 | 399, 215 | 458, 484 | 513, 252 | 546, 130 | 515, 623 | 566, 968 | 522, 806 | 493, 531 |
| Passenger | 82, 450 | - 137,605 | 114, 655 | 114,562 | 106, 082 | 92, 233 | 106, 604 | 112,383 | 112,115 | 95, 361 | 89,345 | 85, 510 | 92, 716 |
| Operating expenses | 538,968 | -496,031 | 450, 228 | 627, 890 | 508, 097 | 492, 201 | 516, 856 | 542, 164 | 555, 892 | 529, 798 | 558, 424 | 536,081 | 549, 828 |
| Taxes, joint facility and equip | 88, 855 | - 78, 295 | 71, 104 | 38,669 | 48, 476 | 45. 132 | 57,003 | 69,069 | 72,638 | 63, 241 | 66, 395 | 58, 005 | ${ }^{1} 15,681$ |
| Net railway operating income.--------------- do | 57, 718 | 66,647 | 57, 805 | ${ }^{\text {d }} 20.4598$ | 10, 128 | ${ }^{1} 4,780$ | 38,080 | 62, 806 | $\stackrel{81,693}{52}$ | 67,362 | 85, 119 | 64, 074 | 102, 995 |
| Net incomeł. |  | 33,887 | 28, 589 | ${ }^{1} 48,826$ | d 20,993 | d37,074 | 14, 620 | 32,051 | 52, 544 | 39,070 | 57, 280 | 38,066 | 88,775 |
| Financial operations, adjusted: $\dagger$ <br> Operating revenues, total <br> mil. of |  | 654.6 | 635.2 | 651.2 | 565.7 | 515.0 | 638.7 | 650.8 | 664.3 | 672.8 | 663.1 | 663.0 | 658.1 |
|  |  | 459.9 | 458.7 | 485.8 | 405.2 | 381.4 | 488.6 | 500.0 | 512.6 | 528.5 | 521.8 | 524.3 | 520.5 |
| Passenger |  | 143.6 | 127.1 | 115.9 | 109.8 | 93.3 | 102.9 | 103.0 | 100.0 | 95.7 | 91.3 | 89.4 | 91.0 |
| Railway expens |  | 566.7 | 555.3 | 667.4 | 561.6 | 524.5 | 586.1 | 602.5 | 613.3 | 604.6 | 606.0 | 601.2 | 578.1 |
| Net railway operating |  | 87.9 | 79.9 | ${ }^{\text {d }} 16.2$ | 4.0 | ${ }^{\text {d }} 9.5$ | 52.6 | 48.3 | 51.0 | 68.2 | 57.1 | 61.8 | 80.0 |
| Net income. |  | 50.9 | 51.2 | ${ }^{\text {d }} 44.8$ | ${ }^{\text {d } 27.8}$ | ${ }^{\text {d }} 41.4$ | 19.8 | 16.1 | 18.4 | 36.5 | 24.8 | 29.4 |  |
|  |  | 52,076 | 48,735 | 56, 510 | 39,841 | 42, 406 | 53, 524 | 55, 236 | 59,466 | 56,399 | 60, 848 | 54, 873 | 52,712 |
| Revenue per ton-mile-..........................cents.- |  | 940 | 935 | 924 | 1.101 | 1.012 | 921 | 989 | . 979 | . 975 | . 988 | 1. 007 | 997 |
| Passengers carried 1 mile.......................-millions.. |  | 7,454 | 6, 079 | 5,955 | 5,472 | 4,726 | 5,387 | 5,720 | 5,712 | 4,927 | 4,466 | 4,267 | 4, 543 |
| Waterway Traffic |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Clearances, vessels in foreign trade: $\odot$ Total U S ports thous. net ton |  | 6,378 | 5,844 | 6,483 | 6,199 | 5,825 | 7,202 | 7,518 | 8,025 | 6,220 | ,986 | 6, 843 |  |
|  |  | 1,722 | 1,555 | 1,735 | 2,029 | 2,126 | 2,179 | 3,033 | 3,323 | 2,775 | 2,959 | $\stackrel{2}{2,729}$ |  |
|  |  | 4,656 | 4,289 | 4,748 | 4,170 | 3,699 | 5,022 | 4,485 | 4,701 | 3,445 | 2,027 | 4,114 |  |
| Hotels: Travel |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A verage sale per occupied room....-.-.-.-.-. dollars.- | 4. 25 | 4.17 | 4.12 | 3.97 | 4.38 | 3. 95 | 4. 20 | 4.23 | 4.45 | 4.33 | 4. 36 | 4. 44 | 4. 16 |
| Rooms occupied-1.-...........-percent of total | 90 214 | -924 | 205 | 210 | -926 | $\begin{array}{r}93 \\ 235 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | -94 | ${ }_{23} 8$ | 254 | 236 | ${ }_{226} 9$ | $\stackrel{90}{94}$ | 84 208 |
| Restaurant sales index....--avg. same mo. $1929=100 \ldots$ Foreign travel: | 214 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 208 |
| U. S. citizens, arrivals. .-....--.-.-.................. |  | 21,080 | 27,340 | 35,092 | 29,941 | 28, 106 | 27,009 | 29,330 | 33,287 |  |  |  |  |
| U. S. citizens, departures......-..............--- do |  | 20,865 | 26,795 | 25, 912 | 23,945 | 23, 064 | 27,708 | 34, 211 | 34, 270 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1,027 | 859 | 1,138 | 1,716 | 1,772 | 2,166 | 2,907 | 1,884 |  |  |  |  |
| Immigrants |  | 5,604 | 9,575 | 18,047 | 19,390 | 16, 859 | 13,451 | ${ }^{13,651}$ | 10,988 |  |  |  |  |
| Passports issued $0^{7}$ | 17, 989 | 10,708 | 8,667 | 12,986 | 15,047 | 22, 091 | 21, 802 | 22,437 | 18,505 | 14, 536 | 14,470 | 13,500 | r 14, 186 |
| National parks, visitors------.-.-------------number-- | 97, 348 | 78,221 | 89,338 | 129, 260 | 187, 377 | 276, 674 | 621,794 | 1,075,421 | 1,152,584 | 695,958 | 271, 570 | 118,066 | 87, 287 |
| Pullman Co.: ${ }_{\text {Revenue passenger-miles ...................thousands. }}$ |  | 2,563,744 | 2,082,683 | 2,196,055 | 1,899,120 | 1,628,486 | 1,774,797 | 1,666,970 | 1,637,261 | 1,409,617 | 1,408,912 | 165,408 |  |
| Passenger revenues.......................thous. of dol.. |  | 13,488 | 11,084 | 12,094 | 10, 928 | 9,636 | 10,951 | 10, 373 | 10,470 | 9,903 | 9,458 | 8,429 |  |
| COMMUNICATIONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Telephone carriers: f |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 100,993 | 189, 822 | 101,773 | 103, 625 | 104, 536 | 104, 153 | 103, 589 | 103, 726 | 105,054 | 108, 872 | 107, 775 |  |
|  |  | 72,357 | 66, 340 | 71,762 | 71, 230 | 74, 922 | 71,898 | 73, 777 | 75, 726 | 71,612 | 75,978 | 73, 343 |  |
| Operating expenses...------------------------ - - |  | 130, 773 | 129,442 | 141, 197 | 141,053 | ${ }^{146,986}$ | 143, 153 | 154, 214 | 152, 346 | 147, 636 | 154, 884 | 151, 471 |  |
| Net operating income --.-.-.-........-.-.-....do .... |  | 27,962 | ${ }^{23,548}$ | 21, 226 | 23, 910 | 23, 211 | 23,614 | 18,359 | 20,846 | 21, 171 | 22,391 | 22, 504 |  |
| Phones in service, end of month......-.-. - thousands.. |  | 25, 747 | 26,067 | 26, 435 | 26,782 | 27,086 | 27, 340 | 27,608 | 27, 008 | 28, 156 | 28, 463 | 28,754 |  |
| Telegraph and cable carriers: § Operating revenues, total |  | 14, 754 | 13,891 | 15,815 | 16,064 | 16,836 | 16,677 | 17,915 | 17,573 | 16,568 | 17,590 | 16,653 | 17,948 |
| Telegraph carriers, total-..........................do.. |  | 13, 583 | 12, 777 | 14,496 | 14, 807 | 15, 546 | 15, 521 | 16, 673 | 16,437 | 15,372 | 16, 275 | 15, 380 | 16,553 |
| Western Union Telegraph Co., revenues from cable operations. $\qquad$ thous. of dol |  | 507 | 587 | 712 | 678 | 649 | 571 | 594 | 554 | 568 | 582 | 557 | 677 |
|  |  | 1,171 | 1,114 | 1,319 | 1,257 | 1,290 | 1,156 | 1,242 | 1,136 | 1,196 | 1,315 | 1,273 | 1,395 |
| Operating expenses. |  | 14,877 | 13, 654 | 14,514 | 14,078 | 14, 495 | 13,525 | 14,525 | 19,838 | 15,453 | 15,673 | 14, 466 | 15, 549 |
| Net operating revenues. |  | ${ }^{\text {d }} 2.001$ | ${ }_{\text {d }} 12,602$ | d 558 <br> + <br>  |  |  | 1,242 | 1, 155 | d 4,621 <br> $d$ | d ${ }^{\text {d }} 8865$ |  | ${ }^{56}$ | 698 |
| Net income trans. to earned surplu |  | d 2,443 1,908 | d 2,675 1,787 | d 795 2,119 | d 388 2,077 | a 1,927 | 1 1,661 | 700 1,618 | d 3,089 1,667 | d 1,198 1,517 | d 514 1,641 | d91 1,607 | 320 1,990 |

r Revised. ${ }^{d}$ Deficit. © Data for March, June, August and November 1946 are for 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks.
$\ddagger$ Revised data for December $1945, d \$ 78,565,000$. © Data continue series published in the 1942 Supplement; data for December 1941-February 1945 will be published later.
${ }^{7}$ Includes passports to A merican seamen. I Data relate to continental United States.
§ Compiled on a new basis beginning 1943; see April 1944 Survey for 1943 data and reference for revised 1942 data.

January 1937-February 1943 for the adjusted series for financial operations are available on request.

| Unless otherwise stated，statistics through 1941 and descriptive notes may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1947 | 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \end{aligned}$ | Janu－ ary | Febru－ ary | March | April | May | June | July | August | Sep－ tember | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Octo- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | Novem－ ber | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ |

## CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS

| CHEMICALS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Inorganic chemicals，production：＊ <br> Ammonia，synthetic anhydrous $\left(100 \% \mathrm{NH}_{3}\right) \otimes$ short tons． | $\begin{array}{r} 85,121 \\ 1,765 \\ 50,675 \end{array}$ | $41,{ }_{952}^{384}$ | $\begin{gathered} 39,738 \\ 1,139 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 44,271 \\ 1,610 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 43,358 \\ 3,256 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 34,511 \\ 3,192 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 60,609 \\ 4,116 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 65,048 \\ 6,438 \end{array}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 80,380 \\ 1,330 \end{array}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Calcium arsenate $\left[100 \% \mathrm{Ca}_{3}\left(\mathrm{AsO}_{4}\right) 2\right]$ ．．．．thous．of lb－－ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 8,081 \\ 53,399 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 45， 192 |  |  |  |  |  | 88，137 | 96，571 | 78，786 |  |  | 56．787 |
|  | 60，454 | －56， 090 | －54， 264 | 65，337 | 75，334 | －75， 151 | 78，545 |  |  |  | 74， 890 | 62，048 |  |
|  | 110， 088 | 89，707 | 84， 741 | 96， 439 | 94， 865 | 89，947 | 96,420 | 98，314 | 102， 550 | 104， 206 | 108， 174 | 97， 135 | r 102,628 |
| Hydrochloric acid（ $100 \% \mathrm{HCl}$ ）．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－do | 35， 144 | 26，822 | 26，791 | 26，805 | 26， 867 | 26， 331 | 27，438 | 27，960 | 29，519 | 29，789 | 32， 394 | 30， 150 | 30， 714 |
| Lead arsenate－－．．．．－－．．．．．．．．－．．．．．．．thous．of lb | 4， 923 | 6，421 | 7，567 | 8，755 | 8，665 | 7，810 | 4，874 | 1，848 | 253 | 1，624 | 2，259 | 2，865 | 3，726 |
| Nitric acid（ $100 \% \mathrm{HNO}_{3}$ ）$\otimes$ ．．－．．．．．．．．．．．．．－short tons． | 64， 138 | 34，769 | 31， 123 | 30， 899 | 31， 311 | 32， 538 | 55， 418 | 57，066 | 59， 144 | 54， 136 | 61，686 | 63， 277 | 62， 460 |
|  | 1，101 | ¢ 715 | 606 | 951 | ＋ 886 | 836 | 869 | 904 | 1，008 | 997 | 1，061 | 1，005 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 1,028$ |
| Phosphoric acid（ $50 \% \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{PO}_{4}$ ） | 78， 595 | 73， 352 | 74， 425 | 79，500 | 75，640 | 67， 273 | 73，689 | 65，858 | 74， 574 | 73，795 | 80，673 | 82，020 | 79，788 |
| Soda ash，ammonia－soda process（ $98-100 \% \mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{CO}_{3}$ ） short tons．－ | $\begin{array}{r} 380,589 \\ 6,979 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 387,012 \\ 7,735 \end{array}$ | 342， 625 | 380， 489 | 342，749 | 303， 174 | 308， 623 | 361，056 | 364， 178 | 358， 628 | 382， 026 | 368， 302 | 385， 369 |
| Sodium hydroxide（ $100 \% \mathrm{NaOH}$ ） |  |  | 7， 134 | 7，777 | 7，837 | 139， 276 | 148， 741 | 6， 6 ，864 | 76，254 | 6，601 | 7，066 | 7，176 | 6，665 |
|  | 173， 359 | 154， 499 | 143， 248 | 160， 009 | 151，332 |  |  |  |  | 164， 652 | 168， 708 | 153， 275 | 165，186 |
| Sodium silicate，soluble silicate glass（anhydrous） short tons．－ | 39， 991 | 34， 524 | 32，494 | 32， 182 | 29，914 | 29， 261 | 35，020 | 39， 224 | 36，915 | 34， 714 | 41，188 | 34， 442 | 79 |
| Sodium sulfate，Glauber＇s salt and crude salt cake short tons | 66 |  | 53， 818 | 59， 298 | 59， 5 | 61，679 | 58，200 | 55，669 | 56，988 | 57，346 | 63，683 | 52，494 | 64，878 |
| Sulfuric acid（100\％ | 891，877 | 733， 874 | 665， 129 | 764， 507 | 803， 417 | 780， 191 | 732， 515 | 736， 242 | 762， 674 | 764， 592 | 834， 215 | 849， 711 | 891， 370 |
| Organic chemicals： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Acetic acid（syn．and natural）prod．＊．．．．thous．of ll |  | 22，983 | ${ }^{23,143}$ | 26， 746 | 25，529 | 23， 266 | 26， 013 | 26， 33 | 27， 0 | 24， 589 | 27，787 | 「 27，718 | 31， 725 |
| Acetio anhydride，production＊－．．－－－－－－－－－－do |  | 45，733 | 38， 330 | 44，027 | 44，790 | 40， 757 | 42， 546 | 44， 521 | 39，954 | 41， 209 | 46， 376 | 45， 033 | 48，703 |
| Acetyl salicylic acid（aspirin），production＊－．．．－do．．．－．．．．．．．Alcohol，denatured： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alcohol，denatured：$\ddagger$ Consumption（withdr | 14，636 | r 11，442 | －10， 850 | －13， 569 | －15，733 | －15，608 | 「 14，645 | 14,77014,831 | 17，610 | 18，946 | 21，291 | 19，744 | 17，416 |
| Production | 14， 670 | ＋11，615 | r 10， 136 | $\begin{array}{r} r 11,896 \\ 16,224 \end{array}$ | $\left(\begin{array}{r} 13,261 \\ -13,206 \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10,00 \\ \mathrm{r} 13,851 \end{array}$ | $12,382$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 16,010 \\ & 16,044 \end{aligned}$ | 16，019 | 18,9132,744 | 19,6252633 | 17,0142,200 |
| Stocks |  | 18， 549 | 17，802 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5，131 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 25，637 | 24，902 | 19，475 |  |  |  |  |  | 18，025 |  |
| Production－－－－－－．－．－－－．．．．．．．－．thous．of proof g | $\begin{aligned} & 2,398 \\ & 30,262 \end{aligned}$ | － $\begin{array}{r}21,682 \\ -122,897\end{array}$ | $\stackrel{r}{22,697}$ |  | ［ $\begin{array}{r}24,902 \\ 118,420\end{array}$ | 19,475 $\times 113,110$ | 18,600 110,539 | 16,619 98,545 | 19，981 86 | 17,796 72,368 | 18,743 58,189 | 18,025 42,351 | 20,518 32,800 |
| In industrial alcohol bonded warehouses ．．．do |  | －40， 326 | － 42,899 | －37， 539 | r 39， 282 | － 36,312 | 37，014 | 34， 239 | 31，788 | 28，779 | 29，512 | 26，751 | 25， 745 |
|  | 7， 288 | 82， 571 | ${ }^{\text {r 80，} 876}$ | 84， 083 | －79，138 | －76，798 | 73， 525 | 64， 306 | 54， 686 | 43， 589 | 28，676 | 15，600 | 7，054 |
| Withdrawn for denaturing | 27，775 | 21， 393 | r 18， 726 | －22， 085 | － 24,612 | 25， 643 | 22， 834 | 27，377 | 29， 267 | 29， 274 | 34，938 | 36， 086 | 31， 200 |
| Withdrawn tax－paid．－．－．－－－．．．．．．．．．．－．．．．．．－do | 4，350 | 5，118 | 4， 276 | ${ }^{\sim} 4,579$ | 4，411 | －3，866 | 3， 579 | 4，684 | 5，733 | 4， 364 | 5，284 | 5，202 | 3，910 |
| Creosote oil，production＊－．－．－．．．．．．．．．－thous of g |  | 11，768 | 8， 464 | 13， 296 | 12，455 | 9，519 | 10，137 | 11，180 | 12，136 | 12，744 | 13，570 | 13，027 | 13，481 |
| Cresylic acid，refined，production＊．．．．．．thous．of |  | 1，529 | 1，292 | 2，169 | 2,035 | 1，362 | 1，903 | 2，181 | 2，339 | 2，284 | 2，456 | 2，100 | 1，817 |
|  |  | 6，421 | 6，412 | 7，751 | 7，610 | 7，180 | 6， 542 | 9，877 | 8， 122 | 7，334 | 8，745 | 10， 170 | 9，602 |
| Glycerin，refined（ $100 \%$ basis）：＊ High gravity and yellow distilled： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption．．．．．．－．．．．．．．．．．．．． | $\begin{aligned} & 7,022 \\ & 7,386 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,010 \\ & 5,010 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,588 \\ & 5,323 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,431 \\ & 5,373 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,489 \\ & 5,780 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,440 \\ & 5,687 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,865 \\ & 5,319 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,175 \\ & 4,118 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,286 \\ & 5,211 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,089 \\ & 4,621 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,395 \\ & 4,638 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,244 \\ & 5,832 \end{aligned}$ | 5,9787,431 |
| Production |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stocks | 14， 102 | 15， 864 | 17，591 | 19，347 | $\begin{gathered} 5,780 \\ 18,700 \end{gathered}$ | 18， 297 | 16，591 | 14，821 | 13，234 | 12，805 | 12，207 | 12，709 | 15， 163 |
| Chemically pure： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 5,820 \\ 6,136 \\ 21.130 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 5,791 \\ 6,042 \end{array}$ |
| Consumptio | $\begin{aligned} & 6,963 \\ & 7,662 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,336 \\ & 7,636 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,446 \\ & 7,741 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,777 \\ & 8,992 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,568 \\ & 8,000 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,800 \\ & 8,024 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,379 \\ & 7,634 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,249 \\ & 5,558 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5,745 \\ & 6,864 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,924 \\ & 6,594 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 5,263 \\ 5,126 \\ 18,054 \end{array}$ |  |
| Production |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 17，941 | 16，941 | 19， 028 |  |  | 20， 881 | 21， 894 | 21， 122 | 22，017 | 22，539 |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 6,042 \\ 18,392 \end{gathered}$ |
|  | 276 | $\begin{array}{r} 264 \\ 7,237 \\ 9,061 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | r$\mathbf{6 , 5 9 2}$$\mathbf{6 , 5 3 4}$$\mathbf{9 , 3 4}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 276 \\ 6,593 \\ 9,276 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 250 \\ 6,674 \\ 11,246 \end{array}$ | r 2216，50510.344 |
|  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 231 \\ 6,259 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 248 \\ 6,991 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 231 \\ 6,616 \end{array}$ | 2601,1198,128 | $\begin{array}{r} 248 \\ 5,878 \\ 7,739 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 250 \\ 6,753 \\ 8,921 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 245 \\ & 6,823 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 7，094 | 9，${ }^{677}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FERTILIZERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption，total＊．．．．－－－．－．．．－－thous of short tons．－ | 1， 435 | 1，344 | 1，412 | 1，460 | 896 | 520 | 308 | 368 | 367 | 559 | 584 | 529 | 928 |
|  |  | 258 | 134 | 144 | 149 | 115 | 66 | 159 | 144 | 158 | 63 | 82 | 195 |
|  | 1，196 | 1，087 | 1，278 | 1，316 | 747 | 405 | 242 | 208 | 223 | 401 | 522 | 448 |  |
|  |  | 86， 569 | 114， 932 | 84， 171 | 97， 079 | 85， 191 | 85， 783 | 110， 519 | 101， 575 | 80， 934 | 95， 832 | 83， 544 | 104， 336 |
|  |  | 11，317 | 28，866 | 13， 214 | 13， 501 | 15， 261 | 13，629 | 19， 801 | 13， 170 | 7，388 | 2，871 | 3，430 | 5，577 |
| Phosphate materials |  | 65， 032 | 74， 787 | 63， 789 | 73，022 | 64， 989 | 68， 202 | 83， 362 | 80， 510 | 63， 466 | 86， 827 | 70， 254 | 83， 752 |
| Prepared fertilize |  | 716 | 348 | 558 | 2，984 | 505 | 313 | 534 | 776 | 809 | 253 | 2，125 | 4，720 |
| Imports，total $\ddagger$ |  | 119， 409 | 83， 893 | 126， 525 | 127， 231 | 129，963 | 114， 554 | 72，409 | － 58,345 | 69， 266 | 80， 941 | 64， 434 | 39， 910 |
| Nitrogenous， |  | 100， 118 | 66， 025 | 110， 854 | 113， 528 | 109， 104 | 105， 132 | 59，598 | －51， 891 | 63， 877 | 67， 573 | 55， 712 | 25，096 |
| Nitrate of so |  | 47， 862 | 22， 437 | 65， 227 | 69， 553 | 79， 379 | 83， 556 | 28， 279 | 13， 521 | 11， 716 | 26，929 | 23， 141 | 1，327 |
| Phosphates Potash $\ddagger$ |  | 8,958 3,929 | 10,438 200 | 971 $\mathbf{1}, 350$ | 714 982 | 8,055 1,000 | 2，210 | 8,996 0 | 3， 040 | 1，463 | 7,809 0 | 3,446 0 | 6，835 |
| Price，wholesale，nitrate of soda，crude，f．o．b．cars， |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2.045 | 1.650 | 1． 650 | 1． 650 | 1． 650 | 1.650 | 7． 650 | 1． 650 | ¢ 1.925 | － 1.925 | ＋1．925 | 1.925 | 1.92 |
|  |  | 95， 769 | 73， 577 | 85， 314 | 79，778 | 60，172 | 77，868 | 73，575 | 72， 345 | 69， 690 | 70， 263 | 72， 770 |  |
| Superphosphate（bulk）：$\dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \Gamma \\ & r 861,950 \end{aligned}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & 737,377 \\ & r \\ & \mathbf{~} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 778,489 \\ & r 546,229 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & r \\ & r \\ & r \\ & \hline 709,89,818 \end{aligned}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{r} 667,144 \end{array}\right.$ | －740，853 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{r} 7 \\ 7 \\ 720,51,522 \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & 721,475 \\ & 709,781 \end{aligned}$ | $667,912$ | $\begin{aligned} & 750,940 \\ & 736,357 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 783,275 \\ & 796,677 \end{aligned}$ |
| Miscellaneous |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Explosives（industrial），shipments ．．．．．．．．thous．of lb．－ | 47， 092 | 35， 935 | 36， 268 | 38， 069 | 33，336 | 43，584 | 47， 122 | 42， 190 | 47，327 | 50，307 | 51， 187 | 45，300 | 45， 147 |
| Gelatin：$\ddagger$ | 3，858 | г 3,446 | －3，606 | －3，927 | 3，784 | ＋3，842 | r 3,122 | r 2,750 | －3，142 | －2，947 | －3，202 | 3， 311 |  |
| Edible $\ddagger$ | 2，508 | － 2,059 | 2，439 | 2，541 | 2，318 | 2，271 | 2， 038 | 1，932 | 2，166 | 1，900 | 1，652 | 2，055 | r 2， 259 |
| Stocks，tota | 5，548 | ${ }^{\text {r } 5,408}$ | －5， 599 | －6，089 | －6，076 | －6，324 | $\cdot 6,119$ | －5， 818 | －4，958 | －4， 726 | －3， 864 | －3，999 | －4，857 |
| Edib | 2，878 | 2，346 | 2，505 | 2， 763 | 2，716 | 2，695 | 2，652 | 2， 628 | 2，180 | 2，315 | 1，743 | 1，824 | ＇ 2,29 |
| Sulfur：＊${ }_{\text {Production．．．．－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．long tons．．}}$ | 321，415 | 318，722 | 286，316 | 281， 490 | 284， 473 | 305，330 | 304， 472 | 347，936 | 356， 355 | 335， 300 | 333， 041 | 355， 179 | 351，028 |
|  | 3，704，079 | ，060，461 | 4，063，286 | 3，978，735 | 3，892，982 | 3，873，962 | 3，861，525 | 3，849，067 | 3，850，958 | ，881，397 | 3，983，973 | 3，874，808 | 3，769，368 |

$r$ Revised．or Data have been shown on a revised basis beginning in the March 1946 Survey．
$\bullet$ Data were revised in the September 1945 Survey；see note in that issue．© For a brief description of this series see note in April 1946 Surves．
$\otimes$ Data for nitric acid and ammonia include 2 additional plants beginning June 1946 and for the latter 1 additional plant beginning August 1946 ；see note in February 1947 Survey． $\oplus$ Excludes data for Mississippi，which has discontinued monthly reports，beginning in the October 1946 Survey．
§ See note in the A pril 1946 Survey with regard to differences between these series and similar data published in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey．
解
 of the February 1947 Survey for further information on the series for ethyl alcohol and production of spirits at registered distilleries for industrial purposes．


 ruary 1945 for the new series on gelatin will be shown later．Data for 1940－43 for sulphur are shown on p． 24 of the May 1946 Survey．
tRevised series．See note in November 1943 Survey regarding change in the superphosphate series．

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1941 and descriptive notes may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1947 | 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Febru- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | March | April | May | June | July | August | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sep- } \\ \text { tember } \end{gathered}$ | October | Novem. ber | $\underset{\substack{\text { Decem } \\ \text { ber }}}{ }$ |

CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS-Continued

r Revised. ${ }^{1}$ No quotation. ${ }^{2}$ December 1 estimate.
or Data continue series published in the 1942 Supplement; unpublished data through February 1945 for the indicated series will be shown later.
$\dagger$ Revisions for 1941-42 for coconut or copra oil production and stocks and linseed oil production and for 1941-43 for other indieated series are available on request.
New series. See p. S-24 of the May 1946 Survey for a brief description of the new series for turpentine and rosin and data beginning 1945 ; data beginning in 1942 will be shown
later
$\dagger$ Revised series. See note on p. S-23 of the November 1943 Survey regarding change in the turpentine price series.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1941 and descriptive notes may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1947 | 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jamu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | Janu- ary | Febru- ary | March | April | May | June | July | August | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sep- } \\ & \text { tember } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Octo- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | Novem- ber | Decen. |

## CIHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS-Continued

QIL SEEDS, OILS, FATS, ETC.-Continued Soybean oil:
Consumption, factory, refined $\ddagger \ldots$.............thous. of lb. Production: $\ddagger$ Crude...

Crude
Refined
Oleomargarine:
Consumption (tax-paid withdrawals) §-...................
Price, wholesale, standard, uncolored, (Chicago)

Phortenings and compounds:
Stocks, end of month
Yegetable price, wholesale, tierces (Chi) dol. per lb


## CELLULOSE PLASTIC PRODUCTS

Shipments and consumption: $\otimes$
Cellulose acetate and mixed ester plastics


Nitrocellulose, sheets, rods, and tubes

.



## $\left\{\begin{array}{c}112 . \\ 140, \\ 79\end{array}\right.$



|  |
| ---: |
| 94,936 |
| 124,587 |
| 114,395 |
| 148,334 |
| 111,749 |
| $\tau 41,530$ |
|  |
| 41,968 |
| 123,847 |
| 46,233 |
| .165 |
|  |
|  |
|  |
| 9 |

ELECTRIC POWER AND GAS

| ELECTRIC POWER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Production (utility and industrial), total*-mil. or kw.-hr_ | 25,957 | 22,163 | 19,449 | 21,675 | 21, 265 | 21,288 | 21, 441 | 22,583 | 23, 669 | 22,788 | 24,430 | 23,943 | +24.8.5 |
| Industrial establishments*....-.-....-.......... do... | 4,321 | 3, 760 | 3,256 | 3,875 | 3,787 | 3,613 | 3, 818 | 3,963 | 4,155 | 3, $¢ 83$ | 4,208 | 3,994 | - 4.028 |
|  | 3,896 | 3.305 | 2, 829 | 3,468 | 3,329 | 3,139 | 3,381 | 3,551 | 3,788 | 3,674 | 3,867 | 3,675 | + 3.672 |
|  | 425 | 455 | 426 | 407 | 459 | 474 | 437 |  | 366 | 309 | 341 | 319 | . 356 |
| Utilities (for public use), total $\dagger$---------------- do | 21, 636 | 18,403 | 16,193 | 17,800 | 17,477 | 17,675 | 17,624 | 18,620 | 19,515 | 18, 805 | 20,222 | 19,949 | + $20.84{ }^{\circ}$ |
|  | 14,500 | 11, 292 | 9,967 | 10,521 | 10,797 | 10,577 | 10,943 | 12,204 | 13, 389 | 13,169 | 13,935 | 13, 669 | - 14, 269 |
|  | 7,136 | 7,110 | 6,226 | 7,278 | 6,680 | 7,099 | 6,681 | 6,416 | 6,125 | 5,636 | 6,287 | 6,280 | -6,578 |
| Privately and municipally owned utilities....do. | 18,545 | 15,901 | 13, 900 | 15, 288 | 15,076 | 15, 162 | 15,212 | 16,045 | 16,783 | 16,123 | 17,316 | 17, 119 | 17, 842 |
| Other producers..................-.-.-.-...-- do. | 3,092 | 2, 501 | 2,294 | 2, 512 | 2,402 | 2,514 | 2,412 | 2,575 | 2,731 | 2, 682 | 2,906 | 2,830 | '3. 605 |
| Sales to ultimate customers, total (Edison Electric <br>  |  | 15,757 | 14, 920 | 15,091 | 15,233 | 15,064 | 15, 185 | 15,608 | 16,474 | 16,358 | 16, 721 | 16,933 |  |
| Residential or domestic-.--.--...............- do..-- |  | 3, 658 | 3, 505 | 3,282 | 3,094 | 2,994 | 2,954 | 2,883 | 2,900 | 3,018 | 3,130 | 3,414 |  |
| Rural (distinct rural rates) |  | 242 | 243 | 249 | 328 | 379 | 443 | 470 | 548 | 489 | 410 | 328 |  |
| Commercial and industrial: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Small light and powert--------------------- do |  | 2,755 | 2,708 | 2,622 | 2,595 | 2,578 | 2,617 | 2,718 | 2,815 | 2,825 | 2,821 | 2, ¢44 |  |
|  |  | 7. 596 | 7,083 | 7,592 | 7,916 | 7,869 | 7,963 | 8,309 | 8,953 | 8,800 | 9,064 | 8,908 |  |
|  |  | 229 | 198 | 193 | 174 | 160 | 147 | 154 | -168 | 184 | 206 | 222 |  |
|  |  | 512 | 518 | 486 | 483 | 463 | 459 | 464 | 468 | 455 | 471 | 460 |  |
|  |  | 708 | 614 | 613 | 591 | 570 | 550 | 558 | 572 | 537 | 572 | 609 |  |
|  |  | 57 | 51 | 53 | 52 | 51 | 51 | 52 | 51 | 50 | 47 | 49 |  |
| Revenue from sales to ultimate customers (Edison Electric Institute) ..........................-. - - |  | 297, 601 | 288, 746 | 282, 543 | 278,337 | 277, 145 | 278, 544 | 279,659 | 286,945 | 288, 041 | 292,587 | 300, 489 |  |
| GAS $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufactured and mixed gas (quarterly): <br> Customers, end of quarter total thousands |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Customers, end of quarter, total------.-- thousands... |  |  |  | 11,256 10,557 |  |  | 11,394 10,687 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 11,319 \\ & 10,616 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 11.411 |
| Industrial and commereial. .-...-........------ do |  |  |  | -690 |  |  | 10,699 |  |  | 10,694 |  |  | 11. 68. |
| Sales to consumers, total...-................il. of cu. it |  |  |  | 171,804 |  |  | 133, 355 |  |  | 110,834 |  |  | 146, 40\% |
| Residential $\qquad$ do |  |  |  | 120, 212 |  |  | 88,856 |  |  | 70, 113 |  |  | 98, 474 |
| Industrial and commercial --.---.-.-........do |  |  |  | 49,588 |  |  | 43, 139 |  |  | 39, 657 |  |  | 46, 171 |
| Revenue from sales to consumers, total thous. of dol |  |  |  | 142,919 |  |  | 122,181 |  |  | 107, 835 |  |  | 130, 155 |
| Residential (inel. house-heating) --......---.-. do.... |  |  |  | 107, 723 |  |  | 92,055 |  |  | 80, 923 |  |  | 97.743 |
| Industrial and commercial.....------.-........... do. |  |  |  | 34,008 |  |  | 29,245 |  |  | 26, 214 |  |  | 31,345 |
| Natural gas (quarterly): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Customers, end of quarter total...........thousands Residential (incl, house-heating) |  |  |  | 9,153 |  |  | 9,171 |  |  | 9,259 |  |  | 6, 478 |
|  |  |  |  | 8,521 |  |  | 8,554 |  |  | 8, 654 |  |  | 8, 812 |
| Industrial and commercial....---.........-. do..... |  |  |  | 627 |  |  | ${ }^{6} 612$ |  |  | 600 |  |  | 661 -8.015 |
| Sales to consumers, total $\qquad$ mil. of cu, ft. |  |  |  | 638,355 |  |  | 508, 141 |  |  | 465,984 |  |  | 573.015 |
| Residential (inel. house-heating) |  |  |  | 250, 766 |  |  | 129, 143 |  |  | 73,020 |  |  | 161,021 |
| Industrial and commercial.....-.........do.- |  |  |  | 361, 322 |  |  | 361, 315 |  |  | 383, 859 |  |  | 400, 202 |
| Revenue from sales to consumers, total thous. of dol. |  |  |  | 229, 428 |  |  | 159, 853 |  |  | 131,165 |  |  | 188, 58 |
| Residential (incl. house-heating) |  |  |  | 144,875 |  |  | 85, 177 |  |  | 56,383 |  |  | 101, 256 t |
| Industrial and commercial..................... do. |  |  |  | 80,721 |  |  | 72,265 |  |  | 73,393 |  |  | 85. 289 |

${ }^{5}$ Revised. $:$ No quotation. $\ddagger$ Minor revisions for 1941-43 are available on request.



- Data for some items are not comparable with
- Data for some items are not comparable with data prior to 1945 ; see note for calcimines, plastics and cold-water paints at bottom of p. S- 23 of the December 1945 Surver.

Q Data for sheets, rods and tubes are comparas see notes at bottom of pp. S-23 and S-24 of the May 1945 Survey
 $\dagger$ Revised series. Gas statistics are shown on a revised basis beginning in the December 1946 Survey see note in that issue. For rever
fower production see p. 32 of the February 1947 Survey; revised figures for 1920-July 1945 for "other producers" will be shown later.

| Lnless otherwise stated, statistics through 1941 and descriptive notes may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1947 | 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | January | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Febru- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | March | April | May | June | July | August | September | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Octo- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | November | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Decem } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ |

## FOODSTUFFS AND TOBACCO



## DAIRY PRODUCTS

Butter, creamery:
Price, wholesale, 92-score (N. Y.) $\ddagger \ldots$.....dol. per lb.
 Cheese:
Importss.
Price, wholesale, American Cheddars (Wisconsin)
Production, total (factory) $\dagger$.-...-..........thous. of lb.
American whole mik
American whole milk
C mndensed and evaporated milk:
Exports: 8
Evaporated
I'rices, wholesale, U. S. average:
Condensed (sweetened). $\qquad$ ..dol. per case Evaporated (unsweetened) d).Coduction:


Stocks, manulacturers', case goods, end of month: Evaporated (unsweetene $\qquad$ Fluid milk:
Price, dealers', standard grade_.................. mil. of lb.
Production
Utilization in manufactured dairy products $\dagger$...do.
Dried skim milk:
Exports§-.-.-.-............................................... of lb.
Price, wholesale, for human consumption, U. S. average.


Stocks, manufacturers', end of month, total do...
For human consumption

## FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

$A$ pples:
Production (crop estimate) . . ...............thous. of bu. Shipments, carlot.-..........-.-.......... of carloads. itrus fruits, carlot shipments Frozen fruits, stocks, cold storage, end of month

Frozen regetables, stocks, cold storage, end of month
thous. of 1 b
Potatoes, white:
Prio, wholesale (N. Y.) --........doI. per 100 lb
Production (crop estimate) $\dagger$----not. thous. of bu
$r$ Revised. ${ }^{1}$ December 1 estimate. ${ }^{2}$ No quotation. $\ddagger$ See note in. June 1945 Survey tor explanation of this price series. $O^{x}$ See note marked " $0^{7 \prime}$ " on $p$. S- 28. ODistilling materials produced at wineries, shown separately above, were formerly combined with production of still wines.
Sata contmue series published in the 1942 supplement but suspended during the war period; data for October $1941-$ February 1945 will be published later









 orated, and dried skim milk will be published later. Revised estimates of potato crop for $1929-40$ are available on request.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1941 and descriptive notes may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1947 | 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sep- } \\ & \text { tember } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Octo- } \\ & \text { beer } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Novem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ |

FOODSTUFFS AND TOBACCO-Continued

| Grains and grain prodects |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| cipal grains, including flour and mealor thous. of bu |  | 42,572 | 38,544 | 33, 417 | 28.346 | 21, 168 | 41, 542 | 28,845 | 27,347 | 24, 134 | 12,333 | 26, 987 | 35, 135 |
| Exports, including malto ${ }^{7}$ |  | 609 | 45 | 871 | 814 | 793 | 570 | 245 | 402 | 249 | 20 | 189 | 43. |
| Prices, wholesale (Minneapolis) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No. 3, straight.-...----------......- dol. per bu | 1.70 1.78 | 1.30 | 1.30 | 1.34 | 1.34 | 1.40 | 1.43 | 1.61 | 1.61 | 1. 67 | 1. 11 | 1. 62 | 1. 69 |
| No. 2, malting ${ }_{\text {Production (erop estimate) } \dagger \text { - }}$ |  |  |  |  | 1.36 |  | 1. 45 |  | 1. 66 | 1. 70 | 1.70 | 1.72 | 1.77 |
| Receipts, principal markets-.-.....-----....... do..-- | 10,241 | 6,879 | 5.889 | 8,868 | 5,0 | 4,116 | 4,668 | 8,284 | 18.250 | 22.046 | 14, 440 | 8.026 | 263,350 8.24 |
| Stocks, commercial, domestic, end of month....do | 20,608 | 17,652 | 14, 624 | 11,300 | 8,335 | 5,939 | 4,464 | 3,983 | 11, 5.54 | 18,248 | 26. 101 | 24, 510 | 20.985 |
| Corn: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports, including mealor ------......-thous of |  | 269 | - 417 | 565 | 152 | 2, 024 | 7,036 | 2,508 | 997 | 111 | 385 | 487 | 2.076 |
| Grindings, wet process --...-......-............. do | 12,705 | 7,791 | 5,759 | 11,385 | 9,322 | 9,722 | 10,636 | 9,469 | 9,974 | 10,456 | 11,652 | 12, 198 | 12,313 |
| Prices, wholesale: <br> No. 3, white (Chicago) .....................dol. per bu.- | 1.43 | (1) | (1) | (1) | 1.26 | (1) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No. 3, white (Chicago) No. 3. yclo.................................. | 1.33 | 1.17 | (1) | (1) | (1) ${ }^{26}$ | 1.45 | 1.53 | 2.17 | 1.93 | (1) 1.89 | 2.10 1.82 | 1.75 1.39 | 1.509 |
| Weighted average, 5 markets, all grades....... do | 1.21 | . 92 | . 94 | . 99 | 1.11 | 1.30 | 1. 40 | 2.03 | 1.88 | 1.83 | 1. 6.3 | 1.31 | 1.25 |
| Production (erop estimate) $\dagger$. . . . . . . thous of bu . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 22,287,927 |
| Receipts, principal markets -- - ...............do... | 49,913 | 31,962 | 33, 196 | 16,581 | 16, 153 | 29,383 | 11, 103 | 23,924 | 16,830 | 11,257 | 18.062 | 40, af $^{1}$ | 44.316 |
| Commercial. | 31,667 | 16, 493 | 26,886 | 23,608 | 19,511 | 29, 171 | 15,904 | 11,864 | 11,768 | 4,944 | 4,076 | 14,758 | 27,870 |
| On farms $\dagger$ |  |  |  | ${ }^{1} 1,032,856$ |  |  | 496, 628 |  |  | 3153,003 |  |  | 2,16\%,716 |
| Oats: <br> Exports, including oatmealo ${ }^{7}$ |  | 3,021 | 5,526 |  | 2.8 |  |  | 337 | 384 | 3,872 | 946 |  | 1,703 |
| Price, wholesale, No. 3, white (Chicago) dol. per bu | 84 | . 80 | 81 | ${ }^{(1)}$ | ${ }^{(1)}$ | (1) | (1) | 82 |  | 81 | . 86 | . 85 | . 8.3 |
| Production (crop estimate) $\dagger$....-.-...... thous. of do | 11,543 | 21,762 | 13, 104 | 16,473 | 11,045 | 5,478 | 5,915 | 25.315 | 30, 832 | 25.257 | 8922 |  | 21,599,867 |
| Stocks, domestic, end of mo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Commercial | 7,360 | 38. 775 | 28,921 | 23, 890 | 14, 234 | 6, 578 | 3, 153 | 7,181 | 15, 080 | 20,319 | 19,669 | 14, 185 | 9, 158 |
|  |  | 941,488 | 815, 915 | 920, 815 | 698, 915 | 339, 350 | 646, 012 | 305, 369 | 63, 686 | 141, 848 | 89, 520 | 1,145,334 | 1,608,421 |
|  |  | 8,807 |  | 7,817 | 3,166 | 18,580 | 3,742 | 3,098 | 13,383 | 5, 955 | 6,668 | 1,551 | 63 |
| Price, wholesale, head, clean (N. O.) dol. per lb-- | . 066 | . 066 | 066 | . 066 | . 066 | . 066 | . 066 | 066 | 066 | . 066 | . 066 | . 066 | ${ }^{\text {a }}$. 0666 |
| Production (crop estimate) $\dagger$---.....-..... thous. of bu_California: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 271,520 |
| Receipts, domestic, rough .-. . . . . - - bags ( 100 lb .) | 863, 324 | 493, 561 | 412, 082 | 394, 471 | 363, 534 | 372.348 | 406. 543 | 385,943 | 219,032 | 56, 3991 | 363, 897 | 901, 952 | 860, 461 |
| Shipments from mills, milled rice .-........do | 601, 980 | 361, 417 | 357, 147 | 224, 996 | -240,002 | 216, 602 | 283, 065 | 239, 753 | 299, 916 | 52, 842 | 491, 946 | 704, 105 | 7,3, 634 |
| stocks, rough and cleaned (in terms of cleaned), end of month ........................... bags ( 100 lb .).. | 327, 349 | 330, 078 | 241, 973 | 272, 359 | 264,032 | 275, 655 | 262, 672 | 280, 446 | 144, 392 | 123, 691 | 523, 274 | 452. 766 | 327, 526 |
| Southern States (La., Tex., Ark., Tenn.): <br> Receipts, rongh, at mills....thous. of bbl. ( 162 lb .) - | 680 | 557 | 316 | 267 | 108 | 81 | 25 | 7 | 495 | 2, 493 | ,-13 | 54 | , 377 |
| Shipments from mills, milled rice |  |  |  |  | 1 | 81 |  |  |  | 2, | , | 2,54 | ,376 |
| thous. of pockets ( 100 lb .) | 1,814 | 1,731 | 1,562 | 1,121 | 683 | 462 | 253 | 439 | 184 | 1.085 | 2,323 | 2,684 | 1,868 |
| cleancd), end of mo-. thous. of pockets ( 100 lb .).. | 3,396 | 3,777 | 2,598 | 1,772 | 1,190 | 821 | 591 | 171 | 485 | 1,987 | 4,624 | 4, 308 | 4,365 |
| $\stackrel{\text { Rye: }}{\text { Price, }}$ wholesale, ${ }^{\text {No }} 2$ (Minn | 2.86 | 1.98 | 2.13 | 2.36 | 2.70 | 2.84 | 2.85 | 2.09 | 1.95 | 2. 24 | 39 |  |  |
| Production (crop estimate) $\dagger$...........- thous. of bu |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2.4 |  | 2.68 | 2 18,685 |
|  | 469 | 480 | 404 | 476 | 317 | 270 | 72 | 193 | 1,016 | 1,123 | 799 | 692 | 596 |
| Stocks, commercial, domestic, en | 2,465 | 3,868 | 3,340 | 3,113 | 1,016 | 461 | 322 | 262 | 918 | 1,126 | 1,612 | 2,143 | 2,476 |
| 4 heat: |  |  |  | 350.805 |  |  | r231, 161 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports, wheat, including flo |  | 38,196 | 31.734 | 29, 551 | 23,154 | 16, 268 | 33, 283 | 25.754 | 23, 552 | 19,835 | 10,793 | 23, 369 | 30, 920 |
| Wheat only ${ }^{\text {a }}$.-.......- |  | 27, 733 | 18, 476 | 21,485 | 12,808 | 6,526 | 23, 869 | 17,322 | 15, 977 | 10,501 | 6, 100 | 11, 563 | 14,995 |
| Prices, wholesal |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No. 1. Dark Northern Spring (Minneapolis) |  | 1,74 |  | 1.77 | 1.77 |  | 1.90 | 2.22 | 2.06 | 2.10 | 2.20 |  |  |
| No. 2, Red Winter (St. Louis) - .-.........-do do | 2.33 | (1) | (1) | (i) | (1) | (1) | 1.94 | 2.11 | 2.03 | 2.08 | 2.14 | 2.25 | 2.32 |
| No. 2. Hard Winter (K.C.) --.............. do | 2.09 | 1.69 | 1.69 | 1.72 | 1.72 | (1) | 1.86 | 1.98 | 1.94 | 1.96 | 2, 14 | 2.10 | 2.07 |
| Wrighted ar., 6 mkts., all grades......-.....-do | 2.18 | 1.72 | 1.72 | 1.75 | 1.76 | 1.79 | 1.90 | 2.03 | 1.99 | 2.05 | 2.14 | 2.23 | 2.17 |
| Production (crop estimate), totalt .....-thous of bu |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{21,155,715}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 281,822 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 873,893 |
| Receipts, principal ma | 38, 254 | 26,938 | 21,457 | 31,111 | 16,472 | 40, 268 | 41,005 | 76, 432 | 53, 853 | 56,113 | 54,929 | 36, 881 | 33,868 |
| Canada (Canadian wheat) -..................do | 131,889 | 141, 796 | 122, 374 | 102, 441 | 81,080 | 63, 529 |  |  | 50,903 |  | 141,047 |  |  |
| Tnited States, domestic, to |  |  |  | 331, 228 |  |  | 3100,094 |  |  | 950, 286 |  | 15, | 642,983 |
| Commercial | 48,432 | 72, 262 | 30, 011 | 34, 317 | 17,849 | 30.126 | 329,917 | $90,2 \overline{3}$ | 98,963 | 103, 595 | 98,392 | 85,512 | 56, 256 |
| Country mills an |  |  |  | 35,570 |  |  | 3,8,382 |  |  | 177, 329 | - |  | 118,999 |
| Merchant mills |  |  |  | 55, 899 |  |  | ${ }^{3} 12,838$ |  |  | 114, 463 |  |  | 97,069 |
| On farms $\dagger$ |  |  |  | 198, 481 |  |  | 341,606 |  |  | 5552,715 |  |  | 366, 255 |
| Wheut flour: |  | 2.226 | 2.827 | 1,716 | 2,201 | 2,073 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grindings of wheat | 64, 575 | 39, 591 | 59,361 | 44,975 | 42,745 | 36, 220 | 37, 556 | 47, 500 | 51, 442 | 54,210 | 60,069 | 57,690 | 60, 647 |
| Prices, wholesale: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Standard patents (Minneapolis) §- .-. dol. per b | 11.52 | ¢. 55 | 6. 55 | 6. 55 | 6. 55 | 6.55 | 6.55 | 9.53 | 8.76 | 9.25 | 9.55 | 10.95 |  |
| Winter, straights (Kansas City) s......-......do | 11.10 | 6. 46 | 6.46 | 6. 49 | 6.49 | 6.49 | 6. 49 | 9.58 | 8.72 | 9.19 | 9.38 | 10.38 | 10.90 |
| Production (Census):t |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 14,238 \\ 92.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 13,064 \\ 85.3 \end{array}$ | 13,016 91.3 | $\begin{array}{r} 10,680 \\ 69.4 \end{array}$ | 10,142 6.5 | 8.617 55.8 |  | 11.259 72.8 | 12,173 75.8 | $\begin{aligned} & 12,078 \\ & 84 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 13.298 \\ 82.7 \end{array}$ | 12,749 89.1 | $\begin{array}{r}13.368 \\ 89.5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| Ofal | 1,112,708 | 1,038,080 | 1,032,900 | 622,280 | 584,280 | 492,800 | 505,660 | 641,300 | 712,000 | 902,900 | 1,022,700 | 986. 000 |  |
| Stocks held hy mills, end of month ....thous of bbl. |  |  |  | 2,385 |  |  |  |  |  | 2, 205 |  |  | 3.216 |
| LIVESTOCK |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Livestock slaughter (Federally inspected): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Calves ...........-.-.-............thous. of aminals.- | 591 | 440 | 427 | 484 | 445 | 402 | 294 | 542 | 534 | 364 | 651 | ${ }_{6}^{656}$ | 591 |
|  | 1,403 | 1,012 | 1,05 | 904 | 715 | ${ }_{6}^{676}$ | 451 | 1,239 | 1,240 | 360 | 1,103 | 3,348 | 1,352 |
| Hogs | 5,844 | 4,911 | 4,698 | 3,636 | 3.858 | 4,149 | 2,316 | 3,863 | 2.843 | 438 | 3,114 | 5.434 | 5,135 |
|  | 1,542 | 1,440 | 2,196 | 1,978 | 1,736 | 1,374 | 1.678 | 1,738 | 1,578 | 1,300 | 2,005 | 1,529 | 1,345 |

## $\tau$ Revised. $\quad 1$ No quotation. 2 Dec. 1 estimate

${ }^{3}$ Includes old crop only; new corin not reported in stock figures until crop rear begins in October and new oats and wheat until crop year begins in July.
$0^{\prime}$ J)ata continue series published in the 1942 Supplement but suspended during the war period; data for October 1941-February 1945 will he published later.
$\ddagger$ Data relate to regular four only; in addition data for cranular flour, collected for January 1943 to February 1946, are given in notes in the May 1946, and previous issues of the
Survey. Prices since May 1943 have been quoted for sacks of 100 pounds and have been converted to price per tarrel to have figures comparable with earlier data. For March-Augusi 1946 quotations are for flour of 80 percent extraction: beginning Sentemker 1946, quotations wese resumed for flour of normal extraction (72 percent).

The total includes wheat owned by the commodity Credit Corporation stored off farms in its own sleel and wooden bins not meluded in the break-down of stocks
t Revised series. The indicated grain series have been revised as follows: Crop estimate for oats, 1932-41. and rice, 1937-41: other crop estimates, 1929-41; domestic disappearance of wheat and stocks of wheat in country mills and elevators, 1934-41; corn, oat and wheat stocks on farms and total United States stocks of domestic wheat, 1926-41; see note nuarked " $t$ " on p, $¢-26$ of the April 1946 Survey for sources of revisions for 1941; all revisions are available on request.

| 1947 | 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\text { ary }}{\text { Janu- }}$ | Febru- ary | March | April | May | June | Juks | August | $\begin{gathered} \text { sep- } \\ \text { tember } \end{gathered}$ | October | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Novem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ |

## FOODSTUFFS AND TOBACCO-Continued

| LIVESTOCK-Continued | 2, 404 |  | 1,96097 | 1,920 | $\begin{aligned} & 2,145 \\ & 109 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,783 \\ 106 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,725 \\ 141 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,121 \\ & 176 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1,923 \\ \hline 388\end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 3,650 \\ 730 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,871 \\ 445 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}2.447 \\ \hline 23\end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cattle and calves: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipments, feeder, to 8 corn belt Statest........do... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prices, wholesale: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Beef steers (Chicago)--.-.-..dol. per 100 lb | 22.16 17.68 | 16.49 13.56 | 16.14 14.71 | 16. 26 | 16. 56 | 16.7\% | $\begin{aligned} & 17.30 \\ & 15.72 \end{aligned}$ | 21.36 15.53 | 21.71 | $\begin{aligned} & 17.99 \\ & 15.99 \end{aligned}$ | 23.57 16.42 | 23.64 16.30 | 23.19 17.63 |
| Calves, vealers (Chicago) ...................... - d | 22.13 | 14.69 | 14.81 | 15.66 | 15.75 | 15.63 | 15.88 | 17.10 | 16.44 | 16.15 | 18.19 | 18.38 | 18.20 |
| Hogs: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts, principal markets........thous. of animals.-Pries:Wholesale, average, all grades (Chicago) | 3.469 | 3,344 | 2,952 | 2,211 | 2,472 | 2. 431 | 1,352 | 3.070 | 1,832 | 293 | 2, 204 | 3, 221 | 2, 993 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| dol. per 100 lb - <br> Hog-corn ratio $\dagger$. bu. of corn per 100 lb . of live hogs.- | $22.45$ | 14.72 <br> 12.8 | $\begin{gathered} 14.7 \\ 12.8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 14.80 \\ 12.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 14.81 \\ 12.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 14.81 \\ 10.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 14.77 \\ 10.1 \end{gathered}$ | 17.94 8.6 | $\begin{gathered} 20.84 \\ 11.6 \end{gathered}$ | 16. 25 | $\begin{array}{r} 22.82 \\ 13.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 24.07 \\ 18.0 \end{array}$ | 22.87 18.6 |
| Hog-corn ratio $\dagger$ _ bu. of corn per 100 lb . of live hogs.Sheep and lambs: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts, principal markets- ${ }^{\text {a }}$ - thous. of animals--Shipments, feeder, to 8 corn belt Statest | 1,669 | 1,663 | 481 | 1,753 | 1, 984 | 1,410 | 2,517 | 286 | 2,176 | 2, 342 | 3,656 | 1,966 | , 495 |
|  | 171 | 102 | 154 | 90 | 67 | Sif | 76 | 98 | 338 | 865 | 941 | 304 | 121 |
| Prices, wholesale: <br> Lambs, average (Chicago) ............dol. per 100 lb. <br> Lambs, feeder, good and choice (Omaha).....do... | 23.25 | 14.30 | 14.70 | 15.23 | 15. 51 | 16. | 16.75 | 20. | 20.50 | 19. 00 | 23.00 | 22.25 | 23.25 |
|  | 19.45 | 14.46 | 15. 50 | 15.38 | 15. 30 | (I) | (1) | (1) | 16.53 | 17.26 | 17.90 | 17.75 | 18.00 |
| meats |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total meats (including lard): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 325 | 173 | 191 | 136 | 200 | 189 | 220 | 118 | 61 | 13 | 32 | 40 |
|  | 1,954 | 1,581 | 1,595 | 1,296 | 1,226 | 1,224 | 797 | 1,581 | 1,286 | 351 | 1,245 | 1,742 | 1, 724 |
|  | 835 | 772 | 791 49 | 750 | 691 | 619 | 496 | 484 | 389 | 258 | 297 | 442 |  |
|  | 65 | 47 | 49 | 49 | 44 | 38 | 31 | 38 | 40 | 22 | 26 | 39 | 56 |
| Beef and veal: | 50 | 38 | 44 | 46 | 44 | 36 | 30 | 28 | 27 | 19 | 21 | 26 | 36 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports <br> Price, wholesale, beel, fresh, native steers (Chicago) dol. per ib |  | 90, 526 | 50, 214 | 94, 545 | 30,945 | 44, 577 | 39,738 | 29,912 | 20, 426 | 19,691 | 2,535 | 532 | 828 |
|  | 84 | . 200 | . 200 | 202 | . 203 | . 208 | . 203 | 19 | 82 | 35 | 380 | 409 | 415 |
| Production (inspected slaughter) ......-thous of lb.- | 757,702 | 557, 516 | 569,746 | 526, 166 | 431, 517 | 409, 953 | 275,752 | 674, 964 | 664.848 | 210,423 | 590, 798 | 689.82 | 705, 974 |
| Stocks, cold storage <br> Lamb and mutton: | 191, 935 | 187, 392 | 164, 871 | 162, 098 | 140, 157 | 105,905 | 67, 850 | 68,444 | 101, 825 | 79,051 | 64, 521 | 111,091 | 「169, 211 |
|  | 68,215 | 66,010 | 100,934 | 89,629 | 75, 865 |  | 65.149 | 68,844 |  |  | 84, 170 |  |  |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month $\otimes \sigma^{7} \ldots . . . . . . . .$. Pork, including lard, production (inspected slaughter) thous. of 1 lb . | 17,179 | 19, 189 | 16,533 | 15, 513 | 12,171 | 10, 863 | 10,378 | 9, 108 | 13, 135 |  | 10,602 | 1-.696 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,128,378 | 957, 453 | 924, 170 | 680, 480 | 718,345 | 702, 222 | 456, 591 | 837, 553 | 555, 686 | 85,991 | 570,068 | 987, 245 | 959, 053 |
| Pork, excluding lard: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prices, wholesale: |  | 16,529 | 8,222 | 20,78 | 27, 321 | 47, 991 | 46.919 | 49, 412 | 42,219 | 12,737 | 1,076 | 1,305 | 6,635 |
| Hams, smoked (Chicago) ................. per lb <br> Fresh loins, 8-10 lb average (New Sork) do | 509 | $2 \overline{8}$ | 258 | 264 | . 268 | 266 | 265 | . 410 | . 503 |  | 265 |  | 2. 522 |
|  | 427 | 259 | 2.59 | 264 | 266 | 266 | 266 | 419 | 514 | 333 | 476 | 512 | 404 |
| Production (inspected slaughter) ......thous of lb Stocks, cold storage, end of month $\otimes 0^{7} \ldots \ldots . . . . . . .$. | 827,411 | 747,282 | 708,566 | 533, 909 | 573,027 | 606,017 | 360, 342 | 667,522 | 425,735 | 71, 181 | 462,454 | -57, 765 | 728,500 |
|  | 387, 803 | 396, 740 | 426,545 | 396, 753 | 379,373 | 382, 742 | 322, 433 | 297, 355 | 168,861 | 99,859 | 142,912 | 209, 946 | 276, 232 |
| Lard: <br> Exports§ <br> Price, wholesale, refined (Chicaro) <br> do dol. per ib Production (inspected slaughter) Stocks, cold storage, end of month ${ }^{7}$. hous. of 1 b |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 25,063 | 47.975 146 148 | 42, 323 | $\begin{array}{r}55,435 \\ \hline 148\end{array}$ | 64, 8148 | 57.689 | 52, 555 | 27,665 350 | 11,679 | 8, 268 | 15.647 | $20.521$ |
|  | 220,245 | 152,728 |  | - ${ }_{\text {106, } 538}$ | 105, 369 | - 10.148 |  | ${ }_{123,348}$ | 94. ${ }^{.350}$ |  | 8.190 7688 |  | $\begin{gathered} (\text { (l) } \\ 168.326 \end{gathered}$ |
|  | 122, 239 | 83, 489 | 90, 184 | 80, 438 | 71,153 | 4.5, 5.39 | 34,910 | 43, 349 | 37, 369 | 30, 021 | 31,513 | 40, 623 | 68,756 |
| POULTRY AND EGGS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poultry: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, live fowls (Chicago) ..... dol. per lb.Receipts, 5 markets. ........................ thous. of 1 b .- | 242 | . 255 | 253 | . 248 | - ${ }^{272}$ | 274 | 269 | 283 | 265 | 307 | 298 | 242 | 266 |
|  | 27,631 | 47, 157 | 31,034 | 31,348 |  | 34, 765 | 32,865 | , | 43.162 | (11. 131 | ,972 | -2,952 | 65, 114 |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of montho ${ }^{\text {che........... }}$ doEggs:Dricd, production* | 317, 207 | 363,954 | 356, 730 | 320,027 | 256, 822 | 209,944 | 173,905 | 178,784 | 207, 137 | 184, 841 | 261,006 | 301, 030 | 316,577 |
|  | 11,744 | r 277 | -8,362 | -19,732 | , 22,576 | $r] 8.763$ |  | r 13,864 | ¢ 11, 151 | r4,835 | 2,900 | 2.585 | 3,946 |
| Price, wholesale, U.S. standards (Chicago) dol per doz Production millions | . 388 | . 356 | . 231 | . 332 | . 333 |  | . 332 | . 340 | . 346 | 400 | . 420 | 406 |  |
|  | 4,5688 | [4, 292 | ${ }^{\text {r }}$, 1027 | 6, 791 | ${ }^{+} \mathbf{6}, 803$ | ${ }^{\text {r } 6,292}$ | ${ }^{\text {r 5, }} \mathbf{0 8 5}$ | ${ }^{\text {r 4, }} 284$ | 3,679 | r 3, 295 | $+3,190$ | +3.110 | + 3,765 |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month: $0^{7}$ <br> Shell.......................................thous. of cases <br> Frozen thous. of Ib |  | 272 |  |  |  | 883 |  | 9,537 |  | 738 |  |  |  |
|  | 81, 6.38 | 111, 221 | 117,903 | 149,710 | 200, 176 | 245, 28. | 265, 050 | 260, 101 | 236, 256 | 20\%,244 | 168, 599 | 132.664 | 102,437 |
| miscellaneous food products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Candy, sales by manufacturers .......thous. of dol. | 56, 850 | 42, 709 | 38, 865 | 39, 254 | 38,469 | 34,622 | 30, 467 | 24,678 | 34, 056 | 39,505 | 54, 122 | 56,287 | 56, 850 |
|  |  | 16,898 | 30, 162 | 37,361 | 42,688 | 29,397 | 14,048 | 19,433 | 14,409 | 9,405 | 13,765 | 12, 237 | 25, 027 |
|  |  | 1,286 | 1,030 | 1,145 | ],577 | 1,829 | 1,312 | 1,635 | 1,573 | 814 | 1,448 | 1,416 |  |
| Clearances from Brazil, total...........thous. of bags To United States. |  | 973 | 718 | 748 | 1,189 | 1.510 | 837 | 1,163 | 970 | 484 | 902 | 946 | 729 |
|  |  | 2, 093 | 1,498 | 2, 849 | 1,824 | 1,786 | 2, 298 | 1,480 | 1,947 | 1.338 | 1,237 | 1,612 | 1,716 |
|  | 269 | ${ }^{134}$ | . 134 | - 2134 | -134 | . 134 | + ${ }^{134}$ | . 206 | . 2218 | . 2221 | 241 | 263 | 264 |
| Fish: |  | 2,276 | 2, 143 | 2,044 | 1,964 | 2, 105 | 2,319 | 2,122 | 2, 182 | 2, 142 | 1,931 | 2,080 | 1,584 |
|  |  | 10,821 | 12,455 | 24,151 | 25, 245 | 47,005 | 68,023 | 66, 854 | 46,776 | 53,727 | 53,786 | 35, 025 | 24,645 |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month.............do.... | 127,381 | 115, 398 | 99,05t | 84, 265 | 75,318 | 84,725 | 97, 806 | 126, 837 | 152, 403 | 147,085 | 149, 549 | 158, 48 e | 152,803 |
| Sugar:Cuban stocks, raw, end of monthdtho |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 373 | 373 | 1,111 | 2,030 | 2,702 | 2,902 | 2,551 | 2,059 | 1,700 | 1,310 | 712 | 55 | 342 |

- Revised. No quotation. ${ }^{2}$ Prices beginning December not strictly comparable with earlier data; comparable figure for November $1946,0.545$. §Data continue scries shown in the 1942 Supplement but suspended during the war period; data for October $1941-$ Fobruary 1945 will be published later.
$\sigma$ Cold storage stocks of dairy products ( $\mathrm{p} . \mathrm{S}-26$ ) meats, poultry, and eggs include stocks owned by the $U$. $S$. Dept. of Agriculture and other Government agencies, stocks held
for Armed Forces stored in warehouse space not owned or operated by them and commercial stocks; stocks held in space owned or leased by the Armed Forces are not included.
- Jata begining in the May 1943 Survey are from the U. S. Department of Labor. Quotations since July 1943 have been for U. S. Standards; they are approximately comparable
earlier data for fresh firsts and the series has heretofore been shown under that designation
IFor data for December 1941-July 1942 see note in November 1943 Survey.
t Revised series. The hog-com fatio has been shown on a revised basis beginning in the March 1943 Surver: revisions for $1913-41$ win be shown later. The series for feeder shipments of cattle and calves, and shecy and lambs were revised beginning 1941 to include data for illinois; revisions for $1941-42$ are shown on f. S-2" of the A ugust 1943 Survey.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1941 and descriptive notes may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1947 | 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tanu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | Juls | August | September | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Octo- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | November | Decem ber |

## FOODSTUFFS AND TOBACCO-Continued

| MISCELLANEOUS FOOI PRODCCTS-Con. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| sugar-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| States: <br> Deliveries and supply (raw va |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Deliveries, total .....................-short tons. | 501, 157 | 516. 465 | 285, 341 | 476, 316 | r 554, 074 | 524,662 | 598, 604 | 590, 347 | 608,883 | ${ }^{5} 533,875$ | 396, 831 | 482,194 | 456,566 |
| For domestic consumption.---.-........- do .- | 481, 818 | -514, 945 | 276, 715 | 425,742 | - 497,841 | 451, 994 | 526,605 | 557, 235 | 561, 695 | ${ }^{5} 521,428$ | 392,018 | 475, 921 | 418,790 |
| For export | 19,339 | 1, 520 | 8,626 | 50. 574 | - 56, 233 | 72, 668 | 71,999 | 33, 112 | 47,188 | ${ }^{r} 12,447$ | 4,813 | 6,273 | 37,776 |
| Production, domestic, and receipts: Entries from off-shore areas ............ | 243, 687 | 182,937 | 263,345 | 465, 834 | 433, 190 | 501, 777 | 478,311 | 460, 172 | 402, 299 | 297, 275 | 233,063 | 223, 781 | 257, 017 |
| Production, domestic cane and beet.-..-- do | 243, 68 | 98,526 | 24,771 | 19, 305 | 18,254 | 8,345 | -9,613 | 13, 173 | 49, 780 | -94,691 | 483,532 | 642, 633 | 437,471 |
| Stocks, raw and refined, end of month .-.-.do |  | -1,177,812 | 1,174,614 | 1,184,341 | 1,080,908 | 1,005,183 | 955, 031 | 824, 641 | 671, 491 | 519, 227 | 832,071 | 1,209,820 | 1,441,531 |
| Exports, refined sugars.....-......---- |  | 4,304 | 7,003 | 33,945 | 58,321 | 59,716 | 61,897 | 47, 191 | 33, 844 | 22,546 | 3,280 | 6,734 | 24,968 |
| Imports:\$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| From Cuba. |  | 172, 125 | 191, 214 | 310, 519 | 143,528 | 230, 471 | 179,666 | 267, 460 | 145, 072 | 116, 529 | 92, 812 | 180, 167 | 210,784 |
| Refined sugar, total .-...-.-................-.-. - do |  | 10,324 | 195 | 33, 816 | 38,785 | 38,061 | 15,001 | 47,349 | 49, 932 | 30, 294 | 35,099 | 23,647 | 16, 160 |
| From Cuba--.-.---- do |  | 10,324 | - | 33,656 | 38,735 | 38,061 | 15,001 | 47,349 | 49,932 | 30, 294 | 35, 098 | 23,647 | 16,160 |
| Receipts from Hawaii and Puerto Rico: Raw. |  | 20,687 | 38,774 | 112,933 | 197, 733 | 179,667 | 160,827 | 179,922 | 209, 662 | 128, 747 | 76, 424 |  |  |
| Refined.-.......... |  |  | , | 10,417 | 23,657 | 17,685 | 30,150 | 4,750 | 1,709 | 4, 874 |  | 5,004 |  |
| Price, refined, granulated, New York: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Retail 1 Wholesale | . 095 | . 067 | 068 | . 073 | . 074 | . 073 | . 074 | . 074 | 075 | . 076 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 092 | . 095 |
| Tea, importss thous. of 1 b | 079 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { \% } \\ 14,975 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | \% 12,569 | . 059 6,139 | 6, 059 6,580 | .059 3,077 | . 059 1.540 | -060 1,336 | - 086 6,350 | -.067 | - $\begin{array}{r}\text {. } \\ 3,844 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | .076 16,286 | 11,486 |
| Leaf: TOBACCO |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports, incl. scrap and stems\$.-.......- thous. of th. |  | 47,335 | 43,902 | 52, 230 | 60, 401 | 62, 293 | 60,740 | 36,970 | 39,595 | 50, 461 | 54,383 | 94, 129 | 60, 861 |
| Imports, incl. scrap and stems\$..............-. - do |  | 22,371 | 4,043 | 5,129 | 4,72 ${ }^{\text {T}}$ | 5,633 | 4,861 | 5,381 | 5,613 | 6,031 | 6,883 | 6, 520 | 4,817 |
| Stocks, dealers and manufacturers, total, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic: Cigar leaf |  |  |  | 377 |  |  | 366 |  |  | 327 |  |  | 303 |
| Fire-cured and dark air-cured |  |  |  | 223 |  |  | 196 |  |  | 165 |  |  | 159 |
| Flue-cured and light air-cured Miscellancous domestic |  |  |  | 2,626 |  |  | 2, 168 |  |  | 2, 389 |  |  | 2,683 3 |
| Foreign grown: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 26 |  |  | 26 |  |  |  |
| Cigarette tobacco |  |  |  | 85 |  |  | 95 |  |  | 87 |  |  | 97 |
| Manufactured products: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption (withdrawals:) Cigarettes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 2,283 | 1,737 | 2,396 | 3,388 | 3,019 | 2,445 | 2,487 | 2,665 | 1,944 | 2,561 | 3, 165 |  |
|  | 28, 451 | 25, 226 | 23, 637 | 26,401 | 25,452 | 29,972 | 26, 360 | 25, 440 | 28, 953 | 26, 865 | 32,778 | 27,696 | 22, 695 |
| Cigars, tax-paid ......---.-.-.-...--- thousands.- | 510,264 | 468, 592 | 455, 024 | 480, 479 | 484, 318 | 497, 297 | 452,180 | 439, 396 | 500, 572 | 457,703 | 588, 067 | 546, 949 | 465, 769 |
| Manufactured tobacco and snuff, tax-paid _thous.of 1 lb . | 20,124 | 20, 806 | 17,776 | 18,519 | 20,023 | 21, 223 | 21,084 | 20,949 | 22,733 | 21,671 | 25, 631 | 22, 728 | 17,636 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production, manufactured tobacco, total thous of lb. |  | 20, 521 | 18,065 | 19,067 | 19,750 | 21, 472 | 21, 092 | 21, 078 | 22, 868 | 21, 672 | 25,674 | 23, 236 |  |
|  |  |  | ${ }_{4}^{262}$ | 4 282 | 290 | 334 | 302 | 326 | 374 | 311 | 348 | 315 |  |
|  |  | 4, 106 3,976 | 4, 4,948 | 4,373 4,099 | 4,172 3,647 | 4,481 2,738 | 4,280 <br> 3,635 | 4,657 <br> 3,968 | 4, 4,631 4,437 | 4,361 3,860 | 4, 821 4,627 | 4,096 3,794 |  |
| Smokin |  | 7,979 | 5,944 | 6,386 | 7,808 | 10,051 | 9,395 | 8,909 | 9,486 | 9,618 | 11,676 | 11,266 |  |
| Snuff |  | 3,706 | 3,128 | 3,419 | 3,333 | 3,339 | 3,022 | 2, 721 | 3,429 | 3, 061 | 3, 640 | 3,303 |  |
|  |  | 423 | 466 | 508 | 498 | 529 | 458 | 497 | 511 | 461 | 561 | 462 |  |

## LEATHER AND PRODUCTS

| HIDES AND SKIVS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Livestock slanghter (sce p. S-28). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Imports, total hides and skins 8-.......t.thous. of lb-- |  | 16, 084 | r 11, 172 | 15,331 | 17,340 | 「 15, 876 | r 13, 667 | - 19, 563 | 15, 384 | r 16, 721 | 19, 238 | 30,921 | 32,196 |
| Calf and kip skins...-.......-.-.-. - thous. of pieces.- |  |  |  |  | 0 | 1 | 11 |  | 20 |  | 124 |  | 126 |
|  |  | 52 | 20 | 68 | 50 | 80 | 41 | 83 | 85 | 150 | 140 | 306 | 206 |
|  |  | 3,137 | 2, 297 | 2,332 | 1,571 | 1,168 | 1,271 | 2,496 | 2,640 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 1.864$ | 2,273 | 4, 454 | 3, 239 |
| Sheep and lamb skins |  | 2,883 | 1,968 | 2,818 | 4,684 | 3. 609 | - 3, 244 | - 5,091 | 3,178 | 3, 701 | 2, 419 | 2, 540 | 2,157 |
| Prices, wholesale (Chicago): Hides, packers', heavy, native steers ....dol per lb |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hides, packers', heavy, native stecrs ....dol. per lb Calfskins, packers', 8 to 151 l ................................... | . 2388 | . 1515 | . 1585 | .155 .218 | .155 .218 | .155 .218 | 155 .218 | .239 .268 | 155 218 | . 155 | . 1585 | .289 .435 | 276 .414 |
| Leather |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports: Sole leather: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bends, backs and sidos....-..........thous. of lb.- |  | 79 | 1,818 | 721 | 3,113 | 2,335 | 655 | 307 | 364 | 640 | 51 | 146 | 71 |
| Offal, including belting offal.................-do |  | 1,194 | 296 | 573 | 1,322 | 593 | 488 | 186 | 25 | 17 | 20 | 5 | 90 |
|  |  | 3,206 | 2,853 | 3,324 | 4,072 | 4,430 | 3,280 | 2,282 | r 2,011 | 834 | 1,107 | 1,899 | 2,512 |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1,031 2,502 | 1, 2,532 | 898 2,500 | 907 2,479 | 831 2,331 | 801 2,089 | $\begin{array}{r}755 \\ 2,058 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 844 2,160 | $\begin{array}{r}832 \\ 1,895 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1959 \\ 2,046 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 1981 $-2,143$ | 1,011 2,180 |
|  |  | 1, ${ }^{297}$ | 2, 143 | 2, 190 | 2, 027 | 1, 773 | 1,537 | 1, 656 | 1,761 | 1,739 | 2,598 | r 2,304 | 2, ${ }_{2}^{180}$ |
|  |  | 4,418 | 4,288 | 4, 256 | 3,986 | 3,944 | 3,584 | 3, 529 | 3,951 | 3, 702 | 4,548 | 4.088 | 3,696 |

[^16]$r$ Revised.
§ Data continue series published in the 1942 Supplement but suspended during the war period (it should be noted that data for sugar are shown in long tons in that volume); data or October 1941-February 1945 will be published later.
fom the series. The new sugar series include raw and refined sugat in terms of raw (see also note in the April 1945 Survey). The new series for tax-free withdrawals of cigarettes is drawals were comparatively small prior to the war period. Monthly data available beginning July 1943 are as follows (millions): July to December 1943-3,446; 3,699 ; 4,660; 4,463 ; 2,$930 ; 3,206$. January to December $1944-5,242 ; 6,560 ; 6,181 ; 5,375 ; 6,557 ; 6,856 ; 5,578 ; 6,669 ; 7,844 ; 8,678 ; 9,359 ; 8,803$. January-December 1945-9,508; 10,088; 11,598; 9,502; 8,839; 4,843; 3,202; 2,059; 802; 1,269; 1,348; 1,465.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1941 and descriptive notes may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1947 | 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | January | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { arry } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Febru- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | March | April | May | June | July | Auquet | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Eep- } \\ & \text { tember } \end{aligned}$ | October | $\begin{gathered} \text { Noverm- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ |

## LEATHER AND PRODUCTS-Continued

| LEATHER-ContinuedPrices, wholesale: | (1) | . 440 | . 440 | . 440 | . 440 | . 440 | . 462 | . 675 | .470 | . 470 | . 470 | . 880 | . 70 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sole, oak, bends (Boston) $\dagger$....................dol. per lb.Chrome, calf, B grade, black, composite |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| dol. per sq. ft | (1) | . 529 | . 533 | . 533 | . 333 | . 533 | . 536 | . 570 | . 558 | . 565 | (1) | () | . 902 |
| Total ...............-.-.- thous. of equir. hides. |  | 9,886 | 10,059 | 9, 721 | 9,539 | 9. 217 | 8. 503 | 8,419 | -.683 | 7,565 | 7,446 | -8,482 | 8,919 |
| Leather, in process and finished..............do. |  | 6,088 | 6,052 | ¢, 054 | 6, 098 | ti, 000 | 5, 971 | 5. 541 | 5,681 | 5,714 | 6, 004 | - 5.435 | 5,702 |
|  |  | 3,798 | 4,007 | 3,737 | 3. 441 | 3. 204 | 2, 532 | 2, 878 | 1,962 | 1,851 | 1,442 | 3,047 | 3,217 |
| LeATHER MANUFACTURES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boots, shoes, and slippers: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exportss-....-.-................. .thous. of pairs.- |  | 1,326 | 744 | 1,095 | 981 | 1,663 | 1.701 | 726 | 1,159 | 342 | 289 | 459 | (691 |
|  |  | 2 41,246 | 43,701 | 47, 955 | 49, 437 | 49.460 | 44, 957 | 37,021 | 46, 236 | 41, 651 | 47,469 | r 40, 752 | 39,066 |
|  |  | ${ }_{40} 471$ |  | +4727 | ${ }^{4} 278$ | 40.227 |  | ${ }^{36} 139$ | ${ }^{46} 172$ | -140 | 47 171 | + 196 | 198 |
|  |  | 40, 479 | 43, 237 | 47, 628 | 49, 164 | 49.242 690 | 44,642 627 | 36, 882 | 46, 0648 | 41,511 330 | 47,297 394 | r 40,556 $r$ $r$ | 38,868 397 |
| Dress and work shoes, incl. sandals and playshoes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 397 |
| Leather, uppers, total.........-thous. of pairs.- |  | 31,012 | 33, 091 | 35,483 | 36,669 | 36,689 | 32, 815 | 26,504 | 32, 117 | 30, 022 | 34, 194 | - 30,011 | 31,840 |
| Boys' and youths'.-......-..............do |  | 1,492 | 1,777 | 1,807 | 1.872 | 1,879 | 1,752 | 1, 502 | 1, 720 | 1,607 | 1, 743 | -1,588 | 1, 761 |
|  |  | 2, 855 | 3, 068 | 3, 248 | 3, 363 | 3, 238 | 2,960 | 2,456 | 2, 838 | 2,575 | 2,962 | + 2,555 | 2, 633 |
| Misses' and children's.-.-----.-.-.-. - do |  | 3,913 | 4,421 | 4,904 | 5, 066 | 5,060 | 4, 379 | 3,346 | 4, 119 | -3,727 | 4,183 | +3.831 | 4,034 |
|  |  | 7,815 | 8,508 | 8,954 | 4.383 | ${ }^{9,592}$ | 8,703 | 7,662 | 8, 692 | 7,901 | 8,874 | -8,153 | 8,947 |
|  |  | 14, 937 | 15,317 | 16,571 | 16, 985 | 16,920 | 15, 021 | 11, 538 | 14, 748 | 14, 212 | 16, 432 | -13,884 | 14, 466 |
| Part leather and nonleather uppers....... do |  | 4, 007 | 4, 622 | 5,671 | 5. 876 | 5. 646 | 5, 304 | 4,693 | 6, 679 | 5, 279 | 5.173 | ${ }^{+}$+ 4,304 | 3.45 |
| Slippers and moccasins for housewear All |  | 4,782 | 4, 757 | 5,487 | 5, 231 | 5. 879 | 5, 708 | 4,980 | 6, 563 | 5,681 | 7, 234 | - 5.600 | 2,943 |
| Gloves and mittens, production, total* |  | 140 | 133 | 211 | 222 | 338 | 188 | 169 | 219 | 199 | 302 | 「240 | 213 |
|  |  | 2,228 | 2, 218 | 2, 432 | 2, 331 | 2, 418 | 2, 274 | 2, 024 | 2, 255 | 2, 103 | 2,549 | 2, 282 | 2,103 |
| Dress and semi-dress, total.--.--..............d.do. |  | 656 | 688 | 794 | 774 | 798 | 765 | 652 | 806 | 737 | 882 | 75 | 625 |
|  |  | 151 | 154 | 185 | 169 | 185 | 166 | 141 | 175 | 153 | 167 | 145 | 102 |
| Leather and fabric combination-..--..--..-- do |  | 18 | 20 | 23 | - 23 | 24 | 28 | 18 | 25 | 18 | 20 | 15 | ${ }_{4}^{9}$ |
|  |  | 488 | 513 | 586 | 581 | 590 | 571 | 493 | 606 | 566 | 695 | 597 | 514 |
| Work, total |  | 1,572 | 1,530 | 1,638 | 1,557 | 1,620 | 1,509 | 1,372 | 1,449 | 1,366 | 1,667 | 1, 325 | 1,478 |
| Leather-1. ${ }_{\text {Leather }}$ |  | 177 | 169 | 176 | 182 | 167 | 156 | 116 | 125 | 119 | 143 | 112 | 98 |
| Leather and fabric combination |  |  | - 1,141 |  |  | 1.241 | 192 1.161 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}175 \\ 1,02 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 197 1,327 | 1. ${ }^{164}$ | 1. ${ }^{178}$ |
|  |  | 1,164 | 1,14] | 1,237 | 1, 160 | 1,241 | 1,161 | 1,097 | 1,138 | 1,022 | 1,327 | 1. 249 | 1. 203 |

## LUMBER AND MANUFACTURES

| LUMBER-ALL TYPES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Exports, total saw mill products§. .-.......... M bd. ft |  | 64, 795 | 52, 574 | 71,094 | 63.060 | 53, 583 | 56,871 | 43, 784 | 54, 366 | 44, 237 | 23, 802 | 38.251 | 81,976 |
| Sawed timber8 .............................do |  | 6. 40 E | 11, 708 | 21, 006 | 21, 2 z | 21, 396 | 10. 290 | 13,876 | 12,832 | 14.73 | 4,329 | 7,183 | 28. 614 |
|  |  | 56, 089 | 39,194 | 48,091 | 39.888 | 30, 866 | 44.968 | 27, 825 | 34. 783 | 26,889 | 17,485 | 30, 103 | 45, 149 |
| Imports, total sawmill products $\$$. |  | 80,528 | 79,434 | 95,354 | 97, 136 | 90, 263 | -6,930 | r 109, 970 | 123, 411 | 111,685 | - 131,669 | 117,696 | 123, 816 |
| National Lumber Manufacturers Association: $\dagger$ <br> Production, total |  | 1, 840 | 1,887 | 2.279 | 2, 538 | 2. 668 | 2,689 | 2,65i | 2,917 | 2, 709 | 2,921 | 2,517 |  |
|  |  | 516 | ${ }^{1} 898$ | 640 | ${ }^{2} 681$ | -699 | - 659 | , 731 | ${ }^{293}$ | 2, 821 | , 854 | -38 | 623 |
| Softwoods |  | 1,324 | 1,389 | 1, 639 | 1,857 | 1.969 | 2,030 | 1,925 | 2. 124 | 1,888 | 2,067 | 1,759 | 1,678 |
| Shipments, tol |  | 2,081 | 1,911 | 2, 307 | 2, 517 | 2. 621 | +2,541 | 2,505 | 2,653 | 2, 471 | 2,645 | 2,353 | 2. 259 |
|  |  | 604 | 479 | 582 | 6.4 | ${ }^{691}$ | ${ }^{622}$ | ${ }_{6}^{632}$ | 660 | 642 | 731 | 619 | 577 |
|  |  | 1,477 | 1,432 | 1,725 | 1,843 | 1,930 | 1,919 | 1.873 | 1. 993 | 1,829 | 1,914 | 1,735 | 1.702 |
| Stocks, gross, end of month, total...-........- do |  | 3,555 | 3,482 | 3. 397 | 3,420 | 3,481 | 3. 614 | 3. 735 | 3,940 | 4, 148 | 4, 405 | 4.534 | 4,542 |
|  |  | 906 | 875 | 886 | 873 | 875 | 904 | ${ }^{974}$ | ${ }^{1.071}$ | ${ }_{6}^{1.212}$ | 1,318 | 1,407 | 1.431 |
|  |  | 2, 649 | 2,605 | 2,511 | 2. 545 | ${ }^{2} .606$ | 2.710 | 2, 26.1 | 2. 869 | 2.936 | 3,088 | 3, 127 | 3,110 |
| Flooring |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maple, beech, and birch: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new --..-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-. M bd. ft . | 3, 850 | 2, 875 | 2,625 | 3,025 | 4.325 | 3.200 | 2,750 | 2,360 | 3, 560 | 2,550 | 3.750 5.700 | 3,250 <br> 5 | 4,350 |
|  | 3,900 |  | 2, 850 | 3, 100 | ti. <br> 3 <br> 3.1000 | (1.) 21.5 | -2,550 |  | 3. 100 | 2.925 | 3,400 | 3,475 | 6.100 3.950 |
| Shipments | 4,375 | 3,075 | 2,675 | 2,725 | 4,350 | 3.875 | 2. 7 e 0 | 2,375 | 3.125 | 3,375 | 3,425 | 3,625 | 3, 700 |
| Stocks, end of month........................... do | 1,650 | 4,250 | 4,300 | 4,650 | 3,200 | 2.475 | 2, 425 | 2, 375 | 2,475 | 2,425 | 2, 200 | 1,975 | 1,950 |
| Oak: Orders, new | 41, 521 | 15,632 | 17,32s | 15,971 | 16, 817 | 19.434 | 15,426 | 20,247 | 18,931 | 22.851 | 29,212 | 29,245 |  |
| Orders, unfilled, end of month...............- do | 41, 523 | 42,120 | 37,694 | 35, 529 | 34, 280 | 33.371 | 31, 158 | 31,657 | 30,055 | (3) | 42, 190 | 41, 800 | 41.249 |
|  | 40, 253 | 18,523 | 17,453 | 18,958 | 18,757 | 20.119 | 17, 239 | 20, 838 | 22,860 | 27,527 | 35,922 | 34,079 | 33.955 |
| Shipments | 41, 247 | 11, 474 | 22,892 | 18, 136 | 20,996 | 20.982 | 37. 839 | 19, 747 | 24. 734 | 2-, 331 | 34, 882 | 33, 06.5 | 31. 248 |
| Stocks, end of month | 5,730 | 14,880 | 9,391 | 9,661 | 7, 425 | 7270 | 5. 162 | 6.081 | 4. 209 | ${ }^{(3)}$ | 4,738 | 5, 35 | 7. 43 i |
| Douglas fir: SOFTWOODS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports, total sawmill products ${ }^{\text {\% }}$.......... MI bd. ft .- |  | 41, 228 | 31,375 | 42, 207 | 39.682 | 29.889 | 30.020 | 22.271 | 18,710 | 20,478 | 6, 233 | 2,138 | 37,421 |
| Sawed timbers.......-........... .......... do |  | 3,820 | 8,242 | 13, 225 | 16.733 | 15, 231 | -5.845 | 9, 256 | 5. 702 | 9.806 | 2, 632 | 654 | 20,629 |
| Boards, planks, scantlings, etc. \&- |  | 37, 708 | 23, 133 | 28,982 | 22, 949 | -14,476 | - 22.682 | 13,015 | 13,008 | 10, 6 i 2 | 3,601 | 1,484 | 16,792 |
| Prices, wholesale: <br> Dimension, No. 1, common, $2 \times 4-16$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| dol. per M bd. ft- | 51.940 | 34.790 | 34. 790 | 36.362 | 38.220 | 38.220 | 41.528 | 42.630 | 42.630 | ${ }^{42.630}$ | 42.630 | 43.835 | 47.824 |
| Flooring, B and better, F. G., $1 \times 4$, R. L...-do...- | 72.520 | 44. 100 | 44.100 | 51.450 | 53.900 | 53.900 | 68. 310 | 54.78.4. | 59.780 | 59.780 | 59. 780 | 59.750 | 63.300 |
| southern pine: <br> Exports, total sawmill products $\quad$ M bd ft |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sawed timbers-..............................do |  | 2,268 | 3,228 | 5,743 | 3, 3.506 | 4. 534 | 2.035 | 2, 703 | - 26.20 | 4.080 | 1,034 | 4.955 | 15.880 |
| Boards, planks, scantlings, etc.§-............. do. |  | 6,808 | 5.865 | 8.073 | 8. 46 | 6. 644 | 8.826 | 6. 862 | 11.124 | \%, 636 | 4, 283 | 16, 405 | 11,005 |

${ }^{r}$ Revised.
No quotation.
\& Includes revisions not available for this detail. ${ }^{3}$ Data not available.
SData continue series published in the 1942 Supplement but suspended during the war period; data for October 1941-February Iy45 will be published later.
 ures for total stocks for January, March, and May include small revisions that are not available for the breakdown between leather and raw hides.
$\$$ See note for boots and shoes at the bottom of $\mathcal{P}$. $S-23$ of the July 1945 Survey regarding changes in several classifications and note marked " $\%$ " on $p$. S- 28 of that issue regarding
er revisions; revisions for January-May 1943 and 1945 and January-A pril 1944, which have not heen published, will he shown later.
$\dagger$ Revised series. The price for sole oak leather has been shown on a revised basis beginning in the October 1942 survey; revisions beginning July 1933 are available on request.
 A pril 1946 Surver); all levisions through February 1945 will be shown later.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1941 and descriptive notes may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1947 | 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Janu- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary- } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sep- } \\ \text { tember } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Octo- } \\ & \text { ber- } \end{aligned}$ | November | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Decem } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ |

## LUMBER AND MANUFACTURES - Continued

| SOFTWOODS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Southern pine-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new $\dagger$. | 612 | 626 | 555 | 664 | 655 | 6.2 | 565 | 623 | 602 | 616 | 626 | 573 | 332 |
|  | 565 | 696 | 698 | 738 | 731 | 746 | 701 | 679 | 633 | 651 | 642 | 633 | 584 |
| Prices, wholesale, composite: <br> Boards, No. 2 common, $1^{\prime \prime} \times 6^{\prime \prime}$ or $8^{\prime \prime} \times 12^{\prime \dagger}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Flor ${ }^{\text {dol. }}$ per M bd. $\mathrm{ft.}$. | 69.484 | 42.837 | 43.465 | 46. 029 | 46. 029 | 46. 029 | 46.029 | 46. 083 | 46. 083 | 46.083 | 46.038 | 53. 182 | 67. 168 |
| dol. per M bd. ft | 103. 750 | 60.056 | 61.131 | 65.091 | 65.091 | 65.091 | 65.091 | 65.091 | 65. 091 | 65. 091 | 65. 091 | 74. 723 | 96. 540 |
|  | 602 | 512 | 554 | 629 | 673 | 635 | 631 | 646 | 651 | 590 |  | 615 | ${ }^{6} 36$ |
|  | 621 | 576 | 553 | 624 | 662 | 657 | 610 | 645 | ${ }_{6} 648$ | 598 | ${ }_{6}^{635}$ | 582 | 591 |
|  | 1,194 | 1,065 | 1,066 | 1,071 | 1,082 | 1,060 | 1,081 | 1,082 | 1,085 | 1,077 | 1,135 | 1,168 | 1,213 |
| Western pine: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, unfilled, end of month $\dagger$-.....-........-do-.-- | 302 | 298 | 299 | 417 | 293 | 280 | 298 | 276 | 258 | 283 | 288 | 275 | 269 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 329 | 206 | 234 | 296 | 457 | 584 | 652 | 656 | 720 | 618 | 611 | 480 | 38.3 |
|  | 428 | 290 | 297 | 373 | 461 | 529 | 581 | 590 | 634 | 564 | 560 | 489 | 430 |
| Stacks, end of month $\dagger$..........-.................- do...- | 939 | 824 | 761 | 684 | 710 | 765 | 835 | 901 | 987 | 1,041 | 1,092 | 1,083 | 1.1388 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 727 | 755 | 683 | ${ }_{6}^{62}$ | $\begin{array}{r}543 \\ 632 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{618}^{618}$ | 476 559 | 425 | 552 | 445 538 | 562 576 | 449 <br> 544 |  |
|  | 633 | 450 | 449 | 832 | \%32 | 527 | 517 | 403 | 541 | 469 | 552 | 461 | $43:$ |
|  | 720 | 460 | 441 | 556 | 532 | 526 | 511 | 415 | 503 | 448 | 512 | 446 | 46. |
| Stocks, end of month................-.-.......-do...- | 377 | 392 | 398 | 375 | 362 | 368 | 378 | 378 | 403 | 420 | 462 | 475 | 448 |
| SOFTWOOD PLYWOOD |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production*-.---.....thous. of sq. ft ., $388^{\prime \prime}$ equivalent |  | 106,883 | 97, 828 | 109,005 | 120, 152 | 128, 489 | 121,412 | 99, 747 | 12f, 974 | 129,270 | 149,600 | 129,635 | 122, 273 |
|  |  | 104, 144 | 98,619 | 105,999 | 120.176 | 129,926 | 125,068 | 92, 288 | 124, 891 | 128,086 | 149,583 | 128,691 | 128, 595 |
| Stocks, end of month*................................... |  | 29,105 | 28,096 | 30, 988 | 29,753 | 28,016 | 24, 391 | 34, 189 | 33,842 | 35, 560 | 34,959 | 34,984 | 27.754 |
| FURNITURE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All districts, plant operations.......percent of normal.- | 74 | 59 | 62 | 64 | 63 | 63 | 62 | 59 | 68 | 68 | 72 | 73 | \% |
| Grand Rapids district: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canceled .-.....-.-..... percent of new orders | , | 1 | 1 | 1 | 9 |  |  | 1 | 3 | 2 | 3 | ${ }^{6}$ |  |
| New - .-.-....-.-.-. no. of days' production.- | 40 | 31 | 36 | 38 | 52 | 53 | 40 | 53 | $4{ }^{3}$ | 35 | 53 | 27 | 28 |
| Unflled, end of month.-................-do-.- | 83 | 84 | 108 | 115 | 128 | 146 | 147 | 137 | 141 | 137 | 141 | 130 | 121 |
| Plant operations....---......--percent of normal.- | 78 | 64 | ${ }^{69}$ | 70 | 71 | 70 | 69 | 62 | 71 | 70 | 72 | 75 | I |
| Shipments ----------.-- | 36 | 22 | 31 | 37 | 38 | 41 | 37 | 33 | 39 | 40 | 42 | 38 | 36 |

METALS AND MANUFACTURES

| Foreign trade: <br> IRON AND STEEL <br> Iron and steel products: <br> Fxports (domestic), total.-.-..............short tons Scrap. <br>  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 557,360 \\ 4,768 \\ r 80,824 \\ 1,20 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 327,590 \\ 9,322 \\ 89,230 \\ 3,459 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 349,317 \\ 10,662 \\ 212,138 \\ 9,584 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 476,221 \\ 16,752 \\ 157,753 \\ 3,032 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 488,300 \\ 18,160 \\ 11,694 \\ 4389 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 394,382 \\ 18,568 \\ 64,737 \\ 3,409 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 395,923 \\ 111,620 \\ 131,022 \\ 103 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 513,595 \\ 10,893 \\ 119,664 \\ 763 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 362,776 \\ 9,244 \\ 123,513 \\ 1,896 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 293,447 \\ 7,187 \\ 108,570 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 480,752 \\ 16,103 \\ 143,398 \\ 1,159 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 507,351 \\ 15,671 \\ 102,686 \\ 1,008 \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Iron and Steel Scrap |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption, total*. .-.-.-.-.....thous. of short tons. |  |  | 14,538 | 4,415 | 4, 504 | 3.662 | 4,214 | 4,476 | 4,670 | 4,449 | 4,907 | 4,579 | 4, 239 |
|  |  |  | 1 2, 326 | 2,415 | 2,331 | 1,746 | 2,074 | 2,382 | 2,594 |  | 2,705 |  |  |
| Purchased scrap* |  |  | 1 2,212 | 2,000 | 2,173 | 1,916 | 2,140 | 2,094 | 2,076 | 1,982 | 2, 202 | 2,044 | 2. 046 |
| Stocks, consumers', end of month, total*--..-...do |  | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 4,491 | 4,514 | 4.405 | 4,380 | 4,110 | 3,660 | 3,324 | 3,258 | 3,163 | 2, 992 | 3,034 |
|  |  | (2) | 1,376 | 1,346 | 1,290 | 1,281 | 1,269 | 1,267 | 1,142 | 1,192 | 1,184 | 1,121 | 1.158 |
|  |  | (2) | 3,115 | 3, 168 | 3,109 | 3,099 | 2,841 | 2,393 | 2,182 | 2,066 | 1,979 | 1,870 | 1,870 |
| Iron ore: Ore |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production-------.-.-----...... - thous. of long tons | 2, 698 | 1,974 | 768 | 1,096 | 2. 192 | 4,578 | 8,850 | 11,612 | 11.090 | 10,742 | 9,917 | 6, 605 | 2,274 |
|  | 1,251 | 779 | 473 | 1,090 | 2, 141 | 4,690 | 9,914 | 12, 215 | 11,083 | 10,546 | 9,965 | 6, 830 |  |
| Stocks, end of month | 7,135 | 6, 192 | 6,486 | 6, 492 | 6. 543 | 6,432 | 5,367 | 4,764 | 4,770 | 4,966 | 4,860 | 4,607 | 5, 688 |
| Lake Superior district: <br> Consumption by furnaces............................. |  | 3,719 | 1,748 | 6,021 | 4,769 | 2,990 |  | 6,460 | 6,738 | 6,380 | 6,625 | 6, 131 | 510 |
| Shipments from upper lake ports...............-do |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{730}$ | 3,616 | 8,654 | 10,848 | 9,774 | 9,636 | 9,209 | 6,701 | 245 |
| Stocks, end of month, total |  | 35,342 | 33, 647 | 27,601 | 23,079 | 23, 905 | 26, 265 | 30,439 | 34,067 | 37,573 | 40,435 | 41,918 | 37. 463 |
|  |  | 31, 215 | 29,606 | 24, 100 | 20, 060 | 21,075 | 23, 247 | 27, 131 | 30, 450 | 33, 464 | 35,762 | 37, 063 | 33.056 |
|  |  | 4, 127 | 4,041 | 3,501 | 3,019 | 2,830 | 3, 018 | 3,307 | 3,617 | 4, 109 | 4, 674 |  | 4.4088 |
|  |  | 78 33 | 75 27 | 81 -63 | 112 56 | 237 45 | 173 33 | 340 72 | 371 62 | 402 70 | 386 69 | 329 77 | 23\% |
| Pig Iron and Iron Manufactures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Castings, gray iron:* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipments, total................................................................ For sale. |  | $\begin{aligned} & 706,319 \\ & 446,567 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 541,177 \\ & 368,384 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 796,068 \\ & 505,41 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 856,678 \\ & 529,323 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 757,041 \\ & 454,194 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 735,060 \\ & 435,866 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 810,829 \\ & 475,059 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 944,516 \\ & 558,957 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 913,824 \\ & 534,310 \end{aligned}$ | $1,051,068$ 610,389 | $\begin{aligned} & 964,300 \\ & 552,694 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 889.459 \\ 5005.728 \end{array}$ |
| Unfiled roders for sale................----.......-d. - |  | 2,076,994 | 2,152,766 | 2,265,336 | 2,378,348 | 2,491,811 | 2,633,118 | 2,668,782 | 2,785,609 | 2,881,906 | 2,916,268 | 2,888,219 | 2,952,203 |
| Castings, malleable iron: ${ }^{\circ}$ Orders, new, for sale |  |  | r 32,092 |  | - 40.784 | -39,187 | 39,388 | 34,157 | ¢ 41,935 | + 44, 369 | 50,140 | 36, 802 | 28, 5,42 |
| Orders, unfilled for sale |  | 245.878 | -248,644 | 263, 227 | -26í, 713 | 271,925 | 275,845 | 271,981 | -272,571 | 277, 309 | 280, 972 | 278, 446 | 26, 6 , 61 |
|  |  | -54,016 | r 40,155 | 50.235 | 閶, 010 | 62,598 | 61, 650 | 64,446 | 67,903 | -69,507 | 79, 207 | 68,987 | 68,314 |
|  |  | 38. 181 | r 29,326 | 33.978 | 36. 298 | 34,975 | 35,468 | 38,021 | 41, 345 | - 39,631 | 46, 477 | 39,328 | 39,327 |

- Revised. ${ }^{1}$ Total for January and February. ${ }^{2}$ Data not available.

Data continue series shown in the 1942 Supplement but suspended during the war period (it should be noted that data for iron and stecl are shown in long tons in that volune); data for October 1941-February 1945 will be published later.

O Since May 1944 the coverage of the malleable iron castings industry has been virtually complete; sec note in the February 1947 Surrey for further information.
data, see note marked "t", on p, S-29 of the November 1942 Survev. The series for iron ore all districts, are from the Department of the series on serap iron and stecl and $1934-40$ entire industry, monthly data beginning 1943 and carlier amnual totals will be shown later. Data for $1943-45$ for gray iron castings are shown on $p$. 24 of the January 1947 Survey.
 for the indicated series on lumber production, shipments, ordess, and stocks. The southern pine price series are shown on a revised basis beginning in the February 1946 Surtey; see note in that issue.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1941 and descriptive notes may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1947 | 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | January | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Febru- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | March | April | May | June | July | August | Sep- ternber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Octo- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | Novem ber | Decem ber |

METALS AND MANUFACTURES-Continued

$r$ Revised. ${ }^{1}$ Total for January and February. ${ }^{2}$ Data not available. $\otimes$ Beginning 1943 data have covered the entire industry.
$\ddagger$ Based on information recently a a ailable it is believed that data beginning 1945 represent substantially the entire industry; in prewar years the coverage was about 90 percent Total shipments less shipments to members of the industry for further conversion; data prior to 1944 were production for sale
§For 1947 percent of capacity is calculated on annual capacity as of January 1, 1947, of $91,241,000$ tons of steel; 1946 data are based on capacity as of January $1,1946,91,891,000$ tons.
 production is approximately comparable with data in the 1942 supplement (data in that volume are in short tons instead of long tons as indicated) , see $p$. $S$ - 30 of the May 1943 Survey for further information and data for 1941-42. The pig iron price series replaces the Pittsburgh price shown in the Survey prior to the April 1943 issue. See note marked "*", on $p$ will be published later. The series for closures, including plastic closures, crowns, and metal cans cover all producers; data prior to t946 will be shown later. Data for forgings are estimated industry totals based on monthly reports for large forge shops (shipping 300 or nore tons per month) and 1945 totals for the smaller shops; total shipments include those for sale and for own use; tonnages are weights before machining. 1945 data are as follows: Shipments, January to December-total, 497,862; 482,548; 549,345; 523,$623 ; 510,009 ; 429,752 ; 345,145$ 227 , $17 ; 126,338 ; 145,365 ; 135,288 ; 119,407$; drop and upset, 269,$379 ; 253,823 ; 286,226 ; 261,982 ; 261,513 ; 219,391 ; 167,849 ; 122,386 ; 87,794 ; 108,403 ; 96,961 ; 82,034 ;$ press and open hammer, 228,483 238,$725 ; 263,119 ; 261,641 ; 248,496 ; 210,361 ; 177,296 ; 105,031 ; 38,544 ; 41,962 ; 38,227 ; 37,373$; unfilled orders for sale December 31-total, 543,507 ; drop and upset, 441,900; press and open hammer, $101,607$.
$\dagger$ Revised series. Data for steel castings are estimated industry totals; see note on $p$. S-32 of the July 1946 Survey for comparable figures beginning January 1945 .

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1941 and descriptive notes may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1947 | 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Januu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | Febru- ary | March | April | May | June | July | August | ${ }_{\text {Sep- }}^{\text {Sember }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Octo- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Deseri. } \\ \text { bet } \end{gathered}\right.$ |

## METALS AND MANUFACTURES-Continued


 tember 1946 shipments for Government account in addition to shipments to domestic consumer and export and drawback shipments.
$\ddagger$ Data cover 9 companies since September 1944 ; earlier data back to March 1943 covered 8 companies.
\$Data cover 9 companies since September 1944; earlier data back to March 1943 covered 8 companies.
 had little or no production in 1945 and data for that year also were practically complete; in prewar years, reports covered about 90 percent of the industry.


 1940-42 data see note on p. S-34 of February 1947 Survey.

| Cnless otherwise stated, statistics through 1941 and descriptive notes may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1947 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jantuary | January | Febrilary | March | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | November | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ |

## METALS AND MANUFACTURES-Continued

| MACHINERY AND APPARATUS—Continued <br> Mechanical stokers, sales:-1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | +14,063 | ${ }^{+} 14.39{ }^{\circ}$ | '16, 463 | +15,305 | * 15,617 | r 13, 893 | 17,503 | r 20, 354 | r 19, 437 | +17,269 | 14,946 | 7.794 |
| Classes 4 and 5 : Number |  | r 245 | r 246 | 275 | ${ }^{r} 342$ | 303 | 309 | * 330 | , $42 \%$ | 450 | 454 | 357 | 338 |
| Horsepower |  | + 59,080 | -68, 588 | 73.717 | r 87,874 | 80,586 | r 75,074 | - 83,958 | r 70,827 | 63,055 | 78,454 | 58,495 | 49. 283 |
| Tumps and water systems, domestic, shipments $: \sigma^{7}$ Domestic hand and windmill pumps | 26.737 | 27,563 | 24,043 | 27, 231 | 28.157 | 23, 587 | 27, 741 | 22,663 | 25,003 | 24,082 |  |  |  |
| Water systems, including pumps, total.......-. do | 20. 59.545 | r 46,460 | r 37,567 | , 45,187 | 45, 640 | + 45,859 | r 46,155 | + 54,531 | r 600,251 | $\begin{array}{r}24,082 \\ \\ \hline 55,485\end{array}$ | 30,552 68,289 | 28,917 57,986 | 23,434 62,319 |
|  | 31, 125 | 21, 483 | 20,991 | 23, 167 | 24,494 | 23,562 | 23, 042 | 27, 421 | 28, 889 | 26, 337 | 34, 728 | 30, 103 | 34, 141 |
|  | 28,420 | 24,977 | 16,.76 | 22. 020 | 21.146 | 22, 297 | 23.113 | 27,110 | 31,362 | 28,748 | 33, 561 | 27,883 | 28.178 |
| Pumps, steam, power, centrifugal and rotary, new orders thous. of dol | 3,428 | 2.836 | 2.728 | 2. 189 | 2.803 | 2,856 | 2,848 | 4,014 | 31,789 | 3,223 | 3,581 | 3,883 3,290 | 3, 13, |
| scales and balances (except laboratory), shipments, quarterly:*. |  |  |  | 7. 169 |  |  | 7,150 |  |  | 7,751 |  |  | 9.864 |
| Sewing machines, heads, production:* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 18, 224 | $21.51 \pm$ | 26.389 8.117 | 36.099 11.297 | 31,326 9,302 | 33,838 8.909 | 34, 596 | 27.296 7.364 | 35,249 9,695 | 50, 042 12,760 | 43,220 10.832 | 43,843 10,764 |
| ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Battery shipments (automotive replacement only), number* thousands. |  | 1,768 | 1.706 | 1,686 | 1,672 | 1. 645 | 1,377 | 1. 161 | 1,471 | 1,318 | 1,355 | 1,150 | 1.213 |
| Tomestic electrical appliances, shipments: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 116, 131 | 89,308 | 104,296 2489 | 166.129 | 178,209 | 172, 195 | 168,500 | 189, 778 | 184,215 | 247, 816 | 216,634 | 190, 770 |
|  |  | 29, 552 | 25, 190 | 24.870 | 30.370 | 33,137 | 39, 204 | 42,020 | 53, 156 | 48, 264 | 56,303 | 54, 384 | 60,452 |
| Electrical products: $\dagger$ Insulating materials, sales billed $\ldots \ldots . \ldots . . . . .1936=100$ |  | 217 | 187 | 224 | 225 | 242 | $22^{-}$ | 252 | 284 |  | 351 | 331 |  |
| Motors and generators, new orders.-.....-.-.....- do. |  | 213 | 222 | 429 | 385 | 404 | 465 | 432 | 492 |  | 508 | 438 |  |
| Firnaces, electric, industrial, sales: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tnit,---------------------------------kilowatts |  | 6, 343 | 6, 889 | 5,786 | 6, 105 | 5,357 | 9,099 | 9,379 | 9, 889 | 8,240 | 4,869 | 4. 227 | 3,615 |
|  |  | [ 570 | , 61.14 | 604 2.59 | , 527 | 351 3,060 | 606 2878 | 771 3.968 | 2,104 | . 714 | +647 | +600 | ${ }_{4} 322$ |
| Laminated fiber products, shipments Motors (1-200 hp): |  | 2,694 | 2, 216 | 2,759 | 2,738 | 3,060 | 2,878 | 3,268 | 3,507 | 3,761 | 4,328 | 4,074 | 4,168 |
| Polyphase induction, billings. |  | 3, 365 | 3. 243 | 5,924 | +.726 | 5,281 | 5, 873 | 6, J54 | 7,519 | 7,871 | 8,621 | 8,437 | 9,861 |
| Polyphase induction, new orders |  | 5,818 | 6.530 | 12,767 | 10. 222 | 10.809 | 13,095 | 13,377 | 15,445 | 13, 808 | 14,756 | 11,962 | 13,875 |
| Direct current, billings. |  | 565 | 456 | 868 | 600 | 847 | ${ }^{973}$ | 987 | 1,234 | 1,011 | 1,344 | 1,222 | 1,825 |
| Direct current, new orders ---.-....---.-.-.-. do..-- |  | 779 | 894 | 1,840 | 1,414 | 1,844 | 1,735 | 1,589 | 2,067 | 1,741 | 2,204 | 1,215 | 3,620 |
| Risid steel conduit and fittings, shipments $\dagger$. short tons. |  | 14, 109 | 10.887 | 6,590 | 12.940 | 16, 103 | 16, 129 | 15,705 | 21,471 | 18, 683 | 20,742 | 20,533 | 24.252 |
| Vulcanized fiber: Consumption of fiber paper thous of th |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sonsumption of fiber paper--.-......-- -- thous. of dol-- |  | 3, 265 | 4.222 1,104 | 4.454 1,211 | 3.389 1,188 | 3,214 1,038 | 3,247 824 | 3, 1,056 | 3,790 1,288 | 4,125 1,330 | 5,059 1,765 | 4,741 1,640 | 4,241 1,701 |

## PAPER AND PRINTING



| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1941 and descriptive notes may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1947 | 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\underset{\substack{\text { any } \\ \hline}}{ }$ | January | Febru- | March | April | May | June | July | August | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Sep- } \\ & \text { tember } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Octo- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | November | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ |

## PAPER AND PRINTING-Continued

| Paper and Paper prodicts |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All paper and paperboard mills:* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Paper and paperboard production, total..short tons.. |  | 1,508,961 | 1,428,745 | 1,638,097 | 1,628,857 | 1,621,346 | 1,596,773 | 1,474,261 | 1,684,906 | 1,596,187 | 1,751,147 | 1,672,960 | 1,575,972 |
|  |  | 782, 844 | 720, 336 | 819,320 | 813, 674 | 823,646 | 820, 090 | 766,906 | 864,982 | 799,698 | 888, 293 | r845, 207 | 802,422 |
| Paperboard |  | - 629, 243 | -613, 914 | r712, 334 | r 706, 896 | r691, 129 | ${ }^{r} 677,681$ | r635, 304 | '729,445 | ${ }^{\text {r 687, } 473}$ | 737, 648 | r 708,949 | 658,489 |
| Paper, excl. building paper, newsprint, and paperboard (American Paper and Pulp Association): $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new -...........................-short tons.- |  | 6882, 014 | 593, 256 | 700,693 | 682, 491 | 657, 053 | 669, 564 | 659, 247 | 646, 889 | 681, 582 | 745,909 | -640, 569 | 644, 338 |
|  |  | 644, 266 | 591, 121 | 681, 001 | 666, 108 | 672,370 | 671,335 | 613, 822 | 704,694 | 648, 551 | 725, 041 | -690, 102 | 669,980 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, unfil |  | 135, 896 | 136, 13 | 149,408 | 161, 287 | 155,066 | 175.437 | 187, 924 | 161, 480 | 176, 288 | 174, 998 | r159,403 | 161,502 |
| Production |  | 92,351 | 84, 450 | 92, 218 | 94, 780 | 97, 896 | 97,790 | 89,320 | 103. 161 | 92, 573 | r102.908 | r 100.963 | 92, 722 |
| Shipments. |  | 94, 431 | 85,596 | 96, 129 | 91, 840 | 97, 207 | 99, 684 | 85, 824 | 99,592 | 88, 037 | 112,537 | r 104. 245 | 93, 037 |
| Printing paper: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, unfiled, end of month -...........-...do |  | 247,788 | 250, 553 | 261, 171 | 255, 855 | 259, 124 | 252, 603 | 258, 456 | 229, 328 | 241, 498 | 248, 257 | + 221,908 | 226,988 |
| Price, wholesale, book paper, "B" grade, English finish, white, f. o. b. mill............dol. per 100 lb .- | 9.30 | 7. 58 | 8.00 | 8.00 | 8.00 | 8.00 | 8.00 | 8.00 | 8.28 | 8.55 | 8.55 | 8.55 | 9.30 |
|  |  | 219, 785 | 198. 199 | 227, 104 | 226, 978 | 228.291 | 226, 110 | 206, 408 | 236, 530 | 219, 460 | r246,718 | r 230,364 | 241,900 |
|  |  | 221, 406 | 198, 897 | 223, 972 | 228, 219 | 229,400 | 288, 049 | 205, 958 | 237, 857 | 213, 137 | 249,933 | - 2350,028 | 215,967 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, unfi |  | 192, 175 | 190, 398 | 205, 926 | 199,825 | 186, 017 | 194,966 | 197,977 | 193, 693 | 213, 506 | 214, 298 | r 197, 134 | 191. 210 |
| Production |  | 232, 704 | 217,692 | 262, 799 | 247, 098 | 252, 282 | 254,348 | 237, 498 | 266, 987 | 248, 021 | r274, 416 | 263, 871 | 249,573 |
| Shipments |  | 238, 186 | 217, 859 | 264, 054 | 247, 587 | 250, 157 | 256, 630 | 237.170 | 267, 254 | 243, 728 | 276, 005 | -264, 765 | 252, 874 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 370,000 | 328, 414 | 308, 382 | 334, 127 | 337. 862 | 359, 943 | 334, 207 | 357, 027 | 370, 676 | 330, 063 | 376, 436 | 364, 304 | 341.951 |
| Shipments from mills | 344, 543 | 316, 320 | 285, 304 | 320, 351 | 348, 1113 | 367, 251 | 322,805 | 364, 591 | 356, 572 | 335, 874 | 387, 294 | 391, 388 | 340, 125 |
| United States: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 244,469 | 238,888 | 269.795 | 285, 017 | 313.270 | +276,959 | 326, 399 | 295. 934 | 293, 228 | 305, 777 | 323, 457 |  |
| Price, rolls (N. Y. .-....-.-.-.-dol. per short ton. |  | 67.00 | 67.00 | 67.00 | 67.00 | 6 67. 00 | 67.00 | 71. 08 | $\begin{array}{r}73.80 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 74.00 | 80.00 |  |  |
| Production.....---.-..............-short tons | 68,634 | 67,819 | 60,564 | 65, 304 | 67,064 | 65,927 | 61, 241 | 62, 742 | 65, 129 | 61, 025 | 67. 248 | 64,739 | 62, 088 |
| Shipments from mills | 69, 492 | 66, 102 | 59,015 | 67, 658 | 67, 698 | 65, 699 | 61,671 | 60, 249 | 67, 206 | 55, 587 | 66,966 | 62, 107 | 62, 054 |
| Stocks, end of month: At mills |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| At mills. At publishers | 231, 694 | 221,957 | 29, 21606 | 198,122 | 201. 76 | 6, 846 210,276 | 6,416 209,784 | 8,909 226,577 | 6,832 243,331 | r $\begin{array}{r}12,270 \\ 240\end{array}$ | 217, 21.503 | 217, 438 | 15,218 219,478 |
| In transit to publishers ------------------ do- | 75, 602 | 55,206 | 60, 277 | 55,341 | 56,332 | 59, 257 | 52,155 | 61,735 | 64,331 | 60, 634 | 82, 167 | 79,676 | 73,328 |
| Paperboard (National Paperboard Association): $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, unfiled, end of month.-....-...............do | 586, 121 | 516.776 | 533, 794 | 549, 929 | 553, 274 | 56\%,068 | 558, 129 | 620, 354 | 564, 299 | 569, 409 | 601, 787 | 545, 042 | 532, 73 |
| Production- | 774, 667 | 624, 862 | 614,867 | 710, 987 | 716, 274 | 703, 422 | 675, 118 | 663, 229 | 754, 177 | 679, 504 | 767, 091 | 737,454 | 676, 988 |
| Percent of capacity---............-- | 99 | 90 | 97 | 100 | 99 | 94 | 97 | 89 |  | 96 | 100 | 99 | 92 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stocks at mills, end of month $\qquad$ do. | 313, 398 | -304, 736 | 193, 885 | 211, 3135 | 238, 597 | 259, 832 | 283,996 | 369, 236 | 313, 975 | 299, 218 | 420,867 309,990 | $304,100$ | 397,478 |
| Paper products: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipping containers, corrugated and solid fiber, shipments*....................... sq. ft. surface area | 5,485 | 4, 800 | 4, 345 | 4,923 | 5, 078 | 4,975 | 4,730 | 4,763 | 5, 233 | 4,919 | 5,512 | 5,242 | 4,828 |
| Folding paper hoxes, value:* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 347.7 \\ & 301.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 324.8 \\ & 283.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 397.0 \\ & 322.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 389.5 \\ & 338.0 \end{aligned}$ | 379.6 338.4 | $\begin{aligned} & 362.7 \\ & 331.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 361.0 \\ & 300.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 381.0 \\ & 368.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 414.6 \\ & 351.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 440.2 \\ & 409.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 363.8 \\ & 397.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 421.4 \\ & 405.9 \end{aligned}$ |
| PRINTING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Book publication, total........-.-.-....nno. of editions | 470 | 348 | 465 | 638 | 864 | 682 | 679 | 536 | 510 | 656 | 848 | 863 | 846 |
|  | 372 | 281 | 348 | 518 | 539 | 553 | 556 | 422 | ${ }^{401}$ | 532 | 675 | 704 | ${ }_{205}^{621}$ |
|  | 98 | 67 | 97 | 120 | 125 | 129 | 123 | 114 | 109 | 124 | 173 | 159 | 225 |

PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS

| COAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Anthracite: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exportsl---------.-....---- thous, of short tons .- |  | 317 | 314 | 382 | 387 | 546 | 366 | 657 | г761 | 717 | 546 | 557 | 957 |
| Prices, composite, chestnut: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Retail.-----------.-.-.------ - dol. per short ton |  | 15.20 | +15.26 | 15.26 | 15.25 | 15.27 | 15. 28 | 16.55 | 16. 56 | 1 +16.81 +13 | ${ }^{1} 16.78$ | ${ }^{1} 16.80$ | ${ }^{1} 16.63$ |
|  | 13.748 | r 12.452 | ${ }^{r} 12.467$ | ${ }^{*} 12.467$ | ${ }^{+12.467}$ | r 12. 482 | -12.726 | + 13.622 | ${ }^{+} 13.584$ | ${ }^{+} 13.593$ | 13. 593 | 13.597 | 13. 623 |
| Production .-.-.--......-...-.-. thous. of short tons.- | ${ }^{\text {r 5 }}$, 155 | 4,982 | 4,788 | 5,492 | 5,084 | 5,469 | 3,636 | 5,263 | 5,444 | 5,048 | 5,409 | 4,990 | 5,080 |
| Stocks, producers' storage yards, end of mo .... do. | 284 | 157 | 192 | 214 | 176 | 79 | 63 | 83 | 94 | 132 | 200 | 236 | 251 |
| Bituminous: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 2,813 | 3,130 | 3,633 | 1,744 | 732 | 3,245 | 5,418 | ${ }^{+5,874}$ | 5,070 | 4,196 | 3,644 | 1,712 |
| Industrial consumption and retail deliveries, total thous. of short tons. | 55, 669 | 51,826 | 46, 244 | 43,627 | 32, 043 | 28,496 | 34, 012 | 39, 235 | 41, 265 | 42,424 | 46,698 | 44,516 | r 45,940 |
| Industrial consumption, total ...-...........do.-- | 42, 824 | 36,542 | 31, 281 | 35, 382 | 28, 118 | 25,030 | 29, 548 | 32, 744 | 33, 958 | 34, 041 | 36, 714 | 35, 401 | r 37,281 |
| Beehive coke ovens.-.-.------------.-.-. - do | -872 | . 631 | 570 | - 719 | - 38 | ${ }^{35}$ | 571 | -716 | ${ }^{7} 788$ | 729 $-\quad 59$ | -867 | 562 | $\begin{array}{r} \\ \times 599 \\ \hline 5.5\end{array}$ |
| Byproduct coke ovens .........................do | T,964 | 5,299 | 3, 744 | 7, 101 | 5,502 | 3,654 | 6,309 | 7,551 | 7,781 | 7,578 | 7,814 | 6,992 | \% 6,357 |
|  | - 658 | 471 | 441 | -503 | -518 | 432 | 575 | -632 | 675 | 6556 | ${ }_{6}^{693}$ | ${ }_{6}^{694}$ | 675 |
| Electric power utilities ----------------.-- do | 7,158 | 5,706 | 4,929 | 5,110 | 5,180 | 4,585 | 5,024 | 5,714 | 6,314 | 6. 280 | 6,708 | 6,447 | 6,732 |
| Railways (class I) .-.-.-.-.-.---.-.-......... do | 10, 104 | 10,976 | 9,827 | 10,391 | 8,246 | 7,902 | 8,257 | 8,720 | 9,092 | 8,790 | 9,571 | 8,879 | 9,515 |
|  | 929 | 552 | 683 | 815 | 749 -875 | 7 546 | 582 | 671 | 760 | 725 | 850 | 799 | ${ }^{+} 871$ |
| Other industrial.-.-.---------------------- do | 15,139 | 12,907 | 11,087 | 10,743 | 7,875 | 7,876 | 8,230 | 8,740 | 8,548 | 9,283 | 10,211 | 11,028 | 12, 131 |
|  | 12,945 | 15,284 | 14,963 | 8,245 | 3,925 | 3,466 | 4,464 | 6,491 | 7,607 | 8,383 | 9,984 | 9,115 | 8,659 |

[^17]1 Two cities formerly inchuded in the average were dropped in September 1946 (August figure excluding these cities, $\$ 16.54$ ); one city dropped in October and two additional cities
in November but average was not materially affected.
$\ddagger$ For revisions for January 1942-March 1943, see note for paperboard at bottom of p. S-36 of July 1944 Survey.
Estimated; see note in April 1946 Survey for basis of estimates.
$\dagger$ Revised series. The series from the American Paper and Pulp Association beginning in the August 1944 Survey are estimated industry totals and are not comparable with data in earlier issues; there have been further small revisions in the $1943-44$ data as published prior to the June 1945 issue; these revisions and earlier data will be published later.


 folding paper boxes and January 1943-May 1444 data for shipping containers are available on request.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1941 and descriptive notes may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1947 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | January | Janu- ary | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | $\begin{aligned} & \text { sep- } \\ & \text { tember } \end{aligned}$ | Detober | November | December |

PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODLCTS-Continued

| COAL-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bituminous coal-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other consumption: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Vessels (bunker) |  | 98 | 88 | 111 | 122 | 48 | 88 | 138 | 146 | 134 | 140 | 135 | 8 |
|  | 249 | 237 | 219 | 249 | 14 | 89 | 222 | 223 | 240 | 224 | 237 | 158 | 179 |
| Prices, composite: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Retail (34 cities) ... . . . - . . . . . . . . dol. per short ton - |  | 10.69 | 10.69 | 10.69 | 10.70 | 10.73 | 10.93 | 11.23 | 11.23 | 111.10 | ${ }^{1} 11.08$ | : 11.14 | 111.22 |
| Wholesale: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 6.207 | 5. 443 | 5. 447 | 5. 454 | 5. 454 | 「5.740 | - 5.832 | ${ }^{*} 5.949$ | r 5.972 | r 5.976 | 5.989 | 5.998 | -6. 044 |
|  | 6.483 | 5. 709 | 5. 709 | 5. 709 | 5. 709 | - 5.976 | +6.094 | + 6.186 | ${ }^{+} 6.194$ | r6. 199 | 6.200 | 6. 212 | 6.305 |
| Production $\dagger$.-.......---- | 58,860 | r 54,433 | r 50,248 | - 56,849 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 3,506$ | +19.695 | r 50.579 | - 51,350 | ז 54,686 | - 51,922 | r 57,485 | - 37.501 | - 43,746 |
| Stocks, industrial and retail dealers, end of month, <br>  | 49,114 | 46,528 | 51, 158 | 58, 531 | 38,741 | 31.643 | 37.77 | 43,611 | 47,990 | 52.367 | 54,924 | 52, 429 | ${ }^{7} 4 \mathrm{4}, 157$ |
| Industrial, total | 45,948 | 44, 049 | 48,047 | 55, 386 | 36,398 | 29.937 | 35.213 | 40, 450 | 44.567 | 48.965 | 51, 532 | 49,546 | - 44,453 |
|  | 5,885 | 5,661 | 6,393 | 8,269 | 4,117 | 2, 565 | 3,630 | 3,871 | 5. 230 | 5,924 | 6, 503 | 6.355 | 5. 222 |
|  | 871 | 594 | 608 | 677 | 414 | 289 | 482 | 591 | 768 | 891 | 1.046 | 1,054 | 887 |
|  | 13, 208 | 14,378 | 14,802 | 15,705 | 12, 044 | 9.949 | 11,430 | 12,594 | 13, 907 | 14, 563 | 15,638 | 14, 549 | 13,044 |
| Railways (class I) .-...............-......... do | 7,673 | 9,393 | 11, 070 | 13,235 | 7, 554 | 6, 202 | 7,297 | 7,641 | 8,117 | 8,800 | 9, 274 | 7.387 | 6,959 |
|  | 878 | 626 | 705 | 1,005 | ${ }^{11} 607$ | 460 | ${ }^{1} 624$ | 642 | -843 | 855 | 888 | 874 | $\div 785$ |
| Other industrial | 17,433 | 13,397 | 14, 469 : | 16,495 | 11. 662 | 10, 472 | 11. 750 | 15, 111 | 15, 702 | 17, 932 | 18,093 | 19.124 | 17,556 |
| Retail dealers, total | 3,166 | 2,479 | 3,111 | 3,145 | 2, 343 | 1, 710 F | 2, 664 | 3,161 | 3,423 | 3,402 | 3,392 | 2.883 | 2,704 |
| COKE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 160 | 219 | 162 | 70 | 29 | 82 | 113 | 97 | 93 | 76 | -8 | 49 |
| Price, beehive, Connellsville (furnace) dol. per short ton. | 8.812 | 7.500 | 7.500 | 7.500 | 7. 300 | 7. 500 | 7. 500 | 8.750 | 8.000 | 8.750 | 8.750 | 8.750 | 8.750 |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Beehive----...--.-.-.-.-...... thous. of short tons. | 562 | r 406 | - 368 | + 464 | $+21$ | \% 27 | \% 367 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 468$ | - 524 | ¢ 485 | 557 | 361 | 381 |
|  |  | 3,800 | 2. 632 | 5.000 | 3.852 | 2, 574 | 4, 418 | 5,323 | 5, 462 | 5,345 | 5,512 | 4.925 | 4,769 |
|  |  | 161 | 149 | 164 | 181 | 16.4 | 159 | 168 | 186 | 190 | 212 | 191 | 197 |
| Stocks, end of month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Byproduct plants. tot |  | 970 | 1, 161 | 1,016 | 620 | 465 | 616 | 709 | 807 | 949 | 1,120 | 1.134 | 929 |
| At furnace plants |  | 666 | 934 | 814 | 442 | 292 | 360 | 361 | 398 | 503 | ${ }^{653}$ | 1902 | 571 |
|  |  | 305 | 227 | 203 | 178 | 172 | 256 | 348 | 409 | 446 | 467 | 432 | 358 |
|  |  | 146 | 147 | 142 | 144 | 120 | 85 | 78 | 72 | 89 | 96 | 93 | 96 |
| PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crude petroleum: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption (runs to stills) $\dagger$. .........thous. of bb |  | 140, 130 | 130, 232 | 144, 488 | 139, 884 | 148,621 | 145, 069 | 150,541 | 150,550 | 145, 181 | 146,816 | 140, 514 | 148, 171 |
|  |  | 1,495 | 2,610 | 2, 418 | 4.272 | 3, 839 | 3,401 | 4, 291 | 4, 602 | 3,687 | 4. 622 | 3, 794 | 3, 542 |
|  |  | 8,302 | ${ }^{+} 7,066$ | 6,578 | 7,867 | 7.784 | 6, 268 | ${ }^{7} 7.813$ | 7,631 1 | 8,255 1.460 | 7,149 1 | 6,176 | 8,422 1.560 |
| Price (Kansas-Okla.) at wells.....-.-. dol. per bbl | 1.560 | 1. 110 | 1. 110 | 1.110 | $\begin{array}{r}1.190 \\ \hline 10.196\end{array}$ | 1. 210 | 1. 210 | 1.260 152 | 1.460 149 | 1.460 | 1.460 148.323 | 1.485 | 1.560 |
| Production $\dagger$ Refinery operations |  | 143,368 | 132, 129 | 136,835 | 140, 196 | 148.334 | 146, 890 | 152, 586 | 149,910 | 143,708 90 | 148, 323 | 144,674 93 | 146,471 |
| Refinery operations Stocks, end of month: $\qquad$ pet. of capacity.- |  | 91 | 94 | 95 | 95 | 95 | 96 | 98 | 96 | 90 | 94 | 93 | 95 |
|  |  | 223, 442 | 227, 220 | 221, 400 | 222, 480 | 221, 592 | 223, 140 | 224,351 | 224, 157 | 222,417 | 222, 177 | 226, 4053 | 224,473 |
|  |  | 51, 819 | 55, 430 | 53, 128 | 54,529 | 52.988 | 55, 119 | 53, 532 | 54,785 | 53, 894 | 52, 074 | 23, 344 | 53.113 |
| At tank farms and in pipe lines |  | 156, 790 | 157,315 | 153, 419 | 153, 186 | 153.765 | 152, 786 | 155, 656 | 154.501 | 153.469 | 155,434 | 158,207 | 156,238 |
| On leasest |  | 14,833 | 14,475 | 14,853 | 14,765 | 14.839 | 15, 235 | 15, 163 | 14,871 | 15,054 | 14, 669 | 14.902 | 15,122 |
|  |  | 4,554 | +,607 | 4,528 | 4,533 | 4.913 | 4,921 | 4,968 | 5, 066 | 5, 401 | 5, 483 | 5, 335 | 5,703 |
|  |  | 1,291 | 1,112 | 1, 333 | 1,236 | 1,302 | 1,396 | 1,241 | 1,425 | 1,333 | 1,434 | 1,314 | 1,248 |
| Refined petroleum products: Gas and fuel oils: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gas and fuel oils: Domestic demand:§ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gas oil and distillate fuel oil $\qquad$ thous. of |  |  | 25 | 19,804 | 18,0n3 | 18.297 | 14, 850 | 15.098 | 13.828 | 14, 520 | 18,131 | 23, 110 | 32.450 |
|  |  | 44,966 | 39,332 | 42, 229 | 32.911 | 39,346 | 39,283 | 36,734 | $3 \overline{7}, 425$ | 33,509 | 37,014 | 41, 497 | 47, 405 |
| Consumption by type of consumer: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 4,426 | 2,261 | 1,968 : | 2,141 | 2,157 | 3. 511 | 2,851 | 2. 512 | 2,963 | 2,914 | 3, 280 | 4,372 -307 |  |
| Railways (class I) |  | 7,625 | 6,684 | 6,935 | 6,461 | 6,500 | 6. 859 | 6. 903 | 6,950 | 6,729 | 7, 249 | 7.307 5.002 | 7,607 5,579 |
| Vessels (bunker oin) |  | 6,049 | 4,874 | 6,999 | 5,436 | 4.621 | 5,967 | 5,547 | 5,374 | 3,695 | 2,367 | 5.002 | 5,579 |
| Exports: § Gas oil and distillate |  |  | 1,797 | 1,723 | 3,407 | 3.969 | 3, 684 |  | 2,715 | 1,992 | 891 | 738 | 1,273. |
| Residual fuel oil |  | $2{ }^{2} 74$ | 1,363 | 1, 507 | 3,569 | 324 | , 351 | 2,578 578 | 2,321 | 1,730 | 550 | 316 | 831 |
| Price, fuel oil (Pennsylvania)---.......dol. per gal-. | . 070 | . 058 | . 058 | . 058 | . 058 | . 058 | . 058 | . 058 | . 062 | . 062 | . 062 | . 1022 | . 066 |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gas oil and distillate fuel oil....... thous. of bbl.- |  | 24,390 | 23,047 | 25,298 | 23, 181 | 23, 348 | 23,320 | 24,589 | 23, 703 | 23, 877 | 24, 432 | 23.741 | 24.970 |
|  |  | 37,940 | 34,791 | 37,598 | 37,407 | 37,816 | 36,569 | 36, 060 | 35, 942 | 34, 512 | 33,7\% | 33, 015 | 35.937 |
| Stocks, end of month: <br> Gas oil and distillate fuel oil |  | 28,990 | 25,511 | 29, 922 | 32,064 | 33.885 | 38,824 | 46, 439 | 54, 068 | 62,019 | 67,870 | 168.145 | 59.620 |
| Residual fuel oil. |  | 34, 573 | 34,008 | 32,995 | 35, 206 | 38, 932 | 41, 492 | 45, 446 | 48, 186 | 54,012 | 55, 580 | 52, 335 | 47,094. |
| Motor fuel: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 51,186 4,949 | 47,889 4,452 | 56,801 5,258 | 62,045 3,248 | 66,774 2,826 | 63,221 2,555 | 69,044 2,321 | 66,701 3,604 | 62.216 3.620 | 66,598 2,386 | 61.315 3.049 | 51.043: 3,688 |
| Prices, gasoline: |  | 4,94 | 4,402 | 5,25 | 3,24 | 2,820 | 2, 5 | 2,321 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wholesale, refinery (Okla.) .......dol. per gal | . 070 | . 055 | . 053 | . 050 | . 050 | . 054 | . 058 | . 060 | . 068 | . 070 | . 070 | .070 | . 070 |
| Wholesaie, tank wagon (N. Y.).--...-.-. do. | . 161 | . 149 | . 146 | . 145 | . 145 | . 149 | . 149 | . 151 | . 158 | . 159 | 159 | . 159 | . 161 |
| Retail, service stations, 50 cities | . 158 | . 142 | . .142 | . .141 | . 141 | . .142 | . 142 | . 151 | . 6.155 | . 155 | (-. 155 | .156 68.07 | . 60.157 |
| Production, total $\dagger$--.............-.- thous of bbl |  | 62, 126 | 55, 492 | 61,899 | 61, 160 | 65, 191 | 64, 345 | 67,445 | 69,707 | 66, 284 | 67, 305 | 66,072 | 69, 028 |
|  |  | 23, 234 | 20,915 | 24,385 | 23, 216 | 24,668 | 25, 260 | 26, 000 | 26, 733 | 25, 384 | 25, 155 | 24,612 | 25, 780 |
|  |  | 31, 067 | 27,388 | 29,910 | 30, 573 | 32, 945 | 31, 445 | 33, 921 | 35, 346 | 33, 530 | 34,452 | 34, 024 | 35,607 |
| Natural gasoline and allied productst+.....do |  | 10, 122 | 9,251 | 9,563 | 9,223 | 9,529 | 9, 501 | 9, 558 | 9, 821 | 4. 574 | 10,275 2 | 10, 155 | 10,651 2.8 .0 |
| Sales of l, p.g. for fuel and chemicals .-....do Used at refineries $\dagger$. |  | 2,217 | 1,973 | 1,866 | 1, 765 | 1,872 | 1,752 | 1,928 | 2, 085 | 2, 082 | 2, 444 | 2, 604 | 2,870 5.813 |
|  |  | 5,037 | 4,448 | 4,619 | 4,487 | 4,869 | 4,940 | 5, 229 | 5,774 | 5,390 | 6, 023 | 6. 232 | 5.818 |
| Retail distributionor -.................... of gal |  | 2,047 | 1,937 | 2,309 | 2, 561 | 2,649 | 2, 619 | 2,856 | 2,784 | 2,555 | 2,701 | 2, 493 |  |
|  |  | 94,115 | 96, 293 | 95,186 | 90, 444 | 85,801 | 83, 726 | 79,384 | 78,833 | 78,848 | 77,628 | 79,980 | 84, 534 |
|  |  | 63, 203 | 63,999 | 63,532 | 58, 605 | 53, 893 | 50,911 | 48, 077 | 47, 347 | 47,021 | 46,244 | 47. 881 | 51, 927 |
| Unfinished gasoline |  | 8,279 | 8,543 | 8,975 | 8,300 | 8,159 | 8,245 | 8,394 | 7,912 | 8,173 | 8, 324 | 8, 607 | 8. 208 |
|  |  | 5, 034 | 5,843 | 6,658 | 6,982 | 7,004 | 7,343 | 7,334 | 6,943 | 7,060 | 6,312 | 5,487 | 4.981 |

Revised. of See note in April 1946 Survey. ember 1946 figures for 31 citios, $\$ 110^{-}$

Data continue series published in the 1942 supplement but suspended during the war period; data for October $1941-$ February 1945 wil be published later
$\dagger$ Revised series. For source of $1939-41$ revisions for bituminous coal production, see note marked " $\dagger$ " on p. S- 32 of the April 1943 Survey; revisions for $1942-43$ are shown on

 and April 1943 issues (correction for crude petroleum production January 1941, 110,446), 1942-43 revisions are available upon request
 fers of cycle products (not shown separately above) are deducted before combining the data with straight run and cracked gasoline to obtain total motor fuel production.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1941 and descriptive notes may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1947 | 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | January | January | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sep- } \\ \text { tember } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Octo- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ |

## PETROLEUM AND COAL PRODUCTS-Continued

| PETROLEUM AND PRODLCTS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Refined petroleum products-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic demands- .-.-. .-. .-. . . . .thous. of bbl. |  | 11,176 | 9,608 | 8,006 | 5,995 | 6,338 | 5,185 | 5,339 | 4,321 | 5,284 | 7,502 | 8,899 | 11,513 |
|  |  | 586 | 370 | 393 | 655 | 782 | 1,566 | 976 | 767 | 705 | 312 | 414 | 664 |
| Price, wholesale, water white, 470, refinery (Penn- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 076 | 066 | . 070 | . 070 | . 070 | 070 | 070 | 071 | . 074 | 074 | 074 | 074 | 075 |
| Production. .....-.-.-.................thous. of bbl. |  | 9, 688 | 9, 506 | 9,852 | 8,396 | 8,887 | 8,376 | 8,435 | 8.179 | 7,825 | 8,566 | 7,893 | 8,782 |
| Stocks, refinery, end of month .-..............do |  | 4,666 | 4, 304 | 4,981 | 6,097 | 7,912 | 9,063 | 10,490 | 12,382 | 13,442 | 13,926 | 12,734 | 9, 772 |
| Lubricants: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 2, 689 | 2, 275 | 2,562 | 3, 061 | 2,866 | 2,715 | 3,049 | 3,236 | 3,095 | 3,536 | 2,900 | 2,909 |
|  |  | 775 | 603 | 1,225 | 721 | 1,131 | 1,054 | 910 | 1,135 | 694 | 706 | 906 | 1,043 |
| Price, wholesale, cylinder, refinery (Pennsylvania) $\begin{gathered}\text { dol. per gal }\end{gathered}$ | 298 | 160 | 160 | 160 | 160 | 160 | 160 | 160 | 200 | 214 | 248 | 250 | 274 |
| Production. .-.......-............ thous. of bbl- |  | 3,395 | 3,159 | 3,786 | 3,693 | 3,722 | 3,839 | 3,620 | $\pm$ +096 | 4,016 | 4. 327 | 3,857 | 4, 13.5 |
| Stocks, refincry, end of month . . . . . . . . . . . . do |  | 7,694 | 7,966 | 7,951 | 7,852 | 7,565 | 7,635 | 7,293 | 7, 030 | 7,244 | 7,338 | 7,384 | 7,564 |
|  |  |  | 665 | 9,925 | 8.985 | 447 | 8,588 | 9,052 | 18.772 | 27.811 | 8.253 | 0 |  |
|  |  | 459,500 | 479,300 | 540,500 | 592,700 | 711,800 | 738, 200 | 851, 800 | 811,300 | 827, 800 | 806, 500 | (670), 400 | 615,800 |
| Stocks, refinery, end of month |  | 786,500 | 889, 600 | 948, 400 | 986, 200 | 1,023,100 | 907, 600 | 819,600 | 691, 800 | 626,500 | 577, 800 | (122, 200 | -02, 000 |
| Wax: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 65.520 | 64, 960 | 77, 280 | 68,040 | 67, 260 | ${ }_{6}^{65,520}$ | 60,480 | 69, 160 | 68,600 | 74.480 | 79,240 | 79.816 |
| Stocks, refinery, end of month Asphalt prepared roofing, shipments: |  | 80,640 | 81, 480 | 85, 400 | 80,920 | 77, 280 | 81,760 | 73,920 | 73,360 | 83,160 | 84, 840 | 89,880 | 86, 240 |
| Total .-......................-thous. of squares | 5,827 | 4,563 | 4, 0¢0 | 4, 680 | 5,151 | 5,168 | 5,045 | + 5,213 | 5,516 | 5,264 | 5,646 | 5,328 |  |
| Smooth-surfaced roll roofing and cap sheet - do-.-- | 1,942 | 1,350 | 1. 229 | 1,526 | 1,696 | 1,746 | 1,575 | -1,653 | 1,837 | 1, 633 | 1,760 | 1.725 | 1, 1791 |
| Mineral-surfaced roll roofing and cap sheet... do | 1,287 | 1,226 | 1,073 | 1,102 | 1,224 | 1,076 | 1,099 | r 1, 105 | 1,128 | 1,146 | 1,237 | 1,168 | 1.134 |
|  | 2,598 | 1,987 | 1,759 | 2,052 | 2, 231 | 2,346 | 2,371 | ' 2,456 | 2,550 | 2, 486 | 2,649 | 2,435 | 2,407 |

## RUBBER AND RUBBER PRODUCTS

| Natural rubber: RUBBER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Consumptiond -...-..................-...long tons.- | 45,372 | 10,355 | 10,131 | 12,792 | 16,914 | 17,867 | 16, 466 | 2I, 998 | 28, 405 | 31, 123 | 35,421 | 37,323 | - 38,802 |
| Imports, including latex and Guavule s........do.. |  | 19,595 | 33,008 | 31,757 | 28,109 | 6,262 | 9,545 | 21,627 | 35,731 | 41,736 | 46,887, | 59, 266 | 46,658 |
| Stocks, end of month | 294, 147 | 133, 294 | 157,977 | 180, 088 | 182, 831 | 170,763 | 176, 768 | 169,490 | 185,580 | 199,591 | 200, 799 | 218,672 | +237, 467 |
| Synthetic rubber:* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 57, 367 | 66,993 | 63,750 | 74, 214 | 70,703 | 70,914 | 62, 899 | 54, 562 | 61, 486 | 58,798 | 60,729 | 57,794 | ${ }^{\text {r 53, }} 153$ |
| Exports |  | 5,675 | 6,430 | 17,726 | 12,931 | 13,144 | 5,367 | 3,166 | 2, 188 | 2,603 | 487 | 1,786 | 1,877 |
| Production. | 62, 104 | 56,089 | 51, 848 | 60,363 | 66,014 | 66,044 | 63,388 | 63,176 | 64,300 | 63, 765 | 62,086 | 60,305 | + 62,648 |
| Stocks, end of month | 117, 052 | 177,051 | 144,427 | 115,310 | 101, 510 | 93,447 | 94, 095 | 101,007 | 103, 076 | 108,840 | 110,913 | 113, 556 | r114,963 |
| Reclaimed rubber: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 26,061 25,584 | 22,031 24,458 | 20,702 23,187 | 22,075 25,136 | 22,396 23,930 | 22,162 25,322 | $\stackrel{21,725}{24,882}$ | 21,350 22,619 | 24,566 25,798 | $\xrightarrow{23,715}$ | $\begin{gathered} 26,706 \\ 26,322 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 24,385 \\ & 24,748 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} r \\ r \\ r \\ r 25,597 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
|  | 31, 746 | 29,099 | 30, 216 | 31, 436 | 31, 732 | 33, 554 | 35, 295 | 35,603 | 35,742 | 35, 404 | 34, 261 | 33, 516 | г 33,666 |
| TIRES AND TUBES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pneumatic casings:§ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 96 | 111 | 206 | 196 | 245 | 235 | 248 | 264 | 155 | 198 | 358 |  |
|  |  | 5,973 | 5,801 | 6,686 | 6,883 | 7,061 | 6,036 | 5,985 | 7,054 | 7,233 | 8,205 | 7,579 | 7,518 |
| Shipments |  | 5,547 | 5,468 | 6,621 | 6,989 | 7,032 | 6, 134 | 6,247 | 6,825 | 6,943 | 8,433 | 7,485 | 8,145 |
| Original equipment |  | 576 | 476 | 730 | 1,105 | 1,259 | 925 | 1,529 | 1.684 | 1,636 | 1,874 | 1,656 | 1,839 |
| Stocks, end of month |  | 3,338 | 3,487 | 3,382 | 3,304 | 3,377 | 3, 309 | 2,890 | 3,006 | 3,370 | 3,041 | 3, 026 | 2,457 |
| Inner tubes:§ do |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 80 4,669 | 96 4,878 | 151 5,840 | 160 6,114 | 198 6,463 | 205 5,710 | 192 5,702 | 193 7,032 | 109 7,287 | 125 8,087 | 258 7,643 |  |
| Shipments |  | 4,286 | 4,390 | 5,649 | 6,079 | 6,278 | 5,700 | 5,959 | 6,931 | 6,735 | 8,534 | 7,165 | 8,163 |
| Stocks, end of month |  | 4,048 | 4,421 | 4,519 | 4,190 | 4,373 | 4,377 | 4,014 | 3,929 | 4,435 | 4,108 | 4,364 | 3,903 |

## STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
ABRASIVE PRODUCTS \\
Coated abrasive paper and cloth, shipments....reams. PORTLAND CEMENT
\end{tabular} \& 151,364 \& 115, 440 \& 129, 204 \& 143,919 \& 161,776 \& 151, 292 \& 147,807 \& 140, 813 \& 161,631 \& 150,726 \& 166, 649 \& 164, 733 \& 145,383 \\
\hline  \& 13, 353 \& 9,635 \& 9,250 \& 11,305 \& 12,650 \& 12,091 \& 14,489 \& 15, 420 \& 16, 213 \& 16,450 \& 16, 410 \& 15,335 \& 14, 557 \\
\hline  \& \& \& 50
7,853 \& \& \& \& \& 75
16.249 \& 79
17955 \& \& \({ }_{7}^{81}\) \& \begin{tabular}{|r}
78 \\
14.803
\end{tabular} \& \\
\hline Stocks, finished, end of month \& \(\begin{array}{r}8,363 \\ 15911 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& 18,691 \& 7,853
20.034 \& 12, 718 \& - 15,369 \& 16,066 \& 14, 564 \& 16, 249 \& 17,955
9
9 \& 17,153
88612 \& 17,721 \& 14,803
7 \& 11,494 \\
\hline Stocks, clinker, end of month .-.........................do \& 4,581 \& 5,304 \& 5,824 \& 6,330 \& 6,013 \& 5,111 \& 4,983 \& 4,788 \& 4,580 \& 3,898 \& 3,598 \& 3,512 \& \(+10,921\)
\(+3,886\) \\
\hline ClAY PRODUCTS \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Brick, unglazed: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Price, wholesale, common, composite, i. o. b. plant dol. per thous \& 19.270 \& 17. 196 \& 17.213 \& 17.328 \& 17.399 \& 17.646 \& 17.932 \& 18.074 \& 18.218 \& 18.519 \& 18.551 \& 19.010 \& \\
\hline Production*-....----....-- thous. of standard brick.- \& \& r 285,997 \& r 291,995 \& - 353,623 \& - 387,063 \& + 372,829 \& + 376,587 \& r 481,547 \& r 501,287 \& - 470,998 \& +509,839 \& r 455,676 \& 381, 322 \\
\hline Shipments*-...................................... \({ }^{\text {d }}\) d \& \& 285,820 \& r 284,999 \& r 351,572 \& r 378,489 \& r 355,575 \& r 354,086 \& \({ }^{\text {r 447,614 }}\) \& r 481,377 \& - 443,647 \& + 480,121 \& + 424,705 \& 355,782 \\
\hline  \& \& - 185,572 \& - 192,234 \& r 194,892 \& r 204,679 \& - 217,985 \& + 235,490 \& r 263,564 \& r 286,534 \& 310,814 \& 339, 129 \& - 368,953 \& 383, 659 \\
\hline Unglazed structural tile:*
Production \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& \& \& \& \& -96,103 \& \& \& \({ }^{\text {r 119,041 }}\) \& \& 116, 845 \& 128, 276 \& \({ }^{\text {r }}\) 123,976 \& 113, 507 \\
\hline Shipments \& \& r
81,
r
\(\mathrm{52,926}\) \& r 78,771
\(\mathrm{r} 49,853\) \&  \& \(\underset{r}{ } \mathbf{r} \mathbf{1 0 1 , 5 7 8}\) \& \(\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ + \\ \hline\end{array} \mathbf{4 5 , 9 4 0} 5\) \& r 99,706
r 52,285 \&  \& r

r
r
56,929 \& 115, ${ }^{174} \mathbf{5 7 , 6 6 4}$ \& 122, 157 \& r 107,833
$r 80,497$ \& 102,278
87,405 <br>
\hline Vitrified clay sewer pipe:* \& \& - 52, 926 \& r 49,853 \& ${ }^{\text {r 50, }} 996$ \& r 45, 214 \& - 45,526 \& ${ }^{\text {r 52, } 285}$ \& ${ }^{+} 56,608$ \& ${ }^{\text {r } 56,923}$ \& 57,664 \& 62,633 \& - 80, 497 \& 87, 405 <br>
\hline  \& \& r 84, 219 \& - 55, 496 \& ${ }^{\text {r 5 5, }} 113$ \& - 64, 433 \& - 90,656 \& r 92, 369 \& r 107,901 \& r 108,042 \& 99,000 \& 116, 567 \& 102, 857 \& 103,108 <br>
\hline Shipment \& \& r 78,365 \& ${ }^{5} 50,607$ \& ${ }^{\text {r 5 54, } 267}$ \& ${ }^{-68,219}$ \& ${ }^{\text {r 9 9 , }} 887$ \& ${ }^{5} 989,634$ \& r 104,072 \& + 108,446 \& 106, 518 \& 110, 751 \& 98, 495 \& 103, 323 <br>
\hline Stocks.. \& \& r 138,201 \& r 144,652 \& r 145,937 \& r 141,922 \& ${ }^{\text {r 1 }}$ 15,071 \& r 129,427 \& r 134,529 \& r 133,143 \& 125, 491 \& 131, 330 \& 134, 560 \& 137, 850 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

[^18]Unless otherwise stated, statisties through 1941 and descriptive notes may be found in the

| 1947 | 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| January | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | October | $\underset{\substack{\text { Ner } \\ \text { ber }}}{ }$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ |

STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODLCTS-Continued

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
GLASS PRODUCTS \\
Glass containers: \(\dagger\)
\end{tabular} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& 11, 155 \& 9,892 \& 8,985 \& 9, 872 \& 9,555 \& 8,982 \& 8.991 \& 9,426 \& 10.659 \& 9, 815 \& 10,533 \& 9,610 \& 9.344 \\
\hline Shipments, domestic, total...--.........-.-.-..... do. \& 10, 101 \& 9,646 \& 8,847 \& 9,614 \& 9,425 \& 9,235 \& 8,680 \& 9,001 \& 10, 406 \& 9,633 \& 10,376 \& 9.332 \& 9,352 \\
\hline General use food: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& 743
13,078 \& 680
3,041 \& 615
2,765 \& 2,904 \& 773
2,905 \& 824
2,844 \& 865
2,502 \& 962
12.629 \& 1,287
3.217 \& 1,309
2,864 \& 971
13.204 \& 744
\(\times 2.98\) \& 723
\(+12,881\) \\
\hline Wide mouth, food (incl. packers tumblers) do...- \& 13,078
623 \& 3,041
415 \& 2,775 \& 2,904 \& 2,905 \& 2,844
558 \& 2, 502 \& 12,629
545 \& 13.217
615 \& 2, 864 \& 13,204
571 \& 2

517
517 \& $\begin{array}{r}+12,881 \\ 513 \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ <br>
\hline  \& 832 \& 801 \& 801 \& 791 \& 546 \& 389 \& 415 \& 374 \& 417 \& 460 \& 576 \& 573 \& 689 <br>
\hline  \& 1,421 \& 1, 161 \& 1,152 \& 1,156 \& ]. 159 \& 1, 1098 \& 1,059 \& 1.146 \& 1.252 \& 1,216 \& 1,408 \& 1,372 \& 1,342 <br>
\hline Medicinal and toilet.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-. do. \& 2,295 \& 2, 355 \& 2,052 \& 2, 229 \& 2,143 \& 2, 223 \& 1,899 \& 1,975 \& 2, 221 \& 2,051 \& 2,491 \& 2,099 \& 2. 227 <br>
\hline General purpose (chem., household, indus.)--do. \& 725 \& 752 \& 667 \& 772 \& 717 \& 729 \& 6163 \& 676 \& 717 \& 582 \& 687 \& 658 \& 651 <br>
\hline Dairy products ------------------------ do. \& 359 \& 353 \& 317 \& 342 \& 347 \& 315 \& 280 \& 284 \& 332 \& 314 \& 364 \& 318 \& 331 <br>
\hline Fruit jars and jelly glasses..-.-...-.-......-.-. - do \& ${ }^{1} 25$ \& 89 \& 67 \& 171 \& 268 \& 345 \& 346 \& $r$

3 360 \& +1347 \& 309 \& 1105 \& 73 \& ${ }^{3} 44$ <br>
\hline  \& 4,167 \& 4,394 \& 4.294 \& 4,287 \& 4,140 \& 3,643 \& 3, 224 \& 3,911 \& 3,917 \& 3, 940 \& 3,906 \& 3.905 \& 3,5\%1 <br>
\hline Other glassware, machine-made: Tumblers: $\dagger$ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Production.......-......................thous. of doz. \& \& 5,753 \& 6,465 \& 7,770 \& 6,935 \& 5,978 \& 7,389 \& 6,070 \& 7,801 \& 6, 711 \& 7,763 \& 6, 848 \& 6,470 <br>
\hline  \& \& 5,516 \& 6,138 \& 7,672 \& T,416 \& 6,706 \& 6,347 \& 5,984 \& 7, 944 \& 6,078 \& 7.657 \& 6. 527 \& 6,242 <br>
\hline  \& \& 4,882 \& 4,879 \& 5,007 \& 4,410 \& 3,937 \& 4,920 \& 4,997 \& 4,784 \& 5,352 \& 5, 326 \& 5,544 \& 4.879 <br>
\hline Table, kitchen, and householdware, shipments th thous, of doz-- \& \& 4, 402 \& 3,681 \& 4, 153 \& 4,100 \& 4,513 \& 3,847 \& 3,553 \& 4. 335 \& 3, 645 \& 5,000 \& 3,168 \& 2, 298 <br>
\hline Plate glass, polished, production....... thous. of sq. ft .- \& 21,980 \& 4,355 \& 13,84 ${ }^{4}$ \& 19,292 \& 18,515 \& 18,863 \& 16,316 \& 18,409 \& 16, 803 \& 21, 142 \& 23,271 \& 20,781 \& 18,411 <br>
\hline GYPSUM AND PRODUCTS \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Crude gypsum: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& \& \& \& 42, 721 \& \& \& 300,815 \& \& \& 5:1, 871 \& \& \& 541,733 <br>
\hline  \& \& \& \& 1,143,238 \& \& \& 1,306,845 \& \& \& 1,522,455 \& \& \& 1,642,030 <br>
\hline  \& \& \& \& 828, 731 \& \& \& 946, 851 \& \& \& 1,172,746 \& \& \& 1,249,901 <br>

\hline | Gypsum products sold or used: |
| :--- |
| Uncalcined. | \& \& \& \& 358, 643 \& \& \& 408, 263 \& \& \& 394, 436 \& \& \& 472, 603 <br>

\hline Calcined: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline For building uses: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline Base-coat plasters.-....-.-.-.-.-.-.-.----.- do \& \& \& \& 265, 675 \& \& \& 331, 237 \& \& \& $$
422,025
$$ \& \& \& 482, 306 <br>

\hline  \& \& \& \& $$
6,589
$$ \& \& \& \[

8,655
\] \& \& \& 8.392 \& \& \& 9.871 <br>

\hline All other building plasters .-.-.--........- do \& \& \& \& 85, 952 \& \& \& $$
91,524
$$ \& \& \& 103, 442 \& \& \& 115, 806 <br>

\hline  \& \& \& \& 242, 917 \& \& \& 281, 750 \& \& \& 295, 620 \& \& \& 328,491 <br>
\hline Tile \& \& \& \& 5,164 \& \& \& 4,055 \& \& \& 4,508 \& \& \& 5, 138 <br>
\hline  \& \& \& \& 408, 149 \& \& \& 443, 327 \& \& \& 557, 537 \& \& \& 589.374 <br>
\hline Industrial plasters......--.---........-- -- short tons.- \& \& \& \& 48,568 \& \& \& 52,320 \& \& \& 49,941 \& \& \& 55, 484 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

TEXTILE PRODUCTS

| Hosim. Clothing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Production. . .-................. thous. of dozen pairs.. | 14, 592 | 13,131 | 12,235 | 12,976 | 13,007 | 13,985 | 12,968 | 11,968 | 13,438 | 13,179 | 14,533 | 13,339 | 12,083 |
|  | 13, 394 | 12,751 | 11. 138 | 12,613 | 12,643 | 13.344 | 13, 118 | 31,008 | 12,086 | 13,511 | 15,089 | 13, 627 | 11,925 |
| Stocks, end of month ...............-.........-- - do | 18,464 | 14,678 | 14,919 | 15, 225 | 15,592 | 16.178 | 35,971 | 16,932 | 18,284 | 17,952 | 17,396 | 17, 108 | 17,266 |
| Cotton |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cotton (exclusive of Inters): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 947,036 | 811,218 | 747,748 250,482 | 804,240 318,948 | 812, 749 317,633 | 871.470 456,671 | 792, 317 | 729,603 366,510 | 855,511 411.570 | 818,449 242,177 | 931,229 103,781 | 877,461 445,147 | $\begin{aligned} & 774,177 \\ & 356,786 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | 29, 3 , 899 | 25, 245 | 319,609 | ${ }^{31}{ }^{3}, 767$ | 42,852 | 15,862 | 27,694 | 17,896 | 40, 984 | 35, 530 | 49.651 | 14.630 |
| Prices received by farmers $\dagger$--......-- dol. per ib.- | . 297 | . 224 | . 230 | . 227 | . 236 | . 241 | . 260 | . 308 | . 336 | . 353 | . 37 | . 292 | . 300 |
| Prices, wholesale, midding, 1 dol. per lb. | . 319 | 244 | . 288 | . 268 | . 277 | .274 | . 292 | . 334 | . 355 | . 369 | . 361 | . 309 | . 324 |
| Production: <br> Ginnings§ <br> thous of ruming bales | 8,166 | 8,027 |  | 28,813 |  |  |  | 162 | 532 | 2,334 | 5, 225 | 7,366 | 7. 883 |
| Crop estimate, equivalent $500-\mathrm{lb}$. bales $\begin{gathered}\text { hous. of bales. }\end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | 29,016 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{3} 8,482$ |
| Stocks, domestic cotton in the United States, end of montli: $\ddagger$ <br> Warehouses thous of bales |  | 9,906 | 9,332 | 8,547 | 7,534 | 6.340 | 5, 320 | 4. 414 | 3,785 | 4,280 | 5, 845 | 6,161 | 5. 939 |
| Mills |  | 2, 2905 | 2.306 | 2,319 | 2,311 | 2. 238 | 2,179 | 2,179 | 1,983 | 1,865 | 1,928 | 2,019 | 2, 125 |
| Cotton linters: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption | 134 | -141 | 88 | 71 | 49 | 31 | +15 | -14 | 26 | +74 | + +162 |  | 129 |
| Stocks, end of month | 472 | 475 | - 483 | ${ }^{+481}$ | \% 46 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 444$ | - 399 | 347 | 28 \% | -242 | r 349 | r 388 | 43. |
| COTTON MANUFACTURERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cotton cloth: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cotton broad woven goods over 12 inches in width, production, quarterly*..........mil. of linear yards.- |  |  |  | 2, 267 |  |  | 2,299 |  |  | ${ }^{\text {r 2, }} 190$ |  |  | 2,355 |
| Cotton goods finished, quarterly:* <br> Production total |  |  |  | 1, 734 |  |  | 1,788 |  |  | 1,625 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 840 |  |  | 878 |  |  | 786 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 478 |  |  | 466 |  |  | 449 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 416 |  |  | 443 |  |  | 390 |  |  |  |
|  |  | -62, 800 | r 66,200 | 71, 472 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { r 65, } 140 \end{array}$ | 73, 107 | r 68,310 3 3 | 57,503 5 5 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \\ \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  | 68,907 1,792 | 99,872 2,190 |
|  |  | 3,131 | 2,814 | -4,840 | r7,326 | ${ }^{+4.265}$ | 3,551 | 5,176 | 3, 581 | ${ }^{+} 2,311$ | 2, 459 | 1,792 | 2, 190 |
|  | 51.60 | 20.68 | 19.49 | 22.57 | 23.09 | 23.73 | 22.01 | ${ }^{4} 24.97$ | 25.93 | 27.40 | 30.86 | 40.78 | 47.72 |
| Denims, 28 -inch---...................... dol. per yd.- | 338 | 223 | 223 | 248 | . 256 | 256 | . 256 | . 280 | . 312 | . 323 | . 338 | . 338 | . 385 |
| Print cloth, $64 \times 60 \bullet$ eneting, unbleached, 36 -inch, $56 \times 56 \bigcirc-{ }^{\text {S }}$ | . 192 | .099 .120 | .099 .120 | 110 .133 | .114 .138 | 114 .138 | . 114 <br> .138 | .126 .138 | .134 .165 | .140 .172 | . 1480 | .147 .180 | . 185 |

Revised. 1 Jelly glasses included with wide mouth food containers. : Total ginnings of 1945 crop. ${ }^{8}$ December 1 estimate of 1946 crop.
${ }^{4}$ Based on cloth prices for July 24. 3946, from the "Textile Apparel Analysis" for first 3 weeks of the month and o. P. A. ceilings for last we
$\odot$ This continue the series shown in the Survey through the October 1943 issue; this construction was discontinued during the war period.
$\odot$ This series was substituted in the November 1943 Survey for the price of $56 \times 60$ sheeting, production of which was discontured during the war period.
8 Total ginmings to end of month indicated. © Includes laminated board reporte as cor period; data for october 1941-Frobruary 1445 will be published later
O Dee note in February 1947 Survey for source of August $1941-\mathrm{March} 1942$ rerisions and total cotton stocks in the United States July 31 , 1946 .

* New series. For a brief description of the data for cotton broad woven goods and 1943 figures see p. S-35 of August 1944 Survey and for $1939-45$ data for cotton goods finishing,

 July 1942 for farm price of cotton, see p. S-35 of June 1944 Surrey.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1941 and descriptive notes may be found in the 1942 Supplement to the Survey | 1947 | 1946 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | January | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | September | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Octo- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | Novem- ber | Decem- |


| COTTON MANUFACTURES-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cotton cordage, rope, and twine production, quarterly* thous. of lb. |  |  |  | 31, 525 |  |  | 31, 488 |  |  | 29, 201 |  |  | 29, 805 |
| Cotton yarn: <br> froduction (sale yarn), total* |  |  |  | 217, 420 |  |  | 217,783 |  |  | 212,941 |  |  | 218.508 |
| Carded and combed yarns: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weaving-.-............ |  |  |  | 85,099 |  |  | 79, 874 |  |  | 81, 254 |  |  | 84, 835 |
| Machine knitting |  |  |  | 72,570 |  |  | 73, 614 |  |  | 69, 878 |  |  | 73.005 |
| Thread |  |  |  | 9,006 |  |  | 9, 272 |  |  | 9, 478 |  |  | 6. 472 |
| All other cotton and mixed fiber yarns* |  |  |  | 50, 745 |  |  | 55, 023 |  |  | 52,331 |  |  | 31. 196 |
| Irices, wholesale: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Southern, 22/1, cones, carded, white, for knitting (mill) $\dagger$. dol. yer lb... |  | . 470 | 476 | . 504 | . 525 | . 543 | . 543 | . 599 | 643 | . 671 | . 699 | . 699 | 689 |
| Southern, 40s, single, carded (mill)..........do .... | 1.819 | . 542 | 592 | . 627 | . 646 | . 672 | . 672 | . 672 | . 756 | . 804 | . 834 | 1.819 | 1.819 |
| Epindle activity: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Active spindles. $\qquad$ thousands. Active spindle bours, total $\qquad$ mil of hr | 21,919 10,588 | 21,621 9,486 | 21,615 8,493 | 21,947 8,133 | 21,964 9,147 | 21,958 9,558 | 21,944 | 21,984 8,007 | 22,019 9,449 | 21,639 9,037 | 21,754 10,143 | 21,524 9.499 | 21. 688 |
|  | , 444 | -399 | 8, 357 | ${ }^{\text {c, }} 383$ | ${ }^{384}$ | ${ }^{+}$ | ${ }^{\text {8, }} 369$ | ${ }^{8} 316$ | ${ }^{\text {- }} 396$ | ${ }^{3} 179$ | -424 | 39 | S. 362 |
| Operations......-..............--pet. of capacity | 123.3 | 110.7 | 113.0 | 114.1 | 109.9 | 110.5 | 115.4 | 93.3 | 112.4 | 114.4 | 116.2 | 119.6 | 16 i .4 |
| RAYON AND MANUFACTURES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yam and staple fiber: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Collsumption: <br> Filament yarn mil. of lb |  | 55.7 | 50.2 | 38.3 | \%6. 6 | 56. 8 | 51.8 | r 52.0 | 57.3 | 54.2 | 59.6 | . 58.0 | 5.9 |
|  |  | 14.0 | 13.3 | 16.8 | 14.8 | 15.9 | 14.1 | 15.6 | -15.0 | 14.0 | 15.7 | -13.0 | 12.9 |
|  |  | 1,492 | 1,426 | 2,943 | -2.295 | 1,887 | 3,428 | 3,653 | 3,369 | 2, 423 | 3,108 | 3,708 | 4, 2.7 |
| Prices, wholesale: <br> Yarn, viscose, 150 denier, first quality, minimum |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| filament....-....-.-...-..........dol. per tb.. |  | 850 | . 550 | . 550 | . 550 | . 550 | 550 | . 550 | . 550 | . 550 | . 500 | ${ }^{\top} .585$ | (i2) |
| Staple fiber, viscose, $1 \frac{1 / 2}{}$ denier--............ do...- |  | 250 | 250 | . 250 | . 250 | . 250 | . 250 | . 250 | . 250 | . 250 | . 250 | ${ }^{\sim} .265$ | $2 \times 1$ |
| Stocks, producers', end of month: Filament yarn. |  | 8 | 10 | 0. | 9.3 | 8.7 | 73 | 8.7 | 8 | 91 | 7 | 97 | 1 |
| Staple fiber. |  | 4.1 | 4.0 | 1.9 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 1.8 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.5 | , |
| Rayon coods, production, quarterly: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Broad woven goods --.---- thous. of linear yards |  |  |  | 437, 388 |  |  | 439, 178 |  |  | 408, 615 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 441,627 |  |  | 454, 322 |  |  | 388,783 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 55, 148 |  |  | 51,659 |  |  | 42,498 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 292, 862 |  |  | 299,498 |  |  | 269, 134 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 93, 617 |  |  | 103, 165 |  |  | 7T, 151 |  |  |  |
| WOOL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption (scoured basis):¢ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apparel class-..------.---.-...........- thous. of ib |  | 53,995 | 47,708 | 50, 424 | 61, 635 | 48, 252 | 49, 604 | 50, 750 | 49, 788 | 49, 900 | 63,375 | -48, 156 | 46.740 |
|  |  | 10, 100 | 9,916 | 10,352 | 11, 465 | 9, 576 | 10, 268 | 9, 135 | 10, 308 | 10, 260 | 13,435 | -11,492 | 11,752 |
| Importss |  | 106, 619 | 78,567 | 113, 593 | 126, 519 | 91, 793 | 73, 601 | 103,311 | 89, 529 | 85, 556 | 70, 226 | 66, 053 | 56, 553 |
| Prices, territary, 64s, 70 s, 80 s, fine, scoured**-dol. per lb- | 1.155 | 1.035 | 1. 025 | . 995 | . 695 | . 995 | . 995 | . 995 | . 995 | . 995 | 1. 037 | 1.106 | 1.145 |
| Raw, bright fleece, 56s, greasy*-............--do. | . 530 | . 485 | . 480 | . 465 | . 465 | . 465 | . 465 | . 465 | . 465 | . 465 | . 480 | . 490 | . 30 |
| A ustralian, 64-70s, good top making, scoured, in bond <br> (Boston)* | 850 | 755 | . 755 |  | . 747 | . 745 |  | . 74.5 | . 745 |  | . 757 | . 789 | 850 |
| Stocks, scoured basis, end of mo., total† ...thous. of lb-- |  |  |  | - 496, 801 |  |  | ${ }^{2} 567,349$ |  |  | r 597,502 |  |  | 540,072 |
|  |  |  |  | r 426,667 |  |  | r 466,489 |  |  | r 490,847 |  |  | -437,754 |
| Domestict. |  |  |  | 231,698 |  |  | r 264,897 |  |  | r 297,499 | ---- |  | 273,404 |
|  |  |  |  | r r 194,969 |  |  | + 201,592 |  |  | r 193,348 |  |  | r 164,355 |
|  |  |  |  | r 70, 134 |  |  | + 100,860 |  |  | r 106,655 |  |  | - 102,513 |
| WOOL MANUFACTURES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Machinery activity (weekly average): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Looms: Woolen and worsted: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 2,276 72 | 480 81 | 2, 88 | 8 | 2,486 88 | 2,640 86 | 2,159 68 | 2,608 | 2,592 86 | 2,687 | 2,551 | 2. 542 |
| Carpet and rug: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 83 | 95 | 101 | 103 | 98 | 107 | 78 | 106 | 105 | 113 | 110 | 113 |
| Narrow |  | ${ }^{68}$ | 74 | 79 | 84 | 86 | 94 | 70 | 94 | 93 | 101 | +100 | 102 |
| spinning spindles: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Woolen. |  | 109, 462 | 1120,678 | 122, 334 | 119,955 | 119, 134 | $\begin{array}{r}123,986 \\ 114,293 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 98,191 <br> 89 <br> 145 | 123.886 | 120,847 | 122, 605 | ${ }_{\text {r }} \mathrm{r} 117,164$ | 113, 13: |
| Worsted combs |  | 197 | ${ }^{1220}$ | - 226 | - 224 |  | ${ }^{12}$ | ${ }^{177}$ |  | ${ }^{1223}$ |  | 12, 221 | 114,515 226 |
| oolen and worsted woven goods (except woven felts):* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production, quarterly, total - thous. of lin. yards |  |  |  | 145,6,65 |  |  | 154,339 |  |  | +146. 564 |  |  | 156,983 |
| Apparel fabrics --------.-.................. do.. |  |  |  | 125, 628 |  |  | 133, 942 |  |  | r 127, 207 |  |  | 137, 267 |
|  |  |  |  | b3. 791 |  |  | 58,060 |  |  | r 55,032 |  |  | 60, 912 |
| Women's and children's wear.............. do |  |  |  | 56, 144 |  |  | 60, 853 |  |  | + 56,859 |  |  | 60, 695 |
| General use and other fabrics................ do |  |  |  | 15,693 |  |  | 15, 029 |  |  | + 15,316 |  |  | 15, 666 |
| Blankets.. |  |  |  | 12, 336 |  |  | 12, 677 |  |  | +11,833 |  |  | 12,503 |
| Other nonapparel fabrics..-. .-...---......-. - do |  |  |  | 7, 671 |  |  | 8, 320 |  |  | ${ }^{-7,524}$ |  |  | 7. 213 |
| ool yarn: <br> Production total* $\qquad$ |  |  | 74,204 | 77.300 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Knitting ${ }^{\text {a }}$. |  | 14,785 | 13, 46i0 | 14, 052 | 17, 110 | 13, 764 | 14,008 | 15, 890 | 13,704 | 13,236 | 16, 610 | - 12,384 | 11,456 |
| Weaving* |  | 57, 272 | 50, 656 | 52, 740 | 64, 650 | 51,064 | 52, 832 | 52,425 | 53, 120 | 51,620 | 65, 250 | r 49,732 | 47.776 |
|  |  | 10,728 | 10,088 | 10, 508 | 12,630 | 9,888 | 11, 108 | 7,595 | 11, 104 | 10, 576 | 14,340 | -11,728 | 11.456 |
| I'rice, wholesale, worsted yarn, 2/32s (Boston) dol. per lb. | 1. 950 | 1.900 | 1.900 | 1.900 | 1. 900 | 1.900 | 1.900 | 1.900 | 1.900 | 1. 900 | 1.900 | 1.900 | 1.96\% |
| MISCELLANEOUS PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fur, sales by dealers .-..........-.-....- thous. of dol.. |  | 8, 760 | 7, 274 | 5,360 | 7,322 | 7,381 | 4,236 | -3,103 | +4,813 | +7.553 | 4,640 | 3,332 |  |
| Pyroxylin-coated fabrics: $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, unfilled, end of month_...... thous. lin. yd. |  | 12,786 | 13,137 | 13,035 | 13, 006 | 13, 182 | 13, 468 | 13,800 | 13, 589 | 13,281 | 12,914 | 12,354 | 13. 194 |
|  |  | ${ }_{6}^{6,754}$ | 6.129 | 6,301 | 6,811 | 6,814 | 5,748 | 5,651 | ${ }_{8}^{6,972}$ | ${ }_{6}^{6,287}$ | 7,480 | 7.205 | $\cdots$ |
|  |  | 8,210 | 7, 401 | 7, $0^{06}$ | 8,448 | 9,071 | 7,653 | 7,371 | 8,552 | 7,151 | 9,867 | 9. 217 | 9. 135 |

${ }^{5}$ Revised. ${ }^{1}$ Quotations are for cotton yarn twisted, 40/1, carded, and are not comparable with data prior to November 1946; comparable October 1946 figure, $\$ 0.819$.
IData for January, April, July, and October 1946 are for 5 weeks; other months 4 weeks.
§Data continue series published in the 1942 Supplement but suspended during the war period; data for October 1941-February 1945 will be published later.
卉道 note in the April 1946 Survey with regard to changes in these series; data related to cotton fabrics only prior to August 1945.
$\dagger$ Revised series. See p. S-35 of the November 1942 Survey for 1941 data for the yarn price series and p. S-35 of the May 1943 issue regarding a change in the coverage of the woot stocks series; stocks have been revised above to include corrections and to transfer wool 40 s and below to apparel class; revised data for $1942-45$ will be shown later; stocks include wool held by Commodity Credit Corporation but exclude foreign wool held by Defense Supplies Corporation.
*New scries. For 1939 and 1943-45 data for rayon goods finishing, see p. 23 of the August 1946 Survey. Data for rayon woven goods production, cotton cordage, rope, and twine, cotton sale yarn and wool yarn production are from the Bureau of the Census and represent virtually complete coverage; data beginning 1943 will be shown later; the wool yarn series are for 4 -and 5 -week periods. The price series for Australian wool is from the Department of Agriculture; prices are before payment of duty; data beginning 1936 will be shown later $1939-43$ for the other wool price series are shown on p. 24 of the February 1945 Survey. For available data for $1937-43$ for woolen and worsted goods production, see p. 19 of the May 1945 Survey.

| 1947 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Janul- <br> ary | Janu- <br> ary | Febru- <br> ary | March | April | May | June | July | August | Sep- <br> tember | Octo- <br> ber | Novem- <br> ber |

## TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT

| MOTOR VEHICLES |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Fxports, assembled, total§-................................... Passenger cars§. .-.................................................. |  |
|  |  |
| Factory sales, |  |
|  |  |
| Coaches, total |  |
| Domestic. |  |
| Passenger cars,Domestic. |  |
|  |  |
| Trueks, total |  |
| Domestic. |  |
| Production:* |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Civilian, total. |  |
|  |  |
| Medium Light |  |
|  |  |
| Truck trailers, production, total*-................... do |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Chassis shipped as such |  |
| Repistrations: \% |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |


| RAILWAY EQUIPMENT |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| interican Railway Car Institute: shipments: |  |
|  |  |
| Domestic |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Pomestic $\ddagger$ |  |
| Issociation of American Railroads: |  |
| Freight cars, end of month: |  |
| - Undergoing or awaiting classifed repairs. do...- |  |
|  |  |
| Percent of total |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Equipment man |  |
| Locomotives, end |  |
| Steam, undergoing or awaiting classified repairs $\begin{gathered}\text { number }\end{gathered}$ |  |
| Percent of total on line Orders unfilled: |  |
|  |  |
| Orders unfiled: ${ }_{\text {Steam }}$ locomotives, total .............. numb |  |
| Equipment manufacturers .-.................do |  |
|  |  |
| Other locomotives, tota ${ }^{*}$ |  |
| Other locomotives, tota ${ }^{*}$ | Equipment manufacturers*------------- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ |
| Railroad shops* |  |
| Exports of locomotives, |  |
|  |  |
| steamsathers |  |


| INDUSTRIAL ELECTRIC TRUCKS AND |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| TRACTORS |  |


|  | 10,266 | 12,397 | 13,285 | 18,999 | 27,017 | 23,644 | 23,694 | 31,803 | 27,401 | 23,017 | 47,695 | 41, 158 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2,962 | 2,350 | 4,001 | 6,312 | 8,321 | 7,013 | 10, 518 | 14, 587 | 12,477 | 11, 832 | 22, 496 | 16, 257 |
|  | 7,304 | 10, 047 | 9, 284 | 12, 687 | 18,696 | 16,631 | 13, 176 | 17, 216 | 14,924 | 11, 185 | 25, 199 | 24,901 |
| -349, 475 | 101, 867 | 93, 042 | 124, 003 | 214,350 | 243, 104 | 201,902 | 297, 633 | 346, 209 | 328, 795 | 391, 727 | 371, 156 | 375, 719 |
| 1,253 | 467 | 265 | 527 | 948 | 789 | 774 | 862 | 1,067 | 833 | 975 | 1, 146 | 1,438 |
| 1,069 | 436 | 230 | 443 | 854 | 741 | 751 | 833 | 867 | 758 | 923 | 1,102 | 1,339 |
| 247, 130 | 56,367 | 57.784 | 85,810 | 132, 631 | 166,942 | 141,090 | 209, 180 | 247, 261 | 232, 280 | 283, 586 | 269, 081 | 266, 665 |
| 225.989 | 53, 441 | 54.111 | 80,239 | 125, 765 | 158, 344 | 131, 284 | 195, 158 | 229, 083 | 218, 645 | 263, 236 | 250,379 | 244, 931 |
| 101, 092 | 45,033 | 34.993 | 37, 666 | 80,771 | 75, 373 | 60,038 | 87, 591 | 97,881 | 95, 682 | 107, 166 | 100,929 | 107, 616 |
| 77,300 | 37,970 | 26,787 | 29,125 | 62, 529 | 59,947 | 50,247 | 72, 102 | 78, 283 | 77, 501 | 88, 207 | 79, 138 | 82, 7.4 |
| 252, 100 | 62, 723 | 47,965 | 90, 045 | 150, 206 | 152,948 | 142,313 | 220,321 | 241, 302 | 239,412 | 285, 606 | 261, 007 | 262, 076 |
| 102, 727 | 54, 864 | 28,660 | 39,320 | 81,072 | 74,650 | 58,739 | 93,458 | 105, 516 | 92, 014 | 109,953 | 100, 552 | 101, 484 |
| 102, 727 | 54,791 | 28,562 | 39,309 | 81, 070 | 74,650 | 58,739 | 93,458 | 105,516 | 92,014 | 109,953 | 100, 552 | 101,484 |
| 10, 458 | 6,278 | 4,469 | 2, 432 | 5, 802 | 4,823 | 4,066 | 5,995 | 4, 840 | 6,071 | 8,940 | 8,401 | 7,691 |
| 48,978 | 23,956 | 9,849 | 16,952 | 43, 837 | 37,427 | 18,608 | 49, 529 | 57,062 | 44, 559 | 51,175 | 50,158 | 51,825 |
| 43,291 | 24, 557 | 14,244 | 19,925 | 31,431 | 32, 400 | 36,065 | 37, 934 | 43, 614 | 41,384 | 49,838 | 41,993 | 41,968 |
|  | 5,323 | 3,898 | 5.412 | 6,691 | 6,617 | 5,033 | 5, 966 | 7,650 | 6, 578 | 8,731 | 7,449 | 6, 886 |
|  | 4,924 | 3,540 | 4,818 | 6, 148 | 6,016 | 4,459 | 5, 654 | 7, 207 | 6, 143 | 8,153 | 7,051 | 6,506 |
|  | 2, 822 | 1,885 | 2,539 | 3, 464 | 3,306 | 1,983 | 2,287 | 3,091 | 2, 679 | 3,987 | 3,147 | 3,461 |
|  | 2,102 | 1,655 | 2, 279 | 2, 684 | 2,710 | 2, 476 | 3,367 | 4,116 | 3,464 | 4,166 | 3,904 | 3,045 |
|  | 399 | 358 | 594 | 543 | 601 | 574 | 312 | 443 | 435 | 578 | 398 | 380 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 1493, 299 | 172,961 | 199,316 | 219, 281 | 225, 180 | 230,424 | 274,735 |
|  |  |  | 187,375 | 40,920 | 56, 285 | 46,488 | 53, 657 | 62,820 | 69,565 | 74,708 | 63, 978 | 69,453 |
| 6,991 | 3, 474 | 2, 411 | 2. 460 | 4,038 | 3,340 | 2, 662 | 3,098 | 4,625 | 3,915 | 5,957 | 7,188 | 6,737 |
| 2,265 | 2, 202 | 1,664 | 2, 325 | 3, 181 | 2, 816 | 2,094 | 2,570 | 4,234 | 3,244 | 3, 057 | 2, 442 | 2,056 |
| 58 | 494 |  | 21 | 240 | 181 | 56 | 61 | 68 | 69 | 45 | 2, 60 | - 60 |
| 58 | 494 | - | 21 | 240 | 181 | 56 | 61 | 68 | 34 | 45 | 60 | 60 |
| 1,740 | 1, 7 | 1, 9 | 1, 505 | 1,-83 | 1,749 | 1,749 | 1,748 | 1,748 | 1,746 | 1,743 | 1, 742 | 1, 7 - 41 |
| 66 | i1 | it | i5 | 76 | 83 | 78 | 80 | 74 | 73 | 67 | 67 | 6\% |
| 4.0 | 4.2 | 4. 4 | 4.4 | 4. 5 | 4.9 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4. 4 | 4.3 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.1) |
| 60, 529 | 36,471 | 37,572 | 38,650 | 38, 151 | 35,954 | 36,058 | 41, 417 | 42,714 | 53,727 | 52, 817 | 54, 413 | 54,778 |
| 44, 144 | 29,002 | 30, 345 | 29,947 | 29,687 | 2x. 184 | 28,683 | 34, 609 | 35,367 | 37, 213 | 36, 942 | 39,179 | 38,716 |
| 16,385 | 7.469 | 7,227 | s,703 | 8,464 | 7.76 | 7,375 | 6,808 | 7,347 | 16,514 | 15,875 | 15, 234 | 16,062 |
| 3,175 | 2,834 | 2,944 | 3,075 | 3, 145 | 3, 260 | 3,179 | 3, 298 | 3, 217 | 3, 195 | $3,14 \overline{7}$ | 3,204 | 3,13: |
| 8.6 | 7.3 | 7.6 | 8.0 | 8.2 | 8.5 | 8.3 | 8.7 | 8.5 | 8.5 | 8.4 | 8.5 | 8.4 |
| 53 | 81 | 85 | 82 | 74 | 63 | 86 | 76 | 69 | 65 | 67 | 65 | 64 |
| 48 | 54 | 54 | 54 | 52 | 43 | 70 | 60 | 55 | 53 | 57 | 57 | 37 |
| 5 | 24 | 28 | 25 | 22 | 20 | 16 | 16 | 14 | 12 | 10 | 8 | 7 |
| 586 | 373 | 378 | 412 | 416 | 522 | 529 | 528 | 487 | 490 | 506 | 499 | 549 |
| 586 | 363 | 368 | 402 | 406 | 512 | 515 | ${ }^{+} 514$ | 473 | 490 | 506 | 499 | 549 |
| 0 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
|  | - 195 | 163 | 216 | 262 | 258 | 286 | 227 | 236 | 114 | 02 | 253 | 192 |
|  | r 129 | 125 | 172 | 172 | 99 | 208 | 174 | 140 | 66 | 58 | 141 | 49 |
|  | 66 | 38 | 4 | 90 | 159 | 78 | 53 | 96 | 48 | 34 | 112 | 143 |
|  | 146 | 148 | 154 | 219 |  | 273 | 258 | 265 | 229 | 311 | 276 | 330 |
|  | 142 | 148 | 148 | 211 | 262 | 260 | 247 | 245 | 220 | 293 | 258 | 306 |
|  | 4 | 0 | 6 | 8 | 4 | 13 | 11 | 20 | 9 | 18 | 18 | 24 |

## CANADIAN STATISTICS

|  | 195.4 | 181.2 | 191.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 195.4 | 188.2 | 191.4 199.0 | 192.8 197.9 | 189.3 | 178.9 | 180.3 | 178.1 | 173.3 172.5 | 179.0 | 181.3 | 186.7 |
| Industrial production, combined index $\dagger$-----.-. do | 252.5 | 254.2 | 441.1 | 426.3 | 302.6 | 204.0 | 237.0 | 178.6 | 186.9 | $\underline{284.3}$ | 180.2 | 180.2 18.0 |
|  | 151.8 | 152.9 | 155.6 | 164.1 | 166.5 | 164.5 | 168.2 | 164.3 | 155.2 | 155.3 | 154.0 | 158.3 |
| Manufacturing $\dagger$. .-...-.-.......-.-...........do | 202.8 | 197.9 | 190.7 | 189.9 | 186.9 | 181.4 | 181.2 | 180.6 | 179.0 | 185.5 | 191.5 | 192. 2 |
|  | 138.4 | 150.7 | 146.9 | 144.0 | 143.2 | 128.0 | 143.2 | 149.0 | 150.9 | 156.5 | 157.3 | 158.6 |
|  | 119.7 | 98.1 | 143.5 | 142.0 | 155.8 | 158.7 | 155.3 | 158.9 | 147.7 | 146.1 | 138.7 | 141.6 |
| Distribution, combined index $\dagger$.-..--......... do | 198.7 | 166. 7 | 175.9 | 182.3 | 173.4 | 178.0 | 178.6 | 183.4 | 175.0 | 168.1 | 183.6 | 200. 2 |
| Grain | 168.9 | 52.5 | 34. 3 | 129.9 | 177.7 | 92.9 | 148.4 | 133.2 | 96.5 | 103.2 | 115. 1 | 108.2 98.1 |
|  | 140.9 | 139.2 | 117.0 | 101. 4 | 86.9 | 115.4 | 138.7 | 131.0 | 68.5 | 122.5 | 150.5 | 152. 2 |
| Commodity prices: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 119.9 | 119.9 | 120.1 | 120.8 | 122.0 | 123.6 | 125.1 | 125.6 | 125.5 | 126.8 | 127.1 | 127.1 |
|  | 104.6 | 105.2 | 105.6 | 108.2 | 108.6 | 109. 1 | 109.5 | 109.2 | 109.1 | 110.8 | 111.4 | 111.3 |
| Railways: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 287 | 263 | 302 | 282 | 296 | 291 | 305 | 325 | 324 | 371 | 349 | 295 |
| Revenue freight carried 1 mile ........-. mil. of tons.- | 4, 644 | 4,215 | 4,981 | 4, 156 | 3,983 | 4,055 | 4,048 | 4,406 | 5,142 | 5,467 | 5,267 |  |
| Passengers carried 1 mile.......-. - mil. of passengers.- | 424 | 392 | 412 | 367 | 335 | 420 | 484 | 501 | 373 | 292 | 279 |  |

r Revised. 1 Total for January-June for passenger cars and for January-March for commercial cars; monthly data not available.
+Data for October 1945-January 1946 and April 1946 include converted troop kitchens and troop sleepers.
SData continue series published in the 1942 Supplement, except that changes have been made in the classifications in some instances. Data for exports of "total locomotives" and


 be published; R. L. Polk Co., source of these data, did not report registrations for April 1942-December 1945.

New series. See note in the September 1945 Survey for a description of the data for trucks and tractors; data beginning 1936 will be published later. Data beginning July 1945

 annual total production for 1939-41 and monthly figures for 1942-45 will be published later.
$\dagger$ Revised serjes. The Canadian index of construction has been shown on a revised basis beginning in the August 1945 Survey, the mining index beginning in the Aprili 1944 issue, ant the other indicated indexes beginning in the December 1942 issue; see note in the April 1946 Survey for the periods affected.

## INDEX TO MONTHLY BUSINESS STATISTICS, Pages S1-S40

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| For producter |  |
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|  |  |
| ereal and |  |
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|  |  |
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|  |  |
|  |  |
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|  |  |
|  |  |
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|  |  |
| Contracts awarded |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
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| Fairchild's retail price inder <br> Farm marketings and income. <br> Farm wages. <br>  <br> Fata and oils |  |
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# Depariothent of Commimeree Tiell Service 

February 1, 1947

Albany 7, N. Y., 409 County Courthouse. Albuquerque, N. Mex., 203 W. Gold Ave. Atlanta, Ga., 50 Whitehall St. Baltimore 2, Md., 103 S. Gay St. Birmingham, Ala., 2304 Fourth Ave., N.
Boise, Idaho, 210 Baird Bldg.
Boston 9, Mass., 1800 Customhouse.
Buffalo 3, N. Y., 242 Federal Bldg.
Burlington, Vt., Rutland Railroad Station.
Butte, Mont., 301A O'Rourke Estate Bldg.
Charleston 3, S. C., 310 Peoples Bldg.
Charleston 1, W. Va., 612 Atlas Bldg.
Charlotte 2, N. C., 1121/2 E. Fourth St.
Chattanooga 2, Tenn., 505 Post Office Bldg.
Cheyenne, Wyo., Federal Recreation Bldg.
Chicago 4, III., 332 S. Michigan Blvd.
Cincinnati 2, Ohio, 1204 Chamber of Commerce Bldg.
Cleveland 14, Ohio, 1286 Union Commerce Bldg.
Columbus 1, Ohio, 1037 N. High St.
Dallas 2, Tex., 602 Santa Fe Bldg.
Denver 2, Colo., 203 Boston Bldg.
Des Moines 9, Iowa, 518 Grand Ave.
Detroit 26, Mich., 1028 New Federal Bldg.
Duluth 5, Minn., 310 Christie Bldg.
El Paso 7, Tex., 12 Chamber of Commerce Bldg.
Erie, Pa., 312 Security Peoples Trust Co.
Evansville, Ind., 307 Grein Bldg.
Fargo, N. Dak., 210 Walker Bldg.
Fremont, Nebr., Pathfinder Hotel.
Grand Rapids 2, Mich., 736 Keeler Bldg.
Hartford 6, Conn., 436 Capitol Ave.
Houston 14, Tex., 603 Federal Office Bldg.
Indianapolis 4, Ind., Chamber of Commerce Bldg.
Jackson 5, Miss., 1130 W. Capitol St.
Jacksonville 1, Fla., 425 Federal Bldg.
Kansas City 6, Mo., 911 Walnut St.
Little Rock 5, Ark., 312 Pyramid Bldg.
Los Angeles 12, Calif., 1546 U. S. Post Office and Courthouse.
Louisville 1, Ky., 631 Federal Bldg.
Manchester, N. H., 814 Elm St.

Memphis 3, Tenn., 229 Federal Bldg.
Miami 32, Fla., 947 Seybold Bldg.
Milwaukee, Wis., 332 W. Wisconsin Ave.
Minneapolis 1, Minn., 1234 Metropolitan Life Bldg.
Mobile 5, Ala., City Hall Annex.
Nashville, Tenn., Federal Courthouse.
New Haven 10, Conn., 152 Temple St.
New Orleans 12, La., 333 St. Charles Ave.
New York 1, N. Y., Empire State Bldg., 60th Floor.
Norfolk 10, Va., 712 Wainwright Bldg.
Oklahoma City 2, Okla., 901-905 Petroleum Bldg.
Omaha 2, Nebr., 918 City National Bank Bldg.
Peoria, ill., 531 First National Bank Bldg.
Philadelphia 3, Pa., 1612 Market St.
Phoenix 8, Ariz., 234 N. Central Ave.
Pittsburgh 19, Pa., 1013 New Federal Bldg.
Portland 3, Maine, 76 Pearl St.
Portland 4, Oreg., 520 SW., Morrison St.
Providence 3, R. I., 24 Weybossett St.
Reno, Nev., 50 Sierra St.
Richmond 19, Va., 801 E. Broad St.
Rochester, N. Y., 16 State St.
St. Louis 1, Mo., 107 New Federal Bldg.
Salt Lake City 1, Utah, 321 Atlas Bldg.
San Antonio 5, Tex., 101 Transit Tower Bldg.
San Diego 1, Calif., 906 Columbia St.
San Francisco 11, Calif., 307 Customhouse.
Savannah, Ga., U. S. Courthouse and Post Office Bldg.
Scranton, Pa., Wyoming Ave. and Spruce St.
Seattle 4, Wash., 809 Federal Office Bldg.
Sioux Falls 6, S. Dak., 301 Policyholders National Bldg.
Spokane 8, Wash., 1023 W. Riverside Ave.
Syracuse 2, N. Y., 224 Harrison St.
Texarkana 5, Tex., 817 Texarkana National Bank Bldg.
Toledo 4, Ohio, 445 Huron St.
Wichita 2, Kans., 205 K. F. H. Bldg.
Worcester 8, Mass., 340 Main St.


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Motor vehicles were included in the index at current prices beginning in the week ending November 30, 1946; prior to that date, April 1942 motor vehicle prices were carried forward in the computations.

    Source: U. S. Department of Labor.

[^1]:    (Continued on p. 16)

[^2]:    Note: Mr. Paradiso is Chief of, and Mrs. Rodriguez a member of, the Business Structure Division, Office of Business Economics.

[^3]:    ${ }^{1}$ The relative importance of the items showing no change is reduced by the fact that some of the items carry very small weights in the index.
    ${ }^{2}$ Included in the group with the largest increases are the following commodities: Oleic acid, two items of glycerin, castor oil, fresh beef, bacon, oleo oil, corn oil, two items of soybean oil, goat skins, seedless raisins, linseed oil, inedible tallow, flaxseed, cured hams, black pepper, edible tallow, and cocoa beans.

[^4]:    ${ }^{3}$ "Structure of the American Economy," National Resources Committee, June 1939, Appendix 2, table 1, column 18.

[^5]:    ${ }^{4}$ These include items falling within the first three of the ten groups used in the source cited, i. e., prices which have changed less than 12 times in 95 monthly opportunities to change in the period 1926-33.
    ${ }^{5}$ These include items falling within groups rV-VII included in the source cited; i. e., prices which changed between 12 and 49 times in 95 monthly opportunities in the period 1926-33.
    ${ }^{6}$ These include the items falling in groups VIII-X, changing 50 or more times in 95 monthly opportunities to change in the period 1926-33.

[^6]:    Source: $\mathrm{L}^{-} . \mathrm{S}$. Department of Labor,

[^7]:    ${ }^{7}$ It must be recognized that it has been particularly difficult to obtain fully adequate representation of prices during the recent period when the character of the products has undergone significant changes. Consequently, the deviations of present prices from the long-term relationship, shown in the charts and in table 3, should be regarded as approximations rather than as exact magnitudes.

[^8]:    ${ }^{1}$ See July, October, and December 1946 issues of the Survey.

[^9]:    EIncluding 170 million dollars surplus property transferred to UNRRA.
    ${ }^{3}$ This figure is not equal to the net foreign balance as reflected in the gross national prciuct because certain types of foreign shipments are reflected elsewhere in the gross national product, e. g., UNRRA exports under Government expenditures.

[^10]:    ${ }^{4}$ Net monetary gold movements, as now recorded for balance of payments purposes, represent the changes in the monetary gold stock of the United States. Foreign gold going into industrial uses is added to merchandise imports in the balance of payments table, and not included in "net exports or imports of monetary gold." Total net purchases of gold from foreign countries amounted to 705 million dollars.

[^11]:    ${ }^{5}$ This excludes our payment to the International Bank which was not actually disbursed to foreign borrowers during 1946.

[^12]:    ${ }^{6}$ Not counting the increase of dollar balances of the International Bank on account of the United States contributions of 317 million dollars. (See table 2.)

[^13]:    Data beginning August 1942 are available in the November 1943 Survey; earlier data will be published later.

    - Revised.

[^14]:    r Revised. $\quad$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Beginning October 1946, data relate to the end of the preceding month. Data for the week ending September 15 th are not available.

[^15]:    $r$ Revised. $\quad$ Preliminary. § Sample was changed in November 1942; data are not strictly comparable with figures prior to that month.

[^16]:    t Data beginning January 1946 reflect a change in the sample and in the method of summarizing reports; January 1946 figure comparable with earlier data is $\$ 0.064$
    ${ }_{2}$ No quotation. ${ }_{3}$ December 1, estimate.

[^17]:    $r$ Revised. If Data continue series published in the 1942 Supplement but suspended during the war period; data for October $1941-F e b r u a r y ~ 1945$ will be published later.

[^18]:    $r$ Revised. §Data continue series published in the 1942 Supplement but suspended during the war period. Data for 1941-45 for tires and tubes and imports of natural rubber are hown on pp. 22 and 23 of the December 1946 suryey. Data for October 1941-February 1945 for other series will be published later.

    IFor scurce of the indicated series and 1941-45 data, see p. 23 of December 1946 Survey; these data continue similar series published in the 1942 Supplement.

    * New series. Data for 1943-45 for exports of synthetic rubber and for 1941 - -15 for other synthetic rubber series are shown on p, 23 of the Deeember 1946 Survey. For September 1942 -December 1943 data for brick see p. 24 of the February 1945 Survey and for 1939 -45 data for clay sewer pipe, p. 23 of December 1946 issue; data for September 1942 -February 1945 $r$ unglazed structural tile will be shown later.
    $\dagger$ Data for asphalt roofing have been published on a revised basis begiming in the April 1945 Survey; see note in that issue.

