



#### **U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE**

**OFFICE OF BUSINESS ECONOMICS** 

SEPTEMBER 1953

#### SURVEY OF CURBENT BUSINESS



#### SEPTEMBER 1953

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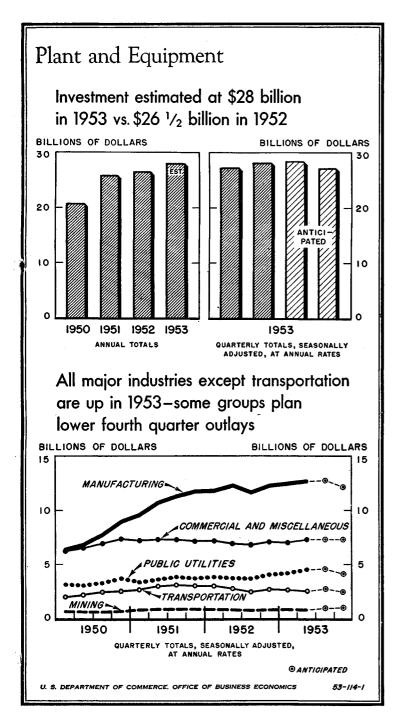
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The Business Situation



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#### By the Office of Business Economics

**B**USINESS activity continued in high gear through August as employment, income, and sales matched or exceeded the rates of the earlier months. The basic sources of demand were undiminished, with the major changes associated with seasonal influences. Consumer purchases, backed up by higher incomes, have advanced moderately. Business outlays for plant and equipment in the current quarter exceed the high first-half rate. However, management anticipates some easing from this record rate in the fourth quarter.

While total output has been steady since midyear, here and there in scattered industries—chiefly durables—output was trimmed to avoid further inventory accumulation.

Total business inventories were unchanged in July as the usual seasonal decline did not occur. On a seasonally adjusted basis, the \$0.6 billion book-value increase was below the average second quarter experience, and of this advance about half was due to higher replacement costs. Thus the physical increment was well below the high second-quarter rate. Automotive retailers accounted for half of the total book-value inventory change in July.

Price firmness characterized wholesale commodity markets. A major exception was the renewed weakness in the farm group where a decline occurred in livestock prices in late August and early September. Consumer prices moved up fractionally in July, primarily due to small increases in food prices and a continued advance in rents. Federal rent controls were dropped on July 31.

#### Construction large

Construction activity, at \$3.3 billion in August, continued to exceed the amounts of new construction put in place in comparable periods of any past year. Because of the unusually open winter, however, the industry had gotten off to an exceptionally fast start by last March. Most of the monthly gains since then have been less than usual, as a consequence of which the seasonally adjusted data have shown a steady downtrend with the August total 7 percent below the March peak.

Divergent trends are still evident in residential and nonresidential construction. Private residential building continues to lag, the August volume of \$1.1 billion being a little below the June top if no allowance is made for seasonal influences and 8 percent below the seasonally adjusted second-quarter rate. Private nonresidential construction reached a new high in August, as did public utility construction.

Public construction was below the volume of last spring after allowance for the usual seasonal changes.

Total civilian employment reached 63.4 million in August as agricultural employment receded less than is usual for the month while nonagricultural employment experienced the typical August rise.

The recent steady advance of wage and salary disbursements, the largest component of personal income, has been largely attributable to the increase in the payrolls of the commodity-producing group. Growing employment at higher wage rates accounts for most of the increases.

The number of employees in nonagricultural establishments this summer was 49.4 million persons, approximately 2 million higher than in 1952, the previous peak. Though all major groups but contract construction contributed to this rise, two-thirds of it is attributable to durable goods manufacturers.

#### Manufacturing workweek longer than in 1952

Average weekly hours, over the past 12 months, have declined or remained stationary in many industries. In manufacturing, however, weekly time rose one-half hour or 1.3 percent from July 1952 to July 1953. This increase was in part fortuitous, reflecting a low level of hours last year in industries affected by the protracted steel stoppage; it was, however, in line with an upward trend. Weekly hours in each of the first 7 months of this year have been higher than in the comparable months of last year, and over the period this month-to-month gain has averaged 1.0 percent. The advance was shared by both the durable and nondurable goods groups. As can be seen in the chart the movement of hours, aside from seasonal variation, has shown much less change than the movement in employment.

Manufacturing production workers averaged \$1.77 an hour in July, an increase of more than 7 percent over a 12-month period. This rise, which was slightly above the 7-year average beginning with July 1946, represented a continuation of a long-term increase in earnings, which since 1933 had been halted under adverse economic conditions but at no time reversed.

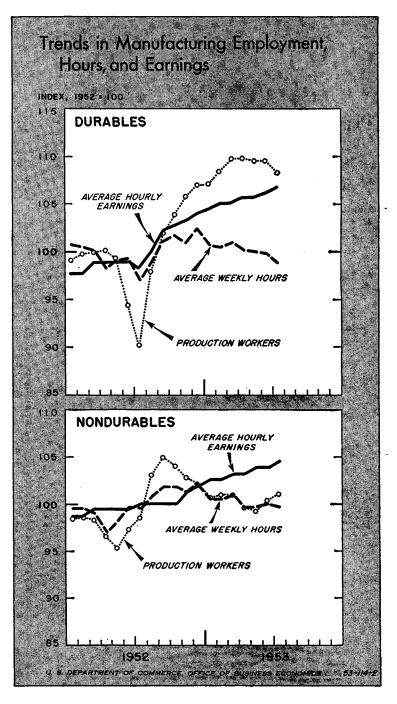
Hourly earnings reflect not only changes in basic hourly and incentive wage rates but also such factors as premium pay for overtime and late-shift work, and changes in the output of workers paid on an incentive basis. The increase in gross earnings over the past year reflects increases in overtime payments as well as in wage rates and other factors. The average spread between gross hourly earnings and hourly earnings excluding overtime, for the first half of this year as compared with the first half of last year, increased from 5.5 to 6.5 cents, a gain shared by both the durable and nondurable groups.

Real average hourly earnings, that is earnings adjusted for the cost of living, continued their long-term increase. Over the period of the last 12 months the movement was essentially parallel to that of money earnings, because of the negligible rise in the cost of living. Consumer prices rose less than 1 percent so that all industry groups gained in real earnings.

#### Industrial production stable

Industrial production in July and August has been maintained on a high plateau after full allowance for the usual summer seasonal influences. The rate of output in August was little different from the record pace of the first half of the year. Output of durable manufactures in August was moderately below the monthly average of the January-June period while production of nondurable manufactures was about the same. Minerals output was somewhat higher.

Output in most metalworking industries where overall backlogs are still high continued at or close to peak rates. A few segments, however, have been tapering off in recent months largely because of a reduction in order backlogs and some accumulation of stocks. In the basic steel industry, there has been some easing in the overall demand for finished and semifinished steel products. With some exceptions, steel products are now in ample supply relative to demand. This improvement in the overall supply-demand relationship is reflected in the current scheduled rate of steel operations. In August, mills operated at around 94 percent of rated capacity in effect on January 1, 1953, equivalent in terms of tonnage to around



9.4 million ingot tons. While this rate was higher than in July, it was slightly lower than in June and about 5 percent below the January-June average. Even so, the industry turned out raw steel at an annual rate of nearly 111 million tons.

Activity in shops producing railroad equipment continues relatively low. Deliveries of freight cars have been holding steady at around 6,900 cars in the most recent months, a rate about 8 percent below that of the first quarter. Installations of diesel-electric locomotives on Class I railroads are down by an even larger margin. The reduced activity in these plants reflects the prolonged paucity of sizable new orders and the resultant substantial reduction by almost one-half since the first of the year in order backlogs for freight cars and locomotives. In the past 3 months, new orders for freight cars have averaged less than 1,600 units per month.

There also has been some reduction in the volume of output of agricultural machinery, including tractors, attributable primarily to a drop in the farmers' purchasing power over the past year. Intermittent cutbacks in production have been under way since the early months of the year.

Passenger car output continued at a high rate in July but a one-week shutdown in plants of an important producer, a fire in the Livonia Hydra-Matic transmission plant on August 12, and fewer working days combined to hold August completions to about 526,000 units, a drop of around 12 percent from July and the second guarter of this year.

percent from July and the second quarter of this year. For household durables as a group, production in July edged up from June on a seasonally adjusted basis. The drop in radio and television production, though sharp, was less than seasonal and offset the reduced output of major household electrical appliances. Incomplete data for the month of August indicate a more-than-seasonal rise in radio and television production as the new 1954 models swing into large-scale production.

In the household appliance group where there has been some letup in consumer buying and some accumulation of stocks in recent months, production in July was down about 10 percent from the second quarter and a larger percentage from the first quarter. Sizeable declines in output of refrig

 Table 1.—Factors Accounting for Rise in Manufacturing Production

 Worker Payrolls, January-July 1952 to January-July 1953

	All manu- factures	Durables	Non- durables
Production worker payrolls per week (mil. dol.): Jan.–July 1953 average. Jan.–July 1952 average.	981 843	631 520	353 326
Employment of production workers (thousands): Jan.–July 1953 average Jan.–July 1952 average	13, 740 12, 728	8, 152 7, 300	5, 588 5, 428
Hours worked per week: Jan.–July 1953 average Jan.–July 1952 average	40. 8 40. 4	41.6 41.2	39. 7 39. 2
A verage hourly earnings: JanJuly 1953 average JanJuly 1952 average	\$1.75 1.64	\$1.86 1.73	\$1.59 1.53
Ratio: JanJuly 1953 to JanJuly 1952: Payrolls	1.010	1.213 1.117 1.010 1.075	1.083 1.029 1.013 1.039

Source: Computations by U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics from data compiled by U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

erators and washing machines accounted for most of the drop.

Production of nondurable goods recovered strongly from the midsummer vacation shutdowns in many mills and factories. The rate of output was about the same as in June which in turn was close to the peak rate for the year. New production peaks were reported for paperboard, refined petroleum products, and industrial chemicals. In most other lines, production was maintained at or close to earlier highs.

## **Capital Goods Demand in Late 1953**

**P**LANT and equipment expenditures in the second half of 1953 are expected by business to be maintained at about the same rate as in the first half, with a small decline scheduled in the fourth quarter from the high third-quarter rate. According to the survey of spending intentions conducted in August by the Office of Business Economics and the Securities and Exchange Commission, business has programed plant and equipment investment at seasonally adjusted annual rates of \$28.4 billion in the third quarter and \$27.1 billion in the final quarter of this year. Actual outlays in the first 6 months were at a \$27.6 billion annual rate.

The results of the current survey show that actual spending in the second quarter and anticipated spending in the third quarter are about in line with expectations reported 3 months earlier. Most of the returns in this survey were filed shortly after the cessation of hostilities in Korea.

If these current programs for the expansion and replacement of productive facilities are realized, outlays for the year 1953 will reach a record total of \$27.8 billion, up 5 percent over 1952. This would bring nonfarm business outlays for new plant and equipment in the years 1950 through 1953 to \$100 billion, marking the largest recorded increase in real fixed capital assets for a 4-year period.

Increases over 1952 are indicated by the 1953 capital programs of each major industry group except railroads and other transportation companies. With both construction costs and prices of producers' durable equipment increasing only slightly over the past year, the aggregate change from 1952 in real terms is almost equal to the current dollar increase.

Between the third and fourth quarters, the major industry groups are anticipating either a leveling off or a decline in their rates of capital spending. After allowance is made for seasonal factors, a 5 percent decrease is indicated in manufacturing, primarily in the durable goods sector. Somewhat larger relative declines are expected by the public utilities and railroads. Other transportation, mining and commercial companies expect little change in fixed investment rates in the final quarter.

#### Current capital goods situation

An examination of the results of the most recent survey suggests that the pattern of investment over the full year will be one of comparative stability at high rates. Easing tendencies—chief of which is the tapering off in the defense facilities expansion program—are apparently not yet of sufficient magnitude to offset in marked degree those elements which are a source of strength in the current demand for capital goods.

The overall economic situation is still quite favorable to investment, as reflected in the steady rise in gross national product and nonfarm business income. Consumer spending is at record rates and new orders received by manufacturers for civilian goods have been offsetting the cutbacks in military orders. In the offing is the prospect of tax reductions which will tend to stimulate investment, and together with. higher depreciation, will provide additional sources of new investment funds.

#### Manufacturing trends

Commercial and other 5

Total

Within manufacturing the nondurable-goods industries indicate a rate of capital spending in the final 3 months virtually as high as in the record third quarter. In the petroleum and chemicals industries, which have contributed heavily to the rise in capital expenditures since the Korean hostilities began, fourth quarter outlays are expected to be the same or close to those of the third. Food, beverage and rubber companies also expect to maintain their current rate of fixed investment. Textile companies, on the other hand, show declines in the third and fourth quarters from investment rates in the second quarter of the year.

In the case of durable goods manufacturing, the high reached in the second quarter of 1953 was followed by a

Table 2.—Percent Change in Plant and Equipment Expenditure. 1952-53 and 1951-52

· · · ·	1951-52	1952-53
Manufacturing	10	3
Durable goods industries	$28 \\ 92 \\ -18 \\ 1 \\ 13 \\ 5 \\ -20 \\ -20 \\ -28 \\ -28 \\ -16 \\ -28 \\$	$ \begin{array}{r} 3 \\ -5 \\ -3 \\ 8 \\ 23 \\ 16 \\ (^1) \\ -15 \\ (^1) \\ 12 \end{array} $
Nondurable goods industries	-7 -11 -25 -16 16 24 -7	$ \begin{array}{r}     8 \\     -4 \\     33 \\     -26 \\     15 \\     24 \\     9 \\     1 \\     -12 \\ \end{array} $
Mining Railroads Transportation, other than rail Public utilities. Commercial and other.	-3	1 -7 0 15 2
Total	3	5

1. Not available separately.

1952

Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and Securities and Exchange Commission.

1953

Oct.-Dec.<sup>2</sup>

3,239

1, 516

(6) 55 (6) 182

1,723

236

295

349

1.146

1.778

7,042

Table 3Expenditures on New Plant and Equipment by	U. S. Business, <sup>1</sup> 1950–53
[Millions of dollars]	

	1950	1951	1952	1953 <sup>2</sup>	Jan Mar.	Apr June	July– Sept.	Oct Dec.	Jan.– Mar.	Apr June	July– Sept.²
Manufacturing	7, 491	10, 852	11, 994	12, 690	2, 650	3, 156	2, 820	3, 367	2,747	3, 280	3, 425
Durable goods industries	3, 135	5, 168	5, 784	5, 955	1, 307	1, 465	1, 358	1, 654	1, 319	1, 523	1, 597
Primary iron and steel. Primary nonferrous metals. Fabricated metal products Electrical machinery and equipment. Machinery except electrical	599 134 350 245 411	$1, 198 \\310 \\433 \\373 \\683$	1, 538 595 355 376 772	$1, 460 \\ 577 \\ 385 \\ 463 \\ 899$	319 125 86 82 173	416 141 86 92 187	334 166 77 88 174	$\begin{array}{r} 470 \\ 163 \\ 106 \\ 114 \\ 238 \end{array}$	324 129 94 82 198	377 145 108 115 235	390 163 97 125 240
Motor vehicles and equipment Transportation equipment excluding motor vehicles Stone, clay and glass products. Other durable goods <sup>8</sup>	$510 \\ 82 \\ 280 \\ 524$	851 219 397 704	896 253 318 682	(6) 215 (6) 763	194 76 84 168	214 72 80 176	$241 \\ 46 \\ 73 \\ 159$	$247 \\ 58 \\ 80 \\ 179$	$201 \\ 43 \\ 65 \\ 182$	219 52 78 194	$244 \\ 64 \\ 68 \\ 206$
Nondurable goods industries	4, 356	5,684	6, 210	6,735	1, 343	1, 691	1, 463	1, 713	1, 428	1, 757	1, 828
Food and kindred products Beverages Textile mill products Paper and alied products	523 237 450 327	$579 \\ 274 \\ 531 \\ 420$	$540 \\ 245 \\ 400 \\ 354$	$516 \\ 325 \\ 296 \\ 406$	134 48 109 82	145 61 110 87	123 64 87 89	138 73 93 96	120 82 83 82	145 99 84 102	$128 \\ 74 \\ 69 \\ 116$
Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products Rubber products	771 1, 587 102 359	$1,247 \\ 2,102 \\ 150 \\ 382$	1, 451 2, 596 139 484	${ \begin{smallmatrix} 1,800\\ 2,824\\ 140\\ 428 \end{smallmatrix} }$	317 513 33 108	366 747 39 136	$358 \\ 592 \\ 34 \\ 116$	410 745 34 124	373 552 30 105	449 724 39 116	511 785 36 108
Mining	707	929	880	892	217	228	206	229	199	212	244
Railroads	1, 111	1, 474	1, 391	1, 294	360	386	289	357	310	358	331
Transportation, other than rail	1, 212	1, 490	1, 363	1, 357	356	372	302	335	311	339	358
Public utilities	3, 309	3,664	3, 838	4, 429	821	928	947	1, 142	904	1, 148	1, 231

7,235

25,644

6,775

20,605

Seasonally	adjusted	at	annual	rates

6, 989

26,455

7.159

27.821

1.737

6, 141

1,738

6.808

1.680

6.244

1.835

7.265

1,675

6.147

1.887

7.225

1.820

7,408

#### [Billions of dollars]

Manufacturing. Mining Railroads Transportation, other than rail. Public utilities. Commercial and other <sup>1</sup> . <b>Total</b> .					.93 1.56	12. 24 . 90 1. 44 1. 36 3. 75 6. 89 <b>26. 5</b> 8	11. 64 . 83 1. 24 1. 27 3. 71 6. 80 <b>25. 49</b>	12. 23 .87 1. 32 1. 38 4. 04 7. 12 <b>26. 96</b>	12. 48 .86 1. 38 1. 27 4. 20 6. 98 27. 18	12.66 .84 1.32 1.28 4.59 7.37 <b>28.06</b>	12.78 .96 1.30 1.48 4.58 7.32 28.42	12, 18 . 97 1, 08 1, 41 4, 14 7, 31 27, 08
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1. Data exclude expenditures of agricultural business and outlays charged to current

Date second second account.
 Estimates based on anticipated capital expenditures as reported by business in August, 1963. In addition to seasonal adjustment, these periods are adjusted when necessary for systematic tendencies in anticipatory data.
 Includes lumber products, furniture and fixtures, instruments, ordnance and miscel-based and the search of the search of

Includes apparel and related products, tobacco, leather and leather products and print ing and publishing.
 Includes trade, service, finance, communication and construction.
 Data not available separately but are included in totals.

Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and Securities and Exchange Commission.

small decline in the third quarter and a more pronounced drop in the last 3 months. The motor vehicles and electrical machinery industries, which have been showing steady increases through the year, both report further expansion over this period. Most of the other durable goods industries anticipate some decline—moderate for iron and steel and nonelectrical machinery and more substantial for nonferrous metals and nonautomotive transportation equipment.

#### 1953 investment programs

Although data for the second half of the year are still preliminary, it is now possible to make a comparison for the full year 1953 with the preceding year. It may be noted in table 2, which gives annual percent changes for 1951–52 and 1952–53, that while in the manufacturing industries investment in durable goods showed somewhat greater buoyancy between 1951 and 1952, the nondurable group exhibits the greater strength between 1952 and 1953.

The smaller relative gain in durables this year may be traced to the somewhat slackened tempo of investment in basic metal industries—with both iron and steel and nonferrous metal companies indicating slight declines from their 1952 capital outlays. Expansion in these industries was given major emphasis in mobilization planning and present programs indicate that a substantial portion of the current expansion goals in these areas will have been completed by the end of this year. On the other hand, both electrical and nonelectrical machinery show a larger year-to-year increase than in the previous year. The decline in transportation equipment of about 15 percent may be traced in part to reduced outlays on the part of aircraft companies.

In nondurable manufacturing the greatest relative increases over 1952 appear in chemicals, paper and beverages— 15 percent or more. A 10 percent rise in 1953 is indicated in petroleum as compared to a one-fourth increase in the previous year. Only food and textiles show lower capital outlays as compared with 1952. The latter industry had also reduced its 1952 capital spending from the 1951 high.

In the nonmanufacturing area the largest gain over 1952 is indicated in the public utilities field with a 15-percent rise. The marked growth in the demand for electric power and natural gas has resulted in very heavy capital outlays in these industries throughout the postwar period. From 1950 to 1953 public utilities contributed over 50 percent of the increase in nonmanufacturing capital expenditures. Although small decreases are indicated for public utilities in the fourth quarter of this year, trade sources indicate a continued heavy expansion among electric utilities over the next 3 years.

## **Trends in Retail Sales**

SUMMER purchases at retail stores continued at the high rate characterizing the earlier months of the year. At a seasonally adjusted annual rate of \$174 billion in July, sales were about 6 percent above the 1952 average and with retail prices showing little change over this period, the 1953 gain reflected for the most part an increased quantity of goods taken by customers.

The accompanying chart presents recent sales trends for broad groups of stores as well as for total retail sales. The comparatively even flow of sales this year was reflected in most of the major lines of trade, although as might be expected the month-to-month variation among some of the components was relatively greater than that shown for all lines combined.

#### Food sales up

The most consistent sales picture in the last two and onehalf years has been in the food group (which in the chart includes both food stores and eating and drinking places). Sales of these establishments comprise almost one-third of all retail sales. The moderate upward trend in food sales in 1951 and 1952 was continued through the first 7 months of this year and in July sales were about 2 percent above a year ago. With food prices down from last year, the gain was somewhat more substantial in real terms.

#### Other soft goods sales steady

Sales at other types of soft goods stores have been generally stable since January of this year—although, as may be seen from the chart, at a rate lower than last fall and the record-breaking Christmas buying season. Except for that period, 1953 sales to date of these nondurables have averaged higher than at any other time, and about 3 percent above the comparable period of 1952.

Within this broad category, which includes such heterogeneous groups as department stores, filling stations and drug stores, there was a general conformity of movement. Most groups of stores not only shared in the late 1952 spurt but in like manner underwent substantial winter declines. Among these were department, men's and women's wear, and shoe stores. By spring, however, sales of department, women's wear, and shoe stores were again approaching the late 1952 high, while men's wear sales remained below the year-end rate. Except for the latter case, however, current sales compare favorably with the 1952 average.

A few groups—mail-order, variety and liquor stores—did not share in the greater-than-seasonal bulge in sales late in 1952, and for the most part, these groups maintained or bettered their sales volume in the first part of this year. Sales of variety stores in particular picked up substantially in the spring and early summer months.

In terms of physical volume, the flow of soft goods other than foods through retail channels in 1953 appears not to have regained the high rate temporarily reached in the latter part of 1952 despite some pickup in the more recent months. In the first 7 months of this year combined retail sales of these stores, adjusted for price changes, nevertheless averaged about 2 percent above the 1952 total and 4 percent above the comparable months a year ago.

As may be seen from the lower section of the chart, sales of durable goods have accounted for the major part of the fluctuations in total retail trade over the last 30 months.

#### Table 4.—Retail Store Sales

#### [Millions of dollars]

			Seasonally	adjusted at a	nnual rates	Percentage of disposable personal income				
	1951	1952	1953			1951	1952	1953		
			ist quarter	2d quarter	July	1991	1952	1st quarter	2d quarter	
All retail stores 1	158, 223	164, 085	172, 362	172, 466	173 606	70, 3	69, 8	70, 2	69, 6	
Durable-goods stores <sup>1</sup>	54, 479	55, 270	62, 060	61, 526	61, 458	24, 2	23, 5	25, 3	24, 8	
Automotive group	28, 156 26, 282 1, 874 5, 095 3, 509 1, 351 10, 208 7, 470 2, 738 103, 744 10, 209 2, 461 4, 049 2, 015 1, 668	28, 337 26, 393 4, 944 8, 926 5, 255 3, 671 1, 452 2, 628 108, 815 10, 633 2, 497 4, 233 2, 210 1, 693	33, 966 31, 898 2, 068 9, 410 5, 345 1, 595 10, 555 7, 832 2, 720 110, 302 10, 760 2, 516 4, 176 4, 176	34, 175 32, 282 1, 892 9, 233 5, 255 3, 978 1, 426 10, 242 7, 672 2, 571 110, 939 10, 794 2, 394 4, 420 2, 265	34, 141 32, 359 1, 782 9, 430 5, 228 4, 201 1, 364 10, 147 7, 601 2, 546 112, 148 11, 087 2, 376 4, 487 2, 309	12 5 11. 7 8 8 8 2.3 1.6 4.5 8.3 1.2 46.1 4.5 1.1 1.8 9.9	12.1 11.2 .8 3.8 2.2 1.6 4.3 3.2 1.1 46.3 4.5 1.1 1.8 .9	13.8 13.0 8 3.8 2.2 1.7 4.3 3.2 1.1 45.0 4.4 1.0 1.7 1.0	$ \begin{array}{c} 13.8 \\ 13.0 \\ .8 \\ .8 \\ .7 \\ .2 \\ .1 \\ .6 \\ .6 \\ .4 \\ .1 \\ .9 \\ .44.8 \\ .4 \\ .0 \\ .8 \\ .9 \\ .9 \\ .9 \\ .9 \\ .9 \\ .9 \\ .9 \\ .9$	
Shoe stores Drug and proprietary stores Eating and drinking places	1, 684 4, 547 12, 207	1, 693 4, 717 12, 688	1, 728 4, 894 13, 050	1, 716 4, 842 13, 018	1, 920 4, 786 13, 105	.7 2.0 5.4	.7 2.0 5.4	.7 2.0 5.3	.7 2.0 5.3	
Food group <sup>1</sup> Grocery stores Gasoline service stations. General-merchandise group. Department stores, excluding mail-order Mail-order (eatalog sales) Variety stores Other general-merchandise stores Liquor stores	37, 626 30, 346 9, 151 18, 202 10, 095 1, 309 2, 859 3, 939 2, 975	39, 771 32, 238 9, 976 18, 694 10, 277 1, 339 2, 996 4, 082 3, 165	40, 487 32, 790 10, 256 18, 741 10, 309 1, 370 2, 966 4, 097 3, 122	40, 671 33, 267 10, 307 19, 151 1, 362 3, 133 4, 116 3, 255	41, 208 33, 976 10, 652 19, 247 10, 390 1, 435 3, 377 4, 045 3, 283	16.7 13.5 4.1 8.1 4.5 .6 1.3 1.8 1.3	16. 9 13. 7 4. 2 8. 0 4. 4 1. 3 1. 7 1. 3	16.5 13.4 4.2 7.6 4.2 .6 1.2 1.7 1.3	16.4 13.4 4.2 7.7 4.3 .5 1.3 1.7 1.3	

1. Sales of other durable goods stores, other food stores, and other nondurable goods stores are not shown separately but are included in the totals.

Sales of the automotive group rebounded sharply in the fall and winter months following the work stoppages which hindered new car assemblies last summer. Motor vehicle dealers achieved an all-time high rate of sales in early 1953, and, while the pace has somewhat slackened, sales through July have continued well in excess of any previous experience.

With considerably more moderate swings, the pattern of auto sales was repeated at other durable goods outlets. Consumer purchases in recent months were down moderately from the first quarter high and for the most part tended to approximate the 1952 average.

It is of interest to note that the generally stable overall sales picture at retail stores has been in large part the result of compensatory movements in durable and nondurable goods lines. The substantial drop in durable sales in the third quarter of 1952, stemming predominantly from work stoppages, was largely offset by expansion in soft goods sales. Both groups contributed to the fourth quarter expansion. But while sales of durables continued to expand in the early months of 1953, nondurable goods sales receded to some extent. The slight drop-off from peak first quarter sales of durable goods was, however, more than offset by the pickup in soft goods lines in the second quarter.

#### Influence of income

The basic factor in the continuation of generally favorable recent trends in retail trade has been, of course, the high and expanding volume of disposable consumer income—although the widespread use of consumer credit has also been an important influence. It is of interest to note, as shown in table 4, the varying proportion of the consumer dollar represented by retail purchases in the recent period. Overall, the shift in the ratio of total retail sales to disposable income has been small—the ratio staying close to 70 percent. This proportion was slightly below the ratios reached in the years immediately following World War II, but well above those in years prior to the war. Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics and Bureau of the Census.

Durable-store sales in the first half of this year were equal to about twenty-five percent of disposable income. This was up from the average for the year 1952 and only slightly below the peak reached in 1950. The recent rise in this ratio, as well as the fact that it is more than a fourth above the proportion reached in any year prior to World War II, reflects for the most part the large automobile sales. Automotive group sales are equivalent to nearly 14 percent of disposable income. In the more prosperous years prior to World War II, the figure was less than 10 percent. Most of the other durable goods groups have exhibited only minor changes in the recent period in their sales position relative to income.

For nondurable goods stores, the ratio of sales to income in the years 1951 and 1952 was generally steady at about 46 percent. In the first half of 1953, however, this proportion slipped slightly to about 45 percent. This change though slight was noticeable in almost all major nondurable goods groups. Within the year, however, a small uptrend in the ratio has appeared. Sales of nondurable goods stores relative to income are currently at about the same position as that shown immediately prior to the war.

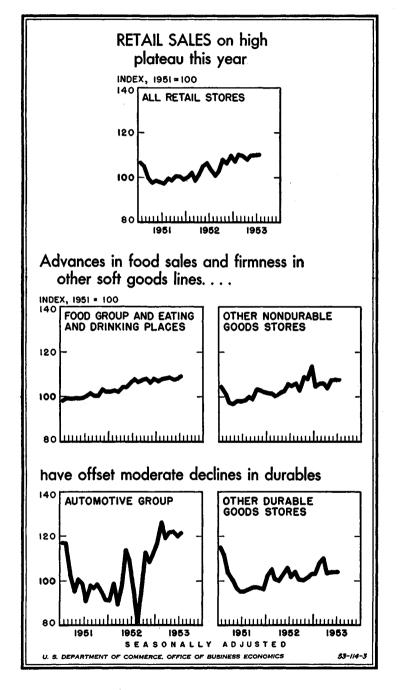
#### **Chain Store Activity**

Chain stores have participated fully in the expansion in retail sales since 1950. The proportion of chain store to total sales is currently somewhat above that in the immediate pre-Korean period, and is also higher than in earlier periods of high economic activity.

Data recently developed by the Bureau of the Census indicate that sales of all retail chain organizations with 11 or more stores amounted to over \$30 billion in 1952 compared to an all retail store figure of \$164 billion.<sup>1</sup> Dollar sales of

<sup>1.</sup> Due to lack of adequate information, chain organizations with less than 11 units are excluded from this discussion. According to the Census of Retail Trade, 1948 sales of chain stores with 4 to 10 outlets accounted for about one-sixth of all chain store sales.

At the start of 1953 total chain store sales on a seasonally adjusted basis fell off somewhat from the high rate reached in the closing months of 1952, largely as a result of decreased sales of apparel, variety, and general merchandise stores other than department stores. They rose steadily, however, after January and by mid-year exceeded the previous high.



Thus the ratio of chain to total sales of retail stores (excluding motor vehicles) has edged upward—from about 21 percent at the beginning of 1951 to 22 percent in the first half of 1953.<sup>2</sup> This, it may be noted, marked a continuation of the slight upward trend in evidence since the end of World War II. In the more recent period the upward shift may be attributed in large part to the department store and grocery groups which together account for more than half of all chain store sales (see chart). For the shoe and drug stores the trend in the ratio of chain to total sales was downward and, though small, marked a continuation of trends which began in the late thirties. In the remaining groups, chains and independents in the last few years have shown generally parallel movements.

#### Grocery and department chains improve

Chain grocery and combination stores (stores selling groceries either with or without fresh meats) have historically been the most important in the chain field. In 1952 these chains registered sales of \$11½ billion, more than one-third of all grocery sales—both chain and independent. During the first half of this year, chain grocery sales have been relatively steady at a seasonally adjusted rate of \$1 billion a month.

After the wartime decline in chain grocery sales relative to the total, the position of chain stores in this field improved steadily. This trend was continued in the more recent period—though at a lessened rate. From somewhat under 35 percent of the total in the first half of 1951 the chain store share had risen to nearly 37 percent for the first 7 months of 1953, higher than in any previous period of high business activity.

Much of the advance in the relative position of grocery chains in the recent period has been due to a sharp increase in the operations of medium sized organizations. These medium sized chains have shown relatively greater investment in new supermarkets than the larger chains.

It may be noted that independents as well as chains have increased dollar sales of food. From the first quarter of 1951 to the present, sales of grocery independents (including chains with less than 11 stores) advanced about 10 percent. Chain sales, however, were up 18 percent.

Department stores form another important retail group in which chain organizations, except for the war years, have been steadily increasing their share of the group total. The current ratio of 41 percent compares with 37 percent at the beginning of 1951. Here, too, the current relative position of chains is above that in periods of high economic activity prior to the war. Some of the recent growth in chain department store business may be attributed to an increase in the number of stores operated by several of the larger chains.

Total sales of chain department stores operating 11 or more stores amounted to \$4 billion in 1952 compared to \$10 billion for all department stores. By midyear, sales of these chain department stores reached record seasonally adjusted annual rates of \$4.5 billion.

#### Drug and shoe chain ratios decline

Sales of chain drug stores in 1952 amounted to nearly three-quarters of a billion dollars, representing more than 15 percent of all drug store sales. Drug stores comprise one segment of retail distribution in which the share taken by chains has been declining for more than a decade; the chain share was about 20 percent in 1939. The downtrend has also been evident in the recent period, the ratio decreasing from about 16 percent at the beginning of 1951 to 15 percent in mid-1953.

Chain shoe stores had sales of about \$640 million in 1952, about 38 percent of the trade of all shoe stores. The relative position of chains fell off in the war years and recovered somewhat in the early postwar years. The gains of shoe chains relative to the independents were of short duration, however, and the most recent period has been showing a

<sup>2.</sup> Sales of motor vehicle dealers are excluded from this comparison since chains with 11 or more stores are of negligible importance in this group.

slowly declining ratio. Thus shoe chains contributed about 39 percent to total shoe store sales in 1951, 38 percent in 1952, and a somewhat lower ratio in the first 7 months of this year-proportions considerably below those prior to the war. Thus, in the light of the fairly stable overall sales of shoe stores in the last two and a half years, it appears that independents and the smaller chains have improved their sales position slightly, both in absolute and relative terms. It may be noted that sales of shoe departments of department stores show relatively little change in sales in the recent period.

#### Change in character of operations

Chain store merchandising and, in fact, all retail merchandising has undergone substantial changes over the years. The general trend has been toward the development of larger stores. In the case of chains, there has been a noticeable tendency either to enlarge existing stores or to replace a number of outlets in an area with one new larger establishment. As a result, there has been some decline in the average number of stores operated by the larger chain organizations.

Table 5.-Chain Store Sales and Their Relationship to Total **Retail Sales** 

	Chai	n store	sales 1	Ratio of chains to all retail sales <sup>2</sup>			
Kind of business		1952	1953 ³ Jan July	1951	1952	1953 3 Jan.– July	
Total	<i>Mill</i> 28, 536	ions of d 30, 120	ollars 31, 055	21.6	Percent 21.9	22, 1	
Durable-goods stores	2, 521	2, 605	2, 708	8,9	9.0	9.1	
Furniture and appliance group Furniture and homefurnishing stores. Household, appliance, radio stores Jewelry stores Lumber, building, hardware group Lumber, building-materials dealers Ňondurable-goods stores	287 392 66 1, 208 798 26, 015	700 317 383 70 1, 224 785 27, 515	754 327 427 77 1, 202 770 28, 347	7.9 5.6 11.2 4.9 11.8 10.7 <b>25.1</b>	7.8 6.0 10.4 4.8 12.0 10.4 25.3	8.1 6.2 11.0 5.1 11.6 10.0 <b>25.5</b>	
Apparel group Men's and boys' wear stores Women's apparel and accessory stores. Shoe stores. Drug and proprietary stores Eating and drinking places	786 652 722	$2,068 \\ 214 \\ 834 \\ 642 \\ 737 \\ 622$	$2,064 \\ 207 \\ 819 \\ 651 \\ 756 \\ 665$	19.7 8.7 19.4 38.7 15.9 4.8	$     \begin{array}{r}       19.4 \\       8.6 \\       19.7 \\       37.9 \\       15.6 \\       4.9 \\     \end{array} $	19.18.519.037.215.65.0	
Food group Grocery and combination stores General merchandise group. Department stores. Other general merchandise stores Variety stores.	8,575 3,820 1,302	$12,554 \\11,606 \\8,916 \\4,002 \\1,338 \\2,322$	$13, 128 \\ 12, 153 \\ 9, 223 \\ 4, 254 \\ 1, 315 \\ 2, 367$	31. 1 35. 3 47. 1 37. 8 33. 1 78. 1	$\begin{array}{c} 31.\ 6\\ 36.\ 0\\ 47.\ 7\\ 38.\ 9\\ 32.\ 8\\ 77.\ 5\end{array}$	32. 3 36. 6 48. 6 40. 8 32. 0 76. 5	

1. Includes chains with 11 or more stores only. Total and group totals include other retail A includes that is the intervention of the source source of the source of

Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics and Bureau of the Census.

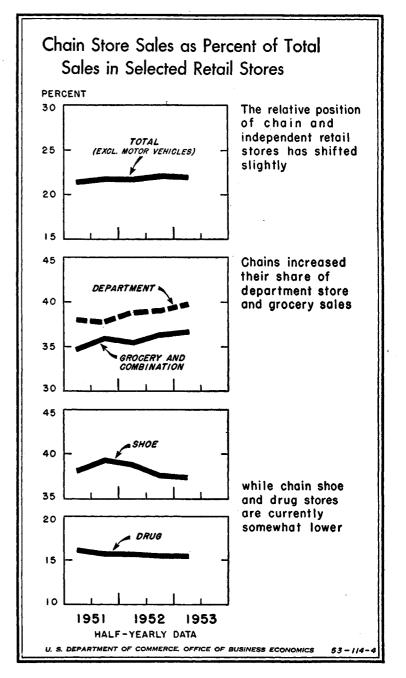
Between 1939 and 1948 chain store units were reduced by nearly a fifth. There are indications that a further small decrease in the total number of units operated by chains has occurred. Over the same period, the number of independents increased slightly.

The sharply increased volume of business per store was especially notable in the grocery field where the number of stores operated by chains was down more than a third between 1939 and 1948, whereas total sales volume, adjusted for price differences over the period, increased by over one-half. The number of independents, on the other hand, rose slightly, and while the volume of business also increased, the per-store average gained much more modestly than in the case of the chains.

Only in the case of department stores has there appeared to be an increase in the number of chain stores since 1939.

The latest figures available indicate a rise of about 10 percent in the number of chain units while the number of independents changed only slightly. Some of the change in chain department stores since 1939 is attributable to the establishment of suburban branches.

In the case of department stores, the independents rather than the chains operate the largest individual stores. For



example, according to Census data average sales per store in 1948 for chain department stores with 11 or more units at about \$2 million was less than half the similar average for independents. The extension of branch store operation may serve to change this relationship in the future as stores now classified as independents enter the chain field.

#### Chain importance varies by kind of business

Chain store activity is largely concentrated in the nondurable goods field, and among the nondurables mostly in the and in the immediate postwar years—and the smaller chains,

food, department store and general merchandise groups. In 1952, for example, chains with 11 or more units accounted for a fourth of all nondurable goods store sales but for less than 5 percent of the durables total (9 percent if sales of motor vehicle dealers are excluded). The varying importance of chains by kind of business is shown in table 5, which presents chain sales in dollars and as a percentage of total sales in each line of trade. In five of these categories, namely, grocery, department, dry goods, variety, and shoe, the chain store share amounts to a third or more. In the drug and women's apparel stores, the chain proportion was between 15 and 20 percent, while in the remaining trades the share is 10 percent or less.

#### Variations by size of chain

Comparison of sales trends by kinds of business of the six chain organizations with the largest volume of sales and those of all other chain organizations indicates that the largest chains had the better sales experience in the 1951–52 period during the war and in the 1948–51 period. During and immediately after the war, these differential trends in part reflected the strengthening of the position of the smaller chains during a period of tight supply and allocations, and the recovery of the larger group with the easing supply situation after VJ-Day. Throughout the entire period since 1939, however, there has been a continual reduction on the part of many of the largest chains in the

number of operating stores—while the smaller chains in the generally expanded. This trend has been considerably weakened in some lines in the more recent period. Two general exceptions to the above trends may be noted. The six largest restaurant chains as a group have since 1939 consistently shown relatively lower sales gains than have other chains. This has also been true of grocery chains except for the immediate postwar years. In this case, the decline in the average number of stores operated by the six largest chain organizations has been especially large—although the average size of store has increased considerably.

# The Volume of Government Purchasing

HE annual midyear review of the Federal Budget is of particular interest at this time in view of recent developments affecting the future course of Federal expenditures and revenues. Although Federal programs are in the process of further review, the estimates shown in this statement reflect action by the Congress and the Administration on the Budget for 1954 and take account of the truce in Korea. The revised estimates of Federal expenditures indicate

The revised estimates of Federal expenditures indicate that the Federal Government will purchase around \$57 billion of goods and services in the present fiscal year, about the same amount as was purchased during fiscal year 1953. With regard to State and local government purchases, the combination of higher revenues and pressing needs is likely to result in larger outlays for pay rolls, new construction, and other goods so that these expenditures are expected to show a continuation of the \$1 to \$2 billion annual increase which has been characteristic of recent years.

This situation with respect to government purchases is in marked contrast to that of the first two years following the invasion of South Korea, a period during which such outlays increased from \$40 billion to \$78 billion at annual rates and accounted for about three-fifths of the rise in gross national product. Nevertheless, the direct and indirect economic effects of a stable market of the magnitude provided by these governments are of widespread significance. Moreover, the adjustment to this pattern of government outlays has in large measure already taken place. During the past year, developments in private spending have dominated the economic situation to an increasing extent while the share of the national output going to Federal, State, and local governments has remained practically unchanged at about 22 percent.

A stimulus to private consumption and investment in the latter part of this fiscal year will be provided by changes in

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the Federal tax structure. Scheduled tax rate reductions imply a decline from the current rate of Federal tax liabilities of both business and individuals.

#### Federal cash income and outgo

Federal cash payments to the public for goods and services and for other purposes in fiscal 1954 are now estimated at \$75.5 billion, about \$1 billion less than the outgo during the year just ended. In terms of the administrative budget statement, which includes intragovernmental transactions but excludes the trust fund expenditures, the difference is somewhat larger: fiscal year 1954 budget expenditures are estimated at \$72.1 billion as compared with \$74.6 billion last year.

Table	6.—Cash	Income	and	Outgo	of	the	Federal	Government
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[Billions of dollars]

		Fiso	al years	
	1951	1952	1953	1954 (estimated)
Cash income. Cash outgo. Cash deficit (–) or surplus	53. 4 45. 8 7. 6	68.1 68.0 .1	71. 3 76. 6 —5. 3	75. 1 75. 5 5

Source: Review of the 1954 Budget, Bureau of the Budget: Treasury Bulletin, U. S. Department of the Treasury.

Although Federal cash expenditures are expected to be maintained at close to the fiscal year 1953 rate, an improvement in the deficit-surplus position is forecast for the present fiscal year (see table 6). The higher levels of national income and product—assuming present tax laws which provide for

downward revisions in tax rates estimated to reduce revenues this fiscal year by roughly \$2 billion-are expected to yield almost \$4 billion in additional cash receipts over the \$71.3 billion total for fiscal year 1953. Individual income tax receipts, despite the reduction in rates scheduled for next January, are estimated to increase by \$1.5 billion. Higher corporate profits tax collections account for an additional \$1 billion of the estimated rise in cash income.

The economic impact of Federal operations during the next year must include consideration of the likely changes in the rate of spending, the tax prospect, and the resultant change in the deficit or surplus. During the first two years of the defense buildup, the economic effects of the large increases in expenditures were partially offset by the net withdrawals from spending streams resulting from the excess of Federal cash receipts. In fiscal 1953, expenditures leveled off but a cash deficit of \$5.3 billion was incurred. On the basis of the Budget Review, the cash deficit for this fiscal year as a whole is expected to be almost \$5 billion below that for the last fiscal year.

In evaluating the economic impact of Federal programs, it is instructive to consider also the surplus or deficit on income and product account as it is measured in national income accounting. In this framework, taxes are treated on an accrual basis so that corporation income taxes are dated at the time the income is earned. Here, two points are noteworthy, again allowing for the expiration dates of existing taxes and taking no account of possible future legislation. First, the deficit on income and product account would be about the same in fiscal 1954 as in 1953. Second, on the basis of scheduled tax rate reductions, this deficit would be larger in the second half of the fiscal year than in the first, on a seasonally adjusted basis.

Table 7.—Selected National Security Programs Amounts Available for Expenditure and Expenditures<sup>1</sup>

[Billions of dollars]

		Department m t and foreign m	
	Total	Major pro- curement and production	Foreign military aid
Unexpended balances, July 1, 1950	7.3	6.1	1.2
New obligational authority enacted for fiscal years: 1951. 1952. 1953. 1954.	27. 8 34. 4 24. 0 2 14. 0	22. 8 29. 2 19. 8 10. 1	5.0 5.2 4.2 2 4.0
Total amount available for expenditure	107.5	88.0	19.5
Expenditures in fiscal years: 1951	5. 1 13. 2 21. 1	4.2 11.0 17.3	.9 2.2 3.8
Total expenditures July 1, 1950-June 30, 1953	39.4	32. 5	6.9
Unexpended balance July 1, 1953	68.0	55. 5	12.5

Based on Defense Department estimates, Review of the 1954 Budget, and data from the Daily Treasury Statement.
 Breakdown of new obligational authority made available for the Mutual Security Program in fiscal year 1954 as between military and economic aid not available. However, it appears that appropriations for foreign military aid this fiscal year will be \$3.5-4.5 billion.

Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Thus, the full impact of the reductions provided by existing legislation, amounting to \$8 billion on an annual basis, would not be felt until the end of the fiscal year. Corporate profits tax accruals will be reduced beginning in January 1954, when the excess profits tax expires, and again on April 1, 1954, if the normal corporation rate is then reduced by 5 percentage points as existing legislation now provides. Individual income tax rates are to be reduced by an average 10-11 percent next January, and the terminal date of the last increase in excise taxes is April 1. Some offset to the reduction in personal taxes is provided by the increase in payroll taxes under the social security program on January 1. A general review of the tax structure is under way so that it is not possible at this time to know the taxes that will actually be levied.

#### Federal purchases to remain large

A preliminary estimate of Federal purchases of goods and services for the period July 1953-June 1954, consistent with the \$72.1 billion estimate of budget expenditures during the year indicates that the Federal Government will provide about the same market for goods and services this fiscal year as was the case during fiscal year 1953.

Loans, subsidies, and certain other nonpurchase items account for a large part of the estimated reduction in total budget expenditures during fiscal year 1954. Loans for housing and community development purposes were substantially reduced while the postal deficit for the present year is now estimated at \$450 million as compared with \$690 million last fiscal year.

Purchases of goods and services for national security purposes are estimated at \$50.5 billion for the year ending next June 30, a total 5-6 percent below the annual rate at the end of fiscal year 1953. Since national security purchases are expected to show a slight decline in the current quarter, this estimate for fiscal 1954 implies that the current rate will be about maintained during the next nine months.

Economies in general government operations and a decline in new construction for civilian purposes are being effectuated. However, uncertainty concerning the magnitude of pur-chases by the Commodity Credit Corporation, in particular makes it difficult to estimate purchases for the non-national security programs as a whole, which amounted to about \$6 billion in fiscal 1953.

#### Defense spending relatively stable

Defense Department spending for military functions will account for roughly three-fifths of total Federal budget expenditures this fiscal year, the same proportion as in fiscal year 1953. Thus, the future course of Federal purchases of goods and services will be largely determined by the various defense programs.

During the past 12-18 months the inventories of spare parts and most other procurement items included under the heading of operating costs attained levels commensurate with needs. At the same time, the size of the armed forces has remained fairly constant. As a result, a reduction in the operating expenditures of the Defense Department has been possible. In fiscal year 1953, expenditures for these purposes are estimated at \$24.3 billion.

Despite certain savings in operating costs resulting from the truce in Korea, as long as the armed forces remain at the present strength, no significant reduction in expenditures for these programs is envisaged.

The probable future course of purchases of major military equipment depends to a large extent upon factors which are difficult to foresee. Even assuming no change in the international situation, significant adjustments to the munitions schedules may result from the studies of national security needs undertaken by the Joint Chiefs of Staff. Furthermore, total expenditures for the munitions items is a composite of the various hard goods programs, some of which have stabilized, or are declining, while others continue to expand.

Table 7 shows the amounts made available by Congress and the expenditures for major procurement and production by the Defense Department and for foreign military aid during the past 38 months. The foreign military aid program has been included in this table since most of the exAs a result of increased expenditures and reduced appropriations, the availability of funds for major procurement and production by the Defense Department and for foreign military aid in fiscal year 1954 is about \$7 billion less than the total for the previous year. Nevertheless, \$68.7 billion was available at the beginning of this year.

#### State and local purchases up

State and local purchases of goods and services, which have been increasing at an average annual rate of more than \$1.5 billion for the past several years, are expected to show a further rise during the next twelve months. Since purchases by these governments are associated with the continuing needs of an expanding population, they are not subject to the wide fluctuations introduced into the Federal budget by defense requirements.

Although there is no summary budget information available indicating the planned expenditures of State and local governments during the coming year, the outlook for purchases of goods and services by these governments may be appraised in terms of the demand for services rendered by them as well as their present fiscal and debt situation.

The overall fiscal situation of State and local governments has improved somewhat despite the increasing outlays for goods and services. Whereas purchases by these governments increased from \$20.6 billion to \$24.0 billion at annual rates from the fourth quarter 1950 to the fourth quarter 1952, the State and local deficit on the income and product account was reduced from \$1.3 billion in calendar year 1950 to less than \$100 million in calendar year 1952. With the current rate of such purchases now close to \$25 billion, preliminary estimates indicate that State and local receipts and expenditures on the income and product account will be roughly in balance again this year.

In recent years, the net debt of State and local governments (excluding the duplicating debt) has increased steadily at about \$2.5 billion a year. At the same time, those State and local units with a more favorable financial position have increased their holdings of demand and time deposits, Federal securities, and other assets at about a similar rate. However, purchases of these assets are not included with expenditures on the income and product account and hence are not reflected in the deficit or surplus position on this basis.

Although State and local units generally have had a less favorable market for their obligations during the past year or so, the more attractive yields being offered investors is expected to provide funds for capital outlays to about the same extent as in recent years. Moreover, the aggregate net interest paid by State and local governments has not changed appreciably.

Against the background of growing needs and the deficiencies in the present State and local plant as described in *Markets after the Defense Expansion*, the revenue increases consistent with continuing high levels of national income and product, and the feasibility of further debt formation, though at increasing costs, provide the basis for a continuation of the uptrend in State and local government purchases of goods and services.

# Balance of Payment Trends During the Second Quarter

**O**UR international transactions during the second quarter reflect the continued high volume of business in the United States, and a resumption of the upward trend of production in some of the major foreign industrial countries.<sup>1</sup> Foreign purchases of merchandise—particularly of durable manufactured goods—increased more than United States imports, while at the same time foreign countries continued to raise their gold and dollar assets. The rise by about \$450 million would have been even higher if some of the foreign dollar receipts had not been used to speed up the repayment of both long- and short-term debts to the United States. Such repayments are reflected in the movements of "other" long-

term and short-term private capital to the United States amounting to nearly \$300 million.

Omitting temporary dollar accumulations and the repayment of short-term debts by Brazil by drawing \$120 million on an Export-Import bank credit specifically provided for the consolidation of such debts, net foreign assets increased during the second quarter by \$630 million as compared with about \$800 million during the preceding quarter.

Except for goods and services supplied under military aid programs, the \$630 million rise in foreign assets during the quarter exceeded net United States Government foreign aid (both grants and loans but excluding the special credits to Brazil) by over \$200 million.

The fact that many foreign countries preferred not to spend all dollar receipts on goods and services indicates a

<sup>1.</sup> The area breakdown of the balance of payments will be published in the October issue of the SURVEY, since area data for several major accounts were not available in time for this issue.

desire to strengthen their apparently still inadequate reserve position. This rise in foreign gold and dollar assets has continued without interruption since March 1952 and has

## Table 8.—Balance of Payments of the United States, First and Second Quarter 1952 and 1953

[Millions of dollars]

		All A	reas	
Item	198	52	195	3
	I	п	Ir	II <i>»</i>
Exports of goods and services:				
Merchandise, adjusted	4,201	4,093	4, 256 317	4, 489 327
Transportation Travel	102	148	112	527 157
Miscellaneous services:	102	110		101
Private.	165	164	173	176
Government Income on investments:	96	112	127	130
Private	388	420	409	435
Government	30	17	31	28
Total	5, 422	5, 359	5, 425	5, 742
mports of goods and services:				
Merchandise, adjusted	2,960	2,845	2, 984	3, 123
Transportation	+ 251	r 288	264	294
Travel	135	203	143	232
Miscellaneous services: Private	66	70	71	70
Government	365	375	464	479
Income on investments:	000	010		
Private	80	100	91	87
Government	12	12	20	20
Total	3, 869	3, 893	4, 037	4, 305
Balance on goods and services	1, 553	1, 466	1, 388	1, 437
Unilateral transfers [net to foreign countries ()]:	ĺ			
Private	-102	98	-120	-122
Government: Military supplies and services 1	-441	587	-1,282	-1.387
Other foreign aid	-408	-623	-471	-478
Other transfers	-28	-37	-35	-33
Total	-979	-1,345	-1.908	-2,020
Balance on goods and services and unilateral	-5/5	-1, 345	_1, 508	-2,020
transfers (net foreign investment)	574	121	-520	-583
United States capital [net outflow (-)]:				
Private: Direct investments	-166	-362	-194	-199
Other long-term	61	-117	-35	172
Short-term	3	-56	10	113
Government:				
Long-term Short-term	-142		30	-58
Short-term	1	-23	-20	n, a.
Total	-365	744	-209	28
Foreign capital [net outflow (-)]:				
Long-term: Transactions in United States Govern-		1	1	
ment securities	8	14	26	17
Other investments	15	$-15^{14}$	63	23
Short-term:				
Official and banking	109	435	26	323
Other Gold sales, [purchases (-)]	50 	$-104^{55}$	40 603	-37 128
				-
Balance on foreign capital and gold	-404	385	758	454
	1		1	

Revised. *p* Preliminary. n. a. Not available.
1. Includes loans or returns of military equipment.

Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

amounted to \$2.8 billion. Of this amount \$2.6 billion represent gold, short term or other liquid dollar assets.

#### Foreign countries' position improved

Sufficient reserves to meet the normal fluctuations in international transactions are, of course, one of the prerequisites for any relaxation of exchange restrictions. Total foreign gold and liquid dollar assets at the end of June may be estimated at about \$21.6 billion or about \$1 billion more than at the end of 1945 and nearly as high as the monetary gold stock of the United States, valued at \$22.5 billion. However, over \$4 billion of the foreign gold and dollar assets' belong to Canada and Switzerland. The remaining gold and dollar assets are held by countries with total imports of about \$47 billion in 1952 (omitting trade between sterling area countries) as against total imports of \$15 billion by the United States, Canada, and Switzerland. Although the size of imports is only one of several factors determining the need for gold and dollar reserves, the relatively low ratio for many countries explains the desire for continued accumulations.

The rise in foreign reserves by an amount even greater than United States Government aid (excluding aid in the form of military supplies and services) does not imply, however, that the foreign demand for, and supply of dollars could be balanced through commercial transactions. First, there are still restrictions on foreign dollar demand, the effect of which can hardly be measured—although the rise in free exchange rate between foreign currencies and the dollar during recent months indicated that the suppressed dollar demand is declining. Second, more than \$600 million of foreign dollar receipts represent foreign expenditures by the Armed Forces, including purchases for retransfer under military aid programs. The rise in foreign dollar receipts from such expenditures since the invasion of South Korea nearly offset the decline in nonmilitary aid received by them. However, dollars received by foreign countries from this source, unlike aid, require the use of their resources, which, in principle at least, would be available for the production of export goods and services when the military demand declines.

Other service transactions also contributed to the improvements in the foreign dollar position. The decline in the net credit balance on transportation from \$53 million in the first quarter to \$33 million reflects partly a seasonal rise in tourist traffic. More significant, however, was the drop from the second quarter of 1953, amounting to \$84 million, the reasons for which are explained in a special article in this issue of the SURVEY. Tourist expenditures rose more than seasonally but a part of the rise may be attributed to an advance in travel to view the Coronation festivities in the United Kingdom.

Aid in the form of military supplies and services continued to rise. Reaching an annual rate of about \$5.5 billion, it constituted about 75 percent of total grant aid to foreign countries. Other aid had not changed from the preceding quarter, and in fact, was not much lower than the average quarterly rate during the first half of 1952.

#### Capital flows both ways

The outflow of private capital for direct investments was well maintained, but this was offset to a large extent by an inflow of portfolio capital. The latter included the repurchase by the Canadian Government of \$75 million of its own bonds at prices which were below par as a result of the rise in interest rates in the United States. Some large bank loans were also repaid, possibly induced by the relative scarcity of loan funds in the United States as compared with certain European centers.

In the main, the inflow of short-term capital as well as the repayments of long-term loans indicate larger supplies of dollar resources abroad and a rising ability of foreign countries to use current dollar receipts for the reduction of their liabilities.

# **Changes in Public and Private Debt**

NET public and private debt totaled \$553 billion at the close of 1952—\$31½ billion above that outstanding at the end of 1951. This advance was of about the same magnitude as the increase which occurred in 1951. Partial data available indicate that total debt has continued to expand during 1953 at a rate which may equal or surpass that in 1952.

Gross debt, before consolidation of borrowers' accounts as explained in the technical note to this report, reached a total of \$643 billion at the end of last year. Gross public debt moved up 4 percent and gross private debt 8 percent during 1952.

The rise in net debt last year, as in other postwar years, was likewise dominated by the change in private obligations (see chart). Three-quarters of the year's advance—\$23.5 billion—was centered in net private indebtedness, which amounted to \$303 billion on December 31, 1952—8 percent above the total a year earlier. Additions of \$5½ billion to Federal Government net debt and \$2½ billion to State and local government obligations together represented a public debt increase of about 3 percent.

As a result of the more rapid growth in private borrowings, the proportion of total net debt accounted for by private obligations increased to 55 percent at the end of 1952, in comparison with 53½ percent in 1951 and the wartime low of 34 percent in 1945.

All major debt categories (table 1) expanded in 1952. The \$7½ billion increase in nonfarm mortgages and \$4 billion rise in consumer credit together accounted for roughly half of the total private debt expansion. The consumer credit rise represented a 20 percent advance. A similar advance had occurred in 1950, but the intervening year 1955 had shown only a 3 percent change.

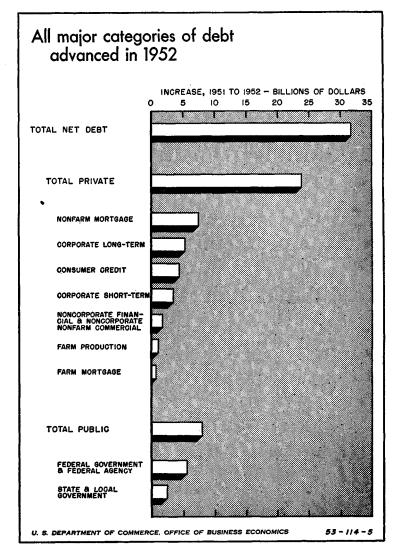
Most of the remaining 1952 increase in the private sector was accounted for by corporate debt, which rose less than in 1950 or in 1951.

Private debt expansion in 1952 was an accompaniment of high production, sales, and investment. While private indebtedness increased \$24 billion, individuals and businesses added \$10½ billion to their holdings of cash, deposits, and U. S. Government securities, and made gross investments of \$52½ billion in new homes, plant, productive equipment, and additional business inventories.

The monetary, credit, price-wage, and material allocation policies in force throughout 1951 had been instrumental in restraining the growth of private debt during that year. In 1952, improved supplies of critical materials, and more gradual expansion of defense outlays, led to relaxation or suspension of selective economic controls.

#### Credit controls in 1952

Control of consumer credit through the Federal Reserve Board's Regulation W, which tended to increase downpayments and shorten maturities, was relaxed in July 1951 and suspended in May 1952. Regulation X and the collateral regulations of the Federal Housing Administration and the Veterans' Administration remained in effect until September 1952. These were designed to increase downpayments and shorten maturities in the field of real estate credit. Regulation X, which had been eased somewhat in September 1951, was liberalized in



June 1952 by decreasing required downpayments. It was suspended in September under the terms of the Defense Production Act amendments of 1952, after the number of residential units started monthly had fallen below 100,000 (seasonally adjusted) in June, July, and August.

The Voluntary Credit Restraints Program, an instrument of selective credit control depending upon cooperative participation by private lending institutions, which provided

NOTE.—MR. BONNELL AND MR. GORMAN ARE MEMBERS OF THE NA-TIONAL INCOME DIVISION, OFFICE OF BUSINESS ECONOMICS.

#### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

#### Table 1.-Net Public and Private Debt, End of Calendar Year, 1916-52 1

[Billions of dollars]

• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			Public		Private									
	Public and					···	Corporate		·	Individ	lual and none	orporate		
End of year	private, total	Total	Federal	State and local	Total		Long term	Short-term	Total	Mor	tgage	Nonmo	ortgage	
		 				Total I	150hg-term	Short-term	10181	Farm	Nonfarm <sup>2</sup>	Farm 3	Nonfarm 4	
1916	82. 1	5.6	1. 2	4.4	76. 5	40. 2	29. 1	$11.\ 1\\14.\ 0\\16.\ 8\\22.\ 3\\25.\ 1$	36. 3	5.8	8.4	2.0	20. 1	
1917	94. 4	12.0	7. 3	4.7	82. 4	43. 7	29. 7		38. 7	6.5	9.3	2.5	20. 4	
1918	117. 4	25.9	20. 9	5.0	91. 5	47. 0	30. 2		44. 5	7.1	9.6	2.7	25. 1	
1919	128. 0	30.8	25. 6	5.2	97. 2	53. 3	31. 0		43. 9	8.4	10.1	3.5	21. 9	
1920	135. 4	29.6	23. 7	5.9	105. 8	57. 7	32. 6		48. 1	10.2	11.7	3.9	22. 3	
1921	135. 8	29. 6	$\begin{array}{c} 23.1\\ 22.8\\ 21.8\\ 21.0\\ 20.3\end{array}$	6.5	106. 2	57. 0	33. 8	23. 2	49. 2	10. 7	12.8	3.3	22. 4	
1922	140. 0	30. 5		7.7	109. 5	58. 6	34. 4	24. 2	50. 9	10. 8	14.1	3.1	22. 9	
1923	146. 3	30. 0		8.2	116. 3	62. 6	36. 2	26. 4	53. 7	10. 7	16.3	3.0	23. 7	
1924	153. 0	30. 0		9.0	123. 0	67. 2	38. 5	28. 7	55. 8	9. 9	18.6	2.7	24. 6	
1925	162. 6	30. 3		10.0	132. 3	72. 7	39. 7	33. 0	59. 6	9. 7	21.3	2.8	25. 8	
1926 1927 1928 1929 1929 1930	168. 8 177. 3 185. 9 190. 9 191. 0	29. 9 29. 7 29. 8 29. 7 30. 6	19. 2 18. 2 17. 5 16. 5 16. 5	10. 7 11. 5 12. 3 13. 2 14. 1	138. 9 147. 6 156. 1 161. 2 160. 4	76. 2 81. 2 86. 1 88. 9 89. 3	41. 7 44. 4 46. 1 47. 3 51. 1	$\begin{array}{c} 34.5\\ 36.8\\ 40.0\\ 41.6\\ 38.2 \end{array}$	62. 7 66. 4 70. 0 72. 3 71. 1	9.7 9.8 9.8 9.6 9.4	24. 0 26. 9 29. 6 31. 2 32. 0	2.6 2.6 2.7 2.6 2.4	26. 4 27. 1 27. 9 28. 9 27. 3	
1931	181. 9	34. 0	18. 5	15.5	147. 9	83. 5	50. 3	33. 2	64. 4	9.1	30. 9	2.0	22. 4	
1932	174. 6	37. 9	21. 3	16.6	136. 7	80. 0	49. 2	30. 8	56. 7	8.5	29. 0	1.6	17. 6	
1933	168. 5	41. 0	24. 3	16.7	127. 5	76. 9	47. 9	29. 1	50. 6	7.7	26. 3	1.4	15. 2	
1934	171. 4	46. 3	30. 4	15.9	125. 1	75. 5	44. 6	30. 9	49. 6	7.6	25. 5	1.3	15. 1	
1935	174. 7	50. 5	34. 4	16.0	124. 2	74. 8	43. 6	31. 2	49. 4	7.4	24. 7	1.5	15. 7	
1936	180. 3	53. 9	37. 7	16. 2	126. 4	76. 1	42. 5	33, 5	50. 3	7.2	24. 4	1.4	17.3	
1937	182. 0	55. 3	39. 2	16. 1	126. 7	75. 8	43. 5	32, 3	50. 9	7.0	24. 3	1.6	18.0	
1938	179. 6	56. 5	40. 5	16. 0	123. 1	73. 3	44. 8	28, 4	49. 8	6.8	24. 5	2.2	16.4	
1939	183. 2	58. 9	42. 6	16. 3	124. 3	73. 5	44. 4	29, 2	50. 8	6.6	25. 0	2.2	17.0	
1940	189. 9	61. 3	44. 8	16. 5	128. 6	75. 6	43. 7	31, 9	53. 0	6.5	26. 0	2.6	17.9	
1941 1942 1943 1944 1944 1945	211. 6 259. 0 313. 6 370. 8 406. 4	72. 6 117. 5 169. 3 226. 0 266. 4	56. 3 101. 7 154. 4 211. 9 252. 7	16. 3 15. 8 14. 9 14. 1 13. 7	139. 0 141. 5 144. 3 144. 8 140. 0	83. 4 91. 6 95. 5 94. 1 85. 3	43. 6 42. 7 41. 0 39. 8 38. 3	39.8 49.0 54.5 54.3 47.0	55. 6 49. 9 48. 8 50. 7 54. 7	6. 4 6. 0 5. 4 4. 9 4. 8	27. 2 26. 8 26. 2 26. 1 27. 0	2.9 3.0 2.8 2.8 2.5	19. 2 14. 1 14. 4 16. 9 20. 5	
1946	397. 5	243. 3	229. 7	13. 6	154. 2	93. 5	41. 3	52. 2	60. 7	4.9	32. 5	2.8	20. 6	
1947	418. 0	237. 7	223. 3	14. 4	180. 3	108. 9	46. 1	62. 8	71. 4	5.1	38. 7	3.5	24. 1	
1948	434. 3	232. 7	216. 5	16. 2	201. 6	118. 0	52. 5	65. 5	83. 6	5.3	45. 1	5.5	27. 7	
1949	447. 9	236. 7	218. 6	18. 1	211. 2	117. 8	56. 5	61. 3	93. 4	5.6	50. 6	6.4	30. 8	
1950	488. 2	239. 4	218. 7	20. 7	248. 8	139. 6	60. 1	79. 5	109. 2	6.1	59. 4	6.1	37. 6	
1951	521. 2	242. 0	218. 7	23. 3	279. 2	158.8	64. 6	94. 2	120. 4	6.6	67.4	7.0	39. á	
1952	552. 7	250. 0	224. 2	25. 8	302. 7	167.4	69. 9	97. 6	135. 3	7.1	74.8	8.0	45. á	

4. Comprises debt incurred for commercial (nonfarm), financial and consumer purposes, including debt owed by farmers for financial and consumer purposes.

Data for State and local governments are for June 30 of each year. Components will not necessarily add to totals because of rounding.
 Data are for noncorporate borrowers only. (See table 6.)
 Comprises non-real-estate farm debt contracted for productive purposes and owed to institutional lenders (includes C. C. C. loans).

Sources: U. S. Department of Agriculture, Bureau of Agricultural Economics; U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census and Office of Business Economics.

Table 2.—Gross Public and Private Debt, End of Calendar Yea	ar, 1929–52 <sup>1</sup>
[Billions of dollars]	

	·													
-			Public		Private									
	Public and						Corporate			Individ	lual and non	corporate		
End of year	private, total	Total	Federal*	State and local	Total		-			Mor	tgage	Nonme	ortgage	
			_			Total	Long-term	Short-term	Total	Farm	Nonfarm <sup>2</sup>	Farm <sup>2</sup>	Nonfarm 4	
1929 1930 1931 1932 1933	214. 0 214. 3 203. 3 195. 2 190. 5	34. 7 35. 8 38. 6 42. 4 47. 5	17. 5 17. 3 19. 1 22. 8 27. 7	17. 2 18. 5 19. 5 . 19. 6 19. 8	179. 3 178. 5 164. 7 152. 8 143. 0	107. 0 107. 4 100. 3 96. 1 92. 4	56. 6 61. 1 60. 1 58. 8 57. 2	50. 4 46. 3 40. 3 37. 3 35. 2	72. 3 71. 1 64. 4 56. 7 50. 6	9.6 9.4 9.1 8.5 7.7	31. 2 32. 0 30. 9 29. 0 26. 3	2.6 2.4 2.0 1.6 1.4	28. 9 27. 3 22. 4 17. 6 15. 2	
1934 1935 1936 1937 1938	197. 3 200. 2 205. 9 208. 5 203. 6	57. 1 61. 0 64. 7 67. 4 67. 0	37. 9 41. 7 45. 1 47. 8 47. 4	19. 2 19. 3 19. 6 19. 6 19. 6 19. 6	140. 2 139. 2 141. 2 141. 1 136. 6	90. 6 89. 8 90. 9 90. 2 86. 8	53. 2 52. 0 50. 5 51. 5 52. 8	37. 4 37. 8 40. 4 38. 7 33. 9	49, 6 49, 4 50, 3 50, 9 49, 8	7.6 7.4 7.2 7.0 6.8	25. 5 24. 7 24. 4 24. 3 24. 5	1, 3 1, 5 1, 4 1, 6 2, 2	15.1 15. 17. 18. 16.	
1939 1940 1941 1942 1942	207. 7 215. 8 242. 3 299. 1 364. 5	70. 1 73. 8 89. 2 142. 9 205. 4	50. 1 53. 6 69. 0 123. 2 186. 7	20. 0 20. 2 20. 2 19. 7 18. 7	137. 6 142. 0 153. 1 156. 2 159. 1	86. 8 89. 0 97. 5 106. 3 110. 3	52. 1 51. 2 51. 2 50. 2 48. 4	34. 7 37. 7 46. 3 56. 2 62. 0	50, 8 53, 0 55, 6 49, 9 48, 8	6.6 6.5 6.4 6.0 5.4	25. 0 26. 0 27. 2 26. 8 26. 2	2.2 2.6 2.9 3.0 2.8	17. 17. 19. 14. 14.	
1944 1945 1946 1947 1948	430. 9 463. 4 458. 0 486. 2 499. 3	271. 2 309. 2 288. 0 286. 6 276. 7	253. 7 292. 6 272. 1 269. 8 258. 0	17.5 16.6 15.9 16.8 18.7	159.7 154.2 170.0 199.6 222.6	109. 0 99. 5 109. 3 128. 2 139. 0	47. 0 45. 3 48. 4 55. 0 62. 8	62. 0 54. 2 60. 9 73. 2 76. 2	50. 7 54. 7 60. 7 71. 4 83. 6	4.9 4.8 4.9 5.1 5.3	26. 1 27. 0 32. 5 38. 7 45. 1	2.8 2.5 2.8 3.5 5.5	16. 20. 20. 24. 27.	
1949 1950 1951 1952	519. 7 564. 3 604. 3 643. 2	287. 0 290. 6 297. 3 310. 3	266. 1 266. 4 270. 3 280. 7	20. 9 24. 2 27. 0 29. 6	232. 7 273. 7 307. 0 332. 9	139. 3 164. 5 186. 6 197. 6	67. 7 72. 2 77. 5 83. 9	71. 6 92. 3 109. 0 113. 7	93, 4 109, 2 120, 4 135, 3	5.6 6.1 6.6 7.1	50. 6 59. 4 67. 4 74. 8	6.4 6.2 7.0 8.0	30. 37. 39. 45.	

\*Includes categories of debt not subject to the statutory debt limit. 1. Data for State and local governments are for June 30 of each year. Components will not necessarily add to total because of rounding. 2. Data are for noncorporate borrowers only. (See table 6.) 3. Comprises non real-estate farm debt contracted for productive purposes and owed to institutional lenders (includes C. C. C. loans.)

4. Comprises debt incurred for commercial (nonfarm), financial and consumer purposes, including debt owed by farmers for financial and consumer purposes.

Sources: U. S. Department of Agriculture, Bureau of Agricultural Economics; U. S. Depart-ment of Commerce, Bureau of the Census and Office of Business Economics.

defense-related criteria in screening proposed loans, was discontinued in May 1952.

Only the Federal Reserve Regulations T and U, which control margin requirements on loans to purchase or carry securities, were in force throughout the year. Margin requirements were held at 75 percent during 1952, but dropped to 50 percent in February of this year.

Although selective credit restraints were softened in application or discontinued, there remained the Federal Reserve System's instruments of general credit policy. Following the accord reached with the Treasury Department in March 1951, the System was in a better position to employ its traditional devices of open-market buying and selling of securities, regulation of member bank reserve requirements, and variation in rediscount rates, in order to influence the availability of bank reserves and the consequent supply of credit and money. The Federal Reserve System used its powers throughout 1952 to exert a continuing moderate dampening pressure on extensions of bank credit.

Interest rates rose in 1952. The effect of the higher interest rate on new loans did not raise the average on the aggregate debt outstanding by much. This was largely because of the preponderant weight in total debt of obligations carried over from prior years. The computed average interest rate is currently about half of that effective in 1929—an aggregate debt 3 times that in 1929 is thus carried by interest charges only one-half larger.

#### Federal Government debt expands

The \$10½ billion increase in gross Federal debt includes additions to holdings of Federal securities within the Government (mainly special issues held by Federal agencies and in trust funds for the account of individuals) as well as net new borrowings of \$5½ billion from the public. In addition to financing the budget deficit, the rise in debt during 1952 permitted a net increase of almost \$2 billion in the Treasury general fund balance. Federal Government net debt totaled \$224 billion at the close of 1952 and gross debt—including agency obligations not subject to the statutory debt limit over \$280 billion.

By the end of August 1953, Federal Government net debt was approximately \$4 billion higher than on December 31, 1952, while gross Federal debt rose \$6 billion during the same period. Nearly all of this rise stemmed from heavy Treasury borrowing operations in July to cover the anticipated third quarter Budget deficit. With the seasonal concentration of receipts in the first half of 1953, Federal net and gross debt had declined during the first six months.

Since most of the Treasury's new borrowing during 1952 was concentrated in the second half of the year and in lowinterest-bearing short-term securities, particularly taxanticipation bills, Federal Government net interest payments were very little higher in 1952 than in 1951. The computed average interest rate on publicly held securities was not altered appreciably between 1951 and 1952.

#### State and local rise continues

State and local government net debt amounted to \$25.8 billion at the end of June 1952, a  $2\frac{1}{2}$  billion increase during the fiscal year. State governments added one-seventh to outstanding obligations and local governments added one-tenth. The combined advance was slightly smaller than in 1950 or 1951.

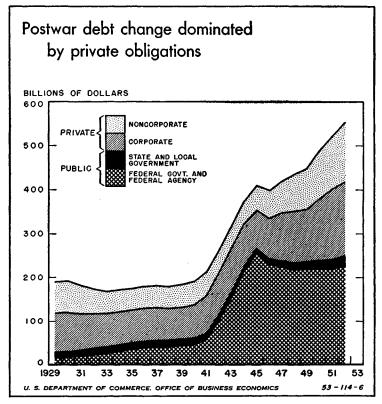
The bulk of receipts from such borrowing was used to finance the construction of school and other community facilities, roads and bridges. The need for the improvement and expansion of such facilities has led to sizable debt additions throughout the postwar years. It should be noted in this connection that State and local governments as a group have also added substantially to their holdings of cash and securities in recent years.

The volume of new offerings so far in 1953 indicates that the rise has continued, although State and local governments experienced some difficulty in marketing some issues during 1952 and 1953. The large supply of these securities necessitated some price concessions in order to broaden their market by attracting investors with less to gain from the tax-exemption features.

Other factors limiting the rate of debt formation by State and local governments during fiscal year 1952 included the end of borrowing to pay veterans' bonuses, the accomplishment of minimum construction objectives by some units, voters' resistance to proposed capital outlays, review of proposals by Voluntary Credit Restraint Committees, and restricted supplies of critical materials.

Despite these conditions, the expansion of local debt in 1952 was about the same as in 1950–51. Borrowing by States, however, was significantly less than in either of the two preceding years.

Approximately two-thirds of the 1952 increase in State debt was incurred to finance highway construction, particularly toll roads. Most of the remaining additional debt arose from loans to assist education.



All categories of local government participated in the \$1<sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> billion rise in local government net debt during fiscal year 1952. For the sixth successive year, school districts led in the rate of increase—adding 17 percent. A sizable proportion of the new debt of counties, cities, and townships was also incurred for school purposes. (About one-fourth of public school attendance is within the scope of governmental units other than separate school districts.)

County debt rose 10 percent in fiscal year 1952, city and township indebtedness advanced 6 percent, and special district debt was up 13 percent.

The rate of increase in total net corporate debt dropped to 5 percent in 1952, as compared with 14 percent in 1951 and 18 percent in 1950. This retardation occurred in the short-

term components of corporate debt. Net long-term obligations increased at a rate exceeding expansions in 1950 and 1951, accompanying record corporate investment in new plant and equipment.

Corporate outlays for new plant and equipment reached

\$22½ billion in 1952 and are scheduled to increase moderately during 1953 as a whole. The book value of corporate inventories, on the other hand, rose less than \$2 billion in 1952 in contrast to an advance of \$10 billion in each of the two previous years. Reduction of Federal income tax liabilities in 1952 because of reduced corporate earnings was an

Table 3.—Gross and Net Federa	al Government Debt,	End of Calendar	Years, 1929-52
	[Millions of dollars]		

Gross debt Duplicating debt Net debt Federal Government Federal Federal agency securities 3 Govern ment securi-Federal Govern-Federal Govern-Federal Govern End of year Interest bearing ment ment ment Federal ties held by Federal Federal Held by Federal and Federal agency, total Held in Federal trust funds Held by other Federal and Federal agency, total Govern ment and Federal agency, total\* Nonagency agency U. S. Treasinterest Total Total Public Special Total agencies nrv agencies issues issues funds 16, 30116, 02617, 82620, 80515, 40114, 993 17, 135 20, 097 628 781 393 17,52717,30319,073 $111 \\ 110 \\ 106$  $104 \\ 104 \\ 105$ 16, 488 16, 489 18, 464 21, 305 1, 115 1, 167 1, 141 1, 111 1929.... 16,029 1.039  $272 \\ 252$  $1.226 \\ 1.277$ 928 . . . . . .  $\frac{7}{6}$ 15.373 1930 15,77417,52820,448704 503 611 953 15,32217,323298 357 365 1,2771,2472,0283,9011931\_\_\_\_\_ 22, 833 27, 716 20,09723,079351 371 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 810 2,350  $\frac{105}{105}$  $\frac{2}{57}$ 20, 194 23.81523, 450 2,512 1933\_\_\_\_\_ 24, 251 22,862 1,389 27, 386 28, 868 33, 067  $106 \\ 106 \\ 55 \\ 46 \\ 44$ 28, 480 30, 557 34, 406 37, 286 27,94429,59633,6999,37911,097 10,684 10,558 7, 470 7, 246 7, 396 8, 608 2,8401.7312,5284, 630 5, 515 4, 868 4, 808 3, 585 4, 095 3, 685 3, 610 939 1, 314 1, 128 1934\_\_\_\_\_ 37, 859 558  $\frac{536}{961}$ 30, 389 25,640 4,749 37, 859 41, 654 45, 090 47, 844 47, 437 728 632 28,826 31,878 33,486 5, 582 5, 816 5, 750 6, 084 1935..... 34, 408 37, 694 1936\_\_\_\_\_ 1937\_\_\_\_\_ 707 36.715 34, 488 2,2273,156571 3.8001 152 39, 236 40, 533 1938 6,904 1,08239, 439 38, 911 35, 755 528 7,998 4,990 1,914 788 34, 449 37, 23439, 10250, 55198, 276151, 8054, 231 5, 370 6, 982 9, 032 12, 703 496 568 487 862 1, 370 7,4818,756 12,706 21,516 32,229 6, 1667, 346 9, 249 11, 928 16, 503 1,3151,4103,4579,58815,72641, 961 45, 040 50,11353,569 $\begin{array}{r}
 8,152 \\
 8,529
 \end{array}$ 6, 837 7, 119 7, 513 5, 454 5, 062 1939\_\_\_\_\_ 41,465 1.170 42,632 101 44 43 43 43 35, 795 44, 472 57, 533 107, 308 164, 508 1, 276 2, 136 4, 352 7, 835 44, 813 56, 284 101, 696 37, 694 48, 771 96, 242 149, 375 1940..... 90 68, 990 123, 212 186, 666 43, 040 58, 020 108, 170 165, 878 10, 970 15, 042 20, 788 1, 278 5, 193 7, 848 1942..... 1943 154, 437 1, 739 2, 421 1, 500 2, 695 253, 694 230, 630 278, 114 259, 149 228,891275,693257,64941, 805 39, 857 42, 398 46, 435 11, 494 11, 775 10, 693 8, 639 1, 041 211, 889 252, 742 229, 749 208,958251,073\_\_\_\_ 212, 565 16 326 23 064 21.67220.1332, 931 1944 253, 694 292, 599 272, 147 269, 753 14,48512,99812,85320, 133 12, 816 11, 485 12, 083 255, 693 233, 064 20,000 24,585 27,07227,04130,9131945..... (4) (4) (4) (4) 1, 669 1, 513 770 792 243 228, 236 1947..... 256, 900 254.205225 250 28, 955 34, 352 11.840 223, 318 222.548 257,994 252, 800 250, 580 218,866 31, 714 2,220 5, 194 41, 510 37, 317 4, 193 3, 953 240 216, 484 215, 483 1,001 33, 896 33, 707 35, 902 39, 150 40, 988 266, 067 266, 415 270, 341 280, 715 (<sup>5</sup>) 255, 019 254, 283 257, 070 265, 293 271, 145 218, 584 218, 702 218, 663 224, 169 (<sup>3</sup>)  $\begin{array}{c} 217,\,784\\ 217,\,511\\ 217,\,138\\ 221,\,498\\ 225,\,190 \end{array}$  $\begin{array}{c} 47,\,483\ 47,\,713\ 51,\,678 \end{array}$ 8, 137 8, 516 9, 397 7, 304 8, 470 9, 331 8, 937 9, 707 257, 130 221, 123 2, 111 39, 346 (1)(1)(1)(1)(2)(3)833 1949 800  $\begin{array}{c} 220,\,576\\ 221,\,168\\ 226,\,143\\ 230,\,157\end{array}$ 256,708259,419267,391273,2061, 191 1, 525 2, 671 (<sup>5</sup>) 1950\_\_\_\_\_ 1951\_\_\_\_\_ 2,425 2,349 39.197 $\frac{46}{66}$ 10,922 42,28145,8932,043 2,098 2,061 13, 324 (<sup>5</sup>) 56, 546 (<sup>5</sup>) 10,653 (<sup>5</sup>) 10, 606 (<sup>3</sup>) 47 1953 (Aug. 31) (5) 48,016

\*Includes categories of debt not subject to the statutory debt limit.
1. Includes matured debt on which interest has ceased.
2. Bonds, debentures, and notes payable, including securities held by U. S. Treasury.
3. Bonds, debentures, and notes payable.

Less than \$500,000.
 Not available.

Source: U. S. Treasury Department.

#### Table 4,—Gross and Net State and Local Government Debt, June 30, 1929-52

[Millions of dollars]

	Gross debt							Duplicating debt <sup>2</sup>								Net debt			
End of fiscal year	State				Local			State		State			Local		State				
	and local, total <sup>1</sup>	State	Total	County	City and town- ship	School district	Special district	and local, total	Total	Sinking funds	Trust, etc., funds	Total	Sinking funds	Trust, etc., funds	and local, total	State	Local		
1929 1930 1931 1931 1032 1933	$17, 234 \\18, 459 \\19, 534 \\19, 576 \\19, 802$	2, 300 2, 444 2, 666 2, 896 3, 018	$14, 934 \\16, 015 \\16, 868 \\16, 680 \\16, 784$	2,270  2,434  2,564  2,531  2,494	9, 259 9, 929 10, 458 10, 342 10, 463	1, 956 2, 098 2, 210 2, 176 2, 117	$1, 449 \\1, 554 \\1, 636 \\1, 631 \\1, 710$	4, 064 4, 340 4, 008 2, 961 3, 078	714 752 806 876 952	258 265 287 303 319	456 487 519 573 633	3,350 3,588 3,202 2,085 2,126	2,8563,0492,5761,4111,400	494 539 626 674 726	$\begin{array}{c} 13,170\\ 14,119\\ 15,526\\ 16,615\\ 16,724 \end{array}$	1, 586 1, 692 1, 860 2, 020 2, 066	11,58412,42713,66614,59514,658		
1934	$19, 156 \\ 19, 342 \\ 19, 617 \\ 19, 594 \\ 19, 576$	$\begin{array}{c} 3,201\\ 3,331\\ 3,318\\ 3,276\\ 3,309 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 15,955\\ 16,011\\ 16,299\\ 16,318\\ 16,267\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 2,457\\ 2,420\\ 2,382\\ 2,345\\ 2,282\end{array}$	9, 651 9, 725 10, 031 10, 067 9, 923	2, 059 2, 000 1, 942 1, 884 1, 860	$\begin{array}{c} 1.788 \\ 1,866 \\ 1.944 \\ 2,022 \\ 2,202 \end{array}$	3, 215 3, 297 3, 388 3, 483 3, 601	$\begin{array}{c} 1.\ 037\\ 1,\ 099\\ 1,\ 165\\ 1,\ 234\\ 1,\ 313 \end{array}$	$335 \\ 351 \\ 367 \\ 383 \\ 412$	702 748 798 851 901	2, 178 2, 198 2, 223 2, 249 2, 288	$\begin{array}{c} 1, 391 \\ 1, 380 \\ 1, 371 \\ 1, 360 \\ 1, 365 \end{array}$	787 818 852 889 923	$\begin{array}{c} 15,941\\ 16,045\\ 16,229\\ 16,111\\ 15,975 \end{array}$	2, 164 2, 232 2, 153 2, 042 1, 996	13, 777 13, 813 14, 076 14, 069 13, 979		
1939 1940 1941 1942 1943	$\begin{array}{c} 19,996\\ 20,246\\ 20,226\\ 19,690\\ 18,692 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3, 343 \\ 3, 526 \\ 3, 413 \\ 3, 211 \\ 2, 909 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 16,653\\ 16,720\\ 16,813\\ 16,479\\ 15,783\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 2,219\\ 2,156\\ 2,046\\ 1,846\\ 1,634\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 10,215\\ 10,189\\ 10,210\\ 10,079\\ 9,784 \end{array}$	1, 837 1, 813 1, 787 1, 701 1, 573	2, 382 2, 562 2, 770 2, 853 2, 792	$\begin{array}{c} 3,682\\ 3,785\\ 3,889\\ 3,847\\ 3,810 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1,369\\ 1,433\\ 1,553\\ 1,541\\ 1,576\end{array}$	396 363 300 276 306	973 1, 070 1, 253 1, 265 1, 270	$\begin{array}{c} 2,313\\ 2,352\\ 2,336\\ 2,306\\ 2,234 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1,372\\ 1,350\\ 1,358\\ 1,344\\ 1,302 \end{array}$	941 1, 002 978 962 932	$\begin{array}{c} 16,314\\ 16,461\\ 16,337\\ 15,843\\ 14,882 \end{array}$	1, 974 2, 093 1, 860 1, 670 1, 333	14, 340 14, 368 14, 477 14, 173 13, 549		
1944 1945 1946 1947 1948	$\begin{array}{c} 17,471\\ 16,589\\ 15,922\\ 16,825\\ 18,702 \end{array}$	2, 768 2, 425 2, 358 2, 978 3, 722	$\begin{array}{c} 14.\ 703\\ 14.\ 164\\ 13,\ 564\\ 13,\ 847\\ 14,\ 980 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1, 694 \\ 1, 545 \\ 1, 417 \\ 1, 481 \\ 1, 408 \end{array}$	8, 826 8, 589 8, 267 8, 275 9, 135	1, 465 1, 363 1, 283 1, 355 1, 560	2, 718 2, 667 2, 597 2, 736 2, 877	3, 397 2, 864 2, 349 2, 428 2, 476	$1,351 \\ 1,046 \\ 754 \\ 804 \\ 851$	$247 \\ 175 \\ 141 \\ 144 \\ 154$	$1,104\\871\\613\\660\\697$	2,046 1,818 1,595 1,624 1,625	$1,142 \\960 \\869 \\860 \\847$	904 858 726 764 778	$\begin{array}{c} 14,074\\ 13,725\\ 13,573\\ 14,397\\ 16,226 \end{array}$	1, 417 1, 379 1, 604 2, 174 2, 871	12, 657 12, 346 11, 969 12, 223 13, 355		
1949 1950 <sup>3</sup> 1951 <sup>3</sup> 1952 <sup>3</sup>	20,875 24,191 27,040 29,623	4, 024 5, 361 6, 373 7, 040	$\begin{array}{c} 16,851\\ 18,830\\ 20,667\\ 22,583 \end{array}$	1, 603 1, 707 1, 875 2, 066	9, 806 11, 247 12, 132 12, 857	2, 147 2, 710 3, 257 3, 801	3, 295 3, 166 3, 403 3, 860	2,726 3,468 3,693 3,852	970 1, 398 1, 482 1, 465	151 (4) (4) (4)	819 (4) (4) (4) (4)	1, 756 2, 070 2, 211 2, 387	868 985 ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	888 1, 085 ( <sup>4</sup> ) ( <sup>4</sup> )	$18, 149 \\ 20, 723 \\ 23, 347 \\ 25, 771$	3, 054 3, 963 4, 891 5, 575	15, 095 16, 760 18, 456 20, 196		

1. Includes State loans to local units.

Comprises State and local government securities held by State and local governments.
 Data for 1950, 1951, and 1952 are not strictly comparable with 1949 and earlier years. (See "Governmental debt in 1951," Bureau of the Census, December 1951.

4. Not available.

Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census and Office of Business Economics.

#### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

#### Table 5.—Gross and Net Corporate Debt, End of Calendar Year, 1929-52

[Millions of dollars]

<u> </u>		Al	l corporatio	ons			of dollars] Raily	vay corport	ations	-		Nonrail	way corpo	orations	
End of year			5	Short-term 1				5	Short-term				{	Short-term	l
,	Total	Long- term <sup>1</sup>	Total	Notesand accounts payable	Other	Total	Long- term <sup>1</sup>	Total	Notes and accounts payable	Other	Total	Long- term <sup>1</sup>	Total	Notes and accounts payable	Other
1000	107, 043	56, 625	50, 418	35, 436	14, 982	16, 077		Corporate		972	90, 966	42, 245	49 791	34, 711	14,010
1929. 1930. 1931. 1932. 1933.	$\begin{array}{c} 107,043\\ 107,425\\ 100,336\\ 96,110\\ 92,373 \end{array}$	56, 625 61, 086 60, 074 58, 762 57, 161	$\begin{array}{r} 30,418\\ 46,339\\ 40,262\\ 37,348\\ 35,212 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 33, 450\\ 32, 279\\ 28, 754\\ 25, 289\\ 23, 827\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 14, 982 \\ 14, 060 \\ 11, 508 \\ 12, 059 \\ 11, 385 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 16,077\\ 16,350\\ 16,358\\ 16,419\\ 16,457\end{array}$	$14, 380 \\ 14, 716 \\ 14, 782 \\ 14, 852 \\ 14, 798 \\ 14, $	$1, 637 \\ 1, 634 \\ 1, 576 \\ 1, 567 \\ 1, 659$	725 655 706 686 690	972 979 870 881 969	90, 900 91, 075 83, 978 79, 691 75, 916	$\begin{array}{r} 42,243\\ 46,370\\ 45,292\\ 43,910\\ 42,363\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 48,721\\ 44,705\\ 38,686\\ 35,781\\ 33,553\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 34,711\\ 31,624\\ 28,048\\ 24,603\\ 23,137\end{array}$	$14,010 \\ 13,081 \\ 10,638 \\ 11,178 \\ 10,416$
1934 1935 1936 1937 1937	90, 613 89, 785 90, 870 90, 216 86, 779	53, 191 51, 954 50, 463 51, 506 52, 846	37,422 37,831 40,407 38,710 33,933	$\begin{array}{c} 25,809\\ 25,952\\ 27,088\\ 25,573\\ 21,627\end{array}$	$11, 613 \\ 11, 879 \\ 13, 319 \\ 13, 137 \\ 12, 306$	$\begin{array}{c} 16,410\\ 16,397\\ 16,666\\ 16,635\\ 16,777\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 14,682\\ 14,540\\ 14,589\\ 14,508\\ 14,495 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1,728\\ 1,857\\ 2,077\\ 2,127\\ 2,282 \end{array}$	$     \begin{array}{r}       685 \\       692 \\       683 \\       632 \\       629     \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} 1,043 \\ 1,165 \\ 1,394 \\ 1,495 \\ 1,653 \end{array}$	$74, 203 \\73, 388 \\74, 204 \\73, 581 \\70, 002$	$38,509 \\ 37,414 \\ 35,874 \\ 36,998 \\ 38,351$	$\begin{array}{c} 35,694\ 35,974\ 38,330\ 36,583\ 31,651 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 25,124\\ 25,260\\ 26,405\\ 24,941\\ 20,998 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 10,570\\ 10,714\\ 11,925\\ 11,642\\ 10,653\end{array}$
1939	$\begin{array}{c} 86,807\\ 88,966\\ 97,543\\ 106,331\\ 110,316\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 52,113\\51,233\\51,245\\50,165\\48,354\end{array}$	$34, 694 \\ 37, 733 \\ 46, 298 \\ 56, 166 \\ 61, 962$	$\begin{array}{c} 22,167\\ 22,717\\ 26,156\\ 26,032\\ 26,318 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 12,527\\ 15,016\\ 20,142\\ 30,134\\ 35,644 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 16,964\\ 17,170\\ 17,308\\ 17,684\\ 18,131 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 14,475\\ 14,544\\ 14,388\\ 13,983\\ 13,391 \end{array}$	2, 489 2, 626 2, 920 3, 701 4, 740	633 500 529 584 868	$\begin{array}{c} 1,856\\ 2,126\\ 2,391\\ 3,117\\ 3,872 \end{array}$	69, 843 71, 796 80, 235 88, 647 92, 185	$\begin{array}{c} 37,638\\ 36,689\\ 36,857\\ 36,182\\ 34,963\end{array}$	32, 205 35, 107 43, 378 52, 465 57, 222	$\begin{array}{c} 21,534\\ 22,217\\ 25,627\\ 25,448\\ 25,450\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 10,671\\ 12,890\\ 17,751\\ 27,017\\ 31,772 \end{array}$
1944 1945 1946 1947 1947 1948	$\begin{array}{c} 108,986\\ 99,523\\ 109,292\\ 128,157\\ 139,002 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 47,018\\ 45,321\\ 48,435\\ 54,988\\ 62,808\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 61,968\\ 54,202\\ 60,857\\ 73,169\\ 76,194 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 26,898\\ 25,718\\ 31,667\\ 37,676\\ 39,451 \end{array}$	35,070 28,484 29,190 35,493 36,743	$\begin{array}{c} 17,221\\ 15,411\\ 13,714\\ 14,173\\ 13,995 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 12,625\\ 11,874\\ 10,877\\ 11,169\\ 11,124 \end{array}$	4, 596 3, 537 2, 837 3, 004 2, 871	839 881 799 904 872	$\begin{array}{c} 3,757\\ 2,656\\ 2,038\\ 2,100\\ 1,999 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 91,765\\ 84,112\\ 95,578\\ 113,984\\ 125,007 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 34,393\\ 33,447\\ 37,558\\ 43,819\\ 51,684\end{array}$	57, 372 50, 665 58, 020 70, 165 73, 323	$\begin{array}{c} 26,059\\ 24,837\\ 30,868\\ 36,772\\ 38,579 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 31,313\\ 25,828\\ 27,152\\ 33,393\\ 34,744 \end{array}$
1949 1950 1951 1952	$139, 324 \\164, 464 \\186, 556 \\197, 558$	67,720 72,153 77,541 83,897	71, 604 92, 311 109, 015 113, 661	$\begin{array}{c} 37,541\\ 47,307\\ 55,316\\ 61,322\end{array}$	34, 063 45, 004 53, 699 52, 339	$\begin{array}{c} 13,710\\ 14,280\\ 14,740\\ 15,011 \end{array}$	11, 244 11, 264 11, 654 11, 935	2, 466 3, 016 3, 086 3, 076	769 915 908 908	$\begin{array}{c} 1, 697 \\ 2, 101 \\ 2, 178 \\ 2, 168 \end{array}$	$125, 614 \\ 159, 184 \\ 171, 816 \\ 182, 547$	56, 476 60, 889 65, 887 71, 962	69, 138 89, 295 105, 929 110, 585	$\begin{array}{c} 36,772\\ 46,392\\ 54,408\\ 60,414\end{array}$	32, 366 42, 903 51, 521 50, 171
1929	18, 142	9, 278	8, 864	6, 275	2, 589	1,072		ing Corpor	ate Debt	96	17,070	8, 403	8, 667	6, 174	2, 493
1929 1930	$     18,142 \\     18,168 \\     16,838 \\     16,095 \\     15,436     $	9, 218 10, 016 9, 771 9, 571 9, 292	8,304 8,152 7,067 6,524 6,144	5, 721 5, 083 4, 449 4, 190	2,589 2,431 1,984 2,075 1,954	$1,072 \\ 1,025 \\ 1,013 \\ 1,071 \\ 1,108$	875 830 821 877 900	197 195 192 194 208	92 99 96 97		$17,070 \\ 17,143 \\ 15,825 \\ 15,024 \\ 14,328$	8, 403 9, 186 8, 950 8, 694 8, 392	8, 087 7, 957 6, 875 6, 330 5, 936	$\begin{array}{c} 0, 174 \\ 5, 629 \\ 4, 984 \\ 4, 353 \\ 4, 093 \end{array}$	2,4932,3281,8911,9771,843
1934	15, 109 14, 992 14, 807 14, 413 13, 488	8, 580 8, 392 7, 944 7, 993 8, 004	$\begin{array}{c} 6,529\\ 6,600\\ 6,863\\ 6,420\\ 5,484 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 4,538\\ 4,566\\ 4,648\\ 4,283\\ 3,534\end{array}$	1, 991 2, 034 2, 215 2, 137 1, 950	$\begin{array}{c} 1,127\\ 1,168\\ 1,222\\ 1,312\\ 1,345 \end{array}$	$909 \\ 932 \\ 967 \\ 1,045 \\ 1,055$	218 236 255 267 290	96 97 96 88 88	$122 \\ 139 \\ 159 \\ 179 \\ 202$	$\begin{array}{c} 13,982\\ 13,824\\ 13,585\\ 13,101\\ 12,143 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 7,671\\ 7,460\\ 6,977\\ 6,948\\ 6,949\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 6,311\\ 6,364\\ 6,608\\ 6,153\\ 5,194 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 4,442\\ 4,469\\ 4,552\\ 4,195\\ 3,446\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1,869\\ 1,895\\ 2,056\\ 1,958\\ 1,748 \end{array}$
1939	$\begin{array}{c} 13,262\\ 13,390\\ 14,100\\ 14,682\\ 14,797\end{array}$	7,747 7,580 7,631 7,498 7,314	5, 515 5, 810 6, 469 7, 184 7, 483	$\begin{array}{c} 3,676\\ 3,780\\ 4,346\\ 4,323\\ 4,362 \end{array}$	1, 839 2, 030 2, 123 2, 861 3, 121	$1, 378 \\1, 443 \\1, 484 \\1, 487 \\1, 558$	$\begin{array}{c} 1,062\\ 1,112\\ 1,129\\ 1,115\\ 1,147\end{array}$	$316 \\ 331 \\ 355 \\ 372 \\ 411$		$228 \\ 261 \\ 281 \\ 291 \\ 291 \\ 291 \\$	$\begin{array}{c} 11,884\\ 11,947\\ 12,616\\ 13,195\\ 13,239 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 6,685\\ 6,468\\ 6,502\\ 6,383\\ 6,167\end{array}$	5, 199 5, 479 6, 114 6, 812 7, 072	3, 588 3, 710 4, 272 4, 242 4, 242	$1, 611 \\ 1, 769 \\ 1, 842 \\ 2, 570 \\ 2, 830$
1944 1945 1946 1947 1947	$\begin{array}{c} 14,857\\ 14,231\\ 15,754\\ 19,275\\ 21,052 \end{array}$	7, 186 6, 999 7, 092 8, 902 10, 322	7,671 7,232 8,662 10,373 10,730	$\begin{array}{c} 4,459\\ 4,264\\ 5,256\\ 6,247\\ 6,551\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3,212\\ 2,968\\ 3,406\\ 4,126\\ 4,179\end{array}$	1,5101,4358071,4991,496	$1, 119 \\ 1, 099 \\ 467 \\ 1, 172 \\ 1, 205$	$391 \\ 386 \\ 340 \\ 327 \\ 291$	$116 \\ 124 \\ 111 \\ 126 \\ 121$	275 262 229 201 170	$13, 347 \\ 12, 746 \\ 14, 947 \\ 17, 776 \\ 19, 556$	6, 067 5, 900 6, 625 7, 730 9, 117	7,280 6,846 8,322 10,046 10,439	$\begin{array}{r} 4,343\\ 4,140\\ 5,145\\ 6,121\\ 6,430\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 2,937\\ 2,706\\ 3,177\\ 3,925\\ 4,009 \end{array}$
1949	$21, 523 \\ 24, 866 \\ 27, 761 \\ 30, 121$	11, 186 12, 007 12, 934 14, 046	10, 337 12, 859 14, 827 16, 075	$\begin{array}{c} 6,237\\ 7,860\\ 9,195\\ 10,195\end{array}$	4, 100 4, 999 5, 632 5, 880	$1, 486 \\1, 557 \\1, 615 \\1, 648$	1, 224 1, 266 1, 312 1, 352	262 291 303 296	$107 \\ 127 \\ 126 \\ 126 \\ 126$	155 164 177 170	20,037 23,309 26,146 28,473	9, 962 10, 741 11, 622 12, 694	10, 075 12, 568 14, 524 15, 779	$\begin{array}{c} 6,130\\ 7,733\\ 9,069\\ 10,069\end{array}$	3, 945 4, 835 5, 455 5, 710
1020	88, 901	47, 347	41, 554	29, 161	12, 393	15,005	13, 505	Corporate 1, 500	Debt 624	876	73, 896	33, 842	40, 054	28, 537	11, 517
1929	89, 257 83, 498 80, 015 76, 937	51, 070 50, 303 49, 191 47, 869	38, 187 33, 195 30, 824 29, 068	$\begin{array}{c} 23,101\\ 26,558\\ 23,671\\ 20,840\\ 19,637\end{array}$	11, 629 9, 524 9, 984 9, 431	$\begin{array}{c} 15,325\\ 15,345\\ 15,348\\ 15,349\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 13,886\\ 13,961\\ 13,975\\ 13,898 \end{array}$	1, 300 1, 439 1, 384 1, 373 1, 451	$563 \\ 607 \\ 590 \\ 593$	876 777 783 858	$\begin{array}{c} 73, 932 \\ 68, 153 \\ 64, 667 \\ 61, 588 \end{array}$	37, 184 36, 342 35, 216 33, 971	36,748 31,811 29,451 27,617	$\begin{array}{c} 23,331\\ 25,995\\ 23,064\\ 20,250\\ 19,044 \end{array}$	11, 51710, 7538, 7479, 2018, 573
1934 1935 1936 1936 1937 1938	$75, 504 \\ 74, 793 \\ 76, 063 \\ 75, 803 \\ 73, 291$	$\begin{array}{r} 44,611\\ 43,562\\ 42,519\\ 43,513\\ 44,842 \end{array}$	30, 893 31, 231 33, 544 32, 290 28, 449	$\begin{array}{c} 21,271\\ 21,386\\ 22,440\\ 21,290\\ 18,093 \end{array}$	9,622 9,845 11,104 11,000 10,356	$\begin{array}{c} 15,283\\ 15,229\\ 15,444\\ 15,323\\ 15,432 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 13,773\\ 13,608\\ 13,622\\ 13,463\\ 13,440\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1,510\\ 1,621\\ 1,822\\ 1,860\\ 1,992 \end{array}$	$589 \\ 595 \\ 587 \\ 544 \\ 541$	$921 \\ 1,026 \\ 1,235 \\ 1,316 \\ 1,451$	$\begin{array}{c} 60,221\\ 59,564\\ 60,619\\ 60,480\\ 57,859 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 30,838\\ 29,954\\ 28,897\\ 30,050\\ 31,402 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 29,383\\ 29,610\\ 31,722\\ 30,430\\ 26,457 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 20,682\\ 20,791\\ 21,853\\ 20,746\\ 17,552 \end{array}$	8, 701 8, 819 9, 869 9, 684 8, 905
1939 1940 1941 1942 1943	73, 545 75, 576 83, 443 91, 649 95, 519	$\begin{array}{c} 44,366\\ 43,653\\ 43,614\\ 42,667\\ 41,040 \end{array}$	29, 179 31, 923 39, 829 48, 982 54, 479	$18, 491 \\18, 937 \\21, 810 \\21, 709 \\21, 956$	$10,688 \\ 12,986 \\ 18,019 \\ 27,273 \\ 32,523$	$\begin{array}{c} 15,586\\ 15,727\\ 15,824\\ 16,197\\ 16,573 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 13,413\\ 13,432\\ 13,259\\ 12,868\\ 12,244 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 2,173\\ 2,295\\ 2,565\\ 3,329\\ 4,329\end{array}$	545 430 455 503 748	$\begin{array}{c} 1,628\\ 1,865\\ 2,110\\ 2,826\\ 3,581 \end{array}$	57, 959 59, 849 67, 619 75, 452 78, 946	30, 953 30, 221 30, 355 29, 799 28, 796	27,006 29,628 37,264 45,653 50,150	$17, 946 \\18, 507 \\21, 355 \\21, 206 \\21, 208$	9,060 11,121 15,909 24,447 28,942
1944 1945	94, 129 85, 292 93, 538 108, 882 117, 950	39,832 38,322 41,343 46,086 52,486	54, 297 46, 970 52, 195 62, 796 65, 464	$\begin{array}{c} 22,439\\ 21,454\\ 26,411\\ 31,429\\ 32,900 \end{array}$	31,858 25,516 25,784 31,367 32,564	15, 711 13, 926 12, 907 12, 674 12, 499	11, 506 10, 775 10, 410 9, 997 9, 919	4, 205 3, 151 2, 497 2, 677 2, 580	723 757 688 778 751	3, 482 2, 394 1, 809 1, 899 1, 829	$78, 418 \\71, 366 \\80, 631 \\96, 208 \\105, 451$	$\begin{array}{c} 28,326\\ 27,547\\ 30,933\\ 36,089\\ 42,567\end{array}$	50,092 43,819 49,698 60,119 62,884	$\begin{array}{c} 21,716\\ 20,697\\ 25,723\\ 30,651\\ 32,149 \end{array}$	28, 376 23, 122 23, 975 29, 468 30, 735
1949	117, 801 139, 598 158, 795 167, 437	56, 534 60, 146 64, 607 69, 851	61, 267 79, 452 94, 188 97, 586	31, 304 39, 447 46, 121 51, 127	$\begin{array}{c} 29,963\\ 40,005\\ 48,067\\ 46,459 \end{array}$	12, 224 12, 723 13, 125 13, 363	$\begin{array}{c} 10,020\\ 9,998\\ 10,342\\ 10,583 \end{array}$	2, 204 2, 725 2, 783 2, 780	662 788 782 782	1, 542 1, 937 2, 001 1, 998	$\begin{array}{c} 105,577\\ 126,875\\ 145,670\\ 154,074 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 46,514\\ 50,148\\ 54,265\\ 59,268\end{array}$	59, 063 76, 727 91, 405 94, 806	30, 642 38, 659 45, 339 50, 345	28, 421 38, 068 46, 066 44, 461

1. Long-term debt is defined as having an original maturity of 1 year or more from date of issue; short-term debt as having an original maturity of less than 1 year.

Source: U. S. Treasury Department, Bureau of Internal Revenue; Interstate Commerce Commission; U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

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additional factor in lowering the rate of corporate debt growth.

The Federal Government continued to encourage defenseconnected investment in 1952 through accelerated amortization for tax purposes and through the guarantee of loans for working capital purposes by government procurement agencies.

A substantial portion of the long-term debt addition of \$5 billion was in the form of bonded indebtedness. Over \$71/2 billion in bonds to raise new capital and to refinance existing debt were offered in 1952—substantially above offerings in 1951 and the largest on record. Manufacturing corpora-tions, marketing 50 percent more than in 1951, accounted for about half of the total. Transportation offerings were doubled and other industry flotations were also increased.

Total short-term corporate debt, composed of notes and accounts payable and "other" liabilities, increased \$3½ billion in 1952. Notes and accounts payable advanced 11 percent during the year, as compared with 17 percent in 1951 and 26 percent in 1950. The decline in additions to such debt largely reflected inventory adjustments and consequent changes in borrowing from commercial banks. Reduced Federal income tax liabilities were the primary factor in shrinking "other" corporate liabilities in 1952.

#### Corporate financial position

Although corporate debt has increased sharply over the past several years, the financial position of corporations in the aggregate remains relatively favorable. Liquidity indexes such as the ratio of cash and U.S. Government securities to current liabilities declined in 1950, 1951, and 1952, but remained above prewar levels. The total of retained profits and depreciation charges-the major internal sources of funds-was higher in 1952 than in any other year except 1948 and 1950. The decline in retained profits during 1952 was more than equaled, for corporations as a whole, by a large increase in depreciation charges reflecting the amortization of defense facilities at higher than normal rates as well as an expanded depreciation base.

#### Expansion in nonfarm mortgage debt

Nonfarm mortgage debt owed by noncorporate borrowers rose \$71/2 billion during 1952. This advance was somewhat less than the increases of 1950 and 1951. As in those two years, approximately four-fifths of the rise pertained to mortgages on 1–4 family homes, which continued under regulation during most of 1952.

The present volume of 1-4 family nonfarm housing debt (\$58 billion at the end of 1952) reflects a postwar wave of construction and rise in real estate values stemming from the large backlog of housing demand built up during the depression and war years and the favorable income and asset position of the public. Ready availability of credit has also been a factor during much of the postwar period. These and other elements are analyzed in "Markets after the Defense Expansion," pp. 46-49. The housing boom resulted in a much more rapid relative

rise in 1–4 family residential mortgage debt than in personal income after taxes. Yet the present relation of debt to income is only moderately in excess of the ratio during the more prosperous prewar years. In terms of debt servicing, current interest and repayment requirements are also moderately higher in relation to income than in the immediate prewar years.

All classes of lenders increased their holdings of 1–4 family mortgages during 1952. Savings and loan associations recorded the largest expansion, both in dollar amount and percentagewise, and replaced life insurance companies as the principal source of additional funds for this purpose. Conventional mortgages held by life insurance companies were increased by the same amount as in 1951; VA- and FHAguaranteed mortgages, however, were increased by a considerably smaller amount.

Borrowings on multifamily residential and commercial properties advanced by \$2 billion-somewhat less than in 1950 and 1951. As in prior years, life insurnace carriers

Table 6.-Nonfarm Mortgage Debt by Borrowing and Lending Groups, by Type of Property, End of Calendar Year, 1929-52 1

[Millions of dollars]

	Reside	ntial and co	ommercial				1-4 family	residenti	1 1				Multifa	tifamily residential and commercial				
End of year	Total	Corporate borrow- ers <sup>2</sup>	Noncor- porate borrow- ers	Total	Savings and loan associa- tions	Life in- surance carriers	Mutual savings banks	Com- mercial banks	HOLC	FNMA	Individ- uals and others	Total	Savings and loan associa- tions	Life in- surance carriers	Mutual savings banks	Com- mercial banks	Individ- uals and others	
1929 1930 1931 1932 1933	$\begin{array}{c} 36.\ 851\\ 37,\ 726\\ 36,\ 511\\ 34,\ 362\\ 30,\ 466 \end{array}$	$5, 650 \\ 5, 706 \\ 5, 615 \\ 5, 341 \\ 4, 172$	$\begin{array}{c} 31,201\\ 32,020\\ 30,896\\ 29,021\\ 26,294 \end{array}$	$18, 912 \\18, 891 \\18, 104 \\16, 655 \\15, 352$	$\begin{array}{c} 6,182\\ 6,082\\ 5,596\\ 4,891\\ 4,215\end{array}$	1, 626 1, 732 1, 775 1, 724 1, 599	$\begin{array}{c} 2,286\\ 2,341\\ 2,436\\ 2,446\\ 2,354\end{array}$	$2, 207 \\ 2, 199 \\ 2, 085 \\ 1, 887 \\ 1, 707$	132		$\begin{array}{c} 6, 611 \\ 6, 537 \\ 6, 212 \\ 5, 707 \\ 5, 345 \end{array}$	17, 939 18, 835 18, 407 17, 707 15, 114	325 320 294 257 222	3, 589 3, 809 3, 914 3, 756 3, 469	$\begin{array}{r} 3, 491 \\ 3, 557 \\ 3, 610 \\ 3, 461 \\ 3, 338 \end{array}$	1, 582 1, 485 1, 220 1, 308 1, 314	8, 952 9, 664 9, 369 8, 925 6, 771	
1934 1935 1936 1937 1938	29, 486 28, 415 28, 046 27, 995 28, 218	3, 972 3, 687 3, 658 3, 664 3, 757	$\begin{array}{c} 25,514\\ 24,728\\ 24,388\\ 24,331\\ 24,461 \end{array}$	15, 630 15, 437 15, 385 15, 518 15, 765	3, 525 3, 127 3, 122 3, 291 3, 433	$\begin{array}{c} 1,379\\ 1,281\\ 1,245\\ 1,246\\ 1,320 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 2,190\\ 2,089\\ 2,082\\ 2,111\\ 2,119\end{array}$	$1,450 \\1,541 \\1,634 \\1,786 \\1,910$	2,379 2,897 2,763 2,398 2,169	80	$\begin{array}{r} 4,707\\ 4,502\\ 4,539\\ 4,686\\ 4,734\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 13,856\\ 12,978\\ 12,661\\ 12,477\\ 12,453 \end{array}$	$185 \\ 166 \\ 115 \\ 129 \\ 122$	3, 232 3, 003 2, 930 3, 081 3, 236	$\begin{array}{c} 3,152\\ 2,990\\ 2,819\\ 2,755\\ 2,684\end{array}$	$1,520 \\1,413 \\1,402 \\1,446 \\1,535$	5, 767 5, 406 5, 395 5, 066 4, 876	
1939 1940 1941 1942 1943	28, 903 29, 986 31, 250 30, 771 29, 906	3,892 3,955 4,064 3,952 3,748	$\begin{array}{c} 25,011\\ 26,031\\ 27,186\\ 26,819\\ 26,158 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 16,337\\ 17,346\\ 18,358\\ 18,226\\ 17,835 \end{array}$	$3, 616 \\ 3, 919 \\ 4, 349 \\ 4, 349 \\ 4, 355$	$\begin{array}{c} 1,490\\ 1,758\\ 1,976\\ 2,255\\ 2,410 \end{array}$	2, 128 2, 162 2, 189 2, 128 2, 033	2,096 2,363 2,672 2,752 2,706	2, 038 1, 956 1, 777 1, 567 1, 338	$144 \\ 178 \\ 203 \\ 206 \\ 60$	$\begin{array}{r} 4,825\\ 5,010\\ 5,192\\ 4,969\\ 4,933\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 12,566\\ 12,640\\ 12,892\\ 12,545\\ 12,071 \end{array}$	190 206 229 234 229	3, 304 3, 315 3, 553 3, 575 3, 463	2, 695 2, 685 2, 613 2, 494 2, 383	$1, 601 \\ 1, 634 \\ 1, 668 \\ 1, 504 \\ 1, 352$	4, 776 4, 800 4, 829 4, 738 4, 644	
1944 1945 1946 1947 1948	29, 744 30, 792 36, 879 43, 853 50, 904	$egin{array}{c} 3,688\ 3,825\ 4,423\ 5,121\ 5,837 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 26,056\\ 26,967\\ 32,456\\ 38,732\\ 45,067 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 17,947\\ 18,543\\ 23,059\\ 28,161\\ 33,261 \end{array}$	4, 617 5, 156 6, 840 8, 475 9, 841	$\begin{array}{c} 2,458\\ 2,258\\ 2,570\\ 3,459\\ 4,925 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 1, 937 \\ 1, 894 \\ 2, 033 \\ 2, 283 \\ 2, 835 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 2,703\\ 2,875\\ 4,576\\ 6,303\\ 7,396\end{array}$	$1,091 \\ 852 \\ 636 \\ 486 \\ 369$	$50 \\ 7 \\ 6 \\ 4 \\ 198$	5, 091 5, 501 6, 398 7, 151 7, 697	$\begin{array}{c} 11,797\\ 12,249\\ 13,820\\ 15,692\\ 17,643 \end{array}$	$183 \\ 220 \\ 301 \\ 381 \\ 464$	$\begin{array}{c} 3,428\\ 3,602\\ 3,790\\ 4,321\\ 4,918\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 2,361\\ 2,306\\ 2,399\\ 2,545\\ 2,938\end{array}$	$1, 263 \\ 1, 376 \\ 1, 957 \\ 2, 320 \\ 2, 623$	$\begin{array}{r} 4,562\\ 4,745\\ 5,373\\ 6,125\\ 6,700\end{array}$	
1949 1950 1951 1952 (p)	57, 077 66, 733 75, 555 83, 740	6, 508 7, 379 8, 197 8, 961	50, 569 59, 354 67, 358 74, 779	$37, 496 \\ 45, 072 \\ 51, 872 \\ 58, 155$	$11, 117 \\ 13, 104 \\ 14, 801 \\ 17, 590$	5,970 8,392 10,814 11,800	$3, 364 \\ 4, 312 \\ 5, 331 \\ 6, 180$	7, 956 9, 481 10, 275 11, 250	231 10	806 1, 328 1, 818 2, 210	8, 052 8, 445 8, 833 9, 125	$19,581 \\ 21,661 \\ 23,683 \\ 25,585$	499 558 719 854	5, 798 6, 383 6, 973 7, 746	3, 304 3, 906 4, 538 5, 126	$\begin{array}{c} 2,780\\ 3,214\\ 3,453\\ 3,559\end{array}$	7, 200 7, 600 8, 000 8, 300	

Preliminary. 1. The data represent mortgage loans on commercial and residential property, and exclude real estate mortgage bonds. Multifamily and commercial property mortgages owed by corporations and held by other nonfinancial corporations are also excluded.

2. The corporate mortgage debt total is included in the total corporate long-term debt outstanding, table 5.

Sources: Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation; U. S. Department of Com-merce, Office of Business Economics.

#### Table 7.-Individual and Noncorporate Debt, End of Calendar Year, 1929-52

[Millions of dollars]

			Farm					Nonfa	arm			
End of year	Farm and nonfarm			-		No	nfarm mortg	age		0	ther	- · · · · · ·
	total	Total farm	Farm mort- gage <sup>1</sup>	Farm pro- duction loans <sup>2</sup>	Total non- farm	Total	1-4 family	Multi- family and commercial	Total	Commer- cial (non- farm)	Financial 3	Consumer
1929 1930 1931 1932 1932 1933	72, 271 71, 131 $64, 365 56, 685 50, 594$	12, 218 11, 779 11, 067 10, 102 9, 086	9, 631 9, 398 9, 094 8, 466 7, 685	2, 587 2, 381 1, 973 1, 636 1, 401	60, 053 59, 352 53, 298 46, 583 41, 508	$\begin{array}{c} 31,201\\ 32,020\\ 30,896\\ 29,021\\ 26,294 \end{array}$	17, 966 17, 946 17, 199 15, 822 14, 584	$13, 235 \\ 14, 074 \\ 13, 697 \\ 13, 199 \\ 11, 710$	28, 852 27, 332 22, 402 17, 562 15, 214	n. a. n. a. n. a. n. a. n. a.	n. a. n. a. n. a. n. a. n. a. n. a.	6, 44 5, 76 4, 76 3, 56 3, 48
1934	49, 551 49, 385 50, 265 50, 894 49, 844	8, 898 8, 955 8, 583 8, 598 8, 972	7, 584 •7, 423 7, 154 6, 955 6, 779	$\begin{array}{c} 1, 314 \\ 1, 532 \\ 1, 429 \\ 1, 643 \\ 2, 193 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 40,653\\ 40,430\\ 41,682\\ 42,296\\ 40,872 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 25,514\\ 24,728\\ 24,388\\ 24,331\\ 24,461 \end{array}$	14, 848 14, 665 14, 616 14, 742 14, 977	10, 666 10, 063 9, 772 9, 589 9, 484	15, 139 15, 702 17, 294 17, 965 16, 411	n. a. n. a. n. a. n. a. n. a.	n. a. n. a. n. a. n. a. n. a.	3, 90 4, 91 6, 13 6, 68 6, 33
939 040 041 042 043	$50,844 \\ 52,992 \\ 55,608 \\ 49,876 \\ 48,754$	$\begin{array}{c} 8,834\\ 9,107\\ 9,240\\ 8,926\\ 8,211 \end{array}$	6, 586 6, 494 6, 376 5, 956 5, 396	$\begin{array}{c} 2,248\\ 2,613\\ 2,864\\ 2,970\\ 2,815\end{array}$	42, 010 43, 885 46, 368 40, 950 . 40, 543	$\begin{array}{c} 25,011\\ 26,031\\ 27,186\\ 26,819\\ 26,158 \end{array}$	15, 520 16, 479 17, 440 17, 315 16, 943	9, 491 9, 552 9, 746 9, 504 9, 215	16, 999 17, 854 19, 182 14, 131 14, 385	$\begin{array}{c} 3,769\\ 4,275\\ 5,020\\ 4,107\\ 3,767\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 6,008\\ 5,241\\ 4,990\\ 4,041\\ 5,717\end{array}$	7, 22 8, 33 9, 17 5, 98 . 4, 90
1944	$\begin{array}{c} 50,724\\ 54,731\\ 60,726\\ 71,400\\ 83,561\end{array}$	7, 745 7, 250 7, 652 8, 610 10, 793	4, 941 4, 760 4, 897 5, 064 5, 288	$\begin{array}{c} 2,804\\ 2,490\\ 2,755\\ 3,546\\ 5,505\end{array}$	42, 979 47, 481 53, 074 62, 790 72, 768	$\begin{array}{c} 26,056\\ 26,967\\ 32,456\\ 38,732\\ 45,067 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 17,050\\ 17,616\\ 21,906\\ 26,753\\ 31,598 \end{array}$	9,006 9,351 10,550 11,979 13,469	$\begin{array}{c} 16,923\\ 20,514\\ 20,618\\ 24,058\\ 27,701 \end{array}$	3, 707 4, 437 6, 273 7, 603 8, 087	$\begin{array}{r} 8,105\\ 10,412\\ 5,961\\ 4,885\\ 5,203\end{array}$	$5, 11 \\ 5, 66 \\ 8, 38 \\ 11, 57 \\ 14, 41$
1949 1950 1951 1952	$\begin{array}{r} 93,378\\109,205\\120,388\\135,268\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 12,028\\12,220\\13,547\\15,104\end{array}$	5,5796,0716,5887,140	6, 449 6, 149 6, 959 7, 964	81, 350 96, 985 106, 841 120, 164	50, 569 59, 354 67, 358 74, 779	35, 621 42, 818 49, 278 55, 247	$14,948 \\ 16,536 \\ 18,080 \\ 19,532$	30, 781 37, 631 39, 483 45, 385	7, 632 9, 882 11, 291 12, 118	$\begin{array}{c} 6,045\\ 6,936\\ 6,724\\ 7,562 \end{array}$	$17, 10 \\ 20, 81 \\ 21, 46 \\ 25, 70$

Includes regular mortgages, purchase-money mortgages, and sales contracts.
 Includes agricultural loans to farmers and farmer's cooperatives by institutional lenders; farmer's financial and consumer debt is included under the "monfarm" categories.
 Comprises debt owed to banks for purchasing or carrying securities, customer's debt to brokers, and debt owed to life insurance companies by policyholders.

were the principal source of such funds, followed by mutual savings banks.

#### Sharp rise in consumer credit

Subsequent to the removal of controls in May 1952 and with the increased availability of goods usually bought on credit, consumer credit rose by more than one-fifth during the last eight months of the year. A similar increase in 1950 had been followed by a period of relative stability which lasted through the first four months of 1952. The rapid expansion of such debt has continued in 1953. Nearly all of the recent advance in consumer credit was due to installment loans and installment sales of durable goods.

The installment credit expansion in 1952 may be attributed to an increased use of credit under more favorable terms, associated toward the end of the year with the improved availability of hard goods. Although consumer purchases of new cars declined slightly from 1951 to 1952, last year ended on a strong upward note which was carried into 1953. Automobile credit rose nearly one-third in the May-December period, and has maintained a comparable rate of rise so far in 1953.

Similar to the mortgage credit advance, the postwar rise in short-term consumer indebtedness is a product of prior shortages and credit controls, a long-term uptrend in the use of such credit, and the growth of income. Consumer credit is more responsive than mortgage debt to short-run changes in business conditions because of the more rapid turnover of such credit.

The sum of mortgage debt on 1-4 family nonfarm residences and consumer credit may be regarded as roughly equivalent to "individual's" debt. The current size of this debt does not appear to be unduly great, given the present income level and liquidity position of individuals, the longrun growth of such credit, and the fact that lower interest rates have reduced the burden of a given debt volume by comparison with earlier prosperous periods.

Sources: U. S. Department of Agriculture, Bureau of Agricultural Economics; Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System; U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

These considerations apply to the present high-income situation. A reduction in aggregate income would increase the burden of the individual debt, particularly where loan agreements call for regular amortization payments, and reinforce subsequent adjustments in consumer purchasing.

Recent trends in individual indebtedness were more thoroughly evaluated in a previous issue of the SURVEY (April 1953, page 12).

#### Farm debt expansion continues

Total farm debt rose 11½ percent during 1952 to a total of \$15 billion at the end of the year. Two-thirds of the advance represented farm production loans and one-third farm mortgage debt.

Farm production loans comprise credit extended to farmers and farm cooperatives by commercial banks and Federally sponsored farm agencies, and include price support loans made or guaranteed by the Commodity Credit Corporation. The decline in farm prices, particularly of wheat, cotton, and corn, in the latter half of 1952, necessitated a sharp rise in support loans made or guaranteed by the Corporation. These are chiefly "nonrecourse" loans, the borrowers' liability being limited to the crop inventories securing them. Excluding price support credit, farm production credit expanded only \$300 million in 1952, less than a third of the previous year's advance.

Farm mortgage debt rose one-half billion dollars in 1952the same as in 1950 and 1951. At the close of the year such debt amounted to \$7.1 billion-8 percent above the total a The dollar volume of new farm mortgages reyear earlier. corded approximated the 1951 level: the average size of new farm mortgages increased from \$5,350 in 1951 to \$5,630 in 1952 while the number of mortgages recorded receded 5 percent. Most of the dollar increase in new farm mortgage recordings occurred in the second half of 1952; during the first six months recordings were slightly below the corresponding period of 1951.

(Continued on page 24)

# Transportation in the Balance of Payments

**C** RANSPORTATION is one of the largest of the service transactions in the United States balance of payments. In 1952, receipts from this source amounted to more than \$1.5 billion and payments aggregated more than \$1.1 billion—equivalent in each case to one-tenth of the merchandise trade. Ocean shipping, the largest item, accounts for the major fluctuations in our net position.

Receipts from ocean shipping include freight on exports carried by United States operated vessels and foreign port expenditures here. Payments include freight on imports on foreign vessels and United States port expenditures abroad. Freight on exports carried by foreign vessels does not enter the United States balance of payments—since such payments are directly or indirectly for foreign account. Freight on United States imports carried by United States vessels is a domestic rather than an international transaction.

Another important item contributing to our earnings is freight paid to us on shipments between foreign countries. But fare payments by United States tourists to foreign vessels far outweigh fare payments by foreign tourists to United States vessels, so that foreign countries consistently receive net payments from us for passenger service.

#### Export freight partly financed by aid

Data for the international shipping account of the United States include the value of all shipping services rendered by the United States to foreign countries, regardless of how these services were financed. A part of the transportation furnished by the United States was paid by the United States Government under the various aid programs and required no actual payment. The amounts involved have varied widely in recent years from \$371 million in 1948 to \$98 million in 1950. Last year's figure was \$142 million.

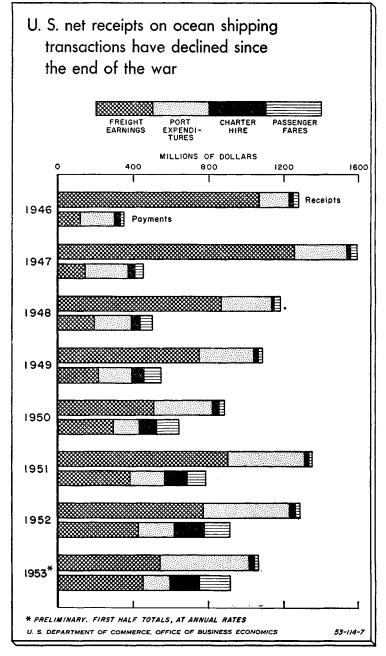
A portion of aid-financed shipments was carried in cargo space controlled by the Department of Defense. This is excluded from the following discussion which is limited to the commercial aspects of the transportation account.

Net United States receipts from transportation in 1952 amounted to about \$400 million, and were about \$200 million less than in the preceding year. Moreover, the factors contributing to this downward trend continued in existence, reducing the total to about \$170 million (at an annual rate) during the first half of 1953.

This decline represents a resumption of a trend which was evident between 1947 and 1950, but was temporarily interrupted by the outbreak of the hostilities in Korea.

Several factors account for the declining, but still relatively high, net earnings from shipping.

Table 2 indicates that the dry cargo tonnage carried by American controlled ships declined gradually from 1947 to 1950 and again from the first quarter of 1952 to the first quarter of 1953, apparently reaching a postwar low at that time. The decline since 1951 was most prominent in the carriage of coal and grain (which in that year as well as in the early postwar period had for special reasons been unusually high) but it also affected the carriage of other dry



cargo. In part this development reflects the reduction in all United States exports that during the same period resulted from better supply conditions abroad, particularly for fuels and agricultural products. Also, tightened exchange restrictions were partly responsible.

NOTE.-MR. SMITH IS A MEMBER OF THE BALANCE OF PAYMENTS DIVISION, OFFICE OF BUSINESS ECONOMICS. The data presented in this article are revisions based largely upon new questionnaires directed to foreign shipping companies engaged in United States trade.

However, certain other conditions helped to reduce the income from export freight even more than the total export tonnage was lowered.

The decline in requirements for shipping space brought down freight rates for bulk cargo on tramp steamers to such an extent that the relatively high cost American operators had to leave the field almost entirely to foreigners. Freight on coal for a typical voyage from United States east coast ports to Rotterdam declined from \$14 per ton in March 1951 to less than \$5 at the end of 1952. Only the provision that 50 percent of aid-financed cargo had to be shipped in United States operated vessels kept some bulk shipments—mainly grain—reserved for United States ships, at rates approximately double those in the free market.

The decline in freight earnings by United States operators from \$657 million in 1951 to \$524 million in 1952 was more than accounted for by the decline in earnings from coal and grain. Likewise over 55 percent of the decline in earnings from 1952 to the first half of 1953 (at annual rates) was due to the same factors.

#### Foreign fleets carry larger volume

In contrast to the rate competition for the carriage of bulk cargo, liner rates were relatively fixed by carrier conferences. Thus, in spite of a rising surplus in shipping space, these rates remained at the higher levels adopted at the end of 1951. In fact, the share of United States vessels in the carriage of other dry cargo remained relatively stable between 1950 and 1952. However, more recent data indicate the share is again declining, resuming a trend started soon after the end of the war.

This decline may be ascribed to (a) the desire of foreign countries to limit dollar expenditures by using foreign ships to import goods, and (b) to the growth of foreign fleets. By 1952, as a result of new construction and purchases of over 1,000 ships from the United States, foreign dry cargo fleets had risen to 40 million gross tons—from 29 million tons after the war.

The fact that foreign fleets have gradually included an increasing proportion of postwar ships built to provide faster and more frequent service, is another important factor in the rapid rise of their cargo tonnage.

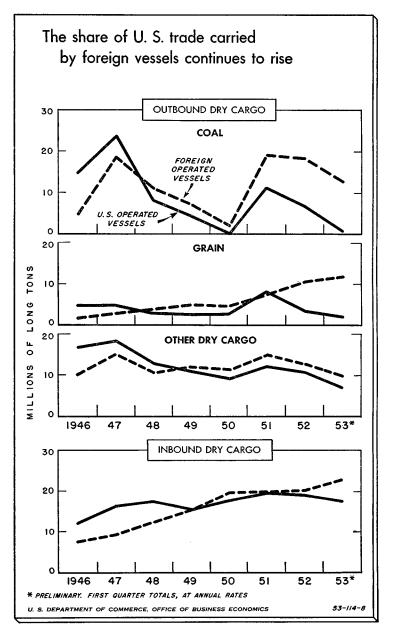
Import freight carried on United States dry cargo vessels was quite stable in the postwar period except for a very minor decline from 1951 to 1952. The overall rise in total tonnage imported therefore accrued mostly to foreign fleets, thus adding to their dollar earnings.

The relative stability in the activity of United States operated ships was due in part to an increase in the movement of iron ore and other minerals by company-owned fleets, with a corresponding decline in the carriage of other imports, which was taken over by foreign fleets. Since a large part of our imports is billed c. i. f., with shipping expenses paid first by the foreign shipper, who is then reimbursed by the American importer, the choice of the nationality of the shipping line frequently depends upon the foreign exporter. The desire to save dollar exchange would favor the foreign lines, even if shipping rates were the same for foreign and domestic lines. The rising availability of foreign shipping space further aided in making that choice increasingly customary.

Considerations similar to those underlying the shift of dry cargo export trade from domestic to foreign vessels also serve to explain the rising share in tankers' export cargo carried by foreign-operated vessels. While the activity of the United States operated fleet both in export and import trade remained relatively stable since 1949, foreign-operated fleets carried more tonnage in both directions. Foreign-operated fleets include, however, the ships operated by subsidiaries of United States oil companies under the Panamanian or other foreign flags. Net earnings from the operation of these ships accrue, of course, to the American parent companies, and appear in the balance of payments as income on investments.

#### Higher rates on exports favor U. S. balance

While the rising share of the volume of United States trade carried by foreign ships was the outstanding factor in reducing the foreign dollar deficit on transportation, the difference



in the composition of the trade carried by United States vessels abroad and by foreign vessels to the United States apparently favored the United States balance of payments.

Omitting coal and grain, United States-controlled ships earned on outbound dry cargo approximately \$30 per ton in 1951 and \$35 per ton in 1952. Earnings of foreign-operated ships on outbound dry cargo (excluding coal and grain) were approximately the same.

On inbound dry cargo the average rate per ton for United States ships appeared to have been about \$13 in 1951 and \$14.50 in 1952; foreign-operated ships apparently earned \$14 and \$16 during the same years. The difference in the rates on inbound and outbound cargo is due in large part to the fact that outbound cargo consists largely of manufactured goods requiring relatively more space—as well as higher handling charges and consequently a higher rate per weight ton-than do the raw materials and semimanufactured goods which comprise a larger portion of imports.

#### Table 1.—International Transportation, 1946-53

[Millions of dollars]

				~ ~ ~ ~				
	1946	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952	1953 (Prelim- inary; first half at annual rates)
Receipts			-					
Ocean shipping	1, 277		1, 181	1,085		1, 353	1, 286	1,065
Export freight earnings		961	531	455	347	657	524	349
Coal	184	257	83	52	1	129	73	8
Grain	82	67	44	38	23	142	57	24
Other dry cargo	594	608	389	353	311	358	373	304
Tanker Military controlled export	- 33	29	15	12	12	28	21	13
freight earnings	93	197	223	192	51	44	72	87
Freight earnings on shipments	00	197	62.0	182	1 31		1 '*	0'
between foreign countries	79	100	112	100	110	201	175	109
Passenger fares	28	39	35	21	26	18	22	23
Port expenditures	162	281	268	291	313	411	462	473
Charter hire	22	19	12	26	36	22	31	24
Other transportation	106	145	154	164	176	211	228	222
Total receipts	1, 383	1, 742	1, 335	1, 249	1, 059	1, 564	1, 514	1, 287
Payments						1	1	
Ocean shipping	349	456	501	549	643	787	911	918
Import freight payments	115	141	193	214	295	384	428	452
Dry cargo	109	133	175	191	255	279	318	360
Tanker	6	8	18	23	40	105	110	92
Passenger fares	17	47	63	90	121	102	133	162
Port expenditures	186	231	198	177	138	183	190	142
Charter hire	31	37	47	68	89	118	160	162
Other transportation	110	127	145	152	175	186	204	198
Total payments	459	583	646	701	818	973	1, 115	1, 116
$\mathbf{Receipts}$ balance—Ocean shipping.	928	1, 141	680	536	240	566	375	147
Receipts balance—Transportation account	924	1, 159	689	548	241	591	399	171

Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Since balance of payments receipts reflect the outbound freight on United States controlled vessels, and payments indicate the inbound freight on foreign controlled vessels, it is evident that in order to balance receipts and payments on freight, foreign ships would have had to carry to the United States about 2.1 tons in 1951 and 2.2 tons in 1952 for every single ton carried by United States ships to foreign countries.

A rising share of manufactures in exports, and of raw materials in imports, would raise that ratio further and would in part offset for the balance of payments the effects of an increasing participation by foreign ships in total United States trade.

#### Earnings by U. S. fleet maintained

While the balance of international payments on ocean freight declined from a United States credit of \$273 million in 1951 to a credit of about \$100 million in 1952, that drop does not provide an appropriate measure of the change in total earnings of the United States merchant fleet from both United States exports and imports. Even though these earnings also dropped during the same period-by roughly \$110 million or about 10 percent-they were considerably higher than in 1948, 1949, or 1950. (See table 4.)

#### Port expenses offset foreign earnings

The rising volume of United States trade carried by foreign ships resulted in larger port expenditures in the United States, while expenditures by United States ships in foreign ports remained relatively stable. In fact, foreign port expenditures in the United States during both 1951 and 1952 required more than 80 percent of foreign dollar earnings from carrying freight to the United States and from passenger fares paid by United States tourists.

During the earlier postwar years foreign port expenditures exceeded foreign dollar earnings by a large margin. Compared to the total foreign freight revenue, both from exports and imports, port expenditures here rose from about 30 percent in 1951 to over 36 percent in 1952. This increase

#### Table 2.—United States Ocean-Borne Outbound Cargo, Privately-Controlled and Military-Controlled, 1946-53 <sup>1</sup>

[Shipping weight in millions of long tons]

	1946	1947	1948	1949	1950	1951	1952	1953 (First quarter at annual rates)
Total outbound dry cargo, privately controlled. United States privately controlled. Foreign controlled Percent United States privately controlled. United States military controlled.	51. 9 35. 8 16. 1 68. 9 n. a.	82. 1 46. 1 36. 0 56. 1 n. a.	49. 1 23. 7 25. 4 48. 2 8. 3	41, 7 17, 6 24, 1 42, 2 9, 3	29. 8 12. 0 17. 8 40. 3 \$ 2. 6	72. 8 31. 5 41. 3 43. 3 <sup>3</sup> 2. 1	62. 1 20. 7 41. 4 33. 3 <sup>3</sup> 2. 0	44.0 9.8 34.2 22.3 \$ 2.2
Coal <sup>2</sup> United States privately controlled Foreign controlled Percent United States privately controlled	$19.\ 3\\14.\ 7\\4.\ 6\\76.\ 2$	42, 0 23, 5 18, 5 55, 9	19. 1 8. 0 11. 1 41. 9	11. 5 4. 3 7. 2 37. 4	2. 2 . 1 2. 1 4. 5	30. 5 11. 4 19. 1 37. 4	$24.8 \\ 6.6 \\ 18.2 \\ 26.6$	13. 6 . 8 12. 8 6. 2
Grain <sup>2</sup> . United States privately controlled Foreign controlled Percent United States privately controlled	$\begin{array}{c} 6. \ 1 \\ 4. \ 6 \\ 1. \ 5 \\ 75. \ 4 \end{array}$	$7.2 \\ 4.6 \\ 2.6 \\ 63.9$	6.4 2.8 3.6 43.7	7.4 2.5 4.9 33.8	$7.2 \\ 2.7 \\ 4.5 \\ 37.5$	$15. \ 4 \\ 8. \ 1 \\ 7. \ 3 \\ 52. \ 6$	13.9 3.4 10.5 24.5	13.6 2.0 11.6 14.7
Other dry cargo <sup>2</sup> . United States privately controlled Foreign controlled. Percent United States privately controlled	26.5 16.5 10.0 62.3	32.9 18.0 14.9 54.7	23. 6 12. 9 10. 7 54. 7	22. 8 10. 8 12. 0 47. 4	20.4 9.2 11.2 45.1	$\begin{array}{c} 26.9 \\ 12.0 \\ 14.9 \\ 44.6 \end{array}$	23. 4 10. 7 12. 7 45. 7	16.8 7.0 9.8 41.7
Total outbound tanker cargo, privately controlled United States privately controlled Foreign controlled Percent United States privately controlled United States military controlled	5.1	12. 9 4. 5 7. 4 34. 9 4 n. a.	8. 8 2. 7 6. 1 30. 7 4 n. a.	7.5 3.0 4.5 40.0 4 n. a.	$\begin{array}{c} 6.4 \\ 2.9 \\ 3.5 \\ 45.3 \\ {}^3.4 \end{array}$	11. 1 3. 4 7. 7 30. 6 <sup>3</sup> 1. 3	10. 9 3. 1 7. 8 28. 4 <sup>3</sup> 1. 5	11.6 3.2 8.4 27.6 \$ 1.3

1. Includes United States exports and outbound intransit shipments to all areas except Great Lakes ports of Canada but not shipments for the use of United States armed forces abroad. United States privately controlled cargo includes shipments on commercially operated United States-flag vessels, National Shipping Authority vessels and forcing flag vessels chartered and operated by United States residents. It does not include United States military-controlled cargo under special programs such as Civilian Supply, Mutual Security, etc., shipped by the Department of the Aray on United States-flag commercial vessels under charter arrangements or on Army or Navy

transports. Basic data have been compiled by the Bureau of the Census according to flag or carrier except in the case of intransit shipments. The data (including intransit shipments) have been adjusted for differences between flag and control. 2. Does not include United States military-controlled cargoes. 3. Includes non-Department of Defense controlled "Special Category" exports on both United States and foreign-flag vessels from July, 1950. 4. n. a. Not available.

4. n. a. Not available. SOURCE: United States Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

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resulted largely from an increase in foreign passenger vessel expenditures, and higher costs of freight handling and ship maintenance.

The high volume of foreign expenditures in this country and the relatively low foreign expenses of United States operators tend to maintain a net receipts balance in the shipping account. In 1952, United States operators' foreign expenses were only \$190 million as against \$390 million (excluding passenger vessels) of foreign expenditures in this country, although foreign operators handled less than onethird more tonnage than United States operators.

Among the factors that raise foreign vessel expenditures in this country is the purchase of bunker fuel here—at an advantage, because of the lower prices at which it can be

Table 3.—United States Ocean-Borne Imports, 1946-53 1

[Shipping weight in millions of long tons]

		Dry o	eargo v	essels		Tanker vessels								
Year	Total	United States- operated vessels	Per- cent	Foreign- operated vessels	Per- cent	Total	United States- operated vessels	Per- cent	Foreign- operated vessels	Per- cent				
1946 1947 1948 1949	$19. \ 4 \\ 25. \ 3 \\ 29. \ 7 \\ 31. \ 0$	$12.0 \\ 16.1 \\ 17.4 \\ 15.6$	$\begin{array}{c} 61.8\\ 63.6\\ 58.6\\ 50.3 \end{array}$	7.49.212.315.4	38.2 36.4 41.4 49.7	21.324.227.434.0	19. 4 22. 1 24. 2 28. 7	91. 1 91. 3 88. 3 84. 4	1.9 2.1 3.2 5.3	8.9 8.7 11.7 15.6				
1950 1951 1952 1953 <sup>2</sup>	$\begin{array}{c} 37.\ 2\\ 39.\ 2\\ 39.\ 2\\ 40.\ 4\end{array}$	$17.7 \\ 19.4 \\ 19.1 \\ 17.6$	47.6 49.5 48.7 43.6	19.5     19.8     20.1     22.8	52.4 50.5 51.3 56.4	$\begin{array}{c} 44.7\\ 45.0\\ 50.8\\ 59.2\end{array}$	30.8 26.8 27.7 37.2	$\begin{array}{c} 68.9 \\ 69.5 \\ 54.5 \\ 62.8 \end{array}$	$     \begin{array}{r}       13.9 \\       18.2 \\       23.1 \\       22.0 \\     \end{array} $	31. 1 30. 5 45. 5 37. 2				

1. Data compiled by the Bureau of the Census by flag of vessel adjusted for United Stateschartered and -operated foreign flag vessels and for foreign-chartered and -operated United States-flag vessels. Excludes small amount of imports originating in Great Lakes ports of Canada. 2. First quarter at annual rates.

Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Table 4.—Estimated Freight Earnings of United States-Controlled and Foreign-Controlled Vessels in the Carriage of United States Imports and Exports, 1946–52

[Millions of dollars]

		nt on Uni es exports			nt on Uni tes import		Total freight earnings			
Ocean freight	United States oper- ators <sup>2</sup>	Foreign oper- ators	Total	United States oper- ators	Foreign oper- ators <sup>3</sup>	Total	United States oper- ators	Foreign oper- ators		
1946	893	443	1, 336	264	115	379	1, 157	558		
Dry cargo Tanker	860 33	385 58	1, 245 91	$\begin{array}{c} 201 \\ 63 \end{array}$	109 6	$\begin{array}{c} 310\\ 69\end{array}$	$1,061 \\ 96$	494 64		
1947	961	808	1, 769	367	141	508	1, 328	949		
Dry cargo Tanker	932 29	738 70	1, 670 99	278 89	133 8	411 97	1, 210 118	871 78		
1948	531	507	1,038	324	193	518	855	700		
Dry cargo Tanker	516 15	449 58	965 73	$203 \\ 121$	175 18	378 140	719 136	624 76		
1949	455	420	875	269	214	483	724	634		
Dry cargo Tanker	443 12	405 15	848 27	194 75	191 23	385 98	637 87	596 38		
1950	347	334	681	313	295	608	660	629		
Dry cargo Tanker	335 12	321 13		225 88	$255 \\ 40$	480 128	560 100	576 53		
1951	657	888	1, 545	390	384	774	1,047	1, 272		
Dry cargo Tanker	629 28	805 83	1, 434 111	249 141	279 105	$528 \\ 246$	878 169	1,084 188		
1952	524	699	1, 223	413	428	841	937	1, 127		
Dry cargo Tanker	503 21	607 92	1, 110 113	274 139	$318 \\ 110$	$592 \\ 249$	777 160	925 202		

1. Does not include freight on military-controlled export cargo.

Credits in balance of payments.
 Debits in balance of payments.

Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

obtained as compared with the cost in many foreign ports from which trade with the United States is conducted. Another is the higher cost of stevedoring and other operating costs in the United States. For many foreign vessels, e. g., the Latin American, the United States is the most economical place for repairing vessels and purchasing equipment since shipyard facilities are lacking in the home countries.

On the other hand, with the exception of stevedoring and other unavoidable expenditures made at comparatively low rates in foreign countries, nearly all United States vessels' purchases of fuel, subsistence, supplies, equipment, repairs, etc., are made in the United States. Also, discharging expenses on coal and grain cargoes are almost wholly for the shipper's or importer's account and not for vessel account.

#### Tourist fares raise foreign earnings

Developments affecting other ocean shipping accounts in the balance of payments (passenger fares, United States receipts on shipments between foreign countries, and charter hire) led to a change from net receipts of \$20 million in 1951 to payments of \$65 million in 1952. Most important in this change was the rise in passenger fares paid to foreign vessels. By increasing their passenger fleet and thus facilitating a greater volume of tourist traffic, fare receipts of foreign operators from United States residents rose to \$133 million by 1952—six times United States operators' receipts from residents of foreign countries.

United States operators' earnings from the carriage of cargo (principally petroleum) between foreign countries declined in 1952 by \$26 million from the record amount of \$201 million the year before. The 1951 peak came about primarily as a result of the closing of the Iran refineries, together with freight rate increases in the tanker market. A further reduction is indicated for 1953 since tanker freight rates have declined below the levels prevailing at the time the Korean hostilities started.

 Table 5.—International Transportation, by Area, 1947 and 1950–52

 [Millions of dollars]

	Western Europe	Canada	Latin American Republics	Independ- ent sterling area coun- tries	All other countries	All areas
1947						1
Receipts	1,003	70	264	51	354	1,742
Ocean shipping Other	960 43	30 40	221 43	45 6	341 13	1, 597 145
Payments.	303	71	130	13	66	583
Ocean shipping	281	9	100	10	56	456
Other	22	62	30	3	10	127
Net	700	-1	134	38	288	1, 159
1950						
Receipts Ocean shipping	498	68 26	264 204	43 37	186 172	1,059 883
Other.	444 54	20 42	204 60	6	112	176
Payments	436	88	200	18	76	818
Ocean shipping	385	17	166	14	63	645
Other	51	71	34	4	13	173
Net	62	-20	64	25	110	241
1951						
Receipts	731 674	90	368	142 131	233 213	1, 564 1, 353
Ocean shipping Other	57	33	302 66	11	213	211
Payments	502	91	256	22	103	974
Ocean shipping	446	18	216	18	90	788
Other	56	73	40	4	13	186
Net	229	-1	112	120	130	590
1952				1		
Receipts	664	119	375	104	252	1, 514
Ocean shipping Other	603 61	56	302 73	93 11	232 20	1, 286 228
Payments.	572	94	282	19	148	1,115
Ocean shipping Other	506 66	18 76	242 40	14	131 17	911 204
				-		
Net	92	25	93	85	104	399

Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Charter hire payments by United States operators for the use of foreign vessels, mostly tankers, increased in 1952. This reflected both the continued diversion of United States flag tankers to military needs and enhanced requirements for tankers for increased coastwise and import carriage.

#### European deficit declines most

The decline in United States earnings on exports, particularly on coal and grain shipments, and the growth in foreign earnings from United States imports, are apparent principally in our transactions with Western Europe. In 1952, the net receipts balance on shipping with Western Europe had declined to about \$100 million, from \$228 million in 1951. A further reduction, of possibly \$50 million, appears to be indicated for 1953 on the basis of the data available for the first half of the year.

The trend of the receipts balances with Latin America is also downward, with a decline registered in 1952 as compared with 1951 and a smaller balance projected for 1953. This change stems principally from (a) the expansion of the Latin American merchant fleets, (b) increased tanker earnings (including the earnings of tanker subsidiaries of United States oil companies) and (c) charter hire payments to companies registered under Latin American flags.

#### Transportation by air expanded

Other international transportation transactions have yielded small net receipts surpluses ranging up to \$25 million over the postwar years. The most noteworthy of the items taken into the balance of payments are United States airline receipts from fares paid by foreigners for carriage from and to the United States and also for carriage between foreign countries. These receipts amounted to \$83 million in 1952—about twice the payments by United States residents to foreign airlines.

In addition, United Štates airlines' earnings for carrying export freight and freight between foreign points in 1952 amounted to \$24 million, as against less than \$4 million of foreign freight earnings on imports. Foreign expenses of United States airlines largely offset net receipts on fares and freight. They aggregated \$87 million in 1952 while foreign airlines' expenses in the United States amounted to \$32 million.

#### Changes in Public and Private Debt

(Continued from page 19)

Noncorporate nonfarm commercial debt rose 7 percent during 1952, amounting to \$12 billion at the close of the year. The year's increase was about one-half of the 1951 rise, and about one-fourth of the advance in 1950. This debt category represents bank commercial and industrial loans to noncorporate business, overdrafts, and loans to institutional borrowers. The lower rate of expansion in 1952 was primarily the reflection of reduced inventory requirements.

Loans to purchase or carry securities amounted to \$4.8 billion on December 31, 1952, 17 percent above the \$4.1 billion outstanding at the end of 1951. Last year's increase was a reversal of the movement which occurred during 1951, when security loans declined 9 percent. Margin requirements were raised from 50 percent to 75 percent in January 1951, and remained at 75 percent for the rest of that year and throughout 1952.

A major portion of the increase during 1952 stemmed from loans to purchase or carry an expanded volume of government obligations. With respect to corporate securities, the value of market transactions declined somewhat from 1951 to 1952, although prices advanced.

The other component of financial debt as shown in table 7, policy and collateral loans by insurance companies, reached \$2.7 billion at the end of 1952, five percent above such loans at the close of 1951. Over the longer run, the growth in policy loans has stemmed primarily from increased ownership of life insurance. The ratio of policy loans to reserves, an index of funds available for such loans, was 4.3 percent in 1952, approximately equal to that in other high-income, postwar years.

#### **Technical Notes**

Gross debt is defined to include all classes of legal indebtedness except the following: (1) the deposit liability of banks and the amount of bank notes in circulation; (2) the value of outstanding policies and annuities of life insurance carriers; (3) the short-term debts among individuals and unincorporated nonfinancial business firms; and (4) the nominal debt of corporations, such as bonds which are authorized but unissued, or outstanding but reacquired.

Net debt for each of four sectors is defined as follows: Federal Government net debt is that owed to all other sectors of the economy except the Federal Government proper and its corporations and agencies; State and local government net debt is that owed to all other economic entities except State and local governments; corporate net debt is that owed to all other entities (including corporations) except to other corporate members of an affiliated system; and private noncorporate net (and gross) debt is the summation of all forms of legal noncorporate indebtedness except that among individuals and unincorporated nonfinancial business firms. Data showing adjustments for duplication involved in passing from gross to net debt are given in detail in tables 3, 4, and 5.

These concepts were more fully discussed in the October 1950 issue of the SURVEY.

The statistical bases for the present estimates are in general similar to those used in the past. These have been explained in articles in the July 1944 and September 1945 issues of the SURVEY and in the special bulletin "Indebtedness in the United States, 1929–41" (Department of Commerce Economic Series No. 21, U. S. Government Printing Office, 1942). In the September 1946 and September 1947 articles modifications of former procedures were noted.

The present report contains the full set of estimates provided by the Office of Business Economics Debt Study, and supersedes the tables published in earlier reports. Revisions incorporated here include those made by the Bureau of Agricultural Economics in the series for farm mortgage debt, by the Federal Savings and Loan Insurance Corporation in its estimates of mortgage debt on 1–4 family homes, and by the Federal Reserve Board in the series for consumer credit outstanding. For the convenience of users of the data, revised values for the major debt categories affected have been extrapolated back to 1916, using appropriate links (table 1).

Other revisions for recent years have resulted from the incorporation of additional basic data.

In table 4, the distribution of local government debt by types of civil divisions shown for 1950, 1951, and 1952 is not strictly comparable with that shown for 1949 and earlier years because of changes in the Bureau of the Census classification of these units, particularly cities and special districts. (See "Governmental Debt in 1951," Bureau of the Census, December 1951.)

# Monthly BUSINESS STATISTICS

THE STATISTICS here are a continuation of the data published in BUSINESS STATISTICS, the 1951 Statistical Supplement to the SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS. That volume (price \$1.50) contains monthly data for the years 1947 to 1950, and monthly averages for earlier years back to 1935 insofar as available; it also provides a description of each series and references to sources of monthly figures prior to 1947. Series added or revised since publication of the 1951 Supplement are indicated by an asterisk (\*) and a dagger (†), respectively, the accompanying footnote indicating where historical data and a descriptive note may be found. The terms "unadjusted" and "adjusted" used to designate index numbers and dollar values refer to adjustment of monthly figures for seasonal variation.

Statistics originating in Government agencies are not copyrighted and may be reprinted freely. Data from private sources are provided through the courtesy of the compilers, and are subject to their copyrights.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1951 Statistical Supplement to the Survey			19	52				1953 January Febru- March April May June July						
	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	

Change in business inventories       do														
National incredue, total.         Diff.         201.4         20	NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT													
National incredue, total.         Diff.         201.4         20	Seasonally adjusted quarterly totals at annual rates:													
Water and salaries, fold         00.         184.5         19	National income, total													
Invaries         08.         13.5         18.3         101.4         101.4	Compensation of employees, total						201.3	-						
Multary         ID 6	Wages and salaries, total						191.3							
Government et et iblan         Ba.         Page for the event accord         Page for the event accord </td <td>Military</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>10.4</td> <td></td> <td> </td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Military						10.4							
Provision* and repressional repressional repressional and productional distribution of product profits from the relation of product of the relation of product profits in the relation of the r	Government civilian			22.4			22.6			]				
Dissinges and professional/2         do         27.0         27.1         27.1         27.1 <th< td=""><td>Supplements to wages and salaries do</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>10.0</td><td></td></th<>	Supplements to wages and salaries do												10.0	
Parm.         Op.         Ib. 2         Ib. 2         Ib. 2         Ib. 2         Ib. 2         Ib. 3         Ib. 4         Ib. 3         Ib. 4	Business and professional													
Remain income of presons.       do.       do. <t< td=""><td>Farm do</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>14.0</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Farm do						14.0							
Instruction, total         bbl. of dol.         77         7         41.7         43.6         43.4           Corporate profils flow tax total         do.         77.7         7         44.7         7         43.4         7           Corporate profils flow tax total         do.         77.7         7	Rental income of personsdo						10.3							
Corporate profils before tax, total.       00       17,0       40.3       44.4	Corporate profits and inventory valuation ad-			0 <b>-</b> -			41.5			49.6				
Corporate profits fax fiability         00         10.4	Corporate profits before tax total do													
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Corporate profits tax liability													
Net interest.       00.       7.1       7.4       7.4       7.6       7.7         Gress national product, total.       00.       343.3       201.4       201.4       202.7       201.4       20	Corporate profits after tax			17.5						20.3				
Gress national product, total.       do       345.3       301.1       302.0 $377.4$	Inventory valuation adjustment			7									6	
Personal consumption expenditors, total.       217. 2       221. 4       227. 7       230. 4         Durable goods.       00       221. 1       222. 3       221. 2       221. 2       221. 2       221. 3       221. 1       222. 3       221. 1       222. 3       221. 1       222. 3       221. 1       222. 3       221. 1       222. 3       221. 1       222. 3       221. 1       222. 3       221. 1       222. 4       121. 1	Net interest			7.1			7.4			7.6			4.4	
Personal consumption expenditors, total.       217. 2       221. 4       227. 7       230. 4         Durable goods.       00       221. 1       222. 3       221. 2       221. 2       221. 2       221. 3       221. 1       222. 3       221. 1       222. 3       221. 1       222. 3       221. 1       222. 3       221. 1       222. 3       221. 1       222. 3       221. 1       222. 3       221. 1       222. 4       121. 1	Gross national product, total			345.3			361, 1						372.4	
Nondurable goods       do       118.7       121.1       121.2	Personal consumption expenditures, total_do			217.2			224.4			227.7			230.4	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Durable goodsdo													
Gross private domestic investment.	Nondurable goods		{	118.7										
New construction </td <td>Gross private domestic investment</td> <td></td>	Gross private domestic investment													
Change in business inventories.       do.       -2.0       -2.0       -1.6       -2.9	New construction			23.1			23.9			25.0			25.3	
Net foreign investment.       -2.0       -2.0       -2.0       -2.0       -2.0 </td <td>Producers' durable equipmentdo</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>24.9</td> <td></td> <td> </td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Producers' durable equipmentdo			24.9										
Government purchases of goods and services. Utal.       77.8       77.8       80.4       82.4       8	Not foreign investment			4, 2										
total	Government purchases of goods and services.			-2.0			-1.0						-2.5	
Federal (less Government sales)do       54, 6       56, 4       56, 4       57, 4       58, 9         State and local       22, 2       22, 2       24, 0       24, 0       24, 6       55, 6         Personal income, total	totalbil. of dol			77.8			80, 4							
State and local	Federal (less Government sales)do													
Personal income, total	National security Q													
Less: Personal tax and nontax paymentsdo       34.8       35.3       36.2       36.2       36.2         Equals: Disposable personal incomedo       326.6       236.6       243.0       243.0       243.4       247.7       247.7         Personal saving\$       19.4       18.6       17.7       17.7       17.2       247.7         Seasonally adjusted, at annual rates:       110.4       277.3       277.2       280.6       280.5       231.0       233.6       282.7       128.4       17.7       17.2       247.7       247.7       247.7       17.2       280.6       280.5       231.0       233.6       282.7       128.4       17.7       17.9       293.6       282.7       128.4       190.2       191.4       192.8       194.6       196.6       196.2       196.6       196.6       196.5       280.7       190.8       190.8       190.5       201.2       201.2       201.2       22.2       22.2       22.2       22.2       22.4       22.5       22.6       22.7       22.8       23.2       33.3       33.4       33.5       33.5       33.6       33.7       33.8       33.3       33.4       33.5       33.6       33.7       23.9       33.1       33.5       33.6	state and tocal	•••••		23, 2			24, 0			24.9			24.0	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Personal income, totaldo			271.4			278.3			281.6			281.4	
Personal saving\$	Less: Personal tax and nontax paymentsdo			34.8		!	35.3						36.7	
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Equals: Disposable personal incomedo													
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Personal savings.			19.4			18.6			17.7			17.2	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	PERSONAL INCOME, BY SOURCE						i							
Wase and salary disbursements, totaldo       180.3       185.4       188.4       190.2       191.4       192.5       192.8       194.6       196.7       190.7       191.7	Seasonally adjusted, at annual rates:											ļ		
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Total personal incomebil. of dol.													288.1
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Wage and salary disbursements, totaldo						192.5							
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$														
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Service industriesdo	22. 2	22. 2			22.5								
Other labor income	Governmentdo						32.8				33.4	33.5	33.6	33.7
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Wage and salary receipts, totaldo													
Personal interest income and dividendsdo       20.9       21.0 $2\overline{1}$ .2 $2\overline{1}$ .3 $2\overline{1}$ .4 $2\overline{1}$ .5 $2\overline{1}$ .6 $2\overline{1}$ .7 $2\overline{1}$ .9 $2\overline{2}$ .0 $2\overline{2}$ .1 $2\overline{2}$ .3 $2\overline{2}$ .5 $2\overline{2}$ .3 $2\overline{2}$ .6 $2\overline{1}$ .7 $2\overline{1}$ .9 $2\overline{2}$ .0 $2\overline{2}$ .1 $2\overline{2}$ .2 $2\overline{2}$ .3 $2\overline{2}$ .5 $13.5$ $13.3$ $13.7$ $13.6$ $13.5$	Proprietors' and rental income					50.0								
$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $														92.5
bil. of dol       3.8       3.9       3.9       3.8       3.9       4.1       3.9       4.0       4.0       r 4.2       4.2         Total nonagricultural incomedo	Transfer paymentsdo													13.5
Total nonagricultural income	Less personal contributions for social insurance 🖸 👔	•												1
NEW PLANT AND EQUIPMENT EXPENDITURES;         6,244         7,265         6,147         717,225           All industries, quarterly total							3.9	4.1	3.9	4.0	4.0	4.0	r 4.2	4.2
EXPENDITURES;     6,244     7,265     6,147     717,225       Manufacturing	Total nonagricultural income	246.0	251.9	255.7	258.0	259.1	261.6	261.1	263.3	265.4	265.5	267.2	r 268.8	270.5
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	NEW PLANT AND EQUIPMENT EXPENDITURES;													
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	All industries, quarterly totalmil. of dol													
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Manuiaeturingdo			2,820			3,367			2,747			r 3, 280	
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Railroads do			206			229			199				
Public utilities do 947 1,142 904 71,148	Transportation, other than rail			302						310				
Commercial and other	Public utilitiesdodo			947			1,142			904	]		r 1.148	
	Commercial and otherdo			1.680	••••	'	1.835	·		1,675		·	r 1, 887	

<sup>r</sup> Revised. <sup>1</sup> Estimates for July-December 1953 based on anticipated capital expenditures of business are shown on p. 4 of this issue of the SURVEY. †Revised series. Quarterly estimates of national income and product and quarterly and monthly estimates of personal income have been revised beginning 1949; see pp. 28-32 of the July
 1953 SURVEY for the data. Includes inventory valuation adjustment.
 <sup>9</sup> Government sales are not deducted. §Personal saving is excess of disposable income over personal consumption expenditures shown as a component of gross national product above.
 <sup>9</sup> Data through 1951 represent employee contributions only; thereafter, personal contributions of solf-employed persons are also included.
 <sup>1</sup> Revised beginning 1939. Revisions for 1939 and 1945-50 appear on pp. 20 and 21 of the August 1952 SURVEY; those for 1951, on p. 9 of the March 1953 issue.

#### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

September 1953

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through			19	952						1953			
1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1951 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July
	GENI	ERAL	BUSIN	ESS I	NDICA	TORS	-Cont	inued		I	1		
FARM INCOME AND MARKETINGS													
Cash receipts from farming, including Government payments, totalmil. of dol Farm marketings and CCC loans, totaldo Cropsdo Livestock and products, totaldo Dairy productsdo Meat animalsdo Poultry and eggsdo Indexes of cash receipts from marketings and CCC loans. unadjusted:	2,7112,6971,2351,462410759269	2, 882 2, 874 1, 377 1, 497 394 812 278	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{3, 620} \\ \textbf{3, 609} \\ \textbf{1, 926} \\ \textbf{1, 683} \\ \textbf{370} \\ \textbf{984} \\ \textbf{316} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 4,123\\ 4,098\\ 2,303\\ 1,795\\ 365\\ 1,088\\ 330 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3,546\\ 3,528\\ 1,877\\ 1,651\\ 346\\ 911\\ 384 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3,072\\ 3,056\\ 1,537\\ 1,519\\ 338\\ 826\\ 349 \end{array}$	$2,742 \\ 2,717 \\ 1,331 \\ 1,386 \\ 337 \\ 780 \\ 259$	$1,889 \\1,872 \\669 \\1,203 \\311 \\654 \\231$	$\begin{array}{c} 2,025\\ 2,000\\ 618\\ 1,382\\ 357\\ 725\\ 290 \end{array}$	$1, 934 \\ 1, 897 \\ 522 \\ 1, 375 \\ 365 \\ 692 \\ 302 $	1, 979 1, 945 520 1, 425 407 673 318	r 2, 171 r 2, 145 r 725 1, 420 402 696 294	<ul> <li>2,495</li> <li>2,481</li> <li>1,104</li> <li>1,377</li> <li>386</li> <li>667</li> <li>300</li> </ul>
All commodities 1935-39=100. Crops do Livestock and products do Indexes of volume of farm marketings, unadjusted: All commodities 1935-39=100. Crops do Livestock and products do	407 436 385 154 165 145	434 487 394 161 182 145	544 681 443 196 237 164	618 814 472 220 274 179	532 663 435 190 217 170	461 544 400 180 197 168	410 470 365 164 183 149	283 238 317 115 93 131	302 218 364 122 81 153	286 184 362 118 68 156	293 184 375 121 69 161	, 324 , 256 374 , 137 , 97 167	<ul> <li>» 374</li> <li>» 390</li> <li>362</li> <li>» 158</li> <li>» 161</li> <li>155</li> </ul>
INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION Federal Reserve Index													
Unadjusted, combined index1935-39=100	194	218	232	233	235	233	232	236	240	240	240	- 241	₽ 235
Manufactures       do         Durable manufactures       do         Iron and steel       do         Lumber and products       do         Furniture       do         Lumber       do         Machinery       do         Nonferrous metals and products       do         Fabricating       do         Smelting and refining       do	203 232 139 150 165 143 331 201 184 241	228 269 244 160 175 152 336 213 197 251	242 292 270 167 183 159 354 225 216 248	245 301 281 164 189 151 363 237 231 251	246 305 283 160 191 143 371 241 236 251	$\begin{array}{c} 246\\ 310\\ 286\\ 151\\ 196\\ 128\\ 385\\ 246\\ 241\\ 259\end{array}$	245 312 287 151 189 132 393 250 243 266	250 319 290 158 191 142 398 259 * 245 293	255 326 297 + 162 + 193 146 + 406 259 243 301	254 7 326 292 168 7 189 157 402 263 248 299	253 322 291 7 155 7 185 139 7 400 7 262 7 251 290	254 * 321 288 * 163 * 182 * 153 * 398 * 259 * 249 * 284	\$\$\mathcal{P}\$ 247 \$\$\mathcal{P}\$ 313 \$\$\mathcal{P}\$ 279 \$
Stone, clay, and glass productsdo Cementdo Clay productsdo Glass containersdo Transportation equipmentdo Automobiles (incl. parts)do	216 236 160 255 287 162	231 261 169 272 300 175	$232 \\ 263 \\ 167 \\ 267 \\ 353 \\ 247$	$235 \\ 267 \\ 173 \\ 262 \\ 371 \\ 265$	$226 \\ 252 \\ 167 \\ 245 \\ 376 \\ 272$	$214 \\ 231 \\ 165 \\ 210 \\ 392 \\ 282$	209 209 155 227 391 283	216 212 157 248 403 297	$227 \\ 224 \\ 161 \\ 271 \\ 412 \\ 308$	230 249 r 161 261 r 417 r 314	238 259 160 291 r 407 r 304	236 259 7 164 276 7 407 7 304	P 232 267 P 159 269 P 407 P 302
Nondurable manufactures	181 186 295 565 90 77 98 174 215 137 179	$195 \\ 159 \\ 299 \\ 568 \\ 116 \\ 95 \\ 129 \\ 185 \\ 214 \\ 138 \\ 234$	$\begin{array}{c} 201 \\ 159 \\ 305 \\ 567 \\ 111 \\ 95 \\ 123 \\ 192 \\ 173 \\ 154 \\ 279 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 200 \\ 173 \\ 309 \\ 578 \\ 112 \\ 104 \\ 118 \\ 178 \\ 133 \\ 169 \\ 190 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c} 199\\ 163\\ 313\\ 595\\ 114\\ 107\\ 120\\ 165\\ 106\\ 190\\ 114 \end{array} $	$193 \\ 142 \\ 314 \\ 598 \\ 107 \\ 99 \\ 112 \\ 161 \\ 107 \\ 208 \\ 100 \\$	$191 \\ 134 \\ 311 \\ 595 \\ 117 \\ 103 \\ 126 \\ 153 \\ 98 \\ 199 \\ 93$	$194 \\ 144 \\ 313 \\ 598 \\ 122 \\ 109 \\ 131 \\ 149 \\ 109 \\ 166 \\ 90$	197 161 * 318 * 605 116 97 129 * 151 128 166 85	196 165 322 7 614 7 112 102 119 7 151 162 159 7 90	198 164 320 619 111 * 103 116 156 202 154 * 100	199 174 7 323 7 627 103 95 108 162 225 7 156 7 111	p 193 181 p 325 p 646 p 172 221 149 p 176
Paper and products	$\begin{array}{c} 159\\ 153\\ 259\\ 67\\ 225\\ 145\\ 225\\ 147\\ 111\\ 343\\ 103\\ 179\\ \end{array}$	188 180 280 169 231 157 242 170 143 369 123 193	191 181 282 177 234 166 252 177 145 377 137 137	203 192 279 179 225 180 260 172 142 361 134 134	$\begin{array}{c} 205\\ 194\\ 290\\ 182\\ 233\\ 183\\ 264\\ 176\\ 149\\ 356\\ 137\\ 184\\ \end{array}$	$195 \\ 185 \\ 291 \\ 186 \\ 229 \\ 172 \\ 272 \\ 169 \\ 141 \\ 337 \\ 138 \\ 159 \\ 159 \\ 185 \\ 159 \\ 185 $	200 191 293 188 230 168 268 169 140 350 130 178	207 198 293 188 231 178 270 173 149 338 142 184	211 201 289 189 225 187 275 173 148 352 137 183	210 200 7 286 187 225 187 272 7 169 141 355 7 128 174	r 210 199 288 189 230 187 r 288 173 143 367 130 174	r 208 197 r 296 189 r 238 270 174 142 r 367 135 176	P 184 P 298 188 P 243 P 161 P 270 P 156 113 361
Minerals	<sup>1</sup> r 141 <sup>1</sup> r 151 57 <sup>1</sup> r 76 190 81	$ \begin{array}{r} 161\\ 161\\ 61\\ 102\\ 194\\ 164 \end{array} $	$180 \\ 180 \\ 88 \\ 144 \\ 203 \\ 178$	$ \begin{array}{r} 166 \\ 167 \\ 95 \\ 93 \\ 203 \\ 164 \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{r}       170 \\       177 \\       87 \\       135 \\       202 \\       131     \end{array} $	$163 \\ 176 \\ 71 \\ 125 \\ 207 \\ 84$	$159 \\ 172 \\ 60 \\ 116 \\ 204 \\ 84$	$158 \\ 170 \\ 60 \\ 109 \\ 205 \\ 87$	$     \begin{array}{r}       157 \\       168 \\       52 \\       107 \\       204 \\       90 \\       90     \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{r}       163 \\       167 \\       47 \\       113 \\       201 \\       134     \end{array} $	7 166 7 168 66 113 7 199 7 160	* 172 * 173 66 * 116 * 206 * 171	P 170 P 169 57 103 P 207 P 171
Adjusted, combined indexo <sup>7</sup> do	193	215	228	230	234	235	236	240	243	241	240	r 240	₽ 233
Manufacturesdo	202	225	237	242	245	247	249 21.6	254	258	255	253	253	₽ 245 010
Durable manufactures       do         Lumber and products       do         Lumber       do         Nonferrous metals       do         Smelting and refining       do         Stone, clay, and glass products       do         Cement       do         Glass containers       do	230 141 128 201 242 214 215 158 266	267 149 135 213 251 221 231 163 261	290 155 140 225 248 222 227 161 261	$\begin{array}{c} 300 \\ 155 \\ 138 \\ 237 \\ 251 \\ 224 \\ 231 \\ 163 \\ 254 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c} & 304 \\ & 161 \\ & 146 \\ & 240 \\ & 251 \\ & 221 \\ & 233 \\ & 162 \\ & 242 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 313\\165\\149\\246\\258\\221\\254\\160\\225\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 316\\ 171\\ 162\\ 250\\ 266\\ 223\\ 257\\ 168\\ 232\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 322 \\ 175 \\ 166 \\ 259 \\ 293 \\ 233 \\ 279 \\ 166 \\ 255 \end{array}$	328 172 161 259 300 238 273 169 271	$\begin{array}{c} 326\\ 168\\ 157\\ 263\\ 299\\ r 232\\ 262\\ 165\\ 261\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 321 \\ 151 \\ 134 \\ 7262 \\ 290 \\ 231 \\ 246 \\ 160 \\ 271 \end{array}$	r 320 r 154 r 139 r 259 r 285 233 242 r 165 r 279	p 312 p 146 p 130 p 252 p 287 p 230 243 p 158 280
Nondurable manufactures		191 151 302 116 97 164 148 158 123	$ \begin{array}{c} 194\\155\\302\\112\\97\\168\\148\\170\\143\end{array} $	$195 \\ 162 \\ 304 \\ 112 \\ 103 \\ 165 \\ 146 \\ 169 \\ 147 $	197 180 308 113 103 161 147 170 124	$ \begin{array}{c}     194 \\     166 \\     309 \\     107 \\     100 \\     164 \\     152 \\     176 \\     128 \\ \end{array} $	$195 \\ 158 \\ 310 \\ 116 \\ 103 \\ 165 \\ 151 \\ 169 \\ 143$	7 198 159 310 119 101 165 151 174 143	$\begin{array}{c} 201\\ 173\\ 314\\ 117\\ 98\\ 168\\ 154\\ 179\\ r\\ 155\end{array}$	198 164 319 112 102 165 156 171 148	199 155 320 111 104 163 152 154 r 154	* 198 152 324 104 97 * 161 152 * 157 * 144	p 192 158 p 328 p 161 150 157 p 135

Revised. P Preliminary. 1 Revisions for June 1952: Minerals 147; fuels, 160; bituminous coal, 97.
 tRevised annual totals for 1910-44, incorporating changes in methods of estimation and adjustments in production, disposition, and prices, are shown on p. 23 of the December 1951
 SURVEY; revisions beginning 1945 to adjust to benchmarks indicated by the 1950 Census of Agriculture will be available later.
 Seasonal factors for a number of industries were fixed at 100 during 1939-42; data for these industries are shown only in the unadjusted series.

#### September 1953

#### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through			19	52						1953			
1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1951 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July
	GENH	ERAL	BUSIN	ESS I	NDICA	TORS	-Cont	inued					
INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION—Continued													
Federal Reserve Index—Continued						!							
A djusted 3 <sup></sup> Continued Manufactures—Continued Nondurable manufactures—Continued Paper and products	$160 \\ 154 \\ 157$	188 180 165	192 181 165	203 192 176	$205 \\ 194 \\ 175$	$196 \\ 185 \\ 168$	200 191 173	207 197 180	211 201 183	209 199 181	209 199 184	7 207 197 179	р 185 р 173
Tobacco products	172 171 17139	186	187 187 175	190 164	175 181 171	108 172 168	173 179 164	194 194	183 194 162	181 184 164	174 174 * 164	169 * 169	р 165
Metalsdo	65	131	149	145	138	117	120	123	125	145	7 144	r 145	p 138
BUSINESS SALES AND INVENTORIES <sup>§†</sup> Business sales (adjusted), totalmil. of dol.	44, 474	43, 628	46, 288	48, 344	46, 229	48,023	47, 383	48, 827	49, 104	7 49, 988	7 49, 406	r 49.311	49, 894
Manufacturing, total	21, 858 9, 777 12, 081 8, 949 2, 817 6, 132 13, 667 4, 494 9, 173	10, 437 10, 437 11, 460 8, 371 2, 495 5, 876 13, 359 4, 199 9, 160	$\begin{array}{c} 13, 263\\ 11, 510\\ 12, 154\\ 9, 055\\ 2, 793\\ 6, 262\\ 13, 570\\ 4, 505\\ 9, 065\end{array}$	24, 753 11, 968 12, 785 9, 389 2, 931 6, 458 14, 202 4, 844 9, 358	$\begin{array}{c} 40,223\\23,430\\11,676\\11,754\\8,773\\2,737\\6,036\\14,026\\4,769\\9,257\end{array}$	48, 023 24, 276 11, 913 12, 363 9, 337 2, 962 6, 375 14, 410 4, 871 9, 539	47, 383 24, 292 12, 195 12, 097 8, 951 2, 777 6, 174 14, 140 5, 000 9, 140	$\begin{array}{c} 43, 52, \\ 25, 170\\ 12, 828\\ 12, 342\\ 9, 143\\ 2, 929\\ 6, 214\\ 14, 514\\ 5, 304\\ 9, 211\end{array}$	49, 104 25, 469 12, 821 12, 648 9, 198 2, 952 6, 246 14, 437 5, 211 9, 225	26, 850 13, 490 13, 360 8, 858 2, 897 5, 961 7 14, 280 7 5, 124 9, 156	26, 226 13, 238 12, 988 8, 713 2, 846 5, 867 r 14, 467 r 5, 154 r 9, 313	r 26, 172 r 13, 046 r 13, 126 r 8, 666 2, 892 r 5, 774 r 14, 473 r 5, 103 r 9, 370	$\begin{array}{c} 43,834\\ 26,721\\ 13,448\\ 13,273\\ 8,627\\ 2,799\\ 5,828\\ 14,546\\ 5,122\\ 9,424 \end{array}$
Business inventories, book value, end of month (adjusted), total.       mil. of dol.         Manufacturing, total.       do.         Durable-goods industries.       do.         Nondurable-goods industries.       do.         Wholesale trade, total.       do.         Durable-goods establishments.       do.         Nondurable-goods establishments.       do.         Durable-goods establishments.       do.         Nondurable-goods establishments.       do.         Nondurable-goods stores.       do.         Nurable-goods stores.       do.	72,76542,74822,96219,7869,8904,8645,02620,1278,74911,378	$\begin{array}{c} 72,714\\ 43,107\\ 23,200\\ 19,908\\ 9,862\\ 4,934\\ 4,928\\ 19,745\\ 8,626\\ 11,119\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 73,437\\43,224\\23,292\\19,932\\9,932\\4,964\\4,968\\20,281\\8,956\\11,325\end{array}$	74, 189 43, 415 23, 615 19, 800 10, 122 4, 986 5, 136 20, 652 9, 175 11, 477	74,68243,59623,83519,76110,1915,0845,10720,8959,38411,511	$\begin{array}{c} 74,757\\ 43,824\\ 24,292\\ 19,532\\ 10,129\\ 5,079\\ 5,050\\ 20,804\\ 9,352\\ 11,452 \end{array}$	74, 619 43, 706 24, 392 19, 374 10, 039 5, 084 4, 955 20, 814 9, 539 11, 275	74, 941 43, 848 24, 480 19, 368 10, 120 5, 219 4, 901 20, 973 9, 905 11, 068	$\begin{array}{c} 75, 335\\ 44, 056\\ 24, 746\\ 19, 309\\ 10, 183\\ 5, 336\\ 4, 847\\ 21, 096\\ 10, 084\\ 11, 012 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 76, 466\\ 44, 566\\ 25, 122\\ 19, 444\\ 10, 244\\ 5, 322\\ 4, 922\\ 21, 656\\ 10, 396\\ 11, 260\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 76,836\\ 44,970\\ 25,420\\ 19,550\\ 10,323\\ 5,349\\ 4,974\\ 21,543\\ 10,252\\ 11,291 \end{array}$	r 77, 497 r 45, 525 r 25, 775 r 19, 750 r 10, 400 r 5, 276 r 5, 124 r 21, 572 r 10, 257 r 11, 315	$\begin{array}{c} 78, 144\\ 45, 670\\ 25, 925\\ 19, 745\\ 10, 420\\ 5, 421\\ 4, 999\\ 22, 054\\ 10, 545\\ 11, 509 \end{array}$
MANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES, AND ORDERS†									, í				
Sales:mil. of dolmil. of dolmil. of dol	$20,051 \\ 8,844 \\ 11,207$	22, 605 10, 579 12, 026	24,700 11,905 12,795	26, 488 12, 787 13, 701	$\begin{array}{c} 23,408 \\ 11,510 \\ 11,898 \end{array}$	24,315 12,172 12,142	23, 888 11, 747 12, 141	r 23, 998 r 12, 089 11, 909	26, 738 13, 581 13, 157	<b>26, 219</b> 13, 456 12, 763	25, 302 12, 893 12, 410	r 25, 878 r 13, 305 r 12, 572	24, 481 12, 190 12, 291
Value (adjusted), total	$\begin{array}{c} 21,858\\ 9,777\\ 1,113\\ 1,184\\ 1,106\\ 1,942\\ 1,167\\ 790\\ 377\\ 621\\ 497\\ 302\\ 678\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 21,898\\ 10,437\\ 1,930\\ 1,053\\ 1,168\\ 1,833\\ 1,309\\ 811\\ 389\\ 600\\ 522\\ 261\\ 563\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 23,663\\11,510\\2,107\\1,156\\1,256\\1,966\\1,831\\749\\419\\629\\545\\245\\607\end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c} 24,753\\ 11,968\\ 2,198\\ 1,203\\ 1,205\\ 2,068\\ 1,842\\ 812\\ 410\\ 678\\ 553\\ 277\\ 663\\ \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} 23,430\\ 11,676\\ 2,100\\ 1,177\\ 1,238\\ 2,060\\ 1,826\\ 923\\ 362\\ 596\\ 518\\ 255\\ 623\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 24,276\\ 11,913\\ 2,048\\ 1,287\\ 1,259\\ 2,053\\ 1,920\\ 819\\ 362\\ 727\\ 497\\ 310\\ 629\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 24,292\\ 12,195\\ 2,082\\ 1,397\\ 1,256\\ 2,138\\ 2,068\\ 817\\ 305\\ 721\\ 509\\ 312\\ 590\end{array}$	25, 170 12, 828 2, 115 1, 481 2, 204 2, 204 2, 164 837 815 766 571 311 723	$\begin{array}{c} 25,469\\ 12,821\\ 2,150\\ 1,446\\ 1,347\\ 2,137\\ 2,241\\ 786\\ 361\\ 717\\ 585\\ 331\\ 719\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 26,850\\ 13,490\\ 2,296\\ 1,589\\ 1,316\\ 2,224\\ 2,344\\ 878\\ 373\\ 800\\ 558\\ 365\\ 766\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 26, 226\\ 13, 238\\ 2, 258\\ 1, 507\\ 1, 361\\ 2, 097\\ 2, 311\\ 885\\ 377\\ 745\\ 590\\ 370\\ 738\end{array}$	r 26, 172 r 13, 046 r 2, 172 r 1, 457 r 2, 089 r 2, 255 r 816 r 367 r 752 r 697 r 353 r 710	$\begin{array}{c} 26,721\\ 13,448\\ 2,354\\ 1,545\\ 1,367\\ 2,076\\ 2,256\\ 361\\ 786\\ 596\\ 414\\ 735\end{array}$
Nondurable-goods industries, totaldo       do	$\begin{array}{c} 12,081\\ 3,267\\ 609\\ 325\\ 1,162\\ r1,174\\ 267\\ 650\\ 704\\ 1,560\\ 1,956\\ 408 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 11, 460\\ 3, 012\\ 573\\ 310\\ 1, 058\\ 965\\ 282\\ 667\\ 1, 473\\ 2, 003\\ 452 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 12,154\\ 3,246\\ 5534\\ 324\\ 1,137\\ 1,068\\ 275\\ 699\\ 678\\ 1,602\\ 2,109\\ 482\end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c c} 12,785\\ 3,452\\ 513\\ 327\\ 1,188\\ 1,281\\ 265\\ 734\\ 720\\ 1,660\\ 2,181\\ 464 \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} 11,754\\ 3,191\\ 457\\ 309\\ 1,084\\ 1,143\\ 234\\ 663\\ 678\\ 1,532\\ 2,059\\ 403\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 12, 363\\ 3, 203\\ 545\\ 344\\ 1, 151\\ 1, 260\\ 288\\ 682\\ 691\\ 1, 558\\ 2, 114\\ 438\end{array}$	12, 097	$12, 342 \\ 3, 314 \\ 465 \\ 333 \\ 1, 113 \\ 1, 038 \\ 307 \\ 722 \\ 754 \\ 1, 715 \\ 2, 081 \\ 499 \\$	$\begin{array}{c} 12, 648\\ 3, 480\\ 570\\ 325\\ 1, 127\\ 1, 036\\ 292\\ 718\\ 754\\ 1, 767\\ 2, 067\\ 510\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 13,360\\ 3,674\\ 576\\ 327\\ 1,345\\ 1,176\\ 299\\ 720\\ 781\\ 1,808\\ 2,146\\ 508\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 12,958\\ 3,572\\ 600\\ 308\\ 1,242\\ 1,174\\ 301\\ 708\\ 770\\ 1,781\\ 2,061\\ 472\end{array}$	* 13, 126 * 3, 453 * 671 318 * 1, 185 * 1, 185 * 734 * 738 * 1, 734 * 2, 268 * 488	$\begin{array}{c} 13, 273\\ 3, 656\\ 705\\ 323\\ 1, 225\\ 1, 197\\ 342\\ 768\\ 712\\ 1, 743\\ 2, 115\\ \end{array}$
Inventories, end of month: Book value (unadjusted), totaldo Durable-goods industriesdo Nondurable-goods industriesdo	42, 660 23, 050 19, 610	42, 707 23, 116 19, 591	42, 660 23, 147 19, 513	42, 920 23, 385 19, 536	43, 243 23, 553 19, 690	43, 829 24, 045 19, 784	$\begin{array}{c} 44,037\\24,253\\19,784\end{array}$	44, 264 24, 539 19, 726	44, 551 24, 990 19, 560	44, 794 25, 332 19, 462	45, 287 25, 771 19, 516	r 45, 685 r 25, 980 r 19, 704	45, 628 26, 044 19, 583
By stages of fabrication: Purchased materialsdo Goods in processdo Finished goodsdo	15, 737 11, 813 15, 110	15, 699 12, 041 14, 967	15, 836 12, 132 14, 692	16, 058 12, 272 14, 590	$16,236 \\ 12,268 \\ 14,739$	16, 414 12, 516 14, 898	16, 106 12, 735 15, 195	16, 030 13, 044 15, 190	16, 052 13, 236 15, 263	15, 909 13, 371 15, 514	16, 028 13, 368 15, 891	16, 197 7 13, 451 7 16, 037	$16,348 \\ 13,274 \\ 16,005$
Book value (adjusted), total       do         Durable-goods industries, total       do         Primary metals       do         Fabricated metal products       do         Electrical machinery and equipmentdo       Machinery, except electricaldo         Motor vehicles and equipmentdo       Transportation equipment, n. e.sdo         Furniture and fixturesdo       Stone, clay, and glass productsdo         Professional and scientific instrumentsdo       Other industries, including ordnancedo	$\begin{array}{c} 42,748\\ 22,962\\ 2,928\\ 2,235\\ 3,062\\ 5,314\\ 2,517\\ 2,248\\ 555\\ 1,062\\ 757\\ 1,420\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 43, 107\\ 23, 200\\ 2, 971\\ 2, 309\\ 3, 037\\ 5, 280\\ 2, 641\\ 2, 291\\ 532\\ 1, 010\\ 904\\ 770\\ 1, 456\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 43,224\\ 23,292\\ 3,031\\ 2,318\\ 3,031\\ 5,274\\ 2,636\\ 2,343\\ 534\\ 1,006\\ 892\\ 764\\ 1,462\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 43,416\\ 23,615\\ 3,084\\ 2,362\\ 3,039\\ 5,275\\ 2,735\\ 2,735\\ 2,472\\ 533\\ 1,019\\ 874\\ 778\\ 1,445\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 43, 596\\ 23, 835\\ 3, 165\\ 2, 401\\ 3, 032\\ 5, 287\\ 2, 853\\ 2, 455\\ 543\\ 1, 054\\ 852\\ 785\\ 1, 408\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 43,824\\ 24,292\\ 3,122\\ 2,424\\ 3,096\\ 5,411\\ 3,009\\ 2,576\\ 518\\ 1,066\\ 850\\ 808\\ 1,412\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 43,766\\ 24,392\\ 3,156\\ 2,439\\ 3,120\\ 5,396\\ 3,017\\ 2,566\\ 525\\ 1,072\\ 872\\ 872\\ 809\\ 1,420\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 43,848\\24,480\\3,080\\2,420\\3,137\\5,445\\3,050\\2,609\\544\\1,076\\890\\808\\1,422\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 44,056\\24,746\\3,070\\2,446\\3,200\\5,482\\3,139\\2,643\\544\\1,092\\900\\794\\1,438\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 44, 566\\ 25, 122\\ 3, 083\\ 2, 507\\ 3, 302\\ 5, 514\\ 3, 265\\ 2, 661\\ 534\\ 1, 086\\ 1, 086\\ 920\\ 799\\ 1, 451 \end{array}$	44, 970 25, 420 3, 132 2, 573 3, 382 5, 514 3, 313 2, 635 554 1, 089 935 807 1, 486	* 45, 525 * 25, 775 * 3, 175 * 2, 694 * 3, 319 * 5, 529 * 3, 338 * 2, 701 * 569 * 1, 094 * 953 * 818 * 1, 486	$\begin{array}{c} 45,670\\ 25,925\\ 3,234\\ 2,756\\ 3,466\\ 5,521\\ 3,320\\ 2,729\\ 585\\ 1,085\\ 939\\ 808\\ 1,481\end{array}$

\* Revised. P Preliminary. See note marked "S" on p. S-2. 1 Revision for June 1952, 146. SThe term "business" here includes only manufacturing and trade. Business inventories as shown on p. S-1 cover data for all types of producers, both farm and nonfarm. Unadjusted data for manufacturing are shown on this page; those for retail and wholesale trade, on pp. S-8, S-9, and S-10. Revised series. All components of business sales, inventories, and orders have been revised since publication of the 1951 STATISTICAL SUPPLEMENT. The latest revision (affecting data back to 1949) and appropriate explanations of changes for all series except retail sales appear in the October 1952 SURVEY (see pp. 12ff.), in the November 1952 issue (see pp. 18ff.), and in the March 1953 issue (see p. 20); the new estimates of retail sales (which begin with data for 1951), together with the revised old series for 1951, were first shown in the September 1952 SURVEY (see pp. 17-19 and 23, 24).

#### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

#### September 1953

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through			19	952			l			1953			
1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1951 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July
-	GENI	ERAL	BUSIN	ESS I	NDICA	TORS	—Cont	inued					_
MANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES, AND ORDERS†Continued													
Inventories, end of month—Continued Book value (adjusted)—Continued Nondurable-goods industries, totalmil. of dol Food and kindred productsdo Beveragesdo Tobacco manufacturesdo Textile-mill productsdo Apparel and related productsdo Paper and allied productsdo Printing and publishingdo Chemicals and allied productsdo Petroleum and coal productsdo Rubber productsdo	$\begin{array}{c} 19,786\\ 3,485\\ 1,289\\ 1,724\\ 2,764\\ 1,685\\ 554\\ 1,007\\ 715\\ 2,995\\ 2,683\\ 884\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 19,908\\ 3,489\\ 1,259\\ 1,720\\ 2,798\\ 1,770\\ 543\\ 972\\ 722\\ 3,022\\ 2,728\\ 884 \end{array}$	$19,932\\3,443\\1,268\\1,726\\2,833\\1,725\\541\\973\\734\\3,022\\2,788\\877$	$\begin{array}{c} 19,800\\ 3,488\\ 1,222\\ 1,726\\ 2,841\\ 1,609\\ 549\\ 960\\ 744\\ 3,010\\ 2,777\\ 874\end{array}$	$19,761 \\ 3,450 \\ 1,202 \\ 1,742 \\ 2,743 \\ 1,618 \\ 545 \\ 974 \\ 775 \\ 3,009 \\ 2,805 \\ 897 \\ \\ 897 \\ \\ \end{array}$	$19,532\\3,332\\1,164\\1,778\\2,654\\1,665\\548\\1,001\\758\\2,968\\2,968\\2,968\\2,968\\2,968\\2,968$	$19, 374 \\3, 312 \\1, 153 \\2, 606 \\1, 689 \\549 \\990 \\757 \\2, 915 \\2, 716 \\915 \\915 \\915 \\$	$19, 368 \\ 3, 378 \\ 1, 184 \\ 1, 738 \\ 2, 618 \\ 1, 683 \\ 534 \\ 992 \\ 746 \\ 2, 894 \\ 2, 894 \\ 2, 713 \\ 887 \\ \\ \\ 887 \\ \\ \end{tabular}$	$\begin{array}{c} 19,309\\ 3,275\\ 1,198\\ 1,731\\ 2,597\\ 1,674\\ 553\\ 990\\ 755\\ 2,907\\ 755\\ 2,907\\ 2,726\\ 903\end{array}$	$19, 444 \\3, 241 \\1, 190 \\1, 750 \\2, 648 \\1, 678 \\572 \\998 \\755 \\2, 969 \\2, 726 \\916 \\916$	$19,550 \\ 3,198 \\ 1,184 \\ 1,766 \\ 2,671 \\ 1,672 \\ 604 \\ 987 \\ 736 \\ 3,005 \\ 2,803 \\ 924 \\$	$\begin{array}{c} r \ 19, 750 \\ r \ 3, 147 \\ r \ 1, 183 \\ r \ 1, 759 \\ r \ 2, 762 \\ r \ 1, 607 \\ r \ 624 \\ r \ 976 \\ 750 \\ r \ 3, 122 \\ r \ 2, 789 \\ 942 \end{array}$	$19,74 \\ 3,06 \\ 1,13 \\ 1,78 \\ 2,79 \\ 1,80 \\ 58 \\ 94 \\ 72 \\ 3,16 \\ 2,81 \\ \end{array}$
New orders, net (adjusted), totalOdo Durable-goods industries, totaldo Primary metalsdo Bebricated metal productsdo Belectrical machinery and equipmentdo Machinery, except electricaldo Transportation equipment, including motor vehicles and partsmil. of dol. Other industries, including ordnancedo Nondurable-goods industries, totaldo Industries with unfilled orders ?	23, 434 11, 140 1, 374 1, 252 1, 174 1, 916 2, 815 2, 609 12, 295 2, 996 9, 298	$\begin{array}{c} 21,852\\9,998\\1,789\\1,142\\1,066\\1,515\\2,368\\2,118\\11,854\\3,067\\8,787\end{array}$	24, 516 12, 328 2, 194 1, 375 1, 311 1, 883 3, 301 2, 265 12, 187 2, 823	$\begin{array}{c c} 24,152\\11,452\\2,211\\1,289\\1,324\\1,926\\2,252\\2,451\\12,700\\2,822\\0\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 23,061\\ 11,441\\ 1,855\\ 1,169\\ 1,184\\ 1,999\\ 2,789\\ 2,445\\ 11,620\\ 2,525\end{array}$	24, 466 12, 011 1, 834 1, 203 1, 366 1, 965 2, 991 2, 651 12, 456 2, 904	$\begin{array}{c} 24,270\\ 12,080\\ 2,027\\ 1,408\\ 1,579\\ 1,784\\ 2,946\\ 2,335\\ 12,190\\ 2,960\\ 2,900\end{array}$	25, 530 13, 138 2, 165 1, 390 1, 363 1, 813 3, 824 2, 583 12, 392 2, 946	$\begin{array}{c} 24,591\\ 12,023\\ 2,080\\ 1,322\\ 1,096\\ 1,894\\ 2,792\\ 2,838\\ 12,567\\ 2,811\\ 2,8$	25, 721 12, 621 2, 083 1, 330 1, 684 2, 202 2, 415 2, 907 13, 100 2, 885	7 25, 306 7 12, 444 2, 206 1, 527 1, 426 1, 956 7 2, 564 2, 765 12, 862 2, 895	r 25, 553 r 12, 456 r 2, 152 r 1, 233 r 1, 189 r 1, 946 r 3, 160 r 2, 777 r 13, 097 r 2, 982	$\begin{array}{c} 25, 16\\ 11, 92\\ 1, 93\\ 1, 41\\ 1, 52\\ 2, 04\\ 2, 32\\ 2, 67\\ 13, 24\\ 3, 02\\ 2, 67\end{array}$
Industries without unfilled orders¶do Unfilled orders (unadjusted), total⊙do Durable-goods industries, totaldo Primary metalsdo Fabricated metal productsdo Electrical machinery and equipmentdo Machinery, except electricaldo Transportation equipment, including motor	74, 985 71, 705 8, 561 6, 196 11, 497 11, 279	75, 220 71, 882 8, 597 6, 226 11, 419 11, 115	9, 364 75, 662 72, 305 8, 465 6, 383 11, 512 10, 942	9,878 74,478 71,256 8,406 6,335 11,501 10,651	9,095 73,163 70,049 8,125 6,209 11,241 10,438	9, 552 72, 520 69, 605 7, 930 5, 994 11, 338 10, 226	$\begin{array}{c}9,230\\73,366\\70,230\\7,874\\6,305\\11,592\\10,102\end{array}$	9, 446 73, 699 70, 492 7, 843 6, 247 11, 440 9, 871	9, 756 73, 367 70, 201 7, 838 6, 263 11, 372 9, 665	$\begin{array}{c} 10, 215\\ 72, 432\\ 69, 328\\ 7, 618\\ 6, 194\\ 11, 592\\ 9, 558\end{array}$	9, 967 7 71, 227 7 68, 051 7, 390 6, 096 11, 576 9, 313	r 10, 114 r 70, 848 r 67, 476 r 7, 345 r 5, 779 r 11, 599 r 9, 010	$10, 22 \\70, 47 \\67, 24 \\7, 30 \\5, 71 \\11, 91 \\9, 19$
vehicles and partsmil. of dol Other industries, including ordnancedo Nondurable-goods industries, total 9do	27, 563 6, 609 3, 280	27, 912 6, 613 3, 338	$28,587 \\ 6,417 \\ 3,357$	28, 2496, 1123, 223	28, 081 5, 954 3, 114	$28,380 \\ 5,737 \\ 2,915$	$28,536 \\ 5,820 \\ 3,136$	29, 128 5, 963 3, 208	$\begin{array}{c} 28,824 \\ 6,238 \\ 3,166 \end{array}$	$28,067 \\ 6,298 \\ 3,104$	7 27, 568 6, 110 3, 176	* 27, 757 * 5, 986 * 3, 372	27, 10 6, 00 3, 23

#### **BUSINESS POPULATION**

OPERATING BUSINESSEAND BUSINESS (Departing businesse, end of quarter, totalthous	ODED ATING DUSINESSES AND DUSINESS													
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$														
Manufacturing       do       300.5       295.4	Operating businesses, end of quarter, totalthous													
Service industries       do.       888.2       567.2       587.2														
Retail trade				300. 5		<b>-</b> -								
Wholesale trade.       do.       211.4       211.3       615.0         All other       do.       613.3       615.0       615.0         New businesses, quarterly total.       do.       86.5       82.3         Contract construction.       do.       86.5       82.3         Manufacturing.       do.       86.5       82.3         Retail trade.       do.       31.3       22.6         Wholesale trade.       do.       31.3       22.6         Wholesale trade.       do.       31.3       22.6         Jiscontinued businesses, quarterly total.       do.       81.3       22.6         Obscontinued businesses, quarterly total.       do.       81.3       22.6       21.13         Discontinued businesses, quarterly total.       do.       81.3       22.6       21.13         Manufacturing.       do.       11.2       13.6       21.13       21.13         Discontinued businesses, quarterly total.       do.       11.2       13.6       21.13       21.13         Manufacturing.       do.       11.2       13.6       21.13       21.13       21.13         Discontinued businesses, quarterly total\$       do.       11.2       13.6       21.13       <														
All other	Whaleen la trade													
New bushesses, quarterly total.       do. $90.2$ $80.5$ $12.3$ Contract construction.       do. $80.5$ $8.2$ $8.6$ Service industries.       do. $8.6$ $8.2$ $8.2$ Manufacturing.       do. $8.6$ $8.2$ $8.2$ Metail trade.       do. $8.3$ $14.7$ $8.2$ Wholesale trade.       do. $33.1$ $29.6$ $8.2$ Manufacturing.       do. $81.3$ $29.6$ $8.7$ Discontinued businesses, quarterly total.       do. $81.3$ $29.6$ $8.7$ Manufacturing.       do. $81.3$ $96.0$ $8.6$ $8.7$ Service industries.       do. $81.3$ $96.0$ $8.6$ $8.6$ Manufacturing.       do. $81.3$ $96.0$ $8.6$ $8.9$ Service industries.       do. $11.2$ $13.6$ $13.6$ $13.6$ Manufacturing.       do. $12.9$ $13.7$ $13.6$ $13.6$ $13.6$ Business transfers, quarterly total§.       do. $10.2$ <	All other			211.4 612.2										
Contract construction       do.       16.2       12.3         Manufacturing       do.       8.6       8.2         Service industries       do.       15.3       14.7         Retail trade       do.       33.1       29.6         Wholesale trade       do.       33.1       29.6         All other       do.       13.2       12.1         Discontinued businesses, quarterly total.       do.       11.2         Manufacturing       do.       11.2         Manufacturing       do.       11.2         Service industries       do.       11.2         Manufacturing       do.       11.2         Manufacturing       do.       11.2         Service industries       do.       12.9         Manufacturing       do.       12.9         Service industries       do.       12.9         Maufacturing       do.       12.9         Service industries       do.       12.9         Maufacturing       do.       12.9         Service industries       do.       12.9         Hother       35.2       39.4         Wholesale trade       do.       101.2         Business tra	An other			015.5			015, 0							
Contract construction       do.       16.2       12.3         Manufacturing       do.       8.6       8.2         Service industries       do.       15.3       14.7         Retail trade       do.       33.1       29.6         Wholesale trade       do.       33.1       29.6         All other       do.       13.2       12.1         Discontinued businesses, quarterly total.       do.       11.2         Manufacturing       do.       11.2         Manufacturing       do.       11.2         Service industries       do.       11.2         Manufacturing       do.       11.2         Manufacturing       do.       11.2         Service industries       do.       12.9         Manufacturing       do.       12.9         Service industries       do.       12.9         Maufacturing       do.       12.9         Service industries       do.       12.9         Maufacturing       do.       12.9         Service industries       do.       12.9         Hother       35.2       39.4         Wholesale trade       do.       101.2         Business tra	New businesses quarterly total do	, ,		90.2			80.5							
Manufacturing	Contract construction do													
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$														
Retail trade	Service industriesdo													
Wholesale trade       .do $3, 9$ $3, 7$														
All other				3.9			3.7							
Contract construction       do       11.2       13.6       13.7         Manufacturing       do       11.2       13.3       13.6         Service industries       do       11.2       13.3       13.6         Retail trade       do       35.2       39.4       11.2       13.6         Wholesale trade       do       35.2       39.4       10.4       10.4         All other       do       7.6       10.4       10.4       10.4         Business transfers, quarterly total§       do       101.2       82.5       10.4       10.4         New incorporations (48 States)       number.       7,549       7,088       7,529       8,223       6,741       8,274       9,468       7,943       9,659       9,507       8,968       8,926       8,789         INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL Failures, total       580       594       539       631       590       583       647       691       739       693       697       817       724	All otherdo			13.2										
Contract construction       do       11.2       13.6       13.7         Manufacturing       do       11.2       13.3       13.6         Service industries       do       11.2       13.3       13.6         Retail trade       do       35.2       39.4       11.2       13.6         Wholesale trade       do       35.2       39.4       10.4       10.4         All other       do       7.6       10.4       10.4       10.4         Business transfers, quarterly total§       do       101.2       82.5       10.4       10.4         New incorporations (48 States)       number.       7,549       7,088       7,529       8,223       6,741       8,274       9,468       7,943       9,659       9,507       8,968       8,926       8,789         INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL Failures, total       580       594       539       631       590       583       647       691       739       693       697       817       724														
Manufacturing       do       11.2       13.3         Service industries       do       12.9       15.7         Retail trade       do       32.2       37.4         Wholesale trade       do       32.2       37.4         Business transfers, quarterly total\$       do       101.2       82.5         Business transfers, quarterly total\$       101.2       82.5         Industrial for the comportations (48 States)       7,549       7,088       7,529       8,223       6,741       8,274       9,468       7,943       9,659       9,507       8,968       8,926       8,789         Industrial for the comportations (48 States)       number.       7,549       7,088       7,529       8,223       6,741       8,274       9,468       7,943       9,659       9,507       8,968       8,926       8,789         Industrial for the comportations (48 States)       number.       7,549       7,088       7,529       8,223       6,741       8,274       9,468       7,943       9,659       9,507       8,968       8,926       8,789         Industrial for the comportations (48 States)       number.       580       594       539       631       590       583       647       691       739 <td></td>														
Service industries	Contract constructiondo													
Retail trade														
Wholesale trade														
All other				35.2										
Business transfers, quarterly total§														
BUSINESS INCORPORATIONS of New incorporations (48 States)       7,549       7,088       7,529       8,223       6,741       8,274       9,468       7,943       9,659       9,507       8,968       8,926       8,789         INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL FAILURES of Tailures, total       580       594       539       631       590       583       647       691       739       693       697       817       724	All other			1.0			10, 4	· · · - · ·						
New incorporations (48 States)number.       7, 549       7, 088       7, 529       8, 223       6, 741       8, 274       9, 468       7, 943       9, 659       9, 507       8, 968       8, 926       8, 789         INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL FAILURES 5 <sup>3</sup> 580       594       539       631       590       583       647       691       739       693       697       817       724	Business transfers, quarterly total§do			101.2			82.5					·····		
INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL FAILURES. <sup>3</sup> Failures, total	BUSINESS INCORPORATIONS													
FAILURES $\sigma^3$ Failures, total	New incorporations (48 States)number.	7, 549	7, 088	7, 529	8, 223	6, 741	8, 274	9, 468	7, 943	9, 659	9, 507	8, 968	8, 926	8, 789
	Failures total number	580	504	520	691	500	=00	0.47		-				
	Commercial service	41	51	36										
	Construction													
	Monufacturing and mining do													
	Rotoil trada													
White he had a 10 001 001 001 001 000 000	Wholesale trade													
Wholesale tradedo	Whoresare trade			00		00	40	00	10	70	10	(4	80	73
Liabilities, total		22,789	16, 322	20.138	35.049	18, 757	23 400	23 300	97 979	31 089	97 590	29 790	20.970	41 204
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Liabilities, total thous, of dol													
Constantian 1, 100 1, 1	Liabilities, totalthous. of doldo													
$M_{\rm equilibrium}$ and $M_{\rm equilibrium}$	Commercial servicedo	3, 196	1.816	2.729	2 5.167 1									
The start st	Commercial servicedodo	3, 196											3,200	2,789
1,000 0,100 10,120 0,000 12,404 11,202	Commercial service do Construction do Manufacturing and mining do	3, 196		6, 780	13,079	5, 853	8,458	9, 107	8,452	12, 213	10,585	13, 981	11, 179	17,139
	Commercial service	3, 196 8, 882 5, 434	5,056 5,255	6, 780 5, 317										

Revised. P Preliminary. †Revised series. See corresponding note on p. S-3.
 OAdjusted data for new orders replace the unadjusted series formerly shown; for data beginning 1948, including those for unadjusted unfilled orders, see pp. 17 and 18 of the November 1952 SURVEY.
 9 Includes textiles, leather, paper, and printing and publishing industries; unfilled orders for other nondurable-goods industries are zero.
 ¶For these industries (food, beverages, tobacco, apparel, petroleum, chemicals, and rubber), sales are considered equal to new orders.
 § Revisions for 1944—1st quarter 1951 appear in corresponding note in June 1952 SURVEY.

#### September 1953

#### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through		<u></u>		952				·		1953			
1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1951 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July
······································			СОМ	MODI	FY PR	ICES	•						
PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS				 									
Prices received, all farm products       910-14=100.         Crops	$\begin{array}{c} 295\\ 276\\ 230\\ 227\\ 436\\ 311\\ 214\\ 287\\ 307\\ 312\\ 376\\ 286\\ 208\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 295\\ 272\\ 236\\ 436\\ 319\\ 206\\ 229\\ 310\\ 316\\ 372\\ 295\\ 225\\ \end{array}$	288 264 240 234 428 329 200 182 305 309 349 307 227	282 260 219 429 311 215 189 304 301 328 316 228	$\begin{array}{c} 277\\ 257\\ 248\\ 213\\ 412\\ 288\\ 195\\ 238\\ 300\\ 295\\ 310\\ 318\\ 238\\ 238\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 269\\ 257\\ 247\\ 218\\ 428\\ 206\\ 256\\ 300\\ 280\\ 291\\ 309\\ 221 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 267\\ 251\\ 245\\ 214\\ 419\\ 252\\ 208\\ 237\\ 291\\ 281\\ 303\\ 296\\ 218\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 263\\ 247\\ 240\\ 206\\ 424\\ 255\\ 209\\ 237\\ 287\\ 277\\ 305\\ 286\\ 206\\ \end{array}$	264 253 246 208 424 266 215 248 291 274 301 277 216	259 247 244 206 226 204 289 270 289 270 209 218	261 243 242 205 426 268 224 182 285 285 277 317 257 218	259 251 222 198 425 266 253 270 280 267 299 254 213	259 237 218 197 426 269 207 216 268 280 318 261 223
Prices paid: All commodities	273 273 273 286	274 273 274 287	271 271 272 285	269 269 269 282	268 269 266 281	267 269 264 280	267 268 265 282	264 266 261 280	$265 \\ 269 \\ 261 \\ 281$	264 269 257 279	264 270 257 279	260 271 248 276	261 271 250 278
Parity ratio Qdo	103	103	101	100	99	96	95	94	94	93	94	94	93
<b>RETAIL PRICES</b> All commodities (U. S. Department of Commerce													
index)	211.8	211.8	211.1	210.7	210, 4	<b>2</b> 09. 6	209.0	207.8	208.2	207.9	208.2	209.7	210.2
Labor) :f All items (revised series)	$114.1 \\ 105.3 \\ 116.3 \\ 110.2 \\ 124.0 \\ 116.4 \\ 114.4 \\ 104.2 \\ 107.6 \\ 117.9 \\ 107.9 \\ 107.6 \\ 117.9 \\ 100.000 \\ $	$\begin{array}{c} 114.3\\ 105.1\\ 116.6\\ 111.0\\ 118.7\\ 119.4\\ 114.6\\ 105.0\\ 107.6\\ 118.2 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 114.1\\ 105.8\\ 115.4\\ 112.5\\ 111.5\\ 119.2\\ 114.8\\ 105.0\\ 108.1\\ 118.3\\ \end{array}$	114. 2 105. 6 115. 0 113. 2 111. 3 116. 9 115. 2 105. 0 107. 9 118. 8	$\begin{array}{c} 114.\ 3\\ 105.\ 2\\ 115.\ 0\\ 113.\ 3\\ 115.\ 9\\ 114.\ 3\\ 115.\ 7\\ 105.\ 4\\ 108.\ 0\\ 119.\ 5\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 114.1\\ 105.1\\ 113.8\\ 112.7\\ 115.8\\ 113.0\\ 116.4\\ 105.6\\ 108.2\\ 120.7 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 113.9\\104.6\\113.1\\111.6\\116.7\\110.9\\116.4\\105.9\\107.7\\121.1\end{array}$	$113.\ 4\\104.\ 6\\111.\ 5\\110.\ 7\\115.\ 9\\107.\ 7\\116.\ 6\\106.\ 1\\108.\ 0\\121.\ 5$	$\begin{array}{c} 113.\ 6\\ 104.\ 7\\ 111.\ 7\\ 110.\ 3\\ 115.\ 5\\ 107.\ 4\\ 116.\ 8\\ 106.\ 5\\ 108.\ 0\\ 121.\ 7\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 113.\ 7\\ 104.\ 6\\ 111.\ 5\\ 109.\ 0\\ 115.\ 0\\ 106.\ 8\\ 117.\ 0\\ 106.\ 5\\ 107.\ 8\\ 122.\ 1\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 114.\ 0\\ 104.\ 7\\ 112.\ 1\\ 107.\ 8\\ 115.\ 2\\ 109.\ 2\\ 117.\ 1\\ 106.\ 6\\ 107.\ 6\\ 123.\ 0\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 114.5\\ 104.6\\ 113.7\\ 107.5\\ 121.7\\ 111.3\\ 117.4\\ 106.4\\ 108.0\\ 123.3\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c}1\\114.7\\104.4\\113.8\\108.3\\118.2\\112.0\\117.8\\106.4\\108.1\\123.8\end{array}$
Medical caredo Personal caredo Reading and recreationdo Transportationdo Other goods and servicesdo	118.0 111.9 107.0 126.8 116.0	118. 1 112. 1 107. 0 127. 0 115. 9	118. 8 112. 1 107. 3 127. 7 115. 9	$118.9 \\112.3 \\107.6 \\128.4 \\115.8$	118.9 112.4 107.4 128.9 115.8	$119.3 \\ 112.5 \\ 108.0 \\ 128.9 \\ 115.9$	119. 4112. 4107. 8129. 3115. 9	$     \begin{array}{r}       119.3 \\       112.5 \\       107.5 \\       129.1 \\       115.8 \\     \end{array} $	119, 5 112, 4 107, 7 129, 3 117, 5	120, 2 112, 5 107, 9 129, 4 117, 9	$120.7 \\ 112.8 \\ 108.0 \\ 129.4 \\ 118.0$	$\begin{array}{c} 121.1\\ 112.6\\ 107.8\\ 129.4\\ 118.2 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c} 121.5\\112.6\\107.4\\129.7\\118.3\\\end{array} $
WHOLESALE PRICES♂ U. S. Department of Labor indexes (revised):†				1									
All commodities	111.8 110.2 128.2 94.9 108.2	112. 2 109. 9 124. 3 96. 9 106. 4	111.8 106.6 115.6 96.9 99.3	111. 1 104. 9 111. 7 95. 0 94. 8	110.7 103.6 113.2 96.5 93.0	109.6 99.2 112.3 96.1 86.8	109. 9 99. 6 107. 3 94. 6 92. 7	109. 6 97. 9 102. 2 93. 1 91. 2	110. 0 99. 8 105. 8 94. 7 91. 7	109. 4 97. 3 106. 9 93. 8 87. 5	109.8 97.8 105.4 93.4 91.7	r 109.5 r 95.4 109.9 r 84.2 86.8	110. 9 97. 9 94. 7 85. 4 95. 9
Foods, processed	110.0 106.5 113.8	$110.5 \\ 106.4 \\ 114.3$	$110.3 \\ 106.5 \\ 116.4$	$108.5 \\ 106.4 \\ 115.9$	107. 7 107. 1 115. 5	$104.3 \\ 106.8 \\ 113.0$	105.5 106.8 111.9	105. 2 107. 6 110. 9	104. 1 108. 9 109. 7	$103.2 \\ 109.2 \\ 108.5$	104.3 109.0 107.9	103. 3 107. 9 107. 7	$105.5 \\ 108.5 \\ 110.0$
Meats, poultry, and fish	103.9 110.6	105.1 112.3	105. 9 109. 4	105. 9 104. 1	106. 0 102. 0	105. 0 93. 9	105.4 99.3	105. 5 98. 2	105. 1 91. 2	104, 4 89, 2	$104.0 \\ 93.8$	103.7 91.6	104.8 97.0
Commodities other than farm products and foods	$112.5 \\ 104.2 \\ 114.7 \\ 92.1 \\ 49.8 \\ 110.7 \\ 106.9$	113. 0 104. 0 114. 6 92. 1 47. 5 110. 9 106. 9	113. 2104. 0114. 392. 148. 9111. 0107. 0	113. 0 103. 9 113. 9 92. 0 51. 0 111. 0 106. 5	112. 8 103. 5 112. 7 91. 9 53. 1 111. 1 106. 3	112. 9 103. 3 112. 3 91. 3 52. 8 113. 0 106. 1	$113.1 \\ 103.6 \\ 112.8 \\ 91.5 \\ 53.5 \\ 112.9 \\ 106.2$	$113.1 \\ 103.6 \\ 113.1 \\ 91.4 \\ 52.7 \\ 112.7 \\ 105.9$	113. 4 104. 2 113. 9 91. 6 59. 0 112. 8 106. 0	$113.2 \\ 105.5 \\ 117.0 \\ 93.0 \\ 55.9 \\ 113.2 \\ 106.0$	113. 6 105. 5 118. 0 93. 1 49. 9 112. 9 106. 1	r 113. 9 r 105. 6 119. 2 93. 1 r 46. 6 110. 6 106. 1	$114.8 \\ 106.3 \\ 120.2 \\ 93.6 \\ 46.8 \\ 113.8 \\ 106.1$
Fuel, power, and lighting materialsdo       do         Coal       do         Electricitydo       do         Grasdo       do         Petroleum and products	$106.0 \\ 106.0 \\ 99.1 \\ 101.4 \\ 109.4$	105, 8 106, 5 100, 7 100, 4 108, 3	$106.2 \\ 107.6 \\ 101.3 \\ 100.3 \\ 108.5$	$106. 6 \\ 113. 3 \\ 98. 5 \\ 100. 4 \\ 108. 5$	$106.7 \\ 113.6 \\ 98.0 \\ 104.9 \\ 108.1$	$107.2 \\ 116.1 \\ 98.5 \\ 104.9 \\ 107.9$	107. 8 116, 3 99, 6 108, 0 107, 9	108. 1 115. 9 100. 7 109. 5 107. 9	$108. 4 \\ 114. 4 \\ 100. 7 \\ 109. 5 \\ 109. 0$	107. 4111. 298. 0109. 5109. 3	$107.1 \\ 110.8 \\ 97.4 \\ 108.2 \\ 109.4$	r 108.3 111.2 r 98.5 108.2 r 111.1	$111. \ 3 \\ 111. \ 9 \\ 98. \ 5 \\ 108. \ 2 \\ 116. \ 8$
Furniture and other household 1947-49=100 A ppliances, household	$\left.\begin{array}{c}111.\ 6\\106.\ 8\\112.\ 6\\93.\ 8\end{array}\right\}$	111.5 106.8 112.5 93.7	112.0 107.3 112.6 93.7	112. 0 107. 2 112. 6 93. 7	112. 1 107. 2 112. 8 93. 8	$\begin{cases} 112.3\\ 107.5\\ 113.0\\ 95.0\\ 74.9 \end{cases}$	$112.7 \\ 107.4 \\ 113.2 \\ 95.0 \\ 74.5$	$112.9 \\107.4 \\113.4 \\95.5 \\75.6$	113. 1 107. 9 113. 6 95. 5 74. 9	$     \begin{array}{r}       113.9 \\       108.0 \\       113.8 \\       94.9 \\       74.9     \end{array} $	114. 1108. 1114. 094. 974. 9	r 114. 3 108. 1 r 114. 1 r 95. 4 r 75. 0	114. 4 108. 1 113. 8 95. 0 74. 3
Hides, 'skins, and leather productsdo Footweardo Hides and skinsdo Leatherdo	$96.2 \\ 110.6 \\ 61.8 \\ 89.3$	96. 5 110. 6 64. 4 89. 3	96, 5 110, 6 64, 4 89, 3	$96. \ 6 \\ 110. \ 6 \\ 65. \ 0 \\ 89. \ 9$	97. 6 111. 0 69. 2 90. 1	99.0 112.0 70.6 92.9	$97. \ 3 \\ 112. \ 0 \\ 62. \ 1 \\ 92. \ 0$	98. 0 112. 1 66. 5 91. 9	$98.\ 1\\112.\ 1\\64.\ 8\\93.\ 5$	97, 9 111, 5 66, 4 92, 7	100. 4 111. 5 74. 8 97. 3	r 101. 0 111. 7 r 76. 3 98. 0	100.0 111.7 73.4 96.1
Lumber and wood productsdo Lumberdo	$120.2 \\ 120.4$	$120.5 \\ 120.6$	$120.4 \\ 120.6$	120. 2 120. 2	119.7 120.0	119.7 119.8	$120.5 \\ 120.1$	$121.1 \\ 120.3$	$121.7 \\ 120.9$	$122, 2 \\ 121, 5$	$121.8 \\ 121.0$	r 121. 5 r 120. 7	$121.2 \\ 120.3$
Machinery and motive productsdo Agricultural machinery and equipdo Construction machinery and equipdo Electrical machinery and equipmentdo Motor vehiclesdo 'Revised. 1 Index on base previously used (	121. 4 121. 5 125. 4 119. 9 119. 7	$\begin{array}{c} 121.\ 4\\ 121.\ 5\\ 125.\ 3\\ 119.\ 8\\ 119.\ 7\end{array}$	121. 5 121. 5 125. 8 119. 7 119. 7	121. 3 121. 5 125. 8 119. 0 119. 7	121.4121.6126.2119.5119.7	$121. \ 4 \\ 121. \ 7 \\ 126. \ 3 \\ 119. \ 6 \\ 119. \ 7 \\$	119.6	$121. \ 6 \\ 121. \ 8 \\ 126. \ 3 \\ 119. \ 7 \\ 119. \ 9$	121. 8 122. 2 127. 1 119. 9 120. 0	$122. 0 \\ 122. 3 \\ 128. 6 \\ 121. 3 \\ 118. 9$	$122. 4 \\ 122. 4 \\ 129. 1 \\ 122. 6 \\ 118. 6$	r 122. 9 r 122. 6 129. 4 r 124. 2 118. 6	$123. 2 \\ 122. 6 \\ 129. 6 \\ 124. 4 \\ 118. 6$

#### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through			19	52					1	1953			
1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1951 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July
		СОМ	MODI	TY PR	ICES-	-Conti	nued	'		•			
WHOLESALE PRICES Continued													
U. S. Department of Labor indexes (revised):‡—Con. Commodities other than farm prod., etc.—Con. Metals and metal products1947-49=100. Heating equipmentdo Nonferrous metalsdo Nonmetallic minerals, structuraldo Clay productsdo Gypsum productsdo	$121.9 \\ 113.6 \\ 122.3 \\ 124.0 \\ 113.8 \\ 121.3 \\ 112.4 \\ 117.7$	124. 1 113. 7 127. 2 124. 4 113. 8 121. 3 112. 4 117. 7	124. 6 113. 7 127. 5 124. 7 113. 8 121. 3 112. 7 117. 7	124. 1 113. 7 127. 3 122. 9 114. 4 124. 0 112. 7 117. 7	123. 9 113. 6 127. 0 122. 5 114. 5 124. 0 112. 7 117. 7	124.0 $113.6$ $127.0$ $122.3$ $114.6$ $124.0$ $112.7$ $117.7$	124.0 113.8 127.1 122.5 114.6 124.0 112.8 117.7	124.6 $113.9$ $127.5$ $124.4$ $114.6$ $124.0$ $112.8$ $117.7$	125. 5 113. 9 127. 7 131. 5 115. 1 124. 3 112. 8 118. 3	125. 0 113. 8 127. 7 128. 2 116. 9 124. 6 114. 2 122. 1	$125.7 \\ 114.4 \\ 128.9 \\ 126.6 \\ 117.2 \\ 124.7 \\ 115.5 \\ 122.1 \\$	r 126. 9 r 114. 6 r 130. 9 127. 6 r 118. 1 r 125. 1 115. 5 122. 1	129. 3 115. 2 135. 6 126. 4 119. 4 131. 1 115. 6 122. 1
Pulp, paper, and allied products	115. 3 123. 8 130. 0 129. 6 98. 9 99. 5 96. 1 134. 7 89. 2 113. 9	115. 6124. 0127. 8126. 399. 199. 197. 6139. 390. 5113. 3	$115.6 \\ 124.0 \\ 126.3 \\ 99.5 \\ 99.3 \\ 98.9 \\ 139.3 \\ 89.9 \\ 112.4$	$115.5 \\ 124.9 \\ 126.0 \\ 126.3 \\ 99.2 \\ 98.4 \\ 99.2 \\ 140.0 \\ 89.5 \\ 113.2$	$115.5 \\ 124.9 \\ 126.4 \\ 126.3 \\ 98.6 \\ 98.3 \\ 98.4 \\ 139.3 \\ 89.0 \\ 112.6$	$115.9 \\ 124.9 \\ 127.7 \\ 126.3 \\ 98.2 \\ 98.3 \\ 97.7 \\ 139.7 \\ 87.8 \\ 112.6 \\$	115. 8 124. 9 127. 3 126. 3 98. 8 100. 0 97. 0 141. 4 88. 1 113. 0	$\begin{array}{c} 115.\ 3\\ 124.\ 9\\ 126.\ 2\\ 98.\ 5\\ 99.\ 9\\ 96.\ 1\\ 141.\ 4\\ 88.\ 3\\ 111.\ 5\end{array}$	$115.\ 1\\124.\ 9\\125.\ 7\\126.\ 3\\97.\ 5\\99.\ 6\\93.\ 1\\141.\ 4\\87.\ 9\\111.\ 9$	115. 3 124. 9 124. 8 126. 3 97. 4 99. 9 92. 9 131. 6 88. 0 111. 3	115. 4124. 9125. 4126. 397. 699. 993. 3133. 087. 4112. 0	r 115. 8 124. 7 r 125. 0 126. 3 r 97. 4 r 99. 4 93. 4 134. 7 87. 5 111. 6	115. 8 125. 1 124. 7 126. 3 97. 3 99. 4 93. 2 134. 7 87. 5 111. 7
Tobacco mfrs. and bottled beverages△do Beverages, alcoholic△do Cigarettes△do	112.0 110.5 112.0	112. 0 110. 5 112. 0	112. 1 110. 5 112. 0	112, 1 110, 5 112, 0	112. 1 110. 5 112. 0	112. 1 110. 5 112. 0	111.9 110.1 112.0	111.9 110.1 112.0	114.8 110.0 124.0	114.8 110.0 124.0	114.8 110.0 124.0	r 114, 9 110, 0 r 124, 0	115.6 110.0 124.0
PURCHASING POWER OF THE DOLLAR													
As measured by— Wholesale prices†1947-49=100 Consumer prices†do Retail food prices†do	89. 4 87. 6 86. 0	89. 1 87. 5 85. 8	89.4 87.6 86.7	90. 0 87. 6 87. 0	90. 3 87. 5 87. 0	91. 2 87. 6 87. 9	91. 0 87. 8 88. 4	91. 2 88. 2 89. 7	90. 9 88. 0 89. 5	91. 4 88. 0 89. 7	91. 1 87. 7 89. 2	7 91. 3 87. 3 88. 0	1 90. 2 1 87. 2 1 87. 9
		CONST	RUCT	ION A	ND RI	EAL E	STATI	Ē		·		<u> </u>	<u></u>
CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY 9													
New construction, totalmil. of dol	3, 027	3, 095	3, 098	3, 011	2, 787	2, 513	2, 361	2, 278	2, 521	2, 735	2, 941	3, 199	3, 286
Private, total do do do do do do do Additions and alterations do Additions and alterations do Nonresidential building, except farm and public	1, 994 1, 023 905 101	$2,037 \\ 1,047 \\ 930 \\ 99$	2,030 1,049 935 96	1, 988 1, 048 935 95	$1,924 \\ 1,033 \\ 925 \\ 90$	1, 789 953 865 70	$1,627 \\ 816 \\ 735 \\ 63$	1, 575 758 675 64	$1,729 \\ 863 \\ 770 \\ 74$	1, 851 944 830 94	1,988 1,007 880 105	2, 149 1, 110 980 107	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
utility, total mil. of dol Industrial do Commercial do Farm construction do Public utility do	411 180 97 180 371	418 181 98 183 381	430 187 101 168 376	434 189 104 139 360	435 190 109 117 331	421 187 107 103 304	431 201 109 97 275	434 204 112 100 275	430 198 114 108 320	$\begin{array}{c} 426 \\ 193 \\ 113 \\ 120 \\ 352 \end{array}$	451 192 129 138 380	479 187 152 148 399	492 178 165 155 410
Public, total	1, 033 53 375 121 320 76 88	1, 058 55 373 129 335 75 91	1,068 53 369 127 350 79 90	1, 023 52 352 125 330 77 87	863 49 332 117 215 70 80	$724 \\ 47 \\ 314 \\ 107 \\ 120 \\ 62 \\ 74$	734 47 328 109 115 61 74	703 48 315 104 110 56 70	792 47 353 111 140 65 76	884 49 369 114 200 70 82	953 49 374 115 260 70 85	$\begin{array}{c} 1,050\\ 50\\ 384\\ 121\\ 330\\ 76\\ 89 \end{array}$	1, 110 46 388 126 375 78 97
CONTRACT AWARDS						:							
Construction contracts awarded in 37 States (F. W. Dodge Corp.):number Total projectsnumber Total valuationthous. of dol Public ownershipdo Private ownershipdo	52, 078 1, 511, 285 618, 737 892, 548	52, 909 1, 438, 725 501, 258 937, 467	47, 006 2,039,203 1, 269, 355 779, 848	50, 542 1,310,958 410, 433 890, 525	41, 569 1, 248, 803 490, 650 758, 153	34, 661 1, 467, 384 477, 693 989, 691	35, 475 1, 075, 868 449, 779 626, 089	34, 561 1, 021, 310 350, 709 670, 601	50, 484 1, 347, 518 416, 577 930, 941	55, 435 1, 741, 542 672, 838 1, 068, 704	52, 544 1, 606, 091 553, 760 1, 052, 331	40, 069 1, 115, 509 372, 004 743, 505	610, 348
Nonresidential buildings: Projectsnumber Floor areathous, of sq. ft Valuationthous, of dol	$5,468 \\ 40,979 \\ 562,686$	5, 196 38, 912 519, 940	4, 289 29, 257 1,272,367	5, 161 38, 822 470, 520	4, <b>3</b> 82 39, 788 461, 476	3, 589 51, 596 713, 100	3, 651 32, 343 406, 914	3, 529 31, 115 374, 321	4, 760 35, 566 449, 175	5,416 44,455 680,330	5, 728 45, 640 582, 061	5, 020 35, 185 459, 230	6, 209 57, 374 764, 393
Residential buildings: Projectsnumber Floor areathous, of sq. ft Valuationthous, of dol Public works:	43, 465 64, 003 608, 078	44, 943 65, 863 627, 596	40, 440 56, 743 518, 471	43, 312 65, 489 602, 313	35, 487 55, 872 528, 429	29, 808 48, 996 438, 580	$\begin{array}{c} 30,674\ 51,315\ 460,036 \end{array}$	29, 960 46, 658 418, 568	44, 115 65, 393 605, 200	47, 761 70, 602 673, 887	$\begin{array}{r} 44,317\\ 66,655\\ 637,721\end{array}$	32, 745 49, 797 463, 084	44, 227 70, 206 653, 407
Projectsnumber Valuationthous. of dol	2, 680 243, 458	2, 310 208, 887	1,838 176,652	1, 665 152, 455	1,336 195,265	911 134, 114	835 152, 793	778 135, 326	1, 247 219, 157	1, 849 293, 569	2, 094 288, 783	1,874 138,257	2, 336 269, 600
Utilities: Projectsnumber Valuationthous. of dol	465 97, 063	460 82, 302	439 71, 713	404 85, 670	364 63, 633	353 181, 590	315 56, 125	294 93, 095	362 73, 986	409 93, 756	405 97, 526	430 54, 938	532 105, 94 <b>2</b>
Value of contract awards (F. R. indexes):† Total, unadjusted	194 199 177 196	218 192 207 193	209 192 207 191	201 181 210 185	177 172 196 178	166 156 205 183	156 144 190 173	151     163     173     182	180 186 177 176	205 210 179 179	r 195 r 194 r 161 r 164	r 197 r 192 r 169 r 174	193 182 175 180
Engineering construction: Contract awards (ENR)§thous. of dol	2, 310, 504	<b>2,</b> 210, 572	952, 218	1,446,381	1, 079, 879	906, 976	1, 886, 520	1, 023, 021	1, 200, 048	1, 473, 244	1,083,795	1, 318, 070	1, 262, 992
Highway concrete pavement contract awards: Totalthous. of sq. yd Airportsdo Roadsdo Streets and alleysdo ' Revised. 1 Indexes on base formerly used (1	6, 587 729 2, 657 3, 201	6, 081 1, 070 2, 652 2, 359	5, 537 1, 691 1, 051 2, 795	5, 258 1, 512 1, 486 2, 259	2, 571 390 1, 193 988	<sup>2</sup> 4, 675 446 2 2, 775 2 1, 454	4, 874 1, 226 2, 622 1, 026	3, 509 495 1, 481 1, 533	7, 006 1, 652 3, 215 2, 140	9, 537 1, 675 4, 590 3, 273	8, 333 413 5, 237 2, 682 <sup>3</sup> Data in	5,698 278 3,315 2,105	8, 658 973 4, 232 3, 453

<sup>1</sup> Revised. <sup>1</sup> Indexes on base formerly used (1935-33=10) are as follows: Measure dow-wholesale prices, 47.2; consumer prices, 52.1; retail food, 43.5. <sup>3</sup> Data include some contracts awarded in prior months but not reported. <sup>3</sup>For actual wholesale prices of individual commodities, see respective commodities. <sup>4</sup> See note marked "t<sup>\*</sup>" on p. S-5. <sup>4</sup> Arevised to reflect change in method of calculating excise taxes and discounts; comparable data prior to March 1952 will be shown later. <sup>4</sup> Revised series. <sup>4</sup> Purce at a worked will be shown later. <sup>4</sup> Revised series. <sup>4</sup> Purce at a worked will be shown later. <sup>4</sup> Revisions for 1951 for contract awards will be shown later. <sup>4</sup> Revisions for 1951 for contract awards will be shown later. <sup>4</sup> Revisions for 1947-50 appear on p. 20 of the March 1953 URVEY. Revisions for January-March 1951 (except for grand total, total public, and military and naval, which have been further revised and will be shown later) appear at bottom of p. S-4 of the June 1952 SURVEY. <sup>5</sup> Data for July and October 1952 and January, April, and July 1953 are for 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks. <sup>6</sup> Data for July, October, and December 1952 and April and July 1953 are for 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks.

#### September 1953

#### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through			19	052			1953							
1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1951 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	
	CONST	FRUCT	TION A	ND R	EAL E	STATI	ECon	tinued						
NEW DWELLING UNITS AND URBAN BUILDING														
New permanent nonfarm dwelling units started (U. S. Department of Labor)number Urban building authorized (U. S. Dept. of Labor): New urban dwelling units, totalnumber Privately financed, total	102, 600 53, 119 50, 636 41, 842 2, 938 5, 856 2, 483 r 115, 9	99, 100 50, 431 48, 768 39, 110 3, 289 6, 369 1, 663 108, 2	100, 800 54, 229 52, 528 42, 767 3, 588 6, 173 1, 701 117, 1	101, 100 54, 409 52, 785 42, 655 3, 055 7, 075 1, 624 119, 9	86, 100 40, 789 38, 314 30, 854 2, 521 4, 939 2, 475 88, 9	<b>71</b> , 500 38, 046 33, 905 26, 309 2, 485 5, 111 4, 141 83, 1	72, 100 38, 776 35, 103 26, 858 2, 511 5, 734 3, 673 85. 0	<b>79, 200</b> 44, 517 39, 859 31, 061 2, 817 5, 981 4, 658 95, 8	105, 800 65, 405 56, 137 44, 648 3, 344 8, 145 9, 268 142, 8	111, 400 60, 196 57, 222 46, 074 3, 524 7, 624 2, 974 133, 7	<pre>r 108, 300 55, 095 52, 638 42, 396 3, 274 6, 968 2, 457 120. 7</pre>	103, 000 r 54, 067 r 51, 735 41, 306 2, 630 r 7, 799 r 2, 332 r 118. 0	196,000 47,133 46,563 36,975 2,896 6,692 570 102,9	
Valuation of building, total	145. 6 150. 9 7 139. 8 7 139. 2	133. 8 139. 4 128. 6 124. 6	143. 0 155. 2 127. 8 132. 9	147. 8 161. 2 132. 9 131. 9	114.3 117.9 114.6 100.0	108.9106.6119.692.8	106. 6 107. 4 108. 5 99. 6	$120. 2 \\ 124. 9 \\ 118. 2 \\ 106. 8$	170. 0 193. 4 148. 7 131. 4	183. 4 181. 4 200. 9 151. 2	164. 4 164. 4 172. 5 145. 9	r 160. 0 r 160. 3 r 159. 8 r 159. 5	158. 5 144. 4 182. 6 156. 0	
Department of Commerce composite †. 1947-49=100 A berthaw (industrial building)1914=100 American Appraisal Co.:	121.8	122. 4	122.7 383	122.6	122. 5	122.5 383	r 122.6	r 122. 4	r 122.4 383	r 122. 6	r 122.9	7 124.1 385	125. 2	
A verage, 30 cities	555 600 554 513 549 391	558 602 555 513 549 393	561 604 556 514 551 394	562 604 557 521 551 397	564 604 572 521 551 398	567 604 573 522 558 399	568 611 574 522 560 398	567 611 574 523 559 398	569 614 579 525 561 399	572 614 587 525 564 401	572 616 592 524 568 402	573 616 592 526 568 411	580 639 601 526 574 411	
A partments, hotels, and office buildings: Brick and concreteU.S. avg. 1920-29=100 Brick and steel	243.5 242.9 252.7	245. 3 244. 5 253. 8	246. 0 245. 2 254. 4	$246.\ 4\\245.\ 5\\254.\ 2$	246. 4 245. 3 253. 4	246.3 245.1 253.3	$246.6 \\ 245.6 \\ 254.1$	246. 5 245. 3 253. 9	247. 3 245. 9 254. 3	247. 7 246. 2 254. 6	249. 2 247. 4 255. 5	251. 3 249. 6 257. 1	254. 2 252. 2 259. 0	
Commercial and factory buildings: Brick and concrete	$\begin{array}{c} 246,8\\ 245,7\\ 248,8\\ 256,4\\ 229,5\end{array}$	248. 6 247. 5 249. 8 257. 0 231. 2	249. 4 248. 5 250. 5 257. 3 232. 2	249. 8 248. 2 250. 5 256. 8 232. 4	249. 7 248. 0 250. 0 255. 8 232. 3	$\begin{array}{c} 249.8 \\ 248.5 \\ 249.9 \\ 255.5 \\ 232.3 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 251.\ 0\\ 248.\ 9\\ 250.\ 6\\ 256.\ 6\\ 232.\ 6\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 251.\ 1\\ 248.\ 9\\ 250.\ 4\\ 256.\ 4\\ 232.\ 5\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 252.\ 6\\ 249.\ 2\\ 250.\ 8\\ 256.\ 6\\ 233.\ 1\end{array}$	253. 2 249. 5 251. 3 256. 6 233. 3	$\begin{array}{c} 255.\ 2\\ 251.\ 0\\ 252.\ 3\\ 257.\ 4\\ 234.\ 2\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 257.\ 5\\ 254.\ 7\\ 254.\ 0\\ 259.\ 2\\ 239.\ 1\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 260.\ 5\\ 257.\ 4\\ 255.\ 8\\ 261.\ 2\\ 241.\ 2\end{array}$	
Brickdo Framedodo	253. 3 250. 4	254. 2 251. 1	254. 8 251. 5	$254.6 \\ 251.2$	253. 8 250. 3	253.7 250.1	$254.4 \\ 250.9$	$254.3 \\ 250.8$	$254.8 \\ 251.2$	255. 1 251. 4	256. 0 252. 0	257.4 253.5	259.4 255.4	
Building	124.9 128.8	125. 5 129. 4	125. 6 129. 9 137. 5	126. 0 129. 9	125. 7 129. 7	125. 7 129. 6 138. 6	125. 8 129. 6	125. 7 129. 7	126. 1 130. 1 139. 4	126. 1 130. 0	126. 1 130. 9	128. 7 133. 4 133. 2	129.3 135.1	
CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS Production of selected construction materials, index: Unadjusted	149. 7 140. 7	173. 6 153. 4	177. 6 165. 2	185. 2 167. 1	156. 1 157. 5	149. 0 168. 6	145. 6 170. 5	143. 1 173. 4	161. 5 170. 9	172. 4 173. 4	167. 8 158. 6	p 174.6 p 163.2		
REAL ESTATE Home mortgages insured or guaranteed by— Fed. Hous. Adm.: Face amount 9 thous. of dol Vet. Adm.: Face amount	164, 982 189, 189 656	162, 167 202, 746 687	184, 356 217, 292 715	752	183, 801 243, 087 791	206, 739 226, 936 864	683	189, 690 247, 529 627	193, 370 227, 910 611	201, 159 151, 570 626	187, 078 215, 950 644	185, 610 241, 928 718	203, 130 224, 596 700	
tions, estimated totalthous. of dol By purpose of loan: do Home constructiondo Refinancingdo. Repairs and reconditioningdo. All other purposesdo. New nonfarm mortgages recorded (\$20,000 and	595, 994 190, 039 264, 692 53, 014 25, 065 63, 184	617, 431 199, 720 279, 192 50, 850 24, 625 63, 044	616, 352 192, 667 285, 337 50, 457 26, 097 61, 794	658, 787 207, 589 303, 107 54, 597 25, 997 67, 497	522, 681 163, 074 243, 112 42, 379 20, 148 53, 968	541, 295 161, 405 248, 448 49, 739 19, 730 61, 973	497, 314 147, 444 222, 232 49, 011 18, 408 60, 219	523, 210 164, 177 222, 353 52, 694 20, 253 63, 733	639, 133 205, 584 266, 289 62, 308 25, 121 79, 831	677, 941 225, 896 288, 443 60, 425 26, 062 77, 115	690, 277 231, 676 295, 337 58, 627 27, 643 76, 994	733, 216 241, 284 327, 046 59, 961 27, 307 77, 618	757, 569 236, 513 355, 316 58, 476 27, 043 80, 221	
New nonfarm mortgages recorded (\$20,000 and under), estimated totalthous. of dol Nonfarm forcelosures, adjusted index.1935-393=100 Fire lossesthous. of dol	1, 590, 319 11. 7 61, 675	1, 597, 783 12. 4 56, 462	1, 587, 523 11. 1 58, 949	$1,727,343\\11.6\\63,958$	1,492,390 10. 6 65, 129	1, 553, 457 11. 8 74, 127	1, 400, 615 13. 1 76, 659	1, 391, 203 13. 4 72, 706	1, 626, 602 13. 2 83, 471	1, 708, 623 14. 0 67, 362	1, 698, 634 12. 8 64, 239	1, 769, 259 13. 0 67, 644	1, 797, 760 74, 938	
	۱ <u></u>	1	DO	MESTI	C TRA	DE	•	I	1	I			·	
ADVERTISING														
Printers' Ink advertising index, adjusted: Combined index	445 554 403 327 359 226 114, 2	456 548 369 310 383 254 111, 2	456 547 387 318 344 264 141.9	$\begin{array}{c c} 475\\529\\420\\340\\378\\268\\165.4\end{array}$	473 570 408 330 371 256 157.6	488 539 394 323 373 265 127.3	465 556 390 338 382 238 119. 6	466 564 411 332 369 235 134. 4	$500 \\ 571 \\ 421 \\ 361 \\ 398 \\ 249 \\ 164.9$	498 564 426 350 391 249 171. 6	507 570 429 357 399 241 174, 6	$512 \\ 565 \\ 438 \\ 356 \\ 387 \\ 246 \\ 158, 6$	$541 \\ 560 \\ 420 \\ 362 \\ 412 \\ 278 \\ 126.6$	
Radio advertising:       Cost of facilities, total	$11, 254 \\ 196 \\ 2, 658 \\ 1, 004 \\ 338 \\ 2, 604 \\ 381 \\ 1, 079 \\ 700 \\ 2, 296$	$10,974 \\ 256 \\ 3,003 \\ 349 \\ 367 \\ 2,971 \\ 434 \\ 1,257 \\ 776 \\ 1,559$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$15, 442 \\ 396 \\ 4, 287 \\ 464 \\ 308 \\ 3, 683 \\ 3, 76 \\ 1, 704 \\ 1, 292 \\ 2, 930$	$14, 478 \\ 640 \\ 3, 787 \\ 474 \\ 285 \\ 3, 424 \\ 366 \\ 1, 482 \\ 1, 277 \\ 2, 744$	$\begin{array}{c} 14,925\\522\\4,278\\357\\323\\3,789\\446\\1,588\\1,322\\2,301 \end{array}$	113, 878 508 4, 212 388 215 3, 510 446 1, 192 1, 295 2, 022	$12, 660 \\ 397 \\ 3, 846 \\ 329 \\ 203 \\ 3, 178 \\ 409 \\ 1, 118 \\ 1, 291 \\ 1, 890$	$14, 641 \\ 521 \\ 4, 403 \\ 349 \\ 234 \\ 3, 557 \\ 454 \\ 1, 324 \\ 1, 463 \\ 2, 336$	$14, 183 \\ 508 \\ 4, 268 \\ 385 \\ 223 \\ 3, 606 \\ 402 \\ 1, 331 \\ 1, 415 \\ 2, 044$	r 14,063 511 r 4,258 377 236 3,549 372 1,238 1,420 2,101	r 13, 118 557 r 4, 062 433 238 3, 046 3, 863 1, 363 1, 370 1, 662		

<sup>r</sup> Revised. <sup>p</sup> Preliminary. <sup>1</sup> Data for August 1953, 94,000. A Revised to new base and to reflect other adjustments; data prior to March 1952 will be shown later. <sup>r</sup> Revised series. Indexes of urban building and construction costs (Dept. of Commerce and ENR) reflect use of new base period; revisions prior to February 1951 for urban building and prior to August 1951 for Engineering News-Record indexes will be published later. Revised indexes (Dept. of Commerce composite) for 1915-38 (annual) and 1939-51 (monthly) are shown on p. 24 of the August 1952 SURVEY. The Tide advertising index has been completely revised to incorporate new base period and other major changes, including addition of data for network television; figures back to 1940 will be available later. § Copyrighted data; see last paragraph of headnote, p. S-1. o<sup>3</sup> Data reported at the beginning of each month are shown here for the previous month. ‡Revisions for January 1951-March 1952 for urban building authorized and for January-November 1951 for construction materials will be shown later. **9** Revised to include additional data; figures prior to February 1952 are available upon request.

#### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the	criptive notes are shown in the							1953							
1950 and descriptive notes are snown in the 1951 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	July	August	Septem. ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July		
DOMESTIC TRADE—Continued															
ADVERTISING-Continued															
Magazine advertising:       do         Cost, total	35, 240 862 3, 702 1, 388 5, 816 5, 695 1, 977	$\begin{array}{c} 38,442\\ 3,588\\ 3,671\\ 1,549\\ 5,456\\ 5,472\\ 1,672\end{array}$	56, 978 6, 469 4, 366 3, 127 6, 653 6, 883 2, 388	$\begin{array}{c} 63,494\\ 5,250\\ 4,775\\ 3,139\\ 7,556\\ 9,047\\ 2,924 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 63,849\\ 4,296\\ 5,102\\ 2,363\\ 7,657\\ 8,753\\ 3,250 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 48,083\\ 3,802\\ 2,507\\ 942\\ 5,502\\ 6,957\\ 4,261 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 35,018\ 1,563\ 4,033\ 1,343\ 4,461\ 5,173\ 1,480 \end{array}$	$50, 682 \\3, 271 \\4, 744 \\2, 099 \\6, 068 \\8, 758 \\2, 314$	$\begin{array}{c} 65,645\\ 5,884\\ 6,199\\ 3,343\\ 7,018\\ 9,653\\ 2,606 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 65,525\\ 4,593\\ 6,135\\ 3,832\\ 6,425\\ 8,230\\ 2,625 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 67,606\\ 5,536\\ 6,400\\ 4,340\\ 6,572\\ 7,831\\ 2,630 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3,771 \\ 5,894 \\ 3,498 \\ 7,150 \\ 8,016 \end{array}$			
Household equipment and suppliesdo Household furnishingsdo Industrial materialsdo Soaps, cleansers, etcdo Smoking materialsdo All otherdo	$1, 646 \\ 579 \\ 2, 643 \\ 745 \\ 1, 198 \\ 8, 989$	1,3759792,8617741,3989,648	$\begin{array}{c} 3,688\\ 2,747\\ 3,774\\ 1,266\\ 1,437\\ 14,182 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 4,590\\ 4,015\\ 3,981\\ 1,509\\ 1,480\\ 15,228\end{array}$	4, 171 3, 290 4, 175 1, 429 1, 527 17, 838	$\begin{array}{r} 3,209\\ 1,744\\ 3,118\\ 818\\ 1,669\\ 13,555\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 1, 013\\ 938\\ 2, 639\\ 830\\ 1, 112\\ 10, 434 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 2,115\\ 1,555\\ 3,025\\ 1,272\\ 1,388\\ 14,074 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 4,675\\ 2,551\\ 3,618\\ 1,699\\ 1,444\\ 16,954 \end{array}$	$5,614 \\ 4,178 \\ 4,079 \\ 1,711 \\ 1,260 \\ 16,844$	$5,561 \\3,791 \\3,996 \\1,940 \\1,700 \\17,308$	4, 570 2, 087 3, 891 1, 615 1, 677 13, 252			
Linage, totalthous. of lines	3, 133	3, 960	4, 798	4, 898	4, 299	3, 162	3, 667	4, 251	4, 991	4, 699	4, 445	3, 360	3, 205		
Newspaper advertising: Linage, total (52 cities)do Classifieddo Display, totaldo Automotivedo Financialdo Generaldo Retaildo POSTAL BUSINESS	175, 447 47, 979 127, 468 7, 351 3, 046 25, 674 91, 398	$186, 555 \\ 52, 741 \\ 133, 814 \\ 7, 781 \\ 1, 894 \\ 22, 061 \\ 102, 077 \\$	$\begin{array}{c} 214,509\\ 54,124\\ 160,385\\ 7,367\\ 2,596\\ 29,711\\ 120,709 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 245,004\\ 56,593\\ 188,410\\ 10,383\\ 2,518\\ 39,411\\ 136,098 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 234,873\\ 52,399\\ 182,474\\ 10,734\\ 2,400\\ 34,359\\ 134,981 \end{array}$	$219,798 \\ 45,563 \\ 174,235 \\ 8,847 \\ 2,550 \\ 24,506 \\ 138,332$	$182.\ 718\\50,\ 052\\132,\ 666\\9,\ 121\\3,\ 808\\21,\ 433\\98,\ 304$	$186, 115 \\ 49, 479 \\ 136, 636 \\ 8, 720 \\ 2, 377 \\ 26, 537 \\ 99, 001$	$\begin{array}{c} 231,721\\ 58,456\\ 173,264\\ 10,877\\ 3,017\\ 33,812\\ 125,559\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 233, 487\\ 58, 194\\ 175, 292\\ 12, 535\\ 2, 910\\ 35, 090\\ 124, 758 \end{array}$	$244, 446 \\ 62, 385 \\ 182, 061 \\ 13, 493 \\ 2, 549 \\ 36, 191 \\ 129, 828$	$215, 965 \\56, 330 \\159, 635 \\13, 550 \\2, 691 \\31, 171 \\112, 223$	$187, 997 \\ 53, 368 \\ 134, 629 \\ 11, 581 \\ 3, 074 \\ 24, 531 \\ 95, 442$		
Money orders issued (50 cities): Domestic: Numberthousands Valuethous, of dol PERSONAL CONSUMPTION	6, 242 119, 289	6, 174 119, 935	6, 711 127, 034	6, 764 125, 622	6, 275 114, 728	7, 299 131, 677	6, 672 121, 828	6, 423 120, 178	7, 928 150, 315	6, 946 128, 270	6,385 117,261	6,657 126,017	6, 299 119, 269		
EXPENDITURES Seasonally adjusted quarterly totals at annual rates:															
Goods and services, total			12.1			$224. 4 \\ 28. 2 \\ 11. 5 \\ 12. 3 \\ 4. 4$			$227.7 \\ 30.2 \\ 13.4 \\ 12.4 \\ 4.4$			$230. 4 \\ 30. 7 \\ 14. 4 \\ 12. 0 \\ 4. 3$			
Nondurable goods, total			20. 473. 0 $5. 82. 15. 2$			121. 121. 573. 56. 12. 15. 212. 7			121, 220, 974, 26, 22, 05, 212, 8			122, 120, 774, 96, 22, 15, 412, 9			
Services       do         Household operation			$ \begin{array}{r} 10.9\\ 24.3\\ 4.2\\ 4.3\\ 6.0 \end{array} $			24. 8 4. 2						$77.6 \\ 11.5 \\ 25.8 \\ 4.3 \\ 4.4 \\ 6.3 \\ 25.4$			
<b>RETAIL TRADE</b> All retail stores:†												Ĩ			
Estimated sales (unadjusted), totalmil. of dol Durable-goods storesdo Automotive group	$\begin{array}{c} 13, 396\\ 4, 627\\ 2, 374\\ 2, 200\\ 174\\ 713\\ 419\\ 294\\ 95\\ 923\\ 709\\ 214\\ \end{array}$	$13,448 \\ 4,410 \\ 2,103 \\ 1,929 \\ 174 \\ 754 \\ 468 \\ 286 \\ 104 \\ 905 \\ 689 \\ 216 \\$	$\begin{array}{c} 13,620\\ 4,670\\ 2,353\\ 2,179\\ 174\\ 756\\ 445\\ 311\\ 100\\ 924\\ 700\\ 224\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 14,819\\ 5,116\\ 2,681\\ 2,509\\ 172\\ 834\\ 495\\ 339\\ 123\\ 961\\ 728\\ 233\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 14,008\\ 4,514\\ 2,319\\ 2,166\\ 153\\ 823\\ 481\\ 342\\ 126\\ 812\\ 593\\ 219\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 16,910\\ 5,214\\ 2,378\\ 2,175\\ 203\\ 1,039\\ 571\\ 469\\ 338\\ 878\\ 858\\ 588\\ 588\\ 2200\\ \end{array}$	$13,054 \\ 4,450 \\ 2,546 \\ 2,411 \\ 136 \\ 676 \\ 374 \\ 302 \\ 96 \\ 684 \\ 518 \\ 166 \\ 166 \\ 166 \\ 166 \\ 1054 \\ $	$12, 329 \\ 4, 357 \\ 2, 501 \\ 2, 377 \\ 124 \\ 656 \\ 355 \\ 301 \\ 89 \\ 660 \\ 492 \\ 167 $	$\begin{array}{c} 13,956\\ 4,969\\ 2,848\\ 2,705\\ 143\\ 676\\ 391\\ 285\\ 95\\ 788\\ 588\\ 200\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 14.\ 167\\ 5,\ 139\\ 2,\ 919\\ 2,\ 764\\ 155\\ 676\\ 397\\ 280\\ 101\\ 868\\ 649\\ 219\\ \end{array}$	r 14, 665 r 5, 400 r 3, 093 r 2, 929 r 163 r 752 r 455 r 297 r 104 r 897 r 662 r 234	r 14, 578 r 5, 480 r 3, 033 r 2, 862 r 171 r 796 r 453 r 343 r 108 r 965 r 733 r 246	$14, 383 \\ 5, 396 \\ 3, 079 \\ 2, 913 \\ 166 \\ 758 \\ 420 \\ 338 \\ 89 \\ 934 \\ 721 \\ 214 \\ 214$		
Nondurable-goods stores.       do         Apparel group.       do         Men's and boys' wear stores.       do         Women's apparel, accessory stores.       do         Family and other apparel stores.       do         Shoe stores.       do         Drug and proprietary stores.       do         Eating and drinking places.       do	8, 769 700 161 274 142 124 388 1, 130	9,038 770 163 316 156 136 392 1,149	8, 950 910 196 365 184 165 374 1, 114	$\begin{array}{c} 9,703\\ 1,023\\ 240\\ 411\\ 221\\ 151\\ 401\\ 1,122\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 9,493\\ 1,003\\ 259\\ 384\\ 216\\ 144\\ 385\\ 1,044\\ \end{array}$	$11,696 \\ 1,533 \\ 427 \\ 560 \\ 353 \\ 194 \\ 513 \\ 1,109$	8,6047401872861561113921,008	7,972 616 145 254 126 91 387 940	$\begin{array}{c} 8,986\\ 893\\ 184\\ 368\\ 190\\ 150\\ 381\\ 1,055\end{array}$	9, 027 866 184 362 173 149 383 1, 024	7 9, 264 7 888 7 188 7 375 7 170 7 155 7 397 7 1, 085	7 9,097 7 873 7 198 7 342 7 172 7 161 7 396 7 1,093	$\begin{array}{c} 214\\ 8, 986\\ 727\\ 151\\ 291\\ 148\\ 138\\ 398\\ 1, 157\\ \end{array}$		
Food group       do         Grocery stores       do         Gasoline service stations       do         General-merchandise group       do         Department stores, excl. mail-order       do         Mail-order (catalog sales)       do         Variety stores       do         Other general-merchandise stores       do         Liquor stores       do	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{3, 397} \\ \textbf{2, 764} \\ \textbf{905} \\ \textbf{1, 269} \\ \textbf{667} \\ \textbf{86} \\ \textbf{212} \\ \textbf{304} \\ \textbf{254} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{3, 453} \\ \textbf{2, 820} \\ \textbf{915} \\ \textbf{1, 450} \\ \textbf{783} \\ \textbf{104} \\ \textbf{236} \\ \textbf{328} \\ \textbf{260} \end{array}$	3, 242 2, 641 866 1, 523 857 117 225 324 250	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{3.440} \\ \textbf{2.787} \\ \textbf{902} \\ \textbf{1.773} \\ \textbf{979} \\ \textbf{137} \\ \textbf{258} \\ \textbf{398} \\ \textbf{283} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3, 427\\ 2, 763\\ 852\\ 1, 769\\ 978\\ 139\\ 257\\ 395\\ 289\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3,555\\ 2,843\\ 872\\ 2,790\\ 1,521\\ 187\\ 521\\ 561\\ 411 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3, 395\\ 2, 756\\ 779\\ 1, 239\\ 673\\ 88\\ 186\\ 293\\ 229\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3,095\\ 2,526\\ 752\\ 1,171\\ 624\\ 94\\ 193\\ 260\\ 230\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3, 301 \\ 2, 667 \\ 810 \\ 1, 466 \\ 810 \\ 115 \\ 232 \\ 309 \\ 242 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{3, 395} \\ \textbf{2, 742} \\ \textbf{826} \\ \textbf{1, 479} \\ \textbf{829} \\ \textbf{98} \\ \textbf{245} \\ \textbf{306} \\ \textbf{249} \end{array}$	r 3, 485 r 2, 858 r 888 r 1, 536 r 879 98 r 235 r 324 r 261	* 3, 377 * 2, 781 * 916 * 1, 542 * 855 * 104 * 241 * 343 * 247	$\begin{array}{c} 3.477\\ 2.868\\ 986\\ 1.319\\ 702\\ 88\\ 229\\ 300\\ 260\\ \end{array}$		

<sup>\*</sup> Revised.
 <sup>\*</sup> Unpublished revisions for magazine advertising are available upon request for the following periods: January, February, March, and October 1950; January, February, September, October, November, and December 1951; January 1952. Revised personal consumption expenditures for 1949 appear on p. 20 of the November 1952 SURVEY; revisions beginning 1950 for the grand total and for total durable and nondurable goods and services are shown as components of gross national product in table 43 on p. 28 of the July 1953 SURVEY; revisions beginning 1950 for the subgroups will be shown later.
 <sup>\*</sup> Revised series. Beginning with the September 1952 SURVEY, retail sales data have been replaced by a new series based on new sampling procedures developed by the Bureau of the Census.
 <sup>\*</sup> The new estimates begin with January 1951; see pp. 16 ff. of the September 1952 SURVEY for figures covering the entire year 1951 for both the new and old series and for discussion of the new data; January 1952 revisions for the adjusted series are available upon request.

#### September 1953

#### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through	1953												
1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1951 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July
DOMESTIC TRADE—Continued													
RETAIL TRADE—Continued													
All retail stores—Continued Estimated sales (adjusted), total†mil. of dol Durable-goods storesdo Automotive groupdo Motor-vehicle, other automotive dealers, do Tire, battery, accessory dealersdo Furniture and appliance groupdo Furniture, homefurnishings storesdo Household-appliance, radio storesdo	$13, 667 \\ 4, 494 \\ 2, 254 \\ 2, 098 \\ 156 \\ 746 \\ 436 \\ 310$	$13, 359 \\ 4, 199 \\ 1, 918 \\ 1, 754 \\ 164 \\ 747 \\ 449 \\ 298$	$13,570 \\ 4,505 \\ 2,292 \\ 2,124 \\ 168 \\ 727 \\ 416 \\ 311$	$\begin{array}{c} 14,202\\ 4,844\\ 2,644\\ 2,490\\ 154\\ 754\\ 449\\ 305 \end{array}$	$14,026 \\ 4,769 \\ 2,548 \\ 2,388 \\ 160 \\ 790 \\ 468 \\ 322$	$\begin{array}{c} 14,410\\ 4,871\\ 2,617\\ 2,453\\ 164\\ 776\\ 451\\ 325 \end{array}$	$14, 140 \\ 5, 000 \\ 2, 738 \\ 2, 572 \\ 167 \\ 773 \\ 443 \\ 330$	$14, 514 \\ 5, 304 \\ 2, 951 \\ 2, 775 \\ 176 \\ 811 \\ 451 \\ 360$	$14, 437 \\ 5, 211 \\ 2, 802 \\ 2, 628 \\ 174 \\ 768 \\ 442 \\ 326$	r 14, 280 r 5, 124 2, 856 2, 695 161 r 744 424 r 320	r 14, 424 r 5, 154 r 2, 871 r 2, 712 r 159 r 778 r 448 r 330	r 14, 412 r 5, 103 r 2, 816 r 2, 663 r 153 r 786 r 441 r 344	$14,467 \\ 5,122 \\ 2,845 \\ 2,697 \\ 148 \\ 786 \\ 436 \\ 350$
Jewelry stores	121 869 660 209	$122 \\ 859 \\ 642 \\ 217$	$     \begin{array}{r}       122 \\       831 \\       614 \\       217     \end{array} $	130 832 618 214	$121 \\ 841 \\ 622 \\ 219$	$123 \\ 847 \\ 631 \\ 216$	$127 \\ 846 \\ 629 \\ 218$	$134 \\ 876 \\ 648 \\ 229$	$138 \\ 915 \\ 681 \\ 234$	$     \begin{array}{r}       130 \\       861 \\       652 \\       209     \end{array} $	r 114 r 852 r 634 r 218	* 113 * 848 633 * 215	114 846 633 212
Nondurable-goods storesdo Apparel group do Men's and boys' wear stores do Women's apparel, accessory stores do Family and other apparel stores do Shoe stores do Drug and proprietary stores do Eating and drinking places do	9, 173 881 210 183 138 390 1, 070	$\begin{array}{r} 9,160\\ 894\\ 206\\ 360\\ 188\\ 140\\ 395\\ 1,067\end{array}$	9, 065 870 212 345 170 143 384 1, 048	9, 358 930 226 361 194 149 399 1, 063	$9,257\\897\\216\\358\\177\\146\\398\\1,051$	9, 539 987 232 389 206 160 411 1, 091	$9,140 \\ 891 \\ 210 \\ 342 \\ 193 \\ 146 \\ 414 \\ 1,087$	$9,211\\883\\210\\346\\188\\138\\412\\1,075$	9,2259162093552041483971,101	9, 156 865 199 348 185 132 405 1, 082	r 9, 270 r 915 r 204 r 375 r 189 r 147 r 404 r 1, 086	r 9, 309 r 919 r 195 r 382 r 193 r 149 r 402 r 1, 086	$9, 346 \\ 924 \\ 198 \\ 374 \\ 192 \\ 160 \\ 399 \\ 1, 092$
Food group.       do         Grocery stores       do         Gasoline service stations       do         General-merchandise group.       do         Department stores, excl. mail-order.       do         Mail-order (catalog sales).       do         Variety stores.       do         Other general-merchandise stores.       do         Liquor stores       do	$\begin{array}{c} 3,402\\ 2,756\\ 833\\ 1,535\\ 831\\ 118\\ 252\\ 334\\ 274\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3,346\\ 2,713\\ 842\\ 1,615\\ 896\\ 115\\ 262\\ 342\\ 264\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3, 398 \\ 2, 768 \\ 847 \\ 1, 517 \\ 838 \\ 107 \\ 247 \\ 325 \\ 268 \end{array}$	3, 419 2, 770 854 1, 638 903 115 260 360 279	$\begin{array}{c} 3,362\\ 2,735\\ 875\\ 1,586\\ 884\\ 111\\ 239\\ 352\\ 256\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3,372\\ 2,730\\ 893\\ 1,690\\ 918\\ 123\\ 262\\ 387\\ 275\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3,353\\ 2,714\\ 850\\ 1,543\\ 852\\ 109\\ 237\\ 345\\ 254\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 3, 393 \\ 2, 743 \\ 869 \\ 1, 560 \\ 855 \\ 116 \\ 250 \\ 339 \\ 264 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3,376\\ 2,741\\ 845\\ 1,582\\ 870\\ 118\\ 254\\ 340\\ 263\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3, 407 \\ 2, 773 \\ 855 \\ 1, 526 \\ 835 \\ 107 \\ 254 \\ 329 \\ 271 \end{array}$	r 3, 367 r 2, 759 r 854 r 1, 628 r 902 118 r 265 r 343 r 268	r 3, 394 r 2, 785 868 r 1, 634 r 898 r 116 r 264 r 357 r 275	$\begin{array}{r} 3,434\\ 2,831\\ 888\\ 1,604\\ 866\\ 120\\ 281\\ 337\\ 274\end{array}$
Estimated inventories: do	19, 209 8, 621 10, 588	19, 279 8, 314 10, 965	$20, 434 \\ 8, 739 \\ 11, 695$	21, 564 9, 125 12, 439	22,059 9,366 12,693	19, 544 8, 838 10, 706	$19,896 \\ 9,292 \\ 10,604$	20, 738 9, 789 10, 949	$21,967 \\ 10,473 \\ 11,494$	$22,403 \\11,014 \\11,389$	21, 946 10, 800 11, 146	r 21, 295 r 10, 419 r 10, 876	$\begin{array}{c} 21,417\\ 10,455\\ 10,962 \end{array}$
Adjusted, totaldo Durable-goods storesdo Automotive groupdo Furniture and appliance groupdo Jewelry storesdo Lumber, building, hardware groupdo Other durable-goods storesdo	$20, 127 \\ 8, 749 \\ 2, 591 \\ 1, 707 \\ 488 \\ 2, 332 \\ 1, 631$	$19,745 \\ 8,626 \\ 2,564 \\ 1,701 \\ 480 \\ 2,273 \\ 1,608$	$\begin{array}{c} 20,281\\ 8,956\\ 2,875\\ 1,693\\ 486\\ 2,233\\ 1,669\end{array}$	20, 652 9, 175 3, 093 1, 643 500 2, 229 1, 710	$\begin{array}{c} 20,895\\9,384\\3,212\\1,643\\499\\2,281\\1,749\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 20,804\\ 9,352\\ 3,272\\ 1,639\\ 490\\ 2,208\\ 1,743\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 20,814\\ 9,539\\ 3,307\\ 1,659\\ 496\\ 2,299\\ 1,778\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 20,973\\ 9,905\\ 3,457\\ 1,662\\ 491\\ 2,449\\ 1,846\end{array}$	$21,096 \\10,084 \\3,500 \\1,651 \\488 \\2,565 \\1,880$	$\begin{array}{c} 21,656\\ 10,396\\ 3,676\\ 1,706\\ 492\\ 2,584\\ 1,938\end{array}$	21, 543 10, 252 3, 592 1, 703 482 2, 564 1, 911	$\begin{array}{c} r \ 21, 572 \\ r \ 10, 257 \\ r \ 3, 657 \\ r \ 1, 669 \\ 503 \\ 2, 516 \\ r \ 1, 912 \end{array}$	$22,054 \\10,545 \\3,922 \\1,719 \\497 \\2,475 \\1,932$
Nondurable-goods storesdo Apparel groupdo Drug and proprietary storesdo Food groupdo. General-merchandise groupdo Other nondurable-goods storesdo	11,3782,7147902,0803,3582,436	11, 119 2, 700 765 2, 001 3, 276 2, 377	$11, 325 \\ 2, 748 \\ 752 \\ 2, 099 \\ 3, 351 \\ 2, 375$	$11,477 \\ 2,817 \\ 799 \\ 2,091 \\ 3,383 \\ 2,387$	$11, 511 \\ 2, 830 \\ 801 \\ 2, 089 \\ 3, 424 \\ 2, 367$	$\begin{array}{c c} 11,452\\ 2,790\\ 717\\ 2,183\\ 3,373\\ 2,389\end{array}$	$11, 275 \\ 2, 703 \\ 760 \\ 2, 119 \\ 3, 384 \\ 2, 309$	11,0682,5597452,0473,4712,246	$\begin{array}{c c}11,012\\2,506\\710\\2,053\\3,497\\2,246\end{array}$	$11, 260 \\ 2, 576 \\ 732 \\ 2, 060 \\ 3, 622 \\ 2, 270$	$\begin{array}{c c}11, 291\\2, 573\\708\\2, 092\\3, 622\\2, 296\end{array}$	r 11, 315 r 2, 650 r 751 2, 040 r 3, 560 r 2, 314	$11,509 \\ 2,728 \\ 774 \\ 2,059 \\ 3,623 \\ 2,325$
Firms with 11 or more stores:†         Estimated sales (unadjusted), totaldo         Apparel groupdo	2, 333 132 12 57 45 59 54 23	$2,504 \\ 143 \\ 11 \\ 63 \\ 48 \\ 60 \\ 54 \\ 26$	$2,476 \\ 175 \\ 15 \\ 69 \\ 60 \\ 58 \\ 54 \\ 26$	$2,744 \\ 191 \\ 21 \\ 76 \\ 53 \\ 61 \\ 56 \\ 30$	2,666 182 21 74 49 60 50 31	3,457 293 35 119 80 87 55 32	$2,285 \\ 132 \\ 15 \\ 51 \\ 38 \\ 60 \\ 50 \\ 20$	$2,145 \\ 119 \\ 13 \\ 47 \\ 36 \\ 57 \\ 47 \\ 22$	$2,485 \\ 188 \\ 19 \\ 74 \\ 56 \\ 60 \\ 54 \\ 28$	$\begin{array}{c c} 2, 546 \\ 180 \\ 17 \\ 70 \\ 60 \\ 60 \\ 56 \\ 24 \end{array}$	r 2, 604 r 180 r 17 r 58 r 62 r 58 30	r 2, 576 r 178 r 17 r 68 r 62 r 62 r 59 r 26	2, 453 i40 11 58 50 63 62 22
General-merchandise groupdo Department storesdo	618 284	719 326	735 346	856 396	835 366	<b>1</b> , 335 539	556     248	543 233	684 302	718 338	+ 747 + 376	7 750 7 362	
Dry-goods, other general-merchandise storesil, of dol. Variety storesdo. Grocery storesdo Lumber, building-materials dealersdo Tire, battery, accessory storesdo.	91 163 953 72 56	113 183 999 76 57	$     \begin{array}{r}       100 \\       180 \\       930 \\       78 \\       49     \end{array} $	131 201 1,015 81 53	$     \begin{array}{r}       135 \\       203 \\       1,020 \\       64 \\       49     \end{array} $	$205 \\ 414 \\ 1,056 \\ 53 \\ 75$	$142 \\ 1,039 \\ 51$	78 144 939 47 41	$     \begin{array}{r}       103 \\       172 \\       999 \\       54 \\       49     \end{array} $	104 183 1, 013 62 54	r 102 r 177 r 1,050 r 63 56	r 108 r 184 r 1,015 r 68 60	92 172 1,038 66 57
Estimated sales (adjusted), totaldo Apparel groupdo Men's and boys' wear storesdo Women's apparel, accessory storesdo Shoe storesdo Drug and proprietary storesdo Eating and drinking placesdo Furniture, homefurnishings storesdo	$2,520 \\ 171 \\ 19 \\ 72 \\ 55 \\ 61 \\ 54 \\ 25$	$2,562 \\ 174 \\ 18 \\ 73 \\ 56 \\ 62 \\ 53 \\ 25$	2,545 169 16 66 55 61 54 24	$2,622 \\ 180 \\ 19 \\ 71 \\ 53 \\ 61 \\ 54 \\ 28$	$2,555 \\ 175 \\ 18 \\ 72 \\ 50 \\ 62 \\ 52 \\ 29$	$2,638 \\ 195 \\ 20 \\ 80 \\ 56 \\ 62 \\ 52 \\ 22$	$2,506 \\ 167 \\ 16 \\ 68 \\ 49 \\ 63 \\ 51 \\ 27$	$2,570 \\ 168 \\ 18 \\ 66 \\ 52 \\ 62 \\ 52 \\ 52 \\ 27$	2, 591 171 18 64 55 61 53 31	$2,579 \\ 171 \\ 17 \\ 69 \\ 51 \\ 63 \\ 56 \\ 26$	r 2, 586 r 177 18 r 70 r 57 r 64 r 57 30	r 2, 618 r 174 17 r 69 r 56 r 64 r 59 r 26	$2, 641 \\ 177 \\ 17 \\ 72 \\ 60 \\ 64 \\ 60 \\ 24$
General-merchandise groupdo Department storesdo Dry-goods, other general-merchandise	729 325	757 326	729 328	783 351	735 323	817 345	727 345	756 359	769 357	745 343	r 795 r 377	r 778 r 356	787 361
storesidodo Variety storesdo Grocery storesdo Lumber, building-materials dealersdo Tire, battery, accessory storesdo	$     \begin{array}{r}       101 \\       193 \\       984 \\       66 \\       47     \end{array} $	119 204 985 68 52	$ \begin{array}{r} 102 \\ 199 \\ 1,009 \\ 62 \\ 50 \\ \end{array} $	$120 \\ 204 \\ 1,009 \\ 62 \\ 52$	119 189 1,013 64 53	$145 \\ 210 \\ 1,003 \\ 64 \\ 52$	$98 \\ 181 \\ 995 \\ 63 \\ 60$	$ \begin{array}{r} 101 \\ 187 \\ 1,000 \\ 69 \\ 61 \end{array} $	114 189 1,004 69 57	112 190 1,018 64 58	r 108 200 r 992 r 60 54	$\left \begin{array}{c} & r & 112 \\ & r & 201 \\ & r & 1,030 \\ & r & 61 \\ & r & 54 \end{array}\right $	$106 \\ 209 \\ 1,050 \\ 60 \\ 50$

'Revised. †Revised series; see note marked "†" on p. S-8. ¿Data represent new estimates adjusted for comparability with the new series of retail sales. For the new estimates for December 1950 and the entire year 1951 and for revisions of the old series (1949-51), see pp. 14 ff. of the November 1952 SURVEY.

#### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

September	1953
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Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1952							1953								
1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1951 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July		
	DOMESTIC TRADE—Continued														
RETAIL TRADE—Continued															
Department stores: Accounts receivable, end of month: Charge accounts	107 177 46 17 48 41 11	108 180 46 17 48 41 11	118 190 47 18 46 43 11	128 201 50 18 46 43 11	138 211 48 17 47 42 11	183 231 48 17 49 42 9	147 226 47 17 47 47 42 11	126 224 44 15 47 42 11	123 222 49 17 46 43 11	122 220 46 15 47 43 10	124 220 46 15 47 43 10	123 219 47 15 47 43 10	114 214 46 15 47 42 11		
	84 96 73 82 82 104 93 84 70 76 90 784 96	98 115 83 97 99 114 110 103 7 78 7 102 7 102 112	<pre>r 113 126 111 110 110 128 115 108 r 102 100 r 124 r 115 r 116</pre>	<pre>7 120 132 111 116 119 134 120 124 7 113 120 7 132 7 126 7 118</pre>	134 145 127 129 139 145 132 120 7 127 143 142 143 142 7 134 136	r 196 221 193 186 194 215 196 175 r 181 r 194 214 r 189 r 208	85 97 7 83 7 83 83 101 86 74 74 780 82 7 83 7 83 7 83 91	r 88 r102 80 r85 101 91 80 r 81 85 89 r 89 94	$103 \\ 124 \\ 95 \\ 101 \\ 107 \\ 117 \\ 103 \\ 92 \\ r \\ 93 \\ 106 \\ r \\ 110 \\ r \\ 104 \\ 102 \\$	$104 \\ 117 \\ 101 \\ 103 \\ 117 \\ 106 \\ 97 \\ r 95 \\ 103 \\ 111 \\ 105 $	<pre>r 115 131 106 114 115 127 115 107 r 101 r 118 128 r 118 117</pre>	<pre>* 108 114 103 110 111 118 111 * 98 * 98 * 105 112 * 110 * 112</pre>	p 89 p 102 p 76 p 89 p 104 p 91 p 84 p 75 p 83 p 96 p 86 p 101		
Sales, adjusted, total U. S.†	r 107 120 r 102 r 101 105 124 114 104 r 98 r 107 r 112 r 104 r 111 r 119	<pre>r 112 131 r 104 r 108 113 r 126 r 118 r 108 r 108 r 108 r 108 r 100 r 120 r 120 116 114 118</pre>	r 108 r 123 r 104 r 104 r 106 r 120 108 98 r 98 105 r 117 r 108 114 124	115 , 129 , 111 , 112 , 115 , 128 , 114 , 108 , 107 , 107 , 112 , 126 , 115 , 118 , 134 , 121	<pre>     111     128     105     107     113     128     115     104     100     109     116     113     117     117     137     122 </pre>	115 r 129 r 107 r 114 117 r 128 r 118 110 r 103 111 r 123 r 115 r 117 r 126 r 117 r 128 r 117 r 128 r 117 r 128 r 117 r 128 r 107 r 108 r 117 r 108 r 108 r 117 r 107 r 117 r 107 r 107	111 r 126 r 105 107 r 113 r 127 114 r 103 r 100 r 108 r 113 108 r 113 108 r 111 123	<pre>r 112 124 106 r 110 115 125 r 115 r 105 r 100 r 112 117 r 113 r 116 119 r 123</pre>	r 115 128 r 105 114 116 r 126 114 r 108 112 r 124 r 118 r 119 127 r 122	110 7 118 7 106 7 110 105 7 124 7 102 7 102 7 102 7 102 7 102 7 113 7 117 7 111 7 116 132 7 125	<pre>r 117 r 134 r 106 114 r 115 r 131 115 r 107 r 104 r 119 r 129 r 118 r 124 132 r 127</pre>	- 115 r 128 103 112 118 134 r 106 r 101 r 110 119 r 122 r 121 r 123 r 128	<pre>p 112 p 127 p 106 p 110 p 114 p 124 p 111 p 105 p 103 p 107 p 107 p 107 p 117 p 120 p 107 p 117 p 121 p 130</pre>		
Mail-order and store sales: Total sales, 2 companiesthous. of dol Montgomery Ward & Codo Sears, Roebuck & Codo	304, 313 82, 995 221, 318	351, 558 101, 150 250, 409	373, 724 102, 462 271, 262	418, 732 118, 142 300, 590	391, 569 108, 525 283, 045	546, 465 155, 594 390, 870	$268, 261 \\ 62, 778 \\ 205, 483$	258, 518 62, 171 196, 347	327, 550 87, 515 240, 036	345, 223 90, 564 254, 659	384, 048 95, 059 288, 989	380, 397 92, 804 287, 593	316, 298 78, 977 237, 320		
Rural sales of general merchandise:         Total U. S., unadjusted	$\begin{array}{c} 249.\ 5\\ 215.\ 6\\ 270.\ 5\\ 234.\ 6\\ 313.\ 6\\ 336.\ 3\\ 304.\ 5\\ 387.\ 0\\ 314.\ 1\\ 384.\ 3\end{array}$	315.6 280.7 330.8 295.3 396.2 342.3 320.1 368.4 318.9 404.3	$\begin{array}{c} 344.5\\ 299.7\\ 390.4\\ 316.8\\ 415.6\\ 289.0\\ 343.1\\ 294.4\\ 363.3 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 378.3\\ 356.9\\ 445.0\\ 366.8\\ 410.8\\ 316.3\\ 310.3\\ 348.2\\ 312.2\\ 365.5 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 432.\ 6\\ 441.\ 5\\ 393.\ 7\\ 500.\ 3\\ 333.\ 8\\ 310.\ 5\\ 347.\ 0\\ 299.\ 6\\ 399.\ 0\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 554.\ 4\\ 502.\ 9\\ 585.\ 8\\ 527.\ 9\\ 662.\ 3\\ 371.\ 8\\ 330.\ 8\\ 411.\ 7\\ 351.\ 5\\ 418.\ 4\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 253.\ 7\\ 238.\ 6\\ 281.\ 0\\ 237.\ 2\\ 286.\ 3\\ 335.\ 1\\ 314.\ 8\\ 351.\ 2\\ 316.\ 3\\ 389.\ 0\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 277.\ 7\\ 254.\ 3\\ 308.\ 1\\ 254.\ 7\\ 301.\ 9\\ 331.\ 8\\ 306.\ 4\\ 354.\ 1\\ 318.\ 4\\ 404.\ 1\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 322.\ 5\\ 316.\ 3\\ 349.\ 5\\ 312.\ 1\\ 352.\ 3\\ 347.\ 9\\ 326.\ 0\\ 379.\ 9\\ 327.\ 8\\ 404.\ 9\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 293.\ 6\\ 265.\ 8\\ 313.\ 3\\ 274.\ 9\\ 340.\ 2\\ 313.\ 3\\ 285.\ 8\\ 348.\ 9\\ 287.\ 6\\ 371.\ 8\end{array}$	308. 3 294. 1 320. 3 292. 9 339. 7 343. 7 327. 5 386. 4 330. 6 379. 1	$\begin{array}{c} 316.8\\ 281.7\\ 334.8\\ 309.9\\ 369.1\\ 355.2\\ 313.0\\ 385.3\\ 338.3\\ 394.8 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 216.\ 6\\ 228.\ 4\\ 269.\ 1\\ 250.\ 9\\ 349.\ 5\\ 353.\ 9\\ 322.\ 6\\ 385.\ 0\\ 335.\ 9\\ 428.\ 3\end{array}$		
WHOLESALE TRADE <sup>‡</sup>															
Sales, estimated (unadj.), totalmil. of dolUurable-goods establishmentsdoNondurable-goods establishmentsdo Inventories, estimated (unadj.), totaldo Durable-goods establishmentsdo Nondurable-goods establishmentsdo	8, 596 2, 718 5, 878 9, 665 4, 809 4, 856	8, 699 2, 646 6, 053 9, 735 4, 814 4, 921	9, 523 2, 983 6, 540 9, 925 4, 824 5, 101	$\begin{array}{c} 10,389\\ 3,254\\ 7,135\\ 16,177\\ 4,790\\ 5,387 \end{array}$	9, 481 2, 797 6, 684 10, 202 4, 860 5, 342	9, 765 2, 853 6, 912 9, 965 4, 878 5, 087	8, 593 2, 457 6, 136 10, 111 5, 099 5, 012	8, 195 2, 619 5, 576 10, 255 5, 325 4, 930	$\begin{array}{c} 8,866\\ 2,910\\ 5.956\\ 10,434\\ 5,547\\ 4,887\end{array}$	8, 545 3, 009 5, 536 10, 376 5, 569 4, 807	8, 232 2, 823 5, 409 10, 354 5, 574 4, 780	r 8, 656 2, 975 r 5, 681 r 10, 311 r 5, 444 4, 867	$\begin{array}{c} 8,909\\ 2,902\\ 6,007\\ 10,258\\ 5,415\\ 4,843\end{array}$		
EMPLOYMENT AND POPULATION															
POPULATION Population, continental United States: Total, incl. armed forces overseasthousands EMPLOYMENT	156, 981	157, 234	157, 505	157, 768	158, 012	158, 233	158, 448	158, 657	158, 848	159, 068	159, 260	159, 473	159, 696		

Employment status of civilian noninstitutional population:3 <sup>a</sup> Estimated number 14 years of age and over, total	109, 692 51, 948 57, 744	109, 8 <b>04</b> 52, 000 57, 804	109, 906 52, 040 57, 866	110, 074 52, 144 57, 930	110, 198 52, 208 57, 990	110, 315 52, 265 58, 050	<sup>1</sup> 110, 648 <sup>1</sup> 52, 502 <sup>1</sup> 58, 146	110, 936 52, 698 58, 238	$111, 210 \\ 52, 886 \\ 58, 324$	111, 300 52, 932 58, 368	111, 398 52, 974 58, 424	$111,476\\52,996\\58,480$	$111,542 \\ 53,006 \\ 58,536$
Civilian labor force, totaldo Maledo Femaledo	64, 176 44, 720 19, 456	63, 958 44, 396 19, 562	63, 698 43, 468 20, 230	63, 146 43, 196 19, 950	63, 646 43, 218 20, 428	62, 921 43, 240 19, 681	1 62, 416 1 43, 334 1 19, 082	62, 712 43, 692 19, 020	63, 134 43, 892 19, 242	62, 810 43, 898 18, 912	62, 964 43, 848 19, 116	64, 734 44, 862 19, 872	64, 668 45, 260 19, 408
Employeddo Maledo Femaledo	62, 234 43, 476 18, 758	62, 354 43, 392 18, 962	62, 260 42, 604 19, 656	61, 862 42, 482 19, 380	62, 228 42, 404 19, 824	61, 509 42, 275 19, 234	<sup>1</sup> 60, 524 <sup>1</sup> 41, 974 <sup>1</sup> 18, 550	60, 924 42, 448 18, 476	61, 460 42, 784 18, 676	$\begin{array}{c} 61,228\\ 42,794\\ 18,434 \end{array}$	61, 658 42, 950 18, 708	63, 172 43, 838 19, 334	$\begin{array}{c} 63,120\ 44,236\ 18,884 \end{array}$
Agricultural employmentdo Nonagricultural employmentdo Unemployeddo	7, 598 54, 636 1, 942	6, 964 55, 390 1, 604	7, 548 54, 712 1, 438	7, 274 54, 588 1, 284	6, 774 55, 454 1, 418	5,697 55,812 1,412	<sup>1</sup> 5, 452 <sup>1</sup> 55, 072 <sup>1</sup> 1, 892	5, 366 55, 558 1, 788	5, 720 55, 740 1, 674	6, 070 55, 158 1, 582	6, 390 55, 268 1, 306	$7,926 \\ 55,246 \\ 1,562$	7,628 55,492 1,548
Not in labor forcedodo	45, 516	45, 846	46, 208	46, 928	46, 552	47, 394	1 48, 232	48, 224	48, 076	48, 490	48, 434	46, 742	46, 874

\* Revised. • Preliminary. <sup>1</sup> See note at bottom of p. S-11. †Revised series. Data have been revised to reflect use of new base period and to incorporate other major changes. Additional revisions in the sales and stock indexes appearing in this issue of the SURVEY (extending back to 1946 in some instances) result from changes in seasonal factors and minor adjustments in the sample from which the unadjusted indexes are constructed. Revisions back to 1919 for sales and stocks will be shown later. Published revisions for accounts receivable for 1941-51 appear on p. 32 of the July 1952 SURVEY, †Data on total wholesale trade have been substituted for the series on service and limited-function wholesalers. For annual sales, 1939-48, and end-of-year inventories, 1938-48, see p. 24 of the October 1951 SURVEY; revisions beginning 1949 appear on pp. 16 ft. of the October 1952 SURVEY. of See note at bottom of p. S-11.

#### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through			19	952						1953			
1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1951 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July
	EMP	LOYM	ENT A	ND PO	PULA	TION-	Conti	nued					
EMPLOYMENT—Continued Employees in nonagricultural establishments:‡ Total, unadjusted (U. S. Dept. of Labor) thousands	47,078	48, 158	48, 892	49,095	49, 310	50, 140	48, 382	48, 369	48, 685	7 48, 860	r 49, 039	r 49, 372	p 49. 371
Manufacturing	$\begin{array}{c} 15,402\\ 8,530\\ 6,872\\ 784\\ 69\\ 61\\ 267\end{array}$	$16,280 \\ 9,142 \\ 7,138 \\ 893 \\ 103 \\ 63 \\ 340$	16, 680 9, 440 7, 240 886 100 63 339	16, 778 9, 594 7, 184 871 99 63 330	16, 874 9, 750 7, 124 871 101 62 331	$\begin{array}{c} 16,952\\ 9,856\\ 7,096\\ 870\\ 102\\ 62\\ 331 \end{array}$	16, 884 9, 880 7, 004 866 102 61 331	$17,013 \\ 9,989 \\ 7,024 \\ 856 \\ 101 \\ 60 \\ 325$	$17, 135 \\ 10, 103 \\ 7, 032 \\ 846 \\ 100 \\ 57 \\ 318$	* 17,077 *10,117 * 6,960 * 835 * 100 51 * 310	7 17,050 10,108 7 6,942 7 831 7 100 57 300	r 17, 155 r 10, 124 r 7, 031 r 837 101 55 r 299	<i>p</i> 49, 371 <i>p</i> 17, 125 <i>p</i> 10, 047 <i>p</i> 7, 078 <i>p</i> 828 <i>p</i> 101 <i>p</i> 290
thousands Nonmetallic mining and quarryingdo Contract construction	$283 \\ 104 \\ 2,751 \\ 4,198 \\ 1,353 \\ 134 \\ 682 \\ 48 \\ 553 \\ 104 \\$	$281 \\ 106 \\ 2, 812 \\ 4, 258 \\ 1, 394 \\ 134 \\ 688 \\ 48 \\ 554$	$\begin{array}{c} 280 \\ 106 \\ 2,794 \\ 4,281 \\ 1,411 \\ 133 \\ 682 \\ 48 \\ 548 \end{array}$	$274 \\ 106 \\ 2, 728 \\ 4, 296 \\ 1, 423 \\ 132 \\ 682 \\ 49 \\ 543 \\ \end{cases}$	$272 \\ 105 \\ 2.648 \\ 4,286 \\ 1,413 \\ 132 \\ 684 \\ 49 \\ 539$	$273 \\ 102 \\ 2, 497 \\ 4, 293 \\ 1, 406 \\ 132 \\ 687 \\ 49 \\ 541$	$275 \\ 98 \\ 2,303 \\ 4,210 \\ 1,368 \\ 126 \\ 685 \\ 49 \\ 541$	$\begin{array}{c} 272\\ 98\\ 2,280\\ 4,210\\ 1,356\\ 132\\ 689\\ 48\\ 541\end{array}$	271992, 3014, 2351, 36113169448543	272 102 7 2, 406 7 4, 244 7 1, 376 131 682 48 7 542	271 103 7 2, 492 7 4, 280 7 1, 388 130 697 49 7 544	277 r 106 r 2, 584 r4, 312 1, 399 131 700 49 552	p 106 p 2, 676 p 4, 345
Wholesale and retail trade	$\begin{array}{c} 10,108\\ 2,709\\ 7,399\\ 1,332\\ 1,349\\ 785\\ 1,997\\ 5,882\\ 546\\ 351\\ 174\\ 6,456\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 10, 110\\ 2, 722\\ 7, 388\\ 1, 325\\ 1, 345\\ 782\\ 2,000\\ 5, 378\\ 546\\ 349\\ 169\\ 6, 427 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 10, 295\\ 2, 730\\ 7, 565\\ 1, 424\\ 1, 356\\ 778\\ 1, 976\\ 5, 364\\ 494\\ 344\\ 174\\ 6, 616\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 10,442\\ 2,752\\ 7,690\\ 1,505\\ 1,376\\ 1,973\\ 5,303\\ 456\\ 344\\ 177\\ 6,704 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 10, 650\\ 2, 780\\ 7, 870\\ 1, 626\\ 1, 382\\ 801\\ 1, 973\\ 5, 266\\ 446\\ 342\\ 175\\ 6, 742 \end{array}$	11, 218 2, 787 8, 431 2, 013 1, 407 815 1, 978 5, 237 447 342 173 7, 095	$\begin{array}{c} 10,283\\ 2,747\\ 7,536\\ 1,407\\ 1,371\\ 808\\ 1,969\\ 5,192\\ 443\\ 342\\ 172\\ 6,675 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 10, 214\\ 2, 743\\ 7, 471\\ 7, 355\\ 1, 381\\ 810\\ 1, 977\\ 5, 194\\ 451\\ 340\\ 172\\ 6, 625\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 10, 284\\ 2, 730\\ 7, 554\\ 1, 396\\ 1, 389\\ 813\\ 1, 993\\ 5, 225\\ 456\\ 340\\ 175\\ 6, 666\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} r  10,  314 \\ r  2,  713 \\ r  7,  601 \\ r  1,  397 \\ r  1,  398 \\ r  820 \\ r  2,  014 \\ r  5,  307 \\ r  464 \\ r  344 \\ 181 \\ 6,  653 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} r \ 10, 337 \\ r \ 2, 710 \\ r \ 7, 627 \\ r \ 1, 400 \\ r \ 1, 401 \\ r \ 829 \\ 2, 026 \\ r \ 5, 354 \\ r \ 468 \\ r \ 349 \\ 184 \\ 6, 669 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} r \ 10, 401 \\ r \ 2, 725 \\ r \ 7, 676 \\ r \ 1, 397 \\ r \ 1, 408 \\ r \ 839 \\ r \ 2, 050 \\ r \ 5, 395 \\ 495 \\ 354 \\ 186 \\ r \ 6, 638 \end{array}$	p 10, 349           p 2, 742           p 7, 607           p 1, 359           p 1, 404           p 848           p 2, 075           p 5, 413
Total, adjusted (Federal Reserve)	$\begin{array}{c} 47, 336\\ 15, 609\\ 777\\ 2, 595\\ 4, 154\\ 10, 273\\ 1, 967\\ 5, 302\\ 6, 659\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 48,039\\ 16,151\\ 883\\ 2,604\\ 4,209\\ 10,261\\ 1,980\\ 5,299\\ 6,652\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 48,406\\ 16,412\\ 880\\ 2,611\\ 4,259\\ 10,333\\ 1,986\\ 5,285\\ 6,640\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 48,664\\ 16,546\\ 867\\ 2,574\\ 4,303\\ 10,390\\ 1,993\\ 5,303\\ 6,688\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 48,857\\ 16,755\\ 870\\ 2,571\\ 4,293\\ 10,366\\ 1,993\\ 5,292\\ 6,717\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 48,957\\ 16,870\\ 871\\ 2,548\\ 4,281\\ 10,397\\ 1,988\\ 5,290\\ 6,712\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 49,014\\ 16,949\\ 872\\ 2,531\\ 4,246\\ 10,437\\ 1,989\\ 5,298\\ 6,692 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 49,113\\17,039\\867\\2,562\\4,261\\10,445\\1,987\\5,300\\6,652\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 49,148\\17,168\\854\\2,529\\4,272\\10,390\\1,993\\5,305\\6,637\end{array}$	r 49, 154 r 17, 229 r 838 r 2, 517 r 4, 266 r 10, 402 r 2, 004 r 5, 307 6, 591	49, 282 17, 290 * 833 * 2, 467 * 4, 283 * 10, 455 2, 016 * 5, 301 6, 637	r 49, 443 r 17, 312 r 833 r 2, 485 r 4, 279 r 10, 507 r 2, 030 r 5, 315 r 6, 682	<i>p</i> 49, 673 <i>p</i> 17, 362 <i>p</i> 820 <i>p</i> 2, 525 <i>p</i> 4, 298 <i>p</i> 10, 518 <i>p</i> 2, 044 <i>p</i> 5, 333 <i>p</i> 6, 773
Production workers in manufacturing industries: Total (U. S. Dept. of Labor)thousands. Durable-goods industriesdo Ordnance and accessoriesdo	12, 229 6, 748 126	13,069 7,332 129	13, 477 7, 634 132	$13.560 \\ 7,774 \\ 132$	13, 634 7, 916 134	13, 699 8, 010 137	13, 619 8, 020 139	13,7338,115142	13, 831 8, 211 147	r 13, 758 r 8, 215 r 150	r 13, 717 r 8, 198 r 156	r 13, 788 r 8, 199 r 158	<sup>p</sup> 13, 731 <sup>p</sup> 8, 105 <sup>p</sup> 164
Lumber and wood products (except furniture) thousands Sawmills and planing millsdo Furniture and fixturesdo Stone, clay, and glass productsdo	744 439 296 434	759 450 307 451	751 448 316 455	728 440 322 459	730 433 329 461	704 420 330 458	$676 \\ 406 \\ 329 \\ 451$		688 408 333 459	r 701 r 416 r 329 r 462	<sup>7</sup> 713 7 424 322 7 460	r 729 431 r 317 r 465	₽ 719 ₽ 314 ₽ 455
Glass and glassware, pressed or blown thousands Primary metal industriesdo Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling millsthousands	80 643 132	83 1,068 530	87 1, 109 556	87 1, 116 557	88 1, 126 557	87 1, 137 561	87 1, 139 562	88 1, 142 563	90 1, 145 r 564	91 1, 144 r 562	7 90 1, 138 7 561	92 1, 143 566	» 1, 133
mills	42 768	43 821	42 862	41 888	41 903	41 922	41 931	42 942	42 952	42 r 952	43 7 952	44 r 958	₽ 939
Heating apparatus (except electrical) and plumbers' suppliesthousands Machinery (except electrical)do Electrical machinerydo Automobilesdo Aircraft and partsdo Ship and boat building and repairsdo Railroad equipmentdo Instruments and related productsdo Miscellaneous mfg. industriesdo	$\begin{array}{c} 107\\ 1,218\\ 755\\ 1,190\\ 515\\ 476\\ 137\\ 51\\ 219\\ 354\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 115\\ 1, 193\\ 782\\ 1, 221\\ 524\\ 490\\ 137\\ 59\\ 226\\ 375\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c} 121\\ 1,208\\ 824\\ 1,355\\ 674\\ 474\\ 138\\ 58\\ 230\\ 393\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 124\\ 1,227\\ 851\\ 1,411\\ 701\\ 501\\ 137\\ 59\\ 234\end{array}$	$125 \\ 1, 260 \\ 872 \\ 1, 450 \\ 735 \\ 510 \\ 137 \\ 56 \\ 237 \\ 415 \\$	$125 \\ 1, 301 \\ 893 \\ 1, 484 \\ 750 \\ 524 \\ 140 \\ 58 \\ 240 \\ 404 \\$	$122 \\ 1, 313 \\ 899 \\ 1, 509 \\ 769 \\ 531 \\ 139 \\ 58 \\ 241 \\ 393$	$124 \\ 1, 323 \\ 916 \\ 1, 543 \\ 798 \\ 538 \\ 137 \\ 59 \\ 241 \\ 404 \\$	$124 \\ 1, 335 \\ 925 \\ 1, 574 \\ 821 \\ 542 \\ 137 \\ 63 \\ 244 \\ 410 \\ 124 \\ 10 \\ 124 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 10 \\ 1$	125 r 1, 321 926 r 1, 576 r 831 r 533 r 139 r 62 244 r 411	r 123 r 1, 303 r 921 r 1, 576 r 834 r 534 r 135 r 61 244 413	124 r 1, 299 r 913 r 1, 557 814 533 135 63 r 245 r 416	p 1, 276 p 880 p 1, 574 p 245 p 245 p 406
Nondurable-goods industriesdo Food and kindred productsdo Dairy productsdo Canning and preservingdo Bakery productsdo Beveragesdo Tobacco manufacturesdo Brevragesdo Textile-mill productsdo Broad-woven fabric millsdo	5, 481 1, 199 244 96 234 188 148 85 1, 067 489	5, 737 1, 269 242 93 309 186 145 109 1, 105 498	5, 843 1, 309 247 87 348 186 137 117 1, 127 501	$\begin{array}{c} 244\\ 83\\ 253\\ 187\\ 134\\ 117\\ 1,135\\ 503\\ \end{array}$	$5,718\\1,142\\254\\80\\172\\187\\132\\109\\1,146\\506$	5, 689 1, 093 256 78 143 184 129 108 1, 146 508	5,599 1,045 249 76 132 179 124 101 1,132 502	$5, 618 \\ 1, 033 \\ 241 \\ 78 \\ 129 \\ 180 \\ 122 \\ 94 \\ 1, 134 \\ 502 \\ $	5, 620 1, 025 238 80 123 180 125 87 1, 134 499	r 5, 543 r 1, 027 r 233 83 r 134 r 179 127 85 r 1, 119 r 494	r 5, 519 r 1, 052 r 234 87 r 145 r 180 132 85 r 1, 113 r 494	r 5, 589 r 1, 089 237 93 160 182 132 85 r 1, 119 496	<sup><i>p</i></sup> 5, 626 <sup><i>p</i></sup> 1, 183 
Knitting millsdo Apparel and other finished textile prod- uctsthousandsthousands Men's and boys' suits and coatsdo	215 1.018 112	228 1,088 122	232 1, 106 124	236 1, 103 123	239 1, 104 122	236 1, 114 121	230 1, 109 119	232 1, 137 124	235 1, 139 126	233 r 1, 086 r 124	232 r 1, 061 r 125	232 1,076 127	₽ 1, 044
Men's and boys' furnishings and work clothingthousan'sdo Women's outerweardo Paper and allied productsdo Pulp, paper, and paperboard millsdo Printing, publishing, and allied industries	260 r 331 411 215	271 339 425 222	276 340 425 217	279 330 432 219	280 331 435 219	280 347 441 224	279 351 436 223	284 360 437 223	289 356 439 223	* 289 * 318 440 222	289 7 298 7 440 222	289 308 r 445 225	» 443
Newspapersdodo Commercial printingdodo Revised. # Preliminary.	$490 \\ 145 \\ 156$	490 144 156	497 146 158	$504 \\ 146 \\ 160$	505 147 161	505 147 162	498 144 161	497 144 159	499 146 159	r 498 r 146 158	499 147 158	502 148 159	» 501

r Revised. P Preliminary. 1 Beginning with the June 1953 SURVEY, data for employment and hours and earnings have been revised (beginning 1947) to adjust to a first quarter 1951 benchmark and to incorporate more detailed weighting procedures primarily in the manufacturing division. Also, the hourly earnings figures have been recalculated, beginning 1951, using as weights (for industry divisions and groups) figures rounded to the nearest cent instead of the nearest mill. Revised data beginning 1947 are available from the compiling agency.

NOTE FOR EMPLOYMENT SERIES, P. 8-10. Beginning January 1953, estimates are based on the 1950 census; unrevised estimates for January consistent with the 1940 census and comparable with data through December 1952 are as follows (thous.): Civilian noninstitutional population—total, 110,450: male 52,345; labor force—total, 62,294; male, 43,213; employed—total, 60,406; male, 41,892; agricultural, 54,433; nonagricultural, 54,963; unemployed, 1,888; not in labor force, 48,156 (data for employment and unemployment estimated by OBE). The overall increase in the level of the labor force (roughly 400,000 for the total; 150,000 for nonagricultural; is not fully reflected in the January figures, but is spread over the 3-month period, January-March 1953. Appropriate allowances should be made in comparing the estimates beginning 1953 with those for earlier periods.

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#### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

#### September 1953

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through			19;	52						1953			
1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1951 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July
	EMP	LOYM	ENT A	ND PO	OPULA	TION-	-Conti	inued					
EMPLOYMENT—Continued													
Production workers in mfg. industries‡—Con.         Total (U. S. Dept. of Labor)—Continued         Nondurable-goods industries—Continued         Chemicals and allied productsthousands         Industrial organic chemicals         Products of petroleum and coaldo         Petroleum refiningdo         Rubber productsdo         Tires and inner tubesdo         Leather and leather productsdo         Footwear (except rubber)	$501 \\ 184 \\ 177 \\ 144 \\ 195 \\ 90 \\ 338 \\ 221$	$503 \\ 185 \\ 191 \\ 146 \\ 203 \\ 89 \\ 355 \\ 233$	512 185 190 145 208 90 353 229	518 187 189 144 213 90 352 225	518 188 188 144 217 91 355 226	518 189 187 144 210 92 359 232	516 190 186 144 219 92 359 236	519 189 186 144 219 91 364 238	526 190 186 144 221 92 363 238	526 191 188 144 7 221 92 355 232	516 192 188 144 7 221 93 7 344 7 226	r 513 195 r 190 145 221 93 r 350 229	» 511 » 193 » 218 » 347
Manufacturing production-worker employment index, unadjusted (U. S. Dept. of Labor)†													
Manufacturing production-worker employment index, adjusted (Federal Reserve) † .1947-49==100.	98.9 100.6	105.7 104.7	109. 0 106. 8	109.6 107.8	110. 2 109. 2	110. 8 110. 0	110. 1 110. 6	111.0 111.2	111.8 112.0	r 111.3 112.4	110. 9 112. 7	r 111.5 r 112.7	p 111. 0 p 113. 0
Miscellaneous employment data: Federal and State highways, total§number Construction (Federal and State)do Maintenance (State)do Federal eivilian employees: United Statesthousands Washington, D. C., metropolitan area &.do Railway employees (class I steam railways):	$\begin{array}{c} 341,207\\ 149,194\\ 131,788\\ 2,422\\ 252\end{array}$	344, 947 151, 418 132, 378 2, 409 249	334, 323 149, 271 126, 444 2, 390 247	315, 261 138, 599 121, 337 2, 386 247	284, 896 109, 889 119, 630 2, 383 246	250, 904 77, 795 117, 558 2, 378 245	239, 11766, 668116, 3212, 370245	233, 697 65, 912 112, 723 2, 363 244	$240, 604 \\71, 537 \\112, 856 \\2, 344 \\241$	$259, 370 \\91, 151 \\112, 583 \\2, 324 \\238$	110.780	<ul> <li>302. 612</li> <li>121. 624</li> <li>120, 212</li> <li>2, 285 234</li> </ul>	p 2, 268 p 230
Totalthousands. Indexes: Unadjusted	1, 214 116. 0 113. 5	1, 256 119, 7 117, 2	1, 272 121. 3 118. 4	1, 285 122, 5 118, 5	1, 274 121. 4 120. 3	1, 260 119. 8 121. 7	1, 229 117. 1 121. 8	1, 219 116. 1 119. 0	1, 223 116. 5 119. 4	1, 239 118. 1 120. 0	1, 251 119. 3 119. 8	r 1, 263 p 120, 4 p 118, 7	1, 172
PAYROLLS										12010	11010		
Manufacturing production-worker payroll index, unadjusted (U. S. Dept. of Labor)†.1947–49=100	122.2	134.2	143.3	145.7	146.3	150.9	148.4	149.3	151.9	r 150.0	r 150.0	r 150.8	₽ 149.9
LABOR CONDITIONS													
Average weekly hours per worker (U. S. Dept. of Labor): All manufacturing industries	39. 9 40. 2 42. 3 40. 9	40. 5 41. 0 41. 0 42. 0	41. 2 41. 9 42. 7	41. 4 42. 2 42. 3 41. 9	$ \begin{array}{r} 41.1\\ 41.9\\ 41.0\\ 41.2 \end{array} $	41.7 42.5 41.7	41. 0 41. 8 41. 0 40. 7	40. 9 41. 7 41. 6 41. 0	41. 1 41. 9 41. 2 40. 9	40. 8 41. 6 7 40. 7 7 41. 0	40. 7 41. 5 41. 4 r 40. 7	40.7 r 41.4 r 41.0 r 41.4	p 40. 4 p 41. 0 p 40. 0
ture)bours. Sawmills and planing millsdo Furniture and fixturesdo Stone, clay, and glass productsdo. Glass and glassware, pressed or blown, do Primary metal industriesdo. Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling	40, 9 40, 4 40, 4 40, 3 38, 4 39, 4	42.0 41.6 41.4 41.2 40.2 40.4	41. 5 41. 3 42. 1 41. 4 39. 7 41. 1	41. 9 41. 7 42. 5 42. 1 40. 7 41. 3	$\begin{array}{c} 41.2\\ 41.1\\ 42.1\\ 41.3\\ 39.9\\ 41.4\end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c} 41.4\\ 41.0\\ 42.8\\ 41.5\\ 40.7\\ 41.8 \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} 40.\ 7\\ 40.\ 3\\ 41.\ 4\\ 40.\ 6\\ 39.\ 6\\ 41.\ 7\end{array}$	40. 6 41. 5 41. 0 39. 9 41. 4	40. 4 41. 6 41. 3 40. 6 41. 7	r 41. 0 r 40. 7 r 41. 3 r 41. 1 r 39. 7 r 41. 2	r 40. 7 r 40. 4 r 41. 0 r 41. 2 r 39. 8 r 41. 4	41.3 r 41.1 r 41.1 39.9 r 41.5	p 41.4
Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills	37.7 41.9	40.3 41.6	40.9 41.7	40.6 41.4	41.1 41.6	41.0 41.8	41. 4 41. 9	40. 9 41. 7	40.9 41.7	r 40.3	r 41. 1 41. 6		
metals hours Fabricated metal prod. (except ordnance, ma- chinery, transportation equipment) hours.	39.8	41.0	41.7	41.4	42.4	43.3	41. 5	42.2	42.4	42.2	r 42. 1	* 42.0	₽ 41. 6
Heating apparatus (except electrical) and plumbers' supplies.       hours.         Machinery (except electrical).       do.         Electrical machinery.       do.         Transportation equipment.       do.         Automobiles.       do.         Ahireraft and parts.       do.         Ship and boat building and repairs.       do.         Railroad equipment.       do.         Mathematical environment.       do.         Mathematical environment.       do.         Mathematical environment.       do.         Mathematical environment.       do.         Miscellaneous mfr. industries.       do.	$\begin{array}{c} 39. \ 6\\ 41. \ 5\\ 39. \ 7\\ 39. \ 4\\ 35. \ 9\\ 42. \ 6\\ 40. \ 4\\ 40. \ 7\\ 40. \ 7\\ 39. \ 6\end{array}$	40. 7 42. 0 40. 7 40. 3 38. 4 42. 3 40. 3 40. 3 41. 4 40. 7	$\begin{array}{c} 41.7\\ 42.7\\ 41.6\\ 42.2\\ 41.8\\ 43.6\\ 40.4\\ 39.8\\ 42.2\\ 41.6\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 42.\ 2\\ 42.\ 7\\ 41.\ 7\\ 42.\ 6\\ 43.\ 1\\ 43.\ 0\\ 39.\ 4\\ 40.\ 0\\ 42.\ 4\\ 42.\ 1\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 41,2\\ 42,6\\ 41,6\\ 41,9\\ 41,9\\ 43,1\\ 37,8\\ 40,0\\ 42,5\\ 42,0\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 42.1\\ 43.5\\ 42.1\\ 42.7\\ 42.4\\ 43.9\\ 40.2\\ 41.6\\ 42.8\\ 42.3\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 40.5\\ 43.0\\ 41.7\\ 41.9\\ 41.4\\ 43.3\\ 39.6\\ 40.7\\ 41.8\\ 41.4\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c ccccc} 41.0 \\ 42.8 \\ 41.2 \\ 41.8 \\ 41.7 \\ 43.0 \\ 38.3 \\ 40.6 \\ 41.7 \\ 41.1 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 41.\ 0\\ 43.\ 1\\ 41.\ 5\\ 41.\ 7\\ 41.\ 8\\ 42.\ 3\\ 39.\ 2\\ 40.\ 5\\ 41.\ 9\\ 41.\ 5\end{array}$	r 40.7 42.8 r 41.3 r 41.6 r 41.9 42.0 r 39.7 r 40.2 r 41.2 r 41.3	40.5 42.5 r 40.8 r 41.5 r 41.7 41.8 39.7 r 39.5 41.6 r 41.1	41.3	p 40.6
Nondurable-goods industries       do         Food and kindred products.       do.         Meat products.       do.         Dairy products       do.         Canning and preserving.       do.         Bakery products.       do.         Beverages.       do.         Tobacco manufactures.       do.         Textile-mill products.       do.         Broad-woven fabric mills.       do.         Kitting mills.       do.	$\begin{array}{c} 39.4\\ 42.0\\ 41.0\\ 45.0\\ 40.5\\ 41.9\\ 43.7\\ 38.0\\ 38.5\\ 38.1\\ 38.0\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 39.9\\ 41.4\\ 40.5\\ 44.0\\ 40.0\\ 41.9\\ 41.8\\ 39.2\\ 39.7\\ 39.3\\ 39.0\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 40.\ 3\\ 42.\ 3\\ 41.\ 5\\ 44.\ 4\\ 42.\ 5\\ 41.\ 8\\ 41.\ 4\\ 40.\ 3\\ 40.\ 2\\ 40.\ 1\\ 39.\ 3\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 40.\ 3\\ 41.\ 8\\ 41.\ 9\\ 43.\ 4\\ 40.\ 7\\ 41.\ 6\\ 40.\ 8\\ 40.\ 4\\ 40.\ 5\\ 40.\ 6\\ 39.\ 9\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 40.1\\ 41.7\\ 43.4\\ 43.5\\ 36.2\\ 41.5\\ 41.2\\ 38.5\\ 40.4\\ 40.5\\ 39.8\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 40.5\\ 42.1\\ 44.4\\ 43.6\\ 37.7\\ 41.3\\ 40.9\\ 39.2\\ 40.8\\ 41.0\\ 39.1\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 39.8 \\ 41.1 \\ 41.7 \\ 43.8 \\ 38.2 \\ 40.9 \\ 40.3 \\ 38.5 \\ 40.1 \\ 40.4 \\ 38.0 \end{array}$	39.8 40.7 40.0 43.9 38.0 41.2 40.4 36.9 40.1 40.2 38.5	$\begin{array}{c} 40.0\\ 40.8\\ 40.3\\ 43.4\\ 37.6\\ 41.6\\ 40.2\\ 37.8\\ 40.0\\ 40.0\\ 38.7\end{array}$	39.5 r 40.4 39.9 r 43.2 36.6 41.2 40.6 r 37.2 r 39.7 37.3	39.5 40.9 40.4 744.3 737.4 741.2 741.5 37.0 739.4 40.1 37.1	44.9 37.7	p 41. 7
Apparel and other finished textile products hours	35.8	37.1	37.2	37.2	37.2	37.3	36.7	37.3	37.7	r 37.0	36.6	* 36. 4	₽ 36.1
Men's and boys' suits and coatsdo Men's and boys' furnishings and work clothing	33. 7 36. 9 34. 8 42. 4 43. 4		36. 7 38. 2 35. 5 43. 5 44. 0	36. 1 39. 0 34. 7 43. 8 44. 2	35. 8 38. 8 35. 2 43. 8 44. 4	36. 8 38. 4 36. 2 44. 0 44. 5		37.7 37.9 36.4 43.0 43.9	38. 9 38. 4 36. 3 43. 3 44. 0	r 37. 6 r 37. 8 r 36. 0 43. 0 r 44. 1	r 37.6 r 35.2 42.9	37. 2 37. 6 34. 6 7 43. 0 44. 1	P 42.8
Printing, publishing, and aned industries hours	39.8 38.5 38.3	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	39.3 36.5 40.5 41.3 40.7 41.2 40.5 41.1 40.7 38.5 38.1	$\begin{array}{c} 39.0\\ 36.4\\ 40.4\\ 41.5\\ 41.0\\ 40.9\\ 40.2\\ 41.5\\ 40.7\\ 38.2\\ 37.2 \end{array}$	$\left \begin{array}{c} 39.0\\ 36.3\\ 40.2\\ 41.7\\ 41.3\\ 40.9\\ 40.7\\ 41.1\\ 40.2\\ 37.6\\ 36.3\end{array}\right $	$\begin{array}{c} 39.5\\ 37.1\\ 40.8\\ 41.7\\ 41.2\\ 40.6\\ 40.5\\ 41.9\\ 41.1\\ 39.6\\ 39.3\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 41.2 \\ 40.7 \\ 40.6 \\ 40.5 \\ 41.1 \\ 40.2 \\ 39.3 \end{array}$	38.6         35.7         39.9         41.3         40.3         40.3         40.3         40.3         40.4         39.4         39.4         39.4         39.4	$\begin{array}{c} 39.1\\ 36.0\\ 40.5\\ 41.5\\ 40.8\\ 40.5\\ 40.4\\ 41.6\\ 41.7\\ 39.3\\ 39.1 \end{array}$	r 38.9 36.4 r 40.2 41.5 r 40.9 40.5 r 40.3 r 41.1 r 40.7 r 37.8 r 37.2	41. 4 40. 9 7 40. 8 40. 3 7 40. 4 7 40. 5 37. 4	r 38.8 36.6 40.0 r 41.3 41.0 r 40.8 40.5 40.3 40.0 38.3 37.9	P 41. 1 P 41. 4 P 40. 8

#### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through			1	952						1953			
1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1951 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July
<u> </u>	EMP	LOYM	ENT A	ND P	OPULA	TION	Cont	inued		·	·	·	·
LABOR CONDITIONS—Continued													
Average weekly hours per worker, etc.‡—Con. Nonmanufacturing industries: Mining:													-
Metal	$\begin{array}{c} 43.\ 0\\ 26.\ 7\\ 28.\ 1\end{array}$	43. 9 29. 2 36. 2	44. 9 34. 1 38. 9	44.3 32.1 32.3	43. 5 35. 8 35. 5	43. 5 34. 5 36. 4	43. 0 28. 3 35. 4	42. 9 34. 7 32. 7	43. 1 26. 6 33. 1	r 43. 2 r 25. 3 r 32. 1	r 43.6 30.8 r 34.2	43. 7 37. 2 36. 2	
Nonmetallic mining and quarryingdo Contract constructiondo Nonbuilding constructiondo Building constructiondo	$\begin{array}{c} 41.\ 0\\ 44.\ 9\\ 39.\ 2\\ 41.\ 8\\ 38.\ 5\end{array}$	40, 5 45, 8 39, 3 42, 4 38, 5	41, 3 46, 4 39, 8 43, 6 38, 8	40. 6 46. 4 39. 6 43. 1 38. 7	41.5 44.6 37.5 39.0 37.1	40. 8 44. 0 38. 5 40. 1 38. 2	$\begin{array}{r} 41.\ 2\\ 42.\ 8\\ 37.\ 2\\ 38.\ 5\\ 36.\ 9\end{array}$	40. 5 43. 2 37. 4 38. 9 37. 1	40. 7 44. 1 37. 1 38. 3 36. 8	r 40, 8 r 44, 8 r 37, 3 r 39, 0 r 36, 9	41. 0 44. 9 7 37. 8 7 40. 0 7 37. 2	40. 0 45. 3 38. 5 41. 6 37. 7	
Transportation and public utilities: Local railways and bus linesdo Telephonedo Gas and electric utilitiesdo Wholesale and retail trade:	46. 9 39. 3 44. 8 41. 5	$\begin{array}{c} 47.\ 0\\ 39.\ 0\\ 44.\ 5\\ 41.\ 4\end{array}$	46.0 39.0 42.6 41.6	$\begin{array}{r} 45.9\\ 38.9\\ 42.3\\ 41.6\end{array}$	45.5 38.9 41.9 41.9	46. 0 38. 8 42. 1 41. 6	$\begin{array}{r} 44.5\\ 38.6\\ 41.6\\ 41.7\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 44.8 \\ 38.3 \\ 41.5 \\ 41.2 \end{array}$	44. 9 38. 2 41. 6 41. 2	7 45.3 38.3 41.6 7 41.1	45.7 38.7 42.4 41.2	42.0	
Wholesale trade	40.6 40.6	40.6 40.5	40. 7 39. 7	40.7 39.4	40.7 39.0	40. 9 39. 8	40. 4 39. 3	40.5 39.2	40.4 39.2	40. 3 39. 1	r 40, 3 39, 1	40. 4 39. 4	
General-merchandise storesdo Food and liquor storesdo Automotive and accessories dealersdo Service and miscellaneous:	36.6 40.7 45.4	$36.6 \\ 40.8 \\ 45.2$	35.3 39.8 45.2	34. 8 39. 3 45. 4	34. 4 39. 3 45. 1	37.0 39.4 45.4	35. 0 39, 2 45. 3	34. 7 39. 1 45. 0	34.7 38.9 45.0	r 34. 8 r 38. 8 44. 9	r 34. 7 r 38. 6 45. 1	35. 5 39. 2 45. 0	
Hotels, year-rounddo Laundriesdodo Cleaning and dyeing plantsdo	42.4 41.2 40.3	$\begin{array}{c} 42.\ 6\\ 40.\ 6\\ 40.\ 3\end{array}$	42.4 41.0 41.5	42.4 40.9 41.9	42.3 40.5 40.5	42.9 41.2 41.0	$\begin{array}{c} 42.4\\ 41.0\\ 40.2\end{array}$	42.3 40.5 39.4	42.1 40.6 40.2	r 42.5 40.8 r 40.5	r 42.3 41.4 r 41.6	42, 2 41, 1 41, 1	
Industrial disputes (strikes and lock-outs): Beginning in month: Work stoppagesnumber Workers involvedthousands In effect during month:	433 166	494 228	522 250	459 450	269 99	179 34	$350 \\ 200$	350 120	450 180	500 275	$525 \\ 270$	500 250	475 260
Work stoppagesnumber. Workers involvedthousands Man-days idle during monthdo Percent of available working time	<sup>r</sup> 694 866 12, 700 1. 46	675 380 2, 810 . 33	700 378 3, 390 . 39	650 584 5,000 ,53	$475 \\ 215 \\ 1,560 \\ .20$	350 82 854 . 09	$500 \\ 250 \\ 1,250 \\ .15$	$550 \\ 200 \\ 1,000 \\ .12$	650 230 1, 100 . 12	700 350 2, 500 . 27	750 370 3,000 .34	725 400 3, 750 . 40	700 410 3, 000 . 30
U. S. Employment Service placement activities: Nonagricultural placements thousands Unemployment compensation (State laws): Initial claims	556	588	658	641	507	467	474	455	521	553	577	612	574
Initial claims	$ \begin{array}{c} 1, 585 \\ 4, 961 \\ 871 \\ 88, 612 \end{array} $	733 4, 301 980 95, 389	$568 \\ 2,985 \\ 631 \\ 62,094$	679 2, 746 530 54, 227	690 2, 576 536 47, 730	$ \begin{array}{r} 1,126\\ 3,844\\ 672\\ 69,068 \end{array} $	1,074 4,602 953 94,360	761 4, 223 956 86, 827	831 4, 288 930 92, 308	888 4, 081 840 82, 990	802 3, 567 772 72, 144	825 3, 587 734 72, 033	1, 036 3, 648 675 69, 175
Veterans' unemployment allowances: a Initial claimsthousands Continued claimsdo Amount of paymentsthous, of dol	(1) 1 25	( <sup>1</sup> ) 1 13	(1) (1) 9	(1) (1) 6	<sup>2</sup> 17 <sup>2</sup> 49 <sup>2</sup> 988	26 93 2, 101	$31 \\ 134 \\ 3, 274$	$24 \\ 152 \\ 3,671$	$23 \\ 168 \\ 4,407$	20 151 3,892	19 125 3, 144	24 127 3,095	27 135 3, 322
Labor turnover in manufacturing establishments: Accession ratemonthly rate per 100 employees. Separation rate, total	4.4 5.0 .3 2.2 2.2	5.9 4.6 .3 1.0 3.0	5.6 4.9 .4 .7 3.5		4.0 3.5 .4 .7 2.1	3.3 3.4 .3 1.0 1.7	4.4 3.8 .3 .9 2.1	4. 2 3. 6 4 . 8 2. 2	4.4 4.1 .4 .8 2.5	4.3 4.3 .4 .9 2.7	4.1 4.4 .4 1.0 2.7	5.1 4.2 .4 r.9 r2.6	p 4.0 p 4.4 p .4 p 1.2 p 2.6
Military and miscellaneousdo WAGES	.3	.3	.3	. 3	.3	. 3	.4	.4	.3	.3	.3	.3	₽.3
Average weekly earnings (U. S. Department of Labor):													
All manufacturing industriesdollars Durable-goods industriesdo Ordnance and accessoriesdo Lumber and wood products (except furniture)	65.44 69.55 75.72	67. 23 72. 16 74. 21	69. 63 75. 42 79. 85	70.38 76.38 78.26	70. 28 76. 26 75. 03	72.14 77.78 76.73	71. 34 76. 91 75. 85	71. 17 77. 15 77. 38	71. 93 77. 52 77. 46	71. 40 77. 38 76. 52	71.63 77.19 78.25	r 71. 63 r 77. 42 r 77. 90	p 71. 51 p 77. 08 p 76. 80
dollarsdo Furniture and fixturesdo Stone, clay, and glass productsdo Glass and glassware, pressed or blown	$\begin{array}{c} 64.\ 21 \\ 63.\ 43 \\ 58.\ 18 \\ 64.\ 08 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 67.\ 20\\ 66.\ 56\\ 60.\ 03\\ 65.\ 92 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 67.23\\ 66.91\\ 62.31\\ 67.48\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 66.\ 62 \\ 66.\ 72 \\ 63.\ 33 \\ 69.\ 47 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 65.\ 92 \\ 65.\ 76 \\ 63.\ 15 \\ 68.\ 97 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 65.\ 00\\ 64.\ 37\\ 64.\ 63\\ 69.\ 31 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 63.\ 09\\ 62.\ 47\\ 62.\ 51\\ 68.\ 21 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 63.\ 96\\ 63.\ 34\\ 62.\ 67\\ 69.\ 29\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 64.\ 21 \\ 63.\ 43 \\ 63.\ 65 \\ 70.\ 21 \end{array}$	7 65. 19 7 64. 71 7 63. 19 7 70. 28	7 66. 34 7 65. 85 7 62. 73 70. 86	* 67. 90 67. 73 * 62. 47 * 70. 69	p 69. 47 p 61. 10 p 70. 11
dollarsdollarsdollarsdo Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills	$\begin{array}{c} 60.\ 29 \\ 71.\ 31 \end{array}$	62. 31 77. 97	63. 12 81. 79	64. 71 81. 77	$\begin{array}{c} 64.64 \\ 82.80 \end{array}$			$\begin{array}{c} 66.23 \\ 83.21 \end{array}$	67. 80 84. 23	r 67.89 r 83.22	7 68, 85 7 83, 63	68. 63 r 85. 08	p 85.28
dollars Primary smelting and refining of nonferrous metalsdollarsdollars	72.01 75.42	82. 21 76. 54	87.12 77.56	84. 45 77. 00	86. 31 77. 79	86. 51 78. 58	89. 01 79. 61	85. 89 79. 65	85. 89 79. 27	* 84. 63 * 79. 46	r 86. 31 79. 46	88. 17 80. 32	·
Fabricated metal prod. (except ordnance, ma- chinery, and trans. equip.)dollars Heating apparatus (except electrical) and plumbers' suppliesdollars Machinery (except electrical)do	67.66 67.72 76.36	70, 58 70, 82 77, 70	74. 52 73. 39 79. 85	75.65 75.12 80.70	75. 90 73. 34 80. 94	78.37 75.78 83.52	76. 74 72. 90 82. 99	76. 80 74. 21 83. 03	77. 59 74. 21 84. 05	77. 23 * 74. 48	r 77.46	7 77. 28 72. 80	₽ 76.96
Electrical machinerydo	70, 30 65, 90 75, 65	67.97 78.18	79.85 69.89 84.82	80.70 70.89 86.48	70.72	71.57	71.72	71.28	72. 21	83.46 71.86	82.88 r 70.99	r 82.49 r 71.23	
Transportation equipmentdo Automobiles do Aircraft and parts do Ship and boat building and repairsdo Railroad equipment do Instruments and related productsdo	75.6571.4480.5174.3476.11 $69.60$	78. 18 77. 95 79. 95 75. 36 76. 97 70. 21	84. 82 88. 20 84. 15 77. 16 76. 02 73. 43	86. 48 92. 23 83. 42 75. 65 76. 80 74. 20	85, 48 89, 25 84, 48 72, 95 76, 80 74, 38	87. 11 90. 31 86. 04 77. 99 81. 12 75. 76	85.06 86.94 85.73 76.03 79.37 73.57	85, 69 87, 99 85, 14 76, 60 79, 98 73, 39	85, 49 88, 20 84, 18 78, 79 81, 41 73, 74	* 85. 70 * 88. 83 * 83. 16 * 80. 19 * 81. 61 * 72. 10	r 85.08 r 87.57 82.76 80.19 r 80.19 r 73.22	r 85, 08 88, 17 81, 77 79, 40 82, 21 r 73, 63	» 84. 45

r Revised. p Preliminary. tSee note marked "t" on p. S-11. 1 Less than 500 claims. 2 See note marked "d". fRevised series. Beginning 1952, data cover all domestic (land-line) employees except messengers and those compensated entirely on a commission basis; earlier data exclude general and divisional headquarters personnel and trainees in school. d'Figures beginning November 1952 include unemployment compensation benefits under the Veterans' Readjustment Assistance Act of 1952 (data compiled by the United States Department of Labor, Rureau of Employment Security) in addition to the allowances under the Servicemen's Readjustment Act of 1944 (data compiled by the Veterans Administration). The BES data cover veterans with military service since June 1950 and include those filing for payments to supplement benefits under State programs but exclude veterans filing for payments to supplement benefits under the railroad unemployment insurance program; the number involved under the latter program, is relatively small.

nless otherwise stated, statistics through			19	52						1953			
1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1951 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July
	ЕМР	LOYM	ENT A	AND PO	OPULA	TION-	-Conti	inued	•				
WAGES-Continued													
verage weekly earnings, etc.‡—Continued All manufacturing industries —Continued Nondurable-goods industriesdollars. Food and kindred productsdo. Dairy productsdo. Canning and preservingdo. Bakery productsdo. Beveragesdo. Textile mill productsdo. Broad-woven fabric millsdo. Knitting millsdo.	$\begin{array}{c} 60.\ 68\\ 63.\ 42\\ 69.\ 70\\ 64.\ 80\\ 52.\ 25\\ 02.\ 43\\ 75.\ 16\\ 46.\ 36\\ 51.\ 98\\ 51.\ 05\\ 47.\ 88\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 61.\ 45\\ 62.\ 51\\ 69.\ 26\\ 63.\ 80\\ 52.\ 80\\ 62.\ 01\\ 72.\ 31\\ 45.\ 47\\ 53.\ 60\\ 52.\ 66\\ 49.\ 53\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 62,06\\ 63,03\\ 70,55\\ 65,71\\ 54,40\\ 62,70\\ 71,62\\ 45,54\\ 55,54\\ 54,67\\ 54,14\\ 50,30\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 62.\ 06\\ 63.\ 54\\ 71.\ 65\\ 64.\ 23\\ 54.\ 13\\ 62.\ 40\\ 70.\ 18\\ 46.\ 06\\ 55.\ 08\\ 54.\ 81\\ 51.\ 07\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 62,56\\ 64,64\\ 75,08\\ 65,25\\ 48,51\\ 62,67\\ 72,51\\ 45,05\\ 55,35\\ 54,68\\ 50,94 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 63.59\\ 65.68\\ 77.26\\ 65.81\\ 51.65\\ 62.78\\ 71.98\\ 46.26\\ 55.90\\ 55.35\\ 50.05 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 62.88\\ 65.35\\ 71.23\\ 67.45\\ 52.72\\ 62.58\\ 70.93\\ 46.59\\ 54.94\\ 54.54\\ 49.02 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 62.88\\ 64.71\\ 70.00\\ 67.61\\ 53.20\\ 63.04\\ 71.51\\ 45.39\\ 54.94\\ 54.27\\ 50.05 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 63.\ 60\\ 65.\ 28\\ 71.\ 33\\ 65.\ 97\\ 53.\ 02\\ 63.\ 65\\ 71.\ 96\\ 47.\ 63\\ 54.\ 80\\ 53.\ 60\\ 50.\ 31 \end{array}$	62. 81	63. 20 r 65. 44 71. 91 r 67. 78 r 51. 99 r 63. 86 r 75. 95 r 47. 36 r 53. 98 53. 73 47. 86	63. 36 7 66. 65 73. 98 68. 70 51. 65 65. 47 78. 38 7 46. 86 7 53. 86 53. 60 48. 12	p 63. 60 p 66. 72 p 46. 61 p 53. 43
dollars Men's and boys' suits and coatsdo Men's and boys' furnishings and work	46. 18 49. 54	48.60 54.30	$\begin{array}{c} 49.\ 10 \\ 55.\ 42 \end{array}$	48.73 54.51	48.36 53.70	48. 86 54. 83	48. 81 54. 96	49, 98 57, 30	49, 76 59, 13	r 47. 73 r 56. 78	47. 21 56. 93	r 48.05 59.52	₽ 48. 37
elothing	$\begin{array}{c} 39.\ 48\\ 51.\ 85\\ 68.\ 26\\ 74.\ 21 \end{array}$	41. 04 54. 72 69. 82 74. 12	41. 64 54. 32 70. 91 75. 68	42. 51 51. 70 71. 83 76. 47	42, 29 51, 71 72, 27 77, 26	41. 47 54. 30 72. 60 77. 43	40, 66 54, 93 71, 55 77, 00	41. 31 55. 69 71. 81 77. 26	41, 86 54, 45 72, 31 77, 44	7 41. 58 7 51. 84 71. 81 7 77. 62	r 41. 36 r 50, 34 72, 07 77, 88	42. 11 50. 86 r 72. 24 78. 50	p 73. 19
dollars	81, 45 86, 64 80, 60 70, 00 75, 14 88, 18 90, 98 72, 07 84, 38 50, 05 47, 88	82.08 87.00 80.20 70.35 75.52 87.53 90.45 73.49 85.46 51.88 50.42	$\begin{array}{c} 83.\ 71\\ 89.\ 06\\ 81.\ 41\\ 71.\ 04\\ 76.\ 92\\ 88.\ 99\\ 91.\ 94\\ 75.\ 21\\ 86.\ 28\\ 51.\ 21\\ 48.\ 77\end{array}$	83.07 88.82 81.61 71.38 77.08 87.91 90.85 75.53 85.88 51.19 47.99	$\begin{array}{c} 83.\ 07\\ 88.\ 57\\ 81.\ 20\\ 72.\ 56\\ 78.\ 06\\ 87.\ 94\\ 91.\ 98\\ 76.\ 86\\ 87.\ 23\\ 50.\ 76\\ 47.\ 19\end{array}$	84. 93 91. 64 83. 64 72. 98 78. 28 88. 10 92. 34 79. 19 90. 42 53. 46 51. 09	83. 21 86. 38 82. 42 72. 51 77. 33 88. 10 91. 94 78. 09 89. 24 53. 06 51. 48	83.76 87.82 82.19 73.10 77.38 87.45 91.03 79.30 91.80 53.19 51.61	85, 24 89, 28 83, 84 73, 87 79, 15 87, 89 91, 71 80, 29 93, 83 53, 84 52, 00	r 85, 19 91, 36 r 84, 02 r 79, 76 88, 29 r 91, 88 r 79, 32 r 91, 58 r 51, 79 r 49, 10	85, 58 92, 48 83, 39 74, 93 79, 76 r 88, 91 91, 88 r 78, 38 r 91, 94 51, 61 48, 81	7 85.75 9°.60 84.00 7 75.17 80.36 7 88.94 92.34 77.78 89.20 52.47 50.03	p 84. 75 p 76. 04 p 91. 91 p 79. 56 p 51. 54
Metal	80. 41 59. 27 63. 51	81. 22 65. 70 80. 73	85, 76 76, 73 87, 91	84. 61 71. 58 75. 58	85, 26 80, 91 86, 27	84. 83 85. 56 91. 73	84. 71 70. 75 87. 79	84.08 86.75 81.42	84. 48 65. 70 81. 76	7 84. 67 7 61. 99 7 79. 61	r 86. 33 76. 69 r 84. 47	87.40 93.00 92.31	
dollars           Nonmetallic mining and quarryingdo           Contract constructiondo           Nonbuilding constructiondo           Building constructiondo           Transportation and public utilities:	85. 69 70. 49 87. 81 86. 53 88. 17	85, 86 73, 28 89, 21 90, 31 88, 94	89. 21 75. 17 91. 94 94. 18 91. 18	86. 48 75. 63 92. 66 94. 39 92. 11	90, 47 73, 14 88, 13 85, 02 88, 67	87. 72 71 28 90. 86 87. 02 91. 68	89. 40 70. 19 88. 16 83. 93 88. 93	88. 29 70. 85 89. 01 85. 19 89. 78	88.73 72.77 88.67 84.26 89.79	* 88. 13 * 74. 37 * 89. 15 * 85. 02 * 90. 04	88. 56 75. 43 r 90. 34 r 87. 20 r 90. 77	86. 40 76. 10 92. 02 90. 69 91. 99	
Local railways and bus linesdo Telephonedo Telegraphfdo. Gas and electric utilitiesdo. Wholesale and retail trade: Wholesale tradedo	78. 32 62. 49 73. 02 75. 12 67. 80	78. 49 62. 01 72. 09 74. 52 68. 21	77. 74 62. 79 74. 55 76. 13 68. 38	77, 57 63, 80 74, 87 76, 96 69, 19	77. 81 64. 57 73. 74 78. 77 69. 19	78. 66 63. 63 74. 10 78. 21 69. 53	76. 01 63. 69 73. 63 78. 40 69. 08	76. 61 63. 58 73. 46 77. 46 69. 66	76, 78 63, 03 73, 63 77, 87 69, 89	77.92 63.20 73.63 78.50 70.12	79.06 64.63 75.90 79.10	79. 23 64. 96 75. 60 80. 29 71. 51	
Retail trade (except eating and drinking places)dollarsdollars General-merchandise storesdo Food and liquor storesdo Automotive and accessories dealersdo Finance, insurance, and real estate:	54.00 39.16 57.79 70.82	53. 87 39. 53 57. 53 69. 61	53, 29 38, 12 56, 52 70, 51	$53. 19 \\ 37. 93 \\ 56. 59 \\ 71. 73$	52, 65 37, 15 56, 99 71, 26	52, 54 38, 48 57, 13 71, 28	53. 45 38. 85 57. 62 71. 12	53.70 38.17 57.48 71.55	53, 70 37, 82 57, 57 72, 90	53.96 7 37.93 7 57.81 7 74.09	54.35 * 38.52 * 57.51 * 74.42	55, 16 39, 76 59, 19 74, 70	
Banks and trust companiesdo Service and miscellaneous: Hotels, year-rounddo Laundriesdo Cleaning and dyeing plantsdo	52, 44 36, 89 38, 73 44, 33	52. 48 37. 06 38. 16 44. 33	52. 41 36. 89 38. 95 46. 07	53.07 37.31 38.86 46.51	53, 42 37, 22 38, 88 44, 96	53. 56 37. 75 39. 55 45. 92	54. 29 37. 31 39. 36 45. 02	54. 61 37. 65 38. 88 43. 73	54, 40 37, 47 39, 38 45, 02	7 54. 47 7 37. 83 39. 58 7 45. 36	r 54, 57 r 38, 07 r 40, 57 r 47, 84	54.08 38.82 39.87 46.85	
verage hourly earnings (U. S. Department of Labor):‡ All manufacturing industriesdollars Durable-goods industriesdo Ordnance and accessories	1.64 1.73 1.79	1.66 1.76 1.81	1.69 1.80 1.87	1.81	1. 71 1. 82 1. 83	1. 73 1. 83 1. 84	1, 74 1, 84 1, 85	$1.74 \\ 1.85 \\ 1.86$	$1.75 \\ 1.85 \\ 1.88$	1.75 7 1.86 1.88	1.76 1.86 71.89	r 1.76 1.87 r 1.90	p 1.7 p 1.8 p 1.9
ture) dollars. Sawmills and planing mills do Furniture and fixtures do Stone, clay, and glass products do Glass and glassware pressed or blown		1.60 1.60 1.45 1.60	1. 62 1. 62 1. 44 1. 63	$     \begin{array}{r}       1.60 \\       1.49 \\       1.65     \end{array} $	1, 60 1, 60 1, 50 1, 67	1, 57 1, 57 1, 51 1, 67	1.55 1.55 1.51 1.68	1.56 1.56 1.51 1.69 1.66	$ \begin{array}{c} 1.57\\ 1.57\\ 1.53\\ 1.70\\ 1.67\\ \end{array} $	1, 59 * 1, 59 1, 53 1, 71	7 1. 63 7 1. 63 1. 53 1. 72	1. 64 1. 64 7 1. 52 1. 72	P 1. 6
dollars. Primary metal industriesdo Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills	1. 57 1. 81	1. 55 1. 93	1.59 1.99	1.98	1.62 2.00	1. 61 2. 01	$1.62 \\ 2.03$	2.01	1.67 2.02	7 1.71 2.02	* 1.73 2.02	1.72 r 2.05	₽ 2.0
dollars. Primary smelting and refining of nonferrous metalsdollars. Fabricated metal prod. (except ordnance, machinery, transportation equipment)	1.91 1.80	2.04 1.84	2. 13	1.86	2. 10 1. 87	2. 11 1. 88		2.10 1.91	2.10 1.91	* 2. 10 1. 91	2. 10 1. 91	2. 14 1. 94	
dollars. Heating apparatus (except electrical) and plumbers' suppliesdollars. Machinery (except electrical)do Electrical machinerydo	1. 70 1. 71 1. 84 1. 66	1. 73 1. 74 1. 85 1. 67	1.77 1.76 1.87 1.68	1.78 1.89	1.79 1.78 1.90 1.70	1.81 1.80 1.92 1.70	1.93	1.82 1.81 1.94 1.73	1.83 1.81 1.95 1.74	1.83 7 1.83 1.95 1.74	r 1.84 r 1.82 1.95 1.74	* 1.84 1.82 * 1.95 1.75	
Transportation equipment	1.89 1.84 1.87 1.71	2.03 1.89 1.87 1.91 1.72	$\begin{array}{c} 2.01\\ 2.11\\ 1.93\\ 1.91\\ 1.91\\ 1.74\\ 1.51\end{array}$	2. 14 1. 94 1. 92 1, 92 1, 75	$\begin{array}{c} 2.04\\ 2.13\\ 1.96\\ 1.93\\ 1.92\\ 1.75\\ 1.53\end{array}$	1.94 1.95 1.77	2. 10 1. 98 1. 92 1. 95 1. 76	$ \begin{array}{c} 2.05 \\ 2.11 \\ 1.98 \\ 2.00 \\ 1.97 \\ 1.76 \\ 1.56 \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} 2.05\\ 2.11\\ 1.99\\ 2.01\\ 2.01\\ 1.76\\ 1.56\end{array}$	2.06 7 2.12 7 1.98 7 2.02 2.03 1.75 1.56	2.05 2.10 1.98 2.02 2.03 7 1.76 1.57	r 2. 07 2. 14 1. 98 2. 01 2. 04 1. 77 1. 57	
Nondurable-goods industriesdo Food and kindred productsdo Meat productsdo Dairy productsdo Canning and preservingdo Bakery productsdo Bakery productsdo Bakery productsdo Pakery productsdo Bakery products	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1. 51 1. 71 1. 45 1. 32 1. 48 1. 73	$\begin{array}{c} 1.\ 54\\ 1.\ 49\\ 1.\ 70\\ 1.\ 48\\ 1.\ 28\\ 1.\ 50\\ 1.\ 73\end{array}$	1.52 1.71 1.48 1.33 1.50	$\begin{array}{c} 1, 56\\ 1, 55\\ 1, 73\\ 1, 50\\ 1, 34\\ 1, 51\\ 1, 76\end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$     1.59 \\     1.78 \\     1.54 \\     1.38 \\     1.53 \\     1.76 $	1.54 1.40 1.53	$\begin{array}{c} 1.59\\ 1.60\\ 1.77\\ 1.52\\ 1.41\\ 1.53\\ 1.79\end{array}$	1.59 1.60 1.77 1.53 1.41 1.54 7 1.81	1.60 71.60 1.78 1.53 1.39 71.55 71.83	1.37 1.57	<i>p</i> 1. (

#### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

nless otherwise stated, statistics through				952					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1953	1		
1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1951 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July
	EMP	LOYM	ENT A	AND P	OPULA	TION-	Conti	inued	_				
WAGES-Continued			-								1		
verage hourly earnings, etc.‡—Continued All manufacturing industries—Continued						i i							
Nondurable-goods industries—Continued Tobacco manufactures	$1.22 \\ 1.35$	$1.16 \\ 1.35$	$1.13 \\ 1.36$	1.14 1.36	$1.17 \\ 1.37$	$1.18 \\ 1.37$	$1.21 \\ 1.37$	1.23 1.37	$1.26 \\ 1.37$	71.28 1.37	7 1. 28 1. 37	$\frac{71.27}{1.36}$	P1. P1.
Textile-mill productsdo Broad-woven fabric millsdo Knitting millsdo	$     \begin{array}{c}       1.34 \\       1.26     \end{array} $	1.34 1.27	$1.35 \\ 1.28$	1.35 1.28	$1.35 \\ 1.28$	$1.35 \\ 1.28$	$1.35 \\ 1.29$	1.35 1.30	1.34 1.30	1.34 1.30	$1.34 \\ 1.29$	$1.34 \\ 1.29$	
Apparel and other finished textile products dollars Men's and boys' suits and coats do	$1.29 \\ 1.47$	$1.31 \\ 1.50$	$1.32 \\ 1.51$	$1.31 \\ 1.51$	$1.30 \\ 1.50$	$\frac{1.31}{1.49}$	$1.33 \\ 1.51$	$1.34 \\ 1.52$	$1.32 \\ 1.52$	r 1.29 1.51	1, 29 1, 51	$\frac{71.32}{1.60}$	₽1.
Men's and boys' suits and coatsdo Men's and boys' furnishings and work clothing	1.07	1.08	1.09	1.09	1.09	1.08	1.09	1.09	1.09	1. 10	1. 10	1.12	
Women's outerweardo Paper and allied productsdo Pulp, paper, and paperboard millsdo	1.49 1.61 1.71	$     \begin{array}{r}       1.52 \\       1.62 \\       1.70 \\     \end{array} $	$1.53 \\ 1.63 \\ 1.72$	1.49 1.64 1.73	1.47 1.65 1.74	$1.50 \\ 1.65 \\ 1.74$	$     \begin{array}{r}       1.53 \\       1.66 \\       1.75 \\     \end{array} $	$1.53 \\ 1.67 \\ 1.76$	$     1, 50 \\     1, 67 \\     1, 76   $	1.44 1.67 1.76	$     \begin{array}{c}       1.43 \\       1.68 \\       1.77     \end{array} $	1.47 1.68 1.78	p 1.
Printing, publishing, and allied industries	2.11	2.11	2.13	2,13	2.13	2.15	2.15	2.17	2.18	2.19	2.20	r 2. 21	₽2.
dollarsdo Commercial printingdo Chemicals and allied productsdo	2.40 2.00 1.72	$2.41 \\ 1.99 \\ 1.72$	$2.44 \\ 2.01 \\ 1.72$	2.44 2.02 1.72	2.44 2.02 1.74	2.47 2.05 1.75	2.44 2.04 1.76	2.46 2.06 1.77	2.48 2.07 1.78	$2.51 \\ 2.09 \\ 1.79$	2, 52 2, 09 1, 81	2.53 2.10 7 1.82	р 1.
Industrial organic chemicalsdo	1.86	1.86	1.89	1.88	1.89	1.90	1.90	1.92	1.94	1.95	1, 95	1.96	
Products of petroleum and coaldo Petroleum refiningdodo Rubber productsdo	2.13 2.23 1.82	2. 14 2. 25 1. 81	$2.16 \\ 2.27 \\ 1.83$	2.15 2.26 1.82	$2.15 \\ 2.26 \\ 1.87$	2.17 2.28 1.89	2.17 2.27 1.90	2.17 2.27 1.92	2.17 2.27 1.93	2.18 2.28 1.93	2.18 2.28 1.94	<sup>7</sup> 2.18 2.28 1.93	Ρ2. 
Tires and inner tubes	$2.12 \\ 1.30$	2.11 1.31	2.12 1.33	2.11 1.34	2.17 1.35	2.20 1.35	2.22 1.35	2.25 1.35	2.25 1.37	* 2. 25 1. 37	7 2.27 1.38	$2.23 \\ 1.37$	p 1.
Footwear (except rubber)do Nonmanufacturing industries: Mining:	1.25	1.27	1.28	1.29	1.30	1.30	1.31	1.31	1.33	r 1.32	1. 33	1.32	
Metaldodddodddododddododddododddodddddod	1.87 2.22	1.85 2.25	1.91 2.25	1.91 2.23	1.96 2.26	1.95 2.48	1.97 2.50	$1.96 \\ 2.50 \\ \\ $	1.96 2.47	1.96 2.45	1.98 2.49	2.00 2.50	
Bituminous coaldo Crude-petroleum and natural-gas production: Petroleum and natural-gas production	2.26	2. 23	2.26	2.34	2.43	2.52	2.48	2.49	2. 47	2.48	2.47	2.55	
dollars Nonmetallic mining and quarryingdo	2.09 1.57	2.12 1.60	2.16 1.62	2.13 1.63	2.18 1.64	2.15 1.62	2.17 1.64	2.18 1.64	2.18 1.65	2.16 1.66	2.16 1.68	2.16 1.68	
Contract construction do Nonbuilding construction do Building construction do	2.24 2.07 2.29	2.27 2.13 2.31	$2.31 \\ 2.16 \\ 2.35$	2.34 2.19 2.38	2, 35 2, 18 2, 39	2.36 2.17 2.40	$2.37 \\ 2.18 \\ 2.41$	2.38 2.19 2.42	$2.39 \\ 2.20 \\ 2.44$	r 2.39 2.18 r 2.44	7 2.39 7 2.18 7 2.44	$2.39 \\ 2.18 \\ 2.44$	
Transportation and public utilities: Local railways and bus linesdo	1.67	1.67	1.69	1.69	1.71	1. 71	1. 71	1.71	1.71	r 1.72	r 1.73	1.73	
Telephonedo Telegraph†do Gas and electric utilitiesdo	$1.59 \\ 1.63 \\ 1.81$	$     \begin{array}{r}       1.59 \\       1.62 \\       1.80     \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{r}       1.61 \\       1.75 \\       1.83     \end{array} $	1.64 1.77 1.85	1.66     1.76     1.88	$     \begin{array}{r}       1.64 \\       1.76 \\       1.88 \\     \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{r}       1.65 \\       1.77 \\       1.88 \\     \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{r}       1.66 \\       1.77 \\       1.88     \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{r}       1.65 \\       1.77 \\       1.89 \\     \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{r}       1.65 \\       1.77 \\       1.91 \\     \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{r}       1.67 \\       1.79 \\       1.92 \\     \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{r}       1.67 \\       1.80 \\       1.93     \end{array} $	
Wholesale and retail trade: Wholesale trade	1.67	1.68	1.68	1.70	1.70	1.70	1.71	1.72	1.73	1.74	1.76	1.77	
places)dollarsdollarsdollarsdo	$1.33 \\ 1.07$	$1.33 \\ 1.08$	$1.34 \\ 1.08$	1.35 1.09	$1.35 \\ 1.08$	$1.32 \\ 1.04$	$1.36 \\ 1.11$	$1.37 \\ 1.10$	1.37 1.09	1.38 $71.09$	$1.39 \\ 1.11$	$1.40 \\ 1.12$	
Food and liquor storesdo Automotive and accessories dealersdo Service and miscellaneous:	$1.42 \\ 1.56$	1.41 1.54	$1.42 \\ 1.56$	1.44 1.58	1.45 1.58	$1.45 \\ 1.57$	1.47 1.57	1.47 1.59	1.48 1.62	7 1.49 7 1.65	1.49 r 1.65	$1.51 \\ 1.66$	
Hotels, year-rounddododododo	. 87 . 94	. 87 . 94	. 87 . 95	. 88 . 95	. 88 . 96	. 88 . 96	. 88 . 96	. 89 . 96	. 89 . 97	. 89 . 97	r. 90 r. 98	. 92 . 97	
Cleaning and dyeing plantsdo iscellaneous wage data: Construction wage rates (ENR):§	1.10	1.10	1.11	1.11	1.11	1.12	1.12	1.11	1.12	1.12	<sup>7</sup> 1.15	1.14	
Common labordol. per hr Skilled labordodo	$1.755 \\ 2.849$	$1.793 \\ 2.885$	$1.803 \\ 2.909$	$1.817 \\ 2.921$	1.817 2.937	$1.817 \\ 2.937$	$1.817 \\ 2.942$	$1.817 \\ 2.946$	$1.821 \\ 2.949$	1, 824 2, 950	$1.824 \\ 2.955$	$1.852 \\ 2.979$	1.8 3.0
Farm wage rates, without board or room (quar- terly)dol. per hr Railway wages (average, class I)do	.87 1.835	1.851	1.858	$.76 \\ 1.853$	1.906	1.873	$.89 \\ 1.873$	1.902	1. 857	.85 1.862	1.877	1.867	
Road-building wages, common labordo	1. 41			1.48	1. 500	1.010	1.31			1.40			1.
				FINA	NCE								
BANKING													
cceptances and commercial paper outstanding: Bankers' acceptancesmil. of dol	450	454	454	449	478	492	487	490	468	455	417	428	4
Commercial paperdo gricultural loans outstanding of agencies super- vised by the Farm Credit Administration:	539	550	565	591	575	539	504	511	507	464	441	408	4
Total mil. of dol Farm mortgage loans, total do			2,260 1,088		1	2, 221 1, 102			2,253 1,128			2, 330 1, 156	
Federal land banksdododododo Land Bank Commissionerdo Loans to cooperativesdo	350	352	1,062 26 369	414	433	1,078 23 421	408		1,106 22 365	333	313	1, 136 20 320	
Short-term creditdo ank debits, total (345 centers)†do	908 137, 334	896 122, 200	803 136,067	775 150, 486	725 127, 665	697 165, 140	696 145, 988	720 129, 319	760 153, 511	794 145, 740	825 142, 175	855 154, 106	148,
hew York Citydo 6 other centers φdo	50, 472 29, 483	42, 778 25, 550	49, 131 28, 611	54, 893 32, 322	44, 209 27, 064	63, 091 35, 179	52, 048 31, 660	45, 749 28, 126	53, 898 35, 339	52, 038 32, 742	50, 255 32, 283	56, 623 33, 807	51, 32,
deral Reserve banks, condition, end of month: Assets, totalmil. of dol	50, 252	50, 496	50, 479	51,341	52, 492	51, 852	51, 948	51,493	50, 202	50, 558	50, 389	50, 243	50,
Reserve bank credit outstanding, totaldo Discounts and advancesdo	$24,821 \\ 1,270$	25, 216 1, 318	24, 747 477	25, 855 1, 591	26, 740 1, 895	$25,825 \\ 156$	26,478 1,735	$26,194 \\ 1,309$	24, 927 485	25,546 1,014	25,589 732	25, 414 64	26, 1
United States Government securitiesdo Gold certificate reservesdo Liabilities, totaldo	22,853 22,146 50,252	$\begin{array}{c c} 23, 146 \\ 22, 147 \\ 50, 496 \end{array}$	23, 694 22, 147 50, 479	23, 575 22, 140 51, 341	23, 821 22, 145 52, 492	$24, 697 \\ 21, 986 \\ 51, 852$	23, 944 21, 790 51, 948	23,875 21,480 51,493	$\begin{array}{c} 23,806\\ 21,367\\ 50,202 \end{array}$	23,880 21,383 50,558	$24, 246 \\ 21, 356 \\ 50, 389$	$24.746 \\ 21,286 \\ 50,243$	$     \begin{array}{c}       24, 9 \\       21, 0 \\       50, 4     \end{array} $
Deposits, totaldodododo	21,952 20,323	22,056 20,411	21, 455 20, 066	22, 273 20, 616	22, 583 21, 149	21, 344 19, 950	22,515 20,611	21,770 20,511	20,421 19,322	21,055 19,740	20,976 20,069	20, 396 19, 561	21,0 19,6
Excess reserves (estimated)do Federal Reserve notes in circulationdo	$495 \\ 24,843$	835 25, 119	319 25, 215	620 25, 426	25, 949	-570 26. 250	614 25, 638	$715 \\ 25,681$	-285 25, 560	$351 \\ 25,598$		$r 102 \\ 25,831$	25,8

Revised. » Preliminary. ‡ See note marked "‡" on page S-11. †Revised series. See note "†" on p. S-13 regarding coverage of data for telegraph industry. Bank debits have been revised to include additional centers and to represent debits to demand deposits. 9Includes Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Detroit, San Francisco, and Los Angeles.

September	1953
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Unless otherwise stated, statistics through				52						1953			
1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1951 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July
			FIN	ANCE-	-Conti	nued							
BANKING-Continued													
Federal Reserve weekly reporting member banks, condition, Wednesday nearest end of month:§													1
Deposits: Demand, adjustedmil. of dol Demand, except interbank: Individuals, partnerships, and corporations	53, 479 53, 879	52, 982	53,024	54, 314	55, 125	55, 373	55, 546	53, 811	51, 802	54, 176	53, 708	7 52, 820	53, 39
mil. of dol States and political subdivisionsdo United States Governmentdo Time, except interbank, totaldo Individuals, partnersbips, and corporations	$     \begin{array}{r}       3.879 \\       3.750 \\       4.860 \\       16.917     \end{array} $	53,941 3,609 3,186 16,972	$54, 526 \\ 3, 568 \\ 3, 601 \\ 17, 095$	55,508 3,614 3,487 17,198	$56, 171 \\3, 610 \\3, 836 \\17, 241$	58, 264 3, 798 3, 567 17, 533	$56, 112 \\ 3, 894 \\ 2, 362 \\ 17, 499$	55, 342 3, 790 3, 309 17, 622	52,7853,8283,93417,698	$54,608 \\ 4,241 \\ 1,426 \\ 17,792$	$54, 185 \\ 4, 041 \\ 1, 356 \\ 17, 917$	$54,263 \\ 3,975 \\ 2,469 \\ 18,068$	$54, 08 \\3, 73 \\5, 29 \\18, 08$
mil. of dol States and political subdivisionsdo Interbank (demand and time)do Investments, totaldo	$15,947 \\ 784 \\ 11,337 \\ 41,362$	$16,012 \\770 \\12,031 \\40,043$	$     \begin{array}{r}       16, 144 \\       761 \\       12, 328 \\       39, 642     \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{r}       16,266 \\       743 \\       12,241 \\       40,315     \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} 16,289\\756\\12,564\\40,796\end{array} $	$16,569 \\763 \\13,689 \\40,382$	$16,528 \\ 770 \\ 12,051 \\ 39,626$	16, 641 783 11, 863 38, 936	$16,726 \\777 \\11,983 \\37,180$	$16,799 \\ 803 \\ 11,382 \\ 36,864$	$16,901 \\ 829 \\ 11,734 \\ 36,542$	17,052 826 12,359 7 36,896	$ \begin{array}{c} 17,07\\82\\11,56\\40,22\end{array} $
U. S. Government obligations, direct and guaranteed, totalmil. of dol. Billsdo Certificatesdo	33,726 3,366 3,763	32,368 2,625 3,268	32, 018 2, 508 2, 666	32, 819 3, 681 2, 482	$\begin{array}{c} 33,420 \\ 4,545 \\ 2,488 \end{array}$	32,967 4,163 2,467	32, 143 3, 710 2, 458	31,478 3,156 2,271	29, 547 1, 701 2, 115	29, 249 1, 583 2, 038	29, 144 2, 043 1, 850	r 29, 501 2, 514 2, 090	32,70 2,85 4,98
Bonds and guaranteed obligationsdo Notesdo Other securitiesdo	20,575 6,022 7,636	20, 435 6, 040 7, 675	$ \begin{array}{r} 20,404 \\ 6,380 \\ 7,624 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c c} 20,343 \\ 6,313 \\ 7,496 \end{array} $	20,259 6,128 7,376	20, 293 6, 044 7, 415	20,000 5,975 7,483	$ \begin{array}{c} 20,123\\ 5,928\\ 7,458 \end{array} $	19, 881 5, 850 7, 633	19,857 5,771 7,615	$\begin{array}{r} 19,599 \\ 5,652 \\ 7,398 \end{array}$	7 19,356 5,541 7,395	19, 45 5, 4 7, 55
Loans (net), total	35, 716 20, 756 1, 999	36,087 21,200 1,471	37.081 21,854 1,422	37,639 22,457 1,444	$38,452 \\ 23,130 \\ 1,612$	39,104 23,390 2,002	$38,687 \\ 23,011 \\ 1,543$	38,775 22,869 1,459	39,647 23,269 1,561	$39,437 \\ 23,133 \\ 1,540$	39,439 22,690 1,547	$39,649 \\ 22,585 \\ 1,719$	39, 30 22, 6 1, 8
mil. of dol	728 5, 850 396 6, 552	801 5, 911 615 6, 656	778 5, 977 827 6, 789	$\begin{array}{r} 751 \\ 6,032 \\ 621 \\ 6,904 \end{array}$	734 6, 081 433 7, 039	807 6, 095 151 7, 253	799 6, 120 480 7, 335	795 6, 147 708 7, 405	808 6, 176 777 7, 665	7896,2146117,760	779 6, 257 930 7, 847	755 6, 302 948 7, 960	70 6, 33 44 7, 99
Money and interest rates: d Bank rates on business loans: In 19 citiespercent New York Citydo			3. 49 3. 29			$3.51 \\ 3.33 \\ 3.33$			3. 54 3. 31			$3.73 \\ 3.52$	
7 other northern and eastern citiesdo 11 southern and western citiesdo Discount rate (N. Y. F. R. Bank)do Federal intermediate credit bank loansdo Federal load hank i loansdo	1.75 2.72 4.17	1.75 2.71	3.44 3.84 1.75 2.71	$     \begin{array}{r}       1.75 \\       2.71     \end{array} $	1.75 2.71 4.17	3. 49 3. 84 1. 75 2. 71 4. 17	2.00 2.71 4.17	2.00 2.71	3.50 3.90 2.00 2.72	2.00 2.72 4.17	2.00 2.72	$\begin{array}{c} 3.71 \\ 4.05 \\ 2.00 \\ 2.74 \\ 4.17 \end{array}$	2. ( 2.
Federal land bank loans	4.17 1.75 2.31 2.38	4.17 1.75 2.31 2.57	4. 17 1. 75 2. 31 2. 63	4.17 1.75 2.31 2.63	4. 17 1. 75 2. 31 2. 63	4. 17 1. 75 2. 31 2. 63	4. 17 1. 82 2. 31 2. 63	4. 17 1. 88 2. 31 2. 63	4. 17 1. 88 2. 36 2. 63	4. 17 1. 88 2. 44 2. 90	4. 17 1. 88 2. 68 3. 22	4. 17 1. 88 2. 75 3. 25	4. 1.8 2. 3.
Commercial paper, prime, 4-6 monthsdo Call loans, renewal (N. Y. S. E.)do Time loans, 90 days (N. Y. S. E.)do Yield on U. S. Govt. securities: 3-month billsdo	2.56 1.824	2.61 1.876	2.63 1.786	2.63 1.783	2.63 1.862	2.63 2.126	2.63 2.042	2. 63 2. 018	2.63 2.082	2.80 2.177	3. 10 2. 200	3.13 2.231	3.1
3–5 year taxable issuesdo Savings deposits, balance to credit of depositors: New York State savings banksmil. of dol U. S. postal savingsdododododo	2. 14 12, 730 2, 601	2. 29 12, 786 2, 586	2. 28 12, 896 2, 572	2, 26 12, 943 2, 562	2. 25 13, 046 2, 555	2, 30 13, 257 2, 548	<sup>1</sup> 2. 39 13, 359 2, 537	2. 42 13, 421 2, 524	2. 46 13, 550 2, 510	2. 61 13, 626 2, 496	2.86 13,702 \$\$\nu\$2,478	2.92 13.841 \$\$2,459	2. 13,8 2,4
CONSUMER CREDIT								-					
Fotal short- and intermediate-term consumer credit, end of month       mil. of dol.         Instalment credit, total.       do.         Automobile paper.       do.         Other consumer-cools paper.       do.         Repair and modernization loans.       do.	$22,751 \\ 16,465 \\ 7,200 \\ 4,433 \\ 1,221$	$\begin{array}{c} 23,030\\ 16,728\\ 7,272\\ 4,539\\ 1,258\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c} 23,414\\ 17,047\\ 7,388\\ 4,669\\ 1,300 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c} 24,050\\ 17,572\\ 7,639\\ 4,871\\ 1,347\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c} 24,525\\17,927\\7,866\\4.943\\1,376\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 25,705\\ 18,639\\ 8,110\\ 5,301\\ 1,386\end{array}$	$25,508 \\18,785 \\8,273 \\5,256 \\1,378$	25,262 18,860 8,470 5,131 1,377	25,67619,2678,7785,1541,383	$26, 172 \\ 19, 656 \\ 9, 074 \\ 5, 185 \\ 1, 401$	26,71520,0789,3795,2311,426	27,051 20,489 9,630 5,289 1,454	27, 2 20, 8 9, 9 5, 3 1, 4
Personal loansdo By type of holder. Financial institutions, totaldo Commercial banksdo Sales-finance companiesdo.	$3, 611 \\13, 725 \\6, 654 \\4, 263 \\738$	$\begin{array}{r} 3,659\\ 13,950\\ 6,807\\ 4,294\\ 759\end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c c} 3, 690 \\ 14, 203 \\ 6, 967 \\ 4, 362 \\ 773 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} 3,715\\ 14,614\\ 7,189\\ 4,523\\ 789 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} 3,842\\ 15,423\\ 7,576\\ 4,833\\ 815\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3,878 \\ 15,665 \\ 7,696 \\ 4,930 \\ 818 \end{array}$	3, 882 15, 876 7, 808 5, 031 828	3, 952 16, 318 8, 047 5, 174 856	3, 996 16, 714 8, 253 5, 312 880	4,042 17.111 8,433 5,480 902	$\begin{array}{c c} 4,116\\ 17,496\\ 8,604\\ 5,633\\ 935\end{array}$	4, 10 17, 8 8, 7- 5, 8 9
Credit unionsdo Otherdo Retail ontlets, totaldo	2, 070 2, 740	2,090 2,778	2, 101 2, 844	2, 113 2, 958	2, 135 2, 972	2, 199 3, 216	2,221 3,120	2, 209 2, 984	2, 241	2, 269 2, 942	2, 296 2, 967	2, 324	2, 3
Department stores	932 766 292 750	951 782 295 750	990 796 301 757	1, 042 821 313 782	1,019 839 324 790	$     \begin{array}{r}       1,101 \\       900 \\       336 \\       879     \end{array} $	$1,068 \\ 865 \\ 343 \\ 844$	960 855 352 817	931 844 364 810	916 839 376 811	$923 \\ 842 \\ 390 \\ 812$	928 844 401 820	91 84 41 81
Noninstalment credit, totaldo Single-payment loansdo Charge accountsdo Service creditdo	$\begin{array}{c} 6,286\ 2,023\ 2,573\ 1,690 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c} 6,302\\2,026\\2,579\\1,697\end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} 6,367\\ 2,033\\ 2,642\\ 1,692 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c} 6,478\\ 2,033\\ 2,776\\ 1,669 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} 6,598\\ 2,109\\ 2,826\\ 1,663 \end{array} $	7,066 2,108 3,313 1,645	$\begin{array}{c} 6,723\\ 2,129\\ 2,956\\ 1,638 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 6,402\\ 2,079\\ 2,662\\ 1,661 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 6,409\\ 2,142\\ 2,602\\ 1,665\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 6,516\\ 2,147\\ 2,677\\ 1,692 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 6,637\\ 2,162\\ 2,760\\ 1,715\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 6,562\\ 2,047\\ 2,784\\ 1,731\end{array}$	6, 30 1, 93 2, 70 1, 75
By type of holder: Financial institutionsdo Commercial banksdo Retail outletsdo Service creditdo	2, 02 <b>3</b> 1, 792 2, 573	2,026 1,792 2,579	2, 033 1, 793 2, 642	2,033 1,801 2,776	2,109 1,821 2,826	2,108 1,852 3,313	2, 129 1, 858 2, 956	2, 079 1, 839 2, 662	2, 142 1, 882 2, 602	2, 147 1, 878 2, 677	2,162 1,851 2,760	2,047 1,768 2,784	1, 9 1, 6 2, 7
FEDERAL GOVERNMENT FINANCE	1, 690	1, 697	1, 692	1, 669	1, 663	1, 645	1, 638	1, 661	1, 665	1,692	1, 715	1, 731	1,7:
Budget receipts and expenditures: Receipts, totalmil. of dol	3, 649	4, 585	6, 875	3, 355	4, 731	6, 350	5, 232	6, 300	11, 870	4, 044	5, 140	10, 323	3, 6
Receipts, netdo         Customsdo         Income and employment taxesdo         Miscellaneous internal revenuedo         All other receiptsdo	3, 316 48 2, 464 949 188	$\begin{array}{r} 4,050\\ 47\\ 3,546\\ 862\\ 130\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 6,585\\ 52\\ 5,834\\ 877\\ 112\end{array}$	3, 099 65 2, 227 923 139	4, 151 44 3, 624 888 175		5,061 51 4,130 842 209	5,479 43 5,294 856 107	$ \begin{array}{r} 10,502\\ 56\\ 10,719\\ 993\\ 102\\\end{array} $	2, 849 54 3, 021 880 90	$\begin{array}{r} 4,380\\ 51\\ 3,998\\ 922\\ 169\end{array}$	$9.744 \\ 51 \\ 9.179 \\ 939 \\ 155$	3, 30 2, 39 91 21
Expenditures, totaldo Interest on public debtdo Veterans Administration‡do National defense and related activities‡do All other expenditures ‡do	$egin{array}{c} 6,742\ 320\ 401\ 3,884\ 2,137 \end{array}$	5,018 183 362 2,971 1,502	$\begin{array}{c} 6,070\\ 559\\ 353\\ 4,008\\ 1,150\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 6,383\\572\\363\\3,723\\1,725\end{array}$	5, 161 185 354 3, 302 1, 319	$7, 124 \\ 1, 146 \\ 386 \\ 4, 081 \\ 1, 511 $	5,737 235 354 3,632 1,516	5,595 311 349 3,501 1,434	$\begin{array}{r} 6,187\\ 563\\ 364\\ 3,789\\ 1,471\end{array}$	6, 362 372 351 3, 891 1, 749	$\begin{array}{r} 6,241 \\ 179 \\ 350 \\ 3,746 \\ 1,966 \end{array}$	7,988 1,882 349 4,056 1,701	6, 06 23 36 3, 89 1, 57

<sup>7</sup> Revised. \* Preliminary. <sup>1</sup> Beginning January 1, 1953, includes 2½ percent bond of March 15, 1956-58, and 2% percent bond of June 15, 1958, §Revised beginning 1952 to expand the coverage of the series by making a net addition of 8 banks. Revisions for January-May 1952 will be shown later. ¿For bond yields see p. S-19. † Revised series. For data prior to March 1952 and details regarding the revision, see the April 1953 Federal Reserve Bulletin. ‡Revisions for July 1950-January 1952 will be shown later.

#### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the			19	52						1953			
1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1951 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	Apri]	Мау	June	July
			FINA	ANCE-	-Conti	nued							
FEDERAL GOVERNMENT FINANCE—Con.													
Public debt and guaranteed obligations: Gross debt (direct), end of month, total													
mil. of dol	263,073 260,908 222,963	263, 186 261, 060 222, 753	262, 682 260, 577 222, 216	$\begin{array}{c} 264,919\\ 262,820\\ 224,430 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 267,432\\ 265,345\\ 226,557\end{array}$	267, 391 265, 293 226, 143	267,402 265,323 226,226	267, 584 265, 489 226, 187	264, 485 262, 380 223, 025	264, 590 262, 550 223, 077	$\begin{array}{c} 266,520\\ 264,445\\ 224,735\end{array}$	266,071 263,946 223,408	272,669 270,603 230,009
Special issuesdo Noninterest bearingdo	37, 945 2, 165	$38,307 \\ 2,125$	38, 360 2, 105	38, 390 2, 099	38, 788 2, 087	39, 150 2, 098	$39,097 \\ 2,079$	39, 302 2, 094	39, 354 2, 105	39, 474 2, 040	39, 710 2, 075	40, 538 2, 125	40, 594 2, 066
Obligations guaranteed by U. S. Government, end of monthmil. of dol U. S. Savings bonds:	34	39	40	45	51	54	48	50	51	52	52	52	63
Amount outstanding, end of monthdo Sales, series E through Kdo Redemptionsdo	57, 827 367 467	57, 868 356 399	57, 871 330 416	57, 903 347 398	57, 958 303 346	58, 046 375 422	58,237 504 435	58, 368 414 368	$58,468 \\ 440 \\ 430$	58,509 382 426	$58,014 \\ 371 \\ 570$	57,977 370 523	57,962 402 541
Government corporations and credit agencies: Assets, except interagency, totalmil. of dol			28, 922			29, 945	1		30, 564				
Loans receivable, total (less reserves)do To aid agriculturedo			$16,890 \\ 4,563$			17,826 5,070			$     18,089 \\     5,671 $			••••••	
To aid nome ownersdodo To aid railroadsdo To aid other industriesdodo			2, 437 84 480			2,603 82 516			79				
To aid banksdo To aid other financial institutionsdo			(1) 716			(1) 864			( <sup>1</sup> ) 611				
Foreign loansdo All otherdo Commodities, supplies, and materialsdo			7, 826 933 1, 377			7,736 1,095 1,280			872				
U. S. Government securitiesdo Other securitiesdo		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2, 371 3, 436			2, 421 3, 429			2,645 3,427				
			3, 212 1, 636			3, 213 1, 775			1, 904	••			
Liabilities, except interagency, totaldo Bonds, notes, and debentures: Guaranteed by the United Statesdo	1		<b>2,</b> 774 39			<b>3,</b> 111 53			3, 224 48				
Other dododo	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		1, 301 1, 434			1, 330 1, 728			1,107 2,069				
Privately owned interestdo U. S. Government interestdo			367 25, 780			$378 \\ 26,456$			401 26, 938				
Reconstruction Finance Corporation, loans and securities (at cost) outstanding, end of month,	751	770				200						0.05	
total diametrical and commercial enterprises, including national defense diametrical enterprises. mil. of dol.	751 424	753 427	769 444	787 458	790 464	793 472	786 469	786 472	795 482	790 475	797 482	805 492	
Financial institutionsdo Railroadsdo	54     82     16	53 82 16	53 82	51	50 80	47 80		46	46 77	$\frac{46}{77}$	$\frac{46}{77}$	45 77	
States, territories, and political subdivisions.do Republic of the Philippinesdo Mortgages purchaseddo	54	54 74	16 54 73	82 22 54 73	22 54 72	22 54 72	22 51 71	22 51 71	22 51 70	25 51 70	25 51 69	$25 \\ 51 \\ 69$	
Other loansdo	47	47	47	47	47	47	46	47	47	47	46	46	
Assets, admitted: All companies (Institute of Life Insurance), esti-													
mated total‡mil. of dol Securities and mortgages‡do	70, 774 63, 590	71, 123 63, 855	71, 578 64, 205	$\begin{array}{c} 72,034 \\ 64,665 \end{array}$	72, 415 65, 010	73,034 65,345	73, 62 <b>1</b> 65, 948	73, 943 66, 269	$\begin{array}{c} 74,295\\ 66,598 \end{array}$	$74,686 \\ 67,035$	75, 063 67, 330	75, 403 67, 698	75,855 68,105
49 companies (Life Insurance Association of America), totalmil. of dol Bonds and stocks, book value, totaldo	r 62, 532 r 39, 320	62, 495 39, 184	62, 808 39, 310	63, 159 39, 565	63, 479 39, 757	64,092 39,915	$\begin{array}{c} 64,797\\ 40,473 \end{array}$	65, 084 40, 630	$\begin{array}{c} 65,362\\ 40,778 \end{array}$	65, 686 41, 011	65,997 41,123	66,262 41,277	$66, 621 \\ 41, 451$
Govt. (domestic and foreign), totaldo	7 11, 177 7 9, 042 7 11, 217	11, 131 9, 025 11, 184	11, 127 9, 044	10, 924 8, 887 11, 346	$   \begin{array}{r}     10.967 \\     8.935 \\     11.362   \end{array} $	10,867 8,837	$     \begin{array}{r}       10,984 \\       8,926     \end{array} $	10, 983 8, 908	$10,791 \\ 8,711$	10,816 8,734	$10,692 \\ 8,726$	10, 602 8, 676	10,564 8,634
U. S. Governmentdo Public utilitydo Railroaddo Otherdo	r 3, 287 r 13, 639	3, 253 13, 615	$ \begin{array}{c} 11,212\\ 3,281\\ 13,690 \end{array} $	3,301 13,994	11, 302 3, 314 14, 115	$\begin{array}{r} 11,409\\ 3,336\\ 14,304 \end{array}$	$11.552 \\ 3.397 \\ 14.541$	$ \begin{array}{r} 11, 610 \\ 3, 402 \\ 14, 634 \end{array} $	$11, 659 \\ 3, 403 \\ 14, 925$	$     \begin{array}{r}       11,708 \\       3,412 \\       15,075     \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{r} 11,760\\ 3,412\\ 15,259\end{array}$	11,827 3,412 15,436	11,897 3,418 15,572
Cashdodo Mortgage loans, totaldo Farmdo	754 717,035 1,454	$758 \\ 17,082 \\ 1,463$	820 17, 188 1, 471	• 803 17, 311 1, 481	$767 \\ 17,411 \\ 1,490$			775 17, 894	$750 \\ 18,038 \\ 1,541$	$\begin{array}{c} 711 \\ 18, 182 \\ 1, 564 \end{array}$	$759 \\18,306 \\1,584$	707 18, 444 1, 599	$726 \\ 18, 619 \\ 1, 615$
Otherdo Policy loans and premium notesdo	r 15, 581 r 2, 275	15,619 2,262 1,520	15, 717 2, 270	$ \begin{array}{c} 15,830 \\ 2,276 \\ 1,540 \end{array} $	15,921 2,280	16,080 2,284 1,655	$16,262 \\ 2,310 \\ 1,658$	$ \begin{array}{r} 1,524\\ 16,370\\ 2,318 \end{array} $	$16,496 \\ 2,329$	16, 618 2, 341	$     \begin{array}{r}       16,722 \\       2,351     \end{array} $	$16,845 \\ 2,365$	17,004 2,374
Real-estate holdingsdododo	r 1, 511 r 1, 637	1, 520 1, 688	1, 526 1, 694	1, 540	1,550 1,714	1, 655 1, 784	1,658 1,756	1, 663 1, 804	1, 669 1, 797	1,687 1,755	$1,694 \\ 1,763$	$1,702 \\ 1,767$	1, 707 1, 743
Life Insurance Agency Management Association: Insurance written (new paid-for insurance): Value, estimated total§	r 2, 513	₹ 2 <b>,</b> 387	<i>τ</i> 2, 589	r 2, 738	r 2, 594	r 3, 460	r 2, 383	r 2, 663	r 3, 398	r 3, 295	r 3, 126	3,227	2, 962
Group and wholesalesdodododododododo	r 392 r 450 1, 671	7 349 7 473 1, 565	r 492 r 503 1, 594	7 387 7 535 1, 816	7417 7508 1,669	r 1,061 r 451 1,948	r 267 r 450 1,666	r 427 r 534 1, 702	r 657 r 583 2, 158	r 677 r 543 2,075		$\begin{array}{r} 600 \\ 543 \\ 2,084 \end{array}$	477 499
Industrial <sup>§</sup>	$     115 \\     377 $	99 334	104 347	122 411	113 398	124 426	$124 \\ 424$	117 412	141 519	137 487	$     131 \\     483 $	138 484	1, 986 126 460
	358 148 198	336 141 190	340 140 199	384 160 219	356 136 199	429 172 230	$358 \\ 137 \\ 177$	371 140 193	$     460 \\     174 \\     245 $	444 171 241	$427 \\ 165 \\ 237$	$449 \\ 172 \\ 247$	436 172 233
South Atlanticdo East South Centraldo West South Centraldo Mountain do		64 154 61	67 156	77 162 68	$\frac{71}{150}$	84 174	63 151 50	67 156 56	$91 \\ 200$	91 191	$\frac{82}{178}$	$\frac{85}{195}$	83 176
Mountaindo Pacificdodo	189	187	59 182	212	$\begin{array}{c} 61\\ 184\end{array}$	78 230	182	191	$     \begin{array}{r}       78 \\       250     \end{array}   $	75 237	73 226	72 242	68 232
Institute of Life Insurance: Payments to policyholders and beneficiaries, estimated totalthous. of dol	338, 501	<b>3</b> 18, 461	322, 636	339, 557	304, 060	417, 402	399, 041	343, 743	410, 421	<b>3</b> 65, 145	355, 232	r 383, 861	361, 977
Death claim payments	$   \begin{array}{r}     154, 506 \\     33, 809 \\     8, 845   \end{array} $	$145,944 \\31,584 \\8,229$	146, 410 34, 400 8, 253	$154,860 \\ 39,111 \\ 9,220$	$\begin{array}{r} 141,626\\ 32,337\\ 7,874 \end{array}$	$168,314 \\ 40,498 \\ 9,244$	$169,068 \\ 42,909 \\ 9,851$	$\begin{array}{c c} 158, 593 \\ 37, 059 \\ 8, 362 \end{array}$	$182,781 \\ 40,384 \\ 9,479$	$164, 114 \\ 36, 314 \\ 8, 867$	$158,288 \\ 37,168 \\ 8,834$	169, 925 39, 094 7 8, 733	162, 438 36, 873
Annuity payments do. Surred endowments do. Annuity payments do. Surreder values \$	31, 200 52, 947	29, 886 47, 978	28, 532 48, 768	31,605 52,916	28, 595 45, 127	28, 870 53, 198	42,973 53,217	32, 946 49, 600	$35,193 \\ 63,630$	35,049 58,826	35, 339 57, 485	34,018 7 60,133	9, 265 33, 908 57, 780
Policy dividends	1 57, 194	54, 840	56, 273	51, 845	48, 501	117, 278	81, 023	57, 783	78, 954	61, 975	58, 118	71, 958	61, 713

r Revised.
 Less than \$500,000.
 o'Includes loans under the Defense Production Act of 1950.
 Revisions for January-July 1950 are shown in corresponding note in the October 1951 SURVEY. Other revisions are as follows (mil. dol.): Total assets, December 1950, 63,688; securities and mortgages—December 1950, 57,244; 1951—January, 57,609; October, 60,332; November, 60,498; December, 60,912.
 §Revisions beginning 1946 for insurance written and for 1949 and 1950 for annuity payments and surrender values will be shown later.

September 1953

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through			195	52						1953			
1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1951 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July
			FINA	ANCE-	-Conti	nued							
LIFE INSURANCE-Continued										l			
Life Insurance Association of America: Premium income (39 cos.), totalthous. of dol Accident and healthdo Annuitiesdo Groupdo Industrialdo Ordinarydo	539, 924 62, 594 85, 732 52, 221 56, 801 282, 576	$\begin{array}{c} 551,521\\ 65,472\\ 66,852\\ 43,687\\ 79,894\\ 295,616\end{array}$	594, 231 66, 402 69, 008 47, 491 85, 313 326, 017	$555, 400 \\ 67, 052 \\ 76, 979 \\ 47, 442 \\ 71, 553 \\ 292, 374$	554, 748 70, 958 67, 806 46, 061 68, 809 <b>301, 114</b>	847, 255 89, 441 173, 680 66, 567 107, 251 410, 316	$\begin{array}{c} 606,446\\79,568\\100,351\\70,794\\71,220\\284,513\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 615,102\\ 66,738\\ 81,624\\ 48,531\\ 75,359\\ 342,850 \end{array}$	682, 325 77, 514 94, 784 58, 168 84, 593 367, 266	$\begin{array}{c} 637,446\\ 91,221\\ 87,337\\ 60,022\\ 68,094\\ 330,772 \end{array}$	$574,765 \\77,946 \\65,634 \\48,224 \\68,740 \\314,221$	$\begin{array}{c} 633,800\\ 75,985\\ 61,039\\ 56,386\\ 83,828\\ 356,562\end{array}$	
MONETARY STATISTICS													
Gold and silver: Gold: Monetary stock, U. Smil. of dol Net release from earmark §thous. of dol Exportsdo Importsdo Production, reported monthly totaldo Africado Canadado United Statesdo dol	$\begin{array}{r} 23,350\\-31,394\\1,580\\26,047\\67,421\\39,886\\13,062\\6,403\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 23, 344 \\ -32, 620 \\ 2, 861 \\ 5, 947 \\ 65, 768 \\ 39, 673 \\ 13, 028 \\ 6, 498 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 23,342 \\ -13,776 \\ 1,244 \\ 34,590 \\ 66,394 \\ 39,411 \\ 13,408 \\ 6,212 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 23, 339 \\ -92, 430 \\ 2, 988 \\ 86, 465 \\ 70, 602 \\ 40, 114 \\ 14, 122 \\ 6, 769 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 23, 337 \\ -29, 004 \\ 1, 580 \\ 1, 872 \\ 64, 941 \\ 38, 978 \\ 13, 600 \\ 6, 031 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 23,186\\-263,189\\5,587\\13,697\\66,680\\38,958\\13,697\\5,883\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 22,986\\-171,747\\3,867\\1,653\\\hline$	$\begin{array}{r} 22,\ 662\\ -324,\ 127\\ 3,\ 813\\ 1,\ 827\\ \hline 36,\ 953\\ 12,\ 351\\ 4,\ 340\\ \end{array}$	$22, 563 \\ -106, 511 \\ 4, 262 \\ 7, 746 \\ \hline 39, 255 \\ 13, 273 \\ 5, 241 \\ \hline$	$\begin{array}{r} 22,562\\-16,814\\2,704\\9,685\\\hline\\38,958\\12,941\\5,227\end{array}$	22, 537 -48, 857 1, 835 1, 963 	22, 463 68, 516 3, 654 1, 690 	22, 277 -171, 660 2, 747 2, 255 
Silver: Exportsdo Importsdo	236 5, 733	216 4.877	$\frac{382}{4,499}$	411 7,778	258 5,009	270 4, 578	1,318 10,965	506 7, 272	144 11, 987	883 6, 285	230 5, 364	3, 578 9, 502	307 6, 548
Price at New Yorkdol. per fine oz Production: Canadathous. of fine oz Mexicodo United Statesdo.	. 829 1, 809 3, 858 3, 307	. 833 2, 220 2, 921 2, 272	. 833 1, 787 3, 107 3, 235	. 833 1, 854 9, 525 3, 682	. 833 2, 428 3, 877 2, 998	. 833 2, 521 3, 863 3, 093	. 845 2, 460 3, 870 3, 362	. 853 2, 255 4, 054 3, 112	. 853 2, 443 4, 394 3, 175	. 853 3, 066 1, 984 3, 018	. 853 2, 504 4, 850 2, 823	• 853	. 853 
Money supply: Currency in circulationmil. of dol. Deposits and currency, totaldo Foreign banks deposits, netdo U. S. Government balancesdo Deposits (adjusted) and currency, totaldo Demand deposits, adjusteddo Time depositsdo Currency outside banksdo Turnover of demand deposits except interbank and	28, 978 197, 200 2, 600 8, 900 185, 800 95, 700 63, 800 26, 200	29, 293 197, 000 2, 600 8, 200 186, 200 95, 800 64, 100 26, 300	29, 419 197, 900 2, 500 8, 100 187, 400 96, 400 64, 500 26, 600	29, 644 199, 900 2, 500 7, 200 190, 200 98, 600 64, 900 26, 700	$\begin{array}{c} 30,236\\ 202,700\\ 2,500\\ 8,600\\ 191,600\\ 99,400\\ 64,800\\ 27,400\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 30,433\\ 204,220\\ 2,501\\ 6,918\\ 194,801\\ 101,508\\ 65,799\\ 27,494 \end{array}$	29, 691 <sup>p</sup> 202, 100 <sup>p</sup> 2, 500 <sup>p</sup> 6, 200 <sup>p</sup> 193, 300	29, 793 <sup>p</sup> 201, 000 <sup>p</sup> 2, 300 <sup>p</sup> 7, 100 <sup>p</sup> 191, 600 <sup>p</sup> 98, 300 <sup>p</sup> 66, 400 <sup>p</sup> 26, 900	29, 754 200, 600 2, 400 2, 100 2,	29, 843 \$\$199, 100 \$\$2, 400 \$\$p\$4, 600 \$\$p\$192, 200 \$\$p\$98, 000 \$\$p\$67, 200 \$\$p\$27, 000	29, 951 p199, 100 p 2, 400 p192, 100 p 97, 500 p 67, 600 p 27, 000	r 30, 125 p 200, 000 p 2, 500 p 5, 100 p 192, 400 p 97, 200 p 68, 100 p 27, 100	30, 120 <sup>p</sup> 205, 000 <sup>p</sup> 2, 400 <sup>p</sup> 193, 000 <sup>p</sup> 9, 700 <sup>p</sup> 9, 700 <sup>p</sup> 9, 700 <sup>p</sup> 9, 2, 400 <sup>p</sup> 9, 2, 200
U. S. Government, annual rate: † New York Cityratio of debits to deposits 6 other centers 9do	34. 4 24. 0	29.6 20.8	35. 4 24. 3	36.4 25.0	34. 1 24. 1	41. 8 26. 9	34. 3 23. 9	35. 1 24. 4	37. 1 28. 3	35. 4 26. 0	35.6 25.5	38. 9 7 25. 9	36.0 25.0
PROFITS AND DIVIDENDS (QUARTERLY)													
Manufacturing corporations (Federal Reserve): Profits after taxes, total (200 corps.)mil. of dol Durable goods, total (106 corps.)do Primary metals and products (39 corps.). do Machinery (27 corps.)do Automobiles and equipment (15 corps.)do Nondurable goods, total (94 corps.)do Food and kindred products (28 corps.)do Chemicals and allied products (26 corps.)do Petroleum refining (14 corps.)do			$678 \\ 370 \\ 99 \\ 90 \\ 143 \\ 308 \\ 48 \\ 108 \\ 115$			$928 \\ 581 \\ 218 \\ 128 \\ 191 \\ 347 \\ 45 \\ 128 \\ 133 \\$			r 837 r 508 r 183 r 89 197 r 329 r 40 r 121 r 126			p 903 p 566 p 207 p 103 p 208 p 337 p 45 p 124 p 124	
Dividends, total (200 corps.)			475 270 205			549 305 244			7 485 7 275 210			p 477 p 271 p 206	
mil. of dol. Railways and telephone cos. (see p. S-23).			207			244			288		••••••	» 246	
SECURITIES ISSUED Commercial and Financial Chronicle: Securities issued, by type of security, total (new capital and refunding)mil. of dol. New capital, total	1, 519 1, 393 1, 381 1, 137 20	810 461 461 202 56	962 808 800 363 0	<sup>1</sup> 1, 381 <sup>1</sup> 1, 225 1, 157 852 0	• 873 629 601 292 130	$1,520 \\ 1,197 \\ 1,197 \\ 758 \\ 46$	1, 185 1, 016 949 560 3	1, 114 1, 005 1, 002 624 13	1,069 939 899 480 0				
Municipal, State, etc	224 12 126 126 50 74 2	203 0 349 153 188 7	437 9 154 154 72 79 2	305 8 158 158 82 72 4	179 28 311 311 90 172 49	$394 \\ 0 \\ 323 \\ 323 \\ 44 \\ 269 \\ 9$	$386 \\ 67 \\ 169 \\ 151 \\ 16 \\ 130 \\ 5$	365 4 109 109 25 81 2	$420 \\ 40 \\ 129 \\ 129 \\ 6 \\ 105 \\ 18$				
Securities and Exchange Commission: Extimated gross proceeds, totaldo By type of security: Bonds and notes, totaldo Corporatedo Common stockdo. Preferred stockdo.	6, 436 6, 245 1, 113 158 33	1, 168 1, 089 342 49 29	1, 331 1, 248 372 46 37	2,047 1,870 980 170 6	1, 108 1, 038 314 49 20	2,079 1,902 731 119 58	1, 615 497 116	$1, 592 \\ 1, 422 \\ 536 \\ 123 \\ 47$	1, 604 1, 425 517 116 62	1,667 1,507 659 124 35	4, 630 4, 383 484 165 82	3, 053 2, 861 988 159 33	1, 890 1, 777 380 82 31
By type of issuer: Corporate, total	$ \begin{array}{c c} 1, 304 \\ 360 \\ 240 \\ 46 \\ 496 \\ 74 \\ 5, 132 \\ \end{array} $	421 130 109 95 21 12 747 544 201	455 186 168 12 17 27 876 444 428	$\begin{array}{c c} & & & \\ & 1, 157 \\ & 655 \\ & 351 \\ & 15 \\ & 27 \\ & 62 \\ & 890 \\ & 531 \\ & 294 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	908 332 219 66 34 56 1, 171 547 389	$\begin{array}{c} 664\\ 286\\ 249\\ 40\\ 4\\ 48\\ 1,119\\ 611\end{array}$	$706 \\ 151 \\ 261 \\ 50 \\ 7 \\ 141 \\ 886 \\ 494$	696 205 216 32 15 144 908 503 405	818 317 228 25 13 162 849 491 349	$\begin{array}{c} & & & & \\ & & 731 \\ & 116 \\ & 406 \\ & & 15 \\ & & 7 \\ & 101 \\ & 3, 899 \\ & 3, 244 \\ & 650 \end{array}$	$\begin{smallmatrix} & 33 \\ 1, 179 \\ 289 \\ 342 \\ 23 \\ 44 \\ 418 \\ 1, 873 \\ 1, 454 \\ 416 \\ \end{smallmatrix}$	492 155 198 10 14 1, 397 884 512

Revised. P Preliminary.
 Includes International Bank scentities not shown separately.
 §Or increase in earmarked gold (--).
 fRevised series. Data reflect change in number of reporting banks and centers; figures prior to May 1952 will be shown later.
 §Includes Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Detroit, San Francisco, and Los Angeles.
 fRevisions for 1939—1st quarter of 1951 for manufacturing corporations and electric utilities and for January-March 1951 and January-March 1952 for SEC data will be shown later.

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#### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the				52						1953			
1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1951 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July
			FIN.	ANCE-	-Conti	nued							
SECURITIES ISSUED—Continued													
Securities and Exchange Commission <sup>+</sup> —Continued New corporate security issues: Estimated net proceeds, totalmil. of dol Proposed uses of proceeds:	1, 285	413	447	1, 140	378	897	655	694	684	806	715	1, 161	482
New money, total	1,2181,0401785740108	$276 \\ 210 \\ 66 \\ 127 \\ 117 \\ 5 \\ 6$	$367 \\ 278 \\ 89 \\ 68 \\ 46 \\ 11 \\ 10$		293 221 72 51 32 13 5	$780 \\ 661 \\ 120 \\ 74 \\ 45 \\ 28 \\ 1$	$     \begin{array}{r}       603 \\       495 \\       108 \\       46 \\       19 \\       25 \\       2 \\       6     \end{array} $	$635 \\ 381 \\ 255 \\ 51 \\ 27 \\ 23 \\ 1$	$630 \\ 438 \\ 192 \\ 37 \\ 10 \\ 24 \\ 3$	$757 \\ 532 \\ 225 \\ 30 \\ 10 \\ 13 \\ 7$	612 481 131 68 8 49 10	$1,046 \\ 614 \\ 432 \\ 91 \\ 23 \\ 64 \\ 4$	445 371 74 30 16 14 1
Other purposes       do         Pronosed uses by major groups:       do         Monufacturing, total       do         New money       do         Retirement of debt and stock       do         Public utility, total       do         New money       do         Retirement of debt and stock       do	$10 \\ 354 \\ 327 \\ 24 \\ 233 \\ 231 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 5 \\ 5 \\ 5 \\ 5 \\ 5$	9 127 85 35 107 103 4	12 183 120 57 165 163 0	11 645 502 134 347 257 90	34 164 120 25 43 43 (1) 27	$\begin{array}{r} 43\\327\\260\\35\\216\\205\\11\end{array}$	$283 \\ 263 \\ 18 \\ 245 \\ 239 \\ 6$	8 148 132 13 257 254 3	$     \begin{array}{r}       17 \\       203 \\       178 \\       24 \\       212 \\       205 \\       7     \end{array} $	18 312 305 4 223 201 17	35 114 78 28 397 355 21	24 285 222 60 334 303 26	7 153 127 24 194 190 3
Railroad, total	$\begin{array}{r} 46\\ 46\\ 0\\ 493\\ 493\\ (^1)\\ 72\\ 42\\ 27\end{array}$	$94\\10\\85\\21\\(^1)\\12\\10\\10\\1$	12 12 0 16 ( <sup>1</sup> ) 27 17 8	$ \begin{array}{c} 15\\ 13\\ 27\\ 26\\ 1\\ 61\\ 52\\ 8\end{array} $	$27 \\ 15 \\ 12 \\ 48 \\ 45 \\ 3 \\ 56 \\ 37 \\ 10$	$65 \\ 42 \\ 23 \\ 34 \\ 31 \\ 3 \\ 56 \\ 54 \\ 1$	39 26 14 4 0 47 44 1	$ \begin{array}{r}     49 \\     31 \\     18 \\     7 \\     7 \\     0 \\     140 \\     138 \\     0 \\ \end{array} $	$32 \\ 32 \\ 0 \\ 15 \\ 15 \\ 0 \\ 142 \\ 129 \\ 129 \\ 129 \\ 129 \\ 129 \\ 120 \\ $	$24 \\ 24 \\ 0 \\ 13 \\ 12 \\ r \\ 1 \\ 162 \\ 152 \\ 1$	15 15 0 7 7 99 99 94 (1)	$23 \\ 23 \\ 0 \\ 43 \\ 43 \\ 43 \\ 0 \\ 415 \\ 396 \\ 3$	9 9 0 14 14 ( <sup>1)</sup> 34 32
State and municipal issues (Bond Buyer): Long-termdo	245, 344 266, 630	211, 533 232, 288	473, 750 96, 518	309, 105 161, 739	229, 897 24, 376	403, 043 292, 085	1 391, 872 294, 085	362, 629 110, 843	1 433, 142 333, 219	1 348, 859 144, 986	650. 210 228, 600	, • 443, 040 • 151, 384	1 511, 968 167, 688
COMMODITY MARKETS		1											
Volume of trading in grain futures: Cornmil. of bu Wheatdo	233 461	233 349	210 250	257 229	$226 \\ 265$	288 291	$230 \\ 254$	$\frac{262}{304}$	$198 \\ 252$	185 259	183 281	307 586	254 610
SECURITY MARKETS Brokers' Balances (N. Y. S. E. Members													
Carrying Margin Accounts)												202	
Cash on hand and in banksmil. of dol Customers' debit balances (net)do Customers' free credit balancesdo Money borroweddo	$1, 387 \\ 692 \\ 1, 126$	1, 338 675 926	1, 333 692 891	$1,316 \\ 692 \\ 860$	1, 347 706 878	$343 \\ 1,362 \\ 724 \\ 920$	1, 345 732 908	1, 350 730 871	1, 513 744 966	1, 594 738 1, 068	1, 671 67 <b>3</b> 1, 193	$282 \\ 1,684 \\ 653 \\ 1,216$	1, 664 650 1, 161
Bonds Prices:													
Average price of all listed bonds (N. Y. S. E.), total§	98. 43 98. 88 75. 52	98. 14 98. 57 76. 12	97.46 97.87 76.11	98.05 98.50 75.32	98. 19 98. 62 75. 97	97. 81 98. 25 75. 84	97. 66 98. 09 75. 50	97. 15 97. 56 75. 81	96. 57 96. 99 74. 95	95. 46 95. 84 75. 27	94. 42 94. 79 74. 88	95, 30 95, 69 74, 62	95. 8
Industrial, utility, and railroad (A1+issues): Composite (17 bonds)dol. per \$100 bond Domestic municipal (15 bonds)do U. S. Treasury bonds, taxabledo Sales:	116. 0 130. 4 98. 40	115. 8 128. 6 97. 09	$115.7 \\ 126.6 \\ 96.86$	114.7 125.0 96.44	115. 2 125. 4 96. 96	$115.3 \\ 125.3 \\ 96.32$	$114.5 \\ 124.0 \\ 95.68$	114. 0 122. 8 95. 28	113. 4 121. 6 94. 31	111.7 121.5 93.25	109.8 119.4 91.59	108.8 115.1 91.56	$110.\ 7\\115.\ 1\\92.\ 98$
Total, excluding U. S. Government bonds: All registered exchanges: Market valuethous. of dol Face valuedo New York Stock Exchange:	51, 585 58, 329	100, 325 101, 867	56, 237 61, 325	76, 955 85, 250	73, 183 83, 953	94, 402 105, 865	75, 146 85, 722	70, 039 76, 831	76, 726 90, 067	71, 709 88, 128	61, 993 72, 496	69, 942 83, 260	56, 270 64, 949
Market valuedodo Face valuedo New York Stock Exchange, exclusive of stopped	50, 210 56, 686	98, 416 99, 742	54, 113 58, 855	74, 892 82, 455	71, 599 81, 988	92, 009 102, 843	73, 014 82, 187	68, 483 74, 823	74, 547 85, 245	69, 691 83, 115	60, 227 69, 753	68, 208 80, 340	54, 57 62, 72
sales, face value, total§thous, of dol U. S. Governmentdo Other than U. S. Government, total§do Domesticdo	$\begin{array}{c} 62, 242 \\ 0 \\ 62, 242 \\ 55, 573 \\ 6, 544 \end{array}$	$59, 136 \\ 0 \\ 59, 136 \\ 52, 793 \\ 6, 269$	$\begin{array}{c} 61, 127 \\ 0 \\ 61, 127 \\ 53, 624 \\ 7, 395 \end{array}$	69, 082 25 69, 057 61, 194 7, 777	$\begin{array}{c c} 78,042 \\ & 26 \\ 78,016 \\ 71,608 \\ & 6,341 \end{array}$	86, 042 45 85, 997 79, 101 6, 819	$80,397 \\ 0 \\ 80,397 \\ 73,417 \\ 6,912$	60, 288 0 60, 288 52, 940 7, 324	74, 757 1 74, 756 65, 013 9, 650	$76,976 \\ 0 \\ 76,976 \\ 64,778 \\ 12,002$	$\begin{array}{r} 62,085\\ 34\\ 62,051\\ 54,611\\ 7,372 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 68,751\\ 0\\ 68,751\\ 60,659\\ 8,024 \end{array}$	55, 874
Foreign       do.         Value, issues listed on N. Y. S. E.:       Market value, total, all issues§       mil. of dol.         Domestic       do.       Foreign       do.         Foreign       do.       do.       Foreign       do.         Face value, total, all issues§       do.       Domestic       do.         Foreign       do.       do.       do.       do.         Foreign       do.       do.       do.       do.	100, 273 98, 401 1, 439 101, 871 99, 516 1, 905	$100, 537 \\98, 656 \\1, 448 \\102, 444 \\100, 091 \\1, 902$	99, 712 97, 838 1, 447 102, 315 99, 963 1, 902	$100, 349 \\98, 494 \\1, 430 \\102, 341 \\99, 993 \\1, 898$	$100, 551 \\98, 621 \\1, 440 \\102, 405 \\99, 999 \\1, 896$	$100, 256 \\98, 276 \\1, 492 \\102, 502 \\100, 025 \\1, 967$	100, 11698, 2001, 428102, 510100, 1091, 891	$100, 117 \\98, 211 \\1, 432 \\103, 055 \\100, 666 \\1, 890$	99, 535 97, 638 1, 425 103, 066 100, 665 1, 901	$\begin{array}{r} 98,562\\ 96,662\\ 1,429\\ 103,251\\ 100,853\\ 1,899 \end{array}$	98, 985 97, 094 1, 421 r 104, 830 r 102, 432 1, 898	99, 454 97, 576 1, 411 104, 357 101, 966 1, 891	100, 279 98, 419 1, 390 104, 651 102, 284 1, 867
Yields: Domestic corporate (Moody's)percent	3.17	3. 18	3. 19	3. 22	3.20	3, 19	3. 22	3.26	3. 31	3. 40	3. 53	3. 61	3. 55
Aaado Aado Ado Baado	$\begin{array}{c} 2.95 \\ 3.04 \\ 3.19 \\ 3.50 \end{array}$	2. 94 3. 06 3. 21 3. 51	$\begin{array}{c} 2.95 \\ 3.07 \\ 3.22 \\ 3.52 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3.\ 01\\ 3.\ 08\\ 3.\ 24\\ 3.\ 54\end{array}$	2.98 3.06 3.24 3.53	$\begin{array}{c} 2.\ 97\\ 3.\ 05\\ 3.\ 22\\ 3.\ 51 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3.02 \\ 3.09 \\ 3.25 \\ 3.51 \end{array}$	3.07 3.14 3.30 3.53	$\begin{array}{c} 3.\ 12\\ 3.\ 18\\ 3.\ 36\\ 3.\ 57\end{array}$	3. 23 3. 29 3. 44 3. 65	3, 34 3, 41 3, 58 3, 78	3, 40 3, 50 3, 67 3, 86	3, 28 3, 42 3, 62 3, 86
By groups: Industrial	2, 99 3, 20 3, 33	3.00 3.20 3.34	3.02 3.20 3.36	3. 05 3. 22 3. 39	3.05 3.19 3.37	3. 04 3. 19 3. 34	3.07 3.23 3.36	3. 11 3. 29 3. 39	3. 16 3. 33 3. 43	3. 27 3. 44 3. 51	3, 39 3, 57 3, 63	3. 48 3. 62 3. 73	3, 42 3, 56 3, 67
Bond Buyer (20 bonds)	2.15 2.12 2.61	2. 28 2. 22 2. 70	2.34 2.33 2.71	2.38 2.42 2.74	$2.37 \\ 2.40 \\ 2.71$	2.38 2.40 2.75	2, 46 2, 47 2, 80	2.63 2.54 2.83	2.65 2.61 2.89	2.68 2.63 2.97	2.81 2.73 3.09	3.04 2.99 3.09	2, 92 2, 99 2, 99

<sup>7</sup> Revised. <sup>1</sup> Less than \$500,000. <sup>1</sup> Revisions for January-March 1951 and January-March 1952 will be shown later. <sup>1</sup> Seales and value figures include bonds of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development not shown separately; these bonds are included also in computing average price of all listed bonds.

September 1953

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Inless otherwise stated, statistics through			1	952						1953			
1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1951 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- be <b>r</b>	January	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	Jul
			FINA	ANCE-	-Conti	nued							
SECURITY MARKETS-Continued													
Stocks													
ash dividend payments publicly reported: Total dividend paymentsmil, of dol	546, 7	231.5	1, 166. 5	540.5	253.0	1,736.1	548, 1	181.3	1, 251. 1	561.2	221. 5	1, 249.6	57
Total dividend payments	128.6 199.2	51.0 105.5	$78.2 \\ 763.5$	105.2 203.5	64.7 115.2	195.2 1,045.5	$125.6 \\ 170.5$	44.9 65.0	81.4 821.9	103. 5 190. 1	49.0 100.4	87.6 802.2	13 20
Mining do	6.7	3.3	87.9	8.0	2.1	141.9	5.0	2.9	86.9	7.3	2.6	87.3	-
Public utilities: do Communicationsdo Heat, light, and powerdo Railroaddo Tradedo Miscellaneousdo ividend rates, prices, vields, and earnings, 200 common stecker (Modu's):	89.8	. 8	46.9	95.0	1.0	49. 7	95.7	. 9	46. 9	105.0	1.0	51.1	1
Heat, light, and powerdo	58.7 12.2	49.7 6.4	76.8 42.4	60, 9 14, 6	$52.2 \\ 2.9$	92. 6 88. 4		$42.0 \\ 6.9$	89.0 57.7	63. 8 30. 6	$51.8 \\ 3.1$	94.6 56.4	
Tradedodo	$38.6 \\ 12.9$	$10.3 \\ 4.5$	$47.2 \\ 23.6$	40.3 13.0	8.1	$79.2 \\ 43.6$	57.0 11.8	$15.5 \\ 3.2$	$   \begin{array}{c}     40.3 \\     27.0   \end{array} $	50.1 10.8	$\begin{array}{c} 3.1 \\ 7.6 \\ 6.0 \end{array}$	49.0 21.4	
ividend rates, prices, yields, and earnings, 200	12. 9	4.0	20.0	15.0	6.8	40. 0	11. 8	0.2	21.0	10.0	0.0	21. 4	
common stocks (Moody's): Dividends per share, annual rate (200 stocks)		1											ļ
	3.96 4.22	3.96 4.22	3.95 4.20	3.95 4.18	3, 93 4, 17	3.93 4.16	$3.95 \\ 4.16$	$3.95 \\ 4.16$	3, 97 4, 16	3.98 4.17	$3.98 \\ 4.17$	$3.97 \\ 4.16$	1
dollarsdo Industrial (125 stocks)do Public utility (24 stocks)do	1.91	1.92	1.92	1, 92	1. 92 2. 87	1. 92 2. 87	1.93	1, 94	1.95	1.96	1, 98	2.01	
Railroad (25 stocks)do Bank (15 stocks)do Insurance (10 stocks)do	2.69 2.64	$2.71 \\ 2.64$	2.81 2.63	2, 85 2, 68	2.87	2.87	2, 88 2, 84	2. 91 2. 86	$\frac{3.01}{2.89}$	3.01 2.89	$3,01 \\ 2,89$	$3.03 \\ 2.89$	
Insurance (10 stocks)do	2.88	2.87	2.87	2,88	2, 98	2.98	2.99	3.01	3.07	3.09	3.09	3.09	
Price per share, end of month (200 stocks)do	73.47	72.57	71.09	71.02	74.42	76.66	76.69	75.60	74.13	72.35	72.24	71.14	
Industrial (125 stocks)	78.01 35.09	76.52 36.15	74.58 36.34	74.35 36.25	78.20 37.36	80.89 37.85	80.37 38.40	79.15 38.21	$77.64 \\ 37.81$	75, 56 36, 96	75.45 37.08	74.28 36.02	
	47.97	47.70	46. 57	46, 43	49.74	51.66	52.19	51.17	49.56	48.48	48.97	48.40	
Yield (200 stocks)percent	5.39 5.41	5.46 5.51	5, 56 5, 63	5, 56 5, 62	5.28 5.33	5.13 5.14	5.15 5.18	5.22 5.26	5, 36 5, 36	5.50 5.52	5. 51 5. 53	5.58 5.60	
Public utility (24 stocks)	5.44	5.31	5.28	5, 30	5,14	5.07	5.03	5.08	5.16	5.30	5.34	5, 58	
Railroad (25 stocks)	5.61 4.52	5.68 4.39	6.03 4.23	6,14 4,29	5,77 4,19	5.56 4.18	5, 52 4, 29	5.69 4.32	6.07 4.44	6.21 4.60		6.26 4.75	
Yield (200 stocks)       percent         Industrial (125 stocks)       do.         Public utility (24 stocks)       do.         Railroad (25 stocks)       do.         Bank (15 stocks)       do.         Insurance (10 stocks)       do.         Earnings per share (at annual rate), quarterly:       Insurance (at out)	3. 21	3.15	3. 18	3, 15	3. 10	2.99	3.07	3. 17	3. 29	3. 41	3. 41	3. 50	1
Farmings per snare (at annual rate), quartery. Industrial (125 stocks)			6.76			8, 54			7.29			7.90	
Public utility (24 stocks)do			2.61 7.86			2.62 11.71			$2.70 \\ 6.73$			2.75 8.25	
Railroad (25 stocks)	4.09	4.12	4.12	4.16	4.12	4.11	4.16	4, 21	4.23	4.33	4.38	4.47	
rices							1						Ι.
Dow-Jones & Co., Inc. (65 stocks).dol. per share Industrial (30 stocks)dodo	106.25 276.04	107.10 276.70	105.29 272.40	103.92 267.77	$107.25 \\ 276.37$	111.67 285.95	112.25 288.44	111. 21 283. 94	112.41 286.79	107.52 275.28	108.07 276.84	104.42 266.88	
Industrial (30 stocks)	49.86 101.85	50.75 102.95	50.30	49, 59 99, 83	51,04 103,19	52.06 109.85	52.20 109.99	52, 57 109, 03	53. 19 110. 24	$51.59 \\ 104.05$	50, 97 105, 58	48.66 103.09	1
Railroad (20 stocks) do													
Industrial, public utility, and railroad: Combined index (480 stocks) 1935-39=100	192.1	191.1	188. 2	183.4	189.8	197.0	197.6	195.9	198.0	190.0	189.6	182.8	
Industrial total (420 Stocks)	209.7 192.7	207.8 191.4	204.2 187.6	198.4 182.6	205.5 190.2	213.7 198.5	214.3 200.4	212.0 197.4	214.5 199.8	205.5 191.8	205.2 192.3	197.5 183.7	
Capital goods (129 stocks) do Consumers' goods (195 stocks) do	173.5	174.8	172.8	169.5	175.7	183.2 123.3	184, 7	183.4	185.3	177.8	192.3 177.6	170.7	1
Public utility (40 stocks)do Railroad (20 stocks)do	116.9 175.2	118.6 175.3	118.5 171.1	$117.4 \\ 166.9$	120, 9 172, 4	184.6	124.0 185.2	124.4 181.4	124.9 184.5	121.5 173.3	120.8 174.2	$117.2 \\ 169.3$	ł
Railroad (20 stocks)do Banks, N. Y. C. (16 stocks)do Fire and marine insurance ( <u>17 stocks</u> )do	112.8 215.4	114.7 215.4	117.6 214.5	120.1 215.2	121.5 223.1	125.1 230.5	$128.3 \\ 231.0$	128.2 223.8	128.1 223.9	$122.3 \\ 216.0$	$121.3 \\ 214.1$	115.3 205.1	
ales (Securities and Exchange Commission):										-10.0		200.1	
Total on all registered exchanges: Market valuemil. of dol	1, 317	1, 154	1, 198	1, 316	1, 331	1,906	1, 661	1, 376	1, 906	1,783	1, 325	1, 290	
Shares sold	61, 433	41,576	48, 989	62, 389	56, 903	78,990	74, 299	53, 534	75, 473	83, 729	58, 380	63, 844	4
Market value	$1,122 \\ 45,916$	978 29,433	1,012 35,165	1, 121	1,145	1,647	1,417	1, 173	1,616	1,541	1, 129	1,106	
Exclusive of odd lot and stopped sales	40, 910	1		47, 653	43,340	57,885	55, 897	38, 540	51, 812	64, 111	43, 936	49,757	2
On New York Stock Exchange: Market value	24, 115	20, 905	24, 135	25, 981	30, 239	40, 516	34,087	30, 209	42, 472	34, 370	25, 767	26, 075	2
		$114,506 \\ 2,736$	112,633 2,769	$112,152 \\ 2,773$	$117.363 \\ 2.777$	120,536 2,788	120,483 2,802	119, 749 2 814	$118,223 \\ 2,819$	114,862 2,840	$115.371 \\ 2,862$	113, 306	11
Number of shares listedmillions	- 2,128	4, 100	2,709	2, 113	2,111	2.788	2, 802	2, 814	2,819	2,840	2, 802	2, 878	Į.

#### INTERNATIONAL TRANSACTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							 		
BALANCE OF PAYMENTS (QUARTERLY)	1										
Exports of goods and services, totalmil. of dol Merchandise, adjusteddo. Income on investments abroaddo. Other servicesdo.			. 3, 439 . 439			4,073 592	 	7 4, 256	 	4.489	
Imports of goods and services, totaldo Merchandise, adjusteddo. Income on foreign investments in U.Sdo. Other servicesdo.			$\begin{vmatrix} 3,942 \\ 2,698 \\ 102 \\ 1,142 \end{vmatrix}$			3,000 126		7 2, 984 7 111	 	3, 123	
Balance on goods and servicesdo			+665			+1,287	 	7 +1, 388	 	+1,437	
Unilateral transfers (net), totaldo Privatedo Governmentdo.			$ \begin{array}{c c} -1,298 \\ -106 \\ -1,192 \end{array} $				 	r = 1,908 r = 120 r = 1,788	 	-2,020 -122 -1,898	
U.S.long- and short-term capital (net), totaldo Privatedo Governmentdo.			$ \begin{array}{c c} -160 \\ +39 \\ -199 \end{array} $			-347	 	r	 		
Foreign long- and short-term capital (net)do		'	+769			+152	 	* +155	 - <b>-</b>	+326	
Increase (-) or decrease (+) in U. S. gold stock mil. of dol.			+7			+274	 	+603	 	+128	
Errors and omissionsdo			+17			+30	 	r	 	+101	- <b></b>

Revised.
 TRevisions for dividend payments for January 1951–January 1952 are shown on p. 6 of the April 1953 SURVEY; those for balance of payments for the 1st and 2d quarter of 1952, on p. 12 of this issue of the SURVEY.
 §Number of stocks represents number currently used; the change in the number does not affect the continuity of series.

#### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through			19	52			l			1953			
1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1951 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July
INTERNATIO	ONAL	TRAN	SACTI	ONS O	F TH	E UNI	TED S	TATES	5—Con	tinued			
FOREIGN TRADE													
Indexes													
Exports of U. S. merchandise: Quantity1936-38=100 Value:	202 416	217 441	243 498	243 494	239 483	$\frac{280}{566}$	$253 \\ 519$	239 486	$274 \\ 562$	279 567	289 587	279 561	
Valuedo Unit valuedo Imports for consumption:	206	203	205	203	202	203	205	204	205	203	203	201	
Quantitydodd_dodd_dododd_dodd_dd	144 409 284	$     \begin{array}{r}       140 \\       398 \\       283     \end{array} $	151 430	169 471	138 388	180 498	162     445     076	$     \begin{array}{r}       149 \\       414 \\       278     \end{array} $	174 484 277	$     \begin{array}{r}       175 \\       486 \\       278     \end{array} $	$     158 \\     434 \\     276 $	164 451 275	
Unit valuedo Agricultural products, quantity: Exports, U. S. merchandise, total:	204	200	284	279	280	277	276	218	211	218	210	210	
Unadjusted	56 75	65 73	77 62	93 70	88 70	$\frac{110}{92}$	96 96	78 95	90 105	82 102	77 99	70 96	
Total, excluding cotton: Unadjusteddo Adjusteddo	102 130	112 112	117 93	142 113	$125 \\ 109$	$\frac{151}{138}$	146     153	$\frac{117}{145}$	141 167	130 156	113 134	105 131	
Imports for consumption: Unadjusteddodododododo	101	108	111	116	90	128	121	101	121	126	104	105	
Adjusteddo	113	117	116	119	92	126	116	99	108	119	106	113	
Water-borne trade:				- 000				1 005	4 000	0.000		1	
Exports, incl. reexports $\oplus$ thous. of long tonsdo	6, 970 7, 688	7,769 7,580	7, 421 8, 342	7, 028 8, 879	6, 393 7, 847	5,720 9,629	5, 109 8, 814	$\begin{array}{c} 4,267 \\ 7,703 \end{array}$	4, 663 r 8, 644	6, 292 8, 913			
Value	1.007	1.000	1.001	1.010	1 100				1.050	1.004		- 1. 974	- 1.00
Exports, including reexports, total ¶mil. of dol_ By geographic regions: Africathous. of dol	1, 027 34, 649	1, 086 39, 291	1, 225 44, 841	1, 213 43, 837	1,186 37,328	<b>1, 39</b> 0 39, 067	1, 276 44, 401	1,196 35,516	1. 379 49. 032	1, 394 44, 381	1, 441 44, 794	r 1,374 36,772	
Asia and Oceania $\Delta_{$	147, 256 175, 570	150, 509 202, 129	147,461 223,613	171,204 245,180	159,489 246,105	204,719 307,509	177,336 266,534	164,827 212,663	185, 247 253, 179	169,947 249,105	178, 304 246, 386	156,806 218,145	
Northern North Americado Southern North Americado South Americado	$\begin{array}{c} 210,826 \\ 139,068 \\ 131,629 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c c} 245, 657 \\ 123, 826 \\ 133, 467 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c} 256,042 \\ 144,150 \\ 133,760 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 244,723 \\ 132,057 \\ 127,770 \end{array}$	227,773 144,151 136,712	$\begin{array}{c} 228,543\\ 131,177\\ 113,932 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 230,915\\ 121,660\\ 116,192 \end{array}$	266,730 132,373 118,107	$\begin{array}{c} 285, 902 \\ 133, 837 \\ 122, 933 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
Fotal exports by leading countries: Africa:							115, 952						1
Fgyptdo Union of South Africado Asia and Oceania:	3, 564 13, 175	5, 563 14, 291	6, 742 15, 085	$\begin{array}{c c} 12,313 \\ 14,703 \end{array}$	4, 556 13, 506	2,563 16,871	6, 733 19, 463	3, 316 17, 221	4,739 24,412	4,454 18,194	3,958 18,365	4,000 16,454	
Australia, including New Guineado British Malayado	$10,141 \\ 3,129$	7,883 2,171	12,222 2,900	$16,255 \\ 2,862$	9,970 2,436	$17,271 \\ 2,852$	$11,330 \\ 2,274$	9, 871 2, 636	9, 730 2, 505	7,947 3,264	9, 686 2, 560	7,495 2,205	
China⊙dododododo	0 18,130	0 14,646	0 13, 914	0 13,650	0 14,079	$     \begin{array}{c}       0 \\       29,825     \end{array} $	0 17, 910	$     \begin{array}{c}       0 \\       26,761     \end{array} $	28, 332	0 10,750	0 12,898	0 14,629	
Japando Indonesiadodo Republic of the Philippinesdo	$\begin{array}{r} 34,138 \\ 12,756 \\ 23,020 \end{array}$	42, 514 10, 960 22, 330	40, 219 9, 964 21, 383	54, 697 9, 984 21, 517	51, 195 13, 009 23, 988	52,849 11,812 27,960	$50,383 \\10,477 \\30,814$	40,758 7,474 24,829	50, 558 7, 549 28, 432	50,826 8,759 29,245	$ \begin{array}{c c} 50,255\\ 6,157\\ 39,177 \end{array} $	44, 912 9, 266 33, 715	
Europe: Francedo	17,052	19, 474	21,876	26, 941	26, 555	40, 723	30,604	26, 455	34, 598	26, 562	39,882	27, 339	
Germanydo Italydo Union of Soviet Socialist Republicsdo	20, 156 19, 318 (1)	$ \begin{array}{c c} 36,644 \\ 17,900 \\ (1) \end{array} $	33, 714 18, 654 (1)	47, 184 23, 781	33,556 23,480 2	40, 545 40, 355	33,892 36,574 (1)	28, 495 17, 124 1	26, 426 24, 446 2	26,532 28,004 (1)	$     \begin{array}{c}       29,471 \\       27,602 \\       3     \end{array}   $	25,755 23,474 4	
United Kingdomdodo	32, 800	33, 914	50, 950	52, 758	45, 330	62, 098	52, 783	47,648	61, 702	53, 551	43, 743	39, 048	
Canadado Latin-American Republics, totaldo Argentinado	210, 764 253, 782 7, 730	$\begin{array}{r} 220,256\\ 248,853\\ 16,561 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c} 245, 647 \\ 242, 785 \\ 13, 761 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c} 256,027\\ 261,216\\ 11,241 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 244,723 \\ 244,019 \\ 10,023 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 227,771 \\ 264,844 \\ 8,198 \end{array}$	$228,533 \\ 230,130 \\ 6,349$	$\begin{array}{c} 230,913\\ 221,524\\ 5,413\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 266,728 \\ 235,187 \\ 6,265 \end{array}$	285,901 238,235 5,942	294, 165 251, 807 8, 214	$ \begin{array}{c c} 290, 101 \\ 242, 493 \\ 14, 177 \end{array} $	
Brazildododododo	40, 082 8, 171	35, 831 8, 054	29,758 10,412	28, 926 10, 169	25,010 10,083	30,439 13,939	23, 783 5, 479	23,485 5,639	22,473 9.056	23,814 6,506	24.366	$ \begin{array}{c c} 24,661 \\ 7,227 \end{array} $	
Colombiadododo	18,172 44,987 52,466	20, 582 36, 946 49, 407	17,637 39,606 46,275	19,004 45,828 59,510	20,462 41,127 51,213	$19,441 \\ 40,428 \\ 54,057$	$   \begin{array}{r}     19,138 \\     39,304 \\     \hline   \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} 20,121\\ 35,961\\ 46,807\end{array}$	19.825 38,904 54,127	24, 231 30, 827 51, 980	$\begin{array}{c c} 26,140\\ 34,315\\ 47,794 \end{array}$	24, 441 32, 025 52, 218	
Cubia do Mexico do Venezuela do Exports of U. S. merchandise, total¶mil. of dol.	38, 451 1, 014	35, 387 1, 074	$\begin{array}{c c} 46,275\\ 41,786\\ 1,215\end{array}$	52, 510 43, 536 1, 205	41, 570 1, 176	43, 165 1, 380	51,858 39,621 1,265	41,075	41, 051 1, 369	43, 843 1, 381	46, 836 1, 431	41, 671 1, 368	
By economic classes: Crude materialsthous, of dol	87, 067 73, 093	114, 752 79, 811	146, 917 80, 212	154,670 97,038	168,049 89,325	180,358 116,300	134,465 109,465	110,576 86,681	118, 259 106, 207	132, 539 82, 490	$139, 168 \\75, 029$	$127, 324 \\ 67, 762$	
Crude foodstuffsdo Manufactured foodstuffs and beveragesdo Semimanufactures 9dodo	59, 306 108, 165	49, 214 116, 407	50,460 124,355	61,606 133,436	58,850 123,189	65,196 135,152	63,590 106,691	50,871 108,222	56, 587 116, 973	53, 747 113, 055	55,889 113,812	53, 977	
Finished manufactures 9do By principal commodities:	686, 344 170, 107	714,060	813, 052 220, 983	758, 113	736, 990 271, 226	883, 399 323, 083	850, 688	827, 542 216, 399	971, 317 250, 491	999, 655 223, 535	1, 046, 671 221, 031	1,006,585	
Agricultural products, totaldo Cotton, unmanufactureddo Fruits, vegetables, and preparationsdo	10,287 20,563	21,048 19,040	50, 569 16, 818	61,290 21,026	67,142 21,924	90, 505 22, 444	268,700 54,468 19,149	47, 294 17, 838	45,064 20,191	225, 555 38, 396 17, 925		41, 340 23, 686	
Grains and preparationsdo Packing house productsdo Tobacco and manufactures*do	$ \begin{array}{r} 85,396\\ 13,414\\ 21,070 \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{r} 82,570 \\ 14,330 \\ 28,160 \end{array}$	90, 291 10, 706 35, 629	108,755 13,345	98, 036 13, 022 31, 980	132,589 13,419	127,983 13,272	93, 631 13, 604	114, 364 14, 242 33, 113	89, 567 15, 236 38, 129	76, 556 14, 890 30, 504	69, 467 15, 168	
Nonagricultural products, total	843, 868	887, 563	994, 013	30, 816 940, 240	905, 177	29, 264 1, 057, 322	24, 919 996, 200	19, 003 967, 493	1, 118, 851	1, 157, 951	1, 209, 537	24, 845 1, 171, 602	
Automobiles, parts, and accessories§7.do Chemicals and related products§7do	$ \begin{array}{c c} 101,772\\ 62,640\\ 38,471 \end{array} $	94, 098 63, 844 44, 549	$115,751 \\ 62,402$	97,815 63,237	93, 992 59, 151	$114,891 \\ 61,287$	124,610 57,393	124,383 56,273	151, 579 66, 609	$162, 186 \\ 68, 460$	142, 195 71, 700	134, 401 70, 433	
Coal and related fuels*do Iron and steel-mill productsdo	29, 866	41, 410	41, 334 55, 805	35, 400 66, 321	35, 154 59, 779	26, 009 67, 719	24, 778 45, 804	18, 294 43, 070	17, 651 46, 799	29, 329 43, 436	33, 831 45, 860	30, 500 41, 841	
Machinery, total§&do Agriculturaldo Tractors, parts, and accessories§do	$\begin{array}{c c} 222, 956 \\ 13, 394 \\ 22, 931 \end{array}$	217,861 13,102 17,044	207, 643 8, 003 16, 689	224, 431 8, 201 20, 451	204, 437 7, 389 17, 481	237, 332 9, 442 22, 442	238, 348 9, 191 26, 650	223, 914 10, 345 27 561	269, 816 12, 973 32, 306	270,488 15,201 22,468	274,136 16,278 32,054	263, 204 14, 705	
Tractors, parts, and accessories sdo Electrical \$\alpha^ndo Metalworkingdo Other industrial \alpha^ndo	22, 931 55, 808 20, 115	$     \begin{array}{r}       17,044 \\       59,891 \\       20,397     \end{array} $	$16,689 \\ 56,408 \\ 21,748$	20,451 57,253 24,906	17,481 55,373 21,126	23, 442 70, 475 24, 248	26,659 67,966 28,274	27,561 62,148 22,262	32, 396 72, 239 29, 560	33, 468 75, 184 24, 691	32, 954 74, 554 26, 093	72, 291 22, 818	
		99, 949	95, 578	103, 664	93, 412	100, 384	97, 985	92, 975	112, 397	112, 269	113,660	110, 938	
Petroleum and productsdo Textiles and manufacturesdo	71, 352 42, 697	64, 260 50, 822	60, 483 50, 622	59, 131 58, 780	63, 073 55, 496	73, 825 55, 811	54, 787 52, 941	54, 489 50, 462	62, 407 58, 572	$67,092 \\ 53,852$	56, 083 58, 193	56, 958 52, 234	

\* Revised. <sup>1</sup> Less than \$500. ⊕ Excludes "special category" shipments and all commodities exported under foreign-aid programs as Department of Defense controlled cargo. ¶Total exports and data by economic classes and commodities included shipments under the Mutual Security Program. Total MSP shipments are as follows (mil. dol.): July 1952-July 1953, respectively-136.8; 170.3; 247.6; 173.1; 195.0; 275.8; 268.1; 272.3; 328.3; 339. 8; 362.6; 371.1; 396.1. △Beginning 1952, Turkey is included with Europe; previously, with Asia. ○Including Manchuria beginning January 1952. Q Data for semimanufactures reported as "special category" exports, formerly excluded, are now included in data back to January 1952; for total machinery and electrical machinery, however, such exports are only partially included. "Data beginning January 1951 have been adjusted to conform to the 1952 revision of the export schedule.

Unless otherwise stated statistics through				052						1953		<u> </u>	
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1951 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July
INTERNATIO	ONAL	TRAN	SACTI	ONS C	F TH	E UNI	TED S	TATE	S—Con	tinued			
FOREIGN TRADE—Continued													<b></b>
Value-Continued													
General imports, total	839, 084	817, 016	877, 288	918, 279	803, 849	1,051,064	927, 221	856, 190	1,004,202	1,012,155	901, 626	<b>*</b> 933, 763	<b>₽</b> 926,000
Africado Asia and Oceania∆do	47, 189 158, 033	35, 252 160, 494	30, 281 150, 032	35, 015 165, 566	35,596 124,157	56, 763 185, 176	54,010 170,556	45, 121 140, 455	48, 399 154, 988	61, 716 177, 171	50, 510 164, 010	44,831 175,200	
Europe∆dodo Northern North Americadodo Southern North Americadodo	157,379 191,537 99,869	148, 151 183, 483 90, 059	170, 630 206, 672 85, 695	190, 603 219, 112 86, 031	175,506 201,716 83,799	199, 816 229, 070 134, 790	185, 553 183, 895 136, 805	172, 260 185, 017 121, 717	214, 588 214, 918 150, 506	207, 802 212, 304 147, 466	194, 857 210, 185 103, 991	200,047 222,790 101,994	
South Americadodo	185, 077	199, 577	233, 978	221, 746	183, 074	245, 449	196, 403	191, 620	220, 802	205, 696	178, 074	188, 900	•••••••
Africa: Egyptdo Union of South Africado	7, 548 8, 275	2, 460 7, 777	423 8, 287	323 6,858	1,851 7,414	7, 739 6, 979	6, 840 9, 633	2, 334 9, 734	2, 328 9, 115	4, 554 7, 289	2, 497 5, 499	$1,262 \\ 7,786$	
Asia and Oceania: Australia, including New Guineado	10, 814	8,771	9, 302	8, 137	6,685	24, 633	15, 888	14, 347	6, 965	13, 931	11, 292	12.528	
British Malayadododododo	21,013 1,424 25,296	$     \begin{array}{r}       23,100 \\       1,099 \\       26,374     \end{array} $	21,632 590 24,231	$ \begin{array}{r} 19,941 \\ 1,341 \\ 24,912 \end{array} $	20, 328 518 19, 926	30,928 256 27,543	$24,550 \\ 678 \\ 27,198$	16, 959 818 19, 037	$     19,848 \\     571 \\     23,865 $	23, 325 1, 196	20, 540 499 21, 935	19,247 265 22,579	
India and Pakistando Japando Indonesiado	19,001 19,227	20, 374 17, 985 24, 676	23, 629 18, 914	24, 912 24, 631 22, 755	19, 920 20, 924 13, 682	24, 666 21, 299	27, 198 23, 045 19, 485	15, 037 15, 439 18, 854	23, 805 22, 034 18, 547	$\begin{array}{r} 26,082\\ 22,330\\ 19,347\end{array}$	21, 935 21, 150 18, 023	22,563 22,056	
Republic of the Philippinesdo	26, 019 12, 725	23, 484	19, 024 11, 765	18, 873	13, 828	15, 451	19, 429	20,874	19,708	23, 937	25, 929	34, 882 17, 905	
France	12, 725 16, 954 12, 702	12, 485 16, 668 12, 557	19, 133 10, 998	15, 493 23, 001 17, 251	12, 569 23, 810 14, 128	14, 259 22, 743 16, 591	14, 346 20, 991 18, 504	13,023 17,675 10,187	17, 379 28, 071 15, 381	18,784 26,227 12,123	$\begin{array}{c} 14,409\\22,948\\13,209\end{array}$	25, 487 11, 549	
Union of Soviet Socialist Republicsdo United Kingdomdodo	1, 535 40, 374	1, 241 35, 789	1, 617 42, 975	1, 376 46, 041	982 38, 609	42, 722	810 37, 495	367 44, 698	2,005 51,361	12,129 1,128 46,934	876 45, 656	1, 131 44, 400	
North and South America: Canadadodo Latin-American Republics, totaldo	190, 889 269, 548	183, 017 278, 496	205,876 306,625	218, 769 287, 196	201, 634 250, 416	229,038 356,042	183,882 311,145	184, 973 294, 690	214, 909 351, 079	212,273 337,577	210, 174 266, 724	222,624 274,477	
Argentinadodododododo	15, 112 49, 606	11, 428 63, 125	16, 444 88, 896	19, 574 76, 739	15, 737 57, 728	22, 245 81, 685	22, 750 57, 916	15,042 58,576	20, 929 67, 602	18, 549 59, 677	14,577 43,197	16, 093 48, 619	
ChiledodOdO	22, 828 33, 526 36, 722	31, 031 35, 735 42, 352	36, 518 36, 324 37, 109	31, 261 30, 066 24, 447	27, 782 28, 044 20, 284	36, 922 41, 970 26, 418	$\begin{array}{r} 24,671 \\ 33,519 \\ 36,607 \end{array}$	26,314 31,029 32,773	28, 143 37, 494 48, 798	27, 304 43, 764 50, 079	27,170 35,066 40,255	27, 170 34, 121 39, 495	·····
Cubado Mexicodo Venczuelado.	25, 755 32, 731	26, 402 31, 717	25, 989 34, 804	29, 511 32, 964	33, 160 32, 574	51, 577 35, 804	41, 625 34, 575	37,969 34,751	44, 213 39, 259	39, 573 33, 573	26, 993 37, 208	28, 774 34, 216	
Venczuelado Imports for consumption, totaldo By economic classes:	838, 175	815, 618	882, 065	966, 110	795, 493	1,021,449	913, 589	848, 274	991, 987	997, 703	891, 102	925, 613	
Crude materials	214, 846 149, 360 97, 221	209, 864 144, 514 97, 640	$\begin{array}{c c} 205,860\\ 177,241\\ 102,314 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 268,704 \\ 162,006 \\ 89,410 \end{array}$	181, 802 152, 094 74, 815	246, 866 229, 704 79, 974	235, 974 190, 486 85, 464	208, 540 175, 810 76, 306	234,071 207,899 106,064	$\begin{array}{c} 223, 930 \\ 215, 706 \\ 104, 218 \end{array}$	219, 125 150, 638 99, 319	$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	
Semimanufacturesdod	201, 314 175, 433	201, 947 161, 652	220, 850 175, 801	243,723 202,268	208, 081 178, 701	274, 209 190, 696	$225,958 \\175,707$	221, 835 165, 788	242, 996 200, 958	260, 132 193, 717	239, 091 182, 928	260,284	
By principal commodities: Agricultural products, totaldo Cocoa or cacao beans, incl. shellsdo	329, 783 10, 161	337, 072 6, 871	360, 530 6, 344	371, 240 2, 897	290, 160 8, 653	410,680 24,650	382, 326 20, 084	335, 265 15, 120	405, 850 13, 101	422, 220 17, 662	<b>331, 416</b> 17, 390	$328,978 \\ 17,282$	
Coffeedo	95,442 5,832	99, 155 5, 298	126, 550 3, 935	109, 590 4, 852	94, 992 3, 728	$149,133 \\ 5,437$	123,448 5,315	121.604 4,789	150, 361 5, 936	148, 425 8, 765	87, 985 8, 110	88, 607 9, 162	
Rubber, crude, including guayuledo Sugardo	33, 445 43, 724 27, 645	40, 999 44, 526 23, 929	30, 996 40, 161 25, 086	32, 613 19, 528 63, 073	27,077 13,708 16,719	41,921 17,924 27,549	35, 465 33, 282 38, 969	28, 816 31, 237 29, 129	$33,458 \\ 44,450 \\ 30,011$	33, 938 44, 531 29, 572	29, 106 42, 786 24, 240	30, 217 49, 431	
Wool and mohair, unmanufactureddo Nonagricultural products, totaldo Furs and manufacturesdo	508, 391 7, 196	478, 545 5, 790	521, 535 4, 924	594, 870 7, 035	505, 333 2, 611	610, 770 8, 585	531, 263 7, 578	513, 014 5, 538	586, 138 9, 789	575, 483 6, 915	559, 686 5, 529	596, 635 6, 468	
Nonferrous ores, metals, and manufactures, total thous of dol-	126, 982	109, 596	114, 460 47, 940	122, 912	103, 248	143, 311	115, 429	119,714	123,092	127, 389	118,906	137, 901	
Copper, incl. ore and manufacturesdo Tin, including oredo Paper base stocksdo	42, 361 32, 037 21, 546	42, 841 28, 852 23, 718	23, 344 26, 390	41, 848 30, 693 27, 071	40, 714 20, 980 27, 323	49, 819 26, 806 29, 639	34, 879 30, 722 25, 894	43, 561 24, 531 24, 219	36, 298 29, 169 24, 039	47, 099 24, 139 23, 677	44, 041 22, 652 25, 003	52, 083 23, 259 27, 082	
Newsprintdododo	50, 191 54, 547	47, 359 51, 754	49, 899 52, 230	51, 003 64, 479	47, 937 53, 979	53,604 71,782	46, 106 65, 112	43, 841 57, 929	49, 808 64, 576	51,661	48, 600 62, 633	50, 828 61, 049	
	TRA	NSPO		ON AN	ND CO	MMUN	NICATI	IONS	·	<u> </u>			. <u> </u>
TRANSPORTATION				}				<u> </u>		1		1	
Airlines		I						}					}
Operations on scheduled airlines: Miles flown, revenuethousands	36, 475	36, 612	35, 566	36, 213	34, 211	35, 632	35, 931	33, 836	37, 707	37, 681	39, 550	39, 517	
Express and freight carriedshort tons Express and freight ton-miles flown_thousands	11, 612 5, 115	12, 475 5, 201	<sup>1</sup> 55, 643 13, 720 5, 225	15, 826 5, 731	14, 566 5, 554	<sup>1</sup> 72, 363 16, 591 7, 947	14, 459 5, 574	13, 133 5, 346	14, 967 5, 971	$14,065 \\ 5,829$	$13,992 \\ 5,874$	14, 033 5, 557	
Mail ton-miles flowndo Passengers carried, revenuedo Passenger-miles flown, revenuedo	2,012 1,081,742	2, 140 1,142,731	2,128	2,183	1, 879 972, 158	1, 839 1, 018, 400	1.828	1,845	2,059	2, 238 1, 206, 462	2, 265	2, 385 1, 320, 710	
Express Operations													
Transportation revenues*thous. of dol Express privilege payments*do	29, 495 10, 409	$30,239 \\ 10,852$	33, 934 13, 819	35, 727 15, 295	32, 426 11, 937	43, 768 17, 782	30,918 11,253	29, 977 10, 698	35, 475 14, 210	$33, 121 \\ 13, 527$	31, 032 11, 410	32, 613 12, 845	
Local Transit Lines						,							
Fares, average cash ratecents Passengers carried, revenuemillions	11.4477 916	11. 7810 914	11.9148 969	11.9465 1,042	12.1776 959	12.2311 1,053	12.3114 953	12.4184 892	12.4428	12.4988 977	12. 5596 972	12.5961 927	12.6545 878
Passengers carried, revenuemillions Operating revenuesthous. of dol	117, 300	121, 800	119,000	133, 500	127, 700	145, 400	127, 300	120, 300	130, 900	129, 200	126, 600	121, 100	
Class I Steam Railways Freight carloadings (A. A. R.):7		ļ											
Total carsthousandsdodo	2, 236 317	3, 882 613	<b>3, 3</b> 63 636	3, 294 439	4, 001 713	2, 671 517	3, 352 631	2, 731 470	2,802 451	455	3, 883 626	$3,204 \\ 540$	2, 964 397
Cokedo Forest productsdo Grain and grain productsdo	15 170	58 243 263	57 179 187	58 178 221	74 225 253	60 164 169	$     \begin{array}{r}       75 \\       203 \\       219     \end{array} $	61 173 159	59 175 170	55 179 166	71 217 215	56 186 210	50 172 226
Livestockdo	254 24 44	263 42 447	187 49 387	221 66 357	253 67 371	168     36     85	219 40 96	159 26 78	170 27 83	166 32 245	215 41 438	219 29 369	236 25 378
Oredo Merchandise, l. c. ldo Miscellaneus	257	364	289	302	360	265 1 377	318	274	288		346	268	257

#### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the	1			952	Manan	T)		Dilan		1953		I	
1951 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July
TRA	NSPO	RTATI	ON AN	ND CO	MMUN	ICAT	IONS-	Contir	nued				
TRANSPORTATION—Continued													
Class I Steam Railways—Continued								i					
Freight carloadings (Federal Reserve indexes): Total, unadjusted	104 75	129 101	145 135	138 93	138 123	120 111	121 108	119 97	$\begin{array}{c} 122\\92\end{array}$	127 96	132 106	133 105	128 94
Coke	56 147 183	$154 \\ 157 \\ 145$	187 151 138	185 146 157	195 149 144	$200 \\ 135 \\ 123$	193 139 128	191 140 112	186 142 119	$175 \\ 144 \\ 117$	$182 \\ 143 \\ 124$	176 151 158	162 147 166
LivestockdodOdO	45 73 43	61 323 46	93 352 48	117 314 48	95 258 47	66 77	59 70 42	46 69 43	47 79	58 231 44	$\begin{array}{c} 58\\315\end{array}$	$\frac{52}{328}$	$\begin{array}{r} 46\\341\\42\end{array}$
Merchandise, l. c. ldo Miscellaneousdo	116	141	155	158	150	43 135	138	140	45 146	146	45 148	43 146	141
Total, adjusteddo Coaldo Cokedodo	102 75 57	125 101 160	$134 \\ 135 \\ 189$	128 93 188	134 123 195	131 111 191	134 108 184	130 97 181	$132 \\ 92 \\ 184$	129 96 178	130 106 183	128 105 179	123 94 167
Forest productsdo Grain and grain productsdo Livestockdo	$     \begin{array}{r}       146 \\       153 \\       56     \end{array} $	$149 \\ 134 \\ 65$	140 123 70	139 157 76	152 147 76	$152 \\ 131 \\ 69$	$154 \\ 128 \\ 62$	$     \begin{array}{r}       146 \\       114 \\       57     \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{r}       142 \\       130 \\       60     \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{r}       144 \\       133 \\       66     \end{array} $	$137 \\ 141 \\ 65$	145 155 7 60	146 138 60
Oredo_	46 43 115	216 46	235 45 144	233 46	233 46	248 45	278 44	$275 \\ 45$	273 45	237 44	237 45	212 43	213 42
Miscellaneousdo Freight-car surplus and shortage, daily average: Car surplus, totalnumber	40, 311	140 13, 934	5, 693	145 8, 914	144 5, 294	144 24, 003	151 79, 262	149 69, <b>2</b> 94	154 73, 260	148 58, 597	146 40, 222	142 25, 302	139 32, 717
Box carsdo Gondolas and open hoppersdo Car shortage, totaldo	7,477 26,642 2,070	$1,691 \\ 6,310 \\ 4,924$	331 113 12, 028	25 6, 996 14, 194	33 2,030 7,075		$21,625 \\ 46,558 \\ 827$	8, 145 51, 776 1, 376	7, 429 56, 584 1, 745	5,584 43,375 1,501	$12,461 \\ 16,278 \\ 2,269$	7, 511 7, 400 4, 129	2,315 23,982 3,934
Box cars do Gondolas and open hoppersdo Dimension comptioner	1, 490 448	1, 958 2, 743	3, 822 7, 691	8, 235 5, 169	4, 253 2, 472	449 173	564 137	768 194	976 203	602 341	$1,385 \\ 527$	$\substack{3,111\\673}$	3, 400 246
Primarical operations. Operating revenues, total	790,718644,79280,482	899, 734 744, 841 80, 548	942, 139 796, 010 70, 581	985, 215 838, 101 66, 027	908, 004 769, 593 65, 025	935, 061 762, 543 84, 069	863, 001 713, 727 79, 199	812, 968 684, 368 64, 738	919, 617 779, 580 67, 052	905, 605 765, 798 67, 093	$901, 634 \\763, 046 \\66, 880$	$924,362 \\776,260 \\75,342$	925, 949 773, 517 79, 704
Operating expenses do Tax accruals, joint facility and equipment rents	634, 398 95, 357	663, 360	674, 577 146, 650	707, 483	661, 229	711, 367	661, 684	621, 092	1 696, 914	1 673, 704	680, 508	688, 949	701, 399
Net railway operating incomedo Net incometdo	60, 963 35, 469	131, 334 104, 939 78, 155	140, 050 120, 913 94, 456	157, 064 120, 669 92, 073	136, 088 110, 687 84, 158	$114,091 \\ 109,602 \\ 141,852$	$\begin{array}{c} 121,242\\ 80,075\\ 57,595 \end{array}$	114, 076 77, 800 55, 943	129, 134 93, 570 71, 997	130, 392 101, 509 77, 241	125,733 95,393 74,420	135, 740 99, 673 79, 232	130, 122 94, 428
Operating results: Freight carried 1 milemil. of ton-miles Revenue per ton-mileeents	44, 817 1. 524	56, 949 1. 377	58, 213 1, 430	58, 066 1. 503	56, 975 1, 417	50,753 1.552	51, 756 1, 458	$47,714 \\ 1.502$	53,227 1.536	52, 570 1, 523	$56, 296 \\ 1.429$	55, 194 1. 474	
Passengers carried 1 mile, revenuemillions Waterway Traffic	3, 076	3, 133	2, 696	2, 481	2, 416	3, 118	2, 943	2, 389	2, 491	2, 499	2, 490	2, 830	~ <b>-</b>
Clearances possels in foreign trade.8	0.000	0 797	9,723	9,637	0 607	0 500	0.024						
Total U. S. portsthous. of net tons Foreign	9, 292 6, 118 3, 174	9, 737 6, 576 3, 159	6, 523 3, 200	6, 467 3, 170	8, 687 5, 813 2, 874	8, 560 5, 994 2, 565	8, 064 5, 713 2, 351			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			
Panama Canal: Totalthous. of long tons In United States vesselsdo	2, 649 762	2, 511 909	2, 888 1, 148	3, 261 1, 236	2, 866 1, 077	3, 057 1, 109	3, 037 940	3, 009 947	3,233 1,168	3, 182 1, 256	3, 153 1, 064	$3,265 \\ 1,045$	3, 236 1, 029
Travel											,		
Hotels: A verage sale per occupied roomdollars. Rooms occupied†percent of total	6.39 72	7.15 76	6.91 78	7.13	7. 17 72	6.49 63	6.69 76	6. 77 78	6. 49 76	7.14	6. 51 77	7.04 77	6. 71 71
Restaurant sales indexsame month 1929=100 Foreign travel:	237 88,798	255 115, 846	251 105, 868	259 73, 084	241 60, 671	233 56, 399	249 59, 980	245 63, 298	230	78 264	274	270	239
U. S. citizens, arrivalso <sup>3</sup> number U. S. citizens, departureso <sup>3</sup> do. Emigrant aliens departeddo. Immigrant aliens admitteddo.	111,036 2,805	94, 685 2, 099	63, 766 1, 985	55, 698 1, 309	50, 824 1, 079	53, 130 846	63, 018	71, 506	74, 917 76, 349	69, 358 86, 172	69, 711 85, 632	83, 504	
Passports issued	14, 699 34, 150 74, 107	12, 858 29, 361 4, 270	$ \begin{array}{r} 13,402\\25,062\\1,603\end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c c} 16,178 \\ 21,497 \\ 982 \end{array} $	16, 225 17, 109 375	15, 957 19, 466 237	$\begin{array}{r} 26,700\\ 253\end{array}$	40, 199 328	47, 501 419	57, 560 599	53, 901 1, 030	44,057 2,439	36, 929 4, 004
Pullman Co.: Revenue passenger-milesmillions Passenger revenuesthous. of dol	682 8,618	716 9,074	718 9, 113	717 9,064	665 8, 368	766 9, 664	919 11, 610	741 9, 388	748 9, 817	696 9, 132		693 9, 120	
COMMUNICATIONS													
Telephone carriers: Operating revenuesthous. of dol Station revenuesdo Tolls, messagedo	351, 597 204, 358	354, 143 205, 114	357, 925 210, 387	370, 929 216, 164	359, 634 214, 751	380, 586 223, 190	374,578 222,116	363, 949 219, 159	378,836 223,607	380, 115 225, 848	385,809 228,180	386,901 228,995	
	120, 635	122, 471	120, 911	127, 665	214, 751 117, 549	129, 766	124, 327	116, 260	126, 615	125, 153	128, 219	128, 304	
Operating expenses, before taxesdo Net operating incomedo Phones in service, end of monththousands	$258,743 \\ 37,140 \\ 41,105$	$252,771 \\ 41,077 \\ 41,255$	255, 480 40, 878 41, 419	261, 973 44, 112 41, 621	251, 155 43, 950 41, 786	273, 404 50, 534 42, 068	260, 513 45, 507 42, 116	248, 719 46, 270 42, 298	264, 660 45, 385 42, 488	$\begin{array}{r} 262,177 \\ 47,354 \\ 42,670 \end{array}$	278, 219 47, 103 42, 850	$\begin{array}{r} 267,821\\ 47,586\\ 42,956\end{array}$	
Telegraph, cable, and radiotelegraph carriers: Wire-telegraph: Consections are a state of del	15, 847	15,633	17.251	17 040	15, 881	18,962	16 097	16 022	10 045	17 710	17, 977	10 401	
Operating revenues	15, 847 15, 101 <i>d</i> 47 2, 164	15,633 14,883 <i>d 22</i> 2,101	17,251 15,534 974 2,377	17, 842 15, 850 1, 253	15, 881 14, 761 435 2, 272	18, 962 16, 225 2, 370 2, 603	$     \begin{array}{r}       16,937 \\       15,487 \\       655 \\       2.456     \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} 16,033\\14,178\\1,097\\2,293\end{array} $	18, 245 15, 325 2, 136 2, 617	17, 710 15, 187 1, 734 2, 276	17,977 15,835 1,346 2,257	18, 401 15, 802 1, 820	
Operating revenues	2,164 1,880 60	2, 101 1, 798 91	2, 377 1, 779 383	2, 470 1, 804 438	2, 272 1, 820 256	2, 603 1, 919 436	2,456 1,875 360	2, 293 1, 778 296	2, 617 1, 869 512	2, 276 1, 846 229	2, 257 1, 855 194	2, 315 1, 777 333	
Radiotelegraph: Operating revenuesdo Operating expenses, incl. depreciationdo Net operating revenuesdo	2, 585 2, 084 388	2, 385 2, 038 246	2, 461 2, 090 259	2,611 2,160 360	2, 391 2, 069 267	2, 799 2, 297 489	2, 453 2, 133 192	$2,346 \\ 1,992 \\ 222$	2, 657 2, 130 390	2, 545 2, 166 299	2, 480 2, 100 249	2, 550 2, 130 288	
							•						

<sup>\*</sup> Revised. <sup>4</sup> Deficit. <sup>1</sup> March data include operating expenses amounting to \$17,700,000 which are applicable to the months of December 1952-February 1953; April data, \$2,400,000 applicable to December 1952-March 1953. <sup>‡</sup> Revised data for June 1952, \$53,428,000.
 <sup>§</sup> Beginning July 1951, data exclude vessels under time or voyage charter to Military Sea Transportation Service.
 <sup>§</sup> Revised series. Data beginning 1951 have been adjusted to the levels of the 1948 Census of Business.
 <sup>§</sup> Data exclude arrivals and depertures via international land borders; land-border departures during the 12 months ended June 1950 amounted to less than 1 percent of total departures.
 <sup>§</sup> OData relate to continental United States. Beginning January 1952, data exclude reports from several companies previously covered and include figures for some not included in earlier data.

#### September 1953

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through				52					<u> </u>	1953			
1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1951 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July
	C	HEMI	CALS	AND A	ALLIE	D PRO	DUCT	s					
CHEMICALS													
Inorganic chemicals, production:‡         Ammonia, synthetic anhydrous (commercial)         short tons         Calcium arsenate (commercial)do         Calcium carbide (commercial)do         Carbon dioxide, liquid, gas, and solidOdo         Carbon dioxide, liquid, gas, and solidOdo         Chlorine, gas	$167, 574 \\ 704 \\ 52, 238 \\ 80, 662 \\ 194, 285 \\ 49, 282 \\ (1) \\ 118, 340 \\ 1, 046 \\ 153, 609 \\ \end{cases}$	173, 326 (1) 45, 812 79, 391 207, 964 54, 462 (1) 128, 886 1, 862 179, 200	$171, 721 \\ (1) \\ 47, 947 \\ 65, 370 \\ 209, 966 \\ 57, 334 \\ (1) \\ 134, 588 \\ 2, 023 \\ 185, 295 \\ 185, 295 \\ 100 \\ $	184, 319 (1) 56, 315 55, 292 227, 970 61, 646 (1) 140, 866 2, 251 205, 074	$178, 562 \\ (1) \\ 56, 150 \\ 46, 012 \\ 219, 626 \\ 61, 699 \\ 381 \\ 147, 180 \\ 2, 175 \\ 179, 647 \\ \end{cases}$	$\begin{array}{c} 193,507\\(1)\\61,903\\45,441\\224,938\\64,284\\(l)\\157,508\\2,297\\176,929\end{array}$	$188, 882 \\ 419 \\ 65, 788 \\ 44, 463 \\ 231, 017 \\ 66, 056 \\ 709 \\ 156, 824 \\ 2, 278 \\ 207, 747 \\ 100 \\$	173,85792661,91343,997217,26160,5701,194139,1782,161199,765	$189, 644 \\ 534 \\ 68, 946 \\ 52, 950 \\ 233, 081 \\ 65, 960 \\ 1, 144 \\ 146, 594 \\ 2, 336 \\ 214, 811 \\ 141 \\ 214, 811 \\ 214,$	$188, 173 \\ 276 \\ 68, 391 \\ 51, 823 \\ 235, 596 \\ 65, 270 \\ 1, 444 \\ 141, 444 \\ 2, 182 \\ 210, 153 \\ \end{cases}$	192, 424 216 69, 703 66, 194 7 241, 177 65, 890 964 134, 352 2, 197 7 218, 427	(1) 65, 371 77, 720 235, 153 63, 342 822	
Soda asn, ammonia-soda process (98-100%, Na2CO3)       short tons.         Sodium bickromate and chromate	336, 327 3, 722 224, 462 34, 403 58, 999	370, 877 5, 882 242, 721 35, 521 66, 516	349, 218 7, 001 242, 700 44, 948 68, 913	405, 778 8, 355 260, 742 59, 997 75, 070	431, 598 8, 107 257, 081 44, 373 76, 075	414, 557 8, 013 260, 184 45, 893 81, 301	$\begin{array}{r} 422,365\\ 8,490\\ 269,311\\ 41,181\\ 81,814\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 370,735\\7,440\\256,482\\41,950\\73,221\end{array}$	423, 755 8, 034 274, 614 49, 941 80, 383	432, 747 9, 234 278, 970 57, 708 79, 776	$\begin{array}{c} 438,427\\ 10,534\\ 288,216\\ 54,037\\ 78,422 \end{array}$	44, 433	
Production (100% H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> )dodo	968, 467 20, 00	1,066,592 20,00	1,079,457 20,00	1, 164, 427 20, 00	1	1,192,765 20.00	1, 184, 405 20, 00	1, 116, 994	1, 270, 151 20, 00	1,206,913 20.00	,	1,164,107 22.35	n 99 95
dol. per short ton Organic chemicals: Acetic acid (synthetic and natural), production thous, of lb Acetic anhydride, productiondo Acetylsalicylic acid (aspirin), productiondo	20.00 34,256 65,963 845	20,00 32,979 70,859 823	20,00 32,781 74,404 807	20.00 38,746 80,829 1,189	$\begin{array}{c} 20.00\\ 39.241\\ 69,515\\ 1,145\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 20.00\\ 42,985\\ 72,855\\ 1,137\end{array}$	20, 00 39, 858 67, 175 1, 120	20.00 $33,894$ $61,361$ $1,115$	20.00 44, 211 71, 448 1, 195	40, 688 67, 380 1, 342	20.00 42,105 71,065 1,278	$\begin{array}{c} 22.35 \\ 40,219 \\ 74,568 \\ 1,117 \end{array}$	<i>p</i> 22.35
Alcohol, ethyl: Productionthous, of proof gal Stocks, totaldo In industrial alcohol bonded warehouses	39, 292 77, 437	32,984 82,661	36, 439 87, 430	35, 839 85, 838	31, 552 81, 702	$\begin{array}{c} 42,182 \\ 83,245 \end{array}$	46, 161 84, 263	45, 013 77, 701	46,837     64,238	44, 681 74, 492	43, 394 78, 581	40,645 72,519	39, 034 75, 501
thous. of proof gal	$\begin{array}{c} 47,610\\ 29,827\\ 35,397\\ 2,052 \end{array}$	47, 420 35, 241 28, 577 1, 629	$\begin{array}{r} 48,430\\ 39,000\\ 31,249\\ 2,057\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 46,419\\ 39,419\\ 35,172\\ 2,058\end{array}$	42, 281 39, 421 34, 286 2, 101	$\begin{array}{r} 44,833\\38,412\\40,638\\1,448\end{array}$	52,686 31,577 35,349 1,815	56,948 20,753 40,320 1,892	$54, 592 \\ 9, 646 \\ 56, 224 \\ 2, 171$	55, 022 19, 470 34, 435 2, 105	54, 872 23, 709 35, 640 2, 030	53, 812 18, 707 37, 469 2, 206	$53,731 \\ 21,750 \\ 36,557 \\ 2,106$
Alcohol, denatured: Production thous, of wine gal. Consumption (withdrawals) do Stocks do Creosote oil, production thous, of gal. Ethyl acctate (85%), production thous, of lb. Giveerin, refined (100% basis):	19, 039 17, 468 9, 100 7 6, 504 4, 152	15, 437 18, 261 7, 158 7 12, 289 8, 813	16, 987 16, 799 7, 326 7 12, 277 7, 984	19, 226 19, 166 7, 347 r 12, 868 7, 363	19, 613 18, 428 8, 548 7 13, 666 8, 082	23, 417 23, 665 8, 285 7 12, 785 8, 375	$\begin{array}{c} 19,037\\ 20,225\\ 7,084\\ 12,631\\ 6,925 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 21,659\\ 17,583\\ 9,689\\ 10,813\\ 7,222 \end{array}$	$  \begin{array}{c} 30, 199 \\ 25, 169 \\ 14, 909 \\ 11, 505 \\ 7, 685 \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} 18, 414\\ 23, 105\\ 10, 207\\ 12, 386\\ 7, 423\\ \end{array}$	19, 201 21, 845 8, 855 14, 015 6, 004	$\begin{array}{c} 20,126\\ 23,309\\ 6,844\\ 13,570\\ 8,200 \end{array}$	19, 649 20, 890 5, 573
High gravity and yellow distilled: Productiondo Consumptiondo Steeksdo Chemically pure:	5,855 6,003 13,553	6, 511 6, 538 12, 246	$\begin{array}{r} 7,279 \\ 6,975 \\ 12,066 \end{array}$	7,602 8,101 11,447	7,0437,10211,006	${\begin{array}{c} 6,898\ 6,219\ 11,370 \end{array}}$	$\begin{array}{c} 6,701\\ 6,503\\ 12,998\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 6,762\ 6,276\ 12,697\end{array}$		$7,380 \\ 7,092 \\ 15,660$	$\begin{array}{c} 6,993 \\ 6,787 \\ 15,912 \end{array}$	7,6536,26517,999	5,1516,03716,591
Productiondo Consumptiondo Stocksdo Methanol. production:	$\begin{array}{c} 6,237\\ 6,628\\ 21,684\end{array}$	9, 035 7, 536 19, 080	10,040 7,991 17,173	$11, 147 \\ 8, 886 \\ 16, 211$	$     \begin{array}{r}       10, 629 \\       7, 527 \\       15, 336     \end{array} $	$11,663 \\ 7,608 \\ 14,595$	$\begin{array}{c} 12,181\\ 8,233\\ 16,069 \end{array}$	13, 258 7, 552 17, 644	$\begin{array}{c} 14,722\\ 8,217\\ 20,146\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 13,276 \\ 7,897 \\ 21,323 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 14.331 \\ 7,698 \\ 24,049 \end{array}$	12, 234 9, 021 25, 774	$10,747 \\ 8,536 \\ 25,580$
Natural (100%)thous. of gal Synthetic (100%)do Phthalic anhydride, productionthous. of Ib	195 11, 890 18, 955	179 12,059 16,462	$234 \\ 11, 143 \\ 17, 954$	194 13, 367 19, 036	$     \begin{array}{r}       179 \\       13, 329 \\       20, 480     \end{array} $	$172 \\ 15,544 \\ 19,978$	$153 \\ 14,027 \\ 20,013$	148 11, 890 18, 481	$184 \\13,275 \\21,841$	192     12,469     17,519	204 12, 553 18, 181	189     12,683     18,059	
FERTILIZERS	2 2 2 0	2 200	2 500	1	1	2.00			1 2 020	1		2.100	1.010
Consumption (14 States)§thous. of short tons Exports, totalshort tons Nitrogenous materialsdo Phosphate materialsdo Potash materialsdo	2389 203, 643 24, 643 164, 357 7, 015	$\begin{array}{r} 2 \ 380 \\ 208, 593 \\ 19, 939 \\ 170, 215 \\ 7, 227 \end{array}$	<sup>2</sup> 599 171, 683 28, 068 124, 084 5, 893		$\begin{array}{r} 2 572 \\ 169, 969 \\ 7, 850 \\ 148, 826 \\ 7, 848 \end{array}$		2924 140, 760 5, 946 116, 482 6, 637	2 1, 324 161, 193 5, 336 139, 696 9, 161	$\begin{array}{c}22,030\\199,096\\6,853\\179,311\\7,814\end{array}$	$\begin{smallmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 1,863 \\ 227,068 \\ 14,628 \\ 201,527 \\ 6,734 \\ \end{smallmatrix}$	2 910 230, 296 5, 650 214, 016 6, 101	$\begin{array}{r}{}^{2} 426\\ 311, 892\\ 7, 367\\ 295, 012\\ 5, 463\end{array}$	
Imports, total	$141,032\\100,674\\37,015\\7,318\\21,293$	$169, 119 \\122, 146 \\50, 865 \\8, 166 \\27, 336$	$237, 657 \\181, 487 \\69, 563 \\6, 460 \\33, 020$	$\begin{array}{c} 220,823\\ 165,102\\ 69,842\\ 10,856\\ 30,821 \end{array}$	$194,024\\133,078\\66,738\\26,160\\22,218$	$194, 599 \\137, 862 \\50, 743 \\8, 735 \\34, 119$	$232,080 \\180,359 \\41,722 \\12,400 \\27,654$	296,708245,37737,5654,52130,831	$\begin{array}{c} 370,867\\ 297,549\\ 75,600\\ 11,610\\ 29,031 \end{array}$	417, 574 330, 194 88, 419 11, 527 40, 955	299,677239,88892,1195,08013,819	205,411 86,555	
port warehouses	57.00 113.167 928,757	57.00 122,979 960,242	57.00 149,678 928,624	57.00 142.726 1,048,458	57.00 127,884 917,938	57.00 133,733 941,440	57, 00 139, 339 971, 091	57.00 167,733 969,410	57.00 214,470 1,111,489	57, 00 183, 982 1,195,541	57.00 142,816 7 1,094,139	57.00 108,479 913,942	» 57.00 130,816
Stocks, end of monthdodo	1,375,725	1,429,455	1,407,462		1,398,372	1,510,676		1,433,309	1,148,185	909, 321	1,009,593	1, 196, 548	
Rosin (gum and wood):			048 760										
Production, semiannual totaldrums (520 lb.) Stocks, end of perioddo. Price, gum, wholesale, "WG" grade (N.Y.), bulk dol. per 100 lb		 8.35	948, 760 904, 650 8, 70	8. 50	8, 50	8.40	8, 90	8. 80	769, 520 <sup>37</sup> 859, 380 8. 80	8. 60	8.60	r 8.35	p 8.45
Turpentine (gum and wood);         Production, semiannual totalbbl. (50 gal.)         Stocks, end of perioddodo         Price, gum, wholesale (N.Y.)dol. per gal		. 60	$331,000 \\ 214,640 \\ .62$	. 62			. 60	. 60	233, 670 37 228, 880 . 60	. 60	. 60	. 59	P. 59

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#### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through	 		19	52						1953			
1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1951 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July
	CHEMI	CALS	AND	ALLIE	D PRC	DUCT	'S—Co	ntinue	d				
MISCELLANEOUS													
Explosives (industrial), shipments: Black blasting powderthous. of lb High explosivesdo	586 51, 315	764 62, 515	1, 010 66, 177	1, 184 66, 621	1, 016 59, 840	902 56, 709	1, 056 56, 212	812 56, 871	710 58, 876	634 63, 170	553 64, 562	503 64, 765	579 61, 167
Sulfur: Productionlong tons Stocksdo	477, 939	447, 481 3, 047, 591	428, 810 3, 081, 284	430, 811	436, 143	422, 560	418, 568 3,130,379	381, 532	471, 615	479, 954 3, 001, 430	455, 380	419, 365	423, 639
FATS, OILS, OILSEEDS, AND BYPRODUCTS	2, 902, 331	5, 047, 591	3, 081, 284	3, 064, 952	ə, Vəə, 84ə	3, 008, 800	3,130,379	3, 089, 132	3, 042, 952	3, 001, 430	2, 800, 743	2, 919, 040	2, 959, 760
Animal fats, greases, and oils:‡													
Animal fats: Productionthous. of lb	290, 088	286,050	290, 840	358, 024	367, 547	431, 751	427, 887	343, 522	344, 181	331, 952	311, 131	300, 366	292, 36
Consumption, factorydo Stocks, end of monthdo	95, 111 377, 329	114, 199 339, 625	110, 119 329, 643	128, 965 296, 004	104, 045 327, 150	105, 973 406, 370	113, 586 460, 719	127, 834 453, 996	128, 956 449, 299	125, 007 443, 138	126, 654 431, 798	116, 414 413, 191	101, 33 380, 41
Greases: Productiondo	44, 932	46, 040	43, 600	54, 838	55, 434	57, 588	57, 636	51, 541	51, 090	52,056	52, 336	50, 838	46, 14
Consumption, factorydodododo	31, 098 118, 495	35, 164 113, 738	37, 100 107, 634	44,866 101,152	34, 533 107, 530	32, 518 114, 150	39, 197 117, 840	$\begin{array}{c} 35,222 \\ 115,820 \end{array}$	40, 361 109, 800	34, 996 105, 854	33, 926 105, 053	32, 625 99, 715	23, 96 106, 86
Fish oils: Productiondodo	22, 631	22, 683	13, 407	9, 268	5, 743	3,037	486	223	244	1,844	8,000	18,087	27, 35
Consumption, factorydo Stocks, end of montho <sup>3</sup> do Vegetable oils, oilseeds, and byproducts:‡ Vegetable oils, total:	8, 331 84, 479	9, 919 88, 854	11, 763 89, 990	15, 957 103, 115	14, 975 92, 801	10, 832 90, 117	17, 820 76, <b>38</b> 0	14, 599 65, 644	11, 930 51, 459	11, 443 47, 180	12, 989 46, 731	10, 672 46, 797	11, 14 51, 28
Production, crudemil. of lb Consumption. crude, factorydo	. 305 361	354 394	433 413	627 566	592 532	566 562	$572 \\ 551$	488 521	510 546	457 525	415 458	369 446	32 37
Stocks, end of month: Crudeo	1,017	952	962	1,049	1,096	1, 115	1, 147	1, 112	1, 102	1,074	1,052	985	97
Refineddo Exportsthous, of lb	536 30, 911	498 43, 697	438 27, 991	474 30, 808	578 41, 414	689 35, 276	777 18, 102	872 17,699	967 18, 875	1,044 15,467	1,072 18,942	1, 095 21, 392	
Imports, totaldo	36, 473	35, 171	32, 922 2, 153	36, 190 3, 664	37, 943 2, 494	31, 759 733	33, 909 441	25, 227	33, 521 554	56,440	44, 941 2, 336	39, 291 2, 644	
All other vegetable oilsdo Copra:	31, 026 18, 028	29, 993	30, 769 32, 550	32, 525	35, 449	31,026	33, 468	24, 349	32, 966	53, 959	42,604	31, 534	
Consumption, factory short tons do Stocks, end of month do Imports do do Coconut or copra oll:	11, 974 21, 390	37, 665 13, 570 29, 563	10, 070 23,507	35, 228 16, 591 43, 529	30, 262 12, 324 24, 433	29, 524 12, 900 23, 426	27, 095 26, 583	19, 014 19, 969	28, 611 11, 277 29, 029	31, 031 17, 729 38, 517	25, 546 18, 786 18, 883	29, 421 14, 416 24, 683	23, 95 15, 99
Production: Crudethous. of lb Refineddo	22, 632	47, 692	41,096	45, 425	38, 622	37, 619	34, 491	24, 232	36, 332	39, 520	32, 318	37, 590	31, 28
Consumption, factory:	26, 745 41, 119	36, 466 51, 836	38, 003 56, 545	41, 035 61, 323	31, 423 47, 506	30, 958 47, 818	27, 041 42, 439	29, 174 45, 998	29, 922 44, 820	26, 942	26, 959	29, 970	26, 37
Crudedo Refineddo Stocks, end of month:	23, 431	30, 364	34, 112	35, 858	26, 344	<b>27</b> , 401	42, 439 24, 030	45, 998 25, 409	44, 820 27, 093	41, 591 23, 201	43, 527 23, 063	45, 273 27, 053	39, 12 22, 47
Crudeo"dodo	49, 699 7, 578	50, 718 8, 730	46,974 7,616	42, 465 8, 334	45, 915 8, 415	47, 506 7, 980	44, 552 8, 241	30, 782 7, 677	36, 744 7, 429	41, 411 8, 809	38, 685 8, 759	41, 113 7, 723	41, 80 8, 73
Importsdodo	16, 085	12, 237	10, 137	14,152	16, 162	11, 950	10, 846	5, 298	9, 069	19, 011	9, 896	7,079	
Receipts at millsthous, of short tons_ Consumption (crush)do	78	398 148	1, 170 521	1,757 782	1, 097 719	539 666	$222 \\ 655$	100 550	38 480	28 377	14 266	44 208	11 15
Stocks at mills, end of monthdo Cottonseed cake and meal:	137	386	1,035	2, 010	2, 388	2, 261	1, 827	1, 391	949	614	361	197	15
Productionshort tonsStocks at mills, end of monthdo	55, 746 45, 104	70, 059 47, 876	248, 660 81, 857	379, 384 115, 114	348, 802 144, 420	317, 680 155, 303	310, 755 194, 047	262, 173 210, 115	231, 782 208, 612	181, 730 178, 690	129, 515 140, 897	99, 667 122, 619	75,67
Cottonseed oil, crude: Productionthous. of lb Stocks, end of monthdo	41, 143 41, 077	44, 768 38, 375	156, 459 103, 809	249, 604 162, 946	231,827 188,505	213, 966 178, 154	211, 130 178, 757	180, 541 170, 739	165, 269 149, 973	133, 124 115, 605	95, 387 84, 671	74, 529 56, 418	55, 41
Cottonseed oil, refined: Productiondo	54, 023	42, 285	71,655	173, 856	190, 034	198, 592	185, 476	173, 738	169, 882	159, 289	119, 424	96, 142	42, 45 67, 74
Consumption, factorydo In oleomargarinedo	90, 150 17, 070	92, 727 23, 978	103, 262 32, 434	119, 867 29, 238	86, 397 24, 707	95, 697 26, 480	104. 450 29, <b>01</b> 6	99, 752 25, 781	90, 754 23, 109	92, 053 18, 144	79, 258	75, 610 19, 744	68,66 15,66
Stocks, end of monthdod	<sup>1</sup> 361, 320 . 205	<sup>1</sup> 318, 006 . 205	<sup>1</sup> 288, 212 . 191	<sup>1</sup> 343, 165 . 191	<sup>1</sup> 445, 493 . 193	<sup>1</sup> 544,572 . 195	<sup>1</sup> 627, 573 , 228	<sup>1</sup> 723, 763 . 179	<sup>1</sup> 811, 815 . 233	1 881, 275	<sup>1</sup> 916, 453 . 233	1 935, 273	1 928, 56 2 22
Flaxseed: Production (crop estimate) \$thous. of bu					. 100	<sup>3</sup> 31, 002	. 220		. 200	. 200	. 200	. 200	<sup>3</sup> 42, 20
Oil mills: Consumptiondo	1, 580	2, 295	2, 303	2, 903	2, 699	2.285	2,627	2,065	1, 924	1,680	1, 221	1, 609	1, 31
Stocks, end of monthdodo. Price, wholesale, No. 1 (Minn.)dol. per bu	3, 346 4. 01	3, 794 4. 17	5, 461 4. 17	6, 154 4. 08	5, 621 4. 10	4, 967 4. 10	4, 355 4, 04	3, 679 3, 90	2, 822 3. 95	2, 136 3, 84	2, 063 3. 76	1, 449 3. 65	2,064
Linseed oil, raw: Productionthous. of lb	31, 860	46, 904	46, 702	58,017	54, 620	46,016	51, 336	41, 300	39,027	34, 663	24, 497	31, 975	26, 76
Consumption, factorydodododo	45, 899 634, 474	54, 981 622, 350	51,841 616,537	53, 608 622, 079	47, 674 626, 611	42, 335 634, 959	$\begin{array}{c} 41,602\\ 643,703\end{array}$	41, 599 641, 675	43, 085 636, 113	42,864 626,180	42, 697 599, 768	41, 131 588, 812	45, 51 575, 61
Price, wholesale (Minneapolis)dol. per lb Soybeans:	. 150	. 152	. 156	. 151	. 150	. 148	. 146	. 148	. 151	. 152	. 150	r 145	₽.138
Production (crop estimate) §thous. of bu Consumption, factorydo	17, 539	17, 549	14, 969	22, 507	21, 997	<sup>2</sup> 291, 682 21, 397	21, 550	18,679	20, 437	19, 201	20, 670	17, 291	* 295, 018 16, 338
Stocks, end of monthdodo	22, 339	9, 071	11, 632	85, 496	89,́ 783	79,852	65, 741	55, 817	49, 613	44, 764	34, 380	26, 905	18, 86
Production: Crudethous. of lb	179, 498	178, 795	155, 632	238, 300	230, 609	226, 935	231,000	200, 412	221, 783	208, 414	226, 293	190, 086	179, 503
Refineddo Consumption, factory, refineddo	162, 158 142, 825	175, 008 154, 982	166, 542 187, 729	199, 066 210, 621	173, 576 171, 950	198,811 182,331	202, 969 195, 424	186, 396 175, 466	203, 529 190, 474	198, 287 182, 488	175, 291 162, 942	185, 566 166 319	155, 987 155, 641
Stocks, end of month: Crudedo	180, 130	136, 414	98, 287	124, 629	139, 602	153, 674	166, 204	156, 308	158, 194	156, 951	190, 873	166, 767	176, 495
Refineddododododododododo	116, 618 . 174	124, 222 . 170	96, 020 . 156	75, 677 . 151	73, 545 . 161	83, 716 . 168	87, 118 . 191	88, 275 . 191	98, 342 . 208	103,952	100, 864 . 208	106,456 . 208	93,779 208

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nless otherwise stated, statistics through 1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the				52			<b> </b>			1953			<u> </u>
1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1951 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July
•	CHEM	ICALS	AND	ALLIE	D PRO	DUCI	'S—Coi	ntinue	d				
FATS, OILS, ETC.—Continued													
egetable oils, oilseeds, etc.—Continued Oleomargarine:													
Productionthous. of lbtooks (factory and warehouse)do	68, 695 23, 807	86, 564 15, 584	125, 694 18, 615	123,403 23,362	105, 480 21, 694	116, 840 25, 283	$126,580 \\ 23,412$	114, 037 25, 364	113, 421 23, 911	93, 279 23, 105	89, 896 20, 817	103, 203 20, 246	89, 75 23, 36
Price, wholesale, vegetable, colored, delivered (eastern U. S.)*dol. per lb	.271	. 269	1. 281	1.284	1.284	1.284	1.284	1.284	1. 284	1.284	1.284	1, 274	1.27
nortening: Productionthous. of lb Stocks, end of monthdo	112, 624 88, 436	125, 114 92, 559	140, 171 74, 126	178, 057 86, 653	126, 622 93, 678	131, 749 93, 668	141, 878 87, 976	134, 857 97, 290	137, 161 92, 646	141, 998 108, 894	118, 229 127, 912	106, 815 126, 538	105, 85 113, 70
PAINTS, VARNISH, AND LACQUER					ŕ			., .				,	, i
actory shipments, totalthous. of dol Industrial salesdo Trade salesdo	2 37,045	111, 955 41, 192 70, 763	r 117, 026 44, 636 72, 390	119, 754 49, 002 70, 752	94, 769 40, 808 53, 961	91, 050 41, 536 49, 514	$107,729\\42,960\\64,769$	$106, 176 \\ 43, 788 \\ 62, 388$	121, 132 49, 645 71, 487	129, 534 52, 035 77, 499	r 131, 004 r 52, 352 r 78, 652	133, 246 50, 978 82, 268	
SYNTHETIC PLASTICS AND RESIN MATERIALS	,		,			.,		01,000	,	,	,	0_,	
roduction: Cellulose acetate and mixed ester plastics: Sheets, rods, and tubesthous. of lb	2,013	1, 998	2, 223	2, 852	2 345	2, 659	2, 360	2, 575	3, 348	3, 184	3, 243	3, 590	
Molding and extrusion materialsdo Nitrocellulose, sheets, rods, and tubesdo Other cellulose plasticsdo	4, 504 377	4,866 439 404	6, 109 581 303	6, 679 589 468	2, 345 5, 629 506 529	2, 005 5, 780 556 456	2, 300 5, 992 610 532	2, 373 6, 207 593 521	3, 348 7, 102 706 713	3, 184 7, 044 659 602	6, 073 662 683	6, 770 691 594	
Phenolic and other tar acid resinsdo Polystyrenedododo	20, 981 26, 259	26, 850 22, 007	30, 996 27, 484	39, 144 37, 919	35, 539 38, 515	34, 474 37, 043	35, 305 32, 938	32, 975 34, 374	40, 843 40, 233	<b>4</b> 1, 551 35, 764	38, 299 39, 374	37, 633 36, 013	
Urea and melamine resinsdo Vinyl resins§	11, 189 28, 756	16,669 29,582	16.942 32.764	19,868 39,247	18, 315 39, 881	20, 473 41, 654	17, 883 44, 506	16, 196 41, 028	20, 111 46, 721	18, 498 46, 295	19,856 46,790	19, 442 44, 884	
Alkyd resins	24, 342 7, 337	25, 692 7, 572	31, 224 9, 488	33, 936 8, 639	27, 644 8, 914	31,002 7,840	32, 978 8, 705	31, 228 8, 246	36, 439 9, 420	34, 274 8, 882	32, 980 8, 700	32,600	
Miscellaneous resins §do	14, 368	17, 868	18, 078	21, 728	21, 274	21, 925	21, 788	21, 304	22, 946	22, 458	23, 204	23, 870	
		EI	ECTR	IC PO	WERA	ND G	AS						
ELECTRIC POWER													
oduction (utility and industrial), total mil. of kwhr	37, 007	39, 752	38, 759	40, 511	39, 351	42, 310	42, 656	39, 165	42, 993	41, 510	41, 995	42, 733	43, 9
Electric utilities, totaldodododo	32, 523 23, 785	34, 361 25, 844	33, 376 26, 019	34, 821 27, 797	33, 747 27, 225	36, 452 28, 231	36, 663 27, 402	33, 597 24, 603	36, 969 26, 771	35, 627 25, 923 9, 705	35, 982 25, 695	36, 827 27, 732	38, 0 29, 2
By water powerdo Privately and publicly owned utilities mil. of kwhr	8, 738 27, 249	8, 518 28, 860	7, 357 28, 619	7,025	6, 522 29, 338	8, 221 31, 343	9, 261 31, 432	8, 995 28, 431	10, 197 <b>31, 249</b>	9,705 30,239	10, 288 30, 294	9,095	8, 7 32, 2
Other producersdo Industrial establishments, totaldo	5, 274	5, 501 5, 391	4, 757	4, 594	4, 409 5, 604	5, 109 5, 858	5, 231 5, 994	5, 166 5, 567	5, 720 6, 024	5, 388 5, 882	5, 688	31, 317 5, 510 5, 905	5,8
By fuels	4, 159 326	5, 026 365	5,067 316	5, 422 268	5, 361 243	5, 537 321	5, 571 423	5, 149 418	5, 572 452	5, 426 456	5, 578 435	5, 511 395	5, 5
les to ultimate customers, total (Edison Electric Institute)	26, 914	28, 781	29, 440	29, 279	29, 364	30, 676	31, 616	30, 875	31, 664	31, 346	30, 991		
Commercial and industrial.	5, 361	5, 583	5, 501	5, 236	5, 185	5, 414	5, 594	5, 411	5, 345	5, 287	5, 356		<b>-</b> -
Small light and power	12,638 396	14, 097 401	14, 681 398	14, 823 426	14, 611 433	14, 888 480	14, 810 475	14, 741 440	15, 684 462	15, 663 436	15, 749 412		
Residential or domesticdo	994	6, 657 1, 061 262	6, 817 1, 015 287	6, 950 766 201	7, 446 605	8, 259 525 363	9, 081 540	8, 627 575	8, 383 683 325	8, 033 854	7, 614 809		
Street and highway lightingdo Other public authoritiesdo		675 45	698 43	321 714 44	341 709 34	505 714 32	363 720 33	327 718	525 734 49	290 731	272 727 53		
Interdepartmental do evenue from sales to ultimate customers (Edison Electric Institute) thous. of dol.	493, 359	512, 716	43 521, 495	521, 103	527, 280	550, 592	569, 334	38 557, 643	49 560, 606	51 554, 637	549, 247		
GAS♂		,	,			,	,	,	,		010,211		
anufactured and mixed gas (quarterly):			6, 713			6, 685			6, 552				
Customers, end of quarter, totalthousands Residential (incl. house-heating)do Industrial and commercialdo			6, 243 468			6, 212 469			6, 081 467				
Sales to consumers, totalmil. of therms Residentialdo			540 268			799 492			1, <b>095</b> 748				
Industrial and commercial			263			297			336				
Residential (incl. house-heating)do			83, 954 57, 416			113, 191 80, 803			146, 648 108, 093				
Industrial and commercialdo			25, 932			31, 550			37, 524				
Customers, end of quarter, totalthousands Residential (incl. house-heating)do			18, 899 17, 441			19, 545 17, 970			19, 690 18, 078				
			1, 438 9, 576			1, 555 13, 525			1, 591 16, 249				
			1, 329 7, 630			4, 126 8, 496			6, 757				
					1	ŕ			· · · ·				•
Revenue from sales to consumers, total thous. of dol			315, 515 126, 145			554,740			756, 107	*********			

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Revised. P Preliminary. <sup>1</sup> Based on L. c. l. shipments. Data prior to Septembor 1952 are for carlots. <sup>2</sup> Revisions for January-June 1952 are as follows (thous. dol.): Total shipments—112,384 105,174; 109,517; 123,059; 124,912; 121,223; industrial sales—41,950; 41,561; 41,762; 44,542; 44,861; 41,000; trade sales—70,434; 63,613; 67,755; 78,517; 80,051; 80,223. Revisions for 1951 will be shown later.
 <sup>a</sup> New series. Complied by U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. Data prior to February 1951 will be shown later.
 <sup>a</sup> New series. Data are estimated total factory shipments of finished paint, varnish, and lacquer. Figures supersede those shown in the SURVEY prior to the June 1952 issue, which did not measure total shipments.
 <sup>a</sup> See note "11" in the February 1952 SURVEY and earlier issues regarding changes in classification and coverage beginning with data for January 1951.
 <sup>b</sup> Unpublished revisions for January-July 1950 and 1951 for electric-power production will be shown later.
 <sup>c</sup> All sales data formerly expressed in cu. ft. are now published in therms by the compiling source; 1932-49 figures expressed in therms and minor revisions for eustomers and revenue for 1932-4w ill be shown later.
 <sup>c</sup> Revisions for the first 2 quarters of 1950 are shown in the corresponding note in the October 1951 SURVEY; those for the first 2 quarters of 1950 are shown in the corresponding note in the October 1951 SURVEY; those for the first 2 quarters of 1950 are shown in the corresponding note in the October 1951 SURVEY; those for the first 2 quarters of 1950 are shown in the corresponding note in the October 1951 SURVEY; those for the first 2 quarters of 1950 are shown in the corresponding note in the October 1951 SURVEY; those for the first 2 quarters of 1950 are shown in the corresponding note in the October 1951 SURVEY; those for the first 2 quarters of 1950 are shown in the corresponding note in the October 1951 SURVEY; th

#### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through			195	52						1953			
1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1951 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July
		FO	ODST	UFFS	AND T	OBAC	CO						
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES													
Fermented malt liquors: Productionthous. of bbltothous. of bbltotodo	7 10, 121 7 9, 271 7 11, 189	8, 634 8, 159 11, 126	7,132 7,182 10,597	6,844 6,852 10,132	5, 787 5, 908 9, 598	6, 686 6, 774 9, 096	6, 621 5, 707 9, 606	6, 191 5, 630 9, 789	7,683 6,658 10,324	8, 167 7, 198 10, 720	7, 791 7, 118 10, 905	8, 753 8, 083 11, 062	9, 90) 9, 210 11, 10
Distilled spirits: Productionthous. of tax gal Consumption, apparent, for beverage purposes	7 6, 463	6, 453	9, 837	20, 691	12, 265	10, 558	10, 321	9, 548	12, 539	12, 116	11, 812	11, 469	,
Tax-paid withdrawalsthous. of wine gal Tax-paid withdrawalsthous. of tax gal Stocks, end of monththous. of proof galthous.	13, 141 r 9, 978 r 932, 445 1, 229	13, 428 8, 006 929, 033 1, 088	$15,324 \\ 11,509 \\ 921,480 \\ 1,575$	19, 463 15, 909 909, 081 2, 048	18, 966 15, 013 898, 143 2, 360	$\begin{array}{r} 22,785\\ 10,216\\ 894,492\\ 2,204 \end{array}$	$13, 398 \\ 8, 872 \\ 892, 357 \\ 1, 183$	$13, 597 \\ 9, 124 \\ 890, 328 \\ 1, 302$	14,785 11,311 887,827 1,735	15,277 10,785 886,619 1,469	16, 139 10, 799 884, 315 1, 636	$14,686 \\ 10,839 \\ 881,824 \\ 1,594$	9, 36 9, 73 878, 76
Whisky: Production thous of tax gal. Tax-paid withdrawals do Stocks, end of month thous of proof gal. Imports thous of proof gal. Rectified spirits and wines, production, totalo	* 2, 505 * 4, 328 * 763, 491 1, 141	2, 677 3, 980 760, 079 979	3,208 6,204 754,200 1,443	3, 859 9, 053 745, 181 1, 826	3, 683 8, 312 737, 913 2, 162	5,782 5,676 735,172 1,977	6, 836 5, 320 734, 248 1, 063	6, 939 5, 307 733, 138 1, 185	8, 295 6, 149 732, 448 1, 639	8, 053 5, 917 731, 757 1, 337	7, 232 5, 608 730, 843 1, 504	7, 674 5, 499 730, 916 1, 465	5, 68 4, 79 729, 72
Rectified spirits and wines, production, total thous. of proof gal	7, 590 6, 389	5, 936 4, 785	8, 585 7, 504	11, 446 10, 116	11, 536 10, 455	7, 732 6, 614	6, 103 5, 091	6, 634 5, 721	8, 313 7, 217	7, 683 6, 500	7, 934 6, 659	8, 047 6, 739	6, 90 5, 65
Sparkling wines: Productionthous. of wine gal Tax-paid withdrawalsdo Stocks, end of monthdo Importsdo	63 73 1, 503 28	100 78 1, 518 29	62 112 1, 467 40	90 158 1, 384 64	82 182 1, 274 86	77 197 1,139 96	151 97 1, 183 33	73 68 1, 178 23	101 88 1, 185 40	249 86 1, 343 39	151 101 1, 386 44	$148 \\ 97 \\ 1,427 \\ 46$	
Still wines:       Production       do         Tax-paid withdrawals       do       do         Stocks, end of month       do       Imports         Imports       do       Distilling materials produced at wineriesdo	547 7, 980 162, 733 272 1, 758	1, 741 8, 440 153, 728 297 6, 871	20, 940 11, 993 162, 350 324 49, 009	66, 382 13, 822 219, 565 513 124, 199	$25,764 \\ 12,333 \\ 233,390 \\ 589 \\ 55,656$	$6,622 \\11,637 \\225,069 \\589 \\17,406$	2, 442 10, 303 215, 550 396 2, 786	1, 265 9, 963 205, 265 295 722	1, 212 12, 161 191, 805 478 1, 075	1,09711,739179,5674861,561	$1, 221 \\ 10, 938 \\ 169, 669 \\ 409 \\ 534$	$1, 126 \\ 9, 804 \\ 158, 739 \\ 453 \\ 674$	
DAIRY PRODUCTS													
Butter, creamery: Production (factory)tthous. of lb Stocks, cold storage, end of monthdo Price, wholesale, 92-score (New York)_dol. per lb	121, 465 99, 751 . 714	108, 320 111, 400 . 737	94, 885 111, 319 . 732	89, 575 102, 177 . 716	76, 420 83, 951 . 699	95, 855 72, 723 . 678	106, 095 85, 737 . 670	102, 770 99, 557 . 668	122, 895 132, 790 . 668	134, 330 149, 876 . 659	155, 660 193, 609 , 658	157, 280 7 257, 447 .656	138, 07 311, 73 .65
Cheese: Production (factory), total‡thous. of lb_ American, whole milk‡do Stocks, cold storage, end of month, totaldo American, whole milkdo Importe	121, 925 94, 815 239, 632 211, 477 3, 873	112, 370 85, 340 253, 563 222, 933 3, 502	99, 235 73, 905 262, 467 231, 503 6, 486	89, 090 63, 270 256, 885 225, 317 5, 939	78, 110 53, 290 242, 509 210, 029 5, 699	84, 840 55, 330 238, 803 205, 178 4, 454	87,355 58,765 227,499 194,286 6,982	85, 410 60, 010 218, 371 186, 776 3, 559	105, 935 78, 855 232, 255 201, 425 4, 912	$119, 915 \\93, 225 \\262, 606 \\231, 524 \\4, 503$	149, 720 118, 750 313, 276 279, 886 4, 944	151, 225 120, 975 7 373, 855 7 339, 812 4, 183	$128, 49 \\ 102, 20 \\ 417, 85 \\ 383, 71$
Importsdo Price, wholesale, American, single daisies (Chi- cago)dol. per Ib Condensed and evaporated milk: Perduction:	. 436	. 444	. 465	. 463	. 457	. 431	. 427	. 422	. 411	4, 303 . 407	. 408	. 406	. 40
Production: Condensed (sweetened): Bulk goodsthous. of lb Case goodsOdo Evaporated (unsweetened), case goodsdo Stocksmanufacturers'. case goodsdo f month:	20, 660 3, 500 273, 250	21, 200 3, 650 277, 300	14, 600 3, 250 243, 500	10, 250 3, 725 208, 000	9,050 3,275 167,100	10, 100 4, 575 171, 750	5, 050 170, 600	4, 550 160, 000	4, 300 201, 750	4, 480 243, 500	5, 350 322, 600	3, 775 327, 600	2, 67 264, 50
Stocks, manufacturers', case goods, end of month: Condensed (sweetened)thous. of Ib Exportse:	7, 975 417, 109	7, 482 480, 266	8, 354 508, 805	7, 190 493, 073	7, 519 447, 175	8, 320 382, 563	8, 662 313, 741	$10,154 \\ 262,904$	9, 489 238, 043	7, 849 262, 319	8, 688 366, 926	9, 579 475, 333	6, 99 511, 69
Condensed (sweetened)do Evaporated (unsweetened)do Prices, wholesale, U. S. average:	2, 321 10, 570 10, 80	1, 665 9, 029 10, 80	1, 484 5, 764	1, 361 12, 342	1, 071 7, 740	365 6, 539	2, 334 8, 956	1, 527 7, 785	2, 423 11, 106	1, 969 8, 827	2, 718 13, 439	539 14, 848	
Condensed (sweetened)dol. per case Evaporated (unsweetened)do Fluid milk:	6.33	6.38	10.80 6.39	10.80 6.40	10.80 6.39	10, 80 6, 33	6.27	6. 21	6. 12	5.96	5.92	5, 79	5.7
Production	11, 017 4, 439 5. 33	10, 238 4, 062 5, 43	9, 126 3, 553 5, 54	8, 664 3, 247 5. 65	7, 891 2, 769 5, 70	8, 389 3, 250 5, 63	8, 706 3, 458 5. 50	8, 533 3, 346 5. 40	10, 100 4, 059 5. 27	10, 854 4, 522 5. 05	12, 610 5, 435 4, 92	12, 349 5, 492 4. 87	11, 50 4, 74 4. 9
Production: ‡ Dry whole milkthous. of lb Nonfat dry milk solids (human food)do Stocks, manufacturers', end of month:		9, 900 70, 650	6, 175 50, 590	5, 475 45, 100	4, 840 43, 000	5, 840 65, 950	7, 400 78, 000	7, 150 80, 300	8, 250 108, 700	8, 100 124, 900	9, 200 148, 400	9, 390 142, 350	10, 17 113, 20
Dry whole milk Nonfat dry milk solids (human food)do Exports:	21, 385 162, 150	23, 963 167, 428	22, 273 153, 762	20, 212 135, 177	17,009 124,553	$15,181 \\ 127,715$	15, 411 132, 265	$12,844 \\ 128,820$	13, 311 132, 555	13, 391 130, 487	14, 930 154, 334	14, 443 159, 895	13, 61 133, 30
Dry whole milk	3, 453 3, 567 . 165	2, 921 5, 824 . 165	2, 599 2, 515 . 167	3, 186 3, 365 . 166	3, 695 4, 196 , 166	3, 694 8, 851 . 164	3, 495 2, 706 . 163	2,850 1,690 .160	5, 371 2, 260 . 158	3, 824 8, 073 , 153	3, 394 7, 832 . 149	2,920 5,131 .147	.14
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES							.100			. 100			
Apples: Production (crop estimate)thous. of bu Shipments, carloto. of carloads Stocks, cold storage, end of monththous. of bu Citrus fruits, carlot shipmentsno. of carloads	416 153 9, 744	306 238 5, 994	1, 432 6, 221 5, 136	5, 578 26, 892 5, 366	2, 630 24, 941 6, 420	<sup>1</sup> 92, 489 2, 748 20, 061 13, 256	2, 525 15, 265 10, 915	2, 671 10, 775 10, 891	2, 762 6, 386 11, 256	2, 290 3, 278 11, 332	1, 536 1, 377 12, 331	r 655 r 306 r 12, 317	<sup>2</sup> 100, 41 26 12 9, 01
Frozen fruits, stocks, cold storage, end of month thous. of lb	593, 518	578, 699	556, 897	532, 993	493, 402	455, 479	481, 129	496, 233	449, 348	441, 235	456, 980	r 487, 259	556, 71
monththous. of lb Potatoes, white: Production (crop estimate)‡thous. of bu Shipments, carlotno. of carloads	385, 494 13, 126	463, 011 12, 341	530, 091 16, 508	576, 522 21, 536	569, 974 17, 282	534, 933 <sup>1</sup> 347, 504 18, 300	494, 893 23, 101	450, 265 20, 694	419, 899 24, 871	384, 285 19, 337	361, 217 19, 142	* 384, 292 * 25, 238	465, 12 2 382, 83 15, 46
Price, wholesale, U. S. No. 1 (New York) dol. per 100 lb		7.025	6. 188	4. 792	5. 481	4.971	5. 369	5. 317	3, 969	4. 013	4.085	* 2.917	₽ 2. 23

'Revised. > Preliminary. 1 Estimate for 1952. Revisions for 1945-50 for apples are as follows (thous, bu.): 66,686; 118,901; 112,892; 89,330; 134,002; 124,448. <sup>3</sup> August 1 estimate. c<sup>3</sup>Figures beginning July 1952 exclude production of wines and vermouth; for July 1951-June 1952, such production totaled 91,000 gallons.
 'Revisions for production of dairy products prior to November 1950 are available upon request as follows: Beginning 1949 for butter, cheese, and nonfat dry milk solids; beginning 1950 for condensed and evaporated milk and dry whole milk. Revisions for fluid milk (January 1940-February 1951) will be shown later. Revised estimates for production of potatoes for 1944-49 are shown in corresponding note in the September 1952 SURVEY.
 OFigures beginning 1950 represent whole milk only; earlier data cover both whole and skimmed milk.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through			19	52						1953			,
1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1951 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July
	FO	ODST	UFFS	AND 7	ГОВАС	со <b>—</b> С	Continu	ıed					
GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS													
Exports, principal grains, including flour and meal thous. of bu	29, 169	35, 649	38, 870	45, 025	40, 261	56, 484	52, 510	39, 287	48, 066	38, 306	33, 654	30, 849	
Production (crop estimate) <sup>‡</sup> do Receipts, principal marketsdo	10, 110	23, 234	11,264	8,613	8, 294	1227,008 7,659	6, 877	7,005	9,402	8, 161	7,479	6, 527	<sup>2</sup> 243, 869 8, 037
Stocks domestic end of month	14, 861	17, 899	20, 085	18, 989	16, 967	13, 415	11, 902	10, 717	8, 386	7, 555	5, 960	6, 949	9,070
Commercial do On farmst do Exports, including malt do	3, 560	5, 575	132, 890 6, 207	4,367	3, 829	99, 177 4,237	1, 374	2, 161	57, 396 2, 556	1,096	1,064	<sup>3</sup> 25, 567 1, 018	
Prices, wholesale (Minneapolis): No. 2, maltingdol. per bu No. 3, straightdo	1.612 1.430	$1,709 \\ 1,648$	$1.626 \\ 1.480$	1. 631 1. 545	1. 598 1. 505	$1.612 \\ 1.457$	$1.581 \\ 1.456$	1, 495 1, 395	1, 521 1, 459	1, 538 1, 446	1. 531 1. 387	1.440 1.265	1. 420 1. 236
Corn: Production (crop estimate) <sup>‡</sup> mil. of bu						1 3, 307							<sup>2</sup> 3, 330 9, 772
Grindings, wet processthous. of bu Receipts, principal marketsdo	9, 557 14, 293	10, 194 18, 206	$     \begin{array}{r}       11,006 \\       21,567     \end{array} $	12,095 48,645	10,769 56,549	9, 965 33, 489	10,700 22,037	10, 336 18, 195	11, 373 21, 403	11, 406 19, 601	11, 134 20, 621	$\begin{array}{c} 11,033 \\ 24,690 \end{array}$	9, 772 24, 231
Stocks, domestic, end of month: Commercialdodo	20, 772	17, 167	18,186	31, 204	60, 880	62,039 2,173,2	51, 032	46, 101	37, 288	29, 840	21, 740	15,774	10, 218
Commercial	3, 689	2, 854	<sup>3</sup> 171. 4 5, 275	7, 237	16,005	2, 173. 2 22, 183	16,087	7, 568	1, 466. 4 8, 986	8, 773	12, 492	995.3 11,939	
Prices, wholesale: No. 3, white (Chicago)dol. per bu No. 3, yellow (Chicago)dodo	(4) 1,808	(4) 1.808	(4) 1,760	1.962 1.586	2.135 1.575	2.109 1.630	$2.081 \\ 1.605$	(4) 1, 551	$2.095 \\ 1.562$	(4) 1, 573	(4) 1,600	(4) 1.546	(4) 1, 579
Weighted average, 5 markets, all gradesdo Oats:	1.735	1.764	1.716	1, 571	1. 569	1. 597	1. 573	1. 525	1. 540	1, 557	1. 578	1, 522	1.511
Production (crop estimate) <sup>1</sup> mil. of bu Receipts, principal marketsthous. of bu	21,604	22,030	10,705	5, 573	4, 735	<sup>1</sup> 1, 268 13, 979	6,708	6, 884	6, 796	4, 714	4,854	7, 780	<sup>2</sup> 1, 231 17, 033
Stocks, domestic, end of month: Commercialdodo	24, 101	30, 814	34, 204	30, 140	26, 546	25,041	21, 592	19, 819	12, 734	11, 740	10, 828	11, 958	18, 348
Commercialdo On farmstdo Exports, including oatmealdo Price, wholesale, No.3, white (Chicago). dol. per bu	328 . 829	319 . 865	1,006,932 223 . 920	311 . 907	278 . 904	791, 661 279 . 919	$\begin{smallmatrix}&238\\&.881\end{smallmatrix}$	261 . 800	456. 956 935 . 797	286 . 782	328 . 772	<sup>3</sup> 220, 067 358 . 752	. 760
Rice: Production (crop estimate) <sup>‡</sup> thous. of bu						1 108, 133				<b>-</b>			2 111, 338
California: Receipts, domestic, roughthous. of lb Shipments from mills, milled ricedo	40, 996	23, 302	12, 593	177, 837	154, 481	110, 166	88,012	89, 398 78, 442	90, 896	72,663	96, 375	78,020	79,454
Stocks, rough and cleaned (cleaned basis), and	36, 124 30, 032	41, 993 7, 276	3, 298 12, 153	61, 546 65, 882	66, 808 107, 170	93, 444 90, 015	69, 705 80, 077	62, 143	49,060 74.247	76, 436 48, 063	63, 242 48, 982	55, 941	49, 364
of monththous. of lb Southern States (Ark., La., Tenn., Tex.): Receipts, rough, at millsthous. of lb	11,757	320, 328	1, 098, 656	1, 338, 113	369, 394	219, 191	127, 747	61, 571	17,044	40,003 8,169	9,937	44, 537 15, 567	49, 517 6, 261
Shipments from mills, milled rices do	101, 039	<sup>5</sup> 102, 469	338, 871	361, 716	316, 100	276, 817	225, 283	175, 366	73, 162	106, 741	147, 581	131, 382	84, 077
basis), end of monththous. of lb. Exportsdo. Price, wholesale, head, clean (N. O.)dol. per lb.	61,979 141,312 .105	176, 842 51, 859 . 105	595, 654 101, 657 . 104	1, 104, 889 199, 214 . 105	995, 513 149, 231 . 106	829, 159 203, 331 . 108	699,757 199,698 .108	550, 827 80, 638 . 108	482,864 114,183 121	370, 233 113, 180 . 124	$235,052 \\ 62,057 \\ .124$	111, 633 63, 625 . 124	29,640 p.124
Rye: Production (crop estimate) <sup>†</sup> thous, of bu						1 15, 910							2 17, 452
Receipts, principal marketstdo Stocks, commercial, domestic, end of month.do Price, wholesale, No. 2 (Minn.)dol. per bu	2,449 1,568 1.972	1,770 3,210 1.951	815 3, 285 1, 861	$ \begin{array}{r}     328 \\     2,917 \\     1.914 \end{array} $	302 2, 698 1. 978	2,470 2,892 1.920	321 2, 685 1, 831	$239 \\ 2,254 \\ 1.751$	240 2. 320 1. 753	$1,488 \\ 3,373 \\ 1,614$	$\begin{array}{c} 1,201\\ 3,627\\ 1,516\end{array}$	$502 \\ 3, 630 \\ 1.388$	$ \begin{array}{c} 1,136\\ 3,755\\ 1.268 \end{array} $
Wheat: Production (crop estimate), totaltmil. of bu						11, 291, 4							2 1202.8
Spring wheatdodd_dodd_dd						1238.6 11,052.8							<sup>2</sup> 324. 5 <sup>2</sup> 878. 3
Receipts, principal marketsthous. of bu Disappearance, tdo	149, 329	59, 153	<b>43, 666</b> 211, 636	23, 804	21, 383	$ \begin{array}{c} 23,372\\ 249,807 \end{array} $	23, 399	15, 809	19,833 263,986	25, 917	27, 035	79, 993 283, 265	103, 118
Stocks, end of month: Canada (Canadian wheat)do United States, domestic, totalo <sup>3</sup> tdo	189, 545	190, 469	224, 407 1, 344, 121	242, 463	237, 465	251, 212 1, 103, 275	261, 241	265, 465	272, 551 840, 836	268, 135	255, 780	r 239, 783	267, 564
Commercial do	279, 426	308, 618	313, 561	293, 700	276, 075	259, 257	240, 968	231, 647	217, 258	211, 909	205, 929	<sup>3</sup> 559, 349 <sup>3</sup> 239, 330	342, 428
Merchant mills.			$365, 177 \\ 150, 243$			311,752 128,199			246, 186 101, 691			<sup>3</sup> 180, 407 <sup>3</sup> 58, 408	
On farmstdo Exports, total, including flourdo Wheat onlydo	21,417 17,232	$26,831 \\ 23,385$	510,819 27,154 22,744	33, 051 29, 193	20,149 16,146	$\begin{array}{r} 399,412 \\ 29,786 \\ 24,547 \end{array}$	$34,811 \\ 30,873$	29, 298 25, 586	$\begin{array}{c} 268,440\\ 35,586\\ 32,491 \end{array}$	$28.151 \\ 24.725$	19, 769 15, 985	<sup>3</sup> 72, 840 17, 535 13, 352	
Prices, wholesale: No. 1, dark northern spring (Minneapolis)	,												
dol. per bu. No. 2, hard winter (Kansas City)do No. 2, red winter (St. Louis)do Weighted avg., 6 markets, all gradesdo	2, 547 2, 251 2, 154 2, 314	2, 447 2, 323 2, 211 2, 413	2. 470 2. 409 2. 288 2. 474	$ \begin{array}{r} 2,504\\ 2,416\\ 2,329\\ 2,519 \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2, 533 2, 445 2, 329 2, 568	2,490 2,402 2,380 2,530	$\begin{array}{c} 2.\ 492 \\ 2.\ 358 \\ 2.\ 355 \\ 2.\ 505 \end{array}$	2. 521 2. 395 (4) 2. 551	2, 529 2, 387 2, 270 2, 529	2.558 2.355 2.145 2.530	$\begin{array}{c} 2.492 \\ 2.036 \\ 1.793 \\ 2.265 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 2.443 \\ 2.086 \\ 1.808 \\ 2.202 \end{array}$
Wheat flour:													
Production: Flourthous. of sacks (100 lb.)	19,099	19, 177	19, 714	21,081	18,671	18,990	19,783	17,041	18, 565	17, 351	17.695	18,035	18, 720
Operations, percent of capacity	78, 2 387, 693	82.3 386,219	84.7 396,826	82.7 424,466	88.9 377,270	79.3 380,119	87.3 397.704	79.0 336,676	78.0 363,955	73, 5 341, 898	78.8 347,478	76.6	75.6
Grindings of wheatthous. of bu Stocks held by mills, end of quarter thous. of seeks (100 lb.)	44, 530	44, 698	45,901	49, 088	43, 458	44,107	45, 968	39, 435	42.903	40, 103	40, 904	41,767	43, 344
thous. of sacks (100 lb.) Exportsdo Prices, wholesale: Spring, short patents (Minneapolis)*	1, 796	1, 479	4, 834 1, 893	1, 656	1, 718	4,152 2,248	1, 690	1, 593	4. 544 1, 328	1, 471	1, 624	4, 093 1, 795	
dol. per sack (100 lb.) Winter, hard, short patents (Kansas City)*do	5.590 5.225	5.505 5.225	5, 390 5, 375	5.635 5.500	$5.830 \\ 5.625$	5,825 5.525	5. 765 5. 525	5, 855 5, 425	6. 075 5. 675	5. 980 5. 675	5. 935 5. 675	5.550 ₽ 5.150	

winter, hard, short patents (Kansas City)\*...doi\_\_\_\_\_\_5.224 = 5.224 = 5.225 = 5.304 = 5.625 = 5.525 = 5.525 = 5.525 = 5.425 = 5.425 = 5.675 = 5.675 = 5.675 = 5.675 = 5.675 = 5.675 = 5.765 = 5.276 \* Revised. \* Preliminary. = Estimate for 1952. \* August 1 estimate. \* Old crop only: new grain not reported until beginning of new crop year (July for barley, oats, and wheat; October for corn). \* No quotation. \* See note "§". The indicated grain series have been revised as follows: Production—barley, corn, oats, 1944-49; rye, wheat, 1945-49; rice, 1949; stocks on farms—barley, corn, oats, 1944-49; wheat, 1945-49; domestic disappearance of wheat and total United States stocks of domestic wheat, 1945-49. All revisions will be shown later. Revised series. Data are furnished by the Chicago Board of Trade and represent receipts at 12 interior primary markets; for names of markets and data for January 1948-July 1950, see note marked "t" on p. S-28 of the October 1951 SURVEY. § Data through July 1952 reflect adjustments for certain intermill transactions; July 1952 figure comparable with data beginning August 1952 is 108,570,000 pounds. The total includes wheat owned by the Commodity Credit Corporation and stored off farms in its own steel and wooden bins; such data are not included in the breakdown of stocks, \*New series. Data prior to February 1951 will be shown later.

#### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

S-29

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through			19	52						1953			
1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1951 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July
	FO	ODST	UFFS	AND 7	ГОВАС	ссо—с	Continu	ıed			L	·	
LIVESTOCK													
Cattle and calves: Slaughter (Federally inspected): Calves	430 1, 100	426 1, 135	496 1, 215	602 1, 390	510 1, 151	$523 \\ 1,252$	453 1, 313	422 1, 170	535 1, 299	541 1, 371	$504 \\ 1,345$	586 1,450	616 1, 498
Receipts, principal marketsdo Shipments, feeder, to 8 corn-belt Statesdo Prices, wholesale:	1, 898 185 32, 53	2,078 338	2, 641 563	* 3, 143 1, 088	2,379 667	2, 023 250	1, 877 184	$1,609 \\ 80$	1, 952 119	2, 019 146	2,055 142	2, 440 167	2, 257 192
Beef steers (Chicago)dol. per 100 lb Steers, stocker and feeder (Kansas City)do Calves, vealers (Chicago)do Hogs:	32, 33 25, 24 32, 00	$32.52 \\ 25.17 \\ 32.00$	32. 19 23. 57 31. 50	32.09 22.76 33.00	31, 37 22, 31 33, 00	28.77 20.50 29.00	$26.04 \\ 21.73 \\ 30.50$	$23.41 \\ 20.91 \\ 33.50$	21, 98 21, 19 29, 00	21.50 19.91 25.50	21, 83 19, 80 27, 50	21.73 15.22 r 19.50	24.26 16.75 22.99
Slaughter (Federally inspected) thous. of animals Receipts, principal marketsdo	3, 641 2, 268	3, 592 2, 203	4, 290 2, 540	5, 492 3, 099	5, 772 3, 326	7, 251 4, 233	6, 267 3, 571	4, 550 2, 562	4, 962 2, 785	4, 325 2, 358	3, 643 2, 031	3, 607 2, 119	3, 276 1, 836
Prices: Wholesale, average, all grades (Chicago) dol. per 100 lb	19.96	19, 98	19.11	18.55	16.76	16. 52	17.98	19.39	20. 50	21.88	23. 54	23.24	23. 29
Hog-corn ratio bu. of corn equal in value to 100 lb. of live hog Sheep and lambs: Slaughter (Federally inspected)	11.4	11.9	11.1	12.1	11.4	10.7	12.0	1 <b>3</b> . 5	13.8	14.2	15. 5	15. 5	16. 5
thous. of animals Receipts, principal marketsdo Shipments, feeder, to 8 corn-belt Statesdo Prices, wholesale:	908 1,067 176	1,020 1,455 479	$1,243 \\ 2,119 \\ 722$	$1,427 \\ 2,228 \\ 788$	$1,069 \\ 1,289 \\ 319$	$1,218 \\ 1,267 \\ 203$	$1,289 \\ 1,295 \\ 147$	1,088 1,038 83	1, 190 1, 173 113	$1,100 \\ 1,115 \\ 93$	1, 015 1, 147 J21	1, 055 1, 108 94	$1,108 \\ 1,158 \\ 125$
Lambs, average (Chicago)dol. per 100 lb Lambs, feeder, good and choice (Omaha)do	28, 38 24, 25	28.62 24.63	$25.50 \\ 23.10$	23.88 21.25	$22.62 \\ 20.50$	21.62 19.18	$21.50 \\ 20.52$	$22.38 \\ 20.01$	23. 12 20. 83	24.00 ( <sup>1</sup> )	25.12 ( <sup>1</sup> )	25, 50 (1)	25. 38 17. 94
MEATS													
Total meats (including lard): Production (inspected slaughter)mil. of lb Stocks, cold storage, end of monthdo Exportsdo	1, 418 983 49	$1,395 \\ 825 \\ 50$	1, 527 696 37	1,819 636 55	1, 742 779 59	2,127 1,046 59	1,999 21,038 65	1,572 21,043 63	1,712 2990 55	$^{1,649}_{^{2}929}_{55}$	$^{1,537}_{^{2}818}_{50}$	1,617 r 2 749 46	1, 579 2 632
Beef and veal: Production (inspected slaughter)thous. of lb Stocks, cold storage, end of monthdo Exportsdo	659, 036 171, 444 1, 666	669, 445 167, 437 1, 240	713, 624 184, 158 1, 150	801, 489 214, 594 1, 365	662,271 252,306 1,153	734, 974 286, 299 1, 319	775, 091 287, 258 877	701,489 274,457 1,272	779, 450 256, 439 1, 368	$826,083 \\ 234,891 \\ 1,794$	812, 729 210, 274 1, 965	859, 894 r 190, 408 2, 848	877, 290 163, 458
Price, wholesale, beef, fresh, steer carcasses, choice (600-700 lbs.) (New York)dol. per lb	. 534	. 559	. 562	. 556	. 545	. 514	. 477	. 432	. 392	. 382	. 385	. 387	. 426
Lamb and mutton: Production (inspected slaughter)thous. of lb Stocks, cold storage, end of monthdo Pork, including lard, production (inspected	38, 601 11, 814	43, 880 11, 318	52, 839 12, 553	$61,726 \\ 16,002$	47, 505 17, 580	56, 616 21, 912	$\begin{array}{c} 61,371\ 20,816 \end{array}$	53, 166 23, 670	58, 129 19, 945	52, 458 17, 493	46, 755 14, 720	44, 558 * 13, 461	47, 324 10. 968
slaughter)thous, of 1b Pork, excluding land:	720, 191 525, 855	681, 587 506, 990	760, 409 571, 228	955, 425 715, 279	1,031,841	1, 335, 205 984, 200	1, 162, 504 841, 949	816, 995 601, 403	874, 686 650, 145	770, 875	677, 203	712, 978 533, 230	654, 193 489, 360
Production (inspected slaughter)do Stocks, cold storage, end of monthdo Exportsdo Prices, wholesale:	542, 707 10, 833	407, 558 5, 892	290, 931 5, 673	234, 894 5, 768	703, 830 319, 643 7, 386	489, 152 8, 742	595, 546 8, 605	601, 403 604, 813 9, 983	569, 204 7, 745	570, 190 538, 025 5, 210	502, 422 459, 755 6, 392	7 414, 227 6, 768	489, 500 340, 520
Hams, smoked, compositedol, per lb Fresh loins, 8-12 lb. average (New York)do Lard:	. 585 . 552	. 616 . 612	. 571 . 569	. 569 . 515	. 552 . 449	. 559 . 402	. 581 . 424	. 595 . 464	. 602 . 479	. 592 . 523	.619 .567	. 650 . 576	₽.683 .597
Production (inspected slaughter)thous. of lb Stocks, dry and cold storage, end of month f. do Exportsdo Price, wholesale, refined (Chicago)dol. per lb	141, 823 208, 025 32, 421 . 140	127, 696 167, 718 37, 288 , 138	$138,047 \\ 143,223 \\ 26,611 \\ .143$	175, 664 111, 912 43, 043 . 143	$194,381 \\ 136,610 \\ 46,638 \\ .133$	256, 269 210, 994 44, 347 . 113	$234,448 \\ 241,760 \\ 50,867 \\ .120$	157,799 241,890 45,881 .125	164, 072 239, 009 39, 862 . 135	$146,255 \\ 225,936 \\ 40,675 \\ .135$	128,166200,62133,841.150	130,863169,31128,908.140	120, 175 109, 342 <sup>p</sup> . 162
POULTRY AND EGGS					1100		. 120			.100	. 150		102
Poultry: Receipts, 5 marketsthous, of ib Stocks, cold storage, end of monthdo Price, wholesale, live fowls (Chicago)§.dol. per ib	47, 806 157, 045 . 215	52, 536 144, 508 . 235	64, 955 182, 786 . 245	81, 748 279, 191 . 225	74, 618 294, 424 . 250	70, 745 278, 595 . 263	$38,884 \\ 261,072 \\ .310$	34, 125 220, 606 . 318	39, 046 174, 243 . 333	40, 934 140, 371 . 345	44, 435 123, 485 . 325	46, 431 * 117, 876 . 245	46, 075 111, 876 <sup>p</sup> . 275
Eggs: Production, farm	4, 431 1, 664	4, 125 1, 140	4, 081 1, 069	4, 371 758	4, 480 957	5, 037 685	5, 441 442	5, 328 1, 168	6, 298 2, 120	6, 094 2, 131	5, 872 2, 453	5, 051 1, 914	4, 642 2, 088
Stocks, cold storage, end of month: Shellthous. of cases Frozenthous. of lb Price, wholesale, extras, large (Chicago)	2, 728 163, 359	2, 169 144, 326	1, 709 123, 661	1, 000 95, 333	393 72, 462	153 50, 176	120 34, 980	248 42, 419	375 65, 201	816 98, 978	7 1, 431 132, 294	r 1, 513 r 159, 755	1, 195 154, 284
dol, per doz. MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS	. 525	. 553	. 553	. 631	. 560	. 489	. 454	. 443	. 495	. 497	. 486	. 517	. 531
Confectionery, manufacturers' sales <sup>*</sup> . thous. of dol.	47, 481	61, 370	100,000	113, 845	101, 501	102,603	87,060	83,063	81, 213	77, 096	63, 522	56, 041	48, 895
Cocoa: Importslong tons Price, wholesale, Accra (New York)_dol. per lb	12, 977 . 381	9, 043 . 354	8,705 .333	4, 210 . 340	13, 272 . 318	37, 144 . 308	32, 530 . 318	24, 678 300	21, 775 . 328	27, 425 . 339	* 28, 493 . 334	26, 164 . 346	».385
Coffee: Coffee: To United States To United States Visible supply, United States 	1, 177 719 579	1,455 924 605	1,601 1,045 889	1, 456 846 611	1,450 893 529	1,453 817 691	1, 269 788 712	1, 160 757 776	1, 374 776 700	999 526 634	860 411 511	1, 149 685 666	860 361 531
Importsdo Price, wholesale, Santos, No. 4 (New York) dol. per lb	1, 408 . 545	1, 454 . 548	1, 869 . 545	1, 615	1, 394 . 535	2, 205 . 538	1, 839 . 540	1, 815 . 553	2, 247 . 618	034 2, 149 . 573	1, 256 . 553	1, 278 1, 560	
Fish: Landings, fresh fish, 5 portsthous. of lb Stocks, cold storage, end of monthdo		64, 754 183, 826 des lard: o			,		20, 492 170, 263	23, 689 142, 040	<b>31,</b> 514 119, 099	<b>34,</b> 911 109, 189	47, <b>3</b> 14 113, 581	142,655	169, 68 <b>6</b>

#### September 1953

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through			19	52			1			1953			
1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1951 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July
	FO	ODST	UFFS	AND 7	говас	20-0	Continu	ıed					
MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS-Con.													
Sugar: Cuban stocks, raw, end of month thous. of Spanish tons United States: Deliveries and supply (raw basis): Production and receipts: Production	34, 190	3, 645 9, 971	3, 320 91, 126	2, 895 602, 545	2, 620 732, 540	2, 170 388, 838	1, 970 69, 484	2, 679 34, 014	3, 801 37, 407	4, 906 59, 948	4, 676	<b>4, 3</b> 64 51, 262	3, 908 26, 860
Entries from off-shoredo Hawaii and Puerto Ricodo	$617, 564 \\ 167, 422$	573, 936 177, 671	725, 621 237, 299	387,590 273,166	226,961 108,362	194, 722 123, 853	469, 755 149, 498	398, 576 143, 730	627, 988 192, 443	854, 355 248, 129	530, 430 235, 756	628, 878 180, 490	607, 226 234, 674
Deliveries, total do For domestic consumption do For export do Stocks, raw and refined, end of month	757,414 754,156 73,258	734, 684 731, 376 3, 308	744, 355 742, 146 2, 209	680, 035 677, 919 2, 116	519, 868 518, 373 1, 495	596, 070 593, 793 2, 277	576, 630 574, 789 1, 841	546, 884 545, 674 1, 210	878, 155 876, 548 1, 607	588, 583 587, 001 1, 582	599, 440 597, 627 1, 813	790, 640 779, 785 10, 885	$886, 890 \\ 885, 168 \\ 1, 722$
Exports, refined sugar	917 6, 116	831 2, 525	697 649	1,045 12,376	1, 518 625	$1,602 \\ 527$	$1,587 \\ 377$	$     \begin{array}{c}       1, 513 \\       10, 356     \end{array} $	1, 306 441	$\substack{1,392\\685}$	1, 423 9, 095	$1,312 \\ 14,326$	1, 103
Raw sugar, total	356,970 208,611 148,359	346, 907 245, 485 83, 858	305, 205 240, 343 63, 861	124,47396,83617,875	$120, 331 \\ 102, 213 \\ 9, 599$	156, 891 129, 183 23, 964	$269.\ 495\ 205,\ 264\ 58,\ 542$	$260, 306 \\ 178, 519 \\ 81, 667$	361, 182 303, 479 55, 438	$341,775 \\ 274,851 \\ 62,664$	325, 791 222, 582 93, 039	$393, 731 \\ 221, 650 \\ 165, 748$	
Refined sugar, totaldodododo	38, 106 33, 287	43, 038 41, 012	46, 738 43, 590	40,675 35,160	2,618 0	7, 198 350	37, 924 32, 493	28, 173 25, 614	46, 834 39, 549	55, 961 48, 433	54, 782 46, 720	$\begin{array}{c} 40,271\\ 40,226\end{array}$	
Prices (New York): Raw, wholesaledol, per lb Refined:	. 066	. 064	. 065	. 066	. 064	. 060	. 060	. 062	. 0 <b>#4</b>	. 064	. 064	7.064	p.064
Retaildol. per 5 lbdol. per 5 lbdol. per 1bdol. per 5 lbdol. per 1bdol. per 1b	. 494 . 086 8, 482	. 494 . 086 8, 094	. 495 . 086 9, 506	. 495 . 086 7, 430	. 495 . 086 5, 530	. 494 . 085 6, 931	. 493 . 085 10, 466	. 490 . 083 7, 949	. 489 . 086 10. 590	$.494 \\ .086 \\ 11,141$	7, 494 . 086 7, 943	. 494 . 086 9, 215	1.498 ₽.086
TOBACCO Leaf:													
Production (crop estimate) tmil. of lb Stocks, dealers' and manufacturers', end of quar- ter, totalmil. of lb Domestic:			3, 951			<sup>2</sup> 2, 255 4, 491			* 4, 498			4, 035	3 2, 086
Cigar leafdo Air-cured, fire-cured, flue-cured, and miscel- lancous domesticmil. of lb			362 3, 410			341 3,963			391 r 3, 922			368 3, 472	
Foreign grown: Cigar leafdo			18 161			19 168			19 167			18 177	
Cigarette tobacco	26, 087 8, 966	34, 730 9, 619	50, 451 9, 173	41,777 9,584	43, 055 8, 226	36, 739 7, 736	30, 746 8, 918	22, 900 8, 290	41, 020 9, 085	50, 103 7, 961	35, 682 8, 787	33, 263 9, 578	
Manufactured products: Production, manufactured tobacco, totaldo Chewing, plug, and twistdo Smokingdo Snuffdo Consumption (withdrawals): Cicarettes (small):	16, 319 6, 827 7, 230 2, 263	18, 554 7, 011 8, 373 3, 170	20, 051 7, 366 9, 406 3, 279	21, 342 7, 936 9, 781 3, 625	16, 123 6, 378 6, 843 2, 903	$16, 369 \\ 6, 469 \\ 6, 662 \\ 3, 237$	16, 683 6, 394 6, 893 3, 396	16, 385 6, 638 6, 639 3, 108	17, 947 7, 138 7, 458 3, 352	18, 326 6, 935 8, 064 3, 328	17, 806 7, 246 7, 494 3, 066	18, 170 7, 347 7, 430 3, 393	
Tax-freemillions Tax-paiddo Cigars (large), tax-paid §thousands Manufactured tobacco and snuff, tax-paid §	2, 833 33, 837 468, 037	4, 366 35, 972 492, 613	4, 325 34, 950 498, 518	4, 294 37, 372 548, 196	3, 408 30, 386 528, 081	2, 859 30, 066 448, 045	2, 649 32, 498 431, 158	2, 394 32, 212 542, 594	3, 856 34, 105 469, 164	2, 703 31, 607 477, 520	2, 658 * 30, 587 507, 629	3, 130 33, 304 501, 499	₽ 29, 95 ₽ 489, 729
thous, of lb	16, 239 1, 329	18, 455 1, 810	19, 315 1, 266	20, 791 1, 304	15, 653 1, 244	15, 786 1, 626	16, 804 1, 306	15, 480 1, 348	17, 056 1, 813	17, 887 1, 331	17, 488 1, 482	17, 812 1, 119	₽ 15, 939
dol. per thous	3. 555	3. 555	3. 555	3. 555	3. 555	3, 555	3. 555	3, 555	3. 938	3. 938	3.938	3. 938	₽ 3. 938

#### LEATHER AND PRODUCTS

HIDES AND SKINS													
Imports, total hides and skins ‡thous. of lb Calf and kip skinsthous. of pieces	19, 460 211	16, 003 209	11, 963 194	13, 759 97	9, 134 142	14, 149 182	12, 429 137	11, 264 72	$13,093 \\ 217$	18, 407 123	$18,166 \\ 253$	20, 258 2, 271	
Cattle hides t dodododododododo	232	75 2, 648	90 2, 804	45 2,796	21 2, 381	50 3, 771	$20 \\ 3,673$	38 2,458	41 2, 870	31 3. 055	$21 \\ 3.032$	2, 2,1 47 2, 731	
Sheep and lamb skins do do Prices, wholesale (Chicago):	1, 903	2, 520	1,100	2, 150	720	1, 195	1,392	1, 431	1, 759	4,466	3, 826	4, 629	
Caliskins, packer, heavy, 91/2/15 lbs.* dol. per lb Hides, steer, heavy, native, over 53 lbs.*do	. 425 . 155	. 450 . 175	. 475 . 160	$.488 \\ .160$	. 513 . 170	. 488 . 165	$^{.488}_{.120}$	. 550 . 137	$.563 \\ .128$	$.513 \\ .138$	. 613 . 153	.625 .150	р 0. 513 р. 157
LEATHER													
Production: Calf and kipthous. of skins Cattle hidethous. of hides Goat and kidthous. of skins Sheep and lambdo.	$\begin{array}{r} 684 \\ 1,605 \\ 2,588 \\ 1,912 \end{array}$	913 1, 910 2, 287 2, 711	967 1, 881 2, 330 2, 551	1,045 2,224 2,937 2,942	846 1, 963 2, 572 2, 442	994 2, 102 2, 985 2, 244	930 2, 123 2, 802 2, 215	857 2,006 2,709 2,368	936 2, 020 3, 172 2, 319	871 2, 133 2, 979 2, 435	* 849 * 2,117 * 2,922 2,618	826 1, 996 3, 123 2, 520	
Exports: Sole leather:	-, 012	2, 2	<b>1</b> ,001	-, • • • •	-,	2, 211	2, 210	2,000	_, 010	2, 100	2, 010	2, 020	
Bends, backs, and sidesthous. of lb Offal, including belting offaldo Upper leatherthous. of sq. ft.	56 73 2, 134	39 45 2, 798	75 51 2, 288	25 92 3, 125	24 13 2, 512	65 43 2, 818	57 96 3, 000	82 33 2, 743	42 76 2, 996	$\begin{array}{c}23\\73\\4,002\end{array}$	65 55 3, 959	24 53 3, 492	
Prices, wholesale: Sole, bends, light, f. o. b. tannery*dol. per lb Upper, chrome calf, B and C grades, f. o. b. tan-	. 705	. 710	. 695	. 690	. 685	. 705	. 705	. 680	. 690	. 680	. 725	<b>r</b> .720	₽.689
nery*	. 873	. 890	.928	. 938	. 955	. 987	. 968	1.000	1.013	1.007	1.125	<b>r</b> 1. 127	p 1.083

\* Revised. \* Preliminary. • June 1952 revision, 4,358,000 Spanish tons. : Including northern New Jersey. \* Revised estimate for 1952. \* August 1 estimate. TRevisions for tobacco (1944-49) are shown in note marked "\$" in the September 1952 SURVET; those for the indicated series for hides and skins (1950) in note marked "\$" in the October 1951 issue. Revised to represent data based on number of stamps used by manufacturers, except for the latest month which is based on stamps sold to manufacturers; revisions prior to May 1952 will be shown later. \*New series. Compiled by U. S. Department of Labor, Fureau of Labor Statistics; data prior to August 1951 for sole leather and prior to February 1951 for other indicated series will be shown later.

#### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the			19	52						1953			1
1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1951 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July
	L	EATH	ER AN	D PRO	DDUCT	'S—Co	ntinue	d					
LEATHER MANUFACTURES													
shoes and slippers:‡ Production, totalthous. of pairs	38, 520	46, 552	44, 100	46, 341	38, 932	42,033	45, 268	44, 872	48, 723	44, 968	41, 858	40, 824	
Shoes, sandals, and play shoes, except athletic, totalthous. of pairs	33, <b>94</b> 6	40, 703	37,842	39, 185	32, 659	37, 303	41, 778	40, 967	44,079	40, 193	36, 979	35, 790	
By types of uppers: d All leather do	29, 938	36, 385	33,906	35, 057	29, 080	32,750	36, 278	<b>35, 3</b> 36	37, 520	40, 195 33, 898	31, 986	31, 745	
Part leather and nonleatherdo	4,008	4, 318	3, 936	4,128	29,080	4, 553	5, 500	5, 631	6, 559	6, 295	4, 993	4,045	
By kinds: Men'sdo	7,256	8, 986	8,775	9, 339	7, 866	9,010	8, 953	8, 745	9,125	8, 979	8, 532	8,136	
Youths' and boys'do	1, 485 18, 385	1, 949 21, 910	1,826 19,419	1,709 19,446	1, 442 15, 580	1, 539 18, 028	1, 558 21, 718	1,515 21,005	1,622 22,945	1, 474 20, 765	1, 574 18, 490	1, 595 18, 161	
Misses' and children'sdo Infants' and babies'do	4, 393 2, 427	5, 135 2, 723	5,040 2,782	5, 553 3, 138	4,882 2,889	5,585 3,141	6, 257 3, 292	6, 298 3, 404	6, 527 3, 860	5, 436 3, 539	5, 139 3, 247	5, 077 2, 821	
Slippers for houseweardodododo	4,070 169	2, 723 5, 249 234	5, 638 264	6, 442 286	5, 668 237	4, 161 229	2, 946 226	3, 369 238	4, 059 265	4, 271 279	4, 375 280	4, 533 258	
Other footwear	335 246	366 331	356	428	368	340	318	298	320	225 353	224	243 253	
Exports§do Prices, wholesale, f. o. b. factory:* Men's and boys' oxfords, dress, cattle hide	240	001	386	433	346	305	293	388	468	303	348	203	<b>-</b> -
upper, Goodyear welt	108.5	108.5	108.5	108.5	109.0	110.3	110.3	110.3	110.3	110.3	110.3	110.3	1
Women's oxfords (nurses'), side upper, Good- year welt1947-49=100	113, 3	113.3	113.3	113.3	114.5	117.1	117.1	117.1	117. 1	117.1	117.5	r 118. 1	1
Women's and misses' pumps, suede split_do	112.9	112.9	112.9	112.9	112.9	113. 4	113. 4	113.4	113.4	110.7	110.7	110.7	
		LUN	IBER	AND M	1ANUF	FACTU	RES						
LUMBER—ALL TYPES											1		
xports, total sawmill products	48, 717 183, 140	67, 746 200, 342	48, 534 227, 340	40, 949 255, 581	44, 363 241, 379	61, 470 243, 479	54, 326 189, 269	62, 158 195, 457	47, 247 238, 076	58, 631 219, 381	53, 192 242, 183	53, 765 270, 350	
ational Lumber Manufacturers Association: Production, total	3, 247	3, 454	3, 526	3, 568	3, 069		2, 973		-		3, 200	,	
Hardwoodsdo	630	705	701	692	691	2,856 618	658	2, 941 677	$3,284 \\ 638 \\ 638$	3, 516 658	543	3, 428 622	
Softwoodsdodddododddddoddddddddddddddddd	2, 617 3, 093	2, 749 3, 377	2, 825 3, 520	2, 876 3, 594	$2,378 \\ 3,072$	2, 238 2, 877	2, 315 3, 025	2, 264 2, 940	2, 646 3, 356	2, 858 3, 582	2,657 3,306	2,806 3,408	
Hardwoodsdo Softwoodsdo	569 2, 524	656 2, 721	685 2,835	720 2, 874	708 2,364	630 2, 247	$705 \\ 2,320$	738 2, 202	783 2, 573	802 2, 780	701 2,605	688 2,720	
Softwoodsdodododododododododododo		8, 348	8, 353	8, 328	8, 324	8,304	8, 234	8, 234	8, 163	8,094	7, 955	7,739	
Hardwoodsdodo	8, 272 3, 192 5, 080	3, 241 5, 107	3, 256	3, 228 5, 100	3, 211	3, 199	3, 152	3, 091	2, 947	2,802	2, 644	2, 576	
SOFTWOODS	0,000	3, 107	5,097	5, 100	5, 113	5, 105	5, 082	5, 143	5, 216	5, 292	5, 311	5, 163	'
ouglas fir:⊕													
Orders, newdo Orders, unfilled, end of monthdo	884 975	835 893	890 780	925 756	774 753	823 811	899 888	851 921	959 925	1,032 925	814 894	847 838	
ProductiondodOdOdOdOdOdOdOdOdOdOdOdOdOdOd	773	912 917	959 1,003	923 949	785 777	812 764	860 817	849 810	967 940	942 978	885 863	883 888	
Stocks, gross, mill, end of monthdo Exports, total sawmill productsM bd. ft	967 19, 542	961 36, 450	917 18,856	892 15, 843	899 14,110	948 16, 455	991 22, 119	1,030 17,815	1,057 22,393	1, 018 30, 276	1,008 29,067	1,002 18,058	
Sawed timberdo	8,886	12, 369	7.268	7,462	4,156	4,984	6, 783	6,663	6, 800	14,691	16, 245	7,138	
Boards, planks, scantlings, etcdo Prices, wholesale:	10, 656	24, 081	11, 588	8, 381	9, 954	11, 471	15, 336	11, 152	15, 593	15, 585	12, 822	10, 920	
Dimension, No. 1 common, 2" x 4", R. L. dol. per M bd. ft	86.303	86, 436	86. 576	86. 576	86.310	84.945	84.665	84. 105	83.405	82. 845	79.009	r 78.064	P7
dol. per M bd. ft Flooring, B and better, F. G., 1" x 4", R. L. dol. per M bd. ft	121, 234	120.418	120, 418	120.418	122.051	124.460	124.460	125, 105	126. 232	127.049	126.396	126.396	₽ 16
outhern pine: Orders, newmil. bd. ft	756	759	776	802	677	599	758	692	752	803	739	709	
Orders, unfilled, end of monthdo Productiondo	326 735	365	372 747	376	372 670	295 708	320	350	356	383	376	344	
Shipments	764	720	769	787 798	681	676	767 733	700 662	767 746	830 776	754 746	767 741	
of monthM bd. ftM bd. ft	1, 589	1, 574	1, 552	1, 541	1, 530	1, 562	1, 596	1,634	1,655	1, 709	1, 717	1,743	[ :
Exports, total sawmill products M bd. it. Sawed timber	6, 477 1, 928	5, 985 1, 351	5, 317 1, 152	4,300 1,104	6, 163 1, 776	11, 517 1, 529	9, 345 1, 327	7, 379 3, 016	5, 821 1, 621	5, 123 1, 139	5, 262 1, 335	5, 590 1, 126	
Prices wholesale composite.	4, 549	4, 634	4, 165	3,196	4, 387	9, 988	8, 018	4, 363	4, 200	3, 984	3, 927	4, 464	
Boards, No. 2 and better, 1" x 6" x R. L.*	79.250	80. 260	81.483	81. 572	81. 921	82, 113	81.402	81.180	80.675	80.487	79. 439	r 78. 748	P 7
Flooring, B and better, F. G., 1" x 4" x 5/L* dol. per M bd. ft	156.068	158. 322	158.358	158.971	158.971	158.971	159. 583	159. 706	159.360	158.748	156.604	156.604	₽ 15
Vestern pine:⊕ Orders, newmil. bd. ft	739	737	719				1						1 10
Orders, unfilled, end of monthdo	610	656	675	737 657	592 614	614 628	610 670	531 657	586 643	653 665	646 650	718 679	1
Productiondo Shipmentsdo Stocks, gross, mill, end of monthdo	746 678	730 687	702 650	740 706	572 561	462 550	426 518	429 444	554 550	676 631	629 611	746 688	
Price, wholesale, Ponderosa, boards, No. 3 com-	1, 715	1, 758	1, 810	1, 844	1, 855	1, 767	1, 675	1, 660	1, 664	1, 709	1, 727	1, 557	
mon, 1" x 8"dol. per M bd. ft	83.50	83. 54	83.23	81.55	81.31	82.65	83.61	83.64	84.07	85.00	85.04	* 84. 92	<b>P</b>
SOFTWOOD PLYWOOD												_	
roductionthous. of sq. ft., 3%" equivalent hipmentsdo	228, 705 215, 391	283, 827 276, 444	295, 381 292, 584	307, 321 306, 791	237,048 r 241,589	270, 059 272, 669	289, 083 290, 689	302, 975 301, 638	339, 259 338, 115	351, 913 344, 257	334, 309 335, 972	345, 269 341, 083	
tocks, end of monthdo	93, 329	102, 029	104, 049	104, 894	100, 925	96, 916	97, 619	<b>99</b> , 103	100, 073	107, 562	106, 057	110, 662	
HARDWOOD FLOORING	1												
Iaple, beech, and birch:	4 100	4.050	0.470	B 000	0.050	0.000		1.050					
Orders, newM bd. ft Orders, unfilled, end of monthdo	4, 100 9, 700	4, 050 9, 500	3, 450 9, 650	3, 900 9, 600	3, 650 9, 600	3,800 9,650	4, 300 9, 325	4, 850 9, 650	4, 525 9, 900	5, 075 10, 350	4, 150 10, 450	5, 250 10, 050	
Productiondododododo	3,000 3,675	4,000 4,250	3, 900 2, 950	4,200 3,800	3, 200 3, 350	3, 900 3, 650	4,000	3, 900 3, 550	4, 200 4, 250	3, 875 4, 125	3, 500 4, 050	4, 150 5, 150	
Summents do	I 3.675	1 4.250	2,950	1 3.800	I 3. 350	I 3.650	4,050	3.550	4 250	4 1 25	4 050		1

<sup>\*</sup>New series. Data are compiled by the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; monthly data prior to April 1952 (February 1951 for softwoods) will be shown later.

September 1953

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the				052	1					1953	· - · ·		
1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1951 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July
	LUN	1BER	AND N	MANUI	FACTU	RES-	Contir	ued					
HARDWOOD FLOORING—Continued													
Dak: Orders, newM bd. ft Orders, unfilled, end of monthdo Productiondo Shipmentsdo Stocks, mill, end of monthdo	70, 446 66, 775 79, 941 79, 428 77, 609	75, 162 61, 721 80, 074 81, 531 75, 371	81, 178 61, 132 82, 021 84, 132 73, 260	87, 303 57, 998 91, 034 94, 691 69, 603	63, 707 50, 843 76, 794 74, 393 72, 004	73, 232 56, 093 72, 716 67, 982 76, 738	89, 979 66, 898 78, 157 78, 556 76, 339	87, 638 76, 823 72, 283 77, 265 69, 323	98, 269 86, 161 79, 615 85, 226 62, 064	84, 222 86, 584 84, 371 88, 359 55, 268	65, 466 77, 419 77, 825 80, 635 52, 458	62, 004 62, 965 79, 466 79, 821 52, 083	73, 04 60, 03 81, 39 83, 10 50, 37
		MEI	FALS A	AND N	IANUF	ACTU	RES		1	<u> </u>			I
IRON AND STEEL													
foreign trade: Iron and steel products (excl. advanced mfrs.): Exports, totalshort tons ScrapOdo Imports, totaldo Scrapdo	223, 832 54, 735 89, 559 4, 805	302, 079 36, 708 111, 957 7, 601	367, 876 21, 991 142, 336 8, 024	448, 197 39, 176 221, 304 5, 133	387, 319 19, 790 177, 224 11, 767	439, 064 19, 692 205, 599 8, 092	328, 121 12, 147 149, 311 5, 254	302, 085 24, 012 136, 349 10, 846	313, 408 16, 033 181, 185 10, 185	$293, 087 \\17, 417 \\266, 254 \\11, 255$	306, 774 17, 699 261, 581 3, 138	285, 251 19, 416 269, 806 15, 032	
Iron and Steel Scrap									- 0.01				
Jonsumption, total§thous. of short tons Home scrapdo Purchased scrapdo tocks, consumers', end of month, total§do Home scrapdo Purchased scrapdo	2, 201 906 1, 295 6, 590 1, 299 5, 291	6, 127 3, 060 3, 067 7, 027 1, 379 5, 648	6, 477 3, 270 3, 207 7, 045 1, 388 5, 658	7,007 3,573 3,434 7,033 1,428 5,605	6, 676 3, 444 3, 231 6, 936 1, 350 5, 586	6, 820 3, 490 3, 330 r 6, 902 r 1, 322 r 5, 580	$\begin{array}{c} 7,008\\ 3,579\\ 3,429\\ 6,632\\ 1,314\\ 5,317\end{array}$	6, 499 3, 343 3, 156 6, 722 1, 295 5, 427	7, 321 3, 724 3, 597 6, 569 1, 248 5, 321	6, 974 3, 585 3, 390 6, 694 1, 295 5, 400	* 7,050 * 3,572 * 3,478 * 6,603 * 1,343 * 5,260	» 3, 175 » 6, 394 » 1, 343	
Ore on ore:									9		-		
All districts: Mine productionthous. of long tons Shipmentsdo Stocks, at mines, end of monthdo Lake Superior district: Chipments from unputs lake partsde	2, 783 1, 805 9, 906 1, 904	14, 974 15, 992 8, 888 14, 368	15, 912 16, 301 8, 500 14, 389	14, 271 15, 588 7, 183 13, 013	9, 448 11, 531 5, 119 9, 295	3, 260 2, 970 5, 449 427	3, 387 2, 002 6, 824	3, 214 1, 909 8, 149 0	4, 113 2, 181 10, 031 313	9, 971 10, 486 9, 516 8, 404	14, 287 15, 002 8, 851 13, 597	15, 368 15, 663 8, 556 13, 745	14, 49
Shipments from upper lake portsdo       do         Consumption by furnacesdo       do         Stocks, end of month, totaldo       do         At furnacesdo       do         On Lake Erie docksdo       do         Importsdo	1, 544 1, 544 27, 388 22, 904 4, 484 726	7, 243 34, 137 29, 449 4, 688 847	7,659 41,532 36,206 5,326 1,172	8,048 47,839 41,699 6,140 1,065	7, 826 51, 208 44, 318 6, 890 1, 012	8, 220 45, 172 39, 055 6, 116 746	$\begin{array}{r} 8,293\\ 37,077\\ 31,967\\ 5,110\\ 681 \end{array}$	7, 396 29, 949 25, 741 4, 207 576	8, 257 22, 065 19, 026 3, 039 576	7, 764 21, 572 18, 816 2, 757 780	8, 358 26, 247 23, 198 3, 049 966	8, 056 32, 070 28, 526 3, 544 1, 125	14, 4 8, 2 38, 8 34, 4 4, 3
Ianganese ore, imports (manganese content) thous. of long tons	58	63	64	90	88	157	141	95	96	95	103	134	
Pig Iron and Iron Manufactures													
astings, gray iron: Orders, unfilled, for salethous. of short tons Shipments, totaldo For saledodo	1, 410 636 432	$1,513 \\ 1,002 \\ 602$	1, 451 1, 119 630	$1, 392 \\ 1, 233 \\ 689$	1, 309 1, 061 594	1, 316 1, 142 619	$1,333 \\ 1,162 \\ 622$	${ \begin{smallmatrix} 1, \ 332 \\ 1, \ 136 \\ 607 \end{smallmatrix} }$	$1,376 \\ 1,264 \\ 675$	${ \begin{smallmatrix} 1, \ 306 \\ 1, \ 277 \\ 683 \end{smallmatrix} }$	1, 272 1, 186 642	1, 246 1, 196 648	
astings, malleable iron:§ Orders, unfilled, for saleshort tons Shipments, totaldo For saledo	166, 517 45, 266 29, 675	162, 832 63, 716 39, 308	168, 367 75, 950 45, 849	168, 609 88, 062 52, 922	167, 842 76, 099 46, 708	173, 494 80, 680 50, 485	174, 809 87, 249 53, 272	175, 088 86, 515 51, 963	177, 776 94, 481 57, 025	174, 514 95, 923 57, 757	160, 387 82, 050 48, 011	151, 016 86, 514 50, 819	
ig iron: Productionthous. of short tons Consumption§do Stocks (consumers' and suppliers'), end of month§	1, 003 946 1, 689	5, 831 5, 671	6, 164 6, 007 1, 864	6, 515 6, 510 1, 830	6, 227 6, 128 1, 897	6, 510 6, 367 7 1, 964	6, 564 6, 478 1, 852	5, 882 5, 832 1, 884	6, 677 6, 577 1, 895	6, 231 6, 236	6, 587 7 6, 546	6, 373 9 6, 251	6, 5
Prices, wholesale: Composite ddol. per long ton Basic (furnace)dodo	1, 089 54. 26 52. 00 52. 50	1, 801 56. 31 54. 50 55. 00	56.31 54.50 55.00	56.31 54.50 55.00	1, 897 56. 31 54. 50 55. 00	56. 31 54. 50 55. 00	<sup>1</sup> , 852 <sup>1</sup> 54, 73 54, 50 55, 00	1, 884 54. 73 54. 50 55. 00	1, 893 54. 73 54. 50 55. 00	1, 876 54, 73 54, 50 55, 00	7 1, 887 54. 73 54. 50	» 1, 977 54. 80 54. 50 55. 00	56. ₽ 56.
Steel, Crude and Semimanufactures	02.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00	55.00	00,00	00.00	00.00	55.00	33.00	₽ 56.
teel castings: Shipments, totalshort tons For sale, totaldo	119, 036 97, 633 20, 752	150, 232 113, 997 24, 013	158, 392 121, 402 19, 930	165, 155 124, 626 22, 610	148, 259 110, 467 22, 287	161, 733 122, 166 25, 972	$167, 211 \\ 126, 819 \\ 26, 752$	175, 675 137, 592 33, 156	182, 181 141, 873 34, 364	179, 615 140, 051 34, 035	165, 649 126, 380	164, 665 125, 984	
Railway specialtiesdo eel forgings:¶ Orders unfilled, totaldo Shipments, for sale, totaldo Drop and upsetdo Press and open hammerdo	1, 289, 597 96, 828 69, 165	<sup>3</sup> 1,399,969 <sup>3</sup> 120,966 <sup>2</sup> 79,535	1, 391, 998 149, 642 107, 966	1, 393, 137 178, 475 130, 515	1,398,863 155,630 112,622	1, 207, 058 180, 538 133, 851	1, 206, 550 183, 545 137, 221	1, 199, 151 183, 709 135, 682	1,197,291 200,152 147,701	1, 081, 838 196, 441 140, 510	29, 552 1, 239, 057 191, 189 134, 686	30, 381 1, 135, 343 185, 323 132, 580	
Press and open nammer	27, 663 1, 627 18	3 41,431 8, 500 92	41, 676 9, 063 102	47, 960 9, 808 107	43, 008 9, 440 106	46, 687 9, 691 106	46, 324 9, 898 99	48, 027 8, 933 99	52, 451 10, 168 102	55, 931 9, 546 99	56, 503 9, 997 100	52, 743 9, 404 97	9, 2
ices, wholesale: Composite, finished steeldol. per lb	. 0476	.0498	. 0498	. 0498	.0498	. 0498	. 0498	. 0498	. 0498	. 0498	. 0501	. 0513	. 08
Steel billets, rerolling (producing point) dol. per short ton Structural steel (producing point)dol. per lb Steel scrap, heavy melting (Pittsburgh) dol. per long ton	56.00 .0400 44.00	59.00 .0420 44.00	59.00 .0420 44.00	59.00 .0420 44.00	59.00 .0420 44.00	59.00 .0420 44.00	59.00 .0420 44.00	59.00 .0420 44.00	59.00 .0420 44.00	59.00 .0420 44.00	3 62. 00 3 . 0413 39. 50	<sup>3</sup> 69.00 <sup>3</sup> .0413 40.50	
Steel, Manufactured Products													
arrels and drums, steel, heavy types: Orders, unfilled, end of monththousands Shipmentsdo Stocks, end of monthdo	6, 502 1, 629 25	6, 133 1, 964 34	5, 733 2, 188 41	5, 396 2, 277 36	4, 884 1, 892 28	4, 949 2, 046 48	5, 174 1, 798 62	5, 052 1, 670 63	4, 878 1, 981 68	4, 804 2, 068 90	4, 393 2, 054 81	4, 459 2, 086 90	3,9 1,9 1

O Data beginning 1951 have been adjusted in accordance with the revised export schedule to exclude exports of tinplated circles, strips, etc.
 § Data beginning January 1951 are estimated totals derived from a survey of approximately 1,300 establishments by the Bureau of Mines and the Bureau of the Census.
 GBeginning January 1953, new weighting factors have been introduced and delivered prices eliminated. Quotations comparable with earlier prices may be derived by adding \$1.58 (plus a very small adjustment for any freight-rate increases) to the stated prices.
 Thata beginning August 1952 are estimated industry totals based on reports from producers whose shipments in 1947 accounted for 98 percent of total shipments; unfilled orders are for commercial forgings only, i.e., exclude forgings for yanuary 1951-July 1952 revised to represent estimated industry totals will be shown later.
 For 1953, percent of capacity is calculated on annual capacity as of January 1, 1953, of 117,547,470 tons of steel; 1952 data are based on capacity as of January 1, 1952, of 108,587,670 tons.

#### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the	1		19 Sentema		Novom	Deen		Fahrer		1953	ļ		1
1951 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July
	ME	TALS	AND N	MANUI	FACTU	RES-	-Contir	ued					
IRON AND STEEL—Continued													
Steel, Manufactured Products-Continued													
Cans, metal, shipments (in terms of steel consumed), totalshort tons	423, 894	465, 820	460, 155	355, 318	245, 036	256, 739	<b>*</b> 269, 597	252, 084	279, 372	304, 201	7 304, 743	357, 201	
Food do	293, 370 130, 524	348, 906 116, 914	348, 500 111, 655	240, 136 115, 182	152, 116 92, 920	158, 612 98, 127	167,764 101,833	151,200 100,884	161, 854 117, 518	174, 879 129, 322	* 177, 976 126, 767	220,481 136,720	
Nonfood do do do Shipments for sale	388, 040 1, 011	421, 221 1, 126	405, 368 1, 146	306, 570 1, 229	208, 128 992	219, 682 1, 138	227,068 1,186	215, 587 1, 138	238, 914 1, 296	255, 358 1, <b>33</b> 8	259,360 1,307	311,009 1,340	
teel products, net shipments:	28, 531	29, 462	33, 060	33, 467	24, 875	27, 002	26, 616	24, 696	27, 627	27, 772	29, 317	31,605	
Totalthous. of short tonstous. of short tonsdo	1, 414 130	6, 312 744	6, 542 787	7, 156 846	6, 648 828	7, 105 865	7,068 853	6, 533 779	7, 437 894	$7,162 \\ 838$	7, 209 873	6, 950 843	
Reinforcingdo	35 120	188	181	197	153	211	146	156	173	155	159	157 329	
Semimanufacturesdo Pipe and tubesdo	152	306 717	352 797	377 861	350 783	395 857	358 832	335 804	415 902	357 880	352 828	847	
Pipe and tubesdo Platesdo Railsdo	107	680 121	649 148	709 156	679 145	720 153	714 166	659 148	707 168	650 150	698 161	614 162	
Sheetsdododo	425 59	1,567 127	1,639 156	1, 819 189	1, 714 166	1, 843 179	1,851 190	1, 695 167	1,982 205	2,007 194	2,003 187	1,924 190	
Hot rolled do	59 35 29	155 428	192 386	207 412	194 416	196 422	203 418	183 395	210 416	206 414	214 417	210 397	
Structural shapes, heavydo Tin plate and terneplatedo Wire and wire productsdo	125 108	479 416	412 447	435 497	388 443	373 454	433 458	373 435	448	442 447	459 449	441 426	
INTERNOUS METALS AND PRODUCTS													
luminum: Production, primaryshort tons	78, 368	85, 175	76, 882	77, 312	74, 639	83, 419	89, 895	92, 649	104, 460	102,071	105, 464	104, 152	109,
Imports, bauxitelong tons Price, wholesale, scrap castings (N. Y.)	318, 763	305, 987	307, 644	374, 602	296, 613	334, 147	299, 415	283, 599	350, 094	355, 895	345, 619	427, 849	
dol. per lb	. 0708	. 0740	. 0750	- 0750	. 0750	. 0750	. 0750	. 0825	. 0995	. 0924	. 0838	. 0936	1.
total $\sigma$ $\odot$ mil. of lb	184.0 35.3	198.8 39.2	$^{1}211.2$ $^{1}45.4$	235.5 51.6	212.1 46.5	232. 0 53. 3	$243.6 \\ 55.6$	240. 7 54. 9	273.7 59.4	281.0 61.6	266.7	262.0 57.3	
Castingsod	148.8	159.6	165.7	183.9	165.6	178.7	187.9	185.7	214.3	219.4	57.6 209.1	* 205.0	20
Wrought products, total Plate, sheet, and stripdo prass sheets, wholesale price, milldol. per lb	86.1 •402	92.2 .402	95.8 .402	107.6	98.2 .402	103.7 .402	110.7 .402	109.2 .402	127.1 .429	129.2 .429	123.6 .429	* 121.3 .429	12 P.
opper: Production:													
Mine production, recoverable copper short tons	76, 284	74, 166	74, 907	79, 207	75, 730	77, 907	77, 594	72, 367	80, 807	79, 621	80, 829	r 73, 646	75,
Crude (mine or smelter, including custom in- take)short tons	81,601	79, 368	82, 426	84, 824	80, 436	85, 239	81, 625	83, 653	101,825	95, 890	93, 197	r 84, 948	88,
Refined	96,049 115,390	95, 366 127, 910	98, 930 135, 486	105, 770 138, 759	100, 075 125, 338	113, 965 143, 088	108,010 125,133	101, 538 117, 204	112,016 7 133,462	112,660 142,282	117, 929 146, 215	124, 480 139, 520	112,
Deliveries, refined, domesticdo Stocks, refined, end of monthdo Exports, refined and manufactureddo	73, 657 15, 435	83, 771 14, 604	71,456 20,945	59, 760 18, 226	69, 237 13, 016	58,858 16,257	59, 836 8, 079	60, 944 6, 030	55, 807 8, 645	48, 382 6, 551	52, 762 8, 669	58, 126 7, 278	77.
Imports, total	66, 380 38, 938	61, 122 21, 366	67, 817 25, 605	59, 910 21, 028	59, 230 24, 016	70, 300 24, 531	50, 138 23, 589	62, 476 33, 320	52, 397	71, 110 39, 573	67,098	81, 341 40, 391	
Unrefined, including scrapdo Refineddo Price, wholesale, electrolytic (N. Y.)dol. per lb	27,442	39,756	42,212	38, 882	35, 214	45, 769	26, 549	29, 156	20, 496 31, 901	31, 537	32, 132 34, 966	40,950	
lead:	. 2420	. 2420	. 2420	. 2420	. 2420	. 2420	. 2420	. 2497	. 2929	. 2990	. 2968	. 2969	.5
Ore (lead content): Mine productionshort tons Receipts by smelters, domestic oredo	29, 862	30, 232	30, 386	33, 523	29, 160	29, 542	30, 660	29, 458	30, 715	31, 137	* 29,051	* 28, 472	26,
Refined (primary refineries):	28,829	32, 393	32, 919	33, 770	30, 537	32, 769	30, 697	30, 388	32, 660	31, 557	28, 793	30, 753	27,
Productiondodododo	37, 489 49, 705	41, 836 41, 269	42, 791 45, 818	$51, 521 \\ 40, 970$	49, 806 48, 261	48, 651 39, 370	47, 295 35, 529	45, 423 36, 811	47, 993 42, 242	46, 729 39, 487	43, 187 48, 914	36, 880 44, 140	40,
Stocks, end of monthdo_	44, 140	39, 767	31, 837	37, 718	35, 686	43, 560	52, 760	58, 949	62, 371	69, 608	63, 879	56, 569	61,
dol. per lb Imports, total, except mfrs. (lead content)	. 1600	. 1600	. 1600	. 1440	. 1416	. 1413	. 1419	. 1350	. 1340	.1268	. 1275	. 1341	.1
'in:	33, 085	40, 202	47, 190	59, 392	41, 305	85, 133	47, 999	42, 102	36, 410	42, 810	43, 612	45, 918	
Production, pigs long tons long tons do	<sup>2</sup> 169 3, 647	<sup>2</sup> 289 6, 347	2, 686 6, 399	3, 612 7, 261	4, 210 6, 636	4, 027 6, 965	4, 250 7, 410	$3,592 \\ 7,012$	4, 071 7, 788	3, 968 7, 680	3, 286 7, 562	3, 245 7, 508	
Primary§do	1, 719 31, 444	4, 198 25, 353	4,200	4, 709 24, 840	4, 311	4, 499 25, 993	4,809 22,504	4, 441	5, 162	5, 192	4,985	4,989	1
Stocks, pig, end of month, totalsdodododo	21, 128	16, 511	25, 314 15, 534 9, 780	14, 266	24, 321 13, 659	13, 265	10, 589	19, 433 8, 003	17,629 5,206	16, 029 4, 402	13, 592 2, 135	13, 391 1, 935	
Industrial§do Imports:	10, 316	8,842		10, 574	10, 662	12, 728	11, 915	11, 430	12, 423	11, 627	11, 457	11, 456	
Ore (tin content)do Bars, blocks, pigs, etcdo Price, wholesale, Straits (N. Y.)dol. per lb	5, 481 6, 619	2, 378 8, 711	1, 136 7, 586	4, 869 6, 883	2, 177 5, 860	3, 277 7, 180	3, 862 7, 728	4, 101 5, 251	4, 573 6, 686	1, 915 7, 229	2,017 6,739	4, 230 5, 495	
line:	1. 2150	1, 2150	1, 2138	1. 2123	1. 2127	1. 2147	1.2150	1, 2150	1, 2140	1.0111	. 9746	. 9295	.8
Mine production of recoverable zinc short tons	50, 642	49, 482	48, 748	53, 346	48, 899	49, 789	54,035	49, 506	51, 803	51, 335	r 47, 940	r 46, 413	42,
Slab zine: Productiondo	76,930	78, 167	76,019	80, 588	78, 563	81, 363	81, 994	76, 899	83, 485	80, 459	82, 422	81, 617	80,
Shipments, totaldo	43, 353 38, 714	78, 435 72, 963	78, 129 69, 343	79, 787 71, 659	90, 756 81, 439	77, 352	80,679	71, 710 67, 729	77, 285 72, 388	86, 043 78, 211	84, 250 75, 648	76, 784 72, 612	74,
Production	96, 919	96, 651	94, 541	95, 342	83, 149	87, 160	88, 475	93, 664	99, 864	94, 280	92, 452	97, 285	
Imports total (ging content)	. 1500 79, 315	.1406 9,470	. 1398 14, 976	. 1330 21, 322	$.1250 \\ 23,235$	. 1250 27, 232	.1259	. 1148 27, 475	. 1103 54, 642	. 1100 51, 609	. 1100	. 1100 102, 632	
dol. per 10 Imports, total (zinc content)short tons For smelting, refining, and exportdo	832	9,470	14, 976	21, 522 2, 939	23, 255 2, 555	1, 532	27, 586 834	27, 475 984	<sup>34, 042</sup> 4, 734	51, 609 473	75, 808 338	102, 632	
For domestic consumption: Ore (zinc content)do	62, 578	4,088	4, 454	6,105	7,027	3, 686	6, 809	7,837	28, 020	26, 601	47, 708	64, 206	
Blocks, pigs, etcdo	15, 905	4, 218	9, 151	12, 278	13, 653	22, 014	19, 943	18, 654	21, 888	24, 535	27, 762	38, 283	
HEATING APPARATUS, EXCEPT ELECTRIC													
oilers, radiators and convectors, cast iron: Boilers (round and square):	17 007	04 005		89 550		14 000	11	10.000	10.000	0.000	10.001		1
Shipmentsthous. of lbtoost of monthdo	17, 285 79, 487	24, 037 73, 627	29, 455 63, 833	33, 552 55, 159	* 23,088 51,470	14, 088 54, 618	$11,522 \\ 60,568$	12, 955 65, 219	10, 990 73, 761	9, 286 83, 423	12, 831 89, 479		
Radiation: Shipmentsthous. of sq. ft	2, 915	3, 974	4,729	4, 962	3, 814	* 2, 590	2,634	2, 621	2, 435	1, 740			
Stocks, end of monthdo	7, 676	6, 507	5, 032	4, 199 duction by	3, 422	3, 859	4,044	4, 028	4, 625	5, 310	6, 745		

r Revised. \* Preliminary. 1 See note marked "O" for this page. 2 Production by detinners only.
 of See note in June 1951 SURVEY regarding additional reporting companies beginning February 1951.
 OData beginning September 1952 are estimated industry totals based on reports from a revised sample of 550 establishments; monthly data for January 1951-August 1952 have been revised to bring the estimates closer to the September 1952 shipments based on the new sample.
 Substituted series. Compiled by the U. S. Department of Interior, Bureau of Mines; monthly data beginning January 1951 are available upon request. Government stocks represent those available for industrial use.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the				952					<u> </u>	1953			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1951 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July
	ME	TALS	AND N	IANU	FACTU	RES—	Contin	ued					
HEATING APPARATUS—Continued													
Boilers, range, shipmentsnumber Oil burners:	20, 010	21, 197	21, 979	20, 797	18, 859	20, 200	26, 768	24, 737	29, 828	29, 873	25, 667		
Orders, unfilled, end of monthdo	54, 737 67, 044	63, 805 84, <b>62</b> 0	66,080	57, 874	42, 595	37, 505 53, 243	37,658 49,026	43, 469	38, 986 56, 336	48, 960 53, 904	$53, 657 \\ 64, 173$		
Shipmentsdo Stocks, end of monthdo	61, 577	50, 593	104, 098 42, 993	119, 370 36, 076	72, 854 39, 324	46, 758	49, 020	45, 345 58, 324	67, 262	78, 784			
Stoves and ranges, domestic cooking, excl. electric: Shipments, totalnumber	170, 146	198, 604	221, 468	264, 196	204, 336	195, 052	187, 745	205, 872	228, 602	238, 851	197, 483		
Coal and wooddo_	7,080	8, 820 180, 346	9, 037 200, 946	9, 905 241, 138	7,793	8, 088 177, 463	8,723 170,675	8, 089 187, 702	8, 125 210, 048	7, 420 220, 939	181, 682		
Kerosene, gasoline, and fuel oildo	8, 159	9, 438	11, 485	13, 153	9, 173	9, 501	8, 347	10, 081	10, 429	10, 492	10, 726		
Stoves, domestic heating, shipments, totaldo	393, 834 79, 027	515, 356 132, 211	565, 508 158, 564	659, 965 179, 921	369, 238 118, 544	189, 009 33, 786	$145,700 \\ 12,061$	$124,334 \\11,735$	147, 598 17, 218	$137, 623 \\ 20, 782$	154,965 25,503		
Coal and wooddodo Gasdo Kerosene, gasoline, and fuel oildo	197,680	236, 849	241, 419	304, 169	170, 365	111, 254	57, 487	60, 568	78, 544	72, 366	78, 136		
Warm-air furnaces (forced-air and gravity air-flow),	117, 127	146, 296	165, 525	175, 875	80, 329	43, 969	76,152	52, 031	51, <b>83</b> 6	44, 475	51, 326		
shipments, totalnumberdododo	78, 266	105, 410 51, 289	116, 300 54, 368	126, 754 59, 071	89,708 44,947	64, 102 33, 128	57, 778 31, 426	55, 368 29, 815	64, 115 32, 748	67, 543 37, 260	37,755		
Gasdo Oildo Solid fueldo	30, 950 8, 578	40, 654 13, 467	46, 419 15, 513	51, 331 16, 352	35, 227 9, 534	26, 140 4, 834	$22,101 \\ 4,251$	21, 662 3, 891	27, 353 4, 014	26,812 3,471	28, 297		
Water heaters, nonelectric, shipmentsdo	157, 595	187, 949	202, 432	218, 582	195, 385	199, 972	207, 290	210, 379	229, 232	228, 731	200, 714		
MACHINERY AND APPARATUS									1				
Blowers, fans, and unit heaters, quarterly: Blowers and fans, new ordersthous. of dol			33, 223			33, 117			r 41, 857			50, 790	
Unit heater group, new ordersdo Foundry equipment (new), new orders,			14, 545	<b></b>		16, 625			12, 223			14, 943	
net1937-39=100 Furnaces, industrial, new orders:	343. 9	311.6	365.9	335.8	258.1	343. 3	301.0	257.3	396.7	303.0	294.4	446.8	440.8
Electric	2, 530 6, 703	1,626	1,412	2,459	1,241	1, 634 3, 235	1,655	1,672	1,301	1,796	1,799	2,095	2,240
Machine tools	} '	5, 259	2,472	1, 520	2, 396		3, 540	3, 996	3, 607	3, 017	2,609	2, 550	2, 01
New orders1945-47=1008hipmentsdo	376.3 259.7	311.1 317.0	302.4 368.3	243.3 357.8	205.4 342.5	225. 2 355. 0	255.8 361.6	282. 1 354. 5	327. 0 375. 9	276.8 372.7	246.4 r 356.0	7 273.4 7 342.2	» 246.8 » 267.3
Shipmentsdo Mechanical stokers, sales: Classes 1, 2, and 3number	1,668	2, 702	3, 220	3, 126	1,855	1,274	1,073	763	816	985	880		
Classes 4 and 5: Number	249	172	185	158	116	-,	88	81	63	107	121		
Horneer Horsepower. Pumps, steam, power, centrifugal and rotary, new	47, 981	31, 079	37, 796	31, 366	21, 191	28, 199	38, 234	21, 851	20, 142	39, 388	29, 721		
orders	6, 299	5, 921	5, 258	5, 534	4, 130	6, 575	5, 752	6, 521	8, 255	7, 758	4, 629	5, 690	
ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT													{
Batteries (automotive replacement only), ship- mentstthousands	2, 526	2, 905	2, 874	3, 112	2, 168	1, 975	1, 571	1,162	1, 202	1, 245	1, 462	* 2,002	2, 53
Domestic electrical appliances, sales billed: Refrigerators, index	197	148	136	122	152	147	183	208	211	188	-,	-,	2,000
Vacuum cleaners, standard type number	188, 715	222, 413	237, 541	292, 474	254, 297	249,032	255, 886	246,007	329, 294	268, 548	252, 404	197, 506	159, 44
WashersOdodddododddododddododddododddo	209, 901 494, 866	259, 280 607, 402	287, 919 1 970, 109	335, 616 870, 338	298, 641 1,037,864	317, 914 21,498,258	282, 453 1, 093, 142	333, 601 1, 192, 439	353, 972 11,549,203	294, 960 1, 158, 936	295, 393 1, 108, 991	313,005 11,163,831	233, 19 674, 459
Television sets (incl. combination), production*	198, 921	397, 769	1 755, 665	724, 117	780, 486	2 921, 086	719, 234	730, 597	1 810, 112	567, 878	481, 936	1 524, 479	316, 28
Insulating materials and related products: Insulating materials, sales billed, index¶.1936=100	470	451	531	599	579	655	643	649	694	694			
Fiber products:		101			0.0		010	0.00					
Laminated fiber products, shipments§ thous. of dol	7, 597	6, 718	8, 223	9, 110	8, 956	10, 196	10, 427	10, 609	11, 072	11, 322	10, 268	10, 299	8, 872
Vulcanized fiber: Consumption of fiber paperthous. of lb	2,179	3,038	3, 759	4,160	3, 658	4, 198	4, 466	4, 360	4,843	4,701	4, 452	4,033	
Shipments of vulcanized products thous, of dol	1,027	1, 210	1, 380	1,694	1,463	1,671		1, 791	1,895	1,882	1, 999	1, 645	
Steel conduit (rigid) and fittings, shipments 9	6, 824	16, 225	25, 456	, i	20, 213	25, 780		23, 188	26, 058		22, 206		
Motors and generators, quarterly: New orders, index	0,024			1		490	21, 510		1	22,102			
Polyphase induction motors, 1-200 hp:o			463						487				
New ordersthous. of dol Billingsdo Direct current motors and generators, 1-200 hp:o <sup>4</sup>			36, 946 35, 210			36, 954 36, 541			41, 127 39, 639			46, 319 45, 863	
New ordersthous. of dol			9, 269			8, 807			7, 512			8, 821	
Billingsdo			7, 905			10, 152			8, 858				
	]	PETRO	LEUN	I, COA	L, ANI	PRO	DUCTS	3	<u> </u>	·			<u></u>
COAL	1			1	<u> </u>				]	1	1		<u> </u>
Anthracite: Productionthous. of short tons	2, 484	2,663	3, 705	4,150	3, 354	3, 130	2, 626	2, 365	2, 284	1, 987	2, 783	r 2, 886	2, 47
Stocks in producers' storage yards, end of month		, i					· ·		1				
thous. of short tons Exports	1, 447 233	1, 420 423	1, 314 496	1,300	1, 479 465	1,668 166	1, 674 180	1,623 149	1, 635 140	1, 611 91	1, 608 271	1,654 323	1,72
Prices, chestnut: Retail, composite†dol. per short ton	22.38	22.54	22.92		24.00	24.69							
Wholesale, f. o. b. car at mine†do Bituminous:	13.869	14.119	14. 219	14.681	14.681	16.013	16.013	16.013	16.013	14.619	14.619	* 14. 944	p 15.31
Productionthous. of short tons Industrial consumption and retail deliveries, total	25, 782	34, 171	46, 885	32, 744	41,060	42, 723	39, 445	34, 265	36, 250	37, 025	37, 255	39, 115	34, 87
thous. of short tons.	23, 510	32, 635	34, 503	38, 864	36, 967	41, 278	41, 424	37,006	37, 596	34, 368	31, 954	* 31, 545	32, 49
Industrial consumption, totaldo Beehive coke ovensdo	20, 291 125	27, 423 377	28, 327 615	31,928 509	31, 911 556	33, 982 665	33, 428 759	30, 113 712	31, 840 840	30, 051 792	29, 230 847	* 28,704 * 767	29, 28
Oven-coke plantsdodddodododd_	3, 293 603	8, 259 681	8, 230 679	8, 641 699	8, 447 725	8,899 786	8, 923 764	8,067	8, 956 709	8, 583 664	8, 993 692	8, 725 668	9, Q
Electric-power utilitiesdo	7, 597 2, 342	8, 250 2, 722	8,494	9, 582	9,604	10, 388 3, 046	10,170	8,877	9,123	8,618	8, 293	8,758	9, 28
Railways (class I)dod	229	2,722 532 6,602	2,852 538 6,919	3, 128 623 8, 746	3, 031 653 8, 895	3, 046 698 9, 500	2, 833 679 9, 300	2,448 617 8,705	2, 560 625 9, 027	2, 413 559 8, 422	2, 334 474 7, 597	2, 168 454 7, 164	2, 19 44
Other industrialdo	6, 102												6,98

<sup>\*</sup> Revised. <sup>\*</sup> Preliminary. <sup>1</sup> Represents 5 weeks' production. <sup>\*</sup> Represents 6 weeks' production. <sup>†</sup>Revised series. For revised batteries data beginning 1947, see note at bottom of p. S-35 of the July 1952 SURVEY. Retail prices of coal are weighted averages for large cities. Wholesale prices supersede former quotations on tracks, destination. Revised price data prior to 1951 will be shown later. OFigures through 1951 are estimated industry totals; thereafter, data cover reporting companies only (representing about 97 percent of total industry). <sup>\*</sup>New series. See note marked """ on p. S-35. ¶Beginning May 1952, the index includes varnished tubing and saturated sleeving. §Data for 1952 cover 14 companies; beginning January 1953, 17 companies. QData beginning January 1952 cover 9 companies. <sub>O</sub><sup>\*</sup>The number of companies reporting is as follows: *Polyphase induction*, 34; *direct current*, 28.

#### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Inless otherwise stated, statistics through			19	52						1953			
1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1951 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July
]	PETRO	OLEUN	1, COA	L, ANI	D PRO	DUCT	S-Cor	tinued	I	-			
COA L—Continued													
Bituminous—Continued Consumption on vessels (bunker fuel) thous. of short tons	79	76	75	77	76	38	11	9	9	73	79	72	
Stocks, industrial and retail dealers', end of month, totalthous, of short tons	79, 359	81, 238	83, 298	77, 951	75, 970	76, 745	73, 346	71, 385	70, 235	70, 531	72, 912	76, 026	74, 752
Industrial, totaldododo	77,698 16,136 1,456	79, 567 16, 066 1, 616	81, 492 15, 728	76, 369	74, 212 13, 637	75, 036 14, 430	71,857 13,400	70, 110 13, 381	69, 187 13, 276	$69,473 \\ 13,408$	71, 660 13, 897 1, 106	74, 475 14, 545 1, 226	73, 153 13, 221 1, 197
Electric-power utilitiesdo	35, 895	36, 797	$1,746 \\ 37,722$	1,624 36,393	1, 607 36, 195	1, 540 35, 891	$1,362 \\ 34,771$	1, 245 33, 906	1, 106 33, 926	1, 057 34, 649	35, 880	36, 955	37, 76
Railways (class 1)	$3,560 \\ 1,195$	3,443 1,158	3, 487 1, 236	3,041 1,156	2,897 1,085	3, 032 1, 089	2,973 983	2, 892 943	2, 764 940	2, 571 922	2, 571 935	2, 774 961	2, 57
Cement mills	19, 456 1, 661	20, 487 1, 671	21, 573 1, 806	19,718 1,582	$18,791 \\ 1,758$	19,054 1,709	$18,368 \\ 1,489$	17, 743 1, 275	17, 175 1, 048	16, 866 1, 058	17,271 1,252	18, 014 1, 551	17,47
Exportsdo	4,014	4, 288	3, 760	3,010	2, 981	2, 357	2, 207	1, 584	1, 575	3, 150	3, 437	3, 516	
Prices: Retail, composite †dol. per short ton	16.13	16.22				ŗ	2,201	1,004	1,070	5, 150	0, 101	0,010	
Wholesale:			16.28	16.54	16.66	16.72							
Mine run, f. o. b. car at minetdo Prepared sizes, f. o. b. car at minetdo	5.640 6.487	5. 640 6. 544	5. 655 6. 680	6. 016 6. 951	6. 028 7. 020	$   \begin{array}{c}     6.032 \\     7.064   \end{array} $	5.931 7.076	5. 923 7. 058	5. 857 6. 853	5.831 6.446	5.810 6.428	7 5. 796 7 6. 491	₽ 5.79 ₽ 6.57
COKE roduction:							100					- 400	
Beehive§thous. of short tons Oven (byproduct)do	77 2, 305	248 5, 787	391 5, 784	328 6,117	356 5, 961	427 6, 264	483 6, 284	451 5, 681	536 6, 299	507 6, 032	539 7 6, 282	• 486 • 6, 127	41 6, 34
Petroleum cokedo	306	317	323	314	311	329	337	324	334	341	370	350	
Byproduct plants total do	3, 297 2, 479	3, 142 2, 294	2,838 2,132	2, 541 1, 957	2,445 1,920	2,177 1,736	$2,075 \\ 1,672$	1, 995 1, 641	1, 973 1, 581	2,009 1,541	2,135 1,606	2,129 1,572	2, 22 1, 52
At furnace plantsdo At merchant plantsdo Petroleum cokedo	819 103	848 98	706 97	583	524 96	441 103	402 111	354 130	392 140	467 154	529 190	7 557 155	69
xports do	53	44	52	41	62	54	51	43	39	134 52	53	53	
ice, beehive, Connellsville (furnace) dol. per short ton	14.750	14. 750	14.750	14.750	14. 750	14.750	14. 750	14. 750	14. 750	14. 750	14.750	14.750	14. 75
PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS													
rude petroleum: Wells completednumber	2, 139	1, 935	1,677	1, 790	1, 773	1, 690	1, 957	1, 828	1, 807	2, 059	<b>7</b> 2, 809	1, 973	
Production	188, 868 96	192, 798 99	195, 528 98	202, 044 96	194, 611 98	205, 645 97	203, 214 96	183, 736 94	202, 458 94	193, 389 91	198, 086 93	197, 837 94	
Refinery operationspercent of capacity Consumption (runs to stills)thous. of bbl	214, 729	220, 661	210, 510	213, 358	<b>211, 456</b>	215, 504	218, 288	195, 133	217, 073	203, 425	217, 074	212, 433	
Stocks, end of month:? Gasoline-bearing in U. S., totaldo	275, 951	264, 368	264, 723	269, 776	267, 852	271, 928	272, 250	273, 589	275, 665	280, 487	280, 308	283, 715	
At refineriesdo At tank farms and in pipelinesdo	70, 352 187, 341	67, 497 178, 394	$65,241 \\ 181,580$	66, 084 1.85, 900	63, 777 185, 625	66,275 187,852	65, 902 188, 480	66, 451 189, 163	69, 077 188, 897	71, 181 191, 494	71, 011 191, 556	73, 527 191, 879	
On leasesdo	18, 258	18, 477	17,902	17, 792	18, 450	17, 801	17, 868	17, 975	17, 691	17, 812	17, 741	18, 309	
Exportsdo	1,876	1, 966	1,664	1,526 20,074	1,805	2, 991 20, 141	2,211	2,011	2, 171	2,833	1,611	1,824 21,559	
Importsdo	17, 497 2. 570	18, 124 2, 570	18, 306 2, 570	20,074 2.570	16, 788 2, 570	20, 141 2. 570	18, 500 2, 570	16, 292 2. 570	$20, 221 \\ 2.570$	18, 516 2, 570	20, 729 2. 570	7 2. 820	p 2.82
efined petroleum products:													
Fuel oil: Production:			47.070									10 000	
Distillate fuel oilthous. of bbl. Residual fuel oildo	45, 735 38, 337	46, 933 38, 822	45, 053 36, 887	45, 183 37, 321	45, 310 38, 984	46, 768 40, 351	47, 379 40, 515	42, 153 35, 704	46, 157 38, 931	42, 730 36, 572	43, 393 37, 120	43, 860 37, 151	
Domestic demand: Distillate fuel oildo	23, 291	26, 221	28, 836	39, 347	47, 176	60, 535	63, 778	52, 552	50, 773	38, 533	r 28, 574	30, 389	
Residual fuel oildododododo	37, 027	42, 094	41, 267	50, 395	48, 304	60, 109	57, 557	48, 531	52, 769	47, 192	r 44, 729	43, 045	
Electric-power plants	4, 380 2, 439	5,380 2,621	6,028	7,162 2,827	7,749 2,622	8, 523	7,702	6, 809	8,083	7,152	6,087	6, 116 1, 938	6, 34
Railways (class I)dododododo	2,439 6,117	2, 621 6, 680	2, 618 6, 342	6, 975	2, 622 6, 354	2, 516 6, 782	2, 055 7, 403	1, 831 5, 924	1, 884 6, 774	1, 757 7, 075	1, 735 7, 090	6, 747	
Stocks, end of month: Distillate fuel oildo	85, 775	104, 257	117, 252	120, 721	116, 096	99, 582	1 80, 655	67, 167	59, 802	61, 349	73, 706	84, 504	
Residual fuel oildodo	52, 245	54, 061	56, 200	53, 052	53, 069	48, 706	45, 910	44, 178	41, 600	39, 572	41, 795	43, 801	
Distillate fuel oildodo	2, 999 2, 473	2, 306 1, 583	3, 269 1, 194	2,840 1,373	2,949 1,271	$3,015 \\ 1,502$	2, 135 1, 367	3, 673 1, 339	3, 091 1, 724	2,942 1,972	2, 592 1, 591	$2,715 \\ 1,646$	
Prices, wholesale: Distillate (New York Harbor, No. 2 fuel)		-,			.,	,	_,,	,	_,	.,	-,	.,	
dol. per gal Residual (Okla., No. 6 fuel)dol. per bbl_	. 098 . 950	. 098 . 900	. 098 . 900	. 098	. 098 . 900	. 098 . 900	. 098 . 900	. 098 . 850	. 098 . 850	. 098 . 850	. 093 . 850	. 093 r. 950	P.09
Kerosene.	. 930 11, 083		4							. 1			
Productionthous. of bbldodo	5, 883	11, 620 6, 014	10, 498 7, 156	10, 919 12, 230	11,792 12,455	$13,061 \\ 17,829$	13, 434 17, 066	11,313 13,884	$11, 135 \\ 12, 092$	10,825 8,256	10, 132 7 5, 603	9, 795 5, 467	
Stocks, end of monthdodo	27, 387 796	32, 401 525	35, 021 655	33, 289 358	32, 199 358	26, 842 511	<sup>1</sup> 23, 487 325	20, 468 377	18, 697 728	20,335 857	24, 307 500	27, 659 904	
Exportsdo Price, wholesale, bulk lots (New York Harbor) dol. per gal	. 108	. 108	. 108	.108	. 108	. 108	. 108	. 108	. 108	. 108	. 103	. 103	p. 10
Lubricants:	4,668		4,694	4,940									
Productionthous. of bbl Domestic demanddo	3,224	4, 857 3, 343	3, 433	3, 711	4,507 2,800	4, 416 2, 993	4, 210 3, 032	3, 596 2, 931	4, 321 3, 229	4,271 3,625	4, 572 * 3, 444	4,293 3,470	
Stocks, refinery, end of monthdo ExportsOdo Price, wholesale, bright stock (midcontinent,	9,775 1,295	9, 620 1, 610	9,745 1,070	9,869 1,054	10, 561 938	11, 021 917	11, 250 890	11, 224 628	11, 134 1, 127	10, 801 919	10,873 1,012	$10, 611 \\ 1, 020$	
ExportsOdo					300								

Revised series. Retail prices are weighted averages for large cities. Wholesale prices supersede former quotations on tracks, destination. Figures prior to 1951 will be published later. Strevisions for 1950 will be shown later. Julciudes stocks of heavy crude in California. The vision of the stock of

NOTE FOR RADIO, TELEVISION SERIES, P. S-34. \*New series. Compiled by the *Radio-Electronics-Television Manufacturers Association*. Data represent industry totals based on reports from both members and nonmembers of the association. Both private and company brands are included. Radio production comprises home, portable battery, automobile, and clock models; television sets include combination models. Annual totals for 1924-46 for radios and monthly data for 1947-50 for radio and television sets are shown on p. 20 of the October 1952 SURVEY. Data for September 1952 and March and June 1953 cover 5 weeks; December 1952, 6 weeks; other months, 4 weeks.

#### September 1953

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through			19	52						1953			
1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1951 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July
F	PETRO	)LEUM	i <b>, COA</b>	L, AND	) PROI	DUCTS	G-Con	tinued					
ETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS—Continued			1										
Refined petroleum products—Continued Motor fuel:	1	!											
All types:	1		1		1 1								
Production, total thous. of bbl Gasoline and naphtha from crude petro	105, 022	107, 427	104, 977	104,873	104, 894	106, 432	1 107, 413	1 96, 796	1 105, 897	1 101, 389	1 107, 243	1 106, 943	
leumthous. of bbl	93, 373	95, 742	93, 663	92, 564	93, 148	94, 725	2 95, 609	<sup>2</sup> 86, 221	² 9 <b>3</b> . 963	2 90, 359	2 96, 091	2 95, 051	
Natural gasoline and allied products do	17, 669	18, 259	18, 248	19,605	19, 396	20,804	<sup>3</sup> 20, 617	3 18, 408	<sup>3</sup> 20, 202	<sup>3</sup> 19, 543	3 19, 733	<b>3</b> 19, 439	
Sales of 1. p. g. for fuel, etc., and trans- fers of cycle productsthous. of bbl	6,020	6, 574	6, 934	7, 296	7,650	9,097	9.082	7.685	7, 787	7.973	7, 113	6 897	
Used at refineriesdo	8, 761	8,938	9,186	9,759	9,317	9,451	9,292	8,378	8,930	8,088	8, 255	8,945	
Domestic demanddododo	105, 307	102, 954	100, 095	103, 689	91, 326	95, 817	89, 634	86, 458	98, 158	102, 044	* 105, 918	114, 703	
Stocks, gasoline, end of month: Finished gasoline, totaldo	108 708	110 750	113,698	111,770	121,645	127, 792	141, 746	149,069	153, 315	148,924	147, 371	137, 863	1
At refineriesdo	108, 708 57, 180	$110,750 \\ 57,244 \\ 7,842$	59, 276	58, 180	63,809	70,581	79, 746	87, 232	89, 513	84,695	82, 322	78, 429	
At refineriesdo Unfinished gasolinedo Natural gasoline and allied products_do	7,858	7,842	59, 276 7, 293 8, 925	8, 292	7,864	8,236	8, 772	$87,232 \\ 8,894$	9,416	9,108	9,044	8, 333	
Natural gasoline and allied products_doi	10,095	9,722	8,925	8,890	8,584	7,807	7,575	7,748	8,268	8,849	10,359	11,054	
Exports do do do	2, 730	2, 203	2,164	2, 396	3, 447	4, 645	2,652	2, 349	2, 513	3, 239	2, 185	2,018	
Wholesale, refinery (Oklahoma, group 3)	1				1							ļ	
dol. per gal.	.104	. 104	. 104	.104	. 104	. 104	.104	. 104	. 104	. 104	.104	. 104	
Wholesale, regular grade (N. Y.)*do	.129	. 129	. 129	.129	.129	. 129	.129	. 129	. 129	. 129	.129	. 129	р.
Retail, service stations, 50 citiesdo	. 204	. 203	. 204	. 202	. 201	. 203	. 203	. 206	. 208	. 206	. 206	. 221	
Production, totalthous. of bbl	6, 552	6, 988	6,694	7, 193	6, 977	7, 230	7,020	6, 670	7, 341	7, 263	7,907	7,811	
Production, totalthous. of bbl 100-octane and abovedo	5, 417	5,977	5,325	6, 191	5,661	5, 853	6,060	5,815	5,942	6,065	6,748	6, 830	
Stocks, total	7, 311	7,865	8,085	8,397	8,451	9,126	9, 754	9,425	9,882	9,601	9,828	9,163	
100-octane and abovedo	3, 878	4, 470	4, 259	4,751	4, 536	4, 761	5, 241	4,887	5, 168	4, 910	5, 348	4, 900	
Productionshort tons	1, 383, 600	1, 493, 500	1, 475, 100	1,407,100	998, 700	748, 700	707, 300	712, 900	852, 500	969, 100	<b>1,172.900</b>	1,396,400	
Productionshort tonsStocks, refinery, end of monthdo	1, 167, 100	967, 500	755,800	690,400	910, 400	1, 149, 300	1,368,200	1, 579, 500	1, 769, 500	1, 904, 200	1,969,800	1,742,900	1
Wax	92, 680	116, 200	105,000	113, 120	106.680	113, 400	105 840	99,680	121, 800	118,720	109 000	192 490	1
Productionthous. of lbtodo	169,680	173,600	168,000	158, 480	156, 520	113, 400	105,840 160,440	99, 080 150, 360	1118, 400	118, 720	122, 920 142, 800	123,480 141,680	
		Í Í											1
Asphalt polytics, simplification thous, of squares. Roll roofing and cap sheet:	5, 434	5, 972	6, 428	6, 765	4, 241	2, 918	3, 111	2, 966	3, 800	5, 161	5, 390	5, 192	5,
Roll roofing and cap sheet:	1,077	1, 203	1, 332	1, 438	943	670	721	669	817	1.062	1,029	1,018	
Mineral-surfaced do	1, 077	1, 205	1, 532		1, 033	773	721 767	695	886	1,062	1, 029	1,018	1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1
Shingles, all typesdo	3, 121	3, 375	3, 526	3, 666	2, 265	1, 475	1, 623	1,602	2,097	3,022	3, 164	3,066	1, 3,
Smooth-surfaced       do         Mineral-surfaced       do         Shingles, all types       do         Asphalt sidings       do         Saturated felts       short tons.	146	163	195	230	170	123	131	114	105	120	109	98	
Saturated feltsshort tons	57, 135	59, 250	61, 432	67, 533	52, 472	40, 598	46, 292	43, 423	50, 646	64, 339	62, 520	57, 264	59,
		PU	LP, P/	APER, A	AND P	RINTI	NG				·		
PULPWOOD AND WASTE PAPER		1	 		1	-	1	1				1	}
FULL WOOD AND WADID THE LAS	1												
Pulpwood:	0.011	0.00	0.000			1							
Receipts	2, 211 1, 910	2, 527	2,355 2,104	2, 255 2, 351 5, 917	2, 150 2, 224	2,247	2, 432 2, 367	2, 283 2, 148	2, 260 2, 405	1,987	1,875	2,259	]
Consumptiondo Stocks, end of monthdo	5, 448	2, 209 5, 766	6,007	5, 917	5,843	2, 131 5, 926	2,367 6,006	2, 148	2,405	2, 375 5, 598	2,406 5,063	2,370	
Waste paper:			•		· ·		· ·	, i	1				
Receiptsshort tons	550,030		693, 247	786, 664	685, 279	696, 981	687, 220	647, 080	742, 150	762, 156	723, 385	720, 565	
Consumptiondo Stocks, end of monthdo	561,067 536,811	667,847 501,402	698, 420 496, 775	775, 224 510, 317	704, 127 492, 249	666, 765 521, 737	708, 058 509, 058	682, 469 476, 575	741, 071 474, 106	750, 702 484, 184	732.924 473,084	732,850 459,606	
		000,000		010,011	102,210	021,101	000,000	110,010		101,101	110,001	400,000	
WOOD PULP Production:							1						
Total, all gradesthous. of short tons	1, 180		1,305	1, 461	1,394	1,348	1, 483	1,356	1, 512	1,467	1, 518	1,483	1.
Dissolving and special alphatShort tons	55, 839	62, 173	60, 401	65, 441	59,762	49, 548	58, 871	49, 214	56, 401	51,686	57,914	63, 469	45,
Sulphate (paper grades)†do Sulphite (paper grades)†do	607,453	728, 421 196, 340	670, 471 186, 823	761, 522 205, 110	739, 059 190, 129	700, 304 186, 072	784, 840 205, 504	715, 468 186, 191	810, 905	783, 586	812, 940	800, 485	724,
Sodado	26, 953	32,708	32, 320	36, 628	35, 173	36,072	205, 504 36, 875	34, 782	203, 364 37, 084	200, 232 33, 717	201, 416 35, 828	188, 431 35, 639	168,
Groundwooddo	181, 974	194, 697		204, 312	189, 874	197, 113	210, 319	192, 325	206, 012	201, 951	209, 324	199,893	

PULPWOOD AND WASTE PAPER													
Pulpwood: Receiptsthous, of cords (128 cu. ft.) Consumptiondo Stocks, end of monthdo Waste paper:	2, 211 1, 910 5, 448	2, 527 2, 209 5, 766	2,355 2,104 6,007	2, 255 2, 351 5, 917	2, 150 2, 224 5, 843	2, 247 2, 131 5, 926	2, 432 2, 367 6, 006	2, 283 2, 148 6, 132	2, 260 2, 405 5, 989	1, 987 2, 375 5, 598	1, 875 2, 406 5, 063	2,370	
Receiptsshort tons Consumptiondo Stocks, end of monthdo	550,030 561,067 536,811	631, 070 667, 847 501, 402	693, 247 698, 420 496, 775	786, 664 775, 224 510, 317	685, 279 704, 127 492, 249	696, 981 666, 765 521, 737	687, 220 708, 058 509, 058	647, 080 682, 469 476, 575	742, 150 741, 071 474, 106	762, 156 750, 702 484, 184	$\begin{array}{c} 723, 385 \\ 732, 924 \\ 473, 084 \end{array}$	720, 565 732, 850 459, 606	
WOOD PULP Production:													
Production:       Total, all grades	$\begin{array}{c} 1,180\\ 55,839\\ 607,453\\ 156,865\\ 26,953\\ 181,974\\ 84,161\end{array}$	1, 381 62, 173 728, 421 196, 340 32, 708 194, 697 83, 646	$\begin{array}{c} 1,305\\ 60,401\\ 670,471\\ 186,823\\ 32,320\\ 185,254\\ 84,958\end{array}$	1, 461 65, 441 761, 522 205, 110 36, 628 204, 312 92, 331	1, 394 59, 762 739, 059 190, 129 35, 173 189, 874 93, 005	1, 348 49, 548 700, 304 186, 072 36, 004 197, 113 91, 021	$\begin{array}{c} 1,483\\ 58,871\\ 784,840\\ 205,504\\ 36,875\\ 210,319\\ 93,629 \end{array}$	1, 356 49, 214 715, 468 186, 191 34, 782 192, 325 88, 308	1, 512 56, 401 810, 905 203, 364 37, 084 206, 012 89, 186	1, 467 51, 686 783, 586 200, 232 33, 717 201, 951 99, 431	$\begin{array}{c} 1,518\\ 57,914\\ 812,940\\ 201,416\\ 35,828\\ 209,324\\ 99,650\\ \end{array}$	$1, 483 \\ 63, 469 \\ 800, 485 \\ 188, 431 \\ 35, 639 \\ 199, 893 \\ 98, 260$	$\begin{array}{c} 1,352\\ 45,587\\ 724,651\\ 168,730\\ 31,325\\ 190,159\\ 97,351 \end{array}$
Total, all gradesshort tons. Sulphate (paper grades) fdo Sulphite (paper grades) fdo Sodadodo Groundwooddo	$146, 208 \\ 35, 867 \\ 33, 417 \\ 2, 563 \\ 36, 722$	$152,021 \\ 42,955 \\ 32,252 \\ 2,425 \\ 31,983$	146, 712 42, 769 32, 722 2, 321 26, 681	$149, 404 \\ 42, 786 \\ 31, 489 \\ 2, 282 \\ 22, 563$	$154, 700 \\ 43, 809 \\ 32, 513 \\ 2, 641 \\ 22, 394$	$154, 327 \\ 47, 159 \\ 29, 111 \\ 2, 403 \\ 25, 115$	$164,777\\46,920\\35,175\\1,861\\28,094$	$158,036 \\ 39,166 \\ 32,592 \\ 1,936 \\ 31,683$	165, 367 42, 186 36, 738 2, 190 33, 052	$164, 671 \\ 41, 427 \\ 40, 609 \\ 1, 711 \\ 34, 740$	173,01341,96542,3541,34837,271	175, 179 36, 343 42, 988 1, 497 35, 187	$ \begin{array}{c ccccc} 154, 215 \\ 36, 725 \\ 38, 319 \\ 1, 582 \\ 32, 525 \end{array} $
Exports, all grades, totaldo Imports, all grades, totaldo Dissolving and special alpha†do. Sulphate †do Sulphite (paper grades) †do Sodado Groundwooddo	9, 883 122, 636 18, 053 47, 747 40, 689 1, 743 13, 851	14, 861 138, 616 19, 333 50, 814 46, 837 2, 113 18, 846	11, 388 160, 423 19, 833 59, 195 50, 536 2, 494 27, 773	$\begin{array}{c} 11,560\\ 170,340\\ 25,579\\ 63,100\\ 55,096\\ 2,257\\ 23,593 \end{array}$	$11,712 \\ 200,827 \\ 23,787 \\ 74,047 \\ 72,759 \\ 2,298 \\ 27,107 \\ 10,712 \\ 10,107 \\ 1$	$12,031 \\ 222,780 \\ 21,551 \\ 84,287 \\ 90,924 \\ 2,623 \\ 22,731 \\$	$13, 489 \\190, 211 \\19, 934 \\81, 119 \\64, 621 \\2, 560 \\21, 302$	6, 228 169, 613 16, 415 72, 243 57, 473 2, 427 19, 664	$\begin{array}{c} 10,449\\ 167,154\\ 21,025\\ 69,186\\ 55,693\\ 3,205\\ 17,278\end{array}$	$12.646 \\ 175.608 \\ 21.523 \\ 71.088 \\ 62.430 \\ 3.030 \\ 16.694$	8, 672 191, 660 20, 354 83, 397 61, 564 2, 429 23, 462	$11,885 \\198,103 \\23,614 \\84,371 \\61,293 \\2,604 \\25,572$	
PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS													
All paper and paperboard mills: Paper and paperboard production, total thous. of short tons Paper (incl. building paper)do Paperboarddo Building boarddo building boarddo	1, 762 869 783 110	2, 059 990 942 126	2, 027 969 941 118	2, 279 1, 080 1, 075 124	2, 104 992 997 115	2, 023 977 936 109	2, 205 1, 053 1, 032 119	2, 066 987 967 112	2, 281 1, 077 1, 076 128	2, 265 1, 084 1, 056 125	2, 263 1, 085 1, 052 126	1.066	

<sup>r</sup> Revised. <sup>p</sup> Preliminary. <sup>1</sup> New basis, representing total gasoline production (comparable figure for December 1952 is 107,581,000 bbl.); comprises total gasoline and naphtha from crude, natural gasoline used at refineries, and natural gasoline sold to jobbers, etc. (not shown separately). <sup>2</sup> Includes unfinished gasoline production (net); comparable figure for December 1952 is 20,769,000 bbl.
 <sup>3</sup> Excludes 's escal category' exports not shown separately for security reasons. \*New series. Prices are for bulk lots, f. o. b. refineries. Quotations prior to 1951 will be shown later. TRevisions for January-March 1953 SUNVEY, data for rayon and special chemical grades of wood pulp produced by the bleached sulphate and bleached sulphite processes have been combined under the dissolving and special alpha grades. The sulphate and sulphite grades include both bleached and unbleached and represent paper grades only (except sulphate imports for which this detail is not available). In 1949, production of dissolving and special alpha grades averaged 35,000 tons per month. Data beginning 1950 will be shown later.

#### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through			19:	52						1953			
1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1951 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July
	PU	LP, PA	PER,	AND P	RINTI	NG—(	Continu	ıed					
PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS-Con.							1			1			
Paper, excl. building paper, newsprint, and paper- board (American Paper and Pulp Association);													
Orders, new	715, 288	752, 557	807, 132	892, 616	759, 399	824, 431	886, 474	811, 295	922, 907	7 856, 801	877,000	857,000	
Orders, unfilled, end of monthdo	768, 806 674, 759	726, 902 775, 723	784, 617	817,556 851,888	765, 444 798, 316	793, 397 800, 190	817, 728 874, 859	820, 807 809, 914	866, 131 882, 601	7 853, 842 7 881, 403	849, 907 883, 000	839, 925 851, 000	
Productiondo Shipmentsdo	671, 174	768, 208	756, 435	861,102	800, 447	796, 778	874, 859 862, 142	809, 914 803, 669	877, 582	7 869,011	883,000	851,000	
Stocks, end of month	384, 550	422, 465	427, 350	418, 101	420, 669	424, 307	437, 021	439.583	444, 322	+ 456, 707	458, 450	455, 475	
Fine paper:				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								· ·	
Orders, newdo Orders, unfilled, end of monthdo	83, 848 88, 000	82, 938 57, 150	91, 582 56, 738	107,357 52,824	92, 300 38, 408	92, 205 37, 023	104,433 41,996	100, 915	114,747 48,125	r 111, 120 r 49, 915	109,000	102,000 45,630	
Production	84, 195	100, 213	100, 268	111, 288	98, 393	95, 799	104, 212	42, 247 99, 778	108, 326	111,896	45,815	104,000	
Shipmentsdo	81, 323	98, 080	93, 032	111, 547	96, 903	93, 590	99, 460	96, 998	108,867	/ 109, 255	113,000	101,000	
Stocks, end of monthdo	84, 750	93, 850	99, 195	98, 903	103, 897	106, 106	110, 858	109, 930	109, 109	* 111, 740	115, 450	117,500	
Printing paper: Orders, newdo	262, 177	258, 666	298, 820	313, 878	248, 823	315,082	305, 091	285, 911	339, 405	294, 237	304,000	304.000	
Orders, unfilled, end of month	450,000	422, 402	465, 435	487, 440	458 860	486, 018	491,465	495, 190	528,013	1 518, 375	523,000	520,600	
Production do	238,014	267, 433	256, 921	293, 743	277, 372	284,647	305, 873	282, 239	307,094	* 305, 703	303,000	298,000	
Shipmentsdo	232, 209	264, 517	255, 785	292, 239	276, 152	287,924	299, 644	281,305	306, 583	303, 514	300,000	299,000	
Stocks, end of monthdo	145, 300	140, 775	141, 915	143, 419	144, 548	142, 271	147, 500	148, 463	148, 974	151, 165	154,000	153, 500	
Shipments do. Stocks, end of month do. Price, wholesale, book paper, "A" grade, Eng- lish finish, white, f. o. b. mill*dol. per 100 lb	13.55	13. 55	13. 55	13, 55	13, 55	13.55	13, 55	13.55	13.55	13, 55	13. 55	r 13.72	13.8
Coarse paper:			1						10.00		10.00		10.0
Orders, newshort tons	221, 930	257,062	259, 527	294, 513	263,053	259,890	291, 690	264,708	296, 149	7 278, 359	286,000	281,000	
Orders, unfilled, end of month	143,000 216,743	155,270 256,307	170,090	184,550 273,935	173,218 267,705	175, 106	180, 285 289, 853	178, 315	182, 329	173, 820	168,800	164,400 288,000	<b>-</b>
Productiondo Shipmentsdo	210, 745	256, 307 251, 791	245, 051 244, 705	273, 935 280, 050	267,705	259,194 258,302	289,853 286,510	266,787 266,678	293, 058 292, 135	7 287, 262 7 286, 865	288,000 291,000	288,000	
Stocks, end of monthdo	99,000	130, 250	130, 595	124,480	119, 232	120, 260	123,600	123,705	124, 628	125,025	122,000	125,000	
Newsprint:		,	1	,	,	,			1		,,		
Canada (incl. Newfoundland):	485, 539	400 400		500 501	100 107	100 00-			101.070	100 010		400 100	401.07
ProductiondodOdOdOdOdOdOdOdOdOdOdOdOd	483, 250	486, 496 488, 575	461, 508	502,791 486,159	463, 435 498, 987	463, 377 463, 064	473,640 467,627	439, 167 408, 610	484, 276 441, 512	480, 316 498, 889	480, 239	463, 193 486, 389	491, 25
Stocks, at mills, end of monthdo	144.094	142.015	141, 119	157, 751	122, 199	122, 512	128, 525	159,082	201, 846	183, 273	195, 856	172,660	169,70
United States:		_		i i	1							1	
Consumption by publishersdo	329,729	341, 571	379, 669	425, 981	416, 974	386, 627	351,775	346, 035	420,956	408, 874	429, 562	381.186	340,04
Productiondododododododo	94. 192 94. 933	97, 831 99, 008	92, 301 90, 645	97, 144 97, 789	89,842 90,429	86, 659 83, 007	93, 789	82,892	91, 911	88,194	92, 405	90, 727 89, 640	88,12
Stocks, end of month:	51, 555	99,008	90, 645	91, 189	90, 429	85,007	93, 908	83, 208	94, 505	89,004	91, 168	89, 040	90,75
At millsdo	8, 827	7,650	9,306	8,661	8,074	11,726	11,607	11.291	8,697	7,887	9, 124	10, 211	7,57
At publishersdo	532, 297	573, 502	582, 209	561,016	527, 525	530, 651	556,022	555, 508	518, 985	515,063	483,059	484, 762	514, 32
In transit to publishersdo	75, 474 427, 945	86, 444	77, 578	69,364	97, 206	81, 258	89,767	93, 225	85,618	91,272	69, 684	76,270	81,71
Importsdo Price, rolls, contract, delivered to principal	141, 510	400, 541	422, 887	432, 597	407, 300	452, 263	391,816	377, 700	422, 878	436, 024	405, 424	428, 210	
ports*dol, per short ton	119.50	122.00	122.00	125.25	125. 25	125, 25	125, 25	125.25	125.25	125.25	125, 25	125.25	» 125.7
Paperboard (National Paperboard Association):	0								ł	1			
Orders, newshort tons	845, 800 444, 200	917, 500	1,065,800	1,076,300	1,020,500	1,077,600	971.800	968, 700	1, 156, 300	1,101,800	1, 040, 100	1, 152, 100	973, 30
Orders, unfilled, end of monthdo Production, totaldo	773,700	388,400 955,600	459,900	453,000 1,142,200	457,400	478,400	455, 100 985, 500	437, 300 973, 800	567,500	539,009	459.800	567,000	522, 50
Percent of activity	71	89	88	96	1,004,000	1,025,100	91	913, 600	95	95	96	93	8
Paper products:													
Shipping containers, corrugated and solid fiber,	2 550	0.004	0.700		0.000	0.00	0.000	0.000	- 000		1		
shipments	5, 550	6, 364	6, 780	7, 518	6,828	6, 771	6, 363	6, 398	7,292	7, 059	6, 806	• 7, 012	6,45
New orders	147.5	162.0	163.0	174.1	146.8	147.4	160.7	154.9	183.1	169.4	162.5	174.6	162.
Shipmentsdo	126.4	145.3	158.0	170.8	141.6	147.4	148.0	138.4	158.6	153.4	152.7	155.6	143.
PRINTING											1		
	001	00.			1 000						1 0		
Book publication, totalnumber of editions	601 472	904 699	949 796	1,118 930	1, 263 1, 034	893 709	814 690	1,031	1,031	852	1,359	993	730
New booksdododo	472	699 205	153	930	1,034 229	184	$629 \\ 185$	811 220	805 226	701 151	1,069 290	815 178	568 168
140w 0u100008	120	200	100	100	429	104	130	440	220	101	290	1 1/0	10

#### **RUBBER AND RUBBER PRODUCTS**

· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1			1	1							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, ,
RUBBER				1			1						
Natural rubber:	i i			1	)	1	1						}
Consumptionlong tons Stocks, end of monthdo Imports, including latex and guayuledo Price, wholesale, smoked sheets (New York)	32,760	32,941	39, 274	45, 110	41, 749	44, 790	47.766	45, 231	50, 707	49, 375	46.889	r 48.224	44,023
Stocks end of month do	84, 839	84,657	84, 190	82, 861	86, 243	95, 260	97.730	94, 151	98,627	108,892	113, 532	r 112, 959	119.028
Imports including later and guartile do	50, 468	67.139	51, 465	55, 651	48, 776	78, 192	63, 767	48, 455	56, 785	60, 578	56.126	61, 423	110,020
Price wholesale smoked sheets (New York)	50, 100	07,100	01, 100	00,001	10, 110	10, 102	00,101	10, 100	00,100	00,010	00,120	01, 120	
dol, per lb	. 315	. 305	, 275	.270	. 290	. 300	. 295	. 272	. 260	. 244	. 250	. 245	P. 239
(hemical (armthetic))			. 210	. 210	. 230		. 285	. 412	. 200	. 244	. 200	. 240	P. 209
Production long tong	58,992	59, 214	58, 352	62.553	60, 540	65, 740	69,482	66, 970	81, 408	82,952	85, 302	80, 227	79.360
Consumption	58.642	61, 214	66, 668	73, 963	66, 240	71,635	72,810	68, 888	77,903	77, 221	72.234	71.751	61, 382
Stocks and of month	152.373	150, 254	141,837	133, 042	123,745	118, 987	117,875	114,099	116,089	122,041	132, 109	143, 789	159, 443
Exports do	1.499	1.921	141, 837	135,042 1,525	125, 745	1. 323						1,781	159, 443
Productionlong tonsdo Consumptiondo Stocks, end of monthdo Exportsdo Reclaimed rubber:	1,455	1, 921	1, 575	1, 525	1, 148	1, 525	1, 487	1, 264	1, 713	1,500	2, 299	1,781	
Deaduction do	16, 213	17, 131	21,732	07 107	00 004	07 000	00 701	24, 373	07 000	00 514	00.000	- 00 015	00.070
Productiondodddodddddddddddddddddddddd	18, 354	20.548		27,405 26,830	22, 684	25,606	26,784		27,699	28,714	26, 839	r 26, 315	22,879
Consumption do	18, 394		23, 131		22,896	24,300	25,356	24,098	27, 334	26, 483	25, 213	* 24,637	23,358
Stocks, end of month	36,287	32, 224	31, 430	31, 463	30, 176	30, 664	31,244	30, 631	30, 280	31, 263	31, 763	* 32, 791	31, 531
TIRES AND TUBES													
THES AND TODES													
Pneumatic casings:								1	ļ		J		
Production thousands do Original equipment equipment do Export do Stocks, end of month do Export do thousands do Larger transformation do the stocks, end of month do Exports do Marco do Construction do Cons	7,092	6,928	7.387	8,635	7.361	7,920	8, 238	8.236	9,407	9.262	8.987	8,572	8,173
Shipments total do	7,141	7,983	8,044	7,888	5,820	6, 214	7,882	7,243	8, 256	8, 913	8,942	9,279	9, 559
Original equipment do	1.187	1,633	2,827	3,200	2,665	2, 916	3,004	3, 263	3, 570	3, 798	3,200	3, 537	3, 616
Replacement equipment do	5,837	6, 218	5,075	4, 574	3,069	3, 161	4, 794	3, 895	4, 598	5,001	5, 604	5,601	5, 793
Export	117	132	142	114	3,005	137	4, 794	<b>3</b> , 85	4, 038	5,001	139	142	146
Stocks and of month do	11,647	10,637	9,963	10, 821	12,272	14,110	14, 118		16, 456	16,872	16,973		14, 883
Exporte a	11,047	10,037	9,903 154	10, 821	14, 272	14,110	14, 118	15,295 121	10, 450	10, 872	10, 975	16, 259	14,000
Inner tubes:1	140	109	104	95	80	90	80	121	90	112	135	137	
Durduction 8 do	1 500	4 000	r 000	0.015			A 100						
Imer tubes:	4,782	4,860	5, 389	6, 217	5, 115	5.642	6,130	6,428	7, 470	7, 544	6, 940	7,035	6,395
Supplientsg	4,499	5, 423	5, 981	5, 892	4, 573	4,863	7, 538	6, 364	6, 555	6, 760	6, 586	6, 907	7,288
Stocks, end of montingdo	11,223	10,627	10, 304	10, 386	10, 910	12,036	10, 169	10, 308	11, 242	12,155	12, 592	12, 811	12,097
Exportsdo	134	79	104	55	60	48	46	49	69	80	80	59	
						-			( )			I	L .

 <sup>r</sup> Revised. <sup>p</sup> Preliminary. <sup>\*</sup>New series. Compiled by the U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics; monthly data beginning 1947 will be shown later. <sup>†</sup>Revised series, reflecting use of new base period; data prior to February 1952 will be shown later. <sup>†</sup>DExcludes "special category" exports not shown separately for security reasons.
 <sup>§</sup>Includes data for motorcycles.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through			19	952						1953			
1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1951 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July
	S	TONE	, CLAY	, AND	GLAS	S PRO	DUCT	'S	· · · · ·				
ABRASIVE PRODUCTS													1
oated abrasive paper and cloth, shipmentsreams	157, 412	160, 795	174, 449	182, 612	176, 845	164, 085	168, 910	184, 754	193, 830	206, 348	178, 323	183, 075	172, 1
PORTLAND CEMENT													
roductionthous. of bbl. Percent of capacitythous. of bbl. tocks, finished, end of monthdo tocks, clinker, end of monthdo	21, 342 90 25, 084 15, 158 7, 548	23, 573 99 25, 915 12, 819 6, 262	23, 010 99 26, 240 9, 584 5, 352	$24, 181 \\ 101 \\ 27, 222 \\ 6, 546 \\ 4, 360$	22, 048 95 19, 771 8, 823 4, 329	20, 881 87 13, 740 15, 957 5, 385	18, 855 79 13, 520 21, 294 7, 445	17, 325 80 14, 155 24, 464 8, 899	20, 215 84 20, 813 23, 865 9, 706	21, 802 94 20, 891 24, 773 9, 556	23, 399 97 22, 924 25, 247 9, 215	$\begin{array}{r} 22,698\\97\\26,400\\21,545\\8,669\end{array}$	24. 26. 19, 7,
CLAY PRODUCTS													
rick, unglazed: Production tthous. of standard brick Shipmentstdo Price, wholesale, common, composite, f. o. b.	548, 179 537, 039 1 27, 409	541, 709 518, 443 27. 409	541, 121 533, 658 27. 409	557, 001 557, 890 27, 409	479, 951 446, 312 27, 409	444, 660 388, 269 27. 409	391, 241 353, 088 27, 409	377, 166 375, 051 27, 410	447, 707 439, 031 27, 577	485, 905 495, 613 27. 789	499, 936 496, 994 27. 791	533, 073 544, 733 r 27. 839	» 27.
plant†dol. per thous lay sewer pipe, vitrified:‡ Productionshort tonsshort tonsdo Shipmentsdotructural tile, unglazed:‡	132, 347 143, 0 <b>4</b> 9	136, 956 147, 375	145, 352 150, 773	151, 442 160, 969	130, 372 120, 650	135, 639 98, 404	113, 227 94, 920	124, 673 106, 651	143, 156 136, 741	142, 147 135, 874	139, 598 131, 359	145, 562 140, 039	
Productiondodddododddddodddddddddddddddd	89, 833 84, 066	83, 574 84, 802	81, 071 80, 295	80, 975 85, 354	71, 635 70, 638	77, 123 63, 923	81, 541 63, 050	73, 976 68, 020	79, 890 74, 735	80, 799 80, 474	78, 329 83, 583	80, 701 85, 114	
GLASS PRODUCTS													1
Ilass containers: Productionthous. of gross Shipments, domestic, totaldo General-use food: One of the dod	10, 042 9, 735 892	10, 700 11, 126 1, 186	10, 100 9, 688 1, 464	10, 704 10, 119 1, 220	8, 837 8, 253 722	8, 250 7, 889 653	9, 293 8, 602 862	9,000 8,510 825	10, 680 12, 170 1, 293	10, 291 9, 242 1, 006	11,002 10,504 1,284	7 10, 861 7 10, 225 923	10, 9,
Narrow-neck food do do Wide-mouth food (incl. packers' tumblers, jelly glasses, and fruit jars)thous. of gross Beverage (returnable and nonreturnable)	2, 733 1, 073	1, 180 3, 210 783	2, 736 476	2,818	2, 200 312	033 2, 109 484	2, 485 385	2, 403 497	1, 255 3, 266 828	1, 000 2, 308 1, 033	1, 284 2, 909 1, 149	923 2, 839 * 1, 317	2,
thous. of gross do Liquor and wine	1, 073 1, 244 905 1, 834 788 264 10, 107	1, 257 1, 120 2, 313 928 327 9, 449	768 1,035 2,111 772 327 9,594	570 1, 380 2, 298 859 307 9, 854	530 1, 387 2, 096 742 264 10, 106	714 961 1, 927 756 285 10, 167	535 535 911 2, 356 808 260 10, 427	572 929 2, 270 804 212 10, 677	823 883 1, 418 3, 071 1, 102 308 8, 970	1, 033 967 906 1, 869 925 229 9, 741	1, 149 1, 111 1, 040 1, 984 816 210 9, 909	r 1, 317 r 1, 181 r 994 r 1, 879 871 221 r 10, 234	1, 1, 1, 1,
Tumblers:       Production         Shipments       do         Stocks       do         Table, kitchen, and householdware, shipments	4, 966 5, 245 8, 023 2, 945	5, 833 5, 181 8, 628 3, 354	3, 816 4, 050 8, 389 3, 308	5, 696 6, 012 8, 035 4, 374	5, 191 4, 693 8, 431 3, 666	4, 960 4, 428 8, 911 <b>3</b> , 295	5, 975 5, 399 8, 724 3, 652	6, 387 5, 541 9, 566 3, 656	6, 778 5, 908 10, 230 3, 667	6, 029 5, 886 10, 582 3, <b>549</b>	6, 049 5, 951 10, 705 3, 533	5, 296 4, 800 11, 089	
thous. of dozens GYPSUM AND PRODUCTS	2, 840	0,004	3, 308	4,014	<b>ə,</b> 000	3, 290	3,002	3,000	3,007	3, 049	0,000	2, 741	
rude gypsum, quarterly total: Imports			1, 218 2, 164 1, 846			716 2, 033 1, 723			444 1, 863 1, 718				
Calcined: For building uses:			603, 095 533, 226			610, 738 424, 371			608, 516 411, 877				
Base-coat plasters.       do         Keene's cement.       do         All other building plasters.       do         Lath.       thous. of sq. ft         Tile       do         Wallboard of       do         Industrial plasters.       short tons.			533, 226 13, 337 165, 283 645, 548 6, 265 902, 174			$12, 125 \\161, 130 \\570, 922 \\6, 507 \\935, 541$			$168, 692 \\ 579, 491 \\ 4, 730 \\ 926, 229$				
Industrial plastersshort tons	•••••		58, 438			65, 195			66, 339				

#### **TEXTILE PRODUCTS**

CLOTHING Hosiery: Productionthous. of dozen pairs Shipmentsdo Stocks, end of monthdo COTTON	11, 794 11, 726 29, 843	13, 907 14, 470 29, 279	14, 104 15, 184 28, 199	15, 687 16, 819 27, 067	13, 987 15, 118 25, 935	13, 342 12, 949 26, 399	14, 360 13, 555 • 27, 217	13, 857 13, 724 7 27, 343	14, 304 14, 356 + 27, 317	14, 077 12, 862 r 28, 540	13, 260 11, 192 * 30, 617	13, 100 12, 328 7 32, 065	11, 452 11, 964 31, 553
Cotton (exclusive of linters): Production: Ginnings§thous. of running bales Crop estimate, equivalent 500-lb. bales thous. of bales	176	1, 413	5, 716	10, 786	13, 420	13, 988	14, 715						<sup>5</sup> 1, 166 <sup>3</sup> 15, 159
Consumption bales Stocks in the United States, end of month,	4 697, 637	744, 383	736, 248	4 915, 593	759, 737	697, 984	4 893, 806	765, 778	772, 176	4 905, 071	747, 789	741, 929	4 739, 050
Stocks in the United States, end of month, total       totals.         Domestic cotton, total	2,789 2,720 220 1,502	$16, 667 \\ 16, 600 \\ 13, 991 \\ 1, 795 \\ 814 \\ 66$	$15,704 \\ 15,646 \\ 10,720 \\ 3,977 \\ 949 \\ 58$	$14,503 \\ 14,452 \\ 6,550 \\ 6,644 \\ 1,258 \\ 51$	$13, 422 \\ 13, 371 \\ 4, 495 \\ 7, 437 \\ 1, 439 \\ 51$	12, 294 12, 238 2, 888 7, 779 1, 571 55	11, 137 11, 063 1, 926 7, 442 1, 695 74	10, 195 10, 117 1, 393 6, 906 1, 819 78	9, 195 9, 111 852 6, 366 1, 892 84	8, 113 8, 019 713 5, 491 1, 817 94	7, 109 7, 011 601 4, 691 1, 719 97	6, 126 6, 029 415 4, 005 1, 609 97	5,5025,4092593,7061,44493

Revised. > Preliminary. <sup>1</sup>Specification changed; earlier data not strictly comparable. <sup>2</sup> Total ginnings of 1952 crop. <sup>3</sup> September 1 estimate of 1953 crop. <sup>4</sup> Data cover a 5-week period. <sup>4</sup> Ginnings to September 1.
 TRevised data for 1952 are shown beginning 1947 will be shown later. <sup>4</sup> Frevised series. Data beginning 1947 will be shown later. <sup>4</sup> Frevised series. Data beginning 1947 will be shown later. <sup>4</sup> Frevised series. Data beginning 1947 will be shown later. <sup>4</sup> Frevised series. The shown later. <sup>4</sup> Frevised series. <sup>4</sup> Fre

NOTE FOR MILL MARGINS SERIES, P. S-39. The method of compiling average mill margins has been revised to incorporate new constructions, similar to those formerly used which are no longer being made in quantity, and to substitute "landed" raw cotton prices (Memphis territory growth) for the 10 spot market quotations. Revised data for August 1950 through 1951 will be shown later.

#### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the			195	52				L		1953			
1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1951 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July
		TEX	TILE	PROD	UCTS-	-Conti	nued						
COTTON-Continued													
Cotton (exclusive of linters)—Continued Exportsbales	48, 116	106, 853	240, 501	296, 025	337, 208	465, 966	291, 829	259, 247	246, 467	208, 208	260, 905	220, 226	
Tmporte do	6, 865 37.0	7, 797 37. 9	10, 909 39. 1	7, 735 36. 8	12, 362 34. 1	33, 268 31. 7	25, 322 29. 8	27, 055 30. 2	12, 495 31. 5	33, 122 31. 5	15, 938 31, 7	11, 430 31. 5	31.
Prices (farm), American uplandcents per lb. Prices, wholesale, middling, <sup>1</sup> %6", average, 10 marketscents per lb.	39.4	39.4	38.9	36.7	34.8	33. 1	32.5	32.9	33. 2	33.0	33.4	33. 2	33.
Consumptionthous. of bales Productiondo	+ 1 79	95	88	1 108	109	114	1 111	110	137	<sup>1</sup> 128	131	123	1 10
Productiondo_	<sup>1</sup> 36 r 533	46 528	168 578	<sup>1</sup> 256 706	233 837	211 901	1 207 1, 047	174 1, 079	152 1, 097	<sup>1</sup> 119 1, 126	83 1,063	66 1, 050	1 9
<b>COTTON MANUFACTURES</b>													
Cotton cloth: Cotton broad-woven goods over 12 inches in width,													
production, quarterly d., mil. of linear vards.	54, 291	63, 315	2, 325 61, 830	70, 866	67, 119	2, 539 58, 627	54, 784	51,858	7 2, 612 48, 627	55, 304	62, 207	2,606 57,382	
Exportsthous. of sq. yd Importsdo Prices, wholesale:	2, 532	1, 529	3, 976	6, 433	3, 271	7, 634	3, 647	2, 773	6, 295	6, 887	6, 311	4, 924	
Mill marginstcents per lb Denim, 28-inch*cents per yd	25.39 40.7	26.83 40.7	29.72 40.7	32, 55 40, 7	33. 05 40. 7	34.12 40.7	34.40 40.7	33.92 40.7	32, 52 38, 8	32.01 38.8	31, 98 38, 8	32.82 38.2	32. 2 38
Print cloth, 39-inch, 68 x 72 <sup>•</sup> dododo	17.4 17.0	18.4 17.5	19.3 17.8	19.3 17.8	18.3 17.8	18.5 17.3	18.3 17.1	19.3 17.0	18.6 17.0	18.4 16.9	18.4 17.3	18.5 18.0	₽ 18 ₽ 18
Cotton yarn, natural stock, on cones or tubes: Prices, wholesale, f. o. b. mill:*	. 733	.742	. 767	769	745	700				. 690	670	- 075	   ».e
20/2, carded, weavingdol. per lb 36/2, combed, knittingdo	1.022	1. 045	1. 080	.762 1.082	. 745 1. 075	. 728 1. 047	. 709 1. 018	. 702 1. 018	. 692 1. 014	1.002	. 679 . 995	*.675 **.984	P.9
spindle activity (cotton system spindles):¶ Active spindles, last working day, totalthous	21, 325	21, 398	21,432	21, 612	21, 583	21, 632	21, 680	21, 622	21, 575	21, 259	21, 377	21, 201	21, 3
Consuming 100 percent cottondo Spindle hours operated, all fibers, total_mil. of hr	19, 948 19, 112	20,000 9,516	20,041 9,768	20, 215	20, 180 9, 870	20, 290 9, 183	20, 314 1 12, 282	20, 277 10, 179	20, 221 10, 251	19,926 112,353	20, 013 10, 133	19, 824 9, 938	20,0
A verage per working daydo Consuming 100 percent cottondo	380 1 8, 501	476 8, 870	501 9, 134	499 1 11, 525	506 9, 219	483 8, 637	501 111, 521	518 9, 561	513 9, 635	501 111,608	507 9, 489	497 9, 330	19,
Operations as percent of capacity RAYON AND ACETATE AND MFRS.	1 102. 2	128.1	135.1	1 134.8	137.0	130.9	1 135.7	140.2	139.5	<sup>1</sup> 136. 7	138.6	136. 1	1 11(
'ilament yarn and staple:													
Shipments, domestic, producers': Filament yarnmil. of lb	83.1	84.7	81.0	75.0	73.6	71.2	76.7	70.9	80.8	78.3	81. 5	80.2	8
Staple (incl. tow)dododo	26.9	28.0	26.7	24.1	26.8	25.1	24.1	18.5	21.9	24.1	26.6	27. 2	21
Filament yarndo Staple (incl. tow)do	65.1 15.9	57.7 15.0	54.9 15.5	58.4 17.8	59.1 15.9	64.4 17.4	64.0 18.8	62.9 16.4	61. 2 16. 4	60. 2 22. 9	57.9 26.1	56.9 r 29.8	5
Importsthous. of lb	3, 995	5, 960	5, 010	3, 872	3, 687	3, 691	5, 503	6, 260	10, 892	11, 201	6, 069	7, 241	
Yarn, viscose, 150 denier, flament, f. o. b. ship- ping point*	. 780	. 780	. 780	. 780	. 780	. 780	. 780	. 780	. 780	. 780	. 780	. 780	P.
Staple, viscose, 112 denierdo Rayon and acetate broad-woven goods, production, quarterly d	. 400	. 400	. 400 460, 958	. 400	. 400	. 366 499, 331	. 366	. 366	. 366	. 366	. 336	. 336 516, 000	P
SILK			100,000									510,000	
Silk, raw: Importsthous. of lb	967	893	1, 363	1,071	716	1,032	901	585	640	573	666	593	
Price, wholesale, white, Japanese, 20/22 denier, 87% (AA), f. o. b. warehouse 9 dol. per lb	5, 23	5. 43	5.43	5.47	5. 43	5.45	5. 55	5. 56	5. 53	5, 05	5, 12	5. 21	₽ 5.
WOOL										Ì			
Consumption, mill (clean basis):¶ Apparel class	<sup>1</sup> 31, 675	30, 484	31, 136	1 38, 280	28, 480	26, 900	1 34, 360	29, 564	30, 000	1 36, 490	* 31, 396	31, 272	
Carpet class do mports, clean content∆ do Apparel class (dutiable), clean content*do	<sup>1</sup> 6, 445 31, 013	9, 220 26, 979	10, 920 28, 118	113, 240 64, 994	11, 296 20, 316	12, 116 29, 686	<sup>1</sup> 13, 690 40, 894	12,656 28,487	12, 812 31, 569	<sup>1</sup> 14, 320 29, 791	9, 736 25, 093	10, 308 21, 994	
Apparel class (dutiable), clean content*do Prices, wholesale, raw, Boston: Territory, 64s, 70s, 80s, clean basisdol. per lb	21,900 1.627	18, 936 \$ 1, 660	17, 786 2 1, 596	48, 714 1, 665	10,051 1.725	15, 366 1, 725	21, 342 1, 725	18, 443	17, 254	19, 489 1. 737	14,956	15, 141 2 1, 748	1.7
Bright fleece, 565-585, clean basisdol. per Ib Australian, 64s, 70s, good topmaking, clean basis,	1. 122	1.144	1. 120	1, 168	1. 225	1. 725	1. 725	1.725 1.225	1.722 1.185	1. 201	1.752 1.194	1. 199	
in bonddol. per lb	1.425	* 1. 425	* 1. 425	<sup>3</sup> 1. 535	<sup>2</sup> 1. 625	<b>2</b> 1. 675	2 1. 725	3 1. 725	\$ 1.750	3 1. 775	\$ 1.775	¥ 1. 775	1. 3
Machinery activity (weekly average):¶ Looms:⊙ Woolen and worsted:													
Pile and Jacquardthous. of active hours Broaddo	130 1, 528	163 1, 727	166 1, 811	169 1, 893	165 1, 880	159 1, 935	160 1, 867	169 1, 932	155 1,875	142 1,811	133 • 1, 894	133 1, 921	
Narrowdo Carpet and rug:	. 19	20	19	18	18	17	18	17	16	16	15	17	
Broaddododo		113 46	134 52	138 54	139 52	144 56	138 47	163 54	1 <b>6</b> 4 56	144 51	130 51	121 52	
		73, 806	75, 293	74, 918	74, 495	71, 199	69, 128	74, 241	73, 319	68, 683	* 73, 638	75, 902	
Spinning spindles:       do         Woolen       do         Worsted @no	. 68, 504 120	83, 377 149	86, 475 155	86, 856 154	83, 067 141	81, 630 146	81, 597 147	91, 448 160	92, 363 152	83, 040 150	* 86, 815 158	92, 413 158	
Woolen and worsted yarn: Production, total¶⊕thous. of lb Knitting¶do Weaving, except carpet¶do Carpet and other¶do Price, wholesale, worsted knitting yarn, 2/20s- 50s/56s, Bradford systemdol. per lb	<sup>1</sup> 55, 810 17, 890	56, 788 8, 428	59, 492 8, 048	<sup>1</sup> 74, 165 <sup>1</sup> 9, 550	57, 792 7, 212	55, 312 5, 884	<sup>1</sup> 64, 560 <sup>1</sup> 6, 970	57, 148	57, 940 7, 116	<sup>1</sup> 69, 235 <sup>1</sup> 9, 185	r 57, 524 r 7, 688	59, 572 8, 300	
Weaving, except carpet¶dodo	140,935	38, 140 10, 220	38, 940 12, 504	1 48, 815	37, 280 13, 300	35, 492 13, 936	1 42, 175	6, 488 36, 320 14, 340	36, 576	1 43,065 1 16,985	38,080 11,756	38, 860	
Curper and owner   do	- 0,000	10,220	1 10,00%	10,000	10,000	10,000	- 10, 410	1 17,090	14, 248	- 10, 900	11,700	12, 412	

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#### September 1953

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the			19	52			,			1953			
1950 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1951 Statistical Supplement to the Survey	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	January	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July
		'TEX'	TILE	PRODU	JCTS-	-Conti	nued		·				
WOOL MANUFACTURES-Continued						1					ļ	ł	
Voolen and worsted woven goods, except woven											[		
felts: † Production, quarterly, totalthous. of lin. yd			87, 933 78, 903			95, 779			* 85, 334			91, 897	
Production, quarterly, totalthous. of lin. yd Apparel fabrics, totaldo Government ordersdo Other than Government orders, totaldo			78, 903 14, 064			83, 506 9, 923			8, 153			79, 155 4, 325	
						73, 583 30, 712						74, 830 39, 143	
Nonapparel fabrics			38, 227 9, 030			42.871			31, 420 7 12, 643			35, 687 12, 742	
Blanketingdodo			4, 962 4, 068			12, 273 7, 200 5, 073						7, 161 5, 581	
Prices, wholesale, suiting, f. o. b. mill: Flannel, 12-13 oz./yd., 57"/60"*1947-49=100 Gabardine, 10½-12½ oz./yd., 56"/58"*do	115.8	115.8	111.3	111.3	111.3	112.5	112.5	113.9	113, 9	113.9	113.9	113.9	113.
Gabardine, 1032–1232 02./yd., 56"/58"*do	107.5	107.5	107.2	107.2	107.2	103.9	104.7	104.7	105.3	105.8	105.3	105. 3	105.
		TRA	NSPOI	RTATI	ON EQ	UIPM	ENT						
AIRCRAFT												I	
ivil aircraft, shipmentsnumberdodo	353 67	349 76	337 57	293 96	268 84	254 97	$365 \\ 107$	382 82	358 81	402 112	417 119	339 104	40
MOTOR VEHICLES													
actory sales, totalnumber	$211,782 \\ 224$	270, 982 349	551, 159	604, 261	$519, 536 \\ 319$	535, 027	565,172 254	$583,001 \\ 190$	700, 685 236	723, 532	643, 487 367	661, 992 380	705, 07
Domestic	224 220	271	387 330	389 260	244	231 189	218	189	189	145 141	<b>3</b> 39	359	3
Passenger cars, totaldododo	168, 327 161, 862	218,577 211,140	438, 397 425, 266	471, 808 459, 958	405, 111 394, 313	418, 982 406, 156	453, 319 435, 129	486, 071 467, 440	566, 320 545, 961	596, 633 577, 971	549, 677 531, 544	587, 549 570, 826	599, 0 581, 8
Cactory sales, total      number.         Coaches, total	$43,231 \\ 36,231$	52, 056 45, 204	112, 375 99, 375	132, 064 116, 449	114, 106 102, 504	115,814 103,648	111,599 97,879	96, 740 86, 212	134, 129 122, 043	126, 754 114, 787	93, 443 82, 433	74, 063 66, 063	105, 6 92, 7
	22, 784	14,049	20, 073	22, 005	22,047	21,054	27, 121	27, 938	27, 257	28, 675	28, 511	22, 661	
Exports, total‡do         Passenger cars‡do         Trucks and busses‡do	10, 813 11, 971	7, 026 7, 023	10, 564 9, 509	9, 410 12, 595	9, 015 13, 032	9, 455 11, 599	14, 136 12, 985	$15,941 \\ 11,997$	15, 372 11, 885	16, 704 11, 971	16,455 12,056	14, 397 8, 264	
Complete trailersdodododo	3, 673 3, 369	4, 471 4, 108	4, 887 4, 552	5, 465 5, 149	4, 908 4, 610	5, 392 5, 033	$5,858 \\ 5,318$	6, 009 5, 353	6, 740 6, 327	8, 850 8, 452	9, 781 9, 414	9, 708 9, 309	
Vansdo	1,281	1, 897	2,280	2,708	2,464	2,560	2,588	2,586	2,823	2,990	3, 166	2,778	
Vansdodo All otherdo Trailer chassisdo	2, 088 263	<b>2, 211</b> 230	2, 272 242	2, 441 260	$2,146 \\ 250$	2, 473 248	2, 730 223	2, 767 286	3, 504 311	5, 462 334	6, 248 327	6, 531 357	
Registrations: New passenger carsdodo	340, 454	215, 668	318, 870	383, 385	360, 236	399, 906	386, 221	396, 558	486, 368	528, 278	540, 575	542, 193	533, 78
New commercial carsdo	72, 134	57, 786	65, 381	77, 486	70, 431	69, 949	72, 606	68, 616	79, 672	91, 127	86, 366	77, 199	76, 16
RAILWAY EQUIPMENT													
Shipments:													
Freight cars, totalnumber Equipment manufacturers, totaldo	5,658 4,116	4, 674 2, 990	3, 935 2, 05 <b>2</b>	5, 592 3, 103	6, 098 4, 201	7, 968 5, 893	8, 103 6, 094	7, 789 6, 072	6, 725 4, 958	6, 870 4, 768	6, 969 4, 312	6, 918 4, 014	6, 8 4, 6
Domesticdo_	3,860 1,542	2,853 1,684	1,879 1,883	2, 963 2, 489	4, 032 1, 897	5, 769 2, 075	5, 972 2, 009	6,063 1,717	4, 952 1, 767	4,737 2,102	3, 958 2, 657	3, 559 2, 904	4, 1 2, 1
Passenger cars, totaldo	8	55	13 13	11 11	11 11	20 20	15 15	17 17	39 39	37 37	27 27 27	$\frac{26}{26}$	
Domestic	8	5	13	11 0	11 0	20 0	15 0	17	39 0	37	27		
Association of American Railroads:									ł				
Freight cars (class I), end of month: Number ownedthousands	1, 763	1, 759	1, 757	1, 755	1, 756	1, 757	1, 759	1,762	1, 764	1, 765	1, 767	1, 767	1,70
Undergoing or awaiting classified repairs thousands	107	102	98	89	90	88	88	89	89	88	89	91	
Percent of total ownership Orders, unfillednumber	6.1 76,870	5. 8 75, 684	5.6 73,609	5. 1 74, 728	5.2 72,400	5.0 67,138	$5.0 \\ 66,368$	5. 1 63, 711	5. 0 59, 354	5. 0 54, 333	5. 0 50, 717	5.2 45,804	40, 1
Equipment manufacturersdo Railroad shopsdo	45, 094 31, 776	43, 144 32, 540	42, 171 31, 438	41, 381 33, 347	40, 355 32, 045	35, 803 31, 335	36, 550 29, 818	34, 891 28, 820	32, 732 26, 622	30, 141 24, 192	29, 351 21, 366	26, 880 18, 924	22, 9 17, 2
Locomotives (class I), end of month: Steam, undergoing or awaiting classified repairs	01,110		01,100				,	,			,		
Percent of total on line	2, 131 12. 0	2, 217 12, 7	2, 125 12. 5	2,015 12.1	1, 939 11. 9	1, 890 11. 9	$1,851 \\ 12.0$	1,835 12.1	1, 784 12, 1	1, 656 11. 5	1, 547 11, 1	1,437 10.6	1, 3 10
Orders, unfilled:	12.0	14.1	12.0	12.1	11.9	11.9	12.0	14.1	14.1	11.0	11.1	10.0	10.
Diesel-electric and electric locomotives, total number of power units	1, 434	1, 169	1,006	1,011	894 17	943	948 14	1,057 12	843 10	861	675	564	5
Steam locomotives, totalnumber	25	23 52	21 43	19 49	17 45	15 51	14 38	40	47	40	7 45	39	
Exports of locomotives, totaldo INDUSTRIAL ELECTRIC TRUCKS AND	54	02	40	49	6.9	01	-00	. 40	41	40	40	99	
TRACTORS													
Shipments, totalnumberdodo	394 369	564 528	516 488	588 549	622 585	741 674	704 669	779 743	832 794	732 690	677 640	945 902	67 59
Exportdo	25	36	28	39	37	67	35	36	38	42	37	43	

Revised. †Revised. †Revised series. Beginning with data for 1951, the Bureau of the Census reports for woolen and worsted woven fabrics refer to goods which are principally wool by weight (i. e., exclude fabrics containing 25-49.9 percent wool previously included). \*New series. Compiled by U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. grade: worsted suiting—women's and children's gabardine. Monthly data beginning 1947 will be shown later. ‡Data through December 1950 for alrerait and December 1951 for trucks and busses exclude military-type exports not shown separately for security reasons; thereafter the figures including those for passenger cars, exclude all military-type exports. of Total includes production of converter dollies not included in the detail; prior to January 1952, production of these types was included in the "all other" and "total complete trailers" categories. §Not including railroad-owned private refrigerator cars.

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Consumers' price index       5         Copper       22, 33         Copra and coconut oil.       25         Corn       19, 28         Cost-of-living index (see Consumers' price index)       5         Cotton, raw and manufactures       2, 5, 6, 21, 38, 39         Cotton, raw and manufactures       2, 5, 6, 21, 38, 39         Cotton, raw and manufactures       2, 5, 6, 21, 38, 39         Cottonseed, cake and meal, oil.       25         Crops       2, 5, 25, 27, 28, 30, 38         Currency in circulation       18
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Consumers' price index
Consumers' price index
Consumers' price index       5         Copper       22, 33         Copra and coconut oil       25         Corn       19, 28         Cost-of-living index (see Consumers' price index)       19, 28         Cotton, raw and manufactures       2, 5, 6, 21, 38, 39         Cottonseed, cake and meal, oil       16         Crops       2, 5, 25, 27, 28, 30, 38         Currency in circulation       18         Dairy products       2, 5, 11, 12, 14, 27         Debit, bank       15         Deb, United States Government       15         Deposits, bank       15, 16, 18         Disputes, industrial       13         Distilled spirits       27         Dividend payments and rates       1, 18, 20         Drug-store sales       8, 9
Consumers' price index       5         Copper       22, 33         Copra and coconut oil       25         Corn       19, 28         Cost-of-living index (see Consumers' price index)       19, 28         Cotton, raw and manufactures       2, 5, 6, 21, 38, 39         Cottonseed, cake and meal, oil       16         Crops       2, 5, 25, 27, 28, 30, 38         Currency in circulation       18         Dairy products       2, 5, 11, 12, 14, 27         Debit, bank       15         Deb, United States Government       15         Deposits, bank       15, 16, 18         Disputes, industrial       13         Distilled spirits       27         Dividend payments and rates       1, 18, 20         Drug-store sales       8, 9
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