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 BUSINTESS
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

OFFICE OF BUSINESS ECONOMICS


# The <br> Susiness <br> Situation 

By the Office of Business Economics

## Personal Income




QUARTERLY TOTALS, SEASONALLY ADJUSTED, AT ANNUAL RATES
U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

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SSome seasonal quickening in activity occurred in March-mainly in outdoor occupations-but, after allowance for the usual seasonal variations, the downward movement of business was extended. .The general situation continued to reflect some weakness in production and demand, centered to a substantial degree in producer and consumer durable goods.

The increase in March employment was mainly in agriculture, and was approximately matched by a rise in the labor force. Nonfarm employment was practically unchanged in a period when normally there is a rise. After seasonal adjustment, the total number of employees in nonagricultural establishments was down about 300,000 from February, and was 1.8 million, or $3 \frac{1}{2}$ percent, below March of last year. Most of the March decrease occurred in the commodity-producing, trade, and transportation industries. In the remaining major groups, employment increased or remained stable, continuing the pattern in evidence since the peak of August 1957.

Retail sales in March showed an increase over February, though the preliminary figures indicate that this did not quite match the usual seasonal rise. Automobile buying continued sluggish, with the early spring advance this year being less than usual. First quarter sales of automotive stores were off one-seventh from a year ago.

## March personal income little changed

Personal income in March, at an annual rate of $\$ 341 / 1 / 2$ billion, was about the same as in February. For the first quarter as a whole, the total flow of income to individuals was at an annual rate of $\$ 342 \frac{1}{2}$ billion, or $\$ 4$ billion higher than in the same period of 1957. In real purchasing power, first quarter income was somewhat lower than a year ago.

A further decline in wage and salary disbursements from February to March was offset to a large extent by an increase in government transfer payments. In addition, agricultural income continued its recent pickup as prices received by farmers advanced.

Wages and salaries in March, at an annual rate of $\$ 2331 / 2$ billion, were off $\$ 1$ billion from February. As in other recent months, the decrease centered in manufacturing, particularly in the durable-goods industries. It reflected largely a further reduction in employment, with little change in hours worked or average hourly earnings. On a seasonally adjusted basis, total factory employment was off 200,000; currently, it totals $15 \frac{1}{2}$ million as compared with 17 million at the end of 1956.

The March rise in transfer payments, about $\$ 3 / 4$ billion at annual rates, stemmed from a continuing advance in unemployment benefits, and from an expansion in payments under
the old-age and survivors' insurance program. Payments to the aged increased considerably from February to March as certain groups of self-employed farm and professional persons, newly covered by the 1956 amendments to the social security law, began receiving benefits for the first time.

## Individual incomes down less than national income

The March personal income figures thus reflect the continuation of a pattern that has been evident in the current recession, as well as in the two previous postwar business readjustments-namely, better maintenance of individual incomes than of national income or output. Two factors have accounted for this development.

First, the flow of production incomes to individuals has been supplemented by government transfer payments. These payments have expanded to an annual rate of $\$ 24$ billion currently- $\$ 3$ billion higher than late last summer when personal income was at a peak. This increase, centering largely in unemployment benefits, has offset one-third of the $\$ 9$ billion drop in other forms of personal income.

Practically all of this drop has occurred in wages and salaries, which at annual rates are down about $\$ 8$ billion from their high of $\$ 2411 / 2$ billion last August. In conformity with the pattern of demand, the payroll contraction has been concentrated in commodity-producing industries, mainly durable goods manufacturing. In the other areas of the economy, accounted for by the distributive and service industries and by government, payroll changes have been generally limited, with the March aggregate rate of $\$ 138 \frac{1}{2}$ billion unchanged from last August.

The second factor which has served to limit the decline in personal income to less than the drop in national income is that the evident fall in corporate profits since last summer has thus far not had a substantial effect on the flow of dividends to individuals. This relative stability in corporate disbursements to stockholders reflects not only the usual lag in dividend payments in the initial stage of a cyclical turn in business, but also the fact that the proportion of corporate earnings paid out during 1957, as throughout the postwar period, was relatively low. This has provided a cushion for dividends.

Total dividend payments have been relatively steady at an annual rate of somewhat more than $\$ 12$ billion since last summer, apart from the cut in extras and specials which occurred at year-end.
Comprehensive data on the recent course of corporate profits are as yet not available, but it is clear from the national income accounts that a very sharp drop in this item has occurred as a result of both shrinking sales and margins. With dividends holding fairly stable, the drop in profits has resulted in lower tax liabilities and in a decline in undistributed earnings.

In total, personal income declined $\$ 6$ billion at annual rates over the past 6 months, or by $1 \frac{1}{2}$ percent. This was obviously much less than-very roughly one-third of-the drop in value of total production over the same period.
The fact that aggregate individual incomes have held up relatively well has in turn provided a powerful support to consumer demand, especially for nondurable goods and services, and hence limited the decline in total national output.

## Government stimulation

The majpr impact of Government fiscal operations on current business in recent months has been twofold: the
enlargement of the volume of transfer payments with higher unemployment and the reduction in acerued corporate taxes accompanying the fall in profits. In addition, policies to increase Government purchasing must be taken into account in assessing near-term developments.
Total government demand-Federal plus other-for goods and services is currently at a rate moderately above that recorded for the several quarters preceding. Total government purchases during the latter half of 1957 were essentially stable, with declines in Federal spending about offset by increases in State and local government buying. In more recent months the downdrift of Federal purchases has been halted, and the current programs resulting from the reexamination which has been made of Federal expenditures call for a rise in these outlays which will be added to the expansion in the outlays of State and local governments.
Part of the increase in expenditures for goods and servicer which the Federal 1959 Budget programed for the lattes half of the current calendar year (see February Surver review) may be accelerated. Toward this end, defense procurement and other Federal purchases, as well as public construction, are to be advanced wherever possible. Thus, while the quantitative effect on current spending of the revised plans is not yet certain, the near-term prospect for Federal outlays for goods and services is one of moderate increase over the rates recorded in the latter half of calendar 1957.

In addition to direct Federal outlays for goods and services, to States and localities for various types of public construction. Other programs under consideration would also stimulate State and local government buying. The increases in outlays for goods and services by these governmental units have averaged about $\$ 3$ billion annually for the last several years-

## Changes in Output of Major Manufacturing Industries



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reflecting expanded new construction as well as higher wage rates and a larger work force.

To the direct effect on the economy of increases in government buying must be added the indirect impact on business opprations of Government orders for items to be delivered at a later date. Defense Department contracts to be let for major procurement and construction in the first half of calendar 1958 were programed to exceed those in the latter half of 1957 by more than $\$ 5$ billion. While the available data on new orders for the opening months of 1958 show some short-fall from the rate which has been anticipated, he total for the first 6 months of this year is still expected exceed substantially the rate for the second half of 1957.
Federal policies have also been designed to stimulate private spending through the easing of monetary and credit conditions. Aside from the steps taken by the Federal Reserve Board, an important measure in this connection is the new housing legislation enacted last month. This legislation provides additional funds for Federal purchases of new home mortgages; extends veterans' loan guarantee programs for 2 years at a somewhat higher maximum interest rate; lowers downpayments on FHA insured loans; and removes control on the amount of discount imposed by lenders on FHA and VA mortgages in order to stimulate the further flow of private funds into the financing of new housing. In early April, the 2 percent downpayment requirement on GI home loans was eliminated.

## PRODUCTION DEVELOPMENTS

Industrial output moved downward throughout the first marter, with the Federal Reserve seasonally adjusted index off one-eighth from the same period of last year. While output in some industries remained at or close to peak rates in March, the principal changes from February were the furtber decreases in output of producer and consumer durable goods.
Steel mills operated at an average of 52 percent of capacity in March as compared with 54 percent in February; the auto industry assembled 20,400 cars and trucks per day as against 23,250 in February; and producers of crude petroleum cut back operations from an average of 6.8 million barrels a day to 6.3 million barrels. Output of bituminous coal and paperboard increased slightly.
The extent of the adjustment in manufacturing now underway may be seen from the accompanying chart, which compares changes in output among broad groups of manufacturing industries in the first quarter of 1958 with the like period a year ago, which was, in general, the cyclical peak (or near peak) rate of production. (Also see product table.)
All of the major industries registered decreases with the excepticn of the manufactured food group (which includes beverages and tobacco). The cutback in durable manufacter was pronounced, amounting in the aggregate to about 15 percent. This compares with a 5 percent decline in nondurable-goods output.

## Producers' goods

The lack: of current orders in primary metals is reflected in the low rate of current output. As new orders for capital goods declined and the demand for consumer hard goods eased; users of steel and other metals reduced their forward orders and worked off inventories built up early in 1957. In the first 3 months of 1958, for example, steel mills turned out 18.8 million tons of steel ingots and castings-the lowest tonnage for a nonstrike quarter since 1946. This was a
drop of 25 percent from the October-December 1957 quarter and nearly 40 percent under the first quarter of last year.
Output of domestic nonferrous metals has undergone only moderate adjustments from peak rates of last year, though market demand is much softer. In January and February, production of copper and aluminum, the two most important of the nonferrous metals in terms of quantity and value, showed relatively little change from the fourth quarter 1957 average and from a year ago. A sizable proportion of current output of copper, lead, zinc, and aluminum, as was the case in 1957, has been transferred to Government account. Prices of copper are off sharply from a year ago, and recently aluminum prices have been reduced for the first time since 1941.

In metal fabricating plants, the decline in activity in the first quarter of 1958 from a year earlier was much less than for primary metals. A greater than average reduction in output developed in the rubber products industry, reflecting a significant cut in output channeled to the auto industry, as well as to manufacturers of producer goods.

## Consumer goods

Production of consumer goods, as shown in the chart, reflected a variety of movements, with the more cyclically sensitive durable goods registering wider swings than nondurables. ${ }^{1}$ In the aggregate, production of soft goods, which accounts for approximately three-fourths of total consumer-goods output, remained close to the record rate which prevailed through the first 9 months of 1957. Due to the sharp cuts in automobile output, however, and to a lesser extent in other durable goods, the total of consumer-

## Output of Consumer Goods



1. The production series shown in the chart represents an approximate measure of total output of consumer goods based on the Federal Reserve Board's indexes of output of major consumer durable goods and a combination of the nondurable indexes of output of food, beverages, and tobaceo manufactures, apparel and shoes, printing and publishing, and refined
petroleum products. The two groups combined accounted for approximately one-third of total manufacturing production in 1957.
goods production was off one-twelfth from the first quarter of last year.

Output of passenger cars has moved steadily downward since November with weakening consumer demand. Assemblies in March totaled 360,000 -the lowest monthly volume aside from model changeover and strike periods since early 1952-a decline of nearly two-fifths from the November total. For the quarter as a whole, completions totaled 1.2 million which compares with 1.4 million in the October-December 1957 period and 1.8 million in the January-March quarter a year earlier.

Production adjustments from the first quarter of 1957 varied considerably among the major household groups, ranging from sharp cuts for major appliances to less pronounced reductions for furniture and floor coverings and miscellaneous home and personal goods lines.

Output of radios and television sets in February on a seasonally adjusted basis was the lowest since 1954 and was nearly two-fifths below the high July-August 1957 average. Preliminary weekly production data for March indicate some further reduction from the low February rate. Most of the reduction in radio output, as in recent months, was in the auto type models.

Retail sales of television receivers in January and February of this year exceeded production by a considerable margin and stocks have been reduced correspondingly. In the aggregate, inventories at the end of February were down one-fourth from the high in October 1957, one-eighth below a year ago, and lower than at any time since early 1955. In contrast, the position of home-type radios was unfavorable with regard to both sales and inventories.

Table 1.-Production of Selected Products

| Product | Unit | First quarter |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1957 | 1958 |
|  |  | (Monthly average) |  |
| Consumer durable goods |  |  |  |
| Passenger cars.- | Thous...--------- | 595 | 415 |
| Radios, home and auto. | Thous.-. | 192 1,320 | ${ }_{935}^{415}$ |
| Refrigerators.......... | Thous- | 304 | *217 |
| Washing machines. | Thous. | 312 | *250 |
| Dryers, clothes. | Thous | 114 | *88 |
| Vacuum cieaners.. | Thous.. | 297 | *246 |
| Consumer nondurable goods |  |  |  |
| Suits, men's-..---...----- | Thous-...- | 1,924 23 | * ${ }^{*} 1,1553$ |
| Hosiery. | Thous. doz. prs.. | 12,049 | *11, 696 |
| Shoes and slippers. | Thous. prs | 52,547 | *50,973 |
| Meats | Mil. lbs | 1,991 | *1,836 |
| Cigarettes, withdrawals | Millions | 36, 112 | * 36,373 |
| Motor fuel..--.-.-...... | Thous. bbls....- | 117 | ${ }_{* 112}$ |
| Producers' materials and equipment |  |  |  |
|  | Thous-----...-- | 92 | 74 |
| Aircraft, airframe weight. | Number ${ }^{\text {Thens...-. }}$ | 8,787 | * ${ }^{\mathbf{*}, 4,941}$ |
| Steel ingots and steel for castings | Thous. sh. tons... | 10, 528 | 6,281 |
| Copper, refined | Thous. sh. tons.- | 127 | ${ }^{*} 116$ |
| Aluminum, primary | Thous, sh. tons.- | 134 | ${ }^{*} 131$ |
| Lumber. | Mil. bd. ft | 2,695 | *2,402 |
| Cement | Thous. bbls.-.-. | 19,930 | *16, 316 |
| Paperboard | Thous. sh. tons. | 1,147 | 1,103 |
| Cotton consumption | Thous. bales. | 740 | ${ }^{7} 20$ |
| Rayon and acetate. | Mil. lbs . | 100 | *83 |
| ${ }_{\text {Coal }}$ Crude petroleum. | Mil. bbls- | 229 | 201 |
| Coal. | Thous. sh. tons | 42,310 | 33, 380 |

*Represents average of January and February.
Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, based upon data obtained from private and Government agencies.

## Varied movements

Output changes among the individual nondurable products were relatively small, except for apparel and allied products. Food, beverages, and tobacco and the printing and publishing industries, characteristically insensitive to fluctuations in general business, have shown little or no change. Output of shoes continued in large volume.

Output of refined petroleum products, which had been maintained at a high rate through February, was curtailed in March because of increasing inventories, particularly of motor fuel and residual oils. Stocks of these products reached a record total at the end of March. However, th carryovel of home heating oils has been sharply reduced this winter and are now below the year-ago volume. Crude runs to stills, a measure of refinery activity, were 2 percent below February, less than half as much as the cut in permissible output of crude petroleum established by several States.

Apparel and allied products registered the largest relative decrease in output among the consumer nondurable-goods groups and accounted for a significant proportion of the decline in this group. All major lines of clothing except dresses were down, with some items such as men's suits and overcoats and women's coats showing greater than average declines.

## Flow of new business

New business received by manufacturers has continued below the rate of output, despite the reductions in factory operations reviewed above. The primary metals and automobile industries in particular have experienced substantial contractions. Some segments of the electrical machinery and aircraft industries received an increased volume of ne business in February though from a relatively low January figure in the latter case.

Unfilled order on the books of manufacturers were reduced in February by $\$ 1.3$ billion to a total of $\$ 48$ billion at monthend. This represents a decrease of $\$ 16$ billion from a year ago. The largest over-the-year declines in order backlogs have been reported by metal-producing concerns, especially steel, and by transportation equipment companies.

The current situation continues to be one in which production is below consumption or final use. What this means, of course, is that business is drawing down its inventories at a substantial rate. This is reflected in a lowering of the gross national product, and in a widening difference in the first quarter between consumption and output. However, the ratio of aggregate business inventories to sales is considerably higher than a year ago.

The latest detailed figures available at this time are for February, but it is not expected that the general picture described will be seen to be particularly different when data are available for the entire quarter.
The book value of inventories held by manufacturing and trade firms at the end of February totaled $\$ 89$ billion, decline, after seasonal adjustment, of $\$ 1.4$ billion from December 1957. The liquidation has accelerated as compared with the final few months of 1957.
Inventory reductions have occurred primarily in manufacturers' stocks, particularly in the holdings of durable-goods producers. Wholesalers and retailers accounted for less than one-third of the reductions in business inventories in early 1958, but nevertheless these groups are following a cautious buying policy so as to keep their inventories geared to conservative sales forecasts.

# Consumer Buying- <br> A Review of Recent Developments 

FCONSUMER buying since the third quarter of last year has declined about in line with the reduction in consumer income. Some products have shown movements independent of the income variation, as for example, expenditures for food, motor fuel housing and household services which have continued high. Automobile, major appliances, and clothing purchases have declined substantially.

These developments brought the relative share of the consumer income dollar spent on durables to a 10 -year low in early 1958. The shares of nondurables and services rose. The reduced buying, particularly of automobiles, has been reflected in a lessened use of credit with debt repayment in early 1958 exceeding new debt obligations for the first time since mid-1954.

Consumer prices have advanced about 1 percent in the last 6 months so that consumer buying in real terms was off by more than the 1 percent decline in the dollar figures. As can be seen in the chart, increases in prices have occurred in food and services, where consumption has continued strong. Prices of other nondurables and of durables have shown slight downward tendencies.

## Pecline in durables

While the decline in spending from the peak of 1957 to the first quarter of 1958 was relatively about the same as that in disposable personal income, there have been wide variations among the commodities. In some cases there has been the expected response to a lower income. In others buying has shown appreciable independent movements by continuing upward or by undergoing exceptionally large reductions.

The largest relative decreases have occurred in consumers' durables where to a considerable degree purchasing involves taking on new debt obligations. These reductions have extended over a wide range of commodities. For the group as a whole, purchases had fallen off gradually during 1957, and by the fourth quarter consumer expenditures for durable goods were 4 percent lower than in the opening quarter on a seasonally adjusted basis. The largest decrease, however, came in the first quarter of 1958 when dollar purchases of durables were one-eighth below the first quarter of 1957-the lowest in 3 years.

About four-fifths of the decline over the past year has reIted from the sharp fall in demand for automobiles. Other consumer hard goods have also experienced substantial sales reductions.

In evaluating these developments, the trend in durablegoods outlays in recent years should be kept in mind. From a low in the fourth quarter of 1953 these outlays rose about one-third to a peak seasonally adjusted annual rate of $\$ 37$ billion in the third quarter of 1955 . To a large extent this increase resulted from an exceptional new car market in 1955

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and, as new car demand returned to more normal proportions, durable-goods buying dipped to $\$ 33$ billion annual rate in mid-1956 and then rose to a secondary peak of $\$ 36$ billion in the opening quarter of last year.

## Nondurable purchases maintained

Nondurable-goods expenditures have shown a characteristically lesser cyclical impact. Consumption in the opening quarter of 1958 was very little below the third quarter peak. Nondurable expenditures had been generally rising in the postwar years, and buying of such commodities in the 1958 first quarter was only topped by the previous two quarters.

Expenditures for food, gasoline and oil, drugs, and shoes have continued high. First quarter purchases were unchanged from the third quarter when seasonally adjusted, and were well above a year ago. Buying of apparel (other

## Trend of Personal Income and Consumption



Table 1.-Personal Consumption Expenditures and Prices, 1957-58

|  | Consumption expenditures index, 1st quarter $1957=100$ |  |  | Percent increase in consumer prices <br> Feb. 1957 to Feb. 1958 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1957 |  | 1958 |  |
|  | 1st Qtr. | 3rd Qtr. | 1st Qtr. ${ }^{\text {P }}$ |  |
|  | (Seasonally adjusted) |  |  |  |
| Total goods and services. | 100.0 | 102.5 | 101.5 | 3. 2 |
| Durable-goods | 100. 0 | 97. 6 | 87.5 | 1.8 |
| Automobiles and parts. | 100.0 | 93.9 | 76.0 |  |
| Furniture and household equipment | 100. 0 | 99.9 | 96.0 |  |
| Nondurable-goods | 100. 0 | 103. 8 | 103. 0 | 3. 2 |
| Clothing and shoes | 100.0 | 105. 6 | 101. 0 |  |
| Food and alcoholic beverages $\qquad$ | 100.0 | 103. 4 | 104. 5 |  |
| Gasoline and oil | 100.0 | 102. 6 | 102. 5 |  |
| Tobacco. | 100.0 | 107. 8 | 104, 0 |  |
| Services_ | 100.0 | 102. 6 | 104. 5 | 3. 9 |
| Household operation | 100. 0 | 102. 9 | 106. 0 |  |
| Housing----- | 100. 0 | 102. 5 | 104. 5 |  |
| Transportation-..-.-.---- | 100. 0 | 101. 7 | 100. 0 |  |

1. Preliminary, based on partial data.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and U. S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.
than shoes) has fallen off appreciably from the third quarter high; in the remaining major nondurable groups, the volume of purchasing was off moderately during the same period.

## Services rise more slowly

Expenditures for services have continued to rise, although at a reduced rate. This increase in service expenditures has served to offset a part of the decline in commodity buying. The further increase in early 1958 is attributable largely to higher outlays for housing and household operations (including utilities).
In the last 10 years service expenditures have more than doubled to reach a total of $\$ 105$ billion in 1957. The average rate of increase in this 10 -year period was about $71 / 2$ percent per year. In more recent years this rate of advance slowed somewhat with the year-to-year change from 1956 to 1957 amounting to $5 \frac{1}{2}$ percent.

## USE OF CONSUMER DOLLAR

Shifts in the use of the consumer dollar have historically developed slowly because of resistance to changes in consumption habits. Durable-goods expenditures in general are much more sensitive than other consumer purchases to changes in income and, over short periods, this influence is felt more promptly and more sharply.
The postponability of many durable purchases is reflected in lower buying during periods of recession, and a "catching up" in ensuing recovery periods. With high economic activity, employment and income generally prevailing in the postwar years, the response of durable expenditures to income changes until recently has been relatively much less than in the prewar years. A discussion of these shifts by detailed commodity and service items was presented in the September 1955 issue of this Survey.
The falling off in purchases of durable goods in the first quarter of 1958 reduced the share of consumer income going to such expenditures to $101 / 2$ percent from the $11 \frac{1}{2}$ percent in the second half of 1957. Except during the steel strike in
the third quarter of 1952, this was the lowest ratio since mid-1946-a period when automobiles in particular and durables in general were still in short supply. Purchases of both the automobile and housefurnishings-appliance groups currently account for a lower relative share of income than in the past 5 years.
Nondurable-goods outlays-dominated by such basic necessities as food, gasoline, and clothing, and strongly infiuenced by population and other growth factors-are less sensitive to income changes. After a decline from the maximum rate of 55 percent of income reached in 1947 when supplies of many durables were still insufficient, expenditures for nondurables in the past 3 years have tended to move almos proportionately with income. In the later period the ratio of nondurable expenditures to income has remained fairly close to $46 \frac{1}{2}$ percent. In the last 6 months, however, as the share of income going to durables declined, the nondurable proportion has moved slightly upward to 47 percent. The continued strength in food expenditures accounted for most of this advance.
Outlays by consumers for services, seasonally adjusted, have shown continuous quarter-to-quarter increases over the past 2 decades, and their share of income is now 36 percent. In general, service expenditures are relatively insensitive to income changes as consumers have very limited ability to alter outlays for such service items as housing, household utilities, car repair, medical care, and education.
This sluggish response to changes in income means that service expenditures tend to hold up or rise moderately in the face of income declines. In the short run, therefore, as income falls services become rather strongly competitive with commodities, especially in those goods where demand is considered postponable.

## Effect of prices

The changes in the pattern of spending by consumers as between goods and services in part reflect the differential movement of prices; their effect on the relative distribution

## Consumer Prices

- Services and food continue up
- Other commodity prices stable

f the consumer dollar may be observed by considering the roportions of expenditures to income in real terms. As an be seen in table 2 , the service share of the consumer acome dollar on this basis had risen only about 1 percentage oint in the 10 -year period through 1957. Between mid957 and the first quarter of this year, however, the ratio o income in real terms rose an additional 1 percent and utlays for services currently account for almost 33 percent f income.
The nondurable-goods share at $491 / 2$ percent is at the highest ate since 1952 and, while lower than in the earlier postwar ears when durable goods were in short supply, has not fallen tearly so much as the shares in current dollars would indicate. Jurable-goods outlays in real terms currently account for bout $11 \frac{1}{2}$ percent of disposable personal income, about the ame as in 1952, although below the 12 to 14 percent range $n$ other years in the past decade.


## Less consumer borrowing

Consumer credit outstanding declined more than seasonally n the early months of this year. The $\$ 43$ billion of out;tanding debt at the end of February was $\$ 2.3$ billion higher han a year earlier-the smallest year-to-year rise since February 1955. As would be expected from developments in sonsumption, service credit is the only major directly-related somponent not experiencing a contraction in credit growth. Noninstallment debt at retail outlets in February was little different from a year earlier, about in line with the sales experience of retail stores.

Total installment credit extended, after seasonal adjustment, declined slightly in the fourth quarter and much more sizably in the early months of this year. Repayments, which had been rising steadily in recent years reached a peak
in December and fell slightly in the early months of 1958 ; repayments exceeded new loans in February and total installment credit outstanding declined for the first time since 1954.

This behavior reflected, primarily, the recent deterioration in the automobile market and the concomitant reduced use of automobile credit. After fluctuating within a narrow range in 1957, new automobile installment loans, seasonally adjusted, turned down sharply in the first 2 months of 1958. They were off 5 percent in January and an additional 12 percent in February to bring them about one-sixth below the year-ago figure. As the chart shows, the reduction in automobile credit use was responsible for most of the drop in total installment credit outstanding. Other installment credit in the first 2 months of the year remained at about the level of the fourth quarter of last year, following its slow growth in recent years.

The volume of credit has fallen less than total car purchases over the past year, reflecting an increase in the proportion of cars bought on credit. In addition, there has been a movement toward longer maturities in automobile financing: The proportion of new contracts with maturities of over $21 / 2$ ears was appreciably higher in early 1958 than a year earlier.

## variations in consumer markets

As has been pointed out previously the consumption characteristics among the various consumer items in the recent period showed significant differences. Some light on these variations may emerge from considering individual items.

The change in the demand for automobiles has continued to play a leading part in the pattern of consumer spending. In the years 1956 and 1957, the number of new passenger
cars purchased had been just under 6 million, off from the near $7 \frac{1}{2}$ million record volume sold in 1955.

In 1957, consumer purchasing of new automobiles fell off somewhat from the beginning of the year but steadied in the spring and summer, after seasonal allowances. Sales began to fall shortly after the introduction of the 1958 models, and continued to decline through the first quarter. First quarter sales at almost 1.1 million were about 30 percent below the same period a year ago.

Stocks of new cars rose sizably through the summer of 1957. While the "clean up" operation in preparation for the introduction of new models proceeded satisfactorily, the 1958 models began to accumulate in late 1957 and early 1958. Subsequent reductions in output schedules appear to have halted the rise in stocks by February. Dealers' holdings of new cars at the end of March, however. were equal to over 2 months of current sales.

Prices of the new model automobiles introduced in the fall of 1957 were, on the average, about 3 percent higher than the models introduced a year earlier. However, the poor sales experience has led to small but continued price decreases

## Consumer Installment Credit

Repayments exceeded new loans in early 1958 . . .

and no further growth in other installment credit


Dota: FRB
U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

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Table 2.-Personal Consumption Expenditures as a Percent of Disposable Personal Income Based upon Constant (1947) Dollars

| Year | (Percent) |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total goods and services | Durable goods | Nondurable goods | Services |
| 1947 | 97.7 | 12. 2 | 55.1 | 30. 4 |
| 1948. | 94.7 | 12. 0 | 52.5 | 30. 2 |
| 1949 | 96.0 | 12. 5 | 52.8 | 30. 8 |
| 1950 | 94.3 | 14. 0 | 50.1 | 30. 1 |
| 1951. | 92.2 | 12.2 | 49. 7 | 30. 3 |
| 1952 | 12.0 | 11. 6 | 49. 7 | 30.6 |
| 1953 | 92.2 | 12.5 | 49. 2 | 30.5 |
| 1954 | 92.9 | 12.5 | 49.2 | 31. 3 |
| 1955 | 94.2 | 14.1 | 48. 9 | 31. 2 |
| 1956 | 93.1 | 12.8 | 48. 9 | 31.4 |
| 1957. | 93.3 | 12.6 | 49.1 | 31. 6 |

Detail will not necessarily add to totals due to rounding.
Source: V. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.
since then as dealers offered inducements in the form of larger discounts and/or trade-in allowances. By the end of the first quarter, retail prices probably did not differ much from those of a year earlier.

Another element in the sales picture has been a tendency for purchasers to shift toward cars in the lower price lines. In the first 2 months of 1958, the lowest price lines of the "Big 3" cars accounted for one-fifth of output as compared to somewhat over one-tenth in the same months of 1957. Another feature of the current automobile market is the recent growth in sales of foreign cars, though these do not constitute any large share of the market.

The shift in automobile demand during the current downturn in activity constitutes one of the major differences between this period and 1948-49 and 1953-54. Automobile expenditures fell sizably in the fourth quarter of 1953 but then were stable to higher during 1954. In 1948-49 automotive expenditures continued upward throughout the period of declining overall activity; the decline then in goods consumption was attributable to other durables and nondurable commodities.

## Furniture, appliances weaker

Expenditures for many other types of durable commodities have also shown a significant decline, though not to the same extent as automobiles. Buying of furniture and household equipment, which had reached a record rate at the end of 1956 on a seasonally adjusted basis, held through the third quarter of 1957 and then slid off 4 percent by the first quarter of 1958.

At department stores, in the first 3 months of the year sales of departments selling major household appliances and furniture and bedding were each off almost 10 percent from a year ago. In the domestic floor covering departments sales of synthetic carpets were moderately lower than a year earlier, while sales of hard surface floor coverings were down more than a sixth.

In electrical appliances, most large-ticket items were moving slowly, while the smaller appliances generally moved in good volume. Among other durable-goods departments, sporting goods, and cameras sold in good quantity, exceeding year-ago totals, while the radio, television, and music departments had sales for both months nearly equal to a year ago.

Trade association data on the volume of radios sold at
retail indicate year-to-year declines in the early months 1958, following a sizable rise in the $1955-57$ period. Ret sales of television sets have been below year-ago figures sin last fall. These sales had declined from 1955 to 1956 an held steady in the first half of 1957.

## Record food expenditures

The amount spent for food and beverages in restaurant and for the home accounts for half of all goods purchaser Because of its large relative importance and because mos food expenditures represent largely necessities, such pur chases tend to help keep the aggregate consumption of good from sliding rapidly when buying elsewhere slackens.

Total expenditures for food and beverages remained fairl: stable over the last three quarters. Buying in the firs quarter of this year, seasonally adjusted, was somewha higher than in the last quarter of 1957 and $4 \frac{1}{2}$ percent abov that in the first quarter of last year. Taking into consider ation the rise in prices of food sold to the consumer in th. past year, the physical volume of food consumption at th, present time about matches that of a year ago although $i$ is somewhat lower on a per capita basis.

Purchases of food are dependent not only on consumes income but also on farm output and stocks. While overal food supplies are about the same as a year ago, productior of meat products in the first 2 months of 1958 was off about 10 percent from the previous year while marketings of fresh fruits and vegetables were cut by the severe weather this winter. Even though consumer income is off slightly, prices of these products are very sensitive to changing supplies, and this has been the chief factor behind the steady rise in retail prices of meats and produce over the past several monthis.

## Apparel sales off, shoe demand up

Buying of clothing and shoes, which for almost 3 years prior to 1955 had been running at an annual rate of $\$ 20$ billion, began to pick up in that year and by the third quarter of 1957 had risen 15 percent to a peak annual rate of $\$ 23$ billion. Preliminary figures indicate a decline of about 5 percent from that top to the first quarter of this year.

Expenditures for apparel present a somewhat mixed picture. Shoe sales are being maintained better than other items of clothing. Sales of shoe stores were well above a year earlier in January, though only slightly above in February. At department stores, men's shoe sales in the January-February period were about 3 percent above, while sales of women's shoes were down from a year earlier.

Men's clothing sales in the opening months of 1958 were below year-ago figures at both men's wear stores and men's wear departments. In women's wear, the January experience was favorable, but February sales, except for furs, slipped to below the February 1957 level. However, the effect of the unusually bad weather conditions is difficult to gage and particularly so in view of their encroachment on the shorter Easter season this year.

Preliminary data for department stores in March, after adjustment for seasonal and the changing date of Easter suggest that apparel sales improved from February though they were still somewhat below a year ago.

## Slower growth for motor fuel

Expenditures for gasoline and oil for the most part appear to be a function of the number of cars in operation and, as such, have evidenced strong growth characteristics. With
the motor car becoming more and more a necessary item in transportation of consumers, expenditures for fuel and oil have not shown any marked sensitivity to income changes.

The volume of purchases has grown steadily with time, and, relative to spendable income, the proportion has been tending upward. In the past 5 years expenditures for gasoline and oil have increased by 44 percent, or at an average rate of $7 \frac{1}{2}$ percent per year. Judging by apparent consumption of motor fuel, and by sales recorded by gasoline service stations, there has been some slowing in growth in 1957 and in recent months.

## Housing and household operation

Housing and household operation outlays together account for nearly half of all service expenditures by consumers. In household operation are included outlays for domestic service as well as payments for electricity, gas, water, telephone, and other communications.

Expenditures for these services have moved up fairly steadily in the postwar years: In the past 5 years outlays have risen more than 40 percent. This growth has been due partly to rising income, but also importantly because of higher rentals, and continuous increases in the number (and size) of occupied homes, in population, and in living standards. Outlays for utilities have been accelerated by the very large postwar growth in home electrical appliances, in the use of gas for heating, and the continued rise in the number of telephones.

Over the past decade electricity and natural gas sales for residential use have both more than tripled in volume-a larger relative rise than in industrial and commercial consumption. This rate of growth in residential use was considerably reduced in 1957 -electricity sales rose about 9 percent from 1956, while gas sales were up 3 percent.

Telephone revenues rose about 9 percent in each of the years 1955, 1956, and 1957-about the same as the average annual increase in the preceding 3 years. The number of residential telephones in operation almost doubled in the 10 years ending January 1, 1958, as compared to a two-thirds rise in business phones.

Expenditures for domestic service have also risen in the past year-outlays in the first quarter of this year were 2 percent above a year earlier. This was at a record rate due to both higher wage costs and to slightly more employment. These expenditures had risen about 30 percent in the 5 years from 1951 to 1956 and then leveled in 1957.

The slower increase in expenditures for gas, electricity, and domestic service, a reduced rate of growth in the stock of housing, and a smaller rise in rental prices have all been factors in a recent lessening in the rate of advance in consumer outlays for housing and household operation.

## Transportation

Consumer use of transportation has been relatively stable in the recent period; activity within this field, however, has varied considerably. Outlays for automobile services have been steadily increasing with growing passenger car registrations, the increased use of cars especially in suburban areas, and as a means of getting to and from work. Expenditures in 1957 rose about 5 percent from 1956.

Expenditure for airline travel is still trending strongly upward with early 1958 passenger-miles flown about 10 percent higher than a year ago. The railroads and local transit lines have not fared so well. In the first 2 months of this year, passenger operating revenues of Class I railways were about one-eighth below a year ago, while those of local transit lines in the January-February period were about 7 percent lower. Operating revenues of intercity busses last year were running about 7 percent above a year ago. This, however, reflects increased fares; 6 percent fewer revenue passengers were carried in 1957 than in the previous year. Passenger miles were only slightly lower.

## Foreign travel

Foreign travel has been attracting a greater number of Americans ever since wartime restrictions were eliminated. Expenditures abroad and for transportation in 1957 were about $\$ 1.9$ billion, as compared to $\$ 1.8$ billion in 1956 and $\$ 1$ billion in 1950.

About 30 percent of these outlays go to foreign and United States carriers, while the remainder-expenditures abroad-is almost equally divided between the Western Hemisphere and the rest of the world. There has been, however, a growing emphasis on European travel.

After a decline in aggregate outlays in early 1957 due to the Suez crisis, foreign travel picked up during the rest of 1957. No definitive data are available for 1958, but early indications of passport applications and bookings suggest continuing heavy interest in this type of recreational and educational expenditures. The lower fares established by the air lines for European travel in the new economy class are expected to afford a stimulus to such travel.

# Size Distribution 

# of Personal Income 

THE PERSONAL income flow to families and unattached individuals reached a new high of $\$ 328$ billion in 1957. This was 5 percent above the current-dollar total for 1956, 12 percent above 1955, and about 20 percent above 1953 and 1954.
In as much as the number of consumer units increased over this period, the rise in average income was, of course, smaller, but nevertheless it amounted to 14 percent from 1953 to 1957. With allowance for the rise in prices since 1953, the advance in real income per family was 7 percent.
The distribution of the dollar income total for 1957 among the $531 / 2$ milllon consumer units of the Nation is illustrated in the accompanying chart. Bars at the left of the chart show the percentage of families and unattached individuals in each personal income range, and those at the right the percentage share of total income received by each group. These figures for 1957, as well as the estimates presented for 1956, are preliminary. The latest comprehensive data from tax returns are for 1955 , and distributions for the two later years have been extended from the 1955 tax-returnbased figures by sample survey data on family incomes. All of the distributions shown here have been adjusted to agree statistically with the family income totals included in the annual personal income series.
The chart for 1957 shows the largest concentration of consumer units in the income range between $\$ 4,000$ and $\$ 6,000$, in which were found 25 percent of the total number of families and individuals. The brackets directly below ( $\$ 2,000$ to $\$ 4,000$ ) and above ( $\$ 6,000$ to $\$ 8,000$ ) included another 23 and 18 percent, respectively. Fourteen percent of consumer units-comprising in large part unattached individuals and farm operator families-received incomes of less than $\$ 2,000$. At the upper end of the income scale, 20 percent had 1957 incomes over $\$ 8,000$; within this group 11 percent received $\$ 10,000$ or more.
Three commonly used measures of the central income position of consumer units in 1957 may be cited. The modal income, which represents the most frequent or usual family income. was located within the $\$ 4,500$ to $\$ 5,000$ income band. Average (median) personal income was approximately $\$ 5,060$; half of the families and unattached individuals had personal incomes below and half had incomes

[^1]
#### Abstract

This article brings up-to-date the estimates of the distribution of families and family income initiated by the Office of Business Economics in a supplement to the Survey of Current Business, "Income Distribution in the United States, by Size, 1944-50" (U. S. Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D. C., 1953, price 65 cents), and carried forward in articles in the March 1955 and June 1956 issues of the Survey. Included in the present article are revised family income distributions for 1953-55 and preliminary estimates for 1956 and 1957. Most of the summary data for earlier years that were presented in preceding articles are reproduced here. A technical note on definitions and methodology appears at the end of this article For a more detailed discussion of sources and methods, the reader is referred to the Income Distribution supplement.


above this amount. Average (mean) family income, obtained by dividing total income by the total number of consumer units, was $\$ 6,130$.

Before examining how average incomes have changed during the postwar period, several characteristics of these averages may be noted.

Average incomes per family or consumer unit are substantially higher than average incomes expressed on a per capita or per worker basis. The average (mean) of $\$ 6,130$ in 1957, for example, was more than $\$ 1,900$ larger than average annual earnings of full-time employees in the same year (see Table 1). The difference between the two averages arises partly because the family average covers earnings of self-employed as well as employed persons, and includes supplementary incomes received by many families in such forms as interest, dividends, rents, and selected items of nonmoney income. In contrast, the average for employees covers wages and salaries only.

But the major reason why the family average is larger is that many families have more than one working member. Census Bureau survey data show that over one-third of multiperson families had two earners, and another one-tenth had three or more earners during 1956. Somewhat less than one-half of the supplementary earners in families were wives of the family head, and the remainder were grown children or other relatives. Even small earnings by any of these persons serve to make the family average larger than earnings on a per worker basis.

## Before-tax average incomes

Over the past decade the average income of American families and unattached individuals rose by $\$ 2,000$ - from $\$ 4,130$ in 1947 to $\$ 6,130$ last year. This represented an increase of almost 50 percent for the ten-year period as a whole.

When adjustment is made to eliminate the effects of changes in the prices of goods and services--by expressing incomes in terms of dollars of 1957 purchasing power-the rise in average real income was just over $\$ 1,000$ for the decade. This represented an increase of about 20 percent in average family purchasing power since 1947.

A broad upsweep of incomes characterized seven of the years within the 1947-57 period. Only in the recession years of 1949 and 1954 was there a decrease in the constant-
lollar family average. Last year, when the decline in usiness activity affected only the last 4 months, average eal income for the year as a whole remained substantially it lts 1956 level (see chart).

## After-tax average incomes

Federal individual income tax liabilities averaged $\$ 650$ ,er family and unattached individual last year. This was $; 50$ more than the corresponding average for 1956 andlespite the reductions in tax rates in 1954-about $\$ 70$ more er consumer unit than in 1953. In fact, except for a dip n 1954, the average tax liability of consumer units has ncreased in each year since 1950, reflecting the broad uprard shift of consumer units into higher tax-rate brackets.
The 1947-57 rise in after-tax incomes was therefore somewhat less than the increase noted carlier in the before-tax iverages. In terms of 1957 dollars, real after-tax income ose by somewhat under $\$ 900$-from $\$ 4,610$ per consumer mit in 1947 to $\$ 5,480$ in 1957. The rise over the decade , ras at an average annual rate of $13 / 4$ percent. This compared with a rate of about $1 \frac{1 / 4}{4}$ percent for the 28 -year period from 1929 to 1957.
It is of interest to note that real after-tax income last year showed no change from 1956.

## CHANGES FROM 1947 TO 1957

The rise in average family income over the 1947 to 1957 decade was reflected in a marked upward shift of families along the income scale. This is illustrated in the accomvanying chart which compares the income distribution of consumer units in current dollars for 1947 and 1957.

The chart shows a broad shift of the income distribution curre from the range below $\$ 4,000$ on the left-hand side of the diagram to the higher income bands on the right-hand side. Of particular interest is the shift of the peak of the curve, which represents the modal or most common family income. This modal range moved from approximately the $\$ 3,000$ to $\$ 3,500$ income bracket in 1947 to the $\$ 4,500$ to $\$ 5,000$ bracket in 1957.

Table 1.-Average Family Personal Income Before and After Federal Individual Income Tax Liability, and Average Annual Earnings Per Full-time Employee

| Year | Number of families and unattached individuals (Millions) | Average (mean) personal income per family and wattached individual |  |  |  | A verage (mean) annual earnings per full-time employee (In current dollars) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Before tax |  | After tax |  |  |
|  |  | In current dollars |  | In current dollars | In 1957 dollars ${ }^{1}$ |  |
| 1929. | 36.1 | \$2,340 | \$3.940 | \$2,320 | \$3, 910 | \$1,405 |
| 194 | 44.7 | 4,130 | 5,120 | 3,720 | 4,610 | 2,589 |
| 1950 | 48.9 | 4. 440 | 5, 180 | 4, 070 | 4,750 | 3,008 |
| 1451. | 49.5 | 4.900 | 5. 360 | 4,420 | 4.830 | 3, 247 |
| 1452 | 50.2 | 5, 120 | 5.500 | 4,570 | 4,910 | 3,431 |
| 1453 | 50.5 | 5, 390 | 5,720 | 4,810 | 5, 100 | 3. 581 |
| 19.54 | 51.2 | 5. 360 | 5, 640 | 4,840 | 5,100 | 3,660 |
| 1955. | 52.2 | 5. 600 | 5, 870 | 5, 050 | 5, 290 | 3,831 |
| 1956 | 52.8 | 5. 910 | 6.110 | 5, 310 | 5, 480 | 4. 021 |
| 14.54. | 53.5 | 6. 130 | 6,130 | 5. 480 | 5,480 | 4. 190 |

[^2] sumption expenditure series in the national income accounts.


Reflecting expansion in economic activity, the rise in prices, and the increase in the total number of households in the United States, families with current-dollar incomes above $\$ 4,000$ more than doubled in number between 1947 and 1957. In the earlier year there were some $16 \frac{1}{2}$ million consumer units in the range above $\$ 4,000$; their number increased to 34 million last year. In contrast, units with incomes below $\$ 4,000$ declined from 28 million in 1947 to $19 \frac{1}{2}$ million in 1957. In percentage terms, families and unattached individuals with incomes above $\$ 4,000$ accounted for 37 percent of the total number in 1947 and 63 percent in 1957 (see Table 2).
The broad shift of families from income brackets below $\$ 4,000$ to higher income ranges is mirrored in the distribution of their total income. In 1957, the 34 million consumer units that had incomes of more than $\$ 4,000$ received more than $\$ 280$ billion of total income. This contrasted with $\$ 120$ billion in that range received by $16 \frac{1}{2}$ million consumers in 1947. The $\$ 1,000$ bracket in which the largest proportion of total current-dollar income was located shifted from the $\$ 3,000$ to $\$ 4,000$ bracket in 1947 to the $\$ 5,000$ to $\$ 6,000$ bracket in 1957.

## Stability of relative distribution

The shift of families up the absolute income scale in the decade after 1947 involved little change in the relative distribution of income. Percentage shares of total income received by successive fifths of consumer units in 1956 did not differ significantly from corresponding estimates for 1947.

A fractional decrease in relative share appears for the top 20 percent of families and unattached individuals and corre-

Table 2.-Distribution of Consumer Units and Their Income by Family Income Level, 1947 and 1953-57

| Family personal income (before income taxes) | Number of families and unattached individuals (millions) |  |  |  |  |  | Family personal income (bilions of dollars) |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1947 | 1953 | 1954 | 1955 | 1956 | 1957 | 1947 | 1953 | 1954 | 1955 | 1956 | 1957 |
| Inder \$2,000 | 11.1 | 8.5 | 9.0 | 8.2 | 76 | 7.3 | 13.2 | 9.9 | 10.5 | 9.6 | 8. 9 | 8.5 |
| \$2,000- $\$ 3,999$. | 17.1 | 13.4 | 13.8 | 13.6 | 12.7 | 12.1 | 51.2 | 41.) 8 | 42.4 | 41.4 | 38.6 |  |
| \$4,000-85,999 | 9.2 | 13.3 | 13.1 | 13. 5 | 13.5 | 13.6 | 44.5 | 65.8 | 65. 1 | 66.9 | 67. 0 | 67.4 |
| \$6,000-\$7,999 | 3.8 | 7.8 | 7.7 | 8.5 | 9.2 | 9. 6 | 26.0 | 53. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 53.2 | 58.5 | 63. 5 | 66. 3 |
| \$8,000-89,999 | 1.5 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.6 | 4.3 | 4.8 | 13.3 | 29.8 | 29.1 | 32.2 | 37.7 | 42.6 |
| \$10,000-\$14,999 | 1.2 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 3.0 | 3.5 |  |  |  |  |  | 42.5 |  |
| \$15,000 and over | 8 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 22.1 | 40.8 ${ }^{1}$ | 42.2 | 47.1 | 54. | 59.8 |
| Total | 44.7 | 50.5 | 51.2 | 52.2 | 52.8 | 53.5 | 184.6 | 272.2 |  | 291.9 |  | 328.2 |
|  | Percent distribution |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under $\$ 2,000$ | 25 | 17 | 18 | 16 | 14 | 14 |  |  | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| \$2,000-83,999 | 38 | 27 | 27 | 26 | 24 | 23 | 28 | 15 | 15 | 14. | 12 | 11 |
| \$4,000-\$5,999 | 20 | 26 | 26 | 26 | 26 | ${ }^{25}$ | 24 | 24 | 24 | 23 | 22 | 21 |
| \$6,000-87,999 | 9 | 1.5 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 18 | 14 | 19 | 19 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| \$8,000-\$9,999 . | 3 | 7 | 6. |  |  |  | 7 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 12 | 13 |
| \$10,000-\$14,999. | 3 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 7 | \% | 8 | 12 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 14 |
| \$15,000 and over--.-.... | 2 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 12 | 15 | 15 | 18. | 17 | 18 |
| Total... | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |

spondingly minor increases for the three middle fifths. These changes are very small particularly when contrasted with the long-run changes that have been observed since 1929. Although comprehensive data for the earlier period are lacking, such estimates as have been made indicate that the relative share of upper income groups has been significantly lower since World War II.

As was noted in an earlier article, the reduction appears to have reflected two factors: First, a decrease since the prewar period in the relative importance in the income total of types of income-such as dividends-which accrue in large proportions to the upper income groups; and second, a reduction in dispersion within major income types, particularly wages and salaries.

## Component groups of families

In comparing the 1947 and 1957 income distribution $\varepsilon$ si mates it must be remembered that it is not the same famili whose incomes are examined in the 2 years. Not only w there a net increase of 9 million consumer units during $t$ ] decade-from $44 \frac{1}{2}$ million in 1947 to $53 \frac{1}{2}$ million in 1957 but a substantial number of families that existed in $t]$ former year had disappeared by the latter. Moreove many of the consumer units that remained throughout tl period probably shifted their relative position on the incon scale.

The average (mean) income of nonfarm families, for e: ample, was more than $\$ 2,100$, or 45 percent, higher in $19:$ than in 1947. In contrast, the average for the farm operat, group-including income from both farm and nonfar sources-increased by less than $\$ 500$, or under 15 percen Farm incomes were unusually high in the immediate postw; years.

Reflecting this differential change in average income, th shift up the income scale in the decade following 1947 we much less pronounced for the farm than for the nonfari group.

## Adjustment for price rise

A large part of the shift of families to higher incon brackets between 1947 and 1957 reffected the influence ( the rise in prices. As noted earlier, the average (mean income of consumer units increased over the decade by almos 50 percent on a current dollar basis, and by 20 percent whes 1947 incomes are expressed in 1957 prices.

It is of interest to examine the changes in income siz distribution that have taken place over the decade after th: cffect of the price rise has been eliminated, that is, to de termine changes in the size distribution of real incomes. Thi can be derived only in rough fashion because we do no

## Average Family Personal Income



## Changes in Family Income Distribution

There was a marked upward shift of family incomes from 1947 to 1957

possess separate indexes applicable to the various income brackets. It is therefore necessary to use the same index throughout the income range even though all brackets may not have been actually affected in the same way by the price rise. Moreover, available price indexes which refer to consumer expenditures for goods and services must be applied to income totals that include income taxes and saving as well as outlays for consumption.
In Table 4 an approximate conversion of the 1947 distribution of families and unattached individuals into 1957 dollars has been made by applying the price index used in defating the personal consumption expenditure component of gross national product to the current dollar distribution for the earlier year. ${ }^{1}$ Differences between these figures and the income distribution for 1957 reflect-approximatelythe shifts that have taken place in real (constant-dollar) family incomes.

The upward shift of families into brackets above $\$ 4,000$ that was noted earlier in the current-dollar series appears also, though substantially dampened, in the constant dollar figures. The number of consumer units with real (1957toiiar) incomes over $\$ 4,000$ increased from 23 million in 1947 to the 34 million already cited for 1957. In the currentdollar series the number in this range more than doubled. Similarly, compared with $11 \frac{1}{2}$ million or 26 percent of families and unattached individuals with real incomes above $\$ 6,000$ in 1947 , there were $20 \frac{1}{2}$ million, or 38 percent in that range in 1957. Consumer units with real incomes above

[^3]$\$ 10,000$ increased in number from $3 \frac{1}{2}$ million in 1947 to more than 6 million last year.

Table 3.-Percent Distribution of Family Personal Income Among Fifths of Consumer Units, 1947 and 1956

| Fifths of consumer units ranked by size of income | 1956 | 1947 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lowest_ | 5.0 | 5.0 |
| 2. | 11.3 | 11.0 |
| 3. | 16.5 | 16.0 |
| 4. | 22.3 | 22.0 |
| Highest.. | 44.9 | 46.0 |
| Total | 100.0 | 100.0 |

Table 4.-Distribution of Consumer Units by Real Income Level, 1947 and 1957

| Family personal income in 1957 dollars (before income taxes) | Number of families and unattached individuals (millions) |  | Percent distribution |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1957 | $\begin{gathered} 1947 \\ \text { (in } 1957 \\ \text { dollars 1) } \end{gathered}$ | 1957 | $\begin{gathered} 1947 \\ \text { (in 1957 } \\ \text { dollars 1) } \end{gathered}$ |
| Under \$2,000. | 7.3 | 8.0 | 14 | 18 |
| \$2,000-\$3,999 | 12.1 | 13.7 | 23 | 31 |
| \$4,000-\$5,999 | 13.6 | 11.5 | 25 | 25 |
| \$6,000-\$7,999 | 9.6 | 5.6 | 18 | 12 |
| \$8,000-\$9,999 | 4.8 | 2.5 | 9 | 6 |
| \$10,000-\$14,999. | 3.9 | 2.1 | 7 | 5 |
| \$15,000 and over. | 2.2 | 1.3 | 4 | 3 |
| Total. | 53.5 | 44.7 | 100 | 100 |

1. For limitations of the adjustment for price changes, see text.

## Technical Note

The family income distributions presented here have been developed within the frameFork of the general body of national income statistics regularly published by the Office of Business Economics. More specifically, the size distributions have been integrated statis tically and definitionally with the income totals for families and unattached individuals embodied in the OBE's personal income series.

## Definition of terms

The definitions of families and unattached individuals in the income distribution tables conform with those used by the Census Bureau. Families are units of two or more persons related by blood, marriage, or adoption and residing together; unattached individuals are persons other than institutional inmates who are not living with any relatives.

The term consumer units refers to the combined group of families and unattached individuals. The total number of families and unattached individuals is estimated as of the end of the calendar year to which the income data pertain, and is derived by interpolating between Census Bureau figures for the preceding and following March or April. ${ }^{1}$

Farm operator families cover all families operating farms as defined in the Census of Agriculture; their number is estimated annually by the Agricultural Marketing Service. ${ }^{2}$ The broad nonfarm family group is defined to include all multiperson units other than farm operator families.
Family personal income represents the current income received by families and unattached individuals from all sources, including wage and salary receipts (net of social insurance contributions), other labor income, proprietors' and rental income, dividends, personal interest income, and transfer payments. In addition to monetary income flows, family personal income includes certain nonmoney items such as wages in kind, the value of food and fuel produced and consumed on farms, the net imputed rental value of owner-occupied homes, and imputed interest.
Total family personal income is a somewhat smaller amount in each year than the personal income aggregate from which it is derived, because it excludes the income received by institutional residents (including military personnel not living with their families), or retained by nonprofit institutions, private trust, pension, and welfare funds.

Average family personal income refers to the annual amount from all income sources received by the family unit as a whole; it is, of course, a larger figure than average income data on a per worker or per capita basis.

Aggregate Federal individual income tax liability is defined as the total liability reported on individual income tax returns, plus an estimate for amounts uncovered by subsequent audit, minus liability of military personnel not living with their families, minus liability on net capital gain.

For a discussion of these definitions the reader is referred to the supplement to the Surver of Current Business, "Income Distribution in the United States, by Size, 1944-50".

## Income distributions for 1944-55

For the years through 1955, the family income distribution estimates were developed on the basis of consolidated data from Federal individual income tax returns and information from Census Bureau and Federal Reserve Board annual sample field surveys of family incomes. The source data were adjusted so as to account for independently estimated national totals for each major type of income determined from the OBE's personal income series.
The techniques used in combining and adjusting the basic statistics are described in detail in the Income Distribution supplement, which also includes an evaluation of the family income distribution estimates and a discussion of their limitations.

For 1950-55, the procedures described in the supplement were modified somewhat in order to allow for the split-income provision introduced for tax returns in 1948, and to incorporate newly available bridge data between tax-return incomes and family incomes. The following is a summary of the major steps for deriving the nonfarm family income distributions for the years 1950-55.
First, Federal individual income tax returns in each year, classified by adjusted gross income brackets in the tabulations available from the Internal Revenue Service (IRS), were shifted to brackets representing income exclusive of net capital gains. The shifting of returns reporting such gains (and of their incomes exclusive of such gains), which was required because capital gains are not included in the personal income measure, was based on IRS tabulations which showed these returns cross-classified by adjusted gross income brackets and by net capital gain brackets. ${ }^{3}$ The following major groups of returns distinguished in IRS tabulations were shifted separately: Joint returns of husbands and wives, separate returns of husbands and wives, single returns, and returns of heads of households.
second, the tax returns were combined into family units and classified by family adjusted gross income (less capital gain) brackets. The combination was accomplished mainly on the basis of a Census Bureau matching study for 1949 in which Federal individual income tax returns filed by family members were located for a sample list of families and unattached individuals covered in the Census Bureau's field survey of family incomes for that year.
This matching study provided a classification of each major group of tax returns (joint returns, single returns, etc.), in each tax-return income bracket, by family relationship (family head or head-wife combination, supplementary income recipient in family, or unattached individual), and by number of income recipients in the family. The study also presented

1. See, for example "Households and Families, by Type: 1950 to 1957 ", Census Bureau,
Series P-20 No. 76 . The Census Bureau number of "unrelated individuals" was reduced slightly to exclude several minor groups regarded here as residents of institutions.
2. Farm Income Situation, No. 164, July 1957, Agricultural Marketing Service, U. S. Department of Agriculture, p. 26.
s-addition required ment. ment.
cross-classifications of the supplementary income recipients in families by size of their own income and by size of the income of the family head (or head-wife combination).

Largely on the basis of relationships shown by these data, the tax returns in each of the years 1950-55, in each income bracket, were allocated by family relationship, and the returns estimated to have been filed by supplementary income recipients in families were combined with those of family heads. Tax returns filed by members of the armed forces not living with their families were subtracted from the distribution of tax returns before the combination into family units was carried through.

The third step was to subtract farm operator families included in the taia-return-based allfamily distribution. Estimates of the numbers and amounts of income to be subtracted in each income bracket (including amounts from nonfarm sources as well as reported net farm income) were derived from IRS tabulations of tax returns reporting proprietorship income in the farming industry, and sample statisties giving source patterns of income for farm opera tors in rarious income brackets. As described in the Income Distribution supplement, the size distribution series for the farm group, unlike that for nonfarm families, is not based on tax return data.
Finally, the nonfarm family distribution in each year was adjusted to add families not filing tax returns and types of income not covered on returns, and also to adjust reported amounts of income so as to agree with the control totals included in the personal income series of the Office of Business Economics. Control totals of the number of families and of the aggregate amounts of income, by type of income, were derived as explained on pages 53 and 78 of the Income Distribution supplement.
Nonfarm families not filing tax returns (i. e., the difference between the control total and the number accounted for in the tax-return-based distribution) were distributed initially within the income range below $\$ 2,000$ in proportion to frequencies in the Census Bureau sample survey for the corresponding year. Most of the income received by these families represented old-age benefits or assistance and other transfer payments.
To add the income not accounted for, a comparison was first made between the amounts of each major type of income-wages and salaries, business and partnership income, dividends, interest, rent, etc--covered in the tax-return-based distribution for nonfarm families and the corresponding control total for that group developed from the personal income series. The difference between these totals was then distributed by family income brackets, separately for each major type of income.
These distributions of nonreported income were developed from a variety of source material. For example, ratios, by income bracket, of income disclosable by audit to income reported, derived for various types of income from the IRS audit studies for 1948 and 1949, were used to distribute proprietors' income and the several types of reportable property income not accounted for in the tax-return-based figures. A special study of Wisconsin incomes provided the basis for distributing tax-exempt interest. Tabulations by the IRS for 1954 and 1955 of salary exclusions for sick pay and dividend exclusions were used to distribute these items.

Data from the Survey of Consumer Finances on number of homeowners, equity in owned homes, holdings of liquid assets of various types, and life insurance premiums, by income level, were utilized in distributing imputed net rental value of nonfarm family dwellings, imputed interest, and accrued interest on U. S. savings bonds. A special Census Bureau survey of the incomes of aged economic units in 1951 provided the basic data for estimating distributions of old-age benefits and assistance, and staff reports of the recent President's Commission on Veterans' Pensions supplied information for distributing the several types of veterans' payments.
A subtraction from the tax-return-based income figures was required in the case of employee contributions for social insurance. Personal income, it will be recalled, is net of these contributions, whereas wages and salaries are reported gross of them on tax returns. Tabulations from the IRS, in which tax returns reporting wages and salaries were cross-classified by size of wage and salary income and total income, provided the basis for estimating first the amount of wages and salaries in each total income bracket subject to contributions for social insurance, and then the amount of employee contributions attributable to the bracket.

Finally, the net total of additional income in each income bracket, derived by summing the nonreported amounts of the various major types of income and subtracting employee contributions for social insurance, was added to the corresponding reported amount in the tax-return-based distribution, and the families in each bracket were shifted up the income scale by using the interpolation procedures described on page 61 of the Income Distribution supplement.
For farm operator families, the income distributions for 1950-55 were derived by essentially the same procedures that are described in the Income Distribution supplement and are subject to the same limitations. Estimates for unattached individuals were obtained by extrapolating the 1947 figures derived in the supplement on the basis of the increase in the average income of the group, on the assumption that relative income differences among these individuals had not changed. As was pointed out in the Income Distribution supplement (page 31), the statistical basis for the income distributions for these two groups of consumer units is less satisfactory than the source material available for nonfarm families.

## Preliminary distributions for 1956 and 1957

Tabulations of Federal individual income tax returns are not yet available for 1956 and 1957, so that the estimates of family income distribution for these 2 years are of a preliminary character. Sample data from the Census Bureau's Current Fopulation Surveys indicate that relative differences in income were essentially unchanged between 1985 and 1956, and
(Continued on p. 18)

Table 5.-Distribution of Consumer Units and Their Family Personal Income by Family Personal Income Level, Selected Years, 1944-5b

| Family personal income (before income taxes) | Number of families and unattached individuals (thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Aggregate family personal income (millions of dollars) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1944 | 1946 | 1947 | 1950 | 1951 | 1952 | 1953 | 1954 | 1955 | 1956 | 1944 | 1946 | 1947 | 1950 | 1051 | 1952 | 1953 | 1954 | 1955 | $195{ }^{\circ}$ |
| Under \$1,000. | 4,352 | 3.826 | 3, 748 | 3,861 | 3,227 | 3, 282 | 2,956 | 3, 071 | 2,918 | 2, 688 | 2, 390 | 2,017 | 1,973 | 1.943 | 1,680 | 1.688 | 1,518 | 1,571 | 1,480 | 1.380 |
| \$1,000-\$1,999 | 8. 108 | 7,606 | 7,370 | 7,464 | 6, 022 | 5,687 | 5, 554 | 5,889 | 5,327 | 4,954 | 12,338 | 11, 570 | 11,231 | 11,333 | 9, 084 | 8.627 | 8,438 | 8,951 | 8, 081 | 7.502 |
| \$2,000-\$2,999 | 8,762 | 8,791 | 8,459 | 8,091 | 7, 164 | 6,541 | 6, 364 | 6,509 | 6,272 | 5,871 | 21,938 | 22,007 | 21, 176 | 20, 273 | 17,945 | 16.411 | 15,998 | 16,345 | 15, 771 | 14,742 |
| \$3,000-\$3,999. | 7, 723 | 8,590 | 8,628 | 8,586 | 8, 192 | 7,636 | 7,061 | 7,291 | 7,275 | 6,784 | 26,960 | 29,906 | 30,045 | 29,983 | 28, 696 | 26, 792 | 24, 817 | 25, 615 | 25, 591 | 23.841 |
| \$4,000-\$4,999. | 4,535 | 5,364 | 5,725 | 7,054 | 7,455 | 7,631 | 7,117 | 7,118 | 7,117 | 6,941 | 20, 261 | 23,956 | 25,583 | 31,533 | 33, 552 | 34. 305 | 32,057 | 32,055 | 32,087 | 31, 198 |
| \$5,000-\$5,999. | 2.515 | 3,065 | 3,474 | 4,694 | 5, 580 | 6,072 | 6, 152 | 6,032 | 6. 363 | 6, 540 | 13, 739 | 16,725 | 18, 957 | 25.603 | 30. 502 | 33.200 | 33,702 | 33,033 | 34, 871 | 35, 338 |
| \$6,000-\$7,499 | 2,259 | 2,547 | 3,151 | 3,836 | 5,323 | 5, 801 | 6,379 | 6, 284 | 6.940 | 7. 416 | 14,942 | 16,833 | 20.812 | 25,578 | 35, 596 | 38.759 | 42, 611 | 41,947 | 46, 442 | 49,668 |
| \$7,500-\$0,099. | 1,385 | 1,751 | 2,170 | 2,758 | 3,390 | 4, 121 | 4,768 | 4,734 | 5,186 | 6.042 | 11, 802 | 14,905 | 18, 454 | 23, 364 | 28. 531 | 34, 660 | 40,707 | 40,333 | 44,272 | 51.54) |
| \$10,000-\$14,999 | 707 | 1,070 | 1,199 | 1,536 | 1,899 | 2, 041 | 2,636 | 2,661 | 3, 017 | 3,545 | 8,483 | 12,784 | 14,300 | 18,310 | 22,617 | 24, 212 | 31,561 | 31, 856 | 36, 173 | 42.483 |
| \$15,000-\$19,999 | 246 | 332 | 386 | 414 | 523 | 598 | 734 | 745 | 852 |  | (4,215 | 5,692 | 6, 586 | 7,083 | 8.933 | 10,214 | 12,557 | 12,749 | 14, 606 |  |
| \$20,000-\$24,999 | 108 | 143 | 167 | 218 | 274 | 316 | 308 | 313 | 356 |  | 2,395 | 3.165 | 3,700 | 4,826 | 6,063 | 6,986 | 6,821 | 6,931 | 7,885 | 10 |
| \$25,000-\$49,999. | 140 | 191 | 208 | 294 | 336 | 384 | 383 | 397 | 433 |  | 4. 651 | 6,308 | 6,879 | 9,743 | 11,097 | 12.633 | 12,793 | 13, 294 | 14, 528 | , |
| \$50,000 and over.. | 40 | 54 | 55 | 84 | 95 | 100 | 98 | 106 | 114 |  | 3,607 | 4,837 | 4,902 | 7,690 | 8,350 | 8.675 | 8,606 | 9,276 | 10, 118 |  |
| Total.---.-.--------- | 40,880 | 43,330 | 44,740 | 48,890 | 49, 480 | 50,210 | 50,510 | 51, 150 | 52,170 | 52, 800 | 147, 721 | 170,705 | 184, 598 | 217,262 | 242,652 | 257, 162 | 272, 186 | 273,956 | 291, 905 | 312, 255 |
|  | Percent distribution |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under \$1,000 | 10.7 | 8.8 | 8. 4 | 7.9 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 5.9 | 6.0 | 5. 6 | 5.1 | 1. 6 | 1. 2 | 1. 1 | 0.9 | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.6 | 0. 6 | 0.5 | 0.4 |
| \$1,000-\$1,999 | 19.8 | 17.6 | 16.5 | 15.3 | 12.2 | 11.3 | 11.0 | 11.5 | 10.2 | 9.4 | 8.4 | 6.8 | 6.1 | 5.2 | 3.7 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 3.3 | 2.8 | 2.4 |
| \$2,000-\$2,999 | 21.4 | 20.3 | 18.9 | 16.6 | 14. 5 | 13.0 | 12.6 | 12.7 | 12.0 | 11.1 | 14.9 | 12.9 | 11.5 | 9.3 | 7.4 | 6.4 | 5.9 | 6.0 | 5.4 | 1.7 |
| \$3,000-83,999 | 18.9 | 19.8 | 19.3 | 17.6 | 16.5 | 15.2 | 14.0 | 14.3 | 14.0 | 12.9 | 18.3 | 17.5 | 16.3 | 13.8 | 11.8 | 10.4 | 9.1 | 9.4 | 8.8 | 7.7 |
| \$4,000-\$4,999 | 11.1 | 12.4 | 12.8 | 14.4 | 15.1 | 15.2 | 14.1 | 13.9 | 13.7 | 13.2 | 13.7 | 14.0 | 13.8 | 14.5 | 13.8 | 13.3 | 11.8 | 11.7 | 11.0 | 10.9 |
| \$5,000-\$5,999 | 6.2 | 7.1 | 7.8 | 9.6 | 11.3 | 12. 1 | 12.2 | 11.8 | 12.2 | 12.4 | 9.3 | 9.8 | 10.2 | 11.8 | 12.6 | 12.9 | 12.4 | 12.1 | 11.9 | 11.5 |
| \$6,000-\$7,499. | 5.5 | 5.9 | 7.0 | 7.9 | 10.7 | 11. 6 | 12.6 | 12.3 | 13.3 | 14.0 | 10.1 | 9.9 | 11.3 | 11.8 | 14.7 | 15.1 | 15. 6 | 15.3 | 15.9 | 15.9 |
| \$7,500-\$9,999. | 3.4 | 4.0 | 4.8 | 5.6 | 6.8 | 8.2 | 9.4 | 9.2 | 9.9 | 11.4 | 8.0 | 8.7 | 10.0 | 10.8 | 11.8 | 13.5 | 14.9 | 14.7 | 15.1 | 16.5 |
| \$10,000-\$14,999. | 1.7 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 3.1 | 3.8 | 4.1 | 5.2 | 5.2 | 5.8 | 6.7 | 5.7 | 7.5 | 7.7 | 8.4 | 9.3 | 9.4 | 11.6 | 11.6 | 12.4 | 13. ${ }^{3}$ |
| \$15,000-\$19,999 | . 6 | . 8 | . 8 | . 8 | 1. 1 | 1.2 | 1. 4 | 1.5 | 1.6 |  | 2.9 | 3.3 | 3.6 | 3.3 | 3.7 | 4.0 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 5.0 |  |
| \$20,000-\$24,999 | 3 | . 3 | . 4 | 4 | 6 | 6 | 6 | . 6 | 7 |  | 1.6 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 2. 7 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.7 |  |
| \$25,000-\$49,999 | . 3 | . 4 | . 5 | . 6 | . 7 | . 8 | . 8 | . 8 | . 8 |  | 3.1 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 4.5 | 4. 6 | 4.9 | 4.7 | 4.8 | 5.0 | 17. |
| \$50,000 and over. | 1 | . 1 | .1 | 2 | 2 | . 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |  | 2.4 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.2 | 3.4 | 3.5 |  |
| Total | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 109.) |

Table 6.-Distribution of Families and Their Family Personal Income by Family Personal Income Level, Selected Years, 1944-56

| Family personal income (before income taxes) | Number of families (thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Aggregate family personal income (millions of dollars) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1944 | 1946 | 1947 | 1950 | 1951 | 1952 | 1953 | 1954 | 1955 | 1956 | 1944 | 1946 | 1947 | 1950 | 1951 | 1952 | 1953 | 1954 | 1955 | $195 \%$ |
| Under \$1,000 | 1,859 | 1,499 | 1,503 | 1,462 | 1,084 | 1,179 | 937 | 1,039 | 969 | 895 | 1, 108 | 852 | 837 | 748 | ${ }^{636}$ | 679 | 56 | ${ }^{606}$ | 568 | 519 |
| \$ $\$ 1.0000081 .989$ | 7,304 |  | ${ }^{\text {che }}$ | - |  |  | 3, 1020 | - | 2,934 | ${ }_{\substack{2,698 \\ 383 \\ \hline 80}}$ |  | 7, 7895 | ${ }_{18}^{7,587}$ | ${ }^{75,261}$ | $\stackrel{5}{5,316}$ |  | ${ }_{4}^{4,767}$ | 11, ${ }^{\text {525 }}$ | 4, 4 , 507 | ${ }_{4}^{4,148}$ |
| \$8,300- 88,999 |  | 7,939 | 7,889 | 7,546 | ${ }^{6}, 989$ | $\underset{6}{4} \mathbf{6}$ | ${ }_{5}{ }^{\text {5,676 }}$ | ${ }_{5}^{4,910}$ | ${ }_{5}^{5}$ | ${ }_{5}^{3,275}$ | ${ }_{\text {2 }}^{25} 5$ | 272, 682 | ${ }^{27} 5$ | ${ }_{26,415}$ | ${ }_{2}^{124,565}$ | 22, 174 | 20, 244 | 20, 858 | 20, 528 | 18,609 |
| \$44,000-\$4,999. | 4,348 | 5,156 | ${ }_{5}^{5,467}$ | 6,628 | 6,894 | ${ }_{6}^{6,968}$ | 6,421 | 6,429 | 6,370 | 6,092 | ${ }_{19,436}$ | 23,044 | 24, 444 | 29,655 |  | 31,361 | 2, ${ }^{2057}$ | 28, 887 | 28,759 | ${ }_{27,428}$ |
| ,000-\$5,999 | 2,435 | 2,974 | 3,367 | 4, 531 | 5,358 | 5,794 | 5.843 | 5,731 | 5,999 | 6,094 | 13,304 | 16, 232 | 18,375 | 24,718 | 29,301 | 31,692 | 32, 021 | 31,395 | 32, 894 | 33,416 |
| 0-87,499 | 1,351 | $\xrightarrow{2,484}$ | ${ }_{\substack{3 \\ 3,126 \\ 2 \\ 1}}$ | $\xrightarrow{3,721}$ |  | $\xrightarrow{5,635} \begin{aligned} & \text { 4,09 } \\ & 1\end{aligned}$ | -6,1935 <br> 4,649 | $\underset{\substack{6,104 \\ 4,616}}{\substack{\text { a }}}$ | $\underset{\substack{6,727 \\ 5,053}}{\substack{\text { a }}}$ | 7,153 5,884 3 | citis | 16, 14.595 | 20,288 18,085 | 24,811 2,807 |  |  | 41,394 39694 |  | 45,029 | ${ }^{47,929}$ |
| \$10,000-\$14,999 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3,467 | 8,247 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 41,.558 |
| \$15,000-\$19,999 | 236 | ${ }^{1,323}$ | ${ }^{1} 1376$ | ${ }_{401}$ | ${ }^{508}$ | 1,581 |  | 2, |  |  |  | ${ }_{5}^{5,533}$ | 6,411 | 6,858 | 8,681 | 9,932 | 12, 264 | 12, 457 | 14, 293 |  |
| \$20,000-\$24,999 | 102 | 38 | 161 | 211 | 266 | 07 |  | 303 | 345 |  | 2, 278 | 3,043 | 3,568 | 4,662 | 5,885 | 6, 791 | 6; 608 | 6,723 | 7,644 | 20, 276 |
| $\$ 25,000-\$ 49,999$. <br> $\$ 50,000$ and ove | ${ }^{134}$ |  | ${ }_{52}^{201}$ | 284 81 81 |  | 370 96 |  | 382 101 | 417 108 |  | 4, $\begin{aligned} & \text { 4, } 37 \\ & 3,396\end{aligned}$ | 6,089 | -6,636 <br> 4,666 | 9,408 | $\underset{\substack{10,692 \\ 7,958}}{ }$ | $\xrightarrow{12,139} 8$ | $\xrightarrow{12,285}$ | $\begin{gathered} 12,789 \\ 8,828 \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{9,607}{13,992}$ |  |
| Total-.------------- | 33,300 | 35,860 | 37,025 | 39,790 | 40,420 | 40,770 | 41, 110 | 41,750 | 42,670 | 43,350 | 134, 102 | 156,670 | 169, 340 | 197,724 | 1,379 | 233,896 | 248, 350 | 250, 253 | 266,876 | 285, 735 |
|  | Percent distribution |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under \$1,000 |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{2.9}$ | 2.3 |  |  | 2.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$1, ${ }^{\$ 1,000-81,999} \mathbf{8 2 , 0 0 0 - 2 , 9 9 9}$ | 16.4 <br> 21.9 <br> 1.9 | 14.3 <br> 20.1 | 13.2 18.2 | 11.9 15.1 | 8.6 12.5 18 | 7.8 10.8 | 7.6 10.3 | $\begin{array}{r}8.2 \\ 10.5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 6.9 9.7 | 6.2 8.8 8.8 | 6.2 13.7 | 5.0 11.6 1.6 | 4.5 10.0 10 | 3.7 7.6 | 2.4 5.8 5 | 2.1 4.7 | 1.9 <br> 4.3 <br> 1.8 | 2.1 <br> 4.4 <br> 1 | 1.7 <br> 3.9 <br> 1.8 | 1.4. |
| \$8,000-83,999 | ${ }_{13}^{21.5}$ | 22.1 | 12.3 | 19.0 | 17.3 | ${ }^{15.4}$ | 13.8 | 14.2 | 13.6 | 12.2 | 18.7 | 17.7 | 16.2 | 13.4 | 11.1 | 9.5 | 8.1 | 8.3 | 7.7 | ${ }^{6.5}$ |
| \$4,000- $\$ 4,999$ | 13.0 | 14.4 | 14.8 | 16.6 | 17.0 | 17.1 | 15.6 | 15.4 | 14.9 | 14.0 | 14.5 | 14.7 | 14.4 | 15.0 | 14.0 | 13.4 | 11.6 | 11.6 | 10.8 | 9.6 |
| \$5,000-\$5,999 | 7.3 | 8.3 |  | 11.3 | 13.3 | 14.2 | 14.2 | 13.7 | 14.1 | 14.1 | 9.9 | 10.3 | 10.8 | 12.5 | 13.3 | 13.6 | 12.9 |  | 12.3 |  |
| \$6,000-57,499 | ${ }^{6.6}$ | ${ }_{6} 6.9$ | ${ }_{5}^{8.3}$ | ${ }_{6} 9.4$ | ${ }_{8}^{12.8}$ | ${ }_{9}^{13.8}$ | ${ }_{15}^{15.1}$ | ${ }^{14.6}$ | 15.8 | 16.5 | $\stackrel{10.9}{8.6}$ | ${ }_{9}^{10.5}$ | 12.0 | ${ }_{12}^{12.5}$ | ${ }_{15}^{15.6}$ | 16.1 14.4 | 16.7 16.0 | 16.3 15.7 | 16.8 16.2 | ${ }_{17}^{16.8}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4.5 |
| \$15,000-819,999 | 2.1 | 2.9 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.7 | ${ }_{1.7} .8$ | 2.0 | 8.0 | ${ }_{3.0}^{6.2}$ | ${ }_{3}^{8.5}$ | 8.8 | 3.5 | 3.9 | 4.2 | 4.9 | 5.0 | 5.4 | 14.5 |
| \$20,000-\$24,999 | .3 | . 4 | ${ }^{.} 4$ | . 5 | . 7 | 8 | 7 | . 7 | 8 |  | 1.7 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 2.4 | 2.7 | 2.9 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.9 |  |
| 825,000-849.999 | . 4 | .5 | . 5 | . 7 | 8 | . 9 | . 9 | . 9 | 1.0 |  | ${ }^{3.3}$ | 3.9 3.0 | 3.9 2.8 | 4.8 3.7 | 4.8 3.6 | 5. 2 | 5.0 | 5.1 | 5.2 |  |
| Total. | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 190.0 | 100.) |

Table :.-Distribution of Unattached Individuals and Their Family Personal Income by Family Personal Income Level, Sclected Years, 1944-56

| Family personal income (hefore income taxest | Number of unattached individuals (thousands) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Aggregate family jersonal income (millions of dollars) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I944 | 1940 | 1947 | 1450 | 1951 | 1952 | 1983 | 1954 | 1955 | 1956 | 1944 | 1946 | 1947 | 1950 | 1951 | 1952 | 1953 | 19:4 | 1955 | 19513 |
| Vinder $\$ 1,0$ (H) | 2, 492 | 2. 327 | 2, 24.5 | 2. 2399 | 2.143 | 2,103 | 2.019 | 2.032 | 1.948 | 1.794 | 1.281 | 1.164 | 1.136 | 1,195 | 1, 044 | 1,069 | 957 | 965 | 912 | 801 |
| \$1,000-81,999 | 2. 6155 | 2.463 | 2. 473 | 2.734 | 2. 527 | 2, 526 | 2. 4.54 | 2. 454 | 2. 393 | 2.255 | 3. 962 | 3, 674 | 3, 680 | 4,072 | 3, 768 | 3.781 | 3, 652 | 3. 666 | 3, 573 | 3, 354 |
| \$2,000- $\$ 2,999$ | 1,458 | 1.581 | 1,-19 | 2.094 | 2.085 | 2, 1.33 | 2,129 | 2.142 | 2, 122 | 2. 041 | 3, 5161 | 3.875 | 4, 209 | 5, 138 | 5,150 | 5,327 | 5. 2.5 | 5. 293 | 5, 264 | 5,058 |
| \$3,000-83,999 | 573 | ${ }_{5}^{5} 52$ | 740 | 1,040 | 1,203 | 1,342 | 1,385 | 1,381 | 1.464 | 1,509 | 1.951 | 2. 225 | 2, 541 | 3,568 | 4,131 | 4,618 | 4.774 | 4, 757 | 5. 0163 | 5,232 |
| \$4,600-84,999 | 188 | 208 | 258 | 426 | 561 | 663 | 697 | 689 | 747 | 849 | 825 | 912 | 1,139 | 1,878 | 2. 480 | 2,944 | 3,100 | 3,068 | 3, 328 | 3,7:11 |
| \$5,000-\$5,999. | 80 | 9 l | 107 | 163 | 222 | 277 | 309 | 302 | 365 | 446 | 435 | 493 | 581 | 885 | 1,201 | 1,508 | 1,680 | 1, 638 | 1.9\% 6 | 2. 422 |
| \$6, $000-87,499$ | 38 | \%3 | 80 | 115 | 145 | 166 | 184 | 180 | 213 | 263 | 382 | 414 | 52.5 | 767 | - 964 | 1,101 | 1,218 | 1, 194 | 1, 414 | 1,749 |
| \$7.500-89,999 | 34 | 36 | 43 | 05 | 90 | 112 | 119 | 118 | 133 | 159 | 286 | 310 | 369 | 557 | 763 | 1,944 | 1.013 | ${ }^{1} 998$ | 1,129 | 1,331 |
| \$10,000-\$14,999 | 20 | 22 | 24 | 35 | 45 | 54 | 57 | 56 | 65 | 78 |  | 259 | 291 | 423 | 539 | 641 | 180 | 669 | 76 | 925 |
| \$15,000-\$19,999 | 9 | 9 | 10 | 13 | 15 | 16 | 17 | 17 | 18 |  | 158 | 159 | 175 | 22.5 | 252 | 282 | 293 | 292 | 313 |  |
| \$20,000-\$24.949 | 5 | 5 | 6 |  | 8 | 9 | 10 | 9 | 11 |  | 117 | 122 | 132 | 164 | 178 | 195 | 213 | 208 | 242 |  |
| \$25,000-\$49,999 | 6 |  |  | 10 | 12 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 16 |  | 214 | 219 | 243 | 335 | 405 | 494 | 507 | 505 | 537 |  |
| \$50,000 and over | 2 | 2 | 3 | , |  |  | 15 | 5 | 5 |  | 211 | 207 | 237 | 331 | 398 | 422 | 454 | 448 | 511 |  |
| Total. | 7,580 | 7,470 | 7,715 | 9, 100 | 9,060 | 9,440 | 9,400 | 9,400 | 9,500 | 9,450 | 13,619 | 14,035 | 15,258 | 19,538 | 21,273 | 23, 266 | 23, 8.36 | 23,701 | 25, 029 | 26,500 |
|  | Percent distribution |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Under \$1,000. | 32.9 | 31.1 | 29.1 | 26.4 | 23.6 | 22.3 | 21.5 | 21.6 | 20.5 | 19.0 | 9.4 | 8.3 | 7.4 | 6.1 | 4.9 | 4.3 | 4.0 | 4. 1 | 3.6 | 3.2 |
| \$1,000-\$1,999 | 35.0 | 33.0 | 32.1 | 30.0 | 27.9 | 24.7 | 26. 1 | 26.1 | 25.2 | 23.8 | 29.1 | 26.2 | 24.1 | 20.8 | 17.7 | 16.3 | 15. 4 | 15.5 | 14.3 | 12.7 |
| \$2,000-\$2,999 | 19.2 | 21.2 | 22.3 | 23.0 | 23.0 | 22.8 | 22.6 | 22.8 | 22.3 | 21.6 | 26.1 | 27.6 | 27.6 | 20.3 | 24.2 | 22.9 | 22.1 | 22.3 | 21.0 | 19.1 |
| \$3,007- 83,999 | 7, 6 | 8.7 | 9.6 | 11.4 | 13.3 | 14.2 | 14.7 | 14.7 | 15.4 | 16.0 | 14.3 | 15.8 | 1 ff 7 | 18.3 | 19.4 | 19.9 | 20.0 | 20.1 | 20.2 | 19.7 |
| \$4,001-\$4.999 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 3.3 | 4.7 | 6.2 | 7.0 | 7.4 | 7.3 | 7.9 | 9.0 | 6.1 | 6.5 | 7.5 | 9.6 | 11.7 | 12.6 | 13.0 | 13.0 | 13.3 | 14.2 |
| \$5,000-\$55,999. | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 2.4 | 2.9 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.8 | 4.7 | 3.2 | 3.5 | 3.8 | 4. 6 | 5.7 | 6.5 | 7.1 | 6.9 | 7.9 | 9.1 |
| \$6,000)-\$7,499 | . 8 | . 9 | 1.0 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.2 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 3.4 | 3.9 | 4.5 | 4.7 | 5.1 | 5.0 | 5.7 | 6.4 |
| \$7,5010-89.999 | 4 | . 5 | . | . 7 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.8 | 3.6 | 4.1 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 5.1 |
| \$10,000-\$14,999 | . 3 | . 3 | . 3 | . 4 | . 5 | . 6 | . 6 | . 6 | .7 | . 8 | 1.7 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 3.1 | 3.5 |
| \$15,000-\$19,999 | 1 | . 1 | . 1 | .1 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 |  | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1. 2 | 1.3 |  |
| \$20,000-\$24,999 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | . 1 | 1 | . 1 | . 1 | 1 |  |  | . 9 | . 9 | . 8 | . 8 | . 8 | . 9 | 9 | 1.0 |  |
| \$25,000-\$49,999 | 1 | . 1 | . 1 | . 1 | 1 | . 1 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 |  | 1.6 | 1. 6 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.1 |  |
| \$50, (00) and over | . 31 | .) | . 0 | 10 | 1 | I | . 1 | , | . 1 |  | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.0 |  |
| Total | 100. 0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |

Table 8.-Distribution of Farm Operator and Nonfarm Families and Their Family Personal Income by Family Personal Income Level, 1953-56 ${ }^{1}$


[^4]Table 9.-Number of Consumer Uuits and Persons, and Aggregate and Average Family Personal Income, Selected Years, 1944-56

| Year | Families and unattuched individuals |  |  |  |  |  | Fimilies |  |  |  |  |  | Unattached individuals |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\left.\begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { of con- } \\ \text { sumer } \\ \text { minits } \\ \text { (millions) } \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | Number of yersons |  | Family personal income |  |  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Number } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { fanilies } \\ \text { (millions) } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Number of persons |  | Fanily personal income |  |  | Number of unattached indi$\underset{\text { (millions) }}{\text { Vidu }}$ | Family personal income |  |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { (millions) } \end{gathered}$ | Average number per consumerunit | $\begin{gathered} \text { Amount } \\ \text { (billions } \\ \text { of dollars) } \end{gathered}$ | Average income |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Total } \\ \text { (millions) } \end{gathered}$ | Average number family | Amount (billions of dollars) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per } \\ & \begin{array}{c} \text { family } \\ \text { (dollais) } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Per } \\ \text { capita } \\ \text { (dollars) } \end{gathered}$ |  | Amount <br> (biltions <br> of dollars) | $\begin{gathered} \text { Per } \\ \text { capita } \\ \text { (dollars) } \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Per con- } \\ & \text { sumner } \\ & \text { (danit } \\ & \text { (dolars) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Per } \\ \text { (dopitars) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1944 | 40.9 | 125.4 | 3.07 | 147.7 | 3,614 | 1,178 | 33.3 | 117.8 | 3. 54 | 134. 1 | 4. 027 | 1,138 | 7.6 | 13.6 | 1,797 |
| 1946 | 43.3 | 139.4 | 3. 22 | 170.7 | 3.940 |  |  |  |  | 156.7 |  |  | 7.5 | 14.0 |  |
| 997 | 44.7 48.9 | 142.6 149.1 | 3.19 3.05 | ${ }_{217.3}^{181.6}$ | 4,129 4.444 | 1,295 <br> 1,45 | 37.0 <br> 39.8 | 13.4 .9 140.0 | 3.64 | 169.3 <br> 197 <br> 1.7 | 4, 574 4.969 | 1,256 1,413 | 7.7 9.1 | 15.3 19.5 | 1,978 2,147 |
| 1951. | 49.5 | 151.2 | 3.05 | 242.7 | 4,904 | 1,604 | 40.4 | 142.2 | 3.52 | 221.4 | 5,477 | 1, 557 | 9.1 | 21.3 | 2,348 |
| 19.52 | 50.2 | 153.9 | 3.06 | 257.2 | 5,122 | 1,671 | 40.8 | 144.5 | 3. 54 | 233.9 | 5,737 | 1,619 | 9.4 | 23.3 | 2,465 |
| 1953. | 50.5 | 156.6 | 3.10 | 272.2 | 5,359 | 1,738 | 41.1 | 147.2 | 3. 58 | 248.4 | ${ }^{6,041}$ | 1,687 | 9.4 | 23.8 |  |
| 1954. | 51.2 | 159.6 162.7 | 3. 12 | 274.0 2919 | 5,356 | 1,717 | 41.8 | ${ }^{150.2}$ | 3. 3 3 39 | 259.3 <br> 266.9 | ${ }^{5} 5994$ | 1,687 1,74 1 | 9.4 | 23.7 25.0 | $\stackrel{\text { 2, }}{ }{ }_{23} 621$ |
| 1956 | 52.8 | 165.7 | 3. 14 | 312.3 | 5,914 | 1,884 | 43.4 | 150.3 | 3.60 | 285.8 | 6,592 | 1, 829 | 9.4 | 26.5 | 2, 804 |

Table 10.-Distribution of Family Personal Income and Federal Individual Income Tax Liability Among Quintiles and Top 5 Percent of Consumer Units, 1950-56

| Quintile | Percent distribution of- |  |  | Mean amount of- |  |  | Tax rate (percent) | Lower income limit of quintile 1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Family personal income | Tax liability | After-tax income | Family personal income (dollars) | Tax liability (dollars) | After-tax in- <br> come <br> (dollars) |  | Before-tax basis <br> (dollars) | After-tax basis (dollars) |
| 1950: Lowest.- | 4.8 | 0.9 | 5.1 | 1,0:6 | 16 | 1,040 | 1.6 |  |  |
| 2 | 10.9 | 4.7 | 11.4 | 2, 418 | 89 | 2,329 | 3.7 | 1,810 | 1,760 |
| 3 | 16.1 | 8.7 | 16.8 | 3, 579 | 163 | 3,416 | 4.6 | 3,020 | 2,890 |
| Highest | 22.1 | 15.9 69.8 | 22.7 44.0 | 4, 1011 10,254 | 297 1,308 | 4, 614 8,946 | 6.0 12.8 | 4,160 5,850 | 3,960 5,450 |
| Total. | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 4,444 | 375 | 4,069 | 8.4 | --........ | ----- |
| Top 5 percent | 21.4 | 45.8 | 19.2 | 19,066 | 3,432 | 15, 634 | 18.0 | 10, 200 | 9, 160 |
| 1951: Lowest.... | 5.0 | 1.2 | 5.4 | 1,221 | 30 | 1,191 | 2.4 |  |  |
| 3. | 11.3 | 5.6 9 | 11.9 | 2,775 | ${ }_{136}^{136}$ | 2,639 | 4.9 5.8 | 2,090 3,420 | 2,000 |
|  | 22.3 | 18.2 | 22.8 | ${ }_{5}^{5}, 473$ | 442 | 5,031 | 8.1 | 4, 488 | 4,370 |
| Highest. | 44.9 | 65.3 | 42.7 | 11,016 | 1,591 | 9,425 | 14.4 | 6,450 | 5,880 |
| Total.-.-.-.--- | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 4,904 | 487 | 4,417 | 9.9 | -...--.-- |  |
| Top 5 percent... | 20.7 | 41,6 | 18.4 | 20, 287 | 4,053 | 16, 234 | 20.0 | 11, 110 | 9,840 |
| 1952: Lowest.- | 4.9 | 1.3 | 5.3 | 1,249 | $3 \overline{5}$ | 1,214 | 2.8 |  |  |
| 2 | 11.4 | 5.9 | 12.1 | 2,918 | 163 | 2,755 | 5. 6 | 2,170 | 2,060 |
|  | 16.6 22.4 | 10.3 18.6 | 17.4 22.8 | 4,255 5,732 | ${ }^{234} 5$ | $\stackrel{3}{3,972}$ | 6.7 9.0 | 3,610 4,910 | 3,390 4,540 |
| Highest | 44.7 | 63.9 | 42.4 | 11, 455 | 1,762 | 9,692 | 15.4 | 6,760 | 6,080 |
| Total... | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 5,122 | 552 | 4,570 | 10.8 |  |  |
| Top 5 percent | 20.5 | 40.3 | 18.2 | 21,028 | 4,442 | 16,585 | 21.1 | 11,480 | 10, 180 |
| 1953: Lowest.. | 4.9 | 1.3 | 5.3 | 1,322 | 39 | 1,283 | 3.0 |  |  |
| 2 | 11.3 | 6.0 | 11.9 | 3,038 | 174 | 2, 864 | 5.7 | 2,260 | 2, 150 |
|  | 16,6 225 | 10.8 | 17.3 22.9 | 1,471 6072 | 313 562 | 5, ${ }_{5}^{4}, 158$ | 7.0 | 3,770 <br> 5 <br> 180 | 3,546 4,780 |
| Highest. | 44.7 | 62.5 | 42.6 | 12,041 | 1,813 | 10, 228 | 15.1 | 7,160 | 6, 430 |
| Total. | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 5,389 | 580 | 4,809 | 10.8 |  |  |
| Top 5 percent | 19.9 | 38.8 | 17.7 | 21,481 | 4,501 | 16,980 | 21.0 | 12,320 | 10,950 |
| 1954: Lowest.. | 4.8 | 1.2 | 5.2 | 1,289 | 31 | 1,258 | 2.4 |  |  |
| 2. | 11.1 | 5.8 | 11.7 |  | 148 |  | 5.0 |  | 2, 110 |
|  | 16.4 | 10.5 | 17.1 | 4,401 | ${ }_{294}^{270}$ | 4, 131 | 6. 1 | 3,700 | 3,500 |
| Highest | 22.5 45.2 | 19.2 63.3 | 22.8 43.2 | 6,019 12,096 | 1894 1,628 | 5,525 10,468 | 8.2 13.5 | $\mathbf{5}, 120$ 7,100 | 4,780 6,480 |
| Total. | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 5,356 | 514 | 4,842 | 9.6 |  |  |
| Top 5 percent | 20.3 | 39.5 | 18.3 | 21,761 | 4, 059 | 17,702 | 18.7 | 12,350 | 11,110 |
| 1955: Lowest... | 4.9 | 1.4 | 5.3 | 1,375 | 39 | 1,336 | 2.8 |  |  |
| 2 | 11.3 | ${ }^{6.0}$ | 11.9 | 3,158 | 166 | 2, 992 | 5.2 |  | 2,260 |
|  | 16.5 | 11.0 | 17.1 | 4,609 | 303 | 4,306 | ${ }^{6.6}$ | 3,890 | 3, 670 |
| Highest | 22.4 44.9 | 19.3 62.3 | 22.7 43.0 | 16, 6,267 | 1831 1,712 | 5,736 10,855 | 8.5 13.6 | 5,350 7,380 | 4,950 6.500 |
| Total. | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 5,595 | 550 | 5,045 | 9.8 |  |  |
| Top 5 percent. | 20.2 | 38.6 | 18.1 | 22,574 | 4,241 | 18,333 | 18.8 | 12,840 | 11,530 |
| 1956: Lowest | 5.0 | 1.6 | 5.3 | 1,465 | 47 | 1, 418 | 3.2 |  |  |
| 2 -- | 11.3 | 6. 2 | 11.9 | 3,345 | 188 | 3,157 | 5.6 | 2, 510 | 2,390 |
|  | 16.5 22.3 | 11.4 19.2 | 17.1 22.7 | 4, 876 6,617 | 346 58 58 | 4,530 | 7.1 8.8 | 4, 120 | 3,870 |
| Highest. | 44.9 | 61.6 | 43.0 | 13, 266 | 1,867 | 11, 399 | 14.1 | 7,790 | 7,080 |
| Total. | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 5,914 | 606 | 5,308 | 10.2 |  |  |
| Top 5 percent.......... | 20.1 | 38.6 | 18.0 | 23,794 | 4,680 | 19,114 | 19.7 | 13, 490 | 12,040 |

${ }^{1}$ Rounded to nearest $\$ 10$.
$459241^{\circ}-58-3$

Table 11.-Distribution of Federal Individual Income Tax Liability of Consumer Unit

| Family personal income (before income taxes) | 1950 |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  | 1952 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Federalindividual income tax liability |  |  | Average family personal (dollars) | Tax rate (percent) | Federal individual income tax liability |  |  | A vorage family personal (dollars) | Tax rate (percent) | Federal individual income tax liability |  |  | Average family personal (dollars) | Tax rate (percent |
|  | Amount (millions of dollars) | Fercent distribution | A verage (dollars) |  |  | Amount (millions) of dollars) | Percent distribution | Average (dollars) |  |  | Amount <br> (millions of dollars) | Percent distribution | Average (dollars) |  |  |
| Under \$1,000 | 1 | 0.0 | 0 | 503 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 520 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 514 | 0.6 |
| \$1,000-\$1,999.- | ${ }_{765}^{247}$ | 1.3 | 33 95 | 1,518 | 2.2 | ${ }_{8}^{241}$ | 1.0 | 40 | 1,508 | 2.7 | 251 | $\stackrel{9}{9}$ | 44 | 1.517 | 2.9 |
| \$2,000-\$2,999. | ${ }^{765}$ | 4.2 | 95 | 2, 508 | 3.5 | ${ }^{834}$ | 3.5 | 116 | 2, 505 | 4. 6 | ${ }^{857}$ | 3.1 | 131 | 2,509 | 5.2 |
| \$3,000- 83,999 | 1,341 | 7.3 | 156 239 | 3,492 | 4. 5 | ${ }^{1,560}$ | 8. 5 | 190 | 3,503 4,501 | 8.4 | 1,622 | 5.9 | ${ }_{312}^{212}$ | 3,508 4,495 | 6. 1 |
| \$4,000-\$4,999 | 1,684 | 9.2 | 239 | 4,470 | 5.3 | 2, 154 | 8.9 | 289 | 4,501 | 6.4 | 2, 361 | 8.5 | 309 | 4,495 | 6.9 |
| \$5,000-\$5,999 .. | 1,781 | 9.7 | 379 | 5,455 | 7.0 | 2,460 | 10.2 | 441 | 5,466 | 8.1 | 2, 840 | 10.3 | 468 | 5,468 | 8.6 |
| \$6,000-\$7,499.. | 2,039 | 11.2 | 532 | 6, 668 | 8.0 | 3, 281 | 13.6 | 616 | 6,687 | 9.2 | 3,848 | 13.9 | 608 | 6,682 | 9.9 |
| \$7,500-89,999..... | 1,977 | 10.8 | 717 | 8,471 | 8.5 | 2,810 | 11.7 | 829 | 8,415 | 9.8 | 3,630 | 13.1 | 881 | 8,412 | 10.5 |
| \$10,000-\$14,999 | 1,780 | 9.7 | 1,159 | 11, 919 | 9.7 | 2,521 | 10.5 | 1,327 | 11,907 | 11.1 | 2,861 | 10.3 | 1,401 | 11,860 | 11.8 |
| \$15,000-\$19,999 | 931 | 5.1 | 2,244 | 17,078 | 13.1 | 1,300 | 5.4 | 2, 490 | 17, 105 | 14.6 | 1,555 | 5.6 | 2,601 | 17,087 | 15.2 |
| \$20,000-\$24,999 | 762 | 4.2 | 3,495 | 22, 130 | 15.8 | 1,036 | 4.3 | 3,779 | 22, 110 | 17.1 | 1,258 | 4.5 | 3,981 | 22, 104 | 18.0 |
| \$25,000-849,999.. | 2,059 | 11.2 | 6,992 | 33,087 | 21.1 |  | 10.6 |  | 32,979 | 23.2 | 3,099 | 11.1 | 7,987 | 32.871 | 24.3 |
| \$50,000 and over...- | 2,953 | 16.1 | 34,974 | 91, 079 | 38.4 | 3.334 | 13.8 | 35, 335 | 88,555 | 39.9 | 3,548 | 12.8 | 35, 457 | 86, 685 | 40.9 |
| Total. | 18,320 | 100.0 | 375 | 4,444 | 8.4 | 24, 100 | 100.0 | 487 | 4,904 | 9.9 | 27,700 | 100.0 | 552 | 5,122 | 10.8 |

Table 12.-Distribution of Consumer Units and of Family Personal Income Afte:

| Family personal income after Federal individual income tax liability | 1950 |  |  |  |  | 1951 |  |  |  |  | 1952 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of famiunat. tached individ-(thousands) | After-tax family personal income |  | Percent distribution |  | Number of families anattachedindividuals (thou-sands) | After-tax family personal income |  | Percent distribution |  | Number of fami-unattached individ (thousands) | After-tax family personal income |  | Percent distri-bution |  |
|  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Aggre- } \\ \text { gate } \\ \text { (millions } \\ \text { of dol- } \\ \text { lars) } \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | Number | After-tax income |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Aggre- } \\ \text { gate } \\ \text { (millions } \\ \text { of dol- } \\ \text { lars) } \end{gathered}$ | A verage (dollars) | Number | After-tax income |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Aggre- } \\ \text { gate } \\ \text { (millions } \\ \text { of dol- } \\ \text { lars) } \end{gathered}$ | Average | Number | After-tay income |
| Under \$1,000. | 3,978 | 2,058 | 517 | 8.1 | 1.0 | 3,350 | 1,800 | 537 | 6.8 | 0.8 | 3,393 | 1,797 | 530 | 6.8 | 0.8 |
| \$1,000-\$1,999- | 7,940 | 12,122 | 1,527 | 16.3 | 6.1 | 6. 541 | 9,961 | 1.523 | 13.2 | 4.6 | 6,237 | 9,528 | 1,528 | 12.4 | 4.2 |
| \$2,000-\$2,999 | 8, 664 | 21,762 | 2,512 | 17.7 | 11.0 | 7,849 | 19,714 | 2,512 | 15.9 | 9.0 | 7.247 | 18,224 | $\stackrel{2}{215}$ | 14.4 | 7.4 |
| \$3,000-\$3,999 | 9,109 7,220 | 31,809 32,285 | 3,492 4,468 | 18.6 14.8 | 16.0 16.2 | 8.763 8,142 | 30,632 36,502 | 3,496 4,483 | 17.7 16.5 | 14.0 16.7 | 8,408 8,622 | 29,476 38,701 | 3.506 4,488 | 16.7 17.2 | 12.8 16.9 |
| \$5,000-85,909. | 4,487 | 24,445 | 5,448 | 9.2 | 12.3 | 5,559 | 30,316 | 5,453 | 11.2 | 13.8 | 5,909 | 32,299 | 5,466 | 11.8 | 14.1 |
| \$8,000-\$7,499 | 3,297 | 21,921 | 6,650 | 6.7 | 11.0 | 4,459 | 29,709 | 6,663 | 9.0 | 13.6 | 5,032 | 33, 557 | 6,668 | 10.0 | 14.6 |
| \$7,500-89,999 | 2, 131 | 18,034 | 8,462 | 4.4 | 9.1 | 2, 397 | 20, 289 | 8,463 | 4.8 | 9.3 | 2,751 | 23, 239 | 8,447 | 5.5 | 10.1 |
| \$10,000-\$14,999 | 1,278 | 15,113 | 11,826 | 2.6 | 7.6 | 1,525 | 18.047 | 11,834 | 3.1 | 8.3 | 1,614 | 19,110 | 11,843 | 3.2 | 8.3 |
| \$15,000-\$19,999 | , 375 | 6,409 | 17,081 | . 8 | 3.2 | 453 | 7,800 | 17, 218 | . 9 | 3.6 | 518 | 8,913 | 17,218 | 1.0 | 3.9 |
| \$20,000 and over. | 405 | 12,984 | 32,026 | . 8 | 6.5 | 442 | 13,782 | 31, 195 | 9 | 6.3 | 479 | 14, 618 | 30,495 | 1.0 | 6.4 |
| Total. | 48,890 | 198, 942 | 4,069 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 49,480 | 218, 552 | 4,417 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 50,210 | 229,462 | 4,570 | 100.0 | 100.0 |

## Technical Note

## (Continued from p.14)

preliminary data from the Federal Reserve Board's Survey of Consumer Finances showed that the relative distribution in 1957 was also essentially the same as in 1955.4

Accordingly income distributions for 1956 and 1957 were estimated here by extrapolating the 1955 distribution on the assumption of unchanged relative income differences. The statistical procedures were similar to those described on page 38 of the Income Distribution supplement. Control totals for family personal income and number of consumer units in 1956 and 1957 were obtained for families and unattached individuals by the procedures outlined in the Income Distribution supplement.

## Federal individual income tax liabilities

The estimates of family income tax liabilities for 1950-55 (defined as noted above) represent essentially a rearrangement of the liabilities reported on Federal individual income tax returns as tabulated by the IRS. In broad outline, the procedure for deriving the family liability figures was to shift the reported liabilities (after subtracting estimated liabilities on capital gains) along with the returns as the latter were combined into family units and shifted from adjusted gross income into family personal income brackets by the procedures outlined above.
Amounts of tax liabilities on capital gains that were subtracted were estimated on the basis

[^5]of IRS tabulations showing for each adjusted gross income bracket the amounts of statutory net capital gains segregated for alternative tax, and the amounts taxed at ordinary rates. The tax on the former was derived by multiplying segregated gains by the alternative tax rate and that on the latter by multiplying other gains by the average effective tax rate in each bracket.
For unattached individuals, 1950 liabilities were estimated from statutory tax rates as described on pages 74-76 of the Income Distribution supplement, and those for 1951-55 by extrapolating the 1950 figures by changes in statutory rates for single persons with no dependents.
For 1956, for which comparable information from tax returns was not available, the preliminary estimates of liabilities presented here were derived by first multiplying 1955 average liabilities by the estimated numbers of consumer units in the various family personal income brackets in 1956. The results were then adjusted proportionately to account for an estimated total for 1956 Federal individual income tax liability developed from tax collection data. The amount of adjustment that was required to meet the control total was very small.
In the interpretation of the family income tax liability estimates, several points shoull be kept in mind. In the first place, the $\$ 15,000$ and over group, which is not broken down further for 1956 because of lack of adequate information, represents the combination of income brackets for which the incidence of the Federal income tax is widely different. It is in these brackets that the graduation of this tax is most substantial and units high up on the seale are subject to tax rates that are much heavier than the average for the group.
Secondly, personal income is defined to include elements that are not taxable, such as certain types of income in kind and transfer payments; also for various reasons other forms of personal income are not fully reported on income tax returns. Thus, the effective rates on personal income shown here are somewhat lower than those derived directly from tax returns .
Further, these effective rates represent averages on the incomes of families differing widely

Average Tax, Average Income, and Tax Rate, by Family Personal Income Level, 1950-56

| 1953 |  |  |  |  | 1954 |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  | 1956 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Federal individual income tax liability |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Average } \\ \text { family } \\ \text { fersonal } \\ \text { incomal } \\ \text { (dollars) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tax } \\ & \text { raxe } \\ & \text { (pare } \\ & \text { cent } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\text { tax liability }}{\substack{\text { Federal income }}}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Average } \\ & \text { family } \\ & \text { personal } \\ & \text { income } \\ & \text { (dollars) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tax } \\ & \begin{array}{c} \text { Tate } \\ \text { (ater- } \\ \text { cent) } \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\text { Federal individual income }}{\text { tality }}$ |  |  | Averagefarmilypersonalincome(dollars) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tax } \\ & \text { rate } \\ & \text { (pare- } \\ & \text { cent) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Federal individual income } \\ \text { tax liability } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Average } \\ & \text { camily } \\ & \text { personal } \\ & \text { incomare } \\ & \text { (dollars) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tax } \\ & \text { rate } \\ & \text { cone } \end{aligned}$ |
| $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Amount } \\ \text { (millions } \\ \text { of dollars) } \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { eprefent } \\ & \text { distrion } \\ & \text { bution } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Average } \\ & \text { (dollars) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Amount } \\ \text { (millions } \\ \text { of dollars) } \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | Percen distribution | $\begin{gathered} \text { Average } \\ \text { (dare } \\ \text { lars } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Amount } \\ \text { (millions } \\ \text { of dollars) } \end{gathered}$ | Percent distri, bution | $\begin{gathered} \begin{array}{c} \text { A verage } \\ \text { (dar- } \end{array} \\ \text { larss } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Amount } \\ \text { Amillins } \\ \text { or dollars) } \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { Percent } \\ & \text { distiri- } \\ & \text { bution } \end{aligned}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { A verage } \\ \text { (dol- } \\ \text { lars) } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
|  | 0.0 | 0 | 514 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 512 | 0.0 | 0 | 0.0 | 0 | 507 | 0.0 | ${ }^{0}$ | 0.0 | 0 | 513 | 0.0 |
| ${ }_{836}^{243}$ | .8 2.9 | $\begin{array}{r}44 \\ 131 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\xrightarrow{1,519}$ | 2.9 5.2 | ${ }_{744}^{217}$ | 8.8 | 37 114 11 | 1,520 211 | ${ }_{4}^{2.4}$ | ${ }_{734}^{213}$ | 2.7 | 40 <br> 117 <br> 17 |  | 2. ${ }_{4}^{2.6}$ | 202 | ${ }^{.6}$ | 40 120 | (1,515 | ${ }_{4}^{2.7}$ |
|  |  | ${ }_{214}$ | 3,515 | ${ }_{6.1} 6$ | 1.378 | 5.2 | 188 | ${ }_{3,513}$ | 5.4 5.4 |  | 4.9 | 193 | 3,518 | 5.5 | 1,359 | 4.3 | 200 | ${ }_{3}{ }^{1} 514$ | $\stackrel{4.8}{5.7}$ |
| 2,218 | 7.6 | 312 | 4, 504 | 6.9 | 1,973 | 7.5 | 277 | 4, 503 | 5.2 6.2 | $\stackrel{2,047}{1,03}$ | 7.1 | ${ }_{288}^{193}$ | 4,508 | 5. 4 | 2,055 | 6.4 | 296 | 4,495 | 6.6 |
| 2,871 | 9.8 | 467 | 5,478 | 8.5 | 2,480 | 9.4 | 411 | 5,476 | 7.5 | 2,680 | 9.3 | 421 | 5,480 | 7.7 | 2,813 | 88 | ${ }_{597}^{430}$ | 5,480 | 78 |
| 4,210 4,137 | 14.4 14.1 | ${ }_{868}^{660}$ | 6,680 8,537 | 9.9 10.2 | - | 14.0 13.7 | 586 762 | $\begin{array}{r}6,675 \\ 8,521 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 8.8 9.0 | 4,074 3,960 | 14.2 13.8 | $\begin{array}{r}587 \\ 764 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | - $\begin{array}{r}\text { 6,692 } \\ 8,537 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 8.8 9.0 | 4, 4 4, 685 | 13.8 14.7 | ${ }_{776}^{597}$ | - $\begin{array}{r}\text { 6,6,697 } \\ 8,530 \\ \hline 180\end{array}$ | 8.9 9.1 |
| 3,627 | 12.4 | 1,376 | 11,974 | 11.5 | 3,251 | 12.4 | 1,222 | 11,972 | 10.2 | 3,727 | 13.0 | 1,235 | 11,988 | 10.3 | 4,446 | 13.9 | 1,254 | 11,983 | 10.5 |
| ${ }_{1}^{1,211}$ | 4.4 | - ${ }_{3,932}^{1,587}$ | $\stackrel{\text { 22, }}{151}$ | 14.9 17.8 | - 1,674 | ${ }_{4}^{6.4}$ | 3,492 | ${ }^{17,114}$ | ${ }_{15.8}^{13.1}$ | 1, 1,256 | 6.7 4.4 | 3, ${ }_{3,52}^{270}$ | - ${ }_{22,178}^{17,134}$ | ${ }_{15.9}^{13.2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\xrightarrow{3,049}$ | 10.4 <br> 12.0 <br> 1 | 7,952 35,889 | 33,358 87,899 | 23.8 40.8 | 2,802 3,399 | 10.7 12.9 | ${ }_{32}^{7,059}$ | 33,486 87,620 | 21.1 30.6 | 3,060 3,611 | 10.7 12.6 | 7,064 <br> 31,779 | 33, 537 89,033 | ${ }_{35.7}^{21.1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 29,300 | 100.0 | 580 | 5,389 | 10.8 | 26,300 | 100.0 | 514 | 5,356 | 9.6 | 28,700 | 100.0 | 550 | 5,595 | 9.8 | 32,000 | 100.0 | 606 | 5,914 | 10.2 |

Federal Individual Income Tax Liability, by Level of After-Tax Income, 1950-56

| 1953 |  |  |  |  | 1954 |  |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  | 1956 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of families and unat. tached individuals (thousands) | After-tax family personal income |  | Percent distibution |  | Number of families and tached individuals(thousands) | After-tax family personal income |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Percent distri- } \\ & \text { bution } \end{aligned}$ |  | Number of families and tached individuals(thousands) | After-tax family personal income |  | Percent distribution |  | Number of fami- <br> lies and <br> tached <br> individ- <br> uals (thou- <br> sands) | After-tax family personal income |  | Percent distribution |  |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Aggre- } \\ \text { gate } \\ \text { (millions } \\ \text { of dol- } \\ \text { lars) } \end{gathered}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { A yerage } \\ \text { (dol- } \\ \text { lars) } \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | Aftertax income |  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Aggre- } \\ \text { gate } \\ \text { (millions } \\ \text { of dol- } \\ \text { lars) } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { A verage } \\ \text { (dol- } \\ \text { lars) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Num- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | Aftertax income |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Aggre- } \\ \text { gatee } \\ \text { (millions } \\ \text { of dol- } \\ \text { lars) } \end{gathered}$ | Average (dollars) | $\underset{\text { Ner }}{\text { Nurn- }}$ | Aftertax income |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Aggre- } \\ \text { gate } \\ \text { (millions } \\ \text { of dol- } \\ \text { lars) } \end{gathered}$ | A verage (dollars) | $\underset{\text { Ner }}{\text { Num- }}$ | Aftertax income |
| 2,963 | 1,524 | 514 | 5.9 | 0.6 | 3,074 | 1,574 | 512 | 6.0 | 0.6 | 2,921 | 1,482 | 507 | 5.6 | 0.6 | 2,691 | 1,382 | 514 | 5.1 | 0.5 |
| 6,196 | 9,437 | 1,523 | 12.3 | 3.9 | 6,466 | 9,852 | 1,524 | 12.6 | 4.0 | 5,884 | 8,946 | 1,520 | 11.3 | 3.4 | 5,498 | 8,352 | 1,519 | 10.4 | 3.0 |
| 6,983 | 17,564 | 2,515 | 13.8 | 7.2 | 7,079 | 17.808 | 2, 516 | 13.8 | 7.2 | 6,849 | 17,242 | 2,518 | 13.1 | 6. 6 | 6,441 | 16,206 | 2,516 | 12.2 | 5.8 |
| 7,762 | 27, 249 | 3,511 | 15.4 | 11.2 | 7,881 | 27, 647 | 3, 508 | 15.4 | 11.2 | 7,910 | 27,756 | 3. 509 | 15.2 | 10.5 | 7,579 | 26,636 | 3,514 | 14.4 | 9.5 |
| 8,193 | 36.846 | 4,497 | 16.2 | 15.2 | 7,917 | 35, 581 | 4, 494 | 15.5 | 14.4 | 8,145 | 36,655 | 4, 500 | 15.6 | 13.9 | 7,976 | 35,924 | 4,504 | 15.1 | 12.8 |
| 6,383 | 34,940 | 5,474 | 12.6 | 14.4 | 6, 370 | 34, 844 | 5,471 | 12.5 | 14.1 | 6, 623 | 36,314 | 5,480 | 12.7 | 13.8 | 6,868 | 37,660 | 5,483 | 13.0 | 13.4 |
| 5,251 | 34,958 | 6,657 | 10.4 | 14.4 | 5,323 | 35, 442 | 6,658 | 10.4 | 14.3 | 5,930 | 39,457 | 6,654 | 11.4 | 15.0 | 6, 592 | 43,969 | 6,670 | 12.5 | 15.7 |
| 3,591 | 30,457 | 8,482 | 7.1 | 12.5 | 3,688 | 31, 284 | 8,483 | 7.2 | 12.6 | 4,107 | 34,875 | 8,491 | 7.9 | 13.2 | 4,773 | 40,540 | 8,494 | 9.0 | 14.4 |
| 2, 142 | 25,401 | 11,858 | 4.2 | 10.5 4.5 | 2, 212 | 26, 246 | 11,866 | 4.3 | 10.6 | 2,523 | 29,916 | 11,858 | 4. 8 | 11. 4 | 2,941 | 34,917 | 11,870 | 5.6 | 12.5 |
| 484 | 14,906 | 30,788 | 1.0 | 6.1 | 543 | 17, 199 | 31,657 | 1.1 | 6.9 | 683 592 | 11,649 | 17,046 31,920 | 1.3 1.1 | 4.4 7.2 | 1,441 | 34,669 | 24,060 | 2.7 | 12.4 |
| 50,510 | 242, 886 | 4,809 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 51,150 | 247,656 | 4,842 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 52, 170 | 263, 205 | 5,045 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 52, 800 | 280, 255 | 5,308 | 100.0 | 100.0 |

with respect to composition and size and hence with respect to tax liability. Finally, the rates are averages on total income before deduction and exemptions and not the steeper marginal rates, implicit in these averages, to which increments of income are subject.

Distributions of families and unattached individuals by level of after-tax income were derived for $1950-56$ by subtracting Federal individual income tax liabilities from family personal income in each family income bracket, and shifting the families down the income scale by using the interpolation procedures described on page 61 of the Income Distribution supplement.

## Farm operator and nonfarm family series prior to 1953

The tables presented here include income size distributions for farm operator families and for nonfarm families, separately, for the years 1953-56 only. For farm operator families, the figures for earlier years ( $1944,1946,1947$ and $1950-52$ ) are omitted because they do not incorporate revisions in the income of this group-from nonfarm sources and from farm opera-tions-recently developed by the Agricultural Marketing Service, U. S. Department of Agriculture.
As can be seen from the accompanying tabulation, the revisions result in higher average (mean) incomes for the farm group in all years beginning with 1946, with the largest increases in 1950-52. Farm family income distributions for the pre-1953 period will be developed at a later date to incorporate these and other newly available data for the farm group. These revisions in farm family income will affect also, though to a much smaller relative extent, the all-family and all-consumer unit income distributions for 1944-52 that are presented here.

Nonfarm family income distributions for the pre-1953 period are to be found in the Income Distribution supplement (1944, 1946, 1947), the March 1955 issue of the Survey Of Current Business (1950 and 1951), and the June 1956 jssue of the Survet (1952),

|  | Average <br> family <br> farm <br> familie | (mean) perator |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Old } \\ & \text { series } \end{aligned}$ | Revised series ${ }^{\text {: }}$ |
| 1944 | \$2,906 | \$2,860 |
| 1946 | 3,332 | 3,385 |
| 1947. | 3,511 | 3,583 |
| 1950 | 3, 382 | 3,498 |
| 1951. | 3,959 | 4,114 |
| 1952. | 3,913 | 4, 147 |
| 1953 | --.---.- | 3,905 |
| 1954. | -.-.-.-. | 3,881 |
| 1955 |  | 3,934 |
| 1956 |  | 4,035 |

1. Averages are published for 1947 forward in "Policy for Commercial Agriculture: It's Relation to Economic Grow'th and Stability,' Joint Economic Committee, Washington, 1957, p. 86 .

# Foreign Assistance in 1957 

FTOREIGN countries received approximately $\$ 5.1$ billion of goods, services, and cash in 1957 under the several U.S. Government foreign assistance programs. This amount was about $\$ 160$ million more than in 1956 . Military supplies and services furnished declined to $\$ 2.5$ billion in 1957 . Other assistance rose by one-eighth to nearly $\$ 2.6$ billion, the latter figure being higher for the first time since 1951. Assistance reported here is transfers, including sales of agricultural commodities for foreign currencies, but net of grant returns to United States, of principal collections on credits, and of U.S. uses of the foreign currency acquired from the sale of farm products.

This rise in nonmilitary assistance resulted primarily from greatly increased disbursements on Export-Import Bank loans, which in the final quarter of the year approached $\$ 470$ million. Even excluding utilizations by the United Kingdom of $\$ 250$ million from the special post-Suez loan commitment, this represented a marked step up. Disbursements under all U. S. Government foreign credit programs in the year were almost $\$ 1$ billion, the largest since 1948 . Loan disbursements thus represented more than half as much as nonmilitary grants in 1957. (Sce table 1.)

Exports of farm products sold for foreign currencies, which had doubled from 1955 to 1956 , fell off in the latter half of 1957, and the assistance to foreign countries through these programs during 1957 as a whole rose only $\$ 67$ million over the preceding year. On the other hand, the nonmilitary grants were off $\$ 137$ million to less than $\$ 1.6$ billion, the lowest in any 12 -month period since V-J Day.

The nomilitary assistance approached one-tenth of all U. S. payments abroad in the balance of payments, exclusive of military supplies and services furnished under grant-aid programs. Although some of these Government funds, such as the loan to the United Kingdom during the last quarter of the year, were used to strengthen foreign reserves or to pay off other foreign debts, it may be estimated that directly or indirectly this assistance financed nearly one-tenth of the $\$ 26$ billion of U.S. exports of goods and services in 1957.

## Government assistance "pipeline" declines

Gross transfers of grants in the second half of 1957 were at an annual rate of about $\$ 3.6$ billion as compared with an estimated $\$ 2.6$ billion in appropriations and other new authorizations provided by Congress for the current fiscal year ending June 30, 1958. The difference was made up by drawing on the carry-over funds which at the beginning of this fiscal year stood at $\$ 6.2$ billion. In consequence, as noted in the October 1957 Survey, the declines in grant transfers may be expected to continue.

To sustain the increasing rate of loan disbursements, Congress recently moved to increase the Export-Import

[^6]Bank lending authority by $\$ 2$ billion. This new authoriza tion-together with $\$ 2.4$ billion in loan funds committed to foreign borrowers but not disbursed, and over $\$ 1$ billion in funds otherwise available for commitment at the end of 1957-makes a large fund available for the use of repayable long-term credits, rather than grants, as a means of U.S. Government foreign assistance.

## Geographical trends persist

The annual net assistance to Western Europe was reduced 18 percent to less than $\$ 1.6$ billion, as military assistance was down while other aid was up. (See table 2.) The latter change reflected the loan to the United Kingdom, to strengthen the reserves of the sterling area, and also a decline

Table 1.-United States Government Net Foreign Grants and Credits and Selected Short-Term Foreign Assistance, by Type: Calendar Years 1956 and 1957

|  | 1956 | 1957 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Jan.- | Apr.- | July- Sept. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Oct.- } \\ & \text { Dec. } \end{aligned}$ |
| Total | 4,916 | 5, 076 | 1,259 | 1,508 | 930 | 1,378 |
| Military supplies and services (net grants) | 2, 646 | 2,505 | 626 | 840 | 476 | 563 |
| Gross grants.-.-....- | 2, 662 | 2, 517 | 629 | 842 | 479 | 567 |
| Less: Reverse grants and returns. | 16 | 12 | 3 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| Other aid ${ }^{1}$ | 2, 270 | 2,571 | 633 | 667 | 455 | 816 |
| Net new grants.....- | 1, 737 | 1,600 | 391 | 493 | 334 | 382 |
| Gross grants .-.....- | 1, 796 | 1, 666 | 408 | 514 | 347 | 397 |
| Less: Reverse grants and returns. | 59 | 67 | 17 | 22 | 13 | 15 |
| Net new credits....--- | $-26$ | 346 | -6 | $-101$ | $-9$ | 463 |
| New credits........-. | 484 | 980 | 120 | 122 | 153 | 585 |
| Less: Principal collections. | 509 | 634 | 125 | 224 | 162 | 123 |
| Net short-term assistance ${ }^{2}$ | 558 | 625 | 248 | 276 | 130 | -29 |
| Gross sales (currency claims acquired) .- | 1, 078 | 1,233 | 390 | 442 | 228 | 174 |
| Less: Currencies used by U. S. Government. $\qquad$ | 520 | 608 | 142 | 166 | 98 | 203 |

1. "Nonmilitary" grants and credits include all defense support, relief, development, and technical cooperation assistance, including all cash transfers to foreign governments except the contributions to the multilateral-construction program of the North Atlantie Treaty Organization an 1 for mutual weapons development. "Defense support" is economic assistance rendered to a country to sustain its de
the minimum level of economic strength or growth. lessshort-term liabilities for currencies advanced by foreign government pending delivery of agricultural commodities.
Note.-For technical note on grants and credits see SURVEx, October 1954, p. 20. Data Nor 1957 are preliminary and partially estimated.
for 1957 are preliminary and partially estimated.
Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Businoss Economics.
of $\$ 88$ million in loan repayments, as the British Government exercised its option to defer principal repayments on the early postwar credits and war settlements and made smaller, concluding repayments of its lend-lease silver indebtedness. The Western European area received about 30 percent of 1957 transfers, compared with almost 40 percent in 1956.

The share of the Near East, Africa, and South Asia area (which includes Greece and Turkey and the Baghdad Pact countries) expanded moderately to nearly a fourth of the total.

Elsewhere, both military and other aid transfers increased to the American Republics and also to Asia, which received slightly more than one-third of the 1957 aid.

The 10 countries listed in table 3 include all those which received more than $\$ 100$ million in net nonmilitary assistance in 1956 or 1957. Six countries received half of 1956 and 1957 nonmilitary aid. Annual changes ranged from an increase of $\$ 284$ million to the United Kingdom to a decline of $\$ 99$ million to France.

## Sales displace military grants

With the diminishing amount of military assistance from the United States, several North Atlantic Treaty Organization participants have increased their purchases from the United States of conventional armaments and maintenance and spare parts for the equipment previously transferred as a grant. Such deliveries approximated $\$ 225$ million last year-an increase of $\$ 175$ million over 1956 , much of which went to Germany. More recently, the discussions with the French Government in January on the French financial situation resulted in an agreement to sell up to $\$ 45$ million in U. S. military supplies and equipment for French NATO forces in Europe for francs, as a form of short-term assistance to that country.

Reported military grant deliveries at $\$ 2.5$ billion comprised 49 percent of the total net assistance in the past year compared with 54 percent in 1956. In both years, a major part of the annual transfers was made in the January-June period. This seasonal pattern was evident in all areas, but the customary April-June rise was not so pronounced in deliveries to Western Europe (excluding Greece and Turkey).

Military assistance represents primarily deliveries of equipment for use by foreign military organizations. Also included are the contributions to the multilateral construction programs of NATO-which in 1957 amounted to $\$ 64$ million-and for mutual weapons development. All other cash transfers are included in nonmilitary assistance. Most military assistance was under the mutual security program, but transfers of naval vessels under special legislation, supported by international agreements requiring their return after several years, are estimated to have amounted to $\$ 57$ million in 1957-double those in the preceding 12 months.

## Offshore procurement transfers

Reported deliveries to Europe under "offshore procurement'" contracts declined moderately. Most of these commodities require long-lead production time and were delivered under contracts placed several years ago. New contracts placed in the last 2 years have totaled about $\$ 200$ million. During this same period over $\$ 900$ million was paid out on the older contracts.

The increased deliveries to the countries outside Western Europe were primarily from U. S. production. For all areas, reported deliveries of military supplies produced abroad declined proportionately to U.S. exports and stock transfers, and again comprised about one-fifth of the annual deliveries as in 1956, as compared with one-third in 1955.

These offshore procurement contracts generally represent a source of dollar earnings for the countries in which the contracts are placed, as well as an opportunity for them to maintain or expand their military production. Further, some contracts represent a method for the U. S. Government to use advantageously Government-held foreign currencies acquired through the sale of farm products, and the sales agreements often specify this use.

## Credit activity increases

The increase in repayable loans, as opposed to grants, as a form of U. S. Government foreign assistance follows the intent stated in congressional authorizations in recent years. The emphasis on credit terms-particularly when the assistance is to be provided for economic development abroadwas continued in the creation of the Development Loan Fund in the Mutual Security Act of 1957 (Public Law 85-141). This authority, in conjunction with the supporting appropriation, provided $\$ 300$ million for the first year of a continuing program.

Expanding credit commitments in 1957 to a total of over $\$ 1.4$ billion included significant authorizations by the Export-Import Bank, and for disbursement of foreign currencies acquired through the sale of farm products. This compares with the nearly $\$ 1.7$ billion in the preceding year when the $\$ 500$-million collateral loan was authorized for the United Kingdom to assist that country in meeting its extraordinary dollar requirements following the closing of the Suez Canal. Major loan commitments in 1957 were to India and Japan.

The commitments-even without actual disbursement-frequently provide a secondary support to the dollar resources of foreign countries and thus can be considered an aid in maintaining foreign economic stability. Actual disbursements lag behind the increase in commitments, and unutilized credit commitments rose to almost $\$ 2.4$ billion at the year end, after more than doubling to $\$ 2$ billion in 1956.

Credit transfers last year resulted in a net outflow of

## Foreign Assistance



Government long-term capital for the first year since 1953. Repayments expanded one-fourth to $\$ 634$ million despite the deferral of $\$ 56$ million in principal installments on United Kingdom credits. Returns of lend-leased silver from India and Pakistan, as well as continuing returns from the United Kingdom and the Netherlands, totaled $\$ 163$ million, compared with $\$ 70$ million in 1956 .

## Outstanding indebtedness \$12 billion

The net credit outflow from the United States raised the foreign indebtedness on U. S. Government overseas credits arising since the beginning of World War II to a new high close to $\$ 12$ billion. Not all of this indebtedness is reparable in dollars, although it can be measured in dollar equivalents.

The loan total outstanding excludes the Government's paid subscriptions of $\$ 3,420$ million to the three international institutions (the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the International Finance Corporation, and the International Monetary Fund) as well as World War I indebtedness.
At the end of 1957, U. S. Government agencies responsible for collecting the outstanding indebtedness reported scheduled collections overdue 90 days or more amounting to $\$ 95$ million for principal repayments and $\$ 37$ million for interest. During the year about $\$ 3$ million in foreign principal indebtedness was charged off as uncollectible.

On the total outstanding principal, the U. S. Government collected $\$ 192$ million in interest and commissions in 1957, about $\$ 1$ million more than in the preceding year. This amount is not used in deriving the data on net credits. Excluding that United Kingdom indebtedness on which the interest collections were deferred, the global collections in the past year represent an average return of more than $21 / 2$ percent.

## Half of nonmilitary aid farm products

Agricultural shipments under the Government grant and credit and sales programs increased by almost $\$ 100$ million and were in excess of $\$ 1.5$ billion last year, while the value of U. S. agricultural exports rose to $\$ 4.5$ billion from $\$ 4.2$ billion in the preceding 12 months. The Government programs thus continued to finance about 35 percent of all U. S. agricultural exports. Farm products again constituted about half of the gross deliveries and cash payments under these Government programs, exclusive of the $\$ 250$-million loan to bolster the sterling area reserves.

Grant transfers included $\$ 166$ million, $\$ 20$ million less than in 1956 , in donations of foodstuffs to be distributed abroad by American private welfare organizations and the United Nations Children's Fund. Grant deliveries from CommodityCredit Corporation stocks for famine and other urgent and extraordinary relief, under title II of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act, were off by almost half to $\$ 60$ million. Export-Import Bank loan disbursements directly financed farm exports of $\$ 117$ million compared with $\$ 77$ million in the preceding year. In the past year these exports included $\$ 108$ million of cotton, wheat, and other farm products to Japan, as well as cotton to Austria, and cattle to Mexico.

## Currency accumulations slacken

The preponderance of the Government-financed agricultural exports, of course, was under the programs for sale of these farm products in exchange for foreign currencies. The accumulation of foreign currencies (or claims for such currencies) through the sales programs increases the resources
of the foreign country and, in effect, is a short-term credit to it.
The rate of sales of agricultural products for foreign currencies dropped by half after July 1957 and shipments in the last quarter were the lowest in 2 years. Concurrently, uses of the foreign currency rose to a new high, in excess of $\$ 200$ million, and, for the first time since the program began late in 1953, the accumulation of foreign claims through these sales programs was decreased, dipping to $\$ 1,688$ million. During the entire year, sales totaled $\$ 1 \frac{4}{4}$ billion and uses $\$ 0.6$ billion.
Three-fourths, or $\$ 925$ million, of 1957 sales deliveries was made under the provisions of the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act, but $\$ 319$ million, or only onehalf, of the currency used during the year was under this program. In contrast, currency expenditures of $\$ 285$ million utilized most of the gross receipts of $\$ 305$ million under the sales provisions of the Mutual Security Act of 1954 (section 402).

Table 2.-United States Government Net Foreign Grants and Credits and Short-Term Assistance, by Area: Calendar Years 1956 and 1957


1. Short-term claims acquired by U. S. Government under agricultural sales programs, less short-term liabilities for currencies advanced by foreign government pending delivery of agricultural commodities.
Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

## Far Eastern share larger

Two-fifths of 1957 nonmilitary grants, long-term credits, and assistance through increased holdings of foreign currencies was transferred to eastern Asia and the Pacific.
One-seventh of the global total went to Korea. Preliminary data indicate that grants to Korea increased by 12 percent in 1957.
The total net nonmilitary payments to Vietnam increased by $\$ 5$ million to $\$ 233$ million, although deliveries of commodities and dollar payments to Vietnam under the mutual security program rose about $\$ 21$ million in 1957. Almost all of the assistance to Vietnam was on a grant basis. Assistancealmost entirely in the form of grants under the mutual security program--to Cambodia ( $\$ 32$ million) and Laos ( $\$ 38$ million), the other two independent states formerly included in Indochina, was off about one-fourth last year.

There was a decline of one-eighth in nonmilitary transfers to the Republic of China to $\$ 99$ million.

Disbursements under the relatively short-term (1-year) Export-Import Bank loans for export of American agricultural products to Japan expanded significantly in 1957, as noted above, but there was a parallel movement of principal repayments on the preceding year's loans. The increase in net disbursements of Export-Import Bank loans last year reflected financing of exports of U. S. electrical generating equipment.

## India, Pakistan repay silver

India was by far the major purchaser of agricultural products sold for foreign currencies last year as deliveries increased fourfold to total $\$ 255$ million. Net short-term assistance of $\$ 249$ million accrued from these shipments. Gross grant transfers-principally under the mutual security program-declined for the second year and were about onefourth off from 1956, totaling $\$ 47$ million.

Principal repayments from India included the extraordinary returns of lend-leased silver as that Government repaid this entire debt, except for assay adjustments necessary, totaling $\$ 123$ million. Excluding the returns of lend-leased silver, net Indian assistance last year aggregated $\$ 309$ million, an increase of one and one-half over 1956.

Extraordinary returns of the lend-lease silver, totaling $\$ 22$ million, similarly depressed the net assistance to Pakistan somewhat, but excluding these transactions net nonmilitary assistance to that country was over one-fifth less than in the preceding year.

## Decline to Near East, Africa

The Near East and Africa was the only area in which net nonmilitary assistance deliveries and cash payments declined in 1957-by one-fifth, to $\$ 344$ million. Such transfers to Greece were off more than half to $\$ 30$ million, primarily as farm product sales were down and mutual security direct dollar grants virtually ceased after June 1956. The drop of $\$ 40$ million in net assistance to Egypt was slightly greater than that in Greece, to $\$ 7$ million last year, following cessation of farm product sales after September 1956. Mutual security grant and credit flows to Egypt, which had declined throughout 1956, began to rise late in 1957.

A decline in commodity sales for Israeli pounds, together with increased Israeli repayments of Export-Import Bank loans, decreased net assistance to that country to $\$ 35$ million in 1957.

Diminished loan disbursements by Export-Import Bank, and of mutual security loans, accounted for the change in nonmilitary assistance to Iran, from $\$ 61$ million to $\$ 46$
million between the past 2 years. There were $\$ 16$-million declines in net loan activity in both the Union of South Africa and the Federation of Rhodesia and Nyasaland as repayments exceeded new disbursements on the ExportImport Bank and defense production loans to the two countries.
The $\$ 22$-million dip in nonmilitary grant transfers to Turkey last year was more than offset by the tripling of commodity sales, approaching $\$ 70$ million. Thus, assistance to Turkey in that form increased sharply in the JanuaryJune 1957 period to total $\$ 53$ million for the year, compared with $\$ 17$ million in the earlier 12 months. Because of the continuing weakness of the Turkish lira in the curb market, the value of the outstanding U.S. short-term claim in the form of the foreign currency holdings of the U. S: Government again depreciated by approximately $\$ 14$ million in the year. In effect, this amount represents a "grant" to the Turkish economy in the form of real commodity resources, without an equivalent disbursement of Turkish liras for either a grant or a credit, which would have been tabulated in these categories in this summary.

## OEEC countries repay

With the exceptions of the United Kingdom (discussed before) and Italy, most Western European countries which had participated in the European recovery program, and are members of the Organization for European Economic Cooperation and the other European economic organizations, received less assistance from the U. S. Government last year.
Major new loan disbursements of Italian lire under the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act and industrial development loans by the Export-Import Bank throughout the year exceeded the decline in grants to Italy.

| Table 3.-United States Government Net "Nonmilitary" Foreign Grants and Credits and Short-Term Assistance, for Principal Countries: Calendar Years 1956 and 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| [Milions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total | Net grants and credits |  |  | Net short term assistance |
|  |  | Total | Net new grants | Net new credits |  |
| Aid other than military supplies and serv-ices_-................ 1956 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2,270 | 1, 712 | 1,737 | -26 | 558 |
|  | 2,571 | 1,946 | 1,600 | 346 | 625 |
| Korea_-----------1956 | 300 | 315 | 315 |  | -15 |
| 1957 | 379 | 355 | 355 |  | 25 |
| United Kingdom-----1956 | -42 | -67 | 40 | $-107$ | 25 |
|  | 242 | 251 | 20 | 231 | -9 |
| Vietnam_---------- 1956 | 229 | 223 | 198 | 25 | 6 |
|  | 233 | 222 | 220 | 2 | 11 |
| India-.-. ----------1956 1957 | 119 | 83 | 62 | 20 | 37 |
|  | 186 | -63 | 47 | $-110$ | 249 |
| Turkey------------1956 | 123 | 107 | 85 | 22 | 17 |
|  | 136 | 83 | 61 | 22 | 53 |
| Yugoslavia_--------1956 | 94 | 31 | 33 | -3 | 64 |
|  | 132 | 23 | 26 | -3 | 108 |
| Italy | 70 | 53 | 70 | -17 | 18 |
|  | 100 | 59 | 45 | 13 | 41 |
| Pakistan_---------1956 | 154 | 92 | 82 | 10 | 62 |
|  | 99 | 66 | 54 | 13 | 32 |
| China-Taiwan_-.---1956 | 111 | 116 | 95 | 20 | -4 |
| 1957 | 99 | 93 | 78 | 16 | 5 |
| Spain----------1956 1957 | 153 | 91 | 53 | 37 | 62 |
|  | 93 | 49 | 47 |  | 44 |

1. Short-term claims acquired by U. S. Government under agricultural sales programs, less short-term liabilities for currencies advanced by foreign government pending delivery of agricultural commodities.

The grants were almost entirely agricultural commodities, as Italy received more than any other nation-over one-fourth of the total-of famine and extraordinary relief assistance (for emergency relief and for school lunch programs) and over one-seventh of the global donations for distribution through American private welfare agencies. Italy also ranked among the major purchasers of farm products for foreign currencies.

The virtual completion in 1956 of payments to the French Government in support of Far Eastern troop costs and to support military production in France was the most important cause of the $\$ 99$-million drop in nonmilitary assistance to that country. Disbursement of an Expori-Import Bank loan for equipment for an automobile plant provided the major 1957 assistance to France. Despite the severe balance of payments difficulties, which lead to the devaluation of the franc in August 1957, France continued to make major payments ( $\$ 69$ million principal and $\$ 41$ million interest) on its indebtedness to the U. S. Government throughout 1957. However, in Jamary this year the United States agreed that France could defer approximately $\$ 200$ million in repayments of principal and interest due in the next 2 years. Other measures by the U. S. Government to assist France in its financial program include sales of farm products, and of military supplies discussed above, for francs. Last year commodity sales for francs were down by more than half, to $\$ 38$ million, but disbursement of the U. S. owned francsprincipally for immediate grants to Vietnam-were also decreased proportionately.

## Other European countries

The major decline in the case of Spain after the March quarter last year was in the long- and short-term credit assistance. Farm products sales for Spanish pesetas ( $\$ 87$ million) were one-third less last year than in the preceding 12 months when Spain had been the principal purchaser under the sales programs. U. S. disbursement of the currencies followed a parallel trend. Gross grants, including significant disbursements of U. S. owned pesctas and large donations of foodstuffs and cotton through American private welfare agencies, rose about 5 percent to $\$ 100$ million, but were offset by increased contributions of the Spanish Government ( $\$ 44$ million) towards the local cost of construction of U.S. military bases, by the terms of the intergovernmental agreement for assistance.

Nonmilitary assistance to Yugoslavia increased as a result of the extensive commodity sales for dimars in the first half of 1957, while little of the currency was expended by the U. S. Government in the year. Grants comprised, for the greatest part, commodities donated for distribution by American private welfare agencies.

One of the largest increases in assistance ( $\$ 62$ million) during the year followed the agreements made with Poland late in June. The net $\$ 58$ million furnished Poland in the second half was the first major assistance given an Eastern European country since 1948, when those countries chose not to participate in the conferences which led to the formation of the Organization for European Economic Cooperation.

Almost $\$ 11$ million was disbursed, from the $\$ 30$-million loan commitment of special Presidential funds under the
mutual security program, for the purchase of foodstuffs an mining equipment, and $\$ 48$ million worth of agriculture products was delivered in exchange for Polish zlotys unde the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act In December, the first grants to Poland since the UNRR. program in 1947 were made as cheese and milk were exporte for donation through an American private welfare agency

Poland also repaid $\$ 3$ million on the early postwar Export Import Bank and surplus property credits. Other Easter European assistance, representing deliveries of foodstuffs in replacement of stocks transferred to Hungary through thi American private welfare agencies, continued through thr September 1957 quarter.

## Assistance to American Republics larger

The substantial increase to the American Republics in grants, long-term credits, and assistance provided by holding foreign currencies last year resulted primarily from increased Export-Import Bank loan disbursements to Colombia, Peru, Mexico, and Brazil. In the final quarter the Export-Import Bank also provided $\$ 14$ million to a C . $S$ company to assist the construction of public utilities by its subsidiaries in several American Republics. There was a one-third increase in mutual security dollar grant assistance to about $\$ 62$ million, including the $\$ 31 / 2$ million given to the Pan American Sanitary Organization as part of the worldwide international 5 -year program for malaria eradication. Grants for the construction of the Inter-American and related highways doubled to $\$ 19$ million last year.

For Latin America as a whole, holdings of foreign currencies were virtually unchanged in value during 1957, as sales for foreign currencies declined by almost half, to $\$ 68$ million. and disbursement of the currency-primarily for loansmore than tripled, to $\$ 67$ million.

On balance, long-term credit assistance to the American Republics was up $\$ 188$ million, reversing the preceding year's excess of repayments. There was considerable activity among many of the Republics in both disbursements ( $\$ 290$ million) and receipts ( $\$ 128$ million). Brazil was the principal Western Hemisphere borrower during the year with an increase to $\$ 76$ million, including $\$ 30$ million in cruzciros acquired by the U. S. Government through the sales of foodstuffs and $\$ 46$ million in Export-Import Bank loans for transportation and power development, and sted mill equipment. Brazilian repayments were $\$ 74$ million.

The increased Colombian loans included $\$ 9$ million from U. S. held pesos under the Agricultural Trade Development and Assistance Act and $\$ 54$ million-of which $\$ 40$ million was actually disbursed by commercial banks with ExportImport Bank guaranty-io assist the new Colombian Gorernment in funding arrearages to U. S. exporters, and reviving the normal flow of Colombian international trade. Quadrupled Mexican loans, at $\$ 40$ million, were used to finance purchases of cattle in the United States, for rehabilitation of the Mexican railway, and for steel mill equipment Loans to Peru more than doubled to $\$ 44$ million, primarily for expansion of copper mining and refining.

As in the preceding year, grants in 1957 were concentrated in Bolivia and Guatemala.

THE STATISTICS here are a continuation of the data published in the 1957 edition of Business Statistics, biennial Statistical Supplement to the Survey of Current Business. That volume (price \$2) contains monthly (or quarterly) data for the years 1953 through 1956 and monthly averages for all years back to 1929 insofar as available; it also provides a description of each series and references to sources of monthly figures prior to 1953. Series added or significantly revised since publication of the 1957 Business Statistics are indicated by an asterisk (*) and a dagger ( $\dagger$ ), respectively; certain revisions for 1956 issued too late for inclusion in the aforementioned volume appear in the monthly Surver beginning with the July 1957 issue. Except as otherwise stated, the terms "unadjusted" and "adjusted" refer to adjustment for seasonal variation.

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| Unless otherwise stated, statistics throuch 1956 and | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | Novernber | December | $\underset{\text { ary }}{\text { Janu- }}$ | February | March |

## GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS

| NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Seasonally adjusted quarterly total at annual rates: <br> National income, total. bil. of dol. |  | 35. |  |  | 358.5 |  |  | 362.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Compensation of employees, total......-.-.- do- |  | 251.1 |  |  | 254.0 |  |  | 257.0 |  |  | 255.3 |  |  |  |
| Wages and salaries, total...--......---.-.- do |  | 235.9 |  |  | 238.6 |  |  | 241.3 |  |  | 239.5 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 196.8 |  |  | 199. 1 |  |  | 200.9 |  |  | 199.1 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 9.6 |  |  | 9.7 |  |  | 9.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Government civilian..-----.-.-.-.-.-.-do. |  | 29.4 |  |  | 29.7 |  |  | 30.6 |  |  | 30.8 |  |  |  |
| Supplements to wages and salaries...-....-do. |  | 15.3 |  |  | 15.4 |  |  | 15.7 |  |  | 15.8 |  |  |  |
| Proprietors' and rental income, totalo ${ }^{\text {che }}$.....do. |  | 50.9 |  |  | 51.2 |  |  | 51.7 |  |  | 51.3 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 28.4 |  |  | 28.7 |  |  | 29. 1 |  |  | 28.6 | ---- |  |  |
|  |  | 12.0 10.4 |  |  | 10.4 |  |  | 12.2 10.4 |  |  | 12.2 10.4 | ---- |  |  |
| Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment, total - .............................. bil. of dol |  | 41.2 |  |  | 40.7 |  |  | 40.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Corporate profits before tax, total.........do.--- |  | 43.9 |  |  | 42.0 |  |  | 41.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Corporate profits tax liability .........-.-do- |  | 22.4 |  |  | 21.4 |  |  | 21.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Corporate profits after tax..............-do. |  | 21.5 |  |  | 20.5 |  |  | 20.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Inventory valuation adjustment...-.......do. |  | -2.7 |  |  | -1.3 |  |  | -. 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net interest-.------..--......................... do |  | 12.5 |  |  | 12.7 |  |  | 13.0 |  |  | 13.3 |  |  |  |
| Gross national product, total..-................-do. |  | 429.9 |  |  | 435.5 |  |  | 440.0 |  |  | 432.6 |  |  |  |
| Personal consumption expenditures, total .-. do. |  | 276.7 |  |  | 278.9 |  |  | 283.6 |  |  | 282.4 |  |  |  |
| Durable goods. <br> Noudurable goods |  | 35.9 137.3 |  |  | 35.0 139.1 |  |  | 35.0 142.5 |  |  | 34.4 140.8 |  |  |  |
| Services......--.......................................................... |  | 137.3 103.4 |  |  | 139.1 |  |  | 106.1 |  |  | 140.8 107.2 |  |  |  |
| Gross private domestic investment, total....do |  | 63.6 |  |  | 66.2 |  |  | 66.5 |  |  | 61.3 |  |  |  |
| New construction.-......................-do. do. |  | 32.8 |  |  | 32.7 |  |  | 33. 0 |  |  | 34.0 |  |  |  |
| Producers' durable equipment-...........-. - ${ }^{\text {do }}$ |  | 30.7 |  |  | 30.5 |  |  | 30.5 |  |  | 30.0 |  |  |  |
| Change in business inventories............ do |  | . 0 |  |  | 2.9 |  |  | 3.0 |  |  | -2.7 |  |  |  |
| Net foreign in vestment. $\qquad$ do Government purchases of goods and services, total |  | 4.1 |  |  | 3.5 |  |  | 3.2 |  |  | 2.0 |  |  |  |
| Federal (less Government sales) billof dol.. |  | 85.6 |  |  | 86.9 |  |  | 86.7 |  |  | 87.0 |  |  |  |
| Federal (less Government sales)..............do. <br> National security $\%$ $\qquad$ do |  | 50.3 45.5 |  |  | 51.1 46.3 |  |  | 50.6 45.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 35.3 |  |  | 35.8 |  |  | 36.1 |  |  | 45.0 37.3 |  |  |  |
| Personal income, total.-.-.......-.-.-......... do |  | 338.3 |  |  | 343.2 |  |  | 346.9 |  |  | 345.5 |  |  |  |
| Less: Personal tax and nontax payments - .- . do. |  | 42.2 |  |  | 42.9 |  |  | 43.9 |  |  | 43.4 |  |  |  |
| Equals: Disposable personal ineome-.-----.-.do. |  | 296.1 |  |  | 300.4 |  |  | 303.3 |  |  | 312.1 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 19.5 |  |  | 21.4 |  |  | 19.7 |  |  | 19.8 |  |  |  |
| PERSONAL INCOME, BY SOURCE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Seasonally adjusted, at annual rates: <br> Total personal income. $\qquad$ bil. of dol.. | 338.5 | 340.2 | 341.1 | 343.2 | 345.1 | 346.3 | 347.3 | 347.2 | 346.8 | 346.2 | 343.6 | 343.6 | 「 341.7 | 341.4 |
| Wage and salary disbursements, total........ do. | 235.9 | 237.2 | 237.1 | 238.3 | 240.1 | 240.9 | 241.7 | 243.5 | 240.1 | 239.5 | 238.8 | 237.0 | -234.4 |  |
| Commodity-producing industries | 102.0 | 102.3 | 102.4 | 102.4 | 103.3 | 103.0 | 102.8 | 102. 2 | 101.3 | 100.9 | 99.8 | 97.6 | г 95.3 | 94.8 |
| Distributive industries $\qquad$ do service industries $\qquad$ do | 62.4 32.4 | 63.0 32.6 | 62.7 32.9 | 63.4 <br> 33.0 | 63.8 33.2 | 64.5 33.4 | 64.7 <br> 33.7 | 64.8 33.9 |  | 64.2 34.1 | 64.4 34.2 | 64.8 34.2 | r 64.3 +34.3 | 63.7 34.3 |
| Government $\qquad$ do. | 39.1 <br> 1 | 39.3 | 39.1 | 39.5 | 39.8 39.8 | 30.4 40.0 | 40.5 | 30.6 40.6 | 34.5 40.5 | 40.3 | 34.2 40.4 | 34.2 40.4 | 34.3 40.5 | 40.5 |
|  | 7.8 | 7.8 | 7.8 | 7.8 | 7.9 | 7.9 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 7.9 | 7.8 | 7.7 |
| Proprictors' and rental income ---.-.---- do .-. | 51.0 | 51.11 | 51.1 | 51.1 | 51.2 | 51.7 | ${ }_{51}^{51.7}$ | 51.7 316 | 51.7 | 51.2 | 50.9 | 50.5 | 51.0 | 51.8 |
| Personal interest income and dividends.....do.--- | 30.8 | 30.9 | 31.0 20.8 | ${ }_{21}^{31.2}$ | 31.2 21.5 | 31.4 21 | ${ }_{31}^{31.6}$ | 31.6 21.2 | 31.7 | ${ }_{22}^{31.7}$ | 29.7 29 | ${ }^{31.7}$ | 31.8 | 31.8 |
| Transfer payments Less persomal contributions for social insurance | 19.7 | 20.0 | 20.8 | 21.6 | 21.5 | 21.3 | 21.2 | 21.2 | 22.1 | 22.6 | 23.0 | 23.3 | 23.5 | 24.1 |
| Less personal contributions for social insurance bil of dol.. | 6.7 | 6.8 | 6.7 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 6.8 |
| Total nonagricultural income...------------.-.do...- | 322.7 | 324.5 | 325.3 | 327.5 | 329.3 | 330.5 | 331.3 | 331.3 | 331.0 | 330.3 | 327.6 | 327.6 | - 325.2 | 324, 6 |

r Revised.
$o$ Includes inventory valuation adjustment. $\quad$ G Government sales are not deducted.
OTIncludes inventory valuation adjustment.
iPersonal saving is excess of disposable inconic over personal consumption expenditures showu as a component of gross national product above.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- <br> ber | October | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | December | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March |

## GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Continued


 capital expenditures of business. Anticipated expenditures for the year 1958, and comparative data for 1953-57, appear on p. 12 of the March 1958 Strvey.
o Includes data not shown separately.
and volume of marketings will be shown later


| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | February | Mareh | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | November | December | $\underset{\text { ary }}{\text { Janu- }}$ | February | March |

## GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Continued

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION-Continued \\
Federal Reserve Index of Physical Volume-Con. Unadjusted index-Continued
\end{tabular} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& \({ }_{181}^{131}\) \& \({ }_{88}^{131}\) \& \({ }_{181}^{83}\) \& 132 \& 131 \& \({ }^{123}\) \& \({ }_{86}^{130}\) \& \({ }_{1}^{130}\) \& 189 \& 123
80 \& 122 \& \({ }_{121}\) \& \begin{tabular}{c}
118 \\
68 \\
\hline 6
\end{tabular} \& \({ }_{\substack{p \\ p \\ p \\ 112}}\) \\
\hline Crude oil and natural gas \& 157 \& 156 \& 155 \& 153 \& 145 \& 145 \& 145 \& \({ }_{147} 8\) \& 146 \& \({ }_{144}\) \& +149 \& 148 \& \({ }^{146}\) \& \({ }_{1} 135\) \\
\hline Metal mining \& \& 95 \& 111 \& 135 \& +151 \& 137 \& 139 \& 137 \& 124 \& \& 82 \& \& \& \\
\hline Stone and earth minerals...-----.-.-.-.--- do- \& 129 \& 133 \& 137 \& 145 \& 148 \& 149 \& 155 \& 153 \& 152 \& 143 \& - 138 \& -130 \& 120 \& \\
\hline Seasonally adjusted, combined index.-..-...-..-do \& 146 \& 145 \& 144 \& 144 \& 145 \& 145 \& 145 \& 144 \& 142 \& 139 \& 135 \& 133 \& 30 \& 128 \\
\hline  \& 147 \& 147 \& 145 \& 145 \& 147 \& 147 \& 147 \& 146 \& 143 \& 141 \& 137 \& 134 \& 131 \& \({ }^{-129}\) \\
\hline Durable manufactures.-...-.-....-.-.-....-.-- do \& 164
143
1 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
163 \\
137 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 160
134
13 \& \begin{tabular}{|c}
160 \\
132 \\
\hline 1
\end{tabular} \& 163
132
13 \& 162
134
13 \& \(\underset{136}{163}\) \& \begin{tabular}{|c}
160 \\
131 \\
181
\end{tabular} \& 156
128
128 \& 154
121
121 \& 146
107 \&  \& \(\begin{array}{r}137 \\ 95 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& - \\
\hline Metal fabricating (incl. ordnance) .-...---- do \& 180 \& 179 \& 176 \& 176 \& 179 \& 179 \& 178 \& 176 \& 172 \& 170 \& 163 \& 159 \& 153 \& \({ }^{\circ} 150\) \\
\hline Fabricated metal products............-- \({ }_{\text {Machinery }}\) \& \begin{tabular}{l}
138 \\
173 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 138
172
17 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
138 \\
167 \\
\hline 1
\end{tabular} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 135
156
156 \& \({ }_{\sim}^{\text {F }} \times\) \& +123 \& \({ }^{\circ} 1222\) \\
\hline  \& 155 \& 155 \& 152 \& 152 \& 153 \& 152 \& 151 \& 150 \& 148 \& 143 \& \({ }_{137}^{118}\) \& \({ }_{1} 130\) \& r 128 \& \({ }^{\circ} 126\) \\
\hline Electrical machinery.... \& 206 \& 204 \& 196 \& 199 \& 207 \& 215 \& 215 \& 209 \& 197 \& 203 \& 194 \& 192 \& \({ }^{\text {r }} 177\) \& \({ }^{\circ} 173\) \\
\hline Transportation equipment \& 222 \& 219 \& 216 \& 216 \& 220 \& \({ }^{216}\) \& \({ }^{216}\) \& \({ }^{212}\) \& 208 \& \({ }^{203}\) \& 194 \& \({ }_{-191}\) \& \({ }^{1} 184\) \& \({ }^{\text {p } 180}\) \\
\hline Autos, trucks, and parts------------ \({ }^{\text {d }}\) \& 136 \& \({ }_{173}^{131}\) \& 124 \& 127 \& \(\stackrel{132}{173}\) \& \({ }_{173}^{128}\) \& 131 \& 1129 \& 1170 \& 118 \& 113 \& 1066
+164 \&  \& \({ }^{p 91}\) \\
\hline Instruments and related products....--do \& 174
118
118 \& 173
119 \& \({ }_{120}^{172}\) \& 173
120 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
173 \\
121 \\
\hline 1
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
173 \\
122 \\
\\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 174
123 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
173 \\
122 \\
\hline 1
\end{tabular} \& 170
120 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
170 \\
118 \\
\hline 18
\end{tabular} \& 116 \& 166
114 \& r

r 160 \& ${ }^{p}{ }_{p}^{160}$ <br>
\hline Lumber and produets-..---....-.-.-.-.-.do \& 115 \& 115 \& 115 \& 117 \& 125 \& 113 \& 116 \& 112 \& 109 \& 107 \& 103 \& \& . 107 \& <br>
\hline Stone, clay, and glass products.- \& $\begin{array}{r}155 \\ 137 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 155
140
15 \& 155
141

180 \& | 157 |
| :---: |
| 141 |
| 1 | \& 156

142
1 \& 155
141
18 \& 159

143 \& | 159 |
| :--- |
| 143 |
| 1 | \& 155

140 \& 151
136
1 \& 148
131 \& 142
129 \&  \&  <br>
\hline Nondurable manuactures .-.................do \& 131 \& 131 \& 130 \& 131 \& 131 \& 131 \& 132 \& 131 \& 130 \& 128 \& 127 \& 126 \& 125 \& ${ }^{\text {p }} 124$ <br>
\hline Food and heverage \& 113 \& 114 \& ${ }^{112}$ \& 112 \& 114 \& 113 \& \& 113 \& 112 \& 110 \& 114 \& 114 \& \& <br>
\hline Food manu \& 113

111 \& | 114 |
| :--- |
| 115 |
| 1 | \& 112

109 \& 112 \& 113
116 \& 114
109
101 \& 112
113 \& 112
113 \& 111
112
112 \& 110
110 \& 113
118
118 \& 113 \& 112 \& <br>
\hline Tobaceo man \& 114 \& 111 \& 109 \& 110 \& 112 \& 114 \& 111 \& 114 \& 110 \& 1107 \& 118 \& 112 \& \& <br>
\hline Textilc-mill products \& 101 \& 101 \& 100 \& 100 \& 100 \& 101 \& 101 \& 101 \& 98 \& 95 \& 91 \& ${ }_{-92}$ \& 91 \& <br>
\hline Apparel and allied products...............-do. \& 110 \& 112 \& 112 \& 1.13 \& 113 \& 113 \& 112 \& 112 \& 110 \& 107 \& 104 \& 103 \& 103 \& ....... <br>
\hline Leather and products \& 104 \& 105 \& 105 \& 104 \& ${ }_{106}^{10}$ \& 105 \& 106 \& 104 \& 103 \& 103 \& 100 \& 100 \& \& <br>
\hline Paper and alied produ \& 157 \& 157 \& ${ }_{156}^{156}$ \& ${ }_{141}^{158}$ \& \& 156
140

140 \& \& | 161 |
| :--- |
| 142 |
| 1 | \& ${ }_{142}^{161}$ \& \& 52 \& \& \& <br>

\hline Prining and puhlishing -----.----.-.-- do \& 183 \& | 181 |
| :--- |
| 182 |
| 1 | \& | 140 |
| :--- |
| 182 |
| 1 | \& | 141 |
| :--- |
| 185 |
| 1 | \& | 141 |
| :--- |
| 184 |
| 1 | \& 140

185

18 \& | 141 |
| :--- |
| 186 |
| 1 | \& 142

185

18 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
142 <br>
185 <br>
\hline

 \& 

141 <br>
184 <br>
\hline 1

 \& 

142 <br>
181 <br>
\hline 1
\end{tabular} \& r 148 \& 139

178 \& ${ }^{p 138}$ <br>
\hline Industria chemicals......---............-do \& 203 \& 202 \& 202 \& 204 \& 204 \& 205 \& 206 \& 207 \& 206 \& 201 \& 196 \& ${ }^{+195}$ \& 191 \& <br>
\hline Petroleum and coal prod \& 143 \& 141 \& 142 \& 142 \& ${ }_{139}^{139}$ \& 142 \& 143 \& 141 \& ${ }_{139}^{139}$ \& 135 \& 137 \& ${ }^{131}$ \& \& ${ }^{p} 129$ <br>
\hline Rubber products \& 141 \& 145 \& 132 \& 134 \& 135 \& 136 \& 141 \& 138 \& 135 \& 131 \& 117 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 116$ \& 114 \& <br>
\hline Minerals \& ${ }_{182}^{132}$ \& ${ }^{132}$ \& ${ }_{87}^{131}$ \& ${ }_{83}^{130}$ \& 127 \& 128 \& 129 \& 129 \& 127 \& 123 \& 123 \& 122
+189 \& 119 \& ${ }^{\wedge} 113$ <br>

\hline \& ${ }_{154}$ \& 151 \& ${ }_{151}$ \& ${ }_{153}^{83}$ \& | 86 |
| :---: |
| 146 | \& 84

148
18 \& $\begin{array}{r}84 \\ 149 \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ \& 152
151 \& ${ }_{r}{ }_{150}^{80}$ \& 145 \& 714
146 \& + 145 \& ${ }^{1} 142$ \& - ${ }^{p} 780$ <br>
\hline  \& ${ }_{122}$ \& \& \& 114 \& \& \& \& 115 \& \& \& 110 \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 142 \& 143 \& 140 \& 142 \& 142 \& 143 \& 146 \& 144 \& 143 \& 140 \& 141 \& -144 \& 132 \& <br>
\hline CONSUMER DURABLES OUTPUT ${ }^{\text {a }}$ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Unadjusted, total output-......-........-1947-49=100.. \& 143 \& 142 \& 130 \& 124 \& 131 \& 116 \& 132 \& 119 \& 119 \& 141 \& 124 \& $\stackrel{117}{ }$ \& 115 \& o 111 <br>
\hline Major co \& 157 \& 155 \& 140 \& 131 \& 140 \& 121 \& 139 \& 118 \& 119 \& ${ }^{153}$ \& ${ }_{151}^{132}$ \& ${ }^{123}$ \& ${ }^{-120}$ \& ${ }^{\circ} 114$ <br>
\hline ${ }_{\text {Altas }}^{\text {Alto }}$ \& 140 \& 143 \& ${ }_{128}^{155}$ \& 144
122
124 \& 156

129 \& (134 \& | 148 |
| :--- |
| 138 |
| 1 | \& 84

150

15 \& 148 \& ${ }_{138}^{173}$ \& | 118 |
| :--- |
| 118 |
| 18 | \& 132

$r$
117 \& 122
120 \& <br>
\hline Furniture an \& 116 \& 116 \& 113 \& 108 \& 110 \& 105 \& 116 \& 119 \& 118 \& 115 \& 114 \& ${ }^{-108}$ \& 108 \& <br>

\hline Appliances and heaters \& 144 \& 151 \& 131 \& ${ }^{125}$ \& 131 \& 105 \& 109 \& 141 \& | 133 |
| :--- |
| 182 |
| 1 | \& ${ }^{121}$ \& ${ }_{1}^{102}$ \& 103 \& \& <br>

\hline \& \& \& \& 153 \& 180 \& 143 \& \& 268 \& 232 \& \& ${ }^{176}$ \& 187 \& 159 \& <br>
\hline Other consumer \& 112 \& 111 \& 107 \& 106 \& 108 \& 106 \& 116 \& 121 \& 120 \& 114 \& 106 \& 102 \& ${ }^{\text {r } 105}$ \& p 105 <br>
\hline Seasonally adjusted, total output....-.-..........do. \& ${ }_{1} 1135$ \& ${ }^{132}$ \& ${ }^{123}$ \& $r 126$ \& ${ }^{1} 134$ \& 132 \& '135 \& ${ }^{134}$ \& ' 129 \& ' 128 \& -119 \& 113 \& -110 \& ${ }^{\text {p }} 105$ <br>
\hline Major consumer durables..--..................do \& $\stackrel{144}{ }$ \& + ${ }_{+}^{139}$ \& ${ }_{\sim}^{+129}$ \& $\stackrel{134}{ }$ \& ${ }^{+} 144$ \& $\stackrel{141}{ }$ \& $\stackrel{145}{ }$ \& ${ }_{-142}$ \& ${ }^{+137}$ \& ${ }^{1} 136$ \& 125 \& ${ }^{1} 117$ \& $\stackrel{111}{ }$ \& 103 <br>
\hline Autos. \& 1r156 \& +1499 \& r
+136
$r$ \& - 144 \& + ${ }_{+}^{157}$ \& $\stackrel{+}{+147}$ \& r 154 \& $\stackrel{150}{175}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 143 \\ \\ 134 \\ \hline 12\end{array}$ \& r 142
+134

+ \& r ${ }^{122}$ \& $\stackrel{117}{+}$ \& -107 \& ${ }^{p 92}$ <br>
\hline Major househoid \& 135 \& r \& +143 \& r13 \& $\underset{+}{+}$ \& - \& $\begin{array}{r}139 \\ +115 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}+137 \\ +114 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 111 \& + ${ }^{134}$ \& \% 112 \& ${ }_{7}{ }_{7} 11180$ \& 116
106 \& <br>
\hline Appliances and he \& r 1136 \& ${ }_{+}{ }^{132}$ \& - 118 \& ${ }_{r} 121$ \& ${ }_{-}{ }^{124}$ \& ${ }_{5} 124$ \& - 127 \& $\stackrel{1129}{ }$ \& 129 \& ${ }^{1} 132$ \& ${ }^{1115}$ \& 1100 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& \& \& \& r 187 \& ${ }_{226}$ \& ${ }^{-245}$ \& '247 \& - 232 \& - 212 \& r 203 \& 188 \& ${ }^{-181}$ \& 151 \& <br>
\hline Other consumer durables.-.-.-.-............-do. \& 114 \& ${ }^{\text {r } 114}$ \& ${ }^{\text {r } 110}$ \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 109$ \& ${ }^{1110}$ \& 111 \& '112 \& -114 \& 112 \& ${ }^{+110}$ \& 107 \& ${ }^{-105}$ \& ${ }^{+107}$ \& - 109 <br>
\hline BUSINESS SALES AND INVENTORIES\$ $\ddagger$ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Manufacturing and trade sales (seas. adj.), total bil. of dol_- \& 57.4 \& 56.2 \& 56.4 \& 56.8 \& 56.4 \& 57.4 \& 57.0 \& 56.3 \& 55.7 \& 54.7 \& 54.5 \& 53.8 \& 52.2 \& <br>
\hline Manufacturing, total --......................- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ \& 29.5 \& 28.4 \& \& 28.6 \& \& 29.0 \& 28.6 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Durable-goods industr \& 14.8 \& 14.2 \& 14.3 \& 14.3 \& 14.2 \& \& 14.3 \& 14.1 \& 13.9 \& 13.5 \& 13.1 \& ${ }_{12.6}$ \& 2.0 \& <br>
\hline  \& 14.7 \& 14.2 \& 14.4 \& 14.3 \& 13.9 \& 14.5 \& 14.3 \& 14.1 \& 14.1 \& 13.7 \& 13.6 \& - 13.7 \& 13.6 \& <br>
\hline Wholesale trade, to \& 11.5 \& 11.4 \& 11.3 \& 11.5 \& 11.4 \& 11.4 \& 11.4 \& 11.2 \& 11.0 \& 10.9 \& ${ }^{10.9}$ \& \& \& <br>
\hline Durable-goods est bishm \& ${ }_{7.1}^{4.4}$ \& 7.4 \& 7.1 \& ${ }_{7.2}^{4.3}$ \& ${ }_{7.1}^{4.3}$ \& 4.3
7.1 \&  \& ${ }_{7}{ }^{1} 1$ \& 11.9
7.0 \& $\stackrel{1}{3.9}$ \& 3.8 \& 8.8 \& 3.6 \& <br>
\hline Retail trade, total \& \& \& 16.4 \& \& \& \& 17.0 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Durable-goods s \& \& \& \& \& 5.8 \& 5.8 \& \& 5.7 \& ${ }_{5} 5.6$ \& 5.6 \& 5.6 \& 5.5 \& 5.1 \& <br>
\hline Nondurable-goods sto \& 10.6 \& 10.6 \& 10.7 \& 10.9 \& 11.0 \& 11.2 \& 11.3 \& 11.2 \& 11.1 \& 11.0 \& 11.3 \& 11.2 \& 11.1 \& <br>
\hline Manufacturing and trade inventories, book value, end of month (seas. adj.), total..................bil. of dol. \& 89.6 \& 89.9 \& 90.1 \& 90.6 \& 90.7 \& 91.0 \& 91.3 \& 91.3 \& 91.1 \& 91.0 \& 90.7 \& 90.0 \& 89.3 \& <br>
\hline Manufact \& 52.9 \& 53.3 \& 53.7 \& 53.9 \& 53.9 \& 54.1 \& 54.2 \& 54.2 \& 54.1 \& 53.9 \& . 5 \& \& \& <br>
\hline Durable-goods industries ---.-.-...-....-.-.do \& 31.0

22.0 \& ${ }_{22.1}^{31.2}$ \& - $\begin{aligned} & 31.5 \\ & 22.2\end{aligned}$ \& ${ }_{22.3}^{31.6}$ \& -31.4 ${ }_{22}$ \& - $\begin{array}{r}31.7 \\ 21.4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}31.7 \\ 22.5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& ${ }_{22.3}^{31.8}$ \& - | 31.8 |
| :--- |
| 22.3 | \& $\begin{array}{r}31.5 \\ 22.4 \\ \\ \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 31.1

22.4 \&  \& ${ }_{20}^{30.2}$ \& <br>
\hline Wholesale trade, total ..........................do \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Durable-poods establishments \& ${ }_{6}^{6.5}$ \& 6.5 \& 6.5 \& 6.5 \& 6.6 \& 6.7 \& 6.7 \& 6.7 \& 6.7 \& 6.7 \& 6.6 \& 6.6 \& 6.5 \& <br>
\hline Nondurable-goods establishments..-.-.-.---do-.-- \& 6.3 \& 6.3 \& 6.3 \& 6.2 \& 6.1 \& 6.0 \& 6.1 \& 6.1 \& 6.1 \& 6.1 \& 6.1 \& 6.0 \& 6.0 \& <br>
\hline  \& 23.9
10.8
10.8 \& 23.7
10.7 \& 23.7
10.6
10 \& 23.9
10.7 \& 24.1
10.8
18 \& 24.1
10.8
10.8 \& 24.3
11.0
10.0 \& ${ }_{11.1}^{24.4}$ \& 24.2
10.9
10 \& 24.3
11.2 \& 24.5
11.4
11.4 \& 24.5
11.3
1.3 \& 24.3 \& <br>
\hline  \& 13.1 \& 13.0 \& 13.1 \& 13.2 \& 13.3 \& 13.3 \& 13.2 \& 13.2 \& 13.3 \& 13.1 \& 13.1 \& ${ }_{13.1}$ \& 13.1 \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

$\underset{\sim}{r}$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary, ${ }^{1}$ Revisions for January $1957(1947-49=100)$ are as follows: Total, 132 ; total major consumer durables, 140; autos, 154; radio and television sets, 183 ; other con\&The term "business" here includes only manufacturing and trade. Business inventories as shown on p. S-1 cover data for all types of producers, both farm and nonfarm. Unadjusted ata for manufacturing are shown on p. S-4; those for retail and wholesale trade on pp. S-9, S-10, and S-11.
$\ddagger$ Data beginning January 1948 for wholesale trade (not published in the 1957 edition of Business Statistics) are available as follows: For 1948-50, upon request; for 1951-56, on p. 32 of the August 1957 Sirbey.

为 descriptive notes are shown
BUSINESS STATISTICS

| 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- ber | October | November | Decernber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March |

## GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Continued

## manufacturers' sales, inventories,

- 

Sales, value (unadjusted), total prable-goods industries, total............................. do dol. Primary metal
Fabricated metal
Transport (including electrical) --.................... vehicles).................................of dol Lumber and furniture
Stone, clay, and glass $-\ldots$-.-.--
Other durable-goods industries
Nondurable-goods industries, total.
Food and beverage.
Tobaceo
Paper
Petroleum and coal
Rubber

Sales, value (seas. adj.), total. Durable-goods ind
Primary metal.

Fabricated motal
Machinery (including electrical)-........................................
Transportation equipment (including motor

Stone, clay, and glass
Other durablo-goods industries.
Nondurable-goods industries, total.
Food and beverage.
Tobacco
Paper


Rubber....-.-.-.-.-.
Inventories, end of month:
Book value (unadjasted), total. $\qquad$
$\qquad$ -do-
 Machinery (including electrica) vohicles)
 Other durable-goods industries.-........................ By stages of fabrication: $\ddagger$
Purchased materials................-- bil. of dol. Goods in process.

Nondurable-goods industries, total.....mil. of dol. Food and beverage. Tobacco Paper.

## Cherical.

 Petroleam and coal Rubber.- By stages of fabrication: $\ddagger$



Inventories, end of month:
Book value (seas. adj.), total.........-.-. mil. of dol.


Nondurable-goods industries, total_....mil. of dol_ Food and beverage
Tobacco.
Paper. Chemical Rubberm and coal
 By stages of fabrication:t

Purchased materials Goods in process

$r$ Revised. $\quad \ddagger$ Data beginning January 1953 appear on $p .20$ of the September 1957 SURVEF


| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- ber | October | November | December | $\begin{gathered} \text { Janu-- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Febru- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | March |

## GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Continued

| MANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES, AND ORDERS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New orders, net (unadjusted), total.........mil. of dol.- | 27,540 | 29, 291 | 27,673 | 28, 328 | 27,538 | 26, 155 | 27, 568 | 26, 371 | 26,730 | 26, 056 | 25,067 | r 24,264 | 23,205 |  |
| Durable-goods industries, total§-...-............-do.... | 13,712 | 14,611 | 13,349 | 13,949 | 13,716 | 12,318 | 12, 881 | 12,047 | 11,788 | 12,385 | 11,890 | r 10, 749 | 10,321 |  |
|  | 2,495 | 2,597 | 2, 103 | 2,251 | 2,217 | 1,938 | 2,063 | 2,039 | 2,027 | 1,758 | 1,563 | r 1,619 | 1,484 |  |
|  | 1,461 | 1,538 | 1,500 | 1,638 | 1,427 | 1,522 | 1,468 | 1,571 | 1,517 | 1,144 | 1, 189 | г 1,189 | 1, 079 |  |
| Machinery (including electrical) S.-......---- do. | 4,188 | 4,450 | 4,091 | 4,136 | 4,512 | 3,904 | 3,905 | 3,812 | 3, 798 | 3,431 | 3, 520 | ${ }^{r} 3,276$ | 3,435 |  |
| Transportation equipment (including motor ve- <br>  | 2,957 | 3,181 | 2,936 | 3,181 | 2, 609 | 2,256 | 2,554 | 1,979 | 1,776 | 3, 616 | 3,669 | ${ }^{*} 2,448$ | 2, 198 |  |
|  | 2,611 | 2,845 | 2,719 | 2,743 | 2,951 | 2,698 | 2,891 | 2,646 | 2,670 | 2, 436 | 1,949 | + 2, 217 | 2,125 |  |
| Nondurable-goods industries, total..-.-.-.-.--do..-- | 13, 828 | 14,680 | 14,324 | 14,379 | 13,822 | 13,837 | 14,687 | 14,324 | 14,942 | 13, 671 | 13, 177 | ${ }^{+13,515}$ | 12,884 |  |
|  | 3,166 | 3,284 | 3,341 | 3,233 | 3,148 | 2,789 | 3,070 | 3,057 | 3,203 | 3,053 | 2,785 | +2,877 | 2,700 |  |
| Industries without unfilled orders¢.............do...... | 10,662 | 11,396 | 10,983 | 11,146 | 10,674 | 11,048 | 11,617 | 11, 267 | 11,739 | 10,618 | 10,392 | r 10,638 | 10, 184 |  |
| New orders, net (seas. adjusted), total§...........do. | 28,647 | 28,066 | 27,940 | 28,433 | 27,055 | 27,276 | 27, 325 | 26,565 | 26,226 | 26, 030 | 25, 060 | r 24, 369 | 23,995 |  |
|  | 14, 102 | 13, 853 | 13, 234 | 14, 115 | 13, 249 | 13, 005 | 13, 160 | 12, 519 | 12, 154 | 12,362 | 11, 399 | r 10,704 | 10, 549 |  |
|  | 2, 403 | 2,330 | 2, 197 | 2,136 | 2, 306 | 2,241 | 2,078 | 2, 202 | 2,081 | 1,686 | 1, 512 | ${ }^{+} 1,556$ | 1,390 |  |
| Fabricated metal | 1,554 | 1,398 | 1,500 | 1, 689 | 1,486 | 1,522 | 1,372 | 1,496 | 1,459 | 1,243 | 1,213 | r 1, 239 | 1, 134 |  |
| Machinery (including electrical) \&-...........do...- | 4,268 | 4,205 | 3,850 | 4,321 | 4,103 | 4,065 | 4,124 | 3,952 | 3,943 | 3,652 | 3,422 | + 3,336 | 3,426 |  |
| Transportation equipment (including motor vehicles) --............................................... | 3, 099 | 3,236 | 2,968 | 3, 198 | 2,544 | 2, 396 | 2,884 | 2,300 | 2,079 | 3,345 | 2,932 | r 2, 356 | 2,338 |  |
| Other durable-goods industries.....-.-...-...-do..-- | 2,778 | 2,684 | 2,719 | 2,771 | 2,810 | 2, 781 | 2, 702 | 2,569 | 2,542 | 2,436 | 2,320 | + 2, 217 | 2,261 |  |
| Nondurable-goods industries, total....-.......-do | 14,545 | 14, 213 | 14, 706 | 14,318 | 13, 806 | 14,271 | 14, 165 | 14,046 | 14, 072 | 13,668 | 13,661 | r 13, 665 | 13,446 |  |
| Industries with unfilled orders9.-.......-.- do | 3,231 | 3,188 | 3, 554 | 3,191 | 2,970 | 2,936 | 2,924 | 3, 088 | 2,993 | 2.993 | 3,027 | r2,906 | 2,755 |  |
| Industries without unfilled ordersT-......-...do. | 11,314 | 11, 025 | 11,152 | 11,127 | 10,836 | 11, 335 | 11, 241 | 10,958 | 11, 079 | 10,675 | 10,634 | r 10, 759 | 10,691 |  |
| Unfilled orders, end of montl (unadj.), total....do. | 63, 718 | 63,194 | 61, 857 | 61, 069 | 60,329 | 59, 288 | 57,793 | 55, 993 | 53, 191 | 51,977 | 50, 697 | r 49, 103 | 47,761 |  |
| Durable-goods industries, total....-.............do. | 60, 763 | 60, 341 | 58, 922 | 58, 038 | 57, 164 | 56,146 | 54,796 | 53, 179 | 50,581 | 49,389 | 48, 127 | r 46, 563 | 45, 351 |  |
|  | 7, 144 | 7, 149 | 6, 771 | 6,597 | 6, 330 | 6,200 | 6,001 | 5, 840 | 5, 531 | 5,187 | 4,796 | r 4,467 | 4,256 |  |
| Fabricated metal | 4,510 | 4, 497 | 4,355 | 4,408 | 4,283 | 4, 314 | 4, 150 | 4,090 | 3,919 | 3, 630 | 3,483 | + 3, 343 | 3,158 |  |
| Machinery (including electrical) .............-do.-.- | 20, 230 | 20,195 | 19,931 | 19,642 | 19,695 | 19,629 | 19,400 | 18.919 | 18,311 | 17,731 | 17, 120 | r 16, 703 | 16, 472 |  |
| Transportation equipment (including motor ve- <br>  | 23,915 | 23, 506 | 22,953 | 22, 638 | 22,060 | 21, 123 | 20, 421 | 19, 650 | 18, 423 | 18,576 | 18,750 | ¢ 18, 132 | 17, 564 |  |
| Other industries, including ordnance.---.---do.-.- | 4,964 | 4,994 | 4,912 | 4,753 | 4,796 | 4,880 | 4,824 | 4,680 | 4,397 | 4,265 | 3,978 | r 3,918 | 3,901 |  |
|  | 2,955 | 2,853 | 2,935 | 3, 031 | 3,165 | 3,142 | 2,997 | 2,814 | 2,610 | 2,588 | 2,570 | r2, 540 | 2, 410 |  |
| BUSINESS INCORPORATIONS $\sigma^{\prime}$ New incorporations (48 States) $\ldots \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~$ | 10,791 | 12,049 | 12,312 | 12,220 | 11, 269 | 11,686 | 11, 361 | 10,526 | 11,251 | 9,270 | 10,575 | 13,080 | 10,466 |  |
| INDUSTRIAL. AND COMMERCIAL FAILURES ${ }^{\circ}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1, 146 | 1,336 | 1,175 | 1,200 | 1,084 | 1,059 | 1, 145 | 1,071 | 1,122 | 1,173 | 1,080 | 1, 279 | 1,238 |  |
| Commercial service....---........-....-.-.-.-.-. do | 93 | 99 | 118 | 82 | 93 | 81 | 91 | 94 | 89 | 93 | 88 | 78 | 79 |  |
|  | 180 | 205 | 172 | 181 | 164 | 153 | 165 | 164 | 176 | 194 | 174 | 176 | 177 |  |
|  | 199 | 239 | 190 | 205 | 179 | 181 | 204 | 182 | 214 | 213 | 208 | 219 | 208 |  |
|  | 568 | 672 | 580 | 600 | 553 | 570 | 588 | 535 | 544 | 559 | 514 | 676 | 662 |  |
|  | 106 | 121 | 115 | 132 | 95 | 74 | 97 | 96 | 99 | 114 | 96 | 130 | 112 |  |
| Liabilities (current), total................-thous. of dol.. | 65,406 | 55, 833 | 57, 103 | 52,552 | 51,454 | 44, 299 | 43,514 | 45, 420 | 47, 428 | 52,899 | 45,325 | 64,442 | 65, 295 |  |
|  | 2,493 | 3,833 | 3,878 | 4,728 | 3,551 | 5, 024 | 2,331 | 4,554 | 3,195 | 2,611 | 3,072 | 3,364 | 3, 309 |  |
|  | 8,440 | 10. 424 | 9,090 | 10,820 | 10, 066 | 7,629 | 10, 426 | 5, 618 | 7,994 | 13,420 | 5,713 | 9,868 | 8,747 |  |
|  | 33,402 | 17,760 | 16,286 | 14, 888 | 12,966 | 14, 039 | 12, 847 | 13,901 | 11, 601 | 18,061 | 14,985 | 24.917 | 24,331 |  |
|  | 14,780 | 17,816 | 15,994 | 15,686 | 17,715 | 12,715 | 14,752 | 13.657 | 16, 947 | 12, 895 | 16, 028 | 20,788 | 23,038 |  |
|  | 6,291 | 6,000 | 11,855 | 6,430 | 7,156 | 4,892 | 3,158 | 7,690 | 7,691 | 5,912 | 5,527 | 5,505 | 5,870 | ---------- |
| Failure annual rate (seas. adj.)*.-No. per 10,000 concerns.. | 51.1 | 54.9 | 48.2 | 50.1 | 50.0 | 47.8 | 53.4 | 58.7 | 51.5 | 56.0 | 51.9 | 53.2 | 54.1 |  |

## COMMODITY PRICES

|  | 234 | 238 | 242 | 243 | 244 | 247 | 248 | 245 | 240 | 242 | 242 | 247 | 252 | 263 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Prices received, all farm products......1910-14 $=100 \ldots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 234 | 237 | ${ }_{2}^{242}$ | 244 | 241 | 239 | ${ }_{2}^{233}$ | 228 | 224 | 224 | 218 | 225 | 229 | 244 |
| Commercial vegetables, fresh market-.-.-.-.- do. | ${ }^{236}$ | 252 | ${ }_{258}^{294}$ | 315 | 283 | 288 | 248 | 221 | 221 | 241 | 240 | 334 | 376 | 396 |
|  | 255 181 | 181 | 258 180 | 266 <br> 179 | 270 173 | 273 | 278 169 | 279 | 273 | 263 | 239 | 232 | 211 | 220 |
|  | ${ }_{235}^{181}$ | 181 235 | 180 233 | 179 225 | 173 218 | 170 ${ }_{218}$ | 169 217 | 163 217 | 156 | 153 |  | 146 | ${ }_{919}^{148}$ | 152 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 217 | 219 | 221 | 221 | 217 | 219 | 224 |
|  | 221 | 237 | 237 | 228 | 246 | 219 | 200 | 193 | 187 | 187 | 180 | 183 | 200 | 228 |
| Oil-bearing crops .-.-.-.-.......-.-.-.-. do | 260 | 265 | 264 | 263 | 260 | 261 | 252 | 244 | 231 | 235 | 237 | 233 | 229 | 234 |
|  | 153 458 | 148 | 145 | 156 | 152 | 167 | 172 | 159 | 154 | 164 | 171 | 178 | 204 | 272 |
|  | 458 | 459 | 459 | 457 | 457 | 460 | 469 | 484 | 483 | 473 | 466 | 474 | 475 | 475 |
| Livestock and products.............---.........-do...- | 234 | 238 | 242 | 241 | 245 | 254 | 260 | 259 | 254 | 258 | 264 | 267 | 273 | 280 |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}266 \\ 249 \\ \hline 19\end{array}$ | ${ }_{263}^{260}$ | $\stackrel{253}{258}$ |  |  |  |  | 269 | 277 | 279 | 275 | 269 | 266 | 261 |
|  | $\stackrel{249}{ }$ | 263 | 275 | 278 | 287 | ${ }_{2} 297$ | 301 | 291 | 274 | 278 | 294 | 308 | 324 | 336 |
|  | 157 267 | 150 274 | 150 286 | 144 310 | 145 317 | 155 312 | 167 305 3 | 174 290 | 180 <br> 279 | 188 | 185 | 174 | 169 | 187 |
|  | 267 | 274 | 286 | 310 | 317 | 312 | 305 | 290 | 279 | 267 | 261 | 254 | 249 | 229 |
| Prices paid: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All commodities and services..------........-.-do...- | 271 | 272 | 273 | 273 | 273 | ${ }_{277}^{273}$ | ${ }_{2}^{273}$ | 273 | 273 | 275 | 276 | 277 | 278 | 281 |
|  | 284 256 | 284 288 | 285 260 | 286 259 | ${ }_{2}^{287}$ | ${ }_{257}^{287}$ | 287 257 | $\begin{array}{r}287 \\ 288 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{258}^{286}$ | 289 <br> 280 | ${ }_{263}^{289}$ | 289 | 290 | ${ }_{208}^{293}$ |
| All commodities and services, interest, taxes, and |  |  |  |  | 257 | 257 | 257 | 258 | 258 | 260 | 263 | 264 | 265 | 268 |
|  | 293 | r 294 | 296 | 296 | 296 | 295 | 295 | 296 | 296 | 298 | 299 | 301 | 302 | 304 |
|  | 80 | 81 | 82 | 82 | 82 | 84 | 84 | 83 | 81 | 81 | 81 | 82 | 83 | 87 |



 paid (inchading interest, taxes, and wage rates).

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | $\mid$ | October | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | January | February | March |
| COMMODITY PRICES-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| RETAIL PRICES <br> All commodities (U. S. Department of Commerce index) $\qquad$ | 214.9 | 214.7 | 214.9 | 215.3 | 216.6 | 217.5 | 217.9 | 217.5 | 217.2 | 217.4 | 217.2 | 217.8 | 218.0 |  |
| Consumer price index (U. S. Department of Iabor): <br> All items_-........---.-......................... $1947-49=100$ | 118.7 | 118.9 | 119.3 | 119.6 | 120.2 | 120.8 | 121.0 | 121.1 | 121.1 | 121.6 | 121.6 | 122.3 | ${ }^{1} 122.5$ |  |
|  | 106.1 | 106.8 | 106. 5 | 106.5 | 106.6 | 106.5 | 106.6 | 107.3 | 107.7 | 107.9 | 107.6 | 106.9 | 106.8 |  |
|  | 113.6 | 113.2 | 113.8 | 114.6 | 116.2 | 117.4 | 117.9 | 117.0 | 116.4 | 116.0 | 116.1 | 118.2 | 118.7 |  |
| Fruiry products | 111.1 | 1110.7 | 1118.5 | 110.0 | 110.0 126.8 | 110.5 <br> 126.9 | 111.5 | 113.1 <br> 114.8 <br> 11 | 114.2 11.5 10.5 | 114.5 | 114.6 1139 | 114.6 | 114.5 |  |
| Fruits and vegetables. Meats, poultry, and fish $\qquad$ | 116.5 101.4 | 116.1 100.6 | 118.7 102.0 | 122.5 | 126.8 106.9 | 126.9 109.5 | 121.3 111.9 | 114.8 110.3 | 114.5 106.3 | 114.6 104.6 | 113.9 106.0 | 121.9 <br> 110.2 | 1124.4 |  |
|  | 124.5 | 124.9 | 125.2 | 125.3 | 125.5 | 125.5 | 125.7 | 12 fi .3 | 126.6 | 126.8 | 127.0 | 127.1 | 127.3 |  |
|  | 112.4 | 112.4 | 112.4 | 112.3 | 112.3 | 112.3 | 113.3 | 113.7 | 113.8 | 114.3 | 114.3 | 115.7 | 115.9 |  |
| Housefurnishings........-....................... do Rent | 105.0 134.2 | 104.9 134.4 | 105.1 134.5 | 104.2 134.7 | 104.6 135.0 | ${ }_{135.2}^{104.1}$ | 103.9 135.4 | 104.8 135.7 | 104.8 136.0 | 104.5 136.3 | 104.9 136.7 | 104.2 136.8 | 104.9 137.0 |  |
| Medical care..---............................- do | 135.5 | 136.4 | 136.9 | 137.3 | 137.9 | 138.4 | 138.6 | 139.0 | 139.7 | 140.3 | 140.8 | 141.7 | 141.9 |  |
|  | 122.6 | 122.9 | 123.3 | 123.4 | 124.2 | 124.7 | 124.9 | 125. 1 | 126.2 | 126.7 | 127.0 | 127.8 | 128.0 |  |
| Reading and recreation-...-..............-.....do. | 110.0 | 110.5 | 111.8 | 111.4 | 111.8 | 112.4 | 112.6 | 113.3 | 113.4 | 114.4 | 114.6 | 116.6 | 116.6 |  |
|  | 134.4 | 135.1 | 135.5 | 135.3 | 135.3 | 135.8 | 135.9 | 135.9 | 135.8 | 140.0 | 138.9 | 138.7 | 138.5 |  |
| Private.. | 124.5 175.8 | 125.2 | 125.5 176.8 | 125.4 176.8 | 125.4 <br> 176.8 <br> 1 | 125.6 180.2 | 125.6 180.6 | 125.5 181.1 | 125.4 181.6 | 129.7 182.8 | 128.6 182.4 | 128.4 <br> 182.4 <br> 1 | 123.5 185.9 185.4 |  |
| Other goods | 124.0 | 124.2 | 124.2 | 124.3 | 124.6 | 126.6 | 126.7 | 126.7 | 126.8 | 126.8 | 126.8 | 127.0 | 127.0 |  |
| WHOLESALE PRICES $\sigma^{\circ}$ <br> (U. S. Department of Labor indexes) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All commodities . . . . . .-. .-. .-. .-. . . . . $1947-49=100$ | 117.0 | 116.9 | 117.2 | 117.1 | 117.4 | 118.2 | 118.4 | 118.0 | 117.8 | 118.1 | 118.5 | 118.8 | 118.9 | --- -.. |
| Economic sector: Crude materials | 96.7 | 96.7 | 97.1 | 96.5 | 98.8 | 99.7 | 99.6 | 97.0 | 95.3 | 95.3 | 96.4 | 97.6 | 99.4 |  |
| Intermediate materials, supplies, etc. .-......do | 125.1 | 124.9 | 125.0 | 124.7 | 124.5 | 125.2 | 125.5 | 125.4 | 125.2 | 125.3 | 125.4 | 125.4 | 125.0 |  |
|  | 117.0 | 116.9 | 117.4 | 117.4 | 117.6 | 118.5 | 118.6 | 118.8 | 119.0 | 119.6 | 119.9 | 120.4 | 120.2 |  |
|  | 88.8 | 88.8 | 90.6 | 89.5 | 90.9 | 92.8 | 93.0 | 91.0 | 91.5 | 91.9 | 92.6 | 93.6 | 95.5 |  |
| Fruits and vegetables, fresh and dried.......do | 96.1 | 94.1 | 103.0 | 109.0 | 105.4 | 1118.0 | 106.3 | 98.9 | 107.7 | 106.3 | 1118.3 | 121.6 | 124.0 |  |
| Grains | 87.0 75.0 | 87.5 76.6 | 87.3 79.3 | 88.78 | 83.9 83.5 | 82.7 86.5 | 82.4 | 81.2 81.5 | 80.6 78.4 | 80.9 79.3 | 80.5 82.6 | 79.1 86.5 | 80.0 91.8 |  |
|  | 103.9 | 103.7 | 104.3 | 104.9 | 106.1 | 107.2 | 106.8 | 106.5 | 105.5 | 106.5 | 107.4 | 108.8 | 109.0 |  |
| Cereal and bakery products............-------.-. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 115.9 | 116.7 | 116.8 | 116.5 | 117.0 | 117.7 | 116.7 | 116.7 | 117.3 | 117.6 | 118.3 | 118.0 | 118.2 |  |
| Dairy products and ice cream.-............ do | 112.5 105.9 | 111.3 <br> 1059 <br> 8.9 | 111.4 <br> 104.9 | 110.7 | 108.1 101.9 | 108.2 102.3 | 110.3 | 112.4 | 113.7 103.6 | $\begin{array}{r}114.5 \\ 103.8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 114.7 104.6 | 114.1 <br> 1050 | 113.8 |  |
| Fruits and vegetables, canned and frozen....do Meats, poultry, and fish. $\qquad$ do | 105.9 83.9 | $\begin{array}{r}105.9 \\ 84.6 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 104.9 88.2 | 103.5 <br> 91.5 <br> 125 | 101.9 96.6 | $\begin{array}{r}102.3 \\ 99.2 \\ \hline 12.7\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}102.1 \\ 97.6 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 102.5 95.7 | 103.6 91.6 | $\begin{array}{r}103.8 \\ 93.6 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 104.6 95 | 105.9 100.6 | 105.5 |  |
| Commodities other than farm prod. and foods..do. | 125.5 | 125.4 | 125.4 | 125.2 | 125.2 | 125.7 | 126.0 | 126.0 | 125.8 | 125.9 | 126.1 | 126.2 | 125.8 |  |
| Chemicals and allied products? ..............do | 108.8 | 108.8 | 109.1 | 109.1 | 109.3 | 109.5 | 109.8 | 110.2 | 110.4 | 110.3 | 110.6 | 110.6 | 110.5 |  |
| Chemicals, industrial.................. do | 123.2 93.1 | 122.9 93.2 | 123.6 93.5 | 123.6 93.3 | 124.0 93.4 | 123.5 93.4 | $\begin{array}{r}123.15 \\ 93.4 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}123.5 \\ 93.5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 123.6 93.4 | $\begin{array}{r}123.6 \\ 93.4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}123.9 \\ 93.5 \\ \hline 1.5\end{array}$ | 123.9 93.6 | 123.7 |  |
| Prugs and pharmaceuticals-.-.-.-.......... do | 93.1 58.0 | 93.2 57.9 | 93.5 58.2 | 93.3 59.2 | 93.4 60.2 | 93.4 61.0 | 13.4 <br> 63.4 <br> 18 | $\begin{array}{r}93.5 \\ 64.5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 93.4 64.8 | 93.4 65.2 | ${ }_{65.4}^{93.5}$ | 93.6 62.9 | 93.6 62.6 |  |
|  | 105.9 | 106.8 | 107.5 | $10 \% 2$ | 106.3 | 106.3 | 1016.5 | 106.4 | 107.5 | 107.7 | 107.8 | 110.5 | 110.5 |  |
|  | 124.1 | 124.1 | 124.1 | 124.7 | $12 \overline{0} .5$ | 128.1 | 128.1 | 128.1 | 128.1 | 128.1 | 128.4 | 128.4 | 128.4 |  |
| Fuel, power, and lighting materials 9 .-......do | 119.6 | 119.2 | 119.5 | 118.5 | 117.2 | 116.4 | 116.3 | 116.1 | 115.8 | 115.7 | 116.2 | 116.8 | 114.3 |  |
|  | 124.0 | 123.6 | 123.2 | 123.3 | 123.3 | 124.0 | 124.4 | 124.8 | 125.6 | 125.8 | 126.3 | 126.0 | 126.2 |  |
|  | 94. 3 | 94.9 | 96.6 | 94.9 | 94.3 | 95.5 | 995. ${ }^{\text {\% }}$ | 95.5 | 96. 1 | 96.1 | 96.1 | 97.2 | 97.2 |  |
|  | 122.3 | 118.4 | 118.4 | 116.5 | 113.0 | 111.8 | 111.1 | 112.2 | 112.2 | 116.9 | 120.7 | 125.8 | 125.8 |  |
| Petroleum and products.................. - do | 131.0 | 130.7 | 130.4 | 129.8 | 128.4 | 126. 4 | 125.5 | 125.6 | 124.6 | 123.5 | 123.5 | 122.9 | 118.2 |  |
| Furniture, other household durables $\$ . . .$. . do . | 121.9 | 121.9 | 121.5 | 121.6 | 121.7 | 122.4 | 122.6 | 122.3 | 122.6 | 122.7 | 123.5 | 123.5 | 123.3 |  |
| Appliances, household...................... do | 106.8 | 106.8 <br> 122.2 <br> 1 | 105.4 <br> 122.4 | 105.1 122.4 | 105.2 | 104.9 122.8 | 104.7 122.9 | 122.5 | 105.4 | 105.1 | 105.4 122.8 | 105.4 123.1 | 105.4 |  |
| Furniture, household .................... do | 122.0 91.1 | $\begin{array}{r}122.2 \\ 91.1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 122.4 <br> 91.1 | $\begin{array}{r}122.4 \\ 91.1 \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}122.4 \\ 91.5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}122.8 \\ 92.5 \\ \hline 9.8\end{array}$ | 122.9 93.3 | $\begin{array}{r}122.5 \\ \hline 93.4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 122.6 93.4 | $\begin{array}{r}122.8 \\ 93.4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\underline{93.3}$ | 123.1 92.9 | 123.3 92.9 |  |
| Television receivers....-.........--.........do. | 69.9 | 69.5 | 69.5 | 69.5 | 69.7 | 70.8 | 71.4 | 71.4 | 71.4 | 71.4 | 71.4 | 70.7 | 70.2 |  |
| Hides, skins, and leather products $9 . . . . . .$. do. | 98.0 | 98.4 | 98.6 | 489 | 90.8 120.9 | 100.6 | 1003 | 100.0 121.0 128 | 100.1 | 100.0 1220 |  | $\begin{array}{r}99.5 \\ 122.1 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 99.5 |  |
| Footwear Hides and skins | 120.7 50.1 | 120.7 51.0 | 121.1 51.8 | 120.8 55.8 | 120.4 59.4 | 121.0 62.1 | 121.0 61.5 | 121.0 58.2 | 121.8 56 | 122.0 53.8 | 122.0 50.3 | 122.1 50.2 | 122.1 50.5 |  |
| Leather | 87.8 | 88.6 | 88.6 | 88.8 | 91.1 | 92.2 | 91.6 | 91.6 | 91.2 | 91.2 | 90.8 | 90.7 | 90.7 |  |
| Lamber and wood products...............do. | 120.7 | 120.1 | 120.2 | 119.7 | 119.7 | 119.3 | 118.6 | 117.8 | 117.3 | 116.9 | 116.3 | 116.3 | 116.0 |  |
|  | 121.9 | 121.2 | 121.2 | 120.6 | 120.4 | 120.0 | 119.4 | 118.3 | 117.5 | 117.1 | 116.4 | 116.5 | 116.3 |  |
| Machinery and motive products ${ }^{\text {P }}$...........-d. ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 144.5 | 144.8 | 145.0 | 145.1 | 145. 2 | 145.8 | 146. 2 | 146.9 | 147.7 | 149.2 | 149.4 | 149.5 | 149.3 |  |
| Agricultural machinery and equip.-.....-- do - | 132.0 | 132.2 | 132.1 | 132.3 | 132.3 | 132.3 | 132.5 | 133.4 | 136.2 | 137.4 | 137.9 | 138.2 | 138.1 |  |
| Construction machinery and equip-.-....do.... | 156.3 | 156.7 | 157.5 147.8 | 157.6 | 157.6 148.2 | 157.9 149.5 | 161.4 149.6 | 162.7 150.8 | 164.9 | 165.2 150.9 | 165.3 150.8 | 165.5 151.0 | 1851 |  |
| Electrical machinery and equipment....... do... Motor vehicles | 134.6 | 134.6 | 134.7 | 134.7 | 134.7 | 134.7 | 134.7 | 134.8 | 135.5 | 138.7 | 139.1 | 139.1 | 139.1 |  |
| Metals and metal products ¢ .-..............-do. | 151.4 | 151.0 | 150.1 | 150.0 | 150.6 | 152.4 | 153.2 | 152.2 | 150.8 | 150.4 | 150.4 | 150.0 | 150.1 |  |
|  | 122.8 | 121.6 | 121.6 | 121.4 | 121.9 | 122.8 | 122.3 | 122.3 | 1223 | 122.1 | 121.5 | 121.6 | 121.4 |  |
| Iron and steel | 163.9 | 163.8 | 161.9 | 162.9 | 165.4 | 170.3 | 171.2 | 170.2 | 167.8 | 166.5 | 166.5 | 1166.9 | 167.7 |  |
|  | 145.4 | 143.2 | 142.5 | 139.9 | 138.1 | 134.1 | 134.6 | 131.7 | 129.9 | 130.8 | 130.6 | 128.6 | 128.0 |  |
| Nonmetallic minerals, structuralo .-........do. | 132.7 | 133.2 | 134.6 | 135.0 | 135.1 | 135.2 | 135.3 | 135.2 | 135.3 | 135.4 | 135.7 | 136.4 | 136.5 |  |
| Clay products-....-.-..........................do do | 150.7 | 150.8 | 155.0 126.6 | 155.0 126.7 | 155.1 | 155.1 | 15.0 126.0 12. | 155.0 126.3 | 126.5 | ${ }_{126.7}^{15.1}$ | 155.1 127.2 | 155.3 127.5 127. | 155.3 <br> 127.8 <br>  |  |
|  | 127.1 | 127.1 | 127.1 | 127.1 | 127.1 | 127.1 | 127.1 | 127.1 | 127.1 | 127.1 | 127.1 | 127.1 | 127.1 |  |
| Pulp, paper, and allied products.............do | 128.5 | 128.7 | 128.6 | 128.9 | 128.9 | 129.5 | 129.9 | 130.1 | 130.9 | 130.9 | 131.0 | 130.9 | 130.9 |  |
|  | 139.2 | 140.1 | 140.7 | 142.4 | 142.4 | 142.8 | 143.2 | 143.2 | 143.2 | 143.3 | 143.2 | 143.2 | 143.1 |  |
| Rubber and products....-..................-do. | 143.9 | 144.3 | 144.5 | 144.7 | 145.1 | 144.9 | 146. 9 | 146. 5 | 146.2 | 144.7 | 145.7 | 144.8 | 144.3 |  |
|  | 149.0 | 149.0 | 149.0 | 149.0 | 149.0 | 149.0 | 153.5 | 153.5 | 153.5 | 153.5 | 153.5 | 152.0 | 152.0 |  |
| Textile products and apparelo ............... do | 95.7 | 95.4 | 95.3 | 95.4 | 95.5 | 95.4 | 95.4 | 95.4 | 95.1 | 95.0 | ${ }_{9}^{94.9}$ | 94.6 | 94.2 |  |
|  | 99.6 91.9 | 99.6 91.1 | 99.6 90.8 | 99.5 | 99.5 90.6 | 99.5 90.5 | 99.6 90.2 | 99.7 90.0 | 99.6 89.9 | 99.6 89.8 | 99.6 90.2 | 99.5 90.1 | 99.3 89.4 |  |
|  | 91.9 123.2 | 91.1 123.0 | 99.8 124.8 818 | 124.7 9 | 90.6 122.4 | 90.5 121.5 | 90.2 122.0 | 90.0 121.1 | $\begin{array}{r}89.9 \\ 120.0 \\ \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ | 89.8 119.6 | 90.2 119.5 | 90.1 119.4 | 89.4 117.6 |  |
| Manmade fiber textile products...--------- ${ }^{\text {do- }}$ | 82.0 | 81.7 | 81.5 | 81.8 | 81.9 | 81.9 | 82.1 | 82.3 | 82.3 | 82.3 | 82.1 | 81.2 | 80.8 |  |
|  | 109.5 | 109.0 | 109.9 | 110.9 | 111.5 | 111.3 | 111.2 | 110.3 | 108.3 | 107.4 | 105.8 | 105.2 | 105.1 |  |
| Tobacco mis. and bottled beverages $\%$.......do | 124.1 | 124.1 | 124.5 | 124.5 | 124.7 | 127.7 | 127.7 | 127.7 | 127.7 | 127.8 | 128.0 | 128.1 | 128.1 |  |
| Beverages, alcoholic.-----............---- do...- | 119.0 | 119.0 | 112.6 | 119.4 | 119.6 | 119.6 134 | 119.6 | 119.6 134 | 119.6 | 119.8 | 1120.3 | 1120.3 | 130.3 |  |
|  | 124.0 | 124.0 | 124.0 | 124.0 | 124.0 | 134.8 | 134.8 | 134.8 | 131.8 | 134.8 | 134.8 | 134.8 | 134.8 |  |
|  <br> Toys, sporting goods.......................................... | $\begin{array}{r} 92.4 \\ 117.5 \end{array}$ | 92.0 117.5 | $\begin{array}{r} 91.4 \\ 117.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 89.4 \\ 117.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 87.3 \\ 117.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 88.8 \\ 117.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 90.1 \\ 117.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 89.4 \\ 118.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 87.7 \\ 117.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 86.8 \\ 117.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 87.2 \\ 118.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 88.5 \\ 120.2 \end{array}$ | 89.6 120.2 |  |

- Revised. ${ }^{1}$ Index based on $1935-39=100$ is 204.8

Oncludes data not shown separately. or For actual wholesale prices of individual commodities, see respective commodities
$\oplus$ Goods to users, including raw foods and fuels.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- ber | October | November | Decern- ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March |

COMMODITY PRICES-Continued

| PURCHASING POWER OF THE DOLLAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| As measured by- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 85.5 | 85.5 | 85.3 | 85.4 | 85.2 | 84.6 | 84.5 | 84.7 | 84.9 | 84.7 | 84.4 | 84.2 | 84.1 |  |
|  | 84.2 | 84.1 | 83.8 | 83.6 | 83.2 | 82.8 | 82.6 | 82.6 | 82.6 | 82.2 | 82.2 | 81.8 | 181.6 | - |

## CONSTRUCTION AND REAL ESTATE



Engineering construction:
Contract awards (ENR) $\qquad$ _-mil. of dol.
Highway concrete pavement contract awards: ${ }^{7}$
 Airports.
Roads.--


## NEW DWELLING UNITS

(U. S. Department of Labor)

New permanent nonfarm dwelling units started:
Unadjusted:
Total, privately and publicly owned..-thousands.. Privately owned, totalIn metropolitan areas Publicty owned.
 do_.... asonally adjusted at annual rate:
 Residential construction authorized, all permit-issuing places:
. dwelling units, total. $\qquad$
Privately financed, total...... Units in 1 family structures Units in 2 family structures Units in multifamily structures Publicly financed, total.-..

* Revis'd. p Preliminary.

Indexes based on $1935-39=100$ are as follows: Measured by-wholesale prices, 44.0 (February); consumer prices, 48.8 (February)
2 Data include some contracts awarded in prior months but not reported.
gIneludes data not shown separately.
Data prior to December 1956 are available upon request.
$\dagger$ Revised scries, reflecting nationwide coverage and new techniques for compiling data on residential buildings.
§Data for May, August, and October 1957 and January 1958 are for 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks.
o'Data for May, July, October, and December 1957 are for 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks.
$\ddagger$ Revisions for 1954 appear in the October 1957 issue of the SURVEY.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Febru- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | March | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | November | December | $\underset{\text { ary }}{\text { Janu- }}$ | February | Maren |

## CONSTRUCTION AND REAL ESTATE-Continued

| CONSTRUCTION COST INDEXES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Department of Commerce composite....-1947-49 $=100 \ldots$ | 135 | 135 | 135 | 136 | 137 | 138 | 138 | 138 | 138 | 138 | 138 | 138 | 138 |  |
| Aberthaw (industrial building) - ---------1914=100.- |  |  |  |  | 455 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| American Appraisal Co., The: <br> A verage, 30 cities. $\qquad$ $1913=100$ | 653 | 654 | 655 | 659 | 664 | 668 | 668 | 670 | 672 | 672 | 672 | 673 | 673 |  |
|  | 705 | 710 | 712 | 712 | 712 | 712 | 712 | 713 | 728 | 730 | 729 | 729 | 732 |  |
|  | 703 | 704 | 704 | 704 | 705 | 705 | 705 | 705 | 711 | 712 | 711 | 730 | 730 |  |
|  | 610 | 610 | 610 | 610 | 609 | 610 | 624 | 625 | 625 | 624 | 622 | 621 | 620 |  |
|  | 643 | 644 | 644 | 644 | 656 | 660 | 660 | 660 | 661 | 665 | 664 | 667 | 687 |  |
| Associated General Contractors (all types).......do | 472 | 472 | 473 | 479 | 485 | 488 | 488 | 490 | 490 | 491 | 490 | 493 | 493 | 493 |
| E. H. Boeckh and Associates:§ Average, 20 cities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apartments, hotels, and office buildings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brick and concrete......U. S. avg. $1926-29=100$. | 283.1 | 283.5 | 284.3 | 286.3 | 288.3 | 290.5 | 290.6 | 291.0 | 290.6 | 290.7 | 291.1 | 291.5 | 291.4 |  |
|  | 278.5 | 278.8 | 279.1 | 280.7 | 282.7 | 284.7 | 284.8 | 285.0 | 284.5 | 284.3 | 284.4 | 284.4 | 284.2 |  |
| Brick and wood--.-.--- - | 278.3 | 278.4 | 278.9 | 280.3 | 281.7 | 283.1 | 283.2 | 283.2 | 28.3 | 282.1 | 282.3 | 282.4 | 281.5 |  |
| Brick and concrete........................do | 291.8 | 292.4 | 293.5 | 295.9 | 297.8 | 300.1 | 300.1 | 300.7 | 300.3 | 300.5 | 301.0 | 301.7 | 302.0 |  |
|  | 291.3 | 291.6 | 292.3 | 294.4 | 296.4 | 300.2 | 300.2 | 300.8 | 300.3 | 300.5 | 300.8 | 301.2 | 301.3 |  |
|  | 278.1 | 278.2 | 278.7 | 280.2 | 281.6 | 283.3 | 283.3 | 283.5 | 282.3 | 232.2 | 282.3 | 282.5 | 282.1 |  |
|  | 275.3 | 275.4 | 275.9 | 277.4 | 278.7 | 280.0 | 280.2 | 279.8 | 278.6 | 278.4 | 278.5 | 278.7 | 277.0 |  |
|  | 278.4 | 278.7 | 279.1 | 280.4 | 282.6 | 287.9 | 287.9 | 288.5 | 288.2 | 288.3 | 288.4 | 288.6 | 283.7 |  |
| Residences: Brick | 278.6 | 278.7 | 9.3 | 280.8 | 282.2 | 283.5 | 283.6 | 283.6 | 282.6 | 282.5 | 282.6 | 282.9 | 281.9 |  |
| Frame | 270.8 | 270.9 | 271.3 | 272.6 | 273.9 | 275.1 | 275.2 | 275.0 | 274.0 | 273.7 | 273.8 | 273.9 | 272.5 |  |
| Enginering News-Record: ${ }^{\prime}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 148.3 | 148.3 | 148.8 | 149.1 | 149.8 | 152.9 | 152.6 | 152.8 | 152.8 | 152.7 | 152.8 | 152.5 | 152.6 | 152.8 |
|  | 156.4 | 156.6 | 158.0 | 159.2 | 159.8 | 163.0 | 162.9 | 162.7 | 162.8 | 162.9 | 164.1 | 164.2 | 164.3 | 164.6 |
| Bu. of Public Roads-Highway construction: <br> Composite, standard mile $\qquad$ |  | 142.6 |  |  | 142.7 |  |  | 142.8 |  |  | 143.4 |  |  |  |
| CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Output of selected construction materials, index: Iron and steel products ----..............-1947-49=100 Lumber and wood products | ${ }_{106.1}^{13.7}$ | 148.9 | 151.2 124.8 | 155.8 131.2 | 163.4 124.6 | 139.7 113.8 | 151.9 129.7 | 139.7 120.5 | 148.6 130.3 | 126.7 108.0 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { + } 115.3 \\ \hline 95.9\end{array}$ | ${ }_{112 .} 11$ |  |  |
| Real estate |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Home mortgages insured or guaranteed by- <br> Fed Hous Adm. Face amount |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fed. Hous. Adm.: Face amount........thous. of dol... <br> Vet. Adm.: Face amount............................do.. | 159,145 430,560 |  | - ${ }_{349} 57,651$ | 154, 288 | 163,633 276,147 | 191,489 268,492 | 184,794 251,483 | 173, $\begin{array}{r}1781 \\ 1294,506\end{array}$ | 232,048 279 | ${ }_{213}^{231,192}$ | 248,540 | $\begin{aligned} & 306,392 \\ & 160.352 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 278,834 \\ & 141.697 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Federal Home Loan Banks, outstanding advances to member institutions. mil. of dol- | 976 | 961 | 971 | 993 | 1,079 | 1,040 | 1,072 | 1,119 | 1,131 | 1,143 | 1,265 | 906 |  |  |
| New mortgage loans of all savings and loan associations, estimated total.......................... of dol | 709 | 842 | 899 | 968 | 925 | 969 | 1,001 | 891 | 980 | 768 | 734 | 723 |  |  |
| By purpose of loan: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Home construction...-........................- do.- | 243 | 298 | 317 | 360 | 319 | 318 | 331 | 292 | 341 | 250 | 248 | 245 |  |  |
|  | 318 149 | 366 179 | ${ }_{191}^{391}$ | 412 | 415 190 | 462 190 | 470 200 | 423 | 443 | 358 | 324 | 308 |  |  |
|  | 149 | 179 | 191 | 197 | 190 | 190 | 200 | 176 | 196 | 160 | 162 | 171 |  |  |
| New nonfarm mortgages recorded ( $\$ 20,000$ and under), estimated total. mil. of dol | 1,749 | 1,937 | 2,044 | 2,144 | 2,028 | 2. 211 | 2.208 | 2,026 | 2,226 | 1,877 | 1,851 | 1,782 | 1,701 |  |
| Nonfarm foreclosures..............................-number-- | 2,473 | 2,921 | 2,983 | 2, 894 | 2,745 | 2,839 | 2,852 | 2, 979 | 3,018 | 2,852 | 2,877 |  |  |  |
|  | 95,569 | 104, 565 | 85,994 | 79,045 | 69,710 | 77,814 | 78,364 | 72, 264 | 77, 753 | 75,321 | 91, 519 | 99, 918 | 103,853 |  |

## DOMESTIC TRADE

| ADVERTISING <br> Printers' Ink advertising index, seas. adjusted: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 206 | 203 | 207 | 210 | 209 | 214 | 215 | 216 | 209 | 211 | 214 | 211 |  |  |
|  | 2213 | 203 | 207 | 207 | 217 | 218 | 206 | 217 | 210 | 208 | 211 | 206 |  |  |
| Magazines | 2153 2210 | 156 203 | 162 202 | 165 208 | 160 205 | 164 | 166 214 | 162 | 158 200 | 167 | 164 | 163 |  |  |
| Newspapers | ${ }_{2} 153$ | 156 | 164 | 164 | 170 | 180 | 170 | 156 | 150 | 172 | 155 | 151 |  |  |
| Radio (network) | 239 | 36 | 37 | 34 | 35 | 40 | 40 | 41 | 39 | 41 | 41 | 34 |  |  |
| Television (network) $\ddagger$.-............... $1950 \sim 52=100 .$. | 2361 | 373 | 373 | 382 | 384 | 406 | 405 | 398 | 422 | 412 | 426 | 426 |  |  |
| Tide advertising index, unadjusted...... 1947-49 = 100.. | 190.7 | 215.2 | 230.7 | 233.1 | 205.2 | 170.2 | 173.6 | 213.5 | 238.1 | 231.0 | 184.1 |  |  |  |
| Television advertising: <br> Cost of facilities, total thous. of dol | 39,385 | 43,653 | 41, 222 | 43,378 | 39,517 | 38,760 | 38,849 | 40,926 | 49,268 | 47,999 | 49,742 |  |  |  |
| Automotive, including accessories | 3,732 | 4,470 | 3,929 | 4,242 | 3, 864 | 3,71]. | 3. 774 | 4, 667 | 4,904 | 5,873 | 5,285 |  |  |  |
|  | 11, 182 | 11,984 | 11, 125 | 11, 810 | 11,585 | 11. 749 | 11, 683 | 11. 779 | 15, 184 | 13, 380 | 14,536 |  |  |  |
| Foods, soft drinks, confectionery.....-.-.---.-. ${ }^{\text {do. }}$ | 8, 891 | 9, 295 | 8,761 | 9,270 | 7,482 | 7,541 | 7,541 | 7, 862 | 9,331 | 9, 064 | 9,524 |  |  |  |
|  | 5,139 | 5,583 | 5,825 | 6, 309 | 5, 614 | 5,720 | 5,523 | 5,939 | 5.850 | 5, 635 | 5,771 |  |  |  |
|  | 3,321 | 3,789 | 3,810 | 3,901 | 3,771 | 3, 899 | 4, 366 | 4,065 | 5, 034 | 4, 805 | 4,732 |  |  |  |
|  | 7,121 | 8,532 | 7,772 | 7,845 | 7,201 | 6, 142 | 5,962 | 6,615 | 8,965 | 9,242 | 9,894 |  |  |  |
| Magazine advertising: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 54, 612 | 67, 898 | 81,439 | 73, 441 | 61, 899 | 42,969 | 45,501 | 68, 708 | 74, 298 | 77, 104 | 55, 270 | 38, 422 | 54, 409 |  |
|  | 3,445 <br> 4,509 | 4,904 | 6, 206 | 5, 544 | 31,235 5,967 | r 888 | 4,403 3,457 | 7.716 3.143 | 6,096 3,584 | 4. 924 9.227 | 3,770 8,440 | 2, 104 | 3,215 6,048 |  |
|  | 2,350 | 3,557 | 5,145 | 4,453 | 2,858 | 1,417 | 1.748 | 3,801 | 3,230 | 2,397 | 1, 280 | 1,138 | 2,272 |  |
|  | 5,536 | 6,002 | 7,028 | 6,332 | 6,629 | 5,836 | 5,560 | 7,064 | 8,401 | 7,968 | 5,350 | 4, 223 | 5,311 |  |
| Foods, soft drinks, confectionery-..........-. do | 7,879 | 8,883 | 9,058 | 7,681 | 7,488 | 6, 594 | 5, 410 | 7.354 | 8,282 | 7.994 | 6,633 | 4,972 | 7,818 |  |
|  | 2,305 | 3,117 | 3,696 | 3,054 | 3,080 | 2,623 | 2,318 | 3,320 | 4,057 | 4,555 | 5,839 | 1,798 | 2,517 |  |
| Household equipment and supplies .-...-....-do.... | 2,840 | 3,976 | 5,246 | 4,931 | 3,972 | 1,651 | 1,146 | 2,634 | 4,000 | 4,061 | 2,382 | 810 | 1,539 |  |
|  | 1,556 | 2,590 | 4,126 | 3,998 | 2,138 | 1,087 | 1, 412 | 3,070 | 4,456 | 3, 583 | 1,591 | 1,172 | 1,258 |  |
|  | 4,480 | 5,795 | 6, 147 | 6,258 | 5, 855 | 4, 118 | 4,319 | 5,921 | 5,708 | 6. 273 | 592 | 3. 082 | 4, 246 |  |
|  | 978 | 1,441 | 1,526 | 1,298 | 1,244 | 664 | 484 | 781 | I, 084 | + 719 | , 375 | 456 | 1,002 |  |
|  | 1,578 | 2,017 | 1,923 | 1,561 | 1,722 | 1,425 | 1,551 | 1.851 22,054 | 1,035 23,364 | 2, 051 | 2, 071 | 1. 276 | 1, 877 |  |
|  | 17, 156 | 20,008 | 24, 283 | 21,490 | 17,711 | 12,782 | 13,692 | 22,054 | 23.364 | 23, 353 | 16,948 | 13, 255 | 17,306 |  |
| Linage, total.................-.-.-.-.....thous. of lines... | 4,768 | 5,489 | 5,431 | 4,815 | 3,861 | 3,444 | 4,483 | 5,466 | 5,376 | 4,971 | 3,810 | 4,171 | 4,375 |  |

 papers, 214; magazines, 168 ; newspapers, 202; outdoor, 165 ; radio, 28 ; television, 370.
§Copyrighted data; see last paragraph of headnote, p. S-1.


| Uniess other wise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | November | December | January | February | March |

## DOMESTIC TRADE—Continued

| ADVERTISING-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Newspaper advertising: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 207,064 \\ 53,264 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 249,527 \\ 62,923 \end{gathered}$ | 245,384 59,081 | 265,599 64,494 | 240,631 61,194 | $\begin{array}{r} 204,045 \\ 56,490 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 216,437 \\ 58,103 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 241,294 \\ 58,999 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 259,037 \\ 57,457 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 249,980 \\ 52,316 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 239,625 \\ 46,007 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 197,123 \\ 49,376 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 188,297 \\ 45,896 \end{array}$ |  |
|  | 153, 800 | 186,603 | 186, 303 | 201. 105 | 179,436 | 147, 555 | 158, 334 | 182, 295 | 201, 580 | 197, 664 | 193,618 | 147, 747 | 142, 401 |  |
|  | 14,365 | 14, 615 | 16,683 | 18, 264 | 16, 615 | 14, 214 | 14, 522 | 13, 339 | 16, 188 | 19,476 | 10, 584 | 11,733 | 10, 499 |  |
|  | 3,215 | 3,824 | 4, 241 | 3,564 | 4, 078 | 4, 509 | 2, 754 | 3, 442 | 4, 233 | 3,723 | 4,004 | 5,643 | 3,205 |  |
|  | 30, 009 | 36, 150 | 34, 802 | 37, 609 | 33, 432 | 24, 217 | 24,611 | 33, 294 | 38, 492 | 32, 294 | 26, 448 | 23, 431 | 28, 355 |  |
|  | 106, 212 | 132, 015 | 130, 597 | 141, 668 | 125, 311 | 104, 614 | 116,448 | 132, 220 | 142,667 | 142, 171 | 152, 582 | 106, 941 | 100, 342 |  |
| PERSONAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Seasonally adjusted quarterly totals at annual rates: Goods and services, total bil. of dol |  | 276.7 |  |  | 278.9 |  |  | 283.6 |  |  | 282.4 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 35.9 |  |  | 35.0 |  |  | 35.0 |  |  | 34.4 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 16.3 |  |  | 15.5 |  |  | 15.3 |  |  | 15.3 |  |  |  |
| Furniture and household equipment.......do. |  | 14.9 |  |  | 14.9 |  |  | 14.9 |  |  | 14.4 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 137.3 |  |  | 139.1 |  |  | 142.5 |  |  | 140.8 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 21.9 |  |  | 22.0 |  |  | 23.1 |  |  | 22.3 |  |  |  |
| Food and alcoholic beverages.-............-do |  | 83.7 |  |  | 85.0 |  |  | 86.6 |  |  | 86.0 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 8.5 |  |  | 8.7 |  |  | 8.7 |  |  | 8.6 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 103.4 |  |  | 104.9 |  |  | 106.1 |  |  | 107.2 |  |  |  |
| Household operation-.-.-....-....-.---...- do |  | 16.0 |  |  | 16.2 |  |  | 16.4 |  |  | 16.7 |  |  |  |
| Housing |  | 33.9 |  |  | 34.3 |  |  | 34.7 |  |  | 35.2 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 7.8 |  |  | 7.9 |  |  | 7.9 |  |  | 7.9 |  |  |  |
| RETAIL TRADE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All retail stores: <br> Estimated sales (unadjusted), total.......mid. of dol.. | 14,058 | 15,788 | 16, 442 | 17, 205 | 17, 114 | 16, 864 | 17,490 | 16,373 | 16,949 | 17,133 | 19,853 | 15, 286 | r 13, 807 | 115,417 |
|  | 4,914 <br> 2948 <br> 18 | 5,546 3,317 | 5,765 <br> 3,391 | 6, 190 | 6,288 3,609 | 6, 058 | 5,995 $\mathbf{3}, 352$ 3,120 | 5,615 3,078 | 5,605 <br> 3,945 <br> 2.05 | 5,514 | 5,999 <br> $\mathbf{3}, 099$ | 4,810 2,810 | 4,290 2,471 |  |
| Automotive group ....................do | 2,948 | 3, 317 | 3,391 | 3,550 | 3,609 | 3, 418 | 3,352 | 3,078 | 2,945 | $\stackrel{2,977}{2}$ | 3, 009 | ${ }_{2}^{2,810}$ | 2,471 | ${ }^{12} 2,728$ |
| Motor-vehicle, other automotive dealers.do. Tire battery, accessory dealers........... do | 2,809 139 | 3,154 163 | $\begin{array}{r}3,208 \\ 183 \\ \hline 80\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}3,353 \\ \hline 197\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}3,399 \\ \hline 210\end{array}$ | 3, 2472 | $\begin{array}{r}3,126 \\ \hline 226\end{array}$ | 2, 8984 | $\begin{array}{r}2,753 \\ \hline 192\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}2,790 \\ \hline 188\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}2,780 \\ \hline 29\end{array}$ | 2,665 145 | $\begin{array}{r}2,338 \\ 132 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |
| Furniture and appliance group .-.......... do | 754 | 806 | 809 | 873 | 916 | 863 | 912 | 853 | 919 | 962 | 1,144 | 777 496 |  | ${ }^{1} 782$ |
| Furniture, homefurnishings stores........do Houschold-appliance, radio stores-.-......do | 477 277 | 517 <br> 289 | 509 300 | 550 323 | 550 366 | 523 340 | 577 334 | 533 319 | 576 342 | 614 348 | 696 447 | 496 <br> 282 | $\stackrel{461}{269}$ |  |
| Lumber, building, hardware group....-...do | 629 | 758 | 856 | 993 | 979 | 1,008 | 1,032 | 977 | 1,035 | 903 | 858 | 683 | 591 |  |
| Lumber, building-materials dealers....-. do Hardware stores | 455 174 | 551 208 | 634 221 | 740 253 | 731 248 | $\begin{array}{r}770 \\ 238 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}798 \\ \hline 234\end{array}$ | 752 225 | $\begin{array}{r}795 \\ \hline 240\end{array}$ | 674 229 | 575 283 | 511 172 | 437 154 |  |
| Nondurable-goods stores9 ------------------d. | 9, 144 | 10,243 | 10,678 | 11,015 | 10,826 | 10,806 | 11, 495 | 10,757 | 11,345 | 11,619 | 13,854 | 10,476 | 9,517 |  |
|  | 694 | 832 | 1,131 | 998 | 994 | 855 | 967 | 1,010 | 1,083 | 1,140 | 1,790 | 854 | ${ }^{1} 698$ | ${ }^{1} 955$ |
| Men's and boys' wear stores .-...-----.- do | 147 | 154 | 200 | 192 | 218 | 175 | 177 | 183 | 216 | 235 | 409 | 183 | 144 |  |
| Women's apparel, accessory stores....... do | 283 | 347 | 463 | 422 | 381 | 338 | 390 | 398 | 434 | 448 | 701 | 341 | 278 |  |
| Family and other apparel stores........... do. <br> Shoe stores $\qquad$ do | 146 | 181 150 | 248 220 | ${ }_{177}^{207}$ | 218 185 | 187 | 222 178 | 239 | 258 175 | 281 175 | 445 234 | 186 144 | 1158 |  |
| Drug and proprietary stores.................do. | 467 | 500 | 502 | 520 | 511 | 513 | 528 | 515 | 559 | 532 | 690 | 538 | +507 | 1524 |
| Eating and drinking places..-.-.-..........d. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 1,055 | 1,140 | 1,153 | 1,253 | 1,289 | 1,384 | 1,420 | 1,291 | 1,263 | 1,205 | 1,247 | 1,133 | r 1,027 | ${ }^{1} 1,144$ |
| Food group | 3,480 | 3, 915 | 3,770 | 4,043 | 3,977 | 4, 029 | 4,353 | 3, 937 | 4, 102 | 4,233 | 4, 258 | 4,126 | - 3, 801 | ${ }^{1} 4,145$ |
| Grocery stores | 3,086 | 3,499 | 3,345 | 3,613 | 3, 531 | 3,573 | 3,876 | 3,482 | 3,647 | 3,769 | 3,742 | 3,662 | r 3,366 | 1 3,657 |
| Gasoline service stations...-.................do. | 1,067 | 1,181 | 1,216 | 1,293 | 1,321 | 1,383 | 1,374 | 1,262 | 1,287 | 1,262 | 1,286 | 1,209 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 1,122$ | ${ }^{1} 1,208$ |
| General-merchandise group 9 --....--..-do | 1,276 | 1,493 | 1,705 | 1,723 | 1,680 | 1,540 | 1,774 | 1,696 | 1,838 | 2,008 | 3,095 | 1,376 | ${ }^{+1,201}$ | 1,519 |
| Department stores, excl. mail-order ${ }^{\text {chen }}$--.-do.- Mail-order (catalog sales) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 780 | 694 | ${ }^{1} 877$ |
| Mail-order (catalog sales) .-.-...........- do . | $\stackrel{94}{ } 213$ | 100 | 110 | 121 | 105 | 104 | 125 | 117 | 138 | 159 310 | 609 | 105 | ${ }^{97}$ |  |
|  | 288 | 325 | 309 | 335 | 330 | 346 | 370 | 335 | 350 | 379 | 545 | 316 | 296 |  |
| Estimated sales (seasonally adjusted), total..-.do. | 16,356 | 16,298 | 16,437 | 16,644 | 16,783 | 17,034 | 17,030 | 16,919 | 16,714 | 16,562 | 16,855 | 16,718 | r 16, 115 | $\begin{array}{r} 15,928 \\ 14,932 \end{array}$ |
|  | 5,747 | 5,685 | 5,631 | 5,776 | 5,806 | 5, 839 | 5. 740 | 5,722 | 5,612 | 5, 600 | 5,588 | 5,538 | 5, 055 |  |
| Automotive group--..................... | 3,264 | 3,165 | 3, 194 | 3. 265 | 3,246 | 3,304 | 3, 245 | 3, 190 | 3, 180 | 3,159 | 3, 087 | 3,094 | 2, 741 |  |
| Motor-vehicle, other automotive dealers_do- Tire, battery, | $\begin{array}{r}3,081 \\ 183 \\ \hline 89\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}2,976 \\ \hline 189\end{array}$ | 3,012 | 3,075 190 | $\begin{array}{r}3,051 \\ \hline 196\end{array}$ | 3,085 218 | $\begin{array}{r}3,037 \\ \hline 208 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}2,995 \\ \hline 194\end{array}$ | 3,002 178 | $\begin{array}{r}2,975 \\ \hline 184\end{array}$ | 2, 8189 | $\begin{array}{r}2,906 \\ \hline 188\end{array}$ | 2,565 |  |
| Furniture and appliance group.-...........do. | 899 | 905 | 880 | 862 | 919 | 877 | 897 | 902 | 838 | 870 | 895 | 869 | 852 |  |
| Furniture, homefurnishings stores........do. | 578 | 578 | 545 | 520 | 551 | 536 | 564 | 574 | 520 | 546 | 561 | 561 | 546 |  |
| Household -appliance, radio stores.....-. do.. | 321 | 327 | 336 | 342 | 367 | 341 | 334 | 327 | 318 | 324 | 334 | 308 | 306 |  |
| Lumber, building, hardware group........do.... | 866 | 876 | 849 | 905 | 901 | 914 | 915 | 918 | 905 | 874 | 877 | 887 | 830 |  |
|  | 622 245 | 630 246 | 624 224 | ${ }_{231}^{674}$ | 656 244 | 689 225 | 687 299 | $\stackrel{691}{29}$ | 691 | 664 | ${ }_{216}^{661}$ | ${ }_{262}^{662}$ | ${ }_{213}$ |  |
|  | 245 | 246 | 224 | 231 | 244 | 225 | 229 | 227 | 215 | 211 | 216 | 226 | 217 |  |
|  | 10,608 | 10,614 | 10,806 | 10,867 | 10,977 | 11, 195 | 11, 290 | 11, 197 | 11, 102 | 10,956 | 11, 266 | 11, 180 | - 11, 059 | ${ }^{1} 10,996$ |
| Apparel group--.---.-.-........-.....-- do | 992 | 956 | 1,020 | 990 | 995 | 1,038 | 1,092 | 1,050 | 1,029 | 1,007 | 1,087 | 1, 059 | 1,004 |  |
| Men's and boys' wear stores--.---....-- do | $\begin{array}{r}210 \\ 383 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 192 | 200 | 198 | 204 | 218 | 220 | 215 | 216 | 192 | 214 | 214 | 208 |  |
| Women's apparel, accessory stores......-do.... Family | ${ }_{222}^{383}$ | 384 <br> 212 <br> 1 | ${ }_{235}^{405}$ | 403 <br> 224 | $\begin{array}{r}398 \\ 225 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 412 231 | 443 <br> 241 <br> 1 | 430 232 | 415 228 | 407 237 23 | 432 260 | 412 <br> 248 | ${ }_{23} 38$ |  |
| Family and other apparel stores.-...-...- do....- | 222 | 2168 | ${ }_{181}^{235}$ | 165 | 168 | 231 176 | 188 | 173 | 170 | 170 | 180 | 186 | 178 |  |
| Drug and proprietary stores.......-.-.-.-. ${ }^{\text {do. }}$ | 492 | 511 | 519 | 526 | 518 | 524 | 534 | 543 | 571 | 551 | 546 | 539 | 540 |  |
| Eating and drinking places..--.-.........-do....- | 1,219 | 1,216 | 1,218 | 1,242 | 1,245 | 1,257 | 1,278 | 1,235 | 1,215 | 1,233 | 1,235 | 1,236 | 1,186 |  |
|  | 3, 821 | 3, 817 | 3, 925 | 3,931 | 3,986 | 4, 027 | 4, 057 | 4,112 | 4, 109 | 4,028 | 4,135 | 4,116 | 4,193 |  |
|  | 3, 385 | 3,397 | 3,490 | 3,512 | 3,542 | 3, 566 | 3, 598 | 3, 643 | 3,651 | 3,586 | 3, 671 | 3,635 | 3, 710 |  |
| Gasoline service stations..--..-.---....---do.... | 1,220 | 1,246 | 1,259 | 1,269 | 1, 264 | 1,281 | 1, 272 | 1,255 | 1,250 | 1,254 | 1,260 | 1,290 | 1,282 |  |
| General-merchandise group 9 --...-......-do... | 1,718 | 1,741 | 1, 717 | 1,759 | 1,771 | 1,861 | 1,861 | 1,803 | 1,706 | 1,704 | 1,801 | 1,772 | 1,640 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 998 | 931 |  |
| Mail-order (catalog sales) | 114 | 114 | 119 | 130 | 121 | 132 | 130 | 121 | 124 | 119 | 130 | 129 | 121 |  |
|  | 340 | 286 344 | 343 | ${ }_{353}^{295}$ | ${ }_{356}^{292}$ | ${ }_{362}$ | 354 | 364 | 352 | 342 | 361 | 316 350 | 354 |  |

$r$ Revised. ${ }^{1}$ Advance estimate. ${ }^{\circ}$ Includes data not shown separately. $\sigma^{7}$ Data beginning January 1958 are on a revised basis, reflecting reclassification of certain stores to department stores; comparable data prior to 1958 are not avaidable.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | November | December | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Febru- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | March |

DOMESTIC TRADE-Continued

| RETAIL TRADE-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All retail stores-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Estimated inventories: Unadjusted, total....................mil. of dol.. | 23, 650 | 24,340 | 24,510 | 24, 440 | 23, 840 | 23, 660 | 24,040 | 24, 270 | 24,500 | 25. 280 | 23, 430 | r 23, 360 | 23, 980 |  |
| Durable-goods stores.....---..................-do... | 10,800 | 11,040 | 11, 220 | 11, 170 | 10,970 | 10, 880 | 10,970 | 10.690 | 10,380 | 11.060 | 10,880 | ז 11,010 | 11, 220 |  |
|  | 12,840 | 13,300 | 13.290 | 13, 270 | 12,870 | 12, 780 | 13,070 | 13,580 | 14, 120 | 14. 220 | 12, 550 | + 12, 350 | 12, 760 |  |
| Seasonally adjusted, total.....................do | 23,910 | 23,700 | 23,670 | 23,950 | 24,090 | 24.140 | 24,250 | 24,360 | 24, 220 | 24.330 | 24.470 | +24,460 | 24, 290 |  |
| Durable-goods stores $¢$ | 10,850 | 10,679 | 10, 590 | 10, 740 | 10,800 | 10,850 | 11, 040 | 11, 120 | 10, 950 | 11, 220 | 11, 420 | r 11,340 | 11, 220 |  |
| Automotive group | 4,380 | 4,350 | 4,290 | 4, 420 | 4,460 | 4, 440 | 4, 620 | 4. 690 | 4, 460 | 4.590 | 4,760 | r 4,820 | 4,790 |  |
| Furniture and appliance group .-...-.-. . do | 1,980 | 1,930 | 1,920 | 1,950 | ${ }^{1,970}$ | 1,960 | 1,990 | 1,950 | 1. 950 | 1,990 | 1,990 | -1,950 | 1,930 |  |
| Lumber, building, hardware group......do. | 2, 130 | 2,080 | 2,090 | 2,100 | 2, 100 | 2,130 | 2,090 | 2.100 | 2, 100 | 2.170 | 2.210 | 2, 210 | 2,160 |  |
| Nondurable-goods stores? | 13,060 | 13.030 | 13,080 | 13,210 | 13, 290 | 13, 290 | 13,210 | 13, 240 | 13, 270 | 13.110 | 13, 050 | -13,120 | 13,070 |  |
|  | 2,750 | 2, 680 | 2,720 | 2, 730 | 2, 710 | 2, 730 | 2. 650 | 2. 690 | 2,700 | ${ }^{2} .640$ | 2,739 | ${ }^{+2,820}$ | 2,780 |  |
|  | 2,740 4,030 | 2,700 4,060 | 2,730 4,030 | 2,790 4,060 | 2,810 4,140 | 2,830 4,140 | 2,880 4,100 | 2, 860 4,090 | 2,840 4,180 | 2,830 4.150 | 2,780 4,160 | r 2,840 $r 4,090$ | 2,850 4,060 |  |
| Firms with 4 or more stores: <br> Estimated sales (unadjusted), total............... do | (1) | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 4,066 | 4. 202 | 4,125 | 3.854 | 4. 284 | 3,942 | 4. 236 | 4. 432 | 5,508 | 3.763 | 3,353 |  |
| Firms with 11 or more stores: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Estimated sales (unadjusted), total $\%$ § ..........do. | r 2, 809 | r 3,288 | r 3,423 | ${ }^{+} 3,562$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 3,465$ | 「3,276 | ${ }^{\text {r 3,670 }}$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 3,345$ | ${ }^{7} 3,604$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 3.806$ | -4,722 | 「 3, 210 | 2,864 |  |
|  | 144 | 194 | 281 | 222 | 227 | 182 | 207 | 222 | 232 | 244 | 386 | 165 | 136 | -........ |
| Men's and boys' wear stores $\qquad$ do. | 61 | 83 | ${ }_{114}^{21}$ | 19 97 | $\stackrel{20}{92}$ | 16 80 | ${ }_{94}^{15}$ | ${ }_{90}^{16}$ | $\stackrel{21}{96}$ | 103 | 40 167 | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \\ & 66 \end{aligned}$ | 11 |  |
|  | 43 | 57 | 92 | 67 | 74 | 57 | 63 | 71 | 64 | 66 | 101 | 52 | 43 |  |
| Drug and proprietary stores.................do. | 73 | 80 | 80 | 83 | 84 | 83 | 85 | 82 | 87 | 87 | 133 | 83 | 78 |  |
| Eating and drinking places-.-..-...........do.... | 63 33 | 70 36 | 69 38 | 73 38 | 76 <br> 35 | 78 32 | $\begin{aligned} & 80 \\ & 37 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 75 \\ & 36 \end{aligned}$ | 74 41 | 71 42 | 74 44 | $\begin{aligned} & 67 \\ & 34 \end{aligned}$ | 62 34 |  |
| General-merchandise group ${ }_{\text {¢ }}$.-.-.-.-........-do | 765 | 922 | 1,064 | 1,081 | 1,060 | 953 | 1,109 | 1,054 | 1,136 | 1,239 | 1,903 | 830 | 716 |  |
| Department stores, excl. mail-order $\oplus$.....-d do | 449 | 563 | 640 | ${ }_{268}^{668}$ | 654 | 568 | 654 | 640 | 679 | 729 | 1,054 | 488 | 412 |  |
|  | 161 | 183 | 223 | 204 | 206 | 196 | 220 | 202 | 215 | 238 | 467 | 167 | 151 |  |
|  | 1,295 | 1,493 | 1,367 | 1,512 | 1,427 | 1,398 | 1,590 | 1,356 | 1,478 | 1. 579 | 1,518 | 1,568 | 1,401 |  |
| Lumber, building-materials dealers.-.-.......do Tire, battery, | 45 48 | 50 57 | 58 66 | 68 74 | 67 78 | 69 80 | 73 73 | 69 62 | 70 68 | 58 67 | ${ }_{93}^{50}$ | 47 54 | $\stackrel{42}{50}$ |  |
| Tire, battery, accessory stores..--...--......-do. | 48 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 50 |  |
| Estimated sales (seas. adj.), total ¢ §.-..........do. | ${ }^{\text {r 3,373 }}$ | ${ }^{-3,427}$ | ${ }^{+} 3,437$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 3,503$ | ${ }^{+} 3,517$ | -3.591 | r 3,641 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 3,567$ | r 3,466 | -3,463 | ${ }^{+3,619}$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 3,557$ | 3,397 |  |
|  | 215 | 215 | 228 | 218 | 222 | 229 | 244 | 229 | 219 | 220 | 239 | 228 | 211 |  |
| Men's and boys' wear stores | 17 92 | 17 92 | 18 98 | 19 92 | 19 93 | ${ }_{95}^{23}$ | 23 103 | $\stackrel{21}{97}$ | 20 92 | 19 93 | ${ }^{21}$ | $\stackrel{20}{95}$ | 88 |  |
|  | 65 | 63 | 68 | 64 | 65 | 64 | 68 | 66 | 64 | 67 | 71 | 74 | 68 |  |
| Dres and proprietary stores......-..........-do. | 81 | 84 | 84 | 84 | 86 | 84 | 87 | 87 | 87 | 90 | 91 | 88 | 88 |  |
| Eating and drinking places.-.-.-.-.-.-...-.-. do - | 72 | 72 | 70 | 72 | 74 | 74 | 76 | 72 | 71 | 73 | 72 | 72 | 72 |  |
| Furniture, homefurnishings stores..-.-.....-.do. | 40 | 37 | 40 | 34 | 37 | 35 | 36 | 38 | 37 | 35 | 37 | 39 | 39 |  |
| General-merchandise group 9 .-.............do. | 1,046 | 1,099 | 1,066 | 1,116 | 1,125 | 1, 172 | 1,168 | 1,132 | 1,051 | 1,043 | 1,099 | 1,077 | 953 |  |
| Department stores, excl. mail-order $\oplus$......-do | ${ }^{616}$ | 662 | ${ }_{9}^{632}$ | 666 | 692 | 710 | 699 | 685 | ${ }_{6}^{616}$ | 612 | 645 | 622 | 542 |  |
| Variety stores...----.................-...- do | ${ }_{1}^{221}$ | 1 222 |  |  | 1218 |  | ${ }^{230}$ | 225 | 218 | 216 | 228 | 229 | 207 |  |
|  | 1,405 | 1,399 | 1, 420 | 1,440 | 1,432 | 1,453 | 1,492 | 1,472 | 1,472 | 1,471 | 1,500 | 1,522 | 1,52! |  |
| Lumber, building-materials dealers..---.....do | 59 | 59 | 58 | 63 | 62 | 62 | 61 | 62 | 59 |  | 61 | 60 | 57 |  |
| Tire, battery, accessory stores...-....-.......d. do | 64 | 66 | 67 | 69 | 70 | 72 | 68 | 68 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 69 | 67 |  |
| Department stores: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accounts receivable, end of month: $0^{\text {x }}$ <br> Charge accounts | 159 | 147 | 153 | 154 | 150 | 138 | 139 | 152 | 159 | 171 | 227 | 188 | 156 |  |
|  | 349 | 344 | 342 | 341 | 337 | 328 | 330 | 331 | 336 | 346 | 385 | 381 | 367 |  |
| Ratio of collections to accounts receivable: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 44 | 48 | 45 | 46 | 46 | 45 | 47 | 46 | 48 | 48 | 47 | 46 | 44 |  |
|  | 14 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 14 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 14 | 14 |  |
| Sales by type of payment: Cash sales | 44 | 44 | 44 | 44 | 45 | 44 | 45 | 43 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 44 | 44 |  |
|  | 43 | 43 | 43 | 43 | 42 | 42 | 42 | 44 | 44 | 43 | 43 | 42 | 42 |  |
|  | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 14 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 12 | 14 | 14 |  |
|  | 104 | 114 | 131 | 132 | 131 | 111 | 127 | 139 | 134 | 162 | 241 | $\checkmark 100$ | r 95 | ${ }^{\text {P }} 115$ |
|  | ¢ 132 | 151 | 165 | 165 | 133 | 145 | 161 | 165 | 167 | 193 | 301 | 122 | p 121 |  |
|  | 97 | 99 | 121 | 123 | 122 | 90 | 102 | 122 | 117 | 144 | 232 | -91 | ${ }^{8} 84$ |  |
| Chicago-------------------------------- do-- | 101 | 109 | 124 | 126 |  | 104 |  | 136 |  | 153 | ${ }_{233}^{221}$ |  |  |  |
|  | 101 +125 | 105 | 126 <br> 148 | 122 | ${ }_{153}^{120}$ | 107 | 123 | 134 <br> 157 | 125 | 159 183 | ${ }_{270}^{233}$ | $\begin{array}{r}97 \\ 123 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }^{\square} \mathrm{\square} 90$ |  |
|  | -105 | 118 | 134 | 139 | 137 | 128 | 141 | 149 | 142 | 161 | 246 | 103 | -99 |  |
|  | 96 | 103 | 124 | 127 | 116 | 104 | 130 | 139 | 138 | 145 | 220 | 92 | $p 90$ | …--- |
| New York- | 98 | 115 | 116 | 120 | 121 | 92 | 104 | 126 | 126 | 158 | 223 | 100 95 | ${ }^{p} 91$ |  |
|  | 98 | 115 | 129 | 131 | 130 | ${ }^{96}$ | 110 | 1134 | 132 | 171 | ${ }_{272}^{236}$ | 95 | ${ }^{2} 86$ |  |
|  | 107 | 126 | 149 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 178 163 1 |  |  | $p 96$ $p 96$ |  |
|  | 105 | 117 | 134 133 | 138 | 129 | 112 | 132 139 | 143 | 138 135 | 163 162 | 247 | 100 105 | $p 96$ $p 103$ |  |
| Sales, seasonally adjusted, total U. St.........do.... | 136 | 137 | 131 | 135 | 138 | 138 | 144 | 136 | 129 | 133 | 138 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 130$ | +124 | ${ }^{p} 130$ |
|  | ${ }^{+} 161$ | 164 | 162 | 172 | 175 | 175 | 179 | 172 | 159 | 166 | 174 | r 157 | ${ }^{\text {D }} 147$ |  |
|  | 129 | 122 | 117 | 123 | 122 | 125 | 130 | 114 | 116 | 118 | 128 | 116 | ${ }^{2} 111$ |  |
|  | 129 | 131 | 125 | 128 | 129 | 131 | 139 | 130 | 121 | 125 | 130 | 121 | p 115 |  |
|  | 131 | 130 | 122 | 126 | 128 | 132 | 139 | 134 | 121 | 129 | 133 | 125 | ${ }^{p} 117$ |  |
|  | -160 | 161 | 151 | 158 | 168 | 170 | 170 | 163 | 152 | 161 | 156 | 156 | ${ }^{p} 143$ |  |
|  | 145 | 144 | 137 | 141 | 142 | 145 | 147 | 147 | 136 | 139 | 142 | 138 | p 135 |  |
|  | 129 | 131 | 123 | 126 | 126 | 130 | 138 | 130 | 119 | 125 | 132 | 126 | ${ }^{\text {P }} 121$ |  |
|  | 124 | 124 | 118 | 124 | 125 | 126 | 135 | 122 | 119 | 124 | 128 | 125 | P 115 |  |
|  | 129 | 133 | 1130 | 133 | 139 | 131 | 138 | 128 | 129 | 128 | 133 | 126 | p 113 |  |
| Rit Louis | 149 | 152 139 | 148 | 148 | 152 139 | 147 139 | 158 | 144 145 | 141 | 142 135 13 | 148 141 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 146 \\ 132 \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ | ${ }^{p} 134$ |  |
|  | 137 | 139 146 | 137 | ${ }_{141}^{137}$ | 148 | 139 | 144 | 141 | 124 | ${ }_{139}^{135}$ | 149 | 132 | ${ }^{p} 125$ |  |

r Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Comparable data for the period prior to April 1957 are not available. ofncludes data not shown separately.
§Revised beginning January 1956 to include minor data not covered in earlier figures. Revisions for January-December 1956 and January 1957, respectively (mil. dol.): Unadjusted2,$656 ; 2,680 ; 3,349 ; 2,974 ; 3,288 ; 3,445 ; 3,005 ; 3,221 ; 3,293 ; 3,412 ; 3,679 ; 4,652 ; 2,928 ;$ seasonally adjusted-3,172; 3,148; 3,221; 3,229; 3,305; 3,342; 3,383; 3,401; 3,395; 3,$306 ; 3,415 ; 3,436 ; 3,383 ;$ $\oplus$ Revised beginning January 1956 to reflect
(January-May 1956) are available upon request.
$\boldsymbol{o}^{\prime}$ Revisions for 1956 appear in corresponding note in the March 1958 Survey. †Revised series. See corresponding note on p. S-11.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of bUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Febru- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem. ber | October | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novem. } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \begin{array}{c} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{array} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Febru-u- } \\ \text { ary- } \end{gathered}$ | March |

## DOMESTIC TRADE-Continued

| RETALL TRADE-Continued <br> Department stores-Continued Stocks, total U. S., end of month: $\dagger$ Tnadjusted. <br> Scasonally adjusted | 142149 | 155150 | 159152 | 155152 | 146 <br> 153 | 144 | 150153 | 160154 | 172 | 174 | 135150 | 1132 | ${ }^{p} 18146$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mail-order and store sales: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 223, 750 | 269,815 | 307, 394 | 338,262 | 335, 812 | 308, 538 | 344, 491 | 314, 876 | 329, 811 | 344,687 | 441, 531 | 236, 560 | 208, 771 | 77, 768 264,740 |
| WHOLESALE TRADE $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales, estimated (unadj.), total....-.......-- bil. of dol.- | 10.4 | 11.1 | 11.3 | 11.6 | 11.0 | 11.4 | 11.7 | 11.2 | 12.3 | 11.1 | 10.7 | 10.4 | 9.5 |  |
|  | 4.0 | 4.3 | 4. 3 | 4.4 | 4. 2 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.5 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 3.2 |  |
| Nondurable-goods establishments..............do...- | 6.4 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 7.2 | 6.7 | 7.1 | 7.4 | 7.0 | 7.8 | 7.1 | 7.0 | 6.9 | 6.3 |  |
| Intentories, estimated (unadj.), total..........-do...- | 12.8 | 13.0 | 12.8 | 12.6 | 12.5 | 12.5 | 12.7 | 12.8 | 12.9 | 13.0 | 12.5 | 12.5 | 12.4 |  |
| Durable-goods establishments.-.-.........-.-. do.... | 6. 5 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 6.6 | 6.6 | 6.7 | 6. 6 | 6. 6 | 6.4 | 6. 4 | 6.4 |  |
| Nondurable-goods establishments ------------do..-- | 6.3 | 6.2 | 6.1 | 5.9 | 5.8 | 5.9 | 6.1 | 6.1 | 6.3 | 6.4 | 6.1 | 6.1 | 6.0 |  |

## EMPLOYMENT AND POPULATION

| Population |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Population, continental United States: <br> Total, incl. Armed Forces overseas.......thousands.. | 170,045 | 170, 270 | 170, 510 | 170, 737 | 170, 981 | 171, 229 | 171,510 | 171, 790 | 172, 069 | 172, 327 | 172,554 | 172, 790 | 173, 011 | 173, 210 |
| EMPLOYMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Noninstitutional population, estimated number 14 years of age and over, total...............thousands. | 119, 745 | 119, 899 | 120, 057 | 120, 199 | 120, 383 | 120, 579 | 120, 713 | 120, 842 | 120, 983 | 121, 109 | 121,221 | 121,325 | 121, 432 | 121, 555 |
| Total labor force, including | 69, 128 | 69,562 | 69,771 | 70,714 | 72, 661 | 73, 051 | 71,833 | 71, 044 | 71, 299 | 70,790 | 70, 458 | 69,379 | 69,804 | 70, 158 |
| Civilian labor force, total....-.................do | 66, 311 | 66, 746 | 66,951 | 67, 893 | 69,842 | 70,228 | (68, 994 | 68, 225 | 68,513 | 68,061 | 67, 770 | 66,732 | 67, 160 | 67, 510 |
|  | 63, 190 | 63, 865 | 64, 261 | 65, 178 | 66. 504 | 67, 221 | 66, 385 | 65, 674 | 66,005 | 64, 873 | 64, 396 | 62, 238 | 61, 988 | 62,311 |
| Agricultural employment | 5, 195 | 5,434 | 5,755 | 6,659 | 7. 534 | 7,772 | 6, 823 | 6,518 | 6,837 | 5, 817 | 5,385 | 4,998 | 4, 830 | 5, 072 |
| Nonarricultural employmen | 57,996 | 58,431 | 58,506 | 58, 519 | 58.970 | 59,449 | 59,562 | 59,156 | 59,168 | 89,057 | 59,012 | 57. 240 | 57, 158 | 57, 239 |
| Unemployed $\oplus$-....-........ | 3,121 | 2,882 | 2,690 | 2,715 | 3,337 | 3. 007 | 2, 609 | 2, 552 | $\xrightarrow{2}$ | 3.188 | 3,374 | 4,494 | 5, 173 | 5,198 |
| Not in labor force $\oplus$-----------................ ${ }^{\text {d }}$ d | 50,617 | 50,337 | 50, 286 | 49,485 | 47, 722 | 47, 528 | 48,880 | 49,797 | 49,684 | 50,318 | 50, 763 | 51,947 | 51.627 | 51, 397 |
| Employes in nonagricultural establishments: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, unadjusted (U. S. Dept. of Labor) ...... do | 51, 704 | 51,919 | 52, 270 | 52,482 | 52,881 | 52, 605 | 52, 891 | 53,152 | 53,043 | 52, 789 | 53,084 | r 50,937 | -50,202 | p 50,170 |
| Manufacturing | 16,945 | 16,933 | 16,822 | 16,762 | 16,852 | 16, 710 | 16,955 | 16,905 | 16,783 | 16. 573 | 16, 316 | +15, 877 | ${ }^{\text {r 15, }} 598$ | ${ }^{p} 15,407$ |
| Jurable-goods industr | 9,992 | 9,976 | 9,927 | 9,895 | 9,913 | 9.756 | 9, 802 | 9,710 | 9,687 | 9,584 | 9.405 | r9,111 | r 8, 870 | $\square 8,731$ |
| Nondurable-goods industri | 6,953 | 6,957 | 6,895 | 6,867 | 6, 939 | 6. 954 | 7,153 | 7,195 | 7,096 | 6. 989 | 6. 911 | -6,766 | -6,728 | ${ }^{p} 6$ 6, 676 |
|  | 833 | 831 | 833 | 835 | 858 | 857 | 862 | 853 | 83 ? | 829 | 825 | - 803 | 782 | 769 |
| Metal | 110 | 110 | 111 | 112 | 112 | 113 | 112 | 110 | 100 | 105 | 103 | r 100 | r 96 | ${ }^{p} 95$ |
| Anthracite. | 31 | 30 | 29 | 27 | 31 | 31 | 27 | 28 | 27 | 24 | 26 | 23 |  |  |
| Jituminous coal .do_... | 243 | 240 | 239 | 239 | 242 | 231 | 238 | 237 | 237 | 236 | 234 | 230 | ז 22 | $p 21$ |
| thousand | 339 | 339 | 340 | 340 | 355 | 302 | 363 | 356 | 347 | 346 | 345 | 341 |  |  |
| Ňonmetallic mining and quarrying........do | 110 | 112 | 115 | 118 | 119 | 119 | 121 | 121 | 120 | 119 | 116 | 111 | $\bigcirc 107$ | 108 |
| Contract construction | 2,673 | 2,756 | 2,906 | 3, 082 | 3, 232 | 3, 275 | 3,305 | 3,285 | 3,224 | 3.059 | 2.850 | + 2,606 | ' 2,365 | - 2, 504 |
| Transportation and public utilities $\bigcirc$ | 4,120 | 4, 147 | 4, 153 | 4,156 | 4, 181 | 4,199 | 4,215 | 4, 206 | 4,159 | 4.123 | 4.100 | 3,995 | r 3,951 | ${ }^{\text {p }} 3,934$ |
| Interstate railroads | 1,133 | 1,132 | 1,136 | 1,137 | 1, 145 | 1,140 | 1,149 | 1,137 | 1,115 | 1. 082 | 1,064 | 1,019 |  |  |
| Local railways and hus line | 109 819 | 109 820 | 108 | 108 | ${ }^{108}$ | 1188 | 108 | 108 | 107 | 105 | 106 | 106 |  |  |
| Trucking and warehousing | 819 | 820 | 821 | 821 | 829 | 833 | 838 | 854 | 855 | 855 | 847 | 813 |  |  |
| Telephone. | 761 | 764 | 766 | 767 | 770 | 782 | 782 | 772 | 767 | 767 | 765 | 760 |  |  |
| Telegraph. Gas and ele | 42 570 | 42 571 | 42 573 | 42 573 | 42 582 | 42 590 | 42 590 | 41 584 | 41 | 40 | 40 | 40 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wholesale and retail trade....---.-.-.-.--...-do | 11, 225 | 11,265 | 11, 428 | 11. 411 | 11, 505 | 11,493 | 11.499 | 11,620 | 11,664 | 11,840 | 12.365 | ${ }^{\text {r 11, }} 432$ | 11,245 | 11,229 |
| Wholesale trad | 3, 114 | 3,117 | 3, 114 | 3,113 | 3, 140 | 3,166 | 3,179 | 3, 180 | 3, 200 | 3, 210 | 3,214 | - 3, 162 | ${ }^{\text {r 3, }} 131$ | p 3, 126 |
| Retail trade P - | 8,111 | 8,148 | 8,314 | 8,298 | 8,365 | 8,327 | 8,320 | 8,440 | 8,464 | 8.630 | 9.151 | - 8, 270 | + 8, 114 | - 8, 103 |
| General-merchandi | 1,333 | 1. 343 | 1,402 | 1,382 | 1,380 | 1,347 | 1,352 | 1,419 | 1, 447 | 1,556 | 1,905 | + 1,361 | r 1,294 | ${ }^{\text {p 1, }} 1297$ |
| Food and liquor stores | 1,587 | 1,591 | 1,603 | 1,601 | 1,607 | 1,606 | 1,600 | 1,614 | 1,622 | 1.650 | 1,664 | ${ }^{+} 1,637$ | r r 1,640 | ${ }_{p} 1,629$ |
| Automotive and accessor | 793 | ${ }_{7} 96$ | 796 | 798 | 804 | 807 | 805 | 801 | 802 | 810 | 822 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 792$ | -778 | ${ }_{p} 768$ |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate..........do | 2.301 | 2. 310 | 2,320 | 2, 329 | 2, 359 | 2,390 | 2,389 | 2,361 | 2, 356 | 2, 355 | 2. 349 | - 2, 340 | - 2,339 |  |
| Service and miscellaneous | 6, 273 | 6,317 | 6,432 | 6,520 | 6,551 | 6, 524 | 6,509 | 6,541 | 6, 547 | 6, 512 | 6. 473 | r 6, 396 | - 6,395 | ${ }^{p}$ 6, 435 |
| $\xrightarrow{\text { Hotels and }}$ Laundries | 481 328 | 482 328 |  |  |  |  |  | 527 | 488 | 480 | 471 | 458 |  |  |
| Laundries----.-.-.--- | 328 159 | 328 160 | 329 164 | 334 168 | 337 168 | 338 163 | $\begin{array}{r}333 \\ 156 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 330 | 328 | 325 | 323 | 321 |  |  |
| Government | 7,334 | 7,360 | 7,376 | 7,387 | 7,343 | 7,157 | 7.157 | 7,381 | - ${ }_{\text {, } 473}{ }^{164}$ | 162 7,498 | 159 7,806 | 156 $+7,488$ | - 7, 527 | -7,546 |
| Total, seasonally adjusted.......................do | 52,577 | 52,547 | 52,593 | 52,698 | 52,773 | 52,815 | 52, 844 | 52,662 | 52, 469 | 52, 218 | 51,980 | - 51, 709 |  |  |
|  | 16,995 | 16,962 | 16, 965 | 16,946 | 16, 924 | 16, 880 | 16,836 | 16, 881 | 16, 604 | 16,463 | 16.265 | + 15, 969 | r 15,649 | ${ }^{\circ} 10,444$ |
|  | 9,980 | 9,945 | 9,928 | 9,915 | 9,907 | 9,869 | 9, 844 | 9, 700 | 9,649 | 9, 536 | 9. 370 | r 9, 129 | r 8,861 | ${ }^{p} 8,708$ |
| Nondurable-goods industri | 7,015 | 7,017 | 7,037 | 7,081 | 7,017 | 7,011 | 6,992 | 6,981 | 6, 055 | 6,927 | 6,895 | 6.840 | ${ }^{-6,788}$ | ${ }^{p} 6,736$ |
|  | 833 | 831 | 841 | 843 | 854 | 861 | 853 | 849 | 837 | 825 | 821 | 803 | 782 | \% 769 |
| Contract construction ---.-----.-.-.-.-.- do | 3,020 | 3, 062 | 3, 059 | 3,097 | 3, 108 | 3, 061 | 3, 032 | 3,028 | 3, 013 | 2,956 | 2. 923 | ${ }^{\sim} 2,896$ | r 2,672 | ${ }^{p} 2,782$ |
| Transportation and public utilities | 4,168 | 4, 168 | 4, 160 | 4,159 | 4,164 | 4, 168 | 4, 184 | 4, 175 | 4,148 | 4, 113 | 4, 076 | r 4,005 | r 3,997 | ${ }^{\text {\% }}$ 3, 954 |
| Wholesale and retail trad | 11, 519 | 11, 490 | 11, 501 | 11,542 | 11, 579 | 11, 636 | 11, 669 | 11,620 | 11,590 | 11, 567 | 11, 508 | - 11, 601 | r 11, 539 | $=11,410$ |
| Finance, insurance, and re | 2,324 6,401 6 | 2,322 <br> 6,381 <br> , 381 | 2,320 6,400 | 2,329 6.424 | -2,336 | 2, 343 | 2, 354 | 2, 361 | 2,368 | 2, 367 | 2,361 | + | + $+2,363$ $+2,56$ | - 2,358 |
|  | 7,317 | 7,331 | 7,347 | 7,358 | 7,354 | 7,374 | 7,439 | 7, 7 | 6,482 <br> 7,42 | ${ }_{7,415}^{6,512}$ | 6,538 7,488 | + | + | p 6,500 $p 7,515$ |

$T$ Revised. Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Net sales; comparable figure for January 1957, $\$ 52,513,000$.
$\dagger$ Revised series. Indexes have been revised beginning January 1949 to reflect adjustment to Census of Business benchmarks for 1954 and the 11 -dating of the seasonal and Easter corrections. Unpublished data (prior to November 1956) are available beginning January 1947 in the December 1957 Federal Reserve Bulletin, pp. 134n-52.

+ see corresponding note on p. S-3.
prior to $\oplus$ Estimates beginning January 1957 reflect certain changes in definitions for employment and unemployment. For 1957 estimates based on the old definitions and comparable with figures r to 1957, see note in the December 1957 SURVEY and earlier issues.
o Includes data for industries not shown separately.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics throngh 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- ber | October | November | December | January | February | March |

## EMPLOYMENT AND POPULATION—Continued



Production workers in manufacturing industries, seasonally adjusted:
Durable-goods industries..............................................


Production workers in manufacturing industries: Indexes of employment: Unadjusted.
adjusted $\qquad$ Seasonally adjusted..........
Federal civilian employees (executive branch): United States, continental...-............thousands Railway employees (class I railways): Total-



## payRolls

Manufacturing production-worker payroll index, unadjusted (U.S. Dept. of Labor) $\ldots . .-1947-49=100$

## LABOR CONDITIONS

Average weekly hours per worker (U. S. Dept. of Labor):
All manufacturing industries. A verage over time Durable-goods industries Ordnance and accessories
 cumber and wood products (except furniture)

Sawmills and planing mills Furniture and fixtures tone, clay, and glass products
 Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills Primary smelting and refining of nonferrous metals
--

Sawmins and planing Stone, clay, and glass products ........................... Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills Primary smelting and refining of nonferrous
 chinery, transportation equip.)...-thousands Electrical machinery ransportation equipment 9 Aircraft and part

Ship and boat building and repairs.......do Instruments and related products.................................. Miscellaneous mfg. industries.

Tod Meat products. Canning and preserving Bakery products
obacco manufactures Broadwoven fabric mills Knitting mills
A pparel and other finished textile products
Paper and allied products thousands.

[^7]1

$$
\begin{array}{r}
13,11 \\
7,72 \\
7
\end{array}
$$




$$
\begin{array}{r}
12,96 \\
7,66
\end{array}
$$



$$
\begin{array}{c|c}
\mathrm{s} & \\
\text { as } & \\
\mathrm{s} & \\
\text { a- } & \\
\mathrm{S} & 1, \\
\hdashline & 1,
\end{array}
$$

$$
\begin{array}{r}
589 \\
319 \\
313 \\
449 \\
1,124 \\
559 \\
55 \\
902 \\
1,294 \\
877 \\
1,482 \\
700 \\
603 \\
\\
122 \\
50 \\
230 \\
381 \\
5,393
\end{array}
$$

$$
\begin{array}{r} 
\\
13,156 \\
7,706 \\
5,450 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

$\therefore: 1$ :

165

| 76.5 | 76.6 | 76.8 | 77.8 | 78.3 | 78.1 | 78.0 | 77.1 | 75.5 | 72.8 | 71.2 | -68.5 | p 66.8 | $\bigcirc 65.1$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 76.6 | 77.2 | 77.9 | 76.7 | 76.6 | 76.5 | 76.7 | 76.9 | 77.1 | 74.5 | 72.8 | -67.9 | p 66.1 | $\pm 65.7$ |
| 165.0 | 164.3 | 161.5 | 161.0 | 163.8 | 160.5 | 164. 7 | 164.7 | 162.6 | 160.9 | 157.4 | -149.3 | ${ }^{+} 145.1$ | P 143.3 |
| 40.2 | 40.1 | 39.8 | 39.7 | 40.0 | 39.7 | 40.0 | 39.9 | 39.5 | 39.3 | 39.4 | ${ }^{7} 38.7$ | + 38.4 | -38.5 |
| 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 1.7 | 1.6 | p 1.6 |
| 40.9 | 40.8 | 40.5 | 40.3 | 40.5 | 40.0 | 40.3 | 40.2 | 39.8 | 39.7 | 39.7 | 38.9 | - 38.6 | p 38.8 |
| 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.4 | 2. 3 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 1.9 | ${ }^{r} 1.6$ | r 1.4 | $p 1.4$ |
| 42.0 | 41. 6 | 41.4 | 40.7 | 40.7 | 40.0 | 40.1 | 40.1 | 39.9 | 40.0 | 40.8 | 41.3 | r 40.6 | $p 40.5$ |
| 39.6 | 39.7 | 40.0 | 40.2 | 40.7 | 39.4 | 41.1 | 39.0 | 40.2 | 39.1 | 39.0 | 38.6 | - 38.5 | p 38.5 |
| 39.2 | 39.4 | 39.7 | 40.0 | 39.9 | 38.8 | 40.5 | 39.2 | 39.8 | 38.8 | 38.4 | 38.0 |  |  |
| 40.2 | 40.2 | 39.7 | 39.2 | 39.7 | 39.3 | 40.7 | 40.9 | 40.7 | 39.7 | 39.9 | 38.5 | 38.2 | p 38.4 |
| 40.6 | 40.7 | 40.4 | 40.8 | 40.9 | 40.4 | 40.9 | 40.8 | 40.6 | 40.1 | 39.8 | 39.2 | r 38.6 | p 39.0 |
| 40.3 | 40.1 | 39.8 | 39.6 | 40.2 | 39.7 | 39.3 | 39.4 | 38.5 | 38.2 | 38.1 | 37.3 | ${ }^{5} 36.8$ | p 36.9 |
| 40.1 | 39.7 | 39.5 | 39.2 | 39.8 | 39.4 | 38.7 | 38.8 | 38.0 | 37.7 | 37.2 | 36.5 |  |  |

[^8]$r$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Includes
¢ Includes data for industries not shown.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March |

## EMPLOYMENT AND POPULATION-Continued

| LABOR CONDITIONS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Average weekly hours per worker, etc.-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All manufacturing industries-Continued <br> Durable-goods industries-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fabricated metal prod. (except ordnance, ma- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| chinery, transportation equipment) .....hours | 41.0 | 41.0 | 40.9 | 40.9 | 41.2 | 40.7 | 41.0 | 41.4 | 40.7 | 40.5 | 40.2 | 39.4 | r 39.0 | > 39.0 |
| Machinery (except electrical) .---.-.-.-.-- do.- | 41.9 | 41.8 | 41.4 | 41.1 | 41.1 | 40.7 | 40.5 | 40.7 | 40.2 | 39. 7 | 40.3 | 39.7 | - 39.2 | ${ }^{\text {¢ }} 39.3$ |
| Electrical machinery -...........------.-- do.--- | 40.6 | 40.5 | 40.3 | 40.1 | 40.3 | 39.7 | 40.2 | 40.2 | 39.4 | 39.5 | 39.5 | 39.1 | ז 39.0 | p 39.0 |
| Transportation equipment¢ .-.---------- do. | 41.5 | 41.1 | 40.6 | 39.9 | 40.1 | 39.5 | 40.2 | 39.7 | 39.5 | 40.7 | 40.2 | 38.7 | +38.5 | - 39.1 |
|  | 41.2 | 40.3 | 39.4 | 39.1 | 39.6 | 38.5 | 40.0 | 39.3 | 39.1 | 42.1 | 40.2 | 37.2 |  |  |
| Aircraft and parts | 42.3 | 42.2 | 42.0 | 40.6 | 40.6 | 40.4 | 40.4 | 40.2 | 40.1 | 40.0 | 40.6 | 40.5 |  |  |
| Ship and boat building and repairs.....-do | 40.0 | 40.0 | 40.2 | 40.3 | 40.4 | 40.5 | 40.2 | 39.4 | 39.0 | 37.1 | 39.0 | 38.6 |  |  |
| Railroad equipment.--.----------.-- do | 40.4 | 40.6 | 40.5 | 39.9 | 39.8 | 40.0 | 39.6 | 40.1 | 38.7 | 39.6 | 39.8 | 39.2 |  |  |
| Instruments and related products..........do | 41.0 | 40.7 | 40.6 | 40.2 | 40.5 | 40.1 | 40.0 | 40.4 | 39.9 | 40.0 | 39.8 | 39.4 | ז 39.3 | p 39.5 |
| Miscellaneous mfg. industries..............do..-- | 40.3 | 40.6 | 39.9 | 39.8 | 39.9 | 39.5 | 40.0 | 40.3 | 40.0 | 39.7 | 39.7 | 39.2 | r 39.0 | -39.4 |
| Nondurable-goods industries...---..---...- do...- | 39.3 | 39.1 | 38.9 | 38.9 | 39.2 | 39. 4 | 39.5 | 39.6 | 39.0 | 38.8 | 39.0 | r 38.4 | r 38.1 | ${ }^{\square} 38.1$ |
| A verage overtime .-.-.-------------- do | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 1.8 | ${ }^{p} 1.8$ |
| Food and kindred products 9 -------------do | 40.1 | 39.8 | 40.0 | 40.4 | 40.9 | 41.5 | 40.9 | 41.2 | 40.2 | 40.4 | 40.7 | 40.1 | +39.6 | p39.6 |
| Meat products-..........----..-------- do | 39.8 | 39.3 | 39.9 | 40.7 | 41.1 | 40.8 | 40. 2 | 41. 1 | 40.7 | 41.1 | ${ }^{40.6}$ | 39.7 |  |  |
| Dairy products.....-.----------------- do | 41.7 | 42.0 | 41.9 | 42.6 | 43.1 | 43.7 | 42.3 | 42.2 | 41.6 | 41.4 | 42.0 | 41.9 |  |  |
| Canning and preserving | 37.9 | ${ }_{39} 37.1$ | 37.4 | 37.8 | 38.0 | 41.4 | 40.7 | 41.0 | 38.2 | 37.2 | 38.0 | ${ }_{3}^{37.6}$ |  |  |
|  | 40.0 | 39.8 | 40.2 | 40.4 | 40.9 | 41.0 | 40.6 | 40.3 | 40.0 | 40.0 | 40.1 | 39.8 |  |  |
|  | 39.5 | 39.4 | 39.8 | 40.1 | 40.6 | 41.4 | 40.7 | 40.1 | 39.4 | 39.1 | 39.6 | 39.2 |  |  |
| Tobaceo manufactures....--.-.............. do | 38.5 | 37.9 | 36.8 | 39.1 | 38.6 | 39.6 | 38.4 | 39.8 | 38.3 | 37.5 | 39.1 | 39.2 | - 37.9 | $\bigcirc 37.4$ |
|  | 39.2 | 38.9 | 38.6 | 38.4 | 38.9 | 38.6 | 39.1 | 39.1 | 39.1 | 38.6 | 38.9 | 37.5 | r 37.8 | -37. 5 |
| Broadwoven fabric mills Knitting mills | 39.1 37.3 | 39.0 37.2 | 38.8 37.0 | 38.6 36.8 | 38.9 37.3 | 38.8 37 | 39.3 379 | 39.4 379 | 39.5 37.8 | 39.0 3.3 | 39.5 | 37.7 35.7 |  |  |
| Apparel and other finished textile prod. -.-do | 36.5 | 36.5 | 35.7 | 35.8 | 35.8 | 36.1 | 36.8 | 36.7 | 35.9 | 35.4 | 35. 2 | 35.0 | 35.2 | ${ }^{\text {p }} 34.9$ |
| Paper and allied products.--......... do | 42.3 | 42.3 | 42.1 | 42.0 | 42.2 | 42.3 | 42.5 | 42.9 | 42.4 | 41.9 | 41.9 | 41.4 | r 41.1 | p 41.1 |
| Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills .-.-. do..-- | 43.7 | 43.5 | 43.4 | 43.3 | 43.1 | 43.4 | 43.3 | 43.6 | 43.4 | 42.9 | 43.2 | 42.7 |  |  |
| Printing, publishing, and allied industries hours.- | 38.5 | 38.8 | 38.5 | 38.4 | 38.4 | 38.3 | 38.5 | 38.7 | 38.4 | 38.0 | 38.6 | 37.7 | 37.7 | ¢ 37.9 |
| Chemicals and allied products.............-do. | 41.2 | 41.2 | 41.2 | 41.2 | 41.2 | 41.0 | 41.0 | 41.2 | 41.0 | 41.0 | 41.3 | 40.8 | 40.5 | p 40.9 |
| Industrial organic chemicals---...------- do | 40.9 | 40.8 | 40.9 | 41.0 | 41.1 | 40.9 | 41.0 | 41.0 | 40.8 | 40.8 | 40.9 | 40.3 |  |  |
| Products of petroleum and coal.-......-.-.-. do | 40.8 | 40.7 | 41.2 | 40.9 | 40.9 | 41.5 | 40.6 | 41.5 | 40.6 | 40.7 | 40.8 | 40.6 | 40.0 | P 40.5 |
|  | 40.7 | 40.7 | 41.4 | 40.9 | 40.9 | 41. 4 | 40. 0 | 41.2 | 49.2 | 40.8 | 41.1 | 40.8 |  |  |
| Rubber products.....-.....................-- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 40.9 | 40.4 | 40.0 | 40.0 | 40.9 | 41.3 | 40.9 | 40.6 | 40.1 | 40.0 | 40.0 | 38.3 | r 37.8 | > 38.0 |
| Tires and inmer tubes | 41.0 | 40.0 | 40.1 | 40. 1 | 41.4 | 42.5 | 41.0 | 40.3 | 39.1 | 39.2 | 39.2 | 36.9 |  |  |
| Leather and leather product | 38.3 | 38.0 | 36.9 | 36.3 | 37.8 | 38.1 | 38.1 | 37.2 | 36.8 | 36. 5 | 37.4 | 37.1 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 36.9$ | ${ }^{\text {p }} 36.2$ |
| Footwear (except rubber) -....-.-.-.-.-. do | 38.1 | 37.9 | 36.5 | 35.6 | 37.4 | 37.9 | 37.8 | 36.6 | 36.1 | 35.7 | 36.9 | 37.0 |  |  |
| Nonmanufacturing industries: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mining: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Metal | ${ }_{4}^{41.4}$ | ${ }^{41.2}$ | 40.8 | 41.0 | 41.0 | 40.6 | 41.2 | 41.3 | 39.8 | 39.4 | 39.8 | 39.2 |  |  |
|  | 32.0 | 27.8 | 31.1 | $3{ }^{30.8} 8$ | 34.3 | 33.1 | 31.3 | 35.3 | 31.5 | 28.9 | 26.5 | 30.4 |  |  |
| Bituminous coal. do Crude-petroleum and natural-sas production: | 38.4 | 37.4 | 37.0 | 35.8 | 37.6 | 36.3 | 36.5 | 36.9 | 36.4 | 33.5 | 35.5 | 34.2 |  |  |
| Petroleum and natural-gas production__hours... | 40.6 | 40.5 | 40.3 | 40.4 | 41.2 | 41.2 | 40.5 | 41.8 | 40.5 | 40.8 | 41.5 | 41.2 |  |  |
| Nonmetalic mining and quarrying...-.-.-do. | 43.1 | 43.4 | 43.3 | 44.3 | 45.0 | 44.9 | 45.6 | 45.0 | 44.7 | 42.6 | 42.1 | 41.7 |  |  |
|  | 36.9 | 36.7 | 36.8 | 37.2 | 37.8 | 37.9 | 38.3 | 37.7 | 37.5 | 34.9 | 35.5 | 35.8 |  |  |
| Nonbuilding constructio | 39.6 | 39.4 | 39.1 | 39.8 | 40.7 | 41.8 | 42.1 | 40.8 | 40.6 | 36.6 | 37.9 | 38.1 |  |  |
| Building construction------- | 36.3 | 36.0 | 36.2 | 36.4 | 36.9 | 36.8 | 37.2 | 36.8 | 36.6 | 34.4 | 34.9 | 35.3 |  |  |
| Transportation and public utilities: <br> Local railways and bus lines $\qquad$ do |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Telephone. | 49.7 39 | 42.9 38.7 | 43.0 38.7 | 43.7 39.0 | ${ }_{39} 4.1$ | 43.7 39.5 | 43.4 38.9 | 43.5 38.8 | 43.0 39.2 | 42.9 | 43.1 | 42.6 |  |  |
|  | 41.8 | 41.9 | 41.4 | 42.5 | 42.2 | 42.2 | 41.9 | 41.9 | 41.5 | 41.0 | 40.9 | 41.1 |  |  |
|  | 40.8 | 40.8 | 40.9 | 40.7 | 40.9 | 41.2 | 41.0 | 40.9 | 41.0 | 41.0 | 41.2 | 40.9 |  |  |
| Wholesale and retail trade: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wholesale trade Retail trade (exceteating and drinking paces) 0 | 40.2 | 40.1 | 40.0 | 40.1 | 40.2 | 40.4 | 40.4 | 40.4 | 40.2 | 40.0 | 40.4 | 40.1 |  |  |
| Retail trade (except eating and drinking places) of | 38.2 | 38.0 | 38.0 | 38.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General-merchandise stores..............-do. | 34.3 | 34.1 | 34.4 | 34.0 | 34.4 | 38.6 | 38.7 | 38.1 | 31.6 | ${ }_{3}^{37.5}$ | 38.3 | 37.9 |  |  |
| Food and liquor stores .....-...................do | 36.7 | 36.6 | 34.4 36.7 | 34.0 36.7 | 34.4 37.1 | 34.6 37.9 | 34.9 37.7 | 34.2 36.7 | 33.7 36.1 | 33.7 36.0 | 36.0 36.1 | 34.1 |  |  |
| Automotive and accessories dealers......do | 43.9 | 43.8 | 43.8 | 44.0 | 43.9 | 43.9 | 43.9 | 43.8 | 43.6 | 43.5 | 43.7 | 43.7 |  |  |
| Service and miscellaneous: do |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 40.3 | 40.6 | 40.2 | 40.4 | 40.2 | 40.3 | 40.6 | 40.1 | 40.0 | 40.0 | 39.9 | 39.7 |  |  |
|  | 39.8 | 39.9 | 40.0 | 40.3 | 40.4 | 39.8 | 39.4 | 39.6 | 39.4 | 39.0 | 39.5 | 39.1 |  |  |
| Cleaning and dyeing plants-.----------- do.. | 38.2 | 38.7 | 40.2 | 40.3 | 40.0 | 38.1 | 37.6 | 39.2 | 38.9 | 38.0 | 38.4 | 38.4 |  |  |
| Industrial disputes (strikes and lock-outs): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Beginning in month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Work stoppares ----......................number-- | 225 | 250 | 400 | 475 | 400 | 400 | 350 | 300 | 300 | 150 | 100 | 200 | 150 |  |
| Workers involved.-.------------....thousands -- | 60 | 80 | 150 | 190 | 140 | 160 | 140 | 270 | 100 | 50 | 20 | 90 | 45 |  |
| In effect during month: <br> Work stoppages number | 350 | 375 | 525 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 130 | 120 | 190 | ${ }_{260}$ | ${ }_{220}^{600}$ | 625 260 | ${ }_{220}^{575}$ | ${ }_{315}^{525}$ | 185 | 325 100 | 220 40 | 300 110 | 275 |  |
|  | 825 | 775 | 1,380 | 1,850 | 1,850 | 2,500 | 1,600 | 1,670 | 1,350 | 700 | 400 | 750 | 500 |  |
| U. S. Employment Scrvice placement activities: Nonagricultural placements.---...........thousands. Unemployment compensation, State and UCFE programs (Bureau of Employment Security): | 387 | 425 | 480 | 534 | 528 | 533 | 536 | 561 | 540 | 406 | 360 | 355 | 312 |  |
| Initial claims...............-...........thousands .- | 1,002 | 897 | 1,099 | 1,001 | 881 | 1,267 | 842 | 1,032 | 1,193 | 1,346 |  | 2,285 | 1,815 |  |
|  | 1,730 | 1,592 | 1,475 | 1,350 | 1,251 | 1,285 | 1,151 | 1,167 | 1,237 | 1, 513 | 2,112 | 2,877 | 3, 163 | -3,274 |
| Percent of covered employment*. | 4.3 | 4.0 | 3.6 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 2.8 | 2.8 | ${ }^{1} 3.0$ | $1,3.6$ | ${ }_{5}{ }_{5} 1$ | $\underline{6.9}$ | $\bigcirc 7.6$ | $1 p 7.9$ |
| Bencfit payments: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Beneficiaries, weekly average......---thousands -- | 1,530 | 1,500 | 1,311 | 1, 199 | 1,172 | 1,061 | 1,022 | 975 | 1,020 | 1,146 | 1,639 | r 2,344 | 2.698 |  |
| Amount of payments--.............thous. of dol.- | 164, 860 | 168,841 | 154, 329 | 145, 657 | 123, 540 | 130, 130 | 121,333 | 113, 325 | 131,832 | 136,627 | 207, 110 | 313,012 | 320, 181 |  |
| Initial claims.-....--................- thousands | 23 | 21 | 18 | 16 | 24 |  |  |  | 18 | 21 | 28 | 37 | 31 |  |
| Insured unemployment, weekly average.......do...- | 49 | 47 | 39 | 34 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 29 | 24 | 30 | 41 | 58 | 72 |  |
| Benefliaries, weekly average..--.-.-.-.....-. do-.-- | 62 5 | 62 588 | 515 | $\begin{array}{r}40 \\ 4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 40 | 41 | 43 | 39 | 28 | 32 | 46 | 66 | 82 |  |
| Amount of payments......-.-........-thous. of dol-. | 5, 594 | 5,886 | 5,155 | 4, 222 | 3,710 | 4,539 | 4, 406 | 3,793 | 3,013 | 3,104 | 4, 574 | 6,925 | 7,546 |  |
| $r$ Revised. $p$ Preliminary. 1 Based on 4 weeks OIncludes data for industries not shown | $\text { nding } \mathrm{M}$ | arch 29. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Unless otherwise stated statistics through | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Febru- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem－ | Oetober | Novem－ ber | Decem－ ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | Febru－ ary | March |

## EMPLOYMENT AND POPULATION－Continued



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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\underset{\substack{8 \\ 0 \\ 0}}{ }$ |  | ¢ |  |  |  |  |  | ¢0 888 | c $=1$ Gr |  |  |  |  |  |  | ¢ | $\stackrel{+}{+}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \& \\ & \dot{8} \\ & \ddot{甘} \end{aligned}$ | 980잉 <br>  | eso $8 \pm 10$ |  |
|  | － |  | ¢ |  |  | H08 －85 |  |  | 嵒嵒 | 资 |  |  | N0\％ |  | － |  | － | 莴 | ¢ | $\begin{aligned} & \infty 8010 \\ & 0.800 \\ & 0008 \end{aligned}$ |  | incermineso |
|  －10 | 3 3 3 3 |  <br>  | $\infty$ 0 0 |  |  | $6 \infty 9$ -100 -180 |  |  |  | N |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No } \\ & \text { 号 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \varphi \\ & \stackrel{q}{8} \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 9 \\ & -1 \\ & \text { it } \end{aligned}$ |  <br> 药为8 | $\begin{aligned} & 9.0 \\ & 0.1 \\ & 0.0 \\ & 080 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 대ㅇㅕㅕ出合出 | \％ |  | 号 |  |  | 答最 \＆ |  |  | ¢0\％ <br> ¢0， <br> ¢ | ¢ ¢ ¢ |  |  | －3 |  | －98 |  | 里 | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{8} \\ & 9 \\ & \hline 9 \end{aligned}$ | ¢ | 出禹忒我 |  | Nownionemo |
| 出出岕 <br> 9 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 雱 } \end{aligned}$ | 品出出 む出家字 | ？ ？ － |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \cos _{6} \\ & \text { ongo } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3.0 \\ & \text { gig } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 600 \\ & 8-9 \\ & 080 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 98 \\ +810 \\ -10 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & \stackrel{0}{\infty} \\ & \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \underset{-}{9} \\ & -\underset{y}{2} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 令 } \\ & \text { 呺 } \end{aligned}$ | 웅잉․․ Nosion |  | Nownowe |
|  | ¢ 0 0 |  | ＋ |  |  |  |  |  |  | ¢ ¢ － |  |  | 式品 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathscr{Q} \\ & \text { - } 04 \\ & \text { on } \end{aligned}$ | cos 080 083 | \％ <br>  | 8 | 偁 | ¢ |  |  | coserson |
| 気苏 <br>  | ¢ |  | － | 禺我管 <br>  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \infty, 0 \\ & \infty \\ & \infty-10 \end{aligned}$ | \％ | ¢ 令 |  어⼼宗に | co prow ox y <br>  | No $98$ |  | © <br> H8 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { o } \\ & \text {-iv } \\ & \text { en } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6 \\ & -1 \\ & 8 \\ & \hline 8 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\infty$ がずらする |  | Nivosis |
| 色出 엉잉 | $\xrightarrow{9}$ |  | \％ |  |  |  |  | $89 \%$ <br> 筞思気 | 里名 | \％ | 8990 <br>  |  <br>  |  | 8：品令舁品 | 象近 |  | ¢ | $\begin{aligned} & 6 \\ & 0 \\ & 3 \\ & 3 \end{aligned}$ | － | が心N゙心 $\infty_{5}$ |  | incturso |
| 台出む －1営岂 | ＋ is |  | ¢ <br> ¢1 <br> 8 |  |  | 令足 <br> 为汤気 |  |  |  | $\stackrel{\text { c }}{\substack{0 \\ 0}}$ |  <br>  |  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No } \\ & \text { 筞 } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{4}{6} \mathrm{O} \\ & \text { By } \end{aligned}$ | 20 여운 | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & 8 \\ & 8 \end{aligned}$ |  | － |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \% \\ & 8 \% \\ & 8 \% \end{aligned}$ | Mishins |
| 留虫 Geg | $\stackrel{8}{8}$ |  | $\circ$ $\stackrel{\circ}{\circ}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Win } \\ & =10 \\ & \text { No } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | N | 空： ちNe |  － |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \infty, \infty \\ & 0,0 \\ & \text { Nisis } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\sim}{\underset{\sim}{*}}$ | $\underset{\sim}{\underset{\infty}{e}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathscr{\varphi} \\ & \underset{\sigma}{i} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | is－rincos |
| 苦出中号出出 | ¢ <br> $\substack{\text { cos } \\ \hline 8}$ |  | － |  |  | 总名品 <br>  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 904 \\ & 10 \% \\ & \text { Mos } \end{aligned}$ |  | ¢ c cr | 安实品品 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3 \infty \\ & n=4 \\ & 4=1 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 00 \\ & 80 \\ & 808 \end{aligned}$ | 옹ㅇㅇㅇ <br> \％8 岁 | $\begin{aligned} & 8 \\ & \hline 8 \\ & \stackrel{4}{6} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{8} \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{gathered}$ | $$ | 옹웅 <br>  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ¢ 0 － | 4 0 | $\begin{aligned} & 4 . \\ & \text { co } \\ & \text { dy } \\ & \text { der } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | （ $\begin{gathered}4 \\ 0 \\ \square \\ -1\end{gathered}$ |  |  |  | － |  | \＆口 8 <br> 虫出号 |  |
|  | $\vdots$ |  |  |  |  |  | （1） | $\begin{aligned} & \pi= \\ & 00 \\ & 108 \\ & 20 \end{aligned}$ | （ 4 | － |  |  | y N以 S\％ |  | 昜 | 出ご臽 |  |  | \＃ |  |  |  |

－Revised．$\quad{ }^{n}$ Preliminary．
olncludes data for industries not shown．

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of bUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- | October | November | December | $\begin{gathered} \text { Janu- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | February | March |

## EMPLOYMENT AND POPULATION-Continued

| WAGES-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Average hourly gross earnings (U. S. Department of Labor): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All manufacturing industries.-...---.....-....dollars.- | 2. 05 | 2.05 | 2.05 | 2.06 | 2.07 | 2.07 | 2.07 | 2.08 | 2. 09 | 2.11 | 2.10 | 2. 10 | 2.10 | p 2.10 |
|  | 1.99 <br> 2.17 | 1.99 <br> 2.18 | 2.00 2.18 | 2.00 2.18 | 2.01 2.19 | 2. 21 | 2.01 2.21 | 2.02 2.22 | 2.03 <br> 2.23 | 2.05 2.24 | 2.05 2.24 2.8 | 2.06 2.24 |  |  |
|  | 2.17 2.10 | 2.18 2.11 | 2.18 2.11 | 2.18 2.12 | 2.19 2.13 | 2. 210 | 2.21 2.14 | 2.22 2.16 | 2.23 2.16 | 2.24 2.18 | 2.24 2.19 2.15 | 2.24 2.20 | 2.24 | p 2.24 |
|  | 2. 29 | 2.30 | 2.31 | 2.31 | 2.33 | 2. 34 | 2.34 | 2.37 | 2.38 | 2.40 | 2.42 | 2.44 | 2.45 | - 2.45 |
| Lumber and wood products (except furniture) dollars | 1.73 | 1.77 | 1.80 | 1.82 | 1.84 | 1.82 | 1.84 | 1.84 | 1.84 | 1. 84 | 1.83 | 1. 80 | r 1.81 | r 1.79 |
| Sawmills and planing mills................do.... | 1.74 | 1.77 | 1.78 | 1. 80 | 1. 84 | 1. 81 | 1.83 | 1.84 | 1.82 | 1.83 | 1.81 | 1. 76 |  |  |
| Furniture and fixtures...-................-do. | 1.73 | 1.73 | 1.72 | 1.73 | 1.74 | 1.74 | 1. 76 | 1.77 | ${ }^{1} .77$ | 1. 75 | 1.77 | 1. 75 | 1.77 | ${ }^{\square} 1.77$ |
| Stone, clay, and glass products.............-do | 2.01 | 2.02 | 2.01 | 2.02 | 2.04 | 2.05 | 2.06 | 2.08 | 2.09 | 2. 10 | 2. 09 | 2. 10 | 2. 09 | ${ }^{2} 2.08$ |
| Primary metal industries o <br> Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills | 2.46 | 2.46 | 2.46 | 2.46 | 2.48 | 2.53 | 2.54 | 2.57 | 2.55 | 2.55 | 2.55 | 2.56 | 2. 56 | ${ }^{\sim} 2.57$ |
| , dolars.- | 2.62 | 2.62 | 2.63 | 2.61 | 2.63 | 2.72 | 2.73 | 2.76 | 2.73 | 2. 72 | 2.72 | 2.76 |  |  |
| Primary smelting and refining of nonferrous metals-...----.............-............... dollars. | 2. 29 | 2.30 | 2.31 | 2.32 | 2.33 | 2.35 | 2.40 | 2.42 | 2.42 | 2.40 | 2.41 | 2.41 |  |  |
| Fabricated metal prod. (except ordnance, machinery, transportation equipment)...dollars | 2.13 | 2.14 | 2.15 | 2.16 | 2.17 | 2.19 | 2.20 | 2.22 | 2.22 | 2.23 | 2.22 | 2.22 | 2.22 | ${ }^{2} 2.23$ |
| Machinery (except electrical) .............. do . . | 2.27 | 2.28 | 2.28 | 2.28 | 2.30 | 2.30 | 2. 30 | 2.32 | 2.33 | 2.34 | 2.34 | 2.34 | 2.35 | ${ }^{\text {P } 2.36}$ |
|  | 2.05 | 2.06 | 2.06 | 2.05 | 2.06 | 2. 05 | 2.06 | 2.07 | 2.08 | 2. 10 | 2.11 | 2.12 | 2. 14 | ${ }^{-2.14}$ |
|  | 2.37 | 2. 38 | 2.37 | 2. 37 | 2. 40 | 2. 41 | 2.43 | 2. 46 | ${ }_{2} 2.47$ | 2. 50 | 2.48 | 2. 46 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 2.46$ | ${ }^{p} 2.46$ |
|  | 2.41 | 2.41 | 2.39 | 2.40 | 2. 46 | 2. 46 | ${ }_{2}^{2.47}$ | ${ }_{2}^{2.53}$ | 2. 54 | 2. 58 | 2.51 | 2. 48 |  |  |
|  | 2.33 <br> 2.36 | 2.35 2.37 | 2.36 2.36 | 2. 33 2.39 | 2.34 2.38 | 2.35 2.40 | 2.38 2.42 | 2.38 2.45 | - 2.39 | 2.41 2.43 | 2.44 2.43 | 2. 24 |  |  |
| Ship and boat building and repairs ...... do - | 2.45 | 2.47 | 2. 48 | 2.47 | 2.49 | 2. 52 | 2. 52 | 2.59 | 2.57 | 2. 59 | 2. 63 | 2. 60 |  |  |
| Instruments and related products..........do. | 2.09 | 2.10 | 2.10 | 2.10 | 2.11 | 2.11 | 2.10 | 2. 14 | 2. 14 | 2.14 | 2.15 | 2. 15 | r2. 16 | n2.10 |
| Miscellaneous mfg. industries...............- do...- | 1.81 | 1.81 | 1.81 | 1.81 | 1.80 | 1.81 | 1.80 | 1.81 | 1.81 | 1.82 | 1. 83 | 1.85 | r 1.84 | ${ }^{p} 1.85$ |
| Nondurable-goods industries..................do | 1. 86 | 1.87 | 1.87 | 1.88 | 1. 89 | 1.89 | 1. 88 | 1. 90 | 1.90 | 1.92 | 1.92 | 1.92 | 1.92 | ${ }^{\text {p }} 1.93$ |
|  | 1.81 | 1.81 | 1.82 | 1.83 | 1.83 | 1. 84 | 1.83 | 1. 84 | 1.85 | 1.86 | 1.86 | 1. 88 |  |  |
| Food and kindred productso ....--.......... do | 1.93 <br> 2.15 <br> 1 | 1.93 <br> 2.13 <br> 18 | 1.93 <br> 2.13 <br> 1.8 | 1.94 2.12 | 1.93 2.12 | 1.91 | 1.90 2.12 | 1.92 <br> 2.18 <br> 18 | 1.94 2.19 | ${ }_{2} 1.91$ | 1.97 2.20 | 2. 2.20 | 2.00 | D 2.01 |
| Dairy products....-.-.....................-do | 1.80 | 1.81 | 1.81 | 1.82 | 1.83 | 1.85 | I. 84 | 1.87 | 1.86 | 1.86 | 1.88 | 1.90 |  |  |
| Canning and preserving----.............-- -- | 1. 6.3 | 1. 66 | 1.68 | 1. 66 | 1.61 | 1. 55 | 1. 62 | 1. 61 | 1. 64 | 1. 62 | 1. 68 | 1. 72 |  |  |
|  | 1.85 | 1.84 | 1.85 | 1.87 | 1.88 | 1.89 | 1. 88 | 1. 90 | 1. 91 | 1.94 | 1.93 | 1.93 |  |  |
|  | 2.17 | 2.19 | 2.19 | 2.21 | 2.25 | 2.24 | 2.21 | 2.23 | 2.22 | 2.22 | 2.24 | 2.23 |  |  |
| Tobacco manufactures-....-.........-.-.-. - do | 1. 49 | 1.53 | 1. 55 | 1.58 | 1. 58 | 1.61 | 1. 49 | J. 46 | 1.47 | 1.55 | 1. 55 | 1. 56 | r 1.57 | ${ }^{p} 1.58$ |
|  | 1. 50 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1. 50 | 1. 50 | 1. 50 | 1.50 | 1.51 | 1.51 | 1.51 | 1. 50 | 1. 50 | 1. 50 | ${ }^{2} 1.50$ |
|  | 1.45 1.45 | 1.45 1.46 | 1.45 1.45 | 1.45 1.46 | 1. 1.45 | 1.45 1.45 | 1.45 1.46 | 1. 1.46 | 1.46 1.46 | 1. 1.46 | 1.45 1.46 | 1.45 1.47 |  |  |
| Apparei and other finished textite products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Paper and allied products............---dolars.-- | 1.49 2.00 | 1.50 2.00 | 1.48 2.00 | 1.48 2.01 | 1.49 2.03 | 1.50 2.06 | 1.50 2.06 | 1.51 <br> 2.08 | 1.49 2.08 | 1.50 2.08 | 1.50 2.08 | 1.50 | 1.50 2.08 | $p 1.49$ $p 2.09$ |
| Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills....-do | 2. 13 | 2.13 | 2.13 | 2.13 | 2.17 | 2.20 | 2.20 | 2. 22 | 2.22 | 2.22 | 2.22 | 2.21 |  |  |
| Printing, publishing, and allied industries_do. | 2.48 | 2. 49 | 2. 49 | 2.51 | 2.51 | 2.51 | 2.51 | 2.53 | 2.53 | 2.53 | 2.55 | 2.54 | 2.56 | ². 56 |
| Chemicals and allied products..............do. | 2. 17 | 2.17 | 2.17 | 2. 20 | 2. 23 | 2.25 | 2.25 | 2.25 | 2. 24 | 2.26 | 2.26 | 2.27 | 2.27 | ${ }^{p} 2.27$ |
| Industrial organic chemicals........------- -- do- | 2.32 | 2.33 | 2.33 | 2.35 | 2. 38 | 2.40 | 2.40 | 2.41 | 2.41 | 2.42 | 2.43 | 2.43 |  |  |
| Products of petroleum and coal | 2. 56 | 2.57 | 2.59 | 2.61 | 2.66 | 2.69 | 2. 69 | ${ }_{2} .73$ | 2.71 | 2.73 | 2.73 | 2. 72 | +2.72 | p 2.71 |
| Petroleum refining | 2. 65 | 2. 66 | 2. 68 | ${ }_{2}^{2.71}$ | ${ }_{2}^{2.78}$ | 2. 80 | 2. 79 | 2. 84 | 2. 82 | 2. 84 | 2.83 | 2.82 |  |  |
| Rubber products- | ${ }_{2}^{2.22}$ | 2. 21 | 2. 19 | ${ }_{2}^{2.22}$ | ${ }_{2}^{2.23}$ | 2. 28 | 2. 27 | 2. 29 | 2. 32 | 2. 33 | 2.31 | 2. 29 | r 2.29 | ${ }^{3} 2.29$ |
| tubes $\qquad$ | - 1.53 | ${ }_{1}^{2.54}$ | 1. 54 | 1.54 | 1.54 | ${ }_{1}^{2.53}$ | 1. 54 | 1. 55 | ${ }_{1.55}^{2.69}$ | 2. 1.57 | 2.50 1.55 | 1. 2.67 | 1. 56 | P1.57 |
| Footwear (except rubber) $\qquad$ | 1. 48 | 1.49 | 1.49 | 1.49 | 1.49 | 1.48 | 1. 49 | 1. 50 | 1.50 | 1.51 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.5 | 1. 5 |
| Nonmanufacturing industries: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mining: ${ }_{\text {Metal }}$ | 2.35 | 2.36 | 2.38 | 2.38 | 2.41 | 2.47 | 2.46 | 2.49 | 2.47 | 2.45 | 2.45 | 2. 45 |  |  |
|  | 2.98 | 2.87 | 2.96 | 2.88 | 2.93 | 2.88 | 2.91 | 2.98 | 2.98 | 2.93 | 2. 94 | 2.96 |  |  |
|  | 2.93 | 2.93 | 3.02 | 3.01 | 3.05 | 3.09 | 3.04 | 3.06 | 3.04 | 3.05 | 3.04 | 3.04 |  |  |
| Crude-petroleum and natural-gas production: Petroleum and natural-gas prod ......dollars.. | 2.51 | 2.50 | 2.50 | 2.58 | 2.65 | 2.67 | 2.63 | 2.71 | 2.64 | 2.68 | 2.69 | 2.70 |  |  |
| Nonmetalic mining and quarrying---.--.-. do .-- | 1.95 | 1.95 | 1.96 | 1.98 | 2.01 | 2.02 | 2.03 | 2.05 | 2.04 | 2.04 | 2.05 | 2.03 |  |  |
| Contract construction.--....-.-.........--- - do | 2. 84 | 2.84 | 2.85 | 2.86 | 2.86 | 2.88 | 2.90 | 2. 94 | 2. 94 | 2.96 | 2.97 | 2.90 |  |  |
| Nonbuilding construction...--........-.-...-do. | 2. 56 | 2.55 | 2.58 | 2.61 | 2.62 | 2.65 | 2.67 | 2. 70 | 2.69 | 2.70 | 2. 70 | 2. 68 |  |  |
| Building construction.........................-d. do....- | 2.91 | 2.91 | 2.92 | 2.94 | 2.94 | 2.96 | 2.97 | 3.02 | 3.02 | 3.03 | 3.05 | 3.07 |  |  |
| Transportation and public utilities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tocal railways and bus lines................-do-...- | 2.02 1.92 | 2.02 1.92 | ${ }_{1}^{2.03}$ | 2.03 | 2. 1.95 | 2. 1.06 | 2.06 | $\underline{2.07}$ | ${ }_{1}^{2.07}$ | 2.07 1.98 | $\stackrel{2}{2.08}$ | 2.08 |  |  |
|  | 1.98 2.08 | 2.09 | 2.08 | 2.10 | 2.10 | 2. 10 | 2.10 | 2.10 | 2.10 | 2.09 | 2.10 | 2.09 |  |  |
| Gas and electric utilities-............-------- do | 2. 27 | 2.28 | 2.30 | 2.30 | 2.33 | 2.34 | 2.34 | 2.37 | 2.38 | 2.39 | 2.40 | 2. 39 |  |  |
| Wholesale and retail trade: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wholesale trade Retail trade (except eating and drinking places) $\%$ or | 2.06 | 2.07 | 2.07 | 2.09 | 2.11 | 2.12 | 2.11 | 2.13 | 2.13 | 2.14 | 2.14 | 2.14 |  |  |
| Refail trade (except eating and drinking places) o dollars. |  |  | 1.62 | 1.64 | 1.66 | 1.67 | 1.67 | I. 68 | 1.67 | 1.66 | 1.63 | 1.68 |  |  |
| General-merchandise stores..............do.... | 1. 28 | 1.28 | 1. 29 | 1.31 | 1. 33 | 1. 32 | 1.31 | 1.31 | 1. 32 | 1.31 | 1.28 | 1.35 |  |  |
| Food and liquor stores...---.-...--...-- do | 1.74 | 1. 74 | 1.74 | 1.76 | 1. 77 | 1.78 | 1.78 | 1. 80 | 1.81 | 1. 82 | 1.81 | 1.81 |  |  |
| Automotive and accessories dealers......-do | 1.88 | 1.89 | 1.90 | 1.92 | 1.94 | 1.93 | 1.93 | 1.92 | 1. 90 | 1.90 | 1.88 | 1.88 |  |  |
| Service and miscellaneous:$\begin{aligned} & \text { Hotels }\end{aligned}$年 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1. 07 | 1.07 | 1. 08 | 1.09 | 1.09 | 1. 09 | 1. 10 | 1.11 | 1.11 | 1.11 | 1.11 | 1.11 |  |  |
| Cleaning and dyeing plants..............--do...- | 1. 28 | 1.28 | 1.30 | 1.31 | 1.31 | 1.31 | 1. 30 | 1.31 | 1.32 | 1.31 | 1.31 | 1.30 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{3}^{2.220}$ | 2. 3.462 | 2.225 | 2. 226 3.486 3.4 | 2. 286 3.510 3.18 | 2. 2.543 | 2. 333 3.581 3.201 | 2.334 3.585 | 2. 3.604 | 2. 336 | 2. 3.644 | 2.373 3.626 3 | 2.379 3.624 3 | 2.382 |
|  | 3. 106 | 3. 107 | $\begin{array}{r} 3.118 \\ .92 \\ 2.912 \\ 1.82 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3.159 \\ \hline-236 \end{gathered}$ | 3.183-2.272 | 3.210 | $\begin{array}{r}3.221 \\ \hline 2.263\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}3.237 \\ -2.884 \\ \hline 2 .\end{array}$ | 3.237 | 3.242 | 3. 248 | 3.247 | 3.286 | 3.286 |
| Farm wage rates, without board or room (quarterly) dol. per hr |  |  |  |  |  | r2. 932.11.88 |  |  | .842.2541.98 | $\begin{array}{r} \\ \hline\end{array}$ | - 2.401 | . 97 |  | 0. 94 |
| Railway wages (average, class I) --..........do...- | 2. 240 | 2.208 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Road-building wages, common labor (qtrly) ...do.... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.96 |  |  |

r Revised. $\quad$ Preliminary. a Rate as of Aprill.
$\ddagger$ Data through 1956 shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTics are based on adjustment factors; the 1956 figures therein have since been revised to reflect calculations from overtime hours now regularly collected. Revisions for 1956 appear in the August 1957 SURVEY; the published estimates through 1955 are essentially comparable.
o Includes data for industries not shown separately
$\S$ Rates as of April 1, 1958: Common labor, $\$ 2.389$; skilled labor, $\$ 3.636$; equipment operators, $\$ 3.302$. Scattered monthly revisions for $1952-55$ for skilled labor rates are available upon request.
$* N e$ machines), power cranes and shovels (34 cubic yard), and air compressors. For data back to January 1956, see the December 1957 SURVEY.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | November | December | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March |



Accentances and commercial paper outstanding:
Pankers' acceptances.........................mil. o dol
Commercial paper-.............................-do-cies supervised by the Farm Credit Adm.:
Total........................................... of dol Farm mortage loans: Federal land banks...do... Loans to cooperatives.-

Bank dehits, total ( 344 centers) $\qquad$ do-
New York City $\qquad$ do--

Federal Reserve banks, condition, end of month:
 Discounts and advances United States Government securities-......do-
Gold ecrtificate reserves

Liabilities, totalo Deposits, totalo

Member-bank reserve balances Federal Reserve notes in circulation

Katio of gold certificate reserves to deposit and FR note liabilities combined..........................ereent

Federal Reserpe weekly reporting member banks, condition, Wednesday nearest end of month Deposits:
Demard, except interbank: Individuals, partnerships, and corporations States and political subdivisions.---....-do....

Time, except interbank, total 9 $\qquad$ -_do... Individuals, partnerships, and corporations States and political subdivisions............do....
luterbank (demand and time).
 teed, total...................................... of dol Bills.
Certifi


Loans (adjusted), totalo
 Other loans for purchasing or carrying securitios Real-estate loans mil. of dol Other loans

Money and interest rates:
Bank rates on business loans:
In 19 cities.
 other northern and eastern cities. 11 southern and western cities.
Discount rate (N. Y. F. R. Bank) Ioans Federal intermediate credit bank loans Federal land bank loans.
pen market rates, New York City:
Acceptances, prime, bankers' 90 days
Yield on U. S. Govt. securities:
3 -month bills $3-5$ year taxable issues
vings deposits, balance to credit of depositors

U. S. postal savings 1 ....................
CONSUMER CREDIT

## CONSUMER CREDIT $\ddagger$ Short- and Intermediate-term)

Total outstanding, end of month_............mil. of dol.
Installment eredit, total
Automobile paper
Other consumer-goods paper
Repair and modernization loans Personal loans.

- Revised. p Preliminary.
orevised. ${ }^{\text {P }}$ Preliminary Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Detroit, San Francisco, and Los Angeles.
OIncludes Boston, Philadelphia, Chica
R Includes data not shown separately.
 For bond yields, see p. S-20
Data are as of end of consecutive 4-week periods ending in month indicated, except June figure which is as of June 28 (end of consecutive 8 -week period).


| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Febru- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | March | April | May | June | July | August | $\begin{gathered} \text { Septem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | October | November | Decem- ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March |

## FINANCE-Continued

| CONSUMER CREDITT $\ddagger$-Continued (Short- and Intermediate-term) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total outstanding, end of month-Continued Installment eredit, total-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| By type of holder: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 27,008 | 27, 148 | 27, 1198 | 127, 143 | ${ }_{12}^{28.263}$ | 28,726 | 29,014 | 29,128 | 29.241 | 29, 239 | 29, 375 | 29,125 | 28.864 |  |
|  | 9.035 | - 9,048 | 9, 104 | 9.176 | -9,300 | ${ }^{12.476}$ | - ${ }^{12,565}$ | - 9 9,599 | 12,545 9 | -12,564 | $\begin{array}{r}12,74 \\ 9,573 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | - ${ }_{9}^{12,464}$ | 9,415 |  |
|  | 2, 039 | 2,076 | 2. 127 | 2. 167 | 2,227 | 2, 284 | 2, 344 | 2. 377 | 2,415 | 2, 439 | 2,472 | 2,446 | 2,451 |  |
| Consumer finance companies..........-. do | 3. 058 | 3, 063 | 3. 105 | 3,123 | 3, 155 | 3,209 | 3, 234 | 3.231 | 3.229 | 3,248 | 3,332 | 3,320 | 3,316 |  |
|  | 1,214 | 1,225 | 1. 227 | 1,255 | 1,258 | 1,249 | 1,264 | 1,266 | 1,263 | 1,271 | 1.284 | 1,284 | 1,287 |  |
|  | 4. 480 | 4.376 | 4. 242 | 4,294 | 4,345 | 4, 242 | 4. 289 | 4. 287 | 4,263 | 4,357 | 4,730 | 4,612 | 4. 438 |  |
|  | 1,351 | 1,304 | 1,176 | 1,229 | 1,249 | 1,144 | 1, 161 | 1,167 | 1,134 | 1, 199 | 1,393 | 1,381 | 1,326 |  |
| Furnitare stores-.-........................- do | 1,115 | 1, 090 | 1, 075 | 1,077 | 1,077 | 1,072 | 1,083 | 1,077 | 1,080 | 1,092 | 1, 146 | 1, 108 | 1,079 |  |
|  | 1.499 | + 501 | 1. 505 | 510 1.478 | ¢ 518 | 1,501 | +530 | +1,533 | - 8133 | -531 | - 529 | ${ }_{1} 522$ | 514 519 |  |
|  | 1,515 | 1,481 | 1,483 |  | 1. 501 | 1,501 | 1,515 | 1,510 | 1.516 | 1,535 | 1,662 | 1,601 | 1,519 |  |
|  | 9, 250 | 9, 211 | 9,461 | 9,779 | 9,883 | 9, 624 | 9, 830 | 9, 855 | 9,770 | 9, 834 | 10.671 | 10,229 | 9.741 |  |
|  | 3,273 | 3,370 | 3, 374 | 3,582 | 3,530 | 3,406 | 3,458 | 3,493 | 3. 405 | 3,458 | 3,502 | 3,514 | 3, 542 |  |
|  | 3.690 | 3, 534 | 3, 735 | 3. 834 | 3,948 | 3.810 | 3, 957 | 3, 942 | 3. 991 | 4, 135 | 4. 760 | 4,264 | 3,710 |  |
|  | 2,287 | 2,307 | 2, 352 | 2,363 | 2.405 | 2,408 | 2, 415 | 2,420 | 2,374 | 2, 341 | 2,409 | 2,451 | 2,489 |  |
| By type of holder: | 3,273 | 3,370 | 3, 374 | 3, 582 | 3. 530 | 3,406 | 3.458 | 3. 403 | 3.405 | 3,458 | 3,502 | 3,514 | 3,542 |  |
|  | 3, 690 | 3, 534 | 3, 735 | 3, 834 | 3,948 | 3, 810 | 3,957 | 3, 942 | 3. 991 | 4,135 | ${ }_{4}{ }_{4}, 760$ | 4,264 | 3,711 |  |
|  | 2,287 | 2, 307 | 2, 352 | 2,363 | 2, 405 | 2,408 | 2, 415 | 2,420 | 2,374 | 2, 341 | 2. 409 | 2,451 | 2,489 |  |
| Installment credit extended and repaid: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2,976, | 3. 347 | 3,594 | 3,748 | 3, 674 | 3, 837 | 3, 704 | 3, 388 | 3,545 | 3,439 | 4,069 | 3, 108 | 2,754 |  |
| Automobile paper | 1. 215 | 1. 350 | 1,468 | 1,513 | 1,494 | 1,563 | 1, 167 | 1,364 | 1,404 | 1,250 | 1,305 | 1. 190 | 1, 120 |  |
| other consumer-goods paper-..------.-...-do | 763 | 846 | 901 | 1.016 | 998 | 1995 | 1,022 | 927 | 1976 | 1.020 | 1,333 | 799 | 717 |  |
|  | 998 | 1. 121 | 1.225 | 1.219 | 1. 182 | 1,279 | 1. 215 | 1,097 | 1. 165 | 1,169 | 1. 431 | 1,119 | 1,017 |  |
|  | 3, 056 | 3, 311 | 3,332 | 3, 376 | 3,224 | 3,477 | 3,369 | 3,276 | 3, 456 | 3,347 | 3,560 | 3,476 | 3.189 |  |
|  | 1. 193 | 1.284 | 1,305 | 1,321 | 1,250 | 1. 361 | 1,306 | 1,298 | 1,381 | 1. 287 | 1,351 | 1,360 | 1,224 |  |
| Other consumer-goo | 908 | ${ }_{1} 964$ | 1. 1027 | 1, 952 | 914 1.060 | 1.971 | 1982 | , 928 | 1968 | 1956 1.104 | ${ }_{963} 94$ | 987 | 939 |  |
| All other. | 955 | 1,064 4 | 1. 100 | 1,103 | 1.060 | 1,145 | 1,081 | 1,050 | 1. 107 | 1,104 | 1,263 | 1. 122 | 1,026 |  |
| Extended, total $\qquad$ do | 3,509 | 3,426 | 3,470 | 3, 535 | 3,547 | 3,599 | 3, 591 | 3. 548 | 3,541 | 3, 559 | 3,615 | 3,504 | 3,235 |  |
|  | 1,407 | 1,374 | 1,371 | 1,363 | 1,356 | 1,381 | 1,355 | 1.352 | 1,435 | 1,404 | 1,423 | 1,346 | 1,179 |  |
| Other consumer-goods paper-...-..........-do | ${ }^{963}$ | 931 | 937 | 995 | 1,007 | 999 | 1,027 | 973 | 912 | 1964 | 959 | 940 | 1909 |  |
|  | 1,139 | 1,121 | 1,162 | 1,177 | 1,184 | 1,219 | 1,209 | 1,181 | 1,194 | 1,191 | 1,233 | 1,218 | 1,156 |  |
|  | 3,257 | 3,255 | 3,284 | 3,313 | 3,339 | 3,382 | 3, 343 | 3,418 | 3,358 | 3.394 | 3,498 | 3,421 | 3,411 |  |
| Automobile paper--..--------------.--- do | 1,284 | 1,272 | 1,294 | 1.305 | 1,289 | 1,317 | 1,276 | 1,318 | 1,317 | 1,292 | 1,368 | 1,368 | 1,317 |  |
| Other consumer-goods paper All other. | 1,933 1,040 | 1,048 | 1,9082 | 1,919 | 1,099 | 1, 101 | 1,091 | +1,110 | $\begin{array}{r}1,096 \\ 1,045 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,121 | 1,178 1,152 | 1,128 | 1.118 |  |
| FEDERAL GOVERNMENT FINANCE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Budget receipts and expenditures: |  | 12,145 | 6,142 |  | 12,819 | 3,734 | 6,475 | 8,109 | 3,796 | 5, 845 | 6. 611 | 5,243 | 7,756 |  |
|  | 6, 188 | 10, 737 | 4,256 | 5,282 | 11,688 | 3,057 | 5,128 | 7,225 | 3,131 | 4.827 | 5,956 | 4,786 | 6, 299 |  |
| Customs | 53 | -66 | ${ }_{6} 65$ | 64 | - 58 | ${ }^{3} 70$ | ${ }^{6} 65$ | 65 | 76 | 67 | 63 | -69 | 58 |  |
| Individual income taxes....-................-do | 4, 708 | 2,868 | 3, 646 | 4, 587 | 4. 071 | 1,316 | 3, 806 | 3,986 | 1,537 | 3,512 | 2.477 | 3,034 | 4,741 |  |
| Corporation income and profits taxes.......-do. | 445 | 7,327 | 520 | , 514 | 6, 722 | 541 | 355 | 2, 364 | 429 | 367 | 2. 277 | 486 | 406 |  |
|  | 1,160 | +692 | + ${ }^{633}$ | 1,314 | ${ }^{589}$ | ${ }^{366}$ | 1,003 | 540 | 363 | 740 | 432 | 385 | 1,302 |  |
| Other internal revenue and receipts.....-.-. - do | 1,120 | 1, 192 | 1,278 | 1,293 | 1,378 | 1,441 | 1,245 | 1,214 | 1,391 | 1, 3 56 | 1. 363 | 1,270 | 1,249 |  |
|  | 5,743 | 5,584 | 5,987 | 5, 944 | 6. 279 | 6,347 | 5.930 | 5,667 | 6,501 | 5,806 | 5. 809 | 6,011 | 5,528 |  |
| Interest on public debt -.-.-.------------- do..- | 485 | 601 414 | 604 419 | ${ }_{444}^{604}$ | 641 | ${ }_{3}^{659}$ | 628 <br> 38 | 630 362 | 641 | 636 432 | ${ }_{4}^{674}$ | 693 | 606 |  |
| Veterans' services and benefits....----.-.-. do. | 407 | 414 | -419 | -444 | 409 | 377 |  |  | 421 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Major national security $9 .-$--.-- | a 3,664 | ${ }^{\text {¢ } 3,788}$ | - 4,011 | $\stackrel{5}{5} \mathrm{3}, 869$ | - 4, 114 | 3,628 | 3,939 | 3,589 | 3,700 | 3,506 | 3, 755 |  |  |  |
| All other expenditures............--.--........ do | '1, 097 | , 781 | +953 | ${ }^{\text {r 1, }} 027$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 1,115$ | 1.683 | 931 | 1,086 | 1,739 | 1,231 | 958 |  |  |  |
| Public deht and graranteed obligations: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross debt (direct), end of month, totel........do | 276, 269 | 274, 999 | 274,008 | 275, 234 | 270, 527 | 272, 469 | 273, 845 | 274, 412 | 274,067 | 274.747 | 274, 898 | 274, 555 | 274, 679 | 272, 624 |
| Interest bearing, total......-...------.-...- do. | 273, 919 | 272,773 | 272,066 | 273, 074 | 268, 486 | 270, 595 | 272,018 | 272, 688 | 272, 406 | 273. 132 | 272, 874 | 272,777 | 272,939 | 270.948 |
|  | 228, 449 | 227, 169 | 22f, 915 | 226, 937 | 221, 658 | 224, 272 | 225.308 | 226, 467 | 226, 3.38 | 227, 146 | 227,075 | 227, 317 | 227,000 | 225, 137 |
|  | 45,470 | 45,603 | 45, 151 | 46, 137 | 46, 827 | 46,323 | 46, 719 | 46, 221 | 46,068 | 45. 989 | 45,799 | 45, 470 | 45, 959 | 45, 810 |
| Noninterest bearing.-....-.-.-.-.-.-...-. do | 2,350 | 2, 226 | 1,942 | 2,160 | 2,042 | 1, 874 | 1, 828 | 1,724 | 1,661 | 1.615 | 2.024 | 1,777 | 1. 720 | 1,676 |
| Obligations guaranteed by U. S. Government, end of month - .-...................................- mil. of dol. | 109 | 109 | 103 | 103 | 107 | 107 | 109 | 115 | 103 | 104 | 104 | 101 | 103 | 104 |
| U. S. Savings bonds: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Amount outstanding, end of month ..-......-do <br> Sales, series E through K 8 .............................. | 56,317 386 | $\begin{array}{r}56,068 \\ \hline 84\end{array}$ | 55,836 389 | 55, 586 | 54, 996 | 54,631 400 | 54,364 392 | 54, 105 | 53,799 337 | $\begin{array}{r}53.533 \\ \hline 34\end{array}$ | 53, 209 368 | 52.846 510 | 52,754 407 | 52,663 |
|  | 728 | 723 | 707 | 737 | 1,076 | 890 | 750 | 713 | 729 | 694 | 813 | 998 | 590 | 600 |
| Federal business type activities, end of quarter: $0^{7}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Assets, except interagency, total.....-.-mil. of dol- |  | ${ }^{1} 69,895$ |  |  | 169,058 |  |  | ${ }^{1} 70,175$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Loans receivable, total (less reserves)......... do To aid agriculture |  | 21,353 7,261 |  |  | 20,982 6,830 |  |  | - 6,469 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 4,076 |  |  | 4, 380 |  |  | 4,680 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 8, 237 |  |  | 8, 300 |  |  | 8,316 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 2, 107 |  |  | 2, 305 |  |  | 2,358 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Commodities, supplies, and materials........do. |  | 21,303 |  |  | 21, 450 |  |  | 21,514 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U. S. Government securities-.-------.-....- do. |  | 3, 923 |  |  | 3, 881 |  |  | 3,762 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other securities and investments.--.........d. do |  | 3,729 |  |  | 3, 725 |  |  | 3,725 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Land, structures, and equipment....-......-do.- |  | 9,875 |  |  | 9,977 |  |  | 9,974 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 9,713 |  |  | 9,042 |  |  | 9,878 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Liabilitics, except interagency, total............do. |  | 1 6, 755 |  |  | ${ }^{1} 6,879$ |  |  | ${ }^{1} 6.341$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bonds, notes, and debentures..-.............. d |  | 3, 043 |  |  | 3,559 |  |  | 3,712 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 3.713 |  |  | 3,320 |  |  | 2, 629 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Private proprietary interest |  | 1775 |  |  | 1,037 |  |  | 11,056 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U. S. Government proprictary interest |  | 162,361 |  |  | ${ }^{1} 61,142$ |  |  | 162,778 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## U. S. Government proprictary interest do

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | Novem ber | December | January | Febru- ary | March |

FINANCE-Continued



issue. $\oplus$ Data for January 1956-A pril 1957 include revisions not distributed by areas; revised area data for 1956 will be shown later
§ Or increase in earmarked gold ( - ).
\& Includes data for the following countries not shown separately: Mexico (through February 1957 only); Colombia; Chile; Nicaragua; Australia, and India.
The term "adjusted" denotes exclusion of interbank and U. S. Government deposits; for demand deposits, also exclusion of cash items reported as in process of collection.
oIncludes Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Detroit, San Francisco, and Los Angeles.

| Lnless other wise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- ber | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | January | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Febru- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | March |

## FINANCE-Continued

|  |
| :---: |
| Manufacturing corporations (Fed. Trade and SEC): Net profit after taxes, all industries......mil. of dol Food and kindred products do Textile mill prodncts ---................................ <br> Paper and allied products mil. of dol <br> Chemicals and allied products <br> Petroleum refining do $\qquad$ <br> Stone, clay, and glass products $\qquad$ <br> Primary nonferrous metal $\qquad$ do.. <br> Primary iron and stcel. $\qquad$ do. <br> Fabricated metal products (except ordnance, machinery, and transport. equip.)....mil. of dol- <br> Machinery (except electrical) <br> Electrical machinery $\qquad$ do. <br> Transportation equipment (oxcept motor velicles. etc.) <br> Motor vehicles and parts $\qquad$ do <br> All other manufacturing industries. $\qquad$ do. <br> Dividends paid (cash), all industries (F-.... do <br> Electric utilities, net profit after taxes (Fed. Res.) $\ddagger$ mil. of dol <br> Railways and telephone cos. (see pp. S-23 and S-24). <br> SECURITIES ISSUED |
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## Brokers' Balances (N. Y. S. E. Members Carrying Margin Accounts)

Cash on hand and in brnks.......................mil. of dol



Bonds
Prices:
Average price of all listed bonds (N. Y. S. E.),
 tandard and Poor's Corporation:
industrial, utility, and railroad (A1+issues)
Composite ( 21 bonds) $0^{7}$.--dol. per $\$ 100$ bond
 Sales:

Total, excluding U. S. Government bonds:
All registered exchanges:
Market value...................................
Face value.

Market value
New York Stock Exchange, exclusive of stopped
sales, face value, totals..................thous. of dol.



$\$ 93.63)$
$\ddagger$ Revisions for electric utilities for last 3 quarters of 1955, respectively (mil. dol.): 292; 285; 325.
Data for bonds of the International Bank for Recorstruction and Development, not shown separately, are included in computing average price of all listed bonds
'Number of bonds represents number currently used; the change in the number does not affect the continuity of series.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Scptember | October | November | December | January | February | March |

FINANCE-Continued

| SECURITY MARKETS-Continued Bonds-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Value, issues listed on N. Y. S. E.: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Market value, total, all issues §..........-.mil. of dol.- | 101. 317 | 101,605 | 100,657 | 100,061 | 98, 483 | 98,351 | 98, 530 | 98, 481 | 99, 015 | 102, 487 | 106, 072 | 106, 780 | 111, 805 |  |
|  | 99, 503 | 99, 784 | 98,847 | 98, 060 | 96, 509 | 96,447 | 96,627 | 96, 573 | 97,093 | 100, 524 | 103, 999 | 104,682 | 109. 579 |  |
|  | 1,223 | 1,228 | 1,227 | 1,351 | 1,335 | 1,263 | 1,254 | 1,253 | 1,276 | 1,236 | 1,329 | 1,339 | 1.340 |  |
| Face value, total, all issues s.......................do | 108, 557 | 108,769 | 108,845 | 109, 208 | 109,299 | 109, 359 | 109, 336 | 109,591 | 110,426 | 110, 598 | 111, 830 | 111,951 | 116,247 |  |
|  | 106,336 | 106,548 | 106,613 | 106,765 | 106.855 | 106,976 | 106,954 | 107, 208 | 108,010 | 108, 173 | 109, 383 | 109, 464 | 113.639 |  |
|  | 1,595 | 1,595 | 1,602 | 1, 727 | 1,728 | 1, 664 | 1, 662 | 1,664 | 1,693 | 1,642 | 1, 713 | 1,701 | 1,690 |  |
| Yields: | 3.93 | 3.97 | 3.96 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic corporate (Moody's)...................percent.By ratings: | 3.99 | 3.97 | 3.96 | 4.02 | 4.15 | 4.26 | 4.37 | 4. 44 | 4.46 | 4.49 | . 31 | . 06 | 1.01 | 4.04 |
|  | 3.67 | 3.66 | 3.67 | 3. 74 | 3.91 | 3.99 | 4.10 | 4.12 | 4. 10 | 4.08 | 3.81 | 3.60 | 3.39 | 3.68 |
|  | 3.83 | 3.80 | 3.79 | 3.83 | 3.98 | 4.10 | 4. 21 | 4.26 | 4. 28 | 4.29 | 4. 08 | 3.81 | 3.77 | 3.78 |
|  | 3.99 | 3.97 | 3.95 | 3.99 | 4. 09 | 4.20 | 4.35 | 4. 43 | 4. 46 | 4.50 | 4. 31 | 4.01 | 4.00 | 4. 16 |
|  | 4.47 | 4.43 | 4.44 | 4.52 | 4.63 | 4.73 | 4.82 | 4.93 | 4.99 | 5.69 | 5.03 | 4.83 | 4.66 | 4.68 |
| By groups: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tndustrial. | 3.94 | 3.90 | 3.89 | 3.96 | 4.14 4 | 4. 19 | 4. 29 | 4.31 | 4.32 | 4. 34 | 4.11 | 3.91 | 3.86 3.87 | 3.86 3.95 |
| Public utilit | 3.97 4.06 | 3.95 4.04 | 3.94 4.06 | 3.98 4.13 | 4.06 4.26 | 4.19 4.39 | 4.33 4.49 | 4.45 4.56 | 4.48 | 4.49 | 4.29 4.53 | 3.99 4.30 | 3.87 4.29 | 3.95 4.30 |
| Domestic munieipal: |  |  | . | 4.18 | 4.20 | 4.59 | 4.4 | 4.56 | 4.57 | 4.6 | 4.58 | - | 4. |  |
| Bond Buyer (20 bonds) -......-.-.-.-.-.....-do | 3.05 | 3.07 | 3.23 | 3.35 | 3. 40 | 3.47 | 3.56 | 3.45 | 3.43 | 3.27 | 2.97 | 2.90 | 3.08 |  |
| Standard and Poor's Corp. (15 bonds)........do. | 3.26 | 3.32 | 3.33 | 3.52 | 3.75 | 3. 75 | 3.91 | 3.90 | 3. 79 | 3.76 | 3.47 | 3.32 | 3.37 | 3. 45 |
| U. S. Treasury bonds, taxable............-......- do.--- | 3.20 | 3.25 | 3.30 | 3.39 | 3.61 | 3.63 | 3.62 | 3.64 | 3.84 | 13.57 | 13.30 | 13.24 | 13.26 | 3.25 |
| Stocks |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash dividend payments publicly reported: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total dividend payments......................mil. of dol. | 335.4 | 1,670.7 | 762.3 | 300.0 | 1,679.0 | 763.6 | 316.2 | 1,671.8 | 738.2 | 325.0 | 2,131.9 | 793.5 | 345.5 | 1, 682.8 |
|  | 103.1 | 107.7 | 133.4 | 62.4 | 107.2 | 146.5 | 65.7 | 105.0 | 138.8 | 75.6 | , 224.7 | 172.6 | 107.2 | 106.4 |
|  | 116.2 | 1,129. 1 | 272.0 | 130.6 | 1,120.6 | 280.9 | 129.4 | 1, 126.8 | 263.5 | 134.6 | 1,375.2 | 291.1 | 115.4 | 1.138.5 |
|  | 3.0 | 127.5 | 8.1 | 2.6 | 125.7 | 7.4 | 2.5 | 134.6 | 8.0 | 2.4 | 172.9 | 8.6 | 2.4 | 118.2 |
| Public utilities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1. 2 | 42.0 | 140.7 | 1.3 | 41.7 | 141.0 | 1.3 | 41.2 | 141.1 | 1.3 | 45.9 | 142.1 | 1. 2 | 42.4 |
|  | 80.6 | 119.0 | 107.2 | 81.2 | 132.6 | 95.5 | 83.0 | 134.5 | 92.9 | 85.2 | 143.4 | 85.3 | 83.7 | 141.3 |
|  | 7.3 | 74.4 | 27.0 | 3.4 | 73.9 | 18.4 | 10.2 | 61.5 | 22.1 | 4.3 | 81.6 | ${ }^{28} 8.6$ | ¢. 4 | 62.5 |
|  | 18.4 | 45.0 | 63.6 | 11.5 | 51. 2 | 62.0 | 14.5 | 42.5 | 64.1 | 14.1 | 53.6 | 85.3 | 22.5 | 43.5 |
|  | 5.6 | 26.0 | 10.3 | 7.0 | 26.1 | 11.9 | 9.6 | 25.7 | 7.7 | 7.5 | 34.6 | 9.9 | 6.7 | 30.0 |
| Dividend rates, prices, yields, and earnings, common stocks (Moody's): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dividends per share, annual rate (200 stocks) dollars.- | 5. 44 | 5.44 | 5. 44 | 5.44 | 5. 43 | 5. 44 | 5.44 | 5.45 | 5.45 | 5.38 | 5. 40 | 5.37 | 5.34 | 5.34 |
|  | 5.91 | 5.91 | 5.91 | 5.90 | 5.80 | 5. 91 | 5. 92 | 5.93 | 5.94 | 5.86 | 5.88 | 5.86 | 5.83 | 5.83 |
| Public utility (24 stocks)........................-do | 2.41 | 2. 42 | 2.43 | 2.43 | 2.43 | 2.42 | 2.42 | 2.44 | 2.44 | 2.45 | 2. 46 | 2.46 | 2.45 | 2. 46 |
| Railroad ( 25 stocks) | 4.11 | 4. 11 | 4.09 | 4.09 | 4.09 | 4.09 | 4.08 | 4.09 | 3.98 | 3.75 | 3.75 | 3.44 | 3.36 | 3.33 |
| Bank (15 stocks) | 3. 52 | 3.52 | 3.57 | 3.62 | 3. 64 | 3. 62 | 3.66 | 3. 66 | 3.64 | 3.62 | 3.72 | 3.72 | 3.75 | 3.75 |
| Insurance (10) stocks) | 3.99 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.04 | 4.04 | 4.04 | 4.04 | 4.04 | 4.6 | 4.07 |
| Price per share, end of month (200 stocks) ¢ ...do | 122.54 | 125.14 | 130. 64 | 134. 19 | 134.03 | 135.80 | 129.12 | 121.02 | 116. 51 | 117.38 | 113.20 | 117.76 | 115.69 | 118.75 |
|  | 138.53 | 141.98 49 | 149.42 | 154.31 | 155. 23 | 157.66 49 | 148.83 | 138.73 | 133.59 | 134.39 | 128.38 | 133.06 | 129.97 | 134.17 |
| Public utility (24 stocks) | 49.98 | 49.88 | 50.37 | 51.85 | 48.96 | 49.60 | 48.52 | 47.67 | 47.15 | 48.65 | 50.30 | 53.04 | 33.27 | 54.16 |
| Railroad (25 stocks) | 62.74 | 63.56 | 64.81 | 64.55 | 64.79 | 66.03 | 61.25 | 55.76 | 50.88 | 48.64 | 45. 11 | 50.61 | 47.39 | 48.11 |
|  | 4.44 | 4.35 | 4.16 | 4.05 | 4.05 | 4.01 | 4.21 | 4. 50 | 4.68 | 4.58 | 4.77 | 4.55 | $\pm .82$ | 4. 51 |
| Industrial (125 stocks) | 4.27 | 4. 16 | 3.96 | 3.82 | 3. 79 | 3.75 | 3.08 | 4.27 | 4. 45 | 4.36 | 4. 58 | 4.40 | +. 49 | 4.35 |
| Public utility (24 stocks) | 4. 82 | 4.85 | 4.82 | 4. 69 | 4.96 | 4.88 | 4.99 | 5.12 | 5.17 | 5.04 | 4.89 | 4. 64 | 4.62 | 4.54 |
|  | 6.55 | 6.47 | 6.31 | 6. 34 | 6.31 | 6. 19 | 6. 66 | 7.34 | 7.82 | 7.71 | 8.31 | 6.80 | 7.06 | 6.92 |
| Bank (15 stocks) | 4. 59 | 4. 58 | 4. 61 | 4. 77 | 4.84 | 4.68 | 4.62 | 4.81 | 5.08 | 4.84 | 5.09 | 4.93 | 4.78 | 4.71 |
| Insurance (10 stocks) | 3.10 | 2. 99 | 2.92 | 2.91 | 2.97 | 3.05 | 3.34 | 3. 49 | 3.74 | 3. 56 | 3.46 | 3.16 | 3.12 | 3.08 |
| Earnings per share (at annual rate), quarterly: <br> Industrial (125 stocks) dollars |  | ${ }^{\text {r }} 11.12$ |  |  | ${ }^{\text {r } 10.65}$ |  |  | r9.40 |  |  | r9.90 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 3.36 |  |  | 3.31 |  |  | 3.35 |  |  | r 3.41 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 6.36 |  |  | 6.74 |  |  | 6.97 |  |  | 7.07 |  |  |  |
| Dividend yields, preferred stocks, 14 high-grade (Standard and Poor's Corp.) percent. | 4.47 | 4.46 | 4. 47 | 4. 53 | 4.69 | 4. 75 | 4.83 | 4. 79 | 4.80 | 4.78 | 4.49 | 4.36 | 4.38 | 4.42 |
| Prices: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dow Jones \& Co., Inc. (65 stocks) .-. - dol. per share- | 165. 68 | 167.16 | 170.86 | 175.04 | 174.95 | 177.76 | J68.95 | 161. 71 | 151. 27 | 146.87 | 146.03 | 151.01 | 151.63 | 152.79 |
|  | 466.84 | 472. 78 | 485.42 | 500.83 | 505.33 | 514. 84 | 487.97 | 471.79 | 443.38 | 436.73 | 436.94 | 445.68 | 444. 16 | 450.14 |
|  | 76.44 | 71.09 | 72.02 | 73.91 | 72.14 | 70.81 | 68.49 | 67.44 | 65.18 | 65.83 | 68.08 | 71.08 | 72. 19 | 73. 23 |
|  | 143.02 | 143.12 | 145.83 | 146.64 | 145.67 | 150.84 | 142.41 | 129.85 | 116. 70 | 104.63 | 98. 13 | 104.90 | 106. 64 | 104.75 |
| Standard and Poor's Corporation: Industrial, public utility and railroad:o |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial, public utility, and railroad:o Combined index ( 500 stocks) ......... 1941-43=10_- | 43.47 | 44. 03 | 45.05 | 46.78 | 47. 55 | 48.51 | 45.84 | 43.98 | 41. 24 | 40.35 | 40.33 | 41.12 | 41.26 | 42.11 |
| Industrial, total ( 425 stocks) $\bigcirc$ | 46.10 | 46.86 | 48.06 | 50. 10 | 51.30 | 52.54 | 49.51 | 47. 52 | 44. 43 | 43.41 | 43.29 | 43.98 | 44.01 | 44.97 |
| Cupital goods (129 stocks) --...............do | 46. 43 | 46.56 | 48.26 | 50.11 | 50.92 | 52. 15 | 48. 48 | 46. 32 | 43. 24 | 41.87 | 41.35 | 43.00 | 43.32 | 43. 60 |
| Consumers' goods (196 stocks) .----.-. do. | 31.55 | 32.08 | 32.67 | 33.64 | 33.59 | 34.86 | 33.65 | 32.75 | 31.55 | 30.52 | 30.29 | 31.43 | 31.60 | 32.35 |
|  | 32.29 | 32.45 | 33.03 | 34.03 | 33. 35 | 32.93 | 31.89 | 31.09 | 30.39 | 30.68 | 31. 79 | 33.30 | 34.12 | 34. 57 |
|  | 29.59 | 29.37 | 29.78 | 30.42 | 30.11 | 31.20 | 29.52 | 27.17 | 24.78 | 22.63 | 21.39 | 22.69 | 23.00 | 22.60 |
| Banks: I ( City (12 stocks) | 19.62 | 19.50 | 19.40 | 19.42 | 19.25 | 19.75 | 20.14 | 20.10 | 18.90 | 18.47 | 18.73 | 19.08 |  |  |
| Outside N. Y. City (17 stocks) | 38.40 | 38.87 | 38.82 | 38.96 | 38.64 | 39.5n | 39.57 | 39.07 | 18.96 | 18.47 | 18.76 | 37.98 | 19.85 38.87 | 20.21 |
|  | 26.70 | 27.80 | 28.38 | 28.31 | 27.99 | 27.73 | 25. 66 | 24. 70 | 23.12 | 22.19 | 23.45 | 25.88 | 26.81 | 27.49 |
| Sales (Securities and Exchange Commission): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total on all registered exchanges: Market value......mil. of dol.- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 115,443 | 96, 93 | 108,533 | 112,428 | 107,489 | 3,091 $\mathbf{9 8 , 5 7 4}$ | 2,594 83,218 | 2,077 70,805 | 119,352 | 2,263 | 13, 540 | 2,634 | 2, 142 |  |
|  | 115,443 | 96, 133 | 108,533 | 112,428 | 107, 489 | 98,574 | 83, 218 | 70,805 | 119,304 | 133, 058 | 133, 727 | 101, 259 | 91, 679 |  |
| Market value........-.-.-.-.-.-........mil. of dol.- | 1,997 | 1,720 | 2,267 | 2,818 | 2,543 | 2, 620 | 2,216 | 1,780 | 2,822 | 1,967 | 2,208 | 2,297 | 1,856 |  |
|  | 87, 467 | 67,115 | 73,000 | 72,669 | 72,584 | 65,617 | 54, 544 | 48,090 | 84,770 | 106,970 | 104,091 | 72,909 | 64,976 |  |
| Exclusive of odd lot and stopped sales (N. Y. <br> Times) <br> thousands.- | 37, 575 | 35,652 | 48,310 | 52,559 | 44,479 | 48,262 | 41,409 | 36,873 | 63, 983 | 48,217 | 54, 468 | 49,871 | 40, 198 | 46,675 |
| Shares listed, New York Stock Exchange: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 54, 18 | 4, 87 |  | -675 |
| Market value, all listed shares...-.-......mil. of dol.- | 207,719 | 212,329 | 221,595 | 228,585 | 227,928 | 229, 924 | 217, 898 | 205,705 | 196,675 | 200,919 | 195,570 | 204,969 | 201, 174 |  |
| Number of shares listed.-..------.----.---millions.- | 4,556 | 4,570 | 4,587 | 4,656 | 4,678 | 4,705 | 4,719 | 4,733 | 4,747 | 4,781 | 4,804 | 4,813 | 4,826 |  |

[^9] on p. S-19.

Number of stocks represents number currently used; the change in the number does not affect the continuity of series
Number of stocks represents number currently used; the change in the number does not affect the con
IData not shown in 1957 BusLness Statistics; indexes prior to August 1956 are available upon request.

| Unless otherwise stated, statisties through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Fehruary | March | April | May | June | July | August | $\begin{gathered} \text { Septem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | October | Novem- ber | December | $\begin{gathered} \text { Janu- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { Febru- } \\ \text { ary }}}{ }$ | March |

## INTERNATIONAL TRANSACTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline BALANGE OF PAYMENTS (QUARTERLY) \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Exports of goods and services, total...-...-mil. of dol \& \& 7,267 \& \& \& 7,774 \& \& \& 6, 682 \& \& \& 7,044 \& \& \& \\
\hline Military transfers under grants, net..-........ do.... \& \& 605 \& \& \& 885 \& \& \& 463 \& \& \& 552 \& \& \& \\
\hline Metchandise, adjusted, excluding military transactions \(\odot\) mil. of dol \& \& 5,085 \& \& \& 5. 138 \& \& \& 4,439 \& \& \& 4, 634 \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& \& 621 \& \& \& , 736 \& \& \& , 746 \& \& \& . 759 \& \& \& \\
\hline Other services and military transactions.........do \& \& 956 \& \& \& 1,015 \& \& \& 1,034 \& \& \& 1,699 \& \& \& \\
\hline Imports of goods and services, \& \& 5,018 \& \& \& 5,290 \& \& \& 5. 269 \& \& \& 5,050 \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& \& 3,288 \& \& \& 3,338
158 \& \& \& 3, 2554 \& \& \& 3,383 \& \& \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Income on foreign investments in U.S_-....... do \\
Military expenditures.
\end{tabular} \& \& 161
840
7 \& \& \& \begin{tabular}{l}
158 \\
882 \\
\hline 18
\end{tabular} \& \& \& \(\begin{array}{r}164 \\ \hline 190\end{array}\) \& \& \& 166 \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& \& 729 \& \& \& 912 \& \& \& 1,160 \& \& \& 799 \& \& \& \\
\hline Balance on goods and se \& \& +2,249 \& \& \& +2,484 \& \& \& +1,413 \& \& \& +1,994 \& \& \& \\
\hline Unilateral transfers (net) \& \& \(-1,182\)
-147 \& \& \& -1,558 \& \& \& -967
-132 \& \& \& \(-1,109\)
-133 \& \& \& \\
\hline Government \& \& -1,035 \& \& \& -1,423 \& \& \& -835 \& \& \& \(-976\) \& \& \& \\
\hline U. S. long- and short-term capital (net), total.--do.-... \& \& \(-1,038\)
-780 \& \& \& -1, 558 \& \& \& -520 \& \& \& -880
-509 \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& \& -780 \& \& \& -1, \& \& \& -140 \& \& \& -371 \& \& \& \\
\hline Foreipn long- and short-torm capital (net)-----do \& \& -2 \& \& \& +635 \& \& \& \(-226\) \& \& \& +302 \& \& \& \\
\hline Gold sales [purchases ( - )] ..--- \& \& -348 \& \& \& -325 \& \& \& -27 \& \& \& -98 \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& \& \(+321\) \& \& \& \(+322\) \& \& \& \(+327\) \& \& \& -209 \& \& \& \\
\hline FOREIGN TRADE Indexes \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Exports of U. S. merchandise: \(\ddagger\) \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& 299
\(r\) \& 397 \& 346 \& 339 \& 336
.726 \& 5
5
5 \& +312 \& - 284 \& 308 \& r 311 \& 306 \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& \(r 655\)
219 \& 874
220 \& 758
219 \& 738
218 \& \(\times 726\)

216 \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ r \\ r \\ \hline 288\end{array}$ \& 683
$r 219$ \& 626
220 \& 681
221 \& 684
220 \& 667
218 \& \& \& <br>
\hline Imports for consumption: $\ddagger$ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 166 \& 186 \& 181 \& 182
+533 \& 164 \& $\times 191$ \& 177 \& 169 \& - 196 \& 176 \& 194 \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 489
294 \& 549
296 \& 530
293 \& $\begin{array}{r}+533 \\ +292 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 478
292 \& - 556 \& 509 \& $r 493$ \& -563 \& 506 \& 553 \& \& \& <br>
\hline Agrieultural products, quantity: $\dagger$ \& \& \& \& \& \& 1 \& \& 2 \& \& 7 \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline | Exporis, U. S. merchandise, total: |
| :--- |
| Inadjusted ............................... 1952-54=100. | \& 178 \& 195 \& 166 \& 155 \& 163 \& 134 \& 135 \& 142 \& 161 \& 161 \& 173 \& \& \& <br>

\hline  \& 167 \& 185 \& 172 \& 160 \& 186 \& 174 \& 168 \& 156 \& ${ }^{r} 145$ \& 137 \& 141 \& \& \& <br>

\hline | Cotton (incl. linters), seas adj |
| :--- |
| Imports for consumption, total: |
| Unadjusted | \& 195

(1) \& 214 \& 187 \& 217 \& 173 \& 319 \& 206 \& 178 \& 167 \& 162 \& 136 \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& (1) \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Supplementary imports, seas, adj .-.........-do \& (1) \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Complementary imports, seas. adj $\qquad$ do $\qquad$ Shipping Weight \& (1) \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Water-bome trade: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Exports. incl. reexports \&-..---- thous. of long tons \& 11,244
9,679 \& 14,719
10,811 \& 14,370 \& 13, 723 \& 14, 138 \& 12,748 \& 13, 221 \& 10, 055 \& 11,632 \& 10,020 \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 9,679 \& 10,811 \& 11,493 \& 13,505 \& 13,280 \& 15. 665 \& 15,221 \& 13, 322 \& 15, 083 \& 12, 105 \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Valu \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Exports (mdse.), including reexports, total mil, of Col . \& ${ }^{\text {r 1, }} 611.0$ \& \%2,150.8 \& ${ }^{5} 1,863.6$ \& \% 1, 813. 2 \& r 1,786. 1 \& r1,691.8 \& r $1,677.3$ \& r 1,540.3 \& 674.4 \& 82.7 \& 1,6z \& ,510.9 \& \& <br>
\hline 13y geographie regions: $\triangle$ - \& \& \& \& 1,813.2 \& , 780.1 \& 1,601.8 \& 1,67.3 \& 1,54.3 \& , 4 \& 2. 7 \& 1,0 \& ,510.9 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& + 44, 150 \& r 74,450 \& r 72,631 \& ${ }_{\text {+ }}+68,185$ \& - 55, 736 \& r 48, 972 \& ${ }^{+} 55,764$ \& r 47, 293 \& r 52, 971 \& $r 54,695$ \& r 50, 155 \& 51,867 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& $r$ 295,672 \& r 401, 084 \& r 346,993 \& r 332,487 \& - 320, 549 \& r 289, 257 \& r 262, 275 \& г 245, 418 \& r 271,004 \& r 278,548 \& -290,659 \& 256, 989 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& r 494, 996 \& ${ }^{\text {r 658, }} 851$ \& r 519, 585 \& ${ }^{r} 481,583$ \& - 474,449 \& r 428,700 \& r 423,105 \& r 411,041 \& r 438,665 \& - 449,055 \& r454,600 \& 400, 677 \& \& <br>
\hline Northern North America.-----.-.-.-...-...-. do \& r 314,892 \& T 366, 591 \& r 374,326 \& r 374, 139 \& r 355, 837 \& r 321,432 \& +309,893 \& +303,742 \& r 317,391 \& + 295, 304 \& - 265, 460 \& 248,465 \& \& <br>
\hline Sonthern North America $\qquad$ do \& ${ }_{r} 167,262$ \& r 215,246 \& r 192,613 \& r 184,467 \& r 167, 796 \& +162,059 \& -183, 830 \& r 167,087 \& r 193,478 \& r 204,407 \& r 194, 590 \& 179,586 \& \& <br>

\hline | South America $\qquad$ do |
| :--- |
| By leading countries: $\triangle$ | \& r 144, 119 \& $r 256,423$ \& r 2222,498 \& r227, 562 \& -224, 510 \& r 200, 299 \& -248, 252 \& r 216,063 \& r 234,520 \& r228, 956 \& -226,756 \& 202, 192 \& \& <br>

\hline By leading countries: $\Delta$ Africa: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Egypt do \& r 4,545 \& r 4,310 \& r 2,666 \&  \& r 2,985 \& r3,422 \& r 3,054 \& r3, 066 \& \& r 2, 784 \& \& 3,728 \& \& <br>

\hline | Union of South Africa |
| :--- |
| Asia and Oceania: | \& - 17, 096 \& r 29,920 \& - 23,661 \& г 27,970 \& r 23, 887 \& r 22,934 \& + 25,617 \& r 19,778 \& r 24,623 \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
24,911
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

r 22,263

\] \& \[

226,641
\] \& \& <br>

\hline Australia, including New Guinea............do.... \& r 11, 224 \& ${ }^{r} 21,649$ \& r 13, 281 \& ${ }^{\text {r 1 17,537 }}$ \& +16,534 \& r 12, 710 \& + 15, 298 \& r 17, 722 \& г 28,317 \& r 21, 918 \& r 22,928 \& 13,775 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& +2,973 \& r 4, 133 \& r 4,044 \& r 3, 605 \& r 3, 649 \& r 3,368 \& - 3,432 \& r2, 601 \& r 3,354 \& r 3,127 \& r 4, 097 \& ${ }^{12} 22,398$ \& \& <br>
\hline  \& r
$\mathbf{4 7 , 3 6 2}$ \& +
+61.750 \& |r $\begin{array}{r}0 \\ r\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}0 \\ r \\ \hline 43,599\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}3 \\ 3 \\ r \\ \hline 49,080\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 0
$\times 43,081$ \& 2,60
$r 42578$ \& 3,354
$+41,937$ \& |r $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \hline \\ \hline 418 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& - 2,0 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& r 111,410 \& r
r
$\mathrm{ran}, 588$ \& $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{r}r \\ +138,24,530\end{array}\right.$ \& r

$\mathrm{r} 125,888$ \& | r 49,080 |
| ---: |
| $\mathbf{r 1 1 0 , 9 8 5}$ | \& | r 44, 590 |
| :---: |
| $\mathrm{r} 101,232$ | \& | r 43,081 |
| :--- |
| 82,913 | \& $\begin{array}{r}r \\ r \\ \hline 64,578 \\ \hline 64,816\end{array}$ \& + 41,937

r 76,691 \& r 34, 389
$\mathrm{r} 95,811$ \& r 41,748
r 88.113 \& 43,321 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& +7,234 \& r 14,293 \& ${ }_{r} 11,516$ \& 125,692 \& r8.190 \& r 9,587
$r$ \& r
$+4,735$
$+31,518$ \& $+7,278$
$+7,278$ \& $+16,091$
$+7,071$ \& r
$\times 8,476$ \& r
r 8,561 \& 78,148
5,481 \& \& <br>
\hline Republic of the Philippines-.-------.-.-- do \& + 27,475 \& r 43, 357 \& r 33, 288 \& r 30,913 \& r 32,173 \& r 24,776 \& +31,659 \& - 29,083 \& r 31,872 \& + 28,932 \& +29,875 \& 22, 515 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& - 58,003 \& r 75, 622 \& r 56,625 \& r 54, 362 \& + 50, 345 \& r 49,092 \& r 43, 221 \& r 34,496 \& г 33, 099 \& r 36, 042 \& -32,770 \& 41, 255 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& \& \& - 96 \& - 57 \& \& - 7 \& -3, 223 \& -3, 9 \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& - 82,888 \& r 98,083 \& г 79,937 \& ¢ 81,618 \& + 72, 765 \& - 76,011 \& + 73, 244 \& + 69, 144 \& r 76,955 \& r 79.980 \& - 79, 839 \& 76, 250 \& \& <br>
\hline Italy Undon of Soviet Social \& - 64, 983 \& r81,329 \& r 58, 758 \& r 56, 585 \& - 53, 295 \& ¢ 41, 709 \& r 49,404 \& r
$\times 17,883$
$r$ \& r 51,202 \& r 47,344 \& ${ }^{\text {r 53, }} 187$ \& 38, 879 \& \& <br>
\hline Union of Soviet Socialist Republics-..-....- do \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 94,110 \\ \hline 152\end{array}$ \& r $\begin{array}{r}78 \\ \text { 124, } 635\end{array}$ \& + 112 \& 117
$+86,454$ \& 18
$+77,618$ \& $r$
$r 782$
+7807 \& 255
$+76,140$ \& $\begin{array}{r}r \\ r \\ r 97,450 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}1 \\ r 100 \\ \hline 858\end{array}$ \& r $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ r 8,47\end{array}$ \& $+81,651$ \& 31
7384 \& \& <br>
\hline North and South America: \& -94,152 \& 124, 085 \& +90,020 \& -86, 454 \& +77,618 \& r 77,007 \& r 76, 140 \& ${ }^{r} 97,489$ \& r 100, 253 \& r 88,481 \& +81,631 \& 73, 584 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& r314,881 \& r366, 589 \& -374, 303 \& +374,089 \& +355, 805 \& ${ }_{\text {r 321, }}$ 413 \& r 309, 868 \& r 303, 673 \& +317,373 \& -295, 299 \& r 265,459 \& 248, 421 \& \& <br>
\hline Latin American Republics, total $9 . .-$---- do \& r 292, 213 \& - 443, 693 \& -387,829 \& r 388,453 \& -373, 688 \& -354,312 \& - 411,793 \& r 363, 972 \& r 406,346 \& r 411,331 \& r 398, 163 \& 361, 601 \& \& <br>

\hline  \& + 21,099 \& | $\tau$ |
| :--- |
| r |
| r | \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 31,426 \\ \mathrm{r} \\ \mathrm{43} \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ \&  \& \[

r 24,167

\] \& \[

r 19,846

\] \& \[

+26,944

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
17,956
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
r 20,814 \\
r
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

r 18, 545

\] \& \[

r 18,647
\] \& 16, 756 \& \& <br>

\hline Brazil \& +24, 286 \& r 37,981 \& $$
\text { r } 43,987
$$ \& \[

r 42,577

\] \& $\xrightarrow[+54,773]{+}$ \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
38,956
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

r 47,051

\] \& \[

r 30, 566

\] \& r 41, 506 \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
188,204
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
r 46,115 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$
\] \& 45,765 \& \& <br>

\hline Chile \& +10,623 \& +22,919 \& r 17.081 \& - 19,076 \& -16,147 \& r 17, 537 \& ${ }^{\text {r 15, }} 706$ \& r 15, 724 \& r 14, 441 \& r 15, 028 \& - 13,692 \& 14,016 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& r 11, 244 \& ${ }^{+} 21,527$ \& 「 14,473 \& ${ }^{r} 16,169$ \& ${ }^{\text {r 17, }} 593$ \& - 23,390 \& - 30, 438 \& + 23,934 \& + 26,945 \& r 22, 254 \& r 20, 501 \& 19,442 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& + 46, 923 \& ${ }^{r} 64,443$ \& + 51,283 \& r 49, 441 \& r 44, 276 \& r 47,336 \& +49,492 \& r 45, 644 \& -54,792 \& r 60,421 \& r 55,259 \& 50, 947 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& $r^{r} 71,106$
${ }_{5} 56,043$ \& r 81,107
$r 95,284$ \& r
$\mathrm{r} 74,793$

$\mathrm{r} 82,713$ \& | $r$ |
| ---: |
| 76,596 |
| $r 89,444$ | \& $+72,121$


$+82,241$ \& | $r$ |
| :--- |
| $r$ |
| $r$ |
| 78,095 |
| 88 | \& $+78,127$

$r 97,931$ \& r 70,792
r 89,972 \&  \& r 81,190
$r 105$ \& r
$+81,308$
$r 100,739$ \& 76,050 \& \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- | October | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Novem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\text { ary }}{\text { Janu- }}$ | February | March |

## INTERNATIONAL TRANSACTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES-Continued


r Revised. $\quad$ Preliminary. $\ddagger$ See similar note on p. S-2l. ISee similar note on p. S-21.
O Data for semimanufactures reported as "special category, type 1 " are included with finished manufactures
$\S$ Excludes "special category, type 1 " exports.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 19 | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | November | Decem- ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Febru- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | March |

## TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS

| TRANSPORTATION <br> Airlines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Operations on scheduled airlines: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Miles flown, revenue .....-.-.-.-.-.-.-.thousands..- | 51,682 18,272 | 59,224 20,930 | 57, 716 20,390 | 59,863 23,609 8 | 59,655 22,396 | 62,058 21,969 | 63,562 23,651 | 60,707 23,007 | 61,398 24,080 | 57,523 20,686 | 61,638 21,730 | 61,561 20,600 |  |  |
|  | 18,272 7,397 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 20, } \\ 8 \\ 8,242 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 20,390 8,125 | 23,609 8,356 | 22,396 7,628 | 21,969 7,552 | 23,651 7,749 | 23,007 7,219 | 24,080 8,214 | 20,686 7 7 | 21,730 | 21,600 8,276 |  |  |
|  | 2, 808 | 3,326 | 3, 370 | 3,433 | 3, 707 | 3,525 | 3, 741 | 3,445 | 3,483 | 3,114 | 3, 274 | 3,341 |  |  |
| Passenger-miles flown, revenue.................-millions.- | 1,702 | 2,006 | 2,008 | 2,016 | 2,333 | 2,253 | 2,349 | 2, 100 | 2,015 | 1,790 | 2,031 | 2,072 |  |  |
| Express Operations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transportation revenues | 30,125 | 33, 445 | 29,827 | 22,506 | 22,215 | 24, 405 | 30,770 | 31,961 | 34, 039 | 31,469 | 38,072 | 28,265 |  |  |
| Express privilege payments.........-.------.---- ${ }^{\text {do---- }}$ | 9,019 | 11, 823 | 9,347 | 4,939 | 6,236 | 7,278 | 11,351 | 11,192 | 12,779 | 9, 535 | 13,115 | 6,997 |  |  |
| Local Transit Lines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 15.7 | 15.7 | 15.8 | 15.8 | 15.8 | 15.8 | 15.9 | 15.9 | 16.0 | 16.0 | 16.1 | 16.2 | 16.2 |  |
|  | +670 +110.6 | 732 117.6 | 730 120.2 | 743 120.3 | 661 108.8 | 648 111.9 | 646 111.2 | 663 104.5 | 709 114.3 | 675 112.4 | 701 118.0 | 677 111.7 | 615 |  |
| Class I Motor Carriers (Intercity) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Carriers of property (quarterly totals): <br> Number of reporting carriers |  | 848 |  |  | 837 |  |  | 837 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating revenues, total.............-thous. of dol. |  | 924, 470 |  |  | 938,036 |  |  | 980,490 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 892, 707 |  |  | 891, 633 |  |  | 933, 027 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenue freight carried.-.-.-.-.......thous. of tons.. |  | 59,397 |  |  | 57, 250 |  |  | 59,411 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Carriers of passengers (quarterly totals): <br> Number of reporting carriers. |  | 150 |  |  | 148 |  |  | 150 |  |  | 148 |  |  |  |
| Operating revenues, total..-.--.....-thous of dol |  | 84, 767 |  |  | 105, 167 |  |  | 125, 552 |  |  | 97, 625 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 86, 039 |  |  | 94,973 |  |  | 103, 380 |  |  | 92, 328 |  |  |  |
| Revenue passengers carried.....-.........thousands.. |  | 63, 154 |  |  | 68,308 |  |  | 72,094 |  |  | 64, 735 |  |  |  |
| Class I Railways |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Freight carloadings (A. A. R.): $0^{\text {' }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2, 616 | 3,446 | 2,696 | 2, 888 | 3,631 | 2,707 | 3,736 | 2, 851 | 2,920 | 3,223 | 2. 221 | 2,164 | 2, 108 | 2,702 |
|  | 521 | 691 | 525 | 532 | 680 | 405 | 683 | 544 | 543 | 635 | 461 | 457 | 427 | 533 |
| Coke | 55 | 66 203 | 49 157 | 45 159 | 52 203 | 149 | 55 209 | 41 | 40 148 | 47 175 | 33 132 | 28 136 | 28 139 | 30 166 |
|  | 154 | 203 | 157 | 159 | 203 | 149 | 209 | 149 | 148 | 175 | 132 | 136 | 139 | 166 |
|  | 202 | 264 | 192 | 191 | 236 | 251 | 278 | 182 | 211 49 | 254 | 213 | 208 | 196 | 244 24 |
|  | 83 | 119 | 151 | 321 | 441 | 363 | 437 | 323 | 289 | 191 | 64 | 63 | 54 | 74 |
|  | 217 | 290 | 225 | 220 | 264 | 201 | 275 | 217 | 220 | 249 | 173 | 166 | 179 | 239 |
| Miscellaneous.--.-.-.-.-.....----.-.---- do. | 1,364 | 1,784 | 1,375 | 1,396 | 1,731 | 1,277 | 1,770 | 1,361 | 1,419 | 1,626 | 1,123 | 1,086 | 1,067 | 1,391 |
| Freight carloadings (Federal Reserve indexes) : ${ }_{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 116 | 1120 | 117 108 | 122 110 | 124 | 118 90 | 126 113 | 125 | 112 | 1114 | 102 99 | 99 | 93 89 | 94 85 |
|  | 173 | 166 | 153 | 142 | 132 | 136 | 139 | 134 | 125 | 121 | 107 | 92 | 88 | 75 |
|  | 128 | 131 | 127 | 129 | 134 | 127 | 135 | 125 | 121 | 116 | 112 | 115 | 111 | 108 |
| Grain and grain products.....................-do | 144 | 148 | 135 | 134 | 136 | 183 | 155 | 135 | 147 | 148 | 155 | 152 | 136 | 138 |
|  | 38 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 33 | 36 | 42 | 65 | 89 | 65 | 39 | 38 | 31 | 34 |
|  | 77 | 82 | 142 | 290 | 313 | 331 | 305 | 295 | 245 | 127 | 59 | 56 | 48 | 52 |
|  | 35 | 37 | 35 | 35 | 34 | 33 | 35 | 36 | 35 | 32 | 28 | 28 | 29 | 30 |
|  | 130 | 134 | 130 | 131 | 133 | 126 | 134 | 134 | 134 | 126 | 110 | 106 | 101 | 105 |
| Total, seasonally adjusted...----------------- do | - 129 | 「128 | 120 | 119 | 119 | 113 | 121 | 115 | 114 | 112 | 110 | 109 | - 101 | 100 |
|  | 109 | 114 | 108 | 110 | 114 | 90 | 113 | 117 | 112 | 108 | 99 | 97 | 89 | 85 |
|  | 163 | 165 | 156 | 143 | 135 | 140 | 145 | 136 | 127 | 121 | 102 | 87 | 83 | 74 |
|  | 134 | 131 | 127 | 124 | 129 | 126 | 129 | 116 | 115 | 118 | 125 | 128 | 115 | 108 |
|  | 147 | 160 | 153 | 153 | 133 | 152 | 143 | 120 | 147 | 151 | 165 | 152 | 139 | 150 |
| Livestock | 47 | 51 | 45 | 44 | 43 | 43 | 44 | 49 | 57 | 52 | 41 | 40 | 38 | 44 |
|  | 307 | 283 | 188 | 188 | 202 | 207 | 203 | 196 | 152 | 152 | 192 | 222 | 191 | 181 |
|  | 36 | 36 | 35 | 35 | 34 | 33 | 35 | 34 | 33 | 32 | 30 | 29 | 30 | 30 |
|  | ${ }^{1 r} 141$ | r 138 | 132 | 130 | 129 | 125 | 133 | 124 | 123 | 121 | 117 | 116 | ${ }^{r} 110$ | 108 |
| Freight-car surplus and shortage, daily average: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 8,329 3,274 | 6,428 2,331 | 8,575 3,154 | 16,339 | 24, 248 | 20, 437 | 12,749 | 19,886 | 12,781 5,913 | 19,965 | 54, 072 | 105,263 35,032 | 112, 229 | 110, 576 |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}3,274 \\ 374 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2,331 543 | $\begin{array}{r}3,154 \\ 388 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}8,915 \\ \hline 204\end{array}$ | 16,797 240 | 9,285 4,278 | 6,829 84 | 11,756 668 | $\begin{array}{r}5.913 \\ \hline 133\end{array}$ | 9, 275 | 18,237 23,057 | 35,032 52,482 | 34,259 57,700 | 33,844 58.148 |
| Car shortage, total 9. | 2,406 | 1,851 | 1,181 | 889 | 1, 773 | 1,608 | 2, 798 | 1,626 | 1,480 | 245 | 29 | 46 | 67 | 160 |
|  | 1, 272 | 1, 118 | 326 | 134 | 117 | 672 | 983 | 418 | 518 | 127 | 23 | 18 | 4 | 31 |
| Gondolas and open hoppers.-.------------- do.-.- | 989 | 619 | 694 | 662 | 1,517 | 859 | 2,015 | 1,162 | 903 | 92 | 0 | 1 | 17 | 0 |
| Financial operations: Operating revenues, total ${ }^{\text {a }}$. $\ldots$ mil of dol | r 816.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 829.9 |  |  |  |  |
|  | +816.0 +696.3 | 976.6 776.9 | 858.8 | 900.5 780.5 | 8735 | 872.7 734 | 788.8 | 877.2 | 800.2 | 710.3 | ${ }_{676.5}^{824.8}$ | 660.2 | 692.8 589.9 |  |
|  | 57.6 | 58.0 | 59.7 | 59.7 | 67.8 | 71.2 | 68.8 | 56.4 | 52.5 | 52.9 | 65.0 | 57.7 | 48.7 |  |
| Operating expenses | 643.3 | 690.1 | 690.4 | 713.6 | 685.8 | 695.5 | 701.3 | 673.1 | 697.6 | 666.0 | 683.6 | 650.0 |  |  |
| Tax accruals, joint facility and equipment rents mil. of dol | 106.4 | 123.6 | 114.5 | 112.2 | 108.1 | 108.6 | 132.2 | 115.7 | 130.1 | 99.7 | 82.1 | 96.6 |  |  |
| Net railway operating income.-...-.---......- do...- | $r 65.8$ | 89.9 | 81.2 | 80.8 | 74.0 | 68.5 | 96.4 | 84.2 | 99.6 | 64.2 | 59.0 | 31.8 | 8.9 |  |
|  | 47.0 | 71.2 | 60.6 | 64.5 | 57.3 | 48.2 | 79.5 | 63.7 | 79.8 | 45.2 | 73.6 | 16.7 |  |  |
| Operating results: ${ }_{\text {Freight carried }} 1$ mile.............mil. of ton-miles | 49, 405 | 56,977 | 52,962 | 56, 590 | 54,477 | 51,624 | 57, 999 | 53, 162 | 55, 629 | 50, 192 | 45,995 | 46,508 |  |  |
|  | 1. 448 | 1. 413 | 1. 463 | 1. 424 | 1. 396 | 1.406 | 1. 405 | 1. 443 | 1.473 | 1. 462 | 1,504 | 4, 50 |  |  |
| Passengers carried 1 mile, revenue $\qquad$ millions.Water way Traffic | 1,981 | 2,012 | 2,068 | 2, 040 | 2, 421 | 2,626 | 2,537 | 1,997 | 1,821 | 1,776 | 2,259 |  |  |  |
| Clearances, vessels in foreign trade: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total U. S. ports.-----.-.-.-. thous. of net tons | 10,849 | 13,229 | 14,072 | 15, 202 | 14, 597 | 14, 811 | 15,629 | 13,552 | 14, 164 | 12,774 | 11,912 |  |  |  |
| Foreign vessels.-.-.-.......-.-................- do..... | 8, 555 | 10, 261 | 10,727 | 11, 423 | 11, 200 | 11, 357 | 12,229 | 10,905 | 11,359 | 10,238 | 9,894 |  |  |  |
|  | 2,294 | 2,968 | 3,345 | 3,779 | 3, 397 | 3,454 | 3,400 | 2,647 | 2,805 | 2,536 | 2,018 |  |  |  |
| Panama Canal: thous of long tons |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3,897 930 | 4,813 1,229 | 4,397 975 | 4,586 1,282 | 4,522 1,233 | 4,441 1,087 | 4, 1,044 | 3,955 98 | 4,305 929 | 3,994 832 | 4,058 892 | 3,735 |  |  |

r Revised. ${ }^{1}$ Revisions are as follows: Total-1955-Feb., 123; Mar., 122; 1956-Feb., 133; Mar., 131; miscellaneous-1955-Feb., 139; Mar., 141; 1956-Feb., 148; Mar., 145.
 $124.1 ; 119.2 ; 123.5 ; 114.7 ; 111.0 ; 115.0 ; 106.4 ; 123.2 ; 120.5 ; 124.3$.
o'Data for March, June, August, and November 1957 and March 1958 cover 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks.
Inciudes data not shown separately.
$\ddagger$ Revision for January $1957, \$ 43,900,000$.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Febru- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | March | April | May | June | July | Angust | Septem- | Octuber | Novem- ber | Decem- | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fubru- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | March |

TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATIONS-Continued

| TRANSPORTATION-Continued Travel |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hotels: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A verage sale per ocupied room..........-....dollars.. | 8.07 | 7.88 | 8. 43 | 7. 84 | 8. 39 | 7.93 | 8. 79 | 8.58 | 9.01 | 8.81 | 7. 98 | 8.31 | 8.31 |  |
| Rooms occupied .-.................. percent of total. | 74 | 71 | 3 | 73 | 72 | 63 | 68 | 71 | 77 | 67 | 54 | 68 | 69 |  |
| Restaurant sales index_......-same month $1920=100 \ldots$ Foreign travel: | 270 | 233 | 268 | 312 | 289 | 252 | 270 | 271 | 272 | 262 | 241 | 259 | 254 |  |
|  | 91, 217 | 109, 421 | 103, 026 | 105,765 | 125, 338 | 149.640 | 186, 508 | 157,049 | 119, 148 | 95,909 | 93,952 |  |  |  |
|  | 104, 618 | 116.920 | 115, 179 | 137,790 | 179, $3 \leq 1$ | 175, 608 | 144,292 | 115,945 | 95, 824 | 79, 431 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 63,306 | 87, 010 | 85, 423 | 83, 063 | 88,791 | 85, 261 | 95,866 | 102, 092 | 81, 104 | 68,036 | 67,926 |  |  |  |
|  | 34, 484 | 45, 942 | 45, 465 | 53, 495 | 58,367 | 60,425 | 61,642 | 64, 213 | 55, 740 | 49,478 |  |  |  |  |
| Passports issued and renewed...................do | 49,970 | 69, 140 | 76, 301 | 82, 755 | 57, 208 | 51, 892 | 42,320 | 32, 089 | 30, 387 | 26, 262 | 28,419 | 48,238 | 56, 521 | 75,652 |
| National parks, visitors....---------.---....thousands. | 364 | 480 | 726 | 1,183 | 3,127 | 5,083 | 5,076 | 2,227 | 1,073 | 430 | 342 | 382 | 371 |  |
| Pullman Co.: Revenue pasenger-miles..-.................. millions | 524 | 506 | 459 | 416 | 469 | 430 | 428 | 386 | 399 | 364 | 420 | 462 |  |  |
| Passenger revenues...-......-.-.-.-...- thous. of dol.. | 7,989 | 7,711 | 7,001 | 6,342 | 7,124 | 6, 536 | 6,496 | 5,870 | 6,062 | 5,522 | 6,342 | 7,044 |  |  |
| COMMUNICATIONS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Telephone carricrs: <br> Operating revenues $\%$ thous. of dol | 520, 662 | 539,632 | 548, 780 | 556, 390 | 548, 793 |  |  |  |  |  | 579,975 | 577, 513 |  |  |
|  | 303,413 | 306, 349 | 311, 431 | 312, 830 | 312,606 | 311,922 | 313, 230 | 315,464 | 325,268 | 325,853 | 313, 492 | 333,297 |  |  |
|  | 170,471 | 186, 255 | 189,272 | 195, 422 | 185, 727 | 194,478 | 199, 107 | 181,0ヶ2 | 197,052 | 157,067 | 196, 124 | 191,674 |  |  |
| Operating expenses, before taxes................. do | 332, 369 | 355, 372 | 362,395 | 370, 365 | 356, 435 | 378.524 | 36i7, 918 | 354, 793 | 381, 304 | 366, 209 | 392, 194 | 381,312 |  |  |
| Net operating income.-.......-.......-....-......... do | 76.025 | 75,788 | 75, 815 | 75, 664 | 78,329 | 72,385 | 80,707 | 80, 111 | 80,690 | 83, 700 | 79,545 | 79,442 |  |  |
| Phones in service, end of month........thousands. | 53, 156 | 53,431 | 53, 741 | 54, 005 | 54, 201 | 54,444 | 54, 677 | 54.923 | 55, 309 | 55, 536 | 55, 781 | 55, 959 |  |  |
| Telegraph, cable, and radiotelegraph carriers: Wire-telegraph: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating reventes.-..................thous. of dol. | 19.182 | 20,600 | 21,033 | 21, 699 | 20.772 | 20.431 | 20, 073 | 20,435 | 20, 970 | 18,745 | 20,330 | 19,467 |  |  |
| Operating expenses, incl. depreciation---.... do..- | 16,924 | 17.859 | 18,317 | 18,966 | 18, 123 | 18.043 | 18, 535 | 18, 035 | 18,412 | 17, 533 | 17,911 | 17, 978 |  |  |
| Net operating revenues Ocean-cable | 1,306 | 1,763 | 1,732 | 1,733 | 1,692 | 545 | 1,388 | 1,5i2 | 1,731 | 451 | 2,075 | 497 |  |  |
| Ocean-cable: Operating revenues.-...-...................-. do | 2, 689 | 2,870 | 2, 824. | 3,055 | 2,840 | 3, 041 | 2, 796 | 2,840 | 3,243 | 2,995 | 3, 206 | 3. 188 |  |  |
| Operating expenses, incl. depreciation....... do | 2, 249 | 2,340 | 2,313 | 2,486 | 2,381 | 2,548 | 2,463 | 2,471 | 2. 282 | 2,322 | 2,387 | 2,41.5 |  |  |
| Net operating revenues.......................... do. | 197 | 272 | 239 | 287 | 192 | 198 | 48 | 29 | 655 | 389 | 463 | 464 |  |  |
| Radiotclegraph: Operating revenues.-........-.-.-.-.-....... do. | 3,332 | 3,501 | 3,413 | 3,567 | 3,345 | 3,450 | 3, 411 | 3,410 | 3. 600 | 3,260 | 3,439 | 3,432 |  |  |
| Operating expenses, incl. depreciation.......do.... | 2, 443 | 2,567 | 2,545 | 2,622 | 2, 029 | 2,739 | 2.637 | 2,684 | 2,771 | 2,648 | 2,895 | 2,814 |  |  |
|  | 791 | 833 | 767 | 844 | 609 | 599 | 670 | 61.3 | 718 | 512 | 443 | 503 |  |  |

CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS

| CHEMICALS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Inorganic chemicals, production: $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| mmonia, synthetic anhydrous (commercial) short tons. | 294, 103 | 320, 733 | 321, 529 | 334, 209 | 308, 7.55 | 293,661 | 294, 507 | 290,624 | 322, 557 | 310, |
| Calcium carbide (commercial)...-...-.-.-...-.-. do.... | 77, 754 | 86, 268 | 87,443 | 81,098 | 74,752 | 83,009 | 87, 581 | 88,942 | 86,587 | 86,500 |
| Carbon dioxide, liquid, gas, and solid............do | 53, 435 | 60, 643 | 66, 550 | 81,677 | 91,533 | 102,664 | 98,972 | 78,071 | 71,427 | 60,075 |
|  | 291, 428 | 326, 594 | 327.920 | 342, 813 | 329,048 | 333, 137 | 323, 404 | 329,627 | 338, 297 | 319,749 |
| Hydrochloric acid ( $100 \% \mathrm{HCl}$ ) | 75, 145 | 80, 957 | 76, 241 | 74.049 | 73, 214 | 75, 785 | 77, 770 | 76,550 | 81,811 | 78,331 |
| Nitrie acid ( $100 \% \mathrm{HNO}_{3}$ ) | 231, 148 | 250,040 | 245, 241 | 253, 287 | 212,616 | 210, 125 | 234, 772 | 217, 441 | 250, 362 | 231,100 |
| Oxygen (high purity) --.............mil. of cu. ft... | 2,109 | 2,524 | 2, 502 | 2,619 | 2,393 | 2, 414 | 2,647 | 2,645 | 2,797 | 2,620 |
|  | 351, 157 | 380,992 | 356,352 | 383, 249 | 331,083 | 331, 608 | 353,015 | 373,648 | 384, 834 | 356, 873 |
| short tons | 376, 731 | 414, 879 | 403,736 | 400, 698 | 377, 202 | 358,741 | 391,615 | 368,917 | 401, 774 | 404, 143 |
| Sodum bichromate and chromate...........-- do... | 8.871 | 9,642 | 9.860 | 9,649 | 9, 341 | 6, 286 | 8,166 | 8, 544 | 8,982 | 8,693 |
| Sodium hydroxide (100\% NaOH) ......-....-. do.. | 321,922 | 354, 297 | 360,937 | 378,190 | 356, 710 | 362,924 | 354,015 | 367, 350 | 375,059 | 361, 583 |
| Sodium silicate, soluble silicate glass (anhydrous) <br> short tons. | 50,786 | 54,466 | 53, 137 | 55,470 | 48, 497 | 41, 156 | 46,045 | 53,867 | 58,500 | 47,67 |
| Sodium sulfate (Glaziber's salt and crude salt cake) short tons | 69,546 | 76,249 | 74,626 | 73,093 | 66, 537 | 65, 448 | 65, 552 | 63,650 | 74,754 | -2, 709 |
| Sulfuri |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production ( $100 \% \mathrm{H}_{2} \mathrm{SO}_{4}$ ) $\qquad$ thous. of short tons Price, wholesale $66^{\circ}$, tanks, at works | 1,310 | 1,418 | 1,382 | 1,422 | 1,309 | 1,286 | 1,304 | 1,348 | 1,433 | ,31 |
| Price, wholesale, $66^{\circ}$, tanks, at works dol. per short ton .- | 22.35 | 22.35 | 22.35 | 22.35 | 22. 35 | 22.35 | 22.35 | 22.35 | 22. 35 | 23.35 |
| Organic chemicals: ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Acetic acid (synthetic and natural), production |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| thous. of lb-- | 41, 227 | 41, 136 | 32, 738 | 38, 895 | 46, 982 | 45,643 | 51,726 | 50,725 | 48, 168 | 47,259 85,260 |
| Acetic anhydride, production.....------ | 7, $\mathbf{1 , 5 4 6}$ 1,512 | 76,985 1,208 | 64,305 1,570 | 61,546 1,473 | 67,377 1,223 | $\begin{array}{r}67,140 \\ \hline 943\end{array}$ | 76,886 1,240 | 81,027 1,569 | 84,238 1,907 | 85,264 1,774 |
| Atcohol, ethyl: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production-------------.-.- thous. of proof gal | 32,766 | 35,429 | 33,631 | 33, 444 | 31,755 | 36,560 | 41,481 | 39,048 | 41.109 | 42,65 |
| Stocks, end of month, total .-.............-.- do.-- | 31, 188 | 29.418 | 28,051 | 26,510 | 26,591 | 28.542 | 28, 908 | 26, 043 | $2 \pm 441$ | 27.77 |
| In industrial alcohol bonded warehouses . do | 23,869 | 20,791 | 18,734 | 17, 530 | r 18, 012 | 19,880 | 23,517 | 20,780 | 20.360 | 23, 460 |
|  | 7,330 | 8. 626 | 9,317 | 8.980 | 8, 579 | 8,662 | 5.390 | 5,263 | 4, 081 | 4.31 |
| Used for denaturation | 33, 326 | 35, 253 | 35, 275 | 33, 501 | 30, 793 | 35,910 | 37, 551 | 35, 180 | 41,087 | 38,319 |
| Withdrawn tax-paid. | 925 | 834 | 736 | 1,044 | 1,072 | 725 | 812 | 901 | 942 | 1,163 |
| Alcohol, denatured: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 17, 896 | 19,040 | 19.047 | 18, 133 | 16, 665 | 19,403 | 20, 648 | 19,041 | 22, 218 | 20, 672 |
| Consumption (withdrawals) | 18,370 | + 20,390 | 19,886 | 19,046 | 17,752 | 19, 005 | 21, 534 | 18, 042 | 22.985 | 21, 808 |
| Stocks, end of month | 12,135 | 11,064 | 9.746 | 8,181 | 5,978 | 5,561 | 4,607 | 5,576 | 4.978 | 3,870 |
| Oreosote oil, production.................thous. of gal.- | 8,955 | 9,796 | 10. 414 | 11, 052 | 9,603 | 9,171 | 10, 895 | 9,812 | 10,244 | 9,936 |
| DIJT, production...-......-...-........-thous. of lb.- | 9,311 | 11,522 | 11, 766 | 12, 880 | 11, 023 | 11,058 | 9,306 | 9,193 | 8,932 | 9,017 |
| Ethyl acetate ( $85 \%$ ), production............-... do | 5,702 | 6,371 | 7,420 | 6, 061 | 8, 151 | 8,038 | 7,416 | 6,938 | 9, 801 | 9,002 |
| Ethylene glycol, production----------.-..... do | 82, 526 | 89, 577 | 97, 156 | 98,873 | 98, 789 | 106, 183 | 109, 117 | 105,236 | 104, 543 | 106, 358 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production. | 19,642 | 20, 799 | 21,556 | 21, 873 | 17,918 | 16,853 | 22,012 | 21,770 | 22,909 | 19,799 |
| Consumption | 15,345 | 16,641 | 16,026 | 17,782 | 15,904 | 15, 638 | 18,022 | 16,767 | 18,692 | 16, 211 |
| Stocks, end of month | 51,974 | 52,058 | 54,348 | 55,095 | 53, 629 | 52,065 | 53, 635 | 55, 452 | 54, 288 | 53, 739 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Natural. $\qquad$ thous. of gal. | $\begin{array}{r} 166 \\ 18144 \end{array}$ | 18.701 | 193 1647 | 16.301 | 14.187 108 | 16. 186 | 165 18000 | 101 16489 | 107 18.65 |  |
|  | 18,144 27,242 | 18,701 27,080 | 16,647 30,226 | 16,329 31,444 | 14,108 30,519 | 16,692 27,400 | 18,000 24,240 | 16,489 29,653 | 18,665 30,317 | 17,747 31,231 |
| Phthalic anhydride, production.........thous. of lb.. | 27, 242 | 27,080 | 30, 226 | 31,444 | 30,519 | 27, 400 | 24, 240 | 29,653 | 30, 317 | 31,231 |
| $r$ Revised. $\quad p$ Preliminary. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\ddagger$ Revisions for January-November 1956 will be published later; revised 1955 figures for phosphoric and sulfuric acid are available upon request.$\mathrm{o}^{\prime}$ Data (except for alcohol) are reported on basis of 100 -percent content of the specified material unless otherwise indicated. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| nless other wise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BLSINESS S'TATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Septem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{array}$ | October | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | December | $\begin{gathered} \text { Janu- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | February | March |

## CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS-Continued

| FERTILIZERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| onsumption (10 States) $\oplus$......- thous. of short tons - | 711 | 1,307 | 1,722 | 1,178 | 647 | 286 | 185 | 301 | 411 | 334 | 287 | 339 |  |  |
|  | 400, 633 | -571, 825 | 605, 734 | 547,058 | 560, 382 | -567, 635 | 582, 497 | 503, 418 | 464, 974 | 392,048 | 361,631 | 310, 929 |  |  |
|  | 91, 201 | ${ }^{\text {\% }} 136,255$ | 117,457 | 120, 399 | 81,768 | 73, 414 | 87,709 | 57, 439 | 89, 941 | 70,852 | 72, 221 | 60,753 |  |  |
|  | 259, 695 | 334, 222 | 364, 178 | 366, 275 | 421,374 | r437, 157 | 440, 652 | 394, 737 | 327, 238 | 264,064 | 272, 165 | 216, 263 |  |  |
|  | 23, 146 | 66,979 | 86, 548 | 27, 059 | 45,042 | 37, 482 | 26, 145 | 34, 449 | 20,608 | 41, 859 | 7,722 | 16, 992 |  |  |
|  | 203,735 | 211, 583 | 260,485 | 214, 395 | 181, 884 | 123, 050 | -181, 947 | 180, 198 | 192.190 | 205, 134 | 211, 548 |  |  |  |
| N'itrocenous materials, total 9 .............-.-.- do | 101, 561 | 115, 218 | 167, 161 | 144, 266 | 139,344 | 75, 805 | 105. 840 | 108, 899 | 106, 965 | 155, 271 | 160, 757 |  |  |  |
| Nitrate of soda | 21, 213 | 23, 566 | 94, 189 | 84, 590 | 71, 461 | 26, 160 | 36.049 | 36, 449 | 21.724 | 88, 290 | 50, 771 |  |  |  |
|  | 9,672 | 12, 138 | 9,582 | 10, 103 | 7,343 | 11, 237 | 12,027 | 7,256 | 17.838 | 10.079 | 9,439 |  |  |  |
|  | 53,485 | 32,622 | 24, 101 | 7,969 | 4, 145 | 18,023 | r 41,678 | 35,839 | 41,720 | 22.839 | 26, 194 |  |  |  |
| rice, wholesale, nitrate of soda, crude, f. o. b. cars, port warehouses ................................. ser short ton. | 49.50 | 49. 50 | 49. 50 | 48.00 | 48.00 | 48.00 | 48.00 | 48.00 |  | 49.75 | 49.75 | 49.75 | $p 49.75$ |  |
| otash deliveries -.....-........-.......... short tons.- | 183, 140 | 266, 028 | 269, 417 | 165,546 | 121, 134 | 90,904 | 114, 455 | 158,612 | 113,306 | 150, 852 | 124, 833 | 173, 171 |  |  |
| aperphosphate ( $100 \%$ available phosphoric acid): <br> Production.....................................-short tons. | 216, 022 | 229, 529 | 225,072 | 211, 784 | 170, 519 | 162,974 | 170. 83.4 | 188.705 | 216, 276 | 205, 821 | -212,708 | 220, 881 |  |  |
|  | 418,947 | 322, 033 | 233,405 | 206, 881 | 271,568 | 308, 380 | 321, 274 | 339,729 | 337, 193 | 369.039 | -401, 707 | 411,219 |  |  |
| miscellaneous |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| xpiosives (industrial), shipments: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hiack blasting powder.-.--...-.-...........thous. of lb.. High explosives | 722 67,094 | 246 71,654 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 79, } 223 \\ \\ \hline 924\end{array}$ | 137 82,235 | 107 78,911 | 210 82,007 | 195 80,288 | 307 86,887 | $\begin{array}{r} 299 \\ 82,141 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 359 \\ 69,603 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 349 \\ & 68,154 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 293 \\ 64,719 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 259 \\ 8,393 \end{array}$ |  |
| ulfiur (native): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prominction.-..................thous of long to | 440 | 472 | 462 | 429 | 440 | 460 | 470 | 445 | 462 | 446 | 472 | 461 | 415 |  |
| Stocks (producers'), end of month .-.....----- do-.-- | 4,088 | 4,102 | 4,049 | 4,093 | 4,087 | 4,153 | 4,173 | 4, 273 | 4,305 | 4,355 | 4,423 | 4, 540 | 4,621 |  |
| FATS, OILS, OILSEEDS, AND BYPRODUCTS nimal fats and greases: $\sigma^{7}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Trilow, edible: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production $\ddagger$ | 28,6 | 23,8 | 23.619 | 28,854 | 23. 499 | 22. 102 | 25,682 | 23,377 | 23,046 | 25, 786 | 23, 132 | 24,785 | 25,698 |  |
|  | - 27,676 | 22,453 20,668 | 22,503 20,469 | 28, 519 | 23,265 17,364 | 23, 87.107 | 24,260 16,900 | 24,086 15,055 | 23,850 13,352 | 23,137 13,901 | 17,763 19 | 20,791 23,458 | 25,430 |  |
| T illow and grease (except wool), inedible: | 20, 442 |  | 20,469 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 19, | 23,458 | 23, 427 |  |
| Production $\ddagger$.-...-..................------- do | 239, 230 | 215, 198 | 208, 585 | 230, 325 | 212,554 | 211, 120 | 227,447 | 208,097 | 237, 040 | 223,282 | 211, 279 | 231,653 | 203, 628 |  |
| Consumption, factorylt - .-.............-. do | 133, 123 | 146, 703 | 139,888 | 143, 522 | 130, 684 | 109, 670 | 152,561 | 140, 566 | 155, 053 | 137, 141 | 132, 330 | 148, 147 | 126, 104 |  |
| Stocks (excl. refined grades), end of month - do | 347, 889 | 288, 052 | 254, 929 | 248, 253 | 250,302 | 253, 161 | 247, 307 | 231, 469 | 239, 287 | 249, 102 | 270, 070 | 267, 193 | 244, 655 |  |
| 'ish und marine mammal oils: $\Delta$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production $\ddagger$ | 515 | 411 | 1,358 | 12, 280 | 19,010 | 34,146 | 25, 742 | 22,958 | 23,743 | 8,387 | 6,419 | r 384 | 286 |  |
| Consumption, factory $\ddagger$.-....-.-................-. do | 14,689 | 10, 522 | 11,570 | 12,423 | 11, 177 | 12,161 | 10, 78.512 | 12, 249 | 13.753 | ${ }^{10,640}$ | 12.329 78,480 | + 10.209 $\times 712$ | 9,449 |  |
|  | 71,646 | 59, 407 | 54,107 | 57,332 | 66, 412 | 83, 788 | 77,512 | 82, 035 | 92, 372 | 89,110 | 78,480 | r 71, 148 | 68, 227 |  |
| 'Setable oils, oilseeds, and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production, crude $\ddagger$.......--.............mil. of | 587 | 582 | 501 | 472 | 416 | 436 | 464 | 488 | 661 | 641 | 599 | 614 | 528 |  |
| Consumption, crude, fa | 501 | 508 | 471 | 455 | 471 | 420 | 464 | 438 | 585 | 537 | 531 | 606 | 540 |  |
| Stoeks, end of month: $\ddagger$ Crude |  |  |  | 597 |  |  | 462 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Refined | 461 | 463 | 456 | 416 | 367 | ${ }_{313}^{492}$ | $\stackrel{462}{ }$ | 242 | $\begin{aligned} & 51 \\ & 269 \end{aligned}$ | 306 | $\begin{aligned} & 675 \\ & 325 \end{aligned}$ | 639 3 | $\begin{gathered} 648 \\ 348 \end{gathered}$ |  |
|  | 145, 263 | 203, 824 | 114,055 | 76, 550 | 158,024 | - 77, 253 | r 88, 234 | 68,911 | -93, 305 | ${ }^{\sim} 55,140$ | 130,156 | 89,169 |  |  |
|  | 26, 555 | 50, 333 | 39,417 | 40,098 | 32,615 | 37, 181 | 39, 481 | 39, 084 | ${ }^{\text {- 43, }} 555$ | 39, 887 | 50,799 |  |  |  |
| Paint oils | 3,182 | 2,034 | 4,769 | 9,855 | 4,800 | 5,668 | 1,707 | 385 | 1,88.5 | 1,157 | 987 |  |  |  |
| All other vegetable oils | 23, 373 | 48,300 | 34,648 | 30, 243 | 27,814 | 31, 512 | 37, 774 | 38,699 | - 41, 670 | 38, 730 | 49,811 |  |  |  |
| Copra: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption, factory.--.--..--......... short tons | 24, 480 | 26,621 | 27, 222 | 27, 325 | 21, 887 | 26,663 | 25, 274 | 25,503 | 32,627 | 32,450 | 32, 554 | 31,469 | 20, 334 |  |
|  | 18, 177 | 27,178 | 20, 235 | 13, 219 | 8,748 | 12,354 | 13, 504 | 9,824 | 15,065 | 23, 979 |  | 16,721 | 18,122 |  |
| Imports-......... | 25,686 | 31, 372 | 23, 231 | 15,960 | 15,701 | 30,015 | 22, 787 | 22, 751 | 39,410 | 36,483 | 30, 183 |  |  |  |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 31, 114 | 34, 031 | 34, 459 | 35, 415 | 28,488 | 33, 758 | 32,300 | 32,604 | 41, 588 | 41,069 | 41,574 | 40, 167 | 25,146 |  |
|  | 29,902 | 42, 310 | 36, 211 | 34, 962 | 34, 364 | 33, 108 | 35, 421 | 18,226 | 51,702 | 34, 712 | 29,178 | 36,367 | 36, 425 |  |
| Consumption, factory: Crude | 46,602 | 61,969 | 55,205 | 54,162 | 51,142 | 47,879 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Refined | 31,098 | 37,400 | 37,082 | 33, 266 | 35, 729 | 32, 050 | 35,775 | 24,595 | 41,806 | 32, 532 | 29,526 | 33, 107 | 30,766 |  |
| Stocks, end Crude | 62,803 | 61,729 | 57,866 | 50,849 | 40,881 | 40,617 | 36,976 | 52, 208 | 37.065 | 38,821 | 56,840 |  |  |  |
|  | 10, 440 | 15, 250 | 13,065 | 11, 436 | 9,027 | 9,259 | 10,023 | 4,467 | 11,245 | 11,913 | 12,287 | 11,065 | -46,641 |  |
| Imports | 5,922 | 19,690 | 15,245 | 10,060 | 10,995 | 12,378 | 17,813 | 16,329 | 14,238 | 14,460 | 23,099 |  |  |  |
| Cottonseed: Receipts at mills $\ldots$.-.........thous of short tons |  |  |  | 11 | 10 | 101 | 238 |  |  |  | 925 |  |  |  |
|  | 492 | 400 | 278 | 224 | 147 | 120 | 142 | 346 | $1{ }_{646}$ | 932 | ${ }_{542}$ | ${ }_{522}^{278}$ | ${ }_{407}^{81}$ |  |
| Stocks at mills, end of month | 1,176 | 801 | 533 | 320 | 183 | 164 |  | 418 | 912 | 1,233 | 1,616 | 1,367 | 1,042 |  |
| Cottonseed cake and meal: <br> Production $\qquad$ short tons | 238,857 | 192,415 | 135,733 | 112,023 | 72,366 | 58, 531 | 71,002 | 166,582 | 299, 826 | 280, 242 | 246,686 | 238, 031 | 186, 389 |  |
| Stocks at mills, end of month-----.-....... do..-- | 228, 210 | 263,956 | 279,436 | 293, 212 | 287, 779 | 251, 816 | 209, 556 | 209, 213 | 249,383 | 261, 578 | 246, 341 | 241,455 | 224, 694 |  |
| Cottonseed oil, crude: <br> Production. thous. of Ib. | 170, 419 | 139,383 | 99,742 | 81,445 | 53,599 | 42,577 | 48,393 | 114,715 | 223, 092 | 203, 699 | 180,635 | 174, 440 |  |  |
|  | 168,091 | 142, 267 | 116, 696 | 107, 760 | 70, 242 | 48,915 | 36,787 | 64,027 | 108, 132 | 127,828 | 124,341 | 129, 699 | 136,965 |  |
| Cottonseed oil, refined: | 132, 848 | 106, 524 | 90, 323 | 74,543 | 65, 405 | 54,947 | 43, 777 | 75, 529 | 130, 973 | 133, 777 | 131.698 | 138, 290 | 108,729 |  |
|  | 113, 600 | 109,669 | 100, 139 | 106,940 | 105, 878 | 101, 717 | 103, 764 | 94,429 | 116, 520 | 109,610 | 107,956 | 115, 273 | 94, 796 |  |
|  | 29,561 | 26, 119 | 20, 579 | 19,669 | 13, 573 | 14,365 | 15, 048 | 15, 571 | 18,003 | 15,683 | 15,619 | 17, 777 | 14, 736 |  |
|  | ${ }_{223}^{288}$ | . 285 | ${ }^{278}$ | . 245 | ${ }_{2}^{205}$ | 154 .190 | . 99 | 82 180 | ${ }^{95}$ | 114 | 132 | 152 | -161 |  |
| Flaxseed <br> Production (crop estimate) $\qquad$ thous. of but. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 $\begin{array}{r}\text {. } 25,754 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |  |
| Dil mills: <br> Consumption $\qquad$ do | 2,239 | 2,586 | 1,500 |  | 1,508 | 3, 055 | 3,373 | 2,981 | 2,730 | 2,373 | 2,069 |  |  |  |
| Stocks, end | 3,433 | 2,066 | 1,748 | 1,422 | 2,352 | 2,777 | 2,615 | 3,707 | 3,794 | 4,662 | 4,414 | 4,719 | 4,155 |  |
| Price, wholesale, No. 1 ( | 3.34 |  |  |  | 3.07 | 3.07 | 3.25 | 3.40 | 3.40 | 3.35 | 3.42 | 3.34 | 3.21 |  |

; Revised. $\quad \stackrel{y}{r}$ Preliminary.
December 1 estimate of 1957 crop.
 ginia, consumption in that State is as follows (thous. short tons): 1957-January-March, 277; April-June, 323; July-September, 79; October-December, 66.

Q Includes data not shown separately. of For data on lard, see p. S-29.
tRevisions for $1954-$ October 1956 for edible tallow and for 1956 for the follo



TConsumption figures for edible tallow exclude quantities used in refining; those for inedible tallow, etc., include such quantities.
 these oils held by producing firms.

| Unless otherwise stated，statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Febru－ ary | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem－ ber | October | Novem－ ber | Decem－ ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | Febru－ ary | Mar |

## CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS－Continued

| FATS，OILS，ETC．－Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Vegetable oils，oilseeds，and byproducts－Continued Linseed oil，raw： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production．．．．－．－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．thous．of lb．－ | 45，657 | 52， 970 | 31， 106 | 31， 929 | 31， 533 | 61， 488 | 68，387 | 58，787 | 52， 829 | 45，699 | 39，771 | 35， 847 | 37，788 |  |
| Consumption，factory－－－．－－－－．．．－．－－－－－－do | 33，825 | 39，009 | 40，890 | 35， 442 | 42， 438 | 38，627 | 48，496 | 43，661 | 43， 348 | 35，696 | 27，308 | 32， 616 | 29， 177 |  |
|  | 128， 1345 | 144， 223 .131 | $\begin{array}{r}135,446 \\ \hline 127\end{array}$ | 123,646 .127 | 69，912 | 71，442 | 73， 249 | 72， 649 | 64， 345 | 75， 380 | 89， 258 | $\begin{array}{r}87.429 \\ + \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 95， 766 |  |
| Price，wholesale（Minneapoli Soybeans： |  |  |  | ． 127 |  | ． 127 | ． 133 | ． 142 | ． 148 | ． 149 | 150 | 「． 150 | p． 147 |  |
| Production（erop estimate）．－．－．－．．．．．thous．of bu－－ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 479，841 |  |  |  |
|  | 26，622 | 28， 909 | 27， 328 | 26， 476 | 21，694 | 24， 354 | 25，387 | 22， 245 | 28，084 | 29， 227 | 28，417 | 31，691 | 27， 104 |  |
|  | 56，332 | 44， 232 | 33， 533 | 24， 678 | 18， 724 | 18，655 | 12， 778 | 6，370 | 66，741 | 80，467 | 78，863 | 70，010 | 62，897 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 287， 218 | 313，006 | 298， 230 | 289，605 | 271，970 | 268， 757 | 276，614 | 244， 415 | 306， 746 | 313， 366 | 299，940 | 328， 321 | 288，663 |  |
|  | 209， 184 | 220， 333 | 213， 476 | 217， 495 | 238， 089 | 211， 177 | 241， 083 | 210， 216 | 252， 453 | 240， 139 | 248， 735 | 292， 857 | 276，880 |  |
| Consumption，factory，refined $\ddagger$－－－－－－－－－－－－do | 208， 924 | 210，687 | 207， 436 | 213， 302 | 235， 912 | 202， 512 | 222， 759 | 221， 872 | 247，491 | 231， 439 | 249， 682 | 285， 901 | 271.887 |  |
| Stocks，end of month： Crude | 129，964 | 150， 434 | 173， 139 | 195， 853 | 180，480 | 217，629 | 199， 167 | 182， 123 | 194， 319 | 249，323 | 281， 268 | 261， 537 | 242， 552 |  |
|  | 99， 970 | 97， 821 | 97， 212 | 101， 84.5 | 98， 325 | 98． 925 | 113， 725 | 103， 781 | 110， 813 | 125，027 | 124， 738 | 114， 704 | 116，994 |  |
| Price，wholesale，refined（N．Y．）．．．．．．．dol．per lb．－ Margarine： | ． 200 | 200 | 185 | ． 175 | ． 175 | ． 175 | ． 175 | ． 170 | ． 170 | ． 170 | ． 170 | ． 170 | P． 170 |  |
| Production－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．thous．of lb．－ | 121，685 | 120，472 | 122，897 | 116， 196 | 98， 088 | 109，977 | 116，812 | 120，737 | 137， 803 | 128， 788 | 134， 716 | －150， 862 | 135， 202 |  |
| Stocks（factory and warehouse），end of mo．．．．do． | 32， 143 | 34， 814 | 27， 426 | 29， 963 | 28．855 | 25， 444 | 28，453 | 27， 303 | 29，391 | 32， 205 | 26，392 | 28， 930 | 34， 324 |  |
| Price，wholesale，colored，delivered（eastern U．S．） dol．per lb． | 292 | 292 | 282 | 275 | 275 | 275 | 275 | 275 | 275 | 275 | 275 | 275 | ${ }^{\text {p．}} 275$ |  |
| ortening： <br> Production $\ddagger$ thous．of lb．－ | 144， 252 | 129，420 | 127，363 | 150， 741 | 147，478 | 131， 433 | 160， 503 | 160， 293 | 176， 608 | 168， 555 | 150，971 | 175，410 | 167， 332 |  |
| Stocks，end of month．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－．－．－．．．．．．－do | 133， 017 | 138，595 | 129， 987 | 123，001 | 130， 125 | 118， 022 | 108， 393 | 112， 674 | 112， 538 | 114， 493 | 120， 337 | 16， 209 | 124，689 |  |
| PAINTS，VARNISH，AND LACQUER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Factory shipments，total．．．．．．．．．－．－．．．．－thous．of dol．． | 112， 467 | 130，966 | 145， 055 | 157， 569 | 152，899 | 148． 162 | 152，080 | 132， 566 | 134， 032 | 113， 689 | 95，418 | 120， 276 | 103，995 |  |
| Industrial sales－．．－－．－－－．－－－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do | 50， 131 | 55，378 | 57， 566 | 59，768 | 55， 370 | 55， 244 | 57，600 | 50， 863 | 56， 169 | 49， 571 | 42， 464 | 49，320 | 42， 498 |  |
|  | 62，336 | 75， 588 | 87， 489 | 97， 801 | 97， 529 | 92，918 | 94， 480 | 81， 703 | 77． 863 | 64， 118 | 52，954 | 70，956 | 61， 497 |  |
| SYNTHETIC PLASTICS AND RESIN MATERIALS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production： <br> Cellulose acetate and mixed ester plastics： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sheets，rods，and tubes．．．．．－．．．．．．thous．of lb－－ | 3，292 | 4， 253 | 3，823 | 3，658 | 4， 094 | 2，872 | 3，580 | 4， 186 | 3，813 | 3，653 | 3，885 | 3，422 |  |  |
| Molding and extrusion materials ．－．．．．．．．．．．．do | 7，187 | 8，289 | 7，168 | 7，672 | 7，794 | 6，621 | 7，200 | 9， 098 | 9，663 | 7，624 | 7，778 | 6，138 |  |  |
| Nitrocellulose sheets，rods，and tubes．．．．．．．．．．－do | 429 | 379 | 357 | 412 | 270 | 233 | 318 | 281 | ${ }^{3} 30$ | ${ }^{3} 39$ | 360 | 348 |  |  |
| Other cellulose plastics．．．．．．．．．．．－－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－do | 375 | 500 | 528 | 466 | 468 | 341 | 511 | 495 | 546 | 344 | 259 | 874 |  |  |
| Phenolic and other tar acid resins．．．．．．．．．．．．．－d | 37，064 | 39， 816 | 35，442 | 39， 251 | 35，561 | 32，607 | 37，043 | 37，406 | 45， 317 | 37， 769 | 34， 379 | 38， 281 |  |  |
|  | 46，097 | 51,041 | 48， 871 | 48， 598 | 43，309 | 38．889 | 46，520 | 48，496 | 52，759 | 47， 811 | 45，903 | 41，634 |  |  |
|  | －22， 54.005 | 25,910 70,419 | 24,217 67 | 23,971 71,363 | 22,268 68,327 | 18,057 63,272 | 23,597 72,263 | 23,486 72,238 | 25,933 77,088 | 22,926 71,535 | 23，094 66,458 | 24,209 68,975 |  |  |
| Alkyd resins． | 29，980 | 31，879 | 32，382 | 34， 715 | 32， 120 | 27， 858 | 29， 228 | 29，993 | 32，979 | 24，937 | 24，059 | 27，927 |  |  |
|  | 10，517 | 9，951 | 10，508 | 11，749 | 11，000 | 9，149 | 10，048 | 10，442 | 10，991 | 9，097 | 7，590 | 10，340 |  |  |
| Polyester resins． | 7，187 | 8，618 | 8，961 | 8， 525 | 8，178 | 7，209 | 7，336 | 6， 664 | 7，976 | 6，589 | 6，546 | 7，260 |  |  |
| Polyethylene resin | 49， 800 | 56， 587 | 51， 793 | 56， 170 | 56，074 | 55， 357 | 58， 349 | 60， 184 | 62，552 | 62，936 | 68，510 | 69， 522 |  |  |
|  | 13，080 | 15，428 | 15， 711 | 15， 118 | 14，900 | 14， 428 | 15，313 | 15， 874 | 17，681 | 16，046 | 14， 741 | 14， 408 |  |  |



| 55，374 | 59，765 | 57，702 | 58，909 | 58，990 | 611， 191 | 62， 649 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 48，666 | 52， 447 | 50，669 | 51，699 | 52，053 | 54， 348 | 55， 449 |
| 38，687 | 41，008 | 38， 622 | 39，900 | 40， 873 | 43，534 | 45，416 |
| 9，979 | 11， 439 | 12，047 | 11，800 | 11， 180 | 10，814 | 10，033 |
| 39，779 | 42，349 | 40，641 | 41， 190 | 41，590 | 43，532 | 44， 585 |
| 8，887 | 10，098 | 10，028 | 10，509 | 10，463 | 10，816 | 10，863 |
| 6，708 | 7，318 | 7，033 | 7，210 | 6，937 | 6，843 | 7， 200 |
| 6，443 | 7，005 | 6，724 | 6，917 | 6，678 | 6， 628 | 6，999 |
| 266 | 313 | 310 | 293 | 259 | 215 | 201 |
| 46，217 | 46，167 | 45，671 | 45，353 | 45，613 | 46，349 | 47，976 |
| 7，583 | 7，440 | 7，324 | 7，440 | 7，935 | 8，586 | 8，839 |
| 22， 640 | 23，509 | 23，679 | 23，996 | 23，815 | 23，068 | 24，026 |
| 373 | 379 | 361 | 235 | 312 | 316 | 322 |
| 13， 389 | 12， 618 | 11，970 | 11，310 | 11，205 | 11，709 | 11，996 |
| 758 | 773 | 922 | 903 | 985 | 1，258 | 1，339 |
| 440 | 429 | 393 | 370 | 348 | 357 | 388 |
| 989 | 965 | 969 | 949 | 958 | 995 | 1，007 |
| 45 | 54 | 53 | 51 | 56 | 60 | 59 |
| 775， 742 | 762， 232 | 751，690 | 746， 672 | 758，054 | 777， 509 | 796， 383 |
|  | 3,314 3,093 219 | －－－－－－－ | － | 3,282 3,064 216 | －－－－－ |  |
|  | 885 |  |  | 526 |  |  |
|  | 688 190 |  |  | 366 151 | － |  |
|  | 115，093 |  |  | 75， 580 |  |  |



山至 8 Consumption，factory
stocks at factory，end of month Price，wholesale（Minneapolis） oybeans：
Production（crop estimate）．．．．．．．．．．．．．thous．of bu． Stocks，end of month …－．．．．．．．．．．．． Soybean oil：
Crude Refined Stocks，end of month：
 Price，wholesale，refined（N．Y．）．．．．．．．dol．per lb． Prgarme：
Stocks（factory and warehouse），end of mo．．．do
Price，wholesale，colored，delivered（eastern U．S．）
Prortening：
Stocks，end of month
PAINTS，VARNISH，AND LACQUER
Factory shipments，total．－．－．－．－－－－－．－．－thous．of dol．
Industrial sales
SYNTHETIC PLASTICS AND RESIN Production：
ellulose acetate and mixed ester plastics： Molding and axtrusion materials Nitrocellulose sheets，rods，and tubes．

Phenolic and other tar acid resins．
Urea and melamine resins． Alkyd resins

Rosin modification
Polyethylene resin



ELECTRIC POWER
Production（utility and industrial），total $\ddagger$ Electric utili
By fuels．－
By waterp
Privately and municipally owned utilities.

By fuels．
Coles to ultimate customers，total（EEI）$\ddagger-\ldots$ smanll light and power
ailways and railroads
Rural（distinct rural rates）
Street and highway lighting
nterdepartmental
evenue from sales to ultimate customers（Edison GAS

Manufactured and mixed gas（quarterly）： $0^{7}$ Residential（incl．house－heating）－－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．

Sales to consumers，total＿－＿－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．of therms Residential（incl．house－heating）－－．－－．－．．．．－do thous．of dol． roustrial and commerdal
－Revised．$\quad$ Preliminary．
 Frow sales and revenue February－December Flectric－power production revisions for Junury－December 1956 appear on $p$ ． 20 of the March 1958 Srinvex． o＇Totals include data not shown separately．Revisions for 1st and 2 d quarters of 1956 are available upon request．

| Unless other wise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septern- ber | October | Novem- ber | December | January | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fehru- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | March |

## ELECTRIC POWER AND GAS-Continued

| GAS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Natural gas (quarterly) : ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Customers, end of quarter, total.........thousands - |  | 26,745 |  |  | 26,705 |  |  | 26, 815 |  |  | 27,509 |  |  |  |
| Residential (incl. house-heating)-.........--- - do...- | ...-.- | 24, 624 | ------ | ---....-- | 24,637 |  |  | 24,778 |  |  | 25, 341 |  |  |  |
| Industrial and commercial.-............---- - ${ }^{\text {do...- }}$ |  | 2,092 |  |  | 2,040 |  |  | 2, 109 |  |  | 2,138 |  |  |  |
| Sales to consumers, total .-....-......mil. of therms. |  | 23, 052 |  |  | 16,898 |  |  | 14,223 |  |  | 19,139 |  |  |  |
| Residential (incl. house-heating)...........-. do. |  | 10,308 |  |  | 5,125 |  |  | 2,055 |  |  | 6,474 |  |  |  |
| Industrial and commercial. |  | 11, 826 |  |  | 11,030 |  |  | 11, 296 |  |  | 11,818 |  |  |  |
| Revenue from sales to consumers, total thous. of dol_ |  | 1,290, 577 |  |  | 851, 014 |  |  | 802, 220 |  |  | 1,007,524 |  |  |  |
| Residential (incl. house-heating)...........-.-do...- |  | 827, 555 |  |  | 466, 161 |  |  | 241.943 |  |  | 1773, 113 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 437, 858 |  |  | 365,489 |  |  | 339, 062 |  |  | 410, 165 |  |  |  |

## FOODSTUFFS AND TOBACCO

| Bear. ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | - 5, 912 | 7,611 | 8.081 | 9,007 | 9,011 | 9, 803 | 8,354 | 6,838 | 6,769 | 5,247 | 5,952 | 6,774 | 6,273 |  |
|  | a 5, 570 | 6,439 | 6,992 | 8,201 | 8,247 | 9, 191 | 8,482 | 6. 884 | 6, 517 | 5,723 | 6, 420 | 5.938 | 5,235 |  |
| Stocks, end of month | a 9, 558 | 10,261 | 10,931 | 11,211 | 11,451 | 11,469 | 10,805 | 10.333 | 10.135 | 9,337 | 8,495 | 8,941 | 9, 618 |  |
| Distilled spirits: <br> Production. thous. of tax gal. | ${ }^{\text {a }} 18,107$ | 18,869 | 19,033 | 19,307 | 14,063 | 8, 478 | 11,002 | 23,650 | 34,060 | 21,866 | 19,412 | 19,732 | 18,808 |  |
| Consumption, apparent, for beverage purposes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tax-paid withdrawals thous of wine gal.- | 15,936 | 16,897 | 15, 264 | 17,868 | 16.44 | 15, 121 | 16, 994 | 16,047 | 20, 821 | 22,052 | 24,352 | 14, 515 |  |  |
|  | 1,606 | 1,973 | 1,965 | 2,277 | 1,936 | -2.211 | ${ }^{1.942}$ | - ${ }_{\text {84, } 579}$ | 3, 532 | 3,644 | -3,129 | 1, 744 | 83.84 |  |
| Whisky: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 11, 243 | 12.118 | 12,500 | 10, 776 | 8,067 | 4, 048 | 5,262 | 8, 214 | 12, 189 | 11,743 | 11,917 | 11,951 | 11, 477 |  |
| Tax-paid withdrawals. ------------------- do | a 6, 139 | 6,626 | 5,432 | 6, 214 | 6,404 | 4,177 | 5,482 | 7,604 | 10, 283 | 9,170 | 5,787 | 5. 520 | 6. 009 |  |
|  | 732,777 | 735,536 | 740, 710 | 743, 488 | 742,872 | 741, 197 | 739, 048 | 736, 320 | 734, 308 | 733, 948 | 737, 587 | 742, 111 | 745,319 |  |
|  Rectified spirits and wines, production, total $\%$ | 1,438 | 1,733 | 1,782 | 2,056 | 1,739 | ${ }^{\text {r } 2,024 ~}$ | 1,740 | 2, 332 | 3,159 | 3, 310 | 2,770 | 1,570 |  |  |
| thous. of proof gal.- | 4 4, 617 | 5,148 | 5,248 | 5,629 | 6,926 | 5,332 | 5,611 | 7,227 | 10.532 | 8,931 | 6,256 | 4,915 | 5, 531 |  |
| Whisky $\qquad$ | 3,675 | 4,016 | 4,170 | 4,382 | 5,615 | 4, 171 | 4,219 | 5,918 | 9,023 | 7,553 | 5,095 | 3,805 |  |  |
| Effervescent wines: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production ---.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.--thous. of wine gal. | ${ }^{\square} 251$ | 205 | 226 | ${ }^{237}$ | 282 | 155 | 336 | 172 | 187 | 178 | 218 | 251 |  |  |
| Taxable withdrawals....-.-......--.........-do | ${ }^{2} 101$ | 134 | 160 | 183 | 173 | 105 | 155 | 184 | 276 | 329 | 308 | 166 |  |  |
|  | a 1,611 | 1,665 | 1,713 | 1,755 | 1,840 | 1,877 | 2,039 | 2.007 | 1,892 | 1,722 | 1,609 | 1,668 |  |  |
| Imports | 36 | 44 | 50 | 67 | 50 | 36 | 49 | 59 | 96 | 104 | 141 | 52 |  |  |
| Still wines: Production | a 2, 218 | 2,668 | 2,139 | 1,912 | 1,984 | 1,049 | 4,132 | 42, 227 | 69,443 | 12,774 | 3,727 | 2,410 |  |  |
| Taxable withdrawals_...........-.............-do | " 10, 220 | 12,485 | 11,893 | 11, 295 | 10,421 | 9,248 | 10,888 | 13,680 | 15,355 | 12,476 | 12,332 | 11,507 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of mon | ${ }^{\text {a } 180,082}$ | 170, 633 | 159,627 | 149, 601 | 139, 115 | 130, 148 | 122, 608 | 149,569 | 206, 209 | 203, 882 | 190, 765 | 181, 670 |  |  |
|  | 465 -3953 | - 5988 | 653 1,871 |  | - 6231 | - 457 | + 509 | 97620 | 123, 848 | ${ }_{5} 813$ |  | 622 |  |  |
| Distilling materials produced at wineries......do | ${ }^{\text {a }} 3,953$ | 1,540 | 1,871 | 866 | 1,332 | 1,192 | 10,566 | 97, 449 | 123, 025 | 25, 263 | ${ }^{5} 5,044$ | 3,192 |  |  |
| DAIRY PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Butter, creamery: <br> Production (factory) $\ddagger$ $\qquad$ thous. of lb | 110.015 | 125,675 | 133,450 | 159,085 | 149,400 | 127. 180 | 108,955 | 91,265 | 100, 540 | 93,770 | 106, 330 | 118, 135 | 112, 390 |  |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month .-...........do do... | 31, 946 | 40,915 | 61,996 | 95, 998 | 147,013 | 176,061 | 171, 815 | 145, 262 | 126,921 | 109, 373 | 87, 312 | 86, 114 | 87.516 |  |
| Price, wholesale, 92 -score (New York) ...dol. per lb.- | . 606 | . 604 | . 604 | . 602 | . 601 | . 601 | . 607 | . 624 | . 614 | . 607 | . 609 | 604 | . 604 | 599 |
| Production (factory), totalf...-..........-thous. of $1 b_{-}$ | 90,665 | 115,610 | 130,705 | 162,510 | 159,580 | 137, 160 | 118,535 | 101.035 | 99,580 | 89, 180 | 97, 670 | 100, 330 | 94, 935 |  |
|  | 66,670 | 82, 160 | 95,660 | 126, 505 | 124, 990 | 105, 135 | 89,155 | 72,835 | 68,810 | 59, 180 | 64, 625 | 67, 605 | 64,740 |  |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month, total.......do | - 397, 579 | 388, 631 | 391, 289 | 424, 917 | 466, 136 | 495, 063 | 507, 286 | 497,486 | 464, 570 | 435,950 | 410, 524 | 380, 531 | 350,070 |  |
| American, whole milk ---------------------. d | 356, 506 | 346, 277 | 345, 421 | 381, 146 | 419,583 | 449, 472 | 460, 860 | 453,093 | 425,655 | 399,524 | 376, 618 | 344, 943 | 316.042 |  |
| Imports | 3,188 | 4,989 | 4,325 | - 3,955 | 4,202 | 2,850 | 3. 208 | 3,214 | 5,144 | 4, 892 | 5,871 | 4, 562 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, American, single daisies (Chi- <br>  | . 390 | . 390 | 390 | . 390 | . 388 | 388 | . 388 | 391 | 392 | 392 | . 396 | . 395 | 395 | 394 |
| Condensed and evaporated milk: Production, case goods: $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Condensed (sweetened) --..-----------thous. of lb-- | 8,275 | 6,380 | 6, 350 | 4,250 | 3,650 | 6,050 | 4,500 | 3,950 | 4,475 | 3,300 | 3,350 | 4,150 | 2,700 |  |
|  | 169, 700 | 212, 450 | 249,000 | 312,000 | 278, 000 | 244, 250 | 216, 500 | 170,900 | 162,500 | 137, 200 | 143, 500 | 145, 000 | 135.000 |  |
| Stocks, manufacturers', case goods, end of month: Condensed (sweetened) ...................thous. of lb_ | 9,559 | 9, 149 | 9,227 |  | 9,416 | 8,406 |  | 7,533 | fi, 634 | 6. 469 |  | 5,384 |  |  |
| Evaporated (unsweetened)....................- do. | 123,699 | 83,250 | 154, 153 | 244,663 | 368,927 | 421, 722 | 438, 666 | 428, 868 | 379, 641 | 262, 925 | 215,465 | 158,966 | 108, 106 |  |
| Exports: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Condensed (sweetened) | 2,888 | 7,270 | 4, 802 |  | 1,444 | 3,153 | 3,350 | 1,712 | 2,504 | 1,513 | 1,568 | 2,183 |  |  |
| Evaporated (unswectened) | 9,200 | 15,064 | 7,861 | 13,034 | 16,306 | 12, 149 | 19,897 | 15,762 | 16,375 | 10,854 | 12,038 | 9,547 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, U. S. average: <br> Evaporated (unsweetened). <br> dol. per ease | 5.93 | 5.95 | 6.05 | 6.06 | 6.05 | 6.06 | 6.06 | ${ }^{\text {r }}$, 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fluid milk: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6.08 | 6.14 | 6.15 | 6.15 |  |
|  | 9,446 | 10,939 | 11, 412 | 13,007 | 12,518 | 11, 597 | 10,736 | 9,538 | 9,379 | 8,771 | 9,346 | 9, 800 | 9,482 |  |
| Utilization in mfd. dairy products....-.......do | 3,618 | 4,213 | 4,647 | 5,593 | 5, 312 | 4,593 | 3,929 | 3.307 | 3,454 | 3,148 | 3,510 | 3.771 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, U. S. average.......dol. per 100 lb .. | 4.34 | 4.19 | 3.99 | 3.85 | 3.83 | 3.99 | 4.16 | 4.40 | 4.56 | 4. 62 | 4.51 | 4.42 | 4.33 | 4.18 |
| Production: $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dry whole milk.-.---.-.-.-.---.-.- thous. of lb.- | 6,500 | 7.000 | 8, 600 | 10,900 | 10, 100 | 8,700 | 7,000 | 6,700 | 8. 200 | 7,300 | 8,400 | 7,100 | 5, 300 |  |
| Nonfat dry milk solids (buman food) | 128,400 | 153,600 | 171,800 | 215, 700 | 200, 200 | 151, 500 | 119, 200 | 89,400 | 100, 460 | 104, 200 | 127, 700 | 142, 700 | 135.100 |  |
| Stocks, manufacturers', end of month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 10.379 | 9, 578 | 9,758 | 12,014 | 13, 552 | 13,941 | 12,736 | 11,095 | 11,671 | 11,013 | 8.964 | 9.423 | 7.281 |  |
| Nonfat dry milk solids (human food) $\dagger$...-...do-..-- Exports: | 83, 583 | 80, 724 | 95, 571 | 139, 730 | 167. 774 | 154, 706 | 131,546 | 107, 023 | 92,804 | 83, 253 | 85, 688 | 87,334 | 82.238 |  |
|  | 3,071 | 3,607 | 4,858 | 3,940 | 3,183 | 4,561 | 5,168 | 2, 681 | 3,666 | 3,722 | 5,350 |  |  |  |
| Nonfat dry milk solids (human food) $\delta$ \%-...do..-- | 7,645 | 12, 552 | 24, 418 | 18,290 | r 29,933 | r 19,192 | 24, 192 | 29,588 | 30,260 | 28,929 | 11, 203 | 13,052 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, nonfat dry milk solids (human <br>  | 152 | . 153 | . 154 | . 153 | .153 | 152 | 153 | . 153 | . 152 | . 154 | 154 | . 154 | 153 |  |

${ }^{5}$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary a Revisions for 1956 for alcoholic beverages (units as above): Beer-production, December, 6,125; withdrawals, December, 6,128; stocks, August, 10 , 686 ; December, 8,769; total distiled spirits, Juy-production, 8,533 ; withdrawals, 10,549 ; whisky witharawals, July, 4,54,; total production rectified spirits and wines-July, 5,$349 ;$ August, 6,069 ; Sentember, 7,880 ; October, 13,508 ; November, 12,561 ; December, 6,78 ; effervescent wines-production, November, 190; withdrawals, July, $96 ;$ November, $273 ;$ December, $262 ;$ stocks, October 1,68,666; distilling materials produced at wineries-July, 1,174; August, 9,330 ; November, 43,$305 ;$ Decenber, 5,995 .
$0^{T}$ Totals include data not shown separately. Revisions for 1 st and 2 d quarters of 1956 are available upon request.
o Data beginning July 1957 exclude production of wines and vermouth; for July $1956-J u n e ~ 1957$, such production totaled 146,000 gal.
$\ddagger$ Revisions for the indicated items and for the periods specifed are available upon request as follows: Butter, cheese (total and American), dry whole milk, and nonfat dry milk solids (pro. duction)-January 1955-September 1956; condensed milk and evaporated milk-January-September 1956; fluid milik-January-December 1956; nonfat dry milk solids (stocks)--January 1954December 1956. §Revisions for 1056 (thous. 1b.): January, 23,328; February, 27,393; March, 17,892; June, 34,877; October, 55,293; November, 25,310.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of bUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | February | March | April | May | June | July | August. | Septem- ber | October | November | Decem- ber | $\begin{gathered} \text { Janu- } \\ \text { ary } \end{gathered}$ | February | Marcl |

FOODSTUFFS AND TOBACCO-Continued

| FRUTS AND VEGETABLES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Production (cron estimate) <br> thous of bu |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1117,308 |  |  |  |
| Shipments, carlot.......................- of earloads.- | 12,592 | 2. 066 | 1,804 | 1,005 | 257 | 131 | 48 | 803 | 3.406 | 2.765 | 3.197 | 3, 210 | ${ }^{+3,085}$ | 3,461 |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month---. -thous. of bu-- | 12,765 | 7,128 | 3,246 | 1,045 | 384 | 229 | 340 | 12,215 | 48,634 | 45,621 | 37,368 | 25,310 | 18,232 |  |
| Citrus fruits, carlot shipments .-......no. of carloads. | 6, 579 | 7,819 | 7,783 | 9,564 | 8,484 | 6. 966 | 5. 483 | 4,176 | 4,437 | 6,411 | 8,441 | 6,983 | -5,898 | 6,256 |
| Frozen fruits, juices, and vegetables: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| stocks, cold storage, end of month: <br> Fruits $\qquad$ thous. of lb | 379.474 | 341, 520 | 292, 185 | 272.005 | 375,067 | 49S, 120 | -51), 700 | 566, 388 | 545, 092 | 522. 747 | 494, 27.5 | 443,980 | 392, 926 |  |
| Fruit juices | 464,337 | 492. 287 | 505, 397 | 562. 221 | 567. 775 | 504. 185 | 445.713 | 398, 485 | 337.273 | 274, 368 | 288, 625 | 362, 743 | 401, 348 |  |
| Vegetables | 721, 613 | 665, 354 | 655, 695 | 625, 384 | 657. 290 | 726,872 | 873.685 | 984, 765 | 993, 230 | 957, 089 | 881, 717 | 780,616 | 699, 453 |  |
| Potatoes, white: Production (crop |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 235,968 |  |  |  |
| Proctuction (crop estimate)......-.--- - - hoo of carloads.- | 15,687 | 19,819 | 17,712 | 18,443 | 19,971 | 10,797 | 9.417 | 9, 3.3 | 12, 324 | 13,089 | 13, 322 | 16,622 | $\cdots$ | 20, 229 |
| Price, wholseale, U.S. No. 1 (New York) dol. per 100 Ib .- | 3.620 | 3. 480 | 3.540 | 3. 930 | 3. 658 | 3. 328 | 3.841 | 3. 290 | 3.708 | 3.350 | 3.288 | 3. 800 | 3.808 |  |
| Grain and grain products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports (barley, corn, oats, rye, wheat) _-thous. of bu_- | $\operatorname{argkik}, 236$ | r 72, 520 | - 69,475 | r 57,585 | +71,950 | r 49.117 | ${ }^{\text {r }}$ 60. 195 | 49.873 | ${ }^{5} 55,497$ | ${ }_{6} 60,335$ | 64, 199 | 64,831 |  |  |
| Ba |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (erop estimate) | 8,344 | 10,760 | 8,340 | 8,263 | 15. 480 | 15. 41 | 22.973 | 11.809 | 13, 818 | 12, 357 | $13,947$ | 14,990 | 11,880 | 9 9,604 |
| Stocks, domestic, end of month: |  |  |  |  |  | 40, 12 | 44,894 |  |  |  |  | 31,7 |  | 25,073 |
| Commercial | 36,062 | 105,813 | 25, 343 | 22, 224 | 212, 24.5 | 40.12 | 44, 89 | $275,531$ | 41,47 | 39,203 | $\begin{array}{r} 37,306 \\ 209,236 \end{array}$ | 31, | 29,080 | 25,073 |
| Fxports, ineluding malt | 3,675 | - 5, 709 | 3.576 | ${ }^{+5,697}$ | 3, 569 | 4,488 | 3, 305 | 3.820 | 6,821 | c. 900 | 10, 366 | 9,011 |  |  |
| Prices, wholesale (Minneapolis) <br> No. 2, mating | 1. 261 | 1. 268 | 1.263 | 1.238 | 1. 131 | 1. 139 | 1.176 | 1. 228 |  | 1.248 | 1.224 | 1. 230 | .230 | 1.259 |
|  | 1. 206 | 1.219 | 1. 205 | 1.188 | 1. 036 | 1. 0.0 5in | 1.115 | 1.160 | 1.197 | 1. 174 | 1. 142 | 1. 172 | 1. 185 | 1.187 |
| Corn: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (crop estimate) .-.............mil. of bu- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 13,403 10,514 |  |  |  |
| Crimings, vet process-.-.-.-.-.....thous of bu-- | $\begin{aligned} & 10,874 \\ & 49,429 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} 11,33 \\ 60,072 \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11.133 \\ & 47,066 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 12,023 \\ & 32,770 \end{aligned}$ | 11,473 | 11.6.375 | 12, 21.525 | 11,716 16,864 | $\begin{aligned} & 12,952 \\ & 20,520 \end{aligned}$ | 11.682 | 10,514 53,974 | 46, 41,822 | $\begin{aligned} & 11,136 \\ & 29,586 \end{aligned}$ | 37.744 |
| Fiocks, domestic, end of month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 102,650 | 126,9\% | 151,613 | 157,821 | 153,642 | 139,360 | 128. 029 | ${ }_{2}^{120,317}$ | 110, 211 | 105, 664 | 107, 362 | 112,728 | 110, 864 | 111,375 |
|  | a 12, 514 | 1,621,6 | 12,313 | 14, 10 x |  | 10,549 | 18,643 |  | 15, 141 | 20,530 | 2, 427.5 <br> 22,360 | 20, 108 |  |  |
| Prices, wholesale: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 1.275 \\ & 1.244 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1. } 290 \\ & \text { 1. } 260 \end{aligned}$ | 1.298 1.240 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.333 \\ & 1.267 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.316 \\ & 1.292 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.337 \\ & 1.336 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1.312 \\ 1.260 \end{array}$ | 1.262 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.189 \\ & 1.151 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.157 \\ & 1.103 \end{aligned}$ | 1.148 1.032 | 1.008 1.005 | 1.128 1.67 | 1. 1.081 |
| Oats: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (crop estimate)..--.-.----mil. of bu-- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5. 099 | 1 <br> 1,308 <br> 6,196 |  |  | . 758 |
| Recoipts, interior primary markets...-. thous. of bu-- | 3,759 | 4,950 | 5,960 | 4,272 | 3,652 | 10,607 | 26, 278 | , 8 80: | 7,2,8 | 5,099 | 6, 196 | 5,418 | 4,11 | , 7 \% |
| Commercial --...............................- do | 17, 793 | 15, 119 | 13, 240 | 11,688 | 12,066 | 16,083 | 24,314 | 25,420 | 22, 225 | 18,046 | 15, 135 | 12,971 | 12,600 | 10,846 |
| Onfarms | 1,423 | $\begin{array}{r}414,957 \\ 869 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | ז 1,20 | 1,134 | $\begin{array}{r}193,718 \\ 1,237 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,411 | 3,490 | $1,056,555$ <br> 1.694 <br> 180 | 2,133 | 2,802 | 853.776 3.031 | 1,570 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, No. 3, white (Chicago) dol. | 1.784 | .778 | . 727 | , .738 | 1.695 | , 662 | . 674 | (650 | $\stackrel{ }{ }$. 632 | . 750 | . 646 | 647 | 654 | 66 |
| Rice: <br> Production (crop estimate) $\qquad$ thous, of bag |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 43, 130 |  |  |  |
| California: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 126,523 98,210 | $\begin{aligned} & 153,906 \\ & 129,567 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 123,311 \\ 81,696 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 98,507 \\ & 76.095 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 87,304 \\ & 52,665 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 62,147 \\ & 39,704 \end{aligned}$ | 54, 245 33, 239 | 33, 195 45, 839 | $\begin{array}{r} 105,545 \\ 35,592 \end{array}$ | 60, 968 33, 836 | $\begin{gathered} 46.960 \\ 27,681 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 65,842 \\ 43,117 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 65,374 \\ 38,961 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Stocks, rough and cleaned (cleaned basis), end of month thous of 1 b . | 75,050 | 50, 793 | 51,580 | 39.423 | 44,158 | 42,424 | 42, 469 | 17, 151 | 49,380 | 55.802 | 58, 179 | 58,335 | , 873 |  |
| Sonthern States (Ark., La., Tenn., Tex.): <br> Receipts, rough, at mills |  | 62, 275 | 17,95\% | 20,879 | 14,122 | 27,618 | 70, 428 | 485,373 | 1,185,118 | 399, 837 | 98, 760 | 74, 187 | 75,812 |  |
| Recepts, rough, at milis | 135, 725 | 110,818 | 101, 820 | 93,489 | 86,565 | 126, 204 | 89, 887 | 124,672 | 171,798 | 141, 132 | 104. 282 | 137, 116 | 143.910 |  |
| Stocks, domestic, rough and cleaned cleaned basis), and of month |  | 651.7 | 509.2 |  | 443.8 | 376.5 | 256.4 | 472.0 | 989.9 | 1,064.4 | 999.6 | 013.0 | 820.2 |  |
| Exports | 179, 710 | 333,060 | 245, 2*3 | 104, 434 | - 71,111 | 109, 789 | 37, 884 | 147, 210 | 94, 713 | 1,97,996 | 86, 378 | 53, 896 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, head, clean (N.O.)--.dol. per lo-- | . 088 | ${ }^{2} .090$ | . 089 | ${ }^{\text {. }} 0931$ | . 091 | . 095 | . 094 | . 093 | . 095 | . 095 | . 094 | 096 | ${ }^{\nu} .097$ |  |
| Rye: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 126,528 |  |  |  |
| Production (crop estimate) ---.-...-.-.thous. of bu-. |  |  |  |  | 3, 531 | 2,730 | 2,124 | 852 | 524 | 633 | - 26,544 | 215 | 257 | 336 |
| Stocks, commercial, domestic, end of month--.-do..- | 5,458 | 4, 814 | 2,966 | 2,285 | 2.023 | 6.692 | 7,515 | 7,684 | 6, 209 | 5,378 | 4,488 | 3.312 | 2,938 | 2.336 |
| Price, wholesale, No. 2 (Minneapolis) ...dol. per bu-. | 1. 400 | 1.412 | 1. 363 | 1. 240 | 1.292 | 1. 246 | 1. 281 | 1. 304 | 1.306 | 1.330 | 1.334 | 1.284 | 1.323 | 1.33. |
| Wheat: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (crop estimate), total.----.-.-mil. of bu- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1947.1 |  |  |  |
| Spring wheat $\qquad$ <br> Winter wheat do |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 170.9 |  |  |  |
| Receipts, interior primary markets.---thous. of b | 24,144 | 21, 462 | 24,030 | 25,472 | 25,221 | 107, 434 | 65,777 | 35, 801 | 29,674 | 26,913 | 20, 59:5 | 28,823 | 28,93 | 6,612 |
| Disappearance (quarterly total) ...-.---.....-- do...- |  | 302, 503 |  |  | 281, 811 |  |  | 254, 417 |  |  | 228, 391 |  |  |  |
| Stocks, end of month: Canada (Canadian wheat) - ....-......................... | 360, 964 | 368, 482 | 365, 104 | 364, 343 | 381, 362 | 401, 176 | 396, 776 | 382, 848 | 379, 043 | 30,21: | 377, 420 | 380,072 | 373,483 |  |
| United States, domestic, totalor--.-....-mil. of bu |  | 1,188.5 |  |  | 2908.7 |  |  | 1, \&103. 4 |  |  | 1,377.4 |  |  |  |
| Commercialf ....----------thous. of bu- | 386, 873 | 360, 702 | 356, 532 | 341,690 | 2313,481 | 411, 584 | 437,937 | 412,237 | 417,022 | 398, 34 | 360, 662 | 362, 829 | 356, 640 | 352.917 |
| Interior and merchant mills, elevators, and warehouses...........................thous. of bu.- |  |  |  |  | 244,3 |  |  | 714,403 |  |  | 652, 586 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 166,644 |  |  | 259, 896 |  |  | 393, 898 |  |  | 291, 629 |  |  |  |
| Exports, total, including flour.-.-........-...--do. | ${ }^{\circ} 48,360$ | r 49,334 | ${ }^{\text {r 5 51,007 }}$ | - 36,622 | + 56,849 | - 32, 252 | -34,346 | 30, 425 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 30,999$ | 29,774 | 27, 861 | 33, 516 |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{\text {ar } 42,216 ~}$ | r 42,468 | r 46,383 | \% 32,600 | r 51, 403 | 22, 819 | + 29,497 | 25,845 | , 25,656 | 24,097 | 23, 490 | 27, 813 |  |  |
| Prices, wholesale: <br> No. dark northern spring (Minneapolis) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No.1, dark northern spring (Minnespolis) ${ }_{\text {dol. per bu-- }}$ | 2. 400 | 2.394 | 2.393 | 2.371 | 2.416 | 2.435 | 2.361 | 2. 382 | 2.428 | ${ }^{2} 439$ | 2. 390 | 2.375 | 2.365 | 2. 38.3 |
| No. 2, hard winter (Kansas City).-.........dd | 2. 338 | 2.335 | 2. 302 | 2. 231 | 2. 268 | 2. 135 | 2. 1112 | 2. 121 | 2. 132 | 2201 | 2. 182 | ${ }_{2}^{2.211}$ | 2.200 | 2.273 |
| No. 2, red winter (St. Louis) --.-.-.-.-.----- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 2. 345 | 2. 298 | 2. 213 | 2. 109 | $\stackrel{2057}{ }$ | 2. 110 | 2. 108 | 2. 139 | 2.178 |  | ${ }_{2}^{2} 278$ | 2. 2.258 | ${ }^{(3)}{ }^{385}$ |  |
| Weighted avg., 6 markets, all grades..--.-.--do | 2.417 | 2. 406 | 2. 401 | 2.344 | 2.365 | 2. 221 | 2. 289 | 2. 302 | 2.326 | 2.356 | 2. 301 | 2. 304 | 2.285 | 2. 32 |

[^10]${ }^{2}$ Old crop only; new grain not reported until beginning of new crop year (IJly for barles, oats, and wheat: October for corn). ${ }^{3}$ No quotation.
$\ddagger$ Revised beginning January 1954 to reflect data compiled from reports based on 5 -day weeks (prior thereto, based on 6 -day weeks). Revisions for January 1954 through July 1956 are shown in the October 1957 SURVEY. §Excludes a small amount of pearl barley. \& Bags of 100 lb .

TThe total includes wheat owned by Commodity Credit Corporation and stored off farms in its own steel and wooden bins; such data are not included in the breakdown of stocks.
IData for March, June, September, and December are not strictly comparable with those for other months, largely because of somewhat smaller coverage of the quarterty reports.
a Revisions for 1956 and January 1957 (units as above): Exports (barley, corn, oats, rye, wheat)-February, 38,835; May, 72,498; July, 60,458; September, 53,569; January 1957, 66,751; barley January 1957, 3,183; corn-July 1956, 6,795; January 1957, 12,761; wheat, including flour-May 1956, 46,520; January 1957, 48,456; wheat grain-May 1956, 42,306; January 1957, 43,106 .

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS S'TATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \hline \text { Septem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{array}$ | October | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Decem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Februs. } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | March |

## FOODSTUFFS AND TOBACCO-Continued

| Grain and grain Products-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wheat flour: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FJour .-............thous. of sacks ( 100 lb ) .-- | 19, 156 | 19,679 | 18,940 | 19,383 | 18, 144 | 18,863 | 20,317 | 20, 584 | 22,057 | 19.565 | 19,750 | 21,715 | 19. 254 |  |
| Operations, percent of capacity- | 89.1 | 86.2 | 79.1 | 81.1 | 83.6 | 79.0 | 85.2 | 95.1 | 88.6 | 90.5 | 88.9 | 91.2 | 88.9 |  |
|  | 358, 583 | 367, 929 | 360, 570 | 365, 727 | 347, 039 | 365, 966 | 394, 942 | 399,353 | 431,000 | 381,503 | 384.794 | 420, 749 | 372.246 |  |
| Grindings of wheat-.-.-.--...-----.- thous of bu-- | 43,661 | 44, 693 | 43,323 | 44, 256 | 41,591 | 43, 319 | 46,796 | 47, 311 | 50, 779 | 45, 015 | 45, 395 | 49,882 | 44.180 |  |
| Stock held by mills, end of quarter $\begin{gathered}\text { thous. of sacks ( } 100 \mathrm{lb} \text {.) } \text {. }-1 .\end{gathered}$ |  | 5,190 |  |  | 4,746 |  |  | 5, 189 |  |  | 4,905 |  |  |  |
|  | 2,637 | 2,947 | 1,985 | 1,727 | - 2,338 | 1,903 | r 2,080 | 1,966 | 2,293 | 2,437 | 1,876 | 2,448 |  |  |
| Prices, wholesale: <br> Spring, short patents (Minneanolis) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| dol. per sack ( 100 lb .).- | 6. 020 | 5. 950 | 5. 975 | 5. 900 | 6.025 | 6. 210 | 6. 005 | 6, 010 | 6. 135 | 6. 215 | 6. 160 | 6. 100 | ${ }^{p} 6.095$ |  |
| Winter, hard, short patents (Kansas City) ..do...- | 5.625 | 5. 700 | 5.790 | 5. 600 | 5.725 | 5.800 | 5. 575 | 5. 575 | 5. 585 | 5. 635 | 5. 780 | 5. 675 | \% 3.750 |  |
| LIVESTOCK |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| laughter (federally inspected): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Calves...-.-.......-.-......-- thous. of animals.- | 550 | 632 | 613 | 580 | 535 | 596 | 615 | 638 | 742 | 598 | 5.69 | 547 | 468 |  |
|  | 1,488 | 1,514 | 1.499 | 1,665 | 1,535 | 1,759 | 1,726 | 1,627 | 1,801 | 1. 515 | 1,473 | 1,630 | 1,309 |  |
| Receipts, principal markets-------.---- do | 1,770 | 1,836 | 1,947 | 1,961 | 1,860 | 2,312 | 2, 207 | 2. 491 | 2,861 | 2,158 | 1,953 | 1,894 | 1,542 |  |
| Shipments, feeder, to 9 corn-belt States-.---.-. do | 178 | 237 | 212 | 205 | 160 | 272 | 475 | 679 | 1,190 | 973 | 608 | 341 | 256 |  |
| Prices. wholesale: Reff steers (Chicago) ............... dol. per 100 | 20. 28 | 21.36 | 22.61 | 22.85 | 23.0 | 24.76 | 25.45 | 24.84 | 24.48 | 25.04 | 25.74 | 26.31 | 26.65 | 28.28 |
| Steers, stocker and feeder (Kansas City) .--.-do. | 18.24 | 19.35 | ${ }^{20.86}$ | ${ }^{21.13}$ | 20.20 | 20.74 | 20.33 | 20.11 | 21. 18 | 21.41 | 22.68 | 23.02 | 24.35 | 25.79 |
| Calves, vealers (Chicago)......--.-.-----...-do | 27.50 | 26.00 | 27.00 | 25.00 | 25.00 | 22. 50 | 24.50 | 25.50 | 26.50 | 27. 50 | 29.00 | 30.00 | - 32.50 |  |
| Hoss: <br> Slanghter (federally inspected) .-.-thous. of anima | 4, | 5,380 | 5.000 | 4,88 | 3,994 | 4, 185 | 18 | 5.060 | 6,0 | 5,5 | \%,523 | 5. 531 | 4, 4.3 |  |
| Receipts, principal markets....-.-.-...-..........do. | 2,622 | 2,710 | 2,657 | 2,573 | 2,245 | 2, 294 | 2,326 | 2, 599 | 3. 114 | 2, 780 | 2,974 | 2,868 | 2, 244 |  |
| Prices: <br> Wholesale, average, all grades (Chicago) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| dol. per $100 \mathrm{lb} .$. | 16.98 | 17.05 | 17. 52 | 17.39 | 18.15 | 19.39 | 20.37 | 19.12 | 17.16 | 16. 79 | 17.95 | 18.71 | 19.77 | 20.81 |
| Hog-com price ratio <br> bu. of corn equal in value to 100 lb . of live hog-- | 13.7 | 14.0 | 14.4 | 14.0 | 15.1 | 15.7 | 16.3 | 16.6 | 15.9 | 17.0 | 18.2 | 19.9 | 20.6 | 20.3 |
| Sheep and lamhs: Slaughter (federally inspected)....thous, of animals |  |  | 1,061 | 1,133 | 1,044 | 1.200 | 1,111 | 1,104 |  | 958 | 978 |  | 910 |  |
|  | 1,943 | 1,858 | ${ }^{1} 996$ | 1,013 | 1,914 | 1,108 | 1,059 | 1. 308 | 1,463 | 930 | 912 | 1,908 | 795 |  |
| Shipments. feeder, to 9 corn-belt States.........do. | 142 | 127 | 113 | 161 | 108 | 222 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 352$ | 502 | 690 | 248 | 190 | 144 | 121 |  |
| Prices, wholesale: <br> Lamhs, average (Chicago) ......dol. per 100 lb .- | 20.00 | 23.00 | 22.75 | 24.00 | 23.00 | 23.75 | 23.75 | 22.00 | 21.50 | 22.00 | 22.62 | 23. 50 | 23.nn | 22.12 |
| Lambs, ffeder, good and choice (Omaha) ....do.... | 19.78 | 20.97 | 21.75 | 21.07 | 21.06 | 20.60 | 21.14 | 21.88 | 21.05 | 21.06 | 21.30 | 22. 53 | 23.33 | 22.99 |
| meats <br> Total meats: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (carcass weight, leaf lard out), inspected slaughter ......................................... of lb | 1,843 | 1,932 | 1,866 | 1,963 | 1,721 | 1,851 | 1,828 | 1,858 | 2,169 | 1,920 | 1, 032 | 2,051 | 1,622 |  |
| Stocks (excluding lard), cold storage, end of month or | 636 | 631 | 596 | 554 | 485 | 395 | 330 | 305 | 318 | 370 | 403 | 429 | 431 |  |
|  | ¢0¢ | $\stackrel{02}{\square}$ | 66 | 90 | 89 | 58 | 46 | 56 | 65 | ${ }^{63}$ | 57 | 50 |  |  |
|  | 22 | 27 | 33 | 30 | 24 | 26 | 42 | 33 | 49 | 37 | 59 | 49 |  |  |
| Beef and veal: <br> Production, inspected slaughter $\qquad$ do | 902.5 | 918.1 | 906. 1 | 999.1 | 904.7 | 1,019.8 | 1.010 .4 | 960.7 | 1,065.9 | 896.1 | 884.7 | 998.1 | 89.7 |  |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month...---thous. of ib | 220,123 | 194, 214 | 168, 599 | 141, 556 | 123, 321 | 116,063 | 120,414 | 113,584 | 118, 864 | 142,236 | 146, 840 | 146, 743 | 126, 0;99 |  |
|  | 11,679 | 9,521 | 4,623 | 3, 404 | 8,451 | 1,637 | 1,774 | 9,699 | 2, 770 | 2,483 | 4,698 | 2,252 |  |  |
|  | 9,939 | 11,003 | 16, 718 | 16,612 | -11,066 | 11,796 | 30,730 | 18,591 | 33, 245 | 20, 489 | 40, 708 | 28,459 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, beef, fresh, steer carcasses, choice ( 60 0) 700 lbs. ) (New York)................dol. per lb. | 365 | . 376 | 395 | . 406 | 410 | . 430 | 448 | 438 | 422 | . 436 | . 447 | . 461 | 469 | 490 |
| Lamb and mutton: Production inspected slauchter ........thous. of lb |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production, inspected slauchter --.-.---thous. of lb-- Stocks, | 38,987 8,987 | 8, 100 | 7,330 | -6,837 | - 6,870 | -6,399 | - 5 5,194 | - 5 , 745 | ${ }^{54,816}$ | 44, 5,309 | 46,84 5,206 | 52,306 4,756 | 4, 4,311 |  |
| Pork (including lard), production, inspected slaughter mil. of lb. | 886.9 | 964.4 | 909.2 | 911. | 770.0 | 777.7 | 767.4 | 847.8 | 1,048.6 | 979.8 | 1,000.8 | 1,000.2 | 784. |  |
| Pork (excluding lard): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production, inspected slaughter .-...... thous. of lb.- | 650, 175 | 703, 006 | 661, 271 | 657,319 | 559, 379 | 577, 734 | 579,219 | 639, 808 | 788, 160 | 730, 191 | 742, 467 | 736, 659 | 384, 204 |  |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month..............do | 333, 021 | 352, 914 | 343, 081 | 323, 914 | 278, 624 | 204, 404 | 147, 043 | 134, 085 | 138,412 | 163, 656 | 193, 981 | 218, 449 | 233,000 |  |
|  | 8,753 | 6,592 | 5,420 | 6,414 | 12,359 | 5,036 | 4, 559 | 3, 864 | 4, 269 | 5,379 | 5,938 | 4,180 |  |  |
| Imports | 9,428 | 13, 745 | 13,297 | - 10,686 | 10,805 | 11, 121 | 7.040 | 9,399 | 10, 202 | 12.402 | 11,844 | 14,437 |  |  |
| Prices, wholesale: <br> Hams, smoked, composite $\qquad$ dol. per Ib-- | . 519 | . 506 | . 521 | . 516 | . 532 | . 543 | . 561 | . 522 | . 479 | . 490 | . 580 | . 560 | - . 581 |  |
| Fresh loins, $8-12 \mathrm{lb}$ average (New York)...do...- | . 446 | . 438 | . 452 | . 477 | . 505 | . 512 | . 525 | . 516 | . 480 | . 473 | . 469 | 496 | . 507 | . 524 |
| Lard: <br> Production, inspected slaughter thous. of 1 b | 172, 767 | 190, 755 | 182, 122 | 186, 287 | 154, 196 | 146,019 |  | 151,801 | 189,478 | 182, 592 | 189, 287 | 193, 392 |  |  |
| Stocks, dry and cold storage, end of month....do...- | 112, 042 | 119, 122 | 127, 116 | 120,168 | 107, 113 | 101. 808 | 76,600 | 68,650 | 67,717 | 78,918 | 101, 205 | 101, 198 | ${ }_{91}^{1+6,438}$ |  |
|  | 36,380 | 61,940 | 43, 783 | -65, 817 | - 52,442 | -34,874 | r 24,421 | 30, 532 | 43,376 | 36,566 | 33, 321 | 32,905 |  |  |
|  | . 173 | . 168 | . 138 | . 153 | . 158 | . 165 | . 160 | . 168 | . 158 | . 150 | . 148 | . 145 | 145 |  |
| POULTRY AND EGGS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Poultry: <br> Receints, chilled and frozen, 5 markets_-thous. of lb_ | 45,378 | 51,969 | 52,606 | 58, 155 | 50, 582 | 60,319 | 62,975 | 68,397 | 79,387 | 87.423 | 78,059 | 52,697 |  |  |
| Stocks, cold storage (frozen), end of month ....do..-- | 292,033 | 259, 975 | 219,988 | 202, 191 | 190, 441 | 185, 138 | 202, 178 | 261, 146 | 377, 207 | 362, 059 | 316, 455 | 301, 982 | 254, 805 |  |
| Price, in Georgia producing area, live broilers* $\begin{gathered}\text { dol per lb....... }\end{gathered}$ | . 180 | . 185 | . 180 | . 185 | . 200 | . 205 | - 200 | . 180 | . 165 | . 165 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 3 } \\ \hline 160\end{array}$ | . 195 | . 195 | . 210 |
| Eggs: <br> Production on farms $\qquad$ millions. | 4,983 | 5,849 | 5,680 | 5,615 | 5,000 |  | 4.569 | 4,418 | 4,602 | 4, 606 | 5,054 |  |  |  |
| Dried egg production...-.-.................-thous, of lb-. | 2,246 | 3,093 | 4,032 | 4, 277 | 3,835 | 2,888 | 1,840 | 1,350 | 1,190 | 954 | ${ }^{673}$ | 1,695 | 4,053 <br> 2,05 |  |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shell ----------------------------thous. of cases.. | 519 | 932 | 1,208 | 1,719 | 1,812 | 1,507 | 1,174 | 895 | 552 | 302 | 209 | 171 | 105 |  |
| Frozen ${ }_{\text {Price, wholesale extras, large (Chicago) }}$ | 65, 643 | 78,436 | 107, 568 | 140, 456 | 166, 942 | 176,721 | 164, 728 | 147, 430 | 124, 272 | 90,230 | 74, 505 | 63, 766 | 59, 678 |  |
| Price, wholesale, extras, large (Chicago) dol. per doz.. | . 322 | . 304 | . 318 | . 290 | . 299 | . 361 | . 408 | . 460 | . 523 | . 444 | . 414 | . 355 | . 382 | . 434 |
| MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Confectionery, manufacturers' sales ......thous. of dol... Cocoa (cacao) beans. | 91,338 | 90, 912 | 84, 372 | 68,374 | 62,783 | 59,996 | 74,812 | 117, 739 | 126, 988 | 117, 193 | 105, 970 | - 99,923 | 97, 364 |  |
| Imports (incl. shells) ---......------- long tons-- | 15,681 | 27, 722 | 16,997 | 15,053 | - 24,753 | 21,710 | 7,686 | 7,901 | 9. 826 | 10,272 | 32,949 | 22,715 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, Accra (New York).....dol. per lb_ | . 234 | . 223 | . 255 | . 253 | . 305 | . 305 | . 321 | . 346 | . 354 | . 427 | . 399 | . 41.5 | ${ }^{3} .44$ |  |

[^11]${ }^{7}$ Prior to 1957 , figures include data for sausage and sausage-room products and edible offal; figure for December 1956 comparable with those beginning 1957, which exclude such items, is $606,490,000 \mathrm{lb}$. . ${ }^{\text {*Substituted series; midm }}$
Unless other wise stated, statistics through 1956 and
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of

BUSINESS STATISTICS $\quad$| Febru- |
| :---: |

FOODSTUFFS AND TOBACCO-Continued


LEATHER AND PRODUCTS

| HIDES AND SKINS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Imports, total hides and skins \% ............thous. of lb_- | 8, 497 | 15,308 | 12, 039 | 11,047 | r 9,872 | 6,702 | 10,917 | 9,968 | 9,596 | 7,088 | 9,128 | 8,905 |  |  |
| Calf and kip skins..-.-.--------.-.-. thous. of pieces.. | 165 | 97 | 132 | 92 | ${ }^{5} 114$ | 159 | 46 | 93 | 214 | 62 | +123 | 53 |  |  |
| Cattle hides | 13 | 2 | 1 | 10 | 23 | 10 | 20 | 15 | 23 | 13 | 23 | 16 |  |  |
|  | 1, 010 | 2, 291 | 1,737 | 1, 607 | 1,821 | 1,361 | 1,494 | 1,610 | 1,644 | 1,371 | 2, 140 | 1,838 |  |  |
|  | 2, 189 | 3,220 | 3,245 | 2, 784 | 2,065 | 710 | 4, 417 | 2,058 | 1,246 | 1,074 | 724 | 1,182 |  |  |
| Prices, wholesale (Chicago): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | .463 .090 | .463 .095 | . 513 | . 513 | .550 .118 | . 488 | .450 .138 | .450 .123 | . 450 | .438 .103 | .425 .093 | .425 +.095 | 0.415 0.092 |  |
| LEATHER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production: <br> Calf and whole kip $\qquad$ thous. of skins.- | 844 | 813 | 744 | 800 | 732 | 546 | 818 | 686 | 786 | 786 | 785 | 786 |  |  |
| Cattle hide and side kip.--thous. of hides and kips-- | 2,164 | 2,164 | 2,118 | 2, 168 | 2,130 | 1,887 | 2,262 | 2,029 | 2,316 | 2,060 | 1,955 | 2, 108 |  |  |
| Goat and kid.....-......-.-.......- thous. of skins.- | 1, 892 | 1.951 | 1,959 | 2.005 | 1,814 | 1,774 | 1,785 | 1,704 | 2,095 | 1,600 | 1,659 | 1,931 |  |  |
|  | 2,225 | 2,359 | 2,369 | 2, 453 | 2,148 | 1,722 | 2,189 | 1,975 | 2,041 | 1,925 | 1,737 | 1,906 |  |  |
| Export Solc leather: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bends, backs, and sides..--.-.-....thous. of lb.- | 53 | 124 | 66 | 37 | 88 | 35 | 87 | 108 | 85 | 61 | 26 | 365 |  |  |
| Offal, including welting and belting offal | ${ }^{65}$ | r 20 | 88 | - 36 | 36 | . 12 | 87 | - 32 | 25 | 13 | 10 | (2) |  |  |
| Upper leather_-.........-.-.......- thous. of sq. ft-- | a 2, 644 | r 2,843 | 2,831 | 3,126 | 2,913 | 2,148 | 3,137 | 3,245 | 3,443 | 2,802 | 2,998 | ${ }^{4} 3,337$ |  |  |
| Prices, wholesale: <br> Sole, bends, light, f. o. b. tannery $\qquad$ dol. per lb_- | . 610 | . 610 | . 595 | . 595 | . 615 | . 625 | . 625 | . 630 | . 630 | . 630 | . 620 | 620 | p. 625 |  |
| Upper, chrome calf, B and C grades, f. o. b. tannery |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| dol. per sq. ft.. | 1. 118 | 1. 145 | 1. 158 | 1. 180 | 1.185 | 1. 208 | 1.175 | 1.165 | 1. 158 | 1.158 | 1. 145 | 1.145 | p 1.145 |  |

r Revised. p Preliminary. a Revision, January 1957: 2,981 thous. sq. ft.


+ Beginning January 1958, includes lining leather. In 1956, exports of lining leather averaged 142 thous. Sq. it. per month.
${ }^{+}$Beginning January of 132 lb . § Data represent price for New York and Northeastern New Jersey. of Includes data not shown separately.

| Inless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Septem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{array}$ | October | November | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Decem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | January | February | March |
| LEATHER AND PRODUCTS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| LEATHER MANUFACTURES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| hoes and slippers: 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 51, 250 | 54, 925 |  | 49, 339 | 45, 226 | 46,016 |  | 48,800 | 51,091 | 43,815 | 44,019 | ¢53,035 | 48,910 |  |
| total thous. of pairs. By kinds: | 46, 172 | 49,045 | 46,798 | 43,029 | 38, 964 | 40,087 | 46, 486 | 40,571 | 42,026 | 35,980 | 39, 555 | 49, 131 | 44, 678 |  |
|  | 8,858 | 9,755 | 9,493 | 8,964 | 8, 194 | 7,481 | 8,844 | 8,497 | 8,794 | 7.849 | 8,484 | 9,335 | 8,310 |  |
|  | 1,813 | 1,993 | 2, 166 | 2,004 | 1, 963 | 2, 113 | 2,433 | 2,151 | 2,071 | 1,674 | 1,882 | 2,090 | 2,073 |  |
|  | 25,078 6 686 | 26,799 6809 | 25,537 | 23, 157 | 20,771 | 22, 412 | 25,701 | 21,095 | 21,661 | 17,801 | 20,059 | 26, 632 | 24, 594 |  |
|  | 6,986 3,437 | 6,809 3,689 |  | 5, 712 <br> 3,192 | 5,437 2 2,59 | 5,451 2,630 | 6,440 3,068 | 5,937 $\mathbf{2 , 8 9 1}$ | 6,273 3,227 | 5.768 <br> 2,888 | 6, 123 <br> 3,007 | 7,520 3,554 | 6,479 3,222 |  |
| Slippers for housewear- ........................ do...- | 4,129 | 4,759 | 4,892 | 5, 280 | 5,075 | 4, 982 | 7,416 | 7,466 | 7,913 | 6,774 | 3,435 | - 3,090 | 3,543 |  |
|  | 490 | 571 | 479 | 502 | 533 | 409 | 501 | 484 | 496 | 486 | 44.5 | 348 | 352 |  |
|  | 459 | 550 | 528 | 528 | 654 | 538 | 565 | 279 | 656 | 575 | 584 | 466 | 337 |  |
|  | 272 | 421 | 385 | 274 | 213 | 231 | 317 | 368 | 352 | 312 | 274 | 248 |  |  |
| Prices, wholesale, f. o. b. factory: <br> Men's and boys' oxfords, dress, cattle hide uppor, Goodyear welt .---.-.-.-............. 1947-49=100. | 124.1 | 124.1 | 124.1 | 124.1 | 124.1 | 124.4 | 124.4 | 124.4 | 124.4 | 124.4 | 124.4 | 124.4 | p 124.4 |  |
| Women's oxfords, elk side upper, Goodyear <br>  | 131.3 | 131.3 | 131.3 | 131.3 | 131.3 | 131.3 | 131.3 | 131.3 | 136.2 | 136.2 | 136.2 | 136.2 | p 136.2 |  |
| Women's pumps, low-medium quality--..--do.. | 117.8 | 117.8 | 118.9 | 118.9 | 118.9 | 118.9 | 118.9 | 118.9 | 118.9 | 118.9 | 118.9 | 119.5 | - 119.5 |  |

LUMBER AND MANUFACTURES

| LUMBER-ALL TYPES $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sational Lumber Manufacturers Association: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2,607 539 | 2, 842 | 2, 9471 | 3,055 461 | 2, 884 |  |  | 2,883 529 | 3,024 518 |  | 2, 192 | 2,476 438 4 | 2, 3274 |  |
| Softwoods | 2,068 | 2, 320 | 2,469 | 2, 594 | 2, 421 | 2,258 | 2, 562 | 2,354 | 2,506 | 2,035 | 1,801 | 2,038 | 1,883 |  |
| Shipments, total.......------.................- do | 2, 488 | 2,795 | 3,027 | 3, 140 | 2,967 | 2,813 | 3,147 | 2,866 | 3,091 | 2,473 | 2,259 | 2,464 | 2,302 |  |
| Hardwoods | 504 | 497 |  | 481 | 476 | 429 | 524 | 525 | 548 | , 509 | , 479 | 490 | 518 |  |
|  | 1,984 | 2,298 | 2,544 | 2,659 | 2,491 | 2,384 | 2,623 | 2, 341 | 2,543 | 1,964 | 1,780 | 1,974 | 1,784 |  |
| Stocks (gross), mill, end of month, total.......do | 9,990 | 10.037 | 9, 952 | 9, 867 | 9, 782 | 9,696 | 9,655 | 9,672 | 9,611 | 9, 602 | 9,538 | 9,557 | 9, 528 |  |
|  | 3, 745 | 3,770 | 3,759 | 3,739 | 3,726 | 3,767 | 3,788 | 3,792 | 3,762 | 3,710 | 3,622 | 3, 570 | 3,495 |  |
| Softwood | 6,245 | 6, 267 | 6,193 | 6,128 | 6,056 | 5,929 | 5,867 | 5,880 | 5,849 | 5,892 | 5,916 | 5,987 | 6,033 |  |
| Exports, total sawmill products $\odot \ldots$.-..... . M bd. ft.- | 66, 281 | 80,365 | 66, 776 | \% 83, 884 | 67,790 | 76, 729 | 80, 875 | ${ }^{+} 51,871$ | 64, 426 | 54,838 | 56, 600 | 93, 662 |  |  |
| Imports, total sawmill products $\odot . . . . . . . . . . .$. do...- | r206, 716 | 250, 060 | 241,941 | 241, 931 | r257, 967 | 293, 852 | 264,043 | r269, 268 | 292,977 | 231, 223 | 241, 873 | 187, 507 |  |  |
| SOFTWOODS $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Youglas fir: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new -----1-.-...-.-.........-mil. bd. | 614 | 727 | 780 | 857 | 705 | 679 | 644 | 614 | 663 | 578 | 554 | 632 | 549 |  |
| Production... | 671 | 737 | 765 | 789 | 696 | 620 | 704 | 646 | 687 | 598 | ${ }_{523}$ | 659 | 625 |  |
|  | 616 | 676 | 787 | 810 | 763 | 676 | 717 | 643 | 711 | ${ }_{574}$ | 550 | 601 | 563 |  |
| Stocks (gross), mill, end of month............-do | 1,128 | 1,189 | 1,168 | 1,147 | 1,080 | 1,024 | 1,011 | 1,013 | 995 | 993 | 966 | 1,029 | 1,037 |  |
| Exports, total sawmill products $\odot . . . . . . .$. M bd. | 35,040 | 33, 831 | + 31,420 | 32,948 | 30,942 | 27, 416 | 26, 588 | + 34,586 | 24,977 | 22, 234 | 26,798 | 21, 876 |  |  |
|  | 19,437 | 19,692 | 20,426 | ${ }^{21,403}$ | 16, 674 | 13, 142 | 9,560 | + 17,712 | 10, 848 | 9,859 | 13,785 | 11, 052 |  |  |
| Boards, planks, scantlings, etc...-...-..........do | 15,603 | 14, 139 | - 10, 994 | 11, 545 | 14, 268 | 14, 274 | 17,028 | +16,874 | 14, 129 | 12,375 | 13,013 | 10, 824 |  |  |
| Prices, wholesale: <br> Dimension, construction, dried, $2^{\prime \prime} \times 4^{\prime \prime}, \mathrm{R} . \mathrm{L}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 80. 905 | 80. 170 | 80.893 | 80. 164 | 80.176 | 80. 770 | 80.299 | 78.853 | 78.614 | 77.414 | 75. 607 | г 75.981 | „76. 239 |  |
| Southern pine. dol. per M bd. ft-- | 131.308 | 129.746 | 128. 288 | 126. 500 | 126. 151 | 126. 151 | 125. 538 | 123.039 | 122.071 | 120.614 | 119. 511 | -118.286 | p117.624 |  |
| Southern pine: <br> Orders, new $\qquad$ mil. bd. r | 557 | 634 | 674 | 699 | 659 | f68 | 689 | 642 | 688 | 503 | 467 | 573 | 494 |  |
| Orders, unfiled, end of month | 180 | 166 | 191 | 193 | 218 | 219 | 206 | 203 | 186 | 140 | 144 | 148 | 151 |  |
|  | 570 | 616 | 633 | 663 | 613 | 640 | 660 | 622 | 687 | 558 | 530 | 623 | 506 |  |
| Shipments_-.-.--............-.-.-.-....-do--- | 555 | 648 | 649 | 697 | 634 | 667 | 702 | 645 | 705 | 549 | 463 | 569 | 491 |  |
| Srocks (gross), mill and concentration yards, end of month_.......... .............................. bil. bt. | 2,086 | 2,054 | 2,038 | 2,004 | 1,983 | 1,956 | 1,914 | 1,891 | 1,873 | 1,882 | 1,949 | 2,003 | 2,018 |  |
| Exports, total sawmill products..---...... M bd. ft | 7. 505 | 9.240 | 8. 283 | 7. 788 | 8. 742 | 9,008 | 6,600 | 7,152 | 7,398 | 5,921 | 7,085 | 5,875 |  |  |
| Sawed timber-.....-.....-...-...-.....- do | 1,451 | 2,217 | 1,946 | 1,017 | 1,382 | 1, 489 | 1,631 | 1,504 | 1,583 | , 830 | , 743 | 1,678 |  |  |
| Boards, planks, scantlings, etc | f. 054 | 7,023 | 6,337 | 6,771 | 7,360 | 7,519 | 4,969 | 5,648 | 5,815 | 5,091 | 6,342 | 4, 197 |  |  |
| Boards, No. 2 and better, $1^{\prime \prime} \times 66^{\prime \prime}$, R. L. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Flooring, B and better, F. G., $1^{\prime \prime} \times$ x $\mathbf{4}^{\prime \prime}$, $\mathrm{S}^{\prime}$. L . | 78.395 | 78. 135 | 77. 785 | 77.792 | 77. 183 | 77.272 | 76.759 | 76.308 | 76. 490 | 76.921 | 77. 101 | - 75.833 | ${ }^{\text {p } 75.560}$ |  |
| $W$ estern pine: dol. per $M$ bd, ft. | 148. 779 | 148.473 | 147.821 | 146. 412 | 145.800 | 146. 794 | 145. 224 | 145.224 | 144.979 | 144.979 | 143.999 | -143. 262 | p143. 262 |  |
| Orders, new --....-...-...................mil. bd. ft. | 528 | 648 | 680 | 725 | 676 | 683 | 687 | 643 | 709 | 460 | 563 | 545 | 455 |  |
| Orders, nnfilled, end of month...-........-....- do | 394 | 451 | 430 | 433 | 430 | 439 | 381 | 391 | 375 | 320 | 360 | 384 | 369 |  |
|  | 503 | ${ }_{591}^{577}$ | ${ }^{676}$ | 715 | 707 | 656 | 782 | 701 | 728 | 544 | 496 | 466 | 477 |  |
|  | 509 | 591 | 701 | 722 | 679 | 674 | 775 | 664 | 725 | 515 | 523 | 321 | 470 |  |
| Stocks, gross, mill, end of month Price, wholesale, Ponderosa, boards, | 2,018 | 2,004 | 1,979 | 1,972 | 1,998 | 1,979 | 1,986 | 2,023 | 2,026 | 2, 052 | 2,028 | 1,974 | 1,981 |  |
| $1^{\prime \prime} \times \mathrm{s}^{\prime \prime}$......................- dol. per M bd. ft'. | 73. 380 | 73. 380 | 74, 190 | 74.610 | 74. 120 | 72.370 | 70.500 | 68.810 | 67.690 | 66.900 | 66.870 | r 67, 350 | ${ }^{p} 67.350$ |  |
| HARDWOOD FLOORING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maple, beech, and birch: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new .-.-.-......--.-.-.-....... M bd. ft. | 3,475 | 2,950 | 4, 000 | 3,750 | 4, 050 | 4,200 | 5,150 | 3,350 | 3,650 | 3,225 | 2,350 | 3,625 | 2,750 |  |
| Orders, unfilled, end of month ....-............... do. | 14, 025 | 14, 150 | 13,850 | 13,950 | 14.300 | 14,950 | 14, 250 | 15,300 | 13,950 | 13,500 | 12,800 | 13, 200 | 13, 100 |  |
| Production | 3,700 3,150 | 3.750 3 3 3 | 4, 4200 | 3. ${ }_{3} 450$ | 3, 225 | 3, 150 | 4,100 | 3,850 | 4,200 | 3,500 | 3,450 | 3,650 | 2,900 |  |
| tocks (gross), mill, end of mon | 3,150 8,650 | 3,350 9,150 | 3.750 9,550 | 3,700 9,300 | 3,725 8,950 | 3,800 8,350 | 4,700 8,050 | 3,000 8,850 | 3,750 9,350 | 3,275 9,475 | 2,850 10,050 | 3,350 10,250 | 2,600 10,750 |  |
| Oak: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 73,683 | 92, 442 | 88, 280 | 86,019 | 68, 168 | 69,516 | 77, 597 | 70,080 | 79, 633 | 63, 549 | 52,671 | 67,600 | 64, 824 |  |
|  | 37,624 74,467 | 50, 514 72,561 | 57,087 77,730 | 55,680 83,610 | 52,102 74,897 | 47, 896 | 44, 113 | 41,516 | 38, 815 | 35, 063 | 34, 277 | 37, 864 | 43,738 |  |
|  | 69,632 | 77, 771 | 81, 707 | 84, 8113 | 74, 778 | 73, 722 | 81, 818 | 74. 78.818 | 81,570 <br> 84 | 67,745 <br> 67,301 | 59,611 55 | $\xrightarrow{69,384} \mathbf{6 4 , 0 1 3}$ |  |  |
| Stocks (gross), mill, end of month..............do.... | 119,929 | 111, 676 | 106, 162 | 103, 814 | 103, 134 | 101, 780 | 101,923 | 100, 758 | 95, 291 | 93, 293 | ${ }^{96,978}$ | 100, 122 | -50, 986 |  |
| - Revised. p Preliminary. <br> \& Revisions for production for January 1950̄-July 195 <br> $\ddagger$ Revisions for January 1954-July 1956 are shown on <br> $\bigcirc$ Revisions for lumber (M bd, ft.): Exports-all typ November 1956, 279,636. | 6 will be p. 24 of th es-Dece | hown la Nove mber 195 | $\text { ber } 1957$ $82,699$ | nuary | 57, | Douglas | fir, D | ber 1 | -total, | ; | ed timb | 22,6 | por | pes |


| Unless other wise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of bUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | $\begin{gathered} \text { Septem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | October | November | December | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { Febru } \\ \text { ary }}}{ }$ | Mare |

## LUMBER AND MANUFACTURES—Continued

| PLYWOOD |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hardwood (except container and packaging): $\ddagger$ Shipments (market), quarterly total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Inventories (for sale), end of quarter..........do...- |  | 196,022 39,232 |  |  | 191,879 37276 |  |  | ${ }^{193,621}$ |  |  | 183, 760 |  |  |  |
| Inventories (for sale), end of quarter.............do........ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 405,013 | 404, 061 | 473,105 | 505, 074 | 466,993 | 412, 559 | 467,882 | 450, 513 | 512,401 | 440,025 | 435, 850 | 497, 092 | 457,023 | 469. 44 |

## METALS AND MANUFACTURES

| IRON AND STEEL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Foreign trade: <br> Iron and steel products (exel. advanced mfrs.): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 11638 +1630 | $\begin{array}{r}1.384 \\ r \\ \hline 800\end{array}$ | - 1,382 | -1, 672 | 1,211 +501 | $\begin{array}{r}\times 1,169 \\ > \\ \hline 496\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \\ \mathrm{r} \\ \hline\end{array} 1981$ | + 915 | r 1.026 $r .663$ | $\cdot 1.048$ $r$ | 323 | 341 |  |  |
|  | 184 | 188 | 180 | 188 | 162 | 216 | 198 | 121 | 175 | 127 | 159 | 108 |  |  |
|  | 20 | 11 | 8 | 15 | 16 | 18 | 23 | 16 | 24 | 19 | 13 | 16 |  |  |
| Iron and Steel Scrap |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production and receipts, total.-.thous. of short tons.-- | 6, 741 | 7,110 | 6, 524 | 6. 376 | 6,086 | 6, 040 | 6, 463 | 6, 140 | 6. 190 | 5,291 | 4,779 | - 4, 514 | p 3, 951 |  |
|  | 3,744 | 3,959 | 3,764 | 3.849 | 3,628 | 3, 489 | 3, 743 | 3,576 | 3,792 | 3,350 | 3, 009 | -2,943 | p 2,474 |  |
| Purchased scrap received (net).......-........... do. | 2,997 | 3,151 | 2,759 | 2,526 | 2,458 | 2,551 | 2,720 | 2,564 | 2,398 | 1,941 | 1,770 | 1,571 | p 1,477 |  |
|  | 6,763 | 7.049 | 6. 514 | 6, 444 | 6. 082 | 5, 485 | 5,935 | 5,638 | 5, 974 | 5. 442 | 4,795 | 4,561 | - 3,950 |  |
| Stocks, consumers', end of month.-.-.............. do. | 7,306 | 7.361 | 7,376 | 7.307 | 7,309 | 7, 866 | 8,393 | 8, 895 | 9.112 | 8,968 | 8,949 | 8,906 | p 8,914 |  |
| Ore |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| on ore:All districts: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3,560 1.817 | 3,717 | 6,687 5,581 | 12,587 | 14,440 16.074 | 14,303 15,886 | 14,370 15,187 | 12,933 13,516 | 11,337 12,834 | 4,974 5,348 | 3,258 1,559 | 3,375 |  |  |
| Stocks, at mines, end of month --...-.............do | 9, 398 | 11, 254 | 12,390 | 11, 543 | 9,914 | 8,322 | 7,504 | 6,921 | 5,425 | 4, 838 | 6,536 | 8,742 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 7.099 | 7,602 | 7,158 | 7,375 | 6,931 | 1,157 | 7,039 | 1, 6,792 | 6,538 | 5, 741 | 4,989 | 4,780 | 3,996 |  |
| stocks, end of month, total.-.-.-......................do | 30, 110 | 21,941 | 17,167 | 22,712 | 29,570 | 37, 148 | 43,951 | 49,464 | 54, 844 | 54, 532 | 49,668 | 44,688 | 40, 530 |  |
|  | 26, 817 | 19, 672 | 15, 170 | 20, 266 | 26, 823 | 33,975 | 40, 380 | 45, 323 | 50, 174 | 49, 894 | 45.300 | 40,703 | 46, 445 |  |
|  | 3,293 | 2. 270 | 1,986 | 2,44f | 2,747 | 3,173 | 3,571 | 4,141 | 4, 669 | 4,638 | 4,368 | 3,986 | 4,085 |  |
| Imports | 1,359 | 1,458 | 1,801 | - 3, 189 | -3,559 | 4, 403 | 3,933 | - 3, 852 | 3,862 | 2,590 | 1,956 | 1,785 |  |  |
| Manganese ore, imports (manganese content)....do.... | 89 | r 94 | 90 | 88 | 108 | ${ }^{\text {\% }} 101$ | 95 | 56 | 89 | 95 | 76 | 99 |  |  |
| Pig Iron and Iron Manufactures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Castings, gray iron: <br> Orders, unfilled, for sale, end of month |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| thous. of short tons.- | 931 | 935 | 899 | 880 | 853 | 880 | 826 | 805 | 740 | 705 | 676 | 638 |  |  |
|  | 1,103 | 1,133 | 1,120 | 1,112 | 1.058 | 954 | 1, 076 | 990 | 1,100 | 949 | 864 | 868 |  |  |
|  | 582 | 604 | 611 | 625 | 599 | 523 | 597 | 563 | 601 | 483 | 444 | 436 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 78,028 46,729 | 78,013 48,311 | 80,271 51,320 | 76,504 46,277 | 72,556 44,639 | 57, 748 34,876 | 65,426 39,644 | 62,457 38,397 | 77,667 45,989 | 67, 004 38,085 | 60,425 34,343 | 62,734 34,920 |  |  |
| Pig iron: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production.-.-.-.-................thous. of short tons.- | 6, 6.58 | 7,247 | 6,871 | 6,945 | 6,660 | 6,692 | 6,782 | 6,628 | 6,519 | 5,780 | 5,279 | 4,854 | 4,064 |  |
|  | 6. 563 | 6,894 | 6,559 | 6,567 | 6,353 | 6,226 | 6,462 | 6, 322 | 6,350 | 5,683 | 5,114 | +4,714 | - 4,067 | --.----- |
| Stocks (consumers' and suppliers'), end of month thous. of short tons.- | 2,241 | 2,439 | 2,524 | 2,711 | 2, 791 | 3,224 | 3,457 | 3,632 | 3, 707 | 3,695 | 3,817 | 「3,886 | p 3,866 |  |
| Prices, wholesale: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3, 685 |  |  |  |  |
| Composite..--...-.-..............-dol. per long ton.- | 62.45 | 63.84 | 64.05 | 64.05 | 64.05 | 65. 23 | 65.95 | 65. 95 | 65.95 | 65.95 | 65.95 | 65.95 | 65.95 |  |
|  | 62.50 | 64. 50 | 64.50 | 64.50 | 64. 50 | 64.50 | 66.00 | 66.00 | 66.00 | 66.00 | 66.00 | 66.00 | -66.00 |  |
| Foundry, No. 2, Northern......................d. ${ }^{\text {d }}$. | 63.00 | 65.00 | 65.06 | 65.00 | 65. 00 | 66.50 | 66.50 | 66.50 | 66. 50 | 66. 50 | 66.50 | 66.50 | D 66.50 |  |
| Steel, Crude and Semimanufactureb |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Steel castings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipments, total..--.....---.-.-..........short tons.- | 154, 932 | 160,054 | 162,498 | 164,575 | 153, 647 | 122,018 | 145,926 | 139,002 | 146,397 | 127, 115 | 120, 787 | 120, 722 |  |  |
|  | 121, 667 | 124, 416 | 124.549 | 125, 431 | 119,353 | 90, 037 | 111, 080 | 105, 611 | 113, 216 | 98, 436 | 92, 125 | 94, 717 |  |  |
|  | 27, 181 | 29,968 | 29,708 | 32,840 | 31,338 | 22,803 | 33, 641 | 29,718 | 31.477 | 26,892 | 23, 403 | 22,545 |  | - |
| Steel forgings (for sale): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 135.0 | 145.8 | 139.0 | 135.3 | 128.5 | 104.1 | 115.4 | 116.9 | 125.6 | 104.8 | 98.5 | 107.8 | 93.1 |  |
|  | 102.2 | 107.9 | 103.4 | 100.8 | 92.9 | 79.1 | 88.4 | 86.3 | 93.6 | 79.3 | 73.5 | 81.5 | 69.9 |  |
| Press and open hammer-..................-.-. do...-- | 32.8 | 37.9 | 35.6 | 34.5 | 35.5 | 25.0 | 27.0 | 30.6 | 31.9 | 25.4 | 25.1 | 26.3 | 23.2 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Percent of capacityor | 98 | - 93 | 90 | . 86 | 86 | 879 | 82 | 8.82 | 81 | 77 | 66 | 57 |  | - 52 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Structural shapes (carbon), f. o. b. mill. dol. per lb.Steel scrap, No. 1, heavy melting (Pittshurgh) | . 0567 | . 0567 | . 0567 | . 0567 | . 0567 | . 0594 | . 0594 | . 0594 | . 0594 | . 0594 | . 0594 | . 0594 | p. 0594 |  |
| dol. per long tom.- | 53.50 | 50.50 | 41.50 | 44.50 | 56.50 | 55.50 | 55.50 | 49.50 | 38.50 | 32.50 | 31. 50 | 32.50 | p 35.50 |  |
| Steel, Manufactured Products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Barrels and drums, steel, beavy types (for sale): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, unfilled, end of month.-.--.-.-.- thousands.. | 2,346 | 2,444 | 2,326 | 2, 285 | 2. 351 | 2,156 | 2,109 | 2,044 | 2,002 | 1,735 | r 1,820 | 1,767 | -------- |  |
| Shipments | 2,050 | 2,179 | 2,160 | 2, 207 | 2, 124 | 2,050 | 2, 052 | 1,840 | 2,065 | 1, 698 | r 1,649 | 1,846 |  |  |
|  | 69 | 68 | 78 | 77 | 71 | 86 | 79 | 72 | 80 | 61 | 70 | 79 |  |  |
| Cans, metal, shipments (in terms of steel consumed), |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 161, 711 | r 179,108 | - 336.126 | -176, 595 | 1205, 201 | 271,056 | 369, 117 | 346,941 | r260, 455 | 169,411 | 168,614 | 190,949 | 181, 839 |  |
|  | 118,736 | 144, 878 | 170.859 | 162.728 | 156, 573 | 181, 938 | r 177,120 | r 148,953 | 146, 120 | 116.025 | 123,596 | -132,699 | 123, 483 |  |
|  | - 234, 193 | 267, 700 | 446, 336 | r 280.920 | 308, 196 | 404. 235 | r 488,185 | r 430,362 | 348, 333 | 242,053 | 248, 644 | r-269, 259 | 258, 501 |  |
| Closures (for glass containers), production $\ddagger$.-.milions.- | - 1,246 | 1, 393 | 1,443 | 1,465 | 1,382 | 1, 371 | 1,571 | 1,476 | 1,578 | 1,366 | r 1,315 | 1,528 | 1,453 |  |
| Crowns, production.....................thousand gross.- | 24, 091 | 29, 712 | 29,068 | 28, 713 | 28,791 | 31, 041 | 31, 914 | 27,684 | 25, $3 \times 6$ | 18.533 | 19,990 | 33, 992 | 32,015 |  |
| - Revised. $\quad$ Preliminary. 1 Revisions for January 1957 (thous. tons): Exports-total, 1,012; scrup, 536. <br> $\ddagger$ Revisions for the indicated series are available upon request as follows: Plywood, 3d quarter 1953-3d quarter 1956; iron and steel exports and imports, 1956; closures, 1956. ${ }^{7}$ For 1958, percent of capacity is calculated on annuad capacity as of Jan. 1, 1958, of $140,742,570$ tons of steel; for 1957, data are based on capacity as of Jan. 1, 1957 ( $133,459,150$ tons). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | $\underset{\text { ber }}{\substack{\text { Septem- }}}$ | October | Novem- ber | Decem- ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March |

METALS AND MANUFACTURES-Continued

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline IRON AND STEEL-Continued Steel, Manufactured Products-Continued \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Steel products, net shipments: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Total (all grades).-..........- thons. of short tons.. \& 7,067
360 \& 7,822 \& \(\begin{array}{r}7,350 \\ \hline 358\end{array}\) \& 6,972 \& 7,285 \& 5,877 \& 6, 230 \& 6,172 \& 6, \({ }_{261}\) \& 5,606 \& 5,093 \& 5,215 \& 4, \({ }_{184}\) \& \\
\hline structural shapes (heav \& 583 \& 668 \& 631 \& 659 \& 630 \& 634 \& 636 \& 597 \& 641 \& 589 \& 548 \& 484 \& 296 \& \\
\hline Plates \& 763 \& 881 \& 876 \& 918 \& 870 \& 792 \& 732 \& 778 \& 764 \& 462 \& 636 \& 524 \& 435 \& \\
\hline Rails and accessories -----------------..-...- do \& 208 \& 232 \& 232 \& 242 \& 226 \& 192 \& 174 \& 9 \& 143 \& 133 \& 100 \& 109 \& 90 \& \\
\hline Bars and tool steel, total ---.-.-.-....- do \& 1, 085 \& 1,145 \& 1,030 \& 1,005 \& 1,046 \& 752 \& 862 \& 836 \& 896 \& 783 \& 645 \& 682 \& 572 \& \\
\hline Bars: Hot rolled (incl. li \& \({ }^{713}\) \& 768 \& 687 \& 692 \& 689 \& 489 \& 569 \& 545 \& 617 \& 538 \& 455 \& 468 \& 385 \& \\
\hline Reinforcing
Cold finished. \& \({ }_{127}^{235}\) \& 240
128 \& 216
118 \& 188
114 \& 233
116 \& 172
84 \& 188
97 \& 182 \& 1163 \& 142
196 \& 100 \& 118 \& 107 \& \\
\hline Pipe and tubing \& 905 \& 1,034 \& 974 \& 1,020 \& 998 \& 859 \& 914 \& 860 \& 889 \& 736 \& 653 \& 615 \& 508 \& \\
\hline  \& 287 \& 312 \& 304 \& 327 \& 388 \& 218 \& 250 \& 250 \& 264 \& 227 \& 195 \& 234 \& 204 \& \\
\hline  \& 529 \& 809 \& 875 \& 350 \& 391 \& 460 \& 494 \& 417 \& 370 \& 321 \& 271 \& 559 \& 475 \& \\
\hline Shects and strip (incl. elect \& 2, 347 \& 2, 302 \& 2,070 \& 2,049 \& 2, 244 \& 1,698 \& 1,895 \& 2,011 \& 2,319 \& 2,113 \& 1,831 \& 1, 801 \& 1,499 \& \\
\hline Sheets: Hot rolled....................-- .-. - . Cold \& , 731 \& -753 \& 680 \& 656 \& 716 \& 531 \& 550 \& 579 \& 651 \& 616 \& 521 \& 511 \& 435 \& \\
\hline Cold rolled.--------......-- \& 1, 083 \& 1,026 \& 907 \& 895 \& 984 \& 791 \& 900 \& 979 \& 1,147 \& 1,025 \& 911 \& 873 \& 702 \& \\
\hline Fahricated structural steel: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Orders, new (net) \(\dagger\)---...---....- thous, of short tons-- \& 294 \& 319 \& 404 \& 331 \& 247 \& 213 \& 184 \& 221 \& \({ }^{181}\) \& 218 \& 141 \& 162 \& 186 \& \\
\hline  \& 319
4.262 \& \(\begin{array}{r}342 \\ \hline 4.245 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& \(\begin{array}{r}362 \\ 4.192 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& +377 \& \({ }_{4}^{385}\) \& -342 \& \({ }^{384}\) \& 339 \& 385 \& 334 \& \({ }_{959}^{329}\) \& 317 \& 283 \& \\
\hline  \& 4. 262 \& 4,245 \& 4, 192 \& 4,172 \& 4,134 \& 3. 907 \& 3,707 \& 3, 521 \& 3,322 \& 3,233 \& 2,959 \& 2,778 \& 2,727 \& \\
\hline NONFERROUS METALS AND PRODUCTS
A luminum: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline A \(\quad\) Production, primary, domestic..........short tons.- \& 119, 059 \& 135,706 \& 139,152 \& 145, 174 \& 138, 007 \& 142,041 \& 143,449 \& 129. 278 \& 133,759 \& 5.024 \& 140, 036 \& 139, 910 \& n121,980 \& \\
\hline Estimated recovery from scrap \(\oplus\)..............-do...- \& 30,471 \& 32,948 \& 30,674 \& 32, 886 \& 30, 341 \& 31,976 \& 32, 555 \& 32.978 \& 34, 869 \& 32, 030 \& - 28, 580 \& \& \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Imports (general): \\
Metal and alloys, crude
\end{tabular} \& 17,577 \& 23, 068 \& 21,832 \& 20,001 \& 21, 222 \& 15,768 \& 14, 183 \& 11,803 \& 14,076 \& 17,857 \& 24,886 \& 18,320 \& \& \\
\hline Plates, sheets, ete \& 1,490 \& 1,774 \& 1,364 \& 1,420 \& 1,312 \& 1,545 \& 1,817 \& 1,775 \& 2,279 \& 1,764 \& 1,767 \& 2,009 \& \& \\
\hline Price, primary ingot, \(99 \%+\)--....-.-.-dol. per lb-- \& . 2710 \& . 2710 \& . 2710 \& . 2710 \& . 2710 \& . 2710 \& . 2810 \& . 2810 \& . 2810 \& . 2810 \& . 2810 \& . 2810 \& 2810 \& 2810 \\
\hline Aluminum shipments: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Mill products and pig and ingot (net) -..-mil. of lb.- \\
Mill products, total.
\end{tabular} \& r1307.6
+207.5 \& +344.7

$r$
230.4 \& +340.1
+238.8
+1 \& +343.3
+250.4 \& +322.0

+228.1 \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ + \\ +240.6 \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 298.1 \\ \hline \\ \hline 224.3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}+ \\ \\ \\ \\ \hline\end{array} 2161.9$ \& | 7320.0 |
| :--- |
| -232.8 |
| 120 | \& +280.5

-187.0 \& +292.1
+177.5 \& $\begin{array}{r}> \\ \hline \\ \hline\end{array} 1939.7$ \& 235.6
179.3 \& <br>
\hline Plate and sheet \& +110.2 \& 120.1 \& 126.8 \& - 130.2 \& 117.1 \& 130.6 \& 117.8 \& 111.3 \& - 121.6 \& $\bigcirc 95.2$ \& 90.0 \& 102.0 \& 93.8 \& <br>
\hline Castings $\triangle$ \& 69.5 \& 74.5 \& 68.3 \& 65.1 \& 58.5 \& 52.2 \& 55.7 \& 58.7 \& 64.1 \& 58.9 \& 53.1 \& 57.8 \& \& <br>
\hline Copper: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Production: ${ }^{\text {Mine, recoverable copper } \triangle . . . . . . . . . . . .-s h o r t ~ t o n s . . ~}$ \& 90, 18 \& 95, 151 \& 94, 416 \& 93.109 \& 90. 132 \& 84, 614 \& 86.876 \& 85, 5 \& 87,753 \& 87,981 \& 88, 109 \& r 90,255 \& ${ }^{\text {p 33, }} 0165$ \& <br>
\hline Refinery, primary \& 114, 263 \& 128, 046 \& 130, 943 \& 133, 062 \& 115, 660 \& 109, 296 \& 109, 791 \& 100, 265 \& 115, 234 \& 127,951 \& 132, 303 \& 123, 862 \& 109, 100 \& <br>
\hline  \& 83, 239 \& 92, 103 \& 92, 532 \& 98,958 \& 88,091 \& 83, 275 \& 80,754 \& 74, 395 \& 78, 296 \& 86, 063 \& 94, 389 \& 88,487 \& 78, 45 5 \& <br>
\hline From foreign ores \& 31, 224 \& 35, 943 \& 38,411 \& 34, 104 \& 27, 569 \& 26,021 \& 29,037 \& 25,870 \& 36,938 \& 41, 888 \& 37,914 \& 35,375 \& 30,645 \& <br>
\hline Secondary, recovered as r \& 19,821 \& 19,372 \& 20, 178 \& 22,661 \& 19,999 \& 15,883 \& 16, 932 \& 14,897 \& 18,654 \& 17,940 \& 15,624 \& 16, 758 \& 16,883 \& <br>
\hline Imports (general): \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Refined, unrefined, $\operatorname{scrap} \oplus$.....-...-......... do \& 43,088 \& 55,338 \& 58, 292 \& - 48,778 \& 40, 963 \& 「 54,303 \& 47,899 \& 42,390 \& 54, 741 \& - 46, 650 \& 47, 720 \& 53, 182 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 14, 190 \& 16,155 \& 11,815 \& ${ }^{\text {r } 20,088}$ \& 9,416 \& 14,386 \& 10, 212 \& 10,486 \& 12, 431 \& 18, 427 \& 11,206 \& 16, 280 \& \& <br>
\hline Refined, scrap, brass and bronze ingots......do \& 40 , \& 57, 15 \& 50,0 \& 44, 775 \& 47, 268 \& 34.519 \& 28, 135 \& 29, 96.5 \& 25, 103 \& 35, \& 28, 421 \& 30, 265 \& \& <br>
\hline Refined \& 29,769 \& 41,376 \& 32,315 \& 28,479 \& 31, 954 \& 24.420 \& 23,435 \& 27,057 \& 20,076 \& 30, 897 \& 26, 123 \& 29,338 \& \& <br>
\hline Consumption, refined (by mills, etc.)...-......do \& 112,335 \& 116,700 \& 123,973 \& 122, 386 \& 116,567 \& 80,757 \& 113, 180 \& 108, 864 \& 128,064 \& 108,395 \& 102,425 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 106,284$ \& p 93,274 \& <br>
\hline Stocks, refined, end of month, total.....-.......d. \& 237, 583 \& 249, 583 \& 243. 202 \& 265, 432 \& 273, 863 \& 305, 763 \& 309, 564 \& 293, 540 \& 269,700 \& 279,398 \& 288,360 \& ${ }^{p 301,957}$ \& >329, 942 \& <br>
\hline Fabricators'--1.-------10 \& 101, 822 \& 110, 196 \& 106. 576 \& 113. 588 \& 109, 979 \& 120,636 \& 120,901 \& 123, 942 \& 109,439 \& 123,730 \& 124,610 \& ${ }^{\text {p }} 132,289$ \& P136, 807 \& <br>
\hline Price, bars, electrolytic (N. Y.).-.-.-.dol per lb \& . 3258 \& . 3145 \& . 3152 \& . 3129 \& . 3033 \& . 2869 \& 2810 \& . 2644 \& 2634 \& . 2634 \& 2632 \& 2511 \& 2440 \& 2402 <br>
\hline Copper-base mill and foundry products, shipments (quarterly): \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& . 230 \& \& \& \& , <br>
\hline Brass mill products.-.-................... mil. of lb.- \& \& 506 \& \& \& 517 \& \& \& 450 \& \& \& 474 \& \& \& <br>
\hline Copper wire mill products $\oplus$-.-.-................ ${ }^{\text {do }}$ \& \& 409 \& \& \& 409 \& \& \& 366 \& \& \& 373 \& \& \& <br>
\hline ${ }^{\text {Brass and bronze foundry }}$ \& \& 235 \& \& \& 229 \& \& \& 211 \& \& \& 213 \& \& \& <br>
\hline Lead: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Production: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Mine, recoverable lead $\triangle$.............- short tons \& 28, 987 \& 30, 867 \& 31, 658 \& 30, 091 \& 27, 271 \& 27, 231 \& 27,718 \& 24,902 \& 28, 414 \& 23, 308 \& 22,880 \& 25, 801 \& 23,738 \& <br>
\hline Secondary, estimated recoverab \& 38, 283 \& 38,483 \& 37,570 \& 36,750 \& 32,672 \& 26, 670 \& 33,908 \& 33, 682 \& 38.856 \& 36, 283 \& 30, 741 \& 31, 715 \& \& <br>
\hline Imports (general), ore $\rightarrow$, metal \& 33, 527 \& 38. 830 \& 41, 855 \& 34, 382 \& 48,064 \& 43, 297 \& 41,013 \& 36, 218 \& 47,952 \& 45, 292 \& 57,701 \& 51,015 \& \& <br>
\hline Consumption, total \& 94, 400 \& 97, 400 \& 94, 900 \& 94,000 \& 90,800 \& 84, 200 \& 101,600 \& 94, 700 \& 102, 800 \& 85, 300 \& 78. 1000 \& 81, 100 \& \& <br>
\hline "tocks, end of month: ${ }_{\text {Producers }}$ ore base bullion, and in process $\oplus$ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline | Producers', ore, base bullion, and in process $\oplus$ |
| :--- |
| (ABMS) ,------------------------short tons. |
| Refiners' (primary), refined and antimonial $\oplus$ | \& 123, 276 \& 126,053 \& 121, 691 \& 117,022 \& 120, 706 \& 134, 039 \& 122, 340 \& 116, 093 \& 111, 883 \& 102,401 \& 116,314 \& 119, 461 \& 115, 728 \& <br>

\hline Consumers' total short ton \& 44, 833 \& 39,846 \& 49,348 \& 54, 941 \& ${ }^{64,065}$ \& 67, 290 \& 60, 029 \& 54,002 \& 58, 211 \& 70, 101 \& 90, 777 \& 100, 303 \& \& <br>
\hline Consumers', total ...-...-.................do \& 117, 554 \& 119,375 \& 112, 953 \& 106, 728 \& 99,652 \& 92,601 \& 96, 624 \& 103, 910 \& 105, 634 \& 116, 630 \& -122,433 \& 127, 489 \& \& <br>
\hline Perap (lead-base, purchased), all consumers-.do \& 56,535 \& 49,716 \& 45, 647 \& 46, 295 \& 41.762 \& 45, 063 \& 43, 633 \& 45,877 \& 49,495 \& 44,979 \& - 48, 025 \& 44, 401 \& \& <br>
\hline Price, pig, desilverized (N. Y.) ............dol. per lb.- \& . 1600 \& . 1600 \& . 1600 \& . 1539 \& . 1432 \& . 1400 \& . 1400 \& . 1400 \& 1369 \& . 1350 \& . 1300 \& . 1300 \& . 1300 \& 1300 <br>
\hline Production, pig (secondary) ${ }^{\text {r }}$. . . . . . . . . . long tons \& 260 \& 265 \& 295 \& 261 \& 266 \& 212 \& 271 \& 276 \& 297 \& 290 \& 275 \& 200 \& \& <br>
\hline Imports (for consumption), bars, pigs, ete....-do \& 3, 964 \& 5,231 \& 4,427 \& 6,223 \& 3,748 \& 6, 388 \& 5,171 \& - 5,565 \& -4, 602 \& 3,780 \& 2,335 \& 2,900 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 7.140 \& 7,400 \& 7, 590 \& 7,305 \& 6, 820 \& 6,470 \& 7,220 \& 6,660 \& 6,975 \& 5,925 \& 5,355 \& 6,320 \& \& <br>
\hline Primarys \& 5, 000 \& 5, 110 \& 5,060 \& 4,840 \& 4, 555 \& 4,34.5 \& 4,835 \& 4, 385 \& 4, 195 \& 3, 590 \& 3, 310 \& 3,950 \& \& <br>
\hline Fxports, incl. reexports (metal) ...---.......-do \& 18. ${ }^{26}$ \& 243 \& ${ }^{260}$ \& 30
19445 \& 19.2600 \& 165 \& ${ }^{116}$ \& 105 \& ${ }^{135}$ \& ${ }^{136}$ \& 190 \& 49 \& \& <br>
\hline Price, pig, Straits (N. Y.), prompt \& 1.0022 \& 18,998
.9948 \& ${ }^{18,9930}$ \& $\stackrel{19,488}{ }$ \& . 9802 \& $\underset{.9646}{ }$ \& ${ }^{21} 9415$ \& 23,281
.9331 \& 23, 275
.9784 \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { 23, } \\ \hline 8923 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 22,540
.9232 \& 20,596
.9268 \& . 945 \& . 9433 <br>
\hline 7inc: Mine production, recoverable zinc $\triangle$....-short tons.- \& 46,080 \& 51, 057 \& \& 47, 123 \& 45,490 \& 42,672 \& 42,376 \& \& 39,350 \& \& 34,346 \& \& \& <br>
\hline Imports (general): \& \& 5,087 \& 51,74 \& \& 45, 90 \& 42, 6.2 \& 42,366 \& 34, 79 \& 32,350 \& 34,967 \& 34, 346 \& -38,708 \& 32,826 \& <br>
\hline  \& 41,314 \& 42, 296 \& 45.630 \& 47, 619 \& 41,633 \& $\stackrel{36,709}{ }$ \& 41, 048 \& 44, 223 \& 46, 269 \& 48,171 \& 48,629 \& 45, 288 \& \& <br>
\hline Metal (slab, blocks)
Slab zinc: \& 24, 288 \& 22,761 \& 30,037 \& 20,376 \& 23,406 \& 21,899 \& 22,568 \& 15,525 \& 21,776 \& 16,083 \& 22,069 \& 12,889 \& \& <br>
\hline Slab zinc: ${ }_{\text {Production }}$ (primary smelter) from domestic a \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Production (primary smelter), from domestic and foreign ores. \& 81, 237 \& 89, 860 \& 89,791 \& 90, 032 \& 84,009 \& 80, 577 \& 78,845 \& 72,767 \& 76,349 \& 74,633 \& 81.666 \& \& \& <br>
\hline Secondary (redistilled) production, total..... do \& 6, 841 \& 7.064 \& 6,715 \& 6, 823 \& 6,710 \& 5, 202 \& 5,321 \& 4,688 \& 5,143 \& 5,121 \& 4,604 \& 4,149 \& \& <br>
\hline Consumption, fabricators', total....-....... do . \& 80,752 \& 78,384 \& 77,489 \& 75,909 \& 73.464 \& 65, 123 \& 74, 562 \& 75,976 \& 87, 898 \& 76, 595 \& 67,421 \& 69,295 \& \& <br>
\hline Exports ----- \& 503 \& 987 \& 1,201 \& 877 \& 822 \& 3, 769 \& 789 \& 446 \& 518 \& 156 \& 222 \& 413 \& \& <br>
\hline Stocks, end of month:
Producers', smelter (AZI) \& 86, 889 \& 89,357 \& 105,531 \& 112, 693 \& 133, 455 \& 146. 179 \& 149, 296 \& 153,766 \& 155,925 \& 152,513 \& 166, 660 \& \& \& <br>
\hline Consumers' \& 88, 232 \& 89, 626 \& 84,648 \& 71. 124 \& 70, 6132 \& 72. 288 \& 74,078 \& 71,919 \& \& 74,095 \& - 80,1006 \& 86, 292 \& \& 20, 611 <br>
\hline $P_{\text {rice, }}$ prime Western (St. Louis) .....d.dol per lb.- \& . 1350 \& . 1350 \& . 1350 \& 1192 \& . 1136 \& . 1001 \& . 1000 \& . 1000 \& . 1000 \& . 1000 \& . 1000 \& . 1000 \& 1000 \& 1000 <br>
\hline Zinc oxide (zinc content of ore consumed) short tons.. \& 7,004 \& 7,820 \& 6, 552 \& 7,833 \& 7,243 \& 7,599 \& 8, 630 \& 6, 554 \& 7,031 \& 6, 60 \& 5, 61 \& 6. 174 \& 5, 8 \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

25.5. Revised. $\quad>$ Preliminary. 1 Revisions for December 1956 and January 1957, respectively (mil. 1b.): Mill products, etc., 281.4; 330.7; mill products, total, 194.8; 234.9; plate, etc., 99.9 ;
$\dagger$ Data for 1947-57 have been revised to incorporate adjustments to materials from the 1954 Census of Manufactures. Monthly data for 1947-56 will be shown later.
$\oplus$ Pasic metal content.
$\triangle$ Revisions for aluminum castings (1955) and copper, lead, and zinc mine production (1956) will be shown later.
or Data in 1957 Business Stathetics represent total production (both primary and secondary).

| S otherwise stated, statistics through 1950 | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | November | December | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March |

## METALS AND MANUFACTURES-Continued

HEATING APPARATES, EXCEPT ELECTRIC
Radiators and convectors, cast iron:
 Oil burners:
 Stoves and ranges, domestic cooking, exel. electric:
 Coal and wood

Kerosene, gasoline, and fuel oil
stoves, domestic heating, shipments, total $\oplus$.-.-.do-
Coal and wood.
$\operatorname{tas} \oplus$

Warm-air furnaces (forced-air and gravity air-flow),
 Gas.
Solid fuel
Water heaters, gas, shipments

## MACHINERY AND APPARATUS

Blowers, fans, and unit heaters, quarterly totals:
Blowers and fans, new orders -.......... thous. of dol. Unit-heater group, new orders
Foundry equipment (new), new orders, net
mo. avg. shipments, $1947-49=100$ Furnaces, industrial, new orders, net:

Fuel-fired (except for hot rolling steel)



Machine tools (metal-cutting and metal-forming): $\dagger$
New orders (net), total.............................. of dol. Domestic.


Other machinery and equipment, quarterly shipments: Construction machinery (excavating and parthFarm machines and equipment (selected products, cxcluding tractors) ${ }^{\circ}$

Tractors (except garden), total, incl. contractors' off-highway wheel-type tractors $\circ \oplus \oplus$.-.-units
 Wheel-type (exc. contractors' off-highway) units Value..
Pumps (steam, power, centrifugal, and rotary), new ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT
Batterics (automotive replacement only). shipments
Household electrical appliances.
Household electrical appliances:
Refrigeration, output (seas. adj.) $\ldots . .-1947-49=100$ Vacuum cleaners (standard type), sales billed
Washers, domestic sales billed $\triangle$..................... do
Radio sets, productions.
Insulating materials and related products:
Insulating materials, sales billed, index $1947-49=100$
 Steel conduit (rigid), shipments....-.... thous. of ft.

Motors and generators, quarterly:
New orders, index. .-.......................1947-49=100 Polyphase induction motors, $1-200 \mathrm{hp}$ :
 Billings.
Dircet current motors and generators, $1-200 \mathrm{hp}$ : 1
 Billings.
1,797
4,362

42,772
52,345
160,792
4,716
149,126
6,950
90,716
8,021
55,660
27,035

66,838
43,708
20,870
2,260
202,173
$\square$


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$\rightarrow$ $r$ Revised. DPreliminary. 1 Data are for month shown. ${ }^{2}$ Represents 5 weeks' production. ${ }^{3}$ Represents 6 weeks' production. ${ }^{4}$ January 1957 revision, 128.
 actors (1955 and 1st and $2 d$ quarters of 1956 ) Wili be shown later
Data for January 1957 (units as above): Orders-total, 75.50 include the metal-forming types. Figures shown in the 1957 Busivess starismcs and earlier survexs are for metal

$\$ 8.5$ million and $\$ 11.0$ million per quarter in the first 3 quarters of 1956 and 1955 , respectively. of Includes data not shown separately
$\triangle D a t a$ exclude sales of combination washer-dryer machines. Such sales totaled 175,800 units in 1957 and 12,200 units in February 1958 .


| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of HESINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- ber | October | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Novem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | Decem- ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jinnu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | Fuberaary | March |

## PETROLEUM, COAL, AND PRODUCTS

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline COAL \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Anthracite: Productio \& 2,083 \& 1.807 \& 2,048 \& 2,306, \& 2,564 \& 1,486 \& 2, 306 \& 2,185 \& 2, 274 \& 1,938 \& 1,836 \& 2,197 \& 1,782 \& 1,492 \\
\hline Stocks in producers storage yards, end of mo_do \& 298 \& 365 \& -385 \& 323 \& 2. 281 \& , 308 \& 394 \& 2, 516 \& 2, 532 \& +510 \& 1, 500 \& -420 \& 291 \& 1,492 \\
\hline  \& 305 \& 363 \& 362 \& 310 \& 466 \& 289 \& 449 \& 477 \& 329 \& 240 \& 270 \& 225 \& \& \\
\hline Prices: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Retail, stove, composite.-..... dol. per short ton - \& 29.41 \& 29.43 \& 29.21 \& 27.58 \& 27. 58 \& 27.98 \& 28.02 \& 28. 40 \& 28.56 \& 28.90 \& 28. 90 \& 29.14 \& 29. 14 \& \\
\hline Wholecale, chestnut, f. o. b. car at mine..... do...- \& 15. 575 \& 15. 575 \& 13. 671 \& 13.671 \& 13.671 \& 14.036 \& 14.105 \& 14.532 \& 15.022 \& 15.092 \& 15. 512 \& 15. 512 \& 15, 312 \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Bituminous: \\
Production \(\ddagger\) thous. of short tons...
\end{tabular} \& 「 39, 687 \& \({ }^{\text {r 42, }} \mathbf{4 9 5}\) \& r 42, 006 \& ร 42, 906 \& -39,319 \& \({ }^{r} 34,270\) \& - 43,046 \& r 40,745 \& \({ }^{\text {r }} 45.473\) \& \(r 38,317\) \& r 36,989 \& r37, 700 \& 30, 630 \& 31, 810 \\
\hline Indostrial consumption and retail deliveries, total thous. of short tons.- \& 35,992 \& 37, 281 \& 33.369 \& 32, 208 \& 30,770 \& 30,810 \& 32,888 \& 32,302 \& 35,696 \& 34,328 \& 35, 165 \& г 36, 784 \& 33,651 \& \\
\hline Industrial consumption, total \$.-............. do...- \& + 31,759 \& + 33, 683 \& r 30,796 \& r 30,128 \& + 29,353 \& r 29, 380 \& - 30,846 \& + 29.833 \& r 32,186 \& r 31, 169 \& 31, 242 \& r 31,778 \& 28. 260 \& \\
\hline Electric-power utilities...-......-.-.-- .-. do \& 12, 937 \& 13, 565 \& 12, 237 \& 12,322 \& 12,210 \& 12,443 \& 13,034 \& 12,469 \& 13, 521 \& 13, 345 \& 13, 646 \& 14,563 \& 13. 352 \& \\
\hline Oven-coke plants..- \& 8,476 \& 9,397 \& 8, 812 \& 9, 130 \& 8,782 \& 9,033 \& 9,043 \& 8,751 \& 8,727 \& 7,870 \& 7,242 \& \({ }^{r} 6,697\) \& 5, 758 \& \\
\hline Reehive coke ovens \& 405 \& 429 \& 352 \& 308 \& 257 \& 229 \& 249 \& 224 \& 195 \& 142 \& 128 \& 84 \& 64 \& \\
\hline Steel and rolling mills \& \(\bigcirc 677\) \& -669 \& r 585 \& - 544 \& - 437 \& + 433 \& + 436 \& r 452 \& -569 \& \({ }^{+} 621\) \& 680 \& 800 \& 77 \& \\
\hline Cement mills § \& - 699 \& +752 \& \({ }^{+} 715\) \& \({ }^{r} 701\) \& r 629 \& + 442 \& +782 \& \({ }^{r} 734\) \& -789 \& ¢ 786 \& 817 \& 706 \& 615 \& \\
\hline Other mfg. and mining industries \$.......... do. \& -7,756 \& +7,989 \& \({ }^{\text {r }} 7,246\) \& -6,753 \& r B, 233 \& \({ }^{+} 5,996\) \& + 6,446 \& \({ }^{r} 6,414\) \& \({ }^{\text {r 7, }} 594\) \& \({ }^{2} 7,685\) \& 8,123 \& 8,407 \& 7. 392 \& \\
\hline Railroads (class I) \& 802 \& 865 \& 729 \& 685 \& 614 \& 621 \& 671 \& 619 \& 626 \& 607 \& 584 \& 521 \& 452 \& \\
\hline Bunker fuel (foreign and lake vesse] \& \({ }^{7} 7\) \& \(\times 17\) \& - 120 \& \({ }^{\text {r }} 185\) \& r 191 \& ז183 \& -185 \& +170 \& \({ }^{+165}\) \& -113 \& 22 \& 4 \& \& \\
\hline Retail deliveries to other consumers \$........do \& \({ }^{-4,233}\) \& - 3, 598 \& \({ }^{+} 2,573\) \& \({ }^{+} 1,580\) \& r 1,417 \& \({ }^{*} 1,430\) \& \({ }^{\text {r 2, }}\) 242 \& \({ }^{\text {r 2, }} 469\) \& \({ }^{\text {r 3, }} 510\) \& \({ }^{+3,159}\) \& 3,923 \& 5,006 \& 5,031 \& \\
\hline Stocks, industrial and retail dealers', end of month, totals \(\qquad\) thous. of short tons. \& + 71,508 \& r 72, 160 \& \({ }^{r} 73,548\) \& \({ }^{r} 76,307\) \& \({ }^{\text {r 7 }} \mathbf{7 8}\), 531 \& + 75, 260 \& -77, 889 \& r 80,021 \& -81,583 \& r 81, 520 \& r 80, 779 \& \({ }^{\text {r }} 77,355\) \& 72, 264 \& \\
\hline Industrial, total§-------...---.-.-...........-do...- \& -70,702 \& + 71,524 \& \({ }^{7} 72,897\) \& \({ }^{\text {r } 75,549}\) \& r 77,629 \& -74,318 \& +76,899 \& \({ }^{+} 79,011\) \& -80,649 \& r 80,532 \& 79,868 \& r 76,617 \& 71.692 \& \\
\hline Electric-power utilities....----.....-........ do \& 42, 262 \& 42, 806 \& 43, 984 \& 45,877 \& 47, 592 \& 47, 088 \& 49, 085 \& 50, 488 \& 51, 238 \& 51,070 \& 50, 289 \& - 48,707 \& 46. 025 \& \\
\hline  \& 12,801 \& 13, 254 \& 13, 285 \& 13, 903 \& 13,978 \& 11, 717 \& 12, 504 \& 13,002 \& 13,938 \& 14,002 \& 14, 098 \& \({ }_{r} \mathrm{r} 13,217\) \& 12.096 \& \\
\hline Steel and rolling mills § \& - 692 \& \({ }^{1} 703\) \& r 734 \& \(r\)
7
1
785 \& - 894 \& +729
1 \& r

1880 \& $r 714$ \& $r 687$ \& ${ }^{1} 652$ \& ${ }^{6} 651$ \& 602 \& 590 \& <br>
\hline  \& 1, 272 \& 1,212 \& 1,231 \& 1, 287 \& 1,306 \& 1,342 \& 1, 371 \& 1,450 \& 1. 531 \& 1,573 \& 1,524 \& 1,364 \& 1,228 \& <br>
\hline  \& 12,887 \& 12, 848 \& 12,976 \& 13,041 \& 13,132 \& 12,357 \& 12,505 \& 12, 693 \& 12,630 \& 12,617 \& 12,667 \& 12,072 \& 11. 142 \& <br>
\hline  \& 788 \& 701 \& 687 \& 666 \& 727 \& 665 \& 654 \& 664 \& 625 \& 618 \& 645 \& f55 \& 511 \& <br>
\hline Retail de \& 806 \& 636 \& 651 \& 758 \& 902 \& 942 \& 990 \& 1,010 \& 934 \& 988 \& 911 \& 738 \& 372 \& <br>
\hline Exports \& 4,758 \& 6,295 \& 7,455 \& 7,605 \& -7,798 \& 7, 300 \& $-7,405$ \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 6,583$ \& 6,435 \& 5,268 \& 4,901 \& 4,104 \& \& <br>
\hline Prices: \& 16.31 \& 16.32 \& 16. 26 \& 15.94 \& 15.96 \& 16.07 \& \& 16 \& 16.52 \& 6. 58 \& 16.61 \& 16.62 \& 16. 63 \& <br>
\hline Wholesale: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Screenings, indust. use, f. o. b. car at mine.- \& 5. 467 \& 5.465 \& 5. 596 \& 5. 603 \& 5.601 \& 5. 599 \& 5. 597 \& 5.572 \& 5. 575 \& 5. 565 \& 5. 559 \& - 5.539 \& ロ 5.557 \& <br>
\hline Large domestic sizes, f. o. b. car at mine...d \& 7.641 \& 7.484 \& 7.135 \& 7.095 \& 7.166 \& 7.282 \& 7.405 \& 7. 558 \& 7.611 \& 7. 665 \& 7. 724 \& - 7.709 \& ค7. 709 \& <br>
\hline Production: COKE \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Beehive.....-.---.-.-.-.-.......thous. of short tons.- \& 248 \& 263 \& 215 \& 180 \& 155 \& 138 \& 151 \& 137 \& 118 \& 84 \& 75 \& F.77 \& 38 \& <br>
\hline  \& 5,966 \& 6,632 \& 6, 2221 \& 6, 451 \& 6,207 \& 6,364 \& 6, 369 \& 6,159 \& 6,157 \& 5,532 \& 5, 090 \& r 4, 715 \& 4,041 \& <br>
\hline  \& 508 \& 515 \& 521 \& 592 \& 559 \& 519 \& 562 \& 553 \& 599 \& 586 \& 607 \& 646 \& \& <br>
\hline Stocks, end of month: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 2,015
1,765 \& 2,108
1,800 \& 2,154
1,758 \& 2,260
1,766 \& 2.296
1,743 \& 2, 423 \& 2,545 \& 2,599 \& 2, 764 \& 2. 963 \& 3, 137 \& - 3,300 \& 3, 347 \& <br>
\hline  \& $\begin{array}{r}1,765 \\ \hline 250 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 1,800
308 \& 1,758
396 \& 1,766
494 \& 1,743 \& 1,781 \& 1, 829 \& 1,816 \& 1.947 \& 2,095 \& 2,183 \& $\stackrel{+}{+} \mathbf{r}, 273$ \& 2, 312 \& <br>
\hline At merchant plant \& 250
337 \& 308
369 \& 396
345 \& 494
372 \& 653
394 \& 642
400 \& 716
401 \& 783
435 \& 817 \& 868 \& 954 \& r 1, 027 \& 1, 035 \& <br>
\hline Exports. \& 61 \& 73 \& 64 \& 71 \& 77 \& 66 \& 401
87 \& 435
81 \& 459
60 \& 501
56 \& 507
50 \& 559 \& \& <br>

\hline | Price, beehive, Connellsville (furnace) |
| :--- |
| dol. per short ton. PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS | \& 15.19 \& 15.25 \& 15.25 \& 15. 25 \& 15.25 \& 15. 25 \& 15.25 \& 15.25 \& 15.25 \& 15. 25 \& 15. 25 \& 15. 25 \& 15.25 \& 15. 25 <br>

\hline Crude petroleum: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Wells completed.--.-.---.............-.-. \& 2, 233 \& 2,164 \& 2,144 \& 2,590 \& 1,991 \& 2,181 \& 2,823 \& 2, 353 \& 2,761 \& 2, 105 \& 2,152 \& 2, 572 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 215, 099 \& 239, 214 \& 226, 231 \& 230, 696 \& 213, 202 \& 213, 052 \& 210, 379 \& 206,967 \& 212, 650 \& 204, 721 \& 214, 793 \& 212, 810 \& \& <br>
\hline Refinery operations.------..... percent of capacity -- \& 91 \& 90 \& 87 \& 90 \& 88 \& 89 \& - 90 \& -89 \& 2126 \& 8, 86 \& 21-88 \& 212, 86 \& \& <br>
\hline Consumption (runs to stills) .-.-.-..... thous. of bbl- \& 226, 461 \& 249,445 \& 232, 197 \& 247,760 \& 236, 002 \& 243, 412 \& 250, 847 \& 237, 606 \& 237.143 \& 230, 773 \& 242,305 \& 237, 827 \& \& <br>

\hline | Stocks, end of month: |
| :--- |
| Gasoline-bearing in U. S., total................. do | \& 256,344 \& 254, 911 \& 265, 796 \& 275,963 \& 284,312 \& 288, 241 \& 283, 388 \& 280, 469 \& 284, 517 \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline  \& 70, 613 \& 70,370 \& 74,950 \& 76,502 \& 77, 210 \& 75,961 \& 75, 841 \& 74, 575 \& 77, 737 \& 74, 340 \& 76,576 \& 79, 736 \& \& <br>
\hline At tank farms and in pipelines............. do \& 164, 538 \& 162, 363 \& 169,247 \& 177,653 \& 184, 168 \& 190, 058 \& 185, 097 \& 183, 044 \& 184, 129 \& 184, 557 \& 183, 526 \& 183, 043 \& \& <br>
\hline On leases. \& 21,193 \& 22,178 \& 21, 599 \& 21,808 \& 22, 934 \& 22, 222 \& 22,450 \& 22,850 \& 22,651 \& 22,872 \& 21, 711 \& 21,785) \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 7,909 \& 14, 100 \& 9,147 \& - 3,698 \& 1,745 \& 1,197 \& 995 \& 739 \& 1,007 \& 92 i \& 1, 088 \& 425 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& ${ }^{2} 23,621$ \& 27, 669 \& - 28,683 \& - 33, 479 \& +33,113 \& r 42,048 \& r 41, 130 \& r 32, 800 \& 37,651 \& 28,392 \& 31,281 \& \& \& <br>
\hline Price (Oklahoma-Kansas) at wells......dol. per bbl. \& 3.07 \& 3.07 \& 3.07 \& 3.07 \& 3.07 \& 3.07 \& 3.07 \& 3.07 \& 3.07 \& 3.07 \& 3.07 \& 3.07 \& \& <br>
\hline Refined petroleum products: Fuel oil: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Production: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Distillate fuel oil.-.-...............thous. of bbl. \& 56,970 \& 57, 680 \& 52,934 \& 55, 444 \& 53, 180 \& 54, 236 \& 55,979 \& 53, 164 \& 52,863 \& 52,006 \& 58,455 \& 57,066 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 35, 546 \& 37, 351 \& 33, 964 \& 34, 196 \& 33,033 \& 33, 776 \& 33, 754 \& 32, 987 \& 32, 602 \& 32,059 \& 35, 398 \& 33, 749 \& \& <br>

\hline | Domestic demand: |
| :--- |
| Distillate fuel oil do | \& 65.815 \& 60,855 \& 45,991 \& 32,883 \& 31,970 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline  \& 50, 509 \& 50, 220 \& 47, 402 \& 41,902 \& 37, 801 \& 31,120 \& 33,674
30,380 \& 38,362
35,569 \& 48,669
42607 \& 60,029
45,055 \& 74,760 \& 83, 428 \& \& <br>
\hline Consumption by type of consumer: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 45,055 \& 52,818 \& 53,837 \& \& <br>
\hline Electric-power plants.........-.....-....-.-. do \& 6,963 \& 6. 570 \& 6, 474 \& 6,314 \& 6,238 \& 5,510 \& 5,790 \& 5, 644 \& 6, 421 \& 6. 684 \& 7,048 \& 7,2,57 \& 6, 442 \& <br>
\hline Railways (classr) ----...........-.-........... do \& 27.994 \& 8.421 \& 7,940 \& 7,648 \& 7. 250 \& 7,659 \& 7,906 \& 7,687 \& 8,146 \& 7,596 \& 7, 833 \& 7,812 \& , \& <br>
\hline Vessels (bunker oil)..............-............. do \& 6,938 \& 8,791 \& 8, 205 \& 8,183 \& 7,737 \& 7,976 \& 8,345 \& 7,874 \& 8,101 \& 7,345 \& 7,168 \& 7,462 \& 6.456 \& <br>

\hline | Stocks, end of month: |
| :--- |
| Distillate fuel oil. | \& 85, 105 \& 76, 245 \& 78,743 \& 98.060 \& 117,364 \& 138,359 \& 159, 124 \& 173, 269 \& 176.388 \& 166,763 \& 149, 449 \& 122,375 \& \& <br>

\hline  \& 36, 201 \& 37,371 \& 37, 429 \& 41,036 \& 45,572 \& 49,621 \& 52, 645 \& 58.727 \& 60,025 \& 59, 622 \& -59,959 \& -57, 562 \& \& <br>
\hline Exports:
Distillate fuel oil.-......................... do. \& 7,634 \& 6,956 \& - 4,798 \& 3,699 \& + 2, 343 \& 2,643 \& 2,447 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Residual fuel oil.-.-.-.........................- ${ }^{\text {do. }}$ \& + 3,539 \& 3,853 \& 3,494 \& 2,933 \& 2,544 \& 2,516 \& 2,332 \& 1,574 \& 2,279 \& 1,898 \& 1,804 \& 1,418 \& \& <br>
\hline Prices, wholesale: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Distillate (N. Y. Harbor, No. 2 fuel)- dol per gal.- \& . 119 \& . 119 \& . 119 \& . 114 \& . 114 \& . 109 \& 105 \& . 105 \& 105 \& 105 \& 105 \& . 105 \& \& <br>
\hline Residual (Okla., No. 6 fuel) .....-. . dol. per bbl \& 2. 45 \& 2.45 \& 2. 35 \& 2.35 \& 2. 35 \& 2.15 \& 2.05 \& 1.95 \& 1. 75 \& 1.75 \& 1. 75 \& 1. 75 \& \& <br>

\hline | Korosene: |
| :--- |
| Production thous of bbl | \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline  \& 9,874
12,153 \& 10,307
10,291 \& 8, 520 \& 8,440
4,327 \& 7,617
3,826 \& 7,718
4.948 \& 7,804
4,828 \& 8.284
6.486 \& $\begin{array}{r}8.230 \\ 10.085 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 9.709 \& 11,042 \& 11,204 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 21,013 \& 20, 223 \& 21,512 \& 25,374 \& rer 28.872 \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { 4., } \\ 318 \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ \& 4,
34,586 \& 8,486
36,382 \& 10,085
34.384 \& 11, 32,696 \& 14,593
29,200 \& 17,459
23,073 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 892 \& 930 \& 579 \& 373 \& ${ }^{+} 348$ \& + 28 \& ${ }^{2} 25$ \& -67 \& 211 \& -109 \& 29,93 \& - 4 \& \& <br>

\hline | Price, wholesale, bulk lots (New York Harbor) |
| :--- |
| dol. per gal. | \& 125 \& 125 \& 125 \& 12 \& 12 \& 11 \& 11 \& 110 \& 110 \& 110 \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}

[^12]$\ddagger$ Revisions (thous. short tons): Jannary 1957, 44,447; January-October 1956-45,215; 42,334; 43,331: 40, 183; 43,978; 39,283; 30,642; 43,986; 40,246; 47,909.

 shown in March 1958 Surver (for Jnnuary and December $195 \%$ and January 195s) are on new basis; other figures in that issue are on old basis and bence not comparable.
of Includes nonmaretable eatalyst coke.

| Unless otherwise stated，statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Febru－ ary | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem－ ber | October | Novem－ ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Decem- } \\ & \text { ber } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\text { ary }}{\substack{\text { Janu- }}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Febru- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | March |

## PETROLEUM，COAL，AND PRODUCTS－Continued

| PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS－Continued Refined petroleum products－Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lubricants： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production | 4，334 | 4． 858 | 5，124 | 5， 131 | 4，246 | 4，657 | 4，704 | 4，378 | 4， 476 | 4， 423 | 4． 432 | 4.221 |  |  |
|  | 3,382 10,308 | 3,374 10,428 | 3,653 10,587 | 3,869 10,710 | 3,037 10,591 | 3,897 10,313 | 3,717 10,124 | 3,169 10.210 | 3,621 9,953 | 2,881 10,396 | 2.872 10.864 | 2.959 11.284 |  |  |
|  | 1，004 | 1.312 | 1，248 | 1．074 | 1，265 | 981 | 1.087 | r 1，074 | 1，065 | 1，043 | 1，044 | 799 |  |  |
| Price，wholesale，bright stock（midcontinent，f．o．b． Tulsa） | ． 255 | 255 | ． 255 | 255 | ． 255 | ． 255 | ． 255 | 255 | ． 255 | ． 255 | ． 255 | 255 |  |  |
| Motor fuel： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gasoline（including aviation）： <br> Production，total．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．thous．of bhl．－ | 108， 205 | 118，591 | 113，098 | 120， 892 | 119， 521 | 120， 506 | 127，794 | 122，960 | 122， 103 | 117.026 | 124，034 | 119.265 |  |  |
| Gasoline and naphtha from crude oil．．．．do．．－－ | 95， 114 | 103， 741 | 98，775 | 106， 630 | 104， 930 | 106， 393 | 112， 116 | 108， 675 | 107， 323 | 102，699 | 109， 437 | 106，450 |  |  |
| Natural－gas liquids： Used at refineries（incl．benzol）．．．．．．．．do．．．． | 10， 974 | 12，296 | 11，836 | 12， 158 | 11，506 | 12， 414 | 13， 171 | 13， 193 | 13，424 | 13，224 | 13，192 | 12， 122 |  |  |
| Used in other gasoline blends，etc．－－－－do． | 2，117 | 2，554 | 2， 487 | 2， 104 | 3，085 | 1，699 | 2， 507 | 1，092 | 1，356 | 1，103 | 1，405 | 623 |  |  |
| Domestic demand．．．．．．－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－．．．．．．．．－do | 96，694 | 113， 166 | 115，820 | 124，325 | 121，598 | 130.251 | 128， 808 | 113，567 | 119，334 | 107， 705 | 112， 691 | 107，174 |  |  |
| Stocks，end of month： <br> Finished gasoline | 192， 428 | 193， 540 | 188， 649 | 183， 064 | 177．997 | 166， 654 | 162， 810 | 170， 050 | 169， 988 | 175， 851 | 186， 253 | 196，855 |  |  |
| At refineries | 113，355 | 109， 922 | 104， 636 | 99．869 | 94， 597 | 88， 664 | 85， 468 | 89，184 | 87， 922 | 91， 387 | 103， 555 | 113，724 |  |  |
|  | 12， 842 | 13，176 | 12， 758 | 12， 030 | 12， 066 | 11， 214 | 11， 221 | 10，632 | 10，914 | 11， 290 | 10，523 | 10，260 |  |  |
|  | 17，661 | 19，063 | 20， 742 | 24，818 | 27， 259 | 28， 448 | 29，092 | 29，271 | 27， 838 | 25，575 | 21． 567 | 18， 407 |  |  |
| Exports（motor fuel，gasoline，jet fuel）．．．．．．．．do．．．．－ | 3，003 | 3， 512 | 2,117 | 2， 081 | 2，458 | 1． 744 | 2，314 | 2，395 | 2，086 | 2，629 | 1，529 | 1，558 |  |  |
| Prices，gasoline： <br> Wholesale，refinery（Okla．，group 3）dol．per gal．－ | ． 125 | ． 125 | ． 125 | ． 125 | ． 123 | ． 116 | ． 118 | ． 120 | ． 120 | ． 120 | ． 120 | ． 120 |  |  |
| Retail（regular grade，excl．taxes），service sta－ tions， 54 citjes． dol．per gal | ． 225 | ． 220 | ． 222 | ． 222 | ． 222 | ． 223 | ． 223 | ． 214 | ． 220 | ． 210 | 217 | 211 | ． 218 |  |
| A viation gasoline： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production，total 100－octane | 8,243 6,299 | 9,611 7,999 | 8,824 6,993 | 9,573 7.289 | 9,461 7,188 | 9,862 7.682 | 10,176 7,834 | 9， 208 | 9， 7,492 7.495 | 8，985 | 9,428 6,780 | 9,305 7,023 |  |  |
|  | 12，918 | 12，615 | 12，397 | 13．010 | 13，085 | 12．889 | 13，012 | 13，332 | 13， 709 | 13，925 | 14， 868 | 14，069 |  |  |
| 1001－octane and above．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．－ | 7，438 | 7，582 | 7． 285 | 7． 721 | 7，873 | 7，716 | 7，815 | 7，885 | 8，497 | 7．923 | 8，521 | 8， 139 |  |  |
|  | 5， 830 | 6， 800 | 6， 203 | 5， 813 | 4，412 | 5，514 | 5， 260 | 3，702 | 4，723 | 4，245 | 4，613 | 4，542 |  |  |
|  | 6， 766 | 7.941 | 6， 478 | 6， 120 | 4，333 | 7， 122 | 5，832 | 4，064 | 5，296 | 5，932 | 4，713 | 4，673 |  |  |
|  | 5，326 | 4.868 | 5． 322 | 5．656 | 6， 321 | 5，470 | 5，248 | 5，042 | 4，681 | 4，645 | 4，749 | 4,801 |  |  |
| Asphalt：－ <br> Production $\qquad$ do | 3，909 | 5，496 | 6，538 | 8，303 | 9，012 | 9．789 | 10，505 | 9，318 | 8，085 | 6，107 | 4，703 | 4，047 |  |  |
|  | 11，314 | 12，972 | 14， 606 | 15， 160 | 14，435 | 11，509 | 9．970 | 8，586 | 7，863 | 8，996 | 10，463 | ．11，790 |  |  |
| Wax：- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 376 632 | 499 670 | 473 707 | 468 706 | 421 | 446 706 | 430 658 | 462 662 | 498 655 | 450 655 | 478 666 | 7402 |  |  |
| Asphalt and tar products，shipments： <br> Asphalt roofing，total <br> thous．of squares．－ | 4，142 | 3，342 | 4，449 | 3，998 | 4，558 | 5，433 | 5，917 | 5，467 | 6，090 | 3，731 | 2，610 | 2， 975 | 2，500 |  |
| Roll roofing and cap sheet： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 916 | 624 | 761 | 621 | 719 | 862 | 989 | 955 | 1， 087 | 689 | 424 | 526 | 457 |  |
|  | 949 | 708 | 881 | －866 | 9193 9876 | 1． 148 | 1． 290 | 1，264 | 1， 468 | 927 | 662 | 700 | 609 | － |
|  | 2， 277 | 2， 009 | 2，797 | 2.511 | 2，876 | 3， 423 | 3， 638 | 3，248 | 3， 535 | 2， 114 | 1，524 | －1，748 | 1． 434 | － |
|  | 91 | 74 | 80 | 65 | 76 | 81 | 101 | 1115 | 133 | 81 | 49 716 | 62 600 | 54 | － |
| Asphalt board products．－－．－．－．－．．．．thous．of sq．ft．－ | 1,144 79,454 | 2,165 67,375 | 1,843 78,501 | 3,414 68,191 | 2,088 70,228 | 2,233 87,652 | 2,019 111,718 | 1,835 78,464 | 2,145 90 | 1,308 66,045 | 716 53,898 | $\begin{array}{r}600 \\ \hline 63.344\end{array}$ | 517 53.406 |  |
|  | 79， 454 | 67，375 | 78，501 | 68，191 | 70，228 | 87， 652 | 111， 718 | 78，464 | 90， 291 | 66，045 | 53，898 | 「 63， 344 | 53， 406 |  |

PULP，PAPER，AND PRINTING

| PULPWOOD AND WASTE PAPER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pulpwood： |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．thous，of cords（128 cu． ft ．）．－ | 3，137 | 3， 129 | 2，716 | 2，826 | 2.884 | 2，986 | 3， 2.6 | 2，941 | 3，226 | 2， 766 | 2， 813 | 「 3，184 | 2， 813 |  |
|  | 2． 827 | 3，080 | 3.025 | 3， 094 | 2，905 | 2，642 | 3.047 | 2， 858 | 3，196 | 3， 002 | 2， 638 | $+3,063$ +6.768 | 2，737 |  |
|  | 6． 719 | 6，766 | 6.449 | 6，155 | 6． 078 | 6． 385 | 6，706 | 6，705 | 6，697 | 6，548 | 6，629 | ＋6．768 | 6． 845 |  |
| Waste paper： <br> Receipts． <br> short tons | 678． 028 | 720，815 | 724， 292 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 680． 164 | 731，369 | 725，959 | －734，710 | －689， 816 | －613．716 | 723， 279 | 713，496 | 782，049－ | －678，765 | 645，156 | r 689,836 | 662， 422 |  |
|  | 517， 109 | 506， 251 | 504， 557 | 496，039 | 481， 179 | 505． 401 | 475． 135 | 462，417 | 473， 977 | 488， 311 | 514．832 | － 516.248 | 488，496 |  |
| Production： <br> WOOD PULP |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $1,709.8$ 83.6 | $1,893.7$ 92.0 | $1,840,4$ 93.9 | $1,900.7$ 93.2 | $1,776.1$ 82.7 | 1， 590.2 | $1,894.9$ 80.1 | $\begin{array}{r}1,742.8 \\ 78.8 \\ \hline 8.8\end{array}$ | $1,961.1$ 91.4 | $1,850.6$ 87.0 | $1,606.1$ 67.4 | r $\begin{array}{r}1,853.8 \\ 98.3\end{array}$ | $1,688.8$ 73.9 |  |
|  | 83.6 915.6 | 1．037．3 | 993.1 | 1，052．9 | 82.7 981.7 | 857.5 | 1．063．2 | 18.8 969.0 | 1，086．9 | 1， 037.3 | 67.4 872.9 | r1．016．3 | 73.9 940.8 |  |
|  | 207.5 | 220.9 | 225.5 | 211.0 | 201.2 | 182.3 | 210.2 | 192.1 | 234.3 | 208.8 | 191.7 | 244.4 | 188.4 |  |
|  | 244.0 | 267.2 | 263.6 | 264.3 | 248． 2 | 232.0 | 251.3 | 227.4 | 246． 2 | 237.0 | 227.1 | 247.5 | 234.1 |  |
| Defibrated or exploded ．－．．．－．．．．．．．．．．．．－－－．do．．．． | 91.2 | 96.7 | 95.4 | 95.6 | 96.3 | 88.3 | 100.4 | 96.5 | 106.5 | 94.0 | 82.1 | 96.2 | 89.4 |  |
| Soda，semichem．，screenings，damaged，etc．do．．．． | 167.8 | 179.6 | 168.8 | 183.6 | 166.0 | 155.5 | 189.8 | 178.9 | 195.8 | 186.5 | 164.9 | ${ }^{5} 171.1$ | 162.0 |  |
| Stocks，end of month： <br> Total，all mills． | 871.5 | 869.8 | 859.8 | 879.2 | 862.5 | 879.1 | 873.0 | 852.1 | 880.3 | 904.9 | 886.3 | r 889.5 | 892.8 |  |
|  | 206.6 | 206.9 | 209.2 | 218.2 | 222.2 | 213.0 | 213.7 | 200.3 | 217.6 | 239.9 | 219.5 | ＋ 250.2 | 260.6 |  |
|  | 564.3 | 561.1 | 544.0 | 556.5 | 535.3 | 559.7 | 556.1 | 553.4 | 564.3 | 561.5 | 565.7 | 「 542.2 | 535.8 |  |
|  | 100.6 | 101.8 | 106.6 | 104.5 | 105.0 | 106.3 | 103.3 | 98.5 | 98．5） | 103.5 | 101.1 | 97.1 | 96.3 |  |
|  | 41． 7 | 76.1 | 50.4 | 57.1 | 59.7 | ＋ 58.3 | 46.2 | 48.7 | 36.8 | 39．6 | 66.5 | 46． 1 |  |  |
| Dissolving and special alpha．．．．－．－．－．－．－．－－－－do．．．． | 17.2 | +29.0 +47.1 | 14． 1 | 23.9 | 33.0 | 25.9 +325 | 18.1 | 2¢． 0 | 16.3 | 12.9 | 31.9 | 18.2 |  |  |
|  | 24.5 | ＋47．1 | 36.2 | 33.3 | 36.7 | r 32.5 | 28.1 | 22.7 | 20.5 | 26.7 | 34.6 | 27.9 |  |  |
| Imports，all grades，total ．－．－．－．－．．．．．．．．－．．．．．．．．do． | 186.1 | 173.9 | 168.6 | 176.5 | 163.3 | 173.7 | 184.3 | 174.3 | 206.1 | 173.6 | 148.1 | 141.5 |  |  |
|  | 9.9 176.2 | 13.5 160.4 | 11.8 106.8 | 10.0 166.5 | 11.5 151.8 | 11.4 162.3 | 9.2 175.0 | 10.0 | 12.3 | 8.8 $10+8$ | 6.9 142.6 | 4.5 137.0 |  |  |
| $r$ Revised．p Preliminary． <br> $\odot$ Asphalt $-5.5 \mathrm{bbl} .=1$ short ton；was－1 hbl．$=280 \mathrm{I}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of bUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1058 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- ber | October | $\begin{gathered} \text { Novem- } \\ \text { ber } \end{gathered}$ | Decem- <br> ber | $\begin{gathered} \text { Janu- } \\ \text { ixy } \end{gathered}$ | Febru ary | Mirch |

## PULP, PAPER, AND PRINTING-Continued

| Paper and Paper products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All paper and board mills, production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Paper and board, total.-.-.-.--thous. of short tons -- | ${ }^{\text {r } 2,437}$ | 2, 655 | 2,602 | 2, 664 | 2,512 | 2, 243 | 2, 668 | 2,519 | 2,796 | 2,543 | 2, 299 | ${ }^{+} 2.328$ | 2. 372 |  |
|  | '1,109 | 1. 183 | 1. 169 | 1,172 | 1,110 |  | 1,151 | 1,061 | 1,201 | 1, 108 | 1,050 | $\stackrel{r}{ }{ }^{1} .149$ | 1.056 |  |
|  | 1, 199 | 1,224 | 1,180 | 1,237 | 1,147 | 1,005 | 1,238 | 1, 191 | 1, 304 | 1,194 | 1,038 | ${ }^{-1} 1143$ | 1.093 |  |
|  | 12 | 13 | 13 | 12 | 15 | 10 | 16 | 12 | 13 | 12 | 13 | 13 | 12 |  |
| Construction paper and board.------------do. | 226 | 235 | 240 | 243 | 241 | 231 | 263 | 255 | 277 | 228 | 199 | 224 | 211 | ----- |
| Paper, excl. building paper, newsprint, and paperboard (American Paper and Pulp Association) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new 9 -.-.-.-.-.-.-thous. of short tons.- | 794.0 | 905.7 | 830.9 | 863.9 | 802.6 | 764.8 | 799.6 | 764.7 | 849.0 | 765.0 | ${ }^{r} 770.1$ | 824.0 |  |  |
| Orders, unfilled, end of month $\%$.............-do.... | 669.1 | 720.3 | 706.9 | 685.4 | 680.1 | 721.4 | 704.9 | 693.9 | 704.0 | 636.5 | r 664.6 | 644.0 |  |  |
|  | 979.2 | 1,021.3 | 1,008. 6 | 1,007. 5 | 958.9 | 858.8 | 1,001. 4 | 926.6 | 1,060.7 | 974.6 | r954. 1 | 992.0 |  |  |
|  | 798.1 503.9 | 859.9 <br> 519.9 | 849.3 518.2 | 859.5 504.9 | 794.9 575.2 | 716.2 471.3 | 837.7 479.1 | 772.4 484.0 | 863.2 496.7 | 813.2 513.5 | + + +364.2 +520.6 | 820.0 506.0 |  |  |
| Fine paper: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 131.7 | 133.1 | 134.0 | 155.4 | 114.7 | 117.1 | 119.1 | 106.7 | 116.0 | 114.0 | ${ }^{+} 107.1$ | 118.0 |  |  |
| Orders, unfilled, end of month.-.---------- do | 79.6 | 78.7 | 70.1 | 77. 5 | 70.6 | 89.3 | 83.2 | 75.5 | 70.0 | 64.5 | $\begin{array}{r} \\ +59.4 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 64.0 |  |  |
|  | 125.0 | 139.6 | 135.1 | 136.7 | 125.0 | 101.7 | 132.8 | 127.7 | 136.3 | 127.0 | ${ }^{r} 124.0$ | 126.0 |  |  |
|  | 127.8 | 134.8 | 140.0 | 1.50 .2 139 | 123.3 | 97.9 | 128.1 | 117.1 | 125.3 | 118.7 | r 113.8 $\times 13$ | 119.0 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of month Printing paper: | 133.4 | 133.4 | 136.7 | 139.3 | 121.7 | 109.5 | 106.8 | 110.8 | 115.1 | 125.0 | - 130.0 | 125.0 |  |  |
|  | 308.6 | 388.8 | 336.9 | 359.9 | 346.6 | 326.4 | 318.8 | 310.3 | 353.2 | 321.5 | r 330.6 | 336.0 |  |  |
| Orders, unfiled, end of month....-...-.......do | 397.5 | 435.2 | 439.5 | 426.1 | 425.7 | 441.1 | 423.0 | 421.5 | 434.7 | 395.5 | ${ }^{+} 421.7$ | 410.0 |  |  |
|  | 323.5 | 349.8 | 341.7 | 352.7 | 336.4 | 314.5 | 343.6 | 308.3 | 349.8 | 330.9 | +314.3 $r$ | 335.0 |  |  |
|  | 321.0 | 348.2 | 341.0 | 351.3 | 336.0 | 314.8 | 337.8 | 305.2 | 350.2 | 331.5 | ${ }^{+} 320.2$ | 335.0 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of month | 202.3 | r206. 7 | 216.1 | 208.7 | 209.0 | 208.8 | 214.4 | 217.5 | 217.1 | 215.9 | - 209.9 | 210.0 |  |  |
| finish, white, f. o. b. mill........dol. per 100 lb .- | 15.38 | 15.38 | 15.38 | 15.88 | 15.88 | 15.88 | 15.88 | 15.88 | 15.88 | 15.88 | 15.88 | 15. 88 | ${ }^{\text {p }} 15.88$ |  |
| Coarse paper: <br> Orders, new thous. of short tons. | 302.1 | 322.5 | 302.3 | 296.0 | 292.5 | 277.2 | 314.6 | 301.5 | 325.1 |  | ${ }^{\text {r } 281.3}$ |  |  |  |
| Orders, unfiled, end of month.............-do..-- | 148.2 | 157.4 | 148.7 | 137.6 | 143.5 | 150.5 | 115.4 | 159.0 | 158.9 | 137.5 | 281.8 $r$ 137.9 | 132.0 |  |  |
|  | 308.0 | 318.5 | 312.0 | 309.4 | 289.8 | 252.1 | 315.3 | 291.5 | 335.4 | 308.9 | - 282.9 | 310.0 |  |  |
| Shipments | 297.4 | 320.3 | 310.6 | 304.0 | 285. 1 | 258.9 | 319.0 | 302.4 | 332.2 | 304.4 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 282.4$ | 312.0 |  |  |
|  | 107.8 | 107.4 | 108.7 | 103.9 | 117.0 | 120.6 | 105.5 | 102.5 | 105.0 | 113.0 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 115.6$ | 113.0 |  |  |
| Newsprint: <br> Canada (inct Newfoundland) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 518.9 | 574.2 | 554.8 | 573.0 | 532.0 | 549.2 | 560.3 | 486.6 | 548.7 | 504.9 | 435.3 | 498.3 | 473.8 |  |
|  | 510.9 | 526.5 | 538.4 | 574.3 | 548.5 | 578.8 | 524.0 | 512.9 | 544.4 | 520.5 | 471.4 | 474.8 | 435.2 |  |
| Stocks at mills, end of month----.----....- do | 153.1 | 200.8 | 217.3 | 216.0 | 199.6 | 169.9 | 206.2 | 179.9 | 184.1 | 168.6 | 132.5 | 155.9 | 194.6 |  |
| Consumption by publishers......-.-.-.......-do | 387.2 | 463.3 | 442.3 | 466.0 | 433.9 | 373.5 | 386.4 | 434.3 | 465.4 | 453.0 | 436.3 | 385.9 | 364.7 |  |
| Production- | 150.7 | 164.4 | 162.4 | 171.2 | 159.1 | 144.4 | 156. 5 | 133.8 | 146.8 | 140.4 | 138.7 | 157.0 | 140.4 |  |
|  | 151.6 | 161.2 | 162.6 | 172.5 | 156.8 | 143.1 | 153.7 | 132.7 | 145.3 | 143.1 | 135.1 | 158.8 | 138.7 |  |
| Stocks, end of month: <br> At mills. | 8.0 | 11.2 | 11.0 | 9.6 | 11.9 | 13.2 | 15.9 | 17.0 | 18.5 | 15.7 | 19.3 | 17.6 | 19.3 |  |
|  | 591.7 | 580.2 | 592.6 | 589.7 | 585.6 | 653.4 | 704.9 | 673.4 | 665.2 | 628.0 | 595.4 | 602.0 | 612.2 |  |
|  | 119.6 | 107.8 | 100.9 | 96.5 | 101.8 | 101.5 | 100.6 | 107.7 | 87.3 | 94.8 | 79.6 | 108.1 | 107.5 |  |
|  | 429.1 | 427.9 | 459.4 | 450.1 | + 413.6 | 495.0 | 404.1 | 413.9 | 472.3 | 406.9 | 403.7 | 399.5 |  |  |
| Price, rolls, contract, delivered to principal ports dol. per short ton- | 130.10 | 133.30 | 134.40 | 134.40 | 134.40 | 134. 40 | 134.40 | 134.40 | 134.40 | 134.40 | 134.40 | 134.40 | P 134, 40 |  |
| Paperhoard (National Paperboard Association): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new --.-.-.-.----thous. of short tons.- | 1, 088.6 | 1,208. 4 | 1, 211.3 | 1, 2288.3 | 1, 122.9 | 1,114.5 | 1.240. 8 | 1, 227.7 | $1,347.0$ | $1,130.0$ |  | 1, 047.9 | 1,044. 3 | 1, 173.7 |
| Orders, unfiled, end of month $\qquad$ do.... <br> Production total $\qquad$ do | 454.3 $1,094.6$ | $1,28.3$ $1,221.0$ | 1, 4189.7 | $1,384.1$ $1,259.7$ | 1370.7 $\mathbf{1}, 142.5$ | $1,506.5$ $1,000.8$ | 418.3 $1,287.9$ | 1, 54.161 .1 | $\begin{array}{r} 481.3 \\ 1,345.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 355.2 \\ 1,240.7 \end{array}$ | 1.376 .2 1.051 .1 | 340.8 1.081 .7 | 1, 3659.0 |  |
| Production, total Percent of activity | 1,094.6 94 | 1, 221.0 | $1,189.8$ 92 | 1, 259.7 | $1,142.5$ 91 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,000.8 \\ 77 \end{array}$ | $1,287.9$ 94 | $1,161.1$ 91 | $1,345.7$ 97 | $1,240.7$ 92 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,051.1 \\ 79 \end{array}$ | $1,081.7$ 80 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,059.9 \\ 86 \end{array}$ | $1.171 .2$ |
| Paper products: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipping containers, corrugated and solid fiber, shipments.................--mil. sq. ft. surface area.- | 7,365 | 8,227 | 7,987 | 8, 291 | 7,739 | 7, 550 | 9,028 | 8,407 | 9,012 | 8,410 | 6,815 | 7.697 | 7,013 |  |
| Folding paper boxes, index of value: <br> New orders <br> $1947-49=100$ | 194.9 | 207.4 | 212.9 | 206.7 |  | 192.7 | 203.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 171.9 | 186.6 | 185.5 | 187.0 | 170.4 | 167.7 | 192.4 | 190.3 | 211.1 | 184.7 | 178.8 | 177.4 | 161.8 | $\begin{aligned} & 202.2 \\ & 179.7 \end{aligned}$ |
| PRINTING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Book publication, total...........-number of editions.- | 1,065 | 1,104 | 1,463 | 1,010 | 1,176 | 1,013 | 694 | 1,113 | 1,336 | 1,408 | 1,271 | 579 | 1,051 |  |
|  | 825 | 856 | 1,176 | ${ }_{1} 813$ | 915 | 794 | 538 | 926 | 1,132 | 1,176 | 1,043 | 478 | 821 |  |
| New editions.....................................d. ${ }^{\text {do.-.- }}$ | 240 | 248 | 287 | 197 | 261 | 219 | 156 | 187 | 204 | 232 | 228 | 101 | 330 |  |

RUBBER AND RUBBER PRODUCTS

| RUBBER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Natural rubber: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 46, 427 | 48, 263 | 45,368 | 46,511 | 41, 282 | 39,789 | 44, 932 | 43,675 | 48,782 | 43, 816 | 38, 285 | 42,597 | 38, 711 |  |
| Imports, including latex and guayule | 137, 487 | 97,820 <br> 42 <br> 160 | $\xrightarrow{102,796}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 98, } \\ +517 \\ \hline 52,592\end{array}$ | r $\begin{array}{r}90,694 \\ r 30,559\end{array}$ | 98,871 44,760 | 99,093 | 103,243 44,188 | 102,496 | 98,224 | 100,901 | 104, 979 | 110,880 |  |
| Price, wholesale, smoked sheets (New York) |  |  |  | 2, 32 | - |  |  |  |  |  | 53, 82 |  |  |  |
| Smpthetic rubber: dol. per lb.- | . 306 | . 315 | . 321 | . 328 | . 333 | . 329 | . 324 | . 301 | . 295 | . 265 | . 285 | 275 | 262 | 206 |
|  | 83, 235 | 93,916 | 82, 340 | 95,014 | 84, 413 | 80,951 | 93,422 | 94, 537 | 106, 401 | 106,030 | 103,779 | 102, 716 | 81, 755 |  |
|  | 77, 260 | 81, 650 | 76, 355 | 80, 242 | 70, 456 | 69, 044 | 79, 272 | 77, 651 | 88, 820 | 75, 402 | 67,637 | 72, 625 | 64, 230 |  |
|  | 184, 808 | 181, 813 | 173,611 | 173, 441 | 173, 170 | 163,648 | 161, 688 | 160, 507 | 164,705 | 177, 967 | 198, 985 | 210,397 | 208, 914 |  |
|  | T 16, 959 | - 18, 066 | 13, 966 | 16,009 | 17, 584 | 19,817 | r 18, 113 | 14,696 | 16,697 | 16,549 | 19, 620 | 19,082 |  |  |
| Reclaimed rubber: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 21, 896 | 25,051 | 22, 878 | 24, 859 | 22,402 | 20, 444 | 20, 423 | 19,892 | 26, 407 | 22,083 | 20, 101 | 21, 159 | 18,319 |  |
| Consumption-....-...........................-.-. do do | 22,773 32,010 | 24,633 30,975 | 23,145 30,258 | 23,816 29,847 | 21,352 30,379 | 19,676 29,972 | 22,429 28,521 | - $\begin{aligned} & \text { 21, } \\ & 25,983\end{aligned}$ | 24,925 27,171 | 20,583 27,855 | 18,263 29,323 | 21,186 29,569 | 18,130 28,838 |  |

$r$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Revision for January 1957 (long tons): 46, 389. o Data exclude estimates for "tissue paper."

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of bUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Febru- } \\ \text { ary- } \end{gathered}$ | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- ber | October | November | Decem- <br> ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March |

## RUBBER AND RUBBER PRODUCTS-Continued

| TIRES AND TUBES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pneumatic casings: <br> Production thousands | 9,169 | 9,766 | 8,950 | 9,490 | 8,489 | 8,443 | 8,917 | 8,641 | 9,708 | 8,248 | 7,615 | 7,814 | 7,314 |  |
|  | 8,539 | 9,114 | 9,381 | 9, 150 | 9,310 | 9,840 | 9,833 | 7,723 | 8, 154 | 7,171 | 6, 560 | 8,271 | 6,737 |  |
|  | 3,361 | 3, 381 | 3, 246 | 3,230 | 2,993 | 3,068 | 3,214 | 1,688 | 2,621 | 3,398 | 3, 070 | 2,653 | 2,253 |  |
|  | 5,051 | 5,579 | 5, 989 | 5,787 | 6,191 | 6,646 | 6,488 | 5,902 | 5,350 | 3, 630 | 3,342 | 5,511 | 4,374 |  |
|  | 127 | 154 | 146 | 134 | 127 | 126 | 130 | 133 | 182 | 143 | 148 | 107 | 110 |  |
|  | 21, 008 | 21,743 | 21,308 | 21, 630 | 20,783 | 19,316 | 18, 477 | 19,393 | 20,985 | 22, 171 | 23, 225 | 22,769 | 23, 392 |  |
|  | 144 | 171 | 202 | 「 150 | 120 | 120 | 139 | 124 | 136 | 142 | 163 | ${ }^{1} 161$ |  |  |
| Inner tubes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3,362 | 3,822 | 3,428 | 3,548 | 3,025 | 2,941 | 3,134 | 3,365 | 3. 764 | 3,243 | 2,778 | 3, 344 | 3,444 |  |
|  | 3,291 | 3,397 | 3, 104 | 3,214 | 3,472 | 3,708 | 3,683 | 3,483 | 3,172 | 2,736 | 2,717 | 4.309 | 3,412 |  |
|  | 5,960 78 | 6,540 76 | 6,969 90 | 7,422 $r 82$ | 6,946 75 | 6,287 63 | 5,966 74 | 6,174 $\mathbf{7 7}$ | 6,909 100 | 7,444 83 | $\begin{array}{r}7,671 \\ \hline 84\end{array}$ | 6,700 2132 | 6,866 |  |

## STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS

| PORTLAND CEMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Production, finished cement........-.-.- thous. of bbl.- | 17,827 | 22,642 | 23,967 | 27,485 | 26,462 | 20,287 | 31, 406 | 30, 884 | 30,121 | 25,014 | 22, 386 | 18, 488 | 14. 144 |  |
|  | , 66 | 76 | 83 | 27, 92 | , 91 | , 67 | , 104 | 104 | , 98 | 25 84 | 7 73 | 59 | . 50 |  |
| Shipments, finished cement...............thous of bbl. | 15,274 | 20,757 | 23,351 | 29, 203 | 29,758 | 25,827 | 35, 732 | 30, 707 | 31, 164 | 21.039 | 17,023 | 13, 742 | 11,058 |  |
| Stocks, end of month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 32,382 | 34, 277 | 34, 893 | 33, 176 | 29,885 | 24,345 | 20,018 | 20,250 | 19, 213 | 23,187 | 28,566 | + 33, 306 | 36, 392 |  |
|  | 18,625 | 21, 621 | 23, 620 | 22,539 | 20,550 | 17,979 | 13,881 | 11.016 | 9,444 | 11,326 | 14,776 | r 19,017 | 24,327 |  |
| CLAY PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brick, unglazed (commercial and face): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Productionor | 400, 758 | 467,798 | 534, 682 | 564, 799 | 577, 448 | 593, 044 | 625, 020 | 583, 681 | 611, 704 | 532, 650 | 460, 664 | 408, 100 |  |  |
|  | 370, 935 | 454, 575 | 523, 085 | 585, 612 | 567, 339 | 609, 478 | 634, 291 | 569, 602 | 602, 404 | 478, 223 | 385, 040 | 347,749 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale, common, composite, f. o. b. plant dol. per thous.- | 30.814 | 30.814 | 30.814 | 30.814 | 30.914 | 30.914 | 30.816 | 30.816 | 30.816 | 30.816 | 30.906 | 30.906 | D30.906 |  |
| Clay sewer pipe and fittings, vitrified: $\sigma^{7}$ <br> Production. short tons. | 148, 236 | 154, 151 | 153, 240 | 162, 551 | 149, 829 | 153, 639 | 157, 908 | 143, 587 | 173, 215 | 145, 230 | 123, 524 | 133, 193 |  |  |
|  | 111, 676 | 133, 298 | 139, 420 | 152, 142 | 151,929 | 153, 730 | 168,799 | 150,045 | 164, 643 | 117, 111 | 87,927 | 100,950 |  |  |
| Structural tile, unglazed: ®' $^{\text {Produc }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 49,962 44,170 | 57,747 51,984 | 52,258 47,677 | 53,688 51,580 | 58,258 56,386 | 62,183 57,873 | 54,320 50,904 | 46,081 45,825 | 49,628 49,266 | 45,805 38,727 | 44,437 37,152 | 43,741 37,783 |  |  |
| GLASS PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Qlass containers: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production...-..............-...-. .-. .-. - - | 11,057 | 12,617 | 11,695 | 12,505 | 12,747 | 12,565 | 14,090 | 12, 201 | 13,089 | 11,366 | 10,705 | 11,714 | 10,899 |  |
|  | 9,710 | 11, 109 | 11,021 | 12,611 | 12,081 | 12, 194 | 17,867 | 9, 110 | 12,467 | 11,787 | 9,264 | 10,644 | 10,546 |  |
| General-use food: <br> Narrow-neck food $\qquad$ | 892 | 1,100 | 1,091 | 1,182 | 1,238 | 1,350 | 2,501 | 1,554 | 1,398 | 1, 085 | 779 | 941 | 889 |  |
| Wide-mouth food (incl. packers' tumblers, jelly glasses, and fruit jars) thous. of gross. | 2, 843 | 3,049 | 2,963 | 3,435 | 3,425 | 3,604 | 5,811 | 2,720 | 3,604 | 3,386 | 2,669 | 3,272 | 2,773 |  |
|  | 515 | 799 | 961 | 1,351 | 1,403 | 1,177 | 818 | 350 | 371 | 594 | 903 | 894 | 1, 446 |  |
|  | 508 | 889 | 911 | 1,300 | 1,333 | 1, 397 | 1,343 | 495 | 773 | 765 | 546 | 582 | , 559 |  |
| Liquor and wine | 1,061 | 1,190 | 1,060 | 1,064 | 1,157 | 905 | 1,835 | 832 | 1,546 | 1,441 | 986 | 965 | 1, 018 |  |
|  | 2, 791 | 2,899 | 2,810 | 2,842 | 2,470 | 2,619 | 3, 882 | 2,288 | 3,513 | 3, 278 | 2,498 | 2,891 | 2,891 |  |
| Chemical, household and industrial.......... do | 942 | 1,024 | 1, 076 | 1,268 | 880 | 963 | 1,367 | 676 | 1,056 | 1,004 | 729 | 947 | 832 |  |
|  | 158 | 159 | 149 | 169 | 175 | 179 | 310 | 195 | 206 | 234 | 154 | 152 | 138 |  |
|  | 16,107 | 17,318 | 17,793 | 17,439 | 17,860 | 17,955 | 13, 866 | 16,688 | 16,943 | 16,128 | 17, 352 | 18,051 | 18,196 |  |
| GYPSUM AND PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crude gypsum, quarterly total: <br> Imports <br> thous. of short tons. |  | r 762 |  |  | 1,161 |  |  | r 1,350 |  |  | 1,061 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1,956 |  |  | 2,326 |  |  | 2,509 |  |  | 2,238 |  |  |  |
| Calcined, production, quarterly total.............do.... |  | 1,787 |  |  | 1,083 |  |  | 2,130 |  |  | r 1, 802 |  |  |  |
| Gypsum products sold or used, quarterly total; <br> Uncalcined uses................................-short tons. |  | 663, 237 |  |  | 779,707 |  |  | 793, 531 |  |  | 854, 662 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 83, 225 |  |  | 79,582 |  |  | 78,948 |  |  | 66,674 |  |  |  |
| Building uses: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 324, 642 |  |  | 371,901 |  |  | 385, 268 |  |  | 323,847 |  |  |  |
| All other (incl. Keene's cement) --...-...-- - do...- |  | 294, 346 |  |  | 339,055 |  |  | 370, 959 |  |  | 303, 223 |  |  |  |
| Lath................................-.-. - mil. of sq. ft. |  | 496. 7 |  |  | 577.1 |  |  | 621.4 |  |  | 529.3 |  |  |  |
|  |  | 1,002. 7 |  |  | 1,071.5 |  |  | 1,155.4 |  |  | 1,060.9 |  |  |  |
| All other® .------------------------------- do |  | 44.1 |  |  | 59.0 |  |  | 61.4 |  |  | 51.0 |  |  |  |

[^13] in 1058 but formerly excluded, averaged 14,000 per month in 1957.
o'Revisions to be published later are as follows: 1954 (annual data only); 1955 (annual and monthly); 1956 (January-Angust)
$\odot$ Comprises sheathing, formboard, tile and laminated board.

| Cindess otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | Septem- | October | Noveruber | Decem- ber | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March |

TEXTILE PRODUCTS

${ }_{8}$ Revised. ${ }^{\text {R Preliminary. }}{ }^{3}$ Data cover a 5-week period.
2 Ginnings to December 13 Revised to include stocks held by warehouses not formerly reporting; data for August 1956-June 1957 are understated by an unknown amount. 7 Data are for month shown.
Revisions for January 1957 (units as above): Cotton, 790,636 ; cotton cloth, 11,432 . ${ }^{9}$ Revision for November 1956, $5,748,000$ pounds.

December 1957 men's cuttings (old basis) in order and units as above: 1,$400 ; 140 ; 4,800 ; 1,356 ; 132$; 252 . No overlap is available for women's ate.


| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of bUSINESS STATISTICS | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | February | March | April | May | June | July | August | September | October | Novem. ber | December | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Janu- } \\ & \text { ary } \end{aligned}$ | February | March |

TEXTILE PRODUCTS-Continued

| WOOL AND MANUFACTURES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wool consumption, mill (elean basis): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | r 22,350 $r 13,402$ | 21,482 | 1 1 1 $14,3,159$ | 21,321 9,552 | 21,558 8.274 | 121,281 18,508 | 19,277 9,779 | $\begin{array}{r}18,377 \\ 9,554 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1 1 1 111,4258 | 13,751 8.180 | 13,110 7,639 | 117,335 110.121 1185 | $\begin{array}{r} 15,496 \\ 8,664 \end{array}$ |  |
|  | 21,617 | - 22, 602 | 18,788 | ${ }^{\text {¢ }} 15.042$ | 14, 480 | 15, 411 | 18,051 | 19, 101 | - 14,722 | 11, 369 | 11,334 | 17,731 |  |  |
| Apparel class (dutiable), clean content -.......-do. | 9,746 | r 9,170 | 8,366 | -7,524 | 6,788 | 6,245 | 6,604 | 6,953 | 5,235 | 4,416 | 4,253 | 6,659 |  |  |
| Wool prices, raw, clean basis, Boston: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Good French combing and staple: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1.625 | 1.622 | 1. 645 | 1. 675 | 1. 675 | 1. 675 | 1. 675 | 1. 638 | 1. 5680 | 1. 500 | 1.438 | 1.400 | 1.375 | 1. 250 |
|  | 1.188 | 1.170 | 1. 181 | 1. 270 | 1. 271 | 1. 272 | 1. 285 | 1. 265 | 1. 232 | 1. 188 | 1.115 | 1.070 | 1. 021 | 938 |
| Australian, 64s, 70s, good topmaking, in bond. do --- | 1. 575 | 1.575 | 1.575 | 1. 595 | 1.625 | 1.625 | 1.625 | 1.625 | 1.605 | 1.425 | 1.325 | 1.275 | 1.275 | 1.238 |
| Knitting yarn, worsted, 2/20s-50s/56s, Bradford system, wholesale price $\ddagger .-$.........................-1947-49=100 | 111.0 | 109.7 | 108.5 | 112.2 | 112.2 | 112.2 | 112.2 | 112.2 | 109.7 | 104.7 | 99.8 | 97.3 | 96.0 |  |
| Woolen and worsted woven goods, except woven felts: Production, quarterly, totalo…... thous. of lin. yd |  | 77,301 |  |  | 81.201 |  |  | 72, 580 |  |  | 61, 519 |  |  |  |
| Apparel fabrics, total --....-................- do. |  | 73,345 |  |  | 77, 873 |  |  | 69, 113 |  |  | 57, 880 |  |  |  |
| Other than Government orders, total......do... |  | 72,047 |  |  | 72. 105 |  |  | 68,210 |  |  | 57, 483 |  |  |  |
| Men's and boys' --...............-...-- do... |  | 37, 193 |  |  | 35, 481 |  |  | 28, 876 |  |  | 25,387 |  |  |  |
| Women's and children's |  | 34, 854 |  |  | 41,624 |  |  | 39,334 |  |  | 32,096 |  |  |  |
| Prices, wholesale, suiting, f. o. b. mill: $1947-49=100$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Flannel, men's and boys' Gabardine, women's and children's................ | $\begin{array}{r} 115.6 \\ 97.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 115.6 \\ 97.3 \end{gathered}$ | 117.2 97.3 | $\begin{array}{r} 117.2 \\ 97.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 118.0 \\ 97.3 \end{array}$ | 118.0 97.3 | $\begin{array}{r} 118.0 \\ 97.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 118.0 \\ & 100.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 118.0 \\ & 100.4 \end{aligned}$ | 115.2 | 115.2 100.6 | 115.2 103.9 | $\begin{aligned} & 114.1 \\ & 103.9 \end{aligned}$ |  |

## TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT

| AIRCRAFT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Manufacturers of complete types: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aircraft, engines, propellers, parts, etc: mil of dol |  | r 2,115 |  |  | 1,524 |  |  | 1. 075 |  |  | 3,222 |  |  |  |
| Orders, new (net), quarterly total...- mil. of dol. Sales (net), quarterly total |  | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r 2, } \\ \hline 270\end{array}$ |  |  | 3,015 |  |  | 2,948 |  |  | 3,222 3,133 |  |  |  |
| Backlog of orders, total, end of quarter......do |  | 17, 795 |  |  | 16,3i4 |  |  | 14,431 |  |  | 14,520 |  |  |  |
| For TY. S. military customersot............do |  | 11,801 |  |  | ${ }^{r} 10,5.88$ |  |  | r 9,249 |  |  | 8,930 |  |  |  |
| Civilian aircraft: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 49,278 | 46,636 | 57,980 | 84, 136 | 69, 497 | 70.649 | 62,990 | 54, 911 | 45,687 | 47, 213 | 44, 856 | 62, 311 | 65, 046 |  |
| Airframe weight...--.---...-. - .-. -thous. of lb-- | 1,554.0 | 1,625. 6 | 1,886. 6 | 8,558.0 | 2,114.0 | 2,096.0 | 1,950.6 | 1,641.1 | 1,456. 5 | 1,480.8 | 1, 430.8 | ${ }^{r} 1,909.9$ | 1,891.4 |  |
| Exports (commercial and civilian) $\oplus \odot^{7} \ldots$ thous. of dol..MOTOR VEHICLES | 16,516 | 9,901 | r 26,141 | 16,509 | 24,495 | r21,894 | 31, 298 | 19,408 | r 27,753 | r 17.647 | 14,340 | 2 22,652 |  |  |
| Factory sales, total...................-.-.-.-.....number.- | 662,028 | 677,778 | 647, 414 | 640,386 | 591,039 | 581,075 | 611,749 | 381,653 | 380,176 | 1688.898 | 642,856 | 558,518 | 467,583 | r3430,100 |
|  | 238 | 341 | 506 | 462 | 389 | 309 | 315 | 243 | 233 | 241 | 287 | - 325 | 306 | [3 340 |
|  | 234 | 307 | 410 | 309 | 332 | 302 | 281 | 187 | 232 | 206 | 253 | 293 | 291 |  |
|  | 570,023 | 585,734 | 541,733 | 537, 112 | 496,329 | 484,718 | 521, 282 | 318, 279 | 291,064 | 383, 783 | 555,242 | 478, 416 | 396,221 | 3357,500 |
|  | 556,930 | 569,242 | 526,310 | 522,759 | 484, 840 | 474,635 | 513, 290 | 315,008 | 282, 510 | 560, 141 | 536, 369 | 462, 674 | 383, 516 |  |
|  | 91, 767 | 91, 703 | 105,175 | 102,812 | 94,321 | 96, 048 | 90, 152 | 63, 131 | 88, 879 | 94, 574 | 87, 327 | 79, 777 | 71, 056 | ${ }^{3} 72.300$ |
|  | 73,693 | 73, 523 | 84, 410 | 82,930 | 76,859 | 76,856 | 74,212 | 51,016 | 73, 707 | 78,928 | 72, 030 | 64,008 | 54, 020 |  |
|  | 23, 534 | 43,724 | - 34,725 | 34,956 | ${ }^{\text {T }} 28,295$ | r 24,211 | 27,459 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 17,987$ | 18.053 | 30, 324 | 34, 502 | 28,752 |  |  |
|  | 10,638 | 18,673 | 14,029 | 14,635 | ${ }^{r} 10,890$ | 9,562 | 9,977 | r 5, 611 | 6,273 | 16, 000 | 19,628 | 14,922 |  |  |
|  | 12,896 | 25,051 | r 20,696 | 20, 321 | 17, 405 | > 14,649 | 17,482 | 12,376 | 11,780 | 14,324 | 14, 874 | 13, 830 |  |  |
| Imports (cars, trucks, buses), total*-.....-...-.-. ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 15, 254 | 22, 223 | 22, 262 | 21, 536 | 21,836 | ${ }^{7} 23,373$ | 24, 466 | 19.919 | ${ }_{-} \mathbf{2 7 , 7 9 4}$ | r 26,946 | 31, 319 |  |  |  |
| Passenger cars (new and used)*.........-.....-do | 14,813 | 21,435 | 21,549 | 20, 701 | 21, 261 | ${ }^{*} 22,794$ | 23,698 | 19,200 | - 26, 439 | ${ }^{\text {r } 26,174}$ | 30,429 |  |  |  |
| Truck trailers (incl. trailer chassis), prod......... do | 5, 090 | 5,555 | 5,536 | 5,574 | 5.110 | 4.111 | 5, 258 | 4, 6667 | 4,598 | 3, 974 | -3,636 | r 3,508 | 3,289 |  |
|  | 4,832 | 5, 263 | 5,278 | 5,316 | 4, 603 | 3, 969 | 4,322 | 4, 184 | 4, 369 | 3, 631 | r ${ }_{-} 3,326$ | $r 3,222$ | 3,037 |  |
| Vans. $\qquad$ do | 2,654 | 2,608 | 2,580 | 2,665 | 2,364 | 2,084 | 2,529 | 2,522 | 2,512 | 2,018 | ${ }^{2} 1,863$ | r 1, $714 i$ | 1,690 |  |
| Registrations: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New passenger cars New commercial cars | 438,725 62,129 | 572,917 74,668 | 548,609 75,438 | 556,324 82,308 | 517,043 71,335 | 543,264 79,117 | 491,839 $\mathbf{7 7}, 053$ | 495,217 78,156 | 463,795 76,899 | 408,534 61.920 | 512,136 62,160 | 381,932 52,368 | 333,580 49,136 |  |
| RAILROAD EQUIPMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| American Railway Car Institute: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Freight cars: | 8, 184 | 9, 774 | 9,016 | 8,361 | 8,656 | 7,803 | 8,887 | 8,500 | 8,328 | 7. 260 | 6.507 | 7,371 | 5,511 |  |
|  | 8,184 4,576 | 5,613 | 5,253 | 5,261 | 4,908 | 4,832 | 4,716 | 8,947 | 4,850 | 4, 033 | 3, 802 | 4,988 | 3,721 |  |
|  | 4,576 | 5,613 | 5,253 | 5,183 | 4,717 | 4,685 | 4,587 | 4,897 | 4,817 | 3,915 | 3,469 | 4,836 | 3, 526 |  |
| Railroad and private-line shops, domestic._do...- | 3, 608 | 4,161 | 3,763 | 3, 700 | 3,748 | 3,061 | 4,171 | 3,553 | 3,478 | 3,227 | 2, 705 | 2,383 | 1,790 |  |
|  | 4,389 | 3,199 | 6, 453 | 3,729 | 4,729 | 1,058 | 2,852 | 3,212 | 2,208 | 1,090 | 3, 506 | 401 | 294 |  |
| Equipment manufacturers, total........... do | 2,202 | 817 | 6,404 | 2,375 | 1,978 | 782 | 1,082 | 1,708 | 528 | 977 | 3,127 | 375 | 215 |  |
|  | 1,865 | 817 | 6,404 | 1,907 | 1,978 | 782 | 1, 068 | 1,708 | 522 | 957 | 3,103 | 375 | 215 |  |
| Railroad and private-line shops, domestic.do...- | 2, 187 | 2,382 | 49 | 1,354 | 2, 751 | 276 | 1, 770 | 1,504 | 1,680 | 113 | 379 | 26 | 79 |  |
| Unfilled orders, end of month, total ........ do | 113, 247 | 108, 990 | 106, 472 | 98,604 | 93,217 | 86,489 | 80,477 | 73,150 | 66, 860 | 60, 238 | 56,676 | 49,370 | 44, 138 |  |
| Equipment manufacturers, total --.-.-. do | 53, 134 | 48,337 | 49,540 | 46,663 | 43, 853 | 39,864 | 36,203 | 32, 954 | 28, 602 | 25, 442 | 24,496 | 19,797 | 16, 276 |  |
|  | 51, 852 | 47,055 | 48, 258 | 45,065 | 42,446 | 38,604 | 34, 984 | 31,785 | 27, 460 | 24. 398 | 23, 761 | 19,214 | 15, 888 |  |
| Railroad and private-line shops, domestic_do.--- | 60, 113 | 60,653 | 56, 932 | 51,941 | 49,364 | 46, 625 | 44, 274 | 40,196 | 38, 258 | 34, 796 | 32, 180 | 29, 573 | 27, 862 |  |
| Passenger cars (equipment manufacturers): <br> Shipments, total | 23 |  | 11 | 41 | 65 | 27 | 43 | 187 | 387 |  |  | 39 | 18 |  |
| Shipments, total <br> Domestic $\qquad$ | 11 | 6 3 | 11 | 41 | 65 17 | 15 | 43 | 187 | 387 376 | 5 | 37 37 | 39 | 18 |  |
| Unfilled orders, end of month, total.-......-- do | 832 | 836 | 825 | 789 | 738 | 721 | 678 | 507 | 143 | 134 | 97 | 80 | 67 |  |
|  | 732 | 739 | 732 | 727 | 722 | 717 | 677 | 492 | 139 | 134 | 97 | 80 | 67 |  |
| Association of American Railroads: Freight cars (class I ) $: \mathbb{\$}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number owned or leased, end of month.-.-thous.- | 1, 716 | 1,720 4.1 | 1,724 4.4 | 1,727 4.5 | 1,730 4.5 | 1,731 4.9 | 1,735 5.0 | 1,739 4.9 | 1,742 4.9 | 1. 745 | 1.747 5.1 | 1,749 | 1.750 |  |
| Held for repairs, percent of total owned.-------- | 4.2 | 4.1 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 4.9 | 5.0 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 5.0 | 5.1 | 5.4 | 5.8 |  |
| Steam, owned or leased, end of month.....-thous | 3 | ${ }^{3}$ | ${ }^{3}$ | 3 | 3 | 18 | 173 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 |  |
| Held for repairs, percent of total owned. | 17.3 | 16.6 | 17.5 | 18.2 | 18.3 | 18.1 | 17.4 | 17.7 | 21.0 | 22.2 | 21.5 | 23.6 | 25.3 |  |
| Diesel-electric and electric: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Owned or leased, end of mo. No. of power units.- | 27,060 | 27, 125 | $27,234$ | $27,383$ | $27,453$ | $27,548$ | $27,602$ | 27, 670 | 27, 695 | 27, 859 | 27, 932 | 28,047 | 28, 093 |  |
| Serviceable, end of month.-----.-.-.-.-.-- do..-- | 26,002 | 26,078 | 26, 123 | 26.423 | 26, 400 | 26, 462 | 26, 580 | 26, 569 | 26, 702 | 26. 773 | 26, 827 | 26,989 | 26.811 |  |
| Installed in service (new) .-.-...............- do | 127 | 133 | 114 | 119 582 | 125 | 1112 | 73 390 | 99 | - 56 | 160 | 81 | 120 | 50 |  |
| Unfilled orders, end of month.....-......-. do...- | 867 | 747 | 693 | 582 | 462 | 395 | 320 | 296 | 295 | 488 | 443 | 323 | 273 |  |
| Exports of locomotives, total (railroad-service and industrial types) $\qquad$ number... | 49 | 79 | 64 | 37 | 62 | r 55 | 50 | 51 | 69 | 68 | 68 | 68 |  |  |

${ }^{5}$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Data cover a 5-week period. ${ }^{2}$ See note marked " $\oplus$ " for this page. ${ }^{3}$ Preliminary estimate of production.
Data for April, July, and October 1957 and January 1958 cover 5 -week periods; other months cover 4 weeks. o' Revisions for 1955 (freight-car orders) and 1956 will be shown later.
+Beginning with the March 1958 Strvey, the price is expressed as an index, $194-49=100$. Monthy data for 1947-56 are shown at the bottom of p. S-38 of the March 1958 issue.
$\oplus$ Data beginning January 1958 exclude exports of new cargo transports, included in earlier data. In 1957 , such exports were valued at $\$ 1.4$ million.
*New series (from Bureau of the Census). Data cover complete units, chassis, and bodies. Excludes railroad-owned private refrigerator cars.


Pagea marked $\mathbf{S}$ Domestic trade Employment and population Finance International transactions of the U. S Transportation and communics Ehemicals and alined pr Foodstuffs and tobacco Leather and products Lumber and manufactures Metals and manufactures Petroleum, coal, and products. Pulp, paper, and printing Rubber and rubber products Stone, clay, and glass products Textile products Transportation equipment


## Advertising

Agricultural employment
Agricultural loans and foreign trade--.-15, 17, $21,{ }_{22}$ Airline operations
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Alcoholic beverages.
 Asphalt and asphalt and tar products_-1.-1 1,36
Automobiles... $2,3,8,9,12,13,14,15,16,17,22$ Automobiles_--- 2, 3, 8, 9, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 22, 40
Bakery products.
$2,12,13,14,15$
Bakery products
Balance of payments

## Banking

14, 16
Barrels and drums
Battery shipments
Beef and v

Eonds, outstanding, issued, prices, sales,
yields
Book publication

## Brass and bronze

Brick.
Brokers loans and balances.
16, 19
Building and construction materials.-.....--- $8,9,10$
Building costs
Business incorporations (new), failures
Business incorporations (hories.
Business sales and inventoris.
Business
Butter.
Cans (metal), closures, crowns


Cement and concrete products.
Cereal and bakery products
Chain-store sales, firms with 4 or more and 11

## Cheese....


Cigarettes and cigars-.-.
Clay products
Coal
$-\overline{3}, \overline{1} \overline{1}, 1 \overline{3}, 14,15,2 \overline{2}$,
Coffee
Coke-....-.
Confectionery, sales
$1 \overline{1}, 1 \overline{3}, 14,1 \overline{5}, \overline{19}$,
63,35
22,29
22,30
23,35
20,24

## Contract awards

## Dwelling units

Employment, hours, earnings, wage rates
Highways and roads
New construction, dollar value
Consumer credit.-..................
Consumer durables output, index
Consumer expenclitures

## Consum

Corn of living (see Consumer price index)
Cotton, raw and manufactures


Dairy products.................... 2, 5, 6, 12, 13, 14, 15, 27 Debi
Debt, United States Government
Department sto
Deposits, bank.
Disputes, industria
Distilled spirits
Dridend payments, rates, and yields........ 1, 19, 20
Dwelling units, new
14, 15
Earnings, weekly and hourly
Eating and drinking places.
Eggs and poultry
Electric power
Electrical mach. and equip-2,3, $6,12,13,14,15,19,22,34$ Employment estimates and indexes.
Employment Service activities

Explosives
Exports (see also individual commodities)---- 21,22
Express operations


里

Pages marked $S$
Farmes, industrial and commercial.
-1, $2,5, \begin{gathered}5 \\ 6 \\ 15\end{gathered}$
Farm wages.
6, 25, 26
Federal oils, greases.

- 25,26

Federal business-type activities
Federal Government finance
Federal Reserve banks, condition of
6. 25

Fertilizers
Fish oils and fish
Flaxseed
Floor, wheat
Food products,
$6,8,9,10,12,13,14,15,19,22,27$,


Foreclosures,
Foundry equipment
Freight cars (equipment)
Freight-car surplus and shortage
Fruits an
Fuels--
$\stackrel{\text { Furnaces }}{ }$ urniture.

2,3,
Gas, prices, customers, sales, revenues $\qquad$ 6, 26, 27
Gasoline
Generators and motors
Glycerin

- 18.21

Grosery national product
Gross private domestic investment
Gypsum and products
6,38
Hardware stores.
Heating apparatus
Hides and skins...
9
6.34
Hides and skins...--
Highways and roads
Hogs.
Home Loan banks, loans outstanding
Home mortgages.
Hosiery
Hotels.

Hours of work per week.................................. 12,13
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Income and employment tax receipts
Industrial production indexes
Installment credit
Instaliment sales, department stores ${ }_{-}, \overline{3}, \overline{1} \overline{2}, 1 \overline{3}, 14,1$
Instruments and rela
Insulating materials.
Insurance, life.
Inventories, manufacturers, and trade----3-7, 10,16 Iron and steel, crude and manufactures $\overline{19} \overline{2} \overline{2}, 32,33$,
$6,8,12,14,15,19,22,32,33$


## Kerosene.

13, 14
Labor disputes, turnover
Labor force-----
Lead
Leather and products
$3,6,12,13,14,15,30,31$
Linseed oil................................................................... 29,29 Livestock
(see also Consumer credit)............ 8,16
Locomotives
Lubricants and products
$3,4,6,8,9,10,12,14,15,19,31,32$
Machine tools
Machinery
Main
2 Mail-order houses, sales.-
Manmade fibers and manufactures
6,39

| Manufacturing production indexes | $\mathbf{3 , 4} 5$ |
| :--- | ---: |

Manufacturing employment, production work
ers, payrolls, hours, earnings_-.-. $11,12,13,14,15$

Medical and personal care-- 6
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Monetary statistics
Money supply.
Motor carriers
Motor fue
Motor vehicles
8, 16, 18

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6. $\overline{9}, 19,40$

National income and product.
National parks, visitors
National parks, visitors -----
Newsprint

Nonferrous metals_-.........6, 12, 14, 15, 19, 22, 33
Noninstallment credit

## Oats

Oil burners
Ord and fats
new and unfiled, manufacturers
$\begin{array}{r}\overline{6}, 25,26 \\ \hline\end{array}$
12, 14, 15

Paint and paint materials
Panama Canal traffic -----1p
Passports issued $\quad 3,4,6,12,1 \overline{3}, \overline{1} \overline{4},-1 \overline{5}, \overline{1} 9,36,37$
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$3,-12,13,14,15,19,22,35, ~ 36$

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Plywood--
Popul
Pork
Posta

Prices (see also individual commodities):
Consumer price index
Received and paid by farmers
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Pullman Company
Pulp and pulpwood

## Pumps

phasing power of the dolla
Radiators and convectors.......................... 34
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Railroads
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| Refrigeration appliances, output | 6 |
| :--- | ---: |
| Rents (housing) | 34 |

Retail trade, all retail stores, firms with 4 or
more and 11 or more stores, general merchan-
dise, department storea_ $3,5,9,10,11,13,14,15,17$
.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Roofing and siding, asphalt

| Rubber and products. | 36 |
| :--- | :--- |
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Savings deposits
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Ship and
Shoes and other footwear...- $6,9,10,12,13,14,14,15$
Shoes and other footwear..- $6,9,10,12,13,14,15,31$
Shortening
Silk, prices, imports, production
Silver -..--- - -
Spindle activity, cotton
Steel ingots and steel manufactures (see also
Steel scrap steel)
2, 32, 33


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sales, listings....-...............................
Stone and earth minerals.

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Sulfuric acid-

Telephone, telegraph, cable, and radio-tele-
graph carriers... $11,13,14,15,20,24$

Textiles and
Tin_
$3,4, \overline{6}, 12,13,14,15,19,22,39,40$
Tin_.........-..............-. $9,10,12,13,14,15,38$
Tobacco and manufactures. $-\overline{5}, \overline{8}, \overline{1} \overline{2}, \overline{1} \overline{3}, \overline{1} \overline{4}, \overline{1} \overline{5}, 22,30$


Trade, retail and wholesale-
Transit lines, local $\quad . \quad . \quad 10,11,13,14,15,17,20$
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ment.
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Trucks
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9,10
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Vegetable on and fruits
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[^14]$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

[^15]$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

[^16]$\qquad$

No

| 15 |
| :--- |
| 36 |

$\qquad$



SINCE 1929

* FIRST COMPREHENSIVE ACCOUNT OF THE WIDELY USED STATE INCOME SERIES
* PERSONAL INCOME BY STATE, BY TYPE, AND BY INDUSTRY-SINCE 1929
$\star$ ANALYSIS OF GEOGRAPHIC INCOME CHANGES • PROCEDURES AND DEFINITION


[^0]:    NOTE: MR. WINSTON IS A MEMber of tHE BUSINESS STRUOTURE

[^1]:    NOTE.-MRS. GOLDSMITH IS A NEMEER OF THE NATIONAL INCOME DIVISION OF THE OFFICE OF BUSINFSS ECONOMIOS. JEANNETTE FITZWILLIAMS ASSISTED IN THF PREPARATION OF THE FAMLLY INCOME IHETRIBUTION ESTIMATES.

[^2]:    1. The price indexes used as deflators are those employed in deflating the persomal con-
[^3]:    1. The procedure used was first to determine new class limits for each income bracket in 1947 by dividing the current-dollar income limits ( $\$ 1,000, \$ 2,000$, etc.) by the price index, and then to interpolate to determine the numbers of consumer units in the usual $\$ 1,000$ income brackets. Interpolation formulas are described in the Income Distribution supplement, page 38, f. 12.
[^4]:    

[^5]:    4. The Survey of Consumer Finances for 1956 showed an increase over 1955 in the relative shares of the 30 perceceived by the top 10 percent or consumer units, and decreases in the 1955-56 changes were reversed in 1957. It appears likely that the $1955-56$ shift in relative shares was largely the result of sampling errors, and it was therefore disregarded here. An overstatement of the relative amount of income in the top income range in the survey data for 1956 as compared with 1955 and 1957 is suggested by the fact that mean family income in the survey for 1956 appears to be overstated not only in relation to 1955 (see Federal Reserve Bulletin, August 1957, page 879, f. 3) but also to 1957.
[^6]:    NOTE.-MR. KERBER IS A MEMBER OF THE BALANCE OF PAYMENTS DIVISION, OFFICE OF BUSINESS ECONOMICS.

[^7]:    100

[^8]:    $r$ Revised. $\quad p$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Includes Post Office employees hired for Christmas season; there were about 327,300 such employees in continental U. S. in December 1957.

[^9]:    

[^10]:    $r$ Revised. $\quad{ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ December 1 estimate of 1857 crop.

[^11]:    - Revised. p Preliminary.

[^12]:     sumption by railways, 8,920 .

[^13]:    T Revised. $\quad{ }^{2}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Data for motorcycle tires are excluded beginning January 1958.

[^14]:    - 

[^15]:    8

[^16]:    $\qquad$
    $\qquad$
    $\qquad$
    $\qquad$

