SURVEY OF

CURRENT BUSINESS



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The Business Situation

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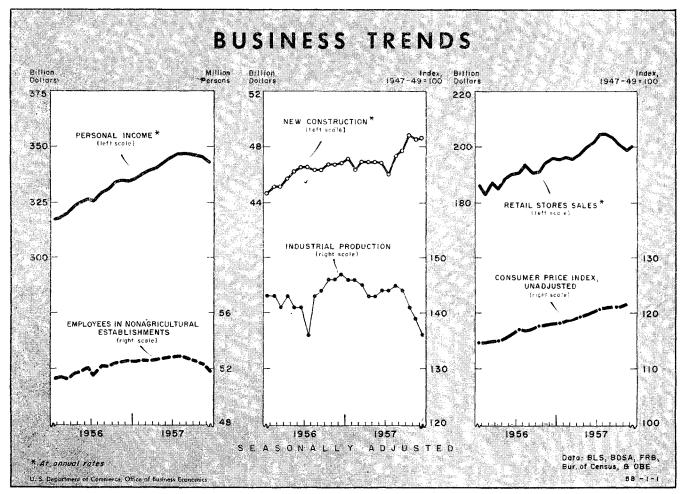
By the Office of Business Economics

HE DECLINE in business activity which began early last fall continued through December. At year-end, the economy was operating at a high rate as evidenced by the flow of personal income, but the easing tendencies rather generally apparent were more than offsetting the continued advances being staged by some segments.

Holiday buying at retail stores was reasonably good, especially for general merchandise and apparel. Dollar sales of retail stores in the last 3 months of 1957 were off 2 percent from the third quarter on a seasonally adjusted basis, but the 3-percent dollar rise over the fourth quarter of 1956 indicated a volume about on a par with that of a year earlier. The recent slide-off in consumer buying occurred in both durable and nondurable goods, with outlays for services increased.

Personal income in December, at a seasonally adjusted annual rate of \$343 billion, was \$4 billion below the August–September high but \$8 billion, or 2½ percent, above a year ago. The December flow of individual incomes was \$2½ billion less than the previous month's rate. Although payrolls and other earnings accounted for part of the decline, the bulk of it was in dividends and reflected a less-than-usual volume of year-end extra and special payments. Such payments have tended to vary considerably from year to year, and thus cause sizable fluctuations in the December figures.

The 1957 calendar-year total of personal income was the same as the December rate, \$343 billion. This was a new annual record—\$16 billion, or 5 percent, above 1956. With consumer prices up 3½ percent, real incomes in 1957 were also higher than in the preceding year.



Changed pattern of Government purchasing

Two major elements of continuing support to general business activity are construction activity and State and local government purchases. Federal outlays drifted lower in each of the third and fourth quarters of the year, but these were offset by rising State and local expenditures. In last October's Survey, it was pointed out that the Federal budget, based upon the most recent review at that time, implied some moderate cutbacks in Federal spending during the first half of 1958.

The January budget picture as detailed in the President's message modifies this prospect. Proposals for the remainder of this fiscal year and for the 12 months ended in June 1959 as projected in the budget imply a sustained rate of Federal spending for goods and services in the first part of this year and some expansion in the fiscal year 1959. Combined with the increases in State and local expenditures, total Government outlays presently would appear to be a force supporting business markets in the near term.

Construction and equipment

Private construction activity remained firm throughout the greater part of 1957 and a modest expansion occurred in the final quarter of the year. Both residential and nonresidential construction outlays at year-end were as high or

higher than at the start of the year.

Several influences were brought into play in the closing months of the year which may serve to stimulate the housing market. The change in Federal Reserve policy from credit restraint to active ease, coupled with somewhat lowered business demands for bank credit, has resulted in lowered costs of borrowed funds. To the extent that housing may have been restricted by the limited availability of funds, this easing of credit would tend to serve as a bolstering influence. At the same time the Federal Housing Administration has taken some additional steps to lower initial cash requirements on mortgages insured by that agency.

Actual outlays by business for capital expansion held at a high rate through the end of last year, but are scheduled to decline in early 1958—a prospect which has been a factor in the recent reduction in demand experienced by the durable-goods industries. As reported in last month's Survey, fixed investment programs are being reduced after an extended advance which carried investment to a record high

in 1957.

Inventory liquidation

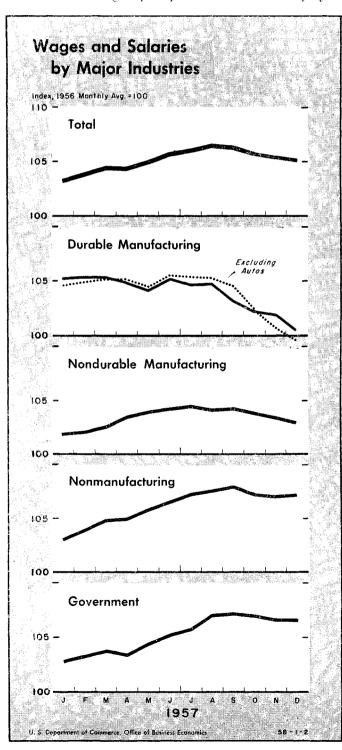
The recent tendency toward inventory curtailment by manufacturers, representing a shift from the moderate accumulation in preceding months, has involved a considerable rearrangement in production requirements. The impact of changing inventory demands has been of varying intensity on an industry-by-industry basis; this accounts for the fact that in some industries, such as steel, production cutbacks have been very substantial, while in other cases, such as consumer soft goods, production has been fairly well maintained.

The peak in value of manufacturers' stocks was reached last August, and these have been trimmed down since. Inventories in trade channels remained almost unchanged throughout most of the year. Retailers' stocks dipped slightly during the spring, then picked up moderately through September and have since leveled off. Wholesalers' inventories, after a slight reduction in the opening months of 1957, were held even thereafter.

Employment and production off

The seasonally adjusted number of employees in nonfarr establishments amounted to 52 million as the year ended down about 900,000 from last summer's high and about 650 000 from a year ago. Unlike the early developments in 195, when reduced employment in manufacturing was more that offset in other industries, cutbacks over the fall and earl winter months have been fairly general among both manufacturing and nonmanufacturing industries.

Also in contrast to the earlier months of 1957, when in creases over a year ago were sizable and broad-ranged, only scattered industrial groups reported. December employment



higher than a year earlier—principally finance, wholesale trade, and services. While the reduction in employment during last year was concentrated in manufacturing-off 800,000 from December 1956 to December 1957—several other major groups, notably railroads, also decreased the number of employees. In utilities and retail trade, employment in December was at or close to the year-before levels.

The decline in manufacturing activity over the past year has been fairly widespread. While the intensity of reduced demands for labor has been most pronounced in durable-goods lines, it is noteworthy that virtually all of the major industry groupings within manufacturing employed fewer workers in

December than a year earlier.

Of the major industry groups, the steel industry experienced an especially sharp cutback in demand. Steel production at year-end was around 60 percent of the January 1, 1957, capacity, compared with a 98 percent rate at the start of the year. By way of contrast, auto production, which had fallen off sharply in 1956, picked up moderately this past year. The total number of passenger cars assembled in 1957 amounted to 6.1 million, compared with 5.8 million in the preceding year. Sales of new model cars in December fared only moderately well, however, and, with dealers holding a

high volume of inventories, the industry cut back its assembly rates in the latter part of the month and early January.

Summary view

For 1957 as a whole, total output, real purchasing power, and employment averaged higher than in 1956, the previous peak. The demand situation softened in the final months of the year, however, and activity at year-end was down from the highs established in the summer and early fall. The impact of the slide-off varied considerably from industry to industry.

At the same time, private construction activity turned moderately upward this past summer after a period of stability, and value put in place is currently higher than a year ago. Government expenditures were also sustained throughout 1957. While Federal outlays had tended downward slightly in the summer and fall, State and local spending continued its uptrend. The outlook for Federal outlays changed with the reexamination of security requirements in the light of new missile developments and somewhat higher outlays are now programed for the fiscal year ahead.

National Income and Corporate Profits in 1957

National Income rose to a new high annual rate of \$362 billion in the third quarter of 1957, extending its advance for the 15th successive quarter. With the shift in trend of business in the final quarter of the year, national income turned downward by an amount which is not yet possible to calculate in the absence of requisite data on corporate profits. Aside from the probable reduction of such profits, it is evident from the comprehensive personal income measure that the direct flow of wages and other earnings to individuals declined moderately in the fourth quarter.

By comparison with the first 9 months of 1956, total employee earnings were up 6 percent, or \$15 billion at annual Employment was somewhat higher in the 1957 period, but the average length of the workweek was reduced, so the total of man-hours worked was not much changed. On balance, therefore, the increase in total compensation of employees was attributable to the continued rise in average hourly pay rates. Proprietors' income for the 9 months was \$1 billion higher at an annual rate, and corporations' before-

tax earnings (excluding inventory gains) rose by a similar

In this review, we have used the first 9 months of 1957 profits and national income on a seasonally adjusted annual rate basis for comparison with the full year 1956. The full year 1957 comparisons will probably be somewhat less favorable in view of the effects of lowered business activity in the final quarter. For the 9 months, the annual rate of employee compensation is indicated to have been 5 percent or \$12½ billion above calendar 1956; and corporate profits on the same basis were little changed from 1956.

Corporate profits stable—margins reduced

With 9-months' corporate sales higher and profits about the same as in 1956, the reduction in profit margins was a significant feature of the economic pattern in this culminating period of the cyclical rise dating from mid-1954.

Book profits in the first 9 months of 1957 were at a seasonally adjusted annual rate just slightly under the totals for

the years 1955 and 1956.

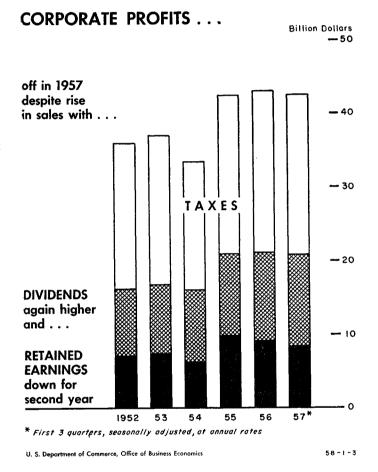
On an after-tax basis, the level maintained during this period of nearly 3 years was higher by \$4 to \$5 billion than that which characterized the previous 3 years. difference was due in part to profits having been reduced in 1952 and 1953 by the Korean-period excess profits tax and in 1954 by the business recession. Except in 1954, when removal of the excess profits tax cushioned the impact of the business decline, annual changes in profits after taxes have about paralleled those in before-tax profits.

While dividends expanded steadily, as shown in the chart, the course of undistributed profits was quite irregular, a sharp cyclical advance in 1955 contrasting with limited declines in most other recent years. In 1956 and the January-September period of 1957, when profits after taxes were stable, retained earnings declined progressively as dividends advanced.

On a quarterly basis (table 1), corporate profits receded last spring from the high fourth-quarter 1956 rate, and held about even in the summer. Inventory gains tapered as the price rise slowed, and earnings from current production held up somewhat better than did the reported figures for before- and after-tax book profits. Dividends continued to rise fractionally from quarter to quarter through most of 1957, but the increase over 1956 tapered as the year progressed. December payments dipped sharply, reflecting year-end declarations of special and extra dividends in lesser volume than usual.

Industry patterns mixed

By comparison with 1956 as a whole, last year's profits through September showed improvement in a number of the principal industry divisions. Among these, gains on the order of 5 percent were recorded for the utilities, finance and service divisions.



The annual rate for manufacturing was a little below that of 1956, with nondurables and construction-related durables lines in particular being characterized by lower earnings. Profits were off in the transportation industry, and the rise in mining was checked. As the chart on page 5 illustrates, these three industry divisions provide close to three-fifths of the corporate profits total. Manufacturing is seen to have accounted for well over half the all-industry aggregate, and the durables branch alone for one-third.

Profits changes in the various industries are outlined below in the context of the related shifts in national income. (See tables 2 and 3.)

Profits off in manufacturing

National income from manufacturing during the January-September period amounted to \$111½ billion at annual rates.

This represented a rise of \$3½ billion from 1956 taken as a whole and \$5 billion from the January-September rate for that year. The corresponding percentage changes are shown in the accompanying text table together with others recorded since the recession year 1954.

Total Income Originating in Manufacturing

	-	
	Percent chan ceding y	ge from pre- lear's—
		January-
		September
1077	total	rate
1955	13.8 5.6	12. 7 5. 9
1957 (January–September rate)		4. 5

A slowing in the rate of rise in 1957 seems to have beet rather general among durables (with the major exception of transportation equipment) and nondurables groups alike.

Of the total flow of income from manufacturing in the 1957 period, corporate profits accounted for one-fifth. As already indicated, the profits component fell slightly short of its 1956 annual rate in the first 3 quarters of last year, with increases in the auto group and in certain investment-goods lines not quite balancing the declines recorded elsewhere in manufacturing.

Mixed record for durables

Among durable-goods groups, auto industry profits were at a 9-month annual rate \$½ billion higher than the 1956 total. Other transportation equipment, electrical machinery, and fabricated metals together registered a gain of similar magnitude. These advances were partly offset by declines, aggregating close to \$½ billion, in the primary metals group and in lumber and certain other lines commonly affected by changes in construction activity.

Part-year comparisons of net income in the automobile manufacturing industry are particularly difficult to interpret because of the year-to-year variation in the timing of the model changeover period. The advance in January-

Table 1.—National Income, by Type of Income, 1955-57 [Billions of dollars]

		s	easona	lly adj	usted a	t annu	al rate	8						
	1955	1956		19	56			1957						
			I	п	ш	IV	I	II	III					
National income	324, 1	343.6	335.8	340, 6	344, 5	353, 3	355, 1	358. 1	362, 2					
Compensation of employees	223. 1	241.4	234, 5	240.0	242.7	247.9	251, 1	254.0	257.0					
Wages and salaries Private Military Government civilian	210. 3 174. 4 9. 8 26. 1	227. 2 189. 4 9. 7 28. 2	220. 9 183. 9 9. 7 27. 3	226. 1 188. 4 9. 7 27. 9	190. 1 9. 7	233. 3 194. 7 9. 7 28. 9	9.6	199. 1 9. 7	241. 3 200. 9 9. 8 30. 6					
Supplements to wages and salaries	12. 7	14. 1	13. 7	13. 9	14. 4	14. 6	15. 3	15. 4	15. 7					
Proprietors' and rental income 1.	49, 4	49, 9	49, 3	49.7	50.0	50.7	50.3	50.7	51.3					
Business and professional Farm Rental income of persons	27. 3 11. 9 10. 2	28. 0 11. 6 10. 3			28. 2 11. 5 10. 4			28. 7 11. 7 10. 4	29. 1 11. 8 10. 4					
Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment	40.7	40. 4	40, 5	39. 1	39. 8	42, 4	41, 2	40, 7	40.9					
Corporate profits before tax. Corporate profits tax	42. 5	43.0	43. 3	42. 4	40.8	45. 6	43. 9	42.0	41.8					
liability	21. 5	22. 0	22. 1	21.6	20.8	23. 3	22. 4	21. 4	21. 3					
Corporate profits after tax	21.0	21.0	21. 2	20. 7	19. 9	22. 3	21, 5	20. 5	20. 4					
Inventory valuation adjust- ment	-1.7	-2.6	-2.8	-3. 2	-1.0	-3. 2	-2.7	-1.3	9					
Net interest	10.9	11.9	11.5	11.7	12.0	12, 3	12.5	12, 7	13, 0					

1. Includes noncorporate inventory valuation adjustment. Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

September auto profits accompanied a sales gain, by comparison with 1956, somewhat sharper than will appear in the figures for the year as a whole. Although unit auto sales by manufacturers in 1957 were not far above the 1956 total, dollar-sales volume of the motor vehicles group was up considerably—around one-tenth, on the basis of 11 months' data.

The profits of certain durables groups where market trends are related to construction activity have been affected unfavorably by the decline in residential building which, beginning about mid-1955, continued well into 1957. The influence of this decline on demand and profits has been specially marked in lumber manufacturing. Profits in

Table 2.—National Income by Industrial Origin, 1953-57

(Billions of dollars)

	1953	1954	1955	1956	Firmonth sonall juste annua	s, sea- y ad- d at
					1956	1957
All industries, total	302, 1	299, 0	324, 1	343.6	340, 3	358, 4
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	17. 5	16. 9	16. 2	16. 1	15. 9	16. 3
	5. 5	4. 9	5. 4	6. 0	6. 0	6. 4
	15. 1	15. 5	16. 6	17. 7	17. 6	18. 2
Manufacturing Wholesale and retail trade. Finance, insurance, and real estate.	96. 4	90. 0	102. 4	108. 1	106. 6	111. 5
	50. 5	51. 1	54. 8	57. 9	57. 3	61. 0
	26. 2	28. 1	29. 3	30. 9	30. 8	32. 2
Transportation	15. 8	14. 5	15, 7	16. 7	16. 7	17. 3
	10. 0	10. 7	11, 5	12. 5	12. 4	13. 2
	28. 5	29. 7	32, 5	35. 6	35. 2	37. 7
overnment and government enterprises	35. 2	35. 8	37. 7	40. 1	39. 8	42. 4
	1. 5	1. 8	2. 0	2. 1	2. 0	2. 3

Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

this industry were off more than one-sixth in 1956, and 9-month totals for 1957 indicate that the reduction was extended last year.

Profit increases were recorded in several capital equipment lines, the largest being in transportation equipment other than autos and in electrical machinery. These industries started 1957 with large order backlogs and maintained generally high production rates during most of the year. At the same time, however, both new and unfilled orders tended to decline as the year passed. Orders from business for machine tools and railroad cars and from government for airplanes and parts, in particular, dropped off sharply. Though margins narrowed further in most of the durable

Though margins narrowed further in most of the durable goods groups, the 1956-57 movements in profits generally conformed in direction with those in sales. Among the nondurables, however, where profits were down from 1956 in most industries, 3-quarter comparisons based on reports to the Federal Trade Commission and Securities and Exchange Commission show that the majority of the profits declines occurred while sales volume was being maintained or increased. Such contrasts in movements between profits and sales were particularly marked in the food and petroleum groups. The reductions in earnings reported for textiles, apparel, and leather, however, also occurred in the absence of any significant declines in sales.

On a quarterly basis, profits in manufacturing have been tending downward since the end of 1956, and by the third quarter of 1957 were only fractionally above the year-earlier figure. Current indicators of activity in manufacturing—industrial production, carloadings, employment, and pay-

rolls—point to the likelihood of reductions during the fourth quarter of 1957 both in profits and total income originating in manufacturing.

Other industries

Income in transportation and mining continued to expand in 1957, the 9-month totals show. Profits in these industries, which together made up about 6 percent of all corporate profits, were maintained close to 1956 in the case of mining but dipped somewhat in transportation.

In transportation, the flow of income during the first 9 months of 1957 was up 3 percent from 1956. While the total originating in air, highway, water, and pipeline transportation continued to expand, income from railroading was about the same as the year before.

In mining, total income during the first 9 months of last year was above 1956 rates, as output was well maintained and prices advanced both in the crude petroleum and natural gas group and in coal mining. At the same time, total mining profits leveled off, after having recorded marked gains in 1955 and 1956.

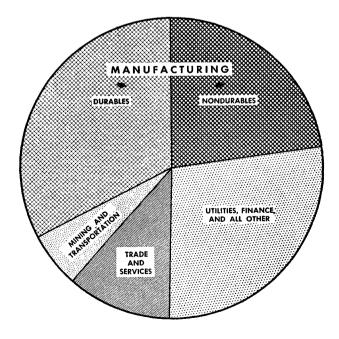
Income originating in the public utilities (including communications) during the January-September period of 1957 was likewise up a little more than 5 percent from 1956. This advance seems to have been primarily a reflection of increases in volume of output.

The profits position of the gas and electric utilities in the first three-quarters of last year was substantially unchanged from 1956. Some expansion was indicated in the net earnings of the telephone and telegraph industry group.

As in the case of the utilities, the flow of income and profits from the finance division and from foreign countries has expanded with the accumulation of invested capital at home and abroad. Income originating in finance last year reflected some further expansion in debt, as well as the rise

Industry Pattern of Corporate Profits*

Manufactures generate more than half of total



* Before - tax profits adjusted for inventory valuation, Jan.-Sept. 1957

Table 3.-Corporate Profits Before Tax, by Major Industries, 1953-57

[Billions of dollars, unadjusted for seasonal variation]

	1953	1954	1955	1956	Fir mor	
					1956	1957
All industries, total	37.0	33, 5	42, 5	43.0	31, 9	31, 9
Manufacturing	21. 2 12. 5 8. 7	18. 4 10. 4 8. 0	24. 8 14. 7 10. 0	24. 6 14. 1 10. 5	18. 5 10. 5 8. 0	18. 0 10. 6 7. 4
Finance and rest of world	4.8	5. 1	5. 5	5. 8	4. 3	4, 6
Transportation	1.6	. 9	1.3	1. 2	. 9	.8
Communications and public utilities	3. 3	3 . 5	4.0	4. 3	3. 2	3. 3
All other industries	6. 1	5. 6	6. 9	7. 1	5. 0	5. 1

Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics,

in interest rates. Income from abroad—mainly interest, dividends and branch profits—rose in response both to the continued rapid pace of our foreign investment and to the generally prosperous state of the free world economy.

National income originating in trade and service extended its uptrend through the first three-quarters of last year, and corporate profits appear to have shared in the advance. Contributing to these gains was consumer spending for goods and services at annual rates around 5 percent higher during the January-September period of 1957 than during the preceding year.

Growth in Operating Business Concerns in First Half of 1957

The business population of the United States reached a record number of 41/2 million operating concerns at the end of June 1957, a gain of about 30,000 firms from a year earlier. This increase, however, was about half the rise that occurred from mid-1955 to mid-1956. The more recent rise was attributable to small net increases—to new highs—in the rolls of all major industry groups except manufacturing and construction.

The number of contract construction firms was off slightly last year, the first decline since the end of World War II. This industry division, which experienced the largest relative losses in number of firms during the war when private construction was restricted, was characterized by conspicuously greater-than-average relative gains during the reconversion period. Expansion in the number of construction concerns continued through June 1956 and this group was affected least among the major industry divisions by the recessionary influences of 1948-49 and 1953-54.

The number of manufacturing concerns, which except for seasonal variations remained steady during the 1955-56 period, also declined slightly between mid-1956 and mid-1957. Growth in retail trade, on the other hand, was greater last year than the year before, while gains of roughly half those of the previous year occurred in all other major industrial segments of the business population.

Business turnover

In the first half of 1957 about 210,000 new businesses were established compared with 225,000 in the first half of 1956, a reduction of 6 percent. The 1957 period also witnessed a small increase—to 175,000 firms—in the number of

discontinued businesses for the business population as a whole. Similar trends were evident in each of the major industries except in retail trade, where the increase in the number of operating concerns benefited from both a higher number of new entrants and fewer withdrawals.

Changes in the number of businesses purchased or otherwise acquired by transfer of ownership usually follow in direction changes in number of new businesses. However, the number of transferred businesses during the first half of 1957 was 4 percent higher than a year earlier although the number of new businesses established declined. The number of transfers matched year-ago rates in contract construction and manufacturing—the two divisions experiencing sligh. recent declines in number of operating concerns.

Retail trade accounted for about two-thirds of the almost 195,000 transfers in the first half of last year. This is a

(Continued on page 20)

Table 4.—Number of Firms in Operation, Selected Dates 1940-57, and Number of New, Discontinued, and Transferred Businesses,

	Γ]	'housanc	ls]		-									
	All in- dustries	Con- tract con- struc- tion	Manu- factur- ing	Whole- sale trade	Retail trade	Service indus- tries	All other							
			Firms	s in Oper	ation									
June 30, 1940 June 30, 1943 June 30, 1948 June 30, 1949 June 30, 1952	3, 285, 2 2, 881, 6 3, 964, 7 3, 999, 5 4, 175, 4	199. 1 155. 7 332. 5 348. 8 414. 0	225. 8 245. 0 321. 0 320. 4 329. 6	170. 2 258. 3 262. 1	1, 565. 0 1, 317. 2 1, 769. 8 1, 793. 7 1, 853. 6	626. 4 550. 8 742. 0 736. 2 740. 4	482. 9 442. 7 541. 1 538. 4 556. 9							
June 30, 1953. Dec. 31, 1953. June 30, 1954. Dec. 31, 1954. June 30, 1955. Dec. 31, 1955 r. June 30, 1956 r. Dec. 31, 1956 r. June 30, 1957 r. June 30, 1957 r.	4, 205. 7 4, 185. 3 4, 196. 7 4, 189. 0 4, 232. 3 4, 245. 2 4, 294. 2 4, 287. 0 4, 322. 0	432.3 431.3 441.3 446.1 465.6 471.9 483.0 477.0 478.0	326. 6 321. 8 317. 6 312. 5 311. 4 309. 2 311. 8 309. 0 309. 0	287. 1 287. 5 289. 9 291. 2 294. 9	1, 859. 2 1, 849. 9 1, 850. 7 1, 846. 1 1, 857. 3 1, 860. 5 1, 874. 2 1, 876. 0 1, 897. 0	741. 9 739. 0 742. 3 740. 6 745. 0 746. 5 755. 7 755. 0 761. 0	560. 7 557. 7 557. 7 556. 2 563. 0 565. 8 574. 7 575. 0 580. 0							
	New Businesses													
January-June 1953_ July-December 1953_ January-June 1954_ July-December 1954_ January-June 1955_ July-December 1955_ January-June 1956_ July-December 1956_ January-June 1956_ January-June 1957_	199. 3 141. 2 189. 0 145. 2 210. 2 170. 2 223. 9 156. 9 211. 0	40. 4 23. 9 35. 7 25. 8 40. 9 30. 0 41. 0 23. 8 34. 5	16. 0 10. 4 13. 1 9. 6 14. 9 11. 4 16. 2 10. 6 13. 4	11. 9 8. 6 11. 0 8. 9 11. 7 9. 6 12. 4 9. 4 12. 2	77. 4 58. 1 75. 4 59. 8 81. 8 69. 4 86. 8 65. 4 87. 9	29. 6 23. 1 30. 3 22. 8 32. 8 27. 1 36. 7 26. 3 35. 6	24. 0 17. 2 23. 5 18. 2 28. 1 22. 7 30. 8 21. 4 27. 5							
			Disconti	nued Bu	sinesses									
January-June 1953 July-December 1953 January-June 1954 July-December 1954 January-June 1955 July-December 1955 - January-June 1956 - July-December 1956 2 January-June 1957 2	172. 4 161. 6 177. 6 153. 0 166. 9 157. 2 174. 9 164. 0 176. 0	25. 8 24. 9 25. 8 21. 0 21. 4 23. 7 30. 0 30. 0 33. 0	16. 3 15. 2 17. 3 14. 8 16. 0 13. 6 13. 7 13. 0 14. 0	9.8 8.0 9.6 8.4 9.4 8.3 8.7 9.0	71. 1 67. 3 74. 6 64. 5 70. 6 66. 1 73. 1 63. 0 67. 0	26. 7 25. 9 27. 0 24. 6 28. 3 25. 7 27. 5 27. 0 29. 0	22. 7 20. 3 23. 3 19. 8 21. 2 21. 9 21. 9 23. 0							
			Transfe	rred Bus	inesses									
January-June 1953. July-December 1953. January-June 1954. July-December 1954. January-June 1955. July-December 1955. January-June 1956. July-December 1956. January-June 1957.	205. 0 151. 2 181. 8 137. 9 176. 3 150. 7 186. 1 141. 2 193. 2	8. 6 5. 5 7. 3 5. 0 6. 6 5. 3 7. 4 5. 1 7. 4	9. 8 6. 6 7. 8 5. 5 7. 5 6. 2 7. 7 7. 6	7. 4 5. 4 6. 5 4. 5 6. 0 5. 0 6. 5 5. 2 6. 9	135. 6 102. 0 121. 5 94. 6 117. 7 102. 6 123. 7 94. 8 129. 4	30. 5 21. 9 26. 6 19. 7 26. 4 22. 2 28. 1 21. 0 28. 9	13. 1 9. 9 12. 2 8. 7 12. 0 9. 5 12. 6 9. 3							

r Revised estimate.

1. Business population estimates for other years appear on pp. 12 to 16 of the January 1954 issue of the SURVEY.

2. Based on incomplete data.

Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, Estimates based primarily on data from the U. S. Department of Health, Education, and Welfare, Bureau of Old-Age and Survivors Insurance.

Foreign Trade and Domestic Business

NE OF THE stimulating factors in the domestic business picture in early 1957 was the continued expansion in our export trade. Influenced by trade diversion resulting from the blockage of the Suez Canal, exports (after seasonal adjustment) rose to a peak in the first quarter of the year. A reverse tendency was evident later in the year, but for 1957

as a whole exports were unusually high.

The overall relation of exports and imports to domestic economic activity is set forth in the initial chart in this review. Export sales, corrected for usual seasonal movements, reached a new top of \$20 billion at an annual rate in the first quarter of 1957, having advanced in the 1955–57 cyclical upswing of business activity at a relatively higher rate than did the total gross national product. Exports began to taper off in the second quarter of 1957, and the trend during the second half of 1957 was downward.

By contrast with exports, imports were more in line with domestic business during the cyclical upswing which culminated in the third quarter of 1957. As early as the end of 1955, imports regained the position that had prevailed immediately prior to the 1953–54 period of decline in domestic business activity. With imports at a record annual rate in excess of \$13 billion in the third quarter of 1957, their overall relationship to domestic business was approximately the same

as in early 1953.

For the purpose of analyzing the relation of foreign business to fluctuations in our domestic economy, the Office of Business Economics has compiled and applied a new end-use economic category classification for both exports and imports. Much of the data in the present review updates and revises end-use economic category data presented originally in the November 1955 (imports) and December 1956 (exports) issues of the Survey of Current Business.

Competition in world export markets

To provide a perspective against which recent developments in United States exports may be gauged, table 1 provides a comparison of trends in export sales of the world's three major manufacturing centers—the United States, Western Europe, and Japan—to other areas of the world. This shows the substantial progress made by all three exporting areas. Japan made relatively more progress since 1953 but its previous gain had been considerably slower.

In the case of Europe, the relative rise in exports as compared with the United States was faster during 1953-55 but during 1956 and the first half of 1957 the spurt of United States exports was not matched by the European countries. These developments indicate the continued strong competitive position of United States products in world markets

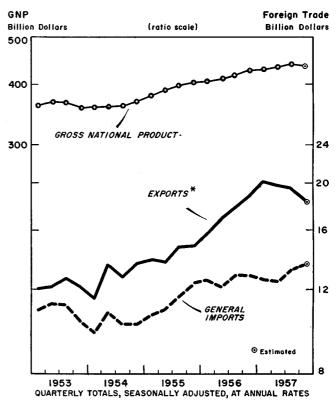
during the last years.

NOTE.—MISS BRADSHAW, MR. ROXON, AND MR. LECHTER ARE MEMBERS OF THE BALANCE OF PAYMENTS DIVISION, OFFICE OF BUSINESS ECONOMICS.

Since the data for the United States presented in table 1 do not take into account the steep rise in export sales to Europe and Japan, they understate the relative expansion in total United States nonmilitary exports over this period. Likewise, the data shown for Western Europe and Japan do not reflect the rapid rise during recent years in trade moving among countries in these two areas and in exports from these countries to the United States.

Exports Have Advanced More Rapidly Than Imports, Resulting in an Unusually High Export Surplus in 1957

Imports moved about in line with domestic Gross National Product



* Including reexports, excluding military aid

Basic data: Exports and imports, Census Bur.

U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

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Table 1.—Exports of the United States, OEEC Countries, and Japan to Other Countries, 1953-57

Period	United ports count	to Japa	(excludi an and		ports to	ing ex- United Japan, ntra-	Japan (excluding exports to United States and OEEC countries)		
	То	tal	Nonagri	icultural	То	tal	То	tal	
	Million dollars			Million dollars Value index (1953= 100)		Million dollars	Value index (1953== 100)		
1953	8, 854 8, 928 9, 661 11, 521	100 101 109 130	7, 530 7, 671 8, 263 9, 636	100 102 110 128	11, 687 12, 719 13, 805 14, 912	100 109 118 128	933 1, 209 1, 378 1, 730	100 130 148 185	
rate	11, 483 11, 562	130 131	9, 686 9, 584	129 127	14, 802 15, 023	127 129	1, 591 1, 870	171 209	
1957: 1st half at an- nual rate	13, 002		10, 752	143	15, 964	137	1, 853	199	

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Exports Mirror Business Trends Abroad

The composition of the rise in United States exports since 1953, particularly of nonagricultural products, provides much evidence regarding the corresponding course of business activity abroad. Supposing that no other relevant economic data for foreign countries were available, the magnitudes of the gains in our exports of producers' supplies and capital equipment (see table 2) would by themselves indicate that industrial activity abroad, along with that in the United States, has undergone a major expansionary phase during the past several years.

Industrial materials overshadow other exports

Exports of industrial supplies and materials by domestic nonagricultural producers, having risen almost continuously after 1953, reached a peak in the first half of 1957 and thereafter began to taper off somewhat in the third quarter of the year. Although such exports as a group apparently were down somewhat more than seasonally in the third quarter of 1957—even after adjustment for the emergency petroleum shipments resulting from the Suez crisis—they continued to move abroad at an annual rate \$800 million higher than in July–September 1956 and \$2,800 million in excess of the yearly total in 1953.

The overall movement of exports within the category of agricultural producers' supplies and materials (see table 2) is, of course, largely determined by changes in shipments of raw cotton, although items such as unmanufactured tobacco, industrial fats and oils, and hides and skins also constitute important components of this group.

Cotton exports, after dropping to an 8-year low during the crop year 1955-56, made an "about face" and soared to a 23-year high in the year ended July 1957. While such unusually high cotton exports during the past crop year were stimulated to a large extent by increased Government financing, the adoption by the Government of a program making prices for United States cotton competitive with prices for comparable foreign growths provided a strong impetus. Exports moving out under private financing accounted for approximately two-thirds of the \$780 million increase in cotton exports during 1956-57 as compared with the previous crop year. While August-December 1957 exports have dipped some 25 percent from the abnormal highs

recorded in the same period last season, cotton exports for the 1957-58 season as a whole are likely to rank as the second highest of the past 8 years.

Industrial materials geared to high demand in Europe

Since manufacturers in Western Europe are outstanding among our foreign customers for both agricultural and nonagricultural raw and semifabricated materials, business trends in that area are particularly important. In Western Europe as a whole, the rise in industrial production continued uninterrupted into 1957. During 1957, however, the pace of economic expansion within Western Europe appeared to have been slowed somewhat by factors such as the tightening of credit restrictions to avert intensified inflationary pressures, the consequent reduction in investment and other spending, loss of foreign exchange reserves and excessive inventory positions in certain industries.

Through the third quarter of 1957, such recent economic developments in Western Europe appear to have merely limited the magnitude of further gains in United States exports. The chart on p. 10 shows that our total nonmilitary shipments to this area, which in 1956 had grown by more than 80 percent as compared with 1953, scored still additional large advances in 1957. Even if petroleum is excluded, export sales to Western Europe during each of the first 3 quarters of 1957 were well ahead of such exports in the

corresponding periods of 1956.

It is true that total exports to this area (excluding petroleum) declined from the first to the second quarters of 1957 whereas in the same period a year before such shipments showed a substantial rise (see chart). The seasonal downswing in exports in the third quarter of 1957, furthermore, was more pronounced than the corresponding dip of a year ago. However, changes in the quarterly pattern of exports to Europe in 1957, even after excluding the extraordinary shipments of petroleum in the first and second quarters of the year, appear to have been due to the shift from 1956 to 1957 in our agricultural exports, rather than to reduced European demand for basic industrial materials.

Whereas in 1956 food exports to Western Europe, particularly grains, had moved upward after the first quarter and remained high during the remainder of the year, such shipments dropped sharply in the second and third quarters of 1957. The rapid rise in cotton exports which had occurred in the last half of 1956 was reversed after the first quarter of 1957. Our sales of cotton to Western Europe in April–June 1957 were nevertheless still 2½ times as great as in the corresponding months of 1956. The dropoff in cotton exports in the third quarter of 1957 from a year earlier resulted largely from the fact that cotton inventories in European countries had become considerably higher than in 1956. Actual textile output in Germany, Italy, and the United Kingdom continued to be considerably higher than during the preceding year.

Excluding such extraordinary changes in food and cotton exports, other nonmilitary shipments to Western Europe during July—September 1957 were still ahead of comparable shipments in the third quarter of 1956 by approximately \$800 million at an annual rate. As in earlier periods the bulk of this recent large expansion was accounted for by coal, iron and steel scrap, other iron and steel, nonferrous metals, synethetic rubber, and other industrial materials.

Whether or not markets in Europe for these products will retain the buoyancy characteristic of recent years depends, of course, not only on Europe's internal business conditions, but also on the ability of European countries to finance a continued rise in imports from the United States.

In this connection changes in European dollar earnings from sales in the United States market are highly significant. The chart shows that our merchandise imports from Europe have undergone a steady expansion over the last 3 years. During the first 9 months of 1957, moreover, Western Europe stands out as the only major area which succeeded in boosting its merchandise exports to the United States appreciably above the rate of the corresponding period of 1956.

Notwithstanding this further increase in its sales to the United States during 1957, Western Europe's trade deficit with us has loomed even larger than in 1956 and the balance of payments of such important countries as the United Kingdom, France, the Netherlands, and Belgium was under considerable strain during the past year. France has had to impose extensive import restrictions to try and redress its adverse position. The other three countries have not resorted to new import restrictions, but they have adopted, in common with other European countries, numerous internal counter-inflationary measures which may effectively curtail the demand for some imports, including those from the United States.

Reversal of export uptrend to Japan

Japan, which beginning in the latter part of 1955 had likewise channeled a rising flow of raw and semifabricated materials from the United States into its rapidly expanding manufacturing industries, adopted a tight money policy in the spring of 1957 which has since tempered its industrial boom and the resulting demand for raw materials imports from the United States.

During the first half of 1957, Japan had increased its total imports from the United States by over 90 percent as compared with the corresponding period a year earlier. Although a variety of machinery items shared in the larger exports to Japan, in January-June 1957 the bulk of the overall rise was accounted for by steel scrap, pig iron, other iron and steel, coal, nonferrous metals, cotton, and other industrial supplies. Around the middle of 1957, however, the effectiveness of the tighter Japanese credit restrictions and of cuts in the official import budget became evident as United States exports to Japan began to weaken. In the fourth quarter of the year exports had been cut by about a third from the average quarterly rate recorded during January-June.

Canada and other Western Hemisphere countries which should be cited as additional important markets for exports of industrial materials such as steel and chemicals, are discussed below.

Brisk pace of capital equipment exports

After remaining relatively stable from 1952 through 1954, exports of capital equipment expanded by 8 and 22 percent in 1955 and 1956 respectively. During each of the first three quarters of 1957 exports again continued to be well in excess of shipments in the corresponding periods of the previous year. While exports in the third quarter of 1957 were at an annual rate \$675 million higher than in July-September 1956 (see table 2), the decline from the second to the third quarters of the latest year, although partially resulting from seasonal factors, was relatively somewhat more than the parallel dip in 1956.

Just as the trend in exports of industrial materials is closely tied to the movement of business in Europe and Japan, so the demand for United States exports of capital equipment is intimately linked to economic conditions in Western Hemisphere countries.

U. S. investments in Canada boost capital goods exports

In Canada, the most important single foreign market for American-made machinery and capital equipment, the gross national product during the fourth quarter of 1956 was at a seasonally adjusted annual rate more than one-fourth higher than in 1954. This pronounced growth had been facilitated by a record inflow of capital from this country. American investments in petroleum, manufacturing and other Canadian industries had jumped by nearly \$1 billion during 1956 and promised to show a rival gain by the close of 1957.

Although growth characteristics are still-evident in some segments of the Canadian economy, there was an easing off in the aggregate real output of goods and services within Canada during the course of 1957. This development may explain the much slower rise in total United States exports to Canada from the first to the second quarters of 1957 than in the same quarters of the previous year. In July-Septem-

Table 2.—Domestic Exports of Agricultural and Nonagricultural Products by Economic Categories 1953-57

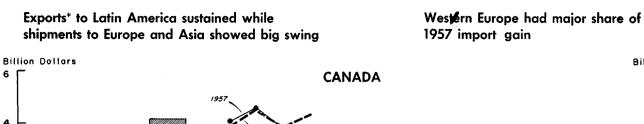
					Valu	e in milli	ions of de	llars						Percent					
Category		Anı	nual		Janu Septe		Janu Ma		April	-June	Jul Septe			Anı	nual		Janu Septe	ary- mber	
	1953	1954	1955	1956	1956	1957	1956	1957	1956	1957	1956	1957	1953	1954	1955	1956	1956	1957	
Total domestic exports, adjusted 1 (excluding military aid)	12, 128	12,707	14, 146	17, 143	12, 329	14,569	3, 908	5,043	4, 368	5,089	4, 053	4, 437	100, 0	100, 0	100, 0	100, 0	100.0	100. 0	
Agricultural, totalNonagricultural, total	2, 848 9, 280	3, 054 9, 653	3, 198 10, 948	4, 160 12, 983	2, 836 9, 493	3, 376 11, 193	831 3, 077	1, 282 3, 761	1, 027 3, 341	1, 132 3, 957	978 3, 075	962 3, 475	23. 5 76. 5	24. 0 76. 0	22. 6 77. 4	24. 2 75. 8	23. 0 77. 0	23. 2 76. 8	
Producers' supplies and materials Agricultural Nonagricultural	4, 793 1, 065 3, 728	5, 460 1, 408 4, 052	6, 068 1, 184 4, 884	7, 356 1, 462 5, 894	5, 163 926 4, 237	6, 661 1, 342 5, 319	1, 583 257 1, 326	2, 378 531 1, 847	1, 805 322 1, 483	2, 280 433 1, 847	1,775 347 1,428	2,003 378 1,625	39. 5 8. 8 30. 7	43. 0 11. 1 31. 9	42. 9 8. 4 34. 5	42. 9 8. 5 34. 4	41. 9 7. 5 34. 4	45. 7 9. 2 36. 5	
Capital equipment	4, 025	4, 037	4, 367	5, 305	3, 921	4, 505	1, 258	1, 432	1, 402	1,643	1, 261	1, 430	33. 2	31. 8	30. 9	31 ₆ Q	31.8	30.9	
Food and drugs Agricultural Nonagricultural (mainly	2, 040 1, 783	1, 928 1, 646	2, 285 2, 014	2, 986 2, 698	2, 124 1, 910	2, 268 2, 034	645 574	829 751	776 705	777 699	703 631	662 584	16. 8 14. 7	15. 1 12. 9	16. 1 14. 2	17. 4 15. 7	17. 2 15. 5	15. 6 14. 0	
drugs)	257	282	271	288	214	234	71	78	71	78	72	78	2. 1	2. 2	1.9	1.7	1.7	1.6	
Finished consumer goods 2	1, 105	1, 112	1, 247	1, 274	951	939	358	329	327	329	266	281	9. 1	8.8	8.8	7.4	7.7	6.4	
All other and unclassified 3	165	170	179	222	170	196	64	75	58	60	48	61	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.4	

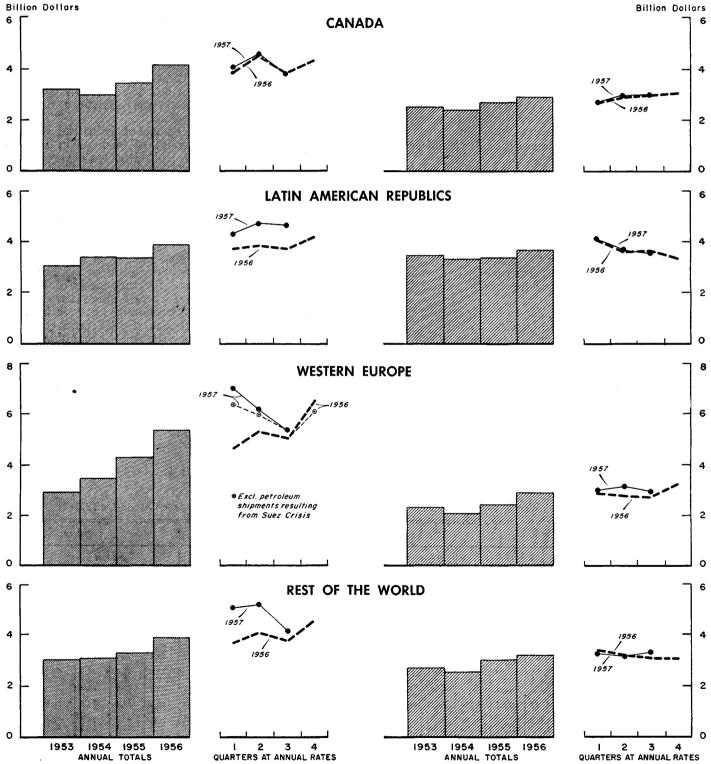
Adjusted to exclude exposed motion picture films exported on a rental basis.
 Excluding food and drugs.

Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

^{3.} Principally shipments valued under \$100.

Regional Shifts in 1957 Were Larger in Exports Than in Imports





 \star Including reexports, excluding military aid

Basic data: Census Bur.

ber 1957 our overall exports to Canada were even somewhat lower than during the third quarter of 1956 (see chart).

The chart also pictures another important aspect of the current business picture in Canada. Whereas Canada's exports to the United States had chalked up substantial annual gains in 1955 and 1956, they displayed only a minor increase during the first 3 quarters of 1957. As discussed below this development reflected continued weakness in lumber prices during 1957 and developing softness in market conditions for newsprint, woodpulp, metals, oil, and some other major Canadian export items.

Boom in investment goods to Latin America

During 1957, our capital goods sales to Latin America, having undergone an even more outstanding expansion than in 1956, promised to be substantially higher than corresponding exports to Canada.

The Latin American countries also have been recent recipients of record amounts of United States direct investment capital. If the British loan is excluded, the bulk of the credits extended by the Export-Import Bank in the fiscal year ended June 30, 1957, also went to this area.

In contrast to our overall exports to other parts of the world, which began to taper off near the middle of 1957, the high rate of total United States exports to Latin America was well-maintained beyond that period (see chart). The chart contrasts the recent uptrend in our exports to Latin America with the corresponding course displayed by imports from this area. During the first half of 1957 imports from Latin America had advanced only nominally as compared with a year ago while during July-September 1957 such purchases were even somewhat lower than in the same months of 1956. Hence Latin America's trade deficit with the United States has mounted to an annual rate of over \$1.1 oillion in the second and third quarters of 1957.

Recent economic developments in individual countries underscore the problems which may confront some of our top Latin American customers in attempting to maintain or to increase further their imports from the United States. Although Venezuela's international reserves reached a new peak at the end of September 1957, the partial cutback in Venezuelan petroleum output in recent months from the record production schedules called for by the Suez emergency may dampen, at least temporarily, the upswing in United States exports to that country. During the first 11 months of 1957 our total shipments to Venezuela had risen by almost 60 percent as compared with the corresponding period of 1956 to an annual rate of over \$1 billion.

Brazil's rising purchases of capital equipment had boosted its total imports from the United States by 60 percent in January-November 1957 as compared with the same 11 months a year earlier. Although in recent months Brazilian economic prospects have improved somewhat as cocoa prices strengthened and the coffee market recovered from its weakness earlier in the season, Brazil's dollar supply remained very tight because of other large dollar obligations and the higher imports from and lower exports to the United States.

In Argentina, which also accounted for a major increment to our overall capital equipment exports in both 1956 and 1957, the drain on foreign exchange reserves caused by the failure of the corn crop and the higher prices and freight on oil during the Suez crisis led to the adoption of new import restrictions. Near the end of October 1957 the importation of trucks and chassis, which had comprised about 25 percent of total United States exports to Argentina in the first 10 months of the year, was suspended for 90 days.

During the third quarter of 1957 it appeared that factors such as the partial failure of the corn crop and declining

prices for Mexican exports of metals, coffee, and cotton may have tempered the 3-year-old boom in Mexican business activity and hence the rise in our sales of capital equipment and other goods to Mexico. The recent softness in world prices for copper, lead, zinc, and other metals has likewise adversely affected incomes in some other Latin American export markets, such as Chile and Peru.

Reflecting the effects of weakness in prices of and demand for mild coffee earlier in the current year, as well as the large backlog of Colombia's international indebtedness carried over from previous years, exports to Colombia in the first 11 months of 1957 were far below those of a year ago, contrasting sharply with the trend in our sales to other markets in Latin America.

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Asia and Europe get U. S. capital equipment

While Canada and Latin America constitute the two leading foreign markets for capital goods exports, other countries outside the Western Hemisphere have become increasingly important sales outlets for such equipment. Japan topped the 1957 list of such Asian customers, but Korea, which has been recently the major individual recipient of economic assistance from the United States, has also constituted a

rapidly expanding market.

The substantial rise in sales of capital equipment to India in 1955 and 1956 was not extended into 1957. To aid in remedying the highly adverse payments position which developed during the first half of 1957, India has since imposed a series of progressively tighter import restrictions. The Philippines, which has also relied to a large extent on capital equipment imports from the United States to implement its industrialization program, has likewise adopted new controls which should seriously curtail imports of capital equipment and other goods during the months ahead.

Europe's demand for imported capital equipment is far overshadowed by its requirements for imports of basic industrial materials, yet greater shipments to Europe of civilian aircraft, machine tools, and construction machinery have contributed significantly to the overall expansion in our

capital equipment exports during the past 3 years.

Declining importance of finished consumer goods

Since 1956 exports of nonfood consumer goods have accounted for a diminishing share of total United States non-military exports (see table 2). The decline since 1955 in exports of passenger cars, the largest item within the category, was largely responsible for this development. The downtrend in sales to Western Europe which had begun in 1956 was speeded up in the first half of 1957 by emergency restrictions on gasoline usage made necessary by the Suez crisis. Shipments to Canada, which unlike exports to other areas had continued to expand in 1956, fell by more than one-half in January–September 1957 as compared with the corresponding period of 1956. In the second and third quarters of 1957 Canadian production and demand fell off sharply from year-earlier rates. Meanwhile, Canadian imports of European cars increased by more than a third over 1956, and for the first time since 1950 accounted for more than a tenth of new automobile sales.

Losses in United States auto exports to Western Europe and Canada during 1957 were only partially offset by the rise in exports to Latin America. Shipments to the latter area rebounded in 1957 back to near the 1955 rate notwithstanding the stiffest competition to date from our competitors in Western Europe.

Food exports off from January-June 1957 peak

The sharp rise in food exports which began in 1955 continued well into 1957 as shipments during the first half of the year reached their highest rate since 1947. Heavier exports of grains formed the backbone of this large expansion, and greatly enlarged deliveries of other commodities such as vegetable oils and oilseeds, and fruits and vegetables contributed prominently to the overall advance.

Owing largely to intensified demand in Europe where last year's wheat harvest was small and of inferior quality, wheat exports set a new record of 549 million bushels in the year ended June 30, 1957. During the same fiscal period exports of rice, fruits, soybeans and vegetable oil also chalked up outstanding gains as only limited supplies were available for export from other producing countries.

Enlarged deliveries under Government programs during 1956-57 as compared with the previous fiscal year accounted for nearly two-thirds of the total \$365 million rise in wheat exports, 90 percent of the \$100 million gain in rice shipments, and at least four-fifths of the \$87 million advance in exports of soybean oil. Government activities in the last fiscal year likewise provided an important stimulus to corn exports which rose to the highest crop-year volume since 1921.

The 3-year uptrend in food exports was reversed in the last half of 1957. Although deliveries of wheat to India, Japan, Poland, and Brazil in the third quarter had increased as compared with July-September 1956, exports to Western Europe were off by about two-thirds. In Europe, particularly in France, the most recent wheat crop (1957–58) was setting a new record. Lower shipments of rice, oats, barley, and grain sorghums in July-September 1957 than during a year earlier, also contributed to the recent dip in our overall food exports. Partially offsetting such declines were the increased corn shipments destined for Western Europe where feeding supplies had been reduced due to the better quality of the most recent wheat crop, and for Mexico which had experienced a severe crop failure in its central plateau area.

Exports Aid Output in Key Industries

Table 3 shows that exports were important in influencing output schedules of many of the nation's top-ranking industries. Notwithstanding the major gains in domestic demands—especially since 1954—export outlets for numerous key individual products have grown at an even faster rate than domestic markets. As the pace of expansion in domestic demand began to ease off during 1957, moreover, continued high export sales exerted some stabilizing effect on output.

Machinery exports rise faster than domestic sales

The even more rapid rise in exports than in domestic sales of nonelectrical machinery was particularly outstanding in view of the record expansion in domestic investment spending during the past 3 years. The ratio of export to domestic sales of such machinery, having climbed slowly but steadily since 1953, reached an alltime high of over 15 percent in the third quarter of 1957.

Within the nonelectrical machinery group, exports of construction, excavating and mining machinery, which during 1953-55 were about one-fourth of domestic sales, became over one-third as large as domestic shipments in 1956 and in January-September 1957. In 1957, higher exports of machine tools and metalworking machinery also provided a major support to production in the supplying industries which

reduced their shipments to domestic customers sharply after the first half of the year.

Although beginning in the spring of 1957 exports of most wheel-type tractors dropped below the previous year's movement while domestic shipments went ahead, exports of other types of tractors have recently been better sustained than domestic sales.

Transport equipment in export markets

Export demand during 1957 for all major items within the commercial transportation category—except trucks are buses and railway freight cars—made a better showing relative to domestic demand than in the year before. In the case of motor trucks and buses, exports continued to be nearly one-fourth as large as domestic sales.

The number of commercial planes delivered to foreign airlines in the second and third quarters of 1957 was virtually one-half the number completed for domestic customers. Of the total 971 transport aircraft on order with United States companies on September 19, 1957, moreover, foreign-flag purchases continue to number about half those to be delivered to domestic lines.

The number of locomotives exported in January-September 1957 was also nearly 50 percent as large as the number of new locomotives installed in domestic service. Although since 1955 exports of railway freight cars have remained relatively unimportant as compared with domestic deliveries the number of railway passenger cars exported in the first half of 1957 was well over double the number delivered to domestic carriers. In the third quarter of the year, however such passenger car exports fell sharply while deliveries to domestic railroads rose to their highest rate since the fourth quarter of 1955. In recent months both export and domestic order backlogs for all types of railway equipment have beer greatly reduced as compared with a year earlier.

High exports aid industrial materials producers

Unmanufactured cotton, cattle hides, bituminous and anthracite coal, iron and steel scrap, and cotton piece good were prominent among industrial materials exported in greater quantities during January-September 1957 than in the same period a year earlier, while domestic demands werdeclining.

In the case of cotton, the 23-year high of 7.5 million bale exported in the 1956–57 season permitted a reduction o over 4.7 million bales in Government-controlled stocks notwithstanding the fact that domestic consumption was of by over one-half million bales from the rate of the previou year. The rise in exports and fall-off in imports of cotto piece goods during 1957 should be cited as an export development which further favored domestic producers of both ray cotton and textiles.

As recently as 1951 this country had been a net imported of cattle hides. As livestock slaughter in January—September 1957 held at the record rate of the previous year outinports dropped to an almost negligible amount while exports rose to become nearly one-third as great as domestitutilization.

The continued rise in foreign demand for bituminous cor in 1957 was a major factor responsible for the maintenance of high coal production, especially during the first half of the year when both domestic industrial consumption and deliveries to retail dealers slipped below the rate of January June 1956. Enlarged exports of anthracite coal during the first half of 1957 also compensated to a large extent for reduced domestic demands in the early months of the year.

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CAPITAL FOLIPHINNY	Commodity and year	Unit	tie pro-	Domes-			Commodity and year	Unit	tie pro-	tic		
Entertail mixing February F			duction	use -			'		duction	use 2		
Part	CAPI	TAL EQUIPMEN	٧T				PRODUCERS' SUPPL	ES AND EQUI	MENT-	-Contin	ued	
Proceedings	Electrical machinery 4	Mil. dol.	17 194	16 463	661	4.0	Iron and steel scrap	Thous, sh. tons	77 858	577 304	172	0.2
18.00 18.0	1954	į	16, 168 17, 233	15, 545 16, 567	623 666	4.0 4.0	1954 1955		63, 236 86, 388	⁵ 61, 356 ⁵ 81, 372	1, 477 4, 958	6.1
100.	1956, January-September 1957, January-September Other machinery (incl. agricul-		14,043	13, 459	584	4.3	1956, January-September 1957, January-September Other iron and steel (excl. pig iron)	Thous, sh. tons	62, 765	5 58, 707	4, 337	7.4
Section Compare Comp	turat) 1953	Mil. dol.	24, 510 22, 329	21, 902 19, 850	2, 608 2, 479		1955 1955	·	63, 156	61, 242	1, 914	3.1
Section Comparison Compar	1055		24, 159 28, 352 20, 967	21, 414 25, 028 18, 483	2, 745 3, 334 2, 484	12.8 13.3	1956 1956, January-September 1957, January-September		83, 256 60, 829	80, 493 58, 726	2,763 2,103	3, 4 3, 6
1965 1975	1957, January-September Graders and rollers 1953	Mil. dol.	22, 474	19, 619		14.6	1953	Sh. tons	1	1	32, 659	81.1
Section Company Comp	1955		81	83	29 31	55. 8 47. 0	1955		66,776	40,604 36,599	37.382 30,177	92. 1 82. 5
1854	1956, January-September 1957, January-September Industrial trucks and tractors	Number	97	63 52	34	54.0		Sh, tons	57, 968	26 007	28, 770	98. 5
Machine tools and formula: Machine tools	1954		34,718	n. a. 20, 459 22, 581	12, 566 14, 259 16, 515	69.7	1954 1955		45, 535 62, 567	24, 372 33, 941	21.163	86.8 84.3
Machine tools and forming Mil. 6d. 1, 6d	1956 1956. January-September		38, 916 29, 337	22, 407 17, 107 13, 623	16, 509 12, 230	73. 7 71. 5	1956, January–September 1957, January–September Sulfur	Thous, sh. tons	53,087	30, 428	22, 659 25, 069	74.5
156. 1.186 1.20	Machine tools and forming and shaping machinery.	Mil. dol.					1953 1954	1 110 410, 121, 1022	5, 873	4, 252 4, 227 4, 572	1,646	38.9
The content of the	1954 1955		1,143 878	1,029 766	114 112	11.1 14.6	1956 1956, January–September 1957, January–September		6, 908 5, 206	5, 462 4, 130	1, 446 1, 076	26. 5 26. 1
wheel-type Iractors. 1854	1956. January-September	Thous.	853	755	98	13.0	1953	Mil. sq. yd.	1 1	10, 667	557	5, 2
1965, January-September 1978 22 15 71.6 1964 1978	wheel-type tractors.	1	54 43	34 26	20 17	58. 5 66. 6	1955		11, 189	10,779 10,949	410 324	3.8 3.0
Commercia 1807, January-September. September Sep	1955		60	34 38 31	19	56. 0 59. 2			7, 919	7, 600	319	
Civil alterest	1957, January-September Commercial Transportation Equip-		37	22	15		Food:		 			
1965	Civil aircraft 1953	Number	4, 140	2, 767	1, 373	49. 7	uets) 1952-53 crop year (July-June)				296	45. 1
Author	1955		4,750 7,205	3, 051 5, 557	1,699 1,648	55. 9 29. 9	1954-55 1955-56		984 935	5 607 5 597	271 336	44. 6 56. 2
1954	Locomotives	Number	5, 136	3, 597	1, 539	42.9	Rice 1952-53 crop year (August-	(rough rice				
1965, January-September 1, 688 1, 125 548 8, 3 1998-57 1914 1977, 37 37, 333 38, 1	1954		1,560 1,658	1,116 1,178	444 480	39. 8 40. 7	1953-54 1954-55	equivalent)	64, 248	⁵ 25, 311 ⁵ 27, 978	22, 291 14, 221	50.8
Manuary September Septembe	1956_ 1956, January-September 1957, January-September		1.668	1, 125	543	48.3	1956-57 Soybeans (incl. products)	Mil. bu. (soy-	47, 441	527, 037	37, 333	138. 1
1956	Railway passenger cars 1953 1954	Number	585	345	240	69.6	1953-54 1954-55		269 341	\$ 233 \$ 251	49 78	21. 0 31. 1
1983	1955 1956 1956, January-September		430 390	396 361	34 29	8.6 8.0	1956-57 Drugs:	m		\$ 238 \$ 269		
1966	1957, January-September Motor trucks and busses 1953	Thous.	1, 206	1,067	139	13.0	1953 1954		477	353	124	35.1
1957, January-September S24 668 156 23.3 1932 1933 1934	1955 1956		1, 249 1, 104	1,056 898	193 206	18. 3 22. 9	1956. 1956, January-September		452 337	228 313 228	139 109	44. 4 47. 7
Agricultural: Raw otton 1952-63 crop year (August- 1952-63 crop year (August- 1952-64 crop year (August- 1953-54 crop year (August- 1954-55 crop year (August- 1955-56 crop year (August- 1955-56 crop year (August- 1955-57 crop year (August- 1955-58 crop year (August- 1955-59 crop year (August- 1955-10 crop year (August- 1956-10 crop year	1957, January-September	<u> </u>	824	668	158 156		Streptomycin 1953	Mil. grams	55	44	111	25. 9
Raw cotton 1892-83 erop year (August 15, 139 9, 424 2, 855 30, 3 1955, January-September 16, 465 8, 576 3, 619 42, 2 1956-64 13, 696 8, 841 3, 301 37, 3 1955 1956-65 14, 721 89, 147 2, 207 8, 21 1956 1956 1958		CPPLIES AND I	EQUIPM	LENT	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1955 1956		70 73	52	21	57. 2 41. 6
1953-54.	Raw cotton 1952-53 crop year (August-	Thous, bales	15, 139	5 9, 424	2, 855	30.3	Dihydrostreptomycin	Mil. grams	73	47	26	54.8
1953	1953-54 1954-55		16, 465 13, 696	5 8, 576 5 8, 841	3, 619 3, 301	42. 2 37. 3	1954 1955		202 168	122 76	80 92	65. 7 121. 1
1954	1956–57 Cattle hides	Thous, pieces	13, 310	5 8, 617	7, 509	87. 1	1956. 1956, January–September 1957, January–September		165	108	78 57 79	52.6
1956, January-September 19,701 16,317 3,384 20,7 1957, January-September 19,808 15,020 4,788 31.9 1953 1954 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955 1955, January-September 1956, January-September 1957, January-September 1963 1964 1965, January-September 1965 19	1954 1955		25, 017 25, 722	20, 283 20, 254	4, 734 5, 468	$23.3 \\ 27.0$			MER GO	oods	1	-
Bituminous coal Mil. sh. tons	1957, January–September		19,701	16, 317	3, 384	20.7	1953 1954	rnous.	5, 557	5, 385	172	2.7 3.2
1955	Bituminous coal 1953	Mil. sh. tons					1956 1956, January–September		5, 817 4, 270	5, 732 4, 200	85 70	1. 5 1. 7
Anthracite coal Thous. Sh. tons 1953	1955		465 500	5 423 5 433	51 69	12. 1 15. 8	n, a. Not available.		 	·	<u>' </u>	(0)
1954	Anthracite coal	Thous. sh. tons	368	5 308	60	19.4	Unless otherwise noted, production negligible.	1 or sales less expo	rts plus i	mports u	nless im	ports are
1956, January-September 20,728 17,289 3,439 19,9 Source: Industry Survey and Business Statistics, U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.	1954 1955		29, 088 26, 208	26, 232 23, 052	2, 856 3, 156	10. 9 13. 7	4. Includes household appliances, rad 5. Consumption.	lio and television s				
	1956, January–September 1957, January–September		20,728	17, 289	3, 439	19.9	Source: Industry Survey and Busines			ent of Co	mmer ce,	

During the first half of 1957 the pressure of rising foreign and domestic demand on available domestic resources of iron and steel scrap had become sufficiently intense to warrant a tightening of export licensing and the making of voluntary agreements with European countries and Japan which limited the increases in their imports of heavy melting grades of scrap from the United States during 1957. In more recent months, as lagging domestic demand and more abundant scrap supplies have pushed prices downward, continued high foreign demand has prevented scrap quotations from deteriorating further.

In January-September 1957 exports of manufactured steel products rose by 1 million tons as compared with the same period last year while corresponding imports increased by only 270 thousand tons. During the third quarter, the ratio of net exports of steel products to domestic sales climbed to over 6 percent, the highest in recent years. Whereas for many years prior to the fourth quarter of 1956 the industry had been a heavy net importer of pig iron, in the year ended September 1957 it became a net exporter to the tune of nearly 670 thousand tons.

Some chemical exports top domestic sales

In the case of some chemical pesticides such as DDT and copper sulphate, and one of the new antibiotics, dihydrostreptomycin, export sales have become nearly as large or larger than domestic sales (see table 3). Notwithstanding the outstanding advances in domestic use of such important chemical products as plastic and resin materials and ethylene glycol (used mainly for anti-freeze), exports have increased even faster than domestic consumption.

As late as 1954 in the case of ammonium sulfate, and 1955 for potash, this country had been a net importer. As domestic production of these fertilizer materials has since greatly expanded, our exports have far overshadowed imports.

During 1957 sulfur production and prices were affected by a contraction in exports as well as in domestic demand, yet it should be noted that at least part of the drop in domestic output as compared with the year before can be attributed to the increased low-cost supplies available from American-owned producing facilities in Mexico. In a similar manner, the expanding development abroad in recent years of United States producing facilities in the field of drugs and medicinals has blunted the rise in direct United States exports of such items.

Export markets for basic foodstuffs

In contrast to domestic use of wheat which declined steadily during the past 4 seasons, exports moved continuously upward over the same period. Whereas domestic consumption of rice in 1956–57 was also off substantially from the previous year, exports were over twice as high as in 1955–56 and exceeded domestic consumption by over one-third. The bulk of the large successive annual increases in soybean production since 1953–54 has moved into export channels, with exports from the record crop of 1956–57 aggregating nearly two-thirds as large as corresponding domestic marketings.

Imports at Record With Moderate 1957 Gain

Merchandise imports climbed to a new record annual rate of about \$13.3 billion in the second half of 1957 on a seasonally adjusted basis, around 3 percent higher than the same half of 1956. In the first half of 1957 total imports were 1 percent higher than in the first half of the previous year.

Such moderate gains in imports during 1957 followed the sharp annual advances of 11 percent in the overall value of imports occurring in both 1955 and 1956. During 1955 and 1956 imports had been sharply up in terms of constant as well as current dollars, but in January—September 1957 the volume of imports was about the same as a year earlier.

Varied behavior of imports

While the behavior of total imports over this period may be very broadly associated with the overall movement of national economic activity, a more significant analysis can be made by comparing the responses of imports in various major end-use categories to changes in related indicators of domestic demand (see table 4).

As might be expected from their greater sensitivity to business conditions than other types of goods, industrial materials imports displayed the widest fluctuations in value from 1953–56. After dipping by over 11 percent from 1953 to 1954 such imports had climbed by 20 and 12 percent in 1955 and 1956, respectively. Since 1956, however, our aggregate imports of industrial materials have been relatively stable. Their value in the first 9 months of 1957 amounted to about \$7.2 billion at an annual rate, the same as in January—September 1956.

By way of contrast imports of food and beverages, which from the standpoint of dollar value comprise the next important category of imports, have exhibited a considerably different pattern since 1953, rising in one year and declining in the next. In the case of foodstuffs the volume of imports has consistently moved in a direction opposite from that of prices, with a consequent smoothing out of fluctuations in terms of dollar values. In the case of raw materials imports—which as a group are less elastic than food imports with respect to price changes—both volume and prices have tended to move up and down together thus accentuating fluctuations in dollars. January—September 1957 stands out as the only period since 1953 during which changes in the price and volume of raw materials imports were offsetting, and even in that period the changes involved were relatively minor.

Since 1954, fluctuations in imports of materials and equipment used in or otherwise associated with farm output have accounted for only an insignificant portion of the changes in total imports. While the 3-year downswing in this category of imports was reversed in January-September 1957, such imports were still below the rate of 1953.

The distinct uptrend throughout most of this period in imports of finished (nonfood) consumer goods and nonfarm capital equipment contrasts with the irregular behavior of imports in the three categories discussed above. Imports of nonfood consumer goods in 1957 were at an annual rate approaching \$1.5 billion, having nearly doubled since 1953. During the third quarter of 1957 such items accounted for 13 percent of our total merchandise imports as compared with 10 percent a year earlier and about 7½ percent in 1953.

The 3-year rise in imports of capital equipment (excluding agricultural machinery) brought their total value for 1957 well over double the value in 1953. Nevertheless, capital equipment imports comprised only about 2.5 percent of total imports in 1957.

Diverse trends in these five major end-use categories of imports illustrate the problems involved in generalizing about total United States import demand and point up the necessity of considering such differential movements of the major parts. It will be made clear in the discussion below and with the aid of table 4, moreover, that the behavior of individual economic categories of imports can be explained only partially by corresponding movements in closely associated indicators of domestic demand.

Imports and manufacturing output

Table 4 shows that from 1953-56 the overall demand for imports of industrial supplies and materials moved in the same direction as total domestic manufacturing activity, with year-to-year fluctuations in the volume of imports relatively greater than corresponding changes in manufacturing output. In January-September 1957, however, the volume of imports of industrial materials actually was off slightly from a year earlier while manufacturing production was up by 2 percent.

The explanation for such a lack of correspondence between relative changes in the volume of industrial materials imports and domestic manufacturing output lies partly in the composition of the imports themselves. This is brought out in table 4 which subdivides imports of industrial materials

into major value components. Imports comprising each of the four major subgroups are associated with individual indicators of domestic demand which have generally displayed patterns quite different than that traced by total manufacturing production over this period. Imports of numerous leading industrial materials, moreover, have been influenced to a major extent by changes in Government stockpile purchases as well as in business demand. In addition to such changes in demand, shifts in the relative importance of imports and domestic production as sources of supply have also accounted for many of the recent changes in imports of key materials.

Changed role of oil and newsprint imports

The outstanding advances since 1953 in imports of petroleum, the bulk of which have been supplied by American-

Table 4.—Imports by Major Economic Categories and Related Indicators of Domestic Demand, 1953-57

			C	alendar ye	ar			Janu	ary–Septer	nber
	1953	19	54	19	55	19	56	1956	19	57
Import categories and domestic demand indicators	Million current dollars	Million current dollars	Percent changes from 1953	Million current dollars	Percent changes from 1954	Million current dollars	Percent changes from 1955	Million current dollars	Million current dollars	Percent changes from January– September 1956
Total General Imports	10,873	10, 215	-6 +3	11,384	+11	12,615	+11 2	9,447	9, 639	+2
Value in constant dollars Domestic indicators:					+12		+2 +9			(x) 12
Gross national product in constant dollars. Gross national product in current dollars.			1 1		+7 +9		+3 +6			n. a. +5
Imports of industrial supplies and materials, total		5, 368	-11 -2	6, 454	+20 +6	7, 234	+12 +4 +8	5, 392	5,397	(x) +1 -1
Value in constant dollars		1	-9 -7		+13 +10		+8			-1 +2
Imports of petroleum and products	762	829	+9	1,034	+25	1, 282	+24	949	1, 148	+21
Unit value Volume in million barrels Domestic indicator:	-		$^{+6}_{+2}$		+2 +20		+7 +14			+13 +12
Domestic petroleum demand	1		+2		+9		+4			(x)
Imports of newsprint and paper base stocks. Unit value Value in constant dollars.	896	884	$(x)^{-1}$	932	(x) +5	1,031	+11 +4 +7	765	729	-5 +1 -6
Domestic indicator: Disposable personal income in constant dollars	1	1	+1		+6		+5			n. a.
Imports of other materials associated with nondurable goods output Unit value	1, 238		$-18 \\ +2$	1, 200	+18 -3	1, 247	+4 -4	960	929	-3 +3
Value in constant dollars. Domestic indicator: F. R. B. textiles, apparel and leather production.	-		-19 -7		+21 +9		+8 -1			-6 -2
Imports of all other industrial supplies and materials	3, 151	2, 636	-16 -6	3, 288	+25 +13	3, 674	+12	2, 718	2, 591	-5 -5
Value in constant dollars Domestic indicators:			-11		+10		+6 +6			(x)
F, R, B, durable goods production Private residential construction (volume)	-		-10 +12		+13 +18		+3 -10			+3 -10
Imports of food, beverages and medicinals Unit value Value in constant dollars	3, 191	3, 275	+3 +7	3, 092	-6 -9	3, 173	+3 -3	2, 474	2, 363	-5 +6
Per capita imports: in current dollars		.	-4 +1		+4 -7		+6 +1			-10 -6
in constant dollars Domestic indicator: Per capita consumption of all foodstuffs (volume)	1	1	-6		+2 +1		+4+1			-11
Imports of materials and equipment associated with farm production	499	435	-13 -2	419	(x) -4	413	$-1 \\ -2$	322	345	+7 +2 +5
Value in constant dollars			-11 0		-4 +4		+1			+5
Imports of finished (nonfood) consumer goods	817	844	+3 +2	1,078	+28 +6	1, 274	+18 +6	893	1, 105	+24 +5
Imports of capital equipment (excluding agricultural machinery)	152	144	-5	172	+19	291	+69	205	240	+17
Imports of military equipment, noncommercial and all other items	_ 167	149	~11	169	+13	230	+36	161	189	+17

n. a. Not available.(x) Less than one-half of 1 percent.1. Annual change, preliminary.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

owned producing facilities abroad, have far overshadowed the corresponding increases in imports of other types of industrial materials. Oil imports reached a value of approximately \$1.5 billion in 1957, having accounted for over onefifth of all imports of industrial materials during that year.

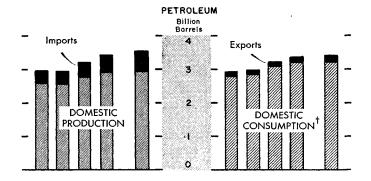
The accompanying chart shows that although in 1955 and 1956 increased domestic output of oil added a far larger absolute increment to our petroleum supply than imports. imports still accounted for a rising proportion of total new supply in those years. It is true that the rise in oil imports during the first half of 1957 as compared with January-June 1956 was overshadowed by the corresponding increase in exports to offset foreign importers' loss of petroleum supplies from the east. In the third quarter of 1957, however, when such emergency exports had virtually disappeared, the volume of imports was nearly 19 percent above, and domestic production 3 percent below the corresponding figures the year before.

At the end of July 1957 quotas for the fiscal year 1957–58 were recommended for all imports of crude oil except those arriving on the west coast. In December 1957 quota recommendations were extended to include the west coast. Total crude oil imports provided under these quotas during January-June 1958 would still be 8 percent above the rate in the first half of 1957.

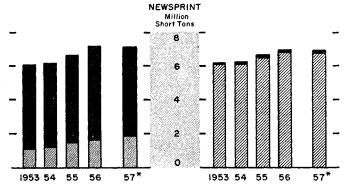
Relation of Foreign Trade to Domestic Business

Petroleum and Newsprint account for one-third of total industrial materials imports

PETROLEUM: Imports provided a larger share of demand



NEWSPRINT: Imports furnished a smaller share of demand

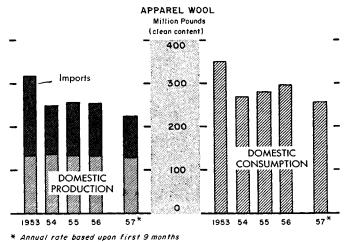


For petroleum, domestic consumption represents domestic demand

Basic data: Census Bur, Bur, of Mines B. BDSA

Relation of Foreign Trade to Domestic Business

APPAREL WOOL: Lowered consumption and changes in domestic support programs reduced imports



Basic Data: Census Bur. and Agri. Dept

U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

The supply-demand picture for newsprint depicts a development contrary to that occurring in the case of petroleum. Although the supply of imports was expanded during 1955 and 1956 in response to our growing consumption of newsprint in those years, domestic production increased at a much faster rate than imports. In 1957, as domestic consumption dipped slightly below the rate of 1956, imports fell off for the first time since 1953, in contrast to domestic production which chalked up a further annual gain of about 14 percent.

Imports associated with soft goods output

The next major group of imported industrial materials shown in table 4 consists mainly of supplies used in the manufacture of finished textiles and leather goods. It is apparent that since 1953 fluctuations in this group of imports, as expressed in terms of constant dollars, can be accounted for only to a limited extent by corresponding changes in output of related domestic manufacturing industries. rise in such imports which had begun in 1955 was not interrupted until 1957 although the index of domestic textile and leather manufacturing had turned downward a year earlier.

In order to explain these contrasting movements it is necessary to examine separately the movement of the two major types of imports within this group. The first type consists mainly of semifinished textiles while the second comprises unmanufactured fibers and other crude materials such as hides and skins.

The bulk of the decline in imports from 1953 to 1954 was accounted for by crude materials, particularly unmanufactured wool, cotton, and hides and skins. In 1955 and 1956, hides and skins remained well below the 1953 rate and imports of raw fibers made only scattered and limited recoveries, but imports of semifinished textiles such as cotton and wool cloth established new records. The outstanding advances in imports of semifinished textiles during 1955 and 1956, together with the major gains over the same period in imports of apparel, house furnishings, and other finished textiles and leather products (which are included in the category of nonfood consumer goods and shown separately in table 5) suggest that imports have had a

^{*} Annual rate based upon first 9 months

greater influence on related manufacturing output than such output has exerted on imports.

This was, in effect, recognized when an executive order was issued on September 30, 1956, increasing by 20 percent ad valorum duties on imports of wool fabries which in any calendar year exceed 5 percent of annual domestic production in the preceding 3-year period. In the last part of 1957, such imports fell off substantially as increased import duties under the order became effective at the end of July. An agreement with Japan whereby, beginning January 1, 1957, Japan agreed to place annual ceilings on exports of various types of cotton cloth to the United States, has since effectively reduced imports of cotton textiles, particularly ginghams and velveteens.

Increased use of domestic vs. foreign wool

Since the decline in 1954, imports of apparel wool have consistently been less than in 1953 and during 1957 fell to their lowest rate since 1939. While the ups and downs in such wool imports since 1953 have coincided with similar movements in domestic consumption, imports in each year from 1954–57 were much lower than their ratio to consumption in 1953 (see chart).

Since the passage of the National Wool Act of 1954 which removed wool from the price support program and substituted incentive payments to domestic wool producers, the entire domestic wool clip has moved into marketing channels. In the 2 seasons prior to the effective date of this act (April 1, 1955) a large portion of the domestic clip, which carried a price tag higher than comparable foreign wools, had moved into Government inventories. During the 3 subsequent years, not only has the entire domestic output of wool been sold on the open market at prices reflecting world supply and demand, but Government holdings acquired in 1952-54 have been substantially liquidated through competitive bid sales. Hence, although domestic wool production has even declined slightly since the act became effective, consumption of domestic wool rose sharply in 1955 and 1956 and in the first half of 1957 was maintained at the high rate of January-June 1956.

As Government inventories are now exhausted and private holdings have become exceedingly low, it appears that larger imports will be required, even though the present rate of consumption, affected as it is by the growing usage of synthetic fibers, is the lowest since 1938.

Since the entire United States supply of carpet wool comes from foreign sources, changes in imports are more closely linked to trends in consumption. The drop in imports during the first half of 1957 as compared with January–June 1956, however, was much greater than the corresponding decline in consumption as rising prices induced consumers to draw upon inventories to meet demand.

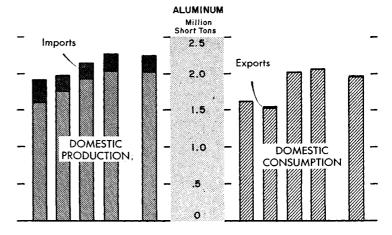
Imports associated with hardgoods output

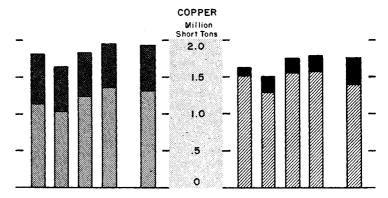
Commodities used in the production of durable goods and in residential construction comprised about half of the total imports of industrial materials. While in each of the years 1953–56 the volume of imports moved in the same direction as the index of domestic durable goods production, the annual changes in imports since 1954 only roughly paralleled the movements in such associated manufacturing output. In the first 9 months of 1957 imports were about the same as a year earlier. Production of durable goods increased by 3 percent over 1956 but residential construction was off by 9 percent.

Some of the more important factors underlying the changes in this group of imports relative to demand in associated

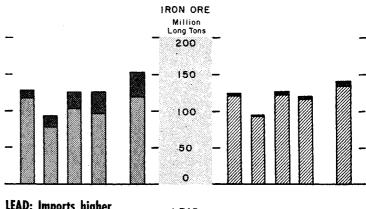
Relation of Foreign Trade to Domestic Business

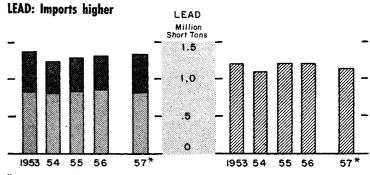
ALUMINUM and COPPER: Imports furnished a smaller share of demand





IRON ORE: Imports spurted ahead





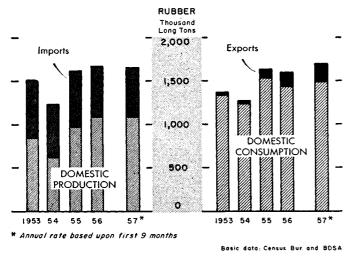
* Annual rate based upon first 9 months

U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

Basic data: Census Bur, and Bur, of Mines 58-1-9

Relation of Foreign Trade to Domestic Business

RUBBER: Imports did not share in rising demand



U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

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domestic industries are revealed in the accompanying charts for metals, rubber, and lumber, which are among the prominent individual items comprising this category.

Whereas domestic demand for aluminum was up more than a fourth in 1956 as compared to 1953, imports during 1956 were down by at least one-fourth from the rate of 1953 (see chart). Over the relatively brief period from 1953–56, annual domestic production of aluminum expanded by over 440 thousand tons, an amount about equal to the corresponding increase in domestic consumption.

While the downtrend in aluminum imports was temporarily interrupted in the first half of 1957 it was resumed in the following months as domestic aluminum companies, which are major importers as well as producers of aluminum, curtailed their import purchases. The Government, which in 1957 began purchasing surplus aluminum from domestic producers in accordance with earlier agreements, later in the year announced that its purchases would henceforth be reduced by any amount of aluminum which these producers obtained from abroad.

Whereas from 1953 to 1956 our output of copper expanded by 230,000 tons, domestic use of copper rose by only one-fourth this amount. In contrast to copper imports which since their decline in 1954 have not regained the 1953 rate, the current pace of exports is well over 3 times as much as in 1953. The trend toward reduced dependence on copper imports was particularly apparent during the first 9 months of 1957. In response to the decline in domestic consumption which occurred during that period, domestic production was maintained only slightly below the record rate of 1956, while net imports fell by nearly two-thirds as compared with a year earlier.

Producers' inventories of copper at the end of August 1957 reached the highest point since the end of 1945 and prices have toppled to 46 percent below the 92-year high set in the first part of 1956.

Competition between synthetic, natural rubber

Whereas in 1953 and 1954, respectively, natural rubber had accounted for 41 and 48 percent of this country's total consumption of new rubber, in 1957 its share had slipped to less than three-eighths of the total.

In 1956, the first full calendar year during which the synthetic plants were operated by private business, consumption of natural rubber fell off by about 70,000 tons from a year earlier while consumption of synthetic was maintained near the record rate of 1955 and exports were stepped up by nearly 60,000 tons. In January-September 1957 consumption of natural was relatively stable while the increase in total rubbe usage was accounted for entirely by greater consumption of synthetic. In 1957 both production and exports of synthetic promised to exceed the records set in the preceding year

At its peak in September 1955, the spot price of natura rubber, after a climb of 19 months, was nearly twice that of the synthetic product. Prices for natural rubber subsequently turned down and continued to weaken throughout most of 1957, but the price advantage has continued on the side of synthetic rubber.

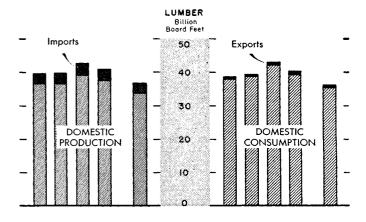
Lumber hit by housing slump

As home-building activity eased off in 1956, the dip in net imports of lumber was relatively somewhat smaller than the corresponding cutback in domestic production. During January-September 1957, however, net imports of lumber fell off by nearly one-fourth as compared with a year earlier while the corresponding dip in domestic lumbering activity amounted to about 10 percent. Nevertheless, lumber imports continued to be far greater in value than all other building materials combined.

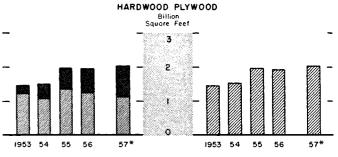
As evident from the chart, the recent behavior of imports

Relation of Foreign Trade to Domestic Business

LUMBER: Imports followed trend of domestic construction



PLYWOOD: Strong uptrend in hardwood imports



* Annual rate based upon first 9 months

Basic data: Census Bur and BDSA

U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

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and consumption of hardwood plywood has differed considerably from the behavior of lumber and other building materials. Reflecting a continued series of large gains since 1953 imports of hardwood plywood (mainly lauan from Japan) in the first 9 months of 1957 were at an annual rate 4 times as high as in 1953.

Rising arrivals of iron ore from abroad

The large expansion in imports of iron ore relative to total new supply contrasts sharply with our declining reliance on imports of aluminum, copper, and rubber (see chart). Whereas in 1953 the contribution of imports to our total supply of iron ore had amounted to 9 percent, by 1956 the share of imports in new supply had jumped to nearly 25 percent. Since in 1957 imports expanded at a somewhat lesser rate than in the preceding year, while corresponding domestic production—unhampered by strikes in the steel industry—rose sharply, the share of imports in new supply declined moderately from 1956.

It has been estimated, however, that by 1975, notwith-standing the large-scale recent exploitation of taconite deposits in the Lake Superior region, over 40 percent of the Nation's iron ore requirements will be supplied by receipts from foreign mines—mainly in Canada and Venezuela where American-owned companies have developed vast new sources of high-grade supplies.

Import share of lead and zinc supply rises

In 1957 when imports of both lead and zinc were substantially increased, notwithstanding the lower rate of consumption than in 1956, the share of imports in our total supply became appreciably higher than during a year earlier, especially since domestic output had been cut back around the middle of the year. Since 1956, increased Government purchases have taken up excess supplies of lead, thus heading off an accumulation in privately held inventories. Although deliveries of zinc to Government inventories were also stepped up over the same period, commercial zinc stocks rose significantly and prices dropped sharply after April.

Government stockpiling affects other items

While most other major commodities comprising the remaining segment of our raw materials imports are not produced domestically, imports of such items have been affected to a large extent by Government stockpiling policies and other factors aside from the current rate of consumption.

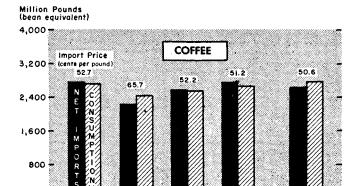
The volume of tin imports in January-September 1957 was 20 percent lower than during a year earlier and about 45 percent less than in 1953. Not only had tin ore disappeared entirely from the import picture since the sale by the Government of the Texas City smelter in January 1957, but tin metal imports had been gradually reduced due to the curtailment, and finally the completion in 1956, of Government stockpiling purchases.

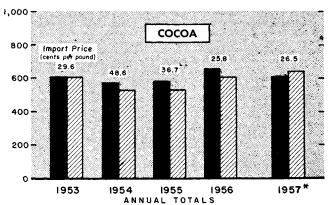
The inverse relationship between changes in imports of manganese and movements in domestic steel production during the past 3 years can also be explained to a large extent by changes in Government stockpile purchases. In the case of chrome ore, the alltime record for imports set in 1953 has since been unequaled as Government purchases in more recent years have been less than one-half as large as in 1953.

The reversal during 1957 of the 3-year uptrend in imports of industrial diamonds can likewise be attributed to a major extent to the Government's suspension of stockpiling purchases on January 1, 1957. Recently, a new competing

Coffee and Cocoa Account for Nearly Half of Our Foodstuff Imports

Demand influenced by changes in prices





* Annual rate based upon first 9 months

Basic data: Census Bur, Agri. Dept, and BDSA

Basic data: Census Bur, Aç U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

domestic industry has announced a program to produce 3.5 million carats of synthetic diamonds by the end of 1958. This quantity is equivalent to 25 percent of the annual rate of imports during the first 9 months of 1957.

The rise in nickel imports during 1957 was due mainly to a reversal in the previously tight supply situation. As production expanded in nearby Canadian and Cuban sources, the Government suspended its purchases after the third quarter of 1956. Industrial consumers have since increased their imports more rapidly than their current requirements with the result that privately held inventories of nickel on October 31, 1957, were three times as much as on the same date a year earlier.

Decline in per capita food imports

The volume of food imports set a new record in 1956, exceeding by 5 percent the previous alltime high in 1953. In January-September 1957 such imports fell back near the rate of 1954, having declined by over 9 percent from a year earlier (see table 4). On a per capita basis the quantity of food imports in January-September 1957 was the lowest since 1942. The decline in per capita food imports over this period contrasts with the trend in domestic per capita consumption of all foodstuffs combined. While the latter had

Table 5.—Imports of Finished (Nonfood) Consumer Goods

		Va	due in mill	ion dollars	3		Percent						
Commodity	Annual				January-8	September	Annual				January-Septemb		
	1953	1954	1955	1956	1956	1957	1953	1954	1955	1956	1956	1957	
Total Finished (Nonfood) Consumer Goods	817	844	1,078	1, 274	893	1, 106	100, 0	100.0	100.0	100, 0	100, 0	100. (
Apparel and other textile and leather goods. Automobiles and parts. Gem diamonds. Other jewelry and watches. Pottery and glassware Toys, athletic and sporting goods. Cutlery, hand tools, and other steel products. Photographic goods. Bicycles and other vehicles (excluding aircraft). Artworks Sewing machines and parts. Radio-phonos, electrical appliances, lamps. Other and miscellaneous	52 108 125 41 17 19 25 27	167 52 123 109 47 20 26 20 36 27 23 6 188	242 83 152 117 57 28 32 27 44 42 31 7 216	289 141 162 129 71 39 33 44 36 33 13	209 94 117 85 49 29 28 24 32 24 24 8 170	223 222 106 95 54 34 33 31 30 25 17 206	20. 9 6. 4 13. 2 15. 3 5. 0 2. 1 2. 3 3. 3 2. 7 3. 1 .6 22. 0	19. 8 6. 2 14. 6 12. 9 5. 5 2. 4 3. 1 2. 4 4. 3 3. 2 2. 7 22. 2	22. 4 7. 7 14. 1 10. 9 5. 3 2. 6 3. 0 2. 5 4. 1 3. 9 2. 9 . 6	22. 6 11. 1 12. 7 10. 1 5. 6 3. 1 2. 6 3. 5 2. 8 2. 6 1. 0	23. 4 10. 5 13. 1 9. 5 5. 5 3. 3 3. 1 2. 7 3. 6 2. 7 2. 7 9. 9	20. 1 20. 1 9. 6 8. 6 4. 6 3. 7 3. 0 2. 8 2. 7 2. 7 2. 7 2. 1 5. 18. 6	

Source: U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

dipped slightly in 1957, it continued to be at least as high as in 1955 and slightly above the rate of 1953 and 1954.

The volume of imports of a few food items such as fish and products and alcoholic beverages experienced a steady rise since 1953, variations in sugar arrivals have been relatively minor, but coffee and cocoa have displayed large and irregular fluctuations.

Coffee and cocoa sensitive to price changes

With the recovery in coffee use which followed the break in prices after the middle of 1954, imports rose considerably faster than consumption so that by the end of 1956 inventories had been rebuilt to about as high a point as at the close of 1953. In 1957 coffee consumption rose to the highest rate since 1949 but imports in January-September 1957 were one-eighth less than the rate of a year earlier. The consequent reduction in stocks brought domestic holdings at the end of October 1957 to the lowest point since September 1955.

During most of 1957 the decline in spot prices for Brazilian and Colombian coffee had provided a strong inducement for roasters to postpone purchases and draw down inventories. The situation has recently changed, even though the outlook is still for a world surplus of coffee relative to consumption. The carryover in producing countries at the end of the 1957–58 crop year is expected to be the largest since 1946–47. Yet coffee prices have strengthened considerably since the signing of the Mexico City Coffee Agreement on October 18.

While the total volume of coffee consumption in 1957 exceeded the high rate of 1953, per capita usage of coffee in 1957 was considerably lower than in 1953. The decline in per capita consumption since 1953 reflects the rising portion of total green beans processed into instant coffee, which has increased from 10 to 17 percent. Such soluble products provide 15 percent more liquid coffee than can be brewed from the same quantity of regular coffee. Moreover, from each pound of regular coffee, one-third more cups are currently being extracted than in 1949.

Reflecting a continuous downtrend since the latter part of 1954, cocoa prices in 1956 averaged the lowest since 1949 while consumption rose to a rate exceeded only in 1950. Since during the first 3 quarters of 1957 import unit values remained relatively low, consumption has continued on the upgrade and may establish a new record for the year. Nevertheless, imports in 1957 were 7 percent lower than a year earlier. Encouraged by the near doubling of spot cocoa prices since March 1957, cocoa processors in the second quarter finally began to dip into heavy inventories accumulated during 1953–56.

Auto imports rising

The more rapid rise in imports of finished nonfood consumer goods than in disposable personal income in recent years can be attributed primarily to the growing popularity of foreign-type passenger cars, particularly among consumers desiring distinctive but low-priced vehicles.

Table 5 shows that although other items such as apparel, textile and leather goods, pottery and glassware and toys contributed substantially to the strong uptrend in total consumer goods imports, automobiles showed the outstanding gains particularly in 1956 and 1957. Total arrivals of foreign cars in January–September 1957 were at a rate well over double that of a year earlier and five times the rate in 1953–54. Such imports, nevertheless, continued to account for a relatively small portion of the domestic automobile market.

Growth in Operating Business Concerns

(Continued from page 6)

typical proportion for retailing which is the only major industry division where a new proprietor is more apt to acquire his business by transfer than by starting a new establishment.

Industrial and commercial failures—as compiled by Dun and Bradstreet, Inc., and representing only those firms discontinuing business with a likelihood of loss to creditors—continued to rise in number in 1957 but at a rate half that of 1956. The total of 13,739 failures in 1957 was 8 percent higher than in 1956, while the latter year was 16 percent higher than 1955.

Although the failure rate has risen slightly in recent years, the current rate of 52 per 10,000 concerns listed in the Dur and Bradstreet Reference Book is considerably below the rates of other high level activity years in the immediate prewar period and in the twenties. The comparable rate in 1940 was 66, while the typical rate in the twenties was about 100 per 10,000 firms.

Failures increased in 1957 from the previous year in all major industry divisions except wholesale trade where the number was about the same. Construction failures again increased relatively the most, about twice the all-industry average. A comparison of construction failures in 1957 with 1956 shows, however, that although a rise of 25 percent occurred for the first half of the year, the increase for the July-November period was 8.5 percent, or about average.

Monthly BUSINESS STATISTICS



 ${f T}_{
m HE}$ STATISTICS here are a continuation of the data published in the 1957 edition of Business Statistics, biennial Statistical Supplement to the Survey of Current Business. That volume (price \$2) contains monthly (or quarterly) data for the years 1953 through 1956 and monthly averages for all years back to 1929 insofar as available; it also provides a description of each series and references to sources of monthly figures prior to 1953. Series added or significantly revised since publication of the 1957 Business Statistics are indicated by an asterisk (*) and a dagger (†), respectively; certain revisions for 1956 issued too late for inclusion in the aforementioned volume appear in the monthly Survey beginning with the July 1957 issue. Except as otherwise stated, the terms "unadjusted" and "adjusted" refer to adjustment for seasonal variation.

Statistics originating in Government agencies are not copyrighted and may be reprinted freely. Data from private sources are provided through the courtesy of the compilers, and are subject to their copyrights.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and	19	56						19	57					
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber
	(GENE	RAL I	BUSIN	ESS	INDIC	ATOR	RS						
NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT														
Seasonally adjusted quarterly totals at annual rates: National income, totalbil. of dol		353.3			355. 1			358.1			362. 2			
Compensation of employees, totaldo Wages and salaries, totaldo		247. 9 233. 3			251. 1 235. 9			254. 0 238. 6			257. 0 241. 3		 	
Privatedo		194.7			196. 8			199.1			200. 9			
Militarydo	.) .	9.7			9.6			9.7	}		9.8			l
Government civiliando Supplements to wages and salariesdo		28. 9 14. 6			29. 4 15. 3			29.7 15.4			30. 6 15. 7			
Proprietors' and rental income, total		50.7			50. 3			50.7			51. 3			
Business and professional		28.3			28. 4			28.7			29. 1			
Farmdo	1	12.0			11.5			11.7			11.8			
Rental income of personsdo Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjust-		10.4			10.4			10.4			10.4			
ment, totalbil, of dol		42.4			41.2			40.7			40.9]		
Corporate profits before tax, totaldo Corporate profits tax liabilitydo		45. 6 23. 3			43.9 22.4			42.0 21.4			41.8 21.3			
Corporate profits after taxdo		22.3			21. 5			20.5			20. 4			
Inventory valuation adjustmentdo		-3.2			-2.7			-1.3			9			
Net interestdo		12.3			12. 5			12.7			13.0		-	
Gross national product, totaldo		426.0			429. 1			434.3			439.0			
Personal consumption expenditures, totaldo		272.3			276. 7			278. 9			283. 6			
Durable goodsdo		34.8			35. 9			35.0			35.0	}		
Nondurable goods do Services do		135.3 102.2			137. 3 103. 4			139. 1 104. 9			142. 5 106. 1			
		į]						1			
Gross private domestic investment, totaldo New constructiondo		68. 5 33. 4			62. 7 32. 8			65. 0 32. 7			65. 5 33. 0			
Producers' durable equipmentdo		29. 9			30.7			30. 5			30. 5			
Change in business inventoriesdo		5. 1			8			1.7			2.0			
Net foreign investmentdo Government purchases of goods and services, total		2.4			4.1		<u>-</u>	3.5			3. 2			
bil, of dol		82.8			85, 6			86.9			86. 7			
Federal (less Government sales)do		49.0			50.3			51.1			50.6		1	
National security ♀do State and localdo		44. 2 33. 9			45. 5 35. 3			46. 3 35. 8			45. 8 36. 1			
	ł	i			ļ			l			1			
Personal income, total do Less: Personal tax and nontax payments do		334. 5 40. 5			337. 7 42. 2		·	342. 8 42. 9			346. 5 43. 6		.	
Equals: Disposable personal incomedo		294.0			295. 5			299. 9			302. 9		-	
Personal saving§do		21.7			18.9			21.0			19.3			1
PERSONAL INCOME, BY SOURCE	1								ļ					
Seasonally adjusted, at annual rates:		1	l	1		ł	1	1	1					
Total personal incomebil. of dol	334.9	334.8	335.9	337. 9	339. 5	340.6	342.9	344.8	346. 2	346.8	346. 6	345.9	345. 4	342.8
Wage and salary disbursements, totaldo	233. 1	235. 3	234. 5	235. 9	237, 2	237. 1	238. 3	240.1	240.9	241.7	241. 5	240. 1	r 239. 5	238.8
Commodity-producing industriesdo	101. 2	102. 7	101.4	102.0	102.3	102. 4	102.4	103. 3	103.0	102.8	102. 2	101.3	100.9	100.0
Distributive industriesdo Service industriesdo	61. 4 31. 9	61. 6 32. 2	62. 0 32. 2	62. 4 32. 4	63. 0 32. 6	62. 7 32. 9	63. 4	63.8	64. 5 33. 4	64. 7 33. 7	64. 8 33. 9	64. 3 34. 0	7 64. 2	64.3 34.2
Government do	38.6	38.8	32. 2 38. 9	32. 4 39. 1	32. 6 39. 3	32. 9	33.0	33. 2 39. 8	40.0	33. 7 40. 5	40.6	34. 0 40. 5	34. 1 40. 3	34. 2 40. 3
Other labor incomedo	7.7	7.7	7.7	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.8	7.9	7.9	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0	8.0
Proprietors' and rental incomedo	50.7	50. 2	50.2	50.4	50.4	50.6	50.8	50.9	51.6	51. 2	51. 1	50.8	r 50.4	50.4
Personal interest income and dividendsdo	30.4	28.5	30.7	30.8	30. 9	31.0	31. 2	31. 2	31.4	31.6	31.6	31.7	31.7	29.7
Transfer paymentsdo Less personal contributions for social insurance	18. 9	19.0	19.5	19. 7	20.0	20.8	21.6	21. 5	21.3	21.2	21. 2	22. 1	22.6	22.7
bil. of dol	5.9	5. 9	6.7	6.7	6.8	6.7	6.8	6.8	6.9	6.9	6.8	6.8	6.8	6.8
Total nonagricultural incomedo	319.3	319. 6	320.7	322. 7	324, 5	325. 3	327.5	329.3	330. 5	331.3	331. 3	331.0	7 330. 3	327.3
	. 010.0	010.0	- 040.1	0au. 1	021.0	. 020.0	. 021.0	040. 0	. 500.5	. 001.0	. 001.0	991.0	. 000. 9	. 021.0

r Revised.

♂Includes inventory valuation adjustment. ♀ Government sales are not deducted.

§Personal saving is excess of disposable income over personal consumption expenditures shown as a component of gross national product above.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and	19	56						19	57					
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber
(SENEI	RAL B	USIN	ESS I	NDIC	ATOR	S—Co	ntinu	ed	<u> </u>			·	
NEW PLANT AND EQUIPMENT EXPENDITURES														
Unadjusted quarterly totals: All industriesmil. of dol		9, 838			8, 282			9, 590		<u>-</u>	9, 357			1 9, 805
Manufacturing dodo Durable-goods industries dodo Nondurable-goods industriesdo		4, 428 2, 339 2, 089			3, 505 1, 759 1, 746			4, 183 2, 120 2, 063			4, 010 1, 995 2, 015			4, 351 2, 173 2, 178
Mining do Railroads do Transportation, other than rail do Public utilities do Commercial and other do		346 332 450 1, 452 2, 830			300 342 358 1, 205 2, 572			327 362 478 1, 510 2, 730			314 358 447 1,720 2,508			313 329 517 1, 843 2, 452
Beasonally adjusted quarterly totals at annual rates: All industriesbil. of dol		36. 46			36. 89			37. 03			37. 75			1 37. 47
Manufacturingdo Durable-goods industriesdo Nondurable-goods industriesdo		15. 81 8. 21 7. 60			16. 12 8. 09 8. 03			16. 25 8. 31 7. 94			16. 37 8. 23 8. 14			16. 16 7. 93 8. 23
Mining		1. 28 1. 23 1. 76 5. 27 11. 11			1. 35 1. 42 1. 52 5. 72 10. 76			1. 28 1. 35 1. 82 5. 93 10. 40			1. 24 1. 54 1. 81 6. 64 10. 15			1. 20 1. 22 2. 03 6. 62 10. 24
FARM INCOME AND MARKETINGS:								10.10						
Cash receipts from farming, including Government payments, totalmil. of dol	3, 425	2, 789	2, 615	2, 049	1, 909	1, 950	2, 057	2, 317	2, 610	2, 715	2, 954	3, 610	3, 267	
Farm marketings and CCC loans, total	3, 335 1, 891 1, 444 355 771 301	2,749 1,441 1,308 367 649 271	2, 571 1, 187 1, 384 373 766 215	2, 018 802 1, 216 352 627 208	1, 880 576 1, 304 398 645 229	1, 928 557 1, 371 393 711 231	2, 036 566 1, 470 433 759 232	2, 070 747 1, 323 415 654 220	2, 441 1, 018 1, 423 394 776 230	2, 579 1, 103 1, 476 381 824 253	2, 847 1, 364 1, 483 365 831 267	3, 510 1, 804 1, 706 375 1, 003 306	3, 205 1, 687 1, 518 363 826 312	
loans, unadjusted: All commodities	137 176 106 158 182	113 134 96 127 134	105 110 102 120 113	83 75 89 97 78	77 54 96 90 52	79 52 101 90 46	84 53 108 96 49	85 69 97 97 70	100 95 104 111 97	106 103 108 116 106	117 127 109 130 135	144 168 125 167 190	131 157 111 151 178	
Livestock and productsdodo	140	122	126	111	118	123	132	118	122	124	126	149	130	
Federal Reserve Index of Physical Volume														
Unadjusted, combined index1947-49=100	147	144	145	148	148	144	143	145	135	145	145	145	141	p 13
Manufactures do Durable manufactures do Primary metals γ do Steel do Primary nonferrous metals do	149 166 146 159 169	146 166 142 158 170	146 164 146 160 170	149 167 7 148 160 167	150 166 144 154 166	146 163 140 147 175	144 159 134 142 171	146 162 136 140 167	136 150 118 128 157	146 159 128 134 160	147 159 128 134 153	147 * 157 129 134 156	126	p 10
Metal fabricating (incl. ordnance)do Fabricated metal productsdo Machinerydo Nonelectrical machinerydo Electrical machinerydo	181 138 178 152 227	183 139 178 158 217	181 136 175 158 208	185 138 177 160 210	184 138 177 161 208	179 140 169 157 194	174 136 166 154 189	176 139 168 153 197	167 134 158 146 182	173 141 166 143 211	172 144 171 148 217	171 141 168 7 144 217	r 138 r 163 r 139	p 16 p 13 p 15 p 13 p 19
Transportation equipment Q do Autos do Trucks do Aircraft and parts do Instruments and related products do Furniture and fixtures. do Lumber and products do Stone, clay, and glass products do Miscellaneous manufactures do	174 122 117 161	225 177 101 619 175 125 104 156 145	7 225 174 98 624 173 118 104 148 136	112 151	228 171 109 633 174 119 112 153	630 174 117 117 155	213 144 113 608 171 115 118 158 137	216 156 119 606 171 118 131 159	203 134 103 597 168 116 105 150	148 103 588 172 124 125	84 84 574 174 125 121 162	7 194 88 7 92 564 172 124 119 7 161 148	171 7 99 7 536 7 173 7 119 106 7 153	p 15 p 9 p 53 p 16 p 11
Nondurable manufacturesdo Food and beverage manufacturesdo Food manufactures ♀do Meat productsdo Bakery productsdo Beveragesdo Alcoholic beveragesdo	132 117 119 148 100 110	125 106 108 138 99 98	128 101 104 139 95 90 86	133 96 97	133 105 104 131 96 110	104 102 123 98 110	129 107 104 124 99 119	120 102	122 115 114 116 104 121 104	123 118 103 119	128 131 130 102 116	136 7 124 126 140 101 119 115	114 116 133 101	
Tobacco manufactures	105 109 86 108 100 162	87 99 104 78 101 95 145 142	110 101 108 74 113 102 157 158	105 111 81 119 115 161	106 111 79 126 115 163	99 103 78 110 106 161	81 112 98 158	100 103 87 109	102 83 85 67 96 92 139 132	100 104 82 115 112 165	101 105 79 110 105	119 99 104 71 109 104 170 163	97 104 65 106	
Printing and publishing do. Chemicals and allied products do. Industrial chemicals do. Petroleum and coal products do. Petroleum refining do. Rubber products do.	181 199 143 152	142 181 199 145 158 132	136 184 205 148 160 147	186 207 145 154	186 206 139 149	184 206 137 145	184 206 139 148	179 200 139 147	134 174 194 139 146 112	181 200 144 152	185 205 144 152	7 146 7 190 208 7 139 7 145	188 207 135 144	p 136

^{*} Revised. * Preliminary.

1 Estimates based on capital expenditures of business; those for the 1st quarter of 1958 appear on p. 6 of the December 1957 Survey.

2 Includes data not shown separately.

1 Revised annual data for 1951-56 (monthly, January 1954-May 1956) for farm income and marketings appear on p. 23 of the November 1957 Survey; those for the indexes of cash receipts and volume of marketings will be shown later.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and	19	56						19	57					
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem ber
	SENEI	RAL B	USIN	ESS I	NDIC	ATOR	S—Co	ntinu	ed	!	! <u>-</u> -	<u>'</u>		
INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION—Continued	1													
Federal Reserve Index of Physical Volume-Con.														
Unadjusted index—Continued Minerals1947-49=100	130 90	129	130	131	131	131	132	130	123	130	130	129	r 123	» 120
Coaldodo Crude oil and natural gasdo Metal miningdo	149 114	83 155 94	85 158 91	87 157 98	88 156 95	83 155 111	82 153 135	88 145 150	65 145 137	86 7 145 139	86 147 137	87 146 124	r 144	≥ 7: ≥ 14:
Stone and earth mineralsdo	144	138	128	129	133	137	145	148	149	154	152	7 151	141	
Seasonally adjusted, combined indexdo	146	147	146	146	145	143	143	144	144	145	144	141	139	» 13
Manufactures do Durable manufactures do Primary metals do	147 165 146	149 167 145	147 164 - 143	148 164 143	147 162 137	145 160 134	145 159 132	146 162 132	146 161 132	147 162 136	146 159 131	142 154 7 128	7 140 153 7 121	7 13 7 14 7 11
Metal fabricating (incl. ordnance)do Fabricated metal productsdo	180 139	183 141	180 137	180 138	179 137	176 140	175 136	177 139	177 141	177 140	174 140	7 168 136	7 169 7 139	p 16
Machinery do Nonelectrical machinery do Electrical machinery do	175 155 214	177 157 216	173 154 208	172 155 204	172 155 204	166 151 196	168 152 199	171 151 209	173 152 214	173 152 213	170 151 207	162 146 194	7 161 7 142 7 199	P 1:
Transportation equipmentdo Autos, trucks, and partsdo	216 137	223 143	r 222 139	7 225 140	222 135	217 126	213 124	215 127	210 123	209 127	205 123	7 200 7 118	r 201 r 130	» 19
Instruments and related productsdo Furniture and fixturesdo	172 119	173 120	173 118	174 118	173 118	172 121	171 121	171 121	173 124	175 122	123 174 121	170 119	7 171 115	» 16
Lumber and products do Stone, clay, and glass products do Miscellaneous manufactures do	119 157 144	117 158 144	114 155 140	113 155 136	111 155	113 155	115 158	125 157	114 155	120 160	114 159	110 153	108 r 150	» 1
Nondurable manufacturesdo	129	130	131	131	137 131	140 129	139 130	142 130	141 130	144	146 132	139	128	» 1: » 1:
Food and beverage manufactures do	114 113	114 113	111 111	113 113	113 113	110 111	111 111	112 112	114 115	113 113	113 113	111	111 110	
Beverages do Tobacco manufactures do Textilo-mill products do	115 109 103	117 107 103	113 112 100	111 116 101	115 111 101	108 109 99	111 110 98	115 111 100	108 114 97	112 110 99	112 113 101	111 109 97	94	
Textile-mill productsdododo	108	110 102	109	110	111	109 106	113 102	113	113 103	111	113	110	104	
Paper and allied productsdododo	160 139	157 140	159 141	157 141	157 141	156 141	158 142	159 141	156 140	163 140	161 142	7 161 142	162 140	» 1
Chemicals and allied productsdodododododo	177 195	179 199	184 205	183 205	182 202	183 204	185 206	182 198	185 205	186 204	185 207	7 185 206	184 203	
Petroleum and coal productsdo Rubber productsdo	143 126	145 137	147 145	143 145	141 142	142 131	142 130	138 129	139 133	141 144	143 137	139 136	7 135 132	<i>p</i> 1
Minerals do	130 87	130 80	131 82	133 87	133 92	130 87	130 82	127 86	127 83	129 84	129 82	7 128 80	r 123	P 1
Crude oil and natural gas do	149 128	153 127	154 120	154 122	152 121	151 118	153 113	146 119	147 112	7 149 118	151 119	7 151 7 114	r 144	<i>p</i> 1
Stone and earth mineralsdo CONSUMER DURABLES OUTPUT	142	141	142	142	143	140	142	142	143	145	144	142	139	
nadjusted, total output1947-49=100	139	141	137	143	142	130	124	131	116	132	119	119	141	» 1
Major consumer durables do	151 164	154 177	149 174	157 178	155 171	140 155	131 144	140 156	121 134	139 148	118 84	119 88	7 153 171	» 1 » 1
Major household goodsdododo	141 117	137 118	129 113	140 116	143 116	128 113	122 108	129 110	110 105	133 115	150 119	7 147 7 116	138 113	
Appliances and heaters do Radio and television sets do Other consumer durables do	122 270 112	128 217 110	125 188 110	144 201 112	151 196 111	131 159 107	125 153	131 180	105 143	109 256	141 268	133 282	259	
easonally adjusted, total outputdo	132	141	137	138	134	107	106 124	108 129	106 129	116 133	121 129	120	r 114	P 1:
Major consumer durablesdodo	143	154	147	149	144	131	131	137	137	141	134	r 125	, 143	⊅ 1.
Autosdo Major household goodsdo Furniture and floor coveringsdo	152 136 114	168 143 115	169 130 114	167 134 113	159 132 113	141 124 114	139 126 112	144 133	134 142	145 138	129 140	118 134	154 134	P 1
Appliances and heaters do Radio and television sets do	130 218	144 218	128 181	137 189	133 185	119 167	112 119 186	113 123 226	118 126 259	116 123 248	115 134 237	7 110 129 215	111 209	
Other consumer durables do BUSINESS SALES AND INVENTORIES&1	109	113	114	114	111	109	108	108	111	114	116	7 112	7 111	p 1
lanufacturing and trade sales (seas. adj.), total bil. of dol.	56.3	57.0	57. 9	57.4	56. 2	56.4	56.8	56. 4	57. 4	57.0	56. 3	55. 7	54.9	
Manufacturing, totaldo	28.5	28.8	30. 0	29. 5	28. 4	28.7	28.6	28. 1	29. 0	28. 6	28. 2	r 28. 1	27. 4	
Durable-goods industries do Nondurable-goods industries do Whelesele trade total	14.3 14.2	14. 5 14. 3	14. 9 15. 0	14.8 14.7	14. 2 14. 2	14. 3 14. 4	14. 3 14. 3	14. 2 13. 9	14. 6 14. 5	14.3 14.3	14. 1 14. 1	13. 9 14. 1	13. 9	
Wholesale trade, totaldo Durable-goods establishmentsdo Nondurable-goods establishmentsdo	11. 6 4. 4 7. 2	11. 8 4. 4 7. 4	11. 6 4. 6 7. 1	11. 5 4. 4 7. 1	11. 4 4. 4 7. 1	11. 3 4. 2 7. 1	11. 5 4. 3 7. 2	11, 4 4, 3 7, 1	11. 4 4. 3 7. 1	11. 4 4. 2 7. 2	11, 2 4, 1 7, 1	11.0 3.9 7.0	10. 9 3. 9 7. 0	
Retail trade, total do Durable-goods stores do Nondurable-goods stores do	16. 2 5. 7 10. 5	16. 3 5. 8 10. 5	16. 3 5. 7 10. 6	16. 4 5. 7 10. 6	16. 3 5. 7 10. 6	16. 4 5. 6 10. 7	16, 6 5, 8 10, 9	16. 8 5. 8 11. 0	17. 0 5. 8 11. 2	17. 0 5. 7 11. 3	16. 9 5. 7 11. 2	16. 7 5. 6 11. 1	16. 6 5. 6 11. 0	
Innufacturing and trade inventories, book value, end of month (seas. adj.), totalbil. of dol.	88. 5	89. 1	89. 3	89. 6	89. 9	90. 1	90. 6	90. 7	91.0	91.3	91.3	r 91. 1	90.9	
Manufacturing, total	52. 2 30. 6 21. 6	52, 3 30, 7 21, 6	52. 4 30. 6 21. 8	52. 9 31. 0 22. 0	53. 3 31. 2 22. 1	53. 7 31. 5 22. 2	53. 9 31. 6 22. 3	53. 9 31. 4 22. 4	54, 1 31, 7 22, 4	54. 2 31. 7 22. 5	54. 2 31. 8 22. 3	54. 1 r 31. 8 22. 3	53. 8 31. 4 22. 4	
Wholesale trade, total do_ Durable-goods establishments do_ Nondurable-goods establishments do_	12. 8 6. 5 6. 3	13. 0 6. 6 6. 4	12. 9 6. 5 6. 3	12. 8 6. 5 6. 3	12. 8 6. 5 6. 3	12. 8 6. 5 6. 3	12. 7 6. 5 6. 2	12. 7 6. 6 6. 1	12. 7 6. 7 6. 0	12. 8 6. 7 6. 1	12. 8 6. 7 6. 1	12. 8 6. 7	12. 8 6. 7	- -
Retail trade, totaldo	23. 5	23. 9	24.0	23. 9	23. 7	23. 7	23.9	24. 1	24.1	24. 3	6. 1 24. 4	6. 1 24. 2	1	
Durable-goods stores do Nondurable-goods stores do Preliminary.	10. 4 13. 1	10. 7 13. 2	10.8 13.2	10. 8 13. 1	10. 7 13. 0	10. 6 13. 1	10. 7 13. 2	10. 8 13. 3	10. 8 13. 3	11. 0 13. 2	11. 1 13. 2	r 10. 9 r 13. 3	11.2	

r Revised. Preliminary.

§The term "business" here includes only manufacturing and trade. Business inventories as shown on p. S-1 cover data for all types of producers, both farm and nonfarm. Unadjusted data for manufacturing are shown on p. S-4; those for retail and wholesale trade on pp. S-9, S-10, and S-11.

†Data beginning January 1951 for wholesale trade (not published in the 1957 edition of Business Statistics) appear on p. 32 of the August 1957 Survey; those for January 1948-December 1950 are available upon request.

S-4	S	URVE	EY OF	CUI	RREN'	T BU	SINE	SS					Janua	ry 1958
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of	19 Novem-	Decem-	Janu-	Febru-				195			Septem-		Novem-	Decem-
BUSINESS STATISTICS	ber	ber	агу	ary	March NDIC	April ATOR	May S—Co	June	July	August	ber	October	ber	ber
MANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES, AND ORDERS														
Sales, value (unadjusted), total	28, 771 14, 475 2, 521 1, 508 4, 085 3, 445 1, 039 754	28, 070 14, 372 2, 394 1, 332 4, 390 3, 699 895 626	28, 928 14, 363 2, 574 1, 463 4, 080 3, 611 989 646	27, 869 13, 975 2, 374 1, 438 4, 171 3, 467 941 628	29, 815 15, 033 2, 592 1, 551 4, 485 3, 590 1, 010 740	29, 010 14, 768 2, 481 1, 642 4, 355 3, 489 995 728	29, 116 14, 833 2, 425 1, 585 4, 425 3, 496 975 799	28, 278 14, 590 2, 484 1, 552 4, 459 3, 187 1, 027 763	27, 196 13, 336 2, 068 1, 491 3, 970 3, 193 868 721	29, 063 14, 231 2, 262 1, 632 4, 134 3, 256 1, 031 793	28, 171 13, 664 2, 200 1, 631 4, 293 2, 750 995 695	7 29, 532 7 14, 386 7 2, 336 7 1, 688 7 4, 406 7 3, 003 7 1, 026 7 761	27, 497 13, 594 2, 100 1, 462 4, 001 3, 497 865 639	
Nondurable-goods industries, total do	1, 123 14, 296 4, 264 356 1, 192 895 1, 865 2, 799 442 2, 483	1, 036 13, 698 4, 088 343 1, 072 816 1, 780 3, 037 461 2, 101	1, 000 14, 565 4, 260 338 1, 143 923 2, 002 3, 273 491 2, 135	956 13, 894 4, 077 312 1, 131 840 1, 853 2, 871 460 2, 350	1, 065 14, 782 4, 347 321 1, 163 901 2, 055 3, 045 495 2, 455	1, 078 14, 242 4, 196 347 1, 030 928 2, 005 2, 907 500 2, 329	1, 128 14, 283 4, 394 1, 031 916 2, 100 2, 900 486 2, 069	1, 118 13, 688 4, 291 382 1, 022 886 1, 886 2, 780 481 1, 960	1, 025 13, 860 4, 362 398 939 833 1, 848 2, 931 509 2, 040	1, 123 14, 832 4, 499 386 1, 137 952 1, 988 2, 920 519 2, 431	1, 100 14, 507 4, 493 374 1, 104 932 2, 013 2, 719 462 2, 410	7 1, 166 7 15, 146 4, 660 377 7 1, 214 7 981 7 2, 086 7 2, 866 524 7 2, 438	1,030 13,903 4,314 354 1,078 887 1,860 2,815	
Sales, value (seas. adj.), total	28, 480 14, 294 2, 531 1, 487 4, 189 3, 234 1, 019 741 1, 093	28, 846 14, 526 2, 462 1, 418 4, 241 3, 530 1, 014 746 1, 115	29, 956 14, 941 2, 594 1, 594 4, 342 3, 570 1, 039 751 1, 051	29, 534 14, 808 2, 453 1, 573 4, 290 3, 620 1, 053 766 1, 053	28, 426 14, 198 2, 389 1, 514 4, 158 3, 406 952 747 1, 032	28, 679 14, 254 2, 357 1, 625 4, 242 3, 240 989 707 1, 094	28, 617 14, 296 2, 263 1, 562 4, 354 3, 276 978 747 1, 116	28, 142 14, 207 2, 289 1, 492 4, 259 3, 241 1, 076 741 1, 109	29, 030 14, 573 2, 447 1, 605 4, 447 3, 251 957 736 1, 130	28, 638 14, 297 2, 362 1, 520 4, 281 3, 448 925 708 1, 053	28, 215 14, 132 2, 182 1, 547 4, 314 3, 407 940 668 1, 074	7 28, 064 7 13, 932 7 2, 224 7 1, 535 7 4, 265 7 3, 297 7 930 7 650 7 1, 031	27, 386 13, 505 2, 153 1, 458 4, 106 3, 289 860 639 1, 000	
Nondurable-goods industries, total do Food and beverage do do Tobacco do Totale do Tobacco do Totale do Paper do Chemical do Petroleum and coal do Rubber do Other nondurable-goods industries do	14, 186 4, 240 337 1, 109 888 1, 940 2, 763 462 2, 447	14, 320 4, 278 372 1, 147 868 1, 936 2, 786 474 2, 459	15, 015 4, 558 363 1, 174 942 1, 996 3, 241 496 2, 245	14, 726 4, 447 371 1, 252 875 1, 930 2, 960 495 2, 396	14, 228 4, 333 349 1, 144 858 1, 908 2, 928 476 2, 232	14, 425 4, 322 358 1, 073 919 1, 894 3, 028 490 2, 341	14, 321 4, 340 352 1, 079 907 1, 996 2, 959 481 2, 207	13, 935 4, 183 382 1, 063 877 1, 894 2, 780 458 2, 298	14, 457 4, 323 375 1, 089 896 2, 008 2, 991 514 2, 261	14. 341 4. 357 354 1, 072 915 2, 008 2, 920 514 2, 201	14, 083 4, 278 378 1, 040 932 1, 951 2, 803 481 2, 220	7 14, 132 7 4, 331 356 7 1, 029 7 917 7 2, 002 7 2, 895 490 7 2, 112	13, 881 4, 314 347 1, 018 878 1, 945 2, 787	
Inventories, end of month: Book value (unadjusted), total	51, 965 30, 346 4, 031 3, 062 10, 309 7, 659 1, 943 1, 110 2, 332 8, 7 12, 7 12, 7 8, 9	52, 515 30, 591 4, 119 3, 056 10, 316 7, 714 1, 855 1, 159 2, 372 8. 9 12. 7 9, 0	52, 941 30, 835 4, 068 3, 106 10, 408 7, 803 1, 869 1, 179 2, 402 8. 6 12. 9 9, 3	53, 320 31, 196 4, 077 3, 165 10, 524 7, 878 1, 217 2, 446 8. 6 13. 1 9, 5	53, 670 31, 512 4, 018 3, 242 10, 614 7, 951 1, 945 1, 233 2, 509 8, 5 13, 3, 9, 7	53, 827 31, 778 3, 962 3, 286 10, 662 8, 124 1, 922 1, 257 2, 565 8 3 13, 6 9, 8	53, 985 31, 873 4, 053 3, 272 10, 811 7, 969 1, 904 1, 265 2, 599 8, 4 13, 55 10, 0	54, 043 31, 749 4, 043 3, 292 10, 760 7, 899 1, 877 1, 267 2, 611 8. 5 13. 3 9, 9	53, 762 31, 450 4, 173 3, 240 10, 584 7, 781 1, 239 2, 562 8, 5 13, 2 9, 7	53, 576 31, 225 4, 314 3, 151 10, 481 7, 713 1, 853 1, 186 2, 527 8, 5 13, 3 9, 5	13. 3	7 53, 734 7 31, 487 7 4, 488 7 3, 017 7 10, 390 7 8, 115 7 1, 804 7 1, 197 7 2, 476 8. 6 7 13, 3 9. 6	53, 633 31, 173 4, 427 3, 019 10, 407 7, 855 1, 815 1, 199 2, 451 8, 66 13, 0 9, 6	
Nondurable-goods industries, total mil. of dol. Food and beverage do. Tobacco do. Textile do. Paper do. Chemical do. Petroleum and coal do. Rubber do. Other nondurable-goods industries do. By stages of fabrication: Purchased materials bil. of dol. Goods in process do.	21, 619 5, 111 1, 895 2, 582 1, 325 3, 539 3, 252 1, 014 2, 901 8. 6 2. 9	21, 924 5, 061 1, 959 2, 663 1, 362 3, 633 3, 249 1, 049 2, 948 8, 9 2, 9	22, 106 5, 001 2, 131 2, 739 1, 362 3, 648 3, 102 1, 057 3, 066 8, 9 3, 0	22. 124 4, 902 2, 132 2, 736 1, 412 3, 701 1, 057 3, 083 8. 9 3. 0 10. 2	22, 158 4, 754 2, 105 2, 748 1, 455 3, 725 3, 157 1, 071 3, 143 8, 9 3, 0 10, 2	22, 049 4, 622 2, 075 2, 698 1, 453 3, 750 3, 202 1, 062 3, 187 8, 8	22, 112 4, 504 2, 027 2, 720 1, 453 3, 716 3, 346 1, 065 3, 281 8, 7 3, 0 10, 4	22, 294 4, 524 1, 981 2, 691 1, 442 3, 744 3, 451 1, 058 3, 403 8. 7 3. 0	22, 312 4, 629 1, 936 2, 678 1, 430 3, 716 3, 529 1, 024 3, 370 8. 7	22, 351 4, 830 1, 923 2, 623 1, 415 3, 679 3, 587 1, 010 3, 284 8. 7 3. 0 10. 7	4, 837 1, 940 2, 561 1, 396 3, 641 3, 705 1, 031 3, 164 8, 7 3, 0	7 4, 929 1, 960 7 2, 515 7 1, 395 7 3, 658 7 3, 732 1, 053 7 3, 005	9. 1 2. 9	
Finished goods	3, 157 10, 404 7, 714 1, 895 1, 168 2, 418 8, 6	10. 2 52, 295 30, 660 3, 975 3, 183 10, 409 7, 630 1, 171 2, 423 8. 7 12. 8	52, 434 30, 631 3, 962 3, 169 10, 444 7, 632 1, 839 1, 156 2, 429 8, 6	52, 918 30, 961 4, 071 3, 230 10, 454 7, 738 1, 865 1, 170 2, 433 8, 7 12, 9	53, 334 31, 185 4, 102 3, 210 10, 478 7, 825 1, 914 1, 174 2, 482 8, 7	10. 3 53, 663 31, 462 4, 114 3, 222 10, 509 8, 016 1, 209 2, 502 8. 6 13. 4	53, 909 31, 566 4, 192 3, 146 10, 624 7, 975 1, 865 1, 240 2, 524 8. 5 13. 4	53, 853 31, 438 4, 207 3, 077 10, 601 7, 919 1, 845 1, 254 2, 535 8, 4	10. 6 54, 093 31, 696 4, 245 3, 146 10, 622 8, 038 1, 857 1, 239 2, 549 8, 4 13, 5	54, 203 31, 742 4, 326 3, 151 10, 609 8, 035 1, 872 1, 210 2, 539 8, 4	54, 166 31, 820 4, 344 3, 123 10, 658 8, 049 1, 277 1, 251 2, 518	7 54, 103 7 31, 754 7 4, 356 7 3, 143 7 10, 583 7 7, 979 7 1, 880 7 1, 273 7 2, 540 8.6 13.2	53, 797 31, 380 4, 265 3, 112 10, 509 7, 825 1, 866 1, 262 2, 541 8, 5	
Finished goods	9.1 21, 563 4, 814 1, 895 2, 674 1, 338 3, 582 3, 188 1, 035 3, 037	9. 2 21, 635 4, 799 1, 884 2, 713 1, 349 3, 594 3, 249 1, 039 3, 008	9. 2 21, 803 4, 820 2, 010 2, 766 1, 362 3, 593 3, 133 1, 047 3, 072	9. 3 21, 957 4, 867 2, 030 2, 694 1, 398 3, 643 3, 197 1, 036 3, 092	9. 4 22, 149 4, 872 2, 024 2, 692 1, 426 3, 676 3, 255 1, 030 3, 174	9. 4 22, 201 4, 876 2, 054 2, 628 1, 439 3, 730 3, 267 1, 031 3, 176	9. 6 22, 343 4, 869 2, 047 2, 625 1, 453 3, 729 3, 380 1, 024 3, 216	9. 7 22, 415 4, 882 2, 064 2, 612 1, 442 3, 692 3, 486 1, 027 3, 210	9.8 22, 397 4, 804 2, 038 2, 642 1, 430 3, 728 3, 494 1, 045 3, 216	9. 8 22, 461 4, 805 2, 024 2, 649 1, 429 3, 737 3, 517 1, 074 3, 220	9. 8 22, 346 4, 684 2, 000 2, 631 1, 410 3, 741 3, 597 1, 074 6 3, 209	9. 9 7. 22, 349 7. 4, 725 1, 980 7. 2, 625 7. 1, 423 7. 3, 732 7. 3, 623 1, 097 7. 3, 144	9. 8 22, 417 4, 759 1, 969 2, 639 1, 417 3, 739 3, 659	
Purchased materials bil. of dol. Goods in process do. Finished goods do. * Revised. ‡Data beginning January 1953 appea	2. 9 10. 1	3. 0 10. 1	3. 0 10. 2	3. 0 10. 3	3. 0 10. 4		2.9	9. 0 3. 0 10. 5		3.0	2.9	3.0	3.0	

^{8. 6} 2. 9 10. 1 8. 5 3. 0 10. 1 8. 6 3. 0 10. 2 8. 7 3. 0 10. 3 Revised. †Data beginning January 1953 appear on p. 20 of the September 1957 Survey.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and	19	56		,				19	57					
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber
(JENEI	RAL B	USIN	ESS I	NDIC.	ATOR	S—Co	ntinu	ed	·			<u> </u>	'
MANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES, AND ORDERS—Continued														
New orders, net (unadjusted), total	29, 428 15, 145 2, 614 1, 354 4, 366 3, 919 2, 892	28, 839 15, 068 2, 452 1, 458 4, 304 4, 575 2, 279	28, 765 14, 374 2, 453 1, 424 4, 210 3, 452 2, 835	27, 540 13, 712 2, 495 1, 461 4, 188 2, 957 2, 611	29, 291 14, 611 2, 597 1, 538 4, 450 3, 181 2, 845	27, 673 13, 349 2, 103 1, 500 4, 091 2, 936 2, 719	28, 328 13, 949 2, 251 1, 638 4, 136 3, 181 2, 743	27, 538 13, 716 2, 217 1, 427 4, 512 2, 609 2, 951	26, 155 12, 318 1, 938 1, 522 3, 904 2, 256 2, 698	27, 568 12, 881 2, 063 1, 468 3, 905 2, 554 2, 891	26, 371 12, 047 2, 039 1, 571 3, 812 1, 979 2, 646	7 26, 730 7 11, 788 7 2, 027 7 1, 517 7 3, 798 7 1, 776 7 2, 670	26, 134 12, 279 1, 768 1, 222 3, 324 3, 441 2, 524	
Nondurable-goods industries, totaldoIndustries with unfilled orders QdoIndustries without unfilled orders Qdo	14, 283 3, 345 10, 938	13, 771 3, 108 10, 663	14, 391 3, 126 11, 265	13, 828 3, 166 10, 662	14, 680 3, 284 11, 396	14, 324 3, 341 10, 983	14, 379 3, 233 11, 146	13, 822 3, 148 10, 674	13, 837 2, 789 11, 048	14, 687 3, 070 11, 617	14, 324 3, 057 11, 267	7 14, 942 7 3, 203 7 11, 739	13, 855 3, 026 10, 829	
New orders, net (seas. adjusted), total§	29, 972 15, 776 2, 508 1, 472 4, 720 4, 184 2, 892	29, 005 14, 543 2, 372 1, 488 4, 127 3, 843 2, 713	28, 927 14, 176 2, 345 1, 468 4, 246 3, 282 2, 835	28, 647 14, 102 2, 403 1, 554 4, 268 3, 099 2, 778	28, 066 13, 853 2, 330 1, 398 4, 205 3, 236 2, 684	27, 940 13, 234 2, 197 1, 500 3, 850 2, 968 2, 719	28, 433 14, 115 2, 136 1, 689 4, 321 3, 198 2, 771	27, 055 13, 249 2, 306 1, 486 4, 103 2, 544 2, 810	27, 276 13, 005 2, 241 1, 522 4, 065 2, 396 2, 781	27, 325 13, 160 2, 078 1, 372 4, 124 2, 884 2, 702	26, 565 12, 519 2, 202 1, 496 3, 952 2, 300 2, 569	r 26, 226 r 12, 154 r 2, 081 r 1, 459 r 3, 943 r 2, 079 r 2, 592	26, 182 12, 326 1, 696 1, 328 3, 602 3, 176 2, 524	
Nondurable-goods industries, total	14, 196 3, 279 10, 917	14, 462 3, 378 11, 084	14, 751 3, 158 11, 593	14, 545 3, 231 11, 314	14, 213 3, 188 11, 025	14, 706 3, 554 11, 152	14, 318 3, 191 11, 127	13, 806 2, 970 10, 836	14, 271 2, 936 11, 335	14, 165 2, 924 11, 241	14, 046 3, 088 10, 958	r 14, 072 r 2, 993 r 11, 079	13, 856 2, 967 10, 889	
Unfilled orders, end of month (unadj.), totaldo Durable-goods industries, totaldo Primary metaldo Fabricated metaldo Machinery (including electrical)do Transportation equipment (including motor vehicles)mil. of dol	63, 441 60, 319 7, 086 4, 400 20, 169 23, 708	64, 210 61, 015 7, 144 4, 526 20, 083 24, 584	64, 047 61, 026 7, 023 4, 487 20, 213 24, 425	63, 718 60, 763 7, 144 4, 510 20, 230 23, 915	63, 194 60, 341 7, 149 4, 497 20, 195 23, 506	61, 857 58, 922 6, 771 4, 355 19, 931 22, 953	61, 069 58, 038 6, 597 4, 408 19, 642 22, 638	60, 329 57, 164 6, 330 4, 283 19, 695 22, 060	59, 288 56, 146 6, 200 4, 314 19, 629 21, 123	57, 793 54, 796 6, 001 4, 150 19, 400 20, 421	55, 993 53, 179 5, 840 4, 090 18, 919	7 53, 191 7 50, 581 7 5, 531 7 3, 919 7 18, 311	51, 828 49, 266 5, 199 3, 679 17, 634 18, 367	
Other industries, including ordnancedo Nondurable-goods industries, total 9do	4, 956 3, 122	4, 678 3, 195	4, 878 3, 021	4, 964 2, 955	4, 994 2, 853	4, 912 2, 935	4, 753 3, 031	4, 796 3, 165	4, 880 3, 142	4, 824 2, 997	4, 680 2, 814	r 4, 397	4, 387 2, 562	
BUSINESS INCORPORATIONS	0,122	0, 150	3,021	2, 900	2, 603	2, 950	3,031	0, 100	0, 142	2, 991	2, 814	2,010	2, 302	
New incorporations (48 States)number_	9, 749	10, 788	13, 387	10, 791	12, 049	12, 312	12, 220	11, 269	11, 686	11, 361	10, 526	11, 251	9, 270	10, 575
INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL FAILURES♂														
Tailures, total	999 86 171 166 482 94	982 83 183 172 472 72	1, 148 71 177 197 612 91	1, 146 93 180 199 568 106	1, 336 99 205 239 672 121	1, 175 118 172 190 580 115	1, 200 82 181 205 600 132	1, 084 93 164 179 553 95	1,059 81 153 181 570 74	1, 145 91 165 204 588 97	1,071 94 164 182 535 96	1, 122 89 176 214 544 99	1, 173 93 194 213 559 114	
Liabilities (current), totalthous. of dol	39, 886	50, 279	54, 060	65, 406	55, 833	57, 103	52, 552	51, 454	44, 299	43, 514	45, 420	47, 428	52,899	
Commercial service	11,476	3, 780 8, 149 21, 785 10, 946 5, 619	4, 086 10, 672 16, 105 17, 862 5, 335	2, 493 8, 440 33, 402 14, 780 6, 291	3, 833 10, 424 17, 760 17, 816 6, 000	3, 878 9, 090 16, 286 15, 994 11, 855	4, 728 10, 820 14, 888 15, 686 6, 430	3, 551 10, 066 12, 966 17, 715 7, 156	5, 024 7, 629 14, 039 12, 715 4, 892	2, 331 10, 426 12, 847 14, 752 3, 158	4, 554 5, 618 13, 901 13, 657 7, 690	3, 195 7, 994 11, 601 16, 947 7, 691	2, 611 13, 420 18, 061 12, 895 5, 912	
Failure annual rate (seas. adj.)*No. per 10,000 concerns.	48. 5	47. 2	48.0	51.1	54. 9	48. 2	50. 1	50.0	47.8	53.4	58.7	51.5		
			COI	ммоі	DITY :	PRICE	ES							
PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS														
Prices received, all farm products1910-14=100	234	235	238	234	238	242	243	244	247	248	245	240	242	242
Crops	237 266 270 182 232	237 263 262 185 234	238 237 256 187 236	234 236 255 181 235	237 252 252 181 235	242 294 258 180 233	244 315 266 179 225	241 283 270 173 218	239 288 273 170 218	233 248 278 169 217	228 221 279 163 217	224 221 273 156 219	224 241 263 152 221	218 240 239 152 221
Fruit	207 262 154 443	205 264 155 461	227 266 162 457	221 260 153 458	237 265 148 459	237 264 145 459	228 263 156 457	246 260 152 457	219 261 167 460	200 252 172 469	193 244 159 484	187 231 154 483	187 235 164 473	180 237 171 466
Livestock and products do. Dairy products do. Meat animals do. Poultry and eggs do. Wool do.	230 279 231 163 253	233 274 239 165 260	238 270 254 155 265	234 266 249 157 267	238 260 263 150 274	242 253 275 150 286	241 248 278 144 310	245 247 287 145 317	254 252 297 155 312	260 260 301 167 305	259 269 291 174 290	254 277 274 180 279	258 279 278 188 267	264 275 294 185 261
Prices paid: All commodities and services	267 281 252 289	268 283 252 290	269 283 255 292	271 284 256 294	272 284 258 295	273 285 260 296	273 286 259 296	273 287 257 296	273 287 257 295	273 287 257 295	273 287 258 296	273 286 258 206	275 289 260 298	276 288 262 299
Parity ratio⊕dodo	81	81	82	80	81	82	82	82	84	84	83	81	81	81

*Revised. \$Corrections of March 1955 new orders figures in 1957 Business Statistics (mil.dol.): Unadjusted—total durable goods, 14,755; machinery, 4,093; seasonally adjusted—total manufacturing, 26,810; total durable goods, 13,538; machinery, 3,885. 9 Includes textiles, leather, paper, and printing and publishing industries; unfilled orders for other nondurable-goods industries are zero. ¶For these industries (food, beverages, tobacco, apparel, petroleum, chemicals, and rubber), sales are considered equal to new orders. ♂Data are from Dun & Bradstreet, Inc. *New series; based on number of concerns listed in Dun & Bradstreet ReferenceBook. Data back to 1934 are available upon request. ⊕Ratio of prices received to prices paid (including interest, taxes, and wage rates).

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and	19							19	57					
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem ber
	-	COM	MODI	TY PI	RICES	—Con	tinue	1	_					
RETAIL PRICES All commodities (U. S. Department of Commerce index)	213.8	213. 9	214. 1	214. 9	214.7	214.9	215. 3	216. 6	217. 5	217. 9	217. 5	r 217. 2	217. 3	
Consumer price index (U. S. Department of Labor): All items	117.8	118.0	118. 2	118.7	118.9	119.3	119. 6	120. 2	120.8	121. 0	121. 1	121.1	1 121. 6	¹ 121
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	107. 0	107. 0	106. 4	106. 1	106. 8	106. 5	106. 5	106. 6	106. 5	106. 6	107. 3	107. 7	107. 9	107
	112. 9	112. 9	112. 8	113. 6	113. 2	113. 8	114. 6	116. 2	117. 4	117. 9	117. 0	116. 4	116. 0	116
	111. 1	111. 3	111. 2	111. 1	110. 7	110. 5	110. 0	110. 0	110. 5	111. 5	113. 1	114. 2	114. 5	114
	115. 8	117. 4	116. 9	116. 5	116. 1	118. 7	122. 5	126. 8	126. 9	121. 3	114. 8	114. 5	114. 6	113
	98. 8	98. 0	99. 0	101. 4	100. 6	102. 0	103. 7	106. 9	109. 5	111. 9	110. 3	106. 3	104. 6	106
Housing ♀ do. Gas and electricity do. Housefurnishings do. Rent do.	123. 0	123. 5	123. 8	124. 5	124. 9	125. 2	125. 3	125. 5	125. 5	125. 7	126. 3	126. 6	126. 8	127
	111. 8	112. 0	112. 3	112. 4	112. 4	112. 4	112. 3	112. 3	112. 3	113. 3	113. 7	113. 8	114. 3	114
	103. 8	104. 1	104. 0	105. 0	104. 9	105. 1	104. 2	104. 6	104. 1	103. 9	104. 8	104. 8	104. 5	104
	133. 8	134. 2	134. 2	134. 2	134. 4	134. 5	134. 7	135. 0	135. 2	135. 4	135. 7	136. 0	136. 3	136
Medical care	134. 5	134. 7	135. 3	135. 5	136. 4	136. 9	137. 3	137. 9	138. 4	138. 6	139. 0	139. 7	140. 3	140
	121. 4	121. 8	122. 1	122. 6	122. 9	123. 3	123. 4	124. 2	124. 7	124. 9	125. 1	126. 2	126. 7	127
	109. 0	109. 3	109. 9	110. 0	110. 5	111. 8	111. 4	111. 8	112. 4	112. 6	113. 3	113. 4	114. 4	114
Transportation do Private do Public do do	133. 2	133. 1	133. 6	134. 4	135. 1	135. 5	135. 3	135, 3	135. 8	135. 9	135. 9	135. 8	140. 0	138
	123. 5	123. 3	123. 8	124. 5	125. 2	125. 5	125. 4	125, 4	125. 6	125. 6	125. 5	125. 4	129. 7	128
	173. 4	174. 1	174. 9	175. 8	175. 8	176. 8	176. 8	176, 8	180. 2	180. 6	181. 1	181. 6	182. 8	182
Other goods and servicesdodo	123. 2	123. 3	123.8	124.0	124. 2	124. 2	124, 3	124. 6	126.6	126. 7	126. 7	126.8	126.8	126
WHOLESALE PRICES (U. S. Department of Labor indexes) All commodities	115. 9	116. 3	116. 9	117. 0	116.9	117. 2	117. 1	117. 4	118. 2	118. 4	118. 0	117.8	r 118. 1	118.
Economic sector: Crude materials for further processingdo Intermediate materials, supplies, etcdo Finished goods⊕do	94. 9	96. 6	97, 4	96. 7	96. 7	97. 1	96. 5	98. 8	99. 7	99. 6	97. 0	95. 3	7 95. 3	96.
	123. 8	124. 2	124, 8	125. 1	124. 9	125. 0	124. 7	124. 5	125. 2	125. 5	125. 4	125. 2	7 125. 3	125.
	116. 2	116. 2	116, 7	117. 0	116. 9	117. 4	117. 4	117. 6	118. 5	118. 6	118. 8	119. 0	7 119. 6	119.
Farm products \(\text{\text{\$\chi}} \) \ do \\ Fruits and vegetables, fresh and dried. \(\do \text{\$\chi} \) \ do \\ Grains. \(\do \text{\$\chi} \) \ Livestock and live poultry. \(\do \text{\$\chi} \) \ do \\	87. 9	88. 9	89. 3	88. 8	88. 8	90. 6	89. 5	90. 9	92. 8	93. 0	91. 0	91. 5	91. 9	92.
	104. 3	102. 6	100. 7	96. 1	94. 1	103. 0	109. 0	105. 4	108. 0	106. 3	98. 9	107. 7	106. 3	108.
	87. 9	88. 8	89. 5	87. 0	87. 5	87. 3	85. 4	83. 9	82. 7	82. 4	81. 2	80. 6	80. 9	80.
	68. 6	71. 7	73. 9	75. 0	76. 6	79. 3	78. 7	83. 5	86. 5	86. 7	81. 5	78. 4	79. 3	82.
Foods, processed Q do Cereal and bakery products do Dairy products and ice cream do Fruits and vegetables, canned and frozen do Meats, poultry, and fish do	103. 6	103. 1	104.3	103. 9	103. 7	104. 3	104. 9	106, 1	107. 2	106. 8	106. 5	105. 5	106. 5	107.
	115. 8	115. 4	115.8	115. 9	116. 7	116. 8	116. 5	117, 0	117. 7	116. 7	116. 7	117. 3	117. 6	118.
	113. 6	112. 6	112.5	112. 5	111. 3	111. 4	110. 7	108, 1	108. 2	110. 3	112. 4	113. 7	114. 5	114.
	106. 4	105. 6	105.6	105. 9	105. 9	104. 9	103. 5	101, 9	102. 3	102. 1	102. 5	103. 6	103. 8	104.
	82. 7	81. 5	84.8	83. 9	84. 6	88. 2	91. 5	96, 6	99. 2	97. 7	95. 7	91. 6	93. 6	95.
Commodities other than farm prod. and foodsdo	124. 2	124. 7	125. 2	125. 5	125. 4	125. 4	125. 2	125, 2	125. 7	126.0	126.0	125. 8	r 12 5. 9	126.
Chemicals and allied products Q do Chemicals, industrial do Drugs and pharmaceuticals do Fats and oils, inedible do Fertilizer materials do	108. 2 122. 5 92. 3 57. 8 105. 7 123. 6	108. 3 122. 5 92. 5 59. 4 105. 7 124. 1	108. 7 123. 5 92. 6 58. 7 105. 9 124. 1	108. 8 123. 2 93. 1 58. 0 105. 9 124. 1	108. 8 122. 9 93. 2 57. 9 106. 8 124. 1	109. 1 123. 6 93. 5 58. 2 107. 5	109. 1 123. 6 93. 3 59. 2 107. 2	109. 3 124. 0 93. 4 60. 2 106. 3	109. 5 123. 5 93. 4 61. 0 106. 3	109.8 123.6 93.4 63.4 106.5	110. 2 123. 5 93. 5 64. 5 106. 4	110. 4 123. 6 93. 4 64. 8 107. 6	110. 3 123. 6 93. 4 7 65. 2 107. 7	110, 123, 93, 65, 107,
Prepared paint	111. 2 122. 0 94. 3 111. 1	114. 0 123. 5 94. 3 119. 9	116.3 124.1 94.9 119.9	119. 6 124. 0 94. 3 122. 3	119. 2 123. 6 94. 9 118. 4	124. 1 119. 5 123. 2 96. 6 118. 4	124. 7 118. 5 123. 3 94. 9 116. 5	125. 5 117. 2 123. 3 94. 3 113. 0	128. 1 116. 4 124. 0 95. 5 111. 8	128. 1 116. 3 124. 4 96. 6 111. 1	128. 1 116. 1 124. 8 95. 5 112. 2	128. 1 115. 8 125. 6 96. 1 112. 2	128. 1 7 115. 7 125. 8 96. 1 7 116. 0	128, 115, 126, 96, 116,
Petroleum and products do Furniture, other household durables Q do Appliances, household do Furniture, household do Radio receivers and phonographs do Television receivers do do	117. 5	120. 9	124. 9	131. 0	130, 7	130. 4	129. 8	128. 4	126. 4	125. 5	125. 6	124. 6	123. 5	123.
	121. 1	121. 2	121. 9	121. 9	121, 9	121. 5	121. 6	121. 7	122. 4	122. 6	122. 3	122. 6	r 122. 7	123.
	106. 5	105. 9	106. 5	106. 8	106, 8	105. 4	105. 1	105. 2	104. 9	104. 7	104. 6	105. 4	r 105. 1	104.
	121. 2	121. 2	122. 0	122. 0	122, 2	122. 4	122. 4	122. 4	122. 8	122. 9	122. 5	122. 6	122. 8	122.
	91. 1	91. 0	91. 1	91. 1	91, 1	91. 1	91. 1	91. 5	92. 5	93. 3	93. 4	93. 4	r 93. 4	93.
	69. 9	69. 7	69. 9	69. 9	69, 5	69. 5	69. 5	69. 7	70. 8	71. 4	71. 4	71. 4	71. 4	71,
Hides, skins, and leather products do	99. 8 120. 8 59. 0 90. 6	99. 2 120. 8 53. 8 90. 9	98. 4 120. 8 52. 1 88. 2	98. 0 120. 8 50. 1 87. 8	98. 4 120. 9 51. 0 88. 6	98. 8 121. 5 51. 8 88. 6	99. 0 121. 1 55. 8 88. 8	99. 9 121. 2 59. 4 91. 1	100. 7 121. 2 62. 1 92. 2	100. 5 121. 3 61. 5 91. 6	100. 3 121. 6 58. 2 91. 6	100. 4 122. 4 56. 8 91. 2	71.4 7100.3 122.6 753.8 91.2	99. 122. 50. 90,
Lumber and wood productsdo	121. 5	121. 0	121.3	120.7	120. 1	120. 2	119. 7	119. 7	119.3	118. 6	117. 8	117. 3	r 116. 9	116.
Lumberdo	123. 1	122. 5	122.6	121.9	121. 2	121. 2	120. 6	120. 4	120.0	119. 4	118. 3	117. 5	r 117. 1	116.
Machinery and motive products \(\) do Agricultural machinery and equip	143. 4	143. 6	143. 9	144. 5	144. 8	145. 0	145. 1	145. 2	145. 8	146. 2	146. 9	147. 7	7 149. 2	149.
	130. 8	131. 2	131. 8	132. 0	132. 2	132. 1	132. 3	132. 3	132. 3	132. 5	133. 4	136. 2	7 137. 4	137.
	155. 5	155. 9	156. 2	156. 3	156. 7	157. 5	157. 6	157. 6	157. 9	161. 4	162. 7	164. 9	165. 2	165.
	145. 2	145. 4	146. 0	147. 1	147. 5	147. 8	148. 2	148. 2	149. 5	149. 6	150. 8	150. 7	7 150. 9	150.
	134. 2	134. 3	134. 3	134. 6	134. 6	134. 7	134. 7	134. 7	134. 7	134. 7	134. 8	135. 5	7 138. 7	138.
Metals and metal products ♀ do	152. 1	152. 3	152. 2	151. 4	151. 0	150. 1	150. 0	150. 6	152. 4	153. 2	152. 2	150. 8	150. 4	150.
Heating equipment do	122. 0	122. 1	122. 3	122. 8	121. 6	121. 6	121. 4	121. 9	122. 8	122. 3	122. 3	122. 3	7 122. 1	121.
Iron and steel. do	162. 5	163. 3	164. 3	163. 9	163. 8	161. 9	162. 9	165. 4	170. 3	171. 2	170. 2	167. 8	166. 5	166.
Nonferrous metals do	149. 7	149. 6	148. 7	145. 4	143. 2	142. 5	139. 9	138. 1	134. 1	134. 6	131. 7	129. 9	130. 8	130.
Nonmetallic minerals, structural ? do do do	131. 2	131. 3	132. 0	132. 7	133, 2	134. 6	135. 0	135. 1	135. 2	135. 3	135. 2	135, 3	7 135. 4	135
	150. 3	150. 5	150. 6	150. 7	150, 8	155. 0	155. 0	155. 1	155. 1	155. 0	155. 0	155, 1	155. 1	155.
	125. 3	125. 3	125. 6	125. 6	125, 7	126. 6	126. 7	126. 7	126. 4	126. 4	126. 3	126, 5	7 126. 7	127.
	127. 1	127. 1	127. 1	127. 1	127, 1	127. 1	127. 1	127. 1	127. 1	127. 1	127. 1	127, 1	127. 1	127.
Pulp, paper, and allied productsdoPaperdoRubber and productsdoTires and tubesdo	127. 8	128. 0	128. 6	128. 5	128. 7	128. 6	128. 9	128. 9	129. 5	129. 9	130. 1	130. 9	130. 9	131.
	139. 2	139. 2	139. 2	139. 2	140. 1	140. 7	142. 4	142. 4	142. 8	143. 2	143. 2	143. 2	143. 3	143.
	146. 9	147. 9	145. 0	143. 9	144. 3	144. 5	144. 7	145. 1	144. 9	146. 9	146. 5	146. 2	144. 7	145.
	153. 4	153. 4	148. 8	149. 0	149. 0	149. 0	149. 0	149. 0	149. 0	153. 5	153. 5	153. 5	153. 5	153.
Textile products and apparel Q do Apparel do Cotton products do Silk products do Manmade fiber textile products do	95. 4	95. 6	95. 8	95. 7	95. 4	95. 3	95. 4	95. 5	95. 4	95. 4	95. 4	95, 1	95. 0	94.
	99. 7	99. 7	99. 7	99. 6	99. 6	99. 6	99. 5	99. 5	99. 5	99. 6	99. 7	99, 6	99. 6	99.
	92. 8	92. 7	92. 3	91. 9	91. 1	90. 8	90. 7	90. 6	90. 5	90. 2	90. 0	89, 9	89. 8	90.
	122. 7	122. 8	122. 8	123. 2	123. 0	124. 8	124. 7	122. 4	121. 5	122. 0	121. 1	120, 0	119. 6	119.
	80. 3	80. 5	82. 1	82. 0	81. 7	81. 5	81. 8	81. 9	81. 9	82. 1	82. 3	82, 3	82. 3	82.
Wool products do Tobacco mfs. and bottled beverages ♀ do Beverages, alcoholic do Cigarettes do	106. 1	107. 7	109. 1	109. 5	109. 0	109. 9	110. 9	111. 5	111.3	111. 2	110. 3	108. 3	107. 4	105.
	123. 5	123. 6	124. 0	124. 1	124. 1	124. 5	124. 5	124. 7	127.7	127. 7	127. 7	127. 7	127. 8	128.
	118. 1	118. 1	119. 0	119. 0	119. 0	119. 6	119. 6	119. 6	119.6	119. 6	119. 6	119. 6	119. 8	120.
	124. 0	124. 0	124. 0	124. 0	124. 0	124. 0	124. 0	124. 0	134.8	134. 8	134. 8	134. 8	134. 8	134.
Miscellaneous do Toys, sporting goods do	91. 2	91. 7	93. 2	92. 4	92, 0	91. 4	89. 4	87.3	88. 8	90. 1	89. 4	87. 7	86. 8	87
	116. 8	116. 9	117. 5	117. 5	117, 5	117. 5	117. 5	117.5	117. 5	117. 8	118. 2	117. 9	117. 9	118

^{*}Revised. 1 Index based on 1935-39=100 is 203.3.

§ Includes data not shown separately. For actual wholesale prices of individual commodities, see respective commodities.

Goods to users, including raw foods and fuels.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and	19	56						19	57					
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber
		COM	MODI	ry pi	RICES	—Con	tinue	d						
PURCHASING POWER OF THE DOLLAR														
As measured by— Wholesale prices	86. 3 84. 9	86. 0 84. 7	85. 5 84. 6	85. 5 84. 2	85. 5 84. 1	85. 3 83. 8	85. 4 83. 6	85. 2 83. 2	84. 6 82. 8	84. 5 82. 6	84. 7 82. 6	84. 9 82. 6	84. 7 1 82. 2	1 84. 5 1 82. 2
	C	ONST	RUCT	ION A	ND R	EAL	ESTA'	TE						
CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY	Ì		<u> </u>											
New construction (unadjusted), totalmil. of dol.	3, 964	3, 544	3, 198	3, 007	3, 295	3, 657	4, 025	4, 308	4, 361	4, 561	r 4, 569	r 4, 495	r 4, 112	3, 667
Private, total 9dodo	2, 922	2, 654	2, 324	2, 226	2, 405	2, 603	2,808	2, 971	3,046	3, 124	r 3, 100	7 3, 059	7 2, 942	2, 705
Residential (nonfarm) Qdo New dwelling unitsdo	1, 521 1, 140	1, 362 1, 045	1, 137 885	1, 043 790	1, 162 870	1, 301 940	1, 396 985	1, 489 1, 070	1, 547	1, 571	7 1, 561 1, 140	7 1, 535 7 1, 130	7 1, 484	1, 345
Additions and alterationsdo Nonresidential building, except farm and public	339	277	214	217	258	327	374	379	1, 115 392	1, 140 387	r 374	7, 357	r 1, 090 r 343	1,005 290
utility, total 2 mil. of dol_ Industrial do	804 276	772 274	722 269	704 270	709 269	713 271	747 270	786 270	778 262	805 266	802 260	806 256	802 251	764 248
Commercial do Gorran do Gorran construction do Gorran do	329 111	305 97	269 97	257 102	264 112	263 126	287 146	309 159	311 169	319 173	322 159	332 133	332 114	305 100
Public utilitydo	475	413	357	365	409	448	501	518	535	556	560	570	7 528	483
Public, totaldo	1,042	890	874	781	890	1, 054	1, 217	1, 337	1, 315	1, 437	r 1, 469	r 1, 436	r 1, 170	962
Nonresidential buildingdo Military facilitiesdo	344 117	324 98	339 93	302 80	345 84	375 89	383 103	406 110	389 117	414 138	7 416 134	7 406 132	7 364 7 107	342 88
Highway do Other types do	326 255	239 229	225 217	195 204	230 231	330 260	445 286	520 301	505 304	550 335	580 7 339	* 575 * 323	7 410 7 289	275 257
New construction (seasonally adjusted), totaldo	3,894	3, 904	3, 922	3, 861	3, 912	3, 906	3, 905	3,900	3, 833	3, 942	7 3, 977	r 4, 064	r 4, 043	4, 051
Private, total 9dodo	2,822	2, 799	2, 736	2, 740	2, 752	2,754	2, 751	2,742	2, 739	2, 787	r 2, 790	r 2, 833	7 2, 843	2,854
Residential (nonfarm)do	1,468	1, 460	1, 411	1, 391	1, 383	1, 361	1, 321	1, 324	1, 349	1, 377	r 1, 388	1, 414	r 1, 434	1, 444
Nonresidential building, except farm and public utility mil. of dol.	760	764	749	748	763	771	783	779	751	767	757	761	758	755
Farm construction do Public utility do	131 452	129 435	129 435	131 456	132 459	133 472	133 497	133 489	133 492	133 493	133 495	133 510	134 7 503	133 508
Public, total 9do	1,072	1, 105	1, 186	1, 121	1, 160	1, 152	1, 154	1, 158	1,094	1, 155	r 1, 187	r 1, 231	r 1, 200	1, 197
Nonresidential buildingdo Highwaydo	358 341	365 369	375 441	347 406	366 434	381 407	372 401	380 406	356 366	372 374	7 379 392	r 388 r 429	r 377 r 427	385 423
CONTRACT AWARDS				200	101		102	100		""	502	120	12.	120
Construction contracts in 48 States (F. W. Dodge Corp.):†	İ													
Total valuation mil. of dol Public ownership do	2, 377 4 862	2, 057	2, 300 892	2, 161 838	3,078 1,018	2, 776 880	3, 400 1, 279	3, 243 1, 323	2, 901 1, 002	2, 818 802	2, 625 816	2, 614 787	2, 371 867	
Private ownershipdodo Nonresidential buildings:	a 1, 515		1, 407	1, 323	2,060	1,896	2, 120	1, 920	1, 998	2, 016	1,809	1,827	1, 504	
Floor areathous. of sq. ft_ Valuationmil. of dol_	65, 776 969	55, 735 756	63, 288 914	60, 836 820	76, 773 1, 092	63, 689 838	80, 194 1, 120	80, 844 1, 186	71, 642 961	68, 569 1, 008	65, 177 941	66, 362 910	61, 260 878	
Residential buildings: Floor areathous, of sq. ft_	81, 354	62, 537	73, 260	82, 109	99, 442	113, 369	120, 206	106, 370	115, 703	116, 905	105, 189	106, 636	86, 424	
Valuationmil. of dol_ Public works:	1	699	817	875	1, 107	1, 232	1, 297	1, 155	1, 287	1, 284	1, 151	1, 165	930	
Valuationdo Utilities:	385 123	489	400	278	535	453	653	716	467	394	416	327	444	
Valuation do Value of contract awards, 37 States (F. R. indexes):	217	113	169	188	343	253	329	186	186	132	116	211	118	
Total, unadjusted1947-49=100_ Residential, unadjusteddo	190													
Total, seasonally adjusteddo Residential, seasonally adjusteddo	242 197													
Engineering construction: Contract awards (ENR)mil. of dol.	1,736	1, 590	1, 664	1, 436	1, 468	1, 460	1,857	1, 561	1, 589	1,805	1, 247	1,700	1, 232	967
Highway concrete pavement contract awards:♂														
Total thous. of sq. yd. Airports do	5, 159 1, 212	² 6, 501 405	7, 163 1, 499	7, 229 1, 489	9, 582 3, 023	7, 816 1, 172	9, 772 2, 284	11, 086 1, 917	8, 896 845	5, 292 336	4, 844 282	6,668	3, 950 65	
Roads do Streets and alleys do do	2, 211 1, 737	² 3, 955 ² 2, 141	3, 990 1, 674	4, 425 1, 316	4, 660 1, 899	3, 702 2, 941	4, 209 3, 279	6, 151 3, 017	4, 581 3, 471	2, 497 2, 459	1, 791 2, 771	3, 143 2, 775	2, 355 1, 530	
NEW DWELLING UNITS													1	
(U. S. Department of Labor) New permanent nonfarm dwelling units started:														
-Unadjusted: Total, privately and publicly ownedthousands	77.4	63. 6	63.0	65. 8	87. 0	93. 7	103.0	99.9	99. 9	100.0	7 91. 9	95.0	78.0	62.0
Privately owned, totaldododo	77. 0 54. 6	62. 9 44. 6	60. 1 42. 5	63. 1 45. 1	79. 3 55. 8	91. 4 62. 3	96. 9 66. 7	94. 5 64. 7	93. 9 62. 1	96. 8 64. 9	7 90. 2 7 60. 9	87. 0 58. 7	75. 7 51. 5	60. 8 41. 8
Publicly owneddodo Seasonally adjusted at annual rate:	. 4	.7	2.9	2.7	7.7	2. 3	6.1	5. 4	6.0	3. 2	71.7	8.0	2.3	1.2
Privately owned, total t do	1, 027. 0	1, 020. 0	962.0	935. 0	933. 0	962.0	994.0	995. 0	1, 015. 0	1, 056. 0	r 1, 012. 0	1,000.0	1, 010. 0	970.0
places: New dwelling units, total thousands Privately financed, total do Ultita in Lemily streams	61.7	48. 1	51.6	55. 7	72.8	81.5	85.7	79.6	r 75. 9	r 80. 3	71.9	79. 2		
Units in 2 family structuresdo Units in multifamily structuresdo	2. 4 6. 4	47. 5 39. 1 1. 7 6. 7	50. 8 41. 0 1. 9 7. 9	54. 4 43. 8 2. 5 8. 1	72. 7 60. 5 2. 8 9. 3	80. 4 67. 0 3. 1 10. 3	84.0 68.3 2.8 12.9	774.7 61.5 72.8 10.4	73.6 761.0 2.8 9.9	7 78.0 63.0 2.6 7 12.4	70. 7 58. 2 2. 7 9. 8	74.8 60.5 3.0 11.2		
Publicly financed, totaldodo	. 7	.6		1.3	.1	1.1	1.7	4.9	7 2.3	2.3	1. 2	4.4	l'	

Revised. pPreliminary. a Revisions for October 1956 for construction contracts (mil. dol.): Public, 799; private, 1,644.
Indexes based on 1935-39=100 are as follows: Measured by—wholesale prices, 44.2 (December); consumer prices, 49.2 (November and December).
Data include some contracts awarded in prior months but not reported.
Includes data not shown separately.
Revised series, reflecting nationwide coverage and new techniques for compiling data on residential buildings.
Data for November 1956 and January, May, August, and October 1957 are for 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks.
Data for January, May, July, and October 1957 are for 5 weeks; other months 4 weeks.
Revisions for 1954 appear in the October 1957 issue of the Survey.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and	19						· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	19	57			1		
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decer ber
C	ONST	RUCT	ION A	ND R	EAL I	ESTA'	ГЕ—С	ontin	ued					
CONSTRUCTION COST INDEXES									15600					
Department of Commerce composite1947-49=100_ Aberthaw (industrial building)1914=100_ American Appraisal Co., The:	134	134	134	135	135	135	136	137 455	138	138	18	138	138	4
Average, 30 cities	644 696	647 699	649 702	653 705	654 710	655 712	659 712	664 712	668 712	668 712	670 713	672 728	672 730	1 6
San Franciscodo	681 595	687 594	701 594	703 610	704 610	704 610	704 610	705 609	705 610	705 624	705 625	711 625	712 624	
St. Louisdo .ssociated General Contractors (all types)do . H. Boeckh and Associates:§ Average, 20 cities:	635 470	638 470	640 472	643 472	644 472	644 473	644 479	656 485	660 488	660 488	660 490	661 490	665 491	1
Apartments, hotels, and office buildings: Brick and concreteU. S. avg. 1926-29=100. Brick and steeldo	281. 4 277. 3 277. 3	281. 9 277. 7	282. 7 278. 3 277. 9	283. 1 278. 5 278. 3	283. 5 278. 8 278. 4	284. 3 279. 1 278. 9	286. 3 280. 7 280. 3	288. 3 282. 7 281. 7	290. 5 284. 7 283. 1	290. 6 284. 8 283. 2	291. 0 285. 0 283. 2	290. 6 284. 5 282. 3	290. 7 284. 3 282. 1	
Brick and wooddodo Commercial and factory buildings: Brick and concretedo	289. 6	277. 4	291.3	291.8	292.4	293. 5	295. 9	297.8	300.1	300.1	300.7	300.3	300. 5	
Brick and steeldo Brick and wooddo	289. 1 276. 3	289. 6 276. 5	290. 3 277. 4	291.3 278.1	291. 6 278. 2	292. 3 278. 7	294, 4 280, 2	296. 4 281. 6	300. 2 283. 3	300. 2 283. 3	300. 8 283. 5	300. 3 282. 3	300. 5 282. 2	
Framedo Steeldo	275. 5 276. 1	275. 5 276. 4	275. 4 276. 8	275.3 278.4	275. 4 278. 7	275. 9 279. 1	277. 4 280. 4	278. 7 282. 6	280, 0 287, 9	280. 2 287. 9	279. 8 288. 5	278. 6 288. 2	278. 4 288. 3	
Residences; Brick	277. 6 270. 6	277. 8 270. 6	278, 3 270, 7	278. 6 270. 8	278. 7 270. 9	279. 3 271. 3	280. 8 272. 6	282, 2 273, 9	283. 5 275. 1	283. 6 275. 2	283. 6 275. 0	282. 1 274. 0	282. 5 273. 7	
ngineering News-Record:♂ Building1947-49=100_	147.9	148.5	148.6	148.3	148.3	148.8	149.1	149.8	152.9	152.6	152. 8	152.8	⁷ 152. 7	15
Construction do do Public Roads—Highway construction:	I	156.3	156.7	156. 4	156.6	158.0	159. 2	159.9	163.1	162. 9	162.7	162.8	162. 9	16
Composite, standard mile	-	140.7			142. 6			142.7			142.8] -	
output of selected construction materials, index:														١.
Iron and steel products	145. 5 120. 5	145. 1 103. 1	142, 6 113, 8	135. 2 106. 1	150. 8 113. 8	151. 5 124. 8	156. 5 131. 2	163. 0 124. 6	140. 9 113. 8	151. 8 129. 7	7 140. 0 120. 5	148. 7 130. 3		
ome mortgages insured or guaranteed by— Fed. Hous. Adm.: Face amountthous. of dol.	213, 072	174, 236	193, 576	159, 145	161, 535	157, 423	154, 288	163, 633	191, 490	184, 794	173, 582	232, 048	231, 193	
Vet. Adm.: Face amountdo- ederal Home Loan Banks, outstanding advances to	462, 307	471, 652	555, 076	430, 560	379, 822	349, 651	286, 291	276, 147	268, 492	251, 483	1 294, 506	279, 693	213, 029	
member institutionsmil, of dol- ew mortgage loans of all savings and loan associa-	1, 153	1, 228	1,038	976	961	971	993	1,079	1,040	1,072	1, 119	1, 131	1, 143	
tions, estimated totalmil. of dol_ By purpose of loan: Home constructiondo	- 784 - 277	710 250	714 245	709	842 298	899 317	968 360	925 319	969 318	1,001	891	980 341	768 250	
Home purchase do All other purposes do	360 147	320 140	326 143	318 149	366 179	391 191	412 197	415 190	462 190	470 200	423 176	443 196	358 160	
lew nonfarm mortgages recorded (\$20,000 and under), estimated totalmil. of dol_	2, 108	1, 951	1, 942	1,749	1, 937	2, 044 2, 983	2, 144	2, 028	2, 211	2, 208	2, 026	2, 226	1, 877	
onfarm foreclosuresnumber_ 'ire lossesthous, of dol.	2,737	2, 569 96, 485	2, 771 115, 272	2, 473 95, 569	2, 921 104, 565	85, 994	2, 894 79, 045	2, 745 69, 710	2, 839 77, 814	2, 852 78, 364	2, 979 72, 264	77, 753	75, 321	91,
		1	DO	MEST	IC TE	RADE	ı		1				ı	
ADVERTISING		ļ												
Printers' Ink advertising index, seas. adjusted: Combined index1947-49=100	204	201	207	206	203	207	210	209	214	215	216	209		
Business papers do Magazines do Newspapers do	191 164 199	203 161 185	207 164 203	213 153 210	203 156 203	207 162 202	207 165 208	217 160 205	218 164 202	206 166 214	217 162 221	210 158 200		
Outdoor do Radio (network) do Television (network) 1950-52=100	154	153 33	167 35	153 39	156 36	164 37	164 34	170 35	180 40	170 40	156 41	150 39		
	i	386	373	361	373	373	382	384	406	405	398	422		
'ide advertising index, unadjusted1947-49=100. 'elevision advertising:	225. 7	175.1	169. 6	190. 7	215. 2	230. 7	233. 1	205. 2	170. 2	173. 6	r 213. 5	238. 1		
Cost of facilities, total thous. of dol Automotive, including accessories do	44, 079 4, 950	44, 762 4, 775	43, 502 4, 567	39, 385 3, 732	43, 653 4, 470	41, 222 3, 929	43, 378 4, 242	39, 517 3, 864	38, 760 3, 711	38, 849 3, 774	r 40, 926 r 4, 667	49, 201 4, 904		
Drugs and toiletriesdo Foods, soft drinks, confectionerydo	11, 430 8, 870	12, 424 9, 035	12, 624 9, 648	11, 182 8, 891	11, 984 9, 295	11, 125 8, 761	11, 810 9, 270	11, 585 7, 482	11, 749 7, 541	11, 683 7, 541	7 11,779 7,862	15, 165 9, 331		
Soaps, cleansers, etc do Smoking materials do All other do	5, 108 3, 408 10, 313	5, 266 3, 796 9, 466	5, 470 3, 592 7, 601	5, 139 3, 321 7, 121	5, 583 3, 789 8, 532	5, 825 3, 810 7, 772	6, 309 3, 901 7, 845	5, 614 3, 771 7, 201	5, 720 3, 899 6, 142	5, 523 4, 366 5, 962	5, 939 4, 065 6, 615	5, 850 4, 967 8, 984		
fagazine advertising:	10, 313	9, 400	7,001	1, 121	0, 002	1,112	1,040	7,201	0, 142	5, 902	0,013	0,904	[- 	
Cost, total do Apparel and accessories do	73, 091 5, 090	55, 814 4, 222	38, 354 1, 997	54, 612 3, 445	67, 898 4, 904	81, 439 6, 206	73, 441 5, 544	61, 899 3, 235	42, 969 884	45, 501 4, 403	68, 708 7, 716	74, 298 6, 096		
Automotive, incl. accessoriesdo Building materialsdo	7, 246 2, 689	4, 196 1, 124	3, 747 1, 198	4, 509 2, 350	5, 607 3, 557	7, 053 5, 145	6, 840 4, 453	5, 967 2, 858	3, 888 1, 417	3, 457 1, 748	3, 143	3, 584		-
Drugs and toiletries do- Foods, soft drinks, confectionery do-	. 8, 205	5, 064 6, 711 5, 283	3, 521 5, 978 1, 478	5, 536 7, 879 2, 305	6,002 8,883 3,117	7, 028 9, 058 3, 696	6, 332 7, 681 3, 054	6, 629 7, 488 3, 080	5, 836 6, 594 2, 623	5, 560 5, 410 2, 318	7, 064 7, 354 3, 320	8, 401 8, 282 4, 057		
Beer, wine, liquorsdo Household equipment and suppliesdo		3, 166	1, 478	2, 305	3, 117	5, 246	3, 054 4, 931	3, 972	2, 623 1, 651	2, 318 1, 146	2, 634	4,007		1
Household furnishingsdodododo	3, 527 6, 101	2, 106 4, 278	1, 164 3, 729	1,556 4,480	2, 590 5, 795	4, 126 6, 147	3, 998 6, 258 1, 298	2, 138 5, 855	1, 087 4, 118	1, 412 4, 319	3,070 5,921	4, 456 5, 708		
Soaps, cleansers, etcdo Smoking materialsdo	1, 187 1, 733	876 1, 704	522 1,084	978 1, 578	1, 441 2, 017	1, 526 1, 923	1,561	1, 244 1, 722	664 1, 425	484 1, 551	781 1,851	1,084 2,035	-	
All otherdo	22, 194	17, 083	12, 795	17, 156	20,008	24, 283	21, 490	17, 711	12, 782	13, 692	22, 054	23, 364		
thous. of lines. Revised. 1 For Aug. 26-Sept. 30 (earlier figure		3,890 nth endin	4,025 g the 25th	4,768	5,489	5,431	4,815 ir-month	3,861	3, 444	4, 483	5, 466	5, 376	4, 971	3,

^{*}Revised. • For Aug. 20-Sept. 30 (earlier lightes over month ending the 25th day, later lightes on calcular-month basis).

§Copyrighted data; see last paragraph of headnote, p. S-1.

o*Data reported at the beginning of each month are shown here for the previous month.

‡ Revised beginning July 1955 to adjust for changing seasonal pattern. Revisions for July 1955-July 1956, respectively: 316; 320; 324; 321; 329; 329; 340; 352; 355; 364; 372; 376; 397.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and	19	56			<u></u>			19	57					
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber
		DON	1EST1	C TR	ADE-	-Conti	nued							
ADVERTISING—Continued														
Newspaper advertising: Linage, total (52 cities) thous, of lines Classified do do	261, 994 54, 469	243, 080 50, 337	210, 509 55, 141	207, 064 53, 264	249, 527 62, 923	245, 384 59, 081	265, 599 64, 494	240, 631 61, 194	204, 045 56, 490	216, 437 58, 103	241, 294 58, 999	259, 037 57, 457	249, 980 52, 316	
Display, total. do Automotive. do Financial do General do Retail do	207, 525 16, 424 3, 330 38, 510 149, 262	192, 743 8, 824 4, 198 27, 690 152, 031	155, 368 12, 555 5, 929 26, 355 110, 530	153, 800 14, 365 3, 215 30, 009 106, 212	186, 603 14, 615 3, 824 36, 150 132, 015	186, 303 16, 663 4, 241 34, 802 130, 597	201, 105 18, 264 3, 564 37, 609 141, 668	179, 436 16, 615 4, 078 33, 432 125, 311	147, 555 14, 214 4, 509 24, 217 104, 614	158, 334 14, 522 2, 754 24, 611 116, 448	182, 295 13, 339 3, 442 33, 294 132, 220	201, 580 16, 188 4, 233 38, 492 142, 667	197, 664 19, 476 3, 723 32, 294 142, 171	
SERSONAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURES	110, 202	102, 001	110,000	100, 212	102, 010	100,000	111,000	120, 011	101,011	110, 110	102, 220	112,007	112,111	
Seasonally adjusted quarterly totals at annual rates: Goods and services, totalbil. of dol		272.3			276.7	-		278. 9		-	283.6			
Durable goods, total Qdo Automobiles and partsdo Furniture and household equipmentdo		34. 8 15. 3 14. 9			35. 9 16. 3 14. 9			35. 0 15. 5 14. 9			35. 0 15. 3 14. 9			
Nondurable goods, total 9 do Clothing and shoes do Food and alcoholic beverages do Gasoline and oil do		135. 3 22. 2 82. 1 8. 3			137. 3 21. 9 83. 7 8. 5			139. 1 22. 0 85. 0 8. 7			142. 5 23. 1 86. 6 8. 7	l		
Services, total 9 do Household operation do Housing do Transportation do		102. 2 15. 8 33. 5 7. 8			103. 4 16. 0 33. 9 7. 8			104. 9 16. 2 34. 3 7. 9			106. 1 16. 4 34. 7 7. 9			
RETAIL TRADE														
All retail stores: Estimated sales (unadjusted), totalmil. of dol	16, 493	19, 380	14, 740	14, 058	15, 788	16, 442	17, 205	17, 114	16, 864	17, 490	16, 373	16, 949	r 17, 126	1 19, 661
Durable-goods stores \(\) do	5, 491 2, 907 2, 730 177	6, 172 3, 122 2, 901 221	4, 972 2, 996 2, 858 139	4, 914 2, 948 2, 809 139	5, 546 3, 317 3, 154 163	5, 765 3, 391 3, 208 183	6, 190 3, 550 3, 353 197	6, 288 3, 609 3, 399 210	6, 058 3, 418 3, 175 242	5, 995 3, 352 3, 126 226	5, 615 3, 078 2, 894 184	5, 605 2, 945 2, 753 192	5, 514 7 2, 977 2, 790 188	1 2, 974
Furniture and appliance groupdo Furniture, homefurnishings storesdo Household-appliance, radio storesdo	1,003 634 369	1, 194 714 480	776 478 297	754 477 277	806 517 289	809 509 300	873 550 323	916 550 366	863 523 340	912 577 334	853 533 319	919 576 342	7 962 614 348	1 1, 157
Lumber, building, hardware groupdo Lumber, building-materials dealersdo Hardware storesdo	917 664 254	861 547 314	659 476 183	629 455 174	758 551 208	856 634 221	993 740 253	979 731 248	1, 008 770 238	1, 032 798 234	977 752 225	1, 035 795 240	903 674 229	
Nondurable-goods stores Q	11, 002 1, 095 252 410 259 173	13, 208 1, 694 421 654 387 232	9, 769 785 181 310 161 133	9, 144 694 147 283 146 118	10, 243 832 154 347 181 150	10, 678 1, 131 200 463 248 220	11, 015 998 192 422 207 177	10, 826 994 218 381 210 185	10, 806 855 175 338 187 156	11, 495 967 177 390 222 178	10, 757 1, 010 183 398 239 189	11, 345 1, 083 216 434 258 175	11, 612 7 1, 133 235 448 274 175	1 1, 722
Drug and proprietary storesdo Eating and drinking placesdo Food groupdo Grocery storesdo Gasoline service stationsdo	470 1, 158 3, 877 3, 435 1, 184	632 1, 201 4, 052 3, 572 1, 182	488 1, 096 3, 690 3, 281 1, 137	467 1, 055 3, 480 3, 086 1, 067	500 1, 140 3, 915 3, 499 1, 181	502 1, 153 3, 770 3, 345 1, 216	520 1, 253 4, 043 3, 613 1, 293	511 1, 289 3, 977 3, 531 1, 321	513 1, 384 4, 029 3, 573 1, 383	528 1, 420 4, 353 3, 876 1, 374	515 1, 291 3, 937 3, 482 1, 262	559 1, 263 4, 102 3, 647 1, 287	r 532 r 1, 205 r 4, 233 r 3, 769 r 1, 262	1 703 1 1, 216 1 4, 146 1 3, 660 1 1, 280
General-merchandise group	2, 030 1, 132 166 309 423 356	3, 033 1, 626 189 616 601 539	1, 328 720 97 198 314 301	1, 276 672 94 213 296 288	1, 493 811 100 240 342 325	1, 705 (2) 110 289 (2) 309	1, 723 (2) 121 273 (2) (2) 335	1, 680 (2) 105 276 (2) 330	1, 540 (2) 104 264 (2) 346	1, 774 (2) 125 294 (2) 370	1, 696 (2) 117 272 (2) 335	1,838 (2) 138 288 (2) 350	7 2, 008 (2) 159 310 (2) 379	1 3, 071
Estimated sales (seasonally adjusted), totaldo	16, 212	16, 340	16, 295	16, 356	16, 298	16, 437	16, 644	16, 783	17, 034	17, 030	16, 919	16, 714	r 16, 556	1
Durable-goods stores ?	5, 664 3, 159 2, 983 176	5, 814 3, 285 3, 104 181	5, 706 3, 324 3, 151 173	5, 747 3, 264 3, 081 183	5, 685 3, 165 2, 976 189	5, 631 3, 194 3, 012 182	5, 776 3, 265 3, 075 190	5, 806 3, 246 3, 051 196	5, 839 3, 304 3, 085 218	5, 740 3, 245 3, 037 208	5, 722 3, 190 2, 995 194	5, 612 3, 180 3, 002 178	7 5, 606 3, 159 2, 975 184	
Furniture and appliance groupdo Furniture, homefurnishings storesdo Household-appliance, radio storesdo	912 569 344	932 575 356	856 541 314	899 578 321	905 578 327	880 545 336	862 520 342	919 551 367	877 536 341	897 564 334	902 574 327	838 520 318	870 546 324	l
Lumber, building, hardware groupdo Lumber, building-materials dealersdo Hardware storesdo	889 653 236	869 630 240	848 608 240	866 622 245	876 630 246	849 624 224	905 674 231	901 656 244	914 689 225	915 687 229	918 691 227	905 691 215	874 664 211	
Nondurable-goods stores Q	. 380	10, 526 991 209 396 218 169	10, 588 980 217 376 212 174	10,608 992 210 383 222 178	10, 614 956 192 384 212 168	10, 806 1, 020 200 405 235 181	10, 867 990 198 403 224 165	10, 977 995 204 398 225 168	11, 195 1, 038 218 412 231 176	11, 290 1, 092 220 443 241 188	11, 197 1, 050 215 430 232 173	11, 102 1, 029 216 415 228 170	7 10, 950 1, 001 192 407 231 170	1 11, 191
Drug and proprietary stores	. 3, 351	497 1, 194 3, 826 3, 396 1, 164	484 1, 182 3, 825 3, 392 1, 213	492 1, 219 3, 821 3, 385 1, 220	511 1, 216 3, 817 3, 397 1, 246	519 1, 218 3, 925 3, 490 1, 259	526 1, 242 3, 931 3, 512 1, 269	518 1, 245 3, 986 3, 542 1, 264	524 1, 257 4, 027 3, 566 1, 281	534 1, 278 4, 057 3, 598 1, 272	543 1, 235 4, 112 3, 643 1, 255	571 1, 215 4, 109 3, 651 1, 250	551 1, 233 4, 028 3, 586 1, 254	
General-merchandise groupdo. Department stores, excl. mail-orderdo. Mail-order (catalog sales)do. Variety storesdo. Other general-merchandise storesdo. Liquor storesdo.	960 122 302 376	1, 738 954 122 289 372 338	1, 722 936 118 281 387 331	1,718 922 114 289 393 340	1, 741 954 114 286 387 344	1, 717 (2) 119 290 (2) 343	1, 759 (2) 130 295 (2) 353	1,771 (2) 121 292 (2) 356	1, 861 (2) 132 305 (2) 362	1, 861 (2) 130 302 (2) 354	1,803 (2) 121 302 (2) 364	1, 706 (2) 124 293 (2) 352	1,704 (2) 119 285 (2) 342	

 $[\]begin{tabular}{ll} * Revised. & {}^1$ Advance estimate. \\ 2 Includes data not shown separately. \\ \end{tabular}$

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and	19	56						19	57					
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem-	Decem- ber
		DON	MESTI	IC TR	ADE-	-Conti	inued							<u> </u>
RETAIL TRADE—Continued														
All retail stores—Continued Estimated inventories: Unadjusted, totalmil, of dol. Durable-goods storesdo. Nondurable-goods storesdo.	24, 750 10, 450 14, 300	22, 400 9, 940 12, 460	22, 890 10, 380 12, 510	23, 650 10, 800 12, 840	24, 340 11, 040 13, 300	24, 510 11, 220 13, 290	24, 440 11, 170 13, 270	23, 840 10, 970 12, 870	23, 660 10, 880 12, 780	24, 040 10, 970 13, 070	24, 270 10, 690 13, 580	r 24, 500 10, 380 r 14, 120	25, 260 11, 040 14, 220	
Seasonally adjusted, total	23, 490 10, 420 3, 700 2, 070 2, 190	23, 860 10, 700 4, 020 2, 020 2, 220	24, 010 10, 770 4, 110 2, 020 2, 220	23, 910 10, 850 4, 380 1, 980 2, 130	23, 700 10, 670 4, 350 1, 930 2, 080	23, 670 10, 590 4, 290 1, 920 2, 090	23, 950 10, 740 4, 420 1, 950 2, 100	24, 090 10, 800 4, 460 1, 970 2, 100	24, 140 10, 850 4, 440 1, 960 2, 130	24, 250 11, 040 4, 620 1, 990 2, 090	24, 360 11, 120 4, 690 1, 950 2, 100	7 24, 220 7 10, 950 4, 460 1, 950 2, 100	24, 290 11, 200 4, 580 1, 980 2, 160	
Nondurable-goods stores	13, 070 2, 760 2, 800 4, 250	13, 160 2, 850 2, 700 4, 180	13, 240 2, 840 2, 760 4, 150	13, 060 2, 750 2, 740 4, 030	13, 030 2, 680 2, 700 4, 060	13, 080 2, 720 2, 730 4, 030	13, 210 2, 730 2, 790 4, 060	13, 290 2, 710 2, 810 4, 140	13, 290 2, 730 2, 830 4, 140	13, 210 2, 650 2, 880 4, 100	13, 240 2, 690 2, 860 4, 090	7 13, 270 2, 700 2, 840 7 4, 180	13, 090 2, 640 2, 820 4, 140	
Firms with 11 or more stores: Estimated sales (unadjusted), total 9do	3, 669	4, 641	2, 917	2, 797	3, 276	3, 412	3, 551	3, 456	3, 267	3, 660	3, 337	3, 597	3, 798	
Apparel group 9 do. Men's and boys' wear stores do. Women's apparel, accessory stores do. Shoe stores do.	247 24 103 65	382 38 166 99	155 13 63 47	144 11 61 43	194 15 83 57	281 21 114 92	222 19 97 67	227 20 92 74	182 16 80 57	207 15 94 63	222 16 90 71	232 21 96 64	244 24 103 66	
Drug and proprietary storesdo Eating and drinking placesdo Furniture, homefurnishings storesdo	76 68 43	121 73 49	74 65 33	73 63 33	80 70 36	80 69 38	83 73 38	84 76 35	83 78 32	85 80 37	82 75 36	87 74 41	87 71 42	
General-merchandise group ♀do Department stores⊕do Dry-goods, other general-merchandise stores⊕ mil. cf dol	1, 269 749 121	1, 910 1, 075	805 491 71	765 449 64	922 563 79	1, 064 640 95	1, 081 668 93	1, 060 654 99	953 568 90	1, 109 654 116	1, 054 640 100	1, 136 679 110	1, 239 729 120	
Variety stores do. Grocery stores do. Lumber, building-materials dealers do. Tire, battery, accessory stores do.	238 1, 439 65 63	470 1, 472 52 88	150 1, 364 45 50	161 1, 295 45 48	183 1, 493 50 57	223 1, 367 58 66	204 1, 512 68 74	206 1, 427 67 78	196 1,398 69 80	220 1, 590 73 73	202 1, 356 69 62	215 1, 478 70 68	238 1, 579 58 67	
Estimated sales (seas. adj.), total ?do	3, 404	3, 425	3, 371	3, 360	3, 416	3, 427	3, 493	3, 509	3, 582	3, 631	3, 559	3, 458	3, 454	
Apparel group 9 do Men's and boys' wear stores do Women's apparel, accessory stores do Shoe stores do Drug and proprietary stores do Eating and drinking places do Furniture, homefurnishings stores do	228 19 96 68 80 71 37	228 19 97 67 83 71 42	215 17 90 68 79 70 42	215 17 92 65 81 72 40	215 17 92 63 84 72 37	228 18 98 68 84 70 40	218 19 92 64 84 72 34	222 19 93 65 86 74 37	229 23 95 64 84 74 35	244 23 103 68 87 76 36	229 21 97 66 87 72 38	219 20 92 64 87 71 37	220 19 93 67 90 73 35	
General-merchandise group ♀do Department stores⊕do Dry-goods, other general-merchandise stores⊕	1, 085 636	1, 067 631	1, 068 638	1, 046 616	1, 099 662	1, 066 632	1, 116 666	1, 125 692	1, 172 710	1, 168 699	1, 132 685	1, 051 616	1, 043 612	
Variety stores do	104 226 1, 384 65 65	99 219 1, 409 65 65	100 216 1,400 58 65	98 221 1,405 59 64	103 222 1, 399 59 66	98 221 1,420 58 67	101 224 1, 440 63 69	100 218 1, 432 62 70	106 230 1, 453 62 72	114 230 1, 492 61 68	107 225 1, 472 62 68	100 218 1, 472 59 67	100 216 1, 471 58 68	
Department stores: Accounts receivable, end of month:♂ Charge accounts	174 - 331	⁷ 231 365	r 187 r 355	7 159 7 349	7 147 7 344	† 153 † 342	r 154 r 341	r 150 r 337	7 138 7 328	r 139 r 330	r 152 r 331	7 159 7 336	171 346	- -
Ratio of collections to accounts receivable: Charge accountspercent	47 16	45 14	7 45 15	44 14	48 15	45 15	46 15	46 14	45 15	47 15	46	r 48	48	
Installment accounts do Sales by type of payment: Cash sales percent of total sales Charge account sales do Installment sales	44 44 12	46 43 11	44 42 14	44 43 13	44 43 13	44 43 13	44 43 13	45 42 13	44 42 14	45 42 13	15 43 44 13	15 43 44 13	15 44 43 13	
Sales, unadjusted, total U.S†1947-49=100	7 170	* 240 * 200	* 102	7 104	7 114	7 131	7 132	r 131	r 111	r 127	r 139	r 134	r 163	▶ 24
Atlanta do Boston do Chicago do Cleveland do Dallas do Kansas City do	7 203 7 158 7 165 7 161 7 186 7 170	r 290 r 234 r 223 r 224 r 279 r 249	r 128 r 95 r 95 r 98 r 124 r 102	7 136 7 97 7 97 7 101 7 126 7 106	7 151 7 99 7 109 7 105 7 138 7 118	r 165 r 121 r 124 r 126 r 148 r 134	7 165 7 123 7 126 7 122 7 156 7 139	7 153 7 122 7 126 7 120 7 153 7 137	7 145 7 90 7 104 7 107 7 151 7 128	7 161 7 102 7 124 7 123 7 158 7 141	7 165 7 122 7 136 7 134 7 157 7 149	7 167 7 117 7 127 7 125 7 158 7 142	p 193 p 144 p 154 p 159 p 183 p 161	
Minneapolis do New York do Philadelphia do Richmond do St, Louis do San Francisco do	r 152 r 160 r 177 r 188 r 175 r 166	, 220 , 218 , 234 , 272 , 237 , 255	r 90 r 99 r 97 r 104 r 101 r 109	r 96 r 98 r 98 r 107 r 105 r 108	r 103 r 104 r 115 r 126 r 117 r 115	r 124 r 116 r 129 r 149 r 134 r 133	r 127 r 120 r 131 r 146 r 138 r 134	r 116 r 121 r 130 r 140 r 129 r 139	r 104 r 92 r 96 r 118 r 114 r 125	r 130 r 104 r 110 r 135 r 132 r 139	7 139 7 126 7 134 7 150 7 143 7 141	r 138 r 126 r 132 r 148 r 138 r 135	p 145 p 158 p 170 p 178 p 163 p 162	
Sales, seasonally adjusted, total U. S†do	r 139	r 137	^r 133	r 136	r 137	r 131	r 135	r 138	r 138	r 144	r 136	r 129	r 134	p 13
Atlanta do Boston do Chicago do Cleveland do Dallas do Kansas City do	r 175 r 130 r 135 r 131 r 163 r 146	7 168 7 129 7 131 7 128 7 161 7 144	r 165 r 120 r 125 r 125 r 157 r 135	r 165 r 129 r 129 r 131 r 161 r 145	r 164 r 122 r 131 r 130 r 161 r 144	r 162 r 117 r 125 r 122 r 151 r 137	7 172 7 123 7 128 7 126 7 158 7 141	r 175 r 122 r 129 r 128 r 168 r 142	r 175 r 125 r 131 r 132 r 170 r 145	r 179 r 130 r 139 r 139 r 170 r 147	* 172 * 114 * 130 * 134 * 163 * 147	7 159 7 116 7 121 7 121 7 152 7 136	p 166 p 118 p 125 p 129 p 161 p 139	
Minneapolis do New York do Philadelphia do Richmond do St. Louis do San Francisco do r Revised * Preliminary ♀ Includes data not ⊕ Revised beginning January 1956 to reflect chang	7 132 7 125 7 133 7 150 7 145 7 143	r 132 r 123 r 132 r 149 r 140 r 143	7 123 7 123 7 130 7 147 7 133 7 137	r 129 r 124 r 129 r 149 r 137 r 141	7 131 7 124 7 133 7 152 7 139 7 146	r 123 r 118 r 130 r 148 r 136 r 137	7 126 7 124 7 133 7 148 7 137 7 141	r 126 r 125 r 139 r 152 r 139 r 148	7 130 7 126 7 131 7 147 7 139 7 141	7 138 7 135 7 138 7 158 7 147 7 144	7 130 7 122 7 128 7 144 7 145 7 141	7 119 7 119 7 129 7 141 7 126 7 134	p 125 p 123 p 128 p 142 p 135 p 140	

TREVISED. Freimmary. 4 Includes data not shown separately.

⊕Revised beginning January 1956 to reflect change in previous classification of certain stores to department stores in accordance with 1954 Census of Business; unpublished revisions (January-May 1956) are available upon request.

of Revisions for 1956 for accounts receivable (1947-49=100): Charge accounts—February, 154; April, 148; July, 135; August, 137; October, 158; installment accounts—May, 310; June, 311; July, 308; August, 309. †Revised series. See corresponding note on p. S-11.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and	1:	956						19	57	=				
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber
		DON	AEST!	IC TR	ADE-	-Conti	inued							
RETAIL TRADE—Continued														
Department stores—Continued Stocks, total U. S., end of month:† Unadjusted	r 173 r 152	r 137 r 151	r 135 r 150	r 142 r 149	, 155 , 150	r 159 r 152	r 155 r 152	r 146 r 153	† 144 † 154	r 150 r 153	r 160 r 154	r 172 r 155	№ 174 № 153	
Mail-order and store sales: Montgomery Ward & Cothous. of dol	120, 131 362, 433	150, 615 444, 955	63, 367 246, 908	1 55, 515 223, 750	1 70, 062 269, 815	1 87, 374 307, 394	1 90, 288 338, 262	1 82, 764 335, 812	1 80, 002 308, 538	¹ 90, 498 344, 491	1 88, 603 314, 876	1 107, 707 329, 811	1 109,470 344, 687	1 149, 473 441, 531
WHOLESALE TRADE ‡	} }													
Sales, estimated (unadj.), totalbil. of doldo	12.0 4.5 7.5	11. 4 4. 2 7. 2	11. 4 4. 3 7. 1	10. 4 4. 0 6. 4	11. 1 4. 3 6. 9	11. 3 4. 3 6. 9	11. 6 4. 4 7. 2	11. 0 4. 2 6. 7	11.4 4.3 7.1	11. 7 4. 3 7. 4	11. 2 4. 2 7. 0	12. 3 4. 5 7. 8	11. 1 3. 9 7. 1	
Inventories, estimated (unadj.), totaldo Durable-goods establishmentsdo Nondurable-goods establishmentsdo	13. 2 6. 4 6. 8	12. 9 6. 3 6. 6	12. 9 6. 4 6. 5	12. 8 6. 5 6. 3	13. 0 6. 7 6. 2	12. 8 6. 7 6. 1	12. 6 6. 7 5. 9	12. 5 6. 7 5. 8	12. 5 6. 6 5. 9	12. 7 6. 6 6. 1	12. 8 6. 7 6. 1	12. 9 6. 6 6. 3	13. 0 6. 6 6. 4	
	<u> </u>	EMPI	OYM:	ENT A	ND P	OPUL	ATIO	N	<u>!</u>		<u>' </u>	<u>'</u>	!	
POPULATION Population, continental United States: Total, incl. Armed Forces overseasthousands	169, 291	169, 541	169, 800	170, 045	170, 270	170, 510	170, 737	170, 981	171, 229	171, 510	171, 790	172, 069	172, 327	172, 554
Noninstitutional population, estimated number 14 years of age and over, totalthousands.	119, 344	119, 481	119, 614	119, 745	119, 899	120, 057	120, 199	120, 383	120, 579	120, 713	120, 842	120, 983	121, 109	121, 221
Total labor force, including Armed Forces⊕do	70, 560	69, 855	² 68, 638	² 69, 128	2 69, 562	² 69, 771	² 70, 714	² 72, 661	² 73, 051	² 71, 833	2 71, 044	2 71, 299	2 70, 790	2 70, 458
Civilian labor force, total	67, 732 65, 269 6, 192 59, 076 2, 463	67, 029 64, 550 5, 110 59, 440 2, 479	² 65, 821 ² 62, 578 ² 4, 935 ² 57, 643 ² 3, 244	² 66, 311 ² 63, 190 ² 5, 195 ² 57, 996 ² 3, 121	2 66, 746 2 63, 865 2 5, 434 2 58, 431 2 2, 882	² 66, 951 ² 64, 261 ² 5, 755 ² 58, 506 ² 2, 690	2 67, 893 2 65, 178 2 6, 659 2 58, 519 2 2, 715	2 69, 842 2 66, 504 2 7, 534 2 58, 970 2 3, 337	2 70, 228 2 67, 221 2 7, 772 2 59, 449 2 3, 007	2 68, 994 2 66, 385 2 6, 823 2 59, 562 2 2, 609	2 68, 225 2 65, 674 2 6, 518 2 59, 156 2 2, 552	2 68, 513 2 66, 005 2 6, 837 2 59, 168 2 2, 508	2 68, 061 2 64, 873 2 5, 817 2 59, 057 2 3, 188	2 67, 770 2 64, 396 2 5, 385 2 59, 012 2 3, 374
Not in labor force⊕dodo	48, 783	49, 626	2 50, 973	2 50, 617	2 50, 337	² 50, 286	2 49, 485	2 47, 722	2 47, 528	2 48, 880	2 49, 797	2 49, 684	2 50, 318	2 50, 763
Employees in nonagricultural establishments: Total, unadjusted (U. S. Dept. of Labor)do Manufacturingdo Durable-goods industriesdo Nondurable-goods industriesdo	53, 007 17, 180 10, 067 7, 113	53, 639 17, 159 10, 071 7, 088	51, 716 16, 959 9, 990 6, 969	51, 704 16, 945 9, 992 6, 953	51, 919 16, 933 9, 976 6, 957	52, 270 16, 822 9, 927 6, 895	52, 482 16, 762 9, 895 6, 867	52, 881 16, 852 9, 913 6, 939	52, 605 16, 710 9, 756 6, 954	52, 891 16, 955 9, 802 7, 153	53, 152 16, 905 9, 710 7, 195	7 53, 043 7 16, 783 7 9, 687 7, 096	r 52, 807 r 16, 581 r 9, 593 r 6, 988	" 52, 992 " 16, 333 " 9, 426 " 6, 907
Mining, total	241	837 111 32 242	832 110 31 242	833 110 31 243	831 110 30 240	833 111 29 239	835 112 27 239	858 112 31 242	857 113 31 231	862 112 27 238	853 110 28 237	837 * 106 * 27 237	* 829 * 105 24 236	* 820 * 104 * 235
Nonmetallic mining and quarryingdo Contract constructiondo	335 119 3, 174	336 116 2, 997	337 112 2, 667	339 110 2, 673	339 112 2, 756	340 115 2, 906	340 118 3, 082	355 119 3, 232	362 119 3, 275	363 121 3, 305	356 121 3, 285	7 347 120 7 3, 224	346 + 119 + 3, 059	^p 116 ^p 2, 833
Transportation and public utilities 9 do Interstate railroads do Local railways and bus lines do Trucking and warehousing do Telephone do Telegraph do Gas and electric utilities do do	4, 184 1, 174 109 839 760 42 572	4, 194 1, 173 109 843 759 42 571	4, 126 1, 139 108 817 757 41 570	4, 120 1, 133 109 819 761 42 570	4, 147 1, 132 109 820 764 42 571	4, 153 1, 136 108 821 766 42 573	4, 156 1, 137 108 821 767 42 573	4, 181 1, 145 108 829 770 42 582	4, 199 1, 140 108 833 782 42 590	4, 215 1, 149 108 838 782 42 590	4, 206 1, 137 108 854 772 41 584	* 4, 159 * 1, 115 * 107 855 * 767 41 578	7 4, 123 1, 082 105 855 766 40 578	p 4, 100
Wholesale and retail trade	11, 657 3, 119 8, 538 1, 600 1, 588 804	12, 260 3, 149 9, 111 1, 970 1, 612 817	11, 298 3, 106 8, 192 1, 388 1, 575 794	11, 225 3, 114 8, 111 1, 333 1, 587 793	11, 265 3, 117 8, 148 1, 343 1, 591 796	11, 428 3, 114 8, 314 1, 402 1, 603 796	11, 411 3, 113 8, 298 1, 382 1, 601 798	11, 505 3, 140 8, 365 1, 380 1, 607 804	11, 493 3, 166 8, 327 1, 347 1, 606 807	11, 499 3, 179 8, 320 1, 352 1, 600 805	11, 620 3, 180 8, 440 1, 419 1, 614 801	7 11, 664 7 3, 200 7 8, 464 7 1, 447 7 1, 622 7 802	7 11, 845 7 3, 211 7 8, 634 7 1, 560 7 1, 651 7 810	" 12, 324 " 3, 215 " 9, 109 " 1, 900 " 1, 665 " 813
Finance, insurance, and real estate	6, 327 488	2, 308 6, 295 482 330 163 7, 589	2, 293 6, 239 474 330 161 7, 302	2, 301 6, 273 481 328 159 7, 334	2, 310 6, 317 482 328 160 7, 360	2, 320 6, 432 499 329 164 7, 376	2, 329 6, 520 513 334 168 7, 387	2, 359 6, 551 540 337 168 7, 343	2, 390 6, 524 598 338 163 7, 157	2, 389 6, 509 598 333 156 7, 157	2, 361 6, 541 527 330 161 7, 381	7 2, 356 7 6, 547 7 488 7 328 164 7 7, 473	7 2, 356 7 6, 515 480 325 162 7 7, 499	P 2, 353
Total, seasonally adjusted	52, 441 17, 072 10, 019 7, 053	52, 541 17, 106 10, 035 7, 071	52, 493 17, 053 10, 006 7, 047	52, 577 16, 995 9, 980 7, 015	52, 547 16, 962 9, 945 7, 017	52, 593 16, 965 9, 928 7, 037	52, 698 16, 946 9, 915 7, 031	52, 773 16, 924 9, 907 7, 017	52, 815 16, 880 9, 869 7, 011	52, 844 16, 836 9, 844 6, 992	52, 662 16, 681 9, 700 6, 981	r 52, 469 r 16, 604 r 9, 649 r 6, 955	r 52, 237 r 16, 474 r 9, 548 r 6, 926	^p 51, 895 ^p 16, 281 ^p 9, 390 ^p 6, 891
Mining do. Contract construction do. Transportation and public utilities do. Wholesale and retail trade do. Finance, insurance, and real estate do. Service and miscellaneous do. Government do.	6, 327	833 3, 074 4, 169 11, 408 2, 320 6, 359 7, 272	832 2, 963 4, 188 11, 465 2, 316 6, 366 7, 310	833 3, 020 4, 168 11, 519 2, 324 6, 401 7, 317	831 3, 062 4, 168 11, 490 2, 322 6, 381 7, 331	841 3, 059 4, 160 11, 501 2, 320 6, 400 7, 347	843 3,097 4,159 11,542 2,329 6,424 7,358	854 3, 108 4, 164 11, 579 2, 336 6, 454 7, 354	861 3, 061 4, 168 11, 636 2, 343 6, 492 7, 374	853 3, 032 4, 184 11, 669 2, 354 6, 477 7, 439	849 3,028 4,175 11,620 2,361 6,508 7,440	837 r 3, 013 r 4, 148 r 11, 590 r 2, 368 r 6, 482 r 7, 427	r 825 r 2, 956 r 4, 112 r 11, 571 2, 368 r 6, 515 r 7, 416	p 816 p 2, 906 p 4, 076 p 11, 471 p 2, 365 p 6, 545 p 7, 435

r Revised. p Preliminary. 1 Net sales; not comparable with data through January 1957, which are gross. Comparable figure for December 1956 is \$140,294,000. 2 See note marked "O" for this page.
† Revised series. Indexes have been revised beginning January 1949 to reflect adjustment to Census of Business benchmarks for 1954 and the up-dating of the seasonal and Easter corrections. Unpublished data (prior to November 1956) are available beginning January 1947 in the December 1957 Federal Reserve Bulletin, pp. 1340-52,
15ee corresponding note on p. 8-3.
⊕Estimates beginning January 1957 reflect certain changes in definitions for employment and unemployment as follows: Two small groups of persons formerly classified as employed are now classified as unemployed (except for the subgroup "in school and waiting to start new jobs" which is now counted as not in the labor force). Estimates for December 1957 on the old basis, comparable with data shown through 1956, in order as shown above (thous.): 70,480; 67,792; 64,652; 5,391; 59,262; 3,140; 50,741. Data on the old basis for earlier months of 1957 are shown in previous issues of the Survey.

§ Includes data for industries not shown separately.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of	Novem-		Tone	Fahren	<u>-</u>	i		19			Contam	<u> </u>	Novem-	Decem
BUSINESS STATISTICS	ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	ber	ber
]	EMPL	ОҮМЬ	ENT A	ND P	OPUL	ATION	V—Co	ntinue	ed					190
EMPLOYMENT—Continued								,			ĺ			
Production workers in manufacturing industries: Total (U. S. Dept. of Labor)thousands_ Durable-goods industriesdo Ordnance and accessoriesdo Lumber and wood products (except furniture)	13, 392 7, 839 82	13, 350 7, 827 83	13, 150 7, 740 81	13, 114 7, 721 79	13, 085 7, 693 79	12, 960 7, 635 78	12, 894 7, 600 77	12, 955 7, 603 76	12, 788 7, 432 74	13, 024 7, 476 75	12, 992 7, 397 73	7 12, 893 7 7, 389 7 70	r 12, 719 r 7, 318 68	p 12, 483 p 7, 160 p 68
Sawmills and planing mills do. Furniture and fixtures do. Stone, clay, and glass products do. Primary metal industries \$\frac{Q}{2}\$ do. Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills	655 347 320 470 1, 134	628 336 320 465 1, 135	594 323 312 453 1, 133	589 319 313 449 1, 124	593 319 312 451 1, 112	612 329 312 455 1, 101	638 338 308 456 1,093	659 346 311 459 1,093	645 343 309 443 1,075	645 346 317 459 1, 077	631 339 319 461 1,061	7 623 331 317 456 7 1, 049	7 598 323 312 7 448 7 1, 028	p 578 p 300 p 438 p 1, 006
Primary smelting and refining of nonferrous metals thousands. Fabricated metal prod. (except ordance, machinery transports from early) thousands.	564 56 -	563 57 908	559 57 904	559 55 902	554 55 898	549 55 889	546 54 883	547 54 887	543 53 869	541 53 878	534 52 878	51 889	508 51 7 888	p 87
Machinery (except electrical) do Electrical machinery do Transportation equipment Q do Automobiles do Aircraft and parts do	1, 262 913 1, 438 694 579	1, 277 900 1, 478 715 589	1, 287 884 1, 481 710 595	1, 294 877 1, 482 700 603	1, 291 869 1, 474 689 603	1, 277 853 1, 446 663 602	1, 255 847 1, 435 652 598	1, 239 855 1, 415 632 594	1, 207 848 1, 373 603 585	1, 180 861 1, 363 610 574	1, 186 879 1, 278 531 561	7 1, 166 7 869 7 1, 321 7 590 549	r 1, 144 853 r 1, 364 665 520	p 1, 12: p 82: p 1, 36:
Ship and boat building and repairsdo Railroad equipmentdo. Instruments and related productsdo. Miscellaneous mfg. industriesdo.	113 44 235 419	118 49 233 401	120 50 231 379	122 50 230 381	125 50 231 382	123 51 230 382	126 51 226 383	128 53 224 386	126 52 221 369	125 46 225 395	125 52 225 407	124 50 7 223 7 405	125 47 7 223 7 393	p 217
Nondurable-goods industries	5, 553 1, 125 284 69 185 175 124	5, 523 1, 076 283 68 152 173 118	5, 410 1, 015 270 67 134 168 111	5, 393 987 258 65 129 169 109	5, 392 989 255 67 127 168 115	5, 325 990 253 69 135 168 113	5, 294 1, 004 253 72 136 169 121	5, 352 1, 056 258 76 164 172 127	5, 356 1, 120 261 77 221 173 130	5, 548 1, 194 259 75 292 173 125	5, 595 1, 218 263 70 313 172 125	7 5, 504 7 1, 143 7 264 67 7 229 172 7 122	7 5, 401 7 1, 074 265 65 162 171 120	p 5, 32 p 1, 03
Tobacco manufacturesdo Textile-mill products 9do Broadwoven fabric millsdo Knitting millsdo Apparel and other finished textile products	96 955 423 202	93 948 421 195	88 935 418 189	84 933 415 190	77 929 410 193	74 919 407 192	73 911 402 193	73 913 401 197	71 895 396 191	90 911 400 197	98 912 399 197	94 7 906 397 195	7 86 7 893 391 192	p 8 p 88
Paper and allied products	1, 092 470 231 564	1, 093 472 234 566	1, 076 468 232 557	1, 095 466 232 555	1, 098 467 231 559	1, 069 467 231 559	1, 039 465 230 555	1, 045 469 233 556	1, 024 459 227 552	1, 084 465 229 553	1, 084 469 229 563	1, 075 7 470 229 567	7 1,072 7 468 228	^p 1, 06
thousands. Chemicals and allied products	546 212 176 134 194 70 335 215	547 214 174 133 216 87 338 220	549 214 172 133 216 87 336 221	548 212 173 132 213 87 340 222	550 211 173 132 211 87 341 223	549 208 173 133 191 71 334 219	544 207 174 133 204 85 325 214	535 206 175 133 197 78 333 219	529 203 175 133 200 84 332 219	530 201 175 133 204 84 341 222	533 200 175 133 206 84 336 218	7 532 7 197 7 173 7 131 7 210 7 84 334 7 215	7 529 199 7 172 131 7 209 84 333 215	p 52 p 16 p 20 p 33
Production workers in manufacturing industries, seasonally adjusted: Total	13, 283 7, 790 5, 493	13, 297 7, 790 5, 507	13, 238 7, 753 5, 485	13, 156 7, 706 5, 450	13, 109 7, 662 5, 447	13, 094 7, 637 5, 457	13, 073 7, 621 5, 452	13, 026 7, 598 5, 428	12, 969 7, 548 5, 421	12, 915 7, 517 5, 398	12, 775 7, 388 5, 387	r 12, 717 r 7, 350 r 5, 367	r 12, 614 r 7, 272 r 5, 342	p 12, 43 p 7, 12 p 5, 30
Production workers in manufacturing industries: Indexes of employment: Unadjusted	108.3 107.4	107. 9 107. 5	106.3 107.0	106. 0 106. 4	105. 8 106. 0	104. 8 105. 9	104. 2 105. 7	104. 7 105. 3	103. 4 104. 9	105. 3 104. 4	105. 0 103. 3	7 104. 2 7 102. 8	r 102. 8 r 102. 0	p 100.
Miscellaneous employment data: Federal civilian employees (executive branch): United States, continentalthousands Washington, D. C., metropolitan areado Railway employees (class I railways):	2, 174. 7 210. 4	1 2, 456. 2 1 218. 5	2, 170. 1 211. 4	2, 173. 3 211. 6	2, 176. 4 212. 0	2, 178. 5 211. 9	2, 175. 8 211. 4	2, 184. 4 215. 2	2, 192. 0 216. 0	2, 184. 7 214. 3	210.6	2, 128. 9 210. 2	2, 121. 0 209. 4	
Total thousands Indexes: Unadjusted 1947-49=100 Seasonally adjusted do	1, 062 79. 7 81. 5	78. 8 80. 5	1, 029 77. 1 76. 5	1, 020 76. 5 76. 6	1, 021 76. 6 77. 2	76.8 77.9	1, 038 77. 8 76. 7	78. 3 76. 6	78. 1 76. 5	1, 040 78. 0 76. 7	77. 1 76. 9	7 1,007 7 75.5 77.1	975 73, 1 74, 8	956 p 71. 5 p 72. 5
PAYROLLS Manufacturing production-worker payroll index, un-														
adjusted (U.S. Dept. of Labor)1947-49=100_	168. 2	171. 4	165. 5	165. 0	164.3	161. 5	161.0	163. 8	160. 5	164. 7	164. 7	r 162. 6	r 161. 1	p 158.
LABOR CONDITIONS Average weekly hours per worker (U. S. Dept. of														
Labor): All manufacturing industries hours Average overtime do Durable-goods industries do Average overtime do Ordnance and accessories do	41.2	41. 0 3. 1 41. 9 3. 5 42. 6	40. 2 2. 6 40. 9 2. 9 42. 0	40. 2 2. 5 40. 9 2. 7 42. 0	40. 1 2. 5 40. 8 2. 6 41. 6	39. 8 2. 3 40. 5 2. 4 41. 4	39. 7 2. 2 40. 3 2. 3 40. 7	40. 0 2. 4 40. 5 2. 4 40. 7	39. 7 2. 4 40. 0 2. 3 40. 0	40. 0 2. 4 40. 3 2. 4 40. 1	39. 9 2. 5 40. 2 2. 5 40. 1	39. 5 2. 3 7 39. 8 2. 3 39. 9	r 39. 3 r 2. 3 r 39. 7 2. 2 r 40. 0	p 39. p 2. p 39. p 1. p 40.
Cronance and accessories	40. 0 40. 0 40. 5 41. 1	39. 8 39. 5 41. 3 41. 2	39. 1 38. 7 39. 8 40. 3	39. 6 39. 2 40. 2 40. 6	39. 7 39. 4 40. 2 40. 7	40. 0 39. 7 39. 7 40. 4	40. 2 40. 0 39. 2 40. 8	40. 7 40. 7 39. 9 39. 7 40. 9	39. 4 38. 8 39. 3 40. 4	41. 1 40. 5 40. 7 40. 9	39. 0 39. 2 40. 9 40. 8	7 40. 2 7 39. 8 40. 7 7 40. 6	7 39. 1 38. 8 7 39. 6 40. 1	p 38. p 38. p 40. p 39.
Primary metal industries ?	40.6	41. 2 40. 9 40. 8	40. 9 40. 9 41. 2	40. 3	40. 7 40. 1 39. 7 40. 7	39. 8 39. 5 40. 7	39. 6 39. 2 40. 9	40. 9 40. 2 39. 8 41. 0	39. 7 39. 4 40. 5	39. 3 38. 7 40. 4	39. 4 38. 8 40. 3	7 38. 5	7 38. 1 37. 3	p 37.

r Revised. r Preliminary. Includes Post Office employees hired for Christmas season; there were about 284,000 such employees in continental U.S. in December 1956. ♀ Includes data for industries not shown.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	19	56						1957						
	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber
]	EMPL	OYMI	ENT A	ND P	OPUL	ATION	V—Co	ntinue	ed					
LABOR CONDITIONS—Continued														
A verage weekly hours per worker, etc.—Continued All manufacturing industries—Continued Durable-goods industries—Continued Fabricated metal prod. (except ordnance, machinery, transportation equipment)hours Machinery (except electrical)do Electrical machinerydo	41. 3 41. 7 41. 0	42. 1 42. 6 41. 2	40. 8 41. 9 40. 4	41. 0 41. 9 40. 6	41. 0 41. 8 40. 5	40. 9 41. 4 40. 3	40. 9 41. 1 40. 1	41. 2 41. 1 40. 3	40. 7 40. 7 39. 7	41. 0 40. 5 40. 2	41. 4 40. 7 40. 2	r 40. 7 40. 2 r 39. 4	r 40, 5 r 39, 6 r 39, 5	p 40. (p 40. { p 39. (
Transportation equipment ♀ do. Automobiles do. Aireraft and parts do. Ship and boat building and repairs do. Railroad equipment do.	42. 2 42. 8 42. 4 38. 8 39. 2	43. 6 45. 0 42. 9 40. 3 40. 4	41. 7 41. 3 42. 6 40. 2 40. 3	41. 5 41. 2 42. 3 40. 0 40. 4	41. 1 40. 3 42. 2 40. 0 40. 6	40. 6 39. 4 42. 0 40. 2 40. 5	39. 9 39. 1 40. 6 40. 3 39. 9	40. 1 39. 6 40. 6 40. 4 39. 8	39. 5 38. 5 40. 4 40. 5 40. 0	40. 2 40. 0 40. 4 40. 2 39. 6	39. 7 39. 3 40. 2 39. 4 40. 1	7 39. 5 7 39. 1 40. 1 7 39. 0 38. 7	7 40. 7 42. 0 40. 1 37. 0 39. 7	p 39. 8
Instruments and related productsdo Miscellaneous mfg. industriesdo	40. 8 40. 3	41. 0 40. 6	40. 7 40. 0	41. 0 40. 3	40. 7 40. 6	40. 6 39. 9	40. 2 39. 8	40. 5 39. 9	40. 1 39. 5	40. 0 40. 0	40. 4 40. 3	39. 9 r 40. 0	7 40. 1 7 39. 7	p 39.
Nondurable-goods industries do Average overtime do Food and kindred products ♀ do Meat products do Dairy products do Canning and preserving do Bakery products do Beverages do	39, 6 2, 7 41, 3 43, 3 42, 5 36, 9 40, 5 39, 8	39. 7 2. 6 40. 9 41. 3 42. 2 37. 9 40. 3 39. 9	39. 1 2. 3 40. 2 40. 7 41. 8 37. 8 39. 8 39. 2	39. 3 2. 3 40. 1 39. 8 41. 7 37. 9 40. 0 39. 5	39. 1 2. 3 39. 8 39. 3 42. 0 37. 1 39. 8 39. 4	38. 9 2. 2 40. 0 39. 9 41. 9 37. 4 40. 2 39. 8	38. 9 2, 2 40. 4 40. 7 42. 6 37. 8 40. 4 40. 1	39. 2 2. 4 40. 9 41. 1 43. 1 38. 0 40. 9 40. 6	39. 4 2. 5 41. 5 40. 8 43. 7 41. 4 41. 0 41. 4	39. 5 2. 5 40. 9 40. 2 42. 3 40. 7 40. 6 40. 7	39. 6 2. 6 41. 2 41. 1 42. 2 41. 0 40. 3 40. 1	r 39. 0 r 2. 4 r 40. 2 r 40. 7 41. 6 38. 2 40. 0 r 39. 4	38. 7 2. 3 7 40. 5 41. 2 41. 4 36. 9 40. 0 39. 2	p 38.
$ \begin{array}{cccc} To bacco\ manufactures & do \\ Textile-mill\ products\ \varphi & do \\ Broadwoven\ fabric\ mills & do \\ Knitting\ mills & do \end{array} $	38. 9 40. 2 40. 7 38. 3	39. 8 40. 2 40. 9 37. 8	38. 8 39. 1 39. 7 36. 8	38. 5 39. 2 39. 1 37. 3	37. 9 38. 9 39. 0 37. 2	36. 8 38. 6 38. 8 37. 0	39. 1 38. 4 38. 6 36. 8	38. 6 38. 9 38. 9 37. 3	39. 6 38. 6 38. 8 37. 2	38. 4 39. 1 39. 3 37. 9	39. 8 39. 1 39. 4 37. 9	38. 3 39. 1 39. 5 37. 8	7 37. 0 7 38. 5 38. 9 37. 2	p 38. p 38.
Apparel and other finished textile proddo Paper and allied productsdo Pulp, paper, and paperboard millsdo Printing, publishing, and allied industries	36, 1 42, 7 43, 8	36, 3 43, 0 44, 2	35, 9 42, 3 43, 9	36. 5 42. 3 43. 7	36. 5 42. 3 43. 5	35. 7 42. 1 43. 4	35. 8 42. 0 43. 3	35. 8 42. 2 43. 1	36. 1 42. 3 43. 4	36. 8 42. 5 43. 3	36. 7 42. 9 43. 6	35. 9 r 42. 4 43. 4	r 35. 4 41. 8 42. 9	p 35. p 41.
Chemicals and allied products	38. 6 41. 5 41. 2 40. 9 40. 9 40. 5 40. 6 36. 9 36. 1	39. 1 41. 6 41. 3 41. 0 41. 1 41. 4 41. 7 37. 7 37. 2	38. 3 41. 3 41. 1 41. 1 41. 3 40. 9 41. 4 38. 0 37. 9	38. 5 41. 2 40. 9 40. 8 40. 7 40. 9 41. 0 38. 3 38. 1	38. 8 41. 2 40. 8 40. 7 40. 7 40. 4 40. 0 38. 0 37. 9	38. 5 41. 2 40. 9 41. 2 41. 4 40. 0 40. 1 36. 9 36. 5	38. 4 41. 2 41. 0 40. 9 40. 9 40. 0 40. 1 36. 3 35. 6	38. 4 41. 2 41. 1 40. 9 40. 9 40. 9 41. 4 37. 8 37. 4	38. 3 41. 0 40. 9 41. 5 41. 4 41. 3 42. 5 38. 1 37. 9	38. 5 41. 0 41. 0 40. 6 40. 0 40. 9 41. 0 38. 1 37. 8	38. 7 41. 2 41. 0 41. 5 41. 2 40. 6 40. 3 37. 2 36. 6	38. 4 41. 0 40. 8 7 40. 6 7 40. 2 40. 1 7 39. 1 36. 8 36. 1	7 37. 9 41. 0 40. 8 7 40. 5 40. 6 39. 9 39. 1 7 36. 5 35. 7	p 38. p 41. p 40. p 40. p 37.
Nonmanufacturing industries: Mining:				:										
Metal do Anthracite do Bituminous coal do Crude-petroleum and natural-gas production:	41, 2 33, 9 36, 2	42. 7 36. 3 38. 7	41. 9 35. 9 37. 5	41. 4 32. 0 38. 4	41. 2 27. 8 37. 4	40. 8 31. 1 37. 0	41. 0 30. 8 35. 8	41. 0 34. 3 37. 6	36.3	41. 2 31. 3 36. 5	41. 3 35. 3 36. 9	7 39.8 7 31.5 7 36.4	39. 5 27. 6 34. 1	
Petroleum and natural-gas production_hours_ Nonmetallic mining and quarryingdo Contract constructiondo	40. 6 44. 5 36. 6 39. 7 35. 8	41. 5 43. 6 36. 8 39. 2 36. 3	41. 6 42. 0 34. 7 37. 2 34. 1	40. 6 43. 1 36. 9 39. 6 36. 3	40. 5 43. 4 36. 7 39. 4 36. 0	40. 3 43. 3 36. 8 39. 1 36. 2	40. 4 44. 3 37. 2 39. 8 36. 4	41. 2 45. 0 37. 8 40. 7 36. 9	41. 2 44. 9 37. 9 41. 8 36. 8	40. 5 45. 6 38. 3 42. 1 37. 2	41, 8 45, 0 37, 7 40, 8 36, 8	40. 5 7 44. 7 37. 5 40. 6 36. 6	36.4	
Building construction do Transportation and public utilities: Local railways and bus lines do Telephone do Telegraph do Gas and electric utilities do	43. 2 41. 0 41. 6 41. 5	43. 4 39. 3 41. 6 41. 2	43. 0 38. 7 41. 7 40. 9	42.7 39.0 41.8 40.8	42. 9 38. 7 41. 9 40. 8	43. 0 38. 7 41. 4 40. 9	43. 7 39. 0 42. 5 40. 7	44. 1 39. 2 42. 2 40. 9	43. 7 39. 5 42. 2 41. 2	43. 4 38. 9 41. 9 41. 0	43. 5 38. 8 41. 9 40. 9	7 43.0 39.2 41.5 41.0	43. 0 40. 1 41. 0 41. 0	
Wholesale and retail trade: Wholesale trade Retail trade (except eating and drinking places) ♀	40.5	40.7	40. 2	40. 2	40.1	40.0	40.1	40.2	40.4	40. 4	40.4	40.2	1	
Hours. General-merchandise stores. Go Food and liquor stores. Automotive and accessories dealers. Service and miscellaneous:	38. 0 34. 1 37. 2 43. 7	38. 6 36. 2 37. 0 43. 8	38. 2 34. 6 36. 8 43. 8	38. 2 34. 3 36. 7 43. 9	38. 0 34. 1 36. 6 43. 8	38. 0 34. 4 36. 7 43. 8	38. 0 34. 0 36. 7 44. 0	38. 2 34. 4 37. 1 43. 9	38. 6 34. 6 37. 9 43. 9	38. 7 34. 9 37. 7 43. 9	38. 1 34. 2 36. 7 43. 8	37. 6 33. 7 36. 1 7 43. 6	35, 8 43, 5	
Hotels, year-round do Laundries do Cleaning and dyeing plants do	40. 6 39. 9 39. 5	40. 7 40. 1 39. 1	40. 4 39. 8 38. 7	40. 3 39. 8 38. 2	40. 6 39. 9 38. 7	40. 2 40. 0 40. 2	40. 4 40. 3 40. 3	40. 2 40. 4 40. 0	40. 3 39. 8 38. 1	40. 6 39. 4 37. 6	40. 1 39. 6 39. 2	7 40.0 7 39.4 7 38.9	40. 0 39. 0 37. 8	
ndustrial disputes (strikes and lock-outs): Beginning in month: Work stoppagesnumber Workers involvedthousands	242 158	114 29	225 60	225 60	250 80	400 150	475 190	400 140	400 160	350 140	300 270	300 100	150 325	» 1 » 2
In effect during month; Work stoppagesnumber. Workers involvedthousands. Man-days idle during monthdo	403 204 1, 460	240 53 472	325 80 550	350 130 825	375 120 775	525 190 1, 380	650 260 1, 850	600 220 1, 850	625 260 2, 500	575 220 1,600	525 315 1,670	500 185 1, 350	50 100 700	p p p 4
I. S. Employment Service placement activities: Nonagricultural placements	474 973	410 1, 229	433 1, 565	387	425 897	480 1,099	534 1,001	528 881	533	536 842	561	540 1, 193	1,346	
Insured unemployment, weekly averagedo Percent of covered employment*	1, 013 2. 6	1, 285 3. 2	1, 737 4, 4	1,730 4.3	1, 592 4. 0	1, 475 3. 6	1, 350 3. 3	1, 251 3. 0	1, 285 3. 1	1, 151 2. 8	1, 167 2. 8	1, 237 3. 0	1, 513 3. 6	2, 1
Benefit payments: Beneficiaries, weekly average	91, 796 91, 700 21	941 104, 245 23	1, 453 177, 598 31	1, 530 164, 860 23	1, 500 168, 841 21	1	1, 199 145, 657	1, 172 123, 540 24	1, 061 130, 130 20	1, 022 121, 333 21	975 113, 325 16	1, 020 131, 832 18	21	
Insured unemployment, weekly averagedo Beneficiaries, weekly averagedo Amount of paymentsthous. of dol. r Revised. p Preliminary.	21 28 31 3, 168	23 35 40 3, 883	45 53	49 62	21 47 62 5, 886	18 39 51 5, 155	34 40 4, 222	33 40	20 34 41 4,539	35 43	29 39	18 24 28 3, 013	30 32	

r Revised. Preliminary.
9 Includes data for industries not shown.
*Now series. Expresses average insured unemployment in each month as a percentage of average covered employment for the most recent 12-month period for which data are available: the lag for covered employment data may range from 6 to 8 months. Monthly data for January 1953–September 1956 are available upon request.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and	1956 1957													
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber
	EMPL	OYME	ENT A	ND P	OPUL	ATION	V—Со	ntinue	ed					
LABOR CONDITIONS—Continued														
Labor turnover in manufacturing establishments: Accession ratemonthly rate per 100 employees. Separation rate, total	3. 0 3. 3 . 3 1. 5 1. 3	2. 2 2. 8 . 2 1. 4 1. 0	3. 2 3. 3 . 2 1. 5 1. 3	2.8 3.0 .2 1.4 1,2	2. 8 3. 3 . 2 1. 4 1. 3	2.8 3.3 .2 1.5 1.3	3. 0 3. 4 . 3 1. 5 1. 4	3. 9 3. 0 . 2 1. 1 1. 3	3. 2 3. 1 . 2 1. 3 1. 4	3. 2 4. 0 . 3 1. 6 1. 9	3.3 4.4 .2 1.8 2.2	7 2. 9 4. 0 . 2 2. 3 1. 3	p 2. 1 p 3. 9 p . 2 p 2. 6 p . 9	
	. 2	. 2	.3	. 2	. 2	. 2	. 3	.2	. 2	. 3	. 2	.2	p.2	
WAGES Average weekly gross earnings (U. S. Department of														
Labor): All manufacturing industries	82. 22 88. 99 94. 50	84. 05 91. 34 96. 70	82, 41 89, 16 95, 76	82. 41 88. 75 96. 18	82. 21 88. 94 95. 68	81. 59 88. 29 95. 63	81. 78 87. 85 94. 02	82, 80 88, 70 94, 83	82. 18 88. 00 93. 60	82, 80 89, 06 93, 83	82. 99 89. 24 95. 04	82, 56 7 88, 75 94, 96	r 82, 92 r 88, 93 r 95, 60	p 82, 95 p 88, 70 p 95, 91
Sawmills and planing mills dollars_ furniture and fixtures. do Stone, clay, and glass products do	70. 80 71. 20 69. 66 82. 61	69, 25 69, 13 71, 45 82, 81	67. 25 66. 95 68. 46 81, 41	68. 51 68. 21 69. 55 81. 61	70, 27 69, 74 69, 55 82, 21	72. 00 70. 67 68. 28 81. 20	73. 16 72. 00 67. 82 82. 42	74. 89 73. 42 69. 08 83. 44	71. 71 70. 23 68. 38 82. 82	75, 62 74, 12 71, 63 84, 25	71. 76 72. 13 72. 39 84. 86	7 73. 97 7 72. 44 7 72. 04 7 84. 85	771. 55 70. 62 769. 30 84. 21	p 70. 4
Primary metal industries Qdo Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills	99.06	100.94	101, 27	99. 14	98.65	97. 91	97, 42	99. 70	100.44	99.82	101. 26	r 98. 18	7 97. 16	p 95. 6
dollars Primary smelting and refining of nonferrous metalsdollars dollars	105. 18 93. 71	107. 16 93. 43	108, 79 94, 76	105, 06 93, 43	104. 01 93. 61	103. 89 94. 02	102, 31 94, 89	95, 53	107. 17 95. 18	105. 65 96. 96	107. 09 97. 53	r 103. 74 r 97. 04	101. 46 96. 24	
Fabricated metal prod. (except ordnance, ma- chinery, transportation equip.)	87. 56 93. 83 83. 23	90, 09 96, 70 84, 46	86. 90 95. 11 82, 82	87. 33 95. 11 83. 23	87. 74 95. 30 83. 43	87. 94 94. 39 83. 02	88. 34 93. 71 82. 21	89, 40 94, 53 83, 02	89, 13 93, 61 81, 39	90. 20 93. 15 82. 81	91. 91 94. 42 83. 21	r 90. 35 93. 67 r 81. 95	7 90. 32 7 92. 66 7 82. 95	p 88. 80 p 94. 7' p 83. 10
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	100. 86 105. 72	105, 95 112, 95	99, 25 100, 36	98. 36 99. 29	97. 82 97. 12	96. 22 94. 17	94. 56 93. 84	96, 24 97, 42	95. 20 94. 71	97. 69 98. 80	97, 66 99, 43	7 97. 57 7 99. 31	7 101.75 108.36	» 100. 3
Aircraft and parts. do Ship and boat building and repairs. do Railroad equipment. do	98. 37 90. 40 93. 30	100. 39 94. 71 98. 58	99. 26 93. 67 98. 74	98. 56 94. 40 98. 98	99. 17 94. 80 100. 28	99, 12 94, 87 100, 44	94. 60 96. 32 98. 55	95, 00 96, 15 99, 10	94. 94 97. 20 100. 80	96. 15 97. 28 99. 79	95. 68 96. 53 103. 86	95. 84 7 95. 55 99. 46	96. 64 90. 28 102. 82	
Instruments and related productsdo Miscellaneous mfg. industriesdo	83. 64 71. 73	84. 87 72. 67	84. 66 72, 40	85, 69 72, 94	85. 47 73. 49	85. 26 72. 22	84. 42 72. 04	85, 46 71, 82	84. 61 71. 50	84. 00 72. 00	86, 46 72, 94	85. 39 7 72. 40	7 85. 81 7 72. 25	p 85. 7 p 73. 2
Nondurable-goods industries do Food and kindred products Q do Meat products do Dairy products do Canning and preserving do Bakery products do Beverages do	72. 86 78. 06 91. 80 75. 23 57. 56 74. 93 85. 97	73. 84 77. 71 87. 14 75. 54 61. 02 73. 75 86. 18	72. 73 77. 18 87. 10 75. 66 61. 99 73. 23 84. 67	73, 10 77, 39 85, 57 75, 06 61, 78 74, 00 85, 72	73. 12 76. 81 83. 71 76. 02 61. 59 73. 23 86. 29	72. 74 77. 20 84. 99 75. 84 62. 83 74. 37 87. 16	73. 13 78. 38 86. 28 77. 53 62. 75 75. 55 88. 62	74.09 78.94 87.13 78.87 61.18 76.89 91.35	74. 47 79. 27 87. 31 80. 85 64. 17 77. 49 92. 74	74. 26 77. 71 85. 22 77. 83 65. 93 76. 33 89. 95	75, 24 79, 10 89, 60 78, 91 66, 01 76, 57 89, 42	774.10 777.99 89.13 77.38 62.65 76.40 787.47	74. 30 7 79. 38 91. 05 77. 42 60. 15 77. 60 87. 02	p 74. 69
Tobacco manufactures	56. 41 60. 30 59. 42 55. 15	58. 90 60. 30 59. 71 54. 43	57. 81 58. 65 57. 57 53. 36	57. 37 58. 80 56. 70 54. 09	57, 99 58, 35 56, 55 54, 31	57. 04 57. 90 56. 26 53. 65	61, 78 57, 60 55, 97 53, 73	60. 99 58. 35 56, 41 54, 46	63. 76 57. 90 56. 26 53. 94	57. 22 58. 65 56. 99 55. 33	58. 11 59. 04 57. 52 55. 71	56. 30 59. 04 57. 67 55. 19	7 56, 98 7 58, 14 56, 79 54, 68	p 59. 6
dollars.	53. 43	54. 45	53. 49	54. 39	54.75	52. 84	52, 98	53. 34	54. 15	55. 20	55. 42	r 53. 49	7 53. 10	r 52. 9
Paper and allied productsdo Pulp, paper, and paperboard millsdo Printing, publishing, and allied industries	84. 55 92. 86	85, 57 94, 15	84. 18 93. 07	84. 60 93. 08	84. 60 92. 66	84. 20 92. 44	84. 42 92. 23	85. 67 93. 53	87. 14 95. 48	87. 55 95. 26	89. 23 96. 79	r 88, 19 r 96, 35	r 86, 94 95, 24	p 87. 1
Chemicals and allied products do Industrial organic chemicals do	94. 57 89. 23 94. 76	96, 19 89, 86 95, 40	94. 22 89. 21 94. 94	95, 48 89, 40 94, 89	96, 61 89, 40 95, 06	95, 87 89, 40 95, 30	96, 38 90, 64 96, 35	96, 38 91, 88 97, 82	96. 13 92. 25 98. 16	96, 64 92, 25 98, 40	97, 91 92, 70 98, 81	97, 15 91, 84 98, 33	7 95, 89 7 92, 66 98, 74	p 98, 43 p 93, 55
Products of petroleum and coal do Petroleum refining do Rubber products do Tires and inner tubes do Leather and leather products do Footwear (except rubber) do	105. 11 109. 20 87. 89 103. 53 56. 09 52. 71	105. 37 109. 74 92. 74 109. 25 57. 30 54. 31	106. 45 110. 68 91. 21 107. 64 57. 76 55. 71	104, 45 107, 86 90, 80 106, 19 58, 60 56, 39	104. 60 108. 26 89. 28 102. 40 58. 52 56. 47	106, 71 110, 95 87, 60 103, 46 56, 83 54, 39	106. 75 110. 84 88. 80 103. 46 55. 90 53. 04	108, 79 113, 70 91, 21 107, 23 58, 21 55, 73	111. 64 115. 92 94. 16 112. 20 58. 29 56. 09	109. 21 111. 60 92. 84 107. 83 58. 67 56. 32	113. 30 117. 01 92. 97 107. 20 57. 66 54. 90	7 110.03 7 113.36 93.03 7 105.18 57.04 54.15	7 110, 57 115, 30 7 92, 97 106, 35 7 57, 31 53, 91	p 110. 5
Nonmanufacturing industries: Mining:														
Metal do. Anthracite do. Bituminous coal do. Crude-petroleum and natural-gas production: Petroleum and natural-gas production	96. 00 91. 19 106. 79	99. 92 107. 45 115. 33	98. 05 105. 55 110. 63	97. 29 95. 36 112. 51	97, 23 79, 79 109, 58	97. 10 92. 06 111, 74	97. 58 88. 70 107. 76	98. 81 100. 50 114. 68	100, 28	101. 35 91. 08 110. 96	102. 84 105. 19 112. 91	7 98. 31 7 93. 87 7 110. 66	97. 17 80. 87 104. 01	
Nonmetallic mining and quarryingdoContract constructiondoNonbuilding constructiondoBuilding constructiondodo	101, 50 87, 22 102, 48 100, 84 102, 75	104. 58 85. 46 103. 78 99. 96 104. 91	104. 83 82. 32 98. 55 94. 86 99. 57	101. 91 84. 05 104. 80 101. 38 105. 63	101, 25 84, 63 104, 23 100, 47 104, 76	100, 75 84, 87 104, 88 100, 88 105, 70	104. 23 87. 71 106. 39 103. 88 107. 02	109, 18 90, 45 108, 11 106, 63 108, 49	110. 00 90. 70 109. 15 110. 77 108. 93	106. 52 92. 57 111. 07 112. 41 110. 48	113. 28 92. 25 110. 84 110. 16 7 111. 14	7 106. 92 7 91. 19 110. 25 109. 21 110. 53	108. 41 86. 50 103. 01 98. 64 104. 27	
Transportation and public utilities: Local railways and bus linesdo Telephonedo. Telegraphdo. Gas and electric utilitiesdo. Wholesale and retail trade: Wholesale tradedododododododo	85. 97 77. 08 84. 03 94. 21 83. 03	86. 80 75. 46 84. 03 93. 94 83. 84	86, 86 73, 92 86, 32 92, 84 82, 81	86, 25 74, 88 86, 94 92, 62 82, 81	86. 66 74. 30 87. 57 93. 02 83. 01	87, 29 74, 69 86, 11 94, 07 82, 80	88. 71 75. 66 89. 25 93. 61 83. 81	89. 96 76. 44 88. 62 95. 30 84. 82	90. 02 76. 63 88. 62 96. 41 85. 65	89. 40 75. 47 87. 99 95. 94 85. 24	90. 05 75. 66 87. 99 96. 93 86. 05	7 89.01 77.22 87.15 97.58	89. 01 79. 00 85. 69 97. 99 85. 20	
Wholesale trade	60, 42 42, 63 63, 98 81, 72	59. 83 43. 80 63. 27 81. 91	61. 50 43. 94 63. 66 82, 34	61. 50 43. 90 63. 86 82. 53	61, 56 43, 65 63, 68 82, 78	61. 56 44. 38 63. 86 83. 22	62. 32 44. 54 64. 59 84. 48	63. 41 45. 75 65. 67 85. 17	64. 46 45. 67 67. 46 84. 73	64. 63 45. 72 67. 11 84. 73	64. 01 44. 80 66. 06 84. 10	62. 79 44. 48 65. 34 7 82. 84	62. 25 44. 15 65. 16 82. 65	
Finance, insurance, and real estate: Banks and trust companiesdo	62. 35	62.86	63.82	63. 74	63. 89	63. 78	63. 67	63.80	64. 52	64. 31	64.48	r 64. 74	64. 80	
Service and miscellaneous: Hotels, year-rounddo Laundriesdo Cleaning and dyeing plantsdo	42, 63 42, 29 50, 56	43. 14 42. 91 50. 05	42, 42 42, 59 49, 92	42. 32 42. 59 48. 90	42. 63 42. 69 49. 54		43. 23 43. 93 52. 79	43. 42 44. 04 52, 40	43, 93 43, 38 49, 91	44. 25 43. 34 48. 88	44. 11 43. 96 51. 35	r 44. 00 r 43. 73 r 51. 35	44. 40 43. 29 49. 52	

^r Revised. ^p Preliminary. ♀ Includes data for industries not shown.

nless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and	19)56						195	7			,		
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Dece be
	EMPL	ОҮМЕ	ENT A	ND P	OPUL	ATION	V—Co	ntinue	ed			<u>!</u>		'
WAGES—Continued														<u> </u>
verage hourly gross earnings (U. S. Department of														
Labor): All manufacturing industriesdollars	2.03	2. 05	2.05	2.05	2.05	2.05	2.06	2.07	2. 07	2.07	2.08	2.09	7 2. 11	₽ 2.
Excluding overtime‡ do- Durable-goods industries do-	1. 96 2. 16	1. 98 2. 18	1. 98 2. 18	1. 99 2. 17	1. 99 2. 18	2.00 2.18	2.00 2.18	2.01 2.19	2. 01 2. 20	2. 01 2. 21	2. 02 2. 22	2. 03 2. 23	2. 05 2. 24	p 2
Excluding overtimetdo Ordnance and accessoriesdo	2. 08 2. 25	2. 09 2. 27	2. 10 2. 28	2. 10 2. 29	2. 11 2. 30	2. 11 2. 31	2, 12 2, 31	2. 13 2. 33	2, 14 2, 34	2. 14 2. 34	2. 16 2. 37	7 2. 16 2. 38	2. 18 2. 39	p 2
Lumber and wood products (except furniture) dollars Sawmills and planing millsdo	1. 77 1. 78	1.74	1. 72	1. 73	1. 77	1.80 1.78	1, 82 1, 80	1. 84 1. 84	1, 82 1, 81	1.84 1.83	1.84 1.84	7 1. 84 7 1. 82	7 1. 83 1. 82	P
Furniture and fixturesdo	1.72	1. 75 1. 73 2. 01	1. 73 1. 72 2. 02	1. 74 1. 73 2. 01	1. 77 1. 73 2. 02	1.72 2.01	1. 73 2. 02	1.74	1. 74 2. 05	1. 76 2. 06	1.77 2.08	7 1. 77	1. 75 2. 10	p p
Stone, clay, and glass productsdo	_ 2, 44	2. 45	2. 47	2. 46	2. 46	2.46	2. 46	2.48	2, 53	2. 54 2. 54	2. 57	2. 55	2. 55	p
Primary smelting and refining of nonferrous	2. 61	2. 62	2. 66	2. 62	2. 62	2. 63	2. 61	2. 63	2, 72	2. 73	2. 76	2. 73	2. 72	
metals dollars Fabricated metal prod. (except ordnance, ma-	2. 28	2. 29	2.30	2. 29	2. 30	2. 31	2.32	2. 33	2. 35	2.40	2. 42	2.42	2. 40	
chinery, transportation equipment) dollars. Machinery (except electrical) dollars.	2. 12 2. 25	2. 14 2. 27	2. 13 2. 27	2. 13 2. 27	2.14 2.28	2. 15 2. 28	2, 16 2, 28	2. 17 2. 30	2. 19 2. 30	2. 20 2. 30	2. 22 2. 32	2. 22 2. 33	7 2. 23 2. 34	p p
Electrical machinerydo	2, 03	2. 05	2.05	2. 05	2.06	2.06	2.05	2.06	2. 05	2.06	2. 07	2.08	7 2. 10	P
Transportation equipment Q		2. 43 2. 51	2. 38 2. 43	2. 37 2. 41	2, 38 2, 41	2. 37 2. 39	2. 37 2. 40	2. 40 2. 46	2, 41 2, 46	2. 43 2. 47	2. 46 2. 53	2. 47 7 2. 54	2. 50 2. 58	p :
Aircraft and parts do Ship and boat building and repairs do	2. 32	2. 34 2. 35	2. 33 2. 33	2. 33 2. 36	2. 35 2. 37	2, 36 2, 36	2. 33 2. 39	2. 34 2. 38	2. 35 2. 40	2. 38 2. 42	2. 38 2. 45	2. 39 2. 45	2. 41 2. 44	
Railroad equipment do Instruments and related products do Miscellaneous mfg. industries do	2. 38 2. 05	2. 44 2. 07	2, 45 2, 08	2. 45 2. 09	2, 47 2, 10	2, 48 2, 10	2. 47 2. 10	2. 49 2. 11	2. 52 2. 11	2. 52 2. 10	2. 59 2. 14	2. 57 2. 14	2. 59 2. 14	p
	1	1.79	1.81	1.81	1.81	1.81	1.81	1.80	1.81	1.80	1.81	1.81	, 1.82	p
Nondurable-goods industries do Excluding overtime do	1, 84 1, 78	1.86 1.80	1.86 1.81	1. 86 1. 81	1. 87 1. 81	1.87 1.82	1.88 1.83	1.89 1.83	1.89 1.84	1.88 1.83	1. 90 1. 84	1. 90 1. 85	1. 92 1. 86	
$ \begin{array}{cccc} \textbf{Excluding overtime}; & & \textbf{do} \\ \textbf{Food and kindred products} \boldsymbol{\varsigma} & & \textbf{do} \\ \textbf{Meat products} & & & \textbf{do} \\ \end{array} $	1. 89 2. 12	1. 90 2. 11	1. 92 2. 14	1. 93 2. 15	1. 93 2. 13	1. 93 2. 13	1. 94 2. 12	1. 93 2. 12	1. 91 2. 14	1. 90 2. 12	1. 92 2. 18	1. 94 2. 19	7 1.96 2.21	p
Dairy productsdodododo	1, 77 1, 56	1. 79 1. 61	1. 81 1. 64	1.80 1.63	1. 81 1. 66	1.81 1.68	1. 82 1. 66	1. 83 1. 61	1.85 1.55	1.84 1.62	1.87 1.61	1.86 1.64	1.87 1.63	
Dairy products. do Canning and preserving. do Bakery products. do Beverages do	1. 85 2. 16	1. 83 2. 16	1. 84 2. 16	1. 85 2. 17	1.84 2.19	1.85 2.19	1. 87 2. 21	1. 88 2. 25	1.89 2.24	1. 88 2. 21	1. 90 2. 23	r 2. 22	1.94 2.22	- ·
Tobacco manufacturesdo	1.45	1.48	1.49	1.49	1. 53	1. 55	1.58	1. 58	1.61	1.49	1. 46	1.47	1.54	p
Textile-mill products 2do Broadwoven fabric millsdo	_ 1.46	1. 50 1. 46	1. 50 1. 45	1, 50 1, 45	1, 50 1, 45	1, 50 1, 45	1. 50 1. 45	1. 50 1. 45	1. 50 1. 45	1. 50 1. 45	1.46	1. 51 1. 46	1.51 1.46	P
Knitting mills do Apparel and other finished textile products	1, 44	1. 44	1. 45	1. 45	1. 46	1.45	1.46	1. 46	1.45	1. 46	1.47	1.46	1. 47	
Paper and allied productsdo Pulp, paper, and paperboard millsdo	1. 48 1. 98 2. 12	1. 50	1, 49 1, 99 2, 12	1. 49 2. 00 2. 13	1. 50 2. 00 2. 13	1, 48 2, 00 2, 13	1. 48 2. 01	1.49 2.03 2.17	1. 50 2. 06	1.50 2.06	1. 51 2. 08 2. 22	7 1. 49 7 2. 08	r 1. 50 r 2. 08 2. 22	P
Printing, publishing, and allied industries_do	_ 2.45	2. 13 2. 46 2. 16	2. 46 2. 16	2. 48 2. 17	2. 49 2. 17	2. 13 2. 49 2. 17	2. 13 2. 51	2. 51 2. 23	2. 20 2. 51	2. 20 2. 51	2. 53 2. 25	7 2. 22 2. 53 2. 24	2. 53 7 2. 26	P
Chemicals and allied productsdo Industrial organic chemicalsdo		2. 10	2. 10	2. 17	2. 17	2.17	2. 20 2. 35	2. 28	2. 25 2. 40	2. 25 2. 40	2. 41	2. 24	2. 42	
Products of petroleum and coaldo Petroleum refiningdo	2. 57 2. 67	2. 57 2. 67	2. 59 2. 68	2. 56 2. 65	2. 57 2, 66	2, 59 2, 68	2. 61 2. 71	2.66 2.78	2. 69 2. 80	2. 69 2. 79	2. 73 2. 84	2. 71 2. 82	7 2.73 2.84	p
Rubber products do Tires and inner tubes do	2. 17	2. 24 2. 62	2. 23 2. 60	2. 22 2. 59	2. 21 2. 56	2. 19 2. 58	2. 22 2. 58	2. 23 2. 59	2. 28 2. 64	2. 27 2. 63	2. 29 2. 66	2. 32 2. 69	7 2. 33 2. 72	0
Leather and leather products. do Footwear (except rubber) do	1. 52	1. 52 1. 46	1. 52 1. 47	1. 53	1. 54 1. 49	1. 54 1. 49	1. 54 1. 49	1. 54 1. 49	1. 53 1. 48	1. 54 1. 49	1. 55 1. 50	1. 55 1. 50	1. 57 1. 51	p
Sonmanufacturing industries:		1.10		1.10	1.10	1.10	1. 10	1				1	1.01	
Mining: Metaldodo	2. 33	2.34	2. 34	2. 35	2.36	2.38	2.38	2. 41	2.47	2.46	2.49	r 2. 47	2.46	
Anthracitedo Bituminous coaldo Crude-petroleum and natural-gas production:	2. 69 2. 95	2. 96 2. 98	2. 94 2. 95	2. 98 2. 93	2. 87 2. 93	2, 96 3, 02	2. 88 3. 01	2. 93 3. 05	3.09	2. 91 3. 04	2. 98 3. 06	2. 98 3. 04	2. 93 3. 05	
Petroleum and natural-gas proddollars_	2. 50	2. 52	2, 52	2. 51	2. 50	2. 50	2. 58	2.65	2. 67	2.63	2. 71	7 2, 64	2.69	
Nonmetallic mining and quarryingdo Contract constructiondo	1. 96 2. 80	1. 96 2. 82	1. 96 2. 84	1. 95 2. 84	1. 95 2. 84	1. 96 2. 85	1. 98 2. 86	2.01 2.86	2. 02 2. 88	2. 03 2. 90	2. 05 2. 94	7 2. 04 2. 94	2.04 2.96	
Nonbuilding construction do Building construction do	2. 54 2. 87	2. 55 2. 89	2. 55 2. 92	2. 56 2. 91	2. 55 2. 91	2. 58 2. 92	2. 61 2. 94	2. 62 2. 94	2. 65 2. 96	2. 67 2. 97	2. 70 3. 02	2. 69 3. 02	2. 71 3. 04	
Transportation and public utilities: Local railways and bus linesdo	1, 99	2.00	2. 02	2, 02	2, 02	2.03	2.03	2.04	2, 06	2,06	2.07	2.07	2.07	
Telephone do Telegraph do Gas and electric utilities do	1.88	1. 92 2. 02	1, 91 2, 07	1, 92 2, 08	1. 92 2. 09	1. 93 2. 08	1. 94 2. 10	1. 95 2. 10	1.94 2.10	1.94 2.10	1. 95 2. 10	1. 97 2. 10	1.97 2.09	
Wholesale and retail trade:	i	2. 28	2. 27	2. 27	2. 28	2. 30	2.30	2. 33	2. 34	2. 34	2. 37	2.38	2. 39	
Wholesale tradedo Retail trade (except eating and drinking places) ♀	2.05	2, 06	2.06	2.06	2.07	2.07	2, 09	2. 11	2.12	2.11	2. 13	r 2. 13	2.13	
dollars_ General-merchandise storesdo	1. 59 1. 25	1. 55 1. 21	1. 61 1. 27	1. 61 1. 28	1. 62 1. 28	1.62 1.29	1. 64 1. 31	1.66 1.33	1. 67 1. 32	1.67 1.31	1. 68 1. 31	1. 67 1. 32	1. 66 1. 31	
Food and liquor storesdo Automotive and accessories dealersdo	1. 72 1. 87	1.71 1.87	1. 73 1. 88	1.74 1.88	1.74 1.89	1. 74 1. 90	1. 76 1. 92	1. 77 1. 94	1. 78 1. 93	1.78 1.93	1.80 1.92	1.81 1.90	1.82 1.90	
Service and miscellaneous: Hotels, year-rounddo	1.05	1.06	1.05	1.05	1.05	1.05	1. 07	1.08	1.09	1.09	1. 10	7 1. 10	1. 11	
Laundries	_ 1.06	1. 07 1. 28	1. 07 1. 29	1. 07 1. 28	1. 07 1. 28	1. 08 1. 30	1. 09 1. 31	1.09 1.31	1. 09 1. 31	1, 10 1, 30	1. 11 1. 31	1. 11 1. 32	1. 11	
iscellaneous wage data: Construction wage rates (ENR):§					}		}							
Common labor dol. per hr	2. 192 3. 433	2. 192 3. 433	2, 212 3, 456	2. 220 3. 457	2. 220 3. 462	2, 225 3, 467	2. 256 3. 486	2. 286 3. 510	2. 299 3. 543	2. 333 3. 581	2. 334 3. 585	2. 334 3. 604	2. 336 3. 606	$\frac{2}{3}$
Skilled labor do Equipment operators* do Farm wage rates, without board or room (quarterly)	3. 080	3. 085	3. 098	3. 106	3. 107	3. 118	3. 159	3. 183	3. 210	3. 221	3. 237	3. 237	3. 242	3
Railway wages (average, class I)do	2, 191	2. 216	. 95 2. 198	2. 240	2, 208	. 92 2. 212	2. 236	2. 272	. 93 2. 249	2. 263	2. 284	. 84 2. 254		
Road-building wages, common labor (qtrly)do			1.86			1.82			1.88	2. 200		1. 98		

r Revised. p Preliminary. a Rate as of January 1, 1958.

1Data through 1956 shown in the 1957 edition of Business Statistics are based on adjustment factors; the 1956 figures therein have since been revised to reflect calculations from overtime hours now regularly collected. Revisions for 1956 appear in the August 1957 Survey; the published estimates through 1955 are essentially comparable.

2 Includes data for industries not shown separately.

3 Rates as of January 1, 1958: Common labor, \$3.626. Scattered monthly revisions for 1952-55 for skilled labor rates are available upon request.

*New series. Data are arithmetic averages of wage rates for equipment operators in 20 cities. The three types of equipment covered are tractors (including bulldozers, on 70-100 h. p. machines), power cranes and shovels (34 cubic yard), and air compressors. For data back to January 1956, see the December 1957 Survey.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and	13	56						19	957					
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber
				FINA	ANCE									
BANKING														
Acceptances and commercial paper outstanding: Bankers' acceptancesmil. of dol_ Commercial paperdo Agricultural loans and discounts outstanding of agencies supervised by the Farm Credit Adm.:	924 568	967 506	1, 012 548	992 555	1, 019 489	1,018 466	984 483	979 454	1,000 459	1, 227 501	1, 197 501	1, 225 516	1, 224 560	
Total. mil. of dol. Farm mortgage loans: Federal land banksdo do do Other loans and discounts. do	1,724	2, 971 1, 744 457 770	3, 003 1, 763 454 786	3, 062 1, 788 444 829	3, 120 1, 817 423 880	3, 185 1, 836 411 938	3, 234 1, 855 389 990	3, 287 1, 870 384 1, 033	3, 327 1, 877 409 1, 041	3, 345 1, 887 420 1, 038	3, 354 1, 896 430 1, 027	3, 354 1, 904 451 999	3, 329 1, 908 452 969	
Bank debits, total (344 centers)	_ 66, 989	201, 876 77, 495 40, 912	204, 514 76, 460 42, 596	177, 536 67, 035 36, 886	197, 231 74, 786 42, 113	192, 701 72, 328 40, 182	197, 257 71, 780 42, 128	193, 349 74, 512 39, 942	200, 559 74, 509 41, 711	190, 539 68, 409 40, 194	189, 297 70, 953 39, 095	204, 168 77, 431 41, 761	189, 246 71, 667 39, 012	220, 376 88, 584 43, 692
Federal Reserve banks, condition, end of month: Assets, total?	26, 267 518 24, 385	52, 910 26, 699 50 24, 915 21, 269	51, 853 25, 195 668 23, 421 21, 562	51, 387 24, 704 595 22, 887 21, 626	51, 016 24, 970 994 23, 149 21, 627	51, 494 24, 960 829 23, 169 21, 635	51, 618 25, 224 1, 170 23, 108 21, 932	51, 362 24, 816 558 23, 035 21, 945	51, 753 24, 691 420 23, 355 21, 946	51, 626 25, 418 986 23, 539 21, 939	50, 884 24, 622 396 23, 312 21, 943	52, 035 25, 206 789 23, 338 22, 005	52, 562 25, 515 819 23, 733 22, 083	53, 028 25, 784 55 24, 238 22, 085
Liabilities, total ♀ do. Deposits, total ♀ do. Member-bank reserve balances do. Excess reserves (estimated) do. Federal Reserve notes in circulation do.	20, 209 19, 208 489	52, 910 20, 249 19, 059 -30 27, 476	51, 853 20, 203 18, 882 365 26, 698	51, 387 19, 566 18, 576 282 26, 556	51, 016 19, 835 18, 629 117 26, 454	51, 494 19, 983 18, 864 276 26, 323	51, 618 20, 252 19, 049 698 26, 476	51, 362 19, 630 18, 376 -167 26, 682	51, 753 19, 795 18, 630 110 26, 671	51, 626 20, 079 18, 975 670 26, 861	50, 884 19, 426 18, 399 -295 26, 829	52, 035 20, 103 18, 917 376 26, 834	52, 562 19, 996 19, 274 7 512 27, 260	53, 028 20, 117 19, 034 0 27, 535
Ratio of gold certificate reserves to deposit and FR note liabilities combinedpercent.	44.9	44.6	46.0	46. 9	46. 7	46. 7	46. 9	47. 4	47. 2	46.7	47. 4	46.9	46. 7	46 3
Federal Reserve weekly reporting member banks, condition, Wednesday nearest end of month: Deposits: Demand, adjusted	56, 632	57, 629	58, 076	56, 370	55, 118	56, 213	55, 149	54, 307	55, 550	54, 973	54, 015	55, 805	r 55, 464	56, 887
Individuals, partnerships, and corporations mil. of dol. States and political subdivisionsdododododo	3,909	61, 966 4, 183 2, 181	59, 951 4, 211 790	59, 228 4, 099 1, 554	57, 179 4, 045 3, 946	58, 635 4, 545 2, 822	57, 383 4, 439 3, 214	57, 306 4, 238 5, 004	58, 276 4, 169 2, 381	57, 374 3, 878 2, 647	57, 159 3, 872 4, 008	58, 495 3, 857 1, 683	58, 772 4, 005 1, 758	61, 887 4, 331 2, 458
Time, except interbank, total Qdo Individuals, partnerships, and corporations	20, 640	21,017	21, 336	21, 554	22, 083	22, 114	22, 372	22, 484	22, 529	22, 612	22, 821	22, 925	22, 716	23, 293
mil. of dol. States and political subdivisionsdo Interbank (demand and time)do	898	19, 919 916 15, 609	20, 214 939 12, 625	20, 407 964 12, 775	20, 897 1, 004 13, 373	20, 870 1, 063 13, 098	21, 082 1, 111 12, 253	21, 171 1, 125 13, 478	21, 219 1, 123 13, 352	21, 292 1, 135 12, 836	21, 494 1, 143 13, 693	21, 635 1, 111 13, 094	21, 487 1, 060 r 12, 918	21, 951 1, 175 15, 211
Investments, total	26, 141 1, 260 762 18, 840 5, 279	34, 259 26, 774 2, 093 703 18, 756 5, 222 7, 485	33, 521 26, 101 1, 681 680 18, 658 5, 082 7, 420	33, 259 25, 723 1, 461 746 18, 638 4, 878 7, 536	34, 309 26, 635 1, 243 1, 608 18, 569 5, 215 7, 674	33, 675 26, 034 1, 125 1, 311 18, 458 5, 140 7, 641	33, 486 25, 878 1, 665 1, 581 18, 394 4, 238 7, 608	33, 922 26, 310 2, 334 1, 475 18, 272 4, 229 7, 612	32, 797 25, 241 1, 504 1, 342 18, 188 4, 207 7, 556	32, 535 24, 914 1, 623 1, 562 18, 107 3, 622 7, 621	25, 654 1, 197 1, 732 18, 166 4, 559 7, 681	33, 129 25, 191 1, 156 1, 600 18, 004 4, 431 7, 938	7 32, 743 7 25, 010 1, 007 1, 713 17, 898 7 4, 392 7 7, 733	34, 329 26, 423 1, 888 1, 752 18, 007 4, 776 7, 906
Loans (adjusted), totalodo Commercial, industrial, and agriculturaldo To brokers and dealers in securitiesdo Other loans for purchasing or carrying securities	52, 461 30, 407 1, 915	53, 375 31, 137 2, 130	51, 776 30, 260 1, 689	51, 779 30, 314 1, 760	52, 944 31, 322 1, 952	53, 454 31, 450 2, 113	52, 756 31, 077 1, 765	54, 282 32, 310 1, 892	53, 568 31, 738 1, 660	53, 935 32, 012 1, 810	54, 563 32, 331 2, 021	53, 614 31, 756 1, 642	r 53, 329 r 31, 527 r 1, 610	54, 658 32, 237 2, 190
mil. of dol. Real-estate loans	1, 205 8, 855	1, 208 8, 839 11, 069	1, 182 8, 790 10, 868	1, 148 8, 762 10, 813	1, 152 8, 691 10, 873	1, 173 8, 679 11, 086	1, 156 8, 661 11, 144	1, 184 8, 649 11, 303	1, 142 8, 675 11, 412	1, 120 8, 696 11, 355	1, 118 8, 727 11, 427	1, 106 8, 758 11, 411	1,093 r 8,777 r 11,385	1, 154 8, 761 11, 448
Money and interest rates:§ Bank rates on business loans:		4.00			4.38	!		4.40			4. 83			
In 19 cities percent. New York City do. 7 other northern and eastern cities do. 11 southern and western cities do.	-	4. 38 4. 22 4. 40 4. 58			4. 23 4. 40 4. 60			4. 40 4. 23 4. 39 4. 65			4. 85 4. 85 5. 01			
Discount rate (N. Y. F. R. Bank) do- Federal intermediate credit bank loans do- Federal land bank loans do- Open market rates, New York City:	3. 00 3. 71	3. 00 3. 89 4. 63	3.00 3.98 4.75	3.00 4.11 4.79	3.00 4.19 4.96	3. 00 4. 20 5. 04	3. 00 4. 22 5. 08	3. 00 4. 25 5. 17	3. 00 4. 29 5. 17	3. 50 4. 36 5. 21	3. 50 4. 45 5. 25	3. 50 4. 49 5. 38	3.00 4.68	
Acceptances, prime, bankers' 90 daysdo Commercial paper, prime, 4-6 monthsdo Yield on U. S. Govt. securities: 3-month billsdo	3. 05 3. 63 3. 000	3. 35 3. 63 3. 230	3. 38 3. 63 3. 210	3. 38 3. 63 3. 165	3. 27 3. 63 3. 140	3. 20 3. 63 3. 113	3. 25 3. 63 3. 042	3. 36 3. 79 3. 316	3, 38 3, 88 3, 165	3.78 3.98 3.404	3. 83 4. 00 3. 578	3.75 4.10 3.591	3.50 4.07 3.337	3. 35 3. 81 3. 102
3-5 year taxable issuesdo Savings deposits, halance to credit of depositors: New York State savings banksmil. of dol. U. S. postal savings¶do	17, 372	3, 65 17, 626 1, 649	3. 40 17, 611 1, 621	3. 33 17, 657 1, 598	3. 38 17, 795 1, 573	3. 48 17, 780 1, 542	3. 60 17, 895 1, 511	3. 77 18, 058 1, 462	3. 89 18, 023 1, 432	3. 91 18, 064 1, 407	3. 93 18, 205 7 1, 383	3. 99 18, 207 21, 361	3. 63 18, 323 1, 343	3. 04 18, 588 P 1, 326
CONSUMER CREDIT; (Short- and Intermediate-term)	-,		_, 021	2, 555	2.00	-, 0.22	_, vaa	, 202	-, 202		_, 555	2,001	2,010	1,020
Total outstanding, end of monthmil. of dol.		42, 097	41, 138	40, 738	40, 735	41, 247	41, 937	42, 491	42, 592	43, 133	43, 270	43, 274	43, 530	
Installment credit, totaldo		31, 827	31, 568	31, 488	31, 524	31, 786	32, 158	32,608	32, 968	33, 303	33, 415	33, 504	33, 596	
Automobile paperdo. Other consumer-goods paperdo Repair and modernization loansdo. Personal loansdo. * Revised. * Preliminary.	8, 066 1, 890	14, 459 8, 510 1, 895 6, 963	14, 410 8, 305 1, 872 6, 981	14, 432 8, 160 1, 859 7, 037	14, 528 8, 043 1, 856 7, 097	14, 691 8, 017 1, 862 7, 216	14, 883 8, 081 1, 886 7, 308	15, 127 8, 165 1, 905 7, 411	15, 329 8, 189 1, 921 7, 529	15, 490 8, 229 1, 954 7, 630	15, 556 8, 228 1, 969 7, 662	15, 579 8, 236 1, 988 7, 701	8, 300 1, 996	

Personal loans.

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Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and		956		1				195	7	· · · · ·				
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem ber
		<u> </u>	FINA	NCE-	-Cont	inued								,
CONSUMER CREDIT;—Continued (Short- and Intermediate-term) Potal outstanding, end of month—Continued														
Installment credit, total—Continued By type of holder: Financial institutions, total	26, 877 11, 648 9, 075 1, 986 2, 969 1, 199	27, 084 11, 707 9, 100 2, 014 3, 056 1, 207	26, 974 11, 638 9, 077 2, 011 3, 048 1, 200	27, 008 11, 662 9, 035 2, 039 3, 058 1, 214	27, 148 11, 736 9, 048 2, 076 3, 063 1, 225	27, 544 11, 981 9, 104 2, 127 3, 105 1, 227	27, 864 12, 143 9, 176 2, 167 3, 123 1, 255	28, 263 12, 323 9, 300 2, 227 3, 155 1, 258	28, 726 12, 508 9, 476 2, 284 3, 209 1, 249	29, 014 12, 607 9, 565 2, 344 3, 234 1, 264	29, 128 12, 656 9, 598 2, 377 3, 231 1, 266	29, 241 12, 749 9, 585 2, 415 3, 229 1, 263	29, 239 12, 717 9, 564 2, 439 3, 248 1, 271	
Retail outlets, total	4, 363 1, 231 1, 136 504 1, 492	4, 743 1, 408 1, 187 502 1, 646	4, 594 1, 387 1, 139 499 1, 569	4, 480 1, 351 1, 115 499 1, 515	4, 376 1, 304 1, 090 501 1, 481	4, 242 1, 176 1, 075 505 1, 486	4, 294 1, 229 1, 077 510 1, 478	4, 345 1, 249 1, 077 518 1, 501	4, 242 1, 144 1, 072 525 1, 501	4, 289 1, 161 1, 083 530 1, 515	4, 287 1, 167 1, 077 533 1, 510	4, 263 1, 134 1, 080 533 1, 516	4, 357 1, 199 1, 092 531 1, 535	
Noninstallment credit, totaldo	9, 591	10, 270	9, 570	9, 250	9, 211	9, 461	9, 779	9, 883	9, 624	9, 830	9, 855	9, 770	9, 934	
Single-payment loans	3, 258 4, 072 2, 261 3, 258	3, 253 4, 735 2, 282 3, 253	3, 199 4, 111 2, 260 3, 199	3, 273 3, 690 2, 287 3, 273	3, 370 3, 534 2, 307 3, 370	3, 374 3, 735 2, 352 3, 374	3, 582 3, 834 2, 363 3, 582	3, 530 3, 948 2, 405 3, 530	3, 406 3, 810 2, 408 3, 406	3, 458 3, 957 2, 415 3, 458	3, 493 3, 942 2, 420 3, 493	3, 405 3, 991 2, 374 3, 405	3, 458 4, 135 2, 341 3, 458	
Retail outletsdo Service creditdo	4, 072 2, 261	4, 735 2, 282	4, 111 2, 260	3, 690 2, 287	3, 534 2, 307	3, 735 2, 352	3, 834 2, 363	3, 948 2, 405	3, 810 2, 408	3, 957 2, 415	3, 942 2, 420	3, 991 2, 374	4, 135 2, 341	
nstallment credit extended and repaid: Unadjusted:	3, 449 1, 227 1, 110	3, 824 1, 200 1, 359	3, 090 1, 258 802	2, 976 1, 215 763	3, 347 1, 380 846	3, 594 1, 468 901	3, 748 1, 513 1, 016	3, 674 1, 494 998	3, 837 1, 563 995	3, 704 1, 467 1, 022	3, 388 1, 364 927	3, 545 1, 404 976	3, 439 1, 250 1, 020	
All otherdo Repaid, totaldo	1, 112 3, 194	1, 265 3, 237	1, 030 3, 349	998 3, 056	1, 121 3, 311	1, 225 3, 332	1, 219 3, 376	1. 182 3, 224	1, 279 3, 477	1, 215 3, 369	1, 097 3, 276	1, 165 3, 456	1, 169 3, 347	
Automobile paper	1, 256 916 1, 022	1, 210 915 1, 112	1, 307 1, 007 1, 035	1, 193 908 955	1, 284 963 1, 064	1, 305 927 1, 100	1, 321 952 1, 103	1, 250 914 1, 060	1, 361 971 1, 145	1, 306 982 1, 081	1, 298 928 1, 050	1, 381 968 1, 107	1, 287 956 1, 104	
Extended, total do. Automobile paper do. Other consumer-goods paper do. All other do.	3, 512 1, 353 1, 047 1, 112	3, 451 1, 334 1, 003 1, 114	3, 475 1, 422 931 1, 122	3, 506 1, 408 960 1, 138	3, 423 1, 375 928 1, 120	3, 469 1, 372 935 1, 162	3, 533 1, 364 993 1, 176	3, 546 1, 359 1, 004 1, 183	3, 598 1, 385 995 1, 218	3, 590 1, 357 1, 025 1, 208	3, 544 1, 395 970 1, 179	3, 541 1, 439 909 1, 193	3, 558 1, 407 961 1, 190	
Repaid, total	3, 191 1, 238 935 1, 018	3, 241 1, 251 953 1, 037	3, 295 1, 314 943 1, 038	3, 257 1, 284 933 1, 040	3, 256 1, 272 936 1, 048	3, 284 1, 295 908 1, 081	3, 314 1, 306 920 1, 088	3, 339 1, 289 952 1, 098	3, 383 1, 318 964 1, 101	3, 342 1, 276 977 1, 089	3, 420 1, 319 990 1, 111	3, 358 1, 317 946 1, 095	3, 395 1, 292 982 1, 121	
FEDERAI, GOVERNMENT FINANCE								i						
Budget receipts and expenditures: mil. of dol. Receipts, total	5, 705 4, 818 63	5, 898 5, 412 59	5, 279 4, 809 64	7, 486 6, 188 53	12, 145 10, 737 66	6, 142 4, 256 65	7, 759 5, 282 64	12, 819 11, 688 58	3, 734 3, 057 70	6, 475 5, 128 65	8, 109 7, 225 65	3, 796 3, 131 76	5, 845 4, 827 67	
Individual income taxes	3, 436 380 662 1, 165	2, 391 1, 825 355 1, 268	3, 126 461 316 1, 311	4, 708 445 1, 160 1, 120	2, 868 7, 327 692 1, 192	3, 646 520 633 1, 278	4, 587 502 1, 314 1, 293	4, 071 6, 722 589 1, 378	1, 316 541 366 1, 441	3, 806 355 1, 003 1, 245	3, 986 2, 304 540 1, 214	1, 537 429 363 1, 391	3, 512 367 740 1, 158	
Expenditures, total	5, 726 580 407 3, 564 1, 175	5, 718 631 405 3, 576 1, 106	6, 095 651 410 3, 741 1, 293	5, 743 585 407 3, 576 1, 175	5, 584 601 414 3, 700 869	5, 987 604 419 3, 913 1, 051	5, 944 604 444 3, 750 1, 146	6, 279 641 409 5, 046 182	6, 347 659 377 3, 628 1, 683	5, 930 628 382 3, 989 931	5, 667 630 362 3, 589 1, 086	6, 501 641	5, 806 636	
tublic debt and guaranteed obligations: Gross debt (direct), end of month, total do. Interest bearing, total do. Public issues do. Special issues do. Noninterest bearing do. Obligations guaranteed by U. S. Government, end	277, 017 274, 471 228, 749 45, 722 2, 546	276, 628 274, 219 228, 581 45, 639 2, 408	276, 229 273, 698 228, 367 45, 331 2, 531	276, 269 273, 919 228, 449 45, 470 2, 350	274, 999 272, 773 227, 169 45, 603 2, 226	274, 008 272, 066 226, 915 45, 151 1, 942	275, 234 273, 074 226, 937 46, 137 2, 160	270, 527 268, 486 221, 658 46, 827 2, 042	272, 469 270, 595 224, 272 46, 323 1, 874	273, 845 272, 018 225, 308 46, 709 1, 828	274, 412 272, 688 226, 467 46, 221 1, 724	274, 067 272, 406 226, 338 46, 068 1, 661	274, 747 273, 132 227, 146 45, 986 1, 615	274, 899 272, 879 227, 079 45, 799 2, 02
of month	57, 231 389 692	57, 018 390 728	56, 570 496 1, 070	56, 317 386 728	56, 068 384 723	55, 836 389 707	55, 586 394 737	54, 996 362 1, 076	107 54, 631 400 890	54, 364 392 750	54, 105 362 713	53, 799 337 729	53, 533 334 694	53, 20° 36° 81°
ederal business-type activities, end of quarter: σ^1 Assets, except interagency, totalmil. of dol_ Loans receivable, total (less reserves)do_ To aid agriculturedo_ To aid homeownersdo_ Foreign loansdo_ All otherdo_		1 69, 873 20, 657 6, 752 3, 680 8, 223 2, 311			1 69, 895 21, 353 7, 261 4, 076 8, 237 2, 107			1 69, 058 20, 982 6, 830 4, 380 8, 300 2, 305						
Commodities, supplies, and materials do. U. S. Government securities do. Other securities and investments do. Land, structures, and equipment do. All other assets do.		21, 375 3, 739 3, 669 9, 985 10, 448			21, 303 3, 923 3, 729 9, 875 9, 713			3, 881 3, 725 9, 977	-					
Liabilities, except interagency, total. do. Bonds, notes, and debentures. do. Other liabilities. do Private proprietary interest. do. U. S. Government proprietary interest. do.		2,778 3,660 1 918			1 6, 755 3, 043 3, 713 1 775 1 62 364			3, 559 3, 320 1, 037						

^{&#}x27; Revised. ' Preliminary. ' See note marked "c".

See corresponding note on p. S-16.

Effective May 1957, for series E through H.

CFIgures are not directly comparable from quarter to quarter, since activities covered vary. Data reflect the condition of activities (public-enterprise and intragovernmental funds, certain other activities of the U. S. Government, and certain deposit and trust revolving funds) reporting to the Treasury under Department Circular No. 966; excluded from the data are activities (with total assets of \$23,612 million) reporting as of June 30, 1957, pursuant to Supplement No. 1. Interagency items are excluded except in the case of trust revolving funds.

nless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and	198	,		r				19	57		F			
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decer ber
		<u>. </u>	FIN	ANCE	Con	tinue	d	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	•					
LIFE INSURANCE]									
stitute of Life Insurance:‡ Assets, total, all U. S. life insurance companies		i		:										
mil. of dol Bonds (book value), domestic and foreign, total	95 , 2 87	95, 844	96, 316	96, 7 3 8	97,074	97, 488	97, 868	98, 239	99, 005	99, 374	99, 812	100, 224	100, 597	
U. S. Governmentdodo	48, 982 7, 745	49, 056 7, 519	49, 324 7, 588 2, 244	49, 470 7, 544	49, 564 7, 427	49, 767 7, 430	49, 899 7, 340	50, 014 7, 270	50, 480 7, 306	50, 604 7, 268	50,755 7,224 2,340	51, 005 7, 233	51, 122 7, 135	
State, county, municipal (U. S.)do Public utility (U. S.)do	2, 228 13, 962	2, 234 14, 005	14,030	2, 244 14, 049	2, 251 14, 110	2, 264 14, 157	2, 290 14, 182	2, 290 14, 259	2, 323 14, 339	2, 333 14, 375	14, 426	2, 352 14, 504	2, 362 14, 553	
Railroad (U. S.) do Industrial and miscellaneous (U. S.) do Industrial and miscellaneous (U. S.)	3, 842 18, 583	3, 842 18, 808	3, 838 18, 951	3, 837 19, 084	3, 840 19, 204	3, 838 19, 314	3, 843 19, 442	3,841 19,541	3, 837 19, 844	3, 842 19, 932	3, 843 20, 076	3, 845 20, 222	3, 845 20, 368	
Stocks (book value), domestic and foreign, total	2, 969	2, 909	2, 921	2, 933	2, 941	2, 951	2, 958	2, 956	2, 993	9.010	3, 010	9 001	3, 028	
Preferred (U. S.) mil. of doldodo	1, 703 1, 254	1,636	1, 632 1, 273	1,627	1, 628 1, 294	1, 629 1, 303	1, 630 1, 309	1,620	1, 622 1, 350	3, 018 1, 622	1, 624 1, 365	3, 021 1, 630	1, 626 1, 381	
Common (U. S.) do do Mortgage loans, total do Nonfarm do	32, 706 30, 240	1, 261 32, 994 30, 524	33, 279 30, 810	1, 287 33, 479 31, 001	33, 672 31, 179	33, 840 31, 334	34, 022 31, 498	1, 317 34, 159 31, 620	34, 356 31, 794	1, 375 34, 547	34, 697 32, 122	1, 370 34, 859 32, 274	34, 986 32, 396	
	2, 815	2, 829	2,841	2.865	2. 883	2, 907	2, 948	2, 983	3,004	31, 978 3, 032	3, 059	3,085	3, 113	
Real estate do Policy loans and premium notes do Cash do	3, 483 1, 107	3, 505 1, 273	3, 523 1, 141	3, 547 1, 103	3, 575 1, 056	3, 606 1, 080	3, 633 1, 058	3, 657 1, 118	3, 703 1, 113	3, 731 1, 083	3,764 1,128	3, 802 1, 112	3, 833 1, 126	
Other assets doife Insurance Agency Management Association:	3, 225	3, 278	3, 287	3, 341	3, 383	3, 337	3, 350	3, 352	3, 356	3, 359	3, 399	3, 340	3, 389	
Insurance written (new paid-for insurance):1 Value, estimated totalmil. of dol	4, 805	7, 138	4, 338	5,000	5, 653	5, 907	6, 224	5, 545	5, 281	4, 963	4, 602	5, 732	5, 469	
Group and wholesaledo	866 531	2, 736 556	705 472	1, 281 509	1, 158 563	1, 510 569	1, 680 574	1, 365 521	1,090 492	759 515	672 517	1, 244 510	1, 181 465	
Industrialdo Ordinary total⊕do	3, 408	3, 846	3, 161	3, 210	3, 932	3, 828	3, 970	3, 659	3, 699	3, 689	3, 413	3, 978	3, 823	
New England do Middle Atlantic do	215 838	224 919	210 738 673	211 767	250 959	241 949	255 983	234 898	232 910	225 880	200 805	244 977	246 979	
East North Central do West North Central do	732 260	816 310	249	679 250	826 301	788 282	843 309	731 297	770 306	784 298	725 273	826 316	796 292	
South Atlantiedo East South Centraldo	412 145	442 152	364 131	372 137	449 165	450 168	458 173	445 158	428 156	436 159	433 152	477 165	455 157	
West South Centraldo	281 114	332 160	295 110	283 116	346 136	323 135	348 150	332 136	333 145	332 138	320 130	364 154	331	
Mountain do	370	445	354	347	424	412	452	427	419	437	374	455	146 421	
stitute of Life Insurance: Payments to policyholders and beneficiaries, esti- mated totalmil. of dol.	473. 1	590. 9	595. 9	495. 0	575.8	560. 8	551, 5	515. 6	551, 2	525, 3	496.9	587. 1	525. 2	
Death benefitsdo Matured endowmentsdo	197. 5 56. 3	209. 0 63. 7	236. 9 66. 5	207. 4 56. 4	223. 8 68. 5	228. 1 63. 5	233. 6 63. 2	196. 4 56. 7	233. 4 54. 7	222. I 55. 4	202. 4 53. 0	248. 8 64. 0	222. 4 57. 8	
Disability paymentsdo	9. 1	8.9	10. 9	8.9	10.0	9.8	9. 4	9. 3	9.6	9.7	9,1	10. 2	9. 2	
Annuity paymentsdo Surrender valuesdo	44. 1 86. 0	38. 1 94. 9	61. 5 98. 0	41. 9 94. 4	45.8 108.3	44. 1 110. 6	44. 6 108. 7	45. 0 102. 2	46.5 107.5	44.7 105.7	42.6 92.5	47. 6 118. 3	44.8 101.7	
Policy dividendsdododododo	80. 1	176. 3	122. 1	86.0	119. 4	104. 7	92.0	106.0	99.5	87.7	97.3	98. 2	89. 3	
Premium income (39 cos.), quarterly totaldo		2,673.1 403.1			391. 5			2, 389. 7 410. 0			413.6			l
Annuities do		289.0			284.9			241.7 266.4			297. 1 283. 5			
Industrialdododo		279. 7 1,343.2			234. 3 1, 247. 8			202. 7 1, 268. 9			204. 7 1, 277. 8			
MONETARY STATISTICS														
old and silver: Gold:														ļ
Monetary stock, U. S. (end of mo.) mil. of dol	21, 910 105. 7	51.2	295. 9	28.0	16.0	-5.8	285. 4	-6.0	8	-11.4	-9.0	36.9	22, 763 -31. 2	
Exports thous of dol. Imports dodo	7 258 12, 740	353 3, 090	88, 386 34, 498	41, 787 11, 980	36, 316 27, 511	189 20, 967	144 20, 121	304 10, 265	168 2,825	163 28, 738	358 19, 29 0	172 42, 956	206 26, 948	
Production reported monthly total Q do	78, 000	73, 600	76, 500	72, 900	78, 300		::-:::-							
Africado Canadado United Statesdo	52, 500 12, 900	50, 500 12, 800	53, 100 12, 600	51, 200 12, 000	54, 400 13, 200	54, 000 12, 900	55, 300 13, 100	54, 800 12, 600	56, 400 12, 800	56, 100 12, 600	13, 100	13, 900		l
Silvar:	5, 600 7 1, 381	4,600	5, 000 2, 405	4, 400 961	5, 100	4, 700 1, 183	5, 000 1, 326	4, 900 1, 045	5, 800	5, 800 465	5, 700	6, 500 681	5, 100 507	1
Exports	9, 435 . 914	8,869 .914	9, 101 . 914	6, 396 . 914	11, 232 . 914	7, 958 . 914	5, 943 . 913	10, 820	16, 241 . 903	16, 695 . 909	7, 993	5, 786 . 906	33, 226 . 904	
Production:	2, 430	2,357	r 2, 159	7 2, 032	, 2, 346		, 2, 107	r 2, 202	, 2, 377	7 2, 566	, 2, 336	2,771		
Mexico do United States do sorey supply (end of month):	3, 732 2, 886	3, 048 3, 168	4, 066 2, 997	3, 784 2, 925	4, 248 3, 360	7 2, 226 3, 217 3, 735	4, 336 2, 486	3, 793 3, 386	2, 842 2, 859	4, 628 2, 500	4, 156 2, 937	3, 334	2, 731	
oney supply (end of month): Currency in circulation mil. of dol.	31, 424	31, 790	30, 614	30, 575	30, 585	30, 519	30, 836	31, 082	30, 933	31, 133	31,073	31, 090	31, 661	
Currency in circulation mil. of dol	227, 000 3, 400	230, 510 3, 306	226,400 3, 100	225,100 3, 100	225,400 3, 100	228,200 3,200	228, 200 3, 200	p229, 100 p 3, 400	p 3, 300	p 229, 000 p 3, 200	p229, 500 p 3, 300	₽ 3, 300	^p 231, 000 ^p 3, 200	
U. S. Government balances	6, 500	5, 254	3, 300	3, 900	5, 100	5, 500	6,600	p 6, 100	p 5, 000	Þ 5, 700	p 5, 300	p 4, 800	p 4, 600	
Deposits (adjusted) and currency, totaldo Demand deposits, adjusteddodo	217, 200 108, 300	221, 950 111, 391	219, 900 109, 500	218, 000 107, 000	217, 200 105, 200	219,600 107,300	218,400 104,800	p219, 700 p105, 600	P106, 600	p220, 000 p105, 100	₽220, 900 ₽105, 500	≥107,200	P223, 000 P107, 200	
Time deposits, adjusted dododo	80, 900 28, 000	82, 224 28, 335	82, 900 27, 400	83, 600 27, 400	84, 600 27, 400	84, 900 27, 400	85, 700 27, 900	p 86, 400 p 27, 800	^p 86, 700 ^p 27, 800	p 87, 100 p 27, 800	[₽] 87, 700 ₽ 27, 800	p 88, 100 p 27, 800	p 87, 600 p 28, 500	
urnover of demand deposits except interbank and				40.0		40.0	4= 4					40.0		
New York Cityratio of debits to deposits_ 6 other centers ofdo 337 other reporting centersdo	48. 3	51. 8 29. 9	48. 3 30. 0	48. 9 30. 2	48. 7 32. 0	46. 9 30. 3	47. 1 30. 5	51. 4 30. 4	49. 5 30. 6	44. 7 28. 5	52. 2 31. 4	49. 9 29. 6	51. 2 • 30. 7	p

Revised. Preliminary.

‡ Revisions for assets of all life insurance companies for January-July 1956 will be shown later; those for insurance written for 1956 are shown in the Survey beginning with the July 1957

TREVISIONS for assets of an me instance to the first of t

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and	19	56						19	57				 	
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber
			FINA	NCE-	-Cont	inued					<u> </u>			
PROFITS AND DIVIDENDS (QUARTERLY)														
Manufacturing corporations (Fed. Trade and SEC): Net profit after taxes, all industriesmil. of dol Food and kindred productsdo Textile mill productsdo		4, 255 262 96			4, 099 224 66			4, 072 258 65			3, 737 320 72			
Lumber and wood products (except furniture) mil, of dol. Paper and allied products		35 163 451			12 149 453			40 130 469			42 128			
Petroleum refining do Stone, clay, and glass products do Primary nonferrous metal do Primary iron and steel do		827 162 194 410			806 120 176 390			671 170 139 377			642 176 118			
Fabricated metal products (except ordnance, machinery, and transport, equip.)mil. of dol. Machinery (except electrical)		145 375 190			149 385 236			178 428 226			179 339 209			1
Transportation equipment (except motor vehicles, etc.) mil. of dol. Motor vehicles and parts do		129 378 435			120 467 346			139 386 395			121 233 419			
Dividends paid (cash), all industriesdolectric utilities, net profit after taxes (Fed. Res.)‡ Railways and telephone cos. (see pp. S-23 and S-24).		2, 259 331			1, 804 393			1, 817 327			1, 766 326			}
SECURITIES ISSUED												{		
Securities and Exchange Commission: Estimated gross proceeds, total	1, 829 1, 157 451	1, 955 1, 756 915	2, 432 2, 254 916	2, 123 1, 769 761	3, 248 2, 934 1, 072	2, 362 2, 053 647	1, 785 1, 675 691	2, 401 1, 928 1, 074	1, 977 1, 724 770	1, 934 1, 827 830	3, 980 3, 865 913	r 2, 624 r 2, 456 872	3, 015 2, 841 693	
Common stock	627 45 1,123 168	183 16 1, 114 538	144 34 1, 094 396	329 26 1,116 558	276 38 1,386 377	264 46 956 324	85 25 802 142	407 66 1, 547 660	230 22 1,022 244	76 31 937 246	96 19 1,028 340	100 68 1,039 133	150 24 867 254	
Mining do Public utility do Railroad do Communication do Real estate and financial do	78 156 39 600 38	18 160 44 76 153	24 251 51 107 191	43 265 22 47 113	18 514 39 284 93	21 364 28 48 96	11 363 54 83 73	20 444 25 139 213	248 23 54 347	14 255 15 129 219	28 426 24 66 78	45 307 18 366 156	22 313 16 92 125	
Noncorporate, total Q do. U. S. Government do. State and municipal do. New corporate security issues:	706 389 311	841 390 427	1, 337 496 685	1,007 386 569	1, 862 1, 327 503	1, 406 390 763	983 394 539	854 362 388	954 400 516	997 392 595	2, 952 2, 263 437	7 1, 584 894 7 683	2, 148 1, 374 615	
Estimated net proceeds, total do Proposed uses of proceeds: New money, total do Plant and equipment do	1, 110 1, 048 905	1, 098 1, 049 737	1, 075 1, 026 794	1, 092 927 724	1, 365 1, 271 1, 106	937 864 653	786 707 558	1, 520 1, 419 1, 051	1,006 930 457	923 905 622	1, 012 949 803	1, 025 976 773	850 793 565	
Working capital do do Retirement of securities do	143 21 41 311, 354	312 11 39 427, 298	232 11 38 685, 472	203 22 144 568, 928	165 21 73 503, 237	211 13 61 763, 411	149 15 64 538, 533	368 31 69 387, 502	474 15 60 516, 182	283 9 9 595, 240	146 40 24 437, 163	203 12 38 639, 367	228 19 38	
Short-term do SECURITY MARKETS	327, 959	148, 455	325, 574	454, 707	146, 928	204, 961	337, 264	152, 644	271, 697	272, 017		302, 503		
Brokers' Balances (N. Y. S. E. Members Carrying Margin Accounts)												ļ		
Cash on hand and in banks mil. of dol_ Customers' debit balances (net) do Customers' free credit balances do Money borrowed do	2, 817 822 2, 114	336 2, 866 878 2, 195	343 2, 799 866 2, 006	322 2, 764 828 2, 057	313 2, 741 820 2, 005	319 2, 820 807 2, 104	320 2, 833 817 2, 115	321 2, 918 820 2, 156	327 2, 917 829 2, 138	332 2, 863 816 2, 093	838	354 7 2, 608 879 1, 780	325 2, 559 876 1, 697	
Bonds	,	,	, '		,	,			'	,			,,,,,	
Prices: Average price of all listed bonds (N. Y. S. E.), totals	92. 14 92. 42 75. 09	91, 59 91, 91 71, 94	93, 33 93, 69 73, 00	93, 33 93, 57 76, 71	93. 41 93. 65 77. 04	92, 48 92, 72 76, 62	91, 62 91, 85 78, 23	90. 10 90. 32 77. 28	89, 93 90, 16 75, 93	90. 12 90. 34 75. 44		89. 67 89. 89 75. 34	92, 67 92, 93 75, 27	
Standard and Poor's Corporation: Industrial, utility, and railroad (A1+issues): Composite (21 bonds) &dol. per \$100 bond. Domestic municipal (15 bonds)do. U. S. Tressury bonds, taxabledo.	103. 7 109. 0 90. 22	102. 8 108. 1 88. 74	102. 8 108. 6 89. 96	104. 2 110. 9 91. 51	104. 4 110. 0 90. 88	104. 3 109. 8 90. 45	103. 2 106. 9 89. 41	101. 0 103. 5 87. 12	100. 0 103. 5 86. 88	98. 3 101. 2 86. 92	98. 0 101. 3	98. 2 102. 9 93. 19	98. 3 103. 4 95. 63	102. 107.
sales: Total, excluding U. S. Government bonds: All registered exchanges: Market valuethous. of dol. Face valuedo	96, 407 101, 520	144, 608 152, 555	116, 182 120, 730	93, 606 93, 715	85, 420 91, 927	105, 432 104, 640	91, 949 96, 698	98, 622 103, 748	94, 431 101, 398	78, 750 85, 758		112, 849 130, 206	94, 231 109, 879	
New York Stock Exchange: Market valuedodo Face valuedo New York Stock Exchange, exclusive of stopped	95, 082 100, 010	143, 305 150, 956	114, 750 119, 016	92, 471 92, 390	84, 305 90, 671	104, 304 103, 350	90, 490 94, 864	97, 613 102, 590	93, 186 99, 907	77, 601 84, 401	71, 978 83, 093	111, 565 128, 615	93, 159 108, 569	
sales, face value, totals thous, of doi U. S. Government do Other than U. S. Government, totals do Domestic do Foreign do	105, 810 29 105, 781 100, 601 5, 180	124, 985 103 124, 882 120, 353 4, 525	94, 060 94, 060 89, 458 4, 590	74, 802 35 74, 767 71, 862 2, 883	77, 758 35 77, 723 73, 933 3, 783	90, 065 0 90, 065 86, 120 3, 935	87, 537 1 87, 536 83, 306 4, 227	87, 626 87, 626 83, 073 4, 538	84, 054 2 84, 052 79, 881 4, 159	74, 993 0 74, 993 70, 978 4, 013	69, 798	118, 623 0 118, 623 113, 105		

Revised. * Preliminary.

Revisions for electric utilities for last 3 quarters of 1955, respectively (mil. dol.): 292; 285; 325.

Includes data not shown separately.

Spata for bonds of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, not shown separately, are included in computing average price of all listed bonds.

Number of bonds represents number currently used; the change in the number does not affect the continuity of series.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and)56						19	57		,	 .		
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decen ber
			FINA	NCE-	–Cont	inued								
SECURITY MARKETS—Continued Bonds—Continued														
Value, issues listed on N. Y. S. E.: Market value, total, all issues §mil. of dol Domesticdo Foreigndo	99, 382 97, 663 1, 211	99, 022 97, 358 1, 159	100, 951 99, 253 1, 165	101, 317 99, 503 1, 223	101, 605 99, 784 1, 228	100, 657 98, 847 1, 227	100, 061 98, 060 1, 351	98, 483 96, 509 1, 335	98, 351 96, 447 1, 263	98, 530 96, 627 1, 254	98, 481 96, 573 1, 253	99, 015 97, 093 1, 276	102, 487 100, 524 1, 236	
Face value, total, all issues \$	107, 861 105, 677 1, 613	108, 109 105, 929 1, 611	108, 165 105, 933 1, 596	108, 557 106, 336 1, 595	108, 769 106, 548 1, 595	108, 845 106, 613 1, 602	109, 208 106, 765 1, 727	109, 299 106, 855 1, 728	109, 359 106, 976 1, 664	109, 336 106, 954 1, 662	109, 591 107, 208 1, 664	110, 426 108, 010 1, 693	110, 598 108, 173 1, 642	
Yields: Domestic corporate (Moody's)percent	3.90	3. 99	4.04	3. 99	3.97	3.96	4.02	4. 15	4. 26	4.37	4. 44	4. 46	4, 49	4
By ratings: Aaa	3. 69 3. 76 3. 90 4. 24	3. 75 3. 85 3. 98 4. 37	3, 77 3, 89 4, 01 4, 49	3. 67 3. 83 3. 99 4. 47	3. 66 3. 80 3. 97 4. 43	3. 67 3. 79 3. 95 4. 44	3. 74 3. 83 3. 99 4. 52	3. 91 3. 98 4. 09 4. 63	3, 99 4, 10 4, 20 4, 73	4. 10 4. 21 4. 35 4. 82	4. 12 4. 26 4. 43 4. 93	4. 10 4. 28 4. 46 4. 99	4. 08 4. 29 4. 50 5. 09	3444
By groups: Industrial do Public utility do Railroad do Domestic municipal:	3. 82 3. 86 4. 01	3. 95 3. 93 4. 08	4. 02 3. 98 4. 12	3. 94 3. 97 4. 06	3. 90 3. 95 4. 04	3. 89 3. 94 4. 06	3. 96 3. 98 4. 13	4. 14 4. 06 4. 26	4, 19 4, 19 4, 39	4. 29 4. 33 4. 49	4. 31 4. 45 4. 56	4. 32 4. 48 4. 57	4. 34 4. 49 4. 65	4
Standard and Poor's Corp. (15 bonds)do U. S. Treasury bonds, taxabledo	3. 24 3. 38 3. 30	3. 23 3. 44 3. 43	3. 07 3. 40 3. 33	3. 05 3. 26 3. 20	3. 07 3. 32 3. 25	3. 23 3. 33 3. 30	3, 35 3, 52 3, 39	3. 40 3. 75 3. 61	3. 47 3. 75 3. 63	3. 56 3. 91 3. 62	3, 45 3, 90 3, 64	3. 43 3. 79 3. 84	3. 76 1 3. 57	1 8
Stocks Stocks Stocks Total dividend payments mil. of dol. Finance do. Manufacturing do. Mining do.	314. 4 79. 7 127. 6 6. 4	2, 217. 4 267. 7 1, 372. 9 217. 0	801. 5 168. 5 268. 9 8. 5	335. 4 103. 1 116. 2 3. 0	1, 670. 7 107. 7 1, 129. 1 127. 5	762. 3 133. 4 272. 0 8. 1	300. 0 62. 4 130. 6 2. 6	1, 679. 0 107. 2 1, 120. 6 125. 7	763. 6 146. 5 280. 9 7. 4	316. 2 65. 7 129. 4 2. 5		738. 2 138. 8 263. 5 8. 0	325. 0 75. 6 134. 6 2. 4	
Public utilities: do Communications	1. 2 78. 0 3. 4 10. 7 7. 4	45. 3 130. 3 91. 5 55. 8 36. 9	141. 3 90. 7 37. 8 77. 3 8. 5	1. 2 80. 6 7. 3 18. 4 5. 6	42. 0 119. 0 74. 4 45. 0 26. 0	140. 7 107. 2 27. 0 63. 6 10. 3	1. 3 81. 2 3. 4 11. 5 7. 0	41. 7 132. 6 73. 9 51. 2 26. 1	141. 0 95. 5 18. 4 62. 0 11. 9	1.3 83.0 10.2 14.5 9.6	41, 2 134, 5 61, 5 42, 5 25, 7	141. 1 92. 9 22. 1 64. 1 7. 7	1. 3 85. 2 4. 3 14. 1 7. 5	14 14 8
stocks (Moody's): Dividends per share, annual rate (200 stocks) dollars Industrial (125 stocks) do Public utility (24 stocks) do Railroad (25 stocks) do Bank (15 stocks) do Insurance (10 stocks) do	5. 38 5. 88 2. 37 4. 05 3. 45 4. 01	5. 39 5. 88 2. 37 4. 06 3. 54 3. 99	5. 43 5. 90 2. 40 4. 13 3. 52 3. 99	5. 44 5. 91 2. 41 4. 11 3. 52 3. 99	5. 44 5. 91 2. 42 4. 11 3. 52 4. 00	5. 44 5. 91 2. 43 4. 09 3. 57 4. 00	5. 44 5. 90 2. 43 4. 09 3. 62 4. 00	5. 43 5. 89 2. 43 4. 09 3. 64 4. 00	5. 44 5. 91 2. 42 4. 09 3. 62 4. 00	5. 44 5. 92 2. 42 4. 08 3. 66 4. 00	5, 45 5, 93 2, 44 4, 09 3, 66 4, 04	5. 45 5. 94 2. 44 3. 98 3. 64 4. 04	5. 38 5. 86 2. 45 3. 75 3. 62 4. 04	2000
Price per share, end of month (200 stocks) 9do Industrial (125 stocks)	126. 44 145. 04 48. 72 67. 24	130. 66 150. 74 48. 96 67. 59	125. 90 142. 80 50. 05 65. 97	122. 54 138. 53 49. 98 62. 74	125. 14 141. 98 49. 88 63. 56	130. 64 149. 42 50. 37 64. 81	134, 19 154, 31 51, 85 64, 55	134. 03 155. 23 48. 96 64. 79	135, 80 157, 66 49, 60 66, 03	129, 12 148, 83 48, 52 61, 25	121. 02 138. 73 47. 67 55. 76	116. 51 133. 59 47. 15 50. 88	117. 38 134. 30 48, 65 48, 64	113 128 50 48
Yield (200 stocks) percent Industrial (125 stocks) do Public utility (24 stocks) do Railroad (25 stocks) do Bank (15 stocks) do Insurance (10 stocks) do	4. 25 4. 05 4. 86 6. 02 4. 37 3. 30	4. 13 3. 90 4. 84 6. 01 4. 41 3. 28	4. 31 4. 13 4. 80 6. 26 4. 44 3. 15	4. 44 4. 27 4. 82 6. 55 4. 59 3. 10	4. 35 4. 16 4. 85 6. 47 4. 58 2. 99	4. 16 3. 96 4. 82 6. 31 4. 61 2. 92	4. 05 3. 82 4. 69 6. 34 4. 77 2. 91	4. 05 3. 79 4. 96 6. 31 4. 84 2. 97	4. 01 3. 75 4. 88 6. 19 4. 68 3. 05	4. 21 3. 98 4. 99 6. 66 4. 62 3. 34		4. 68 4. 45 5. 17 7. 82 5. 08 3. 74	4. 58 4. 36 5. 04 7. 71 4. 84 3. 56	
Earnings per share (at annual rate), quarterly: Industrial (125 stocks)		11. 45			3.36			1 3.31			p 9. 30			
Railroad (25 stocks)do Dividend yields, preferred stocks, 14 high-grade (Standard and Poor's Corp.)percent_	4. 56	9, 91 4, 63	4. 51	4, 47	6, 36 4, 46	4. 47	4. 53	6. 74 4. 69	4. 75	4. 83	₽ 6.63	4.80	4.78	
Prices: Dow Jones & Co., Inc. (65 stocks)dol. per share Industrial (30 stocks)do Public utility (15 stocks)do Railroad (20 stocks)do Standard and Poor's Corporation:	169. 73 479. 34 66. 71 155. 81	172. 41 492. 01 67. 61 154. 41	171. 73 485. 90 69. 73 152. 75	165, 68 466, 84 70, 44 143, 02	167. 16 472. 78 71. 09 143. 12	170. 86 485. 42 72. 02 145. 83	175, 04 500, 83 73, 91 146, 64	174. 95 505. 33 72. 14 145. 67	177. 76 514. 64 70. 81 150. 84	168, 95 487, 97 68, 49 142, 41	471. 79 67. 44	151. 27 443. 38 65. 18 116. 70	146. 87 436. 73 65. 83 104. 63	14 43 6 9
Industrial, public utility, and railroad: σ^1 Combined index (500 stocks)		46, 44	45, 43	43. 47	44.03	45.05	46. 78	47. 55	48. 51	45. 84	43. 98	41. 24	40.35	4
Industrial, total (425 stocks) \(\text{\text{\$\sigma}} \)	48. 92 48. 27 33. 60 31. 82 31. 73	49. 79 49. 59 33. 38 31. 70 31. 75	48. 43 48. 48 32. 62 32. 32 31. 36	46, 10 46, 43 31, 55 32, 29 29, 59	46. 86 46. 56 32. 08 32. 45 29. 37	48. 06 48. 26 32. 67 33. 03 29. 78	50. 10 50. 11 33. 64 34. 03 30. 42	51. 30 50. 92 33. 59 33. 35 30. 11	52. 54 52. 15 34. 86 32. 93 31. 20	49, 51 48, 48 33, 65 31, 89 29, 52	46. 32 32. 75 31. 09	44. 43 43. 24 31. 55 30. 39 24. 78	43. 41 41. 87 30. 52 30. 68 22, 63	3
Banks:¶ N. Y. City (12 stocks)do Outside N. Y. City (17 stocks)do Fire insurance (17 stocks)do do sales (Securities and Exchange Commission):	20. 38 40. 70 25. 95	20. 20 40. 94 25. 17	20, 39 40, 39 25, 86	19. 62 38. 40	19. 50 38. 87 27. 80	19. 40 38. 82 28. 38	19. 42 38. 96 28. 31	19, 25 38, 64 27, 99	19. 75 39. 56 27. 73	20. 14 39. 57 25. 66	7 20, 10 39, 07	r 18, 90 36, 96 23, 12	18. 47 35. 75 22. 19	
Total on all registered exchanges: Market value	89, 818	2, 642 96, 157	3, 035 113, 712		2,060 96,133	2, 681 108, 533	3, 296 112, 428	2, 987 107, 489	3, 091 98, 574	2, 594 83, 218	70, 805	3, 252 119, 304	2, 263 133, 058	
Market value mil. of dol. Shares sold thousands. Exclusive of odd lot and stopped sales (N. Y. Times) thousands.	2, 404 61, 537 43, 550	2, 272 64, 816 46, 422	2, 589 77, 245 48, 161	1, 997 87, 467 37, 575	1, 720 67, 115 35, 652	2, 267 73, 000 48, 310	2, 818 72, 669 52, 559	2, 543 72, 584 44, 479	2, 620 65, 617 48, 262	2, 216 54, 544 41, 409	48,090	2, 822 84, 770 63, 983	1, 967 106, 970 48, 217	54
Shares listed, New York Stock Exchange: Market value, all listed shares mil. of dol. Number of shares listed millions	211,412	219, 176	1	207, 719	212, 329	221, 595 4, 587		227, 928 4, 678	229, 924 4, 705	217, 898 4, 719	205, 705 4, 733	196, 675 4, 747	200, 919 4, 781	ļ

r Revised. p Preliminary. I For bonds due or callable in 10 years or more; prior to November 1957 for bonds due or callable in 10-20 years (comparable yield for November 1957 is 3.61 percent).

§ Include bonds of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development not shown separately; these bonds are included in computing the average price of all listed bonds shown on p. S-19.

§ Includes data not shown separately.

§ Includes data not shown separately.

§ Number of stocks represents number currently used; the change in the number does not affect the continuity of series.

¶Data not shown in 1957 Business Statistics; indexes prior to August 1956 are available upon request.

nless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of	Novem-	Decem-	Janu-	Febru-	36- 1	4 17	7.6	19			Septem-	0.4.1.	Novem-	Decer
BUSINESS STATISTICS	ber	ber	ary	ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	ber	October	ber	ber
INTERN	ATION	NAL I	RANS	SACTI	ONS (OF TH	IE UN	ITED	STA	res				
BALANCE OF PAYMENTS (QUARTERLY)														
ports of goods and services, totalmil. of dol		6, 938 417			7, 267 605			7, 774 885			6, 705 446			
Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military trans- actions — mil. of dol		4, 859			5, 085			5, 138		1	4, 441	1		
Income on investments abroaddododododododododododododo		746 916			621 956			736 1, 015			747 1, 071			
nports of goods and services, totaldodododododo		4, 843 3, 211		-	5, 018 3, 288			5, 290 3, 338		-	5, 225 3, 248			
Military expenditures do		163 685			161 840			158 882			163 675			
Other services ddodo		784			729			912			1, 139			
lance on goods and servicesdo		+2,095			+2, 249		-	+2, 484			+1,480	1		1
nilateral transfers (net), totaldo Privatedo		-1, 049 -132 -917			-1, 182 -147 $-1, 035$			-1, 558 -135 -1, 423	-		-1,001 -138 -863			
S. long- and short-term capital (net), totaldo	1	-1, 180			-1,038			-1, 558			-546			
Private do		-1,079 -101			$-780 \\ -258$			-1,366 -192		-	-396 -150			
reign long- and short-term capital (net)dodold sales [purchases (—)]do		$-162 \\ -27$			$-2 \\ -348$			+635 -325			-188 -27	~		
rors and omissionsdodo		+323			+321			+322			+282			
Indexes				}										
oports of U. S. merchandise:‡ Quantity1936-38=100	295	380	313	299	397	346	339	336	317	313	285	308		
Valuedodo Unit valuedodo	629 213	816 214	684 219	654 219	874 220	758 219	738 218	725 216	687 217	653 218	626 220	681 221		
ports for consumption:4 Quantitydodo Valuedo	169 489	177 513	185 539	166 489	186 549	181 530	182 532	164 478	190 555	177 509	169 492	161 137		
Vinit value	289	289	292	294	296	293	292	292	291	287	292	162		
Unadjusted	153	236	182	178	195	166	155	163	134	135	142	161		
Seasonally adjusteddo Cotton (incl. linters), seas, adjdo	130 164	192 209	170 186	167 195	185 214	172 187	160 217	186 173	7 174 319	168 206	156 178	146		
Imports for consumption, total: Unadjusteddodododododo	(1)						-	- 		-				
Supplementary imports, seas. adjdoComplementary imports, seas. adjdo	(1)													
Shipping Weight			-											
ater-borne trade: Exports, incl. reexports \thous. of long tons	12, 398 11, 204	13, 581 10, 717	11, 434 11, 167	11, 244 9, 679	14, 719 10, 811	14, 370 11, 493	13, 723 13, 505	14, 138 13, 280	12, 748 r 15, 665	13, 221 15, 205				
General importsdo Value‡	11, 204	10,717	11, 107	9,079	10, 611	11,490	15,505	15, 200	1 15,005	10, 200				
xports (mdse.), including reexports, total¶ mil. of dol	1,543.5	2,002.5	1,680.6	1,609.1	2, 151.0	1,864.0	1,813.7	1,784.5	1, 690. 6	1, 677. 9	1, 541. 2	1, 672. 9	1, 681. 0	
By geographic regions:∆ Africathous. of dol.	33, 601	56, 026	54, 492	42,608	71, 237	69, 777	66, 056	53, 933	47, 106	53, 345	45, 271	49, 981	52, 466	
Asia and Oceaniado Europedo	239,515 416,293	367,787 672,616	305,131 543,322	286,830 491,317	393,144 654,910	339,231 516,783	325,845 478,325	315,909 469,547	283, 023 427, 290	257, 992 419, 977	239, 294 407, 106	265, 712 436, 793	272, 466 444, 886	
Northern North America do do	356,097 172,576	320,104 201,281	303,258 167,266	312,420 164,765	363,007 212,186	371,532 189,391	371,172 181,589	353, 676 165,458	319, 873 159, 242	308, 192 181, 518	302, 154 164, 553	316, 098 190, 805	294, 461 202, 238	
Southern North Americado South Americado By leading countries:∆	153,760	201,610	170,348	140,490	249,863	217,953	222,310	217,807	203, 702		210, 574	229, 969	224, 341	
Africa: Egyptdo	1,017	2,380	2, 140	4, 536	4, 248	2,662	3, 721	2, 924	3, 139	2, 819	2, 946	2, 922	2,742	
Union of South Africado Asia and Oceania: Australia, including New Guineado	14, 773 15, 188	24, 577 20, 461	21, 912 13, 944	16, 803 10, 808	29, 677 20, 866	22, 915 13, 005	27, 334 16, 666	23, 424 15, 644	22, 401 12, 465	24, 827 15, 071	19, 299 16, 801	24, 130	23, 675 21, 395	i
British Malayado China, including Manchuriado	2,663	4,720	4, 057	2,889	4, 012	3, 925	3, 574	3, 608	3, 287	3, 420	2, 578	3, 237	3, 109	
India and Pakistandodo	30, 350 94, 388	64, 304 122,132	48, 360 114,114	46, 703 110,456	59, 701 130,508	53, 823 126,500	43, 307 125,443	49, 225 110, 502	44, 483 100, 795	42, 630 82, 165	41,727 64,443	41, 824 76, 831	34, 045 95, 800	
Indonesia do Republic of the Philippines do Europe:	12, 503 24, 363	19, 141 31, 467	12, 472 25, 124	7, 121 26, 699	13, 944 42, 525	11, 390 32, 410	9, 635 30, 140	8, 058 31, 731	9, 450 24, 416	4, 562 31, 336	7, 051 28, 768	6, 974 31, 641	8, 423 28, 752	
Francedo East Germanydo	40, 799 96	66, 081 0	64, 709 32	57, 709 6	74, 845 4	55, 618 96	54, 005 57	50, 268	48, 920	42, 749 53	33, 985	32, 979	33, 577	
West Germany do	67, 457 34, 868	112,865 65, 976	83, 407 55, 633	82, 671 64, 395	97, 959 81, 091	81, 134 58, 712	81, 514 56, 442	72, 536 51, 667	77, 421 41, 062	71, 793 49, 457	68, 161 47, 470	76, 913 50, 542	79, 838 47, 164	1
ItalydoUnion of Soviet Socialist RepublicsdoUnited Kingdomdo	88, 321	585 122,339	53 105,573	93, 928	78 124,628	89, 228	85, 639	18 77, 248	908 76, 840	255 75, 781	1, 458 96, 978	388 100, 823	88, 302	
North and South America: Canadadodo	356,091	320,102	303,250	312,409	363,005	371, 509	371,122	353, 644	319, 854	308, 167	302, 085	316, 080	294, 456	
Latin American Republics, total Qdo Argentinado	306,578 17,381	374,293 26,394	316,956 21,087	286,527 20,884	434,450 33,695	380,510 31,304	380,671 27, 285	364,841 23,735	346, 181 19, 242	403, 919 26, 737	356, 212 17, 817	399, 425 20, 680	404, 823 18, 521	
Brazildo	23, 713	30, 633 18, 580	26, 179 16, 355	23, 795 10, 479	37, 349 22, 592	43, 376 16, 485	41, 237 19, 214	52, 571 15, 999	38, 208 17, 007	45, 243 15, 273	37, 600 15, 454	40, 521 14, 262	36, 975 14, 856	
Chiledo	15, 105													
Chile	15, 568 42, 611	15, 205 56, 145	12, 669 47, 874	10, 957 46, 251	20, 825 63, 753	14, 171 50, 352	15, 958 48, 817	17, 269 43, 687	22, 482 46, 753	29, 651 48, 965	23, 247 44, 954	26, 566 54, 304	21, 844 59, 985	

r Revised. p Preliminary. Revised imports indexes will be published later.

OAdjusted for balance-of-payments purposes, mainly for valuation, coverage, and timing. The visions for following periods will be shown later: January-July 1956 (general revisions in both exports and imports); July-December 1955 and January-May 1954 (total exports and certain components only); also for 1941-54, private relief shipments of food products, formerly included with finished manufactures, have been shifted to the manufactured foodstuffs class. Hevised series, reflecting change in comparison base period and increased coverage. Supplementary imports are those similar to, or interchangeable with, commodities produced in the United States; complementary imports include all other. A detailed description of the indexes and data for earlier years will be available later.

Excludes "special category" shipments and all commodities exported under the foreign-aid programs as Department of Defense controlled cargo.

July December 1955 and January-May 1954 (total exports and certain components on the manufactured foodstuffs class. Herein the manufactures in the manufactures, have been shifted to the manufactured foodstuffs class. Herein the manufactures in the manufactures and certain components on the manufactures and data for earlier years will be available later.

Excludes "special category" shipments and all commodities exported under foreign-aid programs as Department of Defense controlled cargo.

July December 1955, also interchange and commodities exported under foreign-aid programs as Department of Defense controlled cargo.

All the manufactures and certain components in the certain components in the manufactures and certain components in the manufactures and certain components in the certain components

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and	19	56						19	57					
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem ber

INTERNATION	AL T	RANS	ACTI	ONS ()F TH	IE UN	ITED	STAT	res	Contir	nued			
FOREIGN TRADE—Continued														
Value!—Continued Exports of U. S. merchandise, totalmil. of dol	1,532.3	1,988.3	1,668.1	1,594.9	2,131.5	1,847.6	1,798.6	1,767.2	1, 674. 5	1, 664. 5	1, 526. 8	1, 658. 8	1, 666. 6	
By economic classes: Crude materials Crude foodstuffs do	263,856 108,146	357,031 135,150	279,144 117,992	267,369 117,236	320,515 129,908	275,377 124,689	264,200 110,931	248, 254 134, 102	224, 450 97, 468	228, 572 105, 015	241, 224 88, 721	258, 836 102, 333	248, 863 100, 568	
Crude foodstuffs do. Manufactured foodstuffs and beverages do. Semimanufactures 9 do. Finished manufactures 9 do.	95, 043 223,298	141,997 325,950	103,093 294,362	93, 511 287,258	135,181 368,282	100,716 312,021	88, 986 300,663	99, 131 281,449	92, 884 264, 236	78, 895 245, 068	94, 496 219, 219	94, 899 232, 683	87, 675 224, 477	
By principal commodities:	841,979 362,712	1,028,122 543,084	873,458 421,858	829,546 393,924	1,177,603 466,927	1,034,786 386,554	1,033,803 362,200	1,004,226 382,757	995, 477 315, 932	1,006,959 313,080	883, 105 332, 792	970, 047 373, 991	1,005,042 368, 436	
Cotton, unmanufactured do Fruits, vegetables, and preparations do Grains and preparations do	83, 356 32, 832 104,368	144, 303 31, 879	122,734 $24,532$	122,492 23, 368	120,080 27, 278	92, 161 29, 096 135,463	100,925 34,031	80, 743 31, 953	63, 722 31, 425 96, 032	51,778 30,771	56, 660 31, 318 94, 873	72, 804 36, 919	79, 750 31, 088	
Packing-house products do Tobacco and manufactures do	23, 972 32, 055	156,370 34, 551 45, 608	123,124 33,486 25,806	127,177 25, 731 23, 289	149,373 36,069 27,464	25, 524 26, 092	106, 613 27, 484 26, 668	129, 666 29, 675 35, 724	96, 032 22, 890 26, 675	103, 620 18, 373 35, 366	94, 873 23, 440 63, 182	100, 039 21, 391 61, 763	102, 099 22, 755 41, 367	
Nonagricultural products, total⊕mil. of dol_ Automobiles, parts, and accessories	1,169.6	1,445.2	1,246.2	1,201.0	1,664.6	1,461.0	1,436.4	1,384.4	1, 358. 6	1, 351. 4	1, 194. 0	1, 284. 8	1, 298. 2	
thous, of dol	110, 282 87, 062	153,163 117, 111	125,760 102,750	101, 850 98, 941	161,012 139, 011	142,859 124, 250	147, 769 134,026	113, 280 112, 532	107, 857 115, 121	110, 811 118, 943	92, 347 105, 448	100, 741 117, 001	130, 906 115, 744	
Iron and steel-mill productsdodo	69, 761 95, 882	61, 726 122,558	55, 692 112,295	55, 458 104,612	70, 961 147,455	79, 561 132,553	80, 631 126, 727	84, 443 126, 687	77, 921 125, 088	82, 085 114, 688	73, 567 102, 295	70, 913 107, 258	58, 251 94, 053	
Machinery, total§⊕ do. Agricultural do. Tractors, parts, and accessories do. Electrical do.	277, 616 6, 750	351,402 7,373	300,527 9,001	279,828 11,615	424,192 15,752	371,873 17,068	385,343 14, 438	354,040 12,478	345, 392 12, 394	347, 589 8, 515	315, 183 8, 635	349, 516 8, 253	358, 306 7, 076	
Tractors, parts, and accessories do Electrical do Metalworking 5	25, 118 72, 824 20, 552	31, 587 86, 932 25, 373	29, 973 69, 318 19, 853	29, 602 67, 374 16, 707	48, 154 91, 606 30, 805	37, 477 84, 636 30, 253	36, 978 89, 612 27, 218	31, 125 80, 862 25, 902	28, 293 96, 876 28, 789	28, 604 87, 964 26, 388	29, 743 75, 089 25, 328	30, 069 87, 842 23, 809	26, 478 103, 087 26, 831	
Metalworking§dododo	140, 483	185,116	158,011	142,434	221, 127	187,435	201,931	190, 558	175, 510	184, 782	161, 647	185, 203	180, 833	
Petroleum and productsdo Textiles and manufacturesdo	91, 799 48, 682	125,784 62,839	111,375 50, 925	114,993 49,926	142, 222 72, 272	106, 765 59, 494	80, 148 60, 656	70, 211 53, 153	62, 007 45, 283	63, 963 53, 309	58, 900 50, 659	60, 865 56, 723	64, 884 58, 580	
General imports, total mil. of dol. By geographic regions:	986. 6 38, 240	1,059.2 52,792	1,112.9 57, 226	992.8 45, 474	1,132.3 71,620	1,117.8 52,307	1,104.1 46, 721	982. 6 41, 497	1, 144. 7 49, 612	1,042.4 38, 815	1, 007. 1 39, 688		»1, 032. 0	1
Africathous. of dol. Asia and Oceaniadododo	152, 873 264, 854	169,809 272,297	185,230 268,397	147,353 214,927	178,206 278,746	186,492 284, 674	185,486 268,830	159, 071 243, 216	199, 826 271, 018	208, 195 229, 175	195, 347 246, 678			
Northern North Americadosouthern North Americado	250,141 95, 108	237,305 113,583	214,281 147,869	217,116 139,588	234,119 146,991	238,062 132,495	259,851 138,902	239, 721 126, 978	263, 187 142, 441	248, 133 111, 153	242, 286 104, 265			
South Americadodo	185,371	213,469	239,910	228,324	222,577	223,752	204,318	172, 097	218, 585	206, 879	178, 869			
Africa:do Egyptdo Union of South Africado	438 8, 728	2, 651 11, 447	1, 982 9, 803	1, 575 6, 156	1, 470 11, 358	633 10, 063	1, 147 7, 838	205 9, 052	1, 237 11, 216	1, 146 5, 853	2, 714 8, 137			
Asia and Oceania: Australia, including New Guineado British Malayado	6, 841 21, 966	15, 444 19, 958	16, 940 16, 064	14, 486 12, 629	11, 565 16, 600	14, 438 17, 511	14, 565 18, 564	13, 213 11, 764	12, 372 20, 092	11, 424 15, 011	10, 273 15, 696			
China, including Manchuriado	138 13, 049	556 18, 934	671 24, 926	1, 645 15, 435	922 25, 810	575 22, 167	104 19,671	65 21, 228	34 23, 001	41 17, 055	30 23, 479			
Japan do. Indonesia do. Republic of the Philippines do.	45, 065 17, 439 16, 254	44, 185 18, 428 12, 373	47, 554 16, 584 28, 904	38, 689 13, 836 21, 489	46, 604 14, 634 29, 182	49, 013 17, 207 26, 400	49, 338 16, 250 22, 926	41, 234 10, 265 21, 075	52, 616 17, 595 21, 564	58, 785 17, 226 21, 372	20,531			1
Europe:	21, 284	19, 269	24, 923	17, 362	22,033	26, 257	21,023	20, 862	22, 546	19, 944	19, 216			
East Germany do	429 44, 247 19, 434	315 50, 133 24, 235	455 41,418 21,936	601 41, 049 16, 342	569 52, 124 20, 927	430 53, 615 19, 333	312 50, 476 17, 174	194 44, 662 19, 696	135 47, 540 22, 144	534 51, 284 21, 663	422 47, 626 17, 872			
Union of Soviet Socialist Republiesdo United Kingdomdo	2, 936 62, 048	1,127 $65,622$	1, 018 58, 047	1, 943 50, 207	566 71, 898	1, 038 70, 308	1, 636 66, 394	2, 364 57, 372	1, 028 71, 503	2, 314 52, 828	1, 473 66, 229			
North and South America: Canadadodo	249,900	237,271	214,162	217,080	234,082	238,033	259,538	239, 600	263, 128	248, 111	242, 030			1
Latin American Republics, total⊕do	255, 710 6, 714 47, 909	301,215 9,004 53,690	357,465 13, 106 73, 560	334,245 11,532 78,472	332,199 14, 532 63, 566	322,887 12,008 49,079	311,947 11,871 46,181	271, 793 13, 465 39, 411	329, 139 10, 301 42, 174	290, 304 8, 081 42, 570	261, 141 8, 006			
Chiledodo	15, 536 25, 339	29, 276 30, 500	21, 797 35, 424	15, 026 35, 517	17, 123 25, 393	24, 849 30, 619	13, 934 24, 521	14, 664 16, 831	17,668 47,987	14, 595 43, 161	11, 3 64 24, 725			
Cuba do do Venezuela do do Venezuela do	18, 854 29, 633 68, 720	21, 366 33, 909 70, 175	41, 550 43, 841 73, 081	35, 161 39, 843 68, 939	45, 852 36, 959 80, 468	40, 821 36, 451 84, 887	47, 645 36, 978 86, 630	41, 684 33, 924 70, 397	51, 710 33, 817 79, 144	41, 077 26, 794 74, 602	43, 858 28, 002 65, 598			
Imports for consumption, totalmil. of dol	1, 003. 3	1,052.3	1,105.4	1,002.7	1,126.8	1,086.9	1,090.9	979. 4	1, 138. 2	1, 044. 4	1, 009. 8	Į.		
By economic classes: Crude materialsthous. of dol	237, 671 131, 632	260,357 168,354	253,400 200,526	228,688 206,841	264,822 176,705	259,334 152, 103	268,749 147,174	248, 082 126, 001	289, 950 166, 403	281, 392 139, 414	278, 863 126, 579			
Manufactured foodstuffs and beveragesdo Semimanufacturesdo. Finished manufacturesdo.	79, 506 260,540 293,908	82, 244 268,055 273,308	102, 948 264,369 284,179	88, 288 230,938 247,958	113,949 267,452 303,860	108, 788 259,456 307,177	112, 237 258,900 303,877	98, 752 233, 271 273, 251	114, 137 247, 520 320, 209	105, 838 233, 705 284, 091	103, 794 219, 720 280, 808			
By principal commodities: Agricultural products, total⊕do	257,395	309,208	377,708	354,968	357,045	329,955	311,321	259, 789	322, 718	297, 400	288, 544			
Cocoa (cacao) beans, incl. shellsdo Coffeedo Hides and skinsdo	6, 103 93, 964 3, 307	11, 516 116,723 4, 105	20, 179 141,861 4, 242	8, 745 163,386 3, 590	14, 256 119,766 5, 342	8, 347 106, 302 4, 928	7,752 96,984 4,442	13, 307 78, 299 4, 363	12, 474 109, 415 2, 887	4, 854 97, 339 4, 578	5, 337 81, 227 4, 109			
Rubber, crude, including guayuledodo	30, 394 14, 861	36, 247 18, 587	29, 616 44, 067	24, 976 38, 603	27, 963 45, 610	38, 240 41, 903	31, 269 42, 814	18,868 41,228	28, 289 48, 871	30, 831 41, 638	28, 341 37, 023			
Wool and mohair, unmanufactureddo Nonagricultural products, total⊕do	14, 079 745,863	15, 258 743,110	25, 016 727,715	23, 463	23, 328 769,744	19, 383 756,903	15, 357 779,615	14, 866 719, 568	15, 522 815, 501	17, 523 747, 041	18, 757 721, 219			
Furs and manufacturesdo Nonferrous ores, metals, and manufactures,	3, 218 115,314	11,627	10, 523	8, 932 104,835	9, 125 125,726	5, 581 120,803	7, 562 122,082	5, 524 109, 426	4, 928 106, 246	4, 040 100, 756	5, 850 101, 360			
total —	31,061 15,568	136,818 45,968 14,548	47, 499 10, 830	37, 246 8, 956	39, 976 11, 531	37, 499 9, 610	31, 843 13, 475	26, 698 7, 979	30, 528 14, 646	26, 395 11, 034	23, 484 11, 619			
Paper base stocks doNewsprint doPetroleum and products do	28, 314 59, 852	25, 545 56, 915 113,892	26, 126 55, 072	27, 759 52, 936	26, 013 53, 689 132,113	24, 133 57, 970	25, 959 57, 139 133,469	24, 066 52, 791 120, 796	25, 844 62, 950 145, 780	28, 788 51, 045	26, 963 52, 523	~		
1 erroteum and products	100,022	110,882	118,510	110, 908	102,110	120,028	100,409	120, 190	1 110, 100	100, 000	111. 191		1	

Revised. *Preliminary. \$\footnote{1}\$ Ese similar note on p. S-21. \$\footnote{1}\$ See similar note on p. S-21. \$\footnote{1}\$ Data for semimanufactures reported as "special category, type 1" are included with finished manufactures. \$\therefore{1}\$ Includes data not shown separately. \$\footnote{1}\$ Excludes "special category, type 1" exports.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and	19	56						195	7					
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber
	TRAN	SPOR	TATI	ON AI	ND CO	MMU	JNICA	TION	 S		!	<u>. </u>		
TRANSPORTATION	Ì						<u> </u>		i		!			
Airlines		,						;						
Operations on scheduled airlines: Miles flown, revenue. thousands. Express and freight ton-miles flown. do. Mail ton-miles flown. do. Passengers originated, revenue. do. Passenger-miles flown, revenue. millions.	51, 671 22, 803 7, 522 3, 040 1, 656	54, 232 23, 344 10, 482 2, 916 1, 765	56, 255 20, 430 7, 865 3, 045 1, 896	51, 682 18, 272 7, 397 2, 808 1, 702	59, 224 20, 930 8, 242 3, 326 2, 006	57, 716 20, 390 8, 125 3, 370 2, 008	59, 863 23, 609 8, 356 3, 433 2, 016	59, 655 22, 396 7, 628 3, 707 2, 333	62, 058 21, 969 7, 552 3, 525 2, 253	7 63, 562 23, 651 7 7, 749 7 3, 741 2, 349	60, 708 23, 008 7, 220 3, 446 2, 100	61, 398 24, 081 8, 215 3, 483 2, 015		
Express Operations	1		. ,,	1		,,,,,	,,,,,	.,	.,		,			
Transportation revenues thous. of dol- Express privilege payments do	34, 427 12, 262	41, 024 15, 393	31, 391 9, 758	30, 125 9, 019	33, 445 11, 823	29, 827 9, 347	22, 506 4, 939	22, 215 6, 236	24, 405 7, 278	30, 770 11, 351	31, 961 11, 192	34, 039 12, 779		
Local Transit Lines	- 15 5	-15.0	- 15 5	. 15 7	17.5	- 15 0	- 15 0	- 15.0	** 0		1.0	10.0	10.0	
Fares, average cash rate⊕ cents. Passengers carried, revenue millions. Operating revenues mil. of dol.	7 15. 5 7 738 120. 6	7 15. 6 739 124. 4	7 15. 7 728 119. 3	7 15. 7 668 110. 6	15. 7 732 117. 6	7 15. 8 730 120. 2	7 15. 8 743 120. 3	7 15. 8 661 108. 8	15. 8 648 111. 9	7 15. 9 646 111. 2	15. 9 663 104. 5	16.0 709 114.3	16. 0 675	~~~~~
Class I Motor Carriers (Intercity)		}												
Carriers of property (quarterly totals): Number of reporting carriers. Operating revenues, total. Expenses, total. Go Revenue freight carried. thous. of tons.		900, 017			848 924, 470 892, 707 59, 397			837 938, 036 891, 633 57, 250						
Carriers of passengers (quarterly totals): Number of reporting carriers.		149			150			148			150			
Number of reporting carriers Operating revenues, total thous, of dol Expenses, total do Revenue passengers carried thousands		94, 415 88, 359 69, 084			84, 767 86, 039 63, 154			105, 167 94, 973 68, 308			125, 552 103, 380 72, 094			
Class I Railways		00,001		1	00, 101			10,000			12, 001			
Freight carloadings (A. A. R.): of	3, 740	r 2, 641	2, 565	2, 616	3, 446	2, 696	2, 888	3, 631	2, 707	3, 736	2, 851	2, 920	3, 223	2, 221
Total cars thousands Coal do Coke do Forest products do	716 63 210	7 532 7 52 7 149	528 52 52 155	521 55 154	691 66 203	525 49 157	532 45 159	680 52 203	405 41 149	683 55 209	544 41 149	543 40 148	635 47 175	461 33 132
Grain and grain productsdo Livestockdo	254 53	* 195 * 24	201 24	202 21	264 28	192 22	191 23	236 23	251 20	278 29	182 35	211 49	254 47	213 21
Oredo Merchandise, l. c. ldo Miscellaneousdo	315 287 1, 843	7 118 7 205 7 1, 365	81 200 1, 324	83 217 1, 364	119 290 1, 784	151 225 1, 375	321 220 1, 396	441 264 1, 731	363 201 1, 277	437 275 1, 770	323 217 1, 361	289 220 1, 419	191 249 1, 626	64 173 1, 123
Freight carloadings (Federal Reserve indexes): Total, unadjusted	132 122	121 114	117	116 109	1,731 120 114	117 108	122 110	124 114	118 90	126 113	125 117	123 112	114	102
Coal do Coke do Forest products do	166 140	170 127	112 171 128	173 128	166 131	153 127	142 129	132 134	136 127	139 135	134 125	125 121	121 116	107 112
Grain and grain productsdo Livestockdo	147 77 224	143 46	147 44	144 38	148 40	135 40	134 40	136 33	183 36	155 42	135 65	147 89	148 65	155 39
Ore	224 37 144	110 34 135	72 33 130	77 35 130	82 37 134	142 35 130	290 35 131	313 34 133	331 33 126	305 35 134	295 36 134	245 35 134	127 32 126	59 28 110
Total, seasonally adjusted. do. Coal. do. Coke. do. Forest products. do.	128 122 166 143	133 114 162 142	130 112 163 143	127 109 163 134	130 114 165 131	120 108 156 127	119 110 143 124	119 114 135 129	113 90 140 126	121 113 145 129	115 117 136 116	114 112 127 115	112 108 121 118	110 99 102 125
Grain and grain productsdo Livestockdo	150 61	152 48	147 46	147 47	160 51	153 45	153 44	133 43	152 43	143 44	120 49	147 57	151 52	165 41
Oredo Merchandise, l. c. ldo Miscellaneousdodo	215 37 138	354 35 143	290 35 142	307 36 138	283 36 141	188 35 132	188 35 130	202 34 129	207 33 125	203 35 133	196 34 124	152 33 123	152 32 121	192 30 117
Freight-ear surplus and shortage, daily average: Car surplus, total ?	4, 228 1, 104 24	6, 637 1, 052 191	13, 331 5, 776 326	8, 329 3, 274 374	6, 428 2, 331 543	8, 553 3, 132 388	16, 339 8, 915 204	24, 248 16, 797 240	20, 437 9, 285 4, 278	12, 749 6, 829 84	19, 580 11, 450 668	12, 781 5, 913 133	19, 965 9, 275 2, 376	54, 072 18, 237 23, 057
Car shortage, total ?	7, 844 2, 355 5, 345	3, 507 1, 024 2, 408	1, 646 551 976	2, 406 1, 272 989	1, 851 1, 118 619	1, 203 348 694	889 134 662	1, 773 117 1, 517	1, 608 672 859	2, 798 683 2, 015	1,626 418 1,162	1, 480 518 903	245 127 92	29 25
Financial operations: Operating revenues, total mil. of dolmil. of dol	r 887. 2	871.0	855. 6	815. 5	903. 6	886. 1	906. 5	867. 9	872. 7	929. 9 788. 8	873. 0 747. 2	927. 3 800. 2	829. 9 710. 3	
Freight do Passenger do Operating expenses do Tax accruals, joint facility and equipment rents	7 758. 4 57. 4 687. 1	720. 6 71. 3 689. 3	724. 9 65. 8 688. 6	695. 9 57. 6 643. 3	776. 9 58. 0 690. 1	758. 8 59. 7 690. 4	780. 5 59. 7 713. 6	735. 2 67. 8 685. 8	734. 6 71. 2 695. 5	68. 8 701. 3	56. 4 673. 1	52. 5 697. 6	52.9	
mil. of dol	112.7 7 87.9 68.1	95. 9 85. 8 95. 4	108. 7 58. 3 43. 1	106. 4 65. 7 47. 0	123. 6 89. 9 71. 2	114. 5 81. 2 60. 6	112. 2 80. 8 64. 5	108. 1 74. 0 57. 3	108. 6 68. 5 48. 2	132. 2 96. 4 79. 5	115. 7 84. 2 63. 7	130, 1 99, 6 79, 8	64, 2	
Operating results: Freight carried 1 mile mil. of ton-miles Revenue per ton-mile cents Passengers carried 1 mile, revenue millions Waterway Traffic	55, 291 1, 407 2, 047	54, 108 1. 368 2, 601	51, 591 1, 452 2, 347	49, 405 1, 448 1, 981	56, 977 1, 413 2, 012	52, 962 1, 463 2, 068	56, 590 1, 424 2, 040	54, 477 1, 396 2, 421	51, 624 1, 466 2, 626	57, 999 1, 405 2, 537	53, 162 1, 443 1, 997	55, 629		
Clearances, vessels in foreign trade: Total U. S. portsthous. of net tons	12, 467	12,620	, 11, 779	10, 849	13, 229	14, 072	15, 202	14, 597	14, 811	15, 629				
Foreign vesselsdo United States vesselsdo	9, 715 2, 752	9, 888 2, 732	r 9, 310 2, 469	8, 555 2, 294	10, 261 2, 968	10, 727 3, 345	11, 423 3, 779	11, 200 3, 397	11, 357 3, 454	12, 229 3, 400				
Panama Canal: Total	3, 743 905	4, 608 1, 200	4, 253 959	3, 897 930	4, 813 1, 229	4, 397 975	4, 586 1, 282	4, 522 1, 233	4, 441 1, 087	4, 334 1, 040	3, 955 983	4, 305 929		

Revised.
 ⊕Revisions for January-October 1956 are as follows (cents): 14.9; 15.0; 15.0; 15.2; 15.2; 15.2; 15.3; 15.3; 15.4; 15.4.
 ♂Data for November 1956 and March, June, August, and November 1957 cover 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks.
 ♀Includes data not shown separately.
 ‡Revision for October 1956, \$103,600,000.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and	19	956				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		19	57					
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decen ber
TRAN	SPOR	TATI(ON AN	ID CO	MMU	NICA'	rions	S—Cor	tinue	d		·		<u>'</u>
TRANSPORTATION—Continued														
Travel											}			
Hotels: Average sale per occupied roomdollars	8. 39	7. 53	7. 91	8. 07	7.88	8. 43	7. 84 73	8. 39	7. 93	8. 79	8.58	9. 01	8. 81	7.9
Rooms occupiedpercent of total_ Restaurant sales indexsame month 1929=100_	69 257	57 241	$\frac{72}{262}$	74 270	71 253	73 268	73 312	72 289	63 252	68 270	71 271	77 272	67 262	2
Fancier traval:	88, 653	85, 987	86, 989	91, 217	109, 421	103, 026	105, 765	125, 338	149, 640		ĺ			
U. S. citizens: Arrivals	78, 796 75, 116	90, 272 69, 458	95, 826 76, 052	104, 618 63, 306	116, 920 87, 010	115, 179 85, 423	137, 790 83, 063	179, 341 88, 791	175, 608 85, 261					
Departures do do	43, 139 24, 299	50, 458 23, 001	35, 271	34, 484 49, 970	45, 942 69, 146	45, 465 76, 301	53, 495 82, 755	58, 367 57, 208	60, 425		32, 089	30, 387		90 4
vanonai parks, visuorsniousands	461	23,001	39, 245 302	364	480	70, 301	1, 183	3, 127	51, 892 5, 033	42, 320 5, 076	2, 227	1, 073	26, 262 430	28, 4
Pullman Co.: Revenue passenger-milesmillions	461	521	589	524	506	459	416	469	430	428	386	399		
Passenger revenuesthous. of dol	6, 554	7, 397	8, 979	7, 989	7, 711	7,001	6, 342	7, 124	6, 536	6, 496	5, 870	6, 062		
l'elephone carriers:													į	
Operating revenues thous. of dol. Station revenues do	520, 872 297, 972	536, 491 304, 385	538, 572 307, 397	520, 662 303, 413	539, 632 306, 349	548, 780 311, 431 189, 272	556, 390 312, 830	546, 793 312, 606	556, 214 311, 922	562, 223 313, 230	547, 338 315, 464	573, 410 325, 268		
Tolls, message do Operating expenses, before taxes do	176, 933 352, 456	185, 135 348, 942	184, 278 353, 586	170, 471 332, 369	186, 255 355, 372	189, 272 362, 395	195, 422 370, 365	185, 727 356, 435	194, 478 378, 526	199, 107 367, 918	181, 062 354, 793	197, 052 381, 304		
Net operating income do Phones in service, end of month thousands.	68, 729 52, 034	78, 940 52, 475	74, 122 52, 897	76, 025 53, 156	75, 788 53, 431	75, 815 53, 741	75, 664 54, 005	78, 339 54, 201	72, 385 54, 444	80, 707 54, 677	80, 111 54, 923	80, 690 55, 309		
Celegraph, cable, and radiotelegraph carriers:	02,001	02, 110	02,001	00,100	00, 101	00,111	01,000	01, 201	01,111	31,011	01, 020	00,000		
Wire-telegraph: Operating revenuesthous. of dol	20, 250	20,828	20,680	19, 182	20, 600	21,033	21,699	20, 772	20, 430	20, 673	20, 435	20, 970		
Operating expenses, incl. depreciationdo	17, 879 1, 713	18, 135 2, 264	18, 299 1, 371	16, 924 1, 306	17, 859 1, 763	18, 317 1, 732	18, 966 1, 733	18, 123 1, 692	18, 943 545	18, 535 1, 358	18, 035 1, 572	18, 412 1, 731		
Ocean-cable: Operating revenuesdo	3,078	3, 094	3, 034	2, 689	2, 879	2,824	3, 055	2, 840	3, 041	2,796	2, 840	3, 243		
Operating expenses, incl. depreciation do Net operating revenues do	2, 205 626	2, 072 728	2, 231 528	2, 249 197	2, 340 272	2, 313 239	2, 486 287	2, 381 192	2, 548 198	2, 463 48	2, 471 92			
Radiotelegraph:	3, 656	3, 569	3, 591	3, 332	3, 501	3, 413	3, 567	3, 345	ì			3, 600		
Operating revenues do Operating expenses, incl. depreciation do Operating expenses do Operatin	2, 519 1, 069	2, 653	2,641	2, 443	2, 567	2, 545	2,622	2, 629	3, 450 2, 739	3, 411 2, 637	3, 410 2, 684	2, 771		
Net operating revenuesdo	1,009	814	843	791	833	767	844	609	599	670	613	718		
	CI	HEMIC	CALS	AND .	ALLII	ED PR	ODUC	CTS						
CHEMICALS														
norganic chemicals, production: Ammonia, synthetic anhydrous (commercial)														
short tons	264, 436 92, 637	290, 512 92, 793	302, 504 89, 275	294, 103 77, 754	320, 733 86, 268	321, 529 87, 443	334, 209 81, 098	308, 755 74, 752	293, 661 83, 009	294, 507 87, 581	290,624 88, 942	322, 557 86, 587	310, 535 86, 500	
Calcium carbide (commercial) do Carbon dioxide, liquid, gas, and solid t do Chloring carbon de c	59, 862 329, 457	56, 516 341, 125	54, 253 334, 403	53, 435 291, 428	60, 643 326, 599	66, 550 327, 920	81, 677 342, 813	91, 533 329, 048	102, 664 333, 137	98, 972 323, 404	78, 071 329, 627	71, 427 338, 297	60, 075 319, 749	
Chlorine, gas do Hydrochloric acid (100% HCl) do do	80, 754	78, 875	78, 852	75, 145	80, 957	76, 241	74, 049	73, 214	75, 785	77, 770	76, 550	81, 811	78, 331	
Nitric acid (100% HNO ₃)dodo	209, 746	231, 630	237, 519	231, 148	250, 040	245, 241	253, 287	212, 616	210, 125	234, 772	217, 441	250, 362	231, 100	
Oxygen (high purity) # mil. of cu. ft. Phosphoric acid (50% H ₂ PO ₄)short tons. Sodium carbonate (soda ash), synthetic (58% Na ₂ O)	2, 838 279, 192	2, 926 275, 711	2, 802 337, 694	2, 109 351, 157	2, 524 380, 992	2, 502 356, 352	2, 619 383, 249	2, 393 331, 083	2, 414 331, 608	2, 647 353, 015	7 2, 645 373, 648	2, 797 384, 834	2, 621 356, 873	
short tons	401, 919		379, 549	376, 731	414, 879	403, 736	400, 698	377, 202	358, 741	391, 615	368, 917	401, 774	404, 143	
Sodium bichromate and chromatedosodium hydroxide (100% NaOH)dodo	10, 115 358, 153	9, 649 375, 554	9, 285 365, 413	8, 871 321, 922	9, 642 354, 297	9, 860 360, 937	9, 649 378, 190	9, 341 356, 715	6, 286 362, 924	8, 166 354, 015	8, 544 367, 350	8, 982 375, 059	7, 169 361, 583	
Sodium silicate, soluble silicate glass (anhydrous) short tons	65, 837	50, 677	55, 869	50, 786	54, 466	53, 137	55, 470	48, 497	41, 156	46,045	53, 867	58, 500	47, 670	
Sodium sulfate (Glauber's salt and crude salt cake) short tons-	75,024	75, 265	76, 657	69, 546	76, 249	74, 626	73, 093	66, 537	65, 448	65, 552	63, 650	74, 754	72,709	
Sulfuric acid: Production (100% H ₂ SO ₄)‡thous, of short tons	1, 368	1,376	1, 386	1,310	1,418	1,382	1, 422	1,309	1, 286	1,304	1, 348	1, 433	1, 315	ŀ
Price, wholesale, 66°, tanks, at works dol. per short ton	22. 35	22, 35	22.35	22. 35	22. 35	22, 35	22, 35	22, 35	22. 35	22. 35	22, 35	22. 35	₽ 22, 35	j
Organic chemicals:♂ Acetic acid (synthetic and natural), production		1				1								
thous, of lb	46, 853 75, 122	49, 737 90, 378	53, 628 85, 428	41, 227 74, 946	41, 136 76, 985	32, 738 64, 305	38, 895 61, 546	46, 982 67, 377	45, 643 67, 140	51, 726 76, 886	50, 725 81, 027	48, 232 84, 238		
Acetic anhydride, production do Acetylsalicylic acid (aspirin), production do Acetylsalicylic acid (aspirin)	1, 488	1, 618	1, 491	1, 512	1, 208	1, 570	1, 473	1, 223	943	1, 240	1, 569	1, 907		
Alcohol, ethyl: Production thous of proof gal Stocks, end of month, total	36, 656	36, 459	36, 322	32, 766	35, 429	33, 631	33, 444	31, 755	36, 560	41, 481	39, 048	41, 109	42, 654	
In industrial alcohol bonded warehousesdo	33, 844 25, 403	33, 858 25, 533	33, 337 25, 777 7, 560	31, 214 23, 869	29, 418 20, 791	28, 051 18, 734	26, 510 17, 530	26, 597 18, 018	28, 542 19, 880	28, 908 23, 517	26, 043 20, 780	24 441 20, 360	27, 775 23, 460	
In denaturing plantsdo Used for denaturationdo	8, 441 36, 240	8, 325 35, 059	42,818	7, 345 33, 326	8, 626 35, 253	9, 317 35, 275 736	8, 980 33, 501	8, 579 30, 793	8, 662 35, 910	5, 390 37, 551	5, 263 35, 180	4, 081 41, 087	4, 315 38, 319	
Used for denaturation do Withdrawn tax-paid do Alcohol, denatured:	1,307	1,098	943	925	834		1,044	1,071	725	812	901	942	1, 163	
Production thous of wine gal. Consumption (withdrawals)	19, 588 18, 881	18, 899 19, 865	23, 053 21, 140	17, 896 18, 370	19,040 20,365	19, 047 19, 886	18, 133 19, 046	16, 665 17, 752	19, 403 19, 005	20, 648 21, 534	19, 041 18, 042	22, 218 22, 985	20, 672 21, 808	
Stocks, end of monthdodo	11, 178	10, 421	12, 194	12, 135	11,064	9, 746	8, 181	5, 978	5, 561	4, 607	5, 576	4, 978	3, 870	
	12, 172	14, 267	7,978	8, 955 9, 311	9, 796 11, 522	10, 414	11, 052	9, 603 11, 023	9, 171	10, 895 9, 306	9, 812 9, 193	9, 812 8, 932	10, 244	
Creosote oil, productionthous. of gal	8, 285	11, 201 8, 306	10, 878 8, 748	5, 702	6, 371	11,766 7,420 97,156	12,880 6,061	8, 151 98, 789	11, 058 8, 038	7, 416	6, 938	9,801		
DDT, productionthous. of lb Ethyl acetate (85%), productiondo		95, 181 107, 918	93, 089 109, 149	82, 526 105, 976	89, 577 111, 620	97, 156 105, 163	98, 873 104, 614	98, 789 100, 606	106, 183 93, 383	109, 117 103, 324	105, 236 105, 068	104, 543 123, 410		
DDT, production	90, 119 116, 914	10,,010		1				17, 918	16, 853	22, 012		22, 909	1	1
DDT, production	22, 656	19, 624	22, 811	19,642	20, 799	21, 556	21.010	11,010		22.012	21,770		19, 799	
DDT, production	22, 656	19, 624 15, 621	17,029	15, 345	16, 641	16,026	21,873 17,782 55,095	15, 904	15,638	18,022	16, 767	18, 692	16, 211	
DDT, production thous of lb Ethyl acetate (85%), production do Ethylene glycol, production do Formaldehyde (37% HCHO), production do Glycerin, refined, all grades: Production do Consumption do Stocks, end of month do Methanol, production:	22, 656 16, 447 50, 618	19, 624 15, 621 51, 018	17,029 51,634	15, 345 51, 974	16, 641 52, 058	16, 026 54, 348	55, 095	15, 904 53, 629	15, 638 52, 065	18, 022 53, 635	16, 767 55, 452	18, 692 54, 288	16, 211 53, 739	
DDT, production thous of lb Ethyl acetate (85%), production do. Ethylene glycol, production do. Formaldehyde (37% HCHO), production do. Glycerin, refined, all grades: Production do. Consumption do. Stocks, end of month do.	22, 656 16, 447 50, 618 156 19, 408	19, 624 15, 621	17, 029 51, 634 171 20, 503	15, 345 51, 974 166 18, 144	16, 641	16,026	201 16, 329	15, 904 53, 629 187 14, 108	15,638	18,022	16, 767	18, 692 54, 288 107 18, 665	16, 211 53, 739	

⁹ Includes data not shown separately. ‡Revisions will be published later for the following: Carbon dioxide and oxygen (January-September 1956); sulfuric acid (1955 and January-July 1956), & Data (except for alcohol) are reported on basis of 100-percent content of the specified material unless otherwise indicated.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and	19	56						19	57					
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber
CF	IEMIC	ALS .	AND A	ALLIE	D PR	ODUC	TS—(Contin	ued					
FERTILIZERS Consumption (10 States) \oplus thous. of short tons. Exports, total φ short tons.	461 380, 619	368 368, 561	384 391, 541	711 400, 633	1, 307 572, 080	1, 722 605, 734	1, 178 547, 058	647 560, 382	286 545, 081	185 582, 497	301 503, 418	411 464, 974	392, 048	
Nitrogenous materials do Phosphate materials do Phosphate materials do Option (and the materials do Opt	52, 707 279, 727 39, 574 238, 657	91, 922 226, 041 35, 031 227, 306	68, 610 264, 038 42, 660 167, 168	91, 201 259, 695 23, 146 203, 735	136, 510 334, 222 66, 979 211, 583	117, 457 364, 178 86, 548 260, 485	120, 399 366, 275 27, 059 214, 395	81, 768 421, 374 45, 042 181, 884	73, 414 414, 603 37, 482 123, 050	87, 709 440, 652 26, 145 181, 128	57, 439 394, 737 34, 449 180, 198	89, 941 327, 238 20, 608	· ·	
Imports, total \(\text{\text{\$\graphi}} \)	184, 358 83, 707 3, 080 37, 214 49. 50	158, 937 78, 702 10, 218 39, 842 49, 50	113, 043 30, 483 7, 336 20, 606 49, 50	101, 561 21, 213 9, 672 53, 485 49. 50	115, 218 23, 566 12, 138 32, 622 49, 50	167, 161 94, 189 9, 582 24, 101 49, 50	144, 266 84, 590 10, 103 7, 969 48. 00	139, 344 71, 461 7, 343 4, 145	75, 805 26, 160 11, 237 18, 023	105, 840 36, 049 12, 027 40, 859 48. 00	108, 899 36, 449 7, 256 35, 839 48. 00		p 49. 75	
Potash deliveriesshort tons Superphosphate (100% available phosphoric acid): Productionshort tons Stocks, end of monthdo	160, 260 208, 098 401, 524	179, 599 207, 611 414, 207	162, 814 219, 855 414, 922	183, 140 216, 022 418, 947	266, 028 229, 529 322, 033	269, 417 225, 072 233, 405	165, 546 211, 784 206, 881	121, 134 170, 519 271, 568	90, 904 162, 974 308, 380	114, 455 170, 834 321, 274	158, 612 188, 705 339, 729	113, 306 , 216, 276 , 337, 193	160, 852 205, 821 369, 039	
Explosives (Industrial), shipments: Black blasting powderthous. of lb. High explosivesdo ultur (native): Productionthous. of long tons.	640 77, 063 515	494 67, 568 534	546 70, 015 495	722 67, 094 440	246 71, 654 472	223 79, 924 462	137 82, 235 429	107 78, 911 440	210 82,007 460	195 80, 288 470	307 86, 887 445	299 82, 141 462	352 69, 603 446	
Stocks (producers'), end of monthdo FATS, OILS, OILSEEDS, AND BYPRODUCTS Animal fats and greases:o [†] Tallow, edible:	3,852	3, 936	3, 998	4, 088	4, 102	4, 049	4, 093	4, 087	4, 153	4, 173	4, 273	4, 305	4, 355	
Production thous. of lb. Consumption, factory thous. of lb. Stocks (incl. refined grades), end of monthdo Tallow and grease (except wool), inedible:	17, 936 12, 109	7 24, 207 15, 780 18, 986	7 24, 294 21, 537 20, 279	7 28, 660 27, 676 20, 442	r 23, 806 22, 453 20, 668	7 23, 619 22, 503 20, 469	r 28, 854 28, 510 19, 680	7 23, 409 23, 265 17, 364	r 22, 102 23, 855 17, 107	25, 682 24, 260 16, 900	23, 377 24, 086 15, 055	23, 046 23, 850 13, 352	25, 786 23, 137 13, 901	
Production t	248, 385 133, 372 337, 568	233, 990 128, 562 342, 194	236, 928 145, 660 349, 056	239, 230 133, 123 347, 889	215, 198 146, 703 288, 052	208, 585 139, 888 254, 929	230, 325 143, 522 248, 253	212, 554 130, 684 250, 302	211, 120 109, 670 253, 161	227, 447 152, 561 247, 307	208, 097 140, 566 231, 469	237, 040 155, 053 239, 287	223, 282 137, 141 249, 102	
Production † do. Consumption, factory † do. Stocks, end of month do. egetable oils, oilseeds, and byproducts: Vegetable oils. total:	8, 307 12, 188 115, 366	12, 594 15, 614 102, 609	1, 031 13, 626 87, 079	515 14, 689 71, 646	411 10, 522 59, 407	1, 358 11, 570 54, 107	12, 280 12, 423 57, 332	19, 010 11, 177 66, 412	34, 146 12, 161 83, 788	25, 742 10, 785 77, 512	22, 958 12, 249 82, 035	7 23, 743 7 13, 753 7 92, 372	7, 873 10, 566 88, 941	
Production, crude t	649 580 584 384	615 553 616 410	647 573 602 447	587 501 596 461	582 508 616 463	501 471 605 456	472 455 597 416	416 471 476 367	436 420 492 313	464 464 462 272	486 438 478 242	661 585 511 269	638 537 566	
Exports	98, 029 41, 247 3, 263 37, 983	197, 955 35, 709 1, 830 33, 879	167, 776 47, 121 2, 476 44, 645	145, 263 26, 555 3, 182 23, 373	203, 824 50, 333 2, 034 48, 300	114, 055 39, 417 4, 769 34, 648	76, 550 40, 098 9, 855 30, 243	156, 113 32, 615 4, 800 27, 814	77, 363 37, 181 5, 668 31, 512	87, 679 39, 481 1, 707 37, 774	68, 911 39, 084 385 38, 699	93, 122	54, 992	
Copra: Consumption, factory short tons Stocks, end of month do Imports do Coconut or copra oil: Production:	27, 230	27, 503 23, 484	30, 277 16, 787 28, 697	24, 480 18, 177 25, 686	26, 621 27, 178 31, 372	27, 222 20, 235 23, 231	27, 325 13, 219 15, 960	21, 887 8, 748 15, 701	26, 663 12, 354 30, 015	25, 274 13, 504 22, 787	25, 503 9, 824 22, 751	32, 627 15, 065		
Crude thous of lb. Refined do Consumption, factory: Crude do	34, 510 31, 081 47, 123	35, 097 28, 776 45, 760	38, 967 30, 670 50, 094	31, 114 29, 902 46, 602	34, 031 42, 310 61, 969	34, 459 36, 211 55, 205	35, 415 34, 962 54, 162	28, 488 34, 364 51, 142	33, 758 33, 108 47, 879	32, 300 35, 421 54, 793	32, 604 18, 226 32, 816	41, 588 51, 702 76, 573	53, 019	
Refined	27, 982 59, 516 15, 917 23, 557	27, 961 70, 274 15, 739 17, 262	28, 906 73, 592 15, 492 22, 188	31, 098 62, 803 10, 440 5, 922	37, 400 61, 729 15, 260 19, 690	57, 866 13, 065 15, 245	33, 266 50, 849 11, 436 10, 060	35, 729 40, 881 9, 027 10, 995	32, 050 40, 617 9, 259 12, 378	35, 775 36, 976 10, 023 17, 813	52, 208 4, 467 16, 329	41, 806 37, 065 11, 245	32, 532 38, 821 11, 913	
Cottonseed: Receipts at millsthous. of short tons. Consumption (crush)do Stocks at mills, end of monthdo Cottonseed cake and meal:	1, 071 677 2, 353	340 570 2, 123	114 613 1, 624	43 492 1, 176	25 400 801	10 278 533	11 224 320	10 147 183	101 120 164	238 142 260	504 346 418	1, 140 646 912	932 610 1, 233	
Production short tons Stocks at mills, end of month do Cottonseed oil, crude: Production thous of lb Stocks, end of month do	327, 720 186, 106 229, 605	274, 304 187, 819 192, 572	293, 321 194, 737 207, 691	238, 857 228, 210 170, 419	192, 415 263, 956 139, 383	135, 735 279, 436 99, 742	112,023 293, 212 81,445	72, 366 287, 779 53, 599	58, 531 251, 816 42, 577	71, 002 209, 556 48, 393	166, 582 209, 213 114, 715	299, 826 249, 383 223, 092	280, 242 261, 578 203, 699	
Cottonseed oil, refined: 9.0 Production	159, 780 123, 137	178, 477 146, 516 122, 138 28, 825 237 208	170, 536 163, 853 131, 666 31, 636 267 . 223	168, 091 132, 848 113, 600 29, 561 288 . 223	142, 267 106, 524 109, 669 26, 119 285 . 223	90, 323 100, 139 20, 579 278 . 195	74, 543 106, 940 19, 669 245 . 180	70, 242 65, 405 105, 878 13, 573 205 . 180	48, 915 54, 947 101, 717 14, 365 154 . 190	36, 787 43, 777 103, 764 15, 048 99 . 185	64, 027 75, 529 94, 429 15, 571 82 . 180	108, 132 130, 973 116, 520 18, 008 95 . 195	127, 828 133, 777 109, 610 15, 685 114 p. 195	
Fiaxseed: Production (crop estimate) thous. of bu. Oil mills: Consumption do Stocks, end of month do Price, wholesale, No. 1 (Minneapolis) dol. per bu.	3, 295 4, 557	2, 971 4, 249 3, 44	2, 304 3, 516 3, 40	2, 239 3, 433 3. 34	2, 586 2, 066 3. 23	1, 500 1, 748 3, 17	1, 561 1, 422 3. 16	1, 508 2, 352 3. 07	3, 055 2, 777 3. 07	3, 373 2, 615 3, 25	2, 981 3, 707 3, 40	2, 730 3, 794 3. 40	2, 373 4, 662 3. 35	2 25, 75 3. 4:

^{**}Revised. **Preliminary.

**December 1 estimate of 1956 crop. **December 1 estimate of 1957 crop.

**Batacs represented are: North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Tennessee, Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas, Oklahoma. According to quarterly reports from Virginia, consumption in that State is as follows (thous. short tons): 1956—July-September, 76; October-December, 79; 1957—January-March, 277; April-June, 323; July-September, 79.

**Prodata on lard, see p. 8-29.

**TRevisions for 1954—October 1955 for edible tallow and for 1956 for the following indicated series will be published later: Inedible tallow, and fish oils (production and consumption, January-September); total vegetable oils (production, January, February, May, and June; consumption and stocks, March-May).

**Consumption and stocks, March-May).

**Consumption figures for edible tallow exclude quantities used in refining; those for inedible tallow, etc., include such quantities.

**Deginning 1955, data may include some refined oils (not formerly included); consumption figures exclude data for cod, cod-liver, and other oils, and stocks include only the quantities of these oils held by producing firms.

nless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and		956		1				19	57		,	т		1.
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Dec
CF	IEMIC	CALS	AND A	ALLIE	D PR	ODUC	TS-(Contin	ued					
FATS, OILS, ETC.—Continued														
egetable oils, oilseeds, and byproducts—Continued Linseed oil, raw:	22 720	*0.000	40.004	45 055	FO 080	91 100	01 000	00 500	C1 400	00 9 05	FO 707	***	47 000	
Production thous of lb Consumption, factory do Stocks at factory, end of month do	66, 563 40, 884 111, 301	59, 889 38, 212 115, 981	46, 864 37, 985 111, 821	45, 657 33, 825 128, 945	52, 970 39, 009 144, 223	31, 106 40, 890 135, 446	31, 929 35, 442 123, 646	30, 533 42, 438 69, 912	61, 488 38, 627 71, 442	68, 387 48, 496 73, 249	58, 787 43, 661 72, 649	52, 829 43, 348 64, 345	45, 699 35, 696 75, 380	
Price, wholesale (Minneapolis)dol. per lb Sovbeans:	. 136	. 136	. 134	. 133	. 131	. 127	. 127	. 127	127	. 133	. 142	.148	P. 149	
Production (crop estimate) thous. of bu- Consumption, factory do- Stocks, end of month do-	26, 591 79, 070	71449,446 26, 988 70, 354	28, 420 65, 517	26, 622 56, 332	28, 909 44, 232	27, 328 33, 533	26, 476 24, 678	24, 694 18, 724	24, 354 18, 655	25, 387 12, 778	22, 245 6, 370	28, 084 66, 741	29, 227 80, 467	2 479
Stocks, end of month	19,070	10,004	00, 017	30, 332	11, 202			10, 724		ļ [']	0, 370	00,741	80, 407	
Crudethous. of lb_ Refineddo	284, 820 244, 824	289, 736 233, 159	305, 156 240, 523	287, 218 209, 184	313, 006 220, 333	298, 230 213, 476	289, 605 217, 495	271, 970 238, 089	268, 757 211, 177	276, 614 241, 083	244, 415 210, 216	r 252 453	313, 366 240, 139	I
Consumption, factory, refined tdo Stocks, end of month: Crudedo	125, 466	224, 344 140, 996	222, 557 134, 093	208, 924 129, 964	210, 687 150, 434	207, 436 173, 139	213, 302 195, 853	235, 912 180, 480	202, 512	222, 759 199, 167	221, 872 182, 123	1	231, 439 207, 885	1
Refined	83, 974 195	92, 130 . 190	103, 973 . 200	99, 970 . 200	97, 821 200	97, 212 . 185	101, 845 . 175	98, 325 . 175	98, 925 . 175	113, 725 . 175	103, 781 . 170	110, 813	120, 144 P. 170	
Margarine: Productionthous. of lb. Stocks (factory and warehouse), end of modo	132, 545 25, 292	124, 951 27, 584	132, 373 29, 874	121, 685 32, 143	120, 472 34, 814	122, 897 27, 426	116, 196 29, 963	98, 088 28, 855	109, 977 25, 444	116, 812 28, 453	120, 737 27, 303	137, 803 29, 391	128, 788 32, 205	
Price, wholesale, colored, delivered (eastern U. S.) dol. per lb.	. 282	. 292	. 292	. 292	. 292	. 282	. 275	. 275	. 275	. 275	. 275	1	₽. 275	
nortening: Production†thous. of lb. Stocks, end of monthdo	179, 909 105, 477	157, 141 122, 047	160, 015 126, 807	144, 252 133, 017	129, 420 138, 595	127, 363 129, 987	150, 741 123, 001	147, 478 130, 125	131, 433 118, 022	160, 503 108, 393	160, 293 112, 674	176, 608 112, 538	168, 555 114, 493	
PAINTS, VARNISH, AND LACQUER													1	Ì
actory shipments, total thous. of dol. Industrial sales do Trade sales do	55, 280	97, 308 45, 645 51, 663	125, 401 54, 539 70, 862	112, 467 50, 131 62, 336	130, 966 55, 378 75, 588	145, 055 57, 566 87, 489	157, 569 59, 768 97, 801	152, 899 55, 370 97, 529	148, 162 55, 244 92, 918	152, 080 57, 600 94, 480	132, 566 50, 863 81, 703	56, 169	113, 689 49, 571 64, 118	1
SYNTHETIC PLASTICS AND RESIN	00, 200	01,000	10,002	02,000	10,000	0., 200	01,001	01,020	02,020	01, 100	01, 100	11,000	01,110	
MATERIALS roduction: Cellulose acetate and mixed ester plastics:									•					
Sheets, rods, and tubesthous. of lb_ Molding and extrusion materialsdo	3, 374 9, 291	3, 724 8, 452	3, 491 7, 456	3, 292 7, 187	4, 253 8, 289	3, 823 7, 168	3, 658 7, 672	4, 094 7, 794	2,872 6,621	3, 580 7, 200	4, 186 9098	9, 663		
Nitrocellulose sheets, rods, and tubesdo Other cellulose plasticsdo	365 551	317 472	377 525	429 375	379 500	357 528	412 466	270 468	233 341	318 511	281 495	330 546		-
Phenolic and other tar acid resinsdo Polystyrenedo	40, 145 44, 467	35, 206 41, 794	41, 373 43, 507	37, 064 46, 097	39, 816 51, 041	35, 442 48, 871	39, 251 48, 598	35, 561 43, 309	32, 607 38, 889	37, 043 46, 520	37, 406 48, 496	53, 417		-1
Urea and melamine resins do Vinyl resins do Alkyd resins do	24, 269 65, 900 34, 509	21, 370 67, 870 27, 874	23, 097 67, 096 34, 948	22, 556 64, 005 29, 980	25, 910 70, 419 31, 879	24, 217 67, 640 32, 382	23, 971 71, 363 34, 715	22, 268 68, 327 32, 120	18, 057 63, 272 27, 858	23, 597 72, 263 29, 228	23, 486 72, 238 29, 993	25, 933 77, 088 32, 979		-
	11, 553	10,024	10, 848	10, 517	9, 951	10, 508	11,749	11,000	9, 149 7, 209	10, 048	10, 442	10, 991	1	-
Rosin modifications do Polyester resins do Polyethylene resins do Miscellaneous do do Miscellaneous	6, 542 51, 421 13, 977	6, 139 51, 413 13, 679	7, 265 52, 394 14, 829	7, 187 49, 800 13, 080	8, 618 56, 587 15, 428	8, 961 51, 793 15, 711	8, 525 56, 170 15, 118	8, 178 56, 074 14, 900	55, 357 14, 428	7, 336 58, 349 15, 313	6, 664 60, 184 15, 874	62, 552		-
	1	1 .	1	IC PO	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u>t</u>	GAS	1		<u> </u>	1	1 '	1	<u> </u>
ELECTRIC POWER	1		1									1		1
roduction (utility and industrial), total; mil of kwhr Electric utilities, totaldodo	r 57, 859	r 60, 157 r 52, 898	62, 938 55, 503	55, 374 48, 666	59, 765 52, 447	57, 702 50, 669	58, 909 51, 699	58, 990 52, 053	61, 191 54, 348	62, 649 55, 449	58, 335 51, 573	60, 297 53, 157	58, 667 51, 788	
By fuels do By waterpower do	r 41, 336 r 9, 316	7 42, 896 7 10, 003	45, 311 10, 192	38, 687 9, 979	41, 008 11, 439	38, 622 12, 047	39, 900 11, 800	40, 873 11, 180	43, 534 10, 814	45, 416 10, 033	42, 291 9, 282	43, 116	40, 886 10, 902	
Privately and municipally owned utilitiesdo Other producers (publicly owned)do	r 41, 227 r 9, 424	r 43, 104 r 9, 794	45, 083 10, 420	39, 779 8, 887	42, 349 10, 098	40, 641 10, 028	41, 190 10, 509	41, 590 10, 463	43, 532 10, 816	44, 585 10, 863	41, 742 9, 831		41, 651 10, 137	
Industrial establishments, totaldo	r 7, 207	r 7, 259	7, 435	6, 708	7, 318	7, 033	7, 210	6, 937	6, 843	7, 200	6, 762	7, 140	6, 879	
By fuels do By waterpower do	r 6, 951 r 256	* 6, 982 * 277	7, 154 281	6, 443 266	7, 005 313	6, 724 310	6, 917 293	6, 678 259	6, 628 215	6, 999 201	6, 559 203	222	6, 631 249	
ales to ultimate customers, total (EEI)‡do Commercial and industrial:	44, 526 7, 276	46, 092 7, 428	47, 693 7, 640	46, 217	46, 167	45, 671 7, 324	45, 353	45, 613 7, 935	46, 349 8, 586	47, 976	47, 549 8, 680	1		1
Small light and powerdo Large light and powerdo	23, 629	23, 604	23, 795	7, 583 22, 640	7, 440 23, 509	23, 679	7, 440 23, 996	23, 815	23, 068	8, 839 24, 026	24, 010	24, 120		
Railways and railroadsdo Residential or domesticdo Rural (distinct rural rates)do	362 11, 047 769	389 12, 424 764	412 13, 561 784	373 13, 389	379 12, 618	361 11,970 922	235 11, 310	312 11, 205 985	316 11, 709 1, 258	322 11, 996	315 11, 897	11, 493		
Rural (distinct rural rates) dodo	454 942	483 946	487 973	758 440 989	773 429 965	393 969	903 370 949	348 958	357 995	1, 339 388 1, 007	1, 189 415 987			-
Interdepartmental do devenue from sales to ultimate customers (Edison	720 005	54	39	45	54	53	51	56 750 054	777 500	59	56			-
Electric Institute) ‡thous, of dol- GAS	730, 285	756, 811	784, 979	775, 742	762, 232	751, 690	746, 672	758, 054	777, 509	796, 383	793, 554	771, 174		-
anufactured and mixed gas (quarterly): or Customers, end of quarter, totalthousands		3, 359			3, 314			3, 282 3, 064			3, 208			
Residential (incl. house-heating)do Industrial and commercialdo		3, 138 219			3, 093 219			216			2, 996 210			-
Sales to consumers, total mil. of therms Residential (incl. house-heating) do		572 410			885 688			526 366			302 179			-
Industrial and commercialdodo		156		-	190			151			115	i	1	1
Revenue from sales to consumers, total thous, of dol		81, 724			115,093			75, 580			48, 593	1		_

*Revised. ** Freimmary.

1 December 1 estimate of 1956 crop. 2 December 1 estimate of 1957 crop.

‡ Revisions for 1956 will be published later for indicated series as follows: Soybean oil (consumption and refined stocks, March-May; crude stocks, April); shortening production, March; electric-power production, January-October; electric-power asles and revenue, February-October.

3 Totals include data not shown separately. Revisions for 1st and 2d quarters of 1956 are available upon request.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and		56						19	57					
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem ber
	ELI	ECTRI	C PO	WER .	AND	GAS-	-Conti	nued						
GAS—Continued									·					
Natural gas (quarterly): 7		26, 567			26, 745			96 705			06 015			
Customers, end of quarter, total thousands Residential (incl. house-heating) do Industrial and commercial do	!	24, 441 2, 107			24, 624			26, 705 24, 637 2, 040			26, 815 24, 778 2, 009			
Sales to consumers, total mil. of therms. Residential (incl. house-heating) do do		17, 654 5, 544			23, 052 10, 308			16, 898 5, 125			14, 223 2, 055			
Industrial and commercialdo Revenue from sales to consumers, total thous. of dol		11, 345 883, 299			11, 826 1, 290, 577		!	11, 030 851, 014			11, 296 602, 220			
Residential (incl. house-heating)do Industrial and commercialdo		486, 445 376, 492			827, 558 437, 858			466, 161 365, 489			241, 943 339, 062			
		FOO	DDST	UFFS	AND	ТОВА	CCO							
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES Beer:														
Productionthous. of bbl	5, 947 6, 171	6, 123 6, 129	6, 866 5, 689	5, 912 5, 570	7, 611 6, 439	8, 081 6, 992	9,007 8,201	9,011 8,247	9, 803 9, 191	8, 354 8, 482	6, 838 6, 884	6, 769 6, 517	5, 247 5, 723	
Stocks, end of monthdiodio	9, 135	8, 768	9, 552	5, 570 9, 558	10, 261	10, 931	11, 211	11, 478	11, 469	10, 805	10, 333	10, 135	9, 337	
Production thous of tax gal- Consumption, apparent, for beverage purposes	⁷ 23, 063	17, 852	19, 982	18, 105	18, 902	19, 033	19, 307	14, 063	8, 478	11,002	23, 650	34, 060	21, 866	
thous. of wine gal	23, 822 19, 331	25, 159 11, 989	14, 375 9, 661	15, 936 10, 805	16, 897 12, 420	15, 264 11, 190	17, 868 12, 234	16, 443 12, 887	15, 121 10, 316	16, 994 11, 568	16, 047 13, 786	20, 821 19, 208	16, 014	
Tax-paid withdrawals thous. of wine gal Stocks, end of month do Imports thous of proof gal	7830, 229 3, 632	832, 439 2, 889	838, 623 1, 482	842, 059 1, 606	845, 407 1, 973	850, 996 1, 965	853, 437 2, 277	853, 012 1, 936	848, 118 2, 211	845, 122 1, 942	842, 191 2, 579	838, 122	836, 771	
Whisky:	10, 734	10, 122	11, 429	11, 243	12, 151	12,500	10, 776	8,067	4,048	5, 262	8, 214	12, 189	11,743	
Production Tax-paid withdrawals do. Stocks, end of month thous of proof gal. Rectified spirits and wines, production, total 2	10, 325 7725, 672 3, 288	6, 334 726, 562 2, 627	5, 125 730, 569 1, 265	6, 139 732, 777	6, 626 735, 536 1, 733	5, 432 740, 710 1, 782	6, 211 742, 045	6, 404 742, 872	4, 177 741, 197	5, 482 739, 048	7,604	10, 283 734, 308	9, 170 733, 948	
Rectified spirits and wines, production, total φ thous. of proof gal. Whisky	12, 549	6, 768	4, 677	1, 438 4, 607	5, 137	5, 238	2, 056 5, 614	1,739 6,914	2, 025 5, 332	1, 740 5, 611	2, 332 7, 227	10, 532	8, 931	
Wines and distilling materials:	11, 275	5, 675	3, 622	3, 675	4, 016	4, 170	4,382	5, 615	4, 171	4, 219	5, 918	9, 023	7, 553	
Effervescent wines: Productionthous. of wine galtodo	188 272	162 261	206 129	251 101	205 134	226 160	237 183	282 173	155 105	336 155	172 184	187 276	178 329	
Stocks, end of month do Imports do	1, 547 115	1, 418 114	1, 477 41	1, 611 36	1,665 44	1,713 50	1,755 67	1,840 50	1,877 36	2, 039 49	2,007	1, 892	1,722	
Still wines: Productiondo	24, 070	3, 912	2, 923	2, 218	2, 630	2, 139	1,907	1,984	1,049	4, 132	42, 227	69, 443	12, 774	
Taxable withdrawals do Stocks, end of month do	13, 879 210, 541	11, 953 198, 721	10, 872 190, 095	10, 220 180, 012	12, 485 170, 636	11, 893 159, 627	11, 295 149, 615	10, 421 138, 034	9, 248 130, 148	10, 888 122, 608	13, 680 149, 569	15, 355 206, 200	12, 476 203, 882	
Importsdo Distilling materials produced at wineriesdo	874 41,839	765 6, 075	585 3,954	465 3,949	598 1,540	653 1,871	649 912	621 1,332	457 1, 192	509 10, 566	620 97, 449	123, 025	25, 263	·
DAIRY PRODUCTS														
Butter, creamery: Production (factory) tthous. of lb	92, 184	103, 191	116, 075	110, 015	125, 675	133, 450	159, 085	149, 400	127, 180	108, 955	91, 265	100, 540	93, 770	
Stocks, cold storage, end of monthdo Price, wholesale, 92-score (New York)dol. per lb	39, 640 . 632	25, 103 . 614	28, 855 . 604	31,946 .606	40, 915 . 604	61, 996 . 604	95, 998 . 602	147, 013 . 601	176, 061 . 601	171,815	145, 262 . 624	126, 921 . 614	r 109, 373 . 607	86,77
Cheese: Production (factory), totaltthous. of lb American, whole milktdo	90, 504 59, 486	96, 570 62, 786	100, 555 67, 580	96, 665 66, 670	115, 610 82, 160	130, 705 95, 660	162, 510 126, 505	159, 580 124, 990	136, 905 104, 880	118, 535 89, 155	101, 035 72, 835	99, 580 7 68, 810	89, 180 59, 180	
Stocks, cold storage, end of month, totaldo	454, 729	441,082	419, 992	390, 308	388, 631	391, 289	1	466, 136	495, 063	507, 286	497, 486	464, 570	435, 950	405, 34
American, whole milkdo Importsdo	414, 606 5, 332	401, 079 5, 598	379, 637 5, 038	349, 441 3, 188	346, 277 4, 989	345, 421 4, 325	381, 146 3, 953	419, 583 4, 202	449, 472 2, 850	460, 860 3, 208	453, 093 3, 214	425, 655	7399, 524	372, 05
Price, wholesale, American, single daisies (Chicago)dol. per lb Condensed and evaporated milk:	. 390	. 390	. 390	. 390	. 390	. 390	. 390	.388	. 388	.388	. 391	. 392	. 392	. 39
Production case goods:†	6, 705	7, 593	7, 350	8, 275	6, 380	6, 350	4, 250	3,650	6,050	4, 500	3, 950	4, 475	3, 300	
Condensed (sweetened) thous of lb_Evaporated (unsweetened) do	146, 067	154, 295	163, 250	169, 700	212, 450		312, 000	278, 000	244, 250	216, 500	170, 900	162, 500	137, 200	
Condensed (sweetened) thous. of lb_Evaporated (unsweetened) do	10, 391 310, 371	9, 649 224, 025	9, 117 156, 420	9, 559 123, 616	8, 925 83, 361	9, 172 153, 950	9, 547 244, 478	9, 416 368, 927	8, 406 421, 706	7, 572 438, 820	7, 533 428, 868	6, 634 379, 839	6, 469 262, 925	
Exports: Condensed (sweetened)dodododododo	3, 385	5, 054	5, 129	2, 888	7, 270	4, 802	2, 536	1, 444	3, 153	3, 350	1, 712	2, 504	1, 513	
Price, wholesale, U. S. average:	14, 172	20, 211	15,847	9, 200	15, 064	7, 861	13, 034	16, 306	12, 149	19, 897	15, 762	16, 375	10, 854	
Evaporated (unsweetened)dol. per case	5. 93 8, 695	5. 93	5. 93 9, 697	5. 93	5. 95	6.05	6.06	6.05	6.06	6.06	6.06	6.06	6.06	9, 38
Production mil. of lb_ Utilization in mfd. dairy productsdo_ Price, wholesale, U. S. averagedol. per 100 lb_	3, 120 7 4. 66	9, 227 3, 450 r 4, 52	3, 791 4, 44	9, 464 3, 618 4. 34	10, 961 4, 213 4. 19	11, 428 4, 647 3. 99	13, 122 5, 593 3. 85	12, 633 5, 312 3. 83	11, 692 4, 593 3, 99	10, 794 3, 929 4, 16	9, 611 3, 307 4, 40	9, 412 3, 454 4, 56	8, 783 3, 148 4, 62	9, 30 9 4. 5
Dry milk; Production:1	1.00	1.02	1, 11	1.01	1.19	0. 99	0.00	0.00	3. 88	7. 10	7. 70	1.00	4.02	7 - 2. 0
Dry whole milkthous. of lb_ Nonfat dry milk solids (human food)do	7, 291 92, 552	9, 117 119, 188	7, 900 130, 650	6, 500 128, 400	7,000 153,600	8,600 171,800	10, 900 215, 700	10, 100 200, 200	8, 700 151, 500	7,000 119,200	6, 700 89, 400	8, 200 100, 460	7,300 104,200	
Stocks, manufacturers', end of month: Dry whole milkdo Nonfat dry milk solids (human food)do	11, 390	10, 757	10, 384	10, 450	9, 430	9, 919	11, 926	13, 374	13, 792	12, 783	11, 061	11, 582	10, 946	
Exports:	67,095	69, 461	65, 623	63, 308	69, 029	80, 493	119, 757	144, 368	133, 496	113, 910	93, 573	81, 114	72, 362	
Dry whole milkdo Nonfat dry milk solids (human food)do	2,010 21,053	2,776 42,700	4, 418 9, 136	3, 071 7, 645	3, 607 12, 552	4, 858 24, 418	3, 940 18, 290	3, 183 25, 686	4, 561 18, 989	5, 168 24, 192	2, 681 29, 588	3, 666 30, 260	3, 722 28, 929	
Price, wholesale, nonfat dry milk solids (human														

r Revised. Preliminary.

∂Totals include data not shown separately. Revisions for 1st and 2d quarters of 1956 are available upon request.

♀ Data beginning July 1956 exclude production of wines and vermouth; for July 1955-June 1956, such production totaled 183,000 gal.

‡Revisions for the indicated items and for the periods specified are available upon request as follows: Butter, cheese (total and American), dry whole milk, and nonfat dry milk solids—January 1955-September 1956; condensed milk and evaporated milk—January—September 1956.

Juless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of		956		T 70.		I	l	19	57		a <i>t</i>	ı ———	T	T.
BUSINESS STATISTICS	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	D ec e be
	FOO	DDSTU	J FFS	AND '	ТОВА	CCO-	-Conti	pued						
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES														
Production (crop estimate) thous. of bu Shipments, carlot no. of carloads Stocks, cold storage, end of month thous. of bu	2, 085 33, 933	1 100,623 1,811 26,578	1, 595 19, 814	1, 592 12, 765	2, 061 7, 128	1, 804 3, 246	1,005 1,045	257 384	131 229	48 340	803 12, 215	3, 406 48, 634	, 2, 765 , 45, 621	² 117, 3, 36,
Strus fruits, carlot shipmentsno. of carloads	6, 349	9,718	7, 492	6, 579	7, 819	7, 783	9, 564	8, 484	6, 966	5, 483	4, 176	4, 437	7 6, 411	8,
Stocks cold storage end of month:	467, 046	450, 562	422, 805	379, 474	341, 520	292, 185	272, 005	375, 067	498, 120	550, 700	566, 388	545, 092	r 522, 747	496,
Fruits thous of lb- Fruit juices and purees do- Vegetables do- otatoes, white:	303, 742 905, 439	294, 282 857, 942	388, 388 787, 218	464,337 721,613	492, 287 665, 354	505, 397 655, 695	562, 221 625, 384	567, 775 657, 296	504, 187 726, 872	445, 713 873, 685	398, 485 984, 765	337, 273 993, 230	r 274, 368 r 957, 089	286, 883,
Production (crop estimate) thous. of cwt Shipments, carlot no. of carloads Price, wholseale, U. S. No. 1 (New York)	13, 759	¹ 243,716 12,333	15, 524	15, 687	19, 819	17, 712	18, 443	19, 971	10, 797	9, 417	9, 536	12, 324	'	² 236
dol. per 100 lb GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS	3. 500	3. 075	3. 533	3.620	3. 480	3. 540	3. 930	3. 658	3. 328	3.841	3. 290	7 3, 708	» 3. 349	
xports (barley, corn, oats, rye, wheat)_thous. of bu_	57, 733	73, 833	67, 010	66, 226	72, 528	69, 143	58, 456	72, 209	49, 127	59, 843	49, 873	57, 077	60, 335	
arley: Production (crop estimate)do Receipts, 4 principal markets‡do	12,027	1376, 873 12, 195	10, 537	8, 344	10, 760	8, 340	8, 263	15, 480	15, 403	22, 973	11, 809	13, 818	12, 357	² 435 13,
Stocks, domestic, end of month:	43, 798	40, 122	37, 661	36, 062	30, 111	25, 343	22, 224	31, 253	40, 120	44, 894	44, 855	41, 471	39, 203	37,
Commercial do do On farms do do Prices, uncluding malts do Prices, wholesale (Minneapolis):	3, 981	159, 561 3, 011	3, 386	3,675	104, 052 5, 530	3, 576	6, 052	3 41, 546 3, 569	4, 458	3,305	272, 305 3, 820	6, 821	6, 600	
No. 2, maltingdol. per bu No. 3, straightdo	1. 320 1. 276	1. 298 1. 258	1. 278 1. 237	1. 261 1. 206	1. 268 1. 219	1. 263 1. 205	1. 238 1. 188	1. 131 1. 036	1. 139 1. 055	1. 176 1. 115	1. 228 1. 160	1. 264 1. 197	1. 248 1. 174	1.
orn: Production (crop estimate)mil. of bu Grindings, wet processthous, of bu	11,819	7 1 3, 445 10, 690	11,731	10, 874	11,313	11, 133	12, 023	11,473	11,661	12, 321	11, 716	12, 952	11, 682	2 3
Grindings, wet process	47, 353 100, 863	23, 272 93, 849	32, 736 89, 558	49, 429 102, 650	60,072 126,744	47,066 151,613	32, 770 157, 821	17, 203 153, 642	17, 375 139, 360	21, 525 128, 029	16, 864 120, 317	20, 520 110, 211	26, 913 105, 664	107
On farms mil. of bu Exports, including meal and flour thous, of bu	17, 243	2, 331. 1 15, 578	12, 789	12, 514	1, 615. 1 16, 024	12, 313	14, 124	1, 118. 4 10, 198	10, 549	18, 643	³ 416. 3 13, 867	15, 141	20, 530	
Prices, wholesale: No. 3, yellow (Chicago)dol. per bu_ Weighted average, 5 markets, all gradesdo	1, 339 1, 331	1.357 1.300	1, 343 1, 322	1. 275 1. 244	1. 290 1. 260	1. 298 1. 240	1. 333 1. 267	1.316 1.292	1. 337 1. 336	1.312 1.260	1. 262 1. 184	1. 189 1. 151	1. 157 1. 103	1
ats: Production (crop estimate)mil. of bu Receipts, interior primary marketsthous. of bu		r 1 1, 163		6-225-										2 1
Receipts, interior primary marketsthous. of bu- Stocks, domestic, end of month: Commercial	4, 052 25, 223	5, 304	7, 261 19, 495	3, 759 17, 794	4, 950 15, 116	5, 968 13, 240	4, 272 11, 688	3, 652 12, 066	10, 607 16, 083	26, 275 24, 314	7, 805 25, 420	7, 278	5, 090 18, 046	15
On farms. do Exports, including oatmeal. do Price, wholesale, No. 3, white (Chicago) dol. per bu	2,076 .824	696, 376 2, 570 . 829	1, 614 . 820	1, 423 . 784	410, 427 869 . 778	1, 206 . 727	1, 134 . 738	3 191,840 1,237 . 695	1, 411 . 662	3, 490 . 674	1,079,183 1,694 .650	2, 133 . 632	2,802 .750	
tice: Production (crop estimate)thous. of bags \(\text{\$\sigma} \)		r 1 49,459												2 43
California: Receipts, domestic, roughthous. of lb Shipments from mills, milled ricedo Stocks, rough and cleaned (cleaned basis), end	99, 461 73, 695	75, 193 35, 564	55, 410 39, 331	126, 523 98, 210	153, 906 129, 567	123, 311 81, 696	98, 507 76, 095	87, 304 52, 665	62, 147 39, 704	54, 245 33, 239	33, 195 45, 839	105, 545 35, 592	7 60, 968 33, 836	46 27
Stocks, rough and cleaned (cleaned basis), end of month	85, 123	97, 309	91, 446	75, 950	50, 793	51,580	39, 423	44, 158	42, 424	42, 469	17, 151	49, 380	55, 802	58
Southern States (Ark., La., Tenn., Tex.): Receipts, rough, at millsdo Shipments from mills, milled ricedo Stocks, domestic, rough and cleaned (cleaned	159, 556 126, 296	38, 683 115, 078	78, 407 144, 810	122, 165 135, 725	62, 275 110, 818	17, 955 101, 820	20, 879 93, 489	14, 122 86, 565	27, 618 126, 704	70, 428 89, 787	485, 373 124, 672	1,185,118 171, 798	399, 837 141, 132	
Stocks, domestic, rough and cleaned (cleaned basis), and of month	1, 192. 3 123, 318	1,026.2 404,990	907. 0 110, 930	836. 3 179, 710	651. 7 333, 060	509. 2 246, 261	394. 3 104, 434	443. 8 71, 665	376. 5 109, 789	256. 4 37, 884	472.0 147, 210	989. 9 94, 713	1,064.4 97,996	
Rve:	. 085	. 085	. 085	.088	. 090	. 089	. 091	.091	. 095	. 094	. 093	.095	₽.095	
Production (crop estimate) thous of bu- Receipts, interior primary markets do Stocks, commercial, domestic, end of month do	680 8, 109	1,063 8,294	498 6, 394	306 5, 458	240 4,844	302 2, 966	483 2, 851	3, 531 2, 023	2, 730 6, 692	2, 124 7, 515	852 7, 684	524 6, 209	635 5, 378	³ 26
Price, wholesale, No. 2 (Minneapolis)dol. per bu Wheat:	1.471	1.459	1.499	1.400	1.412	1. 363	1. 240	1, 292	1. 246	1. 281	1.304	1.306	1.330	1
Production (crop estimate), total mil. of bu- Spring wheat do- Winter wheat do-		r11,004.3 r1263.3 r1740.9												2 9 2 2 2 7
Receipts, interior primary marketsthous. of bu_Disappearance (quarterly total)dodo	28, 212	34, 865 312, 205	29, 679	24, 144	21, 462 301, 776	24, 030	25, 472	25, 221 281, 787	107, 434	65, 777	35, 801 238, 990	29, 674	26, 913	
Canada (Canadian wheat)do	352, 461	356, 920	356, 831	360, 964	368, 482	365, 104	364, 343	384, 362 3 908, 4	401, 176	396, 776	382, 848	379, 043	367, 214	377
United States, domestic, totalo mil. of bu- Commercial thous. of bu- Interior and merchant mills, elevators, and	429, 322	1, 487. 3 393, 211	403, 458	386, 872	1, 187. 8 360, 702	356, 532	341, 690	3313, 481	411, 584	437, 937	1, 598. 6 412, 237	417, 052	398, 347	378
warehousesthous, of bu On farmsdo		675, 222 292, 804			558, 750 165, 959			³ 444, 326 ³ 59, 540			715, 103 388, 390			
Exports, total, including flourdo Wheat onlydo	33, 901 29, 787	51, 477 44, 109	48, 485 43, 135	48, 350 42, 207	49, 465 42, 599	50, 674 46, 050	36, 821 32, 798	56, 846 51, 405	32, 262 27, 819	33, 993 29, 222	30, 425 25, 845	32, 579 27, 236	29, 774 24, 097	
Prices, wholesale: No. 1, dark northern spring (Minneapolis)	2, 495	9 490	9 490	9.400	9 204	9 909	9 971	9 416	9 49#	9 261	2. 382	9.490	9 490	0
dol. per bu- No. 2, hard winter (Kansas City)do	2. 495 2. 358 2. 358	2. 426 2. 343 2. 405	2. 438 2. 358 2. 440	2. 400 2. 338 2. 345	2. 394 2. 335 2. 298	2. 393 2. 302 2. 213	2. 371 2. 231 2. 109	2. 416 2. 268 2. 057	2. 435 2. 135 2. 110	2. 361 2. 112 2. 108	2. 382 2. 121 2. 139	2. 428 2. 132 2. 178	2. 439 2. 201 (4)	2 2 2

r Revised. r Preliminary. 1 Revised estimate of 1956 crop. 2 December 1 estimate of 1957 crop.
3 Old crop only; new grain not reported until beginning of new crop year (July for barley, oats, and wheat; October for corn).
4 No quotation.
4 Revised beginning January 1954 to reflect data compiled from reports based on 5-day weeks (prior thereto, based on 6-day weeks).
8 Revisions for January 1954 through July 1956 are shown in the October 1957 Survey. Sexcludes a small amount of pearl barley. Sags of 100 lb.
6 The total includes wheat owned by Commodity Credit Corporation and stored off farms in its own steel and wooden bins; such data are not included in the breakdown of stocks.
9 Data for March, June, September, and December are not strictly comparable with those for other months, largely because of somewhat smaller coverage of the quarterly reports.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and	1	956						19	57			,		
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	A pril	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	December
	FOC	DSTU	JFFS	AND '	ТОВА	CCO-	-Conti	nued			<u></u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS—Continued	1						Ì	<u> </u>			1	1		
Wheat flour:												,		
Production: thous. of sacks (100 lb.).	20, 055	19, 278	22, 162	19, 156	19, 679	18, 940	19, 383	18, 144	18, 868	20, 317	20, 584	22,057	19, 541	
Operations, percent of capacity	89. 1 377, 713	89. 6 365, 415	93. 6 419, 916	89. 1 358, 583	86. 2 367, 929	79. 1 360, 570	81. 1 365, 727	83. 6 347, 039	79. 0 365, 966	85. 2 394, 942	95. 1 399, 353	88. 6 431, 000	90. 6 381, 056	
Grindings of wheatthous. of bu Stock held by mills, end of quarter	45, 844	44, 126	50, 711	43, 661	44, 693	43, 323	44, 256	41, 591	43, 319	46, 796	47, 311	50, 779	44, 959	
thous, of sacks (100 lb.).	1, 766	5, 572 3, 162	2, 296	2,637	5, 190 2, 947	1, 985	1, 727	4, 746 2, 335	1, 903	2, 048	5, 189 1, 966	2, 293	2, 437	
Prices, wholesale: Spring, short patents (Minneapolis)	4 100	2 000	6.020		5, 950	F 077	F 000	2 005	0.010	2 225	0.010			
dol. per sack (100 lb.) Winter, hard, short patents (Kansas City)do LIVESTOCK	6. 180 5. 785	6. 030 5. 725	5. 770	6. 020 5. 625	5. 700	5, 975 5, 790	5, 900 5, 600	6. 025 5. 725	6, 210 5, 800	6, 005 5, 575	6, 010 5, 575	7 6. 135 5. 585	p 6, 215 p 5, 635	
attle and calves: Slaughter (federally inspected):													1	
Cattle thous, of animals do	763 1, 807	605 1,686	657 $1,851$	550 1,488	632 1, 514	613 1, 499	580 1,665	535 1, 535	596 1,759	615 1, 726	638 1,627	742 1,801	598 1, 515	1,
Receipts, principal marketsdoShipments, feeder, to 9 corn-belt Statesdo	2, 689 794	2, 121 363	2, 203 252	1,770 178	1,836 237	1, 947 212	1, 961 205	1,860 160	2, 312 272	2, 207 475	2. 491 679	2, 861 1, 190	2, 158 973	
Prices, wholesale: Beef steers (Chicago)dol. per 100 lb_	23. 97	21.65	20. 94	20. 28	21.36	22, 61 20, 86	22. 85	23. 07	24.76	25. 45 20. 33	24. 84 20. 11	24. 48 20. 18	25.06 21.41	25 22
Steers, stocker and feeder (Kansas City)dodododododo	17. 29 22, 50	16. 67 21. 50	17. 68 25. 00	18. 24 27. 50	19. 35 26. 00	27. 00	21. 13 25, 00	20. 20 25. 00	20. 74 22. 50	24. 50	25. 50	26. 50	27. 50	
Slaughter (federally inspected)thous. of animals. Receipts, principal marketsdo	6, 559 3, 483	5, 698 3, 037	5, 655 3, 030	4, 985 2, 622	5, 380 2, 710	5, 000 2, 657	4, 884 2, 573	3, 994 2, 245	4, 185 2, 294	4, 418 2, 326	5, 060 2, 599	6, 094 3, 114	5, 505 2, 780	5, 1
Wholesale, average, all grades (Chicago) dol. per 100 lb.	14. 59	16, 32	17. 52	16. 98	17.05	17. 52	17. 39	18. 15	19, 39	20. 37	19, 12	17.16	16. 79	17.
Hog-corn price ratio bu, of corn equal in value to 100 lb. of live hog	r 11.8	13. 3	14. 1	13. 7	14.0	14.4	14.0	15. 1	15. 7	16.3	16. 6	15. 9	r 17. 0	18
heep and lambs: Slanghter (federally inspected)thous, of animals Receipts, principal marketsdo	1, 139 1, 085	1, 062 1, 023	1, 333 1, 204	1, 091 943	1, 011 858	1, 061 996	1, 133 1, 013	1, 044 914	1, 200 1, 108	1, 111 1, 059	1, 104 1, 308	1, 210 1, 463	958 930	
Shipments, feeder, to 9 corn-belt Statesdo Prices, wholesale:	266	145	201	142	127	113	161	108	222	341	502	690	248	
Lambs, average (Chicago)dol. per 100 lb Lambs, feeder, good and choice (Omaha)do	19. 25 18. 12	19. 38 17. 85	20, 12 18, 55	20.00 19.78	23. 00 20. 97	22, 75 21, 75	24. 00 21. 07	23.00 21.06	23. 75 20. 60	23, 75 21, 14	22, 00 21, 88	21. 50 21. 05	22. 00 21. 06	22. 21.
otal meats:	}					į						1		
Production (carcass weight, leaf lard out), inspected slaughtermil. of lb.	2, 256	2,064	2, 199	1,843	1,932	1,866	1, 963	1, 721	1,851	1, 828	1, 858	2, 169	1, 920	
Stocks (excluding lard), cold storage, end of month of mil. of lb Exports (including lard)	591 83	679 95	619 93	636 69	631 93	596 66	554 90	485 89	395 58	330 46	305 56	318 65	370 63	
Imports (excluding lard)dodo	22	24	27	22	27	33	30	24	26	42	r 33			
Production, inspected slaughterdoStocks, cold storage, end of monththous. of lb	1,041.7 220,008	987. 0 263, 929	1, 111. 7 246, 789	902. 5 220, 123	918. 1 194, 214 9, 521	906. 1 168, 599	999.1 141,556	904. 7 123, 321	1,019.8 116,063	1,010.4 120,414	960. 7 113, 584	1,065.9 118,864	896. 1	145,
Exports do do Imports do	10, 896 10, 853	14, 264 11, 145	27, 827 11, 588	11, 679 9, 939	9, 521 11, 003	4, 623 16, 718	3, 404 16, 612	8, 451 11, 043	1, 637 11, 796	1,774 30,730	9, 699 18, 591	2,770	2, 483	
Price, wholesale, beef, fresh, steer carcasses, choice (600-700 lbs.) (New York)dol. per lb	. 417	. 390	. 371	. 365	. 376	, 395	. 406	. 410	. 430	. 448	. 438	. 422	. 436	
amb and mutton: Production, inspected slaughterthous. of lb_	52, 150	50, 262	64, 751	53, 909	49, 504	50, 604	52,639	46, 700	53, 385	49, 725	49, 650	54, 870	44, 053	
Stocks, cold storage, end of month	11,016	11, 590 1, 026. 6	9,715	8, 987 886, 9	8, 100 964. 4	7, 330 909. 2	6, 837 911. 3	6, 870 770. 0	6, 399	5, 194 767. 4	5, 745 847. 8	5, 616 1, 048. 6	7 5, 309 979. 8	5,
mil. of lb_ ork (excluding lard): Production, inspected slaughterthous, of lb_	862, 470	754, 561	754, 416	650, 175	703, 006	661, 271	657, 319	559, 379	577, 734	579, 219	639, 808	788, 160	730, 191	
Stocks, cold storage, end of monthdo Exportsdo.	248, 637 6, 275	279, 768 8, 726	293, 332 9, 420	334, 606 8, 753	352, 914 6, 592	343, 081 5, 420	323, 905 6, 414	278, 624 12, 359	204, 404 5, 036	147, 043	134, 085 3, 864	138, 412 4, 269	, 163, 656 5, 379	
Importsdo	8, 247	10, 714	13, 061	9, 428	13, 745	13, 297	10, 685	10,805	11, 121	4, 559 7, 040	9, 399			
Hams, smoked, composite dol. per lb. Fresh loins, 8-12 lb. average (New York)do	. 471	. 511	. 516 . 450	. 519	. 506 . 438	. 521 . 452	. 516 . 477	. 532 . 505	. 543	. 561 . 525	. 522	7.479 .480	p. 490 . 473	
ard: Production, inspected slaughterthous, of lb_	218, 913	198, 576 111, 637	196, 353	172, 767	190, 755	182, 122 127, 116	186, 287	154, 196	146, 019	137, 940	151, 801	189, 478	182, 592	
Stocks, dry and cold storage, end of monthdo Exportsdo. Price, wholesale, refined (Chicago)dol. per lb	103, 484 47, 272 . 158	47, 898 . 175	101, 098 37, 811 , 175	112, 042 36, 380 . 173	119, 122 61, 940 168	43, 783	120, 168 65, 696 . 153	107, 113 52, 322 . 158	101, 808 34, 707 165	76, 600 24, 347 .160	68, 650 30, 532 . 168	67, 717 43, 376 . 158	78, 918 36, 566 P. 150	
POULTRY AND EGGS	1		'''						1.00		.100	.100	1.100	
oultry: Receipts, 5 marketsthous. of lb	90, 347	75, 226	53, 211	45, 378	51,969	52, 606	58, 155	50, 582	60, 319	62, 975	68, 397	79, 337	87, 423	78,
Stocks, cold storage (frozen), end of monthdo Price, wholesale, live fowls, heavy type, No. 1	368, 378	332, 817	330, 135	292, 033	259, 975	219, 988	202, 191	190, 441	185, 138	202, 178	261, 146		362, 059	319,
(Chicago) dol. per lb	. 148	. 145	. 148	. 150	. 155	. 153	. 150	. 150	.148	. 153	. 153	. 148	p. 148	
Production, farmmillions	4, 885 1, 010	5, 280 1, 592	5, 369 2, 249	5, 022 2, 246	5, 902 3, 093	5, 731 4, 032	5, 662 4, 001	5, 038 3, 835	4, 786 2, 888	4, 588 1, 780	4, 416 1, 350	4, 597 1, 156	4, 587	5,6
Stocks, cold storage, end of month: Shell thous, of cases though of the storage through the storage throug	525 108, 684	320 86, 807	328 74, 848	519 65, 643	932 78, 436	1, 208 107, 568	1,719 140,456	1, 812 166, 942	1, 507 176, 721	1, 174 164, 728	895 147, 430	552 124, 272	7 302	75.
Price, wholesale, extras, large (Chicago) dol. per doz.	. 400	.344	. 308	. 322	. 304	.318	. 290	. 299	. 361	. 408	. 460	. 523	. 444	10,
MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS	1.200			1,555			.200	.200			1.55			
Confectionery, manufacturers' salesthous. of dol.	118, 264	96, 672	96, 970	91, 338	90, 912	84, 372	68, 374	62, 783	59, 996	74, 812	117, 739	r 126, 988	117, 280	
Oocoa (cacao) beans: Imports (incl. shells)long tons	11, 549	20, 669	37,610	15, 681	27,722	16, 997	15, 053	24, 757	21, 710	7, 686	7, 901			
Price, wholesale, Accra (New York)dol. per lb			. 231	. 234	. 223	. 255	253	. 305	305		. 346	. 354	p. 427	1

^{*} Revised. * Preliminary.

**The Preliminary of Prior to 1957, figures include data for sausage and sausage-room products and edible offal; figure for December 1956 comparable with those beginning 1957, which exclude such items, is \$606,490,000 lb.

1	956						19	57					
Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Dece
FOC	DSTI	IFFS	AND '	TORA	CCO-	-Conti	nued					<u> </u>	
T	1		1 1 1 2			COIIC	I				i .		1
1, 326	1, 584	1,671	1, 288	1,048	927	935	794	1,025	1, 102	1, 250	1, 330	1,609	
1, 111	965	988	1, 181	853	1,034	989	954	954	927	1,005	794	980	
1,579	1	['	· ·	, i		, i	1			,	£40	250	
1	1	1					}					1	
200, 400	'		140,404	122, 114	111, 510	120, 320	140,002	100, 400	109, 199	203, 122	204, 900	200, 000	
1,032	873	563	1, 640	2, 890	3, 790	3, 615	3, 010	2, 445	1, 945	1, 620	1, 370	862	
794, 492	199, 555	519, 988	453, 611	565, 977	630, 053	624, 323	546, 450	694, 255	653, 440	533, 398	472, 464	411, 510	
		l					1	·			ł	147, 394	
666, 768	661, 137	585, 089	536, 683	636, 437	684, 978	770.381	911, 362	874, 797	829, 565	779, 501	708, 582	604, 707	
1.614	1	1				i i							
624	440	564	1, 205	604	428	544	584	985	2, 239	355	1, 199	403	
138. 548 98. 873	171, 386 151, 084	350, 622 231, 559	310, 708 214, 601	351, 330 218, 573	330, 570 227, 221	349, 997 235, 482	336, 130 250, 587	377, 358 285, 931	315, 157 219, 754	314, 463 266, 466			
28, 897 2, 541	0	119, 041	96, 108	127, 280	103, 349	105, 275	80, 717	70, 693	66, 836	40, 117			
1, 451	1,075	36, 724	31, 080	59, 880	45, 033	37, 072	25, 051	43, 918	41, 029	8, 270			
. 063	. 064	. 065	. 061	. 062	. 061	. 064	. 066	.066	. 062	. 062	.062	₽. 062	
. 512	. 518	. 522	. 526	. 525 . 089	, 526 1 , 084	. 527	. 527	. 532 1 . 085	. 534 1. 085	. 536	. 536	537 p 1 084	
4,777	10, 344	8, 197	7, 417	10, 402	9, 981	10, 653	8, 525	8, 437	8, 202	7, 396			
									:		}	Ì	
	r ² 2, 179					l					i	i	1 '
·	5, 353			5, 213			4, 846			4, 918		i	ı
	292			348			332			298	 -		
1	4, 869		-		-		4, 281			4, 403			
	170			175			209			26 190			
42, 763 9, 940	57, 743 8, 434	30, 389 10, 077	27, 066 10, 298	32, 432 9, 662	30, 506 10, 701	29, 453 11, 227	39, 902 9, 215	28, 447 11, 715	40, 988 9, 383	77, 042 11, 837	74, 386	47, 625	
15, 346	11, 558	15, 917	13, 268	14, 345	14, 927	15, 773	15, 104	13, 608	16, 584	15, 674	17, 519	13, 951	
6, 331	4, 246	6,031	4,858	5, 399	5, 763	6, 088	5, 683	5, 499	6, 785	6, 128 6, 564	6, 696 7, 514	5, 492 5, 665	
3,045	2, 448	3, 347	2, 900	3, 011	3, 107	3, 163	3, 288	2, 264	3, 207	2, 982	3, 309	2, 794	
2. 585	2, 572	2, 714	2, 463	2, 267	2, 721	2, 482	3, 297	2, 979	2, 763	2, 819	2,646	2, 575	
33, 585 632, 158	25,070	35, 982 437, 127	31, 688 391, 193	33, 222 421, 950	32, 059 470, 129	38, 151 565, 237	34, 189 449, 722	35, 248 478, 149	38, 013	34, 684	38, 248	31, 545	
i		i	12, 997		14, 493	l							
907	1, 475	1, 171	1, 337	1, 326	1, 306	1, 398	1, 491	1, 588	1, 524	1, 353	1, 220	1,568	
3. 938	3. 938	3, 938	3. 938	3. 938	3.938	3. 938	3. 938	4. 281	4. 281	4. 281	4,281	p 4. 281	
1	LI	EATH	ER AN	D PR	ODUC	TS.					!	!	1
	<u> </u>	1	1				1				1	1	Γ.
7, 898	9, 880	10, 508	8, 497	15, 308	12,039	11,047	9,895	6, 702	10, 917	9, 968			
. 43	150	103	165	97	132	92	116 23	159 10	46 20	93 15			
1 395	1,936	2, 205	1,010	2, 291 3, 220	1, 737 3, 245	1,607	1,821	1, 361	1, 494	1,610			
. 488		1			'			l	·		.450	p. 438	
. 128	. 108	. 103	. 090	. 095	.095	.108	.118	, 133	, 138	. 123	.118	p. 103	
		1	1										
737 2, 197	722 1, 993 1, 699	872 2, 254	844 2, 164	813 2, 164	744 2, 118	800 2, 168	732 2, 130	546 1,887	818 2, 262	r 686 2, 029	786 2, 318		
1, 859 2, 155	1, 699 1, 784	2, 254 2, 064 2, 065	1, 892 2, 225	1, 951 2, 359	1, 959 2, 369	2, 005 2, 453	1, 814 2, 148	1,774 1,722	1, 785 2, 189	1,704 1,975	2, 095 2, 041		
2, 100	1,104	, 555	2,220	2,500	2,505	2, 100	-,,,,,		_, 100	.,,,,,			
			,		م ا			35	0=	100		1	l
84	66	54 35	53	124	66	37	88		87	108	85 25	61	
84 22 2,000	66 13 3, 092	54 35 2, 923	53 65 2, 644	124 20 3, 840	8 2,831	36 3, 126	36 2, 913	12 2, 148	87 87 3, 137	32 3, 245	3, 443	61 13 2, 802	
_ 22	13	35	65	20	8	36	36	12	87	32	25	13	
	1, 326 700 1, 111 1, 379 600 200, 403 71, 032 794, 492 282, 598 189, 762 669, 695 666, 768 2, 927 1, 614 624 138, 548 98, 873 28, 897 2, 541 1, 451 063 512 088 4, 777 42, 763 9, 940 15, 346 6, 331 5, 970 3, 045 2, 585 33, 585 7632, 158 14, 949 907 3, 938	1, 326	1, 326	1, 326	1, 326	1, 326	1, 326	1, 111	1, 329	1,326	1, 2305	1, 200	1, 205

Revised. Preliminary.

Beginning April 1957, data exclude excise tax; earlier data include excise tax (\$0.005 per lb.).

Beginning April 1957, data exclude excise tax; earlier data include excise tax (\$0.005 per lb.).

Beginning April 1957, data exclude excise tax; earlier data include excise tax (\$0.005 per lb.).

Preliminary.

Revised. Preliminary.

Revised estimate of 1956 crop.

Preliminary.

Revised estimate of 1956 crop.

Includes data not shown separately.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of	19					1		195	57		T		l	I
BUSINESS STATISTICS	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ar y	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	De c em ber
	LE	ATHE	R AN	D PR	ODUC	TS—C	Contin	ued						
LEATHER MANUFACTURES														
hoes and slippers: Q Production, totalthous. of pairs	46, 491	41,668	51, 465	51, 250	54, 925	52, 697	49, 339	45, 226	46, 016	54, 968	48, 800	51, 091	43, 815	
Shoes, sandals, and play shoes, except athletic, total thous. of pairs. By kinds:	38, 186	37, 022	47, 574	46, 172	49, 045	46, 798	43, 029	38, 964	40, 087	46, 486	40, 571	42, 026	35, 980	
Men's do Vouths' and boys' do do Warnen's	8, 462 1, 520 19, 375	7, 727 1, 687 18, 801	9, 198 1, 980 25, 429	8, 858 1, 813 25, 078	9, 755 1, 993 26, 799	9, 493 2, 166 25, 537	8, 964 2, 004 23, 157	8, 194 1, 963 20, 771	7, 481 2, 113 22, 412	8, 844 2, 433 25, 701	8, 497 2, 151 21, 095	8, 794 2, 071 21, 661	7, 849 1, 674 17, 801	
Women's do Misses' and children's do Infants' and babies' do	5, 787 3, 042	5, 876 2, 931	7, 409 3, 558	6, 986 3, 437	6, 809 3, 689	6, 178 3, 424	5, 712 3, 192	5, 437 2, 599	5, 451 2, 630	6, 440 3, 068	5, 937 2, 891	6, 273 3, 227	5, 768 2, 888	
Slippers for housewear do Athletic do Other footwear do	7, 236 607	3, 944 508	2, 715 504	4, 129 490	4, 759 571	4, 892 479	5, 280 502	5, 075 533	4, 982 409	7, 416 501	7, 466 484	7, 913 496	6, 774 486	
Other footwear do Prices, wholesale, f. o. b. factory:	462 264	194 326	672 225	459 272	550 421	528 385	528 274	654 213	538 23 1	565 317	279 368	656 352	575 312	
Men's and boys' oxfords, dress, cattle hide upper, Goodyear welt	124, 1	124, 1	124, 1	124, 1	124. 1	124. 1	124. 1	124. 1	124. 4	124. 4	124. 4	124. 4	» 124. 4	
welt 1947-49=100. Women's and misses' pumps, suede split do do	131.3 117.4	131, 3 117, 4	131.3 117.8	131.3 117.8	131.3 117.8	131. 3 118. 9	131, 3 118, 9	131. 3 118. 9	131. 3 118. 9	131. 3 118. 9	131. 3 118. 9	136. 2 118. 9	p 136. 2 p 118. 9	
	<u> </u>	LUM	BER A	AND N	MANU	FACT	URES	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1				
LUMBER—ALL TYPES ‡											1		1	
Tational Lumber Manufacturers Association:		0 100	2 202											
Production, total mil bd. ft. Hardwoods do Softwoods do	2, 954 572 2, 382	2, 520 518 2, 002	2, 635 529 2, 106	2, 607 539 2, 068	2, 842 522 2, 320	2, 941 472 2, 469	3, 055 461 2, 594	2, 884 463 2, 421	2, 728 470 2, 258	3, 107 545 2, 562	2, 883 529 2, 354	3, 024 518 2, 506	2, 493 458 2, 035	
Shipments, totaldo	2,802 524	2, 375 477	2, 543 479	2, 488 504	2, 795 497	3, 027 483	3, 140 481	2, 967 476	2, 813 429	3, 147 524	2, 866 525	3, 091 548	2, 473 509	
Softwoodsdo	2, 278 9, 629	1, 898 9, 777	2, 064 9, 871	1, 984	2, 298 10, 037	2, 544 9, 952	2, 659 9, 867	2, 491	2, 384 9, 696	2, 623	2, 341	2, 543	1, 964 9, 602	
Stocks (gross), mill, end of month, totaldo Hardwoodsdo Softwoodsdo	3, 619 6, 010	3, 660 6, 117	3, 710 6, 161	3, 745 6, 245	3, 770 6, 267	3, 759 6, 193	3, 739 6, 128	9, 782 3, 726 6, 056	3, 767 5, 929	9, 655 3, 788 5, 867	9, 672 3, 792 5, 880	9, 611 3, 761 5, 849	3, 710 5, 892	
exports, total sawmill productsM bd. ft. mports, total sawmill productsdo	55, 235 279, 133	82, 249 227, 018	57, 608 175, 509	66, 281 206, 698	80, 365 250, 060	66, 776 241, 941	83, 948 241, 931	67, 790 257, 755	76, 729 293, 852	80, 875 264, 043	70, 607 267, 167	64, 426	54, 838	- -
SOFTWOODS :														
Oouglas fir: orders, newmil. bd. ft_ Orders, unfilled, end of monthdo	. 4 537	683 608	631 586	614 584	727 635	780 628	857 675	705 617	679 620	644 546	614 516	663 468	578 472	
Productiondo Shipments do Stocks (gross), mill, end of month do	729	623 612 1,056	670 653 1,073	671 616 1, 128	737 676 1, 189	765 787 1, 168	789 810 1, 147	696 763 1,080	620 676 1,024	704 717 1,011	646 643 1, 013	687 711 995	598 574 993	
Exports, total sawmill productsM bd. ft Sawed timberdo	24, 269	37, 584 22, 225	22, 775 12, 858	35, 040 19, 437	33, 831 19, 692	31, 370 20, 426	32, 948 21, 403	30, 942 16, 674	27, 416 13, 142	26, 588 9, 560	53, 687 36, 863	24, 977 10, 848	22, 234 9, 859	
Boards, planks, scantlings, etcdo		15, 359	9, 917	15, 603	14, 139	10, 944	11, 545	14, 268	14, 274	17, 028	16, 824	14, 129	12, 375	
Construction, No. 1, dried, 2" x 4", R. L. dol. per M bd. ft. Flooring, C and better, F. G., 1" x 4", R. L.	81.603	80. 654	81. 989	80. 905	80. 170	80. 893	80. 164	80. 176	80. 770	80. 299	78. 853	78.614		
dol. per M bd. ft. outhern pine: Orders, new mil. bd. ft.	130. 646	130. 034 463	131. 320 594	131. 308	129. 746 634	128. 288 674	126. 500 699	126. 151 659	126. 151 668	125. 538 689	123.039	7 122. 071 688	^p 120.631 503	
Orders, unfilled, end of month do Production do Shipments do	174 632 585	158 562 479	178 674 574	180 570 555	166 616 648	191 633 649	193 663 697	218 613 634	219 640 667	206 660 702	203 622 645	186 687 705	140 558 549	
Stocks (gross), mill and concentration yards, end of month	1, 888	1, 971	2,071	2,086	2, 054	2,038	2,004	1, 983	1, 956	1, 914	1,891	1, 873	1, 882	
Exports, total sawmill products	6, 979 1, 841 5, 138	9, 536 1, 809 7, 727	6, 851 1, 203 5, 648	7, 505 1, 451 6, 054	9, 240 2, 217 7, 023	8, 283 1, 946 6, 337	7, 788 1, 017 6, 771	8, 742 1, 382 7, 360	9,008 1,489 7,519	6, 600 1, 631 4, 969	7, 152 1, 504 5, 648	7, 398 1, 583 5, 815	5, 921 830 5, 091	
Prices, wholesale, composite: Boards, No. 2 and better, 1" x 6", R. L. dol. per M bd. ft.	81. 794	82.062	80. 465	78, 395	78. 135	77. 78 5	77. 792	77. 183	77. 2 72	76. 759	76. 308	76, 490	p 77. 240	
dol. per M bd. ft. Flooring, B and better, F. G., 1" x 4", S. L. dol. per M bd. ft. Vestern pine:	153. 970	153. 542	152. 133	148. 779	148. 473	147. 821	146. 412	145. 800	146. 794	145. 224	145.224	r 144. 979	p 144.979	ļ
Orders, new mil. bd. ft. Orders, unfilled, end of month do Production do	. 319	573 365 518	558 375 467	528 394 503	648 451 577	680 430 676	725 433 715	676 430 707	683 439 656	687 381	643 391	709 375	460 320 544	
Shipments do Stocks, gross, mill, end of month do	605 2, 110	527 2, 103	548 2, 024	509 2,018	591 2,004	701 1, 979	722 1, 972	679 1, 998	674 1, 979	782 775 1, 986	701 664 2, 023	728 725 2, 026	515 2, 052	
Price, wholesale, Ponderosa, boards, No. 3 common, 1" x 8"dol. per M bd. ft.	70. 100	71. 460	72, 520	73. 380	73. 380	74. 190	74. 610	74. 120	72. 370	70. 500	68. 810	r 67. 690	p 67. 690	
HARDWOOD FLOORING Taple, beech, and birch:				ŀ								<u> </u>		
Orders, new M bd. ft. Orders, unfilled, end of month do	13, 250	3, 950 13, 350	4. 250 13, 750	3, 475 14, 025	3, 950 14, 150	4,000 13,850	3, 750 13, 950	4, 050 14, 300	4, 200 14, 950	5, 150 14, 250	3, 350 15, 300	3, 650 13, 950	3, 225 13, 500	
Production	3, 700 3, 350 7, 300	3, 600 3, 375 7, 500	4, 300 3, 850 8, 100	3, 700 3, 150 8, 650	3. 750 3, 350 9, 150	4, 200 3, 750 9, 550	3, 450 3, 700 9, 300	3, 225 3, 725 8, 950	3, 150 3, 800 8, 350	4, 100 4, 700 8, 050	3, 850 3, 000 8, 850	4, 200 3, 750 9, 350	3, 500 3, 275 9, 475	
Oak: Orders new do	74 843	62, 525 29, 630	80, 671	73, 683 37, 624	92, 442 50, 514	88, 280 57, 087	86, 019 55, 680	68, 168 52, 102	69, 516 47, 896	77, 597 44, 113	70, 080 41, 516	79, 633 38, 815	1	
Orders, unfilled, end of month do Production do Shipments do Stignents do Shipments do Stigners and stigners do St	. 80, 601	70, 985 65, 903	33, 573 87, 010 78, 490	74, 467 69, 632	72, 561 77, 471	77, 730 81, 707	83, 610 84, 113	74, 897 74, 478	73, 581 73, 722	81, 533 81, 380	74, 516 75, 681	81, 570 84, 222	67, 745 67, 301	
Stocks (gross), mill, end of monthdo Revised. **Preliminary.* Revisions for production for January 1955-July 19			115,094	119, 929	111,676	106, 162	103, 814	103, 134	101, 770	101, 923	100, 758	95, 291	93, 293	l

r Revised. → Preliminary. ♀ Revisions for production for January 1955-July 1956 will be shown later. ‡ Revisions for January 1954-July 1956 are shown on p. 24 of the November 1957 Survey.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of		56		I	<u> </u>			19	57		i.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
BUSINESS STATISTICS	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decen ber
	LUM	BER A	AND N	IANU:	FACT	URES-	-Con	tinued	1					
PLYWOOD														
Aardwood (except container and packaging):‡ Shipments (market), quarterly total									· ·			•		
M sq. ft., surface measuredododo		r 50, 457			196, 022 39, 232			191, 879 37, 276			193, 176 34, 152			
Softwood (Douglas fir only), production M sq. ft., 3%" equivalent	444, 773	506, 066	439, 595	405, 013	404, 061	473, 105	505, 074	466, 993	412, 559	467, 882	450, 513	512, 401	r 440, 025	435, 8
		MET	ALS A	AND N	IANU	FACT	URES							
IRON AND STEEL												}		
Iron and steel products (excl. advanced mfrs.):	956	1, 203	1, 023	1,028	1, 426	1, 314	1, 284	1, 211	1, 163	1, 117	1,046	1,037	1,049	
Exports, totalt	523 298	661 226	547 214	620 184	800 188	668 180	672 188	502 162	491 216	575 198	587 121	574	621	
Scrapdodo	26	29	21	20	11	8	15	16	18	23	16			
Production and receipts, totalthous. of short tons	7, 108	7, 475	7, 320	6, 741	7, 110	6, 524	6, 376	6, 086	6, 040	6, 463	6, 140	- 6, 190	\$ 5, 230	
Home scrap produced do Purchased scrap received (net) do do longumption total	3, 941 3, 167 7, 063	3, 970 3, 505 7, 017	4, 070 3, 251 7, 427	3, 744 2, 997 6, 763	3, 959 3, 151 7, 049	3, 764 2, 759 6, 514	3, 849 2, 526 6, 444	3, 628 2, 458 6, 082	3, 489 2, 551 5, 485	3, 743 2, 720 5, 935	3, 576 2, 564 5, 638	7 3, 792 7 2, 398 7 5, 974	p 3, 320 p 1, 911 p 5, 375	
Consumption, total dodododododo	6, 958	7, 416	7, 427	7, 306	7, 049	6, 514 7, 376	7, 307	7, 309	5, 485 7, 866	8, 393	8, 895	7 9, 112	P 8, 916	
Ore ron ore: All districts:														1
Mine production thous, of long tons Shipments do Stocks, at mines, end of month do	8, 351 10, 288	4, 837 4, 448	3, 841 1, 901	3, 560 1, 817	3, 717 1, 855	6, 677 5, 581	12, 587 13, 393	14, 440 16, 074	14, 303 15, 886	14, 370 15, 187	12, 933 13, 516	11, 337 12, 834		
Stocks, at mines, end of monthdo Lake Superior district (U. S. and Canadian ores): Shipments from upper lake portsdo	5, 327 8, 801	5, 699 1, 580	7,649	9, 398	11, 254	12, 390 3, 987	11, 543 12, 728	9, 914	8, 322 14, 212	7, 504 13, 172	6, 921	5, 425 11, 005	4, 066	
Consumption by furnaces do Stocks, end of month, total do	7, 485 50, 537	7, 840 45, 508	7, 892 37, 484	7,099 30,110	7, 602 21, 941	7, 158 17, 167	7, 375 22, 712	6, 931 29, 570	7, 157 37, 148	7, 039 43, 951	6, 792 49, 464	6, 538 54, 844	5, 741 54, 532	
At furnaces do On Lake Erie docks do	45, 947 4, 591	41, 231 4, 277	33, 580 3, 905	26, 817 3, 293	19, 672 2, 270	15, 170 1, 996	20, 266 2, 446	26, 823 2, 747	33, 975 3, 173	40, 380 3, 571	45, 323 4, 141	50, 174 4, 669	19, 894 4, 638	
Imports do Manganese ore, imports (manganese content) do	2, 606 65	1, 610 99	1, 692 95	1, 359	1, 458 90	1, 801 90	3, 187 88	3, 626 108	4, 403 98	3, 933 95	3, 858 56			
Pig Iron and Iron Manufactures								100						
Castings, gray iron: Orders, unfilled, for sale, end of month														
Shipments, total thous of short tons.	917	920 1, 109 587	905 1, 213	931	935 1, 133	899 1, 120	880 1, 112	853 1,058 599	880 954 523	826 1,076	805 990 563	740 1, 100 601		
For saledodo	635 89, 977	92, 311	642 93, 886	582 90, 725	604 89, 431	611 83, 116	625 79, 787	76, 331	80, 694	597 84, 876	83, 385	82, 995		
Shipments, total do	82, 717 47, 979	76, 352 44, 268	85, 977 51, 508	78, 028 46, 729	78, 013 48, 311	80, 271 51, 320	76, 504 46, 277	72, 556 44, 639	57, 748 34, 876	65, 426 39, 644	62, 457 38, 397	77, 667 45, 989		
Pig iron: Productionthous, of short tons	7, 037	7,336	7, 282	6, 658	7, 247	6, 871	6, 945	6, 660	6, 692	6, 782	6, 628	6, 519	5, 780	
Consumptiondo Stocks (consumers' and suppliers'), end of month thous, of short tons	6, 986	7, 164 2, 355	7, 260 2, 268	6, 563 2, 241	6, 894 2, 439	6, 559 2, 524	6, 567 2, 711	6, 353 2, 791	6, 226	6, 462	6, 322 3, 632	6,350	₽ 5, 646 ₽ 3, 650	
Prices, wholesale: Compositedol. per long ton	62.45	62. 45	62.45	62. 45	63.84	64.05	64, 05	64.05	65, 23	65. 95	65. 95	65. 95	65. 95	65.
Basic (furnace) do Foundry, No. 2, Northern do	62, 50 63, 00	62. 50 63. 00	62, 50 63, 00	62, 50 63, 00	64. 50 65. 00	64, 50 65, 00	64, 50 65, 00	64. 50 65. 00	64. 50 66. 50	66. 00 66. 50	66, 00 66, 50	66. 00 66. 50	₽ 66, 00 ₽ 66, 50	
Steel, Crude and Semimanufactures														
teel castings: Shipments, total	164, 114 126, 900	158, 725 125, 569	169, 240 133, 826	154, 932 121, 667	160, 054 124, 416	162, 498 124, 549	164, 575 125, 431	153, 647 119, 353	122, 018 90, 037	145,926 111,080	139,002 105,611	146, 397 113, 216		
Railway specialtiesdoteel forgings (for sale):	28, 284	34, 080	30, 090	27, 181	29, 968	29, 708	32, 840	31, 338	22, 803	33, 641	29,718	31, 477		
Orders unfilled end of mo thous of short tons	553. 4 134. 5	537. 9 129. 6	536. 9 147. 7	532. 9 135. 0	517. 0 145. 8	496. 9 139. 0	479. 2 135. 3	445. 1 128. 5	430. 7 104. 1	417. 5 115. 4	396. 9 116. 9	400. 6 125. 6	364. 8 105. 1	
Shipments, total do. Drop and upset do. Press and open hammer do. teel ingots and steel for castings:	100.3 34.2	96, 3 33, 3	113.0 34.7	102. 2 32. 8	107. 9 37. 9	103. 4 35. 6	100. 8 34. 5	92. 9 35. 5	79. 1 25. 0	88. 4 27. 0	86. 3 30. 6	93. 6 31. 9	79. 4 25. 7	
Productiondo	10, 556 100	10, 838 99	11, 009 97	9, 987 98	10, 589 93	9, 815 90	9, 792 86	9, 391 86	8, 909 79	9, 234 82	8, 978 82	9, 198 81	8, 393 77	r 7,
Prices, wholesale: Composite, finished steeldol. per lb Steel billets, rerolling, carbon, f. o. b. mill	. 0626	. 0628	. 0629	. 0632	. 0633	. 0633	. 0635	. 0635	. 0677	. 0677	. 0677	.0677	.0677	0.
Steel billets, rerolling, carbon, f. o. b. mill dol. per short ton Structural shapes (carbon), f. o. b. milldol. per lb	84. 00 . 0527	84.00 .0527	84.00 .0553	89.00 .0567	89.00 .0567	89.00 .0567	89.00 .0567	89.00 .0567	92, 50 , 0594	92, 50 , 0594	92.50 .0594	92, 50 , 0594	P 92, 50 P , 0594	
Steel scrap, No. 1, heavy melting (Pittsburgh) dol. per long ton_	62, 50	66, 50	62. 50	53. 50	50. 50	41. 50	44. 50	56, 50	55. 50	55, 50	49. 50	38. 50	» 32. 50	1
Steel, Manufactured Products]									
Barrels and drums, steel, heavy types (for sale): Orders, unfilled, end of monththousands	1, 895	1, 708	2, 511	2, 346	2,444	2, 326	2, 285	2, 351	2, 156	2, 109	2,044	2,002		
Shipmentsdododo	1, 878 61	1, 874 62	2, 166 77	2, 050 69	2, 179 68	2, 160 78	2, 207 77	2, 124 71	2, 050 86	2, 052 79	1, 840 72	2, 065 80		
total for sale and own useshort tons	265, 169 154, 249	267, 144 153, 092	314, 488 183, 293	280, 395 161, 659	323, 791 178, 913	506, 425 335, 566	338, 575 175, 847	360, 530 203, 957	452, 994 271, 056	546,228 369, 117	495, 903 346, 941	r 405, 850 r 259, 730	290, 880 174, 453	
Nonfood do Shipments for sale do	110, 920	114, 052 221, 290	131, 195 262, 984	118, 736 234, 194	144, 878 267, 700	170, 859 446, 336	162, 728 280, 919	156, 573 308, 197	181, 938 404, 235	177,111 488,184	148, 962 430, 371	7 146, 120 7 348, 333	116, 427 248, 678	1
Closures (for glass containers), production millions thousand gross thousand gross.	1,436	1, 280 16, 941	1, 403 22, 724	1, 251 24, 091	1, 393 29, 712	1, 443	1, 465 28, 713	1, 382 28, 791	1, 371 31, 041	1, 571 31, 914	1, 476 27, 684	1, 578 25, 386	1, 366 18, 533	

^{*} Revised. * Preliminary.

1. Revisions for the indicated series are available upon request as follows: Plywood, 3d quarter 1953-3d quarter 1956; from and steel exports and imports, January-July 1956.

2. Georgia of For 1957, percent of capacity is calculated on annual capacity as of Jan. 1, 1957, of 133,459,150 tons of steel; for 1956, data are based on capacity as of Jan. 1, 1956 (128,363,090 tons).

Annual capacity as of January 1, 1958, is 140,742,570 tons.

nless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of	19			[n .	·			19	57		1		1.7	1
BUSINESS STATISTICS	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem ber
	MET	ALS A	ND N	1ANU	FACT	URES-	-Cont	tinued	<u> </u>	,			1	
IRON AND STEEL—Continued Steel, Manufactured Products—Continued teel products, net shipments: Total (all grades)thous. of short tons. Semifinished productsdo Structural shapes (heavy), steel pilingdo	7, 431 390 569	7, 064 399 564	7, 809 380 573	7, 067 360 583	7, 822 437 668	7, 350 358 631	6, 972 403 659	7, 285 491 630	5, 877 273 634	6, 230 272 636	6, 172 261 597	6, 551 263 641	5, 606 242 589	
Plates	775 197 1, 218 820 250 139	607 214 1, 166 788 240 129	777 224 1, 180 802 224 144	763 208 1, 085 713 235 127	232 1, 145 768 240 128	232 1,030 687 216 118	918 242 1, 005 692 188 114	226 1, 046 689 233 116	792 192 752 489 172 84	732 174 862 569 188 97	778 90 836 545 182 101	764 143 896 617 163 110	133 783 538 142 96	
Pipe and tubing	931 298 451 2, 602 802 1, 189	915 263 406 2, 532 826 1, 130	1, 039 314 649 2, 674 847 1, 232	905 287 529 2, 347 731 1, 083	1, 034 312 809 2, 302 753 1, 026	974 304 875 2, 070 680 907	1, 020 327 350 2, 049 656 895	998 388 391 2, 244 716 984	859 218 460 1, 698 531 791	914 250 494 1,895 550 900	860 250 417 2,011 579 979	889 264 370 2,319 651 1,147	736 227 321 2, 113 616 1, 025	
abricated structural steel: Orders, new (net) thous, of short tons_ Shipments do Backlog, end of month do	339 276 3, 252	404 298 3, 373	298 262 3, 476	266 278 3, 436	289 305 3, 454	360 314 3, 417	292 330 3, 417	220 329 3, 220	203 304 3, 138	167 333 2, 962	194 295 2, 846	177 331 2, 683	188 293 2, 564	
NONFERROUS METALS AND PRODUCTS luminum:	ľ													
Production, primary, domestic short tons Estimated recovery from scrap⊕ do Imports (general): Metal and alloys, crude do Plates, sheets, etc. do Price, primary ingot, 99%+ dol. per lb duminum shipments: do	145, 081 32, 571 18, 648 1, 682 . 2710	148, 391 28, 164 21, 478 1, 361 . 2710	147, 029 33, 520 19, 885 1, 252 . 2710	119, 059 30, 471 17, 577 1, 490 . 2710	135, 706 32, 948 23, 068 1, 774 . 2710	139, 152 30, 674 21, 832 1, 364 . 2710	145, 174 32, 886 20, 001 1, 420 . 2710	138, 007 30, 341 21, 222 1, 312 . 2710	142, 041 31, 976 15, 768 1, 545 . 2710	143, 449 32, 555 14, 183 1, 817 . 2810	129, 278 32, 978 11, 803 1, 775 . 2810	133,759	. 2810	. 28:
Mill products and pig and ingot (net)mil. of lb_ Mill products, total	318. 9 218. 3 114. 6 69. 1	281. 4 194. 8 99. 9 67. 0	330. 4 234. 8 126. 0 73. 0	306. 5 206. 4 109. 8 69. 5	343. 9 229. 8 120. 1 74. 5	338. 9 238. 2 126. 8 68. 3	342. 8 249. 0 130. 0 65. 1	320. 8 227. 4 117. I 58. 5	370. 0 249. 0 130. 6 52. 2	298, 9 223, 8 117, 8 55, 7	302. 3 215. 5 111. 3 58. 7	318. 3 232. 6 123. 1 64. 1		
Mine, recoverable copper \$\triangle \text{short tons}\$ Refinery, primary	90, 455 121, 334 89, 277 32, 057 16, 597	90, 427 123, 197 84, 899 38, 298 22, 171	93, 210 137, 362 98, 401 38, 961 20, 492	90, 256 114, 263 83, 239 31, 024 19, 821	95, 167 128, 046 92, 103 35, 943 19, 372	94, 443 130, 943 92, 532 38, 411 20, 178	93, 274 133, 062 98, 958 34, 104 22, 661	90, 320 115, 660 88, 091 27, 569 19, 999	84, 757 109, 296 83, 275 26, 021 15, 883	87, 038 109, 791 80, 754 29, 037 16, 932	85, 629 100, 265 74, 395 25, 870 14, 897	7 87, 753 115, 234 78, 296 36, 938 18, 654	87, 940 127, 951 86, 063 41, 888 17, 940	
Refined, unrefined, scrap⊕	41, 652 14, 345 25, 165 17, 836	60, 226 14, 970 49, 408 39, 786	58, 502 13, 496 43, 298 30, 124	43, 088 14, 190 40, 981 29, 769	55, 338 16, 155 57, 151 41, 376	58, 292 11, 815 50, 077 32, 315	48, 377 19, 687 44, 775 28, 479	40, 963 9, 416 47, 268 31, 954	53, 594 14, 386 34, 519 24, 420	47, 899 10, 212 28, 135 23, 435	42, 390 10, 486 29, 965 27, 057	25, 103 20, 076		
Consumption, refined (by mills, etc.)do. Stocks, refined, end of month, totaldoFabricators'do Price, bars, electrolytic (N. Y.)dol, per lb. opper-base mill and foundry products, shipments (quarterly): Brass mill productsmil. of lb.	116, 119 238, 901 127, 544 . 3570	112, 119 237, 157 121, 842 . 3565	132, 754 228, 268 112, 696 . 3553	112, 335 237, 583 101, 822 . 3258	116, 700 249, 583 110, 196 . 3145	123, 973 243, 202 106, 576 . 3152	122, 386 265, 432 113, 586 . 3129	116, 567 273, 863 109, 979 . 3033	80, 757 305, 763 120, 636 . 2869	113, 180 309, 564 120, 901 . 2810	108, 864 293, 540 123, 942 . 2644	p128, 400 p270, 841 p110, 580 . 2634	p108, 460 p280, 740 p125, 122 . 2634	. 26
Copper wire mill products—dodododododo		405 225			409 235			409 229			366			
æad: Production: Mine, recoverable leadshort tons Secondary, estimated recoverable⊕do Imports (general), ore⊕, metaldo Consumption, totaldo Stocks, end of month:	28, 503 34, 391 41, 541 101, 000	27, 109 34, 498 56, 095 89, 700	30, 229 36, 009 54, 063 101, 400	29, 136 38, 283 33, 527 94, 400	30, 865 38, 483 38, 830 97, 400	30, 915 37, 570 41, 855 94, 900	29, 855 36, 750 34, 382 94, 000	26, 717 32, 672 48, 064 90, 800	26, 994 26, 670 43, 297 84, 200	27, 496 33, 908 41, 013 101, 600	24, 766 33, 682 36, 218 94, 700	r 28, 414 38, 856 102, 800	23, 308	
Producers', ore, base bullion, and in process⊕ (ABMS)short tons. Refiners' (primary), refined and antimonial⊕ short tons. Consumers', totaldo. Scrap (lead-base, purchased), all consumersdo	35, 196 102, 688 59, 111	39, 129 115, 865 57, 020	120, 975 40, 559 118, 124 55, 465	123, 276 44, 833 117, 554 56, 535	126, 053 39, 846 119, 375 49, 716	121, 691 49, 348 112, 953 45, 647	54, 941 106, 728 46, 295	120, 706 64, 065 99, 652 41, 762	134, 039 67, 296 92, 601 45, 063	122, 340 60, 029 96, 624 43, 633	116, 093 54, 002 103, 910 45, 877	111, 683 58, 211 105, 634 49, 495	102, 401	
Price, pig, desilverized (N. Y.)dol. per lb "in: Production, pig (secondary) o"long tons. Imports (for consumption), bars, pigs, etcdo Consumption, pig, totaldodo	. 1600 275 5, 894 8, 000	. 1600 285 6, 285 7, 270	. 1600 295 4, 746 7, 995	260 3, 964 7, 140	265 5, 231 7, 400	295 4,427 7,590	261 6, 223 7, 305	266 3, 748 6, 820	. 1400 212 6, 388 6, 470	. 1400 271 5, 171 7, 220	276 5, 490 6, 660	. 1369 297 6, 985	. 1350	. 13
Primary do Exports, incl. reexports (metal) do Stocks, pig (industrial), end of month do Price, pig, Straits (N. Y.), prompt dol. per lb. inc: Mine production, recoverable zinc∆ short tons	5, 550 112 18, 390 1, 1026 46, 170	4, 895 120 19, 029 1, 0401 46, 445	5, 440 99 19, 135 1, 0135 49, 186	5, 000 26 18, 190 1, 0022 45, 847	5, 110 243 18, 420 . 9948 50, 420	5, 060 260 18, 625 . 9930 50, 755	4, 840 30 19, 445 9832 46, 060	4, 555 26 19, 200 . 9802 44, 521	4, 345 165 21, 315 . 9646 41, 849	4, 835 116 21, 950 . 9415 41, 319	4, 385 105 7 23, 285 . 9331 33, 854	4, 215 135 23, 175 . 9184 7 39, 350	136 . 8923 34, 967	. 92
Imports (general): Ores and concentrates Metal (slab, blocks)do Slab zinc: Production (primary smelter), from domestic and	39, 827 27, 580	45, 425 46, 452	42, 189 27, 494	41, 314 24, 288	42, 296 22, 761	45, 630 30, 037	47, 619 20, 376	41, 633 23, 406	36, 709 21, 899	41, 048 22, 568	44, 223 15, 525			
foreign ores	85, 478 6, 330 87, 224 1, 091 70, 185	91, 496 6, 738 82, 272 413 68, 622	86, 748 6, 704 90, 490 496 78, 974	81, 237 6, 841 80, 752 503	89, 860 7, 064 78, 384 987	89, 791 6, 715 77, 489 1, 201	90, 032 6, 823 75, 909 877	84, 009 6, 710 73, 464 822	80, 577 5, 202 65, 123 3, 769	78, 845 5, 321 74, 562 789	72, 767 4, 688 75, 976 446	76, 349 5, 143 87, 898 518	156	
Prioducers', smetter (AZI)	97, 325 . 1350 8, 136	68, 622 100, 665 . 1350 8, 968	78, 974 90, 500 . 1350 9, 050	86, 889 88, 232 .1350 7, 004	89, 357 89, 626 . 1350 7, 820	105, 531 84, 648 . 1350 6, 552	112, 693 71, 124 .1192 7, 833	133, 455 70, 632 . 1136 7, 243	146, 179 72, 288 . 1001 7, 599	149, 296 74, 078 . 1000 8, 630	153, 766 71, 919 .1000 6, 554	155, 925 72, 111 . 1000 7, 031	, 1000 6, 603	.10

Revised.
 Preliminary.
 ⊕Basic metal content.
 △Revisions for aluminum eastings (1955) and copper and zinc mine production (January-August 1956) will be shown later.
 ♂Data in 1957 Business Statistics represent total production (both primary and secondary).

Inless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Dece
1		ALS A			E A CT	IIDES.	-Comi	اممعمما	<u> </u>		ber	1	ber	
	WEEL.	ALS A	IND N	IANU	FACI	UNES	-con	inued	l 	1	1	t .		
HEATING APPARATUS, EXCEPT ELECTRIC														
adiators and convectors, cast iron: Shipmentsthous. of sq. ft. of radiation Stocks, end of monthdo il burners:	2, 589 4, 074	1, 756 3, 810	1, 712 4, 139	1, 797 4, 362	1, 803 4, 750	1, 723 4, 887	1, 507 5, 435	2, 230 5, 163	1, 769 4, 745	2, 123 4, 896	2, 551 4, 571	2, 651 4, 027		
Shipmentsnumber	64, 881 50, 162 161, 070	38, 729 50, 329 134, 878	45, 933 54, 460 146, 360	42, 772 52, 345 160, 792	43, 619 62, 532 178, 695	46, 782 65, 070 164, 877	46, 081 73, 106 152, 657	54, 445 73, 228 146, 449	51, 299 64, 102 133, 939	65, 606 61, 761 179, 375	72, 554 50, 305 183, 666	70, 999 42, 639 188, 771		
Shipments, total number. Coal and wood do Gas (incl. bungalow and combination) do Kerosene, gasoline, and fuel oil do	5, 537 149, 675 5, 858	134, 878 4, 387 125, 139 5, 352	4, 178 136, 248 5, 934	4, 716 149, 126 6, 950	4, 000 163, 668 11, 027	4, 716 153, 207 6, 954	4, 669 140, 339 7, 649	4, 757 136, 036 5, 656	3, 908 124, 151 5, 880	179, 375 4, 497 165, 600 9, 278	5, 451 171, 121 7, 094	6, 227 175, 627 6, 917		
toves, domestic heating, shipments, total \(\text{\tin}\text{\texi}\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\tet	259, 499 30, 905 177, 788 50, 806	91, 540 10, 537 62, 144 18, 859	89, 855 6, 379 56, 564 26, 912	90, 716 8, 021 55, 660 27, 035	105, 041 9, 870 54, 011 41, 160	103, 585 14, 232 55, 323 34, 030	143, 356 17, 406 78, 250 47, 700	161, 121 22, 674 106, 523 31, 924	228, 241 30, 686 141, 644 55, 911	297, 206 38, 676 187, 472 71, 058	314, 653 43, 344 206, 328 64, 981	354, 413 49, 997 236, 948 67, 468		
Varm-air furnaces (forced-air and gravity air-flow), shipments, total⊕	106, 685 62, 987 32, 303 4, 253 182, 266	76, 426 47, 479 21, 201 2, 625 153, 198	75, 731 49, 228 23, 737 2, 766 209, 953	66, 838 43, 708 20, 870 2, 260 202, 173	74, 608 51, 030 21, 540 2, 038 221, 764	74, 084 50, 125 21, 793 2, 166 232, 705	73, 906 50, 208 21, 946 1, 752 228, 198	84, 651 56, 579 25, 527 2, 545 205, 838	85, 681 57, 773 24, 450 3, 458 188, 082	114, 756 71, 874 37, 896 4, 986 205, 503	140, 797 88, 628 45, 498 6, 671 210, 669	125, 820 82, 380 37, 628 5, 812 230, 690	1	
Blowers, fans, and unit heaters, quarterly totals: Blowers and fans, new ordersthous, of dol		49, 246 20, 543	-	-	59, 162 18, 792			55, 786 21, 525			42, 517 20, 620			-
oundry equipment (new), new orders, net mo. avg. shipments, 1947-49=100. urnaces, industrial, new orders, net:	121.0	115.6	117.9	188. 4	127. 0	101.1	136. 2	187. 5	98.6	231. 3	113. 9	145.3		-
Electric processing thous. of dol. Fuel-fired (except for hot rolling steel) do	1, 587 1, 767	2, 095 2, 943	2, 062 4, 581	4, 441 3, 429	1, 809 6, 794	1, 089 1, 665	1, 279 2, 048	1, 261 1, 320	1, 487 2, 404	894 2, 673	727 1, 229	1, 448 1, 400	749 1,634	
dustrial trucks (electrie), shipments: Hand (motorized)	565 501 2, 206	521 442 1, 977	602 480 1,837	559 385 1, 610	583 411 1, 909	606 455 1,941	618 429 1, 737	536 433 1, 869	611 420 1, 651	354 242 1,926	476 302 1,661	600 373 1,639		
Iachine tools (metal-cutting): mil. of dol. New orders (net), total. do. Domestic. do. Domestic. do. Estimated backlog. months.	64. 25 58. 70 81. 70 73. 60 6. 7	57. 20 51. 90 85. 15 75. 05 6. 2	63, 25 56, 30 76, 55 67, 55 6, 0	58. 20 51. 10 77. 70 72. 05 5. 8	58. 90 51. 30 89. 10 78. 80 5. 5	51. 30 45. 70 87. 80 77. 65 5. 0	41. 40 37. 95 78. 50 70. 90 4. 6	43. 10 40. 05 82. 95 72. 85 4. 2	55, 50 50, 50 58, 70 51, 50 4, 2	44. 50 40. 40 63. 20 58. 00 4. 0	28, 80	r 27, 80 r 23, 65 60, 90 53, 50 r 3, 5	p 28. 40 p 25. 05 p 47. 40 p 41. 45	
ther machinery and equipment, quarterly shipments: Construction machinery (excavating and earthmoving) ⊕ thous, of dol Farm machines and equipment (selected products, excluding tractors) ♂ thous. of dol		70, 266 94, 748		ì	81, 189 180, 828	Ì		86, 352 208, 630			72, 170 169, 098	1	-	1
Tractors (except garden), total, incl. contractors' off-highway wheel-type tractors ♀ ⊕ units. Value ⊕ thous. of dol. Tracklaving ⊕ thous. of dol. Value ⊕ thous. of dol. Wheel-type (exc. contractors' off-highway) units.		11, 694 103,474 41, 574			72, 643			77, 781 261, 232 11, 390 105, 306 64, 638			196, 995 8, 340 81, 671 47, 220	1 3, 409 1 28, 153 1 20, 274		-
Value thous of dolumps (steam, power, centrifugal, and rotary), new orders thous of dol	8, 522	80, 039 6, 838	9, 601	7, 551	130, 208 7, 654	7, 801	7, 786	121, 049	7, 143	6, 982	87, 796 6, 177	6, 158		
ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT satteries (automotive replacement only), shipments thousands	2, 592	2, 265	2, 638	1, 961	1, 254	1, 178	1, 605	1, 878	2, 469	2, 856	2, 688	7 3, 042	2, 357	
ousehold electrical appliances: Refrigeration, output (seas. adj.)1947-49=100 Vacuum cleaners (standard type), sales billed	136	151	127	151	151	136	138	135	140	140	146	143		-
Washers, domestic sales billed \triangle	300. 4 357. 9 1, 381. 8 680. 0	281. 0 298. 4 2 1,715. 2 2 627. 0	276. 7 331. 3 1, 085. 5 450. 2	300. 9 319. 6 1, 264. 8 464. 7	312. 7 286. 2 2 1, 609.1 2 559. 8	281. 6 230. 7 1, 115. 8 361. 2	231. 2 254. 2 1, 023. 8 342. 4	207. 3 282. 3 2 1,088. 3 2 543. 8	218. 3 335. 1 612. 6 360. 7	241. 2 329. 1 965. 7 673. 7	384. 3 2 1,610.7	369. 5 1, 569. 2	71,688.9	p31
sulating materials and related products: Insulating materials, sales billed, index 1947-49=100	149.0	139.0	154.0	146.0	153.0	145.0	148.0	140.0	127.0	134, 0	135.0	133.0		
Vulcanized fiber products:⊙ Consumption of fiber paperthous. of lbthous. of dolthous. of dolthous. of dolthous. of dolthous. of ftthous. of ft	4, 240 1, 812 31, 156	4, 464 1, 784 33, 318	4, 824 2, 017 32, 913	4, 302 1, 917 33, 684	4, 387 1, 841 40, 916	4, 306 1, 799 25, 303	4, 671 1, 983 30, 410	3, 498 1, 488 45, 257	3, 484 1, 646 54, 636	4, 184 1, 605 36, 657	3,748	3, 847 1, 732	3, 613 1, 692	
(otors and generators, quarterly: New orders, index		203.0			209.0		-	189.0	İ		174.0	1	1	
New orders. thous. of dol. Billings do Direct current motors and generators, 1-200 hp.¶ New orders. thous. of dol. Billings. do		10, 645			49, 467 49, 717 14, 947 13, 124			49, 188 52, 321 8, 317 11, 740			44, 640 45, 146 8, 625 9, 347	1 12, 945	1 2, 328	

^{*} Revised. * Preliminary. 1 Data are for month shown. 2 Represents 5 weeks' production. 3 Represents 6 weeks' production. Great heating stoves (1954, 1955, and January-August 1956), total warm-air furnaces (1955 and January-August 1956), construction machinery (1st and 2d quarters of 1956) and tractors (1955 and 1st and 2d quarters of 1956) will be shown later.

That is not strictly comparable with data shown in the 1957 edition of Business Statistics. Data exclude shipments of farm elevators and blowers; shipments of these products averaged \$8.5 million and \$11.0 million per quarter in the first 3 quarters of 1956 and 1955, respectively.

On Data cover one additional company beginning December 1956.

A Data beginning January 1957 exclude sales of combination washer-dryer machines. In 1956, such sales totaled 102,400 units; 1957 cumulative sales through November were 164.700 units. \$ Radio production comprises home, portable battery, automobile, and clock models; television sets include combination models. Data for December 1956 and March, June, and September 1957 cover 5 weeks; for December 1957, 6 weeks; all other months, 4 weeks.

Data for polyphase induction motors cover from 28 to 32 companies; for direct current motors and generators, from 20 to 25 companies.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and		56						198	57					
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem ber
	Pl	ETRO	LEUM	, COA	L, AN	D PR	ODUC	TS	······································					
COAL														1
Anthracite: Productionthous. of short tons. Stocks in producers' storage yards, end of modo Exportsdo	2, 629 364 488	2, 342 342 658	2, 639 264 469	2, 083 288 305	1.807 365 363	2, 048 385 362	2, 306 323 310	2, 564 281 466	1, 486 308 289	2, 306 394 449	2, 185 516 477	2, 274 532 329	1, 938 510 240	1,836
Prices: Retail, compositedol. per short ton Wholesale, chestnut, f. o. b. car at minedo Bituminous: f	27. 87 14. 490	28, 99 15, 575	29, 41 15, 575	29, 41 15, 575	29, 43 15, 575	29, 21 13, 671	27. 58 13. 671	27, 58 13, 671	27. 98 14. 036	28. 02 14, 105	28. 40 14. 532	28. 56 15. 022	28. 90 p 15. 090	
Production thous, of short tons Industrial consumption and retail deliveries, total	r 44, 282	r 39, 495	44, 025	39, 410	42, 510	41, 670	42, 580	39, 270	34, 620	43, 030	40, 775	45, 550	38, 060	36, 29
thous. of short tons Industrial consumption, total do Electric-power utilities do Coke ovens do Beehive coke ovens do Steel and rolling mills do Cement mills do	7 37, 118 7 33, 470 7 13, 757 8 979 7 339 457 786	r 39, 044 r 35, 071 r 14, 469 9, 383 r 367 523 r 838	42,810 37,037 15,669 9,372 418 593 809	35, 992 31, 778 12, 937 8, 476 405 481 718	37, 281 33, 703 13, 565 9, 397 429 475 773	33, 369 30, 750 12, 237 8, 812 352 415 737	32, 208 30, 534 12, 322 9, 130 308 386 724	30, 770 29, 268 12, 210 8, 782 257 310 646	30, 810 29, 280 12, 443 9, 033 229 307 442	32, 888 30, 769 13, 034 9, 043 249 309 803	32, 302 29, 759 12, 469 8, 751 224 320 754	7 35, 696 7 32, 113 13, 521 8, 727 195 403 807	34, 322 31, 126 13, 345 7, 870 142 440 797	
Other industrials do do do do do do do do do do do do do	8. 072 1, 019	8, 427 1, 037	9, 194 978	7, 953	8, 192 865	7, 430 729	6, 925 685	6, 392 614	6, 149 621	6, 610 671	6, 577	7, 787 626	7, 880	
Bunker fuel (foreign trade)do	61	27	4	6	7	38	54	57	56 1, 530	2, 119	45 2, 543	3, 583	45 3, 196	1
Retail-dealer deliveriesdo	3, 648	3, 973	5, 773	4, 214	3, 578	2, 619	1,674	1, 502	1, 550	2, 119	2, 043	3, 500	3, 190	
total	78, 976 77, 806 46, 726 14, 093 580 1, 612 13, 963 832	78, 008 76, 886 45, 956 13, 894 539 1, 576 14, 061 860	72, 973 72, 135 43, 409 12, 796 511 1, 377 13, 245 797	71, 307 70, 501 42, 262 12, 801 491 1, 272 12, 887 788	71, 956 71, 320 42, 806 13, 254 499 1, 212 12, 848 701	73, 335 72, 684 43, 984 13, 285 521 1, 231 12, 976 687	76, 082 75, 324 45, 877 13, 903 550 1, 287 13, 041 666	78, 271 77, 369 47, 592 13, 978 634 1, 306 13, 132 727	75, 048 74, 106 47, 508 11, 717 517 1, 342 12, 357 665	77, 662 76, 672 49, 085 12, 504 553 1, 371 12, 505 654	79, 813 78, 803 50, 488 13, 002 506 1, 450 12, 693 664	81, 383 80, 449 51, 238 13, 938 487 1, 531 12, 630 625	81, 330 80, 342 51, 070 14, 002 462 1, 573 12, 617 618	
Retail dealersdo	1, 170	1, 122	838	806	636	651	758	902	942	990	1,010	934	988	1
Exportsdo	6, 312	5, 070	4, 539	4,758	6, 295	7, 455	7, 605	7, 816	7,300	7, 446	6, 542	6, 435	5, 268	1
Retail, compositedol. per short ton. Wholesale: Screenings, indust. use, f. o. b. car at minedo Large domestic sizes, f. o. b. car at minedo	16, 27 5, 432 7, 604	16, 26 5, 433 7, 630	16.31 5.467 7.641	16. 31 5. 467 7. 641	16, 32 5, 465 7, 484	16. 26 5. 596 7. 135	15, 94 5, 603 7, 095	15. 96 5. 601 7. 166	16.07 5,599 7.282	16. 14 5. 597 7. 405	16. 38 5. 572 7. 558	16. 52 r 5, 575 r 7. 611	16.58 • 5.575 • 7.654	
COKE														
Production: Beehive	6, 332 519 2, 442	6, 620 549 2, 326	255 6, 604 572 2, 096	5, 966 508 2, 015	263 6, 632 515 2, 108	6, 215 521 2, 154	180 6, 451 592 2, 260	155 6, 207 559 2, 296	7 138 6, 364 519 2, 423	7 151 6, 369 562 2, 545	137 6, 159 553 2, 599	7 118 6, 157 599 7 2, 764	90 5, 532 2, 963	-
At furnace plants do At merchant plants do Petroleum coke do Exports do Price, beehive, Connellsville (furnace) dol. per short ton	2,003 439 312 63 14.50	1, 924 402 264 57 15. 00	1,793 303 292 78 15.00	1, 765 250 337 61 15. 19	1,800 308 369 73 15,25	1, 758 396 345 64 15, 25	1, 766 494 372 71 15. 25	1, 743 553 394 77 15, 25	1, 781 642 400 66 15. 25	1,829 716 401 87 15,25	1, 816 783 435 81 15, 25	7 1, 947 7 817 459 60 15. 25	2, 095 868 56 15, 25	
PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS														
Crude petroleum: Wells completednumber Production	2, 417	2, 335 r 228,673	2, 667 231, 880	2, 233 215, 099	2, 164 239, 214	2, 144 226, 231	2, 590 230, 696	1, 991 213, 202	2, 181 213, 052	2, 823 210, 379	2, 353 r 206, 967	2, 761 212, 650		
Refinery operations percent of capacity Consumption (runs to stills) thous, of bbl. Stocks, end of month: Gasoline-bearing in U. S., total do do do do do do do do do do do do do	93 240, 944 275, 995	93 252, 361 266, 014	94 256, 485 256, 244	226, 461 256, 344	90 249, 445 254, 911	232, 197 265, 796	247, 760 275, 963	236, 002 284, 312	243, 412 288, 241	250, 847 283, 388	237, 606 280, 469	237, 143		1
At refineries do At tank farms and in pipelines do On leases do	70, 416 184, 477 21, 102	71, 721 173, 278 21, 015	70, 324 164, 383 21, 537	70, 613 164, 538 21, 193	70, 370 162, 363 22, 178	74, 950 169, 247 21, 599	76, 502 177, 653 21, 808	77, 210 184, 168 22, 934	75, 961 190, 058 22, 222	75, 841 185, 097 22, 450	74, 575 183, 044 22, 850	77, 737 184, 129 22, 651		
Exports do Imports do Price (Oklahoma-Kansas) at wells dol. per bbl. Refined petroleum products: Fuel oil:	8, 551 28, 993 2, 82	10, 544 29, 377 2. 82	7, 458 26, 568 2, 82	7, 909 23, 621 3, 07	14, 100 27, 669 3. 07	9, 147 28, 537 3, 07	3, 703 33, 466 3. 07	1, 745 33, 119 3, 07	1, 197 41, 418 3. 07	995 41, 149 3. 07	739 32, 873 3. 07	1, 007 3. 07	93	.
Production: Distillate fuel oilthous. of bbl. Residual fuel oildo Domestic demand: Distillate fuel oildo	55, 245 35, 471 57, 854	61, 413 39, 922 71, 394	65, 662 40, 990 92, 960	56, 970 35, 546 65, 815	57, 680 37, 351 60, 855	52, 934 33, 964 45, 991	55, 444 34, 196 32, 883	53, 180 33, 033 31, 970	54, 236 33, 776 31, 120	55, 979 33, 754 33, 674	53, 164 32, 987 38, 362	52, 863 32, 602 48, 027		
Residual fuel oil do Consumption by type of consumer: Electric-power plants do	50, 389	54, 381 8, 268	60, 868 9, 904	50, 509	50, 220 6, 570	47, 292 6, 474	6, 314	37, 801	38, 190 5, 510	39, 380	35, 569 5, 644	43, 549 6, 421	6, 684	
Railways (class I)	8, 323 7, 031	8, 712 7, 916	8, 861 7, 999	7, 994 6, 938	8, 421 8, 791	7, 940 8, 205	7, 648 8, 183	6, 238 7, 250 7, 737	7, 659 7, 976	5, 790 7, 906 8, 345	² 7, 687 7, 874	8, 101		
Distillate fuel oildoResidual fuel oildodo	151, 517 44, 590	133, 981 44, 491	100, 572 38, 403	\$5, 105 36, 201	76, 245 37, 371	78, 743 37, 429	98,060 41,036	117, 364 45, 572	138, 359 49, 621	159, 124 52, 645	173, 269 58, 727	176, 388 60, 025		
Distillate fuel oil	5, 213 2, 282	7, 959 3, 226	7, 035 4, 110	7, 634 3, 466	6, 956 3, 853	4, 761 3, 494	3, 699 2, 933	2, 313 2, 544	2, 643 2, 516	2, 447 2, 332	1, 332 1, 574	2, 022 2, 279	1,898	
Residual (Okla., No. 6 fuel)dol. per bbl. Kerosene: Productionthous. of bbl.	2.00	11 735	2.45	. 119 2. 45 9. 874	. 119 2. 45	.119 2.35	2.35 2.440	. 114 2. 35	. 109 2. 15	2.05 2.05	1.95	1.75 1.75		-
Production	11, 508 12, 360 34, 329 562	11, 735 14, 114 31, 420 659	11, 384 17, 946 24, 019 1, 059	9, 874 12, 153 21, 013 892	10, 307 10, 291 20, 223 930	8, 520 6, 747 21, 512 579	8, 440 4, 327 25, 374 373	7, 617 3, 826 28, 872 378	7,718 4,948 31,713 28	7, 804 4, 828 34, 576 225	8, 284 6, 486 36, 382 67	3, 230 10, 130 34, 384 211		

Revised. P Preliminary. Corrected. Revisions for January-October 1956 (thous. bbl.): 223,125; 209,078; 225,645; 214,412; 218,942; 213,010; 219,770; 223,035; 211,585; 215,570. Revisions for February-September 1956 (units as above): 8,223; 8,413; 8,108; 8,133; 7,851; 7,898; 8,438; 7,551. Revisions for January-October 1956 for production and consumption will be shown later. 9 Includes nonmarketable catalyst coke.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and	19	56						19	57					
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem ber
PI	ETROI	LEUM	, COA	L, AN	D PRO	ODUC'	TS-C	ontin	ued		·		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS—Continued														
Refined petroleum products—Continued Lubricants:														
Production	4, 970 3, 506	4, 870 3, 491	4, 960 3, 774	4, 334 3, 382	4,858 $3,374$	5, 124 3, 653	5, 131 3, 869	4, 246 3, 037	4, 657 3, 897	4, 704 3, 717	4, 378 3, 169	4, 476 3, 621		
Stocks, refinery, end of month do Exports do	10,060 925	10, 182 1, 197	10, 412 919	10, 308 1, 004	10, 428 1, 312	10, 587 1, 248	10, 710 1, 074	10, 591 1, 265	10, 313 981	10, 124 1, 087	10, 210 1, 075	9, 953 1, 065	1,043	
Price, wholesale, bright stock (midcontinent, f. o. b. Tulsa)dol. per galdol. per galdol. per gal	. 240	. 240	. 240	. 255	. 25 5	. 255	. 255	. 255	. 255	. 255	. 255	. 255	# - # =	
Gasoline (including aviation): Production, total thous. of bbl.	117, 398	125, 199	123, 678	108, 205	118, 591	113, 098	120, 892	119, 521	120, 506	127, 794	122, 960	122, 103		
Gasoline and naphtha from crude oildo Natural-gas liquids:	102, 635	109, 792	109, 412	95, 114	103, 741	98, 775	106, 630	104, 930	106, 393	112, 116	108, 675	107, 323		Ì
Used at refineries (incl. benzol) do Used in other gasoline blends, etc do	13, 145 1, 618	13, 764 1, 643	12, 702 1, 564	10, 974 2, 117	12, 296 2, 554	11, 836 2, 487	12, 158 2, 104	11, 506 3, 085	12, 414 1, 699	13, 171 2, 507	13, 193 1, 092	13, 424 1, 356		
Domestic demanddostocks, end of month:	112, 113	108, 096	109, 295	96, 694	113, 166	115, 820	124, 325	121, 598	130, 251	128, 808	113, 567	119, 329		
Finished gasolinedododododo	163, 086 85, 720	174, 654 96, 081	184, 942 106, 956	192, 428 113, 355	193, 540 109, 922	188, 649 104, 636	183, 064 99, 869	177, 997 94, 597	166, 654 88, 664	162, 810 85, 468	170, 056 89, 184	169, 988 87, 922		
Unfinished gasolinedo Natural-gas liquidsdo	11, 722 22, 934	12, 617 20, 559	12, 760 17, 638	12, 842 17, 661	13, 176 19, 063	12, 758 20, 742	12, 030 24, 818	12,066 27,259	11, 214 28, 448	11, 221 29, 092	10, 632 29, 271	10, 914 27, 838		
Exports (motor fuel, gasoline, jet fuel)do Prices, gasoline:	1 - 2, 496	· 4, 200	r 3, 619	r 3, 003	7 3, 512	r 2, 117	2, 081	2, 458	• 1, 744	2, 314	2, 395	2, 086	2, 629	
Wholesale, refinery (Okla., group 3)_dol. per gal_ Retail, service stations, 54 citiesdo	. 115 . 215	. 115 . 215	. 115 . 227	. 125 . 225	. 125 . 220	. 125 . 222	. 125 . 222	. 123 . 222	. 116	. 118 . 223	. 120 . 214	. 120 . 220	, 219	2
Aviation gasoline: Production, totalthous. of bbl	9, 218	9, 596	9, 413	8, 243	9, 611	8, 824	9, 573	9, 461	9, 862	10, 176	9, 208	9, 542		
100-octane and above	7, 269 11, 781 7, 362	7, 340 12, 435 7, 439	7, 788 12, 815 7, 696	6, 299 12, 918 7, 438	7, 999 12, 615 7, 582	6, 993 12, 397 7, 285	7, 289 13, 010 7, 721	7, 188 13, 085 7, 873	7, 682 12, 889	7, 834 13, 012	6, 326 13, 332 7, 885	7, 495 13, 712 8, 497		
Jet fuel: Productiondo	5, 316	6, 031	6, 207	5, 830	6, 800	6, 203	5, 813	4, 412	7, 716 5, 514	7, 815 5, 260	3,702	4, 723		1
Domestic demand do Stocks, end of month do	5, 685 4, 576	5, 304 5, 322	6, 552 5, 185	6, 766 5, 326	7, 941 4, 868	6, 478 5, 322	6, 120 5, 656	4, 333 6, 321	7, 122 5, 470	5, 832 5, 248	4, 064 5, 042	5, 493 4, 681		
Asphalt: © Production	6, 572	4,905	3, 918	3, 909	5, 496	6, 538	8, 303	9,012	9, 789	10, 505	9,318	8, 085		
Stocks, refinery, end of monthdo Wax: © Productiondo	7, 755 446	9, 150 477	10, 381 460	11, 314 376	12, 972 499	14, 606 473	15, 160 468	14, 435	11, 509 446	9, 970 430	8, 586 462	7, 863 498		
Stocks, refinery, end of monthdo	611	658	661	632	670	707	706	728	706	658	662	655		
sphalt and tar products, shipments: Asphalt roofing, totalthous. of squares	3, 898	2, 165	3, 895	4, 142	3, 342	4, 449	3, 998	4, 558	5, 433	5, 917	5, 467	6,090	3, 731	
Roll roofing and cap sheet: Smooth surfaceddodododo	729 897	391 498	818 872	916 949	624 708	761 891	621 866	719 963	862 1,148	989 1, 290	955	1, 087 1, 468	689 927	
Shingles, all typesdo	2, 272	1, 275	2, 205	2, 277	2,009	2, 797	2, 511	2,876	3, 423	3, 638	1, 264 3, 248	3, 535	2, 114	
Asphalt sidings	121 1, 319 68, 259	66 655 50, 663	103 1, 335 78, 270	91 1, 144 79, 454	74 2, 165 67, 375	1, 843 78, 501	65 3, 414 68, 191	76 2, 088 70, 228	2, 233 87, 652	101 2,019 111,718	115 1,835 78,464	133 2, 145 90, 291	1, 308 65, 173	
	<u> </u>	PUI	.P, PA	PER,	AND	PRINT	ΓING	<u> </u>	·	•		<u>'</u>	•	
PULPWOOD AND WASTE PAPER												1		
'ulpwood: Receiptsthous, of cords (128 cu. ft.)	3, 094	2, 840	3, 255	3, 137	3, 129	2, 716	2,826	2, 884	2, 986	3, 276	2, 941	, 3, 226	2, 765	
Consumption do Stocks, end of month do	3, 001 6, 030	2, 638 6, 229	3, 137 6, 409	2, 827 6, 719	3, 080 6, 766	3, 025 6, 449	3, 094 6, 155	2, 905 6, 078	2, 642 6, 385	3, 047 6, 706	2, 858 6, 705	7 3, 196 7 6, 697	3, 006 6, 456	
Vaste paper: Receiptsshort tons_ Consumptiondo	726, 934 718, 128	652, 625 637, 049	699, 647 720, 736	678, 028 680, 164	720, 815 731, 369	724, 292 725, 959	734, 710	689, 816	613, 716	723, 279	713,496	782, 049	679, 649	
Stocks, end of monthdo	523, 759	546, 391	519, 590	517, 109	506, 251	504, 557	496, 039	481, 179	505, 401	475, 135	462,417	473, 977	487, 942	
WOOD PULP		1 050 0	1 004 0	1 700 0	1 000 -	1 040 4			1 700 0		7 7740 0			
Total, all grades thous of short tons. Dissolving and special alpha do. Sulfate do	1, 856, 5 81, 7 1, 032, 0	1, 672. 6 72. 7 920. 0	1, 904. 6 82. 6 1, 061. 0	1, 709. 8 83. 6 915. 6	1,893.7 92.0 1,037.3	1, 840. 4 93. 9 993. 1	1,900.7 93.2 1,052.9	1,776.1 82.7 981.7	1, 590. 2 74. 7 857. 5	1, 894. 9 80. 1 1, 063. 2	1, 742. 8 78. 8 969. 0	71, 961. 1 91. 4 1, 086. 9	1, 848. 7 87. 0 1, 037. 3	
Sulfitedo	215.9	200.8	226. 9	207. 5	220. 9	225. 5	211.0	201. 2	182. 3	210. 2	192. 1	7 234. 3	208.8	
Groundwood do Defibrated or exploded do Soda, semichem, screenings, damaged, etc. do Soda semichem.	255. 4 89. 4	231. 5 78. 0	262. 6 90. 1	244, 0 91, 2	267. 2 96. 7	263. 6 95. 4	264. 3 95. 6	248. 2 96. 3	232, 0 88. 3	251. 3 100. 4	227. 4 96. 5	246. 2 106. 5	237. 2 94. 0	
Soda, semichem., screenings, damaged, etc_do tocks, end of month: Total, all millsdo	182. 1 934. 4	169. 4 912. 0	181. 5 884. 0	167. 8 871. 5	179. 6 869. 8	168. 8 859. 8	183. 6 879. 2	166. 0 862. 5	155. 5 879. 1	189. 8 873. 0	178.9 852.1	7 195. 8 7 880. 3	907.7	
Pulp mills do Paper and board mills do do	219. 5 610. 6	189. 5 617. 1	208. 8 575. 3	206. 6 564. 3	206. 9 561. 1	209. 2 544. 0	218. 2 556. 5	222. 2 535. 3	213. 0 559. 7	213. 7 556. 1	200. 3 553. 4	7 217. 6 7 564. 3	242.7	
Nonpaper millsdo	104.3	105. 4	100.0	100.6	101.8	106. 6	104.5	105.0	106.3	103.3	98. 5	98.5	103. 5	
Exports, all grades, total do Dissolving and special alpha do do do do do do do do do do do do do	51, 2 10, 4	52, 9 16, 4	48. 7 14. 5	41. 7 17. 2	76. 1 17. 1	50, 4 14, 1	57.1 23.9	59. 7 23. 0	58. 4 25. 9	46, 2 18, 1	48. 7 26. 0	36. 8 16. 3	39. 6 12. 9	1
All otherdo	40. 8 190. 4	36. 5 177. 1	34. 2 178. 1	24. 5 186. 1	59. 0 173. 9	36. 2 168. 6	33. 3 176. 5	36. 7 163. 3	32. 6 173. 7	28. 1 184. 3	22.7 174.3	20. 5	26.7	
mports, all grades, totaldo Dissolving and special alphado All otherdo	13.3	11. 0 166. 2	12. 2	9.9	13. 5 160. 4	11. 8 156. 8	10.0	11. 5 151. 8	11. 4 162. 3	9. 2 175. 0	10.0 164.4			

The state of the s	19	956						198						
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber
	PUL	P, PA	PER,	AND I	PRINT	ING-	-Conti	nued		/		<u> </u>	<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	<u>'</u>
PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS														
All paper and board mills, production: Paper and board, totalthous, of short tons. Paper	r 2, 603 r 1, 179 r 1, 187 r 13 223	2, 358 1, 091 1, 071 12 184	2, 672 1, 217 1, 211 13 231	2, 432 1, 104 1, 090 12 226	2, 655 1, 183 1, 224 13 235	2, 602 1, 169 1, 180 13 240	2, 664 1, 172 1, 237 12 243	2, 512 1, 110 1, 147 15 241	2, 243 998 1, 005 10 231	2, 668 1, 151 1, 238 16 263	2, 519 1, 061 1, 191 12 255	7 2, 796 7 1, 201 7 1, 304 13 7 277	2, 549 1, 110 1, 194 12 233	
Paper, excl. building paper, newsprint, and paperboard (American Paper and Pulp Association): Orders, new γ	815. 5 738. 2 1, 034. 6 873. 7 429. 8	780, 8 696, 1 960, 3 823, 2 415, 5	873. 7 693. 6 1, 061. 2 885. 3 494. 6	794. 0 669. 1 957. 2 798. 1 503. 9	905. 7 720. 3 1, 021. 3 859. 9 519. 9	830, 9 706, 9 1, 008, 6 849, 3 518, 2	863. 9 685. 4 1, 007. 5 859. 5 504. 9	802, 6 680, 1 958, 9 794, 9 575, 2	764. 8 721. 4 858. 8 716. 2 471. 3	799.6 704.9 71,001.4 7837.7 7479.1	7 764. 7 7 693. 9 7 926. 6 7 772. 4 7 484. 0	846. 2 700. 8 1, 056. 9 860. 4 499. 6		
Orders, new do Orders, new do Orders, unfilled, end of month do Production do Shipments do Stocks, end of month do Printing paper:	120. 2 99. 3 134. 3 130. 3 100. 4	109, 4 86, 9 126, 9 124, 9 115, 4	118.3 68.9 133.8 135.9 105.6	131. 7 79. 6 125. 0 127. 8 133. 4	133, 1 78, 7 139, 6 134, 8 133, 4	134. 0 70. 1 135. 1 140. 0 136. 7	155, 4 77, 5 136, 7 150, 2 139, 3	114. 7 70. 6 125. 0 123. 3 121. 7	117. 1 89. 3 101. 7 97. 9 109. 5	r 119. 1 r 83. 2 r 132. 8 r 128. 1 r 106. 8	7 106. 7 75. 5 127. 7 117. 1 110. 8	115. 1 69. 5 135. 4 124. 4 114. 2		
Orders, new do Orders, unfilled, end of month do Production do Shipments do Stocks, end of month do	322. 8 430. 6 364. 9 364. 6 160. 8	333. 0 406. 5 344. 9 343. 6 167. 5	364, 2 422, 2 362, 0 353, 1 202, 6	308. 6 397. 5 323. 5 321. 0 202. 3	388. 8 435. 2 349. 8 348. 2 220. 7	336, 9 439, 5 341, 7 341, 0 216, 1	359. 9 426. 1 352. 7 351. 3 208. 7	346, 6 425, 7 336, 4 336, 0 209, 0	326. 4 441. 1 314. 5 314. 8 208. 8	318.8 428.0 7 343.6 337.8 214.4	7 310. 3 7 421. 5 7 308. 3 7 305. 2 7 217. 5	350. 9 431. 8 347. 8 347. 9 220. 9		
Price, wholesale, book paper, "A" grade, English finish, white, f. o. b. milldol. per 100 lb. Coarse paper: Orders, new	15. 38 319. 1 160. 1 330. 6 322. 4	15. 38 290. 5 163. 3 298. 4 301. 6	15. 38 334. 6 156. 6 344. 1 334. 5	15. 38 302. 1 148. 2 308. 0 297. 4	15. 38 322. 5 157. 4 318. 5 320. 3	15, 38 302, 3 148, 7 312, 0 310, 6	15. 88 296, 0 137, 6 309, 4 304, 0	15, 88 292, 5 143, 5 289, 8 r 285, 1	15. 88 277. 2 150. 5 252. 1 258. 9	7 314. 6 7 115. 4 7 315. 3 7 319. 0	15.88 7 301.5 7 159.0 7 291.5 7 302.4	15. 88 325. 8 159. 2 336. 3 332. 9		
Stocks, end of month	559. 5 543. 5 138. 2	97. 3 514. 2 552. 4 100. 1	558. 6 513. 6 145. 0	518.9 510.9 153.1	574. 2 526. 5 200. 8	554. 8 538. 4 217. 3	573. 0 574. 3 216. 0	532.0 548.5 199.6	120. 6 549. 2 578. 8 169. 9	560. 3 524. 0 206. 2	102. 5 486. 6 512. 9	105. 2 548. 7 544. 4 184. J		434, 9 471, 0 132, 5
United States: Consumption by publishers. do. Production. do. Shipments from mills. do. Stocks, end of month: do. At mills. do.	467. 7 142. 5 142. 4 8. 8	443. 6 139. 2 137. 7	407. 6 157. 7 158. 9 8. 9	387. 2 150. 7 151. 6 8. 0	463. 3 164. 4 161. 2	442.3 162.4 162.6	466, 0 171, 2 172, 5 9, 6	433, 9 159, 1 156, 8 11, 9	373. 5 144. 4 143. 1 13. 2	386. 4 156. 5 153. 7	132.7	465. 4 146. 8 145. 3	453. 0 140. 4 143. 1 15. 7	436. 3 138. 7 135. 1
At publishersdo In transit to publishersdo	510. 0 112. 3	523. 5 112. 2	551, I 113, I	591. 7 119. 6	580. 2 107. 8	592. 6 100. 9	589. 7 96. 5	585. 6 101. 8	653. 4 101. 5	704, 9 100, 6	673.4	665, 2 87, 3	628. 0 94. 8	595. 4 79. 6
ImportsdoPrice, rolls, contract, delivered to principal ports	487.3	464, 2	447. 4	429.1	427. 9	459, 4	450, 1	411.5	495. 0	404. 1	413.9		-	
Paperboard (National Paperboard Association): Orders, new thous, of short tons. Orders, unfilled, end of month. do Production, total do Percent of activity	130. 10 1, 149. 4 407. 8 1, 184. 3 91	130, 10 1, 148, 6 419, 4 1, 114, 3 82	130. 10 1, 153. 2 471. 7 1, 125. 7 91	130. 10 1, 088. 6 454. 3 1, 094. 6 94	133, 30 1, 208, 4 408, 3 1, 221, 0 94	134. 40 1, 211. 3 493. 7 1, 189. 8 92	134. 40 1, 228. 3 384. 1 1, 259. 7 93	134. 40 1, 122. 9 370. 7 1, 142. 5 91	134. 40 1, 114. 5 506. 5 1, 000. 8	134. 40 1, 240. 8 418. 3 1, 287. 9 94	134. 40 1, 227. 7 547. 0 1, 161. 1 91	134. 40 1, 347. 0 481. 3 1, 345. 7 97	ļ	1, 085. 1 376. 2 1, 051. 1
Paper products: Shipping containers, corrugated and solid fiber, shipmentsmil. sq. ft, surface area Folding paper boxes, index of value: New orders1947-49=100	8, 286 176. 7 193. 3	7, 253 194. 3	7, 947 193. 3	7 , 365	8, 227 207. 4	7, 987 212. 9	8, 291 206. 7	7, 739 190. 5	7, 550 192. 7	9, 028 203. 0	8, 407 200. 4	9, 012 206. 4	8, 410 183. 6	6, 815 173. 7
Shipmentsdo PRINTING	190. 0	181. 2	173. 6	171.9	186. 6	185. 5	187.0	170.4	167. 7	192. 4	190.3	211.1	184.7	178.8
Book publication, total number of editions. New books do New editions do	1, 308 1, 135 173	1, 058 856 202	489 367 122	1, 065 825 240	1, 104 856 248	1, 463 1, 176 287	1,010 813 197	1, 176 915 261	1, 013 794 219	694 538 156	1, 113 926 187	1, 336 1, 132 204	1, 408 1, 176 232	
	I	RUBB	ER AN	VD RU	BBEF	R PRO	DUCT	S						A consequence
RUBBER														
Natural rubber: Consumptionlong tons. Stocks, end of monthdo Imports, including latex and guayuledo. Price, wholesale, smoked sheets (New York)	42, 859 106, 316 49, 886	45, 130 116, 469 57, 653	52, 631 101, 758 46, 349	46, 427 100, 253 37, 487	48, 263 97, 820 42, 160	45, 368 102, 796 59, 896	46, 511 98, 717 52, 566	41, 282 90, 694 30, 291	39, 789 98, 871 44, 760	44, 932 99, 093 48, 951	103, 243 44, 188	r 102, 496		
Synthetic rubber: dol. per lb_ Production long tons Consumption do Stocks, end of month do Exports do	. 345 83, 514 71, 397 199, 334 6, 726	. 365 93, 764 72, 260 202, 596 19, 271	94, 277 85, 490 193, 724 17, 289	396 83, 235 77, 260 184, 808 16, 878	93, 916 81, 650 181, 813 18, 101	82, 340 76, 355 173, 611 13, 966	95, 014 80, 242 173, 441 16, 009	. 333 84, 413 70, 456 173, 170 17, 584	80, 951 69, 044 163, 648 19, 817	93, 422 79, 272 161, 688 18, 029	94, 537 77, 651 160, 507 14, 696	. 295 106, 401 r 88, 820 r 164, 705 16, 697	106, 030 75, 270 178, 848 16, 549	. 285
Reclaimed rubber: Production	20, 009 20, 793 36, 063	20, 548 20, 698 34, 969	25, 053 24, 053 34, 552	21, 896 22, 773 32, 010	25, 051 24, 633 30, 975	22, 878 23, 145 30, 258	24, 859 23, 816 29, 847	22, 402 21, 352	20, 444 19, 676 29, 972	20, 423 22, 429 28, 521	19, 892 21, 704	r 26, 407	22, 031 20, 432	

Preliminary.

Q Data exclude estimates for "tissue paper."

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1955 and	19	56						19	57					
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Dece ber
I	RUBBI	ER AN	D RU	BBER	PRO	DUCT	'S—Co	ntinu	ed					
TIRES AND TUBES														
Pneumatic easings: Productionthousands	r 7, 636	8, 556	9, 504	9, 169	9, 766	8, 950	9, 490	8, 489	8, 443	8. 917	8, 641	9. 708	8, 248	
Shipments, total. do Original equipment. do Replacement equipment. do Export. do	7 1 7, 513 3, 516 7 1 3, 876 121	7, 548 3, 579 3, 803 166	8, 874 3, 496 5, 195 183	8, 539 3, 361 5, 051 127	9, 114 3, 381 5, 579 154	9, 381 3, 246 5, 989 146	9, 150 3, 230 5, 787 134	9, 310 2, 993 6, 191 127	9, 840 3, 068 6, 646 126	9, 833 3, 214 6, 488 130	7, 723 1, 688 5, 902 133	8, 154 7 2, 621 7 5, 350 182	7, 171 3, 398 3, 630 143	
Stocks, end of monthdododo	18, 803 152	19, 872 163	20, 490 144	21,008 144	21, 743 171	21, 308 202	21, 630 152	20, 783 120	19, 316 120	18, 477 139	19, 393 124	20, 985 136	22, 171	
nner tubes: Production	2, 585 2, 792	2, 670 2, 837	3, 364 3, 829	3, 362 3, 291	3, 822 3, 397	3, 428 3, 104	3, 548 3, 214	3, 025 3, 472	2, 941 3, 708	3, 134 3, 683	3, 365 3, 483	3, 764 3, 172	3, 243 2, 736	
Stocks, end of monthdodo	6, 250 53	6, 109 76	5, 789 32	5, 960 78	6, 540 76	6, 969 90	7, 422 80	6, 946 75	6, 287 63	5, 966 74	6, 174 77	6, 909 100	7, 444 83	
	ST	ONE,	CLAY	, AND	GLA	SS PI	RODU	CTS				<u> </u>		
PORTLAND CEMENT														
Production, finished cement thous, of bbl. Percent of capacity thipments, finished cement thous, of bbl. stocks, end of month:	25, 869 98 22, 906	24, 429 83 17, 990	19, 320 65 11, 927	17, 827 66 15, 274	22, 642 76 20, 757	23, 967 83 23, 351	27, 485 92 29, 203	26, 462 91 29, 758	20, 287 67 25, 827	31, 406 104 35, 732	30, 884 104 30, 707	30, 121 98 31, 164	25, 014 84 21, 039	
CLAY PRODUCTS	15, 973 7, 476	22, 440 9, 443	29, 828 14, 337	32, 382 18, 625	34, 277 21, 621	34, 893 23, 620	33, 176 22, 539	29, 885 20, 550	24, 345 17, 979	20, 018 13, 881	7 20, 250 7 11. 016	19, 213 9, 444	23, 188 11, 303	
crick, unglazed (commercial and face):												}		
Production of thous of standard brick Shipments do Price, wholesale, common, composite, f. o. b. plant dol. per thous	648, 067 569, 763 30, 718	543, 191 437, 895 30, 863	437, 692 314, 030 30, 863	400, 758 370, 935 30, 814	467, 798 454, 575 30, 814	534, 682 523, 085 30, 814	564, 799 585, 612 30. 814	577, 448 567, 339 30. 914	593, 044 609, 478 30, 914	625, 020 634, 291 30, 816	7 583, 681 7 569, 602 30, 816	602, 404	» 30. 816	
Clay sewer pipe and fittings, vitrified: or Production short tons Shipments do structural tile, unglazed: or Short tons do structural tile, und structural tile, und structural tile, und structural tile, und structural tile, und structural til	197, 716 157, 077	179, 671 119, 949	166, 580 107, 907	148, 236 111, 676	154, 151 133, 298	153, 240 139, 420	162, 551 152, 142	149, 829 151, 929	153, 639 153, 730	157, 908 168, 799	143, 587 150, 045	172, 625 165, 068		
Production do Shipments do	71, 140 57, 883	61, 768 51, 275	54, 447 46, 451	49, 962 44, 170	57, 747 51, 984	52, 258 47, 677	53, 688 51, 580	58, 258 56, 386	62, 183 57, 873	54, 320 50, 904	r 46, 081 r 45, 825	49, 628 49, 266		
GLASS PRODUCTS Flass containers:	1		İ								!			
Productionthous, of gross	11, 895	10, 323	11, 657	11, 057	12, 617	11, 695	12, 505	12, 747	12, 565	€ ^{14,090}	12, 201	r 13, 089	11, 366	
Shipments, domestic, total	10, 038	9, 426 765	10, 022 948	9, 710 892	11, 109 1, 100	11,021	12, 611	12, 081 1, 238	12, 194 1, 350	17, 867 2, 501	9, 110 1, 554	12, 467 1, 398	11, 787	
glasses, and fruit jars)thous. of gross_	3,065	2, 723	2, 997	2, 843	3, 049	2, 963	3, 435	3, 425	3,604	5, 811	2,729	3, 604	3, 386	
Beverage do Beer bottles do Liquor and wine do Medicinal and toilet do Chemical, household and industrial do Dairy products do	509 528 1, 524 2, 512 841 211	721 667 1, 088 2, 459 802 201	484 577 963 2, 902 967 184	515 508 1,061 2,791 942 158	799 889 1, 190 2, 899 1, 024 159	961 911 1,060 2,810 1,076 149	1, 351 1, 300 1, 064 2, 842 1, 268 169	1, 403 1, 333 1, 157 2, 470 880 175	1, 177 1, 397 905 2, 619 963 179	818 1, 343 1, 835 3, 882 1, 367 310	350 495 832 2, 288 676 195	371 773 1, 546 3, 513 1, 056 206	594 765 1, 441 3, 278 1, 004 234	
Stocks, end of monthdo	13, 296	13, 897	14, 976	16, 107	17, 318	17, 793	17, 439	17, 860	17, 955	13, 866	16, 688	16, 943	16, 128	
GYPSUM AND PRODUCTS Crude gypsum, quarterly total:														
Imports thous of short tons Production do		1, 012 2, 263			764 1, 956			1, 161 2, 326			r 1, 316 2, 509			
Calcined, production, quarterly totaldo		1, 861	-	 	1, 787	ļ 		1, 983			r 2, 130			
Typsum products sold or used, quarterly total: Uncalcined usesshort tons		926, 693	-		663, 237	-		779, 707			793, 531			
Industrial uses		83, 481 350, 230			83, 225 324, 642			79, 582 371, 901			78, 948 385, 268			
All other (incl. Keene's cement)do Lathmil, of sq. ft		319, 816 530. 0			295, 313 496. 7			340, 196 577. 1			371, 781 621. 4			
Wallboarddo		1,007.8 47.2	-		1,002.7 44.1			1, 071. 5 59. 0			1, 155. 4 61. 4			

^{*} Revised. * Preliminary. 1 Revisions for October 1956 (thous.): Shipments, total, 7,765; replacement equipment, 4,692.

*Revisions to be published later are as follows: 1954 (annual data only); 1955 (annual and monthly); 1956 (January-August).

**OComprises sheathing, formboard, tile, and laminated board.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and	19				,	,		19	57					.
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem ber
TEXTILE PRODUCTS														
APPAREL	i			1										
Hosiery, shipmentsthous. of dozen pairs Men's apparel, cuttings:¶⊕ Tailored garments:	14,006	10, 816	12, 126	11,628	12, 394	11,099	11, 103	11,316	11, 100	13, 772	13, 805	15, 381	13, 062	
Suitsthous, of units Overcoats and topcoatsdo Trousers (separate), dress and sportdo Shirts (woven fabrics), dress and sport	· ·	7 1, 612 7 320 7 4, 944	2, 068 248 5, 520	1, 820 244 5, 136	1, 888 308 5, 472	1 2, 045 1 365 1 5, 640	1, 820 416 5, 520	1, 604 384 5, 328	1 1, 230 1 285 1 4, 500	1, 692 440 5, 664	1, 388 320 4, 848	¹ 1, 665 ¹ 310 ¹ 6, 120	1, 372 192 5, 088	
Work clothing: Dungarees and waistband overallsdo	r 1 1, 960	r 1, 616	2, 020 248	1, 884 256	1, 792 252	1 1, 735 1 265	1, 576 252	1, 524 220	1 1, 270 1 200	1, 504 252	1, 516 248	1 1, 845 1 265	1, 560 208	
Shirfs. do. Women's, misses', juniors' outerwear, cuttings:⊕ Coats. thous. of units. Dresses. do. Suits. do.	r 2, 023 r 19, 706 r 1, 062	7 252 7 1, 487 7 16, 990 7 876	288 2, 317 21, 277 1, 347	308 2, 391 21, 709 1, 411	304 3, 174 26, 424 1, 257	1,431 27,189 676	304 1, 204 27, 884 454	1, 908 19, 816 680	2, 458 18, 125 926	320 2, 702 20, 844 996	328 2, 362 19, 035 683	2, 718 20, 578 757	292 2, 312 18, 571 849	
Waists, blouses, and shirtsthous. of doz	r 1, 110	r 861	1, 194	1, 246	1,338	1, 154	1, 208	1, 151	1, 134	1, 249	1, 154	1, 335	861	
Cotton (exclusive of linters):		,						-						
Production: Ginnings§thous, of running bales Crop estimate, equivalent 500-lb. bales thous, of bales	12, 380	² 12, 815	³ 13, 088		4 13, 151 4 13, 310				232	973	2, 499	5, 594	8, 039	² 9, 20
Consumption bales. Stocks in the United States, end of month, total thous. of bales.	^{r1} 870,069	7630, 339 20, 909	r ¹ 842,452 18,768	7 687, 905 17, 390	7690, 310 15, 911	r ¹ 809,727	7 670, 259 13, 240	12 108	r1639,776 r6 11, 323	666, 549	659, 651	19, 344	656, 205 17, 573	571, 28
Domestic cotton, total do On farms and in transit do Public storage and compresses do Consuming establishments do Foreign cotton, total do do	7 22, 120 7 3, 761 7 16, 933 7 1, 426 7 32	20, 878 2, 890 16, 442 1, 547	18, 734 1, 911 15, 204 1, 619 35	17, 345 1, 638 14, 031 1, 676 45	15, 867 1, 157 13, 080 1, 630 44	14, 448 1, 080 11, 877 1, 490 43	13, 200 992 10, 829 1, 379 39	12, 074 798 10, 049 1, 227 34	r6 11, 284 297 r6 9, 859 1, 128 r 39	22, 505 22, 466 12, 185 9, 312 969 39	21, 234 10, 542 9, 634 1, 058 39	19, 305 7, 257 10, 784 1, 264 39	17, 529 4, 801 11, 308 1, 420 45	12, 549 1, 56
Exports bales Imports do Prices (farm), American upland cents per lb. Prices, wholesale, middling, 1", average 14 markets	537,713 844 31. 9	939, 080 10, 341 31. 0	790,738 13, 285 30. 2	807,248 7, 101 30. 2	786, 740 9, 851 29. 8	603,064 3, 412 30. 6	659,701 5,349 31.5	525, 108 3, 607 31. 9	417, 607 6, 300 32, 3	336, 088 7, 755 32. 8	378, 825 31, 122 33. 0	483, 654	525, 502 31. 1	28.
Cotton linters: Consumption thous. of bales. Production do. Stocks, end of month do.	33. 2 129 202	33. 2 * 126 171	33. 4 128 187	33. 8 7 114 152	33. 8 118 124	33. 9 104 85	33. 9 105 70	34. 0 92 44	34.0 780 35	33. 6 104 45	33. 2 100 107	33. 5 107 199	7 34. 3 103 178	34.
COTTON MANUFACTURES	r 970	* 980	7 992	r 1,001	r 988	* 969	924	r 843	799	724	712	786	837	
Cotton cloth:											ĺ			
Cotton broadwoven goods over 12 inches in width, production, quarterlymil. of linear yd_Exportsthous. of sq. yd_Importsdo	43, 800 10, 404	2, 538 47, 289 11, 227	46, 058 11, 430	43, 196 11, 925	2, 520 58, 523 11, 972	46, 606 11, 798	47, 780 11, 329	7 2, 437 47, 990 10, 369	39, 188 8, 252	40, 917 9, 165	⁹ 2, 243 41, 781 7, 491	46, 253	49, 519	
Prices, wholessle: Mill margins	30. 37 36. 4 16. 1 17. 3	29. 80 36. 4 15. 9 17. 3	29. 19 36. 4 15. 9 17. 0	28. 31 36. 4 15. 9 17. 0	28. 01 36. 4 16. 0 16. 8	27. 65 36. 4 16. 0 16. 5	27. 03 36. 4 15. 9 16. 3	26. 81 36. 4 15. 8 16. 0	26. 75 36. 4 15. 6 16. 0	27. 49 36. 4 15. 6 16. 0	27. 58 36. 4 15. 4 15. 8	26, 36 36, 4 15, 3 15, 8	24. 69 ^p 36. 4 ^p 15. 2 ^p 15. 5	
Prices, wholesale, f. o. b. mill: 20/2, carded, weavingdol. per lb_ 36/2, combed, knittingdo	. 691 . 971	. 687 . 963	. 684 . 959	. 676 . 951	. 669 . 920	. 662 . 918	. 662 . 914	. 666 . 918	. 663 . 920	. 663 . 922	. 666 . 940	. 663 . 940	».659 ».941	
Consuming 100 percent cotton	7 20, 294 18, 786 71 11, 987 7 480 1 11, 145	18, 786 7 8, 618 7 431	20, 231 18, 725 111, 599 464 110, 790	20, 161 18, 639 9, 411 471 8, 749	19, 985 18, 457 9, 400 470 8, 731	19, 929 18, 365 111, 281 451 110, 461	19, 781 18, 246 9, 223 461 8, 533	19, 740 18, 174 9, 088 454 8, 396	19, 754 18, 067 19, 361 374 18, 481	19, 704 18, 079 9, 123 456 8, 368	19, 769 18, 147 9, 171 459 8, 441	19, 753 18, 130 111, 401 456 110, 475	19, 747 18, 133 8, 963 448 8, 231	19, 73 18, 14 7, 95 39 7, 30
MANMADE FIBERS AND MANUFACTURES														
		423. 4 183. 9 102. 7			443. 2 195. 0 103. 7			436. 2 181. 6 98. 3			439.3 163.8 109.6	7 59. 4 7 40. 0	7 58.3 7 35, 8	
Noncellulosic (nylon, acrylic, protein, etc.)do Exports: Yarns and monofilamentsthous. of lb Staple, tow, and topsdo Imports: Yarns and monofilamentsdo	1, 264 1, 360 103	109. 7 1, 993 3, 054 122	1, 473 3, 450 86	2, 021 1, 871 125	121. 1 3, 074 3, 403 205	2, 656 3, 057 109	2, 443 2, 568 201	126. 3 1, 811 1, 984 170	1, 692 2, 400 86	1, 799 1, 863 382	134, 2 1, 599 1, 902 193	1, 399 2, 521	1, 680 3, 123	
Staple, tow, and topsdo Rayon and acetate: Stocks, producers', end of month, total mil. of lb Filament yarn	5, 745 106. 3 62. 2	10, 277 107. 5 62. 2	9, 485 104. 6 58. 2	9, 172 105. 6 59. 2	8, 454 111. 3 62. 6	7, 422 116. 7 64. 3	6, 789 122. 7 67. 2	5, 851 125, 6 69, 7	5, 892 124. 5 69. 9	6, 495 122. 6 69. 6	5, 284 121. 1 68. 8	122. 2 69. 7	124. 8 70. 1	
Prices, rayon, viscose: Yarn, filament, 150 denierdol. per lb_ Staple, 1.5 denierdo	. 863 . 316	45. 3 . 880 . 316	46. 4 . 910 . 316	. 910 . 316	. 910 . 291	52. 4 . 910 . 291	55. 5 . 910 . 291	. 910 . 291	54. 6 . 910 . 291	53. 0 . 910 . 291	52.3 .910 .311	52. 5 . 910 . 311	54.7 p.910 p.311	
Manmade broadwoven fabrics: Production, quarterly total ♀△thous. of linear yd Rayon and acetate (excl. tire fabric)do Nylon and chiefly nylon mixturesdo	13, 404	555, 919 380, 428 73, 999	13, 836	11,896	559,629 364,454 85, 560 19, 156	15, 250	15, 307	7 556, 106 7 358, 599 7 88, 621 14, 515	10, 671	14, 396	553, 808 356, 240 91, 755	15, 715	14, 274	
Exports, piece goodsthous. of sq. yd	,	954 4, 54	1, 123 4, 53	774 4. 57	781 4. 55	524 4, 64	513 4. 60	553 4. 52	557 4. 48	755 4, 49	12, 815 815 4, 46	4.40	p 4. 34	

^{**}Revised. **Preliminary. ¹ Data cover a 5-week period. ² Ginnings to December 13. ³ Ginnings to January 16. ⁴ Total ginnings of 1956 crop. ⁵ December 1 crop estimate. ° Revised to include stocks held by warehouses not formerly reporting; data for August 1956-June 1957 are understated by an unknown amount. † Data for months for active spindles are for end of period covered. § Total ginnings to end of month indicated, except as noted. § Includes data not shown separately. △ Revisions for 1st 3 quarters of 1956 are available upon request.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and	15	956						19	57					
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem
	<u> </u>	TEXT	TILE I	PROD	UCTS	-Con	tinued	 						1
WOOL AND MANUFACTURES]]			
Wool consumption, mill (clean basis):	1	1		<u> </u>										
Apparel class thous. of lb. Carpet class do	1 24, 968 1 11, 547	20, 696 10, 728	1 26, 531 1 14, 863	22, 276 13, 376	21, 482 12, 654	1 25, 159 1 14, 359	21, 321 9, 552	21, 558 8, 274	¹ 21, 281 ¹ 8, 508	19, 277 9, 779	18, 377 9, 554	¹ 18, 425 ¹ 11, 938	13, 798 8, 091	
Wool imports, clean contentdoApparel class (dutiable), clean contentdo	14, 484 5, 391	14, 773 7, 010	24, 285 10, 506	21, 617 9, 746	22, 546 9, 114	18, 788 8, 366	15, 094 7, 576	14, 480 6, 788	15, 411 6, 245	18, 051 6, 604	19, 101 6, 953			
Wool prices, raw, clean basis, Boston: Good French combing and staple:	}	,,,,,,],	3,	,,,,,,,,	, ,,,,,,	1, 575	3, 133	3,2	3,302	3,777			
Territory, finedol. per lb_ Fleece, 3/8 blooddo	1, 525 1, 168	1. 625 1. 195	1. 625 1. 195	1. 625 1. 188	1. 622 1. 170	1.645 1.181	1. 675 1. 270	1.675 1.271	1.675 1.272	1.675 1.285	1.638 1.265	1. 560 1. 232	1. 500 1. 188	1. 43 1. 11
Australian, 64s, 70s, good topmaking, in bonddo Knitting yarn, worsted, 2/20s-50s/56s, Bradford system,	1.450	1. 525	1. 525	1. 575	1. 575	1. 575	1. 595	1.625	1.625	1.625	1.625	1.605	1. 425	1. 32
wholesale pricedol. per lb_	1. 997	2.045	2. 117	2. 117	2, 092	2.069	2. 166	2. 166	2. 166	2. 166	2. 166	2. 118	₽ 2. 021	
Woolen and worsted woven goods, except woven felts: Production, quarterly, totalothous. of lin, yd		74,756		 	77, 301			81, 201			74, 930	}		
Apparel fabrics, total do Other than Government orders, total do Other than Government orders, total do Other than Government orders, total		71, 328 70, 147			73, 345 72, 047 37, 193			77, 873 77, 105			71, 090	1		
Men's and boys' do Women's and children's do		r 34, 782 r 35, 365			34, 854			35, 481 41, 624			30, 318 39, 869		-	
Prices, wholesale, suiting, f. o. b. mill: Flannel, men's and boys'1947-49=100	114.0 97.3	114.0 97.3	115. 4 97. 3	115.6 97.3	115, 6 97, 3	117. 2 97. 3	117.2	118.0	118.0	118.0	118.0	118.0	116.3	
Gabardine, women's and children'sdo	91.5	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	97.3	97. 3	97. 3	97.3	100.4	100. 4	100.4	
		TRAI	NSPOI	RTATI	ON E	QUIP	MENT	` 			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
AIRCRAFT														
Manufacturers of complete types: Aircraft, engines, propellers, parts, etc.:		0.000			0.555			1						
Orders, new (net), quarterly totalmil. of dol_ Sales (net), quarterly totaldo		3,020 2,998			2, 128 2, 669			1, 524 3, 015			1, 075 2, 948]		
Backlog of orders, total, end of quarterdo For U. S. military customersdo		18, 350 12, 303			17, 795 11, 801			16, 304 10, 557			14, 431 9, 161			
Civilian aircraft: Shipmentsthous, of dol	51, 518	43, 168	48, 431	49, 278	46, 465	57,723	83, 965	69, 326	70, 480	62, 825	54, 745	45, 522	47, 130	
Airframe weightthous. of lb Exports (commercial and civilian)	1, 550. 7 24, 577	1, 413. 7 25, 053	1, 574. 9 23, 067	1, 554. 0 16, 516	1, 615. 6 9, 901	1,871.6 26,620	2, 548. 0 16, 509	2, 104. 0 24, 495	2, 086. 0 19, 682	1, 940. 6 31, 298	1, 631. 1 19, 408	7 1,446. 3 24, 728	1, 474. 8 15, 317	
MOTOR VEHICLES	'					,	,		ĺ	ŕ	'	,		
Factory sales, totalnumberdo	667, 187 233	700, 740 228	719, 431 269	662, 028 238	677, 778 341	647, 414 506	639, 886 462	591,039 389	579, 951 309	610, 747 315	380, 609 243	379, 316 233	241	P2621,70 P233
Domesticdododo	186 576, 708	103 617, 599	257 628, 045	234 570, 023	307 585, 734	410 541, 733	309 537, 112	332 496, 329	302 484, 718	281 521, 282	187 318, 279	232 291, 064	206 583, 783	p2534,80
Domestic	556, 931 90, 246	598, 394 82, 913	610, 678 91, 117	556, 930 91, 767	569, 242 91, 703	526, 310 105, 175	522, 759 102, 312	484, 840 94, 321	474, 635 94, 924	513, 290 89, 150	315, 008 62, 087	282, 510 88, 019	560, 141 92, 925	^{p2} 86, 50
Domesticdo Exports, total⊕do	74, 870 23, 426	66, 123 43, 612	73, 208 30, 210	73, 693	73, 523 43, 724	84, 410 34, 723	82, 930 34, 956	76, 859 28, 306	76, 856 24, 221	74, 212 27, 459	51, 016 17, 399	73, 707 18, 053	78, 928 30, 324	
Passenger cars (new and used)	13, 139 10, 287	21, 739 21, 873	14, 751 15, 459	10, 638 12, 896	18, 673 25, 051	14,029 20,694	14, 635 20, 321	10, 901 17, 405	9, 562 14, 659	9, 977 17, 482	5, 023 12, 376	6, 273 11, 780	16,000 14,324	
Trucks and buses dododo	12, 950 12, 547	14, 106 13, 719	16, 555 16, 101	15, 254 14, 813	22, 223 21, 435	22, 262 21, 549	21, 536 20, 701	21, 836 21, 261	23, 332 22, 753	24, 466 23, 698	19, 919 19, 200			
Truck trailers (incl. trailer chassis), proddododo	4, 758 4, 567	4, 153 3, 982	5, 032 4, 783	5, 090 4, 832	5, 555 5, 263	5, 536 5, 278	5, 574 5, 316	5, 110 4, 603	4, 111 3, 969	5, 258 4, 322	4, 667 4, 184	4, 598 4, 369	4, 002 3, 656	
Vansdo	2, 524	2,078	2, 625	2, 654	2,608	2, 580	2, 665	2, 364	2, 084	2, 529	2, 522	2, 512	2, 061	
Registrations: New passenger carsdodo	403, 948	514,061	437, 320 56, 979	438, 725 62, 129	572, 917 74, 668	548, 609 75, 438	556, 324 82, 308	517, 043 71, 335	543, 264 79, 117	491, 839 77, 053	495, 217 78, 156	463, 795 76, 899	408, 534 61, 920	
New commercial carsdodo	66, 983	65, 698	50, 979	02, 129	74,008	10,408	82, 808	71, 333	19, 117	77,000	78, 130	10,099	01,920	
American Railway Car Institute: Freight cars:			1		Ì									
Shipments, totalnumber_ Equipment manufacturers, totaldo	6, 740 4, 367	7, 260 4, 272	8, 403 4, 686	8, 184 4, 576	9,772 5,611	8, 961 5, 198	8, 902 5, 202	8, 568 4, 820	7,872 4,811	8, 887 4, 716	8, 500 4, 947	8, 328 4, 850	7, 260 4, 033	
Domestic do Railroad and private-line shops, domestic do	4, 322 2, 373	4, 272 2, 988	4, 686 3, 717	4, 576 3, 608	5, 611 4, 161	5, 198 3, 763	5, 124 3, 700	4, 629 3, 748	4, 664 3, 061	4, 587 4, 171	4, 897 3, 553	4, 817 3, 478	3, 915 3, 227	
New orders, total o	4,042	r 4, 753	6, 779	7 4, 389 2, 202	3, 349	6, 478	7 3, 730 2, 376	r 4, 889	1, 108	7 3, 102 1, 082	r 3, 212	2, 212 532	1,090	
Equipment manufacturers, totaldo Domesticdo	1, 592 1, 592	r 4, 436 r 4, 263	2, 207 1, 662	1,865	817 817 2, 532	6, 429 6, 429	1,908	7 2, 128 7 2, 128 2, 761	832 832 276	1,068	7 1, 708 7 1, 708 1, 504	526 1,680	977 957 113	
Railroad and private-line shops, domestic_do Unfilled orders, end of month, totaldo	2, 450 119, 853	7 317 117, 657	4, 572 115, 601	⁷ 2, 187 113, 247	108, 990	49 106, 472	7 1, 354 98, 604	93, 217	86, 489	r 2, 020 80, 477	73, 150	66, 860	60, 238	
Equipment manufacturers, totaldo Domesticdo Railroad and private-line shops, domestic _do	58, 636 58, 409	58, 971 58, 571	56, 493 55, 548	53, 134 51, 852	48, 337 47, 055	49, 540 48, 258	46, 663 45, 065	43, 853 42, 446	39, 864 38, 604	36, 203 34, 984	32, 954 31, 785	28, 602 27, 460	25, 442 24, 398	
Railroad and private-line shops, domestic_do Passenger cars (equipment manufacturers):	61, 217	58, 686	59, 108	60, 113	60, 653	56, 932	51, 941	49, 364	46, 625	44, 274	40, 196	38, 258	34, 796	
Shipments, totaldodo	5 5	9 5	9	23 11	6 3	11 7	41 6	65 17	27 15	43 40	187 185	387 376	5 5	
Unfilled orders, end of month, total do Domestic do	791 679	842 724	840 728	832 732	836 739	825 732	789 727	738 722	721 717	678 677	507 492	143 139	134 134	
Association of American Railroads:	0.0	,21	1 .20	102	100	102			121	011	102	100	101	
Freight cars (class I):\(\) Number owned or leased, end of monththous	1,705	1,708	1,712	1,716	1,720	1, 724	1, 727	1, 730	1, 731	1, 735	1, 739	1, 742	1, 745	-
Held for repairs, percent of total ownedLocomotives (class I):	4.0	4.0	4.1	4. 2	4.1	4.4	4.5	4.5	4.9	5.0	4.9	4.9	5.0	
Steam, owned or leased, end of monththous	15.3	15. I	14.6	17.3	3 16. 6	3 17. 5	18. 2	18.3	18. 1	3 17. 4	17.7	21. 0	22. 2	
Diesel-electric and electric: Owned or leased, end of mo_No, of power units_	26, 732	26, 823	26, 926	27, 060	27, 125	27, 234	27, 383	27, 453	27, 548	27, 602	27, 670	27, 695	27, 859	-
Serviceable, end of monthdo Installed in service (new)do	25, 804 122	25, 856 110	25, 864 117	26,002 127	26, 078 133	26, 123 114	26, 423 119	26, 400 125	26, 462 112	26, 580 73	26, 569 99	26, 702 56		
Unfilled orders, end of monthdo Exports of locomotives, total (railroad-service and in-	743	814	787	867	747	693	582	462	395	320	296	295	488	
dustrial types)number	97	101	69	49	79	64	37	62	54	50	51	69	68	
		<u> </u>	·	<u> </u>	!	<u> </u>		<u></u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		

^{*} Revised. * Preliminary. 1 Data cover a 5-week period. 2 Preliminary estimate of production.

*Data for November 1956 and January, April, July and October 1957 cover 5-week periods; other months cover 4 weeks. © Revisions for 1956 will be shown later.

*Data for July-December 1956 have been revised to exclude exports of "used" special-purpose vehicles; such types are included in the 1956 data published prior to the September 1957 SURVEY.

*New series (from Bureau of the Census). Data cover complete units, chassis, and bodies. \$Excludes railroad-owned private refrigerator cars.

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