SURVEY OF

CURRENT BUSINESS



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE
OFFICE OF BUSINESS ECONOMICS

CURRENT BUSINESS SURVEY OF



No. 6

JUNE 1959

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Published monthly by the U.S. Department of Commerce, Lewis L. Strat Secretary. Office of Business Economics, M. Joseph Meeh Director. Subscription price, including weekly statistical supplement \$4.00 a year; foreign mailings \$7.50. Single copy, 30 cents. Send res	AN,

tances to any Department of Commerce Field Office or to the Superintendent of Documents, United States Government Printing Office, Washington 25, D.C.

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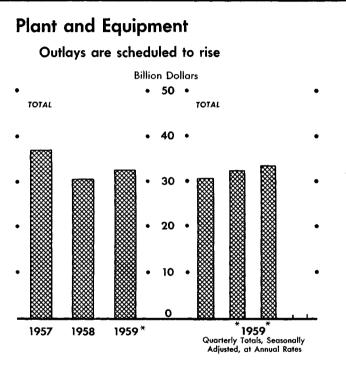
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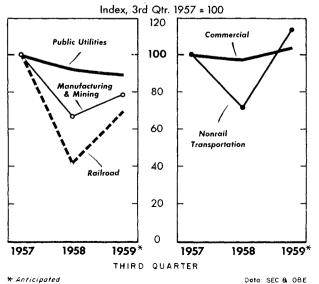
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The Business Situation

By the Office of Business Economics



Third quarter programs in most industries are above a year ago



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U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

THE ECONOMY is still moving forward under considerable momentum, with most of the major indicators for May pointing higher. Orders have spurted, and income, output, and employment will all register substantial gains in the second quarter.

Consumer purchasing is on the rise, facilitated by a marked expansion in the use of consumer credit, with automobile dealers' sales experiencing a strong spring pickup. Also, as charted at the left and discussed in a following section, the capital goods market is improving, with evidence of a larger volume of plant and equipment investment ahead.

Personal income at a \$376 billion annual rate in May recorded another sizable advance and is now 7 percent above a year ago. Recent gains reflect mostly increases in payrolls associated with further expansion in employment and weekly earnings.

The recent increase in production has gone to meet the rise in final demand and to round out inventories to service the resultant better sales volume. In the first 4 months of this year, the book value of business inventories increased by \$2 billion, lifting the total to over \$87 billion, seasonally adjusted, about the same as holdings a year ago around the low point of the recession. Although the April inventory accumulation was at a rate somewhat above that of the first quarter, the rise no more than matched the advance in sales, leaving the April inventory-sales ratio for manufacturing and trade as a whole at 1.4, considerably below the ratio for the same month of both 1957 and 1958.

This conservative inventory position is general among major industry groups in both manufacturing and trade. Notwithstanding recent increases, the value of aggregate business inventories held at the end of April was no larger than the total on hand a year ago, whereas April business sales were 15 percent higher. In steel, the high rate of ordering and output has to some extent represented hedging against a possible work interruption.

Advance data for May indicate that sales of all retail stores, seasonally adjusted, rose nearly 2 percent from April and 10 percent above May 1958. The increase over the April sales volume was very largely attributable to heavier buying of nondurables as consumers increased their purchases over a broad range of goods. Sales at durable goods stores were maintained at the improved April rate.

Income supplemented by credit

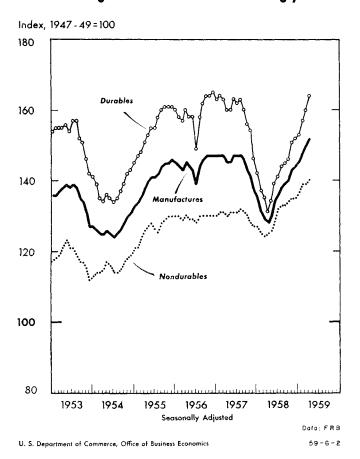
Rising business activity is being fueled not only by higher incomes but also by increased use of borrowed funds. In the 6 months ending April 1959, consumers supplemented their current income by a net seasonally adjusted extension of installment credit of nearly \$2 billion, of which about one-half was in automobile paper. In addition to expanded

use of short-term credit, individuals have stepped up their mortgage borrowing with government-assisted financing continuing as an important source of funds. The Federal National Mortgage Association recently lowered its purchase price on mortgages by one percentage point. The volume of mortgages offered FNMA had shown a sharp rise prior to the reduction in the purchase price.

Business borrowing has also moved forward in line with increased working capital requirements. The industries which were most active in executing credit reduction programs in early 1958 are currently prominent in the expan-

sion of loan demands.

Manufacturing Production Recovers Strongly



Interest rates have been advanced, with the Federal Reserve raising the discount rate by one-half of a percentage point in several regions; the new rate of 3½ percent was again back to the previous postwar high reached in August 1957.

Employment rising

A marked rise in employment was recorded in May, extending the strong spring advance. May employment in nonagricultural establishments of 52 million, seasonally adjusted, was nearly 2 million above the recession low in April 1958. A large part of the recent gain occurred in manufacturing, particularly in the durable goods industries. The strengthening in durable goods production has resulted in a reduction in pockets of substantial unemployment that had persisted in some industrial centers.

Employment recovery has been more spectacular in the commodity producing industries largely because their de-

clines were much more severe in the recent recession that in the noncommodity producing industries. In these latter industries, however, the steady advance has lifted aggregate employment above not only year-ago figures but also the highs registered in the 1956–57 boom.

Output high

The recovery of industrial production, now about a yea old, is continuing. The Federal Reserve Index reached high of 152 (1947-49=100) in May, 7 percent above December 1958 and 4 percent above its previous high of Fel ruary 1957. The increase of nearly one-fifth over the yea was one of the largest for a 12-month period.

A notable feature in recent months has been the accelerated output of durable goods. The steel industry habeen producing a record tonnage since March in respons to heavy demand for immediate consumption and fo inventories.

With the spring pickup in demand, assemblies of nev passenger cars and trucks have been pushed upward. Maccompletions, after adjustment for seasonal influences, wer substantially above the previous month and more than one half larger than in May 1958.

Producers of most building materials are maintaining high-level operations. More recently, in consequence of the improvement of capital goods demand, a further stimulus to manufacturing output is coming from the machinery in dustry which produces the bulk of producers' equipment Machine tool orders are now in enlarged volume and are improving steadily.

Output of nondurable manufactures continues steady a peak rates. The Federal Reserve Index reached 143 in May by which time recovery had lifted output one-seventh above the 1958 recession low. Most industry groups are currently operating at new high. Production in the rubber industry reached record proportions before being curtailed in April because of work stoppages. Textile manufacturing has shown a substantial rise over the year and is now virtually the highest since 1950.

New construction remains active. Through May of this year, work put in place has been one-eighth above the corresponding period of 1958. Housing activity in April and May held even with the first quarter after allowance for the usual seasonal rise. Despite some tightening in the money market, mortgage financing remains high and new housing starts are reported in the range of 1.3 to 1.4 million units on a seasonally adjusted annual rate basis.

Public construction has been running well above a year ago. Most types of such construction, other than schools have increased.

Current position

The advance in business has now been underway for a year or more, and the rise has maintained its momentum as it has spread over an ever-widening circle. Recent months have brought substantial progress, with the initial lagging segments—e.g., business investment and auto sales—now reflecting the stimulus afforded by the general cyclical rise. One source of demand, export trade, has not given evidence of a renewed forward move. This lagging tendency, with the resultant movement of gold and dollars to foreign accounts, is discussed in one of the regular features of this number—the review of the U.S. balance of international payments.

Capital Investment Expands

BUSINESS expects to spend \$32½ billion on new plant and equipment in 1959, about 7 percent more than in 1958 and 12 percent less than was spent in the record year 1957. The amount scheduled for the full year—based on reports filed by businessmen in late April and May—is somewhat higher than the total reported in the annual survey conducted 3 months ago. Public utilities and manufacturers of nondurable goods plan lower investments, but the other major groups have raised theirs above those earlier anticipated.

Actual spending in the first quarter was at a seasonally adjusted annual rate of \$30½ billion, about \$1 billion above the third quarter 1958 low. Expenditures are now expected to rise to a rate of \$32½ billion in the second quarter and to about \$33½ billion in the third quarter. The survey results imply a further advance in the closing months of the

year.

The main difference between the survey conducted 3 months ago and the current one lies in some indicated stepup in anticipations for the latter 6 months of the year. The March survey implied a \$32 billion annual rate of investment in the second half, whereas now the figure for the corresponding period is estimated at \$33% billion.

Most of the major industry groups expect seasonally adjusted investment to rise in the second and third quarters, paced by advances in manufacturing and transportation. The other industry groups expect to maintain or increase

their outlays in this period.

Manufacturers increase outlays

Manufacturing companies expect to spend over \$12 billion this year, 8 percent more than in 1958. The current annual anticipation does not differ much from the figure reported in the survey conducted earlier this year. It reflects an upward adjustment by durable-goods producers and a slight scaling down by soft-goods manufacturers.

Durable-goods manufacturers expect a steady increase through 1959 from the low point reached in the final quarter of 1958. The annual rate scheduled for the third quarter of 1959 is 30 percent higher than late last year, but is still considerably below the peak of the second quarter of 1957.

Even though steel output is being influenced by heavy stockpiling, a number of steel companies have recently announced major new construction plans with the emphasis on modernization and cost-cutting. Steel companies now expect a 7 percent rise in spending over 1958, with a steadily rising rate through 1959. Nonferrous metals companies show little change, at a level about one-fifth below 1958. The other durable-goods industries expect a rise through the third quarter.

Nondurable-goods manufacturers as a group are projecting a somewhat slower rise through the year than are durable-goods producers. These industries were less af-

fected by the recent recession than were durables and as a group reduced spending somewhat less from the 1957 peak. The anticipated seasonally adjusted annual rate of expenditure of \$6½ billion scheduled for the third quarter is about 15 percent above the low point in the second half of 1958.

The recovery as indicated in the quarterly figures is marked in the case of textiles and paper. The chemicals industry has a reduced program for 1959 as a whole, although the projected movement within 1959 is upward. Petroleum companies have scaled back their earlier reported programs—possibly under the influence of the recent accumulation of stocks; the full year total is expected to be about 8 percent higher than 1958.

Utilities pare programs

The public utilities are now planning to invest about 3 percent less than in 1958—a slackening from what was expected 3 months ago when a small rise was anticipated. A slight decrease from early programs has been made by the electric utilities and a larger one by the gas group. The latter now expects a rise and the former a decline as compared with the full year 1958.

The downward adjustments in the latest annual programs of electric utilities from those last reported may simply reflect a closer estimate of construction costs rather than the elimination of specific projects. The reduction in the programs of gas companies is attributable to the lowering of

the sights of a few large pipeline companies.

Rising carloadings and profits have enabled the railroads to renew their ordering of equipment and they now project 1959 capital outlays of \$870 million or 15 percent above 1958.

New equipment for airlines

The large jet programs of the airlines continue to dominate investment by the nonrail transportation group. Annual programs are about the same as reported last time but the quarterly pattern is somewhat different—first quarter deliveries were below schedules but a sharp rise is anticipated in the second quarter and lesser increases thereafter.

Oil pipeline companies expect a rise in capital expenditures following the first quarter of this year after an extremely sharp cutback from late 1957. Marine companies have projected a very large investment advance over 1958. Trucking companies investment is also undergoing a marked recovery from the recession low point of last spring and summer.

Spending by communications firms is expected to rise after the first quarter following 2 years of decline. Construction contractors are increasing their equipment purchases over last year, influenced by the high rate of overall construction activity. Retail trade companies are also expanding store modernization programs and plans for new shopping centers.

Table I.—Expenditures on New Plant and Equipment by U.S. Business, 1956-59

						19	58			1959	
	1956	1957	1958	1959 ²	Jan Mar.	Apr June	July- Sept.	Oct Dec.	Jan Mar.	Apr June ²	July- Sept. ²
Manufacturing	14, 954	15, 959	11,433	12, 395	2, 898	2, 939	2, 664	2, 932	2, 456	3, 056	3, 151
Durable goods industries. Primary iron and steel. Primary nonferrous metals. Electrical machinery and equipment. Machinery, except electrical. Motor vehicles and equipment. Transportation equipment, excluding mo-	7, 623 1, 268 412 603 1, 078 1, 689	8,022 1,722 814 599 1,275 1,058	5, 469 1, 192 441 459 915 558	6, 012 1, 281 352 496 949 640	1, 441 315 151 106 255 143	1, 395 324 107 116 234 155	1, 257 285 87 104 201 137	1, 376 268 96 133 225 123	1,144 208 71 91 179 120	1, 452 290 90 124 215 158	1, 549 335 84 127 245 183
tor vehicles. Stone, clay and glass products. Other durable goods 3.	440 686 1, 447	544 572 1, 438	370 399 1, 135	401 511 1, 382	93 102 276	89 101 269	88 84 271	100 112 319	82 113 280	94 136 345	105 122 348
Nondurable goods industries. Food and beverages. Textile-mill products. Paper and allied products Chemicals and allied products. Petroleum and coal products. Rubber products. Other nondurable goods 4.	7,331 799 465 801 1,455 3,135 201 475	7, 937 850 408 811 1, 724 3, 453 200 491	5, 964 742 288 578 1, 320 2, 431 134 471	6, 383 832 387 593 1, 262 2, 621 185 503	1, 457 170 73 141 340 587 37 109	1. 544 202 69 146 352 629 30 116	1, 407 183 66 151 304 554 32	1, 556 187 80 140 324 661 35 129	1. 312 185 78 124 260 518 35 112	1, 604 227 100 150 324 631 49 123	1, 602 201 102 157 314 657 48 123
Mining	1, 241	1,243	941	982	225	239	223	254	213	266	245
Railroads	1, 231	1, 396	754	867	256	202	140	156	159	258	236
Transportation, other than rail	1,712	1,771	1,500	1, 986	398	369	320	413	408	538	498
Public utilities	4,895	6, 195	6,088	5. 891	1, 227	1, 511	1, 633	1. 717	1, 199	1, 498	1, 576
Communications	2, 684	3,032	2, 615	10, 444	∫ 659	683	603	670	2.470	2, 665	2, 613
Commercial and other 6	8,364	7,366	7, 195	10, 111	1,662	1,818	1, 844	1, 871	2.410	2, 000	2, 013
Total	35, 081	36, 962	30. 526	32, 565	7, 325	7, 761	7, 427	8.013	6, 905	8, 281	8.319
	Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates [Billions of dollars]										
Manufacturing					13, 20	11,53	10.86	10, 58	11, 20	11, 95	12, 82
Durable goods industries barrian Primary iron and steel. Primary nonferrous metals. Electrical machinery and equipment. Machinery except electrical.					6.58 1.52 .68 .52 1.11 .66	5, 57 1, 27 , 44 , 47 , 96 , 63	5, 16 1, 20 . 35 . 43 . 84 . 52	4,86 .90 .34 .44 .79 .46	5. 26 1. 02 . 32 . 44 . 79 . 56	5.75 1.14 .37 .50 .88 .61	6, 31 1, 38 34 , 52 1, 01 , 70
Nondurable goods industries 6 Food and beverages Textile-mill products Paper and allied products Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products					6, 62 . 71 . 30 . 63 1, 51 2, 86	5, 96 . 76 . 26 . 58 1. 38 2. 42	5.70 .76 .29 .59 1.27 2.17	5, 72 . 75 . 30 . 52 1, 17 2, 36	5. 94 .77 .32 .55 1. 14 2. 53	6, 20 . 85 . 37 . 60 1, 26 2, 45	6, 51 . 83 . 45 . 62 1, 32 2, 58
Mining					1.00	. 92	.88	.97	. 95	1,02	, 97
Railroads					1,02	.77	. 63	, 58	. 63	. 99	1,07
Transportation, other than rail					1, 69	1.40	1, 29	1, 62	1,71	2.06	2, 06
Public utilities.					5, 87	5, 97	6, 10	6, 26	5, 80	5, 91	5, 94
Commercial and other 5					9, 63	9.73	9, 85	9. 96	10, 33	10, 36	10, 53
Total					32, 41	30.32	29, 61	29, 97	30, 62	32, 29	33, 39

^{1.} Data exclude expenditures of agricultural business and outlays charged to current account.

Technical Note

Attention is directed to a new method of presentation of the anticipated quarterly expenditures in the top part of table 1. Experience with the quarterly surveys has shown that some businessmen, in reporting their quarterly anticipations, do not fully make allowances for a number of factors such as weather and accounting adjustments. As a result, anticipations for particular quarters have exhibited recurrent over- or under-statements with respect to actual expenditures as later reported. Because of the systematic character of these tendencies we have endeavored to make adjustments in the quarterly anticipations to improve the usefulness of the series.

In each industry the amount of adjustment to the anticipation for a given quarter of the year is determined by selecting the median percentage deviation between actual and anticipated expenditures for this particular quarter over the postwar period. In the current survey the overall effect has been to lower the reported anticipations for the second quarter of 1959 by about 3 percent and the third quarter by about 1 percent.

This adjustment was first incorporated in the seasonally adjusted anticipations in 1952. Starting with the December 1958 Survey, the unadjusted estimates shown in the top part of table 1 also incorporate these adjustments for systematic tendencies in the anticipatory data. The seasonally adjusted series (bottom part of table 1) is derived by applying conventional seasonal factors to the estimates shown at the top.

Data exclude expenditures of agricultural business and outlays charged to current account.
 Estimates for the year 1959 are based on actual capital expenditures for the January-March quarter and anticipated capital expenditures for the remaining quarters of the year.
 These data were reported by business in late April and May 1959. The anticipated data have been adjusted when necessary for systematic tendencies. See technical note at end of text.
 Includes fabricated metal products, lumber products, furniture and fixtures, instruments, ordnance, and miscellaneous manufactures.
 Includes apparel and related products, tobacco, leather and leather products, and printing and myllishing.

ing and publishing.

^{5.} Includes trade, service, finance, and construction. Figures for 1959 and seasonally adjusted data also include communications.
6. Includes industries not shown separately.

NOTE. - Data for earlier years were published in the June 1956 SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSI-

Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and Securities Exchange Commission.

Review of Transportation Trends

THE TOTAL intercity ton-miles of freight moved in the United States by all carriers varies with total commodity production (obtained by subtracting services from the total GNP). Although the (effective) weighting of the two series differs, the volume of commodities produced and transported has shown essentially similar annual changes throughout the period from 1929 to date.

In addition to being closely related, the two series show about the same relative fluctuations from year to year. Between 1929 and 1958, each of the series doubles. The average annual rate of increase for commodity output and

transport is about 3 percent.

Changes in traffic

During the past 30 years the portion of total commodity transport carried by rail has declined as each of the other major types of transport has developed (see accompanying chart). In the late 1920's, about three-fourths of total intercity ton-miles was by rail. Since then the proportion has decreased except in the war years when there was a significant interruption. The proportion has now dropped below half.

Among the other carriers, trucks have made the largest relative gains, rising from 3 percent in 1929 to 10 percent in 1940. After a decline during the war, trucks were again hauling 10 percent by 1947 and 20 percent by 1958. It should be noted that in terms of revenue the share is more, since on the basis of the receipts of ICC-regulated highway carriers—which perform about one-third of all ton-miles—revenue obtained per ton-mile is four times the average for railroads.

Pipeline transport has shown a rise that is only slightly less than the increase in truck movement and at present accounts for nearly as high a proportion of ton-miles. Since the pipeline movement consists of petroleum and products, the impact upon rail traffic is more indirect, chiefly through the competition of petroleum fuels and natural gas—which

were never moved in mass by rail—with coal.

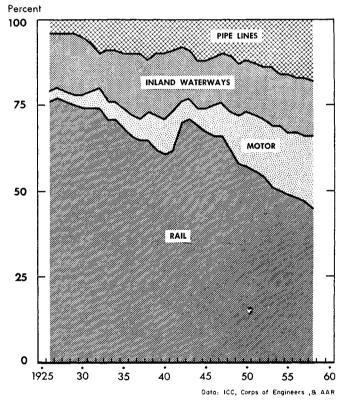
Water transport has shown little variation in its ratio to total ton-miles. This reflects a combination of rather stable Great Lakes traffic (chiefly ore, coal, and limestone), and a rapidly growing volume of traffic on other waterways which has made significant diversions of traffic from rail movement. The St. Lawrence Seaway was opened to traffic in the spring of 1959, providing a more efficient all-water route from Lake ports to foreign markets. It is expected to make a significant increment to the ton-mileage performed on the Great Lakes system.

For the period from the 1920's to date, excluding the war

years, variations in annual rail ton-miles have been rather closely related to two broad factors. The first is the effect of changes in commodity output (goods and construction). Rail ton-miles have shown somewhat larger relative fluctu-

Intercity Ton-Miles by All Carriers

Shifts in proportions carried



U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

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ations than commodity output (partly the result of a different weighting of the two measures). In addition, rail traffic also has been affected by the competitive efforts of other transportation forms, a factor producing a persistent downward trend, interrupted only during World War II.²

Analysis of movement by commodities

For the postwar period, the railroads show important variations both in relation to (a) commodities hauled and (b) regional influences.

Coal is the number one product hauled by rail both in

 $^{^1}$ A least squares regression was fitted for the years 1929–1941 and 1947–1957. The equation is Y=3.181 X $^{1.6800}$ where Y=total intercity freight traffic in billions of ton-miles and X=output of goods and construction in billions of 1954 dollars. Coefficient of correlation $R^2\!=\!0.986$.

NOTE.—MR. ATKINSON IS ASSISTANT CHIEF, AND MR. HYAMS IS A MEMBER OF THE CURRENT BUSINESS ANALYSIS DIVISION, OFFICE OF BUSINESS ECONOMICS.

 $^{^2\,\}mathrm{A}$ least squares regression was fitted for the years 1922–1940 and 1946–1957. The equation for the relationship is: Y=1.528 X $^{1.145}$ 0.991 $^{\mathrm{t}}$ where Y=billions of rail revenue freight ton-miles, X=output of goods and construction in billions of 1954 dollars and t=2 (year-1939 ½). Coefficient of correlation R²=0.941.

terms of weight and of revenue. (It is the principal business of the Pocahontas roads and a major revenue producer in Eastern and Southern territories.) Coal transport has been a relatively constant proportion of rail traffic for the past three decades. It is distinctive in that the rails have had little direct diversion of traffic to other carriers.

In 1957, about 10 percent of the coal produced was transported from the mines by water, another 10 percent by truck, and nearly 80 percent by rail. In the first few years after World War II, the portion of coal hauled by truck showed some rise—from about 7 percent to 10 percent—but since 1950 the proportion trucked has shown no significant change, with some absolute decline. On the other hand, the proportion of coal moving by water showed little change during the earlier period, but has about doubled since 1950—rising from 5 to 10 percent.

If direct diversion of coal traffic from the rails has been rather moderate, the indirect substitution of other forms of energy for coal has continued on a large scale in recent years. Coal provides about one-third of total energy consumed at present as compared with two-thirds in 1929. Of all principal uses of coal, only electric utility consumption has a clear uptrend. Oven coke consumption of coal has shown some rise in the past decade, and coal exports have been

rather large until recently.

Petroleum and natural gas—which have been widely used for fuel—are produced in limited areas, but consumed throughout the Nation, so that long movements are required. Since much of the crude oil production and refining is near water, tanker and barge transportation, which are cheaper even than pipeline transportation, are used for port deliveries. Pipelines are used for major hauls to landlocked areas. Railroads are playing a minor and declining role in the transportation of petroleum products.

Agricultural products

Rail transport of agricultural products is a distinctly mixed picture in which some types of products, chiefly grains, have been only moderately diverted to other carriers whereas animals and products have been largely diverted to truck movement.

Principally because of the advantage in convenience and speed of the truck, stock transport by rail is now largely limited to transfers from one terminal market to nonadjacent slaughter houses, and this is the principal portion of the traffic haul in which rail movement is likely to be important. The same influences, however, do not affect fresh meat shipment, yet meat shipment by rail declined 40 percent between 1947 and 1957 while meat production rose 20 percent.

Careful studies of fruit and vegetable (including potato) transport by rail and truck indicate that the tendency of diversion from rail to truck depends upon a rather complex group of influences of which convenience and speed are important. Shippers reported that trucks usually had the advantage in both these respects for much of the intercity transport.

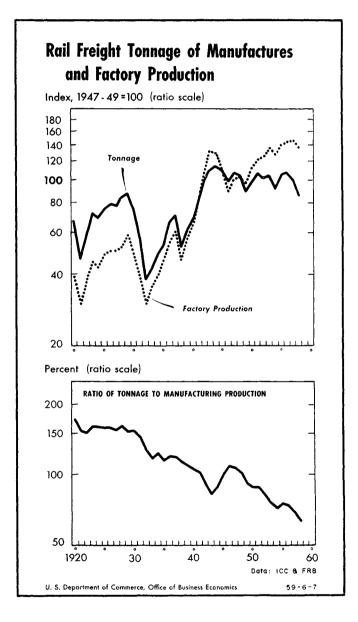
Importance of cost differentials

The choice of carrier appeared to be in considerable part a function of the cost relationship to the shipper of the two types of transport. In most markets studied, the rather large proportion of the total price of the product represented by transport appeared to make the choice of transport very sensitive to differences in costs, so that any appreciable cost differential to the shipper appeared to be a predominant influence affecting the mode of transport.

Grain traffic is particularly important to rails. Much e it is long-haul bulk movement for which rails have an ac vantage relative to trucks, and truck competition has been of limited importance. The relative change in tonnage of cor and wheat hauled by rail in the past 10 years is not far di: ferent from the relative change in production. Water transport has risen in the past decade, but the tonnage shippe remains only about one-tenth of that moving by rail.

Substantial declines occurred, however, in wheat flour an mill product shipments by rail during the same period. Pe tato shipments were also off considerably more than produc

tion during the decade.



Much of the volume of agricultural products moves in trucks which are not regulated by ICC. The Transporta tion Act of 1958 contained two provisions directly affecting highway traffic. The act declared that certain commodities were no longer free from regulation under the agricultura products exemption clause of the Interstate Commerce Act The rates on such important food items as frozen fruits and vegetables are now brought under Commission regulation.

Secondly, the new act discourages "buy and sell" opera tions designed to circumvent the lack of appropriate inter state operating rights. There is no change affecting private carrier transportation where such transportation is incidental to a primary business enterprise (other than transportation).

Industrial goods

A third commodity grouping of rail traffic, and the most important from the revenue standpoint, is manufactures and miscellaneous. Since this is also the most rapidly growing group of products, competition in this area is particularly important for long-term trends. At present manufactures and miscellaneous account for about one-fourth of the tonnage hauled by rail, about two-fifths of the carloads, and nearly half of the total freight revenue.

In general, the manufactures group contains most of the high-valued commodities both in relation to space and to weight. Many of these commodities have had relatively high rates per ton and per cubic foot. Such rates were also higher in relation to costs than the average for other commodity groups. Accordingly, truck competition has been quite severe in this general group, diverting large sectors of the most profitable rail traffic.³ This may be shown roughly for the group as a whole by comparison with manufacturing output, before an examination is made of specific diversions

and freight charges.

The accompanying chart shows that manufactures and miscellaneous rail freight tonnage moved consistantly with factory production as measured by the Federal Reserve Board index during most of the decade of the 1920's, but toward the end of that period the rail tonnage hauled began to decline in relation to output. The declining trend has continued largely unabated since then, interrupted only during World War II.

Between 1929 and 1940 the ratio of rail tonnage to manufacturing output declined nearly one-third, and after rising during the war, it was back about even with 1940 by 1947. In the following decade, the ratio dropped one-third and is now less than half the ratio which prevailed in 1929. Although the measure used is only an approximate one, it will be recalled that total commodity movement has about kept pace with commodity output.

Impact of diversion on revenues

From the standpoint of revenue, however, the shift in traffic from rail to truck has been somewhat more significant. Such diversion has been larger for those commodities for which rail rates were high in relation to costs of movement and the contribution to rail revenue was correspondingly large.

The general picture of traffic changes for manufactured products by rail and other carriers in the past decade is shown in the accompanying chart. The commodities shown include the major revenue manufactured products hauled by rails (each accounting for \$20 million or more of rail revenue in 1947) for which roughly comparable traffic and produc-

tion data are available.

The median "loss" of rail traffic in relation to output is one-third, which is about equal to that shown for manufactured products as a whole as compared with manufacturing output and not significantly different from the relative change in total commodity traffic in relation to total output.

Among the commodities where traffic diversion has been larger than average: (1) most items are now hauled in volume by truck, and (2) freight revenue obtained on the basis of 1956 operations, exceeded out-of-pocket costs by 75

percent or more for about half the items. This combination suggests that for half the items, the loss in revenue contribution is relatively great on the basis of current ratecost ratios. The rate advance on these items has been a part of the general rate increase of the past decade. Although such advances have not fully kept up with rising costs, the substantial total contribution to rail revenue of this "valuable" freight is being reduced by the success of other carriers. The rails still have some margin of flexibility in rate adjustment for these items, if this is a major influence affecting the choice of carrier.

The freedom of carriers to make rate reductions was emphasized in a 1958 amendment to the Interstate Commerce $\Lambda {
m ct.}$ The new provision prohibits holding up a carrier's rate level to protect the traffic of any other mode of transportation. Cases are now before the Interstate Commerce Commission involving interpretation of this amendment within the context of national policy as set out in the basic

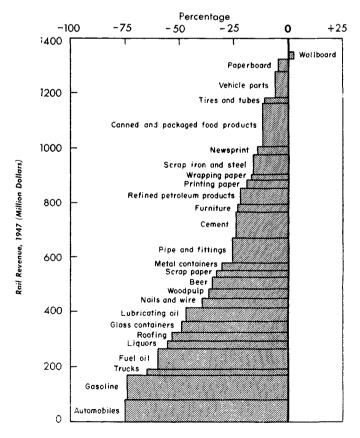
transportation legislation.

Regional traffic differences

The preceding discussion has been in terms of the national picture. The broad influences have had their impact throughout the Nation, but regional variations in the traffic flow have been important, and the persistent differences have

Changes in Rail Traffic Relative to Production, 1947-1957

Selected major manufactured products



Note: - The length of each bar represents the change in the rail share of traffic and the width snows the value of 1947 rail revenue. Traffic data are from ICC; production data mainly from FRB.

[&]quot;Trucks have not been classified as statutory common carriers so that they have not been under any obligation to carry all the traffic, and they have generally not done so.

had an intensified effect upon earnings in the various regions and in turn upon financial structure.

In Eastern territory a downward trend in actual ton-miles has persisted, accentuated by recessions. Thus the cyclical peak in Eastern territory in 1947 was considerably below the war years' freight movement but was above the 1951 high and the latter in turn was above the 1956 high. Similarly each of the postwar cyclical troughs has been lower than earlier ones, and by 1958 traffic was below the prewar high. In early 1959, carloadings in Eastern territory were up appreciably from a year earlier, but they were below the rate in the comparable period of other nonrecession years.

Table 1.-Ratio of Long-Term Railroad Debt to Capitalization

[Billions of dollars]

	1940	1943	1948	1953	1957			
Eastern District		•						
Long-term debt	4. 1 4. 2	3. 7 4. 7	3. 7 4. 8	4. 2 5. 3	4. 0 5. 3			
Ratio of debt to capitalization (percent)	49	44	44	44	43			
Western District								
Long-term debt Stockholders' equity	5, 3 4, 4	5. 1 4. 8	3. 6 6. 3	3. 9 7. 8	4. 2 8. 2			
Ratio of debt to capitalization (percent)	55	52	36	33	34			
Southern Region			İ					
Long-term debt	1. 5 1. 1	1. 3 1. 3	1, 2 1, 6	1. 4 2. 0	1. 3 2. 2			
Ratio of debt to capitalization (percent)	58	50	42	41	37			
Pocahontas Region								
Long-term debtStockholders' equity	. 3 . 9	.3	. 4 1, 0	. 5 1. 1	1.3			
Ratio of debt to capitalization (percent)	25	25	31	31	28			

Source: Interstate Commerce Commission. Data cover Class I railroads.

In other regions, rail traffic has shown little change in trend in the postwar period, but has taken considerable drops in recessionary periods. In Western territory, total ton-miles appear to have shown merely cyclical changes with perhaps a slight uptrend. They have remained moderately lower than the war peak but far above prewar traffic. In this area, which is characterized by a strong secular uptrend in economic growth (including total traffic) substantial traffic diversion from rails to other carriers has been offset by the general area expansion, so that the trend of rail commodity traffic is not declining—an important influence for the "overhead" problem and its effect upon earnings.

The Southern territory commodity traffic has likewise tended to be generally stable in the past decade, and it has been about equal to the wartime high. The Pocahontas roads had less expansion during the war, but reached highs soon after the war when coal exports were abnormally large. They have since exceeded these levels occasionally with intervening periods of sharp drops in traffic.

The trend of earnings and the financial position of the rails reflect the considerable difference in the traffic of Eastern region and that of other territories. Another reason for regional diversity in earnings is the varying impact of the passenger-service loss, which includes not only the deficit from the movement of persons but dining-car, express, and mail operations.

The passenger problem received attention in the Transportation Act of 1958. Prior to the act, the ICC had authority over passenger service only to the extent that it was provided over a line which a railroad proposed to abandon, i.e., discontinue all freight and passenger service. The act gave the ICC authority over less radical changes in passenger service. Since the act went into effect, 35 applications have been filed mostly involving discontinuance of specified passenger trains. A number of these applications have been approved in whole or in part, but most are still pending before the ICC.

Variation in earnings

For other-than-Eastern territory, net income after taxes has shown some general upward trend during most of the postwar period. Profits of these roads have been somewhat more sensitive to cyclical influences than have profits in industry as a whole. In 1957 and 1958 in Western and Pocahontas territories, however, declines were moderate and profits after taxes remained above the average for the postwar period. In Southern territory the decline was more substantial and profits fell appreciably below most other recent years.

Before 1957, however, profits after taxes in each of the three territories other than Eastern sometimes exceeded the wartime peak. Substantial earnings throughout the period made possible a considerable rise in stockholders' equity—around 50 percent—(primarily through additions to surplus from earnings). Accordingly with only a slight rise in debt—except for the relatively low-debt Pocahontas group—the ratio of debt to total investment has shown a considerable decline. Thus the general uptrend in earnings for these roads brought a substantial coverage of fixed charges or debt, even in unfavorable years, such as 1958.

For Eastern territory roads, the trend in earnings has been unfavorable. Although rates have been increased as traffic has declined, the war period earnings have not been approached in any year—1955 was the best postwar year. In recessions, profits after taxes have fallen to prewar levels and in 1958 were the lowest since the 1930's, except for the year 1946 when special wartime write-offs reduced reported earnings. There has been only a modest gain (15 percent) in stockholders' equity. Accordingly the ratio of debt to total investment has shown only a small decline.

The lower earnings of recent years provide less adequate coverage of fixed charges. Furthermore—although this is another aspect of the same problem rather than an independent coincidence—the larger drop in traffic in Eastern territory than elsewhere has resulted in a steeper rise in unicosts and thus has aggravated the problem of meeting competition on a price or rate basis.

In the Transportation Act of 1958 provision was made fo financial assistance for temporarily hard-pressed railroads. The act authorized the ICC to guarantee loans made to car riers for capital expenditures or maintenance. The criteris for guaranteeing the loan are (1) that the railroad would otherwise be unable to obtain funds on reasonable terms (2) that the loan is repayable in 15 years; and (3) that the prospects for repayment are good. The limit on the amount to be guaranteed is \$500 million and the closing date for the guarantee of loans is March 31, 1961. To date a small number of applications for loan guarantees have been filed. Twe have been approved. Other roads have had informal discussions with the ICC about guaranteed loans.

Expansion of Foreign Travel

EXPENDITURES for foreign travel by Americans rose in 1958 to \$2,140 million, about 10 percent over 1957. Of this amount \$1,460 million was spent in foreign countries and \$680 million was paid for transportation between the United States and the foreign area visited.

Fare payments increased nearly 3 times as much as expenditures made in foreign countries during 1958. The sharper rise resulted from a proportionate increase in travel to more distant countries at a higher transportation cost, and a relatively larger increase in air travel, where fares constitute a larger proportion of total travel expenditures. Another factor was the rapid growth in cruise travel, where an average of 75 percent of the total outlays of travelers go for fares and shipboard expenditures.

From the end of World War II through 1951, foreign travel expenditures rose less rapidly than disposable personal incomes. Since 1951, however, the annual increase in disposable income has slowed and with foreign travel expenditures rising at an average annual rate of 10 percent, travel payments have moved closer to the relationship to disposable personal incomes maintained in the 1920's.

Further rise in 1959

Although the seasonal peak of this year's foreign travel is still ahead, it is clear from the evidence now available that 1959 may be expected to reach another high in both the number of travelers and their expenditures. Among the factors favoring an increase in foreign travel is the substantial rise in personal income in real terms which has meant a larger amount available for such purposes as recreational travel. Personal income for the first 5 months is running about 6 percent above the total for the corresponding period a year ago, and 7 percent above 1957.

The available transportation will be greater in the peak season, especially in jet planes, with their large capacity and quick turnaround. The passport applications so far this year confirm other evidences that a larger number of our citizens will make an overseas trip in 1959.

Payments to foreign countries

Foreign countries received \$1,780 million from U.S. travelers in 1958, \$1,460 million being spent abroad and \$320 million paid to foreign carriers. Fare payments to foreign ships and planes rose by one-fifth over 1957, while fares paid to U.S. carriers increased by only half as much, reflecting a growing share of passengers carried by foreign airlines and the rise in cruise travel, which takes place principally on foreign vessels.

Travel payments in 1958 rose more rapidly than in the previous year, despite the business recession in the United

States. The rise was mainly in travel to Europe and the Far East. Travel to Canada and the Caribbean area, on the other hand, seems to have been most affected by the recession. A large proportion of American expenditures in Canada is normally made by residents of the major cities close to the Canadian border where the recession was particularly severe.

Of the \$88 million increase in expenditures in foreign countries by American travelers in 1958, \$77 million accrued to Europe and the Mediterranean area and \$11 million to countries in the Far East.

Canada and Mexico together again received the largest share of American foreign travel dollars—44 percent—although this represented a slightly smaller proportion than in 1957. The gain in Mexico's receipts from U.S. travelers was offset by a drop in expenditures in Canada.

Europe and the Mediterranean area received the next largest share—38 percent—compared with 35 percent in 1957, and 44 percent in 1929.

The Caribbean area and South America received a smaller proportion than in 1957, reflecting a drop in travel due to some extent to political unrest in the area. Nevertheless, the share of the Caribbean and South America in total American travel expenditures was still greater than in any of the years from 1948 to 1957. Expenditures in the Far East continued to account for a small, but steadily rising share in foreign travel spending.

Increased air travel

U.S. residents made 1,398,000 trips to overseas countries in 1958. The 2-percent increase over 1957 was the smallest since 1951. The greatest increase in the numbers of travelers was to Europe and the Far East. There was a slight increase in travel to some of the nearby countries, but these

Table 1.—Total Expenditures for Foreign Travel by U.S. Residents 1929, 1937, 1947, and 1954–58 $^{\rm 1}$

[Millions of dollars] Fares paid tures in foreign Year Total To foreign carriers To U.S. carriers 164 41 483 tiss 27 470 573 55 716 1.275

^{1.} Excludes travel by military personnel and other Government employees stationed abroad, their dependents and U.S. citizens residing abroad; includes shore expenditures of cruise travelers; passenger fares exclude fares paid by emigrant aliens.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, estimates hasel on questionnaire returns.

NOTE,—MRS. SASSCER IS A MEMBER OF THE BALANCE OF PAYMENTS DIVISION, OFFICE OF BUSINESS ECONOMICS,

increases were more than offset by a sharp drop in travel to Western Hemisphere countries where political disturbances took place.

The Middle Atlantic States furnished the greatest numbers of travelers by air to the West Indies, Central and South America, a much greater proportion than the Central States with a higher proportion of population and about the same proportion of personal incomes.

Nearly 75 percent of Americans visiting Bermuda by air live in New York, Connecticut, New Jersey, and Massachusetts, while over a third of visitors by air to Cuba live in Florida. On the other hand, most of the travelers to Mexico reside in California, Texas, or New York, all easily accessible

by air to Mexico.

Over 66 percent of travelers to Cuba and the nearby Caribbean during the Florida season live in New England, the Middle Atlantic, or Central States. However, during the summer months when relatively fewer visitors from Northern States stay in Florida, travel to the West Indies is mainly confined to persons who live in Florida or nearby States. It is thus evident that proximity or availability of direct air transportation is a major factor in deciding the foreign country to be visited. Since 1952 there has been a relative increase among travelers to Europe of persons living in California, Illinois, and Michigan, all of which States now have direct air transportation to Europe.

Table 2.—Estimated Expenditures by U.S. Residents on Foreign Travel 1957-58 ¹

[Millions of dollars]

Transportation 583 Foreign flag carriers 261 U.S. flag carriers 322 Expenditures abroad 1,372 Canada 340 Persons staying under 48 hours 80 Mexico 305 Persons visiting Mexican border only 204 Total overseas areas 727 Europe and Mediterranean 483 United Kingdom 82 Ireland 12 Denmark na Norway na Sweden na Prance 83 Benelux 21 Germany 58 Austria 15 Switzerland 42 Italy 93 Spain 21 Portugal 5 Israel na Greece na West Indies and Central America 153 Bermuda 28 Nassau 58 Jamaica 58 Other	1957 1958	
Foreign flag carriers	1,955 2,139	Total
U.S. flag carriers 322 Expenditures abroad 1, 372 1 Canada 340 80 Persons staying under 48 hours 80 Mexico 305 Persons visiting Mexican border only 204 Total overseas areas 727 Europe and Mediterranean 483 United Kingdom 82 Ireland 12 Denmark na Norway na Sweden na France 83 Benelux 21 Germany 58 Austria 15 Switzerland 42 Italy 93 Spain 21 Portugal 5 Israel na Greece na West Indies and Central America 153 Bermuda 28 Nassau 58 Jamaica 58 Other British West Indies 5 Cuba 43 Netherlands West Indies 5 Other West Indies	583 679	Transportation
Expenditures abroad 1, 372 1 Canada 340 Persons staying under 48 hours 305 Mexico 305 905 Persons visiting Mexican border only 204 Total overseas areas 727 Europe and Mediterranean 483 United Kingdom 82 Ireland 12 Denmark na Norway na Sweden na France 83 Benelux 21 Germany 58 Austria 15 Switzerland 42 Italy 93 Spain 21 Portugal 5 Israel na West Indies and Central America 153 Bermuda 28 Nassau 58 Other British West Indies 5 Other British West Indies 5 Other West Indies 5 Other West Indies 5 Other West Indies	261 320	Foreign flag carriers
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Canada 340 Persons staying under 48 hours 80 Mexico 305 Persons visiting Mexican border only 204 Total overseas areas 727 Europe and Mediterranean 483 United Kingdom 82 Ireland 12 Denmark na Norway na Sweden na France 83 Benelux 21 Germany 58 Austria 15 Switzerland 42 Italy 93 Spain 21 Portugal 5 Israel na West Indies and Central America 153 Bermuda 28 Nassau 30 Jamaica 43 Other British West Indies 5 Other West Indies 8 Central America 11 South America 37 Argentina 6 Brazil 10	1,372 1,460	Expenditures abroad
Mexico 305 Persons visiting Mexican border only 204 Total overseas areas 727 Europe and Mediterranean 483 United Kingdom 82 Ireland 12 Denmark na Norway na Sweden na France 83 Benelux 21 Germany 58 Austria 15 Switzerland 42 Italy 93 Spain 21 Portugal 5 Israel na West Indies and Central America 153 Bermuda 28 Nassau 3 Jamaica 43 Other British West Indies 5 Cuba 43 Netherlands West Indies 5 Other West Indies 8 Central America 11 South America 37 Argentina 6 Brazil 10	340 323	Canada
Persons visiting Mexican border only 204 Total overseas areas 727 Europe and Mediterranean 483 United Kingdom 82 Ireland 12 Denmark na Norway na Sweden na France 83 Benelux 21 Germany 58 Austria 15 Switzerland 42 Italy 93 Spain 21 Portugal 5 Israel na Greece na West Indies and Central America 153 Bermuda 28 Nassau 58 Other British West Indies 5 Other British West Indies 5 Other West Indies 8 Central America 11 South America 37 Argentina 6 Brazil 10		Persons staying under 48 hours
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United Kingdom. 82 Ireland. 12 Denmark na Norway. na Sweden. na France. 83 Benelux. 21 Germany. 58 Austria. 15 Switzerland. 42 Italy. 93 Spain. 21 Portugal. 5 Israel. na Greece. na West Indies and Central America. 153 Bermuda. 28 Nassau. 58 Jamaica. 58 Other British West Indies. 5 Cuba. 43 Netherlands West Indies. 5 Other West Indies. 8 Central America. 11 South America. 37 Argentina. 6 Brazil. 10	727 818	Total overseas areas
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Tally		
Spain		
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Greece na West Indies and Central America 153 Bermuda 28 Nassau 3 Jamaica 58 Other British West Indies 43 Netherlands West Indies 5 Other West Indies 8 Central America 11 South America 37 Argentina 6 Brazil 10		
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Jamaica 58 Content 58 Content 58 Content 58 Content 58 Content 58 Content 58 Contral America 58 Content 5		
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Other West Indies 8 Central America 11 South America 37 Argentina 6 Brazil 10		
Central America		
Argentina 6 Brazil 10		
Argentina 6 Brazil 10	37 37	South America
Brazil10		
Venezuela8		
Other overseas areas. 54	54 6	Other overseas areas
Japan 26		
Hong Kong		
Philippine Islands 6		
Australia and New Zealand 4		

^{1.} Excludes travel by military personnel and other Government employees stationed abroad, their dependents and U.S. citizens residing abroad; includes shore expenditures of cruise travelers; passenger fares exclude fares paid by emigrant aliens. na Not available.

Payments to Europe expand

American travelers spent \$560 million in Europe in 1958, 16 percent more than in 1957, the highest annual increase since 1955. This rise was due principally to an increase in the number of travelers.

Over 45 percent of Americans traveling to overseas areas went to Europe. Of these, about two-thirds traveled by air, a slightly higher proportion than in 1957. Although a smaller proportion of travelers crossed the Atlantic by sea in 1958 than in 1957, the numbers of sea travelers showed a slight increase over the preceding year, the first annual increase in sea travel to Europe since 1954. Over this same period, travel to Europe by air has more than doubled.

More U.S. born Americans crossing to Europe by sea in 1958 used first class space than other accommodations. Only 28 percent of those who crossed by air went by first class. Only 1 of every 8 foreign born Americans used first class

space on ships and on planes.

About half of first class sea travel takes place in April, May, and June. In the case of air travel, relatively more travelers use first class space in the summer months. De-

tailed data by quarters are shown in table 4.

Airlines offered a new and more economical type of accommodation during the second quarter of 1958—economy class. From the time it was initiated it became the most fully utilized of any type of air transportation across the Atlantic, with 60 percent of U.S. residents traveling by economy class.

The peak of European travel falls in the third quarter of the year with 40 percent of the trips being made then. Since 1951, the peak has been extended somewhat into the second quarter, permitting better use of existing facilities in European countries. Transatlantic travel by sea is concentrated in the spring and summer. Travel by air is distributed more evenly, due to the fact that a relatively large proportion of businessmen travel by air, and their trips are spaced throughout the year.

U.S. residents spent \$1,531 a person on each European trip in 1958, about the same amount as in 1957. Americans crossing the Atlantic by ship spent \$1,712 per trip, of which \$1,048 represented travel expenditures in Europe and the remainder, \$664, transatlantic fares. Travelers by air aver-

Table 3.—Number of U.S. Travelers to Overseas Countries, by Means of Departure from the United States 1957-58 ¹

[Thousands]

	1957	1958
Overseas, total	1, 369	1, 398
Sea	303	292
Air	1,066	1, 106
Europe and Mediterranean, total	556	637
Sea	205	218
A ir	351	419
Vest Indies and Central America, total.	704	645
Sea	79	5.5
Air	625	590
Bermuda, total	99	102
Cuba, total	276	218
outh America, total	51	52
Sea	7	6
Air	44	46
Other overseas, total	58	64
Sea	12	13
Air	46	51
Japan, total	44	48

^{1.} Excludes numbers of travelers on cruises, military personnel and other Government employees stationed abroad, their dependents and U.S. citizens residing abroad.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, estimates based on questionnaire returns.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics; U.S. Department of Justice, Immigration and Naturalization Service.

Table 4.-Number of U.S. Residents Traveling in Europe and the Mediterranean Area, by Means of Transportation 1957 and 1958, by Quarter 1

[Thousands] Second Third Annual First Fourth quarter quarter quarter quarter Means of transportation 1958 1957 1958 1957 1958 1957 1958 1957 1958 161 115 46 105 71 34 Total travelers ... 62 37 25 74 45 29 U.S. born_____ Foreign born_____ 422 215 $\frac{60}{37}$ Sea travelers..... 32 18 14 17 8 9 20 10 10 66 46 20 $\frac{74}{53}$ 89 49 40 92 56 36 33 15 18 U.S. born...... Foreign born..... 20 15 5 60 50 10 4 3 1 5 4 1 18 16 2 $\frac{22}{17}$ $\frac{25}{22}$ Foreign born.... 57 39 18 21 16 5 21 17 4 $\frac{24}{15}$ Cabin class 2..... U.S. born..... $\frac{4}{2}$ $\frac{4}{2}$ 14 10 Foreign born.... Tourist class 3..... 9 3 6 27 14 13 28 14 14 46 24 22 16 48 53 $\frac{20}{25}$ $\frac{4}{7}$ $^{6}_{11}$ 6 10 Foreign born.... 45 29 16 121 147 64 45 19 73 53 20 Air travelers..... **95** 69 171 U.S. born_____ Foreign born_____ 35 19 93 54 $\frac{113}{58}$ $\frac{285}{134}$ 84 37 $^{20}_{16}_{4}$ 22 19 First class..... 16 13 18 15 3 23 19 $\frac{24}{20}$ 33 27 6 24 U.S. born..... Foreign born.... $\frac{81}{16}$ Tourist class. 36 $\frac{20}{16}$ 16 7 19 $\frac{29}{15}$ U.S. born...... Foreign born..... Economy class 4.... $\frac{43}{28}$ $\frac{15}{1}$ 143

Fereign born....

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics,

aged \$1,436 for each trip, with \$786 spent in Europe and \$650 for fares. The higher expenditure of sea travelers reflects an average stay in Europe of 68 days compared with 41 days for air travelers. About one-third of air travelers spend 4 weeks or less in Europe. The average length of stay of all travelers declined from 52 to 50 days, reflecting largely the greater proportion of air travelers in the total.

The average expenditure of travelers crossing by sea to Europe in 1958 was about 5 percent higher than in 1957—the same as the annual average increase since 1952. Expenditures of travelers by air have increased only about 8 percent over the entire period. The difference in the rate of increase in expenditures may be attributed in part to the fact that the proportion of U.S. born travelers among sea travelers has increased twice as rapidly as the proportion among air travel-Per trip expenditures of foreign born travelers average 37 percent below that of U.S. born travelers, due to the tendency of the former to visit family and friends and to limit the extent of their travel from country to country within Europe.

The average expenditure in 1958 of \$1,000 in Europe by travelers born in the United States and of \$632 by foreign born travelers remained the same as in 1957, with per diem expenditures and average length of stay of each group virtually unchanged. The slight rise in average expenditures of all travelers was due to the continuing long-term trend of an increasing proportion of U.S. born persons among Euro-

The arithmetic average expenditure of \$876 by all U.S. travelers in Europe in 1958 compares with a median expenditure falling between \$626 and \$725. In 1952, the arithmetic average of \$767 was proportionately even higher than the median, reflecting a relatively larger number of travelers making low expenditures.

American travelers spent nearly \$100 million in Italy in 1958, 6 percent over expenditures in 1957, reflecting an increase in the numbers of travelers which more than offset a drop of 10 percent in per capita expenditures. France and the United Kingdom ranked next with \$93 million and \$90 million respectively, in each case about a 10-percent increase over 1957. The rise was due to increased numbers of travelers, average expenditures remaining about the same.

The greatest increase in travel expenditures in the area, both in relative and absolute terms, occurred in the Benelux countries, where expenditures were nearly double those in the preceding year, following a 66-percent rise in the numbers of travelers, possibly drawn to the area by the World Fair in Brussels. Except for the Benelux countries, Ireland, and Austria, per capita expenditures of travelers dropped in every European country in 1958. This reflected a shorter average stay in each country with more countries visited on the average trip. The rise in the numbers of travelers was responsible for the increased expenditures in individual countries.

The highest per capita expenditure was made in Israel, Greece, and Italy. It reflected a relatively large proportion of foreign born Americans whose extended stay gave rise to higher expenditures in each individual country. Expenditures by U.S. born travelers in individual countries are slightly less because their length of stay in each country is generally shorter than that of foreign born travelers, although their per diem expenditures are considerably

Travel to Canada declines

Travel expenditures by U.S. residents in Canada declined to \$323 million in 1958, 5 percent less than the peak of 1957. This decline followed an average annual rise of 5 percent since 1951. The decline in expenditures in 1958 resulted both from a decrease in the numbers of travelers entering Canada and from an overall decline in their average expenditure. Since the decrease was especially pronounced in the case of persons entering Canada through Ontario and Quebec, it is possible that the relatively large impact of the recession on U.S. cities adjacent to this area affected travel adversely.

Spending by persons entering Canada by automobile

Table 5.—Average Travel Expenditures and Length of Stay of U.S. Residents Traveling in Europe and the Mediterranean Area 1957 and 1958, by Quarter 1

	expend in a			Average length of stay (days)		ge per n area
	1957	1958	1957	1958	1957	1958
U.S. residents: First quarter Second quarter Third quarter Fourth quarter Total Sea Air	918 878 855 867	735 921 877 887 887 1,048	52 46 55 53 52 71 40	51 44 54 52 50 68 41	13. 67 19. 96 15. 96 16. 13 16. 67 14. 06 19. 55	14. 41 20. 93 16. 24 17. 06 17. 52 15. 41 19. 17
Native-born residents: Total Sea Air Foreign-born residents: Total	1,000	1,000 1,226 892	44 59 36	44 58 37	22, 73 20, 37 24, 81	22, 73 21, 14 24, 37
Sea Air		747 562	86 49	85 50	8, 40 11, 53	8. 7 11. 1

 $^{\,}$ 1. Data compiled from questionnaires of U.S. residents returning from trips to Europe and the Mediterranean.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Excludes travelers on cruises, military personnel and other Government employees stationed abroad, their dependents and U.S. citizens residing abroad.
 Includes travelers using first class accommodations costing less than \$325.
 Includes travelers using freighter type, combination type, or tourist class accommodations.
 Economy class originated in April 1958.

account for about three-fifths of total travel payments there. In 1958 expenditures of persons traveling on trips of more than 2 days rose slightly, due to a higher per trip expenditure. This was offset, however, by a 10-percent decline in expenditures of short-stay automobile travelers which resulted from a drop in the numbers of these travelers.

Expenditures of Λ mericans entering Canada by common carrier accounted for most of the decrease in travel payments to Canada. Expenditures of travelers by boat dropped by a fifth, following a 10-percent decrease in entries by boat due largely to the shipping strike on the West Coast during the summer. A lower average expenditure contributed to this decline.

Table 6.-Numbers and Expenditures of U.S.-born and Foreignborn U.S. Residents Traveling in Europe and the Mediterranean Area, Selected Countries, 1957–58 ¹

		ers of tra		Tota (milli	l expendi ons of do	tures llars)	Average expenditures (dollars)		
	U.S. born	Foreign born	Total	U.S. born	Foreign born	Total	U.S. born	Foreign born	Total
Europe and Mediterranean: 1958	422 354	215 202	637 556	424 355	136 128	560 483	1,000 1,000	632 633	876 867
Sea: 1958	137 118	81 87	218 205	170 143	60 63	230 206	1, 226 1, 202	747 722	1, 048
Air: 1958 1957	285 236	134 115	419 351	254 212	76 65	330 277	892 898	562 566	786 789
United Kingdom: 1958	268 229	70 65	338 294	73 64	17 18	90 82	273 279	243 278	266 279
Ireland: 1958 1957	45 39	16 16	61 55	7 6	6 6	13 12	164 141	342 348	210 201
Denmark: 1958 1957	79 na	17 na	96 na	13 (2)	(2)	16 (2)	162 na	202 na	169 na
Norway: 19581957	32 na	10 na	42 na	(2)	(2) 3	(2)	180 na	303 na	209 n:
Sweden: 1958 1957	45 na	13 na	58 na	(2)	(2)	10 (2)	138 na	302 na	174 ns
France: 1958 1957	307 257	74 64	381 321	78 68	15 15	93 83	252 265	201 213	245 258
Benelux: 1958	229 144	61 31	290 175	31 16	9 5	40 21	134 119	143 150	136 125
Germany: 1958	203 170	77 67	280 237	40 35	24 23	64 58	196 204	316 345	225 24-
Austria: 1958 1957	105 80	28 24	133 104	14 11	5 4	19 15	132 128	172 171	14
Switzerland: 1958 1957	203 178	50 42	253 220	34 33	9	43 42	168 194	177 218	16: 19:
Italy: 1958 1957	248 203	66 65	314 268	76 66	23 27	99 93	307 320	346 410	31: 34:
Spain: 1958 1957	82 65	13 12	95 77	18 18	3 3	21 21	219 264	206 243	21° 26
Israel: 1958	15 na	14 na	29 na	6 na	6 na	12 na	390 na	396 na	39 n:
Greece: 19581957	22 na	9 na	32 na	5 na	6 na	11 na	235 na	597 na	34 n

Expenditures of travelers by train decreased by more than a fifth, reflecting a decline in the numbers of train travelers and lower per trip expenditures. Payments of travelers by bus were 5 percent lower in 1958, with the numbers of bus travelers off slightly and average expenditures lower. Expenditures of travelers by plane were up moderately over 1957, with an increase in the numbers of plane travelers offsetting a slight decrease in their average expenditures.

The decline in average expenditures in Canada in 1958 may be attributed to a decline in the length of stay to 5.5

days from 6.1 days in 1957.

Americans visiting Mexico in 1958 spent \$320 million, 5 percent more than in 1957. Expenditures both along the border (two-thirds of the total) and in the interior of Mexico reached a peak in 1958, reflecting increased crossings into Mexico. In addition, the increased cost of living in Mexico caused average expenditures by travelers in the interior to rise. (A program has been recently initiated to obtain data on expenditures in Mexico by certain classes of U.S. travelers. This may lead to revisions in current estimates.)

Travel to other nearby areas

Expenditures in the West Indies and Central America advanced slightly in 1958 to \$156 million. This 2-percent rise over 1957 contrasts with an 18 percent annual average increase for the 4 preceding years. The reduced rate of advance in 1958 was due principally to a drop in the number of travelers to the area, which was only partly offset by a

rise in per capita expenditures.

This rise may be attributed to the fact that a relatively larger proportion of travel to the Caribbean went to more distant destinations within the area—at a higher average expenditure. Travel to the nearby areas—notably Cuba dropped sharply as a result of the disturbances there, with a moderate decline in travel to Nassau in the spring following the hotel strike there. The unsatisfactory Florida season also contributed to the decline in travel to Cuba and the Bahamas in the first part of 1958, which is normally the peak travel season for that area.

Of the 338,000 travelers to the Caribbean area (excluding Cuba), 253,000, or 75 percent, made the trip for pleasure. This represented a decrease in the numbers of pleasure travelers of about 25,000 for 1957. This decline took place in the first half of the year, and may be attributed largely to the factors discussed above, which affected pleasure travel

in particular.

Persons traveling to the Caribbean area for family and other reasons remained below 10 percent of the total in 1958. There was a considerable increase from 1957 in business travel to the area, resulting from an increase in the numbers of persons who reported traveling for combined reasons of business and pleasure, and who were included among business travelers for both years.

Air transportation was used by more than 90 percent of Americans who visited the Caribbean area. Over half of these travelers stayed in the area from 5 to 14 days and only 6 percent stayed over 3 weeks. The average stay was nearly

2 weeks.

Travel expenditures in Cuba declined in 1958 by 15 percent from the high in 1957. The 20-percent drop in the numbers of travelers was partly offset by a rise in per capita expenditures. The increase was due to a relative increase in the numbers of air travelers, whose average expenditures run 55 percent higher than the expenditures of sea travelers.

Air transportation is used by 94 percent of the Americans visiting Cuba. Their stay averages 8 days, with 60 percent remaining 4 days or less in Cuba. In 1958, 162,000 Americans went to Cuba on pleasure trips. The distribution

^{1.} Excludes numbers and expenditures of military personnel and other Government employees stationed abroad, their dependents and U.S. citizens residing abroad; includes the expenditures, but not the number, of cruise travelers.

2. Estimated expenditures in Scandinavia in 1957 \$31 million, with \$21 million by U.S. born and \$10 million by foreign born. In previous reports Scandinavia included Denmark, Norway, and Sweden. na Not available.

Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, expenditure estimates based on questionnaire returns; numbers of travelers in area based on data of U.S. Department of Justice, Immigration and Naturalization Service.

between pleasure, business, and family travel was about the same as in 1957.

Expenditures of American travelers in Bermuda rose slightly in 1958 to \$29 million with a corresponding rise in the numbers of travelers, and a moderate rise in the numbers of travelers on cruises. Of the 102,000 travelers visiting Bermuda, 87,000 went by air, a slightly larger proportion than in 1957. Nearly all of the travel to Bermuda is for pleasure, and of these pleasure travelers about one-third took "all expense" tours. Travelers to Bermuda remained there an average of 10 days.

Travel payments to South American countries remained at \$37 million in 1958, with the numbers of travelers and their per capita expenditures virtually unchanged. Although travel expenditures in South America had risen steadily since 1953, the political unrest in the area in 1958 tended to

restrict travel.

Eight out of every nine travelers to South America go by air, reflecting the large proportion of business travel—41 percent. Only about 30 percent of travelers reported trips for recreation or pleasure, and of these 23 percent went on

"all expense" tours.

Travel to other overseas areas, principally the Far East, rose sharply in 1958 to reach \$65 million, 20 percent over the preceding year. The rise may be accounted for by a 10-percent increase in the numbers of travelers and to a like increase in expenditures per trip reflecting more travel to countries in the area in which expenditure averages are comparatively high.

Spending by foreign visitors

Expenditures by foreigners in the United States rose in 1958 to \$825 million—a 5-percent increase compared with an average annual rise of 9 percent since 1950. In addition, foreigners paid \$89 million in fares to U.S. ships and planes for transportation between the United States and the foreign

country of residence.

Canadian expenditures in the United States continue to account for over half of travel receipts from foreign countries. In 1958, Canadians spent \$425 million here—\$100 million more than our residents spent in Canada. The difference in expenditure reflects a higher proportion of long-term trips and a longer stay by Canadians. In the case of travelers by automobile, about 25 percent of Canadians visiting the United States in the first quarter of the year visit Florida. On an annual basis, 40 percent visit States which are not adjacent to the border. The relatively greater distance traveled within the United States accounts in part for a higher average expenditure by Canadians here.

in part for a higher average expenditure by Canadians here. Travel expenditures by Mexicans in the United States were estimated at \$144 million in 1958, 7 percent over 1957. Since 1952, receipts from Mexico have accounted for about 18 percent of total spending by foreign travelers in this country. About 80 percent of Mexican expenditures here are made by Mexicans who live near the border and who

make frequent purchases in U.S. border towns.

Visitors from overseas countries in 1958 spent \$256 million in the United States. Travel expenditures by European visitors, however, declined slightly. A 5-percent drop from 1957 in the numbers of visitors was partly offset by an increase in average expenditures. This rise in expenditures was due in part to a relative increase in the numbers of visitors on business trips who spend more on the average than travelers for pleasure or travelers in transit through the United States.

Foreign residents who enter the United States on a temporary basis are classified by Immigration and Natural-

Table 7.—Distribution of Per Capita Travel Expenditures of U.S. Residents Traveling in Europe and the Mediterranean Area During the Third Quarters of 1952 and 1958 ¹

	Lowest	Second	Third	Fourth	Highest
	20% of	20% of	20% of	20% of	20% of
	travelers	travelers	travelers	travelers	travelers
	spending	spending	spending	spending	spending
	less than	between	between	between	more than
Total residents:	\$340	\$341-\$575	\$576-\$850	\$851-\$1, 240	\$1,240
1958	210	211-425	426-675	676-1, 100	1,100
Residents traveling by sea: 19581952	400	401-675	676-1, 000	1, 001-1, 450	1, 450
	225	226-475	476-750	751-1, 250	1, 250
Residents traveling by air: 19581952	310	311-525	526-775	776-1, 150	1, 150
	200	201-375	376-575	576-975	975
U.Sborn residents;	460	461-710	711-975	976–1, 360	1, 360
1958	325	326-550	551-875	876–1, 350	1, 350
Foreign-born residents: 1958 1952	225 150	226-375 151-275	376-575 276-425	576–925 426–725	925 725

^{1.} Based on expenditures reported by ${\rm U.S.}$ residents in questionnaire sample, which was tabulated by frequency intervals.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

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ization Service as visitors for business, visitors for pleasure, students, and aliens in transit through the United States. This last category is comprised of persons who may remain here only a day or two, or for as long as 29 days. The purpose of their trip may be either business or pleasure, or they may be emigrants enroute through the United States. In 1958, the numbers of travelers classified as in transit travelers declined by 22,000 from the preceding year. An increase of 42,000 in the numbers of travelers on pleasure trips more than offset this decline, however. The entire shift took place in the numbers reported for visitors from the United Kingdom and may be due to changes in statistical or administrative procedures.

Expenditures in the United States by residents of the West Indies, Central America, and South America continued the steady upward trend of the 1950's, with expenditures of \$125 million in 1958, about 10 percent over 1957. Receipts from travelers from other overseas countries, principally the Far East, have also continued to rise. Increased expenditures by these visitors have resulted from a rising number of travelers, coupled with a moderate increase in

per capita expenditures here.

Table 8.—Percent Distribution, by Length of Stay of U.S. Residents Returning from Trips to Europe and Mediterranean, Cuba, and Other Caribbean Area, 1958 ¹

[Percent]

Period (days)	Europe a	and Mediterr	Cuba Air	Other Car-	
	Total	Sea	Air	Cuba .th	ibbean Air
1-2	0. 2		0. 3	31.3	14.
3–4 5–7		0.2	. 7 2. 0	27. 8 13. 7	15. 1 22. (
8-14		1.8	9.6	13. 7	24.
15-21	10.2	5, 0	12.9	5, 5	11.
22-28		10. 4	16, 0	3. 1	4. 7
29-35	12.6	10.6	13. 6	1.2	2. 7
36-42		10.8	8. 0	. 6	1
43-60		23. 9	17. 5	1.6	2.1
61-90 Over 90		18.6	14.8	1.0	1.8
Over 90	9.4	18. 5	4. 6	. 5	1. 1
Total	100.0	100, 0	100.0	100.0	100.0

^{1.} Excludes travelers on cruises and Government or business travelers stationed abroad. The Caribbean area includes the West Indies, Central America, Colombia, Venezuela, and the Guianas, and excludes Bermuda, Mexico, Puerto Rico, and the U.S. Virgin Islands.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, assisted by Office of International Travel. Data based on questionnaires filled in by returning travelers.

Table 9.-State of Residence of U.S. Residents Returning by Air from Western Hemisphere Countries in 1958; State Distribution of Population and Total Personal Incomes 1

			[Percent	1			
		Sta		State dis- tribution	State dis- tribution		
	Bermuda	Cuba	Other Carib- bean	Southern South America	Mexico	of popu- lation 1957 ²	of per- sonal incomes 1957 ²
New England Connecticut Massachusetts	26. 9 9. 2 14. 9	4. 9 1. 8 2. 5	6. 1 2. 4 2. 9	5. 6 2. 4 2. 5	3. 9 1. 4 2. 0	5. 8 1. 3 2. 9	6. 6 1. 8 3. 3
Middle Atlantic District of Co- lumbia Maryland New Jersey New York Pennsylvania Virginia	60. 4 . 8 2. 2 13. 0 35. 1 6. 8 1. 6	33. 0 . 8 . 9 5. 0 21. 3 3. 7 1. 1	33. 8 1. 1 1. 3 5. 0 20. 5 4. 4 1. 1	41. 6 1. 6 1. 2 5. 3 27. 7 4. 1 1. 1	25. 7 1. 1 . 9 3. 2 16. 1 3. 2 1. 0	24. 9 . 5 1. 7 3. 3 9. 3 6. 5 2. 2	28. 2 . 6 1. 8 4. 1 11. 9 6. 8 1. 8
Southeast Florida	2.0 .5	41. 6 36. 2	$\frac{29.3}{21.0}$	13. 6 9. 3	11. 7 5. 5	18. 4 2. 4	12. 6 2. 2
Central Illinois Michigan Missouri Ohio Wisconsin	7. 0 2. 2 1. 7 . 3 1. 7 . 3	14. 0 4. 6 2. 2 1. 0 3. 3 1. 1	15. 4 5. 4 2. 1 1. 4 3. 4 1. 0	17. 7 5. 0 2. 9 1. 2 4. 5 . 4	22. 2 9. 3 3. 9 1. 6 3. 1 1. 2	26. 7 5. 7 4. 6 2. 5 5. 4 2. 3	28. 1 6. 8 4. 8 2. 4 6. 0 2. 1
Northwest	. 6	. 9	1, 5	3.3	2. 1	5. 3	4.7
Southwest Texas	. 7 . 5	2. 1 1. 7	6. 2 4. 7	8. 0 5. 7	13. 0 11. 5	7. 9 5. 4	6. 8 4. 7
Far West California	1. 0 . 8	2. 9 2. 4	5, 2 4, 7	9. 6 8. 0	20. 7 18. 9	11. 0 8. 2	13. 0 10. 2
Possessions	1.4	.6	2, 5	. 6	. 7	na	na

Table 10.—Principal States of Residence of U.S. Travelers Returning from Overseas Areas, 1952, 1955, and 1958 1

		[Percent	1				
	Europe and Mediter- ranean			Far l	East	Latin A (exclu Mex	
	1952	1955	1958	1955 ²	1958	1955 1	1958 ¹
Total, United States	100.0	100,0	100, 0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100, 0
New York California New Jersey Illinois	33. 7 8. 2 8. 0 5. 9	31. 1 9. 1 7. 3 6. 2	27. 5 11. 3 6. 2 5. 9	14. 1 30. 7 3. 0 4. 5	10. 3 25. 9 3. 0 3. 9	17. 6 3. 8 4. 9 6. 8	23. 1 3. 6 6. 1 4. 7
Pennsylvania Massachusetts Michigan Ohio	6. 8 4. 4 3. 0 3. 7	5. 8 4. 6 4. 2 4. 2	5, 8 4, 3 3, 7 3, 6	3. 3 2. 0 1. 8 1. 9	3. 9 2. 6 2. 5 3. 4	4. 8 2. 9 3. 1 4. 4	4. 5 4. 4 2. 1 3. 2
TexasFlorida. Other	1. 5 1. 5 23. 3	1. 8 1. 9 23. 8	2. 5 2. 5 26. 7	1. 7 1. 8 35. 2	4. 6 2. 9 37. 0	3. 6 20. 9 27. 2	3. 2 22. 5 22. 6

^{1.} Data for 1952 compiled from sea and air manifests of passengers arriving at the port of New York during the third quarter; for 1955 from passenger manifests for sea travelers and from customs baggage declarations and questionnaires for air travelers; for 1958 data for Europe and the Mediterranean and the Far East from tabulations of pasport applications and data for Latin America from tabulations of entry-departure forms of residents returning

Table 11.-Expenditures of Residents of Foreign Countries in the United States, 1957-1958 1

-	Expendi (millions of	
	1957	1958
isitors from all foreign countries.	785	82
Canada Persons staying under 48 hours Mexico Persons visiting Mexican border only	419 60 135 119	42 n 14 12
Total overseas countries. Europe and Mediterranean United Kingdom West Indies, Central America, and South America Cuba Other overseas countries.	231 87 24 107 21 37	25 8 2 12 2 4

^{1.} Includes expenditures of travelers for business and pleasure, foreigners in transit through the United States and students; excludes expenditures by foreign government personnel and foreign businessmen employed in the United States.

a Not available.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Table 12.—Numbers of Foreign Visitors to the United States from Overseas Countries, 1957-58

[Thousands of travelers]

	Total	Business	Pleasure	Transit	Student
Overseas countries, total	472 450	73 74	310 268	67 89	22 19
Europe and Mediterranean 1958 1957	190 208	42 43	114 93	30 69	4 3
United Kingdom	64 80	17 16	42 32	5 32	(x) (x)
France1958 1957	18 18	5 5	10 10	3 3	(x) (x)
Germany 1958 1957	25 23	6 6	16 12	3 5	(x) (x)
Italy1958 1957	11 13	3 2	5 5	3 6	(x) (x)
Benelux 1958	15 15	4 4	8 7	3 4	(x) (x)
Scandinavia 1958 1957	18 19	3 4	10 8	5 7	(x) (x)
West Indies, Central America, and South America 1958 1957	225 197	20 20	170 155	23 12	12 10
Cuba	71 69	6	59 58	2 1	4 3
British West Indies1958 1957	39 28	3 3	$\frac{24}{22}$	11 2	1
Brazil 1958 1957	9 12	$\frac{1}{2}$	7 9	1 1	(x) (x)
Colombia	12 9	1	8 7	(z) 2	1 1
Venezuela	31 21	$\frac{2}{2}$	21 15	6 2	$\frac{2}{2}$
Other overseas areas	57 45	11 11	$\frac{26}{20}$	14 S	6 6
Japan1958 1957	13 8	4 4	$\frac{2}{2}$	7	(x) 1
Australia	17 13	4 3	11 8	$\frac{2}{2}$	(x)

^{1.} Excludes visitors from Canada and Mexico; excludes foreign government personnel and foreign businessmen employed in the United States *Less than 500.

Source: U.S. Department of Justice, Immigration and Naturalization Service.

State of residence data compiled from entry-departure forms of U.S. residents returning by air from the West Indies, Central America, and South America.
 While the latest data on population by State and personal income are for 1957, the changes in percent distribution by State from year to year are relatively small.
 na Not available.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, assisted by Office of International Travel; Bureau of the Census.

by air.
2. Travelers returning by air only.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, assisted by Office of International Travel; U.S. Department of State.

Adverse Balance in Foreign Payments

PAYMENTS in our foreign transactions exceeded receipts again by a substantial amount during the first 3 months of this year. The excess amounted to \$860 million, or \$3.7 bil-

lion at a seasonally adjusted annual rate.

Several special transactions and developments took place during this period which—on balance—reduced the net payments. While extraordinary large imports of petroleum products raised our payments, they were more than matched by advance repayments by Germany on its postwar debt and a substantial liquidation of short-term assets held abroad.

Excluding these transactions, net payments during the first quarter were more than in the previous quarter. The increase was due to a decline in merchandise exports and a rise in merchandise imports (other than petroleum) which was only partly offset by lower military expenditures, and a smaller outflow of medium-term bank loans.

The gold outflow continued but was very much lower than in previous quarters, as foreign countries kept a higher share

of their net receipts in dollar assets.

The reduced net outflow of private U.S. capital, especially the return flow of short-term funds, and the large share of foreign net receipts kept in dollar assets can to some extent be attributed to the tightening of credit and the higher interest rates paid here on short-term Government securities and time deposits, both in absolute terms and in relation to

rates prevailing in Europe.

The reversal in the flow of short-term capital and the lesser changes in the movement of longer term loan fixed interest funds conforms to the customary pattern of adjustment of a disequilibrium in the balance of payments by means of credit restrictions. Measures taken by the United Kingdom and other countries experiencing losses in their reserves during 1957 also had their initial impact on short-term capital movements.

The movement of short-term funds, however, cannot be relied upon to provide more than temporary relief for a balance of payments disequilibrium. The basic relief has to come from changes in the movement of long-term capital

and the transactions in goods and services.

By itself, the net flow of funds from the United States to foreign countries has a deflationary effect on the domestic economy. It was—and currently still is—more than offset, however, by an expansion of domestic demand, with the result that the self-correcting forces affecting our foreign transactions were weakened.

Exports resume decline

Merchandise exports during the first quarter of 1959 were at a seasonally adjusted annual rate of about \$15 billion, which was about \$0.9 billion less than in the preceding quarter.

NOTE.—MR. LEDERER IS CHIEF OF THE BALANCE OF PAYMENTS DIVISION, OFFICE OF BUSINESS ECONOMICS.

The first-quarter decline followed a period of relative stability through nearly all of last year when rising exports of foodstuffs offset the decline in other exports. In the first quarter of 1959, foodstuffs fell off too, thus reinforcing the continued drop in shipments of other commodities.

After seasonal adjustment, foodstuffs accounted for about one-third of the total export decline. Cotton shipments had

declined sharply last fall and remained low.

About two-thirds of the decline in seasonally adjusted exports was in nonagricultural goods, particularly in crude and semimanufactured materials. Finished manufactures also declined but at a relatively slower rate. Among crude and semimanufactured goods, the decline was most pronounced in iron and steel mill products, perhaps influenced by the increase in domestic demand and the still comparatively easy supply situation abroad. Exports of copper and copper manufactures returned to a more "normal" level after a sharp rise in the previous quarter which was caused by interruption in copper production in areas usually supplying Europe.

Among finished manufacturers foreign sales fell off mainly in metal manufactures, most of the machinery categories, and railroad equipment. There was some increase, however, in shipments of tractors, trucks, and buses, and merchant

ships.

Income on private U.S. investments abroad was nearly as high after seasonal adjustment as in the preceding quarter although the latter included about \$75 million of dividends

earned in prior periods.

A relatively small item among U.S. receipts from abroad was foreign investments here. During the first quarter, however, foreign purchases of stocks, net of sales, amounted to \$36 million. Most of these transactions were made by, or through Switzerland. These net purchases were the first sizable amounts since 1957, and followed net sales nearly all through 1958. Changes in foreign direct investments were relatively small.

Imports high

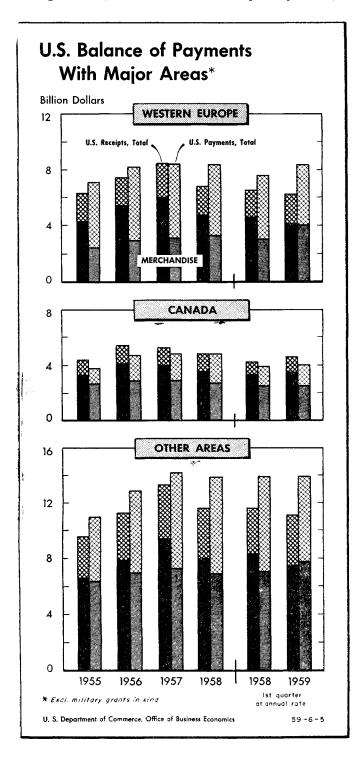
Total imports of goods and services in the first quarter, after seasonal adjustment, were at an annual rate of about \$22 billion, slightly lower than in the previous quarter. Military expenditures abroad dropped from an annual rate of about \$3½ billion in the last quarter of 1958 to a rate of about \$3 billion, mainly as a result of declining payments under procurement contracts and for construction. This decline was nearly compensated, however, by a rise in other imports, particularly of merchandise, but also of transportation, travel, and other services.

Merchandise imports, after seasonal adjustment, rose at an annual rate of nearly \$400 million to just over \$14 billion. Among the major commodities increasing during that period were petroleum products, wool, iron and steel mill products, nickel, and automobiles. Some of these increases appear to be due to special circumstances, and do not indicate a basic trend. Among these is the rise in imports of petroleum products which may be attributed to the anticipation of import quotas imposed in April; the rise in nickel imports was due to the resumption of production in Canada which had been interrupted by a strike; the higher imports of iron and steel mill products may in part reflect the anticipation of an interruption of production here this summer.

The rise in domestic business activity appears to have affected mainly imports of raw materials used in the production of nondurable goods, including wool, cotton, hides, and rubber, and after allowing for seasonal factors perhaps

also wood pulp:

Among the major metals, iron ore imports probably de-



clined less than seasonally, reflecting the rise in steel production. With the exception of tin and, due to special circumstances, nickel, imports of the major nonferrous metals so far were not affected by the rise in domestic business activity.

Imports of foreign manufactures continued to rise. To some extent the rise may be attributed to the increase in domestic incomes, but since the rising trend continued all through the recession period, an improvement in the capacity of imported products to meet domestic demand appears to be a major factor. Most important in this category are, of course, automobiles, of which over 150,000 were imported in the first quarter, about 50 percent more than a year earlier. The value of these imports was \$175 million, the average per car was about \$1,140.

It may be interesting to note that the rise in imports of automobiles accelerated as average f.o.b. foreign port unit values dropped to around \$1,150. Including freight and import duties, this would correspond to a landed value at

the port of entry of about \$1,350 per car.

Year	Number of cars imported in 1000's	Average f.o.b. unit value in dollars
1953	27. 1	1, 550
1954	34. 6	1, 300
1955	57. 1	1, 210
1956	107. 7	1, 175
1957	259. 4	1, 160
1957	432. 6	1, 130

Imports of other manufacturers were also higher than a year ago, particularly agricultural, electrical, and industrial machines, cotton textiles, chemicals, and glass and clay products.

Some of the major import items fell off in value. Most important among these was coffee, which was still affected by declining prices, which not only reduced the value of imports, although the quantity was higher, but induced importers to keep inventories as low as possible. The decline in sugar imports was mainly from Cuba and possibly related to the political disturbances there. Meat products and fish were considerably higher than a year earlier but the change from the last quarter of 1958 was rather small. Cattle imports had passed the peak earlier, and were declining.

Investments lower

The net outflow of funds through Government grants (excluding military) and capital transactions was substantially less in the first quarter than either the preceding quarter or a year earlier. The principal difference was the receipt from Germany of \$150 million representing a prepayment of the annual amortization scheduled for the years 1961–65. The debt, originally of \$1 billion, represents the settlement for postwar economic assistance which Germany

agreed to repay.

Omitting this special transaction, the net outflow of Government funds was somewhat larger than during the March quarter a year ago, but—after allowance for seasonal variations in loan repayment schedules—about as high as in the fourth quarter of 1958. Most of the increase over last year was in sales of agricultural commodities for foreign currencies, which amounted to about \$230 million, or about one-fourth of total agricultural exports. Loan disbursements by the Export-Import Bank were down from the preceding quarter, but those of the new Development Loan Fund rose to about \$30 million as against less than \$6 million during all of 1958.

The net outflow of private capital during the first quarter amounted to \$400 million, the smallest amount per quarter since 1955

The decline which set in about the middle of last year, and accelerated early this year, was largely the result of increasing tightness in the supply of bank credit and of rising interest rates while credit conditions in the major financial centers of Europe became easier. This affected short-term credits and to a lesser extent longer term bank loans and new issues of foreign bonds. Direct investments and purchases of foreign stocks were not affected by credit restrictions and the increase in this form of capital outflow offset in part the contraction in the outflow in fixed interest funds.

Direct investments had declined during the second half of 1957 and for the first three quarters of 1958 were smaller than in the same period of the previous year. They rose above the previous year in the last quarter of last year and in the first quarter of this year they amounted to \$240 million, or \$90 million more than during the first quarter of 1958.

Perhaps more important than the size were the shifts of the new investments to Europe which received 70 percent of the total, or a higher share than ever before in the postwar period. The unusual size of direct investments in that area reflects in part several large single transactions in the United Kingdom, and the attractiveness of establishing subsidiaries in the countries of the recently established European Eco-

nomic Community.

Investments in the United Kingdom amounted to \$90 million (compared with \$9 million a year ago). Nearly half of the \$60 million capital flows to the EEC countries was due to the establishment of new companies or the acquisition by parent companies of additional securities of older subsidiaries. The remainder represented advances by American companies to their affiliates in the Community countries. Capital flows through direct investments in other European countries remained about the same as in the first quarter of 1958. New investments outside of Europe were considerably smaller than a year earlier, but the decline is likely to be temporary as several large projects are scheduled to be started soon.

The new attractiveness of Europe for investments was also indicated by relatively large net purchases of stocks in European companies (other than those covered in direct investments). In the first quarter they amounted to \$85 million as against \$170 million during all of 1958.

New issues of foreign securities were about half as high as in the first quarter of last year. At that time conditions for the sale of new securities were particularly favorable. The list of countries floating securities here continued to widen, however, and during the first quarter of this year included Denmark, the Netherlands, Japan, and Jamaica.

The expansion of long-term bank loans which began early in 1957 was halted, as new loans equaled repayments. The only sizable outflow was to Argentina; large loans arranged earlier by Venezuela and France were not utilized. This reflects the improved financial condition of these countries.

Short-term assets abroad were reduced substantially for the first time since the sterling crisis in the fall of 1957 and represented one of the few large reductions since the war. The decline in short-term funds outstanding abroad started in November of last year but accelerated considerably during the first 2 months of this year. The contraction followed an expansion of nearly \$400 million during the first 10 months of 1958. The change from this rapid outflow of funds to the recent inflow paralleled a change in the reserve position of member banks of the Federal Reserve System.

During most of the first half of 1958 member banks in the larger cities had reserves net of borrowings in excess of requirements, but since then these banks had to resort increasingly to loans from the Federal Reserve System to keep reserve requirements. Similar, but not so drastic, effects of changes in the reserve position of the banks on short-term foreign loans could be observed in previous years. The comparatively sharp reaction of the tightening of bank credit on foreign loans in recent months may be attributed to the comparative relaxation in the money market in Europe, the improvement in the financial position of some of the potential borrowers, and perhaps the already large indebtedness of others.

Highlights by area—1958–59

The balance of payments in the more recent period can be put into a better perspective if it is compared with the years 1955 and 1956. Comparisons with 1957, which in many re-

Table 1-U.S. Balance of Payments Seasonally Adjusted (Excluding Military Grant Aid)

[Millions of dollars] 1956 1957 1958 1959 Ţ 11 \mathbf{III} IV ΙV 1 П Ш 1 П Ш IV1 S. payments, total____ 6, 125 6, 221 6,765 6,735 6,837 6,627 6,772 6,697 6,832 7,027 7, 138 6, 490 6,612 5, 244 3, 366 1, 878 Imports, total 5, 044 3, 257 1, 787 4, 952 3, 170 1, 782 5, 145 3, 229 1, 916 5, 272 3, 218 2, 054 5, 245 3, 316 3, 380 1, 909 3, 432 2, 085 Services and military expenditures.... 1. 929 Remittances and pensions 154 163 184 180 173 186 187 164 184 174 164 178 170 Government grants and related capital outflows (net). 618 608 685 665 751 697 625 481 612 609 612 580 630 U.S. private and other Government capital outflows (net). 439 531 872 934 757 1.023 549 866 737 752 775 744 .S. receipts, total.... 5,641 6, 308 6,304 7,065 6,876 6,807 6, 346 5,723 5,734 5,897 5,869 5, 580 6, 749 4, 899 1, 850 Exports, total 5,829 6, 189 5,710 4,065 1,645 5, 520 4, 143 1, 780 4, 238 1, 591 4, 650 1, 539 4, 451 1, 845 4, 019 1, 730 4,000 1,817 4, 512 1, 653 5. 122 1. 777 4, 918 1, 871 3,773 1,747 Services and military transactions Foreign long-term investments in the United 119 153 143 115 166 127 18 50 13 -15-2652 fili 51 194 380 rrors and omissions (net receipts) 18 336 237 257 -82112 148 103 45 105 crease in foreign gold and liquid dollar asse through transactions with the United States. 188 263 51 -564 25 1,010 927 466 -437 508 664 851 890

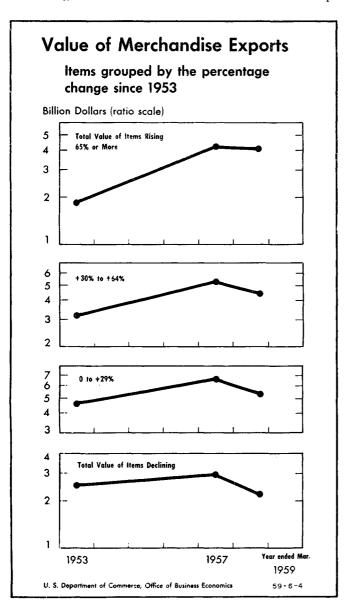
spects was extraordinary, are less likely to indicate the more basic shifts.

The rise in the 1958 deficit in U.S. balance of payments over the average of 1955-56 position occurred in all areas and was primarily due to an increase in payments. It amounted to \$840 million in Western Europe, almost \$800 million in "Other areas," over half of which was in Latin America, and \$670 million in Canada.

In the first quarter of this year, net payments by the United States continued to increase. Of the total rise of more than \$1.2 billion, at an annual rate, over the same quarter of 1958, by far the largest share—nearly \$1 billion—went to Western Europe. In contrast, transactions with Canada, because of a rise in our exports, resulted in an increase of net receipts by over \$0.2 billion, thus restoring partly the pattern of net receipts by the United States in its transactions with Canada prior to 1958.

The change in all areas over a year ago was due to shifts in merchandise trade. The effect on the balance of payments of the acute rise in imports from "Other areas" and Western Europe was reinforced by a very sharp drop in exports. As a result, in the first quarter of this year, merchandise trade was in balance with Europe, and showed an import surplus from the "other areas."

The change in our transactions with Western Europe in



1958, as compared to the average of 1955 and 1956, resulted from an increase in payments by \$720 million and a drop in receipts by \$120 million.

The United States imported over \$600 million more of goods and almost \$500 million more of services; on the other hand, Government grants were down by more than \$300 million, and U.S. private capital outflows by almost \$100 million. Sales of U.S. merchandise were less than in 1955-56; receipts from the other transactions, however, rose slightly. The effect on the balance of payments of a \$400 million gain in receipts on account of services was almost canceled by the drop in European investments in the United States.

The change in net payments from \$1.1 billion, at an annual rate in the first quarter of 1958, to \$2.1 billion in the first quarter of this year was due largely to a rise in payments

but also to a falling off in receipts.

The rise in imports of merchandise at a rate of \$1 billion and in direct investments by over one-half billion dollars was not fully reflected in total payments, since the net outflow of Government and U.S. private short-term capital was down by almost \$0.8 billion. Exports of merchandise to Western Europe fell off by \$0.5 billion. The effect of this reduction on total receipts, however, was reduced by an increase in receipts from services and European investments in U.S. corporate securities.

Transactions with Canada were almost in balance in 1958. The net change from 1955-56 came mainly from a rise in payments, particularly for services and for private investments. The decline in receipts was primarily in the sales

of merchandise.

Net payments by the United States in 1958 to the "Other areas," which include all of the less developed countries and the international institutions, amounted to about \$2.3 billion, \$0.8 billion above the average for 1955 and 1956.

In the first quarter of 1959, the rise in net payments continued—at an annual rate of \$0.5 billion over the corresponding period a year earlier. Payments remained unchanged at an annual rate of \$13.9 billion, but receipts dropped \$0.5 billion from \$11.6 billion a year earlier.

The rise in U.S. payments for goods and services of almost \$1.1 billion was counterbalanced by a decline of the same magnitude in the outflow of U.S. private capital which in the first quarter of last year was raised by large new

issues by the International Bank.

Sales of U.S. merchandise dropped \$0.8 billion at an annual rate from \$8.3 billion in the first quarter of 1958. The full impact of this decline, however, was not reflected in total receipts. The receipts from services increased about \$0.3 billion.

The heavy loss in U.S. sales of merchandise was in the Latin American market. About two-thirds of the increase in services was from interest and other income from Government loans and private investments abroad, mainly in Latin America.

Gold outflow

As a result of all transactions with the United States gold reserves and liquid dollar assets of foreign countries and international institutions rose during the first quarter by \$860 million (including about \$200 million of advance payments made by foreign governments on purchases of military equipment). In a addition, gold reserves of the countries outside the Soviet bloc were raised through purchases of newly mined gold, or through Soviet gold sales by about \$200 million.

The \$96 million decline in our monetary gold stock during the first quarter was the lowest amount since the end of 1957. The outflow of gold speeded up somewhat in April and May when the gold stock declined by about \$250 million. Even at this rate, however, it was considerably less than last year, although our balance of payments was basically not hanged.

The relatively small outflow of gold during the first quarter was in part related to several large special payments by countries which otherwise would have added more to their reserves, including repayments of \$200 million by the United

Kingdom to the Monetary Fund.

The rise in interest rates on liquid funds here in comparison with those paid in some of the major European financial centers probably also contributed to the attractiveness of keeping funds in dollar assets. This consideration was all the more effective as the increase in bank deposits and holdings of short-term securities here of foreign countries accrued mainly to private institutions, and individuals. Official holdings of liquid dollar assets (other than the advance

payments on military equipment) of foreign countries increased during the first quarter by only \$50 million.

The quarterly rise in gold and liquid dollar holdings by Europe was somewhat less than the average of 1958, but this was largely due to some of the special transactions mentioned above. Without these the rate of increase would have been about as high as last year.

Prospects for improvement

Several developments can be anticipated at this time, however, which should improve the balance of payments. Cotton exports are expected to rise next fall when the export subsidies recently announced will come into operation. On the basis of current estimates with respect to foreign demand and world supplies, an increase of \$300–400 million in the annual rate of exports over the recent rate may be expected for next fall.

Table 2.—Exports of Domestic Merchandise (Excluding Military Aid) Grouped According to Percent Change from 1953 to Year Ended March 1959

[Billions of dollars] Values of exports which Total Increased 65% or more Increased 30-64% Increased 0-30% Declined Year Year Year ended Mar. 1959 ended Mar. 1959 ended Mar. 1959 1953 1957 1953 1957 1953 1957 1953 1957 1953 1957 1959 12, 1 19, 3 3, 1 2, 1 Total exports..... 15.9 1.9 4.2 4.0 5, 3 4.4 4,6 6,8 1.8 .6 .2 2.5 Food and feed Wheat 2, 7 . 9 . 3 . 4 . 4 1.0 1.3 1.1 . 2 . 2 . 1 Vitea Corn Sorghuns, oats and barley Rice Soybeans and vegetable oils (x) $.1 \\ .1 \\ .4 \\ .2$ (x) . 1 . 3 .3 . 2 . 1 Soyucaus and vegetable oils Fruits Vegetables . 2 . 4 $\frac{.4}{.2}$ Meat products . î 1.0 .3 .7 1.8 1.0 .8 Coal......Petroleum.... . 5 1.0 1.0 . 5 Other industrial materials... 3.9 .6 .2 3. 4 . 6 . 5 . 4 . 6 . 6 ther industrial materials
Chemicals (incl. synthetic rubber)
Paper and paper base stocks
Iron and steel ī. ĭ 1. 0 . 3 . 4 . 2 . 6 1. 1 , 5 1. 0 (x) Primary metals (copper, etc.)

Metal manufactures
Other metals and minerals . 4 .2 .1 .4 .5 .5 .3 . î . 2 . 2 .4 Cotton, unmanufactured......Other textiles 1. 1 . 5 . 4 . 2 Other textiles Tobacco, unmanufactured Hides and tallow -----. 2 . 1 1, 2 . 3 . 3 . 2 . 2 1.8 .3 .5 .2 .3 .1 .3 1,5 .2 .3 .2 .5 Transportation equipment..... . 5 . 2 .3 .3 . 5 ransportation equipment
Passenger cars.
Trucks and buses
Assembly parts.
Other auto parts and accessories
Railroad equipment
Civilian aircraft.
Marchant vessels . 5 . 3 . 2 -----. -----____ . 2 . 3 . 3 (z) î $\frac{.3}{.1}$ Merchant vessels.... .1 . 1 2.7 .5 .4 .2 .3 Capital equipment (excl. transportation)

Construction and mining machinery

Electrical machinery 3, 5 . 6 . 6 1.0 .5 3.9 .6 .2 .3 .5 .1 .1 .1 . 4 . 6 . 5 Engines, turbines

Machine tools and metalworking machinery

Tractors and agricultural machinery . 2 . 2 . 2 .4 . 3 -3 Testing and measuring equipment. Refrigeration and air-conditioning equipment.
Pipe valves
Office appliances. .1 . - - - - - -Pumping equipment
Food and beverage machinery (x) (x)Consumer goods (nonfood, excl. autos) Drugs.
Finished textiles.
Radio and TV
Air conditioners.
Other electrics. 1.1 .1 . 3 . 3 1.1 . 1 .4 .4 .3 .1 .1 (z) . 1 . i . 1 (z) (x)(2) (**z**) (z) Air conditioners
Other electrical appliances
Books, maps and pictures . 1 . 1 ----Miscellaneous and unallocated 1 1.1 1.0 .7 1.1 1.0

^{*} Less than \$50 million. 1. Includes cash sales of military equipment.

United States Balance of Payments by Area-

									Alla	reas		1-1-1-					
Line	Type of transaction	1956	1957	1958		195	56			195	57			198	58	İ	1959
		Year	Year	Year	1	II	III	IV	ı	11	III	IV	I	II	Ш	IV	I 1
1	Exports of goods and services, total	26, 284	29, 168	25,721	6, 037	7,098	6, 184	6, 965	7,348	7,823	6, 787	7,210	6, 231	6, 697	6, 120	6, 673	5, 899
2	Military transfers under grants, net, total	2, 579	2, 435	2, 522	657	1,089	431	402	605	813	461	556	665	777	549	531	485
3	Other goods and services, total	23, 705	26, 733	23, 199	5, 380	6,009	5,753	6, 563	6,743	7,010	6, 326	6,654	5,566	5,920	5, 571	6, 142	5, 414
4	Merchandise, adjusted, excluding mili- tary.	17, 379	19, 390	16,227	3,960	4, 420	4, 112	4,887	5, 108	5, 158	4,462	4,662	4,054	4, 191	3,806	4, 176	3, 789
5 6	Transportation	1,642 705 1,087	1, 999 785 1, 168	1, 650 825 1, 137	365 139 251	412 177 274	423 227 273	442 162 289	501 162 276	540 202 295	487 248 276	471 173 321	372 164 259	420 210 277	421 269 296	437 182 305	403 171 277
8	Private Government, excluding military Military transactions Income on investments:	123 158	138 372	142 296	30 36	31 58	30 29	32 35	33 45	34 40	34 70	37 217	34 76	36 87	36 40	36 93	36 74
10 11 12	Direct investments Other private Government	2, 120 297 194	2,313 363 205	2, 198 417 307	481 70 48	512 75 50	531 71 57	596 81 39	491 79 48	594 96 51	595 89 65	633 99 41	462 93 52	535 103 61	545 102 56	656 119 138	497 108 59
13	Imports of goods and services, total	19,829	20, 923	20, 951	4,870	4, 997	5, 113	4,849	5,092	5, 318	5, 361	5, 152	4, 904	5, 250	5, 372	5, 425	5, 440
14 15 16	Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military Transportation Travel	12, 804 1, 408 1, 275	13, 291 1, 569 1, 372	12, 946 1, 599 1, 460	3, 255 312 201	3, 173 377 334	3, 156 383 500	3, 220 336 240	3, 297 356 213	3, 344 423 352	3, 265 424 543	3, 385 366 264	3, 139 344 234	3, 166 439 382	3, 124 428 565	3, 517 388 279	3, 607 400 247
17 18 19	Miscellaneous services: Private Government, excluding military Military expenditures	543 264 2, 955	563 310 3, 165	549 305 3, 416	124 57 781	121 59 799	142 90 694	156 58 681	124 66 880	129 64 850	150 100 715	160 80 720	120 64 829	134 71 908	145 105 841	150 65 838	131 69 805
20 21	Income on investments: Private. Government	426 154	452 201	537 139	106 34	100 34	109 39	111 47	109 47	104 52	113 51	126 51	132 42	127 23	132 32	146 42	129 52
	Balance on goods and services:																
22 23	TotalExcluding military transfers	6,455 3,876	8,245 5,810	4,770 2,248	1, 167 510	2, 101 1, 012	1,071 640	2, 116 1, 714	2, 256 1, 651	2,505 1,692	1, 426 965	2,058 1,502	1,327 662	1,447 670	748 199	1, 248 717	459 -26
	Unilateral transfers, net [to foreign countries (—)]:																
24 25	Total Excluding military transfers	3	-4,753 -2,318	-4,840 $-2,318$	-1,231 -574	-1,724 -635	-975 -544	-1,047 -645	-1,181 -576	$-1,475 \\ -662$	-960 -499	-1,137 -581	-1,227 -562	-1,376 -599	-1,090 -541	-1, 147 -616	-1, 105 -620
26	Private remittances	I	-543	-525	-127	-126	-132	-145	-144	-135	126	-138	133	-127	-123	-142	-141
27 28 29	Military supplies and services Other grants Pensions and other transfers	$ \begin{array}{r} -2,579 \\ -1,733 \\ -135 \end{array} $	-2, 435 -1, 616 -159	$ \begin{array}{r} -2,522 \\ -1,611 \\ -182 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} -657 \\ -420 \\ -27 \end{array} $	$-1,089 \\ -472 \\ -37$	-431 -380 -32	-402 -461 -39	$ \begin{array}{r} -605 \\ -392 \\ -40 \end{array} $	-813 -488 -39	-461 -335 -38	$ \begin{array}{r} -556 \\ -401 \\ -42 \end{array} $	-665 -384 -45	-777 -429 -43	-549 -368 -50	-531 -430 -44	-485 -433 -46
30	U.S. capital, net [outflow of funds (-)], total.	-3,619	-4, 133	-3,810	- 554	-899	987	-1,179	-1,070	-1,563	-544	- 956	-888	-1,247	-783	-892	-483
31	Private, net, total	-2,990	-3,175	-2,844	-417	-690	806	-1,077	-813	-1,364	-410	-588	-642	-1,025	-451	726	-394
32 33 34 35 36	Direct investments, net	-453 174	$\begin{bmatrix} -2,058 \\ -597 \\ 179 \\ -441 \\ -258 \end{bmatrix}$	-1,094 -955 85 -574 -306	-288 -103 -85 -115 4	-353 -105 14 -89 -157	-524 -104 21 -104 -95	-694 -141 54 -16 -280	$ \begin{array}{r} -402 \\ -218 \\ \hline 24 \\ \hline 22 \\ -239 \end{array} $	-993 -181 -76 -248 -18	-339 -88 50 -102 69	$ \begin{array}{r} -324 \\ -110 \\ 29 \\ -113 \\ -70 \end{array} $	-155 -338 21 -126 -44	-411 -350 19 -115 -168	-156 -99 10 -91 -115	-372 -168 35 -242 21	
37	Government, net, total	-629	-958	-966	-137	-209	-181	- 102	-257	-199	-134	-368	246	- 222	-332	-166	-89
38 39 40	Long-term capital, outflow Repayments Short-term, net	-545 479 -563	-993 659 -624	$ \begin{array}{r r} -1,272 \\ 647 \\ -341 \end{array} $	-113 86 -110	-187 99 -121	-118 122 -185	-127 172 -147	-128 128 -257	-136 232 -295	-171 170 -133	-558 129 61	-256 131 -121	-243 207 -186	-337 111 -106	-436 198 72	-287 263 -65
41	Foreign capital, net [outflow of funds (—)], total.	1,804	691	1, 164	617	544	811	-168	-33	641	-242	325	215	-6	424	531	8 2 8
42	Direct and long-term portfolio invest- ments other than U.S. Government securities.	530	361	24	119	153	143	115	166	127	18	50	13	-15	-26	52	60
43	Transactions in U.S. Government securities.	-135	-52	31	-250	60	108	-53	127	10	-244	55	127	-121	8	17	123
44 45	Short-term liabilities to foreign banks and official institutions. Other short-term liabilities	1, 095 314	-16 398	827 282	692 56	278 53	505 55	-380 150	-447 121	243 261	-109 93	297 -77	76 -1	53 77	353 89	345 117	421 224
46	Gold sales [purchases (-)] by the United States.	-306	-798	2, 275	-12	-103	-164	-27	-348	-325	-27	-98	370	1,075	483	347	96
47	Foreign capital and gold, total	1,498	-107	3, 439	605	441	647	-195	-381	316	-269	227	585	1,069	907	878	924
48	Errors and omissions and transfers of funds between foreign areas [receipts by foreign areas (—)], net.		748	441	13	81	244	305	376	217	347	-192	203	107	218	-87	205
1 2 3	Memorandum items: Increase in total reported foreign gold reserves and liquid dollar holdings.¹ Through estimated transactions with the United States.²	993	1	3, 434	674 493 181	461 296 165	581 513 68	-256 -309 53	-252 -541 289	395 196 199	-205 -279 74	325 182 143	731 579 152	1, 342 1, 090 252	1,087 939 148	1, 143 826 317	1, 057 861 196

Preliminary. ** Less than \$500,000.
*Quarterly details by areas may be obtained by writing to the Balance of Payments Division, Office of Business Economics.

1. Reported gold reserves of foreign Central Banks and governments, excluding U.S.S.R. and other Eastern European countries (except for \$14 million of Rumanian gold vested by th United States in 1956), plus liquid dollar holdings (lines 43, 44, and 45).

2. Equals balance (with reverse sign) of lines 23 (less net sales of gold from domestic sources to the monetary gold stock of the United States), 25, 30, 42, and 48 for "All areas" but not for individual areas.

3. Amounts for "All areas" represents gold obtained by foreign countries outside the United States.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

1956, 1957, 1958 Revised* and First Quarter 1959

Ī			w	estern l	Europe		Eastern Europe 1956 1957 1958 1956 1957										Can	ada							
1	1956	1957			1958			1959	1956	1957			1958			1959	1956	1957			1958			1959	Line
	Year	Year	Year	I	II	m	IV	I»	Year	Year	Year	I	II	III	IV	Ιp	Year	Year	Year	I	II	ш	IV	Ιp	
	9, 039	9,728	8, 299	2, 011	2, 237	1, 901	2, 150	1,817	34	113	144	25	40	52	27	24	5, 306	5, 290	4,779	1,069	1, 240	1, 217	1, 253	1, 142	1
	1,866 7,173	1, 542 8, 186	1,514 6,785	398 1,613	501 1,736	332 1, 569	283 1,867	298 1,519	34	113	144	25	40	52	27	24	5, 306	5, 290	4,779	1,069	1, 240	1, 217	1, 253	1, 142	3
	5, 378	5, 965	4, 664	1, 161	1, 188	1,078	1, 237	1, 037	20	96	122	23	28	47	24	21	4, 116	4. 022	3, 516	815	942	848	911	875	4
	704 66	826 86	691 88	151 18	178 22	179 27	183 21	171 19	(z)	(z) ³	(*)	(z)	(z) 2	(z) ²	(*) ²	(z) 1	132 390	137 419	120 425	25 81	28 114	33 145	34 85	26 83	6
	469 35 48	521 40 237	505 45 170	112 11 49	122 12 44	127 11 22	144 11 55	124 12 44	(z) 4	(z) ⁵	(z) 4	(z)	(z)	(z) 1	(x)	(z) 1	121 2 50	133 2 37	130 1 34	28 (*) 10	29 1 11	37 (z) 7	36 (z) 6	32 (*) 7	7 8 9
	280 68 125	311 76 124	325 94 203	55 22 34	117 26 27	71 21 33	82 25 109	59 23 30	10	9	12	1	9	2	(x)	1	353 142 (z)	367 173 (*)	368 185 (z)	68 42 (*)	71 44 (*)	101 46 (2)	128 53 (z)	71 48 (2)	10 11 12
	6, 573	6, 955	7, 269	1,652	1,871	1,868	1,878	1,896	69	68	71	14	16	25	16	23	3, 761	3,846	3,770	790	914	1,099	967	812	13
	2, 949 679 461	3, 094 722 474	3, 290 766 538	755 162 52	757 225 173	803 213 223	975 166 90	$1,000 \\ 172 \\ 57$	65 1	61 1 3	63 1 4	13 (x) (x)	15 (*) 1	20 1 3	15 (x) (x)	22 (*) (*)	2, 916 112 316	2, 938 117 340	2, 705 112 323	615 26 28	664 28 70	703 29 180	723 29 45	614 27 29	14 15 16
	320 74	337 87	330 81	76 19	84 20	84 23	86 19	84 20	<u>2</u>	2	<u>2</u> 1	1	(x) (x)	1	(x)	1	29 5	32 4	28 3	$_{1}^{6}$	7 1	7	8	7	17 18
l	1,702	1, 809 311	1,852 334	477 86	521 80	426 78	428 90	448 85	1	1	1	(x)	(z)	(x)	1	(#)	259 104	288 101	448 132	80 29	109 31	142 34	117 38	101 26	19 20
	99	121	78	25	11	18	24	30									20	26	19	5	4	4	6	7	21
	2,466 600	2,773 1,231	1,030 -484	359 -39	366 -135	33 -299	272 -11	-79 -377	-35 -35	45 45	73 73	11 11	24 24	27 27	11 11	1 1	1,545 1,545	1, 444 1, 444	1,009 1,009	279 279	326 326	118 118	286 286	330 330	22 23
-	-2, 669 -803	-2, 192 -650	2, 174 660	-525 -127	-654 -153	-489 -157	-506 -223	-491 -193	4 4	-28 -28	25 25	-6 -6	-5 -5	-5 -5	-9 -9	-5 -5	-11 -11	14 14	-14 -14	-3 -3	-3 -3	5 5	-3 -3	-4 -4	24 25
	-259	-276	-269	-63	-65	-66	75	-68	-19	-21	-22	-5	-5	-5	-7	-5	(x)	-2	-1		(x)	-1	(x)		26
-	-1, 866 -491 -53	-1, 542 -317 -57		-398 -47 -17	-501 -72 -16	-332 -67 -24	-283 -130 -18	-298 -108 -17	3 18	-7 (z)	-1 -2	(x) -1	(x) (x)	(z) (z)	-1 -1	(x)	-11	-12	-13	-3	-3	-4	-3	 -4	27 28 29
	-827	-768	-450	-122	-148	-172	-8	9	-11	-56	-96	-22	-17	-41	-16	-14	956	940	966	-186	-397	202	181	-180	36
	-777	-396	-411 172	-116	-38	-159	98	-146	-14	1	2	-3	2	-2	5		-961 -542	-938	-968 -398	-188	-396	-203	-181	-180 -34	31
-	-486 10 -124	-254 -25 20 -58	-173 -121 16 -71	-32 -73 2 -36	-42 -17 3 21	$\begin{bmatrix} -42 \\ -25 \\ 2 \\ -17 \end{bmatrix}$	-57 -6 9 -39	-165 -15 2 -75							2		-375 101 -117	-584 -324 119 -161	-367 -367 -160	-50 -121 7 -6	-104 -155 10 -69	-111 -56 5 -20	-133 -35 17 -65	-95 -95 -55	32 33 34 35 36
	-177 -50	-79 -372	-62 -39	-36 23 -6	-3 -110	-77 -13	-5 90	107 155	-14 3	8 -57	2 -98	-3 -19	-19	-2 -39	3 -21	-14	-28 5	12 -2	-82 2	-18 2	-78 -1	-2î	-65 35	-4 (*)	36 37
	-91 288	368	-240 245	-40 59	-27 40	-35 46	-138	-34	6	-11 3	-27 4	-5 1	-4	-4 3	_14	-5 1	(*) 5	(*) 1		(z) 2		(*) 1	(#)	(z)	38 39
	-247 1, 053	-218 -222 706	44 565	-25 270	-123 -437	-24 617	100 128 115	192 -3 328	-3 -8	-49 2	-75 2	-15 1	~15 2	-38 -3	(z) -7 2	-10 1	(*) 495	-3 249	201	-34	-1 273	-76	(≠) 38	71	40 41
	357	310	-6	3	-18	-3	12	37	(z)							•••	107	1	-24	5	-3	-29	13		42
	-118	37	-68	17	-64	-11	-10	81									-70	90	-119	-16	-100	2	-5	3	43
	643 171	137 222	591 48	220 30	-365 10	593 38	143 30	-27 237	-7 -1	2 (*)	1	1	2 (*)	-3	1 1	1	433 25	103 55	351 7	47 -60	372 4	65 16	-3 33	98 30	44 45
	-80	-68	2, 326	376	1,073	498	379	38	-14								-15	-5	 -						46
	973	638	2, 891	646	636	1, 115	494	366	-22	2	2	1	2	-3	2	1	480	244	201	-34	273	-76	38	71	47
	57	451	-1, 297	-358	-200	-487	-252	195	72	37	46	16	-4	22	12	17	1, 058	-734	-230	-56	-199	165	-140	-217	48
	1, 037	844	3, 704	849	892	1, 167	796	513	-22	2	2	1	2	-3	2	1	360	250	188	-48	266	-45	15	65	1
	673 364	-123 967	1,600 2,104	285 564	454 438	631 536	230 566	524 -11	50 -72	39 -37	48 -46	17 -16	-2 4	19 -22	14 -12	18 -17	-685 1,045	-491 741	-5 193	85 37	77 189	118 -163	-115 130	-146 211	3
-=	1		,	<u> </u>	1	1		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1	i	1				<u> </u>					l	·			<u> </u>

United States Balance of Payments by Area-

1						fillions o											
Line	Tune of tunescation			Latin	America	n repub	lies					A	ll other o	countries			٠
Line	Type of transaction	1956	1957			1958			1959	1956	1957			1958			1959
		Year	Year	Year	I	11	III	IV	I Þ 4	Year	Year	Year	1	и	III	IV	I p 4
1	Exports of goods and services, total	5, 661	6, 690	5, 877	1, 471	1, 479	1, 443	1, 484	1, 269	6, 160	7 , 25 8	6, 531	1,631	1,679	1, 481	1,740	1, 541
2	Military transfers under grants, net, total.	61	68	71	24	28	12	7	17	652	825	937	243	24 8	205	241	170
3	Other goods and services, total	5, 600	6, 622	5, 806	1, 447	1, 451	1, 431	1, 477	1, 252	5, 508	6, 433	5, 594	1, 388	1, 431	1, 276	1, 499	1,371
4	Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military.	3, 835	4, 642	4, 130	1,057	1, 040	993	1,040	850		4, 639	3, 776	991	987	834	964	958 96
6	Transportation Travel Miscellaneous services:	383 216	447 235	369 258	91 55	92 62	92 79	. 62	72 58	423 33	586 45	464 54	105 10	120 12	115 18	124 14	11
7 8	Private Government, excluding military	245 29	242 29	236 27	58 7	60 7	61	57 6	55 7 2	204 57	225 67	219 69	49 16	54 16	59 18	57 19	54 17
9	Military transactions Income on investments: Direct investments		12 915	19 653	5 151	10 149	2 171	182	2 176		81 720	72 852	12 188	22 198	202	30 264	21 190
11 12	Other private Government	44 34	60 40	67	15	17 14	16 10	19 15	17 15	28	38 32	43	8	11 11	11	13 14	11 13
13	Imports of goods and services, total	4,792	5, 032	4, 837	1, 223	1, 210	1, 150	1, 254	1, 225	4, 587	4, 944	4, 926	1, 216	1, 224	1, 185	1, 301	1, 354
14	Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military.	3, 782	'	3, 749	964	952	861	972	1,009			1 '	792		737	832	959
15 16	Transportation Travel Miscellaneous services:	356 363	391 404	344 416	74 106	90 94	88 113	92 103	34 108			376 179	82 48		97 46	101 41	52 53
17 18	Private	174 63	174 67	69	35 17	38 17	50 17	50 18	36 19	87	97	99	3 24	5 23		$\frac{6}{26}$	4 25
19	Military expenditures Income on investments:	29		i l	17	9	13	10	10			í .	255 8	269	260 13	282 10	246 10
20 21	PrivateGovernment	16 9	17 12		8 2	2	6 2	2	2	17 12		38 11	4	2	2	3	5
	Balance on goods and services:				940	200	200	900					41-		900	100	105
22 23	Total Excluding military transfers	869 808		1,040 969	248 224	269 241	293 281	230 223	44 27	1,573 921	2, 314 1, 489	1,605 668	415 172		296 91	439 198	187 17
	Unilateral transfers, net [to foreign countries (—)]:																
24 25	TotalExcluding military transfers	-186 -125		243 172	-71 -47	$-76 \\ -48$	-50 -38	$-46 \\ -39$	58 41		$ \begin{array}{r r} -2,200 \\ -1,375 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r r} -2,324 \\ -1,387 \end{array} $	-606 -363			$-564 \\ -323$	526 356
26	Private remittances.	ł	ļ	1 1	-10	-12	-10	-11	-11	i i	1	1	-55	-45	-41	-49	-57
27 28	Government: Military supplies and services Other grants				-24 -33	-28 -34	$^{-12}_{-25}$	$^{-7}_{-26}$	-17 -26			-937 -1,116	-243 -288			-241 -254	-170 -278
29	Pensions and other transfers	-9	-10	-11	-4	-2	-3	-2	-4	-80	-80	-81	-20	-22	-19	-20	-21
3 0	U.S. capital, net [outflow of funds (-)], total.	-911	-1,541	-959	201	256	-227	275	100	-893	—615	-866	-206	-247	-114	299	-210
31	Private, net, total	1	1		-143	-216		-124	-20				-40			-215	
32 33 34	Direct investments, net New issues Redemptions		-1,090 10	-14	-95 	-209	36	-57 -14 3	-50	$ \begin{array}{c c} -239 \\ -78 \\ 16 \end{array} $	-61	-87	-19 (z)	-56 -24		-125 -38 3	
35 36	Other long-term, net Short-term, net	-63	-174	-47	2 8 -58	-10 		$-22 \\ -34$	-1 29	. 6	-3	-169	-55			77	-20
37	Government, net, total	-96	-146	-471	-58	-40	-222	-151	-80	-458	-377	-364	-166	-53	-61	-84	-150
38 39	Long-term capital, outflow Repayments	126	155	151	$-76 \\ 25 \\ 25$	-96 51	-239 25	-184 50	-140 34	52	280	245	-135 46	116	35.	100 48	36
40 41	Short-term, net	-105 357	239	-27 -120	-7 -64	5	-8 -200	17 144	26 110			1		i	į.	-32 135	
42	total. Direct and long-term portfolio invest-	33	19	-1	. 5	-4	6	4	g	21	19	44	9	6	10	19	11
49	ments other than U.S. Government securities.		1.5	5 -58		40		-2		-12		3	(3)	(*)	1	2	10
43 44	Transactions in U.S. Government securities. Short-term liabilities to foreign banks and	-5 246		i	-8 -124	-48 21	224	-2 12	100			1	(*) 73	1	}	:	
45	official institutions. Other short-term liabilities	83			63	73	30	130		40				1	1	•	
46	Gold sales [purchases (-)] by the United States.	28	-81	-69		(z)	-11	58	1	(z)	-18	37	1	8	2	26	5.
47	Foreign capital and gold, total	385	158	-189	-64	(*)	-211	86	111	255	431	243	49	_9	42	161	21:
48	Errors and omissions and transfers of funds between foreign areas [receipts by foreign areas (—)], net.	157	-40	351	88	63	195	5	:	1, 080	932	1, 342	348	426	305	263	337
1	Memorandum items: Increase in total reported foreign gold	342	240	-283	-96	2	-210	21	102	219	-457	241	26	-45	69	191	199
2	reserves and liquid dollar holdings. 1 Through estimated transactions with the	1	ļ	1	19	67	-10	87	108	1	ì	1	1	1			
3	United States. ² Through other transactions ³	147	141	-446	-115	-65	-200	-66	-8	-1,095	-939	-1,300	-362	-456	-268	-214	-339

P Preliminary. *Less than \$500,000. nss Not shown separately.

*Quarterly details by areas may be obtained by writing to the Balance of Payments Division, Office of Business Economics.

1. See footnote 1 on page 20.

2. See footnote 2 on page 20.

1956, 1957, 1958 Revised* and First Quarter 1959

		Tr	nterne	tions	lineti	tution	10			····						illion			Ste	rling	area		*										
					111301							Tota	l				U	nited	King	dom a	nd ot	her E	urope				Ot	her co	untri	es			
19	56	1957			1958			1959	1956	1957		:	1958			1959	1956	1957			1958			1959	1956	1957			1958			1959	Line
Ye	ar	Year	Year	I	II	III	IV	I p4	Year	Year	Year	1	II	Ш	IV	ΙÞ	Year	Year	Year	I	11	m	ıv	ΙÞ	Year	Year	Year	I	п	щ	ıv	Ιp	
	84	89	91	24	22	26	19	106	nss nss	nss nss	nss nss	nss nss	nss nss	nss	nss nss	nss nss		nss nss	nss nss	nss nss	nss	nss nss	nss nss	nss	nss	nss	nss nss	nss nss	nss nss	nss nss	nss	nss nss	1 2
	84	89	91	24	22	26			_	4, 161	3, 908	904	939		1, 185		1	i	1	370	421	394	592		1,884			534	518		593	538	3
	25	26	19	7	6	6	(x)	48 37	2, 353 274 38	2, 796 356 51	2, 321 315 55	605 68 11	544 82 14	526 81 17	646 84 13	573 74 12	165	1, 192 198 26	922 184 27	223 37 6	192 50	213 48 8	294 49	199 47 6	1, 351 109 17	1, 604 158 25	1, 399 131 28	382 31 5	352 32		352 35 7	374 27	4 5 6
	44	42	43 (z)	11 (x)	11 (x)	11 (x)	(x)	11 (x)	326 26	362 28 10	348 32	77 7	83 8	89 6	99 11	84 6	243 9	278 11	260 12	55 3	62 4	66 2	77 3	63 2		84 17	88 20	22 4	21 4		22 8	21	7 8 9
	15	5 	1 <u>2</u> 8	(x) 6	(r) 5	8		(x) 1 9	11 466 37	10 487 40	29 625 52	119 10	4 169 15	2 144 11	21 193 16	12 115	186	198 33	5 214 43	1 35 9	1 79	1 47 9	2 53 12	27 27	280 280	289	24 411 9	1 84	90 2	97 2	140	10 88	9 10 11
	47	78	 78	9	15	45			26	31	131	5 908	20 957	881	102 925		14	15	110	1 473	13 13 531	(x) 514	96 508	1 527	12 1, 518	16 1, 761	21	4 435	7 426	367	6 417	6 457	12 13
	-							3	,	·	2, 120 262	532	520	487 70	581	615 60		796	895	210	202	223	260		1, 211	1, 366		322	318	264	321	353 12	14
								115	247 189 251	273 202 272	202 217 260	57 44 59	81 59 67	72 66	54 42 68		205 93 243	218 94 264	211 103 254	44 9 58	69 33 65	57 44 65	41 17 66	48 10 63	96 8	108	51 114 6	13 35 1	12 26 2	13 28 1	13 25 2	38	15 16 17
	33	53	51	2	10	38	1	3	31 578	40 681	43 579	10 155	10 176	12 128	11 120	11 134	l i	501	375 162	102	118	3 79	76	93 93	26 127	34 180	36 204	9 53	8 58	.9 49	10 44	9 41	18 19
	14	25	23	6	4	6	1 7	8	162 15	168 27	170 20	43 8	40 4	42 4	45 4	46 6	155 14	161 24	163 18	42 7	39 3	39 4	43 4	44 5	1	7 3	7 2	1	1	(x) ³	(x) ²	1	20 21
	37 37	11 11	13 13	15 15	7 7		10 10			nss 336	nss 237	nss -4	nss - 18	nss —1	nss 260	nss 90		nss -110	nss -249	nss 103	nss 110		nss 84	nss — 171	nss 366		nss 486		nss 92		nss 176	nss 81	22 23
		-84 -84	-60 -60	-16 -16	-13 -13			-21 -21		nss 296	nss -379	nss 99	nss -87	nss 96	nss 97	nss 96		nss -86	nss -67	nss 17	nss -16	nss -15	nss 19	nss 16	nss 216		nss -312	nss 82	nss —71	nss -81	nss -78	nss 80	$\frac{24}{25}$
(*		(z)	(x)	(x)					-95	-107	-109	-28 nss	-26 nss	nss	-30 nss	-30 nss	-52	-55 nss	-56	-13	nss	-14 nss	-15 nss	-13	-43	nss	-53	nss	-12 nss	nss	-15 nss	nss	26 27
		-84 	-60 				-19 		$ \begin{array}{r} -209 \\ -10 \\ \hline -561 \end{array} $	$-175 \\ -14 \\ -659$	$ \begin{array}{r} -256 \\ -14 \\ \hline -450 \end{array} $	-67 -4 -50	-57 -4 -179	-69 -2 -116	-63 -4 -105	-62 -4 -161	$ \begin{array}{r} -39 \\ -7 \\ -289 \end{array} $	-23 -8 -436	-2 -9 -18	-1 -3 18	$ \begin{array}{c} (x) \\ -2 \\ -43 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} (z) \\ -1 \\ -22 \end{array} $	-1 -3 29	(x) -3 -35	-170 -3 -272	$-152 \\ -6 \\ -223$	-254 -5 -432	-66 -1 -68	$-57 \\ -2 \\ -136$	-69 -1 -94	-62 -1 -134	-62 -1 -126	27 28 29 30
						-29		12			-280		-122						-61	19	-32		-2 4	-35	-105	-23		-5			-70	-19	31
	38	-187 16	-366 16	-125 10	-154	-12	-75 3	-3 -4 9	-355 -25 16	-202 -13 13	-173 -40 4	-7	$-66 \\ -15 \\ 1$	-14	$-93 \\ -18 \\ 3$	$-104 \\ -10 \\ 1$		-157 	-58	-10	-26	13	-3 5	-93	-77 -25 16	-45 -13 13	$-115 \\ -40 \\ 4$	10 -7	$^{-40}_{-15}$		-58 -18	-11 -10	32 33 34
(2	' -	-38 	-127	-37 			-41 		-119 5	-26 -5	-38 -33	21	-9 -33	$-22 \\ -42$	21	38	10	3	26 -29			-41		36	-14 -5	30 -8	-4	$-6 \\ -2$	$-13 \\ -23$	-26 -1	$-19 \\ 22$		35 36
-	33 35 2	-4 ₂	₂				(x)		-83 -83 130		-170 -67 104 -207			-10 9	71	$-47 \\ 10$		$ \begin{array}{r} -226 \\ -255 \\ \hline 20 \end{array} $	ļ	-1 -1	- 1		, i	$-1 \\ 2 \\$	-167 -83	-63 173	-61 40	-17 9				-107 -46 8	37 38 39
- 1	48	-6 -92			1 173	,	(x) 97		-130				56 242	-37	-58 -233	-70		9	-15 -433	-1	-12 -227		-4 -240		-106	-310 -10	1	ĺ		l J	-54 7		40 41
	12	12	11	1	4	2	4	3	157	123	-28	-3	-8	-7	-10	-19	151	124	-35	-2	-10	-7	-16	-22	6	-1	7	-1	2	(z)	6	3	42
- 1	70 -	-169 65	273	134 141	91 78			28 129				i	-15 -216		-26 -176				-8 -422		-15 -202		-25 -193			 -16	-1 -2		 -14		-1 17	1	43 44
.	-4	(x)	(2)	(z)	(x)				65	52	2	-2	-3	28	-21	47	56	45	32	7	(x)	31	-6	38	9	7	-30	ĺ	i		-15	9	45
		-626 -719			-6 167			169			900		450		100			909	900 467		1		100 140		(x)	10			15		7		46
ı		-718 ., 004	291 229					163 130			441 151	311 -158	208 76		133 75	106			-133	325 223			1			-3	- 1				7 29	- 1	47 48
		1	451 528	-1 158		109 62		177 27	i I		! !	605 314	294 216		-108 -123		1		853 369			41 164	-149 -78			- !	11 251				41 30	-1 122	1 2
ı		300 -916		-159				150		-182		291	78		-123 15							123	- 1			- {	-240	- 1		-24		-123	3

^{3.} See footnote 3 on page 20.
4. Beginning with the first quarter of 1959 transactions with shipping companies operating under the flags of Liberia, Panama, Honduras, and Bahams are shown in the column "International institutions,"?

Another major item is exports of commercial airplanes which are now on order, and which will start to be delivered by fall. At an average price of around \$5 million, exports of such planes should rise to an annual rate of about \$500 million, and maintain that rate for well over 1 year. To some extent, however, these sales involve credits, so that the full effect on the balance of payments will be delayed.

Deliveries of military equipment for which orders have increased recently will also raise our receipts, and a possible decline of steel imports from the unusually high rate of \$400 million during the first quarter would reduce our payments.

These changes which are now visible may improve our balance of payments by perhaps \$1 billion.

The acceleration of the business expansion abroad which has already started can be expected to stimulate foreign demand for U.S. goods and services. This may be offset, however, at least in part, by a rise in our imports of goods and services as a result of a further expansion of production and incomes here.

During the period from 1953 to the year ended before the Suez crisis, a simultaneous recovery here and acceleration of economic growth abroad resulted in a reduction in our net payments by about \$1 billion at an annual rate. This period does not include the extreme of the boom, which developed abroad in 1957, and may represent a fair yard-stick for what may reasonably be expected if business both here and abroad continues to improve without reaching inflationary proportions.

Certain developments may dampen the gains in our balance of payments, however, particularly the better position of foreign countries with respect to fuels, which would make it unlikely that coal exports would rise by \$400 million as they did between 1953 and 1956.

The remaining gap

The balance of payments problem is not likely to disappear as a result of these economic developments already underway, or actions already taken. Its magnitude, however, is less than the current rate of net payments would suggest, and well within our capacity to adjust.

An excess of payments over receipts in the balance of payments is often due to an excess of domestic demand over productive capacity, but this has not been the case here. All through 1958, demand was less than the capacity of the economy to meet it and even the recent rise in net foreign payments can not be attributed to stringencies in the domestic supply-demand situation. The excess of payments over receipts in our foreign transactions must be due to other factors, therefore, which tend to reduce foreign demand for U.S. goods and services and increase U.S. demand for foreign goods, services, and capital assets.

Some discriminatory restrictions on foreign imports from the United States continue although they have been gradually reduced. In recent weeks many of the British restrictions have been eliminated, and the French restrictions considerably reduced. The narrowing of the balance of payments gap will depend mostly upon the strengthening of our competitive position, however both in foreign and in domestic markets.

U.S. competitive advantage

The second chart and the associated table indicate the commodities which have shown the greatest and least growth in our exports between 1953 and the year ended March 1959 and in which the United States presumably has the relatively greatest competitive advantage or disadvantage in world

markets. The beginning and end points for this comparison have been chosen because both are low points in export cycles and thus relatively little affected by cyclical developments.

The chart shows that the groups of commodities with the greatest growth in exports over the period as a whole also had the largest growth during the cyclical upswing from 1953 to 1957, and were least affected by the subsequent decline from 1957 to 1958–59. Conversely, the commodities which were most responsible for the recent drop in exports, were those which contributed least to the previous rise, and presumably are the ones in which we have the least competitive advantage.

Among the commodities showing a larger than average rise over this period are chemicals including synthetic rubber, railroad equipment, and civilian aircraft, refrigeration and air conditioning, oilfield, construction and mining equipment, and certain specialized items of machinery, such as those used in food processing industries. These are generally items that require relatively long and expensive development, or items which were produced here ahead of other countries, or where the foreign markets are still too small to make local output on an economical scale feasible. For these reasons, price considerations are relatively less important to the sale of these commodities than to the marketing of other types of exports.

Rather important among the fastest growing exports are also certain agricultural products, particularly those which are required to meet demands of people with rising incomes, such as fruits, vegetable fats and oils, and certain grains, used to a considerable extent as animal feed. To some extent, however, the rise in exports of some agricultural commodities was due to Government-financed shipments.

On the lower end of the growth scale are textiles, passenger cars, and tractors—all representing industries for which relatively large markets have developed abroad and in which developmental expenditures are now relatively less important. Although some of these industries require large capital expenditures, this does not appear to have been a major impediment to their development abroad, since capital for industrial investments has achieved a large degree of international mobility, especially in recent years, and to a large extent through U.S. investments abroad. The decline in petroleum exports was in part due to the development of lower cost production abroad, and the growth of refining facilities in foreign countries.

Exports of wheat, corn, cotton, and tobacco, rose less rapidly than exports as a whole. The same applies to iron and steel mill products. The major capital goods categories and trucks appeared to be grouped around the average. The same appears to be the case with respect to most consumer goods other than automobiles and textiles.

An improvement in our balance of payments may have to come from a rise in our receipts relative to payments in our transactions with the economically more advanced countries as well as in those with the less developed areas.

The large gains in reserves since 1957 were made by the economically advanced countries, and our net receipts from these countries can rise by a considerable margin without impairing their international liquidity. By contrast, the relatively underdeveloped areas generally have not added to their reserves during the last year but, on the contrary, frequently reduced them. Their total purchases abroad conform rather closely to their foreign exchange receipts. Therefore, an improvement in our net balance with these countries would be possible only if the balance on their transactions with other industrial countries would change in the opposite direction.

Monthly BUSINESS STATISTICS

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THE STATISTICS here are a continuation of the data published in the 1957 edition of Business Statistics, biennial Statistical Supplement to the Survey of Current Business. That volume (price \$2) contains monthly (or quarterly) data for the years 1953 through 1956 and monthly averages for all years back to 1929 insofar as available; it also provides a description of each series and references to sources of monthly figures prior to 1953. Series added or significantly revised since publication of the 1957 Business Statistics are indicated by an asterisk (*) and a dagger (†), respectively; certain revisions for 1956 issued too late for inclusion in the aforementioned volume appear in the monthly Survey beginning with the July 1957 issue. Except as otherwise stated, the terms "unadjusted" and "adjusted" refer to adjustment for seasonal variation.

Statistics originating in Government agencies are not copyrighted and may be reprinted freely. Data from private sources are provided through the courtesy of the compilers, and are subject to their copyrights.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and					1958							1959		
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау
	(GENE	RAL 1	BUSIN	ESS	INDIC	ATOR	RS						
NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT														
Seasonally adjusted quarterly totals at annual rates:† National income, totalbil.of dolbil.of			353. 9			364. 3			373. 5		 	 		
Compensation of employees, total do Wages and salaries, total do	1		250. 7 234. 2			255. 3 238. 4			258. 4 241. 3			265, 5 247, 3		
Privatedo			191. 8 9. 6			195. 0 10. 0			197. 6 10. 0			203. 1 9. 9		
Private do Military do Government civilian do Supplements to wages and salaries do			32.8			33.4			33.7			34, 3		
			16. 4			16.9			17.1			18. 2		
Proprietors' income, totald do. Business and professionald do. Farm do.			45. 6 30. 7			45. 5 31. 1		·	45. 5 31. 8			45. 8 32. 4		
Farmdo			14.9			14.4			13.7			13. 4		
Rental income of personsdododododo			12.1			12. 2		·	12.3			12. 5		
ment. total hil of dol	ł		32. 5 32. 0		<u></u>	38. 0 37. 9		·	44.0					
Corporate profits before tax, total do Corporate profits tax liability do			16.3			19.3			45, 2 23. 0					
Corporate profits after tax do Inventory valuation adjustment do	į.	l .	15.7			18.6			22. 2					
	1	ĺ	.5			. 2		·	-1.2					
Net interestdo			13.1			13. 2			13.3			13.6		
Gross national product, total ¶do	1		430. 4			439. 8		-	453.0			467.0	-	
Personal consumption expenditures, totaldododo			288.3 35.6			291.5 36.1			295. 9 38. 9			300. 5		
Nondurable goodsdodo			141.4			142.9			143.3			145. 2		
Servicesdo			111.3			112.5		-	113.6			115.1		
Gross private domestic investment, totaldo			50.7			54. 5		.	61, 6			70. 2		
New construction do Producers' durable equipment do Change in business inventories do			34.9 22.3			36. 3 22. 3		: <u> </u>	38, 6 23, 0			40.0 24.5		
Change in business inventoriesdo			-6.5			-4.2						5. 7		
Net exports of goods and services ¶do			1, 7			1.7			. 4	l	l	3		
Exportsdo Importsdo			22. 4 20. 8			22. 8 21. 2			22. 1 21. 7			21. 5 21. 8		
Government purchases of goods and services, total ¶					-				1			!		
Federal (less Government sales)			89, 7 50, 7			92. 0 52. 2			95, 2 54, 2			96. 6 54. 3		
Federal (less Government sales)¶do National defense ♀do			44. 1			44.5			45.3			45.8		
State and localdo			39, 1			39. 9			41.0			42.3		
Personal income, total do do do do do do do do do do do do do			351.3 42.3			358. 6			359. 5			365. 7		
Less: Personal tax and nontax payments do Equals: Disposable personal income do do do do do do do do do do do do do			309.0			43. 5 315. 1			43.7 315.8	l		44.8 320.9		
Personal saving§dodo	1		20.7			23.6	1		19.9	l	l	20.4		
PERSONAL INCOME, BY SOURCE						20.0			10.0			20.1		
Seasonally adjusted, at annual rates:†				1 355.6	l				[l				
Total personal incomebil, of dol	349.7	351.4	353. 4	1 360. 1	357. 2	358. 7	358. 2	360. 7	359. 9	363.0	365. 4	369. 5	7 373. 2	3 76. 2
Wage and salary disbursements, totaldo	232.0	233. 1	235.8	1 242. 2	238. 5	239. 4	239. 0	242, 0	243.3	245. 4	246. 9	250. 2	, 253. 4	255 8
Commodity-producing industries, total do Manufacturing only do do	95. 0 74. 3	95.6 74.6	96. 6 75. 4	97. 1 75. 9	97. 7 76. 5	98. 4 77. 4	97. 7 76. 5	100.3 79.1	101. 0 79. 9	102. 1 80. 8	102. 7 81. 5	105, 1 83, 4	7 107. 5 7 85. 0	109. 0 86. 1
Distributive industriesdo	62.4	62.6	63. 3	63.5	63. 6	63.6	63.7	63.9	64. 2	64.8	65.3	65. 8	r 66. 2	66.7
Service industriesdodododo	33, 4 41, 2	33. 4 41. 5	33.6 42.4	33. 7 1 48. 0	33. 8 43. 4	33.9 43.5	33. 9 43. 7	34. 2 43. 7	34. 3 43. 9	34. 5 44. 0	34. 7 44. 2	34. 9 44. 4	7 35. 2 7 44. 6	35. 4 44. 7
Other labor incomedo Proprietors' income:	8.9	8.9	8.9	9.0	9.1	9. 2	9.2	9.3	9. 3	9.4	9. 5	9.5	9.6	9.6
Business and professionaldo	30, 6	30.7	30.8	31.0	31.1	31.3	31.6	31.8	32.0	32.3	32.4	32.8	7 33. 1	33. £
Farmdo	15.0	15. 2	14.6	14. 4	14.4	14. 3	14. 1	13.6	13. 5	13. 3	13. 4	13. 5	13.3	13. 2
Rental income of personsdo Dividendsdo	12. 1 12. 4	12. 1 12. 4	12. 2 12. 5	12.2	12. 2 12. 5	12.3	12.3	12.3	12.4	12.4	12.5	12.5	12.5	12.5
Personal interest income do	19.3	12.4	19. 3	12. 5 19. 3	12.5	12. 5 19. 5	12. 4 19. 5	12. 4 19. 5	10. 6 19. 6	12. 5 19. 6	12. 5 19. 8	12. 6 20. 0	12. 6 20. 2	12. 7 20. 5
Transfer paymentsdo Less personal contributions for social insurdo	26, 1	26.4	26. 0	26.5	26.8	27.0	26. 9	26.6	26.0	25.8	26. 1	26. 1	7 26.3	26. 5
	6.6	6.7	6.7	7.0	6.8	6.8	6.8	6.8	6.8	7.7	7. 7	7.8	7.9	7. 9
Total nonagricultural incomedo	331.0	332.4	335.1	1 342.0	339. 2	340.9	340.3	343.2	342. 4	345.8	348. 2	352, 1	7 355.9	3 59. 0

Revised. 1 Italicized total excludes and other footnoted figures include lump-sum retroactive salary payments to Federal employees; disbursements of \$48.2 \ | 302.1 \ | 735.9 \ | 388.0 \ | 200.2 \ | 302.1 \ | 735.9 \ | 388.0 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \ | 300.2 \

nless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and					1958			,				1959		
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May
	SENEI	RAL B	USIN	ESS I	NDIC	ATOR	S—Co	ntinu	ed					
NEW PLANT AND EQUIPMENT EXPENDITURES														
nadjusted quarterly totals: All industriesmil.of dol			7, 761			7, 427			8, 013			r 6, 905	1 r 8, 281	28,31
Manufacturing dodo			2, 939 1, 395 1, 544			2, 664 1, 257 1, 407			2, 932 1, 376 1, 556			r 2, 456 r 1, 144 r 1, 312	7 3, 056 7 1, 452 7 1, 604	3, 14 1, 54 1, 60
Miningdo Railroadsdo			239 202			223 140		 	254 156			r 213 r 159	7 266 7 258	$\frac{2}{2}$
Transportation, other than raildododododo			369 1, 511 2, 501			320			413 1,717 2,541			r 408 r 1, 199 r 2, 470	7 538 7 1, 498 7 2, 665	1, 5 2, 6
asonally adjusted quarterly totals at annual rates: All industriesbil, of dol			30. 32			29. 61			29. 97			r 30. 62	1 + 32, 29	² 33.
Manufacturing do Durable-goods industries do Nondurable-goods industries do			11. 53 5. 57 5. 96	**************************************		10. 86 5. 16 5. 70			10. 58 4. 86 5. 72			* 11. 20 * 5. 26 * 5. 94	r 11, 95 r 5, 75 r 6, 20	12. 6. 6.
Miningdo			. 92 . 77			. 88			.97			. 95 r. 63	7 1. 02 7. 99	1
Transportation, other than raildo Public utilitiesdo Commercial and otherdo			1. 40 5. 97 9. 73	 		1. 29 6. 10 9. 85			1. 62 6. 26 9. 96			7 1, 71 7 5, 80 7 10, 33	r 2, 06 r 5, 91 r 10, 36	5 10
FARM INCOME AND MARKETINGS;										1				
sh receipts from farming, including Government payments, total mil. of dol.	2, 214	2, 305	2, 532	2, 920	3, 025	3, 553	4,052	3, 544	3, 087	2, 909	2, 276	2, 216		
Farm marketings and CCC loans, totaldo Cropsdo Livestock and products, total 9do	2, 198 624 1, 574	2, 286 645 1, 641	2, 423 908 1, 515	2, 743 1, 212 1, 531	2, 862 1, 356 1, 506	3, 286 1, 583 1, 703	3, 935 2, 083 1, 852	3, 478 1, 832 1, 646	3, 034 1, 516 1, 518	2,862 1,344 1,518	2, 242 878 1, 364	2, 190 684 1, 506		
Dairy products do Meat animals do Poultry and eggs dodo	392 885 259	421 905 270	399 833 254	383 870 258	371 848 272	1, 052 282	1, 173 304	364 958 310	363 881 260	366 888 238	347 768 223	388 850 248		
lexes of cash receipts from marketings and CCC loans, unadjusted: All commodities	90	94	99	113	118	135	162	143	125	118	92	90		
Cropsdo Livestock and productsdo dexes of volume of farm marketings, unadjusted:	58 115	120	85 111	113 112	126 111	148 125	194 136	171 121	141 111	125 111	82 100	64 110		
All commodities	91 49 123	96 53 128	111 97 121	125 131 121	131 144 121	145 161 133	178 218 148	156 191 129	139 155 126	127 135 120	104 94 112	100 70 123		
INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION♂ Federal Reserve Index of Physical Volume													ĺ	
adjusted, combined index1947-49=100_	127	127	131	125	136	140	143	144	140	142	147	149	, 151	p
Manufactures dodo	129 133 89	129 133 93	133 138 106	127 132 90	138 140 102	141 146 111	145 149 123	146 155 124	141 152 119	144 154 127	150 160 144	152 7 163 154	7 154 166 7 155	p p
Steeldo Primary nonferrous metalsdo	82 146	91 141	105 133	92 126	105 128	114 138	129 150	128 157	127 162	136 163	156 169	170 167	7 171 169	,p
Metal fabricating (incl. ordnance) do Fabricated metal products do Machinery do Nonelectrical machinery do do do do do do do do do do do do do	148 118 139 126	146 119 135 124	149 125 138 125	144 123 133 120	150 133 142 119	156 141 151 128	158 136 150 127	167 136 153 131	168 136 152 133	168 134 156 134	172 135 162 142	164 147	176 142 165 7 149	p p
Transportation equipment ?	181	159 181 99	162 183 100	158 175 87	186 173 53	195 170 37	194 184 71	197 211 160	190 214 161	199 211 154	202 212 149	r 196 r 215 163	7 196 7 217	p
Autos do do Aircraft and parts do do do do do do do do do do do do do	90 561	96 553 157	91 568 159	76 561 157	78 573 160	67 583 168	89 582 171	112	100 595 176	110 587 176	133 587 179	138 7 583 7 183	164 7 143 7 581 184	p p
Instruments and related productsdo Furniture and fixturesdo Lumber and productsdo Stone, clay, and glass productsdo	108	108 110 141	113 120 148	113 106 148	124 130 155	130 127 160	132 131 155	132 126	132 109 145	132 116 141	134 124 145	135 125 + 156	7 135 133 7 166	p
Miscellaneous manufactures	125 125	125	130 128	126 123	135	143	147	144	137	133	137	139	, 142 , 143	p
Nondurable manufactures do Food and beverage manufactures do Food manufactures do do do do do do do do do do do do food manufactures versión do do do do do do do do do do do do do	105 104	110 106 115	119 114 121	119 116 115	126 127 120	131 134 130	129 130 138	120 121	110 112 133	107 110 139	109 110 140	109 108 133	113 111	
Meat products do Bakery products do Beverages do Alcoholic beverages do do do Beverages do do do do do do do do do do do do do	123 98 110 101	100 122 112	103 138 125	104 128 107	102 122 104	102 119 108	103 124 124	101 113	101 104 94	98 95 91	99 105 100	r 99	99	
Tobacco manufacturesdo	112	118 93	125 94	109 86	130 103	125 103	130 109	128 107	103 100	121 107	130 113	121 113	129 117	
Textile-mill products 9 do Cotton and synthetic fabries do Wool textiles do Apparel and allied products do	108	98 71 105	100 82 106	86 67 99	107 76 117	111 75 113	112 75 121	118 71 117	106 62 105	119	122 128	r 130	131	
Leather and products do Paper and allied products do Pulp and paper do	95 156	92 153 147	99 159 153	92 145 137	108 168 159	105 169 159	109 181 171	108 170	102 153 148		120 177 171	116 176 7 171	183	
Printing and publishingdo Chemicals and allied productsdo	180	139 177	137 177	132 174	136 182		147 195	195	195		142 202 226	148 - 205		p
Industrial chemicals do	124	184 127 136	184 131 141	183 133 146	190 140 149		137	140		218 146 160	226 145 157	231 7 148 7 154	r p 143 p 148	P

r Revised. r Preliminary. Estimates for April-June 1959 based on anticipated capital expenditures of business. Anticipated expenditures of r the year 1959 based on anticipated capital expenditures of business. Survey. Survey: a survey: Su

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and					1958							1959		
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау
(SENEI	RAL B	USIN	ESS I	NDIC	ATOR	S—Co	ntinu	ed	•	<u> </u>			<u></u>
INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION — Continued]									
Unadjusted index—Continued Minerals	109	109	115	110	120	193	194	193	124	124	123	r 122	123	p 127
Coal do Crude oil and natural gas do	60 132	61 130	72 133	46 137	70 142	123 73 145	124 75 144	123 75 147	76 150	73 152	74 150	7 69 7 149	68 147	▶72 ▶148
Metal miningdo Stone and earth mineralsdo	81 136	86 144	100 150	91 151	96 153	107 158	107 156	93 151	81 139	86 131	91 130	r 91 r 138	104 151	
Seasonally adjusted, combined indexdo	126	128	132	134	136	137	138	141	142	143	145	147	r 159	₽ 152
Manufactures do Durable manufactures do Primary metals do	128 131 86	130 134 91	134 139 103	136 141 102	138 144 109	139 145 113	140 146 122	143 151 123	144 152 123	145 153 125	148 157 138	150 160 146	7 153 164 7 149	» 158 » 168 » 153
Metal fabricating (incl. ordnance)do Fabricated metal productsdo	146 118	148 120	151 125	154 129	156 132	155 135	156 133	163 136	165 136	166 136	168 135	170 r 138	r 173 142	₽ 178 ₽ 146
Machinerydo Nonelectrical machinerydo Electrical machinerydo	137 122 166	137 122 167	141 125 171	144 125 181	147 126 188	148 129 186	147 130 180	150 133 183	152 132 190	154 132 199	158 138 198	159 r 142 r 192	163 r 145 r 198	p 168 p 148 p 207
Transportation equipmentdoAutos, trucks, and partsdo	178 86	182 93	185 95	185 96	186 96	178 82	183 91	203 119	204 123	204 124	204 123	207 128	r 211 132	₽ 216 ₽ 136
Other transportation equipmentdo Instruments and related productsdo	316 159	314 158	320 160	318 162	321 162	322 166	321 169	327 173	322 175	322 176	322 179	322 7 181	7 327 182	∞ 332 ∞ 189
Furniture and fixtures do Lumber and products do do Lumber and products do do do do do do do do do do do do do	110 107	113 109	116 113	119 114	123 120	126 118	127 120	129 125	127 125	133 127	132 126	135 129	7 138 133	p 140
Stone, clay, and glass productsdododododo	135 129	139 129	145 132	152 135	150 134	157 137	149 138	151 137	148 134	147 137	149 137	158 141	r 166 r 146	» 170 » 149
Nondurable manufactures do Food and beverage manufactures do	125 113	126 114	129 116	132 116	133 116	133 115	134 115	135 116	135 117	137 118	139 - 119	r 140 119	7 142 119	⊅ 143
Food manufactures do do do do do do do do do do do do do	115 108	114 114	116 116	116 114	116 115	116 114	115 115	116 119	116 121	117 121	7 119 121	⁷ 120	120	
Tobacco manufacturesdo Textile-mill productsdo Apparel and allied productsdo	117 92	115 92	116 95	121 101	121 103	• 121 103	120 104	126 104	126 104	121 106	130 108	121 110	134 115	
Apparel and allied productsdo Leather and productsdo	106 94	106 97	110 100	115 104	114	116 104	118	117	116	117	7 120	106	124	
Paper and allied productsdo Printing and publishingdo	152 137	153 137	157 138	163 138	166 140	167 140	171 142	113 168 142	166 139	167 144	109 172 145	7 173 145	175 - 147	» 149
Chemicals and allied productsdo Industrial chemicalsdo	178 182	178 182	181 187	184 193	186 196	187 204	189 209	192 212	194 214	196 216	199 222	7 202 226	203	
Petroleum and coal productsdododo	$\frac{127}{112}$	129 113	131 125	136 125	139 132	135 136	137 133	139 141	142 140	143 142	144 150	7 149 156	⁷ 148 135	p 143
Minerals do do do	109 63	108 62	112 66	116 65	120 68	123 70	122 69	123	124 73	124 69	124 74	, 123	123 71	₽ 126 ₽ 73
Coal do do Crude oil and natural gas do Metal mining do do do do do do do do do do do do do	129 88	130 73	134 80	141 80	146 83	149 90	148 92	72 147 101	148 108	149 113	146 114	144 + 115	p 145 113	» 148
Stone and earth mineralsdo CONSUMER DURABLES OUTPUTo	139	142	145	146	144	149	148	148	142	145	143	7 148	155	
Unadjusted, total output1947-49=100	101	103	109	100	100	103	116	143	137	136	140	144	r 141	p 140
Major consumer durables do do do do do do do do do do do do do	100 89	103 99	109 100	97 87	94 53	96 37	113 71	155 160	147 161	145 154	150 149	7 155 163	154 164	p 151
Major household goods do Furniture and floor coverings do	110 104	108 101	119 105	108 105	130 118	150 126	151 131	153 130	138 130	140 130	154 135	7 151 136	148 134	
Appliances and heatersdo Radio and television setsdo	112 125	115 112	$\frac{132}{122}$	109 114	114 214	150 222	147 221	156 212	137 163	131 193	158 199	159 173	155 166	
Other consumer durablesdo	103 97	102	108	107	115	119	123	117	113	115	117	117	* 112	≯ 116
Seasonally adjusted, total outputdo Major consumer durablesdo	94	105 104	111 111	114 116	115 116	103	108	133 142	134	133 140	r 132	135 141	136 • 145	⊅ 140 ⊅ 148
Autosdodododo	81 107	96 113	99 123	99 133	95 137	56 138	67 141	139 148	143 144	139 143	130 148	142 142	147 145	» 153
Furniture and floor coveringsdo Appliances and heatersdo	104 102	106 112	109 125	116 129	117 132	120 137	124 148	127 159	127 156	132 140	133 150	r 133 139	134 140	
Radio and television setsdo Other consumer durablesdo	131 106	138 105	155 111	191 111	207 112	197 113	166 114	174 113	162 114	187 118	7 185 119	7 179 121	189 7 115	» 119
BUSINESS SALES AND INVENTORIES§‡														
Manufacturing and trade sales (seas, adj.), total bil. of dol	52.1	52. 4	53. 2	54.0	54, 4	54. 8	55, 6	56. 1	57. 4	57, 4	58. 0	59.1	60. 5	
Manufacturing, totaldo Durable-goods industriesdo	24. 9 11. 5	25, 2 11, 6	25.7 12.1	26.3 12.3	26. 4 12. 4	26, 8 12, 7	27. 2 12. 9	27. 5 13. 3	28. 1 13. 6	28. 1 13. 5	$28.5 \\ 13.9$	29. 1 r 14. 4	30. 2 15. 1	
Nondurable-goods industriesdo Wholesale trade, totaldo	13. 4 10. 7	13. 6 10. 7	13. 7 10. 9	14.0 11.0	14.0 11.1	14. 1 11. 4	14. 2 11. 5	14. 2 11. 6	14. 5 11. 7	14. 6 11. 8	14. 6 11. 9	14. 7 12. 1	15. 1 12. 4	
Durable-goods establishmentsdo Nondurable-goods establishmentsdo	3. 7 7. 0	3. 7 7. 0	3. 8 7. 0	3.8 7.2	4. 0 7. 2	4. 1 7. 3	4. 1 7. 4	4. 3 7. 4	4.3 7.4	4. 3 7. 5	4. 4 7. 5	4. 6 7. 6	4. 7 7. 7	
Retail trade, totaldo Durable-goods storesdo Nondurable-goods storesdo	16. 5 5. 2 11. 3	16. 6 5. 2 11, 3	16. 6 5. 1 11. 4	16. 7 5. 2 11, 5	16. 9 5. 2 11. 6	16. 6 5. 1 11. 5	16. 9 5. 4 11. 6	17. 0 5. 5 11. 4	17. 6 5. 8 11. 8	17. 5 5. 8 11. 6	17. 6 5. 9 11. 7	17. 9 6. 0 7 11. 9	17. 9 6. 1 11. 8	
Manufacturing and trade inventories, book value, end of month (seas. adj.), totalbil. of dol	87. 6	86. 9	86. 4	85. 9	85. 4	85. 0	84. 9	85.0	85. 2	85. 6	85. 9	r 86. 4	87. 3	
Manufacturing, totaldo Durable-goods industriesdo	51. 5 29. 4	50. 9 29. 0	50. 2 28. 5	49. 8 28. 3	49. 4 28. 1	49.3 28.0	49. 3 27. 9	49. 3 27. 9	49. 2 27. 9	49. 5 28. 1	49. 9 28. 4	50. 3 28. 8	50.8	
Nondurable-goods industriesdo	22. 1 12. 2	21. 9	21.7	21. 5	21. 4	21. 2	21.4	21. 4	21.3	21. 4	21. 5	21. 5	21.7	
w noiesale trade, total do Durable-goods establishments do Nondurable-goods establishments do	12. 2 6. 3 5. 9	12. 1 6. 2 5. 9	12. 1 6. 2 5. 9	12. 1 6. 2 5. 9	12. 1 6. 2	12, 1 6, 2 5, 9	12. 1 6. 2 5. 9	12.1 6.3	12.0 6.3	11.9 6.3	11.9 6.3	7 12.0 6.3		
Retail trade, total do— Durable-goods stores do—	23. 9	23. 9	24. 1	24.0	5, 9 23, 9	23. 7	23. 5	5.8 23.6	5. 7 24. 0	5. 6 24. 2	5. 6 24. 1	5. 6 7 24. 2	24. 4	
Nondurable-goods stores	10. 8 13. 2	10. 8 13. 1	10. 8 13. 3	10. 7 13. 3	10. 7 13. 2	10. 5 13. 2	10.3 13.2	10. 5 13. 1	10.8 13.2	$\begin{vmatrix} 11.0 \\ 13.2 \end{vmatrix}$. Busines	11. 0 13. 2	11. I 13. 0	13.1 4	

⁷ Revised. p Preliminary. See corresponding note on p. S-2. § The term "business" here includes only manufacturing and trade. Business inventories as shown on p. S-1 cover data for all types of producers, both farm and nonfarm. Unadjusted data for manufacturing are shown on p. S-4; those for retail and wholesale trade on pp. S-9, S-10, and S-11. †Data beginning January 1948 for wholesale trade (not published in the 1957 edition of Business Statistics) are available as follows: For 1948-50, upon request; for 1961-56, on p. 32 of the August 1957 Survey.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and					1958							1959		
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May
	ENE	RAL B	USIN	ESS I	NDIC	ATOR	S—Co	ntinu	ed		:		i	
MANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES,										1				
AND ORDERS	2.010	27 422	22 .00	24 245	00.440	OT 000	00.000	0.0 200	07.074	07.000	05 -00	- 00 - 504	00.000	
Sales, value (unadjusted), totalmil. of dol Durable-goods industries, total 9do	25, 248 11, 921	25, 426 11, 960	26, 122 12, 584	24, 845 11, 317	26, 143 11, 880	27, 323 12, 687	28, 820 13, 584	26, 729 12, 911	27, 954 13, 717	27, 329 13, 066	27, 502 13, 501	7 30, 564 7 15, 280	30, 836 15, 770	
Primary metaldododo	1,740 1,316	1,757 1,350	2, 052 1, 452	1,632 1,433	1,900 1,592	2,069 1,696	2, 300 1, 684	1, 999 1, 415	2, 117 1, 415	2, 195 1, 417	2, 320 1, 390	7 2, 792 7 1, 622	2, 948 1, 717	
Machinery (including electrical)dodododo	3, 867 1, 512	3, 772 1, 526	3, 967 1, 624	3, 455 1, 418	3, 615 1, 574	3, 993 1, 758	4, 112 1, 865	3, 736 1, 728	4, 085 1, 843	3, 797 1, 580	4, 125 1, 668	7 4, 595 7 1, 791	4, 591 1, 755	
Transportation equipmentdo Motor vehicles and partsdo Lumber and furnituredo	2, 632 1, 504 788	2, 675 1, 568 788	2, 637 1, 514 803	2, 436 1, 419 757	2, 103 1, 103 894	2, 093 1, 009 933	2, 588 1, 458 982	3, 208 2, 104 843	3, 646 2, 415 831	3, 275 2, 197 829	3, 215 2, 019 853	7 3, 466 7 2, 304 7 969	3, 634 2, 353 985	
Stone, clay, and glass	617 13, 327	652 13, 466	677 13, 538	662 13, 528	710 14, 263	757 14, 636	757 15, 236	640 13, 818	583 14, 237	561 14, 263	582 14, 001	724 15, 284	774 15, 066	
Food and beveragedodo	4, 227 362	4, 434 381	4, 441 401	4, 414 410	4, 452 387	4, 571 398	4, 730 408	4, 347	4, 353 422	4, 251 377	4, 155 364	r 4, 483	4, 419 405	
Tobacco	965 883	930 904	1,006 921	936 871	1,098 960	1, 131 958	1, 219 1, 013	1, 123 917	1, 071 898	1, 083 942	1, 156 938	r 1, 243 r 1, 018	1, 206 1, 046	
Petroleum and coal do do do do do do do do do do do do do	1, 944 2, 516 438	1, 981 2, 630 432	1, 949 2, 628 467	1, 865 2, 750 473	1, 983 2, 787 442	2, 137 2, 774	2, 164 2, 874 527	1, 881 2, 763 425	1, 833 3, 237 502	1, 947 3, 195 503	1, 853 2, 946 456	7 2, 132 7 3, 107 526	2, 240 2, 967	
Rubberdo Sales, value (seas. adj.), totaldo	24, 945	25, 206	25, 747	26, 284	26, 388	26, 804	27, 158	27, 467	28, 135	28, 143	28, 481	r 29, 106	30, 232	
Durable-goods industries, total 9do Primary metaldo	11, 532 1, 657	11, 643 1, 656	12, 086 1, 854	12, 256 1, 917	12, 385 1, 984	12, 723 2, 065	12, 943 2, 182	13, 295 2, 113	13, 613 2, 256	13, 541 2, 230	13, 870 2, 421	7 14, 376 7 2, 580	15, 123 2, 792	
Fabricated metaldododododo	1, 302 3, 748	1, 331 3, 736	1, 397 3, 780	1, 454 3, 808	1, 482 3, 817	1, 593 3, 999	1, 569 3, 993	1,553 3,951	1, 586 3, 975	1, 537 4, 017	1, 526 4, 131	7 1, 605 7 4, 226	1,667 4,400	
Electrical do do Transportation equipment do do do do do do do do do do do do do	1, 567 2, 466	1, 572 2, 536	1, 572 2, 610	1, 577 2, 550	1,624 2,582	1, 712 2, 438	1, 726 2, 592	1, 728 3, 040	1,710 3,184	1,708 3,167	1, 724 3, 168	7 1, 704 7 3, 188	1, 807 3, 383	
Motor vehicles and partsdo Lumber and furnituredo Stone, clay, and glassdo	1, 361 791 605	1, 467 807 621	1, 572 822 645	1, 519 836 676	1, 453 832 657	1, 318 850 701	1. 494 898 653	1, 866 891 667	2, 046 884 655	2, 003 879 668	1, 960 894 677	7 2, 060 7 918 7 731	2, 129 991 759	
Nondurable-goods industries, total 9do	13, 413	13, 563	13, 661	14, 028	14, 003	14, 081	14, 215	14, 172	14, 522	14, 602	14, 611	· 14, 730	15, 109	
Food and beveragedo Tobaccodo Textiledo	4, 348 373 1, 016	4, 416 363 994	4, 357 382 1, 025	4, 371 390 1, 061	4, 373 372 1, 077	4, 312 386 1, 027	4, 377 385 1, 042	4, 436 378 1, 102	4, 481 414 1, 079	4, 522 428 1, 102	4, 479 428 1, 140	7 4, 465 7 416 7 1, 200	4, 546 418 1, 241	
Paper do	874 1,832	895 1, 875	903 1, 899	937 1, 979	941 2,003	949 2,071	947 2, 077	936 2,023	955 2,004	942 1, 932	977 1, 930	7 988 7 1, 979	1, 036 2, 083	
Petroleum and coaldodododo	2, 594 429	2, 657 428	2, 682 445	2, 806 478	2, 787 438	2, 860 464	2, 903 493	2, 819 472	2, 970 518	3, 043 508	3, 037 490	7 3, 046 506	3, 059	
Inventories, end of month: Book value (unadjusted), totaldodo	51, 595	50, 862	50, 278	49, 357	48, 887	48, 910	49, 015	49, 160	49, 468	49, 776	50, 190	r 50, 626	51,003	
Durable-goods industries, total Qdo	29, 683 4, 185	29, 182 4, 126	28, 698 3, 999	28, 116 4, 050	27, 658 4, 100	27, 745 4, 099	27, 687 4, 132	27, 684 4, 217	27, 873 4, 297	28, 178 4, 293	28, 566 4, 286	r 29, 116 r 4, 271	29, 408 4, 185	
Machinery (including electrical)do	2, 983 9, 885 3, 684	2, 938 9, 771 3, 648	2, 987 9, 542 3, 580	2,898 9,290 3,494	2,777 9,110 3,413	2, 785 8, 918 3, 356	2, 840 8, 862 3, 306	2, 809 8, 866 3, 312	2, 810 8, 852 3, 295	2, 903 8, 967 3, 307	3, 008 9, 125 3, 376	7 3, 151	3, 285 9, 453	
Electricaldo Transportation equipmentdo Motor vehicles and partsdo	6, 956 2, 821	6, 716 2, 622	6, 579 2, 504	6, 384 2, 375	6, 302 2, 374	6, 718 2, 769	6, 665 2, 722	6, 593 2, 666	6, 639 2, 635	6, 695 2, 625	6, 738 2, 704	r 3, 452 r 6, 908 r 2, 766	3, 536 6, 948	
Stone, clay, and glassdodo	1, 814 1, 282	1, 809 1, 26 1	1,807 1,246	1, 786 1, 228	1, 725 1, 196	1, 691 1, 164	1, 664 1, 148	1, 683 1, 162	1, 728 1, 188	1, 713 1, 219	1, 723 1, 249	7 1, 750 7 1, 265	2, 841 1, 736 1, 275	
By stages of fabrication:‡ Purchased materialsbil. of dol. Goods in processdodo	7. 7 11. 9	7. 6 11. 6	7. 6 11. 3	7. 6 11. 1	7. 5 11. 1	7. 7 11. 3	7.7 11.3	7. 7 11. 2	7.7 11.3	7. 6 11. 5	7. 7 11. 5	7. 9 11. 6	8. 1 11. 6	
Finished goods dodoNondurable-goods industries, total 9 mil. of dol	10.1	10.0	9. 7 21, 580	9, 4	9. 1 21, 229	8. 8 21, 165	8. 7 21, 328	8.8	9. 0 21, 595	9. 1 21, 598	9, 4	9.6	9.7	
Food and beveragedododo	4, 520 1, 915	4, 406 1, 861	4, 416 1, 785	4, 468 1, 726	4, 644 1, 746	4, 736 1, 783	4, 917 1, 838	4, 958 1, 861	4, 891 1, 978	4, 831 1, 994	4, 777 1, 997	7 4, 662 7 1, 951	4, 640	
Textiledodo	2, 675 1, 483	2,675 1,455	2, 635 1, 435	2, 584 1, 413	2, 499 1, 404	2, 432 1, 391	2, 385 1, 395	2, 371 1, 405	2, 422 1, 443	2, 462 1, 451	2, 490 1, 474	7 2, 502 7 1, 491	2, 522 1, 494	
Chemicaldo Petroleum and coaldo Rubberdo	3, 858 3, 372 1, 078	3, 783 3, 343 1, 051	3, 776 3, 348 1, 015	3, 708 3, 314 960	3, 674 3, 340 963	3, 647 3, 369 983	3, 686 3, 374 981	3, 724 3, 390 998	3, 791 3, 264 1, 004	3, 787 3, 199 1, 023	3, 805 3, 175 1, 053	7 3, 793 7 3, 187 1, 071	3, 783 3, 246	
By stages of fabrication:‡ Purchased materialsbil. of dol.	8. 9 2. 9	8. 6 3. 0	8, 5 3. 0	8. 4 2. 9	8. 4 2. 9	8. 4	8. 5 2. 9	8. 6 2. 9	8. 9 2. 9	8, 8 3. 0	8.8 3.0	78.8	8.7	
Goods in processdo Finished goodsdo	10. 1	10. 1	10.1	9.9	9.9	2, 9 9, 9	9.9	10.0	9.8	9.8	9.8	7 3. 0 9. 7	3. 1 9. 8	
Book value (seas. adj.), totalmil. of dol Durable-goods industries, total?do	51, 486 29, 424	50, 896 28, 981	50, 246 28, 528	49, 777 28, 311	49, 425 28, 066	49, 296 28, 048	49, 337 27, 932	49, 297 27, 877	49, 209 27, 863	49, 503 28, 117	49, 861 28, 373	7 50, 323 7 28, 846	50, 825 29, 159	
Primary metal do Fabricated metal do do do do do do do do do do do do do	4, 362 2, 925	4, 277 2, 852	4, 169 2, 844	4, 122 2, 814	4, 110 2, 777	4, 043 2, 842	4, 065 2, 928	4, 058 2, 896	4, 100 2, 927	4, 180 2, 993	4, 280 3, 069	7 4, 372 7 3, 120	4, 364 3, 189	
Machinery (including electrical)do Electricaldo	9, 744 3, 640	9, 636 3, 573	9, 446 3, 472	9, 323 3, 456	9, 221 3, 419	9, 074 3, 386	9, 026 3, 345	8, 954 3, 366	8, 914 3, 352	9, 030 3, 382	9, 063 3, 417	7 9, 155 7 3, 454	9, 317 3, 494	
Transportation equipment	6, 863 2, 775 1, 783	6, 721 2, 622 1, 772	6, 595 2, 504 1, 776	6, 584 2, 513 1, 773	6, 536 2, 553 1, 742	6, 751 2, 792 1, 732	6, 594 2, 651 1, 721	6, 576 2, 623 1, 730	6, 574 2, 584 1, 740	6, 578 2, 558 1, 702	6, 608 2, 589 1, 702	7 6, 806 7 2, 674 7 1, 722	6, 893 2, 796 1, 706	
Lumber and furnituredo Stone, clay, and glassdo By stages of fabrication:‡	1, 233	1, 236	1, 234	1, 228	1, 220	1, 212	1, 221	1, 223	1, 200	1, 207	1, 201	r 1, 205	1, 226	
Purchased materialsbil. of dol Goods in processdo Finished goodsdo	8. 0 11. 8 9. 7	7. 8 11. 6 9. 6	7. 6 11. 4 9. 5	7.5 11.3 9.5	7. 4 11. 3 9. 3	7. 5 11. 3 9. 2	7.7 11.3 9.0	7. 6 11. 3 9. 0	7.5 11.3 9.0	7. 7 11. 4 9. 0	7. 8 11. 4 9. 2	8.1 11.5 9.3	8.3 11.5 9.3	
Nondurable-goods industries, total Qmil. of dol.	22, 062	21,915	21, 718	21, 466	21, 359	21, 248	21, 405	21, 420	21, 346	21, 386	21, 488	* 21, 477	21, 666	
Food and beveragedo Tobaccodo Textiledo	4, 765 1, 896 2, 606	4, 759 1, 880 2, 584	4, 761 1, 859 2, 572	4,706 1,836 2,550	4, 638 1, 838 2, 524	4, 598 1, 838 2, 499	4, 694 1, 857 2, 490	4, 676 1, 861 2, 456	4, 646 1, 904 2, 469	4, 669 1, 881 2, 487	4,740 1,902 2,476	7 4, 752 7 1, 876 7 2, 451	4, 824 1, 891 2, 457	
Paperdo	1,468	1, 455 3, 796	1, 435 3, 747	1,413 3,722	1, 418 3, 734	1,405 3,747	1, 423 3, 760	1, 419 3, 767	1, 443 3, 748	1, 451 3, 764	1, 459 3, 744	r 1, 462 r 3, 742	1, 479 3, 763	
Chemical do Petroleum and coal do Rubber do By stages of fabrication:	3, 441 1, 047	3, 377 1, 020	3, 348 986	3, 314 980	3, 274 1, 024	3, 271 1, 024	3, 276 1, 022	3, 324 1, 018	3, 264 994	3, 264 1, 013	3, 273 1, 032	7 3, 286 1, 030	3, 312	
Purchased materials bil. of dol. Goods in process do	8. 8 2. 9	8. 8 2. 9	8. 8 2. 9	8.8 2.9	8. 7 3. 0	2. 9		8. 6 3. 0	8, 5 3, 0	8.6 3.0	8. 6 3. 0	8. 6 3. 0	3.0	
Finished goods do not shown separately	10.4	10. 2	10.0		9.7	9.7	9.8	9.9	9.8	9,8	9.9	9.9	10.0	

^{*}Revised. Q Includes data not shown separately. ‡Data beginning January 1953 appear on p. 20 of the September 1957 Survey.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and					1958							1959		1
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May
G	ENE	RAL B	USIN	ESS I	NDIC	ATOR	S—Co	ntinu	ed					
MANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES, AND ORDERS-Continued										ı				
New orders, net (unadjusted), totalmil. of dol	24, 254	25, 032	26, 359	25, 239	26, 096	26, 855	28, 667	27, 368	28, 033	28, 215	28, 916	r 31, 843	30, 706	
Durable-goods industries, total § O. do. Primary metal. do. Fabricated metal. do. Machinery (including electrical) § do. Electrical do. Transportation equipment (including motor vehicles) mil. of dol.	10, 879 1, 457 1, 255 3, 724 1, 511 2, 072	11, 486 1, 738 1, 362 3, 681 1, 670 2, 255	12, 727 1, 872 1, 436 3, 958 1, 762 2, 808	11, 667 1, 768 1, 501 3, 601 1, 622 2, 366	11, 807 2, 006 1, 599 3, 666 1, 475	12, 301 2, 136 1, 673 4, 020 1, 762 1, 630	13, 395 2, 341 1, 666 3, 929 1, 722 2, 674	13, 452 2, 265 1, 393 3, 656 1, 676 3, 587	13, 796 2, 294 1, 429 4, 052 1, 885 3, 501	13, 897 2, 835 1, 462 3, 868 1, 518 3, 057	14, 759 3, 450 1, 601 4, 229 1, 628 2, 884	7 16, 427 7 3, 033 7 1, 688 7 5, 193 7 2, 133 7 3, 589	15, 590 2, 672 1, 597 4, 625 1, 809 3, 706	
Nondurable-goods industries, totaldo Industries with unfilled orders 9dodo Industries without unfilled orders 9dodo	13, 375 3, 001 10, 374	13, 546 2, 920 10, 626	13, 632 2, 998 10, 634	13, 572 2, 806 10, 766	14, 289 3, 139 11, 150	14, 554 3, 096 11, 458	15, 272 3, 420 11, 852	13, 916 3, 213 10, 703	14, 237 3, 026 11, 211	14, 318 3, 112 11, 206	14, 157 3, 313 10, 844	7 15, 416 7 3, 557 7 11, 859	15, 116 3, 461 11, 655	
New orders, net (seas. adjusted), totaldo	24, 498	24, 998	25,785	26, 450	26, 096	27, 047	27, 903	27, 797	28, 365	28, 502	29, 702	7 30, 214	30, 995	
Durable-goods industries, total §O	10, 833 1, 543 1, 230 3, 596 1, 470 2, 093	11, 423 1, 671 1, 322 3, 690 1, 674	12, 245 1, 952 1, 496 3, 592 1, 511 2, 678	12, 512 2, 044 1, 501 3, 770 1, 650 2, 691	12, 177 2, 063 1, 523 3, 851 1, 578 2, 245	12, 859 2, 334 1, 578 4, 242 1, 849 1, 946	13, 530 2, 414 1, 602 3, 975 1, 703 2, 835	13, 574 2, 262 1, 601 4, 019 1, 872 3, 007	13, 673 2, 210 1, 458 4, 047 1, 890 2, 958	13, 900 2, 727 1, 523 3, 937 1, 564 3, 038	14, 918 3, 236 1, 685 4, 198 1, 682 3, 038	7 15, 308 7 2, 681 7 1, 608 7 4, 839 7 2, 094 7 3, 422	15, 582 2, 827 1, 566 4, 585 1, 841 3, 614	
Nondurable-goods industries, totaldo Industries with unfilled orders \(\text{Q} \). do Industries without unfilled orders \(\text{Q} \). do	13, 665 3, 193 10, 472	13, 575 2, 920 10, 655	13, 540 2, 828 10, 712	13, 938 2, 954 10, 984	13, 919 2, 990 10, 929	14, 188 3, 127 11, 061	14, 373 3, 196 11, 177	14, 223 3, 150 11, 073	14, 692 3, 289 11, 403	14, 602 3, 143 11, 459	14, 784 3, 381 11, 403	r 14, 906 r 3, 453 r 11, 453	15, 413 3, 682 11, 731	
Unfilled orders, end of month (unadj.), totaldo	46, 510	46, 116	46, 353	46, 747	46, 700	46, 232	46, 079	46, 718	46, 797	47, 683	49, 097	r 50, 376	50, 246	1
Durable-goods industries, total⊙ do— Primary metal do— Fabricated metal do— Machinery (including electrical) do— Electrical do— Transportation equipment (including motor ye-	44, 017 3, 757 3, 038 16, 184 9, 143	43, 543 3, 738 3, 050 16, 093 9, 287	43, 686 3, 558 3, 034 16, 084 9, 425	44,036 3,694 3,102 16,230 9,629	43, 963 3, 800 3, 109 16, 281 9, 530	43, 577 3, 867 3, 086 16, 308 9, 534	43, 388 3, 908 3, 068 16, 125 9, 391	43, 929 4, 174 3, 046 16, 045 9, 339	44, 008 4, 351 3, 060 16, 012 9, 381	44, 839 4, 991 3, 105 16, 083 9, 319	46, 097 6, 121 3, 316 16, 187 9, 279	7 47, 244 7 6, 362 7 3, 382 7 16, 785 7 9, 621	47, 064 6, 086 3, 262 16, 819 9, 675	
hicles)mil. of dol Nondurable-goods industries, total 9do	17, 203 2, 493	16, 783 2, 573	16, 954 2, 667	16, 884 2, 711	16, 647 2, 737	16, 184 2, 655	16, 270 2, 691	16, 649 2, 789	16, 504 2, 789	16, 286 2, 844	15, 955 3, 000	7 16, 078 7 3, 132	16, 150 3, 182	i
BUSINESS INCORPORATIONS	2, 100	2,010	2,001	2,111	2,101	2,000	2,001	2,100	2, 109	2,011	3,000	0, 102	3, 102	
New incorporations (48 States)number_	11, 329	11, 943	11, 991	12, 454	12, 234	12, 932	13, 633	12,090	16, 458	18, 765	15, 758	18, 119	17, 554	
INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL FAILURES♂														9
Failures, totalnumber	1, 458	1, 341	1, 260	1, 253	1, 127	1, 039	1, 271	1, 121	1, 082	1, 273	1, 161	1, 263	1, 292	
Commercial service do. Construction do. Manufacturing and mining do. Retail trade do. Wholesale trade do.	116 209 257 737 139	108 207 242 659 125	99 161 235 640 125	99 181 255 613 105	106 158 206 549 108	87 163 187 506 96	99 176 215 657 124	97 176 190 550 108	88 176 185 515 118	96 188 215 642 132	104 164 207 582 104	117 185 210 625 126	121 166 202 671 132	
Liabilities (current), totalthous, of dol	83, 977	56, 246	61, 445	65, 375	50, 765	48, 103	47, 268	56, 718	57, 069	73, 564	58, 592	65, 051	71, 907	
Commercial service do Construction do Manufacturing and mining do Retail trade do Wholesale trade do	13, 497 9, 612 29, 538 23, 657 7, 673	3, 812 10, 771 17, 912 18, 279 5, 472	7, 719 7, 390 18, 959 21, 692 5, 685	4, 164 13, 966 22, 673 18, 784 5, 788	3, 126 8, 687 15, 742 14, 347 8, 863	2, 046 7, 841 18, 167 14, 112 5, 937	5, 306 6, 771 12, 141 16, 103 6, 947	5, 881 9, 483 19, 496 16, 549 5, 309	3, 590 10, 058 18, 411 14, 397 10, 613	6, 559 8, 274 17, 062 33, 197 8, 472	4, 547 6, 911 17, 444 22, 327 7, 363	5, 304 11, 589 22, 558 20, 348 5, 252	9, 994 8, 623 16, 501 22, 839 13, 950	
Failure annual rate (seas. adj.)*No. per 10,000 concerns_	59. 7	55 . 3	57. 3	58. 2	54.0	53. 4	57. 4	55. 9	51.3	51, 1	50. 9	50.4	52.0	
			COM	MODI	TY PI	RICES							·	<u> </u>
PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS;														
Prices received, all farm products1910-14=100	257	256	r 250	250	248	r 255	249	247	244	r 245	243	244	244	24
Crops	239 7 295 236 159 225	232 7 251 246 161 222	223 208 246 164 199	222 192 260 163 192	221 176 281 160 192	228 182 292 157 196	221 205 281 149 201	7 218 234 273 143 201	213 220 256 151 199	215 7 267 238 152 199	218 7 268 7 238 154 203	, 220 , 264 , 254 155 205	223 ⁷ 261 264 161 205	2: 2: 2: 1: 2:
Fruit do Oil-bearing crops do Potatoes (incl. dry edible beans) do Tobacco do	262 234 256 474	264 233 200 r 474	270 234 168 474	274 228 163 , 474	265 230 136 • 478	320 217 124 • 485	267 212 111 7 499	241 210 121 7 498	217 214 126 7 504	211 218 129 7 499	225 221 123 505	218 223 117 505	210 225 135 , 508	2: 2: 2: 5:
Livestock and products do Dairy products .do Meat animals .do Poultry and eggs .do Wool .do	272 239 339 7 175 7 207	7 276 231 7 352 7 173 7 201	, 272 , 227 , 348 , 169 , 215	7 274 238 7 348 7 167 7 211	7 272 248 337 7 165 7 211	7 278 7 263 7 340 7 171 7 204	7 274 270 7 333 7 162 7 203	, 273 , 272 329 , 161 , 202	r 270 270 r 328 r 155 r 199	270 264 328 7 161 7 200	265 7 258 322 7 159 197	, 264 249 327 , 154 197	261 7 240 336 135 220	2 2 3 1: 2
Prices paid: All commodities and services	274 288 265 294	275 288 266 295	274 287 265	274 287 265	274 287 264 293	274 286 265 294	274 287 265	274 288 263 294	274 287 265 295	276 288 268 298	275 288 267	276 287 267 298	276 287 269	2: 2: 2: 2:

Revised. Corrections of March 1955 new orders figures in 1957 Business Statistics appear in corresponding note in October 1957 Survey and later issues. OIncludes data not shown separately. Place textiles, leather, paper, and printing and publishing industries; unfilled orders for other nondurable-goods industries are zero. For these industries (food, beverages, tobacco, apparel, petroleum, chemicals, and rubber), sales are considered equal to new orders. Data are from Dun & Bradstreet, Inc. New series; based on number of concerns listed in Dun & Bradstreet Reference Book. Data back to 1934 are available upon request. I Revised beginning September 1952 to incorporate information from the 1955 Farm Expenditure Survey. The changes include: (1) Revision of weights, (2) linkage of the new indexes to the former series as of September 1952, and (3) expansion and improvement of commodity overage. Unpublished revisions (prior to April 1958) will be shown later. Ratio of prices received to prices paid (including interest, taxes, and wage rates).

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and					1958							1959		
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May
<u> </u>		COM	MODI	TY PI	RICES	—Con	tinue	d		-	•	·	·	
RETAIL PRICES All commodities (U. S. Department of Commerce index)	220. 6	220. 6	220. 6	221. 0	220. 5	220. 7	220.3	220.7	220.0	220. 0	219.6	(1)		
Consumer price index (U. S. Department of Labor): All items1947-49=100	123. 5	123. 6	123. 7	123. 9	123. 7	123. 7	123. 7	123. 9	123. 7	123.8	123.7	123. 7	² 123. 9	
Apparel do Food 9 do Dairy products do Fruits and vegetables do Meats, poultry, and fish do do	106. 7 121. 6 112. 5 136. 6 115. 9	106. 7 121. 6 111. 8 137. 4 116. 6	106. 7 121. 6 111. 7 134. 3 118. 3	106. 7 121. 7 112. 4 131. 9 119. 2	106. 6 120. 7 113. 0 124. 9 117. 7	107. 1 120. 3 114. 1 120. 7 115. 8	107. 3 119. 7 114. 5 121. 0 114. 6	107. 7 119. 4 114. 5 121. 1 113. 5	107. 5 118. 7 114. 3 120. 1 113. 0	106. 7 119. 0 114. 1 121. 7 113. 8	106. 7 118. 2 114. 0 121. 2 112. 6	107. 0 117. 7 113. 8 120. 7 111. 3	107. 0 117. 6 112. 9 123. 6 111. 5	
Housing Q do. Gas and electricity do. Housefurnishings do. Rent do. Medical care do. Personal care do.	127. 7 116. 0 104. 0 137. 3 142. 7 128. 5	127. 8 116. 5 104. 0 137. 5 143. 7 128. 5	127. 8 116. 9 104. 1 137. 7 7 144. 2 128. 6	127. 7 117. 0 104. 0 137. 8 7 145. 0 128. 9	127. 9 117. 5 103. 3 138. 1 7 145. 3 128. 9	127. 9 118. 0 103. 6 138. 2 7 146. 5 128. 7	127. 9 118. 1 103. 4 138. 3 147. 1 128. 8	128. 0 118. 1 103. 5 138. 4 7 147. 4 129. 1	128. 2 118. 2 103. 6 138. 7 7 147. 6 129. 0	128. 2 118. 2 103. 2 138. 8 7 148. 0 129. 4	128. 5 118. 5 103. 8 139. 0 149. 0 129. 8	128, 7 118, 5 103, 8 139, 1 149, 2 129, 7	118. 2 103. 8 139. 3 149. 6	
Reading and recreation	117. 0 138. 3 127. 6 186. 1 127. 2	116. 6 138. 7 128. 0 186. 1 127. 2	116. 7 138. 9 128. 0 187. 7 127. 2	116. 6 140. 3 129. 3 189. 5 127. 2	116. 7 141. 0 130. 1 189. 5 127. 1	116. 6 141. 3 130. 4 189. 8 127. 1	116. 6 142. 7 131. 8 190. 4 127. 2	117, 0 144, 5 133, 6 191, 1 127, 3	116. 9 144. 3 133. 3 191. 8 127. 3	117. 0 144. 1 133. 1 191. 8 127. 3	117. 1 144. 3 133. 3 191. 8 127. 4	117. 3 144. 9 134. 0 192. 0 127. 3	117. 7 145. 3 134. 4 192. 6	
WHOLESALE PRICES? [‡] (U. S. Department of Labor indexes) All commodities	119. 3	119. 5	119. 2	119. 2	119. 1	119. 1	119.0	119. 2	119. 2	119. 5	119.5	119.6	120.0	119,
By stage of processing: Crude materials for further processingdo Intermediate materials, supplies, etcdo	100.3 125.1	101.7 124.9	100. 7 124. 7	100.0 125.0	99. 1 125. 3	98. 4 125, 4	98. 0 125. 4	98. 4 125. 7	97. 0 126. 3	98, 1 126, 3	98. 0 126. 5	98. 9 126. 7	99. 6 127. 2	98. 127.
Finished goods —	97. 7 129. 2 85. 7 94. 5 111. 5 118. 4 111. 4 107. 6 108. 5	98. 5 122. 0 84. 2 99. 8 112. 9 117. 9 110. 6 108. 2 112. 8	120. 7 95. 6 102. 0 81. 3 98. 8 113. 5 118. 5 110. 9 110. 3 114. 1 125. 3	95. 0 106. 3 79. 8 96. 7 112. 7 117. 5 111. 4 111. 3 112. 1	120. 6 93. 2 97. 2 77. 3 94. 0 111. 3 116. 9 112. 2 111. 8 108. 2 126. 1	93. 1 97. 9 76. 1 91. 5 111. 1 117. 8 113. 7 111. 4 107. 1	120. 6 92. 3 101. 5 76. 8 88. 4 110. 0 118. 2 113. 5 112. 1 103. 5	120. 6 92. 1 98. 1 75. 3 90. 1 109. 5 118. 0 113. 4 112. 9 102. 5	120. 5 90. 6 99. 2 76. 1 87. 6 108. 8 117. 4 113. 5 113. 0 101. 4	91. 5 102. 5 76. 1 90. 3 108. 7 117. 5 113. 0 110. 8 103. 3	120. 7 91. 1 105. 9 77. 0 88. 4 107. 6 117. 7 113. 0 110. 6 100. 9	7 120. 6 7 90. 8 93. 6 77. 7 91. 1 107. 2 119. 0 111. 2 99. 6	120. 8 92. 4 114. 2 79. 7 91. 9 107. 2 118. 9 112. 0 110. 6	90. 107. 78. 90. 107. 119. 111. 110. 101.
Commodities other than farm prod. and foodsdo do	111. 0 124. 3 94. 1 62. 2 110. 3 128. 4	110. 8 123. 9 94. 3 61. 5 110. 3 128. 4	110. 7 123. 5 94. 5 61. 9 110. 3 128. 2	110. 4 123. 1 94. 4 62. 5 108. 0 128. 2	110.0 122.8 94.4 62.5 104.4 128.2	126, 2 109, 9 122, 7 94, 4 61, 7 104, 3 128, 2	126. 4 110. 2 123. 6 93. 9 62. 6 106. 3 128. 2	126. 8 110. 2 123. 6 93. 2 64. 7 105. 2 128. 2	127. 2 110. 0 123. 7 93. 2 61. 5 105. 3 128. 2	127. 5 110. 2 124. 0 93. 0 59. 9 107. 6 128. 2	127, 8 109, 9 123, 7 93, 0 58, 9 107, 5 128, 4	128.1 109.8 123.6 92.8 60.3 107.5 128.4	128. 3 110. 0 123. 9 7 92. 9 60. 4 107. 5 128. 3	128. 4 110. 6 123. 4 93. 6 60. 1 107. 128. 4
Fuel, power, and lighting materials \(\varphi \). do	111. 0 119. 8 100. 0 98. 1 115. 8 123. 4	110. 3 119. 7 100. 0 98. 3 114. 7	110. 7 120. 3 100. 1 97. 4 115. 3 123. 0	111. 9 121. 1 100. 1 97. 9 117. 1 123. 2	113. 7 121. 9 100. 8 102. 0 119. 2 123. 0	114. 1 122. 7 100. 8 104. 1 119. 7 123. 0	113. 0 123. 8 100. 9 106. 3 117. 5 123. 0	112.6 123.8 100.8 106.0 116.9	112. 9 123. 7 100. 7 107. 8 117. 2	113. 9 125. 3 100. 7 112. 7 118. 2 123. 3	114, 8 126, 2 100, 8 112, 0 119, 5 123, 3	115.0 124.6 100.9 113.1 119.9	7 114. 0 119. 3 100. 8 7 108. 6 119. 4 7 123. 4	113. 118. 100. 109. 118.
Appliances, household	105. 3 122. 8 92. 6 70. 7 99. 7 121. 7	104. 9 122. 8 91. 1 70. 7 99. 9 121. 8	104. 9 122. 5 91. 2 70. 0 100. 3 121. 8	104. 8 122. 6 92. 2 71. 1 100. 3 121. 8	104.7 122.6 91.3 71.2 100.5 121.8	104. 0 122. 8 91. 3 71. 2 100. 2 121. 9	104. 2 123. 0 91. 3 71. 2 101. 4	103. 8 123. 7 90. 2 69. 3 102. 3 122. 9	103. 8 123. 9 89. 6 69. 3 103. 6 123. 1	105. 0 124. 1 89. 1 70. 2 104. 1 123. 2	104. 8 124. 1 89. 1 70. 2 105. 4 123. 3	7 105. 0 124. 1 7 89. 7 70. 2 108. 5 123. 6	105, 1 7 123, 4 89, 7 70, 2 117, 8 7 128, 2	105. 123. 89. 70.
Hides and skins	53. 3 91. 1 115. 7 115. 9 149. 4	55. 4 91. 1 115. 9 116. 7 149. 4	57. 0 91. 8 116. 4 116. 8	58, 1 91, 5 116, 8 116, 7 149, 5	60. 4 91. 5 118. 6 119. 0 149. 5	59. 0 91. 3 120. 4 121. 0 149. 4	122. 8 62. 0 92. 8 120. 8 120. 8 149. 9	65. 1 94. 7 120. 0 120. 2 151. 2	66. 6 99. 2 119. 8 120. 1	68. 7 99. 3 120. 5 121. 0	73. 0 101. 0 122. 5 123. 1 152. 0	87. 7 103. 6 124. 2 125. 5 152. 2	126. 2 108. 5 120. 4 7 126. 3 7 126. 8	98. 124. 127. 128.
Agricultural machinery and equipdoConstruction machinery and equipdoElectrical machinery and equipmentdoMotor vehiclesdoMotals and metal products \$\varphi\$dodo	138. 5 165. 4 151. 8 139. 0	138. 4 165. 5 152. 3 139. 0	138. 3 165. 5 152. 6 139. 0	138. 4 165. 6 152. 6 139. 0 148. 8	137. 7 165. 6 152. 8 139. 0 150. 8	138. 9 166. 0 152. 7 139. 0 151. 3	139. 2 166. 8 152. 7 139. 7 152. 2	7 141. 8 168. 0 152. 4 142. 8 153. 0	7 142. 9 170. 3 152. 4 143. 1 153. 0	142. 9 170. 9 152. 6 143. 1 152. 9	143. 0 171. 4 152. 5 143. 2 153. 4	7 143. 1 7 171. 7 7 153. 1 143. 2 7 153. 6	7 143. 0 7 172. 0 153. 0 143. 2 152. 8	143. 171. 153. 143.
Heating equipment	120. 8 166. 4 124. I 135. 4 155. 5	120. 8 166. 2 123. 9 135. 4 155. 6	121. 0 166. 7 124. 8 135. 2 155. 6	121. 2 167. 0 124. 9 135. 3 155. 6	121. 2 171. 3 126. 1 135. 2 155. 6	121, 5 171, 8 127, 3 136, 7 158, 2	121. 4 171. 4 130. 8 136. 7 158. 2	121. 4 172. 0 133. 7 136. 7 158. 4	121. 8 171. 7 133. 2 136. 9 158. 8	121.8 172.0 133.2 137.2 159.3	122. 0 172. 5 134. 1 137. 5 159. 6	121. 9 171. 9 7 136. 1 137. 7 159. 9	7 121. 7 170. 8 7 134. 7 138. 3 160. 0	121. 170. 136. 138. 160.
Concrete products	127. 9 133. 1 130. 5 142. 9 144. 5 152. 1	128, 2 133, 1 130, 5 141, 8 143, 8 152, 1	128. 3 133. 1 130. 5 141. 8 144. 2 152. 1	128. 4 133. 1 131. 0 141. 8 144. 7	128. 1 133. 1 131. 0 141. 8 144. 4	127. 9 133. 1 131. 7 141. 8 145. 2	128. i 133. 1 131. 9 142. 0 146. 1	128, 1 133, 1 131, 9 142, 1 146, 6	128. 4 133. 1 131. 3 142. 1 146. 3	128. 6 133. 1 131. 5 142. 1 146. 0	129. 0 133. 1 131. 7 142. 1 146. 1	7 129. 3 133. 1 132. 0 142. 1 146. 7	129. 4 133. 1 132. 2 143. 3 147. 5	129. 133. 132. 143. 148.
Textile products and apparel \(\)	93. 7 99. 2 88. 5 116. 5 80. 5	93. 5 99. 1 88. 3 116. 1 80. 3	93. 3 99. 1 87. 6 109. 9 80. 4	93. 3 99. 3 87. 4 116. 2 80. 1	93. 3 99. 3 87. 7 116. 3 80. 0	93. 3 99. 3 87. 9 115. 8 79. 7	152.8 93.2 99.3 87.8 107.1 79.7	93. 1 99. 2 88. 0 106. 0 79. 3	98. 3 99. 3 99. 3 88. 6 105. 1 79. 4	151. 9 93. 3 99. 3 88. 7 104. 7 79. 3	93. 7 99. 3 89. 6 109. 3 79. 8	151. 9 • 93. 9 99. 3 90. 2 112. 1 • 80. 1	94. 1 99. 3 90. 3 113. 6 80. 6	151, 94, 99, 90, 114, 81,
Wool products. .do. Tobacco mfs. and bottled beverages 9. .do. Beverages, alcoholic. .do. Cigarettes. .do. Miscellaneous. .do. Toys, sporting goods. .do.	101. 6 128. 0 120. 1 134. 8 97. 8 119. 1	100. 5 128. 0 120. 1 134. 8 96. 2 119. 1	101. 3 128. 0 120. 1 134. 8 93. 7 119. 1	100. 5 128. 0 120. 1 134. 8 97. 2 119. 1	100. 4 128. 0 120. 1 134. 8 95. 6 119. 3	99. 6 128. 0 120. 1 134. 8 92. 5 118. 6	98. 4 128. 8 121. 7 134. 8 91. 2 118. 6	97, 9 128, 7 121, 7 134, 8 93, 2 118, 6	97. 5 128. 6 121. 7 134. 8 100. 9 118. 6	97. 4 128. 6 121. 7 134. 8 100. 8 117. 8	97. 7 128. 9 121. 7 134. 8 98. 5	97. 8 132. 1 121. 7 134. 8 97. 0 117. 2	99. 5 132. 2 121. 7 134. 8 98. 8 116. 9	101. 132. 121. 134. 95.

*Revised. ¹ Discontinued by the compiling agency. ² Index based on 1935-39=100 is 207.2.

§ Includes data not shown separately. ♂ For actual wholesale prices of individual commodities, see respective commodities. ‡ Revised beginning January 1958 to incorpora revised weighting structure reflecting 1954 values. Figures are directly comparable with data for December 1957, with the exception of the electricity and gas components.

⊕ Goods to users, including raw foods and fuels.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and					1958							1959		
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	A pril	May
A		COM	MODI	ry pi	RICES	—Con	tinue	d	<u> </u>					<u>'</u>
PURCHASING POWER OF THE DOLLAR				-		i								
As measured by— Wholesale prices	83. 8 81. 0	83. 7 80. 9	83. 9 80. 8	83. 9 80. 7	84. 0 80. 8	84. 0 80. 8	84. 0 80. 8	83. 9 80. 7	83. 9 80. 8	83. 7 80. 8	83. 7 80. 8	83. 6 80. 8	83. 3 1 80. 7	1 83. 5
	C	ONST	RUCT	ION A	ND F	REAL	ESTA	TE	1					1
CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY;														
New construction (unadjusted), totalmil. of dol_	3, 636	4,000	4, 347	4, 548	4, 707	4, 751	4, 745	4, 448	4, 024	3,666	3, 475	3, 792	r 4, 172	4, 593
Private, total?do	2, 551	2,752	2, 959	3,082	3, 153	3, 172	3, 184	3, 119	2, 887	2,610	2,500	2, 698	2,918	3, 160
Residential (nonfarm) Qdo	1, 289	1, 421	1, 559	1,645	1,708	1,732	1, 764	1,741	1, 605	1,448	1,369	1, 530	1,714	1,867
New dwelling unitsdo Additions and alterationsdo Nonresidential buildings, except farm and public	945 296	1,015 355	1, 125 382	1, 205 388	1, 275 382	1,315 366	1, 340 370	1, 330 354	1, 260 288	1, 150 243	1,070 245	1, 215 261	1,340 318	1, 430 376
utility, total \(\)mil. of doldo	677 218	698 204	735 193	754 185	743 179	741 174	750 175	760 178	722 176	660 173	638 167	628 161	629 156	68'
$egin{array}{ccccc} Commercial &&&&&&&& $	263 126	285 146	315 160	326 169	316 173	315 161	319 134	327 114	305 100	268 98	262 101	265 111	272 124	320 143
Public utilitydo	446	470	486	494	512	520	519	487	444	390	380	416	438	44
Public, totaldodo	1,085	1, 248	1,388	1,466	1, 554	1, 579	1, 561	1, 329	1, 137	1,056	975	1,094	r 1, 254	1, 43
Nonresidential buildings do do Military facilities do do do do do do do do do do do do do	374 80	386 88	411 95	421 105	428 120	430 135	427 140	379 125	361 110	356 105	322 98	366 105	383 118	386 135
Highwaydodo.	335 296	455 319	545 337	585 355	635 371	645 369	630	485	350	285	265	295	r 405	54
Other typesdo							364	340	316	310	290	328	348	37:
New construction (seasonally adjusted), totaldo	3, 881	3, 879	3, 929	3, 981	4, 041	4, 119	4, 279	4, 378	4, 473	4, 539	4, 537	4, 544	r 4, 464	4, 46
Private, total 9do	2, 699	2, 696	2,725	2, 760	2,799	2.847	2,944	3, 015	3, 049	3,095	3, 120	3, 106	3,095	3, 099
Residential (nonfarm)do Nonresidential buildings, except farm and public	1, 351	1,348	1, 386	1,434	1,496	1,540	1,623	1,682	1,715	1,787	1,817	1,811	1,803	1, 78
utility, total 9mil. of dol. Industrial ¶dodo	733 222	733 210	729 195	724 187	702 179	695 172	706 172	717 175	716 173	688 170	684 167	682 164	687 159	72- 159
Commercial¶ dodo	294 133	302 133	311 134	308 133	294 133	291 135	296 134	302 134	305 134	288 130	287 129	293 130	305	33
Public utilitydo	468	466	459	453	453	460	464	464	467	475	476	468	130 461	130 444
Public, total 2do	1, 182	1, 183	1, 204	1, 221	1, 242	1. 272	1, 335	1, 363	1, 424	1,444	1, 417	1, 438	r 1, 369	1, 361
Nonresidential buildingsdo	380	375	384	385	383	390	406	395	408	399	373	391	389	27
Military facilities¶do Highwaydo	88 414	90 410	86 426	94 424	102 432	112 436	118 470	120 505	125 538	130 559	129 552	130 557	130 r 500	13. 49
CONTRACT AWARDS						ĺ	-	1		1				
Construction contracts in 48 States (F. W. Dodge Corp.):†						Į								
Total valuation mil, of dol. Public ownership do	2, 881 1, 053	3, 403 1, 463	3, 820 1, 720	3, 607 1, 550	3, 467 1, 233	3, 216 1, 049	3, 309 1, 071	2, 594 927	2, 282	2,319 800	2,307 800	3, 340 869	3, 778	
Private ownershipdodo	1, 828	1, 939	2, 100	2,058	2, 234	2, 167	2, 238	1, 667	887 1, 395	1, 519	1,507	2, 471	1, 207 2, 571	
Nonresidential buildings: Floor areathous. of sq. ft	63, 836	76, 099	68, 128	75, 453	75, 653	62, 943	69, 698	57, 331 775	52, 569 748	55, 865	50, 192	69, 202	87, 585	
Valuationmil, of dol_ Residential buildings:	958	1, 124	976	1,076	1,079	892	955	I		818	704	913	1, 187	
Floor area thous, of sq. ft. Valuation mil. of dol.	113, 755 1, 240	124, 189 1, 346	125, 122 1, 364	140, 037 1, 557	131, 709 1, 451	130, 373 1, 460	143, 784 1, 595	107, 112 1, 206	88, 236 981	92, 468 1, 022	95, 248 1, 073	139, 389 1, 541	162, 246 1, 831	
Public works: Valuationdo	551	713	876	723	705	541	532	518	481	372	403	478	638	
Utilities: Valuationdodo	132	220	603	250	232	323	228	95	72	108	126	408	122	
Engineering construction: Contract awards (ENR)mil, of dol	1, 583	2, 314	1, 900	2, 482	1, 622	1, 348	1, 621	1, 112	1, 352	1, 641	1,314	1,644	1,905	1, 967
Highway concrete pavement contract awards:♂	1,000	1,011	2, 500	2, 102	1,022	1,010	1,021	1, 112	1, 502	1,041	1,014	1,044	1,905	1, 90.
Total	13, 328	11,637 3,685	11,863	18, 366	11, 173	10, 354	7, 905	8, 589	10, 261	8, 964	6,756	7, 255	9, 171	
Roads do Streets and alleys do	2, 239 7, 439	4, 261	2, 475 6, 450	6, 631 7, 999	1, 256 6, 520	512 6, 609	143 5, 189	604 5, 697	794 6, 775	2, 076 4, 775	996 4, 531	981 4, 333	848 5, 115	
•	3, 651	3, 691	2, 938	3, 737	3, 398	3, 233	2, 572	2, 288	2,692	2, 114	1, 229	1, 941	3, 207	
NEW DWELLING UNITS (U.S. Department of Labor)												ļ		
New permanent nonfarm dwelling units started:														
Unadjusted: Total, privately and publicly ownedthousands	99.1	108. 5	113.0	112.8	124.0	121.0	115.0	109.4	91. 2	87. 0	r 94. 5	120.0	137. 0	134. (
Privately owned, totaldo	94. 2	101. 3	101.3	108, 6	114, 6	110.9	112.9	107. 0	89.5	84, 1	r 93, 5	117. 0	133. 2	130. 6
In metropolitan areasdodo	65. 0 4. 9	69. 5 7. 2	70. 6 11. 7	78. 1 4. 2	78. 3 9. 4	76. 9 10. 1	78. 3 2. 1	72. 3 2. 4	62. 8 1. 7	59. 7 2. 9	² 60. 8	80.1	93. 1	90.6
Publicly owned do Seasonally adjusted at annual rate: Privately owned totalt do	983.0	1, 039. 0	1,057.0			!		1				3.0	3.8	3.4
Privately owned, total† do	300. U	1, 000 U	1,007.0	1, 174. 0	1, 228. 0	1, 255. 0	1, 303. 0	1, 427. 0	1, 432. 0	1,364.0	• 1, 403. 0	1, 390, 0	1,390.0	1, 340 . 0
places: New dwelling units, totalthousands	88.0	92.0	95.8	98. 5	95. 7	101.0	100. 8	83. 1	69. 3	71.3	72.3	109.6		
Privately financed, totaldo	85. 4	86. 2	88. 5	96. 4	91.6	93. 6	98. 7	81.0	67. 7	68.5	71.4			
Units in 1 family structuresdo Units in 2 family structuresdo	66. 3 3. 7	68. 0 3. 4	71. 3 3. 0	74. 7 3. 3	72. 9 3. 4	75. 3 3. 4	79.0 3.7	60. 6	50. 2 2. 9	49. 0 3. 2	52. 5 3. 4	81.4		
Units in multifamily structures do- Publicly financed, total do-	15. 3 2. 6	14. 8 5. 8	14. 2 7. 3	18. 5 2. 1	15. 3 4. 1	14. 8 7. 4	16. 0 2. 1	17. 1 2. 1	14.6 1.6	16.3 2.8	15. 4	21. 5		
Revised. * Preliminary.	5	0.0		2.1	** 3	1. 1	4. 1	- 4. 1	1.0	<i>2</i> . 0	. 9	1. 2		

^{*} Revised. ** Preliminary.

1 Indexes based on 1935-39=100 are as follows: Measured by—wholesale prices, 43.7 (May); consumer prices, 48.3 (April).

2 Revisions for March 1958 for new dwelling units authorized (thous.): Total, 71.4; privately financed, 68.7; I family structures, 52.4.

1 Revisions for the indicated series are available as follows: Construction activity for 1956, the June 1958 Construction Review, and for January-September 1957, the December 1958 issue; dwelling units started (1946-57), p. 19 of the November 1958 Survey.

2 Includes data not shown separately. ** [Data prior to December 1956 are available upon request. ** † Revised series, reflecting nationwide coverage and new techniques for compiling data on residential buildings. ** [Data for May, July, and October 1958 and January and April 1959 are for 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks.

3 Data for April, July, September, and December 1958 and April 1959 are for 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks.

Inless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and	1958									1959					
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	
C	ONST	RUCT	ION A	ND R	EAL	ESTA'	ГЕ—С	ontin	ued		·		· · ·		
CONSTRUCTION COST INDEXES															
Department of Commerce composite1947-49=100 American Appraisal Co., The:	138	138	139	139	139	139	139	139	139	139	140	140	141		
Average, 30 cities	675 737	677 737	680 737	681 737	683 738	690 756	691 756	691 756	692 756	693 756	693 765	694 768	696 768	70 77	
New York dodo	730 619	730 619	730 635	736 635	737 637	741 639	741 640	741 641	741 641	753 641	753 641	753 641	753 644	75 65	
St. Louis do	666 494	670 498	670 498	670 502	671 503	671 504	671 504	671 504	671 504	672 505	672 506	672 507	672 509	68 5	
Average, 20 cities:	101	100	100		505	304	001	301	504	300	300	307	303	,	
Apartments, hotels, and office buildings: Brick and concreteU.S. avg. 1926-29=100	291. 4	292. 2	294, 7	296. 1	296. 7	296, 9	298. 3	298.8	299.6	301.1	301. 2	301. 4	302. 8	304	
Brick and steeldodo	283. 0 281. 1	283. 5 281. 6	285. 8 283. 4	286, 9 284, 3	287. 7 285. 5	288. 0 285. 6	289. 6 286. 7	290. 1 287. 0	290. 7 287. 4	291. 9 288. 5	292. 1 289. 3	292. 2 289. 5	293. 5 290. 9	295 292	
Brick and wooddodododo	302, 3	303. 4	305. 9	307. 6	308. 3	308.5	309. 7	310.1	311. 2	312.8	312.9	313. 0	314.7	316	
Brick and concretedo	301. 7 281. 8	302. 5 282. 2	304. 5 284. 2	305. 8 285. 1	306. 6 286. 0	307. 2 286. 2	308. 1 287. 1	308. 7 287. 4	309. 5 287. 8	310. 7 288. 9	310. 9 289. 5	311. 0 289. 7	313. 0 290. 8	314 292	
Brick and wooddodododo	276. 8 288. 5	277. 2 289. 0	279, 5 290, 7	280. 3 291. 5	281. 8 292. 1	281. 8 293. 2	282. 7 293. 8	282.9	283. 2 295. 0	284. 5	285.7	286.0	287.7	289	
Steeldo Residences:		282. 2						294.4	1	295. 9	296.0	296. 1	298.6	299	
Brickdodo	281. 6 272. 1	282, 2 272, 4	284, 1 274, 4	285. 0 275. 2	286. 3 276. 4	286. 3 276. 5	287. 3 277. 5	287. 5 277. 7	288. 0 278. 0	289. 2 279. 1	290. 0 280. 2	290. 2 280. 4	291. 6 282. 0	293 283	
Engineering News-Record: 7 Building 1947-49=100	153.4	154.1	155, 1	155. 5	158. 2	158.7	158. 2	158.2	158.6	158.9	159.8	160.6	161.0	162	
Construction doBu. of Public Roads—Highway construction:	165. 9	167. 2	168.3	168. 7	170. 7	171.1	170.9	170.8	171.8	171.9	172.5	173. 2	174. 5	175	
Composite, standard mile			141.6			139. 2			141.6			140.8			
Output index, composite, unadjusted1947-49=100	119.4	131.5	137. 4	128. 9	138.9	139.0	146. 2	120.7	114.0	117.6	r 115.7	137. 3	••••		
Seasonally adjusteddodododo	117. 2 121. 9	123. 0 139. 2	128. 2 153. 3	133. 5 122. 0	126. 3 129. 3	133. 0 131. 4	129. 7 134. 2	126. 6 112. 1	132. 3 108. 2	r 125. 6 109. 8	7 131, 0 110, 0	142. 3 140. 0			
Lumber and wood products, unadjdo Portland cement, unadj.¶dodo	115.3 143.6	119. 5 175. 1	117. 5 179. 9	118. 7 178. 5	131. 2 189. 5	131. 8 189. 0	144. 1 196. 5	119. 1 167. 7	117. 9 141. 1	123. 1 111. 3	⁷ 120, 5 100, 0	128. 3 145. 5	174.0		
REAL ESTATE				1	ĺ				Ì						
Tome mortgages insured or guaranteed by— Fed. Hous. Adm.: Face amountthous. of dol	305, 559	311, 111	342, 568	367, 940	371, 405	479, 877	500, 786	457, 422	510, 264	585, 280	506, 322	529, 826	490, 161		
Vet. Adm.: Face amountdo	85, 017	72, 703	97, 505	126, 727	155, 860	189, 350	239, 396	216, 058	257, 108	276, 178	238, 320	260, 493	230, 597		
member institutionsmil. of dol New mortgage loans of all savings and loan associa-	815	803	929	901	939	1,010	1,083	1, 123	1, 298	1, 146	1, 101	1,087	1, 183		
tions, estimated totalmil. of dol_By purpose of loan;	920	1,019	1, 107	1, 180	1, 180	1, 215	1, 290	1,053	1, 136	1,013	1,012	1, 257	1,359		
Home constructiondododo	316 354	346 406	379 461	374 511	373 538	401 537	428 570	345 469	376 488	$\frac{317}{442}$	326 429	439 515	480 562		
All other purposesdo New nonfarm mortgages recorded (\$20,000 and under),	250	266	268	296	269	277	291	239	272	254	257	303	318		
⇒stimated totalmil. of dolnumbernumber	2, 022 3, 661	2, 151 3, 507	2, 275 3, 663	2, 543 3, 774	2, 535 3, 518	2, 596 3, 820	2, 857 3, 881	2, 432 3, 339	2, 629 3, 522	2, 352 3, 801	2, 245 3, 307	^p 2, 590 3, 933	2, 776		
Fire lossesthous, of dol	99,061	85, 633	90, 048	80, 782	75, 491	73, 303	73, 393	71, 539	100, 523	112, 983	98, 120	99, 610	90, 689		
			DO	MEST	IC TE	RADE	,								
ADVERTISING Printers' Ink advertising index, seas. adjusted:															
Combined index 1947-49 = 100 Business papers do	$\frac{207}{221}$	205 228	210 217	208 211	202 208	200 218	215 217	208 221	211 218	$\frac{215}{232}$	219 225	219 232			
Magazines do Newspapers do	148	148 179	157 191	158 189	149 182	143 180	162 202	156 179	161 181	162 188	165 195	157 199			
Outdoor do Radio (network) do	159	153 33	165 28	163	158 26	145 29	169 28	156 27	145 28	135 28	154 24	127 28			
Television (network)	432	418	417	406	409	400	430	433	447	444	461	474			
Fide advertising index, unadjusted1947-49=100 Felevision advertising:	219. 1	219.1	203. 6	172.6	163.0	197. 8	242. 5	227. 2							
Network: 9 Gross time costs, totalthous, of dol	47,651	47, 918	43, 769	41, 119	41, 509	42, 417	52, 526	52,009	53, 939	52,076	r 48, 885	55, 520			
Automotive, including accessoriesdo Drugs and toiletriesdo	5, 158 12, 637	5, 162 12, 103	4, 068 11, 772	2, 979 12, 560	3, 136 12, 274	3, 870 11, 363	5, 178 14, 537	3, 999 13, 962	3, 642 15, 408	3, 884 15, 370	3, 632 - 13, 863	4,009			
Foods, soft drinks, confectionery do- Soaps, cleansers, etc do-		9, 633 5, 696	9, 093 4, 706	9, 051 4, 398	8, 877 4, 556	9, 133 4, 815	10, 783 5, 084	11, 032 4, 816	11, 874 5, 554	12, 064 5, 453	10, 848 5, 421	11,643			
Goaps, cleanacts, Commission and Com	4, 795	4, 981 10, 342	4, 808 9, 323	4, 550 7, 581	4, 718 7, 949	4, 933 8, 303	5, 948 10, 995	6, 771 11, 430	6, 031 11, 430	6, 764 8, 541	6, 112 9, 010		1		
Smoking materialsdodo	1 9 770	10,012	1	,, 001		113, 184		11, 100	149, 105	0, 041	1	11, 280	l		
All otherdodo	9, 770		1 120 252			1, 438			1,936						
All other do Spott* Gross time costs, quarterly total do Automotive, including accessories do			130, 353 1, 915			22 378		1							
All other			1, 915 26, 329 39, 905			22, 378 32, 282			52, 191						
All other			1, 915 26, 329 39, 905 14, 575 8, 918			22, 378 32, 282 16, 015 8, 330			52, 191 18, 261 5, 800						
All other do Spot:* Gross time costs, quarterly total do Automotive, including accessories do Druss and tolletries do Foods, soft drinks, confectionery do Soaps, cleansers, etc do Smoking materials do All other do		66, 970	1, 915 26, 329 39, 905 14, 575 8, 918 38, 711 58, 303			22, 378 32, 282 16, 015 8, 330 32, 741 61, 224	71, 529		52, 191 18, 261						
All other	69, 727 5, 424	66, 970 5, 033	1, 915 26, 329 39, 905 14, 575 8, 918 38, 711 58, 303 2, 859	39, 145 770	40, 625 4, 165	22, 378 32, 282 16, 015 8, 330 32, 741 61, 224 7, 450	71, 529	74, 915 4, 410	52, 191 18, 261 5, 800 40, 221 54, 261 3, 479	41, 070 1, 767	56, 400 2, 935	70, 080	73, 862 5, 244		
All other	69, 727 5, 424 6, 505 3, 372	66, 070 5, 033 5, 861 3, 894	1, 915 26, 329 39, 905 14, 575 8, 918 38, 711 58, 303 2, 859 5, 201 3, 171	39, 145 770 3, 741 1, 625	40, 625 4, 165 3, 047 1, 417	22, 378 32, 282 16, 015 8, 330 32, 741 61, 224 7, 450 2, 742 3, 478	71, 529 5, 273 6, 355 2, 684	74, 915 4, 410 9, 727 2, 534	52, 191 18, 261 5, 800 40, 221 54, 261 3, 479 4, 831 695	41, 070 1, 767 4, 950 1, 005	56, 400 2, 935 4, 644 2, 783	70, 080 4, 888 7, 428 3, 317	73, 862 5, 244 7, 973 4, 635		
All other	69, 727 5, 424 6, 505 3, 372 6, 241 7, 517	66, 070 5, 033 5, 861 3, 894 6, 618 6, 713	1, 915 26, 329 39, 905 14, 575 8, 918 38, 711 58, 303 2, 859 5, 201 3, 171 7, 231 7, 939	39, 145 770 3, 741 1, 625 5, 820 5, 777	40, 625 4, 165 3, 047 1, 417 4, 893 5, 360	22, 378 32, 282 16, 015 8, 330 32, 741 61, 224 7, 450 2, 742 3, 478 5, 826 6, 879	71, 529 5, 273 6, 355 2, 684 7, 026 9, 080	74, 915 4, 410 9, 727 2, 534 7, 373 9, 617	52, 191 18, 261 5, 800 40, 221 54, 261 3, 479 4, 831 695 4, 922 7, 141	41, 070 1, 767 4, 950 1, 005 3, 740 5, 578	56, 400 2, 935 4, 644 2, 783 5, 827 9, 071	70, 080 4, 888 7, 428 3, 317 6, 723 9, 145	73, 862 5, 244 7, 973 4, 635 6, 038 8, 042		
All other	69, 727 5, 424 6, 505 3, 372 6, 241 7, 517 3, 475 7, 711	66, 070 5, 033 5, 861 3, 894 6, 618 6, 713 3, 215 6, 540	1, 915 26, 329 39, 905 14, 575 8, 918 38, 711 58, 303 2, 859 5, 201 3, 171 7, 231 7, 939 3, 444 4, 761	39, 145 770 3, 741 1, 625 5, 820 5, 777 2, 507 2, 378	40, 625 4, 165 3, 047 1, 417 4, 893 5, 360 2, 143 2, 065	22, 378 32, 282 16, 015 8, 330 32, 741 61, 224 7, 450 2, 742 3, 478 5, 826 6, 879 3, 166 4, 446	71, 529 5, 273 6, 355 2, 684 7, 026 9, 080 4, 071 7, 099	74, 915 4, 410 9, 727 2, 534 7, 373 9, 617 4, 506 6, 608	52, 191 18, 261 5, 800 40, 221 54, 261 3, 479 4, 831 695 4, 922 7, 141 6, 399 3, 647	41, 070 1, 767 4, 950 1, 005 3, 740 5, 578 1, 713 2, 271	56, 400 2, 935 4, 644 2, 783 5, 827 9, 071 2, 965 3, 681	70, 080 4, 888 7, 428 3, 317 6, 723 9, 145 4, 326 5, 306	73, 862 5, 244 7, 973 4, 635 6, 038 8, 042 3, 931 7, 674		
All other	69, 727 5, 424 6, 505 3, 372 6, 241 7, 517 3, 475 7, 711 4, 914	66, 070 5, 033 5, 861 3, 894 6, 618 6, 713 3, 215	1, 915 26, 329 39, 905 14, 575 8, 918 38, 711 58, 303 2, 859 5, 201 3, 171 7, 231 7, 939 3, 444	39, 145 770 3, 741 1, 625 5, 820 5, 777 2, 507	40, 625 4, 165 3, 047 1, 417 4, 893 5, 360 2, 143	22, 378 32, 282 16, 015 8, 330 32, 741 61, 224 7, 450 2, 742 3, 478 5, 826 6, 879 3, 166	71, 529 5, 273 6, 355 2, 684 7, 026 9, 080 4, 071	74, 915 4, 410 9, 727 2, 534 7, 373 9, 617 4, 506	52, 191 18, 261 5, 800 40, 221 54, 261 3, 479 4, 831 695 4, 922 7, 141 6, 399	41, 070 1, 767 4, 950 1, 005 3, 740 5, 578 1, 713	56, 400 2, 935 4, 644 2, 783 5, 827 9, 071 2, 965	70, 080 4, 888 7, 428 3, 317 6, 723 9, 145 4, 326	73, 862 5, 244 7, 973 4, 635 6, 038 8, 042 3, 931		

Revised. \$Copyrighted data; see last paragraph of headnote, p. S-1. \$\sigma Data reported at the beginning of each month are shown here for the previous month. \$\sqrt{Data prior to August 1957 will be shown later.}\$

August 1957 will be shown later. \$\sqrt{Perision Bureau of Advertising, Inc.}\$

Copyrighted data; see last paragraph of headnote, p. S-1. \$\sqrt{Data reported at the beginning of each month are shown here for the previous month. \$\sqrt{Data prior to August 1958}\$

Perision Bureau of Advertising, Inc., and Broadcast Advertisers, Inc., and Broadcast Advertisers Reports, Inc.).

*New series (from Television Bureau of Advertising, Inc., and Broadcast Advertisers, Inc.).

T	T-	=	=		1958					T T		1959		
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May
		DON	MEST	IC TR	ADE-	-Conti	inued							
ADVERTISING—Continued	1													
Magazine advertising linage, totalthous. of lines_	4, 835	4, 357	3, 615	3, 172	4,032	4, 990	4, 942	4, 678	3, 637	4,069	4, 510	5, 320	4, 522	
Newspaper advertising linage (52 cities), totaldo Classifieddo	228, 010 53, 490	240, 879 56, 766	226, 239 54, 976	197, 970 51, 455	211, 567 55, 555	224, 642 53, 406	259, 226 55, 071	252, 862 53, 268	230, 978 45, 796	193, 525 51, 738	196, 096 50, 742	236, 459 59, 326	255, 002 63, 152	
Display, totaldo	174, 520	184, 113 13, 729	171, 263 12, 564	146, 516 10, 349	156, 022 10, 028	171, 236 8, 938	204, 155 17, 092	199, 594 13, 565	185, 182 8, 458	141, 787 8, 853	145, 353 9, 172	177, 134 12, 150	191, 850 15, 710	
Financial do General do do do de de de de de de de de de de de de de	_ 3,878	3, 416 34, 841	3, 816 33, 022	4, 405 25, 806	2, 611 23, 859	3, 522 29, 608	4, 131 39, 486	3, 672 33, 309	4, 264 24, 451	5, 721 22, 058	3, 598 27, 607	4, 801 30, 720	4, 783 35, 590	
Retaildo	124, 668	132, 127	121, 860	105, 955	119, 526	129, 167	143, 447	149, 047	148, 008	105, 155	104, 976	129, 463	135, 767	
PERSONAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURES									i					
Seasonally adjusted quarterly totals at annual rates:† Goods and services, totalbil. of dol.	-		288.3			291.5			295. 9			300. 5		
Durable goods, total ?do Automobiles and partsdo	-		35. 6 13. 5			36. 1 13. 2			38.9			40. 1		
Furniture and household equipmentdo	-		16.6			17.3			15. 9 17. 4			17. 1 17. 4		
Nondurable goods, total Qdo Clothing and shoesdo		-	141. 4 24. 0			142. 9 24. 8			143. 3 24. 9			145. 2 25. 2		
Food and alcoholic beveragesdo Gasoline and oildo	-		78. 6 10. 3			78. 5 10. 5			78. 6 10. 7			79. 5 10. 8		1
Services, total 9do			111.3			112.5			113. 6			115. 1		
Household operationdo Housingdo	.		16. 7 36. 9			17. 0 37. 2			17. 2 37. 5			17. 5 37. 8		
Transportationdo			9.1			9.2			9.4			9.5		
RETAIL TRADE All retail stores: Estimated sales (unadjusted), totalmil. of dol.	16, 273	17.364	16, 603	16, 596	17 000	10 200	17.000	17 000	01 174	10.00	- 14 001	. 17 100	- 17 700	
Durable-goods stores ?do	5, 261	5, 625	5, 590	5, 444	17, 000 5, 360	16, 326 5, 080	17, 360 5, 379	17, 039 5, 343	21, 174 6, 390	7 16, 225 5, 121	7 14, 961 4, 927	r 17, 190 r 5, 831	r 17, 589 r 6, 208	1 18, 577 1 6, 437
Automotive groupdo Motor-vehicle, other automotive dealers_do	2, 934	3, 082 2, 879	3, 047 2, 842	2, 907 2, 692	2, 789 2, 583	2, 447 2, 259	2, 613 2, 407	2, 756 2, 561	3, 214 2, 965	3, 017 2, 856	2, 899 2, 748	3, 464 3, 283	7 3, 566 3, 349	1 3, 690
Tire, battery, accessory dealersdo		203	205	215	206	188	205	195	249	161	151	181	217	
Furniture and appliance groupdo Furniture, homefurnishings storesdo	761 498 263	840 557	847 539	840 528	872 567	850 546	932 609	937 613	$\frac{1,176}{723}$	784 486	746 475	808 521	7 839 555	1 863
Household-appliance, radio storesdo	1	284	308	312	305	304	323	325	453	298	271	287	284	
Lumber, building, hardware groupdo Lumber, building-materials dealersdo	876 652	991 734	992 754	1,002 775	1,005 782	1,038 812	1, 083 841	929 704	919 631	697 523	684 517	844 651	1,041 796	
Hardware stores	224 11, 012	257	238	227	223	225	242	225	288	174	167	193	245	
Nondurable-goods stores \(\qquad \)	1, 056 183	11, 739 1, 058 191	11, 013 963 197	11, 153 867	11, 639 954	11, 246 1, 042	11, 981	11, 695 1, 119	14, 784 1, 854	7 11, 104 868	7 10, 034 750	7 11, 359 1, 101	7 11, 381 7 996	1 12, 140 1 1, 109
Women's apparel, accessory storesdo Family and other apparel storesdo	420 243	425 238	358 226	166 334 206	160 373 236	167 418 256	198 457 287	210 451 273	391 744 459	172 359 183	138 322 160	171 455	179 418	
Shoe storesdo	210	202	182	162	185	200	194	185	260	154	130	$\frac{257}{218}$	217 182	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
Drug and proprietary storesdo Eating and drinking placesdo	521 1, 171	544 1, 272	520 1, 283	524 1, 372	539 1,406	538 1, 276	556 1, 280	541 1, 204	738 1, 243	581 1, 158	534 1,070	r 580 1, 157	7 559 7 1, 215	1 579 1 1, 265
Food groupdo Grocery storesdo	4,048 3,575	4, 418 3, 930	4, 104 3, 621	4, 251 3, 767	4, 360 3, 877	4, 068 3, 594	4, 344 3, 875	4, 188 3, 720	4, 475 3, 947	4, 382 3, 914	3, 869 3, 445	4, 108 3, 658	7 4, 157 7 3, 714	1 4, 454 1 3, 960
Gasoline service stationsdo	1, 252	1, 335	1, 331	1,410	1, 448	1, 346	1, 384	1, 338	1, 369	1, 282	1, 197	1, 318	7 1, 348	1 1, 469
General-merchandise group Qdodododododo	1,667 963	1, 784 1, 035	1, 651 961	1,576 893	1,768 1,013	1, 781 1, 049	1, 932 1, 146	2, 018 1, 201	3, 358 1, 952	r 1, 444 842	7 1, 359 7 768	r 1, 733 r 986	r 1, 774 r 1, 045	1 1,899 1 1,097
Mail-order (catalog sales)do Variety storesdo	112 275	120 283	108 266	106 270	120 298	129 289	147 305	161 308	234 649	7 108 223	7 114 232	134 300	132 262	
Liquor storesdodo	323 16, 502	364 16, 562	337 16, 581	362 16, 721	381	360	384	390	596	354	324	356	345	1 10 007
Durable-goods stores 9do	5, 163	5, 235	5, 149	5, 221	16, 859 5, 214	16, 562 5, 095	16, 941 5, 374	16, 961 5, 521	17, 605 5, 827	7 17, 455 5, 836	7 17, 575 5, 869	r 17, 914 r 6, 045	7 6, 137	1 18, 255 1 6, 104
Automotive groupdodododo	2, 769 2, 584	2, 812 2, 616	2, 736 2, 551	2, 803 2, 615	2, 703 2, 510	2, 600 2, 412	2, 819 2, 625	2, 906 2, 702	3, 256 3, 060	3, 258 3, 047	3, 249 3, 045	3, 340 3, 128	3, 396	
Tire, battery, accessory dealersdo	185	196	185	187	193	189	194	204	196	211	204	212	221	
Furniture and appliance groupdo Furniture, homefurnishings storesdo Household-appliance, radio storesdo	827 532	840 543	843 546	851 541	891 575	858 559	871 565 306	883 568	868 548	880 549	889 562	902 570	600	
Lumber, building, hardware groupdo	294 875	297 903	297 902	310 895	316 919	299 926	940	315 942	321 919	331 904	327 979	332	ŀ	*****
Lumber, building-materials dealersdo Hardware storesdo	648 227	668 234	677 226	681 214	692 226	711 215	718 222	722 220	706 213	676 228	745 234	1, 011 782 229	799	
Nondurable-goods stores 9do	11, 339	11, 327	11, 432	11, 500	11, 645	11, 468	11, 567	11, 441	11, 778	r 11, 619	r 11, 706	r 11, 869	- 11, 816	1 12, 151
Apparel groupdododododo	1, 045 201	1, 013 189	1, 012 194	1,060 206	1,094 202	1, 042 191	1, 068 193	1, 033 181	1, 101 199	1, 032 188	1, 082 197	1, 106 201	1,059	
Women's apparel, accessory storesdo Family and other apparel storesdo	404 253	395 247	392 250	414 257	433 261	432 242	434 257	429 235	446 261	422 232	450 241	447 261	428 240	
Shoe storesdo Drug and proprietary storesdo	188 539	182	176	183	197	177	185	188	196	190	194	197		
Eating and drinking places do Food group do do do do do do do do do do do do do	1, 237 4, 217	539 1, 248 4, 159	532 1, 228 4, 272	536 1, 247	551 1, 255	563 1, 221	568 1, 244	565 1, 232	580 1, 243	579 1, 262	569 1, 243	7 592 1, 240	1,283	
Grocery stores do Gasoline service stations do	3, 731 1, 283	3, 686 1, 297	3, 781 1, 274	4, 216 3, 734 1, 306	4, 152 3, 688 1, 340	4, 169 3, 686 1, 338	4, 187 3, 726 1, 358	4, 215 3, 754 1, 342	4, 242 3, 772 1, 356	4, 243 3, 767	4, 274 3, 806 1, 368	4, 320 3, 848	3, 836	
	1,766	1, 798	1, 787	1, 879	1, 918	1, 338	1, 805	1, 777	1, 356	1, 367 - 1, 826	r 1, 855	1,376 71,883	· ·	
General-merchandise group Qdo	1,008 126	1,041 129	1,040 119	1,089	1, 134	1,055	1, 042 134	1,051 127	1, 099	1,077	1,072 1,072	1,078	1, 111	
Variety stores do Liquor stores do do do do do do do do do do do do do	289 365	290 359	295 381	313 376	312 372	309 380	310 384	292 366	314 384	297 376	319 387	320 400	307	

inless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and				1	1958							1959		
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May
		DOM	IESTI	C TR	ADE-	Conti	nued							
RETAIL TRADE—Continued		ĺ												
} retail stores—Continued Estimated inventories: Unadjusted, totalmil. of dol Durable-goods storesdo Nondurable-goods storesdo	24, 640 11, 370 13, 270	24, 360 11, 270 13, 090	23, 820 10, 950 12, 870	23, 500 10, 720 12, 780	23, 510 10, 430 13, 080	23, 680 10, 110 13, 570	24, 160 10, 120 14, 040	24, 840 10, 620 14, 220	23, 210 10, 640 12, 570	23, 400 10, 920 12, 480	24, 030 11, 210 12, 820	7 24, 670 11, 590 7 13, 080	25, 240 11, 940 13, 300	******
Seasonally adjusted, total	23, 930 10, 770 4, 480 1, 870 2, 130	23, 880 10, 790 4, 410 1, 920 2, 160	24, 070 10, 800 4, 370 1, 920 2, 180	23, 990 10, 730 4, 210 1, 920 2, 220	23, 860 10, 660 4, 030 1, 960 2, 220	23, 680 10, 480 3, 790 1, 980 2, 260	23, 470 10, 260 3, 650 1, 980 2, 240	23, 600 10, 460 3, 860 1, 980 2, 240	23, 980 10, 810 4, 150 1, 950 2, 300	24, 190 11, 010 4, 420 1, 960 2, 240	24, 120 10, 970 4, 400 1, 960 2, 210	7 24, 150 11, 120 4, 580 7 1, 940 7 2, 220	24, 430 11, 290 4, 770 1, 930 2, 230	
Nondurable-goods stores 9 do	13, 160 2, 720 2, 960 3, 950	13, 090 2, 700 2, 900 3, 960	13, 270 2, 700 2, 950 4, 050	13, 260 2, 750 2, 930 4, 030	13, 200 2, 670 2, 930 4, 000	13, 200 2, 700 2, 880 4, 030	13, 210 2, 680 2, 890 4, 080	13, 140 2, 670 2, 860 4, 090	13, 170 2, 680 2, 880 4, 140	13, 180 2, 740 2, 890 4, 130	13, 150 2, 730 2, 880 4, 070	7 13, 030 7 2, 660 7 2, 890 4, 030	13, 140 2, 720 2, 930 4, 040	
irms with 4 or more stores: Estimated sales (unadjusted), totaldo	4, 051	4, 417	4, 073	4, 045	4, 278	4, 128	4, 533	4, 483	6, 023	r 3, 970	r 3, 608	т 4, 181	4, 181	
irms with 11 or more stores: Estimated sales (unadjusted)♀§dodo	3, 476	3, 795	3, 473	3, 465	3, 697	3, 566	3, 907	3, 865	5, 178	3, 420	r 3, 113	⁷ 3, 626	3, 643	
Apparel group 9 do Men's and boys' wear stores. do Women's apparel, accessory stores. do Shoe stores. do	243 18 100 82	237 19 102 75	223 18 91 72	188 15 81 61	210 14 95 67	239 15 101 78	251 20 107 72	258 22 111 70	434 40 192 114	179 16 74 55	160 12 69 50	278 18 114 92	224 16 97 70	
Drug and proprietary stores	86 69 38	93 74 42	87 74 38	89 77 38	92 80 39	90 74 41	93 76 47	92 73 47	149 75 47	93 69 33	87 67 35	⁷ 98 75 39	92 76 41	
General-merchandise group ♀ do. Department stores, excl. mall-order⊕ do. Variety stores do. Grocery stores do. Lumber, building-materials dealers do. Tire, battery, accessory stores do.	1, 033 620 214 1, 484 60 68	1, 096 666 218 1, 684 71 81	1, 028 630 205 1, 462 71 80	983 587 205 1, 531 73 81	1, 106 651 229 1, 608 75 79	1, 112 669 220 1, 461 75 69	1, 216 731 234 1, 648 78 76	1, 260 751 239 1, 567 69 72	2, 093 1, 166 509 1, 659 55 101	r 870 524 168 1, 676 48 62	r 826 r 477 176 1, 470 48 59	r 1, 063 r 614 233 1, 542 59 69	1, 088 673 201 1, 565 70 82	
Estimated sales (seas. adj.), total \$do	3, 585	3, 631	3, 645	3, 728	3, 771	3, 685	3, 695	3, 698	3, 789	r 3, 727	7 3, 772	7 3, 805	3, 815	
Apparel group ? do Men's and boys' wear stores. do Women's apparel, accessory stores. do Shoe stores. do	224 17 96 70	226 18 98 68	225 18 92 68	239 22 97 70	250 21 104 74	237 19 103 70	235 18 101 72	240 17 104 74	258 20 111 78	240 19 105 74	250 19 109 76	251 18 106 81	232 17 102 70	
Drug and proprietary stores	90 71 41	94 73 38	90 73 40	91 73 41	97 75 39	94 71 43	94 73 40	97 74 42	100 72 39	98 75 40	97 77 42	r 101 77 r 41	96 78 42	
General-merchandise group ♀ do. Department stores, excl. mail-order⊕ do. Variety stores do. Grocery stores. do. Lumber, building-materials dealers do. Tire, battery, accessory stores do.	1, 094 650 225 1, 540 60 68	1, 122 670 228 1, 537 64 72	1, 117 681 227 1, 551 64 72	1, 174 705 238 1, 564 64 73	1, 201 729 242 1, 557 66 75	1, 134 673 236 1, 555 64 73	1, 134 664 240 1, 570 67 74	1, 102 658 223 1, 573 71 76	1, 135 651 243 1, 597 65 72	7 1, 125 669 228 1, 575 62 80	7 1, 145 7 666 242 1, 599 64 79	r 1, 154 r 671 248 1,607 r 70 81	1, 198 716 236 1, 602 70 83	
Department stores: Accounts receivable, end of month: Charse accounts. 1947-49=100. Installment accounts. do	150 346	151 342	149 340	138 336	142 333	156 337	162 340	173 350	235 391	196 392	165 381	158 373	156 367	
Ratio of collections to accounts receivable: Charge accounts percent Installment accounts do	46 14	48 15	47 15	48 14	47 15	48 16	50 15	48 15	49 15	47 15	46 15	48 16	47 15	
Sales by type of payment: Cash sales percent of total sales Charge account sales do Installment sales do	43 44 13	44 43 13	44 42 14	44 42 14	44 42 14	42 44 14	42 44 14	43 43 14	44 43 13	44 41 15	43 43 14	43 43 14	43 43 14	
Sales, unadjusted, total U. S.†1947-49=100 Atlantado	123	130 158	126 153	112 144	129 165	137 160	141 173	166 197	251 305	106 135	107 138	125 - 167	* p 130 * p 165	P
August Color Col	109 112 113 143	117 122 120 159 145	115 117 115 115 147 136	93 103 107 144 130	107 121 124 160 152	127 129 129 129 156 149	173 127 129 129 165 149	197 149 154 154 190 173	240 228 244 277 260	94 94 96 133 112	90 96 103 126 112	103 114 117 151 133	p 103 p 114 p 122 p 123 p 157 p 140	
Minneapolis do New York do Philadelphia do Richmond do St. Louis do San Francisco do	117 114 125 136	121 120 128 144 137 135	119 120 121 135 124 135	103 97 103 123 114 124	130 105 115 139 136 144	135 129 135 151 143 140	142 135 143 158 144 142	150 160 179 186 161 173	227 235 251 286 250 262	93 104 101 113 105 119	99 100 102 114 109 119	7 119 112 124 138 128 7 132	p 122 p 116 p 128 p 139 p 129 p 138	
Sales, seasonally adjusted, total U.S.†do	130	134	133	140	147	135	135	137	143	138	140	r 138	¢ p 140	
Atlanta do Boston do Chicago do Cleveland do Dallas do Kansas City do	7 157 114 118 121 7 150 136	164 117 124 124 161 148	176 115 119 122 162 141	174 129 131 132 162 147	183 137 136 140 172 158	167 119 124 129 162 147	165 125 122 126 159 144	170 122 125 125 166 149	176 132 134 139 160 150	173 119 124 123 168 150	168 120 129 133 162 154	7 167 116 7 129 128 166 155	P 175 P 120 P 130 P 132 P 169 P 149	
Minneapolis do New York do Philadelphia do Richmond do St. Louis do San Francisco do	120 121 135 147 130 142	126 124 129 146 136 142	123 124 129 146 133 143	129 133 141 153 139 140	137 137 143 163 151 148	126 125 129 145 144 140	123 128 140 151 131	130 125 135 149 133 149	136 133 142 156 148 148	127 129 134 160 138 150	133 127 134 159 141 155	141 123 129 146 144 155	p 127 p 126 p 142 p 156 p 138 p 153	

Revised. Preliminary. Corrected Q Includes data not shown separately. Servised beginning January 1956 to include minor data not covered in earlier figures. Revisions for January 1956-January 1957 appear in corresponding note in the April 1958 Survey. Revised beginning January 1956 to reflect change in previous classification of certain stores to department stores in accordance with 1954 Census of Business; unpublished revisions (January-May 1956) are available upon request. Revisions for 1956 appear in corresponding to the March 1958 Survey. Revised beginning January 1956 to reflect change in previous classification of certain stores in the March 1958 Survey. Revisions for 1956 appear in corresponding to the March 1958 Survey. Revisions for 1954 and the up-dating of the seasonal and Easter corrections Revisions for both unadjusted and seasonally adjusted sales indexes for January 1949-December 1956 (and scattered revisions beginning 1919) appear on pp. 19 and 20 of the July 1958 Survey.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and					1958							1959	,	
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May
		DON	1ESTI	C TR	ADE-	-Conti	nued							
RETAIL TRADE—Continued														
Department stores—Continued Stocks, total U. S., end of month:† Unadjusted	r 150 143	146 144	140 147	139 148	144 148	157 150	170 152	173 153	136 150	136 152	143 150	r 153 148	№ 158 № 151	
Mail-order and store sales: Montgomery Ward & Cothous. of dol. Sears, Roebuck & Codo WHOLESALE TRADE;	1 92, 615 303, 708	1 89, 194 339, 121	1 83, 199 322, 188	1 81, 387 315, 358	1 92, 465 343, 279	1 93, 210 337, 148	1110, 006 363, 667	¹ 108, 401 367, 657	1 164, 588 500, 789	1 59, 300 271, 009	¹ 81, 148 242, 482	1 78, 586 293, 743	1 100, 295 339, 592	2114, 138 364, 901
Sales, estimated (unadj.), total bil. of dol. Durable-goods establishments do Nondurable-goods establishments do	10. 7 3. 7 7. 0	10.9 3.9 7.0	10. 9 4. 0 6. 9	11. 1 4. 0 7. 2	11.3 4.1 7.2	11.9 4.4 7.5	12. 8 4. 7 8. 1	11.5 4.2 7.3	12. 0 4. 2 7. 8	11. 1 3. 8 7. 3	10.7 3.8 6.8	11.9 4.5 7.5	12. 2 4. 7 7. 6	
nventories, estimated (unadj.), total	12. 0 6. 3 5. 7	11. 8 6. 2 5. 5	11.8 6.2 5.6	11. 7 6. 1 5. 5	11. 7 6. 1 5. 6	11.7 6.1 5.6	11. 9 6. 1 5. 8	12.0 6.1 5.9	11.6 6.0 5.7	11. 8 6. 2 5. 6	11. 9 6. 4 5. 6	12.0 6.5 75.6	12.0 -6.5 5.5	
		EMPL	OYM!	ENT A	ND P	OPUL	ATIO	N						
POPULATION														
Population, United States: Total, incl. Armed Forces overseasthousands EMPLOYMENT	173, 374	173, 588	173, 822	174, 064	174, 326	174, 595	174, 871	175, 136	175, 370	175, 602	³ 175, 994	3 176, 213	3 176, 446	3 176, 665
Noninstitutional population, estimated number 14 years of age and over, totalthousands_	121, 656	121, 776	121, 900	121, 993	122, 092	122, 219	122, 361	122, 486	122, 609	122, 724	122, 832	122, 945	123, 059	123, 180
Total labor force, including Armed Forces⊕do	70, 681	71,603	73, 049	73, 104	72, 703	71,375	71, 743	71, 112	70, 701	70, 027	70, 062	70, 768	71, 210	71, 955
Civilian labor force, total	68, 027 62, 907 5, 558 57, 349 5, 120	68, 965 64, 061 6, 272 57, 789 4, 904	70, 418 64, 981 6, 900 58, 081 5, 437	70, 473 65, 179 6, 718 58, 461 5, 294	70, 067 65, 367 6, 621 58, 746 4, 699	68, 740 64, 629 6, 191 58, 438 4, 111	69, 111 65, 306 6, 404 58, 902 3, 805	68, 485 64, 653 5, 695 58, 958 3, 833	68, 081 63, 973 4, 871 59, 102 4, 108	67, 430 62, 706 4, 693 58, 013 4, 724	67, 471 62, 722 4, 692 58, 030 4, 749	68, 189 63, 828 5, 203 58, 625 4, 362	68, 639 65, 012 5, 848 59, 163 3, 627	69, 405 66, 016 6, 408 59, 308 3, 389
Unadjusted*Seasonally adjusted*	7. 5 7. 5	7. 1 7. 2	7. 7 4 6. 8	7. 5 4 7. 3	6. 7 7. 6	6.0	5. 5 7. 1	5. 6 5. 9	6. 0	7. 0 6. 0	7. 0 6. 1	6. 4 5. 8	5. 3	4. 9
Not in labor force⊕thousands Employees in nonagricultural establishments:♂	50, 975	50, 173	48, 851	48, 889	49, 389	50, 844	50, 618	51, 374	51, 909	52, 697	52, 770	52, 177	51,849	51, 225
Total, unadjusted (U. S. Dept. of Labor) do- Manufacturing do- Durable-goods industries do- Nondurable-goods industries do-	49, 726 15, 104 8, 564 6, 540	49, 949 15, 023 8, 480 6, 543	50, 413 15, 206 8, 564 6, 642	50, 178 15, 161 8, 496 6, 665	50, 576 15, 462 8, 571 6, 891	51, 237 15, 755 8, 814 6, 941	51, 136 15, 536 8, 663 6, 873	51, 432 15, 795 8, 982 6, 813	51, 935 15, 749 8, 989 6, 760	50, 310 15, 674 8, 990 6, 684	50, 315 15, 771 9, 060 6, 711	7 50, 878 7 15, 969 7 9, 217 7 6, 752	7 51, 414 7 16, 029 7 9, 309 7 6, 720	p 51, 956 p 16, 135 p 9, 414 p 6, 721
Mining, total do. Metal do. Anthracite do. Bituminous coal do. Cruda noticellar mond noticellars do.	716 91 20 199	711 92 20 192	717 93 19 190	705 90 19 180	708 89 18 185	711 91 19 187	708 91 19 189	712 94 20 191	713 93 20 192	704 94 20 192	693 94 18 188	7 688 7 94 16 180	r 692 96 r 175	p 698 p 97 p 176
Crude-petroleum and natural-gas production thousands Nonmetallic mining and quarryingdo Contract constructiondo	299 108 2, 493	298 110 2, 685	303 112 2, 806	303 112 2,882	305 112 2, 955	302 113 2, 927	297 112 2,887	297 111 2, 784	301 107 2, 486	296 103 2,343	292 101 2, 256	7 294 104 7 2, 417	109 7 2, 656	p 112 p 2, 840
Transportation and public utilities Q do. Interstate railroads. do. Local railways and bus lines. do. Trucking and warehousing do. Telephone. do. Telegraph do. Gas and electric utilities. do.	3, 883 952 97 770 744 39 574	3, 874 946 97 774 738 39 575	3, 904 957 96 790 733 39 582	3, 907 958 95 791 730 38 589	3, 897 958 95 787 726 38 589	3, 886 960 95 781 719 38 583	3,897 961 94 811 714 38 577	3, 885 951 94 823 713 37 575	3, 881 952 94 830 709 37 574	3, 836 929 93 803 706 37 572	3, 835 931 93 810 705 37 571	3, 865 7 936 93 823 704 37 7 569		
Wholesale and retail trade	10, 940 2, 982 7, 958 1, 352 1, 592 757	10, 961 2, 960 8, 001 1, 358 1, 594 757	11, 035 2, 980 8, 055 1, 361 1, 594 756	10, 984 2, 989 7, 995 1, 337 1, 591 755	11, 011 2, 994 8, 017 1, 351 1, 582 757	11, 151 3, 016 8, 135 1, 421 1, 596 755	11, 225 3, 039 8, 186 1, 474 1, 597 755	11, 382 3, 052 8, 330 1, 575 1, 611 763	11, 976 3, 065 8, 911 1, 943 1, 630 781	11, 052 3, 028 8, 024 1, 397 1, 583 766	10, 990 3, 025 7, 965 1, 349 1, 598 768	7 11, 083 7 3, 019 7 8, 064 7 1, 388 7 1, 599 772	7 11, 131 7 3, 021 7 8, 110 7 1, 383 7 1, 606 7 782	p 3, 021
Finance, insurance, and real estate	2, 356 6, 384 500 311 169 7, 850	2, 370 6, 455 510 314 172 7, 870	2, 391 6, 488 538 318 173 7, 866	2, 410 6, 465 607 318 167 7, 664	2, 413 6, 452 608 314 163 7, 678	2, 392 6, 472 527 312 167 7, 943	2, 380 6, 463 479 311 170 8, 040	2, 374 6, 426 474 309 168 8, 074	2, 373 6, 384 468 307 167 8, 373	2, 363 6, 314 461 307 166 8, 024	2, 371 6, 333 467 304 165 8, 066	2,386 76,377 469 305 167 78,093	2, 404 r 6, 508 	
Total, seasonally adjusted	50, 054 15, 243 8, 566 6, 677	50, 147 15, 202 8, 498 6, 704	50, 315 15, 275 8, 556 6, 719	50, 411 15, 312 8, 596 6, 716	50, 570 15, 330 8, 605 6, 725	50, 780 15, 529 8, 801 6, 728	50, 582 15, 358 8, 625 6, 733	50, 877 15, 693 8, 937 6, 756	50, 844 15, 701 8, 956 6, 745	7 51, 086 15, 764 9, 007 6, 757	7 51, 194 15, 819 9, 049 6, 770	r 51, 456 r 16, 006 r 9, 192 r 6, 814	7 51, 869 7 16, 175 7 9, 312 7 6, 863	₽ 16, 321
Mining do. Contract construction do. Transportation and public utilities do. Wholesale and retail trade do. Finance, insurance, and real estate do. Service and miscellaneous do. Government do	723 2, 624 3, 890 11, 050 2, 356 6, 352 7, 816	718 2, 698 3, 877 11, 087 2, 370 6, 360 7, 835	713 2, 698 3, 888 11, 105 2, 367 6, 392 7, 877	709 2, 693 3, 877 11, 121 2, 363 6, 433 7, 903	701 2, 711 3, 867 11, 175 2, 377 6, 420 7, 989	707 2, 698 3, 858 11, 151 2, 392 6, 440 8, 005	708 2,698 3,887 11,154 2,392 6,399 7,986	708 2, 690 3, 875 11, 119 2, 386 6, 426 7, 980	709 2, 550 3, 859 11, 143 2, 385 6, 448 8, 049	704 r 2, 650 3, 894 11, 216 2, 387 6, 443 8, 028	693 r 2, 625 3, 880 11, 279 2, 395 6, 462 8, 040	7 688 7 2, 719 3, 885 7 11, 263 2, 398 7 6, 441 7 8, 056	7 699 7 2,823 7 3,888 7 11,328 2,404 7 6,476 7 8,076	P 705 P 2, 793 P 3, 909 P 11, 344 P 2, 420 P 6, 488 P 8, 120

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and					1958							1959		
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May
	EMPL	OYMI	ENT A	ND P	OPUL	ATIO	N—Co	ntinu	ed					
EMPLOYMENT—Continued												į		1
Production workers in manufacturing industries: Total (U.S. Dept. of Labor) thousands Durable-goods industries do Ordnance and accessories do Lumber and wood products (except furniture)	11, 310 6, 337 69	11, 245 6, 269 68	11, 415 6, 350 68	11, 353 6, 270 67	11, 645 6, 339 67	11, 940 6, 579 68	11, 721 6, 421 67	11, 981 6, 742 71	11, 930 6, 740 73	11, 855 6, 739 73	11, 937 6, 794 72	r 12, 117 r 6, 937 r 73	7 12, 167 7 7, 022 73	p 12, 266 p 7, 121 p 73
thousands Sawmills and planing mills	520 269 283 402 849	542 280 284 405 840	578 291 287 417 859	572 293 286 422 852	581 297 301 430 864	590 297 310 438 897	594 298 313 422 899	579 290 312 426 930	565 282 309 422 943	547 275 313 411 952	537 273 315 413 979	7 552 7 277 7 316 433 7 1, 015	r 564 r 317 r 445 r 1, 037	p 318 p 45- p 1, 05-
thousands Primary smelting and refining of nonferrous metalsthousands	407	408	425 41	419	428 41	445	457	459 42	464	469 43	489 43	r 515		
Fabricated metal prod. (except ordnance, machinery, transportation equip.) thousands. Machinery (except electrical)	766 1,061 729 1,103 454 479	756 1,029 715 1,081 446 468	773 1,014 716 1,084 444 476	765 990 712 1,063 433 471	788 977 734 1,034 402 474	822 1,007 762 1,100 463 480	791 1, 005 746 992 358 481	827 1,020 788 1,199 554 484	824 1, 038 789 1, 208 567 483	820 1,057 791 1,216 581 475	817 1,090 796 1,203 568 473	7 829 7 1, 113 7 798 7 1, 226 7 591 7 469	r 839 r 1, 129 802 r 1, 230	p 849 p 1, 147 p 811 p 1, 231
Ship and boat building and repairsdo Railroad equipmentdo Instruments and related productsdo Miscellaneous mfg, industriesdo	122 42 204 351	124 37 200 348	124 33 199 355	119 33 196 346	118 31 199 366	118 31 205 380	118 26 207 386	122 31 209 379	119 32 210 360	121 33 209 350	120 35 213 360	123 7 35 216 368	r 216 r 372	p 21 p 37
Nondurable-goods industries do Food and kindred products ♀ do Meat products do Dairy products do Canning and preserving do Bakery products do Beverages do	4, 973 949 231 66 137 163 106	4, 976 978 239 70 141 164 112	5, 065 1, 039 243 73 177 168 120	5, 083 1, 081 244 73 220 167 121	5, 306 1, 172 246 72 307 166 118	5, 361 1, 178 249 68 312 166 115	5, 300 1, 115 251 64 237 166 115	5, 239 1, 050 251 62 178 164 115	5, 190 1, 001 250 62 148 162 109	5, 116 950 243 61 129 159 103	5, 143 943 239 61 129 159 103	5, 180 r 945 r 239 62 134 158 105	r 5, 145 958	p 5, 145 p 973
Tobacco manufactures	70 837 372 180	70 831 366 183	70 840 367 189	70 830 365 184	86 855 370 195	96 860 371 196	94 863 371 197	85 867 372 195	83 862 372 190	79 856 371 186	76 860 370 189	72 7 866 371 193	7 70 7 868	p 69 p 868
rhousands	987 434 220	985 432 219	994 433 219	992 429 215	1, 044 442 223	1, 055 447 223	1, 051 447 222	1, 053 446 223	1, 056 443 221	1, 051 440 221	1,078 440 220	r 1, 085 r 441 r 219	7 1, 057 7 442	» 1, 04; » 44;
Chemicals and allied products do Industrial organic chemicals do Products of petroleum and coal do Petroleum refining do Rubber products do Tires and inner tubes do Leather and leather products do Footwear (except rubber) do	545 519 190 157 122 176 72 300 202	540 510 188 158 122 172 70 302 205	541 500 187 158 122 176 71 314 213	537 496 186 157 122 175 71 317 215	542 504 190 157 121 181 73 323 217	548 511 191 158 120 188 74 321 213	551 517 193 153 116 195 75 315 206	548 514 194 156 120 195 76 324 214	550 514 195 155 119 198 77 329 221	544 515 196 154 119 199 77 329 224	545 518 197 150 115 199 76 333 226	551 527 199 160 122 202 78 331 224	r 554 r 536 r 160 r 178 r 323	P 55t P 160 P 171 P 322
Production workers in manufacturing industries, seasonally adjusted: † Total thousands Durable-goods industries do Nondurable-goods industries do	11, 438 6, 338 5, 100	11, 415 6, 285 5, 130	11, 484 6, 344 5, 140	11, 512 6, 372 5, 140	11, 530 6, 377 5, 153	11, 725 6, 568 5, 157	11, 551 6, 385 5, 166	11, 876 6, 693 5, 183	11, 884 6, 708 5, 176	11, 941 6, 754 5, 187	11, 979 6, 783 5, 196	r 12, 149 r 6, 914 5, 235	7 12, 304 7 7, 026 7 5, 278	P 12, 44 P 7, 14 P 5, 30
Production workers in manufacturing industries: Indexes of employment: Unadjusted	91. 4 92. 5	90. 9 92. 3	92.3 92.8	91. 8 93. 1	94. 1 93. 2	96. 5 94. 8	94. 8 93. 4	96. 9 96. 0	96. 5 96. 1	95. 8 96. 5	96, 5 96, 8	r 98.0 98.2	r 98. 4 r 99. 5	₽ 99. °
Miscellaneous employment data: Federal civilian employees (executive branch): ¶ United States, continentalthousands. Washington, D.C., metropolitan areado Railway employees (class I railways):	1	2, 124. 4 204. 8	2, 157. 0 209. 2	2, 165. 0 209. 8	2, 164. 7 208. 9	2, 146. 7 206. 5	2, 145. 7 206. 9 867	207. 2	1 2, 460. 4 1 215. 5 852	² 2,142.8 207.3 836	² 2, 140. 6 207. 6 ₂ 839	² 2, 142. 6 207. 7 P 845	² 2, 147. 6 207. 7 p 853	- 00
Total	ł	851 64. 0 63. 1	861 64. 8 63. 4	864 65. 0 63. 6	65. 4 64. 3	864 65. 0 64. 9	65. 2 66. 6	856 64. 4 65. 9	63. 8 65. 2	62. 8 62. 3	63. 0 63. 1	r 63. 4 p 63. 9	p 63. 9 p 64. 8	Р 86х Р 65. 1 Р 64. 1
Manufacturing production-worker payroll index, unadjusted (U.S. Dept. of Labor)‡1947-49=100	139. 6	140. 9	144.9	144.8	150.0	155.7	152. 5	158. 4	160. 4	158. 2	160. 4	165. 1	r 167. 0	₽ 169. S
LABOR CONDITIONS	į					,				ŧ				
Average weekly hours per worker (U.S. Dept. of Labor): All manufacturing industries hours. Average overtime do Durable-goods industries do Average overtime do Ordnance and accessories do do Ordnance and accessories do	38. 3 1. 5 38. 8 1. 4 40. 7	38. 7 1. 7 39. 1 1. 5 40. 6	39. 2 1. 9 39. 6 1. 7 40. 7	39. 2 1. 9 39. 4 1. 8 40. 7	39. 6 2. 3 39. 8 2. 1 40. 6	39. 9 2. 4 40. 2 2. 3 41. 2	39. 8 2. 4 40. 1 2. 4 41. 2	39. 9 2. 6 40. 3 2. 6 41. 1	49. 2 2. 6 40. 8 2. 7 41. 9	39. 9 2. 3 40. 4 2. 3 41. 5	40. 0 2. 4 40. 3 2. 4 41. 1	40. 2 7 2. 6 40. 8 7 2. 6 7 41. 3	40.3 2.6 740.9 2.7 741.0	P 40. P 2. P 41. P 2. P 41.
Lumber and wood products (except furniture) Sawmills and planing mills	36.9	39. 6 39. 7 37. 8 39. 7 37. 3	40. 5 40. 5 38. 8 40. 3 38. 3	40. 0 38. 4	40. 7 40. 8 40. 5 40. 8 33. 5	41.3 41.1 41.0 41.1 39.1	41. 1 40. 9 41. 0 41. 0 38. 9	40. 2 40. 1 40. 8 40. 9 39. 3	40. 3 40. 2 41. 2 40. 4 39. 8	39. 6 39. 3 40. 3 40. 2 40. 0	39. 5 39. 6 40. 4 40. 5 40. 4	7 40. 7 7 41. 0 7 40. 4 41. 0 40. 9	40. 8 40. 1 7 41. 3 7 41. 2	p 39, 9
Primary smelting and refining of nonferrous metals hours. Revised. Preliminary Includes Post O	36. 3	36. 7 39. 9	37. 8 39. 9	38.0	37. 9 39. 5	38. 7 40. 1	38. 3 40. 3		38. 8 41. 2	39. 5 41. 4	40. 0	40.7		

^{**}Revised. **Preliminary. Includes Post Office employees hired for Christmas season; there were about 316,709 such employees in continental U.S. in December 1958. Includes employees in Alaska, the note marked of for p. S-11. Includes data for industries not shown. Formerly "Automobiles." Data not affected. Data have been revised back to January 1939; monthly revisions beginning January 1955 will be shown later. Beginning January 1959, figures include Federal civilian employees in Alaska; at the end of January 1959, such employees totaled 13,200 persons.

Unless otherwise stated statistics through 1050 and					1958				-			1959		
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May
	EMPL	OYMI	ENT A	ND P	OPUL	ATIO	N—Co	ntinue	ed		*			
LABOR CONDITIONS—Continued	, .								,					
Average weekly hours per worker, etc.‡—Continued All manufacturing industries—Continued Durable-goods industries—Continued Fabricated metal prod. (except ordnance, machinery, transportation equipment)hours. Machinery (except electrical)do. Electrical machinerydo.	38. 9 39. 3 39. 0	39. 4 39. 4 39. 1	40. 0 39. 6 39. 6	40. 0 39. 4 39. 3	40. 4 39. 4 39. 7	41. 0 40. 0 40. 4	40. 8 39. 5 39. 9	40. 8 39. 9 40. 6	41. 2 40. 6 40. 6	40. 5 40. 7 40. 4	40. 4 40. 9 40. 2	r 40. 8 41. 3 40. 3	r 41. 1 41. 4 r 40. 2	р 41. 3 р 41. 8 р 40. 4
Transportation equipment ♀ do. Motor vehicles and equipment♂ do. Aircraft and parts. Ship and boat building and repairs. Railroad equipment. do.	39. 3 38. 4 40. 3 39. 1 37. 9	39. 7 38. 9 40. 5 39. 8 37. 6	39. 8 39. 1 40. 7 39. 5 37. 2	39. 6 38. 8 40. 4 39. 7 37. 0	40. 0 39. 3 40. 8 39. 6 37. 1	39. 6 38. 6 40. 8 39. 2 36. 7	40. 0 39. 7 40. 5 39. 8 35. 7	40. 6 41. 0 40. 7 38. 8 38. 3	41. 7 43. 0 40. 9 39. 2 39. 1	40. 7 41. 0 40. 9 39. 4 37. 9	40. 3 40. 2 40. 8 38. 6 38. 6	40. 7 7 41. 0 7 40. 7 39. 3 7 39. 4	r 41. 0	р 41. 1
Instruments and related productsdo Miscellaneous mfg. industriesdo	39. 5 39. 0	39. 2 39. 1	39. 8 39. 5	39. 7 39. 2	39. 8 39. 5	40.3 40.1	40. 4 40. 3	40. 7 40. 4	40. 9 40. 4	40. 7 40. 1	40. 5 40. 1	7 40. 5 40. 0	r 40. 7 r 40. 2	р 40. 7 р 40. 2
Nondurable-goods industries do. Average overtime do. Food and kindred products 9 do. Mest products do. Dairy products do. Canning and preserving do. Bakery products do. Beverages do.	37. 7 1. 7 39. 7 39. 3 41. 7 37. 4 39. 8 39. 3	38. 1 1. 9 40. 2 39. 8 42. 0 38. 6 40. 3 40. 3	38. 7 2. 1 40. 7 40. 6 42. 8 38. 3 40. 6 41. 1	39. 0 2. 2 41. 2 40. 7 43. 0 40. 7 40. 8 41. 2	39. 4 2. 4 41. 4 40. 3 42. 5 42. 1 40. 3 40. 9	39. 5 2. 6 41. 6 41. 2 42. 3 42. 3 40. 1 40. 1	39. 4 2. 5 40. 9 40. 9 41. 8 40. 2 40. 2 40. 0	39. 4 2. 5 41. 0 42. 0 41. 5 37. 9 39. 9 39. 9	39. 6 2. 6 41. 0 41. 4 41. 7 38. 0 40. 2 40. 3	39. 3 2. 4 40. 5 40. 7 41. 8 38. 2 39. 7 39. 7	39. 4 2. 4 40. 0 39. 2 41. 3 38. 6 40. 1 39. 6	39. 5 2. 6 40. 2 7 39. 9 41. 6 7 38. 6 7 40. 1 7 39. 8	39. 5 2. 5 40. 2	
Tobacco manufactures	38. 0 36. 6 36. 7 35. 2	38. 7 37. 3 37. 4 36. 5	39. 7 38. 4 38. 4 37. 5	39. 6 38. 6 38. 9 37. 7	39. 6 39. 2 39. 3 38. 7	40. 1 39. 7 39. 7 38. 9	39. 6 40. 1 40. 4 39. 1	39. 2 40. 3 40. 7 39. 3	40. 1 40. 2 40. 5 38. 6	38. 8 39. 8 40. 2 37. 8	38. 5 40. 3 40. 8 38. 3	38. 1 40. 4 40. 9 38. 4	7 37. 8 40. 4	₽ 39. 0 ₽ 40. 6
Apparel and other finished textile proddo Paper and allied productsdo Pulp, paper, and paperboard millsdo Printing, publishing, and allied industries	34. 5 41. 0 42. 1	34. 8 41. 0 42. 0	35. 0 41. 8 42. 8	35. 6 41. 9 42. 8	36. 4 42. 5 43. 5	36. 1 42. 7 43. 7	36. 0 42. 7 43. 5	35. 8 42. 5 43. 3	36. 1 42. 4 43. 4	36. 0 42. 4 43. 5	36. 7 42. 4 43. 4	r 36. 5 42. 7 r 43. 7	36. 6 42. 7	p 36, 6 p 42, 8
hours. Chemicals and allied productsdo. Industrial organic chemicalsdo. Products of petroleum and coaldo. Petroleum refiningdo. Rubber productsdo. Tires and inner tubesdo. Leather and leather productsdo. Footwear (except rubber)do.	37. 7 40. 7 40. 0 40. 5 40. 7 37. 5 36. 1 34. 1 32. 9	37. 6 40. 8 40. 4 40. 5 40. 3 38. 2 37. 4 35. 3 34. 4	37. 6 41. 1 40. 7 41. 0 40. 9 39. 1 38. 1 36. 6 36. 0	37. 6 40. 8 40. 6 41. 0 41. 0 39. 1 38. 9 37. 4 37. 2	37. 9 40. 7 40. 5 40. 4 40. 1 40. 5 40. 7 37. 3 36. 8	38.0 41.0 40.9 40.7 40.7 40.8 40.5 36.7 35.9	37. 9 41. 0 40. 6 40. 2 40. 1 40. 7 40. 3 37. 0 36. 0	37.9 41.2 40.9 40.6 40.8 40.7 40.9 37.5 36.5	38. 4 41. 4 41. 1 40. 2 40. 3 41. 9 42. 3 38. 5 38. 1	38. 0 41. 1 41. 0 40. 9 41. 1 41. 1 39. 1 39. 2	37. 9 41. 2 41. 1 40. 3 40. 6 41. 6 41. 6 38. 8 38. 7	38.3 7 41.3 41.0 7 41.2 7 40.8 42.0 7 42.4 38.0 7 37.7	38. 1 r 41. 6 r 40. 8 r 41. 7 r 37. 0	p 38, 6 p 41, 5 p 40, 9 p 36, 8
Nonmanufacturing industries: Mining*	37. 4 38. 4 22. 3 30. 0	38. 1 37. 8 25. 8 31. 1	39. 8 38. 0 30. 9 35. 2	39. 2 38. 3 30. 8 32. 4	39. 7 37. 8 28. 8 35. 3	39. 9 38. 6 30. 8 35. 4	40. 0 38. 7 29. 7 35. 8	40.0 39.7 29.9 35.3	40. 6 39. 7 35. 3 38. 1	40. 1 40. 6 34. 3 36. 3	39. 7 40. 8 27. 0 35. 6	7 39. 9 40. 4 27. 6 35. 2		
Crude-petroleum and natural-gas production: Petroleum and natural-gas production_hours_ Nonmetallic mining and quarryingdo do	40. 6 42. 3 36. 2 38. 6 35. 5	40. 4 43. 7 37. 4 41. 1 36. 3	40. 8 44. 2 37. 2 40. 7 36. 2	41. 2 44. 2 37. 3 40. 8 36. 3	40. 1 44. 9 37. 9 42. 0 36. 7	40. 9 45. 4 37. 8 42. 2 36. 5	40. 3 45. 2 38. 1 42. 7 36. 8	41. 2 44. 0 36. 4 39. 6 35. 4	40. 5 42. 1 35. 3 37. 9 34. 6	41. 3 41. 5 35. 7 38. 5 35. 0	41. 4 41. 7 34. 4 36. 3 34. 0	7 41, 2 7 42, 4 7 35, 9 39, 5 35, 0		
Transportation and public utilities: Local railways and bus lines do Telephone do Telegraph do Gas and electric utilities do Wholesale and retail trade:	42. 7 37. 7 41. 4 40. 8	43. 0 37. 8 42. 0 40. 5	43. 0 38. 2 41. 9 40. 7	42. 9 38. 5 41. 9 40. 7	42. 9 38. 6 42. 1 40. 9	42. 4 39. 0 41. 8 40. 9	42. 5 39. 0 41. 7 40. 9	42.6 39.7 41.3 41.1	42. 9 38. 6 41. 6 41. 1	42. 6 38. 3 41. 4 41. 0	42. 5 38. 9 41. 4 40. 9	7 42.6 7 38.4 41.4		
Wholesale tradedo. Retail trade (except eating and drinking places) Q hours General-merchandise storesdo. Food and liquor storesdo.	39. 6 37. 8 34. 2 35. 8	40. 0 37. 8 34. 3 35. 9	40. 1 38. 2 34. 8 36. 6	40. 3 38. 7 35. 2 37. 4	38. 7 35. 2 37. 3	38. 0 34. 5 36. 6	40. 3 37. 9 34. 3 36. 2	40. 1 37. 7 34. 0 36. 3	40. 4 38. 5 36. 6 36. 3	40. 2 38. 1 34. 7 36. 4	40. 0 37. 9 34. 4 36. 4	37. 9 7 34. 6 7 36. 3		
Attomotive and accessories dealers do Service and miscellaneous: Hotels, year-round do Laundries do Cleaning and dyeing plants do do do do do do do do do do do do do	43. 7 39. 9 39. 2 38. 7	43. 8 40. 0 39. 6 39. 7	43. 8 40. 1 39. 8 39. 9	43. 8 40. 0 39. 7 38. 4	43. 9 40. 1 39. 3 37. 2	43. 7 39. 9 39. 3 38. 6	43. 8 40. 4 39. 4 39. 4	43. 7 39. 9 38. 8 38. 7	44. 0 40. 0 39. 2 38. 3	39. 7 39. 3 38. 5	39. 9 39. 0 37. 4	7 40. 1 7 39. 4 38. 1		
Industrial disputes (strikes and lock-outs): Bezinning in month: Work stoppagesnumber Workers involvedtheusands. In effect during month: Work stoppagesnumber.	293 82 411	360 156 519	374 156 552	399 159 596	403 162 638	471 324 712	391 463 637	305 224 497	136 58 357	225 75 325	200 75 300	250 90 350	350 175	
Workers involved thousands. Man-days idle during month do	122 1, 100	200 1, 940	247 1, 850	238 2, 160	288 2, 160	414 2, 400	531 5, 420	296 2, 210	169 2, 430	150 2,000	140 1, 500	150 1,000	475 250 2, 500	
U.S. Employment Service placement activities: Nonagricultural placementsthousands. Unemployment compensation, State and UCFE programs (Bureau of Employment Security): Initial claimsthousands. Insured unemployment, weekly average do	404 1, 983 3, 302	439 1, 538 2, 984	456 1, 513 2, 667	459 1, 659 2, 511	1, 251 2, 203	545 1, 186 1, 906	1, 259 1, 722	413 1, 258 1, 781	406 1, 924 2, 111	398 1,790 2,518	378 1, 277 2, 396	1, 136 2, 106	520 1,099 1,793	1, 486
Percent of covered employment* Benefit payments: Beneficiaries, weekly average thousands Amount of payments thous of dol. Veterans' unemployment program: Output Description:	7. 9 2, 967 403, 845	7. 1 2, 732 363, 550	2, 590 325, 039	2, 234 305, 638	5. 2 2, 044 255, 432	1, 767 231, 141	1, 556 210, 300	1, 487 174, 470	5. 1 1, 739 234, 683	2, 166 279, 461	2, 157 255, 671	1, 968 255, 640	1, 708 218, 438	
Initial claims thousands. Insured unemployment, weekly average do Beneficiaries, weekly average do Amount of payments thous, of dol * Revised. * Preliminary.	27 80 96 9,833	24 74 87 8, 922	38 78 89 8, 853	30 78 92 10, 151	19 53 65 6, 553	14 39 48 5, 047	13 27 30 3, 391	12 26 28 2,693	30 3, 311	13 31 33 3, 486	9 28 31 2, 993	7 22 26 2,688	5 16 19 2,019	10

^{*}Revised. **Preliminary.

† See note marked "\$\partial \text{or} \text{if} \text{or} \text{p. 5-11.} \quad \text{Includes data for industries not shown.} \text{\sigma} \text{Formerly "Automobiles."} \text{Data not affected.} \\
*New series. \text{Monthly data for average weekly hours in the mining industry for January 1947-February 1957 are available upon request. Rate of covered employment expresses average insured unemployment in each month as a percentage of average covered employment for the most recent 12-month period for which data are available (the lag for covered employment data may range from 6 to 8 months); monthly data for January 1953-September 1956 are available upon request.

§ Excludes data for persons eligible for compensation under temporary programs; in May 1959, insured unemployment averaged 126,000 persons under TUC programs.

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Inless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and					1958							1959		
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Ма
	EMPL	OYMI	ENT A	ND P	OPUL	ATIO	V—Co	ntinue	ed				-	•
LABOR CONDITIONS—Continued													<u> </u>	
abor turnover in manufacturing establishments:§ Accession rate, total monthly rate per 100 employees.	2. 5	3.0	3.8	3.3	3. 9	4.0	3.4	2.8	2.4	3.3	3. 3	r 3 . 6	p 3. 4	
New hires*dododo	.9 4.1	1.0 3.6	1. 6 2. 9	1. 5 3. 2	1. 6 3. 5	1. 9 3. 5	1.7 3.2	1.3 2.8	1.1 2.8	1. 5 3. 1	1.7 2.6	1. 9 - 2. 8	p 2. 0 p 2. 9	
Quitdo Layoffdo	3.7	. 8 2. 4	1.8	2. 0	$\frac{1.2}{1.9}$	1. 5 1. 6	1. 1 1. 7	.8 1.6	.7 1.8	1.7	1. 3	1. 0 r 1. 3	p 1. 2 p 1. 2	
WAGES	ĺ											1		
verage weekly gross earnings (U. S. Department of Labor):‡ All manufacturing industriesdollars_	80. 81	82. 04	83. 10	83. 50	84, 35	85. 39	85. 17	86, 58	88. 04	87. 38	88. 00	89. 24	89. 87	p 90
Durable-goods industriesdodododo	87. 30 100. 12	88. 37 99. 88	89. 89 100. 94	89. 83 100. 94	91. 14 100. 69	92. 46 103. 00	91. 83 103. 00	94. 30 103. 16	96. 29 106. 43	94, 94 105, 00	95. 11 103. 57	97. 10 - 104. 08	7 97. 75 7 103. 73	p 98
Lumber and wood products (except furniture) dollars	71. 39 68. 92	74. 45 73. 05	76. 14 74. 52	74. 28 73. 66	77. 74 76, 70	80. 12 77. 68	80. 15 77. 30	77. 59 75. 39	77. 38 75. 17	74. 84 72. 31	74. 26 72. 86	* 77. 74 * 75. 85	r 79. 15	p 80
Sawmills and planing mills do Furniture and fixtures do Stone, clay, and glass products do	67. 26 81. 51	66. 91 82. 97	69. 06 84. 63	68. 85 84. 40	72. 09 86. 90	73. 80 88. 78	73. 39 86. 51	73. 03 87. 53	74. 16 87. 26	72. 54 86. 83	72.32 - 87.89	73. 12	72. 58 7 91. 27	p 7
Primary metal industries QdoBlast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills	95. 20	96. 23	99. 96	102. 91	103. 95	106. 74	106. 59	108.08	109. 45	110. 80	112. 72	r 115. 34	r 116. 60	
Blast lurnaces, steel works, and rolling mills dollars Primary smelting and refining of nonferrous	101. 91	101.66	106.60	111.72	112. 18	115. 71	114. 52	115, 50	116, 40	120.08	122.00	125. 36		
metals	97. 04	96. 96	96. 96	98. 55	99. 54	101. 05	102. 36	104.04	105.06	105. 16	105.06	103.89	- 00 50	
chinery, transportation equip.)dollars Machinery (except electrical)do Electrical machinerydo	87. 14 92. 75 83. 46	88, 65 93, 38 83, 67	90. 80 94. 25 85. 14	91. 20 93. 77 84. 50	92. 52 93. 77 84. 96	93. 89 95. 60 87. 26	93. 02 94. 41 85. 79	94. 66 96. 96 88. 91	96, 00 99, 06 89, 32	93, 96 99, 31 88, 88	94. 13 100. 61 88. 84	7 95, 88 7 102, 42 89, 06	7 96, 59 7 103, 09 7 88, 84	p 9 p 10 p 8
Transportation equipment Qdo	97. 07 96. 00	98. 85 97. 64	99. 50 98. 14	100. 19 97. 39	102.00 99.82	100. 98 98. 43	102.00 100.04	106. 78 110. 70	110. 92 117. 82	106, 63 109, 06	105. 59 106. 93	107. 04 , 109. 47	r 107. 83	p 108
Motor vehicles and equipment ofdo	98. 33	100. 44	102. 16	102.62	104.04	104.04	104.09	104, 19	105. 52	105, 52	105. 67	r 105. 01		
Ship and boat building and repairsdo Railroad equipmentdo	95. 80 100. 81	97. 51 99. 64	96. 78 98. 21	99. 65 98. 05	100. 98 97. 94	100. 35 97. 99	102. 68 96. 75	99. 72 104. 18	101, 53 106, 74	102, 44 103, 09	99, 97 104, 22	102. 18 r 107. 17		
Instruments and related productsdo Miscellaneous mfg. industriesdo	85. 72 72. 15	85, 46 71, 94	87. 16 73. 08	87. 34 72. 13	87. 96 72. 68	89. 47 74. 19	89. 28 74. 56	90.76 75.14	91. 62 75. 95	91, 17 75, 79	91. 13 75. 39	7 91, 53 75, 60	7 91, 98 7 76, 38	p 9
Nondurable-goods industriesdo	73. 14 79. 80	73. 91 80. 80	75. 08 81. 81	75. 66 81. 99	76, 04 81, 56	77. 03 82. 78	76. 83 81. 80	77. 22 83. 64	78. 01 84. 46	77.81 84.65	78. 01 83. 60	79.00 84.42	r 79. 00 r 84. 42	p 7
Food and kindred products Qdo Meat productsdo Dairy productsdo	87. 25 80. 06	88. 36 80. 64	90. 54 83. 03	91. 58 84. 71	89, 87 83, 73	93. 94 84. 18	93. 25 82. 76	97. 44 82. 59	95. 63 83. 40	95. 65 84. 44	91. 73 83. 43	7 93. 77 84. 86	01, 12	
Canning and preservingdo Bakery productsdo	64. 70 77. 61	65. 62 78. 99	63. 58 79. 98	64. 31 80. 78	69, 47 79, 79	71.06 79.80 93.03	66. 73 80. 00 92. 40	62. 16 79. 80 92. 97	64. 98 81. 20	66, 85 80, 19 92, 10	67.55 81.80	7 68. 32 7 81. 40 7 93. 93		
Beveragesdo	88. 43 62. 70	92. 69 64. 24	95. 35 66. 30	96. 00 65. 74	94, 07 62, 96	60. 15	60. 19	62.72	94.71	63, 63	92. 66 63. 53	64. 39	765, 02	p 6
Textile-mill products Qdo Broadwoven fabric millsdo	54. 90 52. 85	55, 95 53, 86	57. 98 55. 68	57. 90 56. 41	59. 19 57. 38	59. 95 57. 96	60. 95 58. 98	61. 26 59. 42	61. 10 59. 54	60, 89 59, 09	61. 66 59. 98	63. 43 62. 17	63. 43	p 6
Knitting millsdo Apparel and other finished textile products dollars.	51. 74 51. 75	53. 29 52. 20	54. 75 52. 50	54. 67 53. 40	56. 12 55. 33	57. 18 55. 23	57. 48 55. 08	58. 16 54. 42	56. 74 54. 87	55, 94 55, 08	56, 68 56, 15	57. 22 r 55. 85	55. 63	p 5
Paper and allied productsdo	85. 69 93. 04	86. 10 93. 24	88. 20 95. 87	88. 83 96. 73	90. 53 98. 31	91. 38 99. 20	91. 38 98. 75	90. 95 98. 72	91, 16 99, 39	91, 58 99, 62	92.01 99.39	92. 66 - 100. 07	r 93. 09	p 9
Pulp, paper, and paperboard millsdo Printing, publishing, and allied industries dollars.	96. 14	97. 01	97.38	97. 38	98. 54	99. 56	99. 68	99. 30	101.76	99. 94	100. 44	r 102. 64	101. 73	p 10
Chemicals and allied productsdo Industrial organic chemicalsdo	92. 39 98. 00	93. 43 98. 98		95. 06 100. 69	95. 24 100. 85	95. 94 102. 25	95. 94 101. 91	96. 82 103. 07	97. 70 103. 57	97, 00 103, 73	97. 64 103. 57	7 97. 88 103. 73	r 98. 18	p 9
Products of petroleum and coaldo Petroleum refiningdo	110. 97 115. 59	110. 16 113. 65	111. 93 115. 75	113. 16 117. 26	110, 29 113, 08	112. 33 116. 00	110. 15 113. 48 97. 27	112.46 116.28 98.09	111. 35 114. 86	113. 70 117. 55	114.86 119.77	7 118. 24 7 121. 18	r 117. 91 r 100. 91	
Rubber productsdo Tires and inner tubesdo Leather and leather productsdo	85. 88 95. 67 53. 54	87. 86 99. 48 55. 42	91. 10 103. 63 57. 46	91. 89 106. 59 57. 97	96, 80 113, 96 58, 19	97. 51 113. 40 57. 99	113. 24 58. 46	98. 09 115. 75 59. 63	102, 66 121, 40 61, 22	100. 28 117. 55 62. 56	101.09 118.98 62.08	7 103. 74 7 122. 96 60. 80	r 59. 57	
Footwear (except rubber)do	49. 68	51. 94	54. 36	55. 80	55, 57	54. 93	55. 08	56. 21	58. 67	60. 76	60. 37	r 58. 81		
Nonmanufacturing industries: Mining*dododododo	94. 62 92. 93	96. 01 91. 10	101. 89 92. 34	99. 96 96. 13	101. 24 95. 63	102. 14 98. 04	102. 40 98. 30	103. 60 100. 84	105. 56 101. 24	105.86 103.94	106.00 104.45	, 106. 13 , 104. 23		
Anthracite do. Bituminous coal do. Crude-petroleum and natural-gas production:	58. 65 90. 60	67. 60 93. 30	80.96 106.30	79. 77 97. 85	74. 59 105. 90	80. 08 106. 55	77. 52 107. 76	78. 04 107. 31	93. 19 115. 82	91, 24 114, 71	74.79 112.85	76. 45 112. 29		
Crude-petroleum and natural-gas production: Petroleum and natural-gas production dollars.	108. 81	107.06	110. 57	110. 83	106, 67	110.02	107. 60	112, 06	108. 54	111. 92	116.33	r 115, 36		
Nonmetallic mining and quarryingdo Contract constructiondo	85. 45 107. 88	89. 59 111. 08	91.49 110.11	91. 94 111. 90	93, 39 113, 70	95. 34 114. 91	95. 37 115. 82	92. 84 110. 66	89. 67 109. 43	87. 98 111, 03	88. 82 106. 64	7 90. 31 7 110. 57		
Nonbuilding constructiondo Building constructiondo	103. 45 108. 63	110. 56 111. 08	108. 67 110. 77	110. 57 112. 17	114, 66 113, 40	117. 32 114. 25		108, 11 111, 16	105. 36 110. 37	105.88 111.65	100. 19 108. 12	108. 23 110. 95		
Transportation and public utilities: Local railways and bus linesdo	90. 10	90. 30	91. 16	91. 38	90, 95	90. 74		91. 16	92.66	92. 44	92. 65	7 92. 87		
Telephone do Telegraph do Gas and electric utilities do	- 76. 53 87. 35 99. 55	77. 11 89. 04	78. 31 91. 34		79, 90 91, 78 101, 02	81. 12 93. 63 101. 84	93. 41	82. 97 92. 51 103. 57	81.06 93.18 103.57	80, 81 93, 98 103, 32	82. 47 93. 98 103. 89	7 81. 79 93. 98 7 104. 04]	
Gas and electric utilitiesdo Wholesale and retail trade: Wholesale tradedo		98. 42 86. 40	100. 12 87. 42	İ	87.64	88. 66		88. 22	88.48	88. 44	88.00	89. 24		
Retail trade (except eating and drinking places) Q	63. 50	63. 88	64. 94	66. 18	66. 18	64. 98	64. 81	64. 47	64.68	66, 29	65. 95	65. 95		_
General-merchandise storesdo Food and liquor storesdo Automotive and accessories dealersdo	45. 83 66. 23 81. 72	46. 31 66. 42 83. 66	68.08	69. 56	47, 52 69, 38 84, 73	46. 92 68. 44 83. 47	68. 42	45. 90 68. 97 83. 90	48. 68 68. 24 85. 36	48, 23 68, 43 87, 07	47. 13 69. 52 86. 04	7 47. 40 7 68. 97 7 86. 72		-
Finance, insurance, and real estate:										į				
Banks and trust companiesdo Service and miscellaneous: Hotels, year-rounddo	1	65. 72 44. 80		i	65. 80 44. 91	65. 98 45. 09		66. 54 45. 49	66. 48 46. 40	66, 71 45, 66	66, 97 46, 28	i		
Laundries do	44. 30 50. 70	44. 75	45. 37	45. 26	44. 80 49. 48	44.80	44. 92	44, 23	44. 69 51. 32	45. 20 51. 98	44.85	45. 70 51. 82		-

*Revised. * Preliminary. \$\frac{1}{2}\text{See} note marked "?" for p. S-11. \$\Q\$ Includes data for industries not shown. \$\sigma^{\text{F}}\text{ormerly "Automobiles."}\$ Data not affected. \$\frac{1}{2}\text{Data beginning January 1959 for accessions and separations include interplant transfers (not included in earlier data), hence are not strictly comparable with rates prior thereto. Discharge and miscellaneous rates (included in total separations) are not published separately after December 1958.

*New series. "New hires" are additions (permanent and temporary) to the employment roll of persons who have never before been employed by the establishment or company, or of former employees not recalled by the employer. Monthly data for new hires (1951-1957) and average weekly earnings in the mining division January 1947-February 1957) are available upon request.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and					1958							1959		
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May
	EMPL	OYMI	ENT A	ND P	OPUL	ATIO]	N—Co	ntinu	ed					
WAGES—Continued							1							-
Average hourly gross earnings (U. S. Department of	:													
Labor): All manufacturing industries dollars Excluding overtime do. Durable-goods industries do. Excluding overtime do. Ordnance and accessories do.	2. 11 2. 07 2. 25 2. 21 2. 46	2. 12 2. 07 2. 26 2. 21 2. 46	2. 12 2. 07 2. 27 2. 22 2. 48	2. 13 2. 08 2. 28 2. 23 2. 48	2. 13 2. 07 2. 29 2. 23 2. 48	2. 14 2. 08 2. 30 2. 24 2. 50	2. 14 2. 08 2. 29 2. 23 2. 50	2. 17 2. 11 2. 34 2. 26 2. 51	2. 19 2. 12 2. 36 2. 28 2. 54	2, 19 2, 13 2, 35 2, 29 2, 53	2. 20 2. 13 2. 36 2. 29 2. 52	2. 22 2. 15 2. 38 2. 31 r 2. 52	2, 23 2, 16 2, 39 2, 31 2, 53	p 2, 23 p 2, 39 p 2, 53
Lumber and wood products (except furniture) dollars Sawmills and planing millsdo Furniture and fixturesdo Stone, clay, and glass productsdo Primary metal industries 9do Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills	1. 84 1. 79 1. 77 2. 09 2. 58	1. 88 1. 84 1. 77 2. 09 2. 58	1. 88 1. 84 1. 78 2. 10 2. 61	1. 89 1. 86 1. 77 2. 11 2. 68	1, 91 1, 88 1, 78 2, 13 2, 70	1. 94 1. 89 1. 80 2. 16 2. 73	1. 95 1. 89 1. 79 2. 11 2. 74	1. 93 1. 88 1. 79 2. 14 2. 75	1. 92 1. 87 1. 80 2. 16 2. 75	1. 89 1. 84 1. 80 2. 16 2. 77	1. 88 1. 84 1. 79 2. 17 2. 79	1. 91 1. 85 1. 81 r 2. 20 r 2. 82	1. 81 7 2. 21 2. 83	p 1, 96 p 1, 81 p 2, 22 p 2, 83
dollars Primary smelting and refining of nonferrous	2. 78	2. 77	2. 82	2. 94	2.96	2, 99	2, 99	3.00	3.00	3.04	3.05	3.08		
metals dollars. Fabricated metal prod. (except ordnance, machinery, transportation equipment) dollars. Machinery (except electrical) do Electrical machinery do	2. 42 2. 24 2. 36 2. 14	2. 43 2. 25 2. 37 2. 14	2. 43 2. 27 2. 38 2. 15	2. 47 2. 28 2. 38 2. 15	2. 52 2. 29 2. 38 2. 14	2, 52 2, 29 2, 39 2, 16	2. 54 2. 28 2. 39 2. 15	2. 55 2. 32 2. 43 2. 19	2. 55 2. 33 2. 44 2. 20	2. 54 2. 32 2. 44 2. 20	2. 55 2. 33 2. 46 2. 21	2, 54 2, 35 7 2, 48 2, 21	r 2, 35 r 2, 49 r 2, 21	» 2, 36 » 2, 50 » 2, 21
Transportation equipment Q do Motor vehicles and equipment do Aircraft and parts do Ship and boat building and repairs do Railroad equipment do Instruments and related products do Miscellaneous míg. Industries do	2. 47 2. 50 2. 44 2. 45 2. 66 2. 17 1. 85	2, 49 2, 51 2, 48 2, 45 2, 65 2, 18 1, 84	2.50 2.51 2.51 2.45 2.64 2.19 1.85	2. 53 2. 51 2. 54 2. 51 2. 65 2. 20 1. 84	2, 55 2, 54 2, 55 2, 55 2, 64 2, 21 1, 84	2. 55 2. 55 2. 55 2. 56 2. 67 2. 22 1. 85	2. 55 2. 52 2. 57 2. 58 2. 71 2. 21 1. 85	2. 63 2. 70 2. 56 2. 57 2. 72 2. 23 1. 86	2. 66 2. 74 2. 58 2. 59 2. 73 2. 24 1. 88	2, 62 2, 66 2, 58 2, 60 2, 72 2, 24 1, 89	2. 62 2. 66 2. 59 2. 59 2. 70 2. 25 1. 88	2. 63 2. 67 2. 58 2. 60 7 2. 72 2. 26 1. 89	2, 26 r 1, 90	р 2, 64 р 2, 26 р 1, 90
Nondurable-goods industries	1 92	1. 94 1. 89 2. 01 2. 22 1. 92 1. 70 1. 96 2. 30	1. 94 1. 89 2. 01 2. 23 1. 94 1. 66 1. 97 2. 32	1. 94 1. 89 1. 99 2. 25 1. 97 1. 58 1. 98 2. 33 1. 66	1. 93 1. 88 1. 97 2. 23 1. 97 1. 65 1. 98 2. 30 1. 59	1. 95 1. 89 1. 99 2. 28 1. 99 1. 68 1. 99 2. 32 1. 50	1, 95 1, 89 2, 00 2, 28 1, 98 1, 66 1, 99 2, 31 1, 52	1. 96 1. 90 2. 04 2. 32 1. 99 1. 64 2. 00 2. 33 1. 60	1. 97 1. 91 2. 06 2. 31 2. 00 1. 71 2. 02 2. 35 1. 65	1. 98 1. 92 2. 09 2. 35 2. 02 1. 75 2. 02 2. 32 1. 64	1. 98 1. 92 2. 09 2. 34 2. 02 1. 75 2. 04 2. 34 1. 65	7 2.00 1.93 2.10 7 2.35 2.04 1.77 2.03 2.36		
Tobacco manufactures	1. 50 1. 44 1. 47	1. 50 1. 44 1. 46	1. 51 1. 45 1. 46	1. 50 1. 45 1. 45	1. 51 1. 46 1. 45	1. 51 1. 46 1. 47	1. 52 1. 46 1. 47	1. 52 1. 46 1. 48	1. 52 1. 47 1. 47	1. 53 1. 47 1. 48	1. 53 1. 47 1. 48	1. 57 1. 52 1. 49	1. 57	» 1, 58
Adlars	2, 45	1. 50 2. 10 2. 22 2. 58 2. 29 2. 45	1. 50 2. 11 2. 24 2. 59 2. 31 2. 46	1. 50 2. 12 2. 26 2. 59 2. 33 2. 48	1. 52 2. 13 2. 26 2. 60 2. 34 2. 49	1. 53 2. 14 2. 27 2. 62 2. 34 2. 50	1. 53 2. 14 2. 27 2. 63 2. 34 2. 51	1. 52 2. 14 2. 28 2. 62 2. 35 2. 52	1. 52 2. 15 2. 29 2. 65 2. 36 2. 52	1. 53 2. 16 2. 29 2. 63 2. 36 2. 53	1. 53 2. 17 2. 29 2. 65 2. 37 2. 52	1. 53 2. 17 2. 29 7 2. 68 7 2. 37 2. 53	1, 52 7 2, 18 2, 67 7 2, 36	p 1, 52 p 2, 19 p 2, 68 p 2, 38
Products of petroleum and coaldo. Petroleum refiningdo. Rubber productsdo. Tires and inner tubesdo. Leather and leather productsdo. Footwear (except rubber)do.	2. 74 2. 84 2. 29 2. 65 1. 57 1. 51	2, 72 2, 82 2, 30 2, 66 1, 57 1, 51	2. 73 2. 83 2. 33 2. 72 1. 57 1. 51	2. 76 2. 86 2. 35 2. 74 1. 55 1. 50	2.73 2.82 2.39 2.80 1.56 1.51	2. 76 2. 85 2. 39 2. 80 1. 58 1. 53	2, 74 2, 83 2, 39 2, 81 1, 58 1, 53	2. 77 2. 85 2. 41 2. 83 1. 59 1. 54	2. 77 2. 85 2. 45 2. 87 1. 59 1. 54	2. 78 2. 86 2. 44 2. 86 1. 60 1. 55	2. 85 2. 95 2. 43 2. 86 1. 60 1. 56	2. 87 7 2. 97 7 2. 47 2. 90 1. 60 1. 56	7 2. 89 7 2. 42 1. 61	p 2, 87
Nonmanufacturing industries: Mining* do Metal do Anthracite do Bituminous coal do Crude-petroleum and natural-gas production:	2. 53 2. 42 2. 63 3. 02	2. 52 2. 41 2. 62 3. 00	2. 56 2. 43 2. 62 3. 02	2. 55 2. 51 2. 59 3. 02	2, 55 2, 53 2, 59 3, 00	2, 56 2, 54 2, 60 3, 01	2, 56 2, 54 2, 61 3, 01	2. 59 2. 54 2. 61 3. 04	2, 60 2, 55 2, 64 3, 0 4	2. 64 2. 56 2. 66 3. 16	2. 67 2. 56 2. 77 3. 17	2. 66 7 2. 58 2. 77 3. 19		
Petroleum and natural-gas prod dollars. Nonmetallic mining and quarrying do Contract construction do Nonbuilding construction do Building construction do	2, 68 2, 02 2, 98 2, 68 3, 06	2, 65 2, 05 2, 97 2, 69 3, 06	2. 71 2. 07 2. 96 2. 67 3. 06	2. 69 2. 08 3. 00 2. 71 3. 09	2. 66 2. 08 3. 00 2. 73 3. 09	2, 69 2, 10 3, 04 2, 78 3, 13	2, 67 2, 11 3, 04 2, 78 3, 13	2. 72 2. 11 3. 04 2. 73 3. 14	2. 68 2. 13 3. 10 2. 78 3. 19	2.71 2.12 3.11 2.75 3.19	2. 81 2. 13 3. 10 2. 76 3. 18	r 2. 80 2. 13 3. 08 2. 74 3. 17		
Transportation and public utilities:	2. 11 2. 03 2. 11 2. 44 2. 15	2, 10 2, 04 2, 12 2, 43 2, 16	2. 12 2. 05 2. 18 2. 46 2. 18	2. 13 2. 06 2. 19 2. 46 2. 19	2. 12 2. 07 2. 18 2. 47 2. 18	2. 14 2. 08 2. 24 2. 49 2. 20	2, 13 2, 09 2, 24 2, 51 2, 18	2. 14 2. 09 2. 24 2. 52 2. 20	2. 16 2. 10 2. 24 2. 52 2. 19	2. 17 2. 11 2. 27 2. 52 2. 20	2. 18 2. 12 2. 27 2. 54 2. 20	2. 18 2. 13 2. 27 7 2. 55		
Wholesale trade do Retail trade (except eating and drinking places) 7 dollars dollars do Retail trade (except eating and drinking places) 7 do Reneral-merchandise stores do Automotive and accessories dealers do Service and miscellaneous:	1. 68 1. 34 1. 85 1. 87	1. 69 1. 35 1. 85 1. 91	1. 70 1. 37 1. 86 1. 92	1. 71 1. 37 1. 86 1. 93	1. 71 1. 35 1. 86 1. 93	1, 71 1, 36 1, 87 1, 91	1.71 1.36 1.89 1.90	1.71 1.35 1.90 1.92	1. 68 1. 33 1. 88 1. 94	1.74 1.39 1.88 1.97	1. 74 1. 37 1. 91 1. 96	1. 74 1. 37 1. 90 7 1. 98		
Hotels, year-round do. Laundries do. Cleaning and dyeing plants do.	1, 11 1, 13 1, 31	1, 12 1, 13 1, 32	1. 13 1. 14 1. 34	1. 14 1. 14 1. 33	1. 12 1. 14 1. 33	1. 13 1. 14 1. 33	1. 13 1. 14 1. 34	1. 14 1. 14 1. 34	1. 16 1. 14 1. 34	1. 15 1. 15 1. 35	1. 16 1. 15 1. 35	7 1, 15 1, 16 1, 36		
Miscellaneous wage data: Construction wages (ENR);	2, 389 3, 636 3, 302	2. 411 3. 643 3. 336	2. 440 3. 682 3. 359	2. 463 3. 720 3. 369	2. 468 3. 726 3. 386	2, 472 3, 741 3, 389	2. 477 3. 753 3. 390	2. 480 3. 756 3. 393	2. 482 3. 764 3. 394	2. 504 3. 781 3. 378	2. 504 3. 792 3. 417	2, 503 3, 796 3, 418	2. 503 3. 796 3. 424	2. 535 3. 818 3. 444
Railway wages (average, class I) dol. per hr. Road-building wages, common labor (qtrly)do	. 94 2. 391 1. 87	2. 438	2, 453	. 94 2. 433 2. 07	2.456	2, 453	. 88 2. 431 2. 12	2.568	2, 529	1.03 2.546 1.94	2. 587		. 99	

Revised. **Preliminary. \$\frac{1}{2}\$\$ e note marked "\$\partial "\text{orp. S-11.}\$

That a through 1956 shown in the 1957 edition of Business Statistics are based on adjustment factors; the 1956 figures therein have since been revised to reflect calculations from overtime hours now regularly collected. Revisions for 1956 appear in the August 1957 Survey; the published estimates through 1955 are essentially comparable.

\$\frac{9}{1}\$ includes data for industries not shown separately. \$\frac{7}{2}\$ formerly "Automobiles." Data not affected.

\$\frac{8}{2}\$ Rates as of June 1, 1959: Common labor, \$\frac{2}{2}\$.549; skilled labor, \$\frac{3}{2}\$.846; equipment operators, \$\frac{3}{2}\$.449. Scattered revisions for 1952-55 for skilled labor rates are available upon request. *New series. A verage hourly earnings in the mining industry for January 1947-February 1957 are available upon request. Wages for equipment operators are arithmetic averages of wages in 20 cities. The three types of equipment covered are tractors (including bulldozers, on 70-100 h.p. machines), power cranes and shovels (34 cubic yard), and air compressors; for wages back to January 1956, see the December 1957 Survey.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and					1958							1959		
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May
				FINA	NCE									
BANKING														
Acceptances and commercial paper outstanding: Bankers' acceptances	1, 479 919 3, 527	1, 441 946 3, 595	1, 352 965 3, 670	1, 353 966 3, 725	1, 363 981 3, 766	1, 281 958 3, 784	1, 255 961 3, 802	1, 209 940 3, 791	1, 194 840 3, 812	1, 133 875 3, 868	1, 161 897 3, 959	1, 054 883 4, 073	1, 029 822 4, 184	
Farm mortgage loans: Federal land banksdo Loans to cooperativesdo Other loans and discountsdo	1, 958 413 1, 155	1, 972 405 1, 218	1, 989 408 1, 273	2, 002 425 1, 298	2, 017 453 1, 295	2, 036 473 1, 275	2, 052 507 1, 243	2, 065 526 1, 199	2, 089 510 1, 214	2, 109 519 1, 240	2, 138 518 1, 303	2, 175 518 1, 381	2, 206 515 1, 463	
Bank debits, total (344 centers) do New York City do 6 other centers ddo	204,126 85, 510 39, 354	195,116 77, 315 38, 645	219, 465 95, 473 41, 228	206, 524 82, 214 40, 701	185, 849 68, 620 37, 942	195, 205 70, 887 40, 520	212, 894 79, 620 43, 594	183, 092 64, 804 38, 224	238, 975 92, 711 48, 690	221, 960 86, 507 44, 505	195, 770 74, 346 39, 635	7223, 374 84, 710 47, 485	226, 367 88, 049 46, 955	215, 964 80, 726 44, 646
Federal Reserve banks, condition, end of month: Assets, total 9	51, 315 24, 672 156 23, 681 21, 409	50, 917 25, 313 144 24, 162 21, 005	51, 458 26, 283 41 25, 438 20, 767	50, 960 25, 477 94 24, 480 20, 621	51, 471 26, 739 555 25, 346 20, 424	51, 264 26, 130 255 24, 986 20, 288	51, 538 26, 675 407 25, 443 20, 105	53, 254 28, 006 717 26, 229 20, 019	53, 095 27, 755 64 26, 347 19, 951	52, 223 27, 197 462 25, 715 19, 892	52, 226 27, 020 632 25, 350 19, 893	51, 491 26, 716 327 25, 497 19, 860	52, 346 27, 176 500 25, 703 19, 715	52, 200 27, 777 984 25, 905 19, 605
Liabilities, total 9	51, 315 19, 516 18, 254 568 26, 375	50, 917 19, 416 18, 176 633 26, 570	51, 458 19, 883 18, 784 626 26, 705	50, 960 18, 999 17, 764 -37 26, 802	51, 471 19, 723 18, 538 678 26, 961	51, 264 19, 171 18, 147 362 26, 871	51, 538 19, 448 18, 462 453 27, 003	53, 254 20, 074 18, 994 777 27, 529	53, 095 19, 526 18, 504 -70 27, 872	52, 223 19, 943 18, 878 523 27, 163	52, 226 19, 677 18, 540 568 27, 022	51, 491 19, 285 18, 192 377 26, 965	52, 346 19, 542 18, 396 195 26, 983	52, 200 19, 685 18, 456 - p 505 27, 156
Ratio of gold certificate reserves to deposit and FR note liabilities combinedpercent	46. 7	45. 7	44. 6	45. 0	43.8	44. 1	43.3	42.1	42. 1	42.2	42. 6	42.9	42, 4	41.9
Weekly reporting member banks of Fed. Reserve System, condition, Wednesday nearest end of month: Deposits: Demand, adjusted⊙mil. of dol_ Demand, except interbank:	55, 699	55, 434	54, 560	56, 647	55, 509	55, 967	57, 283	57, 214	59, 045	58, 620	57, 070	55, 889	57, 804	56, 054
Individuals, partnerships, and corporations mil. of dol States and political subdivisionsdo United States Governmentdo	57, 863 4, 937 3, 945	56,917 4, 739 3, 556	57, 176 4, 426 6, 372	58, 520 4, 222 2, 695	58, 015 4, 242 3, 527	59, 152 4, 151 2, 487	60, 097 3, 966 1, 966	60, 209 4, 185 2, 780	64, 427 4, 410 2, 838	61, 235 4, 325 2, 766	60, 358 4, 172 2, 723	59, 211 4, 429 4, 926	r 60, 292 r 4, 714 2, 801	58, 83, 4, 35, 2, 68,
Time, except interbank, total Qdo Individuals, partnerships, and corporations mil. of dol	25, 212 23, 367	25, 627 23, 701	26, 295 24, 168	26, 43 2 24, 376	26, 477 24, 519	26, 347 24, 506	26, 350 24, 577	25, 977 24, 331	26, 461 24, 740	26, 340 24, 613	26, 368 24, 647	26, 537 24, 840	26, 563 24, 856	26, 791 25, 039
States and political subdivisionsdo Interbank (demand and time)do	1, 703 14, 777	1, 781 14, 500	1, 956 15, 797	1, 888 14, 980	1, 790 15, 229	1, 674 15, 046	1,603 14,531	1, 476 14, 591	1, 538 16, 209	1, 543 13, 824	1, 544 13, 544	1, 519 14, 793	1, 529 13, 591	1, 575 13, 85
Investments, total	39, 488 30, 548 2, 146 1, 169 20, 159 7, 074 8, 940	40, 032 31, 093 1, 964 1, 298 20, 564 7, 267 8, 939	41, 749 32, 575 2, 294 1, 650 21, 763 6, 868 9, 174	41, 356 32, 002 1, 923 1, 663 21, 428 6, 988 9, 354	42, 133 32, 674 1, 389 4, 421 19, 957 6, 907 9, 459	40, 920 31, 431 1, 364 4, 168 19, 226 6, 673 9, 489	41, 126 31, 632 1, 770 3, 999 19, 112 6, 751 9, 494	41, 287 32, 149 2, 410 4, 160 18, 680 6, 899 9, 138	41, 181 31, 894 2, 280 4, 111 18, 637 6, 866 9, 287	32, 126 2, 069 3, 640 18, 294 8, 123 9, 157	40, 017 30, 825 2, 229 3, 629 18, 003 6, 964 9, 192	40, 039 30, 543 2, 552 2, 690 17, 995 7, 306 9, 496	38, 852 29, 276 2, 032 2, 516 17, 671 7, 057 9, 576	37, 90 28, 53 2, 24 2, 22 17, 45 6, 61 9, 37
Loans (adjusted), totalO	52, 995 30, 185 2, 749	52, 068 29, 795 2, 204	53, 513 30, 371 2, 819	52, 156 29, 545 2, 308	52, 165 29, 885 1, 831	52, 675 30, 287 1, 808	52, 780 30, 337 1, 641	53, 643 30, 675 1, 856	55, 393 31, 418 2, 504	53, 896 30, 275 2, 119	53, 846 30, 258 1, 908	55, 483 31, 172 2, 275	55, 814 31, 230 2, 198	56, 54 31, 61 2, 11
mil. of dol Real-estate loans	1, 315 8, 746 11, 157	1, 288 8, 821 11, 118	1, 433 8, 890 11, 182	1, 344 8, 970 11, 168	1, 245 9, 074 11, 314	1, 237 9, 182 11, 342	1, 240 9, 350 11, 388	1, 234 9, 505 11, 556	1, 270 9, 601 11, 825	1, 319 9, 665 11, 744	1, 339 9, 757 11, 815	1, 388 9, 834 12, 051	1, 375 9, 947 12, 301	1, 38 19, 09 12, 58
Money and interest rates: § Bank rates on business loans: In 19 cities			4. 17 3. 88 4. 17 4. 58			4. 21 4. 00 4. 21 4. 54			4. 50 4. 29 4. 50 4. 79			4. 51 4. 29 4. 49 4. 84		
Discount rate (N. Y. F. R. Bank) do. Federal intermediate credit bank loans do. Federal land bank loans do. Open market rates, New York City:	1. 75 4. 00 5. 17	1. 75 3. 29 5. 13	1, 75 3, 17 5, 13	1. 75 3. 15 5. 13	1.75 3.09 5.08	2.00 3.02 5.08	2, 00 3, 06 5, 13	2.50 3.23 5.13	2. 50 3. 64 5. 13	2. 50 3. 78 5. 17	2. 50 3. 87 5. 17	3. 00 3. 98 5. 21	3. 00 4. 07 5. 33	3. 50
Bankers' acceptances (prime, 90 days)do Commercial paper (prime, 4-6 months)do Stock Exchange call loans, going rate*do Yield on U. S. Government securities:	1. 52 1. 90 3. 76	1. 30 1. 71 3. 50	1. 13 1. 54 3. 50	1, 13 1, 50 3, 50	1. 65 1. 96 3. 50	2. 39 2. 93 3. 65	2. 75 3. 23 3. 75	2. 75 3. 08 3. 75	2. 75 3. 33 3. 75	2. 75 3. 30 3. 75	2. 75 3. 26 3. 75	2. 88 3. 35 3. 75	2. 98 3. 42 3. 75	3. 1 3. 56 3. 96
3-month bills do do do do do do do do do do do do do	1. 126 2. 33	1. 046 2. 25	. 881 2. 25	. 962 2. 54	1. 686 3. 11	2. 484 3. 57	2. 793 3. 63	2.756 3.60	2.814 3.65	2. 837 3. 86	2. 712 3. 85	2. 852 3. 88	2. 960 4 03	2, 85 4. 1
Savings deposits, balance to credit of depositors: New York State savings banksmil. of dol U. S. postal savings¶do	19, 024 1, 256	19, 128 1, 241	19, 340 1, 213	19, 378 1, 198	19, 453 1, 184	19, 641 1, 169	19, 667 1, 158	19, 778 1, 146	20, 044 1, 134	20, 067 1, 121	20, 119 1, 107	20, 334 1, 094	20, 277 1, 082	1, 07
CONSUMER CREDIT ‡ (Short- and Intermediate-term)										!				-
Total outstanding, end of monthmil. of dol		42, 985	43.079	42, 923	43, 128	43, 144	43, 164	43, 464	45, 065		44,071	44, 203	1	
Installment credit, total	8, 124 2, 017	32, 910 14, 613 8, 158 2, 038 8, 101	33,008 14,590 8,190 2,048 8,180	33, 074 14, 567 8, 197 2, 061 8, 249	33, 165 14, 514 8, 254 2, 091 8, 306	33, 079 14, 332 8, 312 2, 107 8, 328	33, 052 14, 164 8, 411 2, 128 8, 349	33, 126 14, 066 8, 528 2, 146 8, 386	33, 865 14, 131 9, 007 2, 145 8, 582	14, 155 8, 881 2, 125	33, 751 14, 223 8, 767 2, 116 8, 645	33, 943 14, 375 8, 721 2, 127 8, 720	14, 686 8, 777 2, 149	

Revised. Preliminary.

Includes Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Detroit, San Francisco, and Los Angeles.

Preliminary.

Includes Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Detroit, San Francisco, and Los Angeles.

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Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and					1958							1959		
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May
			FINA	NCE-	-Cont	inued							<u>' </u>	
CONSUMER CREDIT (Continued (Short- and Intermediate-term)														
Total outstanding, end of month—Continued Installment credit, total—Continued By type of holder: Financial institutions, totalmil. of dol. Commercial banksdo. Sales-finance companiesdo. Credit unions	28, 724 12, 444 9, 200 2, 452 3, 292	28, 703 12, 467 9, 129 2, 478 3, 277	28, 774 12, 520 9, 105 2, 510 3, 283	28, 917 12, 606 9, 121 2, 545 3, 292	28, 983 12, 655 9, 083 2, 578 3, 294	28, 758 12, 607 8, 891 2, 591 3, 280	28, 666 12, 612 8, 777 2, 613 3, 274	28, 648 12, 617 8, 708 2, 628 3, 281	28, 943 12, 730 8, 740 2, 664 3, 381	29, 016 12, 856 8, 733 2, 639 3, 374	29, 070 12, 884 8, 724 2, 661 3, 372	29, 324 13, 028 8, 780 2, 700 3, 371	29, 825 13, 312 8, 921 2, 754 3, 379	
Other	1, 336 4, 164 1, 241 1, 091 450 1, 382	1, 352 4, 207 1, 278 1, 092 446 1, 391	1, 356 4, 234 1, 310 1, 093 444 1, 387	1, 353 4, 157 1, 241 1, 093 443 1, 380	1, 373 4, 182 1, 251 1, 110 440 1, 381	1, 389 4, 321 1, 393 1, 110 433 1, 385	1, 390 4, 386 1, 426 1, 126 427 1, 407	1, 414 4, 478 1, 474 1, 149 424 1, 431	1, 428 4, 922 1, 702 1, 220 425 1, 575	1, 414 4, 752 1, 615 1, 183 425 1, 529	1, 429 4, 681 1, 611 1, 166 427 1, 477	1, 445 4, 619 1, 581 1, 129 430 1, 479	1, 459 4, 628 1, 582 1, 127 439 1, 480	
Noninstallment credit, total do Single-payment loans do Charge accounts do Service credit do	9, 729 3, 352 3, 772 2, 605	10, 075 3, 476 4, 010 2, 589	10, 071 3, 482 4, 012 2, 577	9, 849 3, 373 3, 927 2, 549	9, 963 3, 453 3, 956 2, 554	10, 065 3, 495 4, 033 2, 537	10, 112 3, 414 4, 191 2, 507	10, 338 3, 499 4, 297 2, 542	11, 200 3, 543 5, 018 2, 639	10, 647 3, 464 4, 504 2, 679	10, 320 3, 563 4, 004 2, 753	10, 260 3, 618 3, 883 2, 759	10, 463 3, 674 3, 997 2, 792	
By type of holder: Financial institutions	3, 352 3, 772 2, 605	3, 476 4, 010 2, 589	3, 482 4, 012 2, 577	3, 373 3, 927 2, 549	3, 453 3, 956 2, 554	3, 495 4, 033 2, 537	3, 414 4, 191 2, 507	3, 499 4, 297 2, 542	3, 543 5, 018 2, 639	3, 464 4, 504 2, 679	3, 563 4, 004 2, 753	3, 618 3, 883 2, 759	3, 674 3, 997 2, 792	
Unadjusted: do. Automobile paper do. Other consumer-goods paper do. All other do.	3, 335 1, 211 876 1, 248	3, 371 1, 199 1, 000 1, 172	3, 477 1, 257 973 1, 247	3, 483 1, 281 956 1, 246	3, 385 1, 193 976 1, 216	3, 297 1, 105 993 1, 199	3, 475 1, 173 1, 075 1, 227	3, 338 1, 091 1, 054 1, 193	4, 350 1, 360 1, 435 1, 555	3, 321 1, 248 886 1, 187	3, 247 1, 258 839 1, 150	3, 786 1, 476 982 1, 328	4, 022 1, 580 1, 074 1, 368	
Renaid, total	3, 387 1, 313 931 1, 143	3, 349 1, 277 966 1, 106	3, 379 1, 280 941 1, 158	3, 417 1, 304 949 1, 164	3, 294 1, 246 919 1, 129	3, 383 1, 287 935 1, 161	3, 502 1, 341 976 1, 185	3, 264 1, 189 937 1, 138	3, 611 1, 295 956 1, 360	3, 418 1, 224 1, 012 1, 182	3, 264 1, 190 953 1, 121	3, 594 1, 324 1, 028 1, 242	3, 512 1, 269 1, 018 1, 225	
Extended, total	3, 261 1, 143 923 1, 195 3, 390	3, 246 1, 094 992 1, 160 3, 338	3, 262 1, 095 968 1, 199 3, 391	3, 328 1, 151 965 1, 212 3, 365	3, 416 1, 142 1, 018 1, 256 3, 403	3, 326 1, 082 1, 005 1, 239 3, 376	3, 451 1, 199 1, 005 1, 247 3, 418	3, 594 1, 276 1, 041 1, 277 3, 447	3, 720 1, 420 1, 002 1, 298 3, 414	3, 799 1, 437 1, 047 1, 315 3, 412	3, 816 1, 454 1, 057 1, 305 3, 483	3, 749 1, 414 1, 058 1, 277 3, 431	3, 939 1, 502 1, 126 1, 311 3, 516	
Automobile paper	1, 326 919 1, 145	1, 284 940 1, 114	1, 278 961 1, 152	1, 275 948 1, 142	1, 276 947 1, 180	1, 246 949 1, 181	1, 281 964 1, 173	1, 243 1, 001 1, 203	1, 262 953 1, 199	1, 252 956 1, 204	1, 281 981 1, 221	1, 265 983 1, 183	1, 282 1, 006 1, 228	
Budget receipts and expenditures: Receipts, totalmil. of dol. Receipts, netdodo Customsdo	6, 039 3, 496 68	7.334 4,925 63	11, 849 10, 785 66	3, 624 2, 946 72	6, 280 4, 838 67	8, 119 7, 208 75	3, 446 2, 769 82	5, 979 4, 962 72	6, 848 6, 180 78	4, 956 4, 528 76	8, 152 6, 576 70	10, 722 8, 426 89	6, 375 4, 258 85	
Individual income taxesdo Corporation income and profits taxesdo Employment taxesdo Other internal revenue and receiptsdo	3, 584 476 722 1, 189	4, 253 449 1, 293 1, 276	3, 665 5, 906 818 1, 394	1, 453 479 355 1, 265	3, 599 316 1, 105 1, 193	3, 909 2, 267 549 1, 320	1, 387 374 386 1, 217	3, 735 319 816 1, 038	2, 512 2, 419 441 1, 397	2, 944 424 321 1, 192	5, 202 362 1, 281 1, 237	2, 938 5, 459 857 1, 378	4, 002 477 558 1, 255	
Expenditures, total	6, 122 613 465 3, 652 1, 391	5, 846 595 436 3, 653 1, 161	6, 621 615 431 4, 312 1, 263	6, 613 642 431 3, 752 1, 788	6, 198 574 404 3, 605 1, 615	6, 633 578 410 3, 863 1, 783	7, 144 600 454 4, 225 1, 865	6, 237 607 441 3, 589 1, 599	7, 080 647 440 4, 212 1, 781	6, 776 675 445 3, 693 1, 963	6, 331 630 440 3, 596 1, 795	6, 461 649 441 3, 864 1, 507	6, 427 652	
Public debt and guaranteed obligations: Class debt (direct), end of month, totaldo Interest bearing, totaldo Public issuesdo. Special issuesdo. Noninterest bearingdo. Obligations guaranteed by U. S. Government, end of month	275, 057 273, 447 228, 004 45, 443 1, 610 94 52, 550 398	275, 653 274, 030 227, 915 46, 115 1, 622 97 52, 462 368	276, 343 274, 698 228, 452 46, 246 1, 646 101 52, 349 376	275, 466 273, 910 228, 033 45, 877 1, 556 102 52, 263 418	278, 476 276, 951 230, 638 46, 313 1, 525 108 52, 193 369	276, 666 275, 004 229, 008 45, 996 1, 661 118 52, 118 352	280, 211 278, 561 233, 194 45, 367 1, 650 112 52, 031 378	283, 060 281, 425 236, 313 45, 112 1, 635 107 51, 971 324	282, 922 280, 839 235, 999 44, 840 2, 084 109 51, 878 370	285, 801 283, 808 239, 901 43, 907 1, 993 106 51, 624 486	285, 104 283, 243 239, 373 43, 870 1, 861 112 51, 520 383	282, 034 280, 089 236, 149 43, 940 1, 945 119 51, 379	285, 353 283, 497 240, 220 43, 278 1, 856 107 51, 190	286, 303 284, 473 240, 271 44, 203 1, 830 108 51, 027
Redemptions	605	551	610 172, 677 22, 383 6, 914 4, 628 11, 327	626	534	523 1 73, 772 23, 280 7, 402 4, 607 11, 721	551	481	586 1 76, 494 25, 493 8, 695 4, 860	867	584	414 653		
Commodities, supplies, and materials do. U. S. Government securities do. Other securities and investments do. Land, structures, and equipment do. All other assets do.			21, 540 4, 467 3, 731 10, 459 10, 097			20, 743 4, 365 3, 703 10, 422 11, 259			20, 810 4, 198 3, 703 10, 670					
Liabilities, except interagency, total do Bonds, notes, and debentures do Other liabilities do Private proprietary interest do U. S Government proprietary interest do			1 8, 013 3, 862 4, 151 1 1, 204 1 63, 460			1 7, 680 4, 037 3, 643 1 1, 229			18.000					

r Revised. **Preliminary. 1 See note marked "\$\operatorname{G}".

1 See corresponding note on p. S-16.

\$ Effective May 1957, for series E and H (series J and K discontinued after April 30, 1957). Data for various months through March 1959, however, include minor amounts due to late reporting or adjustments on discontinued series (F, Q, J, K).

\$\operatorname{G}\$ Figures are not directly comparable from quarter to quarter, since activities covered vary. Data reflect the condition of activities (public-enterprise and intragovernmental funds, certain other activities of the U. S. Government, and certain deposit and trust revolving funds) reporting to the Treasury under Department Circular No. 966; excluded from the data are activities reported other than quarterly. Interagency items are excluded except in the case of trust revolving funds.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and					1958							1959		
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May
			FINA	NCE-	–Cont	inued								
LIFE INSURANCE														
Institute of Life Insurance: Assets, total, all U. S. life insurance companies mil. of dol. Bonds (book value), domestic and foreign, total mil. of dol. U. S. Government do. State, county, municipal (U. S.) do. Public utility (U. S.) do. Ratiroad (U. S.) do. Industrial and miscellaneous (U. S.) do.	103, 058 52, 407 7, 106 2, 474 14, 819 3, 849 21, 195	103, 508 52, 545 7, 036 2, 502 14, 830 3, 848 21, 308	104, 008 52, 804 7, 083 2, 537 14, 895 3, 843 21, 400	104, 578 53, 202 7, 258 2, 561 14, 962 3, 835 21, 523	105, 054 53, 444 7, 300 2, 597 15, 012 3, 839 21, 606	105, 493 53, 638 7, 307 2, 616 15, 085 3, 835 21, 700	106, 053 53, 988 7, 319 2, 641 15, 170 3, 829 21, 931	54, 172 7, 344 2, 672 15, 183 3, 828 22, 043	107, 419 54, 302 7, 205 2, 685 15, 247 3, 830 22, 214	108. 145 54. 857 7. 485 2. 744 15, 306 3, 817 22, 348	108, 583 55, 038 7, 414 2, 774 15, 332 3, 812 22, 531	108, 945 55, 151 7, 229 2, 840 15, 403 3, 809 22, 680	109, 430 55, 472 7, 251 2, 889 15, 439 3, 798 22, 880	
Stocks (book value), domestic and foreign, total mil. of dol. Preferred (U. S.) do. Common (U. S.) do. Mortgage loans, total do. Nonfarm do	3, 105 1, 640 1, 442 35, 840 33, 213	3, 118 1, 641 1, 453 35, 956 33, 316	3, 159 1, 654 1, 482 36, 060 33, 409	3, 159 1, 659 1, 477 36, 183 33, 519	3, 151 1, 658 1, 469 36, 323 33, 645	3, 191 1, 657 1, 508 36, 462 33, 776	3, 187 1, 654 1, 504 36, 648 33, 955	3, 198 1, 651 1, 516 36, 794 34, 093	3, 359 1, 646 1, 678 37, 097 34, 388	3, 365 1, 640 1, 689 37, 211 34, 510	3, 387 1, 639 1, 709 37, 350 34, 635	3, 421 1, 643 1, 739 37, 486 7 34, 753	3, 439 1, 647 1, 752 37, 602 34, 851	
Real estate do. Policy loans and premium notes do. Cash do. Other assets do. Life Insurance Agency Management Association: Insurance written (new paid-for insurance)	3, 222 4, 011 1, 153 3, 320	3, 241 4, 038 1, 227 3, 383	3, 280 4, 067 1, 207 3, 431	3, 303 4, 091 1, 227 3, 413	3, 355 4, 114 1, 210 3, 457	3, 368 4, 138 1, 209 3, 487	3, 395 4, 162 1, 190 3, 483	3, 415 4, 183 1, 242 3, 536	3, 376 4, 204 1, 365 3, 716	3, 393 4, 225 1, 282 3, 812	3, 414 4, 253 1, 225 3, 916	3, 450 4, 284 1, 211 3, 942	3, 469 4, 317 1, 187 3, 944	
Value, estimated total ⊕ mil. of dol. Group and wholesale do. Industrial do. Ordinary total ⊕ do.	5, 568 1, 024 544 4, 000	5, 466 999 595 3, 872	5, 165 780 559 3, 826	5, 199 633 530 4, 036	5, 089 869 548 3, 672	5, 059 666 557 3, 836	5, 509 759 579 4, 171	5, 224 728 588 3, 908	7, 020 2, 133 499 4, 388	4, 724 779 459 3, 486	5, 053 893 531 3, 629	5, 788 791 596 4, 401	5, 594 810 539 4, 245	
New England do Middle Atlantic do East North Central do West North Central do South Atlantic do East South Central do	274 956 776 308 486 174	274 924 753 320 476 167	257 889 746 305 498 171	267 949 799 334 495 166	234 820 739 303 467 164	241 842 774 316 493 181	273 963 842 328 520 186	269 953 781 294 501 168	269 1, 001 854 357 539 190	230 830 691 288 404 156	234 827 704 304 448 167	278 992 867 358 550 208	261 943 852 348 524 196	
West South Central do. Mountain do. Pacific ⊕ do. Institute of Life Insurance: Pryments to policyholders and beneficiaries, esti-	379 158 455	361 155 442	370 149 442	381 166 480	355 150 442	382 153 456	386 179 495	348 145 447	423 195 559	349 137 402	367 152 426	440 176 532	420 182 518	
mated total mil. of del Death benefits do Matured endowments do Disability payments do	624. 2 259. 2 60. 7 10. 4	584. 6 233. 5 58. 8 10. 2	579. 2 229. 7 58. 7 9. 9	590. 0 246. 8 55. 3 9. 9	537. 0 222, 6 50, 9 9, 5	577. 8 233. 1 57. 4 10. 1	594. 0 244. 4 60. 4 9. 9	536. 6 214. 8 65. 4 9. 0	746, 2 264, 5 88, 8 9, 7	665. 4 267. 8 65. 9 11. 4	595, 3 246, 9 54, 9 9, 8	674. 0 278. 0 58. 4 10. 0	625, 2 261, 4 54, 2 10, 0	
Annuity payments			49. 6 115. 8 115. 5 2, 557. 2 439. 0 275. 9 291. 9 197. 9			47. 9 119. 0 110. 3 2. 604. 2 451. 7 284. 1 313. 7 192. 6			47. 5 135. 8 199. 9 2. 818. 4 466. 6 338. 4 289. 4 244. 5		54.7 117.5 111.5	465. 7 337. 5 314. 4 227. 3		
Ordinarydo MONETARY STATISTICS			1, 352. 5			1, 362. 1			1, 479. 4			1. 442. 0		
Teld and silver: Gold: Monetary stock, U. S. (end of mo.)mil. of dol Net release from earmark\$do Exports	21, 996 -471, 5 62 26, 097	21, 594 -355, 2 250 18, 177	21, 356 -285, 0 9, 366 12, 799	21, 210 -164, 3 9, 328 27, 373	21, 011 -196, 7 88 3, 829	20, 874 -220, 2 8, 706 79, 914	20, 690 -189, 0 68 5, 425		20, 534 -79, 3 56 12, 278	20, 476 -65. 6 0 10, 272	20, 479 -13, 0 198 10, 048	20, 442 -48. 0 203 18, 499	-127. 5 69 3. 280	
Production, reported monthly total \$\varphi\$ do Africa	79, 700 55, 500 13, 400 4, 500	81, 300 56, 600 13, 300 4, 600	81, 500 56, 100 13, 400 4, 900	84, 500 57, 300 13, 200 6, 100	57, 900 12, 800 5, 400	58, 300 13, 100 6, 200	58, 900 14, 000 6, 700	58, 500 12, 900 5, 500	57, 700 13, 200 5, 900	59, 500 7 13, 200 4, 200	57, 800 12, 500 4, 100	13, 200 3, 800		
Exports	171 12, 322 . 886 2, 559	185 4, 507 . 886 2, 651	324 8, 329 . 886	360 4, 493 . 886 2, 386	727 4, 882 .886 2, 884	744 5, 980 . 887 2, 856	10, 197 . 900 2, 390	113 5, 160 . 901 2, 644	90 9, 219 . 899 2, 918	134 5, 356 . 902 3, 094	99 6, 172 . 904 2, 265	103 5, 220 . 914 2, 782	2, 160 3, 772 . 914	. 91
Canada thous of fine oz. Mexico do. United States do. Youey supply (end of month): Currency in circulation mil. of dol. Deposits and currency, total do. Foreign bank deposits, net. do. U. S. Government balances do.	30, 565 239, 200 4, 000 6, 700	2, 651 4, 070 2, 597 30, 994 238, 900 4, 000 6, 800	2,528 4,151 3,243 31,172 244,131 3,953 10,695	2, 386 3, 919 2, 127 31, 171 241,900 4, 000 5, 600	2,884 3,930 2,651 31,371 243,400 3,900 7,000	2,836 4,431 2,614 31,245 242,600 3,800 5,700	3, 880 3, 831 31, 386 7245, 100 3, 800 4, 900	2, 044 3, 551 2, 505 32, 036 7, 248, 200 3, 700 7, 100	2, 918 3, 886 3, 426 32, 193 7 252, 022 7 3, 870 7 5, 599	3, 094 3, 680 2, 330 31, 125 7 249, 600 3, 800 6, 000	2, 265 3, 315 2, 827 31, 129 7247, 100 3, 700 5, 600	2, 823 31, 250 246,700 3, 900 5, 100	2, 946 31, 349 7 249, 700 3, 700 5, 800	
Deposits (adjusted) and currency, total do Demand deposits, adjusted do Time deposits, adjusted do Currency outside banks	228, 400 107, 200 93, 600 27, 600	228, 100 105, 800 r 94, 500 27, 800	229, 483 106, 169 95, 524 27, 790	232,400 108,100 96,500 27,900	232,500 107,500 97,000 28,000	233,100	r 236, 400 r 111, 000 r 97, 500 28, 000	r 237, 500 r 111, 900 r 96, 800 28, 800	r 242, 553 r 115, 507 r 98, 306 r 28, 740	239, 800 r113, 800 98, 400 r 27, 600	237, 700 1111, 300 98, 700 27, 700	237,600	7 240, 300 7 112, 500	p239, 30 p110, 80 p100, 50 p 28, 10
New York City	56. 6 30. 2 22. 1	51. 2 28. 2 22. 0	65. 7 31. 4 23. 8	54. 8 29. 6 22. 9	46. 4 27. 4 21. 7	49, 4 30, 3 23, 6	50. 1 29. 8 23. 1	47. 4 30. 0 23. 8	58. 2 33. 2 24. 9	54. 0 30. 3 23. 2	54. 1 31. 0 24. 1	54. 5 34. 2 23. 6	56, 2 p 33, 8 p 24, 3	54. # 32. # 24.

Revised. Preliminary.

Revised. Preliminary.

Revised back to January 1957 to include data for Alaska; unpublished revisions (prior to March 1958) will be shown later. The total for ordinary insurance (beginning 1956) includes adjustments not distributed by areas.

Sor increase in earmarked gold (—).

Preliminary.

Revised back to January 1957 to include data for Alaska; unpublished revisions (prior to March 1958) will be shown later. The total for ordinary insurance (beginning 1956) includes adjustments not distributed by areas.

Revisions for ordinary insurance (beginning 1956) includes adjustments not distributed by areas.

Preliminary.

Revisions for ordinary insurance (beginning 1956) includes adjustments not distributed by areas.

Preliminary.

Revisions for ordinary insurance companies for January-July 1956 and 1956) includes adjustments not distributed by areas.

Preliminary.

Revisions for ordinary insurance companies for January-July 1956 and 1956) includes adjustments not distributed by areas.

Preliminary.

Revisions for 1950-56 and January-July 1957 will be shown later.

The term "adjusted" denotes exclusion of interbank and U. S. Government deposits; for demand deposits, also exclusion of cash items reported as in process of collection.

Preliminary.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and					1958							1959		
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May
			FINA	NCE-	Cont	inued								
PROFITS AND DIVIDENDS (QUARTERLY)														
Manufacturing corporations (Fed. Trade and SEC): Net profit after taxes, all industriesmil. of dol			2, 835			3, 315			4, 029					
Food and kindred products do	1		273 40			319 77			312 88					
Textile mill productsdo Lumber and wood products (except furniture) mil, of dol			21			74			57	Į.				
Paper and allied productsdodo			113 392			113 426			133 470					
Petroleum refiningdodo			503 145			648 199			783					
Stone, clay, and glass productsdo Primary nonferrous metaldo			69			85			161 123					
Primary in and steel do Fabricated metal products (except ordnance,			198			199			321					
Machinery (except electrical)dodo			118 255			143 240			124 260					
Electrical machinery document (except motor vehicles			178	Ì		204			267					
etc.) mil. of dol			$\frac{92}{152}$			95 40			100 444					
Motor vehicles and partsdoAll other manufacturing industriesdo			284			453			387					
Dividends paid (cash), all industriesdododo			1, 784			1,706			2,046				- 	
mil. of dol Railways and telephone cos. (see pp. S-23 and S-24).			349			357			390					
SECURITIES ISSUED									}					
ecurities and Exchange Commission:						İ								
Estimated gross proceeds, totalmil. of dol By type of security:	r 6, 961	7 2, 155	r 3, 048	^r 2, 426	r 1, 341	r 2, 160	3, 076	r 1, 452	r 1,899	5, 780	2, 132	1, 921	4, 449	
Bonds and notes, total do Corporate do do do do do do do do do do do do do	7 6, 830 7 1, 099	r 2, 034 r 586	r 2, 930 r 843	r 2, 137	1, 259 492	7 2, 082 7 1, 059	7 2, 837 7 651	r 1, 330 r 420	7 1, 644 7 746	5, 618 724	1, 843 481	1, 723 457	4, 141 561	
Common stockdodododo	90 41	7 85 36	7 41 7 77	219 70	771 12	55 23	170 r 69	r 110	7 204 7 51	126 36	234 55	151 47	216 92	
By type of issuer: Corporate, total?	r 1, 230	7 707	7 961	7 1, 199	r 575	7 1, 137	890	7 542	7 1,000	885	770	656	869	1
Manufacturing dododododo	7 632 7 41	r 192	r 296	7 557 7 4	7 129 7 39	7 483 13	7 277 7 17	r 131 41	r 241	169 19	132	100		
Public utilitydo	320	345	r 431	r 402	287	r 183	316	r 130	r 281	302	191	336	315	
Railroaddododododo	20 79	12 r 42	12	28 102	11 r 14	r 10	11 + 48	90	11 104	21 35	63	10	17 10	
Financial and real estatedo	7 40	7 80	7 84	r 37	r 52	7 34	7 120	r 89	r 162	226	116	107	131	
Noncorporate, total Qdodododo	5, 731 4, 269	7 1, 448 368	7 2, 087 1, 411	7 1, 227 418	767 369	7 1, 023 352	7 2, 186 1, 461	910 324	7 899 370	4, 894 3, 971	1, 362 420	1, 266 443	3, 580 2, 583	
State and municipaldo New corporate security issues:	798	877	554	631	389	647	439	459	448	639	881	637	940	
Estimated net proceeds, totaldododo	r 1, 211	r 692	7 946	7 1, 176	7 564	7 1, 121	873	r 533	r 983	869	754	640	848	
New money, totaldododododo	r 1, 036 r 886	7 527 7 452	7 718 7 595	r 1,029	7 489 7 405	7 1, 017 7 606	7 744 7 504	7 460 7 347	r 820 r 542	794 490	600 461	539 405	777 575	
Working capitaldodododo	7 150 7 71	75 795	r 122 r 59	r 140	r 84 25	7 411 7 7	7 241 7 11	r 114 r 15	* 278 * 63	304	139	135	202 22	
Other purposesdododtate and municipal issues (Bond Buyer):	104	r 69	r 169	7 77	r 50	r 97	7 118	7 58	r 100	46	145	92	49	
Long-termthous, of doldo	797, 617 356, 990	876, 838 353, 774	553, 658 263, 860	631, 365 288, 907	389, 004 423, 300	647, 477 369, 359	439, 391 231, 298	458, 783 414, 697	448, 393 242, 808	639, 272 189, 716	880, 865 427, 682	636, 829	r 939, 972 r 562, 926	534, 1 407, 3
SECURITY MARKETS				,	,				212,000			,	,	
Brokers' Balances (N. Y. S. E. Members Carrying Margin Accounts)														
Cash on hand and in banksmil. of dol_ Customers' debit balances (net)do	322 2, 869	312 2, 997	324 3, 168	331 3, 170	332 3, 152	345 3, 231	346 3, 311	346 3, 369	357 3, 431	374 3, 452	374 3, 410	379 3, 458	359	
Customers' free credit balancesdo	985 2,051	979 2,052	1,047	1,080	1, 103	1, 119	1, 140	1,148	1, 159	1, 226 2, 221	1, 196	r 1, 257	1,205	
Money borroweddo Bonds	2,001	2,032	2, 398	2, 208	2,002	2,075	2, 025	2, 133	2, 306	2, 221	2, 186	2, 195	2,408	
Prices: Average price of all listed bonds (N. Y. S. E.),	ļ											,		1
total§dollars_ Domesticdo	97. 50 97. 74	97. 78 98. 03	96. 82 97. 04	95. 69 95. 89	92. 32 92. 47	91, 74 91, 90	91.77 91.92	92. 47 92. 63	91. 28 91. 41	90. 99 91. 12	91. 60 91. 72	91. 03 91. 16	90.02 90.14	
Foreign do Poor's Corporation:	80. 39	80. 64	80. 80	81.11	81. 46	80. 72	80. 92	80. 95	80. 88	81. 67	82. 14	82. 27	82, 63	
Industrial, utility, and railroad (A1+issues): _Composite (21 bonds) &dol. per \$100 bond	105. 3	105, 5	105. 5	104. 2	102, 0	98.9	98.6	98. 8	98.7	98.1	98.0	98. 2	97.0	95
Domestic municipal (15 bonds) do	110. 0 98. 23	111. 0 97. 94	110. 8 97. 17	108, 0 94, 78	103. 7 91. 51	100. 6 89. 51	100. 9 89. 36	102.3 90.13	102. 3 88. 90	101. 8 87. 54	102. 2 87. 38	103. 4 87. 37	102. 2 86. 21	100 85.
Sales: Total, excluding U. S. Government bonds:	30.20	""	01.11	04.10	01.01	00.01	00.00	60, 19	00.00	57.54	01.00	01.07	00.21	J 0€.
All registered exchanges: Market valuethous, of dol	120, 171	119, 914	123, 517	121, 140	120 851	199 804	161, 393	157, 707	165 214	173, 645	144, 550	199, 318	168, 307	
Face value do New York Stock Exchange:	127, 627	124, 411	129, 333	126, 294	120, 651 127, 385	122, 594 126, 495	156, 838	146, 107	165, 314 158, 556	173, 744	139, 007	175, 922	152, 583	
Market valuedo	118, 129	118, 070	121, 728	119, 247	119, 220	120, 972	158, 973	155, 965	163,671	170, 334	142,666	196, 941	165, 266	
Face value do New York Stock Exchange, exclusive of stopped	125, 249	122, 367	127, 603	124, 171	125, 769	124, 673	154, 274	145, 264	156, 751	164, 981	137, 114	173, 466	149, 690	!
sales, face value, totalsthous. of doi U. S. Government.	116, 482	106, 176	113, 936	113, 220	106, 733	119, 875	137, 703	130, 267	135, 872	148, 943	121, 667	150, 585	137, 284	1
Other than U. S. Government, totalsdo Domesticdo Foreigndo	116, 482 111, 368	106, 176 101, 236	113, 936 107, 332	113, 220 106, 551	106, 633 101, 128	119, 875 114, 465	137, 703 131, 844	130, 262 124, 296	135, 872 129, 349	142, 361	121, 667 114, 413	150, 585 143, 741	137, 284 131, 689	
Foreign dodo	5,090	4, 941	6, 598		5,506	5, 408	5, 859	5, 966				6, 844	5, 595	!

Revised. Preliminary.
Reviseds of Preliminary.
Revisions for electric utilities for 1955 and 1956 appear in the July 1958 Survey. Revisions for securities issued (SEC) for January-March 1957 and 1958 will be shown later.
Includes data not shown separately.
Bata for bonds of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, not shown separately, are included in computing average price of all listed bonds.
Number of bonds represent number currently used; the change in the number does not affect the continuity of series.
Prices are derived from average yields on basis of an assumed 3 percent 20-year bond. Comparable data back to January 1957 appear in the July 1958 Survey.

nless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and	 	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·	1958	- 1						1959		
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау
			FINA	NCE-	-Cont	inued								
SECURITY MARKETS—Continued														
Bonds—Continued alue, issues listed on N. Y. S. E.:													ļ	
Market value, total, all issues §mil. of doldodododo	115, 751 113, 456	116, 027 113, 688	118, 287 115, 802	116, 425 113, 955	110, 165 107, 683	107, 711 105, 251	108, 045 105, 549	109, 238 106, 718	105, 866 103, 266	106, 401 103, 768	107, 215 104, 573	106, 638 103, 966	106, 004 103, 343	
	1	1, 416	1, 423	1, 425	1, 462	1, 448	1, 461	1, 481	1, 475	1, 515	1, 525	1, 564	1,574	
Face value, total, all issues \$	118, 720 116, 075 1, 721	118, 662 115, 976 1, 756	122, 178 119, 338 1, 762	121, 673 118, 836 1, 756	119, 336 116, 455 1, 795	117, 407 114, 527 1, 794	117, 734 114, 831 1, 805	118, 133 115, 204 1, 829	115, 981 112, 965 1, 823	116, 934 113, 883 1, 855	117, 052 114, 009 1, 856	117, 142 114, 053 1, 901	117, 751 114, 652 1, 905	
elds: Domestic corporate (Moody's)percent	4.02	4.00	3.98	4. 02	4. 17	4.39	4. 42	4. 40	4. 38	4. 41	4, 43	4. 40	4. 47	4.
By ratings: Aaadodo	3. 60	3. 57	3. 57	3. 67	3. 85	4.09	4. 11	4.09	4.08	4. 12	4. 14	4. 13	4. 23	4. 4.
Aas	3. 78 4. 01 4. 67	3. 78 4. 02 4. 62	3. 78 4. 00 4. 55	3. 83 4. 04 4. 53	3. 98 4. 19 4. 67	4. 20 4. 40 4. 87	4. 21 4. 45 4. 92	4. 21 4. 43 4. 87	4. 18 4. 42 4. 85	4. 22 4. 43 4. 87	4, 24 4, 43 4, 89	4. 23 4. 40 4. 85	4. 32 4. 45 4. 86	4 4
By groups: Industrialdo Public utilitydo	1	3.80	3.77	3.81	3.94	4. 24	4. 25	4. 23	4. 24	4.28	4.31	4.28	4. 35	4
Railroad	3. 90 4. 32	3. 89 4. 30	3. 88 4. 28	3. 94 4. 30	4. 16 4. 42	4.41 4.52	4. 46 4. 56	4. 40 4. 56	4. 39 4. 52	4. 43 4. 53	4, 46 4, 51	4. 43 4. 51	4. 49 4. 56	4
Domestic municipal: Bond Buyer (20 bonds)do Standard and Poor's Corp. (15 bonds)do U. S. Treasury bonds, taxable⊙do	2. 91 3. 31	2. 92 3. 25	3. 05 3. 26	3. 13 3. 45	3. 52 3. 74	3. 54 3. 96	3. 38 3. 94	3. 30 3. 84	3. 40 3. 84	3. 45 3. 87	3. 29 3. 85	3. 33 3. 76	3. 50 3. 84	3
	3. 12	3. 14	3. 19	3. 36	3.60	3.75	3. 76	3. 70	3.80	3.90	3. 92	3. 92	4.01	4
Stocks ash dividend payments publicly reported:												·		
Total dividend paymentsmil. of dol.	780, 4 145, 9	311, 2 68, 9	1, 742. 5 118. 8	806. 6 164. 8	321, 0 73, 6	1, 723. 1 119. 2	819. 5 173. 3	314, 1 79, 0	2, 139, 0 268, 9	873. 7 192. 3	387. 1 134. 4	1, 798. 6 123. 7	810. 7 156. 2	31 7
Finance do Manufacturing do Mining do	270.0	124, 6 2, 8	1, 154. 7 118. 0	271, 2 7, 5	123. 9 2. 3	1, 143. 2 110. 7	271. 8 8. 5	117.4 2.5	1, 337. 5 141. 0	269. 6 7. 8	118.0 2.5	1, 184. 6 105. 4	275. 8 8. 5	12
Public utilities: Communicationsdododo	166. 6 99. 1	1. 3 88. 8	69. 2 150. 2	173. 2 99. 9	1. 4 91. 1	71, 6 151, 3	174. 4 100. 5	1.3 91.5	73, 4 161, 7	175. 1 100. 5	1. 4 93. 4	72. 1 156. 6	175. 8 105. 7	9
Communications	21.3	2.7 15.0	61. 8 41. 4	18. 7 64. 3	5, 8 14, 4	59. 0 41. 5	19. 4 65. 4	2. 8 13. 2	73. 8 50. 8	29. 8 88. 2	6. 1 23. 1	81. 2 45. 0	21. 0 60. 2	,
Miscellaneousdo vidend rates, prices, yields, and earnings, common stocks (Moody's):	.1 0.8	7.1	28. 4	7.0	8.5	26.6	6. 2	6.4	31.9	10. 4	8.2	30. 0	7.5	
stocks (Moody's): Dividends per share, annual rate (200 stocks) _dollars_ Industrial (125 stocks)	5. 32 5. 80	5. 30 5. 77	5, 30 5, 76	5. 28 5. 74	5, 26 5, 71	5, 25 5, 71	5, 27 5, 69	5, 22 5, 63	5, 24 5, 64	5, 27 5, 68	5, 35 5, 72	5, 35 5, 72	5, 3 9 5, 75	
Stocks (Moody's): Dividends per share, annual rate (200 stocks) dollars_ Industrial (125 stocks)	2. 50 3. 33	2. 50 3. 29	2. 50 3. 27 3. 75	2. 51 3. 27	2. 51 3. 27	2. 51 3. 25	2. 51 3. 32	2, 52 3, 35	2. 57 3. 40	2. 59 3. 40	2. 59 3. 40	2. 59 3. 40	2.60 3.40	
Bank (15 stocks)do Insurance (10 stocks)do	3. 75 4. 07	3. 75 4. 07	3. 75 4. 07	3. 75 4. 07	3. 76 4. 07	3.77 4.07	3. 77 4. 07	3. 77 4. 07	3. 77 4. 23	3. 78 4. 23	3. 78 4. 23	3. 81 4. 23	3. 81 4. 23	
Price per share, end of month (200 stocks) Q do	122.35 138.30	124, 05 139, 97	127. 67 144. 74	132. 89 151. 57	134. 46 153. 48	141. 29 161. 34	144. 82 165. 03	147. 66 168. 37	156. 81 177. 75	156, 98 176, 93	156. 96 175. 43	155. 86 174. 47	163.87 184.82	160 188
Price per share, end of month (200 stocks) ♀doIndustrial (125 stocks)doPublic utility (24 stocks)doRailroad (25 stocks)do	56. 05 52. 22	56, 78 54, 25	57. 74 55. 29	58. 21 60. 16	57, 20 61, 12	59. 38 66. 43	61. 08 69. 12	62. 18 72. 71	66, 37 73, 89	66. 66 74. 82	67. 40 75. 48	68. 12 73. 93	67. 24 76. 95	6 7
Yield (200 stocks)percent_ Industrial (125 stocks)do		4. 27 4. 12	4. 15 3. 98	3. 97 3. 79	3, 91 3, 72	3.72 3.54	3. 64 3. 45	3. 54 3. 34	3. 34 3. 17	3. 36 3. 21	3, 41 3, 26	3, 43 3, 28	3. 29 3. 11	
Public utility (24 stocks)	4.46	4. 40 6. 06	4. 33 5. 91	4. 31 5. 44	4. 39 5. 35	4. 23 4. 89	4. 11 4. 80	4. 05 4. 61	3.87 4.60	3.89 4.54	3.84 4.50	3, 80 4, 60	3.87 4.42	
Bank (15 stocks) do Insurance (10 stocks) do	4. 76 3. 08	4. 58 3. 08	4. 53 2. 99	4. 54 2. 94	4. 43 2. 97	4. 15 2. 98	4. 14 2. 75	4. 09 2. 68	4. 00 2. 54	3. 92 2. 51	3. 69 2. 48	3. 95 2. 53	3. 98 2. 57	
Earnings per share (at annual rate), quarterly: Industrial (125 stocks)dollars.			7. 20			8. 10			10. 70			r 10. 30		
Public utility (24 stocks) do_Railroad (25 stocks) do_			3. 53 3. 50			3.60 19.09			3. 63 9. 52			r 3, 69 r 4, 12		
vidend yields, preferred stocks, 14 high-grade (Standard and Poor's Corp.)percent_ ices:	4.37	4.31	4. 28	4. 36	4, 45	4. 58	4, 64	4, 65	4. 63	4.54	4. 52	4.48	4. 51	İ
Dow Jones & Co., Inc. (65 stocks)dol. per share. Industrial (30 stocks)dodo	446.90	159, 15 460, 04	163. 12 471. 97	168. 87 488. 28	174, 55 507, 55	179. 36 521. 82	186, 56 539, 85	193. 59 557. 10	196, 91 566, 43	206. 21 • 592. 29	205, 02 590, 72	210. 19 609. 12	212. 12 616. 99	21 63
Public utility (15 stocks)dodo Railroad (20 stocks)dodo	75. 75 106. 86	77. 65 113. 73	78. 64 117. 68	79. 64 124. 78	78. 71 132. 32	80, 06 136, 96	82. 07 146. 52	85. 56 153. 80	88. 09 155. 00	91. 66 163. 87	91. 03 161. 69	93. 68 162. 56	92. 58 165. 30	16
Industrial, public utility, and railroad: 7 Combined index (500 stocks)1941-43=10_	. 42.34	43.70	44. 75	45. 98	47. 70	48.96	50. 95	52. 50	53, 49	55. 62	54. 77	56, 15	57. 10	5
Industrial, total (425 stocks) 9do Capital goods (129 stocks)do	45. 09 42. 61	46, 51 43, 86	47. 62 45.17	48. 96 46. 92	51, 00 49, 75	52, 40 51, 34	54, 55 53, 60	56. 11 55. 20	57. 09 56. 84	59. 30 58. 98	58. 33 59, 33	59. 79 61. 67	60. 92 62. 10	6
Consumers' goods (196 stocks)do Public utility (50 stocks)do	_ 32.78	34. 18 36. 57	34. 78 37. 31	36. 01 37. 82	37. 44 37. 50	38. 90 37. 97	40. 65 39, 15	42. 47 40. 75	43. 31 42. 05	44. 65 43. 96	44. 23 43. 71	45. 10 45. 06	45. 87 45. 12	4
Dailroad (9k etooks) do	93.00	24.74	25. 54	26.86	28. 43	29. 51	31, 23 23, 28	33.07	33.70	35. 53	35. 20	35. 47	35. 94	3
Banks: N. Y. City (12 stocks) Outside N. Y. City (17 stocks) do Fire insurance (17 stocks) do	20. 26 40. 17 27. 36	20. 54 40. 96 27. 51	21. 23 41. 44 28. 16	21. 24 41. 94 28. 38	21. 47 42. 62 28. 72	22. 54 43. 98 28. 54	45. 25 29. 49	23. 55 46. 68 31. 83	24, 03 48, 16 33, 42	24. 56 50. 35 34. 96	25, 23 50, 08 34, 78	26. 30 52. 09 35. 60	24. 70 51. 37 34. 22	5 3
les (Securities and Exchange Commission): Total on all registered exchanges:									1			1	ļ	
Market valuet mil. of dol. Shares sold t thousands	2, 361 S1, 569	2, 748 97, 823	2, 771 93, 976	3, 322 110, 944	3, 350 115, 724	3, 442 115, 052	4, 823 161, 286	3, 991 130, 626	4, 368 146, 227	4, 982 166, 968	3, 790 133, 963	5, 307 186, 209	4, 799 149, 602	
On New York Stock Exchange: Market value‡ mil. of dol. Shares sold‡ thousands.	2, 019 58, 502		2, 340 65, 812	2, 829 80, 233	2, 895 83, 502	2, 922 80, 695	4, 172 118, 112	3, 407 91, 504	3, 682 96, 124	4, 195 105, 627	3, 143 80, 357	4, 330 108, 433	3, 934 91, 630	
Exclusive of odd lot and stopped sales (N. Y. Times) thousands	1 '	1	56, 618	69, 496	62, 373	71,972	95, 987	74, 366	75, 018	83, 253	65, 793	82, 450	75, 887	70
nares listed, New York Stock Exchange: Market value, all listed sharesmil. of dol.	214, 040	218, 773	224, 904	234, 507	237, 509	248, 388	255, 117	261, 828	276, 665	280, 826	282, 105	283, 202	294, 256	
Number of shares listedmillions.	4, 861	4, 870	4, 883	4, 903	4, 906	4, 916	4, 933	4, 959	5, 017	5, 075	5, 089	5, 106	5, 163	

r Revised. r Preliminary. Includes \$2.71 retroactive mail pay increase. §include bonds of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development not shown separately; these bonds are included in computing the average price of all listed bonds shown on p. S-19.

⊙ For bonds due or callable in 10 years or more. †Revisions for 1955-November 1957 will be shown later. ♀ Includes data not shown separately. ¬Number of stocks represents number currently used, the change in number does not affect the continuity of series. †Data not shown in 1957 Business Statistics; indexes prior to August 1956 are available upon request. †Revised to exclude sales of rights and warrants. Comparable data prior to May 1957 will be shown later.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and					1958							1959		
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May
INTERN	ATIO	NAL T	'RAN	SACTI	ONS (OF TI	HE UN	NITED	STA'	ΓES	·			
BALANCE OF PAYMENTS (QUARTERLY);														
Exports of goods and services, totalmil. of dol		Į.	7 6, 697 7 777			r 6, 120 r 549			7 6, 673 7 531			5, 899 485		
actionsO mil. of dol. Income on investments abroad do. Other services and military transactions. do.			7 4, 191 7 699 7 1, 030			7 3, 806 7 703 7 1, 062			7 4, 176 7 913 7 1, 053			3, 789 664 961		
Imports of goods and services, total			7 5, 250 7 3, 166 7 150 7 908 7 1, 026			7 5, 372 7 3, 124 7 164 7 841 7 1, 243			7 5, 425 7 3, 517 7 188 7 838 7 882			5, 440 3, 607 181 805 847		
Balance on goods and servicesdo			r+1, 447			r+748			r+1,248			+459	- 	
Unilateral transfers (net), totaldo Privatedo Governmentdo			r-1, 376 r-127 r-1, 249			r-1,090 r-123 r-967			r-1, 147 r-142 r-1, 005			-1, 105 -141 -964		
U. S. long- and short-term capital (net), totaldo Privatedodododo			r-1, 247 r-1, 025 r-222			r-783 r-451 r-332			7-892 7-726 7-166			-483 -394 -89		
Foreign long- and short-term capital (net) do Fold sales [purchases (—)] do Errors and omissions do		 	r-6 +1.075 r+107			+424 +483 +218			r+531 +347 r-87			+828 +96 +205		
FOREIGN TRADE Indexes												ļ		
Exports of U. S. merchandise: Quantity 1936-38=100_	287 622	309 666	266 572	266 575	264 567	257 554	300 650	300 649	282 613	₽ 260 ₽ 568	^p 238 ^p 519	[₽] 269 [₽] 591		
Unit valuedododododododo	216 182	216 185	215 179	216 184	215 171	216 191	216	216 193	218	» 219 » 203	^p 218 ^p 200	» 220 » 230		
Guantity	510 280	513 278	494 276	509 276	469 275	523 273	562 273	529 274	220 599 273	p 553 p 273	₽ 543 ₽ 271	p 621 p 621 p 270		
Unadjusted	145 149 155	157 159 176	149 169 142	147 190 354	134 167 127	131 141 99	155 140 62	151 127 94	152 124 67	142 133 53	115 111 52			
Imports for consumption, total: Unadjusted	109 94 102 89	110 116 108 123	94 97 107 89	96 107 121 95	89 97 114 84	94 103 110 98	107 123 111 132	101 116 123 112	118 107 126 99	103 90 106 81	113 106 109 104			
Shipping Weight	8, 483 11, 675	9, 043 12, 491	9, 299 14, 134	9, 293 13, 996	10,240 12,830	9, 013 13, 614	9, 591 15, 182	8, 890 12, 944	7, 031 14, 977					
Exports (mdse.), including reexports, total mil. of dol	1,529.8	1,638.0	1,406.3	1,415.6	1,396.4	1 200 0	1,598.9	1, 596. 2	1 519 6	1, 400. 4	1 000 0	1 450 0	1, 468. 0	
By geographic regions:∆ Africado Asia and Oceaniado	57. 3 256. 3	59.0 261.4	47. 4 239. 6	47. 0 208. 2	46. 6 218. 4	36. 2 212. 2	40. 5 224. 0	73. 7 247. 9	1, 513. 6 46. 8 250. 8	58.3 248.4	36.3 227.7	62. 9 263. 9	52. 8 246. 1	
Europe	375. 1 294. 2 184. 2 185. 8	436. 8 313. 8 183. 7 199. 1	350. 9 306. 6 164. 0 160. 0	268. 9 176. 6 171. 8	359. 4 265. 9 163. 3 192. 8	345. 0 290. 3 168. 4 158. 1	322. 1 183. 7 185. 5	283. 5 161. 7 187. 3	384. 0 278. 0 166. 5 205. 3	366. 2 262. 0 142. 9 170. 7	304. 8 274. 7 136. 5 144. 6	355. 2 321. 2 141. 7 167. 1	351. 4 327.1 151. 0 165. 4	
Africa: United Arab Republic (Egypt Region)do Union of South Africado	3. 4 27. 1	3. 6 26. 8	5. 8 20. 0	3. 2 18. 2	4. 3 19. 1	3. 2 12. 7	4. 3 15. 4	5. 9 17. 5	4. 5 17. 8	3. 6 18. 0	3. 5 14. 6	3. 7 19. 6	10. 5 18. 3	
Asia and Oceania: Australia, including New Guineado Colony of Singaporedododododododo.	12. 6 2. 8 34. 6	15. 2 2. 3 27. 8	15. 6 2. 9 26. 8	14. 6 1. 5 22. 7	12.7 1.7 32.3	21. 4 1. 8 39. 0	18. 4 2. 0 36. 8	22. 9 2. 1 36. 9	13. 3 2. 0 38. 5	16. 0 2. 3 51. 2	14. 2 2. 2 38. 2	15. 3 2. 4 51. 7	15. 4 2. 6 42. 0	1
Japan do Republic of Indonesia do Republic of the Philippines do Europe:	71. 7 5. 7 21. 8	83. 2 4. 8 28. 1	72. 9 3. 8 21. 8	67. 3 8. 4 17. 9	64. 1 4. 0 24. 0	51. 3 3. 5 22. 1	59. 9 4. 1 27. 9	67. 3 3. 3 34. 2	81. 0 4. 8 25. 0	75. 7 3. 5 16. 5	72. 8 3. 6 16. 6	73. 5 5. 0 23. 7	20.8	
France do East Germany do West Germany do Italy do	38. 5 0 54. 1 45. 5	47. 3 0 65. 4 43. 5	31.7 0 58.4 43.4	35. 9 . 2 58. 6 41. 7	31. 6 (1) 61. 1 35. 0	25. 4 0 53. 8 34. 7	33. 3 (1) 67. 8 35. 9	32. 1 . 1 62. 2 42. 3	33. 2 0 62. 7 35. 3	27. 5 0 52. 3 36. 4	23. 2 . 1 52. 0	24. 6 (1) 56. 5 34. 5	((L)	
Union of Soviet Socialist Republicsdo United Kingdomdo North and South America:	48. 5 . 1 58. 3	43. 5 (1) 62. 7 313. 8	(1) 53. 4 306. 5	268.9	55. 0 (1) 58. 3 265. 8	74.3	33. 9 . 3 102. 1 322. 1	42. 3 . 6 81. 8 283. 5	35. 3 1. 4 85. 5 278. 0	1. 5 67. 0 262. 0	25. 7 . 9 61. 8	34. 5 . 1 50. 9 321. 1	60. 2 327. 1	
Canadado Latin American Republics, total Qdo	351.0	360. 5	305. 9	327. 5	337. 2	307. 4	344.6	325. 6	350. 5	293. 0	274. 7 260. 5	289. 0	296, 6	
Argentina do Brazil do Chile do Colombia do Cuba do	44, 2 12, 7 14, 4 44, 9	18. 8 46. 3 15. 8 16. 4 42. 3	16. 8 34. 9 9. 0 14. 5 40. 2	20. 4 46. 0 10. 2 14. 2 43. 4	26. 5 49. 5 15. 3 16. 2 42. 2	18. 8 39. 9 10. 5 12. 8 45. 7	23. 2 45. 0 13. 8 15. 0 53. 1	26. 4 39. 5 11. 2 15. 6 43. 2	30. 6 58 1 10. 7 13. 9 40. 5		15.3 29.1 11.1 14.2 32.8	13. 2 46. 2 10. 8 15. 4 31. 1	17. 4 33. 4	
Mexicodododododo	87. 9 74. 8	81. 8 75. 3	72.8 61.7	82. 6 55. 8	68. 7 60. 0	61. 5 54. 1	73.3 64.5	60.8	71. 8 69. 5	57.8	55. 6 55. 8	59. 9 60. 9	63. 2	

^{*}Revised. **Preliminary. **Less than \$50,000.

†Revisions for balance of payments for 1919-55 appear in the 1958 Balance of Payments Supplement. Revisions for following periods will be shown later: 1st qtr. 1956-1st qtr. 1958 for 1941-54, private relief shipments of food products, formerly included with finished manufactures, have been solited to the manufactured foodstuffs class.

©Adjusted for balance-of-payments purposes, mainly for valuation, coverage, and timing. **O*Excludes military expenditures.

†Revised series; see similar note in September 1958 SURVEY.

§Excludes "special category" shipments and all commodities exported under foreign-aid programs as Department of Defense controlled cargo.

[Data include shipments (military and economic aid) under the Mutual Security Program. Total MSP military shipments (including, since early 1956, also "consumables and construction" shipments) are as follows (mil. dol.); April 1958-April 1959, respectively—121.7; 131.4; 98.7; 129.0; 113.2; 121.6; 181.3; 188.5; 135.0; 114.5; 96.7; 81.2; 125.1.

Q Includes countries not shown separately.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and			<u>-</u>		1958							1959		
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May

INTERNATIONAL TRANSACTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES—Continued

INTERNATION	ALI	NAINS	ACII	UNS (<i>)</i>	IE UN	TIED	SIAI	LES-	Contin	ıuea ———		
FOREIGN TRADE—Continued Value‡—Continued										1			
Exports of U.S. merchandise, totalmil. of dol.	1,515. 5	1, 623. 3	1,394.3	1,401.9	1,382.0	1,351.1	1,584.1	1, 581. 6	1, 493. 6	1, 384. 8	1, 226.0	1, 441. 3	1, 452. 1
By economic classes: Crude materialsdodo	174. 7 104. 7	188. 4 100. 3	175. 5 112. 6	183. 5 104. 7	160. 4 120. 0	160.7 108.8	199. 1 114. 6	195. 8 109. 0	161. 4 124. 1	143. 4 130. 0	113.3 107.8	134. 0 120. 1	131. 9 113. 4
Crude foodstuffsdodododododododo	92. 8 187. 1	110. 6 207. 6	103. 4 168. 4	88. 2 169. 2	77. 3 186. 5	88. 7 182. 6	104. 4 222. 4	87. 9 213. 4	90. 9	78. 6 189. 2	65. 8 175. 8	76. 7 191. 9	78.8
Semimanufactures Qdo Finished manufactures Qdo	956. 2	1,016. 4	834. 5	856. 3	837.7	810. 2	943. 5	975, 6	925. 2	843. 6	803. 3	918.6	203. 6 924. 5
By principal commodities: Agricultural products, total⊕do	315.7	344. 7	327. 5	314.9	293. 4	297. 2	357. 6	341.8	337. 5	310.0	249. 5	292.0	296. 5
Cotton, unmanufactured do Fruits, vegetables, and preparations do do do do do do do do do do do do do	73.0 28.9	76. 6 34. 4	61. 5 37. 7	63. 9 30. 9	28. 4 28. 2	30. 2 31. 6	25. 2 40. 4	45. 6 28. 8	39. 8 28. 7	30. 0 23. 4	26. 5 24. 5	36. 3 27. 3	31. 7 29. 5
Grains and preparations do Packing-house products do Go	112. 1 16. 0	95. 2 21. 2	112.0 17.7	109. 7 19. 7	120. 4 17. 8	110. 4 18. 9	117. 1 22. 1	109. 5 24. 2	119. 5 19. 1	130. 1 23. 7	104. 7 20. 0	118.6 21.4	111. 0 20. 6
Tobacco and manufacturesdo	21.8	25.7	30.9	32.0	36.3	52.6	71.3	47.8	43.0	26.4	18.8	31.8	24.6
Nonagricultural products, total⊕do Automobiles, parts, and accessoriesdo	1,199.9	1,278. 7 131. 5	1,066. 8 99. 7	1,087.0	1,088. 6 84. 1	1,053. 8 80. 4	1, 226. 5 97. 3	1, 239. 8	1, 156, 1	1,074.8	1,016.4	1, 149. 3 118. 0	1, 155. 6
Chemicals and related products§do	114. 2 46. 1	127. 9 46. 0	113.3 50.5	109. 2 45. 4	109. 5 55. 6	106. 1 47. 9	119. 9 47. 6	117.9 42.7	113. 5 31. 8	115. 2 34. 3	116. 6 25. 6	122. 2 29. 9	119.5 31.9
Coal and related fuelsdoIron and steel-mill productsdo	65. 6	61. 9	44. 4	42. 1	42.7	45. 9	60.1	57. 5	44. 6	45. 1	44.0	51.0	52. 7
Machinery, total§⊕do	346.5	368. 2	319.0	312.0	298.8	289.3	316.1	319.8	313.9	287. 8	291. 2	326. 9	354.0
Agriculturaldo Tractors, parts, and accessoriesdo	13. 9 29. 9	14.8 31.6	10.9 29.1	10.3 28.5	8, 7 23, 2	8. 1 22. 5	7. 9 24. 1	8. 1 18. 2	8. 3 17. 8	8. 5 22. 3	10.8 25.8	14. 1 31. 7	16. 2 33. 8
Electrical do do Metalworking§ do Other industrial do	87. 1 28. 1	88. 7 35. 4	79. 2 28. 7	80. 2 28. 6	76. 2 27. 7	80. 2 22. 5	89. 2 27. 6	91. 7 33. 2	92. 8 35. 7	70.1	71. 9 25. 4	81. 2 27. 1	80.8
Other industrialdododo	174. 1 50. 9	181. 4 49. 4	157. 7 38. 2	151.8 50.4	150.3 52.9	142.3 44.7	152. 7 49. 0	154.9 51.0	143. 0 39. 4	142. 9 40. 8	142. 3 35. 7	158. 1 39. 2	166. 5 45. 2
Textiles and manufacturesdo	62.6	52. 8	43.8	40. 4	52. 9 46. 9	46. 7	54. 8	49.5	47. 7	44. 5	42.8	53.4	49.3
General imports, totalmil. of dol_ By geographic regions:	1,056.8	1,060.9	1,031.3	1,049.1	950. 2	1,074.0	1, 141. 8	1,089.0	1, 253. 4	1, 154. 2	1, 118. 1	1, 300. 9	1, 220. 9
Africa do Asia and Oceania do Europe do do do do do do do do do do do do do	57. 8 180. 5 258. 6	45. 7 175. 1 270. 5	45. 5 185. 6 246. 8	41. 1 184. 2 286. 1	25. 7 181. 5 251. 3	38. 0 178. 3 285. 3	46. 2 193. 7 319. 8	35. 9 181. 6 316. 1	53. 5 209. 8 353. 6	43. 6 216. 7 339. 6	47. 9 198. 1 312. 4	59. 7 240. 7	57. 0 239. 0 376. 6
Northern North Americadodo	207. 4	219.7	235. 4	235. 1	210.0	257. 9	252. 2	230. 0	233. 0	184. 9	193. 9	370.6 227.9	234. 5
South Americado South Americado	171. 5 181. 0	156. 6 193. 3	144. 3 173. 7	151. 0 184. 5	110.3 171.4	125. 7 188. 7	120. 2 209. 7	123. 3 202. 1	161. 1 242. 5	163. 7 205. 7	160. 8 205. 1	175. 1 226. 9	139. 7 174. 2
By leading countries: Africa:	101.0	100.0	1,0.1	101.0	111.1	100.1	200.1		212.0	200.1		220. 9	114.2
United Arab Republic (Egypt Region)do Union of South Africado	. 5 8. 6	.6 7.9	$\frac{1.7}{9.3}$	6.0 7.3	. 6 4. 3	. 2 8. 2	. 1 8. 4	. 3 5. 2	10.7	4.5 7.8	. 7 10. 6	6. 6 9. 0	6.6
Asia and Oceania: Australia, including New Guineado	6. 9	10.8	9.1	7. 2	4.6	4. 3	8.4	5.4	10.6	10.8	12.5	11.7	19.8
Colony of Singaporedododo	2. 7 18. 0	2. 2 17. 4	2.9 r 13.2	1. 5 15. 3	2.3 14.6	2. 7 18. 8	4. 1 14. 6	2. 9 16. 3	4. 1 20. 7	3.6 20.3	2. 9 16. 6	2. 6 22. 0	1. 6 23. 0
Japando	50. 0 13. 1	49. 4 14. 3	52. 0 18. 1	60. 5 9. 9	60. 8 11. 4	55. 4 15. 3	64. 1 18. 4	62. 3 14. 1	66. 3 16. 4	66. 6 17. 6	60. 4 18. 1	83. 1 12. 6	79. 5 15. 9
Républic of Indonesiado Republic of the Philippinesdo Europe:	25. 5	26.1	25. 9	30. 7	24. 5	22. 2	20.5	21. 4	15. 5	19. 9	18.8	27. 4	25. 8
Francedodo	22.5	22. 2	21.7	28.5	24. 2	23. 7	31.5 .9	30.0	36. 2 . 6	32. 1 . 4	28.6	34.3	33.8
East Germany do	52. 0 19. 9	51. 1 18. 7	48. 1 19. 5	54. 3 23. 1	48. 8 23. 2	55. 8 20. 1	57. 2 33. 2	57. 3 26. 1	65. 5 31. 9	65. 2 26. 8	60. 1 25. 2	70. 6 28. 6	75. 2 29. 2
Union of Soviet Socialist Republicsdo United Kingdomdo North and South America:	1. 1 64. 7	2. 1 71. 8	. 4 59. 8	3. 4 78. 8	2. 0 60. 3	1. 9 78. 0	2. 3 82. 8	. 8 84. 3	84.3	4. 2 82. 0	3. 1 79. 9	2. 3 89. 7	95. 7
Canadado	207. 3	219. 7	235. 3	235. 0	209. 4	257.7	252. 1	229. 6	233.0	184. 7	193. 8	227.9	234. 5
Latin American Republics, total⊕do Argentinadodo	314.1	313. 2 13. 7	280. 3 8. 0	292. 4 10. 0	248. 2 8. 7	276. 0 11. 2	289.7	292. 7	354. 1	313.7	316. 9	345. 2	286. 9
Argentina	46. 2 14. 6	58. 1 8. 7	47. 7 12. 1	35. 6 10. 3	36. 2 13. 3	44.3 11.8	11. 4 49. 9 13. 7	11. 4 51. 2 13. 2	17. 1 69. 4 19. 3	12. 0 43. 3 20. 9	8. 6 52. 5	13. 2 60. 8 17. 0	49. 5
Colombia do do Cuba do do do do do do do do do do do do do	21. 0 48. 8	26. 5 43. 8	17. 1 51. 8	33. 1 50. 9	29. 1 39. 9	30. 3 44. 3	36. 5 32. 7	31. 4 34. 2	25. 9 35. 9	20. 9 22. 8 29. 3	15. 5 28. 4 32. 9	23. 9 43. 6	15. 6 22. 7 50. 1
Mexico do do Venezuela do do do do do do do do do do do do do	51. 2 71. 0	47. 8 69. 2	30. 4 71. 9	34. 5 74. 2	25. 0 64. 5	30. 8 68. 7	32. 6 77. 7	35. 3 75. 0		46. 3 84. 7	49. 9 82. 1	53. 2 91. 8	42. 6 61. 4
Imports for consumption, totalmil, of dol_	1,046.8	1,051.1	1,013.6	¢1,043.8	961.4	1,071.7	1,153.3	1, 084. 8	1, 229. 1	1, 134. 5	1, 113. 3	1, 274. 0	1, 209. 0
By economic classes: 7 Crude materials	218. 2 182. 7	214. 2 181. 7	220. 6 134. 2	214. 1 146. 7	220. 1 120. 4	238.8	244. 5	222. 7	266. 6	262. 7	243.8	255.7	236. 6
Crude foodstuffsdodo Manufactured foodstuffs and beveragesdo Semimanufacturesdo	126. 7	128. 8 207. 8	133. 2 216. 6	147.1	119. 4	137.3	173. 0 130. 3	159. 5 128. 6	192. 6 128. 3	145. 4 120. 1	165. 6 110. 8	176. 4 130. 3	153. 9 142. 6
Finished manufacturesdo By principal commodities:&	211. 1 308. 2	318.7	308. 9	218. 8 350. 6	197. 8 303. 7	236. 8 327. 8	241. 2 364. 2	219. 4 354. 6	259. 9 381. 7	242, 5 363, 7	255. 5 337. 6	303.9 407.7	258. 2 417. 8
Agricultural products, total⊕do	348. 2	342.3	289. 4	313. 2	284. 6	302. 8	334. 9	316.0	369. 4	328. 4	333. 8	370.8	353. 7
Cocoa (cacao) beans, incl. shellsdo Coffeedo		13. 4 118. 8	13. 8 76. 5	12. 5 87. 2	5. 1 73. 2	6, 2 83, 5	7. 2 109. 0	7. 5 100. 6	34. 1 103. 5	18. 3 79. 6	12. 7 108. 2	14. 8 106. 0	15. 6 84. 3
Hides and skinsdo Rubber, crude, including guayuledo	6. 4 18. 6	4. 6 16. 3	5. 0 13. 7	5. 2 12. 3	4. 7 19. 1	3. 5 20. 2	4. 5 22. 8	4. 0 22. 5	5. 2 30. 8	6. 4 32. 7	5. 5 29. 5	9.7 28.9	8. 9
Sugardo Wool and mohair, unmanufactureddo	50. 9 15. 5	43. 9 11. 8	52, 1 10, 4	53. 4 10. 5	41. 4 9. 2	43. 5 11. 3	32, 0 16, 1	30. 6 15. 6	32. 1 18. 0	35. 9 21. 3	r 37. 7 18. 7	47. 5 23. 8	46. 6
Nonagricultural products, total —do	698. 7	708.8	724. 2	764.1	676.8	768. 9	818. 4	768. 8	859.7	806. 1	779. 5	903. 1	855. 4
Furs and manufacturesdo	7. 7 99. 5	88. 0	3.7 94.3	6. 0 68. 4	3. 6 57. 6	4, 8 93, 8	3. 3 72. 2	3.7 74.2	21. 4 81. 5	15. 1 81. 3	10. 0 70. 7	9. 8 91. 4	8. 5 86. 4
Copper, incl. ore and manufacturesdo Tin, including oredo	26. 5 9. 2	18. 2 9. 6	29. 1 13. 0	9.8	7.3	8.6	18. 2 8. 9	19.3 6.4	20. 8 9. 2	15. 3 13. 1	16. 2 9. 5	20.8 10.2	9.4
Paper base stocks doNewsprint doPetroleum and products do	23. 6 53. 1 127. 1	22, 7 52, 8	27. 8 51. 7 141. 2	25. 0 51. 9	25. 5 46. 1	28. 5 48. 7	29. 2 55. 2 142. 7	27. 7 55. 9	28. 4 54. 3	29. 5 43. 2	27. 2 44. 2	26. 7 51. 7	29.5
do	12/.1	119.8	141.2	141.1	123.8	129. 1	142.7	135. 6	166. 7	158. 5	166. 7	173. 4	102.6

### Company of the property of	Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and			~		1958							1959		
TRANSPORTATION Addisse Programme of the first arrival street of the control of	descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of	April	May	June	July	August		October					March	April	May
Artinus - Month of the property of the content of the property of the content of the property of the content of the property of the content of the property of the content of the property of the content of the property of the content of the property of the content of the property of the content of the property of the content of the property of the content of the property of the content of the property of the content of the property of the pro		TRAN	SPOR	TATI	ON A	ND CO	OMMU	JNICA	TION	S					
Section Company Comp	TRANSPORTATION														
Miles from; prevenue															
Mail found the form	Miles flown, revenuethousands				64, 014	64, 193	61, 693		49, 046	⁷ 46, 180					,
Processor Contract Contract	Mail ton-miles flowndodo	8, 693	8,622	8,037	8, 276	8,098	8, 189	9, 123	8,347	r 11, 834	8, 980	8,630	9,875		
Transportation eventures		3, 339 2, 028	3, 274 1, 963		3, 453 2, 236	3, 662 2, 381		3, 563 2, 101		7 2, 740 1, 779					
Express privinge payments	Express Operations														
Passes servers early strates 15.5 15.0 17.0 17.1 17.2 17.5	Transportation revenuesthous. of dolthous. of doldo				27, 477 8, 309			33, 363 11, 832		41, 998 16, 154					
Presentage recorded and property (numerical foliations)		.,,	-, •	,,	*,***	,	,,	-2,002	_,,,,,	20,200	3, 200	9,222	20,010		
Cheen Chee	Fares, average cash rate⊕cents_														
Columber of recording carriers	Passengers carried, revenue——————————————————————————————————														
Sumber of reporting carriers Sumber of reporting carriers	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·														
Ferences, total. **Control of passengers (quarterly totals):** **Line of passengers (quarterly totals):** *	Number of reporting carriers			875 939 824			875 966 732			872				-	
Carelina of placeneses (number of protecting curriers) Carelina of protecting curriers Carelina of pro	Expenses, total do Revenue freight carried thous, of tons			901, 029			925,025			1,062,336					
Expenses storied. Coal Chast Rathways	Carriers of passengers (quarterly totals):			ŕ						·					
Precisit carlordings (A. A. R.)-c2 72,000	Number of reporting carriersthous. of dol			106, 509			126, 167			102, 303					
Freight carboalings (A. A. B.)-gr Total cars		•		94, 597 60, 532											
Total cars															
Coke	Total carsthousands			2, 489 467	2, 138	3, 146 560		2,733	3, 135				2, 398		3, 419 546
Grain and grain products do. 200 200 200 242 565 317 274 256 201 201 202 267 214 504 201 201 202 275 214 50 202 276 224 276	Cokedo	21	26	23	20	29	28	31	42	34	42	38	44	44	55
Livestock do 20											i				243
Miscellaneous.	Livestockdo	* 57	r 150	208	204	276	221	210	174	56	76	62	75	127	28 365
Total unadjusted 1935-29-100. 93 97 106 97 107 114 117 112 101 101 101 101 105 131 113 125 Coal 40 40 176 779 63 67 67 68 67 68 106 88 100 100 94 92 84 88 90 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	Miscellaneousdo				164 1, 083		200 1, 256								209 1, 767
Coke	Total, unadjusted1935-39=100								112						120
Grain and grain products.	Cokedo	65	67	71	67	75	92	99	112	115	109	120	137	139	142
Livestock															140
Merchandise, I. c. l. do 29 28 27 30 33 30 28 26 25 27 28 27 28 27 28 27 28 27 28 27 28 27 28 27 28 27 28 27 28 27 28 27 28 27 28 27 28 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 100 10 110	Livestockdo	37	38	32	28	35	64	88	55	32	36	27	33	40	39 269
Coal	Merchandise, l. c. ldo		28	28	27		33	30 127	28 124	26	25	27	28	27	27 136
Coke	Total, seasonally adjusted⊙do	95													118
Grain and grain products. do. 159 149 169 164 160 141 188 169 157 156 154 155 153 150 150 Cre. do. 42 42 37 37 36 40 57 43 33 38 34 42 44 44 44 64 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67 67	Cokedo	67	68	73	69	79	93	101	112	109	104	113	136	141	144
Livestock	•				ĺ					ſ					
Miscellaneous C. at surplus and shortage, daily average: Car surplus, total Q	Livestockdodo		42 70	37	37		49			33	38 221	34 218	42 229	44	44
Freight-ear surplus and shortage, dally average: Car surplus, total Q number. 124, 247 129, 834 83, 218 92, 047 61, 094 17, 558 9, 750 4, 266 2, 935 8, 379 18, 732 13, 392 10, 756 12, 111 12, 024 12, 036 12, 036 14,	Merchandise, l. c. ldodododododododododododododododo	29	28	28	27	30	31	29	28	27	26 120	27	28 128	27 133	27 134
Gondolas and open hoppers	Car surplus, total Qnumber			83, 218		61, 094	33, 307		17, 173	35, 328	54, 397		29, 389	25, 745	24, 255
Boxcars	Boxears doGondolas and open hoppers do			39, 354 29, 433		17, 558 28, 959	9, 750 11, 903	4, 266 4, 738	2, 935 5, 260	8, 379 10, 918	18, 732 17, 220	13, 392 10, 754	10, 786 7, 286	12, 111 3, 726	12, 024 1, 731
Gondolas and open hoppers							2, 694 2, 096	6, 402 5, 217							2, 161 1, 058
Operating revenues, total 9 mill of dol f83.8 f83.7 748.9 748.9 791.6 779.5 833.6 846.9 903.0 809.5 836.8 784.2 748.3 857.9 856.4 768.0 648.5 700.0 724.5 777.2 688.7 684.9 660.5 637.8 734.6 736.8 784.2 748.3 857.9 856.4 783.8 784.2 748.3 857.9 856.4 783.8 748.2 748.3 857.9 856.4 783.8 783.2 784.2 748.3 857.9 856.4 783.8 783.2 784.2 748.3 857.9 856.4 783.8 783.2 784.2 748.3 857.9 856.4 783.8 783.2 784.2 748.3 857.9 856.4 783.8 783.2 784.2 748.3 857.9 856.4 783.8 783.2 784.2 748.3 857.9 856.4 783.8 783.2 784.2 748.3 857.9 856.4 783.8 783.2 784.2 748.3 857.9 856.4 783.8 783.2 784.2 748.3 857.9 856.4 783.8 783.2 784.2 748.3 857.9 856.4 783.8 783.2 783.4 734.6 736.8 783.2 783.4 734.6 736.8 783.2 783.4 734.6 736.8 783.2 783.4 734.6 736.8 783.4 783.2 783.4 783.2 748.3 857.9 856.4 783.8 783.4 78	Gondolas and open hoppersdo	0	21	183	17	60	537	1,017	442	169	25		281	251	518
Passenger	Operating revenues, total Qmil. of dol Freightdo	630. 8	643. 7	666. 0	648. 5	700.0	724. 5	777. 2	688.7	684. 9	660.5	637.8	734.6	736. 8	
mil. of dol. r98.8 93.6 104.1 100.5 111.9 123.3 137.1 105.5 103.2 103.5 99.3 123.2 121.3 Net railway operating income	Passengerdododo										57. 9				
Net income 1	mil. of dol						123.3								
Freight carried 1 mile. mil. of ton-miles. 43,002 46,335 47,113 43,945 51,174 50,164 54,643 50,131 46,661 47,625 45,360 51,232 Revenue per ton-mile. cents. 1.503 1.443 1.458 1.516 1.417 1.475 1.460 1.416 1.488 1.434 1.441 Passengers carried 1 mile, revenue. millions. 1,764 1,831 2,212 2,386 2,368 1,806 1,706 1,689 2,205 1,924 1,567 Waterway Traffic Clearances, vessels in foreign trade: Total U. S. ports. thous. of net tons. do. 9,546 10,588 10,430 10,648 11,227 10,741 11,292 10,357 10,526 10,948 9,398 United States vessels. do. 2,146 2,519 2,294 2,397 2,379 2,175 2,410 2,181 1,946 1,739 1,612 Total thous. of long tons. 3,863 4,072 3,911 4,102 4,086 3,494 4,098 4,072 4,106 4,365 4,231 4,726	Net income‡do			49. 4			72.7	96.8							
Passenger's carried I mile, revenue millions. 1, 764 1, 831 2, 212 2, 396 2, 368 1, 806 1, 706 1, 689 2, 205 1, 924 1, 567	Freight carried 1 milemil. of ton-miles		46, 335 1, 443		43, 945 1, 516	51, 174 1, 417	50, 164 1, 475	54, 643 1, 460		46, 661 1, 488					
Clearances, vessels in foreign trade: Total U. S. ports. thous. of net tons. do. 9, 546 10, 588 10, 430 10, 648 11, 227 10, 741 11, 292 10, 357 10, 526 10, 948 9, 398 United States vessels. do. 2, 146 2, 519 2, 294 2, 397 2, 379 2, 175 2, 410 2, 181 1, 946 1, 739 1, 612 Total. thous. of long tons. 3, 863 4, 072 3, 911 4, 102 4, 086 3, 494 4, 098 4, 072 4, 106 4, 365 4, 231 4, 726	Passengers carried 1 mile, revenuemillions														
Total U. S. ports. thous. of net tons. 11, 692 13, 107 12, 724 13, 045 13, 606 12, 916 13, 702 12, 538 12, 472 12, 687 11, 1010 12, 678 10, 480 10, 480 11, 227 10, 741 11, 292 10, 357 10, 526 10, 948 9, 398 10, 1000 10,	Clearances, vessels in foreign trade:		ا												
Panama Canal: Total thous. of long tons 3,863 4,072 3,911 4,102 4,086 3,494 4,098 4,072 4,106 4,365 4,231 4,726	Total U. S. portsthous. of net tons Foreign vesselsdo	9, 546	10, 588	10, 430	10, 648	11, 227	10, 741	11, 292	10, 357	10, 526	10,948	9, 398			
Total thous of long tons 5,505 4,072 5,911 4,102 4,086 3,494 4,098 4,072 4,106 4,365 4,231 4,726 In United States vessels 953 930 1,087 1,087 986 949 873 988 846 953 853 1,055	Panama Canal:	· 1	, i	,	· '	·		·		, i		,			
	In United States vessels do do do do do do do do do do do do do		4, 072 930			4, 086 986	3, 494 949	4, 098 87 3	4, 072 988	4, 106 846		4, 231 853	$\frac{4}{1}, \frac{726}{055}$		

Revised. P Preliminary.

@Revisions back to January 1956 will be shown later.

@Data for May, August, and November 1958, and January and May, 1959 cover 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks.

@Revisions for February and March 1955 and 1956 appear in the April 1958 SURVEY.

Q Includes data not shown separately.

Revision for March 1958, \$24,700,000.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and				 :	1958				l			1959		
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Ma
TRAN	SPOR'	TATIO	N AN	D CO	MMU.	NICAT	rions	-Cor	tinue	d				
TRANSPORTATION—Continued														
Travel Hotels: Average sale per occupied roomdollars Rooms occupiedpercent of total	8. 68 69 265	8. 15 68 303	8. 73 69 280	8. 17 60 242	9. 14 65 262	8.84 69 266	9. 37 75 275	9. 07 65 257	8. 22 54 246	8. 56 67 267	8.64 69 262	8. 28 66 241	9. 11 72	
Restaurant sales index	105, 173 117, 156 77, 151	117, 417 134, 768 86, 398	141, 362 196, 429 91, 989	189, 470 205, 112 105, 749	242, 940 173, 204 111, 245	188, 348 128, 860 111, 897	140, 998 105, 437 87, 446	109, 133 91, 280 72, 553	105, 190 115, 074 75, 125	114, 610 117, 916 73, 596	116, 907 127, 525 64, 870	149, 720 147, 625	284	
Aliens: Arrivalsdo Departuresdo Passports issued and reneweddo lational parks, visitsthousands_ ullman Co.:	60, 139 99, 054 687	70, 774 88, 168 1, 350	86, 052 73, 251 3, 095	86, 129 59, 062 5, 116	91, 482 46, 924 5, 507	79, 353 38, 039 2, 026	69, 529 33, 715 1, 297	60, 468 27, 829 553	76, 559 30, 445 378	59, 826 47, 645 392	53, 505 58, 011 439	65, 889 85, 624 585	95, 319 706	92,
Revenue passenger-miles millions. Passenger revenues thous, of dol. COMMUNICATIONS	359 5, 585	345 5, 376	397 6, 153	5, 209	346 5, 347	283 4, 389	305 4,726	297 4, 645	6, 440	370 5, 845	6, 130	311 5,063		
elephone carriers: Operating revenues Q thous. of dol. Station revenues. do. Tolls, message. do. Operating expenses, before taxes. do. Net operating income. do. Phones in service, end of month. thousands.	582, 147 336, 933 192, 266 371, 723 87, 478 56, 426	589, 161 338, 344 196, 798 369, 177 93, 071 56, 635	590, 595 339, 292 197, 218 360, 538 97, 391 56, 834	595, 002 337, 800 203, 105 370, 246 93, 851 57, 044	599, 589 339, 333 204, 719 362, 219 99, 959 57, 269	601, 052 343, 959 201, 615 363, 844 100, 471 57, 563	619, 977 351, 685 212, 139 383, 520 100, 407 57, 873	602, 677 348, 792 197, 100 360, 499 102, 644 58, 133	635, 298 357, 897 219, 084 398, 769 99, 651 58, 466	624, 712 357, 305 208, 774 376, 929 102, 108 58, 730	610, 076 354, 640 197, 242 7 363, 912 101, 758 58, 972	359, 774 223, 274 387, 868		
elegraph, cable, and radiotelegraph carriers: Wire-telegraph: Operating revenuesthous. of dol Operating expenses, incl. depreciationdo Net operating revenuesdo	19, 698 17, 770 1, 032	19, 961 18, 070 977	20, 229 18, 011 1, 335	19, 789 18, 825 94	20, 981 18, 483 1, 679	21, 276 18, 873 1, 726	22, 706 19, 594 2, 506	19,053 17,585 926	20, 257 16, 612 3, 287	20, 938 18, 657 1, 264	19, 921 17, 275 1, 680	22, 381 18, 676 2, 664		
Ocean-cable: Operating revenuesdo Operating expenses, incl. depreciationdo Net operating revenuesdo	2, 854 2, 213 361	2, 946 2, 394 283	2, 899 2, 245 382	3, 029 2, 501 247	2, 575 2, 362 d 40	2, 830 2, 211 357	3, 006 2, 239 505	2, 682 2, 011 432	3, 095 2, 204 637	3, 015 2, 281 464	2, 801 2, 211 349	2, 960 2, 274		
Radiotelegraph: Operating revenuesdo Operating expenses, incl. depreciationdo Net operating revenuesdo	3, 340 2, 705 522	3, 508 2, 814 574	3, 395 2, 725 551	3, 578 2, 851 619	3, 588 2, 686 798	3, 645 2, 837 701	3, 856 2, 887 876	3, 458 2, 804 560	3, 876 3, 185 619	3, 722 2, 929 668	3, 506 2, 720 651			
	CF	IEMIC	CALS	AND .	ALLII	ED PR	ODUC	CTS						
CHEMICALS														<u> </u>
norganic chemicals, production: ‡ Ammonia, synthetic anhydrous (commercial)									:					
thous. of short tons. Calcium carbide (commercial)	329. 8 70. 5 62. 1 277. 5 65. 6	348. 2 73. 5 73. 6 287. 9 67. 7	336. 3 59. 7 84. 7 279. 6 64. 3	294. 7 63. 4 92. 2 283. 4 60. 3	280. 6 72. 4 90. 6 293. 6 65. 7	304. 8 76. 5 75. 4 304. 1 66. 9	326. 0 81. 8 70. 2 335. 1 76. 7	333. 9 88. 3 57. 9 335. 4 78. 0	324. 6 92. 8 58. 3 335. 2 75. 8	338. 8 79. 2 62. 4 331. 4 80. 3	326. 5 81. 7 7 59. 6 310. 9 78. 3	384. 1 95. 3 68. 3 351. 8 7 85. 0	400. 2 80. 9 341. 5 82. 7	
Nitric acid (100% HNO ₃)	235. 5 2, 583 157. 1	210. 1 2, 983 153. 2	175. 5 3, 067 139. 3	191. 8 2, 874 139. 8	196. 9 3, 315 133. 4	223. 7 3, 497 138. 7	254. 5 3, 983 144. 4	258. 1 3, 920 144. 6	244, 8 4, 019 143, 3	240. 8 3, 992 151. 0	241. 0 7 4, 016 145. 6	267. 2 4, 640 166. 9	268. 1 168. 2	
Sodium bichromate and chromate	340. 0 6. 4 322. 0	346. 0 8. 8 331. 0	338. 4 7. 7 318. 4	345. 5 3. 8 317. 4	375. 7 7. 8 325. 0	366. 7 9. 8 330. 3	393. 9 9. 6 367. 8	378. 1 9. 8 374. 0	361. 4 9. 0 372. 8	357. 0 9. 7 364. 4	362. 3 8. 5 335. 6	416. 8 9. 6 387. 2	404. 5 375. 9	
thous, of short tons. Sodium sulfate (Glauber's salt and crude salt cake) thous, of short tons. Sulfuric acid: Production (100% H ₂ SO ₄)	38. 6 65. 9 1, 296. 9	34. 6 60. 5 1, 309. 8	32. 8 53. 2 1, 216. 2	30. 3 55. 4 1, 207. 5	40. 0 60. 2 1, 231. 8	38. 7 72. 4 1, 259. 3	45. 8 69. 3 1, 445. 9	49. 7 67. 9 1, 469. 2	43. 6 65. 6 1, 486. 3	35. 5 69. 4 1, 464. 3	33. 3 • 61. 7 1, 406. 3	43. 3 71. 8 1, 579. 9	1, 595. 9	
Price, wholesale, 66°, tanks, at works dol. per short ton rganic chemicals: ♂ A cetic acid (synthetic and natural), production	22. 35	22. 35	22, 35	22.35	22.35	22, 35	22. 35	22, 35	22. 35	22. 35	22. 35	22. 35	p 22.35	1
Acetic anhydride, productiondoAcetylsalicylic acid (aspirin), productiondoAlcohol, ethyl:	40, 791 67, 258 1, 910 42, 146	44, 279 76, 586 1, 759 44, 048	47, 906 89, 871 1, 695 38, 858	48, 148 80, 769 1, 602 39, 339	50, 791 86, 445 1, 372 39, 751	53, 644 90, 452 1, 456 38, 136	54,087 89,683 1,990 40,470	57, 311 79, 908 1, 745 39, 019	49, 688 92, 145 1, 530 41, 576	58, 614 90, 525 1, 890 38, 143	47, 290 79, 951 1, 387 35, 795	57, 570 86, 949 1, 512 42, 995	46, 684	
Production thous of proof gal. Stocks, end of month, total do. In industrial alcohol bonded warehouses do. In denaturing plants do. Used for denaturation do. Withdrawn tax-paid do. Alcohol, denatured:	31, 636 29, 021 2, 615 40, 413 885	35, 551 32, 504 3, 048 39, 499 898	37, 738 35, 113 2, 624 35, 802 800	37, 757 34, 840 2, 917 36, 320 600	38, 669 36, 100 2, 570 38, 389 625	30, 754 27, 712 3, 042 43, 741 725	26, 569 23, 225 3, 344 41, 875 583	30, 672 27, 583 3, 089 34, 173 581	32, 562 29, 697 2, 865 39, 333 635	28, 593 26, 299 2, 293 39, 112 692	31, 671 28, 771 2, 900 33, 474 634	29, 645 27, 127 2, 518 43, 267 714	28, 947 26, 623 2, 324 43, 112 685	
Productionthous, of wine gal_ Consumption (withdrawals)do_ Stocks, end of monthdo	21, 756 20, 918 4, 436	21, 230 20, 110 5, 949	19, 288 19, 352 5, 865	19, 598 18, 831 6, 808	20, 620 19, 549 7, 794	23, 630 24, 483 6, 974	22, 647 22, 731 7, 017	18, 371 19, 399 5, 975	21, 207 22, 131 5, 128	21, 007 21, 723 4, 449	18, 041 18, 184 4, 311	23, 243 23, 507 4, 107	23, 195 22, 940 4, 358	i
Creosote oil, production thous, of gal_DDT, production thous, of lb_DDT, production thous, of lb_Ethyl acetate (85%), production do_Ethylene glycol, production do_Formaldehyde (37% HCHO), production do_Glycerin, refined, all grades:	8, 509 11, 351 3, 879 84, 730 98, 319	8, 634 12, 185 5, 764 89, 542 103, 721	9, 354 12, 173 6, 548 88, 210 108, 888	8, 471 12, 722 6, 872 99, 151 87, 472	9, 155 11, 197 8, 552 88, 983 117, 207	8, 520 12, 291 9, 654 89, 410 134, 494	11, 152 12, 745 8, 681 99, 042 148, 011	8, 620 12, 387 9, 121 85, 493 135, 867	9,081 13,041 7,189 90,277 128,716	6, 917 12, 932 6, 821 97, 210 137, 067	7, 423 11, 422 6, 908 87, 747 129, 545	10, 417 12, 629 10, 339 94, 036 148, 461		
Production do. Consumption† do. Stocks, end of month† do. Methanol, production: Natural thous of gal	15, 902 16, 391 56, 232	15, 742 16, 383 52, 698	17, 944 16, 394 49, 737	15, 331 15, 502 46, 324 153	17, 902 16, 317 43, 087	19, 354 17, 224 40, 622	23, 464 18, 997 40, 403	20, 064 16, 458 40, 362	21, 998 15, 742 42, 149 142	22, 000 42, 400	20, 500	21, 000 43, 100	19, 900 39, 600	
Natural. thous. of gal. Synthetic. do. Phthalic anhydride, production thous. of lb. ' Revised. P Preliminary. d Deficit.	16, 430 24, 090	19, 162 23, 904	16,092	17, 034 24, 107	18, 268 21, 830	20, 151 25, 300	21,698	21, 295	22, 179 29, 571	158 22, 837 29, 018	20, 670 , 23, 995	192 19, 774 34, 223		.

r Revised. r Preliminary. d Deficit.
Pincludes data not shown separately.
Revisions to be published later are as follows: Inorganic chemicals, 1956 and January-July 1957 (also 1955 for phosphoric and sulfuric acid); glycerin, January-April 1957 for consumption and January-September 1957 for stocks.
New basis; to convert data on old basis, multiply by .3622.
Pata (except for alcohol) are reported on basis of 100-percent content of the specified material unless otherwise indicated.

Inless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of		1		1	1958	g I	0-4	N 1			, I	1959		ī
BUSINESS STATISTICS .	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	Octo- ber	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау
СН	IEMIC	CALS	AND A	ALLIE	D PR	ODUC	TS—C	Contin	ued	-				
FERTILIZERS												!		
Consumption (10 States) ⊕	1, 644 480, 615 56, 565 349, 964 52, 547	1, 313 440, 893 30, 582 340, 998 53, 391	901 492, 271 54, 721 389, 777 37, 403	279 534, 793 35, 378 435, 342 55, 605	200 486, 231 45, 502 391, 706 38, 256	340 477, 045 25, 558 399, 136 46, 594	435 412, 294 70, 755 300, 839 29, 577	367 396, 415 67, 836 262, 518 53, 373	329 341, 862 64, 923 214, 930 41, 441	411 338, 184 53, 558 249, 661 25, 648	581 447, 716 122, 223 276, 337 30, 316	1, 491 476, 844 83, 044 319, 450 62, 689	1, 799 464, 114 43, 281 354, 754 58, 321	
mports, total Q † do Nitrogenous materials, total Q do Nitrate of soda do Phosphate materials do Potash materials do rice, wholesale, nitrate of soda, crude, f. o, b. cars,	262, 087 138, 293 39, 395 6, 392 55, 731 49, 75	158, 349 87, 726 36, 903 8, 547 7, 494	139, 356 91, 075 52, 527 7, 169 11, 858	109, 724 73, 692 39, 458 6, 795 9, 618	174, 920 107, 992 27, 279 10, 294 36, 820	234, 742 137, 158 30, 108 21, 610 37, 224	239, 379 144, 484 55, 972 11, 110 56, 584	167, 444 56, 333 12, 060 5, 394 30, 160	191, 448 128, 743 49, 875 12, 942 31, 863	136, 003 82, 371 23, 456 4, 003 28, 390	222, 337 126, 272 28, 019 14, 243 45, 387	271, 328 153, 100 48, 461 10, 987 48, 412	51, 184	
port warehousesdol, per short ton totash deliveriesshort tons uperphosphate (100% available phosphoric acid): Productionshort tons. Stocks, end of monthdo MISCELLANEOUS		49. 75 151, 371 7 233, 338 7 267, 679	49. 75 57, 283 7175, 632 7318, 569	49. 75 114, 434 7 158, 615 7 370, 762	49. 75 221, 480 7147, 263 7366, 491	49. 75 115, 781 170, 431 7336, 078	49. 75 205, 581 7 210, 373 7 323, 380	44. 50 102, 269 7 211, 183 7 359, 511	r 215, 867	44. 50 113, 247 225, 616 385, 448	45. 50 166, 899 7 236,354 7 383,647	45. 50 276, 146 265, 029 299, 942	2 45. 50 360, 096	
xplosives (industrial), shipments: Black blasting powder	106 64,580 403 4,638	91 66, 327 415 4, 620	132 68, 234 384 4, 662	193 61, 432 359 4, 721	238 73, 594 356 4, 666	305 77, 177 336 4, 652	269 79, 494 348 4, 530	209 70, 349 360 4, 462	208 70, 643 378 4, 442	352 61,215 346 4,427	205 67, 404 318 4, 376	127 73, 523 374 4, 325	86, 657 391	
FATS, OILS, OILSEEDS, AND BYPRODUCTS .nimal fats and greases: 7;							į							
Tallow, edible: Productionthous, of lb. Consumption, factory¶do Stocks (incl. refined grades), end of monthdo Tallow and grease (except wool), inedible:	22, 592 21, 443 20, 933	27, 379 24, 376 24, 047	25, 253 23, 535 23, 812	24, 348 24, 859 20, 838	28, 112 28, 926 19, 246	27, 242 25, 023 18, 962	31, 717 29, 979 21, 232	29, 063 27, 545 21, 006	27, 800 20, 464 27, 337	29, 500	30, 500	25, 300	26, 200	
Production do Consumption, factory do Stocks (excl. refined grades), end of month do Consumption factory do Consumption factor factory do Consumption factory do Consumption factor fac	199, 340 129, 185 233, 836	205, 720 128, 091 229, 349	199, 863 127, 154 240, 242	204, 902 114, 480 244, 046	211, 439 139, 076 233, 414	208, 670 148, 658 223, 785	244, 362 1148, 309 269, 182	235, 123 1128, 314 250, 408	224, 009 1 140, 084 286, 508	240,000	229, 600		236, 500	
ish and marine mammal oils:∆‡ Production		16, 248 9, 320 84, 732	26, 791 9, 064 96, 601	28, 497 9, 079 105, 984	30, 888 10, 645 113, 242	27, 854 12, 875 113, 333	8, 658 12, 162 119, 975	7, 802 9, 582 106, 315	13, 800 10, 507 99, 800	600 7,000 110,200		r 300 6, 200 r 117,600	102,600	
Production, crudemil. of lb Consumption, crude, factorydo Stocks, end of month:	526 565	511 568	450 539	457 464	495 502	489 527								
Crude do do Refined do do do do do do do do do do do do do	641 431	592 395	526 351	521 312	• 507 • 251	430 214								
Exports† thous of lb. Imports, total† do. Paint oils do. All other vegetable oils do.	79, 389 28, 348 1, 041 27, 307	228, 416 55, 750 17, 460 38, 290	118, 025 34, 301 1, 731 32, 570	80, 536 57, 327 838 56, 489	105, 692 41, 963 1, 982 39, 981	114, 613 51, 193 2, 677 48, 516	92, 018 46, 675 441 46, 234	44, 250 39, 805 2, 487 37, 318	109, 658 43, 575 4, 142 39, 434	130, 391 37, 009 453 36, 556	41, 991 37, 664 4, 331 33, 333	71, 731 r 49, 966 4, 475 45, 491	177, 159 50, 671 1, 908 48, 763	
Copra: Consumption, factory short tons Stocks, end of month do_ Imports do Coconut or copra oil:	27, 108 9, 602 29, 668	31, 006 13, 226 32, 425	28, 675 14, 512 28, 440	26, 329 16, 221 23, 557	30, 079 11, 760 24, 694	27, 376 15, 283 32, 619	28, 942 8, 348 17, 383	23, 593 11, 170 24, 580	23, 724 9, 071 24, 854	27, 400 10, 400 26, 899	22, 500 4, 400 18, 107	22, 500 3, 800 21, 448	30, 000 8, 400 38, 311	
Production: Crude thous. of lb Refined do do Consumption, factory: Crude do Refined do do	35, 238 38, 745 54, 932	40, 162 36, 552 51, 316	36, 716 38, 462 55, 274	33, 859 34, 506 49, 230	38, 934 41, 287 61, 720	35, 084 34, 853 56, 384 35, 219	40, 658 61, 365	28, 275 46, 212	29, 200 48, 323	31, 200	28, 900 27, 700	28, 900 26, 100	36, 000	
Crude do do Month; Crude do Mefined do Month; Imports† do do do do do do do do do do do do do	35, 093 45, 930 11, 505 10, 993	38, 038 43, 508 8, 619 19, 102	37, 092 41, 881 8, 707 9, 462	31, 065 49, 339 10, 700 33, 018	41, 855 54, 372 10, 555 19, 448	50, 566 9, 544 21, 535	40, 429 42, 477 9, 351 20, 803	28, 050 49, 914 9, 721 15, 542	29, 291 50, 200 12, 776 15, 634	47, 500 14, 470	36, 600 	37, 100 17, 409	37, 300 22, 873	
Cottonseed: Receipts at millsthous, of short tons Consumption (crush)do Stocks at mills, end of monthdo Cottonseed cake and meal:	12 255 516	5 180 341	12 127 225	81 132 175	305 148 331	482 307 507	1, 643 712 1, 437	1, 112 599 1, 951	542 563 1, 930	147 570 1, 507	87 468 1, 126	64 467 723	47 364 406	
Production short tons Stocks at mills, end of month do Cottonseed oil, crude: thous of lb Production thous of lb Stocks, end of month do	117, 320 189, 776 87, 224 87, 442	81, 357 182, 734 61, 675 71, 433	55, 749 162, 223 43, 206 45, 678	59, 542 112, 475 45, 054 37, 972	69, 370 78, 441 48, 129 33, 025	135, 067 71, 215 96, 315 49, 061	329, 102 116, 105 239, 110 122, 625	283, 913 106, 724 205, 160 163, 368	267, 204 78, 464 189, 981 172, 300	262, 100 79, 600 195, 800 170, 100	214, 200 103, 800 162, 200 162, 500	210, 100 139, 800 160, 600 182, 700	169, 000 166, 400 130, 300 113, 800	
Cottonseed oil, refined: do Production do Consumption, factory do In margarine do Stocks, end of month mil, of lb Price, wholesale, drums (N. Y.) dol. per lb Flaxseed: Flaxseed:	108, 425 96, 364 11, 081 192 . 205	74, 534 94, 014 9, 461 180 . 205	66, 351 84, 589 8, 674 169 . 201	49, 368 82, 658 8, 877 130 . 201	47, 029 91, 901 11, 574 95 . 201	70, 434 96, 931 10, 662 72 . 180	143, 997 120, 921 11, 232 103 . 173	142, 372 119, 590 14, 292 131 . 174	150, 155 106, 697 13, 862 213 . 174	143, 100 12, 600 252 . 160	113, 900 12, 900 271 . 160	116, 800 10, 200 295 . 160	106, 300 8, 800 296 2, 160	
Production (crop estimate) thous. of bu- Oil mills: Consumption do Stocks, end of month do Price, wholesale, No. 1 (Minneapolis).dol. per bu-	1,684	1, 585 1, 644 2. 96	1, 364 1, 547 3. 00	1,000 2,064 3,23	1,872 2,968 3.10	2, 559 5, 868 3. 00	2, 571 5, 646 2, 99	2, 245 5, 266 2, 97	2, 164 3, 879 3, 00	2, 279 2, 832 2, 99	1, 664 2, 164 2, 97	1, 886 1, 004 2, 99	1, 129 489 3, 01	

^{**}Price, wholesale, No. 1 (Minneapois). Gol. per Dil.-1. 2.99 | 2.90 | 3.00 | 3.23 | 3.10 | 3.00 | 2.99 | 2.97 | 2.97 | 2.99 | 3.01 | 3.03 |

**Revised. **Preliminary. 1 Beginning October 1958 excludes quantities used in refining but includes refined quantities (formerly excluded). 2 December 1 estimate of 1958 crop.

**States represented are: North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Tennessee, Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas, Oklahoma. According to quarterly reports from Virginia, consumption in that State is as follows (thous. short tons): 1958—January—March, 219; April-June, 331; July-September, 76; October-December, 84; 1959—January—March, 316.

Q Includes data not shown separately. **OFO data on lard, see p. 8-29.

**Levisions for 1957 will be shown later as follows: Fertilizer exports and imports; total vegetable oil exports and imports; and coconut oil imports.

**Levisions will be shown later covering 1955, 1956, and January—September 1957 (also 1954 for edible tallow) for production, consumption, and stocks of commodities affected.

**Consumption figures for edible tallow exclude quantities used in refining; those for inedible tallow, etc., include such quantities through September 1958 only.

**Deginning 1955, data may include some refined oils (not formerly included); consumption figures exclude data for cod, cod liver, and other oils, and stocks include only the quantities of these oils held by producing firms.

**Revisions for January—March 1958 (short tons): Production—222,564; 207,782; 228,583; stocks—416,238; 408,176; 355,936.

	Γ				1050					1		1070		
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	April	May	June	July	1958 August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	1959 March	April	Ма
СН	IEMIC	CALS	AND A	ALLIE	D PR	ODUC	TS—(Contin	ued			i		!
FATS, OILS, ETC.—Continued	<u> </u>	1								<u> </u>				
Vegetable oils, oilseeds, and byproducts—Continued								ļ						
Linseed oil, raw: Production: thous. of lb.	32, 888 32, 226	30, 597 33, 168	26, 343 39, 901	19, 147 39, 646	37, 155 42, 831	51, 486 40, 343	52, 278 40, 636	45, 472	43, 738 32, 319	45, 500	33, 400	37, 300	22, 400	
Consumption, factory do Stocks at factory, end of month do Drice, wholesale (Minneapolis) dol. per lb_Soybeans:	99, 184 . 140	93, 066	77, 364	57, 279 . 137	52, 087 . 136	60, 034	70, 576 . 132	30, 614 81, 493 . 130	94, 998	. 126	. 128	. 128	P. 126	
Production (crop estimate) thous. of bu. Consumption, factory do. Stocks, end of month do. Soybean oil:	31, 477 51, 747	32, 208 40, 879	28, 706 36, 194	29,956 30, 916	31, 620 13, 990	25, 066 13, 871	33, 470 98, 112	33, 530 107, 704	1 574,413 34, 443 98, 610	36, 687 94, 310	33, 967 86, 450	36, 010 r 73, 993	34, 583 61, 543	
Production: thous. of lb	335, 600 290, 285 299, 146	347, 301 333, 009 344, 673	310, 913 299, 924 307, 519	327, 856 251, 997 268, 445	340, 868 279, 672 308, 269	269, 825 281, 373 316, 579	352, 574 274, 815	351, 240 294, 040	359, 893 310, 939 305, 428	385, 500	355, 300	380, 800	365, 600	
Consumption, factory, refined‡ do	282, 648 159, 474	245, 125 147, 884	222, 903 119, 796	243, 232 120, 324	238, 214 98, 526	148, 462 82, 047	302, 844 126, 969 65, 799	280, 674 147, 253 88, 432	173, 100 105, 703	215, 100	243, 300	250, 600	249, 200	_
Price, wholesale, refined (N. Y.)dol. per lb Margarine: Production: thous. of lbthous.	. 170	. 170	. 166	, 155 120, 884	. 155 118, 020	136, 552	143, 623	129,009	. 157	149, 400	149,000	132, 100	P. 145	
Stocks (factory and warehouse), end of mo_do Price, wholesale, colored, delivered (eastern U. S.) dol. per lb	33, 163	34, 520	33, 906	32, 406	30, 752	26, 794	34, 743	32, 157 . 262	38, 400	34, 000	38, 400	41, 500 . 255	123, 600 43, 200 2, 255	
nortening: Production†thous. of lb Stocks, end of monthdo	154, 348 134, 633	158, 197 132, 677	158, 180 132, 324	151, 599 122, 856	168, 755 115, 321	177, 044 117, 739	206, 994 121, 294	176, 594 125, 180	161, 494 127, 250					
PAINTS, VARNISH, AND LACQUERS														
actory shipments, total mil. of dol_ Trade products do Industrial finishes do SYNTHETIC PLASTICS AND RESIN MATERIALS	a r 144.0 a r 90.7 a r 53.3	7 156. 8 7 101. 0 7 55. 8	r 158. 5 r 103. 5 r 55. 0	r 149. 6 r 97. 6 r 52. 0	r 149, 2 r 92, 7 r 56, 5	7 145. 6 7 92. 1 7 53. 5	7 141. 0 7 83. 1 7 57. 9	7 123. 0 7 70. 1 7 52. 9	7 108.7 7 57.3 7 51.4	124. 6 75. 1 49. 5	119.6 71.1 48.5	7 150.7 7 87.7 7 63.0	170. 7 103. 0 67. 7	
roduction: Cellulose acetate and mixed ester plastics: Sheets, rods, and tubesthous. of lb_ Molding and extrusion materialsdo	3, 752 6, 452	² 3, 637 ² 6, 874	2 4, 043 2 6, 176	² 3, 497 ² 6, 911	² 3, 549 ² 8, 734	² 3, 947 ² 8, 215	² 3, 717 ² 10, 035	² 3, 475 ² 8, 542	2 4, 238 2 8, 432	² 4, 580 ² 8, 810	*23,852 27,954	² 3, 713 ² 9, 049		
Other cellulose plasticsdo Nitrocellulose sheets, rods, and tubesdo	775 229 29, 403	246 30, 249	(2) 231 31, 176	26, 911 (2) 205 28, 476	(2) 229 34, 270	(2) 223 39, 900	210, 035 (2) 271 46, 205	(2) 227 43, 786	(2) 161 44, 295	(2) 294 44,008	(2) 290 741,819	(2) 288 47, 956		-
Phenolic and other tar acid resins do. Polystyrene. do. Ures and melamine resins. do. Vinyl resins. do. Alkyd resins. do.	48, 359	48, 515 23, 215 56, 785 28, 099	47, 513 21, 049 57, 986 29, 677	40, 988 17, 940 53, 747 28, 552	47, 199 25, 128 69, 672 28, 314	55, 257 28, 302 82, 133 30, 375	58, 823 30, 108 88, 551 32, 558	62, 560 27, 692 85, 649 26, 262	61,003 26,503 81,563 26,901	62, 241 29, 162 83, 659 30, 683	60, 905 27, 693 7 82, 936 7 29, 649	73, 706 30, 064 91, 662 34, 030		
Rosin modificationsdo Polyester resinsdo Polyethylene resinsdo	10, 117 9, 966 66, 813	11, 056 10, 868 70, 963	9, 238 10, 743 68, 068	8, 876 8, 962 70, 035	11, 076 7, 991 68, 064	10, 665 8, 730 75, 252	11, 327 12, 433 79, 309	10, 382 9, 246 78, 666	10, 145 10, 842 83, 692	10, 469 11, 041 87, 329	10, 194 10, 712 78, 419	10, 604 14, 783 95, 133		
Misœllaneousdo	15, 313	15, 824 EL]	15, 343 ECTR	14, 389 IC PO	15, 820 WER	15, 816 AND	19, 386 GAS	18, 666	19, 137	³ 23, 057	3 21, 592	3 26, 164		-
ELECTRIC POWER	1	1	i	ī	1		1	1	i	<u> </u>	į	 	l	
roduction (utility and industrial), total‡														
mil. of kw. hrdo By fuelsdo	55, 785 49, 489	57, 528 51, 183	58, 196 51, 927	61, 327 54, 991		60, 689 53, 993 43, 258	62, 416 55, 357	60, 875 53, 921 43, 376	66, 324 59, 211	67, 227 59, 943	60, 968 54, 158	65, 889 58, 352	63, 394 55, 807	
By waterpowerdo	12, 999	13, 609	11, 584	11, 608	11, 194	10, 735	10, 814	10, 545	10, 753	11, 292	43, 487 10, 671	46, 327 12, 025	43, 637 12, 170	!
Privately and municipally owned utilitiesdo Other producers (publicly owned)do	39, 062 10, 427	40, 698 10, 485	41, 976 9, 951	44, 479 10, 512	45, 760 10, 885	43, 767 10, 226	44, 853 10, 504	43, 587 10, 334	48, 090 11, 121	48, 688 11, 256	43, 938 10, 220	47, 369 10, 983	45, 376 10, 431	
Industrial establishments, total do do do do do do do do do do do do do	6, 296 5, 976	6, 345 6, 031	6, 269 5, 990	6, 336 6, 082	6, 634 6, 382	6, 696 6, 466	7, 060 6, 822	6, 953 6, 690	7, 113 6, 870	7, 284 6, 999	6, 810 6, 554	7, 537 7, 247	7, 587 7, 264	
By waterpowerdodododododododo	320 45, 188	314 44, 707	279 45, 746	253 46, 646	253 48, 997	230 49, 233	238 48, 338	263 47, 845	243 50, 337	285 52, 461	256 51, 247	290 51, 374	323 p 50, 450	
Commercial and industrial: Small light and powerdodododo	7, 699 21, 813	7, 782 22, 155	8, 419 22, 439	8, 915 22, 261	9, 494 23, 445	9, 366 23, 878	8, 699 24, 335	8, 364 23, 817	8, 564 24, 447	5 9, 073 24, 295	⁵ 8, 918 23, 925	\$ 8,886 25,000	p 5 8, 875 p 25, 150	
Railways and railroadsdo Residential or domesticdo	326 13, 144	305 12, 173	291 12.062	284 12, 416	293 12, 893	289 12, 943	300 12, 462	304 12,898	372 14, 420	355 5 16, 967	339 5 16, 328	333	p 514, 475	-
Rural (distinct rural rates) do_ Street and highway lighting do_ Other public authorities do_	728 423 1,020	798 398 1,047	1, 021 380 1, 077	1, 244 389 1, 074	1, 313 419 1, 079	1, 170 448 1, 083	900 493 1,096	794 526 1,094	791 560 1, 127	(b) 563 1, 149	(5) 509 1, 172	(5) 497 1, 167		
Interdepartmental do- evenue from sales to ultimate customers (Edison Electric Institute) thous. of dol-	35 776, 473	49 768, 636	57 786, 752	63 805, 924	61 836, 854	56 840, 944	53 821, 511	48 814, 725	56 848, 962	59 885, 725	55 872, 315	67		
GAS anufactured and mixed gas (quarterly):♂			1											
anulactured and mixed gas (quarteriy):5° Customers, end of quarter, totalthousands_ Residential (incl. house-heating)do Industrial and commercialdo			3, 152 2, 940 210			3, 025 2, 823 199			2, 910 2, 715 192					
Sales to consumers, total mil. of therms Residential (incl. house-heating) do Industrial and commercial do			553 396 148			302 183 111			612 451 153					
Revenue from sales to consumers, total_mil. of dol_ Residential (incl. house-heating)do			78.6			46. 9			82.6					

*Revised. * Preliminary. ¹ December 1 estimate of 1958 crop. ² Effective May 1958, data for "other cellulose plastics" are combined with sheets, etc., and molding and extrusion materials. ³ Beginning 1959, includes protective coatings; earlier data which evolude such coatings, are not comparable. ⁴ Revisions for January 1958 (units as above): Small light and power, 22,628; revenue from sales, 824,464. ⁵ Beginning January 1959, data are not comparable with those for earlier periods; "rural" allocated between "residential" and "small light and power."

‡Revisions will be published later as follows: Linseed oil, production and stocks (January 1957); soybeans, consumption and stocks (March 1957); soybean oil, consumption and refined stocks (March-May 1956), crude stocks (April 1956 and August-September 1957); margarine, production (1955, 1956, and January-September 1957); shortening, production (March 1956 and January-August 1957); electric-power production (January-October 1957); electric-power sales and revenue (January-December 1956). Electric-power production revisions for 1956 appear on § Data are based on a new and improved sample; they relate to specific products instead of the former "customer" classification. Comparable figures for January-March 1958 will be published later.

∂"Totals include data not shown separately. Revisions for 1st and 2d quarters of 1956 and 1957 are available upon request.

¢ Revisions for January-March 1958 (thous. of dol.): Total shipments—121.7; 108.5; 122.7; trade products—71.1; 63.1; 73.1; industrial finishes—50.6; 45.4; 49.6.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and					1958			1 102 1				1959		
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May
	ELI	ECTRI	C PO	WER	AND	GAS-	-Conti	nued	•	•		<u> </u>	!	
GAS—Continued												-		
Natural gas (quarterly):♂ Customers, end of quarter, totalthousands Residential (incl. house-heating)do Industrial and commercialdo			27, 727 25, 563 2, 132			27, 920 25, 779 2, 107			28, 668 26, 391 2, 242					
Sales to consumers, total mil. of therms. Residential (incl. house-heating) do. Industrial and commercial do.			17, 554 5, 608 11, 296			14, 396 2, 281 11, 346			20, 245 6, 615 12, 577					
Revenue from sales to consumers, totalmil. of dol Residential (incl. house-heating)dodo			946. 4 528. 5 399. 1			671. 8 282. 5 368. 6	-							
	<u> </u>	FOC	DDST	UFFS	AND	ТОВА	CCO	<u> </u>		•				
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES														
3eer: Production. thous. of bbl. Taxable withdrawals. do Stocks, end of month do Distilled spirits (total):	7, 465 6, 746 10, 527	8, 675 7, 963 10, 760	9, 568 8, 580 11, 223	9, 712 8, 945 11, 446	7, 680 8, 184 10, 470	7, 227 7, 185 10, 053	6, 824 6, 893 9, 586	5, 810 5, 852 9, 212	6, 834 6, 651 9, 005	6, 353 5, 565 9, 437	5, 894 5, 346 9, 631	7, 702 6, 717 10, 161	10,842	
Production. thous. of tax gal. Consumption, apparent, for beverage purposes thous. of wine gal. Tax-paid withdrawals thous. of tax gal. Stocks, end of month do Imports. thous. of proof gal.	18, 886 15, 785 11, 590 863, 089	16, 538 18, 192 13, 158 862, 770	12, 208 16, 935 13, 802 858, 281	7, 672 7 16, 398 11, 411 852, 617	9, 758 17, 407 13, 056 845, 697	24, 794 16, 562 13, 809 845, 026	39, 878 r 21, 547 19, 727 843, 626	25, 054 21, 259 15, 870 844, 385	24, 177 25, 806 10, 175 854, 946	21, 966 1 15, 134 11, 043 861, 884	20, 431 1 15, 328 11, 545 866, 203	22, 392 1 18, 674 12, 978 872, 725		
Imports	1, 987 11, 710 5, 734 751, 881	2, 385 10, 337 6, 511 752, 486	1, 978 7, 563 6, 955 750, 528	2, 438 4, 282 5, 219 747, 534	2, 052 4, 033 6, 815 742, 319	2, 947 9, 172 7, 062 741, 769	3, 392 15, 188 10, 374 742, 531	4, 277 14, 220 8, 699 744, 602	3, 280 16, 343 5, 347 753, 073	1, 801 14, 441 5, 901 759, 106	1, 851 13, 994 6, 311 763, 704	2, 330 14, 468 6, 635 768, 349		
Whiskydo	1, 768 5, 642 4, 523	2, 143 6, 443 5, 094	1, 736 6, 415 5, 066	2, 219 5, 922 4, 837	1, 815 5, 946 4, 533	2, 587 6, 865 5, 429	3, 010 10, 892 9, 069	3, 875 8, 849 7, 480	2, 898 5, 776 4, 536	1, 568 5, 141 3, 939	1, 680 6, 144 5, 013	2, 054 6, 304 5, 046	2, 280	
Vines and distilling materials: Effervescent wines: Production	281 154 2, 060 44	208 183 2, 069 67	284 199 2, 140 53	159 146 2, 140 43	259 136 2, 243 38	113 212 2, 124 58	201 306 1, 986 99	185 353 1, 795 131	268 389 1, 635	224 197 1, 645	321 149 1, 797 43	381 189 1, 974 50	295 177 2, 069 56	
Still wines: do. Production do. Taxable withdrawals do. Stocks, end of month do. Imports do. Distilling materials produced at wineries do.	1, 757 11, 520 148, 876 653 1, 082	1, 061 11, 378 139, 479 777 888	1, 414 11, 178 127, 727 589 1, 481	1, 336 10, 117 115, 921 599 2, 154	3, 109 7 11, 039 109, 499 580 13, 298	47, 185 12, 668 145, 116 677 115, 853	78, 613 13, 945 209, 363 827 154, 877	15, 228 12, 631 212, 516 979 35, 661	6, 111 13, 487 200, 303 946 13, 353	2, 384 11, 349 190, 040 522 3, 111	7 2,392 11,173 177,318 522 1,579	2, 987 13, 334 169, 404 703 2, 537	2,895 11,870 157,280 668 2,531	
DAIRY PRODUCTS										,				
utter, creamery: Production (factory) †	130, 320 115, 548 . 588	150, 560 135, 492 . 586	144, 730 170, 575 . 586	126, 910 190, 439 . 586	97, 710 178, 352 . 594	86, 740 145, 671 . 613	91, 895 119,703 . 598	90, 610 93, 347 . 594	105, 110 69, 295 . 613	115, 980 63, 708 . 588	106, 985 64, 033 . 589	120, 955 63, 294 . 588	126, 715 7 82, 278 . 588	104, 7
Production (factory), total thous. of lb. American, whole milk down	128, 395 92, 240	154, 745 116, 710	157, 150 118, 445	135, 430 100, 715	117, 135 85, 890	103, 785 72, 660	101, 925 68, 425	95, 955 62, 785	101, 625 64, 405	100, 550 67, 325	96, 050 65, 175	117, 415 79, 700	128, 060 90, 935	
Stocks, cold storage, end of month, totaldoAmerican, whole milkdoImportsdoPrice, wholesale, American, single daisles (Chicago)	328, 349 293, 270 4, 220	330, 770 295, 554 4, 776	315, 778 4, 360	364, 804 319, 160 3, 281	363, 026 315, 275 2, 840	350, 449 304, 842 4, 197	327,843 282,444 5,755	302, 999 257, 405 6, 277	293, 189 249, 042 6, 648	269, 469 235, 998 5, 320	260, 100 227, 830 4, 853	226, 083 5, 649	r 283, 189 r 248, 748 4, 879	302, 9 266, 3
ondensed and evaporated milk: Production, case goods: Condensed (sweetened)thous. of lb. Evaporated (unsweetened)do	6, 375	6, 275	5, 900	5, 050	4, 175	4,700	4, 700	3, 670	3,700	3,700	4,640	5,400	5, 150	. 3
Stocks, manulacturers', case goods, end of month: Condensed (sweetened)thous. of lb Evaporated (unsweetened)do	6, 308 106, 829	279, 900 6, 744 186, 490	271, 200 8, 136 270, 743	7, 346 333, 421	5, 838 373, 684	7, 440 387, 966	5, 956 353, 048	5, 604 274, 851	4, 537 190, 141	3, 936 135, 833	3, 791 92, 420	5, 087 83, 814	208, 200 4, 859 106, 198	
Exports: Condensed (sweetened)do Evaporated (unsweetened)do Price, manufacturers' average selling:	1,710 6,353	5, 435 9, 781	2,633 11,928	3, 017 9, 730	2, 486 3, 338	3, 112 4, 358	2, 922 8, 568	3, 962 29, 793	2, 985 19, 853	2, 691 5, 057	3, 127 2, 083	2, 708 5, 131		
Evaporated (unsweetened)	6. 12 11, 177 4, 444 3. 88	6. 10 12, 712 5, 287 3. 73	6. 11 12, 332 5, 170 3. 66	6. 11 11, 450 4, 535 3. 86	6. 15 10, 487 3, 681 4. 05	6. 15 9, 492 3, 255 4. 32	6. 14 9, 455 3, 293 4. 46	6. 14 8, 889 3, 127 4, 49	6. 15 9, 371 3, 490 4. 44	6. 16 9, 754 3, 725 4. 34	6. 17 9, 344 3, 490 4. 22	6, 17 10, 667 4, 083 4, 06	6. 17 11, 171 4, 361 7 3. 89	12, 5
Production:† Dry whole milk	7, 600 171, 700	9,000 209,600	8, 600 203, 000	7, 650 153, 200	6, 750 112, 000	7, 050 91, 450	7, 100 98, 800	5, 400 98, 050	5, 500 121, 100	7, 050 137, 100	6, 500 130, 150	7, 300 155, 800	7, 000 175, 400	
Dry whole milk do. Nonfat dry milk solids (human food)	8, 178 84, 836 2, 133	8, 971 119, 550 3, 250	10, 067 144, 521 2, 348	10, 123 134, 483 1, 754	9, 189 113, 936 1, 888	9, 515 95, 315 9 , 024	9, 273 82, 383 2, 340	7, 282 79, 744 3, 798	6, 211 87, 113 1, 875	6, 390 87, 475 3, 961	6, 203 86, 460 1, 577	6, 025 78, 807 1, 812	6, 235 88, 636	
Nonfat dry milk solids (human food)do Price, manufacturers' average selling, nonfat dry milk solids (human food)dol. per lb Revised. * Preliminary. 1 Beginning 1959, in	33, 009	6, 723	31,053	15, 912	22, 450	7, 551	10, 698	10, 822	32, 366		6, 931	13, 743	. 136	

Revised. Preliminary. 1 Beginning 1959, includes data for Alaska (30,000 wine gallons in January; 26,000 in February; 32,000 in March).
Totals include data not shown separately. Revisions for 1st and 2d quarters of 1956 and 1957 are available upon request.
Data beginning July 1958 exclude production of wines and vermouth; for July 1957—June 1958, such production totaled 112,000 gal.
Revisions for the indicated items and for the periods specified are available upon request as follows: Butter, cheese (total and American), dry whole milk, and nonfat dry milk solids (production)—January 1955-August 1957; condensed milk and evaporated milk and fluid milk used in dairy products—January 1956-August 1957; fluid milk (production)—January 1956-December 1957; nonfat dry milk solids (stocks)—January 1954-December 1956.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and	,				1958							1959		
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау
	FOC	DSTU	JFFS	AND '	TOBA	CCO-	-Conti	inued						
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES Apples:														
Production (crop estimate)thous. of bu	0.100	1 050							1124,717					;-;
Shipments, carlotno. of carloads Stocks, cold storage, end of monththous. of bu	2, 126 4, 195	1, 356 1, 188	449 364	147 140	33 175	838 16, 401	2, 366 54, 123	1, 790 47, 409	2, 494 37, 547	2, 136 27, 955	⁷ 1, 997 20, 912	7 2, 224 14, 244	2, 257 7, 876	1, 5
Citrus fruits, carlot shipmentsno. of carloads Frozen fruits, juices, and vegetables:	6, 273	7, 841	5, 899	4, 793	3, 880	2, 696	2, 263	4, 112	9, 065	7, 809	7,016	r 8, 308	8, 780	8, 5
Stocks, cold storage, end of month: Fruitsthous, of lb Fruit juices and pureesdo Vegetablesdo	297, 391 490, 771 576, 539	316, 493 513, 471 535, 770	425, 922 464, 068 550, 078	502, 334 412, 398 650, 924	536, 253 356, 516 793, 100	539, 084 292, 215 860, 752	530, 821 245, 039 904, 594	511, 597 206, 758 899, 570	493, 172 222, 711 846, 853	458, 198 297, 741 761, 248	404, 354 396, 238 687, 121	361, 374 418, 899 647, 899	7 305, 726 7 487, 091 7 637, 920	283, 9 607, 8 595, 4
Potatoes, white: Production (crop estimate)thous. of cwtno, of carloads Price, wholesale, U. S. No. 1 (New York)	15, 580	17, 599	17, 132	10, 992	6, 623	9, 085	10, 368	10, 100	1 263,782 12, 271	15, 333	r 14, 383	7 17, 035	16, 824	16,
Price, wholesale, U. S. No. 1 (New York) dol. per 100 lb	5.675	4.675	4.783	3.315	3. 213	3. 125	2.863	3. 225	2. 888	2.925	3. 130	r 2. 783	p 4. 216	
GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS	i							l				ľ		
Exports (barley, corn, oats, rye, wheat)thous. of bu	64, 690	55, 560	63, 960	59, 113	68, 248	60, 046	63, 597	61, 600	69, 439	⁷ 73, 189	r 58, 933	64, 140	62, 830	
Barley: Production (crop estimate)do			(ر						1 470,449					
Receipts, 4 principal marketstdoStocks, domestic, end of month:	7, 676	9,694	13, 532	10, 637	31, 833	19, 825	17, 430	10,746	13, 606	14, 238	12, 378	12, 673	12, 585	11,
Commercialdo On farmsdo	20,068	15, 921	31, 923 262, 768	41,601	45,005	44, 270 306, 800	48, 520	47, 924	46, 918 225, 368	47, 149	47, 639	43, 524 151, 372	39, 225	35,
Exports, including malt§dodo	11, 910	10, 382	9, 559	14, 423	13, 684	10, 678	9, 622	7, 135	12, 912	11, 492	5, 994	7,715	6, 918	
No. 2, maltingdol. per bu No. 3, straightdo	1. 289 1. 216	1, 311 1, 218	1. 310 1. 215	1. 328 1. 229	1. 204 1. 146	1. 182 1. 137	1. 182 1. 145	1. 172 1. 132	1. 190 1. 163	1, 169 1, 139	1. 214 1. 175	1, 180 1, 139	1. 228 1. 183	1.
Corn: Production (crop estimate)mil. of bu		 							1 3, 800			ļ	 	
Grindings, wet process thous. of bu- Receipts, interior primary markets do-	12,064 43,900	12, 139 26, 039	12, 053 24, 303	11, 732 22, 440	12, 088 23, 259	12, 333 27, 006	13, 802 33, 229	11, 531 47, 306	11, 539 29, 600	r ³ 11, 742 28, 388	73 11, 759 33, 166	78 12, 547 36, 402	3 12, 751	
Stocks, domestic, end of month: Commercialdo	112, 538	110, 526	107, 622	99, 309	91, 470	88, 563	90, 153	109, 234	100,026	97, 973	105, 231	109, 792	120, 249	121,
On farmsmil, of buthous, of buthous, of bu	15, 427	11, 185	1, 031, 6 10, 753	13, 207	13, 389	2 344. 2 17, 052	15, 698	20, 564	2, 696. 0 19, 277	16, 444	16, 721	1, 815. 9 13, 597	16, 679	
Prices, wholesale: No. 3, yellow (Chicago)dol. per bu_ Weighted average, 5 markets, all gradesdo	1. 288 1. 201	1. 311 1. 258	1. 350 1. 284	1. 344 1. 273	1. 340 1. 255	1. 266 1. 115	1. 149 1. 068	1. 117 1. 074	1. 167 1. 096	1, 171 1, 098	1. 179 1. 101	1. 207 1. 130	1. 283 1. 218	1. 1.
Oats: Production (oran estimate) mil of hu	_							1	1 1, 422					
Production (crop estimate) mil. of bu- Receipts, interior primary markets thous, of bu- Stocks, domestic, end of month:	5, 174	4, 125	6, 533	14, 915	32, 517	12, 292	5, 162	3, 672	7, 381	9, 140	5, 741	7, 206		
Commercial do	8, 698	5, 804	8, 224 2274, 338	13, 113	31, 451	38, 519 1,202,549	33, 943		25, 672 952, 566	23, 013	22, 183	20, 154 587, 576	20, 342	17,
On farms do Exports, including oatmeal do Price, wholesale, No. 3, white (Chicago) dol. per bu	2, 597 . 685	4, 131 . 633	* 2. 687 . 641	3, 313 . 664	2, 120 . 642	7 865 . 621	7 1, 829 . 612	2, 100 (4)	3, 122 . 698	4, 090 . 699	3, 328 . 676	2, 218 . 676	2, 199 . 700	
Rice: Production (crop estimate)thous, of bags♀									1 47, 015					
California: Receipts, domestic, roughthous. of lb	55, 794	51, 975	86, 628	115, 583	169, 218	125, 914	168, 809		92, 062	1	90, 282	115, 677	110, 076	96,
Shipments from mills, milled ricedo	35, 958	38, 140	52, 702	79, 224	112, 412	105, 497	57, 019	45, 755	54, 010	60, 326	92, 837	77, 788	68, 975	50,
Stocks, rough and cleaned (cleaned basis), end of month. thous. of lb.	47, 331	43, 026	47, 735	46, 736	47, 663	28, 329	73, 452	78, 735	74, 871	93, 683	55, 408	53, 447	51, 417	57,
of month thous, of lb. Southern States (Ark., La., Tenn., Tex.): Receipts, rough, at mills do do do do do do do do do do do do do	31, 464 110, 265	12, 323 86, 687	19,067 104,771	30, 965 127, 503	143, 466 78, 804	641, 449 120, 794	1,075,108 163, 518	312, 735 120, 766	196, 864 113, 685	135, 098 131, 856	68, 465 141, 994	98, 036 119, 870	29, 009 170, 607	
Shipments from mills, milled rice	561. 7	507. 7	504. 4	370. 5	321.0	535. 1	1, 115. 2	1	1, 182. 3		1, 038. 0	867. 0	723.8	
basis), end of month	116, 030	41, 678 . 101	96, 815 . 101	181, 617	112, 349 . 101	133, 979	135, 699	69, 316	55, 606 . 093	69, 613 . 094	55, 341	131, 368 7. 091	91, 533 7. 089	
Rye: Production (crop estimate)thous. of bu									1 32, 485					
Receipts, interior primary markets dodododo	206 1,866 1.354	1, 047 1, 816 1, 386	5, 516 4, 019 1, 228	2, 202 5, 717 1, 215	2, 982 6, 596 1, 158	1, 095 6, 284 1, 253	843 6, 277 1. 262	408 5, 495 1. 231	420 4, 973 1, 230	1,042 4,271 1,274	830 3, 680 1, 289	1, 001 3, 374 1, 311	3, 123 1. 303	1.
Wheat:										İ	200			
Production (crop estimate), total mil. of bu- Spring wheat do									1 1,462. 2 1 282. 3					
Winter wheatdo Receipts, interior primary marketsthous, of bu	24, 153	20, 509	33, 261	95, 634	83, 264	56, 821	36, 172	28, 747	1 1,179, 9 29, 394	31, 988	30, 387	37, 079		
Disappearance (quarterly total)do Stocks, end of month: Canada (Canadian wheat)do	358, 989	347, 510	244, 709 370, 607	ì	388, 003	202, 858 381, 512		371, 059	322, 743 379, 269	380, 133	375, 434	282, 869 374, 184	376, 435	
United States, domestic, total			2 880. 6			2, 141, 1			1,820.2			1, 540. 0	, 250	
Commercial thous of bu- Interior and merchant mills, elevators, and	346, 820	338, 279	304, 782 2447, 128	447, 554	491, 068	472, 590 940, 838	475, 989	456, 812		429, 989	433, 776	419, 579 760, 417	432, 009	
warehousesthous, of budo			250, 465		}	643, 900		i	456, 581	40.000	1	282, 989		
Exports, total, including flourdo Wheat onlydo	34, 810 28, 467	29, 929 24, 841	40, 764 34, 987	25, 771 20, 944	37, 331 33, 345	30, 543 26, 387	36, 237 29, 587		34, 107 28, 744	40, 982 35, 427	31,770 28,410	40, 437 36, 851	37, 039 31, 521	
Prices, wholesale: No. 1, dark northern spring (Minneapolis) dol. per bu	2. 417	2. 433	2. 473	2. 432	2. 172	2. 218	2. 266	2. 250	2, 235	2, 205	2. 227	2. 211	2. 215	2.
No. 2, hard winter (Kansas City)do No. 2, red winter (St. Louis)do Weighted avg., 6 markets, all gradesdo	2. 262 2. 282	2. 271 (4) 2. 383	1. 902 (4)	1. 835 1. 786	1.846 1.785	1. 951 1. 819	1.974	1, 999 1, 930	1. 984 1. 948	1. 998 2. 037	2. 028 2. 041 2. 162	2.067 2.018	2. 090 1. 904	

^{*} Revised. * Preliminary. * December 1 estimate of 1958 crop.

2 Old crop only; new grain not reported until beginning of new crop year (July for barley, oats, and wheat; October for corn). * Data beginning January 1959 are on standard 17-percent moisture basis; prior thereto, on basis of varying moisture content (from 12 to 25 percent). January 1959 figure comparable with earlier data is 11,885,000 bushels. * No quotation. * June 1 estimate of 1959 crop.

1 Revised beginning January 1954 to reflect data compiled from reports based on 5-day weeks (prior thereto, based on 6-day weeks). Revisions for January 1954 through July 1956 are shown 1 the October 1957 Survey. * Excludes a small amount of pearl barley. * Pages of 100 lb.

3 The total includes wheat owned by Commodity Credit Corporation and stored off farms in its own steel and wooden bins; such data are not included in the breakdown of stocks.

4 Data for March, June, September, and December are not strictly comparable with those for other months, largely because of somewhat smaller coverage of the quarterly reports.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and					1958							1959		,
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау
	FOO	DDSTU	J FFS	AND	ТОВА	CCO-	-Conti	inued						
GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS-Continued										l				
Wheat flour: Production: Flour	19, 394 80. 6 373 44, 464	19, 321 84. 1 371 44, 278	19, 205 83. 4 370 44, 046	20, 429 84. 7 392 46, 862	20, 220 87. 7 382 46, 266	21, 504 93. 2 402 48, 875	23, 385 92. 5 435 53, 084	20, 191 96. 7 375 45, 825	21, 072 87. 0 390 47, 950	21, 584 93. 3 400 48, 959	18, 861 85. 6 351 42, 884	20, 595 84. 8 382 46, 720	19, 462 80. 1 360 44, 131	
thous, of sacks (100 lb.)_ Exportsdo	2, 722	2, 184	4, 291 2, 480	2,071	1,711	4, 374 1, 784	2,854	2, 245	4, 349 2, 302	2, 384	1, 442	4, 519 1, 539	2,368	
Prices, wholesale: Spring, short patents (Minneapolis) dol. per sack (100 lb.) Winter, hard, short patents (Kansas City)do	5. 990 5. 750	5. 975 5. 550	6, 270 5, 350	6. 030 5. 125	5. 695 5. 050	5. 870 5. 230	5, 830 5, 465	5. 760 5. 400	5, 580 5, 125	¹ 5. 430 1 4. 850	1 5. 450 1 5. 025	1 5. 450 1 4. 975	p 1 5, 420 p 1 5, 005	
Cattle and calves: Slaughter (federally inspected): Calves	r 485 1, 383 1, 729	438 1, 468 1, 697	430 1,506 1,846	435 1,561 1,820	424 1, 479 1, 783	471 1,561 2,440	541 1,647 2,670	441 1,302 1,907	474 1, 437 1, 793	424 1, 441 1, 751	377 1, 219 1, 416	423 1,334 1,753	406 1, 433 1, 759	369 1, 421
Shipments, feeder, to 9 corn-belt Statesdo Prices, wholesale: Beef steers (Chicago)dol. per 100 lb Steers, stocker and feeder (Kansas City)do Calves, yealers (Chicago)dodo	302 28. 59 26. 83 34. 00	28. 27 28. 27 27. 16 33. 50	267 27. 67 25. 38 31. 00	249 26. 75 25. 43 31. 00	25. 91 24. 46 31. 50	26. 65 25. 47 32. 00	1, 273 26, 70 25, 80 32, 00	26, 79 26, 46 33, 50	352 27. 01 25. 81 32. 50	27. 81 26. 10 33. 00	291 27. 44 25. 97	28. 22 27. 78 (2)	29. 32 28. 63 (²)	28, 82 28, 69
Hogs: Slaughter (federally inspected)thous. of animals Receipts, principal marketsdo	4, 963 2, 580	4, 444 2, 304	4, 209 2, 226	4, 326 2, 196	4, 515 2, 295	5, 219 2, 633	5, 911 2, 897	5, 258 2, 509	5, 814 3, 015	5, 885 2, 993	5, 686 2, 751	5, 733 2, 900	5, 652 2, 899	4, 950
Prices: Wholesale, average, all grades (Chicago) dol. per 100 lb_ Hog-corn price ratio	20. 26	21. 58	21.82	21.88	20.87	20.04	18.76	18.06	17.42	16. 25	15. 32	15. 72	15. 77	15. 59
bu. of corn equal in value to 100 lb. of live hog_ Sheep and lambs: Slaughter (federally inspected)thous. of animals_ Receipts, principal marketsdo	18. 0 1, 149 988	18.3 1,122 1,026	18. 2 1, 042 828	18. 4 1, 013 864	17. 6 950 1, 035	17.6 1,045 1,357	17. 8 1, 131 1, 273	19. 0 883 817	17. 2 1, 061 937	16. 1 1, 322 1, 128	14. 8 1, 080 875	14. 5 1, 143 1, 009	13.8 1, 101 1, 005	13. 5 1, 018
Shipments, feeder, to 9 corn-belt Statesdo Prices, wholesale: Lambs, average (Chicago)dol. per 100 lb. Lambs, feeder, good and choice (Omaha)do	21. 00 22. 22	22. 25 (2)	24. 75 (2)	265 24. 50 22. 92	356 24.00 22.23	22. 00 22. 78	22, 25 23, 03	222 21. 88 22. 56	121 19.75 20.88	163 18. 62 19. 75	153 18. 62 19. 71	120 21. 25 19. 55	21. 50 19. 88	23. 25 20. 28
MEATS Total meats:										}				
Production (carcass weight, leaf lard out), inspected slaughter mil. of lb. Stocks (excluding lard), cold storage, end of month	1,804	1, 776 422	1, 756 39 <u>6</u>	1, 799 360	1, 742 333	1, 914 317	2, 125 346	1,832 419	2, 048 462	2,084 499	1, 862 582	1, 950 602	2,013 r 660	651
Exports (including lard) do	35 64 839. 0	55 73 885. 5	47 74 901. 9	52 92 947.0	46 86 898. 4	47 83 948. 8	65 74 1, 019, 2	67 71 816. 4	49 85 919. 7	68 80 929. 7	78 66 783. 1	855, 4	63 94 912, 3	
Production, inspected slaughter	111, 937 1, 173 39, 218	107, 468 2, 562 39, 535	115, 947 1, 406 41, 543	119, 301 1, 242 50, 397	125, 234 1, 680 44, 097	132, 938 2, 514 46, 679	149, 210 3, 027 41, 019	171, 633 2, 161 38, 181	189, 655 2, 619 43, 764	189,467 1,919 42,574	186, 850 1, 470 38, 945	184, 641 1, 850 28, 767	7 184, 291 2, 039 52, 579	182, 965
(600-700 lbs.) (New York)dol. per lb_ Lemb and mutton: Production, inspected slaughterthous. of lb_ Stocks, cold storage, end of monthdo_ Pork (including lard), production, inspected slaughter	. 482 57, 821 6, 674	54, 820 10, 431	47, 330 11, 995	. 468 45, 517 10, 411	. 451 42, 973 10, 969	. 456 r 47, 691 9, 927	51, 785 9, 913	. 452 41, 780 9, 280	51, 927 9, 189	. 481 66, 846 10, 118	55, 104 11, 053	57, 520 10, 991	. 494 54, 888 r 13, 478	. 491 15, 566
mil. of lb Pork (excluding lard): Production, inspected slaughterthous, of lb	907. 7 680, 920	835, 5 619, 424	807. 0 604, 733	806. 4 603. 764	800. 6 610, 151	917. 4 698, 914	1,054.4 793,024	973. 7 730, 133	1, 076. 2 800, 301	1,087.0 812,884	1,023.5 771,769	1, 036. 6 775, 119	781, 917	
Stocks, cold storage, end of month do Exports do Imports do Prices, wholesale:	260, 147 3, 664 15, 227	242, 839 4, 235 15, 472	209, 936 5, 506 14, 443	173, 147 4, 541 16, 860	149, 128 3, 506 15, 335	127, 088 3, 627 13, 837	134, 361 5, 134 15, 989	184, 438 5, 789 16, 931	206, 414 4, 831 18, 918	240,489 4,976 18,404	319, 951 7, 500 12, 900	337, 120 7 4, 824 16, 538	7 380, 997 4, 431 18, 829	371, 577
Hams, smoked, compositedol. per lb Fresh loins, 8-12 lb. average (New York)do Lard:	. 565	. 558 . 556	. 573 . 572	. 577 . 552	. 570 . 504	. 536 . 548	. 521	. 543 . 497	. 571 . 478	. 539 . 480	. 430	. 506 . 422	», 496 , 453	. 463
Production, inspected slaughterthous, of lb Stocks, dry and cold storage, end of monthdo Exportsdo Price, wholesale, refined (Chicago)dol. per lb	165, 208 86, 580 21, 608 . 153	158, 190 86, 673 36, 986 . 154	147, 797 66, 474 31, 712 . 155	147, 505 55, 124 31, 977 . 155	139, 355 49, 827 26, 778 . 170	159, 979 45, 774 25, 177 . 155	190, 814 54, 166 39, 322 . 158	177, 557 67, 938 40, 352 . 145	201, 269 95, 000 26, 129 . 128	200, 784 109, 100 42, 149 . 124	183, 679 117, 900 56, 521 . 121	191, 489 132, 200 41, 910 . 120	193, 530 146, 900 41, 248 p. 123	
POULTRY AND EGGS Poultry: Slaughter (commercial production)*mil. of lb	371	409	433	476	547	602	689	604	521	402	346	393	432	
Stocks, cold storage (frozen), end of month thous. of lb. Turkeys	177, 125 104, 667	145, 553 84, 243	139, 981 80, 314	147, 113 79, 192	190, 202 103, 562	278, 649 160, 808	408, 089 254, 849	377, 235 207, 845	346, 603 162, 055	331,835 160,476	293, 562 140, 510	250, 298 112, 252	r 215, 310 r 86, 699	198, 405 67, 369
Eggs:	186	. 194	. 201	. 182	. 166	. 155	. 152	. 150	. 141	. 175	. 165	. 170	. 155	. 152
Production on farms mil. of cases Q Stocks, cold storage, end of month: Shell thous, of cases thous, of lb.	15. 3 322 68, 274	705 100, 624	14. 0 852 134, 218	13. 6 712 139, 779	13. 0 494 133, 777	12. 5 290 116, 645	13. 4 207 93, 687	13. 7 140 73, 403	14. 6 53 57, 082	14. 9 57 47, 085	14. 1 52 45, 701	16. 5 107 55, 015	r 532 r 84, 998	15, 9 998 122, 326
Price, wholesale, extras, large (Chicago) dol. per doz	. 380	. 360	. 352	8. 372	³, 391	³. 463	8, 423	3, 406	³. 365	³. 356	3.343	* 8, 315	³. 263	. 245
MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS		_										l.		
Confectionery, manufacturers' sales;thous. of dol Cocoa (cacao) beans: Imports (Incl. shells)long tons Price, whoesale, Accra (New York)dol, per lb	84, 861 17, 525 429	72, 142 14, 913 . 460	68, 180 14, 823 . 483	64, 677 13, 226 . 489	73, 138 5, 931 . 463	125, 901 6, 325 . 427	7, 821 374	114, 362 8, 439 . 438	102, 278 41, 190 . 410	108, 520 22, 271 . 368	15, 357 . 358	r 96, 185 19, 202 . 378	88, 418 20, 215 2, 368	

^{*}Revised. *Preliminary. ¹ Begining January 1959, quotations are for 100 pounds of flour in bulk rather than in sacks as formerly. January 1959 prices comparable with earlier data: \$5.710 per 100-pound sack for spring wheat flour (Minneapolis) and \$5.100 for winter (Kansas City). ² No quotation. ³ Prices paid delivered; not strictly comparable with prices through June 1958, which are f.o.b. *New series (from U.S. Department of Agriculture); comparable data are available back to 1934. ? Cases of 30 dozen. ‡ Revised to include data for the manufacturer-retailer group at f.o.b. factory level rather than at retail level as formerly. Revisions for January 1956-February 1958 will be shown later.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and		- 1		,	1958			·			·	1959		
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May
	FOC	DSTU	JFFS	AND '	TOBA	CCO-	-Conti	nued					40.4	
MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS-Con.							;							}
Coffee (green):* Inventories (roasters', importers', dealers'), end of														
quarterthous. of bags on Roastings (green weight), quarterly totaldo			2, 349 4, 954			1,826 4,900		-	2, 114 5, 570			2, 410 5, 829		
Importsdododododo	$1,927 \\ 619$	2, 019 869	1, 307 656	1, 446 375	1, 247 474	1, 478 585	2, 052 773	1,886 853	2,030 877	1, 588 514	2, 279 959	2, 252 1, 119	1, 781 725	
Price, wholesale, Santos, No. 4 (New York) dol. per lb	. 538	. 513	. 485	. 470	. 460	. 450	. 441	. 445	. 423	. 415	. 410	. 378	. 378	3.
ish: Stocks, cold storage, end of monththous. of lb	101, 999	113, 827	134, 576	167, 720	187, 678	199, 656	210, 531	217, 556	214, 516	187, 786	153, 778	141, 027	142, 584	
lugar: Cuban stocks, raw, end of month	9 904	2 040	2.000	0.500	0.100	1 740	1 057	070	654	007	1 450	0.776	4 100	
United States: Deliveries and supply (raw basis): Production and receipts:	3, 804	3, 840	3, 239	2, 590	2, 190	1,740	1, 257	873	654	. 667	1,452	2,776	4, 106	
Production	41, 659 578, 036	73, 047 489, 760	53, 122 614, 660	31, 766 631, 860	15, 274 835, 632	104, 377 593, 578	647, 374 402, 904	825, 682 297, 890	588, 066 180, 075	186, 671 593, 251	73, 925 438, 836	42, 367 596, 387		
Hawaii and Puerto Ricododo	106, 732	103, 300	113, 400	196, 965	242, 597	229, 523	135, 314	120, 859	70, 256	77, 556	141, 154		}	
Deliveries, totaldododo	711, 181 703, 039	746, 725 740, 595	814, 694 808, 697	900, 621 888,147	915, 902 904, 092	876, 505 868, 846	786, 725 778, 259	624, 045	849, 564	572, 154 565, 056	547, 786 542, 834	717, 767 712, 198		.
For exportdo	8, 142	6, 130	5, 997	12, 474	11, 810	7, 659	8, 466			7,098	4, 952	5, 569		
Stocks, raw and refined, end of month thous. of short tons	1,629 872	1, 503 259	1, 326 2, 031	1, 100 698	830 328	691 362	1, 040 623	1, 695 4, 121	1, 873 468	1, 916 519	1, 912 492	1, 828 507	981	
Imports: Raw sugar, total 9do	412, 238	359, 653	425, 698	443, 149	326, 335	349, 935	260, 611	258, 853	291, 391	292, 962	297, 859	387, 484	383, 165	-
From Cuba do	288, 253 116, 057	232, 638 121, 136	329, 818 95, 874	312, 146 123, 796	220, 034 104, 160	270, 048 53, 200	191, 899 59, 025	194, 854 37, 039	222, 777 2, 965	186, 624 54, 467	169, 797 70, 835	250, 080 111, 170	313, 744 69, 399	1
From Philippine Islands do. Refined sugar, total do. From Cuba do	50, 508 40, 214	45, 737 36, 483	50, 753 41, 948	35, 932 29, 605	44, 836 39, 796	38, 805 29, 135	26, 284 18, 884	15, 143 3, 936	3, 047 1, 050	31. 364 23. 049	45, 686 37, 552	50, 361 42, 586	55, 477 44, 502	
Prices (New York): Raw, wholesaledol. per lb	. 062	. 063	. 063	. 063	. 062	. 064	. 065	. 063	. 065	. 062	. 060	. 058	P. 057	
Refined: Retails dol. per 5 lb	. 539	. 540	. 550	. 550	. 552	. 552	. 553	. 552	. 553	. 553	. 539	. 552	. 551	
Wholesale (excl. excise tax) dol. per lb. Fea, imports thous. of lb.	. 084 9, 687	. 084 9, 954	. 086 6, 143	. 086 8, 229	. 086 8, 784	. 086 7, 278	. 086 8, 546	. 086 8, 555	086 11, 121	. 086 8, 498	. 085 8, 635	. 085 9, 057	p. 084 10, 949	
TOBACCO										1				
Leaf: Production (crop estimate) mil. of lb.									11,758					
Stocks, dealers' and manufacturers', end of quarter, total						4,708			r 4, 977			4,841		
Domestic: Cigar leaf			316			282			r 257			320		
laneous domestic			4, 030			4, 188			4, 480			4, 247		.
Cigar leaf do Cigarette tobacco do			26 237			27 210			34 207	 		43 232		
Exports, including scrap and stemsthous. of lb Imports, including scrap and stemsdo	22, 789 8, 894	24, 055 13, 305	32, 247 10, 298	34, 903 14, 821	39, 831 12, 827	58, 767 12, 326	83, 620 14, 133	54, 713 11, 609	48, 889 10, 659	27, 470 13, 624	17, 019 11, 804	33, 219 12, 883	24, 180 11, 429	
Manufactured products: Production, manufactured tobacco, totaldo	15, 487	16, 086	15, 351	13, 681	15, 242	16, 111	17, 724	13, 455	13, 465	14, 951	13, 855	14, 542	15, 381	1
Chewing, plug, and twist do Smoking do do do do do do do do do do do do do	5, 793 6, 863	6, 133 6, 909	6, 071 6, 368	5, 702 5, 813	5, 689 6, 477	6, 095 6, 894	6, 495 7, 748	5, 394 5, 481	5, 255 5, 274	5, 919 6, 083	5, 433 5, 647	5, 404 6, 143	5, 712	
Snuffdo	2, 831	3, 043	2, 913	2, 165	3, 076	3, 122	3, 481	2, 580	2, 936	2, 949	2,775	2, 995	6, 758 2, 911	
Consumption (withdrawals): Cigarettes (small): Tax-freemillions	2, 604	2, 765	2, 679	0.040	0.004	2, 995	3, 291	2, 657	0.717	0 000	0.674	0.704	0.010	
Tax-paiddodo	35, 669	37, 645	38, 642	2, 840 36, 820	2, 964 39, 644	38, 076	40, 895	34, 820	2, 711 33, 953	2, 636 36, 242	2, 674 34, 614	2, 784 35, 493	3, 216 38, 097	
Cigars (large), tax-paidthousands_ Manufactured tobacco and snuff, tax-paid	490, 051	542, 127	502, 876	511, 637	535, 995	546, 698	591, 711	618, 107	402, 108	441, 969	453, 356	511, 721	525, 850	
Exports, cigarettesthous. of lbmillions	15, 208 1, 420	15, 654 1, 728	14, 889 1, 577	13, 694 1, 402	15, 264 1, 788	15, 670 1, 532	17, 240 1, 813	13, 207 1, 525	13, 472 1, 297	14, 526 1, 350	13, 518 1, 428	14, 325 1, 478	15, 044 1, 600	
Price, cigarettes (regular), manufacturer to whole- saler and jobber, f. o. b. destination dol. per thous	4. 281	4. 281	4. 281	4. 281	4. 281	4. 281	4. 281	4. 281	4, 281	4. 281	4. 281	4. 281	» 4. 281	
	<u> </u>	L	EATH	ER AN	ID PR	ODUC	CTS	1	<u>i</u>	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1	<u> </u>
HIDES AND SKINS]	T		<u> </u>					
Exports:* Value, total 9thous. of dol	4, 688	5, 694	3, 895	3, 858	3, 867	3, 649	5, 231	5, 080	3, 997	3, 882	4, 142	5, 019	3,946	
Calf and kip skins thous, of skins thous, of hides thous, of hides	340 435	303 610	217 386	222 380	200 379	201 351	241 514	224 451	146 389	165 341	119 380	177 390	150 323	
mports: Value, total \(\frac{1}{2} \)thous, of dol-	6, 403	4, 638	5, 016	5, 188	4, 713	3, 486	4, 470	4, 036	5, 186	6, 381	5, 468	9,690	8,872	
Sheep and lamb skins thous of pieces. Goat and kid skins do	5, 474 1, 959	2, 182 1, 996	2, 510 1, 437	2, 877 1, 391	2, 515 1, 172	1, 749 1, 318	2, 371 1, 580	1, 442 1, 474	1, 433 2, 150	1, 905 2, 576	2, 332 1, 958	6, 364 2, 243	4, 253 2, 217	
Prices, wholesale (Chicago): Calfskins, packer, heavy, 9½/15 lbdol. per lb	. 425	. 500	. 500	. 500	. 500	, 500	. 525	. 550	. 650	. 650	. 675	. 675	p. 750	-
Hides, steer, heavy, native, over 53 lbdo	. 108	. 113	.118	. 123	. 133	.118	. 128	, 133	, 118	. 123	. 133	. 183	P. 253	
Production:		1												
Calf and whole kipthous, of skinsCattle hide and side kiptthous, of hides and kips	624 1,877	645 1, 942	687	7 546 7 1, 648	646 r 1, 983	600 r 2, 025	699 7 2, 331	644 r 2, 044	727 7 2, 162	689	626 r 2, 046	597 2,095	665 2,088	
Goat and kid thous, of skins. Sheep and lamb do	7 1, 746 7 1, 974	, 1, 706 , 2, 218	7 1, 685 7 2, 156	, 1, 815 , 1, 959	7 1, 122 7 2, 470	r 1, 507 r 2, 353	7 2, 331 7 1, 829 7 2, 581	, 1, 525 , 2, 419	7 1, 768 7 2, 378	7 2, 153 1, 973 7 2, 400	1,747 7 2,396	1, 894 2, 396	1, 968 2, 524	
Exports: Glove and garment leather*thous, of sq. ft	1, 476	1, 965	1, 425	1,010	986	1, 335	1, 823	1. 532	1	1,342	Ī	· ·	{ `	
Upper and lining leather dodo	3, 497	4, 060	3, 366	2, 395	4, 578	3, 569	3, 952	3, 982	1, 126 2, 767	1, 342 2, 988	1, 234 2, 633	1, 629 2, 339	2, 097 2, 849	
		i .	l	l	1		1	1	I	i		l	J	1
Sole, bends, light, f.o.b. tannerydol. per lb_ Upper, chrome calf, B and C grades, f.o.b. tannery	. 625	. 630	. 630	. 630	. 630	. 635	. 635	. 640	. 657	. 657	. 697	7.710	p 1. 010	

r Revised. r Preliminary. 1 December 1 estimate of 1958 crop.
*New series (except for coffee price). Data prior to August 1957 are available from reports of the Bureau of the Census.
\$(Price for New York and Northeastern New Jersey. ‡Revisions for January–March 1958 will be shown later.

[♂]Bags of 132.276 lb. ♀ Includes data not shown separately.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and					1958							1959		
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Jan- uary	Febru- ary	March	April	May
	LE	EATHI	ER AN	D PR	ODUC	TS-C	Contin	ued					·	•
LEATHER MANUFACTURES														
Shoes and slippers: Production, total thous of pairs Shoes, sandals, and play shoes, except athletic, total thous, of pairs	46, 414 40, 825	43, 774 37, 316	45, 212 38, 443	46, 066 39, 860	50, 388 42, 411	50, 131 41, 594	53, 270 43, 615	45, 015 37, 153	48, 216 43, 272	53, 333 49, 472	54, 258 48, 948	57, 547 51, 476	56, 048 49, 044	
By kinds: do Men's	8, 247 1, 753 22, 769 5, 001	7, 647 1, 805 20, 022 4, 945	7, 895 1, 813 21, 266 4, 879	7, 284 1, 994 22, 482 5, 596	8, 144 2, 111 23, 702 5, 768	8, 733 2, 198 22, 012 5, 835	9, 157 2, 023 22, 759 6, 484	8, 220 1, 703 18, 846 5, 500	9, 150 1, 990 22, 269 6, 420	9, 675 2, 187 26, 229 7, 670	9, 580 2, 233 26, 269 7, 321	10, 425 2, 318 27, 797 7, 398	10, 523 2, 195 26, 875 6, 239	
Infants' and babies'do	3, 055	2, 897	2, 590	2, 504	2, 686	2, 816	3, 192	2, 884	3, 443	3, 711	3, 545	3, 538	3, 212	
Slippers for housewear do Athletic do Other footwear do Exports do Prices, wholesale, f. o. b. factory:	4, 673 415 501 356	5, 614 433 411 275	6, 031 455 283 221	5, 574 331 301 202	7, 110 419 448 303	7, 619 462 456 319	8, 593 571 491 436	6, 898 443 521 244	3, 957 482 505 162	3, 073 475 313 186	4, 397 534 379 256	4, 925 631 515 292	5, 786 635 583 285	
Men's and boys' oxfords, dress, cattle hide upper, Goodyear welt	124. 4 133. 9	124. 4 133. 9	124. 4 13 3 . 9	124. 4 133. 9	124. 4 133. 9	124. 4 133. 9	124. 4 135. 1	124. 4 134. 8	124. 4 134. 8	124. 4 134. 8	124, 4 134, 8	124. 6 134. 8	p 128. 7	
Women's pumps, low-medium qualitydo	118.7	118.7	118.7	118.7	118.7	118. 7	119. 5	119. 5	120. 2	120, 2	120. 2	120. 2	p 131. 5	
		LUM	BER .	AND I	MANU	FACT	URES	; 						
LUMBER-ALL TYPES;														
National Lumber Manufacturers Association: Production, total mll. bd. ft. Hardwoods do Softwoods do Shipments, total do Hardwoods do	r 2, 676 r 510 r 2, 166 r 2, 838 r 532	r 2, 824 r 518 r 2, 306 r 2, 947 r 532	r 2, 889 r 589 r 2, 300 r 2, 929 r 536	r 2, 810 r 548 r 2, 262 r 2, 902 r 506	r 3, 056 r 595 r 2, 461 r 3, 103 r 570	7 3, 143 7 619 7 2, 514 7 3, 195 7 574	r 3, 272 r 593 r 2, 679 r 3, 266 r 599	r 2, 731 r 599 r 2, 132 r 2, 660 r 611	r 2, 716 r 528 r 2, 188 r 2, 668 r 526	r 2, 650 r 546 r 2, 104 r 2, 662 r 546	r 2,642 r 554 r 2,088 r 2,682 r 585	2, 964 597 2, 367 3, 111 591	3, 121 603 2, 518 3, 271 599	
Softwoodsdo Stocks (gross), mill, end of month, totaldo Hardwoodsdo	7 2, 306 7 9, 375 7 3, 396	r 2, 415 r 9, 252 r 3, 382	7 9, 210 7 3, 435	r 2, 396 r 9, 117 r 3, 477	r 2, 533 r 9, 070 r 3, 502	r 2, 621 r 9, 018 r 3, 547	r 2, 667 r 9, 025 r 3, 541	7 2,049 7 9,096 7 3,529	r 2, 142 r 9, 144 r 3, 531	r 2, 116 r 9, 132 r 3, 531	7 9, 091 7 3, 500	2, 520 8, 945 3, 506	2, 672 8, 846 3, 510	
Softwoodsdodo	⁷ 5, 979 57, 181 238, 044	⁷ 5, 870 69, 793 258, 851	7 5, 775 57, 785 290, 069	62, 920 313, 697	75, 568 77, 962 334, 024	7 5, 471 67, 480 390, 936	62, 292 339, 377	56, 648 312, 828	56, 670 309, 872	7 5, 601 48, 454 257, 384	7 5, 591 45, 213 258, 844	5, 439 86, 748 333, 370	5, 336 52, 812	
SOFTWOODS‡														
Orders, new mil. bd. ft. Orders, unfilled, end of month do Production do Shipments do Stocks (gross), mill, end of month do	782 580 691 720 71,091	782 633 711 729 71,072	668 571 666 730 71,007	815 690 607 696 7 919	750 727 683 713 7 889	693 643 727 777 7839	7 636 519 7 778 7 760 7 858	7 570 512 7 619 7 577 7 900	7 742 600 7 631 7 654 7 877	696 660 641 636 7 882	603 681 588 582 7 887	709 662 706 729 865	779 678 729 763 882	
Exports, total sawmill products	22, 052 10, 160 11, 892	23, 857 10, 044 13, 813	20, 766 9, 423 11, 343	14, 819 7, 467 7, 352	18, 424 8, 560 9, 864	21, 260 10, 124 11, 136	16, 152 8, 342 7, 810	17, 152 7, 430 9, 722	21, 673 9, 254 12, 419	20, 731 10, 197 10, 534	16, 574 7, 437 9, 137	23, 724 14, 191 9, 533	21, 723 9, 561 12, 162	
Dimension, construction, dried, 2" x 4", R. L. dol. per M bd. ft Flooring, C and better, F. G., 1" x 4", R. L. dol. per M bd. ft	75. 589 112. 498	76. 073 111. 169	75. 950 111. 169	75. 956 110. 556	1 80. 577 1115. 675	83. 202 120. 750	81. 543 120. 582	79. 072 121.002	78. 659 121. 002	79, 907 121, 072	82, 279 123, 808	r 84. 668	₽ 85. 709 ₽127. 645	
Southern pine: mil. bd. ft Orders, new mil. bd. ft Orders, unfilled, end of month do Production do Shipments do Stocks (gross), mill and concentration yards, end of	7 616 184 7 568 7 583	r 615 191 r 565 r 608	r 584 194 r 567 r 581	r 622 195 r 584 r 621	r 688 252 r 574 r 631	r 655 245 r 596 r 662	r 660 207 r 675 r 698	r 570 194 r 587 r 583	7 506 173 7 582 7 527	7 566 188 7 584 7 551	7 577 219 7 554 7 546	702 248 636 673	715 255 661 708	
Ecocks (gross), mill and concentration yards, end of month	2, 005 7, 287 1, 800 5, 487	1, 962 6, 754 1, 115 5, 639	1, 948 6, 521 1, 410 5, 111	1, 911 6, 547 1, 488 5, 059	1, 854 5, 690 909 4, 781	1, 788 7, 254 1, 654 5, 600	1, 765 7, 143 1, 605 5, 538	1, 769 5, 676 1, 211 4, 465	1, 824 6, 845 974 5, 871	1, 857 5, 103 1, 129 3, 974	1, 865 4, 855 1, 002 3, 853	1,828 5,950 1,241 4,709	1, 781 5, 917 1, 033 4, 884	
Flooring, B and better, F. G., 1" x 4", S. L. dol. per M bd. ft Western pine:	74. 496 140. 672	1 75, 045 140, 014	75. 149 137. 624	1 75, 347 1 137, 536	75. 921 136. 782	76. 726 136. 782	77. 482 137. 656	1 78.574 137.656	78. 181 136. 752	78. 239 137. 128	78.184 136.902	r 78. 688	79. 577№ 79. 718	1
Orders, new mil. bd. ft. Orders, unfilled, end of month do. Production do. Shipments do. Stocks, gross, mill, end of month do. Price, wholesale, Ponderosa, boards, No. 3 common,	658 467 589 660 1,899	640 421 693 724 1,869	659 410 717 709 1,876	783 493 751 738 1,887	723 512 847 816 1, 918	772 483 836 801 1, 953	716 378 844 821 1, 976	546 346 612 578 2,010	747 439 653 654 2,009	657 483 555 613 1, 951	651 488 617 645 1, 923	775 527 658 736 1,845	776 490 752 814 1, 783	
1" x 8"dol. per M bd. ft HARDWOOD FLOORING AND PLYWOOD	67. 930	68. 530	68. 530	67. 990	67. 600	69. 260	70. 770	71.070	70. 790	² 74. 940	2 73.470	r ² 75.970	» 80. 315	-
Flooring: Maple, beech, and birch: Orders, new	3, 725 13, 500 3, 050 3, 150 12, 000	3, 200 13, 525 3, 125 3, 425 10, 825	3, 600 12, 400 3, 100 4, 300 9, 550	3, 800 11, 500 3, 500 4, 100 9, 150	4, 225 11, 350 3, 575 3, 850 8, 850	3, 275 11, 125 3, 750 3, 375 9, 200	3, 250 11, 025 3, 600 3, 200 9, 750	3, 725 11, 675 3, 250 3, 175 9, 900	3, 400 13, 100 3, 400 2, 500 10, 850	3, 600 12, 725 3, 150 2, 750 11, 225	3, 050 12, 800 3, 150 3, 000 11, 400	3, 500 13, 325 3, 500 3, 175 11, 675	4, 125 13, 150 3, 650 3, 950 11, 600	
Oak: Orders, new do. Orders, unfilled, end of month do. Production do. Shipments do. Stocks (gross), mill, end of month do.	87, 723 55, 360 71, 535 78, 185 92, 963	80, 068 56, 108 73, 987 80, 553 84, 457	72, 949 51, 891 75, 231 78, 011 81, 677	75, 867 52, 030 77, 877 77, 688 80, 587	89, 598 58, 334 78, 505 83, 190 75, 588	76, 725 53, 875 82, 603 82, 947 74, 097	70, 840 41, 084 89, 426 86, 594 76, 877	59, 230 35, 596 71, 184 66, 745 79, 370	56, 877 33, 271 70, 641 61, 194 88, 261	97, 920 54, 134 75, 119 74, 853 84, 693	95, 050 72, 518 70, 769 76, 666 77, 062	92, 261 77, 913 77, 302 82, 964 70, 029	91, 028 80, 928 85, 913 89, 343	

Preliminary. 1 Not entirely comparable with data prior to the month noted. 2 Not comparable with data through 1958; price is for boards, No. 3, 1" x 12", R.L. (6"

Revised. Preliminary. Not entirely comparable with data prior to the month noted. Not comparable with data through 1958; price is for boards, No. 3, 1" x 12", R.1 and over).

Revisions for production for January 1955-July 1957 will be shown later.

Revisions for lumber, all types (M bd ft.): Fxports—May 1957, 68,170; January 1958, 50,574; imports (1957)—February, 206,716; July, 293,848; September, 263,301; December, 224,745.

Revisions for lumber production, shipments, stocks, and orders (1955-March 1959) and for plywood shipments (3d quarter 1953-1st quarter 1958) will be shown later.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and					1958						······· <u>1 121-</u>	1959		
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May
	······	MET	ALS	AND N	IANU	FACT	URES	······································	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u> </u>			
IRON AND STEEL														
Foreign trade: Iron and steel products (excl. advanced mfrs.): Exports, total†‡	630 340 130 9	650 369 143 15	427 245 181 22	382 196 242 26	360 166 212 38	386 182 229 31	547 254 297 47	485 224 248 39	334 140 296 21	403 219 254 14	457 266 268 18	490 286 320 20	504 300 423 19	
Iron and Steel Scrap	4, 000 2, 358 1, 641 3, 841 9, 239	4, 208 2, 527 1, 681 4, 326 9, 124	4, 619 2, 802 1, 817 4, 938 8, 807	4, 230 2, 464 1, 766 4, 163 8, 876	4, 731 2, 699 2, 032 4, 707 8, 903	5, 113 2, 945 2, 168 5, 009 9, 014	5, 700 3, 313 2, 388 5, 702 9, 008	5, 669 3, 151 2, 518 5, 380 9, 300	5, 867 3, 382 2, 485 5, 571 9, 594	5, 752 3, 517 2, 236 6, 020 9, 331	6, 176 3, 640 2, 536 6, 337 9, 181	r 7, 539 r 4, 334 r 3, 205 r 7, 479 r 9, 232	p 7, 460 p 4, 381 p 3, 079 p 7, 435 p 9, 270	
Iron ore (operations in all U. S. districts): Mine productionthous, of long tons. Shipments from minesdo Importstdo	2, 997 1, 534 1, 736	5, 439 5, 208 2, 257	8, 118 9, 071 3, 008	8, 698 10, 503 2, 951	8, 665 9, 977 2, 854	9, 026 9, 944 2, 863	8, 576 10, 108 3, 281	3, 978 5, 560 2, 138	3, 042 1, 474 1, 882	3, 337 1, 552 1, 970	3, 665 1, 493 1, 482	3, 863 1, 685 1, 874	1, 941	
U. S. and foreign ores and ore agglomerates: Receipts at iron and steel plants* do. Consumption at iron and steel plants* do. Exports, incl. reexports*! do. Stocks, total, end of month* do. At mines. do. At furnace yards* do. At U. S. docks* do.	3, 099 5, 934 83 61, 636 13, 693 43, 437 4, 506	6, 161 6, 217 298 61, 829 13, 993 43, 381 4, 455	10, 959 6, 674 468 65, 232 12, 972 47, 667 4, 593	12, 445 6, 624 698 69, 764 11, 170 53, 725 4, 869	11, 769 7, 419 605 73, 332 9, 858 58, 075 5, 399	12, 150 7, 900 505 76, 962 8, 950 62, 325 5, 687	12, 645 9, 128 420 79, 217 7, 518 65, 843 5, 856	9, 324 9, 262 157 77, 151 5, 935 65, 904 5, 312	3, 948 9, 588 35 73, 347 7, 505 60, 265 5, 577	3, 164 9, 828 47 68, 134 9, 063 53, 601 5, 470	3, 046 9, 699 43 63, 621 11, 448 46, 944 5, 229	3, 543 11, 512 54 56, 800 13, 629 38, 602 4, 569	5, 852 11, 540 24 32, 914 3, 549	
Manganese (manganese content), general imports*‡ thous of long tons	98	77	81	86	71	97	65	90	72	107	73	80	129	
Pig Iron and Iron Manufactures Pig iron:							İ							
Production (excl. blast furnace prod. of ferroalloys)† thous. of short tons_ Consumptiondo Stocks (consumers' and suppliers'), end of month thous. of short tons_ Prices:	3, 788 3, 784 4, 032 65. 95	4, 048 4, 135 3, 923 65, 95	4, 396 4, 546 3, 831 65. 95	4, 278 4, 279 3, 851 65, 95	4,769 4,843 3,757 65,95	5, 041 5, 068 3, 740 65, 95	5, 836 5, 868 3, 784 65, 95	5, 907 5, 813 3, 882 65. 95	6, 025 5, 958 3, 964 65, 95	6, 212 6, 283 3, 895 65, 95	6, 147 6, 303 3, 692 65, 95	7, 462 7, 614 7 3, 553 65. 95	7, 338 7, 452 7, 438 65, 95	
Composite	66. 00 66. 50	66. 00 66. 50	66. 00 66. 50	66, 00 66, 50	66. 00 66. 50	66, 00 66, 50	66. 00 66. 50	66. 00 66. 50	66. 00 66. 50	66. 00 66. 50 687	66. 00 66. 50	66. 00 66. 50	₽ 66. 00 ₽ 66. 50	
Shipments, totaldo For saledo Castings, malleable iron:	807 457	820 472 46, 603	868 542 48, 260	792 466 58, 340	802 514	917 538	993 587	958 505	998 509	1, 002 517	1, 037 539	1, 206 666 95, 822	p 1, 239	
Orders, unfilled, for sale, end of monthshort tonsShipments, total	47, 664 50, 695 29, 388	48, 306 26, 656	51, 882 31, 077	41, 865 24, 479	55, 145 49, 252 29, 414	58, 405 56, 836 31, 999	63, 425 60, 981 40, 014	66, 725 63, 356 35, 221	65, 904 68, 385 40, 041	77, 322 73, 186 43, 667	90, 291 74, 760 42, 093	95, 822 84, 335 49, 690	p 91, 148	
Steel ingots and steel for castings: Productionthous, of short tons Percent of capacity of	5, 533 48 80. 4	6, 301 53 88. 6	7, 127 62 103. 5	6, 442 54 90. 6	7, 308 61 102. 7	7, 632 66 110. 9	8, 840 74 124, 3	8, 569 74 124. 5	8, 711 73 122, 4	9, 317 74 131. 0	9, 603 85 149, 5	11, 568 92 162. 6	93 163. 9	p 11, 600 93 163. 1
Shipments, total	91, 464 69, 121 11, 956	87, 002 66, 086 10, 416	92, 861 71, 624 14, 185	68, 802 48, 618 5, 400	80, 886 59, 816 8, 021	85, 277 64, 586 9, 205	95, 389 73, 367 12, 254	85, 267 65, 788 9, 648	103, 800 81, 360 13, 187	105, 392 82, 683 14, 408	110, 280 86, 013 14, 686	131, 317 103, 848 20, 086	p 133, 613	
Orders, unfilled, end of mothous. of short tons_Shipments, total	241. 9 82. 5 60. 6 21. 9	240. 1 78. 5 56. 7 21. 8	246. 2 87. 8 65. 3 22. 5	256. 5 67. 4 50. 8 16. 6	279. 0 79. 9 61. 4 18. 5	287. 9 89. 4 70. 0 19. 4	302, 9 99, 7 77, 1 22, 6	306. 5 89. 0 70. 0 19. 0	313. 1 112. 5 91. 6 20. 9	353. 3 112. 9 90. 7 22. 3	392. 0 112. 7 91. 5 21. 2	7 396. 1 7 128. 8 7 104. 1 24. 7	401. 5 134. 9 107. 2 27. 7	
Composite, finished steel (carbon)dol. per lb Steel billets, rerolling, carbon, f. o. b. mill	. 0677 92, 50	. 0677 92. 50	. 0677 92. 50	. 0677 92, 50	. 0695 95, 00	. 0697 95, 00	. 0697 95. 00	. 0698 95. 00	. 0698 95, 00	. 0698 95, 00	. 0698	. 0698 95, 00	. 0698 p 95, 00	. 0698
dol. per short ton_ Structural shapes (carbon), f. o. b. mill_dol. per lb_ Steel scrap, No. 1 heavy melting: Composite (5 markets)*dol. per long ton_	. 0594 33. 12	. 0594 32. 36	. 0594 34. 69	. 0594 36, 02	95.00 .0617 41.81	95.00	. 0617	. 0617 41. 67	39. 81	2 40, 31	. 0617 2 41. 86	. 0617 2 41. 33	p . 0617 p . 35. 16	
Pittsburgh districtdodo	1 34. 00	32.00	36. 00	36.00	43.50	42. 50	1 43. 00	1 43. 00	42. 00	43.00	43.00	44.00	» 37. 00	
Barrels and drums, steel, heavy types (for sale): Orders, unfilled, end of month thousands. Shipments do Stocks, end of month do Cans, metal, shipments (in terms of steel consumed),	1, 690 1, 807 87	1, 602 1, 924 76	1, 646 1, 876 80	1, 638 1, 844 88	1, 666 1, 838 80	1, 707 2, 134 74	1, 613 1, 905 89	1, 502 1, 658 104	1, 491 1, 882 130	1, 629 1, 803	1, 648 1, 809	2, 068 2, 017		
total for sale and own uset	178, 860 142, 042 263, 880 1, 581	365, 895 198, 463 167, 432 307, 083 1, 444	408, 778 222, 535 186, 243 352, 469 1, 433	477, 800 288, 590 189, 210 417, 980 1, 365	593, 158 418, 405 174, 753 524, 133 1, 422	556, 406 392, 306 164, 100 480, 502 1, 558	449, 257 287, 594 161, 663 390, 800 1, 653	315, 759 183, 969 131, 790 272, 808 1, 322	288, 650 153, 086 135, 564 244, 427 1, 279	314, 161 179, 875 134, 286 262, 953 1, 426	r 303, 782 r 174, 170 r 129, 612 r 256, 424 r 1, 437	340, 861 185, 424 155, 437 287, 082 1, 570		
Crowns, production	178 337 401	23, 135 4, 649 193 388 404 104	5, 746 232 448 502 109	29, 888 4, 082 120 295 321 51	23, 340 4, 835 176 349 398 69	23, 298 5, 386 220 352 394 54	6, 225 246 399 461 68	5, 187 246 352 452 58	5, 512 248 387 500 69	24, 026 6, 186 248 360 509 56	24, 633 6, 524 270 410 558 123	26, 609 8, 118 344 554 651 167	8, 603 346 568 694	

r Revised. p Preliminary. 1 Nominal. 2 Not entirely comparable with composite through 1958; see note marked "*".

†Revised (beginning with the October 1958 Survey) to exclude data for ferroalloys; in 1957, such exports and imports averaged 5,490 tons and 34,200 tons per month, respectively. Pig-iron production excludes blast-furnace production of ferromanganese and spiegel, averaging 80,300 tons per month in 1957.

*Now series. I ron-ore receipts, consumption, and stocks at furnaces and at docks (compiled jointly by the American Iron Ore Association and the American Iron & Steel Institute) cover ores originating in the U. S. and foreign countries. Data beginning 1956 will be shown later. Iron-ore exports and manganese imports are from the Bureau of the Census; general imports of manganese cover ore, concentrates, manganiferous iron ore, manganese alloys, and metal. The steel index (AISI) is based on daily average broduction, unweighted by grades of steel (FRB index on p. S-2 is weighted); monthly data for 1929-58 appear on p. 28 of the May 1959 Survey. Composite scrap price (U. S. Department of Labor) represents the weighted average of consumers' buying prices (including brokerage), delivered, at following markets: Pittsburgh district, Chicago, Philadelphia, Birmingham, Los Angeles (through 1958 only), San Francisco (beginning 1969).

For 1959, percent of capacity is calculated on annual capacity as of Jan. 1, 1959, of 147,633,670 tons of steel; for 1958, as of Jan. 1, 1958 (140,742,570 tons).

⊕ Beginning January 1957, data include light-type grease drums; see note marked "⊕" in September 1958 Survey. Figures for stocks not published after December 1958.

‡Revisions for January 1956-February 1958 will be shown later.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and				-	1958							1959		
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May
	MET	ALS A	ND N	IANU	FACT	URES-	-Con	tinued	l					
IRON AND STEEL—Continued Steel, Manufactured Products—Continued														
Steel products, net shipments—Continued Bars and tool steel, totalthous, of short tons_ Bars: Hot rolled (incl. light shapes)do Reinforcingdo Cold finisheddo	628 376 176 71	685 415 191 73	906 542 274 85	587 344 175 63	719 455 180 79	810 518 193 94	887 594 184 102	821 559 152 102	839 579 143 110	888 623 134 123	938 656 141 133	1, 211 825 217 159	1, 282 845 254 172	
Pipe and tubing do. Wire and wire products do. Tin mill products do. Sheets and strip (incl. electrical), total do. Sheets: Hot rolled do. Cold rolled do.	511 251 565 1,396 387 628	592 285 491 1, 508 437 661	740 354 522 1,932 574 852	513 197 514 1,484 414 675	567 252 560 1,744 474 800	561 263 633 2, 102 617 965	625 283 917 2, 338 687 1, 074	533 251 157 2,317 653 1,132	527 237 200 2, 506 694 1, 253	679 268 498 2, 648 731 1, 339	706 279 526 2,714 784 1,330	930 362 714 3, 185 928 1, 557	1, 113 403 821 3, 215 956 1, 524	
Fabricated structural steel: Orders, new (net)† thous. of short tons. Shipments† dodo Backlog, end of month†do	208 324 2, 387	224 328 2, 211	287 329 2, 191	331 291 2, 220	226 298 2, 119	256 314 2,047	259 307 1, 913	243 271 1,839	197 267 1, 809	236 224 1, 794	294 216 1, 864	255 260 1,873	295 291 1, 922	
NONFERROUS METALS AND PRODUCTS														
Aluminum: Production, primary, domesticshort tons Estimated recovery from scrap⊕do Imports (general):	124, 999 24, 128	126, 327 22, 630	115, 326 20, 697	118, 541 20, 803	125, 416 22, 802	125, 939 26, 285	139,836 32, 513	140, 962 26, 738	152, 301 31, 017	r 156, 700 29, 981	r 142, 116 29, 050	157, 189	155, 213	
Metal and alloys, crudedo	11, 283 2, 073 187, 390	14, 076 2, 006 183, 557	15, 127 2, 126 168, 096	27, 306 2, 284 152, 554	15, 077 2, 574 145, 205	46, 366 2, 410 124, 274	22, 132 2, 863 124, 202	18, 768 2, 866 138, 545	25, 343 3, 516 r146, 086	12, 720 3, 459 r175, 108	9, 724 3, 570 r183, 827	14, 233 4, 390 159, 177	14, 036 3, 738 131, 460	
Price, primary ingot, 99.5%+dol. per lb	. 2610	. 2610	. 2610	. 2610	. 2678	. 2680	. 2680	. 2680	. 2680	. 2680	. 2680	. 2680	. 2680	. 2680
Mill products and pig and ingot (net)‡ _ mil. of lb_ Mill products, total	276. 1 211. 5 112. 5 44. 9	280. 7 218. 1 115. 7 44. 1	302. 5 228. 6 118. 4 40. 7	300. 2 229. 7 118. 8 38. 8	301. 1 213. 4 110. 0 45. 0	374. 7 231. 2 119. 3 52. 8	347. 7 254. 3 130. 4 55. 7	302. 5 216. 3 114. 5 55. 8	333. 0 235. 4 121. 7 59. 5	7 359. 8 236. 3 122. 7 62. 9	7 331. 6 7 231. 8 7 122. 7 62. 8	390. 0 272. 9 150. 8		
Production: Mine, recoverable copper∆	84, 121 103, 689 75, 560 28, 129 19, 253	78, 413 107, 431 83, 091 24, 340 19, 349	68, 145 103, 197 78, 597 24, 600 18, 200	61, 200 94, 963 67, 912 27, 051 15, 131	67, 057 104, 630 73, 693 30, 937 18, 746	82, 988 114, 662 82, 602 32, 060 16, 116	92, 140 121, 052 88, 564 32, 488 19, 060	94, 056 126, 828 99, 594 27, 234 20, 265	94, 754 138, 576 108, 333 30, 243 17, 133	97, 102 127, 989 101, 990 25, 999 21, 298	87, 902 120, 645 95, 701 24, 944 21, 006	r 98, 152 131, 808 101, 426 30, 382 22, 680		
Imports (general): Refined, unrefined, scrap⊕‡dododo	52, 627 14, 940	32, 258 9, 575	58, 900 19, 558	33, 705 7, 871	29, 414 4, 223	34, 346 5, 172	28, 194 2, 940	47, 798 11, 120	40, 803 4, 453	43, 860 2, 862	31, 270 3, 548	37, 155 3, 815	31, 544 5, 027	
Exports: Refined, scrap, brass and bronze ingotsdo Refineddodo	27, 987 23, 920	43, 482 36, 746	25, 192 21, 232	30, 326 26, 130	43, 851 40, 551	36, 618 32, 238	47, 284 43, 141	49, 577 44, 498	52, 329 45, 587	27, 921 22, 196	25, 034 20, 816	22, 992 19, 404	24, 172 20, 571	
Consumption, refined (by mills, etc.)doStocks, refined, end of month, totaldoFabricators'do. Price, bars, electrolytic (N. Y.)dol, per lbCopper-base mill and foundry products, shipments	91, 946 375, 005 136, 679 . 2425	85, 276 379, 069 137, 508 . 2430	108, 351 367, 381 137, 484 . 2469	80, 114 360, 104 136, 432 . 2567	116, 250 316, 448 118, 422 . 2609	114, 979 268, 726 110, 925 . 2608	137,132 207,222 100,992 . 2731	122,015 189,088 118,153 . 2867	126,999 181,848 126,651 . 2858	⁷ 125, 613 181, 791 126, 712 . 2864	r 125, 654 r 183, 452 124, 553 . 2962	r 138, 176 r 181, 403 r 123, 199 . 3103	p146, 564 p169, 249 p120, 233 . 3130	.3116
(quarterly): Briss mill productsmil. of lbdododododododododododo			422 324 187			419 359 190			534 398 225			r 575 r 405 r 240		
Lead: Production: Mine, recoverable lead△short tons Secondary, estimated recoverable⊕do Imports (general), ore⊕, metaldo Consumption, totaldo Stocks, end of month:	29, 811 53, 597	24, 243 28, 266 59, 984 75, 800	22, 620 26, 586 50, 794 80, 000	20, 996 23, 563 35, 662 79, 500	19, 455 24, 864 39, 797 83, 000	19, 360 28, 651 53, 771 90, 200	20, 960 33, 341 36, 683 92, 500	22, 929 30, 192 34, 812 85, 900	21, 865 32, 307 51, 147 84, 300	23, 397 33, 771 34, 686 88, 400	21, 350 31, 845 24, 307 84, 200	r 21, 015 29, 381 54, 882 85, 100	21, 262 33, 596	
Producers', ore, base bullion, and in process\(\theta\) Short tons. Refiners' (primary), refined and antimonial\(\theta\) short tons.	117, 996 142, 232	110, 238 154, 105	110, 532 162, 476	116, 016 164, 072	113, 773 168, 495	107, 844 169, 958	93, 469 168, 654	94, 003 178, 551	101, 641 197, 725	208, 218	96, 902 214, 292	209, 827	97, 799	
Consumers', totaldo Scrap (lead-base, purchased), all consumersdo Price, pig. desilverized (N. Y.)dol. per lb_ Tin:	111, 599 42, 543 . 1200	119, 167 39, 211 . 1171	113, 470 35, 310 . 1122	105, 085 36, 025 . 1100	101, 357 34, 864 . 1086	106, 692 31, 689 . 1087	117, 519 36, 964 . 1264	118, 272 46, 351 . 1300	115, 992 54, 685 . 1300	118, 119 49, 218 . 1267	114, 639 40, 296 . 1156	123, 353 37, 388 . 1141	. 1119	.l
Imports (for consumption): Ore⊕* Bars, pigs, etc. Estimated recovery from scrap, total⊕* As metal Consumption, pig, total Primary do Exports, incl. reexports (metal) Stocks, pig (industrial), end of month do	1, 279 3, 173 1, 450 286 6, 000 3, 975 42 19, 655	2, 037 2, 621 1, 600 220 5, 775 3, 830 42 18, 920	1,796 4,510 1,860 325 5,840 3,885 7 20,480	45 2, 153 1, 650 360 5, 765 3, 955 179 22, 025	3,558 1,820 260 6,065 4,250 295 21,820	3, 655 1, 710 300 6, 380 4, 350 20, 690	115 4, 232 2, 025 340 6, 940 4, 710 148 20, 560	3,001 1,800 265 5,630 3,650 69 20,065	94 4, 227 1, 850 330 6, 135 4, 115 205 20, 980	3, 416 2, 989 7 1, 950 260 6, 860 4, 490 112 21, 160	48 4, 374 1, 880 235 6, 785 4, 245 103 22, 425	54 4, 662 1, 955 255 7, 510 4, 700 153 21, 755	110	
Stocks, pig (industrial), end of monthdodo	39,677 43,320 13,554	35, 675 35, 499 11, 864	33, 102 42, 090 13, 304	. 9489 28, 776 34, 915 24, 178	29, 300 26, 312 16, 872	30, 209 31, 222 20, 898	. 9647 32, 452 23, 998 18, 320	32, 391 32, 956 12, 790	. 9897 32, 003 48, 083 18, 670	. 9935 35, 436 50, 182 14, 951	1. 0271 35, 709 51, 165 6, 807	1. 0303 7 36, 422 36, 892 16, 006	1. 0250 37, 519 48, 955 6, 506	
Slab zinc: Production (primary smelter), from domestic and foreign ores. short tons. Secondary (redistilled) production, total do Consumption, fabricators', total do Exports. do	66, 572 3, 642 58, 432 136	67, 167 3, 851 61, 907	63, 551 3, 416 68, 590 10	61, 051 4, 068 60, 007	58, 461 4, 466 70, 033 16	58, 992 4, 713 75, 022	61, 024 4, 280	61, 052 4, 122 75, 202	71, 101 4, 402	71, 336 5, 145 79, 506 161	65, 888 5, 286 77, 010 183	74, 750 5, 168 87, 394 746	350	
Exports	221, 171 71, 820 . 1000	240, 670 70, 224 . 1000 6, 070	252, 979 63, 398 . 1000 6, 376	257, 911 62, 959 . 1000 6, 879	251, 529 63, 484 .1000 8, 038	238, 116 62, 278 .1000 8, 935	210, 176 74, 316 . 1084	191, 744 81, 570 . 1137	190, 237 89, 261 . 1150 9, 093	195, 777 85, 080 . 1150	200, 461 r 83, 420 . 1142 7, 421	206, 083 79, 137 . 1100 8, 096	203, 863	196, 00

^{*} Revised. * Preliminary.
†Data for 1947-57 have been revised to incorporate adjustments to materials from the 1954 Census of Manufactures; revisions appear on p. 19 of the November 1958 Survey.

⊕Basic metal content. ‡ Revisions for 1957 will be shown later.

△Revisions for aluminum castings (1955) and copper, lead, and zinc mine production (1956) will be shown later.

*New series. Source: U. S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Mines, except imports of tin ore (Bureau of the Census). Tin recovery data represent total secondary tin recovered from scrap processed in the United States. The total includes tin recovered in all forms covering alloys, solder, type metal, babbitt, etc., as well as in metal (secondary pig tin and remelt tin) which is shown separately. Data in 1957 Business Statistics represent total production (both primary and secondary).

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and					1958			1				1959		
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May
	MET.	ALS A	ND N	IANU:	FACT	URES	Con	tinued	l					
HEATING APPARATUS, EXCEPT ELECTRIC	i 				!									
Radiators and convectors, cast iron: Shipments thous. of sq. ft. of radiation. Stocks, end of month do Dilburners:	1, 361 4, 807	1, 135 5, 403	1, 440 5, 769	1, 457 5, 300	2, 095 4, 950	2, 643 4, 097	2, 765 3, 355	1,775 3,182	1, 253 3, 182	1, 446 3, 791	1, 415 4, 234	1, 713 4, 596		
Shipmentsnumber Stocks, end of monthdo_ tloves and ranges, domestic cooking, incl. built-ins:tO	33, 073 52, 440	40, 840 49, 881	48, 403 52, 485	45, 047 47, 782	58, 921 41, 968	74, 611 35, 265	79,000	51, 765 30, 788	40, 695 32, 434	47, 409 r 37, 693	7 44, 656 43, 350	43, 765 46, 302		
Shipments, total number. Coal and wood do. Gas (incl. bungalow and combination) ‡⊙ do. Kerosene, gasoline, and fuel oil do.	155,466 2,764 148,341 4,361	156,714 2,924 147,263 6,527	164,754 3,648 155,860 5,246	137,910 3, 668 129,262 4, 980	168,803 4, 489 157,436 6, 878	194,890 5, 659 182,546 6, 685	224,902 5,616 211,904 7,382	181, 527 3, 985 171, 096 6, 446	189, 567 4, 159 180, 963 4, 445	7 158, 506 4, 367 148, 799 5, 340	7 162, 707 3, 949 7 152, 432 6, 326	181, 751 3, 490 171, 483 6, 778		
stoves, domestic heating, shipments, total‡⊕ do Coal and wood do Gas⊕ do Kerosene, gasoline, and fuel oil do	100, 038 11, 632 61, 214 27, 192	97, 378 12, 375 63, 702 21, 301	145, 234 17, 334 98, 481 29, 419	202, 594 24, 720 131, 441 46, 433	263, 185 35, 013 175, 457 52, 715	333, 778 58, 129 218, 012 57, 637	367,117 61, 183 243,032 62, 902	200, 988 29, 482 141, 479 30, 027	132, 444 16, 430 90, 421 25, 593	99, 516 9, 762 52, 705 37, 049	100, 696 9, 499 55, 545 35, 652	132, 066 12, 689 73, 051 46, 326		
Varm-air furnaces (forced-air and gravity air-flow), shipments, total‡⊕ number. Gas do Oil do Solid fuel do	71, 992 50, 808 19, 314 1, 870 218, 673	79, 758 56, 373 21, 802 1, 583 205, 764	98, 608 69, 800 26, 044 2, 764 226, 886	94, 064 65, 254 25, 941 2, 869 217, 383	124, 199 85, 356 34, 911 3, 932 211, 634	153, 269 103, 852 43, 818 5, 599 224, 691	145,350 100,103 40, 100 5, 147 254, 743	114, 726 81, 070 30, 179 3, 477 193, 146	90, 952 65, 789 22, 932 2, 231 203, 977	89, 053 64, 128 22, 821 2, 104 252, 913	86, 317 63, 462 20, 999 1, 856 246, 716	94, 688 69, 977 22, 934 1, 777 252, 612		
Water heaters, gas, shipmentstdo MACHINERY AND APPARATUS Blowers, fans, and unit heaters, quarterly totals:		·	32, 765		211,001	30, 151		100, 140		202, 810	240,710	202, 012		
Blowers and fans, new orders thous. of dol_ Unit-heater group, new orders dododo			19, 247			20, 915			29, 358 21, 160	1				
mo. avg. shipments, 1947-49=100. Furnaces, industrial, new orders, net: Electric processingthous. of dol. Fuel-fired (except for hot rolling steel)do	88. 7 879 2, 248	136. 1 709 -488	87. 7 979 1, 344	77. 9 1, 217 3, 578	74. 1 1, 177 2, 010	64. 5 1, 119 771	908 854	83. 3 777 3, 874	137. 0 1, 578 1, 887	127. 4 891 2, 178	237. 1 919 1, 921	166. 6 945 3, 342	154. 2 1, 230 6, 924	
ndustrial trucks (electric), shipments: Hand (motorized)number	456 373	415 325	353 277	453 353	233 211	385 294	467 295	426 238	429 385	361 270	282 206	426 266		
Rider-typedo	1, 563	1, 365	1, 324	1, 134	1, 182	1, 510	1, 368	1,407	1,501	1, 472	1, 429	1, 897		1
Machine tools (metal-cutting and metal-forming):† New orders (net), total	28. 30 20. 85 50. 90 44. 20 2. 6	28. 05 23. 85 50. 10 41. 70 2. 5	32. 10 24. 30 45. 50 38. 90 2. 5	26. 55 21. 95 29. 70 24. 50 2. 7	28. 30 23. 20 29. 80 24. 95 2. 8	28. 10 24. 65 34. 90 29. 65 2. 9	37. 00 32. 00 41. 40 35. 90 3. 0	30. 70 26. 85 33. 65 27. 45 3. 0	43. 90 34. 75 43. 95 37. 80 3, 1	41. 05 35. 10 31. 30 25. 80 3. 4	45. 40 40. 05 36. 05 29. 85 3. 8	r 51. 55 r 46. 70 r 45. 75 r 39. 40 r 3. 9	p 53. 45 p 47. 05 p 45. 10 p 38. 20 p 3. 9	
other machinery and equipment, quarterly shipments: Construction machinery (selected types), total 2* thous. of dol			286,035			252, 200			169, 394		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
Tractors, tracklaying (crawler), totaldo Tractors, wheel (contractors' off-highway)do Tractor shovel loaders, integral units only (wheel			91, 405 28, 387			79, 490 26, 682	- 		46, 008 15, 708	20, 502		229, 115		
and tracklaying types)thous, of dol Farm machines and equipment (selected products), excluding tractors dolthous, of dol			48, 380 255, 689			40, 797 193, 590			34, 974 137, 112					
Tractors, wheel (excl. garden and contractors' off- highway types) thous, of dol thous, of dol cumps (steam, power, centrifugal, and rotary), new		*	134, 940			108, 625				i		² 58, 248	i	1
electrical equipment	5, 313	6, 728	5, 467	5, 088	5, 663	5, 864	5, 411	4,414	5, 200	4, 972	5, 460			
atteries (automotive replacement only), shipments										1				
thousands. Cousehold electrical appliances: Ranges (incl. built-ins), domestic and export sales	1, 242	1, 454	1,773	2, 101	2, 333	2, 704	2, 976	2, 262	3, 041	2, 672	1, 791	^r 1, 376	1, 437	
thousands Refrigeration, output (seas. adj.) ⊕ 1947-49 = 100 Vacuum cleaners (standard type), sales billed thousands	95. 6 106 247. 3	96. 0 121 218. 8	116. 8 140 253. 1	98. 5 145 263. 8	81. 4 152 280. 2	121. 8 155 299. 6	135. 5 173 339. 1	129. 4 184	143. 9 180	120. 8 150	134, 6 177	172. 6 164	136. 1 158	
Washers, sales billed (domestic and export) \triangle _doadio sets, production \S doelevision sets (incl. combination), prod. \S do	224. 9 697. 3 302. 6	263. 0 654. 8 267. 0	288. 8 3 774. 4 3 377. 1	277.3 621.5 275.0	326. 8 1, 028. 9 507. 5	\$1,572.0 \$621.7	404. 1 1,322. 2 495. 6	293. 6 333. 0 1, 545. 6 437. 8	317. 0 330. 5 31,525.7 3 414. 9	242. 5 288. 5 1,124. 7 437. 0	271. 4 297. 8 1, 125. 4 459. 5	346. 6 329. 7 31,347.6 3 494.0	317. 4 274. 4 r 1, 040. 2 r 389. 3	p 1, 03
nsulating materials and related products: Insulating materials, sales billed, index 1947-49=100. Yulcanized fiber products, shipments, thous, of dol.	107. 0 1, 362	104. 0 1, 188	107. 0 1, 154	90, 0 1, 015	106.0 1,147	124. 0 1, 509	135. 0 1, 829	122. 0 1, 519	124. 0 1, 565	130. 0 1, 847	138, 0	152.0		
Steel conduit (rigid), shipmentsthous. of ft. Iotors and generators, quarterly: New orders, index	27, 549	30, 762	41, 033 140. 0	32, 941	36, 383	1, 309 40, 987 144. 0	34, 318	30, 196	27, 468 155. 0	34, 764	1, 776 26, 789	1, 945 25, 856		
Polyphase induction motors, 1-200 hp:¶ New orders, grossthous. of dol Billingsdo			37, 077		ļ	36, 988	-		37, 637			41, 089	² 14, 465	
Direct current motors and generators, 1–200 hp:¶ New orders, gross		~	34, 817 5, 420 5, 881	•		33, 580 5, 338 4, 916			35, 742 5, 657 6, 294			38, 188 8, 271 5, 160	² 2, 419	

^{*}Revised. **Preliminary. **Data are for month shown. **Represents 5 weeks' production.

†Beginning January 1959, industry estimates are based on revised inflating factors and are not strictly comparable with earlier data.

⊕Revisions will be shown later; see note in September 1958 Survey for period affected. **Q Includes data not shown separately. **□ Excludes oil-fired unit heaters.

⊕Revised to include data for built-in gas-fired oven-broiler units beginning January 1958; shipments of cooking tops (for use with the ovens), not included in figures above, are as follows exclude shipments of the ovens), of the property of the ovens, of the ovens, of the ovens, of the ovens, of the ovens, of the ovens, of the ovens, of the ovens, of the ovens, of the ovens, of the ovens, of the ovens, of the ovens, of the ovens, oven the

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and					1958							1959		
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May
	PI	ETROI	EUM	, COA	L, AN	D PR	ODUC	CTS		L		·	l	<u> </u>
COAL														
Anthracite: Productionthous. of short tons_ Stocks in producers' storage yards, end of modo Exportsdo	1, 571 283 117	1, 639 341 190	1, 995 366 232	1, 400 395 139	1, 779 446 158	2, 084 501 235	1, 999 527 252	1, 585 580 198	2, 324 406 192	2, 194 32 9 181	1, 557 298 166	1, 508 281 108	r 1, 503 329 79	1,388
Prices: Retail, stove, compositedol. per short ton Wholesale, chestnut, f. o. b. car at minedo Bituminous:	28. 21 13. 279	27. 66 13. 279	27, 63 13, 279	27. 76 13. 685	27. 76 13. 685	27. 80 13. 951	27, 95 14, 343	28. 13 14. 413	28, 14 14, 413	28. 26 14. 413	28. 81 14. 966	28, 80 r 14, 763	28, 75 p 13, 396	
Productionthous, of short tons_ Industrial consumption and retail deliveries, total† thous. of short tons	30, 017	30, 662 26, 044	34, 155 25, 650	23, 944 26, 278	33, 952 28, 204	36, 450 29, 473	39, 686 32, 456	34, 399	39, 352 36, 504	35, 730 36, 687	33, 760 33, 312	7 34, 820 7 34, 752	34, 400	34, 920
Industrial consumption, total §† do Electric-power utilities do. Oven-coke† do. Beehive coke ovens do. Steel and rolling mills § do. Cement mills § do. Other mfg. and mining industries § do.	24, 932 11, 290 5, 446 60 583 629 6, 556	24, 477 11, 012 5, 555 65 559 700 6, 150	24, 199 11, 183 5, 577 78 486 718 5, 806	24, 824 11, 821 5, 641 54 438 729 5, 829	26, 141 12, 381 6, 118 68 466 673 6, 097	26, 647 12, 087 6, 350 94 472 683 6, 609	29, 028 13, 094 7, 207 105 538 735 6, 931	29, 251 13, 265 7, 393 110 575 682 6, 833	32, 604 15, 715 7, 744 128 830 760 7, 000	32, 643 15, 907 7, 864 140 808 645 6, 937	29, 761 14, 002 7, 784 149 768 591 6, 160	7 31, 950 14, 400 7 8, 861 7 229 756 717 6, 697	29, 283 12, 632 8, 613 253 645 693 6, 148	
Railroads (class I)do Bunker fuel (foreign and lake vessel)§do	320 48	276 160	227 124	191 1 2 1	197 141	215 137	281 137	282 111	363 64	339 3	304 3	286 4	241 58	
Retail deliveries to other consumers §do	2, 198	1, 567	1, 451	1, 454	2,063	2, 826	3, 428	3, 068	3, 900	4, 044	3, 551	2, 802	1, 634	
Stocks, industrial and retail dealers', end of month, total \(\frac{1}{2} \) total \(\frac{1}{2} \) total \(\frac{1}{2} \) total \(\frac{1}{2} \) total \(\frac{1}{2} \) do. Electric-power utilities	71, 296 70, 749 45, 662 11, 782 621 1, 060 11, 074 550	72, 613 71, 931 47, 296 11, 585 613 1, 073 10, 853 511	74, 646 73, 789 48, 670 11, 784 680 1, 144 11, 016 495	71, 144 70, 217 47, 290 10, 040 540 1, 093 10, 840 414	72, 256 71, 256 48, 041 10, 119 561 1, 120 11, 013 402	74, 020 73, 003 49, 508 10, 523 609 1, 212 10, 749 402	77, 807 76, 745 50, 653 11, 666 606 1, 329 12, 082 409	77, 212 76, 123 50, 326 12, 336 704 1, 424 10, 946 387	76, 285 75, 339 48, 752 12, 957 778 1, 495 11, 012 345	71, 203 70, 450 45, 121 12, 128 685 1, 331 10, 825 360	69, 167 68, 512 43, 024 11, 852 658 1, 209 11, 420 349	7 65, 868 7 65, 349 41, 939 7 11, 684 607 1, 052 9, 730 337	65, 739 65, 254 42, 292 11, 569 610 1, 030 9, 477 276	
Retail dealersdo	547	682	857	927	1,000	1, 017	1,062	1, 089	946	753	655	519	485	
Exports†dodo	4, 412 16, 63	4, 351 16. 18	4, 828 16. 16	4, 386 16. 28	5, 484 16. 31	4, 626 16. 60	4, 510 16, 49	4, 086 16, 81	2, 920 16. 83	3, 142 16, 98	2, 288 16, 99	2, 824 17. 00	3, 148	
Wholesale: Screenings, indust. use, f. o. b. car at mine_do	5. 449	5. 449	5. 443	5. 385	5. 325	5. 326	5, 329	5. 291	5. 280	5. 332	5. 334	r 5. 341	ν 5. 209	
Domestic, large sizes, f. o. b. car at minedo COKE	7. 182	7. 154	7. 122	7. 247	7.569	7.659	7.784	7.822	7. 841	8.013	8. 013	7.775	» 7. 363	
Production:	34 3, 802	36 3, 862	45 3, 889	29 3, 928	39 4, 276	55 4, 450	62 5, 046	64 5, 176	77 5, 431	82 5, 533	τ 92 5, 437	r 137	153 6, 074	
Petroleum coke	3, 721 2, 479	3, 886 2, 580	593 3, 877 2, 531	3, 983 2, 585	637 4, 007 2, 588	3, 993 2, 577	3, 896 2, 507	3, 882 2, 482	3, 815 2, 411	3, 793 2, 366	3, 709 2, 274	736 73, 587 2, 158	3, 423 2, 042	
At merchant plants. do Petroleum coke do Exports do Price, oven foundry coke (merchant plants), f. o. b. Birmingham, Ala. do do per short ton	1, 243 669 16 28, 85	1, 306 728 25 28, 85	1, 346 725 30 28, 85	1, 398 795 48 28, 85	1, 419 821 25 28, 85	1, 416 845 28 28, 85	1, 389 882 42 28, 85	1, 400 931 42 28, 85	1, 404 964 33 28, 85	1, 427 995 29 29, 23	1, 435 1, 041 31 30, 35	1, 429 1, 094 33 30, 35	1, 381 35 30, 35	30. 35
PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS									20,00	20, 20	00.00	00.00	00.00	00.00
Crude petroleum: Wells completed t	1, 624 188, 631 79 215, 657	2, 160 193, 215 82 229, 754	1, 980 190, 240 83 225, 803	2, 251 203, 700 84 234, 164	1, 842 215, 114 86 242, 537	85	2, 388 216, 304 84 238, 695	2, 383 209, 518 84 233, 279	2, 338 221, 210 86 246, 781	2, 427 223, 926 88 255, 124	1, 853 201, 435 87 227, 562	1, 995 222, 839 88 254, 422		
Gasoline-bearing in U. S., total do At refineries do At tank farms and in pipelines do On leases do	273, 959 76, 981 176, 112 20, 866	263, 105 72, 351 169, 908 20, 846	253, 550 71, 419 161, 373 20, 758	246, 556 70, 356 156, 037 20, 163	244, 810 68, 692 154, 943 21, 175	251, 701 69, 906 160, 914 20, 881	255, 345 69, 932 164, 563 20, 850	257, 546 69, 008 166, 992 21, 546	262, 730 69, 568 172, 458 20, 704	258, 108 69, 136 168, 227 20, 745	260, 040 71, 466 167, 288 21, 286	254, 940 71, 606 162, 216 21, 118		
Exportsdo Importsdo	27, 608 3. 07	503 31, 613 3. 07	216 34, 460 3. 07	308 32, 056 3. 07	334 31, 182 3. 07	170 33, 645 3. 07	330 34, 320 3. 07	275 31, 568 3. 07	74 35, 415 3. 07	352 31, 168 2, 97	97 33, 420 2. 97	178 32, 681 2. 97	230 25, 040	
Production: Distillate fuel oilthous, of bbl Residual fuel oildo Domestic demand:	47, 032 28, 412	50, 723 28, 537	48, 342 27, 346	51, 145 30, 407	52, 878 29, 789	53, 506 29, 197	56, 372 29, 738	54, 364 29, 361	60, 595 34, 246	66, 124 34, 622	60, 458 31, 493	61, 610 32, 569		
Distillate fuel oil† do. Residual fuel oil† do. Consumption by type of consumer: Electric-power plants † do.	46, 221 41, 491 5, 017	37, 290 35, 816 4, 784	32, 135 34, 064 5, 343	36, 864 38, 118 6, 102	31, 915 39, 019	38, 056 37, 070 6, 435	47, 319 45, 049	57, 010 44, 642	97, 574 62, 799 9, 221	95, 234 62, 940	74, 102 57, 436	67, 218 59, 281		1
Railways (class I)do Vessels (bunker oil)do Stocks, end of month;	7, 034 7, 491	6, 665 7, 351	6, 918 6, 629	7, 366 7, 130	6, 567 7, 185 6, 647	7, 389 6, 861	6, 953 7, 777 7, 482	7, 578 7, 621 6, 148	8, 554 6, 564	9, 974 8, 713 7, 044	8, 851 7, 440 r 5, 934	6, 889	7, 181	
Distillate fuel oil	76, 239 57, 975 1, 057	89, 160 61, 589 1, 4 36	105, 311 63, 864 1, 138	119, 437 66, 457 1, 910	139, 862 67, 230 1, 757	155, 412 67, 670 1, 395	164, 686 67, 045 1, 119	161, 192 66, 223 1, 830	125, 101 59, 508 730	96, 849 55, 214 1, 236	84, 071 54, 178	80, 662 57, 210		
Residual fuel oildo Prices, wholesale: Distillate (N. Y. Harbor, No. 2 fuel)dol. per gal	1, 218	2, 552 . 093	1, 952 . 093	2, 163	1, 805 . 096	2,738	2, 341	1, 940 . 099	1,675 ,104	2, 892 . 107	875 2,006 .112	1, 416 2, 379 . 112	2, 042	
Residual (Okla., No. 6 fuel)dol. per bbl_ Kerosene: Productionthous. of bbl_	1. 20 8, 102	1. 20 7, 036	1. 20 6, 978	1, 20 6, 984	1.30 8,202	1. 30 8, 544	1. 40 9, 778	1. 50	1. 60 11, 593	1. 70 12, 978	1. 90 11, 686	1, 90 9, 484		
Domestic demand†	6, 091 18, 729 73	4, 379 21, 437 56	4, 278 24, 167 58	5, 538 25, 655 29	5, 272 28, 662 51	6, 031 31, 259 44	9, 008 31, 877 231	10, 114 32, 120 261	17, 616 26, 040 137	17, 997 21, 090 57	13, 113 19, 725 25	10, 693 18, 688 29		l

Revised. **Preliminary.
†Revisions will be published later for indicated items as follows: Bituminous-coal consumption (January-August 1957); bituminous stocks (February, May, and October 1957); bituminous exports (1957-January 1958), beehive- and oven-coke production (1956); oil wells completed, crude production, and refined petroleum products (January-September 1957).
\$\text{Data for total industrial consumption, retail deliveries, total industrial and retail stocks, and for the indicated components have been revised to new benchmarks; bunker fuel figures now include fuel on lake vessels. Revisions for consumption and retail deliveries are available on annual basis from 1933 forward and on monthly basis beginning January 1954; revisions for stocks begin with January 1957 (earlier figures for affected items not strictly comparable).
\$\text{Substituted series (averages of weekly quotations from Steel magazine); data prior to May 1957 will be shown later.}

Juless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and					1958							1959		
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May
PE	TROI	EUM,	COA	L, AN	D PR	ODUC	TS-C	Contin	ued					
PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS—Continued														
tefined petroleum products—Continued Lubricants:														
Production thous of bbl. Domestic demand do	4,065 2,997 11,090	4, 325 3, 183 11, 011	4, 224 3, 708 10, 659	4, 397 3, 303 10, 574	4, 564 3, 520 10, 215	4, 162 3, 362 10, 037	4, 519 3, 529 9, 765	4, 313 3, 498 9, 412	4, 692 3, 440 9, 687	4, 360 3, 504 9, 494	3, 941 2, 746 9, 728	4, 652 3, 799 9, 407		
Stocks, refinery, end of monthdoExportsdoPrice, wholesale, bright stock (midcontinent, f. o. b.	1, 141	1, 167	818	1, 126	1, 356	933	1, 209	1, 116	932	1, 002	913	1, 135	1,358	
Tulsa)dol. per gal Motor fuel:	. 230	. 230	. 230	. 230	. 230	. 230	. 230	. 230	. 230	. 230	. 230	. 230		
Gasoline (including aviation): Production, total†thous. of bbl Gasoline and naphtha from crude oildo	107, 685 95, 074	115, 109 102, 562	116, 865 104, 008	126, 213 112, 228	127, 787 113, 352	120, 010 106, 005	121, 539 106, 990	120, 877 106, 477	128, 537 113, 896	127, 508 113, 841	111, 523 99, 177	126, 219 112, 060		
Natural-gas liquids: Used at refineries (incl. benzol)do	11,680	11, 164	11, 594	12, 285	13, 179	13, 323	13, 912	14, 355	14, 612	11, 941	11, 114	12, 884	-	
Used in other gasoline blends, etc†do	931	1,383	1, 263 125, 444	1,700	1, 256 129, 925	682 120, 389	637 125, 097	45 110, 587	29	1, 726 114, 720	1, 232	1, 275 118, 995	 	
Domestic demand†do Stocks, end of month: Finished gasolinedo	118, 477 194, 869	125, 137 183, 486	175, 465	169, 709	166, 131	164, 375	157, 576	165, 888	120, 305 174, 526	187, 472	99, 759 197, 468	204, 648		
At refineries do Unfinished gasoline do do do do do do do do do do do do do	107, 779 11, 471	98, 503 11, 702	90, 977 10, 811	87, 458 10, 996	85, 118 11, 220	82, 878 10, 962	79, 229 12, 544	81, 632 12, 686	94, 378 12, 234	99, 875 11, 603	106, 853 12, 899	111, 274 13, 964		
Natural-gas liquidsdo	16, 993	20, 752	23, 856	124, 210	26, 182	27, 437	27,894	27, 349	22, 752	18,008	17,651	19, 524	1 650	
Exports (motor fuel, gasoline, jet fuel)do Prices, gasoline: Wholesale, refinery (Okla., group 3).dol. per gal	1, 996	1, 535 . 110	1, 262	1,874	1,818	1, 589	1,807	1,904	1, 587 , 116	1, 110 . 115	1, 236 . 115	941	1, 650	
Retail (regular grade, excl. taxes), service stations, 54 citiesdol. per gal	. 215	. 214	. 214	. 222	. 221	. 215	. 211	. 204	.206	. 210	. 211	. 213	.211	. 21
Aviation gasoline: Production, totalthous. of bbl	9, 508 6, 955	9, 625 6, 448	9, 998 6, 956	11,024 8,120	12, 127 8, 973	11, 142 8, 455	10, 843 8, 043	10, 464 7, 964	10,690 7,612	10, 269 7, 677	9, 979 6, 617	11, 845 8, 842		
100-octane and above	13, 628 7, 891	12, 712 7, 597	12, 273 7, 591	11, 180 7, 186	10, 183 6, 570	10, 564 6, 846	10,778 7,077	11, 476 7, 308	12, 300 7, 599	13, 186 8, 286	14, 437 8, 490	14, 884		
Jet fuel: Productiondodo	6, 556	6, 506	6, 480	6, 314	6, 551	7, 061	6, 558	5, 804	6, 982	6, 112	6, 218	7, 958		
Domestic demandfdo Stocks, end of monthdo Asohalt:⊙	8, 839 4, 981	6, 780 5, 494	8, 890 5, 752	8, 278 6, 004	7, 260 6, 253	8, 684 6, 145	9, 678 5, 373	7, 100 5, 184	8, 121 5, 871	8, 086 6, 257	7, 203 6, 499	7, 568 7, 879		
Aspiration do do Stocks, refinery, end of month do do do do do do do do do do do do do	6, 603 15, 698	8, 451 15, 465	9, 895 13, 953	10, 189 12, 294	10, 785 10, 256	10, 352 8, 696	9, 384 7, 351	6, 949 8, 416	4, 524 9, 757	4, 510 11, 252	4, 379 12, 726	6, 769 14, 270		
Wax;⊙ Productiondo Stocks, refinery, end of monthdo	436 721	425 735	445 743	390 692	422 699	475 708	455 665	474 733	456 712	499 714	408 683	466 684		1
sphalt and tar products, shipments: Asphalt roofing, totalthous. of squares_	5, 174	6, 367	6, 209	5, 697	7. 507	6, 096	5, 880	3, 864	2, 391	2,698	3, 365	6, 950	3, 985	
Roll roofing and cap sheet doshingles, all typesdo	2, 087 3, 087	2, 352 4, 015	2, 234 3, 974	2, 1€4 3, 533	2, 811 4, 696	2, 486 3, 611	2, 377 3, 503	1, 472 2, 391	851 1, 540	1, 029 1, 669	1, 221 2, 144	2, 524 4, 426	1, 379 2, 606	
Asphalt sidingdo Insulated siding@do Asphalt board productsthous. of sq. ft	83 131	92 157	92 167	90 178	110 169	114 197	132 188	7 97 113	59 68	54 76	67 69	110 107	53 143	
Asphalt board products thous, of sq. ft	1, 648 88, 261	1, 582 103, 428	1, 953 93, 855	2, 373 75, 826	1, 926 109, 794	1, 925 86, 761	1, 842 81, 137	1, 153 65, 787	1, 058 54, 392	950 58, 927	1, 094 66, 678	1, 484 120, 966	2, 206 80, 148	
	-	PUL	P, PA	PER,	AND I	PRINT	ring							
PULPWOOD AND WASTE PAPER														
ulpwood: Receiptsthous, of cords (128 cu. ft.) Consumptiondo	2, 394 2, 846	2, 568 2, 840	2, 632 2, 788	2, 646 2, 640	3, 153 2, 994	3, 043 2, 934	3, 407 3, 388	2, 841 3, 047	2, 839 2, 813	3, 174 3, 165	2, 962 2, 942	7 3, 040 7 3, 255	2, 807 3, 273	
Stocks, end of monthdodo	6, 226	5, 953	5, 810	5, 793	5, 995	6, 120	6, 103	5, 932	5, 937	5, 931	5, 952	r 5, 740	5, 295	
Consumption thous of short tons. Stocks, end of month do	711. 2 507. 0	726. 0 489. 2	723. 7 476. 7	686. 6 488. 4	781. 0 445. 6	785. 2 429. 4	805. 4 436. 9	719. 2 439. 9	692, 5 464, 2	712. 9 463. 4	745. 9 449. 5	794. 4 455. 8	786. 8 471. 5	
WOOD PULP														
Total, all gradesthous, of short tonsdo	1, 731. 4 65. 4 970. 1	1, 741. 6 75. 9 962. 8	1,729.2 79.7 964.0	1,629. 6 64. 9 919. 3	1, 873. 8 75. 7 1, 083. 6	1, 822. 6 72. 1 1, 034. 3	2, 081. 6 88. 4 1, 205. 4	1, 908. 2 84. 7 1, 109. 5	1, 754. 3 77. 7 981. 6	1, 961. 0 93. 8 1, 111. 3	1, 836. 1 90. 2 1, 044. 8	2, 039. 6 94. 4 1, 153. 7	2, 046. 6 90. 0 1, 169. 6	
Sulfitedo	208. 9	195. 5	189. 9	166.7	182.7	189. 1	223. 5	197. 7	194. 0	207. 1	184.3	213. 0	210.6	
Groundwooddo Defibrated or explodeddo Soda, semichem., screenings, damaged, etcdo	243. 5 84. 4	252. 9 93. 5	235. 0 95. 9	222, 9 96, 7	243. 1 101. 8	234. 5 102. 8	258. 3 104. 8	237. 5 93. 8	235. 0 93. 1	265. 5 98. 0	243. 4 91. 8	264. 0 109. 0	265. 1 106. 0	
Soda, semichem., screenings, damaged, etcdo .ocks, end of month: Total, all millsdo	159. 1 919. 6	160. 9 929. 5	164. 8 944. 4	159. 1 912. 4	186. 9 883. 8	189, 9 873, 3	201. 4 888. 8	184, 9 886, 8	172, 8 886, 7	185. 3 906. 6	181. 5 900. 4	205. 4 r 924. 1	205. 3 915. 0	1
Pulp millsdo Paper and board millsdo	276. 5 547. 4	283, 5 550, 8	293. 1 560. 2	276. 0 550. 6	265. 6 537. 4	258, 9 533, 3	272. 0 533. 8	273. 9 528. 3	254. 8 546. 0	271. 1 552. 7	272. 5 548. 3	7 298. 2 546. 6		
Nonpaper millsdo	95. 7	95. 2	91. 2	85.9	80.8	81.1	82. 9	84. 6	85. 9	82.8	79. 6	79. 3	78. 7	
xports, all grades, totaldo Dissolving and special alphado All otherdo	42. 7 16. 5 26. 2	41. 7 19. 6 22. 1	47. 4 22. 4 25. 0	40. 8 16. 3 24. 6	35. 8 16. 2 19. 5	38. 8 14. 2 24. 6	41. 1 22. 0 19. 1	46. 9 17. 0 30. 0	40. 3 18. 8 21. 5	53. 1 22. 1 30. 9	43. 0 22. 1 20. 8	47. 9 27. 0 20. 9	52. 7 20. 5 32. 3	
nports, all grades, totaldodododo	167. 4 8. 7	151. 1 6. 5	185. 6 10. 2	174. 5 11. 6	159. 6 12. 8	193, 6 15, 3	199. 4 14. 9	198. 3 12. 4	198. 5 15. 3	215. 9 11. 4	186. 1 12. 4	180. 3 12. 4	213. 7 15. 9	
PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS	158. 6	144. 6	175. 4	162. 9	146.8	178.3	184. 5	185. 9	183. 1	204. 5	173. 7	167. 9	197. 8	
	1										,			
ll paper and board mills, production:	- 0 400	0	٠	0.000	0 =00	0.000	0.000	0.046						
Il paper and board mills, production: Paper and board, totalthous, of short tons. Paperdo Paperboarddo	r 1, 136	2, 518 1, 108 1, 142	2, 504 1, 091 1, 150	2, 355 1, 018 1, 072	2,700 1,149 1,260	2, 653 1, 116 1, 249	2, 914 1, 253 1, 362	2, 640 1, 149 1, 237	2, 513 1, 125 1, 151	2, 707 1, 213 1, 239	2, 621 1, 145 1, 222	7 2, 867 1, 239 7 1, 335	2, 912 1, 270 1, 341	

Revised. Preliminary. New basis effective July 1958; not strictly comparable with earlier data. †Revisions for 1957 will be published later for indicated items as follows: Lubricants (January, March, April, June, August, and September); gasoline (January-September); jet fuel (January-May and September). OAsphalt—5.5 bbl.=1 short ton; wax-1 bbl.=280 lb. OAsphalt—5.5 bbl.=1 short ton; wax-1 bbl.=280 lb.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and					1958				<u>"</u> 1			1959		
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May
	PUL	P, PA	PER.	AND	PRIN7	TING-	-Cont	inued						1
PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS—Continued		,		1					<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
Paper, excl. building paper, newsprint, and paperboard (American Paper and Pulp Association):														
Orders, new \(\text{\tinx}\text{\tinx}\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\tex{\tex	786.5 639.1	803. 0 623. 1	815. 4 665. 2	801. 0 696. 0	829. 4 715. 0	805. 9 647. 1	906. 2 686. 5	852.4 697.4	r 819. 5 r 640. 3	r 924. 0 r 606. 0	7 900. 4 7 672. 7	4 925. 0 4 661. 0		
Productiondo Shipments Qdo	994.5 r 804.6	966, 3 805, 2	953. 8 792. 1	891.6 737.0	1,007.5 841.4	984. 6 796. 1	1, 102. 0 901. 1	1, 007. 1 813. 5	7 986. 8 7 797. 5	r 1,054.7 r 874.4	r 999, 3 r 836, 4	4 844.0 4 859.0		
Stocks, end of month Qdo	r 528. 9	518. 2	528. 3	7 527. 5	514.6	504. 6	541.6	531.6	r 537. 8	r 533. 7	r 536.8			
Orders, newdo Orders, unfilled, end of monthdo	120. 9 71. 7	127. 0 73. 3 131. 2	126. 0 78. 1 129. 0	130. 9 93. 2	118.1 74.9	108. 2 65. 5	130, 2 70. 1	126. 6 73. 0	7 115.3 7 66.6	7 150. 0 7 83. 0 7 138. 4	7 146.0	155. 0 102. 0		l
Production	132. 8 122. 3 139. 2	125. 5 138. 7	125. 9 126. 7	110. 5 117. 7 143. 8	130. 9 122. 4 123. 9	133. 2 111. 0 116. 9	144.3 128.7 130.7	133. 9 125. 4 7 136. 0	7 138.0 7 118.7 7 145.9	7 143. 0 131. 0	7 135, 0 7 137, 0 7 128, 0	145.0		
Printing paper: Orders, newdo	7 341.6	344.1	363. 2	336.8	340.9	320.8	357. 0	361.8	345, 5	r 384. 0	r 369. 3	420.0		
Orders, unfilled, end of monthdo Productiondo	7 412, 4 342, 8	397. 5 348. 3	433. 8 338. 9	432.7 314.3	461. 5 347. 8	398. 7 328. 1	414. 4 358. 3	441. 2 325. 7	7 394. 8 329. 0	7 329. 3 7 358. 2	7 359, 8 7 328, 5	393.0		1
Shinmonte do	7 344. 0 7 216. 1	345. 9 218. 5	339. 4 217. 9	311. 2 221. 0	347. 6 221. 2	324. 3 225. 1	356. 0 227. 3	326. 4 226. 7	329.3 r 226.6	r 353. 2 r 236. 5	* 325. 9 * 234. 1	371.0 237.0		
Stocks, end of monthdo. Price, wholesale, book paper, "A" grade, English finish, white, f. o. b. milldol. per 100 lb.	15. 95	15. 95	15. 95	15. 95	15, 95	15. 95	15, 95	15, 95	15.95	15.95	15.95	15.95	₽ 16. 28	i
Orders, newthous, of short tons	277.0	285. 2	282.8	283.9	317.1	323. 5 139. 6	359. 2	312.0	7 298. 0	r 330. 4	7 328.6	350.0	*	
Orders, unfilled, end of month do Production do do	119. 8 297. 4 288. 3	115. 4 279. 7 288. 8	119. 3 281. 5 281. 2	128. 3 269. 5 263. 2	134. 9 314. 3 315. 6	309. 2 307. 2	152, 8 350, 5 354, 8	143. 1 326. 5 309. 0	r 131. 0 r 298. 0 r 294. 9	7 147. 5 7 320. 6 7 319. 8	7 168. 9 7 312. 9 7 317. 6	166. 0 346. 0 343. 0		
Shipments do Stocks, end of month do Newsprint:	115.3	103. 3	107. 1	101.3	103. 5	96. 7	105. 3	103.5	7 95. 6	101.1	103.6	102.0		
Canada (incl. Newfoundland): Productiondodo	522. 6	548.0	482. 5	508. 4	511.0	490.8	544.1	518.1	476. 2	491. 1	466. 0	511.9	534.6	
Shipments from millsdo Stocks at mills, end of monthdo	532. 7 235. 1	561. 4 221. 8	480. 6 223. 6	523. 2 208. 8	491. 9 227. 9	495. 3 223. 3	555. 1 212. 3	527.7 202.7	494. 3 184. 7	465. 9 209. 9	416. 2 259. 6	453. 2 318. 3	577. 5 275. 4	
United States: Productiondodo	148.6	149.0	141.8	134. 9	148.5	137. 2	154.8	152.6	144.7	165. 7	149.6	161.8	161. 3	
Shipments from millsdo Stocks at mills, end of monthdo	149. 2 16. 0	146. 7 18. 3	138. 6 21. 5	137. 8 18. 6	142. 0 25. 1	139. 7 22. 6	158. 7 18. 6	150. 6 20. 6	148. 8 16. 5	155. 1 27. 1	155. 0 21. 7	159. 2 24. 3	168. 6 16. 9	
Consumption by publishers. doStocks at and in transit to publishers, end of	423. 3	438.0	409. 2	364. 5	387. 6	413.0	470.0	465. 2	394. 3	394. 9	384. 5	457.7	466. 5	
monthothous. of short tons_	694. 9	683. 2	667. 8	698. 1	724. 4	697. 2	655. 3	632. 8	651.7	651.8	636. 3	578.5	567. 9	
Importsdo Price, rolls, contract, delivered to principal ports	421.0	416.7	422. 3	411.6	367.7	391.6	439, 5	431. 3	432. 1	341.6	351.6	410.3	430.6	1
dol. per short ton Paperboard (National Paperboard Association):	134. 40	134, 40	134, 40	134. 40	134. 40	134.40	134. 40	134. 40	134.40	134, 40	134. 40	134.40	p 134. 40	
Orders, newtthous. of short tons_ Orders, unfilled, end of monthdo	365. 2	7 1, 184. 2 348. 6	7 1, 155. 7 356. 5	r 1, 138. 6 465. 5	7 1, 256. 9 407. 3	7 1, 309. 2 482. 8	71, 400. 0 427. 6	7 1, 224. 6 369. 6	71, 249. 1 405. 3	1, 168. 6 375. 6	1, 255. 9 423. 7	1, 381. 1 498. 7	1, 384. 2 507. 4	497.
Production, totaltdo Percent of activity Paper products:	84	7 1, 176. 8	r 1, 138. 0 86	71,053.8	71,302.0	r 1, 255. 1 90	r 1, 408. 3	7 1, 269. 6	7 1, 203. 0 81	1, 196. 0 89	1, 215. 2 93	1, 346. 2 93	1, 351. 2 94	1, 388.
Shipping containers, corrugated and solid fiber, shipments; mil. sq. ft. surface area.	7, 588	7, 997	7,757	7,892	8,752	9,032	9,876	8, 107	7, 967	8,391	8, 118	8,982	9, 208	9, 12
Folding paper boxes, index of physical volume:*	131.0	121.9	129.3	141.0	129. 2	135.6	139.7	117.5	122.7	132. 0	138.7	r 146. 3	r 137. 4	130.
Consumption of boxboard1947-49=100_ Shipments of boxesdo	116.2	120. 2	122. 3	118. 5	129. 2	133. 1	139.1	118.3	129. 1	116.6	117.1	r 133. 8	r 123. 6	121.
Book publication, totalnumber of editions	1, 109 883	1, 151 921	1 1, 344 1 1, 137	972 752	679 552	1 1, 023 1 871	1, 217	1, 307 1, 092	1 1,728 1 1,411	469 368	1,073	1 1, 574	1, 299	1, 28
New books do New editions do	226	230	1 207	220	127	1 152	1, 007 210	215	1 317	101	873 200	1 1, 334 1 240	1,022 277	96 31
	I	RUBBI	ER AN	VD RU	BBER	PRO	DUCT	'S			·			
RUBBER						1								Ī
Natural rubber: Consumptionlong tons Stocks, end of monthdodo	36, 557	35, 961	37, 551 91, 779	34, 187	39, 380	44, 743	48, 875	43, 031	46, 891	49, 913	47, 345	51, 991	41, 483	
Imports, including latex and guayuledo	107, 897 34, 930	100, 985 32, 061	91, 779 28, 279	85, 577 25, 823	85, 666 39, 057	82, 622 41, 343	48, 875 77, 859 45, 136	74, 969 41, 819	77, 807 54, 492	82, 487 54, 950	79, 657 48, 917	78, 871 48, 584	78, 157 44, 347	
Price, wholesale, smoked sheets (New York) dol. per lb Synthetic rubber:	. 269	. 253	, 263	. 281	. 288	. 294	. 313	. 324	. 299	. 301	. 301	. 315	. 340	. 36
Production long tons Consumption do do	74, 046 67, 185	76, 823 66, 868	74, 243 70, 394	77, 083 64, 420	87, 321 72, 401	90, 979 79, 166	100, 981 88, 818	102, 496 79, 723	101, 655 86, 189	108, 504 89, 636	102, 297 87, 393	111, 377 95, 089	108, 477 79, 739	
Stocks, end of month do do do do do do do do do do do do do	199, 226 15, 780	191, 929 19, 222	183, 721 15, 308	181, 524 14, 844	183, 921 12, 873	182, 840 13, 100	178, 534 17, 151	183, 511 17, 078	186, 283 17, 177	187, 043 17, 762	187, 181 16, 143	183, 866 22, 150	182, 939 25, 990	
Reclaimed rubber:	00 70*	10 505	01 000	10 100	20, 400	00 500	00 500	20.000	24.000		05.000	20.010	01.07	
Productiondo	20, 735 19, 865 29, 440	19, 567 20, 225 27, 862	21, 220 20, 776 27, 763	18, 122 18, 458 26, 442	22, 432 19, 461 27, 961	22, 596 21, 899 26, 676	26, 523 23, 708 27, 340	22, 396 21, 401 27, 680	24, 800 23, 379 29, 063	25, 790 25, 002 27, 157	25, 290 24, 471 27, 504	29, 310 27, 869 27, 582	22, 380	! !
TIRES AND TUBES	20, 440	21, 802	21,100	20, 442	21, 301	20,070	21, 520	21,000	29,000	21, 101	21,004	21,002	20, 101	
Pneumatic casings: Productionthousands	7, 477	7, 653	8, 293	7, 288	7, 762	8, 277	9, 344	8, 393	9, 376	10, 184	10, 270	11, 350	8,025	
Shipments, totaldo	8, 175	8, 503	9, 231	9, 573	7, 848	7, 912	8, 454	7, 788	8, 892	9,806	8, 551	10, 557	10, 999	
Original equipment do Replacement equipment do do do do do do do do do do do do do	1, 876 6, 183	2, 173 6, 220	1, 932 7, 182	2,020 7,442	1,055 6,679	1, 442 6, 365	1, 838 6, 476	3, 369 4, 320	4, 057	2, 960 6, 742	2,805 5,611	3, 336 7, 103	7, 297	
Exportdododododo	116 22, 658	110 21, 834	20, 920	111	115	105 18, 925	140	20, 403	124 20, 988	104	135 23, 019	117 23, 862		
Exports (Bur. of Census)do	22, 000	21, 834	20, 920 2 89	271	2 111	2 109	19, 913 2 86	² 118	20, 988	² 101	23,019	23, 862	2 103	
Inner tubes:	3, 624	3, 530	3, 476	2,890	3, 305	3, 390	3, 768	3, 319	3, 491	3, 806	4, 094	4, 459	3, 380	
Shipments do do do do do do do do do do do do do	3, 243 7, 609	3, 035 8, 189	3, 602 8, 156	3, 466 7, 680	3, 331 7, 664	3, 498 7, 657	3, 567 7, 869	2, 899 8, 372	3, 411 8, 617	4, 800 7, 536	4, 316 7, 364	4, 435 7, 629	3, 928 7, 219	
Exports (Bur. of Census)do	3 70	3 90	3 77	3 67	3 108	8 69	3 77	3 71	3 89	§ 123	3 69	3 75	3 77	

Revised. Preliminary. Data for months noted cover 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks. 2 Data for motorcycle tires are excluded beginning January 1958. 3 Data beginning January 1958 include all inner tubes, new or used, except aircraft; earlier data include only automotive tubes (passenger-car, tuck, and bus). Exports of types included in 1958, but formerly excluded, averaged 14,000 per month in 1957. 4 March data exclude estimates for tissue and miscellaneous papers. The visions will be shown later as follows: Paper (January 1957-March 1958); paperboard (January 1957-March 1958); for 1954-56 revisions, see p. 20 of the November 1958 EURVEY); shipping containers (January 1955-February 1958). 9 Data exclude estimates for "tissue paper." 3 As reported by publishers accounting for about 75.5 percent of total newsprint consumption in 1957. *New series, replacing indexes of value of orders entered and shipments billed (see p. 20 of the November 1958 Survey for data back to January 1947).

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and					1958							1959		
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Ма
	ST	ONE,	CLAY	, ANI	GLA	SS P	RODU	CTS						
PORTLAND CEMENT														
Production, finished cement	24, 001 79 25, 566	29, 274 92 30, 770	30, 078 98 30, 513	29, 833 90 32, 536	31, 675 95 34, 432	31, 597 98 35, 031	32, 847 98 36, 880	28, 031 86 24, 758	23, 590 70 16, 817	18, 604 55 14, 544	16, 710 54 14, 943	24, 329 72 23, 250	29, 093 88 30, 423	
Clay Products	35, 170 28, 409	33, 673 26, 587	33, 350 24, 372	30, 646 22, 561	27, 883 18, 872	24, 445 15, 360	20, 415 12, 494	23, 686 12, 124	⁷ 30, 800 15, 479	34, 838 20, 364	36, 680 25, 183	7 37, 711 7 27, 662	36, 381 27, 371	
Brick, unglazed (common and face): Production	541, 649	587, 322	580, 880	591, 853	612, 536	632, 660	661, 218	577, 795	534, 445	465, 495	441, 556	541, 738		
Shipments dododo Price, wholesale, common, composite, f. o. b. plant dol. per thous	569, 075 30, 951	598, 554 30, 951	616, 518 30, 951	618, 355 30, 925	634, 767 30, 925	660, 720 30, 927	695, 549 30, 927	580, 478 31. 057	428, 293 31. 237	365, 075 31, 421	388, 603 31, 421	597, 724 r 31. 495	₽ 31.586	1
Clay sewer pipe and fittings, vitrified: \(\sigma^{\text{total}}\) Production short tons. Shipments do_ structural tile, unglazed: \(\sigma^{\text{total}}\) Production do_	117, 536 142, 501 50, 131	144, 005 155, 448 51, 763	149, 773 165, 812 52, 460	162, 066 175, 751 58, 977	166, 901 182, 345 56, 680	168, 585 183, 977 53, 312	182, 976 189, 642 54, 190	160, 153 151, 852 46, 349	148, 227 117, 249 46, 824	131, 438 101, 422 44, 069	136, 256 99, 761 34, 306	152, 916 153, 434 40, 351		
Shipmentsdo	48, 889	52, 750	52, 251	57, 257	50, 781	47, 960	54, 350	47, 003	38,069	38, 281	34, 561			
GLASS AND GLASS PRODUCTS Plat glass, mfrs.' shipments (qtrly. total)*														
Sheet (window) glass, shipments do Plate and other flat glass, shipments do			44, 121 21, 116 23, 005			57, 611 27, 497 30, 114			40, 070 21, 181 18, 889			57, 269 28, 438 28, 831		
Glass containers: thous. of gross_thous.	11, 091	12, 159	12, 711	12, 698	13, 431	12, 583	13, 217	11, 455	10, 515	11, 504	11, 416	11, 518	13, 226	
Shipments, domestic, totaldo General-use food: Narrow-neck fooddo Wide-mouth food (incl. packers' tumblers, jelly	10,848	12, 208	12, 132	11, 995	13, 663 2, 007	13, 314 2, 369	12, 683	10, 487 927	10, 505 977	11,036 1,124	10, 347 1, 065	11, 929	12, 384	
glasses, and fruit jars)	3, 210 696 1, 079 1, 045 2, 668 940 128	3, 511 966 1, 498 1, 157 2, 750 1, 032 137	3, 615 1, 096 1, 467 1, 170 2, 506 939 141	939 1, 260 994 2, 514 988 136	594 994 1,178 3,083 1,068 219	4, 271 462 811 1, 290 2, 871 1, 048 192	3, 867 664 686 1, 577 3, 261 1, 045 176	593 639 1, 312 2, 751 882 159	3, 218 804 867 1, 030 2, 580 823 206	573 693 1, 137 2, 952 1, 107 153	3, 101 549 643 1, 097 2, 724 1, 025 143	3, 375 961 872 1, 247 3, 000 1, 130 136	3, 271 1, 119 1, 328 1, 223 2, 882 1, 178 144	
Stocks, end of monthdo	19, 031	18, 741	19, 101	19, 487	18, 956	17, 971	18, 176	18, 820	18, 537	18, 771	18, 938	19, 341	19, 943	
GYPSUM AND PRODUCTS														
Crude gypsum, quarterly total: Importsthous. of short tons Productiondo			1, 117 2, 352			1, 067 2, 680			1, 196 2, 645			841 2, 327		
Calcined, production, quarterly totaldo			1, 894		!	2, 285			2, 077					1
Gypsum products sold or used, quarterly total: Unculcined usesshort tons Industrial usesdo Building uses:			911, 611 56, 424			920, 082 68, 291			1,050,600 61, 981			774, 427 70, 494		
Plasters: Base-coat			331, 536 302, 432			375, 606 339, 607			317, 420 290, 627			310, 051 256, 305		
Lathmil, of sq. ftdodoAll other⊙do			494. 5 1, 134. 4 54. 6			620. 4 1, 371. 4 60. 7			542. 6 1, 364. 5 55. 0			496. 6 1, 342. 0 51. 4		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·		TEX	TILE	PROD	UCTS	<u> </u>			<u></u>				1
APPAREL														
Hosiery, shipments:thous, of dozen pairs_ Men's apparel, cuttings:¶\(\Delta\) Tailored garments:	r 11, 054	9, 891 1, 416	11, 317 1, 348	11, 303	13, 718 1, 516	14,099	15, 830	13, 474 1, 560	11, 396	13, 593	12,684	12, 891	12, 228	
Suitsthous, of unitsdo	i 450	500	508	1 425	568	1, 328 476	1 1,750	340	1 1, 625 1 255	1,612 200	1, 608 248	1 1, 940 1 345	1, 768 488	
Coats (separate), dress and sport*do Trousers (separate), dress and sportdo Shirts (woven fabrics), dress and sport	1 640 1 5, 445	724 4, 976	852 4,844	1 685 1 4, 635	844 4,872	704 4,720	1 775	824 4, 588	1 955 1 5, 15 5	884 6, 552	912 6, 456	1 870 1 8, 000	912 7, 992	
Work clothing: Dungarees and waistband overallsdo Shirtsdo	1 1, 655 1 225 1 310	1, 576 244 292	1, 524 240 268	1 1, 395 1 225 1 235	1, 676 256 288	1, 652 256 320	1 1, 965 1 310 1 385	1, 628 256 296	1 1,665 1 200 1 305	1, 752 224 360	r 1, 740 284 336	1 1, 860 1 325 1 350	1, 812 356 376	
Women's, misses', juniors' outerwear, cuttings:∆ Coatsthous. of units. Dressesdo Suitsdo.	1, 127 26, 844 556	1, 058 24, 143 332	1, 802 21, 126 949	2, 661 19, 778 1, 024	2, 620 20, 319 1, 018	2, 649 20, 591 829	3, 030 22, 540 902	2, 269 19, 882 987	1, 670 19, 499 952	2, 307 20, 698 1, 610	2, 273 21, 383 1, 505	2, 099 26, 343 1, 042	1, 117 29, 210 553	
Waists, blouses, and shirtsthous. of doz Skirts*do	1, 221 588	1, 266 690	1, 100 672	1, 155 805	1, 018 1, 219 828	1, 251 700	1, 403 795	1, 072 600	953 527	1, 280 723	1, 307 755	1, 412 730	1, 396	

^{***}Preliminary.** Preliminary.** 1 Data cover a 5-week period.

**O'Revisions will be published later as follows: 1954 (annual data only); 1955 (annual and monthly); 1956 (January-August); 1957 (January-August); for brick and tile (data through 1956 not strictly comparable).

*New series; from *Bureau of the *Census**. Revisions for 1957 and earlier unpublished data for flat glass will be shown later. For 1957 data for coats and skirts, see corresponding note in October 1958 SURVEV.

O'Comprises sheathing, formboard, and laminated board. *Data for April, July, October and December 1958 and March 1959 cover 5-week periods and for other months, 4 weeks.

*Excludes shipments of men's slipper socks. Comparable data for January-March 1957 appear in the June 1958 SURVEV.

Are Revisions for 1955-57 are available upon request. Estimates beginning January 1959 for men's apparel and, beginning December 1958, for women's, etc., outerwear are based on different sample and are not strictly comparable with earlier data.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and					1958							1959		
descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау
		TEXT	TILE I	PROD	UCTS-	-Con	tinued	1				- - 	_	
COTTON														
Cotton (exclusive of linters): Production: Ginningsthous, of running bales_ Crop estimate, equivalent 500-lb, bales thous, of bales_				213	1,009	2, 627	7, 316	10, 216	1 10, 878	² 11, 343		³ 11, 435		-
Consumption bales Stocks in the United States, end of month,	4729,955	600, 256	595, 408	4613,950	638, 767	647, 894	4 833,366	1	4727, 410	687, 360	699, 652	4862, 582	716, 820	
total¶□	11, 796 11, 754 730 9, 325 1, 699 42	10, 680 10, 640 514 8, 406 1, 721 40	9, 667 9, 630 440 7, 520 1, 671 37	8, 737 8, 702 291 6, 825 1, 586 35	19, 191 19, 094 10, 836 6, 782 1, 476 97	18, 360 18, 258 9, 660 7, 221 1, 377 101	17, 364 17, 263 5, 752 10, 205 1, 305 102	16, 382 16, 290 3, 043 11, 861 1, 386 92	15, 386 15, 302 1, 095 12, 706 1, 501 84	14, 480 14, 398 597 12, 275 1, 526 82	13, 501 13, 425 322 11, 541 1, 562 76	12, 420 12, 349 414 10, 342 1, 593 71	11, 496 11, 433 367 9, 513 1, 553 62	
Exportsbales_ Importsdo	500, 828 1, 812 27. 9	535, 032 3, 859 29. 1	433, 434 1, 974 29. 1	468, 268 913 30. 8	208, 678 84, 892 33. 2	211, 910 23, 400 34. 5	181, 402 12, 356 33. 3	313, 762 472 32. 4	297, 845 809 30. 3	222, 230 1, 009 28, 2	210, 753 1, 636 28. 2	284, 454 3, 360 7 30, 1	245, 208 2, 563 31. 3	31
Control inters: cents per lb. Consumption \P	34. 6 75 69	34. 7 82 49	34. 8 86 34	34. 9 66 35	34. 8 5 85 43	34. 7 88 94	34. 8 4 104 217	34. 8 90 178	34. 4 4 107 167	34. 3 101 169	34. 3 101 140	34.4 4 121 138	34. 6 103 108	34
COTTON MANUFACTURES	943	894	829	785	680	678	782	827	857	864	868	846	797	
Cotton cloth: Cotton broadwoven goods over 12 inches in width, production, quarterly△mil. of linear yd Exports	57, 585 9, 172	46, 823 14, 732	2, 202 37, 393 13, 610	29, 232 15, 224	43, 500 10, 350	2, 105 39, 109 11, 419	41, 629 8, 078	38, 729 15, 004	7 2, 327 38, 037 9, 481	42, 490 9, 102	34, 096 14, 012	41, 704 13, 674	37, 896 12, 320	
Prices, wholesale: Mill marginst Denim, white back, 28-inch, 8 oz/yd cents per lb Print cloth, 39-inch, 68 x 72 Print cloth, 39-inch, 68 x 72 Sheeting, class B, 40-inch, 48 x 44-48 otton yarn, natural stock, on cones or tubes:	22. 75 36. 4 14. 8 15. 5	22. 00 36. 4 14. 7 15. 4	21. 71 36. 4 15. 0 15. 1	21, 65 36, 4 15, 0 15, 0	22, 30 36, 4 15, 4 15, 5	22. 24 36. 4 15. 4 15. 8	22. 16 36. 4 15. 4 15. 8	23. 36 36. 4 15. 6 16. 0	25, 06 36, 4 16, 5 16, 3	25. 01 36. 4 16. 5 16. 5	25. 97 36. 4 16. 5 17. 0	26. 91 36. 4 16. 5 7 17. 3	27. 18 p 36. 4 p 16. 4 p 17. 3	27
Prices, wholesale, f. o. b. mill: 20/2, carded, weavingdol. per lb. 36/2, combed, knittingdo	. 657 . 937	. 657 . 931	. 657 . 933	. 657 . 933	. 657 . 935	. 661 . 933	. 661 . 931	. 661 . 931	. 661 . 931	. 661 . 931	. 666 . 943	. 676 r. 946	p. 672 p. 946	
pindle activity (cotton system spindles):¶△ Active spindles, last working day, totalthous. Consuming 100 percent cottondo	19, 230 17, 605	19, 262 17, 688	19, 018 17, 469	19, 241 17, 513	19, 268 17, 541	19, 251 17, 641	19, 279 17, 650	19, 269 17, 611	19, 276 17, 616	19, 283 17, 636	19, 272 17, 642	19, 265 17, 637	19, 555 17, 945	
Spindle hours operated, all fibers, totalmillionsdodo	7 410	8, 183 409 7, 535	8, 304 415 7, 644	4 8, 662 7 347 4 7, 909	8, 777 439 8, 070	8, 870 444 8, 190	4 11, 447 458 4 10, 496	9, 180 459 8, 389	4 10, 427 417 4 9, 453	9, 352 468 8, 552	9, 542 477 8, 743	4 11, 706 468 4 10, 743	9, 567 478 8, 776	
MANMADE FIBERS AND MANUFACTURES														
Fiber production, quarterly total \mathcal{P}			347. 5 144. 4 66. 3 113. 3			391. 0 162. 0 81. 3 121. 9			7 444. 2 167. 4 97. 7 7 147. 2			457, 9 175, 0 96, 1 153, 8	6 64. 6 6 31. 9	
Exports: Yarns and monofilamentsthous. of lb. Staple, tow, and topsdo Imports: Yarns and monofilamentsdo Staple, tow, and topsdo	4, 732 1, 540 191 6, 267	2,842 1,862 161 6,583	3, 397 1, 491 276 5, 772	3, 326 1, 849 139 7, 224	4, 233 1, 859 287 6, 870	4, 078 2, 562 264 4, 548	3, 750 1, 986 587 8, 920	3, 565 2, 246 175 8, 089	3, 644 2, 687 308 10, 190	3, 574 1, 935 482 7, 818	2, 572 2, 770 285 9, 289	4, 260 2, 038 182 10, 551	3, 255 2, 263 443 13, 517	
Rayon and acetate: Stocks, producers', end of month, total⊕_mil. of lb_ Filament yarndodo Staple (incl. tow)⊕dodo	126. 1 69. 9 56. 2	122. 7 69. 6 53. 1	118. 6 67. 3 51. 3	117. 8 66. 0 51. 8	111. 5 61. 3 50. 2	108. 9 60. 6 48. 3	104. 3 59. 2 45. 1	97. 9 55. 6 42. 3	96. 4 51. 7 44. 7	98. 1 50. 4 47. 7	99. 0 48. 1 50. 9	r 94. 6 r 45. 3 r 49. 3	93. 3 43. 8 49. 5	
Prices, rayon, viscose: Yarn, filament, 150 denierdol. per lb. Staple, 1.5 denierdo	. 838	. 850 . 311	. 850 . 311	. 850 . 311	. 760 . 311	. 760 . 311	. 760 . 311	. 760 . 311	. 760 . 311	. 760 . 311	. 760 . 311	7.780 .311	p. 780 p. 321	
Manmade-fiber broadwoven fabrics: Production, quarterly total ♀△_thous, of linear yd. Rayon and acetate (excl. tire fabric)do Nylon and chiefly nylon mixturesdo			574, 525 413, 942 69, 228			578,053 412,639 71,213			7 614,153 7 424,339 7 75, 311					
Exports, piece goodsthous. of sq. yd.	14, 288	14, 061	12, 146	9, 379	11, 898	11,870	15, 914	12, 238	11,742	12, 794	10, 941	13, 677	13, 924	
mports, raw thous. of lb. 'rice, raw, AA, 20-22 denier dol. per lb. 'roduction, fabric, qtrly. total∆ thous. of linear yd.	193 4. 27	373 4, 27	228 3. 93 5, 775	304 4. 27	422 4. 27	259 4. 20 6, 001	522 3.72	848 3.68	993 3, 62 7 6, 804	569 3. 61	574 3.88	502 4.03	248	
wool														
Vool consumption, mill (clean basis):¶△ Apparel classthous, of lb Carpet classdo	47,608	16, 965 5, 866	18, 605 6, 498	4 20, 480 4 7, 382	18, 630 9, 913	11, 446	1	12, 444	4 19, 393 4 14, 208	19, 809 14, 458	20, 265 14, 583	4 25, 415 4 16, 135	23, 069 13, 941	
Vool imports, clean contentdo Apparel class (dutiable), clean contentdo	17, 115 8, 029	12, 979 6, 508	11, 288 6, 116	13, 106 5, 540	11, 667 4, 119	14, 834 5, 032	23, 833 5, 206	21, 221 7, 811	25, 626 10, 568	31, 076 11, 006	25, 317 11, 230	35, 173 13, 167	31, 218 11, 028	

					1958							1050		
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1956 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1957 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May
		TEXT	TLE I	PROD	UCTS	-Con	tinued	l		 	<u> </u>	''		
WOOL AND MANUFACTURES														
Wool prices, raw, clean basis, Boston: Good French combing and staple: Graded territory, fine	1. 135 . 847 1. 225 91. 5	1, 150 , 836 1, 225 86, 0	1. 150 . 882 1. 225 94. 8	1. 130 . 875 1. 195 94. 8	1. 125 . 875 1. 175 93. 5	1. 125 . 875 1. 175 93. 5	1. 125 . 843 1. 075 91. 0	1. 125 . 849 1. 025 88. 5	1, 125 , 915 1, 025 90, 5	1. 088 . 908 1. 025 90. 5	1, 075 . 870 . 975 89. 3	1. 075 . 860 . 975 90. 5	1. 165 . 962 1. 035 94. 8	1. 225 1. 025 1. 075
Woolen and worsted woven goods, except woven felts: Production, quarterly totalo'thous. of lin. yd. Apparel fabrics, totaldo. Other than Government orders, totaldo. Men's and boys'do Women's and children'sdo Prices, wholesale, suiting, f. o, b. mill:	r558, 527 r558, 137 r526, 564 r531, 573		70, 585 730, 509			7 66, 897 7 65, 089 7 23, 142 7 41, 947								
Flannel, men's and boys'	97. 3	111. 9 97. 3	111.9 97.3	108. 6 97. 3	106. 7 97. 3	106. 7 90. 8	106. 7 89. 1	104. 5 89. 1	104. 5 89. 1	104. 5 89. 1	105. 6 90. 8	7 103. 7 90. 8	103. 7 90. 8	
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT														
AIRCRAFT														
Manufacturers of complete types: Aircraft, engines, propellers, parts, etc.: Orders, new (net), quarterly totalmil. of dol Sales (net), quarterly totaldo Backlog of orders, total, end of quarterdo For U.S. military customersodo Civilian aircraft:othous. of dol Airframe weightthous. of lb			2,866		30, 776 1, 106. 0	2, 112 2, 799 13, 035 7, 130 24, 401 855, 2		34, 881 1, 107. 1	2, 974 2, 947 7 13, 171 7 6, 933 37, 672 1, 258, 9			12,705		
Exports (commercial and civilian)⊕♂thous. of dol	16, 655	18, 887	10, 966	20, 086	26, 768	13, 279	8, 064	9, 767	9, 951	12, 991	4, 213	4, 168	8, 576	
MOTOR VEHICLES				Ì										
Factory sales, total number Coaches, total do Domestic do Passenger cars, total do Domestic do Trucks, total do Domestic do do do	396, 712 344 290 322, 482 308, 904 73, 886 56, 042	427, 608 241 206 352, 076 340, 599 75, 291 58, 509	412, 971 91 84 342, 228 334, 311 70, 652 56, 019	381, 813 358 290 316, 408 310, 001 65, 047 50, 454	250, 460 265 259 194, 974 192, 770 55, 221 47, 030	149, 256 216 212 102, 687 98, 009 46, 353 34, 232	342, 324 149 149 272, 241 263, 491 69, 934 55, 865	605, 334 167 124 511, 885 497, 218 93, 282 79, 618	709, 078 208 165 608, 730 594, 188 100, 140 82, 688	635, 664 169 112 539, 451 527, 588 96, 044 81, 599	577, 093 143 141 476, 977 466, 564 99, 973 83, 775	686, 612 245 200 575, 012 563, 849 111, 355 93, 060	575, 268 116, 910	p 2 660, 400 p 2 373 p 2 547,300 p 2 112,700
Exports, totalo do	27, 126 12, 402 14, 724 38, 073 36, 465	30, 280 13, 695 16, 585 36, 355 34, 981	20, 815 9, 714 11, 101 30, 117 28, 835	24, 394 9, 408 14, 986 45, 212 43, 550	15, 326 5, 060 10, 266 36, 875 36, 020	15, 267 7, 425 7, 842 36, 170 34, 592	14, 755 6, 546 8, 209 42, 256 41, 245	18, 873 11, 333 7, 540 38, 916 37, 569	35, 641 15, 458 20, 183 54, 824 53, 218	24, 248 11, 520 12, 728 55, 728 54, 075	21, 319 10, 700 10, 619 50, 916 49, 167	31, 452 10, 758 20, 694 58, 207 56, 474	26, 586 11, 971 14, 615 60, 567 57, 898	
Truck trailers (complete), production $\P \sigma^1$ dodo	r 4 3, 528 r 4 1, 701 r 4 254	r 3, 797 r 1, 842 r 291	r 3, 697 r 1, 784 r 273	7 3, 780 7 1, 794 7 237	7 3, 866 7 2, 037 7 296	7 4, 426 7 2, 393 7 339	r 4, 807 r 2, 825 r 260	7 4, 182 7 2, 443 7 245	r 4, 832 r 2, 888 r 268	4, 875 2, 913 330	4, 888 2, 692 435	7 5, 550 2, 924 558	6, 287 3, 282 389	
Registrations:O New passenger carsdo New commercial carsdo	418, 255 63, 403	423, 484 63, 238	410, 607 63, 995	³ 400, 286 ³ 63, 383	³ 370, 856 ³ 63, 981	³ 317,070 ³ 60,716	³ 321, 285 ³ 56, 234	³ 334, 876 ³ 55, 222	³ 511, 284 ³ 73, 891	419, 512 61, 776	423, 793 64, 688			
RAILROAD EQUIPMENT American Railway Car Institute:														
Freight cars: Shipments, total	5, 501 3, 968 3, 820 1, 533	3, 762 2, 392 2, 338 1, 370	2, 501 1, 273 1, 273 1, 228	2, 178 1, 145 1, 145 1, 033	2, 182 1, 307 1, 307 875	2, 296 1, 153 1, 055 1, 143	1, 811 759 606 1, 052	2, 256 1, 319 905 937	2, 763 1, 584 1, 442 1, 179	1, 972 1, 014 982 958	2, 506 1, 677 1, 657 829	2, 808 1, 777 1, 766 1, 031	3, 741 2, 334 2, 334 1, 407	
New orders, totald—do Equipment manufacturers, totaldo Domesticdo Railroad and private-line shops, domestic.do	400 300 300 100	1, 391 1, 340 1, 340 51	320 192 192 128	821 821 386 0	1, 873 871 771 1, 002	1, 670 1, 628 1, 543 42	666 606 606 60	6, 525 4, 628 4, 398 1, 897	3,706 2,004 2,004 1,702	4, 328 1, 390 1, 069 2, 938	r 1, 922 r 1, 411 r 1, 292 511	10, 795 7, 370 7, 370 3, 425	3, 777 3, 240 3, 199 537	
Unfilled orders, end of month, totaldo Equipment manufacturers, totaldo Domesticdo Railroad and private-line shops, domesticdo	32, 982 8, 232 8, 158 24, 750	30, 406 6, 975 6, 955 23, 431	27, 777 5, 444 5, 424 22, 333	26, 449 5, 149 4, 694 21, 300	26, 166 4, 739 4, 184 21, 427	25, 524 5, 221 4, 679 20, 303	24, 059 4, 648 4, 259 19, 411	28, 167 7, 996 7, 791 20, 171	27, 659 8, 467 8, 404 19, 192	29, 822 8, 800 8, 448 21, 022	29, 240 8, 536 8, 085 20, 704	35, 927 14, 129 13, 689 21, 798	35, 969 15, 041 14, 551 20, 928	
Passengers cars (equipment manufacturers): Shipments, total	0 0 63 57	2 2 61 55	16 16 45 39	20 20 25 19	0 0 55 49	3 3 52 46	10 10 43 37	4 4 44 38	8 2 36 36	0 0 36 36	0 0 72 72	0 0 132 132	0 0 132 132	
Association of American Railroads: Freight cars (class I):\(\) Number owned or leased, end of monththous. Held for repairs, percent of total owned. Locomotives (class I):\(\) Diesel-electric and electric: Owned or leased, end of moNo. of power units. Serviceable, end of monthdo Installed in service (new), quarterly total.do Unfilled orders, end of monthdodo	1, 751 6. 6	1, 749 7, 1	1, 747 7. 6 28, 182 26, 922 74 134	1, 744 8. 0	1,741	1,737 8. 4 28, 181 26, 729 27 403		1,729	1, 726 8. 6 28, 303 26, 838 96 561	1, 724 8. 9	1, 722 9. 2	1, 717 8. 8 28, 395 26, 822 204	1, 707 8. 3	
Exports of locomotives, total (railroad-service and industrial types)number	84	79	42	122	94	80	95	62	96	59	33	42	26	
* Derived a Declinings Detector 14 tree		l .	1		<u></u>	atimata of				aistmatism	33	42	20	

^{*}Revised. * Preliminary. ¹ Data cover 14 weeks; for other periods, 13 weeks. ² Preliminary estimate of production. ³ Excludes registrations for Oregon; data to be revised later. ¹ Revisions for 1957 are available upon request. Data for January-March 1958 are as follows (number): Total trailers, 3,344; 3,125; 3,390; vans, 1,793; 1,676; 1,632; chassis, 289; 256; 236. ³ Production for 1st quarter 1958. ♂Scattered revisions will be shown later; see corresponding note in March 1959 Survey for periods affected. ⊕Data beginning January 1958 exclude exports of new cargo transports, included in carlier data. In 1957, such exports were valued at \$1.4 million. ¹ Now series (from *Bureau* of the *Census*). Data cover complete units, chassis, and bodies. ↓Monthly data for 1947-56 are shown at bottom of p. S-38 of the March 1958 Survey. ¹ Beginning 1958, manufacturers report all assembled complete trailers, including those for which separate chassis were purchased; prior to 1958, complete trailers for which a manufacturer purchased the chassis and added the body were excluded from the "complete trailer" classification. ②Data beginning January 1959 include new registrations in Alaska. § Excludes railroad-owned private refrigerator cars.

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Volume 39

Survey of Current Business

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