survey of CURRENT—— BUSINESS——



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The

Business Situation

Business activity continues to reflect crosscurrents, with November personal income and retail sales holding steady and industrial employment and production showing declines. Corporate income is tending downward with sales easing while cost pressures are maintained.

For the year as a whole, a record output of goods and services—and of income received—will be achieved. The figures are considerably above those of 1959, as second half economic activity was sustained at or close to the peak achieved in the first 6 months of the year.

Since midyear the topping off of aggregate output has featured a shift from the substantial inventory accumulation of the 1960 first half to moderate liquidation; a cessation of business fixed investment expansion; a more cautious purchasing of durable goods by consumers; and a further moderate curtailment in residential construction. These developments were largely counteracted by higher government outlays; improved foreign purchases; and consumer buying of nondurable goods and services which has held up well through the early part of the holiday season.

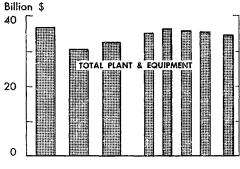
Personal income steady

Personal income in November continued at the seasonally adjusted October high of \$409½ billion. The November income flow reflected a decline in wage and salary disbursements, mostly as a reflection of slackening corporate business which resulted in a reduction in employment and hours worked. This lowering of income from current production was offset by a rise in transfer payments, including an increase in unemployment compensation payments, and by the maintenance of dividend payments despite slumping profits.

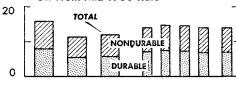
Personal income in October and November was \$1½ billion above the third quarter average and \$23 billion, or 6 percent higher than a year ago when business was feeling some pinch from the steel strike. The slight gain in income since midyear has been almost matched by increased consumer prices so that real purchasing power—though up some 4 percent from a year ago—was little changed over this most recent period.

Retail sales in October and November, after correction for the normal seasonal rise, moved ahead of last summer's lagging pace. The November

FIXED INVESTMENT
Business Trims Outlays
In Late 1960—Early 1961



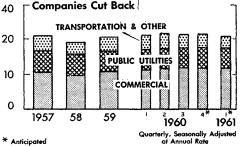
Manufacturing Investment Edges
Off From Mid-1960 Rate



Utilities and Commercial Firms

Maintain Expenditures—Transportation

Companies Cut Back



Data: SEC 8 0BE
U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics 60 - 12 - 1

sales total was even with the improved October pace. Department stores in November and early December were doing about the same volume of business as during last year's holiday season, and most other nondurable lines of trade registered gains. Dealer deliveries of new autos advanced in the fall, with extra sales efforts being exerted to move the unsold 1960 models and with the 1961 models generally meeting an initial favorable response.

Some of the major expansionary elements which were propelling the economy forward as the year began have largely spent their force for the time being. As indicated in a subsequent review, business fixed investment is no longer rising, after a steady 2-year gain from the cyclical low in 1958. Current programs of business firms point to some moderate cutbacks extending at least into early next year.

Production is currently being held back to pare inventories. While stocks in trade channels have undergone little net change in the aggregate since midvear, manufacturers' holdings have been reduced moderately. The cutbackamounting to about \$800 million from June through October—has been concentrated so far in working stocks; this reduction was not significantly different on a relative basis from the 4 percent decline in sales over this period. Accumulation of finished goods at the factory level has continued through 1960, and in view of the current volume of sales. business seems to regard them as being on the high side at the present time.

Factory orders and output drop

Incoming orders to manufacturers declined in October following a 2-month spurt due largely to accelerated defense order placement. For both durable and nondurable goods producers, new orders were once more close to earlier

lows. With incoming new business flowing at a seasonally adjusted pace about equal to sales in the last several months, backlogs were unchanged at a volume \$5 billion, or 10 percent below a year ago.

The sales, orders, and inventory picture facing manufacturers since early in the year has brought production schedules steadily lower. The Federal Reserve Board production index was 105 in November (1957=100), down 3 percent from the third quarter, and 6 points under the recent high at the start of the year. The decline over the course of 1960 came largely from a 10 percent cutback in durable goods production. Output of nondurables continued upward through the spring months, but has reflected mixed tendencies in the more recent period.

Output of machinery has eased in recent months with both electrical and nonelectrical components sharing in the decline. A part of the reduction in electrical machinery reflected the sharp drop since June, after seasonal adjustment, in the production of television receivers. Total machinery sales abroad, as noted in the comprehensive review of exports in this issue, have been noticeably higher than a year ago with foreign demand for capital equipment being particularly strong in Europe.

Automobile assemblies have continued at a heightened pace, though some cutbacks were instituted in particular makes as stocks in dealers' hands approached new highs for the season. Consumer purchasing of domestic cars in October and November exceeded a seasonally adjusted annual rate of 6 million, well above the summer sales pace. Sales of foreign makes have declined. Production of other consumer durables is still held back by relatively slow sales and high stocks on hand.

Private construction activity has been on a moderately downward slope since midyear, with the major influence being residential building.

Employment lower

Overall business activity remains high, but the autumn stimuli have not been of seasonal proportions with a resultant continuing lag in employment. The utilities, finance and other service groups have shown little change since early summer, while declines have occurred in manufacturing, trade, construction and mining. Both durable and nondurable goods producers have fewer employees than in the second quarter.

The average week was just over 39 hours in November, down from slightly under 40 hours last July on a seasonally adjusted basis. In this most recent period, the cutback was more pronounced in nondurable goods production; earlier this year, the durable goods firms had been more prominent in the change.

Government employment and income from this source continue to move upward, with the principal gain by State and local units. These agencies now employ 325,000, or 4 percent, more than a year ago, and altogether they account for three-fourths of the total gain in nonfarm employment. The number of Federal civilian workers is currently unchanged from a year ago.

The financial situation

Relative ease continues to feature financial markets generally. Stock prices in November and early December were up noticeably from their October lows, averaging currently about the same as last spring. With the exception of utilities, where prices have been exceptionally firm in 1960, common stocks remain well below the postwar highs reached around the start of the year.

The availability of credit was enlarged as the lending power of commercial banks was augmented by additional reserves made available in early December by Federal Reserve actions. The money supply, which had tended lower through the middle of the year after allowing for seasonal influences, moved upward through November.

New security issues of nonfinancial corporations have continued at a fairly steady rate, although down a bit from last year. The reduction has been centered in stock issues; sales of new bonds and notes have picked up in tempo this year. Business bank borrowing has leveled off since midyear as new working capital needs were curtailed.

Consumer borrowing has tapered, in part reflecting reduced home purchases

but also because of the reduced use of credit for purchasing durable consumer goods. Use of credit for the latter purpose reached a peak last spring, but since then, new installment loans have fallen almost one-tenth. Meanwhile, fixed commitments to repay mortgage and other installment debt remain close to the all-time high.

Borrowing costs have not changed greatly in the last several months; they are currently up a bit from the lows reached last summer but remain well below last winter's high. Long-term Federal issues now yield 3.9 percent, up 0.1 from August but almost 0.5 of a point below the January peak. The Treasury bill rate moved up from the neighborhood of 2 percent last summer to $2\frac{1}{2}$ percent more recently; this compares with a yield of $4\frac{1}{2}$ percent last winter.

Steel Developments

The steel industry experienced a rate of operations considerably below expectations during most of 1960. Mill operations in November averaged 51 percent of capacity and a slightly lower rate prevailed in December. For the final quarter as a whole, output is estimated at about 19 million tons of steel ingots and castings, somewhat lower than in the previous quarter and more than two-fifths below the record output of the January–March period.

The July-December volume, estimated at 39 million tons, was only 1 million tons higher than the total for the low 6 months of the 1958 recession year. For the full year 1960, ingot steel production is likely to run a shade under 100 million tons, an increase of 6 million tons over 1959.

The 1960 production total may yield about 72 million tons of finished steel products. After allowance is made for imports and exports, the supply available for the domestic market, as shown in the accompanying table, is indicated at 72.3 million tons, up slightly from the 1959 tonnage though more than 7 million tons under the high 1955–57 average.

During the steel strike year of 1959, the excess of imports over exports added nearly 3 million tons of steel to the domestic supply side; this year, exports increased and imports decreased so that for the year as a whole the industry's foreign trade position was approximately balanced.

The reduction of inventories of finished steel in the hands of consumers and producers has been underway for the past 6 months or so. For producers, the inventory liquidation has been moderate with the book value of current stocks of finished goods inventories—intermediate and finished steel products as well as other finished materials—just moderately under the high point. Though actual figures are not available, it appears that the reduction has been on a much larger scale for the metal fabricating industries.

While steel shipments to all markets this year were below the high 1955-57 average, overall consumption of steel was probably close to the average of that period. Activity in the metal fabricating industries has been at a high

rate, though it has declined in the more recent months. This group of industries generally accounts for 65 to 70 percent of total steel shipments. In the earlier period, manufacturers bought more steel than was used whereas this vear inventories were liquidated after a rapid upbuilding in the initial months of the year. It should also be pointed out that overall consumption of steel in recent years has been reduced by a shift in the product mix of some important end products and by increasing substitution of competing materials such as aluminum, concrete, plastics, and glass. Standing out is the lower steel requirements for the so-called "compact" cars, which now constitute more than one-third of the total passenger car output.

Auto steel use high

The auto industry in 1960 received roughly 14.7 million tons of finished

steel direct from domestic mills, plus an unmeasured but sizable tonnage from foreign sources. In the aggregate. supplies available to motor car manufacturers, while still lower than the 1955-57 average, exceeded all years except 1955—the top year of auto production. This year's assemblies of passenger cars and trucks over 7.8 million are expected to be the third highest on record. Of the 1960 count, 2 million units consisted of "compacts". The 1961 passenger car on the average contains more than 60 pounds of aluminum and 25 pounds of plastics; this contrasts with negligible quantities in the earlier years.

Table 1.—Production and Supplies of Steel

[Million short tons, except as noted]

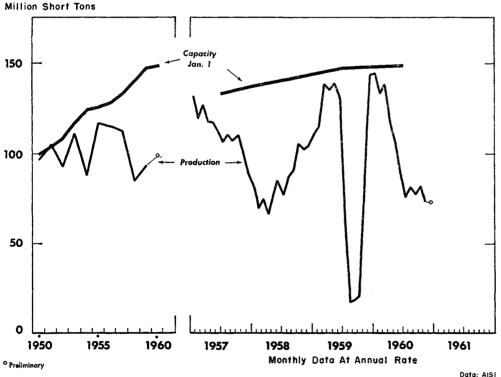
	1955–57 average	1959	1960 prelim- inary
Steel ingot production	115.0	93. 4	99. 5
Operating rate, percent of capacity 1	89.1	63. 3	67.0
Finished steel supplies: Total shipments from domestic			
production	82.6	69.4	72.0
Plus: Imports	1.2	4.4	3.4
Total new supply	83.8	73.8	75.4
Less: Exports	4.4	1.7	3.1
Available for domestic market	79.4	72.1	72.3

1. Capacity (net tons) as of January 1; 129,200,000 (1955-57 average), 147,600,000 (1959), and 148,600,000 (1960).

Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census, and American Iron and Steel Institute. Fourth quarter 1990 partly estimated by the Office of Business Economics

For other major markets, the reductions in steel takings in 1960 from the earlier period generally ranged from one-tenth to more than one-fourth. Much of the reduction in the volume of deliveries to these markets reflected sharply lower activity in 1960. For example, builders of railroad freight cars turned out an average of 70,000 units in the earlier period whereas this vear not more than 60,000 units are expected to be delivered to class I railroads. Similarly, the demand for oil country goods has remained slow reflecting the low level of activity in oil and gas drilling and continued liquidation of inventories.

STEEL OUTPUT Continues at Low Rate



U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

Data: AISI 60-12-3

Business Investment Programs

Ease Off From Peak

BUSINESS investment has tended to ease off recently and modest reductions in plant and equipment expenditures are scheduled through the first quarter of 1961, according to the recently completed quarterly survey of the Department of Commerce and Securities and Exchange Commission.

The adjusted annual rate of investment in the July-September period was \$35.9 billion, off a bit from the second quarter. Current anticipations for the fourth 1960 and first 1961 quarters are \$35.6 billion and \$34.9 billion, respectively.

Plant and equipment outlays for the full year 1960 are now calculated at \$35% billion, a 10 percent gain over what was actually spent in 1959, compared with the 14 percent advance scheduled last March. The year has witnessed a gradual reduction of programs since the spring. Actual spending in the third quarter was \$1 billion (annual rate)—or 3 percent—less than the earlier anticipation; the reduction centered mainly in airlines, gas utilities and in retail trade. Revised anticipations for the fourth quarter are also down some \$1 billion at an annual rate below the figures reported 3 months ago, with decreases fairly widespread by industry.

Declines in outlays reported in the latest survey are not large, except for the transportation industries. Most major groups will be starting out the year 1961 with investment totals that are not markedly different from the average for 1960. The data are summarized in the accompanying summary table.

The reductions that have taken place stem mainly from the declines in sales and profits in many industries since the spring; sales, moreover, have not come up to earlier expectations. Independent factors have also contributed to the decrease, such as the near completion of the airlines' jet program this year. That the declines have not been larger may be attributed to the fact that overall economic activity has changed comparatively little thus far, with important economic indicators showing mixed, rather than uniformly downward trends.

Manufacturing edges off

The year and a half rise in manufacturing investment, in progress since the beginning of 1959, came to a halt this past summer and manufacturing firms are now planning a small reduction. The seasonally adjusted annual rate in the second and third quarters of 1960 was approximately \$14.7 billion, and \$14.3 billion has been scheduled

Investment in Plant and Equipment for Years 1959 and 1960, and First Quarter 1961 at Annual Rate

	Billi	ons of	dollars		ercent nange		
	1959	1960 p	First quarter 1961 ¹	1959 to 1960	1960 to 1961 first quarter		
Manufacturing	12.07	14. 45	14.3	20	-1		
Durable goods industries	5.77	7. 20	7.1	25	-2		
Nondurable goods industries	6. 29	7.25	7.2	15	-1		
MiningRailroadsTransportation, other	. 99 . 92	1.01 1.02	1.0 .7	2 10	-36		
than rail	2.02	1.94	1.6	-4	-19		
Public utilities Commercial and other	5. 67 10. 88	5. 74 11. 59	5.7 11.7	1 7	0		
Total	32, 54	35.74	34.9	10	-2		

Preliminary includes anticipation for fourth quarter.
 Seasonally adjusted annual rates.

Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and the Securities and Exchange Commission.

in the fourth quarter of this year and again in the first quarter of 1961. Manufacturing investment, it may be noted, was in the forefront of the 1960 investment advance, and the \$2½-billion rise over 1959 for this category accounted for some three-fourths of the dollar increase in total plant and equipment expenditures over this period.

The decrease currently scheduled

centers mainly in durable goods industries, where sales and earnings have been easing since early in the year. The largest cutback is in iron and steel, although this is from a near-record volume. High investment in steel facilities this year, coming at a time when the operating rate has been quite low, is an interesting example of an autonomous investment demand influenced to a large extent by factors related to more efficient operations. Elsewhere among durable goods producers, relative changes are small, with most first quarter 1961 rates differing little from the 1960 average.

Nondurable goods outlays, seasonally adjusted, show a pattern of aggregate stability after the second quarter. Some falling off is apparent in the investment programs of textile, paper and petroleum companies but food company programs appear quite firm and chemicals firms are anticipating a slightly rising trend in their outlays.

Nonmanufacturing steady

The stable volume of investment in nonmanufacturing industries that has been in effect since early 1959 is expected to continue through the end of 1960 with some fall off scheduled for the first quarter of 1961. As in the past individual trends are mixed.

Both major segments of the transportation industry are planning sharp reductions from recent spending rates. The railroads, with carloadings down and railroad income depressed, are planning to spend considerably less in the first quarter of 1961 than they did in 1960. New orders for freight cars have been reduced so that unfilled orders for such equipment are now lower than at any time since the late summer of 1958.

The domestic airlines' current jet acquisition program is now far advanced; this year's programs, moreover, have again been stretched out so that 1960 outlays are less than expenditures in 1959. It now appears that the top in such spending was in the second half of 1959, with anticipated first quarters 1961 expenditures well below the average for that period.

The other nonrail transportation groups—pipelines, water carriers, trucking and bus lines—also show declining

investment tendencies since this past summer. For 1960 as a whole, expenditures were unchanged from 1959 in the case of pipelines, moderately higher in the case of water carriers and bus lines, and lower for trucking firms.

Utility rate high

Plant and equipment expenditures of electric utility companies are holding up well, a phenomenon that has been observed in each of the previous postwar downturns in aggregate fixed investment. High rates of investment are expected to be maintained through this fall and winter. With sales to customers showing little change since midvear, there has been a slight cutback-about $4\frac{1}{2}$ percent—from

expenditure expectations reported last March so that this year should see a rise of only 2 percent over 1959.

Gas company investment continues high but with a rather erratic movement on a quarterly basis; fourth quarter 1960 and first quarter 1961 scheduled expenditures, seasonally adjusted, are not much different from the 1960 average. At the present time it appears that expenditures have been reduced about 10 percent below the expectations reported in March, so that 1960 outlays will probably not differ much from the 1959 expenditure total. Pipeline authorizations by the Federal Power Commission so far this year have been running at a record rate.

Commercial construction steady

Communications investment is reaching a new high this year with the total in excess of \$3 billion, up about 15 percent over 1959. The seasonally adjusted trend of outlays is steadily up through the third quarter of 1960, with some leveling apparent around yearend.

In the commercial group a stable rate of outlays at record levels is apparent from the second quarter of 1960 through the first quarter of 1961. On an annual basis most of the subgroups in this category—trade, service, and finance-show investment increases over 1959, with construction contractors alone registering a decrease.

Table 2.—Expenditures on New Plant and Equipment by U.S. Business, 1958-61

[Billions of dollars] Unadjusted Annual Seasonally adjusted at annual rates 1960 1961 1969 1961 1959 1959 1958 1959 1960 2 July Oct.-Dec. Jan.-Mar. Apr.-June July- Oct.-Sept. Dec. Jan.-Mar. Apr.-June July-Jan. Apr.– June July-Sept, Oct.- Jan.-Dec. 2 Mar.2 Apr.-June Mar. Mar. Sept. Mar. Sept Dec. Manufacturing..... 11, 43 12,67 14, 45 2,46 3.023, 02 3, 57 3.09 3,76 3,62 3, 98 3.14 11, 20 11, 80 12, 25 12, 85 14, 10 14.70 14,65 14.3 14, 3 $^{1.\,74}_{.\,34}_{.\,09}$ Durable goods industries..... 1.45 1.53 7. 20 1. 60 1.14 1.44 1.55 1.88 1.80 1.97 5, 25 5.75 1.05 5, 85 7,40 7.1 Primary iron and steel Primary nonterrous metals Electrical machinery and 1. 19 . 21 . 07 . 27 . 09 . 33 . 42 . 42 . 44 . 90 1.75 1.04 32 1.00 1.15 1.60 1.60 . 07 . 07 . 30 . 30 . 30 . 52 . 12 . 13 . 12 . 17 . 20 . 50 . 70 . 46 . 65 . 09 . 17 . 16 . 13 . 45 . 55 . 55 . 60 65 . 7 . 6 equipment ... Machinery, except electrical_ Motor vehicles and equipment . 92 . 56 . 91 . 64 . 18 . 12 $\frac{.22}{.15}$. 23 . 18 . 28 . 19 . 25 . 17 . 28 . 23 $\frac{.26}{.25}$ $\frac{.31}{.23}$. 25 . 17 . 80 . 55 . 90 . 60 . 95 . 70 $\frac{.95}{.75}$ 1. 11 1.05 1. 1 1. 1 . 89 .80 . 90 . 8 Transportation equipment, excluding motor vehicles... Stone, clay, and glass products Other durable goods 3...... . 37 . 40 1. 13 . 11 . 18 . 43 39 08 . 40 . 40 . 40 . 40 . 45 . 40 . 40 . 5 . 14 . 13 . 15 . 14 . 11 . 53 1. 44 . 17 . 43 $\frac{.15}{.37}$ 1. 59 . 37 1, 31 , 19 , 08 Nondurable goods industries.... Food and beverages..... Textile mill products..... 1. 57 . 22 . 10 1. 58 . 20 . 10 1. 88 . 25 . 13 1. 81 . 23 . 14 2. 01 . 23 . 13 1. 61 . 23 . 13 1. 54 . 21 . 12 6. 05 . 85 . 35 5. 98 6. 29 1.83 6.40 6.70 . 83 . 41 $\frac{.74}{.29}$. 22 . 13 . 75 . 30 . 85 . 45 .85 .50 . 90 . 90 . 95 . 60 . 9 . 52 Paper and allied products____Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products_ . 12 . 26 . 52 . 15 . 30 . 62 . 05 . 16 . 33 . 53 . 16 . 39 $\begin{array}{c} .55 \\ 1.15 \\ 2.55 \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} .8 \\ 1.7 \\ 2.6 \end{array}$. 18 . 40 20 1. 23 2. 49 . 19 1. 60 2. 58 . 40 1. 32 2. 43 . 31 1. 15 2. 40 $\frac{1.30}{2.45}$ $\frac{1,30}{2,55}$ $\frac{1.60}{2.70}$. 36 . 73 1. 45 2. 55 1.65 2.50 2.3 69 .72 . 48 Rubber products
Other nondurable goods 4 04 . 06 . 06 . 16 . 05 65 . 11 . 12 . 17 ----. 21 . 24 . 26 . 27 . 22 . 27 . 25 . 94 . 99 1.01 . 26 . 22 . 95 Mining..... . 95 1, 00 1.05 1.00 1, 05 1.00 1.0 1.0 . 26 Railroads . 75 . 92 1.02 . 16 . 28 . 22 . 25 . 29 . 24 . 21 . 16 . 65 1.00 1, 30 . 85 1.00 1.10 1,00 1, 0 .7 Transportation, other than rail..... 1,50 2,02 1.94 . 41 . 53 . 54 . 55 . 47 . 55 . 47 . 46 . 38 1,70 2, 10 2, 15 2, 15 2,00 2, 15 1,90 1.8 1.6 Public utilities..... 6, 09 5, 67 5, 74 1, 20 1, 47 1,48 1,51 1, 18 1, 42 1, 59 1,61 1, 18 5, 80 5.80 5, 60 5.75 5, 70 5, 9 5.7 5, 50 5, 60 Communications..... 2,62 2, 67 . 67 . 66 . 59 . 75 11, 59 2, 99 2.91 3.01 2, 76 10, 35 10,85 11.05 11, 20 11, 35 11, 60 11, 75 11.7 11,7 Commercial and other 5 7, 20 8, 21 1,88 2, 12 2,08 2, 12 Total____ 9, 59 31.9 30, 53 32,54 35, 74 6, 91 8, 32 8, 32 8, 99 7, 89 9, 28 8,98 7,84 30, 60 32, 50 33, 35 33, 60 36, 30 35, 90 35, 6 35, 15

Data exclude expenditures of agricultural business and outlays charged to current account.
 Estimates for the year 1960 are based on actual capital expenditures for the first three quarters and anticipated capital expenditures for the final quarter of the year. These data were reported by business in late October and November 1960. The anticipated data have been adjusted when necessary for systematic tendencies.
 Includes fabricated metal products, lumber products, furniture and fixtures, instruments, ordnance, and miscellaneous manufactures.
 Includes apparel and related products, tobacco, leather and leather products, and printing and publishing.
 Includes trade, service, finance, and construction. Figures for 1960-61 and seasonally adjusted data also include communications.

NOTE: Details may not add to totals due to rounding. Data for earlier years were published in the June 1956 and March 1958 SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS.

Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics; and Securities and Exchange Commission.

The Balance of International Payments

Was More Adverse in Third Quarter—Higher Capital Outflows More Than Offset Continuing Rise in Trade Surplus

THE expansion in the surplus on merchandise trade continued in the third quarter when it reached a seasonally adjusted annual rate of more than \$5 billion, about \$1 billion higher than in the previous quarter. The effect of this change was more than offset, however, by a rise in the net outflow of funds on other transactions which increased to a seasonally adjusted annual rate of about \$9\/\delta\ billion, from close to \$7 billion in the second quarter.

The excess of payments over receipts, measured by the decline in our gold holdings and the increase in liquid liabilities rose in the third quarter to a seasonally adjusted annual rate of about \$4.1 billion. This raised the deficit for the first 3 quarters of 1960 to \$3.2 billion at an annual rate, compared with \$3.8 billion for calendar year 1959.

The deterioration in the international balance since the first quarter of this year—when net payments were at a rate of \$2.6 billion—was nearly as large as the improvement which had occurred earlier from the previous quarterly high in the middle of 1959 to the initial 1960 quarter.

Somewhat more than half of the rise in the merchandise trade surplus in the third quarter was due to a decline in imports to a seasonally adjusted annual rate of just under \$15 billion, nearly \$1 billion less than a year earlier.

Nonmilitary merchandise experts advanced to an annual rate of \$20 billion from \$19.5 billion in the second quarter and \$4% billion above the trough in the first quarter of 1959.

Although exports in the third quarter of this year were close to the previous peak in the early part of 1957, the export surplus (see chart) was still less than at that time.

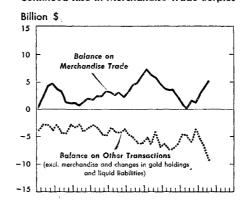
The large increase in net payments on transactions other than merchandise trade was due to shifts in private capital movements. Government nonmilitary grants and capital outflows were lower than in the previous quarter (which included an \$80 million capital contribution to the Inter-American Development Bank) and net payments on services and military transactions were slightly reduced.

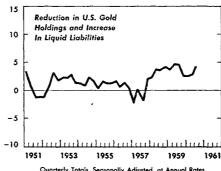
Capital outflows increase

The rise in net capital outflows during the third quarter resulted mainly from an acceleration of U.S. short-term investments abroad, and a \$145 million change from net purchases to net sales by foreigners of U.S. corporate securities. Perhaps a combination of these developments was responsible for the substantial rise in net payments on unrecorded transactions.

Direct investments also increased, contrary to the usual seasonal experi-

U.S. BALANCE OF INTERNATIONAL PAYMENTS Deteriorates in Past Six Months, Despite Continued Rise in Merchandise Trade Surplus





Quarterly Totals, Seasonally Adjusted, at Annual Rates

NOTE.— Excludes milltory goods & services under grants for all periods and in the second quarter of 1959 the U.S. subscription to the International Monetary Fund.

U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics 60-12-4

ence. There are indications that this represented in part the transfer of funds to foreign affiliates, or the retention for short-term investment abroad of funds which ordinarily would have been repatriated. About \$200 million of the total of \$345 million during the quarter was invested in Europe. This represents a doubling of direct investments in Europe over the previous quarter and nearly so over the average quarterly rate during 1959. More than half of the \$200 million total invested in Europe was reported by oil companies.

Other long- and medium-term investments abroad, principally purchases of foreign securities and loans, were less than in the second quarter.

Record short-term capital flows

The recorded outflow of short-term U.S. private funds increased in the third quarter to about \$400 million, the highest quarterly amount on record. Additional short-term investments abroad are probably also reflected in the steadily rising debit balance on unrecorded transactions during 1960, which reached about \$280 million in the third quarter (after seasonal adjustment), a swing in excess of \$400 million from the average credit balance of about \$150 million per quarter during the 4 years 1956–59.

A considerable part of the outstanding credits represents financing of trade between foreign countries, with the U.S. financial institutions probably purchasing the commercial paper from foreign exporters or banks. At the end of the third quarter U.S. banks held nearly \$400 million in dollar acceptances based on trade between other countries. While these investments at the end of September amounted to only about one-eighth of the total outstanding short-term foreign claims reported by banks in the United States, they comprised nearly 40 percent of the \$400

million increase in claims reported by these institutions during the second and third quarters.

Another significant development was the considerable rise in short-term claims which were payable in foreign currencies. Between March and September these were reported by banks to be up from about \$200 to \$400 mil-This was the highest amount on record, and accounted for about half of the total rise in foreign claims reported by banks. In addition, substantial investments of that type were reported during the second and third quarters by nonfinancial enterprises and additional outflows of funds for such investment abroad during the third quarter can be inferred from the rise in net payments on unrecorded transactions. Most of the assets denominated in foreign currencies are held in the United Kingdom and Canada. During the third quarter the amount of such funds held in Japan also became significant.

dollar Outstanding acceptances based on exports from the United States more than doubled from the end of 1959 until the end of September, while exports increased from the fourth quarter of 1959 to the third quarter of this year by less than 10 percent (before adjustment for seasonal variations). This suggests that foreign importers obtained credits from the United States in preference to credits from their own or other lending countries. Export acceptance credit was also substantially higher than during the previous export peak in 1957.

Differences in interest rates widened

International investments of liquid capital, particularly purchases and sales of negotiable short-term obligations such as acceptances and Treasury bills, and changes in deposits held in foreign banks are influenced by differences among countries in interest rates earned on such investments.

In order to react to interest rate differentials, international capital movements must also be relatively free of exchange control or other restrictions. It was, in fact, the removal of such restrictions by most of the European countries in early 1959, and more recently by Japan, that made the

balance of payments of the United States much more subject to international financial competition than it had been prior to that time.

The following tabulation gives an indication of earnings on 3-months Treasury bills here, in Canada, and in the United Kingdom, without and with forward exchange cover. Although other investments for liquid funds are also available here and abroad, the Treasury bill rates may give a fair illustration of the changes in one incentive for international movements of liquid capital.

It may be seen that with forward foreign exchange cover, the net gain resulting from investment in United Kingdom rather than U.S. Treasury bills rose to well over 1 percent in June and stayed about that high through October. A high difference of nearly 2 percent was reached in the early part of July. Although this dropped to about 1 percent in November, it was still high enough to provide some inducement to

investors to keep their liquid funds in the United Kingdom.

According to reports, some individuals or business concerns invested shortterm funds abroad without forward cover under the assumption that the interest rate differentials of well over 3 percent during most of the third quarter would be large enough to compensate for exchange losses, which, in fact, in many periods did not occur or were relatively small.

The rise in interest rate differentials was the result of a decline in U.S. Treasury bill rates starting around the middle of January 1960, with a major downward shift occurring in June. British rates had moved up subsequent to November of 1959, with a sharp rise in July but declined again during October and November. Incentives to hold liquid funds in Cananda were relatively high from the middle of June to the middle of August, and reappeared during the latter half of October and in November.

Table 3.—Analysis of U.S. Balance of Payments (Excluding Goods and Services Transferred Under Military Grants)

[Millions of dollars]

	Calend	lar year		Qni	arterly (s	easonally	z adjuste	di	
	1958	1959		195	59			1950	
			I	II	111	11/-	ſ	31	111 #
Recorded transactions other than changes in monetary gold stock and in liquid li- abilities:									
U.S. payments	27,750	29, 634	7, 020	7, 537	7,522	7, 555	7, 444	7,665	7,883
Imports: Merchandise Services Remittances and pensions. Government grants and related capital		15, 315 8, 245 779	3, 592 2, 029 186	3, 930 2, 036 189	3, 951 2, 082 211	3, 842 2, 098 193	3, 790 2, 138 194	3, 855 2, 166 214	3, 715 2, 173 219
outflows	2,427	2,477	616	611	629	621	628	760	634
U.S. private and other Government capital outflows. U.S. receipts. Exports:	3, 548 23, 893	2,818 25,025	597 5, 983	771 6, 026	649 6,458	801 6,558	6,826	670 7, 112	1, 142 7, 134
Merchandise	16, 263 7, 062	16, 225 7, 239	3, 828 1, 786	3, 940 1, 749	4, 330 1, 823	4, 127 1, 881	4,589 1,880	4, 876 1, 934	5,00 0 1,961
loans	544 24	1, 013 548	297 72	147 190	147 158	422 128	172 185	150 152	174 1
Excess of receipts or payments (-)on goods and serviceson unilateral transfers, on movements	2,272	-4,609 -96	-1,037 -7	-1,511 -277	-1,064 120	997 68	-618 541	-553 789	-749 1,073
of U.S. capital and of foreign long- term capital	-6, 129	- 4, 513	-1,030	-1, 234	-1.184	-1,065	-1, 159	-1.541	-1.822
Unrecorded transactions: Excess of receipts or payments (-)	380	783	144	351	- 63	351	-22	-159	- 283
Total (balanced by decline in U.S. gold holdings and in- creases in recorded liquid li- abilities)	-3,477	-3,826	-893	¹-1, 160	-1,127	-646	-640	-712	- 1, 032
Quarterly figures at annual rates			-3, 600	1-4,600	-4.500	-2.600	-2,600	-2,800	- 4. 1 00
Addendum: Goods and services transferred under military grants (unadjusted)	2, 281	1,988	505	626	397	460	425	615	265

 $^{{\}mathfrak p}$ Preliminary. 1. Excludes \$1,375 million for U.S. subscription to International Monetary Fund.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Table 4.-U.S. Balance of Payments by Areas-

Millions of dollars]

	Water the second	Millions of						s of dollars															
Line	Type of transaction			All	areas			We	estern	Euro	pe	E	ıstern	Euro	pe		Can	ıada		La	tin A repu		an
Dine	Type of mansachon		1959			1960		199	59	196	30	19	59	19	60	19	59	190	60	198	59	19	060
		I	II	ш	1	II r	III p	11	III	II r			III	II r			III			11			III »
1	Exports of goods and services	5, 926	6, 423	6, 275	6, 734	7,518	6, 946	2, 048	2, 614	2, 637	2, 404	15	52	51	60	1, 370	1, 323	1, 384	1, 267	1, 316	1, 294	1, 363	1, 328
2	Goods and services transferred under military grants, net.	505	626	397	425	615	265		253	- 1										20	7	20	7
3	Goods and services excluding transfers under military grants.	5, 421	5, 797	5,878	6, 309	6, 903	6, 681	1, 655	1, 761	2, 317	2, 271	15	52	51	60	1, 370	1, 323	1, 384	1, 267	1, 296	1, 287	1, 343	1, 321
4	Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military.	3,802	4,060		4, 604	5,000	· i	1,097			.	13	42	47	50	1,046		1,048	883	915	894		l
5	Transportation Travel Miscellaneous services:	386 187	$\frac{425}{222}$	429 295	414 193	452 247	457 325	197 25	193 30	205 31	209 38	(x) 1	(x)	(x) ²	(x) ²	35 116	36 160	34 126	33 166	75 66	78 81	75 73	77 93
7 8	Private Government, excluding military	300 36	300 36	301 35	294 36	302 36	299 36	141 10	135 12	139 13	136 12	(x)	(x) ¹	(x)	(x) 1	34 1		34 1	36 1	57 7	64 6	59 6	57 7
9	Military transactions Income on investments:	74	85	63	63	122	108	50	41	89	77			(x)		9	6	10	7		4	9	Ĭ
10 11 12	Direct investmentsOther privateGovernment	468 108 60	488 121 60	536 113 71	532 115 58	556 131 57	568 128 87	75 29 31	98 23 31	103 30 24	85 27 41		8	1	7	77 52 (x)		80 51	89 52	137 18 18	125 17 18	153 23 17	
13 14	Import of goods and services Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military	5, 431 3, 597	5, 967 3, 884		5,761 3,820	6,049 3,858		2, 244 1, 146			2, 146 913	20 19	26 21	25 22	27 21	1,060 802	770	1,002 747	1, 119 733	1, 183 945	1, 166 896	1, 230 979	1, 141 871
15 16	TransportationTravel	409 258	472 412	480 617	$\frac{440}{285}$	537 476	524 675	252 180	$\frac{260}{238}$	$\frac{284}{218}$	$\frac{284}{274}$	(x) 1	(x) 4	(x)	(x) 5	27 73	28	30 83	30	57 106	57 116	65 109	64
17 18	Miscellamons services: Private Government, excluding military	143 69	145 71	163 112	139 64	141 68	149 107	93 20	92 20	92 19	92 20		(x)	(x)	(x)	7	7	7	7 1	40 19	59 20	37 15	
19	Military expenditures Income on investments:	775	790	773	764	736	790		1	388	428		(x)	(x)	(x)	109	109	89	97	7	9		
$\frac{20}{21}$	Private Government	128 52	134 59	133 74	148 101	147 86	145 77		88 45	94 47	92 43					34 7	26 8	37 8	34 7	7 2	6 3	7 4	8
22 23 24	Balance on goods and services. Excluding transfers under military grants. Unilateral transfers, net [to foreign countries]	495 10 1, 132	$^{456}_{-170}$ $^{-1,204}$		973 548 -1,000	1, 469 854 -1, 239	924 659 879			415 95 -477	258 125 291	-5	26 26 -6	26 26 -7	33 33 6	310		382 382 -11				113	180
25	()}. Excluding military transfers	-627	-578	-534	-575	-624	-614	-144	-128	-157	158	-7	-6	-7	-6	-4	-6	-11	-13	-46	39	-48	-42
26	Private remittances Government:	-141	1 38	-131	-142	-163	-156	-68	-67	-74	-7 5	-6	-6	-6	- 5	(x)	- 2	-3	- 5	-12	-10	-17	-15
27 28 29	Military grants of goods and services_ Other grants_ Pensions and other transfers	505 437 49	-626 -393 -47		-425 -380 -53	$-615 \\ -411 \\ -50$	$-265 \\ -405 \\ -53$	-55	-253 -42 -19	$ \begin{array}{r} -320 \\ -63 \\ -20 \end{array} $	-133 -62 -21	-1	(x) (x)	-1 (x)	-1 (x)	 4	 -4	8	<u>-</u> 8	$ \begin{array}{r} -20 \\ -32 \\ -2 \end{array} $		-28	-24
30 31	U.S. capital, net [increase in U.S. assets (-)] Private, net	$-470 \\ -391$	$-2,498 \\ -745$		-768 -546	-1,064 -683	$-1,008 \\ -864$	-175	$-43 \\ -54$	-267	-373	-7	-26 (x)	$-27 \\ 2$		$-190 \\ -190$						-115	$-112 \\ -96$
32 33	Direct investments, net New issues	$-267 \\ -192$	-449 -129	-175	$ \begin{array}{r} -269 \\ -274 \\ \end{array} $	-297 -103	-59		-18		201					$-141 \\ -77$	136	-69	-10		-78	-24	-25
34 35 36	Redemptions. Other long-term, net. Short-term, net.	$-120 \\ 167$	$ \begin{array}{r} 36 \\ -141 \\ -62 \end{array} $	$-40 \\ -40 \\ 40$	22 30 55	-149 -160	$^{21}_{-83}$ $^{-398}$	-67	32 -39		-66		(x)	3 -1	i	$\begin{array}{c c} 25 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{array}$	8	$ \begin{array}{c c} 15 \\ -2 \\ -49 \end{array} $				$-116 \\ 137$	
37	Government, net	79	-1,663	-228	-222	-381	-141	-62	11	2	51	-4	-26	-29	-19	(x)	-3			46	-65	-115	-16
38 39 40	Long-term capital ³ . Repayments Foreign currency holdings and short- term claims, net [increase (—)].	-289 208 -58	-1, 652 116 -127	147	$ \begin{array}{r} -220 \\ 150 \\ -152 \end{array} $	-345 113 -149	-230 173 -87	45	76	-38 32 8	$-70 \\ 100 \\ 21$	(x)	-3 6 -29	1		(x)	(x) -3			-100 53 1	29	-140 50 -25	39
41	Foreign capital, net [increase in U.S. liabilities (+)].	852	2, 050	1, 277	751	885	514	716	753	590	163	8	-9	11	-9	58	248	139	93	11	-235	40	-6
42	Direct and long-term portfolio investments (other than U.S. Government securities)	72	190	158	185	152	-1	141	135	109	21					22	1	22	-32	4	3	3	1
43	in the United States. Foreign purchases of U.S. Government bonds	116	57	323	124	50	-182	58	121	19	-33					-2	108	-56	- 5	-2	1	-1	-19
44	and notes, net. Increase in U.S. short-term liabilities to foreign banks and official institutions.	440	1, 702	748	439	751	803	458	469	527	270	8	-10	10	-9	-1	107	152	156	22	-210	60	-21
45	Increase in other U.S. short-term liabilities.	224	101	48	3	-68	106	59	28	-65	-9 5		1	1	(x)	39	32	21	-26	-13		-22	
	Monetary gold [U.S. sales $(+)$, purchases $(-)$]. Increase in U.S. short-term and other liquid	95 875	741 2,601	167	50 616	94 827	637 1, 152	318 893	274 892	48 529	577 719		9	11	9	36	247	117	125	21 28	-23	38	36 29
	liabilities (lines 48-45) and reductions in gold holdings (line 46).3 Errors and omissions and transfers of funds between foreign areas freceipts by foreign	160	365		-6	-145	-188			-311								-317					
	areas (-)], net. Memorandum items:																						
I	Increase in reported total foreign gold re- serves and liquid dollar holdings.4	1, 035	2,841		790	1, 038	1, 271	1 1	754	ł	958				-9 		213	i i				-111	İ
II	Through estimated net receipts from, or payments (—) to the United	872	2, 593	1, 278	608	817	1, 147	829	585	218	334	23	6	8	-7	-138	132	-200	62	135	12	47	-27
111	States. ³ Through other transactions ⁶	163	248	143	182	221	124	131	169	722	624	-15	-15	3	-2	175	81	276	48	-114	-251	-158	-35

^{*} Revised. ** Preliminary. nss Not shown separately. ** Less than \$500,000.

1. Beginning with the first quarter of 1959 transactions with shipping companies operating under the flags of Liberia, Panama, Honduras, and Bahamas are shown in the column "International institutions and unallocated."

2. Iraq is not included in the sterling area, beginning with the third quarter of 1959.

3. Includes in the second quarter of 1959 \$1,375 million for increase in U.S. subscription to the International Monetary Fund, of which \$344 million was paid in gold (line 46) and \$1,031 million in non-interest-bearing short-term Government securities (line 44).

4. Changes in reported gold reserves of foreign central banks and governments, excluding U.S.S.R. and other Eastern European countries, plus foreign liquid dollar holdings (lines 43, 44, and 45).

Second and Third Quarters, 1959 and 1960

[Millions of dollars]

			1	·		[Millions of dellars]														
	. 11 2												Sterling	; area ²						
	All other o	countries 1		Interna	tional ins unalloc		and		To	tal		Unite	d Kingd Eur		other		Other co	ountries		Line
19	59	196	60	1959	9	190	30	195	59	196	30	195	59	19	60	19	59	19	60	
II	III	Πr	III p	ıı	m	II r	III p	п	Ш	II r	III »	II	III	II ·	III Þ	II	III	11 ,	III p	
1,603	1,540	2, 029	1,826	71	52	54	61	nss	nss	nss	nss	nss	nss	nss	nss	nss		nss	nss	1
213	137 1, 403	275 1,754	125 1,701	71	52	54	61	nss 967	nss 1, 021	nss	nss 1, 304	nss 426	nss 462	nss 604	nss 588	nss 541	nss 559	nss 748	nss 716	3
1,390 972	965	1, 794	1, 701	17	32	9-1		591	648	1, 352 930	939	213	264	372	392	378	1	558	547	4
92 15	98 24	105 17	107 28	25	23	31	29	83 16	83 22	92 19	95 26	55 8	53 9	58 10	60 11	28 8	30 13	34 9	35 15	. 5 6
56 18	57 17	57 16	57 16	(x)	(x) 10	12	12	97 7	96	99 7	94	73	72 3	74	69	24 5		25	25	1
23	12	14	13	(x)	(x)	(x)	5	8	6	5	5	2 2	2	2	2	6	4	3	3	9
191 12 11	203 13 14	219 17 15	207 17 19	8 10	10 9	10	11	131 16 18	142 12 5	170 17 13	119 12 8	47 13 13	50° 9	65 13 7	9	84 3 5	92 3 5	105 4 6	76 3 8	
1,355 964 56 52	1,401 1,003 58	1,440 1,020 61	1,441 1,012 61	105 8 80	142 8 77	130 10 97	148 5 85	1, 123 696 96	1, 123 677 97	1,170 660 110	1,049 581 111	625 304 83 36	638 305 84	618 282 97	569 218 97	498 392 13 32	485 372 13	378	480 363 14	14
	58 53 5	63	66 5					68 73	97 87 73	81 72	103 72	36 71	49 71	44 71	55	i	1	37	48	
5 25 239	26 238	5 25 245	5 25 251	6	44	8	45	11 128	11 123	11 116	10 117	80 80	$\begin{array}{c} 71 \\ 2 \\ 75 \end{array}$	68	74	2 9 48	2 9 48	9 48	8 43	18
9 5	12 6	9 12	11 10	1 10	$\frac{1}{12}$	(x) 15	(x) 13	44 7	47 8	49 8	47 8	4 3 6	45 7	47 7	45 7	1	2 1	2 1	2 1	20 21
248 35 -563	139 2 479	589 314 —659	385 260 -493	-34 -34 -27	-90 -90 -13	-76 -76 -17	$-87 \\ -87 \\ -27$	nss -156 nss	nss 102 nss	nss 245 nss	nss 255 nss	nss 199 nss	nss -176 nss	nss 14 nss	j 19	nss 43 nss	74	259	236	23
-350	-342	-384	-368	-27	-13	-17	-27	-98	-88	-101	-106	-17	18	-20	-19	-81		-81		1
-52	-46	-63	56					-30	27	-32	-29	-14	-15	-17	-16	-16				1
-213 -278 -20	-137 -252 -44	-275 -302 -19	$-125 \\ -291 \\ -21$	-27	-13	-17	27	nss -64 -4	nss 57 4	nss -64 -5	nss -72 -5	(x) -3	nss (x) -3	nss (x) -3	(x)	nss - 64 - 1		nss -64 -2	nss -72 -2	28
-349 -173 -70	-161 -14	-435 -194 -80	-358 -196 -21	-1,415 -40 -30	2 	$-29 \\ -29 \\ 6$	-31 -33 -22	-194 -107 -95	-148 -53	-396 -245 -97	-317 -191 -101	$ \begin{array}{r} -40 \\ -42 \\ -50 \end{array} $	-25 -29	-156 -171 -65	-182	-154 -65 -45		-230 -74 -32	-134 -9 -6	31
-14 2 -15	-19 1 -29	-28 1 -16	23 5	$ \begin{array}{c c} -4 \\ 3 \\ -9 \end{array} $	-2 2 15	$-3 \\ -36$	-1 -12	i 1 16	-11 1 8	-17 20	 -6	30	17	38	-6	1 -14	-11 1 -9	-17 -18		33 34 35
-76 -176		-241	-157 -162	(x) -1,375	2	(x)	(x) 2	-29 -87	-54 -95	-151 -151	-84 -126	-22 2	-52 4	-144 5		-7 -89	-2 -99		-3 -125	36
-120 18 -74		-165 30 -106	$ \begin{array}{r} -111 \\ 26 \\ -77 \end{array} $	-1, 375 (x)	(x) 2	(x)	2	-46 12 -53	$-46 \\ -60$	-81	-69	-3 4 1	-1 1 4	-1 6	(x) (x)	-43 8 -51	10	-89 12	-68	38
172 18		42 15		1,085	324	63	171 5	86 54	129 27			31 47	75 24	380 25		55	54 3			
3				(x)	82				63			16	63			•	(x)	30		43
135				1, 080			250	16 5	46		178	-46	—5		ł	1	1			į
16	[(x)	(x)	(x)	(x)	11	-7	-5		14	-7		1	-3		(x)	-4	i
50 204]		į		ŀ	10 70	5 171	200 232	150 252			200 184	150 201	İ	200 385	1	51	13 -5		46
442	243					49	-31	162	59		-184	25	6		1					
177	242	1	59	1, 638	460	121	215	38	209	382	267	9	126	430	335	29	83	-48	-68	I
646				· '		109	135	394	311		168	209	195			1	1		ļ	
-469	-246	-489	-403	175	373	12	80	-356	-102	161	99	-200	69	255	153	156	-33	-94	-54	111

^{5.} For "All areas" equals balance (with reverse sign) on line 23 (less net sales of gold by domestic sources to (+) or purchases from (-) the monetary gold stock of the United States). plus lines 25, 30, 42, and 48. Domestic sales to (+) or purchases from (-) the monetary gold stock were in millions of dollars: 1959 I, -3; II, -8; III, -8; III, -8; III, -8; III, -10; III, -5. For individual areas line 48 is not included.

6. Line I minus line II. Amounts for "All areas" represents gold obtained by foreign countries outside the United States.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Money Market Rates

[Percents per year]

			er y ea	,			
				Exce	ess ov Sta		ited
Averages		mont! sury		forw exch	hout vard ange ver	war cha	n for- l ex- nge ver
	United States	Canada	United Kingdom	Canada	United Kingdom	Canada	United Kingdom
First quarter	2. 76 3. 01 3. 49 4. 22	4.87 5.56	3. 34 3. 47	1.86 2.07	0. 41 . 33 02 74	52 02	11 . 11
1960 First quarter	3, 86	4. 41	4. 43	. 55	. 57	. 14	. 48
Aprii May June July August September October November	3. 23 3. 29 2. 46 2. 30 2. 30 2. 48 2. 30 2. 37	2. 87 2. 87 3. 13 2. 53 1. 89 2. 65	4, 58 4, 88 5, 58 5, 58 5, 53 5, 36	42 . 41 . 83 . 23 59	1. 29 2. 42 3. 28 3. 28 3. 05 3. 06	26 . 61 . 66 . 36 24	. 66 1. 38 1. 37 1. 34 95 1. 25

Sour at Boar Lof governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The apparent advantage of holding liquid funds abroad based upon interest rate differentials with or without forward cover paralleled the movement of short-term U.S. capital as shown in the available statistics, and a similar movement of other funds as is suggested by the swing from the usual net receipts to net payments on unrecorded transactions.

Relation of business to capital flow

The changes in interest rates on short-term securities, such as Treasury bills, are largely the result of capital market conditions and of policies of monetary authorities to steer economic dayelopments in their respective countries. The rise in interest rates in several European countries during the spring of this year was the result of the upward movement of business activity close to their productive capacities, and the desire of the monetary authorities to dampen the rise in demand so as to avoid inflationary pressures. The decline in rates here coincided with a gradual easing of the market demand for goods and services.

The outflow of short-term capital—and to some extent also of funds for longer term investments—was due, therefore, to the same economic forces which are also to a large extent responsible for the recent rise in exports and the slow decline in imports.

Volatility of capital movements

While capital movements and changes in trade can frequently have opposite effects on the balance of payments (as is also suggested by the chart), recent experience has shown again that capital movements can change much more rapidly than trade or services transactions.

A rise in net payments started by an outflow of funds to take advantage of higher interest rates abroad can be accentuated by speculative capital movements in anticipation of changes in the relationship of currencies to each other or to gold, or of restrictions on the international movement of funds. This danger increases as the international liquidity of a country shrinks, either as a result of declining liquid assets or of increasing liquid liabilities. The rise in the outflow of gold since July, which reached a peak of nearly \$500 million in November, and the speculative nonmonetary demand for gold during October in foreign markets appears—in part at least—to be related to the earlier increase in the deficit in the balance of payments. importance of short term capital movements is illustrated by the fact that both in the prewar and postwar periods major financial difficulties in foreign countries were usually preceded, aggravated, or, often caused by, large adverse movements of liquid capital.

Except for liquid capital flows balance improved

The third-quarter balance on transactions, other than these movements of liquid funds, consisted of net payments to foreign countries of not quite \$1.5 billion, at a seasonally adjusted annual rate. (This estimate assumes that some short-term capital outflows would have occurred to finance exports or for other purposes not related to interest rate differentials or other, special, factors.) If the inflow of foreign long-term capital had been as large as during the average of the preceding vear, net payments would have been less than \$1 billion. As already noted, this large improvement from the \$4.5 billion rate a year earlier was primarily the result of the higher surplus on merchandise trade, and some improvement in the balance on services and military transactions.

As indicated in the extensive analysis of merchandise trade on p. 11 in this issue, recent exports included large deliveries of commercial planes, and large shipments of industrial materials due to supply shortages abroad, particularly in steel and nonferrous metals which typically develop during cyclical peaks. These cannot be expected to continue in such large volume over longer periods.

Imports were probably less than can be assumed for a period of higher utilization of our domestic productive capacity. Although the trade balance suggests a recovery from the extraordinarily unfavorable conditions in the early part of 1959 and also an improvement in our competitive position, it also reflects a temporary coincidence of circumstances which tended to raise the surplus.

Immediate and long-run balance of payments problem

The recent balance of payments developments suggest, therefore, two problems: The immediate requirement of checking the outflow of short-term capital, and the longer range requirement of bringing about a further improvement in the balance on our major interchange.

The attainment of the first objective has been eased somewhat by reductions in interest rates in some foreign countries during November and December, but so long as business activity in Europe and Japan continues at relatively high rates, the tight supply situation for capital in these countries is not likely to show a substantial change. Therefore, some of the adjustment to reduce the outflow of funds may have to be made in this country.

An adjustment of the rates on shortterm negotiable securities to the extent necessary to attract the funds which otherwise would go abroad would help to strengthen the balance of payments and the international position of the dollar. A resumption of the expansion in business activity here would also tend to increase the domestic employment of

(Continued on page 20)

Expansion of Exports Supports Domestic Business

Merchandise Trade Surplus Expands to 3-Year High

Export gains in industrial materials and capital goods to Europe and Japan Imports are lowest since early 1959; industrial materials and automobiles lead decline

Position of U.S. in World Trade Analyzed

AS RECENTLY as a year and a half ago, contraction in the U.S. merchandise export surplus was a prominent factor contributing to the increasing deficit in the nation's balance of international payments. The restoration and rapid expansion of the trade surplus in the brief period since that time have reversed the previously unfavorable impact of merchandise transactions upon our international financial position.

Differential movements in business activity here and abroad have helped to raise the export balance. These same diverse economic trends, however, have induced capital movements, particularly during the second half of the year, which more than offset the beneficial effect on the balance of payments that otherwise could have been expected from the favorable shift in our trade position. This is discussed in the analysis of recent changes in our international status that appears earlier in this issue.

With the slowing down in our economic pace during the course of 1960, the brisk rate of export business has become a welcome stimulus to domestic output of a broad range of commodities. At the same time lower imports of some manufactured products have also exerted a favorable influence on production schedules in several of the Nation's leading industries which have recently demonstrated an increased ability to vie with foreign competition in the home market.

NOTE. Substantial portions of the data contained in this article were prepared by Hugh L. Hodge.

In the second quarter of 1960, the margin of merchandise exports over imports stood at more than \$4 billion at a seasonally adjusted annual rate as compared to the abnormal situation prevailing a year earlier when our trade interchange was in virtual balance. During the third quarter, the merchandise surplus climbed by still another \$1 billion, topping the \$5-billion mark for the first time since 1957, when the Suez crisis had provided a temporary stimulus to exports. More recently, our large positive trade balance has been well maintained as evidenced by export and import data for October 1960.

Though lower imports and higher exports have operated as partners in the rebuilding of our positive trade balance over the past year as a whole, higher exports played a more important part in this development (see chart).

Exports near record; imports off

Exports in the July-September quarter 1960 hit \$20 billion at a seasonally adjusted annual rate, having advanced by more than \$4% billion or by 30 percent, as compared with the cyclical low in the first quarter of 1959.

The recent expansion of exports has been much slower than was the case during the earlier phase of the upswing. The third quarter gain in exports of half a billion dollars at a seasonally adjusted annual rate was absolutely and relatively much less than the corresponding advances attained in the previous two quarters.

Imports, in contrast to exports, have drifted gradually downward since late

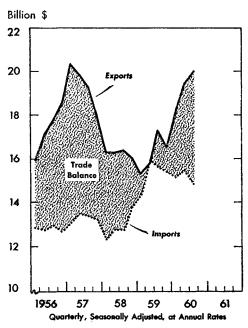
1959. After a brief rally in the spring quarter, imports were again on the downgrade in the third quarter, sliding by over half a billion dollars to a seasonally adjusted annual rate well below \$15 billion. This total, the lowest since January–March 1959, was more than \$1 billion below the record rate established in the second quarter of last year.

Area distribution of trade

In the first three quarters of 1960, improvement in the balance with Western Europe and Japan accounted for

EXPANSION IN U.S. TRADE SURPLUS*

Third Quarter Merchandise Exports
Exceed Imports by \$5 Billion at Annual Rate



*Excluding military goods

U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics 60-12-5

nearly three-fourths of the year-to-year gain in the overall trade surplus. This change, which coincided with the expansion of European and Japanese business activity to new highs, merits more than ordinary attention. It reversed a pattern which had characterized U.S. trade with these areas during the preceding period of more than 2 years. Beginning in the latter part of 1957, there had been a steady deterioration in, and eventual elimination of, our traditionally large export surpluses with Europe and Japan, and by the spring of 1959 a small net import balance had developed.

During the middle two quarters of 1960, net receipts from trade with Western Europe aggregated nearly \$2.8 billion at an annual rate, reflecting a gain in exports of almost \$2.2 billion (up nearly one-half) and a drop in imports of about \$0.6 billion (down about one-eighth), as compared with the corresponding 6-month period a year earlier when our export and import trade with that area was about evenly matched (table 1).

In the same middle quarters of 1960 the merchandise account with Japan showed a moderate surplus, in contrast to a sizable import balance a year earlier. Although imports from Japan continued to rise during this period, the increase in imports was more than offset by the advance in exports. Such exports to Japan were up by almost onehalf, having advanced relatively about as fast as exports to Western Europe.

Aside from Western Europe and Japan, the other areas which contributed prominently to the recent rise in the overall export surplus include a few countries in the outer sterling area—Australia, India, and the Union of South Africa—and Eastern Europe.

Minor shifts in Canada and Latin America

During January-September 1960, the export surplus with Canada was almost identical with that of a year ago. Whereas in the first quarter of 1960 both exports to and imports from Canada had been higher than a year earlier, the totals for the following six months showed a moderate year-toyear decline in our two-way trade with that country, having been adversely affected by the slackening in Canadian economic activity and the more recent leveling tendency in our own economy.

For nearly 2 years our overall trading account with the 20 Latin American republics has been in approximate balance. Relatively little change has occurred in either exports to or imports from Latin America as a whole.

The Cuban market was approaching virtual collapse even before the imposition of the recent embargo. The

current rate of exports to Venezuela is the lowest in 5 years. Major losses in exports to these two countries since last year have been compensated by increased shipments to a number of other southern destinations including Mexico, Argentina, Chile, Colombia, and Uruguay. In the case of imports, reduced arrivals from Cuba since May likewise have been largely offset by expanded purchases from other Latin American sources including Venezuela, Peru, and Mexico.

Role of Six Key Commodities

THE steep climb in the overall merchandise surplus reflects favorable shifts in exports and imports of a broad range of commodities, but six major individual commodities have led the expansion (table 2). During July-September, steel, cotton, and aircraft together accounted for almost two-fifths of the year-to-year gain in the export surplus.

Another trio—passenger cars, copper, and aluminum-contributed an additional one-fourth of the total improve-

Though the United States did not resume its pre-1959 position as a net exporter of steel until May 1960, by the third quarter the excess of exports over imports had risen to \$340 million

Table 1.-U.S. Exports, General Imports, and Trade Balance, by Selected Countries [Millions of dollars]

	[Armons of donars]													
	ex	Exports, including reexports (excluding military aid)					Gene	eral in	ports		Trac po po		(+)	e ² —Net ex- or net im-
	I	II	III	Jan Sept.	IV	I	П	111	Jan Sept.	IV	Ι	II	III	Jan IV Sept.
1960 Year-to-year change	4.615	5.062	4.735	11, 996 14, 412 2, 416	l	3.800	3.830	3,543	11, 250 11, 173 —77		277 815 538	1,232	1, 192	
Western Europe and Japan, total 1959 1960 Year-to-year change Western Europe			1		í			1	1	1, 524	83 397 314	657 717	787 800	10 156 1,841 1,831
Western Europe 1959	458	603 215		1, 551 650 962							66 343 277 17 54	638 667 -31	777 725 —65	89 171 1, 758 1, 669 -79 -15
Year-to-year change	109 2,557 2,761 204	104 2,766 3,021 255	2, 634 2, 728 94	7, 957 8, 510 553	2,663	2, 363 2, 343 20	2, 460 2, 446 - 14	2, 398 2, 323 -75	$ \begin{bmatrix} 7,221 \\ 7,112 \\ -109 \end{bmatrix} $	2, 438	37 194 418 224	50 306 575 269	75 236 405 169	736 225 1,398
Canada 1959 1960 Year-to-year change Latin American Republics	936	1, 056 1, 056 918	884 60	2,876 -6		709 103	751 -51	731 -40	2, 191 12		276 227 -49 -112	305 51	153 -20	-18
Year-to-year change Australia 1959	847 -17 46 70	936 18 51 90	862 -35 82 114	2, 645 -34 179 274	 87	914 -62 35 41	947 33 55 31	845 -29 57 45	2,706 -58 147 117	50	-67 45 11 29	-11 -15 -4 59	17 -6 25 69	-61 24 32 37 157
Year-to-year change 1959 India 1960 Year-to-year change 1959 Eastern Europe 1959	24 122 147 25 19	93 172 79	68 139 71	283 458 175	53	57 10	56 58 2	53 61 8	156 176 20	51	90 15	37 114 77	15 78 63	127 2 282 155
Year-to-year change	27 8 624 734	45 35 638	48 8 603	120 51 1,865		19 -3	22 3 614	622	62 1,913	607	8 11	23 32 24	27 8 -19	58 51 -48 58
Year-to-year change						-74					184	61		

^{1.} Global and area export data exclude military aid shipments under the Mutual Security Program (MSP), but include "cash" special category exports (potential military end items not shipped under MSP military aid programs). Individual country totals (Japan, Australia, India) exclude all special category exports, whether shipped as MSP aid or for "cash."

2. Year-to-year changes in Trade Balances: Increase in net exports or decrease in net imports (+); Decrease in net exports or increase in net imports (-).

3. Includes "cash" special category exports to Japan.

4. Includes "cash" special category exports to Japan, Australia, and India.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

at an annual rate, the highest margin since the spring of 1958. As compared with the fourth quarter of 1959, when the disruptive effects of the domestic steel strike upon our foreign trade had been greatest, and net imports had amounted to more than \$550 million at an annual rate, the trade balance in steel had shifted in our favor by nearly \$900 million. The gain in exports and corresponding drop in imports had contributed almost equally to this major swing.

Cotton exports in 1960 promise to be among the highest in any postwar year. Based upon actual data for January-October and estimates for November and December, exports of cotton will be around \$900 million, a figure nearly twice as large as such exports in 1959 when foreign demand for U.S. cotton had been at the lowest since 1947. While exports during the current season which began in August may fall somewhat short of the 7.2 million bales exported in 1959-60, it is anticipated by the U.S. Department of Agriculture that they will be well in excess of 6 million bales.

Peak exports of aircraft; nonferrous metals

Exports of civilian-type aircraft during 1960 will be double their 1957 value, the previous record for such deliveries. During the first 10 months of the current year, aircraft exports (mainly jets) rose to over \$600 million at an annual rate, an amount \$470 million above the annual rate of January-October 1959.

New annual highs for exports of copper and aluminum are also assured for 1960. The initial quarter of the year brought the first reversal in this nation's historical role as a net importer of aluminum. Our new position as a net exporter was sustained until October when exports of aluminum declined to a rate about equal to that of imports. In the second quarter, the U.S. also abandoned its usual role as a net importer of copper, a role which has been customary since 1939. Exports of copper until October continued to top imports.

Auto imports off

Our wide margin of imports over exports of passenger cars—a situation which has existed for about 3 years—

has become steadily narrower since the third quarter of 1959 as the new compact American cars introduced a major factor of competitive importance. In the three months ended October 1960, imports fell to an annual rate of about \$310 million, less than half the amount recorded in the comparable quarter of 1959. It is estimated that unit imports for the year 1960 will total between 450,000 and 475,000—roughly 200,000 under 1959. Exports of passenger cars meanwhile, have performed even more poorly than was the case last year.

Industrial Materials Aid Surplus

In contrast to the six key items, which contributed \$2½ billion, at an annual rate, to the overall year-to-year gain in the third quarter trade surplus, all other commodities taken together were responsible for less than \$1½ billion of the total advance. At least \$670 million of the latter amount resulted from the changed pattern of our trade in a variety of crude and semi-manufactured materials. At the same time our trade deficit in foodstuffs was

Table 2.—U.S. Exports, General Imports, and Trade Balance, by Selected Commodity Groupings

[Millions of dollars] Exports, including re-exports (excluding mili-tary aid) Trade behance I—Net ports (+) or net ports (-) ce 1-Net ex-or net im-General imports Ш $_{\rm IV}$ П Jan.-IV Π III Jan.-П Ш Jan.-Total1959 381 4, 615 5, 062 4, 735 14, 412 771 962 683 2, 416 3, 239 2, 493 Year-to-year change... Six selected commodities. 485 293 - 192 1,332 1,250 1959 257 449 465 552 -367-- 103 2, 189 1, 224 554 172 Year-to-year change_ 1, 305 Cotton, unmanufactured 1959 93 213 13 9 912 211 4 11 $\frac{222}{129}$ 695 455 Year-to-year change... 448 $127 \\ 189 \\ 62$ 69 137 128 —9 Steel mill products..... 311 61 200 -- 10 -139 $\frac{172}{103}$ 479 168 209 116 $\frac{61}{71}$ 122 Year-to-year change... -61 -38 26 **64** 37 105 68 -124 | -10564 105 Copper, unmanufactured_1959 110 16 121 -67 -53 -34 $\frac{281}{171}$ 18 142 Year-to-vear change... Aluminum, unmanufactured 12 53 41 $\frac{14}{42}$ $\frac{26}{27}$ 1959 1960 18 43 42 21 -1726 40 -38 Year-to-year change ... 90 128 50 Commercial aircraft.....1959 65 11 12 59 85 59 Year-to-year change... Passenger cars, new____1959 185 139 -387 - 126152 -281 10 : Year-to-year change ... -183, 483 3, 753 3, 795 11, 031 3, 894 3, 185 3, 289 3, 344 3, 889 4, 275 4, 059 12, 223 3, 246 3, 427 3, 256 406 522 264 1, 192 61 38 -94 1, 113 Other commodities, total____1959 9, 918 3, 410 484 Year-to-year change. Crude and semimanufactured metals, n.e.s______1959 1960 993 1, 479 1, 476 1, 391 1, 388 1, 405 1, 319 -91 -71 -72 727 805 954 898 1, 013 1, 050 2, 961 475 Year-to-year change... Finished manufactures, 2, 132 2, 272 2, 132 6, 536 2, 208 2, 287 2, 513 2, 289 7, 089 ----- 553 ----855 1, 021 1, 036 1, 068 1, 144 1, 119 213 123 83 2, 912 1, 146 1, 277 1, 251 1, 096 3, 331 1, 170 419 --- 58 118 74 n.e.s._____1959 3,624 1,062 Year-to-year change... Machinery and related 2,691 965 883 908 2 290 761 958 115 2, 565 2, 565 266 960 77 Year-to-year change___ 275 -10 , 307 1, 249 , 465 1, 329 158 874 908 2,520 ,001 1,001 2,930 3, 845 1, 300 Other, n.e.s.....1959 289 1, 307 1 738 999 301 401 -150 1, 193 -132 4, 123 278 $\frac{928}{190}$ 328 -- 13 Year-to-year change__ 40 127 410 2,660 2,480 -180Foodstuffs_____1959 667 646 851 892 917 783 272 -786 -137 700 670 2.021878 - 14 $812 \\ -105$ 139 178 Year-to-year change 147 133 327 $\frac{135}{152}$ 42 50 47 48 49 47 Year-to-year change___

^{1.} Year-to-year changes in Trade Balance: Increase in net exports or decrease in net imports (+); Decrease in net exports or increase in net imports (-).

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, from basic data of Bureau of the Census

eased to the extent of about \$430 million. The export surplus on finished manufactures (excluding steel, aircraft, and autos) was at an annual rate scarcely \$300 million above that of July-September 1959.

The strengthening of the U.S. position in crude and semimanufactured materials was accomplished with the cooperation of both higher exports and lower imports of such important commodities as rubber, chemicals, lumber, paper base stocks, textile fibers, and hides and skins. It was reinforced by a large expansion in exports of iron and steel scrap.

Fuel and unmanufactured tobacco were, in fact, the only major items within this grouping which failed to contribute to our improved position in the third quarter. On the basis of their performance during the first three quarters of the year exports of coal during 1960 will be the lowest in 6 years.

Pattern of Finished Manufactures

While during 1960 exports of both finished manufactures and crude and semifinished goods, after excluding the six key items, have been higher than a year ago, the year-to-year gain of 8 percent in manufactured exports in the first 9 months of 1960 did not approach the almost one-fifth rise in exports of crude materials and semimanufactures. On the import side, moreover, manufactures rose whereas crude and semifinished goods declined.

The improvement in the surplus on manufactured goods, after excluding civilian aircraft and steel, was largely due to higher exports of machinery and a few other types of capital equipment, such as trucks and buses, and railway equipment, needed for industrial development abroad. Some increases also occurred in exports of a variety of consumer goods and other miscellaneous items—especially those which had benefited by import liberalization measures adopted by countries in Europe and elsewhere in the world, notably Australia. The higher receipts from such exports, however, were largely cancelled out by rising payments for imports of textiles, rubber and leather goods, transistor radios, and a few other types of manufactures.

During the first three quarters of 1960, machinery exports were up from a year earlier by a margin averaging about one-tenth, with most of the increase accounted for by enlarged shipments to Western Europe. Above-average relative gains were recorded by exports of specialized industrial equipment including office and textile machinery. Imports of machinery, which in the first quarter of 1960 had scored a year-to-year increase of nearly one-fifth, have since dipped below the rate of a year earlier.

Trade in Foodstuffs

Most of the reduction from last year in net payments for foodstuffs reflected shifts in trade of only three commodities—grains, coffee, and meat. Based upon the January-October period, grain exports during the current calendar year will surpass those of 1959 by several hundred million dollars and will be the high st since 1948. Due to less favorable crop conditions in Europe and to the stepped-up schedule of deliveries to India under the assistance program sanctioned by Public Law 480, wheat exports during the current season which began in July may be even higher than in the 1959-60 crop year.

Thus far in 1960 (January-October), payments for imports of meat and coffee have been at annual rates about \$100 million and \$70 million, respectively, below those of a year earlier.

Sensitivity of U.S. Exports to Overseas Business Conditions

SINCE the current expansion in exports is linked so closely with the flow of industrial materials, machinery, and a few other key commodities to Western Europe and Japan—areas which are currently experiencing unprecedented business prosperity—it may be relevant to examine some of the past responses of our exports to cyclical swings in the economies of these countries. Before looking backwards, however, some attention should be devoted to the current status of the European and Japanese industrial booms.

The nearly 2-year old upsurge in Western European business activity, which by the second quarter of 1960 had lifted output in the OEEC countries by a total of nearly one-sixth, appears to have become less steep than was the case during the earlier phase of the advance. Though in the second quarter of this year the seasonally adjusted index of industrial production for the OEEC countries combined rose at least 2 percent over the previous quarter, this progress was slower than several months earlier and less than half that which occurred in the final months of 1959. Developments during the late summer and early fall have confirmed such evidence of a slower expansion in the European economies as production approaches capacity limitations and is retarded by bottlenecks.

This is particularly true in the Common Market area, but in the United Kingdom weaknesses have appeared in several industries, particularly those producing consumer durables. In Japan production continued to expand rapidly but also at somewhat slower rates than in 1959.

Exports respond to cyclical swings abroad

From the first half of 1957 to the like period of 1958, nonmilitary exports to Western Europe and Japan underwent declines of nearly 30 and 40 percent, respectively. These major decreases coincided with a mere levelling out in European business activity and with only a very modest and short-lived dip in Japanese industrial output. While the initial reactions of our exports to the upturns in European and Japanese business activity during the latter part of 1958 were negative, this lag in response has been more than compensated during the current year. In the first half of 1960, exports to both destinations increased over the comparable period of 1959 relatively much faster than did industrial production in these areas.

The current vulnerability of our exports to possible slowdowns in business activity in overseas industrialized countries should not, of course, be measured on the basis of the magnitude of our 1957–58 export declines to these areas. However, some insight into this problem may be gained by examining the behavior of a few commodities responsible for much of the change in overall exports to Western Europe over the past 4 years.

Shifting Export Pattern to Europe

Exports of coal and petroleumwhich together had been responsible for more than two fifths of the total rise in nonmilitary exports to Western Europe from the first half of 1956 to the like period of 1957, and for over one-third of the subsequent decline in such exports from the first half of 1957 to the first half of 1959—accounted for only 4 percent of our total exports to Western Europe in January-June 1960. This portion was less than one-fourth as much as that in the same months of 1957. Any further downward changes which could possibly occur in our shipments of fuel would therefore have

only a limited effect upon the value of our overall exports to Western Europe.

Lesser role of erratic commodities

The accompanying chart shows that the remaining changes in our total non-military shipments to Western Europe during 1956–59 were associated mainly with swings in exports of five individual commodities—raw cotton, steel mill products, steel scrap, copper, and civilian aircraft. These accounted for more than 70 percent of the rise in net overall (nonfuel) exports to Western Europe from the first half of 1956 to the comparable period of 1957, and again, for more than 70 percent of the corresponding decline from the first half of 1957 to the like period of 1959.

Though these same five commodities have been prominent contributors to the major upswing in exports to this area during the current year, their 45 percent share of the total increase was greatly reduced from that of 1956–57 (see chart). This is an indication that the current upturn in exports is more broadly based than was the rise of 1956–57.

The five selected items nevertheless did contribute as much as \$\% billion of

the total increase in our nonmilitary exports (excluding fuels) to Western Europe during the first half of 1960 as compared with a year earlier. Therefore, at least brief attention should be given to factors which may affect the immediate outlook for exports of some of these commodities.

Recent factors in European demand

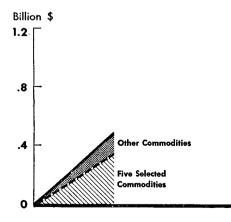
It is anticipated that European demand for American cotton will continue to be fairly high during the balance of the current crop year. However, due to such factors as the tapering off of the rise in European textile production, the gradual buildup in European inventories of raw cotton and intermediate textile products, and the increased availabilities of raw cotton in competitor exporting countries, the outlook for U.S. cotton exports at the beginning of the current season was somewhat less optimistic than it had been a year earlier when stocks abroad of American cotton were very depleted.

Judging by the large expansion in European steel output during the current year, and the further ambitious increases anticipated for 1961 and subsequent years, Western Europe's reli-

RECENT CHANGES IN U.S. NONMILITARY EXPORTS TO WESTERN EUROPE

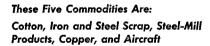
Were More Broadly Based Than During the Previous Three Years

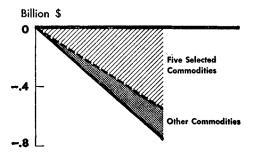
First Half INCREASE: 1956 to 1957 Five Commodities Accounted for Over 70 Percent of the Gain



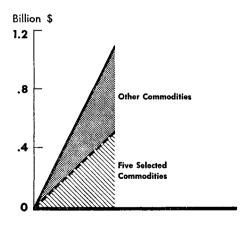
NOTE.- Excludes exports of fuel which showed an extraordinary rise and fall during and after the Suez Crisis of 1956-57,

First Half DECREASE: 1957 to 1959
The Same Five Commodities Accounted for Over 70 Percent of the Decline





First Half INCREASE: 1959 to 1960
These Five Commodities Accounted for 45 Percent of the Increase



Basic Data: Census Bureau

U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economic

60-12-6

ance on the United States as a marginal supplier of specialized types of steel, such as sheets and tubes, should be greatly reduced. Our steel shipments to Western Europe are already on the downtrend, having declined during both August and September.

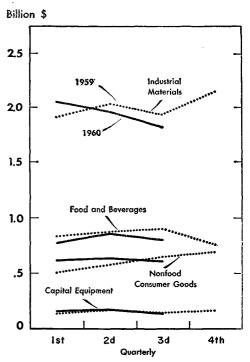
Copper exports to Western Europe fell off in September and dipped further in October. Much of the increased European demand for copper imports from the United States during the current year has been induced by political unrest and labor difficulties in traditional African and Latin American supply sources with resulting uncertainties concerning the steadiness of future supplies.

Deliveries of jet aircraft to European carriers should hold up fairly well through mid-1961, based upon the current status of manufacturers' order books. Prospects beyond that point are uncertain, being largely dependent upon whether or not foreign airlines will require further large additions to their already greatly expanded fleets.

Capital goods exports to Europe

In addition to the five selected commodities discussed above, a rise of onethird in exports of machinery to West-

U. S. MERCHANDISE IMPORTS Declines in All Major Categories



Basic data: Census Bureau partment of Commerce, Office of Business Economics 60-12-8 ern Europe in January-June 1960 contributed \$125 million to our improved sales performance in that area as compared with a year ago. This upturn may have been due in part to the progressive relaxation of European import controls which had discriminated against dollar purchases. However, it was mainly in response to the European investment boom—a boom in which American companies have been prominent participants.

The continued strength in Europe's demand for capital equipment—as evidenced by the further lengthening in delivery terms offered by European producers of machine tools and other types of machinery—appears to foretell a continuation, for some time, of the favorable market for U.S. machinery sales in Western Europe, though such appraisals are fraught with uncertainties.

Competitive output overseas grows

Though the remaining \$460 million year-to-year rise in exports to Western Europe during January-June 1960 reflected noteworthy increases in a variety of liberalized finished consumer-type items, it consisted mainly of gains in a number of industrial materials includ-

ing, among others, aluminum, chemicals, synthetic rubber, man-made fibers, and wood and paper.

The outlook for exports of many of these basic commodities is undoubtedly a function of what happens to the foreign boom, and is clouded by other factors such as the growth in Europe's own competing productive facilities. Western Europe's capacity to produce items such as aluminum, synthetic rubber, man-made fibers, and other chemicals is increasing rapidly. Whether or not this will result in a displacement of our exports depends upon the extent to which Europe's market for these products is expanding and upon the ability of our exports to meet the new competition.

Europe's consumption of many of these commodities still lags far behind our own. The current share of synthetic rubber in Western Europe's total use of new rubber is less than 40 percent, a ratio little more than one-half that of the United States. At the same time, Europe's four top users of aluminum—the United Kingdom, Germany, France, and Italy combined—consume an average of only 10 pounds per capita as compared with 27 pounds in the United States.

U.S. Merchandise Imports Lower

IMPORTS in all four major economic categories in the third 1960 quarter were lower than a year earlier (see chart). Though reductions in imports of industrial materials and foodstuffs accounted for the bulk of the over \$1 billion year-to-year decline in the annual rate of total imports during the third quarter, decreases in imports of passenger cars and a number of other types of nonfood consumer goods were also major contributing factors.

Industrial Materials Decline

Except for imports of petroleum, iron ore, and textile fabrics, arrivals of practically all major types of materials have shown a year-to-year decline since the first quarter. If these three items are

excluded, the year-to-year drop during the third quarter in the remaining segment of our imports of industrial materials was well in excess of \$800 million at an annual rate.

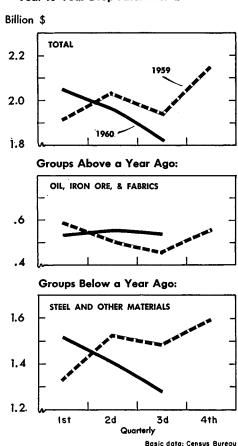
About \$240 million of the latter drop was accounted for by reduced imports of steel mill products which during the last half of 1959 and in early 1960, due to last year's steel strike, had been extraordinarily high. About three-fourths of the remaining amount was due to lower arrivals of copper, aluminum, nickel, and other crude and semimanufactured metals; crude rubber, lumber, and other building materials; and unmanufactured wool.

An examination of the relationships between supply and final purchases of major individual commodities reveals that the decline in imports has generally paralleled a similar movement in domestic consumption. It also indicates that the reduction in our overall demand for a number of important items—particularly metals—appears to have affected imports more than competing domestic production. This may, in part at least, be attributed to the large purchases of primary materials by other industrialized countries.

Downturn in nonferrous metals

Throughout most of 1960 domestic consumption of both aluminum and copper has trailed substantially behind last year's rates. The full impact of our reduced demand for aluminum after the first quarter was borne by imports which, additionally affected by the cancellation of aluminum purchase contracts with Canada's major producer in the early months of the year, slumped nearly two fifths below last year's volume in the first 10 months of 1960. Domestic primary aluminum output, in contrast to imports, was well main-

U. S. IMPORTS OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS Year-to-Year Drop After First Quarter



U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics 60-12-9

tained through the third quarter. Notwithstanding our greatly increased exports during the year, inventories of aluminum at the end of September had risen to a new high.

The same supply-threatening factors which helped promote our exports likewise affected imports of copper. These imports, though lower after the first quarter, have continued to hold up better than would otherwise have been the case. This is also true of domestic copper production, which swung into high gear after the strike settlements early in the year and has since been maintained at a near record rate.

Since the supply uncertainties are not yet fully resolved, as evidenced by the continued political unrest in Africa and the possibility of a new copper tieup in Chile at the turn of the year, the volume of copper imports may be fairly well sustained during the fourth quarter despite the continued lack of vigor in domestic consumption. The dollar value of such imports, however, may drift lower due to the break in copper prices early in October.

Dip in rubber, lumber, and wool

The volume of rubber imports in the first 10 months of 1960 was less then three-fourths as large as in the same period of 1959, but much higher world rubber prices in the current year limited the decline in the value of such imports to 10 percent. The substantial tonnage contraction is partly explained by the continued decline in the ratio of natural to total consumption of new rubber—from nearly a third in January 1960 to less than 30 percent in October.

It also reflected a partial displacement of imports by sales of natural rubber from the Government's strategic stockpile—a program initiated in October of 1959. This program is a long-term one which will be suspended only during periods when spot prices for natural rubber fall below 30 cents a pound. The major declines in prices for natural rubber since midsummer are yet to be reflected in the import statistics.

Until there is a substantial upturn in home construction, imports of lumber and other building materials may continue to be lower than in 1959.

Imports of apparel wool by the third

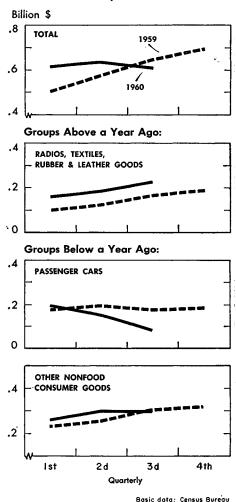
quarter of 1960 had slumped more than two-fifths below those of July-September 1959, over three times the concurrent rate of decline in consumption. In contrast to imports, domestic production of apparel wool, stimulated by the Department of Agriculture's incentive payments program, has been somewhat higher than during last year.

Shift in oil pattern; iron ore up

With prices down and the volume of imports sharply lower than a year ago when oil imports were inflated in anticipation of mandatory quotas imposed in March and April of 1959, the value of oil arrivals in the first quarter of 1960 was almost \$120 million below the same year-earlier quarter. In the following 6 months, however, this year-to-year decline was nearly canceled out as petroleum imports registered a \$100 million gain over

U. S. IMPORTS OF NONFOOD CONSUMER GOODS

Year-to-Year Drop After Second Quarter



U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics 60-12-10

April—September 1959. About half of the improvement reflected net upward revisions in the volume of quota allowables, while exempted imports—mostly bunker fuels—made up the remainder.

Notwithstanding the decline in the Nation's steel output after the March quarter, imports of iron ore have continued at a near-record rate. Domestic production of iron ore has also been maintained in excess of requirements with the result that iron ore inventories at the end of September were at a record high of 85 million tons.

Coffee, Meat, and Sugar Imports

Lower prices and reduced volume contributed almost equally to coffee imports declining by \$70 million at an annual rate in January-October 1960 as compared with a year earlier. Though roastings during the first three quarters of 1960 were about the same as a year ago, net additions to green coffee inventories amounted to less than 10 million pounds, in contrast to over 150 million pounds in the first three quarters of 1959. Still, at the end of the third quarter of 1960 such inventories were the highest in 3½ years.

The drop in imports of meat and cattle from last year's record rate reflected a shift to domestic sources of supply. In the first 10 months of 1960, the nation's cattle slaughter was up by nearly one-eighth from a year ago.

Special situation in sugar

Imports of sugar in the third quarter dipped about 20 percent below last year. This decline, an aftermath of the embargo imposed on Cuban sugar early in July, promises to be shortlived. Assuming that existing unfilled quotas and outstanding authorizations for purchases of nonquota sugar will be fully utilized before they expire at the end of the year, the volume of sugar imports during the fourth quarter will be at least 50 percent greater than that of October-December 1959. Such a high rate of arrivals, the bulk of which will be supplied by countries which previously had only very limited or no access to the U.S. sugar market, would boost the volume of imports for the year to a record or near-record high.

Mixed Trends in Consumer Goods

Divergent trends have characterized our recent imports of various types of nonfood consumer goods. Arrivals of appliances and of softgoods—apparel and other finished textiles, rubber, and leather articles—continued on the uptrend; imports of passenger cars declined sharply after the first quarter; and aggregate imports of other nonfood consumer goods lagged slightly behind a year ago beginning in the third quarter.

Auto imports hit by U.S. compacts

Reflecting the increasing success of U.S. compact cars in the domestic market, the volume of passenger car imports during July-September was

the lowest since the third quarter of 1957, having fallen by nearly threefifths as compared to the third quarter of 1959. Beginning in April, monthly registrations of foreign autos have without interruption been running below a year ago. During July-September such registrations were down from last year by nearly one-fourth. The volume of imports in the third quarter was 57,000 below the number of registrations, an indication that nearly half of the cars sold were being supplied from inventories rather than from current imports. While there is apparently still room for some further reduction in inventories of foreign cars, the future course of auto imports will presumably run more parallel to the trend in registrations than it did in the third quarter.

Comparative Export Trends of Industrial Nations

THE upswing in U.S. exports in the first half of 1960 from the cyclical lows of a year earlier was relatively somewhat greater than the concurrent rise in exports from Japan and the OEEC countries (free Europe, excluding Finland and Yugoslavia) of Western Europe. While this performance lifted U.S. foreign sales by midyear to an annual rate slightly above the peak

yearly export total of 1957, the margin of our current lead over the next ranking contender as the world's top exporter was not so wide as it had been in that earlier year.

Exports from both Japan and the countries of Western Europe, having expanded almost continuously since the early 1950's with only a mild adjustment in 1958, were at a rate in the first half of

Table 3.-Total Exports of the United States, Japan, and Western Europe

[Seasonally adjusted,1 in millions of dollars]

	United States*				OEEC	countries o	of Western	Europe	-	
:	(exclud- ing military aid)	Japan	Total	United King- dom	Ger- many	France	Italy	Nether- lands	Belgium- Luxem- bourg	Other
1957: 1st quarter 2nd quarter 3rd quarter 4th quarter	5, 083 4, 968 4, 854 4, 590	652 670 773 763	10, 179 10, 170 10, 296 10, 227	2, 385 2, 397 2, 421 2, 376	2, 115 2, 148 2, 178 2, 184	1, 317 1, 305 1, 251 1, 257	603 636 669 663	774 747 789 789	822 801 780 780	2, 163 2, 136 2, 208 2, 178
1958: 1st quarter 2nd quarter 3rd quarter 4th quarter	4, 101 4, 099 4, 102 4, 048	711 680 688 797	10, 059 9, 819 10, 269 10, 467	2, 352 2, 205 2, 391 2, 334	2, 181 2, 169 2, 247 2, 262	1, 251 1, 209 1, 275 1, 407	642 654 630 627	789 801 810 828	777 723 771 765	2, 067 2, 058 2, 145 2, 244
1959: 1st quarter 2nd quarter 3rd quarter 4th quarter	3, 870 3, 979 4, 347 4, 143	729 811 884 1,032	10, 185 10, 641 11, 136 11, 904	2, 277 2, 418 2, 427 2, 562	2, 322 2, 370 2, 481 2, 631	1, 182 1, 401 1, 470 1, 587	675 660 768 792	858 897 885 969	738 801 873 867	2, 133 2, 094 2, 232 2, 496
1960: 1st quarter 2nd quarter 3rd quarter	4, 601 4, 938 5, 062	886 958	12, 471 • 12, 200	2, 646 2, 571	2, 850 2, 748	1, 758 1, 629	906 941	984 1, 011	930 936	2, 397 v 2, 364

Preliminary. *Bureau of Census recorded data, after seasonal adjustment (see footnote 1, below).
 Seasonal adjustments: U.S. exports per U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics; OEEC countries exports per OEEC Statistical Bulletins; Japan exports—seasonally adjusted data not available.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, based on OEEC and Japan foreign trade data.

the current year more than 20 percent, and nearly 30 percent, respectively, ahead of their 1957 pace.

European exports pause at midyear

In contrast to the successive gains in exports scored by the United States in each of the first three quarters of 1960 from the low 1959 performance. Western Europe's export expansion appeared to have been checked, at least temporarily, in the spring quarter. Sales to the United States after April slid below year-earlier levels and exports to the rest of the world were barely maintained. Japan, on the other hand, in the second quarter, resumed the prolonged export rise which had been briefly interrupted in the preceding quarter; its year-to-year gains in shipments to the United States, recorded in every month of the January-June span, were extended into the summer quarter.

Trends in manufactures

The U.S. share in world exports of manufactures, calculated at 23 percent in the April–June quarter, was higher than in any of the preceding four quarters and well above the postwar low of slightly more than 19 percent recorded for the strike-affected final quarter of 1959. Japan also upped its share of this trade in the spring quarter but virtually all the OEEC industrial nations, excepting Italy, slipped back from the quarter before.²

Here again, however, the long-term picture is different. Largely because of circumstances affecting Western Hemisphere markets where it is the dominant supplier, the U.S. share in world exports of manufactured goods, at 22 percent in the first half of 1960, has continued well below the 1956–57 average of over 25 percent.

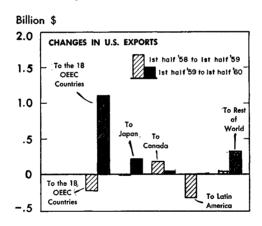
In contrast, German's share of this trade has risen some 2 points from the 16 percent in 1956 and 5 from the 13 percent in 1953, and Japan's current

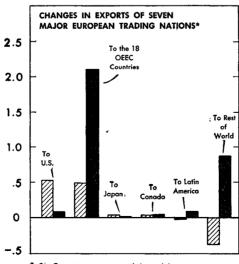
share of 6 percent is up by two-thirds from that of 1953 but only moderately as compared to 1956. Gains have also been won by France, Italy, and the Netherlands among others, as compared with the mid-fifties. The United Kingdom's current share of about 17 percent, on the other hand, represents a gradual decline from the 19 percent registered in 1956 and the 21 percent in 1953.

The partial restoration of the U.S. position in world exports of manufactured goods was centered around a number of the very same commodities which had figured so prominently in the 1959 deterioration of our relative trading position in finished goods, and which subsequently staged vigorous ral-

INCREASED EXPORTS OF EIGHT INDUSTRIALIZED NATIONS

Go Mainly to the 18 OEEC Countries





* Six European common market countries and the United Kingdom.

Basic data: U.S. exports from Bureau of Gensus European exports from OEEC Statistical Bulletin, Series A

U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics 60-12-7

lies to rank among the pacesetters of the 1960 export boom. Leading examples of manufactured exports falling into this pattern were commercial aircraft, railway equipment, iron and steel, and copper.

In addition, a favorable influence on our current relative export position has been exerted by rising U.S. foreign sales of aluminum and of specialized types of industrial machinery, items which had performed relatively well last year and had helped limit the decline in our overall share of world exports of manufactures in that period.

Trade gains in industrial markets

Currently, Europe has become the major target for export gains of the industrialized nations in contrast to a year ago when the United States was in that position (see chart). As Western Europe's economic activity boomed and imports advanced by over one-fifth in the first half of 1960 over the corresponding period of 1959, the direction of Europe's export expansion turned inward, shifting away from the U.S. market, where import demand was slackening off, and toward trade within its own area.

Data available for the major industrial nations of Europe ³ shows that exports of this group of countries to each other and to the remaining OEEC area rose by about a fourth, or around \$2 billion, between the first half of 1959 and the first half of 1960, accounting for nearly two-thirds of the net gain in their overall exports to the free world. In the same period, the rise in exports to the United States was confined to less than \$100 million.

This movement is in marked contrast to developments in the first 6 months of 1959 when the sharp upturn in U.S. imports generated an advance of over half a billion dollars in the combined shipments of the Common Market nations and Britain to this country over the corresponding period of 1958, accounting for almost three-fourths of their \$700 million net increase in overall

^{1.} According to common usage in international trade analysis, sections 5, 6, 7, and 8 of the Standard International Trade Classification (excluding U.S. special category exports) encompass the terms "exports of manufactures," "finished goods," and similar expressions. This definition differs in several important respects from the U.S. Census classification of finished manufactures since it covers numerous goods classified by the Census Bureau as semimanufactures, including base metals beyond the ore and concentrate stage.

^{2.} Board of Trade Journal (London), October 15, 1960.

^{3.} The six Common Market countries plus the United Kingdom, which together account for three-fourths or more of the total export trade of all the OEEC countries combined. Global exports for this group of countries expanded 21 percent between the first halves of 1959 and 1960, the same rate as was recorded for all the OEEC countries combined.

exports to the free world in that period. The similar concentration of the United States' recent export expansion in the direction of Europe has been discussed earlier. While U.S. dollar gains from trade with OEEC Europe in the first half of 1960, at \$1 billion-plus, were less than half of the absolute gains recorded by the 18 OEEC countries from exports to each other, the relative increase of over 50 percent in our exports to that area was double that scored by intra-OEEC trade and more than twice as large as Western Europe's total import expansion over the year before.

U.S. ups share in India, Australia

The United States became India's top ranking overseas supplier during the course of 1960, pre-empting Britain's traditional role for the first time since 1952. This is a special situation accounted for by heavy movements of foodgrains and cotton which were sold for local currency under the Public Law 480 program. At the same time India's tight import restriction policy, aimed at conserving dwindling foreign exchange reserves, served to reduce that country's aggregate imports from the rest of the world.

Australia's total imports, on the other hand, sparked by a high rate of economic activity and assisted by a succession of import decontrol measures, were running at a record pace by mid-1960. As U.S. exports responded to the expanding demand, our share in that market increased from 14 percent to 17 percent in April–June 1960. This was a greater relative gain than that scored by any of Australia's other major industrial suppliers except Japan, whose current share is, nevertheless,

under one-third that of the United States and less than one-seventh that of the United Kingdom, still Australia's top supplier by a wide margin.

Western Hemisphere steady

In neither Canada nor Latin America did total imports in the first half of 1960 advance by 5 percent above a year ago. During the April-June quarter, U.S. shipments to Latin America as a whole moved ahead by some 2 percent over the same period a year ago, matching the equivalent rise in that area's total imports from all the industrial countries combined. If Cuba and Venezuela are omitted from the calculations-countries where a continued downtrend in import demand due to special economic and political factors affected the United States especially unfavorably—our participation in the remaining Latin American market actually advanced in the spring quarter from 55 to 57 percent, with large relative gains scored in Argentina, Brazil, and Uruguay.

Canada's global import gains in the first 5 months of the current year were less than 4 percent above the corresponding period of 1959, with imports from the United States increasing in exactly the same ratio. As Canada's total imports dipped below year-earlier levels in the following 3 months, purchases from the United States slipped relatively more. In the first 8 months of 1960 the approximate two-thirds U.S. share of the Canadian market, was virtually unchanged from a year earlier, although the United States' current contribution to both Canada's and Latin America's import requirements is less than in 1956 and 1957.

and purchases of materials and supplies for our own use. Some of these expenditures can be expected to decline further.

Of the \$3 billion expenditures in fiscal year 1960, about \$150 million were made in foreign currencies acquired mainly through sales of agricultural products. These local currency transactions did not, of course, contribute to the deficit in our balance of payments. Something over \$400 million consisted of expenditures for defense related activities by agencies other than the Department of Defense, and close to \$300 million were made under the military assistance program. The latter include military assistance offshore procurement, mutual weapons development, weapons production, NATO infrastructure, and various services. Thus, dollar expenditures abroad from appropriations for military functions of the Department of Defense were about \$2.2 billion.

Defense Expenditures Abroad for Goods and Services, by Major Category and by Major Country

[Millions of dollars]

	Cale	endar y	ears	Year ended
	1957	1958	1959	June 30, 1960
Total	3, 165	3, 412	3,090	3,025
Expenditures by troops, civilian personnel, post exchanges, etc.	845	866	873	855
Foreign expenditures for con- struction	371	318	217	198
multilateral construction pro- gram (infrastructure) Other expenditures for services. Offshore procurement under mil- itary assistance programs and expenditures for mutual weap-	65 630	72 780	68 758	90 750
ons development and weap- ons production	372	212	149	130
Purchases of equipment	54 828	49 1, 115	38 987	38 964
Bahrein and Saudi Arabia Belgium-Luxembourg Canada Denmark	30 288	92 55 444 40	83 26 428 49	80 26 412 46
France Germany Italy-Trieste Japan	458 163	370 660 117 417	303 665 116 381	283 655 112 361
Korea	48 78	88 34 97 53	91 26 57 46	93 27 57 47
Ryukyu Islands Spain Turkey United Kingdom	. 87	64 92 45 360	64 71 35 297	62 63 41 298
Other countries	332	384	352	362

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, from information made available by operating agencies

Sales by or through our military organizations were close to \$300 million both in 1958 and 1959, but some increase over that rate has occurred recently and can be expected to continue for some time.

Balance of Payments

(Continued from p. 10)

liquid funds and therefore reduce the incentive for business enterprises to invest them abroad. But the whole interest-rate structure has to be viewed in relation to the desired-objective of raising domestic investment and employment as well as in terms of balance of payments effects.

of payments effects.

The solution to our longer range balance of payments problem lies to a major degree in a further improvement in our competitive position in world trade as it affects both our exports and imports; it also requires, at least in the short run, reductions in nontrade expenditures and/or increases in nontrade receipts. The directive by the President, issued on November 16, 1960, "concerning steps to be taken with respect to the United States balance of payments" include—among other meas-

ures—actions to reduce our military expenditures abroad as these constitute one of the major debit items in the balance of payments. It seems appropriate, therefore, to bring up-to-date some detail about these transactions published in the November 1959 issue of the Survey of Current Business.

Review of Defense Expenditures Abroad

As the two accompanying tables show, defense expenditures reached a high of \$3.4 billion in 1958 and subsequently have declined to about \$3 billion in the year ended June 1960. The expenditure categories which accounted for most of the decline from the peak were construction, foreign procurement under the military aid program,

Monthly BUSINESS STATISTICS

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THE STATISTICS here are a continuation of the data published in the 1959 edition of Business Statistics, biennial Statistical Supplement to the Survey of Current Business. That volume (price \$2.25) contains monthly (or quarterly) data for the years 1955 through 1958 and monthly averages for all years back to 1929 insofar as available; it also provides a description of each series and references to sources of monthly figures prior to 1955. Series added or significantly revised since publication of the 1959 Business Statistics are indicated by an asterisk (*) and a dagger (†), respectively; certain revisions for 1958 issued too late for inclusion in the aforementioned volume appear in the monthly Survey beginning with the July 1959 issue. Except as otherwise stated, the terms "unadjusted" and "adjusted" refer to adjustment for seasonal variation.

Statistics originating in Government agencies are not copyrighted and may be reprinted freely. Data from private sources are provided through the courtesy of the compilers, and are subject to their copyrights.

Juless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and		1959							1960					
descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Nove be
	•	GENE	RAL I	BUSIN	ESS	INDIC	ATOR	S						
NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT†														
easonally adjusted quarterly totals at annual rates: † National income, totalbil. of dol			402.8		 	414.4			419.4		 	419.3		
Compensation of employees, totaldo			281.6			290. 2			295.0			297. 2		
Compensation of employees, totaldo Wages and salaries, totaldo			261.5			268.7			273.1			274.9		
Privatedo Militarvdo			215.6 9.8			222. 1 9. 9			225. 5 10. 0		-	226, 0 10, 1		
Government civiliando			36.1			36.7			37.6			38.8		
Supplements to wages and salariesdo			20.1			21.5			21.9			22. 3		
Proprietors' income, totalo			46.3			46.0		ĺ	48.1		l	48.3		1
Proprietors' income, total degree dodo Business and professional degree dodo	(35.1			35.4			36.0			36.1		
Farmdo			11.2			10.6			12.1			12.2		
Rental income of personsdoCorporate profits and inventory valuation adjust			12.5			12.5		Í	12.5			12. 5		
ment, totalbil, of dol			45. 5			48.0			45. 3			42.2		
Corporate profits before tax, totaldo Corporate profits tax liabilitydo			44.8			48.8			45.7			41.5		
Corporate profits after taxdo		·	22. 1 22. 7			23.8 25.0			22. 3 23. 4			20.3		
Inventory valuation adjustmentdo.			.7			8			4			7.7		
•	- 1	1	1	1		17.0						l	1	
Net interestdododododododo.			16.9 486.4			17.8			18. 5			19.1		
• •	1					501.3			505.0		<u>-</u>	503, 5		
Personal consumption expenditures, totaldo_ Durable goodsdo_			319.6 43.5			323.3 44.2			329.0			328.3		
Nondurable goodsdo			149.6			150.5			44. 5 153. 5			42.7 152.7		
Servicesdo			126.6			128.6			130.9			132.9		
Gross private domestic investment, totaldo			70.8	}	}	79.3	1	ŀ	7	i			}	1
New constructiondo			39.4			40.8			75. 5 40. 7			70.8		
Producers' durable equipmentdo			26.8			27.1			29.5			29.7		
Change in business inventoriesdo			4.7			11.4			5.3			. 6		
Net exports of goods and servicesdo_			4	l	Į	1.2			2.0	ļ		3.7	l	
Exportsdo_			23.5			25. 2			26.4			27.3		
Importsdo_ Government purchases of goods and services, total			23.9			23.9			24. 4			23.5		
Government purchases of goods and services, total bil. of dol	il		96, 4			97.5		ļ	00.0	1				1
Federal (less Government sales)do			52.5			51.8			98. 6 51. 7			100.7 52.7		
National defense Qdodo		-}	45.5			44.9			44.7			45.1		
State and localdo_			43.9			45.7			46.9			48.0		
Personal income, totaldo		_	389.0			396. 2			404.2	1		408.0		
Less: Personal tax and nontax paymentsdo			46.5			49. 2			50.0			50.5		
Equals: Disposable personal incomedo			342.4			347.0			354.1			357.5		
Personal saving §dodo			22.8			23.7	1		25.2	ļ	İ	29.2		
GNP in constant (1954) dollars									-0			1 20.2		
Gross national product, totalbil. of dol			429.1			440.5	 		442.2			438.0		
Personal consumption expenditures, totaldo			292.8			294.8			298.3			296.9		
Durable goodsdo			41.1			41.8			41.9			40.2		
Nondurable goodsdo			140.5			141.1			143. 2			. 142.3		
Servicesdo			111.2			112.0			113.3			. 114.4		
Gross private domestic investment, totaldo		.	59.4			66. 2		Ì	62.8		1	58.6		Ì
New constructiondo			33.4			34.0			33.8			33.6		
Producers' durable equipmentdo. Change in business inventoriesdo.			22. 2 3. 8			22.4			24.2			24.4		
		1	3.8			9.8			4.8			- 6		
Net exports of goods and servicesdo-		-	-1.5			1			.7			2.2		ļ
Government purchases of goods and services, total	1				1			Ì		1				
bil, of dol			78.5			79.6			80.3			80.3		
Federal do do do do do do do do do do do do do		·	42.3			41.8			41.8			41.2		
State and localdo_		-1	36. 2	J	1	37.8	·	'	38.6	I	1	39.1	1	·

r Revised. †Revised series. Estimates of national income and product and personal income have been revised back to 1957; revisions prior to the 2d quarter 1959 (and prior to May 1959 for personal income) appear on pp. 8 ff. of the July 1960 Survey. The July 1960 Survey. The July 1960 Survey. The July 1960 Survey are a component of gross national product above.

S-2	S	URVE	EY OI	F CUI	RREN	T BU	SINE	SS				1	Decemb e	er 1960
United atherwise stated statistics through 1959 and		1959	-						1960					
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber
	GENE	RAL E	BUSIN	ESS I	INDIC	ATOR	S—Co	ntinu	ed			·		
PERSONAL INCOME, BY SOURCE‡	<u> </u>													
Seasonally adjusted, at annual rates:‡ Total personal incomebil. of dol	384.3	388.7	393. 9	395.7	395. 7	397. 0	401.9	404.7	406, 1	407. 3	408, 2	408. 8	r 409. 5	409. 5
Wage and salary disbursements, total do Commodity-producing industries, total do Manufacturing only do Distributive industries do Service industries do Government do Other labor income do Proprietors' income: Business and professional do Farm do do Government do Gove	258. 6 105. 6 83. 5 68. 8 38. 5 45. 7 10. 4 35. 0 10. 1	260. 8 107. 0 84. 5 69. 1 38. 8 46. 0 10. 5	265. 0 110. 4 87. 6 69. 4 39. 1 46. 1 10. 5 35. 2 12. 3	268. 2 112. 6 89. 4 69. 9 39. 4 46. 3 10. 6 35. 5 11. 3	268. 6 111. 9 89. 0 70. 3 39. 8 46. 5 10. 7	269. 3 111. 6 88. 8 70. 8 40. 0 46. 9 10. 8	271. 7 112. 1 88. 6 71. 8 40. 5 47. 3 10. 8 35. 7 11. 7	273. 6 113. 3 89. 5 72. 0 40. 7 47. 6 10. 9 36. 0 12. 1	274. 0 112. 9 89. 2 72. 2 41. 1 47. 8 11. 0 36. 2 12. 5	275. 1 112. 8 88. 7 72. 4 41. 3 48. 5 11. 1 36. 2 12. 0	275. 1 111. 5 87. 7 72. 9 41. 6 49. 0 11. 2 36. 1 12. 2	275.0 111.2 87.5 72.7 41.9 49.2 11.2	7 274. 8 7 110. 9 7 87. 2 7 72. 5 42. 0 7 49. 4 11. 3	274. 4 110. 1 86. 5 72. 6 42. 2 49. 5 11. 3 36. 0 12. 4
Rental income of personsdo Dividends	12. 5 13. 8 24. 2 27. 4 7. 9	12. 5 13. 8 24. 5 28. 2 7. 9	12. 5 13. 6 24. 8 27. 9 8. 0	12. 5 13. 9 25. 2 27. 7 9. 2	12. 5 13. 9 25. 5 27. 7 9. 1	12. 5 13. 9 25. 9 28. 3 9. 2	12. 5 13. 9 26. 2 28. 6 9. 2	12. 5 13. 9 26. 5 28. 4 9. 3	12. 5 13. 9 26. 8 28. 5 9. 3	12. 5 13. 9 27. 1 28. 7 9. 3	12. 5 14. 0 27. 4 29. 1 9. 4	12. 5 14. 0 27. 5 29. 7 9. 3	12. 5 7 14. 1 27. 6 30. 0 9. 3	12. 5 14. 1 27. 6 30. 4 9. 2
Total nonagricultural incomedo NEW PLANT AND EQUIPMENT EXPENDITURES	370.3	373. 5	377.4	380. 2	381. 2	382.7	385. 9	388.3	389. 3	391. 1	391. 8	392. 4	r 393. 0	393. 0
Unadjusted quarterly totals: All industriesbil, of dol			8. 99			7.89			9, 28			r 8. 98	1 r 9, 59	2 7. 84
Manufacturing do Durable goods industries do Nondurable goods industries do			3. 57 1. 74 1. 83			3. 09 1. 55 1. 54			3. 76 1. 88 1. 88			7 3. 62 7 1. 80 1. 81	7 3. 98 7 1. 97 7 2. 01	3. 14 1. 53 1. 61
Mining do Railroads do Transportation, other than rail do Public utilities do Commercial and other do			. 27 . 22 . 55 1. 51 2. 87			. 22 . 25 . 47 1. 18 2. 68			. 27 . 29 . 55 1. 42 2. 99			7.25 7.24 7.47 71.50 72.91	7.26 7.24 7.46 71.64 73.01	. 22 . 16 . 38 1. 18 2. 76
Seasonally adjusted quarterly totals at annual rates: All industriesbil, of dol			33. 60			35. 15			36. 30			, 35. 90	1 + 35. 6	2 34, 9
Manufacturing. do Durable goods industries. do Nondurable goods industries. do			12. 85 6. 15 6. 70			14. 10 7. 15 6. 95			14. 70 7. 40 7. 30				7 14.3 7 6.9 7 7.4	14. 3 7. 1 7. 2
Mining do Railroads do Transportation, other than rail do Public utilities do Commercial and other do do			1. 05 . 85 2. 15 5. 50 11. 20			1, 00 1, 00 2, 00 5, 75 11, 35			1, 05 1, 10 2, 15 5, 70 11, 60			r 1.00 r 1.90	7 1. 0 1. 0 7 1. 8 7 5. 9 7 11. 7	1.0 .7 1.6 5.7 11.7
FARM INCOME AND MARKETINGS σ	}												İ	
Cash receipts from farming, including Government payments, total mil. of dol. Farm marketings and CCC loans, total do Crops	4,048 3,898 2,099 1,799 390 1,120 273	3, 669 3, 528 1, 928 1, 600 375 944 268	3, 046 2, 993 1, 535 1, 458 388 793 256	2,747 2,696 1,246 1,450 381 834 208	2,093 2,059 689 1,370 368 776 200	2, 169 2, 150 583 1, 567 406 906 236	2, 211 2, 199 675 1, 524 399 824 268	2, 316 2, 298 672 1, 626 431 894 265	2, 509 2, 464 905 1, 559 413 875 246	2, 754 2, 687 1, 236 1, 451 399 779 256	3, 023 2, 991 1, 413 1, 578 384 911 268	3, 390 3, 368 1, 730 1, 638 378 955 290	4, 300 4, 000 2, 170 1, 830 394 1, 077 335	
loans, unadjusted:	160 196 132 187 228 156	145 180 117 169 204 144	123 143 106 142 156 132	111 116 106 131 134 128	85 64 101 100 74 120	88 54 115 98 53 131	90 63 112 98 59 128	94 63 119 104 58 138	101 84 114 116 90 135	7110 7115 106 128 132 126	123 132 116 143 149 138	138 161 120 157 177 142	164 202 134 189 233 155	
INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION †														
Revised Federal Reserve Index of Quantity Output Unadjusted, total index (including utilities) †													}	
By industry: 1957=100 Manufacturing, total	105 106 98 117 92	104 104 97 113 96	107 107 107 107 98	111 111 111 111 97	111 112 112 112 96	111 111 110 113 95	110 110 108 114 97	109 110 107 115 97	109 110 106 116 98	103 103 99 109 94	107 7 106 98 117 98	108 108 102 117 r 98	110 104 118 7 97	p 106 p 106 p 101 p 113 p 95
By market grouping: Final products, total	112 117 121 116 101	106 109 101 112 100	106 108 111 108 103	111 115 124 112 104	112 115 126 112 104	112 114 122 112 106	111 115 120 113 104	111 115 120 113 105	112 116 121 115 104	107 110 104 112 102	111 115 99 121 101	112 117 7 110 119 102	114 120 r 122 r 120 r 101 r 105	p 110 p 114 p 115 p 114 p 102

		1050							1000					
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	Octobe r	Novem- ber
	GENE	RAL B	USIN	ESS 1	NDIC	ATOR	S—Co	ntinu	ed					
INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION—Continued Revised Fed. Reserve Index of Quantity Output—Con. Seasonally adjusted, total index (including utilities) † 1957=100	102	103	109	111	110	109	109	110	109	110	108	107	107	» 105
By industry: Manufacturing, totaldo	102	102	109	112	110	110	109	110	110	110	, 108	107	r 106	⊅ 105
Durable manufactures \(\) do Primary metals	96 44 31 99 92	96 79 76 95 91	107 114 119 105 100	111 115 119 109 104	109 110 114 108 104	108 106 109 107 102	106 99 100 104 101	107 94 92 108 104	105 88 84 108 106	106 85 80 109 107	104 83 76 108 107	102 80 72 106 105	* 101 * 78 * 73 * 106 104	p 99 p 76 p 71 p 102 p 101
Machinerydo Nonelectrical machinerydo Electrical machinerydo	107 103 112	104 102 108	108 103 115	110 104 118	108 103 115	108 104 115	107 102 114	109 104 115	109 105 114	110 107 114	107 103 113	7 105 101 112	103 100 + 107	^p 102 ^p 98 ^p 107
Transportation equipment Qdo Motor vehicles and partsdo Aircraft and other equipmentdo	98 104 91	79 63 91	93 94 90	108 127 88	107 126 88	104 118 89	102 115 89	106 120 92	102 120 84	102 113 90	7 101 7 114 88	102 7 115 89	104 7 119 90	₽ 98 ₽ 104 ₽ 91
Instruments and related productsdo. Clay, glass, and stone productsdo. Lumber and productsdo. Furniture and fixturesdo. Miscellaneous manufacturesdo.	118 111 111 116 111	119 110 112 118 111	120 111 115 120 111	118 110 115 121 112	117 110 115 119 111	119 106 110 116 114	117 110 114 122 113	120 111 110 124 115	121 114 109 123 117	121 114 111 124 117	122 112 102 121 115	† 118 † 109 † 103 118 109	7 118 7 109 100 117 112	p 118 p 107 p 117 p 112
Nondurable manufactures	111 111 122 104 114	111 111 125 104 109	112 111 126 105 113	113 112 124 106 115	112 111 122 98 113	112 111 124 99 112	113 110 127 99 113	115 113 127 104 113	116 115 127 104 112	116 113 128 103 112	115 7 111 127 103 112	7 113 7 107 122 97 112	113 104 122	» 112
Printing and publishing	107 105 117 122 106	108 104 117 123 105	109 107 118 124 102	109 106 119 125 104	109 105 118 124 102	108 104 119 126 103	109 106 122 126 107	111 108 123 128 107	112 109 125 132 111	112 108 125 131 115	113 108 124 7 131 112	7 112 107 7 121 127 7 111	113 108 121 	» 114
Rubber and plastics productsdo	115 106 105 108 114	113 107 107 105 111	116 107 108 104 115	118 109 109 109 114	117 107 107 106 108	115 108 108 106 113	115 108 108 106 116	117 109 109 111 115	122 109 109 110 115	117 110 109 111 111	115 109 109 109 114	111 7 110 109 110 114	110 110	
Mining do Coal do Crude oil and natural gas do Crude oil do Metal mining do Stone and earth minerals do	91 76 99 98 42 108	96 87 100 99 68 110	98 94 100 98 80 113	98 91 99 98 87 108	96 84 97 97 95 106	7 96 86 96 96 104 101	98 87 97 97 106 115	97 86 96 96 103 114	97 78 99 99 97 116	98 78 100 100 94 118	98 80 100 100 96 116	96 77 799 799 792 114	96 80 798 797 86 116	p 96 p 76 p 99 p 99
Utilitiesdo Electricdo Gasdo	117 118 113	118 118 117	120 119 122	120 119 124	121 120 125	124 123 126	123 122 125	122 121 125	124 123 124	125 124	126 126	r 127 127	126	» 127
By market grouping: for some state of the consumer goods	109 112 114	106 109 100	109 113 114	112 116 125	110 113 119	110 113 114	111 115 117	112 117 121	112 117 121	112 116 116	111 115 115	r 110 114 r 114	7 110 7 114 115	р 110 р 113 р 110
Automotive productsdo	105 98 117	73 48 111	99 87 117	127 134 117	122 125 117	114 113 116	117 116 119	121 122 119	121 123 118	114 108 122	115 114 118	r 116 119 r 113	7 121 7 123 118	p 111 p 109
Home goods 9do Appliances, TV, and radiosdo Furniture and rugsdo	121 124 120	121 126 120	124 133 122	123 130 122	117 117 118	114 112 114	117 115 121	121 120 123	120 118 122	117 113 118	114 108 119	112 r 105 119	110 102 115	
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	118	112 119 110 107	112 120 110 107	113 118 112 109	112 116 110 107	113 118 112 108	114 120 113 108	115 122 113 109	115 121 114 110	116 121 115 110	115 119 114 7 110	114 113 114 7 110	114 114 7 114 109	p 114 p 114
Beverages and tobaccodoDrurs, soap, and tolletriesdoNewspapers, magazines, and booksdododododododo.	. 108	107 114 109 116	107 114 109 116	111 115 110 117	106 114 109 117	108 115 110 119	110 118 112 120	112 120 113 118	112 122 113 120	111 122 116 122	111 120 115 123	112 119 7 116 123	120 116	
Equipment, including defense 9	104 101 111 97	101 102 102 112 93 106	102 104 104 113 96 105	103 106 104 114 106 109	102 105 104 113 103 97	104 105 104 115 102 93	102 104 102 115 101 89	104 106 104 117 105 89	103 105 103 120 99 89	104 106 104 121 101 88	103 105 103 121 95 83	103 105 101 120 101 87	103 * 104 99 121 103 86	p 103 p 105
Materials do Durable goods materials ♀ do Consumer durable do Equipment do Construction do	95 103 102	100 93 76 102 101	109 107 107 106 107	110 110 121 107 109	109 109 120 107 108	108 107 117 106 105	108 105 110 104 109	107 105 115 104 110	106 102 115 98 110	106 101 110 102 110	105 100 106 101 109	104 99 7112 797 106	103 r 97 102 98 106	p 101 p 95
Nondurable materials \$ do \\ Business supplies do \\ Containers \\ General business supplies \end{array}	107 107 106 107	108 109 107 110	111 112 113 111	110 111 111 111	110 110 111 109	110 109 109 109	110 109 108 110	110 110 107 112	111 111 108 113	112 113 113 113	111 111 111 112	109 110 108 111	7 109 110 107 111	p 108
Business fuel and power 9 do Mineral fuels do Nonresidential utilities do Parison A Parliminary 40 do A Pa	.1 95	101 97 114	104 99 117	104 98 118	103 96 119	103 96 121	103 97 120	102 96 120	103 96 121	103 97 120	104 98 122	7 103 7 96 123	101 95	p 102 p 96

• Revised. • Preliminary. †See corresponding note on p. 8-2. • Includes data not shown separately.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and		1959							1960					
descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem ber
	ENEI	RAL B	USIN	ESS I	NDIC.	ATOR	S—Co	ntinu	ed					
BUSINESS SALES AND INVENTORIES§														
Mfg. and trade sales (seas. adj.), totalbil. of dol	59. 7	59. 1	6 0. 9	61. 6	62. 2	61.3	62.6	61.9	61.8	60.9	60.7	r 60.3	60. 2	
Manufacturing, totaldo Durable goods industriesdo Nondurable goods industriesdo	29. 4 14. 0 15. 3	29. 0 13. 5 15. 5	30. 8 15. 0 15. 8	31. 1 15. 4 15. 7	31. 6 15. 7 15. 9	30. 8 15. 2 15. 7	31. 0 15. 0 16. 0	31.0 15.1 15.9	30, 8 14, 9 15, 9	30. 4 14. 7 15. 7	30. 1 14. 4 15. 7	7 30. 1 7 14. 4 7 15. 7	29. 6 14. 1 15. 5	
Wholesale trade, total do Durable goods establishments do Nondurable goods establishments do Retail trade, total do Durable goods stores do Nondurable goods stores do	12. 0 4. 4 7. 5 18. 3 6. 4 12. 0	12.3 4.6 7.7 17.8 5.7 12.2	12.7 4.7 7.9 17.5 5.3 12.2	12. 4 4. 7 7. 7 1 18. 1 5. 9 12. 2	12. 5 4. 7 7. 8 18. 1 6. 0 12. 1	12. 2 4. 5 7. 8 18. 2 5. 9 12. 3	12.6 4.7 7.9 18.9 6.3 12.6	12. 4 4. 5 7. 9 18. 5 6. 1 12. 4	12.5 4.5 8.0 18.5 6.0 12.5	12.3 4.4 7.9 18.1 5.7 12.4	12.3 4.5 7.9 18.2 5.8 12.4	12. 2 7 4. 3 7. 8 18. 1 5. 8 12. 3	12. 1 4. 3 7. 8 18. 5 6. 1 12. 4	
Manufacturing and trade inventories, book value, end of month (seas. adj.), totalbil. of dol.	88.8	88. 4	89.4	90.5	91.4	92. 3	92. 6	93. 2	93. 5	93. 4	93. 3	r 93. 1	92. 7	
Manufacturing, total do Durable goods industries do Nondurable goods industries do do	51. 5 29. 2 22. 3	51. 6 29. 3 22. 3	52. 4 30. 1 22. 3	53. 3 30. 8 22. 5	53. 9 31. 3 22. 6	54. 3 31. 8 22. 6	54. 7 31. 9 22. 7	55. 0 32. 1 22. 9	55. 1 32. 2 22. 9	54. 9 32. 0 22. 9	55. 0 32. 1 22. 9	7 54. 7 7 31. 8 7 22. 9	54. 3 31. 4 22. 9	
Wholesale trade, total	12. 5 6. 5 6. 1 24. 7 11. 6 13. 1	12.6 6.5 6.1 24.2 11.0 13.2	12. 6 6. 6 6. 1 24. 3 11. 0 13. 3	12. 7 6. 6 6. 1 24. 5 11. 3 13. 2	12.7 6.7 6.1 24.8 11.6 13.2	12. 8 6. 8 6. 1 25. 1 11. 6 13. 5	12. 9 6. 8 6. 1 25. 0 11. 6 13. 3	13. 1 6. 9 6. 2 25. 2 11. 8 13. 4	13. 0 6. 9 6. 1 25. 3 11. 8 13. 5	13. 0 7. 0 6. 1 25. 4 11. 9 13. 5	13. 1 7. 0 6. 1 25. 2 7 11. 7 13. 6	13. 1 6. 9 6. 2 25. 3 11. 7 13. 6	13. 2 6. 9 6. 3 25. 2 11. 8 13. 4	
AND ORDERS Sales, value (unadjusted), totalmil. of dol	30, 849	28, 530	30, 630	29, 740	30, 290	32, 470	30, 820	30, 840	31, 560	27, 890	30, 750	r 31, 100	31, 120	
Durable goods industries, total 9	14, 528 1, 269 467 1, 800 4, 822 2, 079	13, 305 1, 907 1, 147 1, 527 4, 521 1, 973	15, 240 2, 700 1, 890 1, 620 4, 870 2, 080	14,720 2,670 1,850 1,540 4,400 1,850	15, 110 2, 540 1, 670 1, 570 4, 690 1, 890	16, 080 2, 690 1, 750 1, 700 5, 070 2, 050	15, 150 2, 310 1, 470 1, 680 4, 830 1, 880	15, 230 2, 250 1, 400 1, 730 4, 790 1, 880	15, 610 2, 190 1, 340 1, 810 5, 030 2, 040	13, 050 1, 780 1, 100 1, 630 4, 250 1, 700	14, 090 1, 970 1, 180 1, 890 4, 640 1, 970	r 14, 580 r 1, 960 r 1, 160 r 1, 830 r 4, 870 r 2, 110	14, 800 1, 910 1, 140 1, 680 4, 800 2, 130	
Transportation equipment	3, 570 2, 207 1, 034 782 16, 321	2, 701 1, 373 897 652 15, 225	3, 480 2, 010 840 650 15, 390	3, 670 2, 450 810 620 15, 010	3, 760 2, 440 850 640 15, 180	3, 860 2, 480 910 690 16, 390	3, 570 2, 260 900 740 15, 670	3, 640 2, 310 920 790 15, 600	3, 660 2, 260 950 820 15, 950	2, 910 1, 730 770 730 14, 840	2, 620 1, 460 970 830 16, 670	7 3, 040 7 1, 740 7 900 7 800 7 16, 520	3, 600 2, 370 860 780 16, 320	
Food and beverage do Tobacco do Textile do Paper do Chemical do Petroleum and coal do Rubber do	4, 950 409 1, 346 1, 086 2, 339 3, 037 569	4, 585 441 1, 256 974 2, 120 3, 103 439	4,590 420 1,220 990 2,180 3,350 480	4, 440 350 1, 200 990 2, 200 3, 200 520	4, 430 370 1, 230 1, 010 2, 220 3, 070 520	4,820 400 1,260 1,100 2,430 3,290 520	4,540 370 1,180 1,040 2,450 3,130 540	4, 650 420 1, 190 1, 050 2, 470 3, 020 550	4, 800 430 1, 250 1, 070 2, 390 3, 150 560	4, 570 390 1, 050 980 2, 100 3, 110 480	4, 880 450 1, 300 1, 150 2, 400 3, 260 510	7 5,010 7 410 7 1,290 1,130 7 2,450 7 3,160	4, 960 400 1, 270 1, 110 2, 350 3, 140 530	
Sales, value (seas. adj.), total do Durable goods industries, total ? do Primary metal do Iron and steel do Fabricated metal do Machinery (including electrical) do Electrical do	29, 384 14, 047 1, 186 438 1, 631 4, 666 1, 911	28, 972 13, 479 1, 956 1, 182 1, 623 4, 717 1, 956	30, 790 15, 010 2, 800 1, 980 1, 760 4, 720 1, 950	31, 110 15, 450 2, 730 1, 900 1, 700 4, 800 2, 020	31, 580 15, 670 2, 690 1, 800 1, 720 4, 840 1, 990	30, 840 15, 170 2, 549 1, 660 1, 690 4, 750 1, 990	31, 030 15, 000 2, 310 1, 470 1, 690 4, 830 2, 010	30, 990 15, 060 2, 240 1, 400 1, 750 4, 780 1, 940	30, 780 14, 880 2, 010 1, 180 1, 760 4, 740 1, 950	30, 440 14, 730 2, 110 1, 300 1, 730 4, 770 1, 940	30, 150 14, 420 1, 980 1, 180 1, 700 4, 700 1, 930	7 30, 070 7 14, 400 1, 920 1, 140 7 1, 650 7 4, 640 7 1, 920	29, 640 14, 140 1, 790 1, 060 1, 530 4, 620 1, 960	
Transportation equipment do Motor vehicles and parts do Lumber and furniture do Stone, clay, and glass do do do do do do do do do do do do do	3,778 2,415 952 704	2, 514 1, 167 922 662	2,970 1,590 910 730	3, 470 2, 130 870 750	3, 570 2, 220 920 770	3, 460 2, 110 880 700	3, 360 2, 040 930 750	3, 490 2, 210 940 750	3, 600 2, 290 910 760	3, 410 2, 140 870 750	3, 350 2, 150 870 730	7 3, 570 7 2, 280 7 810 7 730	3, 660 2, 470 780 700	
Nondurable goods industries, total 9	15, 337 4, 609 399 1, 197 1, 006 2, 219 3, 037	15, 493 4, 643 443 1, 209 994 2, 236 3, 183	15,780 4,700 410 1,260 1,060 2,380 3,100	15, 660 4, 780 400 1, 260 1, 010 2, 260 3, 080	15, 900 4, 720 430 1, 260 1, 070 2, 380 3, 130	15, 670 4, 710 420 1, 200 1, 050 2, 300 3, 160	16, 020 4, 720 390 1, 260 1, 030 2, 380 3, 260	15, 920 4, 630 400 1, 290 1, 040 2, 350 3, 180	15, 890 4, 630 400 1, 270 1, 050 2, 350 3, 180	15, 720 4, 630 380 1, 230 1, 080 2, 300 3, 190	15, 720 4, 660 410 1, 200 1, 090 2, 330 3, 170	7 15, 670 7 4, 690 390 7 1, 200 1, 090 7 2, 300 7 3, 200	4, 700 390 1, 140 1, 050	
Rubberdo	555	482	500	530	570	510	530	550	520	480	480	510	490	
Book value (unadjusted), total	29, 224 3, 981 2, 288	51, 782 29, 431 4, 116 2, 411 2, 860 9, 703 3, 626 7, 114	52, 880 30, 260 4, 310 2, 580 2, 960 9, 880 3, 690 7, 380	53, 660 30, 860 4, 300 2, 560 3, 070 10, 140 3, 760 7, 520	54, 200 31, 450 4, 350 2, 540 3, 230 10, 360 3, 870 7, 620	54, 700 32, 060 4, 400 2, 540 3, 370 10, 570 3, 940 7, 720	54,770 32,140 4,450 2,580 3,420 10,660 4,000 7,590	54, 970 32, 250 4, 540 2, 670 3, 460 10, 760 4, 090 7, 420	54, 880 32, 180 4, 580 2, 710 3, 460 10, 720 4, 120 7, 280	54, 400 31, 750 4, 640 2, 760 3, 390 10, 560 4, 060 7, 050	54, 480 31, 730 4, 710 2, 820 3, 310 10, 480 4, 040 7, 160	7 54, 260 7 31, 570 7 4, 700 7 2, 830 7 3, 190 7 10, 400 7 4, 040 7 7, 260	31, 420 4, 710 2, 840 3, 110 10, 370 4, 030	
Transportation equipmentdo	2, 907 1, 819 1, 257	2, 997 1, 834 1, 296	3, 200 1, 860 1, 340	3, 270 1, 890 1, 380	3, 350 1, 880 1, 420	3, 370 1, 890 1, 480 8, 6	3, 270 1, 880 1, 480 8. 5	3, 170 1, 880 1, 480 8. 5	3, 100 1, 920 1, 460 8. 6	3, 010 1, 930 1, 440 8, 6	3, 120 1, 940 1, 400 8. 6	7 3, 320 7 1, 900 7 1, 400	3, 280 1, 910 1, 380	
Purchased materials bil. of dol. Goods in process do Finished goods do. Nondurable goods industries, total Q mil. of dol.	11. 9 9. 1	8. 3 11. 8 9. 3 22, 351	8. 5 12. 1 9. 6 22, 610	8. 5 12. 4 10. 0 22, 810	8. 6 12. 5 10. 4 22, 750	12. 7 10. 8 22, 640	12. 7 10. 9 22, 640	12. 7 11. 1 22, 720	12. 6 11. 0 22, 700	12. 3 10. 8 22, 660	12. 5 10. 6 22, 750	12. 5 10. 5 r 22, 690	12. 4 10. 5 22, 830	
Food and beverage	5, 021 1, 926 2, 431 1, 444 3, 944 3, 443	5, 098 1, 923 2, 451 1, 466 4, 000 3, 398 1, 114	5, 010 2, 040 2, 510 1, 510 4, 080 3, 360 1, 160	4, 940 2, 100 2, 600 1, 530 4, 090 3, 340 1, 170	4, 850 2, 060 2, 670 1, 560 4, 140 3, 270 1, 180	4,710 2,020 2,730 1,580 4,160 3,220 1,210	4,670 1,990 2,760 1,590 4,140 3,220 1,220	4, 690 1, 940 2, 780 1, 600 4, 080 3, 270 1, 210	4, 660 1, 870 2, 750 1, 600 4, 110 3, 280 1, 200	4, 720 1, 830 2, 720 1, 610 4, 100 3, 320 1, 180	4, 930 1, 850 2, 660 1, 620 4, 100 3, 350 1, 180	1,600 r 4,030 r 3,390	2, 030 2, 570 1, 600 4, 030 3, 400	
By stages of fabrication: Purchased materials	8.8	9. 0 3. 0 10. 4	3.0	10.5	9. 2 3. 1 10. 4	9. 2 3. 1 10. 4	9. 1 3. 1 10. 4	9. 0 3. 2 10. 6	8. 9 3. 2 10. 7	8.9 3.2 10.6		3.1	3.0	

r Revised. 1 Beginning January 1960, data for Alaska and Hawaji are included. § The term "business" here includes only manufacturing and trade. Business inventories as shown on p. 8-1 cover data for all types of producers, both farm and nonfarm. Unadjusted data for manufacturing are shown below; those for retail and wholesale trade on pp. 8-9, 8-10, and 8-11. § Includes data not shown separately.

December 1960	\mathbf{S}^{\prime}	URVE	CY OI	F CUI	RREN	T BU	SINE	SS						S-5
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and		1959							1960					
descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber
	GENEF	RAL B	USIN	ESS I	NDIC.	ATOR	S—Co	ntinu	ed					
MANUFACTURFES' SALFS, INVENTORIES, AND ORDERS-Continued														
Inventories, end of month—Continued Book value (seas. adj.), totalmil. of dol	51, 515	51, 625	52, 430	53, 310	53, 900	54, 340	54, 660	54, 950	55, 100	54, 960	54, 980	r 54, 710	54, 310	
Durable goods industries, total 9 do. Primary metal do. Iron and steel do. Fabricated metal do. Machinery (including electrical) do. Electrical do.	29, 249 3, 870 2, 158 2, 912 9, 807 3, 655	29, 347 3, 986 2, 253 2, 918 9, 731 3, 639	30, 080 4, 120 2, 390 3, 050 9, 920 3, 730	30, 760 4, 200 2, 460 3, 130 10, 180 3, 820	31, 260 4, 320 2, 540 3, 230 10, 320 3, 900	31, 770 4, 450 2, 610 3, 330 10, 480 3, 940	31, 920 4, 630 2, 770 3, 320 10, 530 3, 960	32, 070 4, 700 2, 840 3, 350 10, 600 4, 000	32, 230 4, 800 2, 950 3, 340 10, 640 4, 040	32,050 4,750 2,870 3,330 10,580 4,040	32,080 4,710 2,820 3,340 10,590 4,080	r 31, 840 r 4, 640 r 2, 740 r 3, 270 r 10, 530 r 4, 060	31, 450 4, 570 2, 680 3, 180 10, 480 4, 070	
Transportation equipment	6, 887 2, 745 1, 855 1, 320 8, 0	6, 928 2, 811 1, 861 1, 336	7, 180 3, 040 1, 870 1, 360	7, 380 3, 100 1, 910 1, 370 8, 6	7, 530 3, 190 1, 870 1, 380 8, 7	7, 640 3, 260 1, 860 1, 420 8, 8	7, 580 3, 260 1, 850 1, 420 8, 8	7, 520 3, 260 1, 850 1, 430 8, 8	7, 460 3, 280 1, 890 1, 440 8. 7	7, 340 3, 280 1, 900 1, 440 8. 6	7, 360 3, 300 1, 920 1, 440 8. 6	77, 240 73, 320 71, 940 71, 460 78, 4	7, 100 3, 110 1, 950 1, 460 8, 2	
Geods in processdo Finished goodsdo	11.8 9.4	11. 8 9. 4	12. 1 9. 7	12. 3 9. 9	12. 5 10. 1	12. 7 10. 4	12. 6 10. 5	12. 7 10. 6	12. 8 10. 7	12. 6 10. 8	12. 6 10. 9	7 12. 4 11. 0	12.2 11.0	
Nondurable goods industries, total Qmil. of dol	22, 266 4, 810	22, 278 4, 814	22, 340 4, 790	22, 550 4, 810	22, 640 4, 820	22, 570 4, 820	22, 730 4, 850	22,880	22, 870	22, 850	22,900	r 22, 870	22, 860	
Food and beverage	1,955 2,536 1 481	1, 942 2, 542 1, 496 4, 041 3, 283 1, 120	1, 980 2, 530 1, 510 4, 030 3, 320 1, 140	1, 980 2, 580 1, 530 4, 030 3, 410 1, 140	1, 950 2, 650 1, 540 4, 050 3, 409 1, 140	1, 950 2, 670 1, 540 4, 060 3, 330 1, 160	4,850 1,950 2,720 1,550 4,080 3,350 1,190	5,000 1,960 2,710 1,580 4,080 3,310 1,180	4, 990 1, 950 2, 700 1, 590 4, 110 3, 300 1, 200	4, 940 1, 940 2, 690 1, 610 4, 140 3, 290 1, 230	4, 950 1, 940 2, 670 1, 630 4, 180 3, 290 1, 240	7 4, 980 7 2, 000 2, 640 1, 640 4, 160 7 3, 260 7 1, 200	4, 970 2, 040 2, 690 1, 640 4, 130 3, 260 1, 160	
Purchased materials bil, of dol- Goods in process do- Finished goods do	9. 0 3. 1 10. 2	8. 9 3. 1 10. 3	8. 9 3. 0 10. 4	9. 0 3. 0 10. 5	9. 1 3. 0 10. 5	9. 1 3. 0 10. 5	9. 1 3. 1 10. 5	9. 1 3. 1 10. 6	9. 1 3. 1 10. 6	9. 1 3. 2 10. 6	9. 0 3. 2 10. 7	8.9 3.1 10.9	8. S 3. 1 11. 0	
New orders, net (unadjusted), totalmil. of dol.	31, 258	28, 559	30,610	29, 100	29, 650	31, 750	29, 700	30, 210	31, 480	27, 910	30, 560	r 31, 050	30, 190	
Durable goods industries, total \(\frac{Q}{2} \)	14, 980 1, 818 997 1, 863 4, 794 2, 002 3, 626	13, 299 2, 149 1, 361 1, 596 4, 282 1, 740 2, 611	15, 070 2, 700 1, 810 1, 610 4, 880 1, 960 3, 550	14, 060 2, 290 1, 450 1, 520 4, 420 1, 760 3, 320	14, 560 2, 320 1, 420 1, 540 4, 810 1, 890	15, 450 1, 780 960 1, 630 5, 130 2, 100 4, 050	14, 100 1, 680 920 1, 680 4, 820 1, 840	14, 590 1, 990 1, 190 1, 720 4, 730 1, 840	15, 520 1, 840 1, 070 1, 710 5, 240 2, 370	13, 170 1, 670 1, 000 1, 640 4, 390 1, 860	14, 100 1, 800 1, 020 1, 890 4, 620 2, 040	r 14,630 r 1,890 r 1,130 r 1,720 r 4,880 r 2,320	13, 960 1, 740 990 1, 640 4, 520 1, 870	
hicles mil. of dol		15, 260 3, 446 11, 814	15, 540 3, 560 11, 980	15, 040 3, 320 11, 720	15, 090 3, 300 11, 790	16, 300 3, 530 12, 770	3, 210 15, 610 3, 370 12, 240	3, 390 15, 620 3, 460 12, 160	3, 800 15, 960 3, 520 12, 440	2,820 14,730 3,010 11,720	2,900 16,460 3,490 12,970	7 3, 310 7 16, 420 7 3, 570 7 12, 850	3, 390 16, 239 3, 520	
New orders, net (seas. adjusted), totaldo	30, 449	29, 222	30, 740	29, 830	30, 590	39, 290	30, 350	30, 470	30, 110	29, 190	30,010	r 30, 400	12, 710 29, 200	
Durable goods industries, total 9 do. Primary metal do. Iron and steel do. Fabricated metal do. Machinery (including electrical) do. Electrical do. Transportation equipment (including motor vehicles) mil. of dol.	15, 699 1, 870 1, 039 1, 791 4, 982 2, 075 3, 661	13, 721 2, 141 1, 338 1, 818 4, 673 1, 927 2, 303	14,770 2,680 1,820 1,670 4,870 1,930 2,800	14, 190 2, 230 1, 400 1, 610 4, 630 1, 900 3, 150	14, 800 2, 200 1, 300 1, 610 4, 840 1, 920 3, 500	14, 640 1, 720 930 1, 640 4, 740 1, 950 3, 680	14, 470 1, 810 990 1, 710 4, 760 1, 880 3, 490	14, 680 1, 960 1, 150 1, 700 4, 750 1, 880 3, 520	14, 340 1, 750 990 1, 680 4, 690 2, 030 3, 460	13, 840 1, 890 1, 170 1, 590 4, 520 1, 890 3, 200	14, 410 1, 840 1, 050 1, 740 4, 810 2, 210 3, 330	r 14, 620 r 1, 850 r 1, 120 r 1, 540 r 4, 750 r 2, 230 r 3, 820	13, 890 1, 630 950 1, 500 4, 460 1, 850 3, 710	
Nondurable goods industries, totaldo Industries with unfilled orders ⊕do Industries without unfilled orders ¶do	15, 350 3, 385 11, 965	15, 501 3, 377 12, 124	15, 970 3, 750 12, 220	15, 640 3, 430 12, 210	15, 790 3, 390 12, 410	15, 660 3, 400 12, 260	15, 880 3, 330 12, 550	15, 790 3, 420 12, 370	15, 770 3, 430 12, 340	15, 350 3, 170 12, 180	15, 610 3, 390 12, 220	7 15, 780 7 3, 580 7 12, 200	15, 460 3, 310 12, 150	
Unfilled orders, end of month (unadj.), totaldo	51, 477	51, 506	51, 490	50, 850	50, 210	49, 490	48, 380	47, 750	47, 680	47, 690	47, 500	r 47, 450	46, 520	
Durable goods industries, total \(\frac{9}{2} \)	48, 304 6, 520 5, 109 3, 270 18, 015 10, 329 15, 743	48, 298 6, 762 5, 323 3, 339 17, 776 10, 096	48, 130 6, 760 5, 240 3, 330 17, 790 9, 980 15, 730	47, 460 6, 390 4, 840 3, 310 17, 810 9, 900 15, 380	46, 910 6, 180 4, 580 3, 270 17, 920 9, 900 14, 960	46, 280 5, 270 3, 790 3, 200 17, 980 9, 959	45, 230 4, 640 3, 240 3, 200 17, 970 9, 900 14, 800	44, 590 4, 380 3, 040 3, 180 17, 910 9, 850 14, 550	44, 560 4, 030 2, 770 3, 080 18, 120 10, 190 14, 690	44, 620 3, 920 2, 670 3, 100 18, 260 10, 350 14, 600	44, 640 3, 740 2, 500 3, 100 18, 240 10, 430 14, 890	r 44, 680 r 3, 670 r 2, 470 3, 000 r 18, 250 r 10, 630 r 15, 160	43, 849 3, 500 2, 320 2, 960 17, 970 10, 370 14, 950	
Nondurable goods industries, total ⊕dodo	3, 173	3, 208	3, 360	3, 390	3, 300	3, 210	3, 150	3, 170	3, 180	3, 070	2,860	r 2, 770	2, 680	
BUSINESS POPULATION Firms in operation, end of quarter (seasonally adjusted) \$\frac{1}{2}\$ thousands			4, 670			4, 690			4,710			4, 725		
New business incorporations (49 States) ♂‡number-	14, 526	13, 015	16, 456	18, 189	14, 669	17, 437	15, 446	15, 530	16, 676	14, 676	14, 993	14, 007	1 13, 760	
INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL FAILURES of Failures, total number number.	1, 125	1, 130	1,080	1, 181	1, 214	1,335	1, 370	1, 273	1, 334	1, 146	1,315	1, 269	1, 344	
Commercial service do Construction do Manufacturing and mining do Retail trade do Wholesale trade do	102 164 221	105 186 195 520 124	89 163 231 478 119	93 193 210 587 98	103 195 196 609 111	120 241 224 607 143	121 220 215 674 140	131 214 229 564 135	103 213 228 680 110	102 192 173 573 106	128 217 228 621 121	113 218 218 218 604 116	132 231 229 613 139	
Liabilities (current), totalthous. of dol	1	53, 214	59, 556	53, 671	60, 945	70, 193	69, 192	73, 307	126, 450	61, 732	97, 594	80, 604	81, 508	
Commercial service do Construction do Manufacturing and mining do Retail trade do Wholesale trade do	20, 980	3, 027 12, 136 17, 266 15, 244 5, 541	3, 072 10, 453 23, 822 13, 443 8, 766	3, 129 11, 993 16, 324 15, 951 6, 274	2, 501 10, 770 21, 527 16, 687 9, 460	7, 809 19, 427 19, 170 14, 116 9, 671	7, 065 13, 661 18, 483 18, 563 11, 420	6, 095 10, 877 31, 963 17, 588 6, 784	22, 597 18, 613 41, 111 28, 497 15, 632	3, 993 11, 073 21, 080 20, 470 5, 116	5, 940 27, 874 33, 097 22, 556 8, 127	12, 715 14, 417 23, 011 23, 080 7, 381	16, 644 17, 877 16, 104 20, 894 9, 989	

^{**}Revised. | Excludes 23 new incorporations reported for Alaska. | Q Includes data not shown separately. | ⊕Includes textiles, leather, paper, and printing and publishing industries; unfilled orders for other nondurable goods industries are zero. | ¶For these industries (food, beverages, tobacco, apparel, petroleum, chemicals, and rubber), sales are considered equal to new orders. | §Revisions for 1956-59 appear on p. 13 of the May 1960 SURVEY. | ♂Data are from Dun & Bradstreet, Inc. | ‡Revisions for 1955-58 to include data for Hawaii are available upon request.

50.7

51, 1

54.9

54.1

54.8

57. 2

59.6

65. 2

63.3

51.0

Failure annual rate (seas. adj.)_No. per 10,000 concerns_

50.5

55. 4

49.6

Inless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and		1959							1960					
descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Noven ber
			COM	MODI	TY P	RICES	3							
PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS														
rices received, all farm products‡1910-14=100	235	231	230	232	233	241	242	241	236	238	234	237	240	24
Crops do do Commercial vegetables do do do do do do do do do do do do do	218 230 274	217 242 260	218 262 254	220 278 248	218 256 237	222 249 238	225 255 244	228 283 248	221 223 251	226 247 265	218 191 273	222 195 271	220 193 267	21 21 25
Feed grains and haydo Food grainsdo	149 203	150 206	149 206	151 206	153 208	153 210	158 209	158 209	158 199	156 194	152 196	152 197	147 200	13 20
Fruitdo	213 208	197 216	198 215	203 216	211 216	228 213	211 216	216 218	239 216	235 213	239 211	269 208	272 209	26 21
Potatoes (incl. dry edible beans)	147 509	168 499	174 494	188 484	189 494	223 494	257 494	245 494	203 494	239 493	198 479	181 502	165 508	18 50
Livestock and products do do do do do do do do do do do do do	250 277 292	243 280 276	240 273 268	242 266 279	245 261 287	257 256 309	257 244 310	252 237 310	248 234 305	249 244 302	247 254 290	251 269 285	258 278 288	26 28 28
Meat animalsdo Poultry and eggsdo Wooldo	138 235	139 230	148 234	144 239	142 240	153 243	163 250	153 253	148 248	148 240	152 230	162 225	175 222	13
rices paid: All commodities and servicesdodo	275 289	275 r 290	275 291	275 290	276 289	276 289	278 291	277 291	275 290	275 290	274	274	274	22
Family living itemsdo Production itemsdo All commodities and services, interest, taxes, and	264	264	264	265	266	267	268	267	265	263	290 262	290 263	290 262	29
wage rates (parity index)1910-14=100 arity ratio \$do	296	r 296 78	297 77	299	299 78	300 80	302 80	301 80	299	298 80	298 79	298 80	297 81	2
CONSUMER PRICES							1				"		"	
(U.S. Department of Labor indexes) All items1947-49=100	125. 5	125.6	125.5	125, 4	125. 6	125. 7	126. 2	126.3	126. 5	126.6	126.6	126.8	1 127.3	
Special group indexes:* All items less fooddodododo	129, 2 123, 2	129. 5 123. 1	129. 5 123. 1	129. 4 122. 9	129. 7 123. 0	129. 7 123. 1	129. 8 123. 7	129. 7 123. 8	129. 7 124. 0	129, 9 124, 2	130.1 124.1	130. 3 124. 3	130. 7 124. 8	
All commoditiesdo Nondurablesdo Durablesdo	117. 3 118. 8 113. 6	117. 2 118. 6 114. 1	117. 1 118. 5 113. 8	116. 7 118. 1 113. 3	116.7 118.0 113.3	116. 7 118. 3 112. 5	117. 4 119. 4 112. 1	117.3 119.4 111.9	117. 6 119. 8 111. 5	117.7 120.0 111.1	117. 6 119. 9	117. 7 120. 3 110. 0	118, 2 120, 7 110, 9	
Servicesdo	147. 3	147. 6	147.8	148. 2	148.9	149. 2	149. 4	149.6	149.7	150.0	111. 0 150. 3	150.8	151. 2	
Appareldo	109. 4 118. 4 116. 1	109. 4 117. 9 116. 0	109. 2 117. 8 116. 7	107. 9 117. 6 116. 5	108. 4 117. 4 116. 5	108. 8 117. 7 116. 4	108. 9 119. 5 115. 3	108. 9 119. 7 115. 0	108. 9 120. 3 115. 0	109.1 120.6 115.8	109.3 120.1 116.6	110.6 120.2 117.5	111. 0 120. 9 118. 4	
Fruits and vegetables do Meats, poultry, and fish do	124. 5 109. 0	123. 4 107. 9	125. 5 106. 6	125. 7 106. 4	125. 9 106. 2	125, 0 107, 2	129. 9 109. 3	132.9 109.7	136. 1 110. 3	134. 4 110. 8	127.3 111.3	124. 6 110. 2		
Housing 9dododo	130. 1 121. 7	130. 4 121. 7	130. 4 122. 7	130. 7 123. 2	131. 2 124. 0	131.3 124.1	131. 4 124. 4	131. 2 124. 7	131. 3 124. 7	131, 3 124, 8		132. 0 125. 7	132. 2 125. 7	
Housefurnishings do Rent do Medicul care do do	104. I 140. 4 152. 5	104. 4 140. 5 153. 0	104. 2 140. 8 153. 2	104. 0 140. 9 153. 5	104.3 141.0 154.7	104. 7 141. 2 155. 0	104. 7 141. 4 155. 5	104. 3 141. 4 155. 9	104. 3 141. 6 156. 1	104.1 141.8 156.4	103. 5 141. 9 156. 7	104. 1 142. 1 156. 9	104. 0 142. 5 157. 3	
Personal caredo	132. 5	132. 7 120. 0	132. 9 120. 4	132. 7 120. 3	132. 6 120. 6	132, 7 120, 9	132. 9 121. 1	133. 2	133. 2 121. 1	133.4 121.6	133.8 121.9	133. 9 122. 1	134.0 121.9	
Transportationdo Privatedo	148. 5 137. 4	149. 0 137. 9	148.7 137.5	147. 6 136. 3	147. 5 136. 0	146. 5 134. 9	146. 1 134. 4	145. 6 133. 9	145, 8 134, 1	145.9 134.2	146. 2 134. 4	144. 7 132. 8	146. 1 134. 1	
Public doOther goods and services do	195. 9 131. 6		197. 2 131. 7	197. 2 131. 8	199.3 131.8	199. 4 131. 7	199. 4 131. 9	199. 4 131. 9	199. 7 132. 0	200.3 132.2	200. 7 132. 4	201. 7 132. 7		
WHOLESALE PRICES♂ (U.S. Department of Labor indexes)		}		}	}									
All commodities1947-49=100_ By stage of processing:	119.1		1	119.3	119.3	120.0	120.0	119, 7	119.5	119. 7	119.2	1		119
Crude materials for further processingdo Intermediate materials, supplies, etcdo Finished goods()do	94. 4 127, 1 120. 5	127. 3	93. 4 127. 3 120. 1	94. 6 127. 5 120. 6	94. 8 127. 4 120. 5	96. 4 127. 5 121. 4	96. 3 127. 6 121. 4	96.0 127.1 121.2	95. 3 127. 0 121. 1	94. 8 127. 0 121. 8	126.8	126.8	126.6	93 126 122
Finished goods do do By durability of product.* Nondurable goods do Durable goods do do do do do do do do do do do do do	104. 2 146. 4	103. 7	103.8 146.6	104. 3 146. 8	104. 3 146. 8	105. 5 146. 5	105. 6 146. 5	105, 2 146, 1	105. 2 145. 8	105. 6 145. 6	104.9	105.3	105.8	105
Farm products Qdodododo		85, 4	85. 9	86. 5	87.0	90.4	91.1	90.4	89.0	88. 9	86.6	87.7	7 89. 5	89
rruts and vegetables, tresh and dried do- Grains do- Livestock and live poultry do-	75.7	76. 5		104. 9 77. 2 78. 5	100. 5 76. 7 80. 8	104. 4 78. 2 86. 2	111, 5 79, 4 85, 7	116. 9 77. 8 85. 8	109. 7 77. 5 85. 1	112. 9 75. 5 84. 1	74. 3	74.9	73.5	107 70 81
Foods, processed 9do Cereal and bakery productsdo	106, 4 120, 4		104.7 120.4	105. 6 120. 7	105. 7 120. 6	107.3 120.8	106. 8 120. 9	107. 3 121. 2	107. 6 121. 2	108. 9 122. 5	107. 8 122. 0		109.0	109 123
Dairy products and ice creamdo Fruits and vegetables, canned and frozendo	116. 7 107. 4 95. 1	117. 7 106. 4	118. 1 104. 6	118.8 104.5	118. 4 105. 0	117. 7 105. 8	115. 6 105. 8	114. 9 106. 3	116. 0 106. 9	117. 3 107. 5	118.0 106.8	120. 5 107. 9	121.3 + 109.1	121 109
Meats, poultry, and fishdodo Commodities other than farm prod. and foodsdo	128. 4		90. 5 128. 6	92. 4 128. 8	93. 1 128. 7	97. 8 128. 6	96. 7 128. 7	98. 5 128. 2	98. 1 128. 2	99. 5 128. 2	1			127
Chemicals and allied products Qdo Chemicals, industrialdo	110. 0 123. 9			109. 9 124. 1	110.0 124.2	110. 1 124. 2	1!0.2 124.5	110, 2 124, 6	110. 2 124. 6	110. 4 124. 7				110 123
Drugs and pharmaceuticals do Fats and oils, inedible do Fertilizer materials do Fertilizer materials do Frances points	93. 8 54. 5 106. 3	93. 8 52. 2	93. 7 50. 8	93. 8 49. 2	94. 0 49. 4	94. 2 50. 6	94. 5 51. 7	94. 8 50. 2	95. 1 47. 9	95. 1 47. 8	95. 4 48. 9	95. 0 47. 7	7 94.4 7 47.8	94 48
repared paintenance of the control o	120.0	128.3	128. 3	108. 8 128. 3	108. 8 128. 3	108. 8 128. 3	108. 8 128. 3	108. 8 128. 3	108. 8 128. 3	110. 6 128. 4	128. 4	128. 4	128.4	111 128
Fuel, power, and lighting materials QdododoElectric powerJanuary 1958=100.	111. 4 123. 6 100. 7	124.0	124. 1	111.9 124.1 101.3	112.0 124.1 101.8	112.3 124.0 101.8	112. 2 119. 0 101. 8	110. 8 118. 7 101. 7	112.3 119.5 101.8	113, 8 120, 3 102, 0	121.3	122.4	122.5	116 123
Gas fuels do Petroleum and products 1947-49=100	111.1	113.8		116. 6 114. 4	114. 5 114. 6	115. 6 115. 0	115. 6 115. 4	111.6 113.6	112. 2 116. 0	114. 4 117. 9	116.6	121.3	r 120.9	102. 121. 120.
Furniture, other household durables $Q = do_{} do_{} \Delta$ ppliances, householddodo	103 0	104.1	103.7		123. 5 103. 3	123. 7 103. 2	123. 5 103. 1	123, 2 102, 1	123.0 101.7	123. 1 101. 7	122. 9 101. 1			122. 100.
Furniture, householddo_ Radio receivers and phonographsdo_ Television receiversdo_	124. 4 87. 7 69. 5	87.7	124. 2 87. 8 69. 2	124.7 87.7 69.0	124. 9 87. 8 69. 1	124. 9 87. 8 69. 1	124. 9 87. 8 69. 0	125. 0 87. 8 69. 0	124. 9 87. 1 69. 0	125. 0 87. 1 69. 0	125. 0 86. 1	125. 0 86. 1	r 125. 6	125

r Revised. Index based on 1935-39=100 is 212.8. ‡Revised beginning January 1958 to incorporate price revisions for individual commodities; revisions for January 1958-March 1959 data prior to August 1958 are available upon request. OGoods to users, including raw foods and fuels. ‡Revised beginning January 1958 to incorporate price revisions for individual commodities; revisions for January 1958-March 1959 data prior to August 1958 are available upon request. Placed at a not shown separately. The available prices of individual commodities, see respective commodities.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and		1959							1960					
descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	October	Novem- ber	Decem-	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber
		COM	MODI'	TY PI	RICES	—Con	tinue	ł						
WHOLESALE PRICES J—Continued														
U. S. Department of Labor indexes—Con, Commodities other than farm, etc.—Con, Hides, skins, and leather products 9 .1947-49=100. Footwear	116, 2 133, 5 87, 5 112, 2 126, 2 127, 9	111.7 133.8 67.2 103.8 124.3 125.8	112. 3 134. 1 73. 8 103. 5 124. 8 125. 9	112.7 134.2 73.7 105.5 125.1 126.1	112.0 134.2 69.8 104.8 124.9 126.1	111. 8 134. 2 72. 0 102. 8 124. 5 125. 9	112. 1 133. 5 73. 5 104. 7 124. 3 125. 7	111, 2 132, 5 72, 9 103, 5 123, 7 124, 9	110. 3 132. 5 67. 1 103. 0 122. 4 123. 1	110. 1 132. 5 68. 0 102. 2 121. 5 121. 6	108. 7 132. 5 63. 6 98. 9 119. 6 119. 2	108. 1 132. 5 62. 3 97. 5 118. 7 117. 9	7 108. 5 132. 5 64. 1 98. 1 7 117. 7 7 116. 3	108. 5 132. 5 65. 8 97. 1 116. 6 114. 8
Machinery and motive products 9do Agricultural machinery and equipdo Construction machinery and equip§do Electrical machinery and equipmentdo Motor vehiclesdo	153. 7 143. 4 172. 5 155. 9 141. 9	153. 6 143. 9 172. 9 155. 9 141. 6	153. 7 144. 0 172. 9 155. 4 141. 6	153. 8 144. 3 173. 6 155. 8 141. 6	153. 9 145. 3 173. 9 155. 7 141. 6	153. 9 145. 3 174. 3 155. 6 141. 6	154. 0 145. 6 174. 7 155. 6 141. 6	153, 5 145, 7 175, 3 153, 9 141, 6	153. 4 145. 9 175. 3 153. 9 141. 6	153. 2 146. 0 175. 5 153. 3 141. 6	153, 2 146, 1 176, 7 153, 1 141, 6	7 151.3 146.2 176.7 152.5 7 135.4	7 152.8 7 146.7 7 176.7 152.5 7 140.3	153. 0 148. 3 177. 3 152. 4 140. 6
Metals and metal products 9 do Heating equipment do Iron and steel do Nonferrous metals do	154, 5 121, 5 173, 1 137, 2	155, 8 121, 5 173, 6 141, 1	155. 2 121. 6 172. 2 140. 7	155. 5 120. 9 172. 4 142. 7	155, 3 120, 3 171, 6 142, 6	154. 5 120. 1 170. 5 140. 8	154. 5 120. 1 170. 5 140. 5	154, 2 120, 2 170, 4 140, 0	153. 8 120. 0 169. 9 138. 9	153. 4 118. 7 169. 5 138. 6	153. 6 118. 8 169. 9 138. 7	153. 5 119. 3 169. 7 138. 4	152. 8 119. 3 168. 9 137. 1	152. 4 118. 4 168. 5 135. 6
Nonmetallic minerals, structural	137. 5 160. 4 130. 3 133. 1	137. 7 160. 6 130. 3 133. 1	137. 8 160. 7 130. 4 133. 1	138, 4 161, 3 130, 5 133, 1	138. 2 161. 5 131. 1 133. 1	138. 2 161. 5 131. 0 133. 2	138. 3 161. 5 131. 3 133. 2	137. 9 161. 7 131. 5 133. 2	137. 8 161. 7 131. 3 133. 2	137. 8 161. 8 131. 3 133. 2	137. 8 162. 0 131. 1 133. 2	138. 0 162. 1 131. 0 133. 2	7 138, 1 162, 2 131, 0 133, 2	137. 9 162. 2 131. 0 133. 2
Pulp, paper, and allied products do	a r 141. 9	132. 3 144. 3 7 144. 4 7 132. 2	132, 4 144, 3 * 142, 0 * 132, 2	133. 7 144. 5 7 143. 1 7 132. 2	133, 2 144, 5 r 144, 6 r 137, 0	133. 1 144. 8 7 144. 7 7 137. 0	133. 1 145. 1 7 144. 7 7 137. 0	133, 4 145, 9 r 146, 3 r 137, 0	133. 5 145. 9 7 146. 7 7 137. 0	133. 5 145. 9 146. 9 141. 3	133. 0 145. 2 145. 3 141. 3	133. 0 145. 4 144. 9 141. 3	7 133. 4 7 145. 7 144. 7 141. 3	133. 1 145. 7 143. 6 141. 3
Textile products and apparel Q do Apparel do .	95. 9 100. 6 93. 0 114. 2 81. 0 104. 1	96. 3 100. 9 94. 0 117. 4 81. 4 103. 7	96. 7 100. 9 95. 0 121. 7 81. 3 104. 2	96. 6 100. 8 95. 9 122. 0 79. 4 104. 0	96. 5 100. 6 95. 8 119. 5 79. 8 103. 2	96. 3 100. 7 95. 6 116. 6 79. 4 102. 8	96. 3 100. 7 95. 0 118. 0 79. 4 102. 7	96. 3 100. 6 94. 8 118. 7 79. 7 102, 4	96. 3 100. 8 94. 8 121. 6 79. 6 102. 1	96. 3 101. 0 94. 7 123. 3 79. 6 101. 8	96. 1 101. 0 94. 3 126. 8 78. 9 101. 5	95. 9 101. 1 93. 4 128. 4 78. 6 101. 2	95. 8 101. 1 92. 8 128. 5 778. 5 101. 1	95, 5 101, 0 91, 7 125, 9 78, 5 101, 2
Tobacco prod. and bottled beverages ♀ do Beverages, alcoholic. do Cigarettes. do Miscellaneous. do Toys, sporting goods. do	131, 7 120, 7 134, 8 91, 8 117, 7	131. 7 120. 7 134. 8 93. 7 117. 7	131. 7 120. 7 134. 8 94. 2 118. 0	131. 7 120. 5 134. 8 95. 3 117. 7	131. 7 120. 6 134. 8 93. 4 117. 8	131. 7 120. 6 134. 8 94. 0 117. 8	131, 7 120, 6 134, 8 95, 4 118, 3	131. 7 120. 6 134. 8 91. 1 118. 3	131. 7 120. 6 134. 8 90. 9 118. 3	131. 8 120. 6 134. 8 90. 8 118. 6	132. 0 121. 1 134. 8 89. 9 118. 5	132. 0 121. 1 134. 8 91. 1 118. 6	132. 0 121. 1 134. 8 90. 3 118. 6	132. 0 121. 1 134. 8 90. 6 118. 6
PURCHASING POWER OF THE DOLLAR														ľ
As measured by— Wholesale prices	84. 0 79.7	84. 1 79. 6	84 1 79. 7	83. 8 79. 7	83, 8 79, 6	83. 3 79. 6	83. 3 79. 2	83. 5 79. 2	83. 7 79. 1	83. 5 79. 0	83. 9 79. 0	83. 9 78. 9	r 83. 6 1 78. 6	¹ 83. 6
	C	ONST	RUCT	ION A	ND F	EAL	ESTA'	TE		1,10				
CONSTRUCTION PUT IN PLACE;	}													
New construction (unadjusted), totalmil. of dol_	4,880	4, 421	4,075	3, 686	3, 482	3, 762	4, 120	4, 539	4, 878	(2)				
Private, total 9do	3, 460	3,302	3,062	2,712	2, 596	2, 774	2,944	3, 176	3, 392	(2)				
Residential (nonfarm) Q	2, 036 1, 565 403	1, 904 1, 457 378	1, 718 1, 322 324	1,476 1,140 266	1,348 1,023 257	1, 483 1, 121 294	1, 626 1, 192 365	1,755 1,252 429	1, 910 1, 358 474	(2)				
Nonresidential buildings, except farm and public utility, total 9mil. of doldodo	770 171	790 185	789 200	757 209	763 218	745 213	736 207	770 206	815 208					
Commercial do Farm construction do Public utility do	348 155 477	354 136 449	341 121	310 101	314 103	305 113	300 125	324 143	349 155					
Public, totaldodo	1, 420	1,119	411 1,013	356 974	363 886	414 988	438 1, 176	485 1, 363	487 1, 486	(2)				
Nonresidential buildings	368 117 568 367	321 109 370 319	320 98 286 309	326 80 280 288	305 56 250 275	331 86 265 306	375 79 390 332	393 90 516 364	409 93					
New construction (seasonally adjusted), totaldo	4, 313	4, 221	4, 331	4, 489	4, 521	4, 522	4, 480	4, 488	4, 449	(2)				
Private, total 9dodo	3, 129	3, 085	3, 144	3, 211	3, 230	3, 216	3, 181	3, 175	3, 164	(2)			ĺ	
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1,811 718 169 318 155 423	1,748 731 180 317 158 424	1,760 769 196 331 161 428	1,804 797 203 345 137 445	1,779 833 218 363 133 460	1,776 813 215 344 133 471	1, 763 804 211 339 132 462	1, 753 802 210 338 130 470	332 129	(2)				
Publie, total 9dodo	1, 184	1, 136	1, 187	1, 278	1, 291	1, 306	1, 299	1, 313	1, 285				İ	
Nonresidential buildings do Military facilities do Highway do	338 95 418	330 105 381	347 111 381	359 95 483	371 77 481	357 115 482	377 95 481	390 90 482	381 82 481					

^{*}Revised. ¹ Indexes based on 1935-39=100 are as follows: Measured by—wholesale prices, 43.7 (November); consumer prices, 47.0 (October).

2 Data (from *Bureun of *Census) on new basis reflecting the revised, higher level of hoursing starts and including Alaska and Hawaii are as follows (mil. dol.): *Unadjusted—July-November 1960—Total new construction. 5.184; 5.241; 5.266; 4.801; total private, 3,583; 3,559; 3,543; 3,486; 3,374; private residential, 2,089; 2,050; 2,032; 1,490; 1,857; total public, 1,604; 1,682; 1,701; 1,580; 1,427; July-November 1959—Total new construction, 5,423; 5,447; 5,288; 5,076; 4,726; total private, 3,807; 3,837; 3,737; 3,637; 2,492; private residential, 2,372; 2,380; 2,331; 2,252; 2,112; total public, 1,616; 1,610; 1,551; 1,439; 1,234; \$288. adj. annual rates—July-November 1960—Total new construction, 55,390; 55,385; 53,25; 54,781; 55,327; total private, 39,035; 38,660; 38,607; 38,360; 3

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of	<u> </u>	1959			D. 1	1			1960			la .	<u> </u>	
BUSINESS STATISTICS	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem ber
Co	ONSTI	RUCTI	ON A	ND R	EAL I	ESTAT	ГЕ—С	ontinu	ıed					
CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS								1	1	1				
Construction contracts in 48 States (F.W. Dodge Corp.): Valuation, totalmil. of dol	3, 135	2, 373	2,224	2, 193	2, 240	3,046	3, 360	3, 337	3, 472	3, 597	3, 295	3, 119	3, 319	
Public ownership do Private ownership do By type of building:	914 2, 220 1, 003	701 1, 672 801	711 1, 513 790	727 1, 466 801	702 1, 537 698	1,075 1,971 1,067	1, 067 2, 293 1, 048	1, 025 2, 312 1, 110	1, 237 2, 236 1, 110	1, 413 2, 184 1, 152	1, 018 2, 277 1, 177	995 2, 124 1, 124	1, 125 2, 194 1, 165	
Nonresidential do Residential do Public works do Utilities do	1, 515 455 161	1, 092 394 86	993 383 58	927 353 111	988 413 141	1,294 566 120	1, 480 654 178	1, 453 494 281	1, 483 693 186	1, 329 794 321	1, 433 520 165	1, 277 1, 277 544 173	1,390 647 117	
Engineering construction: Contract awards (ENR)§dodo	1, 494	1, 458	1, 590	1, 265	1, 402	2,001	2,005	1, 803	2, 885	2,005	1, 859	2, 232	1,796	1, 462
Highway concrete pavement contract awards: ♂ Total	4,604 1 -213 2,565 2,252	5, 315 390 2, 902 2, 023	6, 900 372 2, 553 3, 975	7, 410 1, 069 4, 791 1, 550	5, 961 223 4, 370 1, 369	7, 826 415 5, 267 2, 145	8, 406 335 5, 482 2, 589	9, 963 309 6, 202 3, 452	11, 069 1, 284 5, 784 4, 000	10, 637 1, 526 5, 230 3, 881	11, 216 684 6, 366 4, 166	7, 446 405 3, 829 3, 212	8, 541 635 4, 461 3, 445	
NEW DWELLING UNITS	1	2,020	51	1,000	1,000	2,120	2,000	0, 102	1,000	0,001	4, 100	0, 212	0, 110	
New permanent nonfarm dwelling units started: Unadiusted:														
Total, privately and publicly owned_thousands Privately owned, totaldo	105. 5	92. 5 90. 7	83. 7 83. 0	76. 3 75. 0	76. 5 74. 2	97. 8 94. 7	109. 2 107. 5	(2)				1		
In metropolitan areas	73.9	63. 9	58. 9 . 7	53. 1 1. 3	51. 9 2. 3	62. 2 3. 1	71.7							
Privately owned, totaldo Residential construction authorized, all permit-issuing	1, 180. 0	1, 210. 0	1, 330. 0	1, 216. 0	1, 115. 0	1, 125.0	1,125.0	(2)						
places: New dwelling units, total thousands Privately financed, total do do	88. 9 86. 0	69. 7 68. 1	67. 1 66. 0 48. 5	57. 7 57. 0 41. 7	60. 6 60. 5	84. 3 81. 2	92. 4 91. 3							
Units in 1-family structures do Units in 2-family structures do Units in multifamily structures do Publicly financed, total do	4.3	51. 3 3. 2 13. 5 1. 6	2.9 14.6 1.1	2. 8 12. 5	45.7 2.9 11.9	61. 1 3. 9 16. 2 3. 1	69. 6 3. 8 17. 8 1. 1							
CONSTRUCTION COST INDEXES														
Department of Commerce composite 11947-49=100_American Appraisal Co., The:	142 712	142 713	142 714	143 714	143 715	143 716	143 717	143 719	144 720	143 722	143 723	144 727	144 728	14 73
Average, 30 cities 1913=100 Atlanta do New York do San Francisco do	778 778 669	779 778 669	779 778 670	779 778 670	787 778 674	787 778 674	789 778 674	789 778 674	789 778 674	789 778 671	789 779 671	803 787 679	803 795 681	80 79 69
St. Louis	690 526	690 526	690 526	691 527	691 527	691 529	693 529	696 530	696 535	704 537	704 538	704 537	706 538	71 53
Apartments, hotels, and office buildings: Brick and concreteU.S. avg. 1926-29=100. Brick and steel	298.8	309, 6 299, 2 295, 9	310. 1 300. 3 296. 3	310. 5 300. 6 296. 5	312. 2 302. 6 298. 1	311. 4 301. 6 297. 6	312.0 302.0 298.0	313. 3 302. 7 298. 9	314. 6 303. 2 299. 1	314. 7 302. 7	314. 6 302. 4	315. 1 302. 7	315. 0 302. 5	315. 302.
Brick and wood do do do do do do do do do do do do	321. 2	321. 6 319. 0	322, 2 319, 6	322. 7 320. 0	324. 0 321. 5	323. 5 320. 9	324. 1 321. 4	325. 6 322. 6	327. 1 322. 2	298. 5 327. 7 321. 3	297. 9 327. 6 320. 8	297. 9 328. 2 321. 1	297. 2 328. 1 321. 0	297. 328. 320.
Brick and wood	295. 0 292. 2 302. 6		296. 1 293. 2 303. 8	296, 3 293, 6 304, 0	298. 4 294. 6 305. 1	297. 8 294. 1 304. 6	298. 2 294. 6 304. 9	299. 1 295. 6 305. 6	299. 8 296. 0 303. 2	299, 2 295, 6 301, 3	298. 8 294. 7 300. 5		298. 5 293. 5 300. 8	
Residences: Brick do Frame do Engineering News-Record:⊙	296. 2 286. 1	296. 6 286. 5	297. 3 287. 2	297. 6 287. 5	299. 1 288. 8	298. 6 288. 2	299. 0 288. 7	299. 9 289. 5	300. 5 289. 8	300. 0 289. 2	299. 5 288. 5		298. 9 287. 5	298. 287.
Engineering News-Record:⊙ Building	163. 9 178. 6	163. 3 178. 3	164.0 179.2	164.3 179.4	164. 2 179. 5	164. 4 179. 9	7 165. 5 181. 6	165, 9 182, 5	166. 4 183. 1	166, 3 183, 3	166, 4 183, 4	166. 0 183. 1	165. 9 183. 2	166. 183.
Composite, standard mile (avg. for qtr.)_1946=100_		-	138. 2			134. 4			133. 7		-	136. 6		-
CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS Output index, composite, unadj. ♀ ⊕ 1947-49=100_	132.9		124.8	119.4	120.8	132. 4	135.3	141.7	145.4	r 126. 7	144. 5		-	
Seasonally adjusted ♀⊕ do_ Iron and steel products, unadj.⊕ do_ Lumber and wood products, unadj.⊕ do_ Portland cement, unadj. do.	- 65. 2 150. 8	123. 8 87. 7 130. 4 156. 1	144. 8 125. 4 130. 2 144. 2	127. 2 125. 6 127. 2 112. 4	136. 7 115. 6 133. 3 96. 8		133, 1 129, 0 137, 3 162, 6	132, 1 134, 1 142, 0 191, 6	136.3 143.3 138.6 187.8	7 130. 8 125. 0 7 115. 8 191. 3	130. 7 135. 7 142. 0 199. 0	133. 1		-
REAL ESTATE	-					120.0			20,10	101.0	100.0	100.2		
Home mortgages insured or guaranteed by— Fed. Hous. Adm.: Face amountthous. of dol_ Vet. Adm.: Face amountdo	523, 314 237, 577	447, 928 219, 605	450, 999		367, 646 169, 641		335, 700 152, 633	322, 483 155, 139	364, 909	362, 163		425, 124	433, 655	
vet. Adm.: race amount	1, 916		241, 176 2, 134	195, 331 1, 740	1, 628	-,	1, 558	1, 574	174, 557 1, 770	160, 340 1, 674	180, 818		l	1
tions, estimated total mil. of dol. By purpose of loan: Home construction do	- 1, 329		1,094 377	881 292	992	1, 165 411	1, 173 411	1, 256 443	1, 425 479	1, 294 416	1, 441 437	r 1, 342	'	
Home purchase	590 274	486	465 252	386 203	413 235		471 291	520 293	612 333	582 296	437 666 338	r 604	561	
restinated totalmil. of dol_ Nonfarm foreclosuresnumber_ Fire lossesthous. of dol_	2, 799 3, 583	3, 378	2, 487 3, 727 96, 444	2, 079 3, 630 92, 949	2, 149 3, 470 96, 782	2, 406 4, 145 116, 365	2, 366 3, 918 98, 106	2, 500 4, 001 86, 940	2, 690 4, 514 82, 829	2, 528 4, 289 82, 998	2, 784 4, 347 90, 037	4,814		

r Revised. 1 Negative figure due to termination of contract reflected in earlier data. 2 Data according to new series compiled by Census are as follows (thous. units): Total nonfarm (public and private)—August-November 1960, 127.5; 100.3; 108.9; 96.3; August-November 1959, 142.0; 136.1; 121.2; 104.3; seus. adj. annual rate, private only—August-November 1960, 1,273.0; 1,044.0; 1,221.0; August-November 1959, 1,46.0; 1,368.0; 1,354.0; 1,328.0. (See prior issues of the Survey for comparable 1960 and 1959 figures for April-July.) §Data for October and December 1959 and March, June, and September 1960 are for 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks. Contracts in Alaska and Hawaii are included beginning 1960. †Minor revisions prior to 1958 are available upon request. ¶Copyrighted data; see last paragraph of headnote, p. S-1. OData reported at the beginning of each month are shown here for the previous month. 2 Includes data for items not shown separately. ⊕ Revisions for 1955-57 for the composite index of construction materials output and for lumber and wood products are in the September 1959 Survey (p. 20); revisions for 1958-September 1959 will be shown later.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of		1959							1960	1	ľ	ı	1	1
BUSINESS STATISTICS	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ar y	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber
			DO	MEST	IC TR	ADE								
ADVERTISING									i]		
Printers' Ink advertising index, seas. adjusted: Combined index	242 242 195	224 244 184	230 235 180	227 226 182	239 246 189	241 247 198	238 256 191	245 258 195	243 242 193	247 250 195	236 259 179	235 251 181		
Newspapers	213 188 24 484	167 158 21 492	206 121 25 487	202 148 21 471	207 164 26 495	216 155 24 468	209 160 19 473	225 166 23 472	220 171 27 492	203 166 28 547	198 169 25 502	205 164 22 492		
Television advertising: Network:														
Gross time costs, totalthous. of dol. Automotive, including accessoriesdo. Drurs and toiletriesdo. Foods, soft drinks, confectionerydo	59, 031 5, 400 16, 525 11, 921	58, 328 4, 978 15, 786 10, 922	58, 669 3, 874 16, 631 12, 126	57, 718 4, 424 17, 276 11, 826	55, 578 4, 495 16, 875 11, 354	58, 603 4, 756 17, 357 11, 596	55, 923 4, 527 14, 896 10, 782	55, 500 5, 056 15, 108 10, 059	7 52, 971 7 3, 588 16, 175 10, 043	55, 778 3, 796 14, 508 8, 786	7 50, 867 3, 174 16, 888 7 9, 575	51, 457 3, 998 14, 765 9, 183		
Soaps, cleansers, etc	6, 011 6, 020 13, 153	5, 364 6, 198 15, 170	5, 595 6, 416 14, 028	5,829 7,302 11,061	5, 689 6, 126 11, 040	6, 419 6, 427 12, 047	6, 089 6, 486 13, 144	5, 755 6, 410 13, 112	5, 768 6, 651 r 10, 747	4, 377 5, 464 18, 848	5, 619 6, 254 9, 358	6, 245 6, 467 10, 800		
Gross time costs, quarterly totaldoAutomotive, including accessoriesdoDrugs and toiletriesdoFoods, soft drinks, confectionerydo			165, 732 5, 435 34, 542 54, 440			167, 981 6, 102 32, 489 54, 355			a160, 648 6, 372 27, 220 50, 232			a125, 012 4, 664 22, 582 37, 853		
Soaps, cleansers, etcdo Smoking materialsdo All otherdo			18, 318 9, 023 43, 974			20, 449 11, 038 43, 548			21, 569 8, 535 46, 720			17, 407 7, 656 34, 850		
Magazine advertising: do Cost, total do Apparel and accessories do Automotive, incl. accessories do Building materials do Drugs and toiletries do Foods, soft drinks, confectionery do	90, 211 5, 846 12, 806 3, 603 7, 839 11, 036	86, 117 5, 424 9, 483 2, 514 8, 235 11, 807	60, 820 3, 444 4, 332 1, 101 6, 147 8, 905	44, 468 1, 786 5, 067 1, 145 4, 314 6, 918	69, 130 3, 201 7, 877 2, 411 6, 392 10, 973	78, 529 5, 532 8, 332 4, 254 6, 587 11, 608	88, 366 6, 534 11, 599 5, 446 6, 509 10, 709	86, 863 6, 548 10, 353 4, 839 7, 650 10, 115	69, 372 2, 779 7, 763 3, 515 7, 762 9, 929	51, 260 742 5, 639 2, 118 6, 257 7, 816	51, 089 5, 265 4, 048 1, 905 5, 683 7, 541	69, 563 8, 697 3, 215 4, 139 6, 221 8, 724	98, 071 6, 841 14, 739 3, 374 8, 828 13, 144	
Beer, wine, liquorsdo Household equip., supplies, furnishingsdo Industrial materialsdo Soaps, cleansers, etcdo Smoking materialsdo All otherdo	5, 523 9, 014 5, 977 1, 075 2, 354 25, 138	6, 014 7, 655 5, 733 942 2, 237 26, 074	7, 515 5, 010 3, 794 547 2, 365 17, 661	1, 893 2, 153 2, 748 547 1, 592 16, 303	3, 808 4, 238 4, 252 877 2, 608 22, 494	3, 866 6, 166 4, 497 863 1, 978 24, 848	4, 324 8, 546 5, 657 1, 205 2, 093 25, 745	4, 594 8, 812 5, 929 1, 076 2, 464 24, 482	3, 967 5, 930 5, 238 722 1, 981 19, 787	3, 344 3, 142 3, 870 585 2, 092 15, 654	2, 682 3, 005 3, 531 528 2, 082 14, 820	3, 857 5, 524 4, 969 704 1, 918 21, 595	5, 293 8, 253 6, 355 867 2, 259 28, 119	
Linage, totalthous. of lines_	5, 792	5, 244	4, 061	4, 283	5, 010	5, 550	5, 492	4, 961	4,002	3, 619	4, 457	5, 314	5, 914	
Newspaper advertising linage (52 cities), totaldo Classifieddo Display, totaldo	271, 255 64, 780 206, 474	259, 509 59, 382 200, 127	250, 948 51, 416 199, 532	212, 027 60, 047 151, 980	209, 661 58, 100 151, 561	243, 585 61, 127 182, 458	256, 329 65, 827 190, 501	273, 697 69, 808 203, 889	250, 556 65, 011 185, 545	217, 418 63, 504 153, 914	224, 124 63, 563 160, 561	240, 074 60, 905 179, 169	265, 798 63, 434 202, 364	
Automotive do Financial do General do Retail do	18, 409 4, 780 38, 403 144, 882	9, 757 4, 286 32, 927 153, 158	9, 310 4, 985 26, 533 158, 703	10, 590 6, 420 21, 838 113, 132	12, 187 3, 847 25, 833 109, 694	14, 097 4, 753 30, 496 133, 112	17, 092 4, 442 31, 448 137, 520	18, 274 4, 117 36, 032 145, 465	18, 018 4, 796 30, 786 131, 945	12, 124 4, 852 23, 240 113, 697	11, 905 3, 408 21, 977 123, 271	12, 253 3, 802 28, 782 134, 333	17, 012 4, 844 36, 341 144, 166	
PERSONAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURES														
Seasonally adjusted quarterly totals at annual rates:† Goods and services, totalbil. of dolbil.			319. 6			323. 3			329.0	- -		328.3		
Durable goods, total 9 do			43. 5 17. 4 19. 2			44, 2 18, 5 18, 9			44. 5 18. 9 18. 7			42. 7 17. 5 18. 3		
Nondurable goods, total \$\circ\$ do \\ Clothing and shoes do \\ Food and alcoholic beverages do \\ Gasoline and oil do do			79.1			150. 5 27. 8 79. 5 11. 4			153. 5 28. 3 81. 4 11. 7			152. 7 28. 2 80. 7 11. 7		
Services, total 9 do Household operation do Housing do Transportation do		l	126. 6 18. 5 41. 3 10. 1						130. 9 19. 1 42. 5 10. 5			132. 9 19. 3 43. 1 10. 5		
RETAIL TRADE All retail stores: Estimated sales (unadjusted), totalmil. of dol	19,095	17, 635	21, 454	116, 312	15, 829	17, 419	19, 200	18, 548	18, 918	18, 066	18, 153	r 17, 898	r 18, 658	2 18, 565
Durable goods stores 9 do. Automotive group. do. Motor-vehicle, other automotive dealers. do. Tire, battery, accessory dealers. do.	6, 420 3, 520 3, 293 227	5, 502 2, 807 2, 596 211	6, 025 2, 723 2, 456 267	1 5, 097 3, 025 2, 856 169	5, 232 3, 129 2, 964 165	5, 830 3, 586 3, 402 184	6, 369 3, 755 3, 527 228	6, 414 3, 688 3, 465 223	6, 637 3, 735 3, 494 241	5, 793 3, 097 2, 869 228	5, 970 3, 221 3, 003 218	7 5, 633 7 2, 863 7 2, 661 7 202	r 6, 068 r 3, 264 3, 059 205	² 5. 904 ² 3, 133
Furniture and appliance groupdo Furniture, homefurnishings storesdo Household-appliance, TV, radio storesdo	988 623 365	992 634 358	1, 229 748 481	781 485 296	797 509 288	807 516 291	838 548 290	875 569 3 06	918 575 343	861 540 321	901 581 320	r 886 r 563 r 323	7 916 594 322	2 968
Lumber, building, hardware groupdo Lumber, building materials dealerso'do Hardware storesdo	1, 104 861 243	955 736 219	981 692 289	699 524 175	720 542 178	789 588 201	996 732 264	1, 055 789 266	1, 124 853 271	1,053 802 251	1, 096 859 237	r 1, 041 802 r 239	1, 055 812 243	
Nondurable goods stores ? do Apparel group. do Men's and boys' wear storesdo Women's apparel, accessory stores. do Family and other apparel stores. do Shoe stores. do do	12, 675 1, 198 220 471 298 209	12, 133 1, 170 237 451 294 188	15, 429 1, 975 432 776 497 270	111, 215 931 199 363 203 166	10, 597 792 153 320 178 141	11, 589 946 163 380 224 179	12, 831 1, 348 222 526 313 287	12, 134 1, 072 193 435 238 206	12, 281 1, 083 221 405 249 208	12, 273 943 175 369 212 187	12, 183 999 173 393 234 199	7 12, 265 7 1, 130 7 187 7 442 7 268 7 233	7 1, 182 218 468 291	2 12, 661 2 1, 202

7 Revised. 1 Beginning January 1960, data for Alaska and Hawaii are included. 2 Advance estimate. † Revised series. Revisions for 1957-March 1959 appear on p. 17 of the July 1960 Survey. Q Includes data not shown separately. Toomprises lumber yards, building materials dealers, and paint, plumbing, and electrical stores.

a Not comparable with earlier data due to change in estimating procedures; figures comparable with 1st quarter 1960 are as follows (thous. dol.): 1960—2d quarter, 174, 245; 3d quarter, 135,013.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and		1959							1960		1		,	
descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem ber
		DOM	IESTI	C TR	ADE-	-Conti	inued							
RETAIL TRADE—Continued All retail stores—Continued Estimated sales (unadjusted)—Continued Nondurable goods stores—Continued Drug and proprietary storesmil. of dol	608	575	783	620	604	603	607	611	603	607	613	r 608	, 624	1 60:
Eating and drinking places do Food group do Grocery stores do Gasoline service stations do Gasoline service service stations do Gasoline service	1, 374 4, 594 4, 115 1, 462	1, 276 4, 173 3, 708 1, 433	1,350 4,698 4,158 1,437	1, 219 4, 319 3, 853 1, 356	1, 141 4, 079 3, 634 1, 286	1, 210 4, 380 3, 919 1, 388	1, 304 4, 601 4, 127 1, 457	1, 377 4, 379 3, 909 1, 489	1,413 4,517 4,035 1,525	1, 493 4, 704 4, 216 1, 587	1, 476 4, 423 3, 948 1, 568	r 1, 389 r 4, 531 r 4, 069 r 1, 471	r 1, 373 r 4, 508 r 4, 645 r 1, 501	1 1, 31 1 4, 42 1 3, 94 1 1, 47
General merchandise group 9 do Department stores, excl. mail-order do Mail-order (catalog sales) do Variety stores do Liquor stores do	2, 107 1, 255 152 327 410	2, 190 1, 302 194 327 397	3, 552 2, 056 249 682 614	1, 492 866 106 230 353	1, 433 809 117 245 347	1, 678 974 137 262 359	2, 080 1, 217 148 343 383	1, 846 1, 074 141 298 375	1, 891 1, 114 134 307 386	1, 700 969 116 294 420	1, 913 1, 091 153 318 400	r 1, 928 r 1, 134 148 309 r 398	7 2, 083 7 1, 240 163 320 405	1 2, 25
Estimated sales (seasonally adjusted), totaldo	18, 341	17, 842	17, 485	2 18, 090	18, 100	18, 234	18, 911	18, 480	18, 504	18, 107	18, 190	r 18, 054	r 18, 554	1 18, 55
Durable goods stores 9dodo	6, 360 3, 690 3, 475 215	5, 682 2, 961 2, 740 221	5, 328 2, 667 2, 457 210	2 5, 891 3, 230 3, 003 227	6, 040 3, 398 3, 181 217	5, 937 3, 458 3, 250 208	6, 303 3, 582 3, 350 232	6, 080 3, 375 3, 157 218	6, 010 3, 353 3, 142 211	5, 687 3, 005 2, 796 209	5, 779 3, 211 3, 016 195	7 5, 797 7 3, 176 7 2, 971 7 205	7 6, 133 3, 440 3, 238 202	1 6, 00
Furniture and appliance groupdo Furniture, homefurnishings storesdo Household-appliance, TV, radio storesdo	924 578 346	935 588 347	903 570 333	916 572 344	917 581 336	868 544 324	926 595 331	918 584 334	882 562 320	907 577 330	875 558 317	7 899 7 578 7 321	893 575 318	
Lumber, building, hardware groupdo Lumber, building materials dealersodo Hardware storesdo	951 728 223	971 755 216	988 773 215	967 727 240	1, 003 762 241	912 682 230	999 738 261	989 743 246	983 739 244	981 728 253	953 723 230	7 917 686 7 231	951 716 235	
Nondurable goods stores Q	11, 981 1, 080 203 433 252 192	12, 160 1, 119 215 439 268 197	12, 157 1, 150 219 454 277 200	2 12, 199 1, 164 230 451 271 212	12,060 1,119 215 436 264 204	12, 297 1, 137 221 429 277 210	12, 608 1, 168 212 455 277 224	12, 400 1, 117 213 435 270 199	12, 494 1, 125 215 437 270 203	12, 420 1, 119 204 451 257 207	12, 411 1, 162 222 460 266 214	7 12, 257 1, 122 7 210 7 447 7 256 7 209	7 12, 421 1, 122 212 450 262 198	12.54
Drug and proprietary stores do Eating and drinking places do Food group do Grocery stores do Gasoline service stations do	609 1, 335 4, 294 3, 828 1, 435	607 1, 306 4, 390 3, 916 1, 438	612 1, 351 4, 363 3, 886 1, 423	627 1, 332 4, 395 3, 912 1, 449	627 1, 297 4, 412 3, 933 1, 423	512 1, 309 4, 511 4, 032 1, 453	623 1, 380 4, 439 3, 964 1, 496	619 1, 342 4, 566 4, 088 1, 451	619 1, 355 4, 604 4, 123 1, 462	629 1, 348 4, 474 3, 994 1, 474	628 1, 315 4, 526 4, 048 1, 456	r 632 r 1, 332 r 4, 425 r 3, 969 r 1, 466	634 1, 338 4, 499 4, 033 1, 477	
General merchandise group \(\text{\ do } \) Department stores, excl. mail-orderdo Mail-order (catalog sales)do Variety storesdo Liquor storesdo	1, 940 1, 139 143 312 388	1, 966 1, 141 150 332 491	1, 991 1, 157 147 327 393	1, 967 1, 155 140 320 393	1, 901 1, 088 141 330 403	1, 942 1, 114 149 327 396	2, 123 1, 251 165 332 409	1, 936 1, 114 148 334 406	1, 974 1, 146 149 334 419	2, 004 1, 185 151 326 416	1, 978 1, 127 153 343 418	7 1, 972 7 1, 141 151 328 7 404	2,023 1,200 158 319 398	
Estimated inventories, end of month: Book value (unadjusted), totaldo Durable goods storesdo Nondurable goods storesdo	25, 130 11, 130 14, 000	25, 190 10, 950 14, 240	23, 370 10, 660 12, 710	23, 660 11, 180 12, 480	24, 640 11, 790 12, 850	25, 800 12, 230 13, 570	25, 790 12, 290 13, 500	25, 800 12, 360 13, 440	25, 340 12, 180 13, 160	25, 100 11, 990 13, 110	24, 960 11, 480 13, 480	r 25, 020 r 11, 040 r 13, 980	25, 900 11, 600 14, 300	
Book value (seas. adj.), total	24, 710 11, 590 4, 960 1, 990 2, 290	24, 230 11, 010 4, 380 2, 010 2, 290	24, 310 10, 980 4, 260 2, 010 2, 330	24, 490 11, 260 4, 540 1, 990 2, 350	24, 810 11, 590 4, 870 2, 020 2, 340	25, 120 11, 640 4, 950 2, 010 2, 310	24, 960 11, 630 4, 970 2, 030 2, 290	25, 200 11, 760 5, 100 2, 020 2, 300	25, 320 11, 820 5, 140 2, 050 2, 310	25, 420 11, 900 5, 180 2, 090 2, 280	25, 200 11, 650 4, 920 2, 100 2, 270	r 25, 340 r 11, 760 r 5, 070 2, 060 r 2, 290	25, 240 11, 830 5, 110 2, 030 2, 360	
Nondurable goods stores ♀ do A pparel group do Food group do General merchandise group do	13, 120 2, 700 2, 920 4, 130	13, 220 2, 730 2, 920 4, 200	13, 330 2, 780 2, 940 4, 280	13, 240 2, 740 2, 960 4, 250	13, 220 2, 720 2, 980 4, 230	13, 480 2, 790 3, 050 4, 290	13, 330 2, 710 3, 070 4, 220	13, 440 2, 730 3, 060 4, 280	13, 500 2, 740 3, 040 4, 360	13, 510 2, 750 3, 040 4, 390	13, 550 2, 780 3, 040 4, 420	13, 580 - 2, 790 3, 020 - 4, 410	13, 410 2, 770 2, 990 4, 290	
Firms with 4 or more stores: Estimated sales (unadjusted), totaldo Firms with 11 or more stores: Estimated sales (unadjusted), total?do	4, 836	4, 559 3, 995	6, 249 5, 480	² 3, 987 ² 3, 468	3, 817 3, 289	4, 289 3, 687	4, 932 4, 253	4, 479 3, 848	4, 650 4, 009	4, 552 3, 930	4, 556 3, 916	r 4, 757	4, 872	
Apparel group Qdo. Men's and boys' wear storesdo. Women's apparel, accessory storesdo. Shoe storesdo.	273 20 114	269 23 113 76	461 42 205 122	191 16 75 64	169 12 70 56	219 15 91 70	337 23 136 117	252 17 108 83	260 20 107 87	209 15 91 69	229 14 102	270 15 110 94	276 20 119 82	
Drug and proprietary stores do Eating and drinking places do Furniture, hometurnishings stores do	. 83	98 76 41	160 81 44	101 76 25	96 73 34	99 78 38	104 84 36	102 85 37	106 86 41	106 91 35		106 84 38	109 87 41	
General merchandise group 9	799 252 1,807	1,370 809 256 1,558 65 78	2, 220 1, 241 533 1, 794 58 106	903 543 174 1,670 46 63	870 502 188 1,553 46 62	1, 035 616 204 1, 690 51 69	1, 306 782 270 1, 796 64 87	1, 154 690 232 1, 622 71 88	1, 205 733 241 1, 690 76 94	1, 081 646 227 1, 792 73 88	1, 225 711 247 1, 624 78 84	1, 221 730 237 1, 764 73 77	795 246	
Estimated sales (seas. adj.), total 9do		3, 934	3, 939	² 3 , 992	3, 893	3, 954	4, 092	4, 005	4, 105	4, 108	4, 079	r 4, 099	4, 090	
Apparel group Men's and boys' wear storesdo Wormen's apparel, accessory storesdo Shoe storesdo	18	258 19 108 82	267 20 116 81	269 21 112 88	260 19 108 84	251 18 104 84	270 20 114 86	257 19 107 82	260 19 110 82	258 19 109 79		267 19 113 85	118	
Drug and proprietary storesdo Eating and drinking placesdo Furniture, homefurnishings storesdo	. 79	104 79 37	108 78 37	108 83 31	105 81 37	102 80 38	109 87 37	105 85 38	109 83 41	110 86 40	83	111 83 39	112 84	
General merchandise group Q	726 244 1, 654 66	1, 209 709 251 1, 652 67 83	1, 205 698 252 1, 651 68 80	1, 220 724 246 1, 688 65 84	1, 166 675 253 1, 664 64 81	1, 211 704 255 1, 710 59 80	1, 305 778 260 1, 694 64 88	1, 238 724 264 1, 687 66 83	1, 280 765 264 1, 736 66 82	1, 293 788 251 1,715 66 83	732 266 1,724 64	1, 262 747 255 1, 740 63 82	771 248 1, 709 66	

r Revised. 1 Advance estimate. 2 Beginning January 1960, data for Alaska and Hawaii are included. 2 Includes data not shown separately. & Comprises lumber yards, building materials dealers, and paint, plumbing, and electrical stores.

	=	1959	<u></u>						1960					
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	October	Novem-	Decem-	Janu-	Febru-	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem-
			ber 1ESTI	C TR	ary ADE	Conti	nued	-				ner	<u> </u>	ber
		D O.,			A.D.E.	Conti	1	i	I		1			
RETAIL TRADE—Continued Department stores: Accounts receivable, end of month: Charge accounts	168 388	186 405	249 458	214 463	178 449	161 438	170 434	168 429	164 427	152 429	152 408	162 418	172 425	
Charge accounts percent_ Installment accounts	48 15 42 43	48 15 43 42	47 15 44 42	45 14 43 41	45 14 42 42	48 16 42 43	44 15 43 43	44 15 43 42	48 15 43 42	45 14 44 41	47 15 43 42	46 15 42 43	47 15 41 43	
Installment salesdo	15 + 151	15 176	14 260	16 111	16 106	15 115	14 150	15 138	15 137	15 122	15 132	15 145	16 p 153	ν 174
Atlanta do Boston do Chiengo do Cleveland do Dallas do Kansas City do	186 131 142 • 143 177 162	217 154 164 170 208 179	325 251 233 252 291 266	139 99 101 105 135 115	137 93 95 105 122 105	149 95 108 113 143 119	194 133 139 144 172 154	173 124 130 135 159 150	165 123 129 131 156 146	165 95 113 116 156 140	170 106 123 128 165 154	172 131 136 140 159	p 187 p 132 p 143 p 145 p 164	
Minncapolis do New York do Philadelphia do Richmond do St. Louis do San Francisco do	150 141 • 146 165 151 154	148 170 183 190 177 181	230 245 257 289 250 281	98 108 108 112 111 121	99 102 102 105 105 102 121	105 107 113 114 110 126	139 137 153 165 150 153	127 127 134 143 144 145	133 130 134 139 134 147	109 101 108 129 119 142	132 109 114 135 134 154	* 144 138 141 154 142 * 152	p 152 p 147 p 149 p 169 p 152 p 156	
Sales, seasonally adjusted, total U.S. Q do A tianta do Boston do Chicago do Cleveland do Dallas do Kansas City do	148 188 129 139 142 173 162	146 189 129 135 138 179 156	146 185 129 134 141 170 155	146 180 131 134 139 171 156	142 175 130 127 136 163 144	138 162 122 125 139 164 142	154 192 134 145 144 181 164	141 176 125 132 139 159 150	145 183 129 134 139 170 154	149 194 125 141 143 175 159	143 178 124 134 139 169 151	144 185 126 132 140 166 154	# 189 # 129 # 140 # 144 # 172 # 164	p 144
Minneapolis do New York do Philadelphia do Richmond do St. Louis do San Francisco do	137 134 + 142 158 148 158	131 134 140 156 149 155	133 135 140 156 143 158	137 135 146 156 150 156	135 133 143 149 134 158	123 126 134 140 131 157	147 144 151 168 159 159	133 131 136 144 143 153	137 135 144 149 144 153	136 135 142 156 144 159	132 137 136 149 140 155	134 136 139 153 138 155	p 138 p 140 p 145 p 162 p 149 p 160	
Stocks, total U.S., end of month: Unadjusteddo Seasonally adjusted Qdo	7 176 158	182 160	145 161	144 161	$\frac{152}{160}$	165 162	165 159	163 161	157 165	158 167	165 169	176 168	₽ 186 ₽ 167	
WHOLESALE TRADE											:			
Sales, estimated (unadj.), total bil. of dol Durable goods establishments do Nondurable goods establishments do	13. 0 4. 8 8. 1	12. 5 4. 6 7. 9	13. 0 4. 6 8. 4	11.3 4.1 7.2	11. 4 4. 2 7. 2	12.5 4.5 8.0	12. 2 4. 6 7. 6	12.3 4.6 7.7	12.8 4.8 8.0	11.6 4.2 7.3	13. 0 4. 7 8. 2	12.7 4.6 8.1	12.7 4.5 8.2	
Inventories, estimated (unadj.), total do_ Durable goods establishments do_ Nondurable goods establishments do_	12. 8 6. 5 6. 3	12. 9 6. 4 6. 4	12. 6 6. 4 6. 2	12. 7 6. 5 6. 2	12. 7 6. 7 6. 0	12. 9 6. 9 6. 0	12. 9 6. 9 6. 0	12.9 7.0 5.9	12.9 7.0 5.9	13. 0 7. 0 5. 9	13. 1 7. 0 6. 1	* 13. 5 6. 9 * 6. 3	13. 5 6. 8 6. 7	
]	EMPL	OYMI	ENT A	ND P	OPUL	ATIO	V						
POPULATION			1											
Population, United States: Total, incl. armed forces overseasthousandsthousands	178, 522	178,782	179, 017	179,245	179, 452	179, 647	179, 864	180, 078	180, 299	180, 529	180, 793	181, 085	181, 369	
Noninstitutional population, estimated number 14 years of age and over, total dthousands_	123, 785	123, 908	124, 034	1 124,606	124, 716	124, 839	124, 917	125, 033	125, 162	125, 288	125, 499	125, 717	125,936	126, 222
Total labor force, including armed forces	72, 629 70, 103 66, 831 6, 124 60, 707 3, 272	71, 839 69, 310 65, 640 5, 601 60, 040 3, 670	71, 808 69, 276 65, 699 4, 811 60, 888 3, 577	1 70, 689 1 68, 168 1 64, 020 1 4, 611 1 59, 409 1 4, 149	70, 970 68, 449 64, 520 4, 619 59, 901 3, 931	70, 993 68, 473 64, 267 4, 565 59, 702 4, 206	72, 331 69, 819 66, 159 5, 393 60, 765 3, 660	73, 171 70, 667 67, 268 5, 837 61, 371 3, 459	75, 499 73, 602 68, 579 6, 856 61, 722 4, 423	75, 215 72, 706 68, 689 6, 885 61, 805 4, 017	74, 551 72, 070 68, 282 6, 454 61, 828 3, 788	73, 672 71, 155 67, 767 6, 588 61, 179 3, 388	73, 592 71, 069 67, 490 6, 247 61, 244 3, 579	1 73, 746 1 71, 213 1 67, 182 1 5, 666 1 61, 516 1 4, 031
Unadjusted Seasonally adjusted	6.0	5.3 5.9	5. 2 5. 5	1 6. 1 1 5. 2	5.7 4.8	6. 1 5. 4	5. 2 5. 0	4.9 4.9	6. 1 5. 5	5. 5 5. 4	5. 3 5. 9	4, 8 5, 7	5. 0 6. 4	1 5. 7 1 6. 3
Not in labor force thousands. Employees on payrolls (nonagricultural estab.): Total, unadj. (exel. Alaska and Hawaii)△. thousands Manufacturing do Durable goods industries do Nondurable goods industries. do	51, 155 52, 569 16, 197 9, 168 7, 029	52, 068 52, 793 16, 280 9, 313 6, 967	52, 225 53, 756 16, 484 9, 577 6, 907	52,078 16,470 9,640 6,830	53,746 52,060 16,520 9,680 6,840	53, 845 52, 172 16, 478 9, 630 6, 848	52, 587 52, 844 16, 380 9, 548 6, 832	51, 862 52, 957 16, 348 9, 516 6, 832	49, 663 53, 309 16, 422 9, 504 6, 918	50, 074 52, 923 16, 250 9, 342 6, 908	50, 948 53, 062 16, 386 9, 296 7, 090	52, 045 r 53, 496 r 16, 505 r 9, 403 r 7, 102	52, 344 r 53, 386 r 16, 310 r 9, 308 r 7, 002	¹ 52, 476 ² 53, 243 ² 16, 165 ² 9, 268 ³ 6, 897
Mining, total do. Metal do. Anthracite do. Bituminous coal do. Crude-petroleum and natural-gas production thousands. Nonmetallic mining and quarrying do.	621 47 16 145 299 114	660 67 16 164 298 114	668 70 16 174 297 112	658 73 16 173 291 105	669 89 16 173 288 104	666 93 14 172 285 103	677 95 13 169 287 113	677 96 12 167 286 116	681 97 12 164 292	655 94 11 140 292 118	672 95 11 156 292 118	663 94 12 151 289 117	657 93 12 151	₹ 654

r Revised. p Preliminary. 1 See note marked "7". ‡ Revised beginning August 1959 to include data for Hawaii. 2 Revised for a number of months in recent years to reflect updating of seasonal factors: revisions prior to April 1959 will be shown later. \$Estimates for Alaska and Hawaii are included effective with February 1959 and September 1959, respectively; preliminary estimate of civilian population in Alaska (Jan. 1, 1959), 153,000 persons and in Hawaii (Sept. 1, 1959), 603,000 persons. Revisions for February 1957-August 1958 are shown in the November 1959 SURVEY (bottom p. S-11). \$\overline{\text{For 1947-59}}\$ figures, reflecting adjustments of 1947-56 data to new definitions adopted January 1957 and use of revised factors in computing the seasonally adjusted unemployment rates, see pp. 22 and 23 of the April 1960 SURVEY.

3"Data beginning January 1960 include figures for Alaska and Hawaii; January 1960 estimates for these States (thous.): Noninstitutional population, 500; civilian labor force, 282; employed persons, 266; nonagricultural employment, 229. Estimates for agricultural employment and unemployment can be regarded as comparable with pre-1960 data.

\[\times \text{Total employment in U.S., including Alaska and Hawaii (thous.): 1960—September, 53,743; October, 53,626; November, 53,480.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and		1959	 1					-	1960					
descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber
J	EMPL	OYME	ENT A	ND P	OPUL	ATION	V—Co	ntinue	ed					
EMPLOYMENT—Continued														
Employees on payrolls of nonagricultural est., unadjusted—Continued Contract construction thousands. Transportation and public utilities? do. Interstate railroads. do. Local railways and bus lines do. Trucking and warehousing do. Telephone do. Gas and electric utilities do.	2, 961 3, 910 893 92 898 703 578	2, 856 3, 912 898 92 893 703 577	2, 699 3, 940 920 91 897 701 576	2, 453 3, 882 901 91 876 698 574	2, 389 3, 887 900 91 878 699 574	2, 312 3, 900 904 91 883 760 568	2, 590 3, 917 910 91 881 703 574	2, 830 3, 924 914 91 880 704 575	2, 977 3, 942 920 91 887 707 582	3,098 3,939 912 91 879 714 589	3, 130 3, 921 905 90 877 714 585	r 3, 069 3, 907 876 91 892 708 585	r 3,008 3,888 871 88 902 704 578	p 2, 851 p 3, 868
Wholesale and retail trade do. Wholesale trade do. Retail trade Q do. General merchandise stores do. Food and liquor stores do. Automotive and accessories dealers do.	11, 551 3, 121 8, 430 1, 521 1, 627 802	11, 723 3, 141 8, 582 1, 628 1, 646 804	12, 345 3, 155 9, 190 2, 025 1, 663 815	11, 424 3, 113 8, 311 1, 465 1, 630 800	11, 329 3, 114 8, 215 1, 402 1, 635 801	11, 325 3, 111 8, 214 1, 404 1, 634 801	11, 620 3, 120 8, 500 1, 511 1, 649 815	11, 543 3, 111 8, 432 1, 466 1, 649 819	11, 637 3, 129 8, 508 1, 462 1, 656 827	11, 591 3, 138 8, 453 1, 433 1, 660 824	11, 592 3, 153 8, 439 1, 452 1, 641 820	r 11, 665 r 3, 153 r 8, 512 1, 504 1, 641 815	11,733 r 3,161 r 8,572 1,555 1,647 814	P 11, 878 P 3, 174 P 8, 704
Finance, insurance, and real estate	2, 441 6, 614 476 312 174 8, 274	2, 438 6, 593 470 311 175 8, 331	2, 438 6, 547 463 309 173 8, 635	2, 429 6, 474 453 307 172 8, 288	2, 439 6, 484 460 306 170 8, 343	2, 444 6, 511 459 305 169 8, 536	2, 463 6, 644 479 308 177 8, 553	2, 469 6, 717 497 312 179 8, 449	2, 496 6, 745 524 315 181 8, 409	2,530 6,715 592 316 176 8,145	2, 536 6, 685 591 310 171 8, 140	r 2, 515 r 6, 698 509 307 175 r 8, 474	r 2,500 r 6,706 464 306 180 r 8,584	^p 2, 497 ^p 6, 672
Total, seas. adj. (excl. Alaska and Hawaii)△do Manufacturingdododododododo	52, 002 16, 022 9, 129 6, 893	52, 253 16, 174 9, 266 6, 908	52, 674 16, 436 9, 542 6, 894	52, 880 16, 562 9, 655 6, 907	52, 972 16, 567 9, 667 6, 900	52, 823 16, 509 9, 603 6, 906	53, 128 16, 527 9, 552 6, 975	53, 105 16, 540 9, 537 7, 003	53, 140 16, 498 9, 499 6, 999	53, 145 16, 417 9, 452 6, 965	53, 046 16, 265 9, 338 6, 927	7 52, 998 7 16, 275 7 9, 391 7 6, 884	r 52, 806 r 16, 131 r 9, 270 r 6, 861	^p 52, 704 ^p 16, 069 ^p 9, 224 ^p 6, 845
Mining do. Contract construction do Transportation and public utilities do Wholesale and retail trade do Finance, insurance, and real estate do Service and miscellaneous do Government do	621 2, 762 3, 900 11, 478 2, 453 6, 549 8, 217	657 2, 792 3, 902 11, 452 2, 450 6, 593 8, 233	665 2,800 3,917 11,486 2,450 6,613 8,307	658 2, 775 3, 941 11, 594 2, 454 6, 606 8, 290	669 2, 781 3, 933 11, 627 2, 464 6, 616 8, 315	666 2, 601 3, 920 11, 595 2, 456 6, 577 8, 499	684 2, 752 3, 924 11, 652 2, 463 6, 611 8, 515	684 2,783 3,927 11,675 2,469 6,618 8,409	678 2, 790 3, 926 11, 712 2, 471 6, 645 8, 420	658 2, 858 3, 910 11, 736 2, 480 6, 682 8, 404	665 2, 835 3, 892 11, 764 2, 499 6, 652 8, 474	660 r 2, 800 3, 879 r 11, 665 r 2, 515 r 6, 665 r 8, 539	657 r 2, 806 3, 878 11, 659 r 2, 513 r 6, 640 r 8, 522	p 651 p 2, 787 p 3, 858 p 11, 604 p 2, 510 p 6, 672 p 8, 553
Production workers on manufacturing payrolls, unadj.: Total	12, 201 6, 786 73	12, 274 6, 922 73	12, 466 7, 173 74	12, 449 7, 230 74	12, 494 7, 268 75	12, 435 7, 205 75	12, 334 7, 123 74	12, 292 7, 084 73	12, 332 7, 056 72	12, 145 6, 888 72	12, 265 6, 833 72	r 12, 399 r 6, 949 74	r 12, 225 r 6, 868 72	» 6, 822 » 74
Sawmills and planing mills do Furniture and fixtures do Stone, clay, and glass products do Primary metal industries do Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills thousands	612 300 329 458 602	599 205 327 457 975 493	584 286 328 452 1,039 528	561 277 327 443 1,048	561 277 328 445 1,052 532	556 275 327 443 1,043 526	569 282 327 448 1,020 511	592 289 324 452 993 495	617 296 327 456 970 469	606 291 321 450 924 439	607 293 327 452 910 431	7 598 285 328 449 7 905 7 418	7 580 276 7 326 7 442 7 894 411	p 564 p 319 p 432 p 882
Fabricated metal products do Machinery (except electrical) do Geterrical machinery do Geterrical machinery do Geterrical machinery do Motor vehicles and equipment do Aircraft and parts do Ship and boat building and repairs do Instruments and related products do Miscellaneous mfg. industries do	812 1, 147 893 1, 208 623 435 107 232 420	800 1, 136 882 1, 026 439 429 118 232 415	841 1, 166 892 1, 172 593 422 116 232 393	857 1, 179 892 1, 239 658 416 121 230 379	863 1, 191 890 1, 245 675 412 109 231 388	854 1, 186 879 1, 221 652 407 110 230 392	837 1, 176 860 1, 187 623 398 113 230 395	836 1,159 855 1,174 616 388 115 228 397	840 1,154 859 1,127 615 348 111 228 405	817 1, 130 850 1, 105 574 358 119 223 389	819 1, 112 861 1. 036 509 365 118 226 410	* 835 * 1, 104 * 877 * 1, 135 597 * 367 119 * 225 * 418	7 833 7 1,086 7 846 7 1,149 612 368 119 7 223 7 417	p 818 p 1, 084 p 863 p 1, 154 p 222 p 409
Nondurable goods industries	5, 415 1, 080 233 226 166	5, 352 1, 032 244 178 166	5, 293 990 245 150 163	5, 219 954 241 136 161	5, 226 939 237 134 161	5, 230 934 234 134 161	5, 211 960 232 152 162	5, 208 967 236 151 161	5, 276 1, 015 242 173 164	5, 257 1, 064 243 219 165	5, 432 1, 142 246 297 163	7 5, 450 7 1, 171 248 7 325 164	r 5, 357 r 1, 104 248 249 165	p 1, 032
Tobacco manufactures do Textile mill products \$\frac{Q}{2}\$ do Broadwoven fabric mills do Knitting mills do Apparel and other finished textile prod do Paper and allied products do Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills do Printing, publishing, and allied industries do Chemicals and allied products do	93 885 372 208 1,100 454 222 570 540	82 876 370 204 1, 107 452 222 570 539	81 867 370 196 1, 103 451 222 571 537	78 850 368 190 1,091 447 223 562 536	76 860 367 191 1,111 446 222 565 537	71 863 368 195 1,118 446 222 568	69 861 367 197 1,082 448 222 568	68 863 365 201 1,079 449 223 567 547	68 867 365 205 1,085 452 226 572 540	69 848 360 197 1,060 444 222 568	81 859 360 206 1, 107 451 226 573 538	97 850 356 203 1,094 452 225 1,578	7 94 7 839 351 201 7 1,080 7 448 223 7 585	p 1,074 p 446 p 585
Industrial organic chemicals	207 151 116 212 331	207 154 115 209 331	207 155 116 208 332	208 154 116 208 329	208 155 117 209 329	209 154 116 208 328	209 154 116 201 317	210 155 117 198 315	211 156 118 198 323	211 153 117 192 322	210 154 117 196 331	7 207 150 115 7 198 7 321	208 r 150 114 198 318	p 148
Production workers on mfg. payrolls, seas. adj.: Totalthousands Durable goods industriesdo Nondurable goods industriesdo Production workers on manufacturing payrolls:	12, 030 6, 746 5, 284	12, 169 6, 873 5, 296	12, 417 7, 137 5, 280	12, 536 7, 244 5, 292	12, 537 7, 255 5, 282	12, 462 7, 179 5, 283	12, 472 7, 126 5, 346	12, 476 7, 106 5, 370	12, 407 7, 051 5, 356	12, 321 7, 000 5, 321	12, 158 6, 875 5, 283	7 12, 176 7 6, 937 7 5, 239	r 12,048 r 6,829 r 5,219	p 6, 775
Indexes of employment: Unadjusted 1947-49=100 Seasonally adjusted do Miscellaneous employment data;	98. 6 97. 3	99. 2 98. 4	100, 8 100, 4	100, 6 101, 4	101.0 101.4	100. 5 100. 8	99. 7 100. 8	99. 4 100. 9	99. 7 100. 3	98. 2 99. 6	99. 2 98. 3	100, 2 7 98, 4	7 98. 8 7 97. 4	
Federal civilian employees (executive branch): United States	2, 176. 7 208. 8 804	2, 200. 3 209. 5	12,500.1 1 217. 5 826	2, 158. 7 210. 0 813	2, 160. 5 210. 9	² 2,339.7 ² 212. 2 816	ĺ	² 2,220.2 ² 211.9	1	2,213.3 218.5	217. 9	2, 192. 9 213. 6	2, 188. 9 214. 0	
Indexes: Unadjusted	60. 9 62. 2	60.8 62.2	61. 7 63. 0	60. 9 60. 4	60.9 61.0	61. 2 61. 7	824 61. 8 62. 6	828 62. 2 61. 4	834 62. 7 61. 3	62.0 60.7	60.4	' r 59.3	p 60. 1	≠ 57.6 ≠ 59.0

														
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of		Novem-	Decem-	Janu-	Febru-				1960	l	1	Septem-	1	Novem-
BUSINESS STATISTICS	October	ber	ber	ary	ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	ber	October	ber
	EMPL(OYMI	ENT A	ND P	OPUL	ATIO	V—Co	ntinue	ed					
INDEXES OF WEEKLY PAYROLLS														
Construction (construction workers) 1947-49=100. Manufacturing (production workers) do Mining (production workers) do	239. 1 165. 9 95. 9	221.8 166.8 104.4	214. 8 175. 4 110. 5	185, 4 175, 5 105, 4	180. 2 173. 9 104. 4	176. 1 172. 6 106. 5	207. 9 168. 8 108. 7	230. 5 171. 5 107. 8	246. 9 172. 5 108. 4	262. 8 169. 0 103. 3	267. 9 169. 2 104. 5	259. 4 r 172. 5 101. 6	259. 0 7 170. 0 101. 4	p 167. 3
HOURS AND EARNINGS														
Average weekly gross hours per worker on payrolls of nonagricultural establishments: All manufacturing industries hours. A verage overtime do A verage overtime do A verage overtime do Lumber and accessories do Lumber and wood products (except furniture)	40.3 2.8 40.9 2.8 41.3	39. 9 2. 6 40. 1 2. 5 41. 3	40. 6 2. 7 41. 1 2. 7 41. 8	40.3 2.8 41.0 2.9 41.3	39. 8 2. 6 40. 4 2. 7 41. 1	39. 7 2. 5 40. 3 2. 5 41. 5	39. 3 2. 1 39. 9 2. 1 40. 8	39. 9 2. 4 40. 4 2. 4 41. 3	40. 0 2. 5 40. 4 2. 4 40. 8	39. 8 2. 4 39. 9 2. 3 40. 0	39.8 2.4 40.0 2.3 40.0	7 39. 6 2. 5 39. 9 2. 5 40. 5	39. 6 7 2. 4 7 40. 1 7 2. 4 7 40. 4 39. 6	p 39. 3 p 2. 2 p 39. 8 p 2. 1 p 40. 4
Sawmills and planing millsdo	40. 8 40. 7 41. 8 41. 2 39. 9	40. 1 40. 3 41. 1 40. 8 38. 8	40. 2 40. 7 41. 8 41. 0 41. 1	39. 3 39. 7 40. 3 40. 4 41. 1	39. 4 39. 4 40. 3 40. 2 40. 3	38. 8 39. 0 39. 1 39. 9 40. 1	39. 9 40. 6 39. 9 40. 3 39. 4	40. 1 40. 9 40. 1 40. 9 38. 9	40. 5 41. 0 40. 2 41. 0 38. 9	39. 3 39. 9 40. 0 40. 8 38. 7	39. 6 40. 2 40. 8 41. 0 38. 1	40. 2 40. 5 7 40. 5 38. 0	39. 7 r 40. 5 r 40. 9 r 37. 9	p 39. 0 p 39. 9 p 40. 6 p 37. 9
hours. Fabricated metal products &	38. 0 41. 0 41. 2 40. 8	37. 7 40. 1 40. 8 40. 5	41. 2 41. 4 41. 7 41. 0	41. 2 41. 2 41. 3 40. 7	40. 0 40. 5 41. 0 39. 9	39. 9 40. 5 41. 2 40. 1	39. 3 39. 9 40. 8 39. 2	38. 1 40. 8 41. 3 39. 9	37. 7 40. 9 41. 2 40. 1	37, 2 40, 5 40, 9 39, 3	36. 6 41. 0 40. 5 39. 9	36. 5 7 40. 7 40. 3 40. 1	36. 4 40. 6 40. 4 r 40. 2	p 40, 2 p 40, 0 p 40, 1
Transportation equipment Q	40. 6 41. 1 40. 7 38. 3 41. 1 40. 7	39, 2 38, 2 40, 6 38, 5 41, 0 40, 4	40. 7 40. 9 41. 0 39. 1 41. 3 40. 6	42. 0 43. 7 40. 6 38. 9 40. 6 40. 1	40. 8 41. 5 40. 6 39. 2 40. 2 39. 9	40. 6 40. 8 40. 8 39. 4 40. 8 40. 3	39. 7 39. 5 40. 1 39. 5 40. 1 39. 2	40. 9 41. 1 41. 0 40. 1 40. 5 39. 9	40, 5 40, 6 40, 8 39, 7 40, 7 39, 9	40. 2 40. 0 41. 1 39. 3 40. 4 39. 4	39. 6 38. 8 40. 9 39. 5 40. 5 40. 0	7 40. 2 40. 6 40. 6 37. 4 7 40. 1 7 39. 5	7 41. 0 41. 5 41. 0 39. 5 40. 4 7 40. 1	
Nondurable goods industries do Average overtime do Food and kindred products 9 do Meat products do Canning and preserving do Bakery products do do Gament do	39. 5 2. 8 40. 8 43. 3 38. 0 40. 2	39.6 2.7 41.0 43.3 36.9 40.1	39. 8 2. 7 41. 1 42. 4 38. 5 40. 2	39. 4 2. 6 40. 6 42. 2 38. 4 39. 4	39.0 2.5 39.6 39.2 37.8 39.7	38. 8 2. 4 39. 7 39. 1 37. 5 39. 9	38. 6 2. 2 39. 8 39. 4 37. 7 39. 9	39. 3 2. 5 40. 6 40. 8 38. 7 40. 3	39. 5 2. 5 40. 6 40. 7 37. 7 40. 8	39. 6 2. 6 41. 1 41. 2 39. 5 40. 9	39. 5 2. 5 41. 2 41. 2 40. 9 40. 4	r 39. 1 2. 6 r 41. 6 41. 5 42. 2 40. 3	7 39. 0 2. 5 40. 8 41. 1 39. 3 40. 5	p 2. 3 p 40. 2
Tobacco manufactures do Textile mill products \$do Broadwoven fabric mills do Knitting mills do	40. 2 40. 5 41. 5 38. 7	38. 2 40. 5 41. 5 38. 9	39, 7 40, 8 42, 0 38, 1	38. 4 40. 3 41. 5 37. 3	36. 1 40. 1 41. 2 37. 4	34, 8 39, 4° 40, 7 36, 5	36. 0 39. 6 40. 6 37. 3	38. 1 40. 1 41. 0 38. 3	39. 3 40. 2 41. 1 38. 6	37, 6 39, 7 40, 6 38, 4	37. 9 39. 7 40. 3 38. 6	7 40. 3 38. 3 38. 7 37. 6	7 40. 2 7 38. 8 39. 2 37. 8	p 38. 7
Apparel and other finished textile proddoPaper and allied productsdoPulp, paper, and paperboard millsdoPrinting, publishing, and allied industriesdo	36. 2 42. 9 43. 9 38. 4	36.7 42.7 44.0 38.3	36. 5 42. 7 43. 9 39. 0	36. 0 42. 5 43. 8 38. 3	36. 2 42. 1 43. 5 38. 0	35. 8 42. 1 43. 4 38. 2	35. 1 41. 8 43. 1 37. 8	36. 3 42. 5 43. 6 38. 4	36. 3 42. 6 43. 7 38. 1	36. 4 42. 5 43. 8 38. 2	36. 7 42. 5 43. 6 38. 3	7 35. 4 7 42. 3 43. 4 7 38. 6	7 35. 6 7 42. 1 43. 2 38. 4	ν 34. 9 ν 41. 5 ν 38. 2
Chemicals and allied products do Industrial organic chemicals do Products of petroleum and coal do Petroleum refining do Rubber products do Leather and leather products do	41. 6 41. 4 40. 8 40. 2 40. 8 36. 2	41. 7 41. 6 41. 0 41. 2 39. 7 37. 3	41. 9 41. 9 40. 6 40. 6 40. 8 37. 7	41. 3 41. 3 40. 2 40. 0 40. 7 37. 9	41. 3 41. 3 40. 3 40. 2 40. 0 37. 2	41. 3 41. 3 40. 3 40. 2 39. 4 37. 1	42. 1 41. 9 40. 8 41. 0 38. 3 35. 4	41. 6 41. 8 40. 7 40. 9 39. 7 36. 3	41. 9 42. 2 41. 1 40. 8 40. 6 37. 8	41. 6 41. 9 41. 5 41. 2 40, 6 38. 4	41. 3 41. 2 40. 7 40. 3 39. 9 38. 1	41. 3 41. 1 41. 3 41. 1 39. 0 35. 9	7 41. 2 40. 8 7 40. 7 40. 6 39. 8 7 36. 0	p 41. 3 p 40. 9 p 39. 3 p 36. 4
Nonmanufacturing industries:	40.4	40. 7 41. 7 34. 0 35. 8	42. 1 42. 2 34. 2 40. 9	40. 7 42. 5 31. 8 38. 7	39. 9 40. 8 27. 2 37. 3	40. 8 42. 0 36. 2 38. 8	41. 1 42. 7 29. 2 37. 4	41. 0 42. 7 29. 6 36. 4	41. 2 r 41. 3 33. 9 37. 1	41, 5 r41, 4 34, 0 37, 3	40. 7 41. 6 34. 4 35. 0	40. 1 41. 6 30. 8 33. 2	40. 2 40. 5 34. 5 33. 9	
Bituminous coaldo Petroleum and natural-gas production (except contract services)hours Nonmetallic mining and quarryingdo	40. 4 44. 3	41. 2 43. 2	40. 5 43. 3	41.1 41.8	39, 9 41, 2	40. 4 41. 1	40. 7 43. 8	41. 0 43. 9	40. 4 45. 2	40. 9 45. 0	40.3 44.9	41. 0 44. 2	40. 9 44. 5	
Contract construction do Nonbuilding construction do Building construction do Transportation and public utilities:	37. 0 40. 6 36. 0	35. 7 38. 9 34. 8	36. 7 39. 4 36. 1	35. 1 37. 5 34. 6	35. 0 38. 2 34. 3	35, 0 39, 1 34, 2	36. 9 41. 1 35. 9	36. 9 40. 7 35. 9	37. 4 41. 6 36. 3	37. 8 42. 2 36. 7	37. 9 42. 3 36. 7	37.2 42.0 36.0	37. 8 42. 7 36. 6	
Local railways and bus linesdo Telephonedo Gas and electric utilitiesdo Wholesale and retail trade:		42.8 40.7 41.3	42. 9 39. 2 40. 9	42.3 38.8 40.9	42. 5 39. 2 40. 6	42. 7 39. 1 40. 7	42. 7 38. 9 40. 8	43. 2 39. 2 40. 8	43. 5 39, 4 40. 8	43. 2 39. 8 40. 9	43. 2 39. 5 40. 8	42. 9 40. 8 41. 8	41.4	
Wholesale tradedoRetail trade (except eating and drinking places) \(\tilde{Q} \) General merchandise storesdoFood and liquor storesdoAutomotive and accessories dealersdo	40. 5 37. 7 34. 0 35. 9	40. 4 37. 5 33. 9 35. 8	38. 2 36. 5 35. 7	37. 4 33. 7 35. 4	39, 8 37, 4 33, 7 35, 2	39. 9 37. 4 33. 8 35. 3	40. 1 37. 7 34. 5 35. 6	40. 2 37. 4 33. 7 35. 3	40. 3 37. 8 34. 3 35. 9	38. 2 35. 0 36. 4	38. 3 34. 9 36. 2	40. 4 37. 6 34. 0 35. 6	37. 4 33. 8 35. 2	
Antonior and accessories dealers		43. 7 40. 2 39. 3 39. 1	43. 8 40. 0 39. 7 39. 5	43. 8 40. 1 39. 2 38. 2	43. 7 39. 7 39. 1 37. 7	43. 8 40. 0 38. 9 37. 9	44. 1 39. 6 40. 0 40. 8	43. 9 39. 9 39. 9 39. 4	44. 1 40. 0 39. 9 39. 9	44. 1 40. 0 39. 8 38. 6	44. 1 40. 2 39. 4 37. 6	43, 9 39, 7 39, 4 38, 5	39. 8 39. 7	
Average weekly gross earnings per worker on payrolls of nonagricultural establishments: All manufacturing industries	89. 06 96. 52 106. 55	88. 98 95. 44 106. 97	92. 16 99. 87 109. 10	92. 29 100. 86 108. 21	91.14 98.98 107.68	90, 91 98, 74 108, 73	89. 60 97. 36 106. 49	91. 37 98. 58 107. 79	91. 60 98. 98 107. 30	91. 14 97. 76 105. 20	90, 35 97, 20 105, 60	7 91. 08 98. 15 108. 14	r 91. 08 r 98. 65 r 107. 87	₽ 97. 91
Sawmills and planing mills dollars. Furniture and fixtures do Stone, clay, and glass products do	91.88	80, 60 78, 18 75, 21 91, 39	80. 40 78. 14 77. 33 92. 25	77. 03 75. 83 74. 56 91. 30	78. 01 75. 25 74. 56 90. 85	77. 60 75. 27 72. 73 90. 57	80, 20 77, 95 73, 82 91, 08	81. 40 78. 94 74. 19 92. 84	83, 84 81, 18 74, 77 93, 07	81. 35 79. 00 74. 40 93. 02	81. 97 80. 00 75. 89 93. 89	r 84. 19 80. 00 75. 74 r 92. 75	7 82. 37 77. 81 7 75. 74 7 94. 07	p 93. 38
Primary metal industries do- Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills dollars dollars.	105. 74 116. 66	107.86 113.10	117. 14 127. 72	117. 96 128. 54	115. 26 123. 60	114. 29 122. 89	112. 29 122. 22	109. 70 116. 21	109. 70 115. 74	108. 75 113. 83	106. 68 110. 53	106. 78 110. 60	i	» 106. 12

*Revised. * Preliminary.

§ Includes data for industries not shown separately.

& Except ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment.

S-14	a 	<u> </u>		r cun	ENEM.	1 DU	SINE.						Jecembe	r 1960
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of	'	1959	Dogom	Janu-	Febru-				1960			Tanton	1	T _{NT-TOT}
BUSINESS STATISTICS	October	per	Decem- ber	ary	ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber
	EMPL	OYMJ	ENT A	ND P	OPUL.	ATION	√—Coı	ntinue ———	ed					
HOURS AND EARNINGS—Continued			1		1	1	1	()		i '				
Average weekly gross earnings per worker on payrolls of nonagricultural establishments—Continued All manufacturing industries—Continued Durable goods industries—Continued Fabricated metal products of dollars. Machinery (except electrical) do Electrical machinery do Transportation equipment of Motor vehicles and equipment do Aircraft and parts. do Ship and boat building and repairs do Instruments and related products do Miscellaneous mfg. industries do	96. 76 103. 82 91. 39 109. 62 113. 03 108. 26 99. 20 94. 53	102.82 90.72 104.66 102.38 108.00 101.26 94.71	105. 92 93. 07 110. 70 113. 29 109. 88 102. 44 96. 23	92.80 115.92 124.11 108.40 101.92 94.19	98. 42 104. 55 90. 97 111. 79 116. 62 108. 81 102. 31 94. 07 77. 81	98. 42 105. 47 91. 43 110. 84 113. 83 109. 34 103. 62 95. 88 78. 18	96, 56 104, 04 88, 98 107, 59 108, 23 107, 07 103, 49 93, 43 76, 05	99. 96 106. 14 91. 37 111. 66 113. 85 110. 29 105. 46 94. 77 77. 41	100. 21 105. 88 92. 23 110. 97 112. 87 110. 57 105. 60 95. 65 77. 41	99. 63 105. 11 90. 39 110. 15 111. 20 110. 97 106. 90 95. 75 76. 44	91.77 108.90 108.64 110.84 108.23 95.99	7 103. 57 93. 03 7 112. 96 116. 52 111. 24 103. 97 7 95. 44	104. 23 - 93. 26 - 115. 21 119. 11 112. 34 109. 81 - 96. 15	p 103, 20 p 93, 03 p 113, 00 p 96, 15
Nondurable goods industries do Food and kindred products Q do Meat products do Canning and preserving do Bakery products do	85. 68 103. 05 65. 74 84. 42	87. 74 105. 22 63. 47 85. 01	88, 78 104, 73 68, 15 85, 22	88. 91 104. 66 68. 74	79, 95 86, 33 95, 26 69, 17 84, 56	79, 93 86, 94 95, 01 69, 75 85, 39	79, 52 87, 16 95, 74 69, 75 85, 79	81.35 88.91 99.55 70.05 87.05	82. 16 88. 51 98. 90 67. 86 88. 54	82. 37 89. 60 100. 94 70. 71 89. 16	99. 70 74. 03 88. 48	7 89. 02 102. 51 74. 69 89. 06	7 88. 94 101. 11 71. 13 89. 51	p 88. 44
Tobacco manufactures do Textile mill products 9 do Broadwoven fabric mills do Knitting mills do Apparel and other finished textile prod do Paper and allied products do Pulp, paper, and paperboard mills do Printing, publishing, and allied industries do	64. 40 64. 74 57. 66 55. 02 95. 67 104. 48 104. 83	64, 40 64, 74 57, 96 2, 56, 15 95, 22 104, 72 103, 79	64, 87 65, 52 56, 77 55, 85 95, 22 104, 48 106, 86	64, 48 64, 74 56, 32 55, 44 95, 20 104, 24 104, 56	56, 11 94, 73 103, 97	59, 86 63, 83 65, 12 55, 48 55, 85 94, 30 103, 29 105, 05	64, 80 63, 76 64, 96 55, 95 53, 70 93, 63 102, 15 103, 95	68. 58 65. 36 66. 01 58. 22 55. 90 96. 05 104. 64 106. 37	71. 53 65. 53 66. 58 58. 67 55. 90 97. 13 106. 19 105. 54	68. 43 64. 31 65. 37 57. 60 56. 42 97. 33 106. 87 106. 20	64. 31 64. 88 58. 29 57. 62 97. 75 106. 82 106. 09	62. 05 61. 92 57. 15 7 55. 93 7 98. 14 107. 20 7 108. 08	7 62. 86 62. 72 57. 46 7 56. 60 7 96. 83 106. 27	p 62. 69 p 55. 14 p 95. 45
Chemicals and allied products	108. 05 117. 50 119. 80	5 108, 58 0 118, 90 1 124, 01 3 97, 66	3 109.78 117.74 121.80 5 101.59	108. 21 116. 98 120. 40 102. 16	108, 21 116, 87 120, 60 100, 00	102. 01 108. 62 116. 87 120. 20 97. 71 60. 84	104, 41 112, 29 119, 54 124, 23 94, 60 58, 06	103. 58 110. 77 118. 03 123. 11 100. 04 59. 90	105, 59 112, 67 119, 60 123, 22 102, 72 62, 37	106. 08 113. 13 121. 18 124. 84 103. 53 62. 98	110. 42 117. 62 120. 90 100. 15	110, 97 7 120, 60 124, 53 7 98, 28	110. 16 117. 62 121. 80 100. 69	p 119. 43
Nonmanufacturing industries:	99. 38 82. 80 123. 55 t 113. 12 97. 90 117. 66 117. 74	3 108, 84 93, 84 118, 14 2 117, 83 95, 90 3 113, 88 4 110, 87	111, 41 94, 73 135, 38 113, 81 96, 13 117, 81 113, 47	113.05 88.09 127.32 116.72 92.38 113.72 108.00	76. 16 121. 97 112. 12 91. 46 113. 75	116, 91	111. 38 113. 58 80. 58 122. 30 115. 18 98. 55 119. 19 117. 96 119. 19	110.70 114.01 82.20 119.03 116.03 98.78 119.56 118.03 119.91	110, 83 r 110, 27 93, 23 121, 69 113, 52 101, 70 121, 18 121, 06 121, 24	111, 22 7 111, 37 93, 50 121, 60 116, 16 102, 60 123, 61 124, 91 123, 68	111, 49 94, 26 114, 10 112, 44 102, 37 124, 31 126, 96	112. 74 84. 39 108. 23 116. 44 101. 66 123. 13 6 126. 42	110, 16 95, 22 110, 51 116, 16 101, 91 125, 50 128, 95	3
Transportation and public utilities: Local railways and bus lines	94. 57 88. 58 108. 62 91. 53 967. 11 47. 94	88 89, 95 2 109, 03 3 91, 71 4 66, 38 4 47, 46 5 69, 81	87, 42 107, 98 1 91, 94 8 66, 09 50, 01 69, 26	86.14 108.39 90.80 66.95 48.19 69.38	87. 42 107. 59 90. 35 66. 95 48. 19 69. 34	108, 26 91, 37 66, 95 48, 33 69, 89	97. 78 86. 36 108. 94 91. 83 67. 48 48. 99 70. 13 91. 73		68, 80 49, 74	100. 22 89. 95 110. 02 94. 19 69. 52 50. 75 73. 16 91. 29	89. 27 110. 16 93. 56 69. 32 50. 26 72. 76	95, 47 115, 37 3 94, 13 2 68, 43 49, 30 72, 27	7 91, 94 7 113, 85 8 93, 50 8 68, 07 49, 01 7 71, 46)
Finance, insurance, and real estate: Banks and trust companies;do. Service and miscellaneous: Hotels, year-rounddo. Laundriesdo. Cleaning and dyeing plantsdo.	68.81	68. 26 48. 24 46, 37	68, 81 48, 40 47, 24	69, 93 48, 12 47, 04	69, 94 47, 64 46, 92	69, 56 48, 00 46, 68	69. 94 47. 52 48. 00	69.75 48.28	69. 75 48. 80 48. 68	70. 31 48. 80	69.75 49.04 48.07	69.75 48.83 7 48.46	70. 69 3 49. 35 48. 83) 3
A verage hourly gross earnings per worker on payrolls of nonagricultural establishments: All manufacturing industries	2. 21 2. 14 2. 36 2. 28 2. 58	4 2.16 5 2.38 8 2.31 2.59	3 2. 20 2. 43 1 2. 35 2. 61	2. 21 2. 46 2. 37 2. 62	2. 21 2. 45 2. 37 2. 62	2, 22 2, 45 2, 38 2, 62	2. 44 2. 38 2. 61	2. 22 2. 44 2. 37 2. 61	2. 22 2. 45 2. 38 2. 63	2. 29 2. 22 2. 45 2. 38 2. 63	2. 21 2. 43 2. 37 2. 64	2. 23 2. 46 2. 39 2. 67	3 2. 23 2. 46 2. 39 7 2. 67	p 2. 46
Sawmills and planing mills dodofurniture and fixtures doStone, clay, and glass products doPrimary metal industries doBlast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills	1. 95 1. 83 2. 23 2. 65	5 1.94 1.83 2.24 2.78	1.92 1.85 2.25 2.85	1.91 1.85 2.26 2.87	1. 91 1. 85 2. 26 2. 86	1, 93 1, 86 2, 27 2, 85	1. 85 2. 26 2. 85	1.85 2.27 2.82	1. 98 1. 86 2. 27 2. 82	2. 07 1. 98 1. 86 2. 28 2. 81	1. 99 1. 86 2. 29 2. 80	1. 99 1. 87 2. 29 2. 81	1. 96 1. 87 7 2. 30 2. 81	p 1. 87 p 2. 30 p 2. 80
dollars. Fabricated metal products dollars. dol	3. 07 2. 36 2. 52 2. 24	5 2.36 2 2.52 4 2.24	2. 41 2. 54 4 2. 27	2. 45 2. 55 2. 28	2. 43 2. 55 2. 28	2, 43 2, 56 2, 28	2. 42 2. 55 2. 27	2. 45 2. 57 2. 29	2. 45 2. 57 2. 30	3. 06 2. 46 2. 57 2. 30	2. 45 2. 56 2. 36	2. 48 7 2. 57 2. 32	8 7 2.47 7 2.58 2 2.32	7 p 2. 46 8 p 2. 58 2 p 2. 32
Transportation equipment Q do Motor vehicles and equipment do Aircraft and parts do Ship and boat building and repairs do Instruments and related products do Miscellaneous mfg. industries do	2. 75 2. 66 2. 59 2. 30 1. 90	5 2.68 6 2.66 9 2.63 0 2.31 1.91	2. 77 2. 68 2. 62 2. 33 1. 94	2.84 2.67 2.62 2.62 2.32 1.95	2. 81 2. 68 2. 61 2. 34 1. 95	2, 79 2, 68 2, 63 2, 35 1, 94	2. 74 2. 67 2. 62 2. 33 1. 94	2.63 2.34 1.94	2. 78 2. 71 2. 66 2. 35 1. 94	2.74 2.78 2.70 2.72 2.37 1.94	2. 80 2. 71 2. 74 2. 37 1. 94	2. 87 2. 74 4 2. 78 7 2. 38 7 1. 95	7 2.87 4 2.74 8 2.78 7 2.38 7 1.95	7 4 8 8 9 p 2. 38 p 1, 96
Nondurable goods industries	1. 95 2. 10 2. 38 1. 73	5 1.96 0 2.14 8 2.43 1.72	1. 97 2. 16 3 2. 47 1. 77	1.98 2.19 2.48 1.79	1, 99 2, 18 2, 43 1, 83	2, 09 2, 19 2, 43 1, 86	2. 01 2. 19 2. 43	2.01 2.19 2.44 1.81	2. 43 1. 80	2. 08 2. 02 2. 18 2. 45 1, 79 2. 18	2. 01 2. 15 2. 42 1. 81	1 2.02 5 72.14 2 2.47 1 1.77	2 2.03 4 7.2.18 7 2.46 7 1.81	3 2.20

Canning and preserving. do. 1.73 | 1.72 | 1.77 | 1.79 | 1.83 | 1.86 | 1.85 | 1.81 | 1.80 | 1.79 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and		1959			· · · · · ·				1960					
descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber
]	EMPL	OYMI	ENT A	ND P	OPUL	ATION	N—Co	ntinue	ed		1		!	<u>'</u>
HOURS AND EARNINGS—Continued					1									
Average bourly gross earnings per worker on payrolls of nonagricultural establishments—Continued All manufacturing industries—Continued Nondurable goods industries—Continued Tobaceo manufactures. dollars. Textile mill products 9do. Broadwoven fabric mills do. Knitting mills do. Knitting mills do. Apparel and other finished textile prod do. Paper and allied products. do. Pullp, paper, and paperboard mills do. Printing, publishing, and allied industries. do. Chemicals and allied products do. Industrial organic chemicals do. Products of petroleum and coal do. Petroleum refining do. Rubber products do. Leather and leather products. do.	1. 59 1. 59 1. 56 1. 49 1. 52 2. 23 2. 73 2. 43 2. 61 2. 88 2. 48 1. 61	1. 69 1. 59 1. 56 1. 49 1. 53 2. 23 2. 38 2. 71 2. 46 2. 90 3. 01 2. 46 1. 62	1. 70 1. 59 1. 56 1. 49 1. 58 2. 2 2. 42 2. 90 2. 49 1. 62	1. 72 1. 60 1. 51 1. 54 2. 24 2. 38 2. 46 2. 62 2. 91 3. 01 1. 63	1. 70 1. 60 1. 51 1. 55 2. 25 2. 39 2. 74 2. 62 2. 62 2. 90 3. 00 2. 50 1. 63	1. 72 1. 62 1. 62 1. 52 1. 56 2. 23 2. 75 2. 63 2. 90 2. 48 1. 64	1. 80 1. 61 1. 60 1. 53 2. 24 2. 37 2. 75 2. 48 2. 68 2. 93 3. 03 2. 47 1. 64	1. 80 1. 63 1. 61 1. 52 1. 54 2. 26 2. 40 2. 77 2. 49 2. 65 2. 90 3. 65 1. 65	1. 82 1. 63 1. 63 1. 52 1. 52 2. 43 2. 75 2. 77 2. 67 2. 91 3. 02 2. 53 1. 65	1. 82 1. 62 1. 61 1. 50 1. 55 2. 29 2. 44 2. 78 2. 55 2. 70 2. 92 3. 03 2. 55 1. 64	1. 71 1. 62 1. 61 1. 51 1. 57 2. 30 2. 45 2. 77 2. 54 2. 68 2. 89 3. 00 2. 51 1. 64	1, 57 1, 62 1, 60 1, 52 1, 58 7, 2, 32 2, 47 7, 2, 80 2, 54 2, 70 7, 2, 92 3, 03 7, 2, 52 7, 1, 65	7 1, 62 7 1, 62 1, 60 1, 52 7 1, 59 2, 30 2, 46 7 2, 79 2, 53 2, 70 7 2, 89 3, 00 7 2, 53 7 1, 66	p 1. 74 p 1. 62 p 1. 58 p 2. 30 p 2. 79 p 2. 54 p 2. 92 p 2. 55 p 1. 66
Nonmanufacturing industries: Mining do do Metal do Anthracite do Bituminous coal do Petroleum and natural-gas production (except contract services) dollars: Nonmetallic mining and quarrying do Contract construction do Nonbuilding construction do Building construction do Building construction do Contract construction do Contract construction do Building construction do Contract construction d	2. 65 2. 46 2. 76 3. 26 2. 80 2. 21 3. 18 2. 90 3. 27	2. 70 2. 61 2. 76 3. 30 2. 86 2. 22 3. 19 2. 85 3. 28	2. 72 2. 64 2. 77 3. 31 2. 81 2. 22 3. 21 2. 88 3. 30	2. 73 2. 66 2. 77 3. 29 2. 84 2. 21 3. 24 2. 88 3. 32	2. 71 2. 64 2. 80 3. 27 2. 81 2. 22 3. 25 2. 91 3. 33	2. 72 2. 65 2. 76 3. 28 2. 81 2. 26 3. 30 2. 99 3. 38	2. 71 2. 66 2. 77 3. 27 2. 83 2. 25 3. 23 2. 87 3. 32	2. 70 2. 67 2. 78 3. 27 2. 83 2. 25 3. 24 2. 90 3. 34	2. 69 2. 67 2. 75 3. 28 2. 81 2. 25 3. 24 2. 91 3. 34	2. 68 2. 69 2. 75 3. 26 2. 84 2. 28 3. 27 2. 96 3. 37	2. 67 2. 68 2. 74 3. 26 2. 79 2. 28 3. 28 3. 00 3. 37	2. 68 2. 71 2. 74 3. 26 2. 84 2. 30 3. 31 3. 01 3. 40	2. 69 2. 72 2. 76 3. 26 2. 84 2. 29 3. 32 3. 02 3. 41	
Transportation and public utilities: Local railways and bus lines do Telephone do Gas and electric utilities. do Wholesale and retail trade: Wholesale trade. do Retail trade (except eating and drinking places) of General merchandise stores do Food and liquor stores do Automotive and accessories dealers do Service and miscellaneous: Hotels, year-round do Lanndries do Cleaning and dyeing plants do	2. 22 2. 22 2. 63 2. 26 1. 78 1. 41 1. 94 2. 04 1. 19 1. 18 1. 39	2. 23 2. 21 2. 64 2. 27 1. 77 1. 40 1. 95 2. 03 1. 20 1. 18 1. 39	2. 24 2. 23 2. 64 2. 27 1. 73 1. 37 1. 94 1. 97 1. 19 1. 39	2. 26 2. 22 2. 65 2. 27 1. 79 1. 43 1. 96 2. 01 1. 20 1. 39	2. 29 2. 23 2. 65 2. 27 1. 79 1. 43 1. 97 2. 00 1. 20 1. 20 1. 39	2. 29 2. 24 2. 66 2. 29 1. 79 1. 43 1. 98 2. 03 1. 20 1. 20 1. 39	2, 29 2, 22 2, 67 2, 29 1, 79 1, 42 1, 97 2, 08 1, 20 1, 20 1, 42	2. 31 2. 24 2. 68 2. 30 1. 81 1. 45 2. 00 2. 07 1. 21 1. 22 1. 42	2. 32 2. 24 2. 68 2. 31 1. 82 1. 45 2. 01 2. 07 1. 22 1. 22 1. 43	2. 32 2. 26 2. 69 2. 32 1. 82 1. 45 2. 01 2. 07 1. 22 1. 22 1. 41	2. 32 2. 26 2. 70 2. 31 1. 81 1. 44 2. 01 2. 04 1. 22 1. 22 1. 41	2. 33 2. 34 2. 76 2. 33 1. 82 1. 45 2. 03 2. 01 1. 23 1. 23 1. 42	2. 32 2. 31 2. 75 2. 32 1. 82 1. 45 2. 03 2. 04 1. 24 1. 23 1. 43	
Miscellaneous wage data: Construction wages (ENR): \$ Common labor	2. 624 3. 931 3. 540 .89 2. 532 2. 20	2. 624 3. 931 3. 559 2. 599	2. 627 3. 942 3. 560	2. 638 3. 948 3. 563 1. 05 2. 601 1. 95	2. 638 3. 950 3. 572 2. 612	2. 642 3. 950 3. 582	2. 645 3. 958 3. 598 1. 03 2. 585 1. 92	2 672 3. 976 3. 604	2. 706 4. 020 3. 635	2.724 4.050 3.664 1.02 2.621 2.11	2. 734 4. 063 3. 695	2. 739 4. 087 3. 712 2. 645	2. 739 4. 090 3. 718 . 90	2. 745 4. 095 3. 744
Labor turnover in manufacturing establishments: Accession rate, totalmo. rate per 100 employees. New hiresdo. Separation rate, totaldo. Quitdo.	3. 1 2. 0 4. 7	3. 0 1. 5 4. 1	3. 8 1. 3 3. 1	3. 6 1. 9 2. 9	2. 9 1. 7 3. 0	2. 7 1. 5 3. 7	2. 8 1. 4 3. 6	3. 2 1. 7 3. 3	3. 9 2. 3 3. 3	2. 9 1. 7 3. 6	3.8 1.9 4.3	7 4.4	p 2. 6 p 1. 4 p 3. 7	
Layoff do do Industrial disputes (strikes and lockouts): Beginning in month: Work stoppages number Workers involved thousands In effect during month: Work stoppages number Work stoppages number Work stoppages number Work stoppages number Work stoppages number Workers involved thousands Man-days idle during month do EMPLOYMENT SERVICE AND UNEMPLOY- MENT INSURANCE	1. 4 2. 8 277 125 548 775 14, 100	1. 0 2. 6 161 41 402 652 4, 300	.9 1.7 112 23 285 101 1,430	1. 0 1. 3 200 65 325 140 1, 000	1.0 1.5 250 70 400 145 1,250	270 85 430 140 1,500	1. 1 2. 0 370 110 530 190 1, 500	1. 1 1. 6 400 150 690 225 1,750	1. 1 1. 7 425 190 650 285 2, 750	1. 1 2. 0 325 150 575 250 2, 150	1. 5 2. 2 300 155 550 250 2,000	225 140 425 210 1,750	250 120 450 1,750	
Nonfarm placements thousands Unemployment insurance programs: Insured unemployment, all programs†9do. State programs; Initial claimsdo. Insured unemployment, weekly averagedo. Percent of covered employment. Beneficiaries, weekly averagethousands. Benefits paidmil. of dol. Federal employces, insured unemployment	556 1, 479 1, 197 1, 309 3, 4 1, 050 136, 9	465 1, 853 1, 501 1, 677 4, 4 1, 285 168, 3	432 2, 008 1, 645 1, 841 4, 8 1, 545 219, 5	418 2, 359 1, 621 2, 180 5, 6 1, 814 235, 2	412 2, 326 1, 265 2, 157 5. 5 1, 879 247. 8	450 2, 370 1, 387 2, 209 5. 7 1, 981 287. 1	511 2,078 1,232 1,939 4.9 1,792 237.4	534 1, 801 1, 162 1, 682 4, 3 1, 494 204, 9	537 1,700 1,197 1,588 4.0 1,447 198.9	491 1, 826 1, 426 1, 686 4. 3 1, 392 183. 8	556 1, 804 1, 407 1, 657 4, 2 1, 399 206, 3	584 1, 781 1, 206 1, 598 4.0 r 1, 418 201. 8	517 1, 839 1, 393 1, 678 4. 2 1, 395 189. 9	p 2, 226
Veterans' program (UCX):* Initial claims	28 27 41 36 4.8 22 97 25.8	31 29 48 42 5. 3 21 93 21. 7	33 31 53 50 7. 0 15 105 19. 2	38 31 61 57 7. 4 12 78 16. 6	39 27 61 59 7.6 6 69 13.8	38 29 61 59 8.3 59 63 13.4	33 23 54 55 7.0 6 54 10.4	30 22 45 45 6.0 5 45 7.9	29 27 45 44 6.0 6 39 7.5	30 49 43 5. 5 81 61 7. 4	30 32 52 48 6.8 31 65 12.1	28 27 49 48 6.4 99 7 107 18.5	30 29 50 45 5. 9	p 32

^{*}Revised. **Peliminary.
§ Includes data not shown separately.
§ Rates as of December 1, 1960: Common labor, \$2.747; skilled labor, \$4.099; equipment operators, \$3.728.
†Beginning with the October 1956 Survey, data are revised to include operations in Alaska and Hawaii; figures for State programs are also revised to exclude Federal employees' program (shown separately below). Total insured unemployment includes the UCV program (not shown separately) through Jan. 31, 1960 (expiration date).

3 Rates of covered employment expresses average insured unemployment in each month as a percentage of average covered employment for the most recent 12-month period for which data are available (the lag for covered employment data may range from 6 to 8 months).

*New series. Data relate to persons eligible for compensation under the Ex-Servicemen's Unemployment Compensation Act of 1958 (effective Oct. 27, 1958).

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and		1959					- ,		1960			1	,	
descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	Augnst	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber
				FINA	NCE									
BANKING	E													
Open market paper outstanding, end of mo.: Bankers' acceptances	945 3, 784 755 3, 029	1, 029 3, 664 784 2, 880	1, 151 3, 118 627 2, 491	1, 229 3, 889 664 3, 225	1, 240 4, 085 718 3, 367	1, 366 4, 320 805 3, 515	1, 336 4, 269 888 3, 381	1, 263 4, 492 920 3, 572	1, 382 4, 459 1, 021 3, 438	1, 561 4, 652 1, 116 3, 536	1, 656 4, 920 1, 266 3, 654	1, 668 4, 558 1, 263 3, 295	1, 753 5, 056 1, 365 3, 691	
Agricultural loans and discounts outstanding of agencies supervised by the Farm Credit Adm.: Totalmil. of dol. Farm mortgage loans: Federal land banksdo Loans to cooperativesdo. Other loans and discounts	4, 487 2, 333 616 1, 538	4, 462 2, 345 642 1, 474	4, 449 2, 360 622 1, 467	4, 487 2, 378 632 1, 477	4, 551 2, 400 624 1, 528	4, 616 2, 428 609 1, 580	4, 690 2, 446 594 1, 649	4, 747 2, 468 565 1, 714	4, 812 2, 487 551 1, 774	4, 853 2, 500 557 1, 795	4,871 2,515 562 1,794	4, 870 2, 528 589 1, 753	4, 837 2, 538 638 1, 660	4, 787 2, 518 652 1, 587
Bank debits, total (344 centers) do New York City do 6 other centers♂ do	230, 245 89, 519 46, 683	217, 139 82, 273 43, 810	261, 121 104, 976 51, 763	7230, 115 88, 529 46, 305	⁷ 221, 980 85, 058 45, 626	7245, 721 96, 593 50, 410	7 226, 002 86, 174 46, 862	7232, 839 88, 551 47, 895	r 250, 849 99, 809 50, 415	223, 567 86, 063 45, 254	241, 799 92,435 49,474	240, 798 97, 162 47, 909	233, 110 89, 905 47, 507	235,183 91, 020 47, 577
Federal Reserve banks, condition, end of month: Assets, total 9	52, 942 28, 469 877 26, 631 19, 290	53, 555 28, 946 833 26, 922 19, 277	54, 028 28, 771 458 26, 648 19, 164	52, 262 27, 613 862 25, 464 19, 155	51, 431 26, 961 739 25, 209 10, 134	51, 577 27, 103 756 25, 264 19, 113	51, 983 27, 131 571 25, 558 19, 066	51, 144 27, 262 342 26, 035 19, 059	52, 394 27, 869 258 26, 523 19, 029	52, 116 28, 131 343 26, 885 18, 839	52, 609 27, 907 405 26, 762 18, 709	52, 134 28, 402 181 27, 024 18, 394	52, 183 28, 729 193 27, 402 18, 107	51, 962 28, 731 101 27, 488 17, 610
Liabilities, total 9 do Deposits, total 9 do Member-hank reserve balances do Federal Reserve notes in circulation do	52, 942 19, 924 18, 818 27, 562	53, 555 19, 686 18, 415 27, 954	54, 028 19, 716 18, 174 28, 262	52, 262 19, 536 18, 396 27, 599	51, 431 18, 725 17, 754 27, 433	51, 577 18, 861 17, 773 27, 341	51, 983 18, 976 17, 850 27, 258	51, 144 18, 643 17, 619 27, 344	52, 394 19, 126 17, 941 27, 505	52, 116 19, 305 18, 261 27, 612	52,009 18,853 17,735 27,621	52, 134 19, 110 17, 942 27, 651	52, 183 19, 120 17, 956 27, 680	51, 962 17, 924 16, 770 28, 066
Ratio of rold certificate reserves to deposit and FR note liabilities combinedpercent_	40.€	40.5	39. 9	40. 6	41.5	41.4	41. 2	41.4	40.8	40, 2	40. 3	39.3	38.7	38. 3
All member banks of Federal Reserve System, averages of daily figures;* Excess reserves	446 905 -459	445 878 -433	482 906 -424	544 905 361	455 816 —361	416 635 —219	408 602 —194	469 502 —33	466 425 41	508 388 120	540 293 247	7 639 225 7 414	638 149 489	
Weekly reporting member banks of Fed. Reserve System, condition, Wednesday nearest end of month;† Deposits: Demand, adjusted@mil. of dol Demand, evcept interbank: Individuals, partnerships, and corpdo States and political subdivisionsdo United States Governmentdo	61, 239 64, 740 4, 346 3, 477	61, 017 64, 626 4, 782 3, 838	63, 204 67, 641 4, 814 3, 139	60, 616 63, 727 4, 921 2, 607	59, 536 62, 838 4, 920 2, 954	59, 085 61, 890 4, 836 2, 843	60,702 63,770 4,981 3,219	58, 185 62, 259 5, 137 5, 002	58, 649 62, 026 4, 718 4, 965	59, 392 62, 469 4, 947 4, 549	58, 934 62, 236 4, 794 3, 676	58, 813 62, 306 4, 630 5, 524	7 59, 794 7 63, 918 7 4, 945 7 4, 413	59, 792 64, 302 4, 862 3, 511
Time, except interbank, total 9 do Individuals, partnerships, and corp. do States and political subdivisions. do Interbank (demand and time) do	30, 532 28, 963 1, 425 13, 330	30, 159 28, 704 1, 309 13, 894	30,733 28,969 1,420 14,346	30, 146 28, 483 1, 518 13, 303	30, 146 28, 481 1, 521 12, 783	30, 423 28, 731 1, 550 12, 597	30, 454 28, 679 1, 640 12, 638	30, 613 28, 805 1, 676 13, 352	31, 157 29, 250 1, 778 13, 299	31, 428 29, 417 1, 882 13, 736	31, 858 29, 738 1, 987 13, 592	32, 186 30, 112 1, 945 13, 784	r 82, 502 r 30, 432 1, 940 r 14, 993	32, 493 30, 344 2, 017 15, 650
Investments, total do U.S. Government obligations, direct and guaranteed, total mil. of dol. Bills do Certificates do Notes and bonds do Other securities do	38, 144 28, 194 2, 096 1, 116 24, 982 9, 950	37, 918 28, 164 2, 489 1, 123 24, 752 9, 754	37, 294 27, 468 2, 243 1, 084 24, 141 9, 826	36, 141 26, 444 2, 001 1, 203 23, 240 9, 697	35, 040 25, 352 1, 617 464 23, 271 9, 688	34, 150 24, 495 1, 069 431 22, 995 9, 655	35, 563 25, 991 1, 474 444 24, 073 9, 572	35, 082 25, 752 1, 314 874 23, 564 9, 330	34, 733 25, 359 950 874 23, 535 9, 374	36, 679 27, 062 2, 782 848 23, 432 9, 617	36, 902 27, 381 2, 612 1, 309 23, 460 9, 521	37, 490 27, 816 2, 825 1, 364 23, 627 9, 674	29, 305 4, 037 1, 458 23, 810 9, 689	38, 883 29, 312 3, 500 1, 327 24, 485 9, 571
Loans (adjusted), total — do. Commercial and industrial do. To brokers and dealers in securities do. Other loans for purchasing or carrying securities	2, 115	66, 325 30, 015 2, 188	68,009 30,405 2,579	66, 636 29, 957 1, 938	66, 532 30, 320 1, 769	66, 820 31, 026 1, 479	67, 492 30, 940 1, 812	67, 843 31, 170 1, 705	68, 691 31, 645 1, 665	68, 469 31, 104 1, 982	67, 948 30, 976 1, 865	2,066	r 68, 812 r 81, 656 2, 260	68, 434 31, 742 1, 851
To nonbank financial institutions do Real estate loans do Other loans do	5, 271	1, 329 5, 531 12, 574 17, 516	1, 338 6, 187 12, 652 17, 475	1, 306 5, 504 12, 615 17, 253	1, 289 5, 789 12, 005 17, 360	1, 266 5, 758 12, 586 17, 641	1, 251 5, 878 12, 581 18, 099	1, 274 5, 932 12, 548 18, 149	1, 267 6, 192 12, 543 18, 130	1, 279 6, 183 12, 510 18, 486	1, 274 5, 828 12, 566 18, 247	1, 292 5, 778 12, 556 17, 955	1. 294 5. 460 r 12, 522 r 18, 393	1, 281 5, 319 12, 524 17, 953
Money and interest rates; \$ Bank rates on business loans: In 19 cities			5, 36 5, 19 5, 29 5, 56	1		5. 34 5. 18 5. 34 5. 57			5, 35 5, 19 5, 34 5, 58			4 97 4, 74 4, 96 5, 32		
Discount rate, end of mo. (N.Y.F.R. Bank) do Federal intermediate credit bank loans‡do Federal land bank loans‡do	4.00 5.37	4. 00 5. 44 5. 89	4. 00 5. 45 5. 89	4.00 5.63 6.00	4.00 5.72 6.00	4.00 5.70 6.00	4.00 5.57 6.00	4.00 5.31 6.00	3. 50 5. 30 6. 00	3. 50 5. 11 6. 00	3.00 4.75 6.00	3. 00 4. 55 6. 00	3.00 4.43 6.00	3. 00 4. 35 6. 00
Open market rates, New York City: Bankers' acceptances (prime, 90 days)do Commercial paper (prime, 4-6 months)do Finance Co. paper placed directly, 3-6 mo.*do Stock Exchange call loans, going ratedo	4.73	4, 25 4, 67 4, 38 4, 75	4, 47 4, 88 4, 82 4, 75	4, 78 4, 91 5, 02 5, 41	4, 44 4, 66 4, 50 5, 50	3.96 4.49 4.16 5.50	3. 88 4. 16 3. 74 5. 50	3. 78 4. 25 3. 88 5. 11	3. 28 3. 81 3. 24 5. 00	3, 13 3, 39 2, 98 5, 00	3. 04 3. 34 2. 94 4. 85	3. 00 3. 39 3. 13 4. 50	3.00 3.30 3.11 4.50	3. 00 3. 28 2. 91 4. 50
Yield on U.S. Government securities (taxable): 3-month bills (rate on new issue)percent. 3-5 year issuesdo		4.209 4.74	4. 572 4. 95	4. 436 4. 87	3.954 4.66	3. 439 4. 24	3. 244 4. 23	3, 392 4, 42	2. 641 4. 06	2. 396 3. 71	2. 286 3. 50	2. 489 3. 50	2. 426 3. 61	2, 384 3, 68
Savings deposits, balance to credit of depositors: New York State savings banksmil. of dol. U.S. postal savings¶do Revised. * Preliminary.	20,363 976	20, 424 962	20, 651 948	20, 544 928	20, 558 909	20, 774 894	20, 659 879	20, 684 849	20, 848 836	20, 832 823	20, 874 810	21, 063 798	21, 051 788	21, 135 779

^{*}Revised. **Preliminary.

*New series (from Board of Governors of Federal Reserve System); for back data, see *Federal Reserve Bulletins.

*The preliminary.

*New series (from Board of Governors of Federal Reserve System); for back data, see *Federal Reserve Bulletins.

*Includes Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Detroit, San Francisco, and Los Angeles.

*Includes data not shown separately.

*The preliminary of Business Statistics; January-June 1959 figures, in September 1959 Survey.

*#OF or demand deposits, the term "adjusted" denotes exclusion of interbank and U.S. Government deposits and of eash items reported as in process of collection; for loans, exclusion of loans to banks (domestic commercial banks only, beginning July 1959) and deduction of valuation reserves (individual loan items are gross, i.e., before deduction of valuation reserves).

**For bond yields, see p. S-20.

**Iminor revisions prior to September 1959 will be shown later.

**Data are as of end of consecutive 4-week periods ending in month indicated, except June figure which is as of June 30 (end of fiscal year).

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and		1959							1960					
descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber
			FINA	NCE-	-Cont	inued								
CONSUMER CREDIT † (Short- and Intermediate-term)						!								
Total outstanding, end of monthmil. of dol	49, 872	50, 379	52, 046	51, 356	51,021	51, 162	52, 169	52, 831	53, 497	53, 653	53, 928	54, 128	54, 201	
Installment credit, totaldo	38, 421	38, 723	39, 482	39, 358	39, 408	39, 648	40, 265	40, 740	41, 362	41, 687	41, 995	42, 136	42, 217	
Automobile paperdo. Other consumer goods paperdo. Repair and modernization loansdo. Personal loansdo	16, 659 9, 534 2, 653 9, 575	16, 669 9, 687 2, 683 9, 684	16, 590 10, 243 2, 704 9, 945	16, 568 10, 129 2, 691 9, 970	16, 677 9, 997 2, 695 10, 039	16, 876 9, 940 2, 706 10, 126	17, 218 10, 022 2, 736 10, 289	17, 481 10, 080 2, 786 10, 393	17, 807 10, 194 2, 824 10, 537	17, 946 10, 202 2, 852 10, 687	18, 078 10, 202 2, 891 10, 824	18, 086 10, 255 2, 916 10, 879	18, 055 10, 342 2, 928 10, 892	
By type of holder: Financial institutions, total do Financial institutions, total do Commercial banks do Sales finance companies do Credit unions do Consumer finance companies do Other do	33, 318 14, 817 10, 071 3, 143 3, 570 1, 717	33, 519 14, 853 10, 117 3, 183 3, 622 1, 744	33, 838 14, 922 10, 145 3, 232 3, 764 1, 775	34, 003 15, 066 10, 168 3, 225 3, 777 1, 767	34, 246 15, 134 10, 276 3, 259 3, 795 1, 782	34, 432 15, 139 10, 357 3, 331 3, 811 1, 794	35, 085 15, 402 10, 604 3, 418 3, 858 1, 803	35, 554 15, 597 10, 744 3, 484 3, 888 1, 841	36, 127 15, 834 10, 945 3, 570 3, 938 1, 840	36, 506 15, 927 11, 062 3, 622 4, 035 1, 860	36, 849 16, 051 11, 142 3, 696 4, 085 1, 875	36, 977 16, 115 11, 154 3, 736 4, 097 1, 875	36, 993 16, 107 11, 147 3, 774 4, 087 1, 878	
Retail outlets, total do Department stores do Furniture stores do Automobile dealers do Other do	5, 103 1, 967 1, 089 593 1, 454	5, 204 2, 045 1, 107 592 1, 460	5, 644 2, 298 1, 167 588 1, 591	5, 355 2, 109 1, 132 587 1, 527	5, 162 2, 002 1, 111 590 1, 459	5, 216 2, 103 1, 089 595 1, 429	5, 180 2, 055 1, 080 606 1, 439	5, 186 2, 059 1, 071 615 1, 441	5, 235 2, 078 1, 078 626 1, 453	5, 181 2, 044 1, 071 632 1, 434	5, 146 2, 017 1, 078 636 1, 415	5, 159 2, 051 1, 075 636 1, 397	5, 224 2, 108 1, 076 634 1, 406	
Noninstallment credit, totaldo	11, 451	11,656	12, 564	11,998	11,613	11, 514	11,904	12,091	12, 135	11,966	11, 933	11,992	11,984	
Single-payment loans, total do Commercial banks do Other financial institutions do	4, 050 3, 466 584	4, 117 3, 472 645	4, 176 3, 542 634	4, 092 3, 499 593	4, 151 3, 496 655	4, 222 3, 503 719	4, 247 3, 569 678	4, 345 3, 573 772	4, 321 3, 623 698	4, 290 3, 605 685	4, 299 3, 594 705	4, 376 3, 637 739		
Charge accounts, total do Department stores* do Other retail outlets* do Credit cards* do Service credit do	4, 525 647 3, 491 387 2, 876	4, 614 717 3, 506 391 2, 925	5, 351 960 3, 985 406 3, 037	4, 816 825 3, 577 414 3, 090	4, 305 686 3, 204 415 3, 157	4, 118 622 3, 070 426 3, 174	4, 451 657 3, 380 414 3, 206	4, 547 647 3, 483 417 3, 199	4, 628 634 3, 565 429 3, 186	4, 506 585 3, 475 446 3, 170	4, 473 585 3, 415 473 3, 161	4, 480 626 3, 377 477 3, 136	4, 563 662 3, 446 455 3, 095	
Installment credit extended and repaid : Unadjusted:	4, 185 1, 564 1, 198 1, 423	3, 928 1, 313 1, 172 1, 443	4, 686 1, 293 1, 616 1, 777	3, 534 1, 278 976 1, 280	3,723 1,427 934 1,362	4, 201 1, 633 1, 062 1, 506	4, 457 1, 697 1, 168 1, 592	4, 335 1, 664 1, 153 1, 518	4, 561 1, 738 1, 226 1, 597	4, 141 1, 477 1, 072 1, 592	4, 301 1, 576 1, 111 1, 614	3, 965 1, 383 1, 126 1, 456	3, 980 1, 412 1, 180 1, 388	
Repaid, total	3, 726 1, 375 1, 054 1, 297	3, 626 1, 303 1, 019 1, 304	3, 927 1, 372 1, 060 1, 495	3, 658 1, 300 1, 090 1, 268	3, 673 1, 318 1, 066 1, 289	3, 961 1, 434 1, 119 1, 408	3,840 1,355 1,086 1,399	3, 860 1, 401 1, 095 1, 364	3, 939 1, 412 1, 112 1, 415	3, 816 1, 338 1, 064 1, 414	3, 993 1, 444 1, 111 1, 438	3, 824 1, 375 1, 073 1, 376	3, 899 1, 443 1, 093 1, 363	
Extended, total	4, 219 1, 622 1, 124 1, 473	4,083 1,466 1,133 1,484	4,046 1,377 1,146 1,523	4, 217 1, 535 1, 208 1, 474	4, 115 1, 560 1, 094 1, 461	4, 119 1, 555 1, 118 1, 446	4, 437 1, 652 1, 240 1, 545	4, 209 1, 543 1, 164 1, 502	4, 202 1, 501 1, 191 1, 510	4, 227 1, 418 1, 163 1, 646	4, 029 1, 411 1, 073 1, 545	4, 082 1, 389 1, 141 1, 552	4,096 1,492 1,139 1,465	
Repaid, total. do. Automobile paper. do. Other consumer goods paper. do. All other. do.	3, 697 1, 341 1, 048 1, 308	3,700 1,311 1,069 1,320	3,776 1,361 1,066 1,349	3, 824 1, 386 1, 089 1, 349	3, 707 1, 338 1, 046 1, 323	3, 711 1, 345 1, 042 1, 324	3, 904 1, 397 1, 084 1, 423	3, 886 1, 411 1, 099 1, 376	3, 860 1, 384 1, 094 1, 382	3, 978 1, 390 1, 115 1, 473	3, 861 1, 377 1, 085 1, 399	3, 890 1, 360 1, 101 1, 429	3, 966 1, 438 1, 123 1, 405	
FEDERAL GOVERNMENT FINANCE														
Budget receipts and expenditures: mil. of dol. Receipts, total	3, 626 3, 018 90	7, 152 5, 889 94	8, 350 7, 339 99	5, 425 4, 867 90	9, 289 7, 237 93	12, 217 9, 580 105	7, 468 5, 064 91	9, 725 6, 550 91	r 12,804 r 10,891 90	3, 976 3, 128 84	8, 590 6, 454 93	10, 211 8, 981 87	3, 641 2, 823 92	
Individual income taxesdo Corporation income taxesdo Employment taxesdo Other internal revenue and receiptsdo	1, 468 491 278 1, 299	4, 444 405 965 1, 244	2, 733 3, 180 527 1, 811	3,004 564 341 1,427	5, 718 483 1, 611 1, 384	3, 332 6, 192 1, 149 1, 439	4, 290 619 858 1, 609	5, 783 467 1, 918 1, 466	7 4, 125 5, 530 7 1, 155 7 1, 903	1, 401 670 383 1, 439	4, 996 409 1, 608 1, 484	4, 486 3, 492 792 1, 354	389	
Expenditures, total do do do do do	6, 863 732 405 3, 980 1, 751	6, 590 743 424 3, 643 1, 788	6, 601 800 430 4, 231 1, 384	6, 157 826 419 3, 523 1, 431	6, 142 779 420 3, 684 7 1, 287	6, 423 784 457 3, 976 1, 207	6, 032 772 421 3, 669 1, 179	6, 073 772 422 3, 669 1, 216	7 6, 521 7 801 424 3, 971 7 1, 593	6, 172 806 404 3, 471 r 1, 533	6, 803 751 461 3, 976 71, 645	6, 793 736 416 3, 910 1, 746	748	
Public debt and guaranteed obligations: Gross debt (direct), end of month, totaldo Interest bearing, totaldo * Public issuesdo Held by U.S. Govt. investment accts.odo Special issuesdo Noninterest bearingdo	291, 253 288, 478 244, 882 9, 895 43, 596 2, 775	290, 589 287, 742 244, 160 10, 117 43, 582 2, 847	290, 798 287, 704 244, 197 10, 098 43, 506 3, 094	291, 085 288, 086 245, 456 10, 496 42, 630 2, 999	290, 583 287, 588 244, 753 10, 322 42, 835 2, 995	286, 826 283, 772 240, 515 10, 330 43, 257 3, 054	288, 787 285, 773 242, 930 10, 283 42, 843 3, 014	289, 367 286, 308 242, 408 10, 385 43, 900 3, 059	286, 331 283, 241 238, 342 10, 360 44, 899 3, 090	288, 338 285, 285 241, 088 10, 559 44, 198 3, 053	288, 672 285, 634 240, 413 10, 641 45, 222 3, 038	288, 423 285, 358 240, 382 10, 487 44, 977 3, 065	290, 487 287, 372 243, 097 44, 275 3, 115	290, 414 287, 138 242, 578 44, 561 3, 276
Obligations guaranteed by U.S. Govt., end mo_do U.S. savings bonds: Amount outstanding, end of monthdo Sales, series E and Hdo Redemptionsdo	118 49, 715 358 742	124 49, 552 332 588	127 48, 647 377 1, 404	130 48, 273 421 923	135 48, 182 438 627	138 48, 085 393 584	132 47, 953 340 564	133 47, 889 349 508	140 47, 824 340 527	134 47, 620 354 683	157 47, 596 355 476	161 47, 578 340 453	159 47, 605 346 413	153 47, 629 326 398
LIFE INSURANCE Institute of Life Insurance: Assets, total, all U.S. life insurance companies														
mil. of dol_ Bonds (book value), domestic and foreign, total	112, 405	1	113,626	1	114, 666	114, 965	115, 394	115, 908		117,005	117, 581	117, 947	118, 544	
Mil. of dol. U.S. Government	56, 623 7, 147 3, 138 15, 555 3, 796 23, 643	7, 016 3, 154 15, 630 3, 795	56, 742 6, 848 3, 177 15, 744 3, 790 23, 788	57, 061 7, 011 3, 197 15, 748 3, 781 23, 907	57, 190 6, 975 3, 222 15, 761 3, 779 24, 002	57, 214 6, 808 3, 257 15, 768 3, 775 24, 114	57, 291 6, 723 3, 278 15, 783 3, 764 24, 224	57, 494 6, 661 3, 304 15, 807 3, 767 24, 384	57, 557 6, 559 3, 317 15, 843 3, 766 24, 473	57,877 6,632 3,421 15,834 3,770 24,609	58, 031 6, 592 3, 464 15, 844 3, 758 24, 729	58, 164 6, 586 3, 546 15, 868 3, 756 24, 743	58, 398 6, 524 3, 579 15, 875 3, 749 24, 998	

r Revised. Preliminary. †Revised series (to adjust to 1958 bench-mark data, to incorporate other changes, and to include data for Alaska beginning January 1959 and for Hawaii beginning August 1959). Revisions for installment credit extend back to June 1956; those for noninstallment credit, back to January 1947. For revisions prior to October 1958, see the November 1959 Federal Reserve Bulletin. *For data prior to March 1959, see Federal Reserve Bulletins. *Data for net receipts and total expenditures reflect exclusion of certain interfund transactions; comparable data for July 1958-July 1959 will be shown later. *For data prior to January 1959, see Treasury Bulletins. †Revisions for January-October 1958 will be shown later.

nless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of		1959			- 1	,			1960	T	 			
descriptive notes are snown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Nove ber
			FINA	NCE-	-Cont	inued								
LIFE INSURANCE—Continued														
stitute of Life Insurance—Continued Assets, all U.S. life insurance companies—Con. Stocks (book value), domestic and foreign, total mil. of dol. Preferred (U.S.)	3, 591 1, 697 1, 852 38, 744	3, 630 1, 716 1, 871 38, 984	3, 702 1, 713 1, 942 39, 299	3, 717 1, 720 1, 949 39, 573	3, 735 1, 727 1, 961 39, 769	3,722 1,750 1,927 40,011	3, 742 1, 753 1, 944 40, 236	3, 785 1, 770 1, 971 40, 439	3, 788 1, 723 2, 019 40, 631	3, 828 1, 790 1, 988 40, 694	3, 881 1, 818 2, 010 40, 920	3, 885 1, 836 1, 996 41, 099	3, 941 1, 871 2, 017 41, 313	
Nonfarm do	35, 936 3, 631 4, 511	36, 169 3, 673 4, 555 1, 228	36, 475 3, 670 4, 605 1, 327	36, 753 3, 688 4, 651 1, 236	36, 933 3, 698 4, 709 1, 183	37, 155 3, 712 4, 774	37, 358 3, 721 4, 838 1, 192	37, 545 3, 766 4, 897	37, 722 3, 786 4, 957 1, 213	37, 769 3, 809 5, 029 1, 225	37, 982 3, 822 5, 085	38, 153 3, 828 5, 138	38, 356 3, 834 5, 182	
Cash do Other assets do fe Insurance Agency Management Association: Insurance written (new paid-for insurance): Value, estimated total mil. of dol Group and wholesale do Industrial do Ordinary total do	1, 195 4, 110 5, 928 1, 084 587 14, 257	6, 250 1, 327 581 14, 342	1, 327 4, 281 8, 017 2, 589 529 14, 899	4, 276 4, 276 4, 864 872 491 3, 501	5, 396 986 567 3, 843	1, 153 4, 379 6, 284 1, 092 576 4, 616	5, 842 913 597 4, 332	1, 180 4, 347 6, 069 929 656 4, 484	6, 716 1, 611 607 4, 498	1, 225 4, 543 5, 923 1, 327 541 4, 055	1, 229 4, 613 5, 900 1, 017 569 4, 314	1, 178 4, 655 5, 585 1, 031 550 4, 004	1, 268 4, 608 6, 065 1, 228 580 4, 257	
New England do Middle Atlantic do East North Central do West North Central do South Atlantic do East South Central do	256 882 823 335 555 196	281 954 826 320 565 200	312 990 925 384 617 221	222 734 683 280 434 164	241 824 767 303 495 181	285 954 941 357 569 223	263 919 871 322 559 207	276 945 869 349 593 215	277 946 852 362 591 216	245 846 783 339 525 190	268 887 858 352 559 201	236 782 784 329 527 199	259 866 845 335 576 236	
West South Centraldo	404 182 541 592. 2	392 180 539 591, 5	478 233 644 814. 2	353 163 467 636. 3	393 161 477 656. 6	466 216 605 770. 2	432 197 562 650. 1	447 209 581 673. 5	468 207 580 672. 9	424 190 513 605. 7	424 205 559 679. 4	418 200 529 633. 3	394 195 552 626. 1	
Death benefits do Matured endowments do Disability payments do	244. 9 50. 3 10. 1	244. 5 49. 9 9. 4	307. 4 60. 0 10. 1	258. 6 61. 0 11. 0	282. 5 57. 3 9. 9	327. 5 63. 5 11. 1	270. 2 56. 9 9. 8	285. 6 57. 7 10. 2	280. 0 57. 3 9. 9	251. 4 48. 4 9. 7	292. 2 51. 4 10. 7	260. 9 50. 9 9. 6	258. 4 52. 8 10. 3	
Annuity payments .do Surrender values .do Policy dividends .do fe Insurance Association of America: Premium income (39 cos.), quarterly total .do Accident and health .do Annuities .do Group .do Industrial .do			48. 1 144. 2 244. 4 43, 069. 3 526. 7 4387. 6 324. 9 276. 2	75. 1 126. 4 104. 2		58. 6 155. 9 153. 6 2, 825. 0 522. 7 269. 9 344. 8 176. 0		60. 1 139. 0 120. 9	60. 8 134. 7 130. 2 72, 771. 2 539. 6 240. 7 321. 8 173. 0		59. 5 142. 4 123. 2	56. 5 125. 9 129. 5 2,815. 5 552. 0 256. 8 357. 0 170. 1		
MONETARY STATISTICS			1, 553.9			1, 511. 6						1, 479. 6		
old and silver: Gold: Monetary stock, U.S. (end of mo.)mil. of dol. Net release from earmark\$do Exportsthous. of dol. Importsdo	19, 585 51, 9 62 23, 616	19, 566 -71, 4 418 47, 931	19, 456 —112. 0 176 9, 092	19, 444 11. 6 106 2, 453	19, 421 -21. 3 42 4, 440	19, 408 -13. 5 111 17, 592	19, 360 -71. 5 278 8, 639	19, 352 -14, 2 71 10, 321	19, 322 -101. 8 121 76, 649	19, 144 -222. 3 148 49, 096	19, 005 -151, 4 39 11, 954	18, 685 -319, 5 167 5, 376	18, 402 -397. 5 270 125, 558	
Production, reported monthly total Qdododo	13, 900	90,000 65,600 13,600 3,400	88, 500 64, 400 13, 200 3, 700	89, 300 66, 300 13, 200 3, 400	65, 600 13, 000 3, 100	64. 800 13, 600 3, 500	67,000 12,800 3,500	68, 700 13, 200 4, 100	13, 500 3, 900	13, 800 4, 500	13, 300 4, 900	12, 900 5, 000		
Silver:	1	138 3, 445 . 914	743 5, 345 . 914	2, 134 3, 378 . 914	1, 156 5, 002 . 914	1, 841 5, 501 . 914	1, 255 6, 739 . 914	1,003 3,982 .914	3, 545 6, 649 . 914	2,074 4,396 .914	2, 466 4, 251 . 914	1, 801 5, 864 . 914	1,754 3,999 .914	
Canada thous of fine oz. Mexico do United States do oney supply (end of month, or last Wed.): bil. of dol.	1	2, 333 4, 196 635 32, 5	2, 679 3, 092 756 32, 6	2, 755 3, 816 3, 327 31. 6	2, 864 4, 543 3, 454 31, 6	2,734 3,360 4,010 31.6	2, 582 4, 240 3, 866 31, 6	2,348 3,202 3,425	2, 966 3, 565 3, 278 32. 1	2, 914 2, 817 32. 0	2, 644 3, 115 32. 0	32. 0	32, 1	1
Currency in circulation	6.4	251. 1 3. 0 5. 5	256. 0 3. 2 6. 2	250. 5 2. 8 4. 8	248. 0 2. 6 5. 8	247. 3 2. 7 5. 6	250. 2 2. 8 5. 7	249. 3 2. 8 8. 1	251. 0 2. 9 8. 2	252. 9 2. 8 7. 4	252, 2 3, 0 6, 6	255. 1 2. 9 7 8. 7	257. 5 3. 1 7. 1	
Deposits (adjusted) and currency, total¶doDemand deposits, adjusted¶doTime deposits, adjusted¶doCurrency outside banksdournover of demand deposits except interbank and U.S. Government, annual rates, seas. adjusted; Vew York Cityratio of debits to deposits.	112.7 r 101.1 28.3	242. 6 113. 1 100. 3 29. 1 60. 1	246. 6 115. 4 101. 8 29. 4 60. 1	242, 9 114, 0 101, 0 27, 9 55, 7	239. 6 110. 5 101. 2 28. 0 58. 5	239. 0 108. 8 102. 2 28. 1 57. 9	241. 7 111. 5 102. 3 27. 9	238. 4 107. 7 102. 6 28. 1 61. 1	239. 8 107. 8 103. 7 28. 3	242. 6 110. 1 104. 2 28. 4 58. 9	242. 7 108. 9 105. 2 28. 5	243. 6 109. 3 106. 0 28. 3	7 247. 2 112. 2 106. 7 28. 3	
other centers?do37 other reporting centersdo	32.8 24.7	33. 6 25. 3	33. 2 24. 9	33, 0 25, 1	35. 7 26. 4	34. 0 25. 8	35. 3 26. 1	35. 5 26. 3	35. 7 26. 4	34. 2 25. 5	36. 7 26. 6	35. 8 26. 0	p 34. 9 p 25. 5	
PROFITS AND DIVIDENDS (QUARTERLY) unufacturing corporations (Fed. Trade and SEC): Out profit after taxes, all industries			3, 832 321 121			3, 992 261 93			4,081 305 86			3, 612 349 80		
Lumber and wood products (except furniture) mil. of dol. Paper and allied productsdo			51 159			24 143			45 159			34 144		

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and		1959							1960					
descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber
			FINA	NCE-	–Cont	inued					·	- American		<u></u>
PROFITS AND DIVIDENDS—Continued						_							1	
Manufacturing corporations.—Continued Net profit after taxes—Continued Chemicals and allied products mil. of dol. Petroleum refining			478 690 135 116 204 98 a r 272 a r 362 62 318 445			507 684 92 141 400 95 7 263 7 272 64 565 390			559 623 187 141 263 123 7319 7265 74 504 428			504 738 177 116 132 131 231 250 50 191 482		
Dividends paid (cash), all industriesdo Electric utilities, net profit after taxes (Fed. Res.)			2, 351			2,001			2,024			1, 953		
mil. of dol. Transportation and communications (see pp. S-23 and S-24).			422			502	*****		422			418		
SECURITIES ISSUED														
Securities and Exchange Commission: ‡ Estimated gross proceeds, total mil. of dol. By type of security: Bonds and notes, total do. Corporate do. Preferred stock do. By type of issuer: Corporate, total Q do. Manufacturing do. Extractive (mining) do. Public utility do. Railroad do. Gommunication do. Financial and real estate do.	4, 121 3, 844 644 230 47 922 103 19 348 23 128 145	1, 722 1, 487 657 173 61 891 119 12 251 6 264 185	1, 942 1, 763 747 134 45 926 173 10 351 3 73 205	1, 958 1, 833 524 100 26 649 77 31 158 19 37 250	2, 127 1, 942 554 156 29 740 73 10 253 82 206	2, 077 1, 858 675 173 46 894 195 79 202 8 70 223	4, 579 4, 352 584 196 31 811 180 6 326 29 53 147	1, 951 1, 760 404 153 38 595 101 34 147 20 38 150	2, 493 2, 237 859 229 26 1, 115 265 4 371 46 65 293	1, 626 1, 504 648 101 21 770 190 26 144 31 58 280	7 3, 177 7 1, 822 816 137 34 987 232 9 226 163 163 220	7 3,006 7 1,678 612 92 57 761 170 5 306 16 91 89	1, 893 1, 764 878 104 25 1, 008 257 13 194 8 255 210	
Noncorporate, total \(\frac{Q}{2} \) do U.S. Government do do U.S. Government do do State and municipal do New corporate security issues: Estimated net proceeds, total do Proposed uses of proceeds: New money, total do Plant and equipment do Working capital do Retirement of securities do Other purposes do State and municipal issues (Bond Buyer): Long-term do Short-term do	3, 200 2, 574 587 898 801 647 154 19 78 587 235	830 332 458 871 803 643 160 7 61 458 343	1, 016 380 476 907 844 619 225 7 56 476 358	1, 309 420 696 635 550 302 247 58 27 696 268	1, 388 435 622 724 667 404 263 9 48 622 345	1, 183 391 568 875 803 478 325 15 57 568 365	3, 768 2, 860 717 789 681 479 202 23 86 717 365	1, 356 368 556 577 519 333 187 11 48 556 351	1, 378 350 978 1, 085 985 613 372 51 50 978 297	856 353 475 753 652 311 340 26 75 475 280	7 2, 190 1, 371 7 607 968 919 640 279 6 43 607 505	7 1, 065 338 682 746 692 549 144 8 46 682 199	886 345 343 989 891 624 267 24 74 320 146	
SECURITY MARKETS Brokers' Balances (N.Y.S.E. Members			-								•			
Carrying Margin Accounts) Cash on hand and in banks mil. of dol. Customers' debit balances (net) do Customers' free credit balances do Money borrowed do	360 3, 378 967 2, 405	372 3, 438 974 2, 493	375 3, 430 996 2, 583	366 3, 333 1, 001 2, 423	375 3, 267 981 2, 396	366 3, 145 988 2, 220	354 3,150 940 2,340	362 3, 151 970 2, 322	366 3, 188 1, 016 2, 272	361 3, 113 1, 018 2, 229	362 3, 220 1, 021 2, 236	356 3, 259 1, 059 2, 320	377 3, 243 1, 063 2, 300	
Prices: Average price of all listed bonds (N.Y.S.E.), total \$\frac{1}{2}\$. dollars. Domestic	88. 85 88. 95 81. 61 92. 8 100. 1 84. 95	88. 42 88. 52 81. 32 92. 9 100. 9 84. 82	87. 48 87. 56 81. 18 92. 4 99. 3 83. 00	88. 26 88. 36 80. 98 92. 0 98. 3 81. 81	88. 86 88. 97 81. 67 92. 8 100. 4 83. 60	90. 90 91. 02 82. 54 93. 9 101. 9 85. 32	90. 08 90. 18 82. 59 94. 2 102. 3 84. 24	90. 42 90. 53 82. 25 94. 1 102. 1 84. 39	91. 30 91. 44 81. 98 94. 2 103. 1 85. 50	93. 15 93. 32 81. 98 94. 8 103. 9 88. 12	93. 25 93. 40 82. 35 96. 4 106. 7 88. 93	93. 09 93. 27 81. 19 96. 7 106. 7 88. 57	92, 82 92, 99 81, 48 96, 0 105, 8 87, 50	95. 5 107. 7 87. 23
Total, excluding U.S. Government bonds (SEC): All registered exchanges: Market value	143, 838 145, 716 141, 290 143, 316 123, 333 123, 333 118, 668 4, 665	142, 252 146, 631 139, 702 144, 516 130, 050 11 130, 039 124, 668 5, 371	173, 204 177, 574 170, 098 174, 505 155, 742 0 155, 742 150, 433 5, 309	148, 246 146, 910 144, 924 143, 885 116, 340 116, 340 110, 125 6, 215	2	157, 591 158, 056 155, 685 156, 053 132, 040 0 132, 040 125, 256 6, 784	138, 221 131, 152 136, 699 129, 427 110, 727 3 110, 724 104, 813 5, 911	139, 696 133, 902 137, 916 132, 101 114, 871 0 114, 871 109, 044 5, 827	156, 527 150, 183 153, 990 147, 589 120, 465 120, 465 115, 173 5, 292	115, 992 121, 746 114, 373 119, 997 93, 696 87, 282 6, 414	133, 757 134, 897 130, 349 132, 295 109, 148 0 109, 148 102, 913 6, 235	107, 194 109, 017 104, 218 106, 038 93, 925 0 93, 925 88, 783 5, 142	99, 342 92, 887	
Market value, total, all issues \$. mil. of dol.		106, 499 103, 826 1, 582 120, 441 117, 291 1, 945	105, 422 102, 723 1, 617 120, 508 117, 311 1, 992	106, 287 103, 596 1, 610 120, 431 117, 237 1, 988	1, 621 120, 460 117, 277	109, 655 106, 814 1, 634 120, 627 117, 350 1, 980	109,007 106,176 1,626 121,007 117,740 1,969	109, 395 106, 576 1, 612 120, 979 117, 719 1, 960	106, 876 104, 039 1, 622 117, 060 113, 780 1, 979	108, 994 106, 149 1, 602 117, 004 113, 748 1, 955		110, 100 107, 273 1, 585 118, 271 115, 015 1, 952	107, 004 1, 613 118, 357 115, 074	

Revised. • Revisions for 3d quarter 1959 (mil. dol.): Machinery (except electrical), 335; electrical machinery, 301.

OSee corresponding note on p. S-18. ‡Revisions for January-March 1959 will be shown later. ♀ Includes data not shown separately.

§ Data include bonds of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development not shown separately; these bonds are included in computing the average price of all listed bonds.

«Number of bonds represent number ourrently used; the change in the number does not affect the continuity of series.

¶Prices are derived from average yields on basis of an assumed 3 percent 20-year bond.

			i				~							
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru-	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber
1		1		NCE-		inued		<u>!</u>	<u>I</u>				!	
SECURITY MARKETS—Continued														
Bonds—Continued Yields: Domestic corporate (Moody's)percent	4.87	4.85	4.87	4.91	4. 88	4. 81	4.76	4. 80	4.78	4. 74	4.61	4.58	4. 63	4. 64
By ratings: Aaado Aadodo	4, 57	4, 56	4, 58	4. 61	4, 56	4. 49	4. 45	4. 46	4. 45	4. 41	4. 28	4. 25	4. 30	4. 31
	4, 76	4, 70	4, 74	4. 77	4, 71	4. 62	4. 58	4. 61	4. 60	4. 56	4. 44	4. 41	4. 44	4. 47
	4, 87	4, 86	4, 89	4. 93	4, 92	4. 86	4. 79	4. 84	4. 81	4. 77	4. 65	4. 63	4. 67	4. 69
Baa do By groups: Industrial do Industrial do Public utility do Railroad do	5. 28	5. 26	5. 28	5. 34	5. 34	5. 25	5. 20	5. 28	5. 26	5. 22	5. 08	5. 01	5. 11	5. 08
	4. 70	4. 69	4. 70	4. 74	4. 71	4. 64	4. 61	4. 65	4. 64	4. 61	4. 49	4. 46	4. 50	4. 51
	4. 95	4. 86	4. 86	4. 92	4. 89	4. 79	4. 70	4. 76	4. 75	4. 71	4. 53	4. 48	4. 56	4. 56
	4. 96	4. 99	5. 05	5. 08	5. 05	4. 99	4. 97	4. 98	4. 94	4. 90	4. 82	4. 78	4. 84	4. 85
Domestic municipal: Bond Buyer (20 bonds) do. Standard and Poor's Corp. (15 bonds) do. U.S. Treasury bonds, taxable \$ do. Stocks	3. 55	3. 60	3, 77	3. 68	3.65	3. 50	3. 61	3. 61	3. 53	3. 47	3. 33	3. 51	3. 42	3, 43
	3. 99	3. 94	4, 05	4. 13	3.97	3. 87	3. 84	3. 85	3. 78	3. 72	3. 53	3. 53	3. 59	3, 46
	4. 11	4. 12	4, 27	4. 37	4.22	4. 08	4. 17	4. 16	3. 99	3. 86	3. 79	3. 82	3. 91	3, 93
Cash dividend payments publicly reported: \$\text{Total dividend payments}mil, of dol	878. 5	390. 6	2, 425. 0	986.7	457. 5	1, 931. 7	896. 8	355.0	1, 948. 3	896.7	371.5	1,965.5	921. 5	387. 6
Finance do Manufacturing do Manufacturing do Mining do Public utilities:	165, 2	105, 9	335, 4	252. 8	168. 9	157. 3	177. 9	78. 9	153. 3	184. 6	78. 7	169. 5	175. 6	104. 5
	305, 3	155, 5	1, 522, 1	293. 3	132. 7	1, 259. 3	310. 0	134. 5	1, 261. 4	310. 9	137. 1	1, 264. 9	330. 1	136. 0
	8. 8	2, 8	123, 4	11. 0	3. 3	107. 3	10. 5	3. 8	109. 3	9. 0	3. 0	106. 6	10. 9	2. 9
Communications. do. Electric and gas. do. Railroad do. Trade do. Miscellaneous do.	200. 2	1. 7	88, 5	201. 7	1. 8	88. 6	200. 8	2. 6	89. 7	201.7	1.8	94. 6	202. 3	2. 1
	108. 2	100. 6	175, 7	109. 1	102. 2	175. 4	111. 4	103. 2	178. 6	106.1	112.2	180. 3	113. 1	109. 6
	20. 2	3. 6	78, 0	32. 7	4. 4	60. 1	20. 6	1. 0	65. 5	18.0	4.2	62. 3	20. 0	1. 4
	61. 5	12. 5	60, 7	74. 0	37. 1	52. 3	55. 5	23. 7	56. 7	56.3	25.0	56. 5	57. 8	23. 0
	9. 1	8. 0	41, 2	12. 1	7. 1	31. 4	10. 1	7. 3	33. 8	10.1	9.5	30. 8	11. 7	8. 1
Dividend rates, prices, yields, and earnings, common stocks (Moody's): Dividends per share, annual rate (200 stocks).dollars Industrial (125 stocks)	5. 45	5, 56	5, 56	5. 58	5, 57	5. 58	5. 59	5, 59	5. 59	5, 59	5, 58	5. 57	5. 58	5. 57
	5. 85	6, 01	6, 01	6. 04	6, 03	6. 03	6. 05	6, 05	6. 06	6, 05	6, 03	6. 02	6. 04	6. 00
	2. 63	2, 64	2, 64	2. 67	2, 67	2. 67	2. 67	2, 67	2. 67	2, 68	2, 68	2. 69	2. 69	2. 71
	3. 48	3, 48	3, 53	3. 53	3, 53	3. 53	3. 56	3, 56	3. 56	3, 56	3, 56	3. 56	3. 47	3. 46
	3. 82	3, 82	3, 90	3. 96	3, 96	3. 96	3. 96	3, 96	3. 96	3, 96	3, 96	3. 96	3. 96	4. 00
	4. 33	4, 33	4, 40	4. 40	4, 40	4. 63	4. 63	4, 63	4. 81	4, 81	4, 85	4. 85	4. 85	5. 01
Price per share, end of month (200 stocks) QdoIndustrial (125 stocks)doPublic utility (24 stocks)dodo	162, 37	164. 47	169, 29	156. 61	157. 86	155. 24	152.00	155, 49	158. 87	155. 33	159. 22	149. 53	149. 30	154. 57
	186, 60	189. 96	195 43	178. 05	177. 30	174. 01	169.82	174, 47	178. 62	173. 55	176. 68	165. 61	164. 91	169. 92
	65, 51	65. 38	65, 77	64. 67	66. 13	66. 66	67.30	67, 31	71. 51	71. 12	73. 59	70. 25	70. 27	72. 24
	70, 24	68. 39	70, 24	67. 98	67. 05	64. 15	62.49	62, 49	64. 20	61. 95	62. 28	57. 56	57. 68	60. 39
Yield (200 stocks) percent Industrial (125 stocks) do Public utility (24 stocks) do Railroad (25 stocks) do Bank (15 stocks) do Insurance (10 stocks) do	3. 36	3. 38	3. 28	3. 56	3. 53	3. 59	3. 68	3. 60	3, 52	3. 60	3. 50	3.73	3. 74	3, 60
	3. 14	3. 16	3. 08	3. 39	3. 40	3. 47	3. 56	3. 47	3, 39	3. 49	3. 41	3.64	3. 66	3, 53
	4. 01	4. 04	4. 01	4. 13	4. 04	4. 01	3. 97	3. 97	3, 73	3. 77	3. 64	3.83	3. 83	3, 75
	4. 95	5. 09	5. 03	5. 19	5. 26	5. 50	5. 70	5. 70	5, 55	5. 75	5. 72	6.18	6. 02	5, 73
	3. 70	3. 57	3. 38	3. 68	3. 84	3. 85	3. 92	3. 87	3, 98	4. 04	4. 00	4.02	4. 02	3, 93
	3. 03	2. 83	2. 72	2. 86	2. 76	2. 87	2. 93	2. 97	2, 98	2. 93	2. 87	3.08	3. 07	2, 97
Earnings per share (at annual rate), quarterly: Industrial (125 stocks)dollars Public utility (24 stocks) dodo Railroad (25 stocks) dodo			9, 70 3, 82 7, 86			10. 35 3. 89 4. 48			10.00 3.99 5.28			7 8. 40 7 4. 08 3. 09		
Dividend yields, preferred stocks, 14 high-grade (Standard and Poor's Corp.)percent.	4.81	4.81	4.85	4. 87	4. 82	4.76	4.71	4.75	4.74	4. 70	4. 61	4.69	4.75	4. 78
Prices: Dow-Jones averages (65 stocks) Industrial (30 stocks) Public utility (15 stocks) Railroad (20 stocks). Standard and Poor's Corporation:o	212.04	211, 25	217. 52	214, 81	206, 74	203. 52	205. 04	203. 39	210. 96	206. 96	206, 82	199. 78	194. 49	199, 54
	637.34	646, 43	671. 35	655, 39	624, 88	614. 70	619. 98	615. 64	644. 38	625. 83	624, 47	598. 10	582. 45	601, 14
	87.87	86, 56	87. 09	86, 78	85, 87	87. 36	89. 10	88. 91	91. 54	93. 59	94, 46	94. 37	92. 86	94, 14
	157.51	150, 26	153. 79	156, 15	150, 73	144. 17	142. 97	140. 60	143. 04	138. 36	137, 39	130. 98	125. 80	128, 62
Combined index (500 stocks)1941-43=10-	57. 00	57, 23	59.06	58. 03	55. 78	55. 02	55. 73	55. 22	57. 26	55. 84	56. 51	54. 81	53. 73	55. 47
	61. 04	61, 46	63.56	62. 27	59. 60	58. 71	59. 46	58. 84	61. 06	59. 25	59. 96	57. 96	56. 90	58. 89
Capital goods (127 stocks) do Consumers' goods (193 stocks) do Public utility (50 stocks) do Railroad (25 stocks) do	64. 25	64. 63	67. 14	65, 01	61, 43	60. 28	60.31	59. 81	62. 09	59. 58	59. 76	56, 77	55. 25	57. 42
	48. 22	48. 81	49. 97	49, 00	46, 51	46. 14	46.75	46. 64	48. 65	47. 58	48. 16	46, 51	45. 68	46. 96
	44. 11	43. 71	44. 31	44, 50	44, 38	44. 60	45.53	45. 75	47. 35	48. 02	48. 65	48, 64	47. 34	47. 83
	34. 32	32. 80	33. 57	33, 68	32, 54	31. 01	30.59	30. 18	30. 81	30. 19	30. 19	28, 76	27. 77	28. 93
Banks: N.Y. City (11 stocks) do Outside N.Y. City (16 stocks) do Fire insurance (15 stocks) do	26, 31	26, 93	29, 47	28. 80	26. 80	26. 87	26. 36	26. 06	25. 70	25. 71	25. 26	25. 63	25. 43	25. 58
	53, 81	54, 75	56, 59	56. 47	53. 94	52. 78	52. 54	51. 25	50. 94	52. 09	52. 64	52. 89	52. 32	53. 91
	30, 60	31, 17	33, 19	33. 66	33. 23	33. 24	33. 78	32. 69	33. 81	34. 24	34. 81	33. 87	33. 01	33. 75
Sales (Securities and Exchange Commission): Total on all registered exchanges: Market valuemil. of dol. Shares soldthousands. On New York Stock Exchange:	3, 591 102, 521	4, 020 120, 394	4, 528 141, 308	4, 167 129, 141	3, 616 103, 097	3, 950 121, 791	3, 495 100, 674	3, 938 117, 547	4, 780 143, 470	3, 445 105, 352	3, 751 116, 064	3, 450 109, 989	3, 192 101, 085	
Market value mil. of dol- Shares sold thousands- Exclusive of odd lot and stopped sales (N.Y. Times) thousands-	3, 069 72, 810 61, 330	3, 407 83, 884 64, 558	3, 767 90, 021 72, 244	3, 518 85, 579 63, 932	3, 068 72, 566 60, 533	3, 356 85, 102 65, 715	2, 939 70, 285 57, 291	3, 291 82, 391 68, 827	3, 967 97, 625 76, 533	2, 862 71, 877 53, 870	3, 119 80, 851 65, 350	2, 867 74, 704 60, 854	2, 700 70, 210 54, 431	62,002
Shares listed, N.Y. Stock Exchange, end of mo.: Market value, all listed sharesmil. of dol Number of shares listedmillions	295, 165 5, 658	299, 112 5, 733	307, 708 5, 847	287, 977 5, 930	291, 191 6, 002	287, 416 6, 050	283, 381 6, 074	291, 688 6, 181	298, 143 6, 274	292, 392 6, 306	300, 901 6, 341	283, 318 6, 370	281, 529 6, 388	

r Revised. Preliminary.

§For bonds due or callable in 10 years or more.

Revisions for 1957-1959 are shown on p. 36 of the July 1960 Survey.

§ Includes data not shown separately.

Number of stocks represents number currently used; the change in number does not affect continuity of the series.

	ì													
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem-
INTERN	ATIO	NAL 7	ran:	SACTI		OF TI	HE UN	NITED	STA	TES			<u> </u>	<u></u>
BALANCE OF PAYMENTS (QUARTERLY)										}				
Exports of goods and services, totalmil. of dol			6,828			6, 734			7, 518			6, 946		
Military transfers under grants, netdo Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military trans-			460			425	-		615			265		
actions‡mil. of dol Income on investments abroaddo Other services and military transactionsdo		l	4, 328 1, 023 1, 017			4, 604 705 1, 000	-		r 5,000 r 744 r 1,159			4, 673 783 1, 225		
Imports of goods and services, totaldo			5, 962			5, 761			r 6, 049			6,022		
Merchandise, adjusted to			3, 986 250 752 974			3, 820 249 764 928			7 3, 858 7 233 7 736 7 1, 222			3, 555 222 790 1, 455		
Balance on goods and servicesdodo	1		+866			+973			+1,469	 	1	+924		
Unilateral transfers (net), totaldododo			-1, 123 -153 -970			-1,000 -142 -858			-1, 239 r-163 -1, 076			-879 -156 -723		
U.S. long- and short-term capital (net), totaldo	1	1	536	l		-768			r-1,076		1	-1,008		
Privatedododo			$-773 \\ +237$			$-546 \\ -222$			7-683 7-381			-864 -144		
Gold sales [purchases (-)]dodo			+495 +72			+751 +50			+885 +94			+514 +637		
Errors and omissions do FOREIGN TRADE			+226			-6			<i>-</i> −145			-188		
Indexes]											
Exports of U.S. merchandise: Quantity 1936-38=100.	274	274	310	288	290	323	337	335	323	312	r 297	» 296		
Valuedo Unit valuedo	601 219	600 219	681 219	633 220	640 221	711 220	741 220	736 219	706 219	690 221	654 221	р 654 р 221		
Imports for consumption:⊙ Quantity do	215 591	222 615	255 698	205 567	228 628	241 666	220 608	221 611	229	201 558	220 607	204 565		
Valuedo Unit valuedo Agricultural products, quantity: Exports, U.S. merchandise, total:	274	277	274	276	275	277	276	277	632 276	277	276	277	1	
Unadjusted 1952-54=100. Seasonally adjusted do Cotton (incl. linters), seas. adj do	169 153 135	199 167 199	206 167 162	211 196 260	197 189 202	190 176 207	195 201 205	180 193 171	178 201 162	176 227 504	152 191 69	165 178 91		
Imports for consumption, total: Unadjusteddo	. 86	89	119	84	113	116	105	110	111	97	112	101		
Seasonally adjusteddo Supplementary imports, seas. adjdo	99 89 106	103 100 105	108 116 105	74 96 62	106 111	101 112 94	91 100	116 106	114 107	108 106 109	122 113	111 99		
Complementary imports, seas.adjdodo Shipping Weight	100	103	103	02	103	94	85	124	120	109	129	121		
Water-borne trade: Exports, incl. reexports thous. of long tons. General importsdo	7, 890 14, 710	7, 684 15, 677	8, 70 1 16, 595	7, 034 12, 805	7, 282 14, 594	7, 618 14, 472	9, 192 14, 809	9, 460 15, 424	9, 768 17, 353	9, 575 2 14, 405				
Value⊙ Exports (mdse.), including reexports, total¶	İ													
By geographic regions: △ mil. of dol	1, 481. 6	1, 478. 6	1, 674. 5	1, 561. 8	1, 576. 1	1,751.2	1,822.9	1, 809. 5	1, 738. 1	1, 699. 3	1, 612. 7	1, 610. 1	1, 743. 9	
Africa do Asia and Oceania do	49. 1 257. 9	53. 8 268. 5	66. 6 305. 2	52. 5 311. 2	57. 8 327. 4	65. 0 364. 1	72. 5 351. 3	63. 1 332. 1	60. 1 323. 9	65.0 347.2	72. 9 312. 6	54, 5 300, 6	67.3 334.2	
Europedo	401.1	427.1	514.9	498. 5	470, 1	493. 3	526. 4	570.6	532, 8	533. 7	522. 5	551, 7	572. 2	
Northern North Americado Southern North Americado	324. 4 156. 7 152. 9	286. 8 150. 1	306. 5 153. 0 174. 0	283.0 133.4	295. 4 132. 2	337. 2 151. 0	351.3 151.3	348. 1 141. 0	330. 3 146. 0	283. 2 139. 5	288. 7 132. 4	288. 3 132. 7	310. 8 138. 8	
South Americado By leading countries:∆ Africa:		154.8	1.1.0	159.5	158. 6	165. 3	180. 6	184.3	180. 5	181. 7	161. 5	164. 1	200.1	
United Arab Republic (Egypt Region) do Union of South Africa do Asia and Oceania:		12.6 17.8	18. 8 21. 2	12. 5 16. 7	10. 3 23. 3	14. 1 22. 6	15. 9 26. 7	9. 1 25. 3	7. 6 23. 5	6. 9 31. 2	11. 1 30. 8	9. 0 19. 8	15. 8 22. 2	
Australia, including New Guinea do- Colony of Singapore do- India and Pakistan do-	30.0 2.2 28.8	32. 3 2. 3 24. 9	24. 5 2. 7 30. 0	19. 9 2. 2 47. 4	26. 6 2. 8 61. 3	23. 8 3. 1 78. 8	27. 7 3. 6 81. 2	30. 9 3. 2 69. 8	31. 7 3. 9 63. 2	41. 6 3. 8 66. 1	37. 4 4. 0 61. 3	35. 0 3. 5 52. 9	3.5	
_	. 20.0		i	1		115 0	111.4	106.0	101.3	121. 1	93. 5	98. 0	99.6	
Japan do Republic of Indonesia do do do do do do do do do do do do do	73.4	90. 3 4. 7	121.3 8.0	106.4 12.3	107. 5 8. 8	115. 7 9. 6	4.3	6.4	4.0	5.7	5. 1	5. 2	5. 6	
Republic of Indonesiado Republic of the Philippinesdo Europe:	73. 4 7. 0 24. 5	4. 7 25. 8	8. 0 25. 6	12.3 23.2	8. 8 23. 0	9. 6 28. 1	4. 3 26. 2	6. 4 22. 7	4. 0 22. 0	5. 7 25. 3	21.6	5. 2 21. 9	5. 6 24. 3	
Republic of Indonesiado Republic of the Philippinesdo Europe: Francedo East Germanydo West Germanydo	73. 4 7. 0 24. 5 27. 2 0 66. 0	4.7	8.0	12.3	8.8	9. 6	4.3	6.4	4.0	5.7		5. 2	5. 6 24. 3 44. 3	
Republic of Indonesia	73. 4 7. 0 24. 5 27. 2 0 66. 0	4.7 25.8 30.7 (1) 72.0 31.3	8. 0 25. 6 53. 0 (1) 87. 2 46. 3 2. 8	12.3 23.2 50.3 .2 97.1 44.4 1.2	8.8 23.0 41.3 (¹) 84.2 50.3 4.6	9. 6 28. 1 53. 1 . 3 91. 5 47. 8	4. 3 26. 2 48. 7 0 94. 1 55. 4 2. 1	6. 4 22. 7 47. 3 . 4 96. 7 53. 7 1. 9	4.0 22.0 46.8 .2 86.3 55.5 4.4	5. 7 25. 3 49. 3 1. 8 82. 3 60. 4 1. 9	21. 6 57. 3 . 3 80. 4 49. 9 5. 9	5. 2 21. 9 48. 6 . 1 81. 9 54. 5 3. 2	5. 6 24. 3 44. 3 . 2 87. 5 52. 0	
Republic of Indonesia	73. 4 7. 0 24. 5 27. 2 66. 0 33. 8 .3 89. 5	4. 7 25. 8 30. 7 (1) 72. 0 31. 3 .3 84. 1	8. 0 25. 6 53. 0 (¹) 87. 2 46. 3 2. 8 97. 4	12.3 23.2 50.3 .2 97.1 44.4 1.2 100.7	8.8 23.0 41.3 (1) 84.2 50.3 4.6 94.7	9. 6 28. 1 53. 1 .3 91. 5 47. 8 .4 93. 5	4.3 26.2 48.7 0 94.1 55.4 2.1 98.5	6. 4 22. 7 47. 3 . 4 96. 7 53. 7 1. 9 135. 4	4. 0 22. 0 46. 8 . 2 86. 3 55. 5 4. 4 114. 8	5. 7 25. 3 49. 3 1. 8 82. 3 60. 4 1. 9 117. 0	21. 6 57. 3 . 3 80. 4 49. 9 5. 9 99. 6	5. 2 21. 9 48. 6 . 1 81. 9 54. 5 3. 2 152. 3	5. 6 24. 3 44. 3 2 87. 5 52. 0 4. 3 145. 9	
Republic of Indonesia	73. 4 7. 0 24. 5 27. 2 0 66. 0	4.7 25.8 30.7 (1) 72.0 31.3	8. 0 25. 6 53. 0 (1) 87. 2 46. 3 2. 8 97. 4 306. 5	12.3 23.2 50.3 .2 97.1 44.4 1.2 100.7 283.0	8.8 23.0 41.3 (1) 84.2 50.3 4.6 94.7 295.4	9. 6 28. 1 53. 1 . 3 91. 5 47. 8 . 4 93. 5	4. 3 26. 2 48. 7 94. 1 55. 4 2. 1 98. 5 351. 3	6. 4 22. 7 47. 3 . 4 96. 7 53. 7 1. 9 135. 4 348. 1	4. 0 22. 0 46. 8 .2 86. 3 55. 5 4. 4 114. 8 329. 8	5. 7 25. 3 49. 3 1. 8 82. 3 60. 4 1. 9 117. 0 283. 2	21. 6 57. 3 3 80. 4 49. 9 5. 9 99. 6 288. 7	5. 2 21. 9 48. 6 . 1 81. 9 54. 5 3. 2 152. 3 288. 3	5. 6 24. 3 44. 3 . 2 87. 5 52. 0 4. 3 145. 9 310. 7	
Republic of Indonesia	73. 4 7. 0 24. 5 27. 2 66. 0 33. 8 89. 5 324. 3 289. 3	4. 7 25. 8 30. 7 (1) 72. 0 31. 3 84. 1 286. 8 282. 8 21. 2	8. 0 25. 6 53. 0 (1) 87. 2 46. 3 2. 8 97. 4 306. 5 303. 4 25. 7	12.3 23.2 50.3 .2 97.1 44.4 1.2 100.7 283.0 270.1	8.8 23.0 41.3 (1) 84.2 50.3 4.6 94.7 295.4 268.7	9.6 28.1 53.1 .3 91.5 47.8 .4 93.5 337.1 290.4 22.9	4.3 26.2 48.7 94.1 55.4 2.1 98.5 351.3 306.7	6. 4 22. 7 47. 3 . 4 96. 7 53. 7 1. 9 135. 4	4. 0 22. 0 46. 8 . 2 86. 3 55. 5 4. 4 114. 8	5. 7 25. 3 49. 3 1. 8 82. 3 60. 4 1. 9 117. 0	21. 6 57. 3 . 3 80. 4 49. 9 5. 9 99. 6	5. 2 21. 9 48. 6 . 1 81. 9 54. 5 3. 2 152. 3	5. 6 24. 3 44. 3 .2 87. 5 52. 0 4. 3 145. 9 310. 7 312. 9	
Republic of Indonesia	73. 4 7. 0 24. 5 27. 2 0 66. 0 33. 8 9. 5 324. 3 289. 3 16. 4 25. 5 11. 1	4. 7 25. 8 30. 7 (1) 72. 0 31. 3 .3 84. 1 286. 8 282. 8 21. 2 30. 4 10. 9	8. 0 25. 6 53. 0 (1) 87. 2 46. 3 2. 8 97. 4 306. 5 303. 4 25. 7 31. 5 15. 0	12. 3 23. 2 50. 3 97. 1 44. 4 1. 2 100. 7 283. 0 270. 1 24. 7 27. 6 16. 2	8.8 23.0 41.3 (1) 84.2 50.3 4.6 94.7 295.4 268.7 26.7 19.8 15.1	9.6 28.1 53.1 91.5 47.8 93.5 337.1 290.4 22.9 29.6 12.9	4.3 26.2 48.7 94.1 55.4 2.1 98.5 351.3 306.7 24.5 30.8 16.7	6. 4 22. 7 47. 3 96. 7 53. 7 1. 9 135. 4 348. 1 302. 3 25. 9 40. 0 16. 6	4.0 22.0 46.8 .2 86.3 55.5 4.4 114.8 329.8 302.8 31.8 47.0 16.2	5. 7 25. 3 49. 3 1. 8 82. 3 60. 4 1. 9 117. 0 283. 2 296. 3 30. 8 42. 1 17. 6	21. 6 57. 3 80. 4 49. 9 5. 9 99. 6 288. 7 271. 5 28. 7 38. 0 12. 9	5. 2 21. 9 48. 6 81. 9 54. 5 3. 2 152. 3 288. 3 273. 1 34. 3 35. 2 15. 0	5. 6 24. 3 44. 3 2 87. 5 52. 0 4. 3 145. 9 310. 7 312. 9 37. 7 33. 9 21. 0	
Republic of Indonesia	73. 4 7. 0 24. 5 27. 2 66. 0 33. 8 .3 .89. 5 324. 3 289. 3 16. 4 25. 5 11. 1 15. 6 41. 7	4. 7 25. 8 30. 7 (1) 72. 0 31. 3 .3 84. 1 286. 8 282. 8 21. 2 30. 4	8. 0 25. 6 53. 0 (1) 87. 2 46. 3 2. 8 97. 4 306. 5 303. 4 25. 7 31. 5	12.3 23.2 50.3 .2 97.1 44.4 1.2 100.7 283.0 270.1 24.7 27.6	8.8 23.0 41.3 (1) 84.2 50.3 4.6 94.7 295.4 268.7 26.7 19.8	9.6 28.1 53.1 .3 91.5 47.8 93.5 337.1 290.4 22.9 29.6	4.3 26.2 48.7 0 94.1 55.4 2.1 98.5 351.3 306.7 24.5 30.8	6. 4 22. 7 47. 3 .4 96. 7 53. 7 1. 9 135. 4 348. 1 302. 3 25. 9 40. 0	4.0 22.0 46.8 .2 86.3 55.5 4.4 114.8 329.8 302.8 31.8 47.0	5.7 25.3 49.3 1.8 82.3 60.4 1.9 117.0 283.2 296.3 30.8 42.1	21. 6 57. 3 80. 4 49. 9 5. 9 99. 6 288. 7 271. 5 28. 7 38. 0	5. 2 21. 9 48. 6 . 1 81. 9 54. 5 3. 2 152. 3 288. 3 273. 1 34. 3 35. 2	5. 6 24. 3 44. 3 2 87. 5 52. 0 4. 3 145. 9 310. 7 312. 9 37. 7 33. 9 21. 0 20. 8 17. 1	

r Revised.

r Preliminary.
1 Less than \$50,000.
2 Revision for July 1959: 13,922 thous. long tons.

⊕ Revisions for 1558—1st quarter 1959 appear on p. 14ff. of the June 1960 Survey.

14 djusted for balance-of-payments purposes, mainly for valuation, coverage, and timing.
□ Excludes military expenditures.

□ Revisions for January 1959 will be shown later.

↑ Excludes "special category" shipments and all commodities exported under foreign-aid programs as Department of Defense controlled cargo.

¶ Data include shipments (military and economic aid) under the Mutual Security Program. Total MSP military shipments (including, since early 1956, also "consumables and construction" shipments) are as follows (mil. dol): October 1959-October 1960, respectively—83.7; 102.2; 105.2; 77.7; 78.9; 117.2; 114.7; 94.0; 100.0; 70.2; 62.6; 53.6; 53.9.

△ Excludes "special category" shipments.

♀ Includes countries not shown separately.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and	 1959							1960					
descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber

INTERNATIONAL TRANSACTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES—Continued

INTERNATION	AL I	KANS.	ACTIO	JIND C)r 1H	LE UN	HED	SIAI	E5	ontin	iued			·——
FOREIGN TRADE—Continued Value⊙—Continued														
Exports of U.S. merchandise, total¶mil. of dol By economic classes:	1, 465. 9	1, 462. 4	1, 658. 8	1, 543. 7	1, 559. 2	1, 733.1	1,805.9	1, 793. 6	1, 721. 7	1, 682. 5	1, 594. 7	1, 594. 6	1, 729. 4	
Crude materials do Crude foodstuffs do Manufactured foodstuffs and beverages do Semimanufactures \$\text{Q}\$.	184. 7 107. 3 108. 7 183. 2	232. 5 117. 1 94. 4 193. 6	245. 3 126. 2 92. 3 260. 0	242. 7 122. 4 82. 9 239. 8	208. 2 130. 7 93. 3 251. 1	201. 2 128. 6 93. 2 283. 2	189. 9 152. 0 93. 0 304. 4	197. 2 153. 1 81. 0 310. 4	191. 9 130. 4 90. 5 333. 3	196. 6 126, 6 83. 3 313. 5	163. 7 123. 7 94. 5 337. 0	188. 3 145. 7 96. 8 287. 8	239. 3 143. 8 102. 3 285. 2	
Finished manufactures \$ \text{do}_	882. 0 359. 9	824.7 405.9	935. 0 420. 0	855. 9 413. 2	875. 9 399. 1	1,026.9 388.2	1, 066. 6 393. 3	1, 051. 9 388. 5	975. 7 366. 8	962. 6 358. 6	875. 7 327. 1	876. 0 369. 4	958. 9 431. 9	
Cotton, unmanufactureddo	46. 2 44. 6 103. 1 27. 0 44. 2	78. 0 34. 4 108. 0 27. 2 44. 7	89. 1 29. 8 123. 9 24. 0 50. 9	137. 5 32. 7 121. 4 25. 5 23. 9	106. 6 29. 7 136. 6 22. 9 26. 6	100. 3 28. 5 137. 0 24. 4 28. 1	87. 3 29. 2 159. 0 27. 6 16. 5	69. 6 32. 1 150. 2 24. 2 26. 3	65. 4 37. 3 123. 2 22. 5 30. 8	86. 5 31. 4 120. 3 22. 7 22. 3	15. 9 31. 0 115. 6 24. 4 36. 6	26. 3 38. 8 141. 5 25. 4 74. 7	59, 4 39, 4 143, 3 28, 9 74, 8	
Nonagricultural products, total&do	1, 106. 0	1,056.5	1, 238. 8	1, 130. 5	1, 160. 1	1, 344. 9	1, 412. 6	1, 405. 1	1, 354. 9	1, 324. 0	1, 267. 6	1, 225. 1	1, 297. 5	
Automobiles, parts, and accessoriesdo Chemicals and related products§do. Coal and related fuelsdo. Iron and steel products⊕do	107. 2 118. 2 32. 4 29. 9	101. 3 109. 9 27. 0 36. 1	99. 4 152. 4 29. 8 53. 8	112. 5 132. 7 21. 8 50. 1	122. 8 121. 1 22. 5 55. 0	125. 1 146. 6 22. 5 67. 2	121. 5 150. 6 33. 3 71. 6	121, 7 142, 5 32, 6 84, 2	108. 7 142. 9 32. 6 96. 9	87. 0 145. 3 31. 7 83. 1	82. 4 140. 9 37. 5 92. 4	78. 1 141. 8 34. 0 70. 1	108. 5 144. 9 36. 1 73. 7	
Machinery, total§&dodo	326.1	301.1	341.4	315. 5	330. 2	369.8	384.8	373. 2	356.8	372. 7	331.3	332. 5	367. 7	
Agricultural do Tractors, parts, and accessories do Electrical do Metalworking do Other industrial do	8. 2 28. 7 89. 2 22. 3 160. 9	8, 9 23, 8 79, 4 22, 8 150, 7	8. 8 26. 1 84. 1 27. 3 174. 5	9. 8 32. 7 73. 9 24. 5 156. 7	12. 6 35. 6 73. 5 26. 9 161. 4	15. 0 34. 2 87. 2 26. 2 188. 6	18. 1 36. 9 87. 8 29. 2 192. 6	16. 2 35. 6 89. 6 33. 1 178. 6	14. 6 31. 2 75. 7 29. 9 183. 6	11. 9 30. 1 89. 0 32. 0 188. 7	11. 4 29. 7 78. 5 27. 9 165. 5	8. 3 29. 8 80. 4 25. 2 168. 3	9. 4 32. 2 85. 7 29. 5 185. 7	
Petroleum and productsdo Textiles and manufacturesdo	38. 5 58. 4	31. 2 58. 5	44. 6 66. 8	37. 8 54. 8	35. 0 58. 4	40. 5 61. 5	44. 9 64. 4	40. 5 57. 2	47. 1 56. 0	40. 6 60. 6	41. 0 50. 7	39. 2 52. 5	39. 9 61. 6	
General imports, totaldodo	1, 202. 0	1, 282. 2	1, 477. 8	1, 137. 4	1, 287. 8	1, 375. 3	1, 257. 4	1, 259. 5	1, 313. 0	1, 155. 0	1, 228. 1	1, 160. 3	1, 157. 2	i
Africa do do Asia and Oceania do Europe do do	35. 0 254. 7 368. 4	51.3 242.0 402.4	60. 7 264. 4 471. 7	41. 6 234. 7 359. 0	47. 9 235. 9 406. 2	58. 4 254. 2 435. 1	45. 5 264. 0 381. 6	51. 4 243. 3 367. 9	47. 4 273. 9 356. 1	44. 5 260. 0 308. 3	39. 9 290. 3 307. 0	43. 9 237. 9 323. 0	36. 5 227. 2 340. 4	
Northern North America	281. 5 86. 4 176. 0	291. 8 106. 9 187. 8	288. 8 140. 9 251. 3	218. 1 117. 6 166. 5	234. 9 158. 4 204. 5	256. 0 158. 7 213. 0	225. 3 140. 5 200. 4	254. 4 156. 3 186. 2	271. 7 131. 0 232. 9	233. 2 123. 9 185. 1	261. 1 106. 8 223. 1	238. 2 109. 2 208. 1	240. 9 93. 2 219. 0	
United Arab Republic (Egypt Region)do Union of South Africado Asia and Oceania:	8.9	14.3	.3 14.8	. 7 12. 7	2. 6 9. 5	5. 0 12. 6	3. 4 8. 5	4. 4 9. 7	3. 7 9. 4	6. 0 5. 6	1.7 8.0	1. 5 9. 1	8. 2	
Australia, including New Guinea do. Colony of Singapore. do. India and Pakistan do. Japan do. Republic of Indonesia do. Republic of the Philippines do.	15. 3 3. 0 18. 5 95. 9 15. 3 25. 5	14. 1 1. 8 19. 3 95. 9 12. 6 21. 1	20. 7 2. 4 21. 0 107. 8 15. 0 14. 7	14. 0 1. 4 20. 1 93. 8 21. 6 22. 0	16. 2 1. 7 25. 2 83. 0 15. 8 24. 8	11. 1 1. 1 23. 4 98. 8 14. 5 27. 0	14. 8 2. 0 21. 7 100. 2 16. 4 26. 5	7. 0 1. 7 22. 3 96. 0 17. 5 23. 8	9. 1 4. 1 23. 2 103. 6 22. 9 29. 4	18. 9 . 9 25. 2 96. 4 14. 3 36. 9	16.7 1.2 19.6 109.9 22.6 35.2	9. 8 1. 2 22. 5 96. 7 17. 3 19. 5	8. 6 1. 1 19. 5 95. 3 15. 7 19. 9	
Europe: do_ France	36. 2 .2 75. 6 35. 2 2. 5	42. 9 . 2 82. 5 32. 2 1. 0	45. 0 . 2 99. 4 44. 0 3. 0	33. 6 . 2 70. 2 28. 8 . 9	43. 2 . 3 88. 4 35. 4 3. 3	46.8 .2 90.6 40.0 1.9	38. 0 . 2 77. 4 36. 3 2. 2	35. 1 . 2 72. 9 27. 3	29. 4 . 3 71. 1 33. 2 2. 8	30.7 .4 68.2 26.6	29. 1 . 3 63. 6 34. 4	22. 8 . 3 71. 3 28. 6 1. 3	28. 6 . 2 75. 1 35. 9	
Union of Soviet Socialist Republicsdo United Kingdomdo North and South America: Canadado	94.0	96.6	103.6	86. 9	92. 8 234. 8	107. 8 255. 9	88. 5 225. 3	1, 2 94, 2 254, 3	93.8	2. 2 66. 6 232. 9	1. 8 69. 1 260. 6	73.8	1. 8 72. 8 240. 7	
Latin American Republics, total	235. 3	261.8	353. 0	252. 4	324. 4	336.7	306. 4	308. 5	332. 4	273. 4	291.0	280. 6	278. 5	1
Argentina do Brazil do Chile do	8.8 42.1 16.1	7. 8 39. 0 17. 3	8.8 66.5 25.8	7. 0 27. 7 18. 9	8. 4 49. 2 12. 8	11. 5 44. 9 19. 8	9. 3 47. 4 17. 0	8. 6 47. 7 13. 8	9. 0 62. 0 18. 5	8. 3 49. 2 13. 5	9. 1 57. 5 24. 6	7. 6 54. 4 15. 7	6.9 48.9 19.8	
Colombia do Cuba do Mexico do Venezuela do	25. 0 20. 1 24. 6 62. 5	25. 5 23. 7 28. 3 77. 2	30, 1 27, 5 39, 1 96, 3	18. 6 25. 6 38. 6 72. 7	31. 2 40. 8 52. 4 79. 8	26. 4 51. 6 45. 4 84. 6	18. 8 48. 2 38. 8 84. 2	24. 0 60. 3 40. 1 72. 5	21. 6 47. 7 28. 2 90. 3	18. 0 46. 6 24. 3 68. 4	22. 1 11. 7 33. 1 76. 0	23. 5 7. 9 44. 0 78. 2	36. 2 7. 6 27. 8 76. 7	
Imports for consumption, total do By economic classes:	1, 211.8	1, 261.4	1, 431. 6	1, 162.5	1, 288. 6	1	1, 246. 3	1, 253. 1	1, 295. 6	1, 144. 8	1, 245. 3	1, 159. 1	1, 156. 9	1
Crude materials do. Crude foodstuffs do. Manufactured foodstuffs and beverages do. Semimanufactures do. Finished manufactures do. By principal commodities:	264. 6 113. 6 118. 2 257. 0 458. 4	251. 9 129. 2 109. 9 299. 2 471. 1	283. 3 189. 5 127. 9 322. 7 508. 1	245. 0 111. 4 105. 9 289. 9 410. 3	246. 8 165. 9 117. 3 293. 5 465. 1	261. 3 166. 2 131. 8 308. 3 498. 5	255. 1 140. 0 138. 9 254. 8 457. 5	256, 3 155, 6 144, 9 243, 3 453, 0	281. 8 152. 6 140. 6 269. 2 451. 4	236. 5 127. 4 135. 3 228. 3 417. 4	290. 7 142. 6 137. 6 248. 2 426. 2	244. 0 134. 1 134. 3 234. 5 412. 3	229. 9 146. 1 122. 4 233. 3 425. 2	
Agricultural products, total do do do do do do do do do do do do do	276. 9 5. 9	283. 4 10. 2	367. 2 23. 0	270. 1 9. 5	343. 1 11. 6	362. 9 12. 6	336. 1 13. 5	342.3 16.7	343. 4 17. 4	305. 7 10. 7	344. 8 11. 6	310. 2 9. 8	286. 3 8. 4	
Coffee do Rubber, crude, including guayule do Sugar do Wool and mohair, unmanufactured do	65. 7 36. 6 23. 3 18. 0	74. 5 36. 3 17. 9 12. 0	113. 3 . 35. 7 26. 2 18. 1	56. 8 26. 9 32. 2 18. 3	101. 7 32. 7 42. 4 19. 4	95. 1 31. 4 50. 2 23. 9	74. 7 30. 4 48. 3 17. 2	82. 3 26. 8 58. 3 13. 8	84. 3 26. 8 49. 9 19. 7	78. 0 25. 0 50. 0 15. 5	91. 8 32. 7 39. 5 17. 3	87, 5 25, 6 41, 3 14, 0	93. 8 19. 6 24. 8 13. 9	
Nonagricultural products, total —dododo	934. 9	978. 0 5. 7	1, 064. 3	892. 4 16. 8	945. 5 13. 5	1,003.2 9.8	910. 2 9. 7	910. 8	952. 2 8. 4	839. 1 5. 8	900.6	848. 9	870. 6 5. 2	
Iron and steel products⊕*	$\begin{array}{c c} 93.3 \\ 21.9 \end{array}$	76. 0 105. 6 42. 3 7. 6	7.4	70. 2 115. 7 40. 3 12. 5	69. 9 103. 2 43. 1 9. 1	69. 3 98. 6 33. 2 10. 4	52. 0 92. 8 31. 4 8. 9	42. 9 96. 1 37. 5 9. 6	38.8 100.4 37.7 13.2	30. 2 94. 3 29. 6 7. 3	30. 7 101. 5 35. 3 11. 3	35. 1 78. 8 27. 5 8. 5	31. 9 90. 0 23. 4 9. 6	
Paper base stocks	. 58.9	32. 0 60. 9 122. 8	28. 3 65. 1 141. 5	24. 9 48. 2 126. 6	30. 1 53. 6 131. 8	29. 3 58. 1 134. 6	25. 0 54. 6 130. 2	27. 0 61. 0 113. 6	29. 6 60. 5 138. 6	25. 0 52. 9 108. 2	33. 1 61. 6 125. 8	28. 7 54. 6 122. 4	29. 1 59. 8 119. 0	

r Revised. ⊙Revisions for January 1958-January 1959 will be shown later. ↑ See similar note on p. S-21. ♀ Data for semimanufactures reported as "special category, type 1" are included with finished manufactures. ♂Includes data not shown separately. △Manufactures of tobacco are included in the nonagricultural products total. ♣Excludes "special category, type 1" exports. ⊕Comprises pig iron, scrap, steel mill products, and certain other iron and steel products; excludes advanced manufactures. Revisions for exports and data for imports (prior to December 1958) will be shown later. *New series; see note marked "⊕".

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and		1959							1960					
descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber
	TRAN	SPOR	TATI	ON AI	ND CO	DMMU	JNICA	TION	S			·	·	
TRANSPORTATION														
Airlines§											j			
Scheduled domestic trunk carriers: Financial operations (quarterly totals): Operating revenues, total \(\frac{1}{2} \) mil. of dol_ Transport, total \(\frac{2}{2} \) do_ Passenger do_ do_ Date of the desired carriers:			462. 1 458. 7 414. 1 28. 8			452. 9 448. 4 406. 8 28. 4			500. 0 496. 3 451. 8 29. 1					
Propertydo U.S. mail (exel. subsidy)do			12.2			10. 9			11.4					
Operating expenses (incl. depreciation)do Net income (after taxes)do			461. 6 5. 0			474.7 4 13.7			481. 7 8. 6					
Operating results: Miles flown, revenue thousands Express and freight ton-miles flown do Mail ton-miles flown do Passengers originated, revenue do Passenger-miles flown, revenue millions	64, 247 32, 789 10, 138 3, 988 2, 385	60, 548 27, 521 9, 264 3, 712 2, 202	63, 577 32, 087 14, 986 3, 745 2, 377	62, 564 27, 274 9, 741 3, 732 2, 416	58, 697 29, 814 9, 729 3, 440 2, 136	62, 397 30, 937 11, 047 3, 670 2, 284	61, 874 30, 280 10, 857 4, 019 2, 505	61, 498 30, 236 10, 364 4, 002 2, 444	59, 825 30, 890 10, 512 4, 183 2, 720	63, 132 29, 109 10, 030 4, 013 2, 706	64, 034 32, 474 10, 786 4, 166 2, 745	59, 057 35, 169 10, 917 4, 037 2, 547		
Express Operations														
Transportation revenuesthous, of dolthous, of doldo	34, 296 14, 422	32, 079 12, 164	40, 834 17, 171	27, 508 7, 970	29, 691 9, 930	32, 782 12, 634	30, 815 11, 003	30, 308 10, 737	30, 923 11, 412	25, 233 5, 766	31, 618 11, 731	31, 867 10, 675		
Local Transit Lines Fares, average cash ratecents	18.1	18. 2	18. 2	18. 5	18. 5	18. 5	18. 6	18.7	18.7	18.8	18.9	19.0	19.0	
Passengers carried, revenue⊕ millions Operating revenues mil. of dol_	666 124. 5	625 117. 8	681 127. 1	616 114. 4	613 112. 7	679 123. 8	652 121. 9	647 118. 9	620 115. 0	554 108. 1	584 113. 3	610 110. 4	634	
Class I Motor Carriers (Intercity)														
Carriers of property (quarterly totals): Number of reporting carriers Operating revenues, total Expenses, total Go Freight carried (revenue) mil. of tons			897 1, 199. 7 1, 181. 2 70. 3			949 1, 182. 7 1, 159. 9 72. 4								
Carriers of passengers (quarterly totals): Number of reporting carriers. Operating revenues, total. mil, of dol. Expenses, total. do. Passengers carried (revenue) millions.			137 105. 4 96. 3 55. 8			139 92. 3 90. 9 51. 4			140 115. 8 99. 7 57. 5					
Class I Railroads											ļ			
Freight carloadings (A. A. R.):♂ thousands Total cars thousands Coal do Coke do Forest products do	2, 905 542 16 201	r 2, 404 452 28 157	2,376 454 45 156	2, 870 555 58 185	2, 293 423 46 154	2, 300 427 47 155	3, 088 530 50 200	2, 559 430 33 157	2, 514 451 28 156	2, 847 357 29 180	2, 385 420 22 160	2, 274 408 20 152	3, 189 546 30 193	2, 203 388 23 135
Grain and grain products do. Livestock do. Ore do. Mcrchandise, l.c.l do. Miscellaneous do.	282 55 50 213 1, 545	7 224 32 156 154 7 1, 202	176 19 146 143 1, 237	229 22 109 176 1,536	185 14 85 149 1, 237	194 17 79 153 1, 228	238 21 226 189 1,635	175 20 289 146 1,308	203 15 290 138 1, 232	344 16 329 167 1,425	234 16 239 140 1,154	198 26 202 133 1, 136	329 50 233 179 1, 629	255 26 90 129
Freight carloadings, seas. adj. indexes (Fed. Res.): Total 1935-39=100 Coal do Coke do Forest products do	98 90 42 123	107 97 93 136	120 97 142 143	119 95 143 141	113 87 137 129	110 87 146 126	111 88 126 130	109 90 107 124	102 83 89 121	97 66 78 120	99 86 72 123	97 89 68 118	104 90 79 118	1, 156 99 83 76
Grain and grain products do_ Livestock do_ Ore do_ Merchandise, l.c.l do_ Miscellaneous do_	161 52 23 26 107	167 46 152 25 114	134 36 403 24 129	137 35 310 24 131	133 32 297 24 127	150 38 252 24 121	150 34 185 24 125	141 39 185 23 123	149 31 163 22 113	169 31 150 22 110	150 30 139 22 108	135 39 120 21 106	188 47 7 97 22 113	115 186 36 97 21
Financial operations: Operating revenues, total ♀	7 808. 2 7 687. 2 47. 3	780. 9 658. 9 48. 3	845. 8 696. 3 60. 5	789. 3 667. 7 55. 1	774. 2 658. 9 50. 9	847. 6 723. 4 52. 2	823. 6 698. 1 51. 0	829. 5 705. 1 51. 7	824. 2 694. 7 60. 2	759. 1 634. 1 60. 6	809. 0 679. 4 60. 5	754. 4 642. 9 44. 2	815. 8 695. 4 46. 5	109
Operating expensesdo	625. 8 115. 4 7 67. 0	617. 4 107. 2 56. 4	654. 3 114. 1 77. 3	633. 9 111. 8 43. 6	620.7 111.3 42.2	658. 6 127. 8 61. 2	634. 1 124. 4 65. 1	648. 3 120. 0 61. 3	644. 0 123. 1 57. 0	628. 7 106. 4 24. 0	646. 9 117. 7 44. 4	608. 3 111. 6 34. 5	69. 8	
Net income (after taxes)do Operating results: Freight carried 1 milemil. of ton-miles. Revenue per ton-mileeents.	50. 0 49, 811 1. 420	40. 7 48, 881 1. 385	94. 8 49, 502 1. 431	30. 4 50, 265 1. 384	24. 6 46, 732 1, 435	44. 2 51, 597 1. 441	48. 2 51, 357 1, 398	47. 3 52, 664 1. 386	43. 1 49. 687 1. 422	9. 6 46, 752 1. 415	29. 9 49, 219 1. 404	25. 9 48, 566		
Passengers carried 1 mile (revenue) millions Waterway Traffic	1, 588	1, 571	2, 030	1,824	1,628	1, 654	1, 675	1, 691	2, 054	2, 207	2, 132			
Clearances, vessels in foreign trade:														
Total U.S. ports thous. of net tons. Foreign vessels do United States vessels do	13, 075 10, 591 2, 484	13, 164 10, 859 2, 305	12, 942 11, 018 1, 924	11, 712 9, 874 1, 837	12, 320 10, 337 1, 983	12, 067 9, 967 2, 100	13, 865 11, 512 2, 353	15, 198 12, 309 2, 889	14, 960 12, 068 2, 892	15, 104 12, 009 3, 094	15, 095 12, 152 2, 943			
Panama Canal: Totalthous. of long tons In United States vesselsdo	4, 287 901	4, 595 855	5, 249 1, 094	4, 871 873	5, 159 1, 063	5, 609 1, 256	4, 988 1, 080	5, 595 1, 420	5, 193 1, 268	5, 583 1, 097	5, 361 933	4, 843 981	5, 065 1, 024	

r Revised. d Deficit.

§ Data beginning 1959 include operations intra-Alaska and intra-Hawaii, not included in earlier figures.

§ Includes data not shown separately.

⊕ Revisions for 1958 are shown in the June 1960 SURVEY.

♂ Data for October 1959 and January, April, July, and October 1960 cover 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks.

		1959							1960				Jecemb	
nless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	October		Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Nove
TRAN	SPOR'	ΓΑΤΙΟ	N AN	р со	MMU.	NICA'I	rions	—Con	tinue	d	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u>†</u>
TRANSPORTATION—Continued														
Travel otels: A verage sale per occupied roomdollars	9. 65	9. 52	8. 55	8, 82	8, 90	8. 61	9. 38	8. 73	9. 26	8. 67	9.60	9. 47	10.04	٩
Rooms occupiedpercent of total Restaurant sales indextsame month 1951=100 preign travel:	73 114	65 110	53 115	66 116	68 118	68 124	67 115	69 125	67 117	57 113	65 112	67 114	72 114	
U.S. citizens: Arrivals	151 122 102 83	119 101 79 68	110 120 82 91	127 136 82 62	131 146 78 62	144 146 90 73	147 171 99 79	158 178 111 91	178 259 110 111	256 123 110				
Passports issued and reneweddoational parks, visits§doational parksdoational parksdoational parksdoational parksdoational parks	37 1, 192	33 817	38 528	56 1 561	72 574	100 608	119 1, 131	1,805	98 73,748	r 6, 434	5, 996	2, 574	1 1, 778	
Revenue passenger-milesmillions_ Passenger revenuesthous, of dol COMMUNICATIONS	258 4, 135	241 3, 818	288 4, 590	342 5, 525	312 5, 052	317 5, 130	284 4, 581	251 4, 011	4, 745	301 4, 734	281 4, 416	3, 237		
clephone carriers: Operating revenues 9mil. of dol	666. 6	657. 4	679. 3	667. 1	665. 2	692. 8	688. 9	696. 6	700. 1	689. 1	712.8	704.0		
Station revenuesdo Tolls, messagedo Operating expenses, before taxesdo	376. 7 227. 0 406. 7	376. 3 217. 1 394. 3	383. 0 232. 5 423. 3	381.0 221.3 395.9	381. 8 218. 2 398. 1	387. 8 239. 9 422. 8	389. 2 233. 9 408. 2	390. 8 239. 3 416. 9	392. 8 240. 1 420. 5	388. 1 232. 7 410. 4	393. 3 251. 4 426. 6	396. 3 238. 5 424. 9		
Not operating income doPhones in service, end of month millions.	102. 0 61. 3	110. 8 61. 6	120. 4 62. 0	111. 3 62. 2	109. 6 62. 5	110. 9 62. 8	117. 0 63. 1	116. 5 63. 4	116. 6 63. 5	116. 6 63. 8	121.0 r 64.0	118. 2 64. 3		
Wire-telegraph: Operating revenuesthous. of doltodo	22, 023 18, 967	20, 496 18, 225	22, 671 18, 993	20, 356 18, 518	20, 526 18, 082	22, 354 19, 146	21, 356 18, 543	21, 825 18, 975	22, 626 19, 798	20, 517 20, 159	22, 667 20, 050	23, 042 20, 282		
Net operating revenuesdo Ocean-cable: Operating revenuesdo Operating expenses, incl. depreciationdo	2, 263 3, 237 2, 399	1, 540 3, 068 2, 289	3, 089 3, 343 2, 751	579 2, 976 2, 478	1, 260 3, 001 2, 412	1, 984 3, 346 2, 534	1, 619 2, 970 2, 513	1, 643 3, 122 2, 612	1, 647 3, 000 2, 557	2,878 2,301	1, 533 2, 977 2, 527	1,741 2,955 2,513		
Net operating revenuesdo Radiotelegraph: Operating revenuesdo	489 4, 258	449 4,034	283 4,444	135 4, 148	230 4, 243	452 4, 365	157 4, 007	189 4, 200	155 4, 227	258 3, 936	153 4, 193	159 4, 328		-
Operating expenses, incl. depreciationdo Net operating revenuesdo	3, 105 1, 045	3, 116 803	3, 367 916	3, 177 822	3, 205 887	3, 394 823	3, 142 706	3, 282 760	3, 425 637	3, 338 454	3, 394 657	3, 348 838		
	CI	HEMIO	CALS	AND	ALLII	ED PR	ODUC	CTS			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
CHEMICALS									:				ļ 1	
organic chemicals, production:‡ Acetylenemil. of cu.ft Ammonia, synthetic anhydrous (commercial)	1,011	1,026	1,096	1,090	1,068	1,148	1, 026	1,082	926	938	976	942	970	
thous. of short tons Calcium carbide (commercial)	390. 5 75. 9 73. 3	382. 6 82. 2 61. 4	420. 3 103. 9 62. 0	396. 4 92. 2 66. 8	381. 3 87. 9 65. 8	423. 4 100. 8 66. 2	416. 2 96. 6 73. 3	434. 0 100. 5 84. 6	407. 9 92. 4 95. 6	382. 3 97. 6	380. 3	364. 8 89. 3	387. 3 77. 0	
Chlorine, gasdo Hydrochloric acid (100% HCl)do	386. 9 83. 7	376. 6 80. 4	379. 7 83. 6	385. 3 94. 9	369 5 90. 6	397. 2 94. 6	383. 9 93. 5	395. 4 90. 0	377. 1 76. 8	384. 9 77. 7	390. 5 79. 6	371. 1 78. 4	390. 7 84. 2	
Nitric acid (100% HNO ₃)do Oxygen (high purity)mil. of cu. ft Phosphoric acid (100% P ₂ O ₄) thous of short tons	268. 7 2, 105 164. 9	268. 2 3, 645 156. 6	288, 2 5, 129 160, 7	288. 0 5, 094 162. 4	280. 7 4, 771 158. 8	304. 5 5, 135 183. 9	275. 5 4, 778 183. 0	265. 1 4, 804 189. 9	234. 6 4, 488 171. 2	242. 4 4, 220 159. 1	255.3 4,404 184.2	281. 0 4, 601 165. 3	288. 0 4, 597 183. 4	
Sodium carbonate (soda ash), synthetic (58% Ne ₂ O) thous. of short tons. Sodium bichromate and chromate	428. 1 10. 3 419. 9	429. 6 10. 7 406. 9	402.3 10.6 404.1	388.7 11.8 415.4	381. 9 9. 9 401. 0	415. 9 10. 1 428. 3	399. 0 11. 1 407. 7	392. 2 11. 2 422. 5	370. 1 10. 9 402. 9	371.3 10.9 406.5	9.0	364. 8 9. 6 388. 9	10.4	
Sodium hydroxide (100% NaOH) do Sodium silicate (soluble silicate glass), anhydrons thous, of short tons. Sodium sulphates (anhydrous, refined; Glauber's salt;	53.0	49. 5	40.7	30.4	39. 7	49.1	50.3	46.3	34.6	28.6	45. 4	44.2	49. 7	
crude salt cake) thous, of short tons. Sulfuric acid (100% H ₂ SO ₄) do	92. 5 1, 456. 6	91. 9 1, 457. 6	93. 4 1, 548. 8	92. 4 1, 589. 4	90. 5 1, 501. 8	95. 3	89, 5 1, 556, 4	92. 4 1, 614. 2	87. 6 1, 495. 4	87. 6 1, 336. 0	85. 6 1, 403. 8		89. 3 1, 489. 4	
rganic chemicals: 7 Acetic acid (synthetic and natural), production thous. of lb.	64, 432 95, 311	57, 303 81, 737	62, 266 104, 529	60, 536 93, 744	65, 926 93, 302	67, 137 99, 010	59, 955 89, 193	67, 261 98, 308	65, 844 94, 200	71, 165 88, 703				
Acetic anhydride, production		1,677 42,266	1, 805 41, 904	2, 014 42, 520	93, 302 2, 004 41, 550	2, 073 43, 492	2,056 45,335	1, 992 49, 057	1, 906 47, 884	1,696 2 43,686	1,808 54,943	1,733 59,228		-
Production	31, 579 42, 603 760	29, 497 41, 984 676	25, 266 47, 999 570	29, 279 41, 659 620	29, 124 50, 005 655	26, 506 44, 112 746	28, 410 47, 015 647	33, 235 46, 502 660	33, 259 41, 620 706	² 127, 911 43, 132 ² 3, 993	131, 653 48, 077 5, 000	127, 020 46, 473 5, 583		
Alcohol, denatured: Production thous of wine gal Consumption (withdrawals) do Stocks, end of month do		22, 549 23, 924 2, 448	25, 758 22, 885 5, 736	22, 476 24, 587 3, 669	26, 757 25, 178 5, 291	23, 674 25, 366 3, 729	25, 216 23, 167 5, 723	24, 880 27, 276 3, 380	22, 409 22, 094 3, 721	23, 154 23, 611 3, 281	25, 861 25, 826 3, 503			
Creosote oil, production thous of gal. DDT, production thous of lb. Ethyl acetate (85%), production do do do	4,819	6, 371 12, 012 7, 495	9, 088 13, 550 10, 754	6, 980 13, 863 8, 588	7, 085 12, 377 5, 925	8, 344 13, 617 9, 849	9, 688 13, 393 7, 338	7, 946 13, 748 5, 895	7, 953 12, 444 7, 705	7, 357 13, 531 7, 648	8, 413 14, 523 8, 232	6, 958 13, 750		
Ethylene glycol, productiondo Formaldehyde (37% HCHO), productiondo Glycerin, refined, all grades:	· ·	99, 114 154, 846	10, 754 105, 406 140, 888	114, 344 148, 791	108, 128 147, 966	107, 262 156, 861	96, 402 147, 933	97, 062 138, 955	100, 626 143, 938	112, 629 110, 367	121, 499 148, 282	115, 627		-
Productiondo	25, 600 36, 800	23, 800 39, 600	23, 500 42, 500	25, 100 40, 100	24, 200 40, 200	27, 700 42, 300	24, 800 43, 100	26, 600 46, 500	23, 600 3 29, 200	21, 000 27, 400	24, 300 29, 100	24, 500	24, 500	
Methanol, production: Natural thous. of galsynthetic do. Phthalic anhydride, production thous. of lb.	. 184	161 23, 770 17, 481	187 24, 998 26, 483	183 24, 979 30, 675	188 22, 524 31, 476	202 25, 523 36, 550	189 22,074 30,858	199 24, 502 35, 068	199 21, 653 31, 989	187 25, 300 30, 612		26, 502		
r Revised. d Deficit. Data beginning Janua froughly 15 percent. See note "¶". Data beg	ry 1960 ref	lect revise	d definiti	ons of visi	ts; compa	rison of Ja	anuary 19	30 figure (on old bas	is) with	data for J	•		

r Revised. 4 Deficit. 1 Data beginning January 1960 reflect revised definitions of visits; comparison of January 1960 figure (on old basis) with data for January 1959 shows an increase of roughly 15 percent. 2 See note "¶". 3 Data beginning June 1960 are confined to producers' and warehouse stocks (consumers' are not included).
† Pevised series (first shown in October 1959 Survey), reflecting change in comparison base period; monthly data for 1953-July 1958 are available upon request.
§ Beginning with the October 1959 Survey, the figures include visits to Mount McKinley, Alaska and Hawaii National Park, Hawaii. Comparable data for earlier periods will be shown later.

§ Includes data not shown separately. ‡Revisions for 1957 appear on p. 24 of the April 1960 Survey; the 1958 data shown therein have been further revised. These revisions, as well as those for January-August 1959, will be shown later.

§ Data (except for alcohol) are reported on basis of 100-percent content of the specified material unless otherwise indicated.
¶ Effective July 1960, data include amounts classified as "spirits." June 1960 data on comparable basis (thous. gal.): Production, 53,137; stocks, 129,041; withdrawn tax-paid, 5,462.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and		1959							1960					1
descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber
CH	EMIC	ALS .	AND A	LLIE	ED PR	ODUC	TS-(Contin	ued					
FERTILIZERS					,						1			
$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	322 437, 592 24, 170 326, 939 74, 683	336 342, 512 62, 129 239, 817 27, 740	343 567, 564 68, 680 377, 877 97, 357	406 430, 240 30, 928 313, 707 81, 898	510 503, 586 24, 632 404, 784 67, 017	1, 146 547, 146 36, 063 413, 006 83, 988	2, 205 497, 862 26, 575 425, 667 31, 353	1, 431 641, 697 46, 888 522, 742 60, 621	890 694, 324 42, 978 587, 219 49, 551	345 630, 124 46, 690 501, 920 67, 706	216 613, 804 38, 694 496, 865 70, 879	337 617, 086 73, 801 446, 209 78, 016	393 672, 957 68, 976 467, 108 108, 186	
Imports, total 9	135, 795 92, 385 25, 933 7, 460 15, 538	149, 848 89, 390 24, 507 8, 444 6, 692	261, 711 145, 033 28, 843 19, 296 68, 169	147, 895 77, 824 25, 609 7, 737 21, 885	252, 935 118, 667 17, 622 8, 814 72, 275	362, 895 169, 045 39, 043 6, 918 41, 117	294, 711 163, 619 29, 535 9, 863 38, 932	274, 835 134, 008 48, 265 15, 041 37, 563	182, 445 99, 751 63, 822 25, 386 22, 534	165, 547 66, 498 38, 929 6, 458 63, 784	141, 708 76, 224 16, 312 16, 654 14, 083	235, 645 141, 781 53, 628 14, 389 29, 817	180, 244 78, 456 18, 488 42, 558	
Potash deliverles. do Superphosphate and other phosphatic fertilizers (100% A.P.A.): Production short tons. Stocks, end of month do	187, 975 218, 808 286, 148	109, 971 221, 540 324, 680	255, 027 236, 088 356, 836	120, 286 241, 784 377, 896	182, 836 242, 513 367, 853	232, 181 252, 501 318, 782	356, 235 243, 929 223, 136	254, 146 256, 674 224, 376	194, 537 216, 938 306, 264	46, 769 172, 910 367, 655	191, 627 372, 897	r 185, 533 r 360, 517	219, 662 371, 968	
MISCELLANEOUS PRODUCTS														
Explosives (industrial), shipments: Black blasting powder	174 74, 223 7 139, 6 7 79, 0 7 60, 6 483 3, 899	241 70, 143 7 117. 3 7 67. 4 7 49. 9 408 3, 834	182 72, 838 7 116, 2 7 61, 6 7 54, 6 412 3, 810	157 69, 874 130. 3 70. 3 60. 0 389 3, 846	110 73, 278 130. 7 71. 3 59. 4 366 3, 811	117 76, 671 149. 2 84. 6 64. 6 437 3, 810	42 84, 515 163. 6 98. 5 65. 1 424 3, 766	81 87, 324 173. 7 105. 7 68. 0 420 3, 720	50 87, 071 181, 8 109, 6 72, 2 394 3, 695	69 76, 781 156. 4 96. 2 60. 2 420 3, 734	128 94, 301 167. 1 102. 4 64. 7 454 3, 719	165 86, 103 150. 9 89. 1 61. 8 373 3, 655	195 88, 276 140. 7 78. 6 62. 1 390 3, 561	
SYNTHETIC PLASTICS AND RESIN MATERIALS														
Production: Cellulose acctate and mixed ester plastics: Sheets, rods, and tubesthous, of lb. Molding and extrusion materialsdo Nitrocellulose sheets, rods, and tubesdo	4, 706 9, 519 243	4, 096 8, 85 7 106	4, 914 8, 380 216	3, 895 7, 724 217	3, 689 8, 257 232	4, 743 9, 611 249	3, 442 7, 467	4, 167 7, 494 245	4, 643 8, 055	3, 781 6, 854	3, 844 7, 730 188	4, 763 7, 655 51		
Phenolic and other tar acid resins	51, 754 78, 938 34, 146 105, 653 33, 197	48, 519 73, 625 29, 366 100, 470 25, 541	47, 318 77, 851 28, 538 103, 701 27, 559	47, 321 76, 715 28, 529 102, 179 30, 119	48, 810 73, 549 29, 110 101, 255 31, 298	51, 520 79, 436 31, 576 108, 263 35, 224	43, 140 72, 840 30, 903 98, 122 33, 003	43, 713 73, 536 29, 540 97, 877 32, 297	43, 752 74, 407 28, 435 93, 688 34, 126	30, 830 72, 308 18, 126 83, 926 28, 260	7 42, 061 76, 211 27, 718 94, 675 30, 103	43, 879 67, 058 29, 036 96, 835 30, 335		
Rosin modifications	12, 878 12, 804 109, 338 25, 735	12, 362 11, 777 110, 802 24, 917	12, 123 13, 752 112, 666 25, 642	11, 652 14, 155 113, 006 26, 452	10, 274 14, 460 105, 663 29, 572	12, 246 16, 435 114, 566 31, 232	11, 366 16, 034 114, 019 31, 404	11, 596 15, 359 120, 159 30, 238	11, 460 13, 861 102, 264 31, 314	10, 060 9, 865 103, 695 26, 549	10, 883 11, 549 106, 950 30, 095	11, 154 10, 822 109, 339 30, 951		
		EL	ECTR	IC PO	WER	AND	GAS				-			
ELECTRIC POWER								· ·						
Production (utility and industrial), total \$\frac{\text{mil. of kwhr.}}{\text{ado.}}\$ Electric utilities, total \text{do.} \text{do.} \text{do.} \text{do.} \text{By fucls.} \text{do.} \text{do.} \text{do.} \text{do.} \text{do.} \text{do.} \text{do.} \text{do.} \text{do.} \text{do.} \text{do.} \text{do.} \text{do.} \text{do.} \text{do.} \text{do.} \text{do.} \text{do.} \text{do.} do.	59 032	65, 275 58, 433 46, 764 11, 668	70, 539 63, 111 50, 427 12, 683	71, 532 64, 021 51, 007 13, 014	67, 622 60, 330 47, 807 12, 523	72, 110 64, 301 51, 012 13, 289	66, 220 58, 717 45, 478 13, 239	67, 982 60, 344 47, 308 13, 036	69, 304 61, 920 49, 474 12, 447	70, 694 63, 528 51, 636 11, 893	74, 613 67, 255 55, 138 12, 117	69, 628 62, 581 51, 141 11, 440	69, 485 62, 252 51, 759 10, 493	
Privately and municipally owned utilitiesdo Other producers (publicly owned)do	48, 359 10, 673	47, 889 10, 544	51, 850 11, 261	52, 3 46 11, 675	49, 057 11, 273	52, 047 12, 254	47, 851 10, 867	48, 932 11, 412	50, 763 11, 157	51, 614 11, 914	55, 178 12, 077	51, 575 11, 006	51, 257 10, 996	
Industrial establishments, total do By fuels do By waterpower do	6, 467 6, 170 297	6, 842 6, 550 292	7, 428 7, 100 328	7, 511 7, 173 338	7, 292 6, 958 333	7, 809 7, 461 348	7, 503 7, 158 345	7, 638 7, 284 354	7, 384 7, 060 324	7, 166 6, 897 269	7, 358 7, 109 249	7, 047 6, 811 236	7, 233 6, 995 238	
Sales to ultimate customers, total (EEI)do Commercial and industrial: Small light and powerdo Large light and powerdo	52, 104 9, 810 25, 237	51, 603 9, 244 24, 960	54, 656 9, 432 26, 154	56, 202 9, 055 26, 553	8, 843 26, 503	55, 965 1 8, 801 1 27, 124	54, 176 8, 696 26, 584	52, 830 8, 782 26, 781	54, 108 9, 546 26, 942	55, 321 10, 418 26, 134	57, 513 10, 769 27, 558	57, 344 10, 784 27, 269		
Railways and railroads. do. Residential or domestic do. Rural (distinct rural rates) do. Street and highway lighting do. Other public authorities do. Interdepartmental do. Revenue from sales to ultimate customers (Edison Electric Institute) mil. of dol.	380 13, 916 978 524 1, 208 51 891. 1	401 14, 314 875 561 1, 295 43 881. 5	441 15, 889 874 594 1, 231 41 916. 6	465 17, 371 876 602 1, 242 39 942. 5	430 16, 936 821 548 1, 293 42 932. 7	468 16, 746 941 532 1, 309 43	410 15, 592 1, 076 488 1, 281 49 908. 8	376 14, 078 1, 033 455 1, 272 53 891, 9	363 14, 232 1, 185 436 1, 343 61 915. 7	344 15, 157 1, 440 468 1, 292 68 936. 8	364 15, 390 1, 534 478 1, 354 67 967. 8	323 15, 639 1, 364 512 1, 385 67 977. 4		
GAS														
Manufactured and mixed gas (quarterly):‡ Customers, end of quarter, total ♀thousands. Residentialdo. Industrial and commercialdo.			2, 522 2, 356 165			2, 509 2, 341 166			2, 161 2, 020 139					
Sales to consumers, total Q mil. of therms. Residential do Industrial and commercial do			572 407 161			941 732 202			504 341 148					
Revenue from sales to consumers, total Q mil. of dol do do Industrial and commercial do			58.0			116. 8 94. 0 22. 3			64. 3 48. 8 15. 0					

Revised. ¹ Data beginning March 1960 are not comparable with those for earlier periods because of reclassification of some companies from small to large.

§ States represented are: North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Tennessee, Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas, Oklahoma. According to quarterly reports from Virginia, consumption in that State is as follows (thous, short tons): 1959—July-September, 69; October-December, 73; 1960—January-March, 222; April-June, 591; July-September, 75.

§ Includes data not shown separately.

¶Revised. ¹ Data beginning March 1960 are not companable with those for earlier periods because of reclassification of some companies from small to large.

§ States represented are: North Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Tennessee, Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas, Oklahoma. According to quarterly reports from Virginia, consumption in that State is as follows (thous, short tons): 1959—July-September, 69; October-December, 73; 1960—January-March, 222; April-June, 591; July-September, 75.

¶Revised. ¹ Data beginning March 1960 are not companies from small to large.

§ States represented are: North Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Tennessee, Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas, Oklahoma. According to quarterly reports from Virginia, consumption in that State is as follows (thous, short tons): 1959—July-September, 73; 1960—January-March, 222; April-June, 591; July-September, 75.

¶Revised. ¹ Data beginning March 1960 are not companies from small to large.

§ The Louisiana, Texas, Oklahoma. According to quarterly reports from Virginia, to large.

¶Revised. ¹ Data beginning March 1960 are not companies from small to large.

§ The Louisiana, Texas, Oklahoma. According to quarterly reports from Virginia, to large.

¶Revised. ¹ Data beginning March 1960 are not consumption in that State is a follows.

¶Revised. ¹ Data beginning from small to large.

¶Revised. ¹ Data beginning from small to large.

¶Revised. ¹ Data beginning from small to large.

¶Revised. ¹ Data beginning from small to large.

Inless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of	ļ	1959							1960			ı	1	1
BUSINESS STATISTICS	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Nover ber
	ELF	CTRI	C PO	WER .	AND	GAS—	Conti	nued						
GAS—Continued														
atural gas (quarterly): Q Customers, end of quarter, totalthousands			30, 036			30, 306			30, 459					
Customers, end of quarter, total thousands. Residential do Industrial and commercial do do do do do do do do do do do do do			27, 588 2, 412			$27,847 \\ 2,425$			28, 051 2, 374					
Sales to consumers, total mil. of therms. Residential do do Industrial and commercial do do do do do do do do do do do do do			22, 082 7, 320			30, 118 13, 986			21, 054 6, 550					
Industrial and commercialdo Revenue from sales to consumers, total_mil. of dol	1 1		13, 583 1, 257, 9	1		1				ì	1	ł .	1	1
Residential do Industrial and commercial do Ido			695, 1 525, 7			1, 918. 4 1, 224. 4 653. 8			661. 3 523. 0					
	FOOD	AND	KINI	PRED	PROI	DUCTS	; TO	BACC)	1	<u></u>	<u> </u>	!	i
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES														
eer: Productionthous, of bbl	7, 230	5, 950	6, 609	6, 461	6, 325	8, 138	8, 187	9, 336	9, 860	8, 928	9, 173	7, 332	6, 773	
Taxable withdrawals do Stocks, end of month do do	1 10 086 1	5, 970 9, 714	6, 775 9, 091	5, 595 9, 649	5, 826 9, 774	6, 960 10, 515	7, 435 10, 789	8, 290 11, 317	9, 129 11, 458	8, 603 11, 241	8, 989 10, 887	7, 519 10, 229	6, 571 10, 017	
Productions	39, 679	25, 994	22, 270	22, 224	24, 122	25, 893	22, 904	23, 844	22, 164	19, 126	10, 319	11, 921		
	21,232 19,440	21, 573 16, 053	27, 574 10, 749	15, 042 10, 630	15, 900 11, 470	19, 534 14, 658	18, 314 14, 117	19, 090 14, 121	19, 521 14, 718	16, 719 1 7, 644	18, 303 9, 542	18, 633 10, 256		
Taxable withdrawals thous, of wine gat- Stocks, end of month do Imports thous, of proof gal-	879, 538 3, 959	883, 354 4, 010	891, 426 3, 535	899, 260 2, 001	907, 830 2, 225	918, 872 2, 827	921, 318 2, 629	928, 377 2, 936	931, 509 3, 044	1835,782 2, 205	833, 699 2, 820	832, 603 3, 320	4, 356	
Whisky: Productionthous. of tax galto	12, 149 10, 045	12, 599 8, 661	11,716 5,641	13, 945 5, 449	15, 630 5, 773	16, 914 7, 153	15, 097 6, 874	14, 787 6, 363	12, 934 6, 519	6, 874 5, 059	7, 285 6, 642	8,748 7,704		
Stocks, end of month do. Imports thous of proof gal- sectified spirits and wines, production, total of	775, 401 3, 568	775, 767 3, 590	779, 443 3, 118	785, 378 1, 752	792, 083 1, 980	801, 991 2, 443	804, 642 2, 313	810, 795 2, 569	813, 720 2, 718	814, 039 1, 952	812, 166 2, 546	810, 745 2, 954	3, 843	
ectified spirits and wines, production, total of thous. of proof gal	9,909	8, 224	5, 741	5, 236	5, 835	6,977	6, 552	6, 842	7, 373	5, 556	6, 594	7, 788		
ines and distilling materials:	8,083	6, 543	4, 390	3,853	4, 507	5, 472	4, 990	5, 247	5, 601	4, 382	5,064	6, 062		
Effervescent wines: Production	251 357	248 432	334 431	372 217	369 174	437 224	398 242	375 289	507 284	217 144	252 222	267 272	236 399	
Taxable withdrawals do Stocks, end of month do Imports do	2, 154 102	1,949 108	1, 814 140	1, 947 47	2, 122 48	2, 317 63	2, 452 75	2, 520 79	2, 712 71	2, 774 51	2, 770 38	2, 743	2. 547 100	
Still wines: Production do	74, 543	12, 702	4, 175	2, 834	2, 195	2,746	1,854	1,846	2,067	1,284	4, 466	56, 859	70, 450	
Taxable withdrawals do Stocks, end of month do Imports do	13, 269 229, 309 782	13, 731 226, 273 912	13, 946 209, 747 1, 128	11, 212 202, 453 603	11, 552 189, 418 576	15,030 178,536 837	12, 460 164, 495 777	11, 929 155, 882 884	12, 039 142, 603 800	9,044 132,309 586	11, 464 125, 733 717	13, 284 168, 517 736	13, 349 226, 129 977	1
Distilling materials produced at wineriesdo	144, 090	25, 110	7, 254	4, 280	3, 105	2, 301	1, 577	1,779	4, 789	2,366	17, 967	117, 035	125, 569	
DAIRY PRODUCTS														
utter, creamery: Production (factory)‡thous. of lbtocks, cold storage, end of monthdo	. 67, 286	91, 360 46, 690	108, 046 31, 050	118, 640 33, 992	120, 110 42, 958	131, 405 64, 865	129, 740 86, 148	148, 705 119, 117	143,000 162,731	179,861	97, 990 169, 325	83, 985 r 135, 540	94, 600 116, 015	89,
Price, wholesale, 92-score (New York)dol. per lb_heese: Production (factory), total‡thous. of lb_	1	. 647 88, 256	98, 855	. 588	103, 470	. 588		. 588	. 586 157, 035		. 598 120, 635	108, 905	7 . 616 110, 585	
Production (factory), total thous. of lb. American, whole milk do	1	52, 575	58, 557	61, 500		78, 645	92,775	113, 925 307, 523	114,030	i	84, 135	72, 375		
Stocks, cold storage, end of month, totaldo American, whole milkdo Importsdo	308, 105	320,215 281,033 6,576	304, 084 265, 671 8, 753	283, 290 245, 755 4, 167	268, 227 231, 719 4, 333	261, 835 228, 222 5, 245	275, 912 240, 950 4, 738	267, 071 4, 670	345, 165 304, 111 4, 494	360, 107 315, 728 3, 430	358, 914 317, 946 4, 382	7346, 189 7304, 237 5, 045	333, 011 291, 735 7, 115	331, 290,
Price, wholesale, American, single daisies (Chicago) dol. per lb		. 401	. 415	.415	. 415	. 415	.404	. 392	. 392	. 392	. 401	. 430	. 438	
ondensed and evaporated milk: Production, case goods:‡ Condensed (sweetened)thous. of lb	4, 463	4, 363	4, 477	5,025	5,000	6, 115	6, 675	6, 140	6, 225	5, 880	5, 860	5, 815	6, 085	<u> </u>
Evaporated (unsweetened)do Stocks, manufacturers', case goods, end of month:	152, 655	124, 176	136, 720		136, 900	169, 300	202, 600	264,000	245, 600	207, 200	203, 300	171,000	160, 500	
Condensed (sweetened) thous, of lb-Evaporated (unsweetened) do	5, 412 325,095	4, 270 279, 028	5, 108 225, 092	3, 718 178, 446	4, 596 135, 954	5, 517 95, 644	5, 436 112, 475	6, 435 206, 758	6, 447 261, 819	4, 856 302, 101	5, 467 364, 741	5, 484 332, 723	5, 835 319, 174	
Exports: Condensed (sweetened)dodododo	3, 370 11, 491	3, 176 2, 834	2, 853 4, 444	2, 997 5, 840	2, 194 5, 927	3, 447 8, 216	4, 683 5, 608	3, 664 5, 918	3, 996 9, 375	3, 246 14, 035	3, 902 6, 773	3, 288 6, 220	3, 213 11, 141	
Price, manufacturers' average selling: Evaporated (unswectened)dol. per case		6.34	6.38	6. 37	6. 38	6. 37	6. 35	6. 33	6. 31	6. 31	6. 31	6. 32	6. 33	
luid milk: Production on farmsmil. of lb Utilization in manufactured dairy products‡do		8,894	9,389	9,862	9, 679	10, 862	11, 313	12, 626	12, 108	11, 219	10, 330	9, 498	9, 545	9
Utilization in manufactured dairy productstdo Price, wholesale, U.S. averagetdol. per 100 lb ry milk:	3, 239 4. 57	3, 063 4. 62	3, 546 4. 49	3, 768 4. 36	3, 829 4, 27	4, 324 4. 19	4, 473 3, 96	5. 237 3. 82	5, 082 3. 80	4, 241 3, 95	3, 696 4. 15	3, 231 4, 42	3, 445 r 4, 57	P
Production:‡ Dry whole milkthous, of lb	8, 839	7,484	9, 138	8, 450	7, 650	9, 600	9, 700	9,900	9, 300	7,700	7, 200	8, 250	8, 900	
Nonfat dry milk (human food)dodo	99, 882	104, 817	136, 056	150, 300	158, 400	170, 200	185, 500	224, 600	211,000	158, 350	121, 650	98, 880	110, 000	
Dry whole milk do	5, 724 86, 915	5, 343 85, 356	6, 486 96, 567	6,772 102,204	6, 791 105, 533	6, 822 101, 646	5, 543 112, 29 3	6, 846 150, 528	7, 474 158, 304	6, 853 153, 677	6, 068 133, 083	4, 850 110, 607	4, 834 108, 746	
Exports: Dry whole milkdodo	1, 276 27, 786	2, 997 19, 402	2, 035 5, 550	1, 981 5, 312	3, 380 7, 470	3, 687 19, 128	4, 446 9, 436	2, 787 6, 073	2, 525 19, 150	2, 401 21, 923	1, 694 17, 922	1, 734 13, 573	1, 941 35, 090	
Price, manufacturers' average selling, nonfat dry milk (human food)dol. per lb	1	. 137	. 137		.137	. 138	. 134	, 135	. 135	. 134	. 134		. 138	

* Revisions for 1st and 2d quarters of 1958 for other items; see footnote) are on p. 24 of the April 1960 Survey. Revisions for 1st and 2d quarters of 1958 for other items; see footnote) are on p. 24 of the April 1960 Survey. Revisions for 1st and 2d quarters of 1959 will be shown later.

§ Effective July 1960, data exclude amounts classified as "spirits"; such amounts now included with ethyl alcohol (p. S-24). June 1960 data on comparable basis (thous, gal.): Production, 16,910; withdrawals, 9,962; stocks, 835,727. O Alaska included beginning January 1959.

**aData beginning July 1959 exclude production of wines and vermouth; for July 1958—June 1959, such production totaled 43,600 gal.

**1Revisions for the indicated items and for the periods specified are available upon request as follows: Butter and cheese (total and American)—January 1957—June 1959; condensed and evaporated milk—January 1958—June 1959; dry whole milk—January 1952—December 1955 and January 1958—June 1959; nonfat dry milk—January 1954—June 1959; fluid milk used in manufactured dairy products—January 1952—July 1959; fluid milk price—June 1958—February 1959.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of	······································	1959			- I				1960			La	1	I
BUSINESS STATISTICS	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem ber
FOOD	AND	KIND	RED	PROD	UCTS	; TOF	BACCO)—Cor	atinue	»d	·			
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES	ĺ]			1					
Apples: Production (crop estimate)thous, of bu Shipments, carlotNo. of carloads. Stocks, cold storage, end of monththous, of bu	1, 518 49, 791	1, 526 44, 259	1121,787 2,300 33, £86	1, 625 24, 065	1, 767 16, 720	2, 130 9, 442	1, 666 4, 248	1, 425 1, 166	426 316	119 167	13 178	r 231 r 14, 120	r 1, 061 44, 598	² 106, 38 1, 46 36, 15
Citrus fruits, carlot shipmentsNo. of carloads Frozen fruits, juices, and vegetables: Stockjs, cold storage, end of month:	3, 491	4,602	9, 431	7, 464	6,600	6, 978	7, 135	7, 475	5, 569	4, 368	3, 334	r 3, 196	⁷ 2, 181	3, 02
Fru ts. thous, of lb. Fru ts. thous, of lb. Fru tt juices and purees. do. Vegetables. do. Potatees, white:	512, 461 401, 760 930, 662	498, 016 356, 983 906, 970	464, 698 360, 091 844, 288	428, 838 478, 791 754, 780	376, 135 526, 652 670, 432	321, 639 496, 016 612, 967	271, 614 538, 952 586, 537	251, 775 648, 357 544, 864	316, 926 625, 198 563, 014	430, 862 554, 600 634, 794	496, 852 453, 229 801, 345	* 522, 051 * 413, 014 * 942, 145	517, 744 353, 408 1,017,373	505, 42 287, 43 1, 013, 89
Production (crop estimate)	10, 290 3. 400	11, 258 4, 063	1243, 781 12, 829 3, 804	14, 763 4. 215	13, 414 4. 125	20, 593 4. 975	14, 943 6. 642	17, 704 6, 750	18, 324 4. 760	7, 679 3. 153	5, 120 3, 836	r 7, 404 3. 790	r 8, 508 r 3, 980	² 256, 67 9, 18
GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS	ł			l			}	1			}			
Exports (barley, corn, oats, rye, wheat) thous. of bu-	59, 339	63, 992	71, 664	65, 919	74, 174	76, 707	89, 426	83, 136	72, 649	66, 134	68, 721	83, 248	81, 262	
Barley: Production (crop estimate) do Receipts, 4 principal markets do	14, 977	14, 710	3420, 191 11, 379	15, 785	13, 229	13, 065	10, 962	13, 967	17.057	13, 616	36, 708	19, 794	14, 429	2423, 13 13, 51
Stocks (domestic), end of quarter, total ofmil. of bu On farms			362 198 163			246 121 125			³ 168 ³ 56 ³ 112			465 277 188		
Exports, including malt \$\)	t	8, 337 1, 174 1, 112	7, 879 1. 159 1. 085	8, 317 1, 170 1, 114	9, 338 1. 144 1. 083	8, 459 1. 156 1. 075	5, 949 1, 157 1, 081	8, 279 1, 176 1, 112	8, 140 1, 162 1, 075	6, 007 1, 092 1, 013	5, 995 1, 125 1, 026	9,680 1,122 1,012	9, 304 1, 148 1, 069	I. 1 1. 02
Corn:	1				1.000									
Production (crop estimate)	14, 107 26, 839	11, 901 55, 612	1 4, 361 11, 812 31, 974	12, 492 21, 916	12, 521 32, 448	12, 881 25, 977	12, 239 25, 150	13, 118 34, 267	13, 777 34, 517	12, 370 28, 441	13, 712 34, 077	13, 080 21, 172	13, 851 r 29, 939	² 4, 3 78, 40
Stocks (domestie), end of quarter, totalo_mil. of bu On farmsdodo			4, 456 3, 094			3, 407 2, 088			2, 563 1, 335			3 1, 799 2 464		
Off farmso? do. Exports, including meal and flour thous, of bu- Prices, wholesale:	12, 902	23, 410	1, 361 26, 005	13, 689	16, 734	1,319 15,047	17, 882	18,016	1, 228 19, 144	15,960	20, 023	3 1, 335 13, 659	16, 556	
No. 3, yellow (Chicago)dol. per bu_ Weighted average, 5 markets, all gradesdo	1.097	1, 100 1, 044	1. 095 1. 025	1. 144 1. 043	1. 128 1. 012	1. 149 1. 079	1. 206 1. 124	1. 213 1. 145	1. 200 1. 152	1, 194 1, 135	1. 184 1. 110	1.165 1.037	1. 057 1. 014	. 9
Oats: Production (crop estimate)mil. of bu Receipts, interior primary marketsthous, of bu	5, 981	5, 693	1 1, 074 6, 412	5, 892	5, 712	6, 209	3, 421	4, 830	7,672	10, 198	39, 112	16, 046	6, 263	² 1, 10 4, 40
Stocks (domestie), end of quarter, total ofmil. of bu_ On farmsdododo			775 699 76			488 427 61			³ 269 ³ 229 ³ 40			1, 100 979 121		
Exports, including oatmeal thous. of bu- Price, wholesale, No. 3, white (Chicago)dol. per bu-	4, 202 . 740	5, 546 . 792	1, 241 . 796	3, 487 . 780	1, 923 . 755	1, 891 . 774	3, 212 (4)	1, 925 (4)	3, 741 . 750	2, 188 . 734	4. 065 . 680	5, 641 . 653	3, 841 . 642	(4)
Rice: Production (crop estimate)thous, of bags \(\text{PL}_{} \)	 		1 53, 122											² 54, 40
California mills: Receipts, domestic, roughthous. of lb Shipments from mills, milled ricedo Stocks, rough and cleaned (cleaned basis), end	185, 610 75, 389		84, 303 56, 289	111, 624 51, 671	r 125, 912 57, 596	101, 502 87, 247	111, 974 7 66, 035	79, 968 51, 687	75, 145 81, 240	88, 282 r 81, 634	69, 890 3 2, 566	36, 072 25, 436	212, 208 59, 366	
of month thous, of lb. Southern States mills (Ark., La., Tenn., Tex.):	72, 678	77, 295	75, 423	95, 151	125, 320	109, 295	113, 300	108, 707	73, 218	51, 209	62. 212	58, 978	66, 657	-
Receipts, rough, from producersdo Shipments from mills, milled ricedo Stocks, domestic, rough and cleaned (cleaned	1,144,978 237,604	288, 156 264, 494	110, 022 165, 228	118, 155 217, 375	117, 767 221, 461	158, 260 264, 019	74, 410 203, 612	66, 678 217, 5 3 1	64, 075 201, 045	46, 938 207, 057	100, 423 98, 679	1, 245, 312 201, 098	1,333,826 320,686	
basis), end of month mil. of lb- Exportst thous, of lb. Price, wholesale, head, clean (N.O.) dol. per lb-	1, 401. 0 203, 115 . 081	1, 363. 7 113, 241 . 081	1, 274. 3 96, 800 . 083	1, 177, 2 177, 568 . 083	1,060.8 190,493 .083	791. 3 176, 432 . 083	658.9 169, 367 . 083	547. 4 174, 149 . 083	421.1 167, 725 . 083	246. 3 130, 246 . 081	208. 6 42, 918 . 079	831. 7 69, 319 . 077	1,403.4 187,856 p.078	
Rye: Production (crop estimate)thous, of bu. Receipts, interior primary marketsdo	821	1,177	¹ 21, 495 583	287	298	361	641	969	2,068	3, 338	4,832	1,920	1,176	² 32, 10
Stocks (domestie), end of quarter, total o do- Price, wholesale, No. 2 (Minneapolis) dol. per bu-	1. 264	1. 253	19, 862 1, 214	1. 213	1. 178	13, 821 1, 157	1. 159	1. 167	³ 10, 433 1, 150	1. 683	1.068	35, 092 1, 106	1.114	1. 09
Vheat: Production (crop estimate), totalmil. of bu			11,128.2											2.1 020
Spring wheat do. Winter wheat do. Receipts, interior primary markets thous, of bu-	25, 251	25, 076	1 204, 7 1 923, 4	22 101	10 550	04 217	70 745	10 450	20.057	109 603	07 084		20 000	² 1, 363. ² 246. ² 1, 117.
Disappearance (quarterly total)do	20, 201	20,070	18, 773 257, 716 1, 878	23, 101	18, 556	24, 317 316, 153	18, 745	18, 478	30, 957 251, 931	103, 693	87, 874	47, 595 333, 970	33, 260	23, 80
On farms			332 1, 546			1, 564 266 1, 358			³ 1, 315 ³ 97 ³ 1, 218			2, 359 555 1, 795		
Exports, total, including flour thous. of bu- Wheat only do-	29, 400 25, 527	26, 261 21, 818	35, 497 26, 940	39, 953 33, 502	46, 09 1 39, 978	51, 230 43, 035	62, 283 54, 865	53, 947 48, 992	41, 304 36, 802	40, 973 37, 411	38, 479 34, 513	53, 776 48, 529	50, 831 45, 317	
Prices, wholesale: No. 1, dark northern spring (Minneapolis)	9 000	0.000	0.640	0.045	0.343									_
No. 2, hard winter (Kansas City) do. No. 2, red winter (St. Louis) do. Weighted avg., 6 markets, all grades do.	2, 293 2, 048 1, 858 2, 281	2. 299 2. 058 2. 048 2. 280	2, 246 2, 081 1, 998 2, 241	2. 245 2, 072 (4) 2. 237	2. 242 2. 100 1. 979 2. 248	2. 258 2. 123 2. 106 2. 261	2. 256 2. 103 2. 092 2. 259	2. 269 2. 008 2. 037 2. 233	2. 285 1. 953 1. 825 2. 174	2. 287 1. 892 1. 784 2. 023	2. 120 1. 937 1. 817 2. 113	2. 146 1. 982 1. 852 2. 130	2. 157 1. 988 1. 950 2. 146	2. 14 2. 01 2. 60 2. 13

^{*}Revised. *Preliminary. ¹ December 1 estimate of 1959 crop. ² December 1 estimate of 1960 crop. ³ Old crop only; new grain not reported until beginning of new crop year (July for barley, oats, and wheat; October for corn). ⁴ No quotation. †Scattered revisions for 1958-January 1959 for exports of indicated grain series will be shown later. § Excludes a small amount of pearl barley. ⊙ Data beginning January 1959 are on standard 17-percent moisture basis; prior thereto, on basis of varying moisture content (from 12 to 25 percent). ♀ Bags of 100 lb. ♂Data prior to last quarter of 1959 will be shown later. The figures include grain owned by Commodity Credit Corporation and stored off farms in its own steel and wooden bins.

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Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of		1959 Novem	Decem-	Janu-	Febru-				1960			Cantam		None
BUSINESS STATISTICS	October	ber	ber	ary	ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- her	October	Nover ber
FOOD	AND	KIND	RED	PROD	UCTS	; TOI	BACCO)—Cor	ıtinue	d				
GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS-Continued														
Wheat flour: Production: Flour: Coperations, percent of capacity: Offal: thous. of sacks (100 lb.) Offal: thous. of short tons	22, 411 91. 6 427	21, 671 97. 5 400	21, 630 88. 4 413	21, 884 98. 3 414	20, 396 87. 0 387	22, 137 85, 7 422	19, 350 82, 2 369	19,042 80.9 359	20, 184 82, 1 384	19, 253 86, 1 368	22, 009 85. 6 419	21, 643 92. 0 408	23, 300 99. 1 436	
Grindings of wheat thous, of bu-	51,148	49, 503	49, 529 4, 847	50, 060	46, 632	50, 612 4, 462	44, 271	43, 473	46, 127 4, 165	44, 101	50, 387	4, 334	53, 166	
Exports thous, of sacks (100 lb.) do Prices, wholesale: Spring, short patents (Minneapolis) §	1,684	1,932	3, 721	2,805	2, 658	3, 563	3, 225	2,155	1, 957	1, 548	1,724	2, 281	2,397	
dol. per 100 lb. Winter, hard, short patents (Kansas City) \(\)_do	5, 540 5, 165	5, 560 5, 165	5. 460 5. 150	1 5. 228 1 4. 850	15.238 14.817	1 5. 293 1 4. 933	1 5. 343 1 4. 933	1 5. 455 1 5. 033	1 5. 435 1 5. 050	1 5, 365 1 5, 050	15, 250 r 1 4, 933	r 1 5. 300 r 1 5. 083	p 1 5, 335 p 1 5, 088	
LIVESTOCK Cattle and calves: Slaughter (federally inspected): Calvesthous, of animals Cattledo	471 1,586	438 1, 462	456 1, 552	413 1, 564	389 1, 437	482 1,577	394 1, 412	378 1,606	397 1,692	374 1, 592	450 1, 787	514 1,782	516 1, 746	
Cattle do Receipts, principal markets do Shipments, feeder, to 9 corn-belt States do Prices, wholesale:	1	2, 243 1, 016	1,815 544	1, 731 2 378	1, 568 270	1,703	1, 569 295	1, 827 352	1,741	1,599 249	1, 992 388	2,092	2, 605 1, 319	
Beef steers (Chicago) dol. per 100 lb. Steers, stocker and feeder (Kansas City) do Calves, vealers (Natl. Stockyards, Ill.) do do	27, 06 24, 41 29, 00	26. 31 23. 34 29. 50	25, 26 22, 51 30, 00	26. 10 23. 31 33. 00	26, 37 23, 80 33, 00	27. 40 25. 14 33. 00	27. 13 25. 46 28. 50	26. 75 25. 38 29. 00	25, 58 23, 50 26, 00	25, 30 21, 81 25, 50	24. 75 21. 23 24. 50	24. 62 20. 91 25. 50	24, 83 21, 59 25, 50	26. 22.
Slaughter (federally inspected)thous. of animals_ Receipts, principal marketsdodo	6, 646 3, 216	6, 337 3, 299	6, 968 5, 462	6, 516 3, 167	5, 841 2, 744	6,116 2,782	5, 571 2, 578	5, 483 2, 672	5,086 2,465	4,304 2,061	5, 203 2, 466	5, 165 2, 330	5, 407 2, 451	
Wholesale, average, all grades (Chicago) dol. per 100 lb_ Hog-corn price ratio	1	12.19	11, 19	12.08	13. 15	15.19	15.68	15. 57	16. 11	16.57	16. 14	16.07	17. 04	17
bu, of corn equal in value to 100 lb, of live hog. Sheep and lambs: Slaughter (federally inspected)thous, of animals_	12.7	12.3	11.8	12. 4 1, 237	13. 1 1, 076	15.1	14. 8 1, 054	1, 110	14. 8 1, 137	15. 2 1, 113	15. 3 1, 240	14.7	17. 1 1, 353	1
Receipts, principal markets do Shipments, feeder, to 9 corn-belt States do Prices, wholesale:	1	1, 089 250 18, 50	1,002 141 17.75	1,031 2160 19.50	870 160 20, 62	858 159	902	1, 086 258 21, 25	881 205 21, 50	875 190 20, 25	1, 165 474	1, 457 722 16, 50	1,507 616	
Lambs, average (Chicago)dol. per 100 lb_ Lambs, feeder, good and choice (Omaha)do MEATS	18. 80	18.13	17. 10	17. 70	19. 18	22. 25 20. 35	21, 25 21, 20	20.88	19. 61	17. 95	18. 25 17. 21	17.34	15. 98	15
Fotal meats: Production (carcass weight, leaf lard out), inspected														
slaughter mil. of lb. Stocks (excluding lard), cold storage, end of month		2, 128 477	2, 322 544	2, 238 597	1, 995 617	2, 144 594	1, 959	2, 071 634	2,054 591	1,834 532	2, 097 461	2, 081 7 403	2,110	
Exports (including lard) do do do Beef and yeal:		109 54	68 81	99 64	82 56	88 53	94 71	80 57	89 67	69 77	88 94	89 68	103 56	
Production, inspected slaughterdo Stocks, cold storage, end of monththous. of lb_ Exportsdo	991. 5 170, 689 3, 379 48, 452	913. 4 186, 134 3, 117 37, 805	986. 0 212, 069 2, 560 59, 387	999. 3 204, 302 2, 494 39, 345	912. 3 193, 840 2, 158 33, 232	1,000.3 173,574 2,201 32,887	887.7 166,041 2,640 45,933	1,004.8 156,143 2,062 36,220	1,044.7 153,078 2,142 43,044	976. 2 153, 322 1, 770 51, 718	160,876	r 171, 243 2, 756	1, 074. 1 182, 739 2, 877 36, 300	178,
Imports do_ Price, wholesale, beef, fresh, steer carcasses, choice (600-700 lbs.) (New York) dol. per lb. Lamb and mutton:	. 461	.454	. 449	. 456	. 461	. 476	.474	. 473	. 451	.441	. 433	. 425		
Production, inspected slaughterthous, of lb. Stocks, cold storage, end of wonthdoPork (including lard), production, inspected slaughter	12,300	12,624	57, 552 14, 794 1, 278. 9		54, 256 12, 203 1, 028, 7	11, 188	52, 430 10, 921 1, 018. 9	53, 333 9, 943 1, 012. 9	52, 067 11, 654 957. 3	49, 974 13, 178 807. 8	13, 434	r 12, 644	12, 286	12,
Pork (excluding lard): Production, inspected slaughterthous, of lb. Stocks, cold storage, end of monthdo Exportsdo	902, 803 184, 825 6, 896	876,741 223,830 7,979	954, 721 264, 280 4, 668	886, 766 311, 537 4, 849	788, 091 342, 574 5, 515	819, 880 337, 921 7, 828	773, 678 383, 291 7, 078	766, 768 386, 291 5, 948	716, 454 351, 127 3, 583	607, 007 294, 242 3, 006	715, 652 220, 665 4, 278	704, 006 7157, 812 7, 103	744, 573 143, 934 6, 352	154,
Importsdo Prices, wholesale:dol, per lb. Hams, smoked, compositedol, per lb. Fresh loins, 8-12 lb. average (New York)do	. 439	. 450	1	15, 057 . 430 . 390	14, 246 . 441 . 406	. 478	. 476	14, 646 . 492 . 453	17, 329 . 484 . 492	15, 584 . 469 . 508	. 469	. 445	p.472	.
Lard: Production, inspected slaughterthous, of lb. Stocks, dry and cold storage, end of monthdoExports	210, 021 80, 400	208, 587 92, 100 70, 722	238, 203 123, 700 36, 585	211, 742 135, €00 68, 800	176, 082 146, 800 50, 260	196, 299 144, 800 55, 506	179, 103 136, 000 56, 154	180, 153 149, 800 49, 825	175, 670 136, 400 62, 724	146, 486 128, 900 42, 940	169, 799 108, 900 51, 186	162, 085 92, 500 42, 319	167, 381 79, 300	
Price, wholesale, refined (Chicago)dol. per lb. POULTRY AND EGGS	114	.115	. 108	. 105	. 108	.113	.123	.120	. 123	. 133	.140	p. 128		
Poolity: Slaughter (commercial production)mil. of lb. Stocks, cold storage (frozen), end of month	699	604	456	409	372		1	490	506	526	631	656	718	3
Turkeys dodo	220, 370	183, 329	149, 176	142, 296	1	105, 208	87, 277	74, 306	149, 832 66, 717	70,891	112, 517	7 292, 626 7 186, 057	282, 187	7 213
Eggs: dol, per lb. Production on farms. mil, of cases Q.		1	1	. 162 14. 8	. 172 14. 1	1	1		. 171	13.9	1	i		
Stocks, cold storage, end of month: Shellthous. of cases Frozenthous. of lb Price, wholesale, extras, large (delivered; Chicago)			188 78, 678		345 78, 089				1, 110 157, 040					
rrice, wholesale, extras, large (delivered; Unicago) dol. per doz MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS	. 342	. 307	. 289	. 259	. 267	.345	. 363	.328	. 297	. 321	. 367	.458	. 498	3
Cocoa (cacao) beans:														
Imports (incl. shells) long tons Price, wholesale, Accra (New York) dol. per lb	8,048 358	14, 388 .330	32, 854 . 309	14, 411 . 303	17, 997 . 290			30, 392 . 288	31, 394 . 284		20, 129			

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and		1959							1960			,	, -	
descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem ber
FOOD	AND	KIND	RED	PROD	UCTS	; TO	BACCO	O—Co	ntinue	ed		·		
MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS-Con.											l			
Coffee (green): Inventories (roasters', importers', dealers'), end of quarter thous of bagso'-			3,370			2,857			2, 931		 	3, 440		
Roastings (green weight), quarterly totaldo Imports do From Brazil do	1, 472 738	1, 621 601	5, 678 2, 369 1, 105	1, 232 392	2, 147 796	5, 833 2, 018 780	1, 642 758	1,816 748	5, 205 1, 903 1, 002	1, 648 805	2, 032 1, 057	5, 083 1, 963 863	2, 078 784	
Price, wholesale, Santos, No. 4 (New York) dol. per lb Confectionery, manufacturers' salestthous. of dol	. 353 126, 000	. 373 121, 000	. 361 108, 000	. 366 101, 699	. 370 105, 495	. 370 104, 892	. 371 87, 295	. 373 72, 909	. 375 76, 111	. 369 60, 664	. 364 83, 402	. 369 r 133, 680	. 368 127, 576	.365
Fish: Stocks, cold storage, end of monththous. of lb Sugar:	237, 586	242, 153	232, 009	209, 489	180, 452	142, 880	133, 765	146, 579	165, 822	193, 461	210, 519	r 222, 396		
Cuban stocks, raw, end of month thous, of Spanish tons. United States: Deliveries and supply (raw basis):	r 2,027	1,780	1, 477	1, 419	2, 575	3, 921	4, 302	3, 996	3, 204	2,910	2, 564	2, 305	2,086	
Production and receipts: Production short tons Entries from off-shore, total q do Hawaii and Puerto Rico do	627, 591 275, 623 159, 200	849, 769 251, 474 155, 091	r 663, 718 r 142, 873 r 78, 373	273, 431 605, 046 30, 808	84, 706 506, 582 81, 730	53, 963 573, 532 149, 826	63, 640 1,029,544 232, 758	47, 042 883, 079 166, 150	45, 267 r 726, 002 r 227, 288	29, 414 r 393, 966 r 226, 355	61, 750 296, 251 250, 283	r 202, 533 r 141, 012		
Deliveries, total do For domestic consumption do For export and livestock feed do Stocks, ruw and refined, end of month	658, 754 652, 252 6, 502	617, 143 612, 329 4, 814	785, 651 782, 047 3, 604	548, 507 545, 400 3, 107	617, 094 612, 325 4, 769	779, 790 772, 817 6, 973	705, 390 699, 916 5, 474	785, 680 780, 032 5, 648	976, 291 968, 753 7, 538	1,071,969 1,061,206 10,763	892, 447 882, 429 10, 018			
thous. of short tons. Exportsshort tons. Imports:	1, 247 684	1, 811 490	2,005 713	2, 082 498	2, 076 1, 053	1, 951 485	1, 954 243	2,023 331	1, 716 297	1, 396 414	1, 179 425	954 308	291	
Raw sugar, total Q	194, 273 119, 022 67, 463	157, 050 115, 442 3, 360	238, 722 177, 891 9, 520	279, 761 169, 869 79, 063	354, 404 215, 408 95, 973	427, 432 331, 385 96, 047	415, 529 317, 287 89, 694	484, 072 394, 371 75, 824	411, 892 282, 570 120, 082	393, 494 211, 464 160, 409	327, 623 3, 280 192, 515	343, 857 0 25, 227	196, 617 0 41, 832	
Refined sugar, total do From Cuba do Prices (New York):	13, 830 9, 085	7, 921 1, 240	4, 499 1, 530	35, 018 25, 900	43, 880 37, 879	49, 404 40, 910	45, 457 42, 595	60, 451 47, 415	48, 632 43, 959	56, 170 42, 434	26, 792 3, 750	23, 635 6, 375	23, 424 960	
Raw, wholesale dol. per lb. Refined: Retail§ dol. per 5 lb. Wholesale (excl. excise tax) dol. per lb.	. 066	. 549	. 002 . 549 . 088	. 059 . 545 . 086	. 543	. 061 . 542 . 085	. 540	. 061	. 061 . 541 . 085	. 066 . 541 . 087	. 565	. 568	. 064	. 06
Tea, importsthous, of lb	9, 130	8, 131	11,042	9, 644	11, 416	11, 593	9, 536	10, 588	9, 940	8, 584	9, 132	9, 132	8, 050	
Production mil. of lb_ Stocks (producers' and warehouse), end of month mil. of lb_	200. 0 111. 0	201.9	185. 9 116, 0	190. 2 110. 5	196. 8 114. 9	194. 0 123. 0	185. 7 118. 7	193. 8 115. 9	206. 8 126. 2	151. 8 109. 1	218. 1 108. 3	189. 4 111. 8	205. 1 117. 9	
Salad or cooking oils:* Production	120.3 41.7	124. 4 47. 0	130, 1 54, 1	129. 4 60. 0	147. 8 57. 7	154. 3 56. 5	136. 4 54. 3	156. 8 56. 2	164. 1 49. 7	145. 7 50. 6	164. 9 48. 6	133. 6	138.9	ŀ
Margarine: mil. of lb Production	146, 1	143.5	163. 8	158. 5	143. 5	150. 4	139. 6	123. 7	132. 6	120. 1	135. 2	41. 2 134. 6	42. 6 150. 3	
mil. of lb Price, wholesale (colored; delivered; eastern U.S.) dol. per lb	32, 6 . 253	30.4	34.0	36. 7 . 238	38. 1 . 238	38. 7 . 238	39. 1	32.8	39. 9 . 238	35. 2 . 238	33. 5 . 238	33. 7 r 1, 235	32. 9 p. 235	
FATS, OILS, AND RELATED PRODUCTS		İ						ę.						
Animal and fish fats: \(\Delta\) Tallow, edible: Production (quantities rendered)mil. of lb Consumption (factory) do Stock s (factory and warehouse), end of month	23. 2 22. 0	27. 0 23. 4	25. 4 18. 2	28. 2 21. 5	29. 7 23. 6	26. 1 23. 2	24. 5 23. 0	28. 8 26. 3	27. 0 24. 6	24. 5 21. 7	30. 0 28. 2	27. 6 22. 6	28. 2 27. 6	
Tallow and grease (except wool), inedible: Production (quantities rendered) do Consumption (factory) do	19, 2 268, 2 153, 3	19. 2 253. 1 137. 0	23. 2 264. 4 140. 2	27. 2 264. 3 148. 2	28. 5 252. 9 141. 2	27. 4 258. 4 161. 6	24. 1 237. 6 150. 9	23. 1 253. 7 153. 9	22. 5 255. 4 167. 0	23, 0 233, 9 117, 3	23. 8 255. 0 161. 4	27. 0 r 254. 3 157. 5	24. 7 249. 6	
Stocks (factory and warehouse), end of month do	333. 1	326.6	325. 3	324. 8	346.1	333.8	323. 1	291. 9	282. 5	301.1	310. 7	r 342. 7	ŀ	
Production do Consumption (factory) do Stocks (factory and warehouse), end of month do	15. 6 6. 1	8. 5 9. 5	2.3	6.3	8.4 8.4	9.2	2. 1 7. 2	14. 2 8. 0	35. 1 9, 0	40.0 8.2	36. 8 10. 6	r 29. 5 r 9. 1		
Vegetable oils and related products: Vegetable oils (total crude and refined): Exports	130, 9 108, 4 44, 2	147. 2 117. 2 42. 1	131. 9 87. 3	103.7	88. 0 144. 9	89. 5 106. 5	82. 7 164. 3	87. 4 165. 4	105. 6 229. 3	91, 9	95. 0 241. 6	7 109. 5 59. 4	95. 5 71. 2	
Importsdo Cocount oil; Production; Crudedo	43, 9	44. 3	44. 3 34. 7	33. 4 33. 6	33. 1 30. 3	44. 5 39. 6	52. 1 43. 6	39. 0 43. 7	57. 0 39. 0	42. 6	37. 0 47. 9	52. 5 35. 9	47. 6 45. 8	
Refined Consumption in end products. do. Stocks, crude and refined (factory and warehouse), end of month. mil. of lb.	31. 0 47. 3 51. 1	29. 4 47. 7 67. 0	28. 4 49. 2 61. 4	27. 1 46. 9 62. 1	30. 3 47. 4 51. 2	33. 6 53. 6 55. 4	35. 1 52. 8 2 315. 0	38. 8 57. 9 315. 4	35. 9 55. 9 306. 2	27. 5 35. 7 322, 4	36. 8 54. 7 327. 0	32. 6 49. 5 r 322. 6	36.3 53.1	
Importsdo Corn oil:* Production:	17.7	20. 6	9.7	10.6	6. 2	14. 3	13. 2	12.3	18.3	7.8	8.9	16.5	15. 6	
Crudedo. Refined⊕do Consumption in end productsdo. Stocks, crude and refined (factory and warehouse),	23. 6 20. 8	25. 0 27. 2 25. 2	26. 3 25. 3 29. 1	26. 7 24. 6 25. 9	27. 4 25. 0 27. 8	28. 6 30. 5 27. 7	25. 0 22. 9 21. 6	29. 0 21. 1 22. 4	28. 5 25. 0 26. 2	27. 7 24. 3 24. 4	29. 6 32. 0 29. 5	27. 4 25. 5 26. 5	28. 0 27. 6 29. 3	

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and		1959							1960					
descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Noven ber
FOOD	AND	KIND	RED	PROD	UCTS	; TOI	BACCO)—Coı	ntinue	ed .		·	·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
FATS, OILS, AND RELATED PRODUCTS-Con.														
Vegetable oils and related products—Con, Cottonseed:‡								;					,	
Consumption (crushings)thous. of short tons_ Stocks (at oil mills), end of monthdo Cottonseed cake and meal t	778. 0 1, 937. 5	723. 3 2, 609. 0	656. I 2, 441. 2	632.7 1,945.4	576. 6 1, 443. 7	528. 3 953. 4	373. 7 596. 0	252. 4 357. 3	176. 6 191. 1	142. 7 104. 8	139. 8 205. 0	412.9 701.9	1, 639. 0	
Production do Stocks (at oil mills), end of month do Cottonseed oil: Production:	360. 0 110. 8	336. 7 113. 1	303. 4 110. 4	289. 9 131. 6	267. 5 149. 5	246. 7 140. 8	175. 8 188. 9	116. 9 204. 5	83. 0 202. 8	70. 0 189. 9	68. 6 157. 7	189. 3 137. 1	353. 5 167. 7	
Crude‡mil. of lbdodo	261. 7 143. 1	243. 1 153. 3	220. 5 160. 0	212. 2 151. 1	196. 9 150. 9	181.3 159.6	130. 9 136. 2	86. 7 106. 6	62. 6 81. 3	51. 3 46. 9	48. 8 55. 9	133. 3 71. 5	258. 4 160. 7	
Consumption in end productsdododo	98. 5	101.4	98.7	96. 8	100.6	102.6	96. 8	103. 7	103.8	86.9	107.6	91.8	109.0	
end of month mil. of lb. Price, wholesale (refined; drums; N.Y.)dol. per lb	311. 6 . 148	389. 4 . 143	462.8 .140	473. 9 . 146	477. 0 . 144	520. 3 . 145	495. 7 , 151	446. 9 . 156	357. 6 . 155	286. 2 . 151	200.0	216. 8 r. 145	322. 6 P. 147	
Flaxseed: Consumption (crushings)thous. of short tons	84. 7 98. 4	48. 5 82. 3	49.9 95.8	51.8 77.1	46.3 64.2	45. 6 54. 4	40. 5 27. 8	30. 4 20. 0	32.9 21.7	21. 9 33. 0	31. 9 30. 7	60. 5 70. 0	63. 2	
Stocks (at oil mills), end of monthdo Price, wholesale (No. 1; Minneapolis)dol. per bu Linseed oil:	3. 68	3.85	3.58	3. 50	3, 35	3. 28	3.36	3. 43	3.19	3. 01	3. 11	2.98	108.0 2.88	2.7
Production, crude (raw)mil. of lb Consumption in end productstdo	60. 2 30. 5	34. 8 23. 8	35, 6 23, 3	37. 2 25. 0	32. 9 26. 7	32, 5 27, 7	29. 5 30. 1	21. 7 34. 0	23.8 35.0	15. 8 32. 4	21.7 34.7	43.0 31.3	45.0 31.7	
Stocks, crude and refined (factory and warehouse), end of monthmil, of lb Price, wholesale (Minneapolis)dol. per lb	134. 7 . 139	142. 8 . 145	149. 7 . 143	163, 8 . 140	163.3 .139	161. 2 . 135	151. 2 . 131	123. 9 . 132	89. 5 . 132	74. 6 . 129	61. 2 . 132	71.0 ,126	80.6	
Soybeans: Consumption (crushings)thous, of short tons	1,060.2	1,081.6	1,013.7	1,016.8	919.9	1,039.8	992.8	995, 9	939.8	941.3	962. 9	806. 2	1,066.9	
Stocks (at oil mills), end of month: Soybean cake and meal:* The state of the stocks of the stocks (at oil mills), end of month;	2, 367. 8 1, 618. 4	3,202. 8 1,653. 6	3,029.0 1,553.6	2,770.0 1,549.8	2, 437. 5	1, 922. 6	1, 620. 2 1, 507. 6	1, 405. 4 1, 513. 6	1, 291, 5	1,016.3	597.0	494.7	2, 974. 5	l
Production mil. of lb. Stocks (at oil mills), end of month do Soybean oil: Production:	145. 2	153.0	126.6	190.4	1, 394. 6 188. 0	1, 562. 2 171. 8	247.8	269.8	1,443.2 225.4	1, 441. 6 251. 0	1, 484. 0 182. 0	1, 239. 6 158. 6	!	
Crude do Refined of do Consumption in end products do do do do do do do do do do do do do	391. 2 272. 9 266. 6	392, 6 265, 4 253, 0	369. 2 290. 0 271. 6	370. 5 287. 9 274. 8	335. 4 287. 7 270. 5	379. 4 291. 4 287. 9	366. 4 273. 2 264. 6	365. 9 280. 9 275. 2	348, 6 303, 7 303, 6	350. 0 238. 5 245. 5	358. 5 306. 7 303. 0	298. 4 264. 3 265. 4	399. 7 271. 8	
Stocks, crude and refined (factory and warehouse).	321. 4	422.7	507.4	551.3	541, 2	585. 8	595. 9	564. 5	422.6	450. 5	311.8	307. 5	275. 3 365. 6	
end of monthmil. of lb	. 128	. 119	, 117	.119	. 115	. 117	. 121	. 125	.128	. 131	. 138	r. 129	p. 133	
TOBACCO Leaf: mil of the			11,797											21.96
Production (crop estimate) mil. of lb. Stocks, dealers' and manufacturers', end of quarter, total mil. of lb.			a r 4, 845			r 4, 694			r 4, 339		1	r 4, 477		-1.50
Exports, including scrap and stemsthous, of lb_ Imports, including scrap and stemsdo	50, 144 14, 140	49, 748 12, 719	57, 518 10, 647	23, 072 14, 675	25, 452 12, 753	27, 754 13, 115	14, 360 12, 734	23, 437 13, 062	29, 574 14, 783	$20,560 \\ 11,325$	37, 771 14, 919	82, 922 13, 335	81, 103 14, 341	
Manufactured products: Production, manufactured tobacco, totaldo	15, 643 5, 869	14, 175 5, 610	13, 371 5, 481	13, 764 5, 265	13, 360 5, 070	15, 364 5, 272	14, 257 5, 237	15, 745 5, 811	16, 178 6, 102	11.790 4,994	15, 796	15, 113 5, 399	14, 910 5, 319	
Production, manufactured tobacco, totaldo Chewing, plug, and twistdo Smokingdo Snuffdo.	6, 662	5, 677 2, 888	5, 015 2, 875	5, 833 2, 667	5, 510 2, 780	6, 917 3, 175	6, 389 2, 631	6, 494 3, 440	6, 103 6, 592 3, 483	4, 881 1, 914	5, 895 6, 722 3, 179	6, 874 2, 840	6, 709 2, 882	
Consumption (withdrawals):				2,001	2, 100		ļ ,		0, 100	1,011	0.110	2,010	2, 0, 2	
Tax-free millions- Tax-paid do	2, 403 43, 060	2, 853 36, 190	3, 062 34, 318	2, 718 37, 630	3, 087 35, 181	3, 246 40, 260	2, 642 36, 929	3, 177 41, 355	3, 667 43, 643	2, 592 35, 667	2, 954 44, 622	3, 221 40, 899	3, 491 39, 836	
Tax-free millions Tax-paid do Cigars (large), tax-paid thousands Manufactured tobacco and snuff, tax-paid	566, 419 15, 157	663, 329 14, 093	442,144 13, 293	472, 885 13, 354	486, 035 13, 011	531,023	502, 308 14, 054	623, 797 15, 156	571, 925 15, 543	503, 935	623, 983 15, 887	581, 540 14, 501	577, 031 14, 543	1
Exports, eigarettes thous. of lbmillions	1,038	1, 567	1,663	1, 442	1, 490	1,573	1, 434	1, 813	1, 805	1,622	1, 449	1,706	1, 939	
		LI	EATH	ER AN	D PR	ODUC	TS							
HIDES AND SKINS Exports:														
Value, total 9 thous, of dol- Calf and kip skins thous, of skins	6, 104 162	6, 939 187	4, 422 134	5, 056 165	7, 874 198	6, 941 182	4, 997 184	6, 043 161	5, 223 121	6.088 134	6, 288 158	5, 042 142	6, 962 248	
Cattle hidesthous, of hides Imports:	326	466	311	417	661	572	374	490	459	557	586	514	646	
Value, total 9 thous, of dol. Sheep and lamb skins thous, of pieces.	6, 372 1, 339 2, 130	5, 896 1, 326 1, 871	5, 409 1, 053 1, 805	5, 319 1, 917 1, 627	4,667 1,306 1,678	8, 905 5, 585 1, 530	7, 945 3, 095 2, 291	7, 973 3, 549 1, 978	8, 029 3, 822 2, 189	5, 947 2, 160	4, 926 916	4, 173 1, 573	4, 955 1, 665 1, 288	
Goat and kid skins. do- Prices, wholesale (f.o.b. shipping point): Calfeblus packer havy 016/15 b. dol per b	. 550	. 425	. 500	,600	. 560	. 560	. 565	. 565	. 580	1, 413 . 580	1, 551 . 525	1,306 .525	r. 550	1
Caliskins, packer, heavy, 93/15 b dol. per lb. Hides, steer, heavy, native, over 53 lb do.	. 193	. 130	.148	.138	. 133	. 143	. 143	.148	. 133	.143	, 148	.138	P. 138	
LEATHER Production:	40**	400	21.	504	400	£0.5	450	400	E90	990	000	F00	500	
Calf and whole kip thous, of skins. Cattle hide and side kip thous, of hides and kips.	497 1, 912 1, 914	468 1,768 1,769	515 1, 883 1, 834	504 1,805	496 1,836 1,814	535 1,832 1,919	476 1,743 1,687	492 1, 803 1, 622	536 1,946 1,714	332 1, 496	630 1,947	71, 911	589 1.903 1.381	
Goat and kid⊕thous, of skins Sheep and lamb⊕dodo Exports:	2, 653	2, 689	2,408	1, 844 2, 537	2, 684	2, 652	2, 350	1, 622 2, 685	2, 669	1, 301 1, 858	1, 464 2, 820	1, 421 2, 479	2. 489	
Exports: Glove and garment leatherthous, of sq. ft_ Upper and lining leatherdo	1, 794 3, 563	1, 624 3, 408	1,637 3,175	1, 636 3, 082	1,889 2,687	2,033 4,050	2, 528 3, 291	3, 067 2, 987	2, 829 2, 390	2, 451 2, 952	2, 806 3, 798	2, 725 3, 960	4, 277 4, 149	
Prices wholesale	. 900	.800	. 760	. 747	.727	.713	.730	.720	. 717	. 700	. 687	r. 683	p. 680	1
Sole, bends, light, f.o.b. tannerydol. per lb Upper, chrome calf, B and C grades, f.o.b. tannery	. 000													

Preliminary.

December 1 estimate of 1959 crop.

Production of refined oils covers only once-refined oils (alkali refined).

The comparison of refined oils covers only once-refined oils (alkali refined).

The comparison of refined oils covers only once-refined oils (alkali refined).

The comparison of the compiling agency (Bureau of the Census).

Includes data for items not shown separately.

Revisions for January-March 1959 (also for 1958 for sheep and lamb) will be shown later.

Earlier revisions are as follows (mil. lb.): 1955 (4th qtr.), 5,172; 1956 (1st-4th qtr.), 5,028; 4,584; 4,781; 5,348; 1957 (1st-4th qtr.), 5,207; 4,840; 4,913; 5,140; 1958 (1st-4th qtr.), 5,003; 4,600; 4,669: 4,966; 1959 (1st-3d qtr.), 4,827; 4,437; 4,568.

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Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of]	1959 Novem-	Decem-	Janu-	Febru-		1		1960			Septem-		Novem
BUSINESS STATISTICS	October	ber	ber	ary	ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	ber	October	ber
	LE	ATHE	RAN	D PR	ODUC	TS-C	Contin	ued			,			
LEATHER MANUFACTURES														
Shoes and slippers: Production, totalthous. of pairs Shoes, sandals, and play shoes, except athletic, totalthous. of pairs By kinds:	r 53, 198 r 42, 811	r 46, 490 r 37, 445	r 48, 790 r 42, 768	53, 100 48, 393	53, 403 48, 150	57, 861 51, 408	48, 756 42, 820	48, 595 42, 320	49, 902 42, 934	43, 413 37, 841	58, 108 49, 260	48, 776 40, 603	47, 452 38, 532	
Men's do do Youths' and boys' do do Women's do Misses' and children's do Infants' and bables' do do do do do do do do do do do do do	r 8, 971 r 2, 041 r 22, 619 r 5, 980 r 3, 200	r 7, 992 r 1, 774 r 19, 568 r 5, 222 r 2, 889	r 8, 720 r 2, 089 r 22, 376 r 6, 309 r 3, 274	9, 042 2, 287 26, 735 6, 983 3, 346	8, 596 2, 195 26, 949 6, 921 3, 489	9, 796 2, 278 28, 733 6, 921 3, 680	8, 660 1, 918 24, 069 5, 226 2, 947	8, 914 2, 010 22, 799 5, 602 2, 995	9, 039 2, 112 23, 172 5, 733 2, 878	6, 977 2, 145 21, 135 5, 440 2, 144	9, 437 2, 408 26, 902 7, 303 3, 210	8, 521 2, 026 21, 069 6, 055 2, 932	8, 433 1, 907 19, 666 5, 547 2, 979	
Slippers for housewear	7 9, 136 7 650 7 601 270	7,907 7583 7555 268	7 4, 869 7 592 7 561 186	4, 019 473 215 191	4, 452 504 297 185	5, 461 602 390 252	5, 100 542 294 23 5	5, 355 589 331 174	5, 802 649 517 147	4,832 368 372 155	7, 809 518 521 245	7, 189 506 478 217	7, 916 540 464 241	
Men's and boys' oxfords, dress, elk or side upper, Goodyear welt 1947-49=100 Women's oxfords, elk side upper, Goodyear welt 1947-49=100 Women's pumps, low-medium quality do	137, 4 146, 7 132, 0	137. 4 146. 7 133, 7	137. 4 146. 7 133. 7	137. 4 146. 7 133. 7	137. 4 146. 7 133. 7	137. 4 146. 7 133. 7	135. 7 146. 7 133. 7	133. 5 146. 7 133. 7	133. 5 146. 7 133. 7	133. 5 146. 7 133. 7	133. 5 146. 7 133. 7	133. 5 146. 7 133. 7	p 133. 5 p 146. 7 p 133. 7	
on a principle of the state of			BER A	<u> </u>							1	1		<u> </u>
	I	LUNI	DER A	1	*12 3 18 C	IAGI	URES	, 	<u> </u>		Ī		1	1
LUMBER—ALL TYPES National Lumber Manufacturers Association:				ĺ										
Production, total mil. bd. ft. Hardwoods do. Softwoods do. Shipments, total do. Hardwoods do.	3, 304 633 2, 671 3, 145 627	2, 892 593 2, 299 2, 639 564	2, 947 560 2, 387 2, 804 538	2, 681 554 2, 127 2, 634 587	2, 924 568 2, 356 2, 798 637	3, 096 532 2, 564 2, 959 619	3, 048 597 2, 451 3, 055 623	3. 197 617 2. 580 3. 187 613	3, 194 631 2, 563 3, 097 581	2, 693 611 2, 082 2, 605 536	3. 175 601 2, 574 3. 035 560	2, 973 577 2, 396 2, 867 536	2,801 623 2,178 2,684 562	
Softwoods do Stocks (gross), mill, end of month, total	2, 518 9, 212 3, 793 5, 419	2, 075 9, 465 3, 822 5, 643	2, 266 9, 610 3, 844 5, 766	2, 047 9, 657 3, 810 5, 847	2, 161 9, 800 3, 741 6, 059	2, 340 9, 937 3, 654 6, 283	2, 432 9, 944 3, 628 6, 316	2, 574 9, 954 3, 632 6, 322	2, 516 10, 050 3, 682 6, 368	2,069 9,902 3,757 6,145	2, 475 10, 036 3, 798 6, 238	2, 331 10, 142 3, 840 6, 302	2, 122 10, 254 3, 901 6, 353	
Exports, total sawmill products	70, 934 318, 744	68, 081 312, 434	76, 662 271, 351	64, 823 214, 418	60, 041 305, 515	71, 578 325, 926	89, 174 305, 900	83, 843 408, 205	83, 094 419, 089	68, 899 367, 136	63, 912 370, 988	74, 185 345, 196	69, 322 331, 708	
Douglas fir: mil. bd. ft. Orders, new mil. bd. ft. Orders, unfilled, end of month do. Production Go. Shipments do. Stocks (gross), mill, end of month do.	647 554 731 680 905	630 571 680 613 971	833 703 715 701 985	566 666 650 603 1,084	687 704 724 649 1, 126	661 656 793 710 1, 209	663 633 709 686 1, 245	662 531 717 764 1, 197	675 488 669 718 1, 148	601 519 532 571 1,109	685 491 719 712 1,111	615 447 657 660 1, 108	583 434 599 596 1,105	
Exports, total sawmill products. M bd. ft Sawed timber. do Boards, planks, scantlings, etc. de Prices, wholesale: Dimension, construction, dried, 2" x 4", R. L.	29, 728 15, 390 14, 338	26, 449 14, 194 12, 255	36, 436 22, 000 14, 436	32, 176 18, 252 13, 924	25, 615 14, 827 10, 788	31, 722 17, 271 14, 451	36, 531 19, 628 16, 903	43, 673 28, 005 15, 668	37, 889 18, 376 19, 513	31, 587 18, 773 12, 814	24, 576 11, 847 12, 729	33, 460 13, 709 19, 751	29, 135 12, 880 16, 255	
dol. per M. bd. ft Flooring, C and better, F. G., 1" x 4", R. L. dol. per M. bd. ft dol. per M. bd. ft	87. 100 132. 055	82. 325 132. 463	82. 601 131. 598	83. 456 131. 688	83. 536 133. 084	83, 193 133, 084	83, 193 1132,563		80. 405 130. 919	80. 757 131, 186	80. 235 129.819	r 129. 734	1	
Orders, new mil, bd. ft. Orders, unfilled, end of month do. Production do. Shipments do. Stocks (gross), mill and concentration yards, end of	230 690 667	510 194 606 546	514 179 616 529	541 200 570 520	502 182 576 520	587 201 630 568	639 216 641 624	634 221 666 629	642 208 699 655	542 203 574 547	601 198 603 606	587 174 608 611	577 167 606 584	
month mil. bd. ft. Exports, total sawmill products M bd. ft. Sawed timber do Bourds, planks, scantlines, etc. do Prices, wholesale, (indexes).; Bourds, No. 2 and better, 1" x 6", R. L.	1, 659 5, 055 1, 154 3, 901	1,719 7,092 1,315 5,777	1, 806 8, 412 1, 925 6, 487	1, 856 7, 649 1, 247 6, 402	1, 912 7, 231 1, 557 5, 674	1, 974 6, 420 1, 620 4, 800	1, 991 10, 069 1, 678 8, 391	2, 028 8, 055 2, 777 5, 278	2,072 9,123 2,136 6,987	2,099 11,003 3,643 7,360	2, 096 8, 545 2, 810 5, 735			
Flooring, B and better, F. G., 1" x 4", S. L. 1947-49=100 Western pine:	120, 5 95, 2	120. 2 95. 2	119. 8 95. 5	119. 6 95. 5	118. 2 95. 4	117. 2 95. 4	117. 5 95. 4	116. 3 95. 1	114.8 94.9	113. 2 94. 1	111, 4 93, 9	ļ		
Orders, new mil. bd. ft Orders, unfilled, end of month do Production do Shipments do 8tocks (gross), mill, end of month do Price, wholesale, Ponderosa, boards, No. 3, 1" x 12", R. L. (6' and over) \$ dol, per M bd. ft	336 874 813 1, 984	587 308 688 616 2,056 75.660	861 423 742 745 2,053 75,500	613 404 579 628 2, 004 76, 060	651 376 699 670 2,033 78,420	718 391 758 702 2,089 79,680	740 367 758 765 2, 082 79, 720	819 370 841 815 2, 108 79, 990	735 339 829 767 2,170 78.620	703 378 691 664 1.560 75.950	771 364 871 785 2, 046 72,280	2, 102	644 322 684 670 2. 116	
HARDWOOD FLOORING AND PLYWOOD														
Flooring: Maple, beech, and birch: Orders, new	11, 225 3, 550	2, 500 10, 800 2, 850 2, 900 9, 700	3, 225 10, 975 3, 375 2, 825 10, 125	3, 575 11, 500 2, 950 2, 800 10, 375	2, 675 11, 550 2, 825 2, 675 10, 575	3, 625 11, 800 3, 350 2, 900 10, 900	3, 150 12, 350 2, 925 2, 725 11, 125	3, 300 12, 325 3, 000 3, 300 11, 050	4, 075 12, 050 3, 200 4, 250 10, 000	3, 925 12, 550 2, 175 3, 000 9, 275	3, 650 12, 050 3, 350 4, 100 8, 525	11, 200 3, 225 3, 400	2, 500 10, 200 3, 000 3, 050 8, 250	
Orders, new	42,067 90,435 84,172 72,602	65, 439 36, 062 77, 529 69,615 77, 945	69, 145 37, 057 77, 792 70, 392 85, 345 240,802	81, 169 47, 384 73, 631 71, 925 85, 683	72, 509 48, 651 72, 509 69, 294 87, 675	71, 514 48, 276 78, 715 71, 889 94, 501 235, 260	69, 689 47, 370 74, 689 73, 007 96, 183	64, 087 38, 935 77, 655 72, 522 101, 316	72, 107 34, 901 76, 499 79, 498 98, 317 217,327	64,029 35,952 64,001 63,796 96,267	81, 136 38, 170 78, 298 78, 917 93, 902	34, 858 76, 248 75, 726 92, 397	70, 894 94, 590	

Revised. p Preliminary. 1 Not entirely comparable with data prior to month noted. Sevisions for 1958-September 1959 for production will be shown later. 1Effective with the July 1960 SURVEY, price indexes replace actual prices; data for January 1947-April 1960 will be shown later. Not comparable with data through 1958 which cover a different specification.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and		1959					····		1960			1		
descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Noven ber
		MET	ALS	AND N	MANU	FACT	URES							
IRON AND STEEL														
Foreign trade: Iron and steel products (excluding advanced manufactures and ferroalloys): Exports, total † 9	479 47 426 454 362 14	575 69 499 659 461 41	726 130 579 650 539 15	530 158 356 512 465 10	636 168 459 507 471 11	764 203 551 505 464 12	758 235 514 391 331 16	992 320 662 318 272 10	1, 013 382 623 301 213 14	832 331 492 238 177 15	1, 195 328 861 247 184 10	907 228 655 295 207 12	953 231 683 265 180 8	
Iron and Steel Scrap				į										
Production and receipts, totalthous. of short tons	2, 741 1, 105 1, 635 2, 539 9, 846	5, 450 2, 921 2, 529 5, 373 9, 928	7, 953 4, 457 3, 496 7, 864 10, 011	7, 411 74, 465 2, 946 77, 871 9, 540	r 7, 259 r 4, 221 3, 037 r 7, 256 9, 545	77,173 74,366 2,808 77,437 9,278	7 6, 270 7 3, 825 2, 445 7 6, 279 9, 270	r 5, 847 r 3, 523 2, 324 r 5, 642 9, 475	7 5, 181 7 3, 181 1, 999 7 4, 994 9, 661	4, 150 2, 555 1, 595 4, 120 9, 700	4, 650 2, 852 1, 798 4, 724 9, 629	7 4, 536 7 2, 736 7 1, 800 7 4, 646 7 9, 514	P 4, 889 P 2, 825 P 2, 064 P 4, 898 P 9, 512	
fron ore (operations in all U.S. districts):														
Mine production thous, of long tons. Shipments from mines do Imports1 do	782 562 3, 899	4, 383 6, 976 3, 813	5, 036 5, 178 3, 035	4, 041 1, 926 2, 370	4, 017 1, 779 2, 516	4,502 1,922 2,217	7, 440 6, 873 2, 334	11, 873 13, 349 3, 717	11, 645 12, 816 4, 221	19, 343 12, 523 3, 746	10, 934 10, 876 4, 299	7 8, 789 7 9, 252 3, 070	6, 423 7, 426 2, 593	
U.S. and foreign ores and ore agglomerates: 0 Receipts at iron and steel plants. do. Consumption at iron and steel plants. do. Exports. do. Stocks, total, end of month. do. At mines. do. At firnace vards. do. At U.S. docks. do.	3,025 1,593 96 74,137 11,155 53,024 9,958	11, 604 7, 091 372 75, 607 8, 736 57, 537 9, 334	10, 943 11, 539 126 173, 040 8, 524 156, 941 7, 575	4, 660 11, 856 70 66, 816 10, 839 49, 257 6, 720	4, 431 11, 337 34 61, 470 13, 073 42, 483 5, 914	4, 299 11, 788 100 55, 777 15, 320 34, 994 5, 463	8, 084 10, 433 169 53, 235 15, 891 32, 645 4, 699	15, 926 9, 740 557 57, 673 14, 418 38, 830 4, 425	16, 293 8, 060 824 65, 016 13, 249 47, 097 4, 670	15, 705 7, 014 788 72, 297 11, 079 55, 787 5, 431	13, 894 6, 729 1, 162 80, 050 11, 148 62, 953 5, 949	11, 049 6, 356 849 7 84, 816 7 10, 687 67, 645 6, 484	9, 906 6, 694 466 86, 252 8, 579 70, 857 6, 816	
Manganese (manganese content), general imports; thous, of long tons	71	100	109	73	115	111	87	66	154	103	116	112	85	
Pig Iron and Iron Manufactures								,						
Pig iron: Production (excl. blast furnace prod. of ferroalloys)	21,018	4, 199	7, 573	7, 754	7, 342	7,714	6, 760	6, 331	5, 261	4, 480	4, 470	4, 108	4, 473	
Consumptiondodo	1, 172 3, 364	4, 479 3, 052	7, 734 2, 979	7, 857 2, 966	7, 392 2, 973	7, 694 3, 051	6, 556 3, 269	6, 123 3, 537	5, 255 3, 644	7 4, 405 3, 758	7 4, 616 3, 696	7 4, 274 7 3, 617	² 4, 501 ² 3, 656	
Prices: Composite	65, 95 66, 00 66, 50	65, 95 66, 00 66, 50	65, 95 66, 00 66, 50	65, 95 66, 00 66, 50	65, 95 66, 00 66, 50	65. 95 66. 00 66. 50	65. 95 66. 00 66. 50	65, 95 66, 00 66, 50	65, 95 66, 00 66, 50	65, 95 66, 00 66, 50	65, 95 66, 00 66, 50	65, 95 66, 00 66, 50	65, 95 2 66, 00 2 66, 50	65, 9
Orders, unfilled, for sale, end of month thous of short tons. Shipments, total do. For sale do. Castings, malleable iron: Orders, unfilled, for sale, end of month	889 871 519	886 830 515	847 1, 107 584	854 1, 136 592	857 1, 108 571	882 1,143 600	836 1,051 581	782 1,653 589	720 1, 050 602	755 803 451	713 859 540	695 900 527		
thous. of short tons Shipments, total	85 76 49	83 58 42	94 80 46	100 83 46	98 83 47	85 86 50	79 71 39	73 69 38	64 73 43	74 50 29	70 59 37	69 63 36		
Steel, Crude and Semimanufactures														
Steel ingots and steel for castings: Productionthous. of short tons Percent of capacity 3	1,705 14 24.0	7, 268 60 105, 6	11, 989 96 168, 5	12, 049 96 169, 4	11, 127 94 167. 2	11, 565 92 162. 6	9,778 80 142.0	8, 830 70 124. 1	7, 405 61 107, 6	6, 351 50 89, 3	6, 838 54 96. 1	6, 458 53 93. 8	7 6, 868 54 96, 5	# 6. 16 5 89.
Steel castings: Shipments, totalthous. of short tonsto	106 85	109 86	133 104	123 94	129 98	144 110	127 97	127 97	137 107	90 67	102 77	104 80		
Steel forgings (for sale): Orders, unfilled, end of month. Shipments, total. Drop and upset. do.	373. 3 97. 3 74. 3	405. 2 87. 3 63. 3	420, 1 114, 4 85, 3	420, 1 122, 6 93, 6	398, 3 129, 8 100, 1	356. 2 137. 9 107. 8	325. 0 116. 7 89. 7	312. 5 110. 3 85. 1	295. 2 110. 1 82. 0	295, 3 79, 3 57, 9	r 299, 0 r 88, 3 r 63, 0	r 301. 7 r 94. 0 r 68. 8	277. 1	
Prices: Composite, finished steel (carbon)dol. per lb_ Steel billets, rerolling, carbon, f.o.b. mill	.0698	.0698	. 0698	. 0698	. 0698	.0698	. 0698	.0698	. 0098	. 0698	. 0698	.0698	. 0698	. 069
dol. per short ton_ Structural shapes (carbon), f.o.b. milldol. per lb_ Steel scrap, No. 1 heavy melting:	95. 00 . 0617	95. 00 . 0617	95. 60 . 0617	95, 00 . 0617	95. 00 . 0617	95. 60 . 0617	95.00 .0617	95, 00 , 0617	95, 00 . 0617	95. 00 . 0617	95.00 .0617	95.00 .0617	p 95.00 p .0617	
Composite (5 markets) \$dol. per long ton_ Pittsburgh districtdo	42. 04 41. 00	44, 47 46, 00	41, 23 42, 00	41. 41 43. 00	40. 04 43. 00	34. 16 36. 00	33, 88 35, 00	32, 97 33, 50	31, 12 31, 00	31. 28 30. 50	32. 20 30. 50	31. 87 30. 50	p 29. 53 p 28. 50	
Steel, Manufactured Products														
Barrels and drums, steel, heavy types (for sale): Orders, unfilled, end of monththousandsShipmentsdo Cans, metal, shipments (in terms of steel consumed),	2, 120 1, 286	2, 653 1, 459	2, 193 2, 280	1, 796 1, 808	1, 616 1, 424	1,871 1,700	1, 798 1, 714	1, 715 1, 893	1, 702 1, 986	1, 681 1, 762	1, 619 1, 892	1,607 1,847		
total for sale and own usethous. of short tonsFooddoShipments for saledoClosures (for glass containers), productionmillions_rowns, productionthousand gross	383 235 328 1, 543 23, 434	298 170 258 1, 356 18, 526	317 177 274 1, 374 21, 640	301 181 251 1, 435 2!, 904	288 171 237 1, 470 22, 381	330 184 273 1,696 24,302	363 209 300 1, 496 23, 542	408 232 345 1, 597 29, 926	424 230 363 1, 619 32, 199	453 275 399 1, 368 25, 174	601 409 535 1, 693 24, 952	553 390 484 1 , 561 23, 609	417 272 358 1, 483 20, 486	
Steel products, net shipments: Total (all grades)		4, 842 253 315 434 47	8, 211 416 570 754 120 seluding l	8. 430 414 619 776 170	7, 583 351 562 727 139	7, 966 374 574 755 149	6, 742 239 517 624 148	6, 272 219 457 529 153	5, 921 188 447 484 133	4,711 174 321 354 91	5, 072 184 348 370 76	4, 983 180 324 373 51		

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and		1959							1960					
descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber
	MET	ALS A	ND N	IANU	FACT	URES-	-Con	tinued	l '		·	·	1	!
IRON AND STEEL—Continued														
Steel, Manufactured Products—Continued Steel products, net shipments—Continued														
Bars and tool steel, totalthous. of short tons_ Bars: Hot rolled (incl. light shapes)do		759 502	1, 283 901	1, 245 879	1, 157 842	1, 214 883	993 679	861 541	803 479	623 362	772 453	768 465	806 487	
Reinforcingdo Cold finisheddo		163 86	213 160	185 172	140 166	145 176	162 143	192 120	210 106	183 74	223 91	208 88	229 84	
Pipe and tubingdo Wire and wire productsdo		510 233	859 381	914 372	765 306	698 275	610 247	586 246	576 215	515 195	559 243	543 244	483 224	
Tin mill products doSheets and strip (incl. electrical), total doSheets: Hot rolled dodo		349 1, 943 575	553 3, 275 956	588 3, 332 995	528 3, 049 912	635 3, 291 942	559 2, 806 796	567 2, 654 722	654 2, 422 579	581 1, 856 440	555 1, 964	425 2, 075	363 2, 039 581	
Sneets: Hot rolled		924	1, 599	1,592	1, 447	1,608	1, 379	1, 357	1, 319	977	596 994	585 1,026	1,004	
Orders, new (net)thous, of short tons. Shipmentsdo	.[195	260 181	366 236	221 209	289 241	343 277	345 287	$\frac{270}{285}$	268 333	270 301	262 332	260 324	220 314	
Backlog, end of monthdo NONFERROUS METALS AND PRODUCTS	1,891	2,068	2, 195	2, 116	2, 189	2,364	2, 401	2, 237	2, 219	2, 203	2, 114	2,058	2,028	
Aluminum: Production, primary, domestic thous, of short tons	173. 7	153, 7	163.0	164.0	156.8	170. 7	168, 6	175.9	171.4	177.6	173. 0	162.9	167. 0	
Estimated recovery from scrap⊕△dodo Imports (coneral):		33. 0	36. 0	41.0	40. 0	43.0	36. 0	33. 0	31.0	29.0	7 33. 0	31.0	107.0	
Metal and alloys, crudedo Plates, sheets, etc.tdo	_ 3.7	15. 8 4. 4	26, 4 4, 7	12. 0 3. 4	10. 6 3. 5	16.8 3.4	7. 6 3. 4	11. 1 2. 9	15. 2 3. 3	12. 9 2. 0	14. 4 2. 6	10.5 2.7	16. 1 3. 2	
Stocks, primary (at reduction plants), end of month	1 131.1	132.8	111.6	127. 5	117. 1	115.0	139.1	148.6	170.0	203. 6	211.7	225.9	248. 4	
Price, primary ingot, 99.5%+Odol. per lb. Aluminum shipments: Mill products and pig and ingot (net)‡mil. of lb.	1	. 2680 370. 7	. 2736 480. 1	372.5	. 2810 426, 4	. 2810 433, 1	. 2810 366, 4	. 2810 398. 4	. 2810	. 2810 355. 5	2.2600 7.423, 1	. 2600 358, 6	. 2600	
Mill products and pig and mgos (net)4mil. of no. Mill products, total	287. 2	247. 5 127. 8	267. 9 143. 1	250, 0 131, 3	256. 0 135. 8	267, 1 144, 1	247. 4 133. 6	272. 3 147. 3	278.3 159.4	253. 1 143. 0	7 262. 0 7 140. 3	253. 1 133. 9		
Castinessdodo	67. 6	54.7	65. 2	68. 2	71.7	72. 2	61.8	60.3	60.1	45. 7	r 58.8			
Production: Mine, recoverable copperthous, of short tons.	28.9	25.3	29.5	47. 9	75. 2	96.3	97. 5	98.8	95. 2	86.3	90, 9	r 97. 5	98.0	
Refinery, primarydo From domestic oresdo	13.6	30. 2 12. 2 17. 9	1 45. 4 1 17. 3 1 28. 2	78. 9 45. 5 33. 5	85. 9 64. 3	132. 4 105. 2	144. 9 109. 0	140. 9 107. 9	142.7 108.1	- 124. 7 88. 3	135. 6 97. 3	139. 4 101. 0	93.4	
From foreign oresdo Secondary, recovered as refineddo		14.4	1 16. 9	22, 8	21. 6 25. 8	27. 2 19. 9	35. 9 22. 2	33. 0 21. 8	34. 5 24. 8	36, 4 23, 4	38. 3 23. 0	38.4 7 24.6	34. 8 25. 6	
Imports (general): Refined, unrefined, scrap⊕‡do	44. 9 19. 8	68. 8	80. 7 40. 2	63. 7 34. 1	47. 5	52.8	44.0	29.8	52.6	34. 7	55. 2	36. 3	48.3	
Refineddo Exports: Refined, scrap, brass and bronze ingotsdo	1	43.7	10. 5	17. 0	22. 6 29. 4	18. 0 34. 7	10.1 46.2	7. 2 64. 2	7. 5 57. 8	6.8	9.0	7. 7 60. 5	6. 6 54. 7	
Refineddo	4.4	2. 3	5. 1 108. 3	11.3	19. 9	21. 2	31.3	50.8	38.8	45.0	58.7	42.9	37. 2	
Consumption, refined (by mills, etc.) do— Stocks, refined, end of month, total do— Fabricators' do—		129. 3 81. 4	121. 1 81. 5	111. 6 122. 5 76. 3	122.9 119.4 75.8	140. 1 127. 3 80. 3	115. 2 155. 4 103. 5	117. 0 157. 1 99. 2	121.8 171.1 100.7	771.7 136.8 117.2	7 120. 8 198. 0 110. 2	r 125, 8 r 187, 6 r 112, 8	p 113, 3 p 206, 4 p 20, 9	
Price, bars, electrolytic (N.Y.)dol. per lb_ Copper-base mill and foundry products, shipments	. 3258	. 3406	. 3372	. 3365	. 3298	. 3261	. 3260	. 3260	3260	. 3260	. 3260	3260	. 3060	. 2960
(quarterly): Brass mill productsmil, of lb_			514			493			482			. 446		
Copper wire mill products—dodododo			387 235			386 243			39 3 225			364 r 196		
Lead: Production: Mine, recoverable leadthous, of short tons.	21.2	20.3	22.1	21, 4	22. 4	25. 5	23. 1	20.5	19. 4	16.0	18. 5	7 18. 1	17. 7	
Secondary, estimated recoverable \oplus †	37.8	36. 7 33. 7	22.1 37.2 24.2	37. 7 35. 0	37. 9 26. 9	38. 5 34. 9	37. 8 28. 2	41.3 26.5	41. 0 30. 1	33. 5 33. 4	41. 0 35. 7	38. 1 24. 9	22.8	
Consumption, totaldo	97.7	84.9	86.2	87.3	85.1	91.1	83. 4	90.8	87. 5	76.8	90.9	86. 9		
Producers', ore, base bullion, and in process (ABMS) thous, of short tons	99.0	101.3	109. 9	119.1	125. 5	135.0	133.0	139. 9	140. 5	143.8	144. 5	150.9	156.0	
Refiners' (primary), refined and antimonial thous. of short tons.	- 119. 4 133. 3	118.2 130.2	119. 4 123. 1	117. 0 120. 5	115. 5 126. 6	107. 5 126. 7	116. 5 127. 3	121.3 128.2	128. 1 120. 1	134. 1 125. 8	136. 5 128. 4	136. 7 118. 1		
Consumers' od	50.4	49. 9 . 1300	50.7 .1252	42.7 .1200	41.8	42. 4 . 1200	41. 0 . 1200	38.1 .1200	39. 8 . 1200	42. 8 . 1200	44.0 .1200	45. 6 . 1200	.1200	
Tin: Imports (for consumption):	1					1		1						
Ore⊕‡ long tons Bars, pigs, etc do	3,500	430 2,938 1,710	138 3, 166 1, 990	2, 452 3, 410 2, 215	526 3, 620 2, 030	861 3, 860 2, 115	766 3, 575	1, 267 3, 155	1,801 4,175	1, 160 2, 149	1, 555 3, 780	929 2, 872		
Estimated recovery from scrap, total — do do As metal do do Consumption, pig, total do do do do do do do do do do do do do	270	210 5, 645	280 6, 985	255 7, 400	210 7, 280	2,113 240 7,875	1, 805 230 7, 410	1,830 245 7,705	1,960 270 7,685	1, 500 240 6, 520	2,020 275 6,995	1,800 290 6,030	5, 600	
Primary do do Exports incl. recyports (metal)	2, 270 167	3, 235 159	4, 470 92	4, 570 194	4, 760 173	5, 190 122	4, 960 19	5, 310	5, 220 103	4,655	4, 635	3, 760 58	3, 290 19	l
Stocks, pig (industrial), end of monthdo Price, pig, Straits (N.Y.), promptdol. per lb_	27, 285 1. 0220	28, 170 1, 0096	26, 945 . 9913	26, 765 . 9985	24, 050 1. 0097	23, 355 1. 0009	22, 445 . 9924	21, 930 . 9954	20,775 1.0131	20, 650 1. 0349	20, 370 1. 0285	22, 145 1. 0223	22, 910 1. 0328	
Zine: Mine production, recoverable zine thous. of short tons.	31.6	36.0	39.5	37.3	38.0	42.9	40.9	40.7	39.1	36. 9	22.4	r 20. 2	20.1	
Imports (general): Ores and concentrates #do	38.9	37.8	30.3	36.0	43.3	45.0	39. 2	49. 2	32.7	35.7	33. 4 35. 6	7 30. 3 40. 6	28. 1 30. 4	1
Metal (siab, blocks)do Consumption (recoverable zinc content):	- 16.8	11.0	10.7	9.0	9.5	12.1	7. 5	6.8	15. 5	3.7	8.1	17.3	7. 9	
Ores⊕do Serap, all typesdo	- 8. 8 20. 4	7. 9 19. 1	7. 8 20. 6	7. 7 20. 8	7. 3 21. 1	8.1 21.0	8. 2 16. 1	7. 2 17. 7	6. 2 18. 7	6. 6 15. 0	5.3 r 18.2	4.8 19.6	^p 6. 0 ^p 13. 3	
Siab zine: Production (primary smelter), from domestic and	61. 1	59.4	66. 7	80.5	71.0	00.0	70.0	74 17	70.0	70.0	FO F	20.1		
foreign oresthous, of short tons. Secondary (redistilled) production, totaldo Consumption, fabricators', totaldo	2.9	3. 0 71. 1	2. 9 89. 3	69. 5 3. 8 88. 1	71.0 3.7 87.4	82.3 3.8 86.5	79.3 3.9 71.2	74.7 4.5 70.5	72.8 3.9 73.9	70. 0 3. 7 55. 2	59. 5 4. 4 68. 5	56. 1 3. 9 67. 0		
Exports‡do	1.2	2.8	2.3	5.6	1.8	5. 9	4.7	7.1	4.2	2. 4	7.6	9.1	4.8	
Producers', smelter (AZI)do Consumers'do	191.3 94.8	176. 2 95. 0	154. 4 98. 4	144. 5 100. 3	137. 1 97. 3	136. 6 100. 2	147. 9 96. 9	165. 0 85. 8	187. 7 74. 2	207. 1 72. 3	200. 6 68. 3	192. 5 67. 5		
Price, prime Western (St. Louis)dol. per lb.	. 1213	. 1250			1300	. 1300	. 1300		.1300	. 1300		. 1300		. 1300

r Revised. p Preliminary. Part of August 1959 production is included in December 1959 data. 2 See note marked "○". ⊕ Basic metal content.

△Revised effective with the February 1960 Survey to include monthly estimate of secondary aluminum recovered by nonreporting producers.

⊙ Effective August 1960, price refers to aluminum formerly called "processed pig" and now sold as "unalloyed ingot"; January-July 1960 price comparable with August 1960, \$.2600.

§ Data for 1958 have been adjusted to industry totals based on the expanded survey of producers introduced in January 1959; revisions for 1958 are shown in the January 1960 Survey to include monthly estimate of lead recovered from nonreporting secondary smelters and lead recovered from copper-base scrap; revisions for 1958 are shown in the February 1960 Survey.

♂ Consumers' and secondary smelters' stocks of lead in refinery shapes and in copper-base scrap.

‡ Scattered revisions for 1957-58 are available upon request.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of		1959	Dag::::	Tan: 1	₁₂₋₁ ,	i	 1		1960			Cant		Lv
BUSINESS STATISTICS	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Nove: ber
	META	ALS A	ND N	IANUI	FACT	URES-	Cont	tinued	l					
HEATING EQUIPMENT, EXCEPT ELECTRIC														
Radiators and convectors, cast iron: Shipmentsmil, of sq. ft. of radiation. Stocks, end of monthdodo Dil burners:∆	2, 3 3, 3	1. 9 2. 9	1. 3 3. 1	1. 2 3. 5	1. 4 3. 7	1, 5 4, 2	1. 2 4. 6	1. 2 4. 9	1. 5 5. 0	1. 3 4. 3	1.8 3.8			
Shipmentsthousands	77. 6 39. 9 208. 8	47. 6 37. 2 181. 8	32. 6 40. 1	36, 8 43, 1	39, 2 48, 0	35. 4 55. 2	34, 6 61, 6 164, 9	36. 6 69. 1 152. 6	46. 9 65. 8 174. 4	34, 9 66, 4	46. 6 7 58. 2	64. 6 49. 4		
Coal and wood do Gas (incl. bungalow and combination) do Kerosene, gasoline, and fuel oil do do	5, 6 194, 5 8, 7	(1) 168. 6 1 13. 2	3, 0 156, 9	3. 3 133. 5	3. 1 158. 6	2. 9 171. 9	3. 0 156. 4 5. 5	3. 6 144. 6 4. 4	3. 4 166. 8 4. 2	3. 3 105. 9	3. 6 162. 8			
Stoves, domestic heating, shipments, totalƠdo Coal and wooddododo Gas†do Kerosene, gasoline, and fuel oildo	329. 1 50. 2 221. 3 57. 6	226. 8 31. 1 162. 9 32. 8	89. 7 13. 1 63. 5 13. 1	72.0 5.4 41.5 25.1	78. 2 7. 7 45. 1 25. 4	113. 0 13. 7 70. 8 28. 6	110. 5 16. 3 61. 3 32. 8	116. 5 21. 0 69. 8 25. 8	186, 7 24, 4 116, 0 46, 3	208, 6 25, 0 142, 9 40, 7	7 253. 6 7 36. 7 167. 4 49. 5	150.5		
Warm-air furnaces (forced-air and gravity air-flow), shipments, total △†	174. 7 125. 5 41. 2 5. 6 262. 7	121. 6 90. 7 26. 0 3. 2 190. 3	87. 9 68. 3 16. 4 2. 1 183. 3	78. 3 61. 7 15. 2 1. 3 202. 1	79. 9 63. 2 15. 3 1. 4 201. 6	82. 8 66. 7 14. 7 1. 4 230. 8	86. 8 70. 2 15. 6 1. 0 203. 2	88. 5 70. 5 16. 7 1. 3 192. 7	107. 4 86. 6 18. 9 1. 9 237. 9	99. 2 78. 1 18. 7 2. 4 240. 7	7 132. 0 7 101. 9 26. 5 3. 6 262. 1	33. 7		
MACHINERY AND APPARATUS														
Blowers, fans, and unit heaters, quarterly totals: Blowers and fans, new orders———————————————————————————————————			35. 8 24. 1			36, 5 20, 1			42.8 • 20.3			35. 0 21. 7		
Foundry equipment (new), new orders, net monthly average shipments, 1947-49=100. Furnaces, industrial, new orders, net:	140. 8 3. 0	131. 2	95. 9	95.5	128.6	159. 9	97. 9	159.0	164, 8	80.0	92.4	158.1	81.7	
Electric processing mil. of dol Fuel-fired (except for hot rolling steel) do	5, 9	1. 4 4. 1	1. 6 5. 2	1. 4 2. 2	2. 0 2. 2	1. 1 5. 6	1. 8 6. 9	1. 3 3. 1	1. 1 1. 0	1.5 1.2	1. 1 4. 4	1. 2 1. 7	1. 2 3. 5	
Industrial trucks (electric), shipments: Hand (motorized)	621 400 2, 520	561 443 2,462	548 408 2, 624	533 426 1,773	532 432 2,091	564 481 2,722	512 484 2, 118	468 496 1, 968	507 523 2, 087	499 502 1, 523	347 370 1, 624	465 508 1,867	394 506 1, 569	
Machine tools (metal-cutting and metal-forming): New orders (net), total	66, 65 51, 15 51, 50 46, 15 5, 1	54. 25 44. 10 46, 60 41, 10 5. 2	58, 30 48, 15 63, 85 55, 35 4, 8	56, 45 45, 05 46, 40 40, 65 5, 0	60, 60 46, 50 51, 95 44, 65 4, 5	61, 95 47, 60 64, 50 54, 95 4, 8	51, 85 40, 30 55, 10 45, 05 4, 5	49, 95 32, 40 56, 35 44, 75 4, 3	55, 10 35, 75 63, 10 51, 60 4, 6	41, 95 18, 35 51, 30 41, 40 3, 9	56, 85 42, 50 47, 90 37, 70 4, 1	52.30 31.85 53.95 40.25 r 4.3	p 55. 95 p 42. 95 p 49. 70 p 35. 35 p 4. 2	
Other machinery and equipment, quarterly shipments: Construction machinery (selected types), total‡\$ mil. of dol			212, 1			2 270. 4			r 308. 1			223. 4		
Tractors, tracklaying, totaldodo			62. 0 14. 4			87. 3 16. 3			80. 0 23. 9			r 59. 7 15. 7	3 18, 0	
Tractor shovel loaders, integral units only (wheel and tracklaying types)	. 4 200 1		49.3			54. 4			r 66. 2			58.8		
excluding tractorsnil, of dol_ Tractors, wheel (excl. garden and contractors' off-	209.1		146. 5 118. 7			227. 3 r 119. 6			234. 4 r 74. 5			167. 1 r 52. 0	3 35.8	
highway types) mil. of dol. Pumps (steam, power, centrifugal, and rotary), new orders mil. of dol.	5, 8	5, 5	6.6	7.0	7.6	7.3	6.8	6.7	8.3	6.8				
FLECTRICAL EQUIPMENT										ļ			1	
Batteries (automotive replacement only), shipments thousands. Household electrical appliances:	3, 069	2, 799	2,467	1,865	1, 641	1,877	1, 545	1,650	2,072	2, 131	2, 550	r 2, 708	2,832	
Ranges (incl. built-ins), domestic and export sales thousands. Refrigerators and home freezers, output*1957=166.	143. 4 112. 6	144. 0 93. 5	147. 5 113. 0	113. 5 117. 0	143, 2 143, 3	156, 4 148, 6	127. 0 145. 7	117. 6 127. 5	126. 2 122. 3	102. 1 96. 8	122. 4 64. 8	142. 8 89. 5	127. 9 91. 5	
Vacuum cleaners (standard type), sales billed thousands. Washers, sales billed (domestic and export)Odo Radio sets, production§dododododododo	330. 9 374. 1 1, 795. 7 706. 6	290. 1 312. 8 1, 346. 1 560. 8	293. 8 264. 2 41,553.3 4 593. 2	258. 3 254. 6 1, 355. 8 526, 5	294, 5 283, 6 1,442, 4 503, 5	339. 9 305. 6 41,667. 6 4 549. 5	278. 4 235. 8 1, 230. 3 422. 6	265. 6 243. 9 1, 277. 0 442. 2	245. 8 277. 0 1, 551. 5 4 518. 9	223. 0 217. 7 890. 4 268. 9	280. 6 296. 5 1,048. 4 462. 3	301. 9 352. 7 *1,945. 1 * 4 678. 9	290. 1 305. 8 71, 727. 6 7 500. 0	
Electronic tubes and semiconductors, factory sales mil. of dol. Insulating materials and related products:	88. 5	82. 3	84.0	80.6	81.5	91.8	77. 4	78.0	88.0	72.9	87.6	91. 0	85.0	1
Insulating materials, sales billed, index 1947-49=100.	164	141	154	146	149	168	140	134	152	101	131 5 26, 815	142		
Steel conduit (rigid), shipmentsthous, of ft_ Motors and generators, quarterly:	10, 248	13,016	39, 063	42, 211	32, 463	20, 505	18,808	23, 976	27, 717	24, 562	20, 815	28, 410		
New orders, index			169 41,938 40,015			180 43, 151 41, 921			176 44, 981 44, 988	³ 13, 674	3 11, 677	³ 14, 607		
New orders, grossthous. of dol	.		7, 124 7, 069			8, 111			6, 768 7, 655	3 1, 841	³ 1, 965	3 2, 842		

r Revised. r Preliminary. 1 Shipments of coal and wood stoves are included with liquid fuel types. 2 See note "‡".

Data are for month shown. 4 Represents 5-weeks' production. 5 Beginning August 1960, data cover shipments for one additional company. 6 Revised 3d quarter 1959.

ABeginning January 1959, industry estimates are based on revised inflating factors and are not strictly comparable with earlier data.

Fincludes data for built-in gas-fired oven-broiler units; shipments of cooking tops, not included in figures above totaled 30,800 units (4-burner equivalent) in August 1960. †Revisions for gas heating stoves (January 1958—May 1959) and warm-air furnaces (January 1957—May 1959) are available upon request.

Data beginning 1st quarter 1960 for construction machinery are not strictly comparable with data for earlier periods. Quarterly shipments for 1959 have been adjusted, insofar as possible, to cover comparable items included beginning 1960. Revisions for 1st and 2d quarters 1959 are shown in the September 1960 Survey; revisions for 1958 will be shown later. New series (from Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve Eysten); monthly data for 1947–1958 are available upon request. 9 Includes data not shown separately.

Data exclude sales of combination washer-dryer machines; such sales (including exports) totaled 13,400 units in October 1960.

Revisions for 1958 are in the April 1960 Survey.

Bevisions for 1958 are in the April 1960 Survey.

Juless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	October	Novem-	Decem-	Janu-	Febru-	March	April	May	1960 June	July	August	Septem-	October	Novem
		ber [ber LEUM	ary COA	L, AN	D PR		CTS				ber		ber
	1							<u> </u>			1	1	Ī	1
COAL Anthracite: Production	1, 805 470 180	1, 863 445 213	1, 965 429 153	1, 634 378 101	1, 579 366 105	1,680 294 90	1, 231 283 110	1, 262 333 60	1, 437 317 154	1, 140 290 85	1, 637 336 137	1, 518 339 149	7 1, 612 319 154	p 1, 65
Prices: Retail, stove, composite dol. per short ton Wholesale, chestnut, f.o.b. car at minedo	27. 40 14. 651	27. 74 14. 651	27. 82 14. 651	28. 18 14, 651	28. 18 14. 651	28. 18 14. 651	28. 18 13. 433	27. 16 13. 188	27. 16 13.188	27, 28 13, 608	27. 33 13. 608	27.34 14.098	27. 55 p 14. 098	
ituminous: thous, of short tons. Industrial consumption and retail deliveries, total 9 thous, of short tons.	34, 921 26, 244	35, 997 32, 133	40, 554 36, 974	36, 110 38, 155	34, 670 36, 518	38, 860 39, 156	34, 740 30, 853	35, 990 29, 707	33, 325 27, 983	25, 250 26, 587	36, 470 28, 824	7 34, 440 7 27, 453	34, 805 30, 156	32, 72
Electric power utilities	13, 389 186 9, 680 2, 602	14, 084 236 14, 426 6, 212	15, 223 266 17, 719 8, 707	15, 865 263 17, 962 8, 891	15, 016 248 17, 266 8, 598	16, 099 251 18, 532 9, 107	13, 105 185 15, 747 8, 181	13, 155 145 14, 941 7, 603	13, 211 111 13, 424 6, 529	13, 373 99 11, 878 5, 720	14, 698 107 12, 282 5, 672	13, 658 112 7 11, 590 7 5, 169	14, 304 192 12, 931 5, 578	
Retail deliveries to other consumersdo Stocks, industrial and retail dealers', end of month.	2, 881	3, 267	3, 731	4, 063	3, 986	4, 269	1, 729	1, 323	1,098	1, 119	1, 616	1.978	2, 609	
total tons. of short tons. Electric power utilities do Railroads (class I). Manufacturing and mining industries, total. do. Oven-coke plants. do	72, 663 49, 758 246 21, 585 9, 374	74, 653 50, 561 233 22, 738 10, 128	76, 202 50, 107 225 24, 840 11, 495	73, 426 48, 038 225 24, 331 12, 099	70, 640 46, 084 209 23, 722 11, 242	66, 955 43, 345 195 22, 964 11, 148	68, 153 44, 356 176 23, 136 11, 324	71, 364 46, 575 168 24, 053 11, 916	73, 928 48, 275 178 24, 770 12, 391	70, 235 47, 517 158 21, 823 10, 243	72, 662 49, 334 162 22, 380 10, 742	74, 458 50, 813 163 22, 679 10, 918	76, 204 52, 215 164 23, 004 11, 081	
Retail dealersdo	1, 074	1, 121	1,030	832	625	451	485	568	705	737	786	803	821	
Exports do	3, 111 17. 10	2, 481 17. 12	2, 858 17, 14	2,050 17.19	2, 126 17, 20	2. 147 17. 21	3, 364 17. 21	3, 456 16, 71	3, 743 16. 69	3, 308 16, 78	3. 888 16. 87	3, 448 17. 08	3, 763 17, 21	
Wholesale: Screenings, indust. use, f.o.b. car at minedo Domestic, large sizes, f.o.b. car at minedo	5. 202 7. 838	5, 192 7, 944	5. 193 7. 953	5, 193 7, 953	5. 193 7. 953	5. 182 7. 953	5, 166 7, 331	5. 166 7. 300	5, 161 7, 406	5, 156 7, 463	5, 156 7, 619	7 5. 149 7 7. 769	p 5. 149 p 7. 769	
COKE reduction: Beehive	38 1,801 683 7 4,985	66 4, 284 672 r 5, 158	92 6, 071 762 r 4, 672	110 6, 187 768 4, 038	127 5, 912 706 3, 879	134 6, 243 799 3, 673	102 5, 654 809 3, 752	79 5, 271 829 3, 783	60 4, 543 1, 042 3, 892	50 3, 975 1, 132 4, 076	74 3, 923 1, 250 4, 271	7 58 3, 592 1, 166 4, 452	52 3, 879 4, 628	
At furnace plants 1	7 3, 257 1, 729 1, 096 50 30, 35	7 3, 398 1, 760 1, 114 35 30, 35	7 2, 987 1, 686 1, 141 42 30, 35	2, 528 1, 510 1, 163 38 30. 35	2, 544 1, 335 1, 166 34 30, 35	2, 504 1, 169 1, 191 35 30, 35	2, 610 1, 142 1, 196 20 30, 35	2, 674 1, 109 1, 178 24 30, 35	2, 811 1, 081 1, 167 37 30, 35	2, 964 1, 112 1, 199 37 30, 35	3, 122 1, 150 1, 202 32 30, 35	3, 280 1, 172 1, 208 31 30, 35	3, 437 1, 191 16	
PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS	30. 30	30, 30	00. 00	30.33	30. 33	30. 33	80. 90	30. 30	30. 50	911. 90	30. 35	50.55	30.35	30.
rude petroleum: Oil wells completed†number. Price at wells (Oklahoma-Kansas)dol. per bbl. Runs to stills†thous, of bbl. Refinery operating ratiopercent of capacity.	2, 076 2, 97 237, 066 81	2, 377 2, 97 239, 517 84	2, 430 2, 97 252, 442 86	2, 132 2, 97 256, 659 86	1, 464 2, 97 233, 880 84	1, 795 2, 97 245, 423 82	1, 502 2, 97 238, 809 82	1, 733 2, 97 246, 847 82	2, 075 2, 97 243, 773 84	1, 813 2, 97 257, 522 86	2, 108 2, 97 255, 748 85	1, 734 2, 97 242, 999 84	p 2. 97	.
New supply, totalt	289, 343	291, 946	313, 088	312, 721	296, 669	310, 214	297, 789	291, 377	291, 045	291, 271	296, 027	290, 536		
Crude petroleum‡do Natural-gas liquids, benzol (blended), etc.‡do Imports:	214, 248 27, 456	209, 449 27, 618	222, 969 29, 156	224, 140 29, 258	209, 986 27, 576	220, 977 29, 979	211, 132 28, 166	212, 296 27, 799	208, 161 26, 671	212, 645 27, 884	215, 145 28, 621	209, 119 28, 092		
Crude petroleum do Refined products‡ do Change in stocks, all oils (decrease,—) do	30, 355 17, 284 13, 259	29, 421 25, 458 -9, 386	31, 879 29, 084 -28, 486	28, 610 30, 713 -18, 105	29, 730 29, 377 -10, 591	29, 292 29, 966 -34, 532	33, 877 24, 614 14, 611	30, 571 20, 711 16, 307	32,730 23,483 2,854	31, 191 19, 551 14, 219	32, 768 19, 493 8, 543	20, 634		
Demand, total†	276, 084	301, 332	341, 574 258	330, 826	307, 260	344,746	283, 178 270	275,070	288, 191	277, 052	287, 484	276, 189 234		ĺ
Crude petroleum. do. Refined products‡ do. Domestie demand, total♀‡ do. Gasoline‡ do. Kerosene‡△ do. Distillate fuel oil‡ do. Residual fuel oil‡ do.	258 7, 287 268, 539 120, 858 8, 059 46, 075 38, 370	132 5, 453 295, 747 116, 056 11, 723 65, 895 50, 155	7, 238 334, 078 123, 578 15, 545 80, 976 58, 623	264 5, 734 324, 828 111, 311 14, 753 86, 200 61, 581	299 5, 505 301, 456 108, 871 13, 915 73, 050 55, 804	260 6, 302 338, 184 120, 497 15, 958 87, 137 60, 701	6, 477 276, 431 129, 094 7, 668 45, 385 45, 840	127 6, 421 268, 522 129, 952 6, 176 40, 450 40, 246	436 7, 155 280, 600 138, 909 6, 665 39, 755 39, 332	248 5, 742 271, 062 135, 838 8, 067 34, 919 36, 834	5, 938 281, 457 138, 371 8, 433 37, 137 36, 240	5, 393 270, 562		
Jet fuelt∆ do Lubricants‡ do Asphalt‡ do Liquefied gases‡ do	9, 364 3, 797 10, 267 18, 541	8, 767 3, 255 6, 225 21, 106	10, 064 3, 333 4, 419 23, 703	8, 973 3, 284 3, 066 23, 072	8, 584 3, 352 3, 218 21, 532	8, 903 3, 646 3, 769 23, 364	7, 887 3, 604 6, 673 15, 899	8, 752 3, 898 9, 478 14, 601	9, 255 3, 699 13, 411 14, 687	8, 732 3, 791 13, 848 14, 899	8, 254 3, 692 15, 581 17, 946	8, 723 3, 483 13, 727 15, 275		
Stocks, end of month, total do Crude petroleum do Natural-gas liquids do Refined products do	845, 914 257, 487 31, 942 556, 485	836, 528 255, 953 29, 135 551, 440	808, 042 257, 129 24, 887 526, 026	790, 865 252, 206 22, 406 516, 253	780, 274 257, 028 20, 793 502, 453	745, 742 260, 923 18, 916 465, 903	760, 353 266, 178 22, 215 471, 960	776, 660 261, 312 26, 400 488, 948	779, 514 257, 301 29, 380 492, 833	793, 733 242, 745 32, 467 518, 521	802, 276 234, 091 33, 224 534, 961	816, 623 231, 966 35, 639 549, 018		
tefined petroleum products: Gasoline (incl. aviation): Productiont do Exportst do Stocks, end of month:	121, 865 1, 688	122, 843 1, 537	129, 835 1, 793	130, 339 916	120, 307 914	126, 866 1, 284	123, 449 1, 607	125, 226 1, 436	126, 905 1, 307	133, 485 1, 115	132, 884 1, 160	127, 564 1, 107		
Finished gasoline do Unfinished gasoline do Britan (and Spirital)	162, 780	169, 701 11, 315	175, 319 11, 796	193, 575 12, 407	205, 379 11, 760	209, 854 12, 837	202, 610 13, 490	198, 081 12, 428	185, 655 12, 797	182, 193 13, 828	177, 795 12, 527	177, 667 11, 978		
Wholesale, refinery (Okla., group 3)dol. per gal Retail (regular grade, excl. taxes), service stations, 55 cities (1st of following mo.)dol. per gal	.110	. 105	. 103	. 100	. 105	. 113	115	. 105	. 115	. 120	. 125	. 125	P. 125	

^{*}Revised. **Preliminary. Q Includes data not shown separately. \[\) Includes nonmarketable catalyst coke.

† Revisions for 1958 will be shown later as follows: Oil wells completed (August and September); domestic demand—jet fuel (February–September); lubricants (January–August); for all other indicated items (January–September). Revisions for February–May 1959, respectively, for coke stocks follow (units above): Total—3,736; 3,647; 3,512; 3,273; furnace plants—2,302; 2,218; 2,131; 1,954.

3 Data for Alaska and Hawaii are included as part of domestic supply and demand beginning with January 1959 and January 1960, respectively; appropriate amounts for these States are reflected in data for all series affected. Data beginning 1960 for jet fuel and kerosene are not comparable with earlier data because jet fuel for use in commercial aircraft is now classified with kerosene; formerly, this product was reported primarily as "jet." \(\triangle \) See last sentence of note "3."

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and		1959							1960					
descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber
PE	ETROL	EUM,	COA	L, AN	D PR	ODUC	TS—C	ontin	ued					
PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS—Continued														
Refined petroleum products—Continued on Aviation gasoline: Production thous of bbl	10,022	9, 509	10, 467	10, 401	9, 761	9, 780	9, 145	9, 521	9,018	9, 374	10, 017	0.666		ĺ
Production	955 11, 715	9, 509 954 12, 203	1, 036 11, 923	555 13, 401	9, 761 582 14, 025	9, 780 863 14, 319	9, 145 1, 229 14, 274	9, 521 1, 084 13, 848	9, 018 953 13, 943	9, 374 888 12, 826	10, 617 977 12, 608	9, 666 915 12, 105		
Kerosene: \$ Production do Stocks, end of month do Price, wholesale, bulk lots (N.Y. Harbor)	8, 886 32, 396	9, 992 30, 701	11, 943 26, 817	13, 547 26, 510	10, 408 23, 020	11, 353 18, 440	9, 745 20, 547	9, 853 24, 217	9, 759 27, 354	11, 164 30, 499	11, 397 33, 379	10,776 35,408		
Price, wholesale, bulk lots (N.Y. Harbor) dol. per gal. Distillate fuel oil:	. 098	. 098	. 103	. 113	. 113	. 105	. 105	. 105	. 102	. 102	. 102	. 102	ĺ	
Production	53, 816 675 883	55, 044 822 849	$\begin{array}{c} 60,110 \\ 1,789 \\ 1,195 \end{array}$	59, 874 1, 610 789	51, 877 1, 095 981	55, 690 1, 229 998	52, 300 1, 520 779	53, 841 1, 342 1, 176	53, 338 1, 148 1, 163	56, 773 796 916	58, 081 773 751	54, 928 1, 005 484		
Stocks, end of monthdododododododo	181, 840	171, 114	151, 030	125, 924	105, 015	73, 948 . 095	81, 755 . 095	95, 461 . 095	109, 174	131, 044	152, 158	168, 235		
Residual fuel oil: Production thous, of bbl.	26, 949 13, 487	29, 147 21, 050	31, 206 22, 938	32, 452 26, 366	28, 938 24, 649	31, 065 25, 790	26, 410 19, 567	26, 072 15, 590	25, 297 17, 098	26, 265 13, 955	26, 125 14, 966	25, 779 15, 523		
Imports	2, 403 59, 506 1, 40	1, 339 58, 587 1, 50	1, 409 53, 261 1, 60	1, 728 49, 306 1, 60	1, 685 45, 775 1, 60	1, 767 40, 503 1, 50	1, 688 39, 285 1, 50	1, 484 39, 628 1, 50	1,098 1,967 41,074 1,80	875 43, 848 1. 80	1, 888 47, 177 1, 80	15, 523 1, 357 50, 136 1, 80		
Jet fuel:§ Productionthous, of bbl	8,738	8, 186	8,909	7, 250	7, 314	7, 272	7, 437	7, 338	7, 894	7, 528	7, 796	6, 961		
Stocks, end of monthdo Lubricants: Productiondo	8, 044 4, 934	8, 435 4, 718	8, 741 4, 968	6, 846 4, 895	7, 041 4, 614	6, 386 5, 027	6, 556 5, 052	6, 810 4, 953	6, 753 4, 921	6, 892 5, 232	7, 343 4, 689	6. 431 4, 944		
Exports1do Stocks, end of monthdo Price, wholesale, bright stock (midcontinent, f.o.b.		8, 792	1, 477 8, 950	1, 196 9, 365	1,040 9,588	1, 333 9, 637	1, 422 9, 665	1, 318 9, 404	1,559 9,668	1, 478 9, 032	1, 058 8, 942	1, 258 9, 149		
Tulsa)dol. per gal_ Asphalt: Productionthous. of bbl_	9, 424	. 240 6, 626	. 250 4, 822	. 250 4, 546	250 4, 363	, 250 4, 769	7, 719	. 260 9, 449	. 260 11, 042	. 260 11, 776	. 260	. 260		
Stocks, end of monthdododo	9, 579	10, 224 5, 573	10, 948 6, 019	12, 838 6, 260	14, 120 6, 277	15, 266 6, 990	16, 830 6, 591	17, 037 6, 307	15, 760 6, 604	14, 259 6, 747	11, 284 6, 716	9, 110 6, 229		
Production do Transfers from gasoline plantst do Stocks (at plants, ferminals, underground, and at refineries), end of month thous. of bbl.	13, 229 28, 286	15, 470 25, 190	17, 681 20, 785	16, 573 17, 721	15, 271 15, 861	16, 377 13, 793	9, 631 17, 382	8, 571 21, 594	8, 409 24, 836	8, 701 28, 633	11, 601 29, 683	9, 345 32, 036		
Asphalt and tar products, shipments: Asphalt roofing, total thous, of squares. Roll roofing and cap sheet do Shingles, all types do do do do do do do do do do do do do	2,743	3, 752 1, 429 2, 323	2, 866 1, 009 1, 857	2, 632 995 1, 637	3, 322 1, 224 2, 098	3, 746 1, 417 2, 329	4, 017 1, 403 2, 614	5, 268 1, 743 3, 525	5, 981 2, 006 3, 974	6, 002 2, 079 3, 923	6, 738 2, 567 4, 171	6,770 2,690 4,080	5, 951 2, 299 3, 652	
Asphalt sidingdo Insulated sidingdo	122 145	76 93	51 59 813	52 46 776	63 56 1 046	56 72 764	48 89 1,548	62 106 1,386	72 132 2,080	78 112	84 142 1,690	96 125	101 117	
Asphalt board products thous, of sq. ft_Saturated felts short tons.	2, 049 110,056	66, 612	61, 577	55, 940	1, 046 71, 809	74, 876	68, 471	1, 386 81, 091	2, 080 89, 640	1,739 92,696	99, 991	1, 947 94, 942	87, 553	
	1	PUL	P, PA	PER,	AND	PRIN'	FING	ī	ı		ï	1	1	1
PULPWOOD AND WASTE PAPER Pulpwood:														
Receipts	3, 448 3, 531 4, 961	3, 209 3, 268 4, 905	3, 388 3, 034 5, 173	3, 577 3, 395 5, 348	3, 404 3, 267 5, 482	3, 432 3, 498 5, 406	3, 199 3, 335 5, 285	3, 183 3, 469 4, 954	3, 442 3, 445 5, 083	3, 282 3, 124 5, 185	3, 791 3, 545 5, 449	3, 624 3, 311 7 5, 795	3, 738 3, 588 5, 973	
Waste paper: Consumptionthous, of short tons. Stocks, end of monthdo	815. 5 549. 6	745. 8 552. 3	705, 5 617, 0	738. 9 574. 4	755. 6 555. 5	778. 5 552. 5	753. 1 556. 8	770. 4 540. 0	781. 8 538. 8	651. 2 543. 8	783. 1 541. 7	759. 4 537. 7	770. 1 544. 0	
WOOD PULP Production:thous. of short tons	2, 187. 7	1, 989. 8	1,891.8	2, 109. 7	2,034.4	2, 175. 9	2,098.8	2, 165. 5	2,157.0	1, 915. 1	2, 196. 1	2, 053. 7		
Dissolving and special alphado Sulfatedo Sulfitedo	96. 7 1, 259. 3	92. 6 1, 132. 5 201. 5	84. 2 1,044. 5 203. 1	91. 9 1, 199. 5 234. 2	85. 6 1, 172. 0 210. 6	95. 3 1, 255. 9 218. 2	88. 5 1, 195. 9 231. 8	108. 0 1, 267. 9 213. 4	96. 3 1,266.2 211. 5	76.0 1,119.9 191.4	102.7 1, 276.7 208.1	81. 5 1, 182. 8 206. 5	97. 5 1, 298. 2	
Groundwooddo Defibrated or explodeddo Soda, semichem., screenings, damaged, etc.do	277. 0 116. 6 216. 7	260. 1 96. 9 206. 1	263. 0 92. 3 204. 7	277. 3 97. 7 209. 1	260. 0 97. 1 209. 1	278, 6 105, 5 222, 3	268. 3 102. 8 211. 5	262. 2 103. 8 210. 3	276.3 101.0 205.7	245. 4 92. 7 189. 8	274. 9 108. 6 225. 1	261. 1 110. 0 211. 7	283. 9 113. 5 208. 4	
Stocks, end of month: Total, all mills.	857.3	874. 8 270. 0	850. 7 235. 3	861. 9 267. 6	863.5 284.4	851.0 270.8	879. 9 283. 0	912. 5 305. 2	922. 5 301. 8	898. 9 300. 4	927.3 312.1	7 918. 3 7 301. 3	947. 4 332. 5	
Nonpaper millsdo	78.3	526, 3 78, 4	536. 7 78. 7	523. 3 71. 0 68. 5	505. 0 74. 1	504.0 76.2	520. 2 76. 7	526.3 81.1 102.0	535. 6 85. 0	522.3 76.2	543.3 71.9 99.5	71.2	545. 9 69. 1	
Exports, all grades, total†do Dissolving and special alphado All otherdo	31.5	45. 3 16. 8 28. 5	80. 7 33. 4 47. 3	29. 3 39. 3	69. 7 20. 6 49. 1	112. 5 44. 9 67. 6	85. 7 38. 7 47. 0	38. 8 63. 2		102. 7 33. 9 68. 8	32. 0 67. 4	107. 1 36. 3 70. 8	30. 7 59. 5	
Imports, all grades, total†do Dissolving and special alphado All otherdo	198. 1 16. 4 181. 7	232. 8 16. 6 216. 2	203. 8 18. 3 185. 5	173. 2 11. 2 162. 0	302. 4 14. 5 287. 9	207. 0 20. 9 186. 1	184. 9 14. 3 170. 6	193. 2 18. 2 175. 0	211. 0 15. 9 195. 1	177. 8 12. 0 165. 8	15. 4	198. 5 13. 9 184. 7	14. 4	
PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS All paper and board mills, production:			-											
Paper and board mins, production: Paper and board, total	1,358 1,405	2, 804 1, 227 1, 315 12 250	2, 630 1, 209 1, 177 11 233	2, 901 1, 320 1, 317 10 253	2,835 1,277 1,293 13 253	3, 027 1, 370 1, 375 14 269	2, 896 1, 327 1, 295 13 262	2, 946 1, 330 1, 332 14 271	2, 936 1, 291 1, 354 14 277	2, 567 1, 127 1, 174 10 256	1,368	r 1, 305	1, 337 1, 347 13	
"Revised. "Preliminary. "See similar tRevisions for 1958 will be shown later as follows: 1 tillate fuel oil exports (January-May and September); ary and November). § See last sentence of note "S" for p. S-35.	note, p. S	asoline ext	oorts, dist orts (May	illate fuel and June	oil impor e); lubrica	ts, residua ints expor	al fuel oil i ts (Janua	imports, t ry-Augus	ransfers f t); wood p	rom gaso oulp—expe	line plan orts (June	ts (Janua and Augt	ry-Septen ist), impoi	iber); dis- rts (Febru-

Indeed atherwise stated statistics through 1659 and		1959							1960					
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber
	PUL	P, PA	PER,	AND 1	PRINT	TING-	-Cont	inued	· ·					
PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS-Continued														
Paper, except building paper, newsprint, and paper- board (American Paper and Pulp Association): Orders, new —thous, of short tons. Orders, unfilled, end of month ?	1, 008. 0 725. 2 1, 191. 8	862, 6 664, 4 1, 068, 2	845. 1 621. 8 1.044.6	954. 0 713. 1 1, 146. 5	954. 3 698. 5 1, 122. 4	1, 050. 0 734. 6 1, 202. 1	995, 2 747, 5 1, 164, 1	959, 6 703, 6 1, 161, 6	941. 4 700. 2 1. 123. 9	r 859, 8 r 708, 7 r 975, 7	r 898. 0 r 660. 1 r 1, 117. 7	1 818. 0 1 669. 0 1 835. 0		1
Production do Shipments 9 do Stocks, end of month 9 do Fine paper: do Orders, new do Orders, unfilled, end of month do	990. 8 580. 9 142. 9	905, 6 581, 4 130, 5	860. 9 591. 6 133. 9	941. 4 598. 5	925. 2 612. 0 152, 1	999, 5 621, 8 159, 7	967. 2 628. 9 152. 5	977. 5 630. 8 145. 7	954. 7 631. 6 148. 8	r 806, 2 r 624, 3 r 122, 0	7 938, 5 7 630, 6 7 143, 1	1 829. 0 1 557. 0 141. 0		
Production do Shipments do Stocks, end of month do Printing paper:	151. 1 144. 1 131. 4	71. 9 140. 5 132. 7 143. 9	69. 7 138. 4 132. 1 150. 8	76. 5 151. 3 143. 6 148. 5	81. 4 148. 6 149. 3 151. 2	81. 3 160. 9 152. 9 155. 8	86, 2 155, 0 157, 4 160, 7	83. 8 152, 4 145, 3 164. 1	86, 2 150, 3 151, 1 165, 9	7 79, 4 7 127, 1 7 125, 9 7 149, 4	7 82. 3 7 147. 1 7 148. 4 7 155. 3	75. 0 152. 0 147. 0 161. 0	Į.	
Orders, new	419. 7 418. 5 413. 3 411. 6 257. 5	367, 1 385, 3 380, 8 380, 8 257, 5	378, 5 360, 8 381, 2 382, 8 256, 0	397. 0 428, 9 401. 0 394. 8 262. 3	402, 6 404, 3 389, 9 385, 9 266, 2	451. 1 425. 9 423. 6 418. 3 271. 5	407. 9 410. 5 403. 0 401. 8 272. 7	390, 9 385, 6 403, 0 401, 6 274, 1	423. 1 410. 5 395. 7 397. 0 272. 9	r 392, 4 r 418, 5 r 343, 2 r 344, 7 r 271, 3	* 388. 9 * 388. 6 * 406. 3 * 494. 4 * 273. 3	337. 0 389. 0 382. 0 382. 0 273. 0		
Stocks, end of monthdodoPrice, wholesale, book paper, "A" grade, English finish, white, f.o.b. milldoi. per 100 lbCoarse paper:	16. 45	16, 45	16.45	16, 62	16.62	16, 62	16.78	16. 95	16. 95	18. 95	16. 95	16. 95	r 16, 95	
Orders, new thous, of short tens. Orders, unfilled, end of month do Production do Shipments do Stocks, end of month do Newsprint: do	374. 9 182. 2 363. 8 365. 5 113. 3	306. 1 162. 4 314. 3 330. 4 106. 1	274. 1 146. 7 294. 0 287. 7 108. 8	383. 7 162. 6 334. 5 339. 6 113. 0	336. 6 166. 0 337. 1 329. 8 119. 4	371. 2 182. 4 358. 6 359. 9 122. 0	374. 1 203. 9 348. 3 347. 9 119. 8	351, 9 187, 2 363, 5 369, 6 115, 0	308. 1 157. 9 339. 1 345. 9 119. 3	r 292, 7 r 161, 7 r 284, 6 r 282, 2 r 119, 4	7 310, 4 7 143, 8 7 329, 0 7 325, 9 7 120, 2	300. 0 145. 0 301. 0 300. 0 123. 0		
Canada (incl. Newfoundland): Production		563, 3 594, 5 166, 9	538. 5 551. 8 153. 6	527. 4 493. 8 187. 3	533. 6 494. 8 226. 0	575. 0 517. 9 283. 2	547. 1 589. 0 241. 3	563. 1 569. 5 234. 9	566, 3 593, 2 208, 0	555. 9 561. 5 202. 4	570. 2 551. 8 220. 8	570, 6 589, 9 201, 4	591. 4 583. 2 204. 6	
Productiondo	1	169. 0 169. 9 18. 3	167. 2 167. 3 18. 1	179. 4 167. 0 30. 5	157. 1 155. 6 32. 0	172. 3 166. 0 38. 4	168. 7 173. 5 33. 6	173. 3 171. 5 35. 4	171. 2 174. 3 32. 3	157. 2 155. 9 33. 6	179. 9 171. 5 42. 0	161. 6 167. 9 35. 7	184. 5 183. 3 36. 9	
Consumption by publishers do	i	487. 5 644. 7	459. 1 658. 8	431. 6 651. 8	416. 4 670. 1	469. 9 646. 1	476. 9 651. 1	510. 4 593. 2	461.9	419. 7 623. 7	420. 4 646. 0	454. 4 654. 4	516. 7 615. 1	
Imports	460. 5 134. 40	488. 8 134. 40	513. 4 134. 40	370. 9 134. 40	427. 6 134. 40	456, 7 134, 40	432. 2 134. 40	480. 6 134. 40	476. 1 134. 40	411.1 134.40	486. 3 134. 40	429. 2 134. 40	474. 8 p 134. 40	
Orders, new thous, of short tons. Orders, unfilled, end of month do Production, total do Percent of activity Paper products:	1, 463, 5 483, 2 1, 484, 8 97	1, 293. 5 438. 8 1, 334. 9 94	1, 269, 1 424, 8 1, 288, 6 80	1, 266, 3 462, 2 1, 234, 1 92	1, 324. 1 441. 1 1, 339. 2 95	1, 436. 1 467. 1 1, 434. 4 93	1, 330. 1 321. 3 1, 341. 2 92	1, 368. 2 480. 5 1, 355. 8 92	1, 351. 5 450. 2 1, 366. 6 93	1, 191. 1 457. 8 1, 159. 6 77	1,402.5 418.4 1,426.0 93	1, 306. 8 429. 1 1, 314. 2 87	1, 384. 9 418. 2 1, 392. 5 93	1, 267. 7 409. 4 1, 302. 8
Shipping containers, corrugated and solid fiber, shipments‡mil. sq. ft. surface area. Folding paper boxes, shipments, index of physical volume	10, 597 133. 6	8, 447 123. 1	8, 635 130. 2	8, 455 113. 7	8, 604 121. 8	9, 544 136. 4	8, 946 120. 0	9, 041 125. 8	9, 195 130. 2	8, 239 105. 1	9, 864 129. 2	9, 651 - 133. 6	9, 448 p 132. 0	8, 737
PRINTING	1 005	2 1 500	1 105		0.1.074	004	1 004			4 005				
Book publication, totalnumber of editions_ New booksdo New editionsdo		² 1, 586 ² 1, 372 ² 214	1, 185 955 230	3 560 3 471 3 89	² 1, 354 ² 1, 116 ² 238	984 805 179	1, 264 989 275	² 1, 797 ² 1, 481 ² 316	1, 241 1, 006 235	1. 385 992 393	² 1, 187 ² 976 ² 211	936 768 168	² 1, 705 ² 1, 385 ² 320	1, 181 955 226
]	RUBB	ER AI	ND RU	JBBEI	R PRO	DUC	ΓS				-		
RUBBER Natural rubber:														
Consumption long tons Stocks, end of month do Imports, including latex and guavule do Price, wholesale, smoked sheets (New York) dol, per lb.	74, 172 48, 378	42, 039 78, 503 48, 844 . 475	42, 950 79, 405 47, 443 404	46, 354 76, 156 34, 795 . 415	46, 022 75, 320 40, 949 . 403	47, 205 81, 599 38, 581 . 405	42, 032 83, 451 36, 343	41, 263 82, 693 32, 018	42, 576 76, 605 31, 639	35, 229 76, 389 28, 555 . 418	37, 258 82, 385 39, 597 . 368	36, 770 82, 227 31, 853	37, 033 76, 116 26, 908	I
Synthetic rubber: Iong tons Production	128, 532 98, 736 190, 607	124, 825 84, 014 202, 057 24, 432	125, 779 89, 188 210, 996 32, 590	130, 742 95, 133 221, 622 29, 283	126, 334 93, 203 221, 183 29, 814	131, 933 97, 727 223, 738 34, 488	120, 895 90, 252 221, 511 37, 018	126, 804 91, 993 227, 332 31, 114	122, 547 95, 849 226, 032 29, 508	116, 584 79, 413 235, 693 28, 780	121, 635 88, 578 242, 740 30, 544	112, 853 87, 330 242, 959 24, 285	110, 991 88, 784 238, 591 23, 166	
Reclaimed rubber: Production do Consumption do Stocks, end of month do	28, 330 26, 312 27, 393	22, 585 21, 447 28, 526	23, 783 23, 218 29, 628	26, 442 26, 540 29, 031	26, 965 25, 944 28, 653	29, 100 26, 625 29, 719	26, 209 24, 210 30, 916	25, 676 23, 763 32, 611	25, 429 24, 677 31, 699	21, 472 19, 249 33, 624	23, 540 21, 452 33, 979	22, 251 22, 101 33, 949	23, 546 23, 269 33, 519	
TIRES AND TUBES														
Pneumatic casings: Production thousands Shipments, total do Original equipment do.	10, 884 10, 269 2, 966 7, 166	8, 347 6, 458 1, 440	9, 645 7, 942 3, 197	4 10, 325 4 11, 322 4, 333	4 10, 772 4 10, 179 3, 996	4 11, 115 4 9, 737 3, 753	111.114 3,584	4 10, 779 4 11, 188 3, 724	4 11, 507 3, 449	4 9, 788 4 10, 113 2, 735	4 9, 147 4 8, 941 1, 578	4 9, 184 4 9, 630 2, 950	4 9, 530 4 10, 014 3, 589	
Replacement equipment do_ Export do Stocks, end of month do Exports (Bur. of Census) do	136	4, 898 120 25, 133 97	4, 565 180 26, 933 108	6, 833 156 4 25, 943 145	6, 047 136 4 26, 473 125	5, 827 157 4 27, 921 125	7, 348 182 4 27, 401 159	7, 306 157 4 26, 967	7, 884 174 4 26, 359	7, 228 150 4 26, 108	7, 213 151 4 26, 298	6, 560 120 4 25, 893	121 4 25, 499	
Inner tubes: Productiondo Shipmentsdo	4, 392 3, 915	3, 756 3, 097	3, 612 3, 135	3, 899 5, 391	4, 043 4, 011	4, 241 3, 282	3, 628 3, 306	3, 611 3, 330	3, 426 3, 547	3, 261 3, 440	3, 017 3, 308	3, 024 2, 894	3, 067 3, 000	
Stocks, end of monthdo Exports (Bur. of Census)do **Preliminary	9,088	9, 918 71	10, 536 83	8, 924 85	9, 002 78	10, 113 112	10, 495 146	10, 852 135	10, 700 113	10, 627 102	10, 254 107	10, 446 84	10, 589 137	

^{*}Revised. **Preliminary. 1 September data exclude estimates for tissue and miscellaneous papers. 2 Data for months noted cover 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks. 3 Beginning January 1960, data are based on a new definition of a book and are not entirely comparable with those for earlier periods. 4 Motorcycle tires are included beginning January 1960.
On the second of the second

Inless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and		1959							1960					
descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru-	March	April	May	June	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem ber
	ST	ONE,	!		GLA	SS Pl	RODU	CTS						
DODEL AND GEMENT	l						1				<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
PORTLAND CEMENT Production, finished cementthous, of bbl	31, 127	26, 100	24, 111	18, 669	16,080	18, 422	27, 015	31, 832	31.930	31, 982	33, 270	31, 130	31, 449	
Percent of capacitythous, of bblthous, of bbl	32, 523	$\frac{77}{22,219}$	69 20, 577	53 12, 909	$\frac{49}{14,698}$	53 17, 812	80 27, 638	88 30, 468	$\frac{91}{34,363}$	$\frac{88}{32,964}$	92 36, 623	33, 866	87 33, 179	
tocks, end of month: Finisheddo Clinkerdo	23, 913	27, 794	31, 328	37. 284	38, 553	39, 165	38, 721	40, 101	37, 667	36, 611	33, 244	r 30, 455	28, 725	
CLAY CONSTRUCTION PRODUCTS	11,681	13, 169	16, 506	21, 939	27, 382	33, 474	33, 545	33, 049	30, 488	27, 532	23, 444	r 20, 257	17, 259	
chipments:														
Brick, unglazed (common and face) mll. of standard brick	654.1	542.9	464.1	351.3	370. 5	391. 4	644.2	672.8	685. 6	624. 7	665. 1	610.2		
Structural tile, except facingthous. of short tons_ Sewer pipe and fittings, vitrifieddodo	43. 9 186. 5	35, 2 146, 2	33. 8 131. 3	33. 9 107. 0	33. 6 106. 0	35. 5 116. 0	49. 5 175. 4	50. 1 177. 0	47. 5 190. 8	45. 1 179. 8	45. 0 199. 0	40. 1 187. 1	41. 3 169. 2	
Facing tile (hollow), glazed and unglazed mil. brick equivalent. Floor and wall tile and accessories, glazed and un-	37.8	31.1	30.3	26. 1	26.6	27. 2	31. 6	36.6	37. 9	35. 9	39. 6	37. 4	38.0	
glazed mil. of sq. ft. Price index, brick (common), f.o.b. plant or N.Y. dock	24.0	20.6	20.4	18.7	18.4	20.3	19. 2	20.4	22.1	19. 4	21.0	19.9	18.9	
1947-49=100_	139. 4	139. 4	139.9	140.6	140.6	140.6	140. 6	141.2	141.3	141.3	141.6	141.7	141.7	
GLASS AND GLASS PRODUCTS									i					
Flat glass, mfrs.' shipments (qtrly. total)&\text{\sigma} thous. of dol Sheet (window) glass, shipmentsdodo			78, 796 34, 911			75, 586 25, 857			63, 493 22, 801			67, 055 26, 912		
Plate and other flat glass, shipments dodo			43, 885			49, 729			40, 692			40, 143		
Blass containers:‡ Productionthous, of gross	13, 508	12, 246	11, 310	12,755	13, 131	13, 708	12, 693	13, 514	14, 896	14, 185	15, 671	12, 899	13, 968	
Shipments, domestic, totaldodo	11,942	9, 316	10, 403	10, 989	11, 216	12,887	12,601	13, 959	14, 164	12, 626	16, 126	14, 014	12, 839	
Narrow-neck fooddodo Wide-mouth food (incl. packers' tumblers, jelly	1,037	853	910	1, 108	1, 190	1,406	1,306	1, 343	1, 337	1,322	2, 225	2,729	1, 444	
glasses, and fruit jars)thous, of gross	3, 577	2,756	3, 144	3, 382	3, 329	3,620	3, 268	3, 591	3, 891	3, 610	4, 638	4, 313	3, 953	
Beverage do Beer bottles do	626 838 1, 402	625 609 887	983 808 936	632 838 965	580 838 1,114	957 1, 161 1, 337	1,285	1, 517 2, 054 1, 218	1, 641 1, 968 1, 295	1, 172 1, 800 993	848 2, 299 1, 267	610 960 1, 305	570 861	
Liquor and winedododododododododododododododo	3, 170 1, 120	2, 681 766	2, 550 890	2, 848 1, 075	2, 972 1, 070	3, 137 1, 137	1,292 2,771 1,101	2, 905 1, 199	2,779 1,122	2, 594 1, 005	3, 406 1, 242	2, 794 1, 093	1, 574 3, 156 1, 134	
Dairy productsdo	172	139	181	141	123	132	135	132	131	130	201	210	147	
Stocks, end of monthdo	14, 113	16, 731	17, 312	19, 123	20, 423	20, 963	20,986	20, 358	20, 681	22,061	21, 500	19, 907	20, 890	
GYPSUM AND PRODUCTS; Crude gypsum, quarterly total:														
Importsthous, of short tons_ Productiondo			r 1, 620 2, 649			$1,158 \\ 2,145$			71, 147 2, 626			1,683 2,658		
Calcined, production, quarterly totaldo	,	1	2, 166	,		2,057			2,374	1		2, 281	İ	1
Gypsum products sold or used, quarterly total:			1,000			r 743			r 1, 059			071		
Uncalcined uses thous, of short tons. Industrial uses do Building uses:			82			76			71,059					
Plasters: Rase-coatdo			317			279			317			328		
All other (incl. Keene's cement)do			310						316			345		·
Lath			529. 2 1, 442. 5 58. 7			456.2 1,290.4 747.5			514. 7 1, 533. 7 72. 9			531. 3 1. 561. 6		
Anomey			!	ים אודים	BD OX	UCTS	!					1	1	
	1	ī	I ILA	I RELES	INOL	1	,		!	ī	!	1	1	!
APPAREL				,, ,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,										
Tosiery, shipments thous, of dozen pairs, then's apparel, cuttings: \(\frac{1}{2} \)	14, 207	12, 962	11,894	11, 567	11,806	13,025	11,930	11, 391	13, 663	11, 217	13, 536	13, 354	13, 269	
Tailored garments: Suits thous. of units. Overcoats and topcoats do do	1,772 492	1, 804 336	11,955 1300	1, 828 224	1, 836 256	1 2, 085	1,968 476	1, 896 512	11,885	1, 032 336	1, 780 548	1 1, 715 1 425	1, 684 332	
Coats (separate), dress and sportdo	904	904	11,125	888	904	1 895	896	956	1 1,055	576	944	1 775	872	
Trousers (separate), dress and sportdo Shirts (woven fabrics), dress and sport	8,876	7,780	17,850	8,024	8, 592	19,035	8,236	8,600	18,935	6, 812	8, 520	18, 105	6, 200	
Work clothing: Dungarees and waistband overalisdo	2,004	1, 980 276	1 2,010	1, 980 268	1, 964 296	1 2, 365	2,160	2,048 296	1 2, 270	1, 424 196	2, 072 280	12,095	1, 980 232	
Shirtsdo	324	292	1 355	328	348	1 365	364	344	1 355	248	352	1 310	316	
Women's, misses', juniors' outerwear, cuttings:△ Contsthous, of units-	2, 365	2,403	1, 507	1, 892	2, 308	2,078	942	841	1.832	2, 127	2, 693	2, 087	2, 276	
Dresses do- Suits do-	19,720 589	19, 467 662	18, 405 786	19, 185 1, 280	22, 033 1, 301	26, 974 1, 013	27, 625 593	26, 037 440	20, 371 709	15, 861 800	21, 500 870	17, 824 521	19, 614 610	
Waists, blouses, and shirtsthous. of doz_ Skirtsdo	1,318 704	1, 141 674	998 536	1, 227 880	1, 507 828	1, 456 850	1,547 866	1, 515 925	1. 402 877	1, 223 934	1,383 996	1, 310 844	1, 277	
r Revised. ¹ Data cover a 5-week period. σ Revisions for 1957-2d quarter 1959 will be shown		, 014	. 000	. 000	, 040	1 000	, 500	1 920	, 011	1 994	1 980	1 0'14	1 907	İ
Fragment Revisions for 1957-2d quarter 1959 will be shown Revisions for January 1958-February 1959 for glas 2,431; uncalcined uses, 798; all other building uses, 51.2;	later. s containe	rs appear	in the Ma	ay 1960 Su	RVEY; th	ose for gy	psum and	products	s follow (u	mits abov	e): 1st qu	arter 1959	crude p	roducti
2,431; uncalcined uses, 798; all other building uses, 51.2; \$Comprises sheathing, formboard, and laminated b	zd quarte	r 1959—-ur	icaicined i	uses, 1,078	; sa quar	ter 1959—i	шports, 1,	892,						

t	, -													
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of RUSINESS STATISTICS	October	1959 Novem-	Decem-	Janu-	Febru-	March	April	May	1960 June	July	August	Septem-	October	Novem
BOSINESS STITISTICS		ber	ber	ary	ary				o une	oury	21(1)(13)	ber	October	ber
		TEXT	TLE	PROD	UCIS	—Con	tinuec	<u> </u>						
COTTON														
Cotton (exclusive of linters): Production: Gimings §	9, 714	r 13, 376	114,089	² 14, 356		8 14, 515 3 14, 558				140	823	3, 680	8, 424	12, 59-
Consumption dododo	732 r 20, 357 r 20, 270	725 18, 986 18, 907	4 800 17, 464 17, 396	735 15, 627 15, 563	731 14, 068 14, 008	12, 424 12, 371	708 11,056 11,010	710 9, 828 9, 785	4 858 8, 483 8, 446	562 7, 559 7, 526	685 21, 039 20, 939	4 801 20, 127 20, 031	667 18, 966 18, 877	
On farms and in transitdo Public storage and compressesdo Consuming establishmentsdo Foreign cotton, totaldo	7 6, 912 12, 423 935 86	3, 487 14, 195 1, 225 79	2, 201 13, 656 1, 539 68	1, 505 12, 301 1, 757 63	952 11, 140 1, 916 60	687 9,731 1,953 52	441 8, 634 1, 935 46	304 7, 678 1, 803 42	6, 664 1, 581 38	215 5, 916 1, 395 34	13, 940 5, 864 1, 135 100	11, 364 7, 693 974 96	7, 902 9, 961 1, 014 89	
Exports†	392 2 32. 5	652 (6) 30. 9	728 2 30. 1	1, 109 2 29. 3	839 6 28. 1	767 4 28. 2	669 3 29.0	524 1 29. 4	501 2 29. 7	676 1 31. 4	114 90 32.3	193 22 32. 2	439 1 31. 6	30.
Cotton linters: Consumption	31. 7 115 234 497	31. 6 108 219 558	31.8 4 131 197 585	31. 9 115 190 609	32. 0 108 173 633	32. 0 4 124 160 653	32. 1 103 113 625	32. 2 106 73 578	32. 2 4 120 52 500	32. 0 72 42 463	30. 8 88 44 405	30. 5 4 112 129 386	30. 2 101 227 449	30.
COTTON MANUFACTURES				000	333	000	020	0,0	500	100	200	Q ao	110	
Spindle activity (cotton system spindles):¶‡ Active spindles, last working day, total thous Consuming 100 percent cotton do do do do do do do do do do do do do	19, 273 17, 648	19, 308 17, 696	19, 326 17, 709	19, 365 17, 678	19, 358 17, 665	19, 299 17, 602	19, 310 17, 599	19, 315 17, 589	19, 325 17, 604	19, 228 17, 529	19, 266 17, 561	19, 259 17, 652	19, 241 17, 618	
Spindle hours operated, all fibers, totalmillions_ Average per working daydo Consuming 100 percent cottondo Cotton yarn, natural stock, on cones or tubes: Prices, wholesale, f.o.b. mill:	9, 970 499 9, 118	9, 880 494 9, 051	4 11, 039 442 4 10, 157	9, 995 500 9, 144	9, 985 499 9, 131	4 12, 143 486 4 11, 126	9, 844 492 8, 989	9, 827 491 8, 964	4 11, 740 470 4 10, 737	7, 933 397 7, 211	9, 418 471 8, 605	4 11, 244 450 4 10, 328	9, 204 460 8, 464	
20/2, carded, weaving dol. per lb. 36/2, combed, knitting do	. 685 . 946	. 685 .948	.685 .948	. 692 . 948	. 692 . 946	. 692 . 946	. 675 . 946	. 668 . 943	. 661 . 938	. 661 . 941	. 651 . 936	. 651 . 936	p, 646 p, 926	
Cotton broadwoven goods over 12 inches in width, production, quarterlytmil. of linear yd	44, 789 27, 671	37, 396 33, 791	2, 445 44, 728 41, 325	47, 521 38, 472	38, 699 41, 454	2, 479 42, 090 39, 948	35, 492 45, 824	36, 772 35, 877	2, 426 33, 620 50, 720	41, 045 38, 348	24, 085 37, 632	28, 830 38, 823	36, 179 26, 610	
Prices, wholesale: Mill margins Denim, white back, 10 oz./sq. ydcents per yd. Print cloth, 39-inch, 68 x 72 Sheeting, class B, 40-inch, 48 x 44-48do	32. 61 36. 4 17. 0 17. 3	33, 04 36, 4 18, 0 17, 5	33. 20 37. 4 18. 3 17. 5	33, 67 37, 4 18, 9 17, 5	34. 18 37. 4 18. 9 17. 5	34. 12 38. 3 18. 9 17. 5	33, 43 38, 3 18, 1 17, 5	32. 77 38. 3 18. 0 17. 5	32. 85 38. 3 18. 0 17. 5	32.60 38.3 18.0 17.5	32, 92 38, 3 17, 5 17, 4	32, 04 38, 3 16, 5 17, 0	30. 51 p 38. 3 p 15. 8 p 16. 5	29. 78
MANMADE FIBERS AND MANUFACTURES														
Fiber production, quarterly total \$\foatstyle \tau \text{mil. of lb}\$ Filament yarn (rayon and acetate)	1		462. 8 181. 3 79. 7 158. 6			476. 0 178. 8 79. 9 168. 8			7 480. 8 172. 2 79. 7 7 181. 0			445. 0 157. 4 76. 5 166. 4	7 47. 7 7 24. 3	
Exports: Yarns and monofilamentsthous, of lb. Staple, tow, and topsdo Imports: Yarns and monofilaments;do Staple, tow, and tops;do	2, 059 334	5, 538 2, 869 208 8, 627	6, 661 5, 383 571 9, 700	4, 505 3, 846 244 7, 717	4, 864 3, 141 337 5, 832	5, 184 2, 989 604 9, 068	7, 468 4, 349 599 5, 780	6, 432 3, 341 353 5, 867	7, 013 3, 716 492 4, 362	8, 513 4, 391 314 3, 532	9, 091 3, 042 477 4, 161	6, 412 3, 591 314 3, 583		
Stocks, producers', end of month: Filament yarn (rayen and acetate)mil. of lb_ Staple, incl. tow (rayen)do	48. 4 55. 9	59, 1 56, 1	56. 3 55. 0	56. 9 52. 1	58. 2 51. 4	61. 7 53. 3	63. 7 55. 1	64. 4 55. 9	58. 5 59. 7	62. 8 65. 2	, 65.3 61.0	7 68. 4 59. 0	68.3 55.1	
Prices, rayon (viscose): Yaru, filament, 150 denierdol. per lb Staple, 1.5 denierdo	.82	. 82 . 33	.82 .33	. 82 . 33	. 82 . 33	. 82 . 33	. 82 . 30	. 82 . 29	. 82 . 28	. 82 . 28	. 82 . 28	. 82 . 28	p. 82 p. 28	
Manusade-fiber broadwoven fabries: Production, quarterly total \$\mathbb{q}\tau_t\text{thous, of linear yd.} Rayon and acetate (excl. tire fabrie)do Nylon and chieffy nylon mixturesdo			622, 539 393, 864 81, 461			629, 397 386, 652 86, 755			609, 881 368, 512 90, 395					
Exports, piece goodsthous, of sq. yd_	15, 764	14, 263	14, 835	13, 719	13, 642	13, 283	13, 975	12,604	12, 592	11, 151	11, 301	11,409	14, 682	
thous, of lb. Price, raw, AA, 20-22 denier	663 4. 14	937 4. 32	814 4, 51 9, 009	624 4, 56	438 4. 43	526 4.27 7,775	560 4.34	415 4.37	608 4, 52 6, 819	594 4. 59	933 4. 79	661 4. 92	544 2 4, 86	
WOOL														
Wool consumption, mill (clean basis):¶‡ Apparel classthous, of lb Carpet classdo	20, 497 12, 301	18,068 11,241	4 20,486 4 15,808	20, 552 16, 457	20, 590 15, 043	⁴ 23, 164 ⁴ 16, 205	20, 017 13, 647	21, 153 11, 702	4 26, 264 4 11, 477	18, 639 9, 008	20, 395 14, 095	4 22. 287 4 15, 147	17, 605 12, 118	
Wool imports, clean content;do Apparel class (dutiable), clean content;do RevisedP Preliminaryd Ginnings to Decer	23, 295 9, 046	14,730 6,573		21, 465 9, 758		28,013 11,151		15, 868 6, 057	24, 134 9, 885	18. 954 7, 597	19, 205 7, 800	17, 921 7, 239	17, 632 6, 715	

r Revised. P Preliminary. Ginnings to December 13. Ginnings to January 15. Total ginnings of 1959 crop. Less than 500 bales. December 13. Ginnings to January 15. Total ginnings of 1959 crop. Less than 500 bales. December 1960 crop. Less than

Section Process Proc			1959							1960					
### TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT ### AIRCRAFT Monitorium of complete types AIRCRAFT ### AIRCRAFT ##	descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of	October	Novem-				March	April	May		July	August		October	Novem ber
West prince, with beach, parked dots print 1.755	TEXTILE PRODUCTS—Continued														
Geod Ferreich entwilling and stagles:	WOOL AND MANUFACTURES														
Productory, greater's treats doubts offling yis	Wool prices, raw, clean basis, Boston: Good French combing and staple: Graded territory, finedol. per lb Graded fleece, 3/8 blooddodo Australian, 64s, 70s, good topmaking, in bonddo Knitting yarn, worsted, 2/20s-50s/56s, Bradford system,	1.072 1.125	1, 112 1, 125	1, 125 1, 162	1. 125 1. 175	1. 080 1. 175	1. 075 1. 175	1.095 1.212	1.090 1.225	1. 088 1. 225	1.070 1.225	1, 065 1, 175	1. 065 1. 175	1. 036 1. 075	I. 12 1. 02 1. 07
TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT TRANSPORTATION EQU	Production, quarterly totalt thous, of lin. yd. Apparel fabrics, total do. Other than Government orders, total do. Men's and boys' do. Women's and children's do.			69, 254 69, 145 29, 216			72,624 71,820 32,336			79.317 78,467 32,302					
AINCRAFT Manufacturum of complete types, parks, etc.: Orders, new fuelt, number, do. For U.S. millitary entrology (stat.)	Flannel, men's and boy's1947-49=100	108, 1 92, 4												106. 3 92. 4	
Manufactures of complete types Invest, entense, providers, pro			TRAN	SPOI	RTATI	ON E	QUIP!	MENT	,	<u>' </u>	<u>'</u>		<u> </u>	<u>'</u>	
Aircraft, engines, propellers, partie, eff.c. Orders, protein, morriedy totals Orders, protein, morriedy totals Orders, protein, morriedy totals Orders, protein, morriedy totals Orders, protein, morriedy totals Orders, protein, morriedy totals Orders, totals, end of quarter Orders, totals,	AIRCRAFT														
Shipments thous, of dol. 103,464 7,045 2,084 2,085 2	Aircraft, engines, propellers, parts, etc.: Orders, new (net), quarterly totalmii. of dolSales (net), quarterly totaldo			3,028 12,120	-		2, 732 12, 220			2, 836 11, 991 5, 229			2, 593 12, 463		
Conches, fotal	Shipments	2, 434. 5 15, 541	2, 048. 9 15, 234	2, 605. 1 32, 651	2, 262. 4 21, 928	2, 647. 6 11, 926	2, 187. 5 48, 078	2, 662. 6 54, 811	3, 159. 7 79, 413	2, 429. 1 37, 985	2, 495. 8 72, 573	2, 031. 7 46, 641	2, 232, 4 59, 244	1, 910. 1 30, 589	
Tassenger cars (new and used) do. 0, 667 10, 507 10, 507 10, 507 12, 438 13, 202 13, 605 11, 626 9, 525 7, 418 6, 460 4, 385 5, 105 14, 152 1710 14, 152 1	Coaches, total do Domestic do Passenger cars, total do Domestic do Trucks, total do	268 268 537, 159 523, 500 94, 993	179 169 267, 829 259, 633 53, 972	286 187 475, 382 462, 831 72, 652	371 338 676, 712 661, 103 115, 268	241 241 656, 579 640, 924 124, 210	340 303 659, 730 644, 780 129, 441	366 362 588,046 576,817 114,590	451 432 607, 191 596, 861 118, 023	364 359 605, 582 596, 296 111, 420	424 414 421, 355 414, 787 79, 444	358 347 324,020 320,681 65,948	211 148 386, 694 378, 415 77, 038	447 396 627, 678 610, 828 75, 034	p1685, r 1 p1597,0 p188,
Vans.	Trucks and buses	10, 957 10, 902 54, 045 52, 479	10, 500 15, 475 54, 861 58, 641	8, 190 9, 815 74, 453 71, 838	12, 311 12, 438 51, 200 50, 354	13, 422 16, 230 68, 469 66, 242	13, 050 18, 721 69, 856 67, 461	11, 626 17, 842 58, 241 56, 659	9, 526 21, 581 51, 208 48, 153	7, 418 21, 798 38, 077 35, 355	6, 460 19, 621 34, 265 30, 988	4, 386 27, 099 22, 187 20, 737	5, 105 9, 306 24, 717 22, 916	14, 132 12, 461 26, 688 24, 811	
New passenger cars	Vansdodododo	3, 260	3,814	4,044	3,903	4,023	3, 990	3,389	3, 241	3,096	2, 391	2, 511	2, 194	2, 162	
American Railway Car Institute: Freight cars: Shipments, total	New passenger carsdo New commercial cars†do		426, 929 74, 178			494, 178 69, 588	596, 669 89, 627								
Shipments, total				i											
Shipments, total do list like 228 9 18 12 21 24 13 7 27 32 33 Domestic do list like 228 9 18 12 21 24 13 7 27 32 33 Domestic do list like 228 9 18 12 21 24 13 7 27 32 33 Domestic do list like 228 9 18 12 21 24 13 7 27 32 33 Domestic do list like 228 9 18 12 21 24 13 7 27 32 33 Domestic do list like 228 9 18 12 21 24 13 7 27 32 33 Domestic do list like 228 282 315 294 270 282 315 288 256 223 Domestic do list like 228 282 315 288 256 223 Domestic do list like 228 282 282 315 294 270 282 282 282 315 288 256 223 Domestic do list like 228 282 282 282 282 282 282 282 282 28	Freight cars: Shipments, total	1, 329 1, 329 955 2, 722 2, 722 2, 722 0 36, 219 18, 403 18, 383	1, 226 1, 226 992 2, 424 1, 274 1, 150 36, 575 18, 377 18, 357	1, 681 1, 586 1, 446 10, 754 5, 764 5, 565 4, 990 44, 089 22, 547 22, 328	1, 633 1, 613 1, 236 5, 741 3, 932 3, 932 1, 809 48, 369 24, 848 24, 649	5, 138 5, 138 2, 763 3, 211 1, 398 1, 398 1, 813 46, 522 22, 915 22, 716	4, 408 4, 408 1, 542 1, 961 1, 841 1, 837 120 42, 334 20, 149 19, 946	4, 200 4, 200 1, 369 5, 541 4, 546 4, 546 995 41, 206 20, 485 20, 282	3, 550 3, 550 2, 381 2, 221 1, 662 1, 650 559 36, 321 18, 607 18, 392	3, 697 3, 697 2, 345 311 244 244 67 29, 770 14, 349 14, 134	2, 556 2, 481 1, 412 1, 306 647 647 659 26, 798 12, 440 12, 300	2, 371 2, 315 1, 809 7 1, 334 709 708 625 23, 951 10, 773 10, 688	2, 949 2, 894 1, 371 72, 056 2, 050 2, 050 76 21, 692 9, 874 9, 844	3, 185 3, 160 1, 472 5, 885 927 4, 958 22, 905 7, 616 7, 611	
Freight cars (class I): \(\)	Shipments, total do Domestic do Unfilled orders, end of month, total do Domestic do	15 2 187	14 2 177	² 28 149	9 282	18 282	12 315	21 294	24 270	13 282	315	27 288	32 256	33 223	
Serviceable, end of month 27, 439 727, 460 727, 460 727, 383	Freight cars (class 1):§ Number owned or leased, end of monththous. Held for repairs, percent of total owned Locomotives (class I): Dicsel-electric and electric: Owned or leased, end of mo.No. of power units	8.3	8.0	7. 2 28, 815	7.3	7.5	7.6	7.7	8.1	8. 2	8. 6	8.8	8. 9 r 28, 972	8.9	
Unfilled orders, end of month do 314 7329 7190 7190 7199 829 1190 829 829 829 829 829 829 829 829 829 829	Serviceable, end of monthdododo			27, 439 134 314			r 27, 255 r 97 r 329			r 27, 460 r 148 r 190			7 27, 383 7 89 7 119		

^{*} Revised. * Preliminary. 1 Preliminary estimate of production. 2 In addition to unfilled orders reported by equipment manufacturers, railroad company shops reported unfilled orders for 10 cars (March-November 1959); shipments of these cars were made in December 1959. 3 Figures for one State are incomplete. 4 Excludes data for van bodies.

Are devisions for 1957 (except for detachable van bodies) are available upon request.

Onew registrations in Alaska and in Hawaii are included effective with data for January 1959 and January 1960, respectively. 18cattered revisions for woolen and worsted goods production (1958), motor vehicle exports and imports (1958), truck registrations (1958-May 1959), and for freight car new orders (1955-58) are available upon request.

\$Excludes railroad-owned private refrigerator cars.

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