survey of CURRENT BUSINESS



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE OFFICE OF BUSINESS ECONOMICS

SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

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The Business Situation

THE business advance was extended in the late summer with private investment and government outlays providing the main stimulus to the rise. Consumer purchasing of goods has held up well, but is not yet a strong expansionary force. With the continued increase in expenditures for services, the movement of total consumer outlays is up. Consumer use of installment borrowing to supplement current incomes is continuing on a comparatively modest scale, reflecting a cautious buying attitude with respect to major durable items.

Investment turning up

A significant aspect of very recent developments is the advance in plant and equipment investment now scheduled for the current half year. These expenditures reached a low in the second quarter of 1961, and it is now anticipated by businessmen that this important sector will experience a moderate rise in the third quarter and again in the fourth. This improvement has been reflected in the rising trend of new machinery orders and production in recent months.

Manufacturers' inventories rose in July after leveling out in the second quarter. The increase in manufacturers' stocks, the first in about a year, was accompanied by some rise in trade inventories. The turnaround in business inventory policy is a factor in the rising trend of industrial output.

Private housing expenditures increased again in August. The trend of housing starts so far this year has been moderately upward, with the June–July figures somewhat above a year ago. Applications for FHA-insured new housing units have been moving ahead in the past few months after a long and deep decline. Total public outlays for new construction were also higher in August.

The rise in investment occurs at a time when the liquidity position of business is generally quite favorable. The sharp rebound in output has brought a considerable improvement in profits from the depressed rates of the first quarter, and the availability of corporate funds has been augmented by the continued rise in depreciation allowances stemming from the enlarged capital stock subject to depreciation.

Expansion in production

The continued rise in industrial production in August encompassed a wide variety of consumer goods, business equipment, and industrial materials. The Federal Reserve seasonally adjusted production index last month was about 2 percent above its previous high reached in January 1960, with most industries participating in the upward movement which began more than 6 months ago. In early September production advances were registered by the steel, paperboard, and electric power industries.

In the automobile industry, production has also been rising after the summer cutback as most plants began turning out the new 1962 models in large volume, a changeover some several weeks earlier than in other recent years. Producers of home appliances and radio and television receivers have stepped up production rates quite sharply in recent months, though sales of these goods at retail stores have shown only a modest improvement.

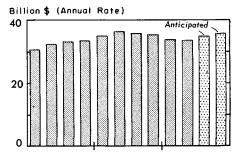
Income and employment

Personal income in August at an annual rate of \$419½ billion was off somewhat from July, but this was the result of the fact that the July figures included a special payment of

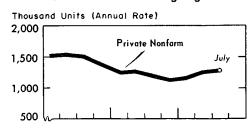
national service life insurance dividends (\$2.6 billion at annual rate). Compared with the July income exclusive of this extra payment, August income was up a little, but the slight rise contrasts with large month-tomonth increases subsequent to February of this year. Recent changes are reviewed in a following section.

INVESTMENT UPTURN

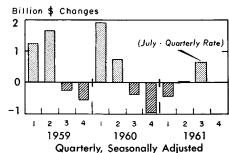
PLANT AND EQUIPMENT OUTLAYS Business Expects Mild Second Half Pickup



HOUSING STARTS Moving Higher



Manufacturers Rebuild STOCKS In Third Quarter



Data: SEC-OBE & Census

U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

Nonagricultural employment and payrolls were a little higher in August on a seasonally adjusted basis, following the sharp rise in spring and early summer. There was some further expansion in most durable goods industries, with transportation equipment a principal exception by reason of the model changeover. Nondurable goods employment has changed little in the past 2 months after substantial advances in earlier months. Government, retail trade, and finance also reported increased employment in August; declines occurred in mining and service establishments. The workweek remained near the high rate of recent months on a seasonally adjusted basis.

Retail sales little changed

Retail sales in August, after seasonal adjustment, were little changed from July. Nondurable goods sales were up somewhat, but durable goods were down. This is the second month of relative stability in aggregate purchasing in retail stores. The indication is that thus far in the third quarter, retail sales have been at about the same rate as in the second and even with a year ago, after seasonal allowances.

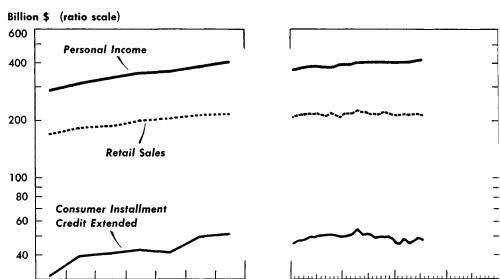
As shown in the accompanying chart, retail sales have not kept pace with the marked rise in personal income since the early months of the year. In fact, retail sales have not shown much growth for nearly 2 years, primarily in reflection of the demand for durable goods. The ratio of retail sales to personal income has shown an irregular but generally declining tendency in the past several years—from more than 58 percent in 1954 to 54½ percent last year and 52 percent this summer. Only a very small part of this decreased ratio is explained by a relative rise in the personal income tax take.

Fundamentally the change reflects a more rapid rate of increase in service expenditures than in purchases of goods at retail stores. Total consumer expenditures for both goods and services have shown only small variations relative to income in the past several years; in recent quarters the

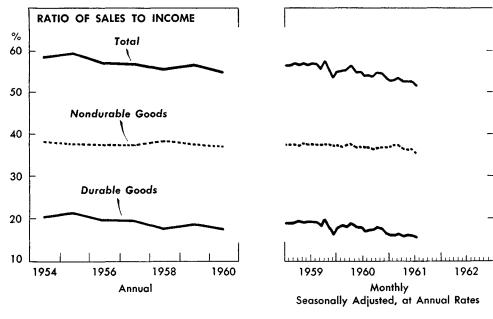
ratio of consumer expenditures to disposable income has been well within this range of fluctuation.

Services have been claiming a larger share of consumer income since the early postwar period, when they were abnormally low. At the present time the services ratio is slightly higher than in 1929. Since 1954 alone the ratio has risen from about one-third to almost 40 percent of disposable personal income, with an approximately equivalent decline in the percentage of income spent for goods.

- Personal Income Has Recovered Sharply Since Early 1961
- Retail Sales Have Risen Much Less
- Installment Credit Extended Has Lagged Along With Durable Goods Sales



Downward Drift in Sales-Income Ratio Mirrors This Cautious Buying in Big Ticket Items



U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

Expansion in Incomes

BEGINNING in March and continuing through midyear, total income rose substantially from month to month in terms of both current dollars and real purchasing power. In July, the advance continued, with a boost from the special dividend paid to holders of Government life insurance more than offsetting a tapering in the rate of increase in income from production. In August, the advance in earned income slowed again, and overall income fell off with the completion of the special disbursements.

At a seasonally adjusted annual rate of \$419½ billion, individuals' incomes in August were \$16 billion, or 4 percent above the February low, and \$13 billion, or 3 percent, higher than their prerecession peak in October of last year. The bulk of this advance occurred by June, with the subsequent rise limited to a net of \$2 billion.

Improvement has been widespread, with most major income flows showing good gains over both the October and February levels. Wage and salary disbursements, at a \$283 billion annual rate in August, were \$13 billion above February and \$10 billion more than in October. As evident from the accompanying chart, the swing in payrolls over this period was confined largely to commodity-producing and distributive industries.

In conformity with past experience, the current cyclical recovery in personnel incomes has centered in payrolls, with employment, hours, and earnings all moving ahead. A little less than half the February-August payroll advance occurred in manufacturing. Total manufacturing payrolls in August, at an annual rate of \$89 billion, equaled their previous peak of January 1960.

Construction, trade, and the service and finance industries have responded to the general economic recovery, with payroll increases in each ranging between \$1½ billion to \$2 billion. Wages and salaries of government employees have risen \$1½ billion, with State and local governments accounting for the bulk of the increase.

As is usual in cyclical changes, personal income was much better main-

tained than was total GNP-a factor limiting the fall in consumer demand, and hence in restricting the overall business decline. While total national output fell \$6 billion from the second quarter of 1960 to the first of 1961, personal income from production declined only \$1½ billion and all individual incomes rose \$1\% billion. Conversely, with national output up \$15½ billion in the second quarter of 1961, personal income rose one-half as much. These differential movements, shown in the table, are traceable in the main to the behavior of government transfer payments and to the stability of corporate dividends in the face of sharp reductions and subsequent advances in corporate profits.

Government payments expand

Unemployment insurance benefits are designed to move counter to swings in output. In the recent decline, the bulk of the increase came as industrial output weakened in mid-1960. With the general decline in employment and payrolls in November, unemployment benefits showed a sharp increase and thereafter leveled off as the effect of

Changes in Income and Output

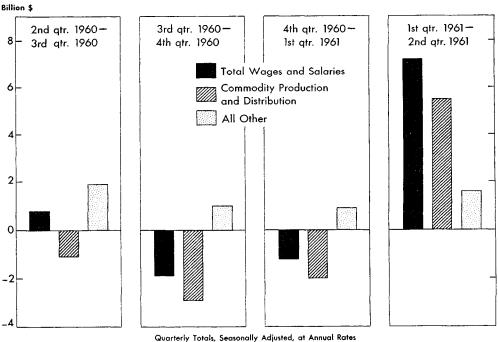
(Billions of dollars at seasonally adjusted annual rates)

	Qua	arters of 1	1960 and	1961
	II to III	III to IV	IV to I	I to II
Changes in—				
Gross national product	-1.3	6	-3.7	15, 3
Personal income	2.0	. 3	7	8. 5
Personal income from-				
Production	1, 3	9	-1.8	7.8
Transfer payments	. 7	1.3	1.4	. 9
Corporate profits	-1.8	-1.2	-2.9	5. 5
Dividends	.1	. 2	1	0

further employment declines was offset by the exhaustion of benefit rights. The sharp increases in April and May (to an annual rate of \$5 billion) resulted from legislation designed to expand incomes and alleviate distress by extending unemployment benefits. By August, payments had again fallen to about the first quarter average.

Two additional measures were taken by the Federal Government to speed recovery by bolstering consumer purchasing power. In March, holders of national service life insurance policies received advance payments of dividends originally scheduled for disbursement throughout the remainder of 1961.

RECENT CYCLICAL SWINGS IN PAYROLLS Confined to Commodity Production and Distribution



U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

These amounted to \$1.8 billion at annual rates. In July, a special dividend (\$2.6 billion at annual rates) was paid to holders of Government life insurance policies.

Retirement benefits under the oldage and survivors' program, which had been growing at the rate of \$1.5 billion annually, showed an unusually large increase of \$1.2 billion in the February-to-August period. In addition to the continued growth in population of retirement age, payments were raised by liberalization of retirement privileges and the upward adjustment of benefit rates.

Dividends stable

Another factor in the stabilization of the personal income flow was the maintenance of dividend disbursements, with the quarterly changes in total output shown in the accompanying tabulation being absorbed by the sharp fall and subsequent recovery in corporate taxes and undistributed profits. Despite the wide swings in profits since early 1960, dividend disbursements have held roughly constant at an annual rate of approximately \$14 billion—

Changes in Personal Income

	{Billion do	llars,	seasoı	ally :	adjust	ed at	annu	al rate	s]					_	
				1960						19	61				
Line		Jan.	May	Oct.	Nov	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Line
A	Personal income	395, 4	403.6	406.4	406.0	404.0	403.6	403. 1	407.3	409.8	413. 2	417.3	421. 2	419, 3	A
В	Wage and salary disbursements	268, 2	272.8	272, 9	271, 5	269, 6	269, 6	269, 5	271, 1	274.6	277. 2	280, 7	282, 3	282, 8	В
C D E F G	Commodity-producing industries Manufacturing only Distributive industries Service industries Government	89.0 70.1 39.5	88.9 72.2 40.5	86.3 72.4 41.4	85. 4 72. 0 41. 5	84.0 71.8 41.7	83, 8 71, 8 41, 6	83. 5 71. 8 41. 7	84. 1 71. 8 42. 1	86 1	87. 6 72. 9 42. 5	88. 9 73. 5 42. 9	89.3	89. 2 74. 2 43. 6	D E F
\mathbf{H}	Other labor income	10.7	10,8	11, 1	11, 2	11.3	11.0	10.7	10.6	10,7	10.8	11.0	11, 1	11, 1	Н
I	Proprietors' income	46.9	48, 8	48. 9	49, 2	48.9	48.9	48.7	49.0	49.0	49.1	49.5	49, 5	49, 5	I
K	Business and professionalFarm	35. 8 11. 1	36. 4 12. 4	36. 4 12. 5	36. 4 12. 8	36. 0 12. 8	36.0 12.8	35, 8 12, 9	36.0 13.0	36. 1 12. 9	36. 3 12. 9	36. 4 13. 0	36. 6 12. 9	36. 6 12. 9	J K
${f L}$	Rental income of persons	11.7	11.7	11.7	11.7	11,6	11,6	11,5	11.4	11, 5	11.5	11.5	11,5	11,5	L
M	Dividends	14. 1	14, 0	14, 4	14.4	14. 1	14, 2	14, 2	14, 2	14, 2	14, 2	14. 3	14, 3	14, 3	М
N	Personal interest income	25, 1	26, 1	26.6	26, 7	26, 7	26.8	26, 8	26, 8	26, 8	27.0	27, 1	27, 2	27, 4	N
O	Transfer payments	27.9	28.5	30, 2	30.7	31, 0	31.1	31.1	33, 7	32, 5	33, 0	33, 0	35, 2	32, 4	0
P	Old-age and survivors' insurance benefits.	10.6	11.2	11.4	11.3	11. 5	11.6	11.7	12.0	12.4	12. 5	12. 5	12, 7	12, 5	P
$_{ m R}^{ m Q}$	Unemployment insurance benefits. All other	2. 7 14. 6	2. 6 14. 8	3. 8 15. 0	4. 3 15. 1	4. 3 15. 2	4. 1 15. 4	4. 2 15. 2	4. 3 17. 3	4. 6 15. 4	5. 1 15, 5	4. 7 15. 7	4.3 18.1	4. 2 15. 6	Q R
s	Less: Personal contributions for social insurance.	9, 2	9.3	9, 3	9, 3	9.2	9.6	9.4	9, 6	9, 6	9.7	9,8	9,8	9.8	s

a volume made possible in the short run by the fact that a substantial portion of profits had been retained by corporations and used for internal

(Continued on page 24)

with small cutbacks during the recession INVESTMENT IN SECOND HALF 1961 Most Major Industries Program Upturn

to the 1960-61 decline are those showing

relatively less strength in the current

recovery in investment. Durable goods

manufacturers accounted for nearly half

of the earlier decline of \$2.8 billion, but

less than one-tenth of the currently projected rise. Conversely, industries

Index, 2nd Qtr. 1960 = 100 120 Nondurable Goods Mfg. **Public Utilities** Commercial & Other 100 Total Business Nonrail Transportation Durable Goods Mfg. 80 60 Railroads 40 2nd Qtr. 4th Qtr. Data: 1961 1961 SEC & OBE (Anticipated)

Capital Investment To Rise

 ${f R}$ EALIZATION of businessmen's fixed investment programs for 1961, as reported in the OBE-SEC survey conducted in July-August, would place the end of the 1960-61 decline in plant and equipment outlays in the second quarter, when expenditures were reduced to \$33½ billion at a seasonally adjusted annual rate. From that figure expenditures are expected to rise to \$34.8 billion and \$35.9 billion, respectively, in the last two quarters of this year-the fourth-quarter anticipation is 7 percent above the second quarter. If realized, 1961 would be 3 percent below 1960 outlays, with all major industries lower except public utilities.

The investment programs for the final half of 1961 are above those reported in the preceding quarterly survey. Expenditures in the first half year were less than projected; thus the

\$34½ billion expenditure now anticipated for the full year 1961 is virtually unchanged from that indicated in the March and June surveys.

Upturn in second half

Projected capital spending for the second half of this year as set forth in the anticipations would exceed the first-half actuals in all major industrial sectors, except railroads. Generally, outlays are scheduled to rise in the third quarter and to advance further in the fourth. As now planned, the rise would be moderate, with the largest rates of increase—ranging from 8 to 13 percent—from the first-half lows to the fourth quarter occurring among nondurable goods producers, commercial firms, and public utilities.

As can be seen in the chart, the industry groups which contributed most

t, U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

are accounting for major portions of the increase.

Manufacturing investment

Total investment by manufacturers in productive facilities in 1961 is now expected to be \$13.8 billion, or 5 percent, under 1960. Nondurable goods industries have scheduled a 3-percent rise in expenditures, while durable goods producers' programs show a one-eighth decline.

Sales of durable goods have moved up smartly from their late winter low and backlogs of orders on hard goods producers books have expanded, but plans for 1961 fixed investment have been revised downward somewhat. In the March survey, expenditures for new plant and equipment by these firms were expected to be \$6.7 billion in 1961; in the current survey the estimate has dropped to \$6.3 billion. Within the year 1961, most durable goods industries expect no further decline in investment rates between the second and fourth quarters.

The fourth-quarter 1961 investment in new facilities by nondurable goods manufacturers will approximate the previous high of late 1957. If realized, these programs will represent an 8-percent advance from the low in the first quarter of this year. Actual outlays by the group in the first half were higher than anticipated 6 months ago, and plans for the second 6 months have also been adjusted upward.

Larger expenditures in 1961 than in 1960 are now forecast by the food, chemical, and petroleum industries. In the two latter groups, planned fourth-quarter spending will be higher than the 1960 peaks. While the paper, textile, and rubber industries are still projecting lower expenditures this year than last, they have revised their estimates upward from earlier reports.

Nonmanufacturing programs

Firms engaged in nonmanufacturing activities will account for three-fifths—or about \$21 billion—of total fixed investment by business in 1961. As now projected, the total will be off \$0.5 billion, or 2 percent, from 1960, although within the group, investment developments have followed widely

diverse patterns in timing and magnitude of changes (see chart).

The sharpest decline, nearly 40 percent, is reported by the railroads—a mature industry facing particularly complex problems of sagging revenues, increasing competition, and heavy debt service. Planned capital outlays are expected to drop throughout the year, with the sharpest decreases in expenditures for equipment. Nonrail transportation firms plan outlays in 1961 of \$1.9 billion—close to the 1960 investment.

For electric and gas utilities the year's total investment will probably continue the 1959–60 plateau at a rate

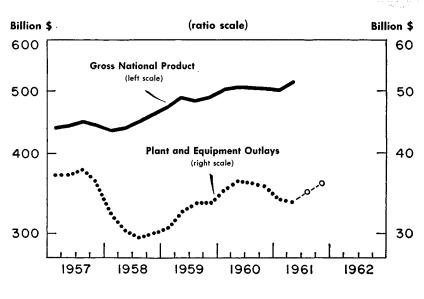
Percentage Change in Plant and Equipment Expenditures From 1960 To 1961

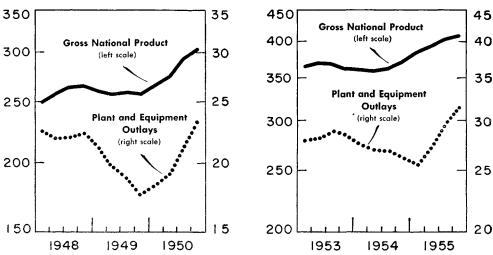
[Billions of dol	larsj		
	1960	1961 1	Percent change
Manufacturing Durable goods industries Nondurable goods industries	14. 48 7. 18 7. 30	13. 80 6. 28 7. 52	-5 -13 3
Mining	. 99 1. 03 1. 94 5. 68 11. 57	. 99 . 63 1. 88 5. 75 11. 52	-38 -3 1 0
Total	35. 68	34.56	-3

1. Anticipated by business in late July and August 1961.

about one-tenth under the 1957 peak which capped a decade of spectacular rise. For electric utilities, expendi-

GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT AND PLANT AND EQUIPMENT EXPENDITURES IN RECESSION PERIODS





Quarterly Totals, Seasonally Adjusted, at Annual Rates

O Anticipated

Data: SEC & OBE

U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

tures will rise steadily from the firstquarter low to a rate some 8 percent higher in the final quarter. For gas utilities, the rise during this year is scheduled to be about 3 percent. Communication and commercial firms plan to maintain capital spending in 1961 at close to the record 1960 rate. Investment by the commercial sector has been programed at a record rate for the second half of 1961.

Investment decline in 1961 mild

If a rise in capital spending by American business should occur in the second half—as now seems indicated—the 1960-61 decline was the mildest in the postwar period; this decline, however, came after such investment had failed in a cyclical recovery to chalk up a new high.

The trough in capital spending will apparently lag the low in total output of goods and services by one-quarter the average lag in the postwar period. Also the dip in expenditures for new plant and equipment showed about the same relative contribution to the decline in GNP as in previous recessions.

Of interest is the relative position of capital outlays to GNP in the 1960-61 period. (See chart.) While total output in the second quarter of 1960 had risen one-tenth, in current dollars, from the 1957 peak, plant and equipment expenditures were 4 percent short of the 1957 records. The projected upturn in capital outlays in the second half of 1961 would be quite moderate, but this is normally a lagging cyclical sector. It is now being stimulated by the turnaround in profits and the sharp advance in demand for corporate products.

Table 1.—Expenditures on New Plant and Equipment by U.S. Business, 1959-61

					[13	illions	of dolla	urs]											
	Annual Unadjusted Seasonally adjusted at annual rates													.es					
					19	60			19	61			19	60			19	61	
	1959	1960	1961 2	Jan Mar.	Apr June	July- Sept.					Oct Dec. ²	Jan Mar.	Apr June	July- Sept.	Oct Dec.	Jan,- Mar,	Apr June	July- Sept. ²	
Manufacturing industries	12.07	14, 48	13, 80	3.09	3, 76	3, 62	4, 01	3.00	3, 46	3, 44	3, 90	14, 10	14, 70	14.65	14.40	13, 75	13, 50	13, 75	14, 20
Durable goods industries Primary iron and steel Primary nonferrous metals. Electrical machinery and equipment Machinery, except electrical Motor vehicles and parts Transportation equipment, excluding motor	1.04 .31 .52	7, 18 1, 60 , 31 , 68 1, 10 , 89	6. 28 1. 16 . 26 . 68 1. 10 . 78	1.55 .33 .07 .12 .25 .17	1.88 .42 .08 .16 .28 .23	1.80 .42 .07 .17 .26 .25	1. 95 . 43 . 09 . 23 . 30 . 23	1,41 .28 .07 .15 .25 .15	1,58 .28 .07 .17 .28 .20	1.54 .30 .07 .16 .26 .21	1,75 .30 .06 .20 .32 .21	7.15 1.60 .30 .60 1.15 .80	7, 40 1, 60 . 30 . 65 1, 15 . 90	7.35 1.75 .30 .70 1.05 .95	6.85 1.45 .30 .75 1.05 .90	6, 50 1, 35 . 30 . 70 1, 15 . 70	6. 20 1. 05 . 25 . 70 1. 10 . 80	6, 15 1, 15 , 25 , 65 1, 05 , 80	6, 35 1, 10 . 25 . 65 1, 10 . 80
vehicles Stone, clay, and glass Other durable goods 3	. 39 . 53 1. 44	. 42 . 62 1. 56	. 39 . 49 1. 42	. 10 . 14 . 36	. 10 . 17 . 43	.10 .15 .37	.11 .16 .40	.09 .11 .30	.10 .12 .36	.09 .12 .33	.11 .14 .42	. 45	.40	. 40	. 40	. 40	. 40	. 35	. 40
Nondurable goods industries Food and beverage. Textile. Paper. Chemicals. Petroleum and coal Rubber. Other nondurable goods 4.	. 41 . 63 1. 23 2. 49 . 19	7.30 .92 .53 .75 1.60 2.64 .23 .64	7.52 .98 .51 .72 1.65 2.78 .22 .66	1, 54 . 21 . 12 . 16 . 33 . 53 . 05 . 15	1,88 .25 .13 .18 .40 .69 .06	1,81 .23 .14 .20 .40 .63 .06 .16	2.06 .23 .14 .21 .46 .78 .06 .18	1.59 .23 .12 .16 .33 .56 .05	1.88 .25 .12 .17 .42 .70 .05 .17	1, 90 . 25 . 12 . 19 . 42 . 70 . 06 . 16	2. 15 . 26 . 15 . 19 . 47 . 82 . 06 . 20	6, 95 . 90 . 50 . 70 1, 45 2, 55	7,30 .90 .50 .75 1.60 2.70	7, 30 . 95 . 60 . 80 1. 65 2. 50	7,55 .90 .55 .75 1.65 2.80	7.25 .95 .50 .75 1.50 2.70	7, 30 . 90 . 45 . 70 1. 65 2. 75	7.65 1.00 .50 .75 1.70 2.80	7, 85 1, 05 , 55 , 70 1, 70 2, 85
Mining	. 99	. 99	. 99	. 22	. 27	. 25	. 24	. 21	. 26	. 24	. 28	1.00	1.05	1.00	.90	. 95	1.00	. 95	1, 05
Railroads	.92	1.03	. 63	. 25	. 29	. 24	. 25	. 17	. 18	. 15	. 13	1.00	1.10	1.00	1.00	.70	.70	. 60	, 50
Transportation, other than rail	2.02	1.94	1.88	. 47	. 55	. 47	. 46	.41	. 48	. 53	, 47	2, 00	2, 15	1.90	1.80	1,75	1.80	2, 05	1,90
Public utilities	5, 67	5, 68	5,75	1.18	1, 42	1, 50	1.58	1.09	1, 39	1, 59	1.68	5.75	5.70	5, 60	5, 70	5, 35	5, 50	5.95	6,05
Communications. Commercial and other ³	2, 67 8, 21	3, 13 8, 44	11, 52	1.98	.80 2.19	2, 13	. 85 2, 14	2. 69	2, 85	2, 85	3, 12	11, 35	11.60	11.75	11, 65	11, 30	11.05	11.50	12, 20
Total.	32, 54	35, 68	34, 56	7.89	9, 28	8. 98	9, 53	7,57	8, 61	8, 80	9, 58	35, 15	36, 30	35. 90	35, 50	33, 85	33.50	34.80	35, 90

Data exclude expenditures of agricultural business and outlays charged to current account.
Estimates for the year 1961 are based on actual capital expenditures for the first 2 quarters and anticipated capital expenditures for the remaining quarters of the year. These data were reported by business in late July and August 1961. The anticipated data have been adjusted when necessary for systematic tendencies.

³ Includes fabricated metal products, lumber products, furniture and fixtures, instruments, ordnance, and miscellaneous manufactures.

4 Includes apparel and related products, tobacco, leather and leather products, and printing and related products. and publishing

 $^{^{5}}$ Includes trade, service, finance, and construction. Figures for 1961 and seasonally adjusted data include communications.

Note.—Details may not add to totals due to rounding. Data for earlier years were published in the June 1956, March 1958, and March 1960 Survey of Current Business.

Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and Securities and Exchange Commission.

The Balance of International Payments in the Second Quarter

Special Receipts More Than Offset Higher Net Payments on Usual Transactions

Gold and convertible currencies held by U.S. monetary authorities increased during the second quarter by about \$330 million. Liquid liabilities also rose during that period, but not quite enough to offset the gain in monetary assets. As a result, the liquidity position of the United States—measured in this way—improved by about \$90 million. This compares with a deterioration of \$330 million in the first quarter.

The shift from the first to the second quarter was strongly influenced by large nonrepetitive transactions and special short-term developments, the most important of which were the receipts by the U.S. Government of about \$650 million from the repayments by foreign governments of postwar assistance loans. Of that total, \$587 million was paid by Germany and close to \$40 million by the Netherlands in advance of the previously arranged repayment schedule, and \$20 million was paid by the Philippines as a result of a recently arranged debt settlement agreement. In addition, about \$75 million was received as principal repayment and interest, which was due in the following quarter.

One of the major special factors exerting a contrary or unfavorable influence on the second-quarter balance of payments was postponement of shipments of cotton until the higher subsidy payments came into effect with the beginning of the new crop year in August. The total decline in cotton exports, seasonally adjusted, from the first to the second quarter exceeded \$100 million; some part of this may represent postponed shipments.

The shipping strike during the second half of June may also be mentioned as

a special development, although it is not possible at this time to evaluate its net effect.

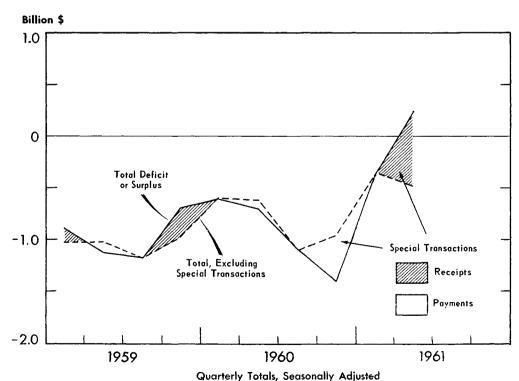
Earlier improvement partly reversed

Without the loan repayments and the earlier receipts of amortization and interest due in the third quarter, the U.S. balance of payments would have shown a reduction in our net liquidity position by about \$635 million, which when adjusted for seasonal factors represents a decline by about \$475 million, or at an annual rate of \$1.9 billion. This compares with a decline by \$1.4 billion (revised) during the

first quarter of the year. In the years 1958, 1959, and 1960, our international liquidity position declined by \$3.5 to \$3.9 billion per year. The very large improvement in our balance in the first quarter did not continue, therefore, and to some extent was reversed.

The underlying economic conditions both here and abroad may not have been quite so favorable for the balance of payments as was the case earlier this year. Business in the United States started to move up during the second quarter and continued to expand in the third. Abroad, particularly in the more advanced countries, production and

BALANCE ON U.S. INTERNATIONAL TRANSACTIONS ${\cal Y}$



1 Measured by changes in gold and convertible currencies held by U.S. monetary authorities and changes in U.S. liquid liabilities.

U. S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

demand were still rising, though in some instances productive capacities were more ample relative to demand, and delivery periods for durable equipment did not continue to lengthen. Inventory accumulations lessened as orders could be filled more promptly. The upward valuation of the currencies of Germany and the Netherlands can be potentially helpful to the competitive position of the United States, but the effects of these changes are not likely to have had much influence on the second-quarter trade.

The changes in business activity here and abroad, therefore, may have contributed to the \$260 million decline from the first to the second quarter in the seasonally adjusted surplus on goods and services.

Net payments on recorded private capital transactions dropped by about \$300 million from the first to the second quarter after seasonal adjustment, but this was approximately offset by an increase in net payments on unrecorded transactions.

Recorded short-term capital transactions were more favorable for the U.S. balance of payments as U.S. capital outflows declined substantially, and foreign credits to U.S. commercial enterprises—which had risen in the first quarter to an exceptionally high amount in comparison to similar transactions experienced previously—continued at a high rate during the second quarter.

A growing availability of funds in the United States for longer term loans and investments, together with interest rates lower than those charged in many foreign countries, however, contributed to a larger outflow of capital through medium-term bank loans and new security issues. To some extent this outflow was offset by larger purchases of U.S. securities by foreigners, as prices on U.S. security exchanges rose, but net foreign purchases declined again in June, and were followed in July by net

Table 1.—Analysis of U.S. Balance of Payments, Seasonally Adjusted ¹

-	[Millions	of dollar	s]					<u>-</u>
	Calend	ar year			1960		196	51
	1959	1960	I	11	III	IV	1	II
U.S. payments, recorded Imports: Merchandise. Military expenditures. Other services. Remittances and pensions. Government grants and capital outflows. Transactions involving no immediate dollar outflow from the United States? Dollar payments to foreign countries and internaticnal institutions. U.S. private capital Direct investments.	5, 134 791 3, 040 na na 2, 375 1, 372	31, 412 14, 722 3, 048 5, 557 848 3, 381 2, 155 1, 226 3, 856 1, 694	7,567 3,785 767 1,373 198 750 496 254 694 344	7,690 3,830 756 1,438 213 843 482 361 610 260	7,941 3,674 798 1,402 207 775 528 247 1,085 406	8,214 3,433 727 1,344 230 1,013 649 364 1,467 684	7,770 3,394 759 1,368 210 1,000 687 313 1,039 512	7,416 3,410 748 1,383 221 850 562 288 804 353
Long-term portfolio Short term U.S. receipts, recorded Exports: Merchandise Services. Repayments on U.S. Government loans. Foreign capital other than liquid funds	77 25, 472 16, 282 7, 427 1, 054	850 1, 312 28, 131 19, 409 7, 891 631 200	194 156 6,914 4,650 1,915 168 181	267 83 7,069 4.837 1.991 148 93	145 534 7,041 4,927 1,927 170 17	244 539 7,107 4,995 2,058 145 —91	-32 559 7,444 5,054 2,060 131 199	347 104 7,961 4,751 2,136 826 248
Excess of recorded receipts or payments (-). On goods, services, remittances, and pensions. On Government grants and capital. On private U.S. and foreign capital fother than liquid funds)	-619	-3, 281 3, 125 -2, 750 -3, 656	-653 442 -582 -513	-621 591 -695 -517	-900 773 -605 -1,068	-1, 107 1, 319 -868 -1, 558	-326 1,383 -869 -840	545 1, 125 -24 -556
Unrecorded transactions	528	-648	33	-142	-212	-327	-25	-296
Total, net receipts (+) or payments (-) (balanced by changes in holdings of gold and convertible currencies by U.S. monetary authorities and changes in liquid liabilities)	′	-3, 929 -521			,	-1,434		24 9
Total, excluding special transactions	-4.078	-3,405	-620	-683	-1, 112	—()(h)	-351	-475

^{1.} Excludes goods and services transferred under military grants, and the subscription to the International Monetary

The outflow of capital through direct investments may have been somewhat less on a seasonally adjusted basis than in the first quarter, when it was very high, but data are not vet complete.

Decline in exports

Seasonally adjusted exports of nonmilitary merchandise declined from an annual rate of \$20.2 billion in the first quarter to an annual rate of \$19.0 billion in the second quarter. This was the first major interruption of an upward movement which had started early in 1959 and continued for about 2 years, although in the second year the advance had become successively

Cotton accounts for more than onethird of the decline in exports.

Exports of machinery, which had been a major expansionary force during the last 2 years—and particularly during the last year when they accounted for about one-third of the export rise-dropped from an annual rate of nearly \$4.5 billion in the first quarter to about \$4.2 billion in the second. This is the equivalent of about 25 percent of the overall export decline. Orders received from abroad are reported to have been rising until very recently, and since in that industry shipments generally lag behind orders by a considerable time period, a recovery in exports may still occur.

A contraseasonal decline occurred also in exports of wheat, partly due to a reduced movement of grain financed by the Government under foreign assistance programs.

Another major factor in the recent export decline was the weakness in the markets for nonagricultural raw materials and semimanufactured products. This is not a new development but had started earlier, and in fact was the major factor contributing to the slowdown in the export rise over the last vear.

A major exception was exports of steel scrap which expanded vigorously; they doubled in value over the last year.

Seasonally adjusted, exports to all of the major areas declined. Among the individual countries a major exception in this general downward move-

Excludes goods and services transferred under miniary grants, and the subscription to the international storage yrund of \$1.375 million in 1959.
 Includes only direct financing provided by the Government for the exports of goods and services from the United States and for meeting other foreign obligations in the United States.
 Capital subscriptions to international financial institutions.
 Exceptionally large private direct investments involving cash payments abroad.
 Recepts from foreign governments through extraordinary debt repayments (\$649 million) and through debt service payments scheduled for different periods (\$75 million).

ment was Japan, which continued to increase its purchases here, although they put a noticeable strain on its foreign exchange position. In Europe, exports expanded to the Netherlands and to Spain, but fell off to most other countries.

In Latin America, sales appear to have increased only to Argentina and Peru.

A review of the changes in exports by commodity and country of destination

MERCHANDISE EXPORTS AND IMPORTS As a Percent of GNP

2.0 Exports 1950 52 54 56 58 60 62 Seasonally Adjusted Data

does not give the impression that the recent decline will be followed during the rest of this year by further substantial contractions, but neither does it give the assurance that it is merely a temporary interruption of a continuous and vigorous expansion.

U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

Imports start to rise

Merchandise imports, seasonally adjusted, advanced slightly from the first to the second quarter when they were at an annual rate just above \$13.6 billion. The rise, most of which occurred in June, and which was followed by a much sharper rise in July, reversed a decline which, with only minor interruptions, had continued since the last quarter of 1959. The decline had slowed down, however, in the fall of 1960 and imports appear to have passed their cyclical trough.

The expansion in the second quarter was largely in industrial materials, particularly iron and steel mill products. The increase in the latter by about a third from the first quarter may reflect the easier supply situation abroad, as well as a rise in domestic demand. Building materials, certain metals, and textile fibers were also among the imports which advanced, but imports of other important industrial materials, such as iron ore and copper, because of large inventories did not yet respond to the rise in domestic business activity.

Imports of nonfood consumer goods (other than automobiles) and of machinery changed little from the first to the second quarter after allowance for seasonal factors. Nonfood consumer

goods (other than cars) were more than 10 percent under the peak rate of over \$2 billion in the second quarter of 1960. Imports of automobiles appeared to have leveled out near the low rate of the first quarter.

The changes in imports affected the different areas and countries quite differently. Combining these countries into major groups, it appears that imports from the advanced industrialized countries stabilized after having declined substantially for more than a year, those from the economically advanced raw material exporters, including Canada, Australia, and New Zealand, have advanced but imports from the relatively less developed countries continued to decline.

Government Grants and Capital Transactions

TABLE 1 shows an estimate of the amount of Government grants and capital used for the direct financing of U.S. exports of goods and services or for the payment of foreign financial obligations in the United States, and the amount transferred in dollars to other countries or to international organizations. Of the total of \$3.4 billion in grants and capital provided to foreign countries by the U.S. Government in 1960, close to \$2.2 billion represents the value of goods and services provided by the United States or payments on behalf of the recipient countries for purchases or other obligations here. The remainder, or about \$1.2 billion, was used for expenditures abroad or transferred to international organizations. Included in the \$1.2 billion are subscriptions of over \$150 million of capital to international financial organizations. In the fiscal year 1961, the amount spent in the United States increased to \$2.4 billion, while the amount spent abroad remained at \$1.2

These estimates are provided here to assist in the analysis of the relationship between Government grant and capital expenditures and other items in the balance of payments.

The amounts spent directly in the

United States (\$2.2 billion in 1960 and \$2.4 billion in fiscal year 1961) appear in the balance of payments both as credit items (e.g., exports of goods and services) and as debit items (Government grants and capital outflows). These transactions did not result in a transfer of dollars (or at most only a temporary transfer) to foreign accounts, and the conclusion may be drawn that they had, at least, no direct net effect on the changes in foreign holdings of liquid dollar assets or foreign purchases of U.S. gold. They did, of course, make a corresponding resource contribution to the economies of the foreign countries receiving the assistance, and alleviated their balance-of-payments problems.

Indirectly, these transfers may have affected the balance of payments of the United States, but it would be most difficult to estimate the magnitude. The indirect effects depend upon an evaluation of alternative developments if Government financing for these exports had not been available.

The first question concerning these alternatives may be whether the foreign country receiving the goods and services would have been willing, and in the financial position, otherwise to purchase them. With assistance being given mainly to countries having very limited

foreign exchange resources, and generally not accumulating reserves, purchases of the goods and services provided under the various assistance programs would tend to have reduced their other purchases. In some instances, however, such purchases may have come from countries other than the United States, and in those cases our total exports have not increased by quite so much as has our assistance. In other cases, however, Government-financed shipments may have diverted cash purchases from other countries to the United States. Judging from the side

Table 2.—U.S. Balance

L	lillia	IIIS :	of e	വി	ares

			(Millior	ts or d	onarsi															
7.1		i	All ar	eas		We	estern	Euro	ре	Ea	stern	Euro	ре		Can	ada			tin Ar repub		n
Line	Type of transaction	190	60	196	1	190	30	19	61	19	60	19	61	196	60	19	31	196	50	196	1
		I	II	I r	II p	I	II	I r	II p	I	II	I,	II p	1	II	I r	II p	I	п	I -	II »
1 2 3	Exports of goods and services	6, 796 443 6, 353	7, 584 622 6, 962	7, 210 312 6, 898	na	2, 288 240 2, 048	323	132	na na 2, 352			66 66				1, 180 1, 180		8	23	16	na na 1, 250
4 5 6	Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military	4, 607 429 192	4, 994 470 249	5, 009 413 197	448	1, 520 185 22	209 31	1, 716 183 25	200	2	46 2 (x)	61 (x)	43 2 (z)	27 91	1, 048 30 126	25 87		847 67 63	926 73 73	851 62 67	805 65 73
7 8 9	Private	336 36 58	339 36 122	354 38 70	352 38 144	12 34	156 13 89		13 95		(x)	(z)	(x)	29 (z) 9		1 11	(z) 13		62 6 9	65 7 4	66 7 5
10 11 12	Direct investments Other private Government	517 118 60	565 130 57	613 142 62	160 89	23 18	105 30 24	33 19	37 48	1	(x)	1	 6	54 51	89 52	55	60	20 23	152 22 18	169 25 19	186 26 17
13 14 15 16	Imports of goods and services. Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military. Transportation. Travel. Miscellaneous services:	5, 769 3, 830 432 278	6, 074 3, 857 540 470	5,322 3,407 428 275	511		2, 234 1, 081 277 218	204	2, 044 935 264 209	20 (x)	25 21 1 3	18 (z)		918 707 27 30	993 744 31 75	650	739 29	1, 162 936 38 114	976 40	1, 119 892 37 111	1, 038 815 39 107
17 18 19	Private	149 64 767	150 68 756	152 86 759	73 748	19 440				(z) ¹	(x) (x)	(x) 1 (x)	(x) 1 (x)	8 1 102		107		35 14 14	37 15 15	37 16 15	
20 21	Private Government	148 101	147 86	146 69			94 48	89 38	94 33					34 9	37 8	38 7	39 7	7	7 4	8	8 1
22 23 24 25	Balance on goods and services. Excluding transfers under military grants. Unilateral transfers, net (to foreign countries (-)] Excluding military transfers.	1,027 584 -1,022 -579	1,510 888 -1,253 -631	1,888 1,576 -1,012 -700	1, 391 na	132 -108 -383 -143	$^{100}_{-482}$	494 -301	308 na	13 6	-7	47 47 -5 -5	-7	277 277 -11 -11	397 397 -12 -12	309 -9	-4	84 76 -49 -41	159 136 -69 -46	166 150 -68 -52	na 212 na -62
26	Private remittances	-142	-164	-155	-163	-69	-74	-79	-75	-5	-6	-4	-5	-1	-4	-2		-11	-17	-12	-18
27 28 29	Military grants of goods and services. Other grants. Pensions and other transfers.	-443 -381 -56	$ \begin{array}{r} -622 \\ -418 \\ -49 \end{array} $	-312 -490 -55	-460	-52		-67	-69	-2		-1 (*)	1 -1	-10	-8	- 7	 4	$ \begin{array}{r} -8 \\ -25 \\ -5 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} -23 \\ -27 \\ -2 \end{array} $	$-16 \\ -35 \\ -5$	na -41 -3
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38	U.S. capital, net [increase in U.S. assets (-)]. Private, net. Direct investments, net. New issues of foreign securities. Redemptions. Transactions in outstanding foreign securities. Other long-term, net. Short-term, net. Government, net. Long-term capital.	$ \begin{array}{r} -651 \\ -303 \\ -295 \\ \hline 22 \\ \hline 12 \\ 3 \end{array} $	$-111 \\ 26$	-1,400 -980 -464 -88 22 -79 77 -448 -420 -420		-54 -115 -3 2 15 4 43 30	-268 -110 -3 3 -24 42 -176	$ \begin{array}{r r} & 3 \\ & -69 \\ & -1 \\ & 54 \\ & -40 \end{array} $	-257 -159 -31 1 -25 -25 -18 596	(x) 1 -13	3 -1 -29	1 1 -42	-7 -1 -6	-173 -173 -94 -135 8 3 7 38 (x)	-221 -116 -77 15 -5 9 -47	-15	$ \begin{array}{r} -270 \\ -90 \\ -110 \\ \hline 15 \\ -22 \\ \hline -65 \\ \end{array} $	-3 18 -66 5	-12 -30 -30 -117 -117 131	-112 -55 -59 -18 2 -7 51 -24 -57 -136	1 1 -9 132
40 41	Repayments. Foreign currency holdings and short-term claims, net [increase (-)].	155 -141	117 -150	100 -100	813	52	32	26	708	1	1	3	6	(x)				63 -7	54 -25	29 50	49 -19
42 43 44	Foreign capital, net [increase in U.S. liabilities (+)] Direct investments in the United States. Other long-term investments in the United States (mainly in U.S. private securities).	771 11 176	887 29 121	187 26 98	491 21 143		590 9 100	28	16 115					4 1	19 1	-4 -3	-10	-16 1 10	37 	-13 2 3	(x)
45 46	Foreign commercial credits	-6 590	-57 794	-12	84 243		-56 537	-108	61 109	-1 1	(r) 11	(z) -5	3	(z) 177	112	$\begin{vmatrix} -20 \\ -3 \end{vmatrix}$	1 222	$-1 \\ -26$		$-26 \\ -26 \\$	- 141
47	Gold and convertible currencies purchases $(-)$ and sales $(+)$ by U.S. monetary authorities.	50	94	346	-330	40	48	219	-362									1	1	102	-6
48	Reductions in gold and convertible currency holdings (line 47) and in U.S. liquid liabilities (line 46).	640	888	334	87	170	585	111	253	1	11	-5	3	177	112	-3	222	-25	38	76	147
49	Errors and omissions and transfers of funds between foreign areas [receipts by foreign areas $(-)$], net.	49	-128	-9	-282	-48	-312	-416	-419	5	-2	4	-10	-275	-302	52	299	93	2	-75	7
II III	Memorandum items: Increase in foreign gold reserves and liquid dollar holdings less U.S. holdings of convertible currencies ³ . Through estimates net receipts from, or payments (—) to the United States. ⁴ Through other transactions ⁵ .	813 631 182	1, 098 878 220	468 329 139	179 -96 275	362 122 240	995 273 722	212 305 517		6	1		3 -7 10	167 98 265	71 190 261	49	-77	68	-111 40 -151	i	-157 -140 -17

r Revised. P Preliminary. na—Not available. nss—Not shown separately.
* Less than \$500,000.
1 Beginning with the 1st quarter of 1959 transactions with shipping companies operating under the flags of Liberia, Panama, Honduras, and Bahamas are shown in the "International institutions and unallocated."

 ² Iraq is not included in the sterling area, beginning with the 3d quarter of 1959.
 ³ Changes in reported total gold reserves of foreign central banks and governments (excluding U.S.S.R. and other Eastern European countries) net of convertible currencies held by U.S. monetary authorities plus foreign liquid dollar holdings (line 46).

of foreign demand it does not seem likely that Government assistance in recent years has materially reduced foreign purchases here.

The other question is concerned with

the supply of exportable goods and the incentives of U.S. producers to look for export markets. There is little doubt that a large part of exports under Government assistance programs con-

sist of surplus agricultural materials which are in plentiful supply and such exports are not likely to compete with other exports.

of Payments by Area

[Millions of dollars]

													Sterling	area ²						
A	ll other c	ountries 1		Inte	rnational and unall	institutio ocated 1	ons		Tota	al		Un	ited Kir other F	ngdom ar Europe	nd		Other co	untries		Line
196	0	196	51	196	50	196	31	196	0	196	31	196	30	19	61	19	60	196	31	Dille
I	II	I r	II »	I	п	I,	II »	I	II	Ιr	II p	I	II	Ιr	II p	I	II	I,	IΙ ν	<u> </u>
1,967 195 1,772	2,054 276 1,778	2, 148 164 1, 984	na na 1, 931	66	69	71 71	87 87	nss nss 1, 185	nss nss 1,361	nss nss 1,313	nss nss 1, 143	nss nss 503	nss nss 602	nss nss 583	nss nss 500	nss nss 682	nss nss 759	nss nss 730	nss nss 643	1 2 3
1, 277 111 16	1, 297 114 19	1, 487 106 18	1, 435 112 21	37	42	35	39	808 82 16	925 93 19	888 79 18	728 84 21	308 49 7	366 57 9	339 51 8	258 56 10	500 33 9	559 36 10	549 28 10	470 28 11	4 5 6
69 17 14	68 16 14	68 17 17	71 18 15	17 (z)	17 (z)	17	17	111	112 7 5	118 7 8	115 8	80	81 3 2	86 3 1	82 3	31 4	31 4 3	32 4	33 5	
235 15 18	219 16 15	230 18 23	216 25 18	3 9	(x) 10	5 11	3 12	138 12	171 15 14	167 17 11	148 17 15	46 9 (x)	64 12 8	80 14	70 11 7	92 3 8	107 3 6	87 3 10	78 6 8	ļ
1,373 980 56 71	1, 459 1, 025 66	1,326 906 53	1,377 949 61	139 9 109	158 10 125	153 5 108	151 9 118	1, 085 648 83	1, 119 661 117	956 549 90	1, 039 594 114	614 294 71	628 283 102 44	483 207 77 12	530 209 100	471 354 12	491 378 15 37	473 342 13	509 385 14	13
71 5 26	63 5 25	69 6 27	66 7 27	3	8	24	10	61 79 11	81 78 11	60 81 10	81 81 10	12 76	76	12 77 1	41 77	49 3	37 2 9	48 4 9	40 4	16 17
211 10 14	255 9 11	249 10	252 8 7	1 17	(z) 15	1 15	(z) 14	144 50	114 49	128 31	117 35	104 48	2 67 47	74 29 6	63 33 6	40 2	47 2 1	54 2 1	54 2	ļ.
594 399 -547	595 319 666	822 658 599	na 554 na	$ \begin{array}{r} -73 \\ -73 \\ -26 \end{array} $	-89 -89 -17	-82 -82 -30	-64 -64 -31	nss 100 nss	nss 242 nss	nss 357 nss	nss 104 nss	nss 111 nss	nss -26 nss	nss 100 nss	nss -30 nss	nss 211 nss	nss 268 nss	nss 257 nss	nss 134 nss	22 23
-352 -56	-390 -63	-435 -58	-410 -65	-26 -26	-17	-30	-31 -31	-103 -30	-103 -32	-125 -34	-110 -34	-17 -14	-20 -17	-20 -17	-21 -18	-86 -16	-83 -15	-105 -17	-89 -16	1
-195 -276 -20	-276 -308 -19	$-164 \\ -357 \\ -20$	na -318 -27	-26	-17	-30	-31	nss -68 -5	nss 66 5	nss -86 -5	nss -71 -5	nss (z) -3	nss (z) -3	nss 3	nss (*) -3	nss -68 -2	nss 66 2	nss -86 -2	nss 71 2	27 28 29
-454 -208 -68	-438 -196 -82	-758 -480 -175	-621 -425 -74	99 99 10	-29 -29 7	7 10 -1	3 8	-212 -55 -53	$-392 \\ -241 \\ -92$	112 42 45	-271 -163 -112	-17 -20 -27	-165 -170 -63	91 100 8	-38 -40 -65	-195 -35 -26	-227 -71 -29	-203 -58 -53	233 123 47	
-13 (*) 5 -26	$ \begin{array}{r} -28 \\ 1 \\ -2 \\ -14 \end{array} $	-37 7 17	-72 -8 1	-91 10 -8	$ \begin{array}{r} -3 \\ 4 \\ -37 \end{array} $	-2 9 4	-7 5 10	(x) 19 -6	-17 14 5	-12 -5 · 8	-26 1 -9 3	16 3	18 19	 -5	-4 2	(z) 3 -9	-17 -4 -14	-12 5	$ \begin{array}{r} -26 \\ 1 \\ -5 \\ 1 \end{array} $	33 34 35 36
-106 -246 -144 39 -141	-71 -242 -166 30 -106	-292 -278 -216 42 -104	$ \begin{array}{r} -273 \\ -196 \\ -171 \\ 50 \\ -75 \end{array} $	(x) (x)	(x)	-3 -3	(z) -5 -5	-15 -157 -73 10 -94	-151 -151 -81 19 -89	96 -154 -91 19 -82	-20 -108 -79 13 -42	$ \begin{array}{r} -12 \\ 3 \\ -1 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{array} $	-144 5 -1 7 -1	94 -9 -1 1 -9	$\begin{array}{c} 27 \\ 2 \\ (x) \\ -2 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r} -3 \\ -160 \\ -72 \\ 9 \\ -97 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} -7 \\ -156 \\ -80 \\ 12 \\ -88 \end{array} $	-145 -90 18 -73	-47 -110 -79 9 -40	38 39 40
128 2	49 1	100	49	194	64	89	43	337	369 8	125 16	1 4 11	340 3	378 8	159 16	18 11	-3 1	(x) -9	-34	32 (*)	43
9 1 116	14 -1 35	18 37 45	20 18 11	(z) 192	(x) 62	(x) 85	39	16 -7 324	24 -18 355	26 14 69	$ \begin{array}{r} 30 \\ 4 \\ -31 \end{array} $	15 -3 325	16 20 374	13 12 118	21 4 -54	-4 -1	8 2 -19	13 2 -49	9 23	45
(z)	35	20	29	9	10	5	9	2	13	160	-224	2		150	-225		13	10	1	47
116	70	65	40	201	72	90	48	326	368	229	-255	327	374	268	-279	-1	6	-39	24	48
279	425	415	399	-5	61	11	40	-124	-129	405	487	197	167	-480	332	73	38	75	155	49
134 395	9 4 95	90 480	-28 439	239 187	123 123	122 96		304 202	400 239	-74 -176	294 232	275 130	449 207	-57 -212	-279 53		49 32	-17 36	-15 179	ļ
-261	-486	-390	-467	52		26		102	161	102	ľ	145			i	l		-53	-194	

⁴ For "All areas" equals balance (with reverse sign) on line 23 (less net sales of gold by domestic sources to (+) or purchases from (-) the monetary gold stock of the United States), plus lines 25, 30, 43, 44, 45, and 49. Domestic sales to (+) or purchases from (-) the monetary gold stock were in millions of dollars: 1960 I, -9; II, -10; 1961 I, -5; II, -9. For individual areas, line 49 is not included.

 $^{^5}$ Line I minus line II for "All areas" represent gold obtained by foreign countries outside the United States.

For a large part of the nonagricultural exports in 1960, financed by ICA and the Development Loan Fund, the U.S. producer obtained the contracts as a result of competitive bids open to foreign competitors. Presumably it would have made little difference to the balance of payments if the assistance had been supplied by transferring dollars and leaving it to the foreign country to select the best supplier, or if dollars had been spent abroad for any other purpose, such as imports or investments.

The domestic exporter that proved to be competitive in obtaining contracts financed by the Government would perhaps have been able to obtain also other international contracts, although not necessarily in the same country. Being competitive, his capacity was probably relatively well utilized, however, and the incentive to obtain other foreign contracts may have been reduced. In this case foreign assistance may have competed with other potential exports, but its effect in that respect was not basically different from other Government or private contracts which are given to our most advanced business organizations which are actual or potential exporters.

While it would not be accurate, therefore, to conclude that the amounts spent by the Government in the United States in behalf of foreign countries had no effect on the balance of payments, it would be equally wrong to conclude that the transfers of dollars which were \$1.2 billion both in calendar year 1960 and in fiscal year 1961 measures with any exactitude the effect of the foreign aid on the overall balance of payments, which in 1960 resulted in net transfers of gold and liquid dollar assets to foreign countries of nearly \$4 billion.

These \$1.2 billion transferred to foreign countries and international organizations as grants or loans entered the general international stream of dollars which was fed also by our payments for imports of merchandise, services, and for various private capital Altogether, our paytransactions. ments in 1960 were perhaps as high as \$29 billion (leaving out the \$2.2 billion of Government assistance funds spent in the United States, but including an unknown, but sizable amount of private U.S. capital and gifts directly financing U.S. exports of goods and services). More than \$25 billion of that amount, or about 87 percent, was returned to the United States

Table 3.—Changes in Gold and Convertible Currency Holdings by U.S. Monetary Authorities and in Liquid Liabilities

[Millions	of dollars]						
	Calen-		Quarters	not seas	onally ad	justed	
	dar year 1960		19	60	ŀ	19	61
		I	11	m	īv	1	II
Changes in gold and convertible currency holdings by U.S. monetary authorities and in liquid liabilities 1	3, 929	640	888	1, 191	1,210	334	-87
Gold and convertible currencies [purchases (-), sales (+)]Liquid liabilities, total [increase (+)]	1,702 2,227	50 590	94 794	637 554	921 289	346 12	-330 243
By foreign holders: International Organizations International Monetary Fund Other Foreign central banks and governments, total As reported by U.S. banks Other Foreign commercial banks Other foreigners and undetermined	741 280 1,240 1,170 70 105	192 110 82 42 -146 188 457 -101	62 81 19 547 591 44 132 53	165 102 63 441 494 -53 5 -57	602 448 154 210 231 -21 -489 -34	86 25 61 32 -18 50 -15 -115	40 11 29 -327 -282 -45 407 123
By types of liabilities: Deposits in U.S. banks. U.S. Government obligations: Bills and certificates. Bonds and notes. Other. Bankers acceptances, commercial paper, etc. Liabilities payable in foreign currencies. Other liabilities.	1, 241 604 126 180 35 36	-163 9 124 182 443 -7 2	970 -101 56 -40 -132 14 27	454 387 -185 4 -111 34 -29	-20 309 131 34 -165 -5 5	101 -155 206 16 -177 -2 -1	518 -293 -91 -27 83 46 7

^{1.} Corresponds to line 46 in balance-of-payments table, p. 10, and to 3d line from bottom of analysis, table, p. 8, except for seasonal adjustment.

through purchases of goods and services or investments. The remaining amount of nearly \$4 billion (or 13 percent of the total expenditures) was added to foreign dollar holdings or converted into gold, principally by other industrially advanced countries.

There is now no scientific basis for assuming that the proportion of dollar expenditure returned to the United States is different for different types of foreign expenditures, except perhaps that direct expenditures in these countries, or in others closely linked with them, may provide more opportunities for their dollar accumulations than expenditures in countries more accustomed to purchase goods and services in the United States. The ratio between actual receipts and payments does not indicate, however, what the net effects of additions or contractions of expenditures will be or would have been at any one time.

The proportion of dollars received to dollars spent through international transactions can change as a result of changes in the size of expenditures as well as changes in the size of receipts.

The breakdown of Government grants and capital outflows from the point of view of whether the funds were directly spent here or whether dollars were transferred to foreign ownership cannot provide a measure of the extent to which these grants and capital outflows contributed to the balance-of-payments problem of the United States. They may, however, provide a useful benchmark, provided it is understood that the actual effect may be either more or less and that this margin may vary under different circumstances.

As a result of the Presidential directives to the Development Loan Fund in the fall of 1959 and to ICA a year later, new contracts are now given primarily to U.S. firms. Although foreign firms, with few exceptions, are not participating in the competition for these contracts, some of the U.S. firms receiving them presumably would have been able to obtain them even against international competition. As a result of the new orders, the net effect of foreign assistance on the balance of payments will be reduced, but its measurement will continue to remain subject to considerable uncertainties.

New Light on Patterns of Output Growth

THIS article brings up to date the analysis of long-term production trends for over 300 products and services last analyzed in the May 1959 issue of the Survey of Current Business.

At the outset, it should be emphasized that the products considered here are illustrations of production patterns typifving cross-movements in a growth economy. Many new as well as old products are necessarily excluded because of lack of data or for other reasons. Such new lines as the expanding group of electronic components and parts, automation through use of computers, radar and microwave systems, missiles and guidance systems for missiles, atomic power plants and byproducts of atomic energy research are not covered. These and other developments taken together play an increasingly important role in the economy, and loom large in the field of technical progress and in the actual and potential growth of the economy.

On the basis of the products analyzed in this report, there has been some slowing down in the growth rates for a large number of new products as well as old. It is not surprising that so few products in the list presented in the table show progressive year-to-year gains. It is a distinctive feature of a dynamic economy that products that were once new and rapidly growing slow down in growth as markets become highly developed, while completely new products are constantly coming to the fore. Moreover, a fixed group of products encompassing a period as long as 13 years (1948-60) will tend to show a dwindling number of consistently growing items, since the very newest products were in the developmental stage in the early part of the period and data for them may not be available at all.

Furthermore, it should be pointed out that changes in production expressed in terms of physical units do not necessarily indicate for some products their full measure of growth. For example, the electric typewriter is more expensive than the standard type so that when value (unit times price) is taken into account, the growth rate for all typewriters combined would be higher than growth based solely on physical units. Similarly, the number of lawnmowers, measured in units, rose 50 percent from 1947 to 1958, but the real gain in production is far in excess of this since the average value at the factory level of a power mower is nearly four times that of the hand mower.

Basis of classification

The products are classified on the basis of output change since 1948 into three broad groups—fast growing, defined as those having an average rate of growth of 7½ percent or more per year; moderately growing, or those with growth rates up to 7½ percent per year; and the declining products. This basis for grouping products reflects of necessity an arbitrary judgment on our part. While the classifications are the same as used in previous articles, it should be noted that the base period for computing the growth rates has been shifted to 1948.

Table 1 lists the products in approximate order of magnitude of change in output and for ready reference also shows actual production data for 1948 and the most recent years.

For the products included in the table, and taking the entire period 1948–60 as a basis of measurement, one-fourth are fast growing, somewhat less than one-half are moderately growing, and the remainder are declining. These proportions differ from those shown in the previous review where the products were arranged on the basis of the longer term production trend; i.e., from 1929 through 1957.

On the basis of the 1948-60 output change, the number of products classified as fast and moderately growing was reduced, and the number in the declining category increased as compared with the long-term classification. This shift in position is traceable in part to the cyclical fluctuations in the more recent period, and partly to the selection of the year 1948 as the base period for the rate calculations. Basically, the review reflects conditions under high-level business activity marked by periodic readjustments.

Changing patterns of growth

The rapidly growing products have maintained a median rate of growth since 1955 of about 10 percent per year, compared with close to 15 percent in the earlier postwar period, when naturally the relative gains were more importantly influenced by the starting position.

Of the 70-odd items in the fast-growing group, 10 percent continued to show uninterrupted growth at a high rateover 15 percent per year—from 1948 to 1960. Outstanding examples of these items include polyethylene, a material developed during World War II and now extensively used both by industry and consumers, and some of the more recently developed electronic components such as transistors, connectors, and rectifiers. In the case of polyethylene, output has expanded at an average annual rate of 40 percent since 1948, and for the past 5 years the rate was still in excess of 30 percent. For transistors, the production of which exceeded 1 million units for the first time in 1954, the growth rate was more rapid, as could be expected in the early period of production and marketing.

Even though the rate has decelerated from the earlier period, most of the items in the fast-growing group are still showing annual growth rates for the 1955–60 period of 7½ percent or more. Notable exceptions—though still decidedly growth products—are primary aluminum, a few chemical materials—nitric acid, urea and melamine resins, perchloroethylene—and

Note.—The average annual rates of growth shown in the table below are based upon the change in output from 1948 to 1960 or from first year production data are available.

Table 1.—Production of Selected Products and Services, 1948, 1958-60

			Produ	uction					Produ	iction	
Product or service	Unit of measure	1948	1958	1959	1960	Product or service	Unit of measure	1948	1958	1959	1960
Rapidly Growing—Increases a	t an Average Annual	Rate of		ent or M	ore	Moderately Growing—Increases at	an Average Annual	Rate of	Less Th	an 7½ P	ercent
30 Percent and over Helicopter passenger-miles Transistors. Heat pumps. Titanium sponge. Air conditioners, automotive. Polyethylene. Power brakes. Power steering. 20 to 30 Percent Dehumidifiers. Air conditioners, room. Argon. Recorders, magnetic. Air-conditioning systems, residential. Rubber or latex core mattresses. Carpets and rugs, tufted-type. Driers. Fibers, synthetic, ex. rayon. Antibiotics. Phonographs, single. Fibers, synthetic, ex. rayon, consumption.	Thous. miles	* 26 * 1,318 * 1,000 10 * 60 19 * 114 * 200 * 25 * 74 30 * 27 * 41 * 34 * 21 * 92 * 75 240 351 72	4. 885 47, 051 25, 500 4, 585 1, 263 1, 817 210 1, 673 377 400 124 643 114 1, 204 2, 612 3, 212 575	7, 477 82, 294 40, 900 3, 898 607 1, 195 1, 573 2, 236 345 1, 660 167 630 133 1, 382 793 2, 295 3, 475 741	9, 475 127, 928 48, 300 5, 311 1, 337 710 1, 337 2, 552 410 1, 521 570 425 187 608 152 1, 238 856 2, 769 4, 000 761	6 to 71/2 Percent Acetylene Phthalic anhydride. Newsprint production Hydrochloric acid. Garden tractors Sand and gravel. Glazed and unglazed floor and wall tile. Coumarone, indene and pet. polymers. Acetylsalicylic acid (Aspirin). Mixers, food, std. and portable. Sodium hydroxide, liquid. Waists, blouses, and shirts. Coats, separate, men's. Methanol, synthetic. Woodpulp. Sulfa drugs. Pipelines, oil Asphalt. Receiving tubes. Pulpwood consumption. 5 Percent	Mil. cu. ft	5, 144 159 876 458 185 319 104 135 11, 016 1, 570 2, 377 94 4, 458 149 12, 872 2, 660 120 52	10, 256 301 1, 726 826 6224 684 222 268 20, 819 2, 714 3, 993 197 8, 470 214 21, 796 3, 725 211 8, 397 397 35, 248	12, 109 358 1, 924 956 339 730 259 318 18, 097 3, 060 4, 677 186 10, 665 24, 383 5, 835 5, 835 227 97 433 38, 691	12, 136 374 2, 004 1, 014 408 707 225 265 23, 553 3, 270 4, 896 19, 560 29, 99 393 40, 485
Helium Lawnmowers, power Lawnmowers, power Icemaking machines 15 to 20 Percent DDT Coffee makers, automatic Picture tubes, sales Styrene plastics and resins. Television sets, black and white Polyvinyls resins, plastics 10 to 15 Percent Blankets, electric Phosphoric acid Frozen foods Jet fuel Xylene Vitamins Air revenue passenger-miles Plastics and resin materials. Disposals, food Magnesium Shavers. Plasticizers Plasticizers Ethylene glycol Oxygen Ammonia, synthetic anhydrous Skirts, separate Transparent films for packaging Automatic transmissions Aluminum, primary ingot Paper milk containers Effervescent wines, withdrawals Gasoline engines, ex. outboard, automotive, and aircraft	Thous. Number Mil. lbs. Thous. Mil. lbs. Thous. Mil. lbs. Thous. Mil. lbs. Thous. Mil. lbs. Thous. Thous. Thous. Thous. Thous. Thous. Mil. lbs. Mil. lbs. Mil. lbs. Mil. lbs. Mil. gals. Thous. lbs. Mil. miles. Mil. miles. Mil. lbs.	1, 309 165 975 218 675 432 1, 347 61 2, 566 7, 670 1, 485 175 10 1, 650 148 367 16 1, 375 35 205 41, 270 623	334 3,452 31,100 145 4,250 8,252 4,920 869 2,420 1,709 5,085 74 200 9,763 28,552 4,659 616 3,879 616 3,879 86 3,879 86 3,118 1,145 86 3,279 86 3,279 86 3,279 86 4,279 86 4,279 86 4,279 86 4,279 86 4,279 86 86 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87	477 4, 200 40, 700 157 4, 750 9, 523 9, 777 6, 349 1, 166 3, 300 1, 881 5, 948 93 10, 845 32, 400 6, 021 789 1, 219 45 4, 215 1, 954 1,	642 3,800 59,100 164 4,875 9,014 1,062 5,708 1,190 3,540 2,086 6,441 1,062 1,063 33,800 6,140 760 400 760 400 1,299 1,299 1,299 1,293 1,293 1,20	Oleomargarine. Sanitary and tissue paper Acetic acid. Carbon dioxide. Natural and synthetic rubber, consumption. Special industrial and absorbent paper. Water heaters, gas. Shipping containers. Distillate fuel oil. Passenger cars. 4 Percent Closures, commercial. Ethyl alcohol. Wax, petroleum Trailer coaches, mobile home-type. Paperboard, includ, wet machine board. Work pants. Industrial trucks and tractors, electric, rider-type. Bag paper. Glass containers. Salt. Motor fuel, all types Beef. High industrial explosives Carbon black. Heating pads Distilled spirits, withdrawals. Tires, passenger car. Paper and board, total Preezers, farm and home	Thous, sh, tons. Mil, lts. Thous, sh, tons. Thous, lg, tons. Thous, sh, tons. Thous, sh, tons. Thous, sh, tons. Mil, sq, ft. Mil, bbls. Thous. Mil, gals. Thous, bbls. Thous, sh, tons. Thous, sh, tons. Thous, sh, tons. Mil, gross. Thous, sh, tons. Mil, lbls. Mil, lbls. Mil, lbs. Thous, sh, tons. Thous, sh, tons. Mil, lps. Mil, lps. Mil, lps. Thous, sh, tons. Mil, glas. Mil, gals. Mil, Thous, sh, tons.	1, 188 422 527 1, 069 415 1, 500 62 381 3, 909 10, 780 3, 515 9, 508 3, 500 3, 438 766 990 16, 100 922 9, 075 639 649 1, 600 10, 887 21, 897	1, 573 1, 945 566 1, 357 642 2, 673 97 631 4, 258 17, 675 134 14, 271 5, 538 3, 898 1, 053 1, 053 1, 145 23, 844 1, 140 13, 342 816 816 817 818 819 819 819 819 819 819 819 819 819	1, 611 2, 128 690 891 1, 628 752 2, 954 110 679 5, 591 18, 361 5, 630 162 15, 624 6, 191 4, 023 1, 158 13, 608 13, 608 13, 608 14, 608 160 160 160 160 160 160 160 160 160 160	1, 695 2, 217 766 941 1, 916 758 2, 662 108 668 6, 675 18, 071 5, 911 141 15, 836 5, 640 1, 247 14, 690 934 1, 499 11, 690 934 1, 494 1, 346 1, 461 1, 461 1
7½ to 10 Percent Perchloroethylene Pentaerythritol. Air ton-miles flown Nitric acid Rubber, synthetic, all types Butadiene. Aircraft, civilian, airframe weight. Chlorine gas. Formaldehyde. Urea and melamime resins. Vending machines. Phenol, natural and synthetic. Motor truck transportation. Electric power, total. Air-conditioning systems, commercial. Dishwashers, motor-driven. Natural gas, marketed. Aviation gasoline. Benzene, chemical and motor grade. Helicopters, nonmilitary. Trousers, separate, dress and sport Merchant ship construction, deliveries. Repairs, household durables.	Mil. lbs. Mil. miles. Thous. sh. tons. Thous. sh. tons. Thous. sh. tons. Mil. gal Mil. lbs Thous. sh. tons. Mil. lbs. Mil. lbs. Bil. ton-miles. Bil. kwhr. Thous. Bil. cu. ft. Mil. bbls. Mil. bbls. Mil. bbls. Mil. bols. Thous. Thous. Thous. Bil. cu. ft. Mil. gal Number. Thous. Thous.	1, 133 488 661 10 1, 640 617 149 428 297 116 337 38 225 5, 148 46 6184 71 37, 700	573	203 64 646 646 3,074 1,380 1,816 23 4,287 1,750 424 692 288 888 795 99 124 347 179 89,190 717 723	1, 436 1, 883 28 4, 587 1, 698 399 644 773 294 840 840 104 555 12, 692 114 456 172 92, 705 404	Warm-air furnaces Gypsum wallboard, includ. lath Rayon and nylon tire cord. Sulfuric acid. Fine paper. Cement, portland. Canned fruits. Book publications. Shipping sack paper. 7 Percent Lamps, bulbs and tubes. Printing paper. Cans, metal (expressed in terms of metal used). Glycerine, refined. Trailers, truck. Concrete reinforcing bars. Fertilizers, commercial. Ethyl acetale. Shirts, dress, sport, business, utility. Superphosphate. Waterclosets. Drinking fountains. Copper, refinery (primary). Innerspring mattresses, other than for cribs.	Thous, sh. tons. Thous, sh. tons. Mil. bbls. Mil. lbs. No. of editions Thous, sh. tons. Mil. Thous, sh. tons. Mil. lbs Thous, sh. tons. Thous, sh. tons. Thous, doz. Thous, sh. tons. Thous, Thous, sh. tons. Thous, Thous, sh. tons. Thous, sh. tons.	5,035 251 11,456 1,141 205 2,500 9,897 567 1,837 3,151 3,245 197 44 1,542 17,596 16,500 1,900 3,408 82	1, 235 7, 206 7, 206 15, 950 15, 950 1, 535 3, 311 3, 347 13, 462 819 2, 597 4, 053 4, 761 222 50 2, 035 23, 172 86 21, 304 2, 381 4, 031 1, 24 1, 353 8, 400	1, 759 338 3, 982 14, 424 870 2, 858 4, 508 4, 949 270 75 2, 173 25, 425 101 23, 232 2, 610 5, 235 125	1, 21-7, 74, 74, 77, 74, 77, 74, 77, 74, 77, 74, 77, 77

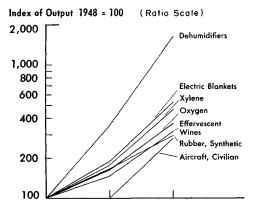
See footnotes at end of table.

Table 1.—Production of Selected Products and Services, 1948, 1958-60—Continued

Product or service	Unit of measure		Prod	uction		Product or service	Unit of measure		Produ	action	
		1948	1958	1959	1960	2		1948	1958	1959	1960
Moderately GrowingIncreases at	an Average Annual Continued	Rate of I	ess Tha	ın 7½ Pe	rcent	Showing De	clining Trends—Con	tinued			
Percent—Continued Newsprint consumption Sugar, refined Acetic anhydride Calcined gypsum	Thous. sh. tons Thous. sh. tons Mil. lbs Thous. sh. tons	4, 010 6, 971 775 6, 249	4, 950 9, 165 965 8, 122	5, 328 9, 443 1, 097 9, 268	5, 532 9, 653 1, 065 8, 511	Up to 2 Percent—Continued Methanol, natural. Flour, wheat. Suits, men's. Tin consumption, primary and secondary.	Thous, gal	2, 366 142 23, 412 91	1, 919 126 17, 932 73	2, 123 127 21, 079 77	2, 162 129 21, 134 80
Shower stalls. Cheese Flush tanks, vitreous china. Canned vegetables (comm. pack). Still wines, withdrawals. Repairs, passenger cars and trucks. Diesel and semidiesel engines Percent	Thous. Mil. lbs. Thous. Mil. lbs. Mil. lbs. Mil. wine gal. (1940=100) Thous.	148 1,098 3,082 5,917 110 262 • 100	181 1, 399 3, 445 8, 284 143 315 132	189 1, 382 4, 626 7, 603 144 346 180	200 1, 475 4, 154 8, 012 148 366 136	Lead consumption, primary and secondary. Trucks and buses	Thous. sh. tons Thous Thous Mil. lbs. In thous. equivalent hides and skins.	1, 134 1, 376 530 1, 124 26, 070	986 877 495 960 23, 818	1, 091 1, 137 573 1, 097 23, 167	1,002 1,195 460 968 21,976
Meats, total. Insulating board and hardboard. Cigarettes, production. Coarse paper. Aniline Copper, mine. Bedsprings, total Fabricated structural steel.	Mil. lbs Thous. sh. tons Bil Thous. sh. tons Mil. lbs Thous. sh. tons Thous. sh. tons Thous. sh. tons	21, 300 1, 270 387 3, 027 92 835 45,605 2, 718	25, 747 1, 666 470 3, 613 101 979 7, 111 3, 664	27, 472 1, 907 489 3, 999 130 825 7, 779 2, 904	28, 317 1, 782 507 3, 996 120 1, 083 7, 375 3, 436	Work shirts Crowns Canned fruit juices Textile bags, burlap Clocks Aircraft engines, civilian Washing machines, elec. and gas	Thous, doz	4, 648 333 2, 458 108 9, 995 2, 799 4, 196	3, 811 303 2, 024 93 7, 450 3, 850 3, 770	3, 881 323 2, 067 98 8, 100 2, 513 3, 950	3, 876 279 2, 064 90 8, 300 2, 284 3, 381
Crude petroleum Lavatories, total Paint, varnish, and lacquer Sodium bichromate and chromate. Ice cream	Mil. bbls	2,020 3,303 272 96 2,721	2, 449 3, 677 321 98 3, 154	2,575 4,488 346 121 3,350	2,575 4,187 347 122 3,363	Veal	Mil. lbs Thous, lg. tons Mil Thous	1, 423 101 27 2, 711	1, 189 68 22 2, 130	1,016 60 23 2,286	1,109 88 21 2,067
Glazed and unglazed hollow face tile. Exterior frames. Construction paper and board. Vitrified clay sewer pipe and fit- tings. Fans. Cigars, production.	Mil. brick equivalent. Thous. Thous.sh. tons Thous. sh. tons Thous. Mil.	335 4,317 2,592 1,433 3,795 5,645	484 6, 247 3, 055 1, 772 4, 676 6, 210	7, 118 3, 359 1, 973 4, 485 7, 113	5,345 3,211 1,859 4,672 7,009	Cast-iron boilers (round and square). Toasters	Mil. lbs	263 4, 850 245 4, 766 6, 193 466 3, 755	3, 300 180 3, 117 4, 870 363 2, 751	3, 774 176 3, 785 6, 098 348 2, 746	3, 555 173 3, 475 4, 393 330 2, 662
Shoes and slippers. Oil burners, residential. Cast iron soil pipe and fittings. Tractors (used in construction industry). Typewriters, std., including portables.	Mil. prs	480 420 654 40 1,173	587 627 784 47 1,215	638 653 862 58 1,273	598 510 797 49 1,180	3 to 5 percent Zinc, mine. Bituminous coal. Machine tools, metal cutting-type. Open sash. Suits, women's. Cooking stoves, gas, domestie.	Thous, sh. tons Mil. sh. tons Thous Thous Thous Thous	630 600 50,000 11,820 14,963 2,750	412 410 27, 400 9, 432 8, 999 1, 897	425 412 33,900 11,049 9,681 2,012	432 413 34,000 7,958 9,464 1,816
to 2 Percent Pork, excluding lard Lubricants Frick, common and face Wastepaper, consumption Lard Pig iron	Mil. lbs	10,055 51,400 5,707 7,585 2,321	10, 528 51, 300 6, 459 8, 670 2, 441	12, 110 56, 100 7, 258 9, 414 2, 803 60	11,752 58,400 6,481 9,032 2,600 67	Water heaters, electric Creosote oil Lead, mine Calf and kid skins	Thous	1,040 145 390 10,480	824 105 267 8, 069	783 90 256 6, 573	715 93 244 6, 332
Steel ingots and steel for castings_Dresses, women's. Confectionery seles. Kerosene. Slab zinc, primary smelter. Reclaimed rubber, production Cast iron pressure pipe and fittings.	Mil, sh. tons	89 227 2,673 122 788 267 1,155	85 243 2,821 110 781 260 1,278	93 257 2,929 111 799 304 1,441	99 254 3,003 135 868 293 1,262	Inner tubes, passenger, truck, and bus. Wool consumption, apparel and carpet. Woolen and worsted woven goods. Carpets and rugs, wool type 5 percent and over	Mil. bbls	70 693 498 90	331 271 51	46 429 311 59	41 404 283 54
Finished steel products, total	Mil. sh. tons	66 15 4,700 832 818	60 13 4, 663 887 868 25, 270	69 15 4,842 994 956 27,495	71 14 5,000 879 861 26,329	Power sprayers and dusters Railroad revenue passenger-miles Asphalt board products. Railroad freight ears Goat and kid skins	Thous	131 41, 200 31, 932 115 37, 970	88 23, 200 17, 416 44 19, 992	96 22, 100 19, 713 38 22, 797	75 21, 400 16, 226 57 18, 699
Hosiery, shipments, total. Eathtubs, total. Cleaning and dyeing. Fermented malt liquor (beer). Radios, including auto. Sodium silicate. Lamb and mutton Domestic water systems.	Mil, doz. prs	144 1,948 247 91,291 16,500 486 747 650	150 2, 161 253 89, 011 12, 577 478 688 720	157 2,503 257 90,974 15,622 514 738 800	151 2,039 261 94,548 17,127 498 766 770	Milking machines Ponderosa pine doors. Maple, beech, and birch flooring Feature movies Local transit, passengers carried Textile bags, cotton Structural clay tile Phonographs, radio-phonograph	Thous. Thous. Mil. bd, ft. Number. Mil. (1940-49=100). Thous, sh. tons Thous.	62 4, C91 75 366 17, 312 68 1, 271 2, 229	33 1, 829 40 240 7, 778 28 543 760	36 2, 474 40 190 7, 650 29 521 829	28 1,948 36 170 7,491 27 495 842
Sulfur, native	Thous. lg. tons	4, 869 6, 660 49 343	4, 645 5, 662 71 319	4, 554 6, 747 53 369	4, 942 6, 695 49 348	combinations Wire nails and staples. Heating stoves, domestic Combines (harvester-threshers). Rails and accessories. Anthracite. Tractors, wheel-type, exc. off-high-	Thous. sh. tons Thous Thous Mil. sh. tons Mil. sh. tons Thous	860 5, 227 91 3, 517 57 529	$\begin{array}{c} 418 \\ 2,262 \\ 47 \\ 989 \\ 21 \\ 239 \end{array}$	392 2, 254 43 1, 189 21 252	320 1, 907 30 1, 266 18 151
Sho Up to 2 Percent Calculating machines, elec. and nonelectric. Sodium carbonate (soda ash) Vacuum cleaners Creamery butter Hardwood doors Cotton broad-woven goods Copper, consumption Lead, refined, produced from domestic and foreign ores. Ranges, electric includ. built-in Raw cotton consumption	Thous	e 123 4, 575 3, 361 1, 504 3, 855 9, 640 1, 214 407 1, 600 4, 464	99 4, 324 3, 295 1, 511 4, 308 8, 974 1, 157 472 1, 355 3, 867	112 4, 904 3, 421 1, 440 4, 613 9, 605 1, 183 342 1, 687 4, 337	122 4, 557 3, 313 1, 479 3, 763 9, 328 1, 148 385 1, 525 4, 217	way and garden-type. Cornpickers, field. Radiators and convectors. Tractor moldboard plows. Asphalt sidings. Overdrives. Range boilers. Locomotives, electric. Railroad plassenger cars. Space heaters, oil. Mechanical stokers. Locomotives, diesel-electric Locomotives, diesel-electric Locomotives, steam. Tire cord, cotton Black blasting powder. Ironers.	Thous Mil. sq. ft Thous Thous. squares Thous Thous Number Number Thous Thous Number Mil. lbs Mil. lbs Thous Thous Thous Mil. lbs Thous	79 60 309 3, 280 654 536 8 946 1, 235 86 2, 254 86 285 33 477	35 22 109 1,040 137 156 0 130 244 16 434 0 38 2 35	35 24 119 935 223 128 0 70 288 16 842 0 40	27 18 110 871 155 103 0 243 231 155 366 0 29 2
Coats, trimmed and untrimmed, women's. Silk consumption. Rayon and acetate, consumption. Railroad revenue freight ton-miles. Sheep and lamb skins.	Bil. bd. ft Thous. Thous. lbs Mil. lbs Bil. miles In thous. equivalent hides and skins.	7, 400 1, 150 641 33, 492	5, 300 1, 127 555 27, 453	37 24, 338 8, 000 1, 253 579 32, 054	35 23, 790 6, 900 1, 056 585 30, 399	a Data are for 1953. d Data	are for 1949. are for 1947. nerce, Office of Busin	/ Data / Data	are for 1 are for 1	951. 955.	

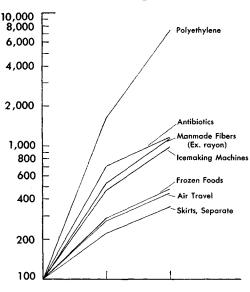
FAST GROWTH PRODUCTS, 1948-60 Growth Rates in Output Have Shifted in Past 6 Years

Acceleration in Growth for Some Items

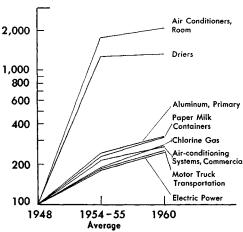


Slowdown in Growth for Great Majority

These Still Have an Average Rate of
Increase of Over 7½ Percent Per Year



While These Are Below the 7½ Percent Rate



Data: Government and Private Agencies

U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics 61-9-12

transparent film for packaging among manufactured commodities, and motortruck transportation and electric power among the services.

Some items that have shown large production gains from 1948 to 1960 have reached the leveling stage in the past 5 years. Production of television receivers is a case in point, and an illustration of a growth curve. Following the year of introduction in 1947, the number of television sets produced reached an early peak in 1950; it was not exceeded in number again until 1955 and then by a slight margin. In each of the past 5 years, the number of TV sets turned out was below the record 1955 volume, and substantially below in most of these years. Clothes driers, room air conditioners, farm and home freezers, and sulfa drugs are other commodities typical of this production pattern. However, in only a few cases—diesel-electric locomotives for example—has the production curve shown a positive downward trend from the strong initial upsurge.

Acceleration in some products

Illustrations of products are given in the top panel of the chart where growth rates have expanded since the midfifties. The accelerated rates of output in these cases are associated for the most part with product improvement and the development of new and more efficient uses for old lines.

Examples of these are oxygen, reflecting the expanding use in the production of steel ingots; synthetic rubber, an outstanding World War II product development and still undergoing further product improvement; and effervescent wines, the increasingly popular domestic-made champagnes and sparkling wines.

The steel industry is the largest user of oxygen. It is also consumed in large quantities in missile systems, in the production of many chemicals, and in other industrial products. The application of oxygen in the production of raw steel became especially significant in the midfifties. The use of oxygen per ton of raw steel produced has increased to 500 cubic feet in 1960 from less than 200 cubic feet in 1955. In the past 5 years, total output of oxygen

has nearly doubled, from less than 30 billion cubic feet to 56 billion last year.

In the case of synthetic rubber, production and consumption have been increasing steadily relative to natural rubber. Last year, domestic use of all types of synthetic rubber accounted for approximately 70 percent of total consumption; in 1955, the proportion was less than 60 percent. A part of the expansion has resulted from the recent development of newer and improved types of synthetic rubber, such as the stereo grades. Here new planned capacity includes the construction of additional facilities with a rated capacity of 200,000 long tons for the production of the stereo-type synthetic rubber alone; this is already or will be under construction before the end of this year.

Relation of growth products to business cycles

In the recent business downturn which extended into the early months of this year, production rates were reduced from earlier highs throughout manufacturing and mining industries. Because of the generally high volume in the first 9 months of 1960, for the year as a whole, output of most products averaged higher than in 1959.

Before the end of the first quarter of this year, a firming tendency was in evidence and in April total industrial production turned upward and by July surpassed the previous high reached early in 1960. Of all the recoveries following postwar recessions, this was the briefest period by a wide margin in which an earlier production peak was overtaken.

All of the major industry groups shared in the recovery, though unevenly, and most registered rapid and appreciable advances. By July, new output peaks were registered for 9 of the 23 major product groups comprising the Federal Reserve production index. For many individual products, output gains from the low recession levels were likewise substantial.

Table 2 shows the direction of output changes for 280 identical products and services during the postwar recession periods. The items are arranged into the three broad classifications of fast, mod-

Table 2.—Direction of Output Changes for 280 Identical Products and Services During Postwar Recession Periods

Group	1948-49	1953-54	1957-58	1959-60
57 Fast Growing Products ¹ Increases Decreases Median, percent change	41	43	32	42
	16	14	25	15
	9. 9	4, 3	1. 4	4. 3
132 Moderately Growing Products 1 Increases. Decreases. Median, percent change.	44	63	54	74
	88	69	78	58
	-4.8	-0.4	-2.4	1. 0
91 Declining Products ¹ Increases Decreases Median, percent change	15	23	17	23
	76	68	74	68
	-14, 5	-7. 4	-9.8	-6. 9
280 Products Increases Decreases Median, percent change	100	129	103	139
	180	151	177	141
	-5. 0	-1.0	-4.0	-3.0
Industrial Production, percent change.	-5.5	-5.8	-7. 1	3. 0

^{1.} Based upon change in output from 1948 to 1960.

erately growing, and declining groups, based on output changes from 1948 to 1960, and median percent changes have been calculated.

The declining products show the largest percentage decrease in each period; the fast growing products show an increase in each period; and the largest group, "moderately growing," falls in between. It may be noted, however, that the average increase in the fast group showed a progressive decline from 1948-49 to 1957-58. The reversal of this pattern in 1959-60 may be taken as an indication of the mildness of the 1960 recession. It may also be seen that in the first three recessions, the moderately growing group has never shown a positive average. There is no evidence of a progressive deterioration in the decreasing group, though this may be a characteristic of the different demand patterns in each of the periods.

As a related aspect of the above, we can see a diversity of recession changes within each of the groups. The fast growing group does not show increases for all products though increases predominate, and the declining group contains products that increased, though these are in the minority.

Relatively few products show consistent output gains from year to year, and of those in this group that do, not all are new items though all are classified as fast growing. Of the 280 items covered, only 15 show this behavior. In most cases the recession changes, except during the first postwar adjustment period, have generally been below the long-term rate.

Year of peak output

Table 3 provides another way of viewing the production changes of the 300 items by focusing on the years of peak output. Not only do some rapidly growing products decline in recessions, as was indicated above, but some fail to regain earlier peaks. Of the 70 items in the fast growing group, for example, peak output was reached by 14 items in the boom years of 1955-57. Of the moderately growing group, 10 percent had reached peaks prior to 1955, and an additional 28 percent hit their highs in the 1955-57 period. It was during this period that business undertook its largest postwar expansion of capital facilities. Moreover, the fact that over half of the 300 items reached output peaks at some time prior to 1958 is indicative of the excess capacity that has existed in many lines since the 1958 recession and may be a major explanation of the failure of investment since then to attain the high rates of 1957.

Impact of new products on established lines

An important factor contributing to the growth of manufacturing production over the long term has been the continual development through research of a wide range of new products for industrial and consumer use. This has been particularly true since the end of World War II when newly developed products entered the market with increasing frequency.

Some of these new products are substitutes and either compete directly with or ultimately replace established lines. Thus, manmade fibers are directly competitive with agricultural products such as cotton, wool, and silk, while diesel-electric locomotives have completely replaced steam locomotives. Improved efficiency, better quality, broader usage, and cost considerations are among the major factors in market acceptance of the new relative to the regular line products.

The introduction of the new or competing product has been accompanied by an expansion in output and an increasing share of the combined production of both new and old products

Table 3.—Distribution of Peak Years of Production for 304 Products, by Years, 1948-60

	Prior to 1955	1955	1956	1957	1958	1959	1960	Total
Fast	1	3	5	6	1	8	46	79
Moderate	14	19	16	4		29	60	142
Declining	78	4	7	3				92
Total	93	26	28	13	1	37	106	304
				1 1			· · ·	

In a number of instances, production of the newer product in 1960 accounted for 70 percent or more of the aggregate output, and in a few cases the share exceeded 90 percent.

The effect of the additional output on the combined product, however, has not been uniform. In some cases, the enlarged production has contributed to expansion while in others it has merely helped to maintain output.

In textiles, the very rapid postwar growth of synthetic fibers has been at the expense of the natural fibers, consumption of which has been declining since the early war years. As a result of these offsetting movements, aggregate fiber consumption in physical terms has shown relatively little change since the early 1940's.

Not all types of the manmade fibers are in an expansionary phase; the use of cellulosic rayon and acetate has been moving downward since 1955, while the relatively newer noncellulosic fibers as a group have shown consistent strength throughout the postwar period and now account for more than two-fifths of the manmade total; as recently as 1955, the proportion was less than one-fourth, and in 1948 it was below 6 percent. Since 1945, the use of all fibers has averaged about 6.4 billion pounds per year; 1960 usage amounted to 6.5 billion pounds.

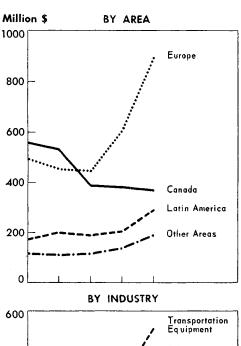
By way of contrast, total demand for fruits and juices has continued to expand as the new frozen products moved strongly upward and have accounted for roughly all of the growth in the overall total in the postwar years. Power lawnmowers have made sharp inroads on the hand mower market, but their growth has more than offset the decline in the hand type. Much the same general market experience occurred for synthetic relative to natural rubber consumption.

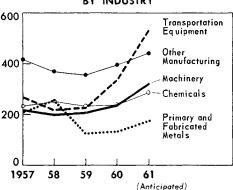
Foreign Capital Outlays and Sales of U.S. Companies

Expansion of Manufacturing Facilities at Peak Rate Sales of Foreign Plants Continue Steady Rise

UNITED STATES direct-investment enterprises abroad are planning to spend over \$4.5 billion this year for plant and equipment, and expect to maintain this rate during 1962. Of this total, nearly \$4 billion is expected to be invested in production facilities for manufactures, petroleum, and raw materials of various kinds, the remainder for utilities, trade

PLANT AND EQUIPMENT
EXPENDITURES ABROAD
U.S. Companies Project for 1961
Notable Expansion of
Manufacturing Facilities Abroad





61-9**-**9

and distribution and service industries.

The 1961 amount exceeds the previous year's actual investment by more than 20 percent, and approaches the earlier high established in 1957 when the petroleum industry was extremely active abroad.

Capital outlays by U.S. manufacturing companies abroad are expected to reach a new peak of \$1.8 billion this year, and are planned to continue at this rate in 1962. This compares with \$1.3 billion spent in 1960, which was close to the previous record high of 1957.

Expenditures by the petroleum industry for investment abroad are rising in 1961 to \$1.8 billion, after 3 years of decline. Although planned expenditures in 1961 would be far below the top of \$2.3 billion set in 1957, they would be 20 percent higher than in 1960. Capital investment in mining is continuing to hold steady at about \$400 million, with a slight decline expected in 1962.

Other industries, in the aggregate, are expected to spend at a rate of nearly \$600 million in 1961 and 1962 for capital equipment. This represents a slight increase over 1960, accounted for by the rising expenditures of trading and distribution firms.

Large Increase in Manufacturing Investment

U.S. manufacturing companies anticipate an increase of 30 percent in outlays for capital equipment in 1961, with only a small decrease from this high now expected for 1962. All areas but Canada show an upturn for 1961, and most manufacturing industries are increasing their outlays, the rest remaining steady.

Europe.—Outlays in Europe—over half of the total—are rising sharply in both the Common Market countries and the United Kingdom. In 1962, expenditures are expected to drop somewhat, particularly in Germany, but will still be 40 percent over the 1960 level.

The United Kingdom still attracts the greatest volume of capital investment, but with Germany now nearly as high. Outlays in the Common Market are expected to increase more than 50 percent in 1961. Over half of this increase is in the transportation equipment industry, most of it in Germany.

Anticipated outlays are up by 45 percent in the United Kingdom in 1961, with this level of expenditures expected to be continued in 1962.

Canada.—Outlays for manufacturing in Canada are expected to remain steady through 1962. The decrease from the high of the 1957–58 period, when outlays totaled more than \$500 million each year, is caused by the decline in the primary and fabricated metals and the paper industries, which completed major additions to capacity in those years.

Latin America.—Manufacturing outlays in Latin America are expected to be about 40 percent higher in 1961 than in 1960, and are currently anticipated to continue high in 1962.

Capital expenditures in Argentina for 1961 will be the highest in Latin America, followed by those in Brazil and Mexico. More than half of the Argentine expenditures in 1961 will be made by producers of transportation equipment. In Brazil, major expansion is continuing in the chemical and transportation equipment industries, while in Mexico the chemical industry will have the highest outlays.

Manufacturing in the rest of the world is concentrated in a few countries, notably Australia, Japan, India, the Philippine Republic, and the Union of South Africa. Outlays in all but the last are increasing, with Australian companies expanding at the fastest

rate. Expansion in India has been uneven, depending on the activities of a relatively few large companies.

Petroleum and Mining

About \$1.8 billion is expected to be spent by petroleum companies abroad in 1961, with slightly greater expenditures to be made in 1962. In addition, these companies spend abroad about \$400 million annually for exploration and development which is charged against income. The peak outlay, in 1957, was \$2.3 billion, exclusive of expenditures charged against income.

The 1961 expenditures represent an increase of about \$300 million over the prior year. Important are outlays now being made in Europe for refining and distribution facilities, and in North Africa, especially Libya, to develop new producing areas. The high investment in these areas is expected to continue in 1962. A slight upturn is anticipated in investments in Latin America in 1961, but the amount is still less than half of the 1957 total.

In Canada, capital expenditures by petroleum interests are expected to remain stable. Outlays in Asia are increasing in 1961, primarily in the producing fields of the Middle East, but these are considerably below the levels of 1957–58.

Mining investment steady

Capital expenditures in the mining and smelting industry will remain steady through 1962 at an annual rate of somewhat over \$400 million, plus about \$30 million of expenditures for exploration and development charged against income.

In Canada, expenditures are expected to be about \$40 million less in 1961 than the \$290 million total for 1960, and will decline to \$190 million in 1962. upon the completion of several large mining projects. Outlays were relatively low in Latin America in 1960 because of the cessation of investment operations in Cuba and because some major expansions have been completed in recent years, but larger outlays are expected in 1961 and 1962. The initiation of several large development projects in West Africa and Australia should require substantial investments there for several years.

Outlays by other industries, excluding companies engaged in international shipping, are holding at close to \$600 million annually in the aggregate. Conpanies engaged in trade and distribution continue to raise their capital outlays, which are now substantial.

Outlays by utility companies are now substantially less than in the 1957–59 period because of the completion of some pipelines and rapid changes in Latin America, including the loss of Cuban properties and the sale of some enterprises in Argentina and Mexico. Outlays in agriculture also are down considerably from 1957.

Comparison with domestic outlays

Foreign plant and equipment expenditures are becoming an increasingly large proportion of the overall capital investment programs of many U.S. manufacturing industries, as shown in table 4.

In 1961, they account for 18 percent of total domestic and foreign expenditures in these industries, compared to 13 percent in the previous year. The most marked increase is in the transportation equipment industry, which plans to make 30 percent of its capital expenditures abroad in 1961, compared with 20 percent in 1960. However,

Table 1.—Plant and Equipment Expenditures of Direct Foreign Investments, by Country and Major Industry, 1959-62

aı	nd M			stry, dollars		-62						
		1959 r		İ	1960 -			1961			1962 •	
Areas	Mining and smelting	Petroleum	Manufacturing	Mining and smelting	Petroleum	Manufacturing	Mining and smelting	Petrokeum	Manufacturing	Mining and smelting	Petroleum	Manufacturing
All areas, total	437	1, 558	1, 147	426	1, 467	1, 337	438	1,776	1,755	407	1, 794	1,706
Canada	246	380	389	290	360	384	259	375	371	190	365	378
Latin American Republics, total Mexico, Central America and West	124	397	192	53	297	206	72	329	290	70	312	256
Indies, total	23 (*)	29 12	53 13	10	20	39	10	23	56	7	23	55
MexicoOther countries	(*)	17	40 1	8 2	1 19	37 2	9	$\frac{1}{23}$	51 5	5 2	1 22	51 3
South America, total. Argentina. Brazil. Chile. Colombia. Peru. Venezuela. Other countries.	96 (*) 2 41 (*) 47 (*) (*) (**)	368 (*) 5 (*) 25 17 280 8	139 28 73 3 12 7 14 1	44 (*) 2 25 (*) 11 (*) (**)	277 (*) 5 (*) 25 17 160 6	167 51 63 3 21 9 17 3	62 (*) 2 22 (*) 30 (*) (**)	306 52 7 (*) 34 32 175 (*)	234 103 69 5 16 13 25 3	63 (*) 2 30 (*) 23 (*) (**)	289 35 4 (*) 31 24 190 (*)	201 71 72 4 15 10 27 2
Western Hemisphere dependencies	23	52	1	24	44	1	25	50	1	33	78	1
Europe, total Common Market, total Belgium and Luxembourg France Germany Italy Netherlands Other Europe, total Denmark Norway Spain Sweden Switzerland United Kingdom Other countries	2 1 (**) 1 (**) (**) (**) (**) (**)	339 176 11 41 60 20 44 163 11 16 1 12 3 99 21	450 214 8 46 138 11 11 236 1 4 3 3 4 218 3	2 (**) (**) (**) (**) (**) (**) (**) (**	345 145 20 32 55 18 20 200 17 21 3 17 4 100 39	608 328 15 66 205 20 22 2,0 2 5 4 4 8 252 5	(**) (**) (**) (**) (**) (**)	470 229 8 41 87 72 22 241 22 8 7 28 4 123 45	902 504 15 82 344 35 23 398 3 8 5 3 8 366 6	(**) (**) (**) (**) (**) (**) (**)	479 244 6 32 130 39 37 235 25 8 12 35 125 26	862 455 16 70 305 43 21 407 2 7 4 4 10 369
Africa, total North Africa East Africa West Africa Central and South Africa, total Union of South Africa Other countries	34 (**) (**) 11 23 9 14	74 40 9 14 12 (*) (*)	10 (**) (**) (**) 9 (**)	44 (**) (**) 16 28 15 13	115 75 7 23 10 (*) (*)	10 (**) (**) (**) (**) 10 8 2	61 (**) (**) 36 25 12 13	195 150 7 26 12 (*) (*)	10 (**) (**) (**) (**) 9 7 2	69 (**) (**) 46 23 10 13	228 165 12 23 28 (*) (*)	(**) (**) (**) (**) 9
Asia, total Middle East Far East, total India Japan Philippine Republic Other countries	(*)	172 81 91 (*) (*) (*) (*) (*)	45 3 42 6 22 12 2	(**) (**)	176 76 101 (*) (*) (*) (*) (*)	72 13 60 16 30 11 4	(**) (**)	210 108 102 (*) (*) (*) (*) (*)	91 3 88 35 34 12 7	1	195 83 113 (*) (*) (*) (*) (*)	75 3 73 18 37 12 5
Oceania, total	13 13	44	60	12	66	56	25	65	90	40	76 (*)	123
Austrana Other countries		(*)	53 2	12	(*)	55 2	25	(*)	87	40	(*)	120 3
International shipping		100			65			82	24		62	

^{*}Included in area total. **Less than \$500,000. r Revised. *Estimated on the basis of company projections.

1. No estimates have been made for expenditures in Cuba in 1960, 1961, and 1962.

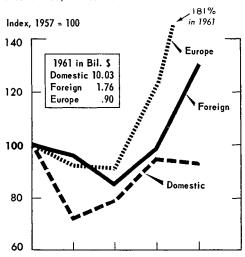
Note.—Detail may not add to totals due to rounding.

other manufacturing industries also are increasing the proportion of their plant and equipment expenditures abroad, especially the machinery, primary and fabricated metals, and food and beverage industries.

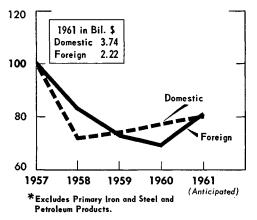
Expenditures for plant and equipment in foreign manufacturing are rising faster than for the domestic industry. The sharp divergence of this trend from the domestic experience is largely influenced by the transportation industry's expansion in Europe, and to a lesser extent in Latin America. Even in the other industries, however, domestic expenditures in 1961 remained practically unchanged, compared to 1960, while foreign expenditures show a strong upward trend.

Comparison of Domestic and Foreign Plant and Equipment Expenditures By U.S. Companies — 1957-61

MANUFACTURING*— Upsurge in Foreign Expenditures Places Them Considerably Above 1957; Domestic Still Below



PETROLEUM AND MINING — Foreign Expenditures Show Recovery From 1960 Low



In the mining and petroleum industries, the trend for both domestic and foreign expenditures is upward. Foreign expenditures, having dropped for a longer period, are now rising at a faster rate than domestic expenditures.

Inventories and Receivables Increase

In addition to the larger sums required to finance plant and equipment expenditures in 1960, as compared with 1959, inventories and receivables were expanded.

Inventories were up about \$800 million in 1960 in the mining, petroleum, and manufacturing industries, about twice the amount for 1959. Most of the accumulation took place in manufacturing, with enterprises in Europe accounting for more than half of the total increase.

On an industry basis, the accumulation was greatest in transportation equipment, accounting for about one-third of the manufacturing total. The accelerated accumulation of manufacturing inventories in Europe, Australia, and the more developed countries of Latin America reflects a rapid growth of sales and some anticipated future expansion. In the mining industry there were some inventory accumulations, particularly in Canada. Petroleum companies increased their inventories slightly in 1960, after 2 years of net liquidation.

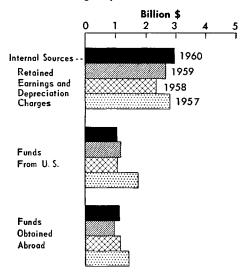
Receivables also grew at an increased rate in 1960, with about two-thirds of the increase accounted for by the manufacturing industry, and a considerable increase in receivables in the petroleum industry.

Other assets were increased by some \$400 million in the three major industries in 1960, about half of the 1959 amount. The decline was shared by all three industries, and could be noted in most areas. A marked decline occurred in the manufacturing industry in Europe, reflecting a drawing down of these assets, primarily cash, by several large automobile manufacturers to finance the heavy investment in inventories and plant and equipment during 1960.

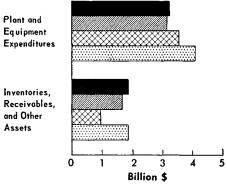
Sources of Financing

AN important aspect of the data on sources and uses of funds of the direct investment enterprises abroad, now being collected annually by the Office of Business Economics, is the broader coverage of the financial resources utilized by U.S. business abroad. Some of this information, related to funds obtained from the United States and those available out of retained earnings, is similar to that collected for use in the balance-of-payments accounts. However, much of the foreign activity of the companies is financed out of depreciation and depletion charges of the foreign

SOURCES AND USES OF FUNDS Direct Foreign Investments SOURCES: Internal Financing An Increasing Proportion



USES: Larger Requirements in 1960 for Fixed Investments and Working Capital



NOTE. -- Includes only the manufacturing, mining and petroleum industries.

tl.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

enterprises, and through funds obtained from investors and capital markets abroad.

In 1960 about \$5.1 billion was required by the manufacturing, mining, and petroleum industries to expand their fixed and other assets abroad. Of this sum, nearly 60 percent was provided from internal sources of the foreign enterprises, including retained earnings of \$1.0 billion and depreciation charges of \$1.9 billion. External financing was obtained from parent companies and others in the United States (\$1.0 billion), and from foreign creditors and investors (\$1.1 billion).

The volume of financing utilized in 1960 was about \$250 million larger than in 1959, but below the peak amount of nearly \$6 billion in 1957, the top year of investment abroad.

Depreciation charges make the largest contribution to the cash flow of the direct foreign investments. These charges for the three major industries amounted to nearly \$2.0 billion in 1960 and are growing by about \$150 million annually.

At current levels, depreciation charges in the aggregate finance about 60 percent of foreign plant and equipment expenditures. In comparable domestic industries the proportion is higher, covering recently about three-quarters of manufacturing requirements, and a still higher proportion for the petroleum and mining industries.

About \$950 million of the depreciation charges for 1960 originated in the petroleum industry, including about \$50 million for depletion. These charges were equal to over half of the industry's capital expenditures, matching present outlays for plant and equipment in Latin America, but falling much below the amount required for this purpose in Europe.

Depreciation charges by manufacturing enterprises were about \$800 million in 1960, and are growing rapidly in line with the expansion of the industry. However, sharply increased requirements of funds for capital investment, as well as for inventory expansion, caused these companies to obtain a larger proportion of their financing from external sources abroad and retained earnings.

Retained earnings

Of the \$1.0 billion of retained earnings in mining, petroleum, and manu-

Table 2.—Plant and Equipment Expenditures Abroad by U.S. Manufacturing Companies, by Area and Major Commodity, 1959-62

			[]	Millions	of dollars]				
Areas and years	Total	Food prod- ucts	Paper and allied products	Chem- icals	Rubber prod- ucts	Primary and fabri- cated metals	Machin- ery, ex- cept elec- trical	Electrical machin- ery	Trans- portation equip- ment	Other manu- facturing
All areas, total 1959 7	1, 147 1, 337 1, 755 1, 706	82 97 142 112	83 78 79 73	232 237 288 301	76 68 71 74	127 133 176 182	109 132 179 167	96 104 142 128	228 336 530 519	114 152 148 150
Canada 1959 r	389 384 371 378	22 30 30 28	65 55 60 57	78 75 66 62	14 15 18 16	65 49 50 65	10 17 22 22	27 30 35 28	65 63 45 55	43 50 45 45
Latin America ¹ 1959 r	193 207 290 257	20 24 44 33	8 7 9 7	52 49 58 60	16 12 11 12	16 11 20 21	6 8 6 9	15 18 27 24	41 47 86 63	20 31 28 27
Europe: Common Market 1959 *- 1960 *. 1961 *- 1962 *- Other Europe 1959 *- 1960 *. 1961 *- 1962 *- 1962 *-	214 328 504 455 236 280 398 407	16 17 31 21 13 18 26 20	2 2 3 3 5 3 4 4	20 44 72 65 60 42 50 65	4 11 7 6 23 15 14 25	9 10 12 12 12 30 50 55 47	61 72 99 83 26 24 41 43	21 21 35 30 17 18 31 31	62 128 218 206 40 74 143 138	19 23 28 30 22 35 33 34
Other areas 1959 *	115 139 191 209	11 8 11 9	3 12 4 3	22 28 41 48	19 16 19 16	7 13 39 37	6 10 11 11	16 16 15 15	20 23 38 57	11 12 13 13

Revised. • Estimated on the basis of company projections. Note.—Detail may not add to totals because of rounding. 1, Includes Western Hemisphere dependencies.

Table 3.—Plant and Equipment Expenditures of Direct Foreign Investments in Selected Industries, 1959-62

[Millions of dollars]

	1959 -	1960 -	1961 -	1962 •
All areas, total	563	559	591	592
Agriculture	79	73	66	63
Public utilities 1	191	143	141	126
Trade.		256	291	312
Miscellaneous	95	87	93	91
Canada, total	170	225	208	190
Agriculture		35	38	35
Public utilities.	35	85	55	50
Trade	45	60	65	55
Miscellaneous	55	45	50	50
Latin America, total	214	125	151	150
Agriculture	37	30	20	20
Public utilities	128	40	65	65
Trade		35	45	45
Miscellaneous	18	20	21	20
Europe, total	115	137	147	166
Agriculture		(**)	(**)	(**)
Public utilities	` 6	5	5	` ′ 5
Trade	10Ĭ	125	135	155
Miscellaneous	8	7	7	6
Other areas, total	64	72	85	86

<sup>Revised. • Estimated on the basis of company projections. **Less than \$500,000.
1. Excludes international shipping.</sup>

Agriculture Public utilities

Miscellaneous.....

facturing in 1960, over \$740 million was accounted for by manufacturing enterprises. Net earnings in this industry increased by about \$100 million in 1960, and most of this increase was reinvested. This increase took place in all areas except Canada, where the amounts earned and reinvested were somewhat lower than in 1959.

In the petroleum industry retained earnings increased somewhat to \$150 million, although remaining much below the peak of \$.8 billion in 1957. Earnings of this industry increased by about 14 percent in 1960, but petroleum companies continued to obtain their financing largely from depreciation and depletion funds, and capital flow from the United States.

Retained earnings by mining companies declined slightly in 1960, although the net income of these companies rose sharply. However, with the completion of several major projects in Latin America, the need for financing was diminished in that area, where a large part of the industry's earnings originate.

External financing

Funds provided by parent companies and others in the United States were moderately lower in 1960 than in the preceding year, with each of the major

Table 4.—Domestic and Foreign Expenditures for Plant and Equipment in Selected Industries, 1959**-**61

[Amounts in millions of dollars]

	Exp	enditu	ires19	959 -	Ex	pendit	ures—1	960	Ex	pendit	ures—1	961
	Total	Domestie	Foreign	Percent of foreign to total	Total	Domestic	Foreign	Percent of foreign to total	Total	Domestic	Foreign	Percent of foreign to total
Mining and petroleum, total.	5, 475	3, 480	1,995	36	5, 523	3, 630	1,893	34	5,984	3,770	2, 214	37
Selected manufacturing industries, total Primary and fabricated metals ¹ Electrical machinery Machinery, except electrical Transportation equipment		6, 340 1, 000 520 910 1, 030	1,033 127 96 109 228		8, 785 1, 143 784 1, 232 1, 646	7,600 1,010 680 1,100 1,310	1, 185 133 104 132 336	13 12 13 11 20	9,007 1,056 822 1,279 1,700	7,400 880 680 1,100 1,170	1,607 176 142 179 530	18 17 17 14 31
Paper and allied products	713 1, 462 266 912	630 1, 230 190 830	83 232 76 82	12 16 29 9	828 1, 837 298 1, 017	750 1,600 230 920	78 237 68 97	9 13 23 10	799 1, 938 291 1, 122	720 1, 650 220 980	79 288 71 142	10 15 24 13

Table 5.—Sources and Uses of Funds of Direct-Investment Enterprises, by Area and Selected Industry, 1958-60

[Millions of dollars] SOURCES OF FUNDS

Depreciation and depletion Total sources Net income Funds from Funds obtained Area and industry 1958r | 1959r | 1960 | 1958r | 1959r | 1960 6, 441 6, 774 7, 336 2, 611 2, 837 3, 255 1, 065 1, 181 1, 046 1, 150 985 1, 108 1, 615 1, 771 1, 927 All areas, total 669 873 1, 015 307 2, 893 2, 930 $\frac{242}{325}$ 155 255 575 Mining and smelting.... $\frac{623}{472}$ $\frac{528}{469}$ 454 434 830 640 Manufacturing_____ 2, 465 3, 008 3, 391 1, 044 l. 269i 1.370808 695 .707 1,845 1,737 423 376 371 235 202 - 22 556 602 Mining and smelting _____ Petroleum_____ Manufacturing _____ 395 441 1,009 62 76 403 157 159 470 67 189 300 $\frac{78}{234}$ $\frac{95}{41}$ 13 $\frac{225}{591}$ $\frac{202}{138}$ $\frac{75}{207}$ 112 -80522 92 350 80 Latin America, total 2 650 1, 470 1, 745 653 655 789 239 238 106 345 435 471 Mining and smelting Petroleum Manufacturing 343 702 425 75 300 60 61 -24 132 70 327 70 $\frac{24}{125}$ 308 539 1,877 2,061 503 620 658 162 381 513 511 447 433 363 429 457 12 12 11 640 578 493 887 1, 287 1, 557 $\frac{150}{231}$ -12
446 $\frac{122}{240}$ $\frac{273}{240}$ 168 $\frac{145}{310}$ 161 300 390 496 260 $\frac{352}{74}$ $\frac{144}{144}$ 1,545 1,582 1,793 914 851 1.022 298 186 114 230 309 315 346 Other areas, total .. Mining and smelting 90 123 225 1, 162 1, 172 1, 158 18 155 27 134 $\frac{19}{230}$ $\frac{20}{230}$ $\frac{22}{255}$ 42 64 648 740 Manufacturing..... 287

					[JSE ()F FU	UNDS	8									
Area and industry	Т	otal u	ses		erty, p equip		Inv	entor	ies	Rec	eivab	les	Oth	er asso	ets ³	Inc	onie i	aid
	1958,	1959 -	1960	1958r	1959 -	1960	1958 -	1959 -	1960	1958 -	19597	1960	1958 r	1959 r	1960	1958	1959 r	1960
All areas, total	6, 441	6, 774	7, 336	3, 561	3, 142	3, 230	-33	378	793	358	487	661	661	818	390	1, 894	1, 949	2, 260
Mining and smelting. Petroleum Manufacturing	669 3, 307 2, 465	2,893	1, 015 2, 930 3, 391	1,834	1, 558	1, 467	55	8	20	167	65	164			58	1, 161	1,086	1, 221
Canada, total Mining and smelting Petroleum Manufacturing	225 591	395	447 549	430	240 380	290 360	-5 -22	18 -4	58 5	1	26 12	$-\frac{10}{25}$	57	50 -5	25 60	59 70	61 58	390 84 99 207
Latin America, total ² Mining and smelting Petroleum Manufacturing	342	702	332 730	218 548	147 449		-20 -17	-30	22 -24	10	25 30	31 105		19 -35	$-50 \\ -50$	$\frac{101}{356}$	134 288	684 251 359 74
Europe, total Mining and smelting. Petroleum Manufacturing	12 640		11 493	414	339	$\frac{2}{345}$	(**) -20	(**) 5	453 (**) 29 424	169 -1 110 60	$\frac{-1}{23}$	-3 3	1 41	(**) 86	1 29		11 125	
Other areas, total Mining and smelting Petroleum Manufacturing	90	1, 172	225 1, 158	42 442	48 390	56 422	-5 4	1 21	123 16 10 97	45 5 10 30	(**)	19 31	8 66	10 146	65	40	47 615	825 69 676 80
##T (1 #F00.000								О.Т	, ,	777		77.	1	1	1.			

^{**}Less than \$500,000.

industries shown in table 5 drawing somewhat less on this source. However, within the principal regions there was a considerable variation in behavior.

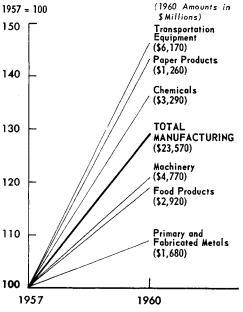
Where investment activity was not expanding, a more than proportional drop occurred in parent company financing, with other sources making up the difference. This was characteristic of manufacturing investments in Canada, mining and petroleum investments in Latin America, and petroleum investments in the Middle East. On the other hand, an increased flow of funds from the United States was required to finance accelerated investment programs in Latin American manufacturing, petroleum refineries and other facilities in Europe, and the development of new mining properties in Canada.

Funds obtained abroad

Foreign creditors and investors provided about \$1.1 billion of financing in 1960 for the three major industries, about \$120 million more than in 1959. This type of financing used by manufacturing companies increased more than \$230 million, to a total of more than \$800 million. Manufacturing enterprises in Europe and Latin America

SALES OF MANUFACTURES BY DIRECT-**INVESTMENT ENTERPRISES ABROAD, 1957-60**

Transportation Equipment and Paper **Products Show Strongest Growth**



U.S. Department of Commerce. Office of Business Economics

^r Revised.
1. Excludes primary iron and steel producers.

Note: Foreign expenditures include acquisitions of existing fixed assets, which are excluded from the domestic series.

^{1.} Includes miscellaneous sources.

Includes Western Hemisphere dependencies.

^{3.} Includes miscellaneous uses

each obtained an additional \$150 million from this source. Canadian manufacturing companies decreased their outstanding liabilities by \$80 million, reflecting their reduced need for working capital.

Petroleum companies further reduced their use of foreign financing as the growth of internal sources of funds continued to outstrip the need of funds for investment. The decline was largest in Europe, where there was a slight decrease in foreign liabilities in 1960.

It is noteworthy that the manufacturing and petroleum industries diverged in the utilization of local financing in Europe in 1960, when higher short-term interest rates in that area were attracting very large amounts of liquid funds from the United States. The data in table 5 suggest that the manufacturing companies, needing exceptionally large amounts to finance additions to both fixed assets and working capital, drew heavily on local sources, while the petroleum companies, not confronted with larger financing requirements, tended to advance funds from the United States.

Manufacturing Production Abroad by U.S. Companies

TOTAL sales of manufactures by the foreign subsidiaries and branches of U.S. companies were valued at \$23.6 billion in 1960. This was a gain of some 12 percent over the previous year, and over \$5 billion more than their sales in 1957, the first year for which data are available.

Output of U.S. companies in Europe is gaining rapidly, advancing by 22 percent from 1959 to 1960, and accounting for 60 percent of the overall increase in foreign sales since 1957. Sales of Canadian plants have increased moderately as shown in table 6, matching the lower pace at which industrial production in that country has been growing. Most of the recent gain in output in Latin America is in the production of automobiles, especially in Argentina.

On a commodity basis, increased output of transportation equipment accounted for over \$1 billion of the total \$2.5 billion 1959-60 increase in manufacturing sales of foreign plants. Increased output in the machinery categories, and in chemicals, was also substantial, and each of the other major lines of manufactures registered gains.

Comparison with exports

Between 1957 and 1960, exports of manufactures ¹ from the United States advanced from \$10.8 billion to \$11.3 billion. In 1958 and 1959 such exports were under \$10 billion a year. In the same period production in the U.S.owned manufacturing plants abroad

Table 6.—Sales of Manufactures by Direct-Investment Enterprises Abroad, Principal Commodities, by Areas, 1957, 1959, and 1960 [Millions of dollars]

Area and years	Manu- facturing, total	Food prod- ucts	Paper and allied products	Chem- icals	Rub- ber prod- ucts	Primary and fabri- cated metals	Machin- ery,ex- cept elec- trical	Elec- trical machin- ery	Transportation equipment	Other prod- ucts
All areas, total 1957 1959 1960	18, 331 21, 100 23, 570	2, 457 2, 810 2, 920	881 1, 170 1, 260	2, 411 2, 950 3, 290	968 1,040 1,170	I, 548 1, 590 1, 680	1, 903 2, 200 2, 490	2, 047 2, 100 2, 280	4, 228 5, 140 6, 170	1, 889 2, 100 2, 310
Canada 1957 1959 1960	7, 897 8, 670 8, 920	928 1, 060 1, 020	769 1, 030 1, 100	897 1,070 1,150	272 290 310	927 950 920	695 760 780	1, 080 1, 030 1, 040	1, 488 1, 600 1, 650	842 880 950
Latin America ¹ 1957 1959 1960 Europe	2, 435 2, 830 3, 180	608 740 750	55 60 70	499 590 620	239 260 280	111 100 100	66 80 100	190 190 240	375 470 710	292 340 310
1957 1959 1960	6, 313 7, 690 9, 310	734 760 900	34 50 60	822 1,050 1,240	262 290 360	435 470 590	1, 009 1, 210 1, 420	678 770 890	1, 700 2, 350 2, 970	639 740 880
Other 1957 1959 1960	1, 685 1, 910 2, 160	188 250 250	23 30 30	193 240 280	195 200 220	75 70 70	133 150 190	99 110 110	665 720 840	116 140 170

^{1.} Includes Western Hemisphere dependencies.

Table 7.—Production Abroad by Direct-Investment Manufacturing Enterprises, by Selected Countries, 1957, 1959 and 1960 [Millions of dollars]

	1957	1959	1960
All areas, total	18, 331	21, 100	23, 570
Canada	7,897	8,670	8, 920
Latin America, total	2, 435	2,830	3, 186
Argentina	385	426	
Brazil	659	764	879
Mexico	643	751	770
Venezuela	268	364	360
Other countries 2	480	525	475
Europe, total	6, 313	7,690	9,310
Belgium, Netherlands, and	410	401	con
Luxembourg	416	461	602
France	763	789	965
Germany	1, 116	1, 572	1,835
Italy	230	244	350
United Kingdom	3, 303	4, 050	4, 715
Other countries	485	574	843
Other areas, total	1,685	1,910	2, 160
Australia	787	933	1, 085
Japan	217	240	290
Philippine Republic	118	141	140
Union of South Africa	300	292	305
Other countries	263	304	340

rose from \$18.3 billion to \$23.6 billion.

While this comparison is indicative of the rough magnitudes and trends involved, it must be noted that the commodity makeup of U.S. exports of manufactures is different from that of foreign production, and experience also varies in different foreign markets. In addition, sales of the foreign plants often include a substantial amount of materials or components exported from the United States.

In table 8, the trends for some specific major commodities are shown in principal areas. For these major manufactures, export growth from 1957 to 1960 was significant mainly in Europe and a few countries elsewhere. Exports of these items to Western Hemisphere markets were considerably reduced. In the same period production of these commodities in local plants rose substantially in each of the areas shown.

The strong growth of overall demand in Europe supported increases in both exports from the United States and in local production, but the volume of local production by U.S. companies of these commodities, and especially of automobiles, is far greater than U.S. exports to this area. In the Canadian market, exports of these manufactures changed little over the period, while local production of chemicals, automobiles, and nonelectrical machinery showed moderate improvement.

¹ Secs. 5 to 8, inclusive, of the Standard International Trade Classification.

Includes Western Hemisphere dependencies.
 Includes production in Cuba amounting to \$149 million in 1957, and \$181 million in 1959, but excludes Cuba in 1960.

Table 8.—Exports From the United States and Production by Direct Investments Abroad of Selected Manufactures, by Area, 1957 and 1960

[Millions of dollars]

Exports of major manufactures to Latin America declined in most categories from 1957 to 1960, as production within the area by U.S. companies continued to expand. For some items, principally machinery and others requiring comparatively advanced technology, exports remain larger than local production, but for such important categories as chemicals, automobiles, and some type of machinery, sales of the local plants are larger.

For each of the commodities included in table 8, production in U.S.-owned plants abroad has been expanding faster than exports. The divergence is striking for transportation equipment (excluding aircraft), exports of which declined from 1957 to 1960 while foreign production rose 50 percent; exports of electrical machinery also declined slightly as production abroad increased.

These data suggest that the growth of production in U.S.-owned plants abroad is a considerable influence on the commodity makeup and direction of U.S. export trade.

Commodities	All area	ıs, total	Can	ada	Latin A	merica ¹	Eur	оре	Other	areas
	1957	1960	1957	1960	1957	1960	1957	1960	1957	1960
Selected manufactures: Foreign production U.S. exports	11, 557	15, 400	4, 432	4, 930	1, 369	1, 950	4, 471	6, 880	1, 285	1, 640
	7, 212	7, 522	1, 804	1, 799	2, 536	2, 097	1, 235	1, 845	1, 638	1, 781
Chemicals: Foreign production U.S. exports	2, 411 1, 376	3, 290 1, 661	897 246	1, 150 277	499 457	620 420	822 353	$1,240 \\ 561$	193 320	280 403
Rubber products: Foreign production. U.S. exports.	968	1, 170	272	310	239	280	262	360	195	220
	300	372	43	62	62	74	97	153	98	83
Machinery, except electrical: Foreign productionU.S. exports	1, 903	2, 490	695	780	66	100	1,009	1.420	133	190
	3, 160	3, 295	876	824	1,007	833	567	806	710	832
Electrical machinery: Foreign production U.S. exports	2, 047	2, 280	1,080	1, 040	190	240	678	890	99	110
	810	793	246	230	291	235	114	171	160	157
Transportation equipment: Foreign production U.S. exports 2	4, 228	6, 170	1, 488	1, 650	375	710	1,700	2, 970	665	840
	1, 566	1, 401	393	406	719	535	104	154	350	306
				1	1	1	r .	I .	:	1

Includes Western Hemisphere dependencies.
 Excludes civilian aircraft.

Comparatively little of the goods manufactured abroad is exported to the United States, except for traditional items such as Canadian paper and pulp or aluminum. Only about \$200 million

of the items manufactured in Europe

by U.S. companies was exported to the United States in 1957, and a recent survey of a representative group of companies showed that the amount in 1960 may have been smaller.

Expansion in Incomes

(Continued from page 4)

financing. The needs for this lessened as business fell.

Profits turn upward

Reflecting the advance in economic activity, corporate profits rose sharply in the second quarter, reversing the sharp setback of the preceding year. At an annual rate of \$45½ billion, pretax earnings were \$5½ billion higher than in the first quarter and only a little lower than a year earlier. The previous cyclical peak of corporate

profits had been reached in the first quarter of 1960 when total earnings were at an annual rate of \$47½ billion. With corporate taxes taking about one-half of aggregate earnings, after-tax profits amounted to \$23 billion in the second quarter.

Roughly two-thirds of the advance in corporate profits from the first quarter occurred in manufacturing, as sales and profit margins rose in a number of industries. Earnings of automobile manufacturers showed marked improvement from the low winter quarter, and profits in several other hard goods lines increased substantially. The recovery extended to some of the major nondurable industries as well as to nonmanufacturing generally.

With these new profits data at hand, the national income for the second quarter is estimated at \$426 billion. This is an alltime record annual rate, \$14 billion above the first quarter, and \$7 billion higher than the previous peak of \$419 billion reached in mid-1960.

NEW OR REVISED SERIES: Inventory-Sales Ratios of Manufacturing and Trade Firms ¹

					ľ	Aanufactui	ring				W	holesale tr	ade		Retail trad	e
Year and month	Total manu- facturing		1	Durable good	s indust	ries	No	ondurable go	ods indu	stries			Non-			Non-
	and trade	Total	Total	Purchased materials	Goods- in- process	Finished goods	Total	Purchased materials	Goods- in- process	Finished goods	Total	Durable goods	durable goods	Total	Durable goods	durable goods
1960 July	1. 53	1, 80	2, 18	0, 59	0, 86	0.73	1, 45	0. 58	0. 20	0.68	1, 06	1, 57	0, 77	1.40	2, 10	1.08
JuneJuly	1. 48 1. 49	1. 73 1. 72	2. 06 2. 05	. 52 . 52	. 82 . 81	.72	1. 43 1. 43	. 55	. 20	. 67	1. 06 1. 08	1. 54 1. 58	. 81	1. 35 1. 37		1. 07 1. 08

^{1.} Based on end-of-month inventories, seasonally adjusted, and seasonally adjusted sales for the month.

Monthly BUSINESS STATISTICS

THE STATISTICS here are a continuation of the data published in the 1959 edition of Business Statistics, biennial Statistical Supplement to the Survey of Current Business. That volume (price \$2.25) contains monthly (or quarterly) data for the years 1955 through 1958 and monthly averages for all years back to 1929 insofar as available; it also provides a description of each series and references to sources of monthly figures prior to 1955. Series added or significantly revised since publication of the 1959 Business Statistics are indicated by an asterisk (*) and a dagger (†), respectively; certain revisions for 1958 issued too late for inclusion in the aforementioned volume appear in the monthly Survey beginning with the July 1959 issue. Except as otherwise stated, the terms "unadjusted" and "adjusted" refer to adjustment for seasonal variation.

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1961

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and				160						19	61			
descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	Augus
		GENE	RAL :	BUSIN	ESS 1	INDIC	ATOF	RS		<u> </u>		·	,	·i
NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT†		1					1						1	
easonally adjusted quarterly totals at annual rates: † National income, totalbil. of dol_	-		419.0			416.5			412.2			426. 0		
Compensation of employees, totaldo	.	. <u></u> -	296.0			294.0	l		292.6			300. 2		
Wages and salaries, total do		1	273.2			271.3			270.1			277.3		
Private do Military do			224. 2 9. 9			221. 6 10. 0			219. 7 10. 1			226. 0 10. 1		·}
Government civiliando			39.1			39.7			40.3			41. 2		
Supplements to wages and salariesdo			22.7			22.7			22. 5			22. 9		
Proprietors' income total-7 do		1	48.7			49.0		ļ	48.9			49. 2	i	
Business and professional	-		36.3			36. 3			36.0			36.3		
Farmdo			12.4			12.7			12. 9			12.9		
Proprietors' income, total♂		·	11.7			11.7	[11.5			11.5		
Corporate proms and inventory valuation adjust-	1	1	44.1	ļ		42.9			40.0		ŀ	45. 5		C.
ment, total bil. of dol. Corporate profits before tax, total do			43. 2			42.6			39.6			45. 2		
Corporate profits tax liabilitydo		.	21.4			21.1			19.6			22.4		
Corporate profits after taxdo	-	-	21.7			21.4		. 	20.0			22.8		
Inventory valuation adjustmentdo	-	-	.9			.3			.4			.3		- - -
Net interestdo	_		18.6			18.9	l		19.2			19.6		
Gross national product, totaldo			505.1			504. 5			500.8			516.1		
Personal consumption expenditures, totaldo	<u>. </u>		329.7	1	1	332.3	ļ	}	330.7	}	ļ	000 1	1	1
Durable goodsdodo	-		43.4			43.8			39.4			336. 1 42. 0		·
Nondurable goodsdo			152.7			153.1			153.7			154.1		
Servicesdodo			133.6			135. 4			137. 5			139. 9		
Gross private domestic investment, totaldo			70.5			65. 6			59.8		į	200		
New constructiondodo			40.4			40.7			39.6			68.8		
Producers' durable equipmentdo	.	.	27.7			26.7			24. 2			24.7]
Change in business inventoriesdo		-	2.4			-1.9			-4.0			2.8		
Net exports of goods and servicesdo	1		3.0		1	5.1		İ	5.3			3.9		
Exportsdo	_		26.8			27.6			27.6			26.4		<u>-</u> -
Importsdo	_		23.8			22. 4			22.3			22.5		<u>-</u>
Government purchases of goods and services, total bil. of dol.		1	101.9	1		101.0	i	ļ.	105.0			107.0	1	
Federal (less Government sales)	-		54.0			101. 6 53. 0			105. 0 54. 7			107. 3 56. 6		
Federal (less Government sales)do National defense ♀do State and localdo			45.4			45.7			47.2			48.8		·
State and localdo		-	48.0			48.6			50.3			50.6		
Personal income, totaldo			405.1			405. 4	ŀ		404.7			413. 2		1
Less: Personal tax and nontax paymentsdo	_1		50.8			50.5			50.3			51.4		
Equals: Disposable personal incomedo	-	.	354.4			354.9			354.3			361.8		
Personal saving §do			24.6	Į.	İ	22.7	Į.		23.7			0,50	ļ	1
	-		24.0			22.1			23. (25.8		
GNP in constant (1954) dollars Gross national product, totalbil. of dol.				1			1	İ	400.0					
Personal consumption expenditures, totaldo	1		440. 2 298. 6			438. 4 299. 6			433. 2			445. 5 301. 6		
Durable goodsdo			40.8			299. 6 41. 6			37.6		<u> </u>	301.6		
Nondurable goodsdodo	-		. 142.0			141.3			141.6		.	142.6		
Servicesdo	-	-	115.8			116.6			117.8			119. 2		
Gross private domestic investment, totaldo		-	58. 6 33. 6			54.9			49.6			57.3		.
Producers' durable equipmentdo	-		33.6			33. 9 22. 1		·[32. 9 19. 9		-	34.1		-
Change in business inventoriesdo			2.3			-1.1			-3.2			20.3		
Net exports of goods and servicesdo	1		1.6			3.5			3.3			1.9		
Government purchases of goods and services, total	1	1	1											
bil. of dol.	1	1	81.3			80.3	1	1	83.3	İ		84.7	1	1
Federaldo			42.9			41.6			43.1			44.7		
State and localdo			38.4	1		38.7	1	1	40.2	1	1	40.0	1	1

r Revised. †Revised series. Estimates of national income and product and personal income have been revised back to 1957; revisions prior to the 2d quarter 1960 (and prior to May 1960 for personal income) appear on p. 6 ff. of the July 1961 Survey. O'Includes inventory valuation adjustment. Q Government sales are not deducted. §Personal saving is excess of disposable income over personal consumption expenditures shown as a component of gross national product above.

Unless otherwise stated statistics through 1958 and

1360 1961 Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS Septem-October Decem Janu-Febru-Novem-July August March April May June July August

GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Continued

	ENEF	(AL B	USIN.	F22 I	NDIC	TOR	5—to	nunu	ea					
PERSONAL INCOME, BY SOURCE;														
Seasonally adjusted, at annual rates:‡ Total personal incomebil. of dol	404. 7	405. 2	405. 5	406. 4	406.0	404. 0	403. 6	403. 1	1 405. 5 407. 3	409. 8	413. 2	417.3	r 1 418.6 r 421.2	419. 3
Wage and salary disbursements, total do. Commodity-producing industries, total do. Manufacturing only do. Distributive industries do. Service industries do. Government do. Other labor income do. Proprietors' income: Business and professional do.	273, 6 111, 3 88, 0 72, 6 41, 1 48, 6 10, 9	273. 2 110. 2 86. 9 72. 6 41. 2 49. 1 10. 9	273. 0 110. 0 86. 7 72. 3 41. 3 49. 4 10. 9	272. 9 109. 5 86. 3 72. 4 41. 4 49. 6 11. 1	271. 5 108. 3 85. 4 72. 0 41. 5 49. 7 11. 2	269. 6 106. 2 84. 0 71. 8 41. 7 49. 8 11. 3	269, 6 106, 2 83, 8 71, 8 41, 6 50, 0 11, 0	269. 5 105. 6 83. 5 71. 8 41. 7 50. 4 10. 7	271. 1 106. 5 84. 1 71. 8 42. 1 50. 7 10. 6	274. 6 109. 1 86. 1 72. 3 42. 3 51. 0 10. 7	277. 2 110. 5 87. 6 72. 9 42. 5 51. 3 10. 8	280. 7 112. 7 88. 9 73. 5 42. 9 51. 6 11. 0	7 282. 3 7 113. 2 7 89. 3 7 74. 0 7 43. 3 7 51. 8 11. 1	282. 8 113. 1 89. 2 74. 2 43. 6 52. 0 11. 1
Farmdo	12.3	12. 4	12. 4	12. 5	12.8	12.8	12.8	12. 9	13.0	12. 9	12.9	13 0	12.9	12.9
Rental income of persons do Dividends do Personal interest income do Transfer payments do Less personal contributions for social insur do	11. 7 14. 0 26. 3 28. 8 9. 3	11. 7 14. 1 26. 4 29. 3 9. 3	11, 7 14, 3 26, 6 29, 8 9, 4	11, 7 14, 4 26, 6 30, 2 9, 3	11. 7 14. 4 26. 7 30. 7 9. 3	11. 6 14. 1 26. 7 31 0 9. 2	11, 6 14, 2 26, 8 31, 1 9, 6	11. 5 14. 2 26. 8 31. 1 9. 4	11. 4 14. 2 26. 8 133. 7 9. 6	11. 5 14. 2 26. 8 32. 5 9. 6	11. 5 14. 2 27. 0 33. 0 9. 7	11. 5 14. 3 27. 1 33. 0 9. 8	11. 5 14. 3 27. 2 7 1 35. 2 9. 8	11. 5 14. 3 27. 4 32. 4 9. 8
Total nonagricultural incomedo	388. 3	3 88. 7	389. 0	389. 8	389. 1	387. 2	386. 8	386, 2	390.4	392. 9	3 96. 4	400. 2	⁷ 1 404. 0	402.0
NEW PLANT AND EQUIPMENT EXPENDITURES														
Unadjusted quarterly totals: All industriesbil, of dol			8. 98		- 	9.53			7. 57			r 8. 61	2 7 8.80	3 9, 58
Manufacturing do Durable goods industries do Nondurable goods industries do			3. 62 1. 80 1. 81			4.01 1.95 2.06			3.00 1.41 1.59			* 3, 46 * 1, 58 * 1, 88	r 3. 44 r 1. 54 r 1. 90	3. 90 1. 75 2. 15
Mining do Railroads do Railroads do Go Transportation, other than rail do Public utilities do Commercial and other do Go			. 47 1, 50			. 24 . 25 . 46 1. 58 2. 99			. 41 1. 09			26 r. 18 r. 48 r 1. 39 r 2. 85	r. 24 r. 15 r. 53 r 1. 59 r 2. 85	. 28 . 13 . 47 1. 68 3. 12
Seasonally adjusted quarterly totals at annual rates: All industriesbil. of dolbil.			35, 90			35, 50		***	33. 85			r 33. 50	2 r 34. 80	3 35, 90
Manufacturing do Durable goods industries do Nondurable goods industries do			14. 65 7. 35 7. 30			14, 40 6, 85 7, 55			13, 75 6, 50 7, 25			r 13, 50 r 6, 20 r 7, 30	* 13. 75 * 6. 15 * 7. 65	14. 20 6. 35 7. 85
Mining do Railroads do Transportation, other than rail do Public utilities do Commercial and other do			1. 90 5. 60			. 90 1. 00 1. 80 5. 70 11. 65			1.75 5.35			1,00 r,70 r 1,80 r 5,50 r 11,05	r. 95 r. 60 r 2. 05 r 5. 95 r 11. 50	1. 05 . 50 1. 90 6. 05 12. 20
FARM INCOME AND MARKETINGS♂														
Cash receipts from farming, including Government payments, total	2,802	3, 023	3, 375	4, 336	3, 847	3, 268	3, 123	2, 272	2. 278	2, 171	2, 478	r 2, 568	2,785	
Farm marketings and CCC loans, total	2, 738 1, 316 1, 422 389 759 250	2, 992 1, 397 1, 595 379 902 282	3, 353 1, 715 1, 638 379 926 298	4, 036 2, 181 1, 855 393 1, 100 339	3, 767 2, 073 1, 694 379 964 338	3, 221 1, 624 1, 597 403 854 316	3. 077 1. 448 1. 629 409 938 247	2, 250 788 1, 462 377 819 238	2, 259 607 1, 652 424 924 279	2, 137 618 1, 519 417 823 249	2, 236 615 1, 621 448 897 256	2, 447 915 1, 532 427 832 246	2, 714 1, 289 1, 425 411 748 243	
All commodities	112 123 104	$123 \\ 130 \\ 117$	$\begin{array}{c} 138 \\ 160 \\ 120 \end{array}$	166 203 136	155 193 124	132 151 117	126 135 120	92 74 107	93 57 121	88 58 111	92 57 119	100 85 112	111 120 105	
Indexes of volume of farm marketings, unadjusted: All commodities 1947-49 = 100 Crops do. Livestock and products do.	132 143 124	143 148 140	156 174 142	191 236 156	176 222 142	146 168 130	144 163 131	102 81 118	103 57 137	97 53 130	106 52 147	120 90 142	131 134 129	
INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION						200	101							
Revised Federal Reserve Index of Quantity Output									i		ļ			ı
Unadjusted, total index (including utilities)† 1957=100.	103	107	108	110	106	101	102	103	104	107	108	111	106	» 111
By industry: Manufacturing, total do Durable manufactures do Nondurable manufactures do Mining do Utilities do	103 99 109 94	106 98 117 98	108 102 117 98	110 103 119 98	106 100 114 97	100 96 106 97	101 95 109 97	102 96 111 97	103 97 112 96	107 100 115 97	108 103 115 98	111 106 118 198	r 105 r 100 r 112 96	p 110 p 102 p 121 p 100
By market grouping: Final products, total do. Consumer goods. do. Automotive and home goods do. Apparel and staples do. Equipment, including defense do.	107 110 104 112 102	111 115 99 121 101	112 117 110 119 102	114 121 123 120 101	110 115 117 114 100	106 108 108 108 101	106 109 101 112 101	108 111 104 114 101	107 111 104 113 101	110 113 112 114 102	110 114 113 114 102	113 118 r 119 r 117 103	109 112 103 115 102	p 113 p 118 p 97 p 125 p 103
Materials do Durable goods materials do Nondurable materials do Nondurable materials do Halleignel totals for	100 96 104	104 97 110	105 100 110	105 99 112	102 95 110	98 90 106	98 90 108	99 90 109	101 91 111	104 96 112	107 101 113	109 105 r 114	7 103 99 108	p 109 p 103 p 114

r Revised. P Preliminary. Italicized totals for March and July exclude stepped-up rate of, and special Government life insurance dividend payments to veterans, respectively; total disbursements of \$150 million (March) and \$218 million (July) multiplied by 12 (to put on annual rate basis) amounted to \$1.8 billion (March) and \$2.6 billion (July). Figures for transfer payments and total nonagricultural income reflecting similar exclusion are as follows: March—\$31.9 billion and \$388.6 billion; July—\$32.5 billion and \$401.4 billion. Estimates for October-December 1961 based on anticipated capital expenditures of business. Estimates for October-December 1961 based on anticipated capital expenditures of business. See note marked "i" on page S-1. Arevised beginning 1958; revisions prior to May 1960 will be shown later. Plucludes data not shown separately. The Juncludes data not shown separately. The Juncludes data for 1959-60, and comparative data for 1959-60, appear on p. 6 of this issue of the SURVEY.

The vised series. For figures back to January 1955 for total and summary groups (seasonally adjusted), see p. 6 of the January 1960 SURVEY; for other information and earlier figures back to 1947 (1919 for total industrial production, including utilities), see the December 1959 Federal Reserve Bulletin and the separate Federal Reserve publication, "Industrial Production: 1959 Revision" (available from the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System).

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and			19	60						190	31			
descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August
	SENEI	RAL E	USIN	ESS 1	NDIC	ATOR	S—Co	ntinu	ed					
INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION—Continued Revised Fed. Reserve Index of Quantity Output—Con. Seasonally adjusted, total index (including utilities) †														
By industry: Manufacturing, totaldodo	110 110	108 108	107 107	106 106	105 104	103 102	102 101	102 101	103 102	106 105	108 108	110 * 111	112 r 112	p 113
Durable manufactures 9 do Primary metals do Iron and steel do Fabricated metal products do Structural metal parts do	106 85 80 109 107	104 83 76 108 107	102 80 72 106 105	101 78 73 105 104	98 74 68 101 101	96 69 64 101 98	95 71 66 97 97	94 73 69 96 94	95 74 69 96 94	99 82 79 99	103 90 86 105 102	105 92 7 89 107 106	r 107 r 95 r 91 r 109 r 108	p 108 p 97 p 91 p 111 p 110
Machinery do Nonelectrical machinery do Electrical machinery do Electrical machinery do	110 107 114	107 103 113	105 101 112	102 100 105	102 98 107	101 96 108	101 96 109	101 96 108	101 95 108	103 98 109	104 99 112	107 101 116	110 r 103 r 119	p 111 p 105 p 120
Transportation equipment Qdo_ Motor vehicles and partsdo_ Aircraft and other equipmentdo_	102 113 90	101 114 88	102 115 89	103 116 89	97 103 90	93 97 89	89 89 88	88 86 88	88 86 89	94 99 88	99 108 90	101 113 88	r 102 r 114 r 91	р 103 р 115 р 90
Instruments and related products do Clay, glass, and stone products do Lumber and products do Furniture and fixtures do Miscellaneous manufactures do	121 114 111 124 117	122 112 102 121 115	118 109 103 118 109	119 109 100 117 113	119 107 95 117 110	116 103 96 114 107	116 101 100 111 107	113 100 99 111 108	113 103 100 112 107	113 105 106 115 110	116 107 7 107 117 114	119 112 7 111 120 117	r 119 114 112 r 121 r 117	p 122 p 114 p 121 p 119
Nondurable manufactures	116 113 128 103 112	115 111 127 103 112	113 106 122 97 112	113 104 122 101 112	112 101 123 99 110	111 98 119 96 109	111 98 113 97 111	111 102 116 96 113	112 104 120 96 113	114 106 120 100 117	116 7 110 120 100 117	118 112 123 104 118	119 115 127 	p 119
Printing and publishing do Newspapers do Chemicals and products do Industrial chemicals do Petroleum products do	112 108 125 131 115	113 108 124 131 112	112 107 121 127 111	113 108 121 125 109	114 108 120 126 108	112 106 120 125 105	111 194 119 125 106	110 102 118 124 106	110 104 120 127 106	110 105 123 130 108	111 105 127 135 111	7 113 106 7 130 139 7 111	r 115 109 132 r 114	P 115
Rubber and plastics products do Foods and beverages do Food manufactures do Beverages do Go Tobacco products do Go	117 110 109 111 111	115 109 109 109 114	111 110 109 110 114	110 111 111 112 115	109 109 109 108 117	105 110 110 109 115	103 110 110 111 113	102 110 110 108 116	96 111 111 109 116	110 111 111 111 122	114 112 113 107 116	121 113 113 112 116	113 114	
Mining	97 78 99 100 94 118	98 80 100 100 96 116	96 77 99 99 92 114	97 81 99 99 88 116	98 77 101 101 95 113	98 81 99 98 107 109	98 78 99 98 109 111	97 77 99 98 106 106	97 68 101 101 106 107	97 77 101 101 92 110	97 81 100 100 86 114	98 r 77 101 r 102 r 89 116	7 98 7 77 101 101 94 117	p 99 p 81 p 101 p 102
Utilitiesdo Electricdo Gasdo	124 124 123	125 126 122	126 127 121	124 125 120	123 124 118	123 124 119	124 125	125 125	125 125	127 127	130 131	131 132	r 134	p 133
By market grouping: Final products, total	112 116 116	111 115 115	110 114 114	111 115 115	109 113 111	108 112 108	107 110 102	107 110 101	107 111 100	109 114 109	111 115 113	113 118 118	114 119 r 119	p 115 p 119 p 118
Automotive productsdodoAutosdodododo	114 108 122	115 114 118	117 119 113	121 123 118	112 109 116	105 97 118	94 78 118	90 73 115	88 71 115	103 92 120	108 101 118	113 109 120	7 114 110 120	p 115 p 110
Home goods 9do Appllances, TV, and radiosdo Furniture and rugsdo	117 113 118	114 108 119	112 105 119	110 103 115	110 104 114	110 106 113	108 106 109	109 109 109	110 108 110	114 111 116	117 116 117	122 123 r 122	124 127 120	
Apparel and staples	116 121 115 110	115 119 114 110	114 113 114 110	115 114 115 110	114 114 113 109	113 111 114 109	113 108 114 110	113 110 114 110	114 114 114 111	115 116 115 111	116 115 117 113	118 118 118 114	119 122 119 114	p 120
Beverages and tobaccodo Drugs, soap, and tolletriesdo Newspapers, magazines, and booksdo Consumer fuel and lightingdo	111 122 116 122	111 120 115 122	112 119 116 121	113 122 115 120	111 118 116 119	111 118 116 119	112 118 117 123	111 117 115 125	111 116 114 122	114 119 114 123	110 123 116 125	113 * 124 117 124	125 119	
Equipment, including defense Q	104 106 104 121 101 88	103 105 103 121 95 83	103 105 101 120 101 87	103 105 99 121 103 86	102 103 100 119 99 88	101 102 98 117 99 99	100 101 98 118 95 98	100 101 98 118 91 103	99 100 96 117 93 104	100 102 97 118 94 107	7 102 103 99 120 95 104	102 104 99 123 7 95 106	104 + 105 102 125 96 98	p 106 p 107
Materials do Durable goods materials♀ do Consumer durable do Equipment do Construction do	106 101 110 102 110	105 100 106 101 109	104 99 112 97 106	103 97 103 98 105	101 94 94 98 102	99 91 91 95 99	98 90 88 95 98	98 89 83 95 97	99 90 85 95 99	103 96 93 98 104	106 101 107 99 107	109 104 111 101 110	7 110 7 105 109 104 112	p 111 p 106
Nondurable materials ♀ do Business supplies. do Containers. do General business supplies. do	112 113 113 113	111 111 111 112	109 110 108 111	109 110 107 111	109 110 106 112	108 110 109 110	107 108 108 109	108 108 110 108	109 108 112 107	111 111 114 110	112 110 110 110	114 113 7 115 112	116 114 116 113	P 116
Business fuel and power \(\) do Mineral fuelsdo Nonresidential utilitiesdo * Revised. * Preliminary. †See corresponding	103 97 120 note on p	104 98 122 o. S-2.	102 96 122 ♀ Include	103 97 121 s data no	103 98 120 t shown se	102 97 120 eparately.	101 96 119	102 96 119	102 96 121	104 98 123	105 98 126	r 106 r 99 129	^r 106 98	» 107 » 99

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and			19	60						196	51			
descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August
	ENE	RAL E	USIN	ESS I	NDIC	ATOR	S—Co	ntinu	ed	·	·			·
BUSINESS SALES AND INVENTORIES§		l												
Mfg. and trade sales (seas. adj.), total	60.9	60.7	60.4	60.3	59. 9	59. 4	58.7	59.3	60. 2	60. 1	61.6	r 61.9	61.6	
Manufacturing, totaldo Durable goods industriesdo Nondurable goods industriesdo	30. 4 14. 7 15. 7	30. 1 14. 4 15. 7	30. 1 14. 4 15. 7	29. 6 14. 1 15. 5	29. 3 13. 8 15. 4	29. 1 13. 6 15. 5	28. 7 13. 2 15. 5	29. 0 13. 3 15. 7	29. 6 13. 7 15. 9	30.1 14.1 16.0	30.8 14.6 16.2	30. 9 14. 7 16. 2	31.1 14.8 16.2	
Wholesale trade, totaldododo	12.3 4.4	12.3 4.5	12, 2 4, 3	12. 2 4. 3	12. 2 4. 2	12, 3 4, 3	12. 2 4. 3	12. 4 4. 2	12. 5 4. 2	12. 1 4. 1	12.8 4.3	7 12.8 4.4	12. 5 4. 3	
Nondurable goods establishments	7. 9 18. 1 5. 7 12. 5	7. 9 18. 2 5. 8 12. 4	7. 8 18. 1 5. 8 12. 3	7. 9 18. 5 6. 1 12. 5	8. 0 18. 4 5. 9 12. 5	8. 0 17. 9 5. 5 12. 4	8. 0 17. 8 5. 4 12. 4	8, 2 17, 8 5, 3 12, 4	8.3 18.1 5.5 12.6	8. 1 17. 9 5. 4 12. 5	8. 5 18. 0 5. 5 12. 4	7 8, 4 7 18, 2 5, 6 7 12, 6		
Manufacturing and trade inventories, book value, end of month (seas, adj.), totalbil. of dol	93. 4	93. 3	93. 1	93. 0	92. 7	92.4	92. 0	91.7	91.0	91. 2	91.3	7 91. 5	ŀ	
Manufacturing, totaldo Durable goods industriesdo Nondurable goods industriesdo	54. 9 32. 0 22. 9	55. 0 32. 1 22. 9	54. 7 31. 8 22. 9	54. 4 31. 4 23. 0	54. 0 31. 1 22. 9	53. 7 30. 9 22. 9	53. 7 30. 8 22. 9	53. 6 30. 7 22. 9	53. 3 30. 3 23. 0	53. 4 30. 2 23. 2	53. 4 30. 2 23. 2	53. 4 30. 2 23. 2	53. 6 30. 4	
Wholesale trade, total do— Durable goods establishments do Nondurable goods establishments do—	13. 0 7. 0	13. 1 7. 0	13. 1 6. 9	13. 2 6. 9	13.3 6.9	13. 2 6. 8	13, 1 6, 7	13. 2 6. 7	13. 3 6. 7	13. 4 6. 8	13.5 6.7	13. 5 6. 7		
Retail trade, totaldodododo	6. 1 25. 4 11. 9	6. 1 25. 2 11. 7	6. 2 25. 3 11. 8	6. 3 25. 4 11. 9	6, 4 25, 4 11, 9	6, 4 25, 4 11, 9	6. 4 25. 2 11. 6	6. 5 24. 9 11. 4	6. 6 24. 4 11. 0	6. 7 24. 4 10. 9	6.8 24.5 11.0	6.8 24.6 11.1	6.8 24.7 11.2	
Nondurable goods storesdo MANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES, AND ORDERS	13. 5	13.6	13. 6	13. 5	13, 5	13. 5	13. 6	13.5	13.5	13.5	13. 5	13.5	13.6	
Sales, value (unadjusted), totalbil. of dol	27.89	30.75	31.10	31.06	29. 65	28.79	27. 69	27. 42	31.28	29. 38	31. 52	r 32. 28	28. 45	
Durable goods industries, total Qdo Primary metaldo Iron and steeldo	13.05 1.78 1.10	14.09 1,97 1,18	14.58 1.96 1.16	14.71 1.91 1.14	14.14 1.80 1.04	13.74 1.72 .99	12. 59 1. 81 1. 07	12.58 1.71 .99	14.58 1.96 1.15	13.96 1.94 1.15	15. 18 2, 23 1, 36	7 15. 77 7 2. 27 7 1. 40	7 13.19 1.86 1.14	1 14.7
Fabricated metal. do Machinery (including electrical) do Electrical do	1. 63 4. 25 1. 70	1.89 4.64 1.97	1. 83 4. 87 2. 11	1. 68 4. 76 2. 10	1.54 4.58 1.95	1. 46 4. 74 2. 02	1. 39 4. 35 1. 79	1.36 4.48 1.83	1. 60 5. 10 2. 02	1. 55 4. 78 1. 87	1. 73 4. 97 1. 93	1. 83 r 5. 17 r 2. 05	1. 64 4. 34 1. 69	
Transportation equipmentdo Motor vehicles and partsdo Lumber and furnituredo	2. 91 1. 73 . 77	2. 62 1. 46 . 97	3.04 1.74 .90	3. 54 2. 33 . 86	3. 62 2. 27 . 79	3.50 2.12 .72	2.87 1.71 .68	2.82 1.63	3. 29 1. 85	3. 19 1. 91 . 77	3. 49 2. 14 . 86	r 3. 61 r 2. 22 . 90	2.86 1.69 .78	
Stone, clay, and glass	. 73 14. 84	16, 67	. 80 16. 52	16.35	. 70 15. 52	. 60 15. 05	. 58	. 67 . 58 14. 85	. 79 . 75 16. 70	15. 42	. 79 16. 34	r. 84 r 16, 51	. 74 15. 26	
Food and beverage do do do do do do do do do do do do do	4. 57 . 39	4.88 .45	5.01 .41	4. 97 . 40	4.70	4.60	4. 52	4. 51 . 36	4. 94 . 42	4. 51	4. 93 . 45	7 4. 88 . 45	4. 61 . 42	
$egin{array}{ccccc} \operatorname{Textile} & \operatorname{do}_{$	1.05 .98	1.30 1.15	1, 29 1, 13	1.28 1.10	1.21 1.05	1.09 .98	1.04 1.04	$1.08 \\ 1.02$	1.22 1.17	1.12 1.12	1. 18 1. 20	7 1. 31 1. 22	1.06 1.07	
Chemical do Petroleum and coal do Rubber do	2. 10 3. 11 . 48	2.40 3.26 .51	2. 45 3. 16 . 50	2. 36 3. 16 . 53	2.17 3.17 .46	2.07 3.44 .45	2. 23 3. 33 . 45	2.12 3.07 .42	2. 51 3. 27 . 50	2. 44 3. 10 . 48	2. 64 3. 24 . 52	7 2. 60 7 3. 24 7, 54	2. 28 3. 14 . 46	
Sales, value (seas. adj.), totaldo	30. 44 14. 73	30.15 14.42	30.09 14.41	29.60 14.08	29. 25 13. 81	29.14	28. 67	29.03	29, 55	30.12	30.78	r 30. 90	31.08	
Durable goods industries, total ♀	2.11 1.30	1, 98 1, 18	1, 92 1, 14	1.79 1.06	1.79	13. 62 1. 75 1. 00	13. 17 1. 76 1. 03	13.32 1.81 1.06	13. 69 1. 79 1. 05	14.14 1.95 1.17	14. 58 2. 13 1. 32	7 14. 69 7 2. 07 1. 26	7 14, 83 2, 20 1, 36	1 14. 9
Fabricated metaldododododo	1. 73 4. 77	1.70 4.70 1.93	1.65 4.66	1. 53 4. 59	1.57 4.61	1.58 4.58	1.55 4.65	1.56 4.65	1.60 4.71	1. 62 4. 85	1.69 4.82	1.72 r 4.83	1.70 4.91	
Electricaldo Transportation equipmentdo	1. 94 3. 41 2. 14	3. 35 2. 15	1, 94 3, 57 2, 28	1. 93 3. 63 2. 42	1.87 3.30 1.99	1.89 3.15	1.90 2.77	1.93 2.83	1.94 3.02	2. 02 3. 15	1.95 3.29	1.95	1.94 3.33	
Motor vehicles and partsdo Lumber and furnituredo Stone, clay, and glassdo	.87	.87	. 81 . 73	.78	.79	1.87 .80 .70	1. 53 . 74 . 69	1.59 .73 .70	1.64 .77 .73	1.84 .80 .69	2.01 .84 .72	2.14 .84 .74	.87 .76	
Nondurable goods industries, total \$\to\$do	15. 72 4. 63	15. 72 4. 66	15, 67 4, 69	15. 52 4. 70	15.44 4.66	15. 51 4. 74	15. 50 4. 73	15.71	15.86	15.98	16. 20	7 16. 21 7 4. 70	16.25	
Tobaccodododo	.38 1.23	. 41 1. 20	. 39 1. 20	. 39 1. 15	. 42 1.13	. 39 1.14	4.73 .41 1.08	4.87 .41 1.10	4.80 .42 1.16	4.80 .40 1.20	4.80 .43 1.22	. 41 1. 27	. 42	
Paperdo Chemicaldo	1.08 2.30 3.19	1.09 2.33 3.17	1.09 2.30 3.20	1.04 2.26 3.23	1.05 2.22 3.19	1.06 2.26 3.22	1.06 2.26	1.08 2.30	1.10 2.38	1.14 2.40	1. 16 2. 47	1.18 r 2.51	1.17 2.50	
Petroleum and coaldodododo	. 48	.48	. 51	. 49	. 50	. 47	3. 23 . 45	3.18 .46	3.08 .49	3. 25 . 48	3, 31	7 3. 22 . 50	3. 27 . 48	
Book value (unadjusted), totaldo Durable goods industries, total Qdo	54. 40 31. 75	54. 48 31. 73	54. 26 31. 57	54. 34 31. 40	54. 22 31. 18	53. 90 30. 81	54. 07 30. 88	54.08 30.91	53. 81 30. 77	53. 73 30. 63	53. 77 30, 65	r 53, 59 r 30, 49	53, 26 30, 30	
Primary metaldo Iron and steeldo	4. 64 2. 76	4. 71 2. 82	4. 70 2. 83	4. 71 2. 84	4. 68 2. 82	4, 69 2, 81	4. 61 2. 75	4. 57 2. 71	4. 52 2. 68	4. 48 2. 66	4. 45 2. 65	4. 44 2. 66	4. 52 2. 73	
Fabricated metaldo Machinery (including electrical)do	3.39 10.56 4.06	3, 31 10, 48 4, 04	3, 19 10, 40 4, 04	3. 12 10. 33 3. 98	3. 04 10. 33 3. 96	2, 98 10, 27 3, 94	2. 97 10. 26	3.00 10.32	3.02 10.37	3. 02 10. 38	3. 07 10. 45	r 3.10	3.08 10.23	
Electricaldododododo	7.05 3.01	7. 16 3. 12	7. 26 3. 32	7. 28 3. 30	7. 20 3. 21	6. 97	3. 91 7. 06	3.94 6.98	3. 98 6. 83	4. 01 6. 70	4. 08 6. 65	6.57	4. 02 6. 48	
Motor vehicles and partsdo Lumber and furnituredo Stone, clay, and glassdo	1. 93 1. 44	1. 94 1. 40	1. 90 1. 40	1. 92 1. 39	1. 90 1. 39	3. 14 1. 83 1. 43	3. 15 1. 86 1. 45	3.07 1.85 1.48	2. 96 1. 84 1. 47	2. 87 1. 84 1. 48	2, 85 1, 82 1, 48	7 2.80 7 1.82 7 1.45	2. 70 1. 82 1. 45	
By stages of fabrication: Purchased materialsdo	8. 63	8.65	8. 52	8.48	8. 36	8. 20	8.01	7.93	7.81	7. 67	7. 66	7. 65	7.82	
Goods in processdo Finished goodsdo	12.35 10.77	12. 49 10. 59	12. 50 10. 55	12. 43 10. 49	12. 33 10. 49	12. 05 10. 56	12. 18 10. 69	12. 15 10. 83	12.09 10.86	12.08 10.88	12.05 10.94	12.00 10.85	11.88 10.60	
Nondurable goods industries, total $Q = do_{}$ Food and beverage $do_{}$	22. 66 4. 72	22. 75 4. 93	22. 69 5. 06	22. 94 5. 24	23. 04 5. 26	23.09 5.18	23. 19 5. 13	23.16 5.02	23.05 4.94	23. 10 4. 92	23, 12 4, 83	r 23.10	22. 97 4. 90	
Tobaccodododo	1.83 2.72	1.85 2.66	1. 93 2. 57	2.02 2.53	2.00 2.58	2.08 2.63	2. 14 2. 71	2.10 2.77	2.05 2.81	2.01 2.84	1.94 2.86	1.88 r 2.82	1.81 2.79	
Paper do Chemical do Petroleuru and coal do do Chemical do Chemica	1. 61 4. 10 3. 32	1. 62 4. 10 3. 35	1.60 4.03 3.39	1. 61 4. 09 3. 42	1. 62 4. 14 3. 41	1. 63 4. 19 3. 32	1. 63 4. 23 3. 24	1.66 4.28 3.24	1.66 4.27 3.26	1. 68 4. 27 3. 29	1. 69 4. 20 3. 35	7 1. 68 7 4. 20 7 3. 36	1.66 4.18 3.41	
By stages of fabrication:	1.18	1.18	3. 39 1. 16	3. 42 1. 13	1.13	3. 32 1. 14	3. 24 1. 16	3. 24 1. 17	3. 26 1. 16	3. 29 1. 15	3. 35 1. 14	1.12	1.09	
Purchased materials do Goods in process do Goods	8. 86 3. 19	8. 80 3. 18	8. 68 3. 08	8. 82 3. 06	8. 85 3. 07	8. 99 3. 00	8. 99 3. 07	8. 91 3. 08	8. 93 3. 09	8. 90 3. 14	8. 86 3. 25	8.79 3.30	8.71 3.32	

Revised. Advance estimate. The term "business" here includes only manufacturing and trade. Business inventories as shown on p. S-1 cover data for all types of producers, both farm and nonfarm. Unadjusted data for manufacturing are shown below; those for retail and wholesale trade on pp. S-9 S-10, and S-11. The data for inventory-sales ratios, see the June 1961 Survey (p. 20) and later issues. See corresponding note on p. S-9. Sincludes data not shown separately.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and			19	60						190	61			
descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August
	SENEI	RAL E	USIN	ESS I	NDIC	ATOR	S—Co	ntinu	ed					
MANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES, AND ORDERS-Continued														
Inventories, end of month—Continued Book value (seas. adj.), totalbil. of dol	54.90	54.98	54.71	54. 38	54.01	53.74	53. 67	53.60	53, 31	53.38	53, 37	r 53. 36	53. 58	
Durable goods industries, total 9	32.05 4.75 2.87 3.33 10.58 4.04	32.08 4.71 2.82 3.34 10.59 4.08	31.84 4.64 2.74 3.27 10.53 4.06	31. 43 4. 57 2. 68 3. 18 10. 44 4. 01	31. 07 4. 52 2. 63 3. 10 10. 35 3. 98	30. 86 4. 50 2. 62 3. 12 10. 40 4. 02	30. 76 4. 49 2. 63 3. 02 10. 32 3. 98	30. 65 4. 51 2. 66 3. 02 10. 28 3. 96	30, 30 4, 47 2, 66 2, 95 10, 25 3, 96	30. 15 4. 51 2. 73 2. 92 10. 21 3. 94	30, 15 4, 51 2, 74 2, 93 10, 20 3, 96	r 30. 20 r 4. 60 2. 84 2. 92 r 10. 14 r 3. 92	30. 41 4. 66 2. 89 2. 96 10. 19 3. 98	
Transportation equipment	8. 63	7. 36 3. 30 1. 92 1. 44 8. 56	7. 24 3. 32 1. 94 1. 46 8. 42	7. 10 3. 13 1. 96 1. 46 8. 26	7. 02 3. 03 1. 93 1. 43 8. 05	6. 85 3. 01 1. 84 1. 44 8. 05	6. 92 3. 03 1. 85 1. 44 8. 03	6. 86 2. 93 1. 85 1. 43 8. 01	6. 69 2. 85 1. 84 1. 41 7. 91	6. 60 2. 83 1. 83 1. 42 7. 81	6. 63 2. 88 1. 80 1. 42 7. 78	7 6. 64 2. 91 1. 80 1. 43 7. 60	6. 66 2. 88 1. 79 1. 45 7. 73	
Purchased materials. do Goods in process do Finished goods do	12. 63 10. 79	12.60 10.93	12.39 11.03	12. 25 10. 92	12.12 10.90	12.06 10.76	12. 07 10. 65	12. 05 10. 59	11, 90 10, 49	11.87 10.47	11. 91 10. 47	12. 03 10. 57	12.06 10.62	1
Nondurable goods industries, total \(\)do Food and beveragedododo	22.85 4.94	22. 90 4. 95	22.87 4.98	22. 95 5, 01	22.93 4.96	22. 88 4. 98	22. 91 5. 00	22. 95 5. 01	23, 01 5, 06	23. 22 5. 14	23, 22 5, 07	7 23.16 7 5.05	23.17 5.08	
Textile	1.94 2.69 1.61 4.14 3.29 1.23	1, 94 2, 67 1, 63 4, 18 3, 29 1, 24	2.00 2.64 1.64 4.16 3.26 1.20	2. 03 2. 64 1. 65 4. 18 3. 28 1. 16	2. 02 2. 66 1. 65 4. 18 3. 30 1. 14	2. 03 2. 67 1. 63 4. 13 3. 31 1. 12	2. 01 2. 70 1. 62 4. 17 3. 29 1. 13	1. 98 2. 73 1. 63 4. 19 3. 32 1. 13	1, 98 2, 76 1, 62 4, 19 3, 37 1, 12	1. 98 2. 76 1. 64 4. 26 3. 37 1. 13	1. 97 2. 76 1. 66 4. 24 3. 37 1. 14	1.96 72.75 1.67 74.24 73.37 1.13	1. 96 2. 75 1. 66 4. 24 3. 38 1. 12	
Purchased materials do Goods in process do Finished goods do Goods	9. 05 3. 17 10. 63	9. 02 3. 17 10. 71	8, 89 3, 09 10, 89	8.85 3.10 11.00	8.78 3.14 11.01	8.75 3.08 11.05	8. 74 3. 07 11. 10	8. 68 3. 04 11. 23	8.78 3.05 11.18	8. 88 3. 12 11. 22	8. 97 3. 20 11. 05	8. 97 3. 25 10. 94	8. 96 3. 29 10. 93	
New orders, net (unadjusted), totaldo	27.91	30, 56	31.05	30, 04	29.02	28.33	27. 58	27.68	31, 35	29.62	31, 50	7 32. 42	29. 33	
Durable goods industries, total 9	13.17 1.67 1.00 1.64 4.39 1.86	14. 10 1. 80 1. 02 1. 89 4. 62 2. 04	14.63 1.89 1.13 1.72 4.88 2.32	13. 80 1. 74 . 99 1. 62 4. 45 1. 87	13.59 1.77 1.02 1.46 4.27 1.75	13, 33 1, 65 , 97 1, 33 4, 59 2, 02	12. 35 1. 85 1. 18 1. 38 4. 25 1. 67	12.76 1.85 1.10 1.38 4.46 1.79	14, 51 2, 12 1, 27 1, 62 5, 16 1, 99	14. 08 2. 06 1. 24 1. 53 4. 73 1. 90	14. 98 2. 30 1. 41 1. 76 4. 84 1. 92	7 15. 92 7 2. 20 1. 35 7 1. 89 7 5. 27 7 2. 08	7 14. 10 1. 98 1. 19 1. 72 4. 57 1. 83	1 15.0
hicles) bil, of dol. Nondurable goods industries, total do Industries with unfilled orders ⊕ do do do do do do do do do do do do do	2.82 14.73	2.90 16.46	3.31 16.42	3. 31 16. 24	3. 52 15. 42	3. 58 15. 00	2. 63 15. 24	2.82 14.91	2, 97 16, 84	3. 19 15. 54	3, 24 16, 52	r 3, 52	3. 30 15. 23	
Industries without unfilled orders ¶do	3.01 11.72 29.19	3, 49 12, 97 30, 01	3. 57 12. 85 30. 40	3. 52 12. 72 29. 21	3. 35 12. 08 29. 02	3. 14 11. 87 28. 70	3. 25 11. 98 28. 50	3.19 11.72 29.11	3, 73 13, 11 29, 85	3. 43 12. 11 30. 44	3. 65 12. 86 31. 09	3. 66 12. 84 7 31. 10	3. 13 12. 10	
New orders, net (seas. adjusted), total	13.84 1.89 1.17 1.59 4.52 1.89	14. 41 1. 84 1. 05 1. 74 4. 81 2. 21	14. 62 1. 85 1. 12 1. 54 4. 75 2. 23 3. 82	13. 74 1. 64 . 97 1. 48 4. 40 1. 86 3. 69	13. 60 1. 75 1. 03 1. 56 4. 59 1. 82 3. 06	13. 22 1. 77 1. 06 1. 46 4. 67 1. 93 2. 83	12. 88 1. 81 1. 14 1. 52 4. 54 1. 83 2. 66	13. 36 1. 75 1. 03 1. 49 4. 59 1. 88 3. 07	13, 82 1, 88 1, 10 1, 62 4, 76 1, 88 3, 02	14.38 2.19 1.33 1.58 4.74 1.99	14.80 2.19 1.32 1.74 4.78 1.97	r 14. 92 r 2. 20 1. 35 r 1. 82 r 4. 77 r 1. 78	31.17 * 15.04 2.34 1.46 1.75 4.88 1.92 3.50	1
Nondurable goods industries, totaldo Industries with unfilled orders ⊕do Industries without unfilled orders ¶do	15.35 3.17 12.18	15, 61 3, 39 12, 22	15.78 3.58 12.20	15. 47 3. 31 12. 16	15. 42 3. 32 12. 10	15, 48 3, 31 12, 17	15. 62 3. 36 12. 27	15. 76 3. 30 12. 46	16.03 3.54 12.48	16.06 3.49 12.57	16. 29 3. 55 12. 73	16.19 r 3.55 12.63	16.14 3.45 12.68	
Unfilled orders, end of month (unadj.), totaldo	47.69	47. 50	47.45	46. 44	45. 80	45. 37	45. 27	45. 52	45, 59	45. 83	45. 80	r 45. 95	46. 83	
Durable goods industries, total φ	44. 62 3. 92 2. 67 3. 10 18. 26 10. 35	44. 64 3. 74 2. 50 3. 10 18. 24 10. 43	44. 68 3. 67 2. 47 3. 00 18. 25 10. 63	43. 77 3. 50 2. 32 2. 94 17. 94 10. 40	43. 23 3. 47 2. 30 2. 86 17. 62 10. 20	42, 85 3, 41 2, 28 2, 73 17, 48 10, 21	42. 60 3. 45 2. 38 2. 73 17. 38 10. 09	42. 79 3. 59 2. 50 2. 75 17. 36 10. 04	42, 72 3,75 2, 62 2, 78 17, 42 10, 01	42. 84 3. 87 2. 71 2. 76 17. 37 10. 04	42. 64 3. 95 2. 76 2. 79 17. 24 10. 02	r 42.79 r 3.88 2.72 r 2.85 r 17.34 r 10.06	7 43. 70 3. 99 2. 77 2. 93 17. 57 10. 20	1 44.0
hicles)bil, of dolbil, of dolbol. of dolbil. of dolbil. of doldodo	14. 60 3. 07	14, 89 2, 86	15.16 2.77	14. 93 2. 66	14.83 2.57	14. 93 2. 52	14. 70 2. 67	14.70 2.73	14, 39 2, 87	14. 38 2. 99	14. 13 3. 17	r 14. 04	14.48	
BUSINESS POPULATION Firms in operation, end of quarter (seasonally adjusted)§	0.01	2.00	2.11	2.00	2.07	2.02		2.10	2.01	2.99	0.11	9.10	5.12	
thousands New business incorporations (50 States) 3*1_number	r 14, 709	15, 028	4, 725 14, 043	13, 783	12, 435	4, 730 14, 594	16, 350	13, 281	4, 740 16, 783	14, 815	16, 371	4, 755 r 16, 418	14, 382	
INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL FAILURES &					·							·		
Failures, total number Commercial service do Construction do Manufacturing and mining do Retail trade do Wholesale trade do	1, 146 102 192 173 573 106	1,315 128 217 228 621 121	1, 269 113 218 218 604 116	1, 344 132 231 229 613 139	1, 311 111 228 231 617 124	1, 353 110 245 231 637 130	1,404 121 219 228 685 151	1,449 116 262 229 693 149	1,610 135 266 271 786 152	1, 441 131 245 238 704 123	1, 545 123 255 269 731 167	1, 403 123 222 218 696 144	1, 275 111 196 223 633 112	
Liabilities (current), total thous. of dol Commercial service do Construction do Manufacturing and mining do Retail trade do Wholesale trade do	61, 732 3, 993 11, 073 21, 080 20, 470 5, 116	97, 594 5, 940 27, 874 33, 097 22, 556 8, 127	80, 604 12, 715 14, 417 23, 011 23, 080 7, 381	81, 508 16, 644 17, 877 16, 104 20, 894 9, 989	84, 463 7, 309 16, 683 28, 887 22, 493 9, 091	78, 971 3, 579 28, 104 18, 878 20, 199 8, 211	81, 520 4, 128 11, 231 26, 111 28, 688 11, 362	88, 083 6, 941 14, 943 23, 160 30, 646 12, 393	13, 344 20, 283 26, 579 51, 185 15, 231	86, 114 7, 093 13, 127 23, 215 32, 562 10, 117	80, 471 6, 798 19, 162 18, 944 24, 776 10, 791	83, 828 8, 762 12, 500 26, 590 27, 192 8, 784	69, 168 3, 946 13, 786 14, 881 27, 304 9, 251	
Failure annual rate (seas. adj.)_No. per 10,000 concerns.	54.8	59.6	65. 2	63, 3	62.0	63. 4	61. 1	64. 2	62.9	60.8	64.3	60.7	62. 5	

r Revised. I Advance estimate.
Q Includes data not shown separately. ⊕Includes textiles, leather, paper, and printing and publishing industries; unfilled orders for other nondurable goods industries are zero. ¶For these industries (food, beverages, tobacco, apparel, petroleum, chemicals, and rubber) sales are considered equal to new orders. §Data for 1956 appear on p. 13 of the May 1960 Survey; those for 1957 forward, on p. 5 of the June 1961 Survey.
CData are from Dun & Bradstreet, Inc. ‡Effective with the July 1961 Survey, the figures shown cover 50 States, including data for both Alaska and Hawaii.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of				160).T			Í		196	51			1
BUSINESS STATISTICS	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	Augu
			СОМ	MODI	TY P	RICES	}					·		
PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS														
Prices received, all farm products‡1910-14=100_	236	234	238	241	241	242	241	244	243	239	236	234	237	2
Crops do do Commercial vegetables do do do do do do do do do do do do do	222 225 265	219 196 273	222 192 272	222 212 267	219 219 254	217 220 243	218 212 233	221 210 227	224 217 240	226 228 249	230 233 250	231 253 261	232 261 265	2 2 2
Cotton do Feed grains and hay do Food grains do	156 194	152 196	152 197	147 200	136 204	141 204	146 207	150 209	150 208	145 202	151 203	$\begin{array}{c} 201 \\ 152 \\ 200 \end{array}$	156 201	1 2
Fruit. do Oil-bearing crops do Potatoes (incl. dry edible beans) do Tobacco. do	235 213 219 491	240 211 195 488	270 208 181 510	273 209 165 513	262 213 181 517	248 217 181 517	254 231 178 508	260 250 172 517	260 264 161 516	250 286 178 516	261 285 176 517	260 261 177 516	241 261 189 516	2 2 1 5
Livestock and products do Dairy products do Meat animals do Poultry and eggs do Wool do	249 244 300 149 240	247 254 290 154 230	251 269 285 163 225	257 277 286 176 222	260 282 288 182 219	263 278 298 178 226	261 271 304 165 221	263 263 309 169 224	259 256 309 160 226	251 247 305 145 231	241 241 292 139 239	236 240 286 131 238	241 248 288 138 232	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
Prices paid: All commodities and servicesdo Family living itemsdo	274 290	274 290	274 290	274 290	274 291	275 291	276 291	277 291	277 290	277 290	277 291	275 290	275 290	
Production itemsdoAll commodities and services, interest, taxes, and	263	262	263	262	262	265	267	267	269	267	266	265	264	:
wage rates (parity index)1910-14=100	298 79	298 79	298 80	297	297 81	298 81	301 80	302 81	302 80	302 79	302 78	300 78	300 79	
CONSUMER PRICES														
(U.S. Department of Labor indexes) All items $1947-49=100$	126.6	126.6	126. 8	127. 3	127. 4	127. 5	127. 4	127. 5	127. 5	127. 5	127. 4	127. 6	1 128, 1	
Special group indexes: All items less fooddodododo	129.9 124.2	130.1 124.1	130. 3 124. 3	130.7 124.8	130. 8 125. 0	130. 8 125. 0	130, 6 124, 8	130.8 125.0	130. 9 125. 0	130. 8 125. 0	131. 0 124. 9	131. 2 125. 2	131. 4 125. 7	
All commodities do Nondurables do Durables do Services do	117.7 120.0 111.1 150.0	117.6 119.9 111.0 150.3	117. 7 120. 3 110. 0 150. 8	118. 2 120. 7 110. 9 151. 2	118.3 120.9 110.7 151.3	118. 4 121. 0 110. 8 151. 4	118.0 120.7 110.2 151.7	118.1 120.8 110.3 151.9	118. 0 120. 7 109. 9 152. 2	117. 9 120. 4 110. 7 152. 3	117. 7 120. 2 110. 8 152. 5	118. 0 120. 4 111. 2 152. 7	118.7 121.1 111.5 152.8	
Appareldo	109.1 120.6	109. 3 120. 1	110. 6 120. 2	111.0 120.9	110.7 121.1	110.6 121.4	109. 4 121. 3	109. 6 121. 4	109.8 121.2	109. 5 121. 2	109. 6 120. 7	109. 6	109. 9 122. 0	
Dairy products do Fruits and vegetables do Meats, poultry, and fish do	115.8 134.4 110.8	116. 6 127. 3 111. 3	117. 5 124. 6 110. 2	118. 4 124. 8 110. 0	118. 9 126. 2 109. 9	119. 3 126. 3 110. 5	119. 1 126. 1 111. 6	119.0 127.2 111.8	118. 5 127. 8 111. 4	121. 2 117. 9 131. 4 110. 5	117. 5 132. 2 108. 7	120. 9 117. 3 135. 4 107. 4	118. 0 138. 2 107. 8	
Housing 9dododododo	131.3 124.8	131.5 124.9	132.0 125.7	132, 2 125, 7	132. 1 125. 7	132.3 125.6	132.3 125.9	132. 4 125. 9	132. 5 125. 9	132, 3 125, 8	132, 2 126, 2	132. 4 126. 3	132. 4 125. 6	
Housefurnishings	104.1 141.8 156.4 133.4	103. 5 141. 9 156. 7 133. 8	104. 1 142. 1 156. 9 133. 9	104. 0 142. 5 157. 3 134. 0	104.0 142.7 157.9 133.9	103. 9 142. 8 158. 0 133. 7	103, 6 142, 9 158, 5 133, 7	103. 7 143. 1 159. 4 133. 8	103. 9 143. 1 159. 6 133. 6	103. 8 143. 3 159. 9 133. 8	103. 5 143. 4 160. 4 133. 8	103. 9 143. 5 160. 9 133. 9	103. 6 143. 6 161. 2 134. 3	
Reading and recreationdo Transportationdo	121. 6 145. 9	121. 9 146. 2	122. 1 144. 7	121. 9 146. 1	122. 5 146. 5	122. 3 146. 5	122. 2 146. 2	122. 7 146. 2	123. 4 145. 7	124. 1 145. 8	123. 9 146. 6	123. 5 147. 7	124. 1 148. 3	
Private do Public⊕ do Other goods and services do	134. 2 198. 9 132. 2	134. 4 199. 3 132. 4	132. 8 200. 3 132. 7	134. 1 201. 2 132. 7	134. 4 202. 9 132. 7	134. 5 202. 9 132. 7	134. 0 205. 5 132. 6	133. 9 205. 7 132. 6	133. 4 205. 7 132. 6	133. 4 206. 5 132. 6	134. 2 296. 5 133. 1	135. 3 207. 3 133. 1	135. 9 208. 5 133. 6	
WHOLESALE PRICES of														
(U.S. Department of Labor indexes) All commodities1947-49=100	119. 7	119. 2	119. 2	119.6	119. 6	119. 5	119.9	120.0	119.9	119.4	118.7	118.2	118.6	11
By stage of processing: Crude materials for further processing Intermediate materials, supplies, etc. do Inished goodsO do By durability of product:	94, 8 127, 0 121, 8	92. 7 126. 8 121. 5	92, 9 126, 8 121, 5	93, 3 126, 6 122, 4	93. 0 126. 5 122. 7	93. 3 126. 4	7 94. 7 126. 7	r 95. 1 r 126. 7	95. 2 r 126. 9	7 94. 6 7 126. 9	r 93. 2 r 126. 3	91. 6 125. 8	7 92.7 7 125.6	9
By durability of product: Nondurable goods	105, 6 145, 6	104. 9 145. 5	105.3 144.5	105. 8 144. 9	105. 8 145. 0	122. 2 105. 6 145. 0	7 122. 4 7 106. 1 7 145. 1	r 122. 6 r 106. 3 r 145. 0	r 122. 2 r 106. 2 r 145. 1	7 121.3 7 105.3 7 145.3	120.7 	120. 6 103. 5 145. 4	121. 2 7 104. 2 7 145. 3	10 10
Farm products 9. do do do do	88. 9 112. 9	86. 6 98. 7	87. 7 104. 7	89. 5 109. 2	89. 9 107. 5	88. 7 99. 5	89. 7 103. 7	90. 0 99. 8	89. 9 105. 9	88. 5 100. 2	86. 8 101, 4	85.1 r 103.3	7 87. 1 7 104. 3	8 9
Livestock and live poultrydo	75. 5 84. 1 108. 9	74. 3 80. 7 107. 8	74. 9 79. 0 108. 1	73, 5 80, 7 109, 0	70. 3 81. 8 109. 1	72. 7 82. 8 109. 2	75. 2 84. 7 109. 9	76. 0 85. 3 110. 5	76. 4 83. 1 109. 6	73.8 82.0	74. 8 78. 2	74. 2 75. 4	77.8	8
Foods, processed Q	122, 5 117, 3 107, 3 99, 5	122. 0 118. 0 106. 6 96. 8	122. 4 120. 5 107. 7 96. 0	123. 1 121. 3 108. 8 97. 8	123. 1 121. 7 109. 4 96. 6	109. 2 123. 5 122. 0 110. 1 97. 3	123. 5 121. 3 111. 8 98. 3	110. 5 123. 6 119. 8 112. 0 99. 5	123. 6 120. 7 111. 5 96. 1	108. 7 123. 6 119. 9 111. 1 94. 3	107. 5 123. 6 7 119. 5 109. 0 91. 8	106. 7 123. 7 119. 7 108. 7 89. 9	107. 5 7 123. 9 120. 4 7 109. 0 92. 5	10 12 12 10 9
Commodities other than farm prod. and foods_do	128. 2	128. 2	127. 9	r 128. 0	r 127. 9	127.9	128. 1	128.1	128. 2	128.0	127. 6	127. 4	127. 4	12
Chemicals and allied products ? _do_ Chemicals, industrial _do_ Chrugs and pharmaceuticals _do_ Fats and oils, inedible _do_ Fertilizer materials _do_ Prepared paint _do_	110. 4 124. 7 47. 94. 3 47. 8 110. 4 128. 4	110. 5 124. 6 7 94. 3 48. 9 108. 2 128. 4	110. 4 124. 5 7 93. 7 47. 7 108. 3 128. 4	110. 1 123. 6 7 93. 1 47. 8 111. 2 128. 4	110, 1 123, 5 92, 8 48, 9 111, 9 128, 4	110. 2 123. 6 92. 8 48. 5 111. 9 130. 3	109. 7 123. 0 92. 7 50. 2 112. 4 131. 7	110.0 123.2 92.7 54.7 112.4 132.4	110.1 123.2 92.6 57.7 112.3 132.4	110. 2 123. 2 92. 6 62. 1 112. 3 132. 4	109. 9 122. 8 92. 4 61. 4 112. 3 132. 4	109. 3 122. 2 92. 4 7 54. 1 112. 3 132. 4	108. 9 121. 1 92. 5 7 52. 2 111. 7 132. 4	10 12 9 8 11 13
Fuel and related prod., and power Qdo Coal	113. 8 120. 3 102. 0 114. 4 115. 8	121.3	116. 1 122. 4 102. 1 121. 3 119. 2	116. 2 122, 5 102. 1 120. 9	116. 1 123. 0 102. 4 120. 2 119. 1	116. 2 123. 1 102. 3 120. 0 119. 3	² 117. 2 123. 4 102. 3 121. 1 121. 1	117. 7 123. 4 102. 2 122. 3 121. 9	117. 5 122. 8 102. 4 121. 8 121. 5	115. 2 119. 6 102. 5 118. 3 117. 9	113. 6 117. 4 102. 4 118. 7 115. 0	114.3 117.7 102.3 115.4 117.0	114. 6 118. 7 102. 5 115. 6 117. 4	11 11 10 11 11
Furniture, other household durables Qdo. Appliances, householddo. Furniture, householddo. Radio receivers and phonographsdo. Television receiversdo.	123. 1 101. 7 125. 0 87. 1 69. 0	86.1	122. 8 100. 9 125. 0 86. 1 68. 9	122. 7 100. 9 125. 6 84. 2 68. 9	122. 6 100. 6 125. 7 84. 2 68. 9	122. 6 100. 4 125. 7 85. 3 69. 3	122. 3 100. 2 126. 1 84. 7 69. 3	122. 2 100. 2 126. 2 84. 7 68. 7	122. 2 100. 0 126. 2 84. 7	122. 5 100. 0 126. 3 84. 5 69. 1	122. 4 99. 9 126. 4 84. 4 67. 8	122. 4 r 99. 8 126. 4 84. 3 68. 3	122.3 7 99.8 126.4 7 83.5 7 68.8	12 9 15 8

r Revised.

Index based on 1935-39=100 is 214.2.

Formerly titled fuel, power, and lighting materials.

Revised beginning January 1958 to incorporate price revisions for individual commodities; revisions for January 1958-March 1960 will be shown later (revisions for 1952-57 appear on p. 24 of the November 1959 Survey).

Revised beginning January 1958 to incorporate price revisions for individual interest, taxes, and wage rates).

Revised beginning January 1958; revisions prior to December 1959 will be shown later.

Revised beginning January 1958; revisions prior to December 1959 will be shown later.

Revised beginning January 1961 to incorporate new weighting structure based on net selling value of commodities in 1958; comparability with earlier data is unaffected.

Goods to users, including raw foods and fuels.

Revisions for January-February 1959 and June 1959—June 1960, respectively, are as follows (1947-49=100): 1959—93.2; 93.2; 93.3; 93.4; 93.4; 93.5; 93.5; 93.5; 93.5; 93.5; 93.7; 94.0; 94.3.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and	1		19	60						190	61			
descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August
		COM	MODI	TY PF	RICES	—Con	tinue	d						
WHOLESALE PRICES [™] —Continued			İ											
U.S. Department of Labor indexes—Con. Commodities other than farm, etc.—Con. Hides, skins, and leather products \(\bigcip \). 1947-49=100. Footwear	110. 1 132. 5 68. 0 102. 2 121. 5 121. 6	108. 7 132. 5 63. 6 98. 9 119. 6 119. 2	108. 1 132. 5 62. 3 97. 5 118. 7 117. 9	108. 5 132. 5 64. 1 98. 1 117. 7 116. 3	108. 5 132. 5 65. 8 97. 1 116. 9 115. 1	108. 8 132. 5 64. 9 99. 4 116. 5 115. 0	198. 3 132. 7 61. 7 97. 8 115. 7 114. 5	108. 0 132. 7 60. 5 97. 3 114. 7 113. 5	109. 5 132. 7 68. 8 100. 2 115. 4 114. 4	109. 9 132. 7 68. 0 102. 2 118. 0 116. 5	110, 7 132, 8 71, 0 104, 1 117, 6 117, 0	7 110. 1 132. 8 68. 1 7 102. 6 117. 8 117. 0	7 111. 1 132. 9 76. 2 102. 6 7 117. 2 116. 8	113. 1 133. 5 82. 9 106. 3 116. 0 115. 8
Machinery and motive products Q	146. 0 175. 5 153. 5	153, 3 146, 1 176, 7 153, 3 141, 6	151. 4 146. 2 176. 7 152. 7 135. 4	152. 9 146. 7 176. 7 152, 6 140. 3	153. 0 148. 2 177. 3 152. 4 140. 5	153. 1 148. 0 177. 0 152. 4 140. 7	153. 5 148. 4 177. 6 153. 7 140. 8	153. 4 148. 5 178. 2 153. 6 140. 4	153. 4 148. 5 178. 2 153. 5 140. 2	153. 1 148. 6 178. 6 152. 5 140. 3	153. 1 148. 6 178. 5 152. 2 140. 3	153. 2 148. 8 178. 2 152. 3 140. 7	7 153. 0 7 148. 8 7 178. 3 7 151. 6 7 140. 5	152. 7 148. 9 178. 4 150. 5 140. 5
Metals and metal products 9 do Heating equipment do Iron and steel do Nonferrous metals do	153. 4 118. 7 169. 5 138. 6	153. 6 118. 8 169. 9 138. 7	153. 5 119. 3 169. 7 138. 4	152. 8 119. 3 168. 9 137. 1	152, 3 118, 4 168, 5 135, 5	152. 2 116. 8 168. 6 133. 9	152. 2 114. 9 169. 4 132. 1	152. 3 114. 8 169. 7 132. 2	152. 4 114. 5 170. 4 132. 3	152. 7 115. 2 170. 8 132. 4	153. 0 115. 4 170. 2 134. 4	153. 1 115. 4 170. 3 7 135. 2	7 153. 2 115. 5 170. 1 135. 8	153. 6 115. 6 170. 5 136. 1
Nonmetallic mineral products 9 do Clay products, structural do Concrete products do Gypsum products do	137. 8 161. 8 131. 3 133. 2	137. 8 162. 0 131. 1 133. 2	138. 0 162. 1 131. 0 133. 2	138. 1 162. 2 131. 0 133. 2	137. 9 162. 3 131. 0 133. 2	137. 9 162. 3 131. 0 133. 2	1 138. 5 162. 1 131. 1 134. 6	138. 4 162. 1 131. 2 134. 6	138. 6 162. 1 131. 1 134. 6	138. 6 162. 1 131. 3 134. 6	138. 5 161. 5 131. 3 134. 6	* 138. 3 161. 6 131. 3 134. 6	138. 4 161. 6 131. 3 134. 6	138. 5 161. 7 131. 2 137. 3
Pulp, paper, and allied productsdoPaperdoRubber and productsdododododo	146.9	133. 0 145. 2 145. 3 141. 3	133. 0 145. 4 144. 9 141. 3	133. 4 145. 7 144. 7 141. 3	133, 1 145, 7 143, 6 141, 3	132.3 145.7 141.2 137.1	132. 2 145. 7 139. 7 137. 2	132. 2 145. 7 139. 6 137. 1	131. 5 145. 7 139. 9 137. 1	131. 0 145. 4 140. 1 138. 4	126. 1 145. 4 140. 2 138. 4	126. 5 145. 9 139. 6 138. 5	126. 4 145. 9 r 139. 0 r 138. 3	126. 3 145. 9 139. 4 138. 3
Textile products and apparel Q	96. 3 101. 0 94. 7 123. 3 79. 6 101. 8	96. 1 101. 0 94. 3 126. 8 78. 9 101. 5	95. 9 101. 1 93. 4 128. 4 78. 6 101. 2	95. 8 101. 1 92. 8 128. 5 78. 5 101. 1	95. 4 101. 0 91. 7 125. 9 78. 2 101. 3	95. 2 101. 0 91. 2 125. 7 77. 8 100. 8	94. 8 100. 5 90. 8 130. 9 77. 3 100. 1	94. 7 100. 5 90. 2 129. 3 77. 2 99. 9	94. 4 100. 4 90. 2 129. 5 76. 3 99. 5	94. 1 100. 4 89. 9 129. 5 75. 8 100. 1	94. 0 100. 3 89. 9 131. 5 75. 4 100. 9	93. 7 100. 4 89. 5 130. 8 75. 1 7 101. 0	7 93. 9 100. 4 89. 7 131. 2 75. 1 101. 2	94. 2 100. 5 90. 4 136. 2 75. 1 101. 6
Tobacco prod. and bottled beverages ♀ do_ Beverages, alcoholic	131. 8 120. 6 134. 8 90. 8 118. 6	132.0 121.1 134.8 89.9 118.5	132. 0 121. 1 134. 8 91. 1 118. 6	132. 0 121. 1 134. 8 90. 3 118. 6	132. 0 121. 1 134. 8 90. 6 118. 6	132. 1 121. 2 134. 8 92. 4 118. 6	132. 1 121. 2 134. 8 95. 6 118. 4	132. 1 121. 3 134. 8 95. 2 118. 3	132. 1 121. 3 134. 8 96. 8 118. 9	132. 0 121. 1 134. 8 97. 7 119. 0	132. 1 121. 2 134. 8 99. 5 118. 9	132. 1 121. 2 134. 8 95. 9 118. 9	132. 6 121. 1 134. 8 95. 6 119. 0	132. 8 121. 1 134. 8 95. 6 119. 7
PURCHASING POWER OF THE DOLLAR As measured by— Wholesale prices	83. 5 79. 0	83. 9 79. 0	83. 9 78. 9	83. 6 78. 6	83. 6 78. 5	83. 7 78. 4	83. 4 78. 5	83. 3 78. 4	83. 4 78. 4	83. 8 78. 4	84. 2 78. 5	84. 6 78. 4	² 84, 3 ² 78, 1	
	C	ONST	RUCT	ION A	ND I	REAL	ESTA	TE						

CONSTRUCTION PUT IN PLACE†														
New construction (unadjusted), total tmil. of dol	5, 168	5, 205	5, 168	5, 016	4, 771	4, 482	3, 887	3, 684	3,979	4,409	4,903	* 5, 351	⁷ 5, 389	5, 433
Private, total 9dodo	3, 587	3, 556	3, 524	3, 463	3, 395	3, 170	2, 793	2, 645	2,842	3, 147	3, 492	r 3, 740	7 3, 746	3, 727
Residential (nonfarm) 9do New housing unitsdo Additions and alterationsdo Nonresidential buildings, except farm and public	2, 093 1, 526 487	2, 031 1, 524 426	1, 972 1, 492 398	1, 897 1, 443 372	1, 840 1, 392 361	1, 698 1, 267 340	1, 449 1, 051 307	1, 322 939 292	1, 483 1, 056 337	1,772 1,173 506	2, 023 1, 256 669	7 2, 188 7 1, 407 7 682	7 2, 137 7 1, 524 7 513	2, 120 1, 584 433
utility, total Q mil. of dol. Industrial do. Commercial do. Farm construction do. Public utility do.	872 230 363 123 473	884 237 360 126 489	904 247 369 121 501	929 255 386 111 499	946 261 402 103 479	925 264 387 87 437	886 265 362 77 358	858 259 352 81 363	831 246 345 100 406	809 234 337 116 428	842 226 363 136 467	7 900 219 401 7 156 473	r 932 216 419 r 164 r 491	937 213 416 158 492
Public, totaldo	1, 581	1, 649	1, 644	1, 553	1, 376	1, 312	1, 094	1, 039	1, 137	1, 262	1, 411	7 1, 611	⁷ 1, 643	1, 706
Nonresidential buildings do. Military facilities do. Highway do. Other types do.	464 116 601 400	448 141 645 415	450 132 644 418	448 148 558 399	408 156 450 362	391 122 470 329	389 88 291 326	356 109 267 307	403 119 271 344	433 118 338 373	440 127 435 409	7 468 7 136 7 574 7 433	r 454 r 127 r 630 r 432	461 123 676 446
New construction (seas. adj., annual rates), total†_do	55, 750	55, 837	55, 599	55, 552	56, 079	56, 650	56, 018	55, 717	55, 794	55, 883	55, 892	, 57, 615	r 58, 217	58, 286
Private, total 9dodo	39, 487	39, 474	39, 316	39, 200	39, 624	39, 639	38, 575	37, 962	38, 511	39, 365	39, 606	r 40. 737	⁷ 41, 310	41, 322
Residential (nonfarm)do	22, 748	22, 448	22, 102	21, 834	22, 016	21,916	20, 649	20, 016	20, 508	21, 421	21, 631	τ 22, 680	7 23, 252	23, 418
utility, total \(\frac{9}{2} \) mil. of dol. Industrial do. Commercial do. Farm construction do. Public utility do.	9, 938 2, 839 3, 976 1, 277 5, 252	10, 061 2, 880 4, 033 1, 272 5, 410	10, 226 2, 958 4, 134 1, 289 5, 418	10, 418 3, 010 4, 262 1, 288 5, 361	10, 562 3, 025 4, 378 1, 298 5, 452	10, 751 3, 025 4, 519 1, 242 5, 458	11, 193 3, 053 4, 848 1, 126 5, 308	11, 100 2, 992 4, 821 1, 157 5, 384	10,960 2,957 4,743 1,334 5,398	10, 803 2, 921 4, 636 1, 508 5, 323	10, 628 2, 849 4, 515 1, 686 5, 383	7 10, 584 2, 750 4, 510 7 1, 839 5, 382	7 10, 608 2, 672 4, 578 7 1, 759 7 5, 457	10, 629 2, 588 4, 646 1, 632 5, 421
Public, total 9do	16, 263	16, 363	16, 283	16, 352	16, 455	17, 011	17, 443	17, 755	17, 283	16, 518	16, 286	r 16, 878	r 16, 907	16, 964
Nonresidential buildings do do Military facilities do Highway do do do do do do do do do do do do do	5, 131 1, 340 5, 524	4, 896 1, 444 5, 724	4,959 1,340 5,602	4, 995 1, 490 5, 427	5, 055 1, 678 5, 243	5, 072 1, 531 5, 953	5, 094 1, 284 6, 470	5, 157 1, 942 5, 934	5, 221 1, 764 5, 662	5, 222 1, 651 5, 060	5, 186 1, 507 4, 983	r 5, 229 r 1, 382 r 5, 527	7 5, 007 7 1, 475 7 5, 770	5, 037 1, 259 5, 989

Revised. ¹ Formerly titled nonmetallic minerals, structural. ² Indexes based on 1935-39=100 are as follows: Measured by—wholesale prices, 44.0 (August); 44.1 (July); consumer of See corresponding note on p. S-6. ¶See corresponding note on p. S-6. ¶ Includes data not shown separately. § Revised beginning with data for September 1955; unpublished revisions (prior to November 1958) will be shown later. † Revised series. Data (from Bureau of the Census) reflect the new definition and higher level of housing starts and include construction in Alaska and Hawaii; revisions prior to June 1960 will be shown later.

Yest and the state of the state			1960)			* · · · · ·			196	1			
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August
Co	ONSTI	RUCT	ION A	ND R	EAL	ESTA	ГЕ—С	ontin	ıed		.	!		
CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS														
Construction contracts in 48 States (F.W. Dodge Corp.): Valuation, totalmil. of dol	3, 597	3, 295	3, 119	3, 319	2,886	2,718	2, 485	2, 235	3,166	3, 298	3, 501	3, 602	3, 529	
Public ownershipdododo	1, 413 2, 184	1,018 2,277	995 2, 124	1, 125 2, 194	1, 071 1, 815	1,218 1,500	838 1,647	732 1, 504	1,090 2,075	1, 170 2, 128	1, 127 2, 374	1, 235 2, 367	1, 265 2, 263	
By type of huilding:	1, 152 1, 329	1, 177 1, 433	1, 124 1, 277	1, 165 1, 390	916 1, 253	994 878	813 974	804 870	1, 027 1, 371	1, 050 1, 454	1, 105 1, 553	1, 221 1, 558	1, 154 1, 502	
Nonresidential	794 321	520 165	544 173	647 117	566 152	735 110	400 298	394 167	625 142	639 154	623 219	632 191	710 163	
Engineering construction: Contract awards (ENR)§dodo	2,005	1, 859	2, 232	1, 796	1,775	1, 875	1,661	1,360	1, 912	1, 817	1,789	2, 392	1,883	
Highway concrete pavement contract awards: & Totalthous. of sq. yd	10,637	11, 216	7, 446	8, 541	11, 208	12, 101	8, 632	7, 349	7, 762	10, 522	10, 482	11, 216	9, 041	
Airportsdo Roadsdo Streets and alleysdo	1, 526 5, 230 3, 881	684 6, 366 4, 166	3, 829 3, 212	635 4, 461 3, 445	207 7, 045 3, 957	361 9, 012 2, 727	959 5, 891 1, 782	224 5, 125 1, 999	980 5, 083 1, 699	202 7, 232 3, 088	110 5, 994 4, 378	582 6, 119 4, 514	938 4, 328 3, 774	
HOUSING STARTS†		ŕ												
New housing units started: † Unadjusted:														
Total, incl. farm (public and private) _thousands _ One-family structuresdo Privately owneddo	118.3 93.1 114.3	135. 1 107. 0 130. 3	102. 6 80. 3 96. 9	113. 2 86. 7 110. 4	94. 5 70. 4 92. 8	70.9 48.0 64.2	72. 5 51. 8 69. 8	81. 0 56. 5 75. 8	109. 7 80. 1 104. 6	115. 3 85. 4 111. 0	7 130. 7 7 97. 9 7 126. 6	* 138. 3 102. 0 * 132. 5	125. 9 122. 7	
Total nonfarm (public and private) dododo	116.6 82.5 112.6	133.0 84.4 128.2	100. 6 68. 3 94. 9	110. 1 78. 0 107. 3	93. 5 66. 1 91. 8	70. 4 49. 8 63. 7	71. 0 51. 1 68. 3	77. 7 55. 7 72. 5	107. 3 79. 1 102. 2	113.0 79.7 108.7	r 128. 3 r 89. 5 r 124. 2	r 135. 3 r 92. 6 r 129. 5	123. 8 86. 0 120. 6	
Seasonally adjusted at annual rates: Total, incl. farm (private only)do Total nonfarm (private only)do	1, 227. 0 1, 209. 0	1, 355. 0 1, 335. 0	1, 089. 0 1, 067. 0	1, 273. 0 1, 237. 0	1, 220. 0 1, 206. 0	996. 0 987. 0	1, 127. 0 1, 098. 0	1, 169. 0 1, 115. 0	1, 296. 0 1, 262. 0	1, 166. 0 1, 143. 0	71,291.0 71,268.0	r 1, 383. 0 r 1, 352. 0	1, 317. 0 1, 296. 0	
CONSTRUCTION COST INDEXES			144	144	144	140	140	,,,	144	145	140			
Department of Commerce composite \$\tau_1947-49=100_ American Appraisal Co., The:	144	144	144	144	144	143	143	144	144	145	146	145	145	14
Average, 30 cities	722 789 778	723 789 779	727 803 787	728 803 795	730 806 795	731 806 796	732 806 808	733 806 808	733 807 808	735 808 808	737 808 808	740 809 810	742 809	74 80
New York do San Francisco do St, Louis do	671 704	671 704	679 704	681 706	690 710	691 710	691 710	695 710	696 713	696 713	696 721	704 721	820 706 722	82 70 72
Associated General Contractors (building only)do E. H. Boeckh and Associates:¶ Average, 20 cities:	537	538	537	538	538	538	539	536	538	538	542	547	547	54
Apartments, hotels, and office buildings: Brick and concreteU.S. avg. 1926-29=100. Brick and steel	314.7 302.7 298.5	314.6 302.4 297.9	315, 1 302, 7 297, 9	315. 0 302. 5 297. 2	315. 0 302. 4 297. 0	315. 1 302. 4 296. 8	315. 6 302. 5 296. 4	315. 7 302. 5 296. 4	315. 9 302. 7 296. 4	316. 2 302. 9 296. 6	320. 1 305. 0 298. 7	321. 6 306. 4 299. 7	322. 4 308. 0 300. 3	
Brick and wooddodo Commercial and factory buildings: Brick and concretedodo Brick and steeldo	327. 7 321. 3	327. 6 320. 8	328. 2 321. 1	328. 1 321. 0	328. 1 320. 8	328, 2 320, 8	329.0 320.8	329. 1 320. 9	329. 1 320. 8	329. 5 321. 2	334. 6 324. 0	335. 9 325. 2	336. 8 325. 9	
Brick and wooddododo	299. 2 295. 6 301. 3	298. 8 294. 7	298. 9 294. 4 300. 8	298. 5 293. 5	298. 4 293. 3 300. 4	298. 2 293. 0 300. 3	298. 2 292. 2 300. 1	298. 2 292. 3	298. 1 292. 0	298.1 292.4	300. 8 294. 5 300. 5	301. 9 295. 3	302. 4 296. 0	
Steel	300.0	300. 5 299. 5	299. 6	300. 8 298. 9	298.7	298. 5	298.2	300.1	300. 1 298. 2	300. 4 298. 4	300.9	301.5 301.9	302. 0 302. 5	
Framedo Engineering News-Record:⊙ Building1947-49=100	289. 2 166. 3	288. 5 166. 4	288. 3 166. 0	287. 5 165. 9	287. 3	287. 1 166. 5	286. 5 166. 5	286. 5 166. 5	286. 4 167. 1	286. 7 168. 3	288. 4 168. 6	289.3 169.1	289. 9 168. 8	169.
Constructiondo Bu, of Public Roads—Highway construction:	183. 3	183. 4	183. 1 136. 6	183. 2	183. 3	184. 2 135. 0	184. 2	184.1	184.9	187.0	187.7	188. 4 134. 5	188. 5	188.
Construction Materials			100.0			100.0			100.4			104.0		
Output index, composite, unadj. Q \(\text{Q} \)	129.8 134.7	148. 4 134. 7	139. 5 133. 7	131. 6 116. 4	116.9 122.4	102.8 120.5	104.7 111.8	100.1 113.4	125. 4 130. 1	r 130. 7 r 128. 3	146. 6 136. 5		 	
Iron and steel products, unadj.⊕do Lumber and wood products, unadj.⊕do	130.8 118.5	142.0 145.5	133, 8 136, 5	126.0 129.9	111.6 117.6	95. 3 104. 9	100.8 112.5	94. 7 109. 9	121. 0 128. 5	132. 5 132. 6	149. 1 147. 9	141.3		
Portland cement, unadjdodo	191.3	199.0	186. 2	188.1	158.0	122. 7	100. 2	90.0	130. 7	158. 3	186. 1	189.0		
Home mortgages insured or guaranteed by— Fed. Hous. Adm.: Face amountthous, of dol_	362, 163	416, 954	425, 124	433, 655	403, 684		410, 350	340, 975	347, 557	317,678	348, 989	385, 859	386, 209	
Vet. Adm.: Face amountdo	160, 340	180,818	169, 070 1, 736	162, 077 1, 735	150, 404 1, 741	141,867 1,981	131, 648 1, 571	107, 754 1, 496	124, 837 1, 477	1,576	123, 394 1, 624	137, 271	144, 393	
New mortgage loans of all savings and loan associa- tions, estimated totalmil. of dol_		1,413	1,316	1,250	1,140	1, 150	969	1,001	1, 356	1, 309	1,511	r 1, 721	1,480	
By purpose of loan:‡ Home constructiondo Home purchasedo	408 569	430 651	402 591	394 545	332 508	460	285 400	288 395	427 515	417 504	460 603	r 532 r 712	428 659	
All other purposesdo New nonfarm mortgages recorded (\$20,000 and under), estimated totalmil. of dol_	291 2, 528	332 2, 784	323 2, 598	311 2, 525	300 2, 378		285 2, 075	318 1, 997	414 2, 444	388 2, 358	2, 700	r 477 2, 856	392 2,653	
Nonfarm foreclosuresnumber_ Fire lossesthous. of dol_		4,347 90,037	4,814 81,845	4, 512 92, 730	4, 740 84, 340	4,973	5, 523 117, 252	5, 096 116, 606	6, 272 109, 222	95, 486	e 93, 103	103, 348		
The resecond	1 32,000	1 30,001	1 22,010	1 32,100	1 .,010	-52,000	1, 202	1, 000	1 - 30, 222	1, 100	1, 100	1	35, 115	1

^{*} Revised. Corrected.

§ Data for September and December 1960 and March and June 1961 are for 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks. Contracts in Alaska and Hawaii are included beginning 1960.

d Data for August and November 1960, and January and May 1961 are for 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks.

† Revised series. Data (from Bureau of the Census) are based on a different definition of a housing unit and reflect more complete coverage than the old series and inclusion of starts in Alaska and Hawaii; revisions prior to June 1960 will be shown later.

‡Revisions for Dept. of Commerce construction cost index (prior to 1958) and for new mortgage loans (1955-November 1959) will be shown later.

‡Copyrighted data; see last paragraph of headnote, p. S-1. © Data reported at the beginning of each month are shown here for the previous month.

§ Includes data for items not shown separately.

⊕ Revisions for 1955-March 1960 are available upon request.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and			19	60						19	61			
descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August
		<u>' , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,</u>	DO	MEST	IC TR	ADE				<u> </u>		·		
ADVERTISING	1		1								1	1		
Printers' Ink advertising index, seas. adjusted: Combined index	247 250 195	236 259 179	235 251 181	246 247 208	234 244 175	235 235 181	234 227 194	229 225 186	236 221 187	229 234 177	236 241 182	241 242 171		
Newspapers do Outdoor do Radio (network) do Television (network) 1950-52=100	203 166 28 547	198 169 25 502	205 164 22 492	203 170 21 507	202 166 22 513	209 147 18 500	206 149 18 479	190 140 24 505	212 135 23 520	196 125 23 512	200 126 25 532	215 149 25 557		
relevision advertising: Network: Gross time costs, totalthous, of dol_ Automotive, including accessoriesdo Drurs and toiletriesdo Foods, soft drinks, confectionerydo	55, 778 3, 796 14, 508 8, 786	50, 867 3, 174 16, 888 9, 575	51, 415 4, 022 14, 791 9, 203	63, 350 7, 177 17, 365 11, 931	63, 982 5, 452 16, 574 12, 274	60, 685 4, 652 17, 990 12, 218	61, 824 4, 919 18, 416 13, 367	57, 071 3, 701 16, 601 12, 870	63, 615 3, 944 18, 225 14, 362	59, 794 3, 271 15, 479 13, 596	61, 700 3, 829 16, 598 13, 282	59, 866 3, 571 18, 432 12, 037		
Soaps, cleansers, etc		l	6, 234 6, 365 10, 800 ¹ 125, 012 4, 664 22, 582	6, 225 6, 148 14, 505	6, 070 6, 240 17, 372	5, 421 7, 030 13, 375 1163, 060 5, 139 32, 472	6, 506 6, 814 11, 802	6, 736 6, 049 11, 114	7, 788 6, 603 12, 693 1151, 328 3, 991	7, 716 6, 467 13, 265	7, 237 7, 036 13, 717	7, 129 6, 603 12, 094 1160, 599 4, 555		
Frods, soft drinks, confectionery do Soaps, cleansers, etc. do Smoking materials do All other do			22, 582 37, 853 17, 407 7, 656 34, 850			32, 472 56, 598 16, 056 8, 457 44, 338			31, 060 56, 618 16, 808 7, 547 35, 304			28, 179 54, 113 21, 610 8, 316 43, 826		
Agazine advertising: do. Cost, total. do. Apparel and accessories	51, 260 742 5, 639 2, 118 6, 257 7, 816	51, 089 5, 265 4, 048 1, 905 5, 683 7, 541	69, 563 8, 697 3, 215 4, 139 6, 221 8, 724	98, 071 6, 841 14, 739 3, 374 8, 828 13, 144	82, 400 5, 182 9, 697 1, 950 7, 407 10, 353	64, 714 3, 575 5, 341 800 6, 440 9, 403	48, 883 1, 468 6, 825 1, 555 3, 899 8, 032	64, 501 3, 126 7, 498 2, 073 5, 548 11, 364	77, 026 5, 590 8, 157 2, 767 7, 176 11, 554	83, 453 6, 543 8, 614 4, 290 6, 742 11, 792	78, 734 5, 779 7, 600 3, 585 7, 189 10, 830	66, 522 2, 889 5, 823 3, 260 7, 099 10, 043	47, 631 689 3, 498 1, 752 5, 890 8, 392	
Beer, wine, liquors	3, 344 3, 142 3, 870 585 2, 092 15, 654	2, 682 3, 005 3, 531 528 2, 082 14, 820	3, 857 5, 524 4, 969 704 1, 918 21, 595	5, 293 8, 253 6, 355 867 2, 259 28, 119	5, 771 7, 322 4, 865 823 2, 517 26, 514	7, 467 4, 422 3, 529 351 2, 611 20, 775	2, 687 2, 003 1, 897 445 1, 676 18, 395	3, 336 3, 052 2, 755 792 2, 527 22, 429	4, 312 4, 675 3, 590 807 2, 696 25, 701	4, 425 6, 722 4, 382 946 2, 234 26, 764	4, 458 6, 700 4, 716 718 2, 189 24, 971	4, 105 4, 013 4, 235 688 2, 729 21, 637	3, 226 2, 442 3, 278 401 2, 246 15, 817	
Linage, totalthous. of lines	3, 619 217, 418 63, 504 153, 914	4, 457 224, 124 63, 563 160, 561	5, 314 240, 074 60, 905 179, 169	5, 914 265, 798 63, 434 202, 364	4, 787 256, 625 55, 626 200, 999	4,060 238,724 48,260 190,464	2 9, 206 195, 666 53, 552 142, 115	2 9, 878 188, 582 50, 045 138, 537	2 10, 908 236, 150 57, 833 178, 318	2 10, 288 241, 811 60, 353 181, 458	28, 951 249, 311 62, 236 187, 074	2 7, 497 236, 522 61, 252 175, 269	2 6, 855 207, 661 60, 597 147, 064	
Automotive	12, 124 4, 852 23, 240 113, 697	11, 905 3, 408 21, 977 123, 271	12, 253 3, 802 28, 782 134, 333	17, 012 4, 844 36, 341 144, 166	13, 148 4, 343 34, 119 149, 390	8, 507 4, 610 24, 803 152, 545	11, 038 6, 722 19, 003 105, 352	9, 779 4, 067 22, 779 101, 913	12, 765 4, 654 29, 046 131, 853	13, 137 5, 127 30, 959 132, 235	15, 832 4, 599 32, 261 134, 382	13, 848 4, 991 30, 383 126, 046	10, 836 5, 529 21, 031 109, 668	
PERSONAL CONSUMPTION EXPENDITURES deasonally adjusted quarterly totals at annual rates:			i		:									
Goods and services, total			329.7 43.4 17.8 18.7			332.3 43.8 18.6 18.3			330. 7 39. 4 14. 8 17. 8			336.1 42.0 16.7 18.3		
Nondurable goods, total 9 doClothing and shoes			152. 7 28. 3 79. 9 11. 6			153. 1 27. 7 80. 8 11. 8			153. 7 27. 9 81. 1 11. 7			154. 1 27. 6 81. 4 11. 7		
Services, total 9			133. 6 19. 7 42. 7 10. 5			135. 4 20. 0 43. 1 10. 5			137. 5 20. 6 43. 6 10. 5			139. 9 20. 9 44. 2 10. 7		
RETAIL TRADE All retail stores: Estimated sales (unadjusted), total‡mil. of dol	18,066	18,153	17,898	18,648	18,385	22, 153	15, 803	15, 071	17, 934	17, 398	18, 532	r 18, 907	r 17, 965	3 18, 26
Durable goods stores Q	5, 773 3, 098 2, 870 228	5, 952 3, 221 3, 003 218	5, 613 2, 864 2, 661 203	6, 013 3, 232 3, 027 205	5, 814 3, 174 2, 976 198	6, 091 2, 998 2, 731 267	4, 634 2, 676 2, 526 150	4, 479 2, 587 2, 438 149	5, 467 3, 190 3, 007 183	5, 414 3, 088 2, 890 198	6,006 3,413 3,192 221	7 6, 214 7 3, 454 7 3, 207 7 247	r 5, 677 r 3, 076 2, 838 238	3 5, 75 3 2, 98
Furniture and appliance groupdo Furniture, homefurnishings storesdo Household-appliance, TV, radio storesdo	858 539 319	898 580 318	881 561 320	919 600 319	927 606 321	1,123 696 427	723 445 278	682 431 251	776 488 288	768 493 275	844 553 291	7 895 7 563 7 332	r 840 527 313	3 88
Lumber, building, hardware groupdo Lumber, building materials dealers&do Hardware storesdo	1,036 799 237	1,082 858 224	1,027 800 227	1,036 812 224	932 723 209	892 601 291	659 493 166	632 475 157	820 625 195	878 666 212	990 755 235	r 1, 039 r 799 240	1,007 779 228	
Nondurable goods stores 9 do. Apparel group. do. Men's and boys' wear stores do. Women's apparel, accessory stores. do. Family and other apparel stores do. Shoe stores do.	12, 293 957 179 370 221 187	12, 201 1, 016 177 394 246 199	12, 285 1, 142 192 443 274 233	12, 635 1, 183 219 467 295 202	12, 571 1, 190 229 464 314 183	16, 062 1, 979 440 749 528 262	11,169 886 187 347 202 150	10, 592 775 146 315 179 135	12, 467 1, 191 200 457 302 232	11, 984 1, 019 181 401 238 199	12, 526 1, 105 205 434 260 206	r 12, 693 r 1, 109 r 242 r 405 r 256 r 206	r 12, 288	³ 12, 51; ³ 1, 01;

^{*}Revised. 1 Not comparable with data through 1st quarter 1960 due to change in estimating procedures; figures comparable with 1st quarter 1960 are as follows (thous. dol.): 1960—2d quarter, 174,245; 3d quarter, 135,013; 4th quarter, 176,105; 1961—1st quarter, 164,487. 2 Beginning January 1961, data represent ad page volume; comparable figures for 1960—January, 9,743; Febru ary, 11,147; March, 11,966; April, 11,378; May, 10,226; June, 8,279; July, 7,647. 3 Advance estimate. † Revised series. Revisions for 1957—March 1960 appear on p. 15 of the July 1961 Survey. Q Includes data not shown separately. ‡ Beginning January 1960, data were revised to reflect changes (principally in the 11-or-more stores group) in the reporting sample and kind of business classification based on data from the 1958 Census of Business; the revised figures are not strictly comparable with earlier data which are based on the 1954 Census (revisions for January 1960 will be shown later). 3 Comprises lumber yards, building materials dealers, and paint, plumbing, and electrical stores. 4 Corrected.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and			1960						19	61			
descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	July	August	Septem- ber October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August
		DO:	MESTIC TR	RADE-	-Conti	inued							

	!	DOV	IESTI	C TR	ADE	Const							i i	
	1	107.	IE311		ADE—	Conti	nuea							
All retail stores—Continued All retail stores—Continued Estimated sales (unadjusted)—Continued‡ Nondurable goods stores—Continued Drug and proprietary stores	607 1, 497 4, 691 4, 220 1, 587	613 1, 480 4, 405 3, 948 1, 568	608 1, 394 4, 517 4, 073 1, 470	627 1, 379 4, 516 4, 060 1, 505	608 1, 305 4, 433 3, 970 1, 455	818 1,352 5,087 4,579 1,511	606 1, 229 4, 287 3, 860 1, 381	588 1, 135 4, 173 3, 747 1, 282	627 1, 282 4, 702 4, 233 1, 429	607 1, 313 4, 486 4, 036 1, 439	629 1, 386 4, 574 4, 114 1, 523	r 624 r 1, 432 r 4, 771 r 4, 295 r 1, 568	r 627 r 1, 492 r 4, 682 r 4, 209 r 1, 622	1 616 1 1, 493 1 4, 564 1 4, 100 1 1, 614
General merchandise group \(\)	1,712 970 117 292 420	1, 925 1, 102 154 314 400	1, 941 1, 141 149 305 398	2,093 1,241 165 318 404	2, 237 1, 316 222 327 421	3, 604 2, 104 258 674 637	1. 456 829 120 222 359	1, 417 796 117 239 341	1, 921 1, 105 163 312 374	1,803 1,052 134 286 375	1,966 1,143 156 312 383	7 1, 993 7 1, 180 142 315 7 393	r 1, 772 r 1, 016 120 301 400	1 2.029 1 1.194
Estimated sales (seasonally adjusted), total 1.do	18, 118	18, 201	18, 104	18, 543	18, 398	17, 887	17, 773	17, 795	18, 127	17, 860	17,995	^r 18, 199	r 18, 069	1 18, 130
Durable goods stores ?	5, 662 3, 006 2, 797 209	5, 765 3, 211 3, 016 195	5, 779 3, 177 2, 971 206	6, 076 3, 405 3, 203 202	5, 917 3, 348 3, 150 198	5, 488 2, 970 2, 757 213	5, 359 2, 848 2, 651 197	5, 348 2, 890 2, 687 203	5, 547 3, 044 2, 838 206	5, 409 2, 919 2, 714 205	5, 549 3, 105 2, 900 205	r 5, 586 r 3, 068 r 2, 854 r 214	7 5, 541 2, 975 2, 757 218	1 5, 517
Furniture and appliance groupdo Furniture. homefurnishings storesdo Household-appliance, TV, radio storesdo	902 576 3 26	872 557 315	888 570 31 8	895 580 31 5	841 541 300	840 541 299	844 528 316	812 509 303	833 515 318	872 547 325	839 537 302	r 857 r 547 r 310	877 560 317	
Lumber, building, hardware groupdo Lumber, building materials dealers♂do Hardware storesdo	962 726 236	942 725 217	911 690 221	936 719 217	916 713 203	895 674 221	913 689 224	900 682 218	944 720 224	900 687 213	877 673 204	7 899 7 687 212	925 700 225	
Nondurable goods stores 9 do Apparel group do Men's and boys' wear stores do Women's apparel, accessory stores do Family and other apparel stores do Shoe stores do	12, 456 1, 134 208 452 267 207	12, 436 1, 180 227 461 279 213	12, 325 1, 134 215 448 262 209	12, 467 1, 124 213 450 266 195	12, 481 1, 130 211 444 283 192	12, 399 1, 100 210 425 278 187	12, 414 1, 144 224 442 281 197	12, 447 1, 130 211 441 277 201	12, 580 1, 161 224 437 294 206	12, 451 1, 076 205 409 265 197	12, 446 1, 103 216 415 280 192	r 12, 613 r 1, 136 r 229 r 435 r 275 r 197	12, 528 1, 113 218 432 267 196	1 12, 613
Drug and proprietary stores do Eating and drinking places do Food group do Grocery stores do Gasoline service stations do	629 1,351 4,482 4,018 1,474	628 1,319 4,508 4,048 1,463	632 1, 337 4, 456 4, 013 1, 465	637 1,344 4,507 4,048 1,481	638 1,346 4,594 4,127 1,464	633 1,358 4,502 4,062 1,502	615 1,340 4,563 4,115 1,465	629 1, 339 4, 590 4, 122 1, 473	634 1,390 4,603 4,128 1,491	628 1, 380 4, 548 4, 085 1, 474	630 1, 347 4, 624 4, 164 1, 480	7 642 7 1, 370 7 4, 622 7 4, 157 7 1, 500	647 1,337 4,610 4,142 1,502	
General merchandise group Q	2,016 1,186 152 324 416	1, 988 1, 139 154 338 418	1, 985 1, 148 152 324 406	2,033 1,201 160 317 397	1,980 1,131 166 330 418	1, 991 1, 173 157 311 391	1, 950 1, 112 152 329 422	1, 998 1, 159 149 331 405	2,039 1,172 168 334 407	2, 027 1, 192 161 322 420	1,974 1,132 157 335 400	r 2,067 r 1,205 160 339 r 416	2, 070 1, 235 155 326 389	
Estimated inventories, end of month: Book value (unadjusted), totaldo Durable goods storesdo Nondurable goods storesdo	25, 100 11, 990 13, 110	24, 960 11, 480 13, 480	25, 020 11, 040 13, 980	25, 890 11, 550 14, 340	26, 380 11, 800 14, 580	24, 380 11, 420 12, 960	24, 250 11, 480 12, 770	24, 690 11, 560 13, 130	25, 030 11, 500 13, 530	7 25, 200 11, 490 7 13, 710	25, 060 11, 550 13, 520	r 24, 620 11, 420 r 13, 200	24, 460 11, 320 13, 140	
Book value (seas. adj.), total do. Durable goods stores \(\foats \) do. Automotive group do. Furniture and appliance group do. Lumber, building, hardware group do.	25, 420 11, 900 5, 180 2, 090 2, 280	25, 200 11, 650 4, 920 2, 190 2, 270	25, 340 11, 760 5, 070 2, 060 2, 290	25, 360 11, 900 5, 240 2, 030 2, 290	25, 420 11, 930 5, 300 2, 040 2, 270	25, 440 11, 930 5, 270 2, 000 2, 280	25, 160 11, 610 4, 960 1, 960 2, 290	24, 900 11, 380 4, 770 1, 950 2, 270	24, 410 10, 950 4, 380 1, 950 2, 250	24, 410 10, 900 4, 330 1, 940 2, 240	24, 520 10, 990 4, 450 1, 960 2, 220	7 24, 590 7 11, 060 4, 520 1, 960 2, 230	24, 730 11, 150 4, 560 1, 960 2, 250	
Nondurable goods stores ?	13, 510 2, 750 3, 040 4, 390	13, 550 2, 780 3, 040 4, 420	13, 580 2, 790 3, 020 4, 410	13, 460 2, 780 3, 000 4, 320	13, 490 2, 780 2, 990 4, 370	13, 510 2, 810 3, 050 4, 320	13, 550 2, 850 3, 060 4, 290	13, 510 2, 790 3, 090 4, 260	13, 460 2, 750 3, 120 4, 280	13, 510 2, 780 3, 110 4, 280	13, 530 2, 780 3, 120 4, 290	7 13, 530 2, 780 7 3, 130 7 4, 290	13, 580 2, 800 3, 140 4, 310	
Firms with 4 or more stores:‡ Estimated sales (unadjusted), totaldo Firms with 11 or more stores:‡	4, 552	4, 556	4, 757	4, 904	4, 970	6, 800	4, 107	4,044	5, 047	4, 763	4,988	r 5, 193	4, 805	
Estimated sales (unadjusted), total?do	4,110 237	4, 094 262	4, 250 299	4, 343 309	4, 387 312	6,003	3, 534	3, 472	4, 334	4,065	4, 263	4, 462	4, 133	
Apparel group Q do. Men's and boys' wear stores do. Women's apparel, accessory stores do. Shoe stores do.	22 96 71	202 21 108 78	24 117 96	31 125 85	34 129 80	511 58 213 123	200 23 76 62	186 18 76 57	328 29 128 102	263 24 106 83	292 28 119 87	295 32 116 91	242 23 98 73	
Drug and proprietary stores	118 101 35	115 100 38	118 95 37	122 96 41	120 91 45	187 91 44	113 84 28	108 80 29	121 92 36	118 93 35	119 96 42	122 98 39	121 100 37	
General merchandise group? do Department stores, excl. mail-order do Variety stores do Grocery stores do Lumber, building materials dealers. do Tire, battery, accessory stores do	1,124 678 225 1,868 79 89	1, 266 760 245 1, 691 84 85	1, 258 775 234 1, 836 80 78	1, 361 842 243 1, 786 81 82	1, 453 877 253 1, 747 70 80	2, 321 1, 370 523 2, 093 57 108	910 548 164 1,695 48 59	897 534 179 1,669 47 62	1, 240 747 241 1, 930 57 78	1, 183 732 222 1, 782 60 87	1, 286 783 245 1, 798 68 95	1, 320 818 249 1, 921 74 109	1,171 709 234 1,820 71 103	
Estimated sales (seas. adj.), total 9do	4, 259	4, 248	4, 249	4, 264	4, 269	4, 245	4,195	4, 262	4,348	4, 270	4, 282	4, 371	4, 360	
Apparel group 9 do Men's and boys' wear stores do Women's apparel, accessory stores do Shoe stores do	293 28 116 81	303 31 121 88	297 30 119 87	298 30 122 86	295 29 121 85	279 27 113 79	289 30 116 88	293 29 120 88	295 29 119 88	274 26 112 81	291 29 114 86	290 30 117 84	297 29 118 82	
Drug and proprietary stores do Eating and drinking places do Furniture, homefurnishings stores do	122 94 40	120 93 38	123 93 38	124 94 38	125 94 39	124 91 37	122 90 36	123 90 33	124 94 36	125 95 37	121 95 40	125 95 38	124 93 41	
General merchandise group 9 do. Department stores, excl. mail-order do. Variety stores do. Grocery stores do. Lumber, building materials dealers o do. Tire, battery, accessory stores do.	1,304 800 248 1,788 70 83	1, 292 768 264 1, 795 70 79	1, 280 772 252 1, 811 69 83	1,306 807 246 1,790 71 83	1, 282 770 253 1, 822 70 82	1, 295 800 237 1, 817 67 81	1, 250 745 246 1, 808 67 79	1,303 793 248 1,808 68 84	1, 339 793 258 1, 835 67 89	1,329 812 249 1,795 62 90	1, 299 768 264 1, 828 61 84	1,344 802 268 1,851 63 94	1,857 831 253 1,827 62 95	

r Revised. 1 Advance estimate. \$\$ee corresponding note on p. S-9 (total for firms with 4 or more stores did not revise; revisions occurred in components). separately. 2 Comprises lumber yards, building materials dealers, and paint, plumbing, and electrical stores.

Q Includes data not shown

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and				1960						1:	961			
descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	Augus
		DOM	IEST	C TR	ADE-	-Conti	inued							
RETAIL TRADE—Continued														
Department stores: Accounts receivable, end of month: Charge accounts	151 415 45 14 44 41	151 406 47 15 43 42	162 415 46 15 42 43	171 422 47 15 41 43	184 431 48 15 42 43	244 479 48 15 44 42	210 480 45 14 43 40	173 462 45 14 42 42	165 449 49 16 42 43	164 441 44 14 43 42	164 437 48 15 43 42	162 433 48 15 43	149 428 47 14 43 40	
Installment salesdo	15 122	15 132	15 145	16 153	15 171	14 262	17	16 109	15 132	15 134	15 140	16 141	17 r p 126	p 13
Atlanta do Boston do Chicago do Cleveland do Dallas do Kansas City do	165 95 113 7 115 156 140	170 106 123 128 165 154	172 131 136 140 159 159	187 132 143 145 176 164	206 155 158 167 190 181	329 249 238 254 293 274	137 95 98 105 130 121	141 91 96 104 127 114	177 116 116 130 155 137	172 120 123 126 159 147	171 131 131 133 160 152	166 129 132 133 149 151	p 165 p 102 p 114 p 122 p 158 p 145	
Minneapolis do New York .do Philadelphia do Richmond .do St. Louis .do San Francisco .do	110 102 108 130 119 143	133 109 114 137 134 154	145 138 141 156 142 152	153 147 149 170 152 156	155 167 178 183 166 177	239 245 250 285 248 282	96 103 97 105 107 119	105 105 102 110 102 126	121 128 134 142 126 138	128 125 131 139 127 148	133 132 135 149 140 145	139 136 136 146 133 156	p 109 p 106 p 110 p 135 p 122 p 149	
Sales, seasonally adjusted, total U.S. Q	148 194 125 141 7 142 175 159	178 124 134 139 169 151	185 126 132 140 166 154	150 189 129 140 144 172 164	142 179 129 129 136 163 157	147 187 128 137 142 171 159	142 177 126 130 140 165 164	145 181 126 128 135 170 156	146 178 135 127 144 168 158	148 183 132 135 139 177 162	144 175 133 132 138 160 152	149 185 136 137 r 142 162 159	p 151 p 194 p 134 p 142 p 150 p 178 p 165	P 150
Minneapolis .do New York .do Philadelphia .do Richmond .do St. Louis .do San Francisco .do	137 r 136 r 143 157 r 143 r 160	133 137 136 150 140 155	135 136 139 155 138 155	139 140 145 163 149 160	137 131 136 151 139 152	139 135 136 154 142 159	134 129 132 146 145 154	143 136 143 155 134 164	135 140 145 157 142 160	143 140 141 156 142 164	139 136 138 150 138 153	144 142 146 • 156 143 162	p 136 p 142 p 145 p 162 p 147 p 167	
Stocks, total U.S., end of month: Unadjusted	* 157 167	166 169	176 168	186 167	192 169	150 165	145 162	153 161	164 161	169 162	165 164	156 164	p 157 p 166	
Sales, estimated (unadj.), totalbil. of doldodo	11. 6 4. 2 7. 3	13. 0 4. 7 8. 2	12.8 4.6 8.1	12.8 4.5 8.2	12.9 4.3 8.6	12. 6 4. 1 8. 5	11. 4 3. 8 7. 6	11.3 3.7 7.6	12.8 4.2 8.5	11.7 4.0 7.7	12. 8 4. 4 8. 3	r 12.8 4.6 r 8.2	12.0 4.2 7.8	
Inventories, estimated (unadj.), total do Durable goods establishments do Nondurable goods establishments do do do do do do do do do do do do do	12. 9 7. 0 5. 9	13. 1 7. 0 6. 1	13. 2 6. 9 6. 3	13. 6 6. 9 6. 7	13. 6 6. 8 6. 8	13. 2 6. 6 6. 6	13. 1 6. 6 6. 6	13. 1 6. 7 6. 4	13. 4 6. 8 6. 6	13. 3 6. 9 6. 5	13. 3 6. 8 6. 5	r 13.3 r 6.8 6.5	13. 3 6. 7	
		EMPL	OYMI	ENT A	ND P	OPUL	ATIO	N						<u>,</u>
POPULATION													1	<u> </u>
Population, United States (incl. Alaska and Hawaii): Total, incl. armed forces overseas§thousands EMPLOYMENT	180, 670	180, 936	181, 232	181, 519	181, 778	182, 018	182, 257	182, 489	182, 714	182, 952	183, 174	183, 411	183, 650	183, 91
Noninstitutional population, estimated number 14 years of age and over, totalthousands	125, 288	125, 499	125, 717	125,936	126, 222	126, 482	126, 725	126, 918	127, 115	127, 337	127, 558	127, 768	127, 986	128, 18
Total labor force, including armed forcesdo	75, 215	74, 551	73, 672	73, 592	73, 746	73, 079	72, 361	72, 894	73, 540	73, 216	74, 059	76, 790	76, 153	75, 61
Civilian labor force, total⊕ do. Employed do. Agricultural employment do. Nonagricultural employment. do. Unemployed do. Percent of civilian labor force:⊕ Unadjusted	72, 706 68, 689 6, 885 61, 805 4, 017	72, 070 68, 282 6, 454 61, 828 3, 788	71, 155 67, 767 6, 588 61, 179 3, 388 4. 8	71, 069 67, 490 6, 247 61, 244 3, 579 5. 0	71, 213 67, 182 5, 666 61, 516 4, 031 5. 7	70, 549 66, 009 4, 950 61, 059 4, 540 6. 4	69, 837 64, 452 4, 634 59, 818 5, 385	70, 360 64, 655 4, 708 59, 947 5, 705	71, 011 65, 516 4, 977 60, 539 5, 495	70, 696 65, 734 5, 000 60, 734 4, 962 7. 0	71, 546 66, 778 5, 544 61, 234 4, 768	74, 286 68, 706 6, 671 62, 035 5, 580 7, 5	73, 639 68, 499 6, 453 62, 046 5, 140 7, 0	73, 08 68, 53 6, 32 62, 21 4, 54
Seasonally adjusted	5. 5 50, 074	5. 8 50, 948	5. 7 52, 045	6. 3 52, 344	6. 2 52, 476	6. 8 53, 403	6. 6 54, 364	6.8 54,024	6. 9 53, 574	6. 8 54, 121	6. 9 53, 499	6.8	6.9	6.
Employees on payrolls (nonagricultural estab.): Total, unadj. (excl. Alaska and Hawaii)thousands. Manufacturingdo Durable goods industriesdo Nondurable goods industriesdo	52, 923 16, 250 9, 342 6, 908	53, 062 16, 386 9, 296 7, 090	53, 496 16, 505 9, 403 7, 102	53, 391 16, 313 9, 305 7, 008	53, 133 16, 129 9, 235 6, 894	53, 310 15, 836 9, 065 6, 771	51, 437 15, 580 8, 902 6, 678	51, 090 15, 473 8, 804 6, 669	51, 397 15, 497 8, 806 6, 691	51, 843 15, 536 8, 865 6, 671	52, 407 15, 726 9, 039 6, 687	50, 977 r 53, 123 r 15, 973 r 9, 167 r 6, 806	51, 833 r 52, 858 r 15, 932 r 9, 121 r 6, 811	52, 57 \$\rightarrow\$ 53, 14 \$\rightarrow\$ 16, 19 \$\rightarrow\$ 9, 15 \$\rightarrow\$ 7, 04
Mining, total	655 94 11 140 292	672 95 11 156 292 118	663 94 12 151	656 93 12 150 285 117	647 90 11 147	641 90 10 145 286	629 89 10 142	620 86 10 142	622 86 8 140	623 86 9 136	630 87 9 136	r 640 88 9 137	r 633 88 9 126	» 63

r Revised. r Preliminary. ‡ Revised beginning August 1959 to include data for Hawaii. ? Revisions for January 1947-December 1959 for department store sales and stocks, total U.S., seasonally adjusted, appear on p. 20 of the January 1961 Survey; revisions for the individual Federal Reserve districts will be shown later. \$ Effective with the January 1961 Survey, estimates are based on the 1960 Census; for comparable revised figures (August 1957-October 1959), see "Current Population Reports", P-25, No. 223.

d'Data beginning January 1960 include figures for Alaska and Hawaii; see the December 1960 Survey for January 1960 estimates for those States.

d For 1947-59 figures, reflecting adjustments of 1947-56 data to new definitions adopted January 1957 and monthly rates of unemployment (unadjusted), see pp. 22 and 23 of the April 1960 Survey; revised seasonally adjusted rates of unemployment appear in the February 1961 issue of "Employment and Earnings" (U.S. Department of Labor).

\[\text{\text{ATOtal employment in U.S., including Alaska and Hawaii (thous.): 1961—June, 53,374; July, 53,119; August, 53,400.} \]

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of				60	· ·			D .	1	19	61			
BUSINESS STATISTICS	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August
1	EMPL	OYME	ENT A	ND P	OPUL	ATIO	N—Co	ntinue	ed					
EMPLOYMENT—Continued		_												
Employees on payrolls of nonagricultural est., unadjusted—Continued Contract construction thousands Transportation and public utilities \(\). do Interstate railroads do Local rail ways and bus lines do Trucking and warehousing do Telephone do Gas and electric utilities do	3,098 3,939 912 91 879 714 589	3, 130 3, 921 905 90 877 714 585	3, 069 3, 907 876 91 892 708 585	3, 006 3, 889 869 88 902 704 579	2, 847 3, 868 852 89 898 702 578	2, 552 3, 843 849 89 881 699 577	2, 385 3, 763 818 89 854 696 574	2, 264 3, 759 817 89 851 695 573	2, 414 3, 749 813 88 848 695 574	2, 617 3, 756 814 88 850 694 572	2, 799 3, 773 820 88 857 692 576	7 3, 034 7 3, 818 832 88 877 695 582	7 3, 094 7 3, 840 838 87 875 699 588	p 3. 158 p 3, 838
Wholesale and retail tradedo. Wholesale tradedo. Retail trade \$\frac{0}{40}\$ General merchandise storesdo. Food and liquor storesdo. Automotive and accessories dealersdo.	11, 591 3, 138 8, 453 1, 433 1, 660 824	11, 592 3, 153 8, 439 1, 452 1, 641 820	11, 665 3, 153 8, 512 1, 504 1, 641 815	11, 742 3, 162 8, 580 1, 554 1, 652 813	11, 842 3, 163 8, 679 1, 655 1, 659 814	12, 405 3, 161 9, 244 2, 022 1, 683 828	11, 464 3, 116 8, 348 1, 476 1, 641 794	11, 279 3, 102 8, 177 1, 392 1, 641 787	11, 337 3, 091 8, 246 1, 436 1, 632 784	11, 389 3, 090 8, 299 1, 443 1, 632 790	11, 446 3, 086 8, 360 1, 457 1, 638 793	r 11, 575 r 3, 120 r 8, 455 1, 467 1, 643 802	r 11, 543 r 3, 134 r 8, 409 1, 443 1, 639 804	p 11, 538 p 3, 143 p 8, 395
Finance, insurance, and real estatedo Service and miscellaneous Qdo Hotels and lodging placesdo Laundriesdo Cleaning and dyeing plantsdo Governmentdodo	2, 530 6, 715 592 316 176 8, 145	2, 536 6, 685 591 310 171 8, 140	2, 515 6, 698 509 307 175 8, 474	2, 501 6, 698 466 306 180 8, 586	2, 499 6, 665 455 304 179 8, 636	2, 504 6, 612 448 301 176 8, 917	2, 490 6, 518 437 300 175 8, 608	2, 494 6, 527 441 297 173 8, 674	2, 507 6, 566 442 298 176 8, 705	2, 520 6, 679 464 299 179 8, 723	2, 528 6, 753 478 303 182 8, 752	7 2, 556 7 6, 795 508 308 186 7 8, 732	7 2, 584 7 6, 763 580 308 180 7 8, 469	P 2, 589 P 6, 738
Total, seas. adj. (excl. Alaska and Hawaii)△do	53, 145 16, 417 9, 452 6, 965	53, 046 16, 265 9, 338 6, 927	52, 998 16, 275 9, 391 6, 884	52, 809 16, 132 9, 266 6, 866	52, 591 16, 030 9, 190 6, 840	52, 221 15, 790 9, 030 6, 760	52, 232 15, 676 8, 918 6, 758	51, 984 15, 527 8, 792 6, 735	51, 939 15, 541 8, 781 6, 760	52, 243 15, 678 8, 865 6, 813	52, 541 15, 910 9, 058 6, 852	7 52, 949 7 16, 048 7 9, 162 7 6, 886	7 53, 078 7 16, 088 7 9, 226 7 6, 862	^p 53, 132 ^p 16, 067 ^p 9, 194 ^p 6, 873
Mining do Contract construction do Transportation and public utilities do Wholesale and retail trade do Finance, insurance, and real estate do Service and miscellaneous do Government do	658 2,858 3,910 11,736 2,480 6,682 8,404	665 2, 835 3, 892 11, 764 2, 499 6, 652 8, 474	660 2, 800 3, 879 11, 665 2, 515 6, 665 8, 539	656 2, 804 3, 879 11, 668 2, 514 6, 632 8, 524	644 2, 783 3, 858 11, 568 2, 512 6, 665 8, 531	638 2, 647 3, 821 11, 541 2, 517 6, 679 8, 588	629 2, 698 3, 820 11, 634 2, 515 6, 651 8, 609	620 2, 636 3, 803 11, 576 2, 519 6, 660 8, 643	622 2,715 3,768 11,479 2,520 6,632 8,662	629 2, 781 3, 763 11, 546 2, 520 6, 646 8, 680	636 2, 752 3, 776 11, 577 2, 528 6, 653 8, 709	7 637 7 2,843 7 3,803 7 11,649 7 2,531 7 6,695 7 8,743	7 636 7 2,854 7 3,812 7 11,687 7 2,533 7 6,729 7 8,739	p 628 p 2, 861 p 3, 810 p 11, 709 p 2, 551 p 6, 704 p 8, 802
Production workers on manufacturing payrolls, unadj.: Total	12, 145 6, 888 72	12, 265 6, 833 72	12, 399 6, 949 74	12, 226 6, 863 72	12, 037 6, 786 74	11, 745 6, 613 74	11, 502 6, 456 73	11, 395 6, 359 73	11, 418 6, 363 73	11, 463 6, 429 72	11, 643 6, 595 74	r 11, 860 r 6, 706 74	7 11, 804 7 6, 651 7 74	p 12, 057 p 6, 682 p 74
Sawmills and planing mills do. Furniture and fixtures do. Stone, clay, and glass products do. Primary metal industries do. Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills thousands.	606 291 321 450 924 439	607 293 327 452 910 431	598 285 328 449 905	581 276 327 442 891 409	547 264 320 431 870	518 252 310 416 851 381	508 247 303 401 838	496 243 303 396 829 381	498 244 302 402 833 387	519 252 305 410 845	551 262 304 420 877 418	593 270 308 428 7 898	7 591 268 7 309 7 430 7 899	p 596 p 319 p 442 p 919
Fabricated metal products of	817 1, 130 850 1, 105 574 358 119 223 389	819 1, 112 861 1, 036 509 365 118 226 410	835 1, 104 877 1, 135 597 367 119 225 418	834 1, 087 839 1, 149 614 366 119 223 418	817 1, 085 867 1, 147 610 372 117 222 406	794 1, 081 844 1, 125 596 369 116 218 383	771 1,075 842 1,068 542 367 117 215 364	754 1, 077 835 1, 012 492 366 116 211 373	750 1,076 830 1,013 489 367 118 211 374	762 1,081 826 1,018 500 364 117 210 379	788 1, 082 836 1, 059 544 360 117 212 391	801 7 1,079 7 844 1,064 552 358 115 214 401	7 788 7 1, 070 7 836 7 1, 050 541 355 115 212 7 392	p 808 p 1, 075 p 864 p 955 p 216 p 419
Nondurable goods industriesdoFood and kindred products	5, 257 1, 064 243 219 165	5, 432 1, 142 246 297 163	5, 450 1, 171 248 325 164	5, 363 1, 112 249 254 165	5, 251 1, 036 248 188 163	5, 132 984 242 157 162	5,046 943 237 141 158	5, 036 925 230 140 158	5, 055 932 230 148 158	5, 034 942 231 155 158	5,048 951 236 155 159	7 5, 154 1, 008 242 180 164	7 5, 153 7 1, 056 242 223 164	p 5, 378
Tobacco manufacturesdo. Textile mill products \$\times\$	1,060 444 222 568	81 859 360 206 1, 107 451 226 573	97 850 356 203 1,094 452 225 578	94 840 351 201 1,079 449 223 585	82 832 349 198 1,079 445 221 584	78 819 348 188 1,052 437 219 579	75 807 345 183 1,038 434 217 571	72 806 343 186 1,063 432 216 568	68 807 341 191 1,074 432 216 571	64 814 341 196 1,041 433 216 568	63 823 341 199 1,035 435 217 567	64 7 833 344 204 1, 047 7 443 222 570	7 62 7 823 341 200 7 1, 025 436 218 7 570	P 78 P 837 P 1, 084 P 443
Chemicals and allied products do Industrial organic chemicals do Products of petroleum and coal do Petroleum refining do Rubber products do Leather and leather products do	153 117 192	538 210 154 117 196 331	537 207 150 115 198 321	538 206 150 114 198 318	533 206 147 113 193 319	531 205 145 113 191 317	528 204 144 112 188 318	525 203 142 112 181 322	532 203 142 111 180 318	537 204 143 111 180 311	535 206 144 110 184 311	7 534 208 7 145 111 188 321	7 534 211 7 144 109 7 187 317	p 533 p 14 p 19 p 330
Production workers on mfg. payrolls, seas. adj.: Total	12, 321 7, 000 5, 321	12, 158 6, 875 5, 283	12, 176 6, 937 5, 239	12, 048 6, 824 5, 224	11, 937 6, 740 5, 197	11, 701 6, 579 5, 122	11, 594 6, 471 5, 123	11, 444 6, 348 5, 096	11, 455 6, 339 5, 116	11, 596 6, 431 5, 165	11, 819 6, 614 5, 205	r 11, 933 r 6, 702 r 5, 231	† 11, 974 † 6, 762 † 5, 212	p 11, 943 p 6, 724 p 5, 219
Production workers on manufacturing payrolls: Indexes of employment: Unadjusted	98. 2 99. 6	99. 2 98. 3	100. 2 98. 4	98. 8 97. 4	97. 3 96. 5	95. 0 94. 6	93. 0 93. 7	92. 1 92. 5	92. 3 92. 6	92. 7 93. 8	94. 1 95. 6	95, 9 96, 5	r 95. 4 r 96. 8	₽ 97. t ₽ 96. (
Federal civilian employees (executive branch): United States¶thousands. Washington, D.C., metropolitan areado Railroad employees (class I railroads):		2, 213. 9 217. 9	2, 192. 9 213. 6	2, 188. 9 214. 0	2, 188. 9 214. 6	12,478.2 1 222.1	214. 7	2, 185. 7 215. 1	2, 193. 2 216. 1	2, 205. 0 216. 7	2, 212. 1 216. 3	2, 248. 0 223. 9	2, 265. 0 225. 5	
Total thousands Indexes: Unadjusted 1947-49=100. Seasonally adjusted do do do do do do do do do do do do do	824 62. 0 60. 7	817 61. 5 60. 4	59. 4 59. 3	782 58. 9 60. 1	764 57. 6 58. 9	759 56. 9 58. 2	731 55. 1 54. 6	730 54. 9 55. 0	727 54. 7 55. 2	729 54. 9 55. 6	55. 3 54. 5	56. 2 55. 0	p 752 p 56. 7 p 55. 5	p 758.8

^{*}Revised. *Preliminary. Includes Post Office employees hired for Christmas season; there were about 292,800 such employees in the United States in December 1960. *Includes Post Office employees, and transportation equipment.

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Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	Augus
	EMPL	ОҮМІ	ENT A	ND P	OPUL.	ATIO	N—Co	ntinue	ed	1	•			I
INDEXES OF WEEKLY PAYROLLS														
Construction (construction workers) 1947-49=100 Manufacturing (production workers) do Mining (production workers) do	262, 8 169, 0 103, 3	267. 9 169. 2 104. 5	259. 4 172. 5 101. 6	258. 4 170. 5 101. 6	227. 1 166. 2 97. 0	$197.1 \\ 160.6 \\ 97.0$	193. 9 158. 5 97. 7	181.7 157.1 94.5	191. 6 158. 2 91. 5	211. 3 160. 3 94. 5	232. 7 164. 8 97. 2	r 262. 5 r 170. 7 r 101. 6	267. 5 r 169. 4 102. 7	p 172. 8
HOURS AND EARNINGS														
Average weekly gross hours per worker on payrolls of nonagricultural establishments: All manufacturing industries	39. 8 2. 4 39. 9 2. 3 40. 0	39.8 2.4 40.0 2.3 40.0	39. 6 2. 5 39. 9 2. 5 40. 5	39. 7 2. 5 40. 2 2. 4 40. 4	39. 3 2. 2 39. 6 2. 0 40. 8	38. 6 2. 0 39. 1 1. 9 40. 2	38. 9 1. 9 39. 2 1. 7 40. 7	38. 9 1. 9 39. 3 1. 7 40. 7	39. 1 1. 9 39. 5 1. 7 40. 7	39. 3 2. 0 39. 9 1. 9 40. 8	39. 6 2. 1 40. 2 2. 0 40. 8	40. 1 2. 4 40. 6 2. 3 40. 7	40.0 2.4 r 40.3 2.3 r 40.6	p 40. p 2. p 40. p 2. p 40.
Sawmills and planing mills do. Furniture and fixtures do. Stone, clay, and glass products do. Primary metal industries do. Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills	39. 3 39. 9 40. 0 40. 8 38. 7	39. 6 40. 2 40. 8 41. 0 38. 1	39. 9 40. 2 40. 5 40. 5 38. 0	39. 6 39. 8 40. 4 40. 9 37. 9	38. 4 38. 9 39. 6 40. 7 37. 4	38. 6 38. 9 39. 9 39. 6 37. 2	38. 8 38. 6 38. 3 39. 8 37. 7	38. 5 38. 5 38. 7 39. 8 37. 8	38. 9 38. 9 38. 9 40. 2 38. 1	39. 5 39. 7 39. 0 40. 2 38. 8	40. 0 40. 6 38. 8 40. 7 39. 4	7 40. 5 40. 9 39. 9 7 41. 3 40. 1	r 39. 4 40. 1 r 39. 9 41. 1 r 40. 1	p 40.
hours Fabricated metal products Machinery (except electrical) Electrical machinery do	37. 2 40. 5 40. 9 39. 3	36. 6 41. 0 40. 5 39. 9	36. 5 40. 7 40. 3 40. 1	36. 3 40. 5 40. 5 40. 3	35. 5 39. 9 40. 1 40. 0	35. 5 39. 1 39. 9 39. 1	36. 5 39. 3 40. 2 39. 9	36. 7 39. 2 40. 2 39. 9	37. 0 39. 6 40. 2 39. 7	38. 1 40. 0 40. 6 39. 9	38. 7 40. 5 40. 7 40. 0	39. 5 41. 1 40. 9 7 40. 3	39. 6 7 40. 8 7 40. 6 7 39. 9	Р 41. Р 40. Р 40.
Transportation equipment 9	40. 2 40. 0 41. 1 39. 3 40. 4 39. 4	39. 6 38. 8 40. 9 39. 5 40. 5 40. 0	40. 2 40. 6 40. 6 37. 4 40. 1 39. 5	41. 1 41. 6 41. 0 39. 4 40. 5 40. 1	40. 2 40. 2 41. 1 38. 4 40. 6 40. 0	39. 8 39. 5 41. 1 37. 9 39. 2 38. 4	38. 9 37. 3 41. 5 39. 1 40. 2 39. 4	39. 3 37. 7 41. 6 39. 2 40. 1 39. 6	39. 6 38. 5 41. 3 39. 3 40. 3 39. 5	40. 1 39. 7 41. 0 40. 0 40. 2 39. 5	40. 5 40. 6 40. 8 40. 0 40. 3 39. 7	40. 5 40. 8 40. 6 39. 3 7 40. 6 7 40. 1	^r 40. 4 40. 4 40. 7 39. 8 ^r 40. 4 ^r 39. 6	p 40.
Nondurable goods industries do A verage overtime do Food and kindred products ? do Meat products do Canning and preserving do Bakery products do	39. 6 2. 6 41. 1 41. 2 39. 5 40. 9	39. 5 2. 5 41. 2 41. 2 40. 9 40. 4	39. 1 2. 6 41. 6 41. 5 42. 2 40. 3	39. 0 2. 5 41. 0 41. 1 40. 0 40. 5	38. 8 2. 3 40. 5 41. 2 36. 4 40. 5	38. 0 2. 2 40. 2 40. 8 36. 8 39. 7	38. 4 2. 0 40. 2 40. 3 37. 4 39. 6	38. 4 2. 1 39. 9 39. 4 37. 8 40. 1	38. 7 2. 1 39. 9 40. 1 37. 2 39. 8	38. 7 2. 2 39. 8 40. 3 36. 8 39. 8	39. 0 2. 3 40. 8 41. 3 39. 2 40. 5	7 39. 5 2. 5 7 41. 1 41. 9 38. 5 40. 8	7 39, 6 7 2, 6 7 41, 1 41, 6 38, 3 40, 8	p 39. p 2. p 40.
Tobacco manufactures do. Textile mill products \$\text{\text{\$}}\$ do. Broadwoven fabric mills do. Knitting mills do.	37. 6 39. 7 40. 6 38. 4	37. 9 39. 7 40. 3 38. 6	40. 3 38. 3 38. 7 37. 6	40. 5 38. 8 39. 3 37. 9	37. 7 39. 0 39. 4 37. 5	39, 3 38, 2 39, 1 35, 9	37. 8 38. 0 38. 7 35. 9	37. 2 38. 5 38. 8 37. 1	36. 7 38. 8 39. 0 37. 2	38. 4 39. 0 39. 4 37. 1	38. 2 39. 5 39. 8 37. 9	39. 7 40. 2 40. 3 38. 7	7 38. 4 39. 9 40. 3 38. 6	p 40. p 40.
Apparel and other finished textile proddo Paper and allied productsdo Pulp, paper, and paperboard millsdo Printing, publishing, and allied industriesdo	36. 4 42. 5 43. 8 38. 2	36. 7 42. 5 43. 6 38. 3	35. 4 42. 3 43. 4 38. 6	35. 5 42. 3 43. 4 38. 4	35. 3 41. 9 42. 9 38. 2	33.4 41.1 42.7 37.7	34. 4 41. 5 42. 8 37. 8	35. 1 41. 7 42. 9 37. 7	35. 7 41. 8 43. 0 37. 9	35. 4 42. 2 43. 6 37. 7	35. 2 42. 2 43. 5 37. 7	35. 7 r 42. 9 43. 9 37. 8	7 36. 3 7 43. 0 44. 0 7 37. 8	^p 36. ^p 43. ^p 37.
Chemicals and allied productsdoIndustrial organic chemicalsdoProducts of petroleum and coaldoPetroleum refiningdoRubher productsdododododododo	41. 6 41. 9 41. 5 41. 2 40. 6 38. 4	41. 3 41. 2 40. 7 40. 3 39. 9 38. 1	41. 3 41. 1 41. 3 41. 1 39. 0 35. 9	41. 2 40. 8 40. 7 40. 6 39. 8 35. 9	41, 4 41, 2 40, 4 40, 7 39, 2 36, 4	40. 9 40. 9 40. 5 40. 7 38. 9 35. 9	41. 1 40. 8 41. 2 41. 5 38. 9 37. 9	40. 9 40. 8 40. 0 40. 5 38. 6 37. 4	41. 3 40. 9 40. 5 40. 6 38. 6 37. 0	41. 3 41. 2 41. 0 41. 1 39. 4 35. 9	41. 3 41. 3 41. 0 40. 9 39. 8 36. 8	r 41. 8 41. 9 41. 5 41. 2 r 40. 1 r 38. 0	7 41. 5 41. 7 7 41. 9 41. 7 7 40. 7 7 38. 3	p 41.
Nonmanufacturing industries: Mining	41. 5 41. 4	40.7 41.6	40. 1 41. 6	40.3 40.6	39. 3 40. 2	39. 4 41. 1	40. 0 40. 7	39. 6 40. 5	38. 7 39. 9	39. 6 40. 3	40. 3 40. 1	41. 1 41. 4	42. 0 41. 2	
Anthracitedo Bituminous coaldo Petroleum and natural-gas production (except contract services)hours	34. 0 37. 3 40. 9	34. 4 35. 0 40. 3	30. 8 33. 2 41. 0	34. 5 34. 1 40. 8	34. 6 32. 1 40. 7	34. 8 33. 6 40. 3	38. 4 34. 2 42. 0	37. 0 33. 9 40. 3	33. 8 30. 3 40. 2	31. 2 32. 9 41. 1	33. 5 35. 2 40. 2	33. 9 37. 5	39. 5 38. 9 41. 7	
Nonmetallic mining and quarryingdo Contract constructiondo Nonbuilding constructiondo	45. 0 37. 8	44. 9 37. 9	44. 2 37. 2	44. 4 37. 8	42. 5 35. 3	41. 2 34. 1	42. 0 36. 2	41. 6 36. 0	41. 7 35. 5	42. 5 35. 6	43. 7 36. 4	44. 4 37. 4	44. 2 37. 4	
Nonbuilding construction do Building construction do Transportation and public utilities:	36. 7	42. 3 36. 7	42. 0 36. 0	42. 6 36. 6	38. 6 34. 5	37. 3 33. 4	39. 4 35. 6	39. 2 35. 4	38. 7 34. 8	38. 1 35. 0	39. 8 35. 5	41. 1 36. 3	41.4	
Local railways and bus lines do Gas and electric utilities do	43. 2 39. 8 40. 9	43. 2 39. 5 40. 8	42. 9 40. 8 41. 8	42.6 40.0 41.2	42.8 40.4 41.2	43.3 39.5 41.3	42. 1 39. 0 40. 9	42.7 39.1 40.9	42.3 38.8 40.7	42. 5 38. 7 40. 6	42. 9 38. 9 40. 6	43. 5 39. 2 40. 8	39. 6	
Wholesale and retail trade: Wholesale tradedo Retail trade (except eating and drinking places) ♀	40.6	40. 5	40. 4	40.3	40. 2	40.0	40. 2	39. 9	40.0	40.1	40.1	40. 3		
General merchandise stores do Food and liquor stores do Automotive and accessories dealers do Service and miscellaneous:	38. 2 35. 0 36. 4 44. 1	38. 3 34. 9 36. 2 44. 1	37. 6 34. 0 35. 6 43. 9	37. 4 33. 7 35. 3 43. 7	37. 5 33. 7 35. 6 43. 8	37. 7 35. 4 35. 1 43. 8	37. 5 33. 8 35. 1 43. 7	37. 5 33. 8 35. 0 43. 7	37. 4 33. 9 35. 0 44. 0	37. 3 33. 8 34. 9 43. 9	37. 4 34. 0 35. 1 43. 9	37. 8 34. 3 35. 7 44. 1	38. 1 34. 5 36. 2 43. 9	
Hotels, year-round do Laundries do Cleaning and dyeing plants do	40. 0 39. 8 38. 6	40. 2 39. 4 37. 6	39. 7 39. 4 38. 5	39. 9 39. 7 39. 3	39. 7 39. 2 38. 7	39. 7 38. 6 37. 2	39. 7 38. 9 38. 4	39. 6 38. 8 37. 7	40. 0 39. 0 38. 5	39. 7 39. 1 38. 2	39. 9 39. 9 40. 2	40. 0 40. 0 40. 3	40. 2 39. 7 38. 9	
Average weekly gross earnings per worker on payrolls of nonagricultural establishments: All manufacturing industries	91, 14 97, 76 105, 20	90, 35 97, 20 105, 60	91. 08 98. 15 108. 14	91. 31 98. 89 108. 27	90, 39 97, 42 109, 34	89. 55 96. 97 108. 14	90. 25 97. 22 109. 48	90. 25 97. 07 109. 48	90. 71 97. 96 109. 89	91. 57 99. 35 110. 16	92. 66 100. 50 110. 98	94. 24 101. 91 r 110. 70	94.00 r 101.15 r 111.65	№ 93. 8 № 101. 6 № 112. 4
Sawmills and planing mills dollars. Furniture and fixtures. do Stone, clay, and glass products do	81. 35 79. 00 74. 40 93. 02	81. 97 80. 00 75. 89 93. 89	84. 19 80. 00 75. 74 92. 75	81. 58 77. 61 75. 55 94. 07	77.18 74.30 74.05 94.02	77. 59 74. 30 75. 01 91. 48	77. 60 74. 11 71. 24 91. 54	76. 23 73. 54 71. 98 91. 54	77. 80 74. 69 72. 74 92. 86	81. 37 78. 21 72. 93 93. 26	83. 20 80. 39 72. 56 94. 83	7 84. 65 81. 80 75. 01 7 96. 64	r 82, 35 80, 20 r 74, 61 r 96, 17	P 83. 4 P 76. 5 P 96. 8
Primary metal industriesdoBlast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills dollars	108.75 113.83	106. 68 110. 53	106. 78 110. 60	106. 12 109. 63	104.72 106.86	105. 28 109. 34	107. 82 114. 25	107. 73 113. 77	108. 97 115. 44	112. 13 120. 02	114. 26 122, 29	117. 09 126. 01	r 117. 49 126. 72	₽ 118. 7
Revised. Preliminary.	110.00	110.00	110.00	109.00	200,00	100.01	117. 4U	110.44	, 110.34	120.02 1	166.69	120.01	140.12	

r Revised. Preliminary.
Preliminary.
Sincludes data for industries not shown separately.
Except ordnance, machinery, and transportation equipment.

S-14	\mathbf{s}	URVE	EY OI	F CUI	RREN	T BU	SINE	ss				s	eptemb	er 1961
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of)60						19	61			===
BUSINESS STATISTICS	July	August	Septem- ber	October -	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August
]	EMPL	OYME	ENT A	ND P	OPUL.	ATIO	V—Co	ntinue	ed					
HOURS AND EARNINGS—Continued Average weekly gross earnings per worker on payrolls of nonagricultural establishments—Continued														
All manufacturing industries—Continued Durable goods industries—Continued Fabricated metal productsod dollars Machinery (except electrical) do Electrical machinery do Transportation equipment Q do Motor vehicles and equipment do. Aircraft and parts do. Ship and boat building and repairs do. Instruments and related products do Miscellaneous mfg. industries do.	99. 63 105. 11 90. 39 110. 15 111. 20 110. 97 106. 90 95. 75 76. 44	100. 45 103. 68 91. 77 108. 90 108. 64 110. 84 108. 23 95. 99 77. 60	100, 94 103, 57 93, 03 112, 96 116, 52 111, 24 103, 97 95, 44 77, 03	100.04 104.49 93.09 115.49 119.39 111.93 109.53 95.99 78.20	98. 15 103. 46 93. 20 112. 16 113. 77 112. 61 105. 98 96. 63 78. 40	96, 58 103, 74 92, 28 111, 44 111, 79 113, 44 106, 12 94, 47 76, 03	97. 07 104. 92 93. 77 108. 14 104. 81 114. 13 108. 31 96. 88 78. 41	96, 82 104, 92 93, 77 109, 25 105, 56 114, 82 108, 98 96, 64 78, 80	97. 81 105. 32 93. 30 109. 69 107. 80 113. 99 108. 47 97. 53 78. 61	99. 60 106. 78 94. 16 111. 88 111. 95 112. 75 110. 80 97. 28 78. 61	101. 66 107. 04 94. 40 113. 40 115. 71 112. 20 111. 60 97. 53 79. 00	103. 16 7 107. 98 7 95. 91 113. 81 116. 28 111. 65 110. 43 7 98. 66 7 79. 80	7 102. 41 7 106. 78 7 94, 96 7 113. 93 115. 54 112. 33 113. 03 7 97. 77 7 78. 80	p 103. 57 p 106. 78 p 95. 68 p 114. 33 p 98. 01 p 79. 40
Nondurable goods industries	82, 37 89, 60 100, 94 70, 71 89, 16	81. 77 88. 58 99. 70 74. 03 88. 48	81, 72 89, 02 102, 51 74, 69 89, 06	81, 51 88, 97 101, 11 72, 00 89, 51	81. 48 89. 10 102. 18 64. 79 89. 91	80, 18 89, 24 101, 59 67, 71 88, 53	81, 41 90, 45 101, 56 68, 82 88, 31	81.02 89.78 99.29 69.93 90.23	82. 04 90. 17 100. 25 69. 94 89. 15	82. 43 89. 95 99. 54 70. 66 89. 15	83. 07 92. 21 102. 84 74. 09 91. 53	7 84. 53 7 92. 48 103. 91 72. 00 93. 43	7 84. 74 7 92. 48 103. 17 70. 86 93. 02	p 84. 56 p 89. 95
Tobacco manufactures	68, 43 64, 31 65, 37 57, 60 56, 42 97, 33 106, 87 106, 20	64. 81 64. 31 64. 88 58. 29 57. 62 97. 75 106. 82 106. 09	63. 27 62. 05 61. 92 57. 15 55. 93 98. 14 107. 20 108. 08	65. 21 63. 24 62. 88 57. 99 56. 45 97. 71 106. 76 107. 14	65, 60 63, 18 62, 65 57, 38 55, 77 96, 37 105, 53 106, 96	69. 95 61. 88 62. 17 54. 57 52. 44 95. 35 105. 47 106. 31	66. 53 61. 56 61. 53 54. 57 54. 70 96. 28 105. 29 106. 22	66. 59 62. 76 61. 69 56. 76 55. 81 96. 74 105. 53 105. 94	66. 43 63. 24 62. 40 57. 29 57. 12 96. 98 105. 78 106. 88	72. 19 63. 96 63. 04 57. 13 56. 29 98. 33 107. 69 106. 69	72. 20 64. 78 64. 08 58. 37 55. 62 98. 75 107. 88 107. 07	75. 43 65. 93 64. 88 59. 60 r 56. 41 r 101. 24 109. 75 r 107. 35	72. 19 65. 44 64. 88 59. 06 7 57. 72 7 101. 91 110. 88 7 106. 97	P 72. 00 P 66. 26 P 58. 56 P 102. 58 P 107. 26
Chemicals and allied products do. Industrial organic chemicals do. Products of petroleum and coal do. Petroleum refining do. Rubber products do. Leather and leather products do.	106. 08 113. 13 121 18 124. 84 103. 53 62. 98	104. 90 110. 42 117. 62 120. 90 100. 15 62. 48	104. 90 110. 97 120. 60 124. 53 98. 28 59. 24	104. 24 110. 16 117. 62 121. 80 101. 49 59. 59	105, 16 111, 65 117, 97 122, 91 99, 57 60, 42	104, 30 111, 25 119, 07 123, 32 99, 58 59, 24	104. 81 110. 98 124. 42 129. 90 98. 81 62. 91	104. 30 110. 98 120. 80 126. 36 97. 27 62. 46	104. 90 111. 25 122. 31 127. 48 97. 66 61. 79	105. 32 112. 48 124. 23 129. 47 100. 47 60. 31	106. 14 113. 16 123. 82 128. 84 101. 89 61. 82	r 109, 10 115, 64 126, 16 130, 60 r 103, 86 r 63, 84	r 108, 73 115, 51 r 127, 38 132, 19 r 107, 04 r 63, 96	p 109. 15 p 122. 91 p 107. 16 p 64. 05
Nonmanufacturing industries: Mining	111, 22 111, 37 93, 50 121, 60 116, 16 102, 60 123, 61 124, 91 123, 68	108. 67 111. 49 94. 26 114. 10 112. 44 102. 37 124. 31 126. 90 123. 68	107, 47 112, 74 84, 39 108, 23 116, 44 101, 66 123, 13 126, 42 122, 40	108. 41 110. 43 95. 22 111. 51 115. 87 102. 12 125. 50 128. 65 125. 17	105, 32 108, 54 94, 46 104, 33 115, 18 98, 18 117, 20 114, 64 117, 99	106. 38 111. 79 95. 35 109. 54 114. 05 95. 17 115. 26 113. 39 115. 56	109. 60 110. 30 107. 90 112. 52 124. 74 97. 02 122. 72 120. 17 123. 53	107, 71 109, 35 106, 19 110, 85 118, 48 95, 68 122, 40 118, 78 123, 19	104.10 108.13 90.58 98.48 116.98 95.49 119.64 116.10 120.41	107. 32 110. 02 84. 86 106. 93 121. 66 97. 75 120. 33 115. 44 121. 45	108. 81 108. 67 90. 12 114. 75 117. 38 100. 95 123. 03 121. 39 123. 54	111. 38 113. 02 91. 19 123. 38 117. 38 103. 45 126. 79 127. 00 126. 32	114. 66 113. 30 106. 26 128. 37 123. 43 104. 31 126. 41 127. 51 126. 32	
Transportation and public utilities: Local rallways and bus lines	100. 22 89. 95 110. 02 94. 19 69. 52 50. 75 73. 16 91. 29	100. 22 89. 27 110. 16 93. 56 69. 32 50. 26 72. 76 89. 96	99. 96 95. 47 115. 37 94. 13 68. 43 49. 30 72. 27 88. 24	98. 83 92. 00 112. 89 93. 90 68. 44 48. 87 72. 01 89. 59	99, 72 92, 92 113, 30 93, 67 68, 25 48, 53 73, 69 89, 79	102. 62 91. 64 114. 40 93. 20 67. 11 49. 56 71. 25 88. 48	100, 20 90, 48 112, 88 94, 07 69, 00 49, 69 72, 31 88, 71	101. 63 90. 71 113. 29 93. 37 69. 00 49. 35 72. 10 87. 40	101. 10 90. 02 112. 33 94. 00 68. 44 49. 49 72. 10 89. 76	90. 17 112. 46 94. 64 69. 01 49. 69 72. 59 90. 43	102. 53 91. 03 112. 46 95. 04 69. 56 50. 32 73. 36 91. 75	103. 97 92. 12 113. 02 96. 32 70. 69 51. 11 74. 61 93. 05	101. 76 93. 46 114. 39 96. 80 71. 63 52. 10 75. 30 93. 07	
Finance, insurance, and real estate: Banks and trust companiest	70. 31 48. 80 48. 56 54. 43	69. 75 49. 04 48. 07 53. 02	69, 75 48, 83 48, 46 54, 67	70. 69 49. 48 48. 83 56. 20	70, 31 49, 23 48, 22 54, 57	70. 69 49. 63 47. 48 52. 82	71, 81 48, 83 47, 85 54, 53	71. 42 49. 10 47. 72 53. 53	71.80 49.60 48.36 54.67	71. 99 49. 23 48. 48 54. 24	71. 60 50. 27 49. 88 57. 49	71, 59 50, 80 50, 40 58, 03	71. 97 50. 25 49. 63 56. 02	
Average hourly gross earnings per worker on payrolls of nonagricultural establishments: All manufacturing industries	2, 29 2, 22 2, 45 2, 38 2, 63	2. 27 2. 21 2. 43 2. 37 2. 64	2, 30 2, 23 2, 46 2, 39 2, 67	2. 30 2. 23 2. 46 2. 39 2. 68	2, 30 2, 24 2, 46 2, 39 2, 68	2. 32 2. 26 2. 48 2. 42 2. 69	2. 32 2. 27 2. 48 2. 42 2. 69	2. 32 2. 26 2. 47 2. 42 2. 69	2. 32 2. 27 2. 48 2. 42 2. 70	2. 33 2. 28 2. 49 2. 43 2. 70	2. 34 2. 28 2. 50 2. 44 2. 72	2. 35 2. 28 2. 51 2. 44 2. 72	2. 35 2. 28 2. 51 2. 44 7 2. 75	p 2. 51
Sawmills and planing mills do. Furniture and fixtures do. Stone, clay, and glass products do. Primary metal industries do. Blast furnaces, steel works, and rolling mills	2. 07 1. 98 1. 86 2. 28 2. 81	2. 07 1. 99 1. 86 2. 29 2. 80	2. 11 1. 99 1. 87 2. 29 2. 81	2. 06 1. 95 1. 87 2. 30 2. 80	2. 01 1. 91 1. 87 2. 31 2. 80	2. 01 1. 91 1. 88 2. 31 2. 83	2.00 1.92 1.86 2.30 2.86	1. 98 1. 91 1. 86 2. 30 2. 85	2. 00 1. 92 1. 87 2. 31 2. 86	2. 06 1. 97 1. 87 2. 32 2. 89	2. 08 1. 98 1. 87 2. 33 2. 90	7 2. 09 2. 00 1. 88 2. 34 2. 92	7 2. 09 2. 00 7 1. 87 7 2. 34 7 2. 93	p 2. 08 p 1. 89 p 2. 35 p 2. 94
dollars Fabricated metal products of do Machinery (except electrical) do Electrical machinery do	3. 06 2. 46 2. 57 2. 30	3. 02 2. 45 2. 56 2. 30	3. 03 2. 48 2. 57 2. 32	3. 02 2. 47 2. 58 2. 31	3. 01 2. 46 2. 58 2. 33	3. 08 2. 47 2. 60 2. 36	3. 13 2. 47 2. 61 2. 35	3. 10 2. 47 2. 61 2. 35	3. 12 2. 47 2. 62 2. 35	3. 15 2. 49 2. 63 2. 36	3. 16 2. 51 2. 63 2. 36	3. 19 2. 51 7 2. 64 7 2. 38	3. 20 r 2. 51 2. 63 2. 38	p 2. 52 p 2. 63 p 2. 38
Transportation equipment Q	2. 70 2. 72 2. 37 1. 94	2.75 2.80 2.71 2.74 2.37 1.94	2, 81 2, 87 2, 74 2, 78 2, 38 1, 95	2. 81 2. 87 2. 73 2. 78 2. 37 1. 95	2, 79 2, 83 2, 74 2, 76 2, 38 1, 96	2. 80 2. 83 2. 76 2. 80 2. 41 1. 98	2, 78 2, 81 2, 75 2, 77 2, 41 1, 99	2. 78 2. 80 2. 76 2. 78 2. 41 1. 99	2. 77 2. 80 2. 76 2. 76 2. 42 1. 99	2.79 2.82 2.75 2.77 2.42 1.99	2.80 2.85 2.75 2.79 2.42 1.99	2. 81 2. 85 2. 75 2. 81 2. 43 1. 99	2. 82 2. 86 2. 76 2. 84 2. 42 7 1. 99	P 2. 42
Nondurable goods industries do do Excluding overtime do do do do do do do do do do do do do	2. 08 2. 02	2. 07 2. 01	2.09 2.02	2.09 2.03	2, 10 2, 04	2, 11 2, 06	2. 12 2. 07	2. 11 2. 06	2.12 2.06	$\begin{array}{c} 2.13 \\ 2.07 \end{array}$	$2.13 \\ 2.07$	7 2. 14 2. 07	2. 14 2. 08	

Nondurable goods industries. do 2.08 | 2.07 | 2.09 | 2.09 | 2.09 | 2.10 | 2.11 | 2.12 | 2.11 | 2.12 | 2.13 | 2.13 | 7.2.14 | 2.14 | 7.2.13 |

Excluding overtimes. do 2.02 | 2.01 | 2.02 | 2.03 | 2.04 | 2.06 | 2.07 | 2.06 | 2.06 | 2.07 | 2.07 | 2.07 | 2.07 | 2.07 |

Food and kindred products 9. do 2.18 | 2.15 | 2.14 | 2.17 | 2.20 | 2.22 | 2.25 | 2.26 | 2.26 | 2.26 | 2.26 | 2.25 | 2.25 |

Meat products. do 2.45 | 2.42 | 2.47 | 2.46 | 2.48 | 2.49 | 2.52 | 2.52 | 2.50 | 2.47 | 2.49 | 2.48 | 2.49 |

Canning and preserving. do 1.79 | 1.81 | 1.77 | 1.80 | 1.78 | 1.84 | 1.85 | 1.88 | 1.92 | 1.89 | 1.87 | 1.85 |

Bakery products. do 2.18 | 2.19 | 2.21 | 2.21 | 2.22 | 2.23 | 2.23 | 2.25 | 2.24 | 2.24 | 2.26 | 2.29 | 2.25 |

*Revised. **Preliminary. **

**Preliminary. **

TRevised. *

**Preliminary. and transportation equipment. 9 | 1.60 | 1.60 | 1.60 |

**Preliminary. **

**The vised series (first shown in September 1959 Survey); data beginning January 1958 are calculated on a different basis and are not strictly comparable with published figures through December 1957. \$*

**Derived by assuming that overtime hours are paid at the rate of time and one-half.

University stated statistics through 1958 and			19	60						19	61			
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	A pril	May	June	July	August
I	EMPL	OYME	ENT A	ND P	OPUL	ATIO	V—Co	ntinue	ed				<u>'</u>	<u> </u>
HOURS AND EARNINGS—Continued														
Average hourly gross earnings per worker on payrolls of nonagricultural establishments—Continued All manufacturing industries—Continued Nondurable goods industries—Continued Tobacco manufactures	1, 82 1, 62 1, 61 1, 50 1, 55 2, 29 2, 44 2, 78 2, 70 2, 92 3, 03 2, 55 1, 64	1. 71 1. 62 1. 61 1. 51 2. 30 2. 45 2. 77 2. 54 2. 68 2. 89 2. 50 2. 51 1. 64	1, 57 1, 62 1, 60 1, 52 1, 58 2, 32 2, 47 2, 58 2, 52 3, 03 3, 03 2, 52 1, 65	1. 61 1. 63 1. 60 1. 53 1. 59 2. 31 2. 46 2. 79 2. 53 2. 70 2. 89 3. 00 2. 55 1. 66	1. 74 1. 62 1. 59 1. 53 1. 58 2. 30 2. 46 2. 80 2. 54 2. 71 2. 92 3. 02 2. 54 1. 66	1. 78 1. 62 1. 59 1. 52 1. 57 2. 32 2. 47 2. 82 2. 72 2. 94 3. 03 2. 56 1. 65	1. 76 1. 52 1. 52 1. 52 2. 35 2. 246 2. 81 2. 27 2. 72 3. 102 3. 102 1. 66	1. 79 1. 63 1. 59 1. 53 2. 32 2. 46 2. 81 2. 55 2. 72 3. 02 3. 12 2. 52 1. 67	1. 81 1. 63 1. 60 1. 54 1. 60 2. 32 2. 42 2. 54 2. 72 3. 02 3. 14 2. 53 1. 67	1. 88 1. 64 1. 60 1. 54 2. 33 2. 47 2. 83 2. 573 3. 15 2. 55 1. 68	1. 89 1. 64 1. 61 1. 54 1. 58 2. 34 2. 48 2. 57 2. 74 3. 02 3. 15 2. 56 1. 68	1. 90 1. 64 1. 61 1. 54 71. 58 2. 36 2. 50 7. 2. 64 2. 76 3. 04 3. 17 2. 59 1. 68	7 1. 88 1. 64 1. 61 1. 53 1. 59 7 2. 37 2. 52 2. 83 2. 62 2. 77 3. 04 3. 17 7 2. 63 1. 67	p 1. 80 p 1. 64 p 1. 60 p 2. 38 p 2. 63 p 3. 02 p 2. 62 p 1. 69
Nonmanufacturing industries: Mining	2. 68 2. 69 2. 75 3. 26 2. 84 2. 28 3. 27 2. 96 3. 37	2. 67 2. 68 2. 74 3. 26 2. 79 2. 28 3. 28 3. 00 3. 37	2. 68 2. 71 2. 74 3. 26 2. 84 2. 30 3. 31 3. 01 3. 40	2. 69 2. 72 2. 76 3. 27 2. 84 2. 30 3. 32 3. 02 3. 42	2. 68 2. 70 2. 73 3. 25 2. 83 2. 31 3. 32 2. 97 3. 42	2. 70 2. 72 2. 74 3. 26 2. 83 2. 31 3. 38 3. 04 3. 46	2. 74 2. 71 2. 81 3. 29 2. 97 2. 31 3. 39 3. 05 3. 47	2. 72 2. 70 2. 87 3. 27 2. 94 2. 30 3. 40 3. 03 3. 48	2. 69 2. 71 2. 68 3. 25 2. 91 2. 29 3. 37 3. 00 3. 46	2. 71 2. 73 2. 72 3. 25 2. 96 2. 30 3. 38 3. 03 3. 47	2. 70 2. 71 2. 69 3. 26 2. 92 2. 31 3. 38 3. 05 3. 48	2. 71 2. 73 2. 69 3. 29 2. 92 2. 33 3. 39 3. 09 3. 48	2, 73 2, 75 2, 69 3, 30 2, 96 2, 36 3, 38 3, 08 3, 48	
Transportation and public utilities: Local railways and bus lines	2. 32 2. 26 2. 69 2. 32 1. 82 1. 45 2. 01 2. 07 1. 22 1. 22 1. 41	2. 32 2. 26 2. 70 2. 31 1. 81 1. 44 2. 01 2. 04 1. 22 1. 22 1. 41	2. 33 2. 34 2. 76 2. 33 1. 82 1. 45 2. 03 2. 01 1. 23 1. 23 1. 42	2. 32 2. 30 2. 74 2. 33 1. 83 1. 45 2. 04 2. 05 1. 24 1. 23 1. 43	2. 33 2. 30 2. 75 2. 33 1. 82 1. 44 2. 07 2. 05 1. 24 1. 23 1. 41	2. 37 2. 32 2. 77 2. 33 1. 78 1. 40 2. 03 2. 02 1. 25 1. 23 1. 42	2. 28 2. 32 2. 76 2. 34 1. 84 1. 47 2. 06 2. 03 1. 23 1. 23 1. 42	2. 38 2. 32 2. 77 2. 34 1. 84 1. 46 2. 06 2. 00 1. 24 1. 23 1. 42	2. 39 2. 32 2. 76 2. 35 1. 83 1. 46 2. 06 2. 04 1. 24 1. 24 1. 42	2. 38 2. 33 2. 77 2. 36 1. 85 1. 47 2. 08 2. 06 1. 24 1. 24 1. 42	2. 39 2. 34 2. 77 2. 37 1. 86 1. 48 2. 09 2. 09 1. 26 1. 25 1. 43	2. 39 2. 35 2. 77 2. 39 1. 87 1. 49 2. 09 2. 11 1. 27 1. 26 1. 44	2. 40 2. 36 2. 79 2. 39 1. 88 1. 51 2. 08 2. 12 1. 25 1. 25 1. 44	
Miscellaneous wage data: Construction wages (ENR): § Common labor Skilled labor Equipment operators Farm wages, without board or room (quarterly) dol. per hr. Railroad wages (average, class I) Road-building wages, common labor (qtrly) do	2. 724 4. 067 3. 664 1. 02 2. 621 2. 11	2. 734 4. 077 3. 695 2. 592	2. 739 4. 090 3. 712 2. 645	2. 739 4. 090 3. 718 .90 2. 650 2. 21	2. 745 4. 095 3. 727 2. 646	2. 747 4. 099 3. 728 2. 655	2. 765 4. 118 3. 736 1. 08 2. 656 2. 03	2. 765 4. 119 3. 747 2. 703	2. 765 4. 120 3. 747 2. 641	2. 775 4. 133 3. 760 1. 04 2. 687 1. 96	2. 815 4. 163 3. 791 2. 652	2. 836 4. 197 3. 822 2. 666	2. 851 4. 215 3. 845 1. 04	2. 860 4. 223 3. 862
LABOR CONDITIONS														
Labor turnover in manufacturing establishments: Accession rate, total	2.9 1.7 3.6 1.1 2.0	3. 8 1. 9 4. 3 1. 5 2. 2	3.8 1.9 4.4 1.9 2.0	2.8 1.5 3.8 1.0 2.2	2.3 1.0 3.9 .7 2.7	1.9 .7 4.1 .6 3.0	3. 1 1. 0 4. 3 . 7 3. 0	2.7 .9 3.6 .6 2.5	3.3 1.0 3.4 .7 2.2	3.4 1.1 2.8 .8 1.5	3.7 1.5 2.8 .8 1.4	7 4. 2 7 2. 2 7 2. 9 1. 0 7 1. 3		
Work stoppages	319 125 530 233 2,140	361 134 554 221 1,700	271 131 500 209 1,650	258 106 432 146 1,500	192 53 368 85 732	110 28 250 53 458	170 80 300 100 700	210 120 330 150 940	220 55 350 75 610	320 94 460 126 1,180	430 120 620 165 1,530	330 140 570 211 1,760	330 95 560 183 1,690	
Nonfarm placements	491 1, 826 1, 426 1, 686 7 4, 2 1, 392 183, 8	556 1, 804 1, 407 1, 657 4, 2 1, 399 206, 3	584 1, 781 1, 206 1, 598 4, 0 1, 418 201, 8	517 1, 839 1, 393 1, 678 4, 2 1, 395 189, 9	430 2, 225 1, 744 2, 039 5, 1 1, 603 231, 1	378 2, 847 2, 175 2, 639 6. 6 2, 069 300. 2	365 3, 515 2, 381 3, 266 8, 1 2, 722 397, 6	342 3, 638 1, 919 3, 394 8, 4 2, 984 399, 3	417 3, 403 1, 709 3, 168 7. 8 2, 899 461. 5	1 3,006 1,468 2,779 6.8 2,664 362.5	520 1 2, 532 1, 368 2, 328 5, 7 2, 138 320. 1	551 1 2, 165 1, 229 1, 991 4. 9 1, 880 264. 4	224.0	1,744
Veterans' program (UCX):* Intital claims	30 49 43 5.5 81 61 7.4	30 32 52 48 6. 8 31 65 12. 1	28 27 49 48 6. 4 99 107 18. 5	30 29 50 45 5. 9 20 82 15. 2	33 33 59 52 7.0 23 95 16.0	35 36 71 64 8.6 21 103 18.8	39 86 81 11.0 38 123 22.2	33 91 89 11.0 13 113 19.7	40 35 91 80 11.6 10 106 22.3	36 29 83 95 12.0 6 107 16.3	33 26 71 71 10. 2 6 100 20. 5	31 26 61 66 9.0 9 84 17.6	32 29 60 56 7.3	58

^{*}Revised. * Preliminary.

1 Excludes persons under Temporary Extended Compensation program and under extended duration provisions (thous.): 1961—April, 580 and 40, respectively; May, 747 and 11; June, 703 and 9 (revised); July, 542 and 3; August, 450 and 2.

2 Includes data not shown separately. \$ Rates as of Sept. 1, 1961: Common labor, \$2.862; skilled labor, \$4.237; equipment operators, \$3.875.

†Beginning with the October 1959 Survey, data are revised to include operations in Alaska and Hawaii; figures for State programs are also revised to exclude Federal employees' program (shown separately below).

3 Rate of covered employment expresses average insured unemployment in each month as a percentage of average covered employment for the most recent 12-month period for which data are available (the lag for covered employment data may range from 6 to 8 months).

*New series. Data relate to persons eligible for compensation under the Ex-Servicemen's Unemployment Compensation Act of 1958 (effective Oct. 27, 1958).

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and			196	60						19	61			
descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- her	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August
		·		FIN	ANCE			<u> </u>						
BANKING			ſ											Ī
Open market paper outstanding, end of mo.: Bankers' acceptancesmil. of dol Commercial and finance company paper, total‡.do Placed through dealers‡do Placed directly (finance paper)*do	1, 561 4, 749 1, 213 3, 536	1, 656 5, 019 1, 365 3, 654	1, 668 4, 656 1, 361 3, 295	1, 753 5, 184 1, 493 3, 691	1, 868 5, 222 1, 505 3, 717	2, 027 4, 418 1, 358 3, 060	2, 029 5, 010 1, 465 3, 545	2, 049 4, 968 1, 479 3, 489	2, 231 4, 992 1, 525 3, 467	2, 254 5, 001 1, 532 3, 469	2, 203 4, 848 1, 478 3, 370	2, 271 4, 851 1, 460 3, 391	2, 301 4, 904 1, 534 3, 370	
Agricultural loans and discounts outstanding of agencies supervised by the Farm Credit Adm.: Total	4, 853 2, 500 557 1, 795	4,871 2,515 562 1,794	4, 870 2, 528 589 1, 753	4, 837 2, 538 638 1, 660	4, 787 2, 548 652 1, 587	4, 795 2, 564 649 1, 582	4, 851 2, 581 675 1, 595	4, 936 2, 605 683 1, 648	5, 023 2, 640 665 1, 718	5, 110 2, 669 650 1, 790	5, 174 2, 701 613 1, 859	5, 242 2, 728 595 1, 920	5, 310 2, 746 617 1, 947	
Bank debits, total (344 centers)do New York Citydo 6 other centers♂do	223, 539 86, 063 45, 254	241, 771 92,435 49,474	240, 772 97, 162 47, 909	233, 131 89, 905 47, 567	2 35, 100 91, 020 47, 577	256, 905 101, 551 52, 313	257,809 104,473 52,382	222, 804 89, 831 44, 861	265, 541 110,455 53, 354	241,062 101,151 48, 529	268, 910 111, 463 53, 782	r 271, 724 r 113, 228 r 54, 276	247, 657 100, 591 49, 085	
Federal Reserve banks, condition, end of month: Assets, total 9dodo	52, 116	52,009	52, 134	52, 183	51, 962	52, 984	50, 235	50, 438	50, 188	50, 549	49, 811	50, 678	50, 782	51,059
Reserve bank credit outstanding, total 9do Discounts and advancesdo United States Government securitiesdo Gold certificate reservesdo	28, 131 343 26, 885 18, 839	27, 907 405 26, 762 18, 709	28, 402 181 27, 024 18, 394	28, 729 193 27, 402 18, 107	28, 731 101 27, 488 17, 610	29, 359 33 27, 384 17, 479	27, 560 60 26, 570 17, 140	27, 866 53 26, 667 17, 075	28, 060 115 26, 688 17, 099	27, 950 67 26, 772 17, 089	27, 806 111 26, 887 17, 095	28, 496 36 27, 253 17, 256	28, 628 59 27, 422 17, 223	28, 835 47 27, 697 17, 187
Liabilities, total 9do	52, 116	52,009	52, 134	52, 183	51, 962	52, 984	50, 235	50, 438	50, 188	50, 549	49, 811	50, 678	50, 782	51.059
Deposits, total 9do Member-bank reserve balancesdo Federal Reserve notes in circulationdo	19, 305 18, 261 27, 612	18, 853 17, 735 27, 621	19, 110 17, 942 27, 651	19, 120 17, 956 27, 680	17, 924 16, 770 28, 066	18, 336 17, 081 28, 450	17, 268 16, 066 27, 700	17, 355 16, 277 27, 548	17, 546 16, 158 27, 520	17, 562 16, 419 27, 415	16, 966 16, 107 27, 564	17, 694 16, 716 27, 778	17, 800 16, 856 27, 906	17, 724 16, 620 28, 034
Ratio of gold certificate reserves to deposit and FR note liabilities combinedpercent_	40.2	40. 3	39. 3	38.7	38. 3	37.4	38. 1	38.0	37.9	38.0	38.4	37. 9	37. 7	37.6
All member banks of Federal Reserve System, averages of daily figures:* Excess reservesmil. of dol. Borrowings from Fed. Reserve banksdo Free reservesdo	508 388 120	540 293 247	639 225 414	638 149 489	756 142 614	769 87 682	745 49 696	654 137 517	546 70 476	618 56 562	549 96 453	612 63 549	* 581 51 * 530	605 67 538
Weekly reporting member banks of Fed. Reserve System, condition, Wednesday nearest end of month:† Deposits: Demand, adjusted⊕mil. of dol.					 					62, 550	62, 120	62, 156	r 62, 381	61,870
Demand, total Q do Individuals, nartnerships, and corp. do States and political subdivisions do U.S. Government do Domestic commercial banks do	87, 444 5, 001 4, 571	85, 942 4, 846 3, 698	87, 977 4, 683 5, 551	90, 573 4, 998 4, 445	90, 121 4, 914 3, 537	93, 215 4, 747 3, 979	89, 690 5, 138 3, 105	89, 860 5, 065 3, 838	86, 044 4, 836 2, 865	88, 229 63, 869 5, 572 2, 854 11, 090	88, 056 64, 168 5, 490 2, 982 10, 805	88, 255 63, 750 4, 932 3, 834 10, 925	7 89, 427 7 64, 044 7 5, 107 4, 086 7 11, 201	86, 343 62, 951 4, 837 3, 575 10, 530
Time, total Qdo Individuals, partnerships, and corp.: Savingsdo Other timedo	33, 451	33, 942	34, 334	34,710	34, 702	35, 386	36, 610	36, 928	37, 498	38, 538 ⁷ 27, 902 ⁷ 5, 699	39, 191 ⁷ 28, 202 ⁷ 5, 939	39, 712 r 28, 627 r 6, 102	7 40, 304 28, 862 6, 389	40, 627 29, 030 6, 415
Loans (adjusted), total⊕ do. Commercial and industrial do. For purchasing or carrying securities do. To nonbank financial institutions do. Real estate loans do. Other loans do.	69, 292 31, 312 3, 279 12, 827	68, 761 31, 174 3, 159 12, 881	69, 552 31, 744 3, 377	69, 640 31, 861 3, 571 12, 840	69, 278 31, 972 3, 150 12, 844	71, 009 32, 156 3, 945 12, 824	69, 626 31, 294 3, 568 12, 787	69, 787 31, 531 3, 519 12, 766	69, 638 32, 203 3, 104 12, 727	70, 153 31, 905 3, 883 4, 960 12, 770 19, 456	69, 913 31, 460 3, 873 5, 057 12, 855 19, 527	70, 171 31, 769 3, 888 5, 025 12, 896 19, 389	70,072 731,499 74,100 75,066 12,956 719,606	69, 536 31, 453 3, 635 5, 050 13, 055 19, 339
Investments, total	37, 174 27, 429 23, 771 9, 745	37, 400 27, 750 23, 802 9, 650	37, 982 28, 180 23, 964 9, 802	39, 504 29, 687 24, 150 9, 817	39, 390 29, 690 24, 826 9, 700	40, 754 30, 547 24, 944 10, 207	41, 361 31, 086 24, 994 10, 275	41, 187 30, 635 25, 863 10, 552	40, 377 29, 519 25, 578 10, 858	41, 453 30, 590 25, 452 10, 863	42, 234 31, 397 25, 644 10, 837	42, 935 31, 976 25, 667 10, 959	7 44, 851 7 33, 790 7 26, 378 7 11, 061	44, 738 33, 457 26, 311 11, 281
Money and interest rates: \$ Bank rates on business loans: In 19 cities			4. 97 4. 74 4. 96			4. 99 4. 77 4. 97			4. 97 4. 75 4. 96			4. 97 4. 75 4. 95		
11 southern and western citiesdo Discount rate, end of mo. (N.Y.F.R. Bank)do Federal intermediate credit bank loans;do Federal land bank loans;do		3.00 4.75 6.00	3.00 4.55 6.00	3.00 4.43 6.00	3.00 4.34 6.00	5. 33 3. 00 4. 21 6. 00	3. 00 4. 05 5. 76	3. 00 4. 04 5. 75	5. 29 3. 00 3. 99 5. 74	3. 00 3. 99 5. 60	3.00 4.00 5.60	5. 31 3. 00 4. 00 5. 60	3. 00 3. 99 5. 60	3.00
Open market rates, New York City: Bankers' acceptances (prime, 90 days)do Commercial paper (prime, 4-6 months)do Finance Co. paper placed directly, 3-6 mo.*do Stock Exchange call loans, going rate	3. 13 3. 39 2. 98 5. 00	3. 04 3. 34 2. 94 4. 85	3. 00 3. 39 3. 13 4. 50	3.00 3.30 3.11 4.50	3. 00 3. 28 2. 91 4. 50	2. 92 3. 23 2. 97 4. 50	2, 86 2, 98 2, 78 4, 50	2. 78 3. 03 2. 65 4. 50	2. 94 3. 03 2. 76 4. 50	2. 84 2. 91 2. 58 4. 50	2. 68 2. 76 2. 50 4. 50	2. 75 2. 91 2. 66 4. 50	2. 75 2. 72 2. 50 4. 50	2.81 2.92 2.64 4.50
Yield on U.S. Government securities (taxable): 3-month bills (rate on new issue)percent 3-5 year issuesdo	2.396	2. 286 3. 50	2. 489 3. 50	2. 426 3. 61	2.384 3.68	2, 272 3, 51	2. 302 3. 53	2. 408 3. 54	2. 420 3. 43	2, 327 3, 39	2, 288 3, 28	2. 359 3. 70	2. 268 3. 69	2. 402 3. 80
Savings deposits, balance to credit of depositors: New York State savings banksmil. of doldo	20, 832	20,874	21, 063 798	21, 051 788	21, 135 779	21, 400 770	21, 438 760	21, 500 749	21, 720 739	21, 610 720	21, 652 711	21, 845 700	21, 832	21, 857

Revised. *Preliminary.**

‡Revisions prior to May 1960 for total commercial and finance company paper and paper placed through dealers and minor revisions prior to September 1959 for interest rates on Federal Intermediate credit bank loans and Federal land bank loans will be shown later.

*New series (from Board of Governors of Federal Reserve System); for back data, see *Federal Reserve Bulletins.

*Includes Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Detroit, San Francisco, and Los Angeles. *Pincludes data not shown separately.

†Revised effective with the August 1961 Survey to reflect new coverage and revised classification of deposits (for details and available back data, see the June and July 1961 issues of the Federal Reserve Bulletin).

**Bro demand deposits, the term "adjusted" denotes demand deposits other than domestic commercial interbank and U.S. Government, less cash items in process of collection; for loans, exclusive of loans to domestic commercial banks and after deduction of valuation reserves (individual loan items are shown gross; i.e., before deduction of valuation reserves).

§For bond yields, see p. S-20.

Preliminary.

**Pre

Unless otherwise stated statistics through 1050 and		·	19	60			*			19	061			
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	July	August	Septem-	October	Novem-	Decem-	Janu-	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August
			ber	NCE-	ber—Cont	inued	ary	ary				1	1	1
CONSUMER CREDIT †		ĺ	I II V	ITCE-	Cont	inucu	<u> </u>			<u> </u>		1	1	Ī
(Short- and Intermediate-term)														
Total outstanding, end of monthmil. of dol	53,809	54,092	54, 265	54, 344	54, 626	56,049	55,021	54, 102	53,906	53, 972	54, 390	54, 786	54, 687	
Installment credit, totaldoAutomobile paperdo	42,050 17,893	42, 378 18, 020	42, 517 18, 021	42, 591 17, 992	42, 703 17, 967	43, 281 17, 866	42, 782 17, 611	42, 264 17, 383	42, 058 17, 265	41, 988 17, 200	42, 127 17, 242	42, 441 17, 358	42, 457 17, 358	
Other consumer goods paper do. Repair and modernization loans do. Personal loans do.	10, 452 2, 934 10, 771	10, 477 2, 975 10, 906	10, 543 3, 001 10, 952	10, 625 3, 013 10, 961	10, 715 3, 020 11, 001	11, 215 3, 008 11, 192	11, 050 2, 967 11, 154	10, 793 2, 935 11, 153	10, 679 2, 922 11, 192	10, 585 2, 922 11, 281	10, 602 2, 943 11, 340	10, 666 2, 958 11, 459	10, 636 2, 964 11, 499	
By type of holder: financial institutions, total do. Commercial banks do Sales finance companies do. Credit unions do. Consumer finance companies do. Other do.	36, 857 16, 239 11, 062 3, 679 4, 049 1, 828	37, 199 16, 362 11, 142 3, 754 4, 099 1, 842	37, 318 16, 416 11, 154 3, 795 4, 111 1, 842	37, 330 16, 408 11, 147 3, 833 4, 097 1, 845	37, 368 16, 402 11, 141 3, 870 4, 107 1, 848	37, 502 16, 398 11, 134 3, 906 4, 212 1, 852	38, 186 17, 261 11, 030 3, 860 4, 179 1, 856	37, 790 17, 001 10, 914 3, 863 4, 151 1, 861	37, 542 16, 860 10, 787 3, 897 4, 131 1, 867	37, 434 16, 776 10, 733 3, 937 4, 133 1, 855	37, 462 16, 776 10, 696 3, 991 4, 133 1, 866	37, 663 16, 804 10, 768 4, 074 4, 151 1, 866	37, 638 16, 757 10, 750 4, 110 4, 165 1, 856	
Retail outlets, total do Department stores do Furniture stores do Automobile dealers do Other do	5, 193 2, 020 1, 124 516 1, 533	5, 179 2, 012 1, 132 520 1, 515	5, 199 2, 049 1, 129 519 1, 502	5, 261 2, 103 1, 130 518 1, 510	5, 335 2, 155 1, 140 517 1, 523	5, 779 2, 401 1, 189 513 1, 676	4, 596 1, 342 1, 151 504 1, 599	4, 474 1, 348 1, 121 497 1, 508	4, 516 1, 442 1, 092 491 1, 491	4, 554 1, 527 1, 077 488 1, 462	4, 665 1, 634 1, 071 488 1, 472	4, 778 1, 732 1, 076 490 1, 480	4, 819 1, 794 1, 067 490 1, 468	
Noninstallment credit, totaldo	11, 759	11,714	11,748	11,753	11,923	12,768	12, 239	11,838	11,848	11,984	12, 263	12, 345	12, 230	
Single-payment loans, totaldo Commercial banks*do Other financial institutions*do	4, 265 3, 663 602	4, 276 3, 656 620	4, 317 3, 715 602	4, 272 3, 692 580	4, 301 3, 711 590	4, 311 3, 737 574	4, 314 3, 740 574	4, 381 3, 789 592	4, 417 3, 793 624	4, 402 3, 842 560	4, 524 3, 904 620	4, 547 3, 970 577	4, 523 3, 982 541	
Charge accounts, total do Department stores* do Other retail outlets* do Credit cards* do Service credit do	4, 311 584 3, 295 432 3, 183	4, 277 584 3, 236 457 3, 161	4, 283 625 3, 199 459 3, 148	4, 370 661 3, 266 443 3, 111	4, 463 709 3, 326 428 3, 159	5, 187 941 3, 801 445 3, 270	4, 599 805 3, 346 448 3, 326	4, 037 669 2, 926 442 3, 420	4,004 637 2,926 441 3,427	4, 096 631 3, 035 430 3, 486	4, 274 634 3, 210 430 3, 465	4, 349 624 3, 286 439 3, 449	4, 272 574 3, 240 458 3, 435	
Installment credit extended and repaid: Unadjusted:	4, 156 1, 473 1, 085 1, 598	4, 365 1, 570 1, 165 1, 630	4,010 1,372 1,173 1,465	4,012 1,407 1,207 1,398	4, 067 1, 364 1, 217 1, 486	4, 641 1, 248 1, 654 1, 739	3, 473 1, 130 1, 012 1, 331	3, 241 1, 051 888 1, 302	3, 995 1, 330 1, 125 1, 540	3, 765 1, 247 1, 053 1, 465	4, 280 1, 461 1, 219 1, 600	4, 402 1, 525 1, 214 1, 663	3, 976 1, 383 1, 095 1, 498	
Repaid, total	3, 858 1, 335 1, 095 1, 428	4, 037 1, 443 1, 140 1, 454	3, 871 1, 371 1, 107 1, 393	3, 938 1, 436 1, 125 1, 377	3, 955 1, 389 1, 127 1, 439	4, 063 1, 349 1, 154 1, 560	3, 972 1, 385 1, 177 1, 410	3, 759 1, 279 1, 145 1, 335	4, 201 1, 448 1, 239 1, 514	3, 835 1, 312 1, 147 1, 376	4,141 1,419 1,202 1,520	4, 088 1, 409 1, 150 1, 529	3, 960 1, 383 1, 125 1, 452	
Extended, total	4, 214 1, 417 1, 168 1, 629	4,072 1,422 1,112 1,538	4, 125 1, 422 1, 162 1, 541	4, 108 1, 460 1, 165 1, 483	4, 134 1, 482 1, 159 1, 493	4,007 1,325 1,200 1,482	3, 869 1, 239 1, 185 1, 445	3, 803 1, 190 1, 131 1, 482	4,002 1,288 1,212 1,502	3, 883 1, 243 1, 145 1, 495	4,001 1,315 1,158 1,528	4, 116 1, 347 1, 190 1, 579	3, 961 1, 301 1, 172 1, 488	
Repaid, total. do. Automobile paper. do. Other consumer goods paper. do. All other. do.	3, 997 1, 385 1, 148 1, 464	3, 918 1, 388 1, 123 1, 407	3, 958 1, 375 1, 141 1, 442	3, 994 1, 417 1, 147 1, 430	3, 946 1, 397 1, 119 1, 430	3, 931 1, 356 1, 156 1, 419	3, 972 1, 387 1, 154 1, 431	4, 011 1, 363 1, 191 1, 457	3, 954 1, 353 1, 163 1, 438	4, 022 1, 388 1, 186 1, 448	3, 974 1, 365 1, 148 1, 461	4, 016 1, 386 1, 137 1, 493	4, 035 1, 403 1, 159 1, 473	
FEDERAL GOVERNMENT FINANCE														
Budget receipts and expenditures: mil. of dol. Receipts, total	3, 976 3, 128 84	8, 590 6, 454 93	10, 211 8, 981 87	3, 641 2, 823 92	7, 900 6, 300 91	8, 751 7, 643 80	5, 537 4, 846 82	9, 153 6, 537 70	11, 878 8, 524 88	7, 359 5, 125 73		^p 12, 642 ^p 10, 749 ^p 84	3, 779 2, 982 91	
Individual income taxes	1, 401 670 383 1, 439	4, 996 409 1, 608 1, 484	4, 486 3, 492 792 1, 354	1, 296 481 389 1, 383	4, 648 455 1, 295 1, 411	2, 974 3, 331 596 1, 770	3, 198 534 348 1, 375	5, 567 444 1, 814 1, 258	3, 171 5, 799 1, 348 1, 472	4, 319 493 736 1, 738	5, 699 411 2, 020 1, 551	p 4, 387 p 5, 246 p 1, 173 p 1, 752	1, 480 520 306 1, 382	
Expenditures, total	6, 172 806 404 3, 471 1, 533	6, 803 751 461 3, 976 1, 645	6, 793 736 416 3, 910 1, 746	6, 829 748 422 3, 728 1, 934	6, 773 734 436 3, 884 1, 727	6,847 765 438 4,217 1,638	6, 470 775 444 3, 693 1, 612	6, 236 719 431 3, 778 1, 344	7, 012 726 480 4, 279 1, 528	6, 450 722 443 3, 754 1, 532	7, 169 717 441 4, 144 1, 874	p 7. 948 p 763 p 446 p 4, 559 p 2, 420	6, 322 765	
Public debt and guaranteed obligations: Gross debt (direct), end of month, total do. Interest bearing, total do. Public issues do. Held by U.S. Govt. investment accts. do. Special issues. do. Noninterest bearing do.	288, 338 285, 285 241, 088 10, 559 44, 198 3, 053	288, 672 285, 634 240, 413 10, 641 45, 222 3, 038	288, 423 285, 358 240, 382 10, 487 44, 977 3, 065	290, 487 287, 372 243, 097 10, 671 44, 275 3, 115	290, 414 287, 138 242, 578 10, 748 44, 561 3, 276	290, 217 286, 820 242, 474 10, 639 44, 346 3, 396	290, 036 286, 651 242, 827 10, 661 43, 824 3, 385	290, 544 287, 190 243, 462 10, 677 43, 727 3, 354	287, 471 284, 058 240, 057 10, 788 44, 001 3, 414	287, 987 284, 631 241, 619 10, 865 43, 012 3, 356	290, 146 286, 845 242, 342 10, 926 44, 503 3, 300	288, 971 285, 672 240, 629 10, 959 45, 043 3, 299	292, 404 288, 998 244, 800 	293, 714 290, 658 245, 086 45, 573 3, 056
Obligations guaranteed by U.S. Govt., end mo_do	134 47, 620 354 683	157 47, 596 355 476	161 47, 578 340 453	159 47, 605 346 413	153 47, 629 326 398	156 47, 527 348 575	160 47, 553 456 559	196 47, 621 416 448	211 47, 665 435 489	219 47, 678 348 433	225 47, 712 371 436	240 47, 754 370 455	239 47, 808 342 423	249 47, 865 393 438
LIFE INSURANCE Institute of Life Insurance: Assets, total, all U.S. life insurance companies mil. of dol	a117,005	117, 581	117, 947	118, 544	119,066	119, 717	120, 467	120, 951	121, 469	121, 921	122, 462	122, 861	123, 381	
Bonds (book value), domestic and foreign, total mil. of dol. U.S. Government	57,877 6,632 3,421 15,834 3,770 24,609	58, 031 6, 592 3, 464 15, 844 3, 758 24, 729	58, 164 6, 586 3, 546 15, 868 3, 756 24, 743	58, 398 6, 524 3, 579 15, 875 3, 749 24, 998	58, 619 6, 547 3, 605 15, 924 3, 750 25, 108	58, 685 6, 444 3, 622 15, 942 3, 732 25, 225	59, 092 6, 545 3, 671 15, 967 3, 711 25, 420	59, 240 6, 542 3, 702 15, 976 3, 712 25, 485	59, 364 6, 535 3, 735 15, 962 3, 715 25, 564	59, 545 6, 488 3, 769 15, 985 3, 706	59, 735 6, 551 3, 774 15, 994 3, 695 25, 757	59, 864 6, 401 3, 779 16, 027 3, 694 r 25, 967	60, 216 6, 440 3, 786 16, 053 3, 684	

^{*}Revised. **Preliminary. †Revised series (to incorporate more comprehensive information recently available, other changes, and to include data for Alaska beginning January 1959 and for Hawaii beginning August 1959). Revisions for installment credit extend back to June 1956; those for noninstallment credit, back to January 1947. For revisions prior to November 1959, see the December 1960 and November 1959 issues of the *Federal Reserve Bulletin.** For data prior to March 1959, see *Federal Reserve Bulletins.** Data for net receipts and total expenditures reflect exclusion of certain interfund transactions; comparable data for July 1959 will be shown later. **Production of Certain interfund transactions; comparable data for July 1959 will be shown later. **Production of Certain interfund transactions; comparable data for July 1959 will be shown later. **Production of Certain interfund transactions; comparable data for July 1959 will be shown later. **Production of Certain interfund transactions; comparable data for July 1959 will be shown later. **Production of Certain interfund transactions; comparable data for July 1959 will be shown later. **Production of Certain interfund transactions; comparable data for July 1959 will be shown later. **Production of Certain interfund transactions; comparable data for July 1959 will be shown later. **Production of Certain interfund transactions; comparable data for July 1959 will be shown later. **Production of Certain interfund transactions; comparable data for July 1959 will be shown later. **Production of Certain interfund transactions; comparable data for July 1959 will be shown later. **Production of Certain interfund transactions; comparable data for July 1959 will be shown later. **Production of Certain interfund transactions; comparable data for July 1959 will be shown later. **Production of Certain interfund transactions; comparable data for July 1959 will be shown later. **Production of Certain interfund transactions; comparable data for July 1959 will be shown lat

nless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and	-		19	50						19	61			,
descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August
			FINA	NCE-	-Cont	inued		Ÿ						
LIFE INSURANCE—Continued														
nstitute of Life Insurance—Continued Assets, all U.S. life insurance companies—Con. Stocks (book value), domestic and foreign, total mil. of dol	a 3, 828	3, 881	3, 885	3, 941	3,980	4, 054	4. 095	4, 150	4, 235	4, 249	4, 336	4, 340	4, 378	
Preferred (U.S.) do Common (U.S.) do do Mortgage loans, total do Nonfarm do	41,790 1,988 40,694 37,769	1,818 2,010 40,920 37,982	1, 836 1, 996 41, 099 38, 153	1, 871 2, 017 41, 313 38, 356	1,876 2,050 41,521 38,553	1,895 2,102 41,798 38,803	1, 914 2, 126 42, 008 39, 021	1, 936 2, 157 42, 143 39, 152	1, 945 2, 228 42, 351 39, 347	1, 958 2, 228 42, 553 39, 525	2, 019 2, 254 42, 723 39, 670	2, 035 2, 241 42, 905 39, 827	2, 049 2, 259 43, 052 39, 959	
Real estate do Policy loans and premium notes do Cash do Other assets do ife Insurance Agency Management Association:	3, 809 5, 029 1, 225 4, 543	3, 822 5, 085 1, 229 4, 613	3, 828 5, 138 1, 178 4, 655	3, 834 5, 182 1, 268 4, 608	3,851 5,225 1,233 4,637	3, 804 5, 267 1, 332 4, 777	3, 813 5, 303 1, 278 4, 878	3, 822 5, 345 1, 269 4, 982	3, 823 5, 409 1, 219 5, 068	3, 827 5, 461 1, 228 5, 058	3. 837 5. 508 1. 303 5. 020	3, 856 5, 553 1, 270 5, 073	3, 870 5, 541 1, 304 5, 020	
Insurance written (new paid-for insurance): Value, estimated total mil. of dol. Group and wholesale do. Industrial do. Ordinary total do.	6, 144 1, 473 558 4, 113	6, 093 1, 101 580 1 4, 412	5, 725 1, 091 567 1 4, 067	6, 230 1, 289 587 1 4, 354	6, 829 1, 711 550 1 4, 568	7, 255 1, 870 480 1 4, 905	5, 187 1, 157 501 3, 529	5, 458 944 544 3, 970	9, 012 3, 656 634 4, 722	6, 297 1, 250 592 4, 455	6, 595 1, 154 677 4, 764	6, 255 1, 141 628 4, 486	6, 125 1, 312 589 4, 224	
New England do. Middle Atlantie. do. East North Central. do. West North Central. do. South Atlantie. do. East South Central. do.	247 850 791 340 537 189	269 893 872 355 568 204	238 787 796 331 539 198	260 874 856 337 587 237	293 963 873 342 601 223	295 967 927 379 633 263	215 715 692 285 463 167	256 777 795 327 521 191	295 968 946 383 616 219	282 948 846 356 586 227	292 974 890 383 643 230	282 953 833 357 605 221	262 877 815 338 563 195	
West South Central do Mountain do Pacific (incl. Alaska and Hawaii) do pstitute of Life Insurance: 1	401 180 505	421 201 551	393 190 524	392 192 543	412 213 568	463 236 656	340 171 481	382 191 529	452 222 621	422 215 572	469 234 648	435 210 590	411 207 556	i
Payments to policyholders and beneficiaries in U.S., total mill. of dol. Death benefits do. Matured endowments do. Disability payments do.	605. 7 251. 4 48. 4 9. 7	679. 4 292. 2 51. 4 10. 7	633, 3 260, 9 50, 9 9, 6	626. 1 258. 4 52. 8 10. 3	660, 7 283, 1 57, 5 10, 1	853. 7 295. 7 58. 4 11. 5	711. 2 304. 2 62. 9 11. 9	683. 2 292. 2 56. 5 10. 2	796. 7 325. 2 64. 1 11. 5	681.7 272.6 56.4 10.8	741. 6 316. 8 60. 6 11. 1	739. 2 307. 5 59. 2 11. 7	653. 6 261. 9 52. 9 9 9	
Annuity payments do Surrender values do Policy dividends do do difference Association of America: Premium income (39 cos.), quarterly total do do do do do do do do do do do do do	59. 4 132. 1 104. 7	59. 5 142. 4 123. 2	56, 5 125, 9 129, 5 2, 815, 5	58. 8 132. 9 112. 9	59, 3 135, 0 115, 7	56. 1 147. 2 284. 8 3, 252. 1	81.2 138.5 112.5	61. 9 139. 8 122. 6	65. 6 165. 6 164. 7 2, 941. 5	61. 0 154. 0 126. 9	62. 9 161. 4 128. 8	63. 8 149. 7 147. 3 2, 934. 2	65. 7 144. 5 118. 7	
Accident and health do Annuities do Group do Industrial do Ordinary do			552. 0 256. 8 357. 0 170. 1 1, 479. 6			612. 7 329. 2 348. 4 286. 7 1, 675. 1			570. 0 270. 9 351. 0 169. 3 1, 580. 3			594. 5 246. 5 348. 9 159. 5		
MONETARY STATISTICS														
old and silver: Gold: Monetary stock, U.S. (end of mo.)mil. of dol Not release from earmark§do Exportsthous. of dol Importsdo	19, 144 222 148 49, 096	19, 005 151 39 11, 954	18, 685 -319 167 5, 376	18, 402 -397 270 125, 558	17. 910 -512 172 19, 556	17, 767 -145 123 3, 397	17, 441 -322 22, 463 2, 779	17, 373 3 49, 138 2, 209	17, 388 161 140, 284 3, 091	17, 390 92 89, 673 1, 704	17, 403 152 133, 075 1, 659	17, 550 254 98, 118 1, 857	17, 527 -3 193 2, 399	
Production, reported monthly total \$\varphi\$ do	² 92, 500 ² 67, 800 13, 800 4, 500	2 92, 700 2 67, 800 13, 300 4, 900	2 93, 100 2 67, 700 12, 900 5, 000	2 92, 600 2 67, 500 14, 100 4, 400	² 92, 000 ² 67, 500 13, 700 4, 300	2 66, 400 13, 800 3, 900	2 67, 900 13, 200 3, 200	2 66, 700 12, 600 2, 900	2 70, 100 13, 700 3, 700	13, 100 3, 200	13, 400 3, 300	12, 800 3, 800		
Silver: do Exports do Imports do Price at New York dol. per fine oz Production:	2,074 4,396 .914	2, 466 4, 251 , 914	1, 801 5, 864 . 914	1, 754 3, 999 . 914	3, 093 3, 039 . 914	3, 667 4, 638 . 914	4, 673 4, 105 . 914	3, 188 3, 658 , 914	4, 670 4, 502 914	4, 503 4, 580 . 914	1, 841 3, 363 . 914	749 3, 648 , 914	2, 832 3, 552 , 914	
Canada thous, of fine oz Mexico do United States do Joney supply (end of month, or last Wed) do	2, 920 3, 100 2, 817	2, 650 3, 941 3, 115	2, 468 3, 622 2, 415	2, 878 3, 500 2, 918	3, 086 3, 521 3, 405	3, 483 4, 117 4, 111	2, 515 4, 280 3, 325	2, 524 3, 460 3, 190	2, 876 3, 590 3, 285	2, 424 3, 250 3, 974	2, 473 4, 020 3, 580	2, 902 3, 834	2,840	
Currency in circulation	32, 0 252, 9 2, 8 7, 4	32. 0 252. 2 3. 0 6. 6	32. 0 255. 1 2. 9 8. 7	32. 1 257. 5 3. 1 7. 1	32. 6 257. 0 3. 1 6. 5	32. 9 263. 2 3. 2 7. 1	31. 8 259. 2 3. 1 4. 5	31. 8 259. 5 3. 1 6. 9	31. 9 258. 9 3. 3 5. 3	31. 8 260. 6 3. 2 3. 2	32. 2 261. 6 1. 1 5. 9	32. 4 264. 0 1. 3 6. 9	32. 5 - 267. 2 1. 3 6. 8	266
Deposits (adjusted) and currency, total¶do Demand deposits, adjusted¶do Time deposits, adjusted¶do Currency outside banksdo 'urnover of demand deposits except interbank and U.S. Government, annual rates, seas. adjusted:†	242. 6 110. 1 104. 2 28. 4	242. 7 108. 9 105. 2 28. 5	243, 6 109, 3 106, 0 28, 3	247. 2 112. 2 106. 7 28. 3	247. 3 111. 9 106. 7 28. 7	252. 9 115. 1 108. 5 29. 4	251, 6 114, 7 109, 0 28, 0	249. 5 110. 6 110. 7 28. 2	250. 2 110. 3 111. 9 28. 0	254. 2 113. 6 112. 7 27. 9	254. 6 110. 6 115. 6 28. 4	255. 7 110. 8 116. 6 28. 3	259, 2 113, 0 117, 6 28, 5	111
New York Cityratio of debits to deposits_6 other centersodo	58. 9 34. 2 25. 5	65. 5 36. 7 26. 6	68. 5 35. 8 26. 0	60, 0 34, 9 25, 5	63. 5 35. 8 26. 2	57, 8 34, 3 25, 1	63. 0 36, 5 25. 7	63, 7 35, 8 25, 7	67. 1 35. 4 7 26. 1	68. 0 36. 9 7 25. 6	74. 6 38. 0 26. 9	70. 6 7 37. 7 7 26. 6	70.6 p 36.7 p 26.2	
PROFITS AND DIVIDENDS (QUARTERLY)														
Ianufacturing corporations (Fed. Trade and SEC):⊙ Net profit after taxes, all industriesmil. of dol. Food and kindred products			3, 612 349 80			3, 513 309 70			2,900 262 36			340		-
mil. of dol			34			111			-4 191					

r Revised. P Preliminary. Includes revisions not distributed by regions. Excludes Republic of the Conge. See footnote "‡" for p. S-17.

Insurance written includes data for Alaska beginning 1957 and for Hawaii beginning 1958; revised figures for 1988-April 1959 and Jan.-April 1969 (including these States) will be shown later. Payments to policyholders, etc., include data for Alaska beginning January 1959 and for Hawaii beginning September 1959. For increase in carmarked gold (—).

Includes data for the following countries not shown separately: Mexico; Brazil; Colombia; Nicaragua; Australia; and India.

The term "adjusted" denotes exclusion of interbank and U.S. Government deposits; for demand deposits, also exclusion of cash items reported as in process of collection. Revised series, replacing unadjusted rates shown prior to the February 1960 Survey and incorporating two major changes. See the January 1960 Federal Reserve Bulletin for details and data back to January 1950.

Includes Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Detroit, San Francisco, and Los Angeles.

OEffective with the July 1959 Survey, estimates are based on the latest revised (1957) Standard Industrial Classification Manual and, for most industries, are not comparable with previously published data. Comparable data for 1st quarter of 1958 are available upon request.

Revisions for June 1960 (mil. dol): Total stocks, 3,838; preferred, 1,773.

Inless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and			1	960			ļ			19	61			1
descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	Augus
			FINA	NCE-	–Cont	inued								
PROFITS AND DIVIDENDS—Continued														
Aanufacturing corporations⊙—Continued Net profit after taxes—Continued							ł		İ					1
Chemicals and allied products mil. of dol. Petroleum refining do			504 738			441 832			421 783			566 712		
Stone, clay, and glass productsdododo			177 116			117 95			44 104			165 137		
Primary iron and steel do Fabricated metal products (except ordnance,			132		1	150			103			229		
machinery, and transport. equip.)mil. of doldodo			131 226			185			47 191			138 309		
Electrical machinery, equip., and suppliesdo Transportation equipment (except motor vehicles, etc.)mil, of dol			250 50			239 35			206			234		
Motor vehicles and partsdo All other manufacturing industriesdo			191 487			416 426			254 269			429 376		
Dividends paid (cash), all industriesdo		İ	1, 953			2, 302			2,008			2,005	i	
Electric utilities, profits after taxes (Fed. Res.) mil. of dol ransportation and communications (see pp. S-23 and			418			452			523			447		
S-24).														
SECURITIES ISSUFD							ļ							
ecurities and Exchange Commission: † Estimated gross proceeds, totalmil. of dol By type of security:	1, 637	3, 187	1,808	1, 814	1, 986	1, 947	1.774	5, 455	2, 161	r 3, 393	r 4. 432	3, 494	1,824	
Bonds and notes, totaldodo	1, 511 651	3, 012 821	1, 680 619	1.664 778	1, 852 875	1, 816 764	1, 645 472	5, 288 529	2, 007 542	⁷ 2. 223 ⁷ 1, 061	7 4, 112 7 1, 021	3, 210 1, 495	1, 566 748	
Common stock do Preferred stock do	106 21	141 34	91 37	105 45	118 16	86 45	99 30	130	125 29	1.111	7 228 7 92	244 40	238 20	
By type of issuer: Corporate, total 9dodo	777	996	747	928	1,009	895	601	695	696	r 2, 231	r 1, 342	1,779	1,006	
Manufacturing do Extractive (mining) do do do do do do do do do do do do do	189 24	233	169	196 9	283 14	218 22 183	173 15	106 28	286 17	602 10	7 481 7 34	585 11	436 27	
Public utilitydo Railroaddodododododo	143 31 58	226 16 168	307 16 96	215 8 256	320 3 27	11 101	140 28 21	163 17 41	85 23 90	7 278 10 7 1, 045	7 461 14 7 98	408 13 270	270 5 5	
Financial and real estate do	287	224	74	150	245	249	149	228	97	7 191	7 118	243	195	
Noncorporate, total Q do U.S. Governmentdo	860 353	2, 191 1, 371	1, 062 338	886 345	976 326	1, 052 348	1, 173 455	4, 760 4, 069	1, 465 434	7 1, 161 348	7 3, 091 7 2, 244	1,715 369	818 342	
State and municipaldo New corporate security issues:	475	607	682	343	496	490	706	660	756	710	625	1,035	463	
Estimated net proceeds, totaldo Proposed uses of proceeds: New money, totaldo	760 657	976 895	731	910	988 805	879 749	590 552	682 612	679 484	r 2, 203	, 1, 314 , 1, 090	1,744	980 795	
Plant and equipmentdo Working capitaldo	325 331	614 281	671 541 130	830 627 204	466 339	496 253	359 192	304 308	289 195	7 1, 780 7 275	7 834 7 256	759 368	556 239	
Retirement of securities do Other purposes do	24 79	10 71	5 55	20 60	32 152	27 103	10 28	14 56	118	7 85 7 63	7 55 7 169	426 191	23 162	
tate and municipal issues (Bond Buyer): Long-termdo	475	607	682	343	496	490	706	660	756	710	625	1,035	r 463	5
Short-termdo	280	505	199	254	499	279	334	496	397	201	382	279	r 297	5
Brokers' Balances (N.Y.S.E. Members														
Carrying Margin Accounts) ash on hand and in banksmil of dol	361	362	356	377	380	390	413	453	427	433	453	415	443	
Sustomers' debit balances (net)dododododo	3, 113 1, 018	3, 220 1, 021	3, 259 1, 059	3, 243 1, 063	3, 240 1, 062	3, 317 1, 135	3, 330 1, 269	3, 426 1, 392	3, 656 1, 507	3, 986 1, 508	4, 100 1, 453	r 4, 076 r 1, 283	4. 041 1, 207	
Ioney borroweddo	2, 229	2, 236	2, 320	2, 300	2, 268	2, 275	2,038	1, 999	1, 997	2. 351	2, 587	2, 815	2, 799	
rices: Average price of all listed bonds (N.Y.S.E.),				}										
total \$dollarsdo	93, 15 93, 32	93. 25 93. 40	93. 09 93. 27	92. 82 92. 99	91. 70 91. 87	93. 21 93. 38	92, 96 93, 10	92, 50 92, 60	93, 71 93, 85	93. 84 93. 98	93. 72 93. 87	92, 73 92, 87	92, 77 92, 92	
ForeigndoStandard & Poor's Corporation:	81.98	82. 35	81.19	81.48	80.64	82. 12	\$2. 61	84.00	83. 39	83. 38	83. 26	82, 65	82, 27	
Industrial, utility, and railroad (A1+issues): Composite (21 bonds)dol. per \$100 bond Domestic municipal (15 bonds)do	94. 8 103. 9	96, 4 106, 7	96. 7 106. 7	96. 0 105, 8	95. 5 107. 7	95. 1 107. 9	95. 6 108. 1	96.3 109.7	97. 0 108. 9	96. 3 108. 0	96. 0 109. 0	95. 0 106. 8	94. 5 106. 7	93 106
U.S. Treasury bonds, taxable¶dodo	88. 12	88. 93	88. 57	87. 50	87. 23	87. 84	87. 70	88.74	89. 07	88.80	89. 74	87. 83	87. 57	86.
Total, excluding U.S. Government bonds (SEC): All registered exchanges:	11.5 000	100 =00	100 101											
Market value thous, of dol_ Face value do New York Stock Exchange:	115, 992 121, 746	133, 723 134, 804	107, 194 109, 017	117, 722 118, 667	115, 575 122, 200	142, 969 152, 457	151, 316 159, 281	181, 222 171, 061	247, 683 222, 731	184, 047 163, 398	172, 926 167, 307	151, 261 143, 980	144, 160 146, 552	
Market value do face value do do face value do face value do face value do face value do face value do face value do face value do face value do face value do face value do face value do face value do face value do face value do face value do face valu	114, 373 119, 997	130, 349 132, 295	104, 218 106, 038	115, 822 116, 622	113,600 120,176	140, 639 150, 051	148, 724 156, 486	174, 488 167, 232	237, 560 217, 274	176, 003 159, 346	167, 657 163, 103	148, 002 140, 970	141, 640 143, 949	
New York Stock Exchange, exclusive of stopped sales, face value, totalsthous, of dol	93, 696	109, 148	93, 925	99, 342	109, 300	130, 176	144, 698	137, 643	178,008	138, 037	140, 817	118, 283	131, 561	
U.S. Government do do do do do do do do do do do do do	93, 696	0 109, 148	93, 925	99, 342	0 109, 300	130, 176	0 144, 698	0 137, 643	$\frac{2}{178,006}$	138, 037	0 140, 817	0 118, 283	0 131, 561	
Domestic	87, 282 6, 414	102, 913 6, 235	88, 783 5, 142	92, 887 6, 455	101, 281 8, 019	122, 924 7, 252	138, 053 6, 645	132, 409 5, 234	170,782 $7,224$	132, 002 6, 035	134, 509 6, 308	112, 738 5, 545	125, 804 5, 757	
Market value, total, all issuesmil. of dol	108, 994 106, 149	110,058	110, 100 107, 273	109, 859	106, 289	108, 257	107, 981	107, 594	109, 937	110, 318	110, 427	109, 297	109, 631	
Domestic do Foreign do	1,602	107, 192 1, 608	107, 273 1, 585	107,004 1,613	103, 465 1, 596	105, 423 1, 599	105, 132 1, 601	104, 722 1, 619	107, 070 1, 606	107, 468 1, 601	107, 604 1, 570	106, 497 1, 560	106, 841 1, 547	
Face value, total, all issues§do Domesticdodo	117,004 113,748	118, 018 114, 763	118, 271 115, 015	118, 357 115, 074	115, 909 112, 625	116, 147 112, 895	116, 163 112, 920	116, 315 113, 089	117, 312 114, 088	117, 565 114, 347	117, 825 114, 633	117, 872 114, 679	118, 170 114, 984	
Foreigndo			1,952				1. 938	1, 927					1,880	

Revised.

© See corresponding note on p. S-18. ‡Revisions for January-March 1959 and January-March 1960 will be shown later. \$\ \text{Includes}\$ Includes data not shown separately. \$\ \text{Picce}\$ Data include bonds of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development not shown separately; these bonds are included in computing the average price of all listed bonds. \$\ \text{Number of bonds represent number currently used; the change in the number does not affect the continuity of series.} \$\ \ \text{Prices}\$ Prices are derived from average yields on basis of an assumed 3 percent 20-year bond.}

You have the series of the distriction the each 1000 and			1:	960						19	61			
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August
			FINA	NCE-	-Cont	tinued							·	
SECURITY MARKETS—Continued														
Bonds—Continued Yields: Domestic corporate (Moody's)percent	4. 74	4.61	4.58	4.63	4. 64	4. 66	4.65	4. 59	4. 54	4. 56	4. 58	4. 63	4. 70	4. 73
By ratings:	4. 41	4. 28	4. 25	4. 30	4. 31	4. 35	4. 32	4. 27	4. 22	4. 25	4. 27	4. 33	4. 41	4. 45
	4. 56	4. 44	4. 41	4. 44	4. 47	4. 50	4. 48	4. 40	4. 33	4. 37	4. 41	4. 45	4. 53	4. 57
	4. 77	4. 65	4. 63	4. 67	4. 69	4. 71	4. 69	4. 63	4. 57	4. 59	4. 63	4. 69	4. 75	4. 80
Baado	5. 22	5. 08	5, 01	5.11	5. 08	5. 10	5. 10	5. 07	5, 02	5. 01	5.01	5. 03	5. 09	5. 11
	4. 61	4. 49	4, 46	4.50	4. 51	4. 55	4. 52	4. 46	4, 40	4. 45	4.48	4. 54	4. 59	4. 61
	4. 71	4. 53	4, 48	4.56	4. 56	4. 58	4. 57	4. 51	4, 43	4. 46	4.49	4. 52	4. 60	4. 67
Railroad do Domestic municipal: Bond Buyer (20 bonds) do Standard & Poor's Corp. (15 bonds) do	4. 90	4. 82	4.78	4. 84	4. 85	4. 87	4. 86	4. 82	4. 78	4. 75	4. 77	4. 83	4. 89	4. 92
	3. 47	3. 33	3.51	3. 42	3. 43	3. 38	3. 38	3. 33	3. 51	3. 48	3. 48	3. 54	3. 49	3. 54
U.S. Treasury bonds, taxable Stocks	3. 72	3. 53	3. 53	3. 59	3. 46	3, 45	3. 44	3. 33	3. 38	3. 44	3. 38	3, 53	3. 53	3. 55
	3. 86	3. 79	3. 82	3. 91	3. 93	3, 88	3. 89	3. 81	3. 78	3. 80	3. 73	3, 88	3. 90	4. 00
Cash dividend payments publicly reported: † Total dividend paymentsmil. of dol	896. 7	371.5	1, 965, 5	921.5	387. 6	2, 456. 3	1,003.2	468.1	1, 957. 2	914. 1	367.9	1,986.3	935. 7	372.9
Financedo	184. 6	78. 7	169, 5	175.6	104. 5	345. 9	255, 2	161. 2	162. 7	179.3	84. 1	157. 7	188. 0	85. 3
Manufacturingdo	310. 9	137. 1	1, 264, 9	330.1	136. 0	1, 476. 4	298, 7	135. 8	1, 262. 8	312.4	133. 7	1, 280. 9	313. 8	133. 5
Miningdo	9. 0	3. 0	106, 6	10.9	2. 9	171. 8	11, 2	2. 9	106. 4	11.7	4. 3	109. 0	9. 8	2. 9
Public utilities: Communications	201. 7	1.8	94. 6	202. 3	2. 1	93. 1	209. 0	1.7	94. 3	208. 7	2.1	95. 8	225. 1	1.7
	106. 1	112.2	180. 3	113. 1	109. 6	186. 6	114. 6	111.9	188. 3	119. 3	112.8	190. 2	118. 4	114.9
	18. 0	4.2	62. 3	20. 0	1. 4	79. 7	34. 6	4.1	56. 8	20. 4	.9	63. 4	16. 9	4.1
Tradedo Miscellaneousdo Dividend rates, prices, ylelds, and earnings, common	56.3 10.1	25. 0 9. 5	56, 5 30, 8	57.8 11.7	23. 0 8. 1	63. 3 39. 5	68.1 11.8	42.8 7.7	53. 6 32. 3	52. 8 9. 5	22.3 7.7	59. 0 30. 3	55. 2 8. 5	23.0 7.5
stocks (Moody's): Dividends per share, annual rate (200 stocks) dollars_ Industrial (125 stocks)	5. 59	5. 58	5. 57	5, 58	5. 57	5. 64	5. 64	5. 65	5. 65	5. 66	5. 66	5. 66	5. 67	5, 68
	6. 05	6. 03	6. 02	6, 04	6. 00	6. 01	6. 01	6. 01	6. 01	6. 02	6. 03	6. 01	6. 02	6, 02
	2. 68	2. 68	2. 69	2, 69	2. 71	2. 74	2. 74	2. 75	2. 77	2. 79	2. 79	2. 80	2. 81	2, 83
	3. 56	3. 56	3. 56	3, 47	3. 46	3. 44	3. 41	3. 41	3. 35	3. 35	3. 35	3. 35	3. 35	3, 37
	3. 96	3. 96	3. 96	3, 96	4. 00	4. 09	4. 20	4. 20	4. 20	4. 20	4. 20	4. 20	4. 20	4, 20
	4. 81	4. 85	4. 85	4, 85	5. 01	5. 08	5. 08	5. 19	5. 19	5. 19	5. 19	5. 19	5. 19	5, 19
Price per share, end of month (200 stocks) Qdo	155. 33	159. 22	149. 53	149, 30	154. 57	161. 55	171. 83	175. 72	179. 36	179, 65	183, 20	179. 24	185, 95	189, 30
Industrial (125 stocks)do	173. 55	176. 68	165. 61	164, 91	169. 92	175. 22	186. 00	190. 56	193. 51	193, 42	197, 56	193. 90	200, 64	204, 00
Public utility (24 stocks)do	71. 12	73. 59	70. 25	70, 27	72. 24	76. 82	80. 47	82. 66	85. 20	85, 54	88, 57	85. 87	88, 06	92, 73
Railroad (25 stocks)do	61. 95	62. 28	57. 56	57, 68	60. 39	61. 28	66. 00	68. 37	69. 24	67, 00	68, 45	66. 10	65, 90	69, 15
Yield (200 stocks) percent Industrial (125 stocks) do Public utility (24 stocks) do Railroad (25 stocks) do Bank (15 stocks) do Insurance (10 stocks) do	3. 60	3. 50	3. 73	3. 74	3. 60	3. 49	3. 28	3. 22	3. 15	3, 15	3. 09	3. 16	3. 05	3.00
	3. 49	3. 41	3. 64	3. 66	3. 53	3. 43	3. 23	3. 15	3. 11	3, 11	3. 05	3. 10	3. 00	2,95
	3. 77	3. 64	3. 83	3. 83	3. 75	3. 57	3. 40	3. 33	3. 25	3, 26	3. 15	3. 26	3. 19	3.05
	5. 75	5. 72	6. 18	6. 02	5. 73	5. 61	5. 17	4. 99	4. 84	5, 00	4. 89	5. 07	5. 08	4.87
	4. 04	4. 00	4. 02	4. 02	3. 93	3. 92	3. 78	3. 51	3. 51	3, 54	3. 33	3. 27	3. 19	3.03
	2. 93	2. 87	3. 08	3. 07	2. 97	2. 76	2. 51	2. 50	2. 50	2, 51	2. 49	2. 48	2. 35	2.19
Earnings per share (at annual rate), quarterly: Industrial (125 stocks)			8. 45 4. 08 3. 09			9, 70 4, 12 6, 36			8. 00 4. 17 0. 22			9. 60 4. 19 2. 83		
Dividend yields, preferred stocks, 14 high-grade (Standard & Poor's Corp.)percent	4.70	4. 61	4.69	4.75	4. 78	4.84	4. 73	4.68	4.66	4. 67	4.63	4.66	4.69	4.69
Prices: Dow Jones averages (65 stocks) Industrial (30 stocks) Public utility (15 stocks) Railroad (20 stocks) Standard & Poor's Corporation: Standard & Poor's Corporation:	206. 96	206, 82	199. 78	194, 49	199. 54	202. 81	212. 98	219. 89	225. 64	228. 42	231. 08	229. 53	228. 96	237. 89
	625. 83	624, 47	598. 10	582, 45	601. 14	609. 54	632. 20	650. 01	670. 56	684. 90	693. 03	691. 44	690. 66	718. 64
	93. 59	94, 46	94. 37	92, 86	94. 14	97. 74	102. 79	107. 70	110. 00	112. 02	112. 84	112. 61	114. 15	119. 32
	138. 36	137, 39	130. 98	125, 80	128. 62	128. 29	139. 44	143. 12	145. 47	142. 53	144. 98	141. 35	137. 82	141. 65
Industrial, public utility, and railroad: Combined index (500 stocks)1941-43=10 Industrial, total (425 stocks) \text{Q} \tag{do}	55. 84	56. 51	54. 81	53, 73	55. 47	56, 80	59. 72	62. 17	64. 12	65. 83	66. 50	65, 62	65. 44	67. 79
	59. 25	59. 96	57. 96	56, 90	58. 89	60, 22	63. 20	65. 71	67. 83	69. 64	70. 34	69, 48	69. 15	71, 69
Capital goods (127 stocks) do	59. 58	59. 76	56. 77	55. 25	57. 42	59. 11	61. 46	63. 71	65, 77	66. 12	67. 41	67. 49	66. 24	69. 18
Consumers' goods (193 stocks) do	47. 58	48. 16	46. 51	45. 68	46. 96	47. 98	48. 96	50. 85	53, 27	54. 33	55. 29	55. 61	56. 21	58. 73
Public utility (50 stocks) do	48. 02	48. 65	48. 64	47. 34	47. 83	49. 78	52. 73	55. 64	57, 06	59. 09	59. 59	58. 43	59. 42	61. 19
Railroad (25 stocks) do	30. 19	30. 19	28. 76	27. 77	28. 93	29. 03	31. 43	32. 17	32, 93	32, 35	33. 08	32, 41	31. 74	32. 76
Banks: N.Y. City (11 stocks) do. Outside N.Y. City (16 stocks) do. Fire insurance (15 stocks) do.	25. 71	25. 26	25. 63	25, 43	25. 58	26, 60	27. 78	29. 60	30. 55	30. 85	31.30	32. 91	33. 55	35. 64
	52. 09	52. 64	52. 89	52, 32	53. 91	55, 37	57. 12	59. 48	63. 94	64. 92	67.14	68. 38	69. 98	74. 47
	34. 24	34. 81	33. 87	33, 01	33. 75	37, 02	38. 97	42. 34	42. 95	42. 64	42.97	43. 98	44. 81	47. 19
Sales (Securities and Exchange Commission): Total on all registered exchanges: Market valuemil, of dol Shares soldthousands	3, 445 105, 352	3, 751 116, 064	3, 450 109, 989	3, 192 101, 085	3, 295 104, 672	4,139 135,728	4, 946 162, 841	5, 275 160, 001	7, 281 241, 675	6, 533 229, 033	6, 305 224, 137	* 5, 174 153, 717	3,668 107,942	
On New York Stock Exchange: Market valuemil. of dol. Shares soldthousands Exclusive of odd lot and stopped sales (N. Y., Times)thousands	2, 862 71, 877 53, 870	3, 119 80, 851 65, 350	2, 867 74, 704 60, 854	2, 700 70, 210 54, 431	2,785 72,365 62,002	3, 487 94, 756 77, 355	4,176 115,063 89,108	4, 407 112, 092 92, 804	5, 930 153, 454 118, 035	5, 205 131, 727 101, 776	4, 971 123, 557 96, 950	4, 293 99, 793 73, 121	3, 051 71, 381 60, 897	81, 527
Shares listed, N.Y. Stock Exchange, end of mo.: Market value, all listed sharesmil. of dol Number of shares listedmillions	292, 392 6, 306	300, 901 6, 341	283, 318	281, 529 6, 388	292, 991 6, 398	306, 967 6, 458	326, 598 6, 478	337, 490 6, 501	347, 576 6, 529	350, 472 6, 571	358, 862 6, 663	348, 859 6, 727	3 60, 382	

Revised. Preliminary. \$For bonds due or callable in 10 years or more. Revisions for 1957-1959 are shown on p. 36 of the July 1960 Survey. 9 Includes data not shown separately. Number of stocks represents number currently used; the change in number does not affect continuity of the series.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and			19	160						19	61			
descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August
INTERN	ATIO	NAL T	RANS	SACTI	ons (OF TI	HE UN	NITED	STA	res				
BALANCE OF PAYMENTS (QUARTERLY)														
Exports of goods and services, totalmil. of dol. Military transfers under grants, netdo Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military transfers			6, 941 282 4, 676			7, 744 418			7, 210 312					
actions to dol			735 1,248			5, 132 1, 023 1, 171			7 5,009 7 817 7 1,072			4, 910 872 1, 243		
Imports of goods and services, total			6, 057 3, 550 220 798 1, 489			5, 427 3, 485 227 727 988			5,322 73,407 7215 759 7941			5, 634 3, 469 211 748 1, 206		
Balance on goods and servicesdo	1		+884			+2,317			+1,888					
Unilateral transfers (net), totaldo Privatedo Governmentdo			-900 -154 -746			-1,079 -173 -906			-1,012 -155 -857			-163		
U.S. long- and short-term capital (net), totaldo Privatedodo			1,075 -924			-1,905 $-1,557$			r-1,400 r-980			-589 -934		
O.S. ions and short-term capital (net), total do.			-151 +571 +637 -117			-348 +198 +921 -452			-420 +187 +346 -9			+345 +491 -330 -282		
FOREIGN TRADE Indexes									ļ !					İ
Exports of U.S. merchandise: Quantity	312 690 221	296 653	296 654 221	323 709	333 731	331 729	» 300 664 » 221	9 304 681	» 348 781	* 306 692 * 226	₹ 312 708	2 305 688		
Unit valuedo Imports for consumption;⊙ Quantitydo	201	221 220	201	220 205	220 209	220 206	p 198	p 224	p 224	» 187	р 277 р 214	p 226		
Value do	556 277	608 276	565 277	564 276	573 274	561 272	542 274	505 274	602 • 271	510 p 273	580 • 271	580 • 271		
Unadjusted 1952-54=100. Seasonally adjusted do Cotton (incl. linters), seas. adj do Imports for consumption, total:	176 227 504	152 191 69	165 178 91	199 181 152	238 200 222	246 199 219	₽ 211 ₽ 197 ₽ 232	p 207 p 197 p 205	p 225 p 208 p 229	p 185 p 190 p 181	p 184 p 188 p 128			
Unadjusted	97 108 106 109	112 122 113 129	101 111 99 121	96 110 91 125	97 112 120 108	99 90 113 80	p 101 p 89 p 92 p 88	p 96 p 90 p 98 p 85	p 120 p 105 p 111 p 101	₽ 98 ₽ 85 ₽ 77 ₽ 90	₽ 91			
Water-borne trade: Exports, incl. reexports§thous. of long tons. General importsdo	9, 575 14, 405	10, 934 17, 128	10, 122 14, 774	10, 218 14, 132	9, 281 13, 866	8, 680 13, 700	7,321 13,634							
Value⊙ Exports (mdse.), including reexports, total ¶ mil. of dol	1, 698. 8	1,609.4	1,610.1	1, 743. 9	1,796.7	1, 796, 6	1, 646. 7	1 671 5	1.934.2	1,705.5	1 742 0	1 600 0	1, 637, 0	
By geographic regions:∆ Africadodo	65.0	69.6	54.5	67. 3	65.0	68.4	59. 2	1, 671. 5 62. 1	80.1	63.8	1,743.8 65.6	1,698.9 54.1	76.3	
Asia and Oceaniado Europedo	346. 4 534. I	312. 6 522. 5	300. 8 551. 7	334. 1 572. 2	372. 4 612. 0	420. 2 611. 1	373. 1 518. 6	373. 0 534. 0	426. 8 622. 7	386. 7 529. 6	396. 8 519. 1	362.9 530.9	381. 6 439. 2	
Northern North AmericadoSouthern North AmericadoSouth AmericadoBy leading countries: Δ	283. 2 139. 4 181. 7	288. 7 132. 3 161. 5	288. 2 132. 6 164. 1	310. 7 138. 8 200. 1	313. 3 128. 0 170. 9	269. 8 133. 5 180. 9	263, 2 110, 0 162, 6	280. 5 114. 9 178. 2	315.5 130.3 212.8	302. 7 126. 4 170. 4	319. 7 114. 5 174. 2	330, 1 114, 1 173, 3	269. 5 118. 7 203. 0	
Africa: United Arab Republic (Egypt Region)do Union of South Africado Asia and Oceania:	6. 9 31. 3	11. 1 27. 5	9.0 19.8	15.8 22.2	21.6 17.5	16. 3 20. 7	11. 2 18. 7	12. 0 22. 0	16.1 28.5	12.0 20.1	13.8 19.9	8. 5 13. 9	13. 4 21. 9	
Australia, including New Guineado Colony of Singaporedo India and Pakistando	41. 6 3. 8 66. 1	37. 4 4. 0 61. 3	35. 0 3. 5 52. 9	38. 4 3. 5 68. 9	41. 4 4. 0 72. 1	32. 9 3. 7 85. 4	30.1 3.6 65.5	29. 9 3. 3 50. 3	29. 6 4. 0 70. 1	21. 4 4. 0 60. 6	23.1 4.0 57.3	19. 5 3. 8 49. 1	24. 4 3. 6 66. 7	
Japan do Republic of Indonesia do Republic of the Philippines do Europe:	120. 4 5. 7 25. 3	93. 5 5. 1 21. 6	98. 2 5. 2 21. 9	99. 6 5. 6 24. 3	115. 9 9. 5 25. 2	156. 0 6. 8 31. 4	135. 6 16. 7 24. 8	137. 8 13. 8 24. 7	164. 0 12. 2 27. 8	148. 2 12. 2 24. 7	160. 0 10. 2 31. 2	154. 6 6. 7 34. 0	8.6	
France do East Germany do West Germany do	49. 3 1. 8 82. 7	57.3 .3 80.4	48. 6 . 1 81. 9	44.3 .2 87.5	46. 0 . 1 93. 8	43. 2 (1) 92. 0	49. 0 . 2 83. 0	49. 9 . 3 90. 5	61. 0 0 102. 0	52.6 .1 84.8	45. 3 (1) 89. 6	46.8 (1) 86.3	.1	
Italy	60. 4 1. 9 117. 0 283. 2	50.0 5.9 99.6 288.7	54. 5 3. 2 152. 3 288. 2	52. 0 4. 3 145. 9 310. 7	52. 3 4. 4 127. 9	66. 4 4. 0 132. 3	70. 7 3. 9 97. 4	70. 7 2. 6 92. 1	81. 6 4. 6 115. 2	67. 5 6. 8 79. 3	72. 6 2. 8 74. 8	66. 1 9. 8 73. 8	70.1	
Canadadododododododo	296. 2	271.5	273.1	312.9	313. 2 272. 5	269. 8 289. 0	263. 2 248. 4	280. 5 271. 1	315. 5 314. 2	302. 7 268. 9	319. 6 265. 7	330. 1 261. 3	i	
Argentina. do- Brazil do- Chile do-	30. 8 42. 1 17. 6	28. 7 38. 0 12. 9	34. 3 35. 2 15. 0	37. 7 33. 9 21. 0	30. 1 37. 3 18. 0	32. 1 43. 8 16. 7	28. 6 41. 2 18. 1	31. 0 39. 4 20. 9	29. 6 57. 3 20. 7	34.8 34.3 18.0	40. 6 37. 1 17. 4	31.1 41.9 14.6	35. 5 50. 1	
Colombia do Cuba do Mexico do Venezuela do	19. 4 19. 5 67. 0 43. 9	17. 3 18. 1 66. 6 40. 9	18.0 17.8 63.3 39.1	20. 8 17. 1 65. 5 62, 6	19. 2 3. 9 68. 1 40. 9	21. 2 5. 2 75. 8 37. 9	16.3 2.9 58.8 35.9	18.8 3.8 62.6 41.3	20. 7 2. 6 69. 5 57. 0	21. 3 2. 0 68. 3 34. 2	23. 4 . 9 63. 2 27. 8	20. 5 . 5 62. 9 37. 7	23. 2 . 6 64. 9	

1961 Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS Decem-ber Febru-ary Septem-ber Novem-ber Janu-October April May July March June July August August

INTERNATIONAL TRANSACTIONS OF THE UNITED STATES—Continued

INTERNATION	ALI	KANS	ACII	JNS C	76 16	IE UN	HED	SIAI	E5	Jontin	uea			
FOREIGN TRADE—Continued Value⊙—Continued														
Exports of U.S. merchandise, total¶mil. of dol By economic classes:	1,682.0	1, 591. 4	1, 594, 6	1, 729. 4	1,782.8	1,777.7	1, 618. 7	1, 659. 0	1, 903. 7	1, 687. 5	1, 725. 4	1, 677. 9	1, 617. 3	
Crude materialsdo Crude foodstuffsdo	196. 5 126. 5	163. 7 123. 7	188. 5 145. 7	239. 3 143. 8	283. 2 146. 9	287. 0 144. 1	236.3 132.6	218. 8 156. 7	224. 8 177. 2	187. 4 153. 9	186. 5 163. 8	166. 3 144. 5	166, 2 139, 6	
Manufactured foodstuffs and beveragesdo Semimanufactures Qdo	83. 3 313. 5	94, 5 337, 1	96. 8 287. 8	102. 3 285. 2	99, 9 286, 0	106. 2 292. 7	89. 0 258. 2	88. 3 273. 7	105, 6 299, 9	88. 5 266. 2	98. 4 287. 5	94. 7 290. 4	91. 0 279. 6	
Finished manufactures 2do By principal commodities: Agricultural products, total ddo	962, 3 358, 4	872. 5 327. 1	875. 8 369. 4	958. 9 431. 9	966. 9 495. 8	947. 6 504. 2	902. 6 423. 2	921. 6 426. 3	1, 096. 3 469. 5	991. 4 394. 1	989. 3 395. 2	982. 0 348. 2	940. 9 350. 4	
Cotton, unmanufactureddo	86.4	15, 9	26, 3	59. 4	98.4	134.7	130. 4	112.1	113, 6	79. 8	53. 0	36. 7	45, 4	
Fruits, vegetables, and preparationsdo Grains and preparationsdo	31, 4 120, 2	31. 0 115, 6	38, 8 141, 5	39. 4 143. 3	27. 3 154. 4	31.3 156.3	26, 1 138, 2	24.7 161.2	31.8 187.6	26. 7 156. 6	$34.2 \\ 165.5$	37. 2 130. 8	33. 2 135. 1	
Packinghouse productsdo Tobacco and manufactures∆do	22. 7 22. 3	24, 4 36, 6	25. 4 74. 7	28. 9 74. 8	25, 6 72, 3	27. 3 43. 1	24. 0 24. 8	24. 4 25. 7	26. 7 31. 2	23, 9 26, 7	27. 7 26. 7	31. 0 30. 0	33. 7 31. 4	
Nonagricultural products, total	1, 323, 6	1, 264, 3	1, 225, 1	1, 297. 5	1, 287. 0	1, 273. 5	1, 195, 5	1, 232. 7	1, 434. 2	1, 293, 4	1, 330. 2	1, 329, 6	1, 266. 9	
Automobiles, parts, and accessories do Chemicals and related products do do Call and related fields	87. 0 145. 2 31. 7	82. 4 140. 8 37. 5	78. 1 141. 8 34. 0	108. 5 144. 8 36. 1	119, 4 132, 9 20, 4	105, 7 140, 1 23, 4	93. 3 121. 3 19. 5	97. 6 145. 1 19. 6	115, 2 158, 4 20, 1	105, 9 141, 9 24, 5	99. 9 151. 6 33. 2	91. 4 139. 6 33. 7	92. 7 149. 7 27. 2	
Coal and related fuelsdo Iron and steel products⊕do	83. 1	92. 3	70. 1	73. 7	29, 4 71, 9	62. 1	53.4	60.3	66.1	60. 9	81. 9	88. 5	73. 6	
Machinery, total§&dodo	372. 5	331.3	332. 3	367. 7	377.0	382.1	349. 5	374.6	447. 2	412.8	393. 5	391.1	390. 4	
Agricultural do Tractors, parts, and accessories do Electrical do	11. 9 30. 1 89. 4	11, 4 29, 7 78, 5	8.3 29.8 80.2	9, 4 32, 2 85, 7	8, 8 28, 4 94, 6	8, 9 30, 6 82, 6	10, 6 28, 9 82, 3	13. 9 32. 7 80. 6	17. 1 35. 2 105. 6	16. 3 35. 3 95. 8	15, 6 33, 4 88, 0	14.3 29.7 95.1	10, 6 27, 3 86, 4	
Metalworking \$ do Other industrial do	32. 0 188. 1	27. 9 165. 5	25. 2 168. 3	29, 5 185, 7	37.3 183.4	46, 5 184, 8	34. 5 166. 4	35. 2 184. 5	42. 1 210. 0	40. 9 193. 3	39. 8 185. 1	38. 4 185. 5	40. 8 189. 2	
Petroleum and products do do do do do do do do do do do do do	40. 6 60. 6	37. 7 59. 7	39, 2 52, 5	39, 9 61, 6	37. 5 57. 4	37. 8 58. 2	34. 9 56. 3	32. 1 55. 4	40, 1 66, 6	39. 0 57. 9	38. 9 53. 9	38. 0 53. 2	36, 4 49, 1	
General imports, totaldodo	1, 149. 7	1, 229, 4	1, 160. 1	1, 157, 2	1, 160, 8	1,157.1	1, 123. 6	1, 045. 9	1, 230. 5	1, 041. 9	1,194.5	1, 220. 2	1.267.8	
Africado Asia and Oceaniado	44. 5 259. 8	39, 9 291, 0	43. 6 237. 4	36, 5 227, 2	36. I 220, 5	42. 8 227. 2	46, 4 215, 6	43. 5 181. 4	52. 6 243. 9	53. 5 211. 2	49. 7 232. 1	62. 3 230. 4	71. 6 266. 3	
Europedo Northern North Americado	308, 3 234, 1	307. 1 261. 4	323. 1 238. 5	340.4 240.9	338, 2 249, 1	343. 4 223. 2	315. 3 208. 4	299. 3 197. 8	343. 7 249. 2	287. 3 212. 3	338. 4 263. 7	334. 9 273. 0	357. 0 271. 9	
Southern North Americado South Americado	123. 9 179. 1	106. 9 223. 0	109. 5 208. 0	93. 2 219. 0	106. 4 210. 5	122. 9 197. 5	113. 3 224. 6	124. 8 199. 1	139. 5 201. 6	104. 2 173. 4	128. 5 182. 1	127. 6 192. 0	119.3 181.8	
By leading countries: Africa: United Arab Republic (Egypt Region)do	6.0	1.7	1.5	.7	. 5	1.4	.7	.7	1.8 8.7	.8	2. 2 8. 7	11.7	13. 4	
Union of South Africadodo	5. 6 18. 9	8. 0 16. 7	9. 1 9. 8	8. 2 8. 6	6. 6 5. 5	8.0	8.6 11.1	9. 5 9. 5	8. 7 14. 2	10. 1 14. 5	8.7 11.5	10. 2	12. 2 17. 3	
Australia, including New Guineado Colony of Sincaporedodododo	.9	1. 2 19. 6	1. 2 22. 5	1.1 19.5	20, 4	1.7	1. 2 24. 1	21.1	26.9	.8 19.9	1.0 24.5	1. 6 22. 7	. 8 25. 6	
Japan do	96. 5 14. 2	110.0 23.2	96. 7 17. 3	95. 3 15. 7	91. 5 15. 0	83. 3 22. 1	84. 4 12. 4	61. 7 11. 5	82. 5 14. 1	76. 6 13. 2	80. 9 11. 5	81. 2 12. 5	92. 6 14. 5	
Republic of Indonesia do Republic of the Philippines do Europe:	36. 9 30. 7	35. 2	19. 5	19.9	20.3	20.0	20.9	22. 6 26. 7	31.1	24. 0 26. 5	30. 2 35. 8	26.5	33. 2 42. 6	
France .do. East Germany .do. West Germany .do.	. 4 68. 2	29. 3 . 3 63. 6	22. 8 . 3 71. 3	28. 6 . 2 75. 1	69. 5	78.8	24. 2 . 3 69. 2	66.0	75.6	63.8	69.6	38. 2 . 3 69. 8	73.6	
Italy do Union of Soviet Socialist Republics do Union of Soviet Socialist Republic do Union of Soviet Socialist Republic do Union of Soviet Socialist Republic do Union of Socialist Republ	26. 6 2. 2	34. 4 1. 8	28. 6 1. 3	35.9 1.8	34. 0 6	32. 7 2. 8	29. 1 1. 0	24.9 1.0	28. 4 1. 5	25. 9 2. 9	28. 6 2. 8	29. 5 3. 1	31. 5 1. 5	
United Kingdomdo North and South America:	66.6	69.1	73. 8	72.8	77. 7 248. 9	68. 6 223. 2	60.6	63, 5	75. 2 249. 2	56. 6 212. 3	72. 3 263. 5	72.0	86. 6 271. 6	
Canadadododododododododo	233, 9 267, 4	260. 9 290. 9	238. 3 280. 8	240. 7 278. 5	276.8	277. 0	208. 3 295. 5	282.3	295. 1	244. 1	264.1	272. 7 274. 5	250.7	
Argentinado	8.3	9. 1	7.6	6.9	5.7	7.1	9. 2	7.3	8.4	7.8	10.6	10. 1	8.9	
Brazildo Chiledo	43. 1 13. 5	57. 5 24. 5	54. 4 15. 7	48. 9 19. 8	45. 0 9. 1	42. 6 9. 5	38. 2 21. 2	42. 1 15. 0	47. 8 11. 9	43. 5 15. 6	42. 0 13. 6	1	18.6	
Colombiadodododo	17. 9 46. 6	22. 1 11. 7	23. 5 7. 9	36. 2 7. 6 27. 8	35. 3 6. 2 31. 3	24. 7 2. 9 39. 1	32. 4 3. 6	20. 1 2. 7 49. 5	25. 8 3. 0 53. 4	17. 5 1. 1 42. 7	22. 4 2. 1 52. 2	29. 2 4. 3 56. 0	21. 4 3. 4 44. 4	
Mexicodo Venezuelado	24. 3 68. 5	33. 0 75. 9	44. 3 78. 2	76.7	81.9	83. 9	40. 7 91. 8	90.4	79.0	66.5	73. 5	70. 1	64. 0	
Imports for consumption, totaldo By economic classes:	1, 139. 9 237. 2	1, 246. 4	1, 159. 3	1, 156. 9 229. 9	1, 175. 9	1,151.0	1, 111. 7	1, 036. 6 210. 3	1, 235. 3	1,045.7	1, 188. 5 229. 9	1, 189. 0	1, 240. 9 254. 2	
Crude materials do Crude foodstuffs do do do do do do do do do do do do do	121. 4 135. 4	291. 1 142. 6 137. 6	243. 6 134. 1 134. 5	146. 1 122. 4	141. 0 139. 4	149. 2 115. 5	235, 2 153, 9 105, 8	139. 7 110. 5	168. 1 142. 9	141. 8 109. 6	139. 4 125. 0	150. 3 136. 3	133. 1 141. 8	
Manufactured foodstuffs and beveragesdo Semimanufacturesdo Finished manufacturesdodo	228. 9 417. 2	248. 2 426. 9	234. 8 412. 3	233. 3 425. 2	245. 6 430. 7	242. 6 411. 8	234. 9 382. 0	228. 1 347. 9	265. 0 421. 9	225. 1 366. 6	267. 4 426. 8	253. 5 410. 3	257. 1 454. 7	
By principal commodities: Agricultural products, total	299. 4	344. 6	310. 6	286. 3	292.3	295. 4	297.6	276. 3	345. 4	285.3	294. 5	314. 9	314. 9	
Cocoa (cacao) beans, incl. shellsdo Coffeedo	10. 7 72. 0	11.6 91.8	9. 8 87. 5	8. 4 93. 8	8.9 83.0	12. 2 82. 7	18. 4 86. 6	16. 8 76. 6	16.3 97.3	19. 6 75. 8	16.3 74.3	17. 9 91. 6	20.8 72.7	
Rubber, crude, including guayuledododo	24. 7 50. 0	32. 7 39. 5	25. 2 41. 6	19. 6 24. 8	20, 4 39, 7	24. 1 28. 7	19. 9 23. 7	15. 3 37. 8	15.8 52.6	13. 2 25. 7	15. 5 38. 7	18. 2 37. 1	18. 6 49. 7	
Wool and mohair, unmanufactureddo Nonagricultural products, totaldodo	15. 5 840. 5	17.3 901.8	14. 0 848. 7	13. 9 870. 6	12, 1 883, 7	11.9 855.6	16. 7 814. 1	14. 4 760. 3	19. 0 889. 9	17. 9 760. 4	15. 9 894. 0	16. 1 874. 1	19. 1 926. 0	
Furs and manufacturesdo	5. 8 30. 3	4. 9 30. 8	4. 7 35. 2	5. 2 31. 9	6. 2 30. 8	17. 2 28. 6	12.9 23.3	11. 6 24. 1	9. 0 32. 3	6.8	7. 2 37. 3	6. 7 39. 9	5. 8 41. 5	
Iron and steel products⊕*do Nonferrous ores, metals, and mfs., total♂_do Copper, incl. ore and manufacturesdo	95. 2 29. 6	102. 1 35. 3	78. 7 27. 5	90. 0 23. 4	87. 5 29. 1	28. 6 86. 9 33. 2	25. 5 75. 9 26. 8	70, 8 23, 9	89. 5 24. 8	67. 3 10. 5	94.1	78.0	89. 2	
Tin, including oredo Paper base stocksdo	7. 3 25. 0	11. 9 33. 1	8. 5 29. 0	9. 6 29. 1	6. 7 31, 2	9. 4 23. 1	6. 4 25. 0	7. 1 27. 4	5. 7 27. 2	7. 1 22. 2	7.1 28.0	7. 9 30. 2	13. 2 25. 3	
Newsprintdo Petroleum and productsdo	53. 3 108. 8	61. 6 125. 9	54. 6 122. 3	59, 8 119, 0	65. 2 135. 7	59. 3 141. 6	53. 8 152. 0	48. 1 137. 5	62. 0 147. 5	53. 2 128. 1	64. 9 128. 0			
	<u> </u>	1	·	ŧ	•	1		1	1		<u> </u>	•	1	<u> </u>

^{*}Revised © Revisions for 1958 and 1959 will be shown later. When the shown is parately. Annual experts. Comprises pig iron, scrap, steel mill products, and certain other iron and steel products; excludes advanced manufactures. Revised exports and data for imports prior to 1958 will be shown later. *New series; see note marked "©".

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and				960					1	19	61			
descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	Augus
	TRAN	SPOR	TATI	ON A	ND CO	MMU	UNICA	TION	S	~ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•	,	·
TRANSPORTATION	i	[
Airlines§	1													
Scheduled domestic trunk carriers:							1							
Financial operations (quarterly totals): Operating revenues, total 9mil. of dol Transport, total 9dodo			529. 4 525. 6			491. 6 486. 1			460.7					
Passenger do Property do			478. 8 30. 6	ł		436. 1 31. 6			455. 6 413. 0 28. 7					
U.S. maildo			11, 1			13. 4			12.0					
Operating expenses (incl. depreciation)do Net income (after taxes)dodo			496. 7 10. 9			485.3 4 1.5			479.0 4 16.9					
Operating results: Miles flown, revenuethousands	63, 132	64, 034	59,057	59, 757	55, 199	56, 971	56, 335	43, 331	57, 106	FC 090				
Express and freight ton-miles flowndoMail ton-miles flowndodo	29, 109 10, 030	32, 474 10, 786	35, 169 10, 917	35, 994 11, 257	32,691	35, 736	30, 459	27, 002	36,094	56, 636 32, 222				
Pessengers originated, revenuedo Passenger-miles flown, revenue millions_	4, 013 2, 706	4, 166 2, 745	4, 037 2, 547	3, 965 2, 487	11, 043 3, 518 2, 129	16, 479 3, 504 2, 284	11, 152 3, 449 2, 348	10, 389 2, 829	13, 239 3, 779 2, 398	11,631 3,871				
Express Operations	2,700	2,730	2,047	2,407	2, 120	2, 201	2, 343	1,818	2, 395	2,459				
Transportation revenuesthous. of dol	25, 233	31, 618 11, 731	31, 867	31,300	30,961	35, 458	27, 822	27, 181	32, 790	28, 033	30, 891	31,022		
Express privilege paymentsdododododododo	5, 766	11, 731	10, 675	10, 621	10, 552	12,111	6, 983	6, 783	11, 955	8, 171	10, 474	11, 576		
Fares, average cash rate⊕cents_	18, 9	18.9	18.9	19.0	19. 1	19.1	19.3	19. 3	19. 4	19. 5	19. 5	19.5	19. 5	
Passengers carried, revenue⊕millions_ Operating revenues⊕mil. of dolmil.	7 557 108. 1	584 113, 3	610 110, 4	634 122. 2	624 121. 1	649 125. 6	614 116.8	582 110. 4	659 123. 5	603 114. 5	644 121. 3	599 113. 6	531	
Class I Motor Carriers (Intercity)														
Carriers of property (quarterly totals): Number of reporting carriers.			935	<u> </u>		923			988					
Operating revenues, total mil. of dol Expenses, total do do			1, 207. 4 1, 161. 3			1, 207. 8 1, 197. 9			1,112.1 1,097.0					
Freight carried (revenue)mil. of tons Carriers of passengers (quarterly totals):			68. 9			69. 0			64.5					
Number of reporting carriersmil. of dolmil. of dol			140 140, 9			139 111, 3			140 97, 8					
Expenses, total do			110, 6 61, 9			101.3 55.7			95. 8 51. 3					
Class I Railroads														
Freight carloadings (A. A. R.):♂ Total carsthousands	2,298	r 2, 386	2, 274	3, 189	2, 203	2, 401	1,922	1,955	2, 507	2, 106	2, 242	2, 860	2,174	2, 367
Coaldododo	325 23	420 22	408 20	546 30	388 23	477 26	382 21	376 21	405 28	365 23	388 26	470 34	329 25	421 28
Forest productsdodododododododo	144 280	160 r 235	152 198	193 329	135 255	152 232	129 211	134 222	175 261	146	148 202	183 293	140	159
Livestock do Ore do	13 263	16 239	26 202	50 233	26 90	20 59	15 44	11 48	18 72	196 17 65	17 136	293 14 244	256 11 213	234 14 223
Merchandise, l.c.l do do Miscellaneous do do	$130 \\ 1,121$	140 1, 154	133 1, 136	179 1, 629	129 1, 156	138 1, 296	109 1,011	118 1,025	158 1, 390	119 1, 176	117 1, 208	140 1,483	106 1,095	114 1, 174
Freight carloadings, seas. adj. indexes (Fed. Res.): Total 1935-39=100,	97	99	97	104	00	00	00	00	00	00	100	00		
Coal	66 78	86 72	89 68	90 79	99 83 76	96 82 65	99 82 65	96 76 64	96 67 69	98 75	100 81	98 79	94 70	100 87
Forest productsdo	120	123	118	118	115	113	121	113	113	74 117	84 116	88 115	$\frac{86}{118}$	93 122
Grain and grain productsdo Livestockdo	169 31	150 30	135 39	188 47	186 36	142 30	156 28	$\frac{160}{25}$	$\frac{159}{32}$	157 34	163 33	164 25	$\frac{156}{25}$	145 28
Oredo Merchandise, l.c.ldo	$\frac{150}{22}$	139 22	120 21	97 22	$\frac{97}{21}$	137 19	162 19	172 19	174 20	79 19	79 18	112 18	121 18	129 18
Miscellaneousdo Financial operations:	110	108	106	113	109	107	108	106	108	112	114	109	107	110
Operating revenues, total 2mil. of dol Freightdo	r 759. 2 r 634. 3	809. 0 679. 4	754. 4 642. 9	815. 8 695. 4	756, 5 638, 0	731. 5 588. 1	699, 2 584, 5	668, 3 559, 6	761. 3 642. 6	714. 9 604. 4	778, 5 664, 6	796. 4 670. 6	754. 2 629. 3	
Passengerdo	60. 6	60. 5	44. 2	46. 5	46. 5	60. 7	52. 8	49. 5	50. I	46.1	47. 7	58.1	58. 7	
Operating expenses do Tax accruals, joint facility and equipment rents	628. 7	646.9	608.3	624.8	603. 4	613, 6	596. 4	573. 7	611.2	584.1	617. 3	613. 6		
Net railway operating incomedo Net income (after taxes)do	106. 4 r 23. 9 9. 6	117. 7 44. 4 29. 9	111. 6 34. 5 25. 9	121, 2 69, 8 54, 8	106.1 47.0 33.9	83. 6 34. 3 52. 7	106. 9 ^d 4. 1 ^d 7. 9	99. 4 ^d 4. 8 ^d 19.5	118. 0 32. 1 14. 4	108. 1 22. 6 4. 4	120. 5 40. 8 25. 5	123. 4 59. 4	35. 6	
Operating results: ¶		İ						10.0	14. 4					
Freight carried 1 mile mil, of ton-miles_ Revenue per ton-mile cents_ Passengers carried 1 mile (revenue) millions_	46, 752 1, 415	49, 219 1, 404	48, 566 1, 369	51, 923 1. 367	46, 204 1, 420	42, 835 1, 393			1 132,010 1 1. 386			144, 088		
Waterway Traffic	2, 207	2, 132	1,480	1, 505	1, 452	1,960			1 4, 743					 -
Clearances, vessels in foreign trade:												Ī		
Total U.S. ports thous, of net tons foreign vessels do	15, 104 12, 009	15, 095 12, 152	14,716 11,900	14, 876 11, 854	13, 573 10, 788	13,177 $10,612$	13,066 10,800	12,006 9,814	13, 502 10, 926					
United States vesselsdo	3,094	2, 943	2,816	3, 022	2, 785	2, 565	2, 265	2, 192	2, 576					
Panama Canal: Totalthous, of long tons In United States vesselsdo	5, 583	5, 361	4, 843	5, 065	5, 161	5, 046	5,072	4, 868	5, 675	5, 287	5, 953	5, 757	5, 626	
in Officer Drates vessers	1, 097	933	981	1,024	997	970	875	621	937	805	837	788	691	

Revised. Preliminary. Deficit. See note marked "¶". Data beginning 1959 include total domestic operations intra-Alaska and intra-Hawaii; for these States, figures for mail revenues exclude U.S. mail subsidies. Includes data not shown separately. Revisions for 1958-October 1959 are available upon request. Data for October and December 1960 and March and June 1961 cover 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks.

Effective with 1961, figures for operating results represent quarterly totals or quarterly average.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	July	August	Septem- ber		Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru-	March	April April	May	June	July	August
TRAN	SPOR'	ratio	ON AN	р со	MMU	NICAT	TIONS	-Cor	ıtinue	d	!			
TRANSPORTATION—Continued Travel														
Hotels: A verage sale per occupied room	8. 67 57 113 222 256 123 110 69 6, 434 301	9. 60 65 112 283 192 139 100 64 5, 996	9. 47 67 114 220 147 146 106 49 2, 574	10. 04 72 114 163 136 125 98 40 1,778	9.62 63 107 132 107 102 80 37 886	8. 72 50 110 120 126 94 97 35 508	8. 91 63 111 133 126 93 67 56 516	9. 08 64 113 120 129 75 61 64 569	8. 70 64 118 160 157 103 85 103 729 276	9. 57 65 114 154 170 101 83 102 1,115	8. 82 65 121 150 163 107 94 117 1,760	9. 45 64 115 187 	8. 58 54 105 76 6, 674	69
Revenue passenger-miles millions Passenger revenues thous. of dol_	4,734	4, 416	3, 237	3, 853	3, 507	5,060	5, 259	4, 981	4,611	3, 882	3, 405	251 4, 111		
Telephone carriers: Operating revenues 9	689. 1 388. 1 232. 7 410. 4 116. 6 63. 8	712. 8 393. 3 251. 4 426. 6 121. 0 64. 0	704. 0 396. 3 238. 5 424. 9 118. 2 64. 3	711. 0 402. 3 239. 8 424. 3 122. 5 64. 6	707. 2 402. 4 235. 4 424. 4 120. 5 64. 7	723. 0 405. 7 247. 5 446. 6 118. 1 65. 0	718. 1 407. 1 240. 9 428. 7 120. 6 65. 1	701. 1 403. 3 227. 0 417. 4 117. 8 65. 3	735. 8 408. 5 256. 8 448. 9 119. 4 65. 5	720. 1 408. 9 239. 6 426. 2 125. 3 65. 7	744. 1 413. 7 256. 1 447. 6 125. 4 66. 0	742. 4 414. 3 254. 6 440. 0 127. 0 66. 1		
Telegraph, cable, and radiotelegraph carriers: Wire-telegraph: Operating revenuesthous. of dol. Operating expenses, incl. depreciationdo Net operating revenuesdo	20, 517 20, 159 4 758	22, 667 20, 050 1, 533	23, 042 20, 282 1, 741	22, 424 19, 957 1, 610	21, 735 19, 794 1, 120	22, 939 20, 640 1, 621	21, 713 20, 206 216	20, 727 18, 866 590	23, 383 20, 484 1, 548	21, 339 19, 391 682	22, 976 20, 522 1, 139	23, 163 20, 121 1, 785		
Operating revenues do Operating expenses, incl. depreciation do Net operating revenues do Radiotelegraph: Operating revenues do Operating revenues do Net operating revenues do Net operating revenues do Net operating revenues do Net operating revenues do Net operating revenues do Depreciation do Net operating revenues do Depreciation	2, 878 2, 301 258 3, 936 3, 338 454	2, 977 2, 527 153 4, 193 3, 394 657	2, 955 2, 513 159 4, 328 3, 348 838	2, 919 2, 480 141 4, 245 3, 318 802	2, 920 2, 426 190 4, 145 3, 313 744	3, 105 2, 282 478 4, 655 3, 530 864	3, 011 2, 479 220 4, 275 3, 395 737	2, 766 2, 308 158 4, 051 3, 264 651	3, 155 2, 524 270 4, 613 3, 513 947	2, 879 2, 504 77 4, 439 3, 345 942	3, 077 2, 538 194 4, 500 3, 436 898	3, 164 2, 427 436 4, 528 3, 459 912		
Tree operating revenues.	<u> </u>		1	AND .				l	1			1		
CHEMICALS	1													
Inorganic chemicals, production: Acetylene	382.3 7298.2 384.9	* 977 380. 3 * 100. 8 390. 5	942 364.8 + 90.0 371.1	976 387. 3 777. 3 390. 7	r 965 408. 6 r 66. 5 377. 1	r 999 429, 5 r 63, 1 369, 0	989 411. 8 62. 8 368. 8	848 400. 6 57. 0 333. 4	980 463. 3 69. 2 373. 8	902 460. 2 67. 5 384. 7	984 477. 5 83. 1 399. 6	r 896 442. 5 95. 5	411. 5 96. 7 378. 6	
Nitric acid (100% HNO ₂)do Oxygen (high purity)mil. of cu. ft. Phosphoric acid (100% P ₂ O ₃)thous. of short tons. Sodium carbonate (soda ash), synthetic (58% Na ₂ O ₃)thous. of short tons.	77. 7 242. 4 7 2 4, 425 159. 1 371. 3	79. 6 255. 3 7 4, 640 184. 2 388. 2	78. 4 281. 0 7 4, 718 165. 3 364. 8	288. 0 r 4, 702 183. 4 383. 6	80. 8 300. 2 7 4, 618 175. 0 360. 0	73. 3 301. 0 7 4, 538 170. 1 341. 7	72. 3 285. 8 4, 794 192. 6 339. 8	67. 1 272. 5 4, 643 179. 9 336. 0	74. 9 295. 4 5, 337 205. 6 375. 5	76. 7 277. 0 5, 167 200. 7	77. 6 274. 7 5, 918 209. 2 400. 8	73. 2 254. 6 r 5, 988 r 181. 8 372. 2	73. 1 255. 2 5, 799 160. 0 366. 3	
Sodium bichromate and chromate do Sodium hydroxide (100% NaOH) do Sodium silicate (soluble silicate glass), anhydrous thous. of short tons. Sodium sulphates (anhydrous, refined; Glauber's salt; crude salt cake) thous. of short tons. Sulfuric acid (100% H ₁ SO ₄) do do	10. 9 406. 5 28. 6 87. 6 r ² 1,331.3	45. 4 85. 6	44. 2 86. 5	10. 4 410. 0 49. 7 89. 0 71, 491. 0	8.8 403.4 43.2 91.6 1,434.7	8. 3 393. 4 37. 1 88. 5 71, 432. 3	9. 9 386. 9 35. 1 90. 7 1, 494. 0	8. 5 352. 8 36. 3 83. 3 1,388. 7	10. 3 399. 8 41. 7 95. 7 1, 562. 8	8.9 414.2 44.6 97.6 1,540.4	10. 4 434. 3 55. 5 92. 2 1, 574. 0	10.9 394.9 r37.0 92.9 r1,446.3		
Organic chemicals: d'Acetic acid (synthetic and natural), production thous. of lb. Acetic anhydride, production do. Acetylsalicylic acid (aspirin), production do. Alcohol, ethyl: 0	71, 165 88, 703 1, 696	64, 235 82, 410 1, 808	60, 328 85, 665 1, 733	59, 602 77, 574 1, 667	62, 878 81, 491 2, 022	61, 563 80, 060 1, 887	59, 588 74, 378 2, 163	54, 500 70, 589 1, 718	67, 900 89, 632 1, 555	58, 005 82, 147 1, 718	7 62, 720 98, 232 7 1, 841	65, 713 100, 764 1, 969		
Production thous. of proof gal. Stocks, end of month de. Used for denaturation	43, 132 1 3, 993 23, 154 23, 611	54, 943 131, 653 48, 077 5, 000 25, 861 25, 826	59, 228 127, 020 46, 473 5, 583 24, 974 23, 181	61, 943 129, 532 41, 724 7, 020 22, 421 23, 861 2, 042	6, 157 23, 101 21, 271	52, 372 134, 505 48, 277 4, 050 25, 853 26, 482	51, 250 137, 948 50, 727 3, 970 27, 646 25, 317	44, 876 136, 523 39, 855 4, 821 21, 427 23, 353	51, 725 139, 885 50, 327 4, 884 27, 012 26, 876	49, 758 141, 834 42, 527 4, 681 22, 917 22, 771	54, 576 154, 395 41, 483 5, 271 7 22, 326 7 21, 409	45, 986 139, 190 41, 799 5, 635 22, 500 23, 068		
Stocks, end of monthdodo	. 13,531	3, 503 8, 413 14, 523 8, 232	5, 331 6, 958 13, 750 7, 810	3, 943 6, 999 14, 486 6, 706	5, 798 7, 454 14, 283 7, 103	5, 252 7, 727 14, 187 5, 775	7, 665 6, 393 15, 170 5, 985	5, 810 6, 809 13, 428 5, 841		6, 307 6, 864 14, 249 10, 983	7, 182 8, 457 15, 786 6, 796	8, 897 14, 690 9, 536		
Ethylene glycol, productiondo. Formaldehyde (37% HCHO), productiondodlycerin, refined, all grades: ProductiondoStocks, end of monthdoMethanol, production: Naturalthous. of galSyntheticdo	112, 629 110, 367 21, 000 27, 400 187 25, 300	121, 499 148, 282 24, 300 29, 100 156 26, 082	115, 627 142, 755 24, 500 26, 600 137 26, 502	111, 679 149, 370 24, 500 26, 500 183 25, 235	104, 939 135, 529 22, 900 28, 100 168 25, 051	108, 792 129, 894 20, 900 30, 000 171 27, 442	119, 512 127, 116 23, 900 32, 800 164 27, 783	100, 973 124, 782 20, 200 33, 200 175 23, 325	101, 286 145, 532 23, 300 33, 700 182 24, 809	95, 734 138, 344 25, 600 37, 100 165 24, 663	98, 426 148, 430 23, 600 37, 900 191 25, 905	96, 978 139, 063 20, 200 34, 600 144 24, 571	18, 600 32, 500	
Phthalic anhydride, productiontheus. of lb_ Revised. d Deficit. 1 See note "4". 2 Rev						,		•		,	l r 36, 309 5.6; 53.3; (,		- ; 98,5; 97.8;

r Revised. d Deficit. 1 See note "\footnote{\chi_1}" 2 Revisions for the indicated items follow (units as above): January 1959-June 1960, carbon dioxide—55.6; 53.3; 61.5; 68.5; 80.0; 90.9; 98.5; 97.8; 85.5; 74.2; 62.1; 62.7; 61.2; 60.8; 67.0; 74.0; 85.7; 96.3; January-June 1960, acetylene—1,096; 1,067; 1,148; 1,025; 1,082; 926; oxygen—5,253; 4,935; 5,371; 5,029; 5,018; 4,740; sulfuric acid—1,615.8; 1,521.3; 1,641.5; 1,559.5; 1,609.8; 1,492.0.

†Revised series (first shown in October 1959 Survey), reflecting change in comparison base period; monthly averages (1929-59) and monthly data for 1953-59 appear on p. 19 of the January 1961 Survey. \$Beginning with the October 1959 Survey, the figures include visits to Mount McKinley, Alaska and Hawaii National Park, Hawaii. Data beginning January 1960 reflect revised definitions of visits. \$\sqrt{1}\$ Includes data not shown separately. \$\sqrt{7}\$ Data (except for alcohol) are reported on basis of 100-percent centent of the specified material unless otherwise indicated. \$\sqrt{6}\$ Revisions for July 1959-January 1960 will be shown later. \$\sqrt{6}\$ Effective July 1960, data include amounts classified as "spirits." June 1960 data on comparable basis (thous. gal.): Production, 53,137; stocks, 129,041; withdrawn tax-paid, 5,462.

September 1961	\mathbf{S}^{\dagger}	URVE	Y OF	F CUI	RREN	T BU	SINES	SS						S-25
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and		······································	19)60			1		-	19	61			
descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August
CH	IEMIC	CALS.	AND .	ALLII	ED PR	ODUC	CTS—C	Contin	ued					
FERTILIZERS														
Consumption (10 States)\(\frac{1}{2}\) thous, of short tons Exports, total \(\frac{9}{2}\) short tons Nitrogenous materials do Phosphate materials do Potash materials do.	345 630, 124 46, 690 501, 920 67, 706	216 613, 804 38, 694 496, 865 70, 879	337 617, 086 73, 801 446, 209 78, 016	380 669, 485 68, 976 467, 108 104, 714	392 386, 033 37, 586 274, 211 49, 269	345 503, 104 42, 309 370, 753 70, 499	349 406, 754 18, 595 295, 550 83, 530	557 495, 519 18, 097 379, 478 82, 665	$\begin{array}{c} 1,430 \\ 439,200 \\ 40,019 \\ 321,135 \\ 67,041 \end{array}$	2, 021 547, 105 27, 120 445, 557 44, 107	1, 441 527, 295 55, 191 439, 324 21, 744	919 635, 920 26, 850 536, 255 57, 395	662, 700 16, 404 551, 258 85, 276	
Imports, total 9 †	165, 547 74, 851 44, 621 6, 458 63, 784	141, 708 76, 224 16, 312 16, 654 14, 083	235, 645 141, 781 53, 628 14, 380 29, 817	180, 244 78, 456 0 18, 488 42, 558	115, 762 46, 549 0 8, 979 23, 502	126, 269 62, 572 0 8, 734 14, 035	216, 164 119, 168 10, 512 7, 478 44, 040	260, 664 134, 794 58, 774 8, 583 54, 366	359, 460 193, 746 53, 234 20, 753 61, 085	273, 361 126, 806 40, 284 21, 694 47, 309	310, 908 161, 015 83, 181 18, 333 41, 877	177, 092 101, 056 47, 700 10, 811 8, 969	138, 653 92, 201 34, 172 14, 910 2, 544	
Potash deliveries do Superphosphate and other phosphatic fertilizers (100% P ₂ O ₃);‡	46, 769 171, 028	104, 888	103, 745 183, 651	183, 245 217, 795	118, 977 234, 930	272, 301 217, 923	125, 978 244, 626	177, 277 240, 069	282, 134 264, 034	308, 909 246, 156	177, 138 240, 997	54, 007 196, 512	123, 745	
Productionshort tons_ Stocks, end of monthdo	366, 440	371, 582	359, 302	371, 694	424, 254	433, 872	442, 701	426, 787	349, 198	273, 754	309, 483	382, 126		
MISCELLANEOUS PRODUCTS														
Explosives (industrial), shipments: Black blasting powder	76, 781 155. 5 96. 2 59. 3	128 94, 301 168. 0 102. 7 65. 3	165 86, 103 149, 6 88, 4 61, 2	195 88, 276 138. 9 78. 2 60. 7	238 80, 206 126, 2 69, 5 56, 7	186 79, 907 109, 4 60, 9 48, 5	133 70, 391 125, 5 172, 8 152, 7	139 67, 046 116. 0 65. 7 50. 3	66 73, 887 146. 6 87. 5 59. 1	58 77, 714 151, 7 93, 2 58, 5	86 88, 356 169, 8 104, 8 65, 0	44 83, 958 179. 8 112. 8 67. 0	70 81, 360 155, 1 99, 5 55, 6	
Sulfur (native): Production thous, of long tons. Stocks (producers'), end of month do SYNTHETIC PLASTICS AND RESIN	420 3, 734	3, 719	373 3, 655	390 3, 561	400 3, 553	477 3, 669	400 3, 698	357 3, 703	454 3, 776	444 3, 780	473 3,842	475 3, 830	487 3, 969	
MATERIALS Production: Cellulose acetate and mixed ester plastics: Sheets, rods, and tubes	3, 781 6, 854	3, 844 7, 730 188	4, 763 7, 655 51	4, 407 7, 109 72	4, 073 7, 124 85	4, 761 6, 137 74	3, 734 6, 652 89	3, 709 6, 305 73	4, 541 7, 569 94	4, 153 7, 057 88	4, 396 7, 475 103	5, 016 7, 924 106		
Phenolic and other tar acid resins	30, 830 72, 308 18, 126 83, 926 28, 260	42, 061 76, 211 27, 718 94, 675 30, 103	43, 879 73, 316 29, 036 97, 791 30, 335	42, 526 76, 152 27, 284 104, 584 30, 342	40, 046 73, 978 25, 926 98, 007 26, 569	39, 323 71, 256 23, 829 86, 709 25, 470	40, 764 66, 505 23, 987 87, 691 25, 304	40, 574 62, 685 22, 387 81, 149 24, 562	46, 311 71, 800 27, 043 93, 059 28, 540	45, 138 79, 456 24, 795 97, 541 30, 634	49, 661 85, 897 r 28, 823 104, 464 33, 569	50, 742 86, 564 23, 846 104, 414 33, 699		
Rosin modifications do Polyester resins do Polyethylene resins do Miscellaneous (incl. protective coatings) do	10,060 9,865 103,695 26,549	10, 883 11, 549 106, 950 30, 095	11, 154 10, 822 109, 339 30, 951	10, 758 12, 128 112, 886 33, 028	8,716 11,196 114,135 30,449	8, 552 10, 963 119, 675 29, 411	9, 308 9, 599 114, 482 31, 611	8, 801 12, 067 108, 309 31, 042	8, 815 14, 106 129, 264 35, 860	8, 950 13, 585 124, 859 38, 597	9, 045 15, 158 128, 955 37, 579	9, 952 12, 959 132, 789 38, 917		
		EL	ECTR	IC PO	WER	AND	GAS							
ELECTRIC POWER							i							
Production (utility and industrial), total‡ mil. of kwhr. Electric utilities, total	63, 528	74, 613 67, 255 55, 138 12, 117	69, 628 62, 581 51, 141 11, 440	69, 485 62, 252 51, 759 10, 493	68, 271 61, 410 50, 649 10, 761	72, 997 66, 202 54, 941 11, 261	73, 547 66, 559 55, 803 10, 756		71, 742 64, 641 50, 765 13, 876	68, 289 61, 280 47, 440 13, 840	71, 032 63, 660 49, 647 14, 013	72, 410 65, 191 51, 731 13, 460	75, 223 68, 202 54, 702 13, 500	
Privately and municipally owned utilitiesdo Other producers (publicly owned)do	51, 614 11, 914	55, 178 12, 077	51, 575 11, 006	51, 257 10, 996	50, 431 10, 979	54, 169 12, 033	54, 408 12, 152	48, 462 10, 801	52, 444 12, 196	49, 395 11, 886	51, 712 11, 948	53, 233 11, 958	55, 016 13, 186	
Industrial establishments, total do By fuels do By waterpower do	7, 166 6, 897 269	7, 358 7, 109 249	7, 047 6, 811 236	7, 233 6, 995 238	6, 862 6, 599 263	6, 794 6, 541 254	6, 987 6, 720 267	6, 484 6, 224 259	7, 101 6, 777 324	7, 009 6, 682 327	7, 371 7, 024 347	7, 219 6, 908 310	7,021	
Sales to ultimate customers, total (EEI) \(\text{LEI} \) \(\text{Commercial and industrial:} \) Small light and power \(Large light and power \(\text{Commercial and on the commercial and on the commercial and on the commercial and commercial and \(\text{Large light and power \(\text{Commercial and on the commercial and on the commercial and on the commercial and \(\text{Large light and power \(\text{Commercial and on the commercial and on the commercial and on the commercial and \(\text{Large light and power \(\text{Commercial and on the commercial and on the commercial and on the commercial and on the commercial and \(\text{Large light and power \(\text{Commercial and on the commercial and on the commercial and on the commercial and on the commercial and \(\text{Large light and power \(\text{Commercial and on the commercial and on the commercial and on the commercial and \(\text{Large light and power \(\text{Commercial and on the commercial and on the commercial and on the commercial and \(\text{Large light and power \(\text{Commercial and on the commercial and on the commercial and on the commercial and \(\text{Large light and power \(\text{Commercial and on the commercial and on the commercial and \(\text{Large light and on the commercial and on the commercial and on the commercial and \(\text{Large light and on the commercial and on the commercial and on the commercial and \(\text{Large light and on the commercial and on the commercial and \(\text{Large light and on the commercial and on the commercial and on the commercial and \(\text{Large light and on the commercial and on the commercial and on the commercial and on the commercial and \(\text{Large light and on the commercial and on the commercial and on the commercial and \(\text{Large light and on the commercial and on the commercial and on the commercial and \(\text{Large light and on the commercial and on the commercial and \(\text{Large light and on the commercial and on the commercial and \(\text{Large light and	56, 297 10, 139 27, 618	59, 014 10, 684 29, 064	58, 820 10, 690 28, 774	56, 655 9, 739 28, 625	55, 704 9, 225 28, 036	57, 491 9, 327 27, 882	59, 436 10, 137 27, 387	58, 101 9, 944 26, 856	58, 177 10, 275 27, 799	57, 212 10, 129 27, 668	57, 803 10, 755 28, 593	58, 903 11, 403 29, 332		
Railways and railroads	344 14, 991 1, 440 441 1, 256 68 956. 3	364 15, 523 1, 535 459 1, 318 67 987. 8	323 15, 760 1, 364 494 1, 348 67 997. 0	380 14, 915 1, 017 543 1, 378 58 961. 7	386 15, 223 810 582 1, 392 50 947. 0	462 17, 001 730 613 1, 420 56 975. 0	457 19, 430 (2) 623 1, 325 77 1, 010. 9	445 18, 839 (2) 560 1, 386 72 997. 6	418 17, 740 (2) 568 1, 345 3 122 981. 0	384 17, 013 (2) 570 1, 320 128 966. 8	370 16, 121 (2) 491 1, 326 146 968. 7	358 15, 827 (2) 471 1, 372 139 989. 3		
GAS							1							
Manufactured and mixed gas (quarterly):‡ Customers, end of quarter, total?thousands_ Residentialdo Industrial and commercialdo			2, 287 2, 141 145			2, 126 1, 985 140			l					
Sales to consumers, total \$\sigma\$ mil. of therms. Residential do do do do do do do do do do do do do	l	l	300 168 118			551 397 150								
mil. of dol.		l	43.0	<u> </u>		69.1	 -					1		1

Residential

**Revised. 1 Beginning January 1961, trade sales lacquers (formerly shown with industrial finishes) are included under trade products. 2 Effective January 1961, data formerly reported as rural have been assigned to other appropriate classifications. 3 Beginning March 1961, data include sales not previously reported.

\$States represented are: North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Tennessee, Arkansas, Louisiana, Texas, Oklahoma. According to quarterly reports from Virginia, consumption in that State is as follows (thous. short tons): 1960—April-June, 370; July-September, 75; October-December, 94; 1961—January-March, 258; April-June, 311.

9 Includes data not shown separately. TRevisions will be shown later as follows: Fertilizer imports (fuly-September 1959); superphosohate, etc. (January 1958-April-1959 and January-November 1959); for 1958 revisions, see n. 20 of the January 1960 SURVEY); electric power sales (January 1959-March 1960); manufactured and mixed gas (1st and 2d quarters of 1958 and 1959). 3 Effective with data for January 1959, certain sales formerly included with "small, etc." were transferred to "large, etc." Unpublished revisions (January 1959-February 1960) are available upon request.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of			196	50						19	61			
BUSINESS STATISTICS	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August
	ELI	ECTRI	C PO	WER .	AND (GAS—	Conti	nued						
GAS—Continued														
Natural gas (quarterly): Q Customers, end of quarter, totalthousands_			30, 289			31, 175								
Residential do Industrial and commercial do do do do do do do do do do do do do			27, 934 2, 321			28, 658 2, 477				-				
Sales to consumers, total mil. of therms. Residential do. Industrial and commercial do.			16, 286 2, 523 12, 927			22, 353 7, 482 13, 773							-	
Revenue from sales to consumers, total_mil, of dol			814. 4					I		1				
Residential dodododo			332, 7 455, 8			759. 1 565. 0			-					
	FOOD	AND	KINI	ORED	PROI	DUCTS	5; TO	BACC	O	·				
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES														
Beer: Productionthous. of bbl Taxable withdrawalsdo	8, 928 8, 603	9, 173 8, 989	7, 332 7, 519	6, 773 6, 571	6, 225 6, 411	6, 677 6, 552	6, 816 5, 828	6, 210 5, 573	8, 331 7, 358	8, 448 7, 070	8, 957 8, 218	9, 625 9, 201	9, 550 8, 935	
Stocks, end of monthdodododododo	11, 241	10, 887	10, 229	10, 017	9, 447	9,126	9, 738	10,004	10, 508	11, 400	11, 593	11, 416	11, 460	
Productionsthous. of tax gal Consumption, apparent, for beverage purposes © thous. of wine gal	9, 126 16, 748	10, 319 18, 303	11, 921 18, 633	16, 351 21, 423	16, 751 24, 718	15, 035 27, 743	15,405 15,069	15, 079 15, 892	16, 141 20, 241	14, 443 18, 326	15, 603	15, 789		
Taxable withdrawals thous, of tax gal- Stocks, end of month do	7, 644 835,782	9, 542 833, 699	10, 256 832, 603	12,708 832,656	11, 554 834, 998	7, 699 840, 364	7, 449 846,057	8, 652 849, 979	9, 969 853, 798	9, 339 856, 230	10, 240 859, 477	11, 307 861, 575		
Importsthous. of proof gal_Whisky:	2, 205 6, 874	2, 820 7, 285	3, 320	4, 356 11, 162	5, 088 12, 927	3,752	2,193	2, 269	2,910	2, 535	2, 914	3, 264	2, 437	
Productionthous, of tax galdodododo	5, 059 814, 039	6, 642 812, 166	8, 748 7, 704 810, 746	9, 981 808, 816	8, 776 810, 537	12,609 5,752 815,499	13,103 5,559 821,301	12,891 6,498 825,466	13, 070 6, 930 829, 421	11, 565 6, 381 832, 287	12, 352 6, 779 835, 974	11, 924 7, 313 838, 410		
Importsthous, of proof gal_ Rectified spirits and wines, production, total‡	1, 952	2, 546	2, 954	3, 843	4, 544	3, 333	1, 961	2, 014	2, 542	2, 237	2, 572	2, 899	2, 146	
Whiskydodo	5, 556 4, 382	6, 594 5, 064	7, 788 6, 062	10, 125 8, 137	8, 871 7, 098	5, 739 4, 168	5,057 3, 579	6,390 4,908	6, 785 5, 163	6, 431 4, 796	6, 983 5, 199	7, 775 5, 866		
Effervescent wines: Production thous, of wine gal Taxable withdrawals do	217	252	267	236	274	314	431	357	373	355	334	526		
Taxable withdrawals do Stocks, end of month do Imports do	144 2,774 51	$\begin{array}{c} 222 \\ 2.797 \\ 38 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 272 \\ 2,743 \\ 60 \end{array} $	399 2, 547 100	481 2,309 171	433 2, 161 136	231 2, 338 58	161 2, 566 42	225 2, 627 58	218 2, 753 52	$2, \frac{317}{717}$	284 2,922 67	46	
Still wines:	1,284	4, 466	56, 859	70, 470	12, 211	7, 347	2, 769	2,816	2, 559	2, 199	1,979	1,930		
Taxable withdrawals do- Stocks, end of month do-	9, 044 132, 309 586	11, 464 125, 733	13, 284 168, 517	$\begin{bmatrix} 13,349 \\ 226,129 \\ 977 \end{bmatrix}$	14, 834 219, 422	12, 987 208, 765	11, 765 200, 879	11, 885 188, 573	15, 283 177, 229	11, 855 164, 933	12, 467 156, 424	13, 413 140, 683 933	778	
Importsdododododo	2,366	717 17, 967	736 117, 035	125, 509	1, 270 29, 789	1, 034 18, 139	$\frac{697}{3,727}$	651 2, 865	905 1, 293	812 497	934 1, 139	914		
DAIRY PRODUCTS														
Butter, creamery: Production (factory); thous, of lb. Stocks, cold storage, end of month do	116, 985 179, 861	97, 990 169, 325	83, 985 135, 540	94, 600 116, 015	93, 620 90, 587	109, 200 76, 808	121, 810 75, 707	116, 520 80, 289	130, 990 97, 986	135, 665 121, 230	155, 050 158, 729	153, 835 7217, 831	130, 005 249, 769	256, 32
Stocks, cold storage, end of monthdo Price, wholesale, 92-score (New York)dol. per lb Phoese:	1	. 598	.618	616	, 623	. 619	. 611	. 611	. 612	, 612	. 612	. 612	. 612	
Production (factory), total‡thous. of lb_ American, whole milk‡do	97, 150	120, 635 84, 135	108, 905 72, 375	110, 585 71, 235		121, 180 77, 990	122, 625 84, 275	114, 955 77, 830		105, 025	173, 705 127, 405	132, 085	148, 090 109, 990	
Stocks, cold storage, end of month, totaldoAmerican, whole milkdodododo	360, 107 315, 728 3, 430	358, 914 317, 946 4, 382	346, 189 304, 237 5, 645	333, 011 291, 735 7, 115	328, 804 287, 718 8, 121	332,594 292,011 7,408	327,633 287,030 7, 259	332, 401 203, 505 6, 822	341, 984 302, 349 5, 610	368, 343 324, 940 6, 621	406, 937 357, 923 5, 186	r452, 861 r460, 283 7, 485	481, 885 423, 978 3, 932	442, 03
Price, wholesale, American, single daisies (Chicago) dol. per lb	. 392	.401	. 430	. 438	. 438	. 438	. 434	,412	.418	. 422	. 411	.408	. 408	
Condensed and evaporated milk: Preduction, case goods:‡ Condensed (sweetened)thous, of lb_	r 5, 724	7 5, 455	75, 695	76,038	* 5. 517	7 4, 799	r 6, 035	7.5,680	7 6, 065	£ 5, 625	7,110	5,780	5, 510	
Evaporated (unsweetened) thous, of 16 Evaporated (unsweetened) do Stocks, manufacturers', case goods, end of month:	222, 596	202, 802	170, 906	160, 250		139, 590		131, 300	7 181, 200	7 3, 625 7 206, 700	266, 500	252, 400	213, 900	
Condensed (sweetened) thous, of lb- Evaporated (unsweetened) do	4, 856 302, 101	5, 467 364, 741	5, 184 341, 169	5, 835 319, 174	6, 262 293, 379	6, 533 218, 315	5, 545 154, 947	5, 100 125, 468	5, 676 83, 145	5, 538 111, 046	4, 854 268, 750	7, 423 319, 629	6, 758 353, 472	
Exports: Condensed (sweetened)dododododo	3, 246 14, 035	3, 902 6, 773	3, 288 6, 220	3, 213 11, 141	4. 721 8. 168	2, 546 13, 990	3, 329 9, 405	5, 197 3, 789	4,608 4,359	4, 683 12, 852	2, 938 12, 030	3, 889 11, 765	4, 426 8, 537	
Price, manufacturers' average selling: Evaporated (unsweetened)dol. per case	6, 31	6, 31	6, 32	6. 33	6. 33	6, 33	6. 32	6. 31	6, 31	6, 32	6, 29	6, 29	6. 29	
Fluid milk: Production on farms; mil, of lb. Utilization in manufactured dairy products; do	10,750 4,235	10,006 3,681	9, 352 3, 207	9, 365 3, 426	8, 974 3, 318	9, 495 3, 782	9, 859 4, 066	9, 381 3, 858	10, 843 4, 505	11, 168 4, 729	12, 278 5, 532	11, 941 5, 495	11, 014 4, 593	10,26
Price, wholesale, U.S. averagetdol. per 100 lb_ Dry milk:	3.96	4, 14	4, 12	4, 57	4. 65	4.59	4. 45	4.31	4. 18	4. 01	3. 92	3.86	4.03	r 4. 1
Production: \$\frac{1}{2} Dry whole milk thous, of lb_	7, 700	7,600	8, 300	8,500	7, 450	7,600	6, 750	6, 480	7,500	6, 200	8, 250	7, 550	5, 850	
Nonfat dry milk (human food)do	158, 350 7, 205	121, cau 6, 405	5, 254	110, 900 4, 892	110, 300 5, 550	138, 350 6, 890	152, 200 7, 325	150, 200 6, 122	194, 300 5, 813	193, 500 5, 829	229, 000 6, 689	233, 800 10, 702	182,600 8,321	
Nonfat dry milk (human food)do	156, 882	137, 126	113, 795	110, 247	101,690	103, 077	103, 145	109, 041	104, 872	127, 154	156, 042	157, 176	176, 448	
Dry whole milkdododododo	21,923	1, 694 17, 922	1, 734 13, 573	1, 941 35, 090	1, 120 21, 085	22, 963	3, 201 19, 315	1, 308 11, 597	1, 353 13, 442	10, 494	219 21, 688	2, 781 32, 281	26, 852	
milk (human food) dol. per lb_	. 134	. 134	. 136	. 138	. 139	, 140	. 139	.139	. 143	. 155	.158	.159	159	

^{*} Revised. * Preliminary.

Q Totals include data not shown separately. Revisions for 1952-58 for total sales and total revenue (for 1st and 2d quarters of 1958 for other items; see footnote) are on p. 24 of the April 1960 Survey. Revisions for 1st and 2d quarters of 1959 will be shown later.

§ Effective July 1960, data exclude amounts classified as 'spirits'; such amounts now included with ethyl alcohol (p. 8-24). O Alaska included beginning January 1959.

‡ Revisions for the indicated items and for the periods specified are available upon request as follows: Distilled spirits, rectified spirits, and wines (except import data for these items)—July—December 1959 (scattered revisions); butter and cheese (total and American—January 1957—Une 1959; condensed and evaporated milk—January 1958—June 1959 and January-June 1960; dry whole milk—January 1952—December 1959; nonfat dry milk—January 1954—June 1959; fluid milk production—January 1955—December 1959; fluid milk used in manufactured dairy products—January 1955—July 1959; and January-March 1960; fluid milk price—June 1958—March 1960.

Inless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and			19	60						19	61			
descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	Augu
FOOD	AND	KINE	RED	PROD	UCTS	; TOI	BACCO	Э—Со	ntinue	ed .				
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES														
pples: Production (crop estimate)thous. of bu						1 108, 515								2 125, 1
Shipments, carlot	119 167	16 178	231 14, 120	1,087 44,598	1, 493 37, 539	1,718 28,100	1, 191 21, 665	1, 189 14, 958	1, 430 9, 219	1, 615 4, 506	1, 415 1, 590	† 507 † 288	r 299 207	2
itrus fruits, carlot shipmentsNo. of carloads.rozen fruits, juices, and vegetables:	4, 689	3, 658	3, 197	2, 188	3,076	8, 189	6, 035	5, 841	6, 506	5, 957	6, 625	r 6, 310	5, 003	3, 8
Stocke cold storage and of month.	430, 862	496, 852	522, 051	517,744	507,683	482, 688	449, 926	405, 768	348 949	300, 475	279,030	r 367, 970	482, 807	584,
Fruits thous, of lb. Fruit juices and purees do. Vegetables do.	554,600 634,794	453, 229 801, 345	413, 014 942, 145	353, 408 1,012,996	291,691 1,017,386	290, 730 983, 519	384, 114 877, 632	509, 681 847, 530	348, 949 527, 843 809, 594	578, 531 802, 726	676,670 747,172	7 686, 979 7 797, 839	605, 232 901, 303	510,
Ototope White.	1					1257, 435								2 278,
Production (crop estimate) thous. of cwt Shipments, carlot	7,741	5, 265 3. 836	7, 385	8, 758 3, 981	9, 388 4. 160	10, 388	11, 785 3, 692	12, 552 4. 200	16, 711 4, 325	15, 445 4. 533	17, 983 • 4. 586	19, 049	r 9, 292	5,
GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS	3.103	9.000	0.100	0, 501	4.100	4.000	5.092	4. 200	4, 323	4.000	V 4. 080			
aports (barley, corn, oats, rye, wheat) thous. of bu	66, 111	68, 721	83, 248	81, 262	86, 743	86, 241	76, 866	94, 351	109, 181	89, 143	96, 305	76, 677	79, 954	
arley: Production (crop estimate)do						1427, 018								2 380,
Receipts, 4 principal marketsdo	1	36, 708	19, 794	14, 429	13, 511	11,021	16, 294	13, 778	15, 365	10, 925	10, 566	11, 464	11, 213	
Stocks (domestic), end of quarter, total d.mil. of buon farmsdo			468 280			355 202			245 127			³ 152 ³ 64		
Off farms dodo	6,007	5, 995	9, 680	9, 304	7, 370	153 6, 584	6, 288	7, 480	118 5, 723	8, 399	8, 439	3 88 4, 506	3, 684	
Prices, wholesale (Minneapolis): No. 2, maltingdol. per bu No. 3, straightdo	1. 092 1. 013	1. 125 1. 026	1.122 1.012	1.148 1.069	1, 119 1, 025	1. 129 1. 037	1.139 1.043	1. 141 1. 054	1. 145 1. 060	1.176 1.095	1. 189 1. 097	1. 206 1. 124	1.454 1.328	1.
dorn:	1.010	1.020	1.012	1.000	1.020	1.00,	1.010	1.004	1.000	1.080	1.007	1.124	1.020	1.
Production (crop estimate) mil. of bu- Grindings, wet process thous of bu- Receipts, interior primary markets do	12, 370	13, 712	13, 080	13, 851	12, 396	1 3, 891 11, 034	12,172	11, 924	13, 393	11, 980	13, 412	13, 843	12,719	² 3, 14,
Receipts, interior primary marketsdo Stocks (domestic), end of quarter, total J. mil. of bu	28, 441	34, 077	21, 172 3 1, 789	29, 939	78, 466	29, 730	28, 599	39, 739	33, 442	40, 954	41, 163	32, 410	38, 418	
Stocks (domestro), end of quarter, totalo			³ 454 ³ 1, 335			4, 700 3, 060 1, 641			3, 655 2, 076 1, 580			2,809 1,439 1,370		
Exports, including meal and flour \(\text{t} \) thous, of bu. Prices, wholesale:	15, 960	20,028	13, 659	16, 556	27,784	28, 610	19, 598	18, 976	30, 068	24, 743	23, 853	21, 398	17, 159	
No. 3, yellow (Chicago)dol. per bu Weighted average, 5 markets, all gradesdo	1. 194 1. 135	1. 184 1. 110	1. 165 1. 037	1, 057 1, 014	. 960 . 942	1. 017 . 991	1.101 1.042	1.128 1.046	1. 106 1. 045	1.081 1.011	1. 131 1. 067	1.116 1.082	1.136 1.096	1. 1.
ats: Production (crop estimate)mil. of bu						1 1, 151	İ							
Receipts, interior primary marketsthous. of bu-	10, 198	39, 112	16, 046	6, 263	4, 461	2,820	6, 733	6, 363	4, 367	3, 678	9, 279	7, 280	10, 744	
Stocks (domestic), end of quarter, total d. mil. of bu- On farmsdo			1,085 963			851 766			556 482			3 324 3 267		
Off farms do do do do do do do do do do do do do	1	4, 065	121 5, 641	3, 841	1, 647	85 1,143	1,020	2, 760	74 2, 300	734	2,779	3 57 1,134	1, 568	
Exports, including oatmeal thous, of burrice, wholesale, No. 3, white (Chicago) dol. per burrice.	734	. 680	. 653	. 642	(4)	. 665	. 654	. 661	. 605	. 640	. 682	. 658	. 725	
tice: Production (grop estimate) thous, of bags \circ						1 54, 612								2 56,
California mills: Receipts, domestic, roughthous. of lbshipments from mills, milled ricedo	88, 282 81, 634	69, 890 32, 566	36, 072 25, 436	212, 208 38, 682	64, 197 47, 541	123, 031	129, 554 76, 570	96, 718	100, 931	49, 785	76, 160	87, 889	113, 901	
Stocks, rough and cleaned (cleaned basis), end of month thous, of lb.	51, 209	62, 212	58, 978	129, 902		98, 610 126, 435	133, 119	70, 856 125, 993	76, 069 118, 979	63, 243 87, 159	51, 180 85, 219	69, 215 77, 247	69, 888 83, 397	
Southern States mills (Ark., La., Tenn., Tex.): Receipts, rough, from producers	46, 938	100, 423	1, 245, 312	1,333,826	456, 749	270, 578	147, 889	125, 754 241, 328	111,908	77, 623	53, 426	45, 668	23, 581	
Shipments from mills, milled rice do Stocks, domestic, rough and cleaned (cleaned	207, 057	98, 679	201, 098	320, 686	272, 295	i '	257, 071		270, 652	216, 429	204, 361	126, 482	156, 441	1
basis), end of month mil. of lb. Exports thous, of lb. Price, wholesale, head, clean (N.O.) dol. per lb.	246. 3 130, 246 . 081	208. 6 42, 918 . 079	831.7 69,319 .077	1, 403. 4 187, 856 .078	1, 472. 3 213, 987 . 079	1. 322. 1 250, 046 . 081	1, 176. 5 244, 542 . 083	1,029.2 153,699 .083	842. 9 226, 193 . 084	615, 9 189, 757 . 085	454. 6 202, 878 .085	384. 6 64, 681 2. 087	251. 9 95, 772	
ye:	.001			.0.0	.072		.000	.000	.001	.000	.000	2.001		
Production (crop estimate) thous, of bu. Receipts, interior primary markets dodo Stocks (domestic), end of quarter, total dodo	3, 338	4, 832	1, 920	1,176	712	1 32, 491 529	460	679	1. 235	1, 019	1, 094	910	1, 325	2 25,
Price, wholesale, No. 2 (Minneapolis) dol. per bu	1, 083	1.068	35, 519 1, 106	1. 114	1.093	25, 646 1, 093	1.097	1.115	20, 115 1. 147	(4)	1. 129	3 14, 138 1. 123	1. 217	1.
Theat: Production (crop estimate), totalmil, of bu		<u> </u>				1, 350. 3								2 1, 21
Spring wheatdo						1 246. 4 11, 103. 9								² 15 ² 1, 05
Receipts, interior primary marketsthous. of bu- Disappearance (quarterly total)do	103, 693	87,874	47, 595 319, 451	33, 260	23, 809	18,159 279,693	34, 267	23, 834	27, 338 365, 618	15, 730	25, 279	33, 272 300, 835	93, 271	
Stocks (domestic), end of quarter, totalmil. of bu_ On farmsdodo			2, 345 550			2,067 421			1,705 256			³ 1, 407 ³ 136		
Off farms dodo			1, 795			1, 646			1, 449			3 1, 271		
Exports, total, including flour thous, of bu- Wheat only thous.	40, 950 37, 388	38, 479 34, 513	53, 776 48, 529	50, 831 45, 317	49, 594 42, 171	49, 785 41, 004	49, 691 44, 800	64, 442 57, 083	70, 346 61, 335	54, 645 48, 941	59, 719 52, 750	49, 211 45, 429	57, 371 50, 576	
Prices, wholesale: No. 1, dark northern spring (Minneapolis)														
No. 2, hard winter (Kansas City)	2. 287 1. 892	2. 120 1. 937	2. 146 1. 982	2. 157 1. 988	2. 146 2. 009	2. 142 2. 025	2.149 2.040	2, 150 2, 050	2. 154 2. 025	$2.171 \\ 2.004$	2, 217 1, 962	2. 269 1. 925	2.344 1.976	2. 2
No. 2, red winter (St. Louis) do	1.784 2.023	1. 817	1.852	1. 950	(4)	2. 073	2.145	2. 127	2. 106	(4)	1. 780	1.900	1.871	1. 2. 3

*Revised. **Preliminary. **Revised estimate of 1960 crop. **September 1 estimate of 1961 crop. **Old crop only; new grain not reported until beginning of new crop year (July for barley, oats, rye, and wheat; October for corn). *No quotation. *September 1 estimate of 1961 crop. **Old crop only; new grain not reported until beginning of new crop year (July for barley, oats, rye, and wheat; October for corn). *September 1 estimate of 1961 crop. *Old crop only; new grain not reported until beginning of new crop year (July for tscattered revisions for 1968–January 1960 for exports of indicated grain series will be shown later. *September 1 estimate of 1961 crop. *Old crop only; new grain not reported until beginning of new crop year (July for tscattered revisions for 1968–January 1960 for exports of indicated grain series will be shown later. *September 1 estimate of 1961 crop. *Old crop only; new grain not reported until beginning of new crop year (July for tscattered revisions for 1968–January 1960 for exports of indicated grain series will be shown later. *September 1 estimate of 1961 crop. *Old crop only; new grain not reported until beginning of new crop year (July for 1961 crop.) *Old crop only; new grain not reported until beginning of new crop year (July for 1961 crop.) *September 1 estimate of 1961 crop. *September 1 estimate of 1961 cr

Inless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of		Т	196	50						19	61			
BUSINESS STATISTICS	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	Augu
FOOD	AND	KIND	RED	PROD	UCTS	; TOI	BACCO)— Co1	ntinue	ed				
GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS—Continued														
Vheat flour: ‡ Production:														İ
Flourthous, of sacks (100 lb.) Operations, percent of capacity	19,420 90.1	22, 194 89. 5	21, 804 96. 1	23, 496 103, 6	22, 374 98. 6	21, 800 95. 9	r 22, 678 r 99. 4	r 21, 285 r 98, 4	7 22, 722 91, 0	r 18,744 r 86. 1	7 20, 790 87. 0	† 20, 377 † 85, 2	20,777 91.0	
Offalthous, of short tons_	371 44, 482	422 50, 810	411 49, 801	440 53, 610	417 50, 837	406 49, 585	r 422 r 51, 542	7 393 7 48, 251	7 418 7 51, 499	r 346 r 42, 492	7 386 7 47, 211	r 380 r 46, 266	390 47, 316	
Grindings of wheatthous. of bu_ Stocks held by mills, end of quarter thous. of sacks (100 lb.)	1., 102	00,010	4, 367	00, 010	00,001	4, 709	01,012	10, 201	4, 849	12, 102	11, 211	4, 234	11,010	
Exportsdodo	1, 548	1, 724	2, 281	2, 397	3, 227	3, 818	2,127	3, 200	3, 918	2, 219	3, 030	1,645	2, 954	
Spring, standard patents (Minneapolis) dol. per 100 lb_	5. 365	5, 250	5. 300	5. 330	5. 303	5.328	5, 280	5. 315	5. 335	5. 433	5. 473	r 5. 570	₽ 5. 598]
Winter, hard, 95% patents (Kansas City) § do	5. 050	4. 983	5. 083	5.090	5. 033	5. 050	5. 017	5. 050	5. 033	5.050	* 5. 033	7 5. 050	p 5. 214	
LIVESTOCK														
ttle and calves: llaughter (federally inspected):	374	450	514	516	502	451	407	385	455	378	381	364	341	
Calves thous, of animals Cattle do	1, 592	450 1, 787	1,782	1,746	1,625	451 1,576	1,632	1,435	457 1,627	1,502	1,754	1,785	1,628	
Cattle do	1,599 249	1, 992 388	2,092 783	2, 605 1, 319	2, 086 884	1, 634 541	1,826 476	1, 397 311	1, 629 402	1, 541 371	1, 751 339	$1,560 \\ 274$	1,573 258	
Prices, wholesale: Beef steers (Chicago)dol. per 100 lb_ Steers, stocker and feeder (Kansas City)do	25. 30	24.75	24.62	24.83	26. 00	26. 61	27. 02	25. 84	25. 32	24.73	23.09	22. 30	22.23	24
Steers, stocker and feeder (Kansas City)do Calves, vealers (Natl. Stockyards, Ill.)do	21. 81 25. 50	21. 23 24. 50	20. 91 25. 50	21. 59 25. 50	22. 54 28. 00	23. 61 30. 00	24. 29 33. 50	23. 70 36. 50	24. 50 32. 50	24.38 30.00	23.06 7 28.50	21.81 26.00	21. 70 p 25. 48	22
ogs: Slaughter (federally inspected)thous, of animals_	4,304	5, 203	5, 165	5, 407	5, 707	5, 753	5, 744	5, 078	6, 110	5,048	5, 597	5, 093	4, 320	
Receipts, principal marketsdodo	2,061	2, 466	2,330	2, 451	2, 597	2, 615	2, 586	2, 234	2, 530	2, 248	2, 569	2, 363	2,056	
Wholesale, average, all grades (Chicago) dol. per 100 lb	16. 57	16. 14	16.07	17.04	17. 06	16.68	16.82	17. 74	17. 26	16.90	16. 19	15. 91	16, 60	17
Hog-corn price ratio bu, of corn equal in value to 100 lb, of live hog	15. 2	15, 2	14.8	16. 9	19. 2	18. 1	17.1	17.6	16. 9	17.5	15. 7	15. 2	15.7	1
eep and lambs: Slaughter (federally inspected)thous, of animals_	1, 113	1, 240	1,323	1,353	1, 192	1, 114	1,300	1,117	1, 311	1, 247	1, 358	1,252	1, 126	
Receipts, principal marketsdo Shipments, feeder, to 8 corn-belt Statesdo	875 190	1, 165 474	1, 457 722	1,507 616	1,005 215	889 184	1,003 177	835 128	933 119	988 157	1, 152 212	864 142	860 201	
Prices, wholesale: Lambs, average (Chicago)dol. per 100 lb.	20, 25	18. 25	16. 50	16, 50	16, 50	16, 50	17. 25	17. 25	16. 50	15, 25	18.75	19. 25	17,75	P
Lambs, feeder, good and choice (Omaha)do	17. 95	17. 21	17. 34	15. 98	15. 95	15. 78	16. 59	16. 96	16.65	15. 75	14.04	14.95	14.44	į i
MEATS tal meats:					ľ									
Production (carcass weight, leaf lard in), inspected	1,834	2,097	2,081	2,110	2, 112	2,100	2,154	1,879	2, 211	1,945	2, 245	2, 171	1,898	
slaughter mil. of lb. stocks (excluding lard), cold storage, end of month	520		403	402	410		1			529	l '	i .	1	
Exports (including lard) mil. of lb. mports (excluding lard) dododo	532 69	461 88	89	103	78	423 89	444 75	470 74	477 69	58	523 79	7 496 78	444 94	
ef and veal·		94	68	56	43	51	59	50	71	80	63	93	92	
Production, inspected slaughterdo_ Stocks, cold storage, end of monththous. of lb_ Exportsdo_	976. 2 153, 322	1,091.6 160,876	1,094.5 171,243	1, 074. 1 182, 739	1,002.4 182,239	977. 2 183, 540	1,035.0 168,238	908. 9 156, 977	1, 042. 4 153, 366	952. 5 166, 358	1, 120. 3 164, 368	1, 132. 9 7 165, 878	1,032.3 168,695	178
mportsdo	1,770 51,718	2, 596 70, 735	2, 756 48, 636	2, 877 36, 300	3, 077 24, 778	2, 620 28, 581	2, 973 34, 537	2, 786 31, 029	2, 370 42, 604	2, 582 53, 493	2, 591 41, 635	2, 458 67, 594	1,895 67,320	
Price, wholesale, beef, fresh, steer carcasses, choice (600-700 lbs.) (New York)dol. per lb_	. 441	. 433	. 425	. 421	. 438	. 459	. 476	. 458	. 444	. 434	. 415	. 400	. 391	
mb and mutton: Production, inspected slaughterthous, of lb_	49, 974	56, 532	59, 347	62, 057	56, 561	54, 093	64, 972	57, 121	66, 856	63, 033	65, 485	57, 359	50, 579	
Stocks, cold storage, end of monthdodo rk (including lard), production, inspected slaughter	13, 178	13, 434	12, 644	12, 286	12, 424	12, 442	12, 316	11, 767	17, 618	22, 033	24, 312	^r 26, 014	24, 809	23,
mil. of lb_ork (excluding lard):	- 001.0	949.0	927.1	974. 2	1, 053. 4	1,069.2	1,053.9	913. 4	1, 101. 4	930.0	1,059.1	981. 2	814. 8	
Production, inspected slaughterthous, of lb_ Stocks, cold storage, end of monthdo	607, 007 294, 242		704,006 157,812	744, 573 143, 934	808, 536 153, 629	816, 207 170, 226	804, 286 200, 383	696, 199 285, 567	840, 157 243, 667	700, 683 269, 792	793, 092 268, 552	729, 085	612, 558 189, 125	
Exports dododo	3,006	4, 278 13, 227	7, 103 12, 568	6, 352 13, 842	7, 245 13, 530	6, 578 13, 382	7, 304 14, 569	6, 682 12, 693	4,579 17,552	4,876 12,618	3, 930 12, 176	6, 387 14, 425	6,000 13,962	
Prices, wholesale: Hams, smoked, compositedol. per lb_	1	. 469	. 445	. 472	. 476	. 526	. 491	. 487	. 486	. 459	, 456	7,440	p . 450	1
Fresh loins, 8-12 lb. average (New York)do	. 508	. 485	. 520	. 525	. 505	. 489	. 490	. 490	. 457	. 456	. 456	. 470	. 514	
Production, inspected slaughterthous. of lb_ Stocks, dry and cold storage, end of monthdo		169, 799 108, 900	162, 085 92, 500	167, 381 72, 400	178, 840 83, 400	184, 405 93, 500	182, 790 114, 300	158, 935 112, 400	191, 463 141, 200	166, 682 153, 100	193, 464 149, 100	184, 098 149, 600	148, 457	
Exportsdo Price, wholesale, refined (Chicago)dol. per lb_	42, 940	51, 186	42, 319 , 128	57, 920 , 133	32, 995 . 140	49, 381	40, 461 . 135	39, 997 . 158	33, 899 .158	26, 065 . 143	41,003	31, 894 7 . 121	48, 984 p. 125	
POULTRY AND EGGS]						1							
ultry: Blaughter (commercial production)mil. of lb_	526	631	656	718	638	518	477	378	460	491	602	632	629	
Stocks, cold storage (frozen), end of month thous, of lb	1	201, 111	292, 626	414, 384	352, 509	300, 708	298, 026	267, 538	228, 953	206, 271	188, 382		243, 871	313
Turkeysdodo	70, 891	112, 517	186, 057	282, 187	209, 941	160, 097	169, 292	152,383	126, 064	108, 325		7 106, 329	128, 257	185
dol. per lb_	. 171	. 160	. 150	. 151	. 149	. 148	.155	.170	. 163	.148	. 135	.120	. 118	
ges. Production on farmsmil. of cases ♀_ Stocks cold storage, end of month:	13.9	13.3	12.6	13.0	13.1	14.0	14.3	13. 5	15.7	15. 3	15. 4	14. 2	13.9	
Shell thous. of cases ♀.	1,029	746	483	269	96	76	80	49	49	78	238	7 365	314	
Frozenthous. of lb_ Price, wholesale, extras, large (delivered; Chicago)		158,094	139, 797	113, 743	. 523	64,144	54, 158	48,706	53, 965	66, 930		r112, 565	112, 610	1
dol. per doz. MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS	. 021	. 367	. 408	.493	. 020	.44/	. 370	.387	. 353	. 325	. 308	. 326	.347	
ocoa (cacao) beans:		00	15 000	15.000	1	04 10	00			00				
Imports (incl. shells) long tons. Price, wholesale, Accra (New York) dol. pe lb.	18,678	20, 129	17, 613 . 290	15,304	15,477	21, 465 . 255	33, 298 228	30, 993 226	32, 527	39, 265 229	39, 850 . 230	43, 205 . 215	48, 404	
Revised. Preliminary. Revisions for 19		1960 will b	e shown l	ater. §	Quotation	is are for	100 pound	s in bulk	prior to	1959 for 10	0-pound s		Cas es o	

September 1961	S	UKVI	CY OF	r CUI	RREN	L RU	SINE	SS						S-29
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and		==	19	60		-		 ,		19	161			
descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August
FOOD	AND	KINI	RED	PROL	UCTS	s; TOI	BACC	O—Co 1	ntinue	æd				
MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS-Con.]						_	
Coffee (green): Inventories (roasters', importers', dealers'), end of quarter. thous. of bagso' Roastings (green weight), quarterly total			3, 440 5, 083			3, 204 5, 774			2, 965 5, 928			3, 145 5, 321		
Imports do Gordon Brazil do Price, wholesale, Santos, No. 4 (New York)	1,625 803	2, 031 1, 057	1, 963 863	2, 078 784	1, 826 546	1,828 730	1, 951 621	1, 717 642	2, 234 841	1, 771 749	1,712 519	2,048 669	1, 632 481	
dol. per lb Confectionery, manufacturers' salestmil. of dol	. 369 62	. 364 84	. 369 135	. 368 129	. 365 128	. 366 110	. 368 106	. 369 106	. 378 103	r . 373 87	. 375 88	.378 r80	. 375 66	. 365
Fish: Stocks, cold storage, end of monththous. of lb Sugar: Cuban stocks, raw, end of month	193, 461	210, 519	222, 396	223, 188	237, 163	230, 463	203, 610	172, 880	157, 281	150, 157	157, 734	7 170, 225	⁷ 189,475	
thous. of Spanish tons. United States: Deliveries and supply (raw basis): Production and receipts:	2,910	2, 564	2, 305	2, 086	1, 661	1,335	1, 415	2, 325	4, 280	4, 215	4, 430	4, 365	4, 490	3, 724
Productionshort tons_ Entries from off-shore, total 9do Hawaii and Puerto Ricodo	29, 414 393, 966 226, 355	61, 750 296, 251 250, 283	127, 933 202, 533 141, 012	650, 761 145, 498 134, 105	867, 524 111, 737 59, 432	768, 200 81, 684 40, 838	288, 646 361, 519 83, 220	50, 734 173, 1 9 8 117, 917	47, 827 125, 126 139, 929	87, 573 738, 762 308, 408	54, 814 474, 367 331, 906	44, 141 296, 294 214, 975	309, 613 209, 113	
Deliveries, total	1,071,969 1,061,206 10,763 1,396	892, 447 882, 429 10, 018	842, 516 837, 525 4, 991 984	704, 375 699, 680 4, 695 1, 365	685, 437 683, 009 2, 428	720, 836 717, 104 3, 732 2, 327	629, 898 625, 878 4, 020 2, 337	651, 020 646, 092 4, 928 2, 209	764, 906 758, 499 6, 407 2, 124	686, 240 681, 089 5, 151 2, 011	969, 461 962, 011 7, 450 1, 785	831, 454 822, 452 9, 002 7 1, 559	» 1, 385	
thous, of short tons. Exports	414	1, 175 425	308	291	1, 946 193	276	262	352	389	457	375	591	608	
Raw sugar, total Qdododo	393, 494 211, 464 160, 409	327, 623 3, 280 192, 515	343, 856 0 25, 227	196, 617 0 41, 832	351, 845 0 45, 698	276, 073 0 34, 919	217, 799 0 56, 560	337, 491 0 103, 850	471, 485 0 163, 510	216, 614 0 116, 929	330, 276 0 140, 580	327, 078 0 119, 712	430, 140 0 138, 344	
Refined sugar, totaldo From Cubado Prices (New York):	56, 170 42, 434	26, 792 3, 750	23, 635 6, 375	23, 424 960	8, 789 180	6, 005 180	6, 811 0	7,865	21, 282 0	11,703 0	20,470	14,949	18, 973 0	
Raw, wholesaledol. per lb_ Refined: Retail§dol. per 5 lb_	. 066	. 064	.066	. 064	. 065	. 064	. 064	. 063	. 062	. 062	. 065	. 065	. 580	. 060
Wholesale (excl. excise tax)	. 087 8, 586	. 090 9, 132	. 090 9, 132	. 090 8, 050	. 090 7, 845	. 088 9, 710	. 088 8, 993	. 088 7, 734	. 088 10, 630	. 087 8, 997	. 087 9, 331	. 088 7, 699	p .087 8, 830	
Baking or frying fats (incl. shortening):* Productionmil. of lb. Stocks (producers' and warehouse), end of month mil. of lb	151, 8 109, 1	218. 1 108. 3	189. 4 111. 8	205. 1 117. 9	193. 5 105. 2	186. 9 120. 3	199. 1 106. 1	209.9	211. 8 119. 0	188. 6 132. 7	205. 8 139. 1	185. 9 128. 1	138. 0 102. 6	
Salad or cooking oils: Production	145. 7 50. 6	164. 9 48. 6	133. 6 41. 2	138. 9 42. 6	140. 7 42. 8	156. 1 57. 1	172. 4 73. 2	159. 4 110. 6	184. 5 157. 8	162. 4 181. 9	183. 8 190. 7	170. 4 153. 7	171.8 174.2	
Margarine: Productiondodostocks (producers' and warehouse), end of month	120, 1	135. 2	134.6	150.3	148. 4	158.3	175.3	155.9	139. 2	128, 8	138.7	132. 9	123. 5	
mil. of lb_ Price, wholesale (colored; delivered; eastern U.S.) dol. per lb_	35, 2 , 238	33. 5 . 238	33. 7 1. 235	32.9	31.4	32. 6 , 245	35. 3 . 247	35.9 r.257	42.8 r.267	34. 5 , 267	40.5 r.275	45. 4 . 275	36. 6 ₽. 275	
FATS, OILS, AND RELATED PRODUCTS						•					į			
Animal and fish fats:∆ Tallow, edible: Production (quantities rendered)mil. of lb. Consumption in end products¶do	24. 5 21. 7	30.0 28.2	27. 6 22. 6	28.0 27.6	30. 7 28. 3	27. 2 24. 7	30.0 26.1	34. 9 33. 8	35, 5 29, 5	34.8 29.3	41.3 30.6	37. 0 30. 6	31.5 27.2	
Stocks (factory and warehouse), end of month do Tallow and grease (except wool), inedible: ‡	23.0	23.8	27.0	24.7	24.8	26. 4	24. 9	24. 2	26.3	25, 5	31, 2	31.0	33, 5	
Production (quantities rendered)do Consumption in end products¶do Stocks (factory and warehouse), end of month	233. 9 117. 3	255. 0 161. 4	254. 3 157. 5	249. 6 161. 5	257. 8 151. 8	251. 8 147. 0	261.1 141.9	249. 9 136. 6	290. 5 150. 6	275, 4 145, 8	308.8 150.1	310. 4 155. 4	280. 5 106. 0	
Fish and marine mammal oils:‡ Productiondo	301, 1 40, 0	310. 7 36. 8	342. 7 29. 5	339. 6 22. 7	330. 8 9. 0	304. 8 7. 8	338. 4 . 5	347.1	348.5	333. 7 3. 3	349. 8 32. 8	329. 1 + 47. 2	371.1 52,4	
Consumption in end productsOdo Stocks (factory and warehouse), end of monthO	. 8.2	10.6	9. 1	8.3	8. 5	8.5	9.3	8.4	9. 4	9.7	10. 9	11. 3	9.8	
Vegetable oils and related products: Vegetable oils (total crude and refined): Exports	91. 9 122. 5 42. 6	95. 0 241. 6 37. 0	109. 5 59. 4 52. 5	96. 0 71. 2 47. 6	138.3 40.2	84. 3 156. 0 48. 1	84. 2 129. 9 38. 7	85. 6 86. 8 46. 5	73.3 49.4 41.0	71.8 149.1 36.2	92.3 72.2 45.4	121.0 30.5	154.0 84.4 56.2	
Coconut oil: Production: Crudedo	44.7 27.5	47. 9 36. 8	35. 9 32. 6	45, 8 36, 3	44.8 35.4	46, 2 30, 0	50. 6 31, 4	37. 2 29. 9	33. 7 35. 2	29. 7 37. 9	43, 9 43, 9	38. 0 45. 2	45.9 38.7	
Refined	35. 7 322. 4	54. 7 327. 0	49. 5 322. 6	53. 1 321. 2	48. 0 328. 5	42. 6 338. 6	45. 3 357. 9	43. 8 340. 3	51. 4 339. 8	54. 0 316. 6	62. 6 306. 4	60. 9 289. 0	50.9 295.7	
Importsdo Corn oil:* Production:	7.8	8.9	16.5	15. 6	16.1	16.3	13.8	12. 5	6.6	6.7	20.5	5. 2	•	
Crude do. Refined do. Consumption in end products do. Stocks, crude and refined (factory and warehouse), end of month mil. of lb.	27. 7 24. 3 24. 4 42. 6	29. 6 32. 0 29. 5 37. 7	27. 4 25. 5 26. 5 38. 7	28. 0 27. 6 29. 3 37. 9	26. 8 25. 1 29. 2 33. 4	24. 2 24. 3 25. 3 33. 2	25. 6 27. 9 24. 9 32. 8	24. 6 24. 5 25. 2 32. 7	27. 1 26. 5 26. 8 36. 4	28. 1 26. 3 24. 8 36. 5	29. 5 25. 3 25. 7 42. 9	30. 0 25. 8 25. 4 40. 5	24.1 24.7	

^{*} Revised. * Preliminary. ¹ Beginning September 1960, prices are based on a new specification and are not entirely comparable with those for cardior priceds.

**Beginning September 1960, prices are based on a new specification and are not entirely comparable with those for cardior priceds.

*Bags of 132.276 lb. † Revisions for January 1956-March 1959 and January-March 1960 for confectionery will be shown later; those for January-November 1958 for fats and oils appear in Census report. *Fats and Oils, 1958' (Series M28-1-08). * Includes data not shown separately. *Price for New York and northeastern New Jersey.

*New series; comparable data prior to December 1958 not available, except for corn oil which may be obtained from Census reports. AFor data on lard see p. S-28.

*Consumption data exclude quantities used in refining. OConsumption figures exclude data for cod, cod-liver, and other liver oils, and stocks include only the quantities of these oils held by producing firms. *Production of refined oils covers once-refined oils (alkali refined).

## PROD AND KINDED PRODUCTS; TOBACCO—Continued ## PRODUCTS; TOBACCO—Continued ## PRODUCTS; TOBACCO—Continued ## PRODUCTS	Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of		<u> </u>	Septem-	1	Novem-	Decem-	Janu-	Febru-	<u> </u>	1	961	Ī	Γ	1.
Treatable of sand related products Con. 1927 1938 1	BUSINESS STATISTICS	July	August	ber	October	ber	ber	ary	ary	March	April	May	June	July	Augu
Processing of without promotes—Can Cattorney-Can Cattorney-Can Cattorney-Can Cattorney-Can Cattorney-Can Cattorney-Can Cattorney-Can Cattorney-Can Cattorney-Can Cattorney-Can Cattorney-Can Cattorney-Can Cattorney-Can Cattorney-Can Cattorney-Can Cattorney-Can Cattorney-Catto	FOOD	AND	KIND	RED	PROD	UCTS	,; TOF	BACCO)—Co1	ntinue ——	;d	_			
Categories (crowlaters) . the experiment in the control of the con	FATS, OILS, AND RELATED PRODUCTS-Con.					1	1	1	'		1	1	1	·	
Services for ele multible, end of month do 304.8 305.0 70.0 1, 16.7 7, 20.0 1 10.0 3, 10.0 3, 10.0 8, 10.0 6, 69.1 305.0 10.0 50.0 50.0 50.0 50.0 50.0 50.0	Vegetable oils and related products—Con. Cottonseed: Consumption (crushings) thous, of short tons.	142.7	139, 8	412.9	758.3	742.1	612.9	666.9	595. 7	480.4	401.8	202.5	175.9	143, 1	
Cottomyretic former produces	Stocks (at oil mills), end of monthdo	104. 8	205, 0	701.9	1, 642. 7	2, 406. 0	2, 404. 6	1, 964. 3	1, 509, 8	1,059.6	668.1	395, 0	r 240. 6	188. 5	
The contraction of the contrac	Cottonseed oil: Production:	189. 9	157.7	137.1	167. 9	199.7	197.8	227. 2	239, 6	272.0	270.5	245, 5	196. 9	142. 6	3
Gold of month	Refined & do Consumption in end products do Consumption in end product do Consumption	46. 9 86. 9	55. 9	71.5	160.7	176.7	159.4	172.9	149.0	166.9	138. 2	118.6	80.0	55. 9	
Consumption fermishings) thous, of short from	end of month	286, 2 , 151													
Production, curde (rew) 1.	Consumption (crushings)thous, of short tons Stocks (at oil mills), end of monthdo Price, wholesale (No. 1; Minneapolls). dol. per bu_	33.0	30.7	70.0	108.0	99.7	103.8	100.3	99.0	100.1	81.9	61.3	45.5	45. 1	
Stocks, grade and refined (fectory and warehouse)	Production, crude (raw)mil, of lb_Consumption in end productstdo														
Seybeans: Hen formships) thous, of short tons. Stacks fat of mills, end of month do. 1,014.3 08.0.2 0.00.1 1,111.7 1,142.2 1,148.8 1,00.6 1,013.9 088.9 1,08.0 0.90.1 Stacks fat of mills, end of month do. 1,014.3 1,111.7 1,142.2 1,142.2 1	Stocks, crude and refined (factory and warehouse), end of month														
Severe este and meal*! Production: mills, ord of month: mills, end of month: mills, end of month: do. 20.0 182.0 1	Soybeans:‡ Consumption (crushings)thous, of short tons Stocks (at oil mills), end of monthdo	941, 3	962.0	806, 2	1,069.1	1, 111. 7	1, 143, 2	1, 149. 8	1, 036, 6	1,043.9	988.9	1,028,9	955. 6	929. 1	
Cented 4.0. 380, 0 380,	Soybean cake and meal:*† Productionmil, of lb_ Stocks (at oil mills), end of monthdo Soybean oil:	1, 441. 6	1, 484. 0	1, 239, 6	1,642.0	1,715.8	1, 767, 4	1, 783. 2	1, 593. 0	1, 603. 4	1, 517. 8	1, 562. 2	1,469.4	1,433.6	
Communition in end productist. do. 246.5 30.0 256.4 276.5 286.5 200.8 206.1 208.8 208.2 206.1 208.8 208.2 206.1 208.8 208.2 206.1 208.8 208.2 20	Crude‡ dododo	238. 5	306. 7	264. 3	271.8	279.5	295, 1	326.0	298. 5	319.5	291.2	313, 3	270.2	230.3	3
Price, wholesale (refined; N.Y.) dol. per lb	Consumption in end productsdodo	450. 5	311.8	307. 5	366. 3	446. 0	466.4	517.4	537. 2	624. 7	675.8	710.0	266. 5 r 761. 9	766. 6	8 6
Leafs															
Total	Leaf: Production (crop estimate)mil. of lb		-	-	.		1 1, 943				.		-	-	2 1,
Imports, including serap and stems. do. 11,325 14,649 14,333 14,341 12,340 12,391 14,102 15,061 13,231 14,448 15,434 14,649 12,452 14,001 14	total mil, of lb Exports, including scrap and stemsthous, of lb	20,560	37, 771	82, 922	81, 103		44, 574	22, 423	24, 674	28,740			27, 283	28, 087	<u> </u>
Chewfine, plug, and twist.	Imports, including scrap and stemsdo Manufactured products: Production, manufactured tobacco, totaldo	11,790	15, 796	15, 113	14, 910	14, 642	12,380	14, 456	13, 053	15, 916	14,076	15, 707	15, 853		<u>-</u>
Consumption (withdrawais): Clearetics (small): Tax-free Millions 2,502 2,984 3,221 3,491 3,206 2,997 3,083 2,84 3,642 3,173 3,450 3,685 Tax-paid Tax-	Chewing, plug, and twistdodo	4, 994 4, 881	5, 895 6, 722	5, 399 6, 874	5, 319 6, 709	5, 681 6, 107	4,824 4,800	5, 417 6, 089	4, 972 5, 680	5, 593 7, 290	5, 080 6, 406	5, 827 6, 696	6, 031 6, 588		
Tax-paid. do. 35,607 44,622 40,899 39,836 40,320 33,783 38,916 37,471 42,334 37,151 44,303 44,036 Clears (farge), tax-paid. thous, of lb thous, of l	Consumption (withdrawals): Cicarettes (small):														
Manufactured tobacco and snuff, tax-yaid thous, of bb 11, 906 15, 887 14, 501 1, 508 1, 939 1, 989 1, 907 1, 733 1, 606 1, 921 1, 880 15, 556 15, 339 1, 913 1, 915 1,	Tax-paiddothousands	35, 667	44, 622	40, 899	39, 836	40, 320	33, 793	38, 916	37, 447	42, 354	37, 151	44, 353	44,036		
LEATHER AND PRODUCTS	Manufactured tobacco and snuff, tax-paid thous, of lb	11,906	15, 887 1, 449	14, 501 1, 706			12, 372 1, 967	13, 991 1, 733			13, 660 1, 886	15, 556 1, 926		I, 913	3-
HIDES AND SKINS Exports: Value, total Q	DAPOTO, CONT.		1				LODU(1	1	İ	1	<u> </u>	1	<u> </u>	1
Exports: Value, total Q	LIDES AND SKINS	T	<u> </u>	1					 			<u> </u>			-
Cattle hides	Exports: Value, total 9thous, of dol				6, 962				6, 496						
Sheep and lamb skins	Cattle hides thous, of hides Imports:	- 557	586	514	646	921	692	740	605	837	523	569	537	699	9
Prices, wholesale (f.o.b. shipping point): Calfskins, packer, heavy, 9½/15 lbdol. per lb580	Value, total Q	2, 160	916	1,573	1,665	1,088	980	1,775	804	5, 127	3, 384	2,648	2,756	3, 182	2
LEATHER Production: 332 630 532 589 617 593 562 561 528 496 556 589 Cattle hide and stde kip⊕ thous, of bides and kips. 1,496 1,947 1,911 1,900 1,934 1,815 1,820 1,789 1,976 1,870 1,956 1,974	Prices, wholesale (f.o.b. shipping point): Calfskins, packer, heavy, 9½/15 lbdol, per lb	. 580	. 525	. 525	. 550	. 550	. 575	. 575	. 575	. 625	. 625	. 650	r.600	₽.625	5
Calf and whole kip—thous, of skins. Cattle hide and side kip⊕thous of hides and kips. 1, 496 1, 947 1, 911 1, 900 1, 934 1, 815 1, 820 1, 789 1, 976 1, 870 1, 956 1, 974 1, 974 1, 974 1, 975	LEATHER Production:						!	1		,	1	1			
Goat and kid⊕ thous, of skins. 1, 292 1, 449 1, 410 1, 371 1, 338 1, 183 1, 344 1, 071 1, 264 1, 175 1, 420 1, 462 1, 462 Sheep and lamb⊕ do. 1, 850 2, 838 2, 498 2, 502 2, 848 2, 367 2, 354 2, 42 2, 567 2, 473 3, 608 2, 818 Exports: Glove and garment leather thous, of sq. ft. 2, 856 2, 952 3, 798 3, 960 4, 149 4, 168 3, 875 4, 274 4, 351 5, 611 4, 292 4, 258 4, 336 4, 244 2 2, 567 2, 473 3, 689 2, 818 Prices, wholesale: Sole, bends, light, f.o.b. tannery dol. per lb	Calf and whole kipthous, of skins Cattle hide and side kip⊕_thous, of hides and kips	332 1,496	1,947	1,911	1,900	1,934	1,815	1,820	1,789	1,976	1,870	1, 956	1,974	1	
Glove and garment leather thous, of sq. ft. 2, 45t 2, 86c 2, 725 4, 277 3, 898 4, 403 3, 738 4, 903 6, 892 5, 158 6, 017 5, 504 5, 040 Upper and lining leather 2, 952 3, 798 3, 960 4, 149 4, 168 3, 875 4, 274 4, 351 5, 611 4, 292 4, 258 4, 336 4, 241 Prices, wholesale: Sole, bends, light, f.o.b. tannery dol. per lb	Goat and kid (thous, of skins the pand lamb (do Exports;	1, 292	2,838	2, 493	2, 502	2,843	2, 367	2, 354	2,442	2, 567	2, 473	3,008	2,818		
Sole, bends, light, f.o.b. tannery dol. per lb.	Glove and garment leather thous, of sq. ft	2,952	3, 798	3, 960	4, 149	3, 898 4, 168	4, 403 3, 875			5, 611		6, 017 4, 258	5, 504 4, 336		
	Sole, bends, light, f.o.b. tannerydol. per lb Upper, chrome calf, B and C grades, f.o.b. tannery		1	i				i l			1 1		1		1
TRevised. Preliminary. Revised estimate of 1960 crop. September Testimate of 1961 crop. Revisions for 1958 appear in Census report, "Fats and Oils, 1958" (Series M28-1-08); scattered revisions for January-March 1950 will be shown later. 7Production of refined of	dol. per sq. ft r Revised. ** Preliminary. ** Revised estimate	_} 1.333 - of 1960 ere	rop. 2 Se	September	r Lestimate	te of 1961 e	erop,								

September 1961	Ø	OIVE	or Or	CON	KEN.	r bû	OTIV DY	00						S-3.
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and			19	960						19	61			····
descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March ,	April	May	June	July	Augus
	LE	CATHI	ER AN	D PR	ODUC	TS—C	Contin	ued						
LEATHER MANUFACTURES														
thoes and slippers:¶ Production, total. Shoes, sandals, and play shoes, except athletic, total. total. By kinds: Men's. do.	43, 600 37, 568 6, 843	58, 122 48, 518 9, 265	48, 868 40, 001 8, 367	47, 476 37, 812 8, 285	45, 652 36, 194 7, 809	43, 023 37, 956 7, 883	50, 659 46, 809 8, 345	50, 305 46, 241 8, 465	57, 561 51, 597 9, 800	47, 021 41, 244 8, 702	48, 670 42, 211 8, 887	50, 088 42, 554 8, 495	42, 157 36, 778 6, 676	
Youths' and boys'	2, 114 20, 999 5, 481 2, 131	2, 373 26, 328 7, 361 3, 191	1, 997 20, 622 6, 190 2, 915	1, 879 19, 102 5, 585 2, 961	1, 659 18, 259 5, 442 3, 025	1, 812 19, 702 5, 582 2, 977	2, 105 26, 193 6, 856 3, 310	1, 993 25, 730 6, 762 3, 291	2, 120 29, 677 6, 542 3, 458	1, 842 23, 140 4, 776 2, 784	2, 080 23, 020 5, 218 3, 006	2, 097 23, 216 5, 963 2, 783	1, 896 20, 778 5, 139 2, 289	
Slippers for housewear	5, 179 410 443 155	8, 406 577 621 245	7, 734 563 570 217	8, 510 601 553 241	8, 301 588 569 210	3, 949 530 588 134	3, 115 439 296 129	3, 328 432 304 191	4, 915 573 476 252	4, 795 524 458 179	5, 490 528 441 135	6, 235 695 604 169	4, 682 302 395 139	
Men's and boys' oxfords, dress, elk or side upper, Goodyear welt	133, 5 146, 7 133, 7	133, 5 146, 7 133, 7	133. 5 146. 7 133. 7	133, 5 146, 7 133, 7	133, 5 146, 7 133, 7	133. 5 146. 7 133. 7	133. 5 146. 7 134. 8	133. 5 146. 7 134. 8	133. 5 146. 7 134. 4	133. 5 146. 7 134. 4	133. 5 146. 7 134. 4	133. 5 146. 7 134. 4	P 133. 5 P 146. 7 P 134. 4	
women's pamps, jow-meanin quanty	1.55. 1	į.	1		1	1	<u> </u>	1	194. 4	104. 4	104.4	104.4	7 134, 4	
		LUN	BER .	AND	VIANU	FACI	UKES	1	1			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	 	<u> </u>
LUMBER-ALL TYPES¶														
fational Lumber Manufacturers Association: Production, total mil. bd. ft. Hardwoods do Softwoods do Shipments, total do Hardwoods do Softwoods do	2, 701 540 2, 161 2, 617 473 2, 144	3, 209 531 2, 678 3, 069 495 2, 574	3, 003 510 2, 493 2, 897 473 2, 424	2, 796 550 2, 246 2, 695 496 2, 199	2, 544 508 2, 036 2, 461 466 1, 995	2, 247 432 1, 815 2, 337 423 1, 914	2, 263 400 1, 863 2, 271 410 1, 861	2, 302 421 1, 881 2, 258 428 1, 830	2, 696 404 2, 292 2, 856 452 2, 404	2, 507 330 2, 237 2, 758 384 2, 374	3, 005 381 2, 624 3, 065 494 2, 661	2, 885 388 2, 497 2, 933 407 2, 526	2, 509 381 2, 128 2, 598 404 2, 194	
Stocks (gross), mill, end of month, total‡do Hardwoods‡do Softwoods‡do	77, 693 71, 537 76, 156	77, 832 71, 574 76, 258	r 7, 938 r 1, 611 r 6, 327	7 8, 038 7 1, 665 7 6, 373	r 8, 122 r 1, 708 r 6, 414	r 8, 030 r 1, 715 r 6, 315	7 8, 024 7 1, 705 7 6, 319	7 8, 069 7 1, 698 7 6, 371	7, 912 71, 650 76, 262	7, 732 7, 596 7, 6, 136	77, 681 71, 573 76, 108	7,640 71,554 76,086	7, 559 1, 531 6, 028	
xports, total sawmill productsM bd. ft nports, total sawmill productsdo	68, 899 367, 136	63, 912 370, 988	74, 185 345, 196	69, 322 331, 708	61, 855 312, 168	69, 354 257, 600	49, 888 256, 238	53, 402 261, 562	62, 080 340, 258	56, 483 335, 434	86, 709 437, 508	68, 397 396, 660	60, 942 405, 887	
SOFTWOODS¶		İ												
Orders, new_ mil. bd. ft_ Orders, unfilled, end of month. do. Production. do. Shipments. do. Stocks (gross), mill, end of month. do.	643 515 574 611 1, 117	732 486 772 760 1, 128	659 440 706 705 1, 130	615 426 623 629 1, 124	618 436 598 608 1,114	576 412 553 600 1,066	548 422 604 538 1,134	539 445 567 516 71,187	863 586 694 722 71,159	626 529 644 684 7 1. 127	687 491 738 724 71,149	717 505 705 703 + 1,158	594 499 537 600 1,096	
Exports, total sawmill products	31, 587 18, 724 12, 863	24, 576 11, 847 12, 729	33, 460 13, 709 19, 751	29, 135 12, 880 16, 255	25, 912 11, 778 14, 134	28, 408 16, 425 11, 983	24, 422 12, 215 12, 207	21, 403 8, 305 13, 098	28, 554 11, 286 17, 268	21, 467 7, 797 13, 670	23, 503 13, 060 10, 443	25, 646 12, 591 13, 055	20, 186 8, 735 11, 451	
dol. per M bd. ft Flooring, C and better, F. G., 1"x 4", R. L. dol. per M bd. ft	80, 757	80. 235 129.819	80, 057 129, 734	79, 046 128, 679	78. 369 128. 246	78, 810 127, 400	77. 678 127. 400	76, 984 126, 955	78. 231 125. 641	81.360 126.064	7 80, 012 7 125, 364	79. 424 124. 050	v 79. 488 v124. 050	
nithern pine: mil. bd. ft Orders, new mil. bd. ft Orders, unfilled, end of month do Polydoution do Shipments do	502 203 534 507	559 198 561 564	545 174 566 569	535 167 564 542	493 162 544 498	459 165 458 456	493 196 464 462	451 209 441 438	680 278 564 611	550 290 522 538	591 256 613 625	548 227 579 577	522 213 512 536	
Stocks (gross), mill and concentration yards, end of month	2,099 11,003 3,643 7,360	2, 096 8, 545 2, 810 5, 735	2, 093 6, 426 1, 273 5, 153	2, 115 7, 042 2, 375 4, 667	2, 161 6, 136 903 5, 233	2, 163 5, 833 1, 521 4, 312	2, 165 4, 725 686 4, 039	2,168 5,081 1,186 3,895	2, 121 5, 242 783 4, 459	2, 105 5, 065 833 4, 232	2,093 7,342 1,116 6,226	2, 095 6, 556 1, 700 4, 856	2, 071 5, 070 768 4, 302	
Flooring, B and better, F. G., 1" x 4", S. L.	113. 2	111.4	110.3	108.9	107. 2	107. 1	105. 7	103. 9	105. 2	106, 6	106.9	106.8	1	
1947-49=100_ Orders, new	94. 1 703 378 691 664 1, 960 75. 950	93. 9 771 364 871 785 2, 046 72.280	93. 6 710 348 782 726 2, 102 69. 670	93. 6 644 322 684 670 2, 116 69, 650	93. 4 546 308 560 2. 119 69. 560	93. 4 607 332 542 583 2, 078 68. 750	92. 7 572 342 494 562 2, 010 70, 160	92. 5 543 321 554 564 2,000 70. 220	92. 5 835 489 644 668 1, 976 69. 720	92. 4 717 455 689 751 1,914 69. 890	92. 8 812 388 843 879 1, 878	92. 8 775 355 780 807 1, 851 73. 770	92. 3 723 372 732 706 1, 877	
HARDWOOD FLOORING AND PLYWOOD														
looring: Maple, beech, and birch: Orders, new	3, 925 12, 550 2, 175 3, 000 9, 275	3, 650 12, 050 3, 350 4, 100 8, 525	2, 550 11, 200 3, 225 3, 400 8, 300	2, 500 10, 200 3, 000 3, 050 8, 250	2, 950 10, 475 3, 125 2, 700 8, 650	2, 925 10, 550 2, 800 2, 625 8, 850	2, 950 10, 950 2, 900 2, 500 9, 300	3, 050 11, 460 2, 600 2, 675 9, 275	3, 400 11, 450 3, 050 3, 050 9, 275	3, 750 12, 520 2, 800 2, 700 9, 300	3, 400 12, 850 3, 100 3, 150 9, 200	3, 525 12, 000 3, 150 4, 300 8, 150	3, 200 11, 950 2, 775 2, 950 7, 850	
Oak: do. Orders, new	64, 029 35, 952 64, 001 63, 796 96, 267	81, 136 38, 170 78, 298 78, 917 93, 902	72, 246 34, 858 76, 248 75, 726 92, 397 207, 993	65, 882 32, 517 74, 340 70, 894 94, 590	59, 585 29, 014 69, 970 65, 148 99, 172	53, 501 26, 382 62, 376 54, 772 106, 776	ł	54, 2×1 30, 339 56, 559 53, 475 114, 790	ļ	68, 543 47, 326 60, 738 68, 538 100, 352	61, 978 41, 202 73, 610 69, 953 102, 264	63, 922 35, 403 70, 787 70, 586 99, 332	59, 257 34, 304 58, 588 62, 113 95, 807	

Revised. Preliminary. Revisions will be shown later as follows: Shoes and stippers, production (1958-April 1863); lumber—production, shipments, and orders (1957-February 1960); stocks (various periods prior to July 1960); exports and imports (1959). \$\frac{1}{2}\$See note "\bigset\b

S-32	<u>></u>	URVE	TI OI	· CUI	KKEN	r BU	21NE)						ертети	er 1961 ———
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and			19	60					1	19	61	,	1	
descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August
		MET	ALS A	AND N	MANU	FACT	URES						<u></u>	
IRON AND STEEL									İ					
Foreign trade: Iron and steel products (excluding advanced manufactures and ferroalloys): Exports, total†9‡thous, of short tons. Steel mill products*‡do. Scrap‡do.	741 331 401	1, 194 328 860	907 228 655	953 231 683	1, 009 234 733	771 162 571	770 132 584	948 147 777	969 168 780	888 138 683	1,319 159 1,118	1, 579 146 1, 388	1, 156 168 931	
Imports, total†♀‡do Steel mill products*‡do Scrapdo	242 177 18	253 184 15	299 207 15	268 180 12	239 199 11	231 189 17	179 145 19	177 152 14	249 211 20	274 235 22	321 266 17	351 277 18	359 300 11	
Iron and Steel Scrap														
Production and receipts, totalthous. of short tons Home scrap produceddo Purchased scrap received (net)do	4, 150 2, 555 1, 595	4, 650 2, 852 1, 798	4,536 2,736 1,800	4, 896 2, 829 2, 066	4, 370 2, 645 1, 725	3, 959 2, 408 1, 551	4, 164 2, 523 1, 642	4, 114 2, 505 1, 608	4, 999 2, 914 2, 086	5, 071 2, 936 2, 135	5, 782 3, 381 2, 401	7 5, 617 7 3, 365 7 2, 252	p 4, 957 p 3, 015 p 1, 942	
Consumption, totaldo Stocks, consumers', end of monthdo	4, 120 9, 700	4, 724 9, 629	4, 646 9, 514	4, 901 9, 513	4, 413 9, 472	4, 187 9, 252	4, 546 8, 876	4, 397 8, 591	4, 983 8, 613	5, 226 8, 465	5, 974 8, 293	r 5, 530 r 8, 385	p 4, 810 p 8, 528	
Iron ore (operations in all U.S. districts): Mine productionthous. of long tons_ Shipments from minesdo Imports‡do	10, 442 12, 723 3, 742	11,034 11,176 4,293	8, 789 9, 252 3, 070	6, 423 7, 426 2, 593	3, 959 3, 783 2, 011	3, 672 1, 142 1, 527	3, 322 1, 099 1, 634	3, 268 1, 137 1, 662	3, 618 1, 408 1, 226	3, 648 1, 617 1, 227	r 6, 604 r 6, 187 2, 041	8, 493 10, 006 2, 186	2, 627	
U.S. and foreign ores and ore agglomerates: Receipts at iron and steel plantsdo Consumption at iron and steel plantsdo Exports‡do	15, 705 7, 014 788	13, 894 6, 729 1, 162	11, 049 6, 356 849	9, 906 6, 694 466	5, 867 6, 362 126	2, 660 5, 895 89	2, 602 6, 218 92	2, 448 6, 060 51	2, 897 6, 953 77	2,756 7,113 134	7, 139 8, 313 372	11, 302 8, 545 763	12, 681 8, 518 662	
Stocks, total end of month do At mines do At furnace vards do At U.S. docks do	71, 383 10, 176 55, 776 5, 431	78, 936 10, 045 62, 942 5, 949	83, 699 9, 581 67, 634 6, 484	86, 241 8, 579 70, 846 6, 816	85, 849 8, 755 70, 351 6, 743	85, 237 11, 282 67, 116 6, 839	84, 730 14, 342 63, 500 6, 888	83, 235 16, 470 59, 887 6, 878	83, 114 18, 674 55, 831 6, 609	78, 567 20, 707 51, 474 6, 386	777, 673 721, 125 50, 252 6, 296	78, 708 19, 574 53, 019 6, 115	57, 292 5, 956	
Manganese (manganese content), general imports; thous. of long tons	103	100	109	85	89	94	81	93	78	36	142	64	92	
Pig Iron and Iron Manufactures Pig iron: Production (excl. blast furnace prod. of ferroalloys) thous, of short tons Consumption	4, 480 4, 405 3, 758 65. 95 66. 00 66. 50 755 803	4, 470 4, 616 3, 696 65. 95 66. 00 66. 50	4, 108 4, 274 3, 617 65, 95 66, 00 66, 50 695 900	4, 473 4, 500 3, 659 65. 95 66. 00 66. 50	4, 138 4, 116 3, 710 65. 95 66. 00 66. 50 569 836	3, 841 3, 838 3, 770 65. 95 66. 00 66. 50	4, 039 4, 125 3, 685 65. 95 66. 00 66. 50	3, 937 4, 053 3, 611 65, 95 66,00 66,50	4, 514 4, 634 3, 559 65. 95 66. 00 66. 50	4, 680 4, 839 3, 404 65, 95 66, 00 66, 50	5, 646 5, 864 3, 190 65. 95 66. 00 66. 50	5, 687 7 5, 871 7 3, 059 65, 95 66, 00 66, 50 666 1, 027		65. 95
Shipments, total	74 50 29	70 59 37	527 69 63 36	57 64 35	455 455 56 63 35	55 57 32	406 52 58 34	702 378 48 51 30	497 45 58 34	504 504 48 56 31	52 68 40	52 67 40		
Steel, Crude and Semimanufactures														
Steel ingots and steel for castings: Production	6, 351 77. 0 90 67 293. 4 79. 2 58. 2	6, 838 82. 9 102 77 299. 0 88. 3 63. 1	6, 458 80, 9 104 80 301, 7 93, 9 69, 6	6, 868 83. 3 103 80 277. 2 97. 2 73. 2	6, 172 77. 3 100 78 264. 8 92. 6 66. 8	5, 840 70. 8 108 87 268. 2 89. 6 64. 0	6, 416 77. 8 96 77 265. 6 95. 1 69. 5	6, 239 83, 7 93 72 263, 4 89, 1 64, 4	7, 086 85, 9 107 83 262, 0 96, 3 70, 4	7, 585 95, 0 94 71 264, 4 95, 6 70, 0	8, 981 108, 9 103 79 262, 3 105, 4 78, 3	8, 552 107. 1 109 84 258. 7 107. 6 79. 9	282. 5 72. 3 53. 9	P 8, 657 104. 9
Prices: Composite, finished steel (carbon)dol. per lb_ Steel billets, rerolling, carbon, f.o.b. mill dol. per short ton_	. 0698 95. 00	. 0698 95. 00	. 0698 95. 00	.0698 95.00	. 0698 95, 00	. 0698 95. 00	. 0698 95. 00	. 0698 95. 00	. 0698 95. 00	. 0698 95. 00	. 0698 95. 00	. 0698 95. 00	. 0698 • 95, 00	. 0698
Structural shapes (carbon), f.o.b. milldol. per lb Steel scrap, No. 1 heavy melting: Composite (5 markets)§dol. per long ton Pittsburgh districtdo	. 0617 31. 28 30. 50	32. 20 30. 50	31, 87 30, 50	. 0617 29, 52 28, 50	28, 33 27, 00	. 0617 28. 66 27. 00	. 0617 r1 32. 04 30. 00	, 0617 r 33, 38 32, 00	. 0617 r 36. 50 35. 00	. 0617 7 38. 94 37. 00	. 0617 r 36. 63 35. 00	. 0617 7 38, 49 37, 00	p . 0617 p 1 37. 78 p 36. 00	
Steel, Manufactured Products														
Barrels and drums, steel, heavy types (for sale): Orders, unfilled, end of month thousands. Shipments	1, 681 1, 762 455 277 399	1, 619 1, 892 603 411 536	1,607 1,847 555 392 484	1, 378 1, 715 419 274 358	1, 295 1, 711 319 189 272	1, 234 1, 604 346 196 298	1, 438 1, 639 289 171 237	1, 529 1, 634 292 171 239	1, 588 1, 937 374 217 312	1, 623 1, 797 371 218 304	1, 450 1, 959 416 244 349	1, 553 1, 968 r 455 r 265 384	472 291 408	
Steel products, net shipments: Total (all grades) thous. of short tons. Semifinished products do. Structural shapes (heavy), steel piling do. Plates do. Rails and accessories do. r Revised. r Preliminary l Effective January	4,711 174 321 354 91	5, 672 184 348 370 76	4, 983 180 324 373 51	4, 944 176 397 405 50	4, 516 183 367 388 58 ts: prices	4, 116 179 320 378 46 beginning	4, 638 166 308 378 64 January	4, 251 171 321 395 58	5,047 195 384 478 83	5, 133 171 377 458 83	6, 048 217 437 488 84	6, 134 221 440 489 94	5, 121 158 378 451 63	

Juless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and				60		,———i	l		,	19	61			1
descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	Augu
	MET.	ALS A	ND N	IANU.	FACT	URES	-Con	tinued	1					
IRON AND STEEL-Continued														
Steel, Manufactured Products—Continued teel products, net shipments—Continued				ļ									•	
Bars and tool steel, total thous, of short tons. Bars: Hot rolled (incl. light shapes) do	362	772 453	768 465	806 487	730 464	621 392	669 4 36	627 402	758 471	800 470	904 572	929 576	793 480	
Reinforcing do	183 74	223 91	208 88	229 84	176 85	148 75	141 86	141 77	189 91	237 88	220 105	238 108	224 84	
Pipe and tubingdo	515 195 581	559 243 555	543 244 425	483 224 363	432 204 308	407 182 288	489 197 577	425 190 466	544 251 528	566 266 524	647 301 609	739 299 605	615 232 543	
Sheets and strip (incl. electrical), totaldo Sheets: Hot rolleddo	1,856	1, 964 506	2, 075 585	2, 039 581	1, 845 500	1.695 450	1,790 485	1, 599 454	1,825 491	1,889 520	2, 361 657	2, 319 650	1,889 514	
Cold rolleddodo	977	994	1,026	1,004	906	866	872	743	847	885	1,126	1,079	861	
Orders, new (net) thous, of short tons. Shipments do	302 339	293 373	291 364	246 353	269 325	249 277	308 262	257 260	296 292	309 319	392 365	298 361	456 287	
Backlog, end of monthdo NONFERROUS METALS AND PRODUCTS	2, 490	2,389	2, 326	2, 291	2, 278	2,333			2,392	2,378	2, 458	2, 415	2, 517	
.luminum: Production, primary, domestic_thous, of short tons	177. 6	173, 0	162.9	167. 0	161.2	165. 5	161, 4	138. 6	152.0	144. 6	157. 5	159. 1	164. 7	
Estimated recovery from scrap∆do Imports (general):	29.0	33. 0	31. 0	32.0	29. 0	28.0	29.0	25.0	28.0	30.0	34.0	34.0		
Metal and alloys, crude‡ dododododo	12. 9 2. 0	14. 4 2. 6	10. 5 2. 7	16. 1 3. 2	14. 4 2. 7	11. 3 3. 4	10.8 3.3	8. 6 3. 5	15. 5 4. 7	12. 4 3. 3	16.8 4.2	17. 1 3. 6	15. 3 4. 1	
Stocks, primary (at reduction plants), end of month thous of short tons. Price, primary ingot, 99.5%+0dol. per lb	203. 6 . 2810	211.7 1.2600	225. 9 . 2600	248. 4 . 2600	257. 1	259. 5 . 2600	291. 4 . 2600	287. 4 . 2600	277. 9 . 2600	266. 4 . 2600	252. 9 . 2600	247. 5 . 2600	256. 9 . 2600	1.26
I the primary ments: Mill products and pig and ingot (net) :mil. of lb		422. 5	358.8	369.8	. 2600 369, 7	378, 5	341.6	349.3	396. 6	361.2	r 425. 0	424.1	. 2000	2
Mill products, totaldo	253, 1 143, 0	261. 4 139. 7	253, 2 134, 0	246. 4 128. 4	236, 9 127, 8	226. 4 121. 6	241. 3 131. 9	232. 5 124. 6	281.3 151.3	268. 6 143. 2	7 295.3 7 155.7	304. 4 159. 2		
Castings§dodo	45. 7	58.8	62.1	63.8	63. 4	63, 6	60.8	57.1	62. 5	60, 3	^r 63. 3	64. 4		
Production: Mine, recoverable copperthous. of short tons Refinery, primarydodo	86. 3 124. 7	90. 9 135. 6	97. 5 139. 4	7 100. 4 128. 2	7 98. 1 131. 9	7 96. 8 133. 3	97.3 127.4	88. 3 120. 0	100. 4 140. 1	90. 9 128. 7	102. 4 137. 8	7 98. 9 138. 1	92. 1 119. 3	
From domestic oresdo From foreign oresdo	88. 3 36. 4	97. 3 38. 3	101. 0 38. 4	93. 4 34. 8	99. 6 32. 3	101.6 31.7	89. 3 38. 1	86. 0 34. 0	107. 3	102. 3 26. 4	106. 1 31. 7	107. 6 30. 5	88. 9 30. 4	
Secondary, recovered as refineddo Imports (general):	23. 4	23.0	24. 6	25. 6	20. 5	21.3	24.7	18.7	21.5	24. 2	25.8	24. 9	18. 4	
Refined, unrefined, $scrap \oplus \ddagger$ do Refined do do do do do do do do do do do do do	34. 7 6. 8	55. 2 9. 0	36. 3 7. 7	48. 3 6. 6	26. 7 7. 1	32. 3 6. 2	61. 9 6. 0	33. 1 4. 8	28. 2 5. 1	36. 6 4. 4	26. 7 5. 2	39. 3 4. 7	50. 4 4. 7	
Exports: Refined, scrap, brass and bronze ingotsdo Refineddo	64. 5 45. 0	78. 4 58. 7	60. 5 42. 9	54. 7 37. 2	47. 2 30. 5	63. 5 47. 0	66. 1 49. 7	62. 0 44. 8	77. 4 60. 7	51. 9 36. 4	55. 4 38. 6	49. 4 31. 4	46. 8 29. 3	
Consumption, refined (by mills, etc.) do_ Stocks, refined, end of month, total do_	71. 7 196. 8	120. 8 198. 0	125. 8 187. 6	114. 0 206. 4	108. 9 219. 0	108. 8 228. 0	7 100. 1 228. 8	r 100. 2 r 229. 7	7 122. 4 213. 1	7 121. 2 7 194. 6	7 141. 8 7 182. 3	7 147. 2 7 165. 6	p 83. 4 p 197. 6	
Fabricators' do Price, bars, electrolytic (N.Y.) dol. per lb opper-base mill and foundry products, shipments	117. 2 . 3260	110. 2 . 3260	112. 8 . 3260	99. 8 . 3060	100.4	100. 2	96. 8 . 2906	94. 5 . 2860	92.9 .2860	7 100. 9 . 2860	7 98. 9 . 2998	7 98.3 .3060	p 136. 3 . 3060	3
(quarterly):														
Brass mill products mil. of lb_Copper wire mill products ⊕ do			445 364 196			458 378 198			448 361 195			r p 561 r p 406 r p 216		
Brass and bronze foundry productsdo ead: Production:		~~~	190			190			190			· • 210		
Mine, recoverable leadthous. of short tons	16. 6 33. 5	20, 2 41, 0	18. 6 38. 1	18.2 41.0	18. 0 38. 7	19. 2 36. 3	23. 2 36. 9	20. 8 35. 2	24. 6 38. 8	$21.9 \\ 36.5$	22. 8 38. 7	r 22. 9 38. 1	20.8	
Imports (general), ore⊕, metal‡dododo	33. 4 76. 8	35. 7 90. 9	24, 9 86, 9	22. 8 86. 0	26. 1 83. 3	26. 6 77. 2	25. 8 83. 7	26. 8 79. 7	37. 5 83. 4	35. 5 77. 6	32. 8 89. 1	23. 1 85. 7	35. 5	
Stocks, end of month: Producers', ore, base bullion, and in process⊕ (ABMS)thous, of short tons	143.8	144. 5	150.9	156. 0	140.0	145.1	197.0	129. 5	125.7	115.0	112. 4	r 110. 6	119.6	
(ABMS)	134. 1	136.5	136. 7	139.5	146. 9 151. 9	158.2	137. 9 169. 2	183.0	187.0	115. 0 194. 7	195.6	195.1	119.6	
Consumers' o'dodododododododo	125. 8 42. 8	128. 4 44. 0	118. 1 45. 6	110. 5 43. 6	107. 7 42. 2	94. 4 43. 7	94. 5 42. 8	91. 8 41. 6	94. 8 41. 0	109. 7 39. 5	110. 6 39. 6	106. 4 41. 2		
Price, pig, desilverized (N.Y.)dol. per lb	. 1200	. 1200	. 1200	. 1200	. 1200	. 1138	.1100	.1100	. 1100	.1100	.1100	.1100	. 1100	.1
Imports (for consumption): Ore⊕‡long tons. Bars, pigs, etc‡do	1, 160 2, 149	1, 555 3, 780	929 2, 872	1,001 3,262	512 2, 523	1,226 3,108	802 2,058	1, 188 1, 998	319 2, 261	1,373	223 3, 046	391 3, 020	558 4, 904	
Bats, pigs, etc+ - do - do - do - do - do - do - do - d	1, 500 240	2, 020 275	1, 800 290	1, 815 230	2, 525 1, 860 265	1, 725 225	1,750 225	1, 750 220	1, 900 230	1, 785 1, 815 220	1, 935 250	1, 915 250	4,904	
Consumption, pig, totaldododo	6, 520 4, 655	6, 995 4, 635	6, 030 3, 7 60	5, 600 3, 290	5, 475 3, 035	4, 915 2, 845	5, 965 3, 680	5, 505 3, 570	6, 490 3, 990	6, 410 4, 080	6, 860 4, 380	6, 970 4, 420	6, 090 3, 920	
Exports, incl. reexports (metal) dododododo	20,650	20, 370	22, 145	22, 910	22 22, 790	79 24, 798	125 $23,935$	22, 610	305 20, 645	120 19, 630	32 18, 600	30 18, 000	³ 22, 470	
Price, pig, Straits (N.Y.), promptdol. per lb_ ine: Mine production, recoverable zinc	1. 0349	1. 0285	1.0223	1.0328	1.0282	1.0114	1.0038	1.0098	1.0340	1.0708	1. 1003	1.1455	1.1625	1. 19
Imports (general): thous, of short tons	a r 37.3	⁷ 34. 5	r 30. 7	r 28.1	r 28.0	⁷ 36. 7	40.3	38.8	43, 2	38.1	39.6	⁷ 40. 1	36. 5	
Ores and concentrates # t do do do do do do do do do do do do do	40. 7 3. 7	35. 7 8. 1	40. 6 17. 3	30. 4 7. 9	$\frac{35.5}{11.2}$	27. 1 12. 2	30.0 6.2	29. 7 7. 6	39. 4 16. 5	25. 5 7. 6	33. 3 10. 6	$\frac{41.8}{10.9}$	31. 8 7. 4	
Consumption (recoverable zinc content): Ores ⊕dodo	6. 6 15. 0	5. 3 18, 2	4.8	6.0	5.6	8. 5 17. 2	8.1	7.4	5.9	6.8	6.6	7.1		
Scrup, all typesdo	10.0	10, 2	19. 6	19.9	17.8	17.3	18. 5	15. 6	18.5	16.9	19.3	21.3		
foreign oresthous, of short tons_ Secondary (redistilled) production, totaldo	70.0 3.7	59. 5 4. 4	56, 1 3, 9	58.7 4.3	56, 9 4, 0	69. 4 3. 5	74. 0 3. 4	66.3 3.9	73.6 4.4	69. 2 3. 6	69, 3 4, 3	68. 0 4. 8		
Consumption, fabricators', totaldodo	55. 2 2. 4	68. 5 7. 6	67. 0 9. 1	67. 8 4. 8	$62.7 \\ 7.8$	62. 2 14. 2	63. 8 9. 2	60. 6 6. 1	64. 3 6. 4	69. 6 3. 5	80, 6 2, 6	80. 4 2. 6		
Stocks, end of month: Producers', smelter (AZI)dodo	207.1	200.6	192. 5	190.3	182. 1	190.8	206. 4	215. 0	222. 9	219.0	213. 1	207.8	206. 6	188
Consumers' dododododododododo	72.3 .1300	68. 3 . 1300	67. 5 . 1300	65, 3 , 1300	69, 9 , 1300	66. 1 . 1248	62. 4 2 . 1153	60.0	59. ! , 1150	. 1150	7 60, 0 , 1150	59, 2 , 1150	. 1150	

⁷ Revised. p Preliminary. 1 See note marked "O". 2 Average based on actual market days; excludes nominal prices for other days. 3 Includes 3.933 tors held by GSA.

9 Revised (effective with the May 1961 Survey) to conform with results from the 1958 Census of Manufactures; revisions for 1955-59 are available upon request.

⊕ Basic metal content. △ Effective with the February 1960 Survey, data include estimates for nonreporting companies and are expressed in metallic content (including alloying constituents); aluminum content is about 39 percent of metallic content.

⊙ Effective August 1960, price refers to aluminum formerly called "processed pig" and now sold as "unalloyed ingot"; January-July 1960 price comparable with August 1960, \$.2600.

§ Data for 1968 have been adjusted to industry totals based on the expanded survey of producers introduced in January 1969; revisions for 1958 are shown in the January 1960 Survey to include monthly estimate of lead recovered from nonreporting secondary smelters and lead recovered from correporting secondary smelters and lead recovered from correporting secondary smelters and lead recovered from correporting secondary smelters and lead recovered from correporting secondary smelters and lead recovered from correporting secondary smelters and lead recovered from correporting secondary smelters and lead recovered from correporting secondary smelters and lead recovered from correporting secondary smelters and lead recovered from correporting secondary smelters and lead recovered from correporting secondary smelters and lead recovered from correporting secondary smelters and lead recovered from correporting secondary smelters and lead recovered from correporting secondary smelters and lead recovered from correporting secondary smelters and lead recovered from correct from correct from correct from correct from correct from correct from correct from correct from correct from correct from correct from correct from correct from correct from correct from correct from correct from cor

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of			196	30						190	61			
BUSINESS STATISTICS	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August
	META	ALS A	ND N	IANUI	FACT	JRES-	-Con	tinued						
HEATING EQUIPMENT, EXCEPT ELECTRIC														
Radiators and convectors, east iron: Shipmentsmil. of sq. ft. of radiation Stocks, end of monthdo Oil hurners: Abipmentsthousands Stocks, end of monthdo	1.3 4.3 34.9	1. 8 3. 8 46. 6	2. 1 3. 4 64. 6	1. 9 2. 8 64. 6	1. 5 2. 7 40. 3	1. 0 2. 8 29. 2	1. 0 2. 9 42. 0	1. 2 2. 9 37. 7	1.0 3.3 33.8	38.1	. 9 4. 6 38. 1	4.3 44.1		
Stocks, end of month	3. 3 105. 9	3. 6 162. 8	49. 4 4. 4 178. 7	45. 1 4. 7 169. 3	41. 6 4. 2 144. 5	2. 5 117. 9	2. 2 114. 8	2.6 124.8	48. 9 3. 5 150. 8	51. 5 2. 9 136. 0	2. 7 161. 5	2.9 167. 2		
toves, domestic heating, shipments, total△†do Coal and wooddo Gastdo Kerosene, gasoline, and fuel oildo	7 208. 9 25. 0 7 143. 2 40. 7	r 253, 9 36, 7 r 167, 8 49, 5	r 247. 1 44. 6 r 150. 8 51. 6	r 262, 5 45, 1 r 172, 0 45, 4	r 172. 5 27. 7 r 113. 4 31. 4	r 85, 7 10, 1 r 47, 4 28, 2	68. 3 8. 0 41. 2 19. 2	70. 9 8, 6 39, 3 23, 0	106, 3 11, 9 74, 2 20, 2	87. 8 15. 9 45. 7 26. 2	7 97. 0 20. 4 7 53. 7 22. 8	149. 1 22. 5 95. 3		
$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	7 97. 8 78. 1 18. 7 2. 4	r 130. 0 101. 9 26. 5 3. 6	145.3 109.4 33.7 4.4	r 137. 6 104. 2 31. 5 4. 0	7 98. 5 76. 8 20. 8 2. 3	772. 2 59. 2 13. 0	76. 6 61. 6 14. 1	78. 8 63. 1 14. 4 1. 3	80. 7 63. 8 15. 7 1. 1	81. 1 65. 7 14. 4 1. 0	90. 6 72. 1 17. 3 1. 3	86. 6 18. 9		
Vater heaters, gas, shipmentsdodo	240. 7	262, 1	212. 5	179. 5	161. 3	174. 0	213. 9	199.1	241. 2	252. 3	210. 7	173. 7		
Unit-heater group, new ordersdodo					-	34.9 23.4			7 38. 9 7 4 13. 8			'		
monthly average shipments, 1947-49=100 turnaces, industrial, new orders, net: Electric processingmil. of dol Fuel-fired (except for hot rolling steel)do	80. 0 1. 5 1. 2	92.4 1.1 4.4	158. 1 1. 2 1. 7	81. 7 1. 2 3. 5	106. 5 . 8 2. 1	101. 2 1. 2 . 4	.8 4.5	81.8 .9 1.9	99. 1 1. 0 2. 6	115. 2 . 7 . 3	101. 5 1. 4 6. 1	130. 8 1. 2 3. 5	1. 4 1. 3	
ndustrial trucks (electric), shipments: Hand (motorized)	499 502 1, 523	347 370 1, 624	465 508 1,867	394 506 1, 569	374 463 1,655	342 449 1, 628	375 343 1, 318	386 373 1, 595	394 499 1, 914	393 426 1, 892	385 372 1, 952	427 376 1,844	395 393 1, 753	
Machine tools (metal-cutting and metal-forming); New orders (net), total	42, 95 28, 35 51, 30 41, 40 3, 9	56, 85 42, 50 47, 90 37, 70 4, 1	52. 30 31. 85 53. 95 40. 25 4. 3	56, 20 42, 65 51, 35 35, 40 4, 3	49, 95 34, 45 48, 55 32, 30 4, 4	59, 00 35, 60 61, 35 40, 95 4, 3	56. 10 37. 65 45. 50 31. 40 4. 3	46, 40 33, 25 45, 65 31, 40 4, 5	70. 05 51. 45 54. 85 38. 95 4. 9	47. 65 36. 00 53. 70 39. 65 4. 9	49, 60 37, 65 57, 90 43, 95 4, 8	r 61, 50 r 37, 80 r 64, 20 r 42, 50 r 4, 8	p 55, 95 p 35, 25 p 51, 10 p 33, 95 p 4, 9	
Other machinery and equipment, quarterly shipments: Construction machinery (selected types), total‡\$ mil. of dol Tractors, tracklaying, total			230, 6 59, 7			175, 2 48, I			220. 9 57. 9	¹ 23. 6	1 22, 2	1 25. 2	1 20, 8	
Tractors, wheel (contractors' off-highway)do Tractor shovel loaders, integral units only (wheel and tracklaying types)			15. 6 58. 8			9. 3 44. 4			16. 1 54. 1					
excluding tractors		³ 234. 4	167. 1 52. 0			97. 3		Ì	r 224. 2 151. 6	1 53. 5	1 43. 2	222. 4 1 35. 2	1 22. 4	
ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT Batteries (automotive replacement only), shipments														
thousands Household electrical appliances: Ranges (incl. built-ins), domestic and export sales	2, 131	2, 550 123. 4	2,708 144.0	2,834 129.1	2, 634 119, 4	2, 822 114. 4	2, 761 109. 4	2, 321	1, 491	1, 334 128. 4	1, 694 131. 6	7 2,037	2, 053	
thousands Refrigerators and home freezers, output*_1957=100 Vacuum cleaners (standard type), sales billed thousands	96. 8 223. 0	64. 8 280. 6	89. 5 301. 9	91. 5 290. 1	87. 9 280, 6	106. 5 254. 6	99. 2 242. 5	124.3 257.9	116. 2 350. 0	123. 5 265. 0	121.1 240.9	145. 0 132. 0 242. 0	104. 0 113. 8 213. 9	
Washers, sales billed (domestic and export) Odo Radio sets, production\$do Television sets (incl. combination), prod.\$do	217. 7 890. 4 268. 9	296, 5 1,048, 4 462, 3	352. 7 21,945. 1 2 678. 9	305. 8 1, 727. 6 500. 0	275.3 1,468.8 429.8	223. 5 2 1, 521. 7 2 405. 5	228. 9 1, 090. 1 367. 9	227. 6 1, 115. 0 444. 4	305. 6 21,384.1 2497.5	209. 7 1, 124. 9 405. 8	247. 9 1, 196. 9 470. 4	304. 3 ² 1,626.3 ² 615. 1	228. 4 r1,030.4 r383. 4	₽1,381.7
Electron tubes and semiconductors, factory sales mil. of dol insulating materials and related products: Insulating materials, sales billed, index	72.9	87.6	91.0	85.0	79.9	77.2	72.0	73.4	92.5	78.0	75.8	80.9		
Steel conduit (rigid), shipmentsthous. of ft_	24, 562	³ 26, 815	28, 410	28, 707	123 23, 620	18, 274	22,597	3 21, 091	3 28, 487	125 30, 299	129 32, 264	139 44, 439	32, 190	
Motors and generators, quarterly: New orders, index			158 39, 958			134 35, 070			152 36, 913			38, 550	111 890	
Billings do. Direct current motors and generators, 1–200 hp: New orders, gross thou. of dol. Billings do.			40, 489 6, 648 5, 956			35, 935 5, 966 5, 669			35, 466 7, 034			7, 222	1 1, 921	

^{*}Revised. **Preliminary. **Prelimina

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and 1960										1	961			
descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August
	PI	ETRO1	LEUM	, COA	L, AN	D PR	ODUC	CTS						
COAL		ĺ												<u> </u>
Anthracite: Production	1, 186 290 85	1, 704 336 137	1, 580 339 149	1, 678 319 154	1, 692 327 176	1, 794 199 110	1,803 110 134	1,756 64 89	1,468 98 107	1, 197 153 12	1, 447 247 95	1, 372 178 159	7 1, 202 173 93	1, 535
Prices: Retail, stove, compositedol. per short ton_ Wholesale, chestnut, f.o.b. car at minedo Bituminous:	27, 28 13, 608	27. 33 13. 608	27. 34 14. 098	27. 55 14. 098	27, 64 14, 098	27. 88 14. 098	28. 34 14. 420	28, 56 14, 420	28, 56 14, 420	28. 56 14. 420	27. 47 r 11. 970	27. 47 11. 970	27, 64 12, 460	
Production thous, of short tons. Industrial consumption and retail deliveries, total g thous, of short tons. Electric power utilities do	25, 275 26, 587 13, 373	36, 449 28, 824 14, 698	34, 454 27, 453 13, 658	35, 257 30, 159 14, 304	33, 352 30, 537 14, 654	32, 846 7 34, 434 16, 673	32, 570 34, 702 16, 903	28, 970 30, 230 14, 730	29, 950 30, 470 14, 773	29, 220 28, 423 13, 500	34,250 r 28, 443 13, 574	28, 016 13, 722	26, 535 28, 238 14, 201	37 , 550
Railroads (class I) do Manufacturing and mining industries, total do Coke plants (oven and beehive) do	99 11, 878 5, 720	107 12, 282 5, 672	112 11,590 5,169	192 12, 929 5, 576	175 12,905 5,035	r 13, 625 4, 917	13, 727 5, 035	12, 403 4, 792	13, 421 5, 345	12, 969 5, 495	7 13, 587 7 6, 206	13, 180 6, 196	12, 935 6, 278	
Retail deliveries to other consumersdo	1, 119	1, 616	1,978	2, 609	2,729	3, 886	4, 069	3,097	2, 273	1,909	1,193	1,010	1,007	
Stocks, industrial and retail dealers', end of month, total	70, 235 47, 517 158	72, 662 49, 334 162	74, 458 50, 813 163	76, 206 52, 215 164	76, 730 52, 435 180	73, 244 49, 937 190	69, 194 47, 157	66, 463 45, 245	65, 183 44, 627	65, 007 45, 017	r 67, 893 46, 937	70, 698 48, 360	67, 139 46, 951	
Manufacturing and mining industries, total do Oven-coke plantsdo	21, 823 10, 343	22, 380 10, 742	22, 679 10, 918	23, 006 11, 083	23, 283 11, 204	22, 451 11, 029	21, 477 10, 484	20, 683 9, 789	20, 158 9, 551	19, 640 9, 332	r 20, 502 r 9, 852	21, 788 9, 931	19, 597 8, 496	
Retail dealers do	737 3,308	786 3, 888	803	821	832	666	560	535	398	350	454	550	591	
Exports‡do Prices: Retail, compositedol. per short ton	16.78	16.87	3, 448 17. 08	3, 763 17. 21	2, 882 17. 24	2, 322 17. 27	1, 867 17. 30	1,868 17.30	1, 959 17. 30	2, 541 17. 23	3, 392 16. 86	3, 402 16. 74	2, 775 16. 81	
Wholesale: Screenings, indust. use, f.o.b. ear at minedo Domestic, large sizes, f.o.b. ear at minedo	5, 156 7, 463	5, 156 7, 6 19	5. 149 7. 769	5. 149 7. 769	5. 149 7. 869	5, 149 7, 900	5, 149 7, 922	5. 149 7. 922	5. 149 7. 828	5, 037 7, 275	7 5. 018 7 7. 209	5. 018 r 7. 256	p 5. 018 p 7. 368	
COKE Production: thous. of short tons Beehive	53 3, 987 1, 132	78 3, 936 1, 250	62 3, 604 1, 166	57 3, 891 1, 153	61 3, 496 1, 145	3, 382 1, 202	50 3, 494 1, 260	61 3, 296 1, 121	70 3, 654 1, 237	67 3, 797 1, 248	78 4, 249 1, 218	r 78 r 4, 210		
Stocks, end of month: Oven-coke plants, total At furnace plants At merchant plants Petroleum coke At merchant plants Compared to the content of the	7 4, 050 7 2, 937 1, 112 1, 199	4, 271 3, 122 1, 150 1, 202	4, 452 3, 280 1, 172 1, 208	4, 629 3, 437 1, 192 1, 194	4, 707 3, 494 1, 212 1, 174	4, 757 3, 477 1, 280 877	4, 822 3, 485 1, 338 933	4, 781 3, 401 1, 380 933	4, 697 3, 285 1, 412 1, 025	4, 726 3, 256 1, 470 1, 102	4, 572 3, 094 1, 478 7, 1, 112	7 4, 358 7 2, 928 1, 430 1, 111	2,884	
Exports do Price, oven foundry coke (merchant plants), f.o.b. Birmingham, Ala dol. per short ton.	37 30, 35	32 30. 35	30. 35	30, 35	35 30. 35	30, 35	21 30. 35	26 30. 35	30. 35	23 30. 35	30. 35	30. 35	45 30. 35	30. 3
PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS														
Crude petroleum: Oil wells completed t	1, 813 2, 97 257, 522 86	2, 108 2, 97 255, 748 85	1, 734 2, 97 242, 999 84	1,875 2,97 245,157 81	1,835 2,97 236,789 81	2, 426 2, 97 248, 928 83	1, 880 2, 97 259, 349 87	1, 512 2, 97 236, 756 86	1, 950 2, 97 250, 964 81	1, 643 2, 97 234, 577 78	2, 050 2, 97 248, 973 80	1,734 2,97 239,579 80	p 2.97	
All oils, supply, demand, and stocks: 7 New supply, totaltthous, of bbl_ Production:	291, 271	296, 027	290, 536	297, 866	3 00, 1 55	309, 742	321, 640	291, 399	323, 645	304, 746	308, 676	287, 987		
Crude petroleum‡do Natural-gas liquids, benzol (blended), etc.‡do Imports:	212, 645 27, 884	215, 145 28, 621	209, 119 28, 092	215, 687 29, 732	213, 992 29, 519	221, 653 31, 509	223, 497 30, 974	204, 274 28, 240	231, 596 30, 896	219, 846 30, 053	221, 553 29, 655	213, 084 28, 723		
Crude petroleum	31, 191 19, 551 14, 219	32, 768 19, 493 8, 543	32, 691 20, 634 14, 347	31, 458 20, 989 14, 810	29, 980 26, 664 -4, 678	28, 677 27, 903 -48, 020	33,688 $33,481$ $-25,119$	28, 768 30, 117 -7, 223	33, 276 27, 877 14, 783	26, 969 27, 878 24, 135	33, 566 23, 902 16, 066	27,186 18,994 9,802		
Demand, total‡do Exports: Crude petroleumdo	277, 052 248	287, 484 89	276, 189	283,056	304, 833	357, 762	346, 759	298, 622	308, 862	280, 611	292, 610	· ·		Ì
Refined products1	5, 742 271, 062 135, 838 8, 067 34, 919	5,938 281,457 138,371 8,433 37,137	234 5, 393 270, 562 128, 530 8, 864 39, 683	352 5, 641 277, 063 126, 242 10, 475 45, 160	$\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 5,164 \\ 299,669 \\ 124,855 \\ 12,776 \\ 61,556 \end{array}$	512 5, 326 351, 924 124, 937 18, 769 95, 544	135 5, 014 341, 510 114, 455 18, 134 96, 362	295 4, 299 294, 028 105, 589 15, 111 74, 907	339 5, 108 303, 415 126, 592 11, 653 66, 351	316 5, 279 275, 016 119, 188 9, 020 53, 273	5, 690 286, 691 137, 153 9, 179 44, 269	435 15, 357 272, 393 138, 472 7, 804 37, 024		
Residual fuel oilt	36, 834 8, 732 3, 791 13, 848 14, 899	36, 240 8, 254 3, 692 15, 581 17, 946	37, 343 8, 723 3, 483 13, 727 15, 275	40, 849 8, 269 3, 479 11, 699 17, 992	48, 509 8, 472 3, 474 6, 827 20, 846	57, 051 8, 265 3, 265 3, 981 25, 540	58, 886 7, 986 3, 599 3, 077 25, 713	53, 078 7, 113 2, 801 2, 294 20, 639	50, 918 8, 761 3, 536 4, 639 17, 518	46, 085 8, 138 2, 998 5, 618 17, 508	39, 556 10, 621 4, 049 10, 364 15, 981	31,607 8,536 3,574 13,826 16,355		
Stocks, end of month, total do- Crude petroleum do- Natural-gas liquids do- Refined products do	793, 733 242, 745 32, 467 518, 521	802, 276 234, 091 33, 224 534, 961	816, 623 231, 966 35, 639 549, 018	831,433 232,990 36,122 562,321	826, 755 239, 528 33, 993 553, 234	778, 735 239, 800 28, 931 510, 004	759, 439 236, 769 23, 982 498, 688	752, 216 232, 063 23, 195 496, 958	766, 999 244, 921 27, 548 494, 530	791, 134 256, 145 31, 579 503, 410	807, 200 261, 440 35, 399 510, 361	817, 002 261, 056 38, 188 517, 758		
Refined petroleum products: Gasoline (incl. aviation): Productioni. Exports; do	133, 485 1, 115	132, 884 1, 160	127, 564 1, 107	126, 561 1, 130	123, 873 747	130, 787 745	131, 741 1, 044	115, 785 519	127, 630 542	118, 577 1, 134	127, 341 552	123,170		
Stocks, end of month; Finished gasoline	182, 193 13, 828 , 120	177, 795 12, 527	177, 667 11, 978 . 125	177, 660 12, 014 . 125	175, 419 13, 307	181, 169 13, 605	197, 874 13, 993 . 125	208, 759 13, 430 .125	209, 462 14, 198	208, 374 14, 150 . 125	198, 906 14, 493 . 115	183, 743		
Retail (regular grade, excl. taxes), service stations, 55 cities (1st of following mo.)dol. per gal * Revised. * Preliminary. 2 Includes data no	. 218	. 218	. 216	. 213	, 215			. 211	. 201	. 202	. 202			

r Revised. P Preliminary. Q Includes data not shown separately. ‡Revisions for 1958 will be shown later as follows: Oil wells completed (August and September); domestic demand—jet fuel (February-September); lubricants (January-August); for all other indicated items (January-September). §Includes nonmarketable catalyst coke.

**That for Aloska and Hawaii are included as part of domestic supply and demand beginning with January 1959 and January 1960, respectively; appropriate amounts for these States are reflected in data for all series affected. Data beginning 1960 for jet fuel and kerosene are not comparable with earlier data because jet fuel for use in commercial aircraft is now classified with kerosene; formerly, this product was reported primarily as "jet."

**See last sentence of note "#"."

Unless otherwise stated statistics through 1955 and 1960 1961														
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of				50 	NT	D	T	D.b. 1	<u>-</u> i	196	1			
BUSINESS STATISTICS	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	August
PE	TROL	EUM.	, COA	L, AN	D PR	ODUC	TS—C	Contin	ued					
PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS—Continued												ı	1	
Refined petroleum products—Continued ♂ A viation gasoline: Productionthous. of bbl	9, 374 888 12, 826	10, 017 977 12, 608	9, 666 915 12, 105	9, 453 914 12, 714	8, 994 564 13, 585	9, 606 506 13, 938	9, 908 833 13, 058	8, 582 302 13, 047	9, 512 385 12, 800	9, 390 961 11, 798	10, 083 390 12, 260	9, 479 926 11, 628		
Kerosene: § Productiondodo. Stocks, end of monthdodo. Price, wholesale, bulk lots (N.Y. Harbor)	11, 164 30, 499	11, 397 33, 379	10, 776 35, 408	11, 993 36, 977	12, 401 36, 722	13, 376 31, 445	13, 857 27, 365	12, 040 24, 471	12, 679 25, 666	10, 555 27, 348	9, 921 28, 384	9, 466 30, 305		
Distillate fuel oil:	. 102 56, 773 796 916 131, 044	58, 081 773 751 152, 158	54, 928 1, 005 484 168, 235	. 105 56, 262 897 580 180, 071	. 101 54, 877 621 556 173, 913	7, 098 59, 209 1, 097 641 138, 455	1.109 64,433 2,096 708 108,097	.117 63, 248 1, 054 329 97, 298	. 115 55, 967 1, 355 7 445 87, 950	. 110 49, 861 891 563 85, 003	. 105 52, 868 743 822 93, 636	. 105 52, 503 993 699 109, 513		
Residual fuel oil:	. 092 26, 265 13, 955	. 092 26, 125 14, 966	25, 779 15, 523	. 095 25, 755 15, 976	.091 27, 116 21, 885	7. 088 30, 873 22, 780	1,099 29,894 27,866	. 107 27, 758	. 105 27, 383	. 100 24, 990 22, 944	. 095 26, 551	. 095 23, 318		
Importst	875 43, 848 1. 80	1, 888 47, 177 1. 80	1, 357 50, 136 1, 80	1, 283 50, 003 1, 80	1, 304 49, 525 1, 80	1,515 44,870 1,80	1,176 42,934 1.80	25, 691 1, 014 42, 635 1, 80	22, 757 1, 322 40, 889 1. 80	1, 253 41, 848 1, 65	16, 647 1, 630 44, 137 1, 60	12, 330 1, 125 47, 362 1, 45	p 1. 45	
Production	7, 528 6, 892 5, 232 1, 478	7, 796 7, 343 4, 689 1, 088	6, 961 6, 431 4, 944 1, 258	6, 898 6, 034 4, 907 1, 386	7, 291 6, 020 5, 094 1, 353	7, 269 6, 456 5, 061 1, 389	6, 709 5, 991 4, 716 1, 045	6, 674 6, 417 4, 723 1, 508	8, 878 7, 131 5, 025 1, 587	7, 973 7, 783 5, 065 1, 374	8, 301 7, 621 5, 276 1, 545	7, 539 7, 876 4, 562 1, 326		
Production	9,032	8, 942 . 260	9, 149	9, 194	9,463	9,874	12, 376 . 260	. 260	12, 695 . 260	13, 388	13,072	12, 735 . 260	p. 260	
Productionthous. of bbl. Stocks, end of monthdo	11, 776 14, 259 6, 747 8, 701	12, 114 11, 284 6, 716 11, 601	11, 147 9, 110 6, 229 9, 345	9, 741 8, 141 5, 997 12, 129	6, 814 8, 593 6, 128 14, 953	5, 191 10, 142 6, 732 18, 974	4, 979 15, 200 6, 947 18, 977	4, 529 17, 647 6, 413 14, 481	5, 925 19, 189 6, 864 11, 186	7, 691 21, 638 6, 617 11, 240	9, 395 21, 269 7, 140 10, 181	10, 878 19, 275 6, 604 10, 067		
Stocks (at plants, terminals, underground, and at refineries), end of monththous. of bbl	28, 633	29, 683 6, 817	32,036	32, 578	30, 558	25, 536	20, 744	20, 020	24, 299	28, 304	33, 421	36, 918		
Asphalt roofing, total. thous of squares. Roll roofing and cap sheet do. Shingles, all types do. Asphalt siding do	6, 077 2, 079 3, 998	2, 567 4, 251 84	6, 829 2, 677 4, 151	6, 021 2, 299 3, 722	4, 592 1, 688 2, 903	4, 351 1, 656 2, 695	2,000 775 1,224	1, 665 655 1,010	3, 834 1, 446 2, 388	4, 709 1, 667 3, 042 62	6, 517 2, 139 4, 378	7, 266 2, 319 4, 947	5, 769 2, 041 3, 728	
Asphalt siding	112 1,739 91,925	142 1, 690 99, 144	125 1, 947 93, 986	117 1,828 86,823	82 727 78, 706	51 695 94, 572	52, 990	35, 189	73 60, 101	69, 043	98	108 r 107, 624	104 77, 084	
		PUL	P, PA	PER,	AND	PRIN	FING							
PULPWOOD AND WASTE PAPER														
Pulpwood: thous. of cords (128 cu. ft) Receipts	3, 282 3, 124 5, 185	3, 791 3, 545 5, 449	3, 624 3, 311 5, 795	3, 738 3, 588 5, 967	3, 249 3, 358 5, 891	3, 032 2, 966 5, 948	3, 449 3, 400 6, 471	3, 400 3, 222 6, 212	3, 516 3, 599 6, 169	3, 170 3, 510 5, 983	3, 357 3, 664 5, 424	3, 465 3, 560 r 5, 323	3, 269 3, 205 5, 380	
Consumptionthous. of short tons_ Stocks, end of monthdo	651. 2 543. 8	783. 1 541. 7	759. 4 537. 7	770. 1 544. 0	718. 9 547. 9	751. 8 561. 3	711. 7 519. 2	677. 2 514. 8	762. 2 519. 2	727. 9 516. 6	778. 5 536. 3	778. 2 515. 6	682. 0 533. 8	
## WOOD PULP Production:	1, 915. 1 76. 0 1, 119. 9 191. 4	2, 196. 1 102. 7 1, 276. 7 208. 1	2, 053. 7 81. 5 1, 182. 8 206. 5	2, 228. 2 97. 5 1, 298. 2 226. 7	2, 073. 6 90. 9 1, 194. 3 229. 6	1, 848. 3 83. 2 1, 039. 5 187. 3	2, 107.6 98. 9 1,218. 5 222. 1	1, 957. 0 91. 4 1, 151. 4 199. 7	2, 245. 0 106. 6 1, 310. 9 221. 1	2, 177. 4 96. 7 1, 277. 6 224. 8	2, 298. 2 113. 7 1, 335. 5 220. 8	2, 265. 5 99. 5 1, 325. 5 221. 7	1, 993. 0 79. 7 1, 167. 9 179. 0	
Groundwood	245. 4 92. 7 189. 8	274. 9 108. 6 225. 1	261, 1 110, 0 211, 7	283. 9 113. 5 208. 4	265. 5 100. 0 193. 3	261. 0 89. 8 187. 4	267. 7 96. 1 204. 3	242. 7 75. 1 196. 7	274. 7 104. 2 227. 5	256. 2 104. 0 218. 1	280. 8 117. 3 230. 1	266. 0 118. 9 233. 7	256. 4 102. 5 207. 6	
Total, all mills.	898. 9 300. 4 522. 3 76. 2	927. 3 312. 1 543. 3 71. 9	910. 7 301. 3 538. 2 71. 2	937. 6 322. 6 545. 9 69. 1	957. 0 341. 8 545. 8 69. 5	896. 8 294. 2 533. 9 68. 7	882. 0 317. 1 499. 1 65. 8	889. 0 312. 3 507. 1 69. 6	914. 0 324. 6 523. 6 65. 9	898. 4 338. 6 497. 4 62. 4	915. 1 349. 3 504. 7 61. 1	932, 4 356, 4 515, 2 60, 8	347. 3 526. 3	
Exports, all grades, total¶do Dissolving and special alphado All otherdo	102. 7 33. 9 68. 8	99, 5 32, 0 67, 4	107. 1 36. 3 70. 8	90. 2 30. 7 59. 5	97. 6 33. 2 64. 4	95. 3 34. 1 61. 2	88. 3 23. 5 64. 8	109. 5 31. 8 77. 7	109. 2 43. 3 65. 9	99. 6 36. 0 63. 6	107. 0 43. 4 63. 6	92. 9 34. 7 58. 3	36.9	
Imports, all grades, total¶ do	177. 4 12. 0 165. 4	230. 1 15. 4 214. 7	198, 5 13, 9 184, 7	198. 1 14. 4 183. 7	228, 6 19, 0 209, 6	175.3 9.3 166.0	185, 2 11, 7 173, 5	195. 4 13. 9 181. 5	207, 5 11, 5 196, 0	168, 0 11, 7 156, 3	208. 6 17. 6 191. 0	223. 8 10. 7 213. 1	190. 0 11. 8 178. 2	
PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS														
All paper and board mills, production: Paper and board, totalthous. of short tons. Paper	2, 567 1, 127 1, 174 10 256	2, 959 1, 285 1, 368 12 291	2, 820 1, 216 1, 305 12 287	2, 988 1, 340 1, 345 13 290	2, 794 1, 254 1, 278 12 250	2, 521 1, 165 1, 123 11 222	$\begin{array}{c} 2,793 \\ 1,295 \\ 1,257 \\ 10 \\ 230 \end{array}$	2, 639 1, 219 1, 214 10 196	3, 004 1, 354 1, 386 12 253	2, 940 1, 306 1, 360 11 264	3,070 1,340 1,427 11 291	7 3, 094 7 1, 325 7 1, 453 7 13 7 303	1,167 1,258 9	

^{**}Revised. **Preliminary. **Prices beginning 1961 not strictly comparable with earlier data. January 1961 prices comparable with December 1960; Kerosene, .115; fuel oil, .105.

**See similar note. p. 8-35.

**Revisions for 1958 will be shown later as follows: Aviation gasoline exports, distillate fuel oil imports, residual fuel oil imports, transfers from gasoline plants (January-September); distillate fuel oil exports (January-May and September); residual fuel oil exports (May and June); lubricants exports (January-August).

**See last sentence of note "6" for p. 8-35.

**Revisions for 1958 and 1959 will be shown later.

September 1961.	St	JRVE	Y OF	' CUR	RENT	BUS	SINES	SS						S-37
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and			19	60						19	61			
descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	August
	PUL	P, PA	PER,	AND 1	PRINT	ING-	-Cont	inued						
PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS—Continued														
Paper, except building paper, newsprint, and paper- board (American Paper and Pulp Association):												4.00-		
Orders, new Qthous. of short tons Orders, unfilled, end of month Qdo Productiondo	859. 8 708. 7 975. 7	893. 8 655. 1 1, 112, 7	865. 5 647. 6 1, 060. 3	966. 3 659. 0 1, 160. 1	856. 8 624. 6 1, 084. 5	818. 6 585. 8 1. 012. 4	933. 8 617. 9 1, 118. 1	903. 1 641. 2 1, 056. 2	1, 016, 1 665, 0 1, 175, 8	7 961. 8 7 682. 1 7 1, 147. 0	7 951. 8 7 643. 7 7 1, 156. 9	1 887. 0 1 596. 0 1 944. 0		
Shipments Qdo Stocks, end of month Qdo	806. 2 624. 3	934. 1 629. 8	882. 7 627. 1	950. 8 644. 0	879. 1 660. 9	844. 0 647. 4	898. 9 644. 5	867. 0 656. 9	976. 4 643. 1	r 934. 6 r 669. 4	949. 5 667. 6	1 935. 0		
Fine paper: Orders, newdododododo	122. 0 79. 4	144.0 82.2	129. 5 71. 2	142. 1 72. 6	142. 5 75. 2	133. 7 70. 0	144, 3 78. 0	153. 8 93. 2	163. 8 89. 9	r 157. 5 r 97. 6	r 157. 4 r 90. 5	153. 0 88. 0		
Productiondo Shipmentsdo	127. 1 125. 9 149. 4	148. 0 149. 3 156. 2	140. 6 137. 8 152. 5	144. 1 145. 8 155. 6	145. 1 145. 1 163. 1	133. 5 135. 1	142. 2 143. 2	142. 4 146. 7	7 160. 4 160. 4	r 155. 7 r 154. 6 r 154. 3	7 158. 9 7 154. 8 7 147. 1	155.0		
Stocks, end of monthdo Printing paper: Orders, newdo. Orders, unfilled, end of monthdo	392. 4	384. 5	375. 5	426. 9	375. 0	148.8 348.5	153. 0 412. 3	153. 1 397. 3	145, 2 442, 1	r 404. 7	7 39 5. 5	401. 0		
Orders, unfilled, end of monthdo Productiondo Shipmentsdo	418. 5 343. 2 344. 7	384. 2 400. 9 399. 8	387. 6 378. 3 381. 0	395. 6 407. 9 407. 7	368.3 389.2 389.4	332.9 374.4 375.0	366. 7 386. 0 380. 6	370. 3 371. 8 369. 0	394. 3 417. 0 413. 9	7 393. 9 7 381. 9 7 380. 8	7 361. 4 7 403. 5 7 402. 6	451.0		
Stocks, end of month do. Price, wholesale, book paper, "A' grade, English finish, white, f.o.b. mill dol. per 100 lb.	271. 3	272. 5	269. 7	269.9	269.8	269.1	274. 5	277. 3	280. 4	r 281. 2	r 282. 5	282. 0		
finish, white, f.o.b. milldoi. per 100 lb Coarse paper: Orders, newthous. of short tons	16, 95 292, 7	16. 95 310. 4	16, 95 307, 0	16.95 332.8	16. 95 281. 0	16.95 281.0	16. 95 319. 6	16. 95 295. 4	16. 95 345. 0	16. 95 r 341. 0	16. 95 r 337. 1	16, 95 333, 0	l.	
Orders, unfilled, end of monthdo Productiondo Shipmentsdo	161. 7 284. 6 282. 2	143. 8 329. 1 325. 9	148. 7 308. 5 307. 7	143. 2 336. 0 334. 7	134. 3 301. 8 287. 6	136. 1 278. 2 278. 0	129. 8 322. 0 312. 8	132. 7 299. 6 294. 5	138. 4 335. 5 339. 1	7 143. 4 7 339. 3 7 337. 7	7 143. 0 7 338. 9 7 332. 7	148. 0 329. 0 329. 0		
Stocks, end of monthdodo	119. 4	120. 2	126.3	125. 7	139, 2	138. 6	143.0	149.5	144.3	r 147. 7	r 148. 6	152. 0		
Canada (incl. Newfoundland): Productiondo Shipments from millsdo	555. 9 561. 5	570. 2 551. 8	570. 6 589. 9	591. 4 588. 2	604. 2 644. 8	533, 9 558, 1	545. 4 509. 2	511. 9 468. 8	571. 7 528. 1	549. 1 559. 5	591. 9 583. 1	558. 3 573. 0	554. 9 552. 7	
Stocks at mills, end of monthdo United States:	202. 4 157. 2	220. 8 179. 9	201. 4 161. 6	204. 6 184. 5	163.9	139.8	176. 0 184. 3	219. 1	262. 7	252. 3	261. 2	246. 4 165. 8	248. 7 170. 6	
Productiondo Shipments from millsdo Stocks at mills, end of monthdo	155. 9 33. 6	179. 9 171. 5 42. 0	167. 9 35. 7	183.3 36.9	174. 3 177. 0 34. 2	158. 8 167. 4 25. 5	166. 5 43. 3	163. 2 167. 7 38. 8	186. 0 177. 5 47. 3	162. 8 176. 4 33. 7	185. 9 179. 1 40. 6	170. 7 35. 7	163. 6 42. 7	
Consumption by publishersdo Stocks at and in transit to publishers, end of	419. 7	420. 4	454. 4	516.7	496.7	457. 3	422. 4	392. 4	469.1	479.3	485. 9	446.5	412.9	
month ofthous, of short tons	623. 7	646.0	654. 4	615.1	626. 0	628. 1	632.7	648. 4	610.7	594, 4	589. 4	593. 6	618.3	
Importsdo Price, rolls, contract, delivered to principal ports dol. per short ton	411. 1 134. 40	486. 3 134. 40	429. 2 134. 40	474. 8 134. 40	504. 0 134. 40	475. 1 134. 40	422. 3 134. 40	414. 7 134. 40	493. 5 134. 40	421. 2 134. 40	511. 9 134. 40	484. 2 134. 40	443.7 • 134.40	
Paperboard (National Paperboard Association):‡ Orders, newthous. of short tons	1, 195. 4	1,407.5	1, 311. 4	1, 389. 9	1, 272. 3	1,181.9	1, 212. 4	1, 241. 8	1, 453. 7	1, 304. 4	1, 462. 2	1, 409. 1	1, 237. 3	1, 540. 8
Orders, unfilled, end of monthdo Production, totaldo Percent of activity	457.8 1,171.4 78	418. 4 1, 435. 4 94	429. 1 1, 316. 2 88	418. 2 1, 398. 4 93	409. 4 1, 313. 2 86	$\begin{array}{c c} 371.7 \\ 1,211.9 \\ 73 \end{array}$	380. 3 1, 201. 0 87	399. 3 1, 218. 9 89	440.7 1,435.8 91	421.3 1,316.8 91	447. 6 1, 451. 9 91	426. 7 1, 425. 2 94	471.7 1,184.0 78	521.3 1,500.5 95
Paner products: Shipping containers, corrugated and solid fiber, shipmentstmil. sq. ft. surface area	8, 292	9,920	9, 707	9, 501	8, 781	8, 186	8, 254	8,082	9, 667	8, 936	9, 707	9, 927	8, 570	11, 170
Folding paper boxes, shipments, index of physical volume 1947-49=100.	105. 6	129.1	133.0	132.4	116.6	124.0	7 111. 9	r 109. 4	7 131. 1	* 117. 1	r 128. 2	r 132, 2	» 108. 3	
PRINTING]					
Book publication, totalnumber of editions_ New booksdo_ New editionsdo_	1, 385 992 393	² 1, 187 ² 976 ² 211	936 768 168		1, 181 955 226	1, 418 1, 125 293)						
100 (000)]	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>								
	ŀ	(UBB)	ER AN	ND RU	BBE	R PRO	DUCT	'S	,					
RUBBER Natural rubber:													i	
Consumption long tons Stocks, end of month Imports, including latex and guavule do	35, 201 76, 389 28, 605	37, 213 82, 385 39, 597	36, 718 82, 227 31, 828	36, 987 76, 116 26, 908	35, 917 71, 608 30, 412	31, 854 77, 275 39, 085	35, 149 80, 238 33, 751	31, 871 76, 412 26, 766	34, 908 72, 360 28, 737	33, 207 69, 019 24, 584	35, 284 63, 397 29, 871	35, 876 67, 873 34, 843	30, 019 70, 215 34, 242	
Price, wholesale, smoked sheets (New York) dol. per lb_ Synthetic rubber:	.418	.368	. 350	. 343	. 311	. 289	. 285	. 294	. 305	. 305	. 325	. 300	. 291	
Productionlong tonsdodo	116, 584 79, 771	121, 635 88, 960	112, 853 87, 721	110, 991 89, 194	110, 465 86, 582	104, 659 80, 424	105, 811 3 86, 201	101, 245 3 77, 733	112, 580 3 86, 008	108, 453 3 82, 813	3 90, 564	³ 107, 493 ³ 92, 712	3 111, 032 3 78, 358	
Stocks, end of monthdodododo	235, 693 28, 780	242, 740 30, 544	242, 959 24, 285	238, 591 23, 166	240, 038 23, 381	242, 791 23, 497	236, 247 26, 294	233, 036 26, 385	235, 627 27, 983	³ 251,272 23, 497	³ 248, 867 22, 942	³ 243, 167 20, 131	³ 253, 444 21, 921	
Reclaimed rubber: Productiondo Consumptiondo	21, 484 19, 100	23, 552 21, 286	22, 263 21, 929	23, 558 23, 077	22, 025 20, 841	20, 022 19, 757	22, 528 22, 052	19, 724 18, 550	21, 824 20, 558	21, 321 20, 736	23, 317 21, 989	25, 115 21, 983	19, 109 17, 299	
Stocks, end of monthdo	33, 624	33, 979	33, 949	33, 519	33, 783	32, 798	33, 101	33, 493	32, 695	31, 593	31, 663	32, 598	33, 271	
Pneumatic casings: thousands thousands.	9,788	9, 147	9, 184	9, 530	9,044	8,804	9, 221	8, 591	9, 212	8, 882	9, 604	79,919	8.881	
Shipments, total§do Original equipmentdo	10, 113 2, 735	8, 941 1, 578	9, 630 2, 950	10,014 3,589	8, 303 3, 425	7, 650 3, 087	9, 130 2, 449	7,004 2,191	9, 166 2, 448	10, 232	11, 192	11,709	9, 598 2, 023	
Replacement equipment dodododo	7, 228 150	7, 213 151	6, 560 120	6, 304 121	4, 772 105	4, 452 112	6, 590 91	4,722 92	6, 595 123	2, 934 7, 202 96	3, 377 7, 716 99	3, 123 8, 473 113	7, 490 84	
Stocks, end of monthsdo Exports (Bur. of Census)do	26, 108 119	26, 298 104	25, 893 110	25, 499 73	26, 290 76	27, 540 88	27, 682 79	29,338 83	29, 385 96	28, 033 85	26, 503 79	r 24, 800 76	24, 098 83	
[nner tubes: Productiondo	3, 261	3, 017	3, 024	3,067	2, 921	2, 913	3, 208	3,140	3, 359	2, 939	3, 190	2, 838	2,733	
Shipmentsdo Stocks, end of monthdo	3, 440 10, 627	3.308 10,254	2, 894 10, 446	3,000 10,589	2, 657 10, 859	2, 817 11, 034	5,076 9,394	3, 277 9,246	3, 588 9, 014	2, 902 9, 096	2, 795 9, 487	3, 323 8, 948	3, 046 8, 641	
Exports (Bur. of Census)do	102	107	84	137	71	110	57	75	82	80	77	58	58	

r Revised. p Preliminary. 1 June data exclude estimates for tissue and miscellaneous papers. 2 Data for months noted cover 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks. 3 Data for stereo and other elastomers (except polyurethane rubbers) are included as follows: Production, beginning May 1961; consumption, January 1961; stocks, April 1961. Q Data exclude estimates for "tissue paper." As reported by publishers accounting for about 75 percent of total newsprint consumption in 1960. ‡Revisions will be shown later as follows: Paperboard (1957–March 1960); shipping containers (1957–February 1960). §Motorcycle tires are included beginning January 1960.

nless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of			19	60										
BUSINESS STATISTICS	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	Мау	June	July	Aug
	ST	ONE,	CLAY	, AND	GLA	SS PI	RODU	CTS						
PORTLAND CEMENT														
roduction, finished cementthous, of bbl_ Percent of capacity	31, 982 88	33, 270 92	31, 181 89	31, 533 87	26, 469 75	20, 505 56	16, 744 46	15, 038 45	21, 851 59	26, 463 74	31, 102 84	31, 594 88		
hipments, finished cementthous, of bbl_tocks, end of month:	32, 964	36, 623	33, 862	33, 239	25, 232	15, 116	14, 302	14, 447	22, 148	24, 752	31, 313	34, 040		
Finisheddodododo	36, 611 27, 532	33, 244 23, 444	30, 505 20, 232	28, 841 17, 318	30, 095 16, 838	35, 525 20, 954	37, 939 25, 952	38, 553 29, 763	38, 237 32, 250	39, 948 32, 380	39, 789 30, 999	37, 353 28, 960		
CLAY CONSTRUCTION PRODUCTS														
hipments: Brick, unglazed (common and face)	224.0													
mil. of standard brick. Structural tile, except facing thous, of short tons.	624. 8 44. 4 179. 8	666. 8 44. 7 198. 6	610. 0 39. 4 186. 3	595. 9 40. 7	536. 7 40. 3	342. 4 32. 5	341. 6 32. 0	322. 8 27. 1	483, 2 37, 4	535. 6 40. 6	625.3 40.7	7 640. 4 7 38. 3	603. 1 37. 2	
Sewer pine and fittings, vitrifieddo Facing tile (hollow), glazed and unglazed mil. brick equivalent	35. 9	39.9	37.5	167. 9 38. 0	143. 3 37. 3	108. 1 31. 9	114. 6 30. 8	90. 2 28. 3	128. 0 34. 8	147. 6 33. 3	165. 9 r 39. 1	178. 7 r 39. 8	161. 2 37. 4	
Floor and wall tile and accessories, glazed and un- glazed	19. 4	21.3	19.9	18.9	17.7	16.6	15. 2	15.0	19. 1	18.0	20.0	21.0	18.1	
rice index, brick (common), f.o.b. plant or N.Y. dock 1947-49=100_	141.3	141.6	141.7	141.7	141.7	141.7	141.4	141. 4	141.4	141. 2	141. 2	141.2	141.3	
GLASS AND GLASS PRODUCTS					l									
lat glass, mfrs.' shipments (qtrly. total)♂ thous, of dol			67, 055			75, 964			r 59, 906			60,996		
Sheet (window) glass, shipmentsdo			26, 912 40, 143			31, 076 44, 888			22, 333 , 37, 573			26, 204 34, 792		
Hass containers:‡ Productionthous, of gross_	14, 224	15, 710	12,938	13,983	11, 451	11, 156	12, 287	12, 520	15, 171	13, 538	14, 127	15, 243	 	
Shipments, domestic, totaldodo	12, 665	16, 166	14, 052	12,876	11, 576	11, 307	11, 472	11, 178	17, 472	10, 951	13, 547	15, 684	13,026	
General-use food: Narrow-neck fooddodo	1, 340	2, 243	2,747	1, 461	1,043	998	1, 126	1,112	2, 161	1, 128	1, 186	1, 402	1,316	<u> </u>
Wide-mouth food (incl. packers' tumblers, jelly glasses, and fruit jars)thous, of gross.	3, 619	4, 648	4, 322	3,963	3, 466	3, 219	3, 444	3, 247	4, 809	2, 687	3, 423	4, 051	3, 886	
Beer bottlesdo	1, 172 1, 800	848 2, 299	610 960	570 861	724 1,012	965 1, 273	609 1, 163	596 1, 086	1,068 2,338	950 1, 586	1,310 2,309	1,756 3,189	1,269 1,979	
Liquor and winedododo	999 $2,594$	1, 273 3, 406	1, 310 2, 794	1, 579 3, 156	1, 367 2, 815	1, 128 2, 631	1,089 2,867	1, 200 2, 801	1, 422 4, 039	1, 151 2, 385	1, 243 2, 994	$1,360 \\ 2,761$	1,050 2,483	
Chemical, household and industrialdo Dairy productsdo	1,011 130	1, 248 201	1,099 210	1, 139 147	996 153	915 178	1,026 148	995 141	1, 434 201	972 92	985 97	1,047 118	929 114	
Stocks, end of monthdo	22, 134	21, 570	19,970	20,932	20, 686	20, 250	20, 613	21,830	19, 410	21, 777	22, 273	21,657	23, 070	
GYPSUM AND PRODUCTS														
rnde gypsum, quarterly total: Importsthous. of short tons_ Productiondo			1, 492 2, 706			1,509 2,358			850 2, 903			1,457 2,499		
alcined, production, quarterly totaldo		ł	2, 293			1,957	ł		, 1, 732			2,178		
ypsum products sold or used, quarterly total: Uncalcined usesthous, of short tons			971			887			749			005		
Uncalcined usesthous, of short tons_ Houstrial usesdo Building uses;			68			71			743 65			997 64		
Plasters:			328			273			203			276		
Base-coat do All other (incl. Keene's cement) do do		ì	345			275			222			277		1
Lath			531.3 1,561.6 66.0			408.0 1, 452.5 51.3			360, 0 71, 209, 8 43, 4			438. 9 1, 545. 9 64. 2	•	
The stricts			<u> </u>	1	1	<u> </u>	l 	1	10. 1		1	1 01.2		
	<u> </u>		TEX'	TILE	PROD	OUCTS)	1	·	<u> </u>	1	1	1	 -
APPAREL	1	10.000	10.000	10	10.0=:	1	10.000	10.000	,,	1				
Iosicry, shipmentsthous, of dozen pairs_ fen's apparel, cuttings:¶∆ Tailored garments:	11, 167	13,862	13, 321	13, 511	13, 874	11,640	12, 360	13, 016	14, 734	11, 779	12,727	14, 332	12,381	
Suits thous. of units Overcoats and topcoats do	1, 032 336	1, 780 548	11,715 1425	1, 684 332	1, 784 224	1 1, 650 1 170	1, 484 140	1, 460 172	1 1, 795 1 225	1,580 344	1,620 504	¹ 1, 550 ¹ 545	936 456	
Coats (separate), dress and sportdo	576	944	1 775	872	920	1 84()	796	708	1 950	940	1, 040	1 965	544	
Trousers (separate), dress and sportdo Shirts (woven fabrics), dress and sport thous, of doz	6, 812 1, 424	8, 520 2, 072	18, 105	6, 200 1, 980	5, 780 1, 972	1 5, 875	6, 296 1, 828	6, 616 1, 840	1 7, 780 1 1, 970	7, 312 1, 592	8, 096 1, 768	1 8, 135 1 1, 975	6, 368 1, 432	
Work clothing: Dungarees and waistband overallsdo	196	280	1 280	232	204	1 220	264	264	1 280	264	308	1 280	236	
Shirtsdo	248	352	1 310	316	292	1 260	252	296	1 350	304	296	1 285	236	
Vomen's, misses', juniors' outerwear, cuttings:△ Coatsthous. of units	2, 127	2, 693	2, 087	2, 276	2, 150	1,315	1,700	2, 185	2,137	696	1, 077	1, 986	2,081	
Presses do do do do do do do do do do do do do	15, 861 800	21,600 870	17, 824 521	19, 614 610	20, 022 627	15, 783 700	18, 413 1, 290	22, 124 1, 016	28, 968 1, 068	26, 512 499	24, 792 397	21, 867 843	17, 188 1, 004.	
Waists, blouses, and shirtsthous, of doz	7 1, 200	1, 383 996	1, 310 844	1, 277 907	1, 236 794	985 466	1, 239 576	1, 401 681	1, 669 889	1, 565 753	1, 368	1, 388 855	1, 161	

Inless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of	1			960	I,-	D.		1	<u> </u>	19	961	1	1	
BUSINESS STATISTICS	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	April	May	June	July	Augus
		TEXT	TILE :	PROD	UCTS	Con	tinue	ł						
COTTON													_	
otton (exclusive of linters): Production: Ginningssthous, of running bales_ Crop estimate, equivalent 500-lb, bales thous, of bales	140	, 819	7 3, 677	8, 420	r 12, 576	^{r1} 13, 327	⁷² 14, 052		³ 14, 265 ³ 14, 272				228	684 7 14, 26
Consumption 1do	562	685	4 801	667	644	4 726	637	637	4 795	647	668	4 824	540	14, 20
total¶\$	7, 560 7, 524 215 5, 919 1, 390 37	20, 979 20, 875 13, 880 5, 860 1, 135 104	20, 012 19, 912 11, 249 7, 689 974 100	18, 911 18, 818 7, 847 9, 957 I, 014 93	17, 552 17, 463 4, 108 12, 112 1, 243 89	15, 848 15, 768 2, 326 11, 967 1, 475 80	14, 238 14, 165 1, 401 11, 107 1, 657 73	12, 760 12, 695 1, 065 9, 823 1, 807 65	11, 022 10, 965 776 8, 244 1, 945	9, 801 9, 749 456 7, 258 2, 034 52	r 8, 796 r 8, 746 r 351 6, 354 2, 041 50	7, 801 7, 757 380 5, 436 1, 941 44	7, 164 7, 123 490 4, 749 1, 884 40	
Exports‡do Imports‡do Prices (farm), American uplandcents per lb_ Prices, wholesale, middling 1", average 14 markets cents per lb_	675 1 31. 4	113 90 32. 4 30. 8	193 22 32. 2 30. 5	439 1 31.5 30.2	721 (5) 30. 1 30. 2	982 1 28. 7 30. 2	979 (5) 27. 6 30. 1	845 (5) 26. 9 30. 4	842 3 28. 4 31, 1	584 3 29. 4	387 6 29. 6 31. 8	250 9 30. 9 32. 2	306 1 31.4 32.6	32.
otton linters: thous, of bales. Consumption the do. Stocks, end of month do.	79 41 465	88 44 405	4 112 129 386	101 226 449	93 221 530	4 108 186 591	90 198 652	95 153 670	113 138 681	104 114 662	104 84 594	7 4 133 50 7 517	77 39 471	
COTTON MANUFACTURES														
pindle activity (cotton system spindles):¶‡ Active spindles, last working day, totalthous_ Consuming 100 percent cottondo	19, 222 17, 521	19, 266 17, 561	19, 259 17, 652	19, 241 17, 618	19, 151 17, 507	19, 085 17, 471	19, 022 17, 450	19, 063 17, 451	19,058 17,430	19, 008 17, 360	19, 000 17, 346	18, 966 17, 297	18, 992 17, 279	
Spindle hours operated, all fibers, totalmillions. Average per working daydo Consuming 100 percent cottondo otton yarn, natural stock, on cones or tubes: Prices, wholesale, f.o. b. mill;	7, 861 7 393 7, 153	9, 418 471 8, 605	4 11, 244 450 4 10, 328	9, 204 460 8, 464	8, 923 446 8, 178	4 10, 253 410 4 9, 426	8, 760 438 8, 051	8, 940 447 8, 190	411, 196 448 410, 253	9, 096 455 8, 330	9, 312 466 8, 514	4 11, 259 450 4 10, 263	7, 530 376 6, 798	
20/2, carded, weavingdol. per lb_ 36/2, combed, knittingdo	. 661 . 941	.651 .936	. 651 . 936	. 646	. 646 . 926	. 642 . 924	. 642 . 916	.629	. 634 . 911	.641 .911	. 641 7. 914	. 641 . 916	p. 641 p. 923	
otton cloth: Cotton broadwoven goods over 12 inches in width, production, quarterly†	41, 045 38, 348 r 30, 12	24, 085 37, 632 r 30, 34	2, 193 28, 857 38, 823 r 29, 65	36, 179 26, 610 r 28, 59	2 4, 502 25, 896 7 27, 99	2, 236 40, 810 35, 294 r 26, 61	42, 327 26, 326 7 26, 05	41, 651 20, 618 7 25. 37	2, 245 43, 913 20, 868	38, 473 16, 477 r 24. 00	34, 435 20, 764 r 23, 68	39, 971 14, 338 7 23, 51	26, 837 16, 934	
Denim, white back, 10 oz./sq. ydcents per yd. Print cloth, 39-inch, 68 x 72do. Sheeting, class B, 40-inch, 48 x 44-48do.	38. 3 18. 0 17. 5	38. 3 17. 5 17. 4	38. 3 16. 5 17. 0	38.3 15.8 16.5	38.3 15.3 16.6	38. 3 15. 1 16. 5	38. 3 15. 0 16. 5	38.3 15.0 16.3	38. 3 15. 0 16. 0	38. 3 15. 0 15. 9	38. 3 15. 0 15. 9	38. 3 15. 0 15. 9		
MANMADE FIBERS AND MANUFACTURES														
iber production, quarterly total 9 † mil. of lb. Filament yarn (rayon and acetate) do. Staple, incl. tow (rayon) do. Noncellulosic (nylon, acrylic, protein, etc.)			447. 6 157. 4 76. 5 168. 7			419. 8 146. 1 77. 9 157. 9			7 441. 8 148. 2 90. 0 7 170. 2			470. 2 154. 6 92. 5 189. 6	6 52. 7 6 32. 0	
Exports: Yarns and monofilamentsthous, of lb Staple, tow, and topsdo mports: Yarns and monofilaments‡do Staple, tow, and tops‡do	8, 513 4, 391 314 3, 532	9, 091 3, 042 477 4, 161	6, 412 3, 591 314 3, 583	6, 994 3, 710 345 4, 171	6, 539 3, 557 290 3, 335	6, 243 3, 766 236 4, 326	8, 178 3, 029 276 3, 323	5, 901 3, 929 444 3, 976	6, 46I 4, 036 490 2, 872	8, 046 3, 370 527 2, 277	6, 444 3, 261 504 1, 870	4, 421 5, 216 519 2, 629	7,059 4,216 599 2,045	
tocks, producers', end of month: Filament yarn (rayon and acetate)mil. of lb_ Staple, incl. tow (rayon)do	62. 8 65. 2	65. 3 61. 0	68. 3 59. 1	68. 3 55. 1	68. 0 51. 1	65. 2 53. 9	63. 6 57. 4	59. 8 58. 4	57. 8 61. 3	58. 4 61. 3	59. 9 57. 0	60. 8 56. 3	63. 7 58. 6	
rices, rayon (viscose): Yarn, filament, 150 denierdol. per lb Staple, 1.5 denierdo	. 82 . 28	. 82 . 28	. 82 . 28	. 82 . 28	. 82 . 28	. 82 . 28	. 82 . 28	. 82	. 82 . 27	. 82 . 27	. 82 . 26	. 82 . 26	p. 82 p. 26	
fanmade-fiber broadwoven fabrics: Production, quarterly total \$\foatin \text{thous. of linear yd} Rayon and acetate (excl. tire fabric)			563, 969 334, 925 81, 096			585, 723 340, 941 75, 565			577, 928 344, 048 65, 972					
Exports, piece goodsthous. of sq. yd	11, 151	11,301	11,409	14, 682	13, 628	12, 464	10, 907	11,331	13, 410	11, 334	11, 188	10, 046	9, 532	
nports, raw‡thous. of lbrice, raw, AA, 20-22 denierdol. per lbroduction, fabric, qtrly. total‡thous. of linear yd	594 4. 59	938 4, 79	661 4, 92 6, 739	544 4, 86	544 4.75	423 4, 78 6, 679	509 5, 14	342 5. 03	522 5, 12 5, 781	449 5. 09	566 5.20	540 5. 18	419 p 5, 22	
ool consumption, mill (clean basis):¶‡														
Apparel class thous, of lb_Carpet class do	18, 533 9, 024	20, 444 14, 504	4 22, 649 4 15, 337	17, 629 12, 225	15, 876 11, 736	4 17, 398 4 13, 986	16, 865 12, 090	17, 910 11, 457		20, 144 10, 198		4 27, 206 * 4 12, 925	19, 306 9, 294	
Vool imports, clean content‡do Apparel class, clean content‡do	18, 954 7, 597	19, 205 7, 800	17, 921 7, 239	17, 632 6, 715	15,182 $6,225$	14, 953 7, 606	21, 547 9, 516	18, 975 7, 305	24, 430 11, 904	22, 706 12, 078	20, 851 10, 238	20, 490 10, 134	24, 648 12, 223	

^{*}Revised. **Preliminary. **1 Ginnings to December 13. a Ginnings to January 15. ** Total ginnings of 1960 crop. ** Data cover a 5-week period. ** Less than 500 bales. ** Data are for month shown. ** Teptember 1 estimate of 1961 crop. ** Total ginnings to end of month indicated, except as noted. ** Duta for September and December 1960 and March and June 1961 cover 5-week periods and for other months, 4 weeks; cotton stocks and number of active spindles are for end of period covered. ** The special covered.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1958 and	1960							1961							
descriptive notes are shown in the 1959 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	July	August	Septem- ber	October	Novem- ber	Decem- ber	Janu- ary	Febru- ary	March	A pril	May	June	July	August	
		TEXT	TLE	PROD	UCTS	-Con	tinuec	1						-	
WOOL AND MANUFACTURES															
Wool prices, raw, clean basis, Boston: Good French combing and staple: Graded territory, finedol. per lb Graded fleece, 3/8 blooddo Australian, 64s, 70s, good topmaking, in bonddo Knitting yarn, worsted, 2/20s-50s/56s, Bradford system, wholesale price1947-49=100.	1, 125 1, 070 1, 225 102, 2	1, 125 1, 065 1, 175 101, 0	1. 125 1. 065 1. 175 98. 5	1. 125 1. 036 1. 075 98. 5	1, 125 1, 025 1, 075 97, 2	1. 125 1. 025 1. 075 97. 2	1. 125 1. 025 1. 075 96. 0	1. 125 . 988 1. 075 94. 7	1. 125 . 975 1. 075 93. 5	1,150 ,992 1,100 94.7	1. 210 1. 020 1. 125 99. 7	1. 200 1. 022 1. 125 99. 7	1. 201 1. 010 1. 125 99. 7	1. 228 1. 052 1. 125	
Woolen and worsted woven goods, except woven felts: Production, quarterly total thous. of lin. yd			68, 507 66, 974 66, 579 24, 838			60, 058 58, 555 57, 046 22, 298	 -		7 62, 888 7 61, 758 7 60, 410 7 24, 589			77, 282 76, 035 75, 537 30, 004			
Women's and children's		106. 3 92. 4	41, 741 106. 3 92. 4		106. 3 92. 4	22, 298 34, 748 106, 3 90, 8		104. 0 90. 8	735, 821 104. 0 90. 8	104. 0 90. 8		45, 533 103. 1 90. 8	103, 1		
	1	TRA	NSPOI	RTATI	ON E	QUIP	MENT	•					<u> </u>	J	
AIRCRAFT	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·														
Manufacturers of complete types: Aircraft, engines, propellers, parts, etc.: Orders, new (net), quarterly totalmil. of dol Sales (net), quarterly totaldo Backlog of orders, total, end of quarterdo For U.S. military customersdo			3, 065 2, 593 12, 463 5, 691			2, 874 2, 841 12, 496 5, 406					!				
Shipments	120, 004 2, 496. 2 72, 573	97, 584 2, 032. 9 46, 641	108, 460 2, 233. 6 59, 244	81, 102 1, 912. 5 30, 589	88, 117 2, 027. 9 37, 580	82, 316 2, 099, 7 36, 253	82, 096 1, 995. 5 20, 195	81, 799 1, 914. 9 28, 282	83, 356 1, 988. 0 32, 590	100, 228 2, 197. 5 38, 634	114, 696 2, 451. 3 28, 516	7 97, 536 7 2, 159, 9 61, 572	67, 576 1, 506, 1 9, 839	1	
Factory sales, total number Conches, total do Domestie do Passenger cars, total do Domestie do Trucks, total do Domestie do	501, 223 424 414 421, 355 414, 787 79, 444 64, 053	390, 326 358 347 324, 020 320, 681 65, 948 53, 331	463, 943 211 148 386, 694 378, 415 77, 038 66, 006	703, 159 447 396 627, 678 610, 828 75, 034 60, 589	687, 790 338 307 600, 495 580, 677 86, 957 73, 923	613, 905 251 231 520, 714 507, 757 92, 940 79, 802	485, 933 278 278 278 406, 616 395, 075 79, 039 67, 407	448, 212 198 196 363, 193 351, 137 84, 821 67, 703	526, 056 255 254 425, 892 410, 516 99, 909 79, 573	547, 708 425 425 453, 425 442, 740 93, 858 77, 620	641, 639 375 372 539, 858 529, 397 101, 406 85, 220	681, 784 397 380 567, 563 557, 055 113, 824 86, 681	497, 994 344 321 407, 339 400, 022 90, 311 72, 842		
Exports, total‡	26, 081 6, 460 19, 621 34, 265 30, 988	31, 485 4, 386 27, 099 22, 347 20, 885	14, 411 5, 105 9, 306 24, 717 22, 916	26, 643 14, 182 12, 461 26, 688 24, 811	26, 461 15, 965 10, 496 21, 215 19, 985	30, 897 12, 343 18, 554 29, 065 27, 443	19, 927 10, 315 9, 612 26, 021 24, 293	20, 424 10, 496 9, 928 23, 482 22, 099	27, 314 13, 464 13, 850 24, 268 23, 173	23, 176 9, 589 13, 587 22, 425 21, 684	23, 854 9, 443 14, 411 26, 297 25, 336	24, 247 7, 980 16, 267 23, 892 23, 472	28, 617 8, 295 20, 322 20, 985 20, 313		
Production, truck trailers: △ do Complete trailers, total	3, 925 2, 368 493 546, 535	4, 134 2, 513 670 525, 400	3, 615 2, 195 367 458, 765	3, 771 2, 164 2 184 547, 461	3, 656 2, 218 2 99 543, 042	3, 133 1, 879 389 544, 278	3, 045 1, 738 7 531 413, 563	3, 098 1, 817 7 768	4, 175 2, 460 7 603 480, 067	3, 838 2, 102 7 582 3 499,504	4, 210 2, 304 7 533	4, 679 2, 753 526 573, 422	3, 757 2, 259 515 3 501, 046		
New commercial cars‡do	79, 674	81, 440	76, 072	74, 158	67, 477	73, 250	62, 307	59, 322	72, 487	³ 74, 519		81, 469	3 83, 820		
RAILROAD EQUIPMENT American Railway Car Institute: Freight cars: Shipments, total	4, 149 2, 737 2, 650 1, 412 1, 331 672 672 659 26, 798 12, 440 12, 300 14, 358	4, 315 2, 506 2, 450 1, 809 1, 334 709 708 625 23, 951 10, 773 10, 688 13, 178	4, 355 2, 984 2, 929 1, 371 2, 156 2, 150 2, 150 6 6 21, 692 9, 874 9, 844 11, 818	4, 657 3, 185 3, 160 1, 472 5, 664 906 4, 758 22, 905 7, 616 7, 611 15, 289	3, 944 2, 210 2, 205 1, 734 3, 732 2, 692 2, 692 1, 040 22, 781 8, 178 8, 178 14, 603	4, 291 2, 661 2, 642 1, 630 2, 174 1, 484 1, 465 690 21, 070 6, 857 6, 857 14, 213	3, 515 2, 261 2, 261 1, 254 1, 179 427 7, 752 18, 894 5, 023 5, 023 13, 871	1, 958 757 757 1, 201 1, 536 438 438 1, 098 18, 429 4, 669 4, 669 13, 760	3, 874 2, 180 2, 180 1, 694 1, 802 1, 795 1, 789 7 15, 807 4, 284 4, 278 11, 523	2, 933 1, 156 1, 156 1, 777 2, 040 824 824 1, 216 13, 664 3, 902 3, 896 9, 762	3, 360 1, 588 1, 588 1, 772 3, 651 2, 030 2, 030 1, 621 13, 970 4, 344 4, 338 9, 626	3,142 2,085 2,085 1,057 1,217 1,082 1,079 135 11,830 3,341 3,332 8,489	1, 234 764 759 470 2, 589 2, 431 2, 294 158 10, 785 5, 008 4, 867 5, 777		
Passenger cars (equipment manufacturers): Shipments, total	7 7 315 315	27 27 288 288 288	32 32 256 256	33 33 223 223	21 21 202 202	26 26 176 176	14 14 162 162	31 31 131 131	44 44 112 112	31 31 81 81	18 18 116 116	8 8 294 253	13 13 281 240		
Association of American Railroads: Freight cars (class I): Freight cars (class I): Number owned or leased, end of monththous Held for repairs, percent of total owned Locomotives (class I): Diesel-electric and electric: Owned or leased, end of mo.No. of power units Service blo end of moth.	1, 672 8. 6	1,672 8.8	1, 668 8. 9 28, 972 27, 383	1,666 8.9	1,664 9.2	1, 662 9, 4 28, 911 27, 095	1, 659 9. 7	1,654 9.9	1, 650 9, 6	1, 646 9. 7	1, 642 9. 9	1, 638 9. 3	1, 628 9. 3		
Serviceable, end of monthdoInstalled in service (new), quarterly total_doUnfilled orders, end of monthdo Exports of locomotives, total (railroad-service and industrial types)‡number		23	27, 383 89 119 23	55		27, 095 32 122 66		61	106	64	38	53			

r Revised. p Preliminary. 1 Preliminary estimate of production. 2 Excludes data for van bodies. 3 Includes estimate for one State.

∂ Data cover complete units, chassis, and bodies.

△ Revisions for 1957 (except for detachable van bodies) are available upon request.

⊙ Courtesy of R. L. Polk & Co.; republication prohibited. Alaska and Hawaii are included.

1Scattered revisions for woolen and worsted goods production (1958), aircraft exports (1958–59), motor vehicle exports and imports (1958–59), truck registrations (1958–May 1959), freight car new orders (1955–60), and for locomotive exports (1959) are available upon request.

§ Excludes railroad-owned private refrigerator cars and private line cars.

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