# survey of CURRENT BUSINESS



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE OFFICE OF BUSINESS ECONOMICS

# SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

**DECEMBER 1962** 

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# The Business Situation

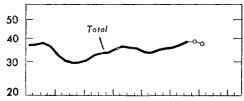
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ECONOMIC activity moved ahead slowly in November with larger than seasonal increases in retail buying and income. Automobile sales, which advanced sharply in October, continued strong, and sales gains were posted in nearly all other major lines of retail

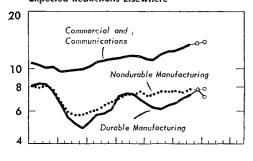
# BUSINESS EXPENDITURES FOR PLANT AND EQUIPMENT HIGHER IN SECOND HALF

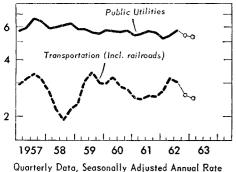
Investment Now Slightly Above 1957 Peak, Is Scheduled To Dip in First Quarter of 1963

Billion \$ (ratio scale)



Higher Planned Investment in Early 1963, by Nondurable Goods Manufacturers, Commercial And Communications Firms, Is Offset by Expected Reductions Elsewhere





Quarterly Data, Seasonally Adjusted Annual Rate

• Anticipated Data: SEC & OBE

62-12-1

U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

trade. The personal income rise, although about equal to the average monthly advance so far in 1962, was concentrated in the government sector. With business investment tending to level off, it appears that the principal current expansionary force of demand stems from consumers and government.

The latest plant and equipment programs, which are discussed in detail further on, show a rise in the third quarter, a leveling in the final quarter of the year and a small dip in the early part of 1963, after seasonal adjustment. Profits were maintained through the third quarter, but have not advanced above the end-of-1961 rate. Industry's growing ability to produce exceeds the modest increases that have occurred in overall output and thus acts, to some extent, as a dampening influence on fixed investment outlays. The anticipated stimulus to capital outlays by government actions this year—the tax credit for new investment, and the revision of Treasury depreciation regulations aimed at tax reduction—are too recent to be reflected in the plans reported in the November survey.

A small reduction of housing outlays from the third quarter is also indicated, following a rise this spring and summer.

Businessmen continue to follow a cautious inventory policy, with manufacturers planning a small rise in stocks this quarter. Business as a whole accumulated \$.3 billion in inventories in October; an important consideration affecting current inventory investment is the course of auto dealers' stocks, which have not shown the usual seasonal pickup due to the heavy auto demand.

Purchases of services continue their long-term rise, while nondurable so far this quarter are only a little improved over the summer months. Government expenditures are moving ahead as a result of rising defense programs, and a stepping up in highway expenditures. Present indications are that the fourth quarter GNP increase should be larger than the rise of \$3\% billion that occurred last quarter.

### November rise

Personal income in November rose by \$1\%24 billion at annual rates to reach a seasonally adjusted total of \$447.4, compared with \$428 billion a year ago. As in the recent past private payrolls registered little change; government payrolls, however, were up by about \$1 billion with about \%3 of the rise attributable to the Federal pay raise that became effective late in October. Small increases in dividends, interest, transfer payments and farm proprietors' income also occurred.

So far in the fourth quarter personal income is running about \$4½ billion above the third quarter average, with total payrolls accounting for about \$1½ billion of the rise and private payrolls about \$.2 billion.

Nonfarm employment was little changed in November, after seasonal adjustment, continuing the pattern that has been evident since the early part of the summer. Last month there were declines in manufacturing which were partly offset by a rise in nonmanufacturing, chiefly in State and local government workers. This is basically the same picture that appears when the latest seasonally adjusted employment figures are compared with those for July, as may be seen below:

Table 1.—National Income by Type of Income (I-8, I-9) [Billions of dollars]

[Billions of dollars]													
				19	61		1962						
	1959	1960	1961	111	IV	I	II	III					
				Seasonally adjusted at annual rates									
National income	400, 5	415, 5	427, 8	431, 3	444.0	448. 9	456, 7	459.8					
Compensation of employees	278.5	293, 7	302, 2	304, 5	309, 9	315, 2	321, 7	323, 8					
Wages and salaries. Private. Military Government civilian.		271, 3 222, 9 9, 9 38, 5	278, 8 227, 0 10, 2 41, 6	281. 0 228. 8 10. 0 42. 2	286, 1 232, 5 10, 8 42, 8	289. 9 235. 0 11. 2 43. 7	295, 9 240, 1 11, 2 44, 6	297. 8 241. 4 10. 9 45. 5					
Supplements to wages and salaries	20.1	22.4	23. 4	23, 5	23.8	25, 2	25.8	25, 9					
Employer contributions for social insurance Other labor income Employer contributions to pri- vate pension and welfare		11. 4 11. 0	12.0 11.4	12. 1 11. 4	12. 2 11. 6	13. 3 12. 0	13. 4 12. 3	13. 5 12. 4					
fundsOther	8, 2 2, 2	8.6 2.4	9. 0 2. 4										
Proprietors' income	46, 5	46, 2	47, 8	48. 1	49, 5	49, 1	49, 5	49.7					
Business and professional	35, 1	34. 2	34.8	35, 1	36.0	36, 2	36.8	37, 0					
prises Inventory valuation adjustment	35. 2 —, 1	34. 2	34.7										
Farm.	11.4	12.0	13. 1	13. 1	13. 6	12.9	12.8	12.8					
Rental income of persons	11.9	11.9	12, 3	12, 3	12, 5	12, 6	12, 8	12, 9					
Corporate profits and inventory valua- tion adjustment	47, 2	45, 6	45, 5	46.0	51. 1	50, 4	50.7	51, 0					
Profits before tax. Profits tax liability. Profits after tax. Dividends. Undistributed profits.	24. 5	45, 4 22, 4 23, 0 14, 4 8, 6	45, 6 22, 3 23, 3 15, 0 8, 3	46, 3 22, 6 23, 7 14, 9 8, 7	51, 4 25, 1 26, 3 15, 5 10, 8	50, 1 24, 4 25, 6 15, 8 9, 9	50. 9 24. 9 26. 1 15. 8 10. 3	51, 1 24, 9 26, 1 15, 8 10, 3					
Inventory valuation adjustment	-, 5	. 2	. 0	3	3	. 3	2	1					
Net interest	16, 4	18, 1	20, 0	20, 3	21, 0	21, 5	22, 0	22, 5					

Table 2.—National Income by Industry Division (1-11) [Billions of dollars]

		!	[	15	061		1962					
	1959	: 1960 :	1961	Ш	IV	1	11	Ш				
1				Seasonally adjusted at annual rates								
All industries, total	400, 5	415, 5	427, 8	431, 3	444.0	448, 9	456, 7	459, 8				
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	16, 3	17, 3	18, 5	18, 6	19, 1	18, 4	18. 3	18. 3				
Manufacturing Durable-goods industries Nondurable-goods industries	71.7	$\begin{array}{c} 122.0 \\ 72.6 \\ 49.4 \end{array}$	121, 7 71, 4 50, 3	123. 0 72. 4 50. 6	129, 3 77, 3 52, 0	136, 6 78, 1 52, 6	133, 6 80, 1 53, 5	134. 3 80. 9 53. 4				
Wholesale and retail trade	66, 6	68. 0	69, 6	70.0	71. 4	72.4	74.1	73.8				
Finance, insurance, and real estate	40, 4	42. 5	44.7	44.8	45, 7	45, 9	46, 6	47. 4				
Transportation	17, 7	17. 9	17. 9	18. 2	18, 5	18, 7	18.8	18, 8				
Communications and public utilities	15, 6	16, 7	17. 5	17, 6	18, 0	18, 3	18. 4	18, 5				
Services	46, 0	49. 2	51.7	52, 3	53. 3	54. 4	55, 5	56, 7				
Government and government enter- prises	49. 0	52. 5	56, 3	56, 7	58, 2	59. 7	60. 6	61. 3				
Other	29.0	29. 4	29, 8	30.0	30, 5	30, 3	30.7	30.8				

Table 3.—National Income by Corporate and Noncorporate Form of Organization (I-14)

[Billions of dollars]

				19	61	1962				
	1959	1900	1961	III	IV	I	II	Ш		
				Seaso	onally :	ndjuste rates	d at an	tannual		
National income	400, 5	415, 5	427.8	431, 3	444.0	448, 9	456, 7	459, 8		
Income originating in corporate business	220, 8	227, 4	230, 0	232, 1	240. 2	242, 3	247. 1	248, 1		
Compensation of employees Wages and salaries Supplements to wages and	174. 5 160. 4		185. 8 169. 7	187, 2 171, 1	190. 5 174. 1	193. 5 176. 0	197, 8 179, 9	198, 4 180, 4		
salaries	14. 1	15. 6	16.0	16. 1	16. 4	17. 5	17. 9	17. 9		
Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment <sup>1</sup> .  Profits before tax <sup>1</sup> .  Profits tax liability	45. 4 45. 9 23. 2 22. 7	43. 7 43. 6 22. 4 21. 1	43. 3 43. 4 22. 3 21. 1	43. 9 44. 2 22. 6 21. 6	48. 7 49. 0 25. 1 23. 9	47. 8 47. 5 24. 4 23. 0	48. 3 48. 5 24. 9 23. 6	48. 7 48. 8 24. 9 23. 9		
Inventory valuation adjust- ment	5	. 2		-, 3			2	1		
Net interest	. 9	. 6	. 9	.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0		
Income originating outside corporate business	179. 7	188, 0	197.8	199, 2	203, 8	206, 5	209, 6	211. 7		

1. Excludes corporate profits originating in the rest of the world sector.

Table 4.—Sources and Uses of Gross Saving (V-2)

[Billions of dollars]

				19	61		1962					
	1959	1960	1961	Ш	IV	I	П	ш				
				Seasonally adjusted at annual rates								
Gross private saving	74.9	72, 9	79, 2	80.4	83, 5	82, 5	84.5	84.0				
Personal saving Undistributed corporate profits Corporate inventory valuation	23. 6 10. 8	20. 9 8. 6	25. 6 8. 3	26. 3 8. 7	26, 5 10, 8	25, 4 9, 9	26, 9 10, 3	26. 0 10. 3				
adjustment Capital consumption allowance Excess of wage accruals over dis- bursements	5 41.0	43. 2	45.3	3 45. 7	3 46.6	47. 0	-, 2 47. 5	1 47. 8				
Government surplus on income and product transactions	-1,5	4.2		-3.6			-1,1	-2.4				
FederalState and local	-1.1 3	3. 8 . 4	3. 8 8		-1.3 -1.6	$ \begin{array}{c c} -2.4 \\8 \end{array} $	7 4	9 -1. 4				
Gross investment	70.4	73.7	71.7	73,8	78.8	77.8	79.4	77.0				
Gross private domestic investment. Net foreign investment.		72. 4 1. 3	69. 3 2. 4	72. 4 1. 3	76. 6 2. 2		77. 4 2. 0	76. 3 . 7				
Statistical discrepancy	-3.0	-3,4	-3.1	-3.1	-1.9	-1,4	-4.0	-4.6				

Table 5.—Corporate Profits (Before Tax) and Inventory Valuation Adjustment, by Broad Industry Groups (VI-10)

[Billions of dollars]

				19	61	1962					
	1959	1960	1961	III	IV	I	II	111			
·				Seasonally adjusted at annurates							
Al' industries, total	47.2	45, 6	45. 5	46. 0	51, 1	50, 4	50, 7	51, 0			
Manufacturing	25, 4	24.0	23, 5	24, 0	27. 5	27, 0	27. 1	28. 1			
Durable-goods industries Nondurable-goods industries	13. 4 11. 9	12, 2 11, 8	11.7 11.7	12, 1 11, 9	14, 9 12, 6	14. 2 12. 8	14. 3 12. 8	$\frac{15, 3}{12, 8}$			
Transportation, communications, and public utilities	6, 7	7. 0	7.4	7, 5	8.0	8.1	8.0	7. 9			
All other industries	15, 1	14. 6	14. 7	14, 5	15, 6	15, 4	15, 7	14. 9			

	in Thousands							
•		Nov. 1961- Nov. 1962						
Total	$     \begin{array}{r}       -28 \\       -197 \\       \hline       169 \\       188     \end{array} $	1, 064 245 819 440						

Hours of work in manufacturing rose somewhat more than seasonally last month. After seasonal adjustment hours have been fluctuating rather irregularly around the same level over the past year. Average hourly earnings were also higher over the month but in general such earnings in manufacturing have varied little over the year; since last December, for example, they are up 1 percent.

# Retail trade is high

With record consumer incomes, retailers are looking forward to their best volume of Christmas trade. Last month's performance moved in that direction as sales rose more than seasonally over October, with non-durable goods stores responsible for most of the advance. The November figure on a seasonally adjusted basis was ahead of the third quarter average and about 5 percent above sales of last November.

Dealer deliveries of new cars edged off a bit from October, after seasonal adjustment, but the number of cars sold was very high by any standard. The 657,000 new units sold last month represented the best November on record. Even though auto production has been kept at a high pace, dealers stocks, after allowance for seasonal change, edged down during the month and for many of the popular models inventories are quite low relative to current sales.

### Industrial production holds

Industrial production was again little changed in November, after seasonal adjustment. Small production gains were registered in non-durable goods industries but durable goods groups showed no change in total.

Automobile assembly plants shipped out 690,000 passenger cars in November, about the same as in October on a daily average basis. The October-November total of 1.4 million units was the highest for any two-month

period since the November-December turnout of 1955. Production schedules are expected to continue high with December assemblies now planned at the October-November daily average rate.

Steel production scored a better than seasonal performance last month under the influence of continued high production rates in the auto industry, and some improvement in buying from non-automotive sources. Steel mill operations early in December were about 2 percent above the November weekly average rate. Stocks of finished steel in the hands of manufacturers showed another large drop during October and at the end of the month represented 1.9 months of consumption as against 2.8 months at the April 1962 peak and 2.2 in November-December of 1961.

# Corporate profits steady

Corporate earnings in the third quarter, at a seasonally adjusted annual rate of \$51 billion, were little changed from the preceding quarter, and up about 10 percent from a year ago. In

most industrial groups, profits held steady from the second to the third quarter. A rise in earnings of automotive companies was partly offset by small declines scattered among a number of industries.

Profits after taxes amounted to \$26.1 billion in the third quarter at seasonally adjusted annual rates, the same as in the preceding three months. For the first three quarters of the year after-tax profits, at a \$26 billion annual rate, were about \$2½ billion above the total for the full year 1961.

With July-September profits showing only a minor increase over the spring quarter, national income rose to \$460 billion, compared to a second quarter figure of \$457 billion. The tables on the preceding page present national income details for recent periods. No allowance has been made for the effects on profits of the liberalized depreciation guidelines issued by the Treasury Department in mid-year, since data are not available to make such a computation.

# **Business Capital Expenditure Programs**

# Rise in 1962 Second Half-Off Slightly in Early 1963

BUSINESSMEN report that outlays for new plant and equipment reached a new high in the third quarter, seasonally adjusted, and they expect this rate of investment to be maintained in the current quarter. An easing off is the present expectation for the opening months of 1963.

The regular quarterly survey of business spending intentions, conducted by the Department of Commerce and the Securities and Exchange Commission in November, places actual capital outlays in the July–September period at \$38½ billion, on a seasonally adjusted annual basis. This exceeds the previous high of \$37¾ billion recorded in the third quarter of 1957 although investment is not yet back to the earlier peak on a constant dollar basis.

Expenditures for fixed investment are

also scheduled at \$38% billion for the closing 3 months of this year and at \$37% billion for the first quarter of next year. The edging off in programed outlays this winter, after allowance for the usual seasonal slowing in construction activity, is spread among most major industries, with expected advances in spending confined mainly to the chemicals, textiles, and the communications and commercial groups.

The recent new developments—enactment of the investment tax credit and the publication of the new Depreciation Guidelines and Rules by the Treasury Department—are obviously favorable factors in the capital goods demand situation. Both of these factors require careful study and it is doubtful that there has been sufficient lapse of time for the current expenditure

programs to reflect any substantial part of the potential impact of these forces.

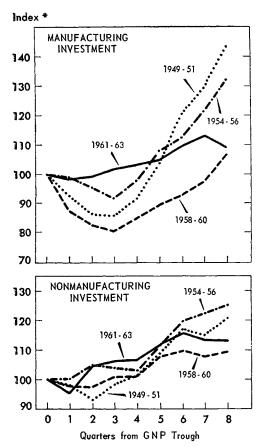
The current survey indicates some upward revision of capital spending plans in recent months. In each of the first two quarters of 1962 actual expenditures fell somewhat below anticipations. In contrast, third quarter expenditures were \$600 million higher, at an annual rate, than had been expected 3 months earlier. All industries, except communications, spent as much or more than previously budgeted. Similarly, outlays for the fourth quarter are now expected to be \$400 million higher than earlier anticipated.

# Comparison of 1962 and 1961

Assuming actual fourth quarter capital spending to be in line with present expectations, outlays for the year 1962 would aggregate a record \$37.4 billion, or close to the \$37.2 billion anticipated

### CAPITAL INVESTMENT

Has Swung Less Widely in Current Cycle



For each cycle investment in quarter of GNP trough equals 100 – 2d qtr. 1949, 2d qtr. 1954, 1st qtr. 1958 1st qtr. 1961.

Data: SEC & OBE

62-12-2

in the initial 1962 survey. Expansions of capital budgets since last February have been most substantial among railroad and other transportation companies, and lower totals are now anticipated by public utilities.

Business spending in this amount would be 9 percent higher than in 1961, with all industries except public utilities participating in the advance. Increases in costs of plant and equipment in the 5-year interval since 1957—the previous high in investment—indicate that the physical volume of capital goods purchased this year fell short of 1957 acquisitions.

That investment has recovered even to earlier dollar records is attributable primarily to the rather strong uptrend in capital spending by service-oriented industries: communications, services, trade, and nonrail transportation. Manufacturing, mining, and the public utilities currently account for a significantly smaller share of investment than in 1957.

# Investment related to gross national product

While expenditures for new plant and equipment are now higher than ever before, they have not kept pace with the expansion in general business activity. This is true not only on an overall basis but also for each of the major business sectors, including the pace-setting "commercial" group—i.e., trade, services, finance, and construction. Gross product originating in this area has expanded rapidly throughout the postwar period.

Until 1956 investment proceeded at about an equal pace, and in that year expenditures for new plant and equipment represented 5 percent of the gross product arising out of commercial and service activities. The proportion dropped to 4 percent in 1957, 3½ percent in 1961 and will hold at about this figure this year. It may be noted that this group has about the lowest ratio of investment to gross product of any major industry group.

At the opposite extreme are "capital intensive" public utilities. Here, too, the proportion of the utilities capital outlays to their gross product has dipped from 59 percent to 41 percent over the period from 1957 to 1961, and will slip

further this year as outlays have fallen slightly below 1961.

Given its prime importance, the most noticeable lag of outlays relative to the 1957 experience has been in manufacturing. Relative to gross product in manufacturing—which has not shown as large a growth in recent years as some nonmanufacturing sectors—investment has been about a tenth.

# Comparison of cycles

The current investment picture is also placed in clearer perspective by a comparison of its recent performance relative to earlier postwar expansions. If the anticipated expenditures in the first

Table 1.—Percent Increase in Plant and Equipment Expenditures, 1961 Actual to 1962 Anticipated

1702 Minicipated	<u>.</u>	
	As repo	orted in
	February	November
All industries.	8	9
Manufacturing	9	8
Durable goods industries Primary iron and steel Primary nonferrous metals. Electrical machinery and equipment. Machinery, except electrical. Motor vehicles and parts Transportation equipment, ex. motor vehicles. Stone, clay, and glass Other durable goods  Nondurable goods industries Food and beverage Textile Paper	16 31 19 3 13 20 21 16 14 3 2 0 0	14 2 15 -1 20 16 24 18 23 23 2 24 4
Chemical Petroleum and coal Rubber Other nondurable goods	6 2 27 0	-4 4 5 2
Railroad	19	28
Transportation, other than rail	-1	10
Public utilities	1	-1
Communication, commercial and other	11	12

Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office Business Economics, and Securities and Exchange Commission.

quarter of 1963 are realized, investment will have risen 11 percent from its dollar volume at the low point in overall business activity two years earlier. This rate of recovery was less than in 1954–56 and 1949–51, but more than in 1958–60 when capital outlays continued to decline for three quarters after the upturn in GNP.

Differences in trends in investment in manufacturing and nonmanufacturing during the first eight quarters of postwar expansionary periods are also made clear in the chart. Capital outlays by both groups have demonstrated less volatility in the recent experience than in similar previous periods. In part, this reflects the moderate character of the current economic expansion but it also marks the absence of a strong and widespread demand for capital goods since the 1956–57 investment boom.

Also evident from the chart is the somewhat stronger investment position in nonmanufacturing activities. Outlays by this group are expected to be 13 percent above the 1961 low by the first quarter of next year, while the increase for manufacturing is now placed at 9 percent.

# Manufacturers' Expansion

Manufacturers' investment in new plant and equipment is currently anticipated at \$15½ billion (seasonally adjusted annual rate) in the closing quarter of 1962, up 3 percent from actual expenditures in the third quarter. Yearend investment is expected to

exceed all quarterly rates of the past five years, but to fall short of the \$16 billion peak established in the summer of 1957. Current plans for the first quarter of 1963 indicate a cutback in spending to slightly below \$15 billion.

Outlays of durable goods manufacturers are now placed at \$7.2 billion for 1962; this is a rise from 1961 or 14 percent—one of the largest increases recorded among the major industry groups. Expenditures are expected to reach \$7\% billion by the fourth quarter—a rate \$1\% billion above the cyclical low in the July-September quarter of 1961. All component industries, except electrical machinery, expect a rising trend in outlays during 1962.

First quarter 1963 outlays are expected to decline to slightly over \$7 billion, primarily due to cutbacks to mid-1962 rates in the iron and steel, transportation equipment, and nonelectrical machinery industries. Outlays for the remaining groups, as currently anticipated, will be little changed from fourth quarter rates.

Spending for new plant and equipment by the nonelectrical machinery industry reached a record \$1\% billion in the year 1962; these outlays are expected to fall in the opening 3 months of 1963 from the advanced rate in the final quarter of this year. Electrical machinery producers have stabilized expenditures at a seasonally adjusted annual rate of \$0.7 billion per quarter since mid-1960 with no change indicated for early 1963.

Plant and equipment expenditures by nondurable goods manufacturers, which are typically less volatile than durable goods producers' investment, are expected to rise 3 percent from 1961 to 1962. The annual expenditure of \$7% billion for 1962 was exceeded only in 1957. Current schedules indicate that quarterly expenditures will remain relatively stable at \$7% billion in the final two quarters of 1962 and in the first quarter of 1963.

Among the nondurables, textile and petroleum manufacturers show the most

Table 2.—Expenditures for New Plant and Equipment by U.S. Business 1, 1960-63

(Billions of dollars)

		Annua	ıl			(	}uarter	ly, Un	adjust	ed			Quarterly, Seasonall				y Adjusted at Annual Rates				es
					19	)61		1962			1963	1961				1962				1963	
	1960	1961	1962 2	I	11	111	IV	I	11	111	IV 2	I 2	I	11	III	IV	I	11	[]]	IV 2	I 2
All industries	35, 68	34, 37	37, 41	7.57	8, 61	8, 65	9, 54	8, 02	9, 50	9, 62	10, 28	8, 48	33, 85	33, 50	34, 70	35, 40	35, 70	36, 95	38, 35	38, 35	37.70
Manufacturing industries	14, 48	13, 68	14.80	3,00	3, 46	3, 34	3,88	3, 14	3, 69	3,72	4, 26	3, 33	13, 75	13, 50	13, 65	14, 00	14, 20	14, 45	15, 05	15, 50	14, 95
Durable goods industries.  Primary iron and steel.  Primary nonferrous metal.  Electrical machinery & equipment.  Machinery, except electrical.  Motor vehicles and parts.  Transportation equipment, excluding motor vehicles.  Stone, clay and glass. Other durable goods 3.  Nondurable goods industries.  Food and beverage.  Textile.  Paper. Chemical.  Petroleum and coal.  Rubber. Other nondurable goods 4.	1.60 .31 .68 1.10 .89 .42 .62 1.56 7.30 .92 .53	6. 27 1. 13 . 26 . 69 1. 10 . 75 . 38 . 51 1. 45 7. 40 . 98 . 68 1. 62 2. 76 . 22 . 65	7. 15 1. 15 .30 .68 1. 32 .87 .47 .60 1. 78 7. 65 1. 00 .62 .71 1. 56 2. 88 .23 .66	1. 41 .28 .07 .15 .25 .15 .09 .11 .30 1. 59 .23 .12 .16 .33 .56 .05 .14	1. 58 .28 .07 .17 .28 .20 .19 .12 .36 1. 88 .25 .12 .17 .42 .70 .05 .17	1.50 .26 .06 .17 .25 .19 .09 .12 .36 1.84 .24 .12 .16 .40 .70 .06 .16	1. 79 .30 .07 .20 .21 .11 .16 .43 2. 09 .27 .14 .18 .46 .80 .07 .18	1. 44 . 22 . 06 . 14 . 27 . 17 . 09 . 12 . 38 1. 69 . 22 . 13 . 15 . 37 . 62 . 05 . 14	1. 77 .28 .07 .16 .33 .22 .11 .16 .44 1. 92 .26 .16 .18 .40 .69 .06 .18	1.79 .29 .08 .17 .32 .22 .13 .14 .44 1.93 .24 .15 .18 .37 .76 .06 .16	2. 15 .35 .10 .21 .41 .26 .14 .17 .51 2. 11 .27 .17 .20 .43 .80 .06 .18	1, 57 .27 .08 .14 .30 .16 .10 .13 .38 1, 76 .25 .17 .16 .36 .62 .04 .17	6. 50 1. 35 .30 .70 1. 15 .70 .40 .7. 25 .50 .75 1. 50 2. 70	6. 20 1. 05 . 25 . 70 1. 10 . 80 . 40 	. 25 . 70 1. 05 . 70 . 35 	6. 40 1. 10 . 25 . 65 1. 15 . 80 . 40 	6. 55 1. 00 .25 .70 1. 15 .80 .40 	6. 95 1. 10 .30 .65 1. 30 .85 .40 7. 50 1. 00 .60 .70 1. 55 2. 70	7. 25 1. 20 .30 .65 1. 30 .80 .50 	7. 75 1. 25 . 35 . 70 1. 45 1. 00 . 55 7. 75 1. 10 . 65 . 75 1. 50 2. 85	7. 10 1. 20 . 35 . 70 1. 30 . 80 . 45  7. 85 1. 05 . 70 1. 60 2. 85
Aining	.99	. 98	1, 11	.21	. 26	. 25	.26	. 26	. 27	. 28	.30	. 26	. 95	1.00	1,00	1.00	1. 15	1,05	1. 10	1. 15	1. 15
tailroad	1.03	. 67	.86	. 17	. 18	. 16	. 16	.16	.26	. 24	. 21	. 17	.70	.70	. 65	. 60	.70	. 95	1.00	.80	. 70
ransportation, other than rail	1.94	1,85	2,04	.41	. 48	.47	.50	. 47	.60	. 50	.48	. 40	1.75	1,80	1, 90	1. 95	2,05	2, 25	2.00	1,80	1, 80
'ublic utilities	5, 68	5, 52	5, 47	1,09	1, 39	1, 50	1, 54	1,06	1.37	1,54	1, 50	1.07	5, 35	5, 50	5, 65	5, 55	5, 15	5, 40	5, 75	5.40	5, 30
lommunication	3, 13	3, 22	13. 13	∫ .75	.81	.78	.88	.88	. 93	.87	3, 53	3, 26	11.30	11.05	11.85	12 35	12 45	12.85	13, 40	13, 70	13.80
Commercial and other 5	8, 44	8, 46	10, 10	1.94	2, 04	2, 16	2, 32	2, 06	2, 37	2, 48	J****	0, 20	11.50	11.05	11.00		15. 40	12,00	10, 10	13,10	15,00

<sup>1.</sup> Data exclude expenditures of agricultural business and outlays charged to current count.

count.

2. Estimates for the year 1962 are based on actual capital expenditures for the first three uniters and anticipated capital expenditures for the final quarter of the year. These data 'cre reported by business in November 1962. The anticipated data for the fourth quarter 362 and first quarter 1963 have been adjusted when necessary for systematic tendencies.

3. Includes fabricated metal, lumber, furniture, instrument, ordnance, and miscellaneous substries.

<sup>4.</sup> Includes apparel, tobacco, leather, and printing-publishing.
5. Includes trade, service, finance, and construction. The anticipated expenditures and the seasonally adjusted data also include communication.

Note: Details may not add to totals due to rounding. Data for earlier years were published in the June 1956, March 1958, 1960, 1961 and 1962 Survey of Current Business.

Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and Securities and Exchange Commission.

substantial increases in plant and equipment investment in 1962, and the latter group expects to increase investment further in the first quarter of 1963. Textile sales are up about 15 percent for the first 9 months of 1962. The liberalization of tax depreciation schedules for this industry a year ago encouraged investment. alsohas Chemical companies also expect a higher investment rate in the opening quarter of 1963-although outlays in this industry and in petroleum are currently little changed from mid-1961, the beginning of the current upswing in investment.

# Nonmanufacturing Investment

Investment in the nonmanufacturing sector of business rose to a record \$23% billion in the third quarter, at seasonally adjusted annual rates. Outlays are expected to decline 2 percent in the fourth quarter and fall further during the opening 3 months of 1963. As in the past, trends in individual industries are mixed.

The substantial uptrend in capital outlays by the communications-commercial group in 1962 is expected to continue through to yearend. In the following 3 months some leveling out is expected. From the \$13½ billion record expenditures in the third quarter, at a seasonally adjusted annual rate, a rise of 2 percent is projected in the fourth. Within the group, programs for construction and the acquisition of new equipment are strongest among communications, retail, and finance firms.

A pattern of expansion through the end of 1962, with a leveling out in the first quarter, is also scheduled by mining companies. If this winter's anticipated seasonally adjusted annual rate of \$1.15 billion is realized, it will be the highest since 1957.

# Utilities are off

More than offsetting these programs are substantial cutbacks in capital outlays scheduled by the public utilities, railroads and other transportation group in both the current quarter and the first quarter of next year. Among the utilities, the cutbacks are largely confined to gas producers and distributors. Electric companies are holding outlays relatively steady during this year with a slight advance scheduled for early 1963.

# Manufacturers Expect Sales to Rise Moderately in First Quarter 1963 and Little Change in Inventory-Sales Ratio

RESULTS of the latest survey of manufacturers' sales and inventory anticipations, conducted during November, indicate slightly higher sales and further additions to inventories in the final 1962 quarter, and in the opening quarter of 1963. These expectations imply little change in the inventory-sales ratio for these periods from the relatively low levels maintained by producers since mid-1961.

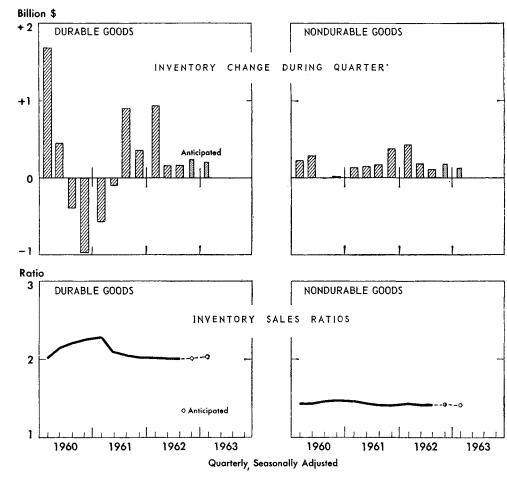
Manufacturers look forward to successive new highs in sales in the current

and next quarter, after seasonal allowances. Sales totaled \$100½ billion in the third quarter, and are projected at \$101 billion this quarter and \$101½ billion in the first 3 months of 1963. These anticipated increases are somewhat less than the actual quarterly gains through September this year. Expectations by manufacturers place sales in the first quarter of next year a sixth above the cyclical low 2 years earlier.

Sales in the third quarter were about

### **MANUFACTURERS' INVENTORIES**

- Inventory Rise Continues at Moderate Pace, Reflecting Cautious Buying Policies
- Stock-Sales Ratios Are Steady After Reduction From Last Year



1 percent under the total expected 3 months ago. The sales outlook for the fourth quarter has also been revised downward a little. The shading of expectations for fourth quarter shipments centered in nondurables.

The sales uptrend in manufacturing this year has been somewhat stronger in durables than in nondurables. But producers in the heavy goods industries are not anticipating further increases this winter from the record third quarter seasonally adjusted rate of \$49 billion. Sales of this amount are a fifth larger than at the low in early 1961.

Within the durable goods groups, some further expansions in sales are anticipated for the current and following quarter by producers of primary metals and machinery. In other industries, where third quarter sales were at record rates, little change or slight declines are anticipated this winter.

Nondurable goods sales held in the third quarter at the second quarter seasonally adjusted rate of \$51.3 billion after rising 2 percent from the first to second quarters. These producers now feel that shipments will advance 1 percent in the current quarter and show a further improvement of the same magnitude in early 1963. The gains expected for late fall and winter are largely due to the improved sales outlook of chemical and petroleum companies.

Table 2.—Manufacturers' Evaluation of the Condition of Their Inventories <sup>1</sup>

		Total			Durable		Nondurable			
	High	About right	Low	High	About right	Low	High	About right	Low	
March 31, 1959. June 30, 1959. September 30, 1959. December 31, 1959.	23 18	76 71 71 71 72	6 6 11 5	20 29 21 25	75 64 64 68	5 7 15 7	14 14 14 20	80 80 81 78	6 6 5 2	
March 31, 1960. June 30, 1960 September 30, 1960. December 31, 1960.	35	67 63 70 71	2 2 1 1	39 42 36 32	60 57 63 67	1 1 1 1	20 26 20 22	77 71 78 77	3 3 2 1	
March 31, 1961 June 30, 1961 September 30, 1961 December 31, 1961	18 12	77 81 86 86	$\begin{array}{c}1\\1\\2\\2\end{array}$	24 19 13 13	75 80 85 85	$\begin{array}{c}1\\1\\2\\2\end{array}$	19 16 10 11	80 82 87 86	1 2 3 3	
March 31, 1962. June 30, 1962. September 30, 1962.	16 14 15	82 85 83	2 1 2	21 18 18	78 81 81	1 1 1	9 9 11	89 89 86	2 2 3	

Condition of actual inventories relative to sales and unfilled orders position as viewed by reporting companies. Percent distribution of inventory book values according to company's classification of inventory condition.

### Inventory anticipations

Manufacturers are planning to add \$400 million to inventory during the closing 3 months of this year and another \$300 million between the end of December and March, after adjustment for seasonal allowances. These rates are about the same as the actual additions to producers' inventories in the second and third quarters but substantially lower than the first quarter 1962 increase of \$1.4 billion, when a sizable amount of steel stockpiling occurred. (See chart.)

End-of-September book values totaled \$57.2 billion, about 1 percent less than expected in the preceding survey conducted in August. The De-

cember 31 estimate has also been revised slightly downward to \$57.6 billion. Expectations for March 31, 1963 place inventory book values at a record \$58 billion—up \$1½ billion from a year earlier.

Durable goods producers account for about two-thirds of the expected inventory increases in the current quarter and the first 3 months of 1963. The projected stock additions, given the expected stability in sales will result in a minor increase in the stock-sales ratio for the heavy goods group. The ratio in the first quarter 1963 is expected to be slightly over 2, a relatively low rate which has characterized this group since late 1961.

The rather small changes in inventories contemplated by nondurable goods producers are quite characteristic of stock movements for the group. The anticipated changes in the current and following quarter would raise the March 1963 book value of inventories for the group to \$24.7 billion or \$½ billion higher than a year earlier. This total together with the expected sales rate in the first quarter would yield a stock-sales ratio of 1.4. This rate has been unchanged since the third quarter of last year.

\_\_\_\_\_

1959 1960 1961 1962 1963 II III IV II III IV II III IV  $\mathbf{I}$ :  $\mathbf{II}$ III IV Inventories, end of quarter Unadjusted All manufacturing.... Durables..... Nondurables..... Seasonally adjusted 51. 9 52. 4 54. 3 55. 1 54. 7 29. 8 30. 1 31. 8 32. 2 31. 8 22. 1 22. 3 22. 6 22. 9 22. 9 53. 7 30. 9 22. 9 53. 3 53. 4 54. 4 30. 3 30. 2 31. 1 23. 0 23. 2 23. 3 All manufacturing.... Durabies..... Nondurables.... Sales, total for quarter Unadjusted All manufacturing... Nondurables.... Seasonally adjusted All manufacturing.... Nondurables....

Table 1.-Manufacturers' Inventories and Sales: Actual and Anticipated

[Billions of dollars]

### Appraisal of inventory condition

In each of the anticipations surveys, manufacturers have reported their evaluations of their current inventory condition in light of sales and unfilled orders positions. Evaluations as of September 30 indicated relatively little

(Continued on page 13)

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

<sup>1.</sup> Anticipations reported by manufacturers in November. Inventories have been corrected for systematic tendencies in anticipatory data. Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

# The Balance of International Transactions

# **Developments in the Third Quarter**

DURING the third quarter of 1962, after adjustment for seasonal variations, the decline in our international reserves and the rise in our liquid liabilities to foreigners totaled about \$720 million, compared with about \$490 and \$225 million during the first and second quarters of this year. For the first three quarters of this year, the adverse balance of about \$1,440 million was at an annual rate of \$1.9 billion, somewhat less than the average rate of about \$2.5 billion for 1961 as a whole.

During the first half of this year receipts were increased by as much as \$600 to \$700 million by transactions associated with the Canadian exchange crisis, by advance debt repayments by foreign countries in the second quarter amounting to \$76 million, and the return flow of \$100 million of very short-term bank loans at the beginning of the year. On all other transactions, the half-year balance was about \$1.5 to \$1.6 billion.

During the third quarter the balance was favorably influenced by further advance debt repayments—\$473 million received from France and Italy—but adversely affected by the reversal in the Canadian exchange developments following the measures taken by the Canadian Government at the end of June to halt the loss of reserves and to rebuild them again. During the third quarter, U.S. dollar holdings of the monetary authorities of Canada increased by over \$600 million, and most of that rise seems to have resulted from transactions with the United States.

# Swing in balance with Canada

Recorded transactions with Canada during the third quarter indicate net payments by the United States of \$230 million (main table, memorandum line II), compared with net receipts of

about \$360 million in the preceding quarter. This shift in the balance on recorded transactions of nearly \$600 million accounts for about half of the shift in Canadian reserve movements during that period (omitting the stabilization loans obtained from the IMF, the United States, and the United Kingdom). The other half of the shift in anadian reserve movements cannot be accounted for through U.S. transactions for which records or estimates are available at this time.

The large rise in net payments on unrecorded transactions with all areas from about \$60 million in the second quarter to \$440 million in the third probably can also be attributed to transactions with Canada. Under this assumption, about \$1 billion of the \$1.2 billion shift in Canadian reserves would have been due to transactions with the United States, and such transactions may have accounted for an even larger share of the \$600 million rise in Canadian reserves in the third quarter.

Thus, the adverse effects of the Canadian exchange developments on the U.S. balance of payments during the third quarter may have exceeded somewhat the favorable effects of the advance debt repayments.

Omitting both of these factors, the overall balance on our foreign transactions would have been adverse by somewhat under \$700 million, and thus perhaps slightly improved compared with the average quarterly rate of \$750–800 million in the first half of the year, if similar adjustments for the Canadian developments and special transactions are made.

There is a difference, however, between the two phases in the Canadian developments and their effects on the U.S. balance of payments. While the decline in Canadian reserves during the first half was a development which had to stop sooner or later and thus was clearly temporary, the limits to the recovery of Canadian reserves are much less certain both in time and in quantity. It is not possible, therefore, to consider the effects of this phase on our balance of payments as temporary with the same degree of certainty as could be done with respect to the earlier phase.

The effects of the various measures taken by the Canadian Government to prevent the erosion of its reserves and to change the pattern of Canadian transactions with the rest of the world are difficult to evaluate—particularly the devaluation of the Canadian currency, the restrictions on imports and the tightening of domestic credit. Some of these measures, particularly the restrictions on credit, have been relaxed already, but the effects of the devaluation will be felt for some time to come.

The fast rate at which Canadian reserves increased during the third quarter could not be expected to continue, however, and some slowdown occurred during the fourth quarter.

# Trade and services

Among other developments having a major bearing on the balance of payments during the third quarter was a decline in exports (reversing in part the exceptionally fast rise in the previous quarter), the continued increase in imports, and maintenance of the relatively low rate of capital outflows comparable to that in the second quarter of this year.

Both exports and imports were probably raised in September by anticipations of a strike in the shipping industry which started on the first of October, but was quickly suspended. The sharp increase in seasonally adjusted exports from August to Septem-

ber followed by a sharp decline in October, and similar, although not quite as pronounced, movements in imports seem to indicate that shipments in both directions were speeded up in September.

Without this speedup in shipments exports may have been \$100-150 million smaller, and nearly \$300 million under the second quarter figure. The effect on imports may have been around \$50 million.

Exports financed by Government grants or capital flows appeared to have been up during the third quarter, particularly to India and Pakistan. Other exports were about \$4.5 billion during the quarter, about the same as in the last quarter of 1961 and the first guarter of 1962, but lower than in these periods if adjustments were made for the influences of the expected shipping tieup.

The decline in exports appears to have been particularly pronounced in agricultural goods. Shipments dropped from the previous quarter, after seasonal adjustment, by about \$100 million, particularly in grains, and vegetable oils and oil seeds. Grains exports were high in the preceding quarter as a result of special conditions in Europe and Canada and the decline was expected. The continued lag in cotton exports in the September quarter reflects domestic price policies which have had the effect of permitting other cotton exporting countries to dispose of their stocks first. Later in the season, our exports may be expected, therefore, to rise again. Another factor contributing to the export decline was the tailing off in deliveries of airplanes as the backlogs are run out.

A decline in nonagricultural exports to Canada may have been the result of the devaluation of the Canadian dollar and the increase of import duties. The effect of these changes appears to have been relatively small, however, during the third quarter and third quarter experiences may not yet indicate the full impact of these measures.

Nonagricultural exports to Europe and Japan combined were approximately the same as in the first and second quarters of the year. buildup of productive capacity, par-

Table 1.—Analysis of U.S. Balance of Payments, Seasonally Adjusted, Excluding Military Grant Aid

	[Millions of dollars]													
	Calend	ar year	Jan	Sept.			1961							
	1960	1961	1961	1962	I	II	III	IV	1	H	111			
Transactions other than changes in official monetary assets and in liquid liabilities														
U.S. payments (debits) recorded Imports: Merchandise Military expenditures. Other services Remittances and pensions.	3, 048 5, 417	14, 514 2, 947 5, 462	23, 183 10, 626 2, 225 4, 034 658	24, 658 12, 082 2, 228 4, 313 678	3, 369 770	3, 417 756 1, 337	8, 082 3, 840 699 1, 388 216	3, 888 722 1, 428	3, 920 752	8, 093 4, 032 746 1, 450 223	8, 282 4, 130 730 1, 473 221			
Government grants and capital outflows.  Transactions involving no immediate dollar outflow from the United States.  Dollar payments to foreign countries and international institutions.  U.S. private capital	3, 405 2, 170 1, 235 3, 882	4, 051 2, 768 1, 283 3, 953	2, 860 2, 001 859 2, 780	3, 217 2, 437 780 2, 140	962 660 302 1,059	550 254 876	1, 094 791 303 845	1, 191 767 424 1, 173	1, 040 761 279 947	1, 059 809 250 583	1, 118 867 351 610			
Direct investments Long-term portfolio Short-term	. 850	1,006	532	930 818 392		218	194	320 474 379	397		300 137 173			
U.S. receipts (credits) recorded.  Exports: Merchandise. Financed by Government grants and capital. Military sales. Income on investments, private. Income on investments, Government. Miscellaneous services.	19, 459 1,798 335 2, 873 349	19, 915 2, 183 406 3, 303 379	14, 769 1, 588 309 2, 411 284	15, 572	5, 061 559 71 847 94	4, 768 435 150 768	4, 940 594 88 796 70	5, 146 <i>595</i> 97 892 95	575 96 912 114	5, <b>33</b> 9 554 153 910	8, 057 5, 170 655 168 845 103 1, 084			
Repayments on U.S. Government loans Foreign capital other than liquid funds Private liabilities Government liabilities	. 335 . 335	606	479	477	133 198 198 nss	274	7	209 127 127 nss	290	116 2	616 71 -37 108			
Excess of recorded receipts (credits) or payments (debits)(-). On goods, services, remittances, and pensions. On Government grants and capital assets. On Government nonliquid liabilities. On private direct and long-term portfolio in-	-3,333 2,983 -2,769 nss	4, 265 -2, 777	3, 245	2,986	-829	1, 097 47 nss	748 -1, 013 nss	1, 020 -982 nss	956 	1, 214 839 114	- 225 816 - 501 108			
On private short-term investments.	-1,433	-2,015 $-1,332$ $-602$	-957	-469	-406	-316	-235		-314	- 599 18 - 134				
Unrecorded transactions (net)														
Major special transactions 2	-524	129	649	649	<b></b>	724	-75	520	100	76	473			
Total, excluding special transactions.	-3,401	-2,590	-1,702	-2,086	-319	-548	-835	-888	-592	-302	-1, 192			
						Quai	rters not	season:	ally a	ljuste	d			
Changes in gold and convertible currency holdings of U.S. monetary authorities and in liquid liabilities 3	3, 925	2, 461	1, 128	1,512	308	-89	909	1,333	462	312	738			
Gold (sales +, purchases -). Convertible currencies (purchases (-)). Liquid liabilities, total (decrease (-)) <sup>1</sup> .		-115				-160	124	510 54 877	-113		446 104 188			
By foreign holders: Monetary authorities and institutions. International Monetary Fund. Foreign central banks and governments,	1,862 741		112 -447		36 25			4 <b>05</b> 312		529 44	6 <b>2</b> 5			
total As reported by U.S. banks Other		702	662	732	$11 \\ 12 \\ -1$	-242	892	93 40 53	-481	$     \begin{array}{r}       485 \\       760 \\       -275     \end{array} $	294 453 —159			
Foreign commercial banks. Other international and regional institutions. Other foreigners and undetermined.	104 395 138	461	165	-45 92 198	61	28	76	66 296 110	206		-218 -120 -99			
By types of liabilities: Deposits in U.S. banks U.S. Government obligations: Bills and certificates <sup>4</sup> Bonds and notes Other	627	-125 $505$	1, 165 506 315 90	-382 2, 283 -716 -345	96 -155 206 -8	-293 -94	203		-283					
Bankers acceptances, commercial paper, etc Liabilities payable in foreign currencies Other liabilities.	.[ 36	36			-174 $-2$ $-1$	46	-57	135 49 30	32	-7	-64 77 8			

nss. Not shown separately.

nss. Not shown separately.

1. Beginning with the first quarter of 1962 excludes changes in specified Government liabilities shown separately above.

2. Includes major nonrepetitive transactions which have major effects on quarterly changes in net payments or receipts. The figures include the following items: II 1961 advance debt repayments, including shifts from the following quarter; III 1961 subscriptions to international organizations of \$172 million, a very short-term outflow of funds over the year-end estimated at \$100 million, exceptional concentration of large long- and short-term bank loans of about \$250 million, and advance debt repayment of \$40 million; I 1962 return flow of very short-term funds estimated at \$100 million; II and III 1962 advance debt repayments; I, II, and III 1962 for effects of Canadian developments see text discussion.

3. Corresponds to line 48 in Balance of Payments table, p. 12.

4. Includes noninterest bearing notes held by the International Monetary Fund and other international and regional institutions; beginning in 1962 includes only changes in holdings by the IMF of such notes.

ticularly for steel and other industrial materials, ahead of the current growth in demand started to affect our exports of those products some time ago. The excess capacity which has developed in these industries and the slower rate of new investments in these as well as other industries may also affect our exports of producers goods. The time lags between industrial development, orders for equipment, and final deliveries are considerable, however, and the full effects of these developments may not become evident until next

vear. Some early indications of these developments may already be noticeable, however.

The third quarter exports of machinery to Europe and Japan were still higher than a year ago, but the decline from the second to the third quarter was considerably larger than a year earlier. Foreign orders for machine tools were also somewhat less than a year ago. The slowdown in the foreign demand for industrial materials and investment goods is likely to be cyclical, however, and can be expected to be

Table 2.—U.S. Balance of Payments by Major Components, Seasonally Adjusted

(Millions of dollars) 1961 1961 1 11  $\Pi\Pi^p$ Goods and Services, Government Assistance and Long-Term Capital Accounts <sup>2</sup> Nonmilitary merchandise exports
 Less those financed by G grants and capital. 19,9155,0614, 768 4,940 5,1465.093 5, 339 5, 170 595 grants and capital.

Merchandise exports, other than those financed by Government grants and capital.

Nonmilitary merchandise imports.

Balance on trade excluding exports financed by Government grants and capital. 17, 732 14, 514 4, 502 -3, 369 4, 515 -4, 130 3,920 -3.4173,840 3,888 -4.0321, 133 1, 937 753 2,173Nonmilitary service exports.... Less those financed by Government grants and capital.

Service exports, other than those financed by Government grants and capital... 391 105 136 138 86 92 108 196 8.  $\frac{1,851}{-1,309}$ 7, 854 ~5, 462 1, 758 -1, 388 1, 927 2,0371, 894 -1, 473 9. Nonmilitary service imports -1.3371, 428 -1.390-1.450Balance on services other than those rend-1,892 542 481 370 499 577 587 421 ered under Government grants and capitat 5, 110 1,675 1, 397 876 1, 162 1, 145 1, 340 806 11. Balance Other major transactions B ner major transactions
Military expenditures.
Military eash receipts
Government grants and capital—dollar
payments to foreign countries and international institutions.
Repayments on U.S. Government loans,
avaluating fundings by now leans -2,947-770 241 2. 3. -1.283-302 --254 -303-- 424 ---279 -250-2514. 59 191 597 1, 199 123 828 189 109 5. -2, 481 -577 -487-623 -794-627 -684-4376. -223466 -37 -221-122 -221 $-201 \\ -221$ -20 - 216Remittances and pensions\_\_\_\_\_\_ Changes in Government liabilities 3\_ -878-220 $-234 \\ -1$ -5,526-1, 559 -5391,675 -1,753 1, 403 1, 388 -853Balance C. Balance on Goods and Services, Government assistance and long-term capital account. 116 858 -799-591 -258-48 -47Recorded U.S. private short-term capital outflow less foreign short-term credits to the United States (excluding foreign liquid D. -1, 443 -316 -304-417-340-178dollar holdings)\_\_\_ -494 E. Unrecorded transactions..... -602-29-366193 -400106 -1341. Overall balance, seasonally adjusted.  $-319 \\ -11$ 176 -910 -492 -226 -719 -2,4611.408 Less seasonal adjustment.... 1. Overall balance, actual (not seasonally ad--308-312 -738 89 -2.461-909 -1.333-462Equals: Changes in liquid liabilities foreign private holders, including banks and nonmonetary inter-national and regional institutions 437 -1,20274 -57010 (de-crease—) and changes of gold and convertible currencies by U.S. monetary authorities (de-crease—) and changes in U.S. 3. crease—) and change liquid liabilities t and international authorities (increase 659 -322

Excludes military transfers under grants, - r Revised. - p Preliminary. Short-term capital movements between parent companies and their foreign affiliates are reported as part of direct

Excludes liabilities associated with military transactions and Government assistance operations.
 Increase in U.S. liabilities and sales of gold (-), line 48, table 4.

reversed again. For the longer run, rising costs and prices abroad should improve our competitive position if our prices can be kept stable. This should provide us with the opportunity to expand exports and to counteract foreign advances on domestic markets.

A more detailed discussion of recent developments in foreign trade may be found in the foreign trade article in this issue.

Services transactions in the third quarter resulted in somewhat larger payments and lower receipts, principally as a result of changes in international travel between the United States and Canada. The devaluation of the Canadian dollar appears to have stimulated travel by U.S. residents to Canada and the same factor—as well as restrictions imposed by the Canadian Government on the amount of duty free goods which Canadians could take back have reduced Canadian expenditures

Income on investments was also less than in the previous quarter, when dividend payments to American companies from their Canadian subsidiaries were speeded up, perhaps in anticipation of restrictions or further devaluations. Income on direct investments in Europe was also lower in the third quarter than a year ago, bringing the decline for the three quarters of this year from the corresponding period of 1961 to about 7 percent.

In part offsetting these adverse developments was the continued rise in sales of military equipment through the Department of Defense, and somewhat smaller military expenditures abroad.

### Capital outflows

The net outflow of private U.S. capital during the third quarter was approximately \$600 million, about the same as in the previous quarter. For the first three quarters of this year the net outflow was \$2,140 million, or \$2.9 billion at an annual rate—roughly \$1 billion less than the capital outflow in each of the years 1960 and 1961.

Comparing the first three quarters of 1962 with the corresponding period of 1961, the decline occurred in capital outflows to Canada, Latin America, and the Far East. In the latter area, it was mainly in "short-term" bank loans, principally to Japan and to a lesser extent to the Philippines; capital outflows to Europe were higher in 1962.

In the third quarter, however, capital outflows to Canada increased to an amount slightly above that in the corresponding period of 1961, while capital outflows to Europe fell below those a year earlier. The decline to Europe was in direct investments, apparently reflecting lesser needs by American subsidiaries for working capital. The increase to Canada was partly in direct investments and partly in short-term capital outflows. The latter may have been due to the high interest rates established by the Canadian authorities last summer as one of the measures to defend the exchange value of the Canadian currency. In September and the following months the rate was reduced again, and the outflow of short-term funds may have diminished, but outflows through purchases of longer term securities took their place.

It remains to be seen whether the decline in incomes from direct investments in Europe and the recent decline of capital outflows to that area are interconnected and related to the somewhat slower pace of economic expansion there. It may be significant that the decline in capital outflows was primarily to the United Kingdom and Germany, where actual or planned investments have declined more than in the other major countries of Europe.

Direct investments in the Latin American republics again showed a net inflow to the United States in the third quarter, resulting in an aggregate net inflow of \$37 million for the first three quarters of the year. As in the earlier part of the year, the outflow in the manufacturing sector remained sizable amounting to some \$90 million, but was offset by inflows from other industries. Because of tax payments sizable outflows to this area may be expected for the fourth quarter.

Capital flows to sterling area countries in the rest of the world have also been highly variable this year, largely because of the financing of oil shipments. A small inflow of capital from that area in the first quarter was followed by an outflow to these countries of nearly \$140 million in the second quarter, but only a minor outflow is so far expected for the third.

Because of the important element of short-term financing which is part of the capital flow between U.S. companies and their foreign affiliates, it is difficult to separate longer-term trends from the sharp quarter-to-quarter changes.

Long-term private portfolio investments were relatively minor in the third quarter, aggregating about \$100 million. New issues of foreign securities, mainly for Japan and Canada, were about \$135 million, less than half the second quarter total. Since September, however, large issues have been sold in the United States by Canadian and other borrowers, so that the total U.S. purchases of new foreign issues for the year may approach the 1958 postwar high of over \$900 million.

Loans by banks of over 1 year duration were negligible overall, with a moderate outflow to Latin America more than matched by maturing loans in Europe and Asia. Commercial conconcerns, on the basis of partial data, appear to have extended some longerterm credits to Latin America and Asia.

Recorded short-term capital outflows rose somewhat in the third quarter, but not to significant proportions. Banks reduced their short-term credits on balance, especially in Latin America, Japan, and the Philippines. On the other hand, preliminary data on short-term credits and liquid investments abroad by non-financial concerns indicate a substantial flow, largely to Canada, in the third quarter.

To facilitate analysis of Government capital transactions, changes in certain liabilities which are not included among liquid liabilities are now shown separately for 1962 in line 45A in the main table and also in table 1.

These liabilities include foreign funds committed for military purchases, funds transferred to foreign countries under assistance programs for subsequent purchases of U.S. goods or services, funds held here by certain international or-

Table 3.-U.S. Short-Term Private Capital, 1960, 1961, and First Three Quarters 1962, by Country and Type

		[Mi	llions	of dolla	ars)											
		Amount outstanding end of period				196	30		1961				1962			
							Char	iges :	<sup>2</sup> quarterly (decreas				es ())			
	1959	1960	1961	Sept 1962	Ι	11	Ш	IV	1	П	111	IV	I	1.1	III	
Total reported by U.S. banks 1	2, 599	3, 594	4, 656	4, 697	104	37	417	432	356	159	1	547	175	-100	-89	
Major financial centers, total United Kingdom EEC and Switzerland Canada	191	245		163 362		24	83 5	-19 52	54 -78 64 68		$^{20}_{-44}$	$-4 \\ 85$	-19 -29		-3	
By type: Commercial and financial claims payable in dollars	488 178	566 405			$-74 \\ -10$		63 122							-139 -6		
Other countries, total	1, 933 324 1, 147 462	806 1,328	1, 445 1, 447	3,729 41,682 1,423 624	96	77	$\frac{163}{39}$	146 202	24	$-203 \\ -129$	72	157	236 10	$^{45}_{-18}_{28}$	-46 -53	
By type: Commercial and financial claims pay- able in dollars Foreign currency deposits and claims.	1, 919 14		3, 447 69	3, 657 72	188	-85 3	195 37	352 5	317 15			393 27	231 -11	40 5	-114 8	
Total reported by non-financial concerns	705	1, 130	1, 599	na	13	145	64	155	106	170	116	-20	137	-3	5 <b>150</b>	
Major financial centers, total United Kingdom EEC and Switzerland Canada	271 50 120 101	3 272 153		na na na na	18	79 11	52 15 -4 41	107 18	6 9	$-54 \\ 50$	$-37 \\ -20$	12 39	4 50	-29 15	<sup>5</sup> 127 <sup>5</sup> 20 <sup>5</sup> —10 <sup>5</sup> 117	
Claims payable in dollars	217 54		802 212	na na	-19 20		54 -2			$197 \\ -22$	50 14	46 -38		-11 -11	na na	
Other countries, total	434	518	<b>5</b> 85	na	-14	20	12	35	-17	-5	80	-28	24	19	5 <b>2</b> 3	
Claims payable in dollars	388 46		497 88	na na	-12 -2		12	29 6	-14 -3		61 19	$-35 \\ 7$	23 1	1 18	na na	

na. Not available.

<sup>na. Not available.
1. Excludes Exchange Stabilization Fund holdings.
2. Changes adjusted for variations in coverage and therefore do not correspond exactly to changes computed from reported amounts outstanding.
3. Excludes \$370 million held pending direct investment.
4. Reflects major portion of expanded coverage.
5. Estimated on the basis of partial preliminary reports.</sup> 

Table 4.-United States

### (Millions of dollars)

			All areas Western Europe Eastern Europ				oe	Canada											
Line	Type of transaction		1961			1962		19	61	190	52	196	31	19	62	196	51	196	32
		I	11	Ш	I	II r	III r	II	III	II r	III p	II	III	II ,	III p	II	ш	II r	111 r
1 2 3 4 5 6	Exports of goods and services Goods and services transferred under military grants, net Goods and services excluding transfers under military grants Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military Transportation Travel Miscellaneous services: Private	7, 144 324 6, 820 5, 012 389 189 301	7,495 543 6,952 4,922 428 255 316	6, 903 247 6, 656 4, 673 429 308	7,378 383 6,995 5,015 429 204 324	8,504 698 7,806 5,497 461 275	7, 126 4, 898 458 305 337	1, 670 191 35 117	2,117 1,543 196 38	33 141	2,400 1,664 233 45	54 54 43 2 (x)	19 1 (x) 2	43 3 (x)	29 23 3 (x)	1,331 966 30 130 41	883 31 150 38	1,518 1,122 35 130 41	938 36 135 40
8 9 10 11 12	Government, excluding military Military transactions. Income on investments: Direct investments Other private Government.	39 71 612 143 64	39 150 591 160 91	40 88 611 158 60	41 96 630 187 69	45 153 694 200 128	200	98	14 61 106 35 17	118 107 45	94	(x)		(x) 	(x)	(x) 13 91 60	(x) 9 88 60	108	5 83 70 (x)
13 14 15 16	Imports of goods and services.  Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military. Transportation Travel Miscellaneous services: Private	5, 276 3, 400 427 275	5, 595 3, 458 537 454	6,078 3,682 555 668	5,882 3,946 451 300	6,318 4,077 574 496	523 770	294	2,094 994 300 245	2,316 1,137 347 215	2, 252 1, 073 309 281 60	25 22 (x) 1	26 21 1 3	1	27 21 1 4	984 738 26 87	1,218 825 28 236	26	885 26
18 19 20 21	Government, excluding military Military expenditures Income on investments: Private Government	88 770 146 69	77 756 146 65	151 699 140 68	82 752 162 80	75 746 159 84	147 730 150 86	19 397 98 36	20 353 87 38	20 395 96	21 369 91	1 1	(x)	(x)	(x)	32 7	75	71	1 74 41
22 23	Balance on goods and services Excluding transfers under military grants	1,868 1,544	1,900 1,357	825 578	1, 496 1, 113		na 639	528 283	107 23	596 334	na 148	29 29	$-3 \\ -3$	29 29	2 2	356 347	41 41		na 36
24 25 26 27 28 29	Unilateral transfers, net [to foreign countries()].  Excluding military transfers. Private remittances. Government: Military grants of goods and services. Other grants. Pensions and other transfers.	-1,018 -694 -154 -324 -478 -62	-1,249 -706 -158 -543 -488 -60	-880 -633 -157 -247 -420 -56	-1,131 -748 -161 -383 -520 -67	-686 -163 -698 -465	-659 -160		161 75	-262 -61	na -153 -80 na -46 -27	-8 -8 -6 -1	5 1	-10 -10 -7 -2 -1	-9 -7 -1	-6 -1 -9	-12 -12 -4	-8 -2	na -8 -2 na -6
30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	U.S. capital, net [increase in U.S. assets (-)].  Private, net.  Direct investments, net.  New issues of foreign securities.  Redemptions.  Transactions in outstanding foreign securities.  Other long-term, net.  Short-term, net.	-1,372 -989 -441 -107 44 -75 51 -461	-955 -324 -187 23	-1, 104 -637 -341 -87	-1, 268 -866 -196 -163 50 -83 -162 -312	1,166 720 496 313 -28 15 65	-345 -355 -189 -134 -59 3 -33	430 -209 -133 -23 -23 1 -31 -26	-184 -136 -247 -5	-376 -388 -267 -139 3 24 -19	323 -112 -70 -15 9 7	-9 -3  -1 3	2 1  	-13 5	-5 -3 	-356 -359 -44 -88 15 -38	-160 -160 -11 -51	$     \begin{array}{r}       -27 \\       -24 \\       -64 \\       -112 \\       20 \\       11 \\       1     \end{array} $	-178 -178 -51 -41 -41 39
38 39 40 41	Government, net	-383 -409 103 -77		-467 -538 84 -13	-402 -483 130 -49		$-489 \\ 585$	$-62 \\ 709$		90	-62 513	1 6	(x)	$\begin{vmatrix} -1 \\ 8 \end{vmatrix}$	(x) <sub>2</sub>	<b>-</b>	(x)	-3 -3	
42 43 44 45	Foreign capital, net [increase in U.S. liabilities (+)] Direct investments in the United States Other long-term investments Other capital excluding liquid funds; A. U.S. private short-term liabilities B. U.S. Government liabilities Increase in foreign holdings of liquid dollar assets	160 20 102 76 nss -38	32 169	646 -5 25 -13 nss 639	562 25 135 6 124 272	75 10 -83 114	-19 -18	27 129 54 nss	-3 6 -18 nss	39 37 -59 83	$-8 \\ -27 \\ -27 \\ -92 \\$	(x)	(x)	-1 (x)		2 3 nss		28 8 1 -3	-10 1 -2
47	Gold and convertible currencies, purchases (-) or sales (+) by	346	Į		190	l	i	-362	ĺ				l					-445	į į
48	monetary authorities.  Reduction in gold and convertible currency holdings (line 47) and increase in U.S. liquid liabilities (line 46).	308	-89	909	462	312	738	-249	1, 502	435	-188	3	-2			227	-15	-235	599
49	Errors and omissions and transfers of funds between foreign areas [receipts by foreign areas (-)], net.	16	-296	243	151	64	-444	-507	-1, 165	-319	-187	-15	9	-5	12	-220	147	-122	-366
I II III	Memorandum items: Increase in reported total foreign gold reserves and liquid dollar holdings. Through estimated net receipts from, or payments (—) to, the United States. Through other transactions 4	438 303 135	182 -98 280	1, 055 901 154	601 449 152	297	726	-756	337	116		-12	7	-5		1	1	-340 -357 5 17	

r Revised. p Preliminary. na Not available. nss Not shown separately. x Less than \$500,000.

1. Transactions with shipping companies operating under the flag of the Bahamas, Honduras, Liberia, and Panama are included in "unallocated."

2. Changes in reported total gold reserves of foreign banks and governments (including international organizations, but excluding the countries of the Soviet Bloc), net of convertible currencies held by U.S. monetary authorities, plus liquid claims on the United States.

3. For "All areas" equals balance (with reverse sign) of line 23 (less tasles of gold by domestic sources to (+) or purchases from (-) the monetary gold stock of the United States), plus lines 25, 30, 43, 44, 45, and 49. Domestic sales to (+) or purchases from (-) the monetary gold stock were in millions of dollars: 1961 I, -5; II -9; III, -8; 1962 I, -13; II, -15; III, -12.

4. Line I minus line II for all areas represents gold obtained by foreign central banks and governments outside the United States.

ganizations as reserves in non-interestbearing nonmarketable Government securities, and other nonmarketable Government obligations with original maturities exceeding 1 year. In table 2, funds committed for military purchases are included with military re-

ceipts, and funds transferred to foreign countries under aid programs but reserved for domestic purchases are omitted both from the debit and the credit sides of the account.

The borderline between some of these liabilities and some of those included under liquid liabilities is not always sharp, a characteristic which applies to most classifications of transactions represented in the balance of payments tables. It seems, however, that these liabilities do not have the general characteristics of liquid liabilities, i.e. to

**Balance of Payments by Area** 

(Millions of dollars)

Latin	Americ	an rep	ublies	All	other o	countrie	ış I		ational nd una		utions d	Adder	ndum, s	sterling	area	
196	51	19	62	196	31	19	62	19	61	19	62	196	61	19	62	Line
II	III	II ·	III »	II	III	II,	III p	II	Ш	II '	III P	111 111		II r	III p	
1, 259 18 1, 241 808 63 75	1,363 58 1,305 879 68 89	1,362 17 1,345 868 60 80	na na <b>1,254</b> 806 58 87	2, 212 271 1, 941 1, 435 114 15	1,998 105 1,893 1,349 106 31	2,591 419 2,172 1,565 97 32	na na 2,066 1,467 96 38	74 74 28	59 59 27	67 67	69 69 32	nss nns 1,080 729 81 20	nss nss 1, 105 747 81 35	nss nss 1, 296 890 75 29	nss nss 1,314 945 75 34	2 3
65 7 6	59 8 4	75 8 4	68 10 2	73 18 14	67 18 12	79 21 16	79 22 13	17 <u>1</u> 6	16 2	15 4	15 	76 8 6	64 8 6	80 10 13	78 10 6	8
173 26 18	152 28 18	187 33 30	162 35 26	228 25 19	$261 \\ 25 \\ 24$	289 40 33	277 38 36	1 12	4 10	3 12	4 12	128 17 15	137 15 12	158 20 21	130 18 18	11
1,022 804 43 103	1,013 761 49 119	1,091 861 33 115	1,027 792 31 124	1,400 951 72 70	1,522 1,073 76 65	1,593 1,141 71 64	1,647 1,184 69 65	136 9 102	205 8 101	133 18 96	190 18 87	987 595 97 82	1,043 653 93 93	1,141 712 125 88	1, 126 721 111 105	14 15
32 17 15	44 16 15	32 19 21	34 19 18	5 29 258	$\begin{array}{c} 3 \\ 32 \\ 256 \end{array}$	5 33 259	3 37 269	10	81	i	68	46 11 112	43 12 106	45 13 113	42 14 95	18
7 1	8 1	8 2	7 2	8 7	10 7	10 10	11 9	1 14	(x) 15	(x) 18	(x) 17	37 7	33 10	34 11	30 8	
237 219	350 292	271 254	na 227	812 541	476 371	998 579	na 419	$-62 \\ -62$	-146 -146	$^{-66}_{-66}$	- 121 - 121	nss 93	nss 62	nss 155	nss 188	
-77 -59 -16	-115 -57 -16	$-75 \\ -58 \\ -14$	-65	-706 -435 -56	-466 -361 -57	$-821 \\ -402 \\ -56$	na −400 −56	-31 -31	-36 -36	$-34 \\ -34$	-24 -24	nss -122 -33	nss -109 -30	nss 152 34	nss -173 -32	25
-18 -40 -3	-58 -37 -4	$-17 \\ -40 \\ -4$	na 46 4	$-271 \\ -354 \\ -25$	$-105 \\ -284 \\ -20$	$-419 \\ -328 \\ -18$	na -324 -20	-31	-36	-34	-24	$     \begin{array}{r}       \text{nss} \\       -83 \\       -6     \end{array} $	nss -73 -6	nss -112 -6	nss -136 -5	28
-23 19 -93 1 2 -13 122	-449 -193 -1 2 5 -63 -136	-248 -83 -5 -20 (x) -1 -38 -19	-121 2 13 (x) 3 -2 -42 30	-584 -411 -54 -69 1 -17 -8 -264	-347 -182 -103 -36 2 -36 -3 -6	-486 -218 -180 -41 2 -15 -12 28	-342 -35 -46 -75 6 -17 17 80	2 8 (x) -7 5 10	21	-16 -12 20 -1 3 -34	$ \begin{array}{c c} -35 \\ -3 \\ 2 \end{array} $	-205 -103 -84 -23 1 -17 4 16	-265 -194 -172 -27 1 -29 -8 41	-228 -131 -183 -11 1 4 9	-248 -85 -3 -18 1 -1 -14 -50	31 32 33 34 35 36
-42 -76 51 -17	$     \begin{array}{r}       -256 \\       -210 \\       \hline       31 \\       -77     \end{array} $	-165 -186 46 -25	-123 -116 33	-173 -169 60 -64	-165 -261 33 63	-268 -230 44 -82	-307 -311 34 -30	-6 -6	1 -2	-4 -4	7 3 4	-102 -78 13 -37	-71 -130 13 46	-97 -107 -18 -8	-163 -183 12	38 39 40
-152 3 14	191 -2 10	41 2 -9	4	(x) 20	-227 (x) 4	6 29	125 -5 8	43	-417 2	85 3		58 23 24	1,019 -13 11	$-233 \\ 18 \\ -33$	-518 -29 -37	43
7 nss -176 -6	nss 178	-10 33 25 -58	19 -59	9 nss 34 29	nss -235	-14 1 36 12	1	(x) nss 40	nss -419 -142	82 15	1 1	28 nss -17 -224	-2 nss 1, 023	-25 5 -198	-1 -451 120	46
-182	186	-33	-68	63	-201	48	167	49	-561	97	228	-241	1,078	-93	-331	48
21	15	69	8	386	<b>5</b> 30	297	154	39	707	16	-65	400	-762	353	631	49
-192 -161 -31	175 201 -26		-60	449	-171 329 -500	109 345 236	321	79	138	98	151	-280 $159$ $-439$	738 316 422	20 260 -240	-376 300 -676	11

constitute directly or indirectly an immediate claim on our reserves, and to be freely useable by the foreign holder for international payments or quickly convertible into monetary assets with a minimum risk of loss in value. Separating these liabilities from those of nonfinancial corporations permits analysts to make various combinations of balance of payments data and to derive

alternative interpretations of balance of payments developments.

# Gold transactions and changes in foreign reserves

Gold sales during the third quarter were relatively large, amounting to nearly \$450 million. In addition over \$100 million of convertible currencies were liquidated during that period by U.S. monetary authorities.

The large sales of gold coincided with a rise in private demand for gold abroad. The latter may have been associated with the decline in demand for U.S. and European securities following the drop in security prices at the end of the second quarter.

The amount of gold absorbed by private buyers in the second and third quarters of this year was the equivalent of a very large part of gold newly mined during that period. (See main table, memorandum line III.)

In a longer-run evaluation of the international payments pattern it is important to note, however, that changes are taking place among the countries accumulating gold and liquid dollar assets. Some of the countries which in previous years had the largest accumulations such as Germany, Italy, the Netherlands, and Switzerland, either have stabilized their gold and dollar holdings or had to sell some of these reserve assets. France was still among the major countries adding to its reserves. In addition, several smaller countries were among those with rising reserves, including Austria, Spain, and Sweden, and Japan recovered some of its losses sustained in 1961. The country having the largest gains during the third quarter was Canada, however.

### Manufacturers' Expectations

(Continued from page 7)

change from the June 30 or March 31 positions.

Among durable goods industries, producers holding 18 percent of total inventories for the group considered their stocks as "high"—the same proportion as on June 30 and a little lower than on March 31. Except for the second half of 1961 this percentage is lower than at any other period since this survey began in late 1957. The "about right" category stood at 81 percent (see table).

The percentage of nondurable goods inventories considered "high" was somewhat smaller than in the durable goods group—11 percent. The proportion is about in line with recent quarters but smaller than in earlier periods. More than 85 percent of soft goods stocks are evaluated as "about right."

# Foreign Trade Expanded in 1962

# Merchandise Export Surplus Large But Below 1961 as Upswing in Imports Accompanies GNP Advance

A Detailed Survey of U.S. Exports, 1959-62

THE review of the balance of international payments in a preceding section of this issue has indicated the shifts in merchandise and other transactions which have produced an improvement in our international interchange in 1962, and has analyzed the varied component trends. The present article analyzes in some detail the changing pattern of merchandise transactions over the 4-year period 1959–62, viewing the current year within the compass of domestic economic developments.

Merchandise exports in January-September 1962 rose to a record seasonally adjusted annual rate of \$20.8 billion, having increased over the year 1961 by nearly \$0.9 billion. At the same time, merchandise imports climbed to a new high of \$16.1 billion, having advanced by \$1.6 billion in response to the 1961–62 cyclical upswing in the domestic economy. The merchandise export surplus (annual rate) thus amounted to \$4.7 billion compared with \$5.4 billion in 1961.

In contrast to the rise in exports, which had begun late in 1961 and was reversed in the third quarter of 1962, the uptrend in imports continued without interruption after the March quarter of 1961.

During the third quarter of 1962 imports hit a new peak of \$16.5 billion at a seasonally adjusted annual rate. While corresponding exports amounted to as much as \$20.7 billion, this annual rate was some \$600 million below the record of the previous quarter (see first chart on page 15).

Exports and imports in the third quarter appear to have been inflated by heavier-than-normal outflows and inflows of merchandise in September in anticipation of the October 1 dock strike on the East and Gulf Coasts.<sup>2</sup> Trade data just now becoming available for the month of October reveal a sizable drop in both exports and imports, a reversal of the sharp rise recorded in September.

# U.S. Imports Reflect Pattern of Domestic Output

 $\Gamma_{
m HE}$  advance in total imports which followed the cyclical trough in January-March of 1961 coincided with the upturn in the nation's gross output of goods and had been preceded a quarter earlier by a quickened demand for industrial supplies and materials from abroad. This predominant category of U.S. imports traditionally responds most sensitively to changes in domestic business. In subsequent quarters other major commodity categories reinforced the import rise and the general pattern of imports traced during 1961-62 relative to corresponding movements in the goods component of the GNP resembled that of the last cyclical upturn of 1958-59 (see chart on page 15). In both 1959 and 1962, moreover, upcoming labor contract renewals and the threat of work stoppages in the steel and nonferrous metals industries

produced abnormal fluctuations in U.S. demand for these materials which affected both production and imports during most of the whole span from late 1958 to 1962.

While the quarterly rise in imports proceeded without interruption from early 1961 through the third quarter of 1962, the greatest gains—both value and percentagewise—occurred between the first and second halves of 1961 when the U.S. output of goods also increased

Gains in Imports and GNP (Seasonally adjusted)

GNP

	Imports	services)
	(Perce	ent)
t half 1961 to 2nd half 1961	+13.9	+10.5
id half 1961 to 1st half 1962	+2.9	+3.0
t quarter 1962 to 2nd quarter 1962.	+2.9	+1.4
id quarter 1962 to 3rd quarter 1962.	+2.4	+0.3

i. Exports and imports as adjusted to a balance-of-payments basis. See table 1, p. 9 for quarterly breakdown on merchandise trade, seasonally adjusted, covering period from 1st quarter 1961 through 3rd quarter 1962.

<sup>2.</sup> The strike lasted only several days as an injunction was issued on October  ${\bf 4}$ .

sharply. The continued upward course of imports during 1962 was an extension of the earlier broadly-based increase in U.S. demand for foreign goods but at a slower pace, reflecting the smaller increments in GNP.

# Import rise broadly based

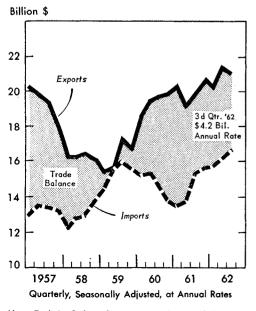
Table 1 reveals the across-the-board character of the 1961-62 import expansion and permits comparison with 1959, the last previous period of peak import demand.

Actual Census-recorded general imports in January-September 1962 totaled nearly \$1½ billion higher—11 percent—than in the corresponding nine months of 1961 (and almost \$¾ billion above the same period of 1959). This major advance was accompanied by a decline in prices as the unit value index for total imports fell to the lowest point since the third quarter of 1950 (see table 2). Thus the import gain from a year ago, in volume terms, was relatively greater than that indicated by the increase in dollar value.

More than half of the overall value gain in imports from a year ago reflected augmented purchases of industrial supplies and materials; the relative magni-

# RECORD U.S. EXPORTS AND IMPORTS IN 1962

 But 9-Month Trade Balance Falls 15 Percent Below Same Period a Year Ago



Note: Excludes Defense Department purchases and shipments of military goods; excludes uranium imports

tude of this gain conforms with the dominant share (51 to 52 percent) of this category in the nation's total import trade during recent years.

Consumer goods (nonfood), on the other hand, accounted for nearly 30 percent of this year's total import rise over 1961 while comprising only about one-sixth of total imports. Moreover, this category of goods has continued to move up in each successive quarter of the year whereas imports of industrial materials subsided after the first quarter (see second chart). The strength in 1962 of consumer goods imports, and of industrial materials as well, stands in marked contrast to the relatively sluggish export performance of these commodity groupings, as will be discussed in a later section of this article.

The slow, persistent, long-term uptrend in imports of capital equipment (machinery and commercial transportation equipment) was extended into the current vear. The gain over a vear ago, which accounted for 4 percent of the rise in total imports, was centered in machinery and was concentrated in the first quarter of the year. Subsequently, a flattening trend was evident in machinery imports while deliveries of civilian aircraft from foreign manufacturers, which had remained large during the first half of the year, fell off sharply in the third quarter to a rate well below the peak reached in the same quarter a year earlier.

Despite the almost uninterrupted growth in sales of foreign capital equipment in the U.S. market during the entire postwar period, this product grouping nevertheless amounted to less than \$600 million in January-September 1962—only 5 percent of total U.S. imports and little more than one-tenth as large as U.S. exports of capital equipment.

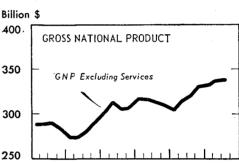
# Rise in food imports limited

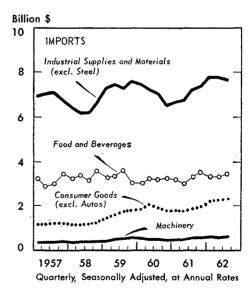
Imports of food and beverages in the current year amounted to some \$140 million above the value for the corresponding first nine months of 1961, representing in large part an increase in shipments of meat products—mostly from Australia.

The modest gain in foodstuffs imports was not commensurate with the relative importance of this category in total U.S. imports. This reflects in large part the inability of coffee imports—by far the largest component of our total food purchases from abroad—to record any significant change in value from a year ago. While there was a modest increase in the volume of 1962 coffee arrivals, it was hardly adequate to offset the year-to-year decline in coffee import prices. The softness in coffee quotations, together with the weakness in cocoa prices, was largely responsible

# MERCHANDISE IMPORTS TRACE PATTERN OF DOMESTIC OUTPUT

- Industrial Materials—Largest Import Component—React Most Sensitively
- ◆ Food and Nonfood Consumer Goods Help Lift 3d Quarter Total





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for bringing the index of crude food prices (see table 2) to the lowest point since 1949.

The uneven course of food and beverages imports in the current year, after seasonal adjustment (see second chart), largely reflects the contra-seasonal movement of sugar arrivals in the first two quarters due to inventory shifts and to uncertainties regarding provisions to be incorporated in the new

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Sugar Act becoming effective after June 30th. Cumulative January-September sugar imports in both 1962 and 1961, moreover, were substantially below those of the three preceding years, the consequence, to a considerable extent, of increased allotments provided to domestic producers as a result of the reallocation of Cuba's former quotas.

# Industrial materials imports end rise

The flattering tendency in industrial materials imports which followed the all-time peak reached in the March quarter of 1962 still left such imports as a group at historically high levels (see second chart) but concealed divergent movements within this large category of assorted commodities.

In the June quarter imports of supplies used in durable goods production, mostly metals, continued to move upward to a 2-year high on a seasonally adjusted basis, while imports of materials used in nondurable manufacturing retreated from the 11-year peak reached a quarter earlier. Converse movements occurred in the third quarter as industrial hardgoods materials edged lower and softgoods supplies firmed.

Imports of petroleum, building materials, and paper (including paper base stocks)—although well above year-ago levels in 1962—displayed relatively little change during the three quarters of the current year, after adjustment for seasonal factors.

Steel deliveries from abroad, ordered prior to the April steel labor dispute settlement, expanded in the April-June period and continued to arrive in the following quarter at a rate in excess of that normally expected in the slow summer months. The inability of steel demand in Europe and Japan to keep pace with expanding capacity induced cuts in their export prices and an intensification of efforts to promote exports. Similar factors, combined with strong domestic consumption in the current year, were likewise responsible for heavier arrivals aluminum.

Iron ore imports, which were high in the first half of the year, did not record their usual seasonal rise in the September quarter as the outlook for a substantial pickup in domestic steel output remained uncertain. Imports of copper, inflated in the March quarter by hedge buying in anticipation of upcoming labor contract renewals in Chile and the United States, subsided in subsequent quarters. The near-record rate of nickel arrivals early in the year was also not maintained in succeeding months but remained above year-earlier levels.

While the tonnage of tin arrivals rose in each quarter of 1962, a sharp drop in world prices following Congressional approval in June of the sale of 50,000 tons of stockpile tin resulted in a decline in the value of U.S. tin imports in the September quarter.

# Lower world prices for industrial materials

The further decline in 1962 of world prices for industrial materials, as reflected in lower unit values for crude materials and semimanufactures in table 2, is worthy of mention in view of the strong demand in the United States—the world's most important market—for these supplies.

Overhanging stockpiles of metals in the hands of governments and some private non-consumer groups (African copper producers and, more recently, the International Tin Council), coupled with announcements by the U.S. Government relating to plans for disposal of such stockpiles, have in a number of instances influenced, or replaced, normal market factors in determining price levels. Moreover, certain market factors themselves—a general condition of excess capacity and production in the petroleum and primary metal mining industries combined with the rounding off of industrial activity in the highly industrialized markets of Europe and Japan during the year—have provided a further depressant to basic materials prices. And finally, there is the increasing availability of, and competition from, substitute materials—natural gas for petroleum and coal; plastics for metals; synthetic for natural rubber etc. At the same time new production efficiencies are also taking their tollthe introduction of "thin tin" plate, the growing use of oxygen furnaces to increase productivity in crude stee output and to reduce fuel factor costs and similar materials-saving develop

ments.

Table 1.—U.S. Imports 1 by End-Use Categories

[Millions of dollars]

,		Jan	uary-Sept	ember	
	1959 1960		1961	1962	1961–62 Dollar increase; % of total increase
General imports, total 1	11,256	11, 180	10,511	11,964	1,45
Percent of total	100	100	100	100	100
Food and beverages.  Percent of total.	2, 603 23	2, 416 23	2, 403 23	2, 545 21	145 10
Industrial supplies and materials !  Percent of total.  Petroleum and products.  Paper and paper base stocks.  Other materials used in nonclurable goods manufacturing.  Selected building materials, nonmetal.  All other industrial materials, used mainly in durable goods manufacturing !	5, 888 52 1, 148 795 1, 168 459 2, 318	5, 844 52 1, 142 813 1, 158 425 2, 306	5, 394 5/ 1, 249 805 1, 068 400 1, 872	6, 179 52 1, 354 845 1, 215 469 2, 296	78/ 55 100 40 147 60 42
Materials used in farming	280 3	271 2	294 3	323 3	29
Capital equipment Percent of total	455 4	464 4	526 5	592 5	66
Consumer goods (nonfood)	1, 731 15	1, 865 17	1, 553 <i>15</i>	1, 958 16	405 28
Nondurables—manufactured Durables—manufactured Other—unmanufactured	397 1, 160 174	542 1. 164 159	457 929 167	588 1, 192 178	13) 263 11
Military, noncommercial and unclassified.  Percent of total	299 3	320 3	341 3	367 3	26 2

<sup>1.</sup> Excluding uranium.

### Auto import rise brief

The revival in deliveries of passenger cars from abroad after a period of decline lasting about 2 years appears to have represented primarily an effort to build up severely depleted inventories rather than a resumption of strength in U.S. consumer demand for foreign autos.

The relationship of foreign car imports to sales in 1962, particularly in the first quarter, was in contrast to the import-sales pattern evident all during 1961 and for most of 1960. In these earlier periods quarterly sales were consistently higher than imports—although both were in a downward trend—with the result that stocks of foreign cars were reduced to very low levels by the end of 1961.

While the downtrend in final sales to consumers continued in 1962, with registrations in virtually every month (through October) lower than a year ago, a sharp resurgence of imports took place in the March quarter with arrivals a full 55 percent above those in the corresponding period of 1961. Though imports then staged a retreat in each successive quarter of the current year, they continued to exceed last year's quarterly arrivals.

Table 2.—U.S. Import Price (Unit Value) Indexes by Economic Class

[1957-59=100, seasonally adjusted]

(1901 05 - 100, Scaponary disjusted)												
	Total im- ports	Crude foods	Manu- fac- tured foods	Crude mate- rials	Semi- manu- fac- tures	Fin- ished manu- fac- tures						
1949. 1950. 1951. 1952. 1953.	80 87 109 103 99	71 97 110 111 111	90 90 99 99	81 88 129 107 96	82 80 101 102 97	89 87 102 101 99						
1953 1954 1955 1956 1957 1958—L	101 101 103 104 101	111 133 114 110 108 109	97 96 97 101	93 99 101 104 98	94 102 108 106 100	99 98 100 101 100						
IIIIV	100 99 98	105 101 96	99 101 101	98 96 96	97 97 95	100 99 101						
1959—L II III IV	97 97 97 99	92 92 89 89	99 98 100 101	98 96 98 99	95 98 98 98	99 98 99 101						
1960—I II IH IV	99 99 99 98	91 89 88 88	97 97 99 99	101 102 101 97	99 100 100 99	101 101 102 102						
1961—I II III IV	98 97 98 97	87 85 86 85	99 99 98 98	97 95 97 97	98 98 98 98	102 103 101 101						
1962—I ———————————————————————————————————	96 96 95	85 85 84	98 98 98	96 95 95	95 94 92	100 101 100						

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of International Commerce.

The number of cars shipped to the United States from foreign manufacturers in the March quarter was more than one-fourth higher than sales to U.S. consumers resulting in the first inventory rise in nearly 2 years. In the second quarter, however, reduced imports barely nosed out registrations and the July-September period witnessed a reversal of the short-lived inventory buildup.

# Imports by area

At least half of the nearly \$1.5 billion advance in total imports during January–September 1962, as compared with the corresponding period of 1961, reflected increased arrivals from Western Europe and Japan. An additional

one-fourth of the import rise originated in Canada, while a significant portion of the remaining gain was supplied by Australia and Hong Kong. The underdeveloped countries of the world thus had a share of less than one-fifth in this major overall recent expansion in U.S. imports.

The most striking upswing occurred in imports from Japan which advanced steadily upward from their low of about \$950 million at a seasonally adjusted annual rate in the first quarter of 1961 to nearly \$1.5 billion in July—September 1962. Since the second quarter of 1962 imports from Japan have in fact exceeded our exports to that country. As discussed below. U.S. exports to Japan declined sharply beginning late in 1961.

# **Exports—A Summary of Area Trends**

THE more highly industrialized countries of the world continued in 1962 to be the major foreign outlets for U.S. products. Canada, Japan, Britain, and the six Common Market countries of Western Europe alone accounted for somewhat over half of total U.S. exports (excluding special category shipments), only a shade less than in 1961. The proportion approaches two-thirds if the remaining countries of Western Europe, plus the semideveloped nations of Australia and South Africa, are included.

Nevertheless, the relatively favorable export showing made in July-September 1962, when total exports recorded a dip of only 3 percent from the all-time peak of a quarter earlier, was due mainly to a continued uptrend in shipments to the underdeveloped countries outside the Western Hemisphere—largely through U.S. Government financing.

In that quarter exports to Western Europe declined, thus reversing the new rise which had begun late in 1961 (see chart on p. 19). Exports to Japan remained relatively depressed, having recovered only a small fraction of the major losses sustained late in 1961 and during the first half of 1962.

Although our shipments to Canada continued, as earlier in 1962, to run ahead of last year's they were down considerably from the high rate of the spring quarter.

Meanwhile, sales to Latin America, adversely affected by the political crises in Argentina and Brazil, as well as by the continued depression in that area's export earnings, fell to the second lowest quarterly rate in six and a half years.

# Military equipment and foodstuffs to Western Europe

Exports to Western Europe in the first half of 1962 were up 10 percent from a year earlier. The rise, however, was entirely in items unrelated to European business demand—military equipment, and agricultural products facing increased Common Market levies after midvear. If military and agricultural products are excluded, exports to Western Europe in the first half of 1962 were no higher than a year earlier—an indication that a mere slowdown in Europe's economic expansion (see table 3) was sufficient to halt the rise in our industrial exports to that area.

On the same basis exports in the

third quarter were somewhat above those of the corresponding period last year—a not too disappointing performance in view of the leveling out in European industrial production since April, the first such major lull in the more than 3-year old European economic uptrend. As mentioned earlier, however, the third quarter figures were affected by the inflated September total reflecting anticipation of a dock strike on October 1.

# Slowdown in European business demand

Although the current interruption in the European business expansion may be shortly followed by a new upturn, the foreseeable elements of renewed strength in the European economic picture—particularly consumer expenditures and residential constructionhave historically had little effect on U.S. exports. On the other hand, the current elements of weakness—the downturns in private capital investment and inventory demand in Europe may well give some cause for concern regarding our exports of machinery and industrial materials, two categories which together account for over 60 percent of our nonmilitary exports to Western Europe.

While labor costs in Europe have been rising faster than in the United States, a development which might be expected to enhance the competitive status of U.S. products in European markets, this advantage must be weighed against the growth of excess capacity in numerous European industries and the greater availability—with shorter delivery dates—of products which compete with U.S. exports.

# Japan's tight money policy hits U.S. exports

The trend of U.S. exports to Japan in 1961-62 has moved contrary to the pattern of shipments to Europe, as shown in the third chart. Exports to Japan underwent an extended decline dating from that country's adoption of a tight money policy in the closing quarter of 1961, and thus by the third quarter of 1962 appeared to have reached alignment with the slower tempo of Japanese business activity (see table 3).

Now that Japan's balance of payments problem has been alleviated by a rise in its exports and a sharp reduction in its imports, some relaxation of Japan's tight money policy, and consequently a pickup in its purchases from this country, may be in the offing.

# U.S. exports hampered by Canadian surcharges

While the dip in our exports to Canada in July-September 1962 from the high rate of the previous quarter (see third chart) was due in part to the tapering off of the rise in Canadian business activity around the middle of the year—a little earlier than was the case in the United States—it may also have reflected the adverse effects of the new Canadian import surcharges imposed late in June. About two-thirds of the decline was centered in agricultural products, particularly cotton and grains.

# U.S. financing spurs exports to India, Pakistan, and Egypt

The steep rise in shipments to the underdeveloped and semi-industrialized nations outside the Western Hemisphere (see third chart) played an important role in raising the level of total U.S. exports in 1962. The uptrend in shipments to these destinations, however, was financed to a

considerable degree by the U.S. Government.

In January-September 1962 new peacetime records were established for exports to India and Pakistan. With the aid of ICA and Development Loan Fund financing, these two nations in 1962 became among our top markets for major industrial materials such as steel and copper. Whereas U.S. exports of steel to India and Pakistan in January-September 1962 were up by about \$40 million from a year earlier, our shipments to the rest of the world were down by \$25 million. Our greatly expanded exports of copper to India have likewise been in contrast to the reduction in copper exports to most other markets. Greatly enlarged deliveries of construction machinery to Pakistan and of railway equipment to India have also figured prominently in the good overall showing made by exports of these major capital equipment items.

Exports to Egypt in 1962 were also at a new peacetime high reflecting mainly the sharp pickup in PL480 shipments of grain.

Still another peak was scored in 1962 by our exports to Australia, a record attained without the aid of U.S. Government financing. Major advances were registered in exports of machinery, autos and parts, chemicals, tobacco. and textiles.

# U.S. Exports—A Detailed Survey

SINCE an expansion in merchandise exports is vital to the achievement of such major economic goals as the elimination of the balance-of-payments deficit and the promotion of an accelerated growth rate within the domestic economy, the current status of our export trade warrants a careful study.

While comparisons in terms of broad commodity groupings and product categories lead to an early discovery of basic shifts in the export pattern and are essential to the study and appraisal of both short- and long-term changes in our international competitive status, analyses based mainly or entirely on such summary statistics may be subject to two obvious limitations.

First, the summary data may not always provide a clear indication of whether or not the swings in the groupings were broadly based or merely the result of spotty or divergent movements in the individual commodity components. Secondly, they may overlook a variety of dynamic changes in individual commodity exports—changes which taken by themselves may appear relatively insignificant, but which viewed collectively, may provide valuable additional insight to those interested in the problem of promoting and expanding our exports.

In studying recent developments in the Nation's exports, OBE accordingly began with an examination of export data at the most detailed level permitted by available statistics—the approximately 2,600 individual "Schedule B" commodity classifications for which separate export data exist. The results of this study, which involved a comparison of both relative and absolute changes in exports of each of these 2,600 separate classifications during the four corresponding half-year periods ending January—June 1962, are analyzed in table 4. (See technical note to table 4 for an explanation of statistical techniques employed.)

# A survey of exports in upswing

Over the period selected for the analysis, total U.S. merchandise exports climbed from a cyclical low of \$15.6 billion at a seasonally adjusted annual rate in the first half of 1959 to a record high of \$20.8 billion in the first half of 1962. Since exports in the July–September 1962 quarter varied little from the average rate of the first half of the year, the January–June 1962 commodity export pattern as shown in table 4 is fairly representative of the entire first 9 months of the year.

# Important new developments

From the standpoint of the U.S. export community the period covered by the study, even though a relatively brief one, is one in which the economic environment reflects many important new developments. Only days prior to the beginning of 1959, ten Western European countries had announced major steps toward making their currencies externally convertible, an action

Table 3.—Industrial Production Indexes
[1957-59=100, seasonally adjusted]

	United States	Canada	OECD Europe	Japan
1958—I II III IV	92 90 95 99	96 97 97 99	99 98 98 99	91 90 93 97
1959—I III	103 109 105 105	103 105 105 107	100 103 105 110	103 111 119 127
1960—L II IV	111 110 109 105	108 105 105 105	112 114 116 118	135 141 148 155
1961—I	103 109 112 115	105 108 111 113	119 120 120 120 122	163 171 181 189
1962—I II III	116 118 120	115 117 118	124 125 1125	190 193 1 191

<sup>1.</sup> September estimated,

Sources: FRB, Dominion Bur, of Statistics, OECD, and Bank of Japan.

which was supplemented by the speedup of other measures to liberalize imports into most Western European nations. The beginning of 1959 also marked the first official birthday of the European Common Market, which, since its inception, has provided an unprecedented stimulus to production and investment demand in that area.

During the 2 most recent years included in the analysis, the U.S. National Export Expansion Program has been in operation. In addition to initiating an aggressive campaign promoting the sale of U.S. exports, this Program has provided greatly increased credit facilities and a wide variety of other innovational services designed to give U.S. exporters freer and wider access to markets abroad.

Among the major problems encountered in the nation's drive to boost its exports over this period has been the low level of food and other primary commodity prices which has limited incomes and investment demand in the underdeveloped countries in Latin America and elsewhere in the world. Although exports to Latin America in the first half of 1959 were already down by nearly one-fourth from their record high in 1957, they have since been running even lower than in 1959—in large measure a reflection of the termination. early in 1961, of our roughly half-abillion-dollar-a-year export trade with Cuba. If Cuba is excluded, however. exports to Latin America rose from \$1.5 to \$1.6 billion between 1959 and 1961 (January-June).

Our sales to Canada, the major individual market for U.S. exports, have also been depressed during most of the period since the passing of the natural resources investment boom nearly 5 years ago. Not until the first half of 1962 did they stage an uncertain recovery (see third chart).

# Export rise rests on limited base

Little more than a casual perusal of table 4 is required to observe that the nation's record high exports during the first half of 1962 were founded on a base somewhat less broad than might be implied from a consideration of only the overall total.

The first section of table 4 lists the product groupings whose export value in January–June 1962 exceeded that of

each of the preceding comparable half-yearly periods. The list is an impressive one since it includes most types of machinery, autos and parts (excluding trucks), military equipment, and numerous prominent agricultural products (excluding cotton). Over 45 percent of our total export trade in January–June 1962 was in fact accounted for by the individual products enumerated separately in the first section of table 4.

Nevertheless, this top part of the table reflects only a single item—paper—from the nonagricultural industrial materials category, while diesel locomotives likewise constituted the lone representative of the commercial transportation equipment category in this section. Passenger cars and a scattering of miscellaneous items such as cigarettes, books and periodicals, and amusement equipment similarly stand

### U.S. EXPORTS BY AREA

- Rise to WESTERN EUROPE Extends Through Second Quarter—Off in Third Exports to JAPAN Reflect Contrary Movements
- Exports to OTHER AREAS OUTSIDE WESTERN HEMISPHERE Continue Upward

Billion \$

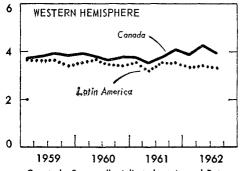
10 OUTSIDE WESTERN HEMISPHERE

8 Western Europe

6 Other Non-Western Hemisphere

2 Japan

- Exports to CANADA Show Erratic Rise
- LATIN AMERICAN Market Remains Sluggish



Quarterly, Seasonally Adjusted, at Annual Rates

U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

62-12-9

						ANGE: Jun '62		January-June (half-year)				CHANGE: Jan-Jun '62		
Commodity Group & Product			1			ghest of	Commodity Group & Product					from his	thest of	
	1959	1960	1961	1962		e periods		1959	1960	1961	1962	Jan-June		
		Millions of	of dollars	)	Percent	\$ Mil.		: C	Villions o	of dollars	)	Percent	\$ Mil.	
							CONSTRUCTION MACHINERY,					1		
SECTION I GROUPS DOMIN IN JANUARY-JUN	ATED 1 JE 1962 V	BY ITEN WAS TH	MS WH IE HIGH	OSE EX IEST O	PORT F THE	VALUE 4-YEAR	EXCLUDING OIL FIELD & MIN- ING							
PERIOD.							Crones & derricks (ex rr. well, matts							
SPECIAL CATEGORY, EXCLUD- ING MILITARY AID							handling & ovhead travelg)  Cranes & shyls, pwr, wheel mtd  Haulage vehels, off-the-road	1, 82 5, 77	2. 02 7. 23	2. 49 6. 65	3. 99 9. 80	+60 +86	+1.50 +2.57	
Sales of mil'ary & potential mil'ary equip.—planes, radar, ord'ee, etc.	254, 20	344. 30	436. 80	735, 40	+68	+298.60	Haulage vehels, off-the-road Contretrs wheel tractors 70 bhp & ov	11. 08 10. 78	7. 62 15. 50	8. 24 17. 29	13.75 $21.16$	+24 +22	$^{+2.67}_{+3.87}$	
equip.—planes, radar, ord'ce, etc.\ SPECIALIZED-INDUSTRY MA- CHINERY	-0-,						Scrapers, dig-carry-haul Pwr excavator, dredg'g & load'g mach	4.85	6, 86	6. 14	8.33	+21	+1.47	
Knitting mach, & pts. ex. circ. & hos'ry	1, 64	1.60	1.90	3, 86	+193	+1.96 $+12.42$	parts	21.09	23. 87	27. 91	32.49	+16	$+4.58 \\ +2.50$	
Paper mill machines & partsGlass manufacturing mach, & parts	9, 30 4, 16	11, 97 6, 49	14. 94 5. 59	27, 36 11, 11	+83 +71	+4.62	Cranes & shvls, pwr, erawlr or wkr mtd. Graders, self-propelled	20. 86 13. 67	18. 32 21. 13	18. 00 17. 02	23.36 $22.95$	+12 +9	+1.82	
Misc textile machinery and parts Bookbinding mach. & parts	4. 72 1. 72	7. 22 3. 26	8. 87 2. 42	12. 31 4. 17	+39 +28 +27	+3.44 +.91	Misc constret & mainten equip & pts Loadrs, whl or crawlr mtd self prpld	32. 26 28. 77	35. 19 34. 60	30. 61 47. 47	35. 91 46. 81	+2 -1	+. 72 66	
Plastic manufacturing mach. & parts Wrapping, pkg, & fill'g mach. & pts	8, 11 8, 66	10.13 11.10	9.70 12.00	12.84 14.46	+27 +21	+2.71  +2.46	Stackers & pts, & pts for ind trucks, tractors, trailers.	4. 41	6, 67	7.85	7.06	-10	79	
Dairy & cannery equipment & pts Printing presses, apparatus & pts	7.41 11.60	5. 93 14. 23	7.03 15.72	8. 55 17. 99	+15 +14	+1.14  +2.27	Misc conveying equipment & pts Attachments for mountg on tractors or	11. 13	11.88	14.17	12.52	-12	-1.65	
Paper converting mach. & pts	7. 22	9.60	10, 46 9, 36	11.94	$+14 \\ +13$	+1.48 +1.18	comm. trucks Dredging machines, new	$17.85 \\ 2.67$	24. 48	21. 50 1. 21	20, 95 1, 87	-14 -30	-3.53 80	
Circular hos'ry knit'g mach & pts. Rubber mfrg. mach. & pts. ex. tire	3. 34 3. 48	5. 17 4. 73	5. 29	10. 54 5. 80	+10	-t- 51	Cranes-pwr-ovhead travlg, mtls handl	2. 78	. 06 1, 05	2. 03	1. 18	-58 -58	-1.60	
Cotton looms	1.85 2.56	2. 13 3. 23	3. 90 5. 81	4. 26 6. 29	+9 +8 +7	+. 36 +. 48 +. 20	COMPUTERS, & OTHER ELEC- TRONIC EQUIPMENT & PARTS							
Cotton cardg. & combg. mach. & pts Bottling,—washing,—labeling machines	1.76	3.01	2. 17	3. 21	+7	+.20	Electronic resistors Misc. electronic equipment & pts	1.73 16.04	$\frac{2.32}{20.00}$	4. 29 26. 32	$\frac{5}{34.37}$	+32 +31	+1.36 +8.05	
& pts, ex. dairy Photogr, proc, & fin, equip, & pts	6. 46 2. 71	7. 52 3. 01	8. 54 4. 63	9, 03 4, 59	+6 -1	+.49 04	Electronic computers, pts, & tape Crystal diodes & transistors	11. 51 4. 21	16, 74 7, 65	53. 17 10. 80	69. 34 13. 72	+30 +27	+16.17 $+2.92$	
Cotton gins, presses & pts	1. 55 3. 57	2. 94 4. 82	4, 68 6, 30	4. 54 6. 03	-3 -4	14 27	Electronic capacitors (condensers)  MEASURING & TESTING EQUIP-	2. 79	3. 63	5. 40	5. 72	+6	+. 32	
Misc. food & bev. proc. mach. & pts Paper pulp machines & parts	3.71	5, 83	5. 52	5. 43	$-\dot{\gamma}$	<b>40</b>	MENT & INSTRUMENTS							
Ind'l sewing & shoe mach, & pts	13, 64 5, 70	18.72 9.30	19. 41 9. 16	17. 71 8. 49	$-9 \\ -9$	-1.70 $81$	Nuclear radiation detection & measuring instruments & pts	2.48	3.36	4. 54	5. 48	+21 +18	+. 94	
Looms, except cotton Loom parts	. 99 2. 87	. 92 4. 39	5. 42 5. 89	4.65 5.08	$-14 \\ -14$	77 81	Elect indic meas test equip & pts Mise indic meas test equip & pts	$11.81 \\ 32.62$	12. 54 37. 62	15. 58 43. 39	18. 31 50, 56	+17	$^{+2.73}_{+7.17}$	
Textile dyeing & finish mach & pts Textile winders & parts	3.49 3.76	3. 37 7. 63	6. 12 12. 44	5.06 9.27	-17 -25	-1.06 $-3.17$	Waveform meas test instr ex optcl Physical properties test mach & pts	3. 75 6. 77	5. 86 8. 74	6, 69 11, 35	7. 44 11. 92	+11 +5	十.75 十.57	
Sugar mill machinery & parts Wool carding, combing, spinning &	5. 61	2. 16	3, 03	2, 60	-54	-3.01	Physical properties test mach & pts SURGICAL & LABORATORY AP- PARATUS						,	
twisting mach & pts.  MACHINE TOOLS AND METAL-	. 46	2.82	1.43	. 83	-71	-1.99	Misc resrch labortry apprtus & eq Surgical-medical apparat, instr & pts	9.45 13.00	12.00 13.87	14.09 16.13	18. 12 18. 81	+29 +17	$^{+4.03}_{+2.68}$	
WORKING MACHINERY	1.00	. 60	1.14	3, 71	+209	+2.51	Spectrum meas instrs, optel, & pts	3.46	3, 96	5. 20	5. 51	+6	+. 31	
Milling mach., bed-type, mtlwkg Boring-drilling-milling mtlwkg com-	1.20					1	Diesel-electr, locmtivs, ex switch'g	20. 33	47. 10	50. 50	59. 35	+18	+8.85	
bination units Broaching machines	1.47 1.16	1.88 1.10	2. 55 1. 31	7. 78 3. 42 2. 73	+205 +161 +110	+5.23 +2.11	AUTOS & PARTS (EXCLUDING TRUCKS & BUSES)						10.00	
Planers, ex gear, mtlwkg  Lathes, auto. chucking & between-	. 94	. 79	1.30		]	+1.43	Engines, passenger car, for assembly Automotive parts & bodies for assembly.	. 71 129, 60	. 49 144. 73	2. 53 122. 85	$\begin{bmatrix} 6.11 \\ 172.90 \end{bmatrix}$	+142 +19	+3, 58 +28, 17	
center multiple spindle	2, 36 1, 11	2. 18 1. 16	4.11 3.46	8, 17 6, 84	+99 +98	+4.06 +3.38	Passenger cars, new, and chassis Mise auto pts for spares or replacem	126, 95 136, 28	125, 91 143, 51	114. 54 137. 91	133. 23 140. 83	+5 -2	+6.28 $-2.68$	
Punch'g & shear'g mach., mtlwkg Mech. presses, pwrdriv., mtlwkg	1.76 6.17	2, 57 8, 40	2.49 9.58	4. 65 16. 43	+81 +72 +52	$\begin{array}{c c} +2.08 \\ +6.85 \end{array}$	Misc auto pts for spares or replacem Eng, trk & bus, dsl & sem-dsl, repl TOBACCO & MFRS.	1.30	2.64	3.62	3. 33	-8	29	
Hydraul. presses, pwrdriv., mtlwkg Bending & roll-forming mach. ex presses	3. 44	2. 58	4. 51	6.85	+52	+2.34	Tobacco, flue-cured, stemmed Tobacco, flue-cured, unstemmed	2. 79 78. 73	3. 20 75. 23	3, 19 80, 41	6, 34 94, 00	+98 +17	+3.14 +13.59	
& wirework	3. 70	3. 54	4. 31	6, 30	+46	+1.99	Tobacco, burley, unstemmed	10. 11 38. 92	11. 31 41. 08	9. 58 47. 69	12.71 53.29	+12 +12	+1.40 +5.60	
Foundry equip. & pts, ex mold., die- casting, blast cleaning or tumbl	2.38	1.98	3, 43	4.91	+43 +35	+1.48	COFFEE, INSTANT			5. 57		į	+6, 26	
Misc. mtlwkg. machinery Pneumatic portable tools	6. 77 2. 53	9, 00 3, 38	9, 23 3, 46	12. 48 4. 42	+28	+3. 25 +. 96	Coffee—powdered, soluble, etcGRAINS & PREPARATIONS	5. 54	5. 81		12. 07	+108		
Metal-cutt. tools spec. fab. for metal-cutting mach. tools	6. 51	6.07	8.67	10.84	+25	+2.17	Corn, except seed Barley	52.01	122. 90 43. 36	171. 41 40. 96	292. 29 72. 77	+71 +40	+120.88 +20.76	
Metal-cutt. mach. tool pts. & acc Grinding machines		10.67 11.11	11, 51 22, 43	13. 53 23. 83	+18 +6 +5	+2.02  +1.40	Rice, milled Wheat flour wholly of U.S. wheat	52. 25	69. 07 59. 38	59. 97 60. 15	87. 27 71. 62	+26 +19	+18.20 +11.47	
Gear hobbing machinesRolling mill machines & pts		1.12 44.48	2. 54 49. 70	2. 66 49. 66	+5 -10	+.12 -5.33	Grain SorghumsWheat	55. 48 338. 03	48, 75 426, 38	36. 60 537. 87	59.71 512.61	+8 -5	$\begin{vmatrix} +4.23 \\ -25.26 \end{vmatrix}$	
Gear-tooth & gear cutting, grinding & finishing mach	4. 73	6, 99	10, 22	9.01	-12	-1.21	RyeOats	2.69 12.93	1.86 9.66	5. 50 7. 14	5. 07 8. 04	-8 -38	43 -4. 89	
Forging machs & hammers, ex hydrau-	5. 76	5. 04	8, 74	7.41	-15	-1.33	Barley malt POULTRY	4. 95	3. 28	2. 72	2.53	-49	-2.42	
lic forging presses Metal-form mach, tool pts. & acc	7. 30 2. 47	6, 16 3, 34	8. 68 6. 66	6. 14 4. 43	-29 -33	$ \begin{array}{r} -2.54 \\ -2.23 \end{array} $	Turkeys, fresh or frozen Chicken—broilrs & fryrs—fresh or frzn	. 95 9. 25	$\frac{2.07}{9.22}$	2. 44 15. 14	4.66 28.59		+2.22 +13.45	
Screw machines, automatic Lathes, auto, chucking & between-	1, 22	1.04	4, 18	2, 55	-39	-1.63	Chicken ex broilers & fryrs-fresh or	2, 43	4. 89	6.09	7.84	+29	+1.75	
center single spindle Mtlfln., clean, & coat, mach, & pts ENGINES, EXCEPT AUTO, TRUCK	7. 83	7.03	9.67	5. 67	-41	-1.03 $-4.00$	frzn Baby chicks & hatching eggs	6. 57	6. 76	10. 10	7. 89	-22	+1.73 -2.21	
& BUS		10.00	···	00.00	1.30	111 00	ANIMAL FEEDSTUFFS Soybean oil cake & oil cake meal.	16. 46	17. 99	19.61	38.71	+97	+19.10	
Internal conbustion engines & parts Diesel & semi-diesel engines	51. 35 20. 11	56, 92 22, 46	57. 33 18. 09	68. 62 20. 88	+20	+11.29 $-1.58$	Corn & wheat feeds, prepared-mixed Dairy, poultry, & other vegetable feeds,	. 66	2. 14	1.85	3. 46	i	+1.32	
OTHER POWER GENERATING EQUIPMENT	-					100	prepared-mixed VEGETABLE OILS & OILSEEDS	9, 99	10. 96	12.09	15. 87	+31	+3.78	
Power boilers, parts & accessories Turbines & pts incl steam engines	25. 82 20. 28	15. 37 10. 11	19. 06 14. 57	48. 87 12. 79	+89 -37	+23. 05 -7. 49	Soybean oil, crude & refined Soybeans, excl canned or prepared	44, 56 116, 95	50, 65 134, 37	38. 85 143. 94	70, 17 174, 90	+22	+19, 52 +30, 96	
GENERAL PURPOSE INDUS- TRIAL MACHINERY & EQUIP-		i					Cottonseed oil, crude & prepared Tung oil, crude	29. 36 1. 37	29, 30 1, 02	29. 16 3. 32	30. 46 2. 69	+4 -19	+1.10 63	
MENT Air reduction equip. & pts	1.60	. 42	1. 19	2. 67	+67	+1.07	Almonds, sweet shelled Misc vegetable oils, reflued & proc	. \$2 4. 28	4, 90 2, 16	. 74 1. 53	3, 53 2, 01	-28 -53	-1.37 $-2.27$	
Separators & collectors, industrial process type & pts.	8. 25	7. 23	9, 01	13. 54	+50	+4.53	Peanuts, shelled Shortening, 100% vegetable oil	2.28	2. 57 1. 49	3.04	1.43	-53	$\begin{array}{ccc}  & -1.61 \\  & -2.39 \end{array}$	
Paint spraying equip. & pts		1.85	2. 36	3. 42	+45	+1.06	Flaysoed	4.09	1. 34 5. 00	10.70 $2.44$	1. 77 1. 77 . 06		- 8. 93 -4. 94	
Parts for nonelectric furnaces, kilns, lehrs, & ovens	3.14	3, 05	3, 35	4, 50	+34 +30	+1.15 +3.04	Linseed oil, crude or raw RELIEF OR CHARITY (NON-GOVT.)—FOOD	1 . 19	9.00	- 11	. 00	-00	2.07	
Centrifugal pumps, power-driven Parts for pumps	13.58	8. 97 14. 94	9. 21 13. 95	13, 12 18, 78	1 +26	+3.84	Various foods for relief & charity, ex		1 20		20.00	1	1.05.50	
Size meas, mach, instr. & pts Statury air & gas compresses, ov. 125 hp	1. 43	3.37	2.46	4. 18	+24	+.81	dairy, grains, beans Corn meal for relief & charity	5.95	1, 29 6, 59	4. 48 7. 24	30, 01 9, 28	+ 28	+25, 53 +2, 04	
recip., pos. displ	8. 81	8.38 7.54	7. 32 7. 02	10. 92 9. 05	+24 +20	$+2.11 \\ +1.51$	Wheat flour for relief & charity Nonfat dry milk for relief & charity	24, 73	24, 36 12, 65	34. 54 24. 06	34, 67 21, 05	-15	+, 13 -3, 68	
Pipe valves & pts Lubrication equipment & pts	28.66 2.87	29.68 3.40	30. 28 3. 85	35. 92 4. 44	+19 +15	+5.64 +.59	Rice for relief & charity FERTHIZERS & INSECTICIDES	2. 22	11.87	6.02	. 02		-11.85	
Ind. processing, vssls & pts. nonmixg Ball brings & pts., ex balls	7.91	5. 91 9. 92	8.30 10.64	9. 26 11. 47	+12	+. 96 +. 83	Mise agrical insecticides & prep	3.48 4.15	4.87 1.60	6.82	20.71 7.10	+204 +56	+13.89 +2.56	
Heat exchgrs & stm sp'lty htrs & pts	. 8. 32	6. 74 4. 40	7. 39	8. 88 5. 25	+8 +7 +4	+. 56 +. 18	Enrichd & conentrtd suprphos, ov 22% phosp acid, fertlzr	9, 18	6. 39	9. 25	14. 43	į	+5.18	
Chain saws, woodwkng & pts. Roller brngs & pts. ex rollers	11. 19	16. 13	17. 35	17. 93	+4+3	+. 58	Fungicides. Tech insecticides, conc & formul- 15% &	4.44	5. 85	6.05	8.77	+45	T2.72	
Compress, or endsn, unit, air-cond. & refrig, equip	4.50	5. 81	5. 82	6. 02	+3 +2	+. 20	ov org phos	4. 05	3.47	3. 59	5. 70	+41	+1.65	
Pwr, trans, systems, & pts, ex vehic Dynam. air & gas comprssrs, centrif	1.70	14. 68 2. 51	15. 84 3. 62	16. 14 3. 61	(x)	+. 30 01	Tech insecticides, cone & formul- 15% & ov polychlr.	9. 61	8.33	10.92	15. 10	+38	+4.18	
Ind'l mfg. & servind. mach. & pts Pressure fans & parts	14. 69 2. 31	20. 20 4. 15	17. 03 4. 12	19. 77 3. 80	-8	35	Ammonium sulfate fertilizers	6.87	2. 56 10. 20	1.83	10. 01 13. 57	+14	+2.29 +1.67	
Ind'l sew'g mch, inc compl hd assem Pipe assemblies, sectns perm affix	8.08	11. 51 1. 04	10. 51 2. 56	10.52	-9	99 -1. 51	Herbicides	4. 25 13. 76	5. 61 13. 83	8. 15 16. 44	6.44	-21	-1.71	
· -							59 (JanJune), \$7.87; 1960 (JanJune), \$9.							

Commodity Group & Product			e (half-ye			un '62 ghest of	Commodity Group & Product		· 	e (half-y		CHANGE: Jan-Jun '62 from highest of 3 preceding	
	1959	1960	1961	1962	Jan-Jun	e periods		1959	1960	1961	1962	Jan-June	e period
BOOKS, PERIODICALS, &	(.	Millions	of dollars	:)	Percent	\$ Mil.	COIN-OPERATED MACHINES	(2	Millions	of dollars	;) 	Percent	\$ Mil.
PRINTED MATTER Misc. printed matter	12. 12	12. 08	12.86	15. 46	+-20	+2.60	Coin-operated park'g meters, turn- stiles, game mehs, etc (ex phonog)	2. 51	3. 48	4. 77	6. 33	+33	+1.5
Dictionaries, encyclopedias, yrbks Bound bks, literature, fict & nonfict	3. 43 4. 79	4. 16 5. 28	5. 75 5. 69	6. 58 6. 41	+14 +13	+. 83 +. 72	Coin-operated commodity vend'g mchs. Coin-operated phonographs, new	1. 38 6. 44	1. 65 5. 96	2, 56 5, 64	3, 12 4, 93	+22 -23	+.5 -1.5
Periodicals ex overissueOther bound bks incl school textPAPER CONTAINERS & PACK-	17. 16 12. 43	19. 21 13. 49	20.46 14.75	22. 66 14. 88	+11	+2. 20 +. 13	Acetate filament yarn & monofilament	1.73	2.07	2. 28 9. 89	5. 74 13. 39	+152	+3.4 +3.5
AGING MATERIALS Paper & paperbd shippg contars bxs							Misc. textile mfrs. (man-made fibers) Acetate staple & tow Nylon filament yarn, monofil tire cord	5. 73 2. 93	8. 16 3. 97	9. 59 4. 64	5. 99	+35 +29	+1.3
& crtns (ex sanitary food)	3. 23 3. 32	3. 53 4. 76	6. 22 4. 11	$7.92 \\ 5.99$	+27 +26 +21	$+1.70 \\ +1.23$	& tire cord fabric—Broad woven fabrics—orlon, dynel,	18.78	33. 22	25. 74	39. 97	+20	+6.7
Special food boardContainer board, liners	1. 12 16. 67	2. 27 21. 79	3. 05 22. 12	$\frac{3.70}{24.69}$	+12	+.65 +2.57	saran, etc. (ex nylon, ray & acet) Fabric, resin & plastic ctd, ex pyrox	6, 17 1, 74	9. 62 1. 97	9, 63 4, 63	9, 91 4, 55	+3 -2	+.2 0
Boxboard & relatd bd ex spel food bd Containers, paper & paprbd sanitary food & food serving	2. 70 5. 80	3. 77 4. 45	5. 06 3. 14	5. 40 3. 35	+7 -42	+. 34 -2. 45	Man-made fiber—staple & tow (ex rayon & acetate) Broad woven fabrics, nylon	5. 48 10. 14	11. 93 11. 07	10. 83 9. 11	10, 58 8, 78	-11 -21	-1.3 $-2.2$
food, & food serving OTHER PAPER, INCLUDING NEWSPRINT	0. 30	1. 10	0.71	0.00		2. 10	Outerwear (man-made fibers), woven, knit or crocheted	7. 65	9.14	9. 98	7.72	-23	-2.2
Paper, special industrial Pressure sensty paper or gummed tape	3. 11 4. 27	4. 49 5. 02	4. 09 5. 77	5. 83 7. 28	+30 +26	+1.34 $+1.51$	Underwear & nightwear (man-made fiber)	5. 34	6.89	6. 51	4. 94	-28	-1.8
Paper, absorbent ex sanitary.  Misc paper, paperboard & products  Newsprint	3, 69 11, 36 8, 99	3. 74 12. 31 7. 11	4. 52 15. 02 10. 12	5. 31 15. 78 8. 54	+17 +5 -16	+. 79 +. 76 -1. 58	Woven filament yarn fabrics, rayon or acet, not in the gray & not printed	10. 24	8.04	6.05	6. 58	-36	-3.6
PHOTOGRAPHIC FILM & PAPER Photogr paper, senstized, silver halide	3.09	3.89	4. 23	5. 78	+37	+1.55	Man-made fiber filament yarns, & monofilmt (ex rayon, acet, nylon)	1.39	1.42	4, 53	2.75	-39	-1.7
Film, still, unexposed (ex X-ray)	3. 57 4. 86	4. 29 5. 15	5. 16 6. 52	6. 75 7. 49	+31 +15	+1. 59 +. 97	(ex rayon or acetate)	3.07	4. 41	2, 81	1.07	-76	-3.3
GOVT)—CLOTHING, DRUGS, ETC.							Coal, bitum., sub-bitum., & lignite Coal, anthracite	167. 76 12. 55	155. 54 9. 84	138, 10 8, 64	158. 05 10. 71	-6 -15	-9.7
Misc nonfood comm, relief or charity Clothing for relief & charity MISCELLANEOUS PRODUCTS,	4. 59 19. 11	7. 58 22. 26	6, 74 22, 25	8. 44 23. 13	+11 +4	+. 86 +. 87	ALUMINUM Aluminum & alloy bars & rods (3%"+) Aluminum & alloy wire (und 3%")	. 27 . 43	. 34 1. 05	. 55 1. 31	3.86 2.92	+602 +123	+3.3 +1.6
N.E.C.—JEWELRY, GAMES, ART- WORK, ETC.							Aluminum ores & concentrates	. 76 2. 17	. 64 2. 71	4. 65 3. 22	9. 24 5. 72	+99 +78	+4.5 +2.5
Bottle & container closures & ptsAthletic & sporting goods, incl play-	5. 11	5. 75	5. 41	6. 94	+21	+1.19	Aluminum & alloy extruded & drawn shapes & tubes (ex drn bars, etc)	1.69	1. 58	2. 19	3.04	+39	+.8
ground & amusement equip Artwork, antiques & collectors items	5. 89 3. 07	8. 89 2. 57	10. 99 5. 71	12. 78 6. 39	+16 +12	+1.79  +.68	Aluminum & alloy plates & sheets,	2.48	4. 19	7. 96	9.90	+24	+1.1
Misc plastic notions, novelties, etc Diamonds, cut (unset) for jwlry use	11, 17	13. 73 2. 11 88. 26	12. 26 6. 05	14.84 6.46	+8	+1.11	Aluminum & alloy scrap, new & old Aluminum mtl alloys in crude form	3. 40 15. 29	13. 89 72. 56	14. 73 31. 43	10.92 33.63	-24 -54	-3.8 -38.9
Mise export dec's valued under \$100 Ball-type pens & pen parts Jewelry of gold, platinum & plat mtls	82.30 4.25 11.87	88. 26 4. 91 8. 22	85. 19 6. 43 9. 59	88, 57 6, 40 9, 62	$\begin{pmatrix} (x) \\ (x) \\ -19 \end{pmatrix}$	+.31 $03$ $-2.25$	WOODPULP Woodpulp, sulfite, bl'chd, paper gr Waste paper & paper stock	2.83 2.40	5, 69 3, 31	6. 34 4. 61	8, 48 4, 85	+34 +5	+2.1 +.2
CECTION II GROUPS COMPO	SED C	F ITE	MS SHO	OWING	ONLY	MOD-	Woodpulp, sulfite & sulfate, spec'l alpha & dissolv'g grade, bleached	26, 22	37.04	36. 99	38. 53	+4	+1.4
BEST PERFORMA INCLUDES GROUI	ANCE	OF TH	E 3 PR	ECEDI	NG PE	RIODS;	Woodpulp, sulfate, blehd, paper gr Woodpulp, sulfate, unbl & semiblehd	$6, 15 \\ 6, 22$	11, 79 17, 93	13.95 21.96	12.39 15.40	-11 -30	-1.5 $-6.5$
AIRCRAFT (NONMILITARY)							LOGS & LUMBER Softwood logs, bolts & hewn timber	2.96	4.80	6.76	11.99	+77	+5.2
Aircraft, pass trans, 3000–14999 lb	1. 25 2. 73 4. 99	3. 39 5. 09 9. 87	5. 32 6. 23 12. 25	5. 13 5. 86 11, 09	$\begin{bmatrix} -4 \\ -6 \\ -9 \end{bmatrix}$	19 37 -1. 16	Walnut logs, bolts & hewn timber Hardwood logs, bolts & hewn timber Douglas fir lumber 2"+rgh or drssd	. 93 1. 91 11. 39	3, 30 2, 75 21, 58	3, 25 2, 90 12, 19	5. 24 4. 06 13. 81	+59 +40 -36	+1.9 +1.1 -7.7
Aircraft, civ utility, und 3,000 lb Aircraft, pass trans, 30000 lb & ov	19. 23 9. 37	221. 16 10. 63	164. 72 19. 04	182, 25 11, 13	-18	-38.91 $-7.9$	HIDES & LEATHER Cattle, hides ex croupons, butts, & butt	11.00	21, 00	12.13	10.01	-00	
Aircraft, eiv, 3000 lb & ov	2.83	2.69	1. 12 3. 91	1.05	-42 -61 -98	-1.64 $-3.82$	bends (dry or wet)	18. 93 6. 68	25. 80 5. 60	27. 93 7. 52	27. 47 5. 66	$     \begin{array}{r}       -2 \\       -25     \end{array} $	4 -1.8
OFFICE MACHINERY (EXCLUD- ING ELECTRONIC COMPUTERS)							Leather, glov & grment, sheep & lamb FURS	2.46	3. 66	8.85	5. 62	-36	-3.2
Pts for listg-addg mach ex punch ed Parts for typewriters	2. 58 4. 28	5. 47 4. 44	5. 79 5. 50	7. 44 7. 02	+28 +28	+1.65  +1.52	Furs, undressed, Northern muskrat Furs, dressed or dyed, mink	2. 86 2. 67	2.37 4.09	3. 18 4. 34 10. 17	3. 93 4. 63 9. 15	+24 +7 -18	$\begin{array}{c c} +.7 \\ +.2 \\ -1.9 \end{array}$
Typewriters standard elec, ex autom	1.30 3.75	1. 76 4. 87	3. 41 6. 14	$\frac{3.41}{5.62}$	-8	52	Furs, undressed, mink. Furs, undressed, ex mink & N. muskrat. MISCELLANEOUS INDUSTRIAL	9. 84 5. 61	11. 13 8. 52	8. 25	5. 21	-39	-3. 3
scriptive & nondescriptive	16. 99	19. 22	25, 90	23. 45	-9	-2.45	MATERIALS  Abrasive papr & clth, ctd w mfd abrsv.	2.49	3. 26	3, 05	4, 20	+29	+.9
pts. COMMERCIAL AIRCONDITION- ING & REFRIGERATION EQUIP-	12.60	20.64	31. 23	28.44	-9	<b>-</b> 2. 79	Metal abrasives, except steel wool	2. 25 2. 99	3. 27 1. 95	3. 35 3. 19	4.04 3.65	+21 +14	+.6 +.4
MENT	0.00			0.77		11.00	Sulfur, crude. Wood rosins, ex B wood resin	17. 21 7. 01	20, 69 13, 02 8, 25	16, 99 9, 36 5, 92	18. 36 9. 93 2. 64	$ \begin{array}{r} -11 \\ -24 \\ -68 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c c} -2.3 \\ -3.6 \\ -5.6 \end{array} $
Air cond, self-cont, 2 ton cap. + Air cond, ex self-cont & air handl	3. 90 2. 18 1. 27	4. 88 2. 91 1. 61	5. 49 3. 74 3. 29	6, 77 4, 31 3, 09	+23 +15 -6	+1.28 +.57 20	Gum rosin MISCELLANEOUS METAL MFRS. Misc metal mfrs & pts, exiron & steel &	2.42	8. 20	0. 92	2, 04		-5.1
Refrig & freezers, self-cont, comm'l  AGRICULTURAL MACHINERY	9. 64	12.39	11. 22	10. 89	-12	-1.50	precious metals Bolts, nuts, rivets, etc, iron & stl	7. 07 7. 44	7. 55 8. 17	7. 62 7. 98	10. 34 9. 86	+36 +21 +21 +20 +10	+2.7 +1.6
(EXCL. TRACTORS) Harvesting implements (ex ensilage &							Mise hand-operated tools & pts Mise iron & steel mfrs. & pts	4. 99 15. 96	6. 31 16. 67	6. 23 16. 49	7. 63 20. 08	+21 +20	+1. a +3.
forage harvesters)Combines	1. 58 11. 27	2. 53 13. 23	2. 68 13. 10	3. 11 12. 63	+16 -5	$^{+.43}_{60}$	Pipe fittings, steel Storage tanks, steel Tin cans, packers or cannery	8. 35 8. 54 10. 15	8. 75 4. 94 8. 38	9. 18 4. 46 7. 04	10. 10 6. 41 6. 71	+10 -25 -34	+.9 -2.1 -3.4
Parts for agrie & sim home type mach, outfits & attens.  ELECTRICAL MACHINERY, IN-	23. 10	21.69	23. 41	21.81	-7	-1.60	Metal bldgs, prefab or knockdown	5. 39	3. 33	2. 40	3. 45	-36	-1.0
Mise elec heat's units & pts, ind'l	1.78	2. 24	2.44	4. 02	+65	+1.58	Misc synthetic resins, unfin, ex lami- nated film & sheet	6. 19	10. 56	14. 09	16. 69	+18	+2. t
Power eir dev & pts, gen'l, AC & DC	3. 07 2. 18	$\begin{array}{c c} 2.43 \\ 2.24 \end{array}$	3.00 2.90	$\frac{4.03}{3.71}$	+31 +28	+. 96 +. 81	Acrylic & methyl methac resin, unfin, ex laminated, ex film & sheet.	1.98	3. 11	3. 53	4.03	+14	+.5
Transformers, power & distrib, 10,001 kilovolt amps & over————————————————————————————————————	2. 33 5. 30	1. 38 5. 13	1. 17 6. 22	2. 95 7. 04	+27 +13	$^{+.62}_{+.82}$	Vinyl & vin copolymer resins, unfin, incl scrap	8. 63	9. 87	10.87	12. 19	+12	+1.3
Start'g, light'g & ignit equip & pts Elec furnaces, mtl ht-treat'g, indust'l	17. 31 1. 66	16. 69 2. 62	17. 68 3. 33	19. 39 3. 57	+10	$+1.71 \\ +1.24$	ethylene & ex laminated	12. 45 9. 86	13. 70 11. 39	14. 72 12. 35	14. 85 11. 97	+1 -3	+.1 3
Transf, pwr & dist, 500 kvt amp & un- Generating sets, self-cont ov ¾ kw	3. 73 3. 01	3. 19 4. 56	2. 43 2. 49	3. 88 4. 44	+7 +4 -3	+. 15 12	Styrene polymer & copolymer resins, 60% or ov styrene	13. 29	16. 45	16. 43	15. 33	-7	-1.1
Swtchb'ds & pnls, & pts, ov 750 v sve Telephone equipment & parts	7.84 14.55	5. 80 8. 52	4. 98 7. 12	7.16 $12.62$	$\frac{-9}{-13}$	68 -1. 93	Polyethylene resin, unfin, ex laminated, ex film & sheet.	46. 53	48. 13 6. 49	39. 34 4. 93	38. 62 4. 96	-20 -24	-9.5 -1.5
TV broadcast studio equip & pts Elec motor entrls & pts, sp purp	5. 33 2. 27 8. 09	6. 54 2. 50 14. 93	8. 31 5. 93 12. 25	5, 91 3, 81 9, 62	-29 -36 -36	$     \begin{array}{r}       -2.40 \\       -2.12 \\       -5.31     \end{array} $	Alkyd resins, ex lamin, ex film & sheet INDUSTRIAL CHEMICALS (EX- CLUDING PLASTICS)	4. 56	0.48	7. 30	T. 90	24	1. 0
Generator sets, elec, dsl-eng pwrd Communication & signal wire	5. 17 . 87	2. 92 . 76	2. 74 3. 57	3. 28 1. 01	-37 -72	-3.31 $-1.89$ $-2.56$	Detergent alkylates, organic surface- active agents	3.72	3. 45	4. 59	6. 21	+35	+1.6
Converters, rotating, 150 kilwts & ov CONSUMER ELECTRICAL APPLI- ANCES (INCL. TV & RADIO)	.01	. 19	5. 01	J. U.			Crude coal tar & other crude cylic prod- ucts, misc, ex acids	4. 40	11.35	14.98	18.65	+24	+3.6
Recorders (disc, tape, wire) & pts	5. 82 9. 19	6, 69 7, 61	6. 57 12. 05	$8.52 \\ 14.34$	+27 +19	+1.83 $+2.29$	Misc coal tar & other cyclic intermediates	4. 18	11.14	14.49	17. 26	+19	+2.7
Air conditnrs-self contnd-und 2 ton	12. 08 3. 68	14. 88 4. 21	15. 51 5. 95	15. 61 5. 54	$\begin{bmatrix} +I \\ -7 \end{bmatrix}$	+. 10 41	Regntd cellulse rlls & shts ex rayon  Mise chemical specialty compounds	3. 83 30. 09	5. 81 32. 44	6. 61 35. 28	7. 70 39. 54	+16 +12	+1.0 +4.2
fEV misture tubes	5.74	6.60	9. 74 20. 80	8.12 $17.39$	-17 -22	-1.62 $-4.79$	Rubber compounding agents, coal tar	3.06	3, 96	4.65	5. 18	+11	+.5
TV picture tubes	22.07	22.18	20. 00	21100	~~	1	Mise alcohols incl glycols	10.10	13.02	10.46	14.38	+10	+1.3

January-June (half-year)				ar)	CHANGE: Jan-Jun '62					January-June (half-year)			
Commodity Group & Product	1959	1960	1961	1962	from bi	ghest of	Commodity Group & Product		1960			Jan-Ji from his 3 prec	thest of
					Jan-June		i e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	1959		1961	1962	Jan-June	periods
INDUSTRIAL CHEMICALS (EX-	(.)	Millions o	of dollars	)	Percent	\$ Mil.	PETROLEUM & PRODUCTS-Con.	(.2	Millions o	of dollars)	) —————	Percent	\$ Mil.
CLUDING PLASTICS)—Con. Florida phsphate rock & land pbble	11. 07	16. 09	13.87	15, 58	-3	<u>51</u>	Gasoline blending agents, hydrocarbon compounds only Crude petroleum ex shale oil	1.31	5, 72	11.88	7. 63	-36	-4.25
Boric acid & borates  Mise industrial chemicals  Carbon block pigment	9. 52	13. 02 11. 28	12. 01 20. 33	12. 23 18. 21	-6 -10 -11	79 -2. 12	Distillate fuel oil	3, 80 24, 01	$\frac{4,22}{21,00}$	4. 83 12. 18	2, 75 12, 70	-43 -47	-2.08 $-11.31$
Carbon black pigment	21. 30 18. 47 25. 31	25. 32 21. 40 48. 14	24. 89 30. 07 42. 72	22. 53 26. 50 40. 80	$-11 \\ -12 \\ -15$	$ \begin{array}{r r} -2.79 \\ -3.57 \\ -7.34 \end{array} $	Gasoline ex avgas ex natural Avgas (ex. jet fuel) 100 oet & ov SYNTHETIC RUBBER (EXCLUD-	10, 69 37, 76	8, 95 23, 85	2. 44 10. <b>34</b>	2.70	-91 -93	-9.71 -35.06
Anti-knock compounds Butanol or butyl alcohol	$7.19 \\ 2.50$	9. 02 5. 81	14. 05 5. 02	11.13 4.26	-21 -27	-2.92 -1.55	ING PRODUCTS) Butyl, N-type & other synthetic rubber						
Styrene (monomer) Benzol or benzene	5. 61 1. 27	9. 30 4. 57	6. 47 7. 86	6, 70 5, 31	-28 -32	-2.60 -2.55	(ex S-type & neoprene)	12.85		13. 29	15. 93	+20	+2,64
Misc indl orgnic acids & anhydrides Caustic soda in pkgs 50 lbs & over Phthalate esters ex dibutyl & dioetyl	7.71	5. 61 6. 83 9. 07	4. 03 5. 72 10. 15	3.40 4.49 5.09	-39 -42 -50	-2.21 $-3.22$ $-5.06$	Neoprene (polymers of chloroprene)	3, 31 17, 06 49, 44	$\begin{array}{c} 0.65 \\ 26.11 \\ 72.68 \end{array}$	7, 72 21, 27 51, 68	6, 57 20, 24 46, 41	-15 -22 -36	-1.15 $-5.87$ $-26.27$
Misc coal tar & other evelic acids	4. 18 7. 35	1. 43 8. 03	1. 56 3. 26	1.89 3.04	-55 -62	-2.29 -4.99	S type inc latex (cooly of buta, sty)	Te. 14	7 NO	.71.03	40, 41		-20.21
Ethylene glycol Phenol or carbolic acid DRUGS AND MEDICINALS	2.81	3. 19	1. 85	. 85	-73	-2.34	TIRES) Tire & casings, off-the-road, excl farm				40.4		
Misc medicinal chemicals, bulk Veterinary medicinals & prep Penicillin, bulk	8. 75 2. 68 . 92	9. 17 3. 00 2. 20	10.75 3.95 2.43	15, 36 4, 82 2, 59	+43 +22 +6	+4.61 +.87 +.16	tractor & implement Tires & casings, truck & bus, pneum Tires & casings, passenger car, pneum	9, 82 21, 09 3, 40	12. 24 19. 67 5. 97	9, 03 13, 54 3, 38	10. 47 12. 66 3. 44	-14 -40 -42	-1.77 -8.43 -2.53
Misc drugs & med prep in dosage form . Vitamin prep—dosage form—ex paren-	11. 39	10. 92	12. 07	10.73	-11	-1.34	TRUCKS & BUSES Trucks, diesel, ov 19,500 lb GVW	11.71	13. 69	12.02	14.80	+8	+1.11
teral solutions & ampoules  Misc antibiotics incl compounds &	7. 99	8.06	9. 25	7. 58	-18	-1.67	Spec'l purpose comm'l vehicles, new & used (inc used trks & buses)	7.43	9.41	11. 25	9, 79	-13	-1.46
mixt cont sulfonands. Preduisolone & preparations. Polio vaccines FRUITS & VEGETABLES	34. 48 9. 99 4. 31	35. 80 6. 17 1. 85	$     \begin{array}{r}       34.58 \\       6.21 \\       1.68     \end{array} $	29, 26 8, 00 , 64	-18 -20 -85	-6.54 -1.99 -3.67	Trucks, gsolne, 6,001-14,000 lb GVW Trailers & parts (inc truck & truck-	22. 46 11. 16	28. 05 9. 53	22. 30 7. 36	19. 22 7. 43	-31 -33	-8, 83
FRUITS & VEGETABLES Asparagus, canned	2.26	4. 90	4. 33	7.10		+2.20	tractor trailers). Trucks, gsolne, 26,001 lb GVW & ov Buses, gasoline Trucks, gsolne, 6,000 lb GVW & und	9. 74 7. 12	9, 82 10, 61	5. 87 6. 17	6. 27 6. 68	-36 -37	-3, 73 -3, 55 -3, 93
Peaches, canned Lettuce, fresh Fruit cocktail, canned	3.02	6. 19 4. 03	7. 40 3. 56	10. 19 5. 27	+45 +38 +31	+2.79 +1.24	Buses, diesel & semi-diesel	47. 18 4. 86	64. 70 2. 24	49. 55 1. 39	39.65 2.69	-39 -45	-25,05 $-2,17$
Fruit cocktail, canned Pineapples, canned Raisins & currants, dried & evap	4.87 6.02 3.28	5. 54 4. 38 4. 92	6. 76 4. 01 6. 94	8. 61 7. 50 8. 07	+27 +25 +16	+1.85 +1.48 +1.13	Trucks, gsolne, 19,501-26,000 lb GVW Trucks, gsolne, 14,001-16,000 lb GVW	11. 29 6. 62	19.46 8.17	10.66 8.84	10.51 4.00	-46 -55	-8.95 -4.84
Primes dried & evaporated	4.44	7. 46 7. 95	5. 68 5. 32	8. 61 8. 76	+16 +15 +10	+1.15 +.81	Trucks, gsolne, 16,001-19,500 lb GVW Trucks, maintenance & repair TRACTORS	47. 31 . 67	47. 16 3. 14	26, 12 . 92	20.03 1.11	-58 -65	-27.28 $-2.03$
Apples, fresh Grapefruit, fresh Oranges & tangerines, fresh	5. 16 22. 16	4.87 21.12	6.11 $22.46$	6. 52 20. 89	+7 -7	+.41 $-1.57$	Parts for tracklaying tractors.  Tractors, wheel type, 60 & over BHP	51, 85	54.63	54. 28	62.65	+15	+8.02
Frzn & can orange juice ex can conc Lemons & limes, fresh	5. 21	12. 20 6. 97	12. 34 7. 65	10. 88 6. 15	$-12 \\ -20 \\ 10$	-1.46 $-1.50$	(ex contr whl & ind'l type) Pts for whl type tractors (ex contr)	14. 07 16. 11	12.07 22.16	18. 99 20. 67	16. 54 19. 11	-13 -14	-2. 45 -3. 05
Potatoes, white, fresh	4. 52 1. 56 6. 04	7. 74 3. 31 4. 29	3. 39 1. 27 1. 53	3. 94 1. 37 1. 90	$     \begin{array}{r}       -49 \\       -59 \\       -69     \end{array} $	-3.80 -1.94 -4.14	Tractors, tracklay'g, 75-99 drwbr hp_ Tractors, tracklay'g, 155 & ov drwbr hp_	12. 20 21. 94	16. 42 33. 10	11. 97 25. 05	14. 02 27. 56 18. 22	-17	-2.40 -5.54
Dry pinto beans. DAIRY PRODUCTS	4.73	1.87	1. 67	. 76	-84	-3.97	Tractors, tracklay'g, 100-154 drwbr hp. Tractors, wheel-type, 35 & under 50 BHP (ex contr whl & ind'l type)	15. 98 8. 47	23. 61 7. 78	16. 30 10. 07	7.48	-26	-5, 39 -2, 59
Nonfat dry milk Condensed & evaporated milk	12. 42 8. 09	8. 26 11. 42	12. 09 14. 35	15. 94 10. 18	+28 -29	+3.52 $-4.17$	Fractors, wheel-type, 30 & under 35 BHP (ex cont'r whl ind'l type)	5. 74	2.88	2.00	3.86	-33	-1.88
Dried whole milk & cream		9.43   RV ITE	4.94	3.97 OSE E	YPORT	VALUE	Tractors, tracklay'g, und 50 drwbr hp Tractors, tracklay'g, 50-74 drwbr hp	5, 00 11, 77	5, 35 13, 47	5. 74 11. 68	3. 71 6. 84	-35 $-49$	-2.03 -6.63
SECTION III GROUPS DOMIN IN JANUARY-JUI HIGHEST, OR W	NE 1962	WAS SU	UBSTAN	ITIALL	Y BELO	W THE	Tractors, wheel type, 50 & under 60 BHP (ex contr whl & ind'l type) RAILWAY EQUIPMENT, EXCLUD-	14. 02	7. 91	11.74	5.09	-64	-8.93
COTTON, UNMANUFACTURED Cotton linters	3, 09	3. 87	5, 74	5. 35			Railway maint-of-way mach & pts	1. 12	1. 77	2, 15 8, 02	3. 25		+1.10
Cotton, upl, stapl, length, under 1 in	80, 61 85, 39	149. 24 347. 72	159, 93 315, 89	104, 49 171, 74	-7 -35 -51	-55, 44 -175, 98	Railway signals, parts & accessories Misc railway transp equip & pts Electric propulsion motors, etc, for rail-	4. 67 4. 82	3, 18 8, 98	5. 50	5. 25 5. 22		-2.77 $-3.76$
Cotton, upl, stapl length 1½ in & ov STEEL SCRAP, IRON ORE, & PIG	15, 74	65, 88	42, 32	30. 34	-54	-35, 54	way transport vehicles Railway freight cars ex self propel	10. 91 2. 54	7. 18 . 12	6. 38 . 42	5. 90 . 33		-5.01 -2.21
IRON Iron ore & concentrates Pig iron		10.77 .16	16. 81 9. 86	23, 37 4, 51	+39 -54	+6.56 -5.35	WATERCRAFT Parts for nonmilitary watercraft	3. 51	3.37	3. 21	6. 97	+99 +13	+3.46
Iron & steel scrap STEEL MILL PRODUCTS			189. 31	82, 53	-56	-106.78	Motors, outbd-detach-ex dsl & semidsl Misc nonmiltry watercrft—fishing, etc Barges, tugs & tugboats	6.80 6.87 3.54	9. 49 1. 71 1. 64	8, 34 1, 49 4, 23	10.71 3.18 1.25	-54	+1. 22 -3. 69 -2. 98
Steel (carb) billets, blooms & slabs	4.40	1. 44 4. 20	2.68 2.68	7. 82 11. 95	+443 +172	+6.38 +7.55 +1.67	Dredges Tankers 2	65. 47	, 30 1, 15	5. 96	. 96	-84	-5.00 -65.17
Plates, alloy stl, (ex stnls), unfab	1, 02 10, 29 10, 35	1. 44 9. 60 16. 90	. 91 8. 34 9. 54	3.11 14.96 11.74	+116 +45 -31	+4.67 -5.16	CIALIZED MINING MACHINERY						
Sheets & strip, electr (silicon stl). Tin plate, electrolytic, prim'y & secnd'y Sheets & strip, hot-rold stl, carb & stnls (ex alloy stl, ex electrical)	28, 87	25.68	26.06	22.33	-37	-13, 35	Petroleum & gas field prod eq nec ex rotary etc drills, rigs, etc	16.62 8.08	15.64 8.83	15. 63 8. 55	19.78 10.06		+3.16 +1.23
Pine & filhing incl sints, nec text sind.	1	20.39	10. 47 8. 12	12. 27 4. 52	-46	-8. 12 -3. 60	Specialized mining machines & pts ine coal cutting, preparing & load'gPts, acc for rot'y drill rigs ex core	9, 09	10, 29	12, 88	10. 52	-18	-2.36
oil country, soil, line etc)	3, 31 3, 89	4. 33 11. 73	5. 77	5, 55	-44 -53	-6.18	Pts, acc fer rot'y drill rigs ex core	32. 31 13. 33	31. 76 16. 45	23, 55 15, 42	24. 37 11. 04	1	-7. 94 -5. 41
Shapes struct'l carb stl. not fabr	22. 57 19. 46	13, 70 13, 34	12.00 14.48	10. 55 9. 91	-53 -58	-12.02 -13.43	Rotary drill rigs incorp rotary tables for input 250 hp & ov	8.92	10. 45	6. 16	6. 75		-3.77
Sheets & strip, cold-rold sti, carb & stnls	33 49	80. 28 6. 74	36, 23 3, 44	29. 86 2. 40	-63 -64	-50.42 -4.34	COTTON TEXTILES 3 Cotton drills, twills, sateens, gray	. 84	. 55	. 72	2.75	+227	+1.91
Plate, black, tin mill———————————————————————————————————	6. 79 4. 52	7.82 1.48	2.79 1.03	2. 77 1. 35	-65 - 70	-5.05 -3.17	Cotton print cloth yarn fabrics, firshd	13. 13 4. 42	15. 77 5. 92	15. 03 5. 54	13. 45 4. 24		-2.32 -1.68
Skelp, all steel grades, & wr t fron	1.40	1.84	2.60	. 71	-73	-1.89	nec, above 36-32 count	. 77	. 94	3, 38	2. 32	-31	-1.06
Pipe, standard, welded steel & wrought iron, black Pipe, line—welded carb & alloy stl COPPER	6. 25 12. 01	1. 94 1. 55	1. 21 1. 00	1. 58 . 50	-75 -96	-4.67 -11.51	and combed: singles & plied Cotton remnants & fabrics nec, less	5, 60	5, 47	3.85	3.71		-1.89
Copper, semifab (ex pipe & tubing, plates, sheets, barewire & cable)		1.85	2,09	2.97	+42	+.88	than 10 yards MISCELLANEOUS TEXTILE MA-	6. 15	6.91	8.97	5, 09	-43	-3.88
Refined copper in cathodes, billets, ingots, wire, bars, etc.	64.21	111. 51	151.61	107. 73	-29	-43.88	TERIALS Cotton cuttings, rags & waste Wool rags & civil clothing, used	5. 68 9, 47	7. 27 10. 28	6. 13 9. 76	9, 04 7, 81		+1.77 -2.47
Scrap copper & copper base alloy	. 10.34	36, 20 2, 58	45, 47 1, 23	13.89 .62		-31.58 $-1.96$	Mohair & oth wool-like spec'lty hair	10.88	9. 93 7. 02	9.42	6. 59	1 -39	-4. 29 -2. 84
NONFERROUS METALS EX- CLUDING COPPER & ALUMINUM Nickel & alloy mtls, crude bars & rods	4.89	7. 75	6. 18	9. 54	+23	+1.79	Elastic fabric, wov, knit or braided						
Zinc slabs, pigs or blocks, sp in gr Molybdenum ores & concentrates	. 16 7. 91	1. 11 16. 68	$\frac{4.21}{27.37}$	4. 45 15. 76	+6 -42	+.24 $-11.61$	Tallow, inedible	47. 56 29. 53 4. 84	53, 43 31, 30 5, 83		51. 61 22. 63 6. 29	-28	-3, 05 -8, 67 -2, 55
Nickel & nickel alloy metal scrap Vanadium pentoxide, oxide, & van-	1.15	2.67	6. 15	2.47	-60	-3. 68 -3. 16	Fish oils & fish liver oils, inedible, ex	4. 62	3.87	5. 17	3. 56	l	-2. 55 -1. 61
dates, & vanadic oxide	1. 21 3. 46	5, 09 4, 24	3. 70 4. 45	1. 93 5. 31	1		sperm & whale  MEAT (EXCL. POULTRY) AND  FISH			)			
Wax microcrystalline Petroleum coke Lubricatng o.l, red & pale—ex hyhraul	8. 37 21. 31	12. 55 25. 47	13. 76 28. 41	15.37 30.55	+8	+2.14	Sausage casings, natural hog Variety meats, fresh or frozen	1. 26	3. 28 2. 26		6. 93 3. 08	+1	+1.87 +.03 -1.20
Lubreatng oil, cylinder, bright stek Lubreatng oil, automotive engine	7. 73 31. 86	8. 16 34. 46	11. 63 32, 48	11. 20 32. 64	$-4 \\ -5$	-43 $-1.82$	Beef tongues & beef & pork livers Pork, fresh or frozen Sardines, not in oil, sealed in cans	. j . , 68	8. 44 1. 09 1. 58		9. 21 4. 69	-20	-1.19
Petroleum gases, liquifd, fuel type Residual fuel oil	3.33		5, 93 18, 79	5, 01 19, 50			Pork hams & shldrs-cured-cookd ex can		4. 05	1. 14	. 84		

### With Corresponding Half-Year Periods in 1959, 1960, and 1961-Con.

Less than 16 of 1 percent.

Represents (a) direct export sales by private U.S. manufacturers and suppliers and (b) sales arranged and handled by the Department of Defense; the latter are included in the balance-of-payments tables (see pp. 12, 13) under "Military transactions (sales)" rather than under "Merchandise (exports)."

Largely represents transfer of vessels to foreign flags.
 Due to the large number of new cotton textile classifications established during the past

year, detailed comparability of current data with data for prior periods has been lost for year, detailed comparability of current data with data for prior periods has been lost for a large number of individual cotton textile items. The items included here are thus necessarily only a very partial listing which, nevertheless, serves to exemplify the current lack of strength in U.S. cotton textile exports in aggregate. To illustrate, total cotton finished manufactures in January-June 1962 were nearly 10 percent below their best export performance (1960) not the 4-year period and only 1 percent above their worst (1959); for cotton cloth alone, experts in the current January-June period were the lowest of the four periods covered.

out as the few isolated bright spots in the nonfood consumer goods export picture.

### Military equipment sales

The sharp and uninterrupted rise since 1959 in non-aid exports of military-type equipment has been among the largest of any category. Dollar sales of such "special category" items rose to an annual rate of nearly \$1% billion in the first half of 1962. While such "special category" exports include primarily sales (through both Government and commercial channels) goods destined for military end-use, they also include exports of aircraft tires, aircraft engines, and some other civilian-type goods.

# Machinery—a dynamic export

A most striking feature of table 4 is the lengthy and impressive array of individual kinds and groupings of machinery which rank high as expanding exports. This is particularly true of technologically-advanced and custom-made types of equipment, as illustrated by the dramatic gains scored in such exports as paper and packaging machinery, plastic making machinery, seamless hosiery machinery, almost every variety of machine tools, elec-

tronic computers, measuring and testing instruments, and research laboratory apparatus.

Also prominent on the list of expanding machinery exports are cranes, excavators and other heavy construction and earth-moving equipment, as well as numerous other items of the more traditional types such as engines, power boilers, pipe valves, ball bearings and pumps.

Although exports of a few prominent machinery groupings-including electrical, agricultural, and conventional type office machinery—are not doing quite so well relatively, they continue as substantial contributors to our export trade. Only two groupings in the machinery category—mining (including oilfield) equipment, and tractorsunderwent extensive declines from previous highs.

### Crude food gains; processed lags

Next to machinery, agricultural products—particularly foodstuffs—have the next largest representation on 1962's list of rising exports. Significant and broadly based gains have been made in exports of grains, fats and oils, tobacco, and other traditional mainstays of our agricultural trade, but poultry and instant coffee stand out as the only proc-

essed foodstuffs to appear in this first section of table 4. Advances made in exports of the latter two products were partly offset by declines in meat and fish. (It will be recalled that, on the import side, meat and fish were expanding items.)

It is also noteworthy that exports of fresh as well as processed fruits and vegetables have benefitted from the partial liberalization measures adopted during the past several years by a number of Western European countries, though such exports (see second section of table 4) continue to be hampered by numerous European import restrictions.

### Industrial materials decline

Just as machinery and foodstuffs have comprised the strongest elements of the nation's recent export picture, so industrial materials have constituted the weakest segment of our 1962 export trade. This is, again, the converse of the situation in our imports.

Although during the earlier phase of the 1959-62 upswing, exports of most types of industrial materials had undergone a major expansion, demand from Europe and Japan for numerous major items comprising this cyclically sensitive category has since declined. In looking at the third section of table 4. one can note the magnitude and widespread nature of the declines in exports of such prominent groupings as unmanufactured cotton, iron and steel scrap, steel mill products, nonferrous metals, petroleum products, and synthetic rubber.

A number of other industrial materials reveal mixed tendencies and appear in the second section of table 4. Among these are plastics and industrial chemicals, synthetic fibers and textiles. and aluminum.

# Consumer goods

Exports of many prominent nonfood consumer items are not included in table

(Continued on page 28)

# Technical Note

Table 4 presents the condensed results of an examination of all 2,600-plus individual export commodities comprising the Census Bureau's Schedule B Export Classification and covers a span of four successive semiannual periods, 1959 through 1962 (January-June).

In addition to reducing the original mass of data to manageable proportions—some 450 items—the table elso brings the individual export commodities together into broadly homogeneous products groups. Within each group, the individual products are arrayed according to the percent change between the export value in 1962 (January-June) and the value in the lighest of the preceding three January-June periods; also shown are the value changes involved in each case.

The product groups have been characterized under three major classifications, as follows:

Section I. Groups dominated by items whose export

Section I. Groups dominated by items whose export

Section 1. Groups dominated by items whose export value in January-June 1962 was the highest of the 4-year period.

Section II. Groups composed of items showing only moderate change between January-June 1962 and the best performance of the 3 preceding periods; includes groups showing mixed trends.

Section III. Groups dominated by items whose export value in January-June 1962 was substantial-ly below the highest, or was the lowest, in the 4-year period.

### The Culling Process

The 2,600-plus original Schedule B export items were culled to the relatively small number presented in the table according to the following criteria:

- 1. All items that did not record an export value of at least \$2.5 million in at least one of the four January-June periods were eliminated.
- Among the items remaining, those which did not record 2. Among the terms remaining, those which did not record a value change of at least \$1.5 million (up or down) between January-June 1962 and any of the preceding corresponding periods were additionally eliminated, except that—
- 3. All items with an export value of \$10 million or more were retained, regardless of whether they met the requirement set by criterion 2, above.

Some of the entries in the table represent aggregates of individual items. Certain closely similar individual commodities, or commodities serving essentially the same function, were combined including cases where one or more single items would otherwise fall outside the criteria set for inclusion in the table. Examples of aggregates are iron and steel scrap (5 items combined), and soybean oil (3 items combined).

By use of the above criteria, the 461 individual items presented in the table provide from 75 to 80 percent value coverage of all 2,600-plus export items for each of the periods shown. Moreover, these same relatively few items account for from 90 to 95 percent of the year-to-year (January-June) changes in total U.S. domestic exports, excluding military aid.

The employment of these criteria, however, necessarily leads to an under-representation of commodities listed under Section II since items valued under \$10 million which showed only a moderate value change (less than \$1.5 million) between the current year and any of the three preceding periods were eliminated by criteria 1 and 2, above.

# Agricultural Production and Adjustment

# Rapid Reduction in Farm Population—Increased Efficiency in Production—Per Capita Incomes Advance

N contrast to the rise in the nonfarm economy, farm production and income in 1962 are about even with 1961. For production this means that output, equal to the high point reached last year, is 7 percent above the 1957-59 average. Farm incomes this year and last year have been well above other recent years except 1958. Average incomes on a per capita or per farm basis have shown a considerable rise in the past few years due to declining trends in the number of farms and farm population. The income per capita of farm residents including income from nonfarm sources has risen in relation to that of nonfarm residents in recent years and the ratio of farm to nonfarm per capita income is exceeded in only 2 years (1948) and 1951) in the past three decades, as shown in table 1.

These comparisons are based on new series of the Department of Agriculture which incorporate 1959 census data and new definitions. The income concept for the farm population is now on a personal income basis and is a component of OBE's personal income series. The new estimates show a more rapid adjustment in agriculture than had been apparent previously.

The changes which are occurring are quite diverse, representing both an acceleration of long-standing trends, and some new developments. The forces making for change include rapid technological advances and spreading urbanization which have brought increased specialization and enlargement of farms, primarily through two developments: (1) a substantial decline in the number of small and less productive farms. Commercial agriculture has remained in firm hands-mechanizing, enlarging and renting the land of the withdrawing small operators. (2) The exit of the small-farming group into nonfarm pursuits. Specifically, a large proportion of the young adult group coming of age to enter the labor force has gone into nonfarm jobs and usually into nonfarm residence. The part-time group living on farms and working off farms, which had shown a rise in earlier periods, remains large, with its percentage share of households rising, although the absolute numbers are moderately lower than 5 years ago.

In addition to the longer term trends in agriculture, current developments in the principal aspects of the farm economy are of special interest. These include a reduction in surpluses of feed and food grains, and an increase in stocks of cotton and of dairy products.

# **Current Supply-Demand**

One of the substantial changes in agriculture in recent years has been the check in the accumulation of wheat stocks and the passage of legislation for a new control program to be effective for the 1964 crop. Carryover of wheat had reached a high of 1.4 billion bushels on June 30, 1961. It was reduced 100 million bushels in the crop year ended June 30, 1962 as drought conditions reduced yields and exports were expanded to a record rate of over 700 million bushels.

The wheat harvest this summer was again reduced with a voluntary diversion program and a mandatory 10 percent cut in acreage from the 55-million acre allotment of many years standing. Although exports—at about 600 million bushels—are expected to be somewhat below the record rate of the past 2 years, the estimated carryover as of next June is expected to be reduced another 100 million bushels.

For the crop to be harvested in 1963, the voluntary diversion program is again to be in effect, but the mandatory cut in acreage is not—i.e., the 55-million acre allotment is restored for one year. Thus, production may be up somewhat from the past year and carryover stocks may not show much change.

For the 1964 crop a new program goes into effect. The old 55-million acre minimum allotment which resulted in a buildup in stocks is to be discon-

tinued and the Secretary of Agriculture is authorized to set an allotment which will provide some reduction in carryover.

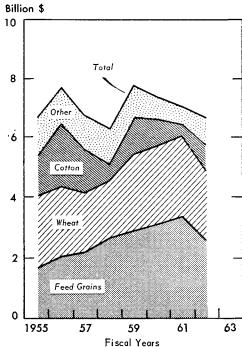
Prices are to be supported at two levels via a marketing certificate program. Wheat for domestic food and for some portion of exports is to be supported at between 65 and 90 percent of parity (i.e., between \$1.60 and \$2.20 per bushel, based on current parity prices). For the remaining wheat, a lower price support is provided, consistent with the value of wheat used as a livestock feed and with world wheat prices.

# Feed surplus reduced

Feed grain stocks have shown a more substantial reduction than wheat (or food grains). Beginning with a peak carryover of 85 million tons from the 1960 crop, the total was down to 71 million tons this fall and is estimated to

# CCC LOANS AND INVENTORIES FOR PRICE SUPPORT PROGRAMS

Surpluses Have Been Reduced



Note: Inventories are on a revised accounting basis and not directly comparable with those published previously.

Data: U.S. Dept. of Agri.

decline to 57 million tons at the end of the 1962 crop year. The cut in surplus has been accomplished via a temporary diversion program together with increased utilization of grain both in the United States and abroad.

A voluntary reduction program is to be in effect for the 1963 crop, similar to those of the past 2 years, except that the support price is increased from \$1.20 per bushel to \$1.25 and is to include an 18¢ payment as well as a \$1.07 support price. A new feature is that the payment will be made on production utilized on the farms of cooperators as well as upon that portion sold. Previously, support benefits were available only for grain sold. The other principal change in the 1963 program is that diversion payments are to be at a lower rate than in 1962.

# Cotton stocks higher

With some increase in acreage and good yields, cotton production at 14.7 million bales in 1962 is higher than in other recent years. Domestic consumption is lagging and exports have been running below the high rates of a few years ago. As a consequence of these developments stocks are again rising from the low point reached in 1961. Carryover at the end of the 1962 crop year may be about 9 million bales, up 2 million from 2 years earlier. The acreage allotment has been reduced for the 1963 crop but possible new legislation may permit a higher allotment.

# Offsetting changes in livestock output

Milk production has been higher in 1962 than a year earlier, but demand has not kept pace. Increased marketings did not offset the effects of lower support prices for dairy products so cash receipts from sale of milk and cream are down slightly. Price supports for manufactured dairy products were lowered in the spring of this year, following a decline in consumption of dairy products in 1961 and an increase in production during the year. Support purchases have continued upward during the past 2 years, and account for about 9 percent of milk production in 1962. Although distribution of CCC dairy products has increased, stocks have shown a large rise.

Meat animal production has continued to expand at a moderate rate

comparable with the expansion in demand. Prices have been well sustained, and cash receipts from marketings have been well ahead of 1961.

The number of cattle has been expanding for about 5 years, but unlike the preceding cattle cycle of rapid expansion followed by sharp liquidation, the current rise is more moderate. Thus, slaughter has expanded concurrently with the buildup in herds whereas in the earlier cycle cattle and calf slaughter was curtailed to build up the breeding herd.

A large part of the current rise in beef production is in increased grain feeding or "finishing" of steers and heifers. Not only is such expansion well adapted to the rising demand for high grade beef, but it is rather stable from the supply side. This is because the turnover of cattle sent to the feedlot is shorter than the turnover of cows and calves kept to increase production. Beef production in 1963 is expected to continue upward, possibly a little faster than the increase in population.

There has been a shift in hog production during the past year. The pig crop this spring was smaller than a year earlier but the fall crop was larger than in 1961 and increased pork production is expected in the period ahead. Hog prices were strong through the summer months, but price weakness developed in the fall of 1962 and prices are expected to be somewhat lower in 1963.

Table 1.—Per Capita Personal Income of Farm and Nonfarm Population

	Of far	Of farm population farm cap population								
Year	Farm sources	Non- farm sources	All sources	tion from all sources	all sources, farm as percent- age of nonfarm					
1934	Dollars 99	Dollars 67	Dollars 166	Dollars 512	Percent 32. 4					
1940	161	89	250	699	35.8					
1945	528	172	700	1,334	52, 5					
1948	743	220	963	1,529	63, 0					
1950 1951 1952 1953	622 754 723 693 691	262 289 301 315 308	884 1,043 1,024 1,008 999	1,618 1,765 1,854 1,919 1,889	54, 6 59, 1 55, 2 52, 5 52, 9					
1955. 1956. 1957. 1958. 1959.	638 642 690 805 713	322 351 376 392 431	960 993 1, 066 1, 197 1, 144	1, 997 2, 103 2, 166 2, 165 2, 276	48. 1 47. 2 49. 2 55. 3 50. 3					
1960 1961	791 899	464 474	1, 255 1, 373	2, 309 2, 345	54, 4 58, 6					

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture.

Note.—The personal incomes underlying cols, 3 and 4 are now the same as the OBE personal income series.

Hog price changes reflect both the greater volatility of supply than in the case of beef and the pronounced consumer preference for beef that has become especially evident in recent years. Research is being done to change the character of pork to meet changing consumer tastes, but significant shifts have not yet occurred in the pork that is being marketed.

# Accelerated Changes in Farming

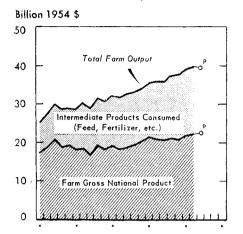
Aside from the current shifts within agriculture, basic changes are occurring in the farming industry. One important trend is the rise in aggregate output of farm products at an average rate of 2 percent annually. (See top panel of the chart on page 26.) Although rising exports have absorbed part of the increase in output, the sustained rise in production has exceeded that in consumption and surpluses have been substantial (see chart on page 24). Preliminary estimates for 1962 indicate little change in aggregate output from last year.

The long-term rise in aggregate output has been accompanied by a more moderate advance in farm GNP of around 1½ percent annually during the past two decades. Farm GNP is one of the industry breakdowns of GNP presented for major industries in the October 1962 Survey of Current Business. For farms, the gross product is the value added by agriculture, after adjustment for utilization of intermediate products—such as feed, fertilizer, fuel, etc. Deductions from aggregate farm products are made for off-farm supplies used up and for interfarm sales—e.g., feeder livestock sold to cattle-fattening farms-so as to eliminate double-counting. The difference between the rate of advance in aggregate output and in farm GNP reflects the increasing proportion of intermediate products consumed. the past two decades, intermediate products have risen from about 30 percent of total farm output to 45 percent.

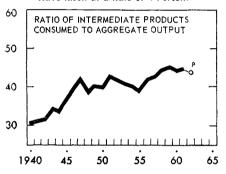
The increase in farm GNP has been accompanied by a roughly comparable expansion in the stock of agricultural capital (including land) utilized and a sharp drop in labor employed, principally that of the farm proprietor, and

### FARM OUTPUT AND PRODUCTIVITY

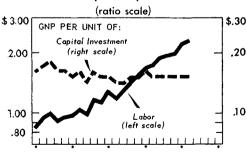
AGGREGATE OUTPUT Has Risen at an Average Rate of About 2 Percent Annually FARM GNP (Value Added by Farms) Has Risen At a Rate of About 1-1/2 Percent



### ●INTERMEDIATE PRODUCTS CONSUMED Have Risen at a Rate of 4 Percent

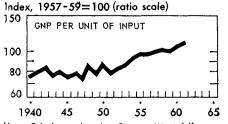


- Farm GNP Per Man-Hour Has Shown **Accelerated Growth Since 1950** 7 Percent Annually in the Past Decade 3-1/2 Percent Annually in the Preceding Decade
- Ratio of Output to Capital Has Been Stable



 Farm GNP Per Unit of Capital and Labor Has Advanced at a .

3 Percent Annual Rate in the Past Decade 1-1/2 Percent Annual Rate in the Preceding Decade



Note: Calculations based on Constant (1954) dollars Basic data; U.S. Dopt. of Agris U.3. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics 62-12-5

unpaid family labor. As a consequence farm GNP per dollar of investment has remained virtually stable during the past two decades, (as shown in the chart on page 26) and farm GNP per hour of labor has shown a strong advance, averaging 5 percent in the past two decades, and increasing to a 7 percent average annual rate of change in the past decade.

If capital and labor are considered together, as in the last panel, then farm GNP per unit of total input has risen at an average annual rate of a little less than 2 percent in the past two decades and about 3 percent in the past several years. It may be noted that these rates of change are about the same as those derived by the Department of Agriculture for a similar relationship between total inputs into farming of both farm and nonfarm resources and aggregate farm output. Since these are different concepts, changes in the ratio of value-added (Farm GNP) to farm inputs might diverge from changes in total output per unit of total input, although they have been broadly similar in the past two decades.

For some comparisons, the total input-output ratio is the more appropriate concept, e.g., when total demand or supply of agricultural commodities is involved. On the other hand the farm GNP per unit of capital and labor is appropriate when one wishes to compare resource use on the farm with resource use elsewhere. Thus, it may be noted that farm GNP per unit of capital and labor has advanced moderately faster than the comparable ratio for the nonfarm economy in the past decade.

One caution is that the individual year comparisons are not very meaningful, partly because of the importance of weather conditions upon crop yields. The combination of a rather steady rise in inputs and of considerable year-tovear fluctuations in output results in rather large annual shifts in the outputinput ratio which are often due to temporary influences.2

# Rapid adjustment in agriculture

In broad terms, the increased rate of output either per unit of labor or per unit of labor and capital combined in recent years reflect a more rapid adjustment of agriculture than in earlier years. This acceleration is becoming more evident as the results of the 1959 Census of Agriculture become available and are incorporated into the principal agricultural annual series on farm income and population. Preliminary results from the sample Census for 1960 indicate a further substantial change in that year. Labor force figures for 1961 and 1962 suggest further decreases in agricultural employment.

The scope of the changes in agriculture is suggested by the recent revision in farm population for 1960 from 20.5 million to 15.6 million.3 Although the

Table 2.-Food Production, Consumption, and Prices

[1957-59=100]

Year	Food market- ings and home consump- tion	Civilian per capita food con- sumption	Whole- sale price of processed foods	Con- sumer price of food
1955	95	100	94	94
1956	100	102	94	9.
1957	97	100	98	98
1958	100	99	103	10:
1959	103	101	99	100
1960	105	101	100	101
1961	107	101	101	100
1969 P	107	101	101	1 104

- Preliminary.
- 1. Based on 10 months' average.

Source: U.S. Department of Agriculture and U.S. Department of Labor.

old series on farm population had indicated a sizable withdrawal of population from farms, the new series show that the decline had been even more rapid. On the basis of the former series, farm population declined 4½ million in the decade ending in 1960, whereas the revised series show a drop of 7.4 million. The preliminary esti-

<sup>1.</sup> The estimates of depreciable capital stocks in agriculture vary with the assumed rate of depreciation. The statements above are based upon the stocks estimate of the Department of Agriculture in constant dollars including land as shown in the Balance Sheet of Agriculture.

<sup>2.</sup> In constructing the input index, average 1940-49 rates of remuneration for capital and labor were used for that decade and average 1950-59 rates were used for subsequent years. The rate paid to hired farm labor was also applied to family labor, and the residual return rate on farm capital for each decade was used for each year of the period, and the two series were linked together at 1950. Since the amount of labor is decreasing rapidly and the amount of capital is showing some rise, it can be deduced that an increase in the wage rate which results in a considerable reduction in the residual return to capital will produce a more rapid rise in the output-input

<sup>3.</sup> Only a part-less than 1 million-of the revision in farm population is attributable "strictly" to the change in the definition of a farm. Most of the revision is due to an improved procedure of separating farm from nonfarm residence mainly on the basis of farm products sold. As a result of new questions asked in the 1960 Census it has been established that several million persons who say that they "live on farms" are not in fact part of the farm population. These include persons who rent a house and yard in the open country as well as those whose places should not have been called a farm by either the old or the new definition.

mate for 1962 is 14.3 million, a further drop of 1.3 million in the subsequent 2-year period. Although the farm population is now about one-third smaller than a decade ago, it is significant that the absolute decline has shown no slackening. It has held around 750,000 annually, and in recent years this has been about 4 percent of the farm population. The Department of Agriculture has estimated that there is still considerable disguised unemployment on farms amounting to the equivalent of more than 1 million full-time workers who are not needed for farm work.

The reduction in farm population is quite selective as to age-groups and implies rather fundamental changes. The sharpest reduction in age groups on farms has occurred in the 20-29 year-old classes, despite a continuing higher proportion of 15–19 year-olds than in the nonfarm population. The migrants from farms have been concentrated in the young adult group around 20 years of age. In general, as the young people from the farms enter the labor force, they go directly to nonfarm jobs and nonfarm residence without first taking farm employment and later transferring to nonfarm jobs. The sharp decline in the number of young adults on farms in the 20-29 age group has also brought a decline in the traditionally high farm birth rate. Thus, in 1960, the proportion of children under 5 years of age was lower on farms than in urban areas. whereas the proportion 5-9 years of age was larger in farm than in urban areas and the 10-19 age group was considerably larger in farm areas.

# Decline in farm-operators

Perhaps, the most surprising aspect of the decline in farm employment is that the number of hired workers in

Table 3.—Percent Distribution of U.S. Population by Age, by Residence, 1960

Age	Total	Urban	Rural farm
All ages	100, 0	100.0	100.0
Under 5 years	11. 3 10. 4	11. 2 10. 0	9. 9 11. 0
5 to 9 years	9.4	8.8 7.0	11. 6 11. 6 9. 4
20 to 29 years	12. 1 13. 7	12. 5 14. 1	8. 4 10. 7
40 to 44 years 45 to 64 years	6.5	6. 6 20. 6	6. 3 23. 2
to years and over	9.0	9.1	9. 3

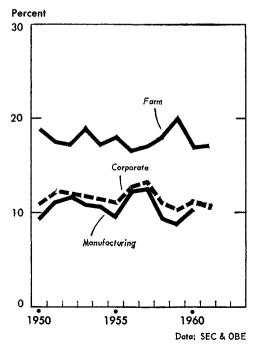
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of the Census.

agriculture has shown no appreciable change in the past 15 years during which period the number of farm operators has dropped by a half. The appropriate figures are shown in table 4, based upon the census series (now published by the Department of Labor) in which workers are classified by their principal employment. The Department of Agriculture series, which includes all part-time farm employment, shows the same general trend in this respect, although the total number reported doing some farm work is substantially higher than the classification of the census of those whose principal occupation is in farming. Mention has been made that the decline in farms has occurred chiefly in small and low-output farms. Such farms have few hired workers. Since the larger farms have not reduced their employment of hired workers, all of the decline in farm employment has thus occurred in the self-employed or farmoperator group and in the unpaid family worker group.

A part of the decline in farm population and in the number of farms is attributable to a somewhat more restrictive definition of a farm, but the substantive change is that less productive farms have ceased agricultural operations at a rapid rate in the past decade.

### FARM INVESTMENT HIGH

Plant and Equipment Expenditures for Farm and Nonfarm Sectors as a Percent of Their GNP



U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics 62-12-6

Table 4.—Agricultural Employment
[Millions]

	Persons 14 years of age and over												
Year	Hired workers	Self employed	Unpaid family labor										
1947	1. 7	5, 0	1. 0										
1950 1953 1956	1. 7 1. 5 1. 7	4. 3 3. 8 3. 6	1.3										
1959	1.7	3.0	1.1										
1960 1961 1962 <sup>1</sup>	1. 9 1. 7	2.8 2.7 2.6	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1										

1. First 10 months average.

Source: U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics. (This series was formerly published by the Bureau of the Census.)

Specifically, the former small-scale farm operators have sold the chickens and milk cows and quit farming generally to take nonfarm jobs or occupations as part of the increased specialization in agriculture. The number of farms with either milk cows or chickens dropped rapidly in the 5-year period 1954–59, and for the decade such farms declined about 50 percent. This decrease in numbers has brought about a considerable increase in the average scale of farm operations.

The number of farms with sales of less than \$2,500 annually declined by nearly one-third between 1954 and 1959, from 2.7 million to 1.9 million, using the 1954 definition of a farm, or to 1.6 million on the basis of the new definition. The total number of farms with sales of over \$2,500 was relatively stable, with a decline of about onefourth in the number with sales of \$2,500 to \$5,000, little change for the \$5,000 to \$10,000 sales group, and a rise of more than one-third in those with sales of over \$10,000. The rising proportion of farms with higher sales reflects a sharp rise in sales per commercial farm during this period as well as some consolidation of farms. additional change is a very large rise in leasing of additional land by farm owners in order to obtain a larger and usually lower-cost operating unit.

# Scale of operations increases

The increase in scale of operations is perhaps most clearly seen in a comparison of changes in production of corn by size of farm during the decade of the fifties. Between 1949 and 1959, corn harvested for grain increased 13 percent to 3.7 billion bushels in the latter year.

For all farm groups of less than 80 acres in size, there were appreciable declines in output during the decade, ranging from a drop of over 50 percent for those of less than 10 acres to a 15 percent decline in output for the 70 to 80 acre group. For the middle-size group from 100 to 180 acres, changes in output were generally small, with some decline in the lower part and some rise in the upper range. For the groupings of farms above 180 acres, increases in output were considerably above average, as the following tabulation shows:

Size of farm	in output
180-220 acre	
220–260 acre 260–500 acre	
500 or more acres	

# Farm investment stays high

While the use of manpower on farms has declined, there has been a high rate of capital investment throughout the postwar period. With the development of the new annual estimates of corporate and manufacturing GNP,4 a comparison may now be made between farm and nonfarm capital expenditure in relation to output in each of these sectors, as shown in the chart on page 27. In the period since 1950, farm capital investment has ranged between 16 and 20 percent of farm GNP. In the past 2 years, it has been 17 percent. Although well below the peak rate reached in 1958, it is about average for the postwar period.

Nonfarm corporate capital investment has been running between 10 and 13 percent of corporate GNP during the same period, reaching a peak in 1957 and ranging lower in subsequent years. Manufacturing capital investment in relation to manufacturing GNP has been quite similar to corporate throughout the period.

One reason for the higher rate of investment relative to output in farming as against nonfarm industries is simply a reflection of the fact that more capital is used per unit of output in farming as compared with nonfarm activities. Since the late 1920's gross stocks of depreciable capital in agriculture have increased considerably more than output, in contrast to the nonfarm trend, which has shown a declining stockoutput ratio. The use of a net stock-

output ratio gives varying results, ranging from no change to a slight increase, depending on the depreciation variant used to derive net stocks.<sup>5</sup> In this particular instance the gross stocks, which show the greater increase in agriculture, appear to be a somewhat closer measure of capital in use.

### Foreign Trade

(Continued from page 23)

4, an indiction that such items were either (1) too insignificant to show separately since they amounted to less than \$2.5 million during any one of the four half-year periods; or (2) were valued at more than \$2.5 million and less than \$10.0 million, but changed by an insignificant amount (less than \$1.5 million from 1962 to the lowest or the highest of the three preceding years). Passenger car exports were among the few notable exceptions, since their performance in the first half of June 1962 topped that of each of the preceding January–June periods.

# Lull in transport equipment

The third major export category distinguished by its relatively poor showing in 1962 was commercial transportation equipment. Exports of trucks in January–June were, in fact, the lowest for any comparable period since 1950, reflecting a decline in shipments of almost every individual type and size. Truck and bus tires, and railway equipment were also in greatly reduced demand. Although aircraft exports continued large in the first half of 1962, they have since declined from this high rate to the lowest value since early 1959.

### Parts for assembly rising

The automobile industry's record exports of parts for assembly during 1962 provide an illustration of still another significant development in our export trade—the growing tendency on the part of a number of domestic manufacturers to supply foreign demand from assembly and other manufacturing facilities abroad rather than from facilities in the United States. This trend may be in part an indication that for some products the cost of labor used in such operations averages lower abroad

than in the United States. But a much more significant factor is the mounting wall of foreign restrictions encountered by American manufacturers—tariffs, surcharges, quotas—which severely limit or entirely prohibit the importation of complete units.

Unfortunately, both passenger car and truck parts for assembly are included in a single "basket" export classification. Hence to what extent the decline in exports of trucks may have been compensated for by an increase in exports of truck parts for assembly cannot be determined.

The rise in exports of tractor parts and the decline in exports of completed tractors (see third section of table 4) may also constitute closely related developments. Moreover, at least part of our relatively high exports of parts for products such as pumps, typewriters, adding machines, and agricultural machinery—listed in Sections I and II of the table—was undoubtedly destined for assembly plants abroad.

# U.S. machinery aids buildup of competing industries abroad

Although the major contribution of U.S. capital equipment exports to the buildup of basic manufacturing industries abroad is well known, the relationship between such exports of technologically advanced or custom-built equipment and our exports of other goods is perhaps less clearly defined. The data in table 4 afford some interesting evidence bearing on this very important tie-in.

To cite an example—circular hosiery knitting machinery occupies a prominent place among the numerous individual dynamic export performers within the specialized industry machinery grouping. By way of contrast, our exports of nylon hosiery which as recently as 1955 had amounted to \$17 million, have since become so low that they did not warrant separate identification in table 4. Similar contrasting movements are shown in the table for exports of cotton textile machinery and cotton textiles; plastic manufacturing machinery and polyethylene resins; rubber manufacturing machinery and synthetic rubber; and rubber tire and tube building machinery and rubber tires and tubes.

<sup>4.</sup> See "GNP by Major Industries," SURVEY, October 1962 and "Corporate Profits and National Output," SURVEY November 1962.

<sup>7.</sup> See "Expansion of Fixed Business Capital in the United States," SURVEY, November 1962.

# Current BUSINESS STATISTICS

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THE STATISTICS here update series published in the 1961 edition of Business Statistics, biennial Statistical Supplement to the Survey of Current Business. That volume (price \$2.00) contains data by months, or quarters, for the years 1957 through 1960 (1951-60, for major quarterly series) and averages of monthly or quarterly data for all years back to 1939; it also provides a description of each series and references to sources of earlier figures. Series added or significantly revised after the 1961 Business Statistics went to press are indicated by an asterisk (\*) and a dagger (†), respectively; certain revisions for 1960 issued too late for inclusion in the aforementioned volume appear in the monthly Survey beginning with the July 1961 issue. Except as otherwise stated, the terms "unadjusted" and "adjusted" refer to adjustment for seasonal variation.

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Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1959	1960	1961	195	59	<u> </u>	19	60			19	961			1962	
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	in the 1961			III	IV	I	II	Ш	IV	I	П	III	IV	I	II	III
edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS							Seas	sonally a	djusted o	juarterly	totals at	annual i	ates			
G	GENERAL BUSI		BUSII	NESS	IND	ICAT	ORS-	-Qua	rterly	Serie	es _					

	1		·	1										1	1	
NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT†																
National income, total†bil. \$	400.5	415.5	427.8	400.6	403. 9	413.9	417.2	416.6	414.4	411.8	424.3	431.3	444.0	448. 9	456. 7	459.8
Compensation of employees, totaldo	278. 5	293. 7	302. 2	280. 2	283.0	290.6	294.6	295.8	293. 9	294.1	300.2	304. 5	309, 9	315. 2	321. 7	$323. \ 8$
Wages and salaries, totaldo Privatedo Militarydo	258. 5 213. 1 9. 9	271.3 222.9 9.9	$278.8 \\ 227.0 \\ 10.2$	259. 9 214. 4 9. 9	262. 5 216. 5 9. 8	268. 5 221. 6 9. 8	272. 2 224. 4 9. 8	273. 3 224. 2 9. 9	$271.3 \\ 221.6 \\ 10.0$	271. 2 220. 8 10. 0	276. 9 225. 8 10. 0	281. 0 228. 8 10. 0	286. 1 232, 5 10, 8	289. 9 235. 0 11. 2	295. 9 240. 1 11. 2	297.8 $241.4$ $10.9$
Government civiliando	35. 4	38. 5	41.6	35. 7	36.1	37.1	38.0	39.1	39.7	40.4	41.2	42.2	42.8	43.7	44.6	45. 5
Supplements to wages and salariesdo  Proprietors' income, totalo'do	20.1 46.5	22. 4 46. 2	23. 4 47. 8	20.3 46.0	20. 6 45. 9	22. 0 45. 2	22. 3 46. 9	22. 5 46. 3	22. 6 46. 5	22. 9 46. 5	23. 2 47. 2	23. 5 48. 1	23. 8 49. 5	25, 2 49, 1	25. 8 49. 5	25. 9 49. 7
Business and professional do	35. 1 11. 4 11. 9	34, 2 12. 0 11. 9	34. 8 13. 1 12. 3	35. 4 10. 6 11. 9	35. 1 10. 8 11. 9	34. 5 10. 7 11. 9	34. 5 12. 4 11. 9	34. 1 12. 2 11. 9	33. 8 12. 7 12. 0	33. 7 12. 8 12. 0	$34.5 \\ 12.7 \\ 12.2$	35. 1 13. 1 12. 3	36. 0 13. 6 12. 5	36, 2 12, 9 12, 6	36. 8 12. 8 12. 8	37. 0 12. 8 12. 9
ment, totalbil. \$	47. 2	45.6	45. 5	46.1	46.0	48.6	46. 2	44. 4	43.3	40.1	45.0	46.0	51.1	50.4	50.7	51.0
Corporate profits before tax, total do Corporate profits tax liability do Corporate profits after tax do Dividends do Undistributed profits do Inventory valuation adjustment do	47. 7 23. 2 24. 5 13. 7 10. 8 5	45. 4 22. 4 23. 0 14. 4 8. 6	45. 6 22. 3 23. 3 15. 0 8. 3	46. 5 22. 6 23. 9 14. 1 9. 8 5	45. 3 22. 0 23. 3 14. 2 9. 0 . 7	49. 2 24. 3 24. 9 14. 3 10. 6 6	46. 4 22. 9 23. 5 14. 2 9. 2 2	43, 3 21, 4 21, 9 14, 4 7, 5 1, 2	42.8 21.1 21.7 14.5 7.1 .5	39. 8 19. 4 20. 3 14. 7 5. 6	44.8 21.9 22.9 14.8 8.1	46.3 22.6 23.7 14.9 8.7 3	51. 4 25. 1 26. 3 15. 5 10. 8 3	50.1 24.4 25.6 15.8 9.9	50, 9 24, 9 26, 1 15, 8 10, 3 -, 2	51.1 24.9 26.1 15.8 10.3 —.1
Net Interestdo	16.4	18.1	20.0	16. 4	17.0	17. 6	17. 7	18.2	18.8	19.1	19.8	20.3	21.0	21.5	22.0	22. 5
Gross national product, total†dodo	482.7	503.4	518.7	482.7	488. 5	501.7	504.8	503.7	503.3	500.8	513. 1	522.3	538.6	545.0	552. 0	555. 3
Personal consumption expenditures, total_do	313. 5	328. 5	338.1	316.7	318.8	323. 9	329. 9	329.8	330.5	330. 5	335. 5	340.1	346. 1	350, 2	354. 9	358. 2
Durable goods, total ⊕do Automobiles and partsdo Furniture and household equipmentdo	43. 6 18. 1 18. 9	44. 8 18. 8 19. 1	43. 7 17. 2 19. 3	44. 9 18. 9 19. 2	43. 1 16. 9 19. 3	45. 1 19. 0 19. 3	45. 8 19. 5 19. 2	44. 5 18. 3 19. 1	44. 0 18. 3 18. 7	40. 8 15. 4 18. 4	43, 5 16, 9 19, 2	44. 0 16. 9 19. 7	46. 6 19. 4 19. 8	46. 3 19. 1 19. 7	47. 2 20. 3 19. 3	47. 1 19. 3 20. 1
Nondurable goods, total ⊕ do	147. 1 27. 5 77. 7 11. 1	151.8 28.1 79.5 11.7	155. 2 28. 6 81. 1 11. 9	147. 7 27. 7 77. 4 11. 3	148. 9 27. 8 78. 3 11. 3	150.0 28.1 78.5 11.5	152. 6 28. 3 79. 9 11. 6	152. 5 28. 4 79. 5 11. 7	152.3 27.8 80.2 11.9	153. 5 28. 1 80. 3 11. 9	153. 9 28. 0 80. 6 11. 7	156. 2 29. 0 81. 5 11. 9	157. 2 29. 2 82. 1 12. 1	159. 9 29. 8 83. 7 12. 1	161. 3 29. 8 84. 2 12. 3	163. 0 30. 3 85. 3 12. 5
$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	122. 8 18. 1 39. 6 10. 0	131. 9 19. 6 41. 8 10. 7	139. 1 20. 6 43. 9 11. 1	124. 0 18. 2 39. 9 10. 2	126. 8 18. 8 40. 3 10. 5	128. 9 19. 2 40. 9 10. 6	131. 5 19. 6 41. 7 10. 6	132. 8 19. 7 42. 2 10. 6	134. 2 20. 0 42. 6 10. 7	136, 2 20, 2 43, 1 10, 9	138.0 20.6 43.6 10.9	139. 9 20. 7 44. 1 11. 1	142.3 21.0 44.8 11.4	144.1 21.3 45.2 11.5	146. 3 21. 8 45. 7 11. 5	148. 1 21. 9 46. 2 11. 6
Gross private domestic investment, totaldo	72.7	72.4	69. 3	68.8	73.2	79.1	73. 5	70.3	66. 5	60.1	67.6	72.4	76.6	75.9	77.4	76.3
New construction do.  Residential nonfarm do.  Producers' durable equipment do.  Change in business inventories do.  Nonfarm do.	40. 2 22. 3 25. 9 6. 6 6. 5	40. 7 21. 1 27. 6 4. 1 3. 7	$\begin{array}{c} 41.6 \\ 21.0 \\ 25.5 \\ 2.1 \\ 1.9 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 41.0 \\ 22.6 \\ 26.6 \\ 1.1 \\ 1.1 \end{array}$	39.6 21.3 26.4 7.1 7.0	40. 9 21. 5 27. 4 10. 8 10. 6	40. 7 21. 2 28. 4 4. 4 4. 1	40. 5 21. 0 27. 7 2. 1 1. 7	40.7 20.5 26.8 -1.1 -1.5	39. 3 19. 0 24. 4 -3. 6 -3. 9	41. 0 20. 1 24. 6 2. 1 1. 8	42. 6 21. 9 25. 8 4. 0 3. 8	43. 2 22. 8 27. 4 6. 0 5. 9	41. 6 21. 2 27. 6 6. 7 6. 6	44. 5 23. 3 28. 9 4. 0 3. 9	46. 1 24. 3 29. 2 1. 0 1. 0
Net exports of goods and services do Exports do Imports do	8 22.9 23.6	2, 9 26, 4 23, 5	4. 0 27. 3 23. 3	5 23. 8 24. 3	. 0 23. 8 23. 9	1.4 25.3 23.9	2. 4 26. 5 24. 2	2. 8 26. 5 23. 6	4. 9 27. 2 22. 3	5. 3 27. 4 22. 2	4. 0 26. 4 22. 4	2. 8 26. 9 24. 1	3. 8 28. 3 24. 5	3. 7 28. 2 24. 5	3. 7 29. 0 25. 3	2. 5 28. 3 25. 8
Govt. purchases of goods and services, total_do	97. 2 53. 6 46. 2 43. 6	99. 7 53. 2 45. 7 46. 5	107. 4 57. 0 49. 0 50. 4	97. 8 54. 0 46, 4 43. 8	96. 5 52. 8 46. 1 43. 7	97. 2 52. 5 45. 4 44. 7	99. 0 53. 1 45. 8 45. 9	100. 8 53. 6 45. 7 47. 2	101. 4 53. 6 45. 8 47. 8	104. 8 55. 4 47. 7 49. 4	106. 0 56. 6 49. 0 49. 4	106. 9 56. 5 48. 4 50. 4	112.1 59.5 50.8 52.6	115. 2 61. 9 53. 0 53. 3	116. 0 62. 1 53. 2 54. 0	118. 2 62. 7 54. 0 55. 5
By major type of product:*†       do         Final sales, total	476. 1 244. 0 91. 5 152. 5 175. 8 56. 3	499. 4 254. 1 95. 0 159. 2 188. 6 56. 7	516. 6 257. 2 94. 0 163. 3 200. 7 58. 6	481. 5 247. 0 93. 1 153. 9 177. 6 56. 9	481. 4 245. 7 91. 9 153. 8 181. 3 54. 4	490. 8 251. 3 94. 0 157. 3 183. 8 55. 8	500. 4 256. 2 96. 9 159. 3 187. 7 56. 4	501. 5 254. 9 94. 8 160. 1 189. 9 56. 8	504. 4 254. 1 94. 2 160. 0 193. 1 57. 2	504. 4 251. 6 90. 2 161. 4 195. 9 56. 8	511. 0 254. 4 92. 6 161. 8 199. 0 57. 5	518.3 257.8 94.3 163.5 201.3 59.2	532. 6 265. 0 98. 8 166. 3 206. 6 61. 0	538. 3 268. 2 99. 9 168. 4 211. 1 59. 0	547. 9 272. 6 102. 6 170. 0 213. 5 61. 8	554. 2 274. 7 103. 0 171. 7 215. 9 63. 6
Inventory change, total do Durable goods do Nondurable goods do La Payised to Payised series Estimates of pu	3.1	4.1 2.3 1.8	2.1 .0 2.1		7. 1 2. 6 4. 5	10. 8 8. 6 2. 2	4. 4 2. 8 1. 6	2. 1 1. 0 1. 1	$\begin{array}{c c} -1.1 \\ -3.3 \\ 2.2 \end{array}$	-3.6 -5.5 1.9	$\begin{array}{c c} 2.1 \\ -1.3 \\ 3.4 \end{array}$	4.0 3.4 .6	6. 0 3. 5 2. 5		4. 0 1. 9 2. 2	1.0 1.9 9

r Revised. †Revised series. Estimates of national income and product and personal income have been revised back to 1959; revisions prior to May 1961 for personal income appear on p. 13 of the July 1962 SURVEY. o\*Includes inventory valuation adjustment. ⊕In-

cludes data not shown separately.  $^{\circ}$  Government sales are not deducted. \*For quarterly data back to 1947, see p. 35 of the July 1962 Survey.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960		961			60			19	61			19	62		1963
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Annual total		I	п	ш	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	11	III	IV	I

# GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Quarterly Series—Continued

GENER	ALL	ODIII	1100 .		JAIO	115	Quai	terry		- 00	ııtını	icu				
NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT—Con.†																
Quarterly Data Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates																
GNP in constant (1954) dollars Gross national product, total†bil. \$	428.6	440. 2	447. 9	440. 9	442.3	439. 7	437.7	433. 9	443. 9	450.4	463, 4	467.4	470.8	471.6		
Personal consumption expenditures, total_do	288.9	298.3	304.3	295.6	299.7	299.1	298.8	298. 2	302. 5	306.0	310.6	313. 9	316. 9	319.0	ì	
Durable goodsdododo	41. 0 138. 7	42.2 141.4	41.6 143.3	42.4 140.6	43.0 142.3	41.8 141.9	41. 8 140, 7	39.0	41.3	41.7	44.4	44.1	44. 6 148. 1	44.6		
Nondurable goods do	109. 2	114.7	119.4	112.6	114.5	115. 4	116.3	141.5 117.7	142.3 118.8	144. 4 120. 0	144.9 121.4	147. 0 122. 8	124. 1	149.5 125.0		<b>-</b>
Gross private domestic investment, totaldo	61.7	60.7	57.8	66. 7	61. 5	58.6	55.8	50.0	56. 5	60.4	64.1	63. 3	64. 1	62. 4		
New constructiondo Producers' durable equipmentdo Change in business inventoriesdo	34. 4 21. 4 5. 9	34.3 22.7 3.7	34.8 21.1 2.0	34.6 22.6 9.6	34. 2 23. 3 4. 0	34. 0 22. 7 1. 9	34.3 22.2 7	$ \begin{array}{r} 33.0 \\ 20.1 \\ -3.0 \end{array} $	34.3 20.2 2.0	35. 6 21. 3 3. 5	36.1 22.7 5.4	34. 6 22. 8 5. 9	36. 7 23. 8 3. 7	37. 7 24. 0 . 8		
Net exports of goods and servicesdo	-2.1	1.5	1.8	. 2	1.0	1.5	3, 3	3.5	1.7	.7	1.4	1.3	. 7	3		
Government purchases of goods and services, total bil. \$	80.1	79.8	84.0	78.4	80.0	80.5	79.9	82. 2	83.3	83.3	87.2	88.9	89. 2	90. 5		l
Federal dodo	43. 9 36. 2	42.3 37.4	44. 5 39. 4	42.0 36.4	$\frac{42.9}{37.1}$	42.7 37.8	41.8 38.1	42. 9 39. 2	44. 4 38. 9	44. 1 39. 2	87. 2 46. 7 40. 5	48.3 40.6	48. 6 40. 6	49.0		
DISPOSITION OF PERSONAL INCOME													:		!	
Quarterly Data Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates	383.9	400.8	416.4	395, 4	401.4	403.1	403.7	405.4	413. 5	419.4	427. 3	432, 0	439. 5	442.6	i	
Personal income, total	46. 8 337. 1	51. 4 349. 4	52. 8 363. 6	51.4 344.0	51.9 349.6	51. 4 351. 7	50. 9 352. 7	51.0 354.3	52. 5 361. 0	53. 0 366. 3	54.6 372.6	56. 4 375. 6	57. 7 381. 8	58. 5		
Personal saving \$dodo NEW PLANT AND EQUIPMENT EXPENDITURES	23, 6	20.9	25. 6	20.1	19. 7	22, 0	22.2	23.8	25, 5	26.3	26. 5	25. 4	26. 9	26.0		
Unadjusted quarterly totals or averages: All industriesbil, \$bil, \$	8.14	8.92	8,59	7, 89	9, 28	8.98	9. 53	7. 57	8. 61	8.65	9. 54	8.02	9. 50	7 9. 62	ir 10. 28	28.45
Manufacturingdo	3.02	3. 62	3. 42	3, 09	3, 76	3, 62	4.01	3.00	3.46	3.34	3.88	3.14	3. 69	r 3. 72	† 4. 26	3, 33
Durable goods industriesdo Nondurable goods industriesdo	1.44	1, 80 1, 82	1. 57 1. 85	1. 55 1. 54	1.88 1.88	1.80 1.81	1.95 2.06	1.41	1, 58 1, 88	1.50 1.84	1.79 2.09	1.44	1.77	r 1.79 r 1.93	7 2. 15 2. 11	1, 57 1, 76
Miningdo Railroadsdo Transportation, other than raildo	. 25 . 23 . 51	. 25 . 26 . 48	. 24	$\begin{array}{c} .22 \\ .25 \\ .47 \end{array}$	. 27 . 29 . 55	. 25 . 24 . 47	. 24	. 21	. 26	. 25	. 26	. 26 . 16	. 27	28	7.30	. 26
Public utilities do Commercial and other do do	1. 42 2. 72	1. 42 2. 89	1.38 2.92	1. 18 2. 69	1. 42 2. 99	1.50 2.90	. 46 1. 58 2. 99	1. 09 2. 69	. 48 1. 39 2. 85	1.50 2.94	. 50 1. 54 3. 20	1. 06 2. 94	1. 37 3. 30	7.50 71.54 73.35	7.48 71.50 73.53	1, 07 3, 26
Seas, adj. qtrly, totals at annual rates: All industriesdo				35.15	36.30	35. 90	35. 50	33.85	33. 50	34.70	35. 40	35. 70	36. 95	- 38. 35	1r 38, 35	<sup>2</sup> 37. 70
Manufacturing do Durable goods industries do Nondurable goods industries do				14.10 7.15 6.95	14. 70 7. 40 7. 30	14, 65 7, 35 7, 30	14. 40 6. 85 7. 55	13. 75 6. 50 7. 25	13, 50 6, 20 7, 30	13. 65 6. 10 7. 55	14.00 6.40 7.60	14. 20 6. 55 7. 60	14. 45 6. 95 7. 50	7 15.05 7 7.25 7 7.80	r 15, 50 r 7, 75 r 7, 75	14, 95 7, 10 7, 85
Mining do do	.			1.00 1.00	1.05 1.10	1.00 1.00	. 90 1. 00	. 95 . 70	1.00 .70	1.00 .65	1.00	1. 15 . 70	1. 05 . 95	1.10	r 1. 15	1, 15
Railrigads do Transportation, other than rail do Public utilities do				2.00 5.75	2.15 5.70	1.90 5.60	1.80	1.75 5,35	1.80 5,50	1. 90 5. 65	1. 95 5. 55	2. 05 5. 15	2. 25 5. 40	r 1.00 r 2.00 r 5.75	7.80 71.80 75.40	. 70 1, 80 5, 30
Commercial and otherdodo			·	11.35	11.60	11.75	11.65	11.30	11.05	11.85	12. 35	12. 45	12.85	r 13. 40	13. 70	13, 80
Firms in operation, end of quarter (seasonally adjusted) thous.	<sup>3</sup> 4, 583	\$ 4, 658	<sup>3</sup> 4. 713	4, 690	4, 710	4. 720	4, 730	4, 740	4, 750	4, 760	4. 770	4. 780	4, 790	4,800		
U.S. BALANCE OF INTERNATIONAL PAYMENTS;																
Quarterly Data are Seasonally Adjusted													1			
U.S. payments, recordedmil. \$ Imports:	29, 548	31, 317	31, 805	7, 549	7, 690	8,000	8,078	7, 690	7, 411	8,082	8, 622	* 8, 283	r 8. 093	8. 282		
Merchandise do Military expenditures do	15, 310 3, 107	14, 723 3, 048	14, 514 2, 947	3, 801 771	3, 836 758	3, 664 797	3, 422 722	3. 369 770	3, 417 756	3, 840 699	3, 888 722	3, 920 752	4, 032 r 746	4. 130 730		
Other servicesdo Remittances and pensionsdo	4, 925 791	5, 417 842	5, 462 878	$1,347 \\ 204$	1,375 $205$	1,368 211	1,327 $222$	$1,309 \\ 221$	1,337 221	1,388 216	1,428 220	1,390 234	1,450 223	1,473 $221$		
Govt, grants and capital outflowsdo	3, 040 2, 375	3, 405	4,051	768	833	826	978	962	804	1,094	1, 191	1,040	r 1.059	1,118		
U.S. private capital do Direct investments do Long-term port/olio do	1, 372 926	1, 694 850	3,953 1,475 1,006	658 324 236	683 271 209	1, 134 415 170	1, 407 684 235	1, 059 457 120	876 269 218	845 429 194	1, 173	947 7 230	7 583 7 400	610 300		
Short-term do	77	1,338	1, 472	98	203	549	488	482	389	222	474 379	7 397 320	- 284 - 101	137 173		
U.S. receipts, recordeddo	25, 393	27, 984	29, 946	6, 865	7,055	7, 002	7.062	7, 400	7, 953	6. 979	7. 614	r 7, 685	r 8, 001	8, 057		
Exports:  Merchandise	7, 194	19, 459 7, 554 636 335	19, 915 8, 151 1, 274 606	4, 657 1, 827 170 211	4, 876 1, 909 147 123	4, 940 1, 843 172 47	4, 986 1, 975 147 -46	5, 061 2, 008 133 198	4, 768 2, 060 851 274	4, 940 1, 951 81	5, 146 2, 132 209 127	7 5, 063 2, 189 7 143 4 290	7 5, 339 7 2, 326 7 220 7 116	5, 170 2, 200 616 71		
Excess of recorded receipts or payments (-)do	1	-3, 333	-1,859	-684	-635	-998	-1.016	-290	542	-1, 103	-1,008	7 - 598	r —92	71 -225		
Unrecorded transactionsdo	412	-592	-602	4	-140	-159	-297	-29	-366	193	-400	106	r —134	-225 -494		
Total, net receipts (+) or payments (-)do	-3, 743	-3, 925	-2, 461	-680	-775	-1,157	-1,313	-319	176		-1.408		r - 226	r -719		
Major special transactionsdo	335	-524	129		-80		-444		724	-75	-520	100	<sup>7</sup> 76	473		
Total, excluding special transactionsdo Revised. Preliminary.	4,078	i-3, 401	-2, 590 l	-680	-695	-1,157 (based	-869 on inco	-319 mplete d	-548 ata) is 4,7	-835 752,000.	-888 4 Inclu	, $-592$ ides chan	r -302			

(based on incomplete data) is 4,752,000. 'Includes changes in nonliquid Govt. liabilities. † See corresponding note on p. S-1 (revisions prior to 3d qtr. 1959 appear on p. 8 ff. of the July 1962 Survey.)

§ Personal saving is excess of disposable income over personal consumption expenditures shown as a component of gross national product on p. S-1.

‡ More complete details are given in the quarterly reviews in the Mar., June, Sept., and Dec. issues of the Survey. Revisions prior to 4th qtr. 1959 will be available later.

<sup>\*</sup>Revised. \*Preliminary.

1 Estimates for Oct.—Dec. 1962 based on anticipated capital expenditures of business.

2 Estimates for Jan.—Mar. 1963 based on anticipated capital expenditures of business.

Anticipated expenditures for the year 1962 are as follows (in bil. 8): All industries, 37.41; manufacturing, total, 14.90; durable goods industries, 7.15; nondurable goods industries, 7.65; mining, 1.11; railroads, .86; transportation, 2.04; public utilities, 5.47; commercial and other, 13.13.

3 Unadjusted. Data represent firms in operation as of Jan. 1; estimate for Jan. 1, 1962

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961		1961							1962		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Moi ave	nthly rage	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.
	ENE	RAL	BUSI	NESS	IND	ICAT	ORS-	-Mor	ıthly	Serie	s	!	<u>i.                                    </u>	l	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
PERSONAL INCOME, BY SOURCE†																
Seasonally adjusted, at annual rates:† Total personal incomebil. \$	1400.8	1 416. 4	423.6	427.8	430. 5	428.8	431.9	435, 2	438.3	439.7	440.7	441.9	443.0	443.5	445.6	447.4
Wage and salary disbursements, totaldo	271.3	278.8	283.6	286.4	288.3	287.4	290. 2	292. 2	295.3	296.0	296. 9	297.8	298.1	298.0	r 298. 5	299.4
Commodity-producing industries, total_do Manufacturing onlydo Distributive industriesdo	110. 4 87. 4 71. 8	110.8 87.5 72.9	113. 1 89. 4 73. 6	115.0 91.1 73.5	114. 9 91. 5 74. 5	113. 8 90. 8 74. 4	115. 2 92. 0 75. 0	116. 1 92. 8 75. 4	118. 2 94. 4 75. 8	118. 2 94. 5 76. 1	118. 1 94. 5 76. 2	118. 4 94. 5 76. 4	118. 1 94. 1 76. 6	117. 9 94. 0 76. 7	7 117. 8 7 93. 9 76. 9	117. 8 94. 0 76. 8
Service industriesdododo	40.7 48.4	43. 4 51. 8	43. 9 53. 0	44, 2 53, 7	44. 9 54. 0	44. 9 54. 4	45. 1 55. 0	45, 3 55, 4	45. 6 55. 6	45. 9 55. 8	46.5 56.0	46. 7 56. 3	47. 0 56. 5	47. 0 56. 4	47.1 56.7	47.1 57.7
Other labor incomedo Proprietors' income: Business and professionaldo Farmdo	11. 0 34. 2 12. 0	11. 4 34. 8 13. 1	11. 5 35. 6 13. 5	11.6 36.1 13.8	11. 6 36. 2 13. 5	36. 1 13. 1	12. 0 36. 2 12. 8	12. 1 36. 4 12. 9	12. 2 36. 6 12. 8	12.3 36.8 12.8	12. 4 36. 8 12. 8	12. 4 36. 9 12. 7	12. 4 37. 0 12. 8	12. 4 37. 0 12. 9	12.5 37.1 713.2	12. 5 37. 2 13. 3
Rental income of personsdo  Dividendsdo  Personal interest incomedo  Transfer paymentsdo  Less personal contributions for social insurance	11. 9 14. 4 25. 8 29. 4	12.3 15.0 27.4 33.4	12. 4 15. 3 27. 9 33. 5	12. 5 15. 4 28. 1 33. 8	12. 5 15. 9 28. 4 34. 0	12.6 15.6 28.6 33.9	12.6 15.8 28.8 33.8	12.7 15.9 29.0 34.5	12. 7 15. 8 29. 2 34. 2	12. 8 15. 8 29. 4 34. 2	12. 8 15. 8 29. 6 34. 1	12. 8 15. 7 29. 8 34. 2	12. 9 15. 7 30. 0 34. 5	12. 9 16. 0 30. 2 34. 5	12.9 r 16.1 30.4 r 35.5	12. 9 16. 2 30. 6 35. 8
bil. \$  Total nonagricultural incomedo	9. 2 384. 7	9. 7 399. 1	9. 8 405. 9	9. 9 409, 5	9. 9	10.3	10.4	10.4	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.5	10.4	10.5	10.5
FARM INCOME AND MARKETINGS	001. 7	333.1	400.9	409.3	412.7	411.6	414.8	418.0	421.2	422.6	423.5	424.8	425. 9	426.4	r 428. 2	430. 0
Cash receipts from farming, including Government payments, total 3mil. \$mil. \$	2,892	3, 061	4, 849	4, 258	3, 344	3, 244	2, 413	2, 531	2, 248	2, 365	2,428	2,792	3, 272	3, 827	4, 983	
Farm marketings and CCC loans, totaldo   Cropsdo   Livestock and products, total \( \frac{1}{2} \)	2,834 1,259 1,576 395 882 273	2, 937 1, 319 1, 618 409 918 265	4, 368 2, 419 1, 949 403 1, 238 294	4,046 2,291 1,755 389 1,070 282	3, 245 1, 691 1, 554 410 858 263	3, 179 1, 546 1, 633 411 953 233	2, 308 850 1, 458 383 813 227	2,310 708 1,602 431 904 243	2, 153 615 1, 538 412 862 230	2, 342 667 1, 675 441 949 251	2, 407 873 1, 534 418 854 237	2, 717 1, 209 1, 508 395 857 241	3, 181 1, 463 1, 718 385 1, 046 271	3,543 1,838 1,705 380 1,015 294	4, 435 2, 328 2, 107 396 1, 366 324	4, 100 2, 200 1, 900
loans, unadjusted:3"	116 117 116 133 131 135	121 123 119 136 131 140	179 226 143 201 243 179	166 214 129 188 231 155	133 158 114 146 163 133	131 144 120 146 163 134	95 79 107 106 89 119	95 66 118 105 67 134	88 57 113 98 51	96 62 123 110 55	99 81 113 114 82 139	112 113 111 126 118 133	131 136 126 144 142 146	145 171 125 155 176	182 217 155 204 235 174	
INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION ‡	100	140	11/9	199	199	154	119	134	133	150	139	100	140	140	1/4	
Federal Reserve Index of Quantity Output	ļ													ļ		
Unadj., total index (incl. utilities)	108. 7 108. 9 108. 5 109. 5 101. 6 115. 6	109. 8 109. 7 107. 0 112. 9 102. 6 122. 8	117.1 117.7 114.1 122.3 106.0	115.8 116.3 115.1 117.9 105.3	114.0 115.1 112.6 104.6	113.1 112.7 112.9 112.5 103.1	116. 4 116. 6 116. 6 116. 6 103. 7	118.1 118.6 118.6 118.6 103.5	118.3 119.1 119.6 118.4 104.9	118. 2 119. 0 118. 8 119. 1 105. 5	119.9 120.4 119.2 121.8 107.5	113.9 114.0 113.6 114.5 101.0	r 117. 7 r 117. 6 112. 8 r 123. 6 106. 4	7 122. 2 7 122. 8 120. 5 7 125. 7 7 106. 5	7 126. 5	120. 2 121. 0 120. 3 121. 8 106. 3
By market grouping:  Final products, totaldo  Consumer goodsdo  Automotive and home goodsdo  Apparel and staplesdo  Equipment, including defensedo	109. 9 111. 0 115. 9 109. 4 107. 6	111.3 112.7 112.0 112.9 108.3	119.0 122.7 126.5 121.4 111.1	117.0 118.9 128.7 115.8 112.9	115. 2 115. 1 127. 0 111. 3 115. 4	113. 8 113. 9 120. 1 112. 1 113. 6	116.7 116.9 124.3 114.8 116.1	118.6 118.7 127.4 116.1 118.3	118.6 118.5 129.3 115.3 118.6	118. 5 118. 2 128. 4 115. 1 119. 1	121. 3 121. 3 128. 8 119. 1 121. 1	117. 5 116. 5 118. 8 116. 0 119. 6	118.8	r 125. 0 r 126. 3 r 128. 5 r 125. 7 r 122.	r 127. 7	122. 4 122. 9 134 120 121. 4
Materialsdo Durable goods materialsdo Nondurable materialsdo	107. 6 106. 6 108. 7	108. 4 104. 8 112. 1	115. 4 112. 4 118. 5	114, 7 112, 0 117, 5	112. 9 110. 8 115. 1	112, 6 109, 5 115, 7	116. 1 113. 4 118. 8	117.6 115.3 120.0	118. 2 116. 9 119. 4	118.0 116.5 119.7	118.7 116.1 121.3	110.7 108.7 112.7	7 116. 1 111. 3 7 121. 1	r 119. 6 r 116. 7 r 122. 6	7 120. 0 117. 0 123. 1	118.1 115 122
Seas. adj., total index (incl. utilities)‡do By industry: Manufacturing, totaldo	108. 7 108. 9	109. 8 109. 7	113. 5 113. 5	114.8 115.0	115.6 115.9	114, 3 114, 4	116.0 116.3	117. 0 117. 4	117.7 118.1	118.4 118.8	118.6 118.9	119.3 119.7	r 119.7 r 120.3	r 119. 9 r 120. 5	119.5 7 119.8	119.5 119.8
Durable manufactures 9	108. 5 101. 3 100. 9 102. 8 107. 6 106. 1	107. 0 98. 9 96. 5 107. 5 106. 5 105. 2	111. 2 106. 7 103. 8 112. 2 111. 3 109. 4	113.0 106.2 103.9 115.9 113.5 109.8	114.5 111.0 110.6 119.2 113.3 110.0	113. 2 111. 9 112. 9 117. 6 111. 0 107. 3	115. 4 117. 5 117. 7 122. 0 111. 9 108. 6	116. 5 116. 6 118. 5 120. 6 113. 6 110. 2	118.5 112.4 112.6 118.6 116.3 113.7	118. 2 101. 3 96. 5 120. 8 117. 4 115. 7	117. 7 96. 8 89. 5 118. 2 118. 5 116. 4	118.7 96.6 87.8 117.9 118.8 115.6	119. 8 99. 1 92. 1 7 112. 9 119. 9 115. 2	119.8 r 99.8 r 92.8 r 118.3 r 119.3 r 115.1	7 118.8 7 98.8 7 91.7 7 120.4 7 117.4 7 115.1	118.7 100 93 118 114
Machinerydo Nonelectrical machinerydo Electrical machinerydo	110. 8 108. 8 113. 6	110, 4 106, 5 115, 7	113. 9 110. 0 119. 0	114. 7 110. 1 120. 9	116.8 111.6 123.6	115. 6 110. 1 122. 9	117. 5 112. 4 124. 3	120, 2 115, 2 126, 8	122. 9 117. 8 129. 7	124. 5 120. 0 130. 4	125. 9 121. 8 131. 3	125. 4 121. 9 130. 1	126. 5 124. 6 129. 0	r 126.3 r 123.9 129.6	125. 4 r 123. 0 128. 6	125 122 128
Transportation equipmentdo Motor vehicles and partsdo Aircraft and other equipmentdo	108. 2 124. 3 93. 4	103, 6 111, 9 95, 7	107. 0 116. 0 98. 5	112. 2 125. 1 100. 4	113. 7 127. 9 100. 6	112. 5 126. 9 99. 6	113. 4 126. 2 101. 5	113, 4 126, 3 101, 4	116. 8 134. 4 100. 7	119. 4 139. 1 101. 6	116.8 132.0 103.0	122. 1 141. 3 104. 7	7 122. 0 7 138. 1 107. 3	r 122. 0 r 138. 8 r 106. 7	r 122. 4 r 139. 1 r 107. 5	122 139 108
Instruments and related productsdo Clay, glass, and stone productsdo Lumber and productsdo Furniture and fixturesdo Miscellaneous manufacturesdo	116. 5 107. 8 102. 1 115. 5 111. 2	115. 8 106. 3 101. 3 115. 3 112. 8	118.0 108.5 99.9 120.6 117.3	119. 4 107. 9 101. 6 123. 2 119. 4	119. 8 106. 0 102. 4 123, 2 118. 3	118. 9 104. 4 96. 5 118. 3 116. 9	118. 5 105. 1 109. 2 120. 8 115. 5	119. 0 104. 8 107. 9 124. 0 119. 0	122, 3 110, 3 106, 4 126, 6 125, 5	122, 6 111, 9 107, 1 129, 3 125, 2	124.7 112.5 107.5 129.2 125.5	124. 9 113. 7 103. 4 127. 7 126. 9	125. 8 114. 9 107. 4 128. 3 123. 3	124.3 r 114.9 r 107.6 r 129.2 r 124.4	123.8 r 112.9 101.7 127.3 r 122.8	124 112 127 123
Nondurable manufactures do Textile mill products do Apparel products do Leather and products do Paper and products do  **Revised **Preliminary**	109. 5 105. 0 111. 9 99. 6 107. 7	112. 9 106. 9 112. 1 100. 2 113. 7	116. 5 113. 0 116. 5 102. 7 116. 4	117. 5 113. 7 118. 9 104. 9 118. 2	117. 7 114. 1 119. 8 107. 3 119. 3	115. 9 113. 4 115. 5 100. 1 117. 3	117. 3 114. 6 116. 0 103. 0 119. 0	118.6 116.8 116.5 104.0 120.7	117. 5 115. 0 117. 6 105. 5 117. 5	119.6 116.1 118.3 102.9 119.9	120. 3 117. 1 118. 4 103. 8 119. 6	100.5 121.1	7 118. 1 100. 6 120. 5	r 121. 4 r 115. 9 119. 3 106. 6 r 120. 9	118.7	

adjustments in the annual levels of eight series (apparel, food, and chemical groups) since 1957. For figures back to Jan. 1947 for total and summary groups (seasonally adjusted) and a detailed description of the current revision, see the Oct. 1962 Federal Reserve Bulletin; other information and earlier figures for all series appear in the separate Federal Reserve publication, "Industrial Production—1957–59 Base."

r Revised. Preliminary.
The total and components are annual totals.
See corresponding note on p. 8-1. GRevised beginning 1959; revisions prior to May 1961 will be shown later. Pincludes data not shown separately.
Revised series. The index has been revised to reflect (1) shift to new comparison base period, 1957-59=100; (2) revision of seasonal adjustment factors back to 1957; and (3) interim

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960

1961

1960

1961

1962

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon		Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov. »
	<u>'</u>	!	L BU	SINE	SS IN	NDICA	ATOR	   S—C	ontin	ued	<u> </u>	1	<u> </u>	l		
INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION ‡—Continued Federal Reserve Index of Quantity Output—Con, Seasonally adjusted indexes—Continued ‡ By industry—Continued Nondurable manufactures—Continued Printing and publishing	110. 0 107. 3 116. 6 120. 1	111. 5 106. 0 123. 3 129. 6	112. 6 106. 7 129. 0 138. 7	113. 1 107. 6 130. 0 139. 1	113. 0 107. 9 130. 0 139. 0	113. 5 108. 6 128. 4 138. 6	114. 2 109. 4 131. 1 140. 4	114.1 108.6 131.8 141.0	114. 4 107. 5 131. 6 142. 2	114. 9 107. 9 135. 7 145. 8	114.7 108.6 137.1 147.7	115. 7 110. 3 137. 6 149. 7	116.3 111.8 r 138.3 r 150.7	7 116. 2 111. 3 7 139. 0 151. 0	7 114. 6 108. 2 139. 7	115
Petroleum products	106. 5 111. 0 106. 6 106. 9 104. 9 107. 4	108. 7 111. 9 110. 3 110. 6 107. 9 110. 8	111. 7 120. 3 111. 9 111. 8 111. 4 113. 8	111. 3 120. 8 112. 8 113. 1 110. 1 114. 1	125. 1 112. 0 112. 4 108. 7 112. 4	112. 2 119. 6 111. 4 112. 0 108. 1 109. 1	111. 1 120. 5 111. 7 112. 2 109. 3 111. 1	114. 0 119. 9 113. 2 113. 4 112. 2 116. 8	109. 6 124. 0 112. 3 113. 6 105. 2 110. 3	112. 6 130. 2 112. 9 113. 9 107. 3 112. 5	132. 8 112. 9 113. 5 109. 4 108. 2	136. 1 114. 3 115. 1 109. 7 113. 4	7 134. 8 7 114. 0 7 115. 5 105. 9 112. 0	133. 4 114. 3 115. 5 108. 0 116. 0	7 114. 1	113
Mining do_ Coal do Crude oil and natural gas do Crude oil Metal mining do Stone and earth minerals do	101. 6 93. 7 101. 0 100. 9 111. 8 109. 8	102. 6 90. 1 103. 1 103. 0 111. 9 109. 4	104. 4 94. 9 104. 1 103. 8 115. 5 111. 3	105. 2 96. 9 104. 6 103. 2 122. 4 107. 7	104. 7 96. 9 104. 4 102. 8 125. 0 102. 2	104. 0 98. 0 103. 9 102. 7 129. 4 94. 5	104. 3 95. 2 103. 8 103. 2 131. 7 100. 6	104. 8 96. 3 104. 2 102. 4 128. 9 102. 7	105. 5 97. 6 105. 3 104. 1 120. 0 106. 9	104. 8 92. 2 104. 7 104. 1 116. 6 115. 1	104. 6 91. 8 105. 3 105. 6 109. 5 113. 8	106. 1 91. 8 107. 4 107. 7 110. 4 114. 5	105. 5 93. 7 106. 2 106. 7 104. 1 117. 9	7 105. 8 93. 8 7 107. 4 7 107. 8 7 97. 9 7 118. 2	7 106. 6 94. 0 107. 3 7 106. 7 113. 4 114. 5	106. 2 96 106 106
Utilitiesdo Electricdo Gasdo	115. 6 115. 7 115. 1	122. 8 123. 2 121. 5	$126.5 \\ 127.2 \\ 124.4$	126. 7 127. 3 124. 7	127. 3 128. 0 125. 4	128. 8 129. 8 125. 5	129. 0 129. 6 126. 9	128. 8 129. 5 126. 5	128. 1 129. 3 124. 2	129. 8 131. 8 123. 6	132. 4 135. 1 123. 8	133. 5 136. 2	132. 3 134. 5	r 132. 3 134. 2	7 133. 5	133. 5
By market grouping: ‡ Final products, totaldo Consumer goodsdo Automotive and home goodsdo	109. 9 111. 0 115. 9	111.3 112.7 112.0	114. 8 115. 9 116. 2	116. 4 117. 5 121. 8	116. 9 117. 9 124. 6	115. 7 116. 5 122. 6	116. 8 117. 3 121. 8	118. 2 118. 8 122. 7	118. 5 119. 1 126. 5	120, 2 121, 1 128, 9	120. 6 120. 9 126. 5	121. 7 121. 7 127. 9	121. 6 120. 9 r 126. 3	r 122. 0 r 121. 6 r 127. 7	r 122. 2 r 121. 6 127. 1	122. 1 121. 7 127
Automotive productsdododo AutosdoAuto parts and allied productsdo	123. 2 131. 4 112. 5	111.8 108.6 116.0	116. 4 114. 4 119. 0	127. 3 131. 5 121. 6	130. 8 136. 1 123. 7	127. 8 132. 8 121. 1	123. 7 125. 5 121. 4	122. 6 123. 8 121. 0	129. 4 133. 9 123. 5	132. 8 140. 8 122. 3	126. 8 129. 3 123. 6	135. 2 142. 4 125. 7	134. 1 140. 0 126. 3	r 135. 2 141. 2 r 127. 4	135. 4 142. 1 126. 6	136 141
Home goods ?do Appliances, TV, and radiosdo Furniture and rugsdo	110. 8 108. 8 111. 9	112. 2 109. 9 112. 8	116. 0 113. 8 118. 5	117. 9 115. 7 120. 7	120. 3 116. 3 120. 1	118. 8 114. 0 118. 5	120. 4 116. 0 121. 0	122. 6 120. 3 121. 5	124. 4 123. 8 123. 8	126. 0 124. 2 124. 5	126. 2 123. 3 126. 5	122.7 118.5 124.3	121. 2 115. 2 125. 4	r 122. 2 r 115. 8 127. 9	121. 1 116. 7 126. 2	
Apparel and staplesdo Apparel, incl. knit goods and shoes, do Consumer staplesdo. Processed foodsdo	109. 4 108. 6 109. 6 106. 9	112. 9 109. 0 114. 0 110. 5	115. 8 112. 6 116. 7 112. 8	116. 1 113. 9 116. 8 112. 7	115. 8 114. 6 116. 1 111. 6	114.6 110.2 115.8 111.3	115. 9 113. 2 116. 6 111. 5	117. 6 116. 0 118. 0 113. 2	117. 0 116. 5 117. 1 113. 6	118. 4 117. 1 118. 8 114. 3	118.9 118.0 119.2 112.8	119.8 118.0 120.3 115.9	7 118. 7 116. 5 119. 7 7 115. 6	r 119. 7 118. 1 r 120. 2 r 115. 6	119. 9 120. 1	120 120
Beverages and tobaccodo  Drugs, soap, and tolletriesdo  Newspapers, magazines, booksdo  Consumer fuel and lightingdo	105. 7 115. 3 111. 7 112. 8	109. 5 120. 7 114. 9 119. 2	112. 8 123. 7 116. 6 122. 4	112. 1 125. 2 115. 9 122. 5	110. 7 125. 2 115. 2 122. 7	108. 4 123. 6 116. 2 124. 2	109. 9 126. 6 116. 9 124. 3	113. 7 127. 5 116. 6 124. 8	106. 9 125. 8 115. 7 125. 1	109. 1 129. 9 117. 4 126. 9	109. 0 131. 9 117. 7 130. 7	110. 9 131. 5 117. 7 128. 3	108. 0 131. 0 117. 0 127. 0	110. 7 132. 0 7 117. 0 7 128. 5	130. 9 116. 6	
Equipment, including defense Q	107. 6 110. 2 109. 6 120. 9 106. 1 87. 2	108. 3 110. 1 107. 4 127. 0 103. 4 93. 4	112. 4 114. 1 110. 4 131. 0 109. 7 85. 1	114. I 115. 8 111. 8 133. 7 113. 7 91. 3	114. 9 116. 4 113. 4 135. 2 113. 8 90. 3	112. 7 113. 4 112. 2 136. 3 107. 0 87. 8	115. 0 116. 3 113. 4 139. 3 109. 0 94. 3	116. 1 118. 0 114. 2 141. 7 111. 6 99. 9	117. 0 119. 3 115. 1 144. 0 109. 7 102. 6	118. 5 121. 2 116. 7 144. 4 111. 2 105. 6	120. 1 123. 1 118. 5 144. 8 114. 9 110. 4	121.8 124.4 119.0 145.6 121.0 110.4	123. 2 7 125. 6 119. 2 144. 7 7 124. 2 110. 8	7 123. 6 7 126. 2 7 118. 9 7 144. 9 7 122. 6 7 123. 4	124. 2 7 126. 7 120. 1 144. 0 128. 0 112. 6	124. 0 126
Materials         do           Durable goods materials ♀         do           Consumer durable         do           Equipment         do           Construction         do	107. 6 106. 6 117. 6 105. 4 106. 3	108. 4 104. 8 107. 9 105. 7 105. 2	112. 9 110. 2 109. 3 111. 1 107. 9	113. 9 110. 9 114. 0 111. 7 107. 5	114. 8 111. 8 120. 3 113. 4 106. 5	113. 7 110. 8 120. 5 113. 1 103. 0	115. 5 113. 1 119. 2 114. 5 107. 3	116. 9 115. 1 124. 1 116. 9 109. 9	117. 1 116. 2 134. 7 120. 3 110. 7	117. 0 114. 6 134. 5 119. 5 111. 4	117. 1 113. 7 127. 0 120. 8 111. 8	117. 0 113. 8 134. 2 119. 3 112. 1	117. 7 114. 8 130. 6 119. 2 112. 6	r 118.0 r 114.8 r 132.4 121.3 r 113.2	7 117. 2 7 114. 3 126. 4 121. 0 111. 2	117. 2 114
Nondurable materials 9 do Business supplies do Containers do. General business supplies do		112. 1 110. 5 111. 3 110. 0	115.7 112.3 114.6 111.2	116. 9 114. 2 117. 2 112. 7	118.0 114.9 117.1 113.8	116. 6 113. 1 114. 1 112. 6	117. 8 115. 0 116. 7 114. 2	118. 6 115. 8 119. 7 113. 9	117. 9 114. 1 113. 1 114. 6	119. 3 116. 1 115. 9 116. 2	120. 5 116. 9 117. 5 116. 6	120.3 116.1 117.2 115.5	120. 7 116. 5 116. 4 116. 6	r 118. 1 r 118. 6	120. 2 115. 9 115. 2 116. 3	120
Business fuel and power	104.7 100.8 114.8	107. 1 102. 0 121. 0	109. 7 103. 8 124. 7	110. 1 104. 1 125. 4	109. 9 103. 4 126. 0	110. 5 103. 7 127. 5	110. 5 103. 2 128. 0	110. 2 103. 2 128. 0	110. 9 104. 6 127. 7	110. 9 103. 6 130. 2	111. 8 104. 5 131. 4	112. 6 106. 1 130. 9	112. 0 105. 5 129. 1	r 112. 4 r 106. 5 129. 5	112. 4 106. 2	112 106
Mfg. and trade sales (seas. adj.), total delationbil. \$	<sup>1</sup> 61. 04 30. 41	1 61, 52 30, 73	63. 20 31. 75	64. 40 32. 18	63, 94 32, 40	63, 96 32, 04	64. 54 32. 85	65. 25 33. 22	66. 14 33. 48	66. 32 33. 50	65. 18 32. 96	66. 43 33. 40	66. 01 33. 29	33. 68	66.46 33.33	
Durable goods industriesdo Nondurable goods industriesdo Wholesale trade, totalo	14. 68 15. 73 12. 33	14, 54 16, 18 12, 56	15. 27 16. 48 12. 87	15. 62 16. 56 13. 12	15. 66 16. 74 12. 72	15. 50 16. 54 13. 08	15. 95 16. 89 12. 73	16. 33 16. 89 12. 76	16. 40 17. 08 13. 06	16. 40 17. 10 13. 38	15. 89 17. 08 13. 13	16. 33 17. 08 13. 35	16. 35 16. 93 13. 16	7 16.34 7 17.34 7 13.48	16. 21 17. 12 13. 34	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4. 44 7. 89 18. 29 5. 89 12. 40	4. 28 8. 27 18. 23 5. 61 12. 63	4. 35 8. 52 18. 58 5. 86 12. 72	4. 46 8. 66 19. 10 6. 19 12. 91	4. 40 8. 32 18. 83 5. 92 12. 91	4, 55 8, 53 18, 84 5, 92 12, 92	4. 53 8. 20 18. 96 5. 98 12. 99	4. 47 8. 29 19. 27 6. 18 13. 09	4. 59 8. 48 19. 60 6. 33 13. 26	4, 60 8, 78 19, 43 6, 17 13, 26	4. 52 8. 60 19. 09 6. 03 13. 06	4. 64 8. 71 19. 68 6. 38 13. 30	4. 49 8. 67 19. 57 6. 13 13. 44	7 4. 69 7 8. 80 7 19. 62 7 6. 12 7 13. 49	4.59 8.75 19.78 6.48 13.30	
Mfg. and trade inventories, book value, end of year or month (seas. adj.), total †bil.\$	94.13	95, 54	94. 62	95. 12	95. 54	96. 17	96. 70	97. 05	97. 26	97. 52	97. 88	98. 15	97.90	r 98. 38	98.70	
Manufacturing, totaldo Durable goods industriesdo Nondurable goods industriesdo	53. 74 30. 86 22. 88	55, 20 31, 47 23, 72	54. 78 31. 40 23. 38	55. 03 31. 53 23. 50	55. 20 31. 47 23. 72	55. 73 31. 88 23. 84	56. 18 32. 19 23. 99	56. 57 32. 41 24. 16	56. 69 32. 47 24. 22	56. 81 32. 58 24. 23	56. 91 32. 58 24. 34	57. 00 32. 63 24. 37	56. 97 32. 69 24. 28	7 57. 19 7 32. 74 7 24. 44	57. 24 32. 79 24. 46	
Wholesale trade, total 3	6. 81 6. 40 27. 18 12. 33 14. 85	13. 48 6. 89 6. 60 26. 86 11. 52 15. 34		13. 34 6. 80 6. 54 26. 75 11. 44 15. 32	13. 48 6. 89 6. 60 26. 86 11. 52 15. 34	13. 58 6. 86 6. 73 26. 86 11. 52 15. 34	13. 62 6. 83 6. 79 26. 90 11. 48 15. 42	13. 70 6. 87 6. 84 26. 78 11. 38 15. 40		13. 78 6. 95 6. 83 26. 94 11. 42 15. 52	13. 89 6. 97 6. 91 27. 08 11. 45 15. 62	13. 97 7. 03 6. 94 27. 18 11. 59 15. 59	13. 88 7. 01 6. 87 27. 05 11. 51 15. 54	7 11.66 7 15.58	14.06 7.10 6.97 27.39 11.76 15.63	

Revised. Preliminary. <sup>1</sup> Total and components are based on unadjusted data. <sup>2</sup> See corresponding note on p. S-3. <sup>2</sup> Includes data not shown separately.

<sup>§</sup> The term "business" here includes only manufacturing and trade. Business inventories as shown on p. S-1 cover data for all types of producers, both farm and nonfarm. Unadjusted data for manufacturing are shown on p. S-5; those for retail and wholesale trade on pp. S-11 and S-12. \$\sigma\$ See note marked "\pm" on p. S-11. † Revised series. See note marked "\pm" on p. S-11.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961		1961							1962					
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		thly rage	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.
	GEN	IERA]	L BU	SINE	ss in	NDIC	ATOR	S-C	ontin	ued						
BUSINESS SALES AND INVENTORIES—Con.																
Inventory-sales ratios:*  Manufacturing and trade, totalratio			1.50	1.48	1. 49	1. 50	1. 50	1.49	1. 47	1.47	1. 50	1.48	1.48	1.47	1.49	
Manufacturing, totaldo Durable goods industriesdo			1.73 2.06	1.71 2.02	1.70 2.01	1.74 2.06	1.71 2.02	1. 70 1. 99	1.69 1.98	1. 70 1. 99	1.73 2.05	1.71 2.00	1.71 2.00	1,70 r 2.00	1.72 2.02	
Purchased materialsdo Goods in processdo Finished goodsdo		!	. 53 . 82 . 70	. 52 . 81 . 69	$\begin{array}{c} .52 \\ .81 \\ .69 \end{array}$	. 54 . 82 . 70	. 53 . 81 . 68	. 52 . 79 . 67	. 52 . 79 . 67	. 53 . 79 . 67	. 54 . 82 . 69	. 52 . 80 . 68	. 52 . 80 . 68	7 . 52 81 7 68	. 51 . 82 . 69	
Nondurable goods industriesdo			1.42	1.42	1.42	1.44	1. 42	1.43	1.42	1.42	1. 43	1. 43	1.43	1.41	1.43	
Purchased materials do Goods in process do Finished goods do Goods			. 54 . 20 . 68	. 54 . 20 . 67	. 54 . 20 . 67	. 56 . 20 . 68	. 55 . 20 . 66	. 56 . 20 . 67	. 56 . 20 . 66	. 55 . 20 . 66	. 55 . 20 . 67	. 55 . 21 . 67	. 55 . 21 . 68	. 54 . 20 . 67	. 55 . 21 . 68	
Wholesale trade, totaldo Durable goods establishmentsdo	1		1.04 1.56	1.02 1.52	1. 06 1. 57	1.04 1.51	1.06 1.51	1. 07 1. 53	1. 65 1. 50	1.03 1.51	1, 06 1, 54	1.05 1.52	1.06 1.56	1.03 1.51	1.05 1.54	
Nondurable goods establishmentsdo Retail trade, totaldo Durable goods storesdo			. 78 1. 42 1. 92	. 76 1. 40 1. 85	. 79 1. 43 1. 95	. 79 1. 43 1. 95	. 83 1. 42 1. 92	. 82 1. 39	. 80 1. 37	. 78 1. 39	. 80 1. 42 1, 90	. 80 1. 38	1.38 1.88	7.78 71.39 71.90	1, 38 1, 81	
Nondurable goods storesdo			1. 19	1.19	1. 19	1. 19	1. 19	1.84 1.18	1. 81 1. 16	1.85 1.17	1. 20	1.82 1.17	1.16	1.15	1.18	
MANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES, AND ORDERS																
Sales, value (unadjusted), totalbil. \$bil. \$bold. \$dododo	30. 41 14. 68	30. 73 14. 54	33. 42 15. 97	32.18 15.66	31. 21 15. 35	31. 43 15. 09	30.62 14.86	34. 56 17. 06	33. 17 16. 41	34.67 17.24	33. 95 16, 83	31, 34 15, 06	34. 03 15. 96	7 33.46 7 15.95	35. 96	
Primary metal do Iron and steel do Fabricated metal do	2. 15 1. 34 1. 67	2. 06 1. 25 1. 68	2. 26 1. 38 1. 89	2. 17 1. 30 1. 72	2. 18 1. 35 1. 62	2. 33 1. 47 1. 64	2. 26 1. 42 1. 56	2. 61 1. 68 1. 86	2. 37 1. 47 1. 80	2.31 1.38 2.01	2.15 1.24 2.03	1.79 1.03 1.89	2. 09 1. 24 2. 19	2.00 7 1.17 7 2.05	2. 16 1. 25 2. 05	
Machinery         do           Electrical         do           Nonelectrical         do           Industrial         do	4.72 1.95 2.77 1.16	4.87 2.00 2.87 1.25	5. 22 2. 24 2. 98 1. 37	5.03 2.19 2.84 1.34	5. 14 2. 21 2. 93 1. 37	4.84 2.04 2.80 1.22	4. 95 2. 05 2. 90 1. 25	5. 64 2. 27 3. 37 1. 47	5. 37 2. 12 3. 25 1. 36	5. 61 2. 20 3. 40 1. 44	5, 59 2, 25 3, 34 1, 43	4.87 1.92 2.95 1.30	5. 38 2. 22 3. 15 1. 38	7 5. 28 2. 23 7 3. 05 7 1. 34	5, 54 2, 36 3, 18 1, 42	
Transportation equipmentdodododo	3.45 2.16	3. 24 1. 94	3. 54 2. 25	3.84 2.50	3. 82 2. 43	3. 73 2. 35	3, 55 2, 18	4. 03 2. 52	3.94 2.47	4. 23 2. 70	3. 96 2. 42	3. 68 2. 33	2. 95 1. 47	r 3.45	4.33 2.92	
Lumber and furniture do Stone, clay, and glass do	. 86 . 73	. 82 . 76	. 92 . 89	. 87 . 80	. 76 . 68	. 77	. 78 . 65	.88	. 88 . 79	. 94	. 94	. 83 . 84	1.05 .95	. 94 7. 86	1.01	
Nondurable goods industries, total Qdo	15.73 4.70	16. 18 4. 80	17. 45 5. 16	16.53	15.86	16, 34	15. 76	17. 50	16.76	17, 43	17. 13	16. 29	18.07	r 17. 51	18.49	
Food and beveragedo Tobaccodo Textiledo	. 40 1. 21	. 42 1. 22	. 44 1. 38	4.89 .45 1.32	4.70 .40 1.25	4. 73 . 41 1. 29	4. 58 . 37 1. 31	5. 02 . 41 1. 40	4.84 .41 1.34	5.15 .46 1.37	5.14 .44 1.40	4, 94 , 45 1, 21	5. 25 . 47 1. 44	7 5. 26 . 42 1. 44	5. 59 . 45 1. 52	
Paper dodo	1.06 2.31 3.18	1. 13 2. 49 3. 21	1. 21 2. 75 3. 24	1.16 2.55 3.16	1. 11 2. 39 3. 31	1. 17 2. 63 3. 38	1. 12 2. 50 3. 00	1, 27 2, 84 3, 27	1, 18 2, 83 3, 06	1. 22 3. 00 3. 19	1. 23 2. 78 3. 14	1, 10 2, 58 3, 10	1. 28 2. 83 3. 26	7 1. 22 7 2. 76 3. 07	1. 31 2. 91 3. 23	
Rubberdo Sales, value (seas. adj.), totaldo	. 51	. 50	. 56 31. 75	32.18	32. 40	. 53 32. 04	32. 85	. 57 33. 22	. 56 33. 48	. 59 <b>33</b> . 50	32, 96	. 53 33, 40	. 55 33. 29	33.68	33.33	
Durable goods industries, total Qdodo			15. 27 2. 16	15. 62 2. 19	15. 66 2. 27	15. 50 2. 27	15. 95 2. 41	16. 33 2. 46	16.40 2.37	16, 40 2, 19	15.89 2.00	16.33 2,04	16. 35 2. 06	r 16.34 2.05	7 16. 21 2. 06	
Iron and steeldo Fabricated metaldo			1.31 1.75	1.31 1.80	1. 40 1. 80	1. 42 1. 80	1. 52 1. 83	1.60 1.89	1. 49 1. 84	1.33 1.92	1.16 1.89	1.17 1.90	1. 20 1. 88	1. 19	1.18 1.89	
Machinery         do           Electrical         do           Nonelectrical         do           Industrial         do			5. 04 2. 04 3. 00 1. 36	5.11 2.10 3.00 1.34	5. 13 2. 10 3. 02 1. 35	5. 10 2. 13 2. 97 1. 30	5. 22 2. 18 3. 04 1. 32	5. 30 2. 21 3. 09 1. 37	5. 32 2. 22 3. 09 1. 33	5. 42 2. 25 3. 17 1. 37	5. 29 2. 19 3. 10 1. 32	5. 37 2. 19 3. 18 1. 42	5. 38 2. 18 3. 20 1. 38	7 5.32 2.17 7 3.16 7 1.40	5. 24 2. 11 3. 13 1. 37	
Transportation equipmentdo Motor vehicles and partsdo			3. 53 2. 23	3. 62 2. 29	3. 55 2. 22	3. 48 2. 02	3. 60 2. 16	3. 78	3. 92 2. 43	3. 96 2. 50	3.80	4. 05 2. 60	4.05 2.50	7 4.05	3.99	
Lumber and furniture do Stone, clay, and glass do Stone			.84	.88 .83	.87 .80	. 85 . 80	.88 .80	2. 33 . 88 . 78	. 89 . 80	. 90 . 79	2.35 .88 .81	. 89 . 83	.91 .82	2.60 7.89 7.82	2. 59 . 92 . 85	
Nondurable goods industries, total Qdo			16. 48	16, 56	16.74	16. 54	16.89	16.89	17. 08	17. 10	17.08	17.08	16. 93	r 17.34	17. 12	
Food and beveragedo Tobaccodo Textiledo			4.83 .44 1.25	4.84 .43 1.27	4.94 .40 1.34	4. 86 . 43 1. 33	4. 95 . 43 1. 37	4.92 .42 1.37	5.07 .44 1.41	5.00 .44 1.39	5.07 .41 1.39	5. 01 . 45 1. 37	5. 04 . 44 1. 32	7 5. 18 . 43 1. 39	5. 15 . 44 1. 36	
Paper			1.14 2.63 3.28	1. 19 2. 65 3. 17	1. 22 2. 66 3. 15	1. 19 2. 66 3. 19	1. 21 2. 75 3. 17	1. 22 2. 72 3. 18	1. 19 2. 72 3. 16	1. 18 2. 77 3. 20	1. 20 2. 71 3. 18	1.17 2.79 3.18	1. 18 2. 72 3. 13	r 1.22 r 2.70 r 3.25	1. 21 2. 71 3. 17	
Rubber dodododo			. 51	. 54	. 53	. 52	. 56	. 56	. 54	. 56	.53	. 55	. 54	. 57	. 54	
Book value (unadjusted), totaldo	<sup>2</sup> 53.90 30.81	<sup>2</sup> 55. 19 31. 23	54. 23 30. 86	54. 59	55. 19 31. 23	55. 98	56. 51	56. 87	57. 00	57. 14	57.08	56, 65	56. 64	7 56.80	56.98	
Primary metal   do	4. 69 2. 81 2. 98	31. 23 4. 91 3. 05 3. 00	4. 74 2. 92 2. 98	30. 99 4. 82 2. 99 2. 97	4. 91 3. 05 3. 00	31. 84 4. 91 3. 02 3. 12	32, 33 4, 90 2, 99 3, 22	32. 70 4. 87 2. 92 3. 32	32. 82 4. 80 2. 86 3. 38	32. 96 4. 78 2. 84 3. 41	32. 87 4. 76 2. 84 3. 40	32. 53 4. 78 2. 86 3. 34	32. 55 4. 76 2. 85 3. 26	7 32.54 7 4.73 2.83 7 3.14	32. 50 4. 73 2. 83 3. 09	
Machinery do do Nonchestrical	10. 27 3. 94	10. 31 3. 96	10.15 3.97	10. 22 3. 98	10. 31 3. 96	10. 46 4. 02	10.67 4.10	10.88 4.22	10.97 4.29	11. 10 4. 39	11.11 4.44	11.01 4.40	10. 99 4. 41	r 10, 99	11. 01 4. 37	
Nonelectrical do do Industrial do	6. 33 2. 48	6. 35 2. 46	6. 18 2. 44	6. 24 2. 44	6. 35 2. 46	6. 44 2. 49	6. 56 2. 52	6.66 2.60	6. 68 2. 61	6. 72 2. 64	6. 66 2. 61	6. 61 2. 61	6. 57 2. 61	r 6.59 r 2.63	6. 64 2. 65	J
Transportation equipment do Motor vehicles and parts do Lumber and furniture do	6.97 3.14 1.83	6. 93 3. 22 1. 84	7. 01 3. 22 1. 82	6, 99 3, 19 1, 81	6. 93 3. 22 1. 84	7. 14 3. 36 1. 86	7. 24 3. 44 1. 84	7. 25 3. 45 1. 84	7. 27 3. 46 1. 82	7. 24 3. 41 1. 83	7. 14 3. 36 1. 84	6, 95 3, 16 1, 87	7. 17 3. 40 1. 84	7 7.38 7 3.56	7.43 3.54	
Stone, clay, and glassdo By stages of fabrication: Purchased materialsdo	1.43	1. 46	1.41	1. 42	1. 46	1.49	1.52	1. 54	1. 55	1.55	1.54	1. 53	1.50	7 1.83 7 1.50	1.82	}
Goods in process do Finished goods do	8. 20 12. 05 10. 56	8. 13 12. 56 10. 54	8. 09 12. 50 10. 27	8. 11 12. 52 10. 36	8. 13 12. 56 10. 54	8. 25 12. 73 10. 86	8. 31 12. 95 11. 06	8. 42 13. 06 11. 23	8. 43 13. 05 11. 33	8. 50 13. 07 11. 39	8. 53 13. 00 11. 34	8, 59 12, 89 11, 05	8. 60 13. 11 10. 85	7 8. 51 7 13. 30 7 10. 73	8.42 13.35 10.74	

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Revised. <sup>1</sup> Advance estimate. <sup>2</sup> Total and components are end-of-year data. \*Stock-sales ratios are based on the seasonally adjusted sales and inventories series presented on this page and on pp. S-4, S-6, and S-11. The ratios are derived by dividing end-of-month inventory book values by total sales during the month. Data back to 1955

for the manufacturing and wholesale trade segments appear on p. 20 of the June 1961 Survey; data prior to 1961 (recently revised) for total manufacturing and trade and for retail trade are available upon request.

Q Includes data not shown separately.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961	1960	1961		1961							1962					
edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Enc ye		Oet.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.
	GEN	ERA	L BU	SINE	SS IN	DIC	ATOR	S—C	ontin	ued						
MANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES, AND ORDERS—Continued																
Inventories, end of year or month—Continued Book value (unadjusted)—Continued Nondurable goods industries, total?bil. \$	23. 09	23. 96	23. 37	23. 60	23. 96	24, 14	24. 18	24. 17	24. 19	24. 18	24. 22	24. 12	24.08	24. 26	24.47	
Food and beverage	5. 18 2. 08 2. 63 1. 63 4. 19 3. 32 1. 14	5, 44 2, 28 2, 68 1, 68 4, 35 3, 43 1, 13	5. 39 2. 07 2. 61 1. 65 4. 16 3. 50 1. 10	5. 46 2. 11 2. 64 1. 66 4. 23 3. 46 1. 11	5. 44 2. 28 2. 68 1. 68 4. 35 3. 43 1. 13	5. 40 2. 34 2. 78 1. 70 4. 35 3. 31 1. 16	5. 27 2. 31 2. 83 1. 73 4. 41 3. 30 1. 19	5. 18 2. 27 2. 89 1. 75 4. 44 3. 31 1. 21	5. 15 2. 20 2. 91 1. 76 4. 41 3. 35 1. 21	5. 10 2. 14 2. 96 1. 77 4. 33 3. 37 1. 20	5. 12 2. 07 2. 91 1. 78 4. 34 3. 40 1. 20	5. 16 1. 99 2. 86 1. 74 4. 35 3. 45 1. 19	5. 32 2. 02 2. 79 1. 73 4. 32 3. 45 1. 18	5. 48 2. 10 7 2. 73 1. 71 7 4. 31 7 3. 53 7 1. 18	5. 59 2. 16 2. 72 1. 72 4. 36 3. 52 1. 19	
Purchased materials do Goods in process do Finished goods do	8, 99 3, 00 11, 10	9. 38 3. 27 11. 31	8, 85 3, 28 11, 25	9.03 3.30 11.26	9. 38 3. 27 11. 31	9. 51 3. 36 11. 26	9. 53 3. 39 11. 26	9.60 3.41 11.16	9. 55 3. 44 11. 20	9, 42 3, 51 11, 26	9. 31 3. 53 11. 37	9. 22 3. 60 11. 30	9.08 3.54 11.47	7 9.09 3.52 7 11.65	9, 30 3, 48 11, 69	
Book value (seasonally adjusted), totaldo	53, 74	55. 20	54. 78	55. 03	55. 20	55. 73	56.18	56. 57	56, 69	56. 81	56.91	57.00	56. 97	r 57. 19	57. 24	
Durable goods industries, total	30.86 4.50 2.62 3.12	31. 47 4. 78 2. 89 3. 16	31. 40 4. 73 2. 86 3. 14	31. 53 4. 74 2. 86 3. 15	31. 47 4. 78 2. 89 3. 16	31. 88 4. 84 2. 94 3. 23	32. 19 4. 89 2. 98 3. 25	32. 41 4. 91 2. 98 3. 27	32.47 4.86 2.93 3.29	32. 58 4. 85 2. 92 3. 26	32, 58 4, 83 2, 91 3, 22	32.63 4.80 2.89 3.23	32. 69 4. 77 2. 86 3. 22	r 32.74 r 4.74 2.83 r 3.21	32.79 4.68 2.77 3.19	
Machinery         do           Electrical         do           Nonelectrical         do           Industrial         do	10, 40 4, 02 6, 38 2, 51	10. 46 4. 03 6. 42 2. 49	10.36 4.06 6.30 2.47	10. 42 4. 07 6. 34 2. 47	10. 46 4. 03 6. 42 2. 49	10. 56 4. 12 6. 44 2. 52	10.65 4.14 6.51 2.53	10. 76 4. 21 6. 55 2. 58	10. 81 4. 24 6. 57 2. 58	10. 85 4. 25 6. 59 2. 60	10.89 4.32 6.58 2.58	10, 96 4, 34 6, 62 2, 60	11. 04 4. 41 6. 64 2. 62	7 11. 12 7 4. 41 7 6. 71 7 2. 64	11, 20 4, 45 6, 75 2, 66	
Transportation equipmentdodo	1.84	6. 87 3. 12 1. 86 1. 47	7. 01 3. 18 1. 86 1. 49	7. 04 3. 17 1. 85 1. 48	6.87 3.12 1.86 1.47	7. 00 3. 24 1. 86 1. 48	7.12 3.32 1.84 1.48	7.14 3.39 1.84 1.49	7. 22 3. 49 1. 82 1. 49	7. 29 3. 50 1. 84 1. 50	7. 29 3. 52 1. 84 1. 52	7. 24 3. 42 1. 85 1. 53	7. 29 3. 51 1. 82 1. 54	7 7. 33 7 3. 46 7 1. 83 7 1. 55	7. 35 3. 42 1. 83 1. 55	
Purchased materials do Goods in process do Finished goods do State do Goods	8. 05 12. 06 10. 76 22. 88	8. 09 12. 64 10. 74	8. 07 12. 59 10. 74	8. 08 12. 70 10. 76	8. 09 12. 64 10. 74	8. 32 12. 64 10. 93	8. 40 12. 89 10. 90	8. 55 12. 97 10. 89	8. 59 12. 94 10. 95	8. 62 13. 00 10. 96	8. 55 13. 02 11. 01	8. 49 13. 10 11. 04	8. 45 13. 15 11. 09	7 8.41 7 13.26 7 11.06	8, 30 13, 35 11, 14	
Nondurable goods industries, total Qdo  Food and beveragedo	4.98	23. 72 5. 24	23. 38 5. 15	23. 50 5. 19	23. 72 5. 24	23. 84 5. 27	23. 99 5. 26	24. 16 5. 31	24. 22 5. 32	24. 23 5. 34	24.34	24.37	24. 28 5. 31	r 24. 44 5. 37	24.46 5.34	1
Tobacco.	2. 03 2. 67 1. 63 4. 13 3. 31 1. 12	2. 17 2. 74 1. 68 4. 28 3. 42 1. 13	2. 06 2. 74 1. 70 4. 20 3. 39 1. 13	2. 12 2. 75 1. 70 4. 21 3. 37 1. 12	2. 17 2. 74 1. 68 4. 28 3. 42 1. 13	2. 18 2. 78 1. 70 4. 29 3. 36 1. 14	2.19 2.78 1.71 4.31 3.39 1.17	2. 19 2. 81 1. 73 4. 36 3. 41 1. 18	2. 17 2. 80 1. 73 4. 37 3. 44 1. 18	2. 18 2. 84 1. 74 4. 36 3. 40 1. 18	2. 18 2. 83 1. 76 4. 37 3. 42 1. 20	2. 17 2. 81 1. 75 4. 39 3. 43 1. 21	2.17 2.82 1.74 4.39 3.40 1.20	2.14 72.85 71.75 4.42 73.44 71.20	2.13 2.88 1.75 4.42 3.40 1.22	
By stages of fabrication: Purchased materialsdo Goods in processdo Finished goodsdo	8.75 3.08 11.05	9, 06 3, 37 11, 29	8. 90 3. 34 11. 14	8. 96 3. 37 11. 17	9.06 3.37 11.29	9. 26 3. 38 11. 20	9, 35 3, 40 11, 24	9. 45 3. 43 11. 28	9.49 3.43 11.30	9. 47 3. 44 11. 32	9. 46 3. 47 11. 41	9. 39 3. 51 11. 46	9. 29 3. 50 11. 48	r 9, 33 3, 52 r 11, 59	9.38 3.52 11.56	
New orders, net (unadjusted), totaldo	1 29. 90	130.96	33. 56	32. 44	31.61	32. 20	31.13	34.30	32. 45	33.99	33.60	31.99	33. 36	r 32.86	35. 60	
Durable goods industries, total ?	14. 24 1. 87 1. 09 1. 62	14. 74 2. 18 1. 35 1. 70	16. 13 2. 23 1. 36 1. 87	15. 86 2. 36 1. 52 1. 71	15.81 2.69 1.82 1.68	15.89 3.01 2.04 1.75	15. 33 2. 38 1. 49 1. 64	16. 74 2. 36 1. 44 1. 86	15.71 1.69 .74 1.80	16. 48 1. 98 1. 06 1. 95	16. 51 1. 81 . 97 1. 96	15.77 1.74 1.00 1.95	15. 48 2. 04 1. 18 2. 16	r 15, 40 r 1, 88 r 1, 10 r 1, 98	7 17. 17 2. 12 1. 20 1. 97	
Machinery         do           Electrical         do           Nonelectrical         do           Industrial         do           Transportation equipment         do	4.70 1.97 2.72 1.16 3.38	4.92 2.00 2.92 1.26 3.22	5. 38 2. 23 3. 15 1. 40 3. 57	5, 11 2, 18 2, 93 1, 40 3, 80	5. 06 2. 12 2. 94 1. 36 3. 82	5. 01 2. 03 2. 98 1. 38 3. 47	5. 14 2. 07 3. 08 1. 36 3. 48	5. 71 2. 23 3. 48 1. 51 3. 90	5.31 2.15 3.16 1.30 3.99	5. 36 2. 12 3. 23 1. 34 4. 02	5. 64 2. 34 3. 31 1. 46 3. 91	5. 06 1. 98 3. 07 1. 28 4. 04	5. 11 2. 04 3. 07 1. 37 2. 89	r 5. 24 r 2. 29 r 2. 95 r 1. 33 r 3. 34	5. 39 2. 22 3. 17 1. 40 4. 53	
Nondurable goods industries, totaldoIndustries with unfilled orders⊕doIndustries without unfilled orders¶do	15. 66 3. 38 12. 28	16. 23 3. 53 12. 70	17. 43 3. 81 13. 62	16. 58 3. 74 12. 85	15, 79 3, 47 12, 32	16. 31 3. 53 12. 78	15, 81 3, 58 12, 23	17. 57 3. 99 13. 58	16. 74 3. 74 13. 01	17. 51 3. 92 13. 59	17.09 3.83 13.26	3.40	17. 88 3. 84 14. 04	r 17. 46 r 3. 89 r 13. 57	18.43 4.08 14.35	
New orders, net (seas. adjusted), totaldo			32.63	32.70	32.85	32.94	33, 08	32.95	32. 73	33.07	32. 43	33. 26	32. 83	<sup>7</sup> 33. 23	33.62	
Durable goods industries, total Qdododo			16. 07 2. 32 1. 45 1. 75	16.10 2.33 1.48 1.85	16. 24 2. 82 1. 94 1. 84	16. 43 2. 84 1. 86 1. 93	16. 19 2. 33 1. 45 1. 83	16.00 2.21 1.34 1.88	15.73 1.75 .79 1.84	15. 97 1. 83 . 95 1. 88	15. 44 1. 76 . 93 1. 86	16. 27 1, 90 1, 08 1, 92	15. 91 2. 06 1. 20 1. 91	7 15.89 7 1.97 1.18 7 1.84	7 16, 44 2, 17 1, 28 1, 83	
Machinery         do           Electrical         do           Nonelectrical         do           Industrial         do           Transportation equipment         do			5. 42 2. 20 3. 22 1. 38 3. 62	5. 46 2. 33 3. 13 1. 42 3. 53	5. 14 2. 08 3. 06 1. 42 3. 32	5. 37 2. 29 3. 09 1. 42 3. 40	5, 35 2, 23 3, 12 1, 38 3, 70	5. 27 2. 13 3. 14 1. 38 3. 79	5. 25 2. 24 3. 01 1. 30 4. 00	5. 28 2. 17 3. 11 1. 32 3. 96	5. 16 2. 05 3. 11 1. 36 3. 76	5.30 2.07 3.23 1.38 4.16	5. 23 2. 08 3. 15 1. 41 3. 68	r 1.37	2, 21 3, 18	
Nondurable goods industries, totaldo Industries with unfilled orders⊕do Industries without unfilled orders¶do			16, 56 3, 63 12, 94	16. 60 3. 67 12. 92	16. 61 3. 66 12. 95	16, 51 3, 63 12, 88	16.89 3.75 13.14	16. 95 3. 82 13. 12	17. 00 3. 75 13. 25	17. 10 3. 80 13. 29	16.99 3.76 13.23		16. 92 3. 72 13. 20	73.85		
Unfilled orders, end of year or month (unadjusted), totalbil. \$-	45, 37	48. 20	47. 54	47. 80	48. 20	48. 97	49. 46	49. 20	48. 48	47. 81	47. 45	48.09	47. 43	r 46. 82	46. 46	
Durable goods industries, total $\varphi$ do. Primary metaldo. Iron and steeldo. Fabricated metaldo.	3. 41 2. 28	45, 12 4, 76 3, 48 2, 98	44. 46 4. 06 2. 79 2. 93	44. 66 4. 25 3. 01 2. 93	45. 12 4. 76 3. 48 2. 98	45, 92 5, 45 4, 04 3, 10	46. 37 5. 57 4. 11 3. 18	46. 04 5. 32 3. 87 3. 17	45. 34 4. 64 3. 14 3. 17	44. 59 4. 30 2. 82 3. 12	44. 27 3. 96 2. 54 3. 05		44. 50 3. 86 2. 46 3. 08	r 3.74 r 2.39	3.69 2.34	
Machinery         do           Electrical         do           Nonelectrical         do           Industrial         do           Transportation equipment         do	10. 21 7. 28 3. 38	18. 10 10. 29 7. 80 3. 53 14. 64	18. 10 10. 40 7. 71 3. 48 14. 68	18. 18 10. 38 7. 79 3. 54 14. 64	18. 10 10. 29 7. 80 3. 53 14. 64	18. 27 10. 29 7. 98 3. 69 14. 38	18. 47 10. 31 8. 16 3. 80 14. 30	18. 53 10. 27 8. 26 3. 84 14. 16	18. 47 10. 30 8. 16 3. 78 14. 21	18. 21 10. 22 7. 99 3. 69 14. 00	18. 27 10. 31 7. 96 3, 71 13. 96	8.08 3.69	18. 19 10. 19 8. 00 3. 69 14. 25	r 10, 25 r 7, 90 r 3, 68	7.88 3.66	

¶For these industries (food, beverages, tobacco, apparel, petroleum, chemicals, and rubber) sales are considered equal to new orders.

r Revised. ¹ Total and components are monthly averages. ² Advance estimate. ♀ Includes data not shown separately. ⊕ Includes textiles, leather, paper, and printing and publishing industries; unfilled orders for other nondurable goods industries are zero.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961		1961	· · · · · · · ·					1 5 50	1962		<del></del>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon	thly rage	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.
	GEN	ERA	L BU	SINE	SS IN	NDIC	ATOR	S—C	ontin	ued						
BUSINESS INCORPORATIONS♂																
New incorporations (50 States):  Unadjusted	15, 226	15, 128	15, 492 16, 286	14, 045 16, 149	14, 802 15, 818	18, 343 15, 124	14, 365 15, 809	17, 196 15, 713	15, 653 15, 402	16, 408 15, 260	15, 234 14, 904	14, 957 15, 247	14, 955 15, 104	12,777 15,249	15, 330 15, 386	
INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL FAILURES♂															İ	
Failures, totalnumber  Commercial servicedo	1, 287	1, 423 123	1, 446 118	1,335 122	1, 278 104	1, 447 114	1, 353 110	1, 490 143	1, 504 119	1,378	1, 281	1, 165 106	1, 319 120	1,118 92	1,410	ļ
Construction do  Manufacturing and mining do.  Retail trade do.  Wholesale trade do.	217 218 615 123	229 235 691 144	221 217 731 159	206 258 624 125	215 232 606 121	231 213 749 140	251 216 625 151	276 228 701 142	273 200 767 145	237 229 664 146	113 194 237 606 131	187 215 545 112	217 227 622 133	194 185 514 133	231 244 672 152	
Liabilities (current), totalthous. \$	78, 219	90, 844	70, 257	119, 214	65, 489	106,609	90, 499	80, 878	121, 831	91, 512	88, 493	91, 574	146, 832	96, 165	119,092	
Commercial service	8, 281 16, 781 24, 136 20, 091 8, 930	6, 694 16, 084 27, 107 27, 754 13, 205	3, 485 14, 583 17, 930 21, 524 12, 735	5, 070 18, 883 35, 237 23, 494 36, 530	3, 453 16, 743 19, 723 18, 361 7, 209	8, 858 19, 017 39, 071 28, 886 10, 777	5, 134 26, 495 25, 023 24, 611 9, 236	9, 998 15, 612 22, 421 25, 044 7, 803	5, 440 24, 586 49, 677 31, 691 10, 437	8, 270 15, 798 29, 659 27, 569 10, 216	5, 445 13, 627 32, 821 27, 065 9, 535	5, 642 22, 412 21, 598 29, 999 11, 923	6, 977 33, 618 36, 170 53, 180 16, 887	5, 605 12, 803 39, 988 27, 944 9, 825	7, 634 24, 728 48, 833 26, 876 11, 021	
Failure annual rate (seasonally adjusted) No. per 10,000 concerns_	157.0	1 64. 4	69. 5	63. 8	63. 6	62. 9	61. 1	59.4	65. 0	58.7	57.3	58.3	62. 5	62. 2	66.3	
	<u>.</u>	·	C	OMM	ODI	CY PI	RICE	s	<u>'</u>			,				·
PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS  Prices received, all farm products 1 1910-14=100 238 240 240 239 240 242 243 244 242 242 239 240 244 250 245																
Prices received, all farm products $\P$ 1910–14 = 100	238	240	240	239	240	242	243	244	242	242	239	240	244	250	245	245
Crops	221 224 254 151 203	226 218 262 151 209	226 198 286 154 217	224 223 280 149 218	224 211 269 150 219	225 259 257 152 218	226 272 246 152 219	233 314 248 153 223	236 312 268 155 224	243 325 276 159 230	236 258 275 157 230	231 229 275 155 229	229 201 275 151 226	232 201 280 154 226	226 197 275 152 226	227 233 268 147 230
Fruit. do Oil-bearing crops do Potatoes (incl. dry edible beans) do Tobacco do do	241 214 204 500	246 257 158 526	225 242 135 537	207 248 134 540	216 250 130 544	208 250 127 538	216 253 125 542	229 252 132 543	220 255 137 543	210 255 189 543	203 253 220 543	191 252 205 542	243 245 174 518	266 238 153 525	243 238 139 519	228 244 144 520
Livestock and products do.  Dairy products do.  Meat animals do.  Poultry and eggs do.  Wool do.	253 259 296 160 235	251 259 299 146 230	252 272 297 141 228	251 277 293 140 228	254 271 299 146 229	257 268 304 149 231	257 263 305 154 237	254 255 307 147 240	246 240 303 139 253	242 232 303 130 260	242 230 305 128 261	248 239 310 133 257	256 248 318 141 253	266 258 326 153 251	261 265 314 150 249	262 268 314 151 252
Prices paid: All commodities and servicesdo Family living itemsdo Production itemsdo All commodities and services, interest, taxes, and	275 290 265	276 291 266	276 291 265	276 291 265	277 292 267	278 293 268	279 294 268	279 294 269	280 294 270	280 296 269	279 294 268	279 294 268	279 294 268	280 294 271	281 294 271	281 295 271
wage rates (parity index)1910-14=100 Parity ratio§do	299	302 79	301 80	301 79	302 79	304 80	305 80	305 80	307	307	305	305	305	307	307	307
CONSUMER PRICES;	00	"	00	'3	"	00	00	00	79	79	78	79	80	81	80	80
(U.S. Department of Labor Indexes)															]	
All items‡       1957-59=100         Special group indexes:       100         All items less food       00         All items less shelter       00	103. 1 103. 7 103. 0	104. 2 104. 8 104. 2	104. 6 105. 5 104. 7	104.6 105.6 104.5	104. 5 105. 5 104. 4	104. 5 105. 2 104. 4	104. 8 105. 5 104. 8	105. 0 105. 7 105. 0	105. 2 106. 0 105. 2	105, 2 106, 0 105, 2	105. 3 106. 1 105. 3	105. 5 106. 1 105. 4	105. 5 106. 2 105. 5	106. 1 106. 6 106. 1	2 106.0 106.7 106.1	
All commodities do Nondurables do Durables do Services do Go	101. 7 101. 9 100. 7 105. 6	102. 4 102. 8 100. 5 107. 6	102. 9 103. 0 101. 7 108. 0	102.6 102.7 101.6 108.2	102. 4 102. 6 101. 1 108. 5	102. 3 102. 6 100. 8 108. 7	102. 7 103. 1 100. 8 108. 9	102. 8 103. 2 100. 9 109. 0	103. 1 103. 5 101. 4 109. 2	103. 0 103. 2 101. 5 109. 4	103, 1 103, 4 101, 6 109, 5	103. 1 103. 5 101. 5 109. 8	103. 2 103. 5 101. 7 109. 9	104. 1 104. 7 101. 6 109. 8	104. 4 102. 0	
Apparel do. Food ♀ do. Dairy products. do. Fruits and vegetables do. Meats, poultry, and fish do.	102. 1 101. 4 103. 2 103. 8 99. 1	102.8 102.6 104.8 104.2 99.3	103. 9 102. 5 105. 1 99. 4 99. 5	103. 7 101. 9 105. 5 98. 4 98. 5	103. 5 102. 0 105. 6 99. 8 98. 5	101. 8 102. 5 105. 6 100. 6 99. 8	102, 0 103, 1 105, 1 102, 9 100, 6	102. 7 103. 2 105. 0 104. 4 100. 6	102. 7 103. 4 103. 7 108. 6 100. 1	102. 7 103. 2 103. 0 109. 4 99. 6	102, 8 103, 5 102, 7 111, 9 99, 7	102. 9 103. 8 103. 5 109. 9 100. 8	102. 5 103. 8 103. 9 105. 2 102. 6	104. 6 104. 8 104. 2 102. 2 106. 3	104.3 104.3 102.0	
Housing Q do Gas and electricity do Housefurnishings do Rent do	103. 1 107. 0 100. 1 103. 1	103, 9 107, 9 99, 5 104, 4	104. 1 107. 8 99. 5 104. 8	104. 2 107. 8 99. 3 104. 9	104. 4 107. 8 99. 2 105. 0	104. 4 107. 8 98. 7 105. 1	104. 6 107. 9 99. 3 105. 2	104. 6 107. 9 99. 5 105. 3	104. 6 107. 8 99. 3 105. 4	104. 7 107. 7 99. 0 105. 5	104, 8 107, 7 99, 1 105, 6	104. 8 108. 0 99. 0 105. 7	104. 8 108. 0 98. 5 105. 8	104. 9 108. 0 98. 7 105. 9	105. 0 108. 0 98. 8	
Medical caredo Personal caredo Reading and recreationdo	108. 1 104. 1 104. 9	111.3 104.6 107.2	112.3 104.6 108.3	112. 4 104. 8 108. 1	112. 5 105. 2 108. 2	112.6 105.6 108.5	113. 0 105. 8 109. 1	113.6 105.9 109.2	113. 9 106. 3 109. 4	114, 1 106, 4 109, 5	114. 4 106. 1 109. 2	114. 6 106. 8 110. 0	114. 6 106. 8 110. 3	114.7 106.8 110.0	114. 9 106. 9 109. 5	
Transportation         do           Private         do           Public         do           Other goods and services         do	103. 8 103. 2 107. 0 103. 8	105. 0 104. 0 111. 7 104. 6	106, 7 105, 8 112, 5 105, 0	106. 8 105. 9 112. 7 105. 0	106. 0 104. 9 113. 3 104. 9	106. 0 104. 8 114. 7 104. 9	106. 0 104. 7 114. 8 105. 0	105. 9 104. 6 114. 9 105. 1	107. 2 106. 0 115. 6 105. 1	107. 3 106. 0 115. 6 105. 1	107. 3 106. 0 115. 6 105. 2	106. 8 105. 4 115. 6 105. 6	107. 4 106. 2 115. 7 105. 5	107. 8 106. 7 115. 7 105. 6	116.0	

<sup>\*</sup>Revised. ¹ Based on unadjusted data. ² Index based on 1947-49=100 is 130.1.

\*Data are from Dun & Bradstreet, Inc. ⊕ Figures in 1961 BUSINESS STATISTICS volume cover 49 States (Alaska not included); see July 1961 SURVEY for unadjusted data back to January 1960 for 50 States. \*New series. Data for Jan.-Dec. 1959 (49 States) appear in the Oct. 1961 SURVEY. For revised data (50 States) for 1960, see similar note in the June 1962 SURVEY.

<sup>¶</sup>Revised beginning Jan. 1959 to incorporate price revisions for individual commodities; revisions for earlier periods will be shown later.

§ Ratio of prices received to prices paid (including interest, taxes, and wage rates).

‡Data reflect conversion to the 1957-59=100 reference base period. Monthly and annual data for earlier periods appear on p. 19 of the Oct. 1962 SURVEY.

♀ Includes data not shown separately.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961		1961							1962					
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon avei		Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.
		CC	OMMO	ODIT	Y PR	ICES-	Cor	tinu	ed							
WHOLESALE PRICES♂‡ (U.S. Department of Labor Indexes) Spot market prices, basic commodities:* 22 Commodities			96.6	95. 6	97.6	98. 4	96. 5	97. 0	95. 4	94. 6	93. 0	92. 5	92.6	92. 5	92. 9	
9 Foodstuffsdo 13 Raw industrialsdo			89. 0 102. 3	90. 9 98. 9	92. 9 101. 0	92. 3 102. 9	90. 8 100. 6	92. 2 100. 4	91.3 98.3	90. 2 97. 8	89. 8 95. 4	90. 0 94. 2	89. 9 94. 5	90. 3 94. 0	89. 9 94. 9	
All commodities;dododo	100.7	100.3	100.0	100.0	100.4	100.8	100.7	100.7	100.4	100. 2	100.0	100. 4	100.5	101. 2	100.6	100.
Crude materials for further processing do Intermediate materials, supplies, etc. do Finished goods© do  By durability of product: Nondurable goods. do Durable goods. do	96. 6	96. 1	95. 9	95. 4	96. 4	97. 8	97. 5	97. 6	96. 5	95. 8	95. 2	96. 5	97. 2	99. 2	97. 4	97.
	101. 0	100. 3	99. 7	100. 0	100. 3	100. 3	100. 2	100. 3	100. 5	100. 4	100. 2	100. 3	100. 1	100. 2	100. 1	100.
	101. 4	101. 4	101. 2	101. 3	101. 5	102. 1	102. 1	101. 8	101. 4	101. 2	101. 1	101. 5	101. 7	102. 6	101. 9	102.
	99. 9	99. 6	99. 1	99. 3	99. 7	100. 5	100. 3	100. 2	99. 7	99. 5	99. 3	99. 8	100. 0	101. 2	100. 4	100.
	101. 7	101. 3	101. 1	101. 1	101. 1	101. 1	101. 2	101. 2	101. 2	101. 1	101. 0	101. 0	101. 0	100. 9	100. 7	100.
Farm products Q	96. 9	96. 0	95. 1	95. 6	95. 9	97. 9	98. 2	98. 4	96. 9	96. 2	95. 3	96, 5	97. 6	100. 6	98. 7	99.
	100. 6	93. 7	89. 1	89. 9	87. 2	97. 0	104. 3	106. 0	99. 0	107. 1	98. 7	92, 2	90. 9	94. 9	97. 5	96.
	94. 2	95. 6	97. 0	98. 8	98. 4	97. 2	96. 7	97. 4	98. 5	101. 0	99. 9	99, 1	98. 1	98. 6	98. 5	99.
	96. 0	92. 5	89. 4	89. 4	92. 4	95. 7	94. 5	95. 7	94. 1	91. 4	91. 6	95, 8	98. 5	104. 4	98. 6	98.
Foods, processed ♀ ⊕ do_	100. 0	100, 7	100. 5	100. 2	101.0	102.0	101. 8	101. 6	100. 2	99. 6	99. 8	100. 8	101. 5	103.3	101. 5	101.
Cereal and bakery products do_	103. 2	105, 1	106. 0	106. 1	106.1	106.9	107. 3	107. 4	108. 0	107. 5	107. 8	108. 1	108. 0	107.8	107. 7	107.
Dairy products and fee cream do_	105. 0	107, 5	109. 5	109. 6	110.2	109.1	109. 1	108. 0	106. 0	104. 5	105. 0	105. 7	106. 1	106.0	107. 7	108.
Fruits and vegetables, canned, frozen do_	99. 5	101, 7	100. 4	100. 5	100.4	99.3	99. 8	99. 3	99. 0	98. 6	99. 1	98. 7	97. 1	7 96.6	96. 4	96.
Meats, poultry, and fish do_	97. 8	95, 4	94. 7	93. 6	95.9	99.2	98. 7	98. 4	95. 6	95. 5	95. 7	99. 0	101. 0	7 106.8	100. 0	100.
Commodities other than farm products and foods $1957-59=100.$	101.3	100.8	100. 5	100.7	100. 9	101.0	100, 8	100.8	100.9	100.9	100.7	100.8	100.6	100.8	100.7	100.
Chemicals and allied products 9         do           Chemicals, industrial         do           Drugs and pharmaceuticals         do           Fats and oils, inedible         do           Fertilizer materials         do           Prepared paint         do	100. 2	99. 1	98. 2	98. 1	98. 1	98. 4	98. 1	98. 0	97. 9	97. 7	97. 6	97. 2	97. 0	96. 9	97. 1	97.
	100. 5	98. 4	97. 3	97. 3	97. 1	97. 3	96. 8	96. 6	96. 5	96. 3	96. 2	96. 1	95. 9	95. 9	96. 1	95.
	100. 2	98. 3	97. 1	97. 3	97. 3	97. 2	97. 1	97. 1	97. 0	97. 0	97. 0	95. 1	95. 0	95. 0	95. 1	95.
	81. 5	87. 5	78. 1	76. 4	78. 4	83. 0	77. 0	81. 3	79. 3	77. 1	73. 4	73. 5	73. 0	72. 3	76. 7	76.
	102. 2	104. 3	104. 4	104. 7	104. 7	105. 8	106. 3	103. 7	103. 7	103. 6	103. 6	101. 0	98. 4	98. 6	99. 0	99.
	100. 7	103. 6	103. 6	103. 6	103. 6	103. 7	103. 7	103. 7	103. 7	103. 8	103. 8	103. 8	103. 8	103. 8	103. 8	103.
Fuel and related prod., and power \$\do	99. 6	100. 7	99. 0	99. 8	100.6	101. 0	100. 4	98. 9	100. 2	99. 7	99. 6	100. 0	99. 5	100.8	100. 8	100.
Coaldo	98. 8	97. 7	98. 0	98. 3	98.6	98. 7	98. 7	98. 7	95. 3	94. 6	94. 6	95. 3	95. 6	• 96.6	97. 2	97.
Electric powerJan. 1958=100	101. 9	102. 4	102. 5	102. 6	102.5	102. 5	103. 0	103. 1	103. 0	102. 9	102. 8	102. 8	102. 8	102.8	102. 7	102.
Gas fuelsdo.	116. 6	118. 7	119. 4	119. 3	118.4	118. 1	122. 0	119. 4	115. 3	116. 6	113. 8	119. 7	117. 8	120.1	122. 7	122.
Petroleum products, refined1957-59=100	97. 6	99. 3	95. 8	97. 2	98.9	99. 6	97. 8	95. 3	98. 9	97. 9	98. 1	98. 0	97. 2	99.2	98. 9	98.
Furniture, other household durables QdoAppliances, householddoFurniture, householddoRadio receivers and phonographsdoTelevision receiversdo	100. 1	99. 5	99. 4	99. 5	99. 3	99. 3	99. 1	99. 0	98. 9	99. 0	98. 9	98. 8	98. 7	98. 6	98. 5	98
	97. 0	95. 2	95. 2	95. 1	94. 9	95. 0	95. 0	94. 9	94. 7	94. 3	94. 3	93. 9	7 93. 4	7 93. 2	93. 0	92
	101. 6	102. 8	103. 1	103. 5	103. 3	103. 4	103. 5	103. 4	103. 4	103. 7	103. 9	104. 1	104. 0	7 103. 9	104. 0	104
	95. 2	7 91. 5	89. 3	89. 4	89. 4	89. 4	87. 8	87. 1	86. 8	87. 2	84. 8	85. 4	85. 4	85. 1	85. 1	85
	98. 1	7 97. 2	96. 1	96. 1	96. 2	93. 7	93. 7	93. 7	93. 7	95. 5	94. 9	94. 3	94. 3	94. 3	94. 3	94
Hides, skins, and leather products   do	105. 2 107. 0 100. 5 103. 5 100. 4 99. 8	106. 2 107. 4 107. 9 106. 0 95. 9 94. 7	108. 9 108. 4 121. 2 111. 5 94. 8 94. 0	108. 6 108. 5 117. 4 110. 7 94. 8 93. 8	108. 2 108. 5 112. 5 110. 5 94. 6 93. 7	108. 2 108. 5 110. 1 110. 9 94. 7 94. 0	107. 7 108. 5 105. 4 110. 6 95. 2 94. 8	107. 4 108. 7 103. 8 109. 6 96. 2 95. 8	106. 9 108. 7 103. 3 109. 5 96. 8 96. 8	107. 2 108. 7 105. 4 110. 6 97. 1 97. 5	108.0 108.7 108.5 110.0 97.3 97.6	107. 5 108. 8 104. 2 108. 4 97. 5 98. 0	107. 0 108. 8 105. 1 106. 9 97. 4 97. 7	107. 5 108. 8 110. 8 106. 6 7 97. 0 7 97. 2	107. 4 108. 6 108. 8 106. 5 96. 6 96. 7	107 108 107 106 96
Machinery and motive prod. Q	102. 4	102.3	102. 1	102. 2	102. 3	102. 3	102.3	102, 3	102. 3	7 102.3	7 102. 2	7 102. 4	102. 3	102.3	102. 2	102
	105. 4	107.4	107. 4	107. 8	108. 5	108. 8	109.2	109, 4	109. 2	109.3	109. 5	109. 5	109. 4	7109.4	109. 6	110
	105. 8	107.5	107. 6	107. 6	107. 6	107. 7	107.6	107, 6	107. 7	107.7	107. 7	107. 6	107. 7	107.7	108. 0	108
	101. 3	100.0	99. 5	99. 5	99. 5	99. 0	98.9	98, 9	98. 9	98.9	98. 5	7 98. 2	98. 2	98.1	98. 0	97
	101. 0	100.7	100. 5	100. 4	100. 3	100. 3	100.2	100, 1	100. 1	100.1	100. 9	100. 9	100. 9	100.9	100. 4	100
Metals and metal products φ do—	101.3	100. 7	100. 9	100. 4	100. 6	100. 7	100. 6	100. 4	100. 3	100. 2	99. 8	99. 7	99. 8	99. 7	99. 4	99
Heating equipment do—	98.2	94. 6	94. 4	94. 0	94. 5	93. 8	93. 8	93. 7	93. 7	93. 1	92. 9	92. 9	92. 9	92. 6	92. 7	92
Iron and steel— do—	100.6	100. 7	100. 9	100. 1	100. 2	100. 6	100. 4	99. 8	99. 6	99. 2	98. 9	98. 9	99. 1	99. 0	98. 7	98
Nonferrous metals do—	103.9	100. 4	100. 9	100. 2	100. 8	100. 5	100. 3	100. 1	99. 8	99. 9	99. 3	99. 0	99. 0	98. 9	97. 9	98
Nonmetallic mineral products 9 do Clay products, structural do Concrete products do Gypsum products do	101. 4	101. 8	102. 1	101. 9	101. 6	101. 9	102. 1	102. 2	102. 4	102. 1	101, 9	101. 6	101. 6	7 101. 5	101. 6	101
	103. 1	103. 2	103. 3	103. 3	103. 3	103. 4	103. 5	103. 6	103. 6	103. 6	103, 6	103. 6	103. 6	103. 6	103. 4	103
	102. 4	102. 5	102. 7	102. 5	102. 4	102. 4	102. 8	102. 8	102. 8	102. 6	102, 6	102. 8	102. 8	102. 8	102. 9	102
	101. 9	103. 8	105. 0	105. 0	105. 0	105. 0	105. 0	105. 0	105. 0	105. 0	105, 0	105. 0	105. 0	105. 0	105. 0	105
Pulp, paper, and allied products do— Paper do— Rubber and products do— Tires and tubes do—	101.8	98. 8	99. 6	99. 2	99. 6	99. 9	99. 9	101. 0	101. 3	100. 8	100. 5	100. 0	99. 7	99. 5	99. 3	90
	102.0	102. 2	102. 0	102. 0	102. 0	102. 0	102. 5	102. 7	103. 1	103. 1	103. 1	102. 6	102. 6	r 102. 4	102. 3	102
	99.9	96. 1	96. 2	95. 5	94. 5	94. 1	93. 5	93. 6	92. 9	93. 2	93. 0	92. 7	92. 7	r 92. 8	93. 1	94
	93.0	92. 4	92. 9	92. 0	89. 9	88. 5	87. 0	87. 6	86. 1	86. 4	86. 4	86. 4	86. 4	86. 4	86. 4	88
Textile products and apparel \( \text{Q} \) do.  Apparel.  Cotton products.  Manmade fiber textile products.  Silk products.  do.  Wool products.  do.  do.	101. 5 101. 3 104. 4 97. 5 105. 7 98. 2	99. 7 101. 0 100. 4 93. 4 113. 2 97. 1	100. 1 101. 2 101. 5 92. 6 114. 6 97. 7	100. 2 101. 2 101. 7 93. 1 114. 2 97. 7	100. 3 101. 2 101. 9 93. 2 111. 4 97. 7	100. 3 101. 2 102. 0 93. 3 111. 5 97. 8	100. 4 101. 2 102. 2 93. 3 113. 2 98. 1	100. 5 101. 3 102. 4 93. 5 116. 3 98. 3	100. 5 101. 3 102. 4 93. 7 121. 6 98. 6	100. 7 101. 4 102. 1 94. 5 126. 4 98. 9	100. 8 101. 5 102. 0 94. 6 130. 7 99. 1	100. 9 101. 8 101. 9 94. 7 130. 2 99. 3	100. 8 101. 8 101. 7 94. 3 132. 4 99. 3	100.6 101.6 101.3 94.0 125.2 99.4	100. 5 101. 7 101. 0 93. 6 129. 5 99. 6	
Tobacco prod. and bottled beverages ?do Beverages, alcoholicdo Cigarettesdo Miscellaneousdo Toys, sporting goodsdo	102.5	103. 2	103. 8	103, 8	103. 8	103. 8	103. 8	104. 0	104. 0	104. 1	104. 1	104. 0	104. 2	104. 2	104. 5	104
	100.3	100. 6	100. 5	100, 6	100. 5	100. 7	100. 7	100. 8	100. 8	101. 1	101. 1	100. 7	101. 1	101. 1	101. 5	101
	101.4	101. 4	101. 4	101, 4	101. 4	101. 4	101. 4	101. 4	101. 4	101. 4	101. 4	101. 4	101. 4	101. 4	101. 4	101
	99.3	103. 9	100. 7	105, 1	106. 3	106. 7	105. 6	105. 6	106. 0	106. 0	105. 4	107. 6	107. 2	109. 1	108. 7	109
	100.2	100. 9	101. 6	101, 6	100. 9	100. 5	100. 3	100. 5	100. 5	100. 5	100. 7	101. 0	101. 0	101. 1	101. 2	101
PURCHASING POWER OF THE DOLLAR‡ As measured by— Wholesale prices	99. 3 97. 1	99. 7 96. 0	100.0 95.6	100. 0 95. 6	99. 6 95. 7	99. 2 95. 7	99.3 95.4	99. 3 95. 2	99. 6 95. 1	99. 8 95. 1	100. 0 95. 0	99. 6 94. 8	99. 5 94. 8	98. 8 94. 3	1 99. 4 1 94. 3	1 99

r Revised. <sup>1</sup> Indexes based on 1947-49=100 are as follows: Measured by—wholesale prices, 83.7 (Oct.); 83.6 (Nov.); consumer prices, 76.9 (Oct.). & For actual wholesale prices of individual commodities, see respective commodities. 1Data reflect conversion to the 1957-59=100 reference base period. Monthly and annual data for earlier periods for major components appear on p. 20 of the Oct. 1962 Survey. \*New series. The index measures price trends of commodities which are particularly sensitive to factors affecting spot markets.

Monthly data for earlier periods are available upon request from the U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics, Wash. 25, D.C.

OGoods to users, including raw foods and fuels.

Revisions for Mar.-Dec. 1980 appear on p. 20 of the Oct. 1962 Surver; those for Jan.-June 1961, respectively, are as follows (1957-59=100): 102.0; 102.6; 101.7; 100.9; 99.8; 99.0.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961		1961							1962					
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon aver		Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.
		CON	STRU	JCTI(	ON A	ND R	EAL	EST	ATE							
CONSTRUCTION PUT IN PLACE																
New construction (unadjusted), totalmil.\$	4, 630	4, 783	5, 325	5, 190	4, 659	4, 082	3, 773	4, 131	4, 600	5, 319	5, 826	5, 743	5, 844	* 5, 791	r 5, 715	5, 266
Private, total Qdodo	3, 300	3, 364	3, 698	3, 603	3, 345	2, 962	2, 769	2, 987	3, 325	3, 821	4, 112	4,078	4,082	r 4, 038	r 3, 861	3, 721
Residential (nonfarm) ?do New housing unitsdo Additions and alterationsdo Nonresidential buildings, except farm and public utilities, total ?mil. \$	1, 879 1, 368 433	1, 875 1, 349 428	2, 094 1, 607 383 954	2, 053 1, 563 388 948	1, 896 1, 432 366	1, 629 1, 208 324 863	1, 472 1, 078 298 835	1, 629 1, 192 343 833	1, 928 1, 345 487	2,308 1,514 692	2, 492 1, 697 686	2, 388 1, 759 516 1, 025	2, 353 1, 794 445 1, 039	7 2, 311 7 1, 776 7 423 1, 037	7 2, 158 7 1, 681 7 366 1, 021	2,067 1,589 367 1,010
Industrial	238 348 172 107 444	230 389 193 123 449	221 425 224 127 504	221 424 228 112 472	221 398 203 97 427	225 365 175 92 360	224 346 163 90 355	221 348 167 96 410	223 348 161 107 433	229 383 185 122 476	235 433 225 137 489	239 469 252 147 491	241 471 246 152 511	245 465 234 r 146 r 515	245 454 217 7 134 7 520	244 454 212 124 494
Public, totaldo	1, 329	1, 420	1,627	1,587	1, 314	1, 120	1,004	1,144	1, 275	1, 498	1,714	1,665	1,762	r 1,753	r 1, 854	1, 545
Nonresidential buildingsdo Military facilitiesdo Highwaysdodododododo	399 116 455 359	428 114 485 393	459 78 651 439	418 165 603 401	391 79 490 354	385 54 332 349	353 70 241 340	392 95 279 378	425 103 339 408	436 114 509 439	472 157 618 467	461 94 643 467	464 117 700 481	7 459 117 708 469	r 457 (1) 800 468	(1) (1) (1) (1)
New construction (seasonally adjusted at annual rates), totalmil. \$-			59,037	60,744	59,006	59, 166	56,714	57,748	58, 279	60,764	62, 678	62, 084	62,829	r 62, 358	r 63, 123	61, 628
Private, total Qdo			41,767	42, 044	41, 881	41, 077	39, 909	40, 553	41,747	43, 472	44, 842	44, 908	45,244	r 44, 976	r 43, 532	43, 326
Residential (nonfarm)do Nonresidential buildings, except farm and			24, 026	24, 504	24, 440	23, 187	22, 245	22, 507	23,484	25,018	26, 118	25, 987	25,957	<sup>7</sup> 25, 813	r 24, 675	24, 601
public utilities, total ? mil. \$ Industrial			10, 656 2, 608	10,540 2,554	10, 564 2, 537	10, 982 2, 590	10, 849 2, 592	11, 033 2, 653	11, 234 2, 792	11,257 2,886	11, 403 2, 950	11,661 2,962	11,830 2,936	11, 723 2, 930	11, 419 2, 885	11, 261 2, 820
Commercial 9 do do Stores, restaurants, and garages* do			4, 681 2, 388	4,608 2,413 1,416	4, 641 2, 434 1, 337	4, 928 2, 612	4, 756 2, 444	4, 795 2, 442	4, 793 2, 353 1, 385	4,752 2,268	4, 865 2, 352	5,110 2,588	5, 273 2, 688	5, 214 2, 549	5, 018 2, 316	4, 967 2, 245 1, 556
Farm construction do—Public utilities———————————————————————————————————			1,472 5,404	5, 380	5, 337	1, 316 5, 357	1, 284 5, 274	1, 295 5, 449	5,388	1,466 5,481	1, 531 5, 539	1, 533 5, 444	1, 533 5, 626	7 1, 575 7 5, 548	r 1, 547 r 5, 581	5, 615
Public, total 9do	l			18,700	17, 125	18,089	1 6,805	17, 195	16, 532	17, 292	17, 836	17, 176	17,585	7 17, 382	r 19, 591	18, 302
Nonresidential buildingsdo Military facilitiesdo Highwaysdo			5, 132 906 6, 340	5, 175 1, 457 7, 099	5,087 1,001 6,235	5,058 924 7,250	5, 116 1, 211 5, 414	5,069 1,328 5,771	5, 106 1, 381 5, 057	5, 122 1, 354 5, 830	5, 257 1, 549 5, 989	5, 043 1, 170 5, 876	5, 083 1, 244 6, 195	7 5, 065 1, 164 6, 140	7, 786	5, 103 (1) (1)
CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS																
Construction contracts in 48 States (F. W. Dodge Corp.):  Valuation, total	3, 026 105 1, 049 1, 978	3, 114 108 1, 052 2, 062	3, 291 114 1, 021 2, 270	3,008 116 942 2,066	2,712 119 1,091 1,621	2, 658 115 922 1, 736	2,749 119 877 1,871	3, 986 131 1, 475 2, 511	3, 860 121 1, 211 2, 650	4, 009 117 1, 227 2, 782	3, 900 120 1, 331 2, 569	3, 747 117 1, 231 2, 516	3, 631 118 1, 039 2, 591	3, 273 113 1, 099 2, 174	3, 425 117 1, 003 2, 422	
Private ownership do By type of building: Nonresidential do	1,020	1,019	1,005	1, 095	883	853	893	1, 325	1, 102	1,275	1, 242	1, 197	1, 177	1,019	1,075	
Residentialdo Public worksdo	1, 259 579	1,348 581	1,498 631	1,306 496	1,125 597	1, 190 527	1, 192 488	1, 552 806	1,816 702	1,819 729	1,656 724	1, 623 719	1,651 626	1,519 624	1, 610 574	
Utilitiesdo	169	166	156	<b>1</b> 111	107	88	176	303	241	186	277	207	176	111	166	
Contract awards (ENR) §do	1,888	1,832	1,869	2,071	1,351	1,501	1, 806	2, 151	1,687	2,252	1,821	1,908	2, 181	1,621	1,608	
Highway concrete pavement contract awards: of Total thous. sq. yds	9, 315 621 5, 653 3, 041	8, 939 476 5, 390 3, 073	8, 671 174 5, 418 3, 080	9, 192 327 5, 117 3, 748	5, 706 112 4, 114 1, 479	8, 896 382 6, 338 2, 176	6, 386 416 4, 712 1, 257	6, 530 408 4, 170 1, 953	8, 888 848 5, 694 2, 346	9, 796 787 4, 973 4, 037	10, 846 727 6, 445 3, 674	8, 861 1, 017 4, 443 3, 402	10, 414 421 6, 205 3, 788	6, 986 123 4, 415 2, 447	10, 718 132 6, 479 4, 107	14, 898 246 12, 017 2, 635
HOUSING STARTS																
New housing units started:‡ Unadjusted: Total, incl. farm (public and private)thous One-family structuresdo Privately owneddo	108. 0 84. 1 104. 3	7 113. 8 7 82. 4 7 109. 4	r 94. 3	7 106. 1 7 74. 5 7 103. 0	7 86, 6 7 55, 7 7 82, 2	83. 0 54. 4 80. 6	77. 8 53. 8 76. 4	117. 9 79. 8 115. 4	151. 6 101. 7 147. 0	156. 4 107. 7 154. 2	139. 5 96. 9 136. 2	139. 3 96. 0 135. 8	147. 8 7 101. 7 146. 1	114. 2 77. 0 112. 7	131. 5 129. 1	
Total nonfarm (public and private)do In metropolitan areasdo Privately owneddo	106, 2 74, 0 102, 5	7 111. 4 7 78. 8 7 107. 1	<sup>7</sup> 127. 4 <sup>7</sup> 88. 9 <sup>7</sup> 122. 3	7 104. 4 7 72. 9 7 101. 3	84. 5 7 62. 6 7 80. 1	81. 7 59. 9 79. 3	76. 7 55. 8 75. 3	116.3 83.9 113.8	149. 5 110. 6 144. 9	154. 9 112. 0 152. 7	137. 0 96. 2 133. 7	137. 4 97. 7 133. 9	144.7 r 99.2 143.0	111.6 781.6 110.1	128. 6 89. 5 126. 2	
Seasonally adjusted at annual rates: Total, including farm (private only)do Total nonfarm (private only)do	 		r 1, 443 r 1, 413	r 1,368 r 1,345	r 1, 295 r 1, 255	1, 273 1, 247	1,152 1,134	1, 431 1, 407	1, 542 1, 521	1, 579 1, 566	1, 425 1, 399	1, 466 1, 447	1, 529 1, 500	1, 278 1, 250	1,497 1,463	
CONSTRUCTION COST INDEXES														-		
Department of Commerce composite 1947-49=100	144	145	<b>1</b> 45	144	145	145	147	147	148	147	148	148	149	149	148	148
American Appraisal Co., The:  Average, 30 cities	722 793 783 677 700	741 810 814 703 720	748 819 821 715 722	747 815 819 711 731	747 815 815 711 731	748 824 825 711 733	748 824 825 711 733	749 824 825 711 735	750 824 825 711 735	751 824 824 711 738	754 825 825 711 742	758 833 845 711 743	760 833 845 718 743	762 835 845 734 743	762 845 846 734 743	
Associated General Contractors (building only)   O						ļ										
1957-59=100  * Revised.	107	109	110	110	110		110	1 110 or Oct.		1111	111	111	112		112	1 11

r Revised. 1 Not available.

9 Includes data not shown separately.

\*For data prior to Aug. 1960 for stores, restaurants, etc., see Bureau of Census reports; data prior to Mar. 1961 for F. W. Dodge index will be shown later.

\$Data for Nov. 1961 and Mar., May, and Aug. 1962 are for 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks.

The first see Census report (C20-41).

Onote shift in reference base; data prior to Sept. 1961 on 1957-59 base are available upon request.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961	1960	1961		1961				1	<del></del> -		1962		,			
edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mor ave	ithly rage	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov
	CON	STRU	CTIC	N AI	ND R	EAL	ESTA	TE-	Conti	inued						
CONSTRUCTION COST INDEXES—Con.																
C. H. Boeckh and Associates: ¶ * Average, 20 cities:	104.7	105. 6	100.0	100.0	100.0	,,,,,	100 5	100 #	105.0	***	10-0		100 -	100.0		
All types combined 1957-59=100. Apartments, hotels, office buildings do Commercial and factory buildin	104. 7 105. 0 104. 7	105. 6 106. 3 105. 6	106. 2 107. 1 106. 2	106. 2 107. 0 106. 2	106. 3 107. 1 106. 3	106. 4 107. 3 106. 4	106. 5 107. 4 106. 5	106. 5 107. 4 106. 5	107. 0 107. 9 106. 9	107. 6 108. 6 107. 6	107.9 108.9 107.9	108. 5 109. 4 108. 5	108.7 109.7 108.6	108.8 109.8 108.7	108. 7 109. 7 108. 7	
Residencesdo	104. 2	104. 5	104. 9	104. 9	104. 9	105. 1	105. 1	105. 1	105. 6	106. 2	106. 4	106.9	107. 2	107.3	107. 2	
Ingineering News-Record: ⊙  Buildingdodododododo	106. 1 108. 4	107.8 111.5	108.3 112.4	108.3 112.5	108. 2 112. 5	108. 3 112. 5	108. 7 112. 9	109. 1 113. 3	109. 2 113. 6	109. 9 114. 7	109.9 114.8	110.6 115.4	111.1 116.0	111.1 + 115.9	110. 9 115. 8	
tu, of Public Roads—Highway construction:† Composite, stand. mile (avg. for qtr.)1957-59=100	194.1	194.9			97. 2			97.4			97.0			98. 4		
CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS																
output index:  Composite, unadjusted \$\psi\$1947-49=100  Seasonally adjusted \$\psi\$do	131. 6	130. 2	144. 5 127. 7	126.8 132.7	109.5 127.7	115, 0 123, 0	114, 5 129, 4	134. 8 139. 4	137, 2 135, 0	151. 1 140. 8	146. 2 137. 0	7 131. 5 7 135. 9	<sup>7</sup> 153, 1 <sup>7</sup> 138, 5	137. 8 131. 5		
Iron and steel products, unadjusteddo	128. 6 131. 7	130. 2 130. 8	144.7	123. 2	105. 3	112.3 122.5	116.5	138.8	139. 2	150. 5	146.3	128. 5	r 152.1	133. 9		
Lumber and wood products, unadj.‡do Portland cement, unadjusteddo	159.0	161.6	142.9 193.5	131. 1 165. 3	113. 9 139. 9	102. 0	127. 7 91. 6	139. 3 122. 4	138.3 168.0	149. 9 201. 7	138. 5 193. 2	7 124, 4 199, 7	7 147. 2 216. 1	134. 1 201. 4		
REAL ESTATE  Mortgage applications for new home construction:*																
Applications for FHA commitments thous. units	20.2	20.3	22. 1	17.4	16. 4	14.5	18.7	24.6	22. 7	23. 1	20. 4	19.8	19.3	15.4	17.7	13
Seasonally adjusted annual ratedo Requests for VA appraisalsdo	11.9	14.8	272 16. 1	265 13. 5	299 11. 0	$\begin{array}{c} 227 \\ 12.9 \end{array}$	239 12. 0	246 19. 0	240 16. 3	233 17. 8	212 14.7	219 17. 1	197 15. 5	189 12. 1	212 14.1	10
$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	383.38	397.10	432, 48	483. 73	425, 65	480.34	397. 95	418.17	371.89	402. 80	403.77	432.60	464. 73	430, 95	546.38	
Vet. Adm.: Face amountdo Federal Home Loan Banks, outstanding advances to member institutionsmil, \$	165. 42 21, 981	152, 63 2 2, 662	200.91 2,202	205, 91	197.11 2,662	226. 58 2, 320	175. 44 2, 228	204. 97 2, 151	181.81 2,323	183. 76 2, 429	206, 90 2, 767	219.34 2,860	247. 35 2, 948	231, 21 3, 046	284. 92	
New mortgage loans of all savings and loan associa-		1,447		1,529	1,500	,	,		·					,	1, 953	
tions, estimated totalmil, \$ By purpose of loan: Home constructiondo	1,192 390	423	1,629 464	436	417	1, 323 353	1, 303 362	1, 611 464	1,661 512	1,857 584	1, 936 572	1,839 515	2, 036 540	7 1, 731 7 495	548	
Home purchasedo All other purposesdo	511 291	601 423	696 <b>46</b> 9	645 448	598 485	550 420	509 432	633 514	635 514	739 534	823 541	796 528	920 576	7 746 7 490	816 589	
New nonfarm mortgages recorded (\$20,000 and under), estimated totalmi]. \$	2, 445	2, 596	2, 961	2, 754	2, 579	2, 459	2, 238	2,627	2,704	2,983 7,214	3,075	3, 134	3, 333	2, 861		1
Nonfarm foreclosuresnumber	4, 279 92. 32	6, 090 100. 75	6, 352 86. 93	6, 564 115, 85	6, 151 109. 52	7, 103 133, 48	6, 382 115, 86	7, 441 114. 42	7, 055 106. 14	114.53	7, 396 95. 99	7, 206 94, 79	7, 568 94, 58	7, 034 85. 25	99. 99	
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		ром	ESTI	c TD	ADE	1		<del></del> -			<u> </u>	!	<u> </u>	
	1	ī		DOM	ESII	LIN	ADE		<del>-</del>			ı		1	i	1
ADVERTISING Printers' Ink advertising index, seas. adj.:	997	000	005						240			210		240		
Combined index 1947-49=100.  Business papers do Magazines do	235 246 188	233 246 185	237 256 187	244 250 183	244 254 194	240 251 190	244 248 190	240 254 184	243 268 194	240 242 192	239 248 189	240 261 186	245 243 188	246 249 196		
Newspapersdo	210 160	201 143	189 139	223 132	212 140	207 132	216 128	200 128 20	196 131	196 133	191 133	193 140	203 146	201 144	   	
Outdoordo Radio (network)do Television (network)1950-52=100_	23 462	20 483	23 526	23 530	19 520	19 516	20 533	20 544	18 533	20 550	21 551	17 549	17 583	20	     <b></b>	
Гelevision advertising: Network:ෆ්																
Gross time costs, total mil. \$ Automotive, incl. accessories do Drugs and tolletries do	56. 9 4. 6 16. 3	1 178.0 1 12.0			198. 6 16. 3 58. 4			194. 6 12. 7 60. 7			193. 2 12. 2 58. 1			192. 4 9. 6 62. 6		
Foods, soft drinks, confectionerydo	10.8	1 36. 7			39.3			42.7			39.1			37. 4		
Soaps, cleansers, etcdo Smoking materialsdo All otherdo	5. 8 6. 4 13. 0	1 21. 2			17. 3 21. 7 45, 7			19.6 21.9 37.0			20. 9 21. 7 41. 2			24. 4 21. 6 36. 8		
Spot (national and regional): Gross time costs, totaldo Automotive, incl. accessoriesdo	3 150.8	1154.4			177.8			182.1			189. 4			151.9		
Drugs and toiletries do Foods, soft drinks, confectionery do		1 30, 2 1			37. 3			39.7			7. 4 31. 8 62. 8			30.2		
Soaps, cleansers, etcdo Smoking materialsdo		118.0						21.5 8.4			23.5 9.0			20. 4		
All otherdo		141.9			50.2			43.8			54.9			42. 6		
Magazine advertising:  Cost, totaldo  Apparel and accessoriesdo	71. 1 4. 7	69. 7 4. 5	89. 8 6. 0	84. 7 5. 1	68. 5 3. 3	48. 9 1. 4	66. 9 2. 7	81.3 5.0	87. 1 7. 2	82. 0 5. 7	72. 9 2. 9	51. 7 . 9	50. 2 5. 2	75. 0 8. 4	91. 8 6. 8	
Automotive, incl. accessoriesdo Building materialsdo	7.8	7.0 2.5	11. 0 2. 9	9.4 1.8	5.8 .9	6. 9 1. 0	2. 7 7. 3 2. 4	9.3 3.5	10.8 3.6	$\frac{9.2}{3.7}$	2.9 7.6 2.6	4. 4 1. 7	3.6 1.4	5.6 2.7	12.8 2.4	
Drugs and toiletriesdo	6. 7 9. 8	6.6 10.2	8. 7 13. 0	7.7 12.3	7.1 9.3	4. 4 7. 5	6. 3 12. 3	7. 0 12. 5	7. 5 11. 1	7.3 10.1	8. 1 10. 3	6. 4 8. 8	5. 0 7. 1	6. 9 9. 4	8. 6 13. 1	
Foods, soft drinks, confectionerydo	1								ا م ا		'	1		1		į
Beer, wine, liquorsdo Household equip., supplies, furnishingsdo	4. 2 5. 6	4.3 4.8	5. 1 8. 0	5. 8 7. 1	7. 5 4. 2	2. 4 1. 9	3. 3 3. 1	4.7 4.9	3.7 7.2	4.6 7.5	5. 1 5. 0	3. 6 3. 4	2.8 2.4	3. 9 5. 0	5. 1 7. 6	
Beer, wine, liquorsdodo	5.6		5. 1 8. 0 5. 2 1. 1 2. 3		7. 5 4. 2 3. 6 . 5 2. 9										7.6 4.4	

r Revised. ¹ Quarterly average based on quarterly data. ² End of year. ³ Quarterly average based on revised annual total; breakdown not available. 
¶Copyrighted data; see last paragraph of headnote, p. S-1. \*New series; data prior to June 1961 will be shown later. ○ Revised to reflect data as of 1st of indicated month and shift to 1957-59=100 reference base; data for building costs prior to Aug. 1961 are shown on p. 18 of the Oct. 1962 SURVEY. †Revised to reflect current specifications and base period; data prior to 4th qtr. 1960 are available upon request.

Q Includes data for items not shown separately. ‡Revisions for 1955-Mar. 1961 (1959-1960 for lumber and wood) are available upon request. ♂ Revised beginning 1961 to provide for horizontal contiguity rate structure, wherein a single advertiser might obtain a lower basic rate through the purchase of time across-the-board; not directly comparable with earlier data.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961		1961							1962					
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Moi ave	nthly erage	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.
		]	OOMI	ESTIC	TRA	ADE-	-Cont	inued	ı							
ADVERTISING—Continued													1			
Newspaper advertising linage (52 cities):   Total	240. 7 61. 3 179. 5 13. 8 4. 5 28. 8 132. 4	231. 4 58. 1 173. 3 12. 3 4. 9 26. 9 129. 1	260. 9 63. 2 197. 8 13. 9 5. 2 34. 1 144. 6	261. 3 57. 5 203. 9 13. 0 4. 8 31. 5 154. 5	242. 8 50. 8 192. 0 8. 9 5. 6 23. 3 154. 3	201. 3 55. 7 145. 6 10. 7 7. 8 18. 7 108. 4	198. 9 54. 1 144. 8 11. 4 4. 4 23. 4 105. 6	236. 9 62. 2 174. 7 12. 7 4. 8 27. 6 129. 5	246. 0 63. 6 182. 4 13. 7 5. 5 27. 6 135. 6	256. 9 65. 9 190. 9 15. 1 4. 4 30. 5 140. 9	227. 6 62. 3 165. 3 14. 2 4. 4 26. 1 120. 6	207. 0 61. 7 145. 3 12. 6 5. 4 19. 0 108. 3	229. 8 64. 6 165. 1 11. 3 3. 5 20. 0 130. 4	239. 5 63. 2 176. 3 11. 2 4. 1 26. 1 134. 9	257. 8 62. 5 195. 3 16. 2 5. 1 31. 3 142. 6	
All retail stores: Estimated sales (unadj.), total†⊕mil. \$	18, 294	18, 234	18,751	19,215	22,869	16, 942	15, 982	18, 970	19,172	20, 144	20, 184	19.068	19, 852	r 18, 796	r 20, 540	120, 812
Durable goods stores ♀ ⊕do Automotive group⊕do Motor veh., other automotive dealers.do Tire, battery, accessory dealers⊕do	5,894 3,292 3,082 211	5, 608 3, 076 2, 870 206	6, 037 3, 298 3, 082 216	6, 086 3, 389 3, 180 209	6, 295 3, 136 2, 862 274	5, 174 3, 106 2, 931 175	4, 980 2, 994 2, 832 162	6, 139 3, 780 3, 579 201	6, 284 3, 763 3, 544 219	6, 828 4, 026 3, 786 240	6, 786 3, 944 3, 697 247	6, 330 3, 567 3, 334 233	6, 321 3, 421 3, 194 227	7 5, 604 7 2, 808 7 2, 599 7 209	6,990	
Furniture and appliance group	883 564 319 943 718 224	865 547 318 913 700 213	915 591 324 1, 028 821 207	960 614 346 949 743 206	1, 181 718 463 906 626 280	781 492 289 687 522 165	725 461 264 652 501 151	814 532 282 816 623 193	789 529 260 950 728 222	876 577 299 1, 063 814 249	894 580 314 1,068 829 239	873 573 300 1,070 850 220	948 625 323 1,096 874 222	* 916 * 598 * 318 * 999 * 782 217	r 967 632 335 1,067 847 220	1 993
Nondurable goods stores Q do. Apparel group do. Men's and boys' wear stores do. Women's apparel, accessory stores do. Family and other apparel stores do. Shoe stores do.	12,400 1,142 218 444 276 204	12,626 1,144 222 439 282 201	12, 714 1, 188 224 462 299 203	13,129 1, 261 252 483 329 197	16, 574 2, 051 449 770 550 282	11, 768 948 196 361 225 166	11,002 795 149 312 189 145	12, 831 1, 063 186 418 263 196	12, 888 1, 307 221 496 320 270	13, 316 1, 183 221 463 285 214	$\begin{array}{c} 13,398 \\ 1,121 \\ 233 \\ 407 \\ 269 \\ 212 \end{array}$	12.738 971 185 368 236 182	13, 531 1, 096 192 414 275 215	*13, 192 *1, 193 *206 *455 *296 *236	713, 550 71, 232 233 471 315 213	114, 108 11, 307
Drug and proprietary stores do_ Eating and drinking places do_ Food group do_ Grocery stores do_ Gasoline service stations do_	628 1,341 4,486 4,028 1,466	645 1,367 4,618 4,159 1,498	634 1, 409 4, 523 4, 070 1, 550	646 1,359 4,595 4,146 1,514	890 1, 421 5, 168 4, 670 1, 546	651 1, 272 4, 470 4, 043 1, 447	622 1, 185 4, 314 3, 902 1, 333	657 1, 336 4, 971 4, 522 1, 487	643 1, 371 4, 520 4, 073 1, 511	669 1, 486 4, 791 4, 326 1, 577	667 1,537 5,033 4,563 1,623	646 1,566 4,733 4,267 1,647	658 1, 630 4, 997 4, 521 1, 662	7 632 7 1, 513 7 4, 823 7 4, 359 7 1, 564	7 647 7 1, 503 7 4, 805 7 4, 349 7 1, 596	1 653 1 1, 440 1 4, 922 1 4, 466 1 1, 575
General merchandise group ? do. Department stores do. Mail order houses (dept. store mdse.) do. Variety stores do. Liquor stores do.	2,001 1,162 155 325 407	2, 076 1, 213 161 340 409	2, 165 1, 284 178 332 397	2, 459 1, 452 237 375 430	3, 853 2, 293 248 724 647	1,632 945 131 249 378	$\begin{array}{c} 1,513\\850\\121\\265\\360\end{array}$	1, 966 1, 146 145 324 395	2, 157 1, 253 156 363 388	2, 206 1, 287 163 351 409	2,146 $1,267$ $137$ $352$ $420$	1, 930 1, 110 131 323 422	2, 247 1, 272 180 367 444	r 2, 232 r 1, 303 165 r 352 r 421	r 2, 376 r 1, 378 183 362 433	
Estimated sales (seas. adj.), total†⊕do	i	l	18,577	19,098	18,827	18, 835	18, 965	19, 266	19,596	19, 432	19,089	19.682	19, 569	r 19, 618	r 19, 784	1
Durable goods stores ♀ ⊕			5, 855 3, 268 3, 056 212	6, 190 3, 600 3, 392 208	5, 915 3, 277 3, 050 227	5, 920 3, 348 3, 126 222	5, 977 3, 361 3, 138 223	6, 180 3, 557 3, 329 228	6, 332 3, 646 3, 422 224	6, 169 3, 520 3, 297 223	6, 029 3, 436 3, 220 216	6,378 3,658 3,446 212	6, 128 3, 423 3, 218 205	7 6, 125 7 3, 372 7 3, 149 7 223	7 6, 484 3, 833 3, 613 220	
Furniture and appllance group. do Furniture, homefurnishings stores. do Household appllance, TV, radio do Lumber, building, hardware group do Lumber, bldg. materials dealersodo Hardware storesdo			880 562 318 918 719 199	866 545 321 930 729 201	914 577 337 949 726 223	885 569 316 927 714 213	879 558 321 932 722 210	888 576 312 937 715 222	888 582 306 972 753 219	876 562 314 946 728 218	861 565 296 923 713 210	908 604 304 978 763 215	909 595 314 951 736 215	* 951 * 625 * 326 * 933 * 710 * 223	\$95 578 317 926 719 207	
Nondurable goods stores ♀         do			12, 722 1, 173 231 453 282 207	12,908 1,187 220 459 295 204	12, 912 1, 164 218 445 294 207	12, 915 1, 185 224 447 300 214	12, 988 1, 170 218 438 297 217	13, 086 1, 217 232 464 306 215	13, 264 1, 207 231 450 304 222	13, 263 1, 196 236 451 304 205	13. 060 1, 114 208 431 277 198	13, 304 1, 200 229 462 301 208	13, 441 1, 224 237 463 301 223	r 13, 493 r 1, 203 r 236 r 467 r 292 r 208	713,300 1,177 231 445 289 212	113,640
Drug and proprietary stores do_ Eating and drinking places do_ Food group do_ Grorery stores do_ Gasoline service stations do_			644 1, 369 4, 646 4, 183 1, 521	675 1,398 4,694 4,244 1,519	693 1,407 4,631 4,196 1,539	655 1, 387 4, 684 4, 236 1, 543	665 1,414 4,732 4,280 1,539	658 1, 441 4, 680 4, 237 1, 552	675 1,426 4,787 4,318 1,547	677 1, 444 4, 801 4, 335 1, 533	680 1, 464 4, 722 4, 269 1, 553	674 1, 404 4, 835 4, 368 1, 525	673 1, 461 4, 856 4, 391 1, 546	7 651 7 1, 454 7 4, 915 7 4, 453 7 1, 563	648 1, 460 4, 847 4, 388 1, 558	
General merchandise group \( \foating \) do. Department stores. Mull order houses (dept. store indse.) do. Variety stores. do. Liquor stores. do.			2, 101 1, 216 166 349 411	2.165 1, 245 174 370 421	2, 184 1, 311 158 347 409	2, 133 1, 232 163 360 431	2, 138 1, 241 159 366 432	2,246 1,323 162 380 409	2, 253 1, 308 171 379 443	2, 268 1, 320 167 376 433	2, 198 1, 299 160 357 418	2, 287 1, 344 167 374 433	2, 301 1, 310 181 381 454	7 2, 332 7 1, 362 182 7 358 7 421	2, 233 1, 255 163 373 442	
Estimated inventories, end of year or month: \$\\ Book value (unadjusted), total \\ \text{bil. \$\\ \$\} \\ Durable goods stores \( \gamma \) do \\ Automotive group \\ \do \\ Furniture and appliance group \\ \do \\ Lumber, building, hardware group \\ \do \\ \do \\\ \end{arrange}	25, 98 11, 72 4, 88 1, 90 2, 35	25, 78 11, 03 4, 38 1, 88 2, 25	27, 00 10, 96 3, 90 1, 95 2, 30	27. 71 11. 26 4. 12 1. 99 2. 30	25, 78 11, 03 4, 38 1, 88 2, 25	25, 82 11, 37 4, 76 1, 85 2, 28	26, 56 11, 62 4, 96 1, 87 2, 32	27. 37 11. 83 4. 99 1. 92 2. 44	27, 54 11, 99 5, 04 1, 97 2, 50	27, 44 11, 98 5, 04 1, 94 2, 49	27. 02 11. 77 4. 87 1. 92 2. 48	26, 91 11, 76 4, 88 1, 91 2, 46	26, 66 11, 17 4, 21 1, 92 2, 44	7 27, 02 7 10, 93 7 3, 97 1, 97 2, 42	28. 03 11. 44 4. 33 2. 01 2. 40	
Nondurable goods stores \( \frac{\phi}{2} \) do Apparel group	14. 26 3. 16 3. 14 3. 89	14.75 3.22 3.31 4.04	16, 04 3, 71 3, 38 4, 81	16, 45 3, 70 3, 48 4, 94	14. 75 3. 22 3. 31 4. 04	14. 45 3. 09 3. 24 3. 98	14. 94 3. 25 3. 31 4. 20	15, 54 3, 41 3, 37 4, 43	15. 56 3. 41 3. 35 4. 46	15. 46 3. 35 3. 37 4. 42	15, 25 3, 26 3, 34 4, 34	15, 15 3, 19 3, 28 4, 38	15. 48 3. 40 3. 28 4. 53	r 16, 06 r 3, 58 r 3, 38 4, 76	16. 59 3. 69 3. 44 5. 08	
Book value (seas. adj.), total	5. 27 1. 95 2. 44	26. 86 11. 52 4. 69 1. 92 2. 33	26. 40 11. 25 4. 37 1. 89 2. 33	26. 75 11. 44 4. 58 1. 89 2. 36	26, 86 11, 52 4, 69 1, 92 2, 33	26. 86 11. 52 4. 69 1. 93 2. 34	26. 90 11. 48 4. 66 1. 93 2. 34	26. 78 11. 38 4. 54 1. 93 2. 38	26. 87 11. 43 4. 54 1. 96 2. 41	26, 94 11, 42 4, 54 1, 93 2, 40	27. 08 11. 45 4. 55 1. 92 2. 43	27. 18 11. 59 4. 67 1. 94 2. 44	27. 05 11. 51 4. 58 1. 92 2. 45	7 27. 24 7 11. 66 7 4. 72 1. 94 2. 44	27.39 11.76 4.82 1.94 2.43	
Nondurable goods stores	3.36	3. 31	15. 14 3. 39 3. 32 4 34	15.32 3.39 3.39 4.39	15.34 3.41 3.31 4.44	15. 34 3. 40 3. 32 4. 43	15. 42 3. 39 3. 34 4 44	15. 40 3. 35 3. 35 4. 41	15. 44 3. 39 3. 33	15. 52 3. 40 3. 36	15.62 3.43 3.34	15, 59 3, 41 3, 30	15, 54 3, 39 3, 33	7 15. 58 3. 34 7 3. 40	15, 63 3, 37 3, 38	

lumber yards, building materials dealers, and paint, plumbing, and electrical stores.

1Retail inventories have been revised beginning 1946. Revisions for Dec. 1957-Sept. 1960 appear on p. 24 of the Dec. 1961 Survey; those for the earlier period are available upon request.

Inless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961		1961							1962					
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon aver		Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oet.	No
		D	OME	STIC	TRA	DE-	Cont	inued		ü						
RETAIL TRADE—Continued																
irms with 4 or more stores: Estimated sales (unadjusted), total¶mil. \$	4, 724	5, 127	5, 231	5, 592	7, 466	4, 564	4, 306	5, 252	5, 236	5, 396	5, 499	5, 041	5, 526	<sup>7</sup> 5, 413	5, 622	 
`irms with 11 or more stores: Estimated sales (unadj.), total♀¶do	4,223	4, 378	4, 414	4, 716	6, 364	3, 866	3, 673	4, 508	4, 464	4, 594	4, 698	4, 269	4,670	r 4, 559	4, 692	
Apparel group ? do  Men's and boys' wear stores do  Women's apparel, accessory stores do  Shoe stores do  Drug and proprietary stores do  Eating and drinking places do	293 29 118 85 121 93	297 30 120 86 127 95	310 32 125 85 122 98	335 37 138 85 130 98	542 64 229 129 212 100	224 $24$ $85$ $70$ $124$ $93$	198 18 79 64 118 88	273 25 108 82 130 98	361 32 138 118 130 98	315 29 128 97 132 103	299 30 116 95 134 106	250 22 100 79 129 105	291 23 115 96 131 106	318 25 125 105 129	314 30 124 93 132 103	
Furniture, homefurnishings storesdo  General merchandise group ?do Dept. stores, excl. mail or der salesdo Variety storesdo Grocery storesdo Lumber yards, bldg. materials dealers ofdo	37 1, 290 781 251 1, 785	38 1,354 823 262 1,843	41 1, 421 872 261 1, 771	1,610 975 286 1,843	2, 517 1, 517 550 2, 135	32 1,052 642 183 1,784	965 576 196 1,744	1, 253 775 241 2, 100	37 1,398 858 277 1,805	1, 424 883 268 1, 908	38 1,402 875 271 2,041	36 1, 262 770 248 1, 818	1, 459 870 285 1, 960	1,436 884 271 1,893	1, 519 939 279 1, 890	
Lumber yards, bldg. materials dealers	69 82	63 83	74 87	64 85	51 116	42 72	44 64	54 80	62 87	69 100	71 101	72 96	76 91	67 86	73 92	
Estimated sales (seas, adj.), total Qdo			4, 432	4, 516	4, 569	4, 501	4, 523	4, 653	4, 582	4, 591	4, 523	4, 635	4,670	, 4, 691	4,610	
Apparel group ? do Men's and boys' wear stores do Women's apparel, accessory stores do Shoe stores do Drug and proprietary stores do Eating and drinking places do Furniture, homefurnishings stores do			308 32 125 90 126 96 38	313 31 128 90 135 100 37	302 30 125 84 141 100 41	314 30 126 95 133 101 39	313 29 125 97 135 99 36	311 31 124 95 133 100 41	302 29 119 92 138 100 39	311 30 122 93 134 102 40	291 28 117 86 136 102 37	314 30 125 92 134 99 40	330 32 127 98 135 99 40	313 30 129 93 7 135 99 41	305 29 121 95 136 100 41	
General merchandise group Q do_ Dept. stores, excl. mail order sales do_ Variety stores do_ Grocery stores do_ Lumber yards, bldg. materials dealers do_ Tire, battery, accessory dealers do_			1, 379 830 276 1, 845 64 88	1, 410 851 279 1, 877 63 87	1, 434 916 257 1, 899 63 90	1, 408 848 268 1, 865 56 92	1, 407 858 272 1, 890 63 88	1, 511 941 288 1, 903 64 91	1, 414 852 283 1, 921 65 89	1, 451 878 287 1, 906 61 89	1, 420 870 275 1, 899 61 87	1. 472 896 287 1, 913 64 89	1, 487 886 302 1, 921 62 86	1, 496 916 284 1, 936 61 93	1, 428 863 288 1, 940 61 90	
	12,937 6, 104 6, 833 7, 122 5, 815	1 13,053 5, 903 7, 150 7, 161 5, 892	12, 200 6, 016 6, 184 6, 819 5, 381	12, 368 5, 958 6, 410 6, 886 5, 482	13, 053 5, 903 7, 150 7, 161 5, 892	12, 301 5, 698 6, 603 6, 812 5, 489	12, 007 5, 530 6, 477 6, 541 5, 466	12, 135 5, 609 6, 526 6, 562 5, 573	12,678 5,864 6,814 6,901 5,777	12, 868 5, 948 6, 920 7, 008 5, 860	13, 010 6, 088 6, 922 7, 008 6, 002	12, 948 6, 153 6, 795 6, 898 6, 050	13, 045 6, 213 6, 832 6, 973 6, 072	713, 156 76, 148 77, 008 76, 977 76, 179	13, 351 6, 200 7, 151 7, 125 6, 226	
Department stores: Ratio of collections to accounts receivable: Charge accounts	46 15 43 42	47 15 43 42 16	48 16 41 43	49 17 42 42	48 16 45 40	47 16 42 40	46 15 42 41	50 16 42 42 16	46 17 43 41	48 17 42 41	48 17 43 40	47 16 44 39	47 17 44 39	46 17 42 41	49 17 41 42	
Installment salesdo Sales, total United States:‡	15	10	16	16	15	18	17		16	17	17	17	17	17	17	
Unadjusted         1957-59=100           Seasonally adjusted         do           Stocks, total U.S., end of month:         tonadjusted           Unadjusted         do           Seasonally adjusted         do	106	110	113 109 125 112	134 112 r 130 r 113	204 113 * 104 113	* 110 * 102 114	r 83 110 r 108 r 115	7 96 117 116 116	112 113 118 115	7 117 7 117	105 111 112 118	96 114 112 118	104 115 117 118	117 117 125 118	<sup>r</sup> p 113 p 110 p 135 p 120	
WHOLESALE TRADE †																
ales, estimated (unadj.), totalbil. \$ Durable goods establishmentsdo Nondurable goods establishmentsdo	12.33 4.44 7.89	12.56 4.28 8.27	13.69 4.74 8.95	13.64 4.55 9.09	12.87 4.22 8.65	12.33 4.14 8.19	11. 57 3. 96 7. 61	12. 98 4. 52 8. 46	12.60 4.54 8.06	13. 52 4. 76 8. 76	13.12 4.69 8.43	12.71 4.47 8.24	13.71 4.78 8.93	7 12.86 7 4.50 7 8.36	14, 45 5, 00	
ventories, estimated (unadj.), total. do	1 13. 21 6, 61 6. 60	113.49 6.68 6.81	13. 74 6. 77 6. 97	13. 78 6. 74 7. 04	13. 49 6. 68 6. 81	13. 59 6. 72 6. 87	13. 56 6. 79 6. 77	13. 68 6. 96 6. 72	13. 61 6. 98 6. 62	13. 59 7. 05 6. 54	13, 71 7, 08 6, 63	13.70 7.06 6.64	13. 76 7. 01 6. 75	1	9. 45 14. 16 6. 97	
Hondurable goods establishments		<u> </u>	IPLO	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		0.01	0.00	1 0.01	0.75	1 . 0. 55	7. 19	
POPULATION												1	<u> </u>	1	1	1
opulation, U.S. (incl. Alaska and Hawaii); Total, incl. armed forces overseas	2 180.68	2183.74	184. 57	184. 84	185. 07	185. 29	185. 51	185. 71	185. 94	186. 15	186. 37	186. 59	186, 85	187. 11	187.38	18
Voninstitutional population, est. number 14 years of age and over, total, unadjmilmil	125. 37	127.85	128, 57	128.76	128. 94	129. 12	129. 29	129. 47	129, 59	129. 75	129. 93	130.18	130, 36	130. 55	130. 73	13
Total labor force, incl. armed forces	73, 126 70, 612 66, 681 5, 723 60, 958	74, 175 71, 603 66, 796 5, 463 61, 333	74, 345 71, 759 67, 824 5, 964 61, 860	74, 096 71, 339 67, 349 5, 199 62, 149	73, 372 70, 559 66, 467 4, 418 62, 049	72, 564 69, 721 65, 058 4, 417 60, 641	73, 218 70, 332 65, 789 4, 578 61, 211	70, 697	373, 654 70, 769 366, 824 4, 961 61, 863	74, 797 71, 922 68, 203 5, 428 62, 775	76, 857 74, 001 69, 539 6, 290 63, 249	76, 437 73, 582 69, 564 6, 064 63, 500	76, 554 73, 695 69, 762 5, 770 63, 993	74, 914 72, 179 68, 668 5, 564 63, 103	74, 923 72, 187 68, 893 5, 475 63, 418	74 71 67 4 63
Unemployed, total do Long-term (15 weeks and over) do Percent of civilian labor force	3, 931 956 5. 6 52, 242	4,806 1,532 6.7 53,677	3, 934 1, 240 5, 5 54, 226	3, 990 1, 137 5, 6 54, 659	4, 091 1, 233 5, 8 55, 570	4, 663 1, 252 6, 7 56, 554	4, 543 1, 431 6. 5 56, 072	4, 382 1, 485 6. 2 55, 889	3, 946 1, 483 5. 6 55, 933	3, 719 1, 274 5. 2 54, 956	4, 463 1, 033 6. 0 53, 072	4,018 921 5,5 53,746	3, 932 934 5. 3 53, 805	3, 512 906 4. 9 55, 631	3, 294 865 4, 6 55, 808	3 56
Civilian labor force, seas. adj.*			5, 472 61, 369 4, 762	71, 482 67, 148 5, 311 61, 840 4, 370 6, 1	71, 272 66, 936 5, 204 61, 618 4, 274 6. 0	71, 435 67, 278 5, 453 61, 690 4, 159 5, 8	71, 841 67, 894 5, 603 62, 206 4, 008 5, 6	67, 947 5, 560 62, 280 3, 914	<sup>3</sup> 71, 484 <sup>3</sup> 67, 499 5, 255 62, 236 3, 963 5. 5	71, 850 67, 931 5, 214 62, 775 3, 903 5, 4	71, 706 67, 711 5, 190 62, 747 3, 917 5, 5	71, 578 67, 735 5, 143 62, 809 3, 828 5, 3	72, 392 68, 194 5, 166 63, 172 4, 218	72, 035 67, 854 5, 063 62, 914 4, 167 5, 8	71, 899 67, 875 5, 023 62, 915 3, 977	71 67 4 62 4

Hobitily labor force data (1948-60) appear in "Employment and Earnings," BLS (Feb. 1962), the vised series, reflecting (1) adjustment to 1958 Census of Business benchmarks, (2) shift to 1957-59 base period, and (3) review of seasonal factors. Revisions beginning 1947 appear in the Federal Reserve Bullerin, July 1962. 

Beginning Apr. 1962, not strictly comparable with earlier data; see July 1962 Survey.

<sup>\*</sup>Revised. \*Preliminary. 1 End of year. 2 As of July 1. 3 See note "\tilde{\theta}".

¶ Revised beginning Feb. pl61; revisions for Feb.—Apr. 1961 will be shown later.

§ Includes data not shown separately.

«\*Comprises lumber yards, building materials dealers, and paint, plumbing, and electrical stores. | See corresponding note on p. S-11. | § Revisions (1950-61) are available.

\*New series. Back data for accounts receivable are available from Bureau of the Census.

1960 1961 1961 1962 Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS Monthly Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov.p average

### EMPLOYMENT AND POPULATION—Continued EMPLOYMENT—Continued Employees on payrolls (nonagricultural estab.):† Total, unadjusted†.....thous. 54, 347 54, 077 55, 065 55,503 55, 209 55, 129 53, 737 53, 823 54,056 54 849 55, 777 55, 493 55 709 56.252 56 306 56, 206 Manufacturing establishments \_\_\_\_\_do\_\_ Durable goods industries\_\_\_\_\_\_do\_\_ Nondurable goods industries\_\_\_\_\_do\_\_ 16,658 9,329 7,329 16, 525 9, 339 7, 186 17,024 9,558 7,466 16, 762 16, 267 16,556 16, 370 16, 452 16, 636 16, 682 9, 463 7, 319 9, 402 7, 529 9,441 7,3219,042 7,225 9, 201 7, 406 9, 297 7, 259 9, 222 7, 148 9, 287 7, 165 9, 422 7, 214 9, 475 7, 207 9, 547 7, 323 9,571 7,556 9,537 7,371 r 646 Mining, total Q \_\_\_\_\_do\_\_\_ 666 668 667 657 647 642 640 647 657 661 648 658 r 651 641 Metal do Coal mining do Crude petroleum and natural gas do Crude petroleum and natural 86 156 306 86 154 305 86 149 302 87 146 302 88 145 304 89 143 308 88 130 310 84 142 309 87 156 85 156 86 153 -----309 306 302 -----Contract construction \_\_\_\_\_\_\_do\_\_ Transportation and public utilities? \_\_\_\_do\_\_ Railroad transportation \_\_\_\_\_\_\_do\_\_ Local and interurban passenger transit\_do\_\_ 2, 825 3, 943 816 267 2, 575 3, 927 824 269 2,882 4,017 2, 298 3, 031 3, 963 810 254 2, 282 2, 328 2,760 2.981 2,589 2,749 2,839 2.982 2.978 2 930 2 792 3, 923 820 270 3, 953 822 268 3, 863 799 267 3, 880 803 262 3, 904 808 267 3, 924 815 266 3, 965 819 261 3, 863 3,938 801 270 887 283 784 r 265 811 254 -----268 867 200 684 919 208 692 887 205 687 601 $\frac{913}{199}$ 872 201 $\frac{879}{204}$ $\frac{893}{207}$ r 942 210 r 693 Motor freight trans, and storage.....do... 895 -----Air transportation do Telephone communication do Electric, gas, and sanitary services do do Telephone communication do Telephone 200 686 $\frac{199}{699}$ 193 698 $\frac{212}{689}$ 689 688 685 695 684 688 611 606 604 602 600 600 602 618 619 -----11. 558 3, 107 8, 451 2, 841 7, 867 Wholesale and retail trade\_\_\_\_do\_\_\_ 11,412 31,611 12,181 11,270 11,223 11, 476 11,368 11, 450 11, 188 11, 470 11,582 11,540 11,627 11,691 11,838 3, 051 8, 560 2, 757 7, 596 9, 072 3, 021 8, 249 2, 747 7, 510 9, 032 3, 021 8, 167 2, 749 7, 545 9, 102 3, 022 8, 201 2, 754 7, 573 9, 133 3, 034 8, 442 2, 780 7, 769 9, 172 3, 074 8, 508 2, 808 7, 881 9, 171 3,062 9,119 2,756 3,028 8,442 2,770 7,690 3, 091 8, 449 2, 839 7, 884 7 3, 105 7 8, 522 2, 813 7 7, 856 3, 115 8, 576 2, 805 7, 863 3, 117 8, 721 2, 803 7, 829 3,009 3,008 3,049 8, 361 2, 748 7, 516 8, 401 2, 758 7, 618 8, 403 7,573 9,278 8, 520 8,828 9,030 9, 143 8,860 r 9, 241 9,390 9,457 Total, seasonally adjusted† do. Manufacturing establishments do. Durable goods industries do. Ordnance and accessories do. Lumber and wood products do. Furniture and fixtures do. Stone, clay, and glass products do. Primary metal industries do. 55, 589 16, 711 9, 416 220 606 54, 077 54, 385 54, 525 54,492 54, 434 54, 773 54,901 55, 260 55, 403 55, 535 55, 617 55, 536 16, 795 9, 461 222 55,583 55,620 16, 456 9, 217 207 598 372 16, 466 9, 213 206 602 16, 682 9, 385 210 610 16, 923 9, 555 213 611 16,776 7 9, 467 223 7 601 16, 267 9, 042 16,513 9,244 16, 572 16.84816, 891 16,908 16.805 9,1129, 490 211 611 9, 544 213 609 9, 552 217 607 9, 486 220 603 9, 441 9,312 201 600 $\frac{208}{600}$ 609 612 386 581 1.149 380 7 576 7 1, 134 377 7 578 7 1, 119 367 372 373 375 375 379 387 385 377 574 1,174 562 1, 217 571 1, 223 579 1, 199 581 1, 163 583 1, 141 574 1, 114 559 1,229 1, 142 1,178 1, 184 1, 194 1, 211 1,128 1,076 1. 091 1,097 1,098 1,092 1.097 1.109 1, 135 Fabricated metal products.....do... 1,129 1,471 1,5281 131 1.110 Machinery do--Electrical equipment and supplies do--1, 401 1, 436 1,409 1,455 1,412 1,456 1, 418 1, 471 1, 416 1, 477 1, 421 1, 495 1, 437 1, 510 1, 453 1, 528 1, 460 1, 541 1, 470 1, 554 1,474 1, 480 1, 541 r 1, 480 1,480 1,530 Transportation equipment\_\_\_\_\_\_do\_\_ Instruments and related products\_\_\_do\_\_ Miscellaneous manufacturing ind\_\_\_do\_\_ 1,588 $\substack{1,611\\355\\385}$ 1, 663 359 399 1,617 1,522 1,496 1,579 1,569 1, 595 $\substack{1.637\\356\\394}$ 1, 687 359 400 1, 649 360 396 1,688 1,619 1,694 1,675 354 392 $\frac{346}{382}$ 349 384 351 389 $\frac{352}{387}$ $\frac{351}{382}$ $\frac{352}{384}$ r 358 r 393 $\frac{362}{397}$ 362 401 358 393 Nondurable goods industries do...Food and kindred products do...Tobacco manufactures do...Textile mill products do...Apparel and related products do...Paper and allied products do... 7, 225 1, 780 90 7, 269 1, 782 89 7, 260 1, 776 89 7, 297 1, 777 90 7, 368 1, 774 87 7, 321 7, 253 7, 239 7, 358 1, 788 7, 347 1, 776 7,356 1,777 89 7, 334 1, 763 7,309 1,770 1,92 7, 295 1, 772 90 7 249 7,319 1,7701, 793 94 915 1, 791 87 1,778 89 93 880 1, 200 590 884 1, 203 593 886 1, 211 597 884 1, 196 593 884 1, 206 595 886 1, 227 599 889 1, 258 602 891 1, 257 606 879 1, 246 606 7 874 7 1, 243 7 603 7 871 1, 240 604 867 1, 235 601 890 885 1, 249 882 1, 204 591 1, 248 604 60€ 928 837 197 934 847 199 937 853 199 937 858 199 Printing, publishing, and allied ind\_do\_\_\_ 917 $937 \\ 855 \\ 198$ r 938 r 853 r 191 937 856 190 926 925 929 926 929 931 935 936Chemicals and allied products....do...Petroleum refining and related ind...do...Rubber and mise, plastic products...do...Leather and leather products...do... 836 200 377 360 841 200 381 359 842 199 384 362 835 839 r 856 r 191 365 $\frac{392}{366}$ 399 395 r 393 399 7 358 357 665 2, 719 3, 927 11, 374 2, 771 7, 611 8, 992 654 2, 699 3, 911 11, 366 2, 770 7, 642 654 2, 648 3, 927 11, 460 2, 776 7, 681 9, 073 661 656 2,734659 716 652 2,671646 7 641 2,715 648 639 639 Contract construction do Transportation and public utilities do Wholesale and retail trade do Finance, insurance, and real estate do Services and miscellaneous do Government do 2, 594 3, 906 11, 384 2, 772 7, 640 9, 029 2, 716 3, 936 11, 596 2, 786 7, 692 9, 127 2,738 3,913 11,652 2,792 7,783 9,183 2, 731 3, 932 11, 627 2, 796 7, 805 9, 204 2, 687 3, 922 11, 597 2, 817 7, 845 9, 371 2,758 3,929 2,694 3,914 7 2,710 7 3,933 11,603 7 2,811 7 7,824 7 9,324 2,882 4,017 2,760 3, 923 11, 368 2, 748 7, 516 8, 828 2, 677 3, 934 11, 621 2, 788 7, 749 9, 197 3, 935 11, 546 2, 778 7, 675 $\frac{2}{3},928$ 11,61211, 412 2, 684 7, 361 , 365 , 764 , 580 3, 914 11, 447 2, 774 7, 675 9, 044 11 2,799 7,809 Production workers on mfg. payrolls, unadjusted:† Total, unadjusted†\_\_\_\_\_\_thous\_ Seasonally adjusted\_\_\_\_\_do\_\_\_ 12,562 12,044 12, 414 12, 225 12, 303 12, 257 12, 187 12, 372 12.240 12 338 12.516 12, 129 12, 197 12, 300 12,387 12,54112, 566 12, 581 12, 551 12, 432 12,446 12,416 12, 348 7,021 6,613 6, 764 6, 760 6, 820 6, 846 6, 857 6, 903 6, 975 7, 037 7, 025 7, 035 6.925 7,0247,034 6,953 7,028 6,932 101 7 557 6, 931 7, 000 6,862 7,001 6, 879 101 548 319 6, 925 102 89 570 319 94 7 99 568 313 101 7 567 323 7 479 97 509 311 435 991 474 527 313 454 991 546 314 467 964 571 317 476 936 542 520 507 513 310 317 470 950 316 463 953 314 449 960 450 304 308 432 969 460 840 982 1,008 1,111 555 395 225 288 322 r 474 $\frac{432}{984}$ 481 906 476 466 , 911 399 , 872 1, 021 r 898 894 906 398 851 1,015 1,041 1,008 441 388 229 428 820 964 963 1,035 446 856 960 470 837 997 446 861 1, 026 420 868 1, 034 1, 039 451 399 865 1, 016 869 1,030 1,020 1,018 987 1, 133 1,012 1,1241,013 1,013 1.014 1.019 1,0251,031 1,059 063 1, 119 553 395 225 295 1, 118 551 393 227 299 1, 133 573 380 227 315 1, 118 557 382 226 1, 133 566 r 389 r 230 1, 152 582 392 1, 121 561 1.0211, 123 565 1, 137 1, 157 492 379 222 306 564 390 229 330580 378 228 469 393 227 307 392 $\frac{384}{226}$ $\frac{232}{316}$ r 230 232 334 308 322 316 331 r 338 342 337 Nondurable goods industries, unadj...do... 5, 531 5, 459 1, 220 5, 541 5.431 5,608 5, 459 5, 460 1, 159 5, 367 5, 454 5, 491 5, 546 1, 176 65 803 1, 093 5, 682 5, 507 1, 304 90 5, 354 5, 383 5, 478 5, 527 5, 407 5, 397 5, 637 5, 544 5, 437 1, 109 5, 453 1, 286 5, 484 1, 086 69 794 5, 529 1, 121 64 797 5, 484 1, 265 r 98 5, 541 r 5, 493 1,211 1, 191 1, 111 66 796 1, 199 84 788 1,088 1, 224 65 7 1, 330 7 105 83 827 79 793 79 792 1,062 470 793 1, 093 1, 067 470 1, 084 477 1, 106 1.0961,080 1,071 1, 129 r = 1.1251.117 1 118 474 478 477 468 471 475 475 483 592 $\begin{array}{c} 602 \\ 510 \end{array}$ 596 604602 592593 596 596 595 597 592 596 603 r 606 605 511 138 113 506 131 107 518 127 105 295 322 527 128 105 294 318 525 129 104 523 128 103 509 r 523 r 122 r 97 512 520 521 127 105 295126 127 $\frac{130}{104}$ $\frac{130}{104}$ 107 102 101 105 $\frac{96}{311}$

294 319

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321 The revision affects all series; previously published estimates are not directly comparable with the revised data. Unpublished revisions (prior to Sept. 1960) on new basis are in BLS Bulletin No. 1312, available in many public libraries. Q Includes data for industries not shown separately.

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r 308

r 319

 $\frac{298}{313}$ 

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<sup>†</sup> Revised. † Preliminary. † Total and components are based on unadjusted data. † Revised series. Beginning with the Nov. 1961 SURVEY, data for employment, hours, carnings, and labor turnover have been adjusted to the Mar. 1959 benchmark and have been converted to the 1957 SIC. Effective Jan. 1959 the data include Alaska and Hawaii.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961	<del></del>	1961		~= <u></u>					1962					
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon aver		Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.p
	ЕМІ	PLOY	MEN'	T AN	D PO	PUL	ATIO	N—Co	ontin	ued						
EMPLOYMENT—Continued																
Miscellaneous employment data: Federal civilian employees (executive branch): United Statesthous Wash, D.C., metropolitan areado	2, 243 215	2, 251 220	2, 254 221	2, 262 221	1 2, 481 1 227	2, 252 222	2, 260 223	2, 265 223	2, 277 224	2, 284 225	2. 324 235	2, 339 237	2, 336 236	2,306 231	2.304 231	
Railroad employees (class I railroads): Totaldo Index, seasonally adjustedo^11957-59=100	805 <sup>2</sup> 88. 6	739 2 81. 5	743 83. 2	737 84. 0	740 84. 5	721 78. 0	720 78. 8	723 79. 6	726 80. 0	735 80. 3	738 79. 9	731 79. 3	730 79.8	704 • 78. 2	712 v 79. 9	
INDEXES OF WEEKLY PAYROLLS†  Construction (construction workers)†.1957-59=100.  Manufacturing (production workers)†do.  Mining (production workers)†do.	106, 9 106, 6 95, 2	106. 4 105. 2 89. 9	121. 8 110. 5 93. 9	110.1 112.3 92.3	95, 9 112, 3 90, 5	81. 3 108. 5 87. 8	82. 4 109. 5 88. 4	87. 6 110. 9 88. 7	101. 2 112. 6 89. 7	111. 6 113. 2 90. 3	114. 0 115. 1 92. 0	124.8 113.2 88.8	128. 5 113. 6 92. 2	r 127. 0 117. 4 r 92. 0	123. 9 7 115. 7 90. 1	115. 2
HOURS AND EARNINGS †																
Average weekly gross hours per worker on payrolls of nonagricultural estab., unadjusted.† All manufacturing estab., unadj.†, hours. Sensonally adjusted	$   \begin{array}{r}     39.7 \\     \hline     2.4 \\     40.1 \\     \hline     2.4   \end{array} $	39. 8 	40, 4 40, 2 2, 8 40, 9 40, 6 2, 7	40.6 40.6 2.9 41.1 41.2 2.9	40. 6 40. 4 2. 9 41. 3 41. 2 3. 0	39. 7 39. 8 2. 6 40. 3 40. 3 2. 6	40. 0 40. 3 2. 5 40. 6 40. 9 2. 5	40. 3 40. 5 2. 6 40. 8 41. 0 2. 7	40. 4 40. 8 2. 7 41. 1 41. 3 2. 7	40. 5 40. 6 2. 8 41. 1 41. 1 2. 8	40. 7 40. 5 2. 9 41. 2 41. 0 3. 0	40. 5 40. 5 2. 8 40. 8 41. 0 2. 8	40. 4 40. 2 2. 8 40. 9 40. 9 2. 8	7 40. 7 7 40. 5 3. 0 41. 2 41. 0 7 3. 1	40. 3 40. 1 2. 8 41. 0 40. 7 2. 9	40. 4 40. 4 2. 9 41. 0 41. 1 2. 9
Ordnance and accessories do  Lumber and wood products do  Furniture and fixtures do  Stone, clay, and glass products do  Primary metal industries do  Blast furnaces, steel and rolling mills do	40. 7 39. 0 40. 0 40. 6 39. 0 38. 0	40. 8 39. 5 39. 9 40. 7 39. 5 38. 7	41. 4 40. 5 41. 3 41. 3 40. 3 39. 5	41.6 39.4 41.3 41.0 40.2 39.1	41.7 38.9 41.7 40.1 40.8 39.8	41. 0 37. 3 39. 0 38. 9 40. 8 40. 7	41.3 39.3 40.2 39.8 40.8 40.6	41. 6 38. 9 40. 6 40. 2 41. 0 40. 6	41.7 39.5 40.6 40.9 40.9	41. 4 40. 4 40. 4 41. 5 39. 9 38. 3	41. 3 40. 4 41. 0 41. 5 40. 1 38. 0	40. 7 40. 4 40. 3 41. 6 39. 4 37. 4	40. 9 40. 9 41. 3 41. 8 39. 4 37. 8	7 41. 2 40. 8 41. 6 41. 6 40. 0 7 38. 6	7 41. 2 7 40. 1 7 41. 4 7 41. 4 7 39. 4 37. 6	41. 0 39. 6 40. 7 41. 0 39. 7
Fabricated metal productsdo Machinerydo Electrical equipment and suppliesdo	40. 5 41. 0 39. 8	40. 5 40. 9 40. 2	41.1 41.3 40.7	41.3 41.2 40.8	41. 4 41. 9 41. 1	40.3 41.3 40.3	40, 6 41, 6 40, 3	40. 9 41. 9 40. 5	41. 1 42. 1 40. 6	41. 3 42. 1 40. 7	41. 7 42. 1 40. 9	40. 9 41. 7 40. 3	41. 3 41. 6 40. 5	7 41. 5 41. 6 41. 0	7 41. 2 41. 4 7 40. 7	41. 2 41. 1 40. 5
Transportation equipment?do Motor vehicles and equipmentdo Aircraft and partsdo Instruments and related productsdo Miscellaneous mfg. industriesdo	40. 7 41. 0 40. 9 40. 4 39. 3	40. 5 40. 1 41. 4 40. 7 39. 5	41.3 41.5 41.5 41.1 40.2	42.7 44.1 41.8 41.3 40.4	43. 0 44. 5 42. 3 41. 3 40. 0	41. 2 41. 7 41. 7 40. 8 39. 1	41. 0 41. 0 41. 8 40. 5 39. 1	41. 5 41. 6 41. 9 40. 5 40. 1	41.8 $42.4$ $41.8$ $41.0$ $40.0$	42. 2 43. 1 41. 6 40. 9 39. 9	41. 9 42. 5 41. 6 41. 2 39. 9	41. 9 42. 7 41. 4 40. 8 39. 3	41. 1 40. 9 41. 5 41. 0 39. 7	42. 2 7 43. 1 7 41. 8 7 40. 9 7 40. 1	7 42. 6 43. 6 42. 2 7 40. 9 7 39. 9	43. 3 
Nondurable goods industries, unadj	39. 2 2. 5 40. 9 38. 2 39. 5 35. 5 42. 2	39. 3 2. 5 40. 9 39. 0 39. 9 35. 4 42. 5	39.8 39.6 2.9 41.4 40.8 40.9 35.8 43.0	39. 9 39. 7 2. 8 41. 0 38. 3 41. 4 36. 3 43. 2	39. 8 39. 7 2. 7 40. 9 40. 1 41. 1 35. 9 43. 0	39. 0 39. 2 2. 5 40. 2 36. 6 40. 1 34. 5 42. 1	39. 2 39. 5 2. 5 40. 0 37. 4 40. 5 35. 9 42. 2	39. 5 39. 9 2. 6 40. 2 37. 7 40. 8 36. 6 42. 5	39. 6 40. 2 2. 6 40. 5 38. 0 40. 7 36. 5 42. 3	39. 8 40. 1 2. 8 41. 1 38. 4 40. 9 36. 5 42. 4	40. 1 40. 0 2. 9 41. 2 38. 4 41. 1 36. 8 42. 9	40. 0 39. 8 2. 8 42. 0 37. 2 40. 6 36. 6 42. 8	39. 9 39. 4 2. 7 41. 2 37. 8 40. 6 37. 0 42. 9	40. 0 39. 7 2. 9 7 41. 8 7 41. 6 40. 2 36. 5 43. 0	39. 4 39. 2 7 2. 7 40. 7 39. 3 40. 5 7 35. 9 7 42. 5	39. 6 39. 4 2. 8 40. 7 38. 8 40. 7 36. 3 42. 5
Printing, publishing, and allied ind do Chemicals and allied products	38. 5 41. 3 41. 1 40. 8 39. 9 36. 9	38. 2 41. 4 41. 2 40. 9 40. 3 37. 4	38, 3 41, 6 41, 7 40, 9 40, 7 36, 7	38. 3 41. 8 41. 6 41. 4 41. 2 38. 0	38. 7 41. 6 40. 8 40. 8 41. 8 38. 7	37. 9 41. 5 41. 7 42. 1 40. 7 38. 7	38. 1 41. 4 40. 6 40. 7 40. 2 38. 0	38. 5 41. 4 40. 7 40. 5 40. 6 38. 0	38. 4 41. 7 41. 3 41. 0 41. 0 37. 1	38. 4 41. 8 41. 6 41. 2 41. 3 37. 2	38. 3 41. 8 42. 0 41. 4 42. 0 38. 3	38. 2 41. 5 42. 3 41. 6 40. 9 38. 5	38. 4 41. 4 41. 7 40. 8 40. 9 38. 1	7 38. 6 41. 5 7 42. 7 7 42. 0 7 41. 2 7 37. 2	38. 1 7 41. 3 7 41. 6 40. 8 7 40. 9 7 36. 3	38. 2 41. 4 41. 5 40. 8 37. 2
Nonmanufacturing establishments:†  Mining 9 do  Metal mining do  Coal mining do  Crude petroleum and natural gas do	40. 4 41. 8 35. 5 42. 0	40. 6 41. 4 35. 8 41. 8	41. 8 42. 1 37. 8 42. 5	41.0 41.3 37.6 41.7	40. 7 42. 1 37. 7 41. 7	39. 9 41. 3 37. 5 41. 0	40. 7 41. 7 37. 6 41. 9	40. 9 41. 8 37. 6 41. 9	41. 0 41. 7 37. 1 42. 0	40. 9 42. 0 35. 0 41. 9	41. 3 42. 0 37. 2 41. 6	40. 9 41. 3 	41. 6 40. 7 36. 5 42. 3	41. 5 r 41. 3 r 36. 3 r 42. 2	41. 3 40. 9 36. 8 41. 9	
Contract construction	36. 7 35. 4 40. 7 35. 9	36. 9 35. 8 40. 3 36. 2	38. 2 36. 8 42. 5 37. 2	36. 5 35. 5 39. 0 36. 0	34. 9 33. 8 36. 5 34. 9	33. 4 32. 1 34. 0 34. 0	35. 1 34. 4 38. 3 34. 4	36, 1 35, 0 39, 3 35, 5	36. 7 35. 7 39. 3 36. 2	38. 1 36. 7 42. 2 37. 2	37. 6 36. 1 41. 4 36. 7	38. 4 36. 8 42. 7 37. 4	38, 8 37, 0 43, 5 37, 5	7 38. 5 7 36. 7 7 42. 7 7 37. 6	38. 3 36. 7 42. 4 37. 3	
Transportation and public utilities:  Local and suburban transportationdo  Motor freighttransportation and storage.do Telephone communicationdo Electric, gas, and sanitary servicesdo Wholesale and retall tradedo Wholesale tradedo Retail trade§do.	43. 1 41. 5 39. 6 41. 0 39. 0 40. 5 38. 5	42. 9 41. 6 39. 4 40. 9 38. 8 40. 5 38. 1	42. 9 42. 3 40. 1 41. 2 38. 6 40. 6 37. 8	43. 3 41. 9 39. 7 41. 3 38. 4 40. 6 37. 5	43. 0 42. 0 39. 5 41. 0 39. 0 40. 8 38. 3	42. 6 40. 9 39. 3 41. 2 38. 5 40. 4 37. 7	42. 4 41. 0 39. 4 40. 8 38. 5 40. 3 37. 7	42. 8 41. 0 39. 3 40. 9 38. 6 40. 5 37. 8	42. 6 41. 2 39. 2 40. 8 38. 5 40. 6 37. 6	42. 8 41. 4 39. 4 40. 8 38. 6 40. 6 37. 7	43. 0 41. 9 39. 7 40. 8 38. 9 40. 7 38. 2	42. 4 41. 9 40. 3 41. 1 39. 2 40. 8 38. 5	42.8 42.1 40.2 41.0 39.2 40.7 38.6	42.1 42.1 740.6 741.3 38.8 740.7 738.0	41. 9 41. 4 40. 0 40. 9 38. 5 40. 6 37. 6	
Services and miscellaneous: Hotels, tourist courts, and motelsdo Laundries, cleaning and dyeing plants.do	39, 9 38, 8	39. 6 38. 8	39, 9 39, 1	39.0 38.8	39. 0 38. 7	38. 9 37. 9	39. 0 38. 0	39. 1 38. 6	38. 9 39. 4	39. 3 39. 9	39. 7 39. 5	39. 6 39. 3	39. 9 39. 1	7 38. 7 7 39. 1	38. 7 39. 1	
Average weekly gross earnings per worker on payrolls of nonagricultural establishments:† All manufacturing establishments† Durable goods industries	89. 72 97. 44 108. 67 73. 71	92. 34 100. 10 113. 42 77. 03	94, 54 102, 66 115, 92 81, 41	95, 82 104, 39 116, 90 78, 41	96. 63 105. 32 117. 18 76. 63	94. 88 103. 17 115. 21 73. 48	95, 20 103, 53 116, 47 76, 24	95, 91 104, 45 117, 31 75, 08	96. 56 105. 22 118. 43 77. 82	96. 80 105. 22 117. 16 79. 59	97. 27 105. 47 116. 88 80. 40	96. 80 104. 45 115. 18 80. 40	95. 75 103. 89 115. 34 81. 80	7 97. 68 105. 88 7 117. 01 82. 01	96. 72 105. 37 7117. 01 7 79. 80	97. 36 105. 78 116. 44 78. 41
Furniture and fixturesdo Stone, clay, and glass productsdo Primary metal industriesdo	75. 20 92. 97 109. 59	76. 21 95. 24 114. 95	80. 12 97. 88 119. 29	80.12 97.17 119.39	81.32 95.04 121.58	75. 66 92. 97 122. 81	77. 59 94. 33 122. 81	78. 76 95. 68 123. 41	78. 76 98. 16 123. 11	78. 38 99. 60 118. 50	79. 95 100. 43 119. 10	78. 18 100. 67 116. 62	80. 54 101. 57 116. 23	81, 54 101, 50 r118, 80	7 81. 14 7 100. 60 7 116. 62	79. 77 99. 63 117. 91
Fabricated metal products do	98. 82 104. 55 90. 74	100. 85 107. 16 94. 47	102, 75 109, 03 96, 05	104.08 109.18 96.70	105. 16 111. 87 97. 82	102.36 110.27 95.91	102, 72 111, 49 95, 91	103. 48 112, 71 96. 39	104. 39 113. 67 97. 44	105. 73 114. 09 97. 68	106. 75 114. 09 98. 16	104. 30 112. 59 96. 72	105. 32 112. 32 97. 20	7106. 66 112. 74 99. 22	r 105, 88 r 112, 61 r 98, 49	105. 88 111. 79 98. 42
Transportation equipment $\varphi$ doInstruments and related productsdoMiscellaneous mfg. industriesdo	111. 52 93. 73 74. 28	113. 81 97. 27 75. 84	117. 29 98. 64 76. 78	123, 83 99, 53 77, 57	125. 13 99. 95 78. 40	118. 66 99. 14 77. 03	117. 26 98. 82 77. 42	118. 69 98. 42 79. 00	119. 97 100. 04 78. 80	121. 96 99. 80 78. 60	121. 09 100. 94 78. 60	121. 93 99. 55 77. 03	119. 19 100. 04 77. 42	124. 49 7 100. 61 7 78. 60	7 126. 52 7 100. 21 7 78. 60	129. 03 99. 47 78. 61

<sup>&#</sup>x27; Revised. 'Preliminary.
'Includes Post Office employees hired for the Christmas season; there were about 225,000 such employees in the United States in Dec. 1961. 2 Based on unadjusted data.

S'Effective with Mar. 1962 Survey, index is shown on new base period.

 $\label{eq:corresponding} \begin{tabular}{ll} fSee & corresponding & note, & bottom & p. S-13. & $\lozenge$ Includes & data for industries not shown separately. & $\lozenge$ Except eating and drinking places. \\ \end{tabular}$ 

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Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961		1961				,			1962					
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon aver		Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.»
	EMI	PLOY	MEN	T AN	D PO	PUL	ATIO	V—Co	ntin	ued						
HOURS AND EARNINGS—Continued  Average weekly gross earnings per worker on payrolls of nonagricultural estab.†—Continued		!														
All manufacturing estab.†—Continued Nondurable goods industries	80. 36 86. 30 64. 94 63. 60 56. 45	82. 92 89. 16 69. 03 65. 04 57. 70	84. 77 89. 84 69. 36 67. 08 60. 14	85, 39 89, 79 69, 32 68, 31 60, 62	85. 57 90. 80 72. 98 67. 82 59. 95	84. 24 90. 45 66. 25 66. 17 57. 62	84. 28 90. 00 68. 82 66. 83 59. 95	85. 32 90. 45 72. 01 68. 54 61. 49	85. 54 91. 13 74. 10 68. 38 60. 96	86. 37 92. 48 75. 65 69. 12 60. 59	87. 02 92. 70 76. 03 69. 46 61. 09	\$6, 80 93, 66 73, 28 68, 21 60, 76	86. 18 91. 46 68. 04 68. 21 62. 16	7 86. 80 7 92. 80 7 70. 72 67. 54 7 61. 32	85. 89 r 91. 17 r 67. 60 68. 45 r 59. 95	86, 72 92, 80 71, 39 68, 78 60, 62
Paper and allied products	95, 37 102, 80 103, 25 118, 78 92, 97 60, 52	99. 45 105. 05 106. 81 124. 42 96. 72 62. 83	101, 91 105, 71 108, 58 125, 93 98, 49 62, 76	$\begin{array}{c} 102.38 \\ 106.09 \\ 109.52 \\ 126.46 \\ 100.12 \\ 64.98 \end{array}$	101. 91 107. 97 108. 99 123. 62 102. 83 66. 18	100, 20 105, 36 109, 56 128, 44 99, 31 66, 18	100. 01 106. 68 108. 47 123. 02 97. 28 64. 98	101. 15 107. 42 108. 05 123. 32 98. 25 65. 36	101. 10 107. 90 108. 84 125. 55 99. 63 63. 81	101.34 107.90 109.52 126.05 101.19 63.98	102. 96 107. 62 111. 19 127. 68 104. 58 65. 88	103.58 107.34 110.81 129.44 101.84 65.84	103.82 108.29 110.12 126.35 101.02 65.53	110.81 131.09	r 103. 28 r 107. 44 r 110. 68 r 126. 88 r 101. 02 r 62. 80	103, 28 108, 11 110, 95 126, 99 100, 78 64, 36
Nonmanufacturing establishments:†  Mining Q	105, 44 111, 19 110, 76 103, 32	107. 18 113. 44 111. 34 105. 75	111. 19 117. 88 117. 18 107. 95	109.88 115.64 116.94 106.75	109. 89 118. 30 117. 62 107. 17	108, 93 116, 88 117, 38 106, 60	110. 30 117. 59 116. 94 108. 52	110. 84 118. 29 117. 69 108. 52	110, 70 118, 01 116, 12 109, 20	109. 61 119. 28 108. 15 108. 52	111. 10 118. 86 115. 69 107. 74	110.02 116.88 102.30 110.83	111.90 116.00 113.15 109.56	112.88 +118.12 +113.62 +110.99	111, 51 115, 75 114, 08 108, 94	
Contract constructiondo General building contractorsdo Heavy constructiondo Special trade contractorsdo	112. 67 103. 72 114. 77 118. 11	117. 71 108. 83 118. 48 123. 08	123, 00 112, 98 127, 08 127, 97	118. 26 110. 05 117. 00 124. 20	114.82 106.13 111.33 121.80	111, 22 102, 08 104, 72 119, 34	113, 37 106, 30 109, 16 119, 37	118. 05 109. 55 114. 36 123. 90	120, 01 112, 10 116, 33 126, 34	123, 44 114, 14 124, 07 129, 46	121, 45 111, 91 122, 13 127, 72	125, 57 115, 92 127,67 131, 65	127. 26 116. 92 130. 50 132. 38	r128, 21 r117, 81 r129, 38 r134, 23	127. 16 117. 44 128. 05 133. 16	
Transportation and public utilities:  Local and suburban transportationdo  Motor freight transportation and storage .do  Telephone communicationdo  Electric, gas, and sanitary servicesdo	94, 82 104, 17 89, 50 108, 65	98. 24 108. 16 93. 38 112. 48	98. 24 111. 67 96. 64 114. 95	109, 02 111, 04 96, 47 115, 64	99, 33 111, 72 96, 38 114, 80	100.11 108.79 95.89 115.77	99. 22 109. 47 96. 14 114. 65	99. 30 110. 70 95. 89 115. 34	100, 11 112, 06 95, 65 115, 46	100. 58 112. 61 96. 14 115. 46	101. 48 114. 39 97. 66 115. 87	100.49 114.81 99.54 117.14	101. 01 115. 35 99. 29 116. 85	100, 20 115, 78 102, 31 118, 94	100, 14 113, 02 100, 00 118, 20	
Wholesale and retail trade do Wholesale trade do Retail trade§ do	70. 98 91. 13 62. 37	72. 94 93. 56 64. 01	73, 34 94, 60 64, 64	73.34 95.00 64.13	73. 32 95. 47 64. 73	73. 92 94. 13 64. 84	73. 92 94, 30 65. 22	74, 50 95, 18 65, 39	74. 31 95. 82 65, 42	74. 88 96. 22 65. 98	75. 86 96. 87 66. 85	76. 44 97. 10 67. 38	76, 44 96, 87 67, 55	76, 05 r 98, 09 r 66, 88	75, 46 97, 03 66, 55	
Finance, insurance, and real estate:  Banking	67, 15 87, 41 43, 89 48, 11	69. 19 89. 83 45. 54 49. 28	70. 12 90. 35 47. 08 50. 05	70. 31 90. 58 46. 41 49. 66	70. 87 91. 72 46. 80 49. 54	71. 24 92. 19 46. 29 48. 89	71. 23 92. 60 46. 41 48. 64	71, 62 92, 62 46, 53 49, 41	71, 62 93, 20 46, 29 50, 83	71. 42 93. 25 46. 77 51. 87	71. 80 93. 21 47. 64 51. 35	72, 56 94, 89 45, 94 50, 70	71. 80 94. 35 45. 89 50. 83	r 71, 97 r 93, 76 r 46, 05 r 50, 83	72, 74 93, 78 46, 83 50, 83	
Average hourly gross earnings per worker on payrolls of nonagricultural establishments:† All manufacturing establishments†dollarsExcluding overtimeofdo Durable goods industriesdo Excluding overtimeofdo	2. 26 2. 20 2. 43 2. 36	2. 32 2. 25 2. 49 2. 42	2. 34 2. 26 2. 51 2. 43	2. 36 2. 28 2. 54 2. 45	2, 38 2, 30 2, 55 2, 46	2, 39 2, 31 2, 56 2, 48	2, 38 2, 31 2, 55 2, 47	2. 38 2. 31 2. 56 2. 48	2, 39 2, 31 2, 56 2, 48	2. 39 2. 31 2. 56 2. 47	2. 39 2. 31 2. 56 2. 47	2. 39 2. 31 2. 56 2. 47	2. 37 2. 29 2. 54 2. 46	2. 40 2. 31 2. 57 2. 48	2. 40 2. 32 2. 57 2. 49	2, 41 2, 33 2, 58 2, 49
Ordnance and accessories	2. 67 1. 89 1. 88 2. 29 2. 81 3. 08	2. 78 1. 95 1. 91 2. 34 2. 91 3. 20	2. 80 2. 01 1. 94 2. 37 2. 96 3. 26	2.81 1.99 1.94 2.37 2.97 3.28	2. 81 1. 97 1. 95 2. 37 2. 98 3. 29	2. 81 1. 97 1. 94 2. 39 3. 01 3. 32	2. 82 1. 94 1. 93 2. 37 3. 01 3. 33	2. 82 1. 93 1. 94 2. 38 3. 01 3. 33	2, 84 1, 97 1, 94 2, 40 3, 01 3, 32	2. 83 1. 97 1. 94 2. 40 2. 97 3. 27	2. 83 1. 99 1. 95 2. 42 2. 97 3. 28	2.83 1.99 1.94 2.42 2.96 3.28	2, 82 2, 00 1, 95 2, 43 2, 95 3, 26	7 2.84 2.01 1.96 2.44 7 2.97 3.28	r 2.84 1.99 1.96 r 2.43 r 2.96 3.28	2, 84 1, 98 1, 96 2, 43 2, 97
Fabricated metal products do Machinery do Electrical equipment and supplies do Transportation equipment 9 do Motor vehicles and equipment do Aircraft and parts do Miscellaneous mfg, industries do Miscellaneous mfg, industries do	2. 44 2. 55 2. 28 2. 74 2. 81 2. 70 2. 32 1. 89	2. 49 2. 62 2. 35 2. 81 2. 87 2. 78 2. 39 1. 92	2. 50 2. 64 2. 36 2. 84 2. 88 2. 82 2. 40 1. 91	2. 52 2. 65 2. 37 2. 90 2. 98 2. 83 2. 41 1. 92	2, 54 2, 67 2, 38 2, 91 3, 00 2, 84 2, 42 1, 96	2. 54 2. 67 2. 38 2. 88 2. 94 2. 84 2. 43 1. 97	2. 53 2. 68 2. 38 2. 86 2. 91 2. 83 2. 44 1. 98	2. 53 2. 69 2. 38 2. 86 2. 91 2. 83 2. 43 1. 97	2, 54 2, 70 2, 40 2, 87 2, 94 2, 84 2, 44 1, 97	2. 56 2. 71 2. 40 2. 89 2. 97 2. 84 2. 44 1. 97	2. 56 2. 71 2. 40 2. 89 2. 95 2. 85 2. 45 1. 97	2. 55 2. 70 2. 40 2. 91 2. 98 2. 86 2. 44 1. 96	2. 55 2. 70 2. 40 2. 90 2. 97 2. 87 2. 44 1. 95	2. 57 2. 71 2. 42 2. 95 3. 04 2. 88 7 2. 46 1. 96	2. 57 7 2. 72 2. 42 7 2. 97 3. 05 2. 92 7 2. 45 1. 97	2. 57 2. 72 2. 43 2. 98 
Nondurable goods industries do Excluding overtime do do Food and kindred products do Tobacco manufactures do Textile mill products do Apparel and related products do Paper and allied products do	2. 05 1. 99 2. 11 1. 70 1. 61 1. 59 2. 26	2. 11 2. 05 2. 18 1. 77 1. 63 1. 63 2. 34	2. 13 2. 06 2. 17 1. 70 1. 64 1. 68 2. 37	2.14 2.06 2.19 1.81 1.65 1.67 2.37	2. 15 2. 08 2. 22 1. 82 1. 65 1. 67 2. 37	2. 16 2. 09 2. 25 1. 81 1. 65 1. 67 2. 38	2. 15 2. 08 2. 25 1. 84 1. 65 1. 67 2. 37	2. 16 2. 09 2. 25 1. 91 1. 68 1. 68 2. 38	2. 16 2. 09 2. 25 1. 95 1. 68 1. 67 2. 39	2, 17 2, 09 2, 25 1, 97 1, 69 1, 66 2, 39	2. 17 2. 10 2. 25 1. 98 1. 69 1. 66 2. 40	2. 17 2. 10 2. 23 1. 97 1. 68 1. 66 2. 42	2. 16 2. 09 2. 22 1. 80 1. 68 1. 68 2. 42	r 2. 17 2. 10 r 2. 22 r 1. 70 1. 68 r 1. 68 2. 43	2. 18 7 2. 10 7 2. 24 7 1. 72 1. 69 7 1. 67 2. 43	2. 19 2. 11 2. 28 1. 84 1. 69 1. 67 2. 43
Printing, publishing, and allied inddo Chemicals and allied productsdo Petroleum refining and related inddo Petroleum refiningdo Rubber and misc. plastic productsdo Leather and leather productsdo	2. 67 2. 50 2. 89 3. 02 2. 33 1. 64	2. 75 2. 58 3. 02 3. 16 2. 40 1. 68	2. 76 2. 61 3. 02 3. 17 2. 42 1. 71	2, 77 2, 62 3, 04 3, 19 2, 43 1, 71	2, 79 2, 62 3, 03 3, 17 2, 46 1, 71	2.78 2.64 3.08 3.21 2.44 1.71	2. 80 2. 62 3. 03 3. 16 2. 42 1. 71	2. 79 2. 61 3. 03 3. 15 2. 42 1. 72	2. 81 2. 61 3. 04 3. 17 2. 43 1. 72	2, 81 2, 62 3, 03 3, 17 2, 45 1, 72	2, 81 2, 66 3, 04 3, 18 2, 49 1, 72	2.81 2.67 3.06 3.21 2.49 1.71	2,82 2,66 3,03 3,17 2,47 1,72	2.84 2.67 3.07 3.22 2.47 1.73	7 2.82 2.68 7 3.05 3.20 2.47 1.73	2. 83 2. 68 3. 06 2. 47 1. 73
Nonmanufacturing establishments:   Mining \( \frac{9}{40} \)   Metal mining	2. 61 2. 66 3. 12 2. 46 3. 07 2. 93 2. 82 3. 29	2. 64 2. 74 3. 11 2. 53 3. 19 3. 04 2. 94 3. 40	2. 66 2. 80 3. 10 2. 54 3. 22 3. 07 2. 99 3. 44	2. 68 2. 80 3. 11 2. 56 3. 24 3. 10 3. 00 3. 45	2. 70 2. 81 3. 12 2. 57 3. 29 3. 14 3. 05 3. 49	2. 73 2. 83 3. 13 2. 60 3. 33 3. 18 3. 08 3. 51	2. 71 2. 82 3. 11 2. 59 3. 23 3. 09 2. 85 3. 47	2. 71 2. 83 3. 13 2. 59 3. 27 3. 13 2. 91 3. 49	2, 70 2, 83 3, 13, 2, 60 3, 27 3, 14 2, 96 3, 49	2. 68 2. 84 3. 09 2. 59 3. 24 3. 11 2. 94 3. 48	2. 69 2. 83 3. 11 2. 59 3. 23 3. 10 2. 95 3. 48	2. 69 2. 83 2. 62 3. 27 3. 15 2. 99 3. 52	2. 69 2. 85 3. 10 2. 59 3. 28 3. 16 3. 00 3. 53	2. 72 r 2. 86 r 3. 13 r 2. 63 r 3. 33 r 3. 21 3. 03 3. 57	2. 70 2. 83 3. 10 2. 60 3. 32 3. 20 3. 02	
Transportation and public utilities: Local and suburban transportationdo Motor freight transportation and storage.do Telephone communicationdo Electric, gas and sanitary servicesdo	2. 20 2. 51 2. 26 2. 65	2. 29 2. 60 2. 37 2. 75	2. 29 2. 64 2. 41 2. 79	2. 31 2. 65 2. 43 2. 80	2. 31 2. 66 2. 44 2. 80	2. 35 2. 66 2. 44 2. 81	2. 34 2. 67 2. 44 2. 81	2. 32 2. 70 2. 44 2. 82	2, 35 2, 72 2, 44 2, 83	2. 35 2. 72 2. 44 2. 83	2. 36 2. 73 2. 46 2. 84	2. 37 2. 74 2. 47 2. 85	2. 36 2. 74 2. 47 2. 85	2. 38 2. 75 7 2. 52 2. 88	2. 39 2. 73 2. 50 2. 89	
Wholesale and retail trade do. Wholesale trade do. Retail trade do. Services and miscellaneous: Hotels, tourist courts, and motels do. Laundries, cleaning and dyeing plants do.	1.82 2.25 1.62 1.10 1.24	1. 88 2. 31 1. 68 1. 15 1. 27	1.90 2.33 1.71 1.18 1.28	1.91 2.34 1.71 1.19 1.28	1. 88 2. 34 1. 69 1. 20 1. 28	1. 92 2. 33 1. 72 1. 19 1. 29	1. 92 2. 34 1. 73 1. 19 1. 28	1. 93 2. 35 1. 73 1. 19 1. 28	1. 93 2. 36 1. 74 1. 19 1. 29	1. 94 2. 37 1. 75 1. 19 1. 30	1. 95 2. 38 1. 75 1. 20 1. 30	1. 95 2. 38 1. 75 1. 16 1. 29	1. 95 2. 38 1. 75 1. 15 1. 30	1. 96 7 2. 41 1. 76 7 1. 19 1. 30	1	

Revised. Preliminary.
†See corresponding note, bottom p. S-13.
§Except eating and drinking places.
§Includes data for industries not shown separately.
© Derived by assuming that overtime hours are paid at the rate of time and one-half.

NOTE FOR HELP-WANTED ADVERTISING INDEX, p. S-16. New series; from National Industrial Conference Board and B. K. Davis & Bro. Advertising Service. The index is based on the number of help-wanted ads published in one leading newspaper in each of 33 cities located throughout the country, representing the larger metropolitan areas.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961		1961							1962					
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon aver		Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov
	EMI	PLOY	MEN'	T AN	D PO	PUL	ATIO	NC	ontin	ued					•.	
HOURS AND EARNINGS—Continued																
Miscellaneous wages:  Construction wages (ENR):  Common labor	2. 699 4. 031 1. 97 2. 616 1 2. 09	2, 827 4, 190 1, 99 2, 675 1 2, 14	2, 871 4, 245 , 93 2, 674 2, 25	2, 877 4, 253 2, 681	2. 877 4. 253 2. 700	2. 878 4. 257 1. 11 2. 678 2. 15	2, 889 4, 273 2, 729	2. 897 4. 283 2. 678	2. 901 4. 283 1. 07 2. 688 2. 25	2. 933 4. 316 2. 665	2. 941 4. 321 2. 719	2, 957 4, 356 1, 06 2, 33	2. 981 4. 395	2. 981 4. 408	2, 987 4, 417 , 95	2. 9
LABOR CONDITIONS	94. 2 3. 8 2. 2 4. 3 1. 3 2. 4	85. 9 4. 1 2. 2 4. 0 1. 2 2. 2 2. 2	95, 9 4, 3 4, 4 2, 7 4, 1 3, 6 1, 4 2, 0	99. 1 3. 3 4. 0 1. 9 4. 0 3. 9 1. 1 2. 2	96. 9 2. 6 3. 8 1. 4 4. 0 4. 1 . 9 2. 6	102. 3 4. 1 4. 4 2. 2 3. 9 3. 9 1. 1 2. 1	105. 9 3. 5 4. 1 2. 0 3. 4 3. 9 1. 1 1. 7	106. 3 3. 7 4. 3 2. 2 3. 6 3. 8 1. 2 1. 6	106. 1 4. 0 4. 4 2. 4 3. 6 3. 7 1. 3 1. 6	106.0 4.3 4.3 2.8 3.8 4.1 1.5 1.6	98. 5 5. 0 3. 9 3. 4 4. 3 1. 5 1. 6	97. 9 4. 5 4. 1 2. 9 4. 4 4. 6 1. 4 2. 2	97. 0 5. 1 4. 0 3. 2 5. 2 4. 8 2. 1 2. 3	93.0 74.9 73.8 73.1 5.0 4.1 72.4 71.9	96. 9 p 3. 6 p 3. 7 p 2. 3 p 4. 2 p 3. 7 p 1. 7 p 2. 2	
Work stoppages. number. Workers involvedthous. In effect during month: Work stoppagesnumber. Workers involvedthous. Man-days idle during monthdo. EMPLOY MENT SERVICE AND UNEMPLOY- MENT INSURANCE	1,600	1, 360	568 275 2, 480	257 86 501 160 1,500	142 37 366 86 855	265 160 400 185 1,040	225 67 330 100 808	260 98 350 136 1,180	320 125 460 155 1,240	440 195 625 240 2,650	410 155 650 300 2, 880	350 90 575 189 2,040	335 120 570 186 1, 950	350 95 580 170 1,590	275 110 500 168 1,440	
Nonfarm placements	485 2, 067 1, 434 1, 906 4. 8 1, 640 227. 2 33	492 <sup>2</sup> 2, 481 1, 516 2, 290 5, 6 	596  2 1, 651  1, 219 1, 502  3, 7 5, 1 1, 283 180, 9 28	511 2 1, 816 1, 406 1, 662 4. 1 5. 1 1. 334 190. 9	448  2 2, 174  1, 658 2, 017  5. 0 4. 8 1, 577 218. 5 31	465  2 2, 659  1, 974 2, 486  6, 2 4, 7 2, 055 314, 9 36	425  2 2, 579  1, 286 2, 415  6. 0 4. 5 2, 127 287, 2 36	511 22,374 1,171 2,218 5.5 4.4 2,073 310.2 34	577  2 1, 968  1, 147 1, 831  4, 5 3, 9 1, 688 239, 6 29	656 21, 686 1, 133 1, 570 3, 9 3, 8 1, 389 215, 0 26	605  2 1, 577  1, 083 1, 469  3, 6 4, 0 1, 311 188, 9	580 <sup>2</sup> 1, 666 1, 395 1, 543 3, 8 4, 3 1, 264 187, 0 26	642 <sup>2</sup> 1, 598 1, 197 1, 469 3, 6 4, 4 1, 257 197, 4 26	652 <sup>2</sup> 1, 473 956 1, 331 3, 3 4, 4 1, 174 160, 6 25	643 2 1, 524 1, 267 1, 385 3, 4 4, 6 1, 132 176, 6	21,
Veterans' program (UCX):  Initial claims	29 54 52 7.0 26 72 13.1	28 67 65 9.0 23 91 16.8	24 47 46 6.3 14 74 13.8	22 47 44 6.1 15 77 13.8	20 49 46 6.0 13 77 13.4	24 52 51 7.4 16 86 16.2	21 49 49 6.1 7 80 13.7	26 49 47 6.5 5 74 14.8	25 45 45 6.0 4 64 11.8	22 40 39 5.7 4 52 9.1	25 40 39 5. 4 7 44 7. 8	30 46 40 5.7 65 52 7.3	39 52 46 6.9 22 50 10.1	27 52 50 6. 5 32 65 10. 1	31 52 47 7.0	
				,- a	FINA	NCE										
BANKING  Open market paper outstanding, end of mo.: Bankers' acceptances	3 4, 795 3 2, 564 3 649	3 2, 975 3 5, 277 3 2, 828 3 697	3, 301 5, 313 2, 800 679	3, 481 5, 252 2, 812 695	1,711 2,975 5,277 2,828 697	2, 621 5, 556 1, 762 3, 794 5, 320 2, 848 716	1,762 3,758 5,411 2,868 730	1, 876 3, 837 5, 502 2, 899 728	1, 883 3, 757 5, 594 2, 922 719	1, 869 4, 048 5, 678 2, 948 694	1, 878 3, 986 5, 770 2, 968 692	6, 169 2, 002 4, 167 5, 841 2, 986 704	2, 119 4, 456 5, 833 3, 003 680	2, 228 4, 345 5, 814 3, 021 690	2, 367 6, 970 2, 417 4, 553 5, 762 3, 031 738	
Other loans and discounts		259. 3 106. 6 51. 9	1,834 274.7 113.7 54.3 272.4 113.6 54.0 104.7	272. 6 112. 5 54. 2 273. 8 115. 2 54. 4 104. 2	286. 6 120. 3 57. 5 273. 7 114. 0 55. 0 104. 8	294. 6 118. 1 61. 5 277. 8 110. 3 58. 2 109. 3	54.4	293. 2 124. 7 59. 7 283. 5 118. 1 57. 5 107. 9	1, 953 281. 5 117. 2 58. 0 288. 5 118. 1 59. 1 111. 3	2,037 295.5 122.1 59.8 287.1 119.1 57.6 110.3	2, 109 291. 8 121. 9 59. 4 282. 4 115. 7 57. 9 108. 8	2, 150 279, 7 111, 4 57, 5 285, 7 114, 4 59, 0 112, 3	281. 1 110. 8 57. 5 283. 9 115. 8 57. 4 110. 7	2, 103 263, 3 109, 7 53, 4 286, 6 120, 9 58, 1 107, 6	1, 993 308. 7 127. 5 64. 1 299. 1 124. 5 62. 3 112. 4	
Federal Reserve banks, condition, end of mo.:  Assets, total 9	\$29,359 \$33 \$27,384	331, 362	52, 087 29, 548 59 28, 268 17, 028	52, 933 30, 656 39 29, 210 16, 710	54, 329 31, 362 130 28, 881 16, 615	52,311 29,612 129 28,532 16,542	52, 547 29, 928 139 28, 360 16, 530	51, 932 30, 224 115 29, 061 16, 336	52,739 30,641 120 29,182 16,222	52, 654 30, 705 131 29, 622 16, 158	53, 396 31, 261 76 29, 663 16, 158	52, 908 31, 040 73 29, 786 15, 871	52, 879 31, 618 101 30, 358 15, 817	53, 596 31, 690 48 29, 825 15, 796	53, 912 31, 625 219 30, 201 15, 692	
Deposits, total 9	<sup>3</sup> 18, 336 <sup>3</sup> 17, 081 <sup>3</sup> 28, 450		52, 087 18, 194 16, 888 28, 229	52, 983 18, 136 17, 200 28, 814	54, 329 18, 451 17, 387 29, 305	52, 311 17, 749 16, 872 28, 536	52, 547 17, 850 16, 808 28, 483	51, 932 17, 952 16, 972 28, 474	17, 035	52, 654 17, 739 16, 614 28, 744	53, 396 18, 445 17, 206 29, 021	52,908 17,878 16,885 29,197	52,879 18,067 17,110 29,351	1	53, 912 17, 825 16, 821 29, 488	53 17 16
Member-bank reserve balancesdoFederal Reserve notes in circulationdo  Ratio of gold certificate reserves to deposit and FR note liabilities combinedpercent  * Revised ** Preliminary * Quarterly ave 2 Excludes persons under Temporary Extendet and under extended duration provisions (thous). * I	3 37. 4 rage, l Compe	3 34. 8	28, 229 36, 7 Program	28, 814 35, 6 (ended 6)	26, 305 34. 8 (30/62)	28, 536 35. 7	28, 483 35. 7 New seri	28. 474 35. 2 es. Dat 961 for b	28, 537	28,744 34.8 o 1961 fo ts will be	29, 021 34, 0 r labor t	29. 197 33. 7 surnover later.	29, 351 33, 4 appear i	29. 378 33. 2 n BLS	29, 488 33, 2 Bulletin	No

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Excludes persons under Temporary Extended Compensation program (ended 6/30/62) and under extended duration provisions (thous.): 1961—Oct., 365 and 2, respectively; Nov., 355; 1; Dec., 367; 1; 1962—Jan., 354; 2; Feb., 333; 2; Mar., 322; 6; Apr., 230; 18; May, 121; 33; June, 53; 37; July, 2; 32; Aug. (ext. dur. prov.), 30; Sept., 24; Oct., 15. <sup>3</sup> End of year. ⊕ See note, bottom p. S-15. † See corresponding note, bottom p. S-13.

data prior to 1961 for bank debits will be shown later.

Sinsured unemployment as % of average covered employment in a 12-month period

Monthly revisions prior to May 1961 (Aug. 1959-July 1960 for placed through dealers
are available upon request.

Jincludes Bostom, Philadelphia, Chicago, Detroit, San Francisco, and Los Angeles.

Includes data not shown separately.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961		1961			1				1962					
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	End o	of year	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan,	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.
			I	FINAL	NCE-	-Cont	inuec	1								
BANKING—Continued  All member banks of Federal Reserve System, averages of daily figures: Excess reservesmil. \$ Borrowings from Federal Reserve banksdo Free reservesdo	1 756 1 87 1 669	1 568 1 149 1 419	507 65 442	622 105 517	568 149 419	616 70 546	502 68 434	470 91 379	510 69 441	497 63 434	471 100 371	532 89 443	563 127 436	458 80 378	484 65 419	586 119 467
Weekly reporting member banks of Fed. Res. System, condition, Wed. nearest end of yr. or mo.:† Deposits: Demand, adjusted ormil. \$		65, 644	63, 423	63, 906	65, 644	64,362	63, 104	62, 229	63, 071	61,621	61, 472	62, 451	60, 638		r 63, 025	63,007
Demand. total \( \)	93, 215 4, 747 3, 979 35, 386	97, 958 70, 118 5, 002 4, 033 13, 415 41, 603	92, 658 66, 407 5, 027 4, 071 12, 008 41, 209	91, 216 66, 183 4, 894 3, 414 11, 820 41, 188	97, 958 70, 118 5, 002 4, 033 13, 415 41, 603	91, 853 67, 140 5, 206 3, 220 11, 175 42, 863	91, 871 66, 501 5, 234 3, 316 11, 167 43, 906	89, 015 63, 936 4, 848 4, 277 10, 844 45, 055	93, 061 65, 458 5, 771 4, 744 11, 297 45, 670	89, 297 63, 705 5, 404 5, 028 10, 357 46, 484	91, 391 64, 022 4, 829 6, 594 10, 672 47, 077	91, 527 65, 116 5, 129 4, 369 11, 301 47, 242	87, 901 62, 583 4, 622 4, 917 10, 920 47, 729	92,845 64,085 4,631 7,022 12,121 48,225	794, 512 766, 996 5, 017 4, 283 712, 030 48, 658	91, 839 65, 916 4, 938 3, 634 12, 030 49, 023
Individuals, partnerships, and corp.:   Savings	71, 009	30, 225 5, 945 74, 285	29, 621 6, 406 71, 843	29, 771 6, 190 71, 670	30, 225 5, 945 74, 285	30, 640 6, 553 71, 878	31, 073 7, 067 72, 886	31, 621 7, 627 74, 030	31, 757 7, 879 75, 930	32, 094 8, 344	32, 514 8, 536 75, 902	33, 114 8, 251 75, 732	33, 404 8, 428 75, 975	33,921 8,566 77,726	734, 246 78, 688 778, 765	34, 459 8, 590 78, 861
Commercial and industrial do. For purchasing or carrying securities do. To nonbank financial institutions do. Real estate loans do. Other loans do.	32, 156 3, 945 12, 824	32, 797 4, 705 6, 159 13, 403 21, 194	32, 085 4, 535 5, 358 13, 245 19, 622	32, 109 4, 004 5, 375 13, 347 19, 706	32, 797 4, 705 6, 159 13, 403 21, 194	31, 992 3, 804 5, 516 13, 420 20, 696	32, 204 4, 478 5, 575 13, 497 20, 573	33, 014 4, 519 5, 624 13, 620 20, 783	32, 937 5, 449 5, 760 13, 874 21, 422	74, 647 32, 854 4, 109 5, 636 14, 068 21, 390	33, 354 3, 958 6, 039 14, 268 21, 543	33, 146 3, 674 6, 259 14, 525 21, 754	33, 442 3, 604 6, 104 14, 696 21, 894	34,081 4, 145 6, 279 14,940 21,823	7 34, 290 4, 764 7 6, 144 7 15, 203 7 21, 981	34, 669 4, 158 6, 099 15, 407 21, 778
Investments, total	40, 754 30, 547 24, 944 10, 207	46, 069 33, 960 26, 609 12, 109	45, 624 34, 087 26, 833 11, 537	45, 649 33, 932 26, 888 11, 717	46, 069 33, 960 26, 609 12, 109	46, 653 34, 475 26, 820 12, 178	46, 042 33, 510 25, 645 12, 532	45, 508 32, 214 25, 226 13, 294	45, 979 32, 069 25, 825 13, 910	46, 013 32, 256 26, 173 13, 757	46, 904 32, 418 26, 206 14, 486	46, 582 31, 638 25, 980 14, 944	46, 093 31, 075 25, 274 15, 018	47, 171 31, 995 25, 583 15, 176	46, 768 31, 432 25, 317 15, 336	46, 611 31, 124 24, 994 15, 487
Commercial bank credit (last Wed. of mo., except for June 30 and Dec. 31 call dates), seas adjusted:*           Total loans and investments	194. 5 114. 2 59. 6 20. 7	209. 6 121. 1 64. 7 23. 8	207. 1 118. 6 65. 3 23. 2	208. 3 119. 4 65. 3 23. 6	209. 6 121. 1 64. 7 23. 8	210. 7 120. 8 65. 7 24. 2	213. 3 122. 6 66. 1 24. 6	215. 2 123. 8 66. 1 25. 3	215. 0 124. 5 64. 6 25. 9	216. 4 124. 8 65. 5 26. 1	220. 3 126. 6 66. 6 27. 1	217. 8 126. 1 64. 1 27. 6	220. 3 127. 3 65. 0 28. 0	222, 0 129, 7 64, 3 28, 0	224. 4 131. 7 64. 1 28. 6	
Money and interest rates: \$   Bank rates on business loans:	<sup>2</sup> 5, 16 <sup>2</sup> 4, 97 <sup>2</sup> 5, 15 <sup>2</sup> 5, 45	2 4. 97 2 4. 76 2 4. 98 2 5. 28			4. 98 4. 77 4. 96 5. 24			4. 98 4. 78 4. 97 5. 28			5, 01 4, 79 5, 00 5, 33			4. 99 4. 77 5. 00 5. 32		
Discount rate, end of year or month (N.Y.F.R. Bank) percent. Federal intermediate credit bank loans do Federal land bank loans do	3, 00 <sup>3</sup> 5, 05 <sup>3</sup> 6, 00	3. 00 <sup>3</sup> 4. 00 <sup>3</sup> 5. 64	3. 00 3. 98 5. 60	3, 00 4, 00 5, 60	3.00 3.98 5.60	3. 00 3. 94 5. 60	3.00 3.99 5.60	3.00 3.99 5.60	3.00 4.02 5.60	3.00 4.01 5.60	3, 00 4, 02 5, 60	3.00 4.05 5.60	3. 00 4. 97 5. 60	3.00 4.10 5.60	3, 00 4, 14 5, 60	3.00
Open market rates, New York City: Bankers' acceptances (prime, 90 days)do Commercial paper (prime, 4-6 months)_do Finance Co. paper placed directly, 3-6 mo.do Stock Exchange call loans, going ratedo	3 3. 51 3 3. 85 3 3. 54 3 4. 99	3 2. 81 3 2. 97 3 2. 68 3 4. 50	2, 75 3, 00 2, 79 4, 50	2.75 2.98 2.74 4.50	2.87 3.19 2.93 4.50	3. 00 3. 26 3. 05 4. 50	3. 00 3. 22 3. 06 4. 50	3, 00 3, 25 3, 02 4, 50	3.00 3.20 3.09 4.50	2. 91 3. 16 2. 95 4. 50	2, 90 3, 25 3, 02 4, 50	3. 07 3. 36 3. 20 4. 50	3. 11 3. 30 3. 12 4. 50	3. 09 3. 34 3. 13 4. 50	3, 03 3, 27 3, 04 4, 50	3. 00 3. 23 3. 08 4. 50
Yield on U.S. Government securities (taxable): 3-month bills (rate on new issue)percent 3-5 year issuesdo	<sup>3</sup> 2, 928 <sup>3</sup> 3, 99	<sup>3</sup> 2, 378 <sup>3</sup> 3, 60	$2.350 \\ 3.64$	2. 458 3. 68	2. 617 3. 82	2. 746 3. 84	2. 752 3. 77	2.719 3.55	2.735 3.48	2, 694 3, 53	2.719 3.51	2. 945 3. 71	2, 837 3, 57	2, 792 3, 56	2, 751 3, 46	2. 803 3. 46
Savings deposits, balance to credit of depositors: N.Y. State savings banks, end of yr. or momil. \$ U.S. postal savings ¶	21, 400 770	22, 357 651	21, 982 666	22, 066 658	22, 357 651	22, 350 642	22, 420 629	22, 701 620	22, 570 600	22, 659 591	22, 931 581	22, 972 573	23, 087 565	23, 376 558	23, 440 552	545
Total outstanding, end of year or monthmil. \$  Installment credit, totaldo	55, 757 42, 588	57, 139 43, 163	54, 902 42, 181	55, 451 42, 419	57, 139 43, 163	56, 278 42, 846	55, 592 42, 632	55, 680 42, 704	56, 650 43, 285	57, 593 43, 893	58, 277 44, 559	58, 521 44, 967	59, 146 45, 514	59, 236 45, 621	59, 744 46, 029	
Automobile paper	17, 444 11, 525 3, 139 10, 480	16, 960 11, 771 3, 177 11, 255	16, 913 11, 085 3, 183 11, 000	16, 960 11, 215 3, 192 11, 052	16, 960 11, 771 3, 177 11, 255	16, 878 11, 605 3, 131 11, 232	16, 900 11, 380 3, 099 11, 253	17, 039 11, 256 3, 084 11, 325	17, 343 11, 333 3, 094 11, 515	17, 683 11, 423 3, 131 11, 656	18, 033 11, 555 3, 156 11, 815	18, 291 11, 570 3, 182 11, 924	18, 530 11, 548 3, 216 12, 120	18, 467 11, 698 3, 233 12, 223	18, 657 11, 831 3, 245 12, 296	
By type of holder:  Financial institutions, total do- Commercial banks do- Sales finance companies do- Credit unions do- Consumer finance companies do- Other do	36, 974 16, 672 11, 228 3, 923 3, 670 1, 481	37, 580 16, 843 11, 052 4, 352 3, 798 1, 535	37, 191 16, 877 10, 866 4, 269 3, 671 1, 508	37, 240 16, 836 10, 878 4, 317 3, 681 1, 525	37, 580 16, 843 11, 052 4, 352 3, 798 1, 535	37, 551 16, 759 11, 190 4, 306 3, 782 1, 514	37, 469 16, 726 11, 133 4, 311 3, 783 1, 516	37, 509 16, 779 11, 049 4, 355 3, 795 1, 531	37, 965 17, 042 11, 121 4, 449 3, 826 1, 527	38, 453 17, 316 11, 199 4, 543 3, 836 1, 559	39, 010 17, 619 11, 325 4, 640 3, 876 1, 559	39, 426 17, 815 11, 435 4, 705 3, 907 1, 564	39, 894 18, 005 11, 543 4, 808 3, 948 1, 590	39, 954 18, 020 11, 533 4, 840 3, 969 1, 592	40, 248 18, 188 11, 604 4, 900 3, 974 1, 582	
Retail outlets, total	5, 615 2, 414 1, 107 359 1, 735	5, 583 2, 421 1, 080 359 1, 723	4,990 2,097 1,014 359 1,520	5, 179 2, 213 1, 034 360 1, 572	5, 583 2, 421 1, 080 359 1, 723	5, 295 2, 212 1, 057 359 1, 667	5, 163 2, 167 1, 039 358 1, 599	5,195 2,227 1,018 356 1,594	5, 320 2, 339 1, 011 351 1, 619	5, 440 2, 430 1, 011 345 1, 654	5, 549 2, 522 1, 008 336 1, 683	5, 541 2, 517 1, 009 327 1, 688	5, 620 2, 581 1, 019 317 1, 703	5, 667 2, 647 1, 018 308 1, 694	5, 781 2, 710 1, 022 299 1, 750	
Noninstallment credit, totaldo	13, 169	13, 976	12, 721	13, 032	13, 976	13, 432	12, 960	12, 976	13, 365	13, 700	13,718	13, 554	13, 632	13, 615	13, 715	
Single-payment loans, total do Commercial banks do Other financial institutions do Commercial institution do Commercial ins	4, 507 3, 884 623	4, 955 4, 224 731	4,778 4,125 653	4, 880 4, 158 722	4, 955 4, 224 731	4, 906 4, 203 703	4, 931 4, 220 711	5, 056 4, 279 777	5, 111 4, 390 721	5, 238 4, 421 817	5, 227 4, 439 788	5, 203 4, 430 773	5, 274 4, 425 849	5, 288 4, 434 854	}	
Charge accounts, total         do           Department stores         do           Other retail outlets         do           Credit cards         do           Service credit         do	5, 329 941 3, 952 436 3, 333	5, 438 948 4, 027 463 3, 583	4, 517 656 3, 382 479 3, 426	4, 684 717 3, 498 469 3, 468	5, 438 948 4, 027 463 3, 583	4,892 804 3,614 474 3,634	4, 294 635 3, 188 471 3, 735	4, 191 594 3, 139 458 3, 729	4, 451 620 3, 367 464 3, 803	4, 683 636 3, 571 476 3, 779	4,739 612 3,635 492 3,752	4, 607 569 3, 518 520 3, 744	4, 638 570 3, 521 547 3, 720	4, 623 614 3, 467 542	3, 633 534	

r Revised. Average for Dec. 2 Quarterly average. 3 Monthly average. † Revised to reflect new coverage and revised classification of deposits (for details, see the June and July 1961 issues of Federal Reserve Bulletin). GFor demand deposits, the term "adjusted" denotes demand deposits other than domestic commercial interbank and U.S. Government, less cash items in process of collection; for loans, exclusive of loans to domestic commercial banks and after deduction of valuation reserves (individual loan items are shown gross; i.e., before deduction of valuation reserves).

<sup>3,634 3,735 3,729 3,803 3,779 3,752 3,744 3,720 3,704 3,665

9</sup> Includes data not shown separately. \* New series; description and data prior to Sept. 1961 appear in the July 1962 Federal Reserve Bulletin. O Adjusted to exclude interbank leans. \$ For bond yields, see p. 8-20.

10ata are as of end of consecutive 4-week periods ending in month indicated, except June figure which is as of June 30 (end of fiscal year). \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Revised to incorporate new benchmark data; revisions back to July 1955 appear in the Dec. 1961 Federal Reserve Bulletin.

nless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961		1961			<del></del>		,	<del></del>	1962	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon ave		Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan,	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov
			F	INAN	CE-	Cont	inued									
CONSUMER CREDIT;—Continued																
nstallment credit extended and repaid: Unadjusted:																
Extended, total mil. \$ Automobile paper do Other consumer goods paper do	4, 109 1, 451 1, 206	3,999 1,315 1,207	4, 244 1, 452 1, 300	4, 275 1, 402 1, 327	4, 754 1, 289 1, 750	3, 756 1, 320 1, 039	3,566 $1,284$ $972$	4, 301 1, 574 1, 161	4,658 1,688 1,287	4, 858 1, 787 1, 346	4, 830 1, 755 1, 358	4, 641 1, 709 1, 249	4, 792 1, 686 1, 331	4, 040 1, 256 1, 246	4,840 1,765 1,421	
All otherdo	1,453	1, 477 3, 951	1, 492 4, 102	1, 546 4, 037	1, 715 4, 010	1, 397 4, 073	1, 310 3, 780	1,566 4,229	1,683	1,725	1,717	1.683	1,775	1, 538	1, 654	
Repaid, totaldo Automobile paperdo Other consumer goods paperdo	3, 813 1, 348 1, 131	1,355 1,186	1, 441 1, 221	1, 355 1, 197	1, 289 1, 194	1, 402 1, 205	3, 780 1, 262 1, 197	1, 435 1, 285	4.077 1.384 1,210	4, 250 1, 447 1, 256	4, 164 1, 405 1, 226	4, 233 1, 451 1, 234	4, 245 1, 447 1, 253	3, 933 1, 319 1, 196	4, 432 1, 575 1, 288	
All otherdo	1, 334	1,410	1, 440	1, 485	1, 527	1.466	1, 321	1, 509	1,483	1,547	1,533	1, 548	1, 545	1,418	1, 569	
Extended, total do			4,209 1,405 1,254	4,317 1,511 1,249	4, 315 1, 471 1, 316	4, 194 1, 474 1, 185	4,302 1,496 1,281	4,363 1,526 1,257	4,625 1,606	4, 593 1, 604	4.477 1.536	4, 580 1, 601	4, 580 1, 578	4,397 1,429	4, 634 1, 651	
Other consumer goods paperdo All otherdo			1,550	1, 557	1,528	1, 535	1, 525	1,580	1,382 1,637	1,312 1,677	1,308 1,633	1,332 1,647	1,325 1,677	1,302 1,666	1, 323 1, 660	
Repaid, totaldo Automobile paperdo Other consumer goods paperdo			4,028 1,372 1,210	4, 017 1, 359 1, 188	4, 051 1, 361 1, 233	3, 979 1, 380 1, 147	4,066 1,369 1,253	4,094 1,393 1,226	4, 108 1, 403 1, 217	4, 180 1, 418 1, 234	4, 159 1, 402 1, 230	4,239 1,430 1,271	4. 194 1, 417 1, 257	4, 232 1, 403 1, 276	4, 217 1, 451 1, 242	
All other dodo			1,446	1, 470	1, 457	1, 452	1, 444	1, 475	1, 488	1. 528	1. 527	1.538	1, 520	1, 553	1, 524	
FEDERAL GOVERNMENT FINANCE		İ														
Tet cash transactions with the public: *  Receipts from	8, 191 7, 891	8, 161 8, 728	3, 872 9, 385	8, 554 9, 218	8, 868 8, 576	5, 968 8, 726	9, 567 8, 967	10, 685 8, 263	7, 060 9, 074	10,850 9,160	13, 042 9, 503	4, 567 9, 314	10, 328 10, 577	11, 140 8, 639		
Payments to do Excess of receipts, or payments (-) do do do do do do do do do do do do do	299	-567	-5, 512	-663	292	-2,758	600	2. 422	-2.014	1,690	3, 539	-4, 747	-249	2, 501		
Seasonally adjusted quarterly totals:  Receiptsdo Paymentsdo					25, 300 26, 900			24, 600 27,800			26, 800 26, 800			727, 700 728, 000		
Excess of receipts, or payments (-)do					-1,600			-3,200			20, 800			-300		
udget receipts and expenditures:  Receipts, total	8, 333 6, 626	8, 333 6, 513	3, 811 3, 141	8,007 6,424	8, 980 7, 967	5, 959 5, 357	9, 773 6, 729	12, 354 9, 104	8, 153 5, 754	10,658 7,024	713, 346 711, 615	4, 540 3, 566	9, 445 7, 089	11, 414 10, 053	4,068 3,030	
Customsao	91 3, 838	88 3,933	105 1,614	106 4, 891	88 3,363	100 3,570	5, 910	104 3, 728	5, 348	104	100	103	107 5, 467	102 5,072	120 1,391	
Individual income taxesdo Corporation income taxesdo Employment taxesdo	1,891	1,766 1,039	408 241	377 1, 266	3, 322 505	466 353	400 2,080	5, 879 1, 188	445 745	6, 243 469 2, 266	5,377 1,054	525 450	3, 467 431 1, 786	3,533 962	1, 391 460 551	
Other internal revenue and receiptsdo  Expenditures, totaldo	1,506 6,464	1,508 7,039	1, 443 7, 796	1,368 7,485	1, 701 7, 160	1,470 7,395	1, 298 6, 858	1. 456 7, 749	1,516 7,289	1,576 7,229	7 1,806 7 8,102	1, 965 7, 252	1,654 8,541	1,745 7,327	1,547 8,524	
Interest on public debtdo Veterans' services and benefitsdo	773 429	739 445	713 438	740 437	781 471	803 471	755 449	733 1 449	777 438	775 433	7 821 7 398	828 442	794 492	807 401	814 440	
National defensedo All other expendituresdo	3, 808 1, 510	4,013 1,895	4, 067 2, 587	4,253 $2,055$	4, 258 1, 836	4,316 1,890	4, 094 1, 575	1 4, 597 1 1, 972	4, 315 1, 766	4, 785 1, 241	7 5, 034 7 2, 061	3. 954 2, 107	4, 448 2, 852	r 4,038 r 2,081	7 4, 603 7 2, 679	
ublic debt and guaranteed obligations: Gross debt (direct), end of mo., totalbil. \$	<sup>2</sup> 290. 22	² 296. 17	295, 66	297.01	296. 17	296. 51	296. 98	296. 09	296. 95	299. 17	298. 20	297. 88	301.84	299. 50	302, 07	305
Interest bearing, totaldodo	2 286. 82 2 242. 47	<sup>2</sup> 292, 69 <sup>2</sup> 249, 17	292.71 248.82	293, 60 249, 39	292, 69 249, 17	293.11 250.81	293, 55 250, 80	292. 48 249. 68	293.36 251.24	295, 52 251, 23	294. 44 249. 50	293. 92 250. 12	297. 90 252. 48	295. 57 251. 01	298.14	30
Public issuesdo Held by U.S. Govt. investment accts. do Special issuesdo	2 10. 64 2 44. 35	2 10. 89 2 43. 52	11, 01 43, 89	11.08 44.22	10. 89 43. 52	11.32 42.30	11. 27 42. 75	11. 50 42. 81	11. 47 42. 12	11. 46 44. 29	11.36 44.94	11. 58 43. 80	252. 48 11. 47 45. 43	11. 71 44. 56	254. 26 43. 89	257
Noninterest bearing do Guaranteed obligations not owned by U.S. Treas-	2 3, 40	2 3. 48	2. 95	3. 41	3. 48	3. 40	3. 43	3. 60	3. 59	3. 66	3. 76	3.96	3. 94	3. 93	3, 92	1
ury, end of monthbil. \$bil. \$bil. \$bil. \$	². 16	2.33	. 30	. 31	. 33	. 35	. 37	. 40	. 41	. 43	. 44	. 45	. 47	. 49	. 49	
Amount outstanding, end of monthdo Sales, series E and Hdo	2 47. 53 . 36	. 38	47. 95 . 37	48.03 .36	47. 79	47. 78 . 48	47.81 .36	47.81	47.81 .35	47.81 .35	47. 82 . 36		47. 90 . 36	47. 91 . 30	47. 87 . 36	47
Redemptionsdodo	. 56	. 47	. 41	. 38	.71	. 62	. 44	. 48	. 46	. 46	. 48	. 45	. 43	. 40	. 51	
nstitute of Life Insurance:							·									
Assets, total, all U.S. life insurance companies ? bil. \$ Bonds (book value), domestic and foreign,	<sup>2</sup> 119. 58	<sup>2</sup> 126. 82	125, 36	126.01	126.82	127. 31	127. 73	128. 11	128, 57	128. 93	129.14	130.00	130, 60	131.07	131.74	
total bil, \$ U.S. Government do State, county, municipal (U.S.) do	<sup>2</sup> 58. 56 <sup>2</sup> 6. 43	<sup>2</sup> 60. 93 <sup>2</sup> 6. 13	60.88 6.44	61.08 6.40	61.06 6.14	61.66 6.31	61.85 6.34	62.06 6.26	62.38 6.35	62. 63 6. 32	62. 73 6. 23	63. 12 6. 41	63.37 6.38	63, 55 6, 34	63, 86 6, 37	
State, county, municipal (U.S.) do	2 3. 59 2 15. 95 2 3. 64	2 3, 89 2 16, 22 2 3, 58	3.84 16.16 3.67	3.88 16.18 3.67	3.90 16.22 3.66	3. 96 16. 23 3. 65	3. 96 16. 25 3. 64	4. 08 16. 29 3. 64	4.06 16.30 3.63	4.05 16.32	4. 06 16. 37	4.06 16.38 3.60	4.09 16.40	4. 10 16. 40	4, 08 16, 41	
Industrial and miscellaneous (U.S.)do	225. 21	2 26. 91	26.66	26. 82	26. 93	27. 23	27. 35	27. 48	27.67	$\frac{3.62}{27.82}$	3. 61 27, 92	28.09	3. 60 r 28. 29	3. 59 28. 46	3, 58 28, 61	
Stocks (book value), domestic and foreign, total bil. \$  Preferred (U.S.)	2 4. 98 2 1. 79	<sup>2</sup> 6. 26 <sup>2</sup> 2. 03	4.57 2.09	4.63 2.10	4.82 2.12	4.82 2.11	4.86 2.12	4.89 2.12	4.93 2.13	4.97 2.14	4. 95 2. 17	4.99 2.18	5. 02 2. 19	5. 07 2. 20	5. 11 2. 22	
Common (U.S.)	<sup>2</sup> 3. 12 <sup>2</sup> 41. 77	<sup>2</sup> 4. 14 <sup>2</sup> 44. 20	2.41 43.63	2, 46 43, 87	2.62 44.25	2. 64 44. 38	2.67 44.49	2. 69 44. 64	2. 71 44. 75	2.74 2.74 44.95	2. 70 45. 14	2. 73 45. 34	2. 74 2. 74 45. 58	2. 78 2. 78 45. 76	2. 22 2. 81 46. 05	1
Nonfarmdododo	<sup>2</sup> 38. 79 <sup>2</sup> 3, 76	<sup>2</sup> 41. 03 <sup>2</sup> 4. 01	40. 49 3. 97	40, 71 3, 99	41.08 4.01	41. 21 3. 97	41.30 3.99	41. 42 3. 99	41.52	41.68	41.86 4.04	42.03	42. 25 4. 11	42. 41 4. 11	42. 69 4. 12	
Policy loans and premium notesdodododododo	<sup>2</sup> 5. 23 <sup>2</sup> 1. 33	<sup>2</sup> 5. 73 <sup>2</sup> 1. 39	5. 67 1. 34	5.70 1 38	5.74 1.39	5. 77 1. 28	5. 79 1. 28	5. 83 1. 20	5. 88 1. 21	5. 93 1. 22	5. 98 1. 20	6.04	6. 08 1. 24	6.11	6. 15 1. 27	1
Other assets do Payments to policyholders and beneficiaries in	2 3.94	724.29	5. 29	5.36	5.55	5. 43	5. 46	5.49	5. 41	5. 22	5. 10	5.15	5. 21	5. 20	5. 17	
U.S., total	676. 5 278. 8 56. 1	734. 2 298. 4 59. 6	723. 1 286. 7 62. 3	711.3 292.7 60.8	967. 5 320. 7 70. 0	808. 9 349. 1 74. 7	704.3 295.6 56.8	830. 8 350. 1 62. 9	714, 1 300, 4 57, 6	777. 5 342. 0 59. 2	749. 6 316. 5 56. 3	733. 4 311. 6 54. 5	739. 2 318. 8	754. 6 300. 4 50. 5	776. 5 316. 6	
Disability payments do Annuity payments do do do do do do do do do do do do do	10.3	11.1	11. 6 65. 7	10.9	11.3 56.4	12.5	10.9	11.1	11, 6	12.8	12. 1	12.0	54. 6 12. 5	11.0	63. 4 13. 4	
Surrender valuesdodo	136. 1 135. 0	149. 4 151. 6	151.7 145.1	140.7 143.5	163. 7 345. 4	91. 0 152. 7 128. 9	66. 3 140. 4 134. 3	72. 0 156. 9 177. 8	66. 7 141. 5 136. 3	67. 7 157. 2 138. 6	68. 2 142. 7 153. 8	70. 9 149. 0 135. 4	61. 7 142. 9 148. 7	75. 3 156. 7 160. 7	66. 7 146. 6 169. 8	
Policy dividendsdodefinition of the Insurance Agency Management Association: Insurance written (new paid-for insurance):								111.8	100.3	108.0	100.8	100.4		100.7	169. 8	
Value, estimated total mil. \$ Ordinary do	6, 201 4, 349	6,570 4,515	6, 898 4, 777	6, 755 4, 979	7, 519 5, 072	6, 039 3, 905	5, 925 4, 233	6, 834 4, 849	6, 352 4, 631	6, 757 4, 791	6, 704 4, 666	6, 222 4, 528	6, 273 4, 505	5, 957 4, 116	6, 993 4, 891	
Group and wholesale do Industrial do do do do do do do do do do do do do	1,279 573	1,472 583	1.511 610	1, 185 591	$1,921 \\ 526$	1,645	1. 127 565	$1,364 \\ 621$	1,110 611	$1.341 \\ 625$	1,463 575	1, 146 548	1, 214 554	1, 269 572	1,484	

<sup>\*</sup>Rovised. \*\*Preliminary. 1 Data beginning Mar. 1962 reflect revised classifications; not comparable with earlier figures. 2 End of year; assets of life insurance companies are annual statement values.

\*Soft University Dept. and Bu. of the Budget).

 $<sup>\</sup>P$ Data for net receipts and total expenditures reflect exclusion of certain interfund transactions.  $\Im$  Revisions for Jan, 1960-July 1961 will be shown later.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961		1961		<del></del>					1962					
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mor ave	thly rage	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.
	,		F	FINAN	NCE-	-Cont	inued	l						,		
LIFE INSURANCE—Continued												i				
Premiums collected (LIAMA):* Total life insurance premiums mil. \$ Ordinary. do. Group and wholesale do. Industrial do.	953 695 136 122	994 729 145 120	1.002 739 152 112	989 734 148 107	1, 135 760 148 227	1, 062 790 155 118	966 718 143 106	1,087 813 166 108	992 739 146 107	1, 022 770 144 107	1,009 752 150 107	1.041 771 161 109	1. 027 762 157 108	955 714 138 103	1, 063 785 167 110	
. ' MONETARY STATISTICS Gold and silver:	ļ															
Gold:  Monetary stock, U.S. (end of yr, or mo.)_mil. \$.  Net release from earmark \$do.  Exportsthous, \$.  Importsdo.	-165 137	116, S89 -5 64, 583 4, 684	17, 300 -43 70, 051 4, 009	16, 975 -272 14, 068 11, 540	16, 889 65 52, 755 10, 769	16, 815 -64 28, 224 2, 021	16, 790 -37 30, 897 19, 701	16, 608 - 142 52, 845 10, 622	16, 495 -82 14, 065 2, 228	16, 434 -78 31, 032 16, 290	16, 435 -60 14, 000 3, 340	$16.147 \\ -310 \\ 14.005 \\ 2.039$	16, 098 10 52, 663 1, 883	16, 067 2 63, 150 2, 335		15, 978
Production, world total         do.           South Africa         do.           Canada         do.           United States         do.	297, 900 62, 400 13, 400 3 4, 900	2101,700 66, 900 3 13,000 3 4, 600	68, 900 12, 700 3, 900	69, 200 13, 000 4, 100	67, 800 12, 900 3, 400	70, 600 12, 600 3, 500	67, 400 11, 400 3, 200	72, 900 12, 800 3, 500	72, 300 12, 400 3, 000	74, 000 12, 300 3, 400	75, 200 11, 800 3, 100	76, 300 11, 900 4, 000	76, 600 12, 000 4, 600	76, 100 4, 800		
Silver:	2, 149 4, 786 . 914	3, 154 3, 786 . 924	2,511 3,316 .914	6, 600 3, 441 . 923	1, 896 5, 152 1, 033	1, 842 3, 156 1, 043	1, 538 9, 249 1, 025	979 6, 653 1, 015	526 5,615 1.015	521 5, 203 1, 015	964 6, 837 1, 023	476 5, 398 1, 035	951 5, 827 4 1, 083	1, 144 7, 897 1, 155	1, 206	1. 192
Canada thous, fine oz  Mexico do  United States do  Currency in circulation, end of yr, or mo bil, \$  Money supply and related data (avg. of daily fig.):*	2, 835 3, 711 3, 345 132. 9	2, 597 3 3, 362 3, 524 1 33. 9	3, 054 3, 420 3, 523 32. 8	2, 643 3, 590 3, 816 33, 5	2, 424 2, 850 4, 297 33, 9	2, 518 3, 565 3, 023 32, 8	2,064 3,255 2,643 32,9	2, 514 3, 886 2, 690 33, 0	2, 270 3, 473 2, 448 33. 2	2, 194 3, 530 3, 214 33. 5	2, 670 3, 185 2, 319 33, 8	2, 823 2, 984 2, 184 33, 9	2, 397 3, 623 2, 127 33, 9	2, 880 33. 9	34.1	
Unadjusted for seas, variation:         bil. \$.           Total money supply	5 140. 9 5 29. 0 5 111. 9 5 69. 1 5 5. 3	5 143. 2 5 29. 1 5 114. 0 5 78. 5 5 4. 8	144. 5 29. 4 115. 1 81. 5 6. 4	146. 3 29. 7 116. 6 81. 5 5. 8	149. 4 30. 2 119. 2 81. 8 4. 9	149. 0 29. 5 119. 5 83. 5 3. 8	145, 3 29, 3 115, 9 85, 4 4, 6	144. 2 29. 6 114. 6 87. 4 5. 1	146. 2 29. 8 116. 4 88. 9 3. 8	143. 6 29. 8 113. 8 89. 9 7. 0	144. 0 30. 0 113. 9 91. 1 7. 2	144. 3 30. 3 114. 0 92. 2 7. 1	143. 8 30. 3 113. 5 93. 0 6. 8	145. 0 30. 3 114. 6 r 93. 8 7. 2	146. 5 30. 4 116. 1 94. 9 7. 3	148. 2 30. 8 117. 5 95. 4 6. 0
Adjusted for seas. variation:   Total money supply			144. 2 29. 3 114. 9 81. 3	144. 9 29. 4 115. 5 82. 0	145. 7 29. 6 116. 1 82. 5	145. 9 29. 7 116. 3 84. 1	145. 5 29. 7 115. 8 85. 8	145. 7 29. 9 115. 8 87. 5	146. 1 30. 0 116. 0 88. 7	145. 7 30. 0 115. 7 89. 6	145. 6 30. 1 115. 4 90. 7	145. 7 30. 2 115. 5 91. 8	145. 1 30. 2 114. 9 92. 5	145. 3 30. 2 115. 1 93. 4	146, 1 30, 3 115, 8 94, 6	146. 9 30. 5 116. 4 96. 0
U.S. Govt., annual rates, seas. adjusted: Total (344 centers)*ratio of debits to deposits New York City	34.8	38, 2 70, 0 36, 8 26, 1	40. 1 75. 6 7 38. 3 27. 0	39. 9 75. 3 38. 5 26. 8	39.8 73.4 38.7 26.8	39. 7 70. 9 40. 6 27. 7	38, 5 68, 1 38, 4 27, 1	41. 7 78. 2 40. 9 27. 6	42. 2 78. 4 41. 7 28. 2	41. 9 78. 8 40. 8 28. 0	41. 6 77. 3 41. 3 27. 8	42. 1 77. 3 42. 1 28. 6	41. 9 78. 8 41. 1 28. 3	41. 7 82. 2 7 41. 8 27. 3	43. 7 82. 9 44. 6 28. 5	
PROFITS AND DIVIDENDS (QTRLY.)				į								İ		·		
Manufacturing corps. (Fed. Trade and SEC):  Net profit after taxes, all industriesmil, \$ Food and kindred productsdo Textile mill productsdo Lumber and wood products (except furniture)	\$3,800 \$306 \$82	6 3, 828 6 331 6 70 6 28			4, 609 346 100 27			4, 004 270 74						4, 223 397 86		
Paper and allied products	6 147 6 503 6 719 6 143 6 123 6 236	6 146 6 511 6 772 6 136 6 122 6 201			174 538 870 151 141			143 519 797 58 143			169 601 699 191 156			199 104		<b>-</b>
Fabricated metal products (except ordnance, machinery, and transport, equip.)mil. \$Machinery (except electrical)do	6 101 6 246 6 256 6 56	6 111 6 265 6 256 6 74			116 293 350 81			118 284 274			187 387			168 333 291		
vehicles, etc.)mil, \$Motor vehicles and partsdo. All other manufacturing industriesdo. Dividends paid (cash), all industriesdo	6 419 6 435 6 2,070	6 372 6 430 6 2, 138			599 560 2, 528			570 396 2, 202			645 499 2, 123			106 331 564 2, 112		
Electric utilities, profits after taxes (Federal Reserve)mil. \$ Transportation and communications (see pp. S-23 and S-24).	6 448	6 474			477			585			472		i	488		
SECURITIES ISSUED																
Securities and Exchange Commission:           Estimated gross proceeds, total	2, 122	2, 958 2, 648 785 273 37	4, 410 4, 100 845 298 12	2, 404 2, 179 762 184 41	2,094 1.784 784 284 26	3, 506 3, 363 504 141 2	2, 537 2, 382 728 146 9	1,877 1,669 638 204 5	4. 075 3, 738 881 216 120	2, 149 2, 015 667 120 14	2, 422 2, 253 1, 063 124 46	1, 663 1, 598 565 32 32	4,056 3,974 840 58 24	1,568 1,408 472 110 51	2, 198 2, 073 912 77 49	
By type of issuer:   do	846 179 20 238 18 87	1, 096 343 22 253 15 152 190	1, 155 308 37 318 19 26 291	987 233 4 367 24 81 183	1,094 330 42 211 5 42 315	647 225 15 116 12 75 104	884 139 13 153 17 366 126	847 329 16 197 20 21 143	1, 217 463 15 383 7 90 142	801 279 37 217 12 65 96	1. 232 361 23 473 18 80 173	630 250 5 124 9 93 110	922 226 (7) 255 56 123 190	632 190 21 165 20 69 93	1. 037 193 21 253 6 259 255	
Noncorporate, total⊙ do. U.S. Government do. State and municipal do.	1. 449 659	1, 862 1, 021	3. 255 2, 564 643	1. 417 357 789	1, 000 341 654	2, 859 1, 589		1,030 372	2, 858 1, 506	1. 348 352	1, 190 363 760	1.033 358 641	3, 135 2, 408 559	936 300 426	1, 162 359	

Revised. <sup>1</sup> End of year. <sup>2</sup> Estimated; excludes U.S.S.R., other Eastern European countries, China Mainland, and North Korea. Comparable data not shown in 1961 B USINESS STATISTICS volume. <sup>3</sup> Includes revisions not distributed by months. <sup>4</sup> Effective Aug. 1962 for silver in commercial bar form (priced ½ cent higher than on former basis; <sup>4</sup>/<sub>10</sub> eent higher effective Nov. 15, 1962). <sup>5</sup> Average of daily figures. <sup>6</sup> Quarterly average. <sup>5</sup> Less than \$500,000. <sup>6</sup> Corrected.

<sup>\*</sup>New series. Back data for premiums collected and turnover of total demand deposits are available upon request; those for money supply, etc., are published in the Aug. 1962 Federal Reserve Bulletin (see also Oct. 1960 Bulletin for concepts and methods). §Or increase in earmarked gold (—). ¶Time deposits at all commercial banks other than those due to domestic commercial banks and the U.S. Govt. Placeting Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Detroit, San Francisco, and Los Angeles. ⊙Includes data not shown separately.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961	1960	1961		1961							1962			1	1	
edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon aver		Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan,	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.
			F	INAN	ICE-	Cont	inued									
SECURITIES ISSUED—Continued																
Securities and Exchange Commission—Continued New corporate security issues:   Estimated net proceeds, totalmil. \$	827 730 472 258	1, 073 902 628 274	1, 129 952 641 311	961 908 671 237	1, 071 930 506 424	632 507 326 181	866 792 642 150 7	823 709 458 251	1, 185 1, 033 753 279	785 621 435 186	1, 214 953 713 240	621 504 329 175	907 620 382 237	618 441 315 126	1,021 795 474 320	
Retirement of securities	23 75 602 334	75 96 697 376	40 138 643 244	13 40 789 532	71 70 669 336	39 85 866 186	67 1, 123 640	16 97 621 351	72 80 877 442	25 139 897 499	82 180 760 375	39 78 641 301	159 129 559 573	39 138 426 172	134 93 7 646 7 285	548 590
SECURITY MARKETS																
Brokers' Balances (N.Y.S.E. Members Carrying Margin Accounts)																
Cash on hand and in banks         mil.\$-           Customers' debit balances (net)         do           Customers' free credit balances (net)         do           Money borrowed         do    Bonds	1 390 1 3, 317 1 1, 135 1 2, 275	1 430 1 4, 294 1 1, 219 1 3, 003	429 4, 072 1, 214 2, 710	422 4, 180 1, 213 2, 803	430 4, 294 1, 219 3, 003	436 4, 145 1, 225 2, 911	421 4, 100 1, 190 2, 882	426 4, 117 1, 154 2, 963	419 4, 115 1, 110 3, 072	426 4, 034 1, 205 2, 889	437 3, 637 1, 374 2, 239	415 3, 592 1, 252 2, 124	388 3, 796 1, 130 2, 506	380 7 3, 914 7 1, 091 2, 738	397 3, 889 1, 126 2, 625	
Prices:         Average price of all listed bonds (N.Y.S.E.),           total\$         dollars           Domestic         do           Foreign         do           Standard & Poor's Corporation:	91.42 91.56 81.81	92, 98 93, 12 83, 22	93, 19 93, 32 83, 31	92, 67 92, 76 85, 36	92, 26 92, 38 83, 31	92. 24 92. 35 84. 26	92, 90 92, 99 85, 12	93, 89 93, 99 85, 80	94, 40 94, 50 86, 04	93. 80 93. 91 84. 68	93. 02 93. 13 84. 82	92, 97 93, 08 84, 61	93, 76 93, 87 85, 88	94. 16 94. 27 85. 94	94, 57 94, 68 86, 27	
Industrial, utility, and railroad (A1+ issues): Composite (21 bonds).dl.,dol. per \$100 bond. Domestic municipal (15 bonds)do. U.S. Treasury bonds, taxable \$\frac{1}{2}\ldots\frac{1}{2}\ld	94. 6 103. 9 86. 22	95. 2 107. 8 87. 55	94. 6 107. 7 86. 61	94, 9 108, 1 86, 52	94. 5 107. 3 85. 61	94, 5 109, 9 85, 34	94, 5 110, 5 85, 17	91. 8 111. 9 86. 21	95, 4 113, 7 87, 69	95, 9 113, 5 87, 87	95, 7 111, 2 87, 61	95, 4 110, 2 86, 07	95, 4 110, 1 86, 64	95. 8 112. 1 87. 02	96. 6 114. 4 87. 73	96. 0 114. 7 87. 90
Total, excl. U.S. Government bonds (SEC): All registered exchanges: Market valuemil.\$ Face valuedo New York Stock Exchange:	133. 92 134. 52	168, 56 162, 82	153, 52 151, 77	162.65 164.03	160, 43 167, 36	150. 81 157. 72	136, 69 132, 43	143, 42 144, 94	134, 82 135, 58	188, 43 184, 91	246, 49 249, 77	151, 86 156, 85	117. 84 125. 30	91, 01 94, 62	112, 30 136, 16	
Market value	131, 65 132, 28 112, 20 105, 88 6, 33	163. 70 159. 05 136. 34 130. 51 5. 83	150, 43 148, 44 125, 57 120, 68 4, 88	158, 28 160, 65 140, 84 135, 71 5, 13	154, 50 161, 12 135, 73 129, 09 6, 64	146, 10 152, 91 133, 06 126, 35 6, 71	131. 74 127. 77 101. 35 95. 43 5. 92	138, 15 139, 49 113, 54 104, 74 8, 80	129, 99 130, 81 117, 18 111, 74 5, 44	183. 01 179. 28 183. 17 174. 76 8. 42	238. 82 241. 24 184. 88 176. 26 8. 62	148, 25 152, 98 116, 51 108, 52 7, 97	112, 35 119, 58 95, 86 88, 71 7, 16	86, 01 90, 10 81, 52 75, 06 6, 46	105, 49 128, 67 100, 62 89, 22 11, 39	
Value, issues listed on N.Y.S. E., end of month: Market value, total, all issues bit. \$ Domestic do Foreign do	108. 48 105. 67 1, 61	108. 34 105. 50 1. 58	109, 03 106, 22 1, 56	104, 75 101, 86 1, 63	104. 63 101. 78 1. 61	105, 52 102, 66 1, 62	106, 25 103, 38 1, 61	107, 40 104, 42 1, 63	109, 44 106, 40 1, 68	106, 74 103, 70 1, 67	105. 51 102. 42 1. 74	105. 47 102. 37 1. 76	108, 52 105, 36 1, 80	111, 37 108, 22 1, 79	111, 69 108, 52	
Face value, total, all issues \$	118. 69 115. 44 1. 97 4. 73	116. 51 113. 30 1. 90 4. 66	117, 00 113, 82 1, 88	113. 03 109. 81 1. 91	113, 42 110, 18 1, 93 4, 71	114. 39 111. 16 1, 92	114. 37 111. 17 1. 90 4. 70	114, 39 111, 10 1, 90 4, 67	115, 93 112, 59 1, 95 4, 63	113, 79 110, 42 1, 98 4, 58	113. 42 109. 97 2. 06 4. 59	113, 45 109, 98 2, 08 4, 63	115, 74 112, 25 2, 10 4, 64		118, 10 114, 62 2, 09 4, 57	
Domestic corporate (Moody's)	4, 41 4, 56 4, 77 5, 19	4. 35 4. 48 4. 70 5. 08	4, 73 4, 42 4, 56 4, 79 5, 13	4.70 4.39 4.54 4.75 5.11	4. 42 4. 56 4. 74 5. 10	4. 70 4. 42 4. 55 4. 74 5. 08	4. 42 4. 56 4. 74 5. 07	4. 39 4. 53 4. 71 5. 04	4, 33 4, 49 4, 66	4. 28 4. 43 4. 62 5. 00	4. 28 4. 44 4. 62 5. 02	4. 34 4. 49 4. 65 5. 05	4, 35 4, 49 4, 66	4, 32 4, 46 4, 62	4. 28 4. 41 4. 61	4, 27 4, 41 4, 50 4, 90
By groups:   do	4, 59 4, 69 4, 92	4. 54 4. 57 4. 82	4, 60 4, 66 4, 92	4, 58 4, 63 4, 89	4, 59 4, 62 4, 91	4, 57 4, 61 4, 92	4, 57 4, 62 4, 90	4, 52 4, 60 4, 88	4, 46 4, 56 4, 86	4, 42 4, 50 4, 83	4. 45 4. 47 4. 86	4, 52 4, 48 4, 90	4, 51 4, 50 4, 90	4, 45 4, 49 4, 88	4, 40 4, 46 4, 85	4, 8)
Rond Buyer (20 bonds)	3, 51 3, 73 4, 01	3, 46 3, 46 3, 90	3, 36 3, 46 3, 98	3. 48 3. 44 3. 98	3. 42 3. 49 4. 06	3. 22 3. 32 4. 08	3. 20 3. 28 4. 09	3. 12 3. 19 4. 01	3. 00 3. 08 3. 89	3. 24 3. 09 3. 88	3. 24 3. 24 3. 90	3. 33 3. 30 4. 02	3. 14 3. 31 3. 97	3, 06 3, 18 3, 94	3, 01 3, 03 3, 89	3. 10 3. 00 3. 8
Cash dividend payments publicly reported; Total dividend paymentsmil. \$	<sup>2</sup> 13, 575	<sup>2</sup> 14, 154	987.4	401. 4	2, 750. 5	1, 065, 4	544. 4	2,074.4	987.8	384. 0	2, 086, 2	994.8	395. 4	2, 137, 9	1,025.3	412.
Finance	2 2. 048 2 7. 047 2 549	<sup>2</sup> 2, 160 <sup>2</sup> 7, 346 <sup>2</sup> 544	182. 4 350. 0 16. 9	114. 1 135. 0 3. 5	400, 5 1, 712, 2 157, 3	284. 3 295. 2 11. 1	3.0	183. 8 1, 331. 4 109. 0	188. 9 340. 9 11. 1	91. 9 131. 4 5. 2	108, 5	197. 4 338. 6 10. 5	93. 2 135. 5 3. 0	105. 5	c 194. 5 361. 8 11. 4	104. 140. 2.
Communications   do   Electric and gas   do   Railroads   do   Trade   do   Miscellaneous   do	2 1, 181 2 1, 588 2 370 2 581 2 212	2 1, 283 2 1, 692 2 356 2 578 2 195	235, 4 118, 4 19, 1 56, 8 8, 4	2. 4 114. 6 1. 5 22. 8 7. 5	109, 9 197, 6 75, 9 62, 1 35, 0	235, 4 119, 7 30, 9 77, 3 11, 5	2. 2 115. 5 4. 2 42. 9 6. 8	113. 2 197. 3 56. 7 53. 3 29. 7	235, 3 123, 3 20, 5 57, 9 9, 9	3. 3 116. 8 5. 5 23. 0 6. 9	113, 0 199, 1 56, 6 59, 3 27, 6	235. 7 123. 8 16. 9 59. 8 12. 1	2. 9 118. 6 8. 7 23. 5 10. 0	112. 8 201. 3 50. 7 58. 4 27. 5	236, 4 124, 8 19, 7 62, 4 14, 3	3. 124. 5. 21.
Dividend rates and prices, common stocks (Moody's): Dividends per share, annual rate (200 stocks) dollars	5, 59	5.70	5, 69	5, 88	5, 89	5. 92	5, 95	5, 96	5, 96	5, 97	5, 97	5. 97	5, 97	5, 97	5. 91	6. 1
Industrial (125 stocks)	6. 03 2. 68 3. 53 3. 97 4. 75	6. 07 2. 81 3. 37 4. 21 5. 18	6, 04 2, 84 3, 38 4, 21 5, 19	6. 33 2. 85 3. 36 4. 25 5. 19	6, 33 2, 86 3, 36 4, 25 5, 19	6, 37 2, 86 3, 36 4, 30 5, 19	6. 41 2. 86 3. 35 4. 30 5. 19	6, 41 2, 91 3, 35 4, 30 5, 29	6. 42 2. 91 3. 35 4. 30 5. 29	6, 41 2, 97 3, 35 4, 30 5, 29	6. 41 2. 98 3. 35 4. 30 5. 29	6, 40 2, 98 3, 35 4, 30 5, 29	6, 40 2, 99 3, 35	6, 40 3, 02 3, 34 4, 30 5, 32	6, 29 3, 03 3, 39 4, 30 5, 32	6. 6. 3. 0. 3. 3. 4. 3. 5. 3
Price per share, end of mo. (200 stocks) 9do	173. 18 69. 82	185, 66 199, 90 90, 55 68, 26	193. 10 207. 23 99. 77 71. 01	200, 36 213, 75 103, 91 70, 01	202, 73 216, 69 99, 32 69, 10	195, 17 209, 40 95, 14 70, 43	198. 76 212. 12 97. 76 69. 98	198. 91 213. 78 98. 87 68. 60	186, 28 198, 72 96, 45 64, 78	171. 39 183. 43 86. 79 62. 00	157. 34 168. 00 81. 74 57. 19	168, 24 178, 96 87, 72 58, 27	170, 51 181, 40 90, 12 59, 25	172, 29	86.83	192. 3 92. 6

\*Revised. \*Corrected. \*End of year. \*Annual total. \$Data include bonds of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development not shown separately; these bonds are included in computing the average price of all listed bonds.

3 Number of bonds represent number currently used; the change in the number does no affect the continuity of series.

¶Prices are derived from average yields on basis of an assumed 3 percent 20-year bond.

⊙ For bonds due or callable in 10 years or more.

§ Includes data not shown separately.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961		1961						·····	1962		,	1		,
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon aver		Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov
			F	INAN	ICE-	-Cont	inued									
SECURITY MARKETS—Continued Stocks—Continued																
Dividend yields and earnings, common stocks (Moody's):         percent.           Yield (200 stocks)         percent.           Industrial (125 stocks)         do           Public utility (24 stocks)         do           Railroad (25 stocks)         do           Bank (15 stocks)         do           Insurance (10 stocks)         do	3. 60 3. 48 3. 84 5. 65 3. 91 2. 92	3. 07 3. 04 3. 10 4. 94 3. 18 2. 31	2, 95 2, 91 2, 85 4, 76 2, 78 2, 10	2. 93 2. 96 2. 74 4. 80 2. 83 1. 98	2. 91 2. 92 2. 88 4. 86 2. 75 2. 10	3. 03 3. 04 3. 01 4. 77 2. 94 2. 20	2. 99 3. 02 2. 93 4. 79 2. 81 2. 13	3. 00 3. 00 2. 94 4. 88 2. 97 2. 10	3. 20 3. 23 3. 02 5. 17 3. 26 2. 28	3. 48 3. 49 3. 42 5. 40 3. 56 2. 59	3. 79 3. 82 3. 65 5. 86 3. 74 2. 86	3. 55 3. 58 3. 40 5. 75 3. 45 2. 68	3. 50 3. 53 3. 32 5. 65 3. 43 2. 63	3. 69 3. 71 3. 45 5. 96 3. 70 2. 85	3. 60 3. 61 3. 49 5. 78 3. 62 2. 78	3. 4 3. 4 3. 2 5. 0 3. 3 2. 4
Earnings per share (indust., qtrly. at ann. rate; pub. util. and R.R., for 12 mo. ending each qtr.): Industrial (125 stocks)dollars. Public utility (24 stocks)do. Railroad (25 stocks)do.	19.62 24.12 24.80	1 9. 61 2 4. 33 2 3. 94			11.64 4.33 3.94			10. 80 4. 45 4. 69			11.10 4.50 74.99			9.50 r 4.57 r 5.05		
Dividend yields, preferred stocks, 14 high-grade (Standard & Poor's Corp.)percent	4. 75	4. 66	4, 62	4. 59	4.64	4, 59	4. 52	4. 48	4. 45	4. 45	4. 52	4. 59	4. 55	4. 50	4. 49	4.
Prices:  Dow-Jones averages (65 stocks)  Industrial (30 stocks)  Public utility (15 stocks)  Railroad (20 stocks)  Standard & Poor's Corporation:  Industrial, public utility, and railroad:  Combined index (500 stocks)  1941-43=10.	204. 57 618. 04 91. 39 138. 93	232, 44 691, 55 117, 16 143, 52 66, 27	241. 67 703. 01 127. 69 149. 67	248. 56 724. 74 133. 74 149. 06	246, 76 728, 44 131, 90 143, 86 71, 74	239, 95 705, 16 124, 46 147, 38 69, 07	243. 07 711. 95 127. 45 148. 61 70. 22	243. 36 714. 21 129. 84 145. 24 70. 29	237. 42 690. 28 129. 25 142. 29 68. 05	221, 91 643, 71 120, 03 134, 96 62, 99	198. 94 572. 64 109. 17 121. 64 55. 63	203. 10 581. 78 113. 91 122. 75 56. 97	208. 94 602. 51 118. 93 121. 89 58. 52	207. 82 597. 02 120. 53 119. 76	202, 73 580, 65 117, 77 117, 58 56, 17	218.3 628.3 122.3 130.3
Industrial, total (425 stocks) \( \text{\text{\$\graphsize{Q}\$}} \)	59. 43 59. 75 47. 21 46. 86 30. 31	69. 99 67. 33 57. 01 60. 20 32. 83	71, 42 69, 32 61, 26 64, 15 34, 53	74, 72 70, 91 64, 77 67, 19 34, 30	75, 81 70, 58 65, 00 65, 77 33, 21	72, 99 68, 06 61, 78 62, 69 33, 77	74. 22 68. 37 62. 35 63. 70 34. 23	74. 22 68. 06 62. 26 64. 51 33. 45	71. 64 64. 49 60. 66 63. 86 32. 31	66. 32 58. 17 55. 86 58. 84 30. 71	58. 32 50. 18 48. 98 53. 32 28. 05	59. 61 51. 08 49. 82 55. 51 28. 29	61. 29 52. 91 51. 17 56. 96 28. 09	60. 67 52. 08 50. 60 56. 96 27. 68	58. 66 50. 83 49. 06 55. 63 27. 40	62. 9 56. 0 52. 4 57. 0 30. 4
New York City (10 stocks)do Outside New York City (16 stocks)do Fire insurance (16 stocks)do	26. 23 53. 10 33. 93	33. 75 70. 78 45. 42	36, 73 79, 26 49, 40	39, 93 83, 87 51, 60	40. 10 83. 50 50. 97	38. 02 76. 79 47. 60	39. 09 75. 79 49. 24	38. 10 73. 41 49. 71	36, 11 70, 94 48, 42	32. 33 65. 11 43. 79	29. 69 58. 45 38. 36	31, 02 59, 88 38, 52	32. 35 61. 93 40. 72	31, 33 61, 23 39, 79	30. 26 59. 00 37. 47	32. 64. 41.
Sales (Securities and Exchange Commission):           Total on all registered exchanges:         mil. \$           Market value	3, 768 116 3, 163 80	5, 317 168 4, 392 108	4, 624 136 3, 898 90	5, 282 156 4, 420 103 88	5, 338 165 4, 467 106	5, 203 157 4, 366 103	4, 219 126 3, 545 85	4, 447 135 3, 703 88	3, 954 114 3, 335 79	5, 367 148 4, 649 105	6, 728 204 6, 034 156	4, 291 131 3, 789 99	4, 117 132 3, 575 96	3, 393 104 2, 930 74	3, 990 126 3, 518 93	
(N,Y, Times)millions_ Shares listed, N.Y, Stock Exchange, end of mo.: Market value, all listed sharesbil. \$ Number of shares listedmillions_	291.49 6,231	85 358, 93 6, 752	73 371. 99 6, 974	387. 35 7, 009	387. 84 7, 088	375. 20 7, 202	383, 42 7, 269	381.36 7,302	357. 77 7, 343	326. 78 7, 434	298.97 7,485	74 318. 84 7, 533	324. 51 7, 552	308. 44 7, 561	79 309. 23 7, 611	96
	FO	REIG	N TI	RADE	OF	THE	UNIT	ED S	STAT	ES	-		<u> </u>			
FOREIGN TRADE																
Indexes	108 109 101 109 108 99	107 111 103 107 105 98	116 120 104 120 116 97	111 116 105 118 115 98	111 116 105 112 110 98	100 104 104 121 116 96	108 113 105 108 104 96	112 117 105 123 118 96	116 120 103 119 114 96	121 125 104 126 122 96	122 126 103 119 114 96	106 109 103 120 114 95	104 107 103 124 118 95	109 112 103 122 116 95		
Unadjusted 1952-54=100.  Seasonally adjusted do.  Cotton fiber (incl. linters), seas. adj do.  Imports for consumption, total: †  Unadjusted do.  Seasonally adjusted do.  Supplementary imports, seas. adj do.  Complementary imports, seas. adj do.	194 202 103 106 102	p 193 p 172 106 108 109	p 218 p 199 p 105 109 125 124 126	p 223 p 188 p 124 101 117 145 99	114 103 126											
Shipping Weight Water-borne trade: Exports, incl. reexports§thous. lg. tons General importsdo	9, 382 14, 794	9, 526 13, 984	10, 904 15, 160	10, 419 14, 387	9, 389 14, 694	7, 873	8, 833 13, 078	8, 847	9, 509		11,046					
Value‡ Exports (mdse.), incl. reexports, total¶mil. \$ Excl. Dept. of Defense shipmentsdo Seasonally adjusted*do	1,713.2 1,634.1	1, 739. 5 1, 672. 0	1,889.8 1,816.8 1,772.9	1, 817. 7 1, 759. 4 1, 716. 3	1, 826. 9 1, 777. 3 1, 719. 2	1, 642. 2 1, 591. 8 1, 660. 0	1,774.6 1,712.4 1,852.1	1,844.9 1,783.2 1,632.1	1, 881. 2 1, 798. 8 1, 794. 6	1, 972. 5 1, 892. 4 1, 774. 7	1, 970. 4 1, 894. 1 1, 858. 9	1, 709. 1 1, 621. 5 1, 718. 1	1, 682. 5 1, 634. 6 1, 651. 6	1, 761. 2 1, 711. 0 1, 935. 9	1, 613. 7 1, 583. 1 1, 503. 2	
By geographic regions:∆  Africa	63. 8 303. 9 39. 6 543. 8	68. 9 342. 3 33. 4 536. 7	78. 0 324. 4 34. 1 603. 2	82. 5 332. 6 32. 6 573. 8	77. 0 389. 6 30. 2 561. 0	78. 9 348. 9 31. 0 502. 8	80, 8 331, 7 33, 1 574, 1	86. 7 341. 1 32. 9 584. 5	94. 8 337. 4 40. 2 557. 6	79. 7 352. 8 41. 6 581. 0	88. 7 359. 8 41. 9 573. 7	78. 6 326. 7 41. 7 473. 8	73. 6 319. 7 39. 6 495. 0	80. 3 334. 6 52. 3		
Northern North America do	309. 2 139. 4 174. 7	303. 6 121. 4 185. 8	350. 0 125. 7 205. 7	317. 9 130. 7 185. 2	287. 7 126. 4 202. 8		273. 8 114. 5 164. 5			379. 6 134. 9 176. 0			303. 9 127. 1 173. 7 podities e	129. 2 171. 6		

r Revised. Preliminary. 1 Quarterly average at annual rate.
For 12 months ending Dec.
Number of stocks represents number currently used; the change in number does not affect continuity of the series. Pincludes data not shown separately.
Revisions for Jan.-Dec. 1960 (prior to May 1961 for indexes rebased to 1957-59=100) will be shown later.

<sup>\$</sup>Excludes "special category" shipments and all commodities exported under foreign-aid programs as Department of Defense controlled cargo.

¶includes grant-aid shipments under the Dept. of Defense Military Assistance Program, as well as economic aid shipments under other programs.

\*New series. Revised data prior to 1961 may be obtained from Bu. of Census reports.

△Excludes "special category" shipments.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961		1961							1962					
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon aver		Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.
FOF	REIGN	TRA	ADE (	OF T	HE U	NITE	ED ST	ГАТЕ	S—Co	ntinı	ıed		'	-		
FOREIGN TRADE—Continued  Valuet—Continued  Exports (mdse.), incl. reexports—Continued  By leading countries:																
Africa: United Arab Republic (Egypt Reg.) mil, \$ Republic of South Africado	12.6 23.1	13. 5 19. 0	18. 6 16. 1	18. 2 16. 2	18.0 17.5	25. 0 15. 2	24. 1 19. 2	22. 2 19. 4	28.8 21.5	23. 9 15. 1	22. 4 22. 2	22. 3 20. 2	16. 7 15. 0	13. 9 19. 9		
Asia and Oceania:       40	32.3 3.4 53.4 14.2 111.8	26. 6 3. 9 40. 2 16. 3	28. 6 3. 5 38. 2 14. 3	27. 3 4. 7 29. 9 18. 9	25. 3 4. 7 46. 7 32. 6 155. 3	28. 2 4. 2 44. 9 20. 7	27. 4 3. 8 29. 8 12. 2 134. 2	27. 5 2. 9 43. 1 9. 5	34. 8 3. 7 47. 6 17. 8	35. 2 4. 4 60. 8 23. 5	35. 2 5. 4 68. 2 31. 9	35. 4 3. 3 75. 0 35. 7 97. 0	33. 4 4. 1 57. 0 28. 9 102. 2	7 45. 5 5. 3 52. 7 30. 6 110. 0		
Republic of Indonesiado Republic of the Philippinesdo Europe:	7. 2 24. 8	11. 2 27. 7	13. 5 29. 3	6. 9 36. 3	11. 2 23. 2	11.7 20.3	9. 6 21. 0	11. 1 23. 2	15. 3 23. 1	8. 7 22. 5	11. 2 22. 8	7.0	9.3 21.5	12. 2 23. 8		
France         do           East Germany         do           West Germany         do           Italy         do           Union of Soviet Socialist Republics         do	48. 5 .3 89. 2 54. 2 3. 2	47. 1 . 2 89. 6 66. 2 3. 6	43. 8 . 2 108. 1 62. 8 . 5	45. 8 . 5 95. 0 66. 0 . 5	47. 2 . 1 94. 1 63. 7 . 4	47. 4 (1) 74. 5 59. 9 . 2 78. 8	56. 0 93. 5 71. 2 2. 7	50. 6 . 1 102. 3 76. 7 . 2	55. 6 .1 91. 9 57. 3 .2 85. 3	59. 9 . 7 101. 1 60. 7 4. 3	50. 3 . 1 95. 3 72. 3 2. 8	35. 7 .1 82. 3 48. 7 1. 0	40.3 .1 85.5 58.9 1.4	46.8 .1 85.3 58.5 .7		
United Kingdomdodo North and South America: Canadadodo	309. 1	94. 2 303. 6	129. 2 349. 9	103. 9 317. 9	100. 9 287. 6	78. 8	100. 3 273. 8	91. 3 310. 8	85, 3 352, 2	84. 3 379. 6	77. 8 370. 3	83. 6 314. 0	75. 6 303. 8	110. 8 290. 6		
Latin American Republics, total 9	289. 8 29. 2 35. 9 16. 2 20. 5 18. 6 68. 3 45. 9	281. 7 35. 3 40. 5 18. 9 20. 4 1. 1 66. 4 42. 5	306. 5 49. 0 39. 1 19. 1 19. 2 .1 70. 4 48. 1	286. 4 40. 7 30. 6 19. 8 17. 7 .1 70. 9 43. 3	302.0 34.8 40.8 20.2 26.6 .1 69.6 52.0	246. 8 37. 4 30. 8 13. 4 17. 4 . 2 55. 8 34. 6	254. 4 33. 6 30. 0 17. 0 20. 3 (1) 62. 0 35. 7	279.6 42.9 32.5 15.3 23.6 .1 59.3 41.9	273. 1 40. 5 29. 4 14. 2 22. 6 (1) 53. 6 50. 1	283. 4 32. 6 42. 0 12. 3 21. 9 (1) 74. 8 37. 4	291. 9 37. 8 42. 9 12. 3 22. 2 (1) 69. 0 41. 1	243. 5 29. 4 33. 5 11. 2 17. 4 (1) 59. 9 32. 2	274. 6 32. 5 39. 1 16. 7 20. 8 0 64. 8 38. 1	272. 3 24. 1 36. 5 17. 9 20. 1 (1) 62. 9 40. 9		
Exports of U.S. merchandise, total¶dodo	1,696.5 215.7 137.1 93.1 294.5 956.1	1,719.0 212.2 158.1 96.4 273.9 978.4	1,866.8 249.3 189.4 119.8 272.7 1,035.6	250. 2 180. 9 106. 6 262. 4 997. 8	232. 1 178. 8 104. 7 280. 9 1, 010. 4	1, 617. 2 164. 5 146. 9 107. 3 250. 2 948. 1	1,753.6 167. 5 175. 8 108. 2 252. 9 1,049.1	1,822.5 171. 2 176. 0 122. 3 255. 5 1,097.4	161. 8 176. 9 107. 7 254. 9 1, 156. 2	193. 1 214. 9 127. 7 257. 0 1, 153. 6	204. 1 189. 8 127. 8 264. 3 1, 162. 6	1, 691. 5 192. 9 153. 4 106. 1 227. 6 1, 011. 6	1, 662. 2 155. 7 153. 1 109. 7 265. 1 978. 5	186. 2 152. 6 111. 8 279. 5	1, 593. 1 197. 6 140. 3 105. 6 214. 9 934. 7	
By principal commodities:  Agricultural products, total \( \)	402. 7 82. 3 32. 4 137. 9 25. 1 39. 7 1,293.8 108. 1 140. 5	419. 1 73. 7 32. 9 157. 8 27. 4 41. 6 1,299.9 98. 6 143. 8	501. 5 43. 0 49. 5 181. 3 30. 0 82. 3 1, 365. 3 105. 4 148. 1	490. 1 58. 8 35. 1 179. 1 30. 8 64. 6 1, 307. 8 107. 3 141. 4	469. 5 77. 5 32. 9 186. 4 26. 8 43. 9 1, 337. 5 107. 9 148. 0	376. 8 54. 6 29. 9 157. 9 21. 9 23. 7 1, 240. 4 98. 9 142. 6	411. 3 53. 5 30. 4 190. 3 24. 5 27. 2 1, 342. 3 110. 4 142. 3	428. 0 55. 0 34. 5 188. 2 23. 5 31. 9 1,394.5 112. 5 153. 0	410. 9 42. 6 30. 7 182. 4 25. 0 32. 8 1, 446. 5 119. 8 158. 4	473.3 50.4 37.8 217.6 31.5 31.2 1,472.9 121.9 155.2	470. 5 59. 0 39. 3 187. 9 36. 7 40. 2 1, 478. 0 113. 5 158. 8	402. 1 66. 2 34. 0 151. 5 24. 7 36. 3 1, 289. 4 91. 0 142. 2	359. 6 19. 9 35. 7 152. 7 23. 2 37. 9 1, 302. 6 88. 1 149. 6	396. 6 23. 2 37. 7 153. 2 23. 4 76. 0 1, 345. 7 113. 0 158. 1	46. 1 106. 7 21. 0 44. 5 1, 203. 8 118. 0 128. 2	
Coal and related fuelsdo Iron and steel productsdo  Machinery, total § 2do  Agriculturaldo	73. 2 360. 5 12. 1	29. 2 68. 7 394. 7 12. 0	36. 2 71. 3 422. 1 8. 8	33. 0 66. 9 400. 4 9. 4	27. 8 66. 2 402. 6 10. 2	21. 2 57. 3 387. 3 10. 6	25. 0 50. 9 403. 2 12. 0	26. 0 48. 6 440. 6 14. 3	28. 3 49. 0 462. 0 16. 5	37. 5 54. 6 477. 0 17. 6	35. 3 50. 7 493. 6 16. 7	31. 0 39. 3 423. 8 14. 9	42. 6 59. 4 412. 6 12. 1	406. 7 9. 9	42. 9 389. 5 10. 5	
Tractors, parts, and accessoriesdo Electricaldo Metalworking§do Other industrialdo Petroleum and productsdo Textiles and manufacturesdo	85. 2 30. 8	29. 9 93. 5 40. 0 188. 6 37. 1 56. 8	32. 9 104. 4 39. 5 207. 5 37. 3 59. 9	24. 5 105. 1 40. 7 187. 5 38. 2 60. 4	23. 5 95. 0 49. 7 189. 1 33. 3 60. 6	26. 3 91. 9 36. 1 192. 0 33. 0 49. 0	28. 5 90. 3 47. 7 194. 6 31. 3 55. 2	30. 2 99. 1 48. 1 217. 2 33. 0 63. 1	34. 4 113. 8 39. 1 220. 0 39. 8 63. 2	38. 5 117. 9 46. 6 219. 5 38. 2 58. 0	34. 2 116. 9 50. 5 169. 4 37. 7 60. 0	31.3 105.6 40.9 193.6 37.5 48.2	98. 7 41. 3 205. 6 39. 0	99. 7 42. 5 196. 6 43. 5	95. 4 40. 0 185. 7 30. 2	
General imports, total⊙do Seasonally adjusted*⊙do By geographic regions: ⊙		1,226.7	1,358.6 1,317.7	1,342.2 1,310.7	1,294.9 1,296.5	1, 372. 6 1, 320. 1	1, 224. 2 1, 314. 1	1, 385. 9 1, 336. 1	1, 333. 2 1, 374. 2		1, 350. 2 1, 345. 8		1, 358. 8 1, 377. 0		1, 339. 4	
Africa         do           Asia         do           Australia and Oceania         do           Europe         do           Northern North America         do	355. 6 262. 9	55. 8 215. 2 26. 7 345. 8 272. 4	53. 2 244. 5 28. 2 420. 9 316. 1	46. 3 235. 3 27. 3 414. 8 310. 8	40. 5 236. 6 22. 6 377. 5 278. 8	64. 1 243. 8 32. 4 379. 9 275. 5	57. 2 201. 4 26. 4 367. 3 241. 8	56. 9 227. 6 51. 5 398. 5 292. 5	292.7	67.8 265.9 27.2 416.3 326.0	61.7 242.6 34.2 362.8 339.3	313. 3	266. 8 46. 7 361. 5 319. 7	258. 3 37. 4 367. 7 302. 6	256. 5 36. 3 417. 9 325. 4	
Southern North Americado South Americado By leading countries: © Africa: United Arab Republic (Egypt Reg.)do	202.9	196.7		195. 2	113. 5 223. 9 .7 16. 5	149. 7 226. 9	129. 4 191. 2	2.0		207. 2 2. 6	109. 7 198. 7	186. 1	.9	207.0	231.7	
Republic of South Africa do Asia and Oceania: Australia, including New Guinea do State of Singapore do India do do	16. 7 11. 9 1. 6	1.2	.9	18.3	17. 1 1. 6	22. 9 3. 4		33.6 1.1 20.3	.9	16.2	16. 9 19. 1 . 8 16. 1	22. 9 1. 4	28. 8 1. 2	25.0	23.4	
Pakistan	3.0 95.7 18.0	3. 1 87. 9 13. 6	1. 9 99. 5 12. 9	2. 2 99. 6 14. 8	3.7 94.0 17.2	4. 4 107. 5 13. 0	5.7 77.8 12.4	4. 5 103. 9 9. 5	4. 0 106. 2 12. 4	3. 1 113. 7	2. 3 116. 7 12. 3 31. 2	3. 0 120. 2 12. 9	2. 7 131. 9 9. 9	2. 7 129. 8 9. 4	2. 9 128. 5 9. 9	
Europe:         do.           France	74. 8 32. 8 1. 9	. 2 71. 3 31. 3 1. 9	81.8 40.1 2.2	82. 8 38. 7 1. 8	33.2	67. 6 32. 4 1. 2	76. 3 31. 3	81. 3 39. 0 1. 6	76. 9 33. 0	80.7 37.5 .9	75. 9	. 1 74. 1 36. 3 1. 2	80. 0 41. 7 2. 1	83. 1 37. 6 2. 1	83. 0 43. 0 1. 1	

△Manufactures of tobacco are included in the nonagricultural products total. §Excludes "special category, type 1" exports. \*New series. Data prior to Aug. 1960 may be obtained from Bureau of Census reports. ⊙ Effective with the Apr. 1962 Survey, the import totals and appropriate components reflect revisions to include uranium ore and concentrates. For certain recent months, the data by regions and countries exclude imports unidentified by area of origin.

<sup>&#</sup>x27; Revised. ' Less than \$50,000.

‡Revisions for individual months of 1960 and for Jan. 1961 will be shown later.

‡Includes data not shown separately. ¶See similar note on p. S-21.

3 Data for semimanufactures reported as "special category, type 1" are included with finished manufactures.

December 1962		SUR	VEY	OF	CURI	RENT	r BU	SINE	SS							S-23
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961		1961		<u> </u>					1962					
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		nthly rage	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.
FOI	REIG	N TR	ADE	OF T	THE U	J <b>NIT</b> I	ED S	ГАТЕ	S—C	ontin	ued					
FOREIGN TRADE—Continued																
Value‡—Continued																
General imports, by leading countries⊙—Con.  North and South America:  Canadamil. \$	262.8	272. 2	316. 1	310.6	278.8	275.3	241.7	292. 4	292. 6	325.7	339. 1	313. 0	319. 3	302. 1	325. 3	
Latin American Republics, total ?do	294. 0	267.8	253. 2	263. 8	296.8	323. 3	279.6	315. 4	264. 4	307.8	267. 9	255. 0	260, 2	262. 3	294.6	
Argentinado Brazildo	8. 2 47. 5	8.5 46.8	9. 0 56. 5	7. 3 45. 3	5. 8 56. 9	7. 1 54. 6	7.3 47.5	9. 6 40. 0	10, 2 39, 0	8.0 42.0	9. 7 35. 1	7. 7 37. 7	9. 0 44. 2	9. 4 48. 2	7. 9 42. 5	
Chiledododo	16.0 24.9	15. 4 23. 0	14.8 24.1	18. 5 18. 7	16.8 21.2	24. 8 17. 9	12.9 19.6	22. 2 18. 5	11. 4 18. 3	27.7 24.4	19.6 20.4	20. 2 22. 9	4.9 29.7	9. 9 31. 8	21. 3 38. 9	
Colombia	29. 8 36. 9 79. 0	2.9 44.9 74.9	3. 1 35. 5	2.8 42.8	$\begin{array}{c} 2.5 \\ 49.7 \end{array}$	3. 7 60. 7	2. <b>1</b> 56. 4	. 6 57. 8	(1) 61. 2	59. 1	(1) 38. 8	(1) 36. 0	(1) 33, 1	(1) 34. 6	(1) 42.0	
Venezueiadododo	1,251.2	1,219.0	65. 0 1,353.8	72. 7 1,336.9	88. 3 1,272.7	92. 9 1, 353. 6	77.5 1,207.8	93. 1 1, 368. 8	79. 6 1, 325. 6	79. 1 1, 412. 7	84. 7 1, 320, 6	66. 2 1,328.4	\$0.7 1,370.7	75. 4 1, 345. 0	\$0.4 1,424.1	
By economic classes: Crude materialsdo	281.3 143.4	262. 7 143. 0	294. 5	273.8	271.8	291.0	257.4	281. 2	267. 3	286. 8	288. 7	276.7	301. 2	275. 6	264.3	
Crude foodstuffsdo Manufactured foodstuffs and beverages_do Semimanufacturesdo	130. 5 257. 6	133. 5 257. 0	141. 9 153. 7 284. 3	132. 0 163. 0 289. 6	148.8 131.2 275.9	159. 8 125. 1 309. 5	158.5 104.2 260.2	146. 4 150. 2 303. 6	153. 9 133. 8 285. 8	155, 4 160, 8 298, 3	127. 1 144. 3 269. 0	132. 5 150. 7 279. 5	136. 1 147. 8 280. 7	136. 2 160. 9 268. 0	145. 7 176. 3 276. 4	
Finished manufacturesdododo	438. 3 318. 6	422. 9 307. 5	479.4	478.6	445.0	468.3	427.5	487. 4	484.9	511.4	491.5	489.0	504.9	504. 4	561. 5	
Agricultural products, total Qdododo	11.9	13.3	320. 6 4. 5	305. 4 2. 7	301. 5 5. 3	326. 0 14. 8	300.0	328. 7 12. 4	313. 0 17. 2	337. 2 12. 6	288.3	300. 4 17. 6	330. 3 10. 0	313.0	333.1	
Coffeedodododododod	83. 6 26. 8 42. 3	80.3 18.0 38.1	78.8 22.8 40.6	66. 6 21. 0	87. 2 21. 7 34. 6	92. 7 22. 2 27. 3	94. 2 18. 5 22. 5	75. 1 16. 5	75. 4 18. 5	83, 4 21, 1	63.9	70. 4 20. 7	83. 3 19. 1	87. 1 16. 9	83.3 17.3	
Sugardo Wool and mohair, unmanufactureddo	16.4	16. 5	19.2	34. 7 14. 5	14. 4	20.1	18.0	36. 5 20. 7	38. 2 16. 1	58.3 15.7	46. 7 16. 3	54. 8 13. 1	35. 4 17. 0	45. 2 14. 6	49.9 17.6	
Nonagricultural products, total 9do Furs and manufacturesdo	932.5	911. 5 8. 4	1,033.2 4. 4	1,031.5 7. 4	971. 2 21. 0	1,027.6 16.4	907. 9 15. 2	1, 040. 1 11. 7	1, 012. 7 10. 5	1,075.6 8,9	1, 032. 3 6, 2	1, 027. 9 5, 6	1, 040. 4 6. 6	1, 032. 1 7. 0	1.091.0 5.4	
Iron and steel productsdo Nonferrous ores, metals, and mfs., total Q	44. 2	37.7	46.0	51.9	39.1	45.0	38.6	46. 1	43.9	56. 6	51. 4	51.2	r 53. 7	41, 2	47. 6	
mil. \$ Copper, incl. ore and manufacturesdo Tin, including oredo	95.6 33.4 9.8	89.1 23.2 9.9	113. 2 28. 0 13. 9	110. 5 30. 9 12. 6	103. 2 22. 8 13. 2	111.0 28.2 11.8	85. 2 21. 9 7. 6	100. 1 25. 6 12. 9	101. 5 22. 1 11. 0	101. 0 23. 6 12. 5	90. 1 24. 0 8. 9	2 103. 9 21. 6 8. 4	95.3 20.6 8.3	89. 6 20. 4 9. 9	93. 2 17. 6 6. 7	
Paper base stocksdo Newsprintdo Petroleum and productsdo	28. 0 57. 3 128. 6	27. 7 57. 2 134. 7	31, 0 58, 4 130, 2	30. 0 63. 9 136. 7	27. 9 56. 5 143. 3	29. 0 55. 9 173. 8	30, 9 48, 5 139, 7	30. 1 56. 0 153. 4	29. 1 54. 6 133. 8	30. 4 61. 7 140. 2	30. 4 63. 9 141. 3	27. 8 57. 7 138. 2	31. 8 57. 9 142. 6	29. 8 53. 2	33. 6 68. 6	
1 edoletin and products.	!	ANSF		<u> </u>	į .	<u> </u>	1	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	141. 0	100. 2	142, 6	146.1	127.1	
	111	ANSI	UK1.	AIIO	IN AIN	D CC	7141141 (	JINIC	ATIO	113	1	1		1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
TRANSPORTATION Airlines																
Scheduled domestic trunk carriers: Financial operations (qtrly, avg. or total):																
Operating revenues, total 9mil. \$ Transport, total 9do	489. 1	509.6			524. 7 519. 4			543. 3			1					
Passenger do do Property do do U.S. mail do	443. 4 30. 0 11. 7	461. 2 32. 2 12. 9			465, 5 35, 4 15, 0			33.8			36.4					
Operating expenses (Incl. depreciation) do	484. 6 1. 1	512. 4 4 6. 0			527. 5 4 8. 0			13. 7 555. 4 4 17. 0			14. 3 561. 0 9. 4			5 528. 1		
Operating results: Miles flown (revenue)	60, 419	57, 450	60, 262	57, 563	56, 501	59,724	54, 557	62, 745	61,754	62, 820	60, 280	55, 689	58, 283	58, 182	62, 562	
Express and freight ton-miles flowndo Mail ton-miles flowndo	31,718 11,066	37, 131 12, 248	43, 536 12, 520	42, 180 12, 570	44, 705 17, 186	39,436 12,695	37, 540 12, 140	45, 587 14, 360	43, 381 13, 422	46, 614 14, 046	44. 278 13, 064	39, 734 11, 851 3, 710	47, 556 12, 978	48. 228 12, 512	53, 927 14, 275	
Passengers originated (revenue)do Passenger-miles flown (revenue)mil.	3, 854 2, 450	3, 815 2, 475	4, 029 2, 544	3,839 2,367	3, 786 2, 537	3,973 2,621	3, 591 2, 344	4, 107 2, 677	4, 296 2, 746	4, 145 2, 662	4, 286 2, 963	3,710 2,660	4, 164 2, 929	3,968 2,703	4, 114 2, 655	
Express Operations Transportation revenuesthous. \$	30,705	30, 737	33, 679	31,867	36, 493			<sup>3</sup> 89,913			3 95,257			394, 066	 	
Express privilege paymentsdo  Local Transit Lines	10, 420	9, 760	10,803	10, 266	11,614			<sup>2</sup> 26,277			3 29,820			327, 924		
Fares, average cash rates cents_ Passengers carried (revenue) mil_	18. 9 627	19. 6 604	19.7 633	19. 7 615	19. 7 615	19. 8 613	19.8	20, 0 619	20.0	20.1	20.1	20. 1	20. 2	20. 2	20. 2	
Operating revenues (qtrly, avg. or total)mil. \$	351.8	348.9			368. 4	013	554	340.7	610	639	580 357. 7	538	561	571	638	
Class I Motor Carriers (Intercity) Carriers of property (qtrly, avg. or total):																
Number of reporting carriers.  Operating revenues, total	4 965 1, 212, 1 1, 181, 2	4 965 1, 234, 4 1, 185, 4			965 1, 334. 8 1, 286. 3			1,010 1,278.9								
Freight carried (revenue) mil. tons  Carriers of passengers (qtrly, avg. or total):	71.2	71.6			77.1			76.6								
Number of reporting earriers	4 141 115, 4	4 141 120. 5			141 119. 4			142 104. 8			141 132. 7					
Expenses, total do- Passengers carried (revenue) mil.	100. 9 57. 2	104. 8 56. 3			104.3 57.3			99. 8 51. 2			112. 2 58. 0					
Class I Railroads Freight carloadings $(AAR):_{\mathcal{O}}$																
Total carsthous_ Coaldo	2, 537 443	2, 382 424	2, 580 455	7 2, 312 434	2, 610 524	2,039 410	2, 141 413	2, 720 497	2,250 399	2,339 410	2, 885 540	2, 043 261	2, 300 433	2, 852 540	2, 429 444	$2,251 \ 422$
Cokedo Forest productsdo Grain and grain productsdo	34 159 232	29 156 237	31 157 244	31 146 213	39 162 268	$\begin{array}{r} 34 \\ 129 \\ 224 \end{array}$	36 153 227	44 191 264	33 147 206	27 157 196	29 185 248	19 138	23 155 214	$\frac{30}{184}$	24 150	24 142 247
or or or or or or or or or or or or or o	-02	201	277	-10	200	- 4'1	221	204	200	190	248	216	214	254	236	247

dess otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961		1961							1962					
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 dition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon ave	ithly rage	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	2
TRA	NSP	ORTA	TION	ANI	CO	MMU	NICA	TION	S-C	ontin	ued					
TRANSPORTATION—Continued  Class I Railroads—Continued																
Eight carloadings (AAR) 67—Continued   Livestock	22 184 151 1, 309	19 145 121 1, 252	36 202 111 1,341	24 144 103 r 1, 215	17 85 117 1,397	13 62 88 1, 079	11 62 96 1, 142	17 89 125 1,494	17 100 97 1, 251	16 194 94 1, 244	13 275 116 1,480	9 212 85 1, 102	12 203 90 1, 169	27 221 110 1, 486	36 152 90 1, 296	
atal	1 95 90 91 99 101 83 107 75 96	1 91 87 78 95 104 71 83 61 92	94 90 88 99 104 74 92 56 96	95 92 86 100 97 72 118 57	96 90 92 92 116 64 103 57 97	94 88 99 93 111 63 100 54 95	97 90 98 104 110 64 112 53 98	97 92 96 102 105 73 114 52 97	96 93 93 98 107 79 83 52 98	94 93 80 101 103 70 87 51	90 87 71 95 94 52 87 51 92	90 87 69 94 81 56 84 49	90 92 77 95 98 62 79 47 91	90 89 74 94 98 67 75 45 89	90 88 69 95 101 73 69 45 92	
ancial operations:  perating revenues, total 9	793. 1 669. 0 53. 4 630. 5 113. 8 48. 8 37. 1	765, 8 644, 9 52, 1 606, 2 114, 8 44, 8 31, 9	843. 3 721. 0 47. 4 623. 9 129. 8 89. 7 73. 1	799. 6 681. 1 47. 2 607. 1 121. 0 71. 5 57. 7	770, 8 626, 4 60, 3 614, 2 99, 5 57, 2 69, 6			<sup>2</sup> 2, 295, 7 <sup>2</sup> 1, 953, 6 <sup>2</sup> 144, 8 <sup>2</sup> 1, 830, 4 <sup>2</sup> 352, 8 <sup>2</sup> 112, 6			22, 407. 9 22, 046. 3 2 157. 0 21, 883. 1 2 371. 9 2 152. 9			<sup>2</sup> 2,331.7 <sup>2</sup> 1,959.7 <sup>2</sup> 169. 3 <sup>2</sup> 164. 8		
wrating results: reight carried 1 mile (qtrly.)bil. ton-miles_ evenue per ton-mile (qtrly. avg.)cents_ assengers carried 1 mile, revenue (qtrly.)_mil  Waterway Traffic	3 147. 0 3 1. 403 3 5, 315	<sup>3</sup> 144. 5 <sup>3</sup> 1. 374 <sup>3</sup> 5, 073			152. 8 1, 360 4, 943			148. 2 1. 354 4, 460			154. 6 1. 352 5, 037					
arances, vessels in foreign trade: otal U.S. ports thous. net tons. Foreign vessels do United States vessels do	13, 893 11, 286 2, 607	14, 073 11, 411 2, 662	15, 056 12, 040 3, 016	14, 913 12, 005 2, 908	13, 753 11, 045 2, 708	13, 971 11, 400 2, 571	12, 679 10, 161 2, 518	713, 916 11, 350 2, 565	14, 045 11, 329 2, 716	13, 396 13, 143 3, 253	15, 957 12, 817 3, 140					
ama Canal: otalthous, lg. tons. In United States vesselsdo	5, 206 1, 080	5, 445 823	5. 283 795	5, 233 839	5, 900 927	5, 465 865	5, 290 855	6, 200 976	6, 103 832	6, 057 986	5, 684 828	5, 495 741	5, 167 830	4, 932 720	4, 889 896	
Company	9. 15 65 115 169 167 108 89 71 2, 217	9. 23 62 112 174 168 111 93 71 2. 323	10.04 71 111 164 137 127 100 40 1, 802	9. 72 63 109 133 110 101 86 38 874	8. 81 49 111 128 136 99 99 34 562	9.00 61 109 139 138 97 71 57 4 557	9. 17 63 114 145 158 86 68 61 4 692	8. 87 63 123 185 175 112 86 93 4764	9. 67 64 108 170 183 121 95 107 4 1, 357	9. 00 64 125 178 183 129 100 125 41, 981	9. 64 63 116 204 304 130 122 114 4 4, 861	8. 75 54 107 265 282 149 126 85 4 7, 554	9. 60 60 106 333 159 4 7. 669	9. 66 64 111 57 4 3. 288 2 793	10. 14 69 111  52 4 1. 920	
communications	4, 488	4, 192	4, 259	3, 615	4, 432			212,873	<b></b>		211,694			213, 035		-
phone carriers: perating revenues 9 mil. \$ Station revenues - do. Tolls, message do. perating expenses (before taxes) do. et operating income do. hones in service, end of year or mo mil	696. 5 392. 6 236. 5 418. 3 116. 6 65. 0	740, 7 414, 4 252, 0 441, 4 126, 6 67, 6	767, 0 424, 3 264, 8 457, 3 131, 4 67, 1	762, 9 424, 4 259, 3 452, 3 131, 5 67, 3	771. 6 428. 8 264. 4 459. 1 134. 5 67. 6	776. 9 430. 8 267. 8 461. 4 131. 1 67. 9	749. 5 426. 7 244. 0 439. 2 127. 9 68. 1	790. 6 432. 9 278. 3 470. 6 132. 1 68. 4	783. 3 435. 4 267. 4 458. 5 135. 4 68. 6	796. 8 438. 8 278. 0 475. 1 134. 5 68. 9	791. 1 439. 7 269. 1 458. 8 138. 3 69. 0	786, 3 436, 2 268, 5 461, 8 135, 1 69, 4	810. 6 7 440. 7 285. 8 473. 5 141. 1 69. 6	782. 6 441. 1 256. 8 458. 7 134. 7 70. 0		
/irc-telegraph: Operating revenuesthous .\$_ Operating expenses, Incl. depreciationdo Net operating revenuesdo cean-cable;	21, 864 19, 495 1, 300	22, 144 20, 004 1, 029	22, 587 24, 020 1, 689	21, 483 19, 878 797	22,411 $20,074$ $1,770$	22, 093 20, 106 598	21, 220 18, 795 455	22, 649 20, 262 971	24, 989 19, 614 1, 013	23, 011 20, 762 861	22, 366 20, 389 659	21, 259 20, 854 4 828	22, 748 20, 996 600	19, 703		- i - :
Operating revenuesdo Operating expenses, incl. depreciationdo Net operating revenuesdo	3, 014 2, 470 225	3, 023 2, 452 240	3, 125 2, 721 49	3, 083 2, 406 351	3, 186 2, 113 723	3, 276 2, 582 344	2, 893 2, 517 69	3, 220 2, 594 312	2, 883 2, 463 96	3, 145 2, 581 257	2, 902 2, 444 161	2, 956 2, 623 4 5	3, 031 2, 534 191	2, 470 20		- -
Operating revenuesdodododo	4, 224 3, 324 747	4, 471 3, 443 866	4, 681 3, 209 1, 258	4, 531 3, 467 892	4,731 3,711 845	4, 632 3, 534 928	4, 342 3, 361 810	4, 821 3, 614 1, 005	4, 460 3, 536 739	4, 808 3, 699 919	4, 719 3, 734 801	4, 607 3, 697 726	4, 684 3, 743 761	3,626		_
		CHE	MICA	LS A	ND A	LLII	ED PI	RODU	CTS					***************************************		
CHEMICALS																
ganic chemicals, production:  cetylene	1,012 401.5 74.8 386.4	968 432, 9 76, 0 383, 6	1, 101 425. 5 78. 8 409. 5	1, 115 435. 4 69. 3 411. 4	1, 135 449, 1 65, 8 420, 7	989 416, 8 70, 2 405, 8	1.061 429.4 53.3 381.9	1, 159 494. 8 73. 5 437. 5	1, 102 508. 3 75. 4 423. 1	1, 133 510. 7 96. 9 432. 8	1,066 496,0 100,6 427,5	1, 105 471, 1 105, 7 438, 9	1, 089 464, 2 107, 8 441, 1	1, 128 468. 3 92. 2 428. 2		- -
(ydrochloric acid (100% HCl)do	80.8 276.3	77. 0 281. 5 6, 555 187. 1	83. 0 297. 5 7, 626 195. 6	86. 9 298. 8 7, 667	85. 6 306. 2 8, 060 183. 7	79, 0 296, 5 7, 360 202, 0	78. 9 289. 8 5 8, 255	89. 9 300. 9 9, 161 212. 2	89. 1 292. 3 8, 577 209. 4	89. 1 305. 9 8, 083 232. 5	91. 0 277. 9 7, 782 188. 4	90. 4 278. 0 7, 433 177. 5	89. 6 299. 7 8, 103 195. 5	89. 3 303. 7 8, 129		-

 <sup>4.</sup>Effective Jan. 1962, data reflect redefinition of visits to one park: Jan. 1962 (new basis),
 62,600 visits; Jan. 1961 (old basis),
 18,600 visits.
 4 Beginning Fob. 1962, data include quantities for 14 plants not previously reporting.
 d Deficit.
 d'Deficit.
 1960 are available from the Board of Governors, Fed. Res., Wash. 25, D.C.

♀ Includes data not shown separately.

↓Scattered revisions for 1959, 1960, and Jan.

July 1961 are available upon request.

	1960	1961		1961			-				1962	·				
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon		Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan,	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.
	<u> </u>	!	LS AN	ND A	LLIEI	D PR	ODU(	CTS—	Cont	inued	<u> </u>			1	<u> </u>	
CHEMICALS—Continued	[			<u> </u>	<u> </u>							1		]		İ
Inorganic chemicals, production t—Continued Sodium carbonate (soda ash), synthetic (58% Na <sub>2</sub> O)—thous, sh. tons. Sodium bichromate and chromate—do. Sodium hydroxide (100% NaOH)—do. Sodium silicate (soluble silicate glass), anhydrous thous sh. tons. Sodium sulfates (anhydrous, refined; Glauber's salt; crude salt cake)—thous. sh. tons. Sulfuric acid (100% H <sub>3</sub> SO <sub>4</sub> )—do.—do.—do.—do.—do.—do.—do.—do.—do.—do.	379. 8 10. 2 414. 3 41. 4 89. 4 1,490.3	376. 4 10. 1 408. 2 43. 9 95. 3 1,487.3	408. 1 11. 6 443. 8 54. 6 97. 4 1,543.5	410. 2 10. 5 433. 7 58. 9 105. 2 1,556.9	388. 9 10. 6 442. 4 43. 5 108. 0 1,597.3	382. 4 10. 8 423. 1 40. 6 102. 3 1, 640. 4	368. 6 10. 2 403. 2 46. 5 97. 7 1, 535. 6	400. 7 11. 0 466. 3 47. 8 113. 7 1, 725. 6	394. 1 11. 5 454. 9 51. 6 106. 2 1, 675. 9	404. 1 11. 1 464. 3 55. 1 106. 5 1, 692. 3	400. 4 10. 8 459. 9 42. 7 94. 2 1,502.3	368. 3 10. 8 467. 1 36. 8 95. 9 1,438.4	390. 4 9. 6 469. 7 44. 8 100. 6 1, 499. 9	378. 4 9. 5 451. 2 42. 6		
Organic chemicals: 6" Acetic acid (synthetic and natural), production mil. lb. Acetic anhydride, production	63. 7 91. 3 2. 0	65. 3 105. 0 1. 9	76.8 104.7 2.4	74. 0 106. 1 2. 1	76.8 117.3 2.3	83. 7 96. 5 2. 0	72. 5 93. 5 2. 3	75. 0 106. 4 2. 5	75. 2 102. 2 2. 1	85. 6 105. 0 2. 4	79. 4 107. 4 2. 0	77. 2 101. 5 1. 8	86. 1 103. 9 2. 3	81. 1 108. 8 2. 1	105. 1 2. 5	
Alcohol, ethyl: Production mil. proof gal Stocks, end of month do Used for denaturation do Taxable withdrawals do	1 54. 2 1 130. 3 45. 2 1 5. 3	7 52. 1 7 138. 6 43. 2 5. 1	66. 3 136. 9 44. 7 7. 3	56. 4 138. 8 42. 5 6. 0	55. 3 141. 1 43. 7 4. 2	53. 7 145. 9 43. 9 4. 3	47. 8 148. 7 42. 7 4. 5	53.3 147.7 45.6 5.4	52. 1 153. 1 40. 8 4. 8	50. 3 151. 4 44. 6 5. 5	50. 4 154. 1 42. 7 5. 4	49. 3 158. 1 39. 1 4. 4	45. 5 157. 6 41. 5 5. 1	49. 5 147. 1 40. 0 5. 7		
Alcohol, denatured: Productionmil. wine gal_ Consumption (withdrawals)do Stocks, end of monthdo	24. 2 24. 3 4. 4	23. 4 23. 4 6. 2	24. 0 24. 9 5. 4	23. 5 23. 0 5. 9	23. 5 24. 2 5. 2	23. 7 23. 6 5. 4	23. 0 23. 4 5. 0	24. 5 23. 9 5. 6	21. 7 21. 4 5. 7	24. 0 24. 8 5. 0	22. 9 23. 9 4. 1	21. 1 21. 3 3. 8	22. 4 24. 0 2. 2	21. 5 21. 4 2. 3		
Creosote oil, productionmil. gal. DDT, productionmil. lb. Ethyl acetate (85%), productiondo	7. 7 13. 7 8. 9	7. 3 14. 3 8. 5	6. 8 13. 6 12. 0	7. 4 13. 0 12. 8	6. 4 12. 9 7. 3	6. 1 10. 3 9. 6	8. 1 13. 2 3. 9	5. 1 13. 9 9. 8	8. 6 12. 1 7. 3	8.0 14.5 7.9	7. 7 13. 4 12. 4	7. 2 16. 1 5. 2	8. 1 15. 7 9. 0	7. 8 14. 0 6. 6	7. 9 15. 5 7. 6	
Ethylene glycol, production do Formaldehyde (37% HCHO), production do Glycerin, refined, all grades:  Production do Stocks, end of month do G	108. 1 156. 0 24. 2 27. 4	98. 6 146. 0 22. 4 34. 3	97. 5 165. 1 23. 0 30. 7	95, 2 162, 4 24, 6 34, 0	97. 3 156. 6 24. 0 38. 4	91. 3 155. 8 20. 9 35. 2	80. 8 157. 2 21. 0 36. 4	87. 9 163. 5 21. 2 35. 2	88. 8 165. 3 21. 2 36. 1	98. 4 172. 2 18. 8 33. 7	103. 6 164. 1 21. 1 35. 4	119. 1 150. 2 17. 8 32. 3	122. 0 169. 0 21. 1 30. 8	106. 4 r 166.0 r 18. 3 r 27. 8	112.9 188.3 19.9 25.8	
Methanol, production: Natural mil. gal Synthetic do Phthalic anhydride, production mil. lb.	. 2 24. 7 33. 4	25. 6 31. 7	.1 28.1 30.0	.1 28.5 28.0	27. 7 30. 9	. 1 26. 4 28. 7	. 1 25. 5 25. 6	29. 0 30. 2	27. 9 33. 7	.1 28.0 31.5	. 1 26. 5 33. 3	. 1 29. 8 33. 6	7.8 28.3 33.2	. 6 r 28. 2 r 34. 8	29. 2 36. 1	
FERTILIZERS  Exports, total ?dodo	562	539	548	540	605	680	541	486	684	635	543	563	699	653	698	
Nitrogenous materials do Phosphate materials do Potash materials do Odo	43 436 68	31 429 65	34 452 52	62 411 57	47 440 100	71 511 89	114 347 76	52 352 74	128 464 76	98 466 58	24 444 47	10 428 99	60 547 82	51 504 66	74 547 68	
Imports, total \( \foatsize \)	207 105 30 12 36	227 123 41 13 36	260 138 35 15 54	216 106 32 9 57	156 87 26 12 14	261 128 50 15 70	259 131 37 12 73	306 157 28 18 57	397 230 69 24 59	287 186 55 14 10	194 128 50 13 10	229 <sup>2</sup> 133 33 24 22	199 84 20 19 49	232 84 22 23 71	215 110 27 20 43	
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	181 223 346	173 228 415	211 240 447	104 236 480	159 230 519	302 238 527	117 220 509	232 249 446	365 248 302	258 255 253	204 316	123 170 382	226 202 416	207 7 418	225 237 418	
MISCELLANEOUS PRODUCTS																
Explosives (industrial), shipments: Black blasting powder thous. lb. High explosives do Paints, varnish, and lacquer, factory shipments: Total shipments mil. Trade products do Industrial finishes do Sulfur, native (Frasch) and recovered:† Production thous. lg. tons Stocks (producers'), end of month do	128 82, 026 147. 0 85. 3 61. 7 476 3, 826	127 82, 424 145. 8 4 86. 5 4 59. 3 519 4, 098	198 94, 844 149. 0 85. 7 63. 3 528 4, 255	177 85, 296 133. 6 73. 8 59. 8 519 4, 307	144 79,679 109.7 58.4 51.3 550 4,814	114 75, 118 129, 2 69, 9 59, 3 516 4, 863	72 76, 616 123. 9 69. 9 54. 0 476 4, 890	53 81, 058 151, 2 85, 0 66, 2 491 4, 830	83 91, 583 166. 6 100. 7 65. 9 446 4, 779	35 101, 886 186, 1 112, 3 73, 8 474 4, 761	62 100, 792 177. 8 107. 3 70. 5 467 4, 751	163. 5 103. 3 60. 2 473 4, 777	177. 6 111. 3 66. 3 514 4,818	3 379 3300,657 152. 7 92. 5 60. 2 499 4, 862	156. 5 88. 6 67. 9	
SYNTHETIC PLASTICS AND RESIN MATERIALS																
Production:  Cellulose acetate and mixed ester plastics: Sheets, rods, and tubesmil. lb_ Molding and extrusion materialsdo Nitrocellulose sheets, rods, and tubesdo	4. 2 7. 6 . 1	4.8 7.5 .1	5. 4 8. 6 . 1	5. 2 8. 6 . 1	6.3 7.7 .1	12.8	12. 3	15.6	13. 2	14. 2	14. 2	11.3	r 12. 9	13.0		
Phenolic and other tar acid resinsdo Polystyrenedo Urea and melamine resinsdo	49. 3 82. 1 29. 8	51. 0 88. 8 33. 0	57. 2 98. 1 37. 6	54. 6 92. 7 36. 0	52. 5 95. 9 32. 2	<sup>5</sup> 58, 0 <sup>5</sup> 99, 9 <sup>5</sup> 39, 2	53. 2 92. 8 38. 9	59. 8 105. 6 40. 1	53. 8 105. 5 38. 8	61, 1 113, 2 41, 9	59. 6 107. 3 41. 5	48. 9 94. 7 33. 2	60. 1 102. 3 40. 7	57. 9 104. 5 42. 0		
Vinyl resins do Alkyd resins do Rosin modifications do	100. 2 46. 4 11. 8	105. 0 45. 1 12. 3	116. 8 37. 2 10. 3	110. 9 34. 4 12. 5	108. 5 31. 0 9. 3	113.3 37.0	113. 9 35. 4	131. 3 43. 6	122. 4 42. 8	130. 6 47. 0	131. 1 46. 1	116. 3 40. 2	131. 9 44. 3	133. 9 38. 2		
Polyester resinsdo. Polyethylene resinsdo. Miscellaneous (incl. protective coatings)do	15. 8 111. 3 30. 4	16. 1 133. 9 41. 5	15. 2 146. 2 43. 8	15. 5 148. 4 43. 4	13. 3 153. 2 41. 8	15. 9 150. 6	15. 5 156. 9	17. 9 167. 0	18. 7 166. 7	20. 2 170. 9	18. 6 170. 6	13. 8 172. 7	18. 3 170. 8			

<sup>\*</sup>Revised. <sup>1</sup> Average for July-Dec. <sup>2</sup> Beginning July 1962, excludes ammonium phosphate formerly included. <sup>3</sup> Data are for July-Sept. quarter. <sup>4</sup> Beginning Jan. 1961, trade sales of lacquers (formerly shown with industrial finishes) are included under trade products. <sup>5</sup> Beginning Jan. 1962, data include protective coatings (formerly excluded), amounts of these for Jan. 1962 are as follows (mil. lb.): Phenolic, 2.5 (incl. some rosin modifications no longer shown separately); polystyrene, 6.0; urea, etc., 3.8.

1See similar note on p. S-24. Data (except for alcohol) are reported on the basis of 100% content of the specified material unless otherwise indicated.

♀ Includes data not shown separately. ¶Revisions for 1960-Apr. 1961 for superphosphate and for Jan.-Mar. 1961 for paints, etc., will be shown later. †Revised effective with the Jan. 1962 Survey to include recovered sulfur. ⊕Beginning July 1961, data are not strictly comparable with those for earlier periods because of the inclusion of companies formerly not reporting; monthly averages are based on reported annual totals.

Inless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961		1961							1962					
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon aver		Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	No
			ELEC	TRIC	POV	VER	AND	GAS					<del></del>			
ELECTRIC POWER																
Production (utility and industrial), total ⊙ mil. kwhr	70, 135	73, 211	74, 471	74, 222	78, 419	80, 913	72,047	78, 646	73, 528	78,071	77, 819	80, 322	84, 093	77, 018	79, 784	
Electric utilities, total do do do By fuels do do do do do do do do do do do do do	62,779 50,653 12,126	65, 998 53, 348 12, 650	66, 848 55, 373 11, 475	66, 669 54, 806 11, 863	70, 878 57, 147 13, 731	73, 123 58, 823 14, 301	64, 777 51, 435 13, 342	70, 719 54, 562 16, 157	65, 873 49, 873 16, 001	70, 241 55, 020 15, 221	70, 164 56, 397 13, 767	72, 933 59, 479 13, 453	76, 439 63, 226 13, 213	69, 680 57, 695 11, 985	72, 002 58, 926 13, 076	
By waterpowerdo  Privately and municipally owned utildo	51, 294	53, 624	54, 408	54, 080	57, 407	59, 437	52, 733	56, 725	53, 103	57, 053	57, 260	59, 281	62, 424	56,774	59, 150	
Other producers (publicly owned)do	11, 486 7, 356	12,374 7,213	12. 441 7, 623	12, 590 7, 552	13, 471 7, 541	13,687	12,044 7,270	13, 994 7, 927	12, 770 7, 654	13, 188 7, 829	12, 904 7, 655	13, 651	14, 015 7, 654	12,906	12, 853 7, 782	
Industrial establishments, total do  By fuels do  By waterpower do	7, 055	6,932 281	7, 377 7, 377 246	7, 285 267	7, 246 295	7,790 7,479 311	6, 982 288	7, 604 323	7, 318 7, 318 336	7, 507 322	7, 373 282	7, 390 7, 143 247	7, 405 249	7,338 7,106 233	7, 496 286	
ales to ultimate customers, total (EEI) \do Commercial and industrial:	56, 933	160,061	61, 309	60, 306	62, 293	65, 428	63, 520	64, 151	62, 143	62, 216	64,056	65, 184	67. 269	66, 917		
Small light and powerdododododo	9, 567 28, 733	11,239 128,952	11, 804 30, 197	11, 234 29, 563	11, 270 29, 627	11, 276 30, 156	11, 111 29, 230	11, 214 30, 736	10, 958 30, 384	11, 273 31, 443	12, 475 31, 527	13, 102 31, 197	13, 418 32, 285	13, 354 32, 092		
Railways and railroadsdo Residential or domesticdo	398 16, 367	390 17, 418	368 16, 796	385 16, 913	443 18, 712	455 21, 213	425 20, 495	433 19, 616	391 18, 308	363 17, 006	355 17, 513	350 18, 364	360 18, 978	347 18, 879		
Street and highway lightingdo Other public authoritiesdodo Interdepartmentaldo	510 1,304 55	564 1, 370 2 128	1, 395 140	649 1,432 130	682 1, 437 122	741 1, 468 120	1,529 109	1, 461 71	574 1,443 84	540 1, 489 103	515 1, 564 106	524 1,528 119	566 1,535 128	601 1, 534 111		
evenue from sales to ultimate customers (Edison Electric Institute) { mil. \$	959.6	1,014.1	1,033.4	1,013.9	1,043.4	1, 091. 7	1, 073. 6	1, 071. 7	1,041,6	1, 040. 5	1, 079, 7	1, 102, 6	1, 125, 9	1, 128, 3		
GAS			,		,											
fanufactured and mixed gas (quarterly):‡♂ Customers, end of quarter, total♀thous	2,374	2,071			2, 062		 	2,073			2,056					
Residential do Industrial and commercial do do do do do do do do do do do do do	2, 218 155	1,937 133			1.930 131			1,940 133			1, 924 131					
Sales to consumers, total     mil. therms   Residential   do	568 403 162	563 401 158			520 364 152			964 748 208			484 324 158					
Revenue from sales to consumers. total ?		70.7														
Residential do	74. 4 57. 2 16. 9	70, 7 54, 4 15, 9			65.3 49.8 15.1			114.0 91.5 21.8			60. 9 45. 7 15. 0					
atural gas (quarterly):‡♂ Customers, end of quarter, total♀thous Residentialdo	30, 554 28, 087	31, 661 29, 093			32, 294 29, 636			32, 301 29, 634			32, 199 29, 606					
Industrial and commercialdodo	2,430	2, 533			2,621			2,630 33,534			2, 556 22, 557					
Sales to consumers, total \( \)mil. therms- Residentialdo Industrial and commercialdo	7, 558 13, 907	7, 894 14, 272			7, 781 14, 858			15, 705 16, 358			6, 852 14, 649					
Revenue from sales to consumers, total Qmil. \$.	1,326.6 734.9	1,424.7 787.8		<b></b>	1,454.7 784.8		 	2, 266. 1 1, 432. 7			1, 362. 6 720. 7					
Residential do do do do do	553.8	595. 1			625. 1			783. 5			606, 3					
	FO	OD A	ND K	INDI	RED I	PROI	UCT	S; TO	BAC	CO				,		
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES eer:																
Productionmil. bbl_ Taxable withdrawalsdo	7. 78 7. 33	7. 92 7. 42	7, 33 6, 99	6, 52 6, 60	6. 43 6. 48	6. 99 6. 13	6. 42 5. 75	8. 30 7. 33	8.35 7.46	9.76 9.06	9.96 9.19	9. 90 9. 22	9. 06 9. 18	7.38 7.42		
Stocks, end of monthdoistilled spirits (total):	10. 37 3 13. 27	10.61 15.06	10.37	9.87	9. 42 16. 43	9.86	10. 16 15. 32	10.66	11. 07 13. 16	11. 20 15. 94	11.39	11. 49	10.80	10. 29	Í	1
Productionmil. tax gal_ Consumption, apparent, for beverage purposes mil. wine gal_	19.56	20. 12	19. 25 22. 58	19. 53 25. 35	28. 32	15. 88 16. 91	17.07	15. 41 20. 63	18.62	21. 14	12. 69 20. 40	6. 43 18. 67	8. 34	10.17		
Taxable withdrawals mil. tax gal. Stocks, end of month do	3 9.90 3 835.02	10.04 859.63	14.34 864.32	12. 41 868. 39	8. 08 874. 59	8, 58 879, 71	8, 65 883, 95	10.41 886.45	9.38 885.90	10. 86 890. 66	10.66 890.08	8. 29 886. 81	9.82 882.86	10.70 879.54		
Importsmil, proof gal- Whisky: Productionmil, tax gal-	3.10	3. 26 11. 85	4. 69 13. 92	5. 35 15. 73	3. 82 13. 58	2. 75 13. 43	2.76 12.76	3. 07 12. 10	3. 07	3. 55 12. 13	2. 92 8. 83	2. 90 3. 42	3. 28 5. 32	4. 06 6. 16		
Taxable withdrawals do Stocks, end of month do	6. 84 806. 44	7. 08 835. 99	10.93 840.54	9. 39 844. 23	5. 79 850. 13	6, 02 855, 92	6.35 860.19	7. 30 862. 66	6.44 862.36	7.03 867.51	6. 54 867. 55	5, 02 864, 49	6.58 861.04	7. 82 856. 98		
Importsmil. proof gal- ectified spirits and wines, production, total	2.75	2.87	4. 12	4.75	3. 35	2.46	2. 41	2.71	2.70	3.09	2. 55	2. 57	2.88	3. 58	4.75	
Whiskydo	6. 97 5. 39	7. 05 5. <b>3</b> 2	10. 48 8. 21	8. 74 6. 71	6. 02 4. 49	5.88 4.08	5, 87 4, 49	7.38 5.59	6.21 4.48	7. 54 5. 44	7. 21 5. 27	5. 62 4. 12	6.78 4.83	7. 51 5. 60		
Vines and distilling materials: Effervescent wines: Productionmil. wine gal.	. 33	. 34	. 26	. 32	.38	. 33	. 50	. 42	. 35	. 49	, 46	10	97	.32		
Tayable withdrawals do Stocks, end of month do	28 2.45	. 31 2. 64	. 47 2. 61	. 55 2. 35	2. 20	2. 27 2. 23	. 20 2. 51	2.67	2.76 2.76	. 30 2. 93	3.10	.16 .19 3.06	. 25	3.08	1	-
Importsdo Still wines:	. 08	. 08	. 13	. 17	. 12	.05	. 05	. 06	. 07	.08	.05	.06	.06	. 09	. 15	
Production do Carable withdrawals do Stocks, end of month do Imports do	. 176. 11	4 14.00 4 12.98 175.86 .93	81.81 16.28 230.55 1.20	10. 45 14. 47 220. 13 1. 38	4. 60 13. 53 209. 50 1. 00	3. 28 12. 22 194. 33 1. 00	2.70 11.11 187.44 .88	2. 53 14. 33 172. 67 1. 03	2. 15 12. 10 164. 41 1. 06	2. 67 11. 93 150. 96 1. 31	1. 67 11. 72 141. 87 . 88	1. 07 9. 16 131. 76 . 78		63. 22 12. 14 173. 62 1. 01		
Distilling materials produced at wineriesdo	1	1	143. 95	1	i	l	4.08		1.70	1.58	1	İ		139. 50	1	1

\*Revised.

Revisions for 1961: Jan.—total, 59,894; large light, etc., 27,730; revenue, 1,016.9. May—small light, etc., 10,423; large light, etc., 29,034.

Beginning Mar. 1961, data include sales not previously reported.

Average for July-Dec.

Based on annual total containing revisions not allocated by months.

ORevisions for Jan.-Nov. 1960 are available upon request.
§ Includes data for Alaska and Hawaii,
‡ Revised data for Ist and 2d qtr. of 1961 will be shown later. Data for manufactured and mixed gas include Hawaii beginning 1960; for natural gas, Alaska beginning 1961,
o'The 1960 and 1961 averages shown for gas are quarterly averages.
§ Includes data not shown separately.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961		1961							1962					
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon ave		Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.
FOO	D AN	ID K	INDR	ED P	ROD	UCTS	; <b>TO</b>	BACC	о—с	ontin	ued					
DAIRY PRODUCTS																
Butter, creamery: Production (factory)‡mil. lb. Stocks, cold storage, end of monthdo Price, wholesale, 92-score (N.Y.)\$ per lb	114. 4 106. 5 . 599	123.7 181.5 .612	110. 1 230. 7 . 613	109. 9 223. 7 . 611	126. 1 224. 8 . 611	144. 2 239. 0 . 610	133. 0 260. 0 . 610	150.3 303.1 .609	147. 5 345. 4 . 586	166. 7 386. 9 . 586	152. 6 429. 4 , 584	122, 4 469, 0 , 588	104. 3 456. 4 . 590	92. 4 423. 5 . 596	106. 7 7 384. 2 . 587	346. 6
Cheese: Production (factory), total‡mil. lb American, whole milk‡do	123. 2 83. 0	135, 9 95, 4	120. 3 80. 3	111. 1 71. 6	120. 6 77. 1	117. 2 77. 6	111. 4 74. 1	127. 1 85. 6	139. 1 98. 6	167. 5 126. 4	168, 0 126, 5	145. 5 107. 3	131. 0 93. 8	118. 9 82. 7	119. 1 78. 7	
Stocks, cold storage, end of month, totaldo American, whole milkdodo	316. 8 277. 3 5. 3	429. 8 379. 5 6. 3	490. 5 432. 6 6. 0	470.6 421.5 8.1	472. 9 419. 9 6. 9	456. 8 405. 9 5. 9	432.8 382.8 5.9	417. 2 367. 8 6. 0	441. 0 390. 8 6. 4	460. 1 416. 2 7. 8	495, 4 452, 9 6, 1	526. 6 483. 8 4. 5	520. 5 481. 8 5. 1	493. 1 457. 1 5. 8	7 454. 9 7 421. 4 5. 6	439. 399.
Price, wholesale, American, single daisies (Chicago)	. 414	. 409	. 415	. 414	. 410	. 410	. 410	. 402	. 394	. 392	. 392	. 392	.392	. 392	. 406	. 40
Condensed (sweetened) mil. lb_Evaporated (unsweetened) dodo	5.7 181.4	5. 8 176. 5	6.0 <b>13</b> 8.1	5. 2 117. 2	5. 4 125. 6	5. 9 117. 7	5. 6 118. 2	4. 4 149. 4	5. 2 177. 3	$\begin{array}{c} 8.3 \\ 225.5 \end{array}$	6.8 215.0	7. 2 188. 5	6.7 171.5	5.9 140.3	7. 8 143. 0	
Stocks, manufacturers', case goods, end of mo.: Condensed (sweetened) mil. lb Evaporated (unsweetened) do Exports:	5. 5 235. 9	6. 0 243. 6	6. 8 336. 2	5. 4 282. 6	5. 6 225. 1	4. 6 162. 6	4.0 106.3	4. 3 66. 1	6. 2 96. 9	6. 2 162. 4	3.7 218.6	4.3 256.9	4.8 271.3	5. 6 262. 7	5.7 229.1	
Condensed (sweetened)dododododododo	3. 5 8. 4	3. 9 7. 6	2.7 5.1	4. 4 3. 7	3. 9 2. 6	3. 0 5. 6	3. 9 10. 9	4. 2 4. 6	2. 4 2. 4	4. 7 2. 5	5. 9 6. 3	4. 0 5. 4	4. 1 6. 1	2. 5 2. 6	5. 6 9. 6	
Evaporated (unsweetened)\$ per case_Fluid milk: Production on farmsmil. lb_ Utilization in mfd. dairy products&do	6. 34 10, 234 3, 969	6. 30 10, 455 4, 267	6. 29 9, 672 3, 759	6. 29 9, 219 3, 625	6, 29 9, 772 4, 064	6. 29 10, 118 4, 415	6. 29 9, 629 4, 109	6, 28 11, 101 4, 684	6. 16 11, 340 4, 809	6. 07 12, 533 5, 609	6. 03 12, 003 5, 275 3. 71	6. 02 10, 977 4, 349	6. 03 10, 244 3, 797	6.05 9.683 3,370	6.05 9,771 3,674	9, 31
Price, wholesale, U.S. average\$ per 100 lb_ Dry milk: Production:\$\tau_{\text{production:}}\$ Dry whole milkmil. lb_	8.2	6.8	4. 47 7. 7	4. 55 7. 6	4. 45 7. 3	4. 39 8. 0	4. 29 5. 6	4. 16 6. 4	3. 88 7. 5	3. 76 9. 7	3. 71 7. 7	3. 86	4.03	4. 22 6. 0	7 4. 34 5. 9	P 4. 4
Nonfat dry milk (human food)do Stocks, manufacturers', end of month: Dry whole milkdo	151.6 6.4 121.5	167. 8 6. 4 136. 6	134.9 5.5 127.8	136. 3 6. 0	7, 3 132, 5	184. 5 8. 2	177. 4 7. 7	203, 8 6, 1 128, 4	214. 3 6. 6 128. 3	253. 0 7. 4	236. 5 7. 7	182. 1 7. 6	148. 4 6. 1	127.5	136. 0 4. 9	
Nonfat dry milk (human food)do Exports: Dry whole milkdo Nonfat dry milk (human food)do	2. 3 16. 6	1.5 21.0	1. 1 19. 0	116. 9 . 6 29. 9	1. 1 12. 3	. 8 21. 5	.6 18.7	.4 40.5	1. 5 18. 9	155. 7 1. 0 25. 2	168. 7 2. 2 31. 6	142.1 .6 30.0	118. 0 1, 9 20. 9	102. 9 1. 3 22. 6	86. 6 1. 8 20. 8	
Price, manufacturers' average selling, nonfat dry milk (human food) \$\ \text{per lb}\$.  GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS	. 137	. 154	. 161	. 160	. 162	. 162	. 161	. 161	. 147	.142	. 142	.142	. 142	1.43	1.42	
Exports (barley, corn, oats, rye, wheat)mil. bu	78.0	90. 5	99. 6	104.1	100. 5	85. 1	116.0	103. 6	101. 3	128.3	110.9	86.2	90.3	87.8	74.0	
Barley: Production (crop estimate)dodo	1 431, 3	1 393. 4													 	² 430.
Stocks (domestic), end of quarter, totaldo On farmsdodo	<sup>3</sup> 311. 1 <sup>3</sup> 166. 8	3 291. 8 3 154. 0			333. 7 179. 4			215.7 98.0			4123.0 447.2			448.0 277.8		
Off farms.         do           Exports, including malt§	3 144. 3 7. 8 1. 14 1. 06	3 137. 8 5. 4 1. 31 1. 23	3. 3 1. 48 1. 42	6. 0 1. 46 1, 40	154. 3 5. 3 1. 43 1. 37	5. 3 1. 47 1. 42	9. 9 1. 41 1. 35	117.8 8.5 1.39 1.33	9, 2 1, 34 1, 28	16. 5 1. 26 1. 21	1.22 1.18	4. 7 1. 19 1. 14	5, <b>3</b> 1, 16 1, 09	170. 2 6. 6 1. 13 1. 07	9. 9 1. 20 1. 13	1. 2 1. 1
Corn: Production (crop estimate, grain only)_mil. bu Grindings, wet processdodo	1 3, 908 12. 8	1 3, 624 13. 1	14.1	13. 6	11.9	13. 2	12.7	14.7	14.9	14.8	14. 8	14.2	15. 7	13.9	15.3	<sup>2</sup> 3, 59
Stocks (domestic), end of quarter, total mil. bu		3 2 246			4, 495			3, 386						4 1, 613		1
On farmsdodo	3 1, 709 3 1, 381	3 1, 784 3 1, 463			3,022 1,473			2, 149 1, 236			2, 474 1, 551 924			4 537 4 1,075		
Exports, including meal and flourdo Prices, wholesale: No. 3, yellow (Chicago)\$ per bu Weighted avg., 5 markets, all gradesdo	18.6	24.5 1.11 1.06	23. 8 1. 09 1. 06	32.3 1.10 1.09	34. 3 1. 08 1. 08	35. 6 1. 08 1. 04	43.3 1.07 1.01	37.3 1.11 1.06	36. 3 1. 12 1. 08	42. 1 1. 15 1. 11	39. 4 1. 14 1. 11	33. 4 1. 12 1. 10	32.8 1.10 1.07	22. 9 1. 11 1. 09	24. 9 1. 10 1. 10	1.0
Oats: Production (crop estimate)mil. bu		1 1,013	 													2 1, 02
Stocks (domestic), end of quarter, totaldododo	\$ 672 3 595	3 657 3 576			775 695			495 432			4 277 4 229			974 865		
Off farmsdo  Exports, including oatmealdo  Price, wholesale, No. 3, white (Chicago)	3 77 2. 9	3 81	1. 6	1.0	80	.2	. 2	63	.2	4. 6	4 48 6. 4	2.2	5.1	199 5. 0	2. 6	
\$ per bu	6.71	5.67	. 67	.71	(6)	. 70	. 65	. 70	. 72	. 73	. 69	. 65	. 64	, 67	. 65	.7
Production (crop estimate)mil. bags Q	100	1 53. 6 110	191	r95	r 167	, 174	r 225	r 162	121	100	73	74	68	57	177	² 63.
Shipments from mills, milled rice do Stocks, rough and cleaned (cleaned basis), end of month mil. lb.	100	104	69 135	95 102	78 126	109 133	172 107	110 119	92	68 90	80 56	37 67	53 45	43 35	39 111	
Southern States mills (Ark., La., Tenn., Tex.): Receipts, rough, from producersmil. lb_Shipments from mills, milled ricedo Stocks, domestie, rough and cleaned (cleaned	338 231	317 209	1,565 240	486 253	242 285	169 264	228 296	100 282	54 222	25 212	30 187	22 207	437 179	1, 267 269	1, 272 345	
basis), end of month millb Exports do Price, wholesale, Nato, No. 2 (N.O.) \$ per lb	845 163 .081	826 148 5.086	1, 411 98 . 089	1, 485 139 . 090	1, 378 255 . 093	1, 237 280 . 095	1, 102 186 . 098	905 238 . 098	732 231 . 098	550 223 . 098	391 183 . 098	208 145 . 096	321 86 . 088	885 133 . 088	1,383 185 r.091	
Rye: Production (crop estimate)mil. bu Stocks (domestic), end of quarter, totaldo	<sup>1</sup> 33, 1 <sup>3</sup> 21, 6	1 27. 3 3 20. 9			19. 3			14. 6			47.9			31.8		2 38. S
Price, wholesale, No. 2 (Minneapolis) \$ per bu- r Revised. * Preliminary.	1.13		1.30		1.31		1.29	1.25		1. 21			1.14	1.17		

Revised. \*\*Preliminary. 

Crop estimate for the year. 
Nov. 1 estimate of the 1962 crop. 
Quarterly average. 
Old crop only; new crop not reported until beginning of new crop year (July for barley, oats, rye, and wheat; Oct. for corn). 
No quotation.

<sup>‡</sup>Revisions for 1960 appear in the Oct. 1961 Survey; those for Jan.-May 1961 are available The visions for 1900 appear in the Oct. 1901 SURVEY; those for Jupon request.

♂Revisions for Jan. 1955–Sept. 1960 are available upon request.

₹Excludes a small amount of pearl barley.

₹Bags of 100 lb.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961		1961						,	1962	,				
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon ave		Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.
FOO	D AN	ID KI	INDR	ED P	ROD	UCTS	; <b>TO</b>	BACC	:0—С	ontin	ued					
GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS-Con.																
Wheat: Production (crop estimate), total mil, bu. Spring wheat do. Winter wheat do. Distribution (quarterly total) do.	11,357 1247 11,111 3 293	1 1, 235 1 158 1 1, 076 3 332			335			342								<sup>2</sup> 1, 095 <sup>2</sup> 280 <sup>2</sup> 815
Stocks (domestle), end of quarter, totaldo On farmsdo Off farmsdo	31,822 3318 31,504	<sup>3</sup> 1, 854 <sup>3</sup> 305 <sup>3</sup> 1, 549			1, 982 359 1, 623			1, 641 211 1, 430			4 1, 304 4 102 4 1, 202			2, 069 414 1, 655		
Exports, total, including flourdodo	48. 2 42. 2	58. 2 52. 4	70. 2 64. 8	63. 2 58. 1	60. 0 54. 6	43. 7 36. 8	62. 4 46. 3	57. 5 49. 2	55. 4 49. 2	63. 8 57. 2	53. 3 48. 1	43. 3 37. 7	46. 0 40. 6	49. 1 44. 4	34. 7 30. 1	
Prices, wholesale: No. 1, dark northern spring (Minneapolis) \$ per bu No. 2, hard winter (Kansas City)do No. 2, red winter (St. Louis)do	2. 21 2. 02	2. 28 2. 04	2. 40 2. 08	2. 42 2. 12	2. 44 2. 14	2, 46 2, 09	2. 45 2. 11	2. 44 2. 12	2. 46 2. 13	2. 50 2. 17	2. 50 2. 19	2. 52 2. 22	2. 42 2. 25	2. 44 2. 23	2. 49 2. 19	2. 58 2. 31
Weighted avg., 6 markets, all gradesdo Wheat flour: Production:	51.95 2.17	\$ 1.97 2.25	1.87 2.36	2. 40	2. 42	1.99 2.37	2. 05 2. 40	2. 39	2. 41	(6) 2.43	2.12 2.33	2. 13 2. 32	2. 07 2. 39	2. 45	2. 48	(6) 2, 50
Flour thous, sacks (100 lb.) Operations, percent of capacity Offal thous, sh tons. Grindings of wheat thous, bu Stocks held by mills, end of quarter	21, 262 92, 4 402 48, 560	21, 693 93. 3 405 49, 333	23,063 95.8 431 52,480	22, 933 100. 0 430 52, 250	22,014 100.6 413 50,108	23, 515 97, 7 440 53, 532	21, 738 99, 5 405 49, 417	23, 165 95. 1 430 52, 606	20, 421 87, 8 378 46, 225	21, 035 86. 4 396 48, 021	20, 125 86, 9 375 45, 677	20, 334 88. 2 378 46, 130	23, 207 91, 9 433 52, 865	21, 254 101. 6 396 48, 371	23, 807 94, 0 443 54, 165	
Exports thous, sacks (100 lb.) - do do do do do do do do do do do do do	3 4, 443 2, 613	34, 703 2, 511	2,344	2, 176	4, 973 2, 345	3,012	7,003	4, 877 3, 647	2, 704	2,896	4, 290 2, 290	2, 428	2, 334	4, 378 2, 045	2,023	
\$ per 100 lb_ Winter, hard, 95% patents (Kans. City)_do LIVESTOCK	5. 322 4. 992	5. 520 5. 166	5, 665 5, 317	5. 650 5. 300	5. 638 5. 267	5. 625 5. 267	5. 650 5. 267	5. 688 5. 350	5. 775 5. 483	5, 900 5, 633	5. 938 5. 683	6. 113 5. 817	6. 175 5. 933	7 6. 113 7 5. 850	₽6.064 ₽5.752	
Cattle and calves:										Ì						Ì
Slaughter (federally inspected): Calvesthous, animalsdo Receipts (salable) at 25 public markets†do	438 1,616 506	417 1, 664 1, 221 528	511 1, 817 1, 695 1, 300	469 1, 683 1, 329 983	416 1,589 1,070	454 1, 781 1, 326	362 1,468 968	461 1,649 1,013	393 1,522 1,130	398 1, 766 1, 134	342 1,718 997	367 1, 765 1, 167	434 1,870 1,288	424 1, 654 1, 152	517 1,898 1,605	1, 254
Shipments, feeder, to 8 corn-belt Statesdo Prices, wholesale:  Beef steers (Chicago)	25. 93 22. 93 28. 46	24. 46 23. 30 30. 17	7 24. 46 22. 97 30. 50	25. 44 23. 03 30. 50	25. 84 23. 06 32. 00	368 25, 90 22, 80 35, 50	279 26. 04 23. 16 33. 50	33 4 26. 65 24. 56 35. 50	26. 80 25. 11 30. 00	25. 62 24. 18 29. 00	270 24. 91 23. 23 28. 00	259 26. 12 23. 75 27. 00	592 27. 88 23. 91 27. 50	893 29, 63 25, 21 27, 50	1, 574 29, 29 25, 38 26, 51	29, 89 25, 79
Hogs: Slaughter (federally inspected)thous, animals_ Receipts (salable) at 25 public markets†do Prices:	5, 513	5, 469 1, 586	6, 223 1, 802	6, 327 1, 830	5, 738 1, 623	6, 098 1, 838	5, 312 1, 498	6, 225 1, 623	5, 672 1, 680	5, 800 1, 722	5, 041 1, 498	4, 699 1, 424	5, 214 1, 507	4,737 1,280	6, 643 1, 910	1,819
Wholesale, average, all grades (Chicago) \$ per 100 lb. Hog-corn price ratio (bu. of corn equal in value to 100 lb, live hog)	15.50 15.3	16.71 16.6	16, 79 16, 3	15. 94 16. 7	16. 32 17. 0	16. 66 17. 4	16. 24 17. 1	15. 97 16. 5	15. 66 15. 6	15. 25 14. 9	16. 23 15. 6	17. 24 16. 2	17. 68 17. 1	18. 46 17. 5	16. 69 16. 1	16. 3
Sheep and lambs: Slaughter (federally inspected)thous, animals_ Receipts (salable) at 25 public marketsjdo Shipments, feeder, to 8 corn-belt Statesdo	1,170 291	1, 253 553 253	1, 412 714 557	1, 213 551 224	1, 124 429 127	1, 375 577 205	1, 177 441 127	1, 227 445 131	1, 173 467 100	1, 197 527 189	1, 062 411 183	1,170 470 151	1, 254 528 293	1, 272 589 425	1, 472 676 523	45
Prices, wholesale: Lambs, average (Chicago) \$\frac{100 \text{ lb.}}{\text{Lambs, feeder, good and choice (Omaha).do}}	19. 26 18. 26	17. 07 14. 99	16. 25 14. 20	16.00 13.95	16. 25 13. 72	16. 88 13. 72	17. 50 14. 85	17. 38 15. 38	17. 62 15. 30	21. 75 (6)	23.50 • 16.00	21, 75 a 16, 00	20, 50 4 16, 40	19, 50 a 16, 56	19.00 15.70	18. 75 15. 85
MEATS Total meats:						ļ										
Production (carcass weight, leaflard in), inspected slaughter. mil. lb. Stocks (excluding lard), cold storage, end of month. mil. lb. Exports (including lard). do	2,066 525 87	2, 116 460 77	2,314 397 93	2, 269 486 114	2, 120 485 58	2, 312 482 74	1, 953 497 71	2, 233 552 73	2,068 579 82	2, 261 585 86	2,087 512 119	2, 025 444 81	2, 135 400 71	1,895 359 75	2, 423 7 389 64	450
Imports (excluding lard)do  Beef and yeal:	63	80	89	97	78	99	72	136	91	80	98	99	145	130	117	
Production, inspected slaughter	1,005.4 173.4 2.4 40.9	1,051.0 175.5 2.5 55.4	1, 136. 1 182. 7 2. 4 63. 2	1, 049. 3 212. 2 2. 6 69. 9	999. 3 211. 4 2. 1 52. 7	1, 117. 4 193. 6 2. 4 64. 8	927. 6 177. 6 1. 9 49. 3	1, 038. 7 180. 6 1. 9 97. 4	960. 5 170. 9 2. 0 61. 4	1, 110. 1 148. 7 2. 3 51. 4	1, 075. 3 129. 6 2. 6 69. 1	1,081.4 128.1 1.9 73.2	1, 120. 8 143. 1 2. 4 113. 3	988. 3 150. 9 2. 3 103. 6	1, 145. 1 7 157. 0 2. 0 88. 7	
Price, wholesale, beef, fresh, steer carcasses, choice (600-700 lbs.) (New York)	. 451 55. 6 12. 2	59.6 19.9	. 419 64. 2 19. 7	. 428 56, 9 18, 4	. 441 53. 8 17. 6	. 450 67. 7 16. 3	. 449 58. 9 16. 1	. 455 61. 0 18. 3	. 452 57. 4 18. 5	56. 4 17. 9	. 440 48. 0 14. 7	. 443 53. 2 11. 8	. 478 56.8 11.8	58. 2 10. 2	. 482 67. 3	4.8
Pork (including lard), production, inspected slaugh- ter mil. lb. Pork (excluding lard): Production, inspected slaughter do	1,005.3 762.4	1, 005. 0 763. 1	1, 113. 7 850. 7		1, 067. 3 815. 8	1, 127. 3 872. 1	i	1, 132. 8 877. 7	1,049.7 808.1	1	963. 3	890.1	957.8	849. 0	1, 210. 8	
Stocks, cold storage, end of monthdo Exportsdo Importsdo	271.1 5.8 14.3	203. 4 5. 7 14. 5	136. 4 5. 6 16. 6	<sup>7</sup> 153. 5 6. 5 16. 8	200. 0 5. 5 15. 8	209. 1 4. 5 17. 4	235. 5 3. 8 14. 6	279. 7 4. 3 19. 2	315. 9 4. 6 16. 2	338. 5 5. 2 19. 1	731. 4 295. 1 7. 3 17. 8	680. 5 233. 6 6. 3 16. 4	740. 5 182. 1 5. 4 16. 4	665. 0 138. 5 3. 6 14. 4	936. 0 7 128. 3 5. 1 18. 7	
Hams, smoked, composite\$ per lb Fresh loins, 8-12 lb. average (New York)_do Lard:	. 472 . 471 177. 3	.471 .479	. 462	. 483 . 467	. 504	. 499 . 484	7 . 490 . 469	. 495	. 488 . 429	. 465 . 425	. 467 . 463	. 470	. 493 . 520	. 493 . 552	p . 491 . 493	. 46
Production, inspected slaughter mil. lb. Stocks, dry and cold storage, end of mo. do. Exports do. Price, wholesale, refined (Chicago) \$ per lb.	119.0	176. 5 120. 8 34. 9 . 133	191. 7 90. 4 34. 4 . 123	197. 5 89. 3 64. 5 . 124	183. 8 110. 1 13. 6 . 118	186. 8 101. 6 40. 4 . 120	165. 0 103. 4 38. 0 . 125	185. 3 104. 5 33. 6 . 128	176. 0 109. 2 42. 4 . 120	186.1 123.3 24.8 .123	168.8 103.5 50.5 .120	153. 3 96. 7 38. 2 , 120	158. 2 77. 3 34. 5 . 125	33. 6	72. 7 20. 9	

Revised. \*\*\*Preliminary.

1 Crop estimate for the year. 
2 Nov. 1 estimate of 1962 crop. 3 Quarterly average.

4 Old crop only; new grain not reported until beginning of new crop year (July for wheat).

<sup>\*\*</sup>Average based on months for which quotations are available. 

\*\*No quotation.\*\*

\*\*Beginning Feb. 1962, prices not strictly comparable with those for earlier periods. †\*Revised series. 

\*\*Choice only.\*\*

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961		1961							1962					***************************************
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mor ave	ithly rage	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oet.	Nov.
FOC	D AN	ND K	INDR	ED P	ROD	UCTS	; TO	BACC	:0—С	ontin	ued					
POULTRY AND EGGS											!					
Poultry: Slaughter (commercial production);mil. lb_ Stocks, cold storage (frozen), end of month	512	593	827	736	523	478	388	456	481	580	573	572	667	r 658	839	
do Turkeysdo	249 135	322 192	$\frac{550}{382}$	489 318	432 263	405 251	340 219	293 191	253 156	220 132	205 121	210 123	251 160	331 233	r 448 r 340	385 264
Price, in Georgia producing area, live broilers \$ per lb	.162	. 132	. 113	. 118	. 148	. 155	. 156	. 154	. 141	. 135	. 134	. 139	. 146	. 155	. 13	. 131
Eggs: Production on farmsmil_ cases⊙	14.2	14. 3	13.8	, 13. 8	14. 3	14.7	13. 7	15, 9	15.6	15.8	14.6	14. 4	13.9	13. 4	14.	13. 9
Stocks, cold storage, end of month: Shellthous, casesO	474 111	162 81	145 86	83 70	39 61	29 49	38 40	56	52 60	322	397	343	250	227	7 236 7 98	160
Frozenmil. lb Price, wholesale, extras, large (delivered; Chicago) \$ per doz	.372	. 355	. 393	. 357	. 335	. 356	. 330	. 310	. 306	. 269	. 266	. 280	. 343	. 416	.377	.394
MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS																
Cocoa (cacao) beans: Imports (incl. shells)thous. lg. tons. Price, wholesale, Accra (New York)\$ per lb.	20. 5 . 286	28. 5 . 227	10. 3 . 226	6. 2 . 245	11. 1 . 265	30. 3 . 225	22. 3 . 195	25. 1 . 213	35. 7 . 208	28. 9 . 224	37. 0 . 208	39. 0 . 205	22. 9 . 20 <b>3</b>	8. 0 , 200	10.0 .201	. 209
Coffee (green): Inventories (roasters', importers', dealers'), end of quarterthous, bagso'	1 3, 108 1 5, 474	1 3, 034 1 5, 573			2, 815 5, 882			3, 029 6, 088			3, 050 5, 307			3, 334		
Roastings (green weight), quarterly totaldo	1,838	1, 866	1,934	1,608	2, 141	2, 295	2, 312	1, 836	1, 865	2,032	1,550	1,679	1, 991	5, 130 2, 074	2,075	
From Brazildo Price, wholesale, Santos, No. 4 (New York) \$ per lb	770	719 . 363	797 . 340	. 341	1,059	1,017	862	683	638	731	523	580	693	725	569	
Confectionery, manufacturers' salesmil. \$mil. \$	100	103	140	131	106	. 345 109	. <b>34</b> 5 10 <b>4</b>	. 345 110	. 345 94	. 350 79	. 348	. 348 69	. 348 95	. 340 141	. 340 144	. 338
Fish: Stocks, cold storage, end of monthmil. lb	191	184	207	207	197	179	154	123	125	137	157	185	206	218	r 219	230
Sugar: Cuban stocks, raw, end of month thous. Spanish tons	2,640	3, 142	2,725	1,245	1, 262	843	1,248	1,968	2,468	2,458	2, 458	1,374	934	609	449	
United States: Deliveries and supply (raw basis):							-,	1,000	-, •••	2, 100	2, 100	2,0.0	""	05		
Production and receipts: Production thous, sh. tons Entries from off-shore, total 9 do Hawaii and Puerto Rico do do do do do do do do do do do do do	256 2 562 145	265 528 169	697 440 82	903 246 53	760 184 60	324 538 67	93 473 139	47 600 205	93 654 164	39 605 262	56 440 272	46 863 277	71 967 256	122 679 129	528 100	
Deliveries, totaldodododo	778 772	808 801	799 790	815 805	755 750	625 618	603 596	848 841	706 696	833 824	960 952	892 883	1, 078 1, 067	858 850		
For export and livestock feeddo Stocks, raw and refined, end of month_do	1,750	7 1,716	9 1, 261	1,708	2,195	$\frac{7}{2,156}$	1,974	1, 735	10	9	8 1, 567	9 1,315	12 898	10 + 836	P1, 211	
Exportssh. tons_ Imports:	401 354	510 338	566 358	356	443	234 230	202	134	194	225	270	194	336	555	201	
Raw sugar, total \( \text{\figs} \) thous, sh. tons.  From Philippine Islands	88 36	106 14	97 16	325 4 7	319 95 14	56 19	185 33 19	326 73 8	316 136 26	494 186 17	363 136 53	469 204 13	308 137 9	400 70 15	429 38 17	
Prices (New York): Raw, wholesale	. 063	. 063	. 062	. 062	. 064	. 065	. 064	. 064	. 065	. 064	. 065	. 064	. 066	, 063	.066	, 064
Refined:	. 553	. 570	. 567	. 555	. 564	. 565	. 573	. 574	. 564	. 565	. 565	. 565	. 566	. 569		
Wholesale (excl. excise tax) \$\frac{1}{2}\$ per lb.  Tea, imports thous. lb.	9,598	9, 111	. 084	10,769	. 086 8, 659	. 086	9,378	10, 800	11, 782	12,747	. 089 8, 019	. 089	10, 245	10, 825	₽. 090 10, 725	
Baking or frying fats (incl. shortening):		į .														
Productionmil. lb_ Stocks (producers' and warehouse), end of month mil. lb_	192.8	204. 6 116. 9	233. 4 112. 8	235. 5 119. 3	222. 4 122. 9	221. 3 125. 0	214. 5 130. 3	214. 4 142. 7	231. 7 155. 8	230.8	227. 4	189. 0 201. 1	242. 9	221. 2 198. 4	253. 4 187. 2	
Salad or cooking oils:	159.6	175. 3	174.5	180.8	187. 9	181. 2	195. 1	235. 8	228. 4	234. 9	254.6	230. 9	206. 1	191. 9	191. 2	
Stocks (producers' and warehouse), end of month mir. lb  Margarine:	53, 6	154.0	152.0	173. 6	199. 9	215.6	206. 9	223. 5	242. 4	254. 3	272.8	264. 1	253. 8	244.0	240. 2	
Productiondo Stocks (producers' and warehouse), end of month	141.3	143. 6	157. 3	147. 0	147.8	159. 8	140. 6	142. 9	135. 9	136. 1	129. 6	125. 9	140. 1	137.0	165. 1	
mil. lb  Price, wholesale (colored; mfr. to wholesaler or large retailer; delivered)	35. 4	38. 3	40.2	40.6	32.8	38.3	37.7	38.3	37.3	39.9	42.7	39.3	38.0	38.5	37. 8 v . 245	
FATS, OILS, AND RELATED PRODUCTS		1.200	1 .210	1.210	.2.0	1 .2/0	.210	1.270	. 210	. 270	. 2.76	.240	. 240	7.245	2.240	
Animal and fish fats: △																
Tallow, edible: Production (quantities rendered)mil. lb. Consumption in end productsdo. Stocks (factory and warehouse), end of month	29. 4 24. 6	35. 9 31. 4	36. 0 33. 3	40. 0 37. 6	35. 5 26. 1	37. 5 29. 6	39. 3 36. 0	35. 5 30. 5	33. 3 28. 6	40. 8 32. 9	36. 7 28. 4	33. 4 29. 5	38. 9 37. 5	32. 2 30. 1	ı	
Tallow and grease (except wool), inedible:  Production (quantities rendered)do	25. 2 276. 1	26. 8 296. 2	23. 9 306. 3	20. 9 319. 7	24. 7 293. 9	25. 9 313. 6	25. 0 292. 1	24. 2 287. 0	23. 5 274. 7	26. 5 305. 6	29. 0 288. 5	30.3	24.3	20.8 259.6	21.7	
Consumption in end productsdododo	152.7	144. 8	149.0	155. 6	147.5	155, 8	138. 6	153. 3	148. 4	170. 9	164. 3	120.3	166. 6	152.7	158. 1	
Fish and marine mammal oils:	319.3	369. 4	401.0	397. 8	408. 5	410.1	393. 1	425. 0	412.3	358. 2	340.4	381. 2	366. 0	364. 6		
Production do Consumption in end products Stocks (factory and warehouse), end of month	9.0	20. 8 9. 3	14. 3 8. 3	10. 2 8. 7	11. 2 8. 3	8.3	7.9	8.4	4. 9 8. 3	31. 1 9. 0	51. 8 9. 3	45. 1 7. 6	32. 5 7. 8	7 29.7 7 7.5	39.0 7.7	
mil. lb	.] 93. 4	123. 4	1 176.4	159.0	132.9		114.7 ases of 30	101.7	98.3	130.2 s of 132.2		166. 7	149.7	7 161.9	169.8	!

Preliminary.
Quarterly average.
Quarterly average.
Preliminary.

Data from July 1960 forward reflect revisions to include nonquota purchase charges.
Revisions for July 1960-July 1961: 428; 644; 500; 382; 262; 203; 675; 449; 347; 707; 706; 639; 610.

Revisions for Jan.-Aug. 1960 are shown in the Oct. 1961 Survey.

 $<sup>\</sup>odot$  Cases of 30 dozen.  $\circ$  Bags of 132.276 lb.  $\circ$  Pincludes data not shown separately.  $\circ$  Price for New York and Northeastern New Jersey.  $\triangle$ For data on lard, see p. S-28.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1260	1961		1961							1962				-	
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon ave		Oet.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Ang.	Sept.	Oet.	Nov.
FOO	D AN	D K	INDR	ED P	ROD	UCTS	; TO	BACC	0С	ontin	ned	1	!	<u> </u>	1	<u> </u>
FATS, OILS, AND RELATED PRODUCTS—Continued				<del></del>												
Vegetable oils and related products:  Vegetable oils (total crude and refined):  Exports	142. 8 43. 9	92. 6 47. 2	108. 0 61. 2	78. 0 59. 7	79. 0 51. 9	111. 1 62. 3	105. 0 37. 4	82. 6 49. 4	186. 1 53. 9	141. 0 51. 0	215. 4 41. 0	234. 3 38. 6	162. 1 57. 1	124. 2 55. 5	71. 6 70. 9	
Crude do do Refund do Consumption in end products do Stocks, crude and refined (factory and warehouse), end of month mil. lb Imports do do do do do do do do do do do do do	41. 3 33. 3 49. 4 2322. 5 13. 0	41. 6 38. 6 53. 7 313. 6 13. 6	45. 7 43. 0 58. 9 295. 3 22. 2	43. 2 38. 6 50. 7 308. 1 20. 6	39. 1 34. 7 51. 8 319. 3 18. 6	38.0 39.9 54.6 307.5 22.0	38. 8 39. 8 51. 4 291. 8 7. 6	41. 5 46. 9 61. 7 285. 6 15. 3	31. 9 45. 8 61. 6 269. 9 17. 9	28. 0 47. 0 60. 0 245. 0 19. 0	(1) 45. 5 62. 1 218. 8 16. 0	35, 6 36, 0 49, 3 220, 6 15, 5	30, 1 48, 5 64, 7 209, 4 26, 1	37. 7 47. 0 58. 0 206. 1 15. 5	44. 3 45. 5 61. 2 203. 2 38. 2	
Corn oil: Production: Crude	27. 5 25. 7 26. 2 35. 2	28. 0 26. 8 26. 4	28. 2 26. 5 31. 5	28. 3 26. 5 23. 1 28. 3	27. 7 27. 8 22. 7 30. 7	28. 4 26. 7 22. 4 36. 2	27. 8 24. 4 20. 5	31. 5 26. 6 24. 0 49. 5	31. 3 28. 7 24. 1 54. 1	32. 3 29. 5 26. 7 55. 9	32. 0 26. 8 28. 9 51. 9	30. 3 28. 4 27. 1 52. 1	33. 3 34. 8 32. 1 49. 5	29. 6 28. 9 28. 5 49. 4	32, 2 32, 4 29, 6 48, 8	
Cottonseed cake and meal: Production thous. sh. tons. Stocks (at oil mills), end of month Cottonseed oil: Production:	207. 8 172. 4	204. 0 168. 4	339. 6 96. 7	342. 9 85. 8	286. 8 81. 5	299, 1 84, 9	268, 5 113, 6	242. 5 123. 4	192. 1 156. 9	130, 9 164, 0	99. 9 155. 7	85. 2 133. 9	103. 2 94. 2	7 237. 9 7 99. 5	348.3 101.0	
Crude	151. 4 127. 1 106. 4 385. 7 . 151	149. 5 125. 5 110. 7 335. 8 . 186	255. 1 161. 1 117. 3 245. 0 . 179	256. 8 183. 5 125. 4 320. 4 . 179	210, 3 168, 9 117, 5 392, 0 , 183	219.1 160.9 109.2 434.2 .183	200. 7 164. 3 106. 7 488. 7 . 181	182. 0 162. 0 117. 9 477. 5 . 179	146. 3 142. 9 121. 5 513. 4 . 176	98. 2 117. 4 112. 2 458. 4 . 171	74. 9 91. 4 107. 8 401. 5 . 169	63. 7 72. 8 98. 0 324. 4 . 165	75. 1 77. 8 107. 6 270. 7 . 161	7 167, 2 113, 3 104, 1 7 296, 2 7, 158	243, 9 147, 6 115, 9 379, 5 p, 155	
Linseed oil: Production, crude (raw)mil. lb_ Consumption in end productsdo_ Stocks, crude and refined (factory and warehouse), end of monthmil. lb_	30. 6 32. 0 110. 8	35, 5 31, 8 103, 0	34. 0 30. 1 98. 3	39. 5 25. 8 117. 0	32. 1 24. 8 128. 4	33. 3 27. 1 134. 9	33. 4 25. 4 140. 6	30, 6 32, 9 137, 0	31. 7 34. 8 135. 3	23. 3 35. 4 121. 2	20. 9 36. 0 105. 4	14. 3 35. 1 79. 3	27. 1 35. 2 73. 2	44. 8 31. 7 83. 8	49. 0 31. 4 99. 7	
Price, wholesale (Minneapolis) \$ per lb_Soybean cake and meal: Troduction thous, sh. tons_Stocks (at oil mills), end of month	762.6 104.3	. 142 778. 4 147. 2	. 152 838. 7 62. 4	. 152 888. 0 62. 9	895. 4 99. 3	946.7 101.4	. 152 841. 1 89. 2	. 152 899. 1 91. 2	. 152 840. 3 96. 0	. 151 891. 4 101. 8	794.0 88.0	807. 7 91. 2	799.0 72.9	709. 2 85. 1	P. 126 914. 8 68. 3	
Crude	366. 0 289. 7 283. 8 476. 5 . 129	370. 2 299. 4 288. 7 704. 5 . 157	396. 9 294. 6 309. 2 738. 0 . 149	417. 7 319. 2 302. 1 802. 2 . 146	417. 9 332. 1 315. 1 859. 6 . 151	442.4 341.5 323.2 933.3 .148	395. 0 312. 1 304. 0 959. 2 . 145	422. 7 351. 7 347. 9 956. 4 . 142	397. 4 318. 1 340. 5 924. 6 . 141	425. 4 352. 7 352. 1 930. 4 . 133	376. 6 364. 9 378. 7 808. 8 . 128	383. 9 314. 5 337. 0 763. 3 . 122	379. 7 339. 9 342. 8 686. 7 . 125	334. 4 318. 1 331. 7 607. 0 . 123	428. 6 369. 0 365. 1 580. 0 p. 130	
Leaf: Production (crop estimate)mil. lb Stocks, dealers' and manufacturers', end of quarter, totalmil. lb Exports, incl. scrap and stemstous. lb Imports, incl. scrap and stemsdo Manufactured:	3 1, 944 5 4, 573 41, 346 13, 257	\$ 2,058 \$ 4,580 41,741 13,870 14,429	90, 316 14, 048 16, 098	69, 484 14, 629 13, 909	4, 843 42, 893	19, 756 15, 710 14, 335	23,716 14,182 12,880	4, 737 28, 491 13, 773 14, 772	30, 767 13, 945 13, 988	29, 215 15, 054 15, 033	r 4, 331 38, 835 12, 404 14, 093		35, 009 14, 123		4, 005 45, 907 14, 830	4 2, 200
Production, total	3, 083 39, 178 543	3, 296 40, 677 531	3, 732 45, 361 605	3, 342 42, 568 666	3, 063 33, 260 367	3, 299 41, 114 490	3, 283 35, 836 432	3, 528 42, 645 513	3, 225 38, 592 510	3, 725 45, 094 623	3, 537 41, 294 535	3, 208 39, 377 520	3, 625 47, 303 596	3, 245 40, 466 515		
thous. lb_ Exports, cigarettesmillions_	14,148 1,685	14, 124 1, 861	15,010 1,872	13, 905 1, 987	11,526 2,011	13, 999 1, 861	11,754 1,982	14, 085 2, 097	13, 849 2, 166	14, 647 1, 880	14, 200 2, 119	12,766 1,902	15,031 2,062	13, 332 2, 188	1, 217	
	1		LEA	THE	R AN	D PR	ODU	CTS					·	1		
HIDES AND SKINS  Exports:  Value, total  Calfand kip skins	6, 367 177 574	7, 179 212 637	7, 194 139 594	7, 357 201 611	7, 844 148 808	7, 867 116 704	5, 514 179 442	6, 304 237 515	5, 677 212 452	6, 957 184 572	7, 939 180 605	7, 518 116 690	8, 506 135 773	6, 746 217 582	6, 843 171 581	
Imports:  Value, total Q thous. \$  Sheep and lamb skins thous. pieces.  Goat and kid skins do  Prices, wholesale (f.o.b. shipping point):  Calfskins, packer, heavy, 9½/151b \$  Prices, steer, heavy, native, over 53 lb do	5, 886 2, 308 1, 605	5, 357 2, 325 1, 228 p. 631	5, 139 1, 923 1, 115	4, 654 1, 126 1, 109	4,718 973 1,012	5, 296 2, 330 1, 109	7, 615 3, 122 1, 601	9, 111 5, 853 1, 463	6, 035 1, 687 1, 512	7, 067 3, 386 1, 202	5, 991 2, 782 1, 278	4, 921 1, 115 982 . 575	5, 172 2, 070 1, 375	3, 979 1, 159 913 . 625	4, 398 2, 052 954 P. 575	
LEATHER	.139	P. 150	. 163	. 163	. 148	. 148	. 138	. 138	. 143	. 158	. 163	. 153	. 158	168	P, 163	
Production: Calf and whole kipthous. skins. Cattle hide and side kipthous. hides and kips Goat and kidthous. skins Sheep and lambdo Exports:	528 1,831 1,570 2,540	533 1, 895 1, 239 2, 658	558 2, 020 1, 305 2, 835	581 1, 966 1, 311 2, 954	560 1, 869 1, 253 2, 403	588 1, 947 1, 326 2, 462	510 1, 893 1, 049 2, 570	489 1, 913 1, 133 2, 330	505 1, 852 1, 100 2, 421	472 1,999 1,211 2,806	513 1, 882 1, 241 2, 643	380 1, 533 1, 133 1, 992	537 1, 994 967 2, 809	452 * 1, 795 1, 049 2, 435	1, 334 2, 855	
Glove and garment leather thous. sq. ft_Upper and lining leather do_Upper and lining leather.  Sole, bends, light, f.o.b. tannery \$\text{per lb}\$. Upper, chrome calf, B and C grades, f.o.b. tannery \$\text{per yer grades}\$, for \$\text{per sq. ft}\$.	2,879 3,449 .703	5, 244 4, 291 p . 707 v 1, 401	6, 174 4, 430 . 740 1, 412	4, 761 3, 744 . 733 1, 387	3, 659 3, 673 720 1, 397	3, 438 3, 153 . 717 1, 380	3, 163 2, 821 . 710 1, 380	2, 951 3, 232 . 713 1, 330	3, 557 3, 113 , 717 1, 323	3, 500 2, 499 . 720 1, 357	3, 950 3, 387 . 680 1, 350	2, 249 2, 933 . 710 1, 333	2.828 3, 105 .710 1.337	3, 698 2, 930 710 1, 337	4, 196 2, 284 P. 710 P1, 307	
' Revised. ' Preliminary.   Not available. ' Average based on 9 months (Ap				- '	'	¶Da	ta formei	rly show	n in mil.	lb.						

Not available, 2 Average based on 9 months (Apr.-Dec.).
Crop estimate for the year. 4 Nov.1 estimate of 1962 crop. Quarterly average.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961	<del></del>	1961							1962					
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon		Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.
<u>'</u>		LEAT	HER	AND	PRO	DUC'	TS	Conti	nued				•	·	<u> </u>	•
LEATHER MANUFACTURES																
Shoes and slippers:†  Production, total thous pairs thous pairs.	r 50, 003	r 49 442	r 51 237	<sup>7</sup> 49, 251	r 46, 333	r 55, 900	r 53, 037	<sup>7</sup> 58, 577	r 51, 975	r 52, <b>4</b> 98	r 49, 507	r 46, 322	r 59, 295	r 48, 935		
Shoes, sandals, and play shoes, except athletic thous. pairs  Slippers for houseweardo	r 42, 838 r 6, 122	r 42, 303 r 6, 081	r 40, 491 r 9, 568	r 39, 115 r 9, 026	<sup>r</sup> 40, 029 <sup>r</sup> 5, 136	r 50, 025 r 4, 930	r 47, 066 r 4, 943	751, 497 75, 811	r 45, 374 r 5, 161	r 44, 465 r 6, 615	r 41, 784 r 6, 511	r 39, 833 r 5, 550	r 49, 275 r 8, 585	739, 540 77, 829		
Athleticdo Other footweardo	584 7 459	r 553 r 505	r 555 r 623	7 606 7 504	r 611 r 557	7 464 7 481	r 562 r 466	709 560	7 728 7 712	r 588 r 830	7 584 7 628	r 352 r 587	r 575 r 860	r 499 r 1, 067		
Exportsdo Prices, wholesale, f.o.b. factory: Men's and boys' oxfords, dress, elk or side	199	179	210	198	160	106	166	202	192	191	159	131	206	197	215	
upper, Goodyear welt1957-59=100 Women's oxfords, elk side upper, Goodyear	106. 5	105. 5	105. 5	105. 5	105. 5	105. 8	105. 8	105. 8	105.8	105.8	105. 8	105.8	105.8	105.8	105. 1	<del>-</del> -
welt	108. 0 109. 3	108. 1 110. 2	108. 3 110. 4	108. 3 111. 0	108. 3 111. 1	108. 3 111. 1	108. 3 110. 9	108. 3 111. 0	108. 3 111. 1	108.3 111.1	108. 3 110. 9	108.3 111.2	108.3	108.3 111.4	108.3	
		L	UMBI	ER A	ND M	IANU	FACT	TURE	$\mathbf{s}$		·- <u>-</u>					
LUMBER-ALL TYPES‡																
National Lumber Manufacturers Association:           Production, total	2, 874 513 2, 361	2, 641 385 2, 257	2, 842 424 2, 418	2,617 398 2,219	2, 205 313 1, 892	2, 220 297 1, 923	2,555 409 2,146	2,778 395 2,383	2, 752 437 2, 315	3, 106 496 2, 610	2, 897 524 2, 373	2, 690 522 2, 168	3, 110 599 2, 511	r 2, 864 r 587 r 2, 277	3, 088 642 2, 446	
Shipments, total do Hardwoods do	2, 803 505	2, 666 415	2, 418 2, 814 421	2, 497 405	2, 259 404	2, 344 397	2, 624 501	2,920 479	2, 920 493	3, 242	3, 040 491	2, 724 465	2, 995 507	r 2, 673	2, 931 563	
Softwoodsdo	2, 298	2, 251	2, 393	2,092	1,855	1,947	2, 123	2, 441	2, 427	2,742	2, 549	2, 259	2, 488	<sup>7</sup> 2, 168	2,368	
Stocks (gross), mill, end of month, total†dododosoftwoodsdodo	7, 880 1, 916 5, 964	7, 912 1, 897 6, 015	7, 809 1, 804 6, 005	7, 883 1, 797 6, 086	7, 828 1, 706 6, 122	7, 539 1, 606 5, 933	7, 426 1, 514 5, 912	7, 284 1, 430 5, 854	7, 130 1, 374 5, 756	6, 989 1, 370 5, 619	6, 872 1, 405 5, 467	6, 805 1, 462 5, 343	6, 158 1, 554 4, 604	7 6, 326 7 1, 636 7 4, 690	6, 454 1, 720 4, 734	
Exports, total sawmill productsdo mports, total sawmill productsdo	72 327	355	66 <b>3</b> 98	70 348	64 274	80 284	54 351	70 400	58 436	94 457	66 468	64 482	57 490	59 408	58 474	
SOFTWOODS;           Douglas fir:         0 rders, newmil. bd. ft           Orders, unfilled, end of monthdo	666 533	640 471	658 446	598 422	524 419	653 508	618 577	679 504	717 534	757 511	741 500	628 504	721 481	595 445	697 460	
Production         do           Shipments         do           Stocks (gross), mill, end of month         do	696 691 1, 146	646 640 1, 126	638 635 1, 082	637 623 1,096	546 527 1, 114	588 565 1, 122	626 573 1, 131	706 732 1,105	677 688 1, 108	727 780 1, 050	661 752 958	581 624 927	714 744 893	632 631 894	696 681 886	
Exports, total sawmill productsdo Sawed timberdo Boards, planks, scantlings, etcdo Prices, wholesale:	32 17 15	23 10 12	22 11 11	21 9 11	21 9 12	27 11 16	18 7 11	35 14 22	26 12 14	30 15 15	24 8 15	28 9 18	26 8 18	22 9 13	27 9 18	
Dimension, construction, dried, 2" x 4", R. L. \$per M bd. ft. Flooring, C and better, F. G., 1" x 4", R. L.	81.13	78. 43	76.85	76. 66	75. 53	75, 23	76.18	77. 88	78. 46	79. 03	78.90	81. 29	81. 50	r 81. 39	p 79. 62	
Southern pine: \$ per M bd. it	1130.03	124. 21	121.74	121, 74	121. 92 423	120.18	119.98	120. 41	120. 41	120. 58	120. 10	122. 18	123. 31 538	r 124. 73	ν125. 59	1
Orders, newmil. bd. ftdo	191	545 224	595 211	517 183	185	498 221	579 271	621 283	598 292	674 286	583 264	578 251	246	503 249	542 243	
Production dododododo	548 518	538 544	585 605	569 545	489 421	506 462	548 529	595 609	570 589	659 680	597 605	571 591	552 543	498 500	551 548	
of month. mil. bd. ft.  Exports, total sawmill products. M bd. ft. Sawed timber. do Boards, planks, scantlings, etc do Prices, wholesale, (indexes):	2,047 7,794 1,962 5,833	2, 087 5, 827 1, 342 4, 486	2,010 5,500 904 4,596	2,034 5,650 780 4,870	2, 102 7, 268 2, 889 4, 379	2, 146 4, 892 1, 389 3, 503	2, 165 8, 924 1, 381 7, 543	2, 151 5, 299 1, 700 3, 599	2, 132 6, 777 1, 634 5, 143	2, 111 9, 398 4, 367 5, 031	2, 103 6, 615 1, 944 4, 671	2, 083 5, 801 1, 787 4, 014	1, 342 5, 932 811 5, 121	1,340 6,941 2,234 4,707	1, 343 3, 880 300 3, 580	
Boards, No. 2 and better, 1" x 6", R. L. 1957-59=100_ Flooring, B and better, F. G., 1" x 4", S. L.	99. 0	92. 7	93. 3	93. 2	92. 7	93. 7	93. 6	94. 1	94. 4	94. 6	94. 4	93. 5	92. 3	91. 9	p 91. 8	
1957-59=100   Western pine:   mil. bd. ft.	97. 4	95. 3 727	95. 2 794	95. 0 621	95. 0 644	94. 3 690	94. 3 757	94. 3	94. 5 759	94. 4 853	94. 6	94. 3 755	94. 7 769	94.8	▶ 95. 1 817	
Orders, unfilled, end of monthdo	359	359 724	<b>33</b> 0	305	312	380	441	467	461	435	437	445	366 898	716 354	358	
Production         do           Shipments         do           Stocks (gross), mill, end of month         do           Price, wholesale, Ponderosa, boards, No. 3, 1" x         12" R. L. (6" and over)         \$ per M bd, ft.	725 1,957	724 728 1, 974 69. 63	806 782 2,067 66,83	664 645 2,086 66.03	577 637 2, 026 65, 74	513 621 1,768 64.61	636 697 1,707 65.69	705 715 1,697 67.38	705 765 1,637 70.91	839 878 1,598 71.49	755 780 1, 573 69. 59	734 747 1,560 69.08	898 840 1, 610 67. 76	841 727 1,724 r 66.03	871 813 1,771 \$266.25	
HARDWOOD FLOORING AND PLYWOOD														00.00	3.20	
Flooring: Maple, beech, and birch: Orders, new	11.6 3.0 3.1	3. 1 11. 3 3. 1 3. 0	2. 9 10. 6 3. 4 3. 3	2. 6 10. 5 3. 2 2. 6	2. 2 10. 0 2. 8 2. 6	2. 9 10. 5 3. 0 2. 3	2.6 10.8 2.6 2.4	3.0 11.1 2.8 2.6	2.7 11.0 2.4 2.6	4. 0 11. 3 2. 8 3. 5	4.6 11.6 3.0 4.0	3. 2 11. 0 2. 7 3. 4	3.4 10.1 3.0 3.5	2. 3 9. 7 2. 5 2. 6	3. 0 9. 7 2. 9 3. 0	
Stocks (gross), mill, end of month	69. 0 38. 5 73. 2	8. 7 64. 2 35. 6 65. 5	8. 2 65. 8 34. 3 70. 5	8. 6 61. 1 31. 5 68. 4	9. 1 49. 6 27. 3 55. 3	9. 8 57. 9 35. 5 60. 6	10. 0 65. 5 43. 8 57. 7	10. 2 65. 4 49. 3 64. 4	10.0 66.6 51.1 57.2	9. 0 72. 7 49. 9 66. 8	8. 2 68. 9 47. 6 66. 1	7.0 67.3 46.9 63.5	80.9 46.3 77.9	6. 1 69. 8 43. 6 66. 2	6. 0 66. 6 38. 0 77. 2	
Shipments do Stocks (gross), mill, end of month do	70.6	65. 4 99. 9	69. 3 94. 5	66. 0 94. 8	54. 8 84. 7	53. 7 100. 4	57. 2 98. 3	62. 7 96. 9	63. 6 88. 4	74. 6 80. 7	70. 9 74. 8	68. 2 68. 9	81. 6 64. 6	69. 7 59. 4	75. 0 59. 9	

to 1959; stocks, back to 1949. The figures through Sept. 1962, as shown here, do not reflect these revisions; they will be shown, as space permits in the Jan. 1963 SURVEY.

r Revised. P Preliminary. 1 Average for 9 months (Apr.-Dec.).
†Revisions for 1960-Sept. 1961 appear in Census report (M31A(61)-13).
‡ Data have recently been revised as follows: Production, shipments, and orders, back

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961		1961							1962					
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon ave	thly rage	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.
			META	ALS A	AND :	MAN	UFAC	TUR	ES _							
IRON AND STEEL  Foreign trade: Iron and steel products (excl. advanced mfs. and ferroalloys): Exports, total ? ?	865 248 598	1, 018 166 810	959 208 713	861 193 630	750 212 504	652 180 445	550 169 357	549 153 377	551 149 385	740 150 560	620 158 445	470 140 313	704 214 461	904 204 676	532 142 380	
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	340 280 15	329 262 21	423 335 32	504 357 34	350 292 24	377 332 22	321 282 17	392 340 16	370 325 16	509 413 13	475 364 19	520 395 66	505 375 15	374 285 15	406 325 20	
Iron and Steel Scrap	5, 475 3, 300 2, 175 5, 539 9, 487 32, 95 33, 00	5, 315 3, 206 2, 109 5, 361 8, 651 36, 64 35, 00	6, 151 3, 658 2, 493 5, 851 8, 967 39, 09 38, 00	5, 798 3, 533 2, 265 5, 655 9, 108 33. 10 34. 00	5, 819 3, 664 2, 155 6, 190 8, 741 34, 10 36, 00	6, 214 3, 941 2, 273 6, 531 8, 456 37, 67 39, 00	6, 230 3, 811 2, 419 6, 183 8, 506 36. 25 38. 00	6, 805 4, 280 2, 525 6, 777 8, 534 31, 98 33, 00	6, 078 3, 834 2, 244 5, 924 8, 689 30, 18 32, 00	5, 547 3, 419 2, 128 5, 167 9, 068 26, 14 28, 00	4, 938 3, 058 1, 880 4, 862 9, 196 24, 13 26, 00	4, 325 2, 640 1, 685 4, 243 9, 276 24, 59 26, 00	r 4, 890 r 3, 046 r 1, 845 r 4, 967 r 9, 199 26. 86 29. 00	P 4, 708 P 2, 987 P 1, 721 P 5, 026 P 8, 887 P 26, 39 27, 00		
Iron ore (operations in all U.S. districts):  Mine production thous. lg, tons. Shipments from mines do. Imports do. U.S. and foreign ores and ore agglomerates:	7, 320 7, 014 2, 882	5, 983 6, 033 2, 151	7, 898 9, 413 3, 071	5,022 7,393 2,218	3, 711 1, 660 1, 970	3, 911 1, 687 1, 777	3, 514 1, 465 1, 588	4, 016 1, 546 2, 061	4, 590 3, 509 2, 718	9, 482 10, 302 3, 723	9, 617 11, 117 4, 275	9, 050 11, 039 4, 041	9, 061 9, 811 3, 049	7, 495 8, 108 3, 536	3, 054	
Receipts at iron and steel plants	9, 396 8, 522 439 70, 611 11, 407 53, 358 5, 846	7, 759 8, 143 412 82, 009 15, 952 59, 790 6, 267	11, 999 9, 681 550 85, 748 12, 107 67, 556 6, 085	9, 560 9, 058 362 84, 148 9, 755 68, 058 6, 335	4, 080 9, 532 66 80, 548 11, 843 62, 605 6, 100	3, 230 10, 316 131 75, 645 14, 055 55, 572 6, 018	3, 139 9, 696 79 70, 946 16, 107 49, 015 5, 824	3,718 10,623 41 65,985 18,559 42,110 5,316	5, 084 9, 621 362 62, 070 19, 643 37, 573 4, 854	13,005 7,974 625 66,349 18,820 42,591 4,938	13, 564 6, 758 853 71, 914 17, 326 49, 405 5, 183	13, 457 5, 965 1, 222 77, 861 15, 364 56, 928 5, 569	12, 228 6, 670 836 82, 941 14, 611 62, 472 5, 858	10, 543 6, 764 654 86, 654 13, 997 66, 250 6, 407	447	
Manganese (mn. content), general imports of do	99	86	93	83	130	75	105	99	104	103	87	72	71	69	85	
Pig Iron and Iron Products Pig iron: Production (excl. blast furnace production of fer- roalloys)	5, 556 5, 552 3, 471	5, 393 5, 483 3, 250	6, 330 6, 327 3, 057	6, 105 6, 051 3, 147	6, 400 6, 425 3, 183	6, 833 6, 996 3, 101	6, 421 6, 576 2, 961	7, 106 7, 198 2, 949	6, 425 6, 392 3, 079	5, 458 5, 304 3, 276	4, 582 4, 605 3, 345	4. 211 4, 167 3, 443	4, 586 r 4, 757 r 3, 368	4, 659 p 4, 825 p 3, 254	5, 009	
Composite	65. 95 66. 00 66. 50	65. 95 66. 00 66. 50	65, 95 66, 00 66, 50	65, 95 66, 00 66, 50	65. 95 66. 00 66. 50	65. 95 66. 00 66. 50	65, 95 66, 00 66, 50	65. 95 66. 00 66. 50	65. 95 66. 00 66. 50	65. 95 66. 00 66. 50	65. 95 66. 00 66. 50	65, 95 66, 00 66, 50	65. 95 66. 00 66. 50	65. 95 66. 00 66. 50	65. 95 <sup>p</sup> 66. 00 <sup>p</sup> 66. 50	
thous. sh. tons  Shipments, totalo <sup>3</sup>	966 534 73	902 514	1,031 594	990 529 62	922 470	981 512 70	924 474 69	1, 061 563 71	1, 021 544 72	1,046 572	990 553 69	800 452 73	882 551	727 925 526		
Shipments, totaldo For saledo	68 39	60 36	66 39	71 40	68 37	75 43	70 40	76 42	74 50	80	74	57 	66	68		
Steel, Crude, Semifinished, and Finished  Steel ingots and steel for castings: Productionthous, sh. tons Index	8, 273 101. 9	8, 168 100. 9	9, 173 111, 2	8, 746 109. 5	9, 569 116. 0	10, 353 125, 5	9, 698 130. 1	10, 584 128. 3	9, 236 115. 7	7, 536 91. 3	6, 692 83. 8	6, 174 74. 8	7,098 86.0	7, 251 90. 8	7, 781 94. 3	₽7,845 ₽98.3
thous, sh. tens.  Shipments, total	231 116 89 317	153 101 78 274	156 108 82 282	156 109 83 282	169 115 88 308	200 119 93 340	198 126 100 356	189 149 112 345	206 130 102 331	190 136 107	172 127 101 299	176 97 75 302	173 111 87	167 104 80 280		
Shipments, total do do do do do do do do do do do do do	106 79	99 73	111 84	110 82	104 78	114 85	118 83	132 103	122 92	123 94	122 94	97 72	* 109 * 84	101 77	116	
Steel products, net shipments:  Total (all grades) Semifinished products Structural shapes (heavy), steel piling do Plates Ralis and accessories do Bars and tool steel, total Bars: Hot rolled (incl. light shapes) do Cold finished Pipe and tubing Wire and wire products do Sheets and strip (incl. electrical), total Sheets: Hot rolled Cold rolled Cold rolled Cold rolled Cold rolled Cold rolled Cold rolled Cold rolled Cold rolled Cold rolled Cold rolled Cold rolled Cold rolled Cold cold Cold Cold rolled Cold Cold Cold Cold Cold Cold Cold Col	5. 929 235 438 511 105 884 576 185 115 588 248 503 2, 417 666 1, 206	5, 510 212 395 496 70 839 532 204 98 585 589 253 510 2, 147 585 1, 013	6, 046 287 426 567 61 938 594 228 108 632 282 430 2, 423 639 1, 145	5, 787 260 403 608 56 904 586 200 110 495 244 405 2, 411 637 1, 163	5, 787 272 404 590 67 868 601 151 108 216 357 2, 564 693 1, 294	6, 906 276 402 648 94 1, 028 707 174 137 506 614 3, 080 846 1, 555	6, 626 289 392 612 102 986 682 159 136 534 261 548 2, 903 783 1, 406	7, 699 325 473 720 136 1, 164 823 179 152 657 313 691 3, 219 871 1, 566	6, 783 262 434 639 113 1, 048 698 211 130 660 302 532 2, 794 738 1, 371	6, 183 220 431 567 106 980 624 226 122 663 295 564 2, 356 605 1, 128	5, 360 188 402 453 87 830 500 222 101 676 273 587 1, 862 504	4, 505 177 351 381 70 701 413 204 78 600 209 506 1, 509 421 669	5, 402 197 409 438 60 854 516 232 99 723 253 571 1, 897 530 829	5, 125 194 351 430 54 824 522 205 91 623 249 453 1, 947 531	394 453 68 915 570 233 104	
Steel mill products, inventories, end of mo.:*  Consumers (manufacturers only) _mil. sh. tons_ Receipts during month			9. 4 3. 1	9.3 4.1 4.2 3.2	9. 4 4. 3 4. 2 3. 4	10. 2 5. 1 4. 3 3. 4	11. 0 4. 9 4. 1 3. 5	12. 0 5. 6 4. 6 3. 6	12.4 4.9 4.5 3.6	12. 1 4. 5 4. 8 3. 6	11. 4 3. 9 4. 6 3. 5	10. 9 3. 5 4. 0 3. 5	10. 5 3. 9 4. 3 3. 4	9. 9 3. 7 4. 3 7 3. 4	9. 2 4. 1 4. 8 2. 3	
In process (ingots, semifinished, etc.) do Finished (sheets, plates, bars, pipe, etc.) do Steel, finished, composite price. \$ per lb. Revised. **Preliminary. 9 Includes data	. 0698	. 0698	. 0698	7. 6 6. 6 . 0698	8.3 7.0 .0698		8, 5 7, 5 , 0698 New serie	7.9 7.5 .0698	7. 6 7. 5 . 0698	7.1 7.0 .0698 Census).	6.7 6.8 .0698 Data f	6.8 6.6 .0698 or steel n	6.5 6.5 .0698 nill inve	7 6. 8 6. 3 . 0698 atories re	•	.0598 industry

\*New series (Bureau of the Census). Data for steel mill inventories represent industry totals for the specified holders of steel mill shapes; stocks held by nonmanufacturing inclustries are not shown. Consumers' operations include fabricating activities of steel producing companies. For warehouses, data are derived from value of inventories.

Revised. p Preliminary. Q Includes data not shown separately.
 Scattered revisions for 1959-61 are available upon request.
 § Effective Jan. 1961, the composite reflects new weights; prices beginning Jan. 1961 are not comparable with earlier prices.

December 1902		~~~	. ,	. •		11,111		/ ( 11,1	<b>-</b> ~~							S-99
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961		1961							1962					
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon avei		Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Маў	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.
	MI	ETAL	S AN	D MA	ANUF	ACTU	JRES	—Соз	ntinu	ed						
IRON AND STEEL—Continued																
Steel, Manufactured Products																
Fabricated structural steel: Orders, new (net)thous. sh. tons Shipmentsdodo Backlog, end of year or modo	299 322 2, 333	343 318 2, 723	303 354 2, 566	333 339 2, 707	373 296 2, 723	314 284 2, 596	276 289 2, 487	221 327 2, 481	274 312 2, 414	294 357 2, 352	292 349 2, 406	239 308 2, 357	289 367 2, 301	326 314 2, 316	301 357 2, 351	
Barrels and drums, steel, heavy types (for sale): Orders, unfilled, end of mothous_ Shipmentsdo Cans (tinplate), shipments (metal consumed), total for sale and own use;	1, 609 1, 755	1, 521 1, 834	1, 513 1, 960	1, 451 1, 846	1, 510 1, 607	1, 491 1, 887	1, 482 1, 774	1, 568 2, 063	1, 438 1, 945	1, 425 2, 259	1, 460 2, 240	1, 402 1, 992	1, 331 2, 079	1, 421 1, 850		
thous, sh. tons	404	418	453	346	344	334	320	379	<b>39</b> 5	462	478	512	r 630	569		
NONFERROUS METALS AND PRODUCTS Aluminum:																
Production, primary (dom. and foreign ores) thous, sh. tons.  Estimated recovery from scrap	167. 9 1 27. 3 12. 7	158.6 1 28.2 16.6	167. 3 36. 0 22. 8	164. 1 36. 0 18. 4	168. 0 36. 0 20. 0	170. 1 41. 0 17. 3	157. 7 43. 0	177. 4 48. 0 18. 9	173. 7 50. 0 19. 9	184. 2 52. 0 30. 0	179.1 52.0	184. 1 41. 0 38. 9	168. 1 46. 0	176. 2 46. 0 29. 8	185. 2 27. 7	
Plates, sheets, etcdo Exports, metal and alloys, crudedo	3. 1 23. 7	4. 1 10. 7	4. 6 11. 8	4. 8 9. 4	4.7 8.7	5.0 19.8	5. 4 10. 2	5. 3 12. 2	9. 0 10. 4	6. 1 9. 7	6.0 10.3	5. 2 12. 7	5. 3 10. 3	4. 0 17. 1	4. 4 11, 5	
Stocks, primary (at reduction plants), end of mothous, sh. tons  Price, primary ingot, 99.5% min	185. 3 . 2600	258. 2 . 2546	255, 6 . 2400	240. 3 . 2400	207. 1 . 2400	198. 4 . 2400	190.8 . 2400	170. 7 . 2400	154. 5 . 2400	137. 8 . 2400	132. 6 . 2400	131. 7 . 2400	130. 8 . 2400	148. 3 . 2400	148, 1 , 2400	. 2400
Aluminum shipments:  Mill products and pig and ingot (net) ‡mil. lb.  Mill products, total ‡	388. 1 254, 1 115. 7 64. 5	403. 4 + 278. 8 124. 4 63. 5	440, 8 294, 2 127, 3 72, 6	446. 3 298. 3 129. 9 70. 8	435. 8 271. 3 115. 8 73. 7	429. 4 296. 9 133. 9 79. 8	429. 0 292. 2 134. 3 73. 6	516. 5 344. 1 159. 0 81. 2	474. 1 315. 9 142. 2 78. 8	499. 0 354. 3 160. 4 83. 3	506. 6 347. 5 158. 8 77. 4	449. 2 320. 4 144. 3 60. 7	7 443. 8 7 319. 9 7 137. 6 7 74. 3	433, 1 293, 3 126, 4 74, 5		
Copper: Production: Mine, recoverable copperthous, sh. tons_ Refinery, primarydo From domestic oresdo From foreten oresdo Secondary, recovered as refineddo Imports (general): Refined, unrefined, scrap⊕‡do	90. 0 126. 6 93. 4 33. 1 23. 0 43. 8	97. 1 129. 2 98. 4 30. 8 21. 9 38. 4	104. 6 129. 8 101. 9 27. 9 21. 9 43. 6	104. 4 130. 4 104. 3 26. 1 23. 1 47. 7	103. 2 131. 1 100. 5 30. 6 18. 7	103. 0 134. 7 103. 5 31. 2 21. 5	101. 3 136. 7 103. 7 33. 0 18. 0	109. 6 146. 1 107. 9 38. 2 23. 9 54. 1	108, 8 126, 5 98, 6 27, 9 22, 3 16, 9	113. 9 146. 1 109. 3 36. 8 24. 9 64. 6	102. 8 145. 8 109. 1 36. 7 25. 2	91. 5 124. 5 90. 9 33. 6 21. 0	93. 8	7 89. 9 2 249. 3 2 186. 3 2 62. 9 2 46. 8 28. 3	106. 1 132. 3 101. 4 30. 9 25. 8 62. 6	
Refined do  Exports: Refined, scrap, brass and bronze ingotst. do Refined do	11. 9 51. 3 36. 1	5. 6 48. 7 36. 0	12.3 32.2 25.9	4. 7 30. 5 25. 3	3, 4 53, 4 46, 9	6. 2 37. 6 31. 9	6. 9 38. 4 31. 7	6. 2 33. 9 27. 7	5. 9 30. 8 26. 2	5. 3 30. 2 27. 2	6. 9 37. 5 34. 6	8.1 26.3 22.9	7. 3 32. 0 27. 4	5. 3 32. 3 28. 2	23. 1 20. 0	
Consumption, refined (by mills, etc.)do Stocks, refined, end of mo., totaldo	114.6 174.3	124.0 187.7	138. 9 162. 3	137. 1 159. 1	115. 2 159. 4	134. 7 150. 5	125. 4 157. 5	151. 0 155. 9	138. 8 142. 4	142. 6 153. 3	142. 9 157. 1	r 95. 8 206. 8	r 137. 6	r 132. 9	p 146. 1	
Fabricators' do	98.0	105.1 . 2992	108. 0 . 3060	102, 9 . 3060	102.4 .3060	92.0 .3060	98. 9 . <b>3</b> 060	102. 2 . 3060	96, 8 . 3060	98. 4 . 3060	102. 5 . 3060	121. 1 . 3060	105. 4 . 3060	, 104. 0 . 3060	p 106. 4 . 3060	. 3060
Copper-base mill and foundry products, shipments (quarterly avg. or total): Copper mill (brass mill) products	470 380 216	517 388 212			532 414 233			581 402 235			607 422 242			r 535 r 390 r 212		
Lead: Production: Mine, recoverable lead⊙thous, sh, tons_ Secondary, estimated recoverable⊕do	20.6 39.2	21.8 37.7	r 21. 3 42. 2	r 20, 4 40, 7	7 19. 8 34. 8	22. 5 36. 7	21. 9 37. 2	21. 9 37. 1	24. 0 35. 5	25, 0 37, 7	24, 0 36, 6	21. <b>3</b> 31. 8	16. 6 35. 7	r 14. 2 37. 3	14, 5	
Imports (general), orc⊕, metaltdo Consumption, total⊙do	29.3 85.1	33. 7 85. 6	37. 1 r 93. 5	40, 6 r 90, 0	40, 8 + 89, 7	39. 2 96. 1	30. 6 85. 4	45. 7 88. 0	36, 3 83, 8	33. 8 91. 9	30. 9 87. 6	23. 2 77. 2	33, 8 93, 1	36. 3 89. 2	38, 9	
Stocks, end of year or mo.:  Producers', ore, base bullion, and in processements, thous, sh. tons.  Refiners' (primary), refined and antimonial thous, sh. tons	145.1 158.9	100.6	116. 4 193. 1	107. 6 204. 9	100. 6	90. 7 207. 2	93. 6 200. 0	93.0	88. 3 199. 7	95. 1 193. 7	94. 3 188. 4	96. 5 191. 1	87. 4 188. 4	87. 7 179. 5	95, 1	
Consumers' do do do Scrap (lead-base, purchased), all consumers thous sh. tons.  Price, common grade (N.Y.) \$ per lb.	97. 3 46. 6 .1195	99. 1 41. 3 . 1087	106. 6 42. 8 . 1100	106. 5 39. 4 . 1020	96. 1 38. 6 . 1025	93. 7 40. 3 . 1003	37. 2 . 0958	34. 4 . 0950	106. 7 106. 7 33. 9 . 0950	106. 6 35. 4 . 0950	36, 5 . 0950	39. 9 . 0950	99. 4 39. 0 . 0950	92. 0 35. 4 . 0950	. 0950	
Tin: Imports (for consumption):	1, 169 3, 295 1, 840 250	743 3, 325 7 1, 810 250	319 5, 030 2, 005 240	577 4, 204 1, 960 285	1, 346 3, 628 1, 795 305	29 4, 625 1, 930 220	1, 038 1, 818 1, 675 205	670 4, 247 1, 890 245	728 3, 457 1, 795 240	622 4, 315 1, 920 265	1, 005 2, 383 1, 820 235	530 2, 784 1, 630 270	60 3,347	242 4, 042	0 2, 809	
Consumption, pig, totaldoPrimarydo  Exports, incl. reexports (metal)do Stocks, pig (industrial), end of modo	6, 710 4, 290 71 22, 750	6, 520 4, 140 67 22, 630	6, 895 4, 385 5 25, 620	6, 880 4, 460 54 25, 055	6,340 3,990 43 27,028	7, 440 4, 750 49 25, 735	6, 970 4, 690 7 23, 710	7, 360 5, 280 98 22, 805	6, 920 4, 850 3 22, 135	7, 230 5, 170 9 20, 510	6, 710 4, 735 1 20, 735	5, 610 3, 850 21 20, 225	6, 150 4, 175 45 19, 695	5, 690 3, 910 23 322, 100	110	
Price, pig, Straits (N.Y.), prompt\$ per lb Zine:		1. 1327	1. 2105	1. 2289	1.2098	1. 2030	1. 2106	1. 2308	1. 2212	1. 1719	1. 1302	20, 225 1. 1145	1.0846	1. 0846	1.0876	1. 1078
Mine production, recoverable zinc thous, sh. tons Imports (general):	36. 3	38.7	38.9	36.0	36.6	37.8	36.7	42. 6	41.9	43.6	42. 4	38.4	44.5	r 41. 9	46. 9	
Ores⊕t       do	7.4	34.6 10.6	39. 9 14. 4 8. 7	41. 3 10. 2 7. 6	39. 4 11. 4	30. 3 14. 5 8. 6	36. 9 11. 2 7. 2	50. 0 14. 1 7. 9	32. 2 13. 2 7. 9	54. 5 9. 2 8. 6	45. 3 9. 8 7. 8	40. 2 13. 8 7. 5	34. 2 8. 2 7. 8	40.0 11.5 7.7		
Scrap, all typesdododo				i 19.8 thiv dat	18.2    a_are		18.2	i 22.7 able dats	1 20.1 a back to	21.8	20,8	1 16.8	1 #16.2		¹	1

\* Revised. \*\*Preliminary. 1 Recoverable aluminum content. Monthly data are expressed in metallic content (incl. alloying constituents); aluminum content is about 93% of metallic content. 2 Data are for Aug. and Sept. 1962. 3 Includes 3,000 tons of tin made available by GSA for disposal at a maximum rate of 200 tons per week during remainder of 1962. 4 Excludes consumption of copper-base scrap. \$ Effective with the February 1962 SURVEY, figures for plate and sheet exclude shipments

of foil; comparable data back to January 1954 are available upon request.

Basic metal content.

\$\frac{1}{2}\$ Scattered revisions for 1960-Feb, 1961 will be shown later.

Consumers' and secondary smelters' stocks of lead in refinery shapes and in copperbase scrap.

Revisions for Jan.-Sept. 1961 (thous. tons): Mine production, 23.3; 20.9; 24.7; 22.1; 22.9; 23.1; 19.6; 23.0; 20.8; consumption, 83.6; 79.6; 83.3; 78.2; 89.7; 86.5; 72.3; 91.2; 89.7.

	I		1961							1962					
		Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan,	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.
MI	ETAL	S AN	D MA	NUF	ACTU	JRES	-Cor	tinu	ed						
66. 6 5. 7 73. 2 6. 3	70. 6 4. 6 77. 6 4. 2	75. 8 5. 6 89. 3 2. 7	76. 7 5. 2 83. 5	80. 1 5. 1 79. 3 3. 5	78. 4 5. 5 91. 5	74. 4 4. 9 85. 2 4 1	79. 5 6. 0 93. 0 4.8	78. 7 5. 1 86. 4 6. 5	78. 9 4. 1 91. 1	68. 9 4. 1 80. 3	66. 8 4. 0 66. 7	69.1 3.7 79.4	70. 6 4. 0 83. 3	3 5	
185. 9 68. 9 . 1295	145. 5 93. 8 . 1154	150. 1 71. 3 . 1150	146, 4 81, 6 , 1150	151. 2 90. 6 . 1198	150. 3 86. 9 . 1200	144. 7 86. 6 . 1200	138. 7 86. 3 . 1200	144. 6 83. 9 . 1150	145. 3 76. 1 . 1150	147. 1 72. 5 . 1150	162. 4 72. 8 . 1150	167. 9 • 68. 7 . 1150	168. 9 61. 9 . 1150	159. 4 . 1150	154.
1.7 2.8	1. 2 2. 6	1. 5 2. 9	1. 3 2. 7	. 9 2. 6	$\frac{1.1}{2.5}$	1. 1 2. 6	1. 0 2. 8	. 6 3. 2	. 8 3. 4	1. 0 3. 4	. 9 3. 0	1.3 2.7	1. 4 2. 5		
42. 8 45. 9	44. 4 44. 8	62. 4 41. 8	$\frac{46.1}{41.4}$	37. 4 44. 8	31. 2 49. 9	32.3 52.2	39. 8 55. 6	$\frac{28.8}{62.8}$	36. 4 64. 0	41. 3 65. 4	31, 6 64, 1	50. 1 62. 2	62. 0 55. 2		
151.8 148.5	155. 8 152. 5	189, 7 184, 9	164. 6 159. 7	148. 6 146. 5	149, 5 146, 7	157, 6 155, 0	175. 6 172. 7	163. 2 159. 7	168. 3 165. 5	167. 4 164. 4	142. 2 139. 3	182. 0 178. 4	190. 1 186. 0		
100.9	88.1	177. 5	105. 5	45, 8	49. 6	42. 1	78. 6	84. 7 44. 8	54. 6	88.6	95. 4	<sup>7</sup> 154. 0	251. 9 150. 0		
78. 9 208. 2	80. 6 204. 7	114. 3 214. 6	76. 6 193. 7	68. 7 213. 2	86, 8 71, 4 207, 7	65. 1 191. 4	70. 7 216. 0	90. 5 75. 1 201. 8	98. 7 81. 6 195. 8	88, 5 232, 2	89. 9 201. 2	134. 5 105. 2 226. 1	154. 4 117. 5 194. 4		
1 38.5 121.5	140.8 115.7			39. 7 16. 9			41. 5 13. 6			46. 0 18. 4			37. 4 15. 1		
118.8	96. 9 1. 0	106.9	77. 7	86. 8 . 9	153. 2 1. 9	145.3	98. 5 1. 0	163. 4	114. 3 1. 2	182. 5 1. 7	324. 6 1. 2	161. 2	114.1	116. 6 1. 1	
99.2	103. 4	102.8	91.3	97.0	5. 8 104. 5	2. 6 108. 5	1.5	2. 9 115. 6	3. 4 131. 3	2. l 129. 4		1.6	109.8	1.9	
103. 1 461	385	495	272	82. 7 336	75. 8 333	79. 7 357	101. 5 506	107. 5 541	107. 9 535	118. 7 492	111. 2 568	119. 2 517	109. 4 528	527	
1,885	1,639	1, 987	1, 031	981	1, 328	1,278	2, 185	2, 180	2, 272	2. 641	2, 368	2, 681	2. 525	2,881	
41. 90 29. 35 42. 30 32. 85 4. 4	46. 35 31. 40 42. 30 28. 60 5. 0	47, 30 28, 55 45, 15 28, 35 5, 7	51, 95 39, 80 48, 10 32, 20 5, 5	44. 65 33. 50 57. 25 39. 55 4. 8	42, 05 34, 30 43, 05 30, 65 4, 8	33, 95 26, 30 42, 10 30, 15 4, 7	44. 60 35. 30 55. 40 38. 65 4. 4	43. 70 34. 45 48. 70 35. 30 4. 3	51, 65 41, 65 54, 60 36, 40 4, 1	50, 00 40, 25 60, 00 41, 90 3, 9	46, 60 37, 45 39, 45 28, 95 4, 0	38, 50 33, 20 39, 50 29, 65 4, 1	r 39. 35 r 31. 60 r 43. 70 r 33. 70 4. 0	45, 75 39, 35 44, 35 34, 00 4, 0	
12.50 12.00 4.2	10. 90 12. 40 3. 6	9. 10 11. 00 2. 7	12. 95 11. 00 2. 9	12. 60 13. 55 2. 8	16, 70 10, 25 3, 3	15. 15 11. 95 3. 7	18. 75 12. 00 4. 4	16. 20 11. 65 5. 0	11. 95 12. 10 5. 1	13, 40 13, 70 5, 0	14.00 12.50 5.0	12. 50 11. 40 5. 1	r 10. 75 r 9. 45 r 4. 9	15, 40 16, 35 4, 8	
1252. 2 167. 5 116. 2	1237. 4 159. 4 118. 6			182. 0 44. 8 13. 5			220. 7 61. 0 13. 6			7 325. 3 81. 9 30. 8			257. 8 64. 0 21. 4	<sup>2</sup> 21. 4	
1 58.0	1 55, 2			46. 5			48.1			67. 8			59. 8	9 to 7	
1 186.2	1 181. 3			122. 3	***		219. 1			237. 6			97. 1 190. 6	- 18. 1	
2, 194	2, 359	3, 215	2, 855	3, 010	3, 219	2, 466	1, 776	1, 551	1.770	1, 967	2.143	2, 591	r 2, 979		
124. 6	127. 5	122.3	130. 9	147. 4	130. 3	133. 6	156. 7	132. 5	137.6	148.0	115.1	129. 9	154. 4	140.1	1
276. 1 272. 9	273. 6 278. 9	327. 6 321. 9	300. 8 286. 2	269. 9 252. 4	301. 0 263. 9	304. 5 289. 6	330. 2 334. 0	290. 7 265. 2	282. 9 296. 0	247. 3 334. 9	236. 8 264. 2	75.6 301.5 348.7	355. 1 389. 2	366. 0 337. 0	
1, 427. 2 475. 7	1, 447. 8 514. 8	1,796.4 620.8	1, 730. 8 583. 0	<sup>3</sup> 1,845.2 <sup>3</sup> 580. 3	1,350.6 488.9		\$ 1,810.4 \$ 659.3	1,472.7 510.6	1,444.1 474.6	<sup>3</sup> 1,721,9 <sup>3</sup> 620, 7	1, 134, 2 336, 4			1, 835, 9 570, 0	1, 732
82. 6 137	7 78. 5 134	80. 0 150	79. 5 149	76. 0 157	72. 9 154	73. 1 160	85. 9 185	77. 2 155	77. 0 166	80, 0 160	61. 9	81. 6	81.6	81. 4	
1 162	1 150 12, 3	12. 1	11.1	143 12, 3	11. 2	11. 9	144	13. 1	13. 3	157	12. 4	11. 9	12. 8		
	8   8   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1	66. 6 70. 6 7. 7. 6 7. 6 7. 6 7. 6 6. 3 4. 2 185. 9 145. 5 68. 9 93. 8 1295 1154 11. 7 1. 2 2. 8 2. 6 42. 8 44. 4 45. 9 44. 8 151. 8 155. 8 152. 5 154. 7 145. 8 100. 9 88. 1 104. 8 102. 9 78. 9 80. 6 208. 2 204. 7 118. 8 96. 9 1. 3 1. 0 2. 6 12. 5 154. 7 18. 8 100. 1 104. 8 102. 9 2. 6 12. 5 154. 7 118. 8 100. 9 100. 1 100	Average   Oct.	METALS AND MA   66.6	Average	NETALS AND MANUFACTI   1.5.7	METALS AND MANUFACTURES	METALS AND MANUFACTURES	NETALS AND MANUFACTURES		METALS AND MANUFACTURES	METALS AND MANUFACTURES	METALS AND MANUFACTURES	METALS   AND MANUFACTURES   Continued	METALS AND MANUFACTURES

r Revised. Quarterly average. <sup>2</sup> Data are for month shown.
<sup>3</sup> Data cover 5 weeks.
<sup>4</sup> Includes data for built-in gas fired oven-broiler units: shipments of cooking tops, not included in figures above, totaled 34,700 units in Sept. 1962.

† Revisions for gas heating stoves (Jan.-June 1960) and warm-air furnaces (Jan.1959-June 1960) are available upon request.

⊕ Beginning 1961, excludes new orders for gas-fired unit heaters and duct furnaces; revisions for 1960 are shown in the Apr. 1962 Survey. \*Revisions available back to 1954.

Q Includes data not shown separately. ‡Revisions for 1960 appear in the Feb. 1965 SURVEY. ¶Note change in reference base; data prior to 1960 on 1957-59 base are available upon request.

OData exclude sales of combination washer-drier machines; such sales (incl. exports) totaled 3,000 units in Oct. 1962.

§Radio production comprises table, portable, auto, and clock models; television set exclude figures for color sets. Data for Dec. 1961 and Mar., June, and Sept. 1962 cover tweeks; other months, 4 weeks.

	1960 1961 1961										1962					
Juless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		ithly rage	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb,	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct,	Nov
		PETI	ROLE	UM,	COAL	L, AN	D PR	RODU	CTS		!					<u> </u>
COAL					İ						1		1			
Inthracite: Production thous, sh. tons. Stocks in producers' yards, end of mo dodo		1 1, 454 193	1, 603 297	1, 501 276	1, 376 233	1, 806 193	1, 519 159	1, 509 149	1, 254 156	1, 315 193	1, 336 217	904 195	1, 325 171	1, 190 159	r 1, 525 124	1, 66
Exports	120 27. 67	129 28. 14 13. 347	28. 24 13, 370	224 28. 24 13. 370	200 28, 90 13, 930	192 29. 08 13. 930	98 29. 10 13. 930	178 29.10 13.930	28. 88 11. 998	28. 14 11. 998	159 27. 75 11. 998	195 195 28.00 12,488	301 28. 09 12. 488	28. 11 173 28. 11 12, 978	228 29. 06 *12. 978	
tuminous:  Productionthous, sh, tons Industrial consumption and retail deliveries.	34, 626	133,581	39, 287	37, 078	35, 044	37,620	32,970	36, 170	34, 100	36, 720	37, 390	22, 040	38, 930	r 34, 110	40, 270	37, 00
total \$\sigma\$ thous, sh. tons Electric power utilities	2 14, 490 2 14, 425	131,200 14,969 113,856 1 6,157	33, 367 15, 352 15, 052 7, 069	34, 018 15, 734 15, 396 6, 989	37, 290 17, 007 16, 619 7, 391	39, 437 17, 723 17, 120 7, 641	34, 475 15, 443 15, 490 7, 046	35, 775 16, 172 16, 431 7, 697	30, 889 14, 137 14, 919 7, 194	29, 852 15, 134 13, 828 6, 437	28, 444 14, 987 12, 571 5, 479	27, 940 15, 332 11, 579 5, 140	730, 070 16, 288 712, 236 75, 358	29, 371 14, 995 12, 223 5, 350		
Retail deliveries to other consumersdo	2, 534	2, 311	2,860	2,789	3, 645	4, 593	3, 541	3, 169	1.794	798	796	947	1, 455	2,065		<b></b>
Stocks, industrial and retail dealers', end of month, total?thous. sh. tons Electric power utilities	_   48,244	69,126 47,618 20,970 9,680	72, 612 50, 268 21, 714 9, 813	73, 851 50, 421 22, 808 10, 454	71, 418 48, 609 22, 283 10, 393	66, 940 45, 298 21, 184 9, 779	64, 523 43, 596 20, 521 9, 408	63, 222 42, 194 20, 726 9, 405	64, 185 43, 171 20, 718 9, 431	66, 402 44, 965 21, 039 9, 666	69, 327 46, 782 22, 079 10, 355	66, 098 45, 153 20, 468 8, 257	68, 489 47, 340 20, 619 8, 277	70, 233 49, 274 20, 437 8, 172		
Retail dealersdo	693	538	630	622	526	458	406	302	296	398	466	477	530	522		
Exportsdo Prices:	3,045	2,915	3,716	3, 202	2, 565	1,900	2, 421	2, 426	2,854	3, 788	3, 530	3, 087	4, 165	3, 949	3, 993	
Retail, composite\$ per sh. ton_ Wholesale: Screenings, indust, use, f.o.b, minedo Domestic, large sizes, f.o.b, minedo	5.164 7.690	17. 12 3 5. 018 7. 541	17. 29 5. 016 7. 590	17. 33 5. 013 7. 690	5. 013 7. 690	17. 45 5. 016 7. 717	17. 45 5. 018 7. 717	5. 018 7. 700	17. 43 44. 932 47. 329	16. 97 4. 932 7. 164	16. 89 4. 914 7. 179	16. 95 4.914 7. 271	17.00 4.914 7.300	17.31 4.914 7,539	17, 55 P 4, 914 P 7, 608	
COKE		0				100										
Beehive       thous, sh. tons.         Oven (byproduct)       do         Petroleum coke§       do         ocks, end of month:	84 4, 685 1, 000	5 73 5 4, 236 1, 256	81 4, 864 1, 292	75 4, 822 1, 270	78 5. 091 1, 334	100 5, 274 1, 319	92 4, 868 1, 218	94 5, 155 1, 338	76 4, 928 1, 170	57 4, 453 1, 337	3,788 $1,392$	3, 552 1, 339	3, 692 1, 369	7 3, 692 1, 302	3, 853	
Öven-coke plants, total         do           At furnace plants         do           At merchant plants         do           Petroleum coke         do           xports         do	6 2, 947	4,398 3,030 1,369 1,064 37	4, 035 2, 764 1, 271 1, 081 35	4,024 2,796 1,228 1,068 39	4, 032 2, 820 1, 212 1, 063 45	3, 860 2, 679 1, 181 1, 062 23	3, 761 2, 614 1, 147 1, 053 16	3, 637 2, 501 1, 136 1, 071 22	3, 651 2, 507 1, 144 1, 031 39	3,774 2,623 1,150 1,014 28	3,832 2,697 1,135 1,012	3, 978 2, 838 1, 141 1, 048	4, 065 2, 971 1, 094 1, 010	7 4, 174 3, 094 7 1, 079 1, 044	4, 126 3, 084 1, 043	
PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS		"		00	40	2.0	10	22	39	20	31	34	66	65	38	
ude petroleum:  Oil wells completednumber_ Price at wells (OklaKansas)	1, 874 2, 97 246, 0 83	1, 821 2, 97 248, 9 82	1, 859 2, 97 253, 5 82	2, 031 2, 97 246, 1 82	1, 956 2, 97 258, 9 84	1, 926 2, 97 265, 3 86	1, 553 2, 97 242, 0 86	1, 546 2, 97 254, 0 82	1, 527 2, 97 243, 0 81	2, 126 2, 97 256, 3 83	1,732 2,97 258,8 86	1,711 2,97 264,4 85	2, 028 2, 97 262, 5 85	1, 499 2, 97 252, 7 84	p 2. 97	
ll oils, supply, demand, and stocks:‡ New supply, totalmil. bbl_	298.3	r 306. 9	r 308. 6	r 303. 1	7 320. 2	335. 2	297, 8	326. 3	311.2	312.6	305. 4	313.7	319. 5			
Production: Crude petroleumdoNatural-gas liquids, benzol, etcdo	214.6	218. 5 r 30. 2	220. 9 r 30. 6	214. 6 r 31. 2	226. 6 r 32. 6	227. 8 31. 9	209. 1 29. 2	228. 7 32. 0	221.7 30.3	223. 0 30. 4	217.7	224. 0 31. 0	224. 2 30. 4	311. 4 219. 6 30. 2		
Imports: Crude petroleumdo Refined productsdo Change in stocks, all oils (decrease,—)do	31.0 24.4 -2.5	31. 8 7 26. 5 3. 4	33.6 , 23.5 12.6	30. 1 r 27. 2 -12. 9	29. 2 r 31. 8 -28. 3	36. 3 39. 3 -37. 1	31. 6 27. 9 -13. 1	31.8 33.9 -10.8	32. 2 26. 9 19. 8	34. 2 25. 1 14. 6	33. 8 24. 7 14. 1	35. 9 22. 8 17. 6	40.3 24.5 17.3	34. 4 27. 2		
Demand, totaldodo	300.8	1	r 296. 0	r 316. 0	1	372.3	310.9	337.0	291.5	298.0	291.3	296. 2	302. 2	290.3		
Crude petroleum         do           Refined products         do           Domestie demand, total \$\frac{2}{2}\$         do           Gasoline         do           Kerosene         do	.3 5.9 294.6 126.0 11.0	.3 5.0 r 298.3 r 127.8 r 12.0	. 2 r 5. 1 r 290. 7 r 128. 9 r 12. 2	. 4 5. 0 r 310. 6 r 128. 5 r 13. 9	. 3 4. 7 r 343. 6 r 125. 9 17. 8	. 1 4, 7 367. 5 121. 4 21. 1	5. 0 305, 8 109, 2 16, 0	. 2 4. 6 332. 2 130. 4 15. 0	286. 4 129. 5	. 3 5. 2 292. 5 140. 7	(7) 4. 8 286. 5 140. 4	5.0 291.0 142.5	5. 2 296. 8 147. 2	284. 5 126. 4		
Distillate fuel oil	7 57. 1 46. 6	7 57. 9 7 45. 7 8. 7	r 48. 1 r 42. 9 8. 4	7 64. 2 7 48. 9 8. 4	r 87. 8 r 55. 6 8. 6	101. 1 63. 9 9. 5	82. 4 50. 4 7. 3	75. 6 55. 6 9. 6	10.6 53.7 40.5 8.9	9. 0 44. 6 38. 6 10. 0	9. 2 40. 0 34. 5 10. 4	10. 9 40. 6 33. 7 8. 7	36. 6 35. 0 10. 1	12.0 45.2 38.0	********	
Lubricants do Asphalt do Liquefied gases do	3.6	7 3. 5 9. 0 7 19. 5	3.8 + 12.6 + 19.7	3. 5 7. 6 7 21. 9	3. 1 3. 9 7 26. 7	3. 5 3. 4 29. 6	3. 5 3. 6 20. 8	3. 6 4. 8 22. 7	3. 8 6. 9 18. 4	4. 0 11. 2 17. 8	3. 7 13. 8 17. 5	3. 6 14. 9 19. 0	3. 8 17. 2 18. 4	3.5		
Stocks, end of month, total¶doCrude petroleumdoNatural-gas liquidsdoRefined products¶dododododododo	790. 2 248. 0 28. 4 513. 9	* 814. 3 249. 4 35. 9 * 529. 0	866. 2 251. 1 44. 2 570. 9	853. 3 248. 7 41. 7 563. 0	825. 1 244. 7 37. 1 543. 3	788. 0 242. 4 29. 9 515. 7	774. 9 240. 2 30. 0 504. 7	764. 1 245. 6 30. 2 488. 2	783. 9 255. 9 32. 8 495. 2	798. 4 255. 7 35. 3 507. 4	812, 5 247, 7 37, 3 527, 4	830. 1 242. 4 39. 1 548. 6	847. 4 243. 6 40. 3 563. 5	868. 4 244. 2 40. 4		
efined petroleum products:‡ Gasoline (incl. aviation): Productiondo	126.9	r 127. 7	r 130. 7	r 128. 3	, 133. 8	132,8	118. 9	129. 9	123. 6	131. 9	132.7	139.7	136. 6	132. 5		
Exports do Stocks, end of month: Finished gasoline do Unfinished gasoline do	1. 1 188. 9 12. 7	189. 5 13. 3	. 6 173. 9	. 9 174. 0	. 3 184. 2	.4 195.6	205.7	206. 0	200. 4	192. 4	185, 5	183.1	173. 0	152. 5 . 8 179, 9		
Prices (excl. aviation): Wholesale, ref. (Okla., group 3)\$ per gal- Retail (regular grade, excl. taxes), 55 cities	. 116	. 117	. 095	. 105	. 11. 7	( <sup>9</sup> ) . 110	. 098	. 090	. 115	. 115	. 120	. 120	. 120	. 120	p. 120	
(1st of following mo.)\$ per gal  * Revised. * Preliminary.	. 210	. 205	. 201	. 205	. 204	. 204	. 198	. 198	. 195 y 1962, (	. 198	. 198	. 202	. 216	. 209	. 207	

<sup>Revised.
Preliminary.
Revisions for Jan.-June 1961 will be shown later.
Revisions for Jan.-Sept. 1960 appear in the Dec. 1961 Survey.
Monthly average based on Apr.-Dec. data.
Data beginning April 1962 are not entirely comparable with earlier data; March 1962 prices comparable with later data: Screenings, \$4.932; domestic, \$7.882.
Revisions for Jan.-May 1961 will be shown later.
Revisions for Jan.-Aug. 1960 appear in the Nov. 1961 Survey.
Less than 50.000 bbls.
See note marked "¶".</sup> 

<sup>Beginning January 1962, data for unfinished gasoline are no longer shown separately but are included with unfinished oils.
Includes data not shown separately.
Includes an on-marketable catalyst coke.
Minor revisions for Jan. 1959-Sept. 1961 for various items will be shown later.
Beginning Jan. 1961, data for the indicated items include stocks formerly excluded.
Dec. 1960 data on revised basis may be derived by adding to the published totals and individual stocks the following amounts (thous, bbls.): Jet fuel held by pipeline companies, 414; bulk terminal stocks—lubricants, 2,429; asphalt, 2,849; miscellaneous oils, 131.</sup> 

Inless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961		1961							1962					
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon aver		Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	$N_0$
	PETR	OLEU	JM, C	OAL,	ANI	) PRO	DDUC	TS—	Conti	nued						
PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS—Continued																
efined petroleum products—Continued‡ Aviation gasoline:						İ										
Production mil. bbl- Exports do	9.5	r 9. 9 . 6	7 10, 1 7, 4	7 9.3 .8	r 10.3	9. 2	9.2 .3	9. 9 . 1	9.7	$\begin{array}{c} 11.1 \\ .2 \end{array}$	10.8	10.3 .5	11.0 .5	10.4 .6		
Stocks, end of monthdo Kerosene:	13. 5	11.7	11.3	11.1	$11.ar{6}$	10.9	11.3	11. 2	10.6	10.3	10.6	10. 2	9.8	10. 1		
Production do Stocks, end of month do		7 1 11. 9 31. 0	7 13. 3 37. 3	7 12. 6 36. 2	7 13, 8 32, 4	7 14. 6 26. 4	14. 7 25. 3	r 12. 8 23. 3	11. 1 24. 2	11. 4 27. 3	11.5 30.1	r 13. 3 33. 2	r 12. 6 35. 7	12. 4 36. 7	<b>-</b>	
Price, wholesale, bulk lots (N.Y. Harbor) \$ per gal-	. 104	2.109	.108	. 108	. 113	, 113	. 113	. 110	. 104	.104	. 099	. 099	,099	.099	₽. 099	
Distillate fuel oil: Productionmil. bbl_	55.6	r 1 58. 1	59. 9	59. 5	, 63. 8	r 68. 5	61.2	62.1	r 54. 4	57. 5	58. 5	r 59. 4	59.0	58.2		
Importsdo Exportsdo	1.1	71.4	7 1.3 7.8	r 1. 5	r 2, 5	2.3	.6	. 7	1.5	1.5	1.0	.7	. 5	1.0		
Stocks, end of month do Price, wholesale (N.Y. Harbor, No. 2 fuel)		127.6	177. 9	174. 2	152.0	121.0	100.0	86. 5	88.3	102.3	121.5	140.6	163.0	176. 2		
Residual fuel oil:	. 094	2.099	. 098	. 098	. 103	. 103	. 103	. 100	. 094	. 091	. 086	.086	.086	. 086	₽. 086	
Production mil. bbl. Imports do do	27.7	26.3 r 20.3	25. 1 * 17. 3	25.7 r 21.6	30.0 r 24.8	30. 4 31. 0	26. 5 22. 9	26. 9 27. 5	22. 9 20. 4	23. 3 18. 2	22. 2 16. 8	23. 2 17. 0	22. 9 16. 3	23. 1 17. 8		
Exportsdo	1.5	1. 2	1. 2 49. 0	1. 0 46. 7	1.3	1. 2 41. 6	1. 6 39. 5	1. 4 37. 1	1. 0 39. 3	1. 5 41. 0	.8	1.0 50.7	1. 1 54. 1	56.5		
Stocks, end of month do Price, wholesale (Okla., No. 6) \$ per bbl.	1.69	1.58	1.45	1. 45	1.55	1.55	1.65	1.65	1.65	1.55	.155	. 155	1.55	1.55	P1.55	
Jet fuel (military grade only): Productionmil. bbl.	7.4	7 1 8.0 3 7.6	7 7. 6 7. 7	8. 2 7. 8	* 8. 6 8. 3	7.6 8.1	7. 1 8. 1	78.7	7 8. 7	7 9.3	7 9. 1	r 8. 5	9.7 8.7	8.8		
Stocks, end of monthdo Lubricants:	4.9	4.9			- 1			8.3	8.5	8.3	8. 2	8.1	ļ	8.4		
Production do do Exports do	1.3	1.4	5.1 1.4	5. 0 1. 5	4.9 1.2	5.0 1.3	4.7	5. 0 1. 2	5.3 1.8	5. 0 1. 7	5. 1 1. 5	5.3 1.6	5. 0 1. 5	5.3		
Stocks, end of monthdoPrice, wholesale, bright stock (midcontinent,	9.4	\$ 12.7	12.3	12.3	12.9	13.1	13. 4	13.6	13.3	12. 7	12. 5	12. 5	12. 2	12. 2		
f.o.b., Tulsa)\$ per gal_ Asphalt:	257	. 260	. 260	. 260	. 260	. 260	. 260	. 260	. 260	. 260	. 260	. 260	. 260	. 260	P. 260	
Production mil. bbl. Stocks, end of month do	8.2	8.5 3 16.0	10.5 10.5	7. 6 10. 9	5. 8 13. 0	4.8 14.7	5. 1 16. 6	7. 0 19. 0	8.5	11.3 21.3	11. 7 19. 9	12.7 18.4	12.7 14.4	11. 8 13. 6		
Liquefied petroleum gases: Productiondodo	6.5	6.6	6.3	6.6	7. 1	6.5	6.0	6.7	6.3	6.7	6. 5	6.7	6.3	6.2		
Transfers from gasoline plantsdo Stocks (at plants, terminals, underground, and	12.7	r 13. 3	r 13. 8	* 15. 7	r 19.3	22.4	14.6	15.8	12.5	12.0	11. 7	12.6	12. 2	13. 6		
at refineries), end of momil. bbl.	24. 2	34. 4	44.0	41.9	36.4	28.2	27.7	27.7	30.4	33. 5	35.8	37.6	39.4	39. 5		
sphalt and tar products, shipments: Asphalt roofing, totalthous, squares.	4, 997	5, 131	7,072	4, 435	3, 310	5, 119	2, 531	5, 814	4, 396	5, 181	6, 250	6, 289	6,964	6, 421		
Roll roofing and cap sheetdo Shingles, all typesdo	1,813	1, 778 3, 352	2, 450 4, 622	1, 558 2, 876	1, 219 2, 092	1,771 3,348	903 1,628	1, 584 4, 229	1.641 2.755	1, 685 3, 316	2, 140 4, 110	2, 262 4, 027	2, 501 4, 463	2,428 3,993		-
Asphalt sidingdo		71	103	82	52	75	36	62	50	58	61	68	83	83		
Insulated siding do Saturated felts thous. sh. tons.	_ 94	85 77	112 104	76 73	43 63	32 97	38 48	59 78	79 83	102 87	99 94	99 89	116 97	100		
	1	PULF	l			<u> </u>	l		ICTS							1
	1	T	, I			1		1	T				}	1	<u> </u>	<del></del>
PULPWOOD AND WASTE PAPER																
Receiptsthous. cords (128 cu. ft.). Consumptiondodo				3, 498 3, 731	3, 258 3, 379	3, 573 3, 677	3, 793 3, 578	3,830	3, 353 3, 689	3, 694 3, 894	3,697	3,503 3,344	4, 197 3, 870	3,480 3,500	3, 945 3, 867	
Stocks, end of monthdo	5, 483	5, 769	5, 820	5, 521	5, 495	5, 270	5, 522	3, 834 5, 493	5, 116	4, 915	3, 373 4, 852	5,002	5, 321	7 5,314	5, 389	
Vaste paper:	753	751	816	770	710	780	729	795	760	777	762	672	778	738	793	
Consumptionthous. sh. tons Stocks, end of monthdo		517	498	509	562	494	481	479	496	493	494	507	493	476	505	
WOOD PULP		1														
Total, all grades thous, sh. tons. Dissolving and special alpha. do	2, 110	2, 210 100	2, 415 118	2, 363 106	2,093 106	2,273 $113$	2, 234 102	2,410 119	2, 345 105	2, 464 111	2, 368 106	2, 118 86	2, 471 110	2, 237 98	2.465 106	
Sulfate do Sulfite do	_ 1, 216		1, 414 230	1, 402 22 6	1, 201 206	1, 339 222	1,334 212	1, 413 220	1, 368 221	1,447 $223$	1, 390 215	1, 242 193	1,452 226	1,302 195	1, 426 239	
	1	267	282	274	257	274	275	289	275	295	288	260	295	270	297	
Groundwood do Defibrated or exploded do Soda, semichem, screenings, etc do do do do do do do do do do do do do	100 209	102 242	116 256	105 251	89 234	99	93 218	110 260	110 265	116 272	112 258	101 237	114 273	105 268	115 282	
tocks, end of month:	- 200	272	200	201	201	220	210	200	203	212	200	201	210	200	202	
Total, all millsdo Pulp millsdo	902	899 326	879 317	879 305	867 292	836 280	837 284	882 298	872 295	898 324	904 329	881 297	916 321	873 290	876 297	
Paper and board millsdo Nonpaper millsdo_	529	509	506 55	509 65	506 68	491	488 66	511 72	504 73	499	500 75	511 73	522 74	513	508 72	
• •	1			l		64	Ì	83		75	ļ.	1		i		
xports, all grades, totaldodo Dissolving and special alphado	95	36	94 38	95 43	98 40	85 34	99 47	32	87 38	113 45	106 35	96 38	101 49	100 35	81 32	
All otherdo	1		56	53	58	51	52	51	49	67	72	58	52	1	48	-
mports, all grades, totaldo Dissolving and special alphado	198 15	13	225 17	231 14	210 12	219 16	238 18	233 25	234	231 21	241 23	209 23	242 23	21	264 25	
All otherdo_	184	192	207	217	198	203	220	208	207	210	218	186	219	202	238	
PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS			1	1												
Il paper and board mills, production:	2,870			3, 127	2, 843	3, 139	3,013	3, 277	3, 139	3, 278	3,180	2,838			3,323	
Paper and board, totalthous. sh. tons			1,446	1, 355	1,305	1, 395	1,326	1,441	1,396	1, 440	1,370	1,216	1,404	1,321	1,444	
Paperdo Paper boarddo	1, 283 1, 306		1,528	1, 493						1,534		1,342	1.572	1.442	1.555	
Paper and board, total	1, 283 1, 306	1, 370 13	1,528		1, 303 11 224	1, 476 12 257	1, 431 11 245	1, 546 12 277	1, 458		1, 514 12 284	1,342 8 272	1,572	7 1, 442 11	1,555 12 312	

<sup>\*</sup> Revised. \* Preliminary. 1 Beginning January 1961, data include production from natural-gas liquids (formerly classified as transfers from gasoline plants). Revisions for Jan.—Sept. 1961 (mil. bbl.): Kerosene, 14.0; 12.2; 12.8; 10.6; 10.0; 9.5; 11.2; 11.4; 11.4; distillate, 64.5; 63.3; 56.0; 49.9; 52.9; 52.5; 58.3; 61.3; 54.6; jet fuel, 6.8; 6.7; 8.9; 8.0; 8.4; 7.5; 8.2; 8.9; 8.0.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Prices beginning Jan. 1961 not s <sup>3</sup> See note marked "¶" on p. S-35. ‡See similar note on p. S-35.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961		1961					<del></del>		1962				<u> </u>	
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon ave		Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov
P	ULP,	PAP	ER, A	ND I	PAPE	R PR	ODU	CTS-	-Cont	inued	l		_			
PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS—Con.																
Paper, exc. building paper, newsprint, and paper- board (American Paper and Pulp Assoc.): Orders, new \$\frac{1}{2}thous. sh. tons Orders, unfilled, end of month \$\frac{1}{2}do	926 682	959 653	1, 064 691	978 639	948 644	1,061 697	967 722	1,079 729	991 711	1, 022 667	972 638	r 906 r 683	7 978 7 673	1 882 1 603		
Production t do do Shipments Q t do Fine paper:	1, 118 922 144	1, 141 941 157	1, 264 1, 024	1, 180 974	1, 144 958	1, 215 988	1, 158 953 160	1, 263 1, 054	1, 227 1, 001	1, 260 1, 039	1, 191 983 167	r 1,060 r 871	r 1, 219 r 993 r 151	1 877 1 867	*******	
Orders, newdo Orders, unfilled, end of monthdo	79	84	159 76	157 75	149 69	168 91	97	181 101	97	85	86	149 97	r 86	82		
Production         do           Shipments         do           Printing paper:         do           Orders, new         do           Orders, unfilled, end of month         do	148 145 398 396	160 156 402 368	167 158 445 376	166 158 400 338	164 155 416 360	162 165 440 355	159 153 428 397	175 178 478 415	171 165 429 409	174 164 435 385	169 162 405 356	7 142 7 144 7 392 7 377	7 165 7 164 7 409 369	156 154 402 367		
Production do Shipments do Price, wholesale, book paper, "A" grade, English	389 391	389 388	427 426	401 404	397 400	422 422	402 402	449 449	423 423	440 440	418 419	7 366 7 367	421 421	391 391		
finish, white, f.o.b. mill	16. 85 324 161	16. 95 334 154	16. 95 382 184	16. 95 348 176	16. 95 320 161	<sup>2</sup> 16. 53 373 193	16. 61 314 175	16.71 347 160	<sup>3</sup> 16. 44 324 149	16. 50 340 139	16. 50 325 140	16. 50 295 142	7 358 7 151	16.50 332 154	p 16. 50	
Production do Shipments do Vewsprint:	333 325	331 330	368 368	349 347	329 337	346 333	335 332	354 351	342 337	362 354	329 321	* 294 * 291	7 354 7 331	330 322		
Canada (incl. Newfoundland):         do	562 563 209	561 559 225	596 590 224	594 619 199	528 560 167	554 498 223	515 469 268	578 532 315	525 543 296	574 601 269	566 573 261	527 529 260	568 575 252	552 558 246	618 646 218	
Productiondo	170 169 34	4 174 4 174 4 40	183 179 44	178 185 37	163 167 33	185 175 43	169 170 42	187 186 43	173 180 36	190 187 39	188 182 44	165 169 40	188 182 47	171 179 39	188 192 35	
Consumption by publishers. do	634	455 620	512 623	499 612	473 584	434 585	415 586	481 587	487 550	499 547	457 557	423 587	621	479 599	511 609	
Importsdo Price, rolls, contract, delivered to principal ports \$ per sh. ton	451 134. 40	455 134. 40	461 134.40	507 134. 40	456 134, 40	446 134. 40	394 134. 40	439 134. 40	426 134. 40	484 134. 40	499 134. 40	453 134.40	459 134. 40	418 134. 40	543 ₽134. 40	1
Paperboard         (National Paperboard Assoc.):           Orders, new	1, 321 427 1, 326 89	1, 400 461 1, 394 91	1, 517 522 1, 540 98	1, 450 485 1, 492 95	1, 354 445 1, 371 82	1, 381 473 1, 354 91	1, 401 483 1, 389 96	1, 588 466 1, 603 97	1, 432 468 1, 432 94	1, 563 460 1, 583 95	1, 530 451 1, 539 97	1,356 496 1,281 80	1, 594 476 1, 608 98	1, 433 486 1, 409 92	1,608 493 1,610 96	1,4
aper products: Shipping containers, corrugated and solid fiber, shipmentstmil. sq. ft. surf. area. Folding paper boxes, shipments, index of physical volume	9, 078 124. 0	9, 563 124. 0	10,660 135.8	10, 006 128. 0	9, 000 123. 1	9, 523 118. 5	9, 036 115. 5	11, 145 127. 5	9, 463 118. 9	10, 442 129. 6	10, 362 125. 7	9, 207 114. 1	11, 421 7 137. 1	10,360 r 120.4	11, 546 p 131. 9	
		RU	BBEI	RANI	D RU	BBEI	R PRO	ODUC	TS					****		
RUBBER				Ī		1			1				1		<u> </u>	Τ
	39. 92 78. 48 34. 23 . 385	35. 61 68. 65 32. 59 . 296	40, 19 62, 38 40, 65 , 295	38. 31 63. 07 36. 71 . 274	36. 40 68. 08 39. 07 . 278	40. 47 69. 74 41. 46 . 280	36, 18 69, 59 32, 78 , 283	39. 63 69. 52 29. 97 . 286	37. 47 68. 51 33. 20 . 289	40. 45 64. 98 37. 84 . 298	39. 40 62. 50 28. 69 . 283	33. 50 69. 75 37. 09 . 273	37. 23 68. 75 35. 40 . 274	35. 95 74. 06 33. 29 . 274	43. 70 64. 22 32. 67 . 288	. 2
Synthetic rubber:⊕         thous. lg. tons.           Production	119. 70 89. 94 232. 52 28. 74	117,00 91.85 245.55 24.75	133. 79 106.51 242. 94 24. 72	129. 62 100.83 244. 89 24. 42	138.49 97.58 256.24 27.92	127. 93 107. 07 247. 99 22. 05	127. 17 95. 85 255. 02 24. 43	138. 52 103. 89 261. 84 27. 99	130, 25 100, 27 261, 88 25, 80	131. 95 109. 72 259. 18 21. 90	124. 61 107. 76 254. 62 26. 38	125. 11 90. 76 263. 94 24. 77	126. 80 103. 25 256. 65 29. 38	7 129. 75 100. 17 256. 26 32. 71	134. 28 119. 36 252. 00 15. 94	
Reclaimed rubber:         do           Production         do           Consumption         do           Stocks, end of month         do	24. 40 23. 04 32. 02	21. 99 20. 86 32. 15	23. 24 22. 56 31. 69	22. 34 21. 12 30. 03	21. 61 20. 17 30. 83	25. 14 23. 21 30. 54	22, 30 21, 01 30, 27	24. 38 22. 64 30. 89	23. 17 22. 24 30. 85	24. 10 22. 87 28. 59	25. 22 23. 34 29. 66	19. 76 18. 83 29. 29	22. 78 21. 01 28. 67	22. 20 20. 70 28. 93	26. 64 24. 63 28. 95	1
TIRES AND TUBES																
Pneumatic casings: Productionthous	9, 987	9, 728	11, 150	10, 329	10, 483	11, 501	10, 369	11, 278	10, 906	11,712	11, 959	10, 411	10, 722	10,651	12, 856	1
Shipments, total         do           Original equipment         do           Replacement equipment         do           Export         do	9, 975 3, 350 6, 482 143	9, 859 2, 838 6, 908 114	711, 108 3, 429 7, 518 162	9, 739 3, 841 5, 789 109	9, 176 3, 689 5, 349 139	10, 977 3, 534 7, 333 110	9,036 3,227 5,680 129	10, 915 3, 657 7, 149 109	11, 565 3, 735 7, 717 113	12, 084 3, 958 8, 002 123	11, 873 3, 406 8, 357 110	11, 941 3, 336 8, 492 113	10, 202 1, 531 8, 531 140	11, 208 3, 307 7, 731 170	13,043 4,349 8,528 166	
Stocks, end of monthdodododo	26, 558 117	26, 128 81	24, 195 85	24, 916 66	26, 367 76	26, 800 73	28, 109 64	28, 523 86	27, 838 75	27, 506 86	27, 627 91	26, 031 99	26, 533 103	26, 079 111	26, 050 75	
nner tubes:  Production	3, 415 3, 399 10, 348 107	3, 124 3, 282 9, 146 66	3, 560 3, 435 9, 096	3, 232 2, 903 9, 458 54	3, 002 2, 888 9, 784 61	3, 691 5, 367 8, 062 81	3, 605 3, 679 8, 131 50	4, 009 3, 582 8, 714 109	3, 413 3, 240 8, 794 83	3, 427 3, 223 9, 075 69	3, 277 3, 393 9, 066 96	3, 116 3, 280 8, 907 86	3, 026 3, 210 8, 772 80	3, 108 2, 974 8, 963 90	3, 881 3, 534 9, 290 62	

r Revised. r Preliminary. 1 Data for indicated items exclude estimates for tissue and special industrial paper. 2 Beginning Jan. 1962, on revised basis (cash discount deducted); not comparable with earlier data. Jan. 1962 price on old basis, \$16.95. 3 Not entirely comparable with data prior to month noted. 4 Includes Alaska and Hawaii beginning July 1961.

Q Data exclude estimates for "tissue paper." ‡ Revisions will be shown later as fol-

lows: Paper, excl. bldg. paper, etc., Jan.-Dec. 1960; shipping containers, Jan. 1959-Mar. 1961. & As reported by publishers accounting for about 75 percent of total newsprint consumption in 1961. Alaska and Hawaii are represented beginning Jan. 1961. \(\theta\) Bevised effective with the June 1962 Survey to include data for stereo and other elastomers (except polyurethane rubbers) as follows: Production and consumption, beginning Jan. 1961; stocks, beginning Dec. 1960.

S-38		SUI	URVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS December 1962													
Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961		1961							1962					
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon		Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.
	S	STON	E, Cl	LAY,	AND	GLA	SS P	RODI	UCTS							
PORTLAND CEMENT																
Production, finished cementthous. bbl_ Percent of capacity	26, 588 75	26, 950 74	32, 348 87	27, 625 77	23, 393 63	17, 051 46	15, 309 45	20, 454 54	28, 08 9 77	33, 719 88	32, 304 88	33, 388 86	36, 132 93	33, 669 90	33, 926 87	
Percent of capacity	1	26,889	35, 681	25, 692	17, 485	ŀ	14, 477	21, 269	27, 990	33, 677	33, 625	35, 611	40, 669	33, 120	36,498	
Finished do do do do do do do do do do do do do	35, 512 25, 532	35, 879 25, 020	28, 437 16, 204	30, 382 16, 913	36, 343 19, 531	39, 792 24, 758	40, 626 28, 956	39, 817 32, 891	39, 958 32, 767	40, 076 30, 031	38, 684 27, 942	36, 453 25, 189	731, 964 20, 480	32, 513 17, 831	29,950 15,302	
CLAY CONSTRUCTION PRODUCTS																
Shipments: ‡ Brick, unglazed (common and face) mil. standard brick	541,8	535. 6	647. 4	550. 1	387. 4	319.0	358. 4	503. 5	649. 9	725.8	668. 7	676. 6	r 718. 2	610.7		
Structural tile, except facingthous. sh.tons Sewer pipe and fittings, vitrifieddo	40.7 154.5	39. 7 145. 8	43. 0 176. 5	39. 1 134. 8	30. 9 98. 1	28.4 81.6	27. 8 87. 6	31.3 125.7	35. 2 159. 3	39. 0 175. 8	36. 1 172. 5	39. 2 170. 0	7 37. 8 7 186. 3	34. 6 158. 7		
Facing tile (hollow), glazed and unglazed mil. brick equivalent	33.9	35. 3	39.0	37.3	28.8	26. 5	23. 2	29.1	34. 9	36. 5	35. 5	37. 4	42.9	34. 7		
Floor and wall tile and accessories, glazed and un- glazed mil. sq. ft- Price index, brick (common), f.o.b. plant or N.Y.	19.4	19.0	20.8	20.0	16. 5	17.8	17.7	20.8	20. 3	22. 6	22.0	21.0	24.8	21.0		 
dock1957-59=100	103. 5	103. 8	104.1	104.1	104.1	104. 2	104.9	105. 1	105. 1	104. 9	104. 9	104.9	104.9	104. 9	104.8	
GLASS AND GLASS PRODUCTS	İ		ļ										]			
Flat glass, mfrs.' shipments (qtrly. total and qtrly. average) thous. \$	a70,482 a26,619	65, 113 27, 743			71, 840 31, 803			74, 658 32, 144			64, 354 26, 613			69, 574 32, 677		
Plate and other flat glass, shipmentsdo		37, 370			40, 037			42, 514			37, 741			36, 897		
Glass containers: ‡ Production thous. gross-	13,358	13, 957	14, 717	12, 769	11, 949	13, 482	13, 103	14, 480	14, 016	15, 209	15, 978	15, 753	16, 327	14, 515	14, 999	
Shipments, domestic, totaldo General-use food:	12,890	13, 633	13, 747	12, 840	12, 225	12, 623	11, 905	13, 975	13, 452	15,090	15, 535	14. 113	17, 312	16, 328	14, 396	
Narrow-neck food do Wide-mouth food (incl. packers' tumblers, jelly glasses, and fruit jars)thous. gross	1,469	1, 492	1, 421	1,190	1,016	1, 163	1, 173	1,396	1, 251	1, 256	1, 487	1,606	3,082	2,845	1, 579	<b>-</b>
	3,698 958	3,904	4, 284 776	3, 926 814	3, 656 1, 131	3, 859 745	3, 559 859	3, 886 1, 169	3, 492 1, 568	4, 126 1, 707	4, 139 1, 717	3,968 1,389	5,035	4, 517 758	4, 699	
Beverage do Beer bottles do Liquor and wine do do do do do do do do do do do do do	1,376 1,243	1, 807 1, 289	1, 464 1, 656	1,380 1,390	1, 512 1, 173	1, 492 1, 164	1, 354 1, 122	1, 939 1, 377	2, 071 1, 196	2, 651 1, 261	2, 929 1, 284	2,705 991	2, 391 1, 296	2,811 1,326	1, 451 1, 563	
Medicinal and toiletdo Chemical, household and industrialdo Dairy productsdo	2,901 1,095 151	2, 985 1, 007 142	2, 987 1, 009 150	3, 151 845 144	2, 854 734 149	3, 219 842 139	2, 964 764 110	3, 277 811 120	2, 966 796 112	3, 097 869 123	3, 035 826 118	2,618 724 112	3, 357 879 168	3, 123 778 170	3, 345 809 151	
Stocks, end of monthdo	20,705	21, 582	22, 054	21, 706	21, 157	21,789	22, 779	23,066	23, 256	23, 205	23, 392	24, 656	23, 394	21, 195	21, 412	
GYPSUM AND PRODUCTS																
Crude gypsum, qtrly. avg. or total: Importsthous. sh. tons. Productiondo	1,326 42,456	1, 242 2, 376			1, 240 2, 404			1,019 2,038			1,364 2,609			1, 542 2, 706		
Calcined, production, qtrly. avg. or totaldo	2,148	2,062			2, 055			1,916			2, 312			2, 429		
Gypsum products sold or used, qtrly. avg. or total: Uncalcined usesthous. sh. tons. Industrial usesdo. Building uses:	930 71	7 976 65			1, 049 65			643 67			1,132 68					
Plasters: Base-coatdododododododo	299 299	256 264			240 250			226 207		 	273 271			287 297		
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$		411. 6 1, 483. 9			380. 6 1, 528. 5			335. 5 1, 395. 1			426. 4 1, 736. 4			448. 1 1, 822. 8		
All othersdo		56.6			54. 0			46. 2			67. 1			66. 6		
			Γ	EXT	ILE I	PROD	UCT	s						.,		
APPAREL												1				
Hosiery, shipmentsthous, doz. pairs Men's apparel, cuttings: ¶o³ Tailored garments:		14, 008	16, 114			14, 678	13, 958	'	13, 124	14, 310	14, 680	12, 428	17, 236	13, 711	16, 438	
Suitsthous, units. Overcoats and topcoatsdo	1, 786 435	1, 597 375	1,744 360	1 1, 835 1 345	1, 696 244	<sup>1</sup> 1,880	1, 726 214	1, 881 281	1, 873 370	1,796 470	1, 649 500	1, 200 354	2,002 533	1, 750 442		
Coats (separate), dress and sportdo Trousers (separate), dress and sportdo Shirts (woven fabrics), dress and sport.thous. doz Work clothing:	1,942	957 7, 465 1, 872	1, 076 7, 936 2, 020	1 1, 160 1 7, 445 1 2, 285	1	1 8, 160 1 2, 155	1, 115 8, 514 2, 137	1, 265 9, 849 2, 258	2,042	1, 214 9, 312 2, 245	1, 187 9, 075 2, 003	760 7,559 1,563	1, 354 10, 028 2, 208	2, 021		
Dungarees and waistband overallsdo Shirtsdo	231 304	284 301	320 320	1 310 1 350	264 288	1 305 1 295	295 325	308 324	308 338	332 331	315 326	303 256	387 334	302 289		
Women's, misses', juniors' outerwear, cuttings:♂△ Coats	1, 952 20,888	2, 029 21, 192 820	2, 576 21, 448 660	2, 467 20, 922 768	1, 658 16, 848 682	2,009 20,096 1,098	2,437 21,482 1,140	2, 566 26, 654 1, 109	1, 275 26, 143 673	1, 223 27, 130 583	2,064 20,800 815	2,274 17,782 726	2,688 21,804 728	2, 318 17, 991 535		
	- 303	320	000	100	002	1,000	1,140	1,108	"	000	010	120	128	535		

1,340 708

 $\substack{1,321\\654}$ 

1,003 412

1, 297 583

1, 226 804 r 1, 372 7 893

1, 159 834

1,557 1,566 1,237 757 905 780

1,508 1,656 740

Waists, blouses, and shirts.....thous. doz. 1, 288 1, 340 Skirts.....do. 712 708 718 708 8 Revisions for 1960 are shown in the Apr. 1962 Survey. Revisions for Jan.-Mar. and Apr.-June 1961 will be shown later. \$Comprises sheathing, formboard, and laminated board.

<sup>¶</sup>Data for Nov. 1961 and Jan. 1962 cover 5 weeks; other months of 1961 cover 4 weeks. Beginning Feb. 1962, the data are calendar-month totals.

□ Revisions for Jan. 1959-Aug. 1960 are available upon request.

□ Data beginning Jan. 1962 are based on revised sample panel. For coats, blouses, and skirts, the revised figures beginning Jan. 1962 are at least 5% higher, when comparing estimates for Jan. June 1962 on the new and old bases.

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961		1961							1962					
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		thly rage	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan,	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.
		T	EXTI	LE P	RODU	JCTS	—Cor	ıtinu	ed	_						
COTTON											1					
Cotton (exclusive of linters): Production:																
Ginnings§thous, running bales Crop estimate, equivalent 500-lb. bales thous, bales	1	1 14, 325 1 14, 318	8, 675	11,687	212,638	³13,996					<b></b> 	287	1, 501	4, 681	9, 156	12,063 714,723
Consumption¶‡do	1	711	716	4 875	664	4 868	717	730	4 867	713	709	4 692	693	661	4 823	
Stocks in the United States, end of mo., totaltdodododo	14, 447 14, 376	13, 442 13, 368	17, 941 17, 832	16, 669 16, 569	15, 473 15, 380	14, 231 14, 146	13, 126 13, 046	12,012 11,940	10, 849 10, 785	9, 783 9, 730	8, 654 8, 606	7,850 7,808	21, 304 21, 187	20, 761 20, 637	19, 523 19, 399	
On farms and in transitdo Public storage and compressesdo	3, 698 9, 159	3, 815 7, 742	7, 803 8, 489	4, 227 10, 671	1,958 11,664	1, 136 11, 079	573 10, 407	417 9, 387	354 8, 336	304 7, 446	189 6, 656	190 6, 100	13, 357 6, 597	10, 877 8, 631	6, 530 11, 655	
Consuming establishments do Foreign cotton, total do	1, 520	1,811 74	1, 540 109	1,671 100	1,758 93	1, 931 84	2, 066 81	2, 136 72	2, 095 64	1, 980 52	1, 761 48	1, 518 42	1, 233 117	1, 129 124	1, 214 124	
Exportsdo Importstdo	628 12	533 14	301 7	402 2	537	382 5	396 5	392 5	303	361 3	425	465	141 89	164 24	157 3	
Prices (farm), American uplandcents per lb. Prices, middling 1", avg. 14 marketsodo	30. 1 31. 4	31. 0 32. 2	33. 9 33. 6	33. 1 33. 6	31. 8 33. 6	30. 4 33. 6	29. 1 33. 7	29. 4 33. 8	31. 8 33. 8	32. 7 33. 9	32. 6 34. 1	32. 6 34. 0	32. 6 33. 4	33. 2 33. 0	32. 6 33. 0	31. 8 33. 0
Cotton linters: Consumption thous. balesthous. bales	113	109	, 112	4 130	109	4 129	105	111	4 125	106	104	4 84	105	101	4 125	 
Productiondo Stocks, end of motdo	134 543	130 544	221 429	227 519	187 559	194 623	174 660	156 691	124 694	85 655	58 599	51 576	69 524	r 157 r 539	223 614	
COTTON MANUFACTURES						ŀ										
Spindle activity (cotton system spindles):¶t Active spindles, last working day, total_thous	19, 269	19,037	19, 089	19,017	19,009	18, 971	18, 990	18, 978	18, 987	18, 806	18, 817	18, 761	18, 798	18, 689	18, 712	
Consuming 100 percent cotton do Spindle hours operated, all fibers, total mil.	17, 592 10, 008 463	17, 330 9, 764 450	17, 313 9, 685 484	17, 205 411, 872 475	17, 181 8, 875 444	17, 120 411, 661 466	17, 127 9, 574 479	17, 105 9, 597 480	17, 107 411, 668 467	16, 901 9, 501 475	16, 869 9, 510 476	16,773 4 9,697 388	16, 731 9, 432 472	16, 543 9, 131 457	16, 495 411, 545 463	
Average per working daydo Consuming 100 percent cottondo	9, 161	8,887	8, 782	10, 753	8, 019	4 10, 513	8, 615	8, 622	410, 535	8, 506	8, 481	4 8, 621	8, 382	8,034	4 10, 134	
Cotton yarn, natural stock, on cones or tubes: Prices, f.o.b. mill:						<u> </u>										
20/2, carded, weaving\$ per lb_ 36/2, combed, knittingdo	. 665 . 938	. 647	. 665 . 941	. 665	. 665	. 670 . 958	. 670	. 670 . 956	. 670	. 661 . 938	. 661 . 938	. 656 . 936	. 656 . 931	. 654 . 931	p. 651 p. 925	
Cotton cloth: Cotton broadwoven goods over 12" in width:																
Production, qtrly. avg. or totalmil. lin. yd Orders, unfilled, end of mo., as compared with	2, 341	2, 292			2, 398			2,425			2, 435					
avg. weekly productionNo. weeks' prod Inventories, end of mo., as compared with avg.	13.6	11.8	11.5	11.2	11.9 5.0	10. 8 5. 0	12.3 4.9	11.9 4.8	11. 4 4. 9	11. 0 5. 0	10. 1 5. 1	12. 2 6. 5	9.2	9. 4 5. 6	10.1	
weekly productionNo. weeks' prod Exportsithous. sq. vd	36, 584	39, 117	4.8	39,726	39, 648	32,701	38, 948	42, 637	39, 994	35, 462	39, 270	34, 558	5. 4 32, 247	29, 932	5. 7 29, 646	
Exports† thous. sq. yd. Imports† dodo	37, 908 29, 89	21, 208	21, 280 24, 97	23, 366	34, 281 24, 96	48, 690 24. 85	41, 140 24. 94	43, 617 25. 09	57, 001 25, 38	34, 497 25. 06	30, 757 24. 90	28, 562 25. 10	30, 960 25. 23	37, 819 25. 70	46, 474 25. 63	25, 58
Mill margins†cents per lb_ Prices, wholesale: Denim, mill finishedcents per yd_	38. 2	38.3	38. 3	38.3	38.3	38.3	38.3	39.6	40.3	40.3	40. 3	40.3	40.3	40.3	p 40. 3	20.00
Print cloth, 39 inch, 68 x 72do Sheeting, class B, 40-inch, 48 x 44-48do	17. 4 17. 2	15.1 16.3	15.3 16.8	15. 3 16. 8	15. 3 16. 8	15.3 17.0	15. 1 17. 0	15. 5 17. 0	15. 5 17. 0	15. 5 17. 0	15. 5 17. 0	15. 5 17. 0	15. 4 17. 0	15. 3 17. 0	p 15. 2 p 17. 0	
MANMADE FIBERS AND MANUFACTURES																
Fiber production, qtrly. avg. or totalmil. lb Filament yarn (rayon and acetate)do	455. 7 163. 6	482. 0 160. 4			525. 1 178. 2			7 577. 1 188. 1			7 589. 5 175. 6			586. 8 180. 6	<sup>5</sup> 62. 6	
Staple, incl. tow (rayon) do Noncellulosic (nylon, acrylic, protein, etc.) do Noncellulosic (nylon, acrylic, protein, etc.)	78. 5 169. 3	100. 2 185. 4			115.0 193.7			123.0 r 217.9			r 238. 7			119.9 242.7	<sup>5</sup> <b>4</b> 5. 8	
Textile glass fiber (exc. blown glass wool and pack) mil. lb	44.3	36.0	<b>-</b>		38. 2			48.1			56.0			43. 6		
Exports: Yarns and monofilaments‡thous. lb_	6, 607	7,018	7, 405	8, 230	10, 574	8, 506	7, 453	8, 784	9, 208	8, 721	10, 240	6, 544	11, 549	10, 484	7, 840	
Staple, tow, and topsdo Imports: Yarns and monofilaments‡do	3,620	3, 834 541	4, 552 663	4, 274	3, 734	3, 329 677	4, 633 665	3, 513 537	4, 338 548	4, 406 859	3, 995 711	3, 024 1, 106	4, 215 859	5, 414 1, 070	3, 881 930	
Staple, tow, and tops‡dodo	5, 128	3, 190	4, 886	5, 606	4, 414	4,910	7,715	5, 715	4, 351	5, 043	r 5, 771	5, 767	6, 034	5, 252	3, 516	
Stocks, producers', end of mo.: Filament yarn (rayn) and acetate)mil. lb Stocks, producers', end of mo.:	63. 4 56. 1	56. 4 53. 5	48. 6 43. 4	45. 9 40. 3	47. 8 41. 4	47. 4 42. 8	48. 0 45. 4	51.3 49.5	51. 6 51. 1	49. 8 48. 5	47. 9 51. 2	51. 1 54. 5	54. 0 54. 4	<sup>7</sup> 57. 1 52. 9	58. 4 48. 3	
Staple, incl. tow (rayon)de Noncellulosic fiber*do Textile glass fiber*do	6 66. 3 6 15. 7	6 70. 9 6 22. 1	40.4		67. 5 22. 0			63. 7 21. 1		40.0	7 67. 5 28. 4	04.0	04.4	82. 3 30. 2	20.0	
Prices, rayon (viscose):	00	60	90	00	09	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	99	en	n 00	
Yarn, filament, 150 denier\$ per lb Staple, 1.5 denierdo	. 82	. 82 . 26	. 82 . 26	82	. 82	. 82 . 27	. 82 . 27	. 82 . 27	. 82	. 82 . 27	. 82 . 27	. 82 . 27	. 82 . 27	. 82 . 27	p. 82 p. 26	
Manmade fiber broadwoven fabrics: Production, qtrly, avg. or total 2 - mil. lin. yd	594.2	596. 2			638. 1	<b></b>		657. 7			662. 4				<b></b>	<b></b>
Rayon and acetate (excl. tire fabric)do Nylon and chiefly nylon mixturesdo Polyester and chiefly polyester blends*do	358. 6 78. 5 106. 2	366.3 64.1 111.6			393. 0 65. 0 123. 6			394. 1 75. 1 128. 7			392. 3 75. 6 128. 8					
Exports, piece goodsthous. sq. yd	12, 871	11, 557	13, 207	12, 297	13,063	10, 475	11,096	12, 964	12, 661	11,890	13, 620	9, 422	10, 577	11, 784	10, 353	
SILK					'	·				401	·					
Imports, rawthous. lb_ Price, raw, AA, 20-22 denier\$ per lb_ Production, fabric, qtrly, avg. or total	573 4. 60	557 5. 20	541 5. 25	715 5, 24	802 5.08	389 5.08	688 5. 22	545 5. 42	524 5. 73	421 5. 98	399 6. 22	473 6. 20	785 6. 36	525 5. 98	741 p 6. 41	
thous. lin. yd			l	1	6, 929	·	l	6,325	s for 1959	l	6,047	l	II			

r Revised. P Preliminary. 1 Total crop for year. 2 Ginnings to Dec. 13. 3 Ginnings to Jan. 16. 4 Data cover a 5-week period. 5 Data are for month shown. 6 Qtrly. avg. 7 Dec. 1 estimate of 1962 crop. §Total ginnings to end of month indicated except as noted.
¶ Data for Nov. 1961 and Jan., Apr., July, and Oct. 1962 cover 5-week periods; other months, 4 weeks.

<sup>‡</sup>Scattered revisions for 1959-Apr. 1961 are available upon request.
†Revised series. See note in the Sept. 1961 SURVEY; data for Aug. 1957-June 1960 are available upon request.

§ Includes data not shown separately. \*New series; data for 1954-60 are available upon request.

o\*Beginning Aug. 1962, includes Phoenix, Ariz. (15 markets).

Inless otherwise stated, statistics through 1960	1960	1961		1961						<del></del>	1962				<u>-</u>	
and descriptive notes are shown in the 1961 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Mon aver		Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.
		TI	EXTII	LE PI	RODU	JCTS-	– Con	tinue	ed							
WOOL			ĺ													
Wool consumption, mill (clean basis) ¶ Apparel class	20, 356 13, 555 19, 597 8, 202 1. 165 1. 070	21, 907 12, 254 21, 079 10, 011 1. 184 1. 032	21, 709 13, 876 25, 039 9, 690 1. 208 1. 075	1 26, 491 1 14, 629 17, 219 9, 564 1. 200 1. 075	19, 902 11, 811 17, 114 10, 159 1, 200 1, 075	125,609 114,085 23, 982 16, 299 1. 200 1. 075	22, 740 11, 387 22, 747 15, 409 1. 200 1. 075	23, 523 11, 159 25, 945 19, 187 1, 200 1, 075	127, 828 112, 216 21, 019 13, 846 1, 224 1, 075	23, 434 11, 501 20, 133 13, 579 1. 233 1. 075	23, 061 11, 932 22, 387 15, 485 1. 245 1. 075	123, 251 110, 177 16, 834 11, 216	22, 152 13, 235 24, 433 14, 849 1, 275 1, 075	21, 268 12, 940 21, 001 12, 562 1, 275 1, 085	126, 335 116, 263 25, 102 14, 514	1. 28
Australian, 64s, 70s, good topmakingdo	1. 166	1. 110	1. 125	1. 125	1. 125	1. 125	1. 125	1. 125	1. 125	1. 135	1. 175	1.175	1.175	1. 175	1. 111 1. 175	1. 14. 1. 17.
WOOL MANUFACTURES  Knitting yarn, worsted, 2/20s-50s/56s, Bradford												ļ				
system, wholesale price1957-59=100 Woolen and worsted woven goods, exc. felts:	100.6	96. 7	96. 7	96. 7	95. 5	96. 7	99. 2	99. 2	100. 5	100. 5	100.5	100.5	100.5	101.7	101. 7	
Production, qtrly, avg. or totalthous. lin. yd_ Apparel fabrics, totaldo Women's and children'sdo	71, 614 70, 189 40, 668	71,721 70,035 43,228			69,026 66,353 40,955			75, 464 73, 431 42, 066			82, 505 80, 813 48, 362			77, 738 75, 676 47, 930		
Prices, wholesale, suiting, f.o.b. mill: Flannel, men's and boy's1957-59=100 Gabardine, women's and children'sdo	96. 7 96. 8	93. 8 95. 2	94. 6 95. 2	94. 6 95. 2	94. 6 95. 2	94. 6 95. 2	94. 6 95. 2	94. 6 95. 2	94. 6 95. 2	94. 6 96. 9	95, 0 96, 9	95. 0 96. 9	95. 0 96. 9	95. 0 96. 9	95. 0 96. 9	
		Tl	RANS	PORT	<b>CATI</b>	ON E	QUIP	MEN	T	·	,	·			·	<u>'</u>
AEROSPACE VEHICLES∆																
Orders, new (net), qtrly, avg, or totalmil. \$		3, 357 2, 619 3, 035			3, 726 3, 064 3, 396			3, 199 2, 552 2, 868			3, 512 2, 663 3, 021			4, 055 3, 343 3, 670		
dales (net), receipts or billings, qtrly, avg. or total mil. \$ U.S. Governmentdo		3, 738 2, 883			3,856 3,004			3, 875 3, 037			4, 016 3, 060			3, 862 3, 057		
Backlog of orders, end of year or qtr. Qdo U.S. Governmentdodododododobircraft (complete) and partsdododododododo	15, 462 12, 056 6, 089 1, 566	13,965 11,043 5,646 1,546			13,965 11,043 5,646 1,546			13, 344 10, 568 5, 213 1, 504			12, 840 10, 171 5, 127 1, 476			13, 033 10, 457 5, 037 1, 455		
Missiles, space vehicle systems, engines, pro- pulsion units, and parts	4, 690 2, 049	3, 829 1, 803	i		3, 829 1, 803			3, 794 1, 670			3, 491 1, 644			1, 433 4, 140 1, 367		
Aircraft (civilian): Shipments $\oplus$ doAirframe weight $\oplus$ _thous, 1bmil, \$mil, \$	103. 4 2, 347 44. 8	82. 1 1, 824 27. 6	79. 9 1, 781 11. 4	72. 5 1, 457 17. 9	83. 6 1, 770 19. 2	87.8 1,726 26.4	109. 1 2, 045 60. 1	77. 6 1, 747 43. 9	111. 2 2, 511 40. 8	121. 2 2, 345 31. 6	92. 4 1, 915 11. 4	77. 9 1. 395 17. 1	88. 3 1, 400 10. 4	49. 2 1, 032 17. 1	44.0 1,216 21.8	
MOTOR VEHICLES																-
Factory sales, total       thous         Domestic       do         Passenger cars, total       do         Domestic       do         Trucks and buses, total       do         Domestic       do	655. 8 625. 7 556. 2 544. 2 99. 5 81. 5	556. 4 527. 3 461. 9 450. 2 94. 5 77. 1	638. 3 608. 3 545. 1 529. 4 93. 1 78. 9	754. 6 722. 3 646. 9 627. 7 107. 7 94. 6	759. 5 720. 5 646. 7 631. 1 112. 8 89. 4	711. 0 684. 2 610. 9 595. 9 100. 1 88. 3	628. 6 603. 7 533. 6 518. 5 95. 0 85. 2	713. 9 685. 3 605. 8 588. 5 108. 1 96. 8	719. 6 687. 8 614. 3 594. 8 105. 3 93. 0	786. 2 756. 7 673. 5 656. 6 112. 7 100. 1	678. 2 651. 2 569. 2 555. 0 109. 0 96. 2	687. 7 663. 9 587. 1 575. 4 100. 7 88. 5	299. 2 282. 0 218. 6 213. 2 80. 6 68. 8	519.9 501.9 442.5 432.5 77.4 69.4	817. 7 726. 9 705. 7	p2801. p2687. p2113.
Exports, total‡number_ Passenger cars (new and used)do Trucks and busesdo	27, 890 10, 570 17, 320	22, 444 9, 489 12, 955	19, 682 9, 200 10, 482	22, 631 12, 658 9, 973	21, 497 13, 234 8, 263	20, 117 11, 799 8, 318	17, 580 10, 221 7, 359	21, 818 12, 140 9, 678	23, 719 15, 204 8, 515	22, 065 11, 882 10, 183	22, 394 10, 895 11, 499	16, 860 7, 803 9, 057	15, 765 5, 940 9, 825	18, 405 11, 815 6, 590	17, 749 10, 934 6, 815	
mports (cars, trucks, buses), totalot; do  Passenger cars (new and used) do  Production, truck trailers; total.  Complete trailers, total.  do	41, 287 39, 278 4, 864	24, 860 24, 076 4, 263	28, 854 28, 344 5, 372	26, 488 26, 005 5, 171	33, 305 32, 395 4, 755	32, 305 31, 337 5, 484	37, 695 36, 527 5, 295	36, 344 35, 038 6, 393	32, 607 31, 326 5, 934	32, 335 31, 189 6, 391	30, 551 29, 477 5, 721	27, 735 27, 179 4, 999	19, 394 18, 977 5, 462	29, 442 28, 686 5, 117	35, 087 34, 081 5, 970	
Vansdo Chassis, van bodies, for sale separatelydo	2, 916 549	2,650 462	3, 656 272	3, 525 334	3, 375 233	3, 845 738	3, 577 719	4, 543 456	3, 994 496	4, 217 393	3, 442 228	3, 014 944	3, 310 1, 353	3, 190 1, 836	3,920	
Registrations:O New passenger cars thous Foreign cars do New commercial cars do	548. 1 41. 6 78. 6	487. 9 31. 6 76. 6	549. 6 32. 5 82. 9	557. 9 28. 9 81. 6	525. 7 24. 2 79. 0	506, 2 26, 4 76, 7	473.3 24.5 70.9	591. 7 29. 4 89. 2	635. 0 31. 1 96. 0	643. 5 29. 4 94. 6	601. 9 28. 7 89. 9	613. 6 30. 5 90. 8	540. 2 27. 6 94. 9	373. 9 25. 6 74. 8	677. 7 29. 5 102. 3	
RAILROAD EQUIPMENT				:												
Freight cars (ARCI): Shipmentsnumber Equipment manufacturers, totaldo Railroad shops, domesticdo	4, 776 3, 124 1, 652	2,655 1,572 1,083	1, 908 1, 205 703	2, 513 1, 726 787	1, 940 1, 066 874	2, 128 1, 250 878	2,690 1,772 918	4, 077 3, 076 1, 001	3, 421 1, 677 1, 744	3, 758 1, 909 1, 849	3, 911 2, 219 1, 692	3, 181 2, 289 892	3, 541 2, 205 1, 336	2, 946 1, 984 962	2,799 2,162 637	
New orders do Equipment manufacturers, total do Railroad shops, domestic do	2, 963 1, 872 1, 091	2, 567 1, 600 967	2, 086 944 1, 142	4, 109 3, 479 630	5, 710 2, 793 2, 917	5, 336 2, 729 2, 607	1, 466 1, 127 339	1,557 1,500 57	2, 450 1, 437 1, 013	r 3, 189 2,855 r 334	3, 411 2, 294 1, 117	3, 098 1, 630 1, 468	2,796 1,710 1,086	7 1, 551 7 1, 218 7 333	4, 436 2, 673 1, 763	
Unfilled orders, end of modo Equipment manufacturers, totaldo Railroad shops, domesticdo	31, 977 14, 758 17, 219	13, 462 4, 616 8, 846	10, 373 3, 642 6, 731	11, 984 5, 405 6, 579	15, 761 7, 134 8, 627	19, 011 8, 611 10, 400	17,737 7,970 9,767	15, 265 6, 441 8, 824	14, 244 6, 152 8, 092	13, 778 7, 100 6, 678	13, 274 7, 171 6, 103	13, 192 6, 516 6, 676	12, 429 6, 003 6, 426	11,064 5,264 5,800	12, 159 5, 737 6, 422	
Passenger cars: Shipmentsdo Unfilled orders, end of modo	20 265	17 202	7 239	0 239	0 264	0 264	0 264	5 259	24 235	72 175	50 163	45 120	25 134	12 122	14 108	
Freight cars, class 1 (AAR): §  Number owned, end of year or mothous  Held for repairs, % of total owned	1, 662 9. 4	1,607 8,8	1, 614 9. 1	1, 61 <b>3</b> 9. 0	1,607 8.8	1, 604 8. 9	1,600 8.8	1, 598 8. 5	1, 594 8. 4	1,588 8.3	1, 582 8. 2	1, 577 8. 4	1, 573 8. 6	1, 567 8. 4	1, 563 8. 4	

r Revised. <sup>1</sup> Data cover 5 weeks. <sup>2</sup> Preliminary estimate of production.

¶See corresponding note, p. S-39.

‡ Scattered revisions for 1959-60 are available upon request.

△Effective with the Jan. 1962 SUNYEY, the qtrly, data reflect an expanded survey and include companies developing, producing, assembling, etc., complete missiles and space vehicles (and engines or propulsion units). Comparable data prior to Dec. 31, 1960, are not available.

<sup>|</sup> Revisions for 1960-Mar, 1961 are available upon request.

© Total includes backlog for nonrelated products and services and basic research.

© Data include military-type planes shipped to foreign governments.

© Data cover complete units, chassis, and bodies.

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§ Excludes railroad-owned private refrigerator cars and private line cars.

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