## SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS



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## the BUSINESS SITUATION

Aquickening in the pace of economic activity became evident in November as striking workers returned to their jobs under new contracts and as the economy continued to recover from the doldrums of the first half of the year. Industrial production, after 2 months of decline,

##  <br> CHART 1

## Business Investment

After three quarters of decline, plant and equipment outlays are expected to increase


Housing outlays continue to recover


Turnaround in inventory investment

*Estimated by OBE
Data: OBE-SEC
U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

67-12-1
rose to its best level of the year. Employment and hours of work in nonfarm establishments showed large gains over October, and as a result, personal income rose more in November than in the 2 previous months combined.
Specific data pertaining to current demand are still scanty. In spite of another poor month for automobile sales, total retail sales in November increased over the low October rate according to advance reports. Business spending for new plant and equipment, which drifted down through the first three quarters of 1967 , is expected to rise moderately this quarter and more rapidly in the first half of 1968 (chart 1). Businessmen's investment projections have proved to be too high all year, but now that the economy is advancing at a faster rate, the likelihood that programs will materialize has been enhanced. Housing continued to forge ahead; on the basis of the upward trend in housing starts, the current quarter should see a substantial improvement in residential outlays over the summer months. Combined Government purchases are moving up, but the rate of advance is still unclear in view of the uncertainties regarding the Federal budget. Federal payrolls will be given a substantial boost this quarter-about $\$ 1 \frac{1}{2}$ billion at an annual rate-as a result of recently enacted pay raises for both military and civilian personnel.

Additions to inventories by manufacturers and trade firms totaled approximately $\$ 400$ million in October, or somewhat more than the average monthly increase of $\$ 350$ million in the third quarter. Inventory changes in the fourth quarter are being greatly influenced by the recovery of the auto industry from the strike. Automobile dealers added 80,000 units of new domestically produced cars to their stocks during November, seasonally
adjusted, after no increase in October and a 135,000 decline in the third quarter.

## Spurt in employment

During November, employers added 478,000 workers to their payrolls, seasonally adjusted, for the largest monthly increase since the aftermath of the steel strike in late 1959. Roughly 200,000 of the latest advance represented workers returning to their jobs after strike settlements. Increases among the various industry divisions were widespread, even after allowance for poststrike effects.

The largest gain was in manufacturing, where employment rose by a quarter of a million. The return of 160,000 Ford workers and another 30,000 in the machinery industry dominated the manufacturing advance, but increases occurred in all of the major durable and nondurable goods industries. Average weekly hours of work in manufacturing also showed a substantial and widespread rise.

The advance in employment brought an improvement in the unemployment situation. The seasonally adjusted unemployment rate declined from an average of 4.2 percent in September and October to 3.9 percent in November, about the same rate that prevailed in late spring and summer.

## Personal income up

With manhours higher and wage rates continuing to advance, payrolls in November rose $\$ 5.6$ billion at a seasonally adjusted annual rate. Increases in property income brought the rise in total personal income to $\$ 5.8$ billion. Manufacturing payrolls, which had changed little in September and declined in October, rose more than $\$ 3$ billion; there were further increases in all of the other major
industry divisions. Farm income edged down for the second month in a row and transfer payments declined because of reductions in unemployment compensation.

## Industrial production rises

Industrial production in November moved up from the strikebound months of September and October. The Federal Reserve seasonally adjusted production index, at $159(1957-59=100)$, was about $13 / 4$ percent above October, mainly as a result of widespread increases in manufacturing.

The advance in iron and steel production, which began in midsummer, accelerated in November. The increase from October to November was approximately $31 / 2$ percent, seasonally adjusted, or much more than the average monthly gain in the preceding 4 months.

Part of the increase in steel output in the past few months has gone into producing mills' inventories. In September and October alone, inventory additions amounted to 1 million tons. At 20.4 million tons, stocks of finished steel held by steel producers at the end of October were at a record level and nearly 2 million tons above a year ago. To judge from the experience of the past several years, steel producers are currently building up stocks to meet advance ordering by steel consumers as a hedge against a possible steel walkout in 1968. Consumers' stocks at the end of October, although up slightly from September, were still low relative to steel consumption.

With the Ford strike over, output of motor vehicles and parts showed a substantial seasonally adjusted increase over the depressed levels of September and October. The November rate was still below the highs reached in midsummer; sporadic walkouts in plants of other major producers, particularly in the first half of the month, limited the output rise. Production schedules for December call for a rate above November after seasonal adjustment.

Dealers' sales of domestically produced passenger cars continued to be held down by inadequate supplies of the new 1968 models. Sales in November, at a seasonally adjusted annual rate of about; 7 million units, were
about unchanged from October. This rate of sales was maintained in the first 10 days of December.

## Devaluation of the pound

On November 18, Britain devalued the pound sterling by 14.3 percent from $\$ 2.80$ to $\$ 2.40$. The Administration announced that the United States would continue its policy of buying and selling gold at $\$ 35$ per ounce-i.e., there would be no dollar devaluation. On November 19, the Federal Reserve System raised the Reserve Bank discount rate from 4 to $4 \frac{1}{2}$ percent. This action brought the discount rate into better alignment with other shortterm domestic interest rates, and it served to deter a potentially large outflow of interest-sensitive funds to Britain which, along with devaluation, raised its bank rate from $6 \frac{1}{2}$ to 8 percent. Furthermore, the Federal Reserve System affirmed that borrowing by member banks for purposes of making adjustments to market pressures was an appropriate use of the discount mechanism.

In the days immediately after the devaluation, uncertainty about exchange rates and fears of other currency devaluations culminated in a run on gold. On November 26, the seven members of the London gold pool pledged their efforts to ensure orderly conditions in the exchange markets and to support the existing pattern of exchange rates based on the fixed price of $\$ 35$ per ounce of gold. This declaration of international cooperation was a decisive factor in restoring order and stability to gold markets. On December 7, the Treasury announced that it had transferred $\$ 475$ million in gold to the Exchange Stabilization Fund. The Treasury declared that this gold would be used to make settlement for the U.S. participation in support operations in the London gold market, to cover sales made to central banks that requested the Treasury to convert some of their dollar balances into gold, and to provide the Exchange Stabilization Fund with additional resources to meet future contingencies.

As a step in the direction of maintaining the existing pattern of exchange rates, the Federal Reserve System's "swap" arrangements with other central banks and the Bank for International Settlements were enlarged by $\$ 1.7$ billion by the end of November. These "swap" arrangements are mutual agreements among central banks that establish lines of credit for the purpose of absorbing temporary excesses of currency in foreign exchange markets. By drawing on a swap agreement, a central bank can redeem its currency without incurring a loss in reserves. The Federal Reserve System's network of swap arrangements, which was established in March 1962 and which amounted to $\$ 1.1$ billion in March 1963, now totals $\$ 6.8$ billion.

## Rise in short-term rates

Interest rates and bond yields continued their strong advance with shortterm rates receiving an added boost from the increase in the Federal Reserve's discount rate. In the week after the rise in the discount rate, 3 month Treasury bill yields rose nearly $1 / 4$ percent, banks raised their prime ratethe rate charged their most creditworthy borrowers-from $5 \frac{1}{2}$ to 6 percent, and the secondary market rate on 90 -day certificates of deposit rose from 5.3 to 5.5 percent.

During November, the Federal Reserve System's open market operations continued to supply ample reserves to the banking system. Total member bank reserves continued to increase, and "free reserves"-the difference between excess reserves and borrowings at Federal Reserve Banks-rose to $\$ 251$ million from the temporarily contracted $\$ 160$ million level that prevailed a month earlier. The Nation's money stock (currency and demand deposits) and time deposits at commercial banks increased in November, posting gains similar to those recorded in October.

Bank credit rose only moderately during November. Growth in loans amounted to $\$ 1 / 2$ billion, seasonally adjusted, while investments showed a mixed pattern as banks reduced their holdings of U.S. Government securities and added to "other securities"mostly municipals.

## NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT TABLES

(1905

Table 1.-Gross National Product in Current and Constant Dollars (1.1, 1.2)

| Gross national product. | 683.9 | 743.3 | 736.7 | 748.8 | 762.1 | 766.3 | 775.1 | 791.2 | 616.7 | 652.6 | 649.3 | 654.8 | 661.1 | 660.7 | 664.7 | 672.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Personal consumption expenditures. | 433.1 | 465.9 | 461.6 | 470.1 | 473.8 | 480.2 | 489.7 | 495.3 | 398.4 | 418.0 | 415.2 | 420.4 | 420.4 | 424, 2 | 430.6 | 431.5 |
| Durable goods. | 66.0 | 70.3 | 68.2 | 70.9 | 70.6 | 69.4 | 72.5 | 72.7 | 66.4 | 71.3 | 69.3 | 71.9 | 71.1 | 69.7 | 72.9 | 72.7 |
| Nondurable goods. | 191.2 | 207.5 | 207.1 | 209.5 | 210.3 | 214.2 | 217.2 | 218.5 | 178.9 | 187.7 | 187.7 | 188.8 | 188.4 | 191.8 | 193.6 | 192.8 |
| Services. | 175.9 | 188.1 | 186.3 | 189.8 | 192.9 | 196.6 | 200.0 | 204.1 | 153.2 | 159.1 | 158.2 | 159.8 | 160.9 | 162.6 | 164.1 | 166.0 |
| Gross private domestic investment. | 107.4 | 118.0 | 118.5 | 116.4 | 122.2 | 110.4 | 105.1 | 112.2 | 98.0 | 105.6 | 106.5 | 103.6 | 108.4 | 96.9 | 91.3 | 96.4 |
| Fixed investment. | 98.0 | 104.6 | 104.5 | 104.9 | 103.7 | 103.3 | 104.6 | 108.4 | 89.1 | 93.0 | 93.1 | 93.0 | 91.2 | 90.2 | 90.9 | 92.9 |
| Nonresidential. | 71.1 | 80.2 | 78.7 | 81.2 | 82.8 | 81.9 | 81.5 | 82.8 | 66.0 | 72.8 | 71.7 | 73.6 | 74.2 | 73.0 | 72.6 | 73.2 |
| Structures;-.. | 25.1 | 27.9 | 27.5 | 28.2 | 27.7 | 27.7 | 26.3 | 26.6 | 21.9 | 23.6 | 23.4 | 23.7 | 23.0 | 22.9 | 21.7 | 21.5 |
| Producers' durable equipment | 46.0 | 52.3 | 51.2 | 53.1 | 55.1 | 54.2 | 55.2 | 56.2 | 44.1 | 49.2 | 48.3 | 49.9 | 51.2 | 50.1 | 51.0 | 51.7 |
| Residential structures. | 27.0 | 24.4 | 25.8 | 23.7 | 20.9 | 21.4 | 23.1 | 25.6 | 23.2 | 20.2 | 21.4 | 19.4 | 17.0 | 17.3 | 18.3 | 19.7 |
| Nonfarm | 26.4 | 23.8 | 25.3 | 23.2 | 20.4 | 20.9 | 22.5 | 25.0 | 22.7 | 19.7 | 21.0 | 18.0 | 16.5 | 16.8 | 17.8 | 19.2 |
| Farm | . 5 | . 5 | . 5 | . 5 | . 5 | . 6 | . 6 | . 6 | . 5 | . 5 | . 5 | . 5 | . 5 | . 5 | . 5 | 4 |
| Change in business inventories | 9.4 | 13.4 | 14.0 | 11.4 | 18.5 | 7.1 | 5 | 3.8 | 8.8 | 12.6 | 13.4 | 10.6 | 17.2 | 6.7 | 4 | 3.5 |
| Nonfarm | 8.4 | 13.7 | 14.4 | 12.0 | 19.0 | 7.3 | 6 | 3.4 | 7.9 | 12.9 | 13.7 | 11.1 | 17.7 | 6.8 | 5 | 3.2 |
| Farm. | 1.0 | -. 3 | -. 3 | . 5 | -. 5 | -. 2 | 1 | 4 | . 9 | -. 3 | -. 3 | -. 5 | -. 5 | -. 2 | -. 1 | 4 |
| Net exports of goods and services | 6.9 | 5.1 | 5.4 | 4.6 | 4.3 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 5.4 | 6.0 | 4.4 | 4.8 | 4.1 | 3.2 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.2 |
| Exports. | 39.1 | 43.0 | 42.5 | 43.7 | 44.0 | 45.3 | 45.1 | 45.6 | 37.5 | 40.8 | 40.4 | 41.4 | 41.2 | 42.4 | 42.3 | 42.8 |
| Imports. | 32.2 | 37.9 | 37.1 | 39.0 | 39.7 | 39.9 | 39.8 | 40.2 | 31.5 | 36.4 | 35.6 | 37.3 | 38.0 | 38.3 | 38.2 | 38.6 |
| Government purchases of goods and services. | 136.4 | 154.3 | 151.2 | 157.7 | 161.7 | 170.4 | 175.0 | 178.2 | 114.3 | 124.5 | 122.7 | 126.6 | 129.1 | 135.5 | 138.7 | 139.9 |
| Federal. | 66.8 | 77.0 | 74.9 | 79.5 | 81.5 | 87.1 | 89.5 | 90.9 | 57.8 | 64.7 | 63.4 | 66.4 | 67.8 | 72.3 | 74.4 | 75.1 |
| National defense | 50.1 | 60.5 | 58.4 | ${ }^{63.0}$ | ${ }^{65.6}$ | 70.2 | 72.5 | 73.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other- | 16.7 | 16.5 | 16.6 | 16.6 | 15.9 | 16.8 | 17.0 | 17.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| State and local. | 69.6 | 77.2 | 76.2 | 78.1 | 80.2 | 83.3 | 85.4 | 87.4 | 56.4 | 59.9 | 59.4 | 60.1 | 61.3 | 63.2 | 64.3 | 64.9 |

Table 2.-Gross National Product by Major Type of Product in Current and Constant Dollars (1.3, 1.5)

| Gross national product. | 683.9 | 743.3 | 736.7 | 748.8 | 762.1 | 766.3 | 775.1 | 791.2 | 616.7 | 652.6 | 649.3 | 654.8 | 661.1 | 660.7 | 664.7 | 672.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Final sales. | 674.5 | 729.9 | 722.6 | 737.4 | 743.6 | 759.2 | 774.6 | 787.4 | 607.8 | 639.9 | 635.9 | 644.2 | 643.9 | 654.0 | 664.3 | 668.5 |
| Change in business inventories | 9.4 | 13.4 | 14.0 | 11.4 | 18.5 | 7.1 | . 5 | 3.8 | 8.8 | 12.6 | 13.4 | 10.6 | 17.2 | 6.7 | . 4 | 3.5 |
| Goods output | 346.6 | 379.6 | 375.7 | 381.8 | 391.7 | 388.1 | 392.1 | 398.7 | 330.0 | 353.7 | 351.0 | 354.7 | 361.1 | 356.6 | 359.5 | 362.9 |
| Final sales | 337.2 | 366.2 | 361.7 | 370.3 | 373.2 | 380.9 | 391.6 | 394.9 | 321.2 | 341.0 | 337.6 | 344.1 | 343.9 | 349.9 | 359.1 | 359.4 |
| Change in business inventories. | 9.4 | 13.4 | 14.0 | 11.4 | 18.5 | 7.1 | . 5 | 3.8 | 8.8 | 12.6 | 13.4 | 10.6 | 17.2 | 6.7 | . 4 | 3.5 |
| Durable goods | 139.5 | 154.6 | 151.4 | 155.7 | 161.1 | 153.9 | 155.5 | 161.4 | 136.3 | 150.0 | 147.3 | 150.8 | 154.2 | 146.6 | 148.3 | 153.0 |
| Final sales...----- | 132.8 | 144.7 | 141.6 | 145.8 | 148.3 | 150.5 | 156.0 | 157.9 | 129.8 | 140.6 | 138.0 | 141.6 | 142.3 | 143.6 | 148.9 | 149.8 |
| Change in business inventories | 6.7 | 9.9 | 9.7 | 9.9 | 12.8 | 3.4 | -. 6 | 3.5 | 6.5 | 9.3 | 9.3 | 9.2 | 11.9 | 3.0 | $-.6$ | 3.2 |
| Nondurable goods | 207.1 | 225.0 | 224.4 | 226.1 | 230.6 | 234.2 | 236.6 | 237.3 | 193.7 | 203.7 | 203.7 | 203.9 | 206.9 | 210.0 | 211.2 | 209.8 |
| Final sales.. | 204.4 | 221.5 | 220.1 | 224.5 | 224.9 | 230.5 | 235.5 | 237.0 | 191.4 | 200.4 | 199.7 | 202.5 | 201.6 | 206.3 | 210.2 | 209.5 |
| Change in business inventor | 2.7 | 3.5 | 4.3 | 1.5 | 5.7 | 3.7 | 1.1 | . 3 | 2.3 | 3.3 | 4.1 | 1.4 | 5.3 | 3.6 | 1.0 | . 3 |
| Services. | 262.9 | 287.2 | 283.5 | 291.6 | 296.9 | 303.1 | 307.8 | 313.5 | 222.3 | 235.2 | 233.5 | 237.9 | 239.8 | 242.7 | 244.4 | 246.9 |
| Structures. | 74.4 | 76.5 | 77.4 | 75.5 | 73.5 | 75.2 | 75.2 | 79.0 | 64.4 | 63.7 | 64.7 | 62.2 | 60.2 | 61.3 | 60.8 | 62.3 |

Table 3.-Gross National Product by Sector in Current and Constant Dollars (1.7, 1.8)

| Gross national product. | 683.9 | 743.3 | 736.7 | 748.8 | 762.1 | 766.3 | 775.1 | 791.2 | 616.7 | 652.6 | 649.3 | 654.8 | 661.1 | 660.7 | 664.7 | 672.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Private. | 616.1 | 666.7 | 661.5 | 670.6 | 681.9 | 683.9 | 690.9 | 705.2 | 565.9 | 597.5 | 594.8 | 599.0 | 604.2 | 602.7 | 606.0 | 612.5 |
| Business.-- | 593.4 | 642.4 | 637.6 | 646.2 | 656.9 | 658.7 | 665.3 | 679.0 | 547.8 | 578.9 | 576.3 | 580.2 | 585.1 | 583.6 | 586. 6 | 592.7 |
| Nonfarm | 569.8 | 617.6 | 612.8 | 621.6 | 633.0 | 635.1 | 641.9 | 654. 6 | 524.2 | 556.4 | 554.4 | 558.0 | 562.7 | 559.9 | 563.0 | 568.4 24.2 |
| Farm.. | 23.6 | 24.8 | 24.8 | 24.6 | 23.9 | 23.6 | 23.3 | 24.4 | 23.6 | 22.4 | 22.0 | 22.2 | 22.4 | 23.7 | 23.6 | 24.2 |
| Households and institutions | 18.5 | 20.1 | 19.7 | 20.3 | 20.6 | 21.1 | 21.4 | 21.2 | 14.0 | 14.7 | 14.4 | 14.8 | 14.9 | 15.1 | 15.3 | 15.0 |
| Rest of the world. | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 4.4 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 4.9 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 4.3 | 4.0 | 4.0 | 4.8 |
| General government. | 67.8 | 76.6 | 75.1 | 78.2 | 80.2 | 82.5 | 84.2 | 86.0 | 50.8 | 55.0 | 54.4 | 55.8 | 56.9 | 57.9 | 58.7 | 59.6 |


| 1965 | 1966 | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | II | III | IV | I | II | III |
|  |  | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| Billions of dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 4.-Relation of Gross National Product, National Income, and Personal Income (1.9)

Gross national product.
Less: Capital consumption allowances.
Equals: Net national product.-
Less: Indirect business tax and nontax Business transfer payments................................ Statistical discrepancy ...
Plus: Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises.

Equals: National income.
Less: Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment
Contributions for social insurwage aceruals less disburse-ments.--

Plus: Government transfer payments
to persons.-..........................
Interest paid by government
(net) and by consumers
Dividends.
Business transfer payments.
Equals: Personal income. .-...............

| 683.9 | 743.3 | 736.7 | 748.8 | 762.1 | 766.3 | 775.1 | 791.2 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 59.9 | 63.5 | 63.1 | 63.9 | 64.7 | 65.5 | 66.4 | 67.6 |
| 624.0 | 679.8 | 673.6 | 684.9 | 697.4 | 700.8 | 708.7 | 723.6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 62.2 | 65.1 | 64.7 | 65.9 | 67.0 | 67.9 | 69.1 | 70.2 |
| 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 |
| -2.0 | -2.6 | -2.2 | -3.2 | -3.8 | -4.0 | -2.8 | -1.2 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1.2 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 2.7 | 2.6 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 1.6 |
| 562.4 | 616.7 | 610.4 | 622.1 | 634.1 | 636.4 | 641.6 | 653.4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 74.9 | 82.2 | 81.3 | 81.9 | 84.6 | 78.1 | 78.3 | 79.2 |
| 29.7 | 38.2 | 37.4 | 38.9 | 39.8 | 42.2 | 42.5 | 43.3 |
| .0 | .0 | .0 | .0 | .0 | .0 | .0 | .0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 37.2 | 41.2 | 39.2 | 41.3 | 44.7 | 48.1 | 48.6 | 49.6 |
| 20.4 | 22.3 | 22.0 | 22.4 | 23.2 | 23.7 | 23.9 | 24.2 |
| 19.8 | 21.5 | 21.6 | 21.6 | 21.2 | 22.2 | 23.1 | 23.4 |
| 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.8 |
| 537.8 | 584.0 | 577.3 | 589.3 | 601.6 | 612.9 | 619.1 | 631.0 |

Table 5.-Gross Auto Product in Current and Constant Dollars (1.15, 1.16)

| Gross auto product ${ }^{\text {1 }}$ | Billions of current dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 31.4 | 29.8 | 29.1 | 28.2 | 29.6 | 25.0 | 27.8 | 27.9 |
| Personal consumption expenditures. | 25.4 | 24.9 | 23.7 | 24.7 | 24.5 | 22.2 | 24.6 | 24.5 |
| Producers' durable equipment. --... | 4.5 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 3.9 | 4.3 | 4.3 |
| Change in dealers' auto inventories. | 1.0 | . 4 | 1.1 | -1.3 | . 6 | $-1.1$ | $-1.2$ | $-1.2$ |
| Net exports | . 3 | . 0 | $-1$ | . 3 | . 0 | $-.3$ | -. 1 | . 1 |
| Exports. | 1.0 | 1.3 | 1. 0 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 1.9 |
| Imports. | . 7 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.7 |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New cars, domestic ${ }^{2}$ <br> New cars, fôreign | 29.0 | 27.6 | 27.0 | 26.1 | 27.4 | 22.8 | 25.3 | 25.4 |
|  | 1.2 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.7 | 2.6 |
|  | Billions of 1958 dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross auto product ${ }^{1 .}$ | 31.4 | 30.3 | 29.7 | 28.8 | 29.9 | 25.3 | 28.2 | 27.9 |
| Personal consumption expenditures.Producers ${ }^{\prime}$ durable equipment.....Change in dealers' | 25.4 | 25.4 | 24.2 | 25.3 | 24.7 | 22.6 | 25.0 | 24.6 |
|  | 4.51.0 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 3.9 | 4.3 | 4.3 |
|  |  | $\xrightarrow{.} 4$ | 1.1 | $-1.4$ | . 7 | $-1.1$ | $-1.3$ | $-1.3$ |
| Net exports | .31.0.7 | . 1 | . 0 | . 3 | . 1 | -. 2 | . 0 | . 2 |
| Exports. |  | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 1.9 |
| Imports. |  | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.7 |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New cars, domestic ${ }^{2}$ $\qquad$ <br> New cars, foreign | 29.21.2 | 28.21.8 | 27.61.6 | $\begin{array}{r} 26.6 \\ 1.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 27.8 \\ 2.1 \end{array}$ | 23.32.2 | 25.82.7 | 25.62.6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{1}$ The gross auto product total includes Government purchases, which amount to $\$ 0.2$ billion annually for the periods shown. <br> ${ }^{2}$ Differs from the gross auto product total by the markup on both used cars and foreign cars. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

(1965

Table 6.-National Income by Type of Income (1.10)

| National income. | 562.4 | 616.7 | 610.4 | 622.1 | 634.1 | 636.4 | 641.6 | 653.4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Compensation of employees | 393.9 | 435.7 | 430.7 | 441.2 | 450.2 | 459.1 | 463.4 | 472.6 |
| Wages and sala | 359.1 | 394.6 | 390.2 | 399.6 | 407.4 | 414.7 | 418.3 | 426.2 |
| Private | 289.8 | 316.7 | 313.8 | 320.1 | 326.1 | 331.4 | 333.2 | 339.4 |
| Military | 12.1 | 14.7 | 14.2 | 15.1 | 15.8 | 16.1 | 16.2 | 16.3 |
| Government | 57.1 | 63.2 | 62.2 | 64.3 | 65.6 | 67.3 | 68.9 | 70.6 |
| Supplements to wages and salaries | 34.9 | 41. 1 | 40.5 | 41.6 | 42.7 | 44.4 | 45.2 | 46.4 |
| Employer contributions for social insurance. | 16.2 | 20.3 | 20.0 | 20.6 | 21.1 | 22.2 | 22.3 | 22.8 |
| Other labor income --.-.-.-.-.-- | 18.6 | 20.8 | 20.5 | 21.1 | 21.7 | 22.2 | 22.9 | 23.6 |
| Employer contributions to private pension and welfare funds. | 15.5 | 17.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other................-.-.-........... | 3.1 | 3.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Proprietors' income | 56.7 | 59.3 | 59.3 | 59.2 | 58.6 | 57.8 | 57.8 | 58.8 |
| Business and professional.-........ | 41.9 | 43.2 | 43.3 | 43.3 | 43.4 | 43.2 | 43.4 | 43.8 |
| Income of unincorporated enterprises. | 42.3 | 43.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Inventory valuation adjustment.- | -. 4 | -. 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Farm | 14.8 | 16.1 | 16.0 | 15.9 | 15.1 | 14.6 | 14.3 | 15.0 |
| Rental income of persons | 19.0 | 19.4 | 19.3 | 19.4 | 19.6 | 19.8 | 20.0 | 20.2 |
| Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment. | 74.9 | 82.2 | 81.3 | 81.9 | 84.6 | 78, 1 | 78.3 | 79.2 |
| Profits before tax | 76.6 | 83.8 | 83.6 | 84.0 | 83.9 | 79.0 | 78.9 | 80.0 |
| Profits tax liabilit | 31.4 | 34.5 | 34.5 | 34.6 | 34.6 | 32.5 | 32.5 | 32.9 |
| Profits after tax | 45.2 | 49.3 | 49.2 | 49.4 | 49.3 | 46.5 | 46.5 | 47.1 |
| Dividends.- | 19.8 | 21.5 | 21.6 | 21.6 | 21.2 | 22.2 | 23.1 | 23.4 |
| Undistributed profi | 25.4 | 27.8 | 27.6 | 27.8 | 28.2 | 24.2 | 23.4 | 23.6 |
| Inventory valuation adjustment | -1.7 | -1.6 | $-2.3$ | -2.2 | . 7 | -. 8 | $-.7$ | -. 8 |
| Net interest | 17.9 | 20.2 | 19.8 | 20.4 | 21,1 | 21.6 | 22.1 | 22.7 |

Table 7.-National Income by Industry Division (1.11)

| All industries, total | 562.4 | 616.7 | 610.4 | 622.1 | 634.1 | 636.4 | 641.6 | 653.4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries | 21.0 | 22.7 | 22.5 | 22.6 | 22.0 | 21.6 | 21.3 | 22.0 |
| Mining and constructio | 35.3 | 38.2 | 38.0 | 38.4 | 38.7 | 39.8 | 39.7 | 40.3 |
| Manufacturing | 171.8 | 192. 1 | 190.0 | -193.6 | 198.8 | 195.0 | 194.0 | 196.0 |
| Nondurable good | 66.3 | 73.2 | 72.6 | 73.8 | 75.3 | 75.9 | 75.1 | 75.9 |
| Durable goods. | 105.5 | 118.9 | 117.4 | 119.8 | 123.5 | 119.2 | 118.9 | 120.0 |
| Transportation | 23.1 | 24.8 | 24.7 | 24.7 | 25.4 | 25.5 | 25.7 | 26.5 |
| Communication | 11.2 | 12.4 | 12.3 | 12.7 | 12.7 | 12.8 | 13.0 | 13.2 |
| Electric, gas, and sanitary | 11.4 | 12.1 | 11.9 | 12.4 | 12.3 | 12.4 | 12.6 | 12.9 |
| Wholesale and retail trade. | 84.2 | 90.8 | 90.1 | 91.1 | 92.6 | 93.5 | 94.9 | 96.9 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate. | 61.3 | 65.6 | 64.9 | 66.2 | 67.5 | 68.4 | 69.6 | 70.9 |
| Services | 63.7 | 69.3 | 68.6 | 70.2 | 71.3 | 72.6 | 74.1 | 75.3 |
| Government and government enterprises. | 75.2 | 84.6 | 83.0 | 86.3 | 88.4 | 90.8 | 92.5 | 94.5 |
| Rest of the world | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 4.4 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 4.9 |

Table 8.-Corporate Profits (Before Tax) and Inventory Valuation Adjustment by Broad Industry Groups (6.12)

| All industries, total. | 74.9 | 82.2 | 81.3 | 81.9 | 84.6 | 78.1 | 78.3 | 79.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Financial institutions | 8.4 | 9.3 | 9.0 | 9.5 | 9.6 | 9.6 | $9.5{ }^{\prime}$ | 9.6 |
| Mutual | 2.0 | 1.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stock | 6.4 | 7.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nonfinancial corporations. | 66.5 | 72.9 | 72.2 | 72.4 | 75.0 | 68.5 | 68.8 | 69.6 |
| Manufacturing | 38.7 | 43.1 | 42.5 | 42.7 | 44.4 | 39.6 | 38.9 | 38.2 |
| Nondurable goods | 16.5 | 18.7 | 18.5 | 18.8 | 19.2 | 18.4 | 17.8 | 17.7 |
| Durable goods...-...........-.-...- | 22.2 | 24.4 | 24.0 | 23.9 | 25.3 | 21.1 | 21.1 | 20.5 |
| Transportation, communication, and public utilities. | 11.2 | 11.9 | 12.0 | 11.8 | 12.0 | 11.7 | 11.9 | 12.1 |
| All other industries. | 16.6 | 18.0 | 17.8 | 17.9 | 18.6 | 17.3 | 18.0 | 19.3 |


| 1965 | 1966 | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | II | III | IV | I | II | III |
|  |  | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| Billions of dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 9.-Gross Corporate Product ${ }^{1}$ (1.14)

| Gross corporate product | 392.5 | 429.6 | 425.5 | 433.0 | 442.2 | 441.5 | 444.5 | 451.9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Capital consumption allowances. | 36.5 | 39.0 | 38.7 | 39.2 | 39.8 | 40.3 | 40.9 | 41.8 |
| Indirect business taxes plus transfer payments less subsidies. | 37.0 | 38.2 | 37.9 | 38.6 | 39.2 | 39.7 | 40.4 | 41.1 |
| Income originating in corporate business. | 319.1 | 352.4 | 348.8 | 355.2 | 363.2 | 361.5 | 363.1 | 369.0 |
| Compensation of employe | 249.8 | 275.9 | 273.2 | 279.0 | 284.5 | 289.1 | 290.5 | 296.2 |
| Wages and salaries | 224.6 | 246.1 | 243.9 | 248.8 | 253.5 | 257.1 | 258.0 | 262.8 |
| Supplements. | 25.2 | 29.8 | 29.3 | 30.2 | 30.9 | 32.0 | 32.5 | 33.4 |
| Net interest. | -2.4 | -2.4 | -2.4 | -2.4 | -2.4 | -2.5 | -2.5 | -2.5 |
| Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment. | 71.7 | 78.9 | 78.0 | 78.7 | 81.2 | 74.9 | 75.1 | 75.3 |
| Profts before tax. | 73.3 | 80.6 | 80.3 | 80.8 | 80.5 | 75.7 | 75.8 | 76.1 |
| Profits tax liabili | 31.4 | 34.5 | 34.5 | 34.6 | 34.6 | 32.5 | 32.5 | 32.9 |
| Profits after tax | 42.0 | 46.0 | 45.9 | 46.2 | 45.9 | 43.2 | 43.3 | 43.2 |
| Dividends | 18.3 | 19.9 | 20.1 | 20.1 | 19.6 | 20.7 | 21.6 | 21.6 |
| Undistributed pro Inventory valuation a | ${ }^{23.7}$ | ${ }^{26.1}$ | 25.8 | 26.1 | 26.3 | 22.5 | 21.7 | 21. 6 |
| ntory val | -1.7 |  |  |  | . | -. 8 |  | -. 8 |
| Cash flow, gross of dividend | 78.4 | 85.0 | 84.6 | 85.4 | 85.6 | 83.5 | 84.2 | 85.0 |
| Cash flow, net of dividends | 60.1 | 65.1 | 64.5 | 65.3 | 66.1 | 62.8 | 62.6 | 63.3 |
| Gross product originating in financial institutions. | 16.2 | 17.5 | 17.3 | 17.7 | 18.0 | 18.4 | 18.6 | 19.1 |
| Gross product originating in nonfinancial corporations... | 376.3 | 412.1 | 408.2 | 415.3 | 424.2 | 423.1 | 425.9 | 432.8 |
| Capital consumption allowances | 35.5 | 37.9 | 37.7 | 38.1 | 38.6 | 39.1 | 39.8 | 40.6 |
| lus transler payments less subsidies. | 35.3 | 36.5 | 36.2 | 36.9 | 37.5 | 37.9 | 38.6 | 39.3 |
| Income originating in nonfinancial corporations. | 305.5 | 337.7 | 334.3 | 340.3 | 348.0 | 346.1 | 347.5 | 352.9 |
| Compensation of emp | 236.4 | 261.3 | 258.8 | 264.3 | 269.5 | 273.7 | 274. 6 | 279.8 |
| Wages and salaries | 212.8 | 233.4 | 231.2 | 236.0 | 240.5 | 243.7 | 244.1 | 248.5 |
| Supplements | 23.6 | 27.9 | 27.5 | 28.3 | 29.1 | 30.0 | 30.5 | 31.3 |
| Net interest. | 5.9 | 6.7 | 6.6 | 6.8 | 7.0 | 7.1 | 7.3 | 7.4 |
| Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment. | 63.3 | 69.7 | 69.0 | 69.2 | 71.5 | 65.3 | 65.6 | 65.7 |
| Profits before tax | 64.9 | 71.3 | 71.3 | 71.3 | 70.8 | 66.1 | 66.3 | 66.5 |
| Profits tax liability | 27.6 | 30.3 | 30.3 | 30.3 | 30.2 | 28.1 | 28.2 | 28.5 |
| Profits after tax | 37.3 | 41.0 | 41.0 | 41.0 | 40.6 | 38.0 | 38.1 | 38.0 |
| Dividends. | 16.9 | 18.5 | 18.6 | 18.6 | 18.2 | 19.2 | 20.0 | 20.1 |
| Undistributed profits | 20.4 | 22.5 | 22.3 | 22.4 | 22.5 | 18.8 | 18.1 | 17.9 |
| Inventory valuation adjus | -1.7 | -1.6 | -2.3 | -2.2 | . 7 | -. 8 | -. 7 | -. 8 |
| Cash flow, gross of dividends Cash flow, net of dividends. | 72.8 55.9 | 78.9 60.4 | 78.6 60.0 | $\begin{aligned} & 79.1 \\ & 60.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 79.3 \\ & 61.1 \end{aligned}$ | 77.2 57.9 | 77.9 57.9 | 78.6 |
|  | Billions of 1958 dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross product originating in nonfinancial corporations. | 356.1 | 383.0 | 380.9 | 1384.6 | 389.0 | 384, 7 | 385.3 | 387.7 |
|  | Dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollar cost per unit of 1958 dollar gross product originating in nonfinancial corporations ? | 1.057 | 1.076 | 1.072 | 1.080 | 1.091 | 1.100 | 1.105 | 1.116 |
| Capital consumption allowances...-- <br> Indirect business taxes plus transfer | . 100 | . 099 | . 099 | . 099 | . 099 | . 102 | . 103 | . 105 |
| payments less subsidies-...........-- | . 099 | . 685 | . 065 | . 096 | . 096 | . 098 | . 100 | . 101 |
| Compensation of employees <br> Net interest | . 684 | . 682 | .679 .017 | . 687 | . 693 | . 7111 | . 713 | . 722 |
| Corporate profts and inventory valu- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ation ad justment. | . 178 | . 182 | . 181 | . 180 | . 184 | . 170 | . 170 | . 169 |
| Profits tax liability $\ldots$.-.-....- Profits after tax plus inven- | . 078 | . 079 | . 080 | . 079 | . 078 | . 073 | . 073 | . 073 |
| tory valuation adjustment. | . 100 | . 103 | . 101 | . 101 | . 106 | . 097 | . 097 | . 096 |

${ }_{2}$ Excludes gross product originating in the rest of the world.
2 This is equal to the deflator forgross product of nonfinancial corporations, with the decimal
point shifted two places to the left.

| 1965 | 1966 | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | II | III | IV | I | II | III |
|  |  | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| Billions of dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 10.-Personal Income and Its Disposition (2.1)

| Personal income. | 537.8 | 584.0 | 1577.3 | 589.3 | 601.6 | 612.9 | 619.1 | 631.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wage and salary disbursements | 359.1 | 394.6 | 390.2 | 399. 6 | 407.4 | 414.7 | 418.3 | 426.2 |
| Commodity-producingindustries.- | 144.5 | 159.3 | 158.0 | 161.0 | 164.1 | 165.7 | 164.8 | 167.4 |
| Manufacturing | 115.6 | 128.1 | 126.9 | 129.7 | 132.6 | 133.1 | 132.6 | 134.6 |
| Distributive indus | 86.9 | 93.9 | 93.0 | 94.9 | 96.5 | 98.7 | ${ }_{99} 6$ | 101.7 |
| Service industries. | 58.3 | 63.5 | 62.9 | 64.3 | 65.5 | 67.0 | 68.8 | 70.2 |
| Government. | 69.3 | 77.9 | 76.4 | 79.4 | 81.4 | 83.4 | 85.0 | 86.9 |
| Other labor income. | 18.6 | 20.8 | 20.5 | 21.1 | 21.7 | 22.2 | 22.9 | 23.6 |
| Proprietors' income. | 56.7 | 59.3 | 59.3 | 59.2 | 58.6 | 57.8 | 57.8 | 58.8 |
| Business and profes | 41.9 | 43.2 | 43.3 | 43.3 | 43.4 | 43.2 | 43.4 | 43.8 |
| Farm. | 14.8 | 16.1 | 16.0 | 15.9 | 15.1 | 14.6 | 14.3 | 15.0 |
| Rental income of persons | 19.0 | 19.4 | 19.3 | 19.4 | 19.6 | 19.8 | 20.0 | 20.2 |
| Dividends | 19.8 | 21.5 | 21.6 | 21.6 | 21.2 | 22.2 | 23.1 | 23.4 |
| Personal interest income | 38.4 | 42.4 | 41.9 | 42.8 | 44.3 | 45.2 | 46.0 | 46.9 |
| Transfer payments. | 39.7 | 43.9 | 41.9 | 44.0 | 47.5 | 50.8 | 51.4 | 52.4 |
| Old-age, survivors, disability, and health insurance benefits. | 18.1 | 20.8 | 19.6 | 21.0 | 23.2 | 24.7 | 25.6 | 26.2 |
| State unemployment insurance benefits. | 2.2 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 2.1 | . 1 | 2 |
| Veterans benefits | 5.6 | 5.7 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 6.3 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.6 |
| Other. | 13.8 | 15.6 | 15.3 | 15.8 | 16.2 | 17.6 | 17.0 | 17.4 |
| Less: Personal contributions for social insurance. | 13.4 | 17.9 | 17.3 | 18.4 | 18.7 | 20.0 | 20.2 | 20.5 |
| Less: Personal tax and nontax payments | 65.6 | 75.2 | 74.1 | 76.9 | 79.6 | 80.2 | 79.1 | 82.8 |
| Equals: Disposable person | 472.2 | 508.8 | 503.3 | 512.4 | 522.0 | 532.7 | 540.0 | 548.2 |
| Less - Personal outlays | 415.0 | 479.0 | 474.6 | 483.2 | 487.4 | 493.9 | 504.0 | 509.6 |
| Personal consumption expenditures.- | 433.1 | 465.9 | 461.6 | 470.1 | 473.8 | 480.2 | 489.7 | 495. 3 |
| Interest paid by consumers- | 11.3 | 12.4 | 12.3 | 12.5 | 12.9 | 13.1 | 13.3 | 13.5 |
| Personal transfer payments to forelgners. | . 7 | . 6 | . 7 | . 6 | . 6 | . 7 | 1.0 | . 8 |
| Equals: Personal saving. | 27.2 | 29.8 | 28.7 | 29.2 | 34.6 | 38.8 | 36.0 | 38.5 |
| Addenda: <br> Disposable personal income: <br> Total, billions of 1958 dollars. | 434.4 | 456.3 | 452.6 | 458.4 | 463.2 | 470, 6 | 474.9 | 477.5 |
| Per capita, current dollars | 2,427 | 2,584 | 2,560 | 2,598 | 2,639 | 2,686 | 2,716 | 2,749 |
| Per capita, 1958 dollars | 2,232 | 2,317 | 2,302 | 2,324 | 2,341 | 2,373 | 2,388 | 2,394 |

Table 11.-Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type (2.3)

| ture | 433.1 | 465.9 | 461.6 | 470.1 | 473.8 | 480.2 | 489.7 | 495. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Durable goods. | 66.0 | 70.3 | 68.2 | 70.9 | 70.6 | 69.4 | 72.5 | 72. |
| Automoblles and part | 29.9 | 29.8 | 28.5 | 29.8 | 29.6 | 27.3 | 29.7 | 29.9 |
| Furniture and household equipment. | 27.0 | 29.9 | 29.1 | 30.6 | 30.6 | 31.4 | 31.9 | 32. |
| Other. | 9.1 | 10.6 | 10.6 | 10.5 | 10.4 | 10.7 | 10.9 | 10.8 |
| Nondurable goods. | 191.2 | 207.5 | 207.1 | 209.5 | 210.3 | 214.2 | 217.2 | 218.5 |
| Food and beverag | 99.0 | 106.7 | 107.0 | 107.3 | 107.2 | 109.3 | 110.1 | 110.9 |
| Clothing and shoe | 36. 1 | ${ }^{40.3}$ | 39.8 | 41.0 | 40.8 | 41.5 | 43.2 | 43.7 |
| Gasoline and oll | 15.1 | 16.2 | 16.2 | 16.3 | 16.6 | 17.1 | 17.5 | 17.5 |
| Other | 41.1 | 44.3 | 44.1 | 44.8 | 45.7 | 46.3 | 46.4 | 46.4 |
| Services | 175.9 | 188.1 | 186.3 | 189.8 | 192.9 | 196. 6 | 200.0 | 204.1 |
| Housing | 63.6 | 67.1 | 66.5 | 67.4 | 68. | 69.6 | 70.6 | 71 |
| Household oper | 25.7 | 27.0 | 26.9 | 27.4 | 27.7 | 27.8 | ${ }_{14}^{28.1}$ | 28.1 |
| Transport | 12.6 74.0 | 13.6 80.4 | 13.5 79.4 | 13.7 81.3 | 14.0 82.7 | 14.4 84.8 | 14.6 86.6 | 14.8 89.2 |
| Table 12.-Foreign Transactions in the National Income and Product Accounts (4.1) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts from foreigne | 39.1 | 43.0 | 42.5 | 43.7 | 44.0 | 45.3 | 45.1 | 45.6 |
| Exports of goods and services | 39.1 | 43.0 | 42.5 | 43.7 | 44.0 | 45.3 | 45.1 | 45.6 |
| Payments to foreigners | 39.1 | 43.0 | 42.5 | 43.7 | 44.0 | 45.3 | 45.1 | 45.6 |
| Imports of goods and services. | 32.2 | 37.9 | 37.1 | 39.0 | 39.7 | 39.9 | 39.8 | 40.2 |
| Transfers to foreigners.......-.-.......- | 2.8 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 2.9 | 3.1 | 3.1 |
| Personal.-.- | 2. 2.7 | $\stackrel{.6}{2.3}$ | 2.7 | - 2.2 | .6 1.9 | $\stackrel{.7}{2.2}$ | 1.0 | 2.8 |
| Net foreign investment | 4.1 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 2.3 |



Table 13.-Federal Government Receipts and Expenditures (3.1, 3.2)

| Federal Government rece | 124.8 | 143.2 | 141.6 | 145.6 | 148.6 | 149.1 | 148.1 | 152.7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Personal tax and nontax receipts | 53.8 | 61.7 | 60.9 | 63.1 | 65.2 | 65.5 | 64.0 | 67.5 |
| Corporate profits tax accruals..- | 29.3. | 32.3 | 32.2 | 32.4 | 32.3 | 30.3 | 30.3 | 30.6 |
| Indirect business tar and nontax aceruals. | 16.5 | 15.9 | 15. 9 | 16. 2 | 16. 3 | 16.2 | 16. 5 | 16.7 |
| Contributions for social insurance--- | 25.2 | 33.3 | 32.5 | 34.0 | 34.7 | 37.0 | 37.2 | 38.0 |
| Federal Government expend | 123.4 | 142.9 | 138.4 | 146.3 | 151.9 | 160.9 | 162.8 | 165.9 |
| Purchases of goods and services | 66.8 | 77.0 | 74.9 | 79.5 | 81.5 | 87.1 | 89.5 | 90.9 |
| National defense. | 50.1 | 60.5 | 58.4 | 63.0 | 65.6 | 70.2 | 72.5 | 73.3 |
| Other | 16.7 | 16.5 | 16.6 | 16.6 | 15.9 | 16.8 | 17.0 | 17.6 |
| Transfer payments | 32.4 | 36.0 | 34.1 | 35.9 | 38.8 | 42.2 | 42.4 | 43.5 |
| To persons.... | 30.3 | 33.7 | 31.9 | 33.7 | 36.9 | 40.0 | 40.3 | 41.2 |
| To foreigners (net) | 2.2 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 2.3 |
| Grants-in-aid to State and local governments. | 11.2 | 14.8 | 14.6 | 15.3 | 15.6 | 15.6 | 15. 3 | 16.0 |
| Net interest paid | 8.7 | 9.5 | 9.4 | 9.6 | 10.0 | 10.4 | 10.4 | 10.5 |
| Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises | 4.3 | 5.4 | 5.3 | 6.0 | 5.9 | 5. 6 | 5.3 | 5.0 |
| Surplus or deficit ( - ), national income and product accounts. | 1.4 | .3 | 3.2 | -. 7 | -3.3 | -11.9 | -14.7 | $-13.2$ |

Table 14.-State and Local Government Receipts and Expenditures (3.3, 3.4)

| State and local government receipts. | 75.1 | 84.7 | 83.6 | 86.0 | 87.9 | 89.3 | 90.4 | 92.6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Personal tax and nontax receipts. | 11.8 | 13.5 | 13.1 | 13.7 | 14.3 | 14.7 | 15.1 | 15.4 |
| Corporate profits tax accruals..-- | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.3 | 2.1 | 2.1 | 2.3 |
| Indirect business tax and nontax accruals | 45.7 | 49.2 | 48.7 | 49.8 | 50.6 | 51.7 | 52.6 | 53.5 |
| Contributions for social insurance..- | 4.5 | 4.9 | 4.8 | 4.9 | 5.0 | 5.2 | 5.3 | 5.4 |
| Federal grants-in-aid. | 11.2 | 14.8 | 14.6 | 15.3 | 15.6 | 15.6 | 15.3 | 16.0 |
| State and local government expenditures. | 73.9 | 81.8 | 80.6 | 82.7 | 84.9 | 88.3 | 90.6 | 92.7 |
| Purchases of goods and services. | 69.6 | 77.2 | 76.2 | 78.1 | 80.2 | 83.3 | 85.4 | 87.4 |
| Transfer payments to persons.. | 6.9 | 7.5 | 7.3 | 7.6 | 7.8 | 8.1 | 8.3 | 8.5 |
| Net interest paid.............. | . 5 | . 3 | 3 | 3 | . 3 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 |
| Less: Current surplus of government enterprises. | 3.1 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.4 |
| Surplus or deficit (-), national income and product accounts.- | 1.2 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 1.0 | -. 2 | -. 1 |

Table 15.-Sources and Uses of Gross Saving (5.1)

| Gross private saving | 110.8 | 119.5 | 117.0 | 118.7 | 128.2 | 127.7 | 125.1 | 129.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Personal saving | 27.2 | 29.8 | 28.7 | 29.2 | 34.6 | 38.8 | 36.0 | 38.5 |
| Undistributed corporate profits-...- | 25.4 | 27.8 | 27.6 | 27.8 | 28.2 | 24.2 | 23.4 | 23.6 |
| Corporate inventory valuation adjustment. | -1.7 | -1.6 | -2.3 | -2.2 | . 7 | 8 | -. | . 8 |
| Corporate capital consumption allowances | 36.5 | 39.0 | 38.7 | 39.2 | 39.8 | 40.3 | 40.9 | 1.8 |
| Noncorporate capital consumption allowances. | 23.4 | 24.5 | 24.4 | 24.7 | 24.9 | 25.2 | 25.5 | 25.8 |
| Wage accruals less disbursement | 0 | 0 | 0 | . 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Government surplus or deficit ( - ), national income and product accounts. | 2.7 | 3.2 | 6.1 | 2.6 | -. 3 | -10.8 | -15.0 | -13.3 |
| Federal. | 1.4 | . 3 | 3.2 | $-.7$ | -3.3 | -11.9 | -14.7 | -13.2 |
| State and | 1.2 | 2.9 | 2.9 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 1.0 | $-.2$ | -. 1 |
| Gross investment | 111.5 | 120.2 | 121.0 | 118.1 | 124.0 | 112.9 | 107.3 | 114.5 |
| Gross private domestic investment. Net foreign investment... | $\begin{array}{r} 107.4 \\ 4.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 118.0 \\ 2.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 118.5 \\ 2.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 116.4 \\ 1.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 122.2 \\ 1.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 110.4 \\ 2.5 \end{array}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{r} 105.1 \\ 2.3 \end{array}\right.$ | 112.2 2.3 |
| Statistical discrepan | -2.0 | -2.6 | -2.2 | -3.2 | -3.8 | -4.0 | -2.8 | -1.2 |


| 1065 | 1966 | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | II | III | IV | I | II | III |
|  |  | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |
| Index numbers, 1958 $=100$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 16. -Implicit Price Deflators for Gross National Product (8.1)

| Gross national product | 110.9 | 113.9 | 113.5 | 114.4 | 115.3 | 116.0 | 116.6 | 117.7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Personal consumption expenditures.... | 108.7 | 111.5 | 111.2 | 111.8 | 112.7 | 113.2 | 113.7 | 114.8 |
| Durable goods | 99.5 | 98.6 | 98.4 | 98.7 | 99.4 | 99.5 | 99.5 | 100.1 |
| Nondurable good | 106.9 | 110.6 | 110.3 | 111.0 | 111.6 | 111.7 | 112.2 | 113.3 |
| Services. | 114.8 | 118.3 | 117.8 | 118.7 | 119.9 | 120.9 | 121.9 | 123.0 |
| Gross private domestic investment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fixed investment | 110.0 | 112.5 | 112.2 | 112.8 | 113.7 | 114.4 | 115. 0 | 116.8 |
| Nonresidential | 107.7 | 110.2 | 109.7 | 110.4 | 111.6 | 112.2 | 112.2 | 113.2 |
| Structures | 114.6 | 118.4 | 117.7 | 118.9 | 120.1 | 121.0 | 121.5 | 123.8 |
| Producers' durable equipment.. | 104.2 | 106.2 | 105.8 | 106.3 | 107.7 | 108.2 | 108.3 | 108.8 |
| Residential structures | 116.4 | 120.9 | 120.4 | 122.0 | 123.2 | 123.8 | 126.2 | 129.9 |
| Nonfarm | 116.5 | 121.1 | 120.5 | 122.2 | 123.4 | 124.0 | 126.4 | 130.1 |
| Farm | 110.2 | 114.1 | 114.1 | 114.6 | 115.9 | 117.3 | 118.8 | 122.4 |
| Change in business inventories |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net exports of goods and services. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports | 104.5 | 105.4 | 105.0 | 105.4 | 106.7 | 106.7 | 106. 7 | 106. 7 |
| Imports | 102.4 | 104. 1 | 104.0 | 104.8 | 104.3 | 104.3 | 104.3 | 104.3 |
| Government purchases of goods and services. | 119.4 | 123.9 | 123.1 | 124, 6 | 125.2 | 125.8 | 126.1 | 127.4 |
| Federal. | 115.5 | 119.1 | 118.3 | 119.7 | 120.2 | 120.5 | 120.3 | 121. 0 |
| State and local | 123.4 | 129.0 | 128.3 | 129 | 130.8 | 131 | 132.9 | 134.7 |

Table 17.-Implicit Price Deflators for Gross National Product by Major Type of Product (8.2)

| Gross national product | 110.9 | 113.9 | 113.5 | 114.4 | 115. 3 | 116.0 | 116, 6 | 117.7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Goods output | 105.0 | 107.3 | 107.0 | 107.6 | 108.5 | 108.8 | 109.0 | 109.9 |
| Durable goods. | 102.4 | 103.1 | 102.8 | 103.2 | 104.5 | 104.9 | 101.8 | 105. 5 |
| Nondurable goods. | 106.9 | 110.4 | 110.1 | 110.9 | 111.5 | 111.5 | 112.0 | 113.1 |
| Services | 118.3 | 122.1 | 121.4 | 122.6 | 123.8 | 124.9 | 125.9 | 127.0 |
| Structures. | 115.5 | 120.1 | 119.6 | 121.2 | 122.0 | 122.6 | 123.8 | 126.9 |
| Addendum: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross auto product. | 99.9 | 98.2 | 98.1 | 98.0 | 99.0 | 98.8 | 98.8 | 99.8 |

Table 18. -Implicit Price Deflators for Gross National Product by Sector (8.4)

| Gross national product. | 110.9 | 113.9 | 113.5 | 114.4 | 115.3 | 116.0 | 116.6 | 117.7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Private. | 108.9 | 111.6 | 111.2 | 112.0 | 112.9 | 113.5 | 114.0 | 115.1 |
| Business. | 108.3 | 111.0 | 110.6 | 111.4 | 112.3 | 112.9 | 113.4 | 114.6 |
| Nonfarm | 108.7 | 111.0 | 110.5 | 111.4 | 112.5 | 113.4 | 114. 0 | 115.2 |
| Farm | 100.0 | 110.7 | 112.9 | 110.8 | 106.7 | 99.3 | 98.8 | 100.6 |
| Households and institutions. | 132.3 | 137.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General government. | 133.5 | 139.2 | 138.1 | 140.0 | 141.0 | 142, 3 | 143.4 | 144, 5 |

# Plant and Equipment Expenditure Programs: 

Rise Expected in First Hali of 1968

AFTER three quarters of declining investment, business has programed increases in expenditures for new plant and equipment in the fourth quarter
of 1967 and the first half of next year. Current expectations, according to reports filed by businessmen with the Office of Business Economics and the

New Plant and Equipment Expenditures


- Anticipated

Data: OBE-SEC
U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

Securities and Exchange Commission in late October and November, place investment in the second quarter of 1968 at a rate 7 percent above the corresponding quarter of 1967.

Expenditures declined $\$ 600$ million from the second to the third quarter of this year to reach a seasonally adjusted annual rate of $\$ 60.9$ billion. Capital outlays are expected to rise moderately in the fourth quarter to $\$ 62.0$ billion and then more rapidly to $\$ 65.1$ billion in the first quarter of next year. Anticipations for the second quarter of 1968 , which are quite tentative, point to a further advance to $\$ 65.9$ billion (table 1).

Public utilities and durable goods manufacturers account for two-thirds of the $\$ 4$ billion rise in spending from the second half of this year to the first half of next. Motor vehicles and nonelectrical machinery firms are responsible for most of the advance in durable goods. Nondurable goods industries as a group project a moderate increase in the first 6 months of 1968 , reflecting principally expanding programs by chemical, petroleum, and rubber companies. In nonmanufacturing other than public utilities, communications and nonrail transportation firms also anticipate increased outlays in the first half of 1968 over the second half of this year.

## Realizations below expectations

Actual outlays have fallen short of anticipations in each successive survey thus far this year. Actual third quarter expenditures were about $21 / 2$ percent lower than previously anticipated, and fourth quarter programs were reduced 1 percent. All major industries except public utilities contributed to the down-
ward revision of programs for the second half of 1967. The full year 1967 is now expected to total $\$ 61.5$ billion, ${ }^{1}$ or $11 / 2$ percent above 1966 . Three months ago, 1967 capital spending was scheduled at $\$ 62$ billion.

The shortfall in investment from expectations this year reflects the de-

1. The reported figures for anticipations are adjusted for systematic biases (footnote 2, table 6). Before adjustment, expenditures for 1967 were anticipated to be $\$ 61.33$ billion for all industries, $\$ 26.85$ billion for manufacturing, and $\$ 34.48$ billion for nonmanufacturing. The adjustments were applied separately to each major industry; the net effect was to leave the manufacturing total the same and to raise the nonmanufacturing total $\$ 0.16$ billion.
terioration of the investment climate as compared with 1966, when GNP was rising rapidly. Total output, as measured by real GNP, grew very little in the first half of 1967. During this period, manufacturers' sales not only fell well below expectations but also, as did industrial output, declined from the yearend 1966 rate. At the same time, investment was sufficiently high to result in appreciable additions to capacity, and the rate of capacity utilization fell considerably. Moreover, profits fell sharply in the first quarter, and although they leveled off in the second,

Table 1.—Expenditures for New Plant and Equipment-1967~68

${ }^{1}$ Anticipated in late October and November.

Table 2.-Percent Change in Plant and Equipment Expenditures, 1965-1967

|  | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Actual } \\ 1965-66 \end{gathered}\right.$ | Actual year 1966 to anticipated year 1967 as reported in - |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Feb. | May | Aug. | Nov. |
| All industries 1.- | 16.7 | 3.9 | 2.9 | 2.3 | 1.4 |
| Manufacturing ${ }^{1}$ | 20.2 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 1.2 | -0.5 |
| Durable goods ${ }^{\text {- }}$....- | 22.7 | 4.6 | 3.6 | . 8 | -1.5 |
| Primary metals--- | ${ }^{16.4}{ }^{4}$ | 6. ${ }^{6}$ | 4.3 | 4.8 | 5.3 |
| Machinery Transportation- | 32.3 | 22.8 | 15.6 | 9.9 | 6.0 |
| Transportation equipment. | 18.3 | -9.0 | -3.8 | -6.3 | -9.8 |
| Stone, clay, and glass. | 16.6 | -5.1 | -15.6 | -19.9 | -18.8 |
| Nondurable goods ${ }^{-}$ | 17.6 | 2.3 | 3.2 | 1.7 | 0.5 |
| Food and |  |  |  |  |  |
| beverage. | 12.1 | 7.3 | 5.4 | 4.0 | 1.9 |
| Textile...- | 15.2 | -11.6 | -14.8 | -20.5 | -22.0 |
| Paper | 34.1 | 2.8 | 3.7 | 7.0 | 11.0 |
| Chemical. | 15.3 | 1.9 | 2.6 | 1.5 | -1.1 |
| Petroleum | 15.8 | 3.7 | 7.2 | 6.6 | 4.8 |
| Rubber. | 24.7 | 21.7 | 29.7 | 20.0 | 16.5 |
| Mining. | 12.9 | 8.0 | 6.2 | . 8 | -2.7 |
| Railroad. | 14.2 | -25.3 | -22.6 | -20.7 | -21.8 |
| Transportation, other than rail. | 22.3 | 14.7 | 11.1 | 14.2 | 12.8 |
| Public utilities.. | 21.1 | 8.8 | 8.5 | 11.9 | 14.1 |
| Communication.......- |  |  |  |  |  |
| Commercial and other- | 8.1 | 3.0 | 0.5 | -0.1 | -0.9 |

[^0]Table 3.-Manufacturers' Evaluation of Their Capacity
[Percent distribution of gross capital assets] 1

|  | 1964 | 1965 |  |  |  | 1966 |  |  |  | 1967 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Dec. 31 | ${ }_{\text {Mar }}^{\text {M1 }}$. | ${ }^{\text {June }}$ | Sept. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dec. } \\ 31 \end{gathered}$ | Mar. <br> 31 | June | Sept. | Dec. 31 | $\underset{31}{\text { Mar. }}$ | ${ }_{30}{ }^{\text {June }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Sept. } \\ 30 \end{gathered}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Durable goods ${ }^{2}$----- | 41 | 42 | 49 | $\stackrel{49}{49}$ | 50 | 52 | 51 | 50 | 47 | 45 | +44 | 45 |
| Primary metals. | 44 | 48 | 53 | 53 | 53 | 61 | 56 | 58 | 54 | 48 | 42 | 43 |
| Metal fabricators ${ }^{3}$ | 41 | 39 | 51 | 61 | 51 | 51 | 52 | 52 | 51 | 48 | 49 | 49 |
| Nondurable goods ${ }^{2}$. | 46 | 43 | 45 | 46 | 46 | 49 | 49 | 49 | 44 | 45 | ${ }^{5} 46$ | 47 |
| Food and beverage. | 39 | 37 | 40 | 44 | 46 | 47 | 45 | 47 | 45 | 42 | 40 | 45 |
| Chemical. | 79 | 79 | 83 | 80 | 83 | 81 | 83 | 87 | 88 | 80 | 76 | 75 |
| Petroleum. | 28 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 23 | 31 | 30 | 30 | 22 | 27 | ${ }^{5} 37$ | 37 |
| About adequate: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All manufacturing | 51 | 52 | 47 | 45 | 47 | 45 | 45 | 46 | 48 | 50 | ${ }^{5} 50$ | 49 |
| Durable goods ${ }^{2}$ - | 51 | 50 | 44 | 40 | 44 | 42 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 48 | 49 | 48 |
| Primary metals | 42 | 38 | 32 | 33 | 33 | 25 | 30 | 28 | 32 | 38 | 43 | 42 |
| Metal fabricators ${ }^{3}$ - | 54 | 56 | 46 | 37 | 47 | 47 | 46 | 47 | 46 | 49 | 48 | 48 |
| Nondurable goods ${ }^{2}$. | 51 | 54 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 48 | 48 | 48 | 52 | 51 | ${ }^{5} 51$ | 51 |
| Food and beverage | 50 | 54 | 50 | 47 | 44 | 46 | 47 | 46 | 47 | 50 | 54 | 50 |
| Chemical - .-. | 20 | 20 | 16 | 19 | 16 | 18 | 16 | 12 | 11 | 19 | 22 | 23 |
| Petroleum. | 72 | 76 | 70 | 71 | 73 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 76 | 71 | 562 | 62 |
| Existing plant and equipment exceeds needs: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All manufacturing-. | 6 |  | 6 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 4 | 5 | 5 | 55 | 5 |
| Durable goods ${ }^{2}$... | 8 | 8 | 7 | 7 | 6 | 6 | 7 | 6 | 7 | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| Primary metals.-- | 14 | 14 | 15 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 15 | 15 |
| Metal fabricators ${ }^{3}$. | 5 | 5 | 3 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Nondurable goods ${ }^{2}$. | 3 | 3 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 2 |
| Food and beverage. | 11 | 9 | 10 | 9 | 10 | 7 | 8 | 7 | 8 | 8 | 6 | 5 |
| Chemical..--. | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| Petroleum. | (4) | (4) | 6 | 5 | 4 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 2 | 51 | 1 |

1. According to respondent companies' characterizations of their plant and equipment facilities, taking into account their urrent and prospective sales for the next 12 months.
2. Includes industries not shown separately.
3. Includes machinery, transportation equipment, and fabricated metals industries.
4. Less than 0.5 percent.
5. Revised.

Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and the Securities and Exchange Commission.
in outlays for paper, petroleum, and rubber companies offset declines for textile and "other nondurable goods" companies.

Although producers of durable goods cut their investment during 1967, they account for most of the increase projected for the first half of 1968. The largest of the investment increases is scheduled by nonelectrical machinery companies. After declining through most of 1967, their spending is expected to rise more than one-fifth from the fourth quarter of this year to early 1968. Nondurable goods producers as a group are scheduling only slightly higher investment in the first half of 1968. Reductions in programs of food, textile, and paper companies almost offset the expansion of spending planned by other nondurable goods industries.

## Carryover and starts

Manufacturers' carryover of plant and equipment projects-i.e., expenditures still to be made for projects already under construction or on order-totaled $\$ 18.4$ billion at the end of September, about the same as in September 1966. This stability contrasts with the substantial year-to-year rises in carryover reported since the inception of the series in late 1962. Carryover declined $\$ 1$ billion during the third quarter, somewhat more than could be accounted for on the basis of seasonal influences alone (chart 3 ). The third quarter dip was sharper in durables than in nondurables- $\$ 800$ million versus $\$ 300$ million-and all major industries except transportation equipment and electrical machinery contributed to the decline.

Plant and equipment projects started during the third quarter totaled $\$ 5 \frac{1}{3}$ billion as compared with starts of $\$ 7 / 1 / 4$ billion in the second quarter of 1967 and $\$ 7$ billion in the third quarter of 1966. The second-to-third-quarter decline was larger than could be expected on a seasonal basis and occurred in both the durable and the nondurable goods sectors. The primary metals, chemical, and petroleum industries reported the largest cutbacks in new projects undertaken.

## Evaluation of capacity

In answer to the question "Taking into account your current and prospective sales for the next 12 months how would you characterize your September 30 plant and equipment facilities?," producers owning 46 percent of manufacturing fixed assets reported that they needed more facilities. This proportion is slightly higher than the 45 percent reported in March and June 1967 but lower than those reported from mid-1965 to the end of 1966. The high point for this proportion-51 percent-was reached early in 1966.

The situation was about the same in the durable goods industries as in nondurables. Heavy goods producers indicating a need for more plant and equipment at the end of September accounted for 45 percent of that group's fixed assets, while in nondurables the corresponding proportion was 47. Both figures were higher than on June 30, with primary metals and food and beverage producers accounting for the increases.

Companies reporting plant and equipment in excess of current and near-
term needs accounted for only 5 percent of fixed assets at the end of September7 percent for durables and 2 percent for nondurables. These proportions have changed very little from survey to survey since this inquiry was started in late 1964.

Facilities viewed as "about adequate" represented 49 percent of manufacturers' fixed assets as of September 30, off 1 percentage point from June but up from the 46 percent a year earlier. All major manufacturing industries showed increases over the year, with the largest in the primary metals and chemical industries.

## Nonmanufacturing Investment

Capital expenditures by nonmanufacturing firms have shown more strength in 1967 than have those of manufacturing firms. Investment by the former group declined in the opening quarter of this year but increased thereafter, reaching a seasonally adjusted annual rate of $\$ 343 / 4$ billion in the third quarter. A record $\$ 35 \frac{1}{2}$ billion is scheduled for the

## W䑁

## Plant and Equipment Projects-Starts, Expenditures, and Carryover


closing quarter of 1967, and further increases to a $\$ 37 \frac{1}{2}$ billion rate in the second quarter of 1968 . The projected gains are greatest in the public utilities; more moderate advances have been programed by communications and nonrail transportation firms. Mining, railroad, and commercial companies expect spending in early 1968 to hold close to the rates in the second half of 1967.
Spending programs of the public utilities are particularly strong. Expenditures rose 14 percent from 1966 to 1967-the largest relative rise of any major industry group-and are expected to rise substantially in the first half of 1968. The buoyancy in 1967 centered in electric utilities, whose expenditures this year are expected
to be one-fifth more than in 1966. It is the one area in which 1967 capital budgets have been increased as the year has progressed. Although gas utilities expect to spend about 2 percent less this year than last, they are also programing substantial increases in expenditures for new facilities for the first haif of 1968 .

At the end of September, expenditures yet to be made on uncompleted projects of the public utilities amounted to $\$ 14.2$ billion, $\$ 4$ billion higher than a year earlier. There was little change in the value of carryover during the third quarter, but when allowance is made for the usual seasonal decline during this period, a substantial rise is indicated. New projects started during the third quarter totaled $\$ 2.6$ billion, somewhat
more than starts in the corresponding period of 1966. After seasonal adjustment, starts of public utilities in the third quarter were just under the record rate in the second quarter of 1967.

Nonrail transportation firms are also expanding investment. Capital outlays for the group are expected to total almost $\$ 4$ billion in 1967-up oneeighth from 1966. The strong quarter-to-quarter increases during 1967 are now expected to continue into 1968. Airline and pipeline companies are the pacesetters; they have increased investment this year by more than one-third over 1966 and anticipate further expansion in 1968. Other nonrail transportation companies-notably trucking firms-reduced their investment expenditures in 1967 and are now contem-

Table 4.-Starts of New Plant and Equipment Projects, Manufacturing and Public Utilities ${ }^{1}$ [Billions of dollars]

|  | Annual |  |  | 1964 |  |  |  | 1965 |  |  |  | 1966 |  |  |  | 1967 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1964 | 1965 | 1966 | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III |
| Manufacturing | 22.13 | 26.73 | 28.89 | 5. 10 | 5.41 | 5.29 | 6.33 | 6.64 | 6.73 | 5.96 | 7.39 | 6.89 | 6.93 | 6.99 | 7.99 | 6.47 | 7.25 | 5.37 |
| Durable goods ${ }^{2}$ | 10.99 | 14.03 | 16.17 | 2. 48 | 2. 65 | 2.63 | 3.24 | 3.62 | 3. 68 | 2.84 | 3.90 | 3.87 | 3.78 | 3.71 | 4.81 | 3.26 | 3.46 | 2. 54 |
| Primary metals. | 2.68 | 3.38 | 3.98 | . 50 | . 77 | . 58 | . 84 | . 80 | . 89 | . 70 | . 99 | . 76 | . 91 | . 80 | 1.51 | . 75 | . 88 | . 32 |
| Electrical machinery | . 76 | 1. 10 | 1. 50 | . 16 | . 20 | . 20 | . 20 | . 25 | . 29 | . 24 | . 31 | . 46 | . 32 | . 32 | . 41 | . 38 | . 27 | . 25 |
| Machinery except electrical | 1.76 | 2.55 | 3. 10 | . 55 | . 36 | . 34 | . 52 | . 83 | .$^{43}$ | . 58 | . 72 | 1. 14 | . 49 | . 56 | . 90 | . 88 | . 70 | . 71 |
| Transportation equipment | 2. 66 | 3. 44 | 3.22 | . 49 | . 63 | . 77 | . 78 | . 81 | 1. 21 | . 56 | . 86 | . 59 | . 96 | . 92 | . 76 | . 53 | . 66 | . 46 |
| Stone, clay, and glass.- | . 79 | . 87 | . 83 | . 19 | . 22 | . 18 | . 20 | . 28 | . 21 | . 20 | . 18 | . 14 | . 25 | . 18 | . 26 | . 12 | . 18 | . 12 |
| Nondurable goods ${ }^{2}$. | 11.14 | 12.70 | 12.72 | 2.61 | 2.76 | 2.68 | 3.10 | 3.02 | 3.06 | 3.13 | 3.49 | 3.02 | 3.15 | 3.28 | 3.17 | 3.21 | 3.78 | 2. 83 |
| Food and beverage | 1.19 | 1.49 | 1. 29 | . 26 | . 24 | . 27 | . 42 | . 32 | . 35 | . 47 | . 36 | . 30 | . 36 | . 27 | . 36 | . 32 | . 41 | . 38 |
| Textile..-------- | . 84 | 1.23 | 1.11 | . 20 | . 19 | . 19 | . 26 | . 28 | . 32 | . 31 | . 33 | . 33 | . 28 | . 24 | . 25 | . 18 | . 21 | . 13 |
| Paper. | 1.11 | 1.34 | 1.33 | . 19 | . 40 | . 23 | . 29 | . 34 | . 34 | . 31 | . 35 | . 35 | . 27 | . 45 | . 26 | . 41 | . 56 | . 37 |
| Chemical | 2.52 | 2.90 | 3.37 | . 59 | . 60 | . 72 | . 61 | . 71 | . 76 | . 67 | . 76 | . 73 | . 90 | . 94 | . 81 | . 66 | . 98 | . 50 |
| Petroleum. | 4.29 | 4.30 | 4.01 | 1.10 | 1.03 | . 97 | 1.18 | . 98 | 1.03 | 1.05 | 1.24 | . 97 | . 95 | . 92 | 1.08 | 1.25 | 1.32 | 1.08 |
| Public utilities. | 6.41 | 9.32 | 10.68 | 2.34 | 1.48 | 1.27 | 1.32 | 3.30 | 1.75 | 1.44 | 2.83 | 3.38 | 2.28 | 2. 28 | 2.74 | 4.93 | 3.30 | 2.62 |

1. Starts are estiriated by adding changes in carryover to expenditures during the given period.

Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and the Securities and Exchange Commission.
2. Includes industries not shown separately.

Table 5.-Carryover of Plant and Equipment Projects, Manufacturing and Public Utilities ${ }^{1}$
[Billions of dollars]

|  | 1964 |  |  |  | 1965 |  |  |  | 1966 |  |  |  | 1967 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mar. | June | Sept. | Dec. | Mar. | June | Sept. | Dec. | Mar. | June | Sept. | Dec. | Mar. | June | Sept. |
| Manufarturing | 10.38 | 11. 26 | 11.88 | 12.63 | 14.73 | 15.99 | 16. 23 | 16.90 | 18. 19 | 18.33 | 18.48 | 18.71 | ${ }^{3} 19.08$ | ${ }^{3} 19.52$ | 18.41 |
| Durable goods ${ }^{2}$ | 5.61 | 5.95 | 6.21 | 6.63 | 7.98 | 8.89 | 8.82 | 9.25 | 10.25 | 10.52 | 10.69 | 11. 43 | ${ }^{3} 11.61$ | ${ }^{3} 11.61$ | 10.82 |
| Primary metals. | 2.30 | 2. 56 | 2.59 | 2.74 | 3.05 | 3.34 | 3.38 | 3.52 | 3.68 | 3.82 | 3.86 | 4.48 | 4.55 | 4.62 | 4.15 |
| Electrical machinery | . 33 | . 37 | . 41 | . 41 | . 51 | . 60 | . 63 | . 66 | . 89 | . 92 | . 94 | . 97 | 1.08 | 1.05 | 1.00 |
| Machinery except electrical | . 53 | . 48 | . 41 | . 43 | . 85 | . 77 | . 80 | . 78 | 1.31 | 1. 12 | 1. 00 | 1.02 | 1.19 | 1.11 | 1.12 |
| Transportation equipment | 1.48 | 1. 63 | 1.86 | 2.02 | 2.31 | 2.85 | 2.73 | 2.91 | 2.88 | 3.06 | 3.18 | 3.12 | 33.03 | 32.98 | 2.76 |
| Stone, clay, and glass.... | . 33 | . 38 | . 39 | . 40 | . 52 | . 53 | . 53 | . 50 | . 45 | . 48 | .43 | . 42 | . 34 | . 34 | . 30 |
| Nondurable goods ${ }^{2}$. | 4.78 | 5.31 | 5.68 | 6.01 | 6.75 | 7.10 | 7.41 | 7. 66 | 7.94 | 7.81 | 7.79 | 7.28 | 7.47 | 7.91 | 7.59 |
| Food and beverage | . 42 | . 40 | . 40 | . 54 | . 60 | . 63 | . 78 | . 79 | . 78 | . 77 | . 70 | . 69 | . 68 | . 70 | . 74 |
| Textile...... | . 26 | . 28 | . 28 | . 29 | . 37 | . 46 | . 51 | . 54 | . 60 | . 56 | . 52 | . 52 | . 48 | . 46 | . 38 |
| Paper- | . 61 | . 78 | . 77 | . 77 | . 88 | . 96 | . 97 | . 99 | 1.04 | . 94 | 1.00 | . 81 | . 82 | . 96 | . 91 |
| Chemical. | 1.26 | 1.39 | 1.61 | 1. 59 | 1.74 | 1.86 | 1.90 | 1. 89 | 2.01 | 2.15 | 2.35 | 2.27 | 2.23 | 2.44 | 2.25 |
| Petroleum | 1.90 | 2.10 | 2.23 | 2.43 | 2.62 | 2. 72 | 2.80 | 2,90 | 2.93 | 2.80 | 2.59 | 2.38 | 2.61 | 2.76 | 2.74 |
| Public utilities. | 6.62 | 6. 53 | 6.09 | 5. 65 | 7.64 | 7.67 | 7.24 | 8.03 | 9.82 | 10.01 | 9.92 | 10.30 | 13.40 | 14.24 | 14. 20 |

1. Carryover refers to expenditures yet to be incurred on plant and equipment projects already underway.
2. Includes industries not shown separately.
3. Revised.

Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and the Securities and Exchange Commission.
plating only modest outlays in early 1968.

Expenditures of communications firms will total about $\$ 5.9$ billion in 1967, up from $\$ 5.6$ billion last year. Although this is 5 percent above outlays in 1966, it reflects a sharp downward revision from the increase expected by these firms early this year. Spending showed a slight rise in each quarter of this year, and present plans indicate a further small advance in the first half of 1968 .

The commercial group, which includes trade, services, finance, and construction, will probably spend about $\$ 400$ million less in 1967 than a year
earlier. Spending was reduced in the second and third quarters of 1967, seasonally adjusted, but in this quarter and the first two quarters of 1968 , it is expected to return to the first quarter 1967 rate.

Mining firms also reduced their investment from 1966 to 1967. Coal extraction companies were the only ones increasing expenditures in 1967, but all groups are now planning slight increases for the first 6 months of 1968 .

## Railroad spending down sharply

Capital expenditures by the railroads this year will total about $\$ 1 / 2$
billion-down one-fifth from 1966. This decline follows 5 years of very substantial expansion. Present programs indicate that the third quarter may be the low for the current period since increased outlays are now projected for the fourth quarter and for early 1968.

Outlays for road in 1967 were off a moderate 7 percent, but expenditures for equipment declined by about onefourth. This reduction in equipment demand is reflected in new and unfilled orders for freight cars, which in September were less than half as large as they were a year ago.

Table 6.-Expenditures for New Plant and Equipment by U.S. Business, ${ }^{1}$ 1965-68

|  | Annual |  |  | Quarterly, unadjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Quarterly, seasonally adjusted annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1965 | 1966 | $1967{ }^{2}$ | 1966 |  |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  | $\frac{1968}{I^{2}}$ | 1966 |  |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  | $\frac{1968}{I^{2}}$ |
|  |  |  |  | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV 2 |  | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV ${ }^{2}$ |  |
| All industries | $\left.\begin{array}{l} 51.96 \\ 22.45 \end{array}\right\}$ | 60.63 | 61.48 | 12.77 | 15. 29 | 15.57 | 17.00 | 13.59 | 15. 61 | 15. 40 | 16. 87 | 14.32 | 58.00 | 60.10 | 61.25 | 62.80 | 61.65 | 61.50 | 60.90 | 62.05 | $\begin{aligned} & 65.05 \\ & 27.75 \end{aligned}$ |
| Manufacturing industries_ |  | 26. 99 | 26. 84 | 5.61 | 6.78 | 6.84 | 7.75 | 6. 10 | 6.81 | 6.48 | 7.46 | 6.07 | 25.60 | 26.80 | 27.55 | 27.75 | 27.85 | 27.00 | 26.15 | 26.55 |  |
| Durable goods industries | 11. 40 | 13. 99 | 13.78 | 2.87 | 3.51 | 3.54 | 4.07 | 3.08 | 3. 46 | 3.33 | 3.90 | 3.17 | 13.15 | 13.85 | 14.35 | 14.50 | 14.20 | 13.75 | 13.50 | 13. 75 | 14. 60 |
| Primary iron and steel |  | 2.17 | 2.28 .91 1 | . 18 | . 24 | .56 .20 .80 | + 65 | . 28 | . 58 | $\begin{array}{r}\text {. } \\ .56 \\ .23 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { a } \\ \hline .65 \\ .25 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | .46 .20 | 2.00 .80 | 2.20 .90 | 2.20 .80 | 2.25 .90 | 2.35 .90 | 12.35 .90 | 2.25 .95 | 2.20 .90 | 2.25 .90 |
| Electrical machinery and equipment | $\begin{array}{r} .68 \\ .85 \\ 2.21 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & .86 \\ & 1.19 \\ & 2.86 \end{aligned}$ | 1.29 | . 23 | $\bigcirc$ | . 30 | . 38 | . 27 | .30 | . 30 | . 43 | $\stackrel{\square}{.} 0$ | 1.10 | 1. 15 | 1.20 | 1.25 | 1.25 | 1.20 | 1.25 | 1.45 | 1. 40 |
| Machinery, except electrical.-.-.--- |  |  | 3. 100 | . 61 | . 69 | . 68 | . 88 | . 70 | . 78 | . 71 | . 81 | . 76 | 2. 70 | 2.70 | 2.90 | 3.10 | 3.15 | 3. 15 | 3. 00 | 2.80 | 3. 40 |
| Motor vehicles and parts-1.-. | $\begin{aligned} & 2.21 .21 \\ & 1.98 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.86 \\ & 1.93 \end{aligned}$ | 1.66 | 43 | 50 | . 50 | . 50 | . 38 | . 45 | . 41 | . 42 | . 37 | 2.10 | 1.85 | 1.90 | 1.90 | 1. 80 | 1. 70 | 1.55 | 1. 60 | 1. 75 |
| Transportation equipment, excluding motor vehicles. | $\begin{array}{r} 1.50 \\ .58 \\ .78 \\ 2.41 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.09 \\ .91 \\ 2.98 \end{gathered}$ | 1.06 | . 18 | . 28 | . 30 | . 32 | . 24 | . 26 | . 27 | . 29 | . 22 | . 85 | 1.15 | 1.25 | 1.10 | 1.10 | 1.05 | 1.10 | 1.05 | 1.00 |
| Stone, clay, and glass. |  |  | . 74 | . 19 | . 22 | . 24 | . 26 | .20 | . 18 | . 16 | 19 | . 15 | . 85 | 1.85 | 1.95 | 1. 95 | 1. 90 | 1.70 .7 | . 65 | ${ }^{1 .} 70$ | 1. 65 |
| Other durable goods ${ }^{3}$ |  |  | 2.84 | . 62 | . 77 | . 76 | . 83 | . 61 | . 68 | . 69 | . 86 | . 71 | 2.75 | 3.05 | 3. 15 | 3. 00 | 2. 70 | 2.65 | 2.80 | 3. 15 | 3. 15 |
| Nondurable goods industries | 11.05 | 13. 00 | 13.07 | 2. 74 | 3.27 | 3.30 | 3.68 | 3.02 | 3.34 | 3.15 | 3. 55 | 2.90 | 12. 45 | 12.95 | 13. 20 | 13. 25 | 13.70 | 13.25 | 12. 65 | 12.80 | 13. 15 |
| Food and beverage | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 1.24 \\ & 1.08 \\ & 1.12 \end{aligned}\right.$ | 13.00 <br> 1.39 | 1.41 | . 31 | . 37 | . 34 | ${ }^{3} .36$ | ${ }^{3} .33$ | . 39 | . 35 | . 34 | . 29 | 1.35 | 1.40 | 1.35 | 1. 40 | 1. 45 | 1. 45 | 1. 40 | 1.35 | 1. 30 |
| Textile. |  |  | - 88 | . 27 | . 37 | . 28 | . 26 | . 21 | . 23 | . 22 | . 22 | . 17 | 1. 20 | 1. 25 | 1.15 | .$^{.95}$ | . 95 | + 90 | . 85 | $\begin{array}{r}.80 \\ \hline 85\end{array}$ | - 80 |
| ${ }_{\text {Chemical }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.12 \\ & 2.59 \\ & 3.82 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.50 \\ & 2.99 \end{aligned}$ | 1.67 <br> 2.96 | . 30 | $\begin{array}{r}.37 \\ .75 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | . 39 | . 45 | - 40 | . 42 | . 42 | . 43 | .33 .69 | 1.35 <br> 2.75 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.60 | 1.90 3.20 | 1.70 | ${ }_{2}^{1.65}$ | 1.55 2.80 | 1.55 3.10 |
| Petroleum. |  | $\begin{array}{r} 4.42 \\ .42 \\ 1.14 \end{array}$ | 4.64 | . 94 | 1.08 | 1.12 | 1. 28 | 1.02 | 1. 17 | 1. 11 | 1. 34 | 1. 08 | 4. 40 | 4. 35 | 4. 40 | 4.55 | 4. 65 | 4.70 | 4. 45 | 4.75 | 4. 90 |
| Rubber.- | $\begin{array}{r} 3.82 \\ .34 \\ .96 \end{array}$ |  | . 49 | . 08 | . 10 | . 11 | . 13 | . 11 | . 13 | . 12 | . 14 | . 14 | . 35 | . 45 | . 40 | . 45 | . 50 | . 50 | . 45 | . 55 | . 65 |
| Other nondurable goods |  |  | 1. 01 | . 24 | . 28 | . 31 | . 31 | . 24 | . 25 | . 26 | . 27 | . 20 | 1.05 | 1.05 | 1.30 | 1. 15 | 1. 05 | 1. 00 | 1.05 | 1.00 | . 90 |
| Mining | 1.30 | 1.47 | 1.43 | . 33 | . 40 | . 37 | . 38 | . 32 | . 34 | . 37 | . 40 | . 37 | 1. 40 | 1.55 | 1.45 | 1.45 | 1.40 | 1.30 | 1.45 | 1.50 | 1. 60 |
| Railroad |  | 1.98 | 1. 55 | . 40 | . 55 | . 48 | . 55 | . 41 | . 41 | . 35 | . 37 | . 34 | 1.75 | 2.00 | 1.85 | 2.35 | 1.80 | 1.55 | 1.40 | 1.45 | 1. 50 |
| Transportation, other than rail. |  | 3.44 | 3.88 | . 75 | 1.00 | . 82 | . 86 | . 70 | 1.12 | . 98 | 1.08 | 1.10 | 3.30 | 3.50 | 3.40 | 3.50 | 3.05 | 3.90 | 4.10 | 4.45 | 4.75 |
| Public utilities. | $\begin{aligned} & 6.94 \\ & 4.94 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} 8.41 \\ 5.62 \\ 12.74 \end{array}$ | 9.59 | 1.60 | 2.09 | 2.36 | 2.36 | 1.84 | 2.46 | 2.66 | 2.63 | 2.22 | 8.25 | 8.30 | 8.55 | 8.50 | 9.20 | 9.70 | 9.80 | 9.60 | 11.15 |
| Communication |  |  |  | 1.26 | 1.42 | 1.36 | 1.58 | 1.35 | 1.49 | 1. 46 |  |  | 5.35 | 5.50 | 5.60 | 5.95 | 5.75 | 5.80 | 6.05 |  |  |
| Commercial and other ${ }^{5}$ |  |  |  | [2.83 | 3. 06 | 3. 33 | 3.52 | 2.87 | 2.99 | 3.09 |  | 4.22 | 12,35 | 12,45 | 12.85 | 13.30 | 12.55 | 12.25 | 11. 95 |  | 18.35 |

1. Data exclude expenditures of agricultural business and outlays charged to current ccount.
2. Estimates are based on anticipated capital expenditures reported by business in late October and November 1967. The estimates for the fourth quarter of 1967 and first quarter 1968 have been adjusted when necessary for systematic tendencies in anticipatory actual to anticipated expenditures for the past 5 years. However on the median ratio of unless the anticipations have shown a bias in the same direction in at least 4 of the last 5 years and in at least two-thirds of the last 9 years.
3. Includes fabricated metal, lumber, furniture. instrument, ordnance, and miscellaneous
industries. -
4. Includes apparel, tobacco, leather, and printing-publishing.
5. Includes trade, service, finance, and construction.
6. Includes trade, service, finance, and construction.

Note: Details may not add to total because of rounding. Data for earlier years were published in the June 1956, March 1958, 1960, 1961, 1962, 1963, 1964, 1965, 1966, and 1967 issues of the Survey.
Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and the Securities and Exchange Commission.

# Manulacturers' Inventory and Sales Expectations: <br> Fourth Quarter 1967 and First Quarter 1968 

MANUFACTURERS expect substantial advances in sales and further inventory accumulation this quarter and next, according to the survey of expectations conducted by the Office of Business Economics in November. They also view their inventory condition as somewhat improved-for the first time in a year and a half. The proportion of stocks classified by manufacturers as "high" fell from 31 percent in March and June to 27 percent in September.

Manufacturers expect to add $\$ 13 / 4$ billion to stocks from September to December 1967 and an additional $\$ 3 / 4$ billion by March 1968, on a seasonally adjusted basis. These projections compare with actual increases averaging $\$ 1.1$ billion in the first three quarters of 1967. The third quarter increase was $\$ 3 / 4$ billion as compared with an expected change, anticipated 3 months ago, of $\$ 600$ million.

## H. M Whataz

## Manufacturers' Inventory and Sales Expectations

- Business expects higher sales and inventories this quarter and next
* Inventory condition improves for both durables and nondurables


These companies also expect a sales rise of 3 percent in the fourth quarter of this year and $31 / 2$ percent in the first quarter of next year, after seasonal adjustment. It should be noted that sales expectations have exceeded realizations thus far this year. Actual sales fell slightly in the first half of 1967 and rose $1 \frac{1}{2}$ percent in the third quarter; in each quarter, expectations were about 1 to $1 \frac{1}{2}$ percent higher than actual.

Manufacturers anticipate that their inventories will reach $\$ 83.6$ billion next March 31 and that first quarter sales will total $\$ 144.7$ billion, after seasonal adjustment. These projections imply a declining stock-sales ratio-from 1.8 on September 30, 1967, to 1.7 on March 31, 1968.

## Fourth quarter addition large

Durable goods producers expect to increase their stocks by $\$ 1.3$ billion this quarter and $\$ 300$ million in the first 3 months of 1968, after seasonal adjustment. The fourth quarter addition would be larger than any experienced in the first three quarters of 1967, and the first quarter addition would be smaller.
Nondurable goods manufacturers plan to increase stocks $\$ 450$ million this quarter and an equal amount the next. Stocks rose $\$ 600$ million in the first quarter of 1967 but changed little in the periods ending June 30 and September 30.

By March 1968, the book value of manufacturers' stocks is anticipated at slightly over $\$ 54$ billion for durable goods producers and $\$ 291 / 2$ billion for nondurable goods producers. The stocksales ratios are expected to decline from September 1967 to March 1968-from 2.26 to 2.14 for durables and from 1.30 to 1.28 for nondurables.

## Strong sales expected

After declining in the first half of 1967, durable goods producers' sales rose 2 percent in the third quarter. Further rises of about $3 \frac{1}{2}$ percent in the fourth quarter of this year and $41 / 2$ percent in the first quarter of next year are expected. Since October was actually well below the third quarter, the fourth
quarter expectation implies a sizable rise in sales in November and December.

Primary metal producers anticipate a substantial rise in shipments this quarter and next. Motor vehicle producers' shipments continued to be adversely affected by the strike in the fourth quarter, but the industry has scheduled a sizable increase in output in the opening quarter of next year.

Nondurable goods producers anticipate sales gains of 2 percent, after seasonal adjustment, in the closing quarter of this year and the opening quarter of next year. Chemical producers expect a larger than average advance in early 1968, continuing the relative strength shown during 1967.

For the last quarter of this year and the first quarter of next year, sales of both durable and nondurable goods producers are estimated at record rates. For the first quarter of 1968, durable goods sales would be $\$ 75.7$ billion-up 10 percent from the same period of the previous year; nondurable goods sales would be $\$ 69$ billion-up 7 percent.

Producers of durable goods have found their sales disappointing this year. In the first half, they expected small sales increases but experienced small declines. In the third quarter, sales rose less than expected. Sales projections by nondurable goods manufacturers proved fairly accurate for the first half of 1967 but actual sales were below expectations for the third quarter.

## Inventory condition

The proportion of stocks judged "high" in the first half of 1967 was larger than at any other time since 1958. However, in September both durable and nondurable goods producers reported some improvement.

Producers holding 34 percent of durable goods stocks considered their inventories "high" relative to sales and unfilled orders on September 30. Although this was a decline from the 36 percent on June 30 and 37 percent on March 31, the September ratio exceeded all those from 1961 to 1966 . Almost two-thirds of hard goods producers' stocks were judged "about right"' on September 30; 3 percent were "low," as compared with only 1 percent in June.

Nondurable goods producers holding 15 percent of this group's stocks classified their September 30 inventories "high," as compared with 20 percent in March and in June. This was the first decrease in their ratio in $11 / 2$ years. The September "high" proportion, while about equal to the 1966 average,
was well above that of the 1961-65 period, when it averaged 10 percent.

Four-fifths of nondurable goods producers' stocks in September were judged "about right" as compared with threefourths in June. The percent "low" continued at 4 percent, unchanged from June.

Table 1.-Manufacturers' Inventories and Sales: Actual and Anticipated
[Billions of dollars]

|  | 1965 |  |  |  | 1966 |  |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  | $\frac{1968}{11}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV 1 |  |
| Inventories, end of quarter |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unadjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All manufacturing | 64. 1 | 65.0 | 65.9 | 67. 6 | 70.0 | 72.4 | 74.4 | 77.4 | ${ }^{80.2}$ | 80.9 | 80.7 | 82.3 | 84.1 |
| Durables-1.- | 39.3 24.8 | 40.3 24.7 | 41.1 | 41.8 25.8 | ${ }_{26.5}^{43.6}$ | 45.4 | ${ }_{27.1}^{4}$ | 49.4 | 51.6 | 52.3 28.6 | 52.3 28.4 | ${ }_{29.1}^{53.2}$ | 54.5 29.6 |
| Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All manufacturing | 63.7 | 64.6 | 66.3 | 68.0 | 69.6 | 71.9 | 74.9 | 77.9 | 79.7 | 80.4 | 81.2 | 82.9 | 83.6 |
| Durables. | 39.0 | 40.0 | 41.3 | 42.3 | 43.3 | 45.0 | 47.6 | 50.0 | 51.2 | 51.8 | 52.6 | 53.9 | 54.2 |
| Nondurables. | 24.7 | 24.7 | 25.0 | 25.7 | 26.4 | 26.9 | 27.3 | 27.9 | 28.5 | 28.6 | 28.6 | 29.0 | 29.4 |
| Sales, total for quarter |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unadjusted <br> All manufacturing | 117.0 | 123.3 | 118.5 | 124.6 | 128.8 | 135.4 | 129.7 | 134.5 | 132.5 | 137.4 | 132.3 | 139.9 | 143.9 |
| Durables. | 61.5 | 65,4 | 60.2 | 65.1 | 67.6 | 72.1 | 65.8 | 70.6 | 68.4 | 71.6 | 66.2 | 72.4 | 75.4 |
| Nondurables. | 55.5 | 57.9 | 58.3 | 59.4 | 61.1 | 63.4 | 63.9 | 64.0 | 64.1 | 65.7 | 66.0 | 67.5 | 68.5 |
| Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All manufacturing. | 117.9 | 119.8 | 122.1 | 124. 6 | 129.5 | 131.7 | 132.6 | 134.4 | 133.3 | 133.8 | 135.8 | 139.9 | 144.7 |
| Durables..... | 62.1 | 62.1 | 63.9 | 65.1 | 68.0 | 68.5 | 68.9 | 70.4 | 68.8 | 68.2 | 69.8 | 72.4 | 75.7 |
| Nondurables. | 55.8 | 57.7 | 58.2 | 59.5 | 61.5 | 63.2 | 63.7 | 64.0 | 64.4 | 65. 6 | 66.0 | 67.5 | 69.0 |

1. Anticipations reported by manufacturers in November 1967. Inventories have been corrected for systematic tendencies in anticipatory data.

Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce. Anticipations, Office of Business Economics; actuals, Bureau of the Census.

Table 2.-Manufacturers' Evaluation of the Condition of Their Inventories ${ }^{1}$

|  | Total |  |  | Durables |  |  | Nondurables |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | High | About right | Low | High | About right | Low | High | About right | Low |
| March 31, 1961. | 18 | 81 | 1 | 20 | 79 | 1 | 16 | 83 | 1 |
| June 30, 1961... | 14 | 85 | 1 | 15 | 84 | 1 | 13 | 85 | 2 |
| September 30, 1961. | 10 | 88 | 2 | 11 | 87 | 2 | 9 | 88 | 3 |
| December 31, 1961. | 10 | 88 | 2 | 10 | 88 | 2 | 9 | 89 | 2 |
| March 31, 1962 | 14 | 84 | 2 | 19 | 80 | 1 | 8 | 89 | 3 |
| June 30, 1962 .-. | 14 | 84 | 2 | 17 | 82 | 1 | 9 | 89 | 2 |
| September 30, 1962. | 15 | 83 | 2 | 18 | 81 | 1 | 11 | 86 | 3 |
| December 31, 1962. | 14 | 84 | 2 | 17 | 82 | 1 | 11 | 86 | 3 |
| March 31, 1963 | 15 | 82 | 3 | 17 | 81 | 2 | 12 | 85 | 3 |
| June 30, 1963....... | 15 | 83 | 2 | 18 | 80 | 2 | 10 | 88 | 2 |
| September 30, 1963. | 17 | 81 | 2 | 19 | 80 | 1 | 14 | 83 | 3 |
| December 31, 1963. | 13 | 85 | 2 | 14 | 84 | 2 | 10 | 87 | 3 |
| Mareh 31, 1964 | 16 | 82 | 2 | 17 | 81 | 2 | 14 | 84 | 2 |
| June 30, 1964- | 13 | 84 | 3 | 16 | 81 | 3 | 9 | 88 | 3 |
| September 30, 1964 | 14 | 82 | 4 | 15 | 81 | 4 | 11 | 84 | 5 |
| December 31, 1964 | 13 | 84 | 3 | 15 | 82 | 3 | 9 | 87 | 4 |
| March 31, 1965. | 16 | 81 | 3 | 20 | 77 | 3 | 9 | 87 | 4 |
| June 30, 1965... | 16 | 80 | 4 | 20 | 77 | 3 | 10 | 85 | 5 |
| September 30, 1965 | 16 | 81 | 3 | 22 | 76 | 2 | 8 | 88 | 4 |
| December 31, 1965 | 15 | 82 | 3 | 19 | 78 | 3 | 8 | 88 | 4 |
| March 31, 1966 | 15 | 81 | 4 | 18 | 79 | 3 | 10 | 85 | 5 |
| June 30, 1966... | 18 | 78 | 4 | 21 | 75 | 4 | 13 | 83 | 4 |
| September 30, 1966 | 22 | 75 | 3 | 27 | 70 | 3 | 14 | 83 | 3 |
| December 31, 1966 | 28 | 70 | 2 | 33 | 65 | 2 | 18 | 79 | 3 |
| March 31, 1967. | 31 | 68 | 1 | 37 | 62 | 1 | 20 | 78 | 2 |
| June 30, 1967.-....- | 31 | 67 | 2 | 36 | 63 | 1 | 20 | 76 | 4 |
| September 30, 1967. | 27 | 69 | 4 | 34 | 63 | 3 | 15 | 81 | 4 |

[^1]
# The U.S. Balance of Payments in the Third Quarter of 1967 

AASIDE from the effects of temporary developments, the international transactions of the United States in the third quarter did not change significantly. This relative stability reflected the continuation of the slow rate of expansion in industrial activity in this country and in the major industrialized countries abroad. Transactions that appear to have been influenced by erratic and temporary developments resulted in a major shift from net payments in the second quarter to net receipts in the third.

In the balance measured on the liquidity basis, however, this shift was
offset by a sharp decline in net receipts from foreign official investments in time deposits and time deposit certificates and from other special financial transactions indicated in table $B$. This decline did not affect the balance measured on the official reserve transactions basis, which was substantially improved by large shifts of liquid dollar liabilities from foreign official accounts-mainly British-to foreign private accounts.

## Official reserve assets

Official reserve assets rose by $\$ 375$ million during the third quarter. This total was composed of a $\$ 462$ million

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## U.S. Balance of International Payments-Cumulative Quarterly Data


U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
increase in convertible currency holdings, a $\$ 5$ million rise in the gold tranche position in the IMF, and a $\$ 92$ million drop in gold holdings. The movement in gold holdings included sales of $\$ 39$ million to domestic industrial users.

The third quarter rise in U.S. official reserve assets, following a $\$ 419$ million rise in the second quarter, reversed much of the $\$ 1,027$ million decline in the first. That decline, as well as the subsequent increase in official reserve assets, reflected mainly changes in convertible currency holdings.

Gold losses in the first three quarters of 1967 were $\$ 158$ million, but they were partly offset by the $\$ 46$ million increase in the U.S. gold tranche position in the IMF. The net loss of $\$ 112$ million in these reserve assets was substantially less than the net loss of $\$ 941$ million in the first three quarters of 1966.

## Changes in liabilities

Liquid liabilities to all foreigners and international agencies increased during the quarter by $\$ 1,580$ million before seasonal adjustment. Most of the rise$\$ 1,300$ million (or $\$ 1,220$ million after seasonal adjustment)-was in deposits and other short-term assets held in the United States by private foreigners, mostly banks, and by international organizations. The rise in such assets held by foreign official agencies was $\$ 280$ million.
The third quarter balance measured on the liquidity basis-i.e., by changes in U.S. official reserve assets and in liquid liabilities to all foreigners and international organizations - was adverse by $\$ 1,210$ million, or $\$ 635$ million after seasonal adjustment. This compares with seasonally adjusted adverse balances of $\$ 545$ million in the second $67-12-5$
illion \$

For the first three quarters of the year, this balance was adverse by $\$ 1,710$ million.

Measured on the official reserve transactions basis-i.e., by changes in U.S. official reserve assets and in liquid and other liabilities to foreign official organizations only-the third quarter transactions were adverse by $\$ 25$ million and, after seasonal adjustment, resulted in a surplus of $\$ 470$ million. In the second quarter, this balance, after seasonal adjustment, was adverse by $\$ 830$ million, and in the first quarter, by $\$ 1,815$ million. For the first three quarters of 1967, the seasonally adjusted balance measured on the official reserve transactions basis was adverse by $\$ 2,175$ million.

## Differences between balances

The difference between the two seasonally adjusted balances was due to the $\$ 1,220$ million increase in liquid liabilities to foreign private banks (including foreign branches of U.S. banks), other foreign private residents, and international organizations-which affected only the liquidity balance-and a $\$ 110$ million rise in nonliquid liabilities to foreign official organizations-which affected only the official reserve transactions balance.

The third quarter rise in liquid liabilities to foreign private banks alone was $\$ 1,180$ million, substantially more than the $\$ 340$ million increase in the second quarter and an even larger change from the first quarter, when these liabilities declined about $\$ 1$ billion. The third quarter 1967 increase was also about $\$ 100$ million larger than the previous record rise in the third quarter of 1966.

The large rise in liquid liabilities of U.S. banks to foreign banks, in the third quarter of both this year and last, reflected mainly shifts by some foreign residents from sterling to dollar holdings. These shifts were stimulated in part by rising interest rates on Euro-dollar deposits and in part by a decline in confidence in the stability of the exchange rate or in free convertibility of the British currency. (Eurodollar deposits are dollar-denominated deposits in European banks including European branches of American or other non-European banks.)

However, there were major differences from last year in the developments that led to the rise in interest rates on dollar deposits in European banks. Last year, the rise in interest rates was strongly influenced by the competition of U.S. banks for deposits, which they attempted to attract through their foreign branches since these branches are not subject to domestic interest rate limitations and since neither deposits in foreign branches nor head-office liabilities to these branches are subject to reserve requirements. The desire of U.S. banks to attract such deposits was stimulated by the extraordinary tightness in their reserve position; for example, in the third quarter of 1966 , net free reserves were a negative $\$ 370$ million.

In contrast, in the summer months of 1967, U.S. banks in the aggregate had net free reserves averaging about $\$ 280$ million and therefore had less need to compete for deposits through their foreign branches. Thus, there was no reason for U.S. banks to offer higher

Table A.-Major Changes in U.S. International Transactions from Second to Third Quarter 1967
[Millions of dollars (seasonally adiusted)]

| Balance on goods and services, excluding transfers under military grants. | +45 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Balance on nonmilitary merchandise trade. | -70 |
| Balance on travel. | -25 |
| Balance on military transactions. | -133 |
| Balance on investment income | +251 |
| Private remittances, net | +91 |
| U.S. Government pensions and other transfers | -60 |
| Private U.S. and foreign capital, net- | -174 |
| Corporate capital (assets and liabilities) | -52 |
| Security transactions, excluding special transactions (assets and liabilities) | +43 |
| Claims reported by U.S. banks---------------- | -165 |
| Government grants and capital, net: |  |
| Grants (excluding military) and capital outflows | $+86$ |
| Scheduled loan repayments. | $-51$ |
| Liabilities other than marketable or convertible securities. | 1 -46 |
| Errors and omissions. | $+707$ |

Special financial transactions:
ecial financial transactions:
Liquidation of U.S. securities other than Treasury issues by United Kingdom (Government and private) -Investment by international and regional organizations in long-term time deposits or certificates of deposit and nonguaranteed U.S. Government agency bonds, less sales in the United States of newly issued securities
Investment by foreign official agencies in longterm time deposits or certificates of deposit Nonscheduled loan repayments by foreign government of U.S. Government credits....
Total, above transactions=change in liquidity


1. Net of a conversion of long-term certificates of deposit into nonmarketable, nonconvertible, medium-term U.S.
rates on Euro-dollar deposits than on certificates of deposit sold in the United States, and in fact, in the third quarter these rates were closer together than at any other time in the last 2 years.
The developments in the United States and in some of the continental European countries that contributed to this year's rise in Euro-dollar rates did not result in as large a rise as in 1966; in the third quarter these rates remained below those paid on comparable investments in the United Kingdom. However, a decline in the forward rate on sterling shifted the covered yield on short-term investments in favor of the Euro-dollar, and even more so in favor of other major European currencies.
These developments in part reflected and in part intensified the exchange by foreign residents of sterling for dollar assets. The sale of sterling for dollars resulted in a shift of dollar assets from official British accounts in U.S. banks to foreign private accounts and, to the extent that foreign residents exchanged the dollars for other currencies, to an increase in dollar holdings in the official accounts of other countries. Part of the dollars sold by British official agencies were obtained from the United States through swap transactions. The corresponding amounts are reflected in the rise in U.S. official holdings of convertible currencies.

Shifts of dollar balances either from foreign official to foreign private accounts or in the opposite direction do not change the total amount of liquid dollar liabilities to foreign residunts. Therefore, they do not influence the movement of the balance measured on the liquidity basis, but they result in large fluctuations in the balance measured on the official reserve transactions basis.

A major factor in the deterioration of the liquidity balance in the third quarter was the decline in net receipts from foreign purchases of certificates of deposits and of nonmarketable, nonconvertible Government securities with an original maturity of 1 year or more. Nearly all of these purchases are made by foreign official agencies and international organizations, and exchanges of these assets for liquid dollar assets
do not affect the official reserve transactions balance.

In the third quarter, net receipts from these transactions, including those with foreign official agencies, were $\$ 160$ million as compared with over $\$ 600$ million in the second quarter and $\$ 370$ million in the first. The third quarter figures included the first of four quarterly receipts of $\$ 125$ million from the sale of bonds to Germany under the recently concluded agreement to partly offset U.S. military expenditures in that country. Under the previous agreement, which expired in mid-1967, a larger share of U.S. military expenditures in Germany was offset by German expenditures in the United States for military equipment. The bonds mature in $41 / 2$ years and are redeemable before maturity only in the event that German official reserves drop by an extraordinarily large amount.

## Goods and Services

The balance on goods and services improved $\$ 45$ million in the third quarter to $\$ 1,370$ million, after seasonal ad-
justment. The major favorable change from the second quarter was the increase of about $\$ 270$ million in income from direct investments, which included a substantial rise in earnings of petroleum companies. This increase was partly offset by a decline of nearly $\$ 75$ million in exports of nonmilitary merchandise and by a decrease of $\$ 130$ million in transfers under military sales contracts. Travel expenditures, which had risen sharply in the second quarter, increased again by a major amount.

## Merchandise trade

The balance on nonmilitary merchandise trade, after seasonal adjustment, declined about $\$ 70$ million in the third quarter. The deterioration reflected mainly a decrease in exports; the value of merchandise imports was unchanged from the preceding quarter.

Both exports and imports were affected by Middle Eastern developments. Imports of petroleum fell about $\$ 70$ million, and exports of crude oil increased about $\$ 75$ million. However, there was also a decline of about $\$ 40$

## 

## Balances on Goods and Services and on Capital Transactions



* Exclude nonscheduled repayments of U.S. Government credits and long-term liabiities of U.S. banks.
million in merchandise exports to Middle Eastern countries. These changes add to a net improvement of about $\$ 100$ million in the trade balance. Additional special developments-the strikes in the copper and automobile industries - had an adverse effect on the trade balance by reducing exports by approximately $\$ 50$ million.

Allowing for these special developments, exports were somewhat smaller than in the first two quarters of the year, and imports were higher than in the second quarter but lower than in the first quarter.

The relatively small changes in U.S. exports and imports this year represent an interruption of the rising trends in earlier years. A shift of this kind has also taken place in total world trade and has reflected the slower rate of business expansion in both the United States and most of the other industrialized countries.

## Investment income

Income on direct investments increased $\$ 270$ million after seasonal adiustment from the second quarter to the third. This quarter-to-quarter increase was without precedent, and is likely to be followed by at least a partial reversal. However, the increase was the first major rise in investment income, which had been more or less steady since 1965 , when it reached $\$ 4$ billion.
It is not yet known how much of the rise in income received may reflect increased earnings and how much may represent an increase in the share of earnings that had been paid out.

To a large extent, the increase in income was derived from petroleum investments and was related to the closing of the Suez Canal. As operating conditions in the international oil business are readjusted, the extraordinary incomes of the foreign affiliates of U.S. corporations can be expected to fall again.

## Other goods and services

Transfers under military sales contracts declined in the third quarter to $\$ 205$ million, seasonally adjusted. This was close to the quarterly average in 1966 , but was about $\$ 130$ million under
both the first and second quarter amounts, which had included deliveries on several large contracts.

Military expenditures are estimated to have been about $\$ 1,070$ million in the third quarter, approximately the same as in the preceding quarter. However, the information on which these estimates are based has been less complete than usual. Expenditures in Asia and Africa apparently stabilized at about $\$ 580$ million, or $\$ 2,320$ million at an annual rate. This compares with about $\$ 840$ million in 1964, the year before the military buildup started.
Foreign travel expenditures of U.S. residents, after seasonal adjustment, rose about $\$ 60$ million above an already high second quarter total. Most of the increase came from U.S. travel expenditures at the Canadian Exposition in Montreal. Second and third quarter expenditures that might be attributed to Expo 67 were probably somewhat more than $\$ 300$ million. Third quarter expenditures in Europe were about $\$ 24$ million or 6.5 percent higher than a year earlier, and for the first three quarters of 1967, the rise from the same period of last year was about $\$ 45$ million or 6.1 percent.

Travel receipts also increased rapidly
in the third quarter, but not quite as much as payments. For the first three quarters of 1967, receipts were about $\$ 50$ million higher than a year earlier, while payments rose by $\$ 460$ million. More than $\$ 30$ million of the rise in receipts came from travelers from continental Western Europe, many of whom may have stopped off in the United States on their visits to Expo 67. However, receipts from Canadian visitors dropped off slightly during that period, in contrast to the rising trend in previous years.

Private remittances, although about $\$ 90$ million lower than in the second quarter, remained about $\$ 30$ million above normal. The increase in both the second and third quarters included transfers of contributions to Israel.

Government pensions and other transfers rose about $\$ 60$ million in the third quarter. This increase included two special World War II claim settlements: a payment of about $\$ 15$ million to the foreign owners of a company acquired by the U.S. Government during the war and a $\$ 30$ million payment to the Philippine Government for distribution to former U.S. veterans and guerrillas.

## Government Grants and Capital Transactions

U.S. Government grants and capital outflows were $\$ 1,210$ million after seasonal adjustment, approximately $\$ 90$ million less than in the second quarter. Before seasonal adjustment, the decline was nearly $\$ 300$ million. Most of the decline was in sales of agricultural commodities under farm product disposal programs for foreign currencies and for long-term dollar credit. ExportImport Bank loan disbursements also decreased in the third quarter, mainly because of a decline in military credits. U.S. capital subscriptions to international institutions rose $\$ 35$ million to $\$ 77$ million in the third quarter. These subscriptions represent transfers of funds to international agencies-such as the International Development Association and the Inter-American Development Bank-to meet their loan commitments.

Repayments on U.S. Government credits were about $\$ 50$ million smaller than in the second quarter. The figure for the earlier quarter reflects a rescheduling by Vietnam of repayments of U.S. loans. These repayments were made in local currency funds, which

Table B.-Changes in Near-Liquid Liabilities, Nonscheduled Repayments by Foreign Governments of U.S. Credits, and Other Special Financial Transactions by U.S. and Foreign Official and International Agencies
[Millions of dollars]

| Lines in tables 1,2 , and 8 in which transactions are included are indicated in () | Effect on balance measured on- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Liquidity basis |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Official reserve transactions basis |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1965 | 1966 | 1966 |  |  |  | 1967 |  |  | 1965 | 1966 | 1966 |  |  |  | 1967 |  |  |
|  |  |  | I | II | III | IV | I | II r | III |  |  | I | II | III | IV | I | II ${ }^{r}$ | III |
| Investment by foreign official agencies in long-term time deposits or certificates of deposit in U.S. banks (53) | -38 | 788 | 43 | 284 | 88 | 373 | 304 | 584 | $1-29$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Investment by internationel and regional organizations in long-term time deposits or certificates of deposit and nonguaranteed U.S. Government agency bonds, less sales in the United States of newly issued securities (53, 52, 34) | 41 | 319 | 86 | 260 | -24 | -3 | 15 | -4 | -27 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nonscheduled repayments by foreign governments of U.S. Government credits (45) | 221 | 428 | 3 | 7 | 226 | 192 |  | (*) | 5 | 221 | 428 | 3 | 7 | 226 | 192 |  | (*) | 5 |
| Nonscheduled repayments by Canadian Government of U.S. private credits (35). |  | 139 | 40 | 69 | 30 |  |  | 30 |  |  | 139 | 40 | 69 | 30 |  |  | 30 |  |
| Canadian Government purchases of IBRD bonds from U.S. owners (36) |  | 23 |  |  | 23 |  |  |  |  |  | 23 |  |  | 23 |  |  |  |  |
| Postponement of new issues of Canadian securities (34) | 150 | $-150$ | $-150$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $-150$ | -150 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Liquidation of U.S. securities other than Treasury issues by United Kingdom (Government and private) (52) | -522 | -101 | -61 | -46 | -19 | 25 | -28 | 71 | 11 | -522 | $-101$ | $-61$ | $-46$ | -19 |  | -28 | 71 | 11 |
| Deferral of service on United Kingdom loan (13 and 44) . | -138 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $-138$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1. Net of a conversion into nonmarketable, nonconvertable, medium-term U.S. Government securities.

were used in the second and third quarters to meet U.S. military obligations. The acquisition and expenditures of Vietnamese funds were the major factors in the large shift in foreign currency operations indicated on lines A. 23 and A. 24 of table 5.

Government liabilitiesassociated with military transactions decreased $\$ 30$ million after seasonal adjustment. This is the first major decrease in these liabilities after a long period of rise. Receipts of advance payments from foreign countries dropped from $\$ 415$ million in the second quarter to $\$ 110$ million in the third, and financing by U.S. Government credits also declined to $\$ 80$ million, so that together these receipts and credits fell short of transfers of goods and services under military sales contracts.

Part of the decline of over $\$ 300$ million in receipts associated with military transactions reflected the termination of the agreement with Germany whereby German purchases of military equipment to some extent offset U.S. military expenditures in that country. Even including the $\$ 125$ million from the bond sale to Germany that partially replaced German payments for military equipment, the receipts were $\$ 180$ million less than in the second quarter.

## Private Capital Transactions

Outflows of U.S. private capital increased by about $\$ 560$ million in the third quarter after adjustment for seasonal variations, but this large
increase was partly offiset by a $\$ 230$ million rise in foreign purchases of U.S. securities and a $\$ 90$ million increase in other foreign borrowing by U.S. corporations.

The increase in the outflow of U.S. capital was mainly through purchases of foreign securities and through bank loans. The increase through direct and other corporate investments was comparatively small.

## Diract investments

Capital outflows for direct investments, seasonally adjusted, were nearly $\$ 900$ million in the third quarter, about $\$ 250$ million more than in the second. Even with that increase, however, the outflows were no higher than in the third quarter of 1966.

The third quarter outflows included $\$ 130$ million used by a U.S. corporation to repay on behalf of a foreign subsidiary a medium-term loan that had been provided by U.S. banks. This transaction thus did not affect the balance of payments.

Approximately $\$ 80$ million of the third quarter outflow consisted of funds that had been borrowed abroad during the same or earlier periods through the sales to foreigners of securities issued by U.S. corporations for the purpose of financing foreign investments. In the second quarter, the use of funds originally raised abroad was about $\$ 70$ million (table $C$ ).

In the first three quarters of this year, capital outflows for direct investments, net of the use of funds that had been borrowed abroad through the issue of

Table C.-Sources and Uses of Funds Obtained Abroad by U.S. Corporations Through the Issue of New Securities to Finance Direct Investment Abroad ${ }^{1}$

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tables } \\ & 1,2, \\ & \text { and } 8 \text {, } \\ & \text { line-- } \end{aligned}$ | (Credits +, delits -) | 1965 | 1966 | 1965 |  | 1966 |  |  |  | 1967 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III |
| 52 | Sources of funds: <br> Transactions in U.S. securities other than Treasury issues. <br> Uses of funds: | 191 | 594 | 19 | 172 | 183 | -11 | 35 | 85 | 42 | 2110 | 127 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 33 | Direct investment - . . . . . . . . | -52 | -445 | -1 | -51 | -51 | -234 | -34 | -126 | -77 | -71 | $-7$ |
| 40 | Short-term claims reported by U.S. residents other than banks. . | -139 | -143 | -18 | -121 | -126 | -57 | -1 | 41 | -15 | -15 | -50 |
| 54,55 59 | Repayments of tiabilities to foreigners_ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | -24 |  |
|  | paper held in the United States. |  | -6 |  |  | -6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

1. Excludes securities issued by subsidiaries incorporated abroad and also excludes funds obtained abroad by U.S. corporations through bank loans and other credits.
2. Includes $\$ 11$ million borrowed from foreign banks in June for which new corporate securities were issued in July.
new securities, amounted to $\$ 1,940$ million. This was $\$ 280$ million less than in the first three quarters of 1966.

Investments in Canada declined $\$ 465$ million, but investments in Europe continued to rise. There was also an increase in the area comprising Asia and Africa, which includes most of the major oil-producing countries.

## Transactions in securities

Purchases and sales of foreign and domestic securities other than Treasury issues resulted in a surplus of $\$ 110$ million after seasonal adjustment, as compared with a surplus of $\$ 150$ million in the second quarter. The increase in net purchases of foreign securities exceeded the rise in net sales of U.S. securities by about $\$ 35$ million.

Purchases of newly issued foreign securities before seasonal adjustment rose from about $\$ 410$ million in the second quarter to about $\$ 480$ million in the third. The increase included about $\$ 50$ million (from $\$ 90$ million to about $\$ 140$ million) of bonds issued by the World Bank and about $\$ 30$ million (from $\$ 30$ million to $\$ 60$ million) of bonds sold by the Government of Israel as a consequence of the recent hostilities. Adjusted for seasonal variations, the third quarter purchases of foreign securities newly issued in U.S. markets were over $\$ 515$ million as compared with about $\$ 345$ million in the second and a quarterly average of about $\$ 300$ million in 1965 and 1966.

Sales of U.S. securities, other than Treasury issues, to foreigners rose in the third quarter to about $\$ 550$ million, the largest quarterly total on record (table D). Third quarter sales included about $\$ 65$ million of U.S. Government agency bonds purchased by an international agency as a temporary investment of newly borrowed funds, nearly $\$ 130$ million of bonds issued by U.S. corporations to finance their foreign investments, and $\$ 30$ million of stocks of a U.S. corporation that it exchanged for stocks of a foreign corporation. (The acquisition of stocks in the foreign corporation is classified as a direct investment.) Other foreign purchases of U.S. securities-mostly stockswere $\$ 325$ million, which was con-

Table 1.-U.S. International Transactions
Millions of dollars]

| Line | (Credits +; debits -) | 1966 |  |  |  |  | 1967 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Year | I | II | III | IV | $\mathrm{I}^{\text {r }}$ | II ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | III ${ }^{p}$ |
| 1 | Exports of goods and services-...-.......-.... | ${ }^{p} 44,036$ | ${ }^{p}$ 10,514 | ${ }^{p} 11,228$ | ${ }^{p} 10,574$ | p 11, 720 | ${ }^{\text {p 11, }} 1179$ | ${ }^{p} 11,887$ | 11, 125 |
| 2 | Excluding transfers under military grants. | 43,039 | 10,239 | 10,871 | 10,380 | 11,549 | 11, 135 | 11,639 | 10,822 |
| 3 | Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military '. | 29, 168 | 7,073 | 7,361 | 6,968 | 7,766 | 7,589 | 7,915 | 7,157 |
| 4 | Transfers under military sales contracts.- | $\begin{array}{r}847 \\ \hline 897\end{array}$ | 198 | -260 | 178 | 211 | - 328 | +377 | 179 |
| 5 | Transfers under military grants, net. | P997 | p 275 | ${ }^{p} 357$ | ${ }^{p} 194$ | ${ }^{p} 171$ | ${ }^{p} 344$ | ${ }^{p} 248$ | 303 |
| 6 | Transportation-------------------- | 2,589 | 588 | 655 | 688 | 658 | 619 | 674 | 692 |
| 7 | Travel. | 1,573 | 317 | 428 | 489 | 339 | 358 | 427 | 500 |
| 8 | Fees and royalties from direct investments | 1,045 | 229 | 243 | 272 | 301 | 256 | 273 | 275 |
| 9 | Other private services..........-. | 1,247 | 313 | 310 | 305 | 319 | 335 | 344 | 339 |
| 10 | Other U.S. Government services. | 325 | 73 | 85 | 76 | 91 | 82 | 84 | 83 |
|  | Income on U.S. investments abroad: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11 | Direct investments ${ }^{2}$ - | 4,045 1,605 | 964 370 | 980 409 | 893 <br> 392 | $\begin{array}{r}1,208 \\ \hline 43\end{array}$ | 1,028 418 | 961 435 | 1,065 413 |
| 13 | U.S. Government assets. | +595 | 114 | 140 | 119 | 222 | 122 | 150 | 119 |
| 14 | Imports of goods and services. | $-37,937$ | -8,561 | -9,388 | -10,148 | -9, 840 | -9,617 | -10,167 | -10,440 |
| 15 | Merchandise, adjusted, exeluding military ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | -25,510 | -5,919 | -6, 271 | -6, 528 | -6,792 | -6,629 | $-6,608$ | $-6,425$ |
| 16 | Military expenditures.. | -3,694 | -861 | -911 | -953 | -969 | -1,045 | -1,070 | -1,072 |
| 17 | Transportation.......- | $-2,914$ | -639 | $-793$ | -791 | -691 | ${ }_{-671}$ | -814 | -777 |
| 18 | Travel | -2,657 | -424 | -701 | -1,037 | -495 | -455 | -870 | -1,295 |
| 19 | Private payments for other services. | -454 | -108 | -110 | -119 | -117 | -116 | -121 | -131 |
| 20 | U.S. Government payments for other services. | -634 | -143 | -136 | -195 | -160 | -152 | -141 | -200 |
|  | Income on foreign investments in the United States: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22 |  | $-1,525$ -549 | -334 -133 | -332 -134 | -387 -138 | -472 | -410 -138 | -394 -148 | -402 -139 |
| 24 | Balance on goods and services (lines 1 and 14) | ${ }^{p} 6,099$ | - 1,953 | - 1,840 | ${ }^{p} 426$ | ${ }^{p} 1,880$ | ${ }^{p} 1,862$ | ${ }^{\text {p }} 1$ 1,720 | 685 |
|  | Excluding transfers under military grants (lines 2 and 14) | 5,102 | 1,678 | 1,483 | 232 | 1,709 | 1,518 | 1,473 | 382 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & 26 \end{aligned}$ | Unilateral transfers, net; transfers to foreigners (-) Excluding military grants. | $p$ $-3,922$ $-2,925$ | n $-1,123$ -848 | $p-1,129$ -772 | $p$ <br> -850 <br> -656 | $p-820$ -649 | $p-1,067$ -723 | $p-1,139$ -891 | $-1,116$ -813 |
| 27 | Private remittances. | -647 | -153 | -166 | -153 | -175 | -162 | -299 | -201 |
| 28 | Military grants of goods and services. | ${ }^{p}-997$ | v-275 | p-357 | p-194 | p-171 | D -344 | $p-248$ | -303 |
| 29 | Other U.S. Government grants. | -1,915 | -614 | -526 | -385 | -390 | -468 | -496 | -455 |
| 30 | U.S. Government pensions and other transfers. | -363 | -81 | -80 | -118 | -84 | -94 | -97 | -157 |
| 31 | Balance on goods, services, and unilateral transfers (lines 23 and 25, or 24 and 26) ${ }^{3}$ - | 2,177 | 830 | 711 | -424 | 1,060 | 795 | 581 | -431 |
| 32 | Transactions in U.S. private assets, net; increase in assets ( | -4,213 | $-880$ | -1,272 | -469 | -1,592 | -1,151 | -976 | -1,228 |
| 33 | Direct investments ${ }^{2}$-........ | -3,543 | -604 | -1,074 | -693 | -1,172 | -892 | -416 | -684 |
| 34 | Foreign securities newly issued in the United States | -1,210 | -466 | -305 | -241 | -198 | -352 | -412 | $-479$ |
| 35 | Redemptions --..-.-...........-.-. | . 405 | 118 | 123 | 75 | 89 | 100 | 130 | 137 |
| 36 | Other transactions in foreign securities | 323 | -9 | 122 | 155 | 55 | -10 | 44 | -55 |
|  | Claims reported by U.S. banks: ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 37 38 | Long-term.......................- | $\begin{array}{r}337 \\ -84 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 127 145 | 1 -59 | 102 229 | 107 -399 | 153 -21 | 191 -391 | -77 -75 |
|  | Claims reported by U.S. residents other than banks: 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 39 | Long-term--........... | -112 | -17 | -51 | $-28$ | -16 | -68 | -165 | -36 |
| 40 | Short-term. | -329 | -174 | -29 | -68 | -58 | -61 | 43 | -31 |
| 41 | Transactions in U.S. Government assets, excluding official reserve assets, net; increase in assets ( - ) | -1,531 | -299 | -595 | -305 | -332 | -673 | -629 | -496 |
| 42 | Loans and other long-term assets 1 | -2,500 | -580 | -691 | -585 | -644 | -1,303 | -794 | -705 |
|  | Foreign currencies and other short-term assets ${ }^{1}$ | -265 | 91 | -90 | -131 | -135 | 436 | -121 | 25 |
| 44 | Repayments on credits: Scheduled | 806 | 187 | 179 | 185 | 255 | 194 | 286 | 178 |
|  | Nonscheduled | 428 | 3 | 7 | 226 | 192 |  | (*) | 5 |
| 46 | Transactions in U.S. official reserve assets, net; increase in assets (-) | 568 | 424 | 68 | 82 | -6 | 1,027 | -419 | -375 |
| 474849 | Gold | 571 | 68 | 209 | 173 | 121 | 51 | 15 | 92 |
|  | Convertible currencies - | -540 | 222 | -163 | -426 | -173 | 1,007 | -424 | $-462$ |
|  | Gold tranche position in IM F | 537 | 134 | 22 | 335 | 46 | -31 | -10 | -5 |
| 50 | Transactions in foreign assets in the United States, net; increase in foreign assets (U.S. liabilities) ( + ) | 3,301 | -78 | 1,126 | 951 | 1,302 | 52 | 1,834 | 2,490 |
| 515253 | Direct investments 2- | 86 | 52 | 37 | -113 | 110 | 60 | 63 | 15 |
|  | U.S. securities other than Treasury issues. | 909 | 173 | 520 | 107 | 109 | 120 | 319 | 547 |
|  | Long-term liabilities reported by U.S. banks. | 976 | 55 | 441 | 100 | 380 | 371 | 604 | -175 |
| 5455 | Other liabilities reported by U.S. private residents other than banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | ${ }_{269}^{205}$ | 29 39 | 16 63 | 86 112 | 74 55 | 125 59 | $-25$ | 10 170 |
|  | Liabilities of U.S. Government, excluding marketable or convertible securities: ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5657 | Associated with specific transactions...-..............-. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 116 | 4 | -6 | 69 | 49 | 107 | 118 | ${ }_{3}^{5}$ |
|  | Other nonmarketable, nonconvertible, medium-term securities | -49 | -53 | -26 | -23 | 53 | (*) | ${ }^{*}$ ) | 335 |
| 58 | U.S. Govermment marketable or convertible bonds and notes ${ }^{1}$ | -1,561 | -548 | -295 | -527 | -191 | -14 | 104 | 111 |
|  | Deposits and money market paper held in the United States ${ }^{1}$ | 2,350 | 171 | 376 | 1,140 | 663 | -775 | 537 | 1,472 |
| 60 | Errors and omissions, net. | -302 | 3 | -38 | 165 | -432 | -51 | -391 | 40 |

[^2]Table 2.-U.S. International Transactions-Seasonally Adjusted
[Millions of dollars]


[^3]3. Numerically equal to net foreign investment in U.S. national income and product accounts.
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Table 3.-U.S. Balance of Payments and Reserve Position
[Millions of dollars]

| Line |  | 1966 |  |  |  |  | 1967 |  |  | Amounts outstanding September 30, 1967 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III ${ }^{p}$ |  |
|  | Balance on liquidity basis-measured by increase in U.S. official reserve assets and decrease in liquid liabilities to all foreigners: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Seasonally adjusted; decrease in net assets ( - ) |  | -651 | -122 | -165 | -419 | $-529$ | -547 | -636 |  |
| 2 | Less seasonal adjustment. |  | -604 | 27 | 530 | 47 | -291 | -325 | 572 |  |
| 3 | Before seasonal adjustment (lines 4 and 8, with sign reversed) | $-1,357$ | $-47$ | -149 | -695 | -466 | -238 | -222 | -1, 208 | - |
| 4 | U.S. official reserve assets (table 1, line 46); increase (-) | 568 | 424 | 68 | 82 | -6 | 1,027 | -419 | -375 | 14,649 |
| 5 | Gold. | 571 | 68 | 209 | 173 | 121 | 51 | 15 | 92 | 13,077 |
| 6 | Convertible currencies..... | -540 | 222 | -163 | -426 | -173 | 1,007 | -424 -10 | -462 | 1,200 |
| 7 | IMF gold tranche position | 537 | 134 | 22 | 335 | 46 | -31 | -10 | -5 | 372 |
| 8 | Liquid liabilities to all foreigners (table 1, lines 58 and 59); decrease (-) | 789 | -377 | 81 | 613 | 472 | -789 | 641 | 1,583 | 31, 216 |
| 9 |  | -1,595 | -852 | 54 | -598 | -199 | -78 | 547 | , 281 | 15, 417 |
| 10 | To commercial banks ${ }^{1}$ - | 2,697 | 404 | 316 | 1,144 | 833 | -755 | 161 | 1,263 | 10,605 |
| 11 | To other foreign residents and unallocated ${ }^{2}$ | 212 | 109 | 66 | . 91 | -54 | 80 | 11 | 95 | 4,458 |
| 12 | To international and regional organizations. | -525 | -38 | -355 | -24 | -108 | -36 | $-78$ | $-56$ | 736 |
|  | Balance on official reserve transactions basis-measured by increase in U.S. official reserve assets and decrease in liquid and certain nonliquid liabilities to foreign official agencies: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13 | Seasonally adjusted; decrease is net assets (-). |  | -443 | -175 | 861 | -18 | -1,815 | -828 | 470 |  |
| 14 | Less seasonal adjustment. |  | -846 | 210 | 456 | 180 | -533 | $-138$ | 494 |  |
|  | Before seasonal adjustment (lines 16 through 18, with sign reversed) | 225 | 403 | -385 | 405 | -198 | -1, 282 | -690 | -24 |  |
| 16 | U.S. official reserve assets (line 4); increase (-) | 568 | 424 | 68 | 82 | -6 | 1,027 | -419 | -375 | 14,649 |
| 17 | Liquid liabilities to foreign official agencies (line 9); decrease (-) | -1,595 | -852 | 54 | -598 | -199 | -78 | 547 | 281 | 15, 417 |
| 18 | Certain nonliquid liabilities to foreign official agencies; decrease ( - ) . . . . . | 802 | 25 | 263 | 111 | 403 | 333 | 562 | 118 | 2,470 |
| 19 | Liabilities reported by U.S. private residents (table 1, portion of line 53) -- | 788 | 43 | 284 | 88 | 373 | 304 | 584 | -229 | 1,571 |
| 20 | Liabilities reported by U.S. Government (table 1, portions of lines 56 and 57) | 14 | -18 | -21 | 23 | 30 | 29 | -22 | 347 | 899 |

[^4]2. May include U.S. Government bonds and notes held by foreign commercial banks.

Table 4.-U.S. Merchandise Trade
[Millions of Dollars]

| Line |  | 1966 |  |  |  |  | 1967 |  |  | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III ${ }^{\text {p }}$ | 1966 |  |  |  | 1967 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III p |
| 1 | Merchandise exports, adjusted (table 1, line 3) | 29, 168 | 7,073 | 7,361 | 6,968 | 7,766 | 7,589 | 7,915 | 7,157 | 7, 203 | 7,181 | 7,382 | 7,402 | 7,676 | 7,717 | 7,644 |
| 2 | Plus merchandise exports, other than milit ury grant shipments excluded from line 1 but included in Census data ${ }^{1}$ | 440 | 98 | 129 | 102 | 111 | 156 | 125 | 166 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | Less merchandise exports included in line 1 but excluded from Census data ${ }^{2}$ | 182 | 38 | 55 | 54 | 35 | 57 | 65 | 33 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | Less miscellaneous and special adjustments to Census data incorporated in line 1 , net ${ }^{3}$ | 30 | 50 |  | -20 |  |  | 5 | 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | Equals: Merchandise exports, Census basis, including reexports, excluding military grant shipments | 29396 | 7,083 | 7. 435 | 7,036 | 7,842 | 7,688 | 7,970 | 7,278 | 7,217 | 7,259 | 7,452 | 7,484 | 7,790 | 7,787 | 7,780 |
| 6 | Plus military grant shipments recorded in Census data----------- | 940 | 158 | 348 | 239 | 195 | 187 | 158 | 187 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | Equals: Merchandise exports, Census basis, including reexports and military grant shipments. | 30,336 | 7,241 | 7,783 | 7,275 | 8,037 | 7,875 | 8,128 | 7,465 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 | Agricultural goods.-. | $\begin{array}{r}6,946 \\ \hline 23\end{array}$ | 1,671 | 1,671 | 1,650 | 1,954 | 1,617 | 1,606 | 1,449 | 1,673 | 1, 725 | 1,840 | 1,741 | 1,617 | 1,658 | 1,631 |
| 9 10 | Nonagricultural goods .....-----.-...... | 23,390 22,450 | 5,570 5,412 | 6, 112 5,764 | 1,625 5,386 | 6,083 5,888 | 6,258 6,071 | 6,522 6,364 | 6,016 5,829 |  |  |  |  | 6, 173 | - |  |
| 10 | Excluding military grant shipments | 22,450 | 5, 412 | 5,764 | 5,386 | 5,888 | 6,071 | 6,364 | 5,829 | 5,544 | 5,534 | 5,612 | 5,743 | 6,173 | 6,129 | 6,149 |
| 11 | Merchandise imports, adjusted (table 1, line | 25,510 | 5,919 | 6,271 | 6,528 | 6,792 | 6,629 | 6,608 | 6,425 | 6,025 | 6,225 | 6,580 | 6, 680 | 6,662 | 6,558 | 6,555 |
| 12 | Plus merchandise imports excluded from line 11 but included in Census data ${ }^{5}$ | 220 | 57 | 60 | 60 | 43 | 54 | 47 | 50 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13 | Less merchandise imports included in line 11 but excluded from Census data ${ }^{5}$ | 245 | 61 | 68 | 57 | 59 | 62 | 64 | 71 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14 | Less miscellaneous and special adjustments to Census data incorporated in line 11, net ${ }^{3}$. | -65 | 21 | -71 | -15 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | Equals: Merchandise imports, Census basis (general imports) | 25,550 | 5,894 | 6,334 | 6,546 | 6,776 | 6,621 | 6,591 | 6,404 | 6,020 | 6,307 | 6,618 | 6,685 | 6,684 | 6,571 | 6,564 |
| 16 | Foods, feeds, and beverages. | 4,499 | 1,073 | 1,116 | 1,116 | 1,194 | 1,149 | 1,099 | 1,105 | 1,125 | 1,129 | 1,132 | 1,142 | 1,181 | 1,116 | 1,141 |
| 17 | Coffee, cocoa, and sugar | 1,691 | 441 | 412 | 437 | 401 | 449 | 409 | 429 | 458 | 423 | 1, 420 | 415 | - 449 | , 422 | 430 |
| 18 | Other_ | 2,808 | 632 | 704 | 679 | 793 | 700 | 690 | 676 | 667 | 706 | 712 | 727 | 732 | 694 | 711 |
| 19 | Industrial supplies and materials | 12.092 | 2,838 | 3,100 | 3,138 | 3,016 | 2,999 | 2,949 | 2, 749 | 2,862 | 3,043 | 3,142 | 3,061 | 3,011 | 2,898 | 2,767 |
| 20 | Fuel and lubricants. | 2,247 | 600 | 530 | 572 | 545 | 621 | 560 | 490 | 560 | 543 | 585 | 567 | 572 | 572 | 505 |
| 21 | Building materials (except metals) | 789 | 177 | 223 | 215 | 174 | 164 | 191 | 209 | 201 | 211 | 194 | 184 | 184 | 181 | 188 |
| 22 | Iron and steel products. | 1,312 | 250 | 323 | 390 | 349 | 313 | 356 | 358 | 250 | 323 | 390 | 349 | 313 | 356 | 358 |
| 23 | Other metals and metal ores (except uranium) | 2,910 | 578 | 731 | 799 | 802 | 676 | 724 | 666 | 660 | 705 | 742 | 800 | 769 | 697 | 623 |
| 24 |  | 4,834 | 1,233 | 1,293 | 1,162 | 1,146 | 1,225 | 1,118 | 1,026 | 1,191 | 1,261 | 1,231 | 1,161 | 1,173 | 1,092 | 1,093 |
| 25 | Capital goods (except automotive) | 2,151 | 464 | 532 | 542 | 613 | 617 | 602 | 576 | 462 | 503 | 576 | 621 | 609 | 571 | 615 |
| 26 | Machinery and miscellaneous transport equipment | 1,939 | 418 | 480 | 482 | 559 | 581 | 575 | 544 | 416 | 451 | 516 | 567 | 573 | 544 | 583 |
| 27 |  | 153 | 32 | 39 | 45 | 37 | 17 | 12 | 18 | 32 | 39 | 45 | 37 | 17 | 12 | 18 |
| 28 | Automotive vehicles and parts (incl. engines) | 1,896 | 444 | 421 | 412 | 619 | 644 | 650 | 532 | 400 | 415 | 516 | 586 | 571 | 640 | 679 |
| 29 | Passenger cars, new and used | 1,244 | 316 | 272 | 258 | 398 | 428 | 420 | 319 | 275 | 271 | 343 | 371 | 363 | 417 | 437 |
| 30 | Trucks, buses, and special vehicles...-------- | 174 | 27 | 34 | 42 | 71 | 69 | 79 | 68 | 27 | 34 | 42 | 71 | 69 | 79 | 68 |
| 31 | Automotive parts and accessories (incl. engines) | 478 | 101 | 115 | 112 | 150 | 147 | 151 | 145 | 98 | 110 | 131 | 144 | 139 | 144 | 174 |
| 32 | Addenda: Automotive, from Canada | (915) | (185) | (182) | (188) | (960) | (954) | (418) | (333) | (170) | (180) | (244) | (322) | (325) | (410) | (426) |
| 33 | Consumer goods (nonfood), except autos and parts | 3,912 | 846 | 919 | 1,087 | 1,060 | 948 | 987 | 1, 133 | 941 | 965 | 993 | 1, 008 | 1,052 | 1,038 | 1,038 |
| 34 | Consumer durables, m•nufactured | 2, 108 | 450 | 498 | 565 | 595 | 495 | 515 | 567 | 507 | 510 | 533 | 554 | 557 | 528 | 536 |
| 35 | Consumer nondurables, manufactured. | 1,349 | 288 | 310 | 412 | 339 | 344 | 364 | 445 | 325 | 335 | 349 | 339 | 387 | 393 | 379 |
| 36 | Gem stones, nursery stock, etc., unmanufactured | 455 | 108 | 111 | 110 | 126 | 109 | 108 | 121 | 109 | 120 | 111 | 115 | 108 | 117 | 123 |
| 37 | All other, n.e.c. (uranium, military aircraft, low value shipments, U.S. goods returned, etc.) | 1,000 | 229 | 246 | 251 | 274 | 264 | 304 | 309 | 230 | 252 | 259 | 267 | 260 | 308 | 324 |
| 38 | Balance on merchandise trade, adjusted (line 1 less line 11) | 3,658 | 1,154 | 1,090 | 440 | 974 | 960 | 1307 | 732 | 1,178 | 956 | 802 | 722 | 1,014 | 1,159 | 1,089 |

[^5]Table 5.-Major U.S. Government Transactions
[Millions of dollars]

| Line |  | 1966 |  |  |  |  | 1967 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | I | II | III | IV | I | II ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | III ${ }^{\text {p }}$ |
| A. $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 a\end{aligned}$ | U.S. Government grants (excluding military) and capital outflows, total (table 1, lines 29, 42, and <br> 43, with sign reversed) <br> Seasonally adjusted | 4,680 | 1,103 1,185 | 1,307 1,194 | $\stackrel{1,101}{1,177}$ | 1,169 | 1,335 1,419 | 1,412 1,297 | 1,135 |
|  | By category: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\stackrel{2}{3}$ | Grants, net-......................-. | 1,915 | ${ }_{6}^{614}$ | 526 98 | 385 76 | 390 81 | 468 595 | 496 104 | 455 45 |
| 3 | Other foreign currency assets (excluding administrative cash holdings), net | 245 | -83 | 104 | 111 | 113 | -427 | 141 | -27 |
| 56789 | Receipts from- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Sales of agricultural commodities. Interest.-.................... | 844 186 | 216 48 | 250 50 | 190 42 | 188 46 | 198 52 | 235 52 | 137 37 |
|  | Repayments of principal | 121 | 26 | 38 | 27 | 30 | 28 | 86 | 28 |
|  | Reverse grants-.........- | 1 | (*) ${ }^{\text {( }}$ | ${ }^{*}{ }^{\text {) }}$ | (*) | 1 | 1 | ${ }^{(*)}$ | 1 |
|  | Other sources <br> Less disbursements for- | 15 | 3 | ${ }^{9} 9$ | 2 | 1 | 3 | 13 |  |
| 10 | Grants in the reci ient's currency | 386 | 214 | 108 | 34 | 30 | 38 | 70 | 63 |
| 11 | Credits in the recipient's currency | 232 | 80 | 64 | 43 | 45 | 565 | 79 | 26 |
| 12 | Other grants and credits. | 7 | ${ }_{8}^{2}$ | 2 | 1 | $\stackrel{2}{6}$ | 3 | 2 |  |
| 13 | Other U.S. Government expenditures | 297 | 80 | 69 | 72 | 76 | 102 | 94 | 143 |
| 14 | Capital subscriptions to international and regional organizations, excluding IMF---.... | -100 |  |  | 10 | -110 | 33 | 42 | 77 |
| 15 | Credits repayable in U.S. dollars | 2,239 | 474 | 593 | 499 | 673 | 675 | 648 | 582 |
| 17 | Other short-term assets (including changes in administrative cash holdings), net | 20 | -8 | -14 | 20 | 22 | -9 | -20 | $\underline{2}$ |
|  | By program: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18 | Under farm product disposal programs. | 1,401 | 368 | 430 | 272 | 331 | 298 | 401 | 256 |
| 1920 | Under Foreign Assistance Acts and related programs. | 2,278 | 571 | 548 | ${ }^{546}$ | 613 | 717 | 558 | 543 |
|  | Under Export-Import Bank Act....-...................-.........-......- | -909 | 143 | 268 | 233 | 265 | 269 | 337 | 281 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 21 \\ & 22 \end{aligned}$ | Capital subscriptions to international and regional organizations, excluding IM Other assistance programs................. | -100 | 36 | 41 | 10 31 | -110 -47 | 33 44 | 42 <br> 37 | 77 |
|  | Other assistance progras. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Other foreign currency assets acquired (lines A.6, A.7, and A.9) --................. | 322 |  | 97 | 71 | 77 | 82 | 151 | 69 |
| $\stackrel{24}{24}$ | Less foreign currencies used by U.S. Government other than for grants or credits (line A.13) | 297 -8 | 80 | -9988 | 72 | 76 | 102 | 94 | 143 |
|  | Advances under Exchange Stabilization Fund agreements, net. | -8 | -8 | -1 | -5 | ${ }^{6}$ | -1 | -24 | -1 |
| 26 | Other (including changes in administrative cash holdings), net | 20 | -4 | $-7$ | 15 | 16 | -5 | 4 | 3 |
| 27 | By disposition: ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Estimated transactions involving no direct dollar outflow from the United States. | 3,960 | 913 | 1,146 | 909 | 992 | 1,162 | 1,244 | 909 |
| 29 |  | 3,012 | 714 | 793 | 687 149 | 818 | 874 | 868 | ${ }^{665}$ |
|  |  | 287 | 15 | 130 | 65 | 77 | 108 | 128 | 81 |
| 31 <br> 32 | U.S. Government credits to repay prior U.S. Government credits ${ }^{3}$ - | 111 | 38 | 30 | 20 | 23 | 18 | 64 |  |
|  |  | 14 | 5 |  |  | 9 | ${ }^{*}$ ) | 31 | 1 |
| 32 <br> 32 | Increase in claims on U.S. Government associated with Government grants and capital outflows (including changes in retained accounts) (line B.7) | -213 | -64 | -1 | -12 | -136 | -36 | -14 | 11 |
| 34 | Estimated dollar payments to foreign countries and international and regional organizations through U.S. Government grants and capital outfows. | 720 | 190 | 161 | 192 | 177 | 174 | 168 | 225 |
| B. 1 | U.S. Government liabilities associated with specific transactions (table 1, line 56); net increase (+) Seasonally adjusted | 116 | - ${ }^{4}$ | -6 40 | 69 109 | 49 -1 | 107 | 118 | - ${ }^{5}$ |
| $\stackrel{2}{2 a}$ | Associated with military sales contracts * | 341 | 70 | -8 | 60 | 219 | 114 | 125 | -2 |
|  | Seasonally adjusted.-.-------- |  | 44 | 45 | 106 | 146 | 103 | 166 | -28 |
| 3 | U.S. Government receipts from foreign governments (including principal repayments on credits financing military sales contracts), net of refunds | 947 | 263 | 129 | 179 | 376 | 350 | 418 | 111 |
| 45 | Plus military sales contracts financed by U.S. Government credits ${ }^{\text {s }}$ (line A.30)...-.... | 287 | 15 | 130 | 65 | 77 | 108 | 128 | 81 |
|  | Less U.S. Government receipts from principal repayments....-.-.........- | 46 | 10 | 7 | 6 | 23 | 16 | 44 | 16 |
|  | Less transfers of goods and services (including transfers financed by credits) (table 1, line 4) | 847 | 198 | 260 | 178 | 211 | 328 | 377 | 179 |
| 7 | Associated with U.S. Government grants and capital outfow (line A.33). | -213 | -64 | -1 | -12 | -136 | -36 | -14 | 11 |
|  | Seasonally adjusted --......... |  | -64 | -1 | $-12$ | -186 | -90 | -14 | 11 |
| 8 | Non-interest-bearing securities issued to IDA | -75 | -36 |  | -19 | -20 | -25 |  |  |
| 9 | Non-interest-bearing securities issued to IDB | -150 -41 | -88 | (*) ${ }^{-11}$ | -10 | $-121$ |  |  |  |
| 11 |  | -41 | -20 | (*) | -10 |  | -12 |  | -5 |
|  | States. . |  | ${ }^{*}$ ) |  |  | 16 | (*) 1 | -14 |  |
| 12 | Other. | (*) | (*) | (*) | (*) |  |  | (*) |  |
| 13 | Associated with other specific transactions | -12 | -2 -10 | 3 -4 | ${ }_{13}^{21}$ | -34 -11 | ${ }_{21}^{29}$ | (*) ${ }^{7}$ | -12 |
| 13 a |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14 | Purchase of Columbia River downstream power rights.. | -30 |  |  |  | -30 |  |  |  |
| 15 |  | 4 | -2 | 3 | -4 | -1 | (*) | 10 | -3 |
| 16 | Nonmarketable, nonconvertible U.S. Government obligations to be liquidated against U.S. claims. | 22 |  |  | 25 | -3 | 29 | 4 | 2 |
|  | Foreign holdings of nonmarketable, nonconvertible medium-term U.S. Government securities not associated with specific transactions (table 1, line 57); net increase ( + ).... | -49 | -53 | -26 |  |  |  |  | 335 |
|  | Export-Import Bank Portfolio Certificates of Participation..................................-- | $-3$ |  | -3 | (*) ${ }^{3}$ | (*) | (*) | (*) | 10 |
| 3 | U.S. Treasury securities not included elsewhere ${ }^{\text {6 }}$-.-.............................................. | -46 | -53 | -23 | -23 | 53 | (*) |  | 325 |

[^6]The data for the several categories of transactions related to military sales contracts in this and the other tables, for the periods beginning with the September 1964 quarter, are partially estimated.
5. Consists of transfers of military goods and services financed by U.S. Government credits (included in line B.6) and of increases in Defense Department liabilities (on military sales contracts) which arise from advance payments to the Defense Department financed by 6 . Inchudes securities payable in U s agencies
6. Inchudes securities payable in U.S. dollars and in convertible foreign currencies.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Table 6.-Claims on Foreigners Reported by U.S. Banks and U.S. Private Residents Other Than Banks
[Millions of dollars]

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Line} \& \& \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{1966} \& \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{1967} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { A mounts } \\
& \text { out- } \\
& \text { standing } \\
& \text { September } \\
& \mathbf{3 0 , 1 9 6 7}
\end{aligned}
$$} <br>
\hline \& \& Total \& I \& II \& III \& IV \& I \& II \& III D \& <br>
\hline A. \& Claims reported by U.S. banks: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 1 \&  \& -337 \& -127 \& -1 \& -102 \& -107 \& -153 \& -191 \& 77 \& 3,913 <br>
\hline $1 a$ \& Seasonally adjusted. \& \& -129 \& 27 \& -73 \& -168 \& -150 \& -16s \& 107 \& <br>
\hline 2 \& Canada \& -32 \& -17 \& -18 \& 9 \& -6 \& -4 \& 11 \& 31 \& 352 <br>
\hline 3
4 \& United Kingdom....... \& -16
-368 \& ${ }^{(*)}{ }_{-98}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}2 \\ -35 \\ \hline 2\end{array}$ \& -12
-119 \& -6
-116 \& -80 \& -28 \& $\begin{array}{r}11 \\ -20 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 52
906 <br>
\hline 4 \& Other Western Europe \& -368 \& -98 \& -35
-27 \& -119
-32 \& -116 \& -80
-39 \& -137
-92 \& -20
-24 \& 906
171 <br>
\hline 6 \& Other countries. \& 198 \& -1 \& 77 \& 52 \& 70 \& $-29$ \& 55 \& 79 \& 2,432 <br>
\hline 7 \& Short-term (table 1, line 38, with sign reversed). \& 84 \& -145 \& 59 \& -229 \& 399 \& 21 \& 391 \& 75 \& 8,328 <br>
\hline 7a \& Seasonally adjusted. \& \& -85 \& 61 \& -16 \& 124 \& 84 \& 989 \& 290 \& <br>
\hline 8 \& U.S.-dollar loans. \& 168 \& -104 \& 44 \& 32 \& 196 \& -117 \& -105 \& 128 \& 3, 046 <br>
\hline 9 \& Canada--: \& 31 \& 15 \& -11 \& $-21$ \& 48 \& 19 \& -6 \& -7 \& 197 <br>
\hline 10 \& United Kingdom....... \& $-15$ \& -13
-4 \& $-4$ \& ${ }^{16}$ \& -14 \& ${ }^{*}{ }^{*}$ \& 44 \& 4 \& 98 <br>
\hline 11
12 \& Other Western Europe \& 80
-34
-3 \& -4
-20 \& 49
-5 \& 20
-24 \& 15
15 \& -86
-50 \& -41
-101 \& 8 \& 442
507 <br>
\hline 13 \& Other countries.. \& -106 \& $-82$ \& 15 \& - 41 \& 132 \& ${ }^{*}{ }^{*}{ }^{80}$ \& -1 \& 19 \& 1,802 <br>
\hline 14 \& U.S.-dollar acceptance credits. \& -58 \& (*) 37 \& -70 \& -208 \& 183 \& 88 \& 400 \& -98 \& 2,929 <br>
\hline 15 \& Canada --.............. \& -7 \& (*) \& -2 \& -2 \& -3 \& ${ }^{*}{ }^{13}$ \& 10 \& -7
-7 \& ${ }^{62}$ <br>
\hline 16
17 \& United Kingdom....... \& 8
63 \& 2
-7 \& $\bigcirc$ \& -16 \& 8
37 \& ${ }^{(*)}{ }_{-32}$ \& 8
11 \& -7
-8 \& 25
242 <br>
\hline 18 \& Japan............ \& -219 \& 29 \& -59 \& -218 \& 29 \& 60 \& 336 \& -106 \& 1,681 <br>
\hline 19 \& Other countries. \& 97 \& 13 \& -25 \& -3 \& 112 \& 47 \& 35 \& 30 \& 919 <br>
\hline 20 \& U.S.-dollar collections outstanding \& (*) 95 \& 15 \& 33 \& ${ }^{\text {( }} 54$ \& (*) 7 \& 68 \& 73 \& 22 \& 1,452 <br>
\hline 21 \& Canada \& ${ }^{*}{ }^{*}$ \& -2 \& - ${ }_{-6}$ \& \& (*) \& -1 \& ${ }_{2}^{2}$ \& 2 \& <br>
\hline ${ }_{23}^{22}$ \& United Kingdom...... \& 3

24 \& 5 \& ${ }^{*}{ }^{-6}$ \& (*) ${ }_{16}$ \& 4
4 \& $\frac{1}{3}$ \& -15 \& -14 \& 19 <br>
\hline 23
24 \& Other Western Europe \& 24
30 \& 4
20 \& $\left.{ }^{*}\right)^{30}$ \& 16
8 \& 4
-28 \& 3
22
2 \& -15 \& -14
48 \& 150 <br>
\hline 25 \& Other countries. \& 38 \& -12 \& 7 \& 30 \& -13 \& 43 \& 16 \& -15 \& 657 <br>
\hline 26 \& Other claims in U.S. dollars. \& -49 \& -46 \& 27 \& -64 \& 34 \& -20 \& 46 \& 1 \& 479 <br>
\hline 27 \& Canada--...... \& -87 \& -39 \& 23 \& -87 \& 16 \& -16 \& 21 \& -29 \& 170 <br>
\hline ${ }_{29}^{28}$ \& United Kingdom....... \& 12 \& -9 \& 5 \& 13 \& 3 \& -4 \& (*) -3 \& 31 \& 62 <br>
\hline ${ }_{2}^{29}$ \& Other Western Europe \& 27 \& -5 \& 2 \& 21 \& \& -6 \& (*) \& -12 \& 37 <br>
\hline 30
31 \& Japan.-............ \& -12
11 \& 3
4 \& -6
3 \& -9 \& (*) 6 \& 7
-1 \& 17
11 \& - 16 \& 147
63 <br>
\hline 32 \& Foreign currency deposits and other claims. \& -72 \& -47 \& 25 \& -43 \& -7 \& 2 \& -23 \& 22 \& 422 <br>
\hline 33 \& Canada \& - 14 \& 4 \& -16 \& -43 \& - 3 \& -9 \& -49 \& 11 \& 118 <br>
\hline 34 \& United Kingdom-...- \& -14 \& -5 \& \& -47 \& -7 \& 24 \& -4889 \& -13 \& 80 <br>
\hline 35 \& Other Western Europe \& $-13$ \& $-2$ \& $\stackrel{4}{4}$ \& -11 \& -4 \& $-18$ \& 15 \& 20 \& 132 <br>
\hline 36
37 \& Japan \& -31 \& $-17$ \& -10 \& -3 \& -1 \& (*) \& 4 \& -2 \& 31 <br>
\hline 37 \& Other countries. \& -28 \& -27 \& 2 \& -5 \& 2 \& 5 \& -1 \& 6 \& 61 <br>

\hline B. 1 \& | Claims reported by U.S. private residents other than banks: |
| :--- |
| Long-term (table 1 , line 39 , with sign reversed). | \& 112 \& 17 \& 51 \& 28 \& 16 \& 68 \& 165 \& -36 \& 1,707 <br>

\hline 2 \& Canada - \& 33 \& 3 \& 12 \& 16 \& 2 \& 10 \& 21 \& 5 \& 563 <br>
\hline 3 \& United Kingdom...-- \& -4 \& -4 \& (*) \& -3 \& 3 \& 5 \& -3 \& 13 \& 40 <br>
\hline 4 \& Other Western Europe \& 83 \& 12 \& 43 \& 7 \& 21 \& 34 \& 24 \& -46 \& 211 <br>
\hline 5 \& Japan................- \& -3 \& -1 \& -7 \& 12 \& -7 \& 13 \& 2 \& - 2 \& 109 <br>
\hline 6 \& Other countries. \& 3 \& 7 \& 3 \& -4 \& -3 \& 6 \& 121 \& -6 \& 784 <br>
\hline 7 \& Short-term (table 1, line 40, with sign reversed) \& 329 \& 174 \& 29 \& 68 \& 58 \& 61 \& -43 \& 31 \& 2,777 <br>
\hline 7 a \& Seasonally adjusted. \& \& 180 \& -1 \& 48 \& 107 \& 70 \& -78 \& 6 \& --- <br>
\hline 8 \& Reported by brokerage concerns................................................ \& 9 \& \& 34 \& \& -25 \& \& 61 \& \& 189 <br>
\hline 9 \& Reported by others. .-..........-................................................................ \& 320
-115 \& 174 \& -5 \& -68 \& 83 \& 61 \& -104 \& 31 \& 2,588 <br>
\hline 10 \& Canada -...... \& -115 \& -32 \& -16 \& -41 \& -26 \& -7 \& 12 \& -2 \& 494 <br>
\hline 11 \& United Kingdom....... \& 253 \& 118 \& 52 \& 106 \& -23 \& 67 \& -69 \& -36 \& 577 <br>
\hline 12 \& Other Western Europe \& 115 \& 87 \& -31 \& 12 \& 47 \& 16 \& -72 \& 40 \& 575 <br>
\hline 13 \& Japan \& 3 \& 11 \& -18 \& ${ }^{-9}$ \& 19 \& $-1$ \& 16 \& 17 \& 179 <br>
\hline 14 \& Other countries. \& 64 \& -10 \& 8 \& (*) \& 66 \& -14 \& 9 \& 12 \& 763 <br>
\hline 15 \& Of which: Deposits and money market assets. \& 155 \& 162 \& -36 \& 61 \& -32 \& 53 \& -60 \& n.a. \& 11,024 <br>
\hline 16 \& U.S.-dollar claims reported by major U.S. corporations. \& 180 \& 94 \& 29 \& 81 \& -24 \& 28 \& -108 \& -27 \& . 725 <br>
\hline 17 \& Foreign currency claims ............................... \& -25 \& 68 \& -65 \& -20 \& -8 \& 25 \& 48 \& $\boldsymbol{n . a}$. \& 299 <br>
\hline 18 \& Canada--............ \& -88 \& -2 \& -34 \& -23 \& -29 \& -6 \& -1 \& n.a. \& 304 <br>
\hline 19 \& United Kingdom....... \& 225 \& 128 \& ${ }^{33}$ \& 83 \& -19 \& 71 \& -67 \& n.a. \& 452 <br>
\hline 20 \& Other Western Europe. \& 35 \& 41 \& -16 \& -2 \& 12 \& -7 \& -12 \& n.a. \& 100 <br>
\hline ${ }_{22}^{21}$ \& Japan.. \& -30 \& -3 \& -21 \& -2 \& -4 \& -2 \& 19 \& n.a. \& 86 <br>
\hline 22 \& Other countries. \& 13 \& -2 \& 2 \& 5 \& 8 \& -3 \& 1 \& n.a. \& 82 <br>
\hline \& Memorandum items: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& U.S.-dollar deposits in Canadian banks: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline 23 \& As reported by major U.S. corporations other than banks (included in line B.18) \& -90 \& -24 \& -33 \& -20 \& -13 \& -18 \& -9 \& -14 \& 187 <br>
\hline 24 \& As reported in Canadian banking statistics................................................ \& -238 \& $-126$ \& $-63$ \& -54 \& -r \& -18
-1 \& 14 \& -80 \& 560 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

[^7]Table 7.-U.S. Liquid Liabilities to Foreigners
[Millions of dollars]

| Line |  |  | 1966 |  |  |  | 1967 |  |  | Amounts outstanding September 30, 1967 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III ${ }^{p}$ |  |
| $\stackrel{1}{2}$ | Liquid lisbilities to all foreigners (table 1 , lines 58 and 59; table 3, lines 8 through 12) ... To foreign official agencies. | 789 $-1,595$ | -377 -852 | 81 54 | 613 -598 | 472 -199 | -789 -78 | 641 547 | 1,583 | 31, 216 |
| 3 | Central banks and governments. | -1,772 | -983 | 36 | -626 | -199 | -95 | 542 | 281 | 14,384 |
| 4 | Demand deposits.....-.-.-. | -144 | -40 | - 16 | -103 | 191 | -389 | 134 | 173 | 1,597 |
| 5 | Time deposits ${ }^{1} \ldots$ | -250 | 11 | -122 | -34 | -105 | -188 | 51 | 100 | 2,631 |
| 6 | Other private obligations, mainly money market paper | $-123$ | -228 | $\bigcirc 370$ | $-38$ | -227 | 118 | 262 | -190 | 1, 551 |
|  | U.S. Government obligations: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 | Shor-term securites ${ }_{\text {Payable in }}$ | $-870$ | - ${ }_{-751}$ | -108 | -129 | 111 | 860 | 12 | 204 | 7,891 |
| 9 | Payable in foreign currencies. | 517 | 317 | 50 | 151 | -1 | $-78$ | $-15$ | -125 | 904 |
| 10 | Bonds and notes, marketable | -245 | -5 | 6 | -254 | 8 | 5 | 52 | -6 | 911 |
| 11 | Bonds and notes, nonmarketable, convertible | -945 | -367 | -176 | -226 | -176 -125 | 72 | 46 | 125 | 499 |
| 13 | Payable in foreign currencies | -820 | - 367 | -176 | -226 | $-121$ | 72 | 46 | 125 | 474 |
| 14 | International Monetary Fund ${ }^{2}$ | 177 | 131 | 18 | 28 |  | 17 | 5 | (*) | 1,033 |
| 15 | To foreign commercial banks. | 2,697 | 404 | 316 | 1,144 | 833 | -755 | 161 | 1,263 | 10,605 |
| 15a | Seasonally adjusted. |  | 154 | 492 | 1,062 | 989 | $-1,005$ | 941 | 1,177 |  |
| 16 | Demand deposits.. | 1,854 | 483 | 167 | 706 | 498 | -518 | 278 | 980 | 7,375 |
| 17 | Time deposits | 349 | -164 | 17 | 232 | 264 | -190 | $-82$ | 79 | 1,051 |
| 18 | Other private obligations, mainly money market paper ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 470 | 88 | 181 | 128 | 73 | -49 | -40 | 221 | 2,052 |
| 19 | U.S. Government short-term securities. | 24 | -3 | -49 | 78 | -2 | 2 | 5 | -17 | 127 |
| 20 | To other foreign residents and unallocated. | 212 | 109 | 66 | 91 | $-54$ | 80 | 11 | 95 | 4,458 |
|  | Demand deposits.. | -61 | -44 | -4 | 5 | -18 | 43 | 59 | $-37$ | 1,578 |
| 22 | Time deposits ${ }^{\text {1 }}$-...-.-............ | 225 | 109 | 54 | 46 | 16 | 34 | -8 | 93 | 1,937 |
| 23 | Other private obligations, mainly money market paper ${ }^{1}$ | -3 | 23 | 34 | 8 | -68 | 5 | -37 | 18 | 315 |
|  | U.S. Government obligations: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{25}^{24}$ | Short-term securities .... | $-5$ | 20 | -16 -2 | ${ }_{-35}^{35}$ | -25 41 | -4 | -11 8 | ${ }_{14}^{7}$ | 76 552 |
| 26 | To international and regional organizations not included above. | -525 | -38 | -355 | -24 | -108 | -36 | -78 | -56 | 736 |
| 27 | Demand deposits. | 15 | 13 | -3 | 3 | 2 | -3 |  | 15 | 69 |
| 28 | Time deposits ${ }^{1}-\ldots$ | -62 | 14 | -65 | -7 | -4 | -3 | $-20$ | 12 | 127 |
| 29 | Other private obligations, mainly money market paper ${ }^{1}$ - | -93 | 2 | -61 | ${ }^{*}$ ) | -34 | 122 | -138 | -43 | 115 |
|  | U.S. Government obligations: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30 31 |  | 42 | 129 | -103 | 24 | -8 | ${ }_{-93}^{59}$ | -82 | -18 -22 | 217 -08 |
|  | Bonds and notes. | -427 | -190 | -123 | -44 | -64 | -93 | -2 |  |  |

PPreliminary. *Less than $\$ 500,000$ (土).

1. With maturity of 1 year or less; negotiable certificates of deposit with a maturity of 1 year or less are included with money market paper.
2. Includes liabilities of U.S. monetary authorities for gold deposited by and held for IMF.

Excludes dollar holdings of IMF except holdings acquired through gold sales to the United States with the option to reverse the transactions. These reversible transactions amounted to $\$ 200$ million in 1956, $\$ 300$ million in 1959, and $\$ 300$ million in 1960 .
3. May include U.S. Government bonds and notes held by foreign commercial banks

Table 8.-U.S. International Transactions, by Area
[Millions of dollars]


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Table 8.-U.S. International Transactions, by Area-Continued
[Millions of dollars]


Table 8.-U.S. International Transactions, by Area-Continued
[Millions of dollars]

${ }^{r}$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{*}$ Less than $\$ 500,000( \pm)$.
${ }^{1}$ Includes transactions with shipping companies operating under the flags of Honduras,
Liberia, and Panama.
${ }_{2}$ Excludes undistributed profits of subsial

Note.-Details may not add to totals because of rounding.
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Table 8.-U.S. International Transactions, by Area-Continued
[Millionsof dollars]


Table 9.-Changes in Reported Foreign Gold Reserves and Liquid Dollar Holdings Through Known Transactions With the United States and Through Other Transactions, by Area ${ }^{1}$

| [Millions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Line |  | Total | 1966 |  |  |  | 1967 |  |  |
|  |  |  | I | II | III | IV | I | II ${ }^{r}$ | III ${ }^{p}$ |
|  | All areas: | $\begin{array}{r} 1,314 \\ 1,217 \\ 97 \end{array}$ | 1041391 | 15610749 | 634666-36-32 | 420431-11 | 167206-39 | 84191-107 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,057 \\ 1,169 \\ -112 \end{array}$ |
| 1 | Total increase ... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\stackrel{2}{3}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Western Europe, including United Kingdom: |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} -133 \\ -152 \\ -19 \end{array}$ | 29424648 | 30228517 | 386 <br> 116 <br> 270 | 477-193670 | $\begin{array}{r} 123 \\ -121 \\ -244 \end{array}$ | 776177599 |
| 4 | Total increase | $\begin{aligned} & 849 \\ & 495 \\ & 354 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 6 | Through known transactions with the United States |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United Kingdom: |  | $\begin{array}{r} 294 \\ 647 \\ -353 \end{array}$ | 615123492 | $\begin{array}{r} -254 \\ 230 \\ -484 \end{array}$ | -360-179-539 | 293115178 | $\begin{gathered} 517 \\ 96 \\ 421 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -470 \\ 95 \\ -565 \end{array}$ |  |
| 7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | n.a.11.9.n. |
| 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Eastern Europe: |  | $\begin{array}{r} 13 \\ -39 \\ -32 \end{array}$ | -5-2116 | 13-2 | 8-1119 | $\begin{array}{r}9 \\ -10 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | -17-181 | 8-1119 | -17-8 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 11 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Canada: |  | -321-292-299 | $\begin{array}{r}-196 \\ -339 \\ \hline 143\end{array}$ | -7-192-199 | $\begin{array}{r}242 \\ -45 \\ \hline 287\end{array}$ | -190-185-5 | $\begin{array}{r}-180 \\ -363 \\ \hline 183\end{array}$ | 280421-141 |
| 13 | Total increase.........................- | $\begin{aligned} & -282 \\ & -214 \\ & -68 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14 15 | Through known transactions with the United States |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Latin American Republics and other Western Hemisphere: | $\begin{array}{r} -247 \\ -99 \\ -148 \end{array}$ | -47-76-7629 | -114-1217 | -131-69-200 | 452916 | 16910564 | 103-338-441 | -12118-139 |
| 16 | Total increase...-.........--........... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 17 \\ & 18 \end{aligned}$ | Through known transactions with the United States. Through other transactions |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Japan: | $\begin{array}{r} -322 \\ -432 \\ -754 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -48 \\ 193 \\ -241 \end{array}$ | -68-88-156 | -15843-201 | -48-108-156 | -17023-193 | $\begin{array}{r} 16 \\ 321 \\ -305 \end{array}$ | 38203-165 |
| 19 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20 21 | Through known transactions with the United States Through other transactions. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Australia, New Zealand, and South Africa: |  | $\begin{array}{r} 218 \\ -376 \\ -594 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}124 \\ -68 \\ \hline 192\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}130 \\ -39 \\ \hline 169\end{array}$ | -15-155 | -21-11493 | $-94$ | -37-178141 | 1-106107 |
| 22 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{24}^{23}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other countries in Asia and Africa: |  | 379732-353 | $\begin{array}{r} 85 \\ 140 \\ -55 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 216 \\ 457 \\ -241 \end{array}$ | 230261-31 | -152-126-26 | $\begin{array}{r} 38 \\ 425 \\ -387 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 102 \\ 386 \\ -284 \end{array}$ | 130307-177 |
| 25 | Total increase - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26 | Through known transactions with the United States |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 27 | Through other transactions...- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | International organizations and unalloca ted: | $\begin{array}{r} 706 \\ -16 \\ \hline 722 \end{array}$ | 44922427 | -107-226119 |  | -4141-82 |  |  |  |
| 28 | Total increase.. |  |  |  | 405147258 |  | -4683-129 | -51105-156 | -46 <br> 182 <br> -228 |
| 29 | Through known transactions with the United States ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 30 | Through other transactions..-........................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Note.-Details may not add to totals because of rounding.
${ }_{1}$ Revised. $\quad$ P Preliminary, n.a. Not available.
${ }^{1}$ Total increase represents changes in reported gold reserves of foreign central banks and governments (including international organizations but excluding the countries of the Soviet bloc) net of convertible currencies included in U.S. official reserve assets (table 1 , line 48) plus (table 1, lines 58 and 59) plus net changes in foreign Ch positions through U.S. dollar transactions (table 1, line 49).
Changes through known transactions with the United States represents for each of the separate areas" shown the sum (with sign reversed) of table 1 , lines $23,25,32,41$, and 51-57. For "Al", line 23 is adjusted to exclude net sales or net purchases $(-)$ of gold by U.S. private residents to the U.S. monetary gold stock. These were (in millions of dollars): 1966, year, $-140 ;$ I, -34 ; II, -42 ; III, -29 ; IV, -35 ; 1967, I-32; II, -31; III, -39.

Changes through other transactions equals "Total increase" less "Changes through known transactions with the United States." For "All areas" this difference represents known acquisitions $(+)$ or sales ( - ) of gold by foreign central banks and governments outside the plus sales by the Soviet bloc less net gold purchases by others. For each of the separate areas shown the difference reflects net gold and dollar receipts $(+)$ or payments $(-)$ resulting from their transactions with countries other than the United States, net of changes in their convertible currencies included in U.S. official reserve assets resulting from U.S. transactions with other areas, and from unrecorded transactions with the United States.
2 Includes transactions with shipping companies operating under the flag of Honduras, Liberia, and Panama.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

## (Continued from page 18)

siderably higher than in previous quarters and more than is likely to be maintained.

## Claims reported by U.S. banks

Outstanding loans and other claims on foreigners reported by U.S. banks for themselves and their U.S. customers increased about $\$ 150$ million in the third quarter. Seasonal adjustments raised this amount to nearly $\$ 400$ million. This included more than $\$ 100$ million in loans with an original maturity of 1 year or more and nearly $\$ 300$ million in shorter term loans and other short-term claims. The third quarter net outflow of capital through bank-reported transactions, after seasonal adjustment, was the largest since the first quarter of 1965 , before the Federal Reserve Program for voluntary restraints on bank loans to foreigners was initiated. It was also more than the $\$ 250$ million quarterly increase in the interim ceiling suggested by the Federal Reserve Board. However, at the end of September, outstanding foreign bank assets were still $\$ 530$ million under the ceiling.

In the second quarter, the seasonally adjusted outflow of bank-reported capital was $\$ 230$ million. The second and
third quarter net outflows followed net inflows totaling about $\$ 200$ million in the three preceding quarters. With a lag of several months, the shift reflects the change from the relatively tight reserve position of banks during most of 1966 to the more ample reserve position in 1967.

## Unrecorded transactions

A major shift-amounting to about $\$ 700$ million-occurred in the balance on unrecorded transactions, after adjustment for seasonal variations. This balance was adverse by about $\$ 550$ million in the second quarter and positive by about $\$ 150$ million in the third.
The reasons for this swing are not known, but it may be due to delays from the end of the second quarter to the beginning of the third in the recording of the debit entries on some of the very large transactions that occurred at the end of June. For the two quarters together, errors and omissions resulted in net debits of $\$ 400$ million, roughly the same as the total in the two previous quarters.

## Temporary Developments

International transactions in the third quarter continued to be affected to an exceptional degree by erratic and tem-

Table D.-Transactions in U.S. Securities Other Than Treasury Issues (Increase in Foreign Assets +)

| [Millions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tables 1, 2, and 8, line 52 | 1966 |  |  |  |  | 1967 |  |  |
|  | Total | I | II | III | IV | I | II ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | III |
| Total. | 909 | 173 | 520 | 107 | 109 | 120 | 319 | 547 |
| Issues of new securities sold abroad by U.S. corporations to finance direct investments abroad | 594 | 183 | 291 | 35 | 85 | 92 | 199 | 127 |
| Investment by international and regional organizations in nonguaranteed U.S. Government agency bonds. | 244 | 73 | 139 | 27 | 5 | -6 | 71 | 67 |
| Liquidation of U.S. securities other than Treasury issues by United Kingdom (Government and private) | -101 | -61 | -46 | -19 | 25 | -28 | 71 | 11 |
| Other transactions. Bonds. Stocks | $\begin{array}{r}172 \\ -48 \\ \hline 200\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}-22 \\ -50 \\ \hline 28\end{array}$ | 136 13 -195 | 64 22 42 | -6 -1 -5 | 62 2 60 | 78 8 70 | 342 28 314 |

[^8]porary developments that obscured underlying longer run trends.
The Middle Eastern crisis not only improved the trade balance by about $\$ 100$ million but also was an important factor in raising incomes on direct investments. Moreover, it raised payments through private remittances to, and bond purchases from, Israel. Transactions associated with the crisis may have resulted in net receipts of about $\$ 100$ million, not quite offsetting net payments of about $\$ 150$ million in the second quarter.

Other temporary developments having a favorable effect on the balance included the positive balance on "Errors and Omissions," which was approximately $\$ 350$ million higher than the most recent four-quarter average, and the exceptionally large foreign investments in U.S. stocks, which exceeded the average in previous quarters by about $\$ 250$ million.
Temporary developments that resulted in net payments included the bulge in travel expenditures, which may be estimated at about $\$ 180$ million. Other temporary developments that had adverse effects on the balance were the strikes in the automobile and copper industries, which reduced exports, the more than sustainable increase in U.S. banking claims, and the unusually large U.S. purchases of outstanding foreign securities.

With receipts that may be attributed to special developments of about $\$ 700$ million, and payments of about $\$ 400$ million, the net improvement in the balance may have been around $\$ 300$ million. In the preceding quarter similar developments resulted in net payments of about $\$ 400$ million.
These transactions thus resulted in a favorable shift of about $\$ 700$ million between the two quarters. However, these gains were offset by the sharp reduction in foreign official investments in time deposits with an original maturity of 1 year or more and in net receipts from official transactions listed in table B.

# The Responsiveness of Federal Personal Income Taxes to Income Chang̣e 

RRLIABLE estimates of Federal tax revenues are essential for the evaluation of the economic impact of the Federal budget. One of the purposes of this article is to aid in the preparation of such estimates through the presentation of tax functions that relate Federal personal income tax payments (less tax refunds) to "tax policy variables"such as the tax and exemption ratesand to population and personal income. The equations are based on annual data for 1947-65 and are developed within the framework of the national income accounts (NIA). ${ }^{1}$ These equations can be used, for example, to help estimate tax receipts under the 1965 personal income tax schedule. They can also be used to provide estimates under other schedules.
Another purpose of this article is to present summary measures of the automatic responsiveness of Federal personal income taxes to changes in personal income under the 1965 tax schedule and to compare these with estimates under the 1954 and earlier postwar tax schedules. The summary measures are: (1) The marginal tax rate, which shows the absolute change in tax payments per dollar change in income; and (2) the tax elasticity, which shows the percent change in tax payments for a 1 percent change in income. (The two summary measures are mathematically related; the tax elasticity is the marginal tax rate divided by the ratio of tax payments to personal income.) The marginal tax rate may be used as an index to compare postwar changes in the automatic stabilizing effect of Federal personal

[^9]income taxes on real output and on price change induced by a change in demand. In conjunction with the level of taxes, the tax elasticity may be used to determine whether the tax is an automatic fiscal stabilizer of real output and prices during periods of inflationary changes in demand or costpush inflation. This condensed statement of the significance of the two summary measures is elaborated in later sections of this article.

## Major findings

The primary objective of the Federal personal income tax cuts in 1964 and 1965 was to reduce the restrictive effect of these taxes on the level of demand and output. It was also considered

## Personal and Adjusted Gross Income of Taxable and Nontaxable Individuals



[^10]desirable, to the extent possible under the new schedule, to retain their effectiveness as an automatic fiscal stabilizer on output with respect to changes in demand. ${ }^{2}$

One of the major findings of this article is that this result was essentially realized. The average rate of taxation was reduced significantly, but the marginal tax rate with respect to personal income in 1965 under the 1965 tax schedule- 14.5 percent-was only slightly lower than under the 1954 schedule- $\mathbf{1 5 . 0}$ percent. (These estimates of the aggregate marginal rate reflect changes in the level and distribution of income as well as changes in the rate structure.) The study also finds that the marginal tax rate under the 1965 tax schedule is positively related to personal income, but the relationship is very weak.

A second major finding is that the tax elasticity with respect to personal income in 1965 under the 1965 schedule, 1.55, was larger than in 1963 under the 1954 tax schedule, 1.41 . When these changes are considered in conjunction with the level of taxes in the 2 years, the automatic pricestabilizing effect of Federal personal income taxes was found to be about the same in 1965 as in 1963. The study also finds that the tax elasticity is inversely related to personal income; i.e., the tax elasticity tends to decline as income grows over time.

Finally, on the basis of a limited test it appears that the tax functions predicted extremely well. For 1966, a year not included in the regression analysis, the predicted value of Federal personal income tax payments (less tax refunds) was $\$ 57.0$ billion.

[^11]This was $\$ 1.6$ billion below the actual figure of $\$ 58.6$ billion, but most of the difference-perhaps as much as $\$ 1.5$ billion-can be accounted for by the introduction of graduated withholding rates in 1966, which the equation could not be expected to predict. The schedule of graduated withholding rates should not affect predictions after 1966 when it becomes a normal part of the personal income tax system.

## A qualification

A general qualification should be stated at this point. The estimates of the marginal tax rate and the tax elasticity are based on annual data. For questions of shortrun stability, it would be more useful if the summary measures were based on quarterly or even monthly data. Estimates based on annual data tend to be somewhat larger than those based on quarterly data because on a quarterly basis nearly all of the automatic response to changes in current income is limited to the withheld portion of the taxes. ${ }^{3}$ However, this does not affect the general conclusions based on comparisons under the 1965 and earlier postwar tax schedules. Also, for post-1966 analyses, the quarterly and annual estimates should be closer because of the introduction of graduated withholding rates.
3. Albert Ando, E. Cary Brown, Robert M. Solow, and John Kareken, "Lags in Fiscal and Monetary Policy," Stabilization Policies (Commission on Money and Credit and Prentice-IIall, 1962), pp. 97-102.

The remaining sections in the article are as follows: The first section briefly reviews postwar trends in the basic series used in the article. The second section provides a discussion of the summary measures or tax parameters
and their interpretation in the article. The third section presents the estimated tax functions. The fourth and final section presents the estimated values of the summary measures and discusses their implications.

## Postwar Trends in Factors Affecting Taxes

There is a considerable difference between personal income and "adjusted gross income," the gross income concept used for income tax calculations. According to OBE estimates, total adjusted gross income (AGI) of taxable and nontaxable individuals was $\$ 468.7$ billion in $1965, \$ 69.1$ billion less than personal income (table 1). ${ }^{4}$ The portion of personal income not included in total AGI amounted to $\$ 100.6$ billion; the major items excluded from AGI were transfer payments, other labor income, and imputed income. On the other side of the ledger, $\$ 31.5$ billion included in total AGI was not in personal income. The principal items were contributions of employees and self-employed persons for social insurance and net gains from the sale of capital assets.

[^12]Total AGI exhibited about the same annual movements as personal income from 1947 to 1965 (chart 7). However, there was a slight downward shift in the level of total AGI relative to personal income beginning in 1958. The ratio of total AGI to personal income fluctuated within the narrow range of 88 to 90 percent from 1947 to 1957 and between 86 and 87 percent from 1958 to 1965. This shift was due partly to an increase in transfer payments, which are included in personal income but not in total AGI.

## Taxable income

Taxable income of individuals (AGI of taxable individuals minus their personal exemptions and deductions) was $\$ 254$ billion in 1965 or considerably less than AGI of taxable and nontaxable individuals (table 2). Taxable income as a percent of total AGI increased from 44 percent in 1947 to 54 percent in 1965 (chart 8). This reflects a rise in the proportion of total AGI reported by taxable individuals and a rise in

Table 1.-Reconciliation Between Personal Income and Adjusted Gross Income of Taxable and Nontaxable Individuals, 1947 - 65


Note.-A more detailed reconciliation is available on request.
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.
the proportion of their AGI that was taxable income.
The postwar rise in taxable income relative to AGI reported on taxable returns was the result of a decrease in the relative importance of personal exemptions, which was only partially offset by an increase in the relative importance of personal deductions. The drop in 1948 was the result of an increase in the personal exemption rate from $\$ 500$ to $\$ 600$ under the Revenue Act of 1948. The ratio of personal exemptions to AGI of taxable individuals declined from 33 percent in 1948 to 23 percent in 1965 . Over this period, deductions as a fraction of AGI of taxable individuals increased from 12 to 16 percent; almost 90 percent of this increase was in itemized deductions.

## Tax liabilities

Under the Revenue Act of 1954, which was in effect from 1954 to 1963, individual income tax liabilities (after credits) increased at the same rate as taxable income so that the ratio--the average effective tax rate-remained virtually constant at 23 percent (chart 9 ). This is surprising since the individual income tax is progressive and since taxable income per taxable return rose about 50 percent over the period. The major explanation lies in the wide tax brackets that were used in the 1954 tax schedule. For individuals filing joint returns, which account for the bulk of taxable income, the upper limit of the lowest tax bracket was $\$ 4,000$. A married taxpayer with two dependent children using standard deductions could have doubled his AGI from 1954 to 1963, reported a figure of $\$ 7,100$ in 1963 , and still have remained within the initial tax bracket. Also, increases in the average rate resulting from the movements of individuals into higher tax brackets were apparently offset by the lower tax rate of previously nontaxable individuals entering the initial tax bracket. Similar comparisons for 1947-53 indicate that the average effective tax rate paralleled the statutory rate for the lowest tax bracket under the earlier postwar tax schedules.

The progressivity in the 1965 tax schedule can be expected to have a more noticeable effect on the average effective tax rate since the initial class in the earlier schedules was divided into four classes in the 1965 schedule. To continue the example cited above-the taxpayer who doubled his AGI and was still taxed at the same initial-bracket rate under the 1954 schedule would have experienced three rate changes under the 1965 schedule.

## Federal personal income tax payments

NIA Federal personal income tax payments, the major interest of this article, and individual income tax liabilities as reported in Statistics of Income differ in both scope and timing. The

## Summary Measures

Two aggregate measures, or tax parameters, are generally employed to summarize the automatic responsiveness of taxes to income changethe marginal rate of taxes with respect to income and the elasticity of taxes with respect to income. As defined in this article, the marginal tax rate measures the absolute dollar change in Federal personal income tax payments (less refunds) per dollar change in personal income; the elasticity measures the percent change in these tax payments per 1 percent change in personal income. These summary measures are built up from component parts that are discussed in a later section of the paper. This section is limited to a discussion of the significance of the two overall measures.

## Use of summary measures

In this article, a given income tax schedule is viewed as a more effective automatic fiscal stabilizer of real output than an alternative schedule if a change in autonomous demand such as defense expenditures induces a smaller absolute change in real output under the given schedule. ${ }^{6}$ Similarly, a given income tax schedule is viewed as a more effective automatic fiscal stabilizer of prices than an alternative sched-

NIA series includes payments under the fiduciary income tax and collections from IRS audits, which are not reflected in Statistics of Income. The NIA series also measures taxes when they are paid; Statistics of Income shows liabilities.

For the period 1947-65 as a whole, personal income tax payments (less refunds) were on the average about 3 percent above individual income tax liabilities as reported in Statistics of Income. ${ }^{5}$ The two series moved in the same direction each year, but the magnitude of the changes was of ten significantly different (chart 10). In 1964, for example, the NIA series declined $\$ 3.2$ billion whereas liabilities declined $\$ 0.9$ billion. This large difference occurred mainly because taxes were underwithheld.
ule if the change in prices induced by a change in autonomous demand or other factors is smaller under the given schedule. It should be noted that the term "stabilizer" is used in the technical sense of causing real output and prices to converge to finite levels.

The marginal tax rate can be used as an index of the stabilizing effect of the income tax on changes in real output-and on price changes associated with changes in real outputinduced by a change in demand. The higher the marginal tax rate, the larger these effects are.

In the case where changes in prices are not associated with changes in real output, the marginal tax rate does not tell us whether the taxes will be stabilizing as defined above. Consider, for example, the extreme case of a fullemployment economy where there is an autonomous increase in demand so that only prices and money incomes (but not real incomes) rise. If, in this
5. For example, in 1962 NIA Federal personal income taxes (less refunds) were about $\$ 46.5$ billion as compared with $\$ 44.9$ billion in individual income tax liabilities (after credits). Total collections from fiduciary income taxes and IRS audits were $\$ 1.3$ billion, about 80 percent of the difference between the two series in that year.
6. The diseussion in this section follows E. Cary Brown, "The Static Theory of Automatic Fiscal Stabilization," Journal of Political Economy (October 1955), pp. 427-440.
pure inflationary situation, we compare two proportional income taxes, the one with the larger marginal rate will moderate prices more than the one with the smaller marginal rate-i.e., the percentage increases in prices will be smaller. But, for reasons explained later, real aggregate demand will not be reduced under either of these proportional taxes, and in this simplified case, the inflation will continue indefinitely. In other words, the proportional income tax in this case will not help to reduce the excess demand, i.e., it will not be stabilizing.

Suppose now we have a price change induced by an increase in autonomous demand when the economy is operating at full employment as in the above example, or suppose the price rise is the result of a cost-push inflation. Under these circumstances, the elasticity of the income tax is pertinent for determining whether the tax helps to stabilize changes in real output and prices by reducing excess demand. If the elasticity of the tax is unity (the proportional tax), the tax is neutral, in the sense that it will not affect real aggregate demand and therefore will not help to stabilize prices. If the elasticity is greater than unity, it has a stabilizing effect in this respect. And if it is less than unity, its effect is destabilizing. ${ }^{7}$

This condensed statement of the significance of the two summary measures is elaborated below, first with reference to the marginal tax rate and then with reference to the tax elasticity.

## Marginal tax rate

Assume that a change occurs in autonomous demand-say an increase
in defense expenditures. If resources are not fully employed, this will result in an increase in production, in consumer incomes paid out in the course of production, and hence in consumer demand. This, in turn, will result in further rounds of increases in demand and production which will converge to a finite total-the well-known "multiplier" effect.
7. In order for personal income taxes to affect real disposable income-and thus aggregate demand-changes in money income have to result in changes in real tax payments. More technically, let personal income taxes measured in current prices, $T$, be a function of current money income, $Y$-that is $T=F(Y)$. Given an index of consumer prices, $P$, and using $T^{*}$ for real taxes, and $Y^{*}$ for real income,

$$
T^{*}=\frac{T}{P}=\frac{F(Y)}{P} \text { and } Y^{*}=\frac{Y}{P}
$$

The change in real taxes under the simplifying assumption that $P$ and $Y^{*}$ are independent can be written:

$$
d T^{*}=\left[\frac{\partial T^{*}}{\partial Y^{*}}\right] d Y^{*}+T^{*}\left[\frac{\partial T}{\partial P} \cdot \frac{P}{T}-1\right] \frac{d P}{P}
$$

This equation shows that a change in real tax payments under the simplifying assumption, can be linearly approximated by the sum of two products. The first product comprises the marginal tax rate (measured in constant prices), $\partial T^{*}$,
$\frac{\partial T^{*}}{\partial Y^{*}}$, and the change in real income. The second product includes three terms: the tax level, the elasticity of taxes with respect to price, $\frac{\partial T}{\partial P} \frac{P}{T}$ minus one, and the percent change in prices. That is, a change in real taxes is separated into a real income-effect and a price-effect and the respective parameters are the marginal tax rate (in constant prices) and the elasticity with respect to price. Note that a change in real income results in a real change in taxes if the marginal tax rate is greater than zero and that an inflationary rise in prices results in an increase in real taxes if the elasticity with respect to price is greater than unity; these are the "critical" values.
In the case of personal income taxes, the tax elasticity with respect to price is also equal to the elasticity with respect to current income. That is,

$$
\frac{P}{T} \frac{\partial T}{\partial P}=\frac{P}{T}\left(\frac{\partial T}{\partial Y} \cdot \frac{\partial Y}{\partial P}\right)=\frac{P}{T} \cdot \frac{\partial T}{\partial Y} \cdot Y^{*}=\frac{Y}{T} \cdot \frac{\partial T}{\partial Y} .
$$

For purposes of this article, the income elasticity-or tax elasticity-was preferred for expository reasons. Thus, after substitution,

$$
d T^{*}=\left[\frac{\partial T^{*}}{\partial Y^{*}}\right] d Y^{*}+T^{*}\left[\frac{\partial T}{\partial Y} \frac{Y}{T}-1\right] \frac{d P}{P}
$$

The elasticity of tax yields with respect to price and current income are not necessarily equal in the case of other types of taxes (for example, excise taxes). For a more general analysis that compares different types of taxes as automatic fiscal stabilizers with respect to inflation, see E. Cary Brown, op. cit., pp. 435-439.

The marginal tax rate can be used to gage the stabilizing effect of the income tax because the higher this rate, the smaller will be the indirect effects of the initial change in demand on real output and prices. This is so because the increase in disposable consumer income-i.e., consumer aftertax income available for further spend-ing-will be lower at each stage that consumer before-tax income is paid out. A higher marginal tax rate will increase the stability not only of real output but also of prices, provided that the price change is positively related to the change in real demand and output.

The moderating effect of income taxes on after-tax income relative to before-tax income can be seen by a numerical illustration for an individual taxpayer. Consider, for example, a taxpayer who is married and has two children. Assume that he experiences an increase of $\$ 3,000$ in his before-tax income (AGI), from $\$ 6,000$ to $\$ 9,000$. If he claims standard deductions ( 10 percent of his AGI) and $\$ 2,400$ in exemptions ( $\$ 600$ per exemption), his taxable income (AGI minus deductions and exemptions) will increase $\$ 2,700$, from $\$ 3,000$ to $\$ 5,700$. Under the 1965 rate schedule, his taxes will increase $\$ 493$, from $\$ 450$ to \$943. Thus, his income after taxes will increase $\$ 2,507$ as compared with the $\$ 3,000$ increase in his before-tax income; the difference is the increase in taxes.

In the example, the marginal tax rate that is analogous to the one estimated below for the economy as a whole is 16.4 percent ( $\$ 493 / \$ 3,000$ )-

Table 2.-Reconciliation Between Adjusted Gross Income of Taxable and Nontaxable Individuals and Taxable Income, 1947-65
[Billions of dollars]

|  | 1947 | 1948 | 1949 | 1950 | 1951 | 1952 | 1953 | 1954 | 1955 | 1956 | 1957 | 1958 | 1959 | 1960 | 1961 | 1962 | 1963 | 1964 | 1965 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Estimate adjusted gross income of taxable and nontaxable individuals | 171.9 | 185.3 | 183.3 | 201.6 | 227, 9 | 240.9 | 255.2 | 253.7 | 274. 1 | 294.5 | 307.2 | 311.7 | 333.7 | 346.4 | 359.6 | 381.0 | 401.1 | 432.6 | 468.7 |
| 2. Deduct: Nontaxable and nonreported adjusted gross income. | 36.6 | 43.2 | 44.7 | 43.1 | 44.7 | 44.3 | 44.7 | 44.0 | 44.5 | 44.9 | 45.0 | 49.5 | 45.9 | 49.2 | 48.6 | 50.4 | 50.7 | 56.6 | 60.0 |
| 3. Equals: Adjusted gross income of taxable | 135.3 | 142.1 | 138.6 | 158.5 | 183.2 | 196.6 | 210.5 | 209.7 | 229.6 | 249.6 | 262.2 | 262.2 | 287.8 | 297.2 | 311.3 | 330.6 | 350.4 | 376.0 | 408.7 |
| 4. Deduct: Deductions of taxable individu | 15.6 | ${ }^{16.4}$ | 16.8 | 19.0 |  |  |  | 27.5 | 30.5 | 33.6 | 36.2 |  | 41.7 | 44.5 | 47.2 | 50.5 | 54.5 | 58.4 | 63.0 |
| (a) Standard deductions <br> (b) Itemized deductions. | 8.5 | 9.5 6.9 | 9.1 7.7 | 10.1 8.9 | 11.7 | 12. 12 | 14.5 | 11.6 | 12.0 | 12.6 21.0 | 12.3 23.9 | 11.7 25.5 | 12.1 29.6 | 11.7 32.8 | 11.6 35.6 | 11.8 38.7 | 11.9 42.6 | 14.8 43.6 | n.a. |
| 5. Equals: Net income of taxable individuals | 119.7 | 125. 7 | 121.8 | 139.5 | 160.6 | 171.7 | 183.2 | 182.2 | 199.1 | 216.0 | 226.0 | 225.0 | 246.1 | 252.7 | 264.1 | 280. | 295.9 | 317.6 | 345.7 |
| 6. Deduct: Personal exemptions of taxable individuals. | 44.3 | 50.9 | 50.1 | 55.2 | 61.4 | 64.5 | 68.9 | 67.0 | 71.2 | 74.6 | 76.8 | 75.8 | 79.7 | 81.2 | 82.5 | 85.1 | 87.4 | 88.3 | 91.9 |
| 7. Equals: Taxable income of individuals. | 75.4 | 74.8 | 71.7 | 84.3 | 99.2 | 107.2 | 114.3 | 115.2 | 127.9 | 141.4 | 149.2 | 149.2 | 166.4 | 171.5 | 181.6 | 195.0 | 208.6 | 229.3 | 253.8 |

the ratio of the change in taxes to the change in before-tax income. It shows the extent to which the change in be-fore-tax income was offset by the automatic response of taxes. If, in the hypothetical illustration, there were also no changes in consumer prices, the decrease in after-tax income would represent a decline in the family's real aftertax income. This decline would tend to reduce the family's consumption; however, the reduction would not be as large as it would have been if the tax offset, measured by the marginal tax rate, were smaller. It can easily be seen by reversing the above illustration that the automatic response of personal income taxes also works in the opposite direction; it tends to moderate decreases in after-tax income during economic recessions. ${ }^{8}$
8. The earlier postwar interest in personal income taxes as an automatic fiscal stabilizer centered on its effectiveness during economic recessions. More recent interest has been on its dampening effect or "fiscal drag" during economic recovery and expansion. See, for example, the discussion of the concept of the full-employment budget surplus in the Economic Report of the President, January 1962, pp. 77-84.



## Tax elasticity

The tax elasticity is useful in the analysis of a rather different kind of problem. Suppose that we posit a a price change--induced either by a change in autonomous demand or by other factors-and wish to trace the effects of this price change on real output and on further changes in prices. If the elasticity of the income tax is unity, the tax is neutral with respect to these further changes. This can be understood as follows: To isolate the effects of a pure price change, let us assume that before-tax incomes and prices increase in the same proportion. On this assumption, real disposable income will be unchanged if the elasticity of the income tax is unity. This is so because before-tax incomes, taxes, and disposable income in current prices will all increase in the same proportion as the increase in prices. There will be no change in real disposable income and no change in real consumer demand, assuming that real consumer demand is a function of real income. Thus, aggregate demand will be unaffected and the pressure on prices will continue.

Now let us compare this situation with one in which the tax elasticity is greater than unity; this is the case of the progressive income tax, the one we are concerned with in this article. In this case, taxes will increase more, and disposable income will increase less than before-tax income in current prices. Since the increase in disposable income in current prices is less than the increase in prices, real disposable income will decline. So will real consumer demand, assuming again that it is a function of real disposable income. Thus, when an increase in before-tax income is simply a reflection of higher prices, an income tax with an elasticity greater than unity leads to a decline in real consumer demand. Accordingly, aggregate demand will be reduced and prices will move toward stability.

Conversely, if the elasticity of the income tax is less than unity, we find that the induced change in prices leads to an increase in real after-tax income and hence real demand. In this sense, an income tax with an elasticity less than unity may be said to have a
destabilizing effect on changes in real output and prices.

In evaluating the stabilizing or destabilizing effects of tax elasticity, it is necessary to take into account not only the magnitude of the elasticity but also the size of the tax. A small income tax with a very high tax elasticity may have a lesser stabilizing effect than a larger tax with a lower elasticity. ${ }^{9}$

The effect of inflationary increases in before-tax income on real after-tax income can be seen by continuing the previous hypothetical illustration used for the marginal tax rate. Assume that the taxpayer's before-tax income in the first year is $\$ 9,000$, that his taxes under the 1965 schedule are $\$ 943$, and that this time he experiences a 3 percent increase in both before-tax income and consumer prices in the second year. That is, his money income increases 3 percent, but his real income before taxes is unchanged. In this case, the taxpayer's before-tax income measured in current prices rises $\$ 270$, his taxable income rises $\$ 243$, and his taxes under the 1965 tax schedule rise $\$ 46$. Measured in current dollars, the taxpayer's
9. For a discussion of the problem of using the tax elasticity, see Richard Goode, "The Individual Income Tax," (The Brookings Institution, 1964), pp, 287-288.


## Ratio of Tax Liabilities to Taxable Income and Rate for Lowest Income Bracket

Percent

30


15

after-tax income increases $\$ 224$, from $\$ 8,057$ to $\$ 8,281$. But in constant prices, it decreases $\$ 17$, from $\$ 8,057$ to $\$ 8,040$ ( $\$ 8,281 / 1.03$ ). That is, the taxpayer's after-tax income measured in constant consumer prices decreases $\$ 17$ whereas his real income before taxes is unchanged. This decrease in real after-tax income tends to dampen the family's consumption.

The tax elasticity implied in the example that is analogous to the aggregate tax elasticity estimated later in the article is 1.63 (4.9 percent/3 percent)-
the percent change in taxes relative to the percent change in before-tax income. In the above illustration, if the individual's taxes had increased by the same percentage as his before-tax income (tax elasticity of unity), his real income after taxes would have been unchanged.

It is important to note that in order to compute the absolute change in real taxes ( $\$ 17$ in the example) resulting from the 3 percent inflationary rise in income, it is also necessary to know the level of real taxes in the first year ( $\$ 943$ in the example).

## Iconometric Analysis

We now present an econometric analysis in which the NIA annual serie; on Federal personal income taxes is related to income, policy variables, and other variables. The relation, based on the years 1947-65, is estimated in three stages: The first stage relates taxable income of individuals (as reported in Statistics of Income) to personal income; the second stage relates tax liabilities (as reported in Statistics of Income) to taxable income; and the third, NIA Federal personal income tax payments to tax liabilities. These equations are discussed in turn. The combined results, including the predictions for 1966 , wre given in the final subsection.

## Taxable income

For questions of fiscal policy and income determination, we are mainly interested in relating tax yields 10 personal income rather than to AGI. However, in conceptualizing the relation of taxable income to persoial income, it is initially useful to view the relation of taxable income to cotal AGI. (The relation of total AGI to personal income is given by the reconciliation in table 1.) For this reason, the conceptual discussion that follows is almost entirely concerned with relating taxable income to total AGI.

In the case of taxable individuals, the relation of taxable income to AGI is the simple accounting identity used in table 2: taxable income equals AGI minus personal exemptions and per-
sonal deductions. The identity does not hold for all individuals because there are nontaxable individuals whose exemptions and deductions exceed their incomes. Therefore, the relation between taxable income and total AGI has to be formulated in more general terms.

Taxable income is viewed as a function of total AGI, total personal exemptions, total personal deductions, and other factors that describe the distribution of these variables and that are discussed more fully below. Total exemptions and deductions are defined similarly in relation to total AGI as the amount of exemptions and deductions that would be reported if all individuals filed tax returns.

Total exemptions and total deductions are the relevant series, rather than amounts reported in taxable returns, in order to keep the relation between changes in exemptions and deductions and changes in taxable income consistent. This question of consistency can be shown by a simple numerical illustration. Consider a taxpayer whose taxable income is $\$ 500$ in the initial year and who, in the second year, experiences no change in AGI or deductions but a $\$ 600$ increase in exemptions so that his taxable income drops to zero. Taxable returns (as reported in Statistics of Income) would show a $\$ 500$ decrease in taxable income and a $\$ 600$ decrease in exemptions for the taxpayer himself. Thus, if only those exemptions reported
on taxable returns were used, the decrease in taxable income would be associated with a decrease in exemptions. However, if total exemptions of taxable and nontaxable individuals are used, the decrease in taxable income is associated with the increase in exemp-tion-as it should be. The same approach applies to the use of total deductions of taxable and nontaxable individuals rather than those reported on taxable returns.

Growth in population must also be taken into account because it is associated with increases in the total number of taxable and nontaxable individuals and the number of exemptions. Thus, given the level of total AGI, an increase in the total number of individuals would mean lower AGI per individual, which could result in a shift of taxable individuals to the nontaxable category. Also, an increase in population automatically results in an increase in exemptions.

Even with no changes in total AGI, total exemptions, or total deductions, taxable income could change as a result of a redistribution of these factors among individuals. Thus, other

## Federal Personal Income Tax Payments and Tax Liabilities


things being equal, a decrease in AGI of a nontaxable individual coupled with an equal dollar increase in the AGI of a taxable individual results in no change in AGI but in an increase in taxable income. This means that conceptually the general function for taxable income should include statistical measures that describe the joint distribution of individuals with respect to AGI, exemptions, and deductions.

The equation used for the form of the function for taxable income does not assume a constant marginal rate or a constant elasticity for taxable income with respect to AGI. There is reason to believe that they may not be constants. For the taxable individual with given exemptions and constant deductions or deductions approximately proportional to their AGI, the elasticity is inversely related to their AGI. ${ }^{10}$ The elasticity of taxable income with respect to AGI tends to decline for the taxable individual because his marginal rate of taxable income with respect to AGI is relatively constant while the ratio of his taxable income to his AGI tends to increase because of fixed exemptions. The elasticity also tends to drop off sharply in the range of incomes less than $\$ 15,000$ for taxpayers who have four or fewer exemptions and whose deductions are approximately proportional to their AGI.

The marginal rate of taxable income with respect to AGI was assumed not to be constant because it tends to increase as incomes increase and as individuals become taxable. Similarly, the marginal rate for taxable income will tend to decrease as incomes decrease and as individuals become nontaxable. Thus, in an aggregate equation that includes both taxable and nontaxable individuals, the marginal rate for taxable income with respect to AGI will tend to be positively correlated with AGI.

The form of the equation used for taxable income implies that the elasticity of taxable income with respect to AGI is related inversely to per capita

[^13]AGI and that the marginal rate is related positively to per capita AGI. The strength of these relations is determined by the data.

We turn now to the question of relating taxable income to personal income rather than total AGI. The relation of taxable income to personal income can be obtained by simply using personal income and the reconciliation items shown in table 1 instead of total AGI. The approach employed here is to relate taxable income directly to personal income and to test reconciliation items in the function in order to see whether they yield any additional explanation to movements in taxable income. For purposes of comparison, regression results relating taxable income directly to total AGI are also shown in a later footnote.

The equation used to relate taxable income to personal income was chosen on the basis of the above considerations, the manageability of the data, and experiments with alternative forms. It is from Brown and Kruizenka. ${ }^{11}$ The equation is:
(1) $\left(1-\frac{Y_{T I}}{\bar{Y}_{P I}}\right)=a_{0}\left(\frac{Y_{P I}}{N}\right)^{a}\left(\frac{E}{N}\right)^{a_{2}}$
where
$Y_{T I}=$ taxable income of individuals, billions of dollars, $Y_{P I}=$ personal income, billions of dollars,
$E=$ total personal exemptions, billions of dollars, $N=$ total population, billions.

In order to simplify the presentation, only empirically significant variables are shown. The dots at the end of the equation indicate that the other variables conceptually considered above, such as personal deductions, were also included. The empirical results relevant to these other variables are briefly reviewed at the end of the discussion on taxable income.

Equation (1) relates 1 minus taxable personal income as a proportion of total personal income to per capita personal income and to per capita total

[^14]personal exemptions. The dependent variable, 1 minus the proportion of taxable income to personal income, is used in order to fix an upper limit of unity on the ratio of taxable income to personal income. If this were not done, projections might yield ratios showing taxable income greater than personal income. Total exemptions measure the dollar amount of exemptions for all individuals, taxable and nontaxable. Average exemptions reflect changes in the statutory exemption rate and, beginning in 1948, changes in the relative importance of persons 65 years of age and older. ${ }^{12}$

The coefficient with respect to per capita personal income, $a_{1}$, measures the percent change in the proportion of nontaxable personal income per 1 percent change in average personal income. It should be negative because an increase in average income decreases the percentage of nontaxable personal income or, stated in terms of its complement, increases the percentage of taxable income. The coefficient with respect to per capita total exemptions, $a_{2}$, measures the percent change in nontaxable personal income per 1 percent change in average exemptions. It should be positive because an increase in average exemptions decreases the percentage of taxable income.

It was found that the results could be improved by including a "dummy" variable for 1958-65 in order to take account of the previously noted shift in total AGI relative to personal income. The estimate of equation (2) based on annual data for $1947-65{ }^{13}$ is:
follows: For 1947, total population was multiplied by $\$ 500$; beginning in 1948, population under 65 was multiplied by $\$ 600$ and population 65 and over was multiplied by $\$ 1,200$ to take account of their eligibility for double exemptions. The series does not take account of double exemptions for blind persons, or children under 19 years old and students who earn income but receive more than one-half of their support from their parents.
13. The statistical results in logarithmic form are:
$\log \left(1-\frac{Y_{\mathrm{TI}}}{Y_{\mathrm{PI}}}\right)=-.0852-.3360 \log \left(\frac{Y_{\mathrm{PI}}}{N}\right)$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \\
&+.0140) \\
& \bar{R}^{2}=.987 \quad(.0297) \\
& \quad d= 2.37 \quad \bar{S}=.0028
\end{aligned}
$$

$\vec{R}^{2}$ is the coefficient of determination adjusted for degrees of freedom; $d$ is the Durbin-Watson test statistic for serial correlation in the residuals; and $\bar{S}$ is the standard error of the equation in logarithms adjusted for degrees of freedom. The numbers in parentheses under the estimated coefficients are their respective estimated standard errors.

The regression results are shown in logarithmic form because they were estimated in this form, and some of the test statistics do not apply in the transformed values.

$$
\begin{align*}
& \left(1-\frac{Y_{\mathrm{TI}}}{Y_{\mathrm{PI}}}\right)=  \tag{2}\\
& .8219(1.0191)^{D_{58-65}}\left(\frac{Y_{\mathrm{PI}}}{N}\right)^{-.3360}\left(\frac{E}{N}\right)^{.3397}
\end{align*}
$$

$D_{58-65}$ is the dummy variable equal to 1 in 1958-65 and zero in all other years. This means that the constant term is equal to 0.8219 for 1947-57, when the dummy variable is zero and 0.8376 ( $=.8219 \times 1.0191$ ) for $1958-65$, when the dummy variable is 1 .

The fit is very close (chart 11) and there is no significant serial correlation in the residuals. Except for 1959, the differences between the actual and computed values are within about $\$ 2$ billion. However, the equation tends to understate declines in taxable income during recessions. The results, incidentally, are almost as good if the dummy variable is omitted.

## Other variables tried

Several series measuring per capita personal deductions were also tried, but in each case the estimated coefficient was numerically small and had the wrong sign. Although none of the variants used was the conceptually correct series for total deductions, the results strongly suggest that the effects of changes in deductions on taxable income cannot be statistically separated even if the ideal series were available. The problem is that deductions and income are too closely correlated to estimate their separate effects. A variable describing changes in the relative distribution of AGI was also tried, but its estimated coefficient was small and statistically nonsignificant.

In order to take account of the effects of major reconcilitation terms between personal income and total AGI, equation (1) was also estimated using personal income minus transfer payments (except military retirement pay) rather than personal income. The results were slightly poorer than when the dummy variable was excluded from equation (2). The use of average capital gains on the sale of capital assets was also tried and it too was not statistically significant. As might be expected, the statistical fit of equation (1) for 194765 using total AGI is somewhat better
than when personal income is used. ${ }^{14}$
For forecasting purposes, it is obviously preferable to have an equation in which the estimated coefficients are stable over time. Equation (1) was fitted for the period 1929-65 in order to test the long-term stability of the estimated equation. The estimated coefficients with respect to both average income and average exemptions exhibited slight but statistically significant positive trends for the three and one-half decades as a whole. ${ }^{15}$ The trends, however, are not significant when the equations are fitted for the postwar period only. That is, the secular increases in the estimated coefficients between 1947-65 are slight and can be ignored for purposes of this article. It might be added that the statistical results for 1929-65-including trend terms in the coefficients-are remarkably good. Indeed, one of the more interesting statistical results presented in this paper is that one comparatively simple equation fits the data so well, particularly when we consider the number of statutory and other changes that have affected taxable income over the 36-year period.

## Tax liabilities

Given the amount of total taxable income reported on tax returns, tax liabilities as shown in the Statistics of Income are determined by the statutory rate schedule and the distribution of taxable income by tax rate class. The equation used here to estimate tax liabilities is, of necessity, a simplification. It relates total tax liabilities
14. The statistical results based on total AGI, YAGI, in
logarithmic form are: logarithmic form are:

15. The estimated equation in logarithmic form for taxable income for 1929-65 based on personal income with $a_{1}$ and $a_{2}$ as ${ }_{D_{42}-45}$, for the war years, is: $D_{42-45}$, for the war years, is:
$\log \left(1-\frac{Y_{\mathrm{T} 1}}{\bar{Y}_{\mathrm{P} 1}}\right)=-.1146-\frac{(.2138+.0031 t)}{(.0133)(.0006)} \log \left(\frac{Y_{\mathrm{P} 1}}{N}\right)$

$$
\quad+_{(.0161)(.0007)}^{(.2103+.0036 t)} \log \left(\frac{L}{N}\right)+\underset{(.0043)}{.0227} D_{42-45}
$$

Attempts to explain the trends in the estimated coefficient suggest that they may be due, at least in part, to the omission of personal deductions as an explanatory variable. As has already been noted, even if the ideal series were available, its effect could probably not be statistically separated from the effect of personal income because of multicollinearity. Data for total exemptions for 1929-46 are from Brown and Krui-
zenka,op cit., p. 264, table 1 .
to the lowest bracket rate in the tax schedule and to total taxable income. That is,

$$
\text { (3) } L=b_{0} \mathbf{1}^{\mathbf{b}_{1}} Y_{\tau I}^{\mathrm{b}_{2}}
$$

CHART II

## Taxable Income, Tax Liabilities and

 Tax Payments - Actual and Computed

where

$$
\begin{gathered}
L=\text { tax liabilities (after credits) } \\
\text { billions of dollars }
\end{gathered}
$$ $r=$ lowest bracket rate in the tax schedule, percent,

$Y_{T I}=$ taxable income, billions of dollars.
The lowest bracket rate, $r$ (the policy variable), is used to represent the entire statutory rate schedule. The elasticity of total liabilities with respect to the rate, $b_{1}$, is constrained to equal unity so that a given percentage change in the rate results in the same percentage change in liabilities. This is equivalent to multiplying each of the scheduled rates by the same percentage.

The coefficient, $b_{2}$, is the elasticity of tax liabilities with respect to taxable income and shows the percent change in liabilities per 1 percent change in taxable income. It reflects the effect of the progressivity of the tax schedule on tax liabilities. However, it also reflects changes in the number of taxable returns and any other explanatory factors whose changes are correlated with taxable income. The coefficient $b_{0}$ represents the effects of all other factors that remained constant during the period studied. The reasons for not including these other determinants in the liabilities equation are explicitly discussed under the statistical results. In the general case when changes in rates are not proportional by tax bracket, new values of $b_{0}$ and $b_{2}$ must be obtained. One method of obtaining these coefficients is illustrated later by our estimates under the 1965 tax schedule.

Turning to the statistical analysisthere is conceptually a different tax liabilities equation for each of the tax schedules for individual income taxes during the period studied. Nevertheless, it is convenient to combine the 1954 and earlier postwar schedules into one equation and to combine the 1964 and 1965 tax schedules into a second equation. These two equations are discussed in turn.

It was shown earlier (chart 9) that the statutory tax rates were changed every year or two between 1947 and 1953 and that the 1954 schedule was the only one in effect for any number of years, from 1954 to 1963. This means that there was not enough experience
under the earlier tax schedules to estimate both $b_{0}$ and $b_{2}$ in equation (3). ${ }^{16}$ The approach used here is to employ "dummy variables," which separate the effects on liabilities of changes in the statutory tax rates from those that occur automatically as a result of changes in taxable income. This use of dummy variables can be explained more clearly in terms of the actual statistical results.

Equation (3) was fitted to data for 1947-63 employing a dummy variable for each tax schedule except the one in effect during 1948-49. The schedule for 1948-49 was used as the "base" because it yielded the best results. The estimated equation ${ }^{17}$ is:

$$
\begin{aligned}
L_{47-63}^{(4)} & =1.2534 r Y_{T I}^{.9955}(1.0224)^{D_{47}} \\
& \quad(1.0212)^{D_{50}}(.9741)^{D_{51}} \\
& (.9482)^{D_{52-53}}(.9432)^{D_{54-63}}
\end{aligned}
$$

The dummy variables, $D^{i}$, are equal to 1 for the years shown in the superscript and zero for all other years. They show how the constant term, $b_{o}$, was changed for each of the tax schedules. Thus, for the period 1954-63, when a single tax schedule was in effect, the dummy variable for that period, $D_{54-63}$, is set equal to 1 and all of the other dummy variables are set equal to zero. Carrying this a step further, the constant term (1.2534) in equation (4) is then multiplied by the base of the dummy variable for 1954 (0.9432), and the product (1.1822) is the estimate of $b_{o}$ for the 1954-63 tax schedule. That is, the liabilities equation for 1954-63 reduces to:
(5) $L_{54-63}=1.1822 r Y_{T I}^{.9955}$.

The dummy variables for the other tax schedules are similarly interpreted. For the rate schedule in effect in 194849 , the dummy variables are all equal to zero so that the estimated value of $b_{0}$ under this schedule is 1.2534 .

[^15]The estimated elasticity of tax liabilities with respect to taxable income is about unity (0.9955). The progressivity of the 1954 schedule, the only one for which there are more than two observations, had no apparent impact on the aggregate relation. As was already noted, there are too few observations under the other schedules to draw any conclusions.

The tax liabilities equation, equation (4), is essentially a compact description of the aggregate relation between tax liabilities and taxable income under the different postwar income tax schedules during the period in which they were in effect. The equation shows the response of liabilities to taxable income under the 1954 tax schedule given the levels and distribution of taxable income that prevailed in 1954-63. It would be inappropriate to use the equation to estimate what liabilities would have been in, for example, 1947-53 if the 1954 tax schedule had been in effect during those years.

In the 1964 and 1965 tax schedules, the previously noted division of the initial tax brackets under the earlier postwar tax schedules into four brackets suggests a likely change in the value of $b_{2}$. That is, the increased progressivity at the lower end of the tax schedule may have a significant effect on the aggregate relation.

There has not been enough experience under the 1965 tax schedule to estimate the two parameters in equation (3) from actual data. Currently, data on liabilities and taxable income are available only for 1965. Joseph A. Pechman has simulated a series of observations under the 1965 tax schedule that can be used together with the actual observation for 1965 to "estimate" the coefficients. ${ }^{18}$

The liabilities equation for the 1965 tax rate schedule was estimated in two steps. It was fitted first to Pechman's

[^16]simulations, which show yearly observations for tax liabilities and taxable income for different assumed rates of growth. This yielded an estimate of $b_{2}$, the elasticity of tax liabilities with respect to taxable income. Given this estimate of $b_{1}$ and its constrained value (unity), the constant term was obtained using the actual 1965 data on liabilities and taxable income, as reported in the Statistics of Income. The resulting equation for tax liabilities (after credits) for the 1965 tax schedule ${ }^{19}$ is:
\[

$$
\begin{equation*}
L_{65}=.6930 r Y_{T I}{ }^{1.1245} \tag{6}
\end{equation*}
$$

\]

Although the fit is very close, there is a good deal of serial correlation in the residuals. Alternative forms were tried, but the results were no better. The very close fit of equation (6) indicates that the form used is at least a very close approximation.

Equation (6) was assumed to apply also to 1964, except for a change in the constant term. That is, it was assumed that the implied elasticity, $b_{2}$, for the 1964 schedule is the same as for the 1965 schedule and that a dummy variable, $D_{64}$, can be used to adjust $b_{0}$ to its 1964 level. The equation pertaining to 1964 is obviously very weak and should be used cautiously. The estimated liabilities equation for both the 1964 and the 1965 schedule is:

$$
\text { (7) } L_{64-65}=.6930(.9442)^{D}{ }_{64} r Y_{T I}{ }^{1.1245}
$$

It should be pointed out that the seemingly close fits (high $\bar{R}^{2}$ ) obtained in this section have to be qualified because of the method used to fit the liabilities equations. The liabilities equation for 1947-63 includes a number of dummy variables in order to take account of changes in income tax schedules

[^17]during those years. When a dummy variable is used for a single year, it forces the computed value to equal the actual value for that year. The same is true where the liabilities equation for 1964-65 is applied to 1964 and 1965 because a dummy variable was used for 1964 and the constant term was estimated by equating actual and computed values in 1965.

## Federal personal income taxes

NIA Federal personal income taxes measure taxes when they are paid rather than the tax liabilities. The NIA series used here, Federal personal income taxes (less refunds), include withheld and nonwithheld tax payments on current-year liabilities and net yearend settlements, which are the differences between overpayments and refunds on the previous year's liabilities. The difference in timing between the NIA payments series and the Statistics of Income liabilities series is reflected in net yearend settlements.

The function for Federal personal income taxes relates tax payments to current-year liabilities and uses a simple hypothesis to explain net yearend settlements. The hypothesis is that taxpayers estimate their quarterly declarations for, say, 1960 on the basis of their liabilities in 1959 and that this essentially determines net yearend settlements in 1961. This hypothesis is incorporated in the equation as the ratio of liabilities in year $t-1$ to liabilities in year $t-2$. A ratio was used in order to avoid statistical problems associated with high intercorrelation among current and lagged values of the liabilities series. The statutory withholding rate can also affect payments for current-year liabilities and net yearend settlements. However, for empirical reasons discussed below, this variable is not included in the equation.

There is no conceptual basis for choosing the form of the equation. The approach here was to choose a form that was simple to estimate and that would not introduce longrun trends in the overall tax parameters. ${ }^{20}$

[^18]The equation used to estimate Federal personal income tax receipts is:

$$
\begin{equation*}
R_{t}=c_{0} L_{t}{ }^{c}\left(\frac{L_{t-1}}{L_{t-2}}\right)^{c} \tag{8}
\end{equation*}
$$

where
$R=$ Federal personal income tax payments (less refunds), billions of dollars,
$L=$ Statistics of Income individual income tax liabilities (after credits), billions of dollars.
The constant term, $c_{0}$, reflects the difference in scope between NIA Federal personal income tax receipts and Statistics of Income tax liabilities, which was discussed in the earlier section on trends. The second term in the equation reflects current-year liabilities. Since withheld taxes and quarterly declarations for current-year liabilities together usually account for nearly all Federal personal income tax payments, the elasticity, $c_{1}$, should be close to unity.

As was discussed above, the final term in the equation is intended to capture net yearend settlements. Its coefficient should be positive. The omission of terms for liabilities before year $t-2$ assumes that net yearend settlements are for liabilities in the immediately preceding year; settlements for earlier years are treated as if they occur randomly. ${ }^{21}$

We now turn to the statistical analysis, where preliminary investigation of the data indicated that the empirical results would be improved by including dummy variables for both 1948 and 1964. In both years, statutory decreases in the withholding rate affected the relation of payments to liabilities.

In estimating equation (8), the elasticity of payments with respect to current liabilities, $c_{1}$, was constrained to equal unity in order to simplify the later analysis of the marginal tax rate. Unconstrained, the estimated value of the elasticity was 0.99 .

[^19]The regression equation for Federal personal income tax receipts fitted to data for 1947-65 ${ }^{22}$ is:

$$
\begin{gather*}
R_{t}=1.0270 L_{t}\left(\frac{L_{t-1}}{L_{t-2}}\right)^{.1246}(1.1215)_{48}^{\mathrm{D}}  \tag{9}\\
(.9406)_{64}^{\mathrm{D}}
\end{gather*}
$$

The fit is very close (chart 11)which is not surprising since current liabilities account for most of NIA payments. The dummy variables are interpreted in the same way as those used previously in the liabilities equation.

The constant term, 1.0270, indicates that the scope of the NIA payments series averaged about 3 percent more than tax liabilities. This is about the expected figure. The estimated coefficient with respect to the final term says that a 10 percent increase in liabilities in year $t-1$ relative to year $t-2$ yields a 1.2 percent rise in payments because of positive net yearend settlements.

The current withholding rate and changes in the withholding rate were also tried, but they were not statistically significant. Further analysis of the data suggests that taxpayers tend to adjust their quarterly declarations to changes in withholdings within the period of a year. For this reason, we expect equation (9) to continue to

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { 22. The statistical results in logarithmic form are: } \\
& \log R-\log L=.0116+.1246\left(\log L_{t-1}-\log L_{t-2}\right) \text {. } \\
& -+.0610) \\
& \bar{R}^{3}=.588 \quad(.0124) \quad(.0122) \quad \overline{D_{48}-.0266 D_{64}} \\
& \hline \quad d=2.48 \quad \bar{S}=.0119
\end{aligned}
$$

Note: $\bar{R}^{9}$ and $d$ apply to the residuals for $(\log R-\log L)$.

$$
\mathrm{CHART} 12
$$

Federal Personal Income Tax Payments Less Refunds -Actual and Computed
Billion \$
(Based on Equations 2, 4, 7 \& 9)
60

U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics
apply even after the introduction of graduated withholding rates in 1966.

## Combined results

As the introduction pointed out, one of the major purposes of estimating the tax equations is to predict Federal personal income tax receipts directly from personal income, that is, to relate taxes and income within the framework of the national income and product accounts. This means employing equation (2) to estimate taxable income from personal income equation, (4) or (7) to estimate tax liabilities using the estimated taxable income, and equation (9) to estimate Federal personal income taxes (less refunds) using the estimated tax liabilities. ${ }^{23}$

Chart 12 shows actual and computed values for Federal personal income taxes for 1947-65. The computed values are based on the three component equations using actual data for personal income, population, and the policy variables. The fit is very close. Except for 1950, the difference is always within $\$ 1$ billion. The overall goodness of fit is mainly a test of combining the estimated equations for taxable income (equation 2) and tax payments (equation 9) because of the large number of dummy variables used in fitting the tax liabilities equations.

The tax equations were also used to predict Federal personal income taxes in 1966 on the basis of actual data for personal income, population, and the policy variables. It is an especially difficult year to predict because of the effects of the Revenue Act of 1966. One of the key provisions of the Act was the introduction, in May 1966, of graduated withholding of individual income taxes. The estimated equation for NIA tax payments, equation (9), does not account for this additional contribution to tax payments in that year. Thus, the predicted value of Federal personal income taxes based on the three estimated equations should be below the actual reported figure.

Based on our equations, predicted Federal personal income tax receipts (less refunds) in 1966 was $\$ 57.0$ billion, as compared with the actual figure of $\$ 58.6$ billion. Of the $\$ 1.6$ billion difference, perhaps as much as $\$ 1.5$ billion can be accounted for by the introduction of graduated withholding rates. Similar comparisons could not be made for taxable income and tax liabilities because of the actual data for 1966 were not available at the time this article was completed.

## Estimated Marginal Tax Rate and Tax Blasticity

In this section, the estimated equations are employed in order to show the automatic responsiveness of Federal personal income tax receipts to changes in income under the 1965 income tax schedule and to compare it with the automatic responsiveness under the 1954 and earlier postwar schedules. As was pointed put in the above section on summary measures, the responsiveness is measured by both the marginal tax rate and the tax elasticity.

The marginal tax rate and the tax elasticity are discussed in turn. They are analyzed in terms of their respective components: the marginal rate

[^20](elasticity) of taxable income with respect to personal income, the marginal rate (elasticity) of liabilities with respect to taxable income, and the marginal rate (elasticity) of tax payments with respect to tax liabilities. The approach is to discuss the annual estimates for the postwar years and to report the underlying equations used to compute these estimates in the footnotes.

## Marginal tax rate

The marginal rate for Federal personal income tax payments with respect to personal income, $\frac{\partial R}{\partial Y_{P 1}}$, is the product of (1) the marginal rate of taxable income with respect to personal income, $\frac{\partial Y_{T 1}}{\partial \bar{Y}_{P 1}}$, (2) the marginal rate of individual
income tax liabilities with respect to taxable income, $\frac{\partial L}{\partial Y_{T 1}}$, and (3) the marginal rate of tax payments with respect to tax liabilities, $\frac{\partial R}{\partial L}{ }^{24}$

$$
\text { That is, } \frac{\partial R_{1}}{\partial Y_{P 1}}=\frac{\partial Y_{T 1}}{\partial Y_{P 1}} \cdot \frac{\partial L}{\partial Y_{T 1}} \cdot \frac{\partial R}{\partial L} \text {. }
$$

The overall marginal rate of Federal personal income tax receipts with respect to personal income in 1965 was 14.5 percent; a $\$ 1$ billion change in personal income resulted in a $\$ 145$ million change in Federal personal income tax receipts (column 4, table 3 ). This was only slightly lower than the marginal tax rate between 1954 and 1963 under the tax schedule; it varied between 14 and 15 percent under the 1954 schedule. The marginal tax rate under the earlier postwar schedules varied between 12 percent (1949) and 16 percent (1952). These schedules and the 1964 schedule were in effect for only 1 or 2 years.

We see that the marginal rate of taxable income with respect to personal income was about 65 percent in 1965 (column 1, table 3). It exhibited the most interesting behavior among the three component marginal rates. The marginal rate for taxable income is positively related to per capita personal income, and as a result, it increased as the economy expanded. However, the added countercyclical effect on consumer after-tax income was small. In the $1948-49$ recession, for example, the decreases in the inarginal rate from 0.572
24. The equation for the marginal rate of taxable income with respect to personal income implied by equation (2) is:

$$
\frac{\partial Y_{T_{1}}}{\partial Y_{P 1}}=1-.5457(1.0191) D_{33-65}\left(\frac{Y_{P 1}}{N}\right)^{-.3360}\left(\frac{E}{N}\right)^{.3397}
$$

The equation for the marginal rate for tax liabilities with respect to taxable income differs for each of the tax schedules in effect during the postwar years. The marginal rates $\mathrm{im}^{-}$ plied by equation (4) for the schedules between 1947 and 1963 are summarized by the following equation:
$\left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial Y_{T 1}}\right)_{4 T-63}=1.2220(1.0224)^{D_{67}}(1.0212)^{D_{00}}$
$(.9741) D_{51}(.9482) D_{52-53}(.9432) D_{5 t-63}$. (To simplify the computations, the estimated coefficient with respect to taxable income (.9954) in equation (4) was rounded to unity and the constant term was reduced from 1.2534 to 1.2220 to take account of the difference.) The equa. tion for the marginal rate for tax liabilities with respect to taxable income implied by equation (7) for the 1964 and 1965 schedules is:

$$
\left(\frac{\partial L}{\partial Y_{T 1}}\right)_{61-65}=.7793(.9442) D_{64} r Y_{T 1}^{.1245}
$$

The equation for the marginal rate for personal income tax payments with respect to current-year liabilities implied by equation (9) is:

$$
\frac{\partial R}{\partial L}=1.0270(1.1215) D_{48}(.9406) D_{64}\left(\frac{L_{t-1}}{L_{t-2}}\right)^{.1346}
$$

to 0.567 resulted in only a $\$ 10$ million increase in personal disposable income above what it would have been if the marginal rate had remained constant. It should be added that on an annual basis we cannot get "pure" recession effects because the postwar recessions have been very short.

The positive relation between the marginal rate of taxable income and per capita personal income was not very significant even over the postwar period as a whole. The marginal rate of taxable income with respect to personal income was 8 percentage points larger in 1965 than in 1948, the year the $\$ 600$ exemption rate went into effect. The larger marginal rate added less than $\$ 1$ billion to Federal personal income tax payments in 1965 , based on the marginal rate of tax liabilities and the increase in personal income ( $\$ 40$ billion) in 1965.

The marginal rate of individual income tax liabilities with respect to taxable income was about 22 percent in 1965 under the 1965 tax schedule (column 2, table 3). It was only a little more than 1 percentage point below the rate under the 1954 tax schedule: The marginal rate of tax liabilities with respect to taxable income was constant-about 23 percent-between 1954 and 1963. The change in the marginal rate for liabilities between 1963 and 1965 reflects the lower rates in the 1965 schedule and an increase in the absolute distribution of taxable income. ${ }^{25}$

The marginal rate of liabilities with respect to taxable income varied between 20 and 26 percent from 1947 to 1953. But again, it should be underlined that these schedules were in effect only for a year or two and that the experience was too brief to draw any firm conclusions. The same qualification is equally true for the 1964 figure.

[^21]The marginal rate of Federal persona income tax payments with respect to tax liabilities was about the same in 1965 as during 1954-63, except for small year-to-year variations (column 3 , table 3). This component generally shows the largest annual movements because it is affected by changes in net yearend settlements. The drop in 1964, for example, reflects the underwithholding of taxes in that year. ${ }^{26}$
26. It is perhaps useful to employ this 1964 experience in order to illustrate the meaning of the dummy variable with respect to the marginal tax rate and tax elasticity. When the marginal rate for payments with respect to liabilities, including the contribution of the dummy variable, is calculated, it says in effect that the marginal rate was lower in 1964 because of an "unusual" factor-namely, the underwithholding of tax payments. If, on the other hand, we wanted to know what the marginal rate would have been if payments had not been underwithheld, the marginal rate would be computed omitting the contribution of the dummy variable.
When a dummy variable is fitted for only 1 year, the coefficient reflects the random error in the equation for that year. The assumption is made that the error is small compared with the contribution of the unusual factor. This statistical problem does not arise when a dummy variable is used for a period of years as in the equation for taxable income.

Table 3.-Marginal Rates of Federal Personal Income Taxes (Less Refunds) With Respect to Personal Income and Component Marginal Rates, 1947-65

| Year | Marginal rates |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (Percent) |  |  |  |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
|  | $\frac{\partial Y_{T T 1}{ }^{1}}{\partial \mathrm{YPI}^{\prime}}$ | $\frac{\partial L^{2}}{\partial Y_{\text {T }}}$ | $\frac{\partial R^{3}}{\partial \underline{L}}$ | $\frac{\partial \mathrm{R}^{4}}{\partial \mathrm{Y}_{\mathrm{PI}}}$ |
| ${ }_{1}^{1947}$ | 0.598 | 0. 238 | 1.020 | 0. 145 |
| 1999. | . 567 | :203 | ${ }_{1}^{1.001}$ | .115 |
| 1950 | 578 | 217 | 1.020 | . 128 |
| 1951. | 592 | ${ }^{243}$ | 1. 058 | .152 |
| ${ }_{1953}^{1952}$ | 598 <br> 603 <br>  <br> 68 | ${ }_{257}^{257}$ | 1. 063 | .164 |
| 1954 | ${ }_{602}$ | ${ }_{231}^{231}$ | ${ }_{1.034}^{1.045}$ | 143 |
| 1955 | 608 | 231 | 1.015 | 142 |
| 1956 | ${ }_{615}^{615}$ | . 231 | 1.041 | . 148 |
| ${ }_{1958}^{1957}$ | 619 613 | .$_{231}^{231}$ | ${ }^{1.040}$ | . 148 |
| 1959 | ${ }_{619}$ | ${ }^{231}$ | 1. 1.227 | 1147 |
| 1960 - | 622 | 231 | 1.043 | 150 |
| ${ }^{1961 .}$ | ${ }_{6}^{625}$ | ${ }_{31}^{231}$ | 1.030 | ${ }_{145}^{148}$ |
| 1963 | ${ }^{630}$ | :231 | ${ }_{1.035}^{1.036}$ | 151 |
| 1964 | 641 | . 219 | . 975 | 137 |
| 1965. | 649 | 217 | 1. 025 | 145 |

1. $\frac{\partial \mathrm{Y}_{\mathrm{TI}}}{\partial \mathrm{Y}_{\mathrm{PI}}}$ is the marginal rate of taxable income with respect to personal income, based on the equation in footnote 24.
2. $\frac{\partial L}{\partial \mathrm{Y}_{\mathrm{TI}}}$ is the marginal rate of tax liabilities (after credits)
$\partial \mathrm{Y}_{\mathbf{T I}}$ is the marginal rate of tax liabilities (after credits) With respect to taxab
equation in footnote 24 .
3. $\partial \mathbf{R}$
$\overline{\partial L}$ is the marginal rate of Federal personal income tax (after credits), based on the equation in footnote 24 .
4. $\partial \mathrm{R}$
$\overline{\partial Y}_{\mathrm{Pt}}$ is the marginal rate of Federal personal income tax payments (less refunds) with respect to personal
income, based on the product of the three component marginal rates.

It was pointed out above that the automatic growth in the marginal rate of taxable income in itself has had only a small impact on the overall marginal tax rate over the postwar years. Under the 1954 schedule, the marginal tax rate was constant despite the substantial growth in taxable income. Under the 1965 schedule, the marginal rate of liabilities is positively related to taxable income (footnote 24) so that we can expect the automatic growth of the overall marginal tax rate to be larger under the 1965 schedule than it was under the 1954 schedule-given the same rate of growth of personal income. The difference, however, will probably be very small. ${ }^{27}$

The major statistical findings for the marginal tax rate and their implications can now be summarized. The marginal rate of Federal personal income tax receipts with respect to personal income was not greatly different in ` 1965 under the 1965 tax schedule than it was during 1954-63 under the 1954 schedule. This reflects a small automatic increase in the marginal rate of taxable income with respect to personal income that was offset by an equally small decline in the marginal rate of tax liabilities with respect to taxable income under the 1965 schedule. The overall marginal tax rate is positively related to per capita personal income, somewhat more so under the 1965 schedule than it was under the 1954 schedule. However, the difference between actual tax yields and the yields that would have existed if the marginal tax rate were constant has been and remains small for purposes of fiscal policy. These statistical findings imply that Federal personal income taxes as an automatic fiscal stabilizer are about the same under the 1965 tax schedule as they were under the 1954 schedule. ${ }^{28}$

[^22]
## Tax elasticity

The elasticity of Federal personal income tax receipts with respect to personal income, $e_{R, Y_{P P}}$, is the product of (1) the elasticity of taxable income with respect to personal income, $e_{Y_{T_{I}}, Y_{P I}}$, (2) the elasticity of tax liabilities with respect to taxable income, $e_{L, Y_{T I}}$ and (3) the elasticity of Federal personal income tax receipts with respect to liabilities, $e_{\text {R.L. }}{ }^{29}$ That is:

$$
e_{R, Y_{P I}}=e_{Y_{T I}, Y_{P r}} \cdot e_{L, Y_{T I}} \cdot e_{R, L}
$$

The overall elasticity of Federal personal income tax payments with respect to personal income in 1965 was 1.55 ; that is, a 1 percent change in personal income yielded a 1.55 percent change in personal income taxes (column 4, table 4). In 1963, under the 1954 schedule, the overall tax elasticity was $1.41-14$ percentage points below the 1965 figure. This difference reflects two offsetting changes: a rise in the elasticity of tax liabilities with respect to taxable income under the 1965 tax schedule-from 1.00 to 1.13 -and an automatic decline in the elasticity of taxable income with respect to personal income, from 1.41 to 1.38 . The partial explanation suggested in the econometrics section for the rise in the elasticity for tax liabilities with respect to taxable income was the division of the initial tax bracket in the 1954 schedule into four brackets in the 1965 schedule. At any rate, if the unitary elasticity of tax liabilities with respect to taxable income under the 1954 schedule had also prevailed in 1965, the overall tax elasticity would have been 1.38 instead of 1.55 .
The elasticity of taxable income with respect to personal income (column 1,
29. The equation for the elasticity of taxable income with respect to personal income implied by equation (2) is:

$$
e_{Y_{t i, Y_{p} 7}=}^{1-(1.0191)^{\mathrm{D}_{58-65}(.5457)}\left(\frac{Y_{P I}}{N}\right)^{-.3360}\left(\frac{E}{N}\right)^{.3367}} 1-(1.0191)^{\mathrm{D}_{58-65}(.8219)\left(\frac{Y_{P}}{N}\right)^{-.3360}\left(\frac{E}{N}\right)^{.2307}}
$$

The elasticity of tax liabilities with respect to taxable income implied by equation (4) for 1947-63 and by equation (7) for 1964-65 are, respectively:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \left(e_{L, Y t}\right)_{47-63}=1.0000 \\
& \left(e_{L, Y}, Y_{t}\right)_{64-65}=1.1245 .
\end{aligned}
$$

(The estimated value of the elasticity in equation (4) was 0.9955 , which was rounded in the text to unity.)

The elasticity of Federal personal income tax receipts with respect to current year liabilities implied by equation ( 9 ) is: $e_{R, L}=1.0000$.
table 4) exhibited the most interesting behavior among the components. In fact, except for 1964, all of the postwar movement in the overall tax elasticity resulted from changes in the elasticity for taxable income. The elasticity for taxable income rose from 1.52 in 1947 to 1.61 in 1948, the year that the personal exemption rate was increased, and then declined to 1.38 in 1965. This decline from 1948 was automatic in that it reflected the postwar rise in per capita personal income.

According to our estimates, the elasticity of tax liabilities with respect to taxable income was equal to unity from 1947 to 1963 and, as was already noted, increased to about 1.13 during 1965 (column 3, table 4). The last component, the elasticity of Federal personal income tax payments with respect to tax liabilities, was constrained to equal unity (column 3, table 4) for the reasons given in the section on econometric analysis.

The extrapolations discussed above for the marginal tax rate were not carried out for the tax elasticity because its relation to changes in per

Table 4.-Elasticities of Federal Personal Income Taxes (Less Refunds) With Respect to Personal Income and Component Elasticities, 1947-65

| Year | Elasticities |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |
|  | $\varepsilon_{Y_{T I}},{ }^{\prime}{ }_{P I}{ }^{1}$ | $e_{L},{ }^{\prime}{ }_{T I}{ }^{2}$ | $e_{R, L}{ }^{3}$ | $e_{R}, Y_{P I}{ }^{4}$ |
| 1947. | 1.517 | 1.000 | 1. 000 | 1.517 |
| 1948 | 1. 609 | 1.000 | 1. 000 | 1. 609 |
| 1949 | 1.629 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1. 629 |
| 1950 | 1. 585 | 1. 000 | 1.000 | 1. 585 |
| 1951 | 1.536 | 1. 000 | 1. 000 | 1. 536 |
| 1952. | 1. 515 | 1.000 | 1. 000 | 1. 515 |
| 1953 | 1.499 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1. 499 |
| 1954 | 1. 504 | 1.000 | 1. 000 | 1. 504 |
| 1955 | 1. 483 | 1.000 | 1. 000 | 1. 483 |
| 1956 | 1. 464 | 1.000 | 1. 000 | 1. 464 |
| 1957. | 1.452 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1. 452 |
| 1958. | 1.468 | 1. 000 | 1.000 | 1. 468 |
| 1959 | 1.453 | 1.000 | 1.000 | 1. 453 |
| 1960. | 1. 444 | 1.000 | 1. 000 | 1. 444 |
| 1961 | 1.437 | 1.000 | 1. 000 | 1. 437 |
| 1962 | 1.422 | 1.000 | 1. 000 | 1. 422 |
| 1963 | 1.411 | 1. 000 | 1.000 | 1.411 |
| 1964 | 1.396 | 1.125 | 1. 000 | 1. 570 |
| 1965 .---- | 1.377 | 1.125 | 1.000 | 1. 549 |

1. $e_{Y_{T I}}, Y_{P_{I}}$ is the elasticity of taxable income with respect to personal income, based on the equation in footnote 29.
2. $e_{L}, \gamma_{T I}$ is the elasticity of tax liabilities (after credits) with respect to taxable income, based on the equation in footnote 29.
3. $e_{R}, L$ is the elasticity of Federal personal income tax payments (less refunds) with respect to tax liabilities (after credits), based on the equation in footnote 29.
4. $e_{R}, y_{P I}$ is the elasticity of Federal personal income tax payments (less refunds) with respect to per sonal income, based on the product of the three components elasticities.
capita personal income was unchanged under the 1965 tax schedule. That is, if the rates of growth in personal income and population continue in the neighborhood of those experienced during 1947-65, the decline in the overall tax elasticity will be about the same as those experienced in the postwar years-roughly 1 percentage point per year.

The major statistical findings for the tax elasticity and their implications can now be summarized. The elasticity of Federal personal income tax receipts with respect to personal income was 1.55 in 1965 under the 1965 tax schedule, as compared with 1.41 in 1963 under the 1954 tax schedule. The elasticity is inversely related to per capita personal income because of the inverse relation between the component elasticity for taxable income and average personal income. As a result, it trended downward between 1948 and 1963 because of the growth in per capita personal income. The overall tax elasticity under the 1965 schedule can be expected to continue to trend downward from its higher 1965 level as per capita personal income grows.

As was pointed out in the section on summary measures, the tax elasticity cannot be used by itself to compare different tax schedules as automatic fiscal stabilizers with respect to price changes; it is also necessary to take account of the level of real tax receipts under the different schedules. These levels reflect the change in the statutory tax rates and the indirect effect of the tax schedules on income and prices. It would require an econometric model of the U.S. economy to separate the change in tax yields resulting from the change in the rate structure at a given level of income from the change in tax yields resulting from the change in income brought about by the new rate structure.

The approach used here is to simply compare 1963, the last year the 1954 schedule was in effect, and 1965; this comparison reflects changes in the level and distribution of income as well as changes in the tax rate structure. The estimate of the tax elasticity for 1963 indicates that a 1 percent inflationary rise in personal income would increase tax yields by 1.41 percent in current prices. Similarly, the estimate of the
tax elasticity for 1965 indicates that a 1 percent inflationary rise in personal income would increase tax yields by 1.55 percent in current prices. In order to obtain the absolute effect on real tax yields, we also need Federal personal income tax payments (less refunds) measured in constant prices for the 2 years. In 1963, tax payments deflated by the implicit price deflator for personal consumption expenditures totaled about $\$ 46$ billion; in 1965 , they totaled about $\$ 47$ billion. From the product of these tax levels, the estimated tax elasticities minus unity, and the percentage increase in prices, we find that a 1 percent inflationary rise in personal income would have resulted in about a $\$ 0.19$ billion increase in tax payments in 1963 as compared with $\$ 0.26$ billion in 1965. The difference in tax payments and thus in disposable income measured in 1958 consumer prices is less than $\$ 0.1$ billion. The comparison indicates that personal income taxes had approximately the same effect in both years. ${ }^{30}$
30. The calculations discussed in this paragraph follow from the equation shown in footnote 7.

# Fixed Business Capital in the United States, 1925-66 

The accompanying tables present updated and corrected measurements of the fixed business capital in the United States. The initial report in this project appeared in the December 1966 Survey ${ }^{1}$ and described how the calculations were made. The article also listed the types of tables prepared and indicated how they could be obtained from the Office of Business Economics. In the February 1967 Survey, selected tables on the gross and net stocks of structures and equipment in constant (1958) dollars were published.

The calculations were updated to take account of recent estimates of investment in producers' durable equipment and nonresidential structures for 1963, 1964, 1965, and 1966 as published

[^23]in the July 1967 Survey. In the course of this updating, a programing error was discovered in the earlier work. The service lives for machinery and equipment by the Winfrey $S-3$ and flat distributions ${ }^{2}$ were about 15 percent shorter than they should have been. The tabulations of structures were not affected by the error nor were the basic service life tabulations for machinery and equipment.

In the current updating of the capital stock calculations, some changes were made from the earlier project. The basic service lives and the flat distribution were omitted, largely because of limited interest in these types of tabulations. The sum of the years' digits was dropped as one of the depreciation variants since the results were virtually identical to those obtained from the
2. See December 1966 article for an explanation of terms.
double declining balance method of depreciation. The age composition of the stock was omitted in the new calculations, and the mean age of the stock, which had been compiled at 5year intervals, was calculated for each year.

The tables that appeared in the February 1967 Survey (pages 20-24) are shown below, with the additional data on mean age of the capital stock. Because of the error in the earlier calculations, we shall send the updated and corrected version of the study to purchasers of tables as soon as possible. As with the earlier study, copies of tables may be obtained at a nominal cost by requesting the table of contents of the 1967 Capital Stock Study from the Office of Business Economics, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington D.C., Zip Code 20230.

Table 1.-Gross and Net Stocks of Structures and Equipment by Broad Industry Group, Bulletin F-15 Percent Service Life, Winfrey Distribution, 1925-66 ${ }^{1}$
[Value in billions of constant (1958) dollars]

| Year | Grass Stocks |  |  |  |  |  | Net stocks using straight line depreciation |  |  |  |  |  | Net stocks using double declining balance depreciation |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Constant Cost 1 |  |  | Constant Cost 2 |  |  | Constant Cost 1 |  |  | Constant Cost 2 |  |  | Constant Cost 1 |  |  | Constant Cost 2 |  |  |
|  | $\xrightarrow[\text { indus- }]{\text { All }}$ tries | Nonfarm | Manu-facturing | All <br> indus- <br> tries | Nonfarm | Manu-facturing | All industries | Nonfarm |  | All indus indus | Nonfarm | Manu-facturing | All industries | Nonfarm | Manu-facturing | All industries | Nonfarm | Manu-facturing |
| 1925. | 386.8 | 357.1 | 86.3 | 352.5 | 322.8 | 73.7 | 206.5 | 191.2 | 45.7 | 188.4 | 173.0 | 39.9 | 165.0 | 152.8 | 36.4 | 150.3 | 138.2 | 31.9 |
| 1926. | 398.5 | 368.3 | 88.9 | 363.5 | 333.3 | 76.4 | 213.5 | 198.0 | 47.4 | 195.0 | 179.4 | 41.7 | 171.2 | 158.9 | 38.0 | 156.2 | 143.9 | 33.5 |
| 1927. | 408.5 | 377.8 | 91.1 | 372.7 | 342.0 | 78.7 | 218.9 | 203.2 | 48.6 | 199.8 | 184.1 | 43.0 | 175.8 | 163.4 | 39.0 | 160.4 | 147.9 | 34.6 |
| 1928 | 418.0 | 386.8 | 93.7 | 381.8 | 350.6 | 81.5 | 224.1 | 208.2 | 50.4 | 205.0 | 189.0 | 44.9 | 180.4 | 167.7 | 40.6 | 164.8 | 152.2 | 36.3 |
| 1929. | 429.3 | 397.6 | 97.3 | 393.0 | 361.3 | 85.2 | 231.3 | 215.1 | 53.0 | 212.2 | 196.0 | 47.6 | 186.6 | 173.8 | 42.9 | 171.3 | 158.4 | 38.7 |
| 1930. | 435.5 | 403.7 | 98.3 | 399.3 | 367.5 | 86.5 | 233.4 | 217.3 | 53.0 | 214.7 | 198.6 | 47.8 | 187.9 | 175.2 | 42.7 | 172.9 | 160.2 | 38.7 |
| 1931. | 433.7 | 402.4 | 97.2 | 398.0 | 366.6 | 85.8 | 228.0 | 212.6 | 51.1 | 209.9 | 194.5 | 46.2 | 182.2 | 170.2 | 40.7 | 167.7 | 155.7 | 36.8 |
| 1932 | 425.6 | 395.1 | 94.6 | 390.5 | 360.0 | 83.6 | 217.5 | 203.1 | 47.9 | 200.1 | 185.7 | 43.3 | 171.9 | 160.8 | 37.5 | 158.2 | 147.1 | 33.9 |
| 1933 | 416.8 | 387.2 | 92.6 | 382.3 | 352.8 | 82.1 | 207.1 | 193.7 | 45.6 | 190.5 | 177.1 | 41.2 | 162.2 | 152.0 | 35.3 | 149.2 | 139.0 | 32.0 |
| 1934 | 409.6 | 380.5 | 90.8 | 375.9 | 346.8 | 80.7 | 198.9 | 185.9 | 43.5 | 183.0 | 170.1 | 39.5 | 154.9 | 145.0 | 33.6 | 142.5 | 132.7 | 30.4 |
| 1935. | 404.7 | 375.9 | 89.2 | 371.8 | 342.9 | 79.5 | 193.2 | 180.4 | 41.8 | 178.1 | 165.2 | 38.0 | 150.1 | 140.2 | 32.1 | 138.3 | 128.5 | 29.2 |
| 1936 | 404.0 | 374.9 | 88.7 | 371.6 | 342.5 | 79.4 | 191.6 | 178.5 | 41.3 | 176.9 | 163.8 | 37.7 | 149.1 | 138.9 | 31.9 | 137.8 | 127.5 | 29.1 |
| 1937 | 405.6 | 376.2 | 89.0 | 373.9 | 344.4 | 80.1 | 192.7 | 179.1 | 41.8 | 178.6 | 165.0 | 38.4 | 150.6 | 140.0 | 32.6 | 139.7 | 129.1 | 30.0 |
| 1938 | 401.5 | 372.2 | 87.5 | 370.7 | 341.4 | 79.1 | 188.5 | 174.9 | 40.4 | 175.0 | 161.5 | 37.3 | 147.0 | 136.3 | 31. 4 | 136. 6 | 126.0 | 29.1 |
| 1939 | 398.5 | 369.1 | 86.4 | 368.5 | 339.1 | 78.5 | 186.0 | 172.4 | 39.7 | 173.2 | 159.6 | 36.8 | 145.2 | 134.5 | 30.9 | 135.3 | 124.6 | 28.7 |
| 1940 | 398.8 | 369.4 | 86.7 | 369.7 | 340.2 | 79.1 | 187.1 | 173.3 | 40.3 | 174.9 | 161.1 | 37.6 | 146.5 | 135.7 | 31. 6 | 137.2 | 126.4 | 29.6 |
| 1941 | 402.8 | 372.6 | 88.2 | 374.3 | 344.2 | 81.0 | 191.0 | 176.6 | 42.1 | 179.2 | 164.8 | 39.5 | 150.5 | 139.0 | 33.5 | 141.4 | 130.0 | 31.5 |
| 1942 | 396.6 | 366.6 | 86.8 | 369.0 | 339.0 | 80.0 | 185.1 | 170.9 | 41.1 | 173.8 | 159.6 | 38.7 | 145.0 | 133.7 | 32.5 | 136.2 | 125.0 | 30.7 |
| 1943 | 387.7 | 358.1 | 84.6 | 361.0 | 331.4 | 78.3 | 177.6 | 163.7 | 39.4 | 166.8 | 153.0 | 37.2 | 138.3 | 127.5 | 31.0 | 130.1 | 119.3 | 29.3 |
| 1944 | 382.0 | 352.1 | 83.3 | 356.1 | 326.2 | 77.3 | 174.0 | 159.9 | 38.5 | 163.7 | 149.6 | 36.5 | 135.7 | 124.5 | 30.2 | 127.8 | 116.6 | 28.7 |
| 1945. | 383.1 | 352.8 | 84.4 | 357.8 | 327.6 | 78.7 | 177.1 | 162.5 | 40.2 | 167.0 | 152.5 | 38.2 | 139.2 | 127.6 | 31.9 | 131.5 | 119.9 | 30.4 |
| 1946 | 395.4 | 363.9 | 90.8 | 370.2 | 338.8 | 85.3 | 189.8 | 174.1 | 46.8 | 179.5 | 163.9 | 44.7 | 151.4 | 138.8 | 38.2 | 143.4 | 130.7 | 36.6 |
| 1947 | 413.5 | 379.8 | 97.5 | 388.4 | 354.8 | 92.2 | 206.9 | 189.0 | 53.2 | 196.4 | 178.5 | 51.1 | 166.8 | 152.1 | 44.0 | 158.4 | 143.7 | 42. 4 |
| 1948 | 433.4 | 396.7 | 103.3 | 408.9 | 372.3 | 98.4 | 223.6 | 203.1 | 58.0 | 213.3 | 192.8 | 56.3 | 181.1 | 164.0 | 48.0 | 172.8 | 155.8 | 46.6 |
| 1949 | 448.9 | 409.2 | 106.8 | 425.2 | 385.5 | 102.4 | 234.9 | 211.8 | 60.2 | 224.8 | 201.7 | 58.7 | 189.7 | 170.5 | 49.3 | 181.7 | 162.5 | 48.2 |
| 1950 | 466.6 | 423.9 | 110.0 | 443.4 | 400.7 | 105.8 | 247.3 | 222.0 | 61.8 | 237.5 | 212.1 | 60.4 | 199.6 | 178.5 | 50.1 | 191.7 | 170.7 | 49.1 |
| $1951$ | 485.6 | 440.1 | 115.3 | 462.7 | 417.2 | 111.4 | 260.2 | 233.0 | 65.4 | 250.3 | 223.1 | 64.1 | 210.0 | 187.6 | 53.0 | 202.1 | 179.7 | 52.0 |
| 1952 | 502.1 | 454.5 | 120.3 | 479.5 | 431.9 | 116.6 | 270.5 | 242.2 | 68.5 | 260.6 | 232.3 | 67.3 | 218.2 | 195.1 | 55.4 | 210.2 | 187.1 | 54.5 |
| 1953 | 519.9 | 469.8 | 125.3 | 497.7 | 447.6 | 121.8 | 282.2 | 252.6 | 71.3 | 272.2 | 242.6 | 70.1 | 227.8 | 203.8 | 57.6 | 219.8 | 195.8 | 56.6 |
| 1954 | 536.1 | 484.1 | 130.2 | 514.3 | 462.3 | 126.9 | 291.8 | 261.6 | 74.0 | 281.9 | 251.7 | 72.8 | 235.3 | 211.0 | 59.6 | 227.4 | 203.0 | 58.7 |
| 1955 | 556.1 | 502.4 | 135.1 | 534.9 | 481.2 | 131.9 | 304.5 | 273.8 | 76.4 | 294.9 | 264.2 | 75.2 | 245.7 | 221.1 | 61.4 | 238.1 | 213.5 | 60.5 |
| 1956 | 578.6 | 523.8 | 141.8 | 557.9 | 503.1 | 138.8 | 319.1 | 288.4 | 80.6 | 309.6 | 278.9 | 79.4 | 257.9 | 233.4 | 64.9 | 250.4 | 225.9 | 64.0 |
| 1957. | 600.0 | 544.2 | 148.6 | 580.0 | -524.2 | 145.7 | 332.3 | 301.7 | 84.5 | 323.2 | 292.6 | 83.4 | 268.8 | 244.4 | 68.2 | 261.6 | 237.3 | 67.3 |
| 1958 | 614.2 | 557.2 | 151.9 | 595.0 | 538.0 | 149.3 | 339.0 | 308.0 | 85.4 | 330.5 | 299.5 | 84.4 | 273.3 | 248.7 | 68.4 | 266.7 | 242.1 | 67.6 |
| 1959. | 629.8 | 571.9 | 154.0 | 611.8 | 554.0 | 151.6 | 347.4 | 316.3 | 85.1 | 339.9 | 308.8 | 84.2 | 279.8 | 255.1 | 67.7 | 274.1 | 249.3 | 67.0 |
| 1960 | 647.7 | 589.7 | 157.1 | 631.2 | 573.1 | 155.0 | 357.8 | 327.1 | 85.9 | 351.4 | 320.6 | 85.2 | 288.1 | 263.7 | 68.1 | 283.4 | 259.0 | 67.6 |
| 1961 | 664.3 | 606.0 | 160.1 | 649.3 | 591.1 | 158.2 | 365.6 | 334.9 | 86.1 | 360.5 | 329.8 | 85.6 | 293.8 | 269.5 | 68.1 | 290.3 | 266.0 | 67.7 |
| 1962. | 683.2 | 624.6 | 162.9 | 669.8 | 611.3 | 161.2 | 376.4 | 345.6 | 86.8 | 372.6 | 341.8 | 86.3 | 302.6 | 278.2 | 68.5 | 300.2 | 275.8 | 68.2 |
| 1963 | 703.3 | 644.0 | 166.1 | 691.6 | 632.3 | 164.6 | 388.1 | 356.8 | 88.0 | 385.6 | 354.2 | 87.6 | 312.1 | 287.1 | 69.5 | 310.8 | 285.9 | 69.3 |
| 1964. | 728.4 | 668.4 | 170.7 | 718.4 | 658.4 | 169.4 | 404.1 | 372.2 | 90.5 | 402.9 | 371.1 | 90.3 | 325.4 | 300.1 | 71.8 | 325.3 | 300.0 | 71.7 |
| 1965 | 760.7 | 699.6 | 177.6 | 752.8 | 691.7 | 176.6 | 426.0 | 393.3 |  | 426.5 | 393.8 | 95.1 | 344.0 | 318.0 | 75.9 | 345.4 | 319.4 | 76.0 |
| 1966 | 799.0 | 736.5 | 188.2 | 793.2 | 730.7 | 187.5 | 452.8 | 419.1 | 103.0 | 454.9 | 421.2 | 103. 1 | 366.7 | 339.8 | 82.9 | 369.5 | 342.6 | 83.1 |

Footnotes at end of table.

Table 1.-Gross and Net Stocks of Structures and Equipment by Broad Industry Group, Bulletin F-15 Percent Service Life, Winfrey Distribution, 1925-66 ${ }^{1}$-Continued
[Value in billions of constant (1958) dollars]

| Year | Gross Stocks |  |  |  |  |  | Net stocks using straight line depreciation |  |  |  |  |  | Net stocks using double declining balance depreciation |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Constant Cost 1 |  |  | Constant Cost 2 |  |  | Constant Cost 1 |  |  | Constant Cost 2 |  |  | Constant Cost 1 |  |  | Constant Cost 2 |  |  |
|  | All industries | Nonfarm | Manu-facturing | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { indus- } \\ \text { tries } \end{gathered}$ | Non- farm | Manu-facturing | All industries | Non- farm | Manu-facturing | All industries | Norm- | Manu-facturing | All <br> industries | Nonfarm | Manu-facturing | All industries | Nonfarm | Manu-facturing |
| Mean age of gross and net stocks |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1925 | 14.4 | 14.5 | 11.1 | 14.4 | 14.4 | 10.5 | 10.2 | 10.2 | 7.6 | 10.2 | 10.2 | 7.2 | 9.5 | 9.5 | 7.1 | 9.5 | 9.5 | 6.7 |
| 1926 | 14.4 | 14.4 | 11.0 | 14.3 | 14.3 | 10.4 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 7.5 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 7.1 | 9.3 | 9.3 | 6.9 | 9.3 | 9.3 | 6.5 |
| 1927. | 14.3 | 14.3 | 11.0 | 14.3 | 14.3 | 10.4 | 9.9 | 9.9 | 7.4 | 9.8 | 9.9 | 7.0 | 9.2 | 9.2 | 6.8 | 9.1 | 9.2 | 6.5 |
| 1928. | 14.3 | 14.3 | 10.9 | 14.2 | 14.2 | 10.3 | 9.8 | 9.8 | 7.3 | 9.7 | 9.8 | 6.9 | 9.1 | 9.1 | 6.7 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 6.3 |
| 1929. | 14.2 | 14.2 | 10.7 | 14.1 | 14.1 | 10.1 | 9.6 | 9.6 | 7.1 | 9.5 | 9.6 | 6.7 | 8.9 | 8.9 | 6.5 | 8.8 | 8.8 | 6.1 |
| 1930. | 14.3 | 14.3 | 10.9 | 14.2 | 14.2 | 10.2 | 9.7 | 9.7 | 7.2 | 9.6 | 9.6 | 6.9 | 9.0 | 9.0 | 6.7 | 8.9 | 8.9 | 6.3 |
| 1931 | 14.6 | 14.6 | 11.2 | 14.5 | 14.5 | 10.6 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 7.6 | 9.9 | 9.9 | 7.3 | 9.4 | 9.4 | 7.1 | 9.3 | 9.3 | 6.8 |
| 1932 | 15.1 | 15.1 | 11.7 | 15.0 | 15.0 | 11.1 | 10.6 | 10.6 | 8.2 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 7.9 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 7.8 | 9.9 | 9.9 | 7.5 |
| 1933. | 15.6 | 15.6 | 12.0 | 15.5 | 15.5 | 11.5 | 11.1 | 11.1 | 8.6 | 11.0 | 11.0 | 8.3 | 10.6 | 10.6 | 8.2 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 7.9 |
| 1934 | 16.0 | 16.1 | 12.4 | 15.9 | 16.0 | 11.8 | 11.5 | 11.6 | 9.0 | 11.5 | 11.5 | 8.7 | 11.0 | 11.0 | 8.5 | 10.9 | 10.9 | 8.3 |
| 1935. | 16.4 | 16.4 | 12.7 | 16.2 | 16.3 | 12.1 | 11.8 | 11.8 | 9.2 | 11.7 | 11.7 | 8.9 | 11.3 | 11.3 | 8.8 | 11.2 | 11.2 | 8.5 |
| 1936. | 16.5 | 16.6 | 12.8 | 16.4 | 16.4 | 12.2 | 11.8 | 11.9 | 9.2 | 11.7 | 11.8 | 8.9 | 11.2 | 11.3 | 8.7 | 11.1 | 11.2 | 8.4 |
| 1937. | 16.5 | 16.6 | 12.7 | 16.3 | 16.4 | 12.2 | 11.6 | 11.7 | 8.9 | 11.5 | 11.6 | 8.6 | 11.0 | 11.1 | 8.4 | 10.8 | 11.0 | 8.1 |
| 1938. | 16.7 | 16.8 | 12.9 | 16.5 | 16.6 | 12.4 | 11.8 | 11.9 | 9.1 | 11.6 | 11.7 | 8.8 | 11.1 | 11.3 | 8.5 | 11.0 | 11.1 | 8.2 |
| 1939 | 16.8 | 16.9 | 13.0 | 16.6 | 16.7 | 12.5 | 11.8 | 11.9 | 9.1 | 11.6 | 11.8 | 8.8 | 11.1 | 11.3 | 8.5 | 11.0 | 11.1 | 8.2 |
| 1940. | 16.7 | 16.9 | 12.9 | 16.5 | 16.7 | 12.4 | 11.6 | 11.7 | 8.8 | 11.4 | 11.5 | 8.5 | 10.9 | 11.1 | 8.2 | 10.7 | 10.8 | 7.9 |
| 1941 | 16.6 | 16.7 | 12.6 | 16.3 | 16.5 | 12.1 | 11.2 | 11.4 | 8.3 | 11.0 | 11.2 | 8.0 | 10.5 | 10.7 | 7.6 | 10.3 | 10.5 | 7.3 |
| 1942 | 16.8 | 17.0 | 12.7 | 16.5 | 16.7 | 12.2 | 11.5 | 11.7 | 8.4 | 11.2 | 11.4 | 8.1 | 10.8 | 11.0 | 7.8 | 10.6 | 10.8 | 7.5 |
| 1943. | 17.1 | 17.3 | 12.9 | 16.8 | 17.0 | 12.4 | 11.8 | 12.0 | 8.6 | 11.6 | 11.8 | 8.3 | 11.1 | 11.4 | 8.0 | 10.9 | 11.1 | 7.8 |
| 1944 | 17.2 | 17.5 | 13.0 | 16.9 | 17.2 | 12.5 | 11.8 | 12.1 | 8.6 | 11.6 | 11.9 | 8.4 | 11.2 | 11.4 | 8.1 | 11.0 | 11.2 | 7.8 |
| 1945. | 17.0 | 17.3 | 12.6 | 16.8 | 17.0 | 12.2 | 11.4 | 11.7 | 8.2 | 11.2 | 11.5 | 7.9 | 10.7 | 11.0 | 7.6 | 10.5 | 10.8 | 7.3 |
| 1946 | 16.4 | 16.7 | 11.7 | 16.1 | 16.4 | 11.2 | 10.6 | 10.8 | 7.0 | 10.3 | 10.6 | 6.8 | 9.8 | 10.0 | 6.3 | 9.5 | 9.8 | 6.1 |
| 1947. | 15.6 | 15.9 | 10.8 | 15.3 | 15.6 | 10.4 | 9.7 | 9.9 | 6.3 | 9.4 | 9.7 | 6.1 | 8.8 | 9.1 | 5.6 | 8.6 | 8.9 | 5.4 |
| 1948. | 14.9 | 15.2 | 10.3 | 14.5 | 14.9 | 9.9 | 9.0 | 9.2 | 5.9 | 8.7 | 9.0 | 5.7 | 8.2 | 8.5 | 5.4 | 8.0 | 8.3 | 5.2 |
| 1949. | 14.4 | 14.7 | 10.1 | 14.0 | 14.4 | 9.7 | 8.6 | 8.9 | 5.9 | 8.4 | 8.7 | 5.7 | 7.9 | 8.2 | 5.4 | 7.7 | 8.0 | 5.3 |
| 1950 | 13.9 | 14.3 | 9.9 | 13.5 | 13.9 | 9.5 | 8.3 | 8.6 | 6.0 | 8.1 | 8.4 | 5.8 | 7.6 | 7.9 | 5.6 | 7.4 | 7.7 | 5.4 |
| 1951. | 13.4 | 13.8 | 9.6 | 13.1 | 13.4 | 9.3 | 8.0 | 8.3 | 5.9 | 7.8 | 8.1 | 5.7 | 7.4 | 7.6 | 5.5 | 7.2 | 7.4 | 5.3 |
| 1952 | 13.0 | 13.4 | 9.4 | 12.7 | 13.1 | 9.1 | 7.8 | 8.1 | 5.9 | 7.6 | 7.9 | 5.7 | 7.2 | 7.5 | 5.4 | 7.0 | 7.3 | 5.3 |
| 1953. | 12.7 | 13.1 | 9.2 | 12.4 | 12.7 | 9.0 | 7.6 | 7.9 | 5.9 | 7.5 | 7.7 | 5.8 | 7.1 | 7.3 | 5.4 | 6.9 | 7.1 | 5.3 |
| 1954. | 12.4 | 12.8 | 9.1 | 12.1 | 12.5 | 8.9 | 7.6 | 7.8 | 5.9 | 7.4 | 7.6 | 5.8 | 7.0 | 7.2 | 5.5 | 6.8 | 7.0 | 5. 4 |
| 1955 | 12.1 | 12.5 | 9.1 | 11.8 | 12.1 | 8.8 | 7.4 | 7.6 | 6.0 | 7.2 | 7.4 | 5.9 | 6.9 | 7.0 | 5.5 | 6.7 | 6.8 | 5.4 |
| 1956. | 11.8 | 12.1 | 8.9 | 11.5 | 11.8 | 8.7 | 7.2 | 7.4 | 5.9 | 7.1 | 7.2 | 5.8 | 6.7 | 6.8 | 5.4 | 6.5 | 6.6 | 5.4 |
| 1957 | 11.6 | 11.8 | 8.8 | 11.5 | 11.5 | 8.6 | 7.1 | 7.2 | 5.8 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 5.8 | 6.6 | 6.7 | 5.4 | 6. 5 | 6.5 | 5.3 |
| 1958 | 11.5 | 11.7 | 8.9 | 11.2 | 11.4 | 8.7 | 7.2 | 7.3 | 6.0 | 7.0 | 7.1 | 6.0 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 5. 6 | 6.5 | 6.6 | 5.5 |
| 1959. | 11.4 | 11.6 | 9.0 | 11.1 | 11.3 | 8.9 | 7.2 | 7.3 | 6.2 | 7.0 | 7.1 | 6.2 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 5.8 | 6.5 | 6.6 | 5.8 |
| 1960. | 11.3 | 11.4 | 9.1 | 11.0 | 11.1 | 9.0 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 6.4 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 6.3 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 5.9 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 5.9 |
| 1961 | 11.2 | 11.3 | 9.2 | 10.9 | 11.0 | 9.1 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 6.5 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 6.4 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 6.1 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.0 |
| 1962 | 11.1 | 11.2 | 9.4 | 10.8 | 10.9 | 9.2 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 6.6 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 6.5 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 6.2 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.1 |
| 1963 | 11.0 | 11.1 | 9.4 | 10.7 | 10.8 | 9.3 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 6.6 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 6.6 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 6.2 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.1 |
| 1964 | 10.8 | 10.9 | 9.4 | 10.5 | 10.6 | 9.3 | 7.1 | 7.1 | 6.5 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 6.5 | 6.6 | 6.6 | 6.1 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 6.0 |
| 1965 | 10.6 | 10.7 | 9.3 | 10.3 | 10.3 | 9.2 | 6.9 | 6.9 | 6.3 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 6.3 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 5.9 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 5. 8 |
| 1966. | 10.3 | 10.4 | 9.0 | 10.0 | 10.1 | 8.9 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 6.0 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.0 | 6.2 | 6.2 | 5.5 | 6.0 | 6.0 | 5.5 |

1. The service life of structures is not Bulletin F-15 percent but is so designated for convenience because they are grouped with that service life alternative for equipment. See pages $35-36$ of the December 1966 SURVEY.
Note.-Capital stock estimates for farm may be obtained by subtracting nonfarm from the
all industries column. Nonmanufacturing (excluding farm) may be obtained by subtracting the estimates for manufacturing from the nonfarm column.
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.


Table 2.-Gross and Net Stocks of Structures by Broad Industry Group and Selected Types, Bulletin F-15 Percent Service Life, Winfrey Distribution, 1925-66 ${ }^{1}$
[Value in billions of constant (1958) dollars]

| Year | Constant cost 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Constant cost 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { indus- } \\ \text { tries } \end{gathered}$ | Industry |  |  | Selected types of structures |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { indus- } \\ & \text { tries } \end{aligned}$ | Industry |  | Selected types of structures |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Farm | Nonfarm | Manu-facturing | Indus- |  | Institu- <br> tional excl. social and recreational | Social and recreational | Rail- <br> road, <br> local <br> transit <br> and <br> pipe- <br> line | Telephone and telegraph | Other public utilities |  | Nonfarm | Manu-facturing | Indus- | Com-mercial and miscellaneous | Institu- tional excl. social and recrea. tional | $\begin{gathered} \text { Social } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { recrea- } \\ \text { tional } \end{gathered}$ | Railroad, local transit, and pipeline | Telephone and graph | Otber public utilities |
| Gross stocks |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1925 | 260.8 | 18.2 | 242.5 | 56.1 | 36.1 | 51.3 | 11.5 | 7.8 | 86.3 | 3.8 | 23.1 | 226.5 | 208.3 | 43.5 | 31.0 | 41.0 | 9.3 | 6.3 | 85.7 | 3.8 | 14.9 |
| 1926 | 268.2 | 18.1 | 250.1 | 57.7 | 37.2 | 53.8 | 12.5 | 8.5 | 86.3 | 4.1 | 24.8 | 233.2 | 215.1 | 45.2 | 32.1 | 43.4 | 10.2 | 6.9 | 85.7 | 4.1 | 16.0 |
| 1927. | 275.6 | 18.0 | 257.6 | 59.1 | 38.2 | 56.4 | 13.7 | 9.1 | 86.3 | 4.3 | 26.4 | 239.8 | 221.8 | 46.8 | 33.1 | 45.9 | 11.2 | 7.4 | 85.6 | 4.3 | 17.0 |
| 1928. | 282.5 | 17.9 | 264.6 | 61.0 | 39.5 | 58.8 | 14.8 | 9.6 | 86.2 | 4.6 | 27.8 | 246.4 | 228.5 | 48.8 | 34.4 | 48.4 | 12.2 | 7.9 | 85.5 | 4. 6 | 18.0 |
| 1929 | 290.1 | 17.8 | 272.3 | 63.5 | 41.3 | 61.2 | 15.8 | 9.9 | 86.2 | 5.1 | 29.0 | 253.8 | 236.0 | 51.5 | 36.1 | 51.0 | 13.1 | 8.2 | 85.5 | 5.1 | 18.9 |
| 1930 | 295.5 | 17.5 | 278.0 | 64.3 | 42.0 | 62.9 | 17.0 | 10.2 | 86.2 | 5.7 | 30.4 | 259.3 | 241.8 | 52.5 | 36.8 | 53.1 | 14.2 | 8.5 | 85.5 | 5.7 | 19.9 |
| 1991. | ${ }^{296} 3$ | 17.1 | 279.3 | 63.6 | 41.7 | 63.4 | 17.9 | 10.5 | 85.8 | 5.9 | 31.0 | 260.6 | 243.5 | 52.2 | 36.5 | 53.9 | 15.0 | 8.8 | 85.0 | 5.9 | 20.4 |
| 1932 | 293.7 | 16.6 | 277.1 | 62.0 | 40.7 | 63.2 | 18.3 | 10.6 | 84.5 | 5. 9 | 31.2 | 258.6 | 242.0 | 51.1 | 35.8 | 53.9 | 15.4 | 8.9 | 83.8 | 5.9 | ${ }^{20.6}$ |
| 1933 | 289.8 | 16.2 | ${ }_{27}^{273.6}$ | 61.1 | 40.2 | 62.6 | 18.4 | 10.6 | 83.0 | 5. 9 | 31.0 | 255.4 | 239.2 | 50.5 | 35.4 | 53.5 | 15.5 | 8.8 | 82.2 | 5.9 | 20.5 |
| 1934. | 285.9 | 15.7 | 270.2 | 60.0 | 39.6 | 62.0 | 18.5 | 10.5 | 81.5 | 5.8 | 30.7 | 252.2 | 236.5 | 49.9 | 31.9 | 53.2 | 15.5 | 8.8 | 80.8 | 5.8 | 20.4 |

Table 2.-Gross and Net Stocks of Structures by Broad Industry Group and Selected Types, Bulletin F-15 Percent Service Life, Winfrey Distribution, 1925-66 ${ }^{1}$-Continued

| Year | Constant cost 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Constant cost 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { All } \\ \text { indus- } \\ \text { tries } 2 \end{array}$ | Industry |  |  | Selected types of structures |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { indus- } \\ & \text { tries } \end{aligned}$ | Industry |  | Selected types of structures |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Farm | Nonfarm | Manu-facturing | Industrial | Com-mercial and miscellaneous | Institu- <br> tional <br> excl. <br> social <br> and <br> recrea- <br> tional | Social and recrea- tional | Railroad, local transit, and line | Telephone and telegraph | Other public utilities |  | Nonfarm | Manu-facturing | Industrial | Com-mercial and miscellaneous | Institu- <br> tional <br> excl. <br> social <br> and <br> recrea- <br> tional | Social and recrea- tional | Railroad, $\underset{\text { lacal }}{\text { locasit, }}$ and pipeline | Telephone and telegraph | Other public utilitie |

Gross stocks-Continued

| 1935. | 282.4 | 15.4 | 267.0 | 58.8 | 38.8 | 61.6 | 18.f | 10.4 | 80.0 | 5.8 | 30.6 | 249.4 | 234.0 | 40.1 | 34.3 | 52.9 | 15.6 | 8.7 | 79.3 | 5.8 | 20.4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1936. | 280.1 | 15.1 | 265.0 | 58.1 | 38.4 | 61.4 | 18.8 | 10.4 | 78.8 | 5.7 | 30.6 | 247.7 | 232.6 | 48.8 | 34.0 | 52.8 | 15.8 | 8.7 | 78.0 | 5.7 | 20.5 |
| 1937. | 279.2 | 14.9 | 264.3 | 58.0 | 38.5 | 61.3 | 19.1 | 10.5 | 77.5 | 5. 8 | 30.7 | 247.4 | 232.5 | 49.1 | 34.2 | 52.9 | 16.0 | 8.8 | 76.8 | 5.8 | 20.8 |
| 1938. | 276.5 | 14.6 | 261.9 | 56.9 | 37.8 | 60.9 | 19.4 | 10.6 | 75.9 | 5.8 | 31.0 | 245.6 | 231.1 | 48.5 | 33.7 | 52.7 | 16.3 | 8.9 | 75.2 | 5.3 | 21.2 |
| 1939. | 273.9 | 14.4 | 259.6 | 55.9 | 37.1 | 60.5 | 19.6 | 10.7 | 74.4 | 5.7 | 31.3 | 243.9 | 229.6 | 48.0 | 33.2 | 52. 5 | 16.5 | 9.0 | 73.7 | 5.7 | 21.7 |
| 1940. | 272.1 | 14.0 | 258.1 | 55.7 | 36.9 | 60.1 | 19.9 | 10.6 | 72.9 | 5. 8 | 31.6 | 243.0 | 229.0 | 48.1 | 33.2 | 52.4 | 16.8 | 9.0 | 72.2 | 5.8 | 22.2 |
| 1941. | 271.6 | 13.8 | 257.8 | 56.3 | 37.6 | 59.8 | 20.3 | 10.6 | 71.5 | 5.9 | 31.9 | 243.1 | 229.3 | 49.1 | 34.0 | 52.3 | 17.1 | 9.0 | 70.8 | 5.9 | 22.6 |
| 1942. | 267.2 | 13.5 | 253.6 | 54.9 | 36.8 | 58.6 | 20.3 | 10.4 | 70.0 | 5.9 | 31.8 | 239.5 | 226.0 | 48.2 | 33.4 | 51.4 | 17.1 | 8.8 | 69.2 | 5.9 | 22.7 |
| 1943. | 261.0 | 13.3 | 247.7 | 52.9 | 35.5 | 57.1 | 20.2 | 10.2 | 68.4 | 5.7 | 31.4 | 234.4 | 221.1 | 46.6 | 32.4 | 50.1 | 17.0 | 8.6 | 67.6 | 5.7 | 22.5 |
| 1944. | 255.8 | 13.1 | 242.7 | 51.1 | 34.5 | 55.6 | 20.1 | 9.9 | 66.9 | 5.5 | 31.2 | 229.9 | 216.8 | 45.2 | 31.4 | 48.9 | 17.0 | 8.4 | 66.0 | 5.5 | 22.4 |
| 1945 | 252.2 | 12.8 | 239.4 | 50.6 | 34.4 | 54.4 | 20.2 | 9.7 | 65.3 | 5.4 | 31.1 | 227.0 | 214.2 | 45.0 | 31.5 | 48.0 | 17.0 | 8.2 | 64.5 | 5. 4 | 22.5 |
| 1946. | 255.5 | 13.4 | 242.1 | 53.7 | 36.9 | 55.2 | 20.6 | 9.6 | 63.8 | 5.5 | 31.4 | 230.4 | 217.0 | 48.2 | 34. 1 | 48.7 | 17.3 | 8.2 | 62.9 | 5. 5 | 22.8 |
| 1947. | 257.8 | 13.9 | 243.9 | 55.2 | 38.1 | 55.0 | 21.0 | 9.5 | 62.5 | 5.8 | 32.5 | 232.8 | 218.9 | 49.8 | 35.4 | 48.7 | 17.8 | 8.0 | 61.6 | 5.8 | 23.6 |
| 1948. | 260.9 | 14.4 | 246.5 | 56.0 | 38.7 | 55.2 | 21.7 | 9.4 | 61.1 | 6.4 | 34.0 | 236.5 | 223.1 | 51.2 | 36.2 | 49.3 | 18.5 | 8.1 | 60.2 | 6.4 | 24.8 |
| 1949. | 263.4 | 14.8 | 248.6 | 56.2 | 38.5 | 55.2 | 22.5 | 9.4 | 59.7 | 6.7 | 35.9 | 239.6 | 224.8 | 51.7 | 36.3 | 49.7 | 19.5 | 8.1 | 58.7 | 6.7 | 26.4 |
| 1950. | 266.7 | 15.2 | 251.4 | 55.9 | 38.4 | 55.3 | 23.7 | 9.4 | 58.2 | 7.0 | 37.9 | 243.4 | 228.2 | 51.8 | 36.3 | 50.1 | 20.7 | 8.2 | 57.2 | 7.0 | 28.4 |
| 1951. | 271.4 | 15.6 | 255.7 | 56.7 | 39.3 | 55.7 | 25.0 | 9.3 | 56.8 | 7.2 | 40.0 | 248.5 | 232.9 | 52.8 | 37.4 | 50.5 | 21.9 | 8.0 | 55.9 | 7.2 | 30.4 |
| 1952. | 275.5 | 16.0 | 259.5 | 57.3 | 40.4 | 55.5 | 26.1 | 9.0 | 55.6 | 7.5 | 41.7 | 253.0 | 237.0 | 53.6 | 38.6 | 50.5 | 22.9 | 7.9 | 54.6 | 7.5 | 32. 2 |
| 1953. | 281.1 | 16.4 | 264.7 | 58.0 | 41.5 | 56.0 | 27.2 | 8.9 | 54.5 | 7.9 | 43.8 | 258.8 | 242.5 | 54.6 | 39.8 | 51.1 | 24.1 | 7.7 | 53.5 | 7.9 | 34.3 |
| 1954. | 286.9 | 16.7 | 270.2 | 58.7 | 42.4 | 56.9 | 28.6 | 8.8 | 53.2 | 8.4 | 45.6 | 265.1 | 248.3 | 55.4 | 40.8 | 52.3 | 25.5 | 7.5 | 52.2 | 8.4 | 36.2 |
| 1955. | 293.7 | 17.0 | 276.7 | 59.6 | 43.8 | 58.5 | 29.9 | 8.7 | 51.6 | 8.9 | 47.2 | 272.5 | 255.5 | 56.4 | 42.2 | 54.1 | 26.9 | 7.5 | 50.7 | 8.9 | 38.0 |
| 1956. | 303.0 | 17.4 | 285.6 | 61.2 | 45.8 | 60.9 | 31.4 | 8.6 | 50.3 | 9.8 | 49.1 | 282.3 | 264.9 | 58.1 | 44.3 | 56.4 | 28.4 | 7.5 | 49.4 | 9.8 | 40.2 |
| 1957. | 312.2 | 17.7 | 294.5 | 63.1 | 48.1 | 62.8 | 33.0 | 8.6 | 49.0 | 10.6 | 51.3 | 292. 1 | 274.4 | 60.2 | 46.6 | 58.4 | 30.0 | 7.5 | 48.1 | 10.6 | 42.7 |
| 1958 | 319.6 | 18.0 | 301. 5 | 64.2 | 49.1 | 64.6 | 34.6 | 8.7 | 47.5 | 11.2 | 53.4 | 300.4 | 282.4 | 61.6 | 47.7 | 60.5 | 31.7 | 7.6 | 46.6 | 11.2 | 45.2 |
| 1959 | 326.6 | 18.3 | 308.3 | 64.6 | 49.7 | 66.6 | 36.2 | 8.9 | 46.0 | 11.8 | 55.3 | 308.6 | 290.3 | 62.2 | 48.5 | 62.8 | 33.4 | 7.9 | 45.2 | 11.8 | 47.5 |
| 1960. | 335.0 | 18.6 | 316.3 | 65.3 | 51.2 | 68.9 | 37.9 | 9.2 | 44.6 | 12.6 | 57.2 | 318.4 | 299.8 | 63.2 | 50.1 | 65.6 | 35.2 | 8.3 | 43.8 | 12.6 | 49.8 |
| 1961. | 343.7 | 18.9 | 324.8 | 66.3 | 52.7 | 71.6 | 39.6 | 9.5 | 43.2 | 13.2 | 59.0 | 328.7 | 309.8 | 64.4 | 51.9 | 68.9 | 37.3 | 8.7 | 42.4 | 13.2 | 52.0 |
| 1962 | 352.7 | 19.2 | 333.5 | 67.1 | 54.3 | 74.5 | 41.5 | 9.9 | 41.9 | 13.8 | 60.7 | 339.3 | 320.1 | 65.4 | 53.6 | 72.4 | 39.4 | 9.2 | 41.2 | 13.8 | 54.0 |
| 1963. | 361.5 | 19.5 | 342.0 | 67.9 | 55.8 | 77.3 | 43.4 | 10.2 | 40.7 | 14.4 | 62.4 | 349.7 | 330.2 | 66.5 | 55.2 | 75.8 | 41.6 | 9.6 | 40.0 | 14.4 | 56.0 |
| 1964. | 371.4 | 19.8 | 351.5 | 69.0 | 57.7 | 80.3 | 45.5 | 10.4 | 39.5 | 15.2 | 64.4 | 361.4 | 341.6 | 67.7 | 57.3 | 79.6 | 44.0 | 9.9 | 38.9 | 15.2 | 58.3 |
| 1965. | 384.0 | 20.1 | 363.9 | 70.8 | 60.9 | 84.6 | 47.8 | 10.8 | 38.2 | 16.1 | 66.4 | 376.1 | 356.0 | 69.8 | 60.7 | 84.7 | 46.7 | 10.4 | 37.7 | 16.1 | 60.6 |
| 1966. | 398.2 | 20.4 | 377.8 | 73.3 | 65.4 | 88.7 | 50.1 | 11.3 | 37.1 | 17.0 | 68.9 | 392.4 | 372.0 | 72.5 | 65.3 | 89.7 | 49.4 | 11.0 | 36.6 | 17.0 | 63.5 |

Net stocks using straight line depreciation

| 1925 | 139.8 | 9.0 | 130.8 | 29.6 | 19.6 | 29.1 | 7.8 | 4. 6 | 42.0 | 2.1 | 14.4 | 121.6 | 112.6 | 23.8 | 17.1 | 23.8 | 6.4 | 3.8 | 41.7 | 2.1 | 9.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1926. | 144.4 | 8.8 | 135. 6 | 30.7 | 20.3 | 30.9 | 8.7 | 5. 1 | 41.5 | 2.4 | 15.5 | 125.9 | 117.1 | 25.0 | 17.8 | 25.7 | 7.1 | 4.2 | 41.1 | 2.4 | 10.0 |
| 1927. | 149.2 | 8.8 | 140.4 | 31.6 | 20.9 | 32.8 | 9.6 | 5.6 | 41.1 | 2.6 | 16.6 | 130.2 | 121.4 | 26.0 | 18.4 | 27.5 | 8.0 | 4. 7 | 40.7 | 3.6 | 10.7 |
| 1928 | 153.5 | 8.7 | 144.8 | 33.0 | 21.8 | 34.5 | 10.4 | 6.0 | 40.6 | 2.8 | 17.4 | 134.4 | 125.7 | 27.5 | 19.3 | 29.3 | 8.7 | 5.0 | 40.2 | 2.8 | 11.2 |
| 1929 | 158.4 | 8.5 | 149.9 | 35.0 | 23.2 | 36.1 | 11.3 | 6.2 | 40.4 | 3.2 | 18.0 | 139.4 | 130.8 | 29.6 | 20.6 | 31.2 | 9.5 | 5.2 | 40.0 | 3.2 | 11.8 |
| 1930. | 161.0 | 8.2 | 152.7 | 35.2 | 23.4 | 37.0 | 12.1 | 6.4 | 40.1 | 3.6 | 18.8 | 142.3 | 134.1 | 30.0 | 20.8 | 32.6 | 10.3 | 5.4 | 39.7 | 3.6 | 12.4 |
| 1931. | 159.2 | 7.9 | 151.3 | 33.9 | 22.6 | 36.8 | 12.7 | 6. 5 | 39.4 | 3.7 | 18.9 | 141.0 | 133.2 | 29.0 | 20.1 | 32.6 | 10.8 | 5.5 | 39.0 | 3.7 | 12.6 |
| 1932. | 154.3 | 7.4 | 146.9 | 32.0 | 21.3 | 35.8 | 12.9 | 6.4 | 38.2 | 3.6 | 18.4 | 136.9 | 129.5 | 27.4 | 19.0 | 31.8 | 11.0 | 5.5 | 37.7 | 3.6 | 12.4 |
| 1933. | 148.4 | 7.1 | 141. 4 | 30.7 | 20.5 | 34.5 | 12.7 | 6.2 | 36.7 | 3.4 | 17.7 | 131.9 | 124.8 | 26.4 | 18.2 | 30.8 | 10.8 | 5.3 | 36.3 | 3.4 | 11.9 |
| 1934. | 143.1 | 6.7 | 136.4 | 29.5 | 19.6 | 33.3 | 12.4 | 6.0 | 35.3 | 3.2 | 17.0 | 127.2 | 120.5 | 25.4 | 17.5 | 29.7 | 10.6 | 5.1 | 34.9 | 3.2 | 11.5 |
| 1935. | 138.2 | 6.5 | 131.7 | 28.0 | 18.6 | 32.3 | 12.2 | 5.8 | 34.1 | 3.0 | 16.4 | 123.1 | 116.6 | 24.2 | 16.7 | 28.9 | 10.4 | 5.0 | 33.7 | 3.0 | 11.1 |
| 1936. | 134.9 | 6.3 | 128.6 | 27.2 | 18.1 | 31.6 | 12.2 | 5.7 | 33.0 | 2.9 | 16.0 | 120.2 | 113.9 | 23.6 | 16. 2 | 28.2 | 10.3 | 4.8 | 32.6 | 2.9 | 10.9 |
| 1937. | 133.3 | 6.2 | 127.1 | 27.1 | 18.1 | 31.1 | 12.2 | 5. 6 | 32.1 | 2.8 | 15.8 | 119.1 | 112.9 | 23.7 | 16.3 | 27.8 | 10.3 | 4.8 | 31.7 | 2.8 | 11.0 |
| 1938. | 130.2 | 6.0 | 124. 1 | 26.0 | 17.3 | 30.2 | 12.2 | 5.6 | 30.9 | 2.7 | 15.7 | 116.7 | 110.7 | 22.9 | 15.7 | 27.1 | 10.3 | 4.8 | 30.6 | $\underline{2 .} 7$ | 11.1 |
| 1939. | 127.5 | 5.9 | 121.6 | 25.3 | 16.7 | 29.4 | 12.1 | 5.6 | 29.9 | 2.7 | 15.7 | 114.7 | 103.7 | 22.3 | 15.1 | 26.4 | 10.3 | 4.8 | $\because 9.6$ | 9.7 | 11.4 |
| 1940 | 125. 7 | 5.7 | 119.9 | 25.1 | 16.6 | 28.8 | 12.1 | 5. 5 | 29.0 | 2.6 | 15.8 | 113.5 | 107.7 | 22.4 | 15.2 | 25.9 | 10.3 | 4.7 | $\underline{39.6}$ | $\underline{2.6}$ | 11.7 |
| 1941 | 125. 2 | 5. 6 | 119.6 | 25.9 | 17.3 | 28.3 | 12.2 | 5. 4 | 28.1 | 2.7 | 15.9 | 113.4 | 107.8 | 23.3 | 16.0 | 25.5 | 10.4 | 4.6 | 27.8 | $\underline{3 .} 7$ | 11.9 |
| 1942 | 121.4 | 5. 5 | 115.8 | 24.9 | 16.7 | 27.0 | 12.0 | 5. 1 | 27.2 | 2.7 | 15.6 | 110.0 | 104.5 | 22.5 | 15.5 | 24.3 | 10.2 | 4.3 | $\because 6.9$ | $\because 7$ | 11.8 |
| 1943. | 116.0 | 5.5 | 110.5 | 23.2 | 15.7 | 25.4 | 11.6 | 4.8 | 26.4 | 2.6 | 15.0 | 105.3 | 99.8 | 21.0 | 14.6 | 22.8 | 9.9 | 4.1 | 26.0 | 3.6 | 11.4 |
| 1944. | 111.7 | 5.4 | 106.3 | 21.9 | 14.8 | 23.9 | 11.3 | 4.5 | 25.6 | 2.4 | 14.7 | 101.4 | 96.0 | 19.8 | 13.8 | 21.5 | 9.6 | 3.8 | 25.2 | 2.4 | 11.3 |
| 1945. | 109.5 | 5.3 | 104. 1 | 21.8 | 15.1 | 22.9 | 11.1 | 4.3 | 24.8 | 2.4 | 14.6 | 99.4 | 94.1 | 19.9 | 14.1 | 20.6 | 9.4 | 3.6 | 24.4 | $\underline{2} .4$ | 11.1 |
| 1946 | 114.0 | 6.1 | 107.9 | 25.4 | 17.8 | 23.9 | 11.2 | 4.2 | 24.1 | 2. 6 | 14.8 | 103.7 | 97.6 | 23.3 | 16.9 | 21.3 | 9.5 | 3. 6 | 23.6 | 2. 6 | 11.3 |
| 1947. | 117.5 | 6.7 | 110.8 | 27.3 | 19.4 | 23.8 | 11.4 | 4.1 | 23.7 | 3.0 | 15.9 | 107.0 | 100.3 | 25.2 | 18.3 | 21.4 | 9.8 | 3. 5 | 23.2 | 3.0 | 12.0 |
| 1948 | 121.6 | 7.3 | 114.3 | 28.4 | 20.0 | 24.3 | 11.8 | 4.1 | 23.2 | 3. 6 | 17.2 | 111.3 | 104.0 | 26.7 | 19.2 | 22.1 | 10.3 | 3.5 | 22.6 | 3.6 | 13.0 |
| 1949. | 125. 1 | 7.8 | 117.3 | 28.8 | 20.0 | 24.4 | 12.5 | 4.2 | 22.6 | 3.9 | 19.1 | 115. 1 | 107.3 | 27.3 | 19.4 | 22.5 | 11.0 | 3.7 | 22.0 | 3.9 | 14.5 |
| 1950. | 129.3 | 8.3 | 121.0 | 28.8 | 20.1 | 24.8 | 13.4 | 4.2 | 22.0 | 4.1 | 21.0 | 119.4 | 111.1 | 27.4 | 19.5 | 23.0 | 12.0 | 3.7 | 21.5 | 4.1 | 16.3 |
| 1951. | 134.7 | 8.8 | 125.9 | 29.8 | 21.1 | 25.5 | 14.4 | 4.1 | 21.5 | 4.3 | 22.8 | 124.8 | 116.0 | 28.5 | 20.6 | 23. 6 | 12.9 | 3.7 | 20.9 | 4.3 | 18.1 |
| 1952. | 139.4 | 9.2 | 130.2 | 30.7 | 22.3 | 25.6 | 15.2 | 4.0 | 21.1 | 4.6 | 24.4 | 129.5 | 120.3 | 29.4 | 21.8 | 23.7 | 13.7 | 3. 6 | 20.6 | 4.6 | 19.5 |
| 1953. | 145.1 | 9.6 | 135. 6 | 31.4 | 23.3 | 26.4 | 16.0 | 3.9 | 20.8 | 4.8 | 26.2 | 135.2 | 125.6 | 30.2 | 22.8 | 24.5 | 14.6 | 3. 5 | 20.3 | 4.8 | 21.3 |
| 1954. | 150.9 | 9.9 | 141.0 | 32.1 | 24.1 | 27.6 | 17.1 | -3.9 | 20.3 | 5.1 | 27.7 | 141.0 | 131. 1 | 30.9 | 23.5 | 25.9 | 15. 7 | 3. 4 | 19.8 | 5.1 | 22.8 |
| 1955. | 157.4 | 10.2 | 147.3 | 33.0 | 25.4 | 29.5 | 18.1 | 3.9 | 19.7 | 5. 5 | 28.9 | 147.8 | 137.6 | 31.8 | 24.7 | 27.9 | 16.8 | 3.4 | 19.2 | 5,5 | 24. ${ }^{2}$ |
| 1956. | 165.8 | 10.5 | 155.3 | 34.3 | 27.1 | 32.1 | 19.3 | 4.0 | 19.2 | 6.1 | 30.3 | 156.3 | 145.9 | 33.1 | 26.4 | 30.4 | 17.9 | 3.5 | 18.7 | 6.1 | 25.8 |
| 1957. | 173.5 | 10.7 | 162.8 | 35.8 | 28.8 | 34.2 | 20.5 | 4.0 | 18.6 | 6.6 | 31.9 | 164.4 | 153.8 | 34.7 | 28.2 | 32.4 | 19.2 | 3.6 | 18.2 | 6.6 | 27.7 |
| 1958. | 179.3 | 10.9 | 168.4 | 36.6 | 29.3 | 36.1 | 21.8 | 4.2 | 18.0 | 6.9 | 33.4 | 170.8 | 159.9 | 35.6 | 28.7 | 34.4 | 20.5 | 3.8 | 17.6 | 6.9 | 29.5 |
| 1959. | 184.3 | 11.1 | 173.3 | 36. 5 | 29.4 | 38.1 | 23.0 | 4.5 | 17.3 | 7.2 | 34.6 | 176.8 | 165.7 | 35. 6 | 29.9 | 36.7 | 21.8 | 4.1 | 16.9 | 7.2 | 31.0 |
| 1960. | 190.3 | 11.2 | 179.1 | 36. 7 | 30.2 | 40.3 | 24.2 | 4.8 | 16. 7 | 7. 6 | 35. 7 | 183.9 | 173. 6 | 36.0 | 29.8 | 39.2 | 23.3 | 4. 5 | 16.4 | 7.6 | 32.4 |
| 1961. | 195.9 | 11.3 | 184.6 | 36.8 | 30.9 | 42.8 | 25.5 | 5.1 | 16.0 | 7.8 | 36.6 | 190.8 | 179.5 | 36.3 | 30.6 | 42.2 | 24.8 | 4.9 | 15.7 | 7.8 | 33.6 |
| 1962 | 201.7 | 11.4 | 190.2 | 36.8 | 31.6 | 45.2 | 26.9 | 5.5 | 15.5 | 8.1 | 37.3 | 197.8 | 186.4 | 36.4 | 31.4 | 45.2 | 26.5 | 5.3 | 15.2 | 8.1 | 34.6 |
| 1963. | 207.1 | 11.5 | 195.5 | 37.0 | 32.2 | 47.6 | 28.4 | 5.8 | 15.0 | 8.4 | 38.0 | 204.5 | 193.0 | 36.7 | 32.2 | 48.1 | 28.2 | 5.7 | 14.8 | 8.4 | 35.4 |
| 1964 | 213.3 | 11.6 | 201.7 | 37.3 | 33.3 | 50.1 | 29.9 | 6.0 | 14.5 | 8.8 | 38.8 | 212.1 | 200.5 | 37.1 | 33.3 | 51.2 | 30.0 | 6. 0 | 14.4 | 8.8 | 36. 5 |
| 1965 | 221.9 | 11.7 | 210.3 | 38.3 | 35.4 | 53.6 | 31.6 | 6.3 | 14.1 | 9.3 | 39.6 | 222.4 | 210.8 | 38.2 | 35.6 | 55.4 | 32.0 | 6.4 | 14.0 | 9.3 | 37.6 |
| 1966. | 231.8 | 11.7 | 220.1 | 39.8 | 38.7 | 56.8 | 33.3 | 6.7 | 13.7 | 9.8 | 40.9 | 234.0 | 222.3 | 40.0 | 39.1 | 59.3 | 34.0 | 6.8 | 13.6 | 9.8 | 39.2 |

Table 2.-Gross and Net Stocks of Structures by Broad Industry Group and Selected Types, Bulletin F-15 Percent Service Life, Winfrey Distribution, 1925-66 ${ }^{1}$-Continued

| Year | Constant cost 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Constant cost 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} \text { All } \\ \text { indus- } \\ \text { tries } \end{array}$ | Industry |  |  | Selected types of structures |  |  |  |  |  |  | All industries ${ }^{2}$ | Industry |  | Selected types of structures |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Farm | Nonfarm | Manu-facturing | Industrial | Com-mercial and miscellaneous | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Institu- } \\ \text { tional } \\ \text { excl. } \\ \text { social } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { recrea- } \\ \text { tional } \end{array}\right\|$ | Social and recreational | $\begin{gathered} \text { Rail- } \\ \text { road, } \\ \text { local } \\ \text { transit, } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { pipe- } \\ \text { line } \end{gathered}$ | Telephone and telegraph | Other public utilities |  | Non- | Manu-facturing | $\begin{gathered} \text { Indus- } \\ \text { trial } \end{gathered}$ | Com-mercial and miscellaneous | Institu tional excl. social and recreationai | Social and recreational | Rail- <br> road, local transit, and pipeline | Telephone and telegraph | Other public utilities |

Net stocks using double declining balance depreciation

| 1925 | 112.5 | 7.1 | 105.4 | 23.7 | 15.8 | 23.8 | 6.7 | 3.8 | 32.8 | 1.8 | 12.0 | 97.9 | 90.7 | 19.2 | 13.8 | 19.7 | 5.5 | 3.1 | 32.5 | 1.8 | 7.7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1926 | 116.9 | 7.0 | 109.9 | 24.7 | 16.4 | 25.5 | 7.5 | 4.3 | 32.4 | 2.0 | 13.0 | 101.9 | 94.9 | 20.3 | 14.4 | 21.3 | 6.2 | 3.6 | 32.1 | 2.0 | 8.3 |
| 1927 | 121.2 | 6.9 | 114.3 | 25.6 | 16.9 | 27.2 | 8.3 | 4.8 | 32.1 | 2.1 | 13.9 | 105.7 | 98.8 | 21.2 | 14.9 | 23.0 | 6.9 | 4.0 | 31.8 | 2.1 | 9.0 |
| 1928 | 125.0 | 6.9 | 118.1 | 26.8 | 17.7 | 28.7 | 9.1 | 5.1 | 31.8 | 2.3 | 14.5 | 109.5 | 102.6 | 22.5 | 15.7 | 24.6 | 7.6 | 4.3 | 31.5 | 2.3 | 9.4 |
| 1929 | 129.3 | 6.7 | 122.5 | 28.6 | 19:0 | 30.1 | 9.8 | 5.2 | 31.8 | 2.7 | 15.0 | 113.9 | 107.2 | 24.4 | 16.9 | 26.2 | 8.3 | 4.4 | 31.4 | 2.7 | 9.8 |
| 1930. | 131.2 | 6.5 | 124.8 | 28.7 | 19.0 | 30.7 | 10.5 | 5.3 | 31.6 | 3.0 | 15.6 | 116.2 | 109.7 | 24.6 | 17.0 | 27.3 | 9.0 | 4.5 | 31.3 | 3.0 | 10.3 |
| 1931. | 128.9 | 6.1 | 122.8 | 27.3 | 18.2 | 30.2 | 11.0 | 5.4 | 31.1 | 3.0 | 15.5 | 114.4 | 108.3 | 23.5 | 16.2 | 27.0 | 9.4 | 4.6 | 30.7 | 3.0 | 10.4 |
| 1932. | 123.7 | 5.8 | 118.0 | 25.3 | 16.8 | 29.1 | 11.0 | 5.3 | 29.9 | 2.9 | 15.0 | 110.0 | 104.3 | 21.7 | 15.0 | 26.1 | 9.5 | 4.5 | 29.6 | 2.9 | 10.1 |
| 1933 | 117.9 | 5.4 | 112.4 | 24.1 | 16.0 | 27.7 | 10.7 | 5.0 | 28.6 | 2.7 | 14.1 | 104.8 | 99.4 | 20.7 | 14.3 | 24.8 | 9.2 | 4.3 | 28.3 | 2.7 | 9. 5 |
| 1934. | 112.7 | 5.1 | 107.5 | 22.9 | 15.2 | 26.5 | 10.4 | 4.8 | 27.5 | 2.5 | 13.4 | 100.3 | 95.2 | 19.8 | 13.6 | 23.8 | 8.9 | 4.1 | 27.2 | 2.5 | 9.1 |
| 1935. | 108.2 | 5.0 | 103.2 | 21.6 | 14.4 | 25.5 | 10.1 | 4.6 | 26.4 | 2.3 | 12.8 | 96.5 | 91.5 | 18.7 | 12.8 | 22.8 | 8.6 | 3.9 | 26.1 | 2.3 | 8.7 |
| 1936. | 105.3 | 4.9 | 100.5 | 21.0 | 13.9 | 24.8 | 10.0 | 4.5 | 25.5 | 2.2 | 12.5 | 94.0 | 89.1 | 18.2 | 12.4 | 22.2 | 8.5 | 3.8 | 25.3 | 2.2 | 8.6 |
| 1937 | 104.2 | 4.8 | 99.4 | 21.1 | 14.0 | 24.3 | 9.9 | 4.4 | 24.9 | 2.1 | 12.3 | 93.3 | 88.5 | 18.5 | 12.7 | 21.8 | 8.4 | 3.7 | 24.6 | 2.1 | 8.6 |
| 1938. | 101.7 | 4.7 | 97.0 | 20.2 | 13.4 | 23.6 | 9.9 | 4.4 | 23.9 | 2.1 | 12.3 | 01.3 | 86.7 | 17.8 | 12.2 | 21.1 | 8.4 | 3.7 | 23.6 | 2.1 | 8.8 |
| 1939. | 99.5 | 4.6 | 94.9 | 19.6 | 12.9 | 22.9 | 9.8 | 4.4 | 23.1 | 2.0 | 12.3 | 89.7 | 85.1 | 17.3 | 11.7 | 20.6 | 8.3 | 3.8 | 22.8 | 2.0 | 9.1 |
| 1940 | 98.3 | 4.5 | 93.8 | 19.6 | 12.9 | 22.4 | 9.8 | 4.3 | 22.3 | 2.1 | 12.5 | 88.9 | 84.5 | 17.6 | 11.9 | 20.1 | 8.3 | 3.7 | 22.1 | 2.1 | 9.4 |
| 1941 | 98.3 | 4.4 | 93.9 | 20.5 | 13.8 | 22.0 | 9.8 | 4.2 | 21.7 | 2.2 | 12.5 | 89.2 | 84.8 | 18.6 | 12.8 | 19.8 | 8.4 | 3.6 | 21.4 | 2.2 | 9.6 |
| 1942 | 94.9 | 4.3 | 90.6 | 19.6 | 13.2 | 20.9 | 9.6 | 4.0 | 21.0 | 2.2 | 12.4 | 86.2 | 81.9 | 17.8 | 12.3 | 18.8 | 8.2 | 3.4 | 20.7 | 2.2 | 9.5 |
| 1943 | 90.2 | 4.3 | 85.8 | 18.1 | 12.3 | 19.4 | 9.2 | 3.7 | 20.4 | 2.0 | 11.8 | 81.9 | 77.6 | 16.5 | 11.4 | 17.5 | 7.8 | 3.1 | 20.0 | 2.0 | 9.1 |
| 1944 | 86.6 | 4.3 | 82.3 | 16.9 | 11.5 | 18.2 | 8.9 | 3.5 | 19.8 | 1.9 | 11.6 | 78.7 | 74.4 | 15.4 | 10.8 | 16.3 | 7.5 | 2.9 | 19.5 | 1.9 | 8.9 |
| 1945 | 85.0 | 4.2 | 80.8 | 17.1 | 11.9 | 17.4 | 8.7 | 3.3 | 19.2 | 1.8 | 11.5 | 77.3 | 73.0 | 15.6 | 11.1 | 15.6 | 7.4 | 2.8 | 18.9 | 1.8 | 8.8 |
| 1946 | 90.0 | 5.0 | 85.1 | 20.7 | 14.7 | 18.5 | 8.8 | 3.2 | 18.6 | 2.1 | 11.8 | 82.0 | 77.0 | 19.1 | 13.9 | 16.5 | 7.5 | 2.8 | 18.3 | 2.1 | 9.0 |
| 1947 | 93.9 | 5.6 | 88.2 | 22.5 | 16.1 | 18.6 | 9.1 | 3.1 | 18.4 | 2.5 | 12.8 | 85.5 | 79.8 | 20.9 | 15.3 | 16.7 | 7.7 | 2.7 | 18.0 | 2.5 | 9.7 |
| 1948. | 98.0 | 6.2 | 91.8 | 23.5 | 16.6 | 19.2 | 9.5 | 3.2 | 18.0 | 3.0 | 14.2 | 89.8 | 83.6 | 22.2 | 16.0 | 17.5 | 8.2 | 2.8 | 17.6 | 3.0 | 10.7 |
| 1949 | 101.4 | 6.6 | 94.7 | 23.7 | 16.5 | 19.4 | 10.1 | 3.3 | 17.6 | 3.3 | 16.0 | 93.4 | 86.7 | 22.6 | 16.0 | 18.0 | 0.0 | 2.9 | 17.2 | 3.3 | 12.1 |
| 1950 | 105. 2 | 7.1 | 98.2 | 23.6 | 16.4 | 19.9 | 11.0 | 3.3 | 17.2 | 3.4 | 17.7 | 97.4 | 90.3 | 22.5 | 16.0 | 18.5 | 9.9 | 3.0 | 16.7 | 3.4 | 13.8 |
| 1951 | 110.1 | 7.4 | 102.7 | 24.4 | 17.4 | 20.6 | 11.9 | 3.3 | 16.8 | 3.5 | 19.3 | 102.2 | 94.8 | 23.5 | 17.0 | 19.2 | 10.8 | 3.0 | 16.3 | 3.5 | 15.4 |
| 1952 | 114.3 | 7.8 | 106.5 | 25.1 | 18.4 | 20.7 | 12.7 | 3.2 | 16.5 | 3.7 | 20.6 | 106.3 | 98.5 | 24.2 | 18.0 | 19.3 | 11.6 | 2.9 | 16.1 | 3.7 | 16.6 |
| 1953 | 119.3 | 8.1 | 111.2 | 25.7 | 19.2 | 21.5 | 13.5 | 3.1 | 16.3 | 4.0 | 22.2 | 111.3 | 103.2 | 24.8 | 18.8 | 20.0 | 12.3 | 2.8 | 15.9 | 4.0 | 18.1 |
| 1954. | 124.2 | 8.3 | 115.9 | 26.2 | 19.8 | 22.7 | 14.5 | 3.1 | 16.0 | 4.2 | 23.3 | 116.2 | 107.9 | 25.2 | 19.4 | 21.3 | 13.4 | 2.7 | 15.5 | 4.2 | 19.4 |
| 1955 | 129.7 | 8.5 | 121.2 | 26.8 | 20.9 | 24.5 | 15.4 | 3.1 | 15.4 | 4.5 | 24.2 | 122.1 | 113.5 | 25.9 | 20.4 | 23.2 | 14.3 | 2.7 | 15.0 | 4.5 | 20.4 |
| 1956 | 137.0 | 8.7 | 128.3 | 28.0 | 22.3 | 27.0 | 16.4 | 3.2 | 15.0 | 5.0 | 25.4 | 129.5 | 120.8 | 27.1 | 21.8 | 25.6 | 15.3 | 2.8 | 14.6 | 5.0 | 21.8 |
| 1957. | 143.6 | 8.9 | 134.7 | 29.2 | 23.8 | 28.8 | 17.5 | 3.2 | 14.6 | 5.4 | 26.6 | 136.4 | 127.5 | 28.4 | 23.3 | 27.4 | 16.5 | 2.9 | 14.3 | 5.4 | 23.3 |
| 1958. | 148.0 | 9.0 | 139.0 | 29.8 | 24.0 | 30.5 | 18.6 | 3.4 | 14.1 | 5.6 | 27.8 | 141.4 | 132.4 | 29.0 | 23.6 | 29.2 | 17.6 | 3.1 | 13.8 | 5.6 | 24.7 |
| 1959. | 151.9 | 9.1 | 142.7 | 29.5 | 23.9 | 32.2 | 19.6 | 3.7 | 13.5 | 5.8 | 28.7 | 146.1 | 137.0 | 28.9 | 23.5 | 31.1 | 18.8 | 3.4 | 13.2 | 5.8 | 25.9 |
| 1960. | 156.6 | 9.2 | 147.4 | 29.6 | 24.5 | 34.1 | 20.7 | 4.0 | 13.0 | 6.2 | 29.4 | 151.9 | 142.7 | 29.1 | 24.3 | 33.3 | 20.0 | 3.8 | 12.7 | 6.2 | 26.9 |
| 1961. | 161.0 | 9.3 | 151.8 | 29.5 | 25.0 | 36.2 | 21.8 | 4.3 | 12.4 | 6.3 | 30.0 | 157.5 | 148.3 | 29.2 | 24.9 | 35.9 | 21.4 | 4.1 | 12.2 | 6.3 | 27.8 |
| 1962 | 165.6 | 9.3 | 156.3 | 29.4 | 25.6 | 38.2 | 23.0 | 4.6 | 12.0 | 6.5 | 30.5 | 163.3 | 154.0 | 29.2 | 25.5 | 38.5 | 22.8 | 4.5 | 11.8 | 6.5 | 28.5 |
| 1963 | 169.9 | 0.3 | 160.5 | 29.6 | 26.1 | 40.2 | 24.2 | 4.9 | 11.6 | 6.7 | 30.9 | 168.6 | 159.3 | 29.4 | 26.1 | 40.9 | 24.2 | 4.8 | 11.5 | 6.7 | 29.1 |
| 1964. | 175.0 | 9.4 | 165.6 | 29.8 | 26.9 | 42.2 | 25.5 | 5.0 | 11.3 | 7.1 | 31.5 | 174.9 | 165.5 | 29.7 | 27.0 | 43.4 | 25.8 | 5.0 | 11.2 | 7.1 | 29.9 |
| 1965 | 182.4 | 9.4 | 173.0 | 30.7 | 28.9 | 45.3 | 27.0 | 5.3 | 10.9 | 7.5 | 32.1 | 183.8 | 174.4 | 30.7 | 29.1 | 47.1 | 27.5 | 5.4 | 10.9 | 7.5 | 30.7 |
| 1966 | 191.0 | 9.4 | 181. 6 | 32.1 | 31.9 | 48.0 | 28.4 | 5.6 | 10.6 | 7.9 | 33.2 | 193.8 | 184.4 | 32.3 | 32.3 | 50.4 | 29.2 | 5.7 | 10.6 | 7.9 | 32.0 |

Mean age of gross stocks

| 1925 | 17.2 | 18.8 | 17.0 | 12.8 | 12.3 | 15.3 | 14.6 | 13. 6 | 24.1 | 8.8 | 10.9 | 17.5 | 17.4 | 12.2 | 12.0 | 14.7 | 14.3 | 13.2 | 24.2 | 8.8 | 10.9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1926 | 17.1 | 19.0 | 16.9 | 12.7 | 12.2 | 15.0 | 14. 1 | 13.0 | 24.4 | 8.3 | 10.9 | 17.4 | 17.3 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 14.4 | 13.7 | 12.6 | 24.5 | 8.3 | 10.9 |
| 1927 | 17.0 | 19.1 | 16.8 | 12.6 | 12.2 | 14.8 | 13.7 | 12.6 | 24.7 | 8.1 | 10.8 | 17.3 | 17.1 | 11.9 | 11.9 | 14.1 | 13.3 | 12.2 | 24.8 | 8.1 | 10.8 |
| 1928 | 16.9 | 19.2 | 16.7 | 12.4 | 12.1 | 14.6 | 13. 4 | 12.4 | 25. 0 | 7.9 | 10.9 | 17.2 | 17.0 | 11.7 | 11.8 | 13.9 | 12.9 | 11.9 | 25.1 | 7.9 | 10.9 |
| 1929. | 16.8 | 19.3 | 16.6 | 12.2 | 11.8 | 14.5 | 13.3 | 12.4 | 25.2 | 7.4 | 11.1 | 17.0 | 16.8 | 11.4 | 11.5 | 13.7 | 12.7 | 11.9 | 25.3 | 7.4 | 11.0 |
| 1930 | 16.8 | 19.7 | 16.6 | 12.3 | 11.9 | 14.6 | 13.2 | 12.5 | 25.4 | 7.1 | 11.2 | 17.0 | 16.8 | 11.5 | 11.7 | 13.7 | 12.6 | 12.0 | 25.5 | 7.1 | 11.0 |
| 1931 | 17.1 | 20.1 | 16.9 | 12.6 | 12.3 | 14.9 | 13.3 | 12.7 | 25.7 | 7.3 | 11.5 | 17.3 | 17.1 | 11.9 | 12.1 | 13.9 | 12.7 | 12.2 | 25.9 | 7.3 | 11.3 |
| 1932 | 17.5 | 20.5 | 17.3 | 13. 1 | 12.9 | 15.4 | 13.7 | 13.1 | 26.2 | 7.6 | 12.0 | 17.7 | 17.5 | 12.5 | 12.6 | 14.4 | 13. 1 | 12.6 | 26.4 | 7.6 | 11.8 |
| 1933 | 18.0 | 21.0 | 17.8 | 13.5 | 13.2 | 15.9 | 14.4 | 13.6 | 26.8 | 8.2 | 12.6 | 18.2 | 18.0 | 12.9 | 13.0 | 15.0 | 13.8 | 13. 1 | 26.9 | 8.2 | 12.4 |
| 1934 | 18.4 | 21.4 | 18.3 | 13.8 | 13.6 | 16.4 | 15. 1 | 14. 1 | 27.3 | 8.7 | 13.2 | 18.6 | 18.4 | 13.2 | 13.4 | 15.5 | 14.6 | 13.7 | 27.4 | 8.7 | 12.9 |
| 1935. | 18.9 | 21.7 | 18.7 | 14.2 | 14. I | 16.9 | 15.7 | 14.7 | 27.7 | 9.2 | 13.7 | 19.0 | 18.9 | 13.7 | 13.9 | 16.0 | 15.2 | 14.3 | 27.9 | 9.2 | 13.5 |
| 1936. | 19.2 | 21.9 | 19.0 | 14.5 | 14.3 | 17.2 | 16.2 | 15. 1 | 28.2 | 9.6 | 14.1 | 19.3 | 19.2 | 13.9 | 14.2 | 16.4 | 15.8 | 14.7 | 28.3 | 9.6 | 13.8 |
| 1937 | 19.4 | 21.9 | 19.2 | 14.5 | 14.4 | 17.5 | 16.7 | 15. 5 | 28.5 | 9.9 | 14.4 | 19.5 | 19.3 | 14.0 | 14.2 | 16.7 | 16.3 | 15. 1 | 28.7 | 9.9 | 14.0 |
| 1938. | 19.6 | 22.1 | 19.5 | 14.8 | 14.7 | 17.9 | 17.2 | 15.7 | 28.9 | 10.2 | 14.7 | 19.7 | 19.6 | 14.3 | 14.5 | 17.1 | 16. 7 | 15.4 | 29.1 | 10.2 | 14. 1 |
| 1939 | 19.9 | 22.2 | 19.7 | 15.0 | 15.0 | 18.3 | 17.6 | 15.9 | 29.3 | 10.5 | 14.8 | 20.0 | 19.8 | 14.5 | 14.8 | 17.5 | 17.2 | 15.6 | 29.5 | 10.5 | 14.1 |
| 1940 | 20.0 | 22.3 | 19.9 | 15.1 | 15.1 | 18.6 | 18.0 | 16.3 | 29.6 | 10.7 | 14.9 | 20. 1 | 20.0 | 14.6 | 14.8 | 17.8 | 17.6 | 16.0 | 29.8 | 10.7 | 14.1 |
| 1941 | 20.1 | 22.4 | 20.0 | 14.8 | 14.8 | 18.8 | 18.3 | 16.7 | 30.0 | 10.7 | 15.0 | 20.1 | 20.0 | 14.3 | 14.5 | 18.0 | 18.0 | 16.4 | 30.2 | 10.7 | 14.1 |
| 1942. | 20.4 | 22.4 | 20.3 | 15.1 | 15.0 | 19.3 | 18.9 | 17.3 | 30.3 | 10.8 | 15.3 | 20.4 | 20.3 | 14.6 | 14.7 | 18.6 | 18.6 | 17.0 | 30.5 | 10.8 | 14.3 |
| 1943 | 20.8 | 22.4 | 20.7 | 1.5. 6 | 15. 4 | 19.9 | 19.7 | 18.0 | 30.6 | 11.2 | 15.7 | 20.8 | 20.7 | 15. 1 | 15. 1 | 19.2 | 19.3 | 17.7 | 30.8 | 11.2 | 14.8 |
| 1944 | 21.1 | 22.3 | 21.0 | 15.9 | 15.8 | 20.4 | 20.4 | 18.6 | 30.8 | 11.4 | 16.0 | 21.2 | 21.1 | 15.5 | 15.5 | 19.8 | 20.0 | 18.4 | 31.0 | 11.4 | 15.1 |
| 1945 | 21.3 | 22.3 | 21.2 | 15.8 | 15. 6 | 20.8 | 20.9 | 19.3 | 31.0 | 11.6 | 16.1 | 21.3 | 21.3 | 15.4 | 15. 4 | 20.3 | 20.6 | 19.0 | 31.3 | 11. 6 | 15.3 |
| 1946 | 20.9 | 20.9 | 20.9 | 14.7 | 14.4 | 20.5 | 21.0 | 19.5 | 31.3 | 11.0 | 16.1 | 20.9 | 20.9 | 14.3 | 14. 1 | 20.0 | 20.8 | 19.3 | 31.6 | 11.0 | 15. 2 |
| 1947 | 20.5 | 19.8 | 20.6 | 14.2 | 13.8 | 20.5 | 21.2 | 19.9 | 31.3 | 10.2 | 15.6 | 20.6 | 20.6 | 13.7 | 13. 5 | 20.0 | 20.8 | 19.7 | 31.7 | 10.2 | 14.9 |
| 1948. | 20.1 | 18.9 | 20.2 | 13.8 | 13.5 | 20.3 | 21.1 | 20.0 | 31.5 | 9.2 | 15.1 | 20.1 | 20.2 | 13.4 | 13.1 | 19.8 | 20.6 | 19.6 | 31.8 | 9.2 | 14.4 |
| 1949. | 19.8 | 18.1 | 19.9 | 13.7 | 13.5 | 20.3 | 20.8 | 19.9 | 31.6 | 8.7 | 14.4 | 19.7 | 19.9 | 13.2 | 13.0 | 19.6 | 20.1 | 19.4 | 31.9 | 8.7 | 13.7 |
| 1950. | 19.4 | 17.4 | 19.5 | 13.6 | 13.4 | 20.0 | 20.3 | 19.9 | 31.7 | 8.4 | 13.7 | 19.3 | 19.5 | 13.1 | 13.0 | 19.4 | 19.5 | 19.3 | 32.0 | 8.4 | 13.0 |
| 1951. | 19.0 | 16.8 | 19.1 | 13.3 | 13.0 | 19.8 | 19.8 | 20.1 | 31.8 | 8.2 | 18.2 | 18.9 | 19.0 | 12.8 | 12.5 | 19.2 | 19.0 | 19.5 | 32.2 | 8.2 | 12.4 |
| 1952 | 18.6 | 16.3 | 18.7 | 13.0 | 12.5 | 19.7 | 19.5 | 20.4 | 31.7 | 8.0 | 12.8 | 18.4 | 18.6 | 12.6 | 12.1 | 19.2 | 18.7 | 19.8 | 32.1 | 8.0 | 12.0 |
| 1953 | 18. 1 | 15.9 | 18.3 | 12,8 | 12.2 | 19.4 | 19.2 | 20.6 | 31.7 | 7.8 | 12.4 | 18.0 | 18.1 | 12.4 | 11.9 | 18.8 | 18.4 | 20.0 | 32.1 | 7.8 | 11.5 |
| 1954. | 17.7 | 15.5 | 17.8 | 12.6 | 12.0 | 18.9 | 18.8 | 20.6 | 31.7 | 7.7 | 12.1 | 17.5 | 17.7 | 12.2 | 11.7 | 18.4 | 17.9 | 20.4 | 32.1 | 7.7 | 11.2 |

Table 2.-Gross and Net Stocks of Structures by Broad Industry Group and Selected Types, Bulletin F-15 Percent Service Life, Winfrey Distribution, 1925-66 ${ }^{1}$-Continued
[Value in billions of constant (1958) dollars]

| Year | Constant cost I |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Constant cost 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { All } \\ \text { indus- } \\ \text { tries } 2 \end{array}$ | Industry |  |  | Selected types of structures |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { indus- } \\ & \text { rries }^{2} \end{aligned}$ | Industry |  | Selected types of structures |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Farm | Non- farm | $\underset{\substack{\text { Manu- } \\ \text { factur- } \\ \text { ing }}}{\text { a }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Indus- } \\ \text { trial } \end{gathered}$ | Com- mer- cial and miscel- laneous | Institu- <br> tional <br> exel <br> social <br> and <br> recrea- <br> tional <br> a | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c} \text { Social } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { recrea- } \\ \text { tional } \end{array}$ | Railroad, local transit, and pipe- | Telephone and graph | Other public utilities |  | Nonfarm | ${ }_{\substack{\text { Manu-- } \\ \text { factur-- } \\ \text { ing }}}$ | Industrial | Com- mer- cial and miscel- laneous | Institutional excl. social and tional | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Social } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { recrea- } \\ \text { tional } \end{array}$ | Rail- road, loal transit, and pipe- line | Telephone and graph | Other public utilities |

Mean age of gross stocks-Continued

| 1955 | 17.2 | 15.3 | 17.3 | 12.4 | 11.6 | 18.2 | 18.5 | 20.6 | 31.8 | 7.6 | 11.9 | 17.0 | 17.1 | 12.1 | 11.4 | 17.7 | 17.6 | 20.3 | 32.2 | 7.6 | 11.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1956. | 16.7 | 15.0 | 16.8 | 12. 1 | 11.2 | 17.4 | 18.2 | 20.5 | 31.9 | 7.3 | 11.7 | 16.5 | 16.6 | 11.8 | 11.0 | 16.9 | 17.2 | 20.1 | 32.3 | 7.3 | 10.8 |
| 1957. | 16.2 | 14.8 | 16.3 | 11.9 | 10.9 | 16.8 | 17.8 | 20.3 | 31.9 | 7.3 | 11.5 | 16.0 | 16.0 | 11.6 | 10.7 | 16.3 | 16.9 | 19.8 | 32.3 | 7.3 | 10.6 |
| 1958. | 15.9 | 14.7 | 16.0 | 11.7 | 10.9 | 16.3 | 17.5 | 19.8 | 32.0 | 7.4 | 11.3 | 15.6 | 15.7 | 11.5 | 10.7 | 15.7 | 16.6 | 19.2 | 32.4 | 7.4 | 10.4 |
| 1959. | 15.6 | 14.6 | 15. 7 | 11.8 | 11.0 | 15.7 | 17.3 | 19.1 | 32.2 | 7.5 | 11.3 | 15.3 | 15.4 | 11.5 | 10.8 | 15.2 | 16.3 | 18.4 | 32.5 | 7.5 | 10.4 |
| 1960. | 15.3 | 14.6 | 15.4 | 11.8 | 11.0 | 15.2 | 17.1 | 18.3 | 32.3 | 7.6 | 11.3 | 15.0 | 15.0 | 11.6 | 10.8 | 14.6 | 16.0 | 17.4 | 32.6 | 7.6 | 10.4 |
| 1961. | 15.1 | 14. 6 | 15.2 | 11.9 | 11.0 | 14.7 | 16.8 | 17.7 | 32.4 | 7.8 | 11.3 | 14.7 | 14.7 | 11.7 | 10.9 | 14, 1 | 15.7 | 16.7 | 32.7 | 7.8 | 10.4 |
| 1962. | 14.9 | 14.7 | 14.9 | 12.1 | 11.1 | 14.3 | 16.6 | 17.0 | 32.5 | 8.0 | 11.4 | 14.5 | 14.5 | 11.8 | 10.9 | 13.6 | 15.5 | 15.9 | 32.8 | 8.0 | 10.6 |
| 1963. | 14.8 | 14.8 | 14.8 | 12.2 | 11.2 | 13.9 | 16. 4 | 16.5 | 32.5 | 8.1 | 11. 6 | 14.3 | 14.3 | 11.9 | 11.0 | 13.2 | 15.3 | 15.3 | 32.8 | 8.1 | 10.7 |
| 1964 | 14.6 | 14.9 | 14. 6 | 12.2 | 11.2 | 13.6 | 16.3 | 16.2 | 32.5 | 8.2 | 11.7 | 14.1 | 14.1 | 12.0 | 11.0 | 12.8 | 15.0 | 15.0 | 32.8 | 8.2 | 10.9 |
| 1965. | 14.4 | 15.0 | 14.3 | 12.3 | 11. 1 | 13.2 | 16.0 | 15.7 | 32.5 | 8.2 | 11.8 | 13.8 | 13.8 | 12.0 | 10.9 | 12.4 | 14.8 | 14.5 | 32.7 | 8.2 | 11.0 |
| 1966. | 14.1 | 15.2 | 14.1 | 12.2 | 10.8 | 12.9 | 15.9 | 15.3 | 32.5 | 8.2 | 11.9 | 13.6 | 13.5 | 12.0 | 10.6 | 12.0 | 14.6 | 14.1 | 32.7 | 8.2 | 11. 1 |

1. See footnote 1, page 47.
The sum of the "Selected types of structures" is less than the nonfarm total becanse in addition to the detail shown, "Petroleum and natural gas well drilling and exploration" and Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics. "All other private," are included in the nonfarm total. Farm is shown only once as there is

Table 3.-Gross and Net Stocks of Equipment, by Broad Industry Group and by Type, Bulletin F-15 Percent Service Life, Winfrey Distribution, 1925-66
[Value in billions of constant (1958) dollars]

| Year | $\begin{aligned} & \text { All } \\ & \text { indus- } \\ & \text { tries } 1 \end{aligned}$ | Industry |  | Types of equipments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Non- farm | Man- ufac- tur- ing | Fur- ni- ture and fix- tures | Fab- ri- cated metal prod- ucts | En- yines and tur- bines | Trac- | Agri- cultur- al ma- chin- ery (ex- cept trac- tors) | Con-struction ma-chincry | Mining and oil- <br> field ma-chinory | Metal- work- ing ma- chin- ery | Spec- ial in- dus- try ma- chin- cry | Gen- eral indus- trial ma- chin- cry | Office, com- put- ing and ac- count- ing ma- chin- ory | Serv- ice in- dus- try ma- chines | Elec-trical ma-chinery | Trucks buses, and truck trail- ers | Pas-senger cars | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Air } \\ & \text { craft } \end{aligned}$ | Ships and boats | Railroad equipment | In-struments | Mis-cel-laneous equipment |
| Gross stocks |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1925 | 126.0 | 114.6 | 30.2 | 4.8 | 4.2 | 3.6 | 1.8 | 6.3 | 1.6 | 2.6 | 5.0 | 16.3 | 10.3 | 1.6 | 3.0 | 5.9 | 4. 4 | 7.6 | 0.1 | 6.9 | 34.9 | 0.9 | 4.4 |
| 1926 | 130.3 | 118.2 | 31.2 | 5.1 | 4.3 | 3.6 | 2.0 | 6.5 | 1.7 | 2.8 | 5.2 | 16.6 | 10.7 | 1.7 | 3.1 | 6.2 | 4.9 | 8.6 | . 1 | 6.9 | 35.1 | 1.0 | 4.2 |
| 1927 | 132.9 | 120.2 | 31.9 | 5.5 | 4.4 | 3.5 | 2.2 | 6.7 | 1.8 | 2.9 | 5.4 | 16.8 | 11.1 | 1.7 | 3.2 | 6.5 | 5. 2 | 8.7 | 2 | 6.9 | 35.0 | 1.1 | 4.0 |
| 1928 | 135.5 | 122. 2 | 32.8 | 5.9 | 4.5 | 3.4 | 2.5 | 6.9 | 1.9 | 3.0 | 5.8 | 17.0 | 11.5 | 1.8 | 3.2 | 6.9 | 5.5 | 8.9 | 3 | 6.8 | 34.6 | 1.1 | 3.9 |
| 1929 | 139.2 | 125.2 | 33.8 | 6.3 | 4.7 | 3.3 | 2.7 | 7.2 | 2.1 | 3.2 | 6.1 | 17.2 | 12.0 | 1.9 | 3.3 | 7.3 | 6.4 | 9.0 | . 4 | 6.8 | 34.4 | 1.2 | 3.7 |
| 1930. | 140.0 | 125.7 | 34.0 | 6.6 | 4. 7 | 3.2 | 2.8 | 7.5 | 2.1 | 3.2 | 6.2 | 17.1 | 12.3 | 1.9 | 3.2 | 7.6 | 6.8 | 8.4 | . 4 | 6.9 | 34.2 | 1.2 | 3.6 |
| 1931 | 137.4 | 123.1 | 33.6 | 6.8 | 4.8 | 3.1 | 2.9 | 7.4 | 2.1 | 3.1 | 6.1 | 16.8 | 12.3 | 1.9 | 3.2 | 7.8 | 6.9 | 7.3 | . 4 | 6.9 | 33.1 | 1.3 | 3.4 |
| 1932 | 131.9 | 118.0 | 32.6 | 6.8 | 4.7 | 3.0 | 2.9 | 7.2 | 1.9 | 2.9 | 6.0 | 16.2 | 12.0 | 1.8 | 3.0 | 7.7 | 6.7 | 5.7 | 4 | 6.7 | 32.0 | 1.2 | 3.2 |
| 1933. | 127.0 | 113.6 | 31.6 | 6.7 | 4.6 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 7.0 | 1.7 | 2.7 | 5.8 | 15.7 | 11.7 | 1.7 | 2.9 | 7.5 | 6.6 | 4.8 | . 7 | 6.4 | 30.8 | 1.2 | 3.0 |
| 1934. | 123.6 | 110.3 | 30.8 | 6.7 | 4.6 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 6.7 | 1.5 | 2.6 | 5.7 | 15.2 | 11.4 | 1.6 | 2.8 | 7.4 | 6.9 | 4.6 | . 7 | 6.2 | 29.6 | 1.2 | 2.8 |
| 1935. | 122.4 | 108.9 | 30.4 | 6.8 | 4. 6 | 2.5 | 2.8 | 6.6 | 1.4 | 2. 6 | 5.7 | 14.8 | 11.4 | 1.5 | 2.7 | 7.4 | 7.4 | 5.4 | . 6 | 5.9 | 28.4 | 1.2 | 2.7 |
| 1936 | 123.9 | 109.9 | 30.6 | 6.8 | 4.5 | 2.5 | 2.9 | 6.6 | 1.3 | 2.6 | 5.8 | 14.6 | 11.6 | 1.5 | 2.7 | 7.5 | 8.4 | 6.8 | . 6 | 5.8 | 27.5 | 1.2 | 2.6 |
| 1937 | 126.4 | 111.9 | 31.0 | 6.9 | 4.5 | 2.4 | 3.2 | 6.7 | 1.3 | 2.7 | 6.0 | 14.5 | 11.8 | 1.5 | 2.8 | 7.9 | 9.2 | 8.0 | . 6 | 5.7 | 27.0 | 1.3 | 2.5 |
| 1938 | 125.0 | 110.3 | 30.6 | 7.0 | 4.5 | 2.4 | 3.4 | 6.7 | 1.2 | 2.6 | 6.0 | 14.1 | 11.7 | 1.5 | 2.7 | 8.0 | 9.5 | 8.0 | . 6 | 5.7 | 25.9 | 1.3 | 2.4 |
| 1939 | 124.6 | 109.6 | 30.5 | 7.0 | 4.4 | 2.4 | 3.5 | 6.6 | 1.2 | 2.6 | 6.2 | 13.7 | 11.7 | 1.5 | 2.7 | 8.2 | 10.3 | 8.0 | . 5 | 5.6 | 24.8 | 1.4 | 2.3 |
| 1940 | 126.7 | 111.3 | 31.0 | 7.1 | 4. 4 | 2.4 | 3.8 | 6. 6 | 1.3 | 2.7 | 6.7 | 13.5 | 11.7 | 1.6 | 2.8 | 8.7 | 11.3 | 8.5 | . 6 | 5.6 | 24.0 | 1.4 | 2.3 |
| 1941 | 131.2 | 114.8 | 31.9 | 7.3 | 4.5 | 2.3 | 4.2 | 6.7 | 1.4 | 3.0 | 7.6 | 13.2 | 11.7 | 1.7 | 2.8 | 9.2 | 12.6 | 9.4 | . 6 | 5.8 | 23.5 | 1.4 | 2.3 |
| 1942 | 129.5 | 113.0 | 31.9 | 7.2 | 4.5 | 2.3 | 4.3 | 6.8 | 1.4 | 3.1 | 8.4 | 12.8 | 11.4 | 1.7 | 2.8 | 9.4 | 12.4 | 8.0 | . 5 | 5.9 | 22.9 | 1.3 | 2.3 |
| 1943 | 126.6 | 110.4 | 31.7 | 7.1 | 4.6 | 2.2 | 4.2 | 6.7 | 1.4 | 3.2 | 9.2 | 12.2 | 11.2 | 1.7 | 2.9 | 9.5 | 12.2 | 6.3 | . 5 | 6.2 | 22.0 | 1.3 | 2.3 |
| 1944 | 126.2 | 109.4 | 32.1 | 7.0 | 4.7 | 2.3 | 4.5 | 6.9 | 1.4 | 3.3 | 9.7 | 12.0 | 11.5 | 1.7 | 3.0 | 10.2 | 12.3 | 4.2 | . 4 | 6.2 | 21.2 | 1.4 | 2.3 |
| 1945. | 130.8 | 113.4 | 33.8 | 7.1 | 4.9 | 2.6 | 4.8 | 7.3 | 1.8 | 3.8 | 10.4 | 12.2 | 12.4 | 1.9 | 3.3 | 11.0 | 13.2 | 2.9 | . 4 | 6.4 | 20.5 | 1.6 | 2.4 |
| 1946 | 139.8 | 121.8 | 37.1 | 7.5 | 5.3 | 2.6 | 4.9 | 7.6 | 2.5 | 4.0 | 11.4 | 12.8 | 13.2 | 2.2 | 3.7 | 12.1 | 14.7 | 3.8 | . 7 | 6.6 | 19.9 | 1.9 | 2.6 |
| 1947 | 155. 6 | 135.8 | 42.3 | 8.0 | 5.9 | 2.7 | 5.3 | 8.3 | 3.2 | 4.2 | 12.6 | 14.1 | 14.3 | 2.7 | 4.5 | 13.8 | 16.8 | 6.1 | . 9 | 7.3 | 19.7 | 2.4 | 2.9 |
| 1948 | 172. 5 | 150.2 | 47.3 | 8.5 | 6.4 | 3.0 | 6.0 | 9.3 | 4.1 | 4.5 | 13.6 | 15.3 | 15.4 | 3.3 | 5.7 | 15.5 | 19.1 | 8.5 | . 9 | 7.5 | 20.1 | 2.9 | 3.3 |
| 1949 | 185.5 | 160.7 | 50.6 | 8.9 | 6.7 | 3.3 | 6.6 | 10.2 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 14.0 | 16.2 | 15.9 | 3.7 | 6.4 | 16.9 | 20.7 | 11.0 | 1.0 | 7.5 | 20.6 | 3.4 | 3.6 |
| 1950 | 200.0 | 172.5 | 54.0 | 9.3 | 7.1 | 3.7 | 7.3 | 11.2 | 5.1 | 4.7 | 14.8 | 17.3 | 16.5 | 4.2 | 7.2 | 18.7 | 22.8 | 13.2 | 1.1 | 7.5 | 20.7 | 3.9 | 3.9 |
| 1951 | 214.2 | 184.4 | 58.6 | 10.0 | 7.7 | 3.9 | 8.0 | 12.1 | 5.6 | 5.0 | 15.8 | 18.5 | 17.1 | 4.7 | 7.8 | 20.8 | 24.9 | 13.8 | 1.1 | 7.7 | 21.3 | 4.5 | 4.2 |
| 1952 | 226.5 | 194.9 | 63.0 | 10.5 | 8.3 | 4.3 | 8.6 | 13.0 | 6.2 | 5.2 | 16.9 | 19.5 | 17.7 | 5.2 | 8.4 | 23.3 | 25.9 | 13.2 | 1.3 | 8.0 | 21.7 | 5.1 | 4.4 |
| 1953. | 238.8 | 205.2 | 67.2 | 11.0 | 9.0 | 4.7 | 9.0 | 13.8 | 6.6 | 5.4 | 18.3 | 20.5 | 18.4 | 5.7 | 9.1 | 26.0 | 26.6 | 12.9 | 1.4 | 8.2 | 22.0 | 5.8 | 4.8 |
| 1954 | 249.2 | 214.0 | 71.5 | 11.7 | 9.8 | 5.3 | 9.3 | 14.5 | 6.7 | 5.4 | 19.8 | 21.4 | 19.1 | 6.0 | 9.7 | 28.6 | 26.8 | 12.8 | 1.5 | 8.2 | 21.9 | 6.3 | 5.0 |
| 1955 | 262.4 | 225.8 | 75.5 | 12.4 | 10.5 | 5.8 | 9.7 | 15.1 | 6.9 | 5.6 | 21.0 | 22.5 | 20.0 | 6.4 | 10.3 | 31.2 | 27.6 | 13.9 | 1.6 | 8.3 | 21.9 | 6.9 | 5.4 |
| 1956 | 275.6 | 238.2 | 80.7 | 13.3 | 11.2 | 6.2 | 10.1 | 15.6 | 7.1 | 5.7 | 22.4 | 23.7 | 20.9 | 6.8 | 10.9 | 34.3 | 28.1 | 14.3 | 1.8 | 8.5 | 22.2 | 7.4 | 5.8 |
| 1957 | 287.9 | 249.8 | 85.5 | 14.0 | 12.0 | 6.8 | 10.2 | 16.0 | 7.2 | 5.8 | 23.6 | 24.7 | 21.7 | 7.4 | 11.5 | 37.4 | 28.1 | 14.4 | 2.2 | 8.8 | 22.7 | 8.0 | 6.1 |
| 1958 | - 294.6 | 255.7 | 87.7 | 14.6 | 12.7 | 7.3 | 10.4 | 16.7 | 7.1 | 5.7 | 24.0 | 25.5 | 22.0 | 8.0 | 11.8 | 39.9 | 27.5 | 13.5 | 2.4 | 9.0 | 22.6 | 8.3 | 6.5 |
| 1959 | I 303.2 | 263.6 | 89.5 | 15.4 | 13.3 | 7.7 | 10.5 | 17.3 | 7.3 | 5.6 | 24.4 | 26.2 | 22.4 | 8.6 | 12.2 | 42.2 | 27.6 | 13.0 | 3.1 | 9.1 | 22.5 | 8.6 | 7.0 |

Table 3．－Gross and Net Stocks of Equipment，by Broad Industry Group and by Type，Bulletin F－15 Percent Service Life，Winfrey Distribution，1925－66－Continued
［Value in billions of constant（1958）dollars］

| Year | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { All } \\ \text { indus- } \\ \text { tries } 1 \end{array}\right\|$ | Industry |  | Types of equipments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Non－ | Man－ ufac－ tur－ ing | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fur- } \\ & \text { ni- } \\ & \text { ture } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { fix- } \\ & \text { tures } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Fab- } \\ & \text { ri- } \\ & \text { cated } \\ & \text { metal } \\ & \text { prod- } \\ & \text { ucts } \end{aligned}$ | En－ gines and bines | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Trac- } \\ & \text { tors } \end{aligned}$ | Agri－ cultur－ al mai－ $\underset{\text { ery }}{\text {（ex－}}$ cept trac－ | Con． struc tion ma－ ery | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Min- } \\ & \text { ing } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { oil- } \\ & \text { field } \\ & \text { ma- } \\ & \text { ehin- } \end{aligned}$ | Metal－ work－ ing chin－ ery | Spe－ cial in－ dus－ try ma－ ehin－ ery | Gen－ eral indus－ trial chin－ ery | Office， put－ ing and ac－ ing ma－ $\underset{\text { ery }}{\text { chin－}}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Serv- } \\ \text { ice } \\ \text { inn- } \\ \text { dus- } \\ \text { try } \\ \text { mia- } \\ \text { chines } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Elec- } \\ & \text { tri- } \\ & \text { cal } \\ & \text { ma- } \\ & \text { chin- } \\ & \text { ery } \end{aligned}$ | Trucks buses， and truck trail－ ers | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Pas- } \\ & \text { sen- } \\ & \text { ger } \\ & \text { cars } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\text { craft }}{\text { Air- }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ships } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { boats } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Rail- } \\ & \text { road } \\ & \text { equip- } \\ & \text { ment } \end{aligned}$ | In－ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Mis- } \\ \text { cel- } \\ \text { lane- } \\ \text { ous } \\ \text { equip- } \\ \text { ment } \end{gathered}$ |

Gross stocks－Continued

| 1960 | 312.8 | 273.3 | 91.8 | 16.2 | 13.9 | 8.2 | 10.3 | 17.7 | 7.3 | 5.5 | 25.0 | 27.1 | 22.8 | 9.3 | 12.6 | 44.7 | 28.1 | 13.1 | 3.7 | 9.2 | 22.5 | 9.0 | 7.4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1961. | 320.6 | 281.2 | 93.8 | 17.0 | 14.4 | 8.6 | 10.0 | 17.9 | 7.3 | 5.4 | 25.3 | 27.9 | 23.1 | 10.0 | 13.0 | 47.5 | 28.3 | 13.1 | 4.3 | 9.2 | 22.2 | 9.4 | 7.7 |
| 1962. | 330.5 | 291.1 | 95.8 | 17.8 | 14.8 | 8.9 | 9.8 | 18.1 | 7.4 | 5.2 | 25.6 | 28.7 | 23.4 | 10.9 | 13.5 | 49.8 | 29.6 | 13.7 | 5.0 | 9.2 | 22.1 | 9.8 | 8.1 |
| 1963 | 341.8 | 302.0 | 98.1 | 18.8 | 15.3 | 9.3 | 9.7 | 18.5 | 7.7 | 5.2 | 26.0 | 29.2 | 23.8 | 12.1 | 14.1 | 52.0 | 31.3 | 14.3 | 5.3 | 9.0 | 22.0 | 10.5 | 8.6 |
| 1964. | 357.0 | 316.9 | 101.7 | 19.9 | 15.9 | 9.7 | 9.8 | 18.8 | 8.1 | 5.2 | 26.8 | 30.0 | 24.7 | 13.6 | 14.8 | 54.5 | 33.2 | 15.2 | 5.8 | 9.0 | 22.3 | 11.5 | 9.2 |
| 1965 | 376.7 | 335.8 | 106.9 | 21.1 | 16.5 | 10.1 | 10.0 | 19.1 | 8.6 | 5.2 | 27.9 | 31.0 | 25.7 | 15.3 | 15.7 | 57.6 | 36.2 | 16.6 | 6.7 | 9.0 | 22.6 | 12.6 | 9.9 |
| 1966 | 400.8 | 358.7 | 114.9 | 22.5 | 17.3 | 10.4 | 11.3 | 19.6 | 9.1 | 5.4 | 29.1 | 32.2 | 27.0 | 17.6 | 16.7 | 61.4 | 39.6 | 17.7 | 7.9 | 9.2 | 23.1 | 14.0 | 10.7 |

Net stocks using straight line depreciation

| 1925 | 66.8 | 60.4 | 16.1 | 2.7 | 2.3 | 1.6 | 1.2 | 3.3 | 0.9 | 1.4 | 2.7 | 8.7 | 5.4 | 0.8 | 1.5 | 3.3 | 2.6 | 4.1 | 0.1 | 3.5 | 18.1 | 0.5 | 2.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1926 | 69.1 | 62.4 | 16.7 | 3.0 | 2.4 | 1．6 | 1.3 | 3.4 | 1.0 | 1.5 | 2.9 | 8.8 | 5，8 | ． 9 | 1.6 | 3.5 | 2.8 | 4.6 | 1 | 3.5 | 17.9 | ． 6 | 1.9 |
| 1927 | 69.7 | 62.7 | 17.0 | 3.3 | 2.5 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 3.5 | 1.0 | 1.5 | 3.0 | 8.8 | 6.0 | ． 9 | 1.6 | 3.7 | 2.9 | 4.4 | 1 | 3.4 | 17.4 | ． 6 | 1.8 |
| 1928 | 70.6 | 63.3 | 17.4 | 3.6 | 2.5 | 1.5 | 1.6 | 3.7 | 1.1 | 1.6 | 3.2 | 8.9 | 6.2 | 1.0 | 1.7 | 4.0 | 3.0 | 4.4 | ． 2 | 3.3 | 16.8 | ． 6 | 1.8 |
| 1929 | 72.9 | 65.2 | 18.0 | 3.9 | 2.6 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 3.8 | 1.1 | 1.7 | 3.4 | 8.9 | 6.6 | 1．0 | 1.7 | 4.2 | 3.7 | 4.6 | .3 | 3.3 | 16.4 | .7 | 1.8 |
| 1930. | 72.4 | 64.5 | 17.9 | 4.0 | 2.6 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 3.9 | 1.1 | 1.7 | 3.4 | 8.6 | 6.7 | 1.0 | 1.7 | 4.4 | 3.9 | 4.0 | ． 3 | 3.3 | 16.1 | 7 | 1.7 |
| 1931 | 68.9 | 61.3 | 17.1 | 4.0 | 2.6 | 1.4 | 1.7 | 3.8 | 1.0 | 1.5 | 3.3 | 8.2 | 6.5 | ． 9 | 1.6 | 4.4 | 3.9 | 3.3 | ． 2 | 3.3 | 15.1 | ． 7 | 1． 6 |
| 1932 | 63.2 | 56.2 | 15.9 | 3.8 | 2.5 | 1.3 | 1.6 | 3.5 | ． 8 | 1.3 | 3.0 | 7.6 | 6.1 | ． 8 | 1.4 | 4.2 | 3.6 | 2.4 | ． 2 | 3.1 | 13.9 | .6 | 1.4 |
| 1933 | 58.7 | 52.3 | 14.8 | 3.5 | 2.3 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 3.2 | ． 7 | 1.2 | 2.8 | 7.1 | 5.7 | ． 7 | 1.3 | 3.9 | 3.4 | 2.2 | ． 4 | 2.9 | 12.8 | ． 6 | 1.3 |
| 1934．． | 55.8 | 49.6 | 14.1 | 3.4 | 2.3 | 1.1 | 1.4 | 2.9 | ． 5 | 1.1 | 2.6 | 6.7 | 5.4 | ． 6 | 1.2 | 3.7 | 3.7 | $\underline{2.4}$ | ． 4 | 2.7 | 11.9 | ． 6 | 1． 2 |
| 1935 | 55.0 | 48.6 | 13.8 | 3.3 | 2.2 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 2.9 | ． 5 | 1.1 | 2.6 | 6.4 | 5.3 | ． 6 | 1.2 | 3.7 | 4.2 | 3.1 | ． 3 | 2.5 | 11.1 | ． 6 | 1．2 |
| 1936 | 56.7 | 49.9 | 14.1 | 3.3 | 2.1 | 1.0 | 1.5 | 2.9 | ． 5 | 1.3 | 2.8 | 6.4 | 5.5 | ． 7 | 1.2 | 3.7 | 5.1 | 4.0 | ． 3 | 2.4 | 10.6 | ． 6 | 1.2 |
| 1937 | 59.5 | 52.1 | 14.6 | 3.3 | 2.1 | 1.1 | 1.7 | 3.0 | ． 6 | 1.4 | 3.0 | 6.4 | 5.7 | ． 7 | 1.3 | 3.9 | 5.8 | 4.5 | ． 3 | 2.3 | 10.4 | ． 6 | 1.1 |
| 1938 | 58.3 | 50.8 | 14.4 | 3.3 | 2.0 | 1.1 | 1.8 | 3.0 | ． 6 | 1.3 | 3.0 | 6.2 | 5.6 | ． 8 | 1.3 | 4.0 | 5.9 | 4.0 | ． 2 | 2.4 | 9.8 | ． 7 | 1.1 |
| 1939 | 58.6 | 50.9 | 14.5 | 3.3 | 2.0 | 1.1 | 1.9 | 3.0 | ． 6 | 1.4 | 3.1 | 6.1 | 5.7 | ． 8 | 1.4 | 4.1 | 6.4 | 4.0 | ． 2 | 2.4 | 9.3 | 7 | 1.0 |
| 1940． | 61.4 | 53.4 | 15.2 | 3.4 | 2.0 | 1.2 | 2.1 | 3.1 | ． 7 | 1.5 | 3.7 | 6.1 | 5.7 | ． 8 | 1.4 | 4.5 | 6.9 | 4.6 | ． 3 | 2.5 | 9.1 | ． 7 | 1.1 |
| 1941 | 65.8 | 57.0 | 16.2 | 3.6 | 2.0 | 1.2 | 2.3 | 3.3 | ． 8 | 1.8 | 4.5 | 6.0 | 5.8 | ． 9 | 1.5 | 5.0 | 7.7 | 5． 2 | ． 3 | 2.8 | 9.1 | ． 7 | 1． 2 |
| 1942 | 63.8 | 55.1 | 16.2 | 3.6 | 2.0 | 1.1 | 2.3 | 3.5 | ． 8 | 1.8 | 5.2 | 5.9 | 5.6 | ． 9 | 1.5 | 5.1 | 6.8 | 3.5 | ． 3 | 3.0 | 9.1 | ． 6 | 1.2 |
| 1943. | 61.6 | 53.2 | 16． 2 | 3.5 | 2.1 | 1.1 | 2.1 | 3.5 | ． 8 | 1.8 | 5.8 | 5.6 | 5.5 | .9 | 1.5 | 5.1 | 6.0 | 2.3 | ． 2 | 3.3 | 8.8 | ． 6 | 1.2 |
| 1944 | 62.3 | 53.6 | 16.7 | 3.5 | 2.3 | 1.2 | 2.3 | 3.7 | ． 7 | 1.8 | 6.1 | 5.6 | 5.9 | .9 | 1.6 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 1.5 | ． 2 | 3.3 | 8.6 | ． 7 | 1．2 |
| 1945. | 67.6 | 58.4 | 18.3 | 3.5 | 2.5 | 1.6 | 2.4 | 4.1 | 1.1 | 2.2 | 6.6 | 6.0 | 6.8 | 1.0 | 1.8 | 6.4 | 6.3 | 1.1 | ． 2 | 3.5 | 8.5 | ． 9 | 1．2 |
| 1946 | 75.8 | 66.2 | 21.4 | 3.9 | 2.9 | 1.5 | 2.5 | 4.3 | 1.7 | 2.3 | 7.3 | 6.6 | 7.5 | 1.3 | 2.1 | 7.2 | 7.4 | 2.2 | ． 5 | 3.7 | 8.4 | 1.2 | 1．4 |
| 1947. | 89.4 | 78.3 | 25.9 | 4.4 | 3.4 | 1.7 | 2.8 | 4.9 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 8.2 | 8.0 | 8.5 | 1.7 | 2.8 | 8.7 | 9.2 | 3.8 | ． 6 | 4.4 | 8.7 | 1.6 | 1． 7 |
| 1948 | 102.0 | 88.8 | 29.6 | 4.8 | 3.9 | 1.9 | 3.3 | 5.8 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 8.6 | 9.2 | 9.2 | 2.1 | 3.8 | 9.9 | 11.0 | 5.0 | ． 0 | 4.5 | 9.5 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| 1949 | 109.7 | 94.5 | 31.4 | 5.0 | 4.1 | 2.1 | 3.8 | 6.5 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 8.6 | 9.8 | 9.4 | 2.3 | 4.1 | 10.8 | 11.9 | 6.2 | ． 6 | 4.4 | 10.4 | 2.3 | 2.2 |
| 1950 | 118.0 | 101.0 | 33.0 | 5.3 | 4.4 | 2.4 | 4.3 | 7.2 | 3.1 | 2.5 | 8.8 | 10.6 | 9.5 | 2.5 | 4.5 | 12.0 | 13.1 | 7.5 | ． 6 | 4． 2 | 10.8 | 2.6 | $\because 4$ |
| 1951. | 125.6 | 107.1 | 35.6 | 5.7 | 4.8 | 2.6 | 4.7 | 7.7 | 3.2 | 2.6 | 9.3 | 11.4 | 9.7 | 2.7 | 4.7 | 13.3 | 14.1 | 7.4 | ． 6 | 4.3 | 11.5 | 2.9 | 2.5 |
| 1952. | 131.1 | 112.0 | 37.9 | 6.1 | 5.3 | 2.9 | 5.0 | 8.2 | 3.4 | 2.7 | 9.9 | 11.9 | 9.8 | 2.9 | 4.8 | 14.8 | 14.1 | 6.6 | ． 7 | 4.4 | 12.1 | 3.2 | 2.6 |
| 1953. | 137.0 | 117.0 | 39.9 | 6.4 | 5.7 | 3.1 | 5.2 | 8.5 | 3.5 | 2.8 | 10.7 | 12.4 | 10.0 | 3.1 | 5.1 | 16.4 | 13.9 | 6.7 | ． 8 | 4.4 | 12.4 | 3.5 | 9.7 |
| 1954. | 140.9 | 120.6 | 41.9 | 6.7 | 6.2 | 3.5 | 5.1 | 8.7 | 3.3 | 2.7 | 11.7 | 12.7 | 10.3 | 3.2 | 5.2 | 17.7 | 13.5 | 6.8 | ． 8 | 4.3 | 12.2 | 3.7 | 2.8 |
| 1955. | 147.1 | 126.6 | 43.5 | 7.2 | 6.6 | 3.8 | 5.3 | 8.9 | 3.4 | 2.8 | 12.1 | 13.1 | 10.7 | 3.4 | 5.5 | 19.0 | 13.9 | 7.7 | ． 8 | 4.2 | 12． 2 | 3.9 | 3.0 |
| 1956 | 153.3 | 133.1 | 46.3 | 7.7 | 6.9 | 4.1 | 5.3 | 9.0 | 3.6 | 2.9 | 12.9 | 13.6 | 11.1 | 3.6 | 5.8 | 20.5 | 14.1 | 7.5 | 1.0 | 4.2 | 12.3 | 4.2 | 3.2 |
| 1957 | 158.8 | 138.8 | 48.7 | 8.1 | 7.3 | 4.4 | 5.2 | 8.9 | 3.6 | 3.0 | 13.5 | 14.0 | 11.6 | 4.1 | 6.2 | 22.2 | 14.0 | 7.2 | 1.3 | 4.4 | 12.6 | 4.4 | 3.4 |
| 1958 | 159.7 | 139.7 | 48.8 | 8.4 | 7.7 | 4.7 | 5.1 | 9.2 | 3.6 | 2.8 | 13.4 | 14.0 | 11.6 | 4.4 | 6.3 | 22.9 | 13.4 | 6.4 | 1.4 | 4.5 | 12.2 | 4.5 | 3.6 |
| 1959 | 163.1 | 143.1 | 48.6 | 8.8 | 7.8 | 4.9 | 5.2 | 9.3 | 3.8 | 2.7 | 13.3 | 14.2 | 11.7 | 4.8 | 6.4 | 23.8 | 13.7 | 6.3 | 1.9 | 4.6 | 11.9 | 4.6 | 3.8 |
| 1960. | 167.5 | 148.0 | 49.2 | 9.2 | 8.0 | 5.1 | 4.9 | 9.3 | 3.8 | 2.7 | 13.4 | 14.5 | 11.9 | 5.2 | 6.6 | 25.1 | 14.2 | 6.6 | 2.3 | 4.6 | 11.6 | 4.9 | 4.1 |
| 1961 | 169.7 | 150.4 | 49.3 | 9.6 | 8.0 | 5.3 | 4.7 | 9.3 | 3.7 | 2.5 | 13.3 | 14.7 | 12.0 | 5.5 | 6.8 | 26.2 | 14.4 | 6.5 | 2.7 | 4.5 | 11.1 | 5.1 | 4.3 |
| 1962 | 174.7 | 155.4 | 49.9 | 10.1 | 8.1 | 5.4 | 4.6 | 9.2 | 3.7 | 2.4 | 13.3 | 15.0 | 12.1 | 6.0 | 7.1 | 27.5 | 15.5 | 6.8 | 3.1 | 4.5 | 10.9 | 5.3 | 4.5 |
| 1963 | 181.1 | 161.2 | 50.9 | 10.7 | 8.2 | 5.5 | 4． 6 | 9.4 | 3.9 | 2.5 | 13.5 | 15.2 | 12.4 | 6.7 | 7.4 | 28.6 | 16.8 | 7.4 | 3.1 | 4.4 | 10.5 | 5.8 | 4.8 |
| 1964 | 190.8 | 170.6 | 53.2 | 11.3 | 8.6 | 5.7 | 4.8 | 9.5 | 4.3 | 2.5 | 13.8 | 15.6 | 13.0 | 7.8 | 7.9 | 30.1 | 18.2 | 8.0 | 3.3 | 4.5 | 10.6 | 6.6 | 5.9 |
| 1965 | 204.1 | 183.1 | 56.9 | 12.1 | 9.0 | 5.8 | 5.1 | 9.7 | 4.6 | 2.6 | 14.6 | 16.4 | 13.8 | 8.9 | 8.6 | 32.0 | 20.3 | 8.9 | 3.8 | 4． 6 | 10.8 | 7.3 | 5.6 |
| 1966 | 220.9 | 198.9 | 63.1 | 13.0 | 9.6 | 6.0 | 6.4 | 10.1 | 5.0 | 2.8 | 15.4 | 17.2 | 14.7 | 10.3 | 9.2 | 34.8 | 22.5 | 9.3 | 4.7 | 4.8 | 11.3 | 8.3 | 6.1 |

Net stocks using double declining balance depreciation

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Table 3.-Gross and Net Stocks of Equipment, by Broad Industry Group and by Type, Bulletin F-15 Percent Service Life, Winfrey Distribution, 1925-66-Continued
[Value in billions of constant (1958) dollars]


Net stocks using double declining balance depreciation-Continued

| 1950 | 94.4 | 80.4 | 26.6 | 4.3 | 3.6 | 2.0 | 3.5 | 5.9 | 2.4 | 1.9 | 7.0 | 8.7 | 7.5 | 1.9 | 3.6 | 9.8 | 10.2 | 5. 4 | 5 | 3.3 | 8.9 | 2.1 | 1.9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1951. | 99.9 | 84.9 | 28.6 | 4.6 | 3.9 | 2.2 | 3.8 | 6.4 | 2.5 | 2.0 | 7.5 | 9.3 | 7.6 | 2.1 | 3.6 | 10.8 | 11.0 | 5.2 | 4 | 3.4 | 9.6 | 2.3 | 2.0 |
| 1952 | 103.9 | 88.6 | 30.3 | 4.9 | 4.3 | 2.4 | 4.0 | 6.7 | 2.6 | 2.1 | 7.9 | 9.7 | 7.6 | 2.2 | 3.7 | 12.1 | 10.7 | 4.6 | 5 | 3. 5 | 10.0 | 2.6 | 2.0 |
| 1953 | 108.5 | 92.6 | 31.9 | 5.1 | 4.7 | 2.6 | 4.1 | 6.9 | 2.6 | 2.1 | 8.6 | 10.0 | 7.9 | 2.4 | 3.9 | 13.3 | 10.5 | 4.8 | 6 | 3.5 | 10.2 | 2.8 | 2.1 |
| 1954 | 111.1 | 95.1 | 33.5 | 5.4 | 5.1 | 2.9 | 4.0 | 7.0 | 2.5 | 2.1 | 9.5 | 10.1 | 8.1 | 2.4 | 4.1 | 14.3 | 10.2 | 4.9 | 7 | 3.3 | 9.9 | 2.9 | 2.2 |
| 1955. | 116.0 | 99.9 | 34.6 | 5.8 | 5.3 | 3.2 | 4.1 | . 7.1 | 2.6 | 2.2 | 9.8 | 10.4 | 8.4 | 2.6 | 4.3 | 15.2 | 10.6 | 5.6 | 6 | 3.3 | 9.7 | 3.1 | 2.4 |
| 1956 | 120.9 | 105.1 | 36.9 | 6.2 | 5.6 | 3.4 | 4.1 | 7.1 | 2.8 | 2.3 | 10.5 | 10.8 | 8.8 | 2.8 | 4.5 | 16.4 | 10.8 | 5.2 | 8 | 3.3 | 9.8 | 3.3 | 2.5 |
| 1957 | 125.2 | 109.8 | 38.9 | 6.5 | 5.9 | 3.6 | 4.0 | 7.0 | 2.7 | 2.3 | 10.9 | 11.1 | 9.2 | 3.2 | 4.8 | 17.8 | 10.7 | 5.0 | 1.1 | 3.5 | 10.1 | 3.5 | 2.7 |
| 1958 | 125.3 | 109.7 | 38.6 | 6.7 | 6.2 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 7.2 | 2.7 | 2.1 | 10.7 | 11.1 | 9.2 | 3.4 | 4.8 | 18.2 | 10.1 | 4.4 | 1.1 | 3.6 | 9.7 | 3.5 | 2.8 |
| 1959. | 127.9 | 112.3 | 38.2 | 7.0 | 6.3 | 4.1 | 4.0 | 7.4 | 2.9 | 2.1 | 10.5 | 11.2 | 9.2 | 3.7 | 5.0 | 18.9 | 10.5 | 4.5 | 1.6 | 3.7 | 9.3 | 3.6 | 3.0 |
| 1960.. | 131.4 | 116.2 | 38.5 | 7.4 | 6.4 | 4.2 | 3.7 | 7.3 | 2.9 | 2.0 | 10.6 | 11.5 | 9.4 | 4.0 | 5.1 | 19.9 | 10.9 | 4.7 | 1.9 | 3.7 | 9.1 | 3.8 | 3.2 |
| 1961 | 132.8 | 117.7 | 38.5 | 7.7 | 6.4 | 4.3 | 3.6 | 7.3 | 2.8 | 1.9 | 10.4 | 11.6 | 9.4 | 4.2 | 5.3 | 20.9 | 11.0 | 4.6 | 2.1 | 3. 6 | 8.7 | 4.0 | 3.4 |
| 1962 | 137.0 | 121.9 | 39.1 | 8.1 | 6.4 | 4.4 | 3.5 | 7.3 | 2.8 | 1.8 | 10.4 | 11.9 | 9.5 | 4.7 | 5.5 | 22.0 | 12.0 | 4.9 | 2.4 | 3.6 | 8.4 | 4.2 | 3.6 |
| 1963. | 142.2 | 126. 6 | 39.9 | 8.6 | 6.5 | 4.5 | 3.6 | 7.4 | 3.0 | 1.9 | 10.6 | 12.0 | 9.8 | 5.2 | 5.8 | 22.8 | 13.1 | 5.4 | 2.3 | 3.5 | 8.2 | 4.6 | 3.8 |
| 1964 | 150.4 | 134.5 | 42.0 | 9.1 | 6.8 | 4.5 | 3.8 | 7.5 | 3.3 | 2.0 | 11.0 | 12.4 | 10.3 | 6.1 | 6.2 | 24.0 | 14.2 | 5.8 | 2.5 | 3. 6 | 8.3 | 5.3 | 4.1 |
| 1965 | 161.6 | 145.0 | 45.3 | 9.7 | 7.2 | 4.6 | 4.1 | 7.8 | 3.6 | 2.1 | 11.6 | 13.1 | 11.0 | 6.9 | 6.8 | 25.6 | 15.9 | 6.4 | 3.0 | 3.7 | 8.6 | 5.9 | 4.4 |
| 1966 | 175.7 | 158.2 | 50.8 | 10.5 | 7.7 | 4.8 | 5.2 | 8.1 | 3.8 | 2.2 | 12.4 | 13.9 | 11.8 | 8.1 | 7.2 | 28.0 | 17.6 | 6.6 | 3.7 | 3.9 | 9.0 | 6.7 | 4.8 |

Mean age of gross stocks

| 1925. | 8.8 | 9.0 | 8.1 | 7.2 | 9.7 | 10.9 | 4.6 | 9.4 | 4.0 | 5.0 | 8.1 | 8.2 | 7.1 | 4.5 | 6.0 | 8.1 | 3.1 | 1.9 | 2.7 | 13.1 | 12.7 | 6.2 | 5.7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1926. | 8.8 | 8.9 | 8.0 | 6.8 | 9.6 | 10.9 | 4.9 | 9.4 | 4.0 | 4.9 | 8.0 | 8.3 | 7.0 | 4.3 | 5.9 | 8.0 | 3.2 | 1.9 | 2.7 | 13.1 | 13.0 | 6.3 | 5.7 |
| 1927. | 8.9 | 9.0 | 8.1 | 6.5 | 9.6 | 11.0 | 5.0 | 9.4 | 4.1 | 5.0 | 8.1 | 8.4 | 6.9 | 4.2 | 5.8 | 7.9 | 3.4 | 2.0 | 2.9 | 13.3 | 13.4 | 6.4 | 5.7 |
| 1928 | 8.9 | 9.1 | 8.1 | 6.3 | 9.7 | 11.0 | 5.3 | 9.4 | 4.1 | 5.0 | 7.9 | 8.5 | 6.9 | 4.1 | 5.8 | 7.8 | 3.6 | 2.1 | 2.5 | 13.5 | 13.7 | 6.6 | 5.7 |
| 1929.- | 8.8 | 9.0 | 8.1 | 6.2 | 9.6 | 10.9 | 5.6 | 9.2 | 4.1 | 4.9 | 7.9 | 8.6 | 6.8 | 4.1 | 5.8 | 7.7 | 3.4 | 2.1 | 2.6 | 13.6 | 14.0 | 6.5 | 5.6 |
| 1930.. | 9.0 | 9.1 | 8.2 | 6.3 | 9.7 | 10.9 | 6.1 | 9.2 | 4.3 | 5.0 | 8.1 | 8.8 | 6.9 | 4.3 | 5.9 | 7.7 | 3.5 | 2.2 | 3.1 | 13.5 | 14.2 | 6.6 | 5.6 |
| 1931. | 9.3 | 9.5 | 8.5 | 6.6 | 9.9 | 11.1 | 6.6 | 9.5 | 4.7 | 5.4 | 8.5 | 9.1 | 7.1 | 4.6 | 6.1 | 7.9 | 3.8 | 2.4 | 3.6 | 13.5 | 14.7 | 6.8 | 5.6 |
| 1932 | 9.8 | 10.0 | 8.9 | 7.0 | 10.2 | 11.4 | 7.3 | 10.0 | 5.2 | 5.8 | 9.0 | 9.4 | 7.4 | 4.9 | 6.4 | 8.3 | 4.1 | 2.7 | 4.4 | 13.9 | 15.3 | 7.1 | 5.7 |
| 1933.- | 10.2 | 10.4 | 9.3 | 7.5 | 10.5 | 11.7 | 8.1 | 10.4 | 5.8 | 6.1 | 9.5 | 9.7 | 7.7 | 5.2 | 6.7 | 8.7 | 4.4 | 2.7 | 3.2 | 14.4 | 15.9 | 7.4 | 5.9 |
| 1934. | 10.5 | 10.7 | 9.5 | 7.8 | 10.8 | 11.9 | 8.7 | 10.8 | 6.2 | 6.3 | 9.8 | 10.0 | 8.0 | 5.3 | 6.9 | 9.1 | 4.4 | 2.5 | 3.7 | 14.8 | 16.3 | 7.7 | 5.9 |
| 1935 | 10.6 | 10.8 | 9.6 | 8.2 | 11.1 | 12.0 | 9.0 | 10.9 | 6. 3 | 6.2 | 9.8 | 10.2 | 8.1 | 5.3 | 6.9 | 9.3 | 4.3 | 2.2 | 4.2 | 15.3 | 16.8 | 7.8 | 5.9 |
| 1936 | 10.4 | 10.6 | 9.5 | 8.4 | 11.2 | 11.9 | 8.9 | 10.8 | 5.9 | 5.8 | 9.6 | 10.1 | 8.0 | 5.0 | 6. 7 | 9.3 | 4.1 | 2.1 | 4.7 | 15.4 | 17.0 | 7.7 | 5.7 |
| 1937. | 10.1 | 10.3 | 9.3 | 8.5 | 11.3 | 11.4 | 8.6 | 10.6 | 5.3 | 5.5 | 9.2 | 10.0 | 7.8 | 4.6 | 6.4 | 9.1 | 4.0 | 2.1 | 4.9 | 15.4 | 17.0 | 7.4 | 5.6 |
| 1938.. | 10.1 | 10.3 | 9.3 | 8.6 | 11.5 | 11.2 | 8.5 | 10.3 | 4.7 | 5.4 | 9.3 | 10.1 | 7.9 | 4.3 | 6.3 | 9.2 | 4.2 | 2.4 | 5.1 | 15.0 | 17.3 | 7.4 | 5.6 |
| 1939. | 10.0 | 10.2 | 9.3 | 8.7 | 11.6 | 10.9 | 8.5 | 10.2 | 4.3 | 5. 2 | 9.1 | 10.0 | 7.8 | 4.1 | 6.0 | 9.1 | 4.3 | 2.5 | 5.1 | 15.1 | 17.5 | 7.2 | 5.4 |
| 1940. | 9. 7 | 9.9 | 9.0 | 8.6 | 11.6 | 10.5 | 8.3 | 10.0 | 3.9 | 5.0 | 8.4 | 10.0 | 7.8 | 3.9 | 5.7 | 8.7 | 4.5 | 2.4 | 4.7 | 14.6 | 17.5 | 7.1 | 5.0 |
| 1941.- | 9.3 | 9.5 | 8.6 | 8.4 | 11.5 | 10.3 | 7.9 | 9.5 | 3.7 | 4.5 | 7.5 | 9.9 | 7.7 | 3.7 | 5.5 | 8.3 | 4.5 | 2.3 | 4.4 | 13.8 | 17.3 | 7.1 | 4.7 |
| 1942. | 9.3 | 9.5 | 8.6 | 8.3 | 11.4 | 10.4 | 8.0 | 9.1 | 3.7 | 4. 6 | 7.0 | 9.8 | 7.7 | 3.8 | 5.5 | 8.4 | 5.2 | 2.9 | 4.7 | 13.1 | 17.2 | 7.4 | 4.5 |
| 1943. | 9.4 | 9.6 | 8.5 | 8.4 | 11.1 | 10.3 | 8.5 | 9.0 | 3.9 | 4.8 | 6.7 | 9.8 | 7.7 | 4.0 | 5.5 | 8.4 | 5.9 | 3.5 | 5.2 | 12.3 | 17.1 | 7.3 | 4.4 |
| 1944-. | 9.3 | 9.5 | 8.3 | 8.4 | 10.7 | 9.8 | 8.3 | 8.5 | 4.3 | 4.9 | 6.7 | 9.6 | 7.4 | 4.0 | 5.3 | 8.0 | 6.3 | 4.3 | 5.3 | 12.0 | 16.9 | 7.2 | 4.4 |
| 1945 | 8.8 | 9.1 | 7.9 | 8.2 | 10.2 | 8.6 | 8.0 | 8.0 | 3.5 | 4.6 | 6.6 | 9.2 | 6.8 | 3.9 | 5.0 | 7.5 | 6.2 | 4.9 | 4.7 | 11.5 | 16.7 | 6.2 | 4.4 |
| 1946. | 8.3 | 8.4 | 7.2 | 7.7 | 9.3 | 8.7 | 8.0 | 7.8 | 2.9 | 4.8 | 6.4 | 8.5 | 6.5 | 3.4 | 4.7 | 7.1 | 5.8 | 3.5 | 3.0 | 11.1 | 16.6 | 5.3 | 4.1 |
| 1947. | 7.5 | 7.6 | 6.5 | 7.2 | 8.4 | 8.3 | 7.5 | 7.3 | 2.7 | 4.9 | 6. 2 | 7.6 | 6.1 | 3.0 | 4.1 | 6. 5 | 5.2 | 2.5 | 2.9 | 10.1 | 16.0 | 4.5 | 3.9 |
| 1948. | 6.9 | 7.0 | 6.1 | 6.9 | 7.8 | 7.7 | 6.9 | 6.7 | 2.7 | 4.9 | 6.4 | 7.0 | 6.0 | 2.9 | 3.7 | 6.2 | 4.7 | 2.2 | 3.2 | 10.0 | 15.0 | 4.1 | 3.7 |
| 1949. | 6.6 | 6.8 | 6.1 | 6.8 | 7.5 | 7.4 | 6.5 | 6.4 | 3.0 | 5.1 | 6.7 | 6.8 | 6.1 | 3.0 | 3.7 | 6.1 | 4.6 | 2.2 | 3.3 | 10.1 | 14.0 | 4.0 | 3.7 |
| 1950 | 6.4 | 6.6 | 6.1 | 6.7 | 7.3 | 7.0 | 6.1 | 6.3 | 3.3 | 5.2 | 6.9 | 6.6 | 6.2 | 3.1 | 3.9 | 6. 0 | 4.4 | 2.1 | 3.7 | 10.3 | 13.5 | 4.1 | 3.8 |
| 1951 | 6.3 | 6.4 | 6.0 | 6.6 | 7.1 | 7.0 | 5. 8 | 6.3 | 3.6 | 5.2 | 7.0 | 6.5 | 6.3 | 3.3 | 4.1 | 5.9 | 4.3 | 2.2 | 4.1 | 10.3 | 12.8 | 4.1 | 3.9 |
| 1952 | 6.3 | 6.4 | 6.1 | 6.5 | 6.8 | 6.9 | 5.7 | 6.3 | 3.8 | 5.2 | 7.1 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 3.5 | 4.3 | 5.9 | 4.4 | 2.4 | 4.0 | 10.3 | 12.2 | 4.2 | 4.1 |
| 1953 | 6.3 | 6.4 | 6.2 | 6.4 | 6.6 | 7.0 | 5.6 | 6.5 | 4.1 | 5.3 | 7.1 | 6.6 | 6.6 | 3.6 | 4.5 | 5.8 | 4.6 | 2.5 | 4.0 | 10.4 | 11.8 | 4.4 | 4.3 |
| 1954 | 6.4 | 6.5 | 6.3 | 6.4 | 6.5 | 6.9 | 5.8 | 6.8 | 4.4 | 5.4 | 7.1 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 3.8 | 4.7 | 5.9 | 4.7 | 2.6 | 4.0 | 10.7 | 11.8 | 4.7 | 4.4 |
| 1955 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.4 | 6.4 | 6.6 | 6.9 | 5.7 | 7.0 | 4.5 | 5.4 | 7.3 | 6.9 | 6.8 | 3.8 | 4.8 | 6.0 | 4.7 | 2.6 | 4.1 | 11.0 | 11.8 | 4.8 | 4.6 |
| 1956 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.3 | 6.7 | 7.1 | 5.8 | 7.3 | 4.5 | 5.3 | 7.3 | 7.0 | 6.8 | 3.8 | 4.9 | 6. 1 | 4.7 | 2.8 | 3.7 | 11.1 | 11.6 | 5.0 | 4.7 |
| 1957 | 6.6 | 6.5 | 6.5 | 6.4 | 6.8 | 7.2 | 6.0 | 7.6 | 4.5 | 5.2 | 7.4 | 7.2 | 6.9 | 3.6 | 4.8 | 6.1 | 4.8 | 3.0 | 3.4 | 11.0 | 11.4 | 5.1 | 4.8 |
| 1958 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 6.8 | 6.5 | 7.0 | 7.3 | 6.2 | 7.8 | 4.4 | 5.4 | 7.7 | 7.5 | 7.0 | 3.6 | 4.9 | 6.3 | 4.9 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 11.0 | 11.6 | 5.3 | 4.8 |
| 1959. | 6.8 | 6.8 | 7.0 | 6.5 | 7.3 | 7.5 | 6.2 | 8.0 | 4.3 | 5.4 | 7.9 | 7.7 | 7.0 | 3.6 | 4.9 | 6.5 | 4.9 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 11.1 | 11.9 | 5.4 | 4.9 |
| 1960 | 6.9 | 6.8 | 7.2 | 6.6 | 7.6 | 7.8 | 6.5 | 8.2 | 4.3 | 5.4 | 8.1 | 7.8 | 7.1 | 3.6 | 4.9 | 6.5 | 4.8 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 11.2 | 12.1 | 5.3 | 4.9 |
| 1961 | 7.0 | 6.9 | 7.4 | 6.6 | 7.8 | 8.0 | 6.6 | 8.5 | 4.4 | 5.5 | 8.3 | 8.0 | 7.1 | 3.6 | 4.9 | 6.6 | 4.7 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 11.3 | 12.4 | 5.3 | 4.9 |
| 1962. | 7.0 | 6.9 | 7.5 | 6.7 | 8.1 | 8.3 | 6.7 | 8.6 | 4. 4 | 5.5 | 8.4 | 8.1 | 7.1 | 3.6 | 4.9 | 6.7 | 4.5 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 11.4 | 12.7 | 5.3 | 4.9 |
| 1963. | 7.0 | 6.9 | 7.5 | 6.7 | 8.3 | 8.6 | 6.6 | 8.7 | 4.3 | 5.5 | 8.5 | 8.2 | 7.1 | 3.6 | 4.9 | 6. 7 | 4.4 | 3.1 | 3.6 | 11.5 | 13.0 | 5.2 | 4.9 |
| 1964 | 6.9 | 6.8 | 7.5 | 6.7 | 8.3 | 8.8 | 6.5 | 8.8 | 4.1 | 5.4 | 8.4 | 8.2 | 7.0 | 3.5 | 4.8 | 6.7 | 4. 2 | 3.0 | 3.8 | 11.5 | 13.1 | 5.0 | 4.9 |
| 1965 | 6.8 | 6.7 | 7.3 | 6.7 | 8.3 | 9.0 | 6.2 | 8.8 | 4.0 | 5.2 | 8.4 | 8.1 | 6.8 | 3.4 | 4.7 | 6.6 | 4.1 | 2.8 | 3.7 | 11.3 | 13.0 | 4.9 | 4.9 |
| 1966. | 6.6 | 6.5 | 7.0 | 6.6 | 8.2 | 9.2 | 5.4 | 8.7 | 3.9 | 5.0 | 8.2 | 8.0 | 6.7 | 3.3 | 4.6 | 6.4 | 4.0 | 2.8 | 3.6 | 11.0 | 12.8 | 4.7 | 4.9 |

[^24]
## CURRENT BUSINESS STATISTICS

The statistics here update series published in the 1965 edition of Business Statistics, biennial statistical supplement to the Surver of Current Business. That volume (price $\$ 2.00$ ) provides a description of each series, references to sources of earlier figures, and historical data as follows: For all series, monthly or quarterly, 1961 through 1964 (1954-64 for major quarterly series), annually, 1939-64; for selected series, monthly or quarterly, 1947-64 (where available). Series added or significantly revised after the 1965 Business Statistics went to press are indicated by an asterisk (*) and a dagger ( $\dagger$ ), respectively; certain revisions for 1964 issued too late for inclusion in the 1965 volume appear in the monthly Survfy beginning with the September 1965 issue. Also, unless otherwise noted, revised monthly data for periods not shown herein corresponding to revised annual data are available upon request.

Statistics originating in Government agencies are not copyrighted and may be reprinted freely. Data from private sources are provided through the courtesy of the compilers, and are subject to their copyrights.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1964 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1965 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1964 | 1965 | 1966 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 967 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual total |  |  | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III |
|  |  |  |  | Seasonally adjusted quarterly totals at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Quarterly Series



| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1964 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1965 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1964 | 1965 | 1966 | 1965 |  |  |  | 1966 |  |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  | 1968 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual total |  |  | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I |

## GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Quarterly Series-Continued



| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1964 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1965 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1965 | 1966 | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oet. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. p |

## GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS-Monthly Series



[^25]| Unless other wise stated, statistics through 1964 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1965 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1965 | 1966 | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. ${ }^{\text {p }}$ |

GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS-Continued

§ The term "business" here includes separately.
§ The term "business" here includes only manufacturing and trade; business inventories

## justed data for manufacturing are shown on $p$. S-5; those for retail trade on p. S-11.

thee corresponding note on p. S-11.
$\ddagger$ Revised series. The panel of reporters in the Census Bureau wholesale sample has been updated to reflect information from the 1963 Census of Wholesale Trade; comparable data prior to Sept. 1965 appear on pp. 26 fi . of the Nov. 1966 SUrvey. c Corrected.


| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1964 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1965 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1965 | 1966 | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Continued
MANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES,
AND ORDERS-Continued
Inventories, end of year or month-Continued Book value (seasonally adjusted)-Continued
By industry group-Continued
Durahle qoods industries-Continued
By stage of fabrication:


Nondur. goods indust.with unfilled orders $\oplus$ _do...-
By market category:
Home goods, apparel, consumer staples _. do.... Construction materials and supplies.....- do do..... Other materials and supplies.
Supplementary market categories:

Defense products. $\qquad$ | do-... |
| :--- |
| do... |

5 Revised. ${ }^{1}$ Advance estimate. 2 Data for total and components (incl. market
Regories) are based on new orders not seasonally adjusted
$\stackrel{+}{\oplus}$ Includes textile mill products, leather and products, opaper and allied products, and printing

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1964 and descriotive notes are shown in the 1965 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1965 | 1966 | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |



COMMODITY PRICES


| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1964 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1965 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1965 | 1966 | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. ${ }^{\text {p }}$ |

## COMMODITY PRICES—Continued

| WHOLESALE PRICES $\sigma^{\top} \ddagger$ <br> (U.S. Department of Labor Indexes) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Spot market prices, basic commodities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{1} 104.7$ | ${ }^{1} 109.5$ | 103.7 | 102.6 | 102.8 | 102.9 | 102.0 | 100.0 | 98.1 | 99.0 | 98.8 | 97.1 | 96.7 | 95.9 | 95.0 | 95.1 |
| 9 Foodstuffs | 191.9 | ${ }^{1} 101.9$ | 100.1 | 98.1 | 98.6 | 97.5 | 97.5 | 96.3 | 95.3 | 98.1 | 97.3 | 95.4 | 94.6 | 93.4 | 91.2 | 89.5 |
|  | 1114.6 | 1115.2 | 106.3 | 105.9 | 105.8 | 106.8 | 105.2 | 102.5 | 100.1 | 99.6 | 99.8 | 98.3 | 98.1 | 97.8 | 97.7 | 1 |
|  | 102.5 | 105.9 | 106.2 | 105.9 | 105.9 | 106.2 | 106.0 | 105.7 | 105.3 | 105.8 | 106.3 | 106.5 | 106.1 | 106.2 | 106.1 | 106.1 |
| By stage of processing: Crude materials for | 98.9 | 105.3 | 103.6 | 1. | 100.8 | 101.9 | 100.8 | 99.7 | 98.0 | 100.6 | 101.4 | 101.7 | 99.5 | 98.5 | 97.9 |  |
| Intermediate materials, supplies, et | 102.2 | 104.8 | 105.3 | 105.3 | 105.4 | 105. 6 | 105.5 | 105.5 | 105.5 | 105.3 | 105.4 | 105.4 | 105.4 | 105.7 | 105.7 |  |
|  | 103.6 | 106.9 | 107.8 | 107.8 | 107.6 | 107.7 | 107.6 | 107.2 | 107.0 | 107.6 | 108.4 | 108. 7 | 108.3 | 108.7 | 108.6 |  |
| By durability of product: Durable goods | 103.7 | 106.0 | 106.6 | 106.9 | 107.1 | 107.4 | 107.6 | 107.6 | 107.6 | 107.5 | 107.5 | 107.6 | 107.9 | 108.2 | 108.7 |  |
|  | 101.5 | 105.6 | 105.8 | 105.1 | 104.9 | 105. 2 | 104.7 | 104.2 | 103.7 | 104. 6 | 105.4 | 105.6 | 104.8 | 104.8 | 104.2 |  |
|  | 102.8 | 105.7 | 106.3 | 106.2 | 106.2 | 106.4 | 106. 4 | 106.3 | 106.2 | 106.3 | 106.6 | 106.8 | 106.8 | 107.1 | 107.1 |  |
|  | 103.7 | 106.0 | 106.7 | 107.0 | 107.2 | 107.5 | 107.7 | 107.7 | 107.8 | 107.7 | 107.7 | 107.9 | 108.1 | 108.4 | 109.0 |  |
| Nondurable manufactures.-.-.---.-.-. - do | 101.9 | 105.3 | 105.8 | 105.3 | 105.2 | 105.3 | 105.1 | 104.8 | 104.6 | 105.0 | 105.6 | 105.8 | 105.6 | 105.8 | 105.3 |  |
| Farm prod., processed foods and feed | 102.1 | 108.9 | 108.8 | 107. 1 | 106.7 | 107.0 | 105.7 | 104.6 | 103.4 | 105.0 | 106.8 | 107.3 | 105.2 | 105.3 | 104.1 |  |
| Farm products $9 .-$.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 98.4 | 105.6 | 104.4 | 102.5 | 101.8 | 102.6 | 101.0 | 99.6 | 97.6 | 100.7 | 102.4 | 102.8 | 99.2 | 98.4 | 97.1 | 96.5 |
| Fruits and vegetables, fresh and dried..do | 101.8 | 102.5 | 97.9 | 104.2 | 101.3 | 101.8 | 104.5 | 98.4 | 99.6 | 104.4 | 114.3 | 107.9 | ${ }_{86.1}^{96.6}$ | 92.2 8.6 | 91.6 86.6 |  |
|  | 89.6 | 97.3 | 98.9 | 98.0 | 101.5 | 100.7 | 95.8 | 99.9 908 | 98.3 89 | 98.0 85.6 | 96.1 85.7 | 92.6 91.9 | 86.1 77.3 | 85.6 72.9 | 86.6 |  |
|  | 87.2 100.5 | 91.4 110.0 | 83.1 | 85.14 | 77.2 97.9 | 88.1 101.4 | 97.1 99.5 | 90.8 97.4 | 89.0 94.0 | 85.6 102.6 | 85.7 104.9 | 91.9 107.4 | 77.3 106.3 | 72.9 103.5 | 73.8 101.8 |  |
|  | 100.5 | 110.0 | 106.5 | 98.4 | 97.9 | 101.4 | 99.5 | 97.4 | 94.0 | 102.6 | 104.9 | 107.4 | 106.3 | 103.5 | 101.8 |  |
| Foods and feeds, processed \%*---.-.-.-. d | 106.7 | 113.0 | 113.9 | 112.6 | 112.8 | 112.8 | 111.7 | 110.6 | 110.0 | 110.7 | 112.6 | 113.1 | 112.1 | 112.7 | 111.7 | 11.0 |
| Beverages and beverage materials*-..-do | 105.7 | 105.8 | 105.6 | 105.6 | 105.8 | 105.8 | 105.9 | 105.6 | 105.9 | 106.0 | 106.3 | 106.4 | 106.6 | 106.7 | 107.3 |  |
| Cereal and bakery products...........-. do | 109.0 | 115.4 | 118.7 | 118.7 | 118.0 | 117.6 | 117.3 | 117.5 | 117.2 | 117.4 | 117.2 | 116.9 | 6.8 | 116.6 | 116.8 |  |
|  | 108.5 | 118.5 | 124.5 | 122.6 | 122.3 | 121.8 | 121.2 | 120.7 | 120.1 | 120.8 | 122.2 | 122.0 | 122.1 | 122.8 107.9 | 123.0 |  |
| Fruits and vegetables, processed $\oplus$-..-- ${ }_{\text {Meats, }}$ poultry, | 102.1 | 104.8 110.2 | 105.7 108.1 | 105.9 | 105.8 104.4 | 105.9 105.4 | 104.3 104.7 | 104.2 | 104.3 100.6 | 105.1 103.8 | 106.5 108.3 | 107.0 109.9 | 107.1 | 107.9 108.6 | 109.3 104.7 |  |
| Industrial commodities§ | 102.5 | 104.7 | 105.3 | 105.5 | 105.5 | 105.8 | 106.0 | 106.0 | 106.0 | 106.0 | 106.0 | 106. 0 | 106.3 | 106.5 | $r 106.8$ | 107.0 |
| Chemicals and allied products | 97.4 | 97.8 | 97.9 | 98.0 | 98.2 | 98.4 | 98.5 | 98.5 | 98.8 | 98.8 | 98.5 | 98.3 | 98.0 | 97.9 | 98.2 |  |
| Agric. chemicals and chem. prod.*-..-do | 101.8 | 102.8 | 102.8 | 103.3 | 103.1 | 104.2 | 105.4 | 105.9 | 105.2 | 105.2 | 105. 1 | 103.5 | 101.8 97.1 | 101.2 | 101.6 98.3 |  |
| Chemicals, industrial .---.--------....-do | 95.0 | 95.7 | 95, 9 | 96.0 | 96.4 | 96.6 | 96.9 | 97.0 | 97.6 | 97.5 | 97.2 | 97.2 | 97.1 | 97.1 | 98.3 |  |
| Druss and pharmaceuticals................ do | 94.4 | 94.5 | 95.0 | 95.0 | 94.7 | 94.7 | 94.2 | 94.4 | 94.0 | 94.1 | 94.1 | 94.1 | 93.6 | 93.5 | 93.6 |  |
| Fats and oils, inedible. | 112.7 | 102.8 | 94.5 | 91.6 | 95.1 | 92.3 | 89.1 | 81.5 | 85.3 | 82.9 | 79.5 | 77.1 | 77.2 | 77.1 | 78.5 |  |
| Prepared paint...-- | 105.4 | 106.8 | 107.3 | 107.8 | 108.5 | 108.7 | 108.7 | 108.8 | 108.8 | 108.8 | 108.8 | 108.8 | 108.8 | 109.9 | 109.9 |  |
| Fuels and related prod., and power $\%$....do | 98.9 | 101.3 | 102.6 | 102.7 | 102.4 | 102.6 | 103.4 | 103.7 | 103.3 | 4.4 | 104.0 | 103.9 | 104.7 | 104.5 | 103.0 |  |
|  | 96.5 | 98.6 | 100.6 | 101.9 | 102.4 | 102.3 | 102.3 | 102.2 | 102.7 | 102.6 | 102.4 | 103.0 | 103.0 | 104. 1 | 103.8 |  |
| Electric power....------.---Jan. $1958=100$ | 100.8 | 100.3 | 100.2 | 100.3 | 100.8 | 100.6 | 100.6 | 100.6 | 100.6 | 100.6 | 100.5 | 100.6 | 100.5 | 100.7 | 100.8 |  |
|  | 124.1 | 129.3 | 130.7 | 130.6 | 132.0 | 134.6 | 134.5 | 134.6 | 134.8 | 135.0 103.7 | 1134.3 | 131.8 | 132.0 | 132.6 103.9 | 132.7 |  |
| Petroleum products, refined $\ldots . . .1957-59=100 \ldots$ | 95.9 | 99.5 | 101.3 | 101.3 | 100.2 | 100.3 | 101.9 | 102.4 | 101.7 | 103.7 | 103.1 | 103.3 | 104.6 | 103.9 | 101.0 |  |
| Furniture and household durables \% .....-do | 98.0 | 99.1 | 99.7 | 100.3 | 100.4 | 4 | 100.4 | 100.6 | 100.6 | 100.8 | 100.8 | 100.9 | 101.0 | 101.2 | 101.7 |  |
| Appliances, household.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.- | 89.2 | 89.1 | 88.9 | 89.2 | 89.2 | 89.6 | 89.7 | 89.8 | 89.8 | 89.7 | 90.0 112.4 | 90.1 | 90.1 112.8 | 90.3 | 90.5 113.4 |  |
| Furniture, household | 106.2 | 109.1 | 110.3 | 111.5 | 111.8 | 111.9 | 112.0 | 112.4 | 112.4 | 112.4 | 112.4 | 112.6 | 112.8 | 113.0 | 113.4 |  |
| Home electronic equipment* $\triangle$.------- do | 85.2 | 83.6 | 83.8 | 83.8. | 83.8 | 83.6 | 83.5 | 83.3 | 83.3 | 82.9 | 82.0 | 81.8 | 81.8 | 81.3 | 82.1 |  |
| Hides, skins, and leather products $¢ . . . .$. do | 109.2 | 119.7 | 118.7 | 117.5 | 117.3 | 117.9 | 118.0 | 116.9 | 115.7 | 115.2 | 115.6 | 115.2 | 114.4 | 114.4 | 114.8 |  |
|  | 110.7 | 118.2 | 120.1 | 120.1 | 120.3 | 120.9 | 121.6 | 121.7 | 121.5 | 121.4 | 121.5 | 121.4 034 | 121.2 86.8 | 121.8 | 123.6 86.8 |  |
| Hides and skins.-.---.------------.-- do | 111.2 | 140.8 | 120.8 | 114.3 | 109.2 | 110.1 | 107.8 | 98.9 | 88.3 112.9 | 87.2 110.9 | 95.8 110.2 | 93.4 109.5 | $\begin{array}{r}86.8 \\ 109.2 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 93.2 105.3 | 86.8 104.7 |  |
| Lumber and | 108.1 | 121.1 | 117.5 104.8 | 114.1 103.0 | 116.2 | 116.9 102.6 | 116.3 103.6 | 114.6 103.6 | 112.9 104.1 | 110.9 104.2 | 110.2 104.7 | 109.5 105.3 | 109.2 106.1 | 105.3 108.7 | 104.7 107.3 |  |
| Lumber. | 101.9 | 108.5 | 108.0 | 105. 6 | 104.5 | 104.5 | 105.4 | 106.0 | 106.6 | 107.0 | 108.0 | 108.3 | 109.0 | 112.0 | 111.2 |  |
| Machinery and equipment $\%^{*}$.--.----.- do | 105.0 | 108.2 | 109.4 | 110.2 | 110.7 | 111.1 | 111.2 | 111.5 | 111.6 | 111.6 | 111.6 | 111.6 | 111.8 | 111.9 | 112.2 |  |
| Agricultural machinery and equip.-.-.do | 115.1 | 118.5 | 118.5 | 120.4 | 120.8 | 121.5 | 121.7 | 121.9 | 121.8 | 121.8 | 121.8 | 121.9 | 122.0 | 122.2 | 122.3 |  |
| Construction machinery and equip | 115.3 | 118.9 | 119.8 | 120.6 | 121.0 | 121.3 | 121.4 | 121.5 | 121.8 | 121.9 | 121.9 | 122.1 | 122.4 |  | 124.3 |  |
| Electrical machinery and equip.-.....d | 96.8 | 99.0 | 99.5 | 100.7 | 101.5 | 101.9 | 101.8 | 102.2 | 102.3 | 101.9 | 101.8 | 101.7 | 101.6 | 101.5 | 101.5 |  |
| Metalworking machinery and equip.*-.do.. | 113.6 | 118.8 | 121.1 | 121.5 | 121.8 | 121.9 | 122.2 | 122.6 | 122.9 | 123.6 | 123.6 | 123.9 | 124.4 | 124.4 | 124.6 |  |
| Metals and metal products $9 . .-$........... | 105.7 | 108.3 | 108.6 | 109.0 | 109.0 | 109.4 | 109.6 | 109.4 | 109.1 | 108.9 | 108.9 | 109.0 | 109.2 | 109.6 | 109.8 |  |
|  | 91.7 | 92.5 | $\underline{93.3}$ | 193.4 | 93.4 | 92.6 | 92.3 | 92.2 | 92.0 | 92.0 103.2 | ${ }^{92.5}$ | 92.6 103.4 | 92.5 103.5 | 92.7 104.0 | 92.9 103.9 |  |
| Iron and steel | 101.4 | 102.3 | 102.5 | 102.8 | 102.9 | 103.0 | 103.2 | 103.3 | 103.2 | 103.2 118.9 | 103.3 118.7 | 103.4 118.6 | 103.5 118.9 | 104.0 119.4 | 120.7 |  |
| Nonferrous metals | 115.2 | 120.9 | 120.3 | 121.0 | 120.5 | 121.8 | 122.3 | 121.1 | 120.0 | 118.9 | 118.7 | 118.6 | 118.9 | 119.4 | 120.7 |  |
| Nonmetallic mineral products $\circ$ $\qquad$ do $\qquad$ Clay prod., structural, excl. refractories* | 101.7 | 102.6 | 103.2 | 103.3 | 103.3 | 103.6 | 103.7 | 103.8 | 103.9 | 103.8 | 103.9 | 104.2 | 104.5 | 104.7 | 104.9 |  |
| (lay prod., stractural, excl. reractores do...- | 106.6 | 108.4 | 108.8 | 109.3 | 109.1 | 109.3 | 109.3 | 109.3 | 109.4 | 109.7 | 109.7 | 109.9 | 110.4 | 110.7 | 110.7 |  |
|  | 101.5 | 103.0 | 103.5 | 103.5 | 103.9 | 103.9 | 104.4 | 104. 5 | 104. 6 | 105.2 | 105.7 | 105.8 | 105.8 | 105.9 | 105.9 103.9 |  |
|  | 104.0 | 102.4 | 102.7 | 103.5 | 103.5 | 103.5 | 103.5 | 102.3 | 102.3 | 102.3 | 100.9 | 100.7 | 100.7 | 100.7 | 103.9 |  |
| Pulp, paper, and allied products ..........do | 99.9 | 102.6 | 103.1 | 103.0 | 103.0 | 103.1 | 103.3 | 103.6 | 103.9 | 103.9 | 103.9 | 104.1 | 104.0 110.9 | 1104.9 | 111.2 |  |
| Paper | 104.1 92.9 | 107.3 94.8 | 108.4 94.6 | 108.5 95.0 | 108.5 95.0 | 108.5 95.6 | $\begin{array}{r}108.5 \\ 95.8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 108.5 95.9 | 109.3 95.9 | 109.5 95.8 | $\begin{array}{r}109.6 \\ 95.8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 110.9 95.8 | 110.9 97.8 | 110.9 98.2 | 11.8 |  |
| Tires and tubes... | 90.0 | 93.3 | 93.4 | 93.9 | 93.9 | 94.9 | 94.9 | 94.9 | 94.0 | 94.0 | 94.0 | 94.0 | 98.7 | 98.7 | 98.7 |  |
| Textile products and apparel 8 .-.-.-.-.-.do | 101.8 | 102.1 | 102.2 | 102.1 | 101.8 | 102.0 | 102.0 | 101.8 | 101.8 | 101.6 | 101.6 | 101.5 | 101. 7 | 102.0 | 102.2 |  |
|  | 103.7 | 105.0 | 105. 3 | 105. 5 | 105. 4 | 105.7 | 105.9 | 106.0 | 106.2 | 106.3 | 106. 7 | 107.1 | 107.3 | 107.4 | 107.5 |  |
|  | 100.2 | 102.5 | 103.3 | 103.0 | 102.7 | 102.5 | 101.8 | 101.3 | 100.8 | 100.3 | 99.7 | 98.9 | 98.8 | 99.2 | 99.1 |  |
| Manmade fiber textile products...-...-. do | 95.0 | 89.5 | 88.1 | 87.7 | 86.9 | 87.1 | 87.1 | 86.9 | 86.8 | 86.3 | 85.8 | 85.5 | 85.9 | 86.3 | 86.9 |  |
|  | 134.3 | 153.6 | 161.1 | 161.1 | 163.2 | 166.1 | 164.1 | 164.1 | 164.5 | 167.0 | 167.0 | 168.4 | 172.6 | 175.7 | 179.5 |  |
| Wool products | 104.3 | 106.0 | 105.6 | 105.1 | 104.8 | 104.7 | 104.7 | 104.0 | 102.9 | 103.1 | 103.2 | 103.3 | 102.9 | 102.7 | 102.8 |  |
| Transportation equipment \% $^{*}$.-...--......-do |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicles and equipment---------.-. | 100.7 | 100.8 | 101.7 | 101.7 | 101.7 | 101.6 | 101.6 | 101. 6 | 101.6 | 101.6 | 101.4 | 101.3 | 101.3 110.0 | 101.5 | 103.7 110.5 |  |
| Miscellaneous products ${ }^{*}$ *-.....---......- ${ }^{\text {d }}$ d | 104.8 | 106.8 | 107.2 | 107.4 | 107.5 | 107.9 105.2 | 108.0 105.3 | 107.7 104.0 | 108.0 | 108.0 105.3 | 109.6 105.3 | 109.7 105.6 | 110.0 105.8 | 110.2 106.1 | 110.5 106.3 |  |
| Toys, sporting goods, etc....-...-.-.-.-. ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 102.7 | 104.1 | 105.0 | 104.8 | 104.8 | 105.2 | 105.3 | 104.0 | 105.2 | 105.3 | 105.3 | 105.6 | 105.8 114.8 | 106.1 | 106.3 |  |
|  | 106.2 | 109.6 | 110.3 | 110.2 | 110.3 | 110.3 | 110.3 | 110.3 | 110.3 | 110.3 | 114.8 | 114.8 | 114.8 | 114.8 | 114.8 |  |
| PURCHASING POWER OF THE DOLLAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| As measured by- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wholesale prices...............-.-. 1957-59=\$1.00_. | \$0.976 | \$0.945 | \$0.942 | \$0.944 | \$0.944 | \$0.942 | \$0.943 | $\$ 0.946$ 870 | \$0.950 | $\$ 0.945$ .865 | \$0.941 |  | $\$ 0.943$ .855 | $\$ 0.942$ .854 | $\$ 0.943$ .851 | \$0.943 |
| Consumer prices...-------............-.---- do. | . 910 | . 884 | . 873 | . 873 | . 872 | . 872 | . 871 | . 870 | . 867 | . 865 | . 862 | . 858 | . 855 |  | . 851 |  |

[^26]foods and fuels. TFormerly "farm prod, and processed foods." o Includes items not shown separately. *New series; data prior to Feb. 1966 (where available) may be obtained
from BLS. $\oplus$ Formerly "canned and frozen fruits and vegetables." §Formerly "commod. other than farm prod. and foods." $\triangle$ Formerly "television, radio receivers, and phonographs."

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1964 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1965 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1965 | 1966 | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nor. |

## CONSTRUCTION AND REAL ESTATE

| CONSTRUCTION PUT IN PLACE $\dagger$ <br> New construction (unadjusted), total........mil. $\$$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New construction (unadjusted), total.......-mil. \$.- | 71,912 | 74,371 | 6,656 | 6,281 | 5,685 | 4,991 | 4, 501 | 5,175 | 5,740 | 6,306 | 6,852 | 7,247 | 7,398 | -7,392 | 7, 236 |  |
|  | 49,840 | 50,446 | 4,378 | 4,178 | 3,871 | 3,329 | 3,108 | 3,356 | 3,673 | 4,023 | 4,316 | 4, 532 | 4, 696 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 4,778 \\ \text { r } \\ \text { r } \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 4, 6880 |  |
| Residential (nonfarm) .----------------do. | 26, 266 | 23,815 | 1,948 | 1,770 | 1,605 | 1,381 | 1. 263 | 1,422 | 1,642 | 1,868 | 2,110 | 2, 280 | 2,384 | $\stackrel{+}{\ulcorner } \mathrm{F} 2,377$ | 2, 343 |  |
| New housing units-...--------1......-do.-.- | 20,351 | 17,964 | 1,443 | 1,298 | 1,164 | 980 | 891 | 1,022 | 1,188 | 1,380 | 1,599 | 1,732 | 1,810 | r 1,835 | 1,846 |  |
| Nonresidential buildings, except farm and pub- <br>  | 16,584 | 18, 607 | 1,670 | 1,672 | 1,579 | 1,404 | 1,327 | 1,357 | 1,419 | 1,501 | 1,509 | 1,554 | 1,589 | - 1,678 | 1,590 |  |
|  | 5,128 | 6,703 | , 587 | ${ }^{1} 609$ | -575 | , 492 | - 482 | ${ }^{1} 473$ | ${ }^{1} 464$ | 499 | ${ }^{1} 515$ | +541 | 1,530 | ${ }^{+} 592$ | - 508 |  |
|  | 6,745 | 6,890 | 635 | 624 | 600 | 529 | 490 | 512 | 557 | 597 | 577 | 593 | 597 | ${ }^{+} 626$ | 610 |  |
| Farm construction | 1,189 5,385 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,461 | 1,600 | 139 | 144 | 151 | 102 | 115 | 139 | 127 | 138 | 151 | 134 | 142 | 140 |  |  |
|  | 22,072 | 23,925 | 2,278 | 2,103 | 1,814 | 1,662 | 1,483 | 1,819 | 2,067 | 2, 283 | 2,536 | 2,715 | 2,702 | r 2, 614 | 2, 556 |  |
| Buildings (excluding military) $\uparrow$.-.-.....-do | 7,881 | 8,921 | 810 | 63 | 727 | 55 | 646 | 738 | 818 | 890 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 365 | 369 | 64 <br> 30 <br> 8 | 63 <br> 27 | $\stackrel{59}{28}$ | 55 31 | 53 <br> 25 | ${ }_{28}^{58}$ | ${ }_{27}^{68}$ | 42 | 45 | 34 | 30 | 37 |  |  |
|  | 852 | 713 | 61 | 60 | 57 | 49 | 45 | 45 | 44 | 46 | 57 | 64 | 70 |  |  |  |
| Highways and streets......................do | 7,554 | 8.359 | 822 | 723 | 543 | 460 | 376 | 546 | 668 | 784 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New construction (seasonally adjusted at annual rates), total bil. \$. |  |  | 72.3 | 72.0 | 72.2 | 74.8 | 75.0 | 73.1 | 72.0 | 73.9 | 74.2 | 75.9 | 77.0 | ¢ 78.9 | 78.7 |  |
| Private, total ¢ .............-................... do. |  |  | 47.9 | 47.1 | 46.4 | 48.3 | 48.0 | 46.9 | 46.0 | 47.8 | 48.1 | 49.2 | 50.2 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 51.7$ | 51.4 |  |
| Residential (nonfarm) .........-.......ddo |  |  | 21.6 | 20.3 | 19.8 | 19.9 | 20.3 | 20.8 | 21.1 | 22.1 | 22.9 | 23.7 | 24.6 | -25.3 | 25.9 |  |
| Nonresidential buildings, except farm and public utilities, total 9 $\qquad$ bil. \$ |  |  | 18.3 | 18.7 | 18.5 | 20.5 | 19.8 | 18.2 | 17.3 | 17.8 | 17.3 | 17.6 | 17.6 | - 18.4 | 17.5 |  |
|  |  |  | 6.7 | 6.9 | 6.5 | 7.1 | 7.1 | 6.1 | 5.6 | 6.0 | 5.9 | 6.2 | 6.0 | ${ }_{+}^{+6.6}$ | 5.8 |  |
|  |  |  | 6.7 | 6.7 | 7.0 | 7.9 | 7.7 | 7.2 | 6.9 | 7.1 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 6.4 | ${ }^{\text {r } 6.7}$ | 6.4 |  |
| Farm construction <br> Public utilities? $\qquad$ do do |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Telephone and telegraph.-.-...........do |  |  | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.7 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 24.4 | 24.9 | 25.8 | 26.5 | 27.0 | 26.2 | 25.9 | 26.1 | 26.1 | 26.8 | 26.9 | - 27.2 | 27.3 |  |
| Buildings (exeluding military) ¢ .-........do |  |  | 9.3 | 9.4 | 9.4 | 9.7 | 9.5 | 9.8 | 9.9 | 10.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Residential <br> Industrial |  |  | .6 | .7 | .7 | . 7 | . 8 | . 8 | $\cdot 9$ | .9 | 5 |  |  | 5 |  |  |
|  |  |  | ${ }^{.} .6$ | . 6 | . 8 | 7 | . 8.8 | . .6 | . 6 | 5 | .${ }^{.} 6$ | . 8 | .7 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 8.0 | 8.2 | 9.1 | 9.5 | 10.2 | 9.1 | 9.0 | 8.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Construction contracts in 48 States (F. W. Dodge Co.): <br> Valuation total | 1 49, 272 | 150,150 | 4,106 | 3,461 | 3,189 | 2,838 | 3,300 | 4,424 | 4,389 | 5,095 | 5,414 | 4,879 | 5,104 | 4,695 | 5,053 |  |
| Index (mo. data seas. adj.) .----1957-59 =100.. | ${ }^{2} 143$ | ${ }^{2} 145$ | 139 | 130 | 133 | 126 | 143 | 149 | 138 | 154 | 164 | 149 | 165 | 168 | 171 |  |
|  | ${ }_{1}^{16,209}$ | ${ }^{1} 18,152$ | 1,607 | 1,357 | 1,287 | 1,113 | 1,188 | 1,509 | 1,498 | 3,275 | 2,169 | 1,989 | 1,824 | 1,169 | 1,292 |  |
| Private ownership....-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.......do | 133,064 | 131,998 | 2, 499 | 2,104 | 1,903 | 1,725 | 2,112 | 2,916 | 2,891 | 1,820 | 3,245 | 2, 890 | 3,280 | 3,526 | 3,761 |  |
| By type of building: Nonresidential...-...................- do | 117,219 | t19,393 | 1,796 | 1,424 | 1,358 | 1,175 | 1,430 |  | 1,830 | 1,808 | 2.070 | 1,749 | 1,847 | 1,786 | 1,874 |  |
|  | 121,248 | ${ }^{1} 17,827$ | 1,225 | 1,076 | - 903 | 1,937 | 1,056 | 1,584 | 1,627 | 2,002 | $\stackrel{2,000}{2,0}$ | 1.829 | 1,912 | 1,741 | 1,887 |  |
|  | ${ }^{1} 10,805$ | ${ }^{1} 12,930$ | 1,086 | 961 | 928 | 726 | 814 | 1,127 | 931 | 1,285 | 1,344 | 1,302 | 1,345 | 1,169 | 1,292 |  |
| New construction planning (Engineering News-Record) \&........................ | 45,625 | 52,112 | 4, 533 | 4,434 | 6,940 | 4,940 | 5,401 | 4,781 | 3,359 | 4,293 | 5,809 | 6,829 | 5,506 | 4, 053 | 4,932 | 4,295 |
| Concrete pavement awards: <br> Total $\qquad$ thous. sq. yds | 125,580 | 119, 108 |  |  | 359, 306 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 4, 410 | 4, 187 |  |  | 32, 255 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 86,779 | 87,834 |  |  | 342, 723 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 29, 016 | 23,643 |  |  | 312,455 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 5,376 | 3,443 |  |  | 31,873 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| HOUSING STARTS AND PERMITS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New housing units started: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unadjusted: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, incl. farm (private and public) $\ddagger$.- thous. One-family structures $\qquad$ | 1, ${ }_{\text {965.0. }} \mathbf{6}$ | ${ }^{1,196.2}{ }_{7} 79.5$ | 79.1 53.6 | 75.1 50.2 | 62.3 38.0 | 61.7 40.6 | 63.2 40.4 | 92.9 66.6 | 115.9 79.9 | $\begin{array}{r}134.2 \\ 87.4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 131.6 87.7 | 126.1 82.4 | $\begin{array}{r}130.2 \\ +83.8 \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 125.8 \\ r \\ \hline 76.9\end{array}$ | r $\begin{array}{r}136.1 \\ 82.0\end{array}$ | 117.4 |
|  | 1,472.9 | 1,165.0 | 76.6 | 72.8 | 60.2 | 59.1 | 60.4 | 91.5 | 113.7 | 132.0 | 125.4 | 125.3 | 127.4 | -121.9 | -134.5 | 115.6 |
| Total nonfarm (private and public) $\ddagger$.-.-. do | 1,487.5 | 1,172.8 | 77.0 | 73.7 | C1. 1 | 60.4 | 62.0 | 90.7 | 114.2 | 131.9 | 129.6 | 124.9 | 126.5 | - 123.4 | - 133.8 | 115.8 |
| Privately owned $\ddagger$-..-- | 1,450.6 | 1, 141.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 112.0 | 129.7 | 123.4 | 124.0 | 123.6 |  |  |  |
| Seasonally adjusted at annual rates: $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, including farm (private only) .....do... |  |  | 845 | 975 | 931 | 1,111 | 1, 149 | 1,094 | 1,116 | 1,274 | 1,233 | 1,369 | 1,407 | $\stackrel{r}{ } \times 1,445$ | - 1,486 | 1,556 |
| Total nonfarm (private only) ......-....-do..... |  |  | 824 | 956 | 910 | 1,079 | 1,132 | 1,067 | 1,099 | 1,254 | 1,214 | 1,356 | 1,381 | r 1,415 | -1,468 | 1,533 |
| New private housing units authorized by bldg. permits (12,000 permit-issuing places): Seasonally adjusted at annual rates: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total.-.-.-.-.-.-.-...............--thous. | 1,240 | 972 | 718 | 719 | 761 | 942 | 894 | 928 | 1,028 | 1,033 | 1,109 | 1,093 | 1,127 | 1,159 | -1,212 | 1,162 |
| One-family structures.....................do.... | 710 | 563 | 433 | 440 | 476 | 549 | 551 | 558 | 1,078 | ${ }_{601}$ | +630 | ${ }^{1} 626$ | ${ }^{1} 639$ | 638 | ${ }_{r} 673$ | 627 |
| CONSTRUCTION COST INDEXES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dept. of Commerce composite $\ldots-\ldots . .1957-59=100$. | 116 | 121 | 122 | 122 | 122 | 123 | 123 | 123 | 123 | 124 | 126 | 127 | 127 | 128 | 128 |  |
| American Appraisal Co., The: $1913=100$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 8824 | ${ }_{941}^{867}$ | 884 | 885 970 | 887 970 | 889 970 98 | 891 970 | 891 970 | 891 972 | 899 982 | 909 982 | ${ }_{9}^{915}$ | 917 | $\begin{array}{r}919 \\ 1,001 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 922 1,019 | 930 1,024 |
| New York | 925 | 963 | 980 | 979 | 979 | 992 | 997 | 997 | 997 | 997 | 997 | 1,013 | 1,015 | 1,016 | 1,019 | 1,025 |
| San Francisco.......................--......do | 814 | 867 | 890 | 886 | 884 | 890 | 890 | 890 | 890 | 890 | 891 | 923 | 924 | 928 | 928 | 933 |
|  | 808 | 852 | 864 | 878 | 879 | 883 | 883 | 883 | 882 | 912 | 912 | 912 | 912 | 912 | 912 | 916 |
| Associated General Contractors (building only) <br> $1957-59=100$ | 123 | 127 | 128 | 129 | 129 | 129 | 129 | 129 | 129 | 130 | 131 | 133 | 133 | 133 | 134 | 134 |

[^27]\& Includes data not shown separately.
Date for Dec. 1966 and Mar., June, Aug., and Nov. 1967 are for 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks.
$\ddagger$ Revised data for Jan.-May 1966 will be shown later.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1964 and descrintive notes are shown in the 1965 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1965 | 1966 | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nor. |

## CONSTRUCTION AND REAL ESTATE-Continued



DOMESTIC TRADE

| ADVERTISING <br> Printers' Ink advertising index, seas. adi.: $\boldsymbol{o}^{\top}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Combined index | 136 | 148 | 151 | 155 | 150 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 121 | 128 | 136 | 128 | 128 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 147 | 159 | 157 | 167 | 168 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 108 | 119 | 119 | 124 | 110 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 92 | 91 | 80 | 95 | 116 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Radio (network) | 109 | 118 | 125 | 114 | 93 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 175 | 194 | 206 | 210 | 201 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Television advertising: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Network (major national networks): <br> Net time costs, total |  |  |  |  | 446.5 |  |  |  |  |  | 317.6 |  |  | 306.8 |  |  |
|  | $1,260.3$ 99.1 | $1,411.3$ 106.7 |  |  | 446.5 39.9 |  |  | 402.9 29.5 |  |  | 317.6 21.0 |  |  | 306.8 22.6 |  |  |
| Drugs and toiletries | 409.2 | 429.8 |  |  | 128.0 |  |  | 122.8 |  |  | 85.4 |  |  | 93.3 |  |  |
| Foods, soft drinks, confectionery-...-- do- | 234.8 | 274.0 |  |  | 80.0 |  |  | 88.9 |  |  | 66.0 |  |  | 64.6 |  |  |
|  | 112.0 | 131.5 |  |  | 35.3 |  |  | 37.5 |  |  | 30.8 37 |  |  | 31.8 36.8 |  |  |
| Smoking materials $\qquad$ do-.-- <br> All other | 145.4 259.8 | 161.5 <br> 308. |  |  | 52.5 110.8 |  |  | 48.3 77.8 |  |  | 37.6 76.7 |  |  | 36.8 57.7 |  |  |
| All other. $\qquad$ do.-.-- <br> Spot (natl. and regional, cooperating stations): | 259.8 | 308.0 |  |  | 110.8 |  |  | 77.8 |  |  | 76.7 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross time costs, total. $\qquad$ | 1,075.5 | 1,189.3 |  |  | 314.8 |  |  | 274.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Automotive, incl. accessories $\qquad$ do | 1, 38.9 | - 54.1 |  |  | 13.7 |  |  | 15.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Drugs and toiletries. do | 207.4 | 219.4 |  |  | 58.1 |  |  | 55.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Foods. soft drinks, confectionery--...d do. | 377.7 | 414.2 |  |  | 108.4 |  |  | 109.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Soaps, cleansers, etc.......................- do. | 100.4 | 103.3 |  |  | 23.2 |  |  | 22.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Smoking materials...-.-......................... do-- | 48.7 | 51.0 |  |  | 13.5 |  |  | 13.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 302.4 | 347.3 |  |  | 97.8 |  |  | 57.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Magazine advertising (general and natl. farm magazines): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cost, total mil. \$ . | 1,076.9 | 1,166.7 | 125.9 | 126. 1 | 101.5 | 68.4 | 89.9 | 106.4 | 110.9 8.3 | 112.1 | 97.8 | 69.3 | 64.4 5.3 | 108.0 9.8 | 118.4 7.0 |  |
|  | $1,64.8$ 111.7 | 68.1 | 7.6 16.3 | 6.0 13.5 | 4.0 | 1.7 7 7 | 4.1 10.1 | 6.8 10.9 | 8.3 10.2 | 5.7 10.6 | 2.4 8.4 | .9 4.0 | 5.3 3.1 | 9.8 8.2 | 7.0 13.3 |  |
| Automotive, inel. accessories....-.-......... do. | 111.7 | 123.5 | 16.3 | 13. 5 | 7.8 | 7.0 | 10.1 | 10.9 3 | 10.2 4.2 | 10.6 3.9 | 8.4 3.1 | 4,0 1.7 | 3.1 1.5 | 8.2 3.1 | 13.3 2.7 |  |
|  | 30.4 115.9 | 34.5 134.4 | 3.7 13.9 | 2.7 15.2 | 1.4 13.8 | 1.4 8.0 | 2.0 11.6 | 3.8 11.5 | 4.2 13.0 | 3.9 13.4 | 3.1 14.9 | 1.7 10.8 | 1.5 10.2 | 3.1 13.3 | 2.7 14.8 |  |
|  | 133.9 | 125.4 | 12.1 | 12.8 | 10.3 | 7.1 | 10.4 | 11.0 | 8.6 | 9.6 | 10.4 | 9.4 | 6.9 | 13.8 9.8 | 10.8 |  |
| Beer, wine, liquors....-....-.-.-.......... do.... | 69.3 | 79.2 | 8. 4 | 11.0 | 14. 1 | 3.0 | 5. 1 | 6.8 | 6. 6 | 8.1 | 8.1 | 5. 6 | 3.4 | 6.5 | 9.5 |  |
|  | 71.5 | 80.1 | 11. 1 | 8. 5 | 5. 0 | 2.8 4.0 | 3.5 | 6.5 | 8.6 5.9 | 9.3 6.3 | 5. 6 | 3. 7 4.4 | 2.9 3.6 | 6.2 7.1 | 9.0 5.6 |  |
|  | 50.5 21.7 | 53.3 17.6 | 5.9 | 5.6 2.5 | 4. 5 1.4 | 4.0 1.1 | 4.1 1.7 | 5.5 2.3 | 5.9 2.5 | 6.3 2.5 | 6.4 2.4 | 4. 4 1. 6 | 3.6 1.4 | 7.1 2.0 | 5.6 2.2 |  |
|  | 41.6 | 17.6 39.6 | 3.9 | 4.5 | 4.5 | 2.5 | 3.4 | 3. 1 | 3. 1 | 3.5 | 3. 5 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 3. 2 | 3.8 |  |
|  | 365.6 | 411.0 | 41.3 | 43.9 | 34.7 | 29.7 | 33.9 | 38.2 | 39.9 | 39.1 | 32.6 | 24.4 | 23.6 | 38.8 | 39.8 |  |

[^28]of Includes data for items not shown separately.

| Unless otherwise stated，statistics through 1964 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1965 edition of BUSINESS STA TISTICS | 1965 | 1966 | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct． | Nov． | Dec． | Jan． | Feb． | Mar． | Apr． | May | June | July | Aug． | Sept． | Oct． | Nov． |

DOMESTIC TRADE－Continued

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
ADVERTISING－Continued \\
Newspaper advertising linage（ 52 cities）：
\end{tabular} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& 3，164．6 \& 3，354． 3 \& 308.7 \& 305.4 \& 289.7 \& 241.1 \& 233.6 \& 278.3 \& 294.3 \& 300.1 \& 279.1 \& 246.4 \& 269.8 \& 269.8 \& 296.2 \& \\
\hline  \& 865.6 \& 924.3 \& 81.4 \& 70.4 \& 61.1 \& 71.1 \& 66.4 \& 74.1 \& 80.2 \& 80.6 \& 76.4 \& 74.9 \& 76.3 \& 73.1 \& 76.9 \& \\
\hline  \& 2， 298.9 \& 2， 430.0 \& 227.2 \& 235.0 \& 228.6 \& 170.0 \& 167.2 \& 204.3 \& 214.1 \& 219.5 \& 202.7 \& 171.5 \& 193.6 \& 196.7 \& 219.3 \& \\
\hline  \& 170.4 \& 182.9 \& 16.7 \& 14.2 \& 9.2 \& 11.6 \& 12.3 \& 14.3 \& 15．6 \& \({ }^{16.5}\) \& 15．7 \& 11.9 \& 11.2 \& 13.7 \& 12.7 \& \\
\hline Financial．－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－－ \& 63.4 \& 73.2 \& 7.1 \& 5． 8 \& 5.7 \& 7.9 \& 4.7 \& 5． 6 \& 5.8 \& 5.6 \& 5.4 \& 5.8 \& 4.2 \& 4.8 \& 6.2 \& \\
\hline Reneral \& 288.5
\(1,776.7\) \& 310.3
\(1,863.6\) \& 31.5
171.9 \& 32.6
182.4 \& 23.1
190.6 \& 20.5
129.9 \& 22.7
127.5 \& 25.5
158.9 \& 28.9
163.8 \& 29.3
168.1 \& 26.3
155.3 \& 17.8
136.0 \& 19.0
159.2 \& 26.2
152.0 \& 29.9
170.5 \& \\
\hline RETAIL TRADE \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
All retail stores：\(\dagger\) \\
Estimated sales（unadj．），total \(\dagger\) ． \(\qquad\) mil．\(\$\)
\end{tabular} \& 283， 852 \& 303， 672 \& 25，923 \& 26， 158 \& 31， 804 \& 22，567 \& 21，648 \& 25，679 \& 25，081 \& 26，557 \& 27，616 \& 26，005 \& 26，201 \& 「26， 239 \& －26， 196 \& 127，285 \\
\hline  \& 93，718 \& 97，812 \& 8,625 \& 8，410 \& 8，916 \& 7，018 \& 6， 801 \& 8，234 \& 8， 205 \& 8,928 \& 9，398 \& 8,547 \& 8，298 \& －8，200 \& －8，576 \& 18，570 \\
\hline Automotive group－．－．－－－－－－－－．－．．．－do \& 56， 266 \& 57， 414 \& 5， 096 \& 4， 899 \& 4， 638 \& 4，197 \& 4.010
3 \& 4，989 \& 4，955 \& 5，413 \& 5，644 \& 5．014 \& 4，669 \& \({ }_{+}^{+4,515}\) \& ＋ 4,873 \& 14，734 \\
\hline Passenger car，other anto．dealers．．．．do．．．． Tire，battery，accessory dealers ．．．．．．do \& 53,217
3,049 \& 53,875
3,539 \& 4,789
307 \& 4,587
312 \& 4,236
402 \& 3,963

234 \& $\begin{array}{r}3.787 \\ \hline 23\end{array}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}4,711 \\ \hline 278\end{array}$ \& 4,644
311 \& $\begin{array}{r}5,084 \\ 3 \\ \hline 29\end{array}$ \& 5,273

371 \& 4． 670 \& 4，338 \& $$
\begin{array}{r}
\mathrm{r}, 192 \\
r 323
\end{array}
$$ \& 4,533

340 \& <br>
\hline Furniture and appliance group 9 ．－．．．－－d \& 13，737 \& 14，978 \& 1，332 \& 1，391 \& 1，712 \& 1，136 \& 1，101 \& 1，192 \& 1， 160 \& 1，245 \& 1，313 \& 1，239 \& 1，325 \& ＋1，367 \& －1，365 \& 11，536 <br>
\hline Furniture，homefurnishings stores．．．．d \& 8，538 \& 9，089 \& 815 \& 836 \& 943 \& 676 \& 654 \& 715 \& 725 \& 781 \& 804 \& 770 \& 818 \& ＋805 \& 813 \& <br>
\hline Household appliance，TV，radio \& 4，223 \& 4，905 \& 426 \& 453 \& 622 \& 380 \& 375 \& 401 \& 370 \& 391 \& 439 \& 399 \& 424 \& $\checkmark 464$ \& 444 \& <br>
\hline Lumber，building，hardware group ．．．．do \& 12,115 \& 12，307 \& 1，077 \& 1， 012 \& 1，014 \& 777 \& 741 \& 905 \& 999 \& 1，115 \& 1， 167 \& 1，143 \& 1，167 \& －1，121 \& 1，143 \& <br>
\hline Lumber，bldg．materials dealers ${ }^{\prime \prime}$－－－－do \& 9，302 \& 9，340 \& 827 \& ${ }_{753}^{759}$ \& ${ }_{6}^{645}$ \& 574 \& 557 \& 684 \& 738 \& 844 \& 884 \& 881 \& 911 \& ${ }^{\text {T }} 867$ \& 898 \& <br>
\hline  \& 2，813 \& 2，967 \& 250 \& 253 \& 369 \& 203 \& 184 \& 221 \& 261 \& 271 \& 283 \& 262 \& 256 \& 「254 \& 245 \& <br>
\hline Nondurable goods stores 9 －－－－－－－－－．－do \& 190， 134 \& 205， 860 \& 17，298 \& 17，748 \& 22， 888 \& 15，549 \& 14， 847 \& 17，445 \& 16，876 \& 17， 629 \& 18， 218 \& 17， 458 \& 17，903 \& r18，039 \& r 17.620 \& 118，715 <br>
\hline  \& 15，752 \& 17，276 \& 1，478 \& 1，553 \& 2，540 \& 1， 224 \& 1，042 \& 1，512 \& 1，375 \& 1，439 \& 1，473 \& 1，301 \& 1，451 \& －1，574 \& －1，488 \& 11，648 <br>
\hline Men＇s and hoys＇wear stores \& 6，${ }_{6} \mathbf{2 4 8}$ \& 3,537

6,913 \& 596 \& | 325 |
| :--- |
| 614 | \& 586

979 \& 272 \& 213 \& 277

590 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
282 <br>
50 <br>
\hline

 \& 

297 <br>
575 <br>
\hline

 \& 

337 <br>
552 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 286

492 \& ${ }_{546}^{293}$ \& +304
+595
+

+ \& $$
\begin{gathered}
305 \\
579
\end{gathered}
$$ \& <br>

\hline Family and other apparel stores．．．．．．do \& 3， 680 \& 4，015 \& 362 \& 383 \& 638 \& 273 \& 239 \& 354 \& 307 \& 319 \& 337 \& 314 \& 372 \& ＋${ }^{\text {r } 394}$ \& 371 \& <br>
\hline  \& 2，571 \& 2，811 \& 223 \& 231 \& 337 \& 199 \& 168 \& 291 \& 236 \& 248 \& 247 \& 209 \& 240 \& r 281 \& 233 \& <br>
\hline Drug and proprictary stores ．－．－．．．．．．．do \& 9，335 \& 10，148 \& 841 \& 840 \& 1，195 \& 837 \& 818 \& 893 \& 851 \& 894 \& 910 \& 879 \& 888 \& r 882 \& 887 \& 10 <br>
\hline Fating and drinking places－－－－．－．．．．．．do \& 21， 423 \& 23， 431 \& 2，006 \& 1，884 \& 2， 039 \& 1，845 \& 1，726 \& 1，940 \& 1，991 \& 2，093 \& 2， 197 \& 2． 293 \& 2，316 \& r 2， 178 \& －2， 141 \& 12,065 <br>
\hline Food group \& 66，822 \& 71，125 \& 5，922 \& 5，755 \& 6， 679 \& 5，548 \& 5，407 \& 6， 096 \& 5．810 \& 5．888 \& 6， 259 \& 6， 145 \& 6， 059 \& －6，236 \& ${ }^{+} 5,828$ \& ${ }^{1} 5,974$ <br>
\hline Orocery stor \& 60，970 \& 65，105 \& 5，430 \& 5，279 \& 6． 134 \& ${ }^{5,092}$ \& 4，961 \& 5，596 \& 5，348 \& 5，391 \& 5，742 \& 5，633 \& 5，544 \& ${ }^{5} 5,729$ \& ${ }^{+} 5,328$ \& 12， 5,474 <br>
\hline Gasoline service \& 21，765 \& 23， 012 \& 1，959 \& 1，922 \& 1.972 \& 1，827 \& 1，722 \& 1，901 \& 1，940 \& 2,034 \& 2，136 \& 2，159 \& 2，113 \& ＋2，030 \& －2，029 \& 12，005 <br>
\hline General merchandise group ¢ ．．．．．．．．．．－do \& 35，840 \& 39，81 \& 3，375 \& 3，958 \& 6， 111 \& 2，511 \& 2，400 \& 3，197 \& 3， 049 \& 3， 322 \& 3，483 \& 3， 085 \& 3，502 \& －3， 516 \& － 3,522 \& 14，268 <br>
\hline Department stores－．－．－．－．．．．．．－．－．${ }^{\text {do }}$ \& 23，421 \& 26，094 \& 2， 221 \& 2，575 \& 4， 025 \& 1，658 \& 1， 534 \& 2，077 \& 2，016 \& 2， 194 \& 2， 322 \& 2， 008 \& 2， 280 \& － 2,319 \& r 2,311 \& 12，790 <br>
\hline Mail order houses（dept．store mdse．）－do \& 2，581 \& 2，691 \& ${ }_{467}^{232}$ \& ${ }_{5} 34$ \& 350
989 \& 156 \& ${ }_{347}^{172}$ \& 221 \& ${ }_{414}^{199}$ \& 208 \& 4 \& 179 \& 233 \& 223
+496 \& 264 \& <br>
\hline Liquor stores． \& 6，305 \& 5，727
6,758 \& 451
551 \& ${ }_{587}^{524}$ \& 896 \& ${ }_{514}$ \& 347
500 \& 461
551 \& 541 \& 572 \& 586 \& 475 \& 580 \& r 496
+589 \& 579 \& <br>
\hline Estimated sales（seas．adj．）， \& \& \& 25，550 \& 25，610 \& 25，368 \& 25，687 \& 25，470 \& 25，739 \& 25，918 \& 25， 897 \& 26，544 \& 26， 444 \& 26，422 \& r26，732 \& r26， 122 \& 126，525 <br>
\hline Durable goods stores $\%$ \& \& \& 8， 276 \& 8,143 \& 8,156 \& 8，200 \& 7，955 \& 8,150 \& 8，104 \& 8， 187 \& 8，546 \& 8.592 \& 8，508 \& －8，743 \& r 8,236 \& 18，300 <br>
\hline Automotive group－－．－．－．．－．－．－．－．－－－do \& \& \& 4，921 \& 4，761 \& 4，745 \& 4， 604 \& 4， 394 \& 4，602 \& 4， 660 \& 4，75？ \& 5， 069
4,750 \& 5， 130 \& 5，053 \& ＋ 5,224 \& 4，710 \& <br>
\hline Passenger car，other auto dealers－－－－do
Tire，battery，accessory dealers．－－－－do \& \& \& 4， 618 \& 4， 445 \& 4， 445 \& 4，298 \& 4，085 \& 4，291 \& 4，348 \& 4，448 \& 4，750 \& 4.814 \& 4， 731 \& ＋4，891 \& 4，363 \& <br>
\hline Tire，battery，accessory dealers．．－－－－－do \& \& \& 303 \& 316 \& 300 \& 306 \& 309 \& 311 \& 312 \& 304 \& 319 \& 316 \& 322 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 333$ \& 347 \& <br>
\hline Furniture and appliance group 9 －．－．－－do \& \& \& 1，266 \& 1，283 \& 1，270 \& 1，312 \& 1，308 \& 1，278 \& 1，286 \& 1，306 \& 1，295 \& 1． 267 \& 1，299 \& ${ }_{-1,347}$ \& 1，300 \& <br>
\hline Furniture，homefurnishings stores－－－do \& \& \& 766 \& 775 \& 741 \& 792 \& 780 \& 755 \& 791 \& 795 \& 775 \& 784 \& 781 \& ＋812 \& 764 \& <br>
\hline Il ousehold appliance，TV，radio ．．．．．do \& \& \& 402 \& 416 \& 425 \& 429 \& 449 \& 441 \& 423 \& 420 \& 450 \& 397 \& 424 \& ¢ 450 \& 427 \& <br>
\hline Lumber，building，hardware group ．－－do $^{\text {do }}$ \& \& \& 971 \& 988 \& 997 \& 1，063 \& 1，058 \& 1，049 \& 1，048 \& 1，001 \& 1，014 \& 1， 031 \& 1， 025 \& 「 1,041 \& 1，035 \& <br>
\hline Lumber，bldg．materials dealers ${ }^{\prime \prime}$－－do \& \& \& 724 \& 737 \& 747 \& ${ }^{803}$ \& －801 \& ${ }^{794}$ \& 779 \& 750 \& 754 \& 71 \& ${ }^{767}$ \& r 789
+250 \& 791 \& <br>
\hline Hardware stores． \& \& \& 247 \& 249 \& 250 \& 259 \& 257 \& 255 \& 269 \& 251 \& 260 \& 260 \& 258 \& ＋252 \& 244 \& <br>
\hline  \& \& \& 17，274 \& 17，467 \& 17， 212 \& 17， 487 \& 17，515 \& 17，589 \& 17，814 \& 17．710 \& 17，998 \& 17，852 \& 17，914 \& r 17,889 \& － 17,886 \& 118,225 <br>
\hline Apparel group ．－－－．－．．．．－．．．－．．．－－－－－－do \& \& \& 1，466 \& 1，463 \& 1，386 \& 1，514 \& 1， 476 \& 1，443 \& $\begin{array}{r}1,585 \\ \hline 33\end{array}$ \& 1.490
317 \& 1， 524 \& \& \& \& 1，501 \& <br>
\hline Men＇s and boys＇wear stores－－．．．－．－－d \& \& \& 294
589 \& 303

573 \& 282 \& | 317 |
| :--- |
| 587 | \& 304

576 \& 315
557 \& 333
614 \& 317
585 \& 326
596 \& 332
594 \& 340
605 \& +322
+607 \& 312
577 \& <br>
\hline Fanily and other apparel stores ．－－－d \& \& \& 351 \& 345 \& 335 \& 360 \& 357 \& 343 \& 384 \& 342 \& 358 \& 371 \& 367 \& ＋ 373 \& 359 \& <br>
\hline Shoe stores． \& \& \& 232 \& 242 \& 233 \& 250 \& 239 \& 228 \& 254 \& 246 \& 244 \& 241 \& 250 \& ＇257 \& 253 \& <br>
\hline Drug and proprietary stores．－－－．．－．．．－do \& \& \& 859 \& 876 \& 892 \& 877 \& 883 \& 889 \& 906 \& 903 \& 923 \& 903 \& 913 \& r 901 \& 913 \& <br>
\hline Fating and drinking places ．－．．．．．．．．．．．．d \& \& \& 1， 974 \& 1，979 \& 2，019 \& 2，036 \& 2，026 \& 2，046 \& 2，034 \& 2，038 \& 2，059 \& 2，071 \& 2，094 \& －2，110 \& 2，124 \& <br>
\hline Food group \& \& \& 5，949 \& 5,921 \& 5，861 \& 5，911 \& 5，942 \& 6， 041 \& 5，985 \& 5，996 \& 6． 050 \& 6， 002 \& 6,019 \& ${ }^{-6,042}$ \& 6，040 \& <br>
\hline Grocery stores \& \& \& 5，452 \& 5，437 \& 5，376 \& 5，417 \& ${ }^{5}, 452$ \& 5，535 \& 5，513 \& 5，507 \& 5，548 \& 5， 500 \& ${ }^{5}, 516$ \& $\stackrel{5}{5} 535$ \& 5，533 \& <br>
\hline Gasoline service \& \& \& 1，926 \& 1，939 \& 1，915 \& 1，931 \& 1，968 \& 1，964 \& 1，992 \& 1，996 \& 2，040 \& 2， 020 \& 2， 003 \& －2，028 \& 2，009 \& <br>
\hline General merchandise group © ．．－．．．．．－do \& \& \& 3， 354 \& 3，476 \& 3，311 \& 3，419 \& 3，361 \& 3，327 \& 3，479 \& 3，468 \& 3，604 \& 3， 529 \& 3，565 \& r 3,587 \& 3，546 \& <br>
\hline Department stores．－．－－－－．－．－．－．－－${ }^{\text {do }}$ do \& \& \& 2，195 \& 2，273 \& 2， 162 \& 2， 244 \& 2，191 \& 2， 200 \& 2， 278 \& 2， 283 \& 2， 377 \& 2， 305 \& 2， 341 \& － 2,354 \& 2， 320 \& <br>
\hline Mail order houses（dept．store mdse．）－do \& \& \& 229
484 \& 238
503
503 \& 216
475 \& 220 \& ${ }_{472}^{230}$ \& ${ }_{448}^{223}$ \& 230 \& 215 \& ${ }_{516}^{228}$ \& ${ }_{5}^{236}$ \& ${ }_{516}^{222}$ \& － 239 \& 506 \& <br>
\hline  \& \& \& 484
561 \& 503
570 \& ${ }_{564} 4$ \& 486
591 \& 472
595 \& 548 \& 520
609 \& 504 \& 516 \& 506 \& 516 \& ${ }^{-516}$ \& 506 \& <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Estimated inventories，end of year or month：$\dagger$ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Book value（unadjusted），total †．－．．．－－－mil．\＄－－ \& \& 35， 846 \& 37， 193 \& 38，171 \& 35， 846 \& 35， 856 \& 36，349 \& 37， 108 \& 37， 199 \& 36，935 \& 36， 337 \& 35， 894 \& 35， 106 \& 35， 705 \& 36，724 \& <br>
\hline  \& 14,737
7,070 \& 16,144
7
7 \& 15，760 \& 16，384 \& 16，144 \& 16，574 \& 16，681 \& 16， 855 \& 16， 826 \& 16，695 \& 16， 295 \& 15，972 \& 14， 691 \& 14，786 \& 14，908 \& <br>
\hline  \& 2，390 \& 2，512 \& 7，035

2,759 \& ${ }_{2}{ }_{2} \mathbf{7} \mathbf{7} \mathbf{7 1 5}$ \& 7，938 \& $\xrightarrow{8,160}$ \& $\stackrel{8,255}{518}$ \& ${ }_{2}^{8,221}$ \& 8， 105 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
7,966 <br>
\hline 806

 \& 7， 783 \& 7， 7563 \& S，${ }^{5} 972$ \& 

6,066 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 6,149

， 630 \& <br>
\hline Lumber，building，hardware group－．－do．．－－－ \& 2，386 \& 2，401 \& 2， 489 \& 2， 492 \& 2，401 \& 2， 444 \& 2， 410 \& 2， 471 \& 2， 514 \& 2， 227 \& 2， 4 27 \& 2， 2132 \& 2， 219 \& 2， 440 \& 2,630
2,442 \& <br>
\hline Nondurable goods stores ¢ ．．－．．－．．．．．．－do． \& 18，698 \& 19，702 \& 21， 433 \& 21.787 \& 19，702 \& 19， 282 \& 19，668 \& 20， 253 \& 20，373 \& 20，240 \& 20， 042 \& 19.922 \& 20，415 \& 20，919 \& 21，816 \& <br>
\hline Apparel group \& ${ }_{4}^{3,811}$ \& 4,102 \& 4， 775 \& 4，649 \& 4， 102 \& 3，977 \& 4， 222 \& 4， 308 \& 4，314 \& 4， 270 \& 4， 131 \& 4，125 \& 4，407 \& 4，545 \& 4， 623 \& <br>
\hline Food group－－．andise gro \& 4，066 \& 4， 201 \& ${ }^{4,310}$ \& 4， 258 \& 4， 201 \& 4， 164 \& 4，129 \& 4，189 \& 4，167 \& 4，149 \& 4，176 \& 4， 122 \& 4， 108 \& 4，156 \& $\stackrel{4}{4}, 321$ \& <br>
\hline Generaamerchandise gromp－．．．．．．．．．－．do－ \& 3，519 \& 6,425
3,919 \& 7,523
4,608 \& 7,671
4,760 \& 6，
3,919 \& 6，309
3,793 \& 6,460
3,891 \& 6，
4,108 \& 6，833
4,123 \& 6， 816
4,120 \& 6， 693
4,025 \& 6,760
4,076 \& 6， 970
4,212 \& 7，320
4,449 \& 4，851 \& <br>
\hline Book value（seas．adj．），total $\dagger$ ．．．．．．．．．．－do \& 34，607 \& 36，961 \& 36，680 \& 36，734 \& 36， 961 \& 36， 924 \& 36，644 \& 36， 526 \& 36， 236 \& 36， 263 \& 36， 087 \& 35， 997 \& 36， 028 \& 36， 143 \& 36， 171 \& <br>
\hline  \& 15， 194 \& 16，536 \& 16， 4983 \& 16， 5171 \& 16，536 \& 16， 491 \& 16， 315 \& 16， 142 \& 16． 033 \& 15， 904 \& 15， 615 \& 15，549 \& 15，503 \& 15， 711 \& 15，620 \& <br>
\hline Automotive group $\begin{aligned} & \text { Furniture and appliance group．－．．．．－．－．－．}\end{aligned}$ \& 7，244 \& 8， 108 \& 7，949 \& 8， 171 \& 8， 108 \& 7，867 \& 7，672 \& 7，515 \& 7，409 \& 7， 315 \& T， 154 \& 6，966 \& 6， 867 \& 7，041 \& 6， 980 \& <br>
\hline Furniture and appliance group．－．．．．．do \& $\stackrel{\text { 2，449 }}{2,467}$ \& $\stackrel{2,574}{2,483}$ \& $\xrightarrow{2,666}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}2.648 \\ \hline 2.525\end{array}$ \& 2,574
2,483 \& 2,598
2,530 \& 2,612
2,447 \& $\stackrel{2}{2,561}$ \& 2,568
2,448 \& 2,585

2,451 \& $\stackrel{2}{2,586}$ \& 2， 5771 \&  \& | 2,567 |
| :--- |
| , 452 | \&  \& <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}

${ }^{+}$Revised．${ }^{1}$ Advance estimate．†Revised series．Data reflect use of new sample （effective with data for Oct．1965）based on definitions and classifications of the 1963 Census Retail Trade（Census annual）inventories also reflect incorporation of new data from 1965 to 1959 appear in the November，April，and February 1966 issues of the Survey（refer in
that order to pre $\mathbf{2 6}, 18$ ，and 20 ，respectively）；revised accounts receivable data prior to Oct． 1965 are not available．Complete details for retail sales appear in the Monthly Retail Trade Report，Jan． 1966 and subsequent issues，available from the Bureau of the Census，Wash． 1）．C． 20233 ．$q$ Includes data not shown separately． $0^{7}$ Comprises lumber yards，building materials dealers，and paint，plumbing，and electrical stores．

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1964 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1965 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1965 | 1966 | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sepi. | Oct. | Nov. |

DOMESTIC TRADE—Continued


LABOR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT, AND EARNINGS (see box, bottom of p. S-15)
POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES

Total, incl. armed forces overseas..


| _mil. | 1194.59 | 1196.92 | 197.54 | 197. 74 | 197.93 | 198. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| _ thous | 77, 178 | 78,893 | 79,487 | 79,895 | 79, 644 | 78,7 |
| . ${ }^{\text {do. }}$ | 74,455 | 75, 770 | 76, 208 | 76,573 | 76, 254 | 75, 3 |
| do | 71,088 | 72,895 | 73,743 | 73,995 | 73,599 | 72 , |
| do. | 66,726 | 68,915 | 69, 630 | 70,180 | 70,239 | 68,8 |
| -do. | 4,361 | 3,979 | 4,113 | 3,815 | 3,360 | 3,3 |
| do. | 3,366 | 2,875 | 2,465 | 2,578 | 2,655 | 3,1 |
| do. |  |  | 76,081 | 76,612 | 76,764 | 77,0 |
| do |  |  | 73, 199 | 73,897 | 73,893 | 74,2 |
| do |  |  | 69, 420 | 70,005 | 69,882 | 70, |
| - . do. |  |  | 3,779 | 3,892 | 4,011 | 4, |
| - do. |  |  | 2,882 | 2,715 | 2,871 | 2,8 |
| ---do... | 755 | 536 | 517 | 484 | 496 |  |
|  | 4.5 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.5 | 3.7 |  |
|  | 3.2 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.4 |  |
|  | 4.5 | 3.8 | 4. 0 | 3.4 | 3.9 |  |
|  | 14.8 | 12. 7 | 12.7 | 11.4 | 12.2 |  |
|  | 2.4 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 1.7 |  |
|  | 8.1 | 7.3 | 7.4 | 6.9 | 7.6 |  |
|  | 4.1 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 3.3 |  |
|  | 2. 3 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 1.9 | 1.9 |  |
|  | 5.3 | 4.2 | 4. 0 | 4.2 | 4.2 |  |
| workers*- | 4. 6 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.6 | 3.7 |  |
|  | 10.1 | 8.1 | 8.8 | 9.2 | 8.9 |  |
|  | 4.0 | 3.2 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 3.0 |  |
|  | 3.5 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 2.7 |  |

PRevised. ${ }^{1}$ As of July 1. tSee corresponding note on p. S-11.
OIncludes data not shown separately
dComprises lumber yards, building materials dealers, and paint, plumbing, and electrical
$\oplus$ Effective Feb. 1967 Strvey, data reflect revised seasonal factors and changes in cover age. sample, and definitions as follows; For all periods-data cover persons 16 years of age and

$\qquad$

4,184
4,230
6,753
4,074

6,804

409

168

$$
\begin{array}{l|r}
891 & 2 \\
193 & 1 \\
112 & 28 \\
593 & 19 \\
096 & 4 \\
627 & 29 \\
\hdashline & -
\end{array}
$$

$$
\begin{array}{r}
2, \\
2,2 \\
1,2 \\
28,9 \\
19,6
\end{array}
$$


$\overrightarrow{0} \boldsymbol{\square} \boldsymbol{\square}$

$\begin{array}{r}1,27 \\ 28,988 \\ 19,653 \\ 4,593 \\ 29,90 \\ \hdashline 1,4\end{array}$


| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1964 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1965 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1965 | 1966 | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dee. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov.p |

## LABOR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT, AND EARNINGS—Continued (see box, bottom of p. S-15)

| EMPLOYMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Employees on payrolls of nonagricultural estab. $\dagger$ Total, not adjusted for seasonal variation . - thous. | 60,832 | 63,982 | 65,351 | 65, 559 | 66, 087 | 64, 531 | 64, 491 | 64, 843 | 65,215 | 65, 594 | 66, 514 | 66, 129 | 66, 408 | -66,672 | -66,903 | 67, 269 |
| Seasonally Adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total_.-................................... ${ }^{\text {thou }}$ | 60, 832 | 63,982 | 64, 694 | 65, 014 | 65, 251 | 65, 564 | 65,692 | 65, 749 | 65, 653 | 65, 639 | 65, 903 | 65,939 | 66, 190 | $\xrightarrow{+66,055}$ | -66, 231 | 66, 709 |
|  | - 638 | -625 | ${ }^{623}$ | ${ }_{3} 621$ | ${ }_{3}^{623}$ | ${ }_{3}^{625}$ | ${ }_{3}^{624}$ | ${ }_{3}^{624}$ | ${ }_{276}^{620}$ | ${ }^{617}$ | 619 | ${ }_{3} 623$ | ${ }_{3}^{606}$ | - ${ }^{r} 601$ |  | \% 5.598 |
|  | 18,062 | 19,186 | 19,422 | 19,498 | 19,526 | 19,558 | 19,507 | 19,445 | 19,331 | 19, 238 | 19, 285 | 19,169 | 19,318 | - 19,142 | +19,162 | 19,413 |
| Durable goods ........-................. ${ }^{\text {d }}$ do | 10,406 | 11,256 | 11,457 | 11,485 | 11,496 | 11,507 | 11,482 | 11,434 | 11,322 | 11,283 | 11, 285 | 11,218 | 11,351 | r 11, 149 | +11,137 | 11,340 |
| Ordnance and accesso | 226 | 256 | 267 | 270 | 272 |  | 283 |  |  |  | 290 | 292 | 297 | 「299 | r 299 | 300 |
| Lumber and wood produ | 607 | 613 | 599 | 598 | 596 | 607 | 603 | 602 | 592 | 584 | 590 | 585 | 585 | ${ }^{+} 585$ | 591 | 593 |
| Furniture and fixtures .-.-........... do | 431 | $4 \hat{2} 2$ | 466 | 469 | 469 | 466 | 465 | 459 | 455 | 453 | 452 | 447 | 451 | 451 | 455 | 456 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products.......do | 628 | 645 | 640 | 640 | 640 | 642 | 640 | 638 | 628 | 624 | 626 | 625 | 626 | 622 | 627 | 634 |
| Primary metal industries . .......... do | 1,301 | 1,345 | 1,370 | 1,369 | 1,364 | 1,362 | 1,348 | 1,332 | 1,305 | 1,299 | 1,295 | 1,280 | 1,281 | r 1, 262 | - 1,268 | 1,286 |
| Fabricated metal products | 1,269 | 1. 349 | 1,364 | 1,372 | 1,374 | 1,374 | 1,372 | 1,364 | 1,354 | 1,348 | 1,357 | 1,350 | 1,356 | ${ }^{+1,331}$ | 1,328 | 1,338 |
| Machinery, except eiectrical .-....... do | 1,735 | 1,911 | 1,959 | 1,968 | 1,978 | 1,988 | 1,984 | 1,984 | 1,979 | 1,972 | 1,972 | 1,969 | 1,976 | ${ }^{\text {r } 1,966}$ | ${ }^{\text {r 1,934 }}$ | 1,980 |
| Electrical equip. and supplies........ do | 1,659 | 1,896 | 1,956 | 1,956 | 1,955 | 1,958 | 1,959 | 1,947 | 1,916 | 1,904 | 1,872 | 1,889 | 1,916 | ${ }^{+} 1,882$ | ${ }^{+1,895}$ | 1,909 |
| Transportation equipment...-.....- do | 1,741 | 1.912 | 1,955 | I, 959 | 1,959 | 1,938 | 1,938 | 1,932 | 1,916 | 1,927 | 1,947 | 1,896 | 1,980 | ${ }^{+1,873}$ | ${ }^{+1,861}$ | 1,959 |
| Instruments and related products.... do | 389 | 433 | 445 | 446 | 451 | 453 | 454 | 456 | 456 | 454 | 454 | 455 | 456 | r 452 | ${ }^{r} 454$ | 457 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing ind ..... do | 420 | 434 | 436 | 438 | 438 | 442 | 436 | 434 | 433 | 432 | 430 | 430 | 427 | - 426 | 425 | 8 |
| Nondurable goods .-....-............. do | 7,656 | 7,930 | 7,965 | 8,013 | 8, 030 | 8,051 | 8,025 | 8.011 | 8,009 | 7,955 | 8,000 | 7.951 | 7,967 | + 7,993 | -8,025 | 8,073 |
| Food and kindred products...-. . . . do | 1.757 | 1,779 | 1,769 | 1,793 | 1,795 | 1,795 | 1,798 | 1,803 | 1,800 | 1,797 | 1,806 | 1.790 | 1,751 | r 1,787 | r 1,785 | 1,799 |
| Tobacco manufactures. .-...........- do | 87 |  | 79 | 84 | 86 | 89 | 85 | 84 | 86 | 86 | 87 | 89 | 85 | r 81 | -82 | 90 |
| Textilo mill products .-............. . do | 926 | 962 | 963 | 962 | 962 | 963 | 954 | 952 | 945 | 941 | 948 | 940 | 946 | r 950 | r954 | 959 |
| Apparel and other textile products . . do | 1,354 | 1,399 | I, 404 | 1,408 | 1,411 | 1,414 | 1,401 | 1,384 | 1,390 | 1,395 | 1,396 | 1,376 | 1,381 | - 1,377 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 1,383$ | 1,390 |
| Paper and allied products...........do. | 639 | 668 | 673 | 678 | 679 | 680 | 681 | 684 | 680 | 679 | 688 | 689 | 687 | r 682 | -684 | 687 |
| Printing and publishing .-........... do | 979 | 1,022 | 1,037 | 1,041 | 1,044 | 1,053 | 1,056 | 1,065 | 1,063 | 1,064 | 1,066 | 1,066 | 1,067 | ${ }^{+} \mathrm{I}, 064$ | ${ }^{1} 1,065$ | 1,069 |
| Chemicals and allied products . .-.... do | ${ }_{183}^{908}$ | 958 | 973 | 976 | 978 187 | 983 | 984 | 1981 186 | 984 | 982 | 990 | 198 | 992 | r 993 | - 1,000 | 1,003 |
| Petroleum and coal products..---.-- do | 183 | 186 | 186 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 187 | 186 | 187 | 187 | 189 | 191 | 190 | 191 | ${ }^{+192}$ | 193 |
| Rubber and plasties products, nee . . . do. | 471 | 510 | 519 | 523 | 527 | 527 | 523 | 521 | 520 | 472 | 479 | 479 | 521 | 529 | ${ }^{+} 529$ | 531 |
| Leather and leather products-........do. | 353 | 364 | 362 | 361 | 361 | 360 | 356 | 351 | 354 | 352 | 351 | 342 | 347 | 349 | '351 | 353 |
| Transportation, communication, electric, gas, and sanitary services thous. | 4,036 | 4, 151 | 4,190 | 4,212 | 4,218 | 4,242 | 4,247 | 4,246 | 4,212 | 4,267 | 4,266 | 4, 292 | 4,283 | r 4, 262 | ${ }^{\text {r 4, } 255}$ | 4,289 |
| Wholesale and retail trade ...............do | 12,716 | 13, 211 | 13, 354 | 13,406 | 13,416 | 13, 515 | 13,541 | 13,557 | 13,572 | 13,609 | 13, 648 | 13,647 | 13,664 | - 13, 719 | -13, 769 | 13,833 |
| Wholesale trade . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . - do. | 3,312 | 3,438 | 3,469 | 3,484 | 3,496 | 3,512 | 3,521 | 3,535 | 3,545 | 3,549 | 3,555 | 3,555 | 3,569 | -3,565 | -3,573 | 3,613 |
| Retail trade............................. do | 9,404 | 9,773 | 9,885 | 9,922 | 9,920 | 10, 003 | 10.020 | 10,022 | 10,027 | 10,060 | 10,093 | 10,092 | 10,095 | r 10,154 | r 10,196 | 10,230 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate......do | 3,023 | 3.102 | 3,120 | 3,132 | 3,144 | 3,152 | 3, 165 | 3,179 | 3,194 | 3,205 | 3,227 | 3, 234 | 3,253 | -3, 264 | r 3, 268 | 3,286 |
| Services....-............................. do | 9,087 | 9,545 | 9,675 | 9,744 | 9,781 | 9,840 | 9,883 | 9,946 | 9,973 | 9,987 | 10,035 | 10,074 | 10, 130 | - 10,161 | - 10, 198 | 10, 260 |
| Government.-..................-......... do | 10,091 | 10,871 | 11, 071 | 11, 10 | 11,252 | 11. 321 | 11,373 | 11,439 | 11, 475 | 11, 524 | 11,636 | 11,669 | 11,713 | -11,668 | -11,748 | 11,783 |
| Federal. | 2,378 | 2,564 | 2,617 | 2,616 | 2,653 | 2,667 | 2, 673 | 2,685 | 2,688 | 2,698 | 2,747 | 2,759 | 2,746 | ${ }^{+2,715}$ | 2.712 | 2,696 |
| State and local......................... do | 7,714 | 8,307 | 8,454 | 8,544 | 8, 599 | 8,654 | 8,700 | 8,754 | 8,787 | 8,826 | 8,889 | 8,910 | 8,967 | -8,953 | ${ }^{\text {9 9,036 }}$ | 9,086 |
| Production workers on manufacturing payrolls: Total, not seasonally adjusted $\dagger . . . . .$. | 13,434 | 14,273 | 14,653 | 14,619 | 14,513 | 14, 304 | 14, 252 | 14, 200 | 14, 104 | 14, 059 | 14, 249 | 13,996 | 14, 261 | -14, 290 | 14,242 | 14,394 |
| Seasonally Adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Totalt.....................................thous. | 13,434 | 14, 273 | 14, 434 | 14,490 | 14,495 | 14,506 | 14,436 | 14,358 | 14, 233 | 14, 147 | 14, 170 | 14,056 | 14, 191 | r 14,003 | -14,025 | 14,266 |
| Durable goods .-.........-.-......-.-...-do | 7,715 | 8,349 | 8,488 | 8, 505 | 8, 501 | 8,502 | 8,459 | 8,407 | 8,286 | 8,254 | 8,240 | 8,170 | 8, 299 | -8,091 | -8,077 | 8,275 |
| Ordnance and accessories-.-.-......... do | 96 | 122 | 130 | 133 | 136 | 140 | 143 | 146 | 147 | 147 | 149 | 151 | 155 | 154 | $\stackrel{155}{+5}$ | 153 |
| Lumber and wood products............do | 532 | 585 | 522 | 521 | 519 | 530 | 524 | 525 | 514 | 507 | 512 | 508 | 509 | + 508 | r 513 | 516 |
| Furniture and fixtures .--.............. do | 357 | 33 | 386 | 389 | 389 | 385 | 384 | 379 | 374 | 375 | 371 | 366 | 369 | 370 | ${ }^{+} 374$ | 375 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products......... do | 505 | 518 | 512 | 512 | 513 | 512 | 509 | 509 | 499 | 495 | 498 | 498 | 497 | 494 | r 499 | 508 |
| Primary metal industries . .-. . . . . . . . do | 1,062 | 1,096 | 1,117 | 1,116 | 1,109 | 1,106 | 1,091 | 1,073 | 1,049 | 1,042 | 1,037 | 1,023 | 1,024 | -1,003 | r 1,009 | 1,026 |
| Fabricated metal products | 983 | 1,050 | 1,062 | 1,069 | 1,069 | 1,068 | 1,065 | 1,059 | 1,046 | 1,041 | 1,048 | 1,041 | 1,048 | 1,023 |  | 1,036 |
| Machinery, except electrical.............do | 1,215 | 1,345 | 1,380 | 1,384 | 1,390 | 1, 398 | 1,392 | 1,388 | 1,380 | 1,373 | 1,372 | 1,368 | 1,375 | r 1,365 | r 1, 330 | 1,371 |
| Electrical equipment and sup | 1,140 | 1,317 | 1,356 | 1,352 | 1,347 | 1,348 | 1,345 | 1,332 | 1,298 | 1,284 | 1,251 | 1,265 | 1,290 | +1,260 | r 1,272 | 1,286 |
| Transportation equipment. | 1,241 | 1,361 | 1,393 | 1,396 | 1,394 | 1,373 | 1,371 | 1,363 | 1,347 | 1,361 | 1,377 | 1,326 | 1,410 | r 1, 297 | -1,286 | 1,381 |
| Instruments and related products.....- do | 248 | 277 | 283 | 284 | 286 | 289 | 288 | 289 | 289 | 287 | 285 | 285 | 285 | + 281 | r 283 | ${ }^{286}$ |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing ind.......do | 336 | 347 | 347 | 349 | 349 | 353 | 347 | 344 | 343 | 342 | 340 | 339 | 337 | r 336 | r 335 | 337 |
| Nondurable goods .-...................... do | 5,719 | 5,925 | 5,946 | 5,985 | 5,994 | 6,004 | 5,977 | 5,951 | 5,947 | 5,893 | 5,930 | 5,886 | 5,892 | 5,912 | ${ }^{+5,948}$ | 5,991 |
| Food and kindred products ...-........ do | 1,159 | 1,181 | 1,174 | 1,195 | 1,195 | 1, 196 | 1,197 | 1,200 | 1,195 | 1,196 | 1,201 | 1,185 | 1,148 | - 1, 175 | -1, 186 | 1,199 |
|  | 75 | 72 | 67 | 72 | 74 | 77 | 73 | 72 | 73 | 74 | 75 | 76 | 72 |  | $\bigcirc$ | 78 |
| Textile mill products...................do. | 827 | 857 | 858 | 856 | 856 | 856 | 848 | 845 | 838 | 835 | 841 | 834 | 839 | 842 | -846 | 849 |
| Apparel and other textile products.....do... | 1,206 | 1,243 | 1,248 | 1,252 | 1,252 | 1,254 | 1,243 | 1,226 | 1,232 | 1, 235 | 1,239 | 1,220 | 1,223 | 1,218 | 1,223 | 1,230 |
| Paper and allied products............- do | 498 | 519 | 522 | 526 | 527 | 527 | 529 | 531 | 526 | 525 | 535 | 536 | 534 | - 527 | r 529 | 532 |
| Printing and publishing---.-.......- do | 621 | 650 | 658 | 660 | 663 | ${ }_{568}^{668}$ | 670 585 | 674 | 673 | 672 580 | ${ }_{683}^{673}$ | 674 | 673 | 669 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 669 \\ r \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{695}^{672}$ |
| Chemicals and allied produ | 546 | 572 | 581 | 584 | 584 | 585 | 585 | 580 | 583 | 580 | 583 | 585 | 585 | +585 | r 593 | 595 |
| Petroleum and coal products | 113 | 116 | 116 | 117 | 118 | 117 | 117 | 116 | 118 | 117 | 119 | 119 | 118 | ${ }^{-120}$ | - 121 | 122 |
| Rubber and plastics products, nec....-do. | 366 | 397 | 406 | 408 | 411 | 411 | 406 | 403 | 402 | 354 | 362 | 362 | 401 | r 407 | 408 | 409 |
| Leather and leather products ........-.do.... | 310 | 318 | 316 | 315 | 314 | 313 | 309 | 304 | 307 | 305 | 302 | 295 | 299 | - 300 | - 303 | 305 |
| HOURS AND MAN-HOURS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Seasonally Adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average weekly gross hours per production worker on payrolls of nonagricultural estab.: $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mining --...-....-.-.-...................... ${ }^{\text {hours - }}$ | 42,3 | 42.7 | 42.7 | 42.7 | 42.5 | 42.6 | 42.2 | 42.4 374 | 42.7 37 | 42.0 | 42.2 | ${ }^{43.2} 5$ | 42.8 | $\begin{array}{r}+42.8 \\ 38 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | + 42.3 | 43.1 39.4 |
| Manufacturing: Not seasonally adjusted.... do | 41.2 | 41.3 | 41.4 | 41.3 | 41.3 | 40.8 | 40.1 | 40.3 | 40.2 | 40.4 | 40.6 | 40.3 | 40.7 | 40.9 | $\stackrel{50.7}{ } \times 1$ | 40.9 |
| Overime Seasonally adjusted .-..--- - do |  |  | 41.3 | 41.3 | 41.0 | 41.0 | 40.3 | 40.4 | 40.5 | 40.3 | 40.3 | 40. 4 | 40.7 | 40.8 | ${ }^{+} 40.6$ | 40.9 |
| Overtime hours.........................do | 3.6 |  | 3.9 | 3.8 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.4 |
| Durable goods............................ do | 42.0 | 42.1 | 42.1 | 42.1 | 41.7 | 41.7 | 41.0 | 41.1 | 41.0 | 41.0 | 40.9 | 41.0 | 41.3 | -41. 6 | - 41.3 | 41.6 |
| Overtime hours ...............-. - .-. . do | 3.9 | 4.3 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 3.5 | +3.7 | 3.5 | 3. 6 |
| Ordnance and accessories ..............d. do. | 41.9 | 42.3 | 42.1 | 42.4 | 42.0 | 42.0 | 41.7 | 41.9 | 41.6 | 42.0 | 41.2 | 41.8 | 41.9 | r 42.4 | - 41.7 | 42.5 |
| Lumber and wood products..........--do - | 40.9 | 40.8 | 40.4 | 40.5 | 40.3 | 40.4 | 40.3 | 40.7 | 40.6 | 40.1 | 40.1 | 39.9 | 39.7 | - 40.5 | ${ }^{+} 40.6$ | 41.2 |
| Furniture and fixtures.-.........-.....do. | 416 | 41.5 | 41.2 | 41.0 | 40.6 | 40.7 | 40.2 | 40.2 | 40.3 | 40.1 | 40.3 | 40.2 | 40.2 | 40.7 | $\stackrel{40.4}{ }$ | 40.3 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products.........-do.- | 42.0 | 42.0 | 41.9 | 41.7 | 41.7 | 41.9 | 41.5 | 41.5 | 41.3 | 41.1 | 41.3 | 41.3 | 41.6 | 42.0 | +41.8 | 42.0 |
| Primary metal industries . .-. - - .-.....do. | 42.1 | 42.1 | 42.5 | 42.3 | 41.7 | 41.8 | 40.9 | 40.8 | 40.2 | 40.6 | 40.6 | 40.9 | 41.0 | 41.0 | +41.2 | 41.3 |
| Fabricated metal products | 42. 1 | 42.4 | 42.4 | 42.3 | 42.1 | 42.2 | 41.4 | 41.5 | 41.5 | 41.3 | 41.2 | 41.3 | 41.5 | 41.8 | - 41.4 | 41.6 |
| Machinery, except electrical.............do | 43.1 | 43.8 | 43.8 | 43.8 | 43.6 | 43.5 | 43.0 | 42.9 | 42.8 | 42.3 | 42.0 | 42.1 | 42.2 | 42.7 | $\bigcirc 42.3$ | 42.2 |
| Electrical equipment and supplies..-.- do | 41.0 | 41.2 | 41.0 | 40.9 | 40.6 | 40.7 | 39.7 | 40.0 | 39.6 | 39.9 | 40.0 | 40.3 | 40.4 | 40.2 | - 40.5 | 40. 7 |
| Transportation equipment | 42.9 | 42.6 | 42.2 | 41.9 | 41.6 | 41.6 | 40.7 | 40.7 | 40.9 | 41.7 | 41.2 | 41.4 | 42.5 | 42.7 | ${ }^{+} 41.5$ | 42. ${ }^{2}$ |
| Instruments and related products...... do.... | 41.4 39 | 42.1 40.0 | 42.0 | 41.9 | 41.9 39 | 41.8 40.0 | 40.9 38.7 | 41.5 39 | 41.5 | 41.1 | 41.0 | 41.0 | 41.2 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ -31.2 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | +41.1 +39.3 | 41.2 |
| Miscellancous manufacturing ind.......do.... | 39.9 | 40.0 | 40.0 | 39.9 | 39.7 | 40.0 | 38.7 | 39.2 | 39.7 | 39.5 | 39.4 | 39.2 | 39.4 | +39.5 | +39.3 | 39.6 |
| ${ }^{r}$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. $\dagger$ See box, bottom of p. S-15. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1964 and deacriptive notes are shown in the 1965 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1965 | 1966 | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |

## LABOR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT, AND EARNINGS—Continued (see box, bottom of p. S-15)



| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1964 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1965 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1965 | 1966 | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. ${ }^{\text {d }}$ |

## LABOR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT, AND EARNINGS—Continued (see box below)

| WEEKLY AND HOURLY EARNINGS-COR. Not Seasonally Adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Contract construction | 3.70 | 3.88 | 3.96 | 3.96 | 3.99 | 4.02 | 4.00 | 3.99 | 3.99 | 4.02 | 4. 02 | 4.08 | 4.10 | 4.18 | 4.21 | 4.20 |
|  | 2.61 | 2.72 | 2.75 | 2.76 | 2.77 | 2.78 | 2. 79 | 2. 79 | 2.80 | 2.81 | 2.82 | 28.2 | 2.82 | 2.85 | 2.85 | 2.89 |
| Excluding overtime | 2.51 | 2.59 | 2.62 | 2.64 | 2.65 | 2.67 | 2. 68 | 2.69 | 2.70 | 2.70 | 2.71 | 2.71 | 2.71 | 2. 73 | r 2.74 | 2.77 |
|  | 2.79 | 2.90 | 2.94 | 2.94 | 2.96 | 2.96 | 2.96 | 2.96 | 2.97 | 2.99 | 2.99 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3. 03 | 3. 03 | 3.07 |
| Excluding overtime....-.-.-.-.-.-. - - do | 2.67 | 2.76 | 2.79 | 2.80 | 2.82 | 2.84 | 2.84 | 2.85 | 2.86 | 2.87 | 2.88 | 3.88 | 2.88 | 2.89 | 2.90 | 2.94 |
| Ordnance and accessories .........do do | 3.13 | 3.19 | 3.22 | 3.21 | 3.24 | 3.23 | 3.21 | 3.21 | 3.20 | 3.20 | 3.21 | 3.33 | 3.24 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 3.27 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | -3.28 | 3.31 |
| Lumber and wood products ... .-.... do | 2.17 | 2.25 | 2.31 | 2.28 | 2.27 | 2.27 | 2.30 | 2.31 | 2. 34 | 2.35 | 2.39 | 2.41 | 2.41 | r 2.45 | +2.45 | $\stackrel{24}{4}$ |
| Furniture and fixtures....-.--.-.-. - do | 2.12 | 2.21 | 2.25 | 2.25 | 2.26 | 2.26 | 2.27 | 2.28 | 2. 29 | 2.31 | 2.31 | $\because 31$ | 2.33 | 2.37 | 2.37 | 2.39 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products.........do | 2. 62 | 2.72 | 2.77 | 2.78 | 2.77 | 2.76 | 2.77 | 2.78 | 2.79 | 2.81 | 2.81 | 2.83 | 2.85 | 2.87 | 2.87 | 2.90 |
| Primary metal industries .-.-........... . do | 3. 18 | 3.28 | 3.31 | 3.31 | 3.30 | 3.31 | 3.30 | 3.31 | 3. 29 | 3.30 | 3.32 | 3.34 | 3.37 | 3.38 | +3.37 +3.99 | 3.38 |
| Fabricated metal products............ do | 2. 76 | 2.87 | 2.91 | 2.92 | 2.93 | 2. 94 | 2.94 | 2.93 | 2.95 | 2.97 | 2.96 | $\pm .96$ | 2.97 | 3.00 | 2.99 | 3.02 |
| Machinery, except electrical | 2. 96 | 3.08 | 3.12 | 3.13 | 3.15 | 3.15 | 3.16 | 3. 16 | 3. 15 | 3. 16 | 3.17 | 3. 18 | 3.17 | -3.21 | -3.22 | 3.23 |
| Electrical equip. and supplie | 2. 58 | 2. 65 | 2.67 | 2.69 | 2. 70 | 2.70 | 2.72 | 2. 73 | 2.75 | 2.76 | 2.79 | 2.79 | 2. 78 | 2. 78 | r 2.82 -3.87 | 2.84 |
| Transportation equipment....-........do | 3.21 | 3.33 | 3.41 | 3.40 | 3.41 | 3.39 | 3.38 | 3.37 | 3.39 | 3.40 | 3.41 | 3.43 | 3.45 | 3. 47 | -3.47 | 3.56 |
| Instruments and related products | 2.62 | 2.73 | 2.75 | 2.76 | 2.77 | 2.78 | 2.79 | ${ }^{2.79}$ | 2.81 | 2.82 | 2.84 | 2.85 | 2.85 | 2.87 | 2.87 | $\stackrel{3}{28}$ |
| Miscellaneons manufacturing ind....... - do | 2. 14 | 2.22 | 2.23 | 2.25 | 2.28 | 2.32 | 2.33 | 2.34 | 2. 33 | 2. 33 | 2.34 | 3.34 | 2. 33 | 2. 34 | r2.36 | 2.38 |
| Nondurable goods ---.-...-.-.-. - .-. . . . do | 2. 36 | 2.45 | 2.48 | 2.49 | 2.50 | 2.51 | 2. 53 | 2. 54 | 2. 55 | 2.55 | 2.56 | 2.57 | 2.57 | 2. 61 | 2.61 | 2.63 |
| Excluding overtime .-.-.-.-.......... do | 2.27 | 2.35 | 2.37 | 2.39 | 2.40 | 2.42 | 2.44 | 2.45 | 2.46 | 2.46 | 2.46 | 2.47 | 2.47 | 2.50 | r 2.50 | 2.52 |
| Food and kindred products..-...........do | 2.43 | 2.52 | 2.52 | 2.54 | 2.57 | 2.60 | 2.61 | 2.63 | 2.64 | 2. 64 | 2, 64 | 2.63 | 2.62 | 2.63 | 2.64 | 2.67 |
| Tobacco manufactures................... do | 2.09 | 2.19 | 2.09 | 2.11 | 2.17 | 2. 20 | 2.28 | 2.34 | 2.36 | 2.37 | 2.39 | $\stackrel{-9}{ }-4$ | $\underline{2.25}$ | +2.18 | -2.12 | 2.14 |
| Textile mill products.- | 1.87 | 1.96 | 2.00 | 2.01 | 2.00 | 2.01 | 2.01 | 2.02 | 2.02 | 2.03 | 2.03 | 20 | 2.04 | +2.10 | 2.12 | 2.13 |
| Apparel and other textile products . . . . do | 1.83 | 1.89 | 1.93 | 1. 93 | 1. 93 | 1.95 | 1. 99 | 2.00 | 2.01 | 2.00 | 2.02 | 2.01 | 2.04 | 2.07 | 2.06 | 2.08 |
| Paper and allied products...............do | 2.65 | 2.75 | 2. 79 | 2.80 | 2.79 | 2.80 | 2.81 | 2.81 | 2.82 | 2.83 | 2.86 | 12. 89 | 2.90 | 2.92 | 2.92 | $\bigcirc .93$ |
| Printing and publishing...--..........- do | 3.06 | 3.16 | 3.21 | 3.21 | 3.22 | 3.22 | 3.22 | 3. 24 | 3.23 | 3.26 | 3. 26 | 3.27 | 3.28 | -3.33 | - 3.34 | 3.34 |
| Chemicals and allied products.....-.-. - do | 2.89 | 2.98 | 3.03 | 3.04 | 3.04 | 3.04 | 3.04 | 3.05 | 3.05 | 3.07 | 3.10 | 3. 12 | 3.12 | 3.14 | 3.15 | 3.16 |
| Petroleum and coal products........... do | 3.28 | 3.41 | 3.42 | 3. 46 | 3.46 | 3.50 | 3.54 | 3.56 | 3.57 | 3.58 | 3. 56 | 3.61 | 3.56 | -3.60 | +3.61 | 3.64 |
| Rubber and plastics products, nec...... do | 2.61 | 2.67 | 2.70 | 2.70 | 2.70 | 2.71 | 2. 70 | 2.70 | 2.71 | 2.63 | 2. 64 | 2.63 | 2.77 | - 2.83 | r 2.85 | 2.86 |
| Leather and leather products.....-.-...-do | 1.88 | 1.94 | 1.96 | 1. 98 | 1.98 | 2.00 | 2.03 | 2.05 | 2.06 | 2.06 | 2.07 | 2.05 | 2.07 | 2.09 | 2.10 | 2.10 |
| Wholesale and retail trade.-...-. .-. . . . . . . do | 2.03 | 2.13 | 2.17 | 2.18 | 2.16 | 2.20 | 2.21 | 2.22 | 2.23 | 2.24 | 2.25 | 2. 25 | 2.25 | r 2.28 | 2.29 | 2.30 |
|  | 2.61 | 2.73 | 2.77 | 2.79 | 2.80 | 2.81 | 2.83 | 2.84 | 2.86 | 2.87 | 2.88 | 2.89 | 2.88 | -2.93 | 2.93 | 2.94 |
|  | 1. 82 | 1.91 | 1. 94 | 1.95 | 1.94 | 1.93 | 1. 98 | 1. 98 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.01 | $\underline{2.01}$ | 2.01 | 2.03 | r2.05 | 2.05 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate.........do. | 2.39 | 2.48 | 2.50 | 2.50 | 2.51 | 2.55 | 2.56 | 2.57 | 2.59 | 2.60 | 2. 60 | 9.62 | 2.61 | 2.63 | 2.65 | 2.66 |
| Spendable average weekly earnings per worker (with three dependents) in manufacturing industries: Current dollars. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 96.78 88.06 | 99.45 87.93 | 100.65 87.90 | 100.76 87.92 | 101.09 88.13 | 100.08 87.25 | 98.86 86.11 | 99.30 86.35 | 99.40 86.21 | 100.16 86.64 | 100.93 87.01 | 100.27 86.07 | 101.16 86.54 | 102.61 87.63 | 102.15 86.94 |  |
| MISCELLANEOUS EMPLOYMENT AND EARNINGS $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Not Seasonally Adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Private sector (excludes government): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employees, total, nonagricultural estab... - thous Production or nonsupervisory workers . . do. | 50,741 42,309 | 53,111 44,234 | 54,158 45,157 | 54,220 45,167 | 54,590 45,517 | 53,165 44,079 | 53,017 43,895 | 53,289 44,136 | 53,631 44,440 | 53,990 44,782 | 54,850 45,545 | 54,858 45,493 | 55,168 45,785 |  | r 55,024 $-45,640$ | 55,298 45,913 |
| Hours (gross), average weekly ....... hours.- | 42,309 38.8 | 44,234 38.7 | 45,187 38.7 | 45,38 38.4 | $\begin{array}{r}45,517 \\ 38.6 \\ \hline 9.9\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 44, } 16.9 \\ 38.2 \\ \hline 8.76\end{array}$ | 43,875 37.9 | 44,136 38.0 | 44,440 37.8 | 44,782 37.9 | 45,845 38.3 | 45,493 38.5 | 45,785 38.6 | 45,696 +38.4 | r $+45,640$ $r 38.1$ | 45,913 38.2 |
| Weekly earnings (gross), average....dollars. | 95.06 | 98.69 | 100.62 | 99.84 | 99.97 | 99.70 | 99.30 | 99.56 | 99.41 | 100.06 | 101.88 | 103. 18 | 103.45 | 104.06 | 103.63 | 103.90 |
| Hourly earnings (gross), average.-.......d. do... | 2.45 | 2.55 | 2.60 | 2.60 | 2. 59 | 2.61 | 2.62 | 2. 62 | 2.63 | 2.64 | 2.66 | 2. 68 | 2.68 | 2.71 | 2.72 | 2.72 |
| Employees on payrolls of nonagric. estab.: $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General building contractors..............thous. | 994 | 1,047 | 1,096 | 1,067 | 1,028 | 963 | 931 | 942 | 979 | 1,006 | 1, 057 | 1.096 | 1,119 | - 1, 091 | 1,081 |  |
| Heavy construction contractors. ........... do. | 648 | 674 | 763 | 696 | 593 | 531 | 519 | 538 | 615 | 678 | 745 | . 783 | 794 | ¢ 774 | 748 |  |
| Special trade contractors.--.---........... - do. | 1,543 | 1,571 | 1,607 | 1,565 | 1,525 | 1,453 | 1,413 | 1,441 | 1,512 | 1,544 | 1,605 | 1,669 | 1,682 | $\times 1,648$ | 1,632 |  |
| Railroad transportation -- --................ do do | 735 | 718 | 716 | 713 | 715 | 699 | 696 | 693 | 695 | 697 | 707 | 706 | 702 | -690 | 681 |  |
| Local and interurban passenger transit.... do | 269 | 269 | 272 | 273 | 276 | 277 | 276 | 277 | 275 | 277 | 269 | 256 | 256 | - 276 | 276 |  |
| Trucking and warehousing....-.-.......... do | 964 | 1,008 | 1,045 | 1,045 | 1,030 | 999 | 994 | 1,000 | 960 | 1, 023 | 1,042 | 1,062 | 1,055 | r 1, 059 | 1, 053 |  |
| Transportation by air-...-...-................... do | 229 | , 247 | 1263 | 1, 265 | - 268 | 273 | 276 | , 281 | 285 | . 289 | - 293 | -297 | 301 | 301 | 303 |  |
| Telephone communication.---.........-. - do | 735 | 773 | 785 | 790 | 791 | 794 | 797 | 801 | 802 | 803 | 812 | 822 | 821 | 808 | 803 |  |
| Electric, gas, and sanitary services........do | 623 | 628 | 626 | 625 | 626 | 626 | 626 | 627 | 628 | 629 | 644 | 656 | 656 | - 648 | 639 |  |
| Laundries and dry cleaning plants.--..... do | 548 | 559 | 563 | 560 | 556 | 550 | 549 | 553 | 556 | 556 | 564 | 5 t 4 | 557 | - 555 | 554 |  |
| l3last furnaces and steel mills................ do | 580 | 571 | 573 | 568 | 562 | 562 | 556 | 558 | 552 | 550 | 556 | 557 | 555 | -547 | 542 |  |
| Motor vehicles and equipment.-............-. - do | 843 | 859 | 888 | 894 | 888 | 855 | 845 | 837 | 813 | 827 | 830 | 750 | 717 | r 759 | 759 |  |
| Hours (gross, average weekly) per worker: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General building contractors..................hours. | 36.1 | 36.3 | 36.9 | 35.3 | 36.3 | 36.3 | 35.1 | 35.8 | 36.0 | 36.0 | 36.7 | 37.1 | 37.3 | +37.2 | 36.6 |  |
| Heavy construction contractors........-....- ${ }^{\text {do. }}$ | 40.8 | 41.0 | 42.5 | 38.7 | 39.9 | 39.6 | 38.9 | 39.8 | 39.4 | 40.2 | 42.0 | 4.9 | 43.2 | r 43.1 | 42.3 |  |
| Special trade contractors.-................... do | 36.9 | 37.1 | 37.7 | 36.0 | 36.9 | 36.8 | 35.3 | 36.3 | 36.5 | 36.7 | 37.3 | 37.7 | 37.6 | - 37.9 | 37.2 |  |
| Trucking and warehousing .------------- do | 42.5 | 42.5 | 42.9 | 42.5 | 42.8 | 41.5 | 41.8 | 41.7 | 38.2 | 41.8 | 42.7 | 4.5 | 42.8 | 42.7 | 42.3 |  |
| Laundries and dry cleaning plants...-...... do | 38.8 | 38.2 | 38.2 | 37.8 | 38.1 | 37.6 | 36.7 | 37.2 | 37.5 | 37.3 | 37.8 | 37.6 | 37.5 | 37.5 | 37.4 |  |
| Blast furnaces and steel mills ---------.-. - do | 41.0 | 40.7 | 40.5 | 40.2 | 39.5 | 40.6 | 39.7 | 40.0 | 39.6 | 39.9 | 39.9 | 40.1 | 39.9 | 40.2 | 39.7 |  |
| Motor vehicles and equipment............. do | 44.2 | 42.8 | 43.5 | 43.1 | 42.6 | 41.0 | 39.2 | 38.8 | 38.9 | 41.3 | 41.0 | 40.4 | 41.5 | + 43.3 | 42.4 |  |
| Hourly earnings (gross, average) per worker: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General building contractors...-.-......- dollars | 3.55 | 3.76 | 3.85 | 3.88 | 3.89 | 3.89 | 3.87 | 3.89 | 3.87 | 3.92 | 3.87 | 3.94 | 3.97 | r 4.06 | 4. 09 |  |
| Heavy construction contractors...-..--.-...- do | 3.38 | 3.54 | 3.66 | 3.58 | 3.56 | 3.60 | 3.58 | 3.49 | 3.54 | 3. 59 | 3.67 | 3.6 | 3.80 | - 3.87 | 3.84 |  |
| Special trade contractors.. | 3.94 | 4.13 | 4.20 | 4.21 | 4.23 | 4.27 | 4.27 | 4.26 | 4.27 | 4.30 | 4.30 | 4.35 | 4.36 | 4. 44 | 4. 48 |  |
| Trucking and warehousing.---.----...- do | 3.07 | 3.18 | 3.22 | 3.22 | 3.22 | 3.20 | 3.22 | 3.24 | 3.19 | 3.26 | 3.31 | 3.33 | 3.33 | +3.39 | 3.38 | --- |
| Laundries and dry cleaning plants..--.-.... do | 1.52 | 1. 60 | 1.64 | 1.64 | 1.65 | 1.67 | 1. 69 | 1.70 | 1.71 | 1.73 | 1. 74 | 1.74 | 1. 74 | ${ }^{+1.75}$ | 1. 77 | - |
| Blast furnaces and steel mills.-...---.-.-. - do | 3.46 | 3.58 | 3. 59 | 3.58 | 3. 56 | 3. 58 | 3.56 | 3. 59 | 3.56 | 3. 58 | 3. 58 | 3.61 | 3.65 | r3.67 | 3.63 | --- |
|  | 3.34 | 3.44 | 3.56 | 3.52 | 3.54 | 3.50 | 3.46 | 3.45 | 3.49 | 3.51 | 3.54 | 3.57 | 3.57 | r3. 60 | 3.57 |  |
| Construclion wages, 20 cities (ENR) : § |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Common labor. $\qquad$ \$perhr. | 3.415 | 3. 623 | 3. 700 | 3.710 | 3. 720 | 3. 748 | 3. 752 | 3. 757 | 3. 757 | 3. 832 | 3.876 | 3.962 | 3.978 | 3.978 | 3.997 | 4. 001 |
| Skilled labor.-...........-.-.-.........d. do...- Farm, without board or rm., 1 st of mo | 4.951 | 5. 207 | 5.301 | 5. 330 | 5. 335 | 5. 355 | 5. 364 | 5.371 | 5. 374 | 5. 464 | 5. 533 | 5.560 | 5. 620 | 5. 627 | 5. 660 | 5.687 |
| Farm, without board or rm., 1st of mo......do | 1.14 | 1.23 | 1.18 |  |  | 1.33 |  |  | 1.34 |  |  | 1.36 |  |  | 1. 29 |  |
| Railroad wages (average, class I) .-..........do. | ${ }^{1} 3.008$ | 13.106 | 3.106 | 3.130 | 3.144 | 3.198 | 3. 266 | 3.179 | 3.235 | 3. 269 | 3.212 |  |  |  |  |  |

${ }^{1}$ Includes adjustments not distributed by months
tSee box, this page
§Wages as of Dec. 1, 1967: Common labor, $\$ 4.009$; skilled laber, $\$ 5.693$.

## Charges in Labor Force, Employment, and Earnings Tables

[^29]| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1964 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1965 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1965 | 1966 | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

## LABOR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT, AND EARNINGS—Continued (see box, bottom of p. S-15)

| HELP-WANTED ADVERTISING <br> Seasonally adjusted index ............... 1957-59 $=100$ | 155 | 190 | 193 | 194 | 193 | 189 | 190 | 184 | 181 | 174 | 171 | 169 | 180 | 185 | p187 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LABOR TURNOVER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing establishments: $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unadjusted for seasonal variation: Accession rate, total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| mo. rate per 100 employees.- | 4.3 | 5.0 | 5.1 | 3.9 | 2.9 | 4.3 | 3.6 | 3.9 | 3.9 | 4.6 | 5.9 | 4. 6 | 5.4 | +5.3 | p 4.6 |
|  | 3.1 | 3.8 | 4.1 | 3.1 | 2.1 | 3.0 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 3.3 | 4.5 | 3.3 | 4.0 | +4.1 | -3.5 |
| Separation rate, total.-.-.-----------.-.... do..-- | 4.1 | 4. 6 | 4.8 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.5 | 4.0 | 4.6 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 4. 8 | 5.3 | 6.2 | p 4.6 |
|  | 1.9 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 2.1 | 1. 7 | 2. 1 | 1.9 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2. 2 | 2.3 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 4.0 | ${ }^{p} 2.4$ |
| Layoff do_ | 1.4 | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.3 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.9 | 1.1 | +1.2 | p 1.3 |
| Seasonally adjusted: |  |  | 5.1 | 4.8 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 4.3 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 4.6 | 4.6 | 4.2 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 3.9 | 3.7 | 4.6 3.6 | 4.6 3.6 | 3.3 | 3.1 | 3.1 | 4.6 3.2 | 4.6 3.2 | 3.2 | 4.3 3.1 | +4.3 +3.2 | p 4.6 <br> $p 3.3$ <br> 4.4 |
|  |  |  | 4.6 | 4. 6 | 4.4 | 4.6 | 4.9 | 5.2 | 4.7 | 4.6 | 4.8 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 4.7 | p 4.4 |
| Quit..--------------------------------- do |  |  | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.3 | $p 2.2$ |
|  |  |  | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.1 | +1.3 | p 1.3 |
| INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Strikes and lockouts: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Beginning in period: <br> Work stoppages. number | 3,963 | 4,405 | 410 | 288 | 173 | 275 | 325 | 430 | 440 | 535 | 430 | 375 | 385 | 405 | 405 |
| Workers involved................................thous.-- | 1,550 | 1,960 | 191 | 126 | 49 | 98 | 106 | 141 | 409 | 255 | 177 | 804 | 86 | 375 | 158 |
| In effect during month: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 651 | 533 | 389 | 440 | 465 | 575 | 600 | 695 | 670 | 630 | 655 | 670 | 645 |
| Workers involved...-.-.-................. thous |  |  | 255 9,190 | 2 $\begin{array}{r}234 \\ \hline 150\end{array}$ | 158 1.670 | 190 1.270 | 151 1.280 | 1. 202 | 443 2.170 | 402 3.900 | 350 4.360 | 1,010 4,710 | 231 2.840 | 6.484 | 6. 440 |
| Man-days idle during period...-...........- do.... | 23,300 | 25,400 | 2, 190 | 2,150 | 1,670 | 1,270 | 1,280 | 1,490 | 2,170 | 3,900 | 4,360 | 4,710 | 2,840 | 6,320 | 6,510 |
| EMPLOYMENT SERVICE AND UNEMPLOY- <br> MENT INSURANCE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nonfarm placements | 6,473 | 6,493 | 592 | 513 | 421 | 440 | 407 | 460 | 476 | 507 | 537 | 487 | 552 | 558 | 540 |
| Unemployment insurance programs: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Insured unemployment, all programs $\oplus$....do..... State programs: | 1,419 | 1,123 | 799 | 955 | 1,313 | 1,631 | 1,654 | 1,603 | 1,423 | 1,197 | 1,070 | 1,246 | 1,122 | 955 | 952 |
| Initial claims.................-...........do..... | 12,047 | 10,575 | 709 | 915 | 1,280 | 1,346 | 1,087 | 1,061 | 1,005 | 848 | 803 | 1,218 | 872 | 663 | 798 |
| Insured unemployment, weekly avg. .-do...- | 1,328 | 1,061 | 753 | 903 | 1,254 | 1,558 | 1,582 | 1,532 | 1,360 | 1,142 | 1,019 | 1,184 | 1,059 | 894 | 889 |
| Percent of covered employment: $\nabla^{*}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3.0 | 2.3 | 1.6 | 1.9 | 2.7 | 3.3 | 3. 4 | 3.3 | 2.9 | 2.4 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 2.4 | 2.2 | 1.8 | 1.8 |
| Seasonally adjusted..........-................- |  |  | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.4 | 2.4 1 | $\begin{array}{r}2.5 \\ \hline 1.349\end{array}$ | 2.6 1.34 | 2.7 1.244 | +2.7 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 2.4 759 | 2.4 |
| Beneficiaries, weekly average..........- thous-- | 1,131 2,166 | 895 1.771 | 589 93.7 | 673 114.8 | 902 157.6 | 1,276 224.8 | 1,349 219.5 | 1,374 | 1,244 | 1,014 1836 | 925 156.1 | 907 147 | 946 1728 | 759 120 | 713 |
|  | 2,166 | 1,771 | 93.7 | 114.8 | 157.6 | 224.8 | 219.5 | 257.5 | 200.6 | 183.6 | 156.1 | 147.3 | 172.8 | 122.6 | 122.1 |
| Federal employees, insured unemployment, weekly average........................................ | 25 | 21 | 16 | 17 | 20 | 23 | 24 | 22 | 19 | 18 | 18 | 20 | 19 | 18 | 20 |
| Veterans' program (UCX): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 266 36 | 182 | 13 | 15 10 | 17 21 | 19 25 | 15 25 | 16 | 14 21 | 14 | 17 19 | 22 | 21 25 | 18 | 20 |
| Insured unemployment, weekly avg.. - do Beneficiaries, weekly average. <br> do. | 36 34 | 21 19 | 14 12 | 16 13 | 21 16 | 25 | 25 23 | 24 22 | 21 | 19 | 19 19 | 24 | 25 | 22 | 22 19 |
| Beneficiaries, weekly average. Berefits paid | 34 67.5 | 19 39.5 | 2.12 | 13 2.4 | 16 3.0 | 22 4.0 | 23 3.9 | 22 4.2 | 21 3.6 | 18 3.4 | 19 3.5 | 18 3.1 | 23 4.4 | 21 3.7 | 19 3.5 |
| Railroad program: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3.1 | 4.4 | 3.7 | 3.5 |
| Applications..----------------------- thous | 138 | 145 | 6 | ${ }^{\text {of }}$ | 7 | 11 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 3 | 1.5 | 21 | 12 | 15 |  |
| Insured unemployment, weekly avg...do...- | 30 | 20 | 16 | 18 | 19 | 25 | 24 | 23 | 20 | 17 | 14 | 17 | 18 | 21 | 21 |
|  | 60.3 | 39.3 | 2.1 | 2.6 | 2.9 | 3.5 | 3.8 | 4.2 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 2.1 | 3.2 | 2.9 |  |



Federal Reserve banks, condition, end of period:
 Reserve bank credit outstanding, total of..do.... Discounts and advances. Gold certificate reserves.

Llabilities, total 9. $\qquad$ Deposits, total_............................................... Federal Reserve notes in circulation................
Ratio of gold certificate reserves to FR note liabilities........................................................

FINANCE


Revised. vPreliminary
$\dagger$ See box note, bottom of p. S-15.
$\oplus$ Excludes persons under extended duration provisions.
$\sigma^{\text {TInsured }}$ unemployment as \% of average covered employment in a 12 -month period
$\Delta$ Revised series.
©Total SMSA's include some cities and counties not designated as SMSA's.
IIncludes Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Detroit, San Francisco-Oakland, and Los ngeles-Long Beach
of Includes data not shown separately

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1964 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1965 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1965 | 1966 | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Find of year |  |  |  | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar | Apr | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct | Nov. |

FINANCE-Continued


- Revised.
${ }^{1}$ Average for Dec. 2 Effective with the June 9 change in Federal Reserve regulations, data exclude loan balances accumulated for payment of personal loans (about \$1. I bil.); begin, ${ }^{\text {n }}$ A A verage for yoar $\$ 1$ bil. of certificates, formerly in "other loans," are in "other securities." ${ }^{2}$ A verage for year. 4 Beginning Jan. 1967 , data are on a new basis; they are not comparable with earlice figures. 5 mails average. he evised series.
$\oplus$ All data shown reflect changes in coverage and format; comparable data for July-Dec.
1965 appear in the Nar. 1967 issue of Federal Reserve Bulletin Revisions for 1966 reflect ad 1965 appear in the Mar. 1967 issue of Federal Reserve Bulletin. Revisions for 1966 reflect ad-
justments for mergers (Jan. and Fel), data will be shown later).
$\sigma^{\prime}$ For demand deposits, the term "adjusted" denotes demand deposits other than domestic

1 2,719
1267
1452
1454
$1-2$ 123,
123,
1
1
1
䓪侖


| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1964 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1965 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1965 | 1966 | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

FINANCE-Continued

| CONSUMER CREDIT\$-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total outstanding, end of year or month-Con. <br> Noninstallment credit-Continued <br> Charge accounts, total | 16,746 | ${ }^{1} 7,144$ | 6,107 | 6,199 | 7,144 | 6,472 | 5,824 | 5,809 | 5,923 | 6,231 | 6,334 | 6,346 | 6,368 | 6,387 | 6,471 |  |
|  | 1968 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other retail outlets. .-.-.-.............- do.- | ${ }^{1} 5.055$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Credit cards | 17823 14,891 | 1874 15,142 | 898 4,951 | 878 5,001 | 5, $\begin{array}{r}874 \\ 5,14\end{array}$ | 908 5,213 | 895 5,341 | 898 5,350 | - $\begin{array}{r}922 \\ 5,436\end{array}$ | 939 5,379 | 965 5,351 | 1,024 5,321 | 1,057 5,291 | 1,083 5,281 | 1,056 5,211 |  |
| Installment credit extended and repaid: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 75, 508 | 78,896 | 6,403 | 6,611 | 7.442 | 5,674 | 5,488 | 6.641 | 6,495 | 7,062 | 7,458 | 6, 859 | 7,223 | 6,590 | 6,912 |  |
|  | 27,914 | 28,491 | $\stackrel{\text { - }}{ }$ | 2, 346 | $\underline{9} .178$ | 1,923 | 1,916 | -2, 350 | 2,294 | 2,559 | 2,678 | 2,396 | 2,392 | 2,042 | 2, 355 |  |
| Other consumer goo | 21. 454 | 23,502 | 1,949 | 2, 044 |  | 1,808 | 1,655 | 1,985 | 1,927 | 2, 074 | 2,155 | 2,071 | 2, 229 | 2,205 | 2,215 |  |
|  | 26, 140 | 26,903 | 2,085 | 2, 201 | -2,544 | 1,943 | 1,917 | 2, 306 | 2,274 | 2, 429 | 2, 2,62 | 2, 392 | 2, 602 | 2, 343 | 2, 342 |  |
|  | 67.495 | 72, 805 | 6.159 | 6. 193 | 6, 274 | 6,315 | 5,905 | 6. 648 | 6, 246 | 6, 612 | 6,697 | 6,562 | 6,682 | 6,440 | 6,728 |  |
| Automohile paper-.--.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.- do | 24. 267 | 26,373 | -310 | -2,261 | 2. 154 | 2. 195 | 2,075 | 2.353 | 2,186 | 2,342 | $\stackrel{3}{2} 22$ | 2, 240 | 2,301 | $\cdots, 201$ | 2, 414 |  |
| Other consumer good | 19,355 | ${ }_{21}^{21,361}$ | 1,799 | 1,813 | 1, 2831 | 1, 993 | 1,878 | 2,042 | 1,920 | 2,008 | $\stackrel{2,017}{2,38}$ | 2, 044 | $\stackrel{2}{2,081}$ | $\stackrel{2}{2,046}$ | $\stackrel{2}{2,087}$ |  |
| All other...-........ | 23, 873 | 25, 071 | $\because 2051$ | 2,119 | 2,29 | 2, 127 | 1,952 | 2, 253 | 2,140 | 2, 262 | 2,358 | 2, 278 | 2,303 | 2,193 | 2,227 |  |
| Seasonally adjusted: Extended, total. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Extended, total....-.-.-.-.-..............- do |  |  | 6.522 2,378 | 6,657 2,461 | 6,433 <br> -297 <br> , 29 | 6, 2401 | 6,497 2,177 | 6, $\stackrel{2}{2}, 190$ |  | 6,554 2, 238 | 6, 823 <br> 2,338 | 6, 776 2,266 | 6,929 2,285 | 6,973 2, 322 | 6,942 2,321 |  |
| Other consumer go |  |  | 1,941 | 1, 947 | 1.928 | 2,031 | 2,099 | $\stackrel{2}{2}, 049$ | 2,095 | 2,032 | 2, 081 | 2,147 | 2,212 | 2, 234 | 2,165 |  |
| All other........- |  |  | 2203 | 2,249 | -208 | 2, 230 | 2,221 | 2,262 | 2,294 | 2, 284 | 2, 404 | 2, 363 | 2,432 | 2,417 | $\stackrel{2}{2}, 456$ |  |
| Repaid, total |  |  | 6. 142 | 6. 213 | 6. 112 | 6,221 | 6. 281 | 6,249 | 6.393 | 6,361 | 6,531 | 6, 551 | 6,585 | 6,689 | 6,631 |  |
| Automobile pa |  |  | 9. 244 | 2,255 | \% $2 \cdot 2$ | 2, 202 |  | 2.193 | 2,235 |  | 2, 281 |  | $\begin{array}{r}2,240 \\ \hline, 29\end{array}$ | $\stackrel{2}{2}, 280$ | 2,301 |  |
| Other consumer goods paper All other-...---......... |  |  | 12820 | 1,836 2,122 | 1.796 | 1,882 | 1,915 | 1,899 2,154 | 1,968 2,190 | 1,948 | 1,995 2,255 | $\stackrel{2,074}{2,249}$ | 2, $\stackrel{2}{2}, 269$ | 2,106 2,303 | 2,093 2,237 |  |
| FEDERAL GOVERNMENT FINANCE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net cash transactions with the public: $0^{7}$ mil |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 123, 376 | 145,136 150,868 | 7, 723 | 10,698 13.654 | 12, 8.545 | 11,251 | 12,308 | 14, 490 | 17,070 11.189 | 11, 14.445 | ${ }_{\text {P212, }}^{21,438}$ | 8,938 14,538 | 11, 766 | 15, 176 | 8,739 14,815 |  |
| Excess of receipts, or payments ( - )..........d. do. | -4,544 | ${ }_{-5,731}$ | -5,080 | -2,955 | 299 | -390 | -456 | 1, 323 | 5,881 | $-3,150$ | -8,522 | -5,600 | $-4,559$ | 975 | -6,076 |  |
| Seasonally adjusted, quarterly totals: $\ddagger$ <br> Receipts from. <br> bil. $\$$ |  |  |  |  | 38.4 |  |  | 39.2 |  |  | ¢ 38.5 |  |  | 38.5 |  |  |
| Payments to-.....................--.....- do |  |  |  |  | 38.6 |  |  | 38.8 |  |  | ${ }^{\text {D }} 38.1$ |  |  | 43.4 |  |  |
| Excess of receipts, or payments ( - .......do |  |  |  |  | -. 2 |  |  | . 4 |  |  | p. 4 |  |  | $-4.9$ |  |  |
| Receipts and expenditures (national income and product accounts basis), qtrly. totals, seas. adj. at annual rates: * |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts | 124.8 | 143.2 |  |  | 148.6 |  |  | 149.1 |  |  | 148.1 |  |  | +152.7 |  |  |
| Expenditures --.-......................... do | 123.4 | 142.9 |  |  | 151.9 |  |  | 160.9 |  |  | 162.8 |  |  | 165.9 |  |  |
| Surplus, or deficit ( $\rightarrow$ )......................d | 1.4 | . 3 |  |  | -3.3 |  |  | -11.9 |  |  | -14.7 |  |  | -13.2 |  |  |
| Budget receipts and expen |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 124,354 | 146, 863 | 7,910 | 9.819 | 12, 815 | 11,324 | 12,046 | 16, 527 | 19,225 | 12,072 | p22, 007 | 9,018 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 96,679 1,646 | 110,802 1,930 | 5,811 170 | 7,394 179 | 10, $\begin{array}{r}\text { cilf } \\ 161\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 9,386 \\ & 160 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r}7,757 \\ 134 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 11,395 170 5,06 | 13, 534 | $\begin{array}{r} 6,289 \\ 166 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { p18, } 249 \\ p \\ \hline 176\end{array}$ | 6, 371 | 7, 301 | $\begin{array}{r} 12,404 \\ 163 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6,823 \\ 879 \end{array}$ |  |
| Individual income taxes.-.-.-.-...........-do | 56,10 | 66, 151 | 3,711 | 5,303 | 4,217 | 6,749 | 6,212 | 5,016 | 9,807 | 5,687 | p 7, 229 | 4,107 | 5,375 | 7.100 | 4,468 |  |
|  | 27,035 | 31,986 | ${ }^{3} 797$ | 5 580 | 4, 636 | 8, 823 | -635 | 6.728 | 4,295 | 1,065 | D 9, 324 | 4, 946 | -642 | 4. 032 | 4.913 |  |
| Employment taxes-.............-............do | 17.268 | 24,059 | 1,220 | 1,868 | 1, tit5 | 1,673 | 3, 352 | 2.353 | 3.157 | 3,035 | ${ }^{p} 2,564$ | 1,970 | 2,646 | ? 2106 | 1. 319 |  |
| Other internal revenue and receipts.....-do...- | 22,303 | 22,736 | 2, 011 | 1,888 | ? 2146 | 1,918 | 1,713 | 2,261 | 1,817 | 2, 120 | ${ }^{2} 2,714$ | 1,835 | 1,927 | 1,689 | $\underline{2}, 0,4$ |  |
| Expenditures, totaly .............-.-.......- do | 101,378 | 118, 078 | 10,977 | 10,386 | 9,512 | 9.987 | 9, 459 | 11,699 | 9,464 | 10,915 | $\stackrel{\nu}{\sim} 10,145$ | 11,502 | 12,730 | 12, 468 | 11,530 |  |
| Interest on public debt...-.-.-............- do | 11,615 | 12,752 | 1,098 | 1,100 | 1.160 | 1,173 | 1, 108 | 1, 154 | 1, 127 | 1, 103 | ${ }^{\text {p }} 1,198$ | 1,142 | 1, 128 | i, 145 | 1.154 |  |
| Veterans' benefits and services............do | 5, 151 | 5, 838 | 546 | 555 | ${ }^{619}$ | 467 | 562 | 548 | 480 | 565 | ${ }^{p} 4452$ | 543 | 550 | 543 | 599 |  |
| National defense - | 52,733 | 64, 271 | 5,536 | 5,500 | 5,911 | 6,201 | 5.758 | 6, 893 | 6,303 | 6, 125 | p 6,119 | 6,425 | 6, 792 | ${ }^{\text {r 6, }} 586$ | 6. 630 |  |
| All other expenditures......-.............-. do | 32,582 | 35,872 | 4,122 | 3, 233 | 1,861 | 2,238 | 2, 048 | 3, 112 | 1,567 | 3, 130 | P2, 881 | 3,440 | 4,364 | -4,257 | 3,389 |  |
| Public debt and guaranteed obligations: Gross debt (direct) , end of yr or mo. total bil $\$$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross debt (direct), end of yr. or mo., total..bil. \$.. | 1320.90 | 1329.32 | 326.89 | 329.41 | 32932 | 328.87 | 329.62 | 330.95 | 327.80 | 330.89 | 326. 22 | 330. 64 | 335.85 | 335. 90 | 340. 50 | 345.09 |
| Interest bearing, total .-..-----.-.-........ do. | 1316.52 | 1325. 02 | 32230 | 324.86 | 325.02 | 324.94 | 325. 69 | 327.01 | 323. 88 | 326.99 | 322. 29 | 327. 13 | 332.41 | 332.45 | 337.04 | 341.57 |
| Public issues Held by U.S. | 1270.26 | 1273.03 | 270.41 | 2723 | 273.03 | 273.69 | 274. 20 | 274.95 | 272. 23 | 271.82 | 266. 13 | 270.92 | 274.10 | 274.71 | 279.87 | 284. 20 |
| Held by U.S. Govt. investment acets do do Special issues............ | 115.51 | ${ }^{1} 16.69$ | 16. 06 | 16.29 | 16.69 | 16.90 | 18.04 | 18.51 | 18.65 | 19.33 | 19.55 | 19.16 | 18.83 | 18.61 | 18.68 |  |
| Special issues.--.......---.............d.do. | 146.26 | ${ }^{1} 51.99$ | 51,89 | 52.55 | 5 5. 99 | 51.25 | 51. 49 | 52.06 | 51. 65 | 55.17 | 56. 16 | 56.21 | 58.31 | 57.74 | 57.17 | 57.37 |
| Noninterest bearing and matured........do. | ${ }^{1} 4.39$ | 14.30 | 4.59 | 4. 55 | 4. 30 | 3.93 | 3.93 | 3.94 | 3.93 | 3.89 | 3.94 | 3.50 | 3.44 | 3.45 | 3. 46 | 3.52 |
| Guaranteed obligations not owned by U.S. Treasury, end of year or month. bil. \$.- | 1.46 | 1.49 | . 50 | 49 | . 49 | . 50 | . 51 | . 51 | . 51 | 51 | 51 | . 52 | . 52 | 52 | 52 | 54 |
| U.S. savings bonds: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{1} 50.46$ | 150.92 | 50.77 | 50.84 | 50.92 | 50.93 | 51.01 | 51.09 | 51.16 | 51.24 | 51. 30 | 51. 41 | 51. 46 | 51. 50 | $\begin{array}{r}51.59 \\ \hline .40\end{array}$ | 51.67 .37 |
|  | 4.49 5.44 | 4.86 6.00 | . 41 | .37 .41 | . 37 | . 49 | ${ }_{.}^{43}$ | . 46 | . 39 | . 44 | . 51 | . 41 | . 39 | .35 .46 | . 44 | . 37 |
| LIFE INSURANCE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Institute of Life Insurance: <br> Assets, total, all U.S. life insurance companies ${ }^{+}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bonds (book value), total....-..........do. bil. $\$$ | 1158.88 170.15 168 | 1167.02 <br> 171.90 <br>  <br>  | 165.43 71.69 | 166.22 <br> 71.87 | 166.94 71.78 7 | 168.21 72.34 | 168.93 72.59 | $\begin{array}{r}169.86 \\ 72.81 \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ | 170.57 72.98 | 171.24 73.26 | 171.88 73.48 | 173.13 <br> 74.37 | 173.84 74.76 | 174.66 74.96 | 175.39 75.37 |  |
|  | 19.13 | 18.76 | 7.34 | 7.36 | 7.44 | 7.50 | 7.58 | ${ }_{7} 7.81$ | 7.91 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 8. } \\ 8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 8.12 | 8.34 | 8.46 | 8. 62 | 8.72 |  |
| Mortgage loans, total....-....................-d. do. | 160.01 | ${ }^{164.61}$ | 64.01 | 64.35 | 64.80 | 65. 19 | 65.50 | 65.80 | 66.02 | 66.25 | 66.41 | 66. 32 | 66.51 | 66.70 | 66.88 |  |
|  | ${ }^{155.19}$ | ${ }^{1} 59.37$ | 58.78 | 59.12 | 59.56 | 59.96 | 60.26 | 60.52 | 60.72 | 60.92 | 61.04 | \%0.92 | 61.07 | 61.24 | 61.40 |  |
| Real estate........-.-...................- do | ${ }^{14.68}$ | 14.88 | 4.84 | 4.84 | 4.88 | 4.88 | 4.89 | 4.92 | 4.94 | 4.95 | 4.99 | 5.03 | 5.05 | 5.08 | 5. 10 |  |
| Policy loans and premium notes....-.-.- do | 17.68 | 19.12 | 8.87 | 9. 00 | 9.14 | 9.25 | 9.34 | 9. 44 | 9.54 | 9. 62 | 9.70 | 9.74 | 9.81 | 9. 88 | 9.93 |  |
|  | 11.50 | ${ }^{1} 1.53$ | 1.26 | 1.33 | 1.49 | 1. 40 | 1.33 | 1.26 | 1.18 | 1.35 | 1.30 | 1.46 | 1.34 | 1. 34 | 1.43 |  |
| Other assets...--........---.-............-do...- | ${ }^{1} 5.73$ | 16. 23 | 7.43 | 7.47 | 7. 43 | 7.64 | 7.70 | 7.82 | 8.00 | 7.80 | 7.89 | 7.87 | 7.92 | 8.09 | 7.95 |  |
| Payments to policyholders and beneficiaries in U.S., total. mil. \$ |  |  | 993.5 | 95f. 0 |  | 1,048.2 | 968.1 | 1,236.8 | 1,034.1 |  | 1,137.5 | 969.0 | 1.166.8 | 1,118.8 | 1,078.1 |  |
|  | 4, 831. 4 | 5, 218. 2 | 421.1 | 407.0 | 1,494.2 | - ${ }^{\text {456.0 }}$ | ${ }_{416.6}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1,236.8 \\ 543 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }^{1}, 454.5$ | + +192.1 | 1,477.4 | 429.6 | + 509.7 | 453.9 | 465.4 |  |
| Matured endowments..........................d. do | +931.1 | ${ }^{981.6}$ | 80.1 | 79.2 | 82.8 | 93.2 | 80.0 | 95.9 | 82.7 | 85.6 | 87.9 | 71.6 | 77.5 | 78.8 | 87.1 |  |
|  | 163.0 | 169.3 | 12.4 | 13.1 | 16.1 | 14.8 | 13.9 | 16.5 | 13.7 | 15.1 | 17.5 | 13.5 | 13.3 | 16.6 | 13.0 |  |
| Annuity payments...-.................-- do. | 1, 1388.9 | 1,152.6 | 94.2 | 98.2 | 95.6 | 116.5 | 98.8 | 10 S. 1 | 99.3 | 101.1 | 102.2 | 102.5 | 102.8 | 121.0 | 109.8 |  |
| Surrender values. | 1,932.3 | 2, 120.6 | ${ }^{174.1}$ | 166.9 | 193.3 | 177.7 | 167.1 | 206.0 | 189.6 | 195.7 | 199.2 | 169.2 | 198.0 | 180.6 | 184.2 |  |
| Policy dividends | 2,519.9 | 2, 699.9 | 211.6 | 191.6 | 427.8 | 196.0 | 192.2 | 268.0 | 194.3 | 213.6 | 253.3 | 182.6 | 265.5 | 267.9 | 218.6 |  |

- Revised. ${ }^{\text {i Find Preliminary. }}$
${ }^{1}$ End of year; assets of life insurance companies are annual statement values
See note " on p. S-17. $0^{*}$ Other than borrowing. $\ddagger$ Revisions prior to Sept. 1966 for cash transactions with the public (seas. adj.) and for Feb. 1964-Aug. 1966 for assets of all life insurance companies will be shown later.

| Unless other wise stated, statistics through 1964 and descriptive notes are shown inedition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1965 | 1966 | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nor |

FINANCE-Continued

| LIFE INSURANCE-Continued <br> Life Insurance Agency Management Association: Insurance written (new paid-for insurance): $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Value, estimated total.....................-mil. \$ | ${ }^{1} 142,166$ | 122,479 | 9, 880 | 10,095 | 14,614 | 8,661 | 9,707 | 12,310 | 10, 820 | 11,974 | 11,547 | 9,930 | 10,825 | 10,351 | 11,815 |  |
|  | 82, 521 | 88, 399 | 7,412 | 7,698 | 8, 230 | 6,640 | 7,019 | 8, 606 | 7,836 | 8, 478 | 8,333 | 7,411 | 8,042 | 7, 484 | 8, 659 |  |
| Group and mass-marketed ordinary...- do | ${ }^{1} 52,349$ | 27, 270 | 1, $8: 8$ | 1,835 | 5,850 | 1,481 | 2,140 | 3,084 | 2, 407 | 2, 876 | 2, 649 | 1,960 | 2,241 | 2, 325 | 2,572 |  |
|  | 7,296 | 6, 810 | 590 | 562 | 534 | 540 | 548 | 620 | 577 | 620 | 565 | 559 | 542 | 542 | 584 |  |
| Premiums collected: $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,4,6 | 1,361 | 1,399 | 1,405 | 1,315 | 1,444 |  |
| Totalite insurance premiums....-......-- - do. | 11, 15.17 | 12,090 | 1,354 | 1,303 982 | 1, 145 | 1,346 | 1, 963 | 1,460 | 1,014 | 1,104 | 1,041 | 1,054 | 1,050 | 1,990 | 1,107 |  |
| Group and mass-marketed ordinary .... do | 2,436 | 2,660 | 292 | 222 | 281 | 201 | 296 | 244 | +218 | 267 | 225 | 241 | -257 | 231 | 232 |  |
|  | 1,383 | I, 367 | 108 | 99 | 241 | $10^{7}$ | 93 | 101 | 99 | 105 | 95 | 104 | 98 | 93 | 105 |  |
| MONETARY STATISTICS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gold and silver: Gold: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Monetary stock, U.S. (end of period) ...mil. \$.. | 13,733 | 13,159 | 13, 257 | 13,159 | 13,159 | 13, 157 | 13, 107 | 13,107 | 13,109 | 13,109 | 13,110 | 13, 108 | 13, 008 | 13, 006 | 12, 905 | 12,908 |
| Net release from earmark\$.....-.-....... do.... | -198 | -50 | 28 | $-36$ | -34 | -15 | -23 | 12 | -3 | 3 | -5 | 1 | $-17$ | 1 | -8 |  |
|  | 1,285,097 | 457,333 | 33,943 | 42 | 58 | 170 | 56 | 285 | 162 | 63 | 490 | 77 | 104 | 226 | 73 |  |
|  | 101,669 | 42,004 | 2, 265 | 7,922 | 2,054 | 1,612 | 3,348 | 1,494 | 2,326 | 2,239 | 2,530 | 2, 041 | 3,331 | 8,219 | 1. 771 |  |
| Production, world total....-..............mil. $\$$ - | 21,440.0 | 21,445.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $1,069.4$ 125.6 | $1,080.8$ 114.6 | 89.7 9.1 | 60.8 8.7 | 87.7 9.6 | 89.5 8.7 | 87.8 8.9 | 89.5 9.1 | 89.1 8.9 | 91.2 8.9 | 89.1 9.1 | 88.9 8.4 | 90.5 8.3 | 89.9 8.0 | 84.1 |  |
| United States | 58.6 | 63.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Silver: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 54,061 | 114, 325 | 2, 471 | -7, 105 | 4, 915 | 14,755 | 9,018 | 10,693 | 11, 072 | 15,149 | 19, 786 | 2,912 | 1,722 | 4,094 | 2,480 |  |
|  | 64,769 | 78,378 | 6, 214 | 5,878 | 5, 785 | 7, 494 | 6,399 | 6, 133 | 8, 451 | 8,159 1.296 | 10,120 1,301 | 4, 021 1.593 | 8,520 1.750 | 5,839 | 3,296 1.786 |  |
| Price at New York............. dol. per fine oz.Production: | 1.293 | 1.293 | 1.293 | 1. 293 | 1. 293 | 1.293 | 1.293 | 1. 293 | 1.293 | 1. 296 | 1. 301 | 1.593 | 1. 750 | 1. 680 |  | 1. 953 |
| Canadaf....................-- thous. fine oz. | 31, 917 | 32,820 | 2,662 | 3,019 | 2,968 | 2,966 | 2, 504 | 3,353 | 3.224 | 4, 020 | 3,403 | 2, 729 | -, 691 |  |  |  |
| Mexico | 40,333 | 41, 984 | 3. 767 | 3,105 | 2,832 | $\underline{2.913}$ | 3,245 | 3,469 | 3, 114 | 2,304 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United States .---...-.---................ ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 44,423 | 45,047 | 3,049 | 3,444 | 4,513 | 3,956 | 3.927 | 3,598 | 4,151 | 3,280 | 4, 194 | 2,461 | 892 | 1,366 | 1,235 |  |
| Currency in circulation (end of period) ...... bil. \$ | 42.1 | 44.7 | 43.1 | 44.2 | 44.7 | 43.4 | 43.6 | 43.6 | 43.7 | 44.4 | 44.7 | 44.9 | 45.1 | 45. 0 | 45.4 |  |
| Money supply and related data (avg. of daily fig.): $\ddagger$ Unadjusted for spas. variation: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total money supply .......................lil. \$.- | 162.6 | 169.8 | 170.5 | 171.5 | 175.8 | 175.3 | 170.6 | 171.9 | 173.6 | 171.1 | 174.3 | 175.8 | 175.9 | 178.4 | 180.6 | 182.6 |
| Currency outside banks.-.-.............. do...- | 35.3 | 37.5 | 38.1 | 38.5 | 39.1 | 38.5 | 38.3 | 38.5 | 38.7 | 38.9 | 39.3 | 39.6 | 39.6 | 39.8 | 40.0 | 40.5 |
| Demand deposits .-.-.----........-.-.-.-. do | 127.3 | 132.3 | 132.4 | 133.0 | 136.7 | 136.8 | 132.3 | 133.4 | 134.9 | 132.2 | 135.1 | 136.2 | 136.2 | 138.6 | 140.6 | 142.1 |
| Time deposits adjusted9..-.....-.......... do | 137.6 | ${ }^{3} 154.0$ | 157.1 | 156.1 | 156.9 | 160.7 | 164.0 | 166.7 | 168.8 | 170.8 | 173.0 | 175.1 | 177.7 | 178.9 | 180.3 | 181. 1 |
| U.S. Government demand deposits. .-... do | 6.3 | 4.9 | 4.8 | 3.7 | 3.4 | 4.1 | 5.0 | 4.9 | 4.8 | 6.5 | 3.9 | 5.6 | 4.3 | 5.0 | 6. 2 | 5. ${ }^{2}$ |
| Adjusted for seas. variation: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 177.9 | 179.1 | 179.2 | 180.2 | 181.3 |
| Tota! money supply .-.-...................d |  |  | 170.1 38.0 | 170.1 38.1 | 170.4 38.3 | 170.3 38.5 | 171.5 38.7 | 173.1 38.9 | 172.7 39.1 | 174.5 39.2 | 176.2 39.3 | 177.9 39.5 | 179.1 39.6 | 179.8 | 39.9 | 40.0 |
|  |  |  | 132.1 | 132.0 | 132.1 | 131.8 | 132.8 | 134.2 | 133.6 | 135.3 | 136.8 | 138.4 | 139.6 | 139.5 | 140.3 | 141.3 |
| Time deposits adjusted |  |  | 157.6 | 157.4 | 158.6 | 160.8 | 163.5 | 166.1 | 168.1 | 170.0 | 172.4 | 174.6 | 177.2 | 178.9 | 180.8 | 182.5 |
| Turnover of demand deposits except interhank and U.S. Govt., annual rates, seas. adjusted: $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total (233 SMSA's) $\%$ - ratio of debits to deposits -- | 48.3 | 52.8 | 54.0 | 54.6 | 56.9 | 57.2 | 55.6 | 54.8 | 57.7 | 54.8 | 56.5 | 56.8 | 59.0 | 57.4 | 58.3 |  |
| New York SMSA........................ | 99.6 | 109.4 | 111.2 | 111.3 | 121.8 | 124.7 | 119.4 | 117.2 | 123.0 | 115.2 | 120.0 | 119.8 | 128.5 | 120.6 | 125.5 |  |
| Total 232 SMSA's (except N.Y.).-......- do | 35. 3 | 38.3 | 39.6 | 39.6 | 40.0 | 39.4 | 39.4 | 39.1 | 40.8 | 39.2 | 40.1 | 40.7 | 41.1 | 40.8 | 40.8 |  |
| 6 other leading SMSA'So'--............. do. | 44.9 | 50.1 | 52.2 | 52.5 | 53.2 | 50.9 | 52.6 | 51.2 | 54.2 | 52.0 | 53.4 | 55.5 | 56.6 34.6 | 55.4 35.1 | 54.6 |  |
| 226 other SMSA's.---....................-do. | 31.3 | 33.3 | 34.3 | 33.9 | 34.2 | 34.8 | 34.2 | 33.9 | 35.1 | 33.9 | 34.4 | 34.5 | 34. 6 | 35.1 | 35.1 |  |
| PROFITS AND DIVIDENDS (QTRLY.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing corps. (Fed. Trade and SEC): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net profit after taxes, all industries..-.-- mil. \$.. | 27,521 | 30,937 |  |  | 7,933 |  |  | 6,748 |  |  | 7, 596 |  |  | 6,718 |  |  |
| Food and kindred products.............. do | 1.896 | 2, 102 |  |  | 528 |  |  | 451 |  |  | 506 |  |  | 584 |  |  |
| Textile mill products. do Iumber and wood products (except furniture) | 694 | 702 |  |  | 166 |  |  | 105 |  |  | 124 |  |  | 140 |  |  |
| Paper and allied products mil. \$.. | 338 | 345 |  |  | 54 |  |  | 451 4 4 |  |  | 82 |  |  | 102 |  |  |
| Paper and allied products Chemicals and allied products.-.-.-.-- do.-.-- | ${ }^{4} 753$ | 911 |  |  | 240 |  |  | ${ }^{4} 191$ |  |  | 205 |  |  | 767 |  |  |
| Chemicals and allied products | 3,188 4,442 | 3,474 5,055 |  |  | 823 1,373 |  |  | 786 1,341 |  |  | 1. 8449 |  |  | 1.365 |  |  |
| Stone, clay, and glass products....-.-.----- do. | 4,461 | - 799 |  |  | 1,173 |  |  | 1,341 |  |  | 1. 194 |  |  | 216 |  |  |
| Primary nonferrous metal.......------------ do..- | 970 | 1,298 |  |  | 350 |  |  | 325 |  |  | 311 |  |  | 192 |  |  |
|  | 1,401 | 1,487 |  |  | 370 |  |  | 296 |  |  | 296 |  |  | 227 |  |  |
| Fabricated metal products (except ordnance, machinery, and transport. equip.) .....mil. \$- | 1,151 | 1,395 |  |  | 318 |  |  | 321 |  |  | 368 |  |  | 305 |  |  |
| Machinery (except electrical) --.--.-....do.-- | 2,499 | 3, 058 |  |  | 748 |  |  | 674 |  |  | 840 |  |  | 687 |  |  |
| Elec. machinery, equip., and supplies...-do...- | 1,926 | 2,379 |  |  | 617 |  |  | 527 |  |  | 564 |  |  | 540 |  |  |
| Transportation equipment (except motor vehicles, etc.) -.......-....---.-................... | 721 | 821 |  |  | 197 |  |  | 162 |  |  | 199 |  |  | 199 |  |  |
| Motor vehicles and equipment.--........ do..-- | 3,496 | 3, 053 |  |  | 870 |  |  | 620 |  |  | 831 |  |  | 193 |  |  |
| All other manufacturing industries....-.-do..-- | 43,285 | 4, 058 |  |  | 1,107 |  |  | 831 |  |  | 883 |  |  | 1,041 |  |  |
| Dividends paid (cash), all industries......-do.... | 11,979 | 12,958 |  |  | 3,745 |  |  | 3,185 |  |  | 3,266 |  |  | 3,079 |  |  |
| Electric utilities, profits after taxes (Federal Reserve) $\ddagger$ mil. \$- | 2,586 | 2, 764 |  |  | 673 |  |  | 799 |  |  | 666 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transportation and communications (see pp, S-23 and S-24). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SECURITIES ISSUED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Securities and Exchange Commission: Estimated gross proceeds, total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10,625 | 4,218 | 4,618 |  |
| Estimated gross proceeds, total...............mil. \$.. By type of security: | 40,108 | 45,015 | 2,518 | 6,686 | 3,277 | 5,091 | 7,523 | 5,253 | 4,229 | 4,002 | 5,373 | 4,376 | 10,625 | 4,218 | 4,618 |  |
| Bonds and notes, total................. do. | 37,836 | 42, 501 | 2,381 | 6,574 | 3,151 | 5, 000 | 7,367 | 5,110 | 3,991 | 3,844 | 5,043 | 4,162 | 10,376 | 4,004 | 4,148 |  |
|  | 13, 720 | 15, 561 | 755 | 1,004 | 1. 535 | 1, 593 | 1,262 | 2,219 | 1,778 | 1,361 | 2,343 | 2,376 | 2,231 | 1,549 | 1,948 |  |
|  | 1.547 725 | 1,939 574 | 106 31 | 61 50 | 106 20 | 40 51 | 139 17 | 119 | 94 144 | 111 | 313 17 | 130 84 | 144 | 173 41 | ${ }_{231}^{239}$ |  |

${ }^{r}$ Revised. ${ }^{1}$ Includes $\$ 27.8$ bil. coverage on U.S. Armed Forces. ${ }^{2}$ Estimated; excludes U.S.S.R., other Eastern European countries, China Mainland, and North Korea. ${ }^{3}$ Beginning June 1866 , data exclude balances accumulated for payment of personal loans noted, data reflect reclassification of companies between industries and are not strictly comparable with those for earlier periods.
$\ddagger$ Revisions will he shown later as follows: Insurance written, 1964-Jan. 1966; premiums
collected, Jan.-Aug. 1964, Jan.-July 1965, and Jan--July 1966; silver production (Canada), 1964; clectric utilitics, 1965. Revisions for money supply and reated data for 1959-J une 1900, appear in the Aug. 1967 Federal Reserve Bulletin. sor increase in earmarked gold banks Time deposits at all commercial banks other than those due to domestic commercianties not designated as SMSA's. or Includes Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Detroit, San Fran-cisco-Oakland, and Los Angeles-Long Beach.

| Unless other wise stated, statistics through 1964 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1965 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1965 | 1966 | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

## FINANCE-Continued

| SECURITIES ISSUED-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Securities and Exchange Commission-Continued Estimated gross proceeds-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Corporate, total9...--.................-mil. \$- | 15,992 | 18,074 | 892 | 1,115 | 1,661 | 1.684 | 1,418 | 2,362 | 2,015 | 1,518 | 2, 674 | 2,590 | 2,481 | 1,763 | 2,417 |  |
|  | 5. 417 | 7,070 | 385 | 233 | 682 | 649 | 570 | 1,283 | 1,153 | 598 | 1,334 | 963 | 1,263 | 654 | 942 |  |
| Extractive (mining) .-...-.............d. ${ }^{\text {do. }}$ | 342 | 375 | 6 | 25 | 17 | 27 | 15 | 35 | 29 | 30 | 40 | 27 | 16 | 16 | 61 |  |
| Public utility ........................... do. | 2,936 | 3,665 | 258 | 335 | 414 | 222 | 279 | 510 | 401 | 426 | 477 | 476 | 536 | 269 | 647 |  |
|  | 284 | 339 | 12 | 10 | 15 | 51 | 20 | 42 | 12 | 27 | 33 | 35 | 24 | 20 | 7 |  |
| Communication.----...-......-....... do | 947 | 2,003 | 98 | 170 | 154 | 296 | 106 | 147 | 109 | 92 | 354 | 40 | 359 | 202 | 134 |  |
| Financial and real estate.............dd. | 4.276 | 1,941 | 73 | 108 | 42 | 267 | 248 | 92 | 143 | 102 | 149 | 417 | 122 | 187 | 387 |  |
| Noncorporate.total ¢ ..-------........- do. | 24, 116 | 26,941 | 1,626 | 5. 570 | 1,616 | 3,407 | 6,105 | 2,891 | 2, 213 | 2,483 | 2,700 | 1,786 | 8,145 | 2, 455 | 2,200 |  |
| U.S. Government...-.-..............-do. | 9,348 | 8,231 | 408 | 3,738 | 373 | 494 | 4,154 | 459 | 393 | 438 | 410 | 415 | 6,458 | 362 | 422 |  |
| State and municipal........-....-...-d. | 11,148 | 11,089 | 736 | 950 | 923 | 1,450 | 1,159 | 1,437 | 1,129 | 1,209 | 1,461 | 925 | 840 | 1,273 | 991 |  |
| New corporate security issues: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Estimated net proceeds, total.----......-do .--- | 15,801 | 17,841 | 876 | 1,098 | 1,643 | 1,669 | 1,400 | 2,334 | 1,985 | 1,493 | 2, 631 | 2,546 | 2,440 | 1,733 | 2,375 |  |
| Proposed uses or proceeds: New money, total............................ | 13,063 | 15, 806 | 783 | 1,033 | 1,363 | 1,522 | 1,375 | 2,178 | 1,891 | 1,418 | 2,363 | 2,181 | 2,184 | 1,581 | 2,128 |  |
| Plant and equipment.............. do | 7. 712 | 12,430 | 630 | 839 | 1,128 | 1,135 | 918 | 1,755 | 1,352 | 1,082 | 1,832 | 1. 539 | 1,717 | 1,080 | 1,436 |  |
| Working capital-----------...-- do. | 5,352 | 3,376 | $\begin{array}{r}153 \\ 46 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 194 | 235 | 388 | 457 | 423 | 539 | 336 19 | 531 | 642 | 467 | 501 | ${ }^{692}$ |  |
| Rether purposes..........-...............- do | 1,741 | 1,795 | 46 | 52 | 273 | 125 | 24 | 139 | 82 | 56 | 248 | 275 | 222 | 142 | 168 |  |
| State and municipal issues (Bond Buyer): | 11.084 | 11.089 | 736 | 950 | 923 | 1,450 | 1.159 | 1,437 | 1,129 | 1,209 | 1,461 | 925 | 840 | 1. 273 | 991 | 280 |
|  | 6,537 | 6,524 | 266 | 989 | 458 | 454 | 756 | 634 | 1,197 | 951 | 531 | 286 | 752 | 603 | 764 | , 674 |
| SECURITY MARKETS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brokers' Balances <br> (N.Y.S.E. Members Carrying Margin Accounts) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash on hand and in banks..........-........mil. \$. - | 1534 | 1609 | 661 | 607 | 609 | 673 | 685 | 713 | 701 | 673 | 686 | 698 | 732 | 720 | 776 |  |
| Customers' debit balances (net) ............... do | 15,543 | ${ }^{1} 5,387$ | 5,216 | 5,275 | 5,387 | 5,375 | 5,445 | 5,803 | 5,896 | 5,966 | 6,195 | 6, 636 | 6, 677 | 6,943 | 7,109 |  |
| Customers' free credit balances (net) .......... do. | 11,666 | ${ }^{1} 1,637$ | 1, 520 | 1,532 | 1,637 | 1,914 | 1,936 | 2,135 | $\underline{2}$ | 2.220 | 2,231 | 2,341 | 2,281 | 2, 401 | 2,513 |  |
| Money borrowed ...-......-.................... do.... | ${ }^{13} 3,706$ | ${ }^{1} 3,712$ | 3,349 | 3,262 | 3,712 | 3,187 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bonds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prices: <br> Standard \& Poor's Corporation: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrial, utility, and railroad (AAA issues): Composite ${ }^{7}$. $\qquad$ dol. per $\$ 100$ hond. | 93.9 | 86.1 | 83.4 | 83.5 | 83.0 | 85.9 | 86.4 | 85.6 | 85.4 | 83.4 | 81.7 | 81.1 | 80.3 | 80.0 | 78.5 |  |
| Domestic municipal (15 bonds)...........do...- | 110.6 | 102.6 | 100.5 | 101.0 | 102.4 | 106.0 | 106.4 | 105. 8 | 104.9 | 101.1 | 100.2 | 99.3 | 99.6 | 98.0 | 95.8 |  |
| U.S. Treasury bonds, taxableq..---.-...... do | 83.76 | 78.63 | 78.07 | 77.68 | 78.73 | 81.54 | 80.73 | 80.96 | 80.24 | 77.48 | 76.37 | 76.39 | 75.38 | 75.04 | 73.01 | 70.53 |
| Sales: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, excl. U.S. Government honds (SEC): All registered exchanges: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Market value...-..................-mil. \$. | 3,794.22 | 4,261.12 | 341.50 | 312.46 | 366. 38 | 446.77 | 409.22 | 478.39 | 381.00 | 534.32 | 539.46 | 541.91 | 529.22 | 494.25 | 634.15 |  |
| Face value...-.-.-...................do | 3.288.68 | 3,740.48 | 243. 44 | 313.01 | 356.22 | 417.53 | 350.65 | 394.94 | 333.15 | 451.62 | 464.38 | 455.80 | 471.09 | 439.68 | 559.18 |  |
| New York Stock Exchange: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Market value-----............................ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.643 .11 \\ & 3.150 .12 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,100.86 \\ & 3,589.62 \end{aligned}$ | 33.3 338 31 | $\begin{aligned} & 293.69 \\ & 293.79 \\ & \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 348.01 \\ & 335.45 \end{aligned}$ | 428.29 400.29 | 385.34 330.33 | 451.87 374.71 | $\begin{aligned} & 349.76 \\ & 309 \\ & \hline 7 \end{aligned}$ | 484.92 | 463.58 406. 43 | $\begin{aligned} & 468.83 \\ & 402.31 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 466.98 \\ & 422.84 \end{aligned}$ | 438.28 | 553.63 <br> 494.43 |  |
| New York Stock Exchange, exclusive of some stopped sales, face value, total. . .............. | 2.975.21 | 3,092. 79 | 286.55 | 260.68 | 285. 40 | 328.21 | 258.78 | 281.42 | 279.94 | 329.41 | 326.62 | 358.94 | 326.09 | 319.92 | 403. 06 | 382.38 |
| Y ields: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic corporate (Moody's) .........-- percent.- | 4.64 | 5.34 | 5.67 | 5. 65 | 5.69 | 5.50 | 5.35 | 5.43 | 5.42 | 5.56 | 5.75 | 5.86 | 5.91 | 6.00 | 6.14 | 6.36 |
| By rating: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 4.49 | 5.13 | 5. 51 | 5. 35 | 5.39 | 5.20 | 5.03 | 5. 5.13 | 5.11 | 5.24 | ${ }_{5}^{5.44}$ | 5. 58 | 5.62 | ${ }_{5}^{5.65}$ | 5.82 | 6. 07 |
|  | 4. 63 | 5.35 | ${ }_{5}^{5.67}$ | 5. 65 | 5.69 | 5.53 | 5.18 5.38 | 5.49 | 5. 46 | 5. 5.60 | 5.63 5.77 | 5.88 | 5.94 | 5.65 6.06 | 6. 19 | 6.2 6.43 |
|  | 4.87 | 5.67 | 6. 10 | 6. 13 | 6.18 | 5. 97 | 5.82 | 5.85 | 5.83 | 5.96 | 6.15 | 6.26 | 6.33 | 6.40 | 6.52 | 6.72 |
| By group: <br> Industrials |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrials | 4.61 4 4 |  |  |  |  |  | 5.33 5.35 |  |  |  | 5.64 5 50 50 | 5. 79 | 5.84 | 5.93 | 6.05 | 6. 28 |
| Public utilitles | 4. 60 4.72 | 5.36 5.37 | 5.72 | 5.64 | 5.65 <br> 5 <br> 5.78 | 5.42 5.63 | 5.25 5.48 | 5.37 5.51 | 5.37 5.51 5. | 5. 59 5.62 | 5.80 5.80 | 5.91 5.88 | 5.96 5.94 | 6. 02 <br> 6.03 | 6.12 6.24 | 6.39 6.42 |
| Domestic municipal: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bond Buyer (20 bonds).-.-.--...----....do. | 3.28 | 3.83 | 3. 74 | 4.02 | 3.78 | 3.40 | 3.60 | 3.54 | 3.69 | 3.96 | 4.06 | 3.91 | 4.06 | 4.19 | 4.27 | 4.42 |
| Standard \& Poor's Corp. (15 bonds).......do.. | 3.27 | 3.82 | 3.97 | 3.93 | 3.83 | 3.58 | 3.56 | 3.60 | 3. 66 | 3.92 | 3.99 | 4.05 | 4.03 | 4.15 | 4.31 |  |
|  | 4.21 | 4. 66 | 4.70 | 4.74 | 4. 65 | 4.40 | 4.47 | 4.45 | 4.51 | 4.76 | 4.86 | 4.86 | 4.95 | 4.99 | 5.18 | 5. 44 |
| Stocks |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dividend rates, prices, and yields, common stocks (Moody's): <br> Dividends per share, annual rate, composite |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| dollars. | 7.65 | 8.25 | 8.33 | 8.22 | 8.23 | 8.29 | 8.30 | 8.32 | 8.33 | 8.19 | 8.20 | 8.21 | 8.21 | 8.22 | 8. 23 | 8.28 |
| Industrials.-...............................-do | 8.48 | 9.17 | 9.25 | 9.07 | 9.08 | 9.15 | 9.16 | 9.17 | 9.18 | 8.95 | 8.95 | 8.96 | 8.96 | 8.96 | 9.00 | 8.92 |
| Public utilit | 3.86 | 4.11 | 4.14 | 4.15 | 4.18 | 4.18 | 4. 20 | 4.27 | 4.27 | 4.32 | 4.38 | 4.39 | 4.39 | 4.39 | 4.40 | 4.41 |
| Railroads- | 4.09 | 4.45 | 4. 55 | 4. 61 | 4. 61 | 4.63 | 4. 63 | 4. 63 | 4. 63 | 4.63 | 4.63 | 4.65 | 4.65 | 4.65 | 4.58 | 4. 55 |
| N.Y. banks | 4.90 | 5.06 | 5.14 | 5. 14 | 5.14 | 5. 22 | 5. 28 | 5. 28 | 5. 28 | 5. 28 | 5. 29 | 5. 29 | 5.30 | 5.48 | 5. 48 | 5.48 |
| Fire insurance companies..................d. do.. | 6.33 | 6.85 | 6. 97 | 7. 42 | 7.53 | 7.53 | 7.81 | 7.81 | 7.81 | 7.81 | 7.81 | 7.81 | 7.81 | 7.81 | 7.81 | 8.09 |
| Price per share, end of mo., composite...... do. | 250.31 | 230.88 | 220.60 | 218.34 | 217.56 | 233.54 | 233.23 | 242.02 | 251.52 | 238.37 | 242.22 | 253.69 | 249.02 | 257.40 | 251.90 | 250.32 |
|  | 284.32 | 266. 77 | 250.49 | 248.93 | 246.38 | 266.77 | 267.35 | 278.90 | 293.28 | 277.83 | 282.15 | 298.94 | 295.09 | 307. 35 | 302.88 | 300.84 |
|  | 117.08 | 102.90 | 104.92 | 103.47 | 105.99 | 108. 12 | 105. 18 | 106. 81 | 108.90 | 102.58 | 100.73 | 103.04 | 99.63 | 99.76 | 93. 63 | 95.92 |
| Railroads...--.............................. do. | 95.06 | 92.65 | 83.37 | 83.25 | 82.91 | 93.13 | 92.56 | 93.52 | 93. 60 | 94.89 | 97.92 | 105.56 | 104.99 | 101.22 | 91.88 | 90.80 |
|  | 3. 06 | 3.57 | 3.78 | 3.76 | 3.78 | 3.55 | 3.56 | 3. 44 | 3.31 | 3. 44 | 3.39 | 3.25 | 3.30 | 3.19 | 3.27 | 3.31 |
| Industrials.-.................................do....- | 2.98 | 3.44 | 3. 69 | 3.64 | 3. 69 | 3. 43 | 3. 43 | 3.29 | 3.13 | 3.22 | 3.17 | 3.00 | 3.04 | 2.92 | 2.97 | 2.97 |
| Public utilities | 3.30 | 3.99 | 3.95 | 4. 01 | 3.94 | 3.87 | 3. 99 | 4.00 | 3.92 | 4.21 | 4.35 | 4. 26 | 4.41 | 4.40 | 4. 70 | 4. 60 |
| Railroads | 4. 30 | 4.80 | 5.46 | 5. 54 | 5.56 | 4.97 | 5.00 | 4.95 | 4.95 | 4.88 | 4.73 | 4.41 | 4.43 | 4. 59 | 4.98 | 5. 01 |
| Nire insurance | 3.33 .74 | 4.04 | 3.96 2.70 | 3.90 <br>  <br>  <br> 92 | 3. 8.80 | $\begin{array}{r}3.79 \\ \\ \hline 9\end{array}$ | 3.94 | 3.84 3.28 | ${ }^{3} 8.83$ | 3. 96 | 3.98 | 3. 68 | 3.69 3.54 | 3. 77 | 3. 89 | 4. 06 |
| Fire insurance companies. .-.-........... do | 2.74 | 2.92 | 2. 70 | 2.92 | 2. 92 | 2.93 | 3.17 | 3.28 | 3.31 | 3.51 | 3. 43 | 3.53 | 3.54 | 3.57 | 3.85 | 4. 02 |

+ Revised. ${ }^{1}$ End of year. Includes data not shown separately
Number of bonds represented fluctuates; the change in the number does not affect the continuity of the series.
\{Prices are derived from average yields on basis of an assumed 3 percent 20 -year bond. $\bigcirc$ For bonds due or callable in 10 years or more.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1964 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1965 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1965 1966 | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

## FINANCE-Continued

| SECURITY MARKETS-Continued <br> Stocks-Continued <br> Earnings, common stocks (Moody's): <br> Earnings per share (indust., qtrly. at ann. rate; pub. util. and RR., for 12 mo. ending each qtr.): Industrials $\ddagger$.......................................... dollars.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Industrialst.-..........................-dollars.. | 16. 42 | 16. 78 |  |  | 18.08 |  |  | 14.70 |  |  | r 16.07 |  |  | 13. 50 |  |  |
|  | 5. 92 | 6.30 9.34 |  |  | 6. 30 9.34 |  |  | 6.37 8.85 |  |  | 6.42 8.30 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dividend yields, preferred stocks, 10 high-grade (Standard \& Poor's Corp.)...................percent.. | 4.33 | 4.97 | 5.28 | 5.21 | 5. 24 | 5.07 | 4.98 | 5.04 | 5.03 | 5.17 | 5.30 | 5.34 | 5.35 | 5.41 | 5. 59 |  |
| Prices: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dow-Jones a verages (65 | 318.50 | 308.70 | 273.35 | 285. 23 | 285.52 | 298.28 | 305.65 | 307.70 | 309.45 | 315.57 | 318.12 | 327.23 | 329. 62 | 330. 87 | 321. 30 | 303. 88 |
| Industrial (30 stocks) | 910.88 | 873.60 | 778.10 | 806.55 | 800.86 | 830.56 | 851.12 | 858.11 | 868.66 | 883.74 | ${ }^{872.66}$ | 888.51 | 912.46 | ${ }^{923.45}$ | 907. 54 | 865. 43 |
| Public utility (15 stocks) | 157.88 | 136.56 | 129.70 | 136.43 | 135.68 | 138.64 | 138.03 | ${ }^{135.96}$ | 139.29 | 137.15 | ${ }_{251}^{131.92}$ | 132.72 | 132.43 | ${ }^{131.33}$ | ${ }^{126.08}$ | ${ }_{230} 12.05$ |
| Railroad (20 stocks). . | 216. 41 | 227.35 | 192.07 | 201.94 | 205.78 | 220.11 | 228.69 | 231.98 | 228.77 | 238.27 | 253.90 | 267.65 | 262. 85 | 261.79 | 250. 55 | 230.74 |
| Standard \& Poor's Corporation: ${ }^{71}$ Industrial, public utility, and railroad: Combined index ( 500 stocks) $. . .-1941-43=10$ | 88.17 | 85.26 | 77.13 | 80.99 | 81.33 | 84.45 | 87.36 | 89. 42 | 90.96 | 92.59 | 91.43 | 93.01 | 9449 | 95.81 | 05.66 |  |
| Industrial, total (425 stocks) ㅇ....... do | 93. 48 | 91.08 | 82.01 | 86.10 | 86.50 | 89.88 | 93. 35 | 95.88 | 97.54 | 99. 59 | 98.61 | 100.38 | 102.11 | 103.84 | 104. 16 |  |
| Capital goods (122 stocks)..........do | 85. 26 | 84.86 | 72.67 | 77.89 | 79.83 | 82.70 | 86. 72 | 90.08 | 92.37 | 95. 10 | 96.34 | 98.35 | 101.01 | 104.17 | 106. 64 |  |
| Consumers' goods (181 stocks)..... do | 81.94 | 74.10 | 66.67 | 68.25 | 67.76 | ${ }^{69} 9.97$ | 73.78 | 75.10 70 | 77.53 | 79. 13 70 | 78.94 67.39 | 81.27 67.72 | ${ }_{68.03}^{83}$ |  | 83.60 64.93 |  |
| Public utility (55 stocks) .-.-.-......... do | 76.08 46.78 | 68.21 46.34 | 65.41 39.44 | 68.82 41.57 | 68.86 41.44 | 70.63 44.48 | 70.45 46.13 | 70.03 46.78 | 7.70 45.80 | 70.70 47.00 | 67.39 48.19 | 67.72 49.91 | 68.03 50.43 | 67.45 49.27 | 64.93 46.28 |  |
| Banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New York City (10 stocks) Outside New York City (16 Stocks) | 38.92 71.35 | 33.32 63.80 | 32.30 61.04 | 34.34 65.05 | 35.93 67.03 | 37.08 69.90 | 35.62 67.09 | $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} 55.32 \\ 66.0 \end{array} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 36.01 \\ & 66.56 \end{aligned}$ | 35.43 65.81 | 35.35 63.97 | 36.76 65.95 | 37.89 67.34 | 38.39 67.99 | 37.83 67.43 |  |
| Outside New York City ( 16 stocks) ....do <br> Fire and casualty insurance ( 20 stocks) ... do | 71.35 64.17 | 63.80 64.55 | 61.04 63.68 | 65.05 68.62 | 67.03 70.50 | 69.90 70.03 | 67.09 68.99 | 66.00 65.86 | 66.56 64.86 | 65.81 62.60 | 61.34 | ${ }_{62.56}$ | 58.95 | 60.84 | 58.66 |  |
| New York Stock Exchange common stock indexes:* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 47.39 | 46.15 46.18 | 41.50 41.03 | 43.73 43.28 | 44.16 43.79 | 46.02 45.61 | 47.80 47.72 | 49.02 49.02 | 49.92 50.19 | 51.00 51.78 | 50.54 51.55 | 51.67 53.13 | 52.46 54.20 | 53.23 55.28 | 53.13 55.62 | 51.40 53.79 |
|  |  | 46.18 50.26 | 41.03 42.24 | 43.28 45.82 | 43.79 48.23 | 45. 61.38 51.38 | 47.72 52.56 | 49.02 55.19 | 50.19 54.60 | 51.78 55.76 | 54.97 | 57.30 | 56. 80 | 54.89 | 51. 56 | 48.43 |
| Utility |  | 45.41 | 43.33 | 45.16 | 44.77 | 46. 43 | 47.03 | 47.88 | 48.07 | 47.20 | 45. 95 | 44.87 | 44. 69 | 44.57 | 43. 33 | 42.39 |
|  |  | 44.45 | 40.23 | 43.16 | 44.43 | 47.53 | 48.71 | 48.17 | 48.37 | 48.17 | 47.51 | 49.85 | 51.24 | 52. 98 | 52. 69 | 50.19 |
| Sales (Securities and Exchange Commission): Total on all registered exchanges: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Market value........................................ | $\begin{array}{r} 89,225 \\ 2,587 \end{array}$ | 123,034 3,188 | 8,658 223 | 8,102 219 | 9,538 266 | 11,653 320 | 11, 181 | 14, 515 | 11,777 323 | 14, 411 | 13, 898 | 13, 319 | 14, 023 | 13, 092 | $\begin{array}{r} 14,499 \\ 409 \end{array}$ |  |
| On New York Stock Exchange: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Market value .-...-...-.-.........-mil. \$-- | 73,200 | 98,565 | 7,209 | 6,638 | 7,662 | §, 320 | 8,792 | 11,465 | 9,232 | 11, 335 | 10,801 243 | 10, 114 | 10,920 | ${ }^{9,964}$ | 11, 249 |  |
| Shares sold (cleared or settled)....--millions Exclusive of odd-lot and stopped stock sales (N.Y.S.E.; sales effected)........millions. | 1,809 1,556 | 2,205 1,899 | 166 146 | 162 146 | 189 166 | 224 208 | 216 183 | 268 225 | 206 188 | 257 219 | 243 213 | 241 217 | 251 208 | 228 205 | 225 | 212 |
| Shares listed, N.Y. Stock Exch., end of period: Market value, all listed shares. $\qquad$ bil. \$. | 537.48 | 482.54 | 475.25 | 480.88 | 482.54 | 522.75 | 527. 04 | 549.49 | 572.64 | 546. 65 | 559. 50 | 586.41 | 581.99 | 600.94 | 583. 13 | 586.17 |
| Number of shares listed...-.-.-.-.-.-...- millions.- | 10,058 | 10,939 | 10,842 | 10,886 | 10,939 | 10,989 | 11, 046 | 11,073 | 11,114 | 11, 199 | 11, 277 | 11,326 | 11,374 | 11, 433 | 11, 484 | 11,568 |

## FOREIGN TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES



| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1964 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1965 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1965 | 1966 | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oet. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

FOREIGN TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES—Continued

| FOREIGN TRADE-Continued Value-Continued <br> Exports (mdse.), incl. reexports-Continued By leading countries-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| North and South America: <br> Canada. <br> mil. \$ | 5,642.8 | ti, 660.8 | 621.1 | 597.8 | 583.7 | 539.0 | 537.6 | 638.5 | 625.8 | 684.5 | 641.4 | 531.1 | 532.9 | 590.8 | 600.2 |  |
| Latin American Republics, total $9 . . . .$. do | 3,787.7 | 4,230.9 | 383.3 | 350.0 | 399.8 | 347.6 | 319.4 | 360.7 | 351.3 | 336.5 | 346.4 | 339.2 | 348.2 | 335.6 | 320.4 |  |
| Argent | 267.5 | 244.1 | 21.7 | 26.7 | 37.5 | 19.0 | 25.9 | 19.8 | 17.3 | 18.3 | 22.6 | 16.1 | 20.9 | 15.7 | 16.1 |  |
| Brazil | 347.9 | 575.0 | 51.9 | 42. 1 | ${ }^{63.6}$ | 42.8 | 39.5 | 53.5 | 40.9 | 38.3 | 35.4 | 50.6 | 54.3 | 44.0 | 33.5 |  |
| Chile | 237.4 | 256.0 | 17.8 | 19.2 | 24.8 | 21.7 | 16.0 | 23.6 | 21.2 | 20.9 | 19.0 | 19.9 | 20.6 | 18.8 | 19.6 |  |
| Colombia.-.-.......---.-..........-- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 198.5 | 287.1 | 23.6 | 22.2 | 23.4 | 19.2 | 23.1 | 16.8 | 13.4 | 16.7 | 22.3 | 15.2 | 14.6 | 17.1 | 19.2 |  |
|  | (1) | 0 | 0 | , | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | , | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
|  | 1,105.9 | 1, 180.0 | 113.6 | 98.4 | 103.4 | 102.8 | 90.8 | 105.4 | 101.2 | 103.6 | 105. 5 | 99.2 | 99.1 | 101.2 | 106.3 |  |
| Venezuela..-- -------.-.........-.-- - do | 625.6 | ${ }^{1} 598.0$ | 52.4 | 46.6 | 49.9 | 49.0 | 43.0 | 44.4 | 55.6 | 48.6 | 45.7 | 51.0 | 49.1 | 52.5 | 47.7 |  |
| Exports of U.S. merchandise, total Of....... do | 27, 135. 3 | 29,883.9 | 2,653.5 | 2,593.4 | 2,690.2 | 2,516.6 | 2,459.5 | 2,801.1 | 2,680.9 | 2,697.8 | 2,648.7 | 2,401.9 | 2, 449.9 | 2,518.2 | 2,456.0 |  |
| Excluding military grant-aid................do | 26, 356.5 | 28,943.5 | 2,584.3 | 2,538.3 | $2,619.3$ | 2,438.4 | 2,389.2 | 2,762.5 | 2,630.4 | 2,653.1 | 2,585.4 | 2, 350.8 | 2, 358.9 | 2,473.1 | 2, 418.0 |  |
| Agricultural products, total .--...........- do | 6,228. 6 | 6,884. 5 | -621.9 | 697.7 | 632.0 | 531.6 | 513.6 | 552.2 | 524.2 | 543.9 | 519.6 | 472.3 | 469.6 | 490.9 | 531.7 |  |
| Nonagricultural products, total...-----.-- do | 20, 906.7 | 23, 014.6 | r2,031.5 | 1,895.8 | 2,057. 1 | 1,985.1 | 1,946. 1 | 2,248.9 | 2,156.7 | 2,154.0 | 2, 129.2 | 1,929.6 | 1,980.3 | 2,027.3 | 1,924.2 |  |
| By commodity groups and principal commodities:* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Food and live animals of --...........-do-.-- Meats and preparations | 4, 003.1 | 4, 566.7 | - 393.7 | 394.4 17.0 | 352.1 11.6 | 334.4 11.0 | 308.2 12.8 | 358.3 12.9 | 327.8 11.6 | 333.3 13.3 | 335.9 12.4 | 322.4 10.8 | 316.2 12.6 | 334.9 12.4 | 332.9 14.9 |  |
| Meats and preparations (incl. noultr | 161.8 $2,636.6$ | 158.9 $3,189.3$ | 18.6 $\times 260.8$ | 17.0 269.0 | 11.6 241.2 | 11.0 228.0 | 11.8 196.9 | 12.9 242.5 | 11.6 212.1 | 13.3 208.9 | 11.4 214.0 | 10.8 214.8 | 12.6 210.8 | 12.4 222.4 | 1499.7 |  |
| Beverages and | 517.0 | 623.7 | 73.9 | 74.7 | 78.5 | 39.6 | 41.3 | 47.6 | 59.2 | 54.2 | 46.4 | 40.4 | 50.2 | 69.5 | 56.8 |  |
| Crude materials, inedible, exc. fuels 8. | 2, 855.5 | 3,072.2 | - 285.6 | 337.9 | 312.2 | 276.7 | 280.7 | 288.2 | 263.0 | 291.7 | 275.3 | 236.1 | 240.6 | 223.4 | 290.2 |  |
| Cotton, raw, excl. linters and waste... do | 486. 2 | 432.2 | 34.9 | 59.7 | 72.4 | 56.6 | 53.8 | 47.9 | 34.2 | 48.7 | 35.7 | 27.2 | 27.3 | 30.6 | 30.9 83 |  |
| Soybeans, exc. canned or prepared.....d Metal ores, concentrates, and scrap...-d | 650.1 434.2 | 759.9 421.8 | 92.0 $\times 41.9$ | $\begin{array}{r}124.7 \\ \hline 35.1\end{array}$ | 85.5 31.2 | 67.2 29.8 | 62.9 34.7 | 54.2 47.3 | 65.3 41.7 | 61.1 47.3 | 58.1 44.6 | 49.6 46.2 | 47.4 41.4 | 29.3 50.8 | 83.4 52.6 |  |
|  | 946.5 | 977.5 | + 91.7 | 82.5 | 75.9 | 68.9 | 81.4 | 76.4 | 84.4 | 93.3 | 94.5 | 113.7 | 120.7 | 109.1 | 92.8 |  |
| Coal and related products..-............do | 494.3 | 493.3 | 48.6 | 42.1 | 34.2 | 29.3 | 39.1 | 33.3 | 42.0 | 48.3 | 48. 6 | 38.5 | 46.0 | 40.1 | 46.8 |  |
| Petroieum and products | 417.6 | 435.6 | r 40.7 | 37.2 | 38.5 | 31.2 | 36.9 | 38.0 | 38.6 | 40.1 | 40.4 | 70.9 | 69.6 | 61.9 | 41.7 |  |
| Animal and vegetable oils, | 471.6 | 356.0 | + 21.8 | 27.7 | 32.6 | 21.4 | 32.2 | 33.4 | 29.2 | 32.1 | 38.9 | 29.9 | 22.7 | 26.2 | 24.7 |  |
| Chemicals | 2,401. 7 | 2,675.9 | - 216.6 | 218.1 | 235.9 | 227.1 | 215.2 | 242.5 | 234.2 | 249.0 | 240.2 | 220.7 | 232.7 | 235.3 | 218.6 |  |
| Manufactured goods $\%$.-------............. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 3,256.9 | 3,434.2 | 294.6 | 276.1 | 294.8 | 289.9 | 285.6 | 325.5 | 309.3 | 293.7 | 298.6 | 256.8 | 285.5 | 267.7 | 256.4 |  |
|  | 527.8 | 554.2 | 48.5 | 47.3 | 50.6 | 48.0 | 42.1 | 47.4 | 44.9 | 45.6 | 42.0 | 37.2 | 41.1 | 43.8 | 44.8 |  |
|  | 629.0 | 557.5 | 48.5 | 47.8 | 54.8 | 57.1 | 52.8 | 54.5 | 50.2 | 48.1 | 45. 6 | 42.1 | 40.6 | 41.3 | 40.0 |  |
| Nonferrous base metals..............--- - - ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 539.3 | 582.4 | 45.2 | 35.1 | 40.0 | 47.1 | 49.5 | 61.5 | 55.9 | 45.7 | 61.0 | 46.2 | 30.6 | 32.2 | 27.7 |  |
| Machinery and transport equipment, total mil. | 10, 147.1 | 11, 164.3 | 1,039.4 | 937.7 | 1,050.0 | 1,005.9 | 959.6 | 1,157.2 | 1,116.9 | 1,115. 5 | 1,088. 1 | 954.6 | 908.8 | 1,017.7 | 959.9 |  |
|  | 6,702. 1 | 7,445.9 | r 655.2 | 619.6 | 669.0 | 653.7 | 643.0 | 741.9 | 726.3 | 740.0 | 682.7 | 637.0 | 597.8 | 630.9 | 618.4 |  |
| Agricultural..........-........-.-. - .-. - do | 634.1 | 628.5 | 49.1 | 44.9 | 46.2 | 53.9 | 57.7 | 69.6 | 64.1 | 71.9 | 54.0 | 50.3 | 44.6 | 37.4 | 35.8 |  |
|  | 331.7 | 337.9 | 31.0 | 26.8 | 34.3 | 28.2 | 25.9 | 30.0 | 32.9 | 28.9 | 31.5 | 31.3 | 19.6 | 22.8 | 29.6 |  |
| Construction, excav. and mining.-.-. do | 932.9 | 970.6 | 85.6 | 87.3 | 82.1 | 82.4 | 86.5 | 96.4 | 95.8 | 97.3 | 82.9 | 84.7 | 80.3 | 85.4 | 78.0 |  |
|  | 1,659.7 | 1,898.8 | +172.9 | 164.8 | 169.9 | 165, 6 | 166.0 | 188.6 | 185.6 | 182.1 | 183.9 | 164.8 | 161.0 | 168.1 | 169.9 |  |
| Transport equipment, total............do | 3,445.0 | 3, 714. 6 | ${ }^{5} 384.2$ | 318.1 | 381.0 | 352.2 | 316.6 | 415.3 | 390.6 | 375.4 | 405.5 | 317.5 | 311.0 | 386.8 | 341.6 |  |
| Motor vehicles and parts. .............do | 1,975.5 | 2, 386.5 | 249.5 | 241.5 | 247.5 | 226.2 | 201.3 | 254.1 | 241.0 | 243.5 | 235. 2 | 179.1 | 186.2 | 222.3 | 221.3 |  |
| General imports, total $\ddagger$--.-......... .-...... ${ }_{\text {do }}$ | 21,365.6 | 25,542.2 | 2,976.9 | -2,252.4 | 2,240.1 | 2,261.8 | 2,003.5 | 2,355.9 | 2,091. 1 | 2,222. 4 | 2, 277.4 | 2, 127. 2 | 2,165.5 | 2,111.5 | 2,342.2 |  |
| Seasonally adjusted $\ddagger$--------........................ |  |  | 2,261.0 | 2,186.3 | 2,231.2 | 2,295. 6 | 2, 204.1 | 2,184.7 | 2,224.0 | 2,118.6 | 2, 228.2 | 2, 235. 4 | 2,114.1 | 2,214.9 | 2,216. 4 |  |
| By geographic re |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 877.6 | 978.8 | 73.0 | 69.8 | 79.8 | 84.6 | 94.7 | 95.6 | 78.4 | 76.9 | 68.5 | 57.4 | 54.5 | 78.3 | 74.1 |  |
| Asia. | 4, 528.1 | 5, 276.3 | 437.4 | 471.9 | 405.2 | 460.2 | 359.9 | 463.5 | 421.4 | 441.5 | 439.8 | 436.9 | 488.9 | 438.7 | 472.9 |  |
|  | 453.1 | ${ }^{593.6}$ | 54.0 | 43.2 | 42.1 | 47.4 | 41.2 | 44.9 | 46.7 | 33.4 | 57.6 | 51.9 | 56.5 | 45.3 | 46. 6 |  |
|  | 6,292.2 | 7,857. 1 | + 728.7 | 752.2 | 702.1 | 702.7 | 628.0 | 729.8 | 608.5 | 661.5 | 692.1 | 661.7 | - 630.9 | 617.6 | 723.4 |  |
| Northern North Anerica. . . . . .-........ do | 4, 837.1 | 6, 131.4 | - 561.0 | 536.9 | 627.6 | 526.8 | 497.7 | 597.8 | 544.4 | 629.0 | 643.8 | 563.5 | 578.9 | 573.3 | 637.2 |  |
| Southern North America...-.........-...- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 1,741.7 | 1,912.2 | 167.2 | 154. 0 | 168.8 | 181.0 | 163.5 | 200.9 | 176.4 | 169.7 | 176.3 | 136. 1 | 146.8 | 134. 1 | 150.1 |  |
| South America. | 2,623.8 | 2,785.2 | - 255.0 | 224.1 | 214.3 | 257.7 | 217.9 | 222.8 | 214.9 | 209.8 | 201.5 | 218.9 | 207.8 | 223.5 | 237.0 |  |
| By leading countries: <br> Africa: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| United Arab Republic (Egypt) ........do. | 16.1 | 17.6 | 3 | 1.2 | 9 | . 7 | 6 | 9 | 2 | 4.9 | 3.8 | 2 | . 6 | 1 | . 7 |  |
| Republic of South Africa.........-..... do. | 225.9 | 249.0 | 15.0 | 19.4 | 22.9 | 15.0 | 27.7 | 21.9 | 19.2 | 20.2 | 15.9 | 11.5 | 14.4 | 23.9 | 21.2 |  |
| Asia; Australia and Oceania: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 313.7 | 398.8 | 43.0 | 28.9 | 29.9 | 36.6 | 30.2 | 27.2 | 35.1 | 20.3 | 43.6 | 32.8 | 34.8 | 31.0 | 32.4 |  |
|  | 348.1 | 327.0 | 29.6 | 25.5 | 27.4 | 28.5 | 21.1 | 29.4 | 23.4 | 23.9 | 22.4 | 21.0 | 29.0 | 20.5 | 26.1 |  |
|  | 44.8 211.8 | 67.8 2176.7 | 6.3 13.4 | 5.4 | 4.7 | 7.6 17.7 | 4.8 | 6.4 | 4.1 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 2.8 10.0 | 4.2 16.4 | 4.5 18.8 | 2.9 17.5 |  |
|  | 165.2 | 179.0 | 13.6 | 13.1 | 14.9 | 12.2 | 15.3 | 17.5 | 13.7 | 14.3 | 12.7 | 16.0 | 18.5 | 14.5 | 15.2 |  |
|  | 369.1 | 397.6 | 22.1 | 33.3 | 23.3 | 29.0 | 22.9 | 36.3 | 34.3 | 20.7 | 3 E .1 | 36.0 | 41.2 | 29.3 | 28.6 |  |
|  | 2,413.9 | 2,962.6 | 254.4 | 272.9 | 227.6 | 257.4 | 193.2 | 251.5 | 228.7 | 248.7 | 251.6 | 251.2 | 269.8 | 251.6 | 280.2 |  |
| Europe: France |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 615.3 | 697.9 | 65.0 | 66.6 | 56.5 | 58.3 | 49.5 | 57.9 | 52.8 | 54.5 | 60.2 | 60.7 | 62.5 | 46.1 | 58.2 |  |
| East Germany - .-...-.......................... do- | 6.5 | 8.2 | 1.0 |  | .4 | 2.1 | . 4 | .3 | . 2 | . 3 | . 3 | . 4 | . 3 | . 3 | . 5 |  |
|  | $1,341.4$ 619.7 | $1,795.6$ 743.0 | 163.3 <br> 71.1 | 175.9 73.6 | 163.5 66.2 | 172.2 57.7 | 142.8 619 | 160.3 77 | 131.7 | 142.9 | 166.1 | 166.1 | 142.0 | 156.0 | 182.5 |  |
| Union of Soviet Socialist Republics ... do | 42.6 | 49.4 | 4.4 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 6.4 | 1.9 | 6.0 | 2.4 | 69.4 4.5 | 70.4 2.5 | ${ }_{1.7}^{1.7}$ | 77.3 +3.8 | 59.2 3.2 | 79.9 2.9 |  |
|  | 1,405.2 | 1,786.1 | 174.6 | 178.7 | 165.5 | 147.4 | 133.7 | 147.1 | 123.5 | 154.9 | 139.3 | 131.3 | 136.4 | 130.5 | 137.4 |  |
| North and South America: Canada | 4,831.9 | 6, 124.9 | 560.2 | 536.4 | 627.4 | 526.3 | 497.6 | 597.5 | 544.3 | 628.5 | 643.4 | 562.5 | 578.2 | 572.0 | 637.0 |  |
| Latin American Republics, total $¢ . . .$. do.... | 3,674.8 | 3,969.9 | 354.8 | 324.9 | 317.8 | 365.9 | 319.8 | 344.6 | 331.7 | 317.8 | 304.9 | 304.4 | 296.8 | 298.6 | 317.1 |  |
| Argentina_.............--................ d | 122.1 | 148.8 | 11.5 | 13.1 | 12.3 | 14.8 | 10.4 | 13.5 | 9.6 | 11.2 | 10.6 | 10.0 | 11.2 |  | 13.6 |  |
| Brazil. | 512.4 | 599.7 | 79.3 | 46.7 | 42.4 | 52.1 | 36.0 | 43.2 | 38.4 | 37.9 | 41.0 | 54.4 | 54.4 | 53.1 | 60.3 |  |
| Chile | 209.4 | 229.1 | 19.6 | 21.3 | 14.8 | 14.7 | 25.8 | 11.4 | 15. 5 | 18.6 | 16. 2 | 11.8 | 9.4 | 17.9 | 9.5 |  |
| Colombla |  | 244.8 | 13.4 | 15.6 | 19.0 | 25.3 | 18.8 | 18.9 | 19.7 | 19.1 | 23.0 | 22.0 | 18.5 | 19.1 | 17.2 |  |
| Cuba | (1) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| Venezuela | 1,018.0 | 750. $1,002.4$ | 59.4 78.4 | 66.8 81.2 | 69.3 30.1 | 70.3 100.7 | 65.2 82.0 | 70.5 85.9 | 71.7 90.2 | 64.3 78.6 | 63.3 66.1 | 750.7 | 55.3 70.1 | 49.2 73.2 | 57.6 86.0 |  |

 1964-Nov. 1965 will be shown later. of Includes data not shown separately. ©See
similar note on p. S-21. *New Series. Comparable data prior to 1965 for the groups are not available; data for individual commodities may be obtained from Bureau of Census
reports.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1964 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1965 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1965 | 1966 | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

FOREIGN TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES-Continued


## TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATION



- Revised. P Preliminary. As compiled by Air Transport Assn. of America ments of $\$ 2.6 \mathrm{mil}$. were deferred until. ${ }^{2}$ d guarter 1967 . for the 34 purier 1967 payments or $\$ 1.4$ mil have been deferred until the 4th qtr. 1967.

Revisions for Jan.-July 1966 will be shown later
$q$ Includes data not shown separately.

New series, replacing imports for consumption data formerly shown. Comparable monthly data, beginning Jan. 1965, will be shown later. ofeginning Jan. 1965, indexes are based on general imports, instead of imports for con-
§Excludes "special category" shipments and all commodities exported under foreign-aid programs as Department of Defense controlled cargo

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1964 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1965 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1965 | 1966 | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

## TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATION—Continued

| TRANSPORTATION-Continued Motor Carriers (Intercity)-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Freight carried, volume indexes, class I and II (ATA): <br> Common and contract carriers of property (qtrly.) ......-average same period, 1957-59 $=100$. Common carrlers of general frelght, seas. adj.* $1857-59=100$ | 150.9 144.3 | 161.2 156.0 | 156.7 | 155.7 | 154.9 | 153.6 | 155.7 | 155.8 150.2 | 134.3 | 141.6 | 154.0 147.3 | 143.7 | 148.6 | 145.5 | 146.4 |  |
| Carriers of passengers, class I (qtrly.) : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of reporting carriers......................- | ${ }^{1} 156$ | ${ }^{1} 156$ |  |  | 156 |  |  | 162 |  |  | 162 1628 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating revenises, total....-...-.........-mil. \$.- | 610.3 | 641.0 |  |  | 155.0 |  |  | 137.8 |  |  | 162.8 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 516.7 | 545.8 223.2 |  |  | 136.5 |  |  | 133.3 |  |  | 145.3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Passengers carried (revenue) } \\ & \text { Class I Railroads } \end{aligned}$ | 218.3 | 223.2 |  |  | 56.1 |  |  | 52.5 |  |  | 55.8 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Frelght carloadings (AAR): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 29, 248 | 29,618 | 2, 526 | 2. 333 | 22,624 | 2,049 | 2,054 | 22,660 | 2, 221 | 2,282 | 22,728 | 1,968 | 2,221 | 22,777 | 2,345 | 2,206 |
|  | 5,555 | 5,590 | 485 | 443 | - 553 | 2, 438 | -434 | ${ }^{2} 528$ | - 458 | - 459 | ${ }^{2} 511$ | - 357 | - 448 | 2 2 3 3 2 | 2, 438 | 2, 428 |
|  | -428 | ${ }^{4} 432$ | 32 | 32 | 238 2 | 29 | 29 | ${ }_{2}^{234}$ | -28 | [29 | ${ }_{2}^{234}$ | 24 | 26 | 234 2301 | 28 | 30 |
|  | 1,978 | 1,996 | 154 | 146 | ${ }^{2} 175$ | 148 | 158 | ${ }^{2} 205$ | 155 | 158 | ${ }_{2}^{2} 192$ | 144 | 164 | 2 -201 -918 | 161 | 152 |
| Grain and grain products..................- do...- | 2,662 | 2,877 | 234 | 233 | 2252 | 201 | 193 | 2249 | 170 | 161 | 2216 | 196 | 212 | 2218 | 206 | 207 |
|  | 125 | 110 | 19 | 14 | 210 | 6 | 4 | 27 | 5 | 5 | 25 | 4 | 5 | 211 | 14 | 11 |
|  | 1,956 | 2,131 | 203 | 155 | 2108 | 67 | 68 | 291 | 121 | 197 | 2268 | 198 | 194 | ${ }^{2} 221$ | 161 | 132 |
|  | + 459 | , 322 | 26 | 24 | 228 | 20 | 20 | 225 | 21 | 20 | 225 | 17 | 17 | 221 | 19 | 18 |
|  | 16,084 | 16,159 | 1,372 | 1, 285 | 21,460 | 1,139 | 1,149 | ${ }^{2} 1,520$ | 1,263 | 1,253 | ${ }^{2} 1,476$ | 1,029 | 1,155 | 21,532 | 1,319 | 1,228 |
| Freight carloadings, seas. adj. Inderes (Fed. R.): <br> Total.......................... $1957-59=100$ | 97 | 96 | 94 | 97 | 99 | 97 | 96 | 96 | 96 | 93 | 89 | 85 | 90 | 90 | 89 | 93 |
|  | 97 | 95 | 96 | 95 | 95 | 95 | 96 | 97 | 104 | 102 | 97 | 97 | 95 | 89 | 87 |  |
|  | 100 | 98 | 91 | 88 | 87 | 82 | 78 | 74 | 80 | 87 | 85 | 84 | 86 | 82 | 80 |  |
|  | 103 | 102 | 97 | 98 | 103 | 105 | 107 | 109 | 103 | 102 | 99 | 99 | 100 | 104 | 102 |  |
| Grain and grain produets .................do. ${ }^{\text {do... }}$ | 97 | 105 | 100 | 104 | 109 | 99 | 94 | 100 | 88 | 85 | 80 | 74 | 94 | 87 | 88 |  |
|  | 40 | 35 | 37 | 40 | 38 | 32 | 29 | 30 | 24 | 23 | 25 | 26 | 24 | 27 | 27 |  |
|  | 95 | 102 | 92 | 130 | 129 | 116 | 104 | 96 | 116 | 92 | 83 | 78 | 75 | 74 | 73 |  |
| Merchandise, | 20 | 14 | 13 | 13 | 13 | 12 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 10 | 9 | 9 | 9 |  |
|  | 100 | 99 | 96 | 100 | 101 | 100 | 98 | 98 | 98 | 95 | 92 | 87 | 92 | 94 | 93 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating revenues, total 9 ................mil. \$-- | 10,208 | 10,655 |  |  | 2,718 |  |  | 2,536 |  |  | 2,628 2,312 |  |  | 2,529 |  |  |
|  | 8,836 553 | 9, 281 |  |  | 2,368 |  |  | 2,226 |  |  | 2, 312 |  |  | 2, 217 |  |  |
|  | 553 | 544 |  |  | 125 |  |  | 117 |  |  |  |  |  | 131 |  |  |
|  | 7,850 | 8,117 |  |  | 2,098 |  |  | 2,027 |  |  | 2,069 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,396 | 1,492 |  |  | 356 |  |  | 364 |  |  | 146 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net rallway operating income.-.......-.-.-. do. | 1962 | 1,046 |  |  | 263 |  |  | 145 |  |  | 179 |  |  | 128 |  |  |
| Net income (after taxes)......................-dido.... | 815 | 902 |  |  | 244 |  |  | 121 |  |  | 143 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating results: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ton-miles of freight (net), revenue and nonrevenue (qtrly.) | 709.3 | 750.5 |  |  | 189.7 |  |  | 180.0 |  |  | 186.8 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 697.7 | 738.3 |  |  | 186.1 |  |  | 177.2 |  |  | 184.0 | 350.2 | 356.6 | 2370.8 | 360.8 | 357.2 |
| Revenue per ton-mile (qtrly. avg.) .......cents.. | 1. 266 | 1.257 |  |  | 1.272 |  |  | 1. 256 |  |  | 1. 257 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Passengers (revenue) carried 1 mile (qtriy.) . mil | 17.389 | 17,095 |  |  | 3,880 |  |  | 3,567 |  |  | 3,793 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Water way Trafic |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Panama Canal: <br> Total thous. lg. tons. | 78.927 | 83,019 | 6, 862 | 6,549 | 6,744 | 7,013 | 6,929 | 7,909 | 7,136 | 7,778 | 7, 841 | 8,378 | 7,843 | 7,179 | 7,874 |  |
| In Ünited States vessels.....-................do..... | 9.080 | 8,630 | 863 | -692 | $\begin{array}{r}6,750 \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }^{\prime} 815$ | 6.920 6 | +819 | ${ }^{7} 702$ | '943 | ${ }^{7} \mathbf{7 6 7}$ | $\begin{array}{r}8,370 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 7,843 | 7,763 | 7,791 |  |
| Hotels: <br> Travel |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average sale per occupled room. .........dollars.. | 9.71 | 10.03 | 10.86 | 10.41 | 9.35 | 10.03 | 10.22 | 9.79 | 10.98 | 10. 41 | 11.06 | 9.93 | 11.12 | 10.97 | 11.40 |  |
| Rooms occupled....-...----......... $\%$ of total.- | 62 | 62 | 69 | 60 | 49 | 59 | 62 | 64 | 67 | 64 | 63 | 55 | 63 | 64 | 68 |  |
| Restaurant sales index ...same mo. $1051=100$ | 112 | 115 | 113 | 108 | 118 | 106 | 114 | 122 | 123 | 128 | 123 | 109 | 112 | 120 | 112 |  |
| Foreign travel: <br> V.S. citizens: Arrivals |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3,351 | 3,881 | 311 <br> 250 <br> 1 | 251 | 236 248 | 273 <br> 258 | 254 | 322 | 308 | 356 365 | 402 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2,093 | 2, 413 | 217 | 181 | 177 | 185 | 149 | 191 | 206 | 223 | 236 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,819 | 2,040 | 187 | 157 | 183 | 133 | 123 | 154 | 157 | 190 | 217 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Passports issucd and renewed..............do.... | 1,330 | 1,548 | 73 | 71 | 67 | 100 | 111 | 188 | 197 | +224 | . 219 |  |  | 100 |  | 79 |
| National parks, visits.............................. do..-- | 36. 509 | 38,490 | 2, 664 | 1,329 | 851 | 932 | 941 | 1,380 | 1,711 | 2,417 | 5, 674 | 8,814 | 8,595 | 3,892 | 2, 725 |  |
| Pullman Co. (qtrly.): Passenger-miles (revenue) $\ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . m i l ~$ | 2, 014 | 1,969 |  |  | 397 |  |  | 403 |  |  | 358 |  |  | 385 |  |  |
|  | 34.55 | 33.80 |  |  | 6.91 |  |  | 6.97 |  |  | 6.11 |  |  | 6.47 |  |  |
| COMMUNICATION (QTREY.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Telephone carriers: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 11,750 6,272 | 12,904 6,699 |  |  | 3,330 1,717 |  |  | 3,356 1,732 |  |  | 3,445 1,764 |  | --------- | 3,477 1,773 |  |  |
|  | 6,272 4,188 | 6,699 4,761 |  |  | 1,717 |  |  | 1,732 |  |  | 1,764 |  |  | 1,773 |  |  |
| Operating expenses (before taxes) .-...---- do. | 7,076 | 7,713 |  |  | 2,038 |  |  | 2, 040 |  |  | 2,067 |  |  | 2, 059 |  |  |
|  | 2,091 | 2,317 |  |  | - 580 |  |  | -584 |  |  | 618 |  |  | 243 |  |  |
| Phones in service, end of period...-...........mil.- | 81.5 | 86.0 |  |  | 86.0 |  |  | 87.0 |  |  | 87.8 |  |  | 89.0 |  |  |
| Telegraph carriers: Domestic: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating revenues.....-....................... | 305.6 | 319.3 |  |  | 81.7 |  |  | 81.5 |  |  | 85.3 |  |  | 83.5 |  |  |
| Operating expenses, incl. depreciation.-..do...- | 267.4 | 275.5 |  |  | 69.7 |  |  | 71.8 |  |  | 73.4 |  |  | 74.0 |  |  |
| Net operating revenues.....-.-..........-. do..... | 23.8 | 24.9 |  |  | 7.5 |  |  | 4.3 |  |  | 7.0 |  |  | 4.6 |  |  |
| International: $\sigma^{\prime}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating revenues ..............-.-.-.-. do. | 112.2 | 121.4 |  |  | 31.4 |  |  | 31.2 |  |  | 33.1 |  |  | 33. 3 |  |  |
| Operating expenses, incl. depreciation....do. | 87.0 | 90.4 |  |  | 23.8 |  |  | 23.9 |  |  | 24.8 |  |  | 25. 4 |  |  |
| Net operating revenues.....................do.... | 21.0 | 27.1 |  |  | 6. 6 |  |  | 6.3 |  |  | 7.1 |  |  | 6.8 |  |  |

[^30]§Effective 1st qtr. 1965, carriers reporting both intercity and local and suburban schedules are classified as intercity if intercity revenues equal or exceed 50 percent of revenues from both operations
ofncludes data not shown separately
o'Comparability of data between periods shown has been affected by organizational changes: certain operations reported prior to 1965 , and others reported through mid-1965. are no longer covered.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1964 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1965 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1965 | 1966 | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS

| CHEMICALS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Inorganic chemicals, production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Acetylene............................................... | 16,745 | 16,839 | 1,426 | 1,399 | 1,409 | 1,467 | 1,234 | 1,225 | 1,280 | 1,220 | 1,069 | 1,029 | 1,162 | 1,146 |  |  |
| Ammona, synthetic anhydous thous. sh. tons.- | 8,710.9 | 10,6i1.1 | 822.2 | 911.4 | 1,049.6 | 994.9 | 928.7 | 1,032.2 | 991.4 | 1,072.8 | 1,002.0 | 967.6 | 950.7 | 927.9 |  |  |
| Carbon dioxide, liquid, gas, and solid......do.... | 1,077. 7 | 1,298. 2 | 113.9 | 106.9 | 96.2 | 91.6 | 84.7 | 93.9 | 92.9 | 103.6 | 112.9 | 109.8 | 115.3 | 104.1 |  |  |
|  | 6, 478.7 | 6,946.0 | 605.2 | 599.6 | 615.2 | 633.1 | 589.0 | 648.1 | 613.0 | 643.7 | 624.1 | 647.2 | +619.3 -1278 | 622.8 |  |  |
| Hydrochloric acid (100\% HCl ) - - - ------- do | 1,368.1 | ${ }^{1} 1,504.8$ | 135.5 | 129.5 | 135.4 | 133.6 | 126.7 | 138.8 | 133.2 | 134.2 | 125.9 | 120.8 | -127.6 | ${ }^{132.2}$ |  |  |
| Nitric acid ( $100 \% \mathrm{HNO}_{3}$ ) .-.-..........-.- do | 4,889.7 | 5,333.0 | 469.2 | 497.5 | 512.5 | 531.8 | 521.3 | 544.3 | 531.9 | 515.4 | 446.3 | 457.5 | , 493.4 | 504.8 |  |  |
|  | ${ }_{3}^{182,031}$ | $\xrightarrow{214,531.2}$ | 19.178 388.0 | 18,584 374.3 | 18,343 391.6 | 18, ${ }^{183} 4$ | 17,072 | 13,899 424.8 | 17,617 410.6 | 18,557 408.4 | 17,397 | 17,656 | 18,932 | 18,753 |  |  |
| Phosphoric acid ( $100 \% \mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{3}$ )...thous. sh. tons Sodium carbonate (soda ash), synthetic ( $58 \%$ | 3,904. 6 | 44, 531.2 | 388.0 | 374.3 | 391.6 | 406.7 | 404.9 | 424.8 | 410.6 | 408.4 | 353.6 | 345.0 | 357.9 | 362.3 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ ) | 4,928.0 | 5,073.2 | 445. 2 | 408.2 | 424.4 | 391.2 | 359.6 | 429.1 | 408.7 | 404.0 | 421.7 | 398.1 | 402.4 | 378.0 |  |  |
| Sodium bichromate and chromate........... do Sodium hydroxide ( $100 \% \mathrm{NaOH}$ ) ..............do.... | 6,796.4 | 138.9 $7,342.0$ | 12.9 649.0 | 9.3 634.1 | 9.1 657.2 | 11.5 656.9 | 11.8 596.0 | 11.6 660.0 | 11.2 642 | 10.1 673.0 | 10.7 643.5 | 9.7 662.3 | + $\begin{array}{r}11.1 \\ \hline 643.1\end{array}$ | 10.3 640.9 |  |  |
| Sodium silicate (soluble silicate glass), anhydrous thous. sh. tons. | 587.8 | 609.1 | 55.1 | 52.8 | 51.1 | 47.9 | 48.3 | 53.6 | 45.1 | 43.6 | 10.7 55.3 | 62.3 50.7 | 11.1 50.6 | 51.8 |  |  |
| Sodium sulfates (anhydrous, refined; Glauber's salt; crude saltcake) $\qquad$ thous sh. tons | 1,407.9 | 1,427.4 | 115.0 | 112.8 | 114.0 | 117.0 | 106.1 | 121.7 | 115.2 | 122.4 | 109.6 | 102.2 | 113.7 | 121.0 |  |  |
|  | 24,850.7 | 28,477.3 | 2,430.3 | 2,462.5 | 2,568.4 | 2,356.1 | 2,330. 3 | 2,480.8 | 2,460.1 | 2,426.0 | 2,196.2 | 2,115.3 | '2,259.6 | 2, 171.8 |  |  |
| Organic chemicals, production: $0^{7}$ Actic anhydride ${ }^{\text {a }}$ ( mil ib |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $11,531.7$ 29.0 | $11,660.9$ 34.1 | 126.8 3.2 | 137.0 2.7 | 137.3 3.4 | 120.8 2.9 | 114.7 2.2 | 108.4 2.9 | 129.7 2.9 | 135.0 2.5 | 135.8 1.7 | 140.1 2.2 | 131.8 2.2 | 127.0 2.8 | 131.5 3.3 |  |
|  | ${ }^{12123.6}$ | : 112.7 | 8.8 | 9.6 | 10.0 | 9.9 | 7.2 | 10.6 | 11.4 | 9.1 | 9.5 | 9.2 | 9.9 | 9.9 | 9.0 |  |
|  | 1140.8 | 141.5 | 11.5 | 10.3 | 10.9 | 9.9 | 10.1 | 9.7 | 9.4 | 9.7 | 7.0 | 9.6 | 10.5 | 5.7 | 4.4 |  |
| Ethyl acetate (85\%) | ${ }_{1}^{1} 114.0$ | ${ }^{1} 1121.6$ | 9.7 318 | 12.8 | 12.1 | 10.9 | 8.3 | 10.7 32 | 12.4 | 12.8 | 14.2 | 10.1 | 11.2 | 9.4 | 8.7 |  |
| Formaldehyde ( $37 \%$ HCHO) ---.......-.-. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ do | 13,106.6 | ${ }^{13,627.1}$ | 318.8 | 309.6 | 308.3 | 300.9 | 289.8 | 321.8 | 308.9 | 319.5 | 295.4 | 281.2 | 299.0 | 289.8 | 309.8 |  |
| Glycerin, refined, all grades: <br> Production | 353.2 | 365.6 | 32.4 | 35.2 | 30.8 | 30.9 | 26.5 | 30.9 | 31.0 | 33.3 | 28.1 | 26.8 | 24.8 | 25.7 | 32.7 |  |
| Stocks, end of period --..-.-.......-.-. do | 24.7 | 26.0 | ${ }^{22.4}$ | 24.3 | 26.0 | 27.5 | 27.3 | 27.0 | 27.2 | 27.7 | 29.4 | 27.9 | 22.3 | 21.4 | 24.8 |  |
| Methanol, synthetic and natural .......-mil. gal-- | 1433.3 | ${ }^{1} 485.6$ | 43.1 | 42.8 59 | 48.1 | 42.2 | 41.0 | ${ }^{44.5}$ | 39.6 | 45.9 | 45.7 | 41.9 | 44.9 | 39.5 | 41.9 |  |
| Phthalic anhydride mil. 1b <br> ALCOHOL | ${ }^{1} 608.3$ | ${ }^{1} 674.8$ | 58.4 | 59.9 | 58.7 | 58.3 | 53.6 | 57.6 | 59.8 | 60.4 | 55.0 | 52.8 | 61.0 | 65.1 | 63.0 |  |
| Ethyl alcohol and spirits: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 710.1 200.5 | 659.6 204.0 | 65.2 196.9 | 59.6 199.0 | 59.4 204.0 | 57.0 203.1 | 49.1 205.1 | 56.3 204.1 | 52.6 209.5 | 63.4 214.4 | 57.2 216.0 | 54.1 221.9 | 55.2 | 57.4 218.6 |  |  |
| Use for denaturation......-..................-do... | 589.5 | 570.0 | 50.9 | 47.7 | 48.0 | 56.6 | 41.9 | 51.6 | 39.8 | 49.2 | 45.6 | 48.5 | 49.7 | 43.3 |  |  |
| Taxable withdrawals...-----.-...............-. - do. | 70.0 | 74.7 | 8.9 | 6.8 | 5.2 | 5.1 | 5.0 | 6.7 | 6.5 | 7.0 | 6.8 | 5.3 | 6.5 | 7.1 |  |  |
| Denatured alcohol: <br> Production $\qquad$ mil. wine gal | 315.9 | 307.3 | 27.8 | 25.8 | 25.9 | 30. 4 | 22.6 | 27.9 | 21.5 | 26.5 | 24.5 | 26.1 | 26.8 | 23.3 |  |  |
| Consumption (withdrawals) -...............do... | 315.2 | 310.0 | 26.7 | 26.5 | 26.2 | 30.7 | 22.8 | 26.8 | 21.8 | 26.1 | 25.0 | 25.7 | r 26.8 | 23.1 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of period..........-.............do. | 5.4 | 3.5 | 4.0 | 3.2 | 3.5 | 3.2 | 2.8 | 3.8 | 3.6 | 4.0 | 3.6 | 4.0 | 4.1 | 4.4 |  |  |
| FERTILIZERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{3} 10.810$ | 14, 219 | 1,131 | 1,497 | 1,432 | 1,273 | 1,128 | 1,166 | 1,171 | 1,311 | 1.360 | 1,111 | 1,354 |  | 1,501 |  |
| Nitrogenous materials.... .-.-..............-do.... | 3 <br> 3 <br> 3 <br> 3 1,104104 | 2,303 10,018 1 | 193 <br> 805 <br> 8 | 443 864 |  | 116 979 |  | ${ }_{922}^{137}$ | 140 943 | 153 | 195 959 9 | 68 855 8 | 111 940 | 218 | ${ }^{334}$ |  |
| Phosphate materials. <br> Potash materials | 3 3 3 1,053 | 10,018 1,000 | $\begin{array}{r}805 \\ 88 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 864 58 | $\begin{array}{r}1,019 \\ \hline 94\end{array}$ | 979 136 | 854 108 | $\stackrel{822}{83}$ | 943 77 | 947 87 | 959 76 | 855 53 | 940 98 | 773 109 | 1963 |  |
| Imports: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ammonium nitrate | ${ }_{181}^{177}$ | ${ }_{160}^{154}$ | 13 10 | 14 20 | 12 12 | 11 | 9 29 | 19 <br> 32 | 28 19 | 21 5 | ${ }_{3}^{12}$ | $\stackrel{10}{2}$ | 10 | $\stackrel{12}{8}$ | 16 |  |
|  | 1.780 | 2.382 | 260 | 228 | 175 | 221 | 213 | 244 | 308 | 207 | 154 | 121 | 264 | 293 | 179 |  |
|  | 398 | 321 | 13 | 13 | 35 | , | 30 | 22 | 22 | 21 | 39 | 24 | 16 | 5 | 2 |  |
| Potash deliveries ( $\mathrm{K}_{2} \mathrm{O}$ ) | 3,342 | 3,991 | 372 | 282 | 286 | 351 | 296 | 504 | 611 | 319 | 217 | 145 | 298 | 380 |  |  |
| Superphosphate and other phosphatic fertilizers ( $100 \% \mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}$ ): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production--....................-. thous. sh. tons. | 3,834 469 | $\begin{array}{r} 4,431 \\ 624 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 367 \\ & 552 \end{aligned}$ | 370 612 | 395 624 | 403 | 406 637 | 439 623 | 415 529 | 385 | 346 627 | 287 | 325 713 | 339 657 |  |  |
| MISCELLANEOUS PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Explosives (industrial), shipments, quarteriy: <br> Black blasting powder -............................... lb . |  |  |  |  | -1.0 |  |  | . 1 |  |  | .1 |  |  | $\cdot 1$ |  |  |
| High explosives - | 1,459.4 | 1,753.1 |  |  | 427.8 |  |  | 406.4 |  |  | 456.2 |  |  | 442.0 |  |  |
| Total shipments - . | 2, 169.3 | 2, 364.4 | 195.6 | 178.5 | 149.9 | 162.0 | 167.3 | 208.3 | 208.6 | 231.7 | 250.4 | 214.8 | 248.2 | 210.4 |  |  |
|  | 1,246.7 | 1,312.4 | 105.2 | 91.2 | 73.0 | 81.3 | 88.9 | 114.8 | 121.1 | 134.4 | 146.7 | 134.2 | 146.8 | 120.1 |  |  |
| Industrial finishes Sulfur native (Frasch) and recovered:-.........do.... | 922.6 | 1,052.0 | 90.4 | 87.3 | 76.9 | 80.7 | 78.4 | 93.5 | 87.5 | 97.3 | 103.7 | 80.7 | 101.5 | 90.3 |  |  |
| Sulur, native (Frasch) and recovered: ${ }_{\text {Production.............thous. } \mathrm{lg} \text {. tons.. }}$ | ${ }^{1} 7,336$ | 18,242 | 705 | 699 | 722 |  |  | 708 |  | 719 | 668 |  | 695 | 673 |  |  |
| Stocks (producers'), end of period....-.....do...- | 3,425 | 2,704 | 2,871 | 2,926 | 2,704 | 2,722 | 2,618 | 2,492 | 2,405 | 2,349 | 2,215 | 2,278 | 2,244 | 2,263 |  |  |
| Plastics and resin materials |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production: <br> Cellulose plastic materials.- ..............il. lb.- | ${ }^{1} 169.5$ | 1190.6 | 16.3 | 15.3 | 16.1 | 14.1 | 14.5 | 15.7 | 13.8 | 15.1 | 14.2 | 11.6 | 12.5 | 12.7 |  |  |
| Thermosetting resins: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alkyd resins...-.-.-.-.-.-.-........-do...- Coumarone-indene and petrolum polymer | ${ }^{1} 639.6$ | ${ }^{1} 614.0$ | 48.6 | 47.3 | 45.0 | 46.7 | 43.3 | 51.1 | 47.6 | 52.3 | 52.8 | 46.1 | 53.1 | 50.1 |  |  |
| Coumarone-indene and petroleum polymer resins | 1324.3 | ${ }^{1} 333.5$ | 23.9 | 27.1 | 22.0 | 23.4 | 25.5 | 28.1 | 24.9 | 19.0 | 25.4 | 20.5 | 20.8 | 29.0 |  |  |
|  | 1398.9 | 453.3 | 37.9 | 38.0 | 37.1 | 35.9 | 35.4 | 41.6 | 40.1 | 46.4 | 41.8 | 35.7 | 44.0 | 39.4 |  |  |
| Phenolic and other tar acid resins.......-do | ${ }_{1}^{1921.8}$ | 1982.6 | 90.6 | 80.4 | 73.9 | 77.7 | 73.2 | 88.2 | 80.6 | 80.8 | 80.0 | 67.3 | 80.7 | 79.2 |  |  |
| Urea and melamine resins....-..........-. - do | ${ }^{1} 621.2$ | 1632.8 | 58.3 | 51.8 | 47.1 | 50.8 | 46.8 | 57.4 | 51.2 | 51.3 | 56.6 | 42.8 | 57.9 | 60.8 |  |  |
| Thermoplastic resins: <br> Styrene-type plastic materials (polyst yrene) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| mill lb-. | 12,033. 1 | 12,397.2 | 210.3 | 210.2 | 192.7 | 190.8 | 188.6 | 201.2 | 207.9 | 208.5 | 192.3 | 169.8 | 190.2 | 189.8 |  |  |
| Vinyl resins (resin content hasis) .-....-- do.... | 12,312.3 | 12,670.2 | 239.2 | 227.5 | 227.0 | 223.4 | 204.4 | 225.5 | 215.9 | 211.8 | 212.2 | 167.7 | 203.1 | 221.5 |  |  |
| Polyethylene....................-.......-do.... | 3,047.4 | 13,558.7 | 304.6 | 312.7 | 326.3 | 306.8 | 296.9 | 330.5 | 320.5 | 316.1 | 309.8 | 299.7 | 291.8 | 296.6 |  |  |

${ }_{2}$ Revised. ${ }^{1}$ Revised annual total; revisions are not distributed to the monthly data.
2 Beginning Jan. 1965, data exclude creosote in coal-tar solutions (formerly included); these average 930,000 gallons per month in $1964 .{ }^{3}$ See note " $O$ " for $p$. S-21.
${ }^{7}$ Data are reported on the basis of 100 percent content of the specified material unless otherwise indicated. FIncludes data not shown separately.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1964 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1965 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1965 | 1966 | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | - Sept | Oct. | Nov. |

## ELECTRIC POWER AND GAS



FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS; TOBACCO
\$Monthly revisions for 1964 appear on $p$. 43 of the June 1966 Survey; production data for

r Revised. all petiods shown here include Alaska and Hawaii.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1964 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1965 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1965 | 1966 | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS; TOBACCO-Continued

| DAIRY PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Butter, creamery: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,324. 6 | 1,112.0 | 78.0 | 80.9 | 97.2 | 112.3 | 105.0 | 111.8 | 120.0 | 129.1 | 129.5 | 104.9 | 86.2 | 75.3 | 84.6 |  |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of period...-.-....do...- | 52.1 | 32.3 | 58.1 | 39.0 | 32.3 | 35.1 | 54.7 | 76.2 | 102.9 | 151.2 | 191.6 | 228.5 | 233.2 | 212.4 | ${ }^{+} 200.5$ | 187.3 |
| Price, wholesale, 92-score (N.Y.)...-.---\$ per lb-- | . 610 | . 672 | . 699 | 680 | . 674 | . 669 | . 672 | . 672 | 672 | . 673 | 672 | 672 | 681 | 677 | . 676 | . 675 |
| Cheese: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (factory), total.......---......mil. lb .- | 1,755.5 | -1,860.0 | r 140.8 | 139.4 | 155.3 | 152.3 | 143.7 | 160.7 | 170.5 | 187.3 | 192.0 | 172.4 | 159.4 | 140.8 | 138.1 |  |
|  | 1,158.4 | -1,221.6 | $r 90.7$ | 85.8 | 98.6 | 101.1 | 95.4 | 106.7 | 119.1 | 131.1 | 137.4 | 120.6 | 108.6 | 90.8 | 87.2 |  |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of period..........do | 308.6 | 372.7 | 388.8 | 378.3 | 372.7 | 367.8 | 361.2 | 367.4 | 387.4 | 408.0 | 442.7 | 457.1 | 450.8 | 439.5 | r 419.7 | 399.3 |
| American, whole milk .-................... do | 271.0 | 322.2 | 335. 5 | 325.4 | 322.2 | 317.4 | 308.6 | 317.9 | 335.1 | 355.4 | 388.9 | 403.6 | 397.1 | 386.1 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 370.0$ | 351.0 |
|  | 79.3 | 135.5 | 15.3 | 17.8 | 17.8 | 14.7 | 13.2 | 18.8 | 15.7 | 11.7 | 18.4 | 12.0 | 7.2 | 7.6 | 8.5 |  |
| Price, wholesale, American, single daisies (Chicago) | . 450 | . 527 | . 554 | . 530 | . 530 | . 530 | . 520 | . 518 | .518 | . 518 | . 522 | . 524 | . 518 | . 518 | . 518 |  |
| Condensed and evaporated milk: Production, case goods: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production, case goods: Condensed (sweetened) $\ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . m i l . ~ l b . . ~$ | 95.9 | 128.6 | 12.3 | 11.1 | 9.5 | 4.6 | 2.9 | 4.0 | 6.6 | 6.9 | 6.2 | 7.9 | 3.4 | 3.2 | 4.3 |  |
|  | 1,693.0 | 1,696.1 | 123.6 | 104.9 | 108.2 | 105.2 | 103.6 | 119.8 | 146.5 | 165.2 | 173.3 | 152.0 | 141.9 | 115.5 | 97.0 |  |
| Stocks, manufacturers', case goods, end of period: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Condensed (sweetened) ---.-.....-....-mil. ${ }^{\text {Evaporated }}$ (unsweetened) | $\begin{array}{r}5.9 \\ \hline 4.8\end{array}$ | 11.6 192.9 | 7.0 3.4 | 7.2 230.8 | 11.6 192.9 | 14.3 150.0 | 15.5 119.6 | 13.8 81.9 | 9.8 124.0 | 10.9 174.2 | 12.1 228 | 14.6 266.8 | 13.6 281.8 | 10.4 292.2 | 8.7 265.3 |  |
| Exports: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Condensed (sweetened) .-...----.......-. do | ${ }^{1} 65.3$ | 92.9 | 10.3 | 7.0 | 5. 6 | $\left.{ }^{2}\right)$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 1.8 | 7.3 | 7.0 | 5.2 | 1 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | (2) | ${ }^{(2)}$ |  |
| Evaporated (unsweetened) .-.---.........-.- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 124.7 | 38.4 | 3.4 | 2.1 | 3.0 | 1.5 | 5.9 | 3.7 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 3.6 | 3.2 | 1.4 | 2.3 | 2.5 |  |
| Price, manufacturers' average selling: <br> Evaporated (unswectened) . .-...-.-. \$ per case. - | 6.09 | 6.73 | 7.06 | 7.07 | 7.06 | 7.05 | 7.05 | 7.05 | 7.05 | 7.05 | 7.05 | 7.05 | 7.05 | 7.06 | 7.06 |  |
| Fluid milk: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 124,173 | 120,230 | 9,333 | 9,012 | 9,511 | 9,855 | 9,217 | 10,510 | 10,732 | 11,508 | 11,146 | 10,311 | 9,757 | 9,173 | 9,209 | 8,861 |
| Utilization in mfd. dairy products .-......do.... | 60, 202 | 56,398 | 3,950 | 3,837 | 4,286 | 4.760 | 4,596 | 5, 185 | 5,558 | 6, 134 | 6,379 | 5,599 | 4,984 | 4.173 | 4,137 |  |
| Price, wholesale, U.S. average....---\$ per 100 lb .- | 4.23 | 4.81 | 5.39 | 5.39 | 5.28 | 5.15 | 5.06 | 4.95 | 4.77 | 4.74 | 4.68 | 4.80 | 4.98 | 5.20 | +5.32 | 5.34 |
| Dry mililk: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 88.6 | 94.4 | 6.3 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 8.9 | 8.8 | 10.2 | 7.2 | 8.2 | 5.1 | 4.7 | 5.4 |  |
| Nonfat dry milk (human food)...-...........do...-- | 1,988.5 | 1,595.1 | 94.0 | 94.3 | 125. 1 | 135.2 | 129.6 | 145.7 | 173.0 | 195.1 | 202.4 | 157.5 | 130.1 | 100.3 | 100.8 |  |
| Stocks, manufacturers', end of per |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 5.0 | 6.9 | 8.4 | 8.3 | 6.9 | 6.8 | 7.0 | 7.2 | 8.8 | 10.9 | 9.4 | 10.2 | 8.6 | 7.4 | 7.2 |  |
| Nonfat dry milk (human food) ........--- - do | 58.2 | 118.5 | 116.8 | 112.2 | 118.5 | 118.7 | 111.7 | 99.6 | 115.7 | 137.9 | 157.6 | 162.3 | 152.6 | 136.0 | 116.1 |  |
| Exports: ${ }_{\text {Dry }}$ whole mil | 120.0 | 16.4 | 9 | . 8 | 8 | 1.2 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 8 | 1.2 | 9 | . 7 | 8 | 7 | 1.2 |  |
| Nonfat dry milk (human food) | 1438.8 | 170.3 | 9.8 | 8.8 | 4.1 | 9.4 | 14.4 | 10.7 | 7.2 | 16.2 | 32.1 | 13.4 | 7.4 | 19.3 | 4.7 |  |
| Price, manufacturers' average selling, nonfat dry milk (human food) $\qquad$ | . 147 | . 182 | . 200 | . 204 | . 201 | . 200 | . 199 | . 201 | . 199 | . 199 | .199 | . 199 | . 198 | . 199 | 200 |  |
| GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports (barley, corn, oats rye, wheat) . . .mil. bu-- | 11,385.6 | 1,590. 3 | 126.8 | 125.5 | 101.3 | 90.5 | 82.7 | 100.9 | 87.6 | 86.5 | 91.7 | 98.7 | 106.1 | 121.8 | 105.5 |  |
| Barley: <br> Production (crop estimate) $\qquad$ do | ${ }^{3} 392.3$ | ${ }^{3} 389.6$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{4} 373.4$ |
| Stocks (domestic), end of period..........-.-.- do | 300.8 | 292.3 |  |  | 292.3 |  |  | 205.4 |  |  | \$120.8 |  |  | 377.9 |  | 373.4 |
|  | 184.5 | 177.2 |  |  | 177.2 |  |  | 113.1 |  |  | 556.0 |  |  | 228.4 |  |  |
|  | 116.3 | 115.1 |  |  | 115.1 |  |  | 92.2 |  |  | 564.8 |  |  | 149.5 |  |  |
| Exports, including malt ${ }_{\text {\% }}$ | 165.9 | 63.6 | 4.6 | 4.3 | 1.4 | 2.7 | 3.1 | . 8 | 3.0 | 4.9 | 5.2 | 7.9 | 2.3 | 3.1 | 2.9 |  |
| Prices, wholesale (Minneapolis): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1.33 1.27 | 1.35 1.33 | 1.41 1.39 | 1.37 1.36 | 1.36 1.34 | 1.35 1.34 | 1.32 1.31 | 1.33 1.32 | 1.32 1.31 | 1.35 1.33 | 1.33 1.31 | 1.32 1.29 | 1.31 1.30 | 1.26 1.26 | 1.26 1.26 | 1.25 1.24 |
| Corn: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 34,084 204.9 | 34,103 203.6 | 18.3 | 16.9 | 15.1 | 16.2 | 15.1 | 17.6 | 16.7 | 18.1 | 18.2 | 16.1 | 18.6 | 18.4 | 19.2 | 4,696 17.1 |
| Stocks (domestic), end of period, total . mil. bu_.- | 4,041 | 3,663 |  |  | 3,663 |  |  | 2,705 |  |  | 1,735 |  |  | ${ }^{3} 817$ |  |  |
| On farms.......-...---............--.-. do.--- | 3,085 | 2,885 |  |  | 2,885 |  |  | 2,034 |  |  | 1,330 |  |  | ${ }^{5} 563$ |  |  |
|  | 956 | 778 |  |  | 778 |  |  | 671 |  |  | 405 |  |  | ${ }^{5} 254$ |  |  |
| Exports, including meal and four | ${ }^{1} 598.9$ | 616.6 | 35. 6 | 56.4 | 44.6 | 35.4 | 38.1 | 49.0 | 35.4 | 31.7 | 34.0 | 28.0 | 36.8 | 46.4 | 42.5 |  |
| Prices, wholesale: <br> No. 3. yellow (Chicago) $\$$ per bu. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1.37 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1.28 1.25 | 1.34 | 1.37 1.35 | 1.33 | 1.42 1.37 | 1.40 1.36 | 1.38 1.33 | 1.38 1.34 | 1.32 | 1.33 | 1.33 | 1.26 | 1.19 | 1.19 1.19 | 1.15 1.14 | 1.06 1.07 |
| Oats: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (crop estimate) --.-.-.-.-.-.mil. bu | ${ }^{3} 927$ | ${ }^{3} 798$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | -- |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{4} 806$ |
| Stocks (domestic), end of period, total.....do...- | 762 | 660 |  |  | 660 |  |  | 441 |  |  | 5270 |  |  | 793 |  |  |
|  | 660 | 555 |  |  | 555 |  |  | 354 |  |  | ${ }^{3} 198$ |  |  | 659 |  |  |
|  | 103 | 105 |  |  | 105 |  |  | 88 |  |  | 371 |  |  | 134 |  |  |
| Exports, including oatmeal ---.-.-.-.-...-do. | 124.3 | 30.2 | 4.2 | 2.3 | . 2 | . 5 | $\left.{ }^{8}\right)$ | $\left.{ }^{8}\right)$ | . 2 | . 8 | 1.7 | 2.8 | 1.4 | . 9 | 4 |  |
| Price, wholesale, No. 2, white (Chicago) \$ per bu - - | . 74 | 6.77 | . 78 | . 78 |  | . 73 | . 77 | . 77 | . 75 | . 74 | . 78 | . 74 | . 73 | . 74 | . 74 | . 74 |
| Rice: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Froduction (crop estimate) .-........ mil, bags $\%$... California mills: | ${ }^{3} 76.3$ | 285.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{4} 89.4$ |
| Receipts, domestic, rough ...............mil. lh.- | 1,612 | 1,536 | 321 | 33 | 154 | 179 | 147 | 163 | 138 | 180 | 104 | 144 | 202 | 165 | 352 |  |
| Shipments from milis, milled rice | 1.055 | r920 | r 83 | 54 | 58 | 197 | 119 | 122 | 134 | 206 | 58 | 122 | 153 | 145 | 41 |  |
| Stocks, rough and cleaned (cleaned basis), end of perica mil. 1b. | 207 | 317 | r 293 | 262 | 317 | 260 | 248 | 239 | 202 | 120 | 135 | 113 | 118 | 70 | 269 |  |
| Southern States mills (Ark., La., Tenn., Tex.): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts, rough, from producers....... minl. 1b-- | 5,711 $-4,020$ | 5,880 3,962 | 1,640 404 | 664 416 | 405 399 | 341 403 | 294 414 | 442 | 150 385 | 104 385 | 26 276 | 405 206 | $\begin{array}{r}1,133 \\ \hline 289\end{array}$ | 1,527 358 | 1,487 |  |
| Shipments from mills, milled rice......do ${ }^{\text {Stock, }}$ | - 4,020 | 3,962 | 404 | 416 | 399 | 403 | 414 | 441 | 385 | 385 | 266 | 200 | 289 | 358 | 504 |  |
| basis), end of period...-................mil. 1 m. | 1,641 | 1,758 | 1,826 | 1,867 | 1,758 | 1,611 | 2,766 | 1,163 | 900 | 616 | 379 | 450 | 912 | 1,571 | 2,064 |  |
|  | 13.411 | 2,978 | 226 | 246 | 322 | 472 | 390 | 461 | 319 | 324 | 510 | 223 | 194 | 227 | ${ }^{2} 288$ |  |
| Price, wholesale, Nato, No. 2 (N.O.) .-. per ib- | . 083 | . 083 | . 083 | . 085 | 085 | 085 | . 085 | . 085 | . 085 | 085 | 085 | 085 | . 085 | 085 |  |  |
| Rye: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (crop estimate)...............mil. bu.- | ${ }^{3} 33.2$ | 327.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 424.0 |
| Stocks (domestic), end of period.-.-.......-do-.-- | 28.8 | 28.3 |  |  | 28.3 |  |  | 24.3 |  |  | 518.7 |  |  | 32.9 |  |  |
| Price, whoiesale, No. 2 (Minneapolis).. \$ per bu-- | 1.15 | 1.20 | 1.18 | 1. 21 | 1.25 | 1.20 | 1.19 | 1. 23 | 1.21 | 1.22 | 1.17 | 1.2 | . 17 | 1.18 | 1,16 | 1.14 |
| ${ }^{\text {r }}$ Hevised. I See note "O" for p. S-21. 2 Less |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $v^{\prime} \mathrm{t}$. | gencies. |
| the year. ${ }^{4}$ December 1 estimate of 1967 crop. until heginning of new crop year (July for barley, oats | s Old crop <br> s, rye, and | only; in <br> wheat; O | w crop ct. for cor | ot repor | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ted } \\ & \text { Av- } \end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{3}$ Less | tan 50,0 | 0 bushe | $\$$ | xcludes | pearl ba | ley: | $\%$ Bags of | 100 lb . |  |  |


| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1964 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1965 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1965 | 1966 | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

## FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS; TOBACCO-Continued

| GRAIN AND GRaIN PRODUCTS-Con. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wheat: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (crop estimate), total...--..-mil. bu.- | 11,316 | ${ }^{1} 1,311$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{2} 11.554$ |
|  | 1299 11,017 | 1 1 11,054 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | [ $\begin{array}{r}2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 1,233\end{array}$ |
|  | ${ }^{1} 1,017$ | 1 1 1,559 |  |  | 392 |  |  | 347 |  |  | 276 |  |  | 415 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stocks (domestic), end of period, total . ....do. | 1,336 | 1,049 |  |  | 1,049 |  |  | 702 |  |  | ${ }^{3} 426$ |  |  | 1,565 |  |  |
|  | 405 | 409 |  |  | 409 |  |  | 241 |  |  | ${ }^{3} 147$ |  |  | 609 |  |  |
|  | 931 | 640 |  |  | 640 |  |  | 461 |  |  | ${ }^{3} 279$ |  |  | 956 |  |  |
| Exports, total, including flour-...........- do | +694.2 | 875.7 | 81.8 | 62.1 | 55.1 | 51.8 | 40.7 | 50.8 | 48.3 | 48.0 | 50.5 | 59.6 | ${ }^{65.4}$ | 71.0 | 59.0 |  |
|  | 4646. 5 | 820.8 | 75.8 | 56.1 | 50.5 | 48.1 | 38.0 | 46.5 | 44.6 | 44.2 | 45.9 | 57.4 | 63.1 | 68.4 | 56.8 |  |
| Prices, wholesale: <br> No. 1, dark northern spring (Minneapolis) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| To 2 hd and dt hl winter ( ${ }^{\text {s p per bu-- }}$ | 1. 83 | 1.97 | ${ }_{2}^{2.02}$ | 2.100 | 1.97 | 1.92 | ${ }^{1.91}$ | 1.97 | 1.96 | 1. 99 | 1.94 | 1.93 | 1. 86 | 1. 90 | 1.91 | 1. 91 |
| No. 2, hd. and dk. hd. winter (Kans. City) do-... Weighted avg., 6 markets, all grades. .-.do..- | 1. 1.78 | 1.81 1.88 | 1.80 2.00 | 1.88 1.98 | 1.86 1.95 | 1.79 1.91 | 1.73 1.87 | 1.84 1.93 | 1.78 1.91 | 1.77 1.94 | 1.66 1.86 | 1.61 1.75 | 1. 1.88 | 1.57 1.90 | 1. 1.63 | 1.59 1.86 |
| Wheat flour: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production: Flour................thous. sacks (100 lh.) . | 250,384 | 253,000 | 22,553 | 21,134 | 20,463 | 20,332 | 19,074 | 21,340 | 19,443 | 19,951 | 20,062 | 18,945 | 21,994 | -20,729 | 21,649 |  |
|  | 4,645 | 4,619 | ${ }^{22} 412$ | 485 | , 373 | 20,372 | , 346 | 4,372 | , 345 | 19,365 | -365 | ${ }_{41} 335$ | , 398 | ${ }^{382}$ | - 394 |  |
| Grindings of wheat--.-.-.-.-.-.....thous bu- | 564, 724 | 567,936 | 50,600 | 47, 198 | 45,716 | 45,528 | 42, 662 | 47,842 | 43, 632 | 44, 463 | 44, 724 | 41,851 | 48,842 | -47, 094 | 48, 933 |  |
| Stocks held by mills, end of period thous. sacks ( 100 lb .).. | 4,314 | 4,180 |  |  | 4,180 |  |  | 4,226 |  |  | 4,303 |  |  | 4,689 |  |  |
|  | 4 20,464 | 23, 540 | 2,601 | 2,595 | 1,956 | 1,564 | 1,172 | 1,844 | 1,560 | 1,642 | 1,976 | 911 | 1,001 | 1,118 | 921 |  |
| Prices, wholesale: <br> Spring, standard patent (Minneapolis) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wint ${ }^{\text {\$ per }} 1001$ | 5.784 | 6. 365 | 6.638 | 6. 550 | 6. 325 | 6. 250 | 6. 175 | 6.263 | 6. 263 | 6. 275 | 6.213 | 6. 275 | 6. 013 | 5.975 |  |  |
| Winter, hard, $85 \%$ patent (Kans. City) . do.. | 5.464 | 5.994 | 6. 167 | 6. 100 | 5.883 | 5.700 | 5.633 | 5.850 | 5.790 | 5.767 | 5.700 | 5.800 | 5.583 | 5,450 |  |  |
| LIVESTOCK |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cattle and calves: <br> Slauchter (federally inspected): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Calves........................thous. animals | 5,076 | 4,432 | 389 | 384 | 366 | 372 | 313 | 400 | 316 | 300 | 285 | 271 | 332 | 348 | 383 |  |
| Cattle-----.-.-.....-.-.------- do | 26, 614 | 27, 319 | 2,335 | 2,285 | 2,257 | 2,365 | 2,105 | 2,338 | 2,185 | 2,425 | 2,423 | 2,238 | 2,461 | 2,330 | 2,433 |  |
| Receipts at 26 public markets | 14.257 | 513,133 | 1,355 | 1,244 | 1,042 | 1,142 | 840 | 943 | 898 | 1,013 | ${ }^{958}$ | 955 | 1,108 | 1,078 | 1,393 | 1,196 |
| Shipments, feeder, to 8 cern-belt States - - do.. | 7,230 | 8,056 | 1,424 | 1,325 | 705 | 514 | 355 | 459 | 388 | 406 | 326 | 397 | 612 | 972 | 1,468 |  |
| Prices, wholesale: Beef steers (Chicago) | 25. | 26.17 | 25.48 | 24.93 | 24.49 | 25. 21 | 24.92 | 24.65 | 24.59 | 25.37 | 25.83 | 26.37 | 27.18 | 27.59 | 26.95 | 26.46 |
| Steers, stocker and feeder (Kansas City) - do | 22.50 | 25.42 | 24.79 | 24. 18 | 24.28 | 24.32 | 24. 04 | 24.58 | 24.81 | 25.14 | 25. 49 | 25.61 | $\stackrel{25.53}{ }$ | 24.79 | 24.91 | 23.90 |
| Calves, vealers (Nath. Stock yards, Ill.) . . do | 27.17 | 32.38 | 31.50 | 32. 50 | 32.50 | 33.00 | 35.00 | 35.00 | 31.00 | 34.50 | 32.00 | 30.00 | 31.00 | 31.00 |  |  |
| Hogs: Slaughter (federally inspected)... thous anim |  |  |  | 6,200 | 6,215 | 6,280 | 5,652 | 6,725 |  |  | 5,178 | 4,743 |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts at 26 public markets.-...........-do. | 15,386 | 515,175 | 1,439 | 1,469 | 1,460 | 1,497 | 1,233 | 1,442 | 1,372 | 1,328 | 1,249 | 1,118 | 1,257 | 1,286 | 1,545 | 1,531 |
| Prices: <br> Wholesale, average, all grades (Chicago) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$ per 100 lb -- | 20. 78 | 22.88 | 21.34 | 19.78 | 19. 10 | 18.77 | 18.81 | 18.05 | 17.23 | 21.31 | 21.05 | 21.12 | 19.94 | 19.09 | 18.06 | 17. 22 |
| Hog- corn price ratio (bu. of corn equal in value to 100 lb . live hog) | 18.2 | 18.6 | 16.4 | - 15.3 | 14.6 | 14.8 | 14.9 | 4.0 | 13.5 | 17.4 | 16.7 | 17.7 | 18.4 | 17.1 | 17.2 | 17.5 |
| Sheep and lambs: Slaughter (federally inspected).. thous animals.- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Slaughter (federally inspected).. thous. animals. <br> Receipts at 26 pubiic markets | 11,710 3,450 | - 11,553 | 1,022 405 | 846 346 | 905 269 | $\begin{array}{r}1,053 \\ \hline 298\end{array}$ | ${ }_{221}^{989}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1,072 \\ \hline 250\end{array}$ | 872 215 | 890 300 | 904 272 | 902 277 | 1,001 +359 | $\begin{array}{r}1,037 \\ 405 \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ | 1,007 451 | 323 |
| Shipments. feeder, to 8 corn-belt States...-.-do-...- | 2,157 | 1,988 | 337 | 126 | 111 | 88 | 70 | 71 | 76 | 95 | 96 | 76 | 113 | 198 | 300 |  |
| Price, wholesale, lambs, average (Chicago) \$ per 100 lb .- | 24.29 | 25.00 | 23.25 | 22.25 | 22.00 | 22.50 | 21.25 | 21.25 | 22.75 | 29.25 | 26.75 | 24.75 | 24.00 | 22.50 | 22.25 | 22. 50 |
| MEATS AND LARD |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total meats: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (carcass weight, leaf lard in), inspected slaughter | 28,336 | 29,290 | 2,600 | 2,636 | 2,647 | 2,732 | 2,419 | 2, 748 | 2,513 | 2,569 | 2,553 | 2,327 | 2,624 | 2,599 | 2, 787 |  |
| Stocks (excluding lard), cold storage, end of period_........................................... 1 l |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 727 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 637 |
| Exports (meat and meat preparations) --..-do..-- | 4535 | 480 | 59 | 52 | 36 | 36 | 42 | 41 | 39 | 43 | 39 | 34 | 40 | 40 | 47 | 63 |
| Imports (meat and meat preparations) .....do..... | 1,012 | 1,318 | 128 | 104 | 106 | 115 | 99 | 110 | 96 | 91 | 112 | 130 | 131 | 134 | 138 |  |
| Beef and veal: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production, inspected slaughter------- do | 15, 995 | 16,709 | 1,432 | 1,414 | 1,418 | 1,488 | 1,324 | 1,466 | 1,378 | 1,524 | 1.514 | 1,381 | 1,495 | 1,422 | 1,490 |  |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of period........-- do. | 269 | 317 | 261 | 282 | 317 | 334 | 325 | 313 | 303 | 300 | 288 | 276 | 255 | 252 | ' 258 | 275 |
|  | 446 | 32 | 3 | ${ }^{3}$ | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 3 |  |
| Imports | 718 | 895 | 92 | 72 | 73 | 82 | 63 | 67 | 61 | 56 | 77 | 97 | 99 | 101 | 101 |  |
| ( 600 -700 lbs.) (New York) .-...........- ${ }^{\text {S }}$ per lb.. | . 433 | . 441 | . 433 | . 427 | . 431 | . 437 | . 434 | . 419 | . 427 | . 442 | . 454 | . 460 | . 469 | . 486 | . 466 | . 460 |
| Lamb and mutton: ${ }^{\text {Production }}$ slaphter |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production, inspected slaughter-a ..........mil. lb_Stocks, cold storage, end of period-.-.................. | 576 12 | 581 17 | 51 20 | 45 18 | 46 17 | 55 15 | 52 15 | 56 15 | 44 16 | 43 17 | 43 15 | 43 13 | 48 11 | 50 11 | 49 +13 + | 13 |
| Fork (including lard), production, inspected slaughter | 11,766 | 12,000 | 1,117 | 1,177 | 1,183 | 1,189 | 1,042 | 1,226 | 1,090 | 1,002 | 995 | 902 | 1,082 | 1,128 | 1,248 |  |
| Pork (excluding lard): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production, inspected slaughter- .........- do Stocks, cold storage, end of period.-...........do | 9,330 | 9, ${ }^{634}$ | 901 | 961 | ${ }_{234}^{955}$ | 959 256 | 845 | 996 | 890 | 798 | 799 | 724 | 878 | 918 | 1,009 |  |
| Exports | ${ }_{4}^{152}$ | 234 55 | 171 | 206 7 | 234 | 256 5 | 290 7 | 331 6 | 386 | 336 4 | $\begin{array}{r}293 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 239 2 | $\begin{array}{r}199 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 203 4 4 |  | 283 |
|  | 262 | 298 | 26 | 24 | 25 | 23 | 27 | 32 | 24 | 25 | 32 | 26 | 24 | 21 | 23 |  |
| Prices, wholesale: <br> Hams, smoked. composite ............... $\$$ per lb.. | . 542 | . 587 | . 557 | . 568 | . 625 | . 578 | . 540 | . 549 | . 483 | . 523 | . 557 | . 523 | 563 |  |  |  |
| Fresh loins, 8-12 1b, a verage (New Yorl) .-do...- | . 532 | . 569 | . 550 | . 509 | . 497 | . 512 | . 506 | . 467 | . 458 | . | . 554 | . 594 | . 553 | . 545 | . 502 | 465 |
| Lard: $\quad$ Production, inspected slaughter . ......mil. Ib. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production, inspected slaughter - or.-.-mil. lb .. Stocks, dry and cold storage, end of period..do... | 1,772 | 1,696 | 157 | 163 | 165 | 167 | 143 | 166 | 145 | 148 | 141 | 129 | 149 | 152 | 172 |  |
|  | 4251 | 158 | 15 | 19 | 14 | 118 | 125 | 132 | 142 19 | 128 | 128 14 | 118 | 106 | 106 | 18 |  |
| Price, wholesale, refined (Chicago).....-. per lb.. | . 153 | . 152 | . 148 | . 143 | . 133 | . 138 | . 136 | . 133 | . 135 | . 129 | . 124 | . 119 | . 125 | 124 |  |  |

[^31]Crop estimate for the year. ${ }^{2}$ December 1 estimate of 1967 crop

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1954 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1965 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1965 | 1966 | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS; TOBACCO-Continued

| Poultry: POULTRY AND EGGS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Slaughter (commercial production) ....-mil. 1 lb | 7,998 | 8,786 | 958 | 888 | 790 | 682 | 551 | 624 | 622 | 733 | 791 | 771 | 992 | 942 | 1,007 |  |
| Stocks, cold storage (frozen), end of period, total mil. 1 b. | 315 | 436 | 539 | 468 | 436 | 437 | 409 | 351 | 321 | 296 | 308 | 368 | 486 | 603 | 「725 | 608 |
|  | 200 | 267 | 395 | 312 | 267 | 275 | 254 | 207 | 176 | 149 | 160 | 221 | 332 | 441 | 「 554 | 430 |
| Price, in Georgia producing area, live broilers $\begin{gathered}\text { per } 1 b . .\end{gathered}$ | . 145 | . 145 | 120 | . 125 | . 110 | . 125 | . 140 | 130 | 125 | . 120 | 125 | 140 | . 120 | . 120 | . 110 | . 105 |
| Eggs: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production on farms.-...-.-.-.-mll. cases $\bigcirc$-. | 182.5 | 184.6 | 15.5 | 15.4 | 16.2 | 16.4 | 15.0 | 17.0 | 15.7 | 17.0 | 16.2 | 16.4 | 16. 1 | 15.6 | 16.2 | 15.8 |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of period: <br> Shell....................................... thous. cases $\odot$. <br> Frozen | 85 51 | 27 36 | 48 48 | 23 39 | ${ }_{36}^{27}$ | 64 37 | 55 41 | 41 44 | $\begin{array}{r}120 \\ 55 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 265 71 | $\begin{array}{r}427 \\ 85 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 391 93 | $\begin{array}{r}315 \\ 99 \\ \hline 9\end{array}$ | 283 100 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 239 \\ \\ \hline 88\end{array}$ | 154 95 |
| Price, wholesale, extras, large (delivered; Chicago) \$ per doz.- | . 328 | . 401 | 430 | 456 | . 399 | . 343 | . 311 | .322 | . 265 | . 258 | . 251 | . 324 | . 288 | . 320 | . 283 |  |
| MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cocoa (cacao) beans: <br> Imports (incl. shells) thous. lg. tons | 354.4 | 319.3 | 13.4 | 15.9 | 26.8 | 49.8 | 50.9 | 39.8 | 21.6 | 10.8 | 18.9 | 16.5 | 9.2 | 8.9 | 12.4 |  |
| Price, wholesale, Accra (New York)....\$ per lb.. | . 172 | .246 | . 240 | . 233 | . 249 | 266 | . 305 | . 290 | .274 | 276 | . 278 | . 269 | 279 | 303 | .294 | . 316 |
| Coffee (green): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Inrentories (roasters', importers', dealers'), end <br>  | 3,143 | 3,141 |  |  |  |  |  | 2,874 |  |  | 2,457 |  |  | 2,702 |  |  |
|  | 21,680 | 21,300 |  |  | 5,425 |  |  | 5,657 |  |  | 5,226 |  |  | 4,816 |  |  |
|  | 21,290 | 22,056 | 2,168 | 1,573 | 1,664 | 1.979 | 1,618 | 2,092 | 1,717 | 1,722 | 1,647 | 2,126 | 1,818 | 1,599 | 2, 103 |  |
| From Brazil ${ }_{\text {Price, wholesale, Santos, No. } 4 \text { (New York) }}$ | 5,742 | 6,726 | 947 | 455 | 471 | 560 | 359 | 412 | 362 | 183 | 468 | 627 | 620 | 476 | 778 |  |
| Price, whosal | . 451 | 414 | 403 | 403 | . 398 | 395 | . 388 | . 388 | 385 | . 388 | 395 | 388 | 380 | 380 | 375 | . 375 |
| Confectionery, manufacturers' sales ........mil. \$ | 1,428 | 1,539 | 171 | 169 | 138 | 146 | 143 | 136 | 106 | 115 | 111 | 86 | -122 | 191 | 165 |  |
| Fish: <br> Stocks, cold storage, end of period........-mil. Jh.- | 230 | 271 | 262 | 272 | 271 | 253 | 224 | 204 | 190 | 183 | 184 | 226 | 240 | 247 | 238 |  |
| Sugar: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| thous. Spanish tons | 472 | 40 | - 864 | 242 | 40 | 685 | 1.640 | 2,890 | 3,390 | 3, 190 | 2,730 | 2,369 | 2,151 | 1,666 | 1,191 |  |
| United States: <br> Dellveries and supply (raw basis):§ Production and recelpts: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production............-thous. sh. tons . | 4,152 | 4,045 | 676 | 1,073 | 898 | 561 | 216 | 110 | 10 | 144 | 123 | 48 | 60 | 92 |  |  |
| Entries from off-shore, totalo ........ do . | 5,796 | 6,250 | 387 | 357 | 250 | 2,074 | 246 | ${ }_{1}^{233}$ | 158 | 214 | 481 | 479 | 760 | 538 | 542 |  |
| Hawali and Puerto Rico.-.........do. | 1,966 | 1,911 | 136 | 82 | 7 | 170 | 143 | 184 | 156 | 198 | 146 | 102 | 286 | 205 | 152 |  |
| liveries, total 9. | 10,151 | 10,444 | 776 | 776 | 889 | 674 | 683 | 873 | 824 | 880 | 1,053 | 891 | 1,048 | 1,052 |  |  |
| For domestic consumption.........do | 10, 020 | 10,299 | 763 | 759 | 873 | 658 | 673 | 859 | 788 | 842 | 1,022 | 875 | 1,017 | 1,027 |  |  |
| Stocks, raw and ref., end of period......do | 2,648 | 2,598 | 1,460 | 2,142 | 2, 598 | 2,832 | 2,734 | 2,614 | 2, 501 | 2,379 | 2,130 | 1,869 | 1,428 | -1,149 | -1,404 |  |
| Exports, raw and refined............ -sh. tons.- | 12,359 | 3,006 | 84 | 184 | 88 | 40 | 89 | 91 | 57 | 68 | 197 | 58 | 117 | 587 | 32 |  |
| Imports: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Raw sugar, total\$.-..........thous. sh. tons <br> From the Philippines..................... do | 3,783 1,055 | 4, 1,039 | 390 33 | 338 56 | 289 16 | 225 64 | $\stackrel{295}{45}$ | ${ }_{100} 10$ | ${ }_{154}^{421}$ | 281 54 | 466 132 | 143 | 449 70 | 103 | 324 |  |
| Refined sugar, total.....-...............-. - | ${ }^{82}$ | ${ }^{1} 38$ | 5 | 0 | 5 | 5 | 10 | , | 3 | 4 | 5 | 3 |  | 3 | 7 |  |
| Prices (New York): <br> Raw, wholesale per lb | . 068 | 070 | 072 | . 071 | . 071 | . 071 | . 072 | . 072 | . 072 | 073 | . 074 | . 073 | 073 | 07 | . 074 | 074 |
| Refined: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Retail (incl. N.E. New Jersey) . $\$$ per 5 lb.- | . 595 | ${ }_{6}^{620}$ | . 630 | - 632 | 636 | . 633 | . 630 | . 629 | . 629 | . 627 | . 631 | +623 | . 620 | . 620 |  |  |
| Wholesale (excl. excise tax)........-\$ per lb.. | . 095 | 096 | . 097 | . 097 | . 099 | . 099 | . 099 | . 099 | . 099 | .099 | . 099 | . 099 | . 020 | .093 |  |  |
| Tea, Imports.............................- thous. lb | 130,358 | 132,996 | 11, 018 | 9,281 | 10,545 | 12,461 | 11,633 | 14,419 | 14, 518 | 12,663 | 12,378 | 10,476 | 11,907 | 9,931 | 8,196 |  |
| Baking or frying fats (incl, shortening): Production......................mll 1b.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production. mll. 1b. Stocks (producers' and warehouse), end of period | 2,792.5 | 3,181.2 | 260.5 | 265.9 | 264.3 | 259.8 | 260.1 | 270.5 | 249.9 | 283.6 | 275.9 | 221.5 | 281.3 | r 276.0 | 284.7 |  |
| mil. 1b. | 116.6 | 118.6 | 118.5 | 109.7 | 118.6 | 119.3 | 118.8 | 119.2 | 125.9 | 125.6 | 149.0 | 135.8 | 123.8 | 127.6 | 126.1 |  |
| Salad or cooking oils: <br> Production. $\qquad$ do | 2,773.1 | 2,946.8 | 219.9 | 237.6 | 259.8 | 238.0 | 240.8 | 254.1 | 244.5 | 251.0 | 255.6 | 230.3 | 255.8 | 251.8 | 238.2 |  |
| Stocks (producers' and warehouse), end of period mil. 1b | 85.9 | 83.4 | 67.6 | 82.2 | 83.4 | 76.0 | 89.4 | 81.9 | 97.9 | 87.8 | 84.7 | 84.5 | 93.0 | 81.3 | 68.0 |  |
| Margarine: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production...-.-......................................... Stocks (producers' and warehouse), end period | 1,904. 4 | 2,109.7 | 190.0 | 193.3 | 192.9 | 202.3 | 174.7 | 194.9 | 160.5 | 171.0 | 173.6 | 139.4 | 176.8 | 168.2 | 185.3 |  |
| Stocks (produces mil. lb-- | 41.6 | 53.2 | 59.9 | 54.8 | 53.2 | 49.5 | 55.3 | 65.3 | 68.2 | 57.9 | 59.7 | 61.9 | 61.4 | ' 57.9 | 62.1 |  |
| Price, wholesale (colored; mfr. to wholesaler or large retailer; delivered).................. . per lb.. | 261 | 266 | 273 | 273 | . 273 | . 273 | . 256 | . 256 | . 256 | . 256 | . 256 | . 256 | . 256 | 256 |  |  |
| fats, olls, and related products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Animal and fish fats: $\triangle$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tallow, edible: ${ }_{\text {Production (quantities rendered) }}$ | 530.1 | 566.7 | 47.9 | 55.0 | 51.0 | 51.0 | 53.4 | 51.3 | 50.3 | 57.2 | 49.8 |  | 44.9 | - 43.8 | 42.7 |  |
| Consumption in end products.-.........do... | 416.8 | 510.8 | 42.7 | 47.7 | 40.0 | 35.3 | 44.4 | 43.9 | 44.9 | 46.3 | 45.0 | 40.4 | 55.4 | - 45.1 | 40.4 |  |
| Stocks (factory and warehouse), end of period | 31.1 | 50.9 | 43.3 | 43.0 | 50.9 | 63.0 | 75.1 | 78.4 | 83.6 | 80.8 | 83. | 80. | 72.8 | - 70.2 | 72.8 |  |
| Tallow and grease (except wool), inedible: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (quantities rendered) Consumption in end products | $4,302.5$ $2,210.5$ | 4,466.9 $2,439.6$ | 380.0 210.8 | 398.8 203.3 | 410.7 207.9 | 408.5 210.5 | 387.9 191.3 | 419.8 205.6 | 393.7 202.1 | 403.8 211.1 | 419.1 220.4 | 364.1 173.6 | 405.8 210.8 | +373.5 -200.7 | 386.2 194.8 |  |
| Consumption in end products.-...-...--do. | $2,210.5$ | 2, 439.6 | 210.8 | 203.3 | 20.9 | 20.5 | 191.3 | 200.6 | 202.1 | 211.1 | 220.4 | 173.6 | 210.8 | - 200.7 | 194.8 |  |
| Fish and marine mammal oils: mil. lb-- | 413.8 | 447.4 | 422.8 | 430.9 | 447.4 | 507.7 | 471.9 | 501.2 | 497.2 | 481.8 | 432.4 | 397.4 | 394.2 | ' 408.8 | 425.3 |  |
| Production..................................do | 190.2 | 164.1 | 8.7 | 16.5 | 7.1 | 1.9 | 5 | . 8 | 3.2 | 9.1 | 20.1 | 21.4 | 21.9 | -13.0 | 7.8 |  |
| Consumption in end products .............-do | 79.3 | 76.8 | 5.2 | 6.5 | 5.8 | 6.1 | 5.6 | 5.7 | 6.9 | 6.2 | f. 6 | 6.0 | 6.6 | 5. 7 | 5.5 |  |
| Stocks (factory and warehouse), end of period mil. lb | 185.3 | 158.5 | 172.1 | 183.9 | 158.5 | 153.0 | 154.4 | 135.5 | 145.5 | 165.9 | 165.6 | 167.7 | 165.0 | + 160. | 155.8 |  |

§Monthly data reflect cumulative revisions for prior periods. ${ }^{\text {g }}$. . Includes data not
"Revised. $p$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ See note " $O$ " for p. S-21.
-Cases of 30 dozen. o'Bags of 132.276 lb .

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1964 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1965 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1965 | 1966 | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oet. | Nov. Dec. |  | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May |  | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

## FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS; TOBACCO-Continued

| FATS, OILS, AND RELATED PRODUCTS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Vegetable oils and related products: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coconut oll: <br> Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 365.4 |  | (d) | (d) | (d) | (d) | (d) | (d) | (d) | (d) | (d) | (d) | (d) | (d) | 35.8 |  |
|  | 488.1 | 569.6 | 50.2 | 43.3 | 41.9 | 52.4 | 44.9 | 41.3 | 45.0 | 52.4 | 49.0 | 53.4 | 49.6 | 44.5 | 54.3 |  |
| Consumption in end products ..........d. do. | 723.5 | 784.0 | 67.4 | 60.2 | 60.0 | 65.9 | 56.4 | 62.7 | 65.0 | 68.3 | 52.0 | 63.5 | 69.5 | $r 62.9$ | 69.0 |  |
| Stocks, crude and refined (factory and ware- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 187.7 |  | 184.3 | 145.9 | 114.0 |  |  |  |  |
| house), end of period..--------....-.mil. ib.- | 154.4 | 223.9 | 191.9 24.2 | 188.3 31.3 | 223.9 9.3 | 194.5 196.8 | 206.8 79.6 | 187.7 | 191.6 20.2 | 184.3 24.3 | 145.9 25.8 | 14.0 24.1 | 107.8 18.5 | r 107.7 34.2 | 94.0 |  |
|  | 383.6 | 498.2 | . 2 | 31.3 | 9.3 | 196.8 | 79.6 | 18.4 | 20.2 | 24.3 | 25.8 | 24.1 | 18.5 | 34.2 | 31.4 |  |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 445.9 | 446.6 | 39.5 | 36.1 | 34.1 | 34.3 | 33.7 | 40.4 | 37.7 | 38.5 | 40.2 | 33.9 | 38.2 | 39.1 | 39.4 |  |
|  | 412.8 | 397.6 | 34.9 | 36.0 | 33.6 | 34.0 | 30.3 | 38.8 | 33.7 | 34.8 | 36.8 | 33.2 | 33.2 | 35.8 | 39.7 |  |
| Consumption in end products........... do. | 422.9 | 388.0 | 35.8 | 33.4 | 34.0 | 34.2 | 32.5 | 38.2 | 31.0 | 35.1 | 40.0 | 30.0 | 35.7 | 34.9 | 40.0 |  |
| Stocks, erude and refined (factory and warehouse), end of period .mil. lb | 26.1 | 53.5 | 54.6 | 55. 2 | 53.5 | 47.0 | 45.8 | 44.9 | 49.5 | 50.0 | 49.2 | 48.7 | 45.6 | - 46.8 | 42.1 |  |
| Cottonsced cake and meal: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production........-......-.-. thous. sh. tons.- | 2,756.3 | 2,382. 4 | 237.7 | 259.9 | 249.2 | 237.6 | 179.1 | 184.0 | 106.8 | 63.3 | 67.5 | 44.2 | 65.9 | r 49.1 | 134.0 |  |
| Stocks (at oil mills), end of period.......do.... | 80.9 | 94.2 | 89.6 | 91.7 | 84.2 | 111.6 | 126.1 | 148.1 | 166.9 | 160.9 | 157.8 | 148.4 | 133.2 | r 104.9 | 120.3 |  |
| Cottonseed oil: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production: Crude...........................mil. $\mathrm{lh}^{\text {. }}$. | 1,974.2 | 1,674. 6 | 165.6 | 183.1 | 175.1 | 168.0 | 126.6 | 128.7 | 73.9 | 43.5 | 49.6 | 30.2 | 45.4 | r 33.5 | 96.5 |  |
|  | 1, $1,668.8$ | 1,511.1 | 105.6 | 137.6 | 162.4 | 128.7 | 117.1 | 122.8 | 108.5 10.5 | 87.5 | 72.6 | 42.6 | 45.4 47.7 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ 3 \\ 3.5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 56.5 |  |
| Consumption in end products.-........do. do..- | 1, 471. 7 | 1,263.1 | 86.6 | 92.7 | 95.1 | 82.5 | 86.3 | 86.9 | 90.5 | 91.9 | 78.3 | 73.4 | 80.6 | 74.7 | 79.6 |  |
| Stocks, crude and refined (factory and warehouse), end of period. | 300.1 | 381.8 | 246.2 | 309.4 | 381.8 | 434.9 | 476.9 | 514.0 | 476.9 | 416.7 | 364.7 | 298.3 | 246.0 | ${ }^{+207.0}$ | 192.1 |  |
| Exports (crude and refined) --..............do...-- | 501.3 | 184.0 | 6.4 | 5.7 | 5.2 | 3.7 151 | 4.8 | 8.7 | 25.4 | 11.6 | 2.9 | 6.2 | -2.6 | 3.0 .154 | 5.6 |  |
| Price, wholesale (drums; N.Y.)...... $\$$ \$ per lh.- | 1.149 | . 178 | . 165 | 169 | 165 | . 151 | . 158 | . 158 | . 158 | . 158 | 160 | . 150 | 152 | . 154 |  |  |
| Linseed oil: |  | 454.2 | 45.4 | 39.0 | 30.1 | 33.3 | 29.7 | 31.3 | 30.2 | 32.5 | 35. 4 | 7.2 | 32.9 | 37.8 | 40.1 |  |
| Production, crude (raw) $\qquad$ mil, lb. Consumption in end products | 410.1 227.2 | 424.2 226.9 | 16.0 | 15.0 | 14.7 | 19.1 | 19.3 | 19.1 | 20.2 | 22.5 | 19.6 | 16.9 | 18.1 | 16.9 | 15.3 |  |
| Stocks, crude and refined (factory and warehouse), end of period mil. lb | 213.5 | 208.4 | 207.8 | 218.0 | 208.4 | 205. 9 | 204.9 | 206.5 | 204.7 | 211.8 | 199.2 | 184.1 | 185.4 | 187.4 | 197.3 |  |
| Price, wholesale (Minneapolis) ........ \$ per lb-- | . 134 | . 128 | . 126 | . 128 | . 128 | . 128 | . 128 | .128 | . 128 | . 128 | . 128 | . 128 | . 128 | . 127 |  |  |
| Soybean cakc and meal: <br> Production <br> thous. sh. tons.. | 11.179.] | 12,614.4 | 1,039.6 | 1,147.1 | 1,133.1 | 1,157.6 | 1,022.3 | 1,083.7 | 1,080.9 | 1,107.6 | 1,103. 6 | 1,061.7 | 1,029.5 | r972.9 | 1,148.6 |  |
| Stocks (at oil milis), end of period.......do.... | 75.4 | 120.0 | 1, 130.0 | 129.0 | 120.0 | 134.1 | 111.0 | 86.3 | 146.1 | 111.7 | 122.1 | 141.3 | 102.3 | +109.6 | 152.6 |  |
| Soybean oil: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production: Crude. | 5, 235. 5 | 5,820.2 | 482.1 | 521.9 | 512.3 | 529.0 | 468.8 | 496.8 | 502.8 | 514.7 | 513.5 | 494.1 | 480.1 | r 459.5 | 521.9 |  |
| Refined | 4.547 .3 | 5, 152.0 | 411.5 | 427.0 | 465.3 | 460.4 | 410.4 | 446.0 | 387.4 | 424.8 | 450.3 | 377.0 | 432.7 | 398.2 | 428.2 |  |
| Consumption in end products............do | 4,437.6 | 5,200.5 | 419,0 | 434.8 | 465.7 | 452.2 | 418.7 | 455.6 | 404.4 | 436.8 | 450.6 | 373.2 | 443.7 | 450.1 | 447.8 |  |
| Stocks, crude and refined (factory and wareliouse), end of period. $\qquad$ mil. lb.. | 374.8 | 510.9 | 457.7 | 488.0 | 510.9 | 566.1 | 581.6 | 535.8 | 600.4 | 633.7 | 591.0 | 632.2 | 687.5 | ${ }^{\tau} 595.0$ | 572.6 |  |
| Exports (crude and refined) ..................... do | 1,02f. 7 | 684.8 | 30.4 | 48.6 | 97.8 | 24.3 | 45.7 | 120.2 | 41.0 | 66.5 | 131.0 | 86.2 | 43.1 | 118.0 | 79.1 |  |
| Price, wholesale (recned; N.Y.)---. \$ per lb-- | . 134 | . 140 | . 132 | . 133 | . 131 | . 127 | . 127 | . 128 | . 127 | . 127 | . 122 | . 114 | . 122 | . 115 |  |  |
| TOBACCO |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| eal <br> Production (crop estimate) $\qquad$ mil. lb. | ${ }^{2} 1,855$ | ${ }^{2} 1,890$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 32,019 |
| Stocks, dealers' and manufacturess' end of period $\ddagger$ mil. lb. | 5. 582 | 5,353 |  |  | 5,353 |  |  | 5,339 |  |  | r 4, 880 |  |  | 4,995 |  |  |
| Exports, incl. scrap and stems......... thous. lb.- | 468, 075 | 551, 162 | 67,577 | 70,182 | 72, 308 | 36,930 | 34,791 | 39,111 | 53,273 | 48,091 | 39,444 | -31,425 | 43,458 | 59,439 | 50,656 |  |
| Imports, incl. scrap and stems.............-. - do.... | 182, 558 | 179, 336 | 16,427 | 14,812 | 13,129 | 14,907 | 16, 680 | 13, 488 | 15, 305 | 14,828 | 19, 089 | 14,899 | 19,985 | 16,876 | 20,487 |  |
| Manufactured: (with |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption (withdrawals): Cigarettes (small): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 44,236 | 46, 112 | 3,827 | 3,819 | 3,549 | 3,406 | 3,967 | 4, 593 | 3,972 | 4, 321 | 5,262 | 4, 141 | 3,495 | 3,893 |  |  |
|  | 511,463 | 522,532 | 43, 484 | 43,225 | 38,079 | 41,319 | 39.936 | 43, 591 | 44, 084 | 48, 101 | 48, 123 | 41,376 | 51,658 | 43,835 |  |  |
| Cigars (large), taxable....................- do...- | 7,578 | 7,076 | 645 | 664 | 424 | , 537 | 477 | 592 | 572 | 639 | 529 | 485 | c 648 | ${ }^{6} 605$ |  |  |
|  | 23,052 | 23,453 | 2,021 | 1,941 | 1,573 | 1,769 | 1,731 | 2,202 | 2,059 | 1,943 | 2,396 | 2,270 | 1,917 | 1,811 | 1,680 |  |

LEATHER AND PRODUCTS

| HIDES AND SKINS |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Exports: <br> Value, total $\%$ thous. \$ |  |
|  |  |
| Calf and kip skins.......-----.-...- -thous. skins |  |
|  |  |
| Imports: <br> Value, total 9 thous. ${ }^{\text {s. }}$ |  |
|  |  |
| Sheep and lamb skins $\qquad$ thous. pieces Goat and kid skins. $\qquad$ do. |  |
|  |  |
| Prices, wholesale, f.o.b. shipping point: Calfskins, packer, heavy, $91 / 2 / 15 \mathrm{lb}$. $\$$ per lb. Itides, steer, heavy, native, over 53 lb .do.. |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| LEATHER |  |
| Production: ${ }^{\text {r }}$ ( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |
| Calf and whole kip..................-thous. skins.. |  |
| Cattle hide and side kip.-. thous. hides and kips.- |  |
| Goat and kid..........--.-....... thous. skins.- |  |
| Sheep and lamb |  |
| Exports: |  |
| Glove and garment leather......... thous. sa. ft.. |  |
| Upper and lining leather............. |  |
| Prices, wholesale, f.o.b. tannery: |  |
| Sole, bends, light......-.--index, |  |
| Upper, chrome call, I3 and C grades |  |


|  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 106,253 | 155,623 | 10,412 | 15,636 | 10,787 |
| 2,458 | 2,582 | 145 | 174 | 180 |
| 13,311 | 14,307 | 1,108 | 1,698 | 1,210 |
| 80,263 | 88,995 | 5,028 | 4,794 | 4,647 |
| 31,850 | 36,998 | 1,840 | 1,703 | 1,656 |
| 14,411 | 10,331 | 767 | 604 | 364 |
| .541 | .601 | .475 | .475 | .550 |
| 143 | .177 | .144 | .149 | .129 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 6,263 | 4,720 | 350 | 397 | 341 |
| 23,436 | 23,830 | 2,039 | 2,016 | 1,921 |
| 14,557 | 13,372 | 905 | 948 | 909 |
| 30,316 | 29,302 | 2,089 | 2,350 | 1,960 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 169,953 | 65,704 | 4,527 | 4,461 | 4,796 |
|  |  |  |  |  |
| 101.9 | 1114.5 | 106.7 | 105.3 | 103.2 |
| 99.5 | 105.5 | 108.0 | 96.3 | 103.2 |

$r$ Revised. ${ }^{4}$ Data withheld to avoid disclosure of operations of individual firms.
${ }_{1067}$ Average for 11 months. ${ }^{2}$ C'rop estimate for the year. ${ }_{3}$ becember 1 estimate of


+Revisions for 2 d qtr. 1963 -4th qtr. 1964 (mil. lb.) : 4,695;4,793;5,288; 5,355; 4,964; 5,071; 5,666. o Revisions for Jan.-Mar. 1966 will be shown late

[^32]| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1964 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1965 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1965 1966 | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

## LEATHER AND PRODUCTS-Continued



LUMBER AND PRODUCTS


- Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary.
"see note "O" for p. S-21.
$\ddagger$ Revisions for 1964-65 are shown in Eu. of the Census report M31A(65)-13; those for Jan.June 1966 will be shown later.
or Formerly National Iumber Manufacturers Association.

FOOTNOTE FOR RAW STEEL, P. S-32.
$\triangle \mathrm{F}$ ffective Jan. 1967, the term raw steel has been substituted for ingots and steel for castings; raw steel is defined as steel in the first solid state atter melting, suitable for further processing or sale, including ingots, steel castings, and continuous- or pressure-cast blooms, billets, slabs, or other product forms. Current data for raw steel are comparable with the ingots series.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1964 and descriplive notes are shown in the 1965 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1965 | 1966 | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nor. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

METALS AND MANUFACTURES

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Exports: IRON AND STEEL \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Steel mill products.-.............thous. sh. tons \& 12,496 \& 1,724 \& 139 \& 151 \& 184 \& 205 \& 190 \& 162 \& 160 \& 137 \& 122 \& 103 \& 118 \& 106 \& 129 \& <br>
\hline  \& ${ }^{1} 6,170$ \& 5,857 \& 647 \& 501 \& 472 \& 491 \& 544 \& 776 \& 641 \& 805 \& 811 \& 716 \& 657 \& 779 \& 610 \& <br>
\hline  \& 128 \& 12 \& 1 \& ${ }^{(2)}$ \& ${ }_{3}$ \& ${ }^{(2)}$ \& (2) \& (2) \& 1 \& 1 \& ${ }^{(2)}$ \& ${ }^{(2)}$ \& 5 \& ${ }^{(2)}$ \& ${ }^{(2)}$ \& <br>
\hline Imports: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Steel mill products .-------- - - - - - - - - . . . do \& 10,383 \& 10, 753 \& 940 \& 1,151 \& 770 \& 782 \& 744 \& 882 \& 828 \& 1,030 \& 963 \& 965 \& 985 \& 956 \& 999 \& <br>
\hline  \& 916 \& 1,252 \& 104 \& 168 \& 43 \& 44 \& 46 \& 37 \& 41 \& 63 \& 41 \& 49 \& 62 \& 22 \& 57 \& <br>
\hline Iron and Steel Scrap \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Scrap for consumption, total.-.... thous. sh. tons.- \& 90, 534 \& 92,070 \& 7,838 \& 7,503 \& 7, 272 \& 7,168 \& 6,604 \& 7,519 \& 7,473 \& 7,710 \& 7,317 \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline IIome scrap produced...-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-. - do. \& 55, 213 \& 55, 463 \& 4, 752 \& 4,545 \& 4, 480 \& 4, 466 \& 4,142 \& 4,610 \& 4,323 \& 4,451 \& 4,198 \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Purchased scrap received (net) .-.......... do do \& 35,320
90

7 \& 36, 606 \& 3,086 \& 2,963 \& 2, 792 \& 2,702 \& 2,462 \& 2,909 \& 3,150 \& 3,259 \& 3,119 \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 90, 359 \& 91, 584 \& 7,810 \& 7,507 \& 7,112 \& 7,254 \& 6,904 \& 7,492 \& 7.062 \& 7,290 \& 6,784 \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Stocks, consumers', end of period...- -........ do... \& 7,638 \& 8,193 \& 8,035 \& 8,034 \& 8,193 \& 8, 102 \& 7,798 \& 7,826 \& 7,835 \& 7,770 \& 7,854 \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Prices, steel scrap, No. 1 heary melting: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 33.36 \& 29.95 \& 29.18 \& 28.64 \& 27.88 \& \& ${ }^{27.38}$ \& 28.53 \& 26.98 \& 26.79 \& 27.23 \& 27.18 \& 27.59 \& 28.28 \& \& <br>
\hline Pittsburgh district .--..---...-.-........-. do...- \& 35.00 \& 31.00 \& 27.00 \& 27.00 \& 27.00 \& 27.50 \& 27.00 \& 27.00 \& 26. 50 \& 26.00 \& 25.00 \& 26.00 \& 27.00 \& 27.00 \& \& <br>
\hline Ore \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline | Iron ore (operations in all U.S. districts): |
| :--- |
| Mine production ....................thous. lg. tons | \& 87,420 \& 90,704 \& 8,229 \& 5,176 \& 5,085 \& 4,773 \& \& 5,049 \& 6, 277 \& 9,039 \& 9,419 \& 9,526 \& 9,697 \& 8,875 \& \& <br>

\hline  \& 385,331 \& 90, 583 \& 9,883 \& 6,769 \& 2,845 \& 1,869 \& 1,772 \& 1,778 \& 5,494 \& 11,119 \& 10,998 \& 11,373 \& 10,631 \& 9,816 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 45, 105 \& 46, 259 \& 5,532 \& 5,158 \& $\stackrel{2}{2} 811$ \& 2,864 \& 2,049 \& 1,712 \& $\stackrel{-1}{2}, 629$ \& 4,582 \& 5,273 \& 4,204 \& 5,377 \& 3,500 \& 4,946 \& <br>
\hline U.S. and foreign ores and ore agglomerates: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Receipts at iron and steel plants.-.-.-... do \& 121,964 \& 128, 225 \& 14,613 \& 11,490 \& 6,691 \& 3,400 \& 3,391 \& 3,753 \& 6,988 \& 14,349 \& 15,240 \& 15,037 \& 14,373 \& 12,627 \& 12,631 \& <br>
\hline Consumption at iron and stcel plants .- - do \& 125,143 \& 127, 694 \& 11, 184 \& 10, 257 \& 10, 275 \& 10,203 \& 9,370 \& 10,479 \& 9, 816 \& 10,015 \& 8,853 \& 9, 222 \& 9, 456 \& 9,562 \& 10,307 \& <br>
\hline  \& ${ }^{1} 7,085$ \& 7,779 \& 848 \& 501 \& ${ }^{1} \cdot 367$ \& 252 \& , 366 \& ${ }^{346}$ \& ${ }^{736}$ \& 626 \& 585 \& 739 \& 337 \& 524 \& 674 \& <br>
\hline Stocks, total, end of period. . . . . . . . . . do \& 69, 158 \& 70,038 \& 71,755 \& 71,494 \& 70,038 \& 66, 280 \& 63, 055 \& 59,349 \& 57,141 \& 59,242 \& 64,069 \& 68,203 \& 72,375 \& 74,727 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 12, 667 \& 12,673 \& 12,026 \& 10.434 \& 12,673 \& 15,793 \& 18, 637 \& 21,908 \& 22,515 \& 20,435 \& 18,856 \& 17,042 \& 16, 103 \& 15,162 \& \& <br>
\hline At U. U.S. docks. \& 53,997
2,494 \& 54,658
8,707 \& 57,010
2,719 \& $\stackrel{58,242}{2,818}$ \& 54,658
2,707 \& 47, 843
2,644 \& 41,864
2,554 \& 35,138

2,303 \& $$
\begin{array}{r}
32,311 \\
2,315
\end{array}
$$ \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
36,645 \\
2,162
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
43,032 \\
2,181
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
48,847 \\
2,314
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
53.764 \\
2,508
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
56,829 \\
2,736
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{gathered}
59,153 \\
2,935
\end{gathered}
$$
\] \& <br>

\hline Manganese (mn.content), generalim \& 1,272 \& 1,293 \& 138 \& 82 \& 97 \& 124 \& 134 \& 112 \& 60 \& 61 \& 85 \& 60 \& 69 \& 121 \& 66 \& <br>
\hline Pig Iron and Iron Products \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Production (excluding production of ferroalloys) thous. sh. tons. \& 88,173 \& 91,509 \& 8,044 \& 7,470 \& 7,350 \& 7,374 \& 6, 804 \& 7,587 \& 7. 215 \& 7,321 \& 6,639 \& 6,696 \& 6,951 \& 7,055 \& 7,530 \& <br>
\hline Stocks (consumers' and suppliers'), end of period \& 88,945 \& 91, 770 \& 7,943 \& 7,384 \& 7,293 \& 7,355 \& 6,853 \& 7,555 \& 7,117 \& 7,288 \& 6,605 \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Prices: thous. sh.tons.. \& 2,329 \& 2,962 \& 2,652 \& 2,788 \& 2,962 \& 3,036 \& 2,995 \& 3,060 \& 3,161 \& 3,224 \& 3, 299 \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Composite........................ 8 per lg. ton \& 62.75 \& 62.74 \& 63.75 \& 63.70 \& 62.70 \& 62.70 \& 62.70 \& 62.70 \& 62.70 \& 62.70 \& 62.70 \& 62.70 \& 62.70 \& 62.70 \& 62,70 \& 62.70 <br>
\hline Basic (furnace) - Nortlern --.........-do.- \& 63.00 \& 63.00 \& 63.00 \& 63. 00 \& 63.00 \& 63.00 \& 63.00 \& 63. 60 \& 63. 00 \& 63. 00 \& 63. 00 \& 63.00 \& 63.00 \& 63. 00 \& \& <br>
\hline Foundry, No. 2, Northern .-............ . do \& 63.50 \& 63.50 \& 63.50 \& 63.50 \& 63.50 \& 63. 50 \& 63.50 \& 63.50 \& 63.50 \& 63.50 \& 63.50 \& 63.50 \& 63.50 \& 63.50 \& \& <br>

\hline | Castings, gray iron: |
| :--- |
| Orders, unfilled, for sale, end of period | \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline thous. sli. tons.- \& 882 \& 962 \& 1,012 \& 964 \& 962 \& 940 \& 945 \& 927 \& 896 \& 919 \& 896 \& 882 \& 896 \& 891 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 15,713 \& 15,716
8897 \& 1,346 \& 1,268 \& 1,214 \& 1, 220 \& 1, 113 \& 1,246 \& 1,180 \& 1,262 \& 1,256 \& $\stackrel{934}{581}$ \& 1,240 \& 1,171 \& \& <br>

\hline | Castings, malleable iron: |
| :--- |
| Orders, unfilled, for sale, end of period | \& \& 8,927 \& 75 \& 711 \& 669 \& 636 \& 606 \& 675 \& 653 \& 698 \& 709 \& 581 \& 747 \& 703 \& \& <br>

\hline , thous. sh. tons \& 174 \& 182 \& 21 \& 193 \& 182 \& 161 \& 147 \& 140 \& 134 \& 133 \& 131 \& 132 \& 137 \& 132 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 1,136
648 \& 1,133 \& 96
58
58 \& 92

59 \& $$
\begin{array}{r}
89 \\
89 \\
86
\end{array}
$$ \& 90

54 \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 85 \\
& 54
\end{aligned}
$$ \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
40 \\
95 \\
60
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
81 \\
48 \\
48
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 93 \\
& 55
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
88 \\
53
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 64 \\
& 41
\end{aligned}
$$
\] \& 85

51 \& $$
\begin{array}{r}
89 \\
81 \\
51
\end{array}
$$ \& \& <br>

\hline Steel, Raw, Semifinished, and Finished \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Steel (raw): $\triangle$ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 3131,462
135.3 \& 3134.101
138.1 \& 11,509
139.5 \& 10,887
136.4 \& 10,435
126.5 \& 10,632
128.9 \& 10.041
134.8 \& 10,963
132.9 \& 10.349
129.6 \& 10,577
128.2 \& 9,576
119.9 \& 9,620
116.6 \& 10,300
124.8 \& 10,438
130.7 \& r11, 171
$r 135.4$ \& <br>

\hline | Steel castings: |
| :--- |
| Orders, unfilled, for sale, end of period | \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline thous. sh. tons.. \& 436 \& 590 \& 626 \& 619 \& 599 \& 557 \& 510 \& 454 \& 404 \& 373 \& 342 \& 328 \& 317 \& 319 \& \& <br>
\hline Shipments, total-.-.........................-do \& 1,961 \& 2,155 \& 179 \& 176 \& 179 \& 171 \& 165 \& 189 \& 162 \& 165 \& 168 \& 124 \& 138 \& 138 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 1,570 \& 1,792 \& 149 \& 147 \& 148 \& 145 \& 139 \& 159 \& 136 \& 139 \& 142 \& 105 \& 113 \& 115 \& \& <br>
\hline Steel products, net shipme \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Total (all grades) --.-.-.........-...... do \& ${ }^{3} 92,666$ \& 3 89,995 \& 7,495 \& 7. 239 \& 6, 846 \& 7, 292 \& 6,531 \& 7,562 \& 6,763 \& 7,247 \& 7,029 \& 6,221 \& 7, 169 \& 6,700 \& 7, 181 \& <br>
\hline Semifinished products \& 4,528 \& 3, 806 \& 321 \& 346 \& 364 \& ${ }_{5}^{348}$ \& 360 \& 403 \& 326 \& 316 \& 291 \& 264 \& 327 \& 329 \& 363 \& <br>
\hline Structural shapes (heavy), steel piling....do
Plates....-. \& 6, 798 \& 6,764 \& 572 \& 539 \& 543 \& 534 \& 508 \& 591 \& 536 \& 538 \& 481 \& 448 \& 492 \& 494 \& 511 \& <br>
\hline Plates ....-............................. do \& 9,764 \& 9,103 \& 752 \& 708 \& 667 \& 701 \& 668 \& 784 \& 665 \& 667 \& 660 \& 574 \& 645 \& 597 \& 640 \& <br>
\hline Rails and accessories.---................ do \& 1. 523 \& 1,776 \& 141 \& 141 \& 144 \& 137 \& 144 \& 169 \& 154 \& 147 \& 125 \& 95 \& 98 \& 78 \& 94 \& <br>
\hline Bars and tool steel, total \& 14.488 \& 14,523 \& 1,261 \& 1,239 \& 1,148 \& 1,142 \& 1,059 \& 1,212 \& 1,069 \& 1,106 \& 1,093 \& 958 \& 1,124 \& 1,024 \& 1,108 \& <br>
\hline Bars: Hot rolled (incl. light shapes) ....do \& 9.344 \& 9,126 \& $\begin{array}{r}798 \\ \hline 85\end{array}$ \& 1,780 \& 1,746 \& 741 \& ${ }^{673}$ \& ${ }^{1} 755$ \& ${ }^{650}$ \& ${ }^{662}$ \& 637 \& 560 \& 663 \& 617 \& 650 \& <br>
\hline Reinforcing --.................- do \& 3,150
1877 \& 3, 2796 \& 275 \& 276 \& 235
157 \& 219 \& 215 \& 268 \& 267 \& 279 \& 297 \& 278 \& 312 \& 288 \& 311 \& <br>
\hline Pipe and tubing \& 1,877 \& 1,999 \& 177 \& 172 \& 157 \& 170 \& 160 \& 177 \& 143 \& 156 \& 149 \& 113 \& 142 \& 112 \& 137 \& <br>
\hline Wipe and tubing-.-.-.-.-................... do \& 8.689 \& 9, 233 \& 665 \& 640 \& 587 \& 801 \& 557 \& 705 \& 722 \& 897 \& 908 \& 736 \& 820 \& 718 \& 710 \& <br>
\hline Tin mill products- \& 3,484
6,659 \& 3,495
5,828 \& 289
432 \& ${ }^{256}$ \& ${ }_{427}^{241}$ \& 257, \& 249
510 \& ${ }_{6}^{288}$ \&  \& ${ }_{564}^{275}$ \& ${ }_{601}^{280}$ \& $\stackrel{229}{541}$ \& 276 \& 687 \& 270 \& <br>
\hline Sheets and strip (incl electrical), total . do \& 36,733 \& 35,468 \& 3,064 \& $\bigcirc, 968$ \& 2, 724 \& 2, 827 \& 2,476 \& 2,772 \& 2,432 \& 2,737 \& 2,590 \& 2,377 \& 2,790 \& 2,508 \& 2,924 \& <br>
\hline Sheets: Hot rolled....................... do do -- \& 10, 630 \& 10, 137 \& 896 \& 848 \& 781 \& 799 \& 710 \& 794 \& , 686 \& 796 \& 773 \& 695 \& 793 \& 726 \& 841 \& <br>
\hline Cold rolled.--...................da....- \& 16, 571 \& 15,972 \& 1,396 \& 1,356 \& 1,240 \& 1,299 \& 1,089 \& 1,208 \& 1, 185 \& 1,238 \& 1,111 \& 1,067 \& 1,267 \& 1,121 \& 1,301 \& <br>
\hline Steel mill products, inventories, end of period: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Consumers' (manufacturers only) ..mil. sh. tons
Receipts during period \& 12.9 \& 10.1 \& 10.6 \& 10.4 \& 10.1 \& 10.1 \& 10.0 \& 9.9 \& 9.4 \& 9.0 \& 8.7 \& 9.1 \& 9.1 \& 18.8 \& ${ }^{\text {P }} 9.1$ \& <br>
\hline Receipts during period.a.l-.-..............do do \& 68.7
67.0 \& 65.1
67.9 \& 5.6
6.0 \& ${ }^{5.3}$ \& 5.0
5.3
5. \& 5.3
5.3
5.3 \& 4.8 \& 5. 5 \& 4.9
5.4 \& 5.3
5.7 \& 5. 1 \& 4.5 \& 5. 3 \& +5.1 \& ${ }^{2} 5.5$ \& <br>
\hline  \& 4.5 \& 67.9
5.4 \& 6.0
5.0 \& 5.0 \& 5.4 \& 5.5 \& 4.9
5.3 \& 5.3 \& 5.4 \& 5.6 \& 5.4
5.3 \& 4.1
5.2 \& 5.3

+5.4 \& | ¢ 5.4 |
| :--- |
| $p$ |
| 5.4 | \& ${ }^{\text {P } 5.2}$ \& <br>

\hline Producing mills: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& - 5.4 \& \& <br>
\hline In process (ingots, semifinished, etc.) --- do-- \& 8.5 \& 9.8 \& 9.9 \& 9.8 \& 9.8 \& 9.9 \& 10.1 \& 10.0 \& 10.5 \& 10.7 \& 10.4 \& 10.8 \& 10.7 \& 11.1 \& p 11.6 \& <br>
\hline Finished (sheets, plates, lars, pipe, etc.) do \& 7.9 \& 9.2 \& 8.6 \& 8.8 \& 9.2 \& 9.1 \& 9.3 \& 9.3 \& 9.1 \& 9.0 \& 8.7 \& 8.7 \& 8.7 \& 8.8 \& - 8.8 \& <br>
\hline Steel (carbon), finished, composite pricel . \$ per lb. \& . 0837 \& . 0842 \& . 0848 \& . 0848 \& . 0848 \& . 0848 \& . 0848 \& . 0848 \& . 0848 \& . 0848 \& . 0848 \& . 0848 \& . 0848 \& . 0852 \& . 0854 \& . 0855 <br>
\hline Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ See note " $O$ " fo

2 Less than 500 tons. ${ }^{3}$ Revised total; montily $\triangle$ See similar note at bottom of p. S-31 IBeginning Jan. 1964, the composite reflects subs \& r p. S-21. revisions antial ch \& \begin{tabular}{l}
are not a <br>
nges in

 \& 

ailable. <br>
roducts
\end{tabular} \& nd weig \& \& used net sh burgh rarg \& nd is no trails the ave \& compa d wire age incl \& able with

steel roducts des an a \& earlier nd is th weight ditiona \& data. averag $25 \%$ for \& be new price of "extra" \& amposi rices use harges $h$ \& price ded are ba does $n$ \& is based steel eprices includ \& on AISI at Pitts freight <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1964 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1965 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1965 | 1966 | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

## METALS AND MANUFACTURES-Continued

| IRON AND STEEL-Continued Steel, Manufactured Products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Fabricated structural steel: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new (net)...-...----..--thous. sh. tons. | 4,868 | 5. 059 | 390 | 404 | 345 | 307 | 325 | 489 | 472 | 401 | $\begin{aligned} & 363 \\ & 367 \end{aligned}$ | 328 | ${ }_{449}^{621}$ | 336 368 | 411 |  |
|  | 4.321 | 4, 664 | 414 | 382 | 374 | 341 | 331 | 445 | 390 | 401 | $367$ | 329 | 449 | 368 | 399 |  |
| Backlog, end of period.-...--.-....-.-....- do | 3,151 | 3,141 | 3,219 | 3,234 | 3, 141 | 3,251 | 3, 078 | 3,391 | 3,276 | 3,196 | 3,154 | 3,135 | 3,277 | 3,230 | 3,279 |  |
| Cans (tinplate), shipments (metal consumed), total for sale and own use $\odot . . . . .$. thous. sh. tons.- | 4,858 | 5,077 | 399 | 353 | 397 | 334 | 335 | 412 | 417 | 446 | 475 | 450 | 543 | 517 |  |  |
| NONFERROUS METALS and products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aluminum: <br> Production, primary (dom. and foreign ores) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| thous. sh. tons. | 2.754 .5 | 2,968.4 | 258.4 | 251.0 | 262.1 | 265.2 | 243.6 | 274.4 | 268.4 | 278.9 | 270.1 | 277.0 | 277.6 |  |  |  |
| Recovery from scrap (aluminum content) .-do.... | 3769.0 | 808.0 | 76.0 | 72.0 | 65.0 | 67.0 | 62.0 | 72.0 | 67.0 | 65.0 | 63.0 | 58.0 |  |  |  |  |
| Imports (general): <br> Metal and alloys, crude $\qquad$ | 527.3 | 521.8 | 36.6 | 33.6 | 40.7 | 36.6 | 32.7 | 41.1 | 44.5 | 39.0 | 37.9 | 26.4 | 30.7 | 43.0 | 35.3 |  |
| Plates, slieets, etc............................- do | 65.4 | 119.1 | 8.1 | 10.0 | 6.8 | 7.7 | 6.5 | 6.8 | 5.3 | 4.5 | 4.7 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 3.1 | 3.1 |  |
| Exports, metal and alloys, crude............ do | 1203.6 | 188.2 | 18.7 | 16.5 | 21.8 | 20.5 | 24.9 | 24.0 | 21.9 | 19.6 | 18.3 | 20.3 | 12.3 | 12.8 | 11.0 |  |
| Stocks, primary (at reduction plants), end of period..............................thous. sh. tons Price, primary ingot, $99.5 \% \mathrm{~min}$.......... $\$$ per lb | 64.8 2451 | 74.8 2450 | 65.8 2450 | 66.8 2450 | 74.8 2450 | 76.6 .2474 | 69.1 .2500 | 69.8 .8500 | 83.1 .2500 | 93.3 .2500 | $\xrightarrow{109.8}$ | 142.0 | 170.6 .2500 | 2500 | . 2500 | 2500 |
| Aluminum shipments: (net) mill |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ingot and mill products (net) .............. mil. lb. | $8,016.7$ $5,679.4$ | $8,799.2$ $6,459.1$ | 717.0 523.4 | 699.2 495. 2 | 713.5 482.8 | 727.6 492.0 | 739.8 520.0 | 767.7 560.7 | 730.4 725.5 | 752.1 546.9 | 751.0 551.9 | 658.3 487.0 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ + \\ \hline 527.4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 746.9 532.5 |  |  |
| Plate and sheet (excl. foli) --..........-. do | 2,609,8 | 2,942.3 | 231.7 | 216.7 | 218.1 | 224.9 | 239.2 | 241.8 | 243.3 | 242.5 | 254.2 | 216.9 | 227.5 | 243.3 |  |  |
|  | 1,409.0 | 1,633.7 | 147.3 | 142.1 | 134.4 | 145.4 | 128.4 | 136.4 | 128.4 | 135.8 | 133.3 | 98.6 | 133.6 | 115.2 |  |  |
| Copper: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production: Mine, recoverable copper. .....thous. sh. tons.. | 1,351.7 |  | 124.4 | 120.2 | 120.4 | 122.4 | 117.8 | 132.9 | 131.8 | 130.4 | 127.0 |  | 29.7 | 20.2 |  |  |
| Refinery, primary ...................... do... | 1,711.8 | 1,711.0 | 139.6 | 149.2 | 161.1 | 148.9 | 138.6 | 151.8 | 138.3 | 160.0 | 161.9 | 88.8 | 42.9 | 30.0 |  |  |
|  | 1,335.7 | 1,353.1 | 106.3 | 117.6 | 129.0 | 122.3 | 111.5 | 124.9 | 114.9 | 129.8 | 133.0 | 70.3 | 27.3 | 8.3 |  |  |
| From foreign ores .......-.............. do | 376.1 | 357.9 | 33.3 | 31.6 | 32.1 | 26.6 | 27.1 | 26.3 | 23.4 | 30.2 | 31.9 | 18.6 | 15.6 | 21.7 |  |  |
| Secondary, recovered as refine | 429.4 | 472.0 | 34.9 | 37.2 | 35.7 | 40.9 | 33.1 | 41.0 | 42.3 | 42.7 | 43.2 | 27.9 | 20.5 | 22.8 |  |  |
| Imports (general): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Refined, unrefined, scrap (copper cont.) .-d | 523.8 | 596.7 | 55.5 | 75.2 | 57.5 | 43.1 | 58.4 | 42.6 | 45.4 | 55.2 | 59.3 | 39.9 | 36.6 | 57.8 | 61.4 |  |
| Refined | 137.4 | 162.7 | 18.5 | 28.0 | 23.6 | 20.3 | 19.8 | 13.3 | 21.3 | 18.2 | 22.5 | 18.2 | 17.9 | 26.9 | 45.0 |  |
|  | 1422.1 | 334.7 | 21.9 | 14.0 | 14.9 | 21.7 | 22.4 | 32.7 | 27.7 | 20.6 | 32.9 | 24.2 | 11.3 | 12.5 | 12.1 |  |
|  | 1325.0 | 273.1 | 18.3 | 10.3 | 10.3 | 15.7 | 16.0 | 24.9 | 21.5 | 16.0 | 28.7 | 18.3 | 4.3 | 4.9 | 4.2 |  |
| Consumption, refined (by mills, etc.) ...... do | 32,035.0 | 2,382.0 | 212.2 | 210.2 | 194.1 | 204.5 | 197.8 | 217.9 | 187.0 | 191.7 | 192.2 | -102.2 | ${ }^{p} 142.5$ | ${ }^{p} 133.5$ |  |  |
| Stocks, refined, end of period $\oplus$............ do | 174.0 | 240.0 |  |  | 240.0 | 233.9 | 227.1 | 242.3 | 240.8 | 270.7 | 289.6 | P318.4 | מ279.2 | p 239.1 |  |  |
| Fabricators'--......................... | 113.0 | 174.0 |  |  | 174.0 | 169.4 | 160.6 | 177.5 | 193.6 | 205.6 | 223.6 | ${ }^{2} 247.8$ | -210.3 | ${ }^{\text {p } 173.5}$ |  |  |
| Price, bars, electrolytic (N.Y.)...-.-.... \$ per lb | . 3502 | . 3617 | . 3633 | . 3699 | . 3624 | . 3787 | . 3810 | . 3808 | . 3817 | . 3812 | . 3808 | . 3830 | . 3909 |  |  |  |
| Copper-base mill and foundry products, shipments <br> (quarterly total): $\dagger$ <br> Copper mill (brass mill) products ........mil. Ib. |  |  |  |  | 809 |  |  | 745 |  |  | 649 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Copper wire mill products (copper cont.) do | 2.177 | 3, 494 |  |  | 646 |  |  | 644 |  |  | 608 |  |  | 529 |  |  |
| Brass and bronze foundry products $\dagger$....... do | 3889 | ${ }^{3} 1,007$ |  |  | 248 |  |  | 241 |  |  | 249 |  |  | 232 |  |  |
| Lead: $\triangle$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mine, recoverable lead thous sh. tons. | 301.1 | ${ }^{3} 327.4$ | 27.9 | 26.8 | 26.8 | 25.3 | 25.3 | 29.4 | 29.0 | 31.5 | 27.4 | 24.2 | 25.4 |  |  |  |
| Recovered from scrap (lead cont.) ------ do . | 575.8 | 550.4 | 47.4 | 49.5 | 44.2 | 45:4 | 42.2 | 48.0 | 43.3 | 45.5 | 40.9 | 39.2 | 48.7 |  |  |  |
| Imports (general), ore (lead cont.), metal...do.... | 344.4 | 431.3 | 38.9 | 33.3 | 47.0 | 45.3 | 42.2 | 46.6 | 36.2 | 34.6 | 54.0 | 38.2 | 43.6 | 30.3 | 41.2 |  |
| Consumption, total.......................do..... | 1,241. 5 | 31,323.9 | 116.7 | 117.0 | 113.1 | 106.6 | 97.3 | 110.9 | 104.9 | 108.8 | 103.8 | 85.4 | 102.6 |  |  |  |
| Stocks, end of period: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Producers', ore, base bullion, and in process (lead content), ABMS.-.-.-.thous. sh. tons | 106.8 | 142.2 | 144.0 | 140.3 | 142. 2 | 157.9 | 154.8 | 154.8 | 154.7 | 159.1 | 158.8 | 165.0 | 171.2 | 169.8 | 173.4 |  |
| Refiners' (primary), refined and antimonial (lead content) thous. sli. tons. |  |  | 21.8 |  | 23.4 | 24.9 | 154.8 29.7 | 29.5 | 32.2 | 33.7 |  | 31.5 |  |  |  |  |
| Consumers' ${ }^{\text {r }}$ - | 109.2 | 85.4 | 91.9 | 88.5 | 85.4 | 92.6 | 90.2 | 98.6 | ${ }_{97.3}$ | 93.5 | 105.3 | 114.2 | 112.8 |  |  |  |
| Scrap (lead-base, purchased), all smelters |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Price, common grade (N.Y.) thous. sh. tons... | $\begin{array}{r} 54.8 \\ .1600 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 48.3 \\ .1512 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 47.4 \\ .1424 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 46.8 \\ .1400 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 48.3 \\ 1400 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 45.9 \\ .1400 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 46.8 \\ & 1400 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 46.3 \\ .1400 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 49.3 \\ .1400 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 50.4 \\ .1400 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 50.8 \\ .1400 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 51.3 \\ .1400 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 49.9 \\ .1400 \end{array}$ | . 1400 | . 1400 | . 1400 |
| Tin: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Imports (for consumption): <br> Ore (tin content) $\qquad$ lg. tons |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 4,326 40,814 | 24,372 41,624 | 336 2,889 | 312 3,967 | 208 3,418 | 3, 17 | 393 2,883 | + ${ }_{4}^{122}$ | 3,32 5,350 | 179 3,933 | ${ }_{3,328}^{0}$ | 4, ${ }^{0}$ | 3, 302 | 964 4,305 | 1,013 4,416 |  |
| Recovery from serap, total (tin cont.) --...-do-... | - 25, 076 | 25,318 | 2,115 | 2, 040 | 1,910 | 1,910 | 1,945 | 1,940 | 1,885 | 1,955 | 2,010 | 1,620 | 1,775 |  |  |  |
| As metal.........................--.-. do | 23,401 | 3,315 | 275 | 255 | , 275 | 265 | 1,265 | , 260 | , 270 | 7270 | 280 | 320 | , 275 |  |  |  |
| Consumption, pig, total.....................-do | 84,011 | 85, 486 | 6,970 | 6, 840 | 6,595 | 7,000 | 6,720 | 7,260 | 6,685 | 7,570 | 7,065 | 5,995 | 6, 220 | 6,025 |  |  |
|  | 58,550 | 60,209 | 4,970 | 4,715 | 4,535 | 5, 040 | 4,875 | 5,275 | 4, 740 | 5,350 | 5,125 | 4,370 | 4, 690 | 4, 530 |  |  |
| Exports, incl. reexports (metal) ............do...- | 13.064 | 3,069 | 93 | 116 | 249 | 737 | 422 | 235 | 209 | 257 | 165 | 65 | 240 | 39 | 30 |  |
| Stocks, pig (industrial), end of period § .-.do .-. | 27,661 | 22,687 | 24,075 | 23,105 | 22,687 | 22, 400 | 20.665 | 20,500 | 20,825 | 20,265 | 20,560 | 20,975 | 19,855 | 18,607 |  |  |
| Price, pig, Straits (N.Y.), prompt...... $\$$ per lb. | 1.7817 | 1.6402 | 1.5451 | 1.5422 | 1.5399 | 1.5388 | 1.5438 | 1.5371 | 1.5333 | 1.5311 | 1.5494 | 1. 5439 | 1. 5250 | 1. 5101 | 1.5199 | 1. 5501 |
| Zine: $\triangle$ <br> Mine production, recoverable zinc |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Imports (general): <br> thous. sh. tons. - | 611.2 | 572.6 | 44.1 | 42.9 | 42.5 | 43.6 | 43.7 | 50.1 | 48.7 | 49.9 | 47.6 | 44.3 | 「 48.7 | 43.0 |  |  |
| Ores (zinc content) -...................... do | 429.4 | 521.3 | 39.2 | 48.0 | 56.0 | 47.9 | 51.2 | 48.6 | 46.8 | 56.9 | 64.0 | 45.2 | 37.6 | 28.3 | 29.8 |  |
| Metal (slab, blocks) --............-.-...-do. | 153.0 | 277.4 | 97.4 | 26.7 | 21.3 | 27.2 | 11.1 | 26.9 | 14.9 | 15.4 | 17.0 | 18.3 | 20.6 | 16.1 | 11.9 |  |
| Consumption (recoverable ainc content) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ores.................................. do | 3122.9 | ${ }^{3} 126.7$ | 9.4 | 10.3 | 9.4 | 9.1 | 8.7 | 10.2 | 0.3 | 3.8 | 8.0 | 7.6 | 8.6 | 8.3 |  |  |
|  | 3265.1 | 3269.6 | 19.7 | 19.3 | 19.6 | 19.1 | 18.9 | 19.2 | 18.8 | 19.0 | 18.5 | 17.7 | 18.4 | 18.2 |  |  |
| - Revised. $\quad$ Preliminary. 1 See note " $O$ " <br> ${ }^{3}$ Revised total; monthly revisions are not availab | $\text { for } \mathrm{p}$ | 1. ${ }^{2} \mathrm{~T}$ | otal for | 11 mon |  | $\begin{gathered} { }^{2} \mathrm{Co} \\ \text { scrap. } \end{gathered}$ | onsumers | , and s ks refle | condary <br> surplu | smelters tin ma | lead st de avail | cks in r able to i | efinery ndustry | hapes an by GSA | in | er-base |
| $\bigcirc$ Oata reflect changes in conversion factor effecti | ve Jan. 19 | 65 and J | n. 1966; | evisions |  | $\triangle \mathrm{B}$ | ginuing | Aug. 191 | 4, clata r | rilect sal | from | he Gover | drment | tockpile. |  |  |
| 1965-July 1966 are available. TEffective 1966, es and are not directly comparable with earlier data; s ning 1966, total includes copper not previously | timates are note in overed; s | e derived Feb. 1967 note in | from a Survey Feb. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { new samy } \\ & \text { ©Meg } \\ & \text { SuRy } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | ised sel | ies. Ann | ual data | back to | 959, adj | astel to | recent b | enchmar | s: will | shown |

Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1964 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1965 and descripare notes are shown in

| 1965 | 1966 | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

METALS AND MANUFACTURES—Continued

NONFERROUS METALS AND PROD.-Con.
Zinc-Continued


HEATING EQUIPMENT, EXC. ELECTRIC
Radiators and convectors, shipments
Cast-iron......-...-.-................... sqil. ft. radiation Oll burners:
Shipments
 Ranges, gas, domestic cooking incl. free-standing, brollers), shipments............................. Ton burner sections (4-burner equiv), ship...do

Stoves, domestic heating, shipments, total\$-do... Warm-air furnaces (forced-air and gravity air-flow), shipments, total§......................................... Water heaters, gas, shipments.

## MACHINERY AND APPARATUS

Fans, blowers, and unit heaters, qtrly.:
Fans and blowers, new orders
Unit-heater group, new orders Foundry equipment (new), new orders, net Furnaces (industrial) and shipments $1957-59=100$. (domestic), net...
Fuel-fired (exc. for hot rolling steel) -.................
Material handling equipment (industrial):
Orders (new), index, seas. adj $\oplus \ldots .-1957-59=100$ Industrial trucks (electric), shipments:
 Industrial trucks and tractors (internal combustion engines), shipments ...........-....................... Machine tools:
Metal cutting tools.



Estimated backlog, end of period...............................
Metal forming tools: Orders, new (net), total. Shipments, tot Estimated backlog, end of period do

Other machinery and equip., qtrly. shipments: Construction machinery (selected types), total $\%$

Tractors, tracklaying, total.
Tractors, wheel (con. off-highway)
Tractor shovel loaders (integral indo do
wheel and tracklaying types... ractors, wheel (excl. garden and contractors'
Farm machines and equipment (selected tyin.
excl. tractors...................................... mil. $\$$

## ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT

Batteries (auto. replacement), shipments - thous ousehold elterical appliances:
Ranges, incl. built-ins, shipments (manufacturers') domestic and export $\dagger$................. Refrigerators and home freezers, output
Facuum cleaners, sales billed.
ashers, sales (dom. and export)
Driers (gas and electric) export) ….........do. do
export)
Radio sets, productione
Television sets (incl. combination), prod. .-........................
Electron tubes and semiconductors (exel. do do
power, and spec. purpose tubes), sales ....mil. $\$$
Motors and generators:
New orders, index, qtrly
New orders (gross)
Polyphase induction motors, $1-200 \mathrm{hp}$ mil $\$$ .

PRevised. ${ }^{1}$ Revised total; monthly revisions are not available. ${ }^{2}$ For month shown
${ }^{3}$ Data cover 5 weeks: other months, 4 weets. 4 Less than 50 tons. 5 Excludes or
ders for motors 1-20 hp.; domestic sales of this chass in 1966, $\$ 127.6 \mathrm{mil}$; Oct. 1967.88 .9 mil
"Reported yearend stocks. See Businfss Statistics note. 7 Total for 11 months.
$\triangle$ see similar note, p. S-33. or Producers' stocks elsewhere, end of Nov. 1967, 21,800 tons.
§For revised 1965 annual data and for monthly shipments beginning Jan. 1966 , certain types

previously classified as heating stoves are included in warm air furnaces. $\oplus$ Effective Apr. 1967 SURVEx, data revised back to 1961 to incorporate new seasonal factors. $t$ levised series. Begimning in the Aug. 1967 Survey, the series (compiled by the Association of Mome Appliance Manufactarers) refers to manufacturers' shipments, including exports.
TSee note marked " $T$ " bottom of p. S-35. $\odot$ See note marked " $\odot$ " bottom of p. S-3

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1964 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1965 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1965 | 1966 | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

PETROLEUM, COAL, AND PRODUCTS

| COAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Anthracite: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 14,866 | 12,941 | 1,221 | 1, 145 | 1, 103 | 829 | 669 | 859 | 1,032 | 1,189 | 1,230 | 1,015 | 1,235 | 1,024 | r 962 | 1,013 |
| Exports | 1851 | 766 | 91 | 44 | 37 | 60 | 35 | 41 | 37 | 46 | 45 | 35 | 49 | - 76 | 63 |  |
| Price, wholesale, chestnut, f.o.b. car at mine | 12.979 | 12.824 | 12.985 | 13.475 | 13.475 | 13.475 | 13.475 | 13.475 | 12.005 | 12.005 | 12.005 | 12.495 | 12.495 | 12.985 |  |  |
| Bituminous: |  |  |  | 13. 17 | 13. |  |  | 13.475 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production.-.-.----------------thous. sh. tons.- | 512,088 | 533,881 | 49,163 | 46,942 | 48, 461 | 47,000 | 42,390 | 47,670 | 44,730 | 49,410 | 44,860 | 36,560 | 50,470 | 45, 100 | 47,560 | 46,475 |
| Industrial consumption and retail deliveries, total $\%$ thous. sh. tons. | 459, 164 | 486,266 | 41,259 | 42,032 | 45,376 | 45, 023 | 41,517 | 41,711 | 37,370 | 38,150 | 37, 590 | 36,724 | 38,820 | 37, 133 |  |  |
|  | 242, 729 | 264,202 | 22,009 | 22, 433 | 24,602 | 24,723 | 22,758 | 22,910 | 20,955 | 21,543 | 22,318 | 21,999 | 22,922 | 21, 133 |  |  |
| Mfg, and mining industries, total........do. | 196, 732 | 201,490 | 17, 151 | 17,359 | 18, 126 | 17,689 | 16, 209 | 17,117 | 15,639 | 15,845 | 14,770 | 14, 199 | 14,942 | 14, 628 |  |  |
| Coke plants (oven and beehive).--.....do.--- | 94,779 | 95, 892 | 8,206 | 7,940 | 7,991 | 7,946 | 7,258 | 7,979 | 7,611 | 7,836 | 7,327 | 7,367 | 7,513 | 7,433 |  |  |
| Retail deliveries to other consumers...-.. do.. | 19,048 | 19,965 | 2,023 | 2,163 | 2,628 | 2,610 | 2,550 | 1,680 | 729 | 693 | 433 | 473 | 895 | 1,311 |  |  |
| Stocks, industrial and retail dealers', end of period, total. thous. sh. tons. | 77,393 | 74,466 | 75. 336 | 75,534 | 74,466 | 72,951 | 70,196 | 71,231 | 74, 696 | 80,209 | 85, 234 | 80,621 | 86,726 | 90,060 |  |  |
| Electric power utilities.-.-...-.-.-.-.--- do... | 53, 437 | 52,895 | 54, 520 | 54,409 | 52,895 | 51, 307 | 49, 583 | 50, 702 | 53,702 | 58,156 | 61, 831 | 60,150 | 65, 089 | 68, 006 |  |  |
| Mfg. and mining industries, total .-.-.- do | 23, 603 | 21, 332 | 20,525 | 20,845 | 21, 332 | 21, 425 | 20, 439 | 20,380 | 20,846 | 21,855 | 23,175 | 20,240 | 21,392 | 21, 825 |  |  |
| Oven-coke plants .-.-.-.----------.-. - do | 10,506 | 9,206 | 8,180 | 8,568 | 9,206 | 9.244 | 9,364 | 9,491 | 9,829 | 10,596 | 11,019 | 8,774 | 9,465 | 9,726 |  |  |
| Retail dealers_ | 353 | 239 | 291 | 280 | 239 | 219 | 174 | 149 | 148 | 198 | 228 | 221 | 245 | 229 |  |  |
| Exports | 150,181 | 49,302 | 4,877 | 4,240 | 3,175 | 2,622 | 3,610 | 3,102 | 4,193 | 4,912 | 4,987 | 4,032 | 4,641 | 3,966 | 4,722 |  |
| Prices, wholesale: <br> Screenings, indust. use, f.o.b. mine |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| \$ per sh. ton.- | 4. 794 | 4.952 | 5. 031 | 5.113 | 5.129 | 5.122 | 5. 122 | 5.116 | 5.238 | 5.231 | 5. 224 | 5.237 | 5. 233 | 5.272 |  |  |
| Domestic, large sizes, f.o.b. mine..-----. do.--- | 6.926 | 6. 971 | 7. 011 | 7. 056 | 7.143 | 7.162 | 7.162 | 7.197 | 6. 463 | 6. 426 | 6. 417 | 6. 561 | 6.596 | 6. 681 |  |  |
| COKE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,657 | 1,442 | 141 | 135 | 126 | 119 | 93 | 62 | 62 | 59 | 55 | 47 | 50 | 「53 | 63 |  |
|  | 65,198 | 65, 959 | 5,626 | 5,447 | 5,504 | 5, 453 | 4,996 | 5. 552 | 5,312 | 5,394 | 5,098 | 5,105 | 5,208 | ${ }^{+5,174}$ | 5,412 |  |
| Petroleum coke§̧--.------------------------ do | 17, 208 | 17,611 | 1,478 | 1,518 | 1,573 | 1,537 | 1,341 | 1,523 | 1,420 | 1,545 | 1,535 | 1,605 | 1,540 |  |  |  |
| Stocks, end of period: Oven-coke plants, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2,701 | 3,030 2,822 | 2,635 2,428 | 2,821 2,621 | 3,030 2,822 | 3,249 3,018 | 3,388 <br> 3,156 | 3,527 3,273 | 3,732 3,465 | 3,963 3,687 | 4,350 4,051 | 4,766 4,371 | 5,016 4,595 | 5,277 4,824 | 5,439 4,972 |  |
|  | 256 | 208 | 207 | 200 | , 208 | 231 | 232 | , 254 | , 267 | 277 | 299 | 396 | +421 | + 458 | 467 |  |
|  | 1,478 | 1,459 | 1,484 | 1, 459 | 1,459 | 1,489 | 1,474 | 1,453 | 1,420 | 1,37? | 1,387 | 1,451 | 1,408 |  |  |  |
|  | 1834 | 1,102 | 96 | - 95 | 1.95 | , 76 | -68 | - 67 | 58 | - 50 | 48 | 36 | 84 | 61 | 51 |  |
| PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crude petroleum: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oil wells completed..-.-.-.------------ | 18,761 | 16,780 | 1,478 | 1,274 | 1,780 | 950 | 1,303 | 1,168 | 1,054 | 1,243 | 1,234 | 1. 466 | 1,056 |  |  |  |
| Price at wells (Okla.-Kansas). --...... \$ per bbl.. | 2.92 | 2.93 | 2.98 | 2.98 | 2.98 | 2.98 | 2.98 | 3. 00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.054 | 3.054 |  |  |
| Runs to stills $\ddagger$ - | 3, 300.8 | 3,447.2 | 295.4 | 280.9 | 298.3 | 293.8 | 268.4 | 296.1 | 282.9 | 297.1 | 294.6 | 310.0 | 309.7 |  |  |  |
| Refinery operating ratio.... ..... \% of capacity .- | 87 | 91 | 91 | 90 | 93 | 91 | 92 | 92 | 91 | 90 | 92 | 94 | 94 |  |  |  |
| All oils, supply, demand, and stocks: $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New supply, total $\qquad$ mil. bbl- | 4,190.9 | 4,446.8 | 373.5 | 366.5 | 383.3 | 405.4 | 356.5 | 397.5 | 381.2 | 383.4 | 368.2 | 388.4 | 402.4 |  |  |  |
| Crude petroleum ...--.-......-.-.-. .-. . do | 2,848.5 | 3,027.8 | 258.0 | 252.8 | 263.8 | 265.6 | 241.5 | 264.9 | 254.3 | 260.0 | 256.3 | 283.9 | 292.5 |  |  |  |
| Natural-gas liquids, benzol, etc.......-.do | 441.6 | 468.7 | 40.4 | 40.0 | 41.6 | 43.5 | 39.3 | 43.2 | 42.6 | 43.3 | 41.5 | 42.7 | 43.3 |  |  |  |
| Imports: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crude petroleum...............----....- do | 452.0 | 447.1 | 36.0 | 34.4 | 32.0 | 41.1 | 29.2 | 37.6 | 38.2 | 39.9 | 33.6 | 30.1 | 31.5 |  |  |  |
| Refined products..-.-.------.............d | 448.7 | 492.0 | 37.7 | 39.2 | 45.9 | 55.2 | 46.4 | 51.9 | 46.2 | 40.2 | 36.9 | 31.8 | 35.2 |  |  |  |
| Change in stoeks, all olls (decrease, - ..... do | -2.9 | 49.4 | 12.9 | -10.7 | -31.7 | 1.4 | --18.4 | $-12.8$ | 33.4 | 12.5 | 5.0 | 21.0 | 18.7 |  |  |  |
|  | 4,193.7 | 4,397.5 | 360.6 | 377.2 | 415.0 | 403.9 | 374.9 | 410.4 | 347.8 | 370.9 | 363.2 | 367.4 | 383.7 |  |  |  |
| Exports: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 67.2 | 1.5 70.9 | 6. 1 | 5. 7 | 6. ${ }^{1}$ | (3) 5.7 | 6.6 6 | $6 . \frac{1}{3}$ | 6.3 | 6. 9 | 1.8 7.0 | 8.5 7.7 | 8.2 |  |  |  |
| Domestic demand, totalo.....---------.- do | 4,125.5 | 4,325.1 | 354.5 | 371.4 | 408.9 | 398.2 | 368.3 | 403.9 | 340.7 | 663.9 | 354.4 | 351.2 | 8.1 367.4 |  |  |  |
|  | 21,720. 2 | 1,793.5 | 150.9 | 148.0 | 150.3 | 137.3 | 128.9 | 152.2 | 145.7 | 161.1 | 165.5 | 162.7 | 171.0 |  | - |  |
|  | 297.6 | 101.1 | 7.9 | 10.7 | 13.0 | 13.6 | 12.4 | 9.6 | 5.7 | 6.2 | 4.3 | 5.5 | 6.1 |  |  |  |
| Distillate fuel oil .-....--................-. do. | 775.8 | 797.2 | 58.6 | 74.7 | 92.9 | 92.5 | 89.1 | 90.2 | 58.3 | 60.4 | 49.2 | 48.6 | 47.3 |  |  |  |
|  | 587.0 | 626. 4 | 47.3 | 53.0 | 62.9 | 70.5 | 62.8 | 67.7 | 52.7 | 49.8 | 45.5 | 41.5 | 44.4 |  |  |  |
|  | 2219.6 | 244.4 | 22.9 | 21.5 | 23.0 | 21.2 | 20.1 | 23.7 | 24.1 | 24.4 | 25.4 | 27.0 | 26.1 |  |  |  |
|  | 47.1 | 48.9 | 4.3 | 3.0 | 4.0 | 3.8 | 3.0 | 3.9 | 3.6 | 3.8 | 4.1 | 3.4 | 4.0 |  |  |  |
|  | 127. 6 | 134.1 | 15.8 | 9.2 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 3.1 | 5.9 | 7.8 | 11.9 | 15.5 | 16.3 | 20.3 |  |  |  |
|  | 4307.1 | 323.9 | 27.1 | 31.2 | 35.3 | 35.5 | 30.9 | 30.0 | 24.1 | 24.3 | 23.6 | 24.2 | 25.9 |  |  |  |
| Stocks, end of period, total.......-........... do | 836.3 | 874.5 | 916.9 | 906.2 | 874.5 | 875.9 | 857.5 | 844.6 | 878.1 | 890.5 | 895.6 | 916.5 | 935.3 |  |  |  |
| Crude petroleum | 220.3 | 238.4 | 236.1 | 241.7 | 238.4 | 250.6 | 252.4 | 258.1 | 266.8 | 268.8 | 261.6 | 256.2 | 261.6 |  |  |  |
|  | 35.9 | 40.4 | 52.2 | 47.9 | 40.4 | 35.6 | 33.3 | 35.8 | 44.3 | 52.7 | 59.3 | 66.0 | 71.7 |  |  |  |
| Refined products | 580.2 | 595.7 | 628.7 | 616.6 | 595.7 | 589.6 | 571.8 | 550.8 | 567.0 | 569.0 | 574.6 | 594.3 | 602.0 |  |  |  |
| Refined petroleum products: $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production.....-.........-................. do. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $21,704.4$ 24.8 | 1,792.6 | 155.5 | 149.3 | 156.1 | 154.3 | 136.4 | 146.2 | 142.7 | 151.8 | 155.5 | 159.2 | 160.3 |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{2} 183.1$ | 194.2 | 185.2 | 187.2 | 194.2 | 212.4 | 221.2 | 216.2 | 214. ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{F}$ | $\xrightarrow{206.9}$ | 197.8 | 194.3 | 183.7 |  |  |  |
| Prices (excl. aviation) : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wholesale, ref. (Okla., group 3) .-. \$ per gal-- | . 113 | . 114 | . 115 | . 115 | . 113 | . 113 | . 115 | . 120 | . 120 | . 120 | . 120 | . 120 | . 120 | . 120 |  |  |
| Retail (regular grade, excl. taxes), 55 cities (Ist of following mo.) ................ per gal. | . 208 | . 216 | . 219 | . 220 | . 221 | . 220 | . 227 | . 227 | . 225 | . 224 | . 228 | 226 | . 230 | . 226 | 226 |  |

FOOTNOTES FOR ELEOTRICAL EQUIPMENT, P. S-34.
$\$$ Data reflect adjustment to the 1963 Census of Manufactures; revisions back to 1963 are vailable.
© Radio production comprises table, portable battery, auto, and clock models; television sets cover monochrome and color units.
special naphthas; aviation gasoline represents finished grades only (alks, gasocluded); mercial jet fuel (formerly included with kerosene) is included with jet fuel. ${ }_{3}$ Less than shown under petrochemical feedstocks; comparable demand for liquid refinery gases formerly data not shown separately feedstocks; comparable 1964 total, 295.1 mil. bbls. $\quad$ o Includes sIncludes nonmartetabi
§Includes nonmarketable catalyst coke. $\ddagger$ Revisions for Jan.-Oct. 1964 will be shown
later.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1964 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1965 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1965 | 1966 | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

PETROLEUM, COAL, AND PRODUCTS-Continued

## PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS-Continued Refined petroleum products-Continued

Aviation gasoline:

 Stocks, end of period.
Kerosene:
Production
Production-...........
Stocks, end of period
Price, wholesale, bulk lots (N.Y. ILarbor)
Distillate fuel oil:
Production.
Imports..
Exports.


Price, wholesale (N.Y. Harbor, No. 2 fuel)
Residual fuel oil:
Production.
Imports
Exports
Stocks, end of period
Stocks, end of period......................................
Price, wholesale (Okla., No.
Jet fuel (military grade only):

Stocks, en
Lubricants:
Production
Exports.

Price, wholesale, bright stock (midcontinent, f.c,b., Tulsa).-. Asphalt:
Production
Stocks, end of period.
iquefied petroleum gases:
Production..........-............
Stocks (at plants terminals, underground at refineries), end of period underground, and

Asphalt and tar products, shipments:
Asphalt roofing, total..............thous. squares
Roll roofing and cap shect -................................
Asphalt siding
nsulated siding

thous. sh. tons

PULP, PAPER, AND PAPER PRODUCTS


| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1964 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1965 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1965 | 1966 | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

## PULP, PAPER, AND PAPER PRODUCTS—Continued

| Paper and paper products-Con. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Paper and board-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New orders (American Paper Institute): ${ }_{\text {All }}$ grades, paper and board...thous. sh. tons... | 44, 296 | 46, 886 | 4,077 | 3,742 | 3,582 | 4,001 | 3,628 | 3,972 | 3,857 | 3,871 | 3,877 | r 3,544 | r 3,886 | ${ }^{\text {r 3,790 }}$ |  |  |
| Wholesale price indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Printing paper .-.-.-............ 1957-59 100 | 101.4 | 101.7 | 101.9 | 101.9 | 101.9 | 101.9 | 101.9 | 101.9 | 101.9 | 101.9 | 101.9 | 101.9 | 101.9 | 101.9 |  |  |
|  | 110.6 | ${ }^{115 .} 1$ | ${ }^{116.7}$ | 116.7 | 116.7 | 116.7 | 116.7 | ${ }^{116.7}$ | 111.8 | 117.8 | 117.8 | 117.8 | 117.8 | $\begin{array}{r}117.8 \\ 97 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ |  |  |
|  | 96.4 | 97.1 | 97.2 | 97.2 | 97.2 | 97.3 | 97.3 | 97.3 | 97.3 | 97.3 | 97.3 | ${ }^{97.3}$ | 97.3 | 97.3 |  |  |
| Building paper and hoard. Selected types of paper (API): | 93.0 | 92.8 | 93.0 | 93.1 | 92.7 | 92.4 | 92.4 | 92.3 | 92.2 | 91.7 | 91.5 | 91.5 | 91.3 | 91.4 |  |  |
| Fine paper: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new --.............thous. sh. tons.. | 2,429 | 2,637 | 223 | 208 | 202 | 230 | 215 | 238 | 237 | 231 | 222 | + 201 | $\checkmark 231$ | ${ }^{-16}$ |  |  |
| Orders, unfilled, end of period. ...........do.... | 150 | 159 | 169 | 160 | 159 | 164 | 158 | 157 | 174 | 174 | 177 | -178 | r 167 | ${ }^{\circ} 155$ |  |  |
|  | 2,410 | 2,641 | 235 | 224 | 214 | 237 | 222 | 237 | 230 | 229 | 216 | 194 | +236 | ${ }^{p} 223$ |  |  |
|  | 2,413 | 2, 623 | 227 | 223 | 205 | 231 | 223 | 236 | 230 | 231 | 211 | 196 | 242 | ${ }^{-223}$ |  |  |
| Printing paper: <br> Orders, new do | 6,198 | 6.711 | 562 | 515 | 556 | 581 | 494 | 561 | 554 | 532 | 569 | - 500 | +508 | ${ }^{p} 500$ |  |  |
| Orders, unfilled, end of period. .-......... do | 510 | 553 | 583 | 543 | 553 | 572 | 496 | 496 | 513 | 467 | 526 | -509 | -458 | ${ }^{2} 455$ |  |  |
| Production.......-.-..................... do. | 5, 293 | 6, 511 | 571 | 543 | 539 | 558 | 518 | 565 | 536 | 546 | 544 | ${ }^{+} 488$ | - 520 | ${ }^{\sim} 497$ |  |  |
|  | 5,993 | 6,514 | 571 | 543 | 542 | 558 | 518 | 565 | 536 | 546 | 544 | 「488 | - 520 | ${ }^{\circ} 497$ |  |  |
| Coarse paper: Orders, new | 4, 590 | 4,723 | 392 | 392 | 382 | 392 | 393 | 422 | 392 | 367 | 387 | 330 | -414 | ; 376 |  |  |
| Orders, unfiled, end of period...............do | ${ }^{2} 210$ | ${ }^{4} 200$ | 214 | 205 | 200 | 212 | 225 | 223 | 213 | 190 | 199 | 195 | +216 | - 231 |  |  |
| Production...................- .-...- do | 4, 591 | 4,696 | 399 | 392 | 372 | 400 | 392 | 429 | 400 | 398 | 383 | 315 | , 408 | - 380 |  |  |
|  | 4, 564 | 4,704 | 395 | 394 | 381 | 397 | 376 | 436 | 389 | 383 | 387 | 316 | - 404 | ${ }^{-3} 32$ |  |  |
| Newsprint: Canada: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production--. ........................... do | 7,720 | 8,419 | 726 | 714 | 667 | 698 | 659 | 695 | 670 | 704 | 652 | 668 | 705 | 641 | 681 |  |
| Shipments from mills .--............... do | 7,747 | 8,385 | 717 | 738 | 740 | 612 | 602 | 653 | 692 | 741 | 713 | 592 | 665 | 660 | 704 |  |
| Stocks at mills, end of period. ....-...... do | 150 | 184 | 281 | 258 | 184 | 270 | 327 | 369 | 348 | 311 | 250 | 326 | 365 | 346 | 323 |  |
| Production. $\qquad$ do | 2,180 | 2,408 | 211 | 214 | 198 | 227 | 212 | 225 | 223 | 227 | 222 | 197 | 225 | 209 | 228 |  |
| Shipments from mills........................ do | 2,183 | 2,405 | 210 | 215 | 205 | 209 | 199 | 225 | 221 | 249 | 228 | 191 | 212 | 211 | 226 |  |
| Stocks at mills, end of period . . . .-.......do. | 19 | 21 | 28 | 28 | 21 | 39 | 51 | 51 | 54 | 32 | 27 | 33 | 46 | 44 | 47 |  |
| Consumption by publishers $\sigma^{\text {con-.-.....do-. }}$ | 6,387 | 6,898 | 641 | 626 | 593 | 542 | 511 | 585 | 609 | 616 | 568 | 522 | 544 | 568 | 634 |  |
| Stocks at and in transit to publishers, end of period .............................. thous. sh. tons. | 573 | 681 | 700 | 705 | 681 | 682 | 672 | 676 | 654 | 676 | 711 | 727 | 726 | 707 | 698 |  |
| Imports | 6,323 | 6,991 | 605 | 601 | 577 | 563 | 500 | 549 | 528 | 614 | 601 | 527 | 542 | 528 | 575 |  |
| Price, rolls, contract, f.o.h. mill, freight allowed or delivered....................... \$ per sh. ton. | 132.40 | 136.23 | 138. 40 | 138.40 | 138.40 | 138.40 | 138.40 | 138.40 | 138.40 | 138.40 | 139.00 | 141.40 | 141.40 | 141.40 |  |  |
| Paperboard (American Paper Institute): $\triangle$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new (weekily avg.) --...thous. sh. tons | 1417 | 449 | 461 | 442 | 412 | 456 | 451 | 450 | 459 | 448 | 446 | 393 | 454 | 448 | 476 | 466 |
| Orders, unfiled, end of period-..----.....- do- | 1796 410 | 724 | 943 | 883 | 731 | 748 | 720 | 705 | 695 | 690 | 614 | 654 | 645 | 702 | 759 | 767 |
| Production, total (weekly avg.) Percent of activity (based on 6.5 -day week) | 410 | 445 | 463 | 463 | 423 | 404 | 455 | 453 | 452 | 452 | 460 | 377 | 454 | 419 | 468 | 468 |
| Percent of activity (based on 6.5-day week).... Paper products: | 90 | 92 | 95 | 94 | 84 | 91 | 92 | 91 | 90 | 88 | 89 | 73 | 90 | 84 | 91 | 90 |
| Shipping containers, corrugated and solid fiber, shipments $\ddagger$ mil. sq. ft. surf. area | 148,471 | 160, 152 | 14,353 | 13,798 | 12,982 | 12, 298 | 12,098 | 14,056 | 12,747 | 13,999 | 13,923 | 11,630 | 14,336 | 14,227 | 15,045 | 13,940 |
| Folding paper boxes, shipments, index of physical volume. ............................... 1947-49=100. | 128.2 | 134.1 | 140.6 | 132.8 | 140.1 | 124.6 | 122.4 | 141.7 | 128.6 | 136.5 | 141.6 | 118.5 | 142.0 | r 137.4 | p 143.7 |  |

RUBBER AND RUBBER PRODUCTS

| RUBBER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Consumption-...-.............thous. 1 lg . tons . | 514.71 | 554.13 | 48.89 | 46.57 | 42.43 | 45. 25 | 42.68 | 48.11 | 38.56 | 30.12 | 29.43 | 24.08 | 50.02 | $\bigcirc 47.47$ | 51.17 |  |
| Stocks, end of period.......................do. | 100.01 | 82.87 | 87.59 | 86. 69 | 82.87 | 95.03 | 98.07 | 104.98 | 107.68 | 116.76 | 116.84 | 126.95 | r125.83 | -118.43 | 109.91 |  |
| Imports, incl. latex and guayule --....... do | 445.32 | 431.66 | 34. 22 | 34.52 | 29.54 | 39.37 | 33.06 | 51.75 | 33.58 | 36.61 | 24.13 | 23.27 | 43.57 | 33.55 | 35.46 |  |
| Price, wholesale, smoked sheets (N.Y.). \$ per lb.. | ${ }^{2} .257$ | . 236 | . 219 | . 223 | ${ }^{2} .220$ | . 219 | . 208 | . 206 | . 208 | . 208 | ${ }^{2} .220$ | $\stackrel{3}{206}$ | . 193 | . 179 | . 188 | 179 |
| Synthetic rubber: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production-----.----............- thous. lg. tons. . | 1,813.23 | 1,969.97 | 168.11 | 170.91 | 166.83 | 164.54 | 150.12 | 164.60 | 154.98 | 138.41 | 132. 09 | 137.92 | 155. 68 | 「167. 69 | 178.74 |  |
|  | 1,540.11 | 1,666.06 | 151.70 | 142.76 | 140.16 | 146. 33 | 133.78 | 146. 32 | 127.30 | 108.25 | 105. 15 | 85. 58 | 155.96 | >152.93 | ${ }^{168.21}$ |  |
|  | 311.95 | 348.69 | 334. 99 | 340. 40 | 348.69 | 352.28 | 347.55 | 345.57 | 353.99 | 355.02 | 355. 75 | 383.04 | r355. 30 | >349.60 | ${ }^{335} .94$ |  |
|  | ${ }^{2} 281.78$ | 308.44 | 24.39 | 24.10 | 23.37 | 26.26 | 25.24 | 25.07 | 22.81 | 27.40 | 26.56 | 23.73 | 24.57 | 26.11 | 24.08 |  |
| Reclaimed rubber: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production-..-............................. do | 280.29 | 277.36 | 24.02 | 21.94 | 22.72 | 22.21 | 20.73 | 23.32 | 17.98 | 14.06 | 14. 45 | 11.92 | r 23.51 | 22.48 | 25.41 |  |
|  | 26954 | 264.51 | 23.83 | 20.88 | 2.71 | ${ }^{21.66}$ | 20.33 | 21. 58 | 19.55 | 15.57 | 15. 13 | 11.77 | +23.97 | ${ }_{+}^{+21.22}$ | 25.06 |  |
| Stocks, end of period.--...-----.-.......... do | 30.16 | 32.29 | 30.62 | 30.36 | 32.29 | 31.00 | 30.82 | 32.38 | 30.12 | 28.07 | 26.39 | 25.21 | - 24.88 | +25.20 | 25.11 |  |
| TIRES AND TUBES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pneumatic casings, automotive: <br> Production thous | 167, 854 | 177, 169 | 15,869 | 15,000 | 14, 483 | 15,058 | 14, 147 | 15,070 | 12,424 | 8,734 | 8,748 | 6,919 | 15,744 | 16, 162 | 18, 278 |  |
|  | 169,060 | 173,464 | 16, 558 | 13,858 | 12,388 | 13, 166 | 11,353 | 14, 434 | 16, 299 | 16, 265 | 16,201 | 13, 469 | 13,818 | 15,670 | 16,595 |  |
| Original equipment | 588,280 | 54,680 | 5, 269 | 5, 171 | 4, 629 | 4. 143 | 3,234 | 4.455 | -4,330 | 4,835 | 4, 695 | 2.125 | 2,673 10,971 | $\begin{array}{r} 3,693 \\ 11.757 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1,998 \\ 12,368 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |
| Replacement equipment............................................................... Export....... | 107,905 2,875 | $\begin{array}{r} 116,348 \\ 2,436 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 11,020 \\ 269 \end{array}$ | 8,511 | $\begin{array}{r} 7,564 \\ 196 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 8,845 \\ 178 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7,898 \\ 292 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}9,782 \\ \hline 198\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 11,788 \\ 181 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 11,293 \\ 137 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 11,401 \\ 105 \end{array}$ | 10,239 105 | $\begin{array}{r} 10,971 \\ 174 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 11,757 \\ 219 \end{array}$ | 12,368 230 |  |
| Stocks, end of period..........-.......... do | 37,016 | 42,569 | 39,093 | 40,393 | 42,569 | 44, 678 | 47, 594 | 48, 273 | 44,410 | 37,088 | 29, 883 | 24,381 | 26,466 | 27, 114 | 28, 920 |  |
| Exports (Bu. of Census) -...- .-...........- do | 22,381 | 2,051 | 161 | 181 | 165 | 123 | 115 | 156 | 147 | 107 | 101 | 80 | 106 | 122 | 106 |  |
| Inner tuhes, automotive: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 41, 342 | 42,765 | ${ }_{3}^{3,773}$ | 3,490 | 3,434 | 3,496 | 3,385 | 3,809 | 3, 103 | 2.696 | 2, 871 | 2, 145 | 3,516 | 3.634 | 4, 067 |  |
|  | 41. <br> 11.836 <br> 1.89 | -44, 222 | 3, $\begin{array}{r}3,83 \\ 11,276\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}3,228 \\ 11,704 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3,219 11,996 | 4, 10,830 10,846 | 3,312 10,947 | 3,762 10,922 | - $\begin{array}{r}3,531 \\ 10,631\end{array}$ | 3,546 9,888 | 3,412 9,337 | 3,053 8,599 | 3,361 8,937 | r $+3,202$ $+9,574$ | 3,741 10,033 |  |
| Exports (Bu, of Census) --...................do | 21,189 | 1,100 | -104 |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{1} 101$ | 108 108 | ${ }^{9} 868$ | ${ }^{9} 81$ | - 56 | ${ }^{8}{ }^{8} 9$ | +9, 76 | 10, 72 |  |

${ }^{\circ}$ Rerised. ${ }^{\circ}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Beginning Jan. 1965 , monthly data are 4 -week averages
for period ending Saturday nearest the end of the month. A nnual data for new orders are
52 -week averages; those for unfilled orders are as of Dec. 31 . See note "O" tor p . S-21.
$\circ$ As reported by publishers accounting for about 75 percent of total newsprint consumption.
$\ddagger$ Revisions for Jan. 1964 Feb. 1965 will be shown later. §Fornerly American Paper and
Pulp Association. $\triangle$ Formerly National Paperboard Association.

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1964 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1965 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1965 | 1966 | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

## STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS



## TEXTILE PRODUCTS



| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1964 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1965 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1965 | 1966 | 1965 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nor. |

## TEXTILE PRODUCTS-Continued



## COTTON MANUFACTUEES

Spindle activity (cotton system spindles):
Active spindles, last working day, total....-mil.
 Consuming 100 percent ay ... $\qquad$ .do.-.
Cotton yarn, price, $36 / 2$, combed, knitting, natural
stock stock
Cotton cloth:
Cotton broadwoven goods over $12^{\prime \prime}$ in width: Production (qtrly.) mil. lin. yd Orders, unniled, end of period, as compared with
avg, weekly production lnventories, end of period, as compared with avg. weekly production No weeks' prod Ratio of stocks to unflled orders (at cotton mills) end of period, seasonally adjusted $\triangle$....

Mill margins:*
Carded yarn cloth average......cents per $1 b$ Combed yarn cloth average-.................. Prices, wholesale:
Denim, mill finished $\$$-..............ents per yd. Print cloth, 39 inch, $68 \times 72$
Sheeting, class B, 40 -inch, 48

MANMADE FIBERS AND MANUFACTURES Fiber production, qtrly. total.-


Prices, manmade fibers, f.o.b. producing plant: Staple: Rayon (viscose), 1.5 denier.......\$ per lb_

Manmade fiber and silk broadwoven fabrics:
 Chiefly rayon and/or acetate fabrics............
 Rayon and/or acetate fabries and blends yd Polyester blends with cotton $\qquad$ Filament and spun yarn fabrics. WOOL
Wool consumption, mill (clean basis):


## wool manufactures

Knitting yarn, worsted, $2 / 20 \mathrm{~s}-50 \mathrm{~s} / 56 \mathrm{~s}$, American
system, wholesale price.-....-.........-1957-59=100.
prodroadwoven goods, exc. felts
Suiting, price (wholesale), fannel, men's and boys', f.o.b. mill.......................... $1957-59=100$.
r Revised. 1 Season average. 2 Season average to Apr. 1. 3 For 5 weeks, other montlis, 4 weeks. ${ }^{4}$ Less than 500 bales. ${ }^{5}$ For month shown. ${ }^{\text {G See "O," p. S-2 }}$ - Beginning Sept 1967 or Sept. 1967, 78.50 cents; see note
arn and Aug 1966 for denim are $\triangle$ Revised data (1963-66) appear in TS i) ept A cioulture Sept 1067 Cot
Q Includes datanot $\%$ includes data not shown separately

| Unless otherwise stated, statistics through 1964 and descriptive notes are shown in the 1965 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1965 | 1966 | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feh. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

## TEXTILE PRODUCTS-Continued



## TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT

| AEROSPACE VEHICLES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Orders, new (net), qtrly total..............mil. \$ | 22, 181 | 27, 223 |  |  | 5,908 |  |  | 5,193 |  |  | 6,996 |  |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. Government......................-.do. | 14,571 | 16,351 |  |  | 3,819 |  |  | 3,613 |  |  | 4,279 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prime contract-.-.-. or billings, atrly total do | 20,099 | 24.219 20.227 |  |  | 5,449 <br> 5 <br> 5 |  |  | 4,586 |  |  | 6,463 5,887 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales (net). receipts, or billings, qtrly total. do | 12, 1735 | 14,530 |  |  | 5,455 |  |  | $\stackrel{3}{3,717}$ |  |  | 4,058 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Backlog of orders, end of period 9 . . . . . . . . . do | 20,383 | 27,547 |  |  | 27,547 |  |  | 30,754 |  |  | 28,463 |  |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. Government --...-.-...............-do | 13,695 | 15,711 |  |  | 15,711 |  |  | 15,975 |  |  | 15,668 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aircraft (complete) and parts...--.-.-.-...- do | 8,885 | 14, 655 |  |  | 14,655 |  |  | 17,446 |  |  | 15,479 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Engines (aircraft) and parts...-.-.-.-...-do | 2,502 | 3,824 |  |  | 3,824 |  |  | 3,861 |  |  | 3,677 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 5,481 | 4,510 |  |  | 4,510 |  |  | 4,740 |  |  | 4,701 |  |  |  |  |  |
| other related operations (conversions, modifica- | 5,481 | 4,510 |  |  | 4,510 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| tions), products, services..................mil. \$.. | 1,855 | 2,492 |  |  | 2,492 |  |  | 2,668 |  |  | 2,537 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alrcraft (civilian): Shipments $\oplus$ - | 1,592.0 | 2,087.0 | 148.4 | 159.3 | 198.2 | 135.0 | 141.2 | 261.8 | 224.9 | 262.0 | 259.8 | 220.9 | 281.5 | 243.2 | 272.6 |  |
|  | 32,200 | 43,983 | 3.040 | 3.384 | 4.019 | 3,593 | 3,016 | 5. 134 | 4,329 | 4,984 | 4,803 | 4, 133 | - 4,920 | 4,531 | 5,189 |  |
| Exports.............................. | 473.0 | 553.7 | 66.6 | 23.5 | 53.7 | 42.9 | 53.3 | 78.7 | 62.3 | 35.2 | 71.9 | 52.4 | 46.3 | 85.6 |  |  |
| MOTOR VEHICLES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Factory sales, total..-........................thous.. | 11.057.4 | 10,329. 5 | 985.3 | 980.7 | 923.6 | 797.3 | 660.2 | 833.4 | 792.2 | 898.3 | 911.7 | 530.8 | 324.2 | 710.5 | 751.9 | ${ }^{2} 825.9$ |
|  | 10.716.6 | 9,943.5 | 936.9 | 928.5 | 878.1 | 758.1 | 628.1 | 785.1 | 749.4 | 848.7 | 865.2 | 506.3 | 3300.8 |  |  |  |
| Passenger cars, tot Domestic. | $9,305.6$ 9 100.7 | $8,598.3$ $8,336.9$ | ${ }_{797.7}^{835}$ | 832.6 791.2 | 775.1 740.5 | 651.2 625.0 | 525.6 501.9 | 684.1 647 | 659.8 628.3 | 750.3 <br> 713.4 | 765.3 <br> 732 <br> 7 <br>  <br>  <br>  | 425.5 410.6 | 231.6 218.3 | 601.0 570.6 | 645.4 608.8 | 2685.7 |
|  | 1, 751.8 | 1,731.1 | 150.0 | 148.1 | 148.5 | 146.1 | 134.6 | 149.3 | 132.4 | 148.0 | 146.4 | 105.3 | 92.6 | 109.5 | 106.5 | 140.1 |
|  | 1.615.9 | 1,606.6 | 139.3 | 137.2 | 137.6 | 133.1 | 126.2 | 137.7 | 121.1 | 135.3 | 133.0 | 95.6 | 82.5 | 99.7 | 98.1 |  |
| Exports: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Passenger cars (new), assembled............-do. | 13105.03 | 177.58 | 27.64 | 28.31 | 30.31 | 21.96 | 14.19 | 31.41 | 26.69 | 25.85 | 15.81 | 13.32 | 10.69 | 21.56 | 25.76 |  |
| Passenger cars (used) .........-.........-....-do | 110.42 | 12.72 | . 90 | . 81 | . 91 | . 89 | . 84 | . 96 | . 81 | 1.33 | 1.13 | . 92 | . 93 | . 74 | 1.02 |  |
| Trucks and buses (new), assembled...-...-do | 1359.67 | 78.64 | 6. 35 | 5.98 | 7.23 | 7.08 | 6.57 | 7.54 | 7.75 | 9.09 | 8. 24 | 8.87 | 5.80 | 5.27 | 5.09 |  |
| Trucks and buses (used)................... do | 15.77 | $\begin{array}{r}6.79 \\ \hline 10\end{array}$ | . 49 | . 55 | 42 | . 88 | . 51 | . 53 | . 57 | . 57 | 58 | .37 | . 56 | .$_{96}$ | . 47 |  |
| Truck and bus bodies for assembly*.........do | ${ }^{17.29}$ | 10.70 | 1.00 | 1.01 | 70 | 88 | 1.09 | 1. 14 | 1.19 | 1. 19 | 1.18 | 76 | . 88 | 96 | 45 |  |
| Passenger cars (new), complete units.......do. | 559.43 | 858.15 | 73.38 | 78.69 | 108.55 | 102.30 | 78.52 | 88.46 | 66.97 | 80.66 | 94. 46 | 85.06 | 44.98 | 68.97 | 98.07 |  |
| Passenger cars (used) ............ | ${ }^{8.00}$ | 5.75 42.96 | . 58 | + 30 | 10.43 | ${ }_{6} .21$ | .33 5 | -31 | 6. 21 | - 4.45 | - 2.25 | $\begin{array}{r}7 . \\ 74 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | + 288 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 5. } \\ \hline 8 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { ¢ } \\ 5 \\ 5.07 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |
| shipments, truck trailers: | 7.60 |  |  |  | 10.43 | 6.70 |  | 7.28 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Complete trailers and chassis............number.. | 103, 756 | 113, 493 | 9,603 | 8,794 | 8, 376 | 8,084 | 8,322 | 10,111 | 7,990 | 8.820 | 7,483 | 6,492 | -7,485 | 7,799 |  |  |
| Vans---.-............................... ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 65, 909 | 75, 527 | 6,468 | 5,961 | 5, 602 | 5,274 | 5,253 | 6,309 | 4,829 | 5, 376 | 3,999 | 3,684 | 4,336 | 4,663 |  |  |
| Trailer bodies, chassis, sold separately Registrations:© | 14,653 | 18,402 | 975 | 1,454 | 1,222 | 1,827 | 1,658 | 2,377 | 3,431 | 2.898 | 2,277 | 2,866 | 2,784 | 1,869 |  |  |
| New passenger cars .........................thous.. | 9,313.9 | ${ }^{5} 9,008.5$ | 766.7 | 732.1 | 808.2 | 616.1 | 538.9 | 670.8 | 786.1 | a 807.4 | ${ }^{8} 793.5$ | ${ }^{2} 742.8$ | s 716.2 | -543. 5 | b 696.4 |  |
| Foreign cars --...-..........................do | 569.4 | ${ }^{5} 658.1$ | 64.7 | 51.7 | 56.3 | 46.4 | 45.2 | 57.5 | 63.3 | $a 70.0$ | 866.7 | $\bigcirc 65.4$ | $\bigcirc 83.9$ | ${ }^{5} 67.6$ | ${ }^{6} 72.3$ |  |
| New commercial cars (trucks).............. do | 1,528.9 | -1,610.4 | 128.0 | 120.1 | 136.8 | 113.2 | 108.9 | 132.2 | 144.6 | a 139.0 | ${ }^{\text {d }} 139.5$ | ${ }^{\text {b }} 130.7$ | - 141.1 | ${ }^{8} 119.2$ | $b 115.7$ |  |
| RAILROAD EQUIPMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Freight cars (ARCI) : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 77,896 53,392 | 90,349 67.944 | 7,797 | 7,368 5,757 | 8,244 | 7,217 5,929 | 8. 101 | 9,156 7 | 8,311 6,466 1 | 6,344 | 8. 458 | 5.686 4.766 | 6,916 5,779 | 6, ${ }_{4}^{6,262}$ | 6,039 4,291 |  |
| Railroad shops, domestic.......-..........do- | 24, 504 | 22, 2605 | -1,284 | 1,611 | 1,957 | 1,288 | $\stackrel{6,048}{2,053}$ | 2,102 | 1,845 | 1,250 | 7, 709 | + 910 | 1,137 | 1,918 | 1,748 |  |
| New orders .-..............-.-............do | 88, 288 | r 99,890 | 5,962 | 6,209 | 8,401 | 2,055 | 3,358 | 5,028 | 1,728 | 4,169 | 7,314 | 2,365 | 6,683 |  |  |  |
| Equipment manufacturers, total......... do | 65,617 | 73, 190 | 5,214 | 4,466 | 2,889 | 1,743 | 2,908 | 3, 824 | 1,444 | 3,244 | 6,771 | 2, 140 | 2, 338 | + + 4,949 | 2,352 |  |
| Railroad shops, domestic...-.-..........-do.. | 22,671 | - 26, 700 | 748 | 1,743 | 5,512 | 312 | 450 | 1,204 | 284 | 925 | 537 | 225 | 4,345 |  |  |  |
| Thnilled orders, end of period............ do | 45.266 | 56, 618 | 57, 883 | 56, 437 | 56,618 | 51, 450 | 46, 197 | 42,055 | 34,960 | 32,493 | 30,730 | 27,063 | 26,483 | 24, 819 | 21,082 |  |
| Equipment mannfacturers, tota | 32.873 | 40, 426 | 45, 328 | 43,781 | 40,426 | 38,943 | 35, 293 | 32,049 | 26,515 | ¢4, 373 | 23,007 | 20, 361 | 16,712 | 16,306 | 14, 311 |  |
| Railroad shops, domestic... | 12, 393 | 16, 192 | 12, 555 | 12,656 | 16, 192 | 12, 507 | 10,904 | 10,006 | 8, 445 | -8,120 | -7,723 | 6, 702 | 9,771 | 8.513 | 6,771 |  |
| Passenger cars: Shipments................................. | $\begin{array}{r} 201 \\ 14 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15 \\ & 83 \end{aligned}$ | 0 | 88 | 88 | 0 <br> 83 | 88 | 88 | 0 83 | 0 83 | 88 | 83 | 0 83 | 0 83 | 12 |  |
| Freisht cars (revenue), class 1 railroads (AAR):\$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number owned, end of neriod............thous. Held for repairs, | '1,481 | 1,497 | 1,491 | 1,491 | 1,497 | 1,496 | 1,498 | 1,438 | 1, 499 | 1,496 | 1,498 | 1,497 | 1,496 | 1,496 | 1,493 |  |
| Held for repairs, \% of total owned | 5.3 | 4.8 | 5.0 | 4.7 | 4.8 | ${ }^{1} 5.0$ | ${ }^{1} 5.1$ | ${ }^{1} 5.0$ | ${ }^{5.1}$ | 5.2 | 5.2 | 5.5 | 5.5 | 5.4 | 5.3 |  |
| Capacity (carrying), aggregate, end of period* mil. tons. | 488.20 |  | 90.50 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 93.30 | 93.50 | 93.54 |  |
| A verage per car ...........................tons.... | [59.58 | 61. 19 | 60.71 | 60.82 | 61.19 | 61.31 | 61.42 | 61.60 | 61.72 | 61.87 | 62.04 | 62.14 | 62.36 | 62.46 | 62.64 | --. |
| ${ }^{3}$ Revinning ${ }^{1}$ see note " $O$ " for p. S-21. ${ }^{2}$ Preliminary $\in$ stimate of production. <br> "Seginning Jan. 1965, data exclude exports of incomplete (unassembled) venice. <br> $\ddagger$ Monthly revisions for $1963-65$ are available upon request. <br> 9 Total includes backlog for nonrelated products and services and basic research. <br> © Data include military-type planes shipped to foreign governments. |  |  |  |  |  | *New series. Monthly data prior to 1965 are available upon request. Omits two States. <br> Courtesy of R. L. Polk \& Co.; republication prohibited. © Onits data for one State. <br> \$Fxclules railroad-owned private refrigerator cars and private line cars. Effective Apr. 1966, data include cars owned by three class II roads (over 2,600 cars end of Apr. 1966). Also, chanue in definition of class I railroads, as stated in 1965 Business Statistics nete, is reflected |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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Gold.
Grains and products.
19
$, 8,22,24,27,28$
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$\ldots, 6,24,24,11,12$
Gross national product


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Hides and skins.....
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Radio and television. . . . . . . . . . . . .

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|  |  |
|  |  |

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$10,17,18$
Real estate. . . . . . . . . . . .
Receipts, U.S. Government
Receipts, U.


Roofing and siding, asphalt.
Rubber and products (incl. plastics) $\cdots \cdots \cdots \cdots, \quad 4,13-15,23,37$
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Savings deposits.
Security markets.
Security markets
Services. . . . .
19,20
$-20,21$
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8,1i, 12,
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25
25

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[^0]:    1. Includes industries not shown separately.

    Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and the Securities and Exchange Commission.

[^1]:    1. Condition of actual inventories relative to sales and unfiled orders position as viewed by reporting companies. Percent distribution of inventory book values according to companies' classifications of their inventory condition.

    Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

[^2]:    ${ }_{r}$ Note.-Details may not add to totals because of rounding.
    $r$ Revised. $\quad p$ Preliminary. ${ }^{*}$ Less than $\$ 500,000( \pm)$
    1 Details for lines 3 and 15 are given in table 4 ; for lines $29,42,43,56$, and 57 , in table 5 ; for ines 37 through 40, in table 6 ; and for lines 58 and 59 , in table 7.
    ${ }_{2}$ Excludes undistributed profits of subsidiaries.

[^3]:    $r$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. *Less than $\$ 500,000( \pm)$.

    1. Details for lines 3 and 15 are given in table 4; for lines 29, 42, 43, 56, and 57, in table 5; for lines 37 through 40, in table 6; and for lines 58 and 59 , in table 7.
    2. Excludes undistributed profits of subsidiaries.
[^4]:    ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary.

    1. Includes deposits of foreign branches of U.S. banks and of foreign commercial banks, associated with their U.S.-dollar denominated liahilities to foreign official agencies.
[^5]:    ${ }^{2}$ Preliminary.
    ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. Consists mainly of exports of military equipment under Defense Department sales con tracts with foreign governments to the extent that such exports are included in the Census data. Also includes exports of domestically owned goods into storage abroad (e.g., U.S. grain stored in Canada); exports to the Panama Canal Zone; and exports of exposed motion picture film for rental rather than sale.
    ${ }^{2}$ Includes exports of domestically owned goods out of storage abroad (e.g., U.S. grain sold from storage in Canada); exports of electrical energy; exports of nonmonetary gold and silver and net sales of gold by U.S. private residents to the U.S. monetary gold stock; personal military aid programs, of goods to recipient countries from Defense Department stocks located abroad.

[^6]:    Note.-Details may not add to totals because of rounding.
    $r$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. *Less than $\$ 500,000( \pm)$.

    1. As reported by the operating agencies.
    2. Consists of transfers of military goods and services financed by U.S. Government credits and of advance payments to the Defense Department (on military sales contracts) financed by credits extended to foreigners by U.S. Government agencies.
    3. Includes estimated net accumulations of foreign currency from principal repayments 4. Transactions und
    sells and transfers milit military sales contracts are those in which the Defense Department sells and transfers military goods and services to a foreign purchaser, on a cash or credit basis.
[^7]:    ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. $\quad{ }^{*}$ Less than $\$ 500,000$. ( $\pm$ ) n.a. Not available. 1. Amounts outstanding, lines B15-B22, are as of June 30, 1967.

[^8]:    1. Excludes $\$ 11$ million borrowed from foreign banks in June for which new corporate securities were issued in July
[^9]:    1. This article is taken from a larger econometric study of long-run Federal tax functions done within the NIA framework and undertaken for the Interagency Economic Growth Project.
[^10]:    
    U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics 67-12-7

[^11]:    2. Economic Report of the President, January 1963, pp. 68-69.
[^12]:    4. The annual series on total AGI and its reconciliation with personal income for 1947-65 presented in this paper is an extension and revision of previous estimates made by OBE. "The Tax Base for Individual Incomes," Survey of CURrent Business, May 1963, p. 3. The method used to construct the series on total AGI was originally developed by Joseph A. Pechman, "Yield of the Individual Income Tax 1)uring a Recession," Policies to Combat Depression, Confrence of Universities-National Bureau Committee for Economic Research (Princeton University Press, 1956), p. 143.
[^13]:    10. Data from the Statistics of Income for 1963 show that the ratio of total personal deductions to AGI for taxable individuals varied between about 14 and 16 percent for individuals whose AGI was between $\$ 2,000$ and $\$ 100,000$.
[^14]:    11. E. Cary Brown and Richard J. Kruizenka, "Income Sensitivity of a Personal Income Tax,' Review of Economics and Statistics (August 1959), pp. 260-269.
[^15]:    16. It should also be noted that income splitting began in 1948 so that the relation between the initial bracket rate and the effective tax rate in 1947 was markedly different than for other years studied.
    17. The statistical results in logarithmic form are: $\log L-\log r=.0981+.9955 \log Y_{T I}$ (.0096)
    $+.0096 D_{47}+.0091 D_{50}-.0114 D_{51}$.
    (.0029) (.0029) (.0031)
    $-.0231 D_{52-53}-.0254 D_{54-03}$
    (.0029) (.0037)
    $\bar{R}^{2}=.999 \quad d=3.03 \quad \vec{S}=.0024$
[^16]:    18. Pechman simulated (among other things) yearly projections of tax liabilities and taxable income under the 1965 rate schedule. The simulations are for 1965-85 and are based on four assumed growth rates of "ordinary" income (1,2,3, and 4 percent) and three assumed exemption rates. Pechman also assumed no change in the relative distribution of income and a constant relation between the number of joint returns and other returns. Pechman's highest assumed rate of growth ( 4 percent) is lower than the actual rate of growth during 1965 and 1966. See Joseph A. Pechman, "A New Tax Model for Revenue Estimating" (The Brookings Institution, 1965).
[^17]:    19. The following are the statistical results in logarithmic form for tax liabilities (before credits) using Pechman's simulated values for $1965-70$ to estimate the elasticity of liabilities with respect to taxable income and actual data for 1965 to estimate the constant term:

    $$
    \begin{gathered}
    \log \mathrm{L}-\log \mathrm{r}=-.1593+1.1245 \log \mathrm{Y}_{\mathrm{T}} \mathrm{I} . \\
    \\
    \overline{\mathbf{R}}^{2}=.999 \quad \mathrm{~d}=.98 \quad \stackrel{(0033)}{\mathrm{S}=.0007}
    \end{gathered}
    $$

    The test statistics pertain to the fit of the equation to Pechman's simulated observations-that is, before the adjustment of the constant term to actual 1965 values. The constant term obtained directly from Pechman's simulated observations was 0.6850 , which compares closely to the constant term ( 0.6930 ), based on actual 1965 data. The constant term was adjusted to actual data for tax liabilities after credits whereas Pechman's simulations are for tax liabilities before credits. Tax credits in 1965 totaled $\$ 0.6$ billion, only about 1 percent of liabilities after credits.

[^18]:    20. For example, a linear equation for personal income tax payments, $R=a+b L$, implies an elasticity equal to $\frac{b}{\frac{a}{L}+b}$.
    Since $a$ is negative and $b$ is positive, the elasticity is greater than unity and approaches unity as $L$ increases.
[^19]:    21. The equation for Federal personal income tax payments (less refunds) might be developed more formally by using the definition of the NIA series. That is, individual equations might be constructed for withheld taxes, for nonwithheld taxes on current-year liabilities and for net yearend settlements; these could then be reduced to a single equation relating payments to current and past liabilities. This approach was rejected because it yields either a complicated nonlinear form or a simple linear form with undesirable implications for the tax parameters. (See footnote 20.)
[^20]:    23. Alternatively, the three equations might be reduced to one equation by suitable substitution. However, the "reduced form" is extremely cumbersome because of the form of the equation for taxable income.
[^21]:    25. The difference in the marginal rates for liabilities computed under the 1954 and 1965 tax schedules also reflects the method used to estimate liabilities equation (6) for the 1965 schedule. It will be recalled that the elasticity in the equation was estimated using Pechman's simulated observations under the 1965 schedule and that the constant term obtained from Pechman's data was adjusted to the actual 1965 data. The adjustment of the constant term was, in fact, very small (footnote 19) and within the standard error of the coefficient. The smallness of this adjustment and the extremely good prediction for 1966 using equation (6) indicates that it is probably a good description of reality. At any rate, the likely error because of the method used to estimate equation (6) would probably not affect the general conclusions in the text.
[^22]:    27. If we assume a 6 percent annual rate of growth in personal income, which is more than in 1947-65, and a 1.5 percent annual rate of growth in population on the basis of projections made by the Bureau of the Census, the overall marginal tax rate will grow about 0.2 percentage points per year or 1 percentage point after 5 years.
    ${ }^{-28}$. Theoretically, the marginal tax rates used to compare taxes as automatic fiscal stabilizers of real output should be measured in constant prices (see footnote 7). Although the marginal tax rates presented in this article are measured in current prices, they are within rounding errors of those measured in constant consumer prices.
[^23]:    1. Lawrence Grose, Irving Rottenberg, and Robert C. Wasson, "New Estimates of Fixed Business Capital in the United States, 1925-65," Survey of Current Business, December 1966.
[^24]:    1. The sum of the detailed types of equipment may exceed the all industries total because the latter includes an allowance for receipts from the sale of scrap. Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.
[^25]:    ${ }^{r}$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. tSee corresponding note on p. S-1, $\ddagger$ Revised series. Dollar for 1963 and Jan. 1964-May 1966 appear in the Dept. of Agriculture publications, Farm In-
    come Situation, July 1966 and July 1967. $\%$ Includes data for items not shown separately. 0 Revisions for 1964 and 1965 will be shown later; those for 1966 appear on p. 20 of the Nov
    1967 Survex.

[^26]:    ${ }^{r}$ Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Computed by OBE. o ${ }^{7}$ For actual wholesale prices f individual commodities, see respective commodities. tBeginning Jan. 1967, indexes ncorporate revised weighting structure reflecting 1963 values of shipments; details regarding of Labor Statistics, U.S. Dept. of Labor, Wash., D.C. 20212. ©Goods to users, inel. raw

[^27]:    ${ }^{5}$ Revised. ${ }^{1}$ Annual total includes revisions not distributed to months. ${ }^{2}$ Computed frome cumblative valuation total. ${ }^{3}$ Data cover 6 months.
    $\dagger$ Revised series. Monthly data for 1962-66 appear in Bu. of the Census Construction Report C30-66S.

[^28]:    ${ }^{2}$ Revised. ${ }^{1}$ Index as of Dec. 1, 1967: Buildting, 131. 0; construction, 145. I
    ICopyrighted data: see last paragraph of headnote, p. S-1.

[^29]:    Effective with the Sept. 1967 Surver, we have broadened the tables to provide more series from the Bureau of Labor Statistics, as follows: Additional unemploymentrates; seasonally adjusted production workers and weekly hours (for these items, unadjusted data are shown for totals only); man-hours (aggregate nonfarm man-hours, ind man-hour indexes for construction, mining and, for manulacturing, by industry groups); employment, hours, and earnings for private sector industries combined (not seasonally adjusted); and factory workers' spendable earnings in current and constant dollars (gross carnings excluding socia
    security and income taxes; earnings in constant $1957-59$ dollars reflect adjustment for changes
    in purchasing power since the base period).
    Also, the establishment (or payroll) employment, hours, man-hours, earnings, and turnover dati reflect adjustment to March 1966 henchmarks and revised seasonal factors; the ngures carlier data (except seas. adj. man-hour indexes and muemployment rates, tvahatle upon request) appear in BLS Bulletin 1312-5, Employment and Earnings Statistics for the Unitet States, 190-67, avaitable from the Goveriment Printing Office, Wash., D.C. 20402.

[^30]:    + Revised. preliminary. ${ }^{\prime}$ Number of carriers filing complete reports for the year. ${ }^{2}$ Data cover 5 weeks; other periods, 4 weeks. ${ }^{3}$ Preliminary estimate by Association of merican Railroads
    *New series. The monthly motor carrier index (ATA) is based on a sample of carriers that represents approximately one-third of the class I and II common carriers of general revenue tonthiles data back to 1955 are shown on p. 40 of the July 1966 SURvey. Railroad

[^31]:    ${ }^{3}$ Old crop only; new grain iot reported until beginning of new crop year (July for wheat).

[^32]:    - Corrected.

