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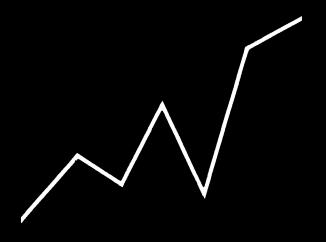


SEPTEMBER 1971 / VOLUME 51 NUMBER

SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

Office of Business Economics



SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

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the BUSINESS SITUATION

It is too early to assess the impact of the wage-price-rent freeze because the available economic indicators basically reflect conditions that antedate the freeze and the other new policy elements announced August 15. OBE has estimated, however, the impact that the President's proposals would have on the Federal fiscal position on the NIA basis. The estimate is discussed in this article. Also reviewed here are BLS data that indicate some deceleration this year in the wage rate increases negotiated in major union contracts.

 ${
m THE}$ 90-day freeze on wages, prices, and rents has been in effect for a month as this issue of the Survey goes to press. At this time, however, there is no easy way to assess its impact because the available economic indicators basically reflect conditions that antedate the inauguration of the freeze and other elements of the President's "new economic policy" (NEP). Congress reconvened on September 8 and promptly opened hearings on the parts of the NEP which require legislation. These include restoration of a tax credit for investment in machinery and equipment, accelerated liberalization of personal tax exemptions and deductions. and repeal of the excise tax on automobiles.

The proposed investment tax credit (at 10 percent for the next year and 5 percent thereafter) and the recent liberalization of depreciation rules will stimulate capital spending. For the remainder of the year, however, this demand sector is unlikely to provide much thrust to economic expansion. The recent OBE-SEC quarterly capital

spending survey, which was taken before the announcement of the NEP. showed some worsening in manufacturers' assessment of their need for more plant and equipment. A need for more facilities was reported by companies owning only 30 percent of total assets in manufacturing, compared with figures of 33 percent in March, 40 percent last December, and 42 percent in June 1970. Ample capacity is probably a major reason why business was planning only a modest rise in total capital outlays this quarter and little change in the fourth. (Details of the survey are on pages 14-17.)

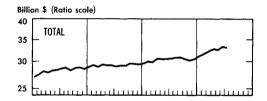
One of the proposals before Congress is repeal of the excise tax on automobiles, retroactive to August 15. Because buyers are being assured that the tax will be refunded to them if Congress does repeal it retroactively, the response to the NEP may well be seen more promptly in auto sales than in other demand categories.

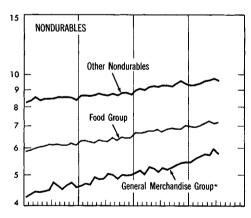
In July, the last month completely unaffected by the new policy, retail sales declined somewhat (chart 1). The available evidence indicates that there was a strong advance in August, however. Sales of retailers in the auto group were an important factor in the overall gain indicated for August, but increases were fairly widespread in both durable and nondurable lines.

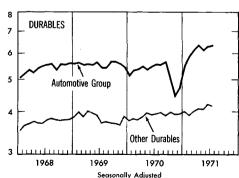
Dealers' unit sales of new domestic cars show a strong jump in the final third of August. This may reflect buyer response to the President's August 15 message, but could be due to other factors. (Sales strength continued in the first third of September.) For the month of August, sales of domestic models were at an annual rate of 81/4 million units, up about 2 percent from the pace in June and July. Sales of imports,

CHART 1

Retail Sales







*Includes nonstore retailers U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics Data: Census

71-9-1

meanwhile, gained very strongly in August, rising about 10 percent from the June-July pace to an annual rate of 1.85 million units. This may reflect a burst of buyer interest in the imports already on hand, which were unaffected by the import surcharge imposed August 15.

Total personal income rose \$8\% billion (annual rate) in August. A pay raise for postal workers boosted income about \$2½ billion (of which about \$2 billion was a one-time "bonus" and about \$½ billion was a permanent increase). Also, farm proprietors' income again jumped sharply, rising almost \$1 billion in August after a gain nearly that large in July. Otherwise, the August gains in wages and salaries and in the nonwage income components were roughly in line with trends in the spring and summer. The increase in wages and salaries, about \$4 billion apart from the postal pay raise, was basically due to a longer average workweek and higher hourly earnings, as employment was little changed from July.

Personal income growth in 1971 has been fairly strong even though employment has been essentially stable. The June increase in social security benefits, retroactive to the first of the year, was of course an important factor in the growth of income this year though certainly not the only one. Consumers have hesitated to spend, however, and the saving rate has been running slightly above 8 percent for a year now. With disposable income at an annual rate of about \$750 billion, every percentage point difference in the saving rate represents a difference of about \$7\% billion in consumption spending.

A visible response to the new economic policy was registered in credit markets, where the upward course of interest rates was reversed. Rates in money and bond markets had been rising since early spring and by early summer were exerting upward pressure on mortgage rates and raising the threat that saving flows to the mortgage lending institutions might be curtailed. The general firming in mortgage market conditions had become a tempering

factor in the outlook for residential construction, which has been the strongest element in the current economic expansion. The easing in market rates of interest allays, at least for the present, the threat to the homebuilding boom posed by the firming in mortgage markets. Starts are currently running at a very high annual rate of about 2½ million units and residential investment continues to be a strong component of aggregate demand, though the growth rate of residential outlays is slowing.

An important factor to bear in mind

when assessing current activity is the sharp runoff of steel inventories. Although steel stocks are a relatively small part of aggregate inventories, the current liquidation is exerting a powerful influence on this summer's inventory investment. In August, steel users are estimated to have cut 4 million tons from the 12½ million tons they were reported to have stockpiled as a strike hedge. This very steep reduction of inventories apparently satisfied most of last month's demand for steel and mill production and shipments fell drastically.

Second Quarter Profits and GNP

On the basis of additional information, OBE has revised the estimate of second quarter corporate profits. As measured in national income, i.e., excluding inventory profits or losses, total corporate profits are now estimated to have been \$78.3 billion (seasonally adjusted annual rate) in the quarter; the preliminary estimate, published in August, was \$77.0 billion. The book profit estimate (i.e., profit including inventory gains or losses) was raised by the same amount, from a preliminary \$82.0 billion to a revised \$83.3 billion. The revision was principally in profits earned abroad and remitted to the United States. Because foreign taxes on these profits are for the most part used as a credit against U.S. tax liability, the estimate of corporate

profits tax liability was little affected by the revision.

As was outlined in last month's Survey, the U.S. national income and product accounts treat income earned abroad as representing, on the "product side" of the accounts, an export of capital services. Therefore, second quarter net exports of goods and services, and total GNP, were revised up correspondingly. Some slight revisions were made in other components of goods and services exports and in imports as well, so that the second quarter figures in the GNP accounts are identical to the second quarter figures appearing in the balance of payments accounts (reported beginning on page 32 of this issue). In total, net exports and GNP were revised up \$1.7 billion.

Federal Receipts and Expenditures

The impact of the NEP on the Federal fiscal position (NIA basis) in the second half of 1971 and in the first half of 1972 is shown on table 1. The major impact of the proposal to defer welfare reform for one year does not appear on the table because that program was originally schedule to begin in July 1972.

Impact on receipts

Federal receipts would be cut considerably under the NEP—\$4 billion in the second half of 1971 and \$8% billion in the first half of 1972 (annual rates). The largest reduction would be in corporate tax liabilities, largely due to the proposed Job Development Credit. The

Table 1.—Impact of "New Economic Policy" on Federal Receipts, Expenditures, and Deficit (NIA Basis)

(Billions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

	1971	1972
	Second half	First half
Federal government receipts	-4.0	-8.8
Personal tax and nontax payments Corporate profits tax accruals Indirect business tax and nontax	-2.4	-2.5 -4.1
accruals 1	-1.6	-2.2
Federal government expenditures Purchases of goods and services	-3.4 9	-6,0 -4.5
National defense Other	9 2 7	-2.4 -2.1
Transfer payments to foreigners	1	- . 1
Grants-in-aid to State and local gov- ernments	-2.4	-1.4
Federal deficit, national income and pro- duct accounts 1	6	-2.8

^{1.} Excluding import surcharge, which would add about \$2 billion (net) to receipts in its first full year.

proposed credit is similar to the investment tax credit in effect in 1962-66 and 1967-69, but with two major differences. First, a 10-percent tax credit would apply to machinery and equipment acquired in the year beginning August 16, 1971, including goods ordered before that date; the 10-percent credit would also apply to goods delivered by February 15, 1973, provided they were ordered before August 16, 1972. The credit would drop to a permanent rate of 5 percent for goods ordered after August 16, 1972. Second. no credit would be allowed for foreignproduced goods so long as the temporary import surcharge is in effect. Corporate taxes would also be lowered beginning January 1, 1972 by adoption of the Domestic International Sales Corporation (DISC) proposal which provides for tax deferral on export income if such income is used in export-related activities.

Personal taxes also would be cut under the NEP, principally because tax reductions now scheduled for January 1973 would be moved forward to January 1972. The personal exemption would move to \$750 and the standard deduction to 15 percent under the NEP proposal. Under present law, the exemption is already scheduled to increase from \$650 to \$700, and the standard deduction from 13 percent to 14 percent, on January 1, 1972. Personal

taxes would also be lowered by the impact of the Job Development Credit on unincorporated business.

Indirect business taxes will be reduced if Congress repeals the automobile excise tax retroactive to August 15, as proposed. The present tax is 7 percent of the manufacturer's price to the dealer, or slightly under 5½ percent of the final price to the purchaser, an average of \$200 per automobile. The temporary import surcharge is also classified as an indirect business tax, and will increase receipts about \$2 billion (annual rate) while in effect (but this is not included in table 1).

Impact on expenditures

The President's program also calls for reductions in Federal expenditures. On an NIA basis, these reductions are estimated at \$3.4 billion in the second half of 1971 and \$6 billion in the first half of 1972 (annual rates).

Purchases of goods and services and grants-in-aid to State and local governments are the categories principally affected. Both defense and nondefense purchases would be reduced by postponement of a previously scheduled Federal pay raise from January 1, 1972 to July 1, 1972, and by intended reductions in employment. (As a result of the President's proposal, it is expected that there would be 66,000 fewer Federal employees on June 30, 1972 than on June 30, 1971.) Nondefense purchases in fiscal 1972 are further reduced by the deferral of welfare reform which would have required about \$1/2 billion of administrative costs in this fiscal year.

The reduction in grants results largely from the deferral of general revenue sharing from October 1, 1971 to January 1, 1972, and the deferral of certain special revenue sharing programs from January 1972 to July 1972 and January 1973.

Other fiscal developments

A number of factors, in addition to the President's proposals, have changed the January budget estimates of fiscal 1972 receipts and expenditures.

Federal receipts (unified budget basis), excluding the President's August 15 proposals, are now estimated at \$9 billion to \$10 billion below the January estimates, largely because of reductions in the estimates of corporate income tax collections. (No revised estimates are available for receipts on the NIA basis.)

Federal expenditures, also excluding the effect of the NEP, are now estimated by the Office of Management and Budget at about \$8 billion above the January estimates on the unified budget basis (and unofficially estimated by OBE at \$7 billion over budget on the NIA basis). Congressional action accounts for over half of the upward revision, and increases in "uncontrollable" programs, such as for unemployment benefits and public assistance, account for much the rest.

The new estimates of receipts include the net impact of several changes in social security financing that have occurred since January. Congressional deferral from January 1, 1971 to January 1, 1972 of an increase in the wage base from \$7,800 to \$9,000 reduced estimated fiscal 1972 collections by \$2.8 billion. That reduction would be only partly offset in fiscal 1972 by the House-approved increase in the social security tax rate from 10.4 percent to 10.8 percent (employer and employee combined) and in the wage base to \$10.200, both effective January 1, 1972. (Both of the latter increases await action by the Senate).

Although the net impact of these Congressional actions would lower fiscal 1972 collections relative to the estimates in the January budget, the combined effect of the wage base change under present law and the new increases under the House proposal would raise calendar 1972 tax liabilities (and NIA contributions for social insurance) by more than \$7 billion, as shown in table 2.

Table 2.—Calendar 1972 Tax Increases for Social Security Under Present Law and Proposed Legislation

[Billions of dollars]

Present law:	
Maximum wage base rises from \$7,800 to \$9,000.	3. (
Proposed legislation:	
Maximum wage base rises from \$9,000 to \$10,200	2.
Employer-employee tax rate rises from 10.4% to 10.8%	1,
Total impact	7.

Wages Under Collective Bargaining

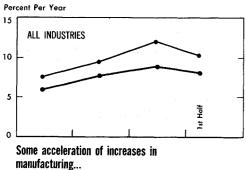
There was a deceleration in this year's first half of wage rate increases negotiated in major collective-bargaining agreements. Settlements of contracts involving 1,000 or more workers provided an average first-year increase of 10 percent in straight time hourly earnings, compared with a record 12 percent

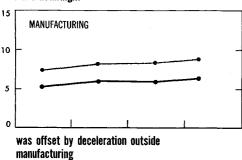
CHART 2

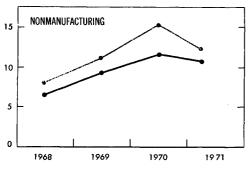
Wage Increases Under Collective Bargaining

In first year of contract
Over life of contract

Increases negotiated in first half of 1971 were smaller than last year's







NOTE.-Figures plotted are mean percentage increases in straight time hourly earnings resulting from collective bargaining agreements reached in the time period indicated and covering 1,000 or more workers.

provided under contracts negotiated in the year 1970. As in recent years, there was widespread "front loading" of multiyear contracts, i.e., providing larger wage gains in the first year of the contract than in subsequent years. The annual wage increase over the full life of these contracts averaged 8 percent, down from 9 percent last year.

The deceleration of first-year wage gains was outside manufacturing; the average increase provided in new manufacturing contracts accelerated somewhat (chart 2). In part, the slowdown outside manufacturing can be traced to the small number of workers bargaining in the construction industry and to the fact that the wage gains won in the construction settlements were substantially smaller than gains won in 1970. The first half of this year saw settlements of only nine major construction labor contracts, covering 35,000 workers, and these provided an average firstyear wage increase of 13% percent. Last year, contracts covering 700,000 workers provided an average increase of 17½ percent.

Since the end of March, construction labor contracts have been subject to a new system of wage restraints under the jurisdiction of the Construction Industry Stabilization Committee (CISC). This committee had approved nearly 100 contracts by midyear, but only three met the Bureau of Labor Statistics definition of a "major" situation, i.e., one involving 1,000 or more workers. The CISC review process is helping to curb the rise of construction wages and prices. However, the small number of major situations reviewed precludes any assessment of the Committee's impact on major contract settlements in the first half of this year.

Aside from the construction industry, the collective bargaining schedule is very heavy this year. Approximately 4% million workers—about the same as last year—are covered by contracts that expire in 1971 or contain provisions for a reopening on wages this year.

Moreover, at least 5% million workers were scheduled for deferred increases negotiated in contracts settled in 1970 and earlier; BLS estimated at the start of the year that the deferred increases paid in 1971 would average about 7% percent, the largest on record. Also, about 3 million workers are covered by provisions of escalator clauses tied to changes in the consumer price index.

The schedule of negotiations and wage increases has of course been thrown askew by the 90-day freeze inaugurated on August 15. Roughly 700,000 private nonfarm workers are under contracts expiring during the freeze or having provisions for reopening in that period, 1.2 million were scheduled for deferred increases, and 600,000 are under contracts that might have granted escalator increases. The President's new economic policy will almost certainly result in the average wage increase for full year 1971 being lower than it otherwise would have been. The success of the program depends heavily on the outcome of labor negotiations after the freeze. A key factor in determining these outcomes will be the "Phase II" program that succeeds the freeze—and the nature of that program is not now known.

Union and nonunion wages

An interesting question, with considerable relevance for assessments of the course of wages and prices, is the extent to which nonunion wages differ from union wages in their responsiveness to economic conditions. The figures previously cited on wage increases negotiated under major agreements are, by definition, for union members in situations involving at least 1,000 workers. It would not be surprising to find nonunion wages responding more sensitively than union wages to fluctuations in economic activity, mainly because of greater management discretion in nonunion firms.

Unfortunately, there is not much systematic evidence bearing on non-union wages, but BLS does prepare data on wage rate increases in manufacturing for union and nonunion firms separately. In the nonunion group this

information is collected only from firms that make general wage changes; firms that change wages on an individual worker basis are excluded. Data for the first quarter of 1971, which cover a very limited number of workers, indicate a mean increase in straight time hourly earnings of 5½ percent for nonunion establishments, compared with 6 percent in both 1970 and 1969, and 5¾ percent in 1968. By contrast, the mean increase for union establishments was 8 percent in the first quarter as compared with 7¾ percent in 1970, 7½ percent in 1969, and 6½ percent in 1968.

"Effective" wage change

Deferred wage increases are probably rare in nonunion firms, but they are an extremely common feature of multiyear union contracts. For this reason, it is interesting to look at the behavior of the "effective wage adjustment" (EWA) calculated by BLS for workers covered by major agreements. The EWA is the average percentage change in straight time hourly earnings resulting from: (1) the first-year wage change under new contracts (including situations in which wages are unchanged or decreased); (2) deferred increases, negotiated in earlier years but paid in the year in question; and (3) nonguaranteed cost of living adjustments resulting from escalator clauses.

The EWA for the year 1970 was 8¾ percent, up sharply from 6½ percent in 1969 and 6 percent in 1968.

The EWA is determined both by size of the wage increases (first-year, deferred, escalator) and by the number of workers receiving them. The marked acceleration of the EWA from 1969 to 1970 was attributable mainly to the fact that 1970 negotiations covered a record 4.7 million workers, compared with 2.8 million in 1969. The large number of workers gave heavy weight

to the big first-year wage increases typical under "front loading"; the first-year change dominated the EWA, accounting for 5.1 percentage points out of the total 8.8 percent EWA (table 3). In years of lighter bargaining, such as 1969, first-year increases receive less weight, deferred increases are more prominent, and the rise in the EWA moderates.

Table 3.—Components of Effective Wage Adjustment

[Mean percent change]

	1968	1969	1970
Private nonfarm, all industries:			
First-year wage change Deferred wage change Cost of living escalator change Total effective wage adjustment	3. 2 2. 4 . 3 6. 0	2. 4 3. 8 . 3 6. 5	5, 1 3, 1 , 6 8, 8
Manufacturing:			
First-year wage change	3. 0 2. 1 . 5 5. 7	2. 1 2. 7 . 5 5. 4	3. 3 2. 5 1. 2 7. 1
Nonmanufacturing:			
First-year wage change Deferred wage change Cost of living escalator change Total effective wage adjustment	3. 4 2. 7 . 1 6. 3	2. 6 4. 8 . 2 7. 7	6. 8 3. 6 . 1 10. 5

Note.—All figures are employment-weighted means of wage changes occurring under the provisions of agreements covering 1,000 or more workers, and represent percentage increases in straight time hourly earnings.

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics.

Last year's acceleration in the EWA was more pronounced in nonmanufacturing industries than in manufacturing. In part, this can be traced to very big first-year increases negotiated in the trucking and construction industries. In manufacturing, the increase in the EWA reflected generally heavier bargaining and a big jump in the average cost-of-living escalator adjustment. That jump was due to both an increased number of workers covered by escalator clauses and the pronounced rise in prices. In addition, the escalator adjustment was boosted by a cost-of-

living "catch up" provision in the auto labor contracts.

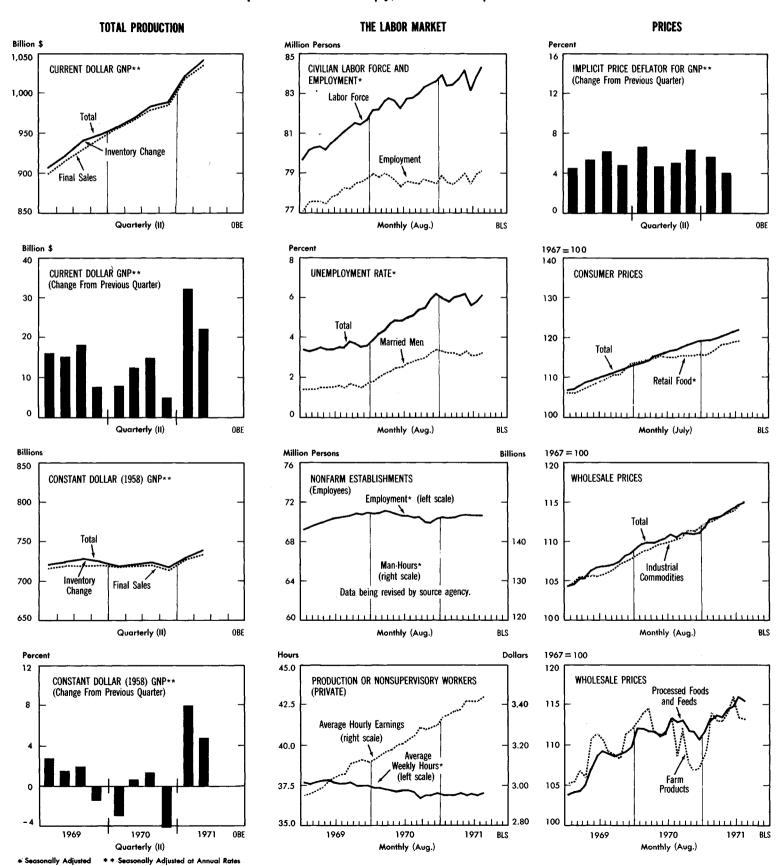
Effective change in 1971

It is not possible to calculate the EWA for the first half of 1971 because information is lacking on deferred increases and escalator adjustments effective during that period. BLS has estimated the average deferred increase for all of 1971, but there has been no allocation of this estimate between half years.

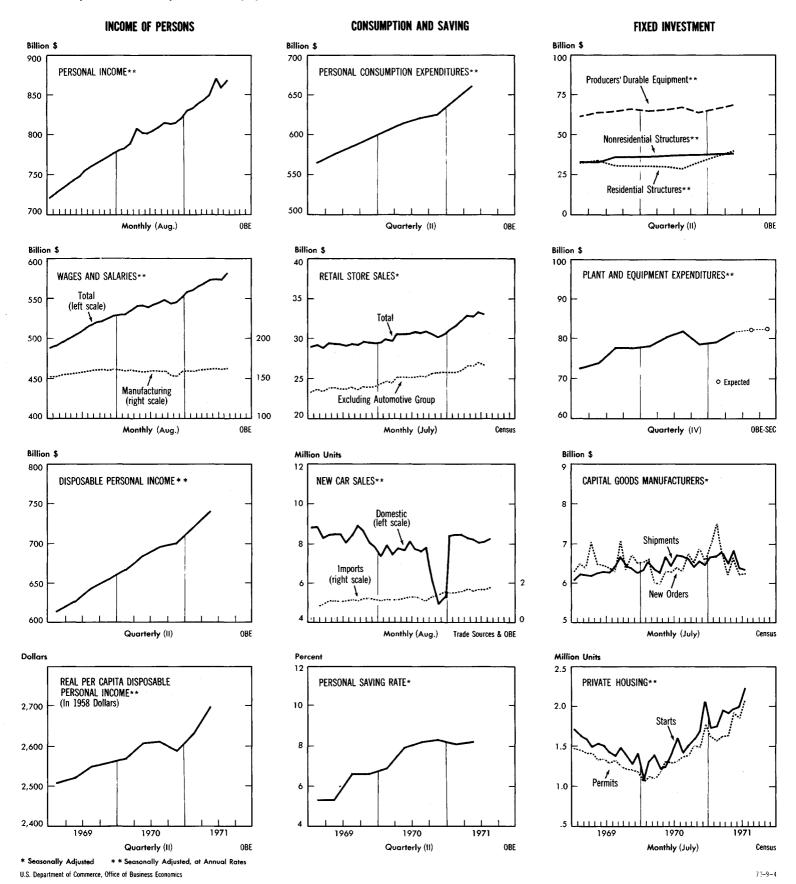
It would not be appropriate to project an EWA for the year as a whole using information on settlements negotiated through June. This is so because those settlements covered only 11/4 million of the 4% million workers scheduled for bargaining in 1971, and represented an untypical industry mix, in part because there were so few major settlements in the construction industry. Nonetheless the EWA for the full year 1971 will very likely reflect some dampening caused by the new economic policy. Even in the absence of this, however, it seems quite possible that 1971 might have seen a downturn in the EWA. The deceleration of the average first-year increase in the first half of 1971 (to 10 percent, compared with 12 percent in 1970) did reflect rather limited coverage, but the period nevertheless included key agreements in the railroad, can, apparel, and aluminum industries, which typically set patterns for subsequent settlements. Furthermore, escalator increases are not expected to be as important this year as last, both because of the special effect that the auto settlement had on last year's figures and because of the slower rate of price increase this year. Some offset to these factors is the anticipated higher average deferred increase scheduled for 1971, but it does not seem likely that this will dominate the year's EWA.

CHART 3

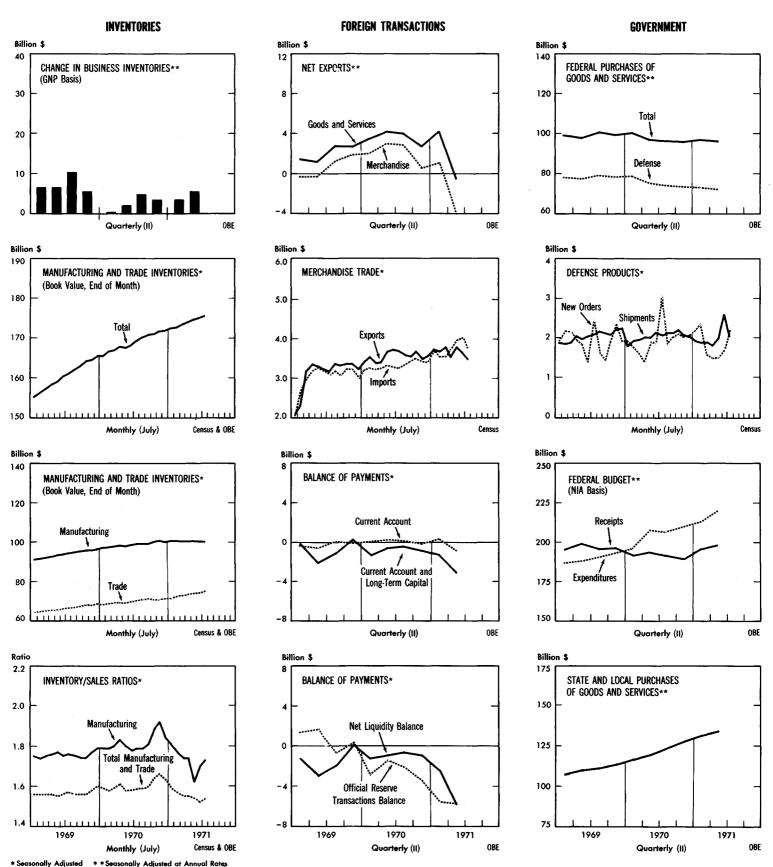
- The jobless rate rose to 6.1 percent
- Wholesale industrial prices increased sharply, nonindustrial prices declined



- In August: Personal income rose \$8.8 billion, boosted by an increase in postal workers' pay
- Sales of both domestic cars and imports increased
- Expenditures for plant and equipment expected to rise \$0.8 billion in third quarter and change little in fourth



- In July: Manufacturing and trade firms added \$420 million to their stocks
- Net exports of merchandise in deficit again

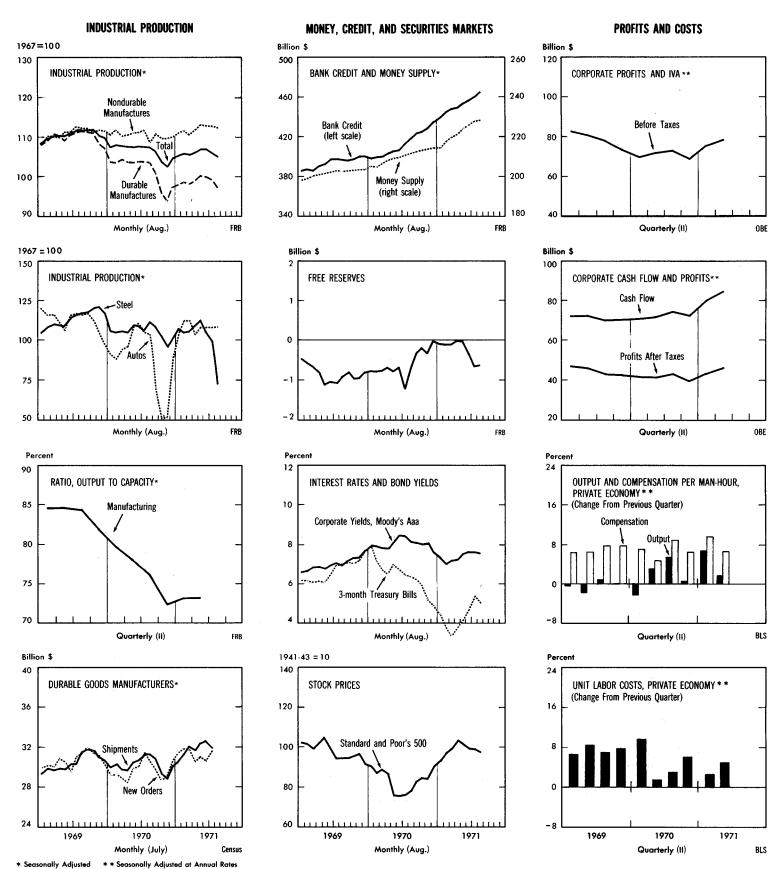


U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

CHARI

In August: Industrial production declined

- Bank credit and money supply increased
 - Interest rates and bond yields dropped



NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT TABLES

				197	70		19	71				19	70		19	71
	1969	1970	I	п	III	IV	I	II*	1969	1970	I	п	III	IV	I	II*
			Se	easonall	y adjust	ted at a	nnual rat	es			Se	asonall	7 adjust	ed at an	nual ra	tes
			Billi	ons of c	urrent o	lollars					Bil	lions of	1958 dol	lars		
Table 1.—Gross I	Natio	nal Pr	oduct	in Cı	ırrent	and	Consta	ınt Do	llars (1.1, 1.	2)					
Gross national product	929, 1	974. 1	956, 0	968, 5	983.5	988. 4	1,020.8	1, 043, 1	724, 7	720, 0	719.8	721, 1	723, 3	715, 9	729. 7	738,
Personal consumption expenditures Durable goods. Nondurable goods. Services.	579. 6 89. 9 247. 6 242. 1	615. 8 88. 6 264. 7 262. 5	604. 0 88. 6 259. 4 256. 1	613, 8 90, 7 262, 9 260, 2	620, 9 90, 4 265, 5 265, 0	624.7 84.9 270.9 268.9	644, 6 97, 6 272, 0 275, 0	660.9 100.8 279.8 280.4	469. 3 84. 8 202. 7 181. 8	475, 9 81, 4 207, 3 187, 2	474, 4 82, 3 205, 7 186, 4	477. 1 83. 8 206. 5 186. 8	477. 9 82. 8 207. 3 187. 9	474. 2 76. 6 209. 7 187. 9	484. 8 86. 7 209. 2 188. 8	492. 89. 213. 190.
Gross private domestic investment.	137.8	135. 3	131, 2	134, 1	138.6	137.3	143, 8	152, 4	109, 6	102, 2	101.0	102.7	104, 0	101, 2	104.7	109,
Fixed investment	130, 4	132. 5	130.8	132. 1	133. 5	133. 6	140. 6	146. 7	103. 2	99. 9	100. 7	100. 7	100. 1	98. 1	102. 1	105.
Nonresidential Structures Producers' durable equipment	98. 6 34. 5 64, 1	102, 1 36, 8 65, 4	100, 8 36, 1 64, 7	102. 1 36. 6 65. 6	104. 8 37. 3 67. 5	100. 8 37. 1 63. 7	104. 3 37. 9 66. 3	107. 0 38. 2 68. 8	80. 1 24. 5 55. 7	78. 6 24. 2 54. 4	79. 3 24. 6 54. 7	79. 4 24. 4 55. 0	80. 1 24. 2 55. 9	75. 5 23. 5 52. 0	77. 5 23. 8 53. 7	78. 23. 55.
Residential structures. Nonfarm. Farm.	31, 8 31, 2 , 6	30, 4 29, 7 . 6	30. 0 29. 4 . 6	29. 9 29. 3 . 6	28, 7 28, 1 , 6	32, 8 32, 2 , 6	36. 4 35. 7 . 6	39. 7 39. 1 . 6	23. 1 22. 6 . 4	21. 3 20. 9 . 4	21. 4 21. 0 . 4	21. 3 20. 8 . 4	20. 0 19. 5 . 4	22. 6 22. 2 . 4	24. 6 24. 2 . 4	26. 26.
Change in business inventories Nonfarm Farm	7.4 7.3 .1	2. 8 2. 5 . 3	.4 .1 .3	2. 1 1. 8 . 3	5. 1 4. 7 . 3	3. 7 3. 3 . 4	3. 2 3. 0 . 2	5. 7 5. 2 . 5	6, 4 6, 3 , 1	2. 3 2. 0 . 3	.3 .0 .2	2. 0 1. 7 . 3	3. 9 3. 6 . 3	3. 1 2. 8 . 4	2. 6 2. 4 . 2	4. 4.
Net exports of goods and services	2, 0	3, 6	3, 5	4, 2	4, 0	2, 7	4. 2	5	.1	2. 4	1, 7	2.6	3, 2	2, 1	2. 6	-1.
ExportsImports	55, 6 53, 6	62. 9 59. 3	61. 5 58. 0	63. 2 59. 0	63. 7 59. 7	63. 2 60. 5	66. 1 61. 9	66. 4 66. 9	48. 5 48. 3	52. 2 49. 8	51.6 49.9	52. 8 50. 1	52. 4 49. 2	51. 9 49. 8	52, 8 50, 1	53. 54.
Government purchases of goods and services	209.7	219. 4	217.3	216.5	220. 1	223, 7	228. 2	230, 2	145, 6	139, 4	142, 6	138. 7	138, 2	138, 3	137, 6	137.
Federal National defenseOther	99, 2 78, 4 20, 7	97. 2 75. 4 21. 9	100. 2 78. 9 21. 3	96, 8 75, 1 21, 6	96. 1 74. 2 21. 9	95. 9 73. 2 22. 7	96. 7 73. 0 23. 7	95. 7 71. 8 23. 9	73. 8	65, 4	69. 4	65, 3	63.8	63 , 2	61. 5	60.
State and local	110.6	122. 2	117. 1	119. 7	124.0	127. 9	131. 5	134. 5	71. 9	74. 0	73. 2	73. 4	74. 3	75, 2	76. 1	76.
Table 2.—Gross National Produ	et by	Majo	г Тур	e of P	roduc	t in (Curren	t and (Const	ant D	ollars	(1.3,	1.5)			
Gross national product	929, 1	974. 1	956, 0	968. 5	983, 5	988, 4	1,020.8	1,043.1	724.7	720.0	719.8	721, 1	723, 3	715, 9	729.7	738.
Final sales	921. 7 7. 4	971. 3 2. 8	955, 6 , 4	966, 5 2, 1	978. 4 5. 1	984. 7 3. 7	1, 017. 6 3. 2	1, 037. 4 5. 7	718, 2 6, 4	717. 7 2. 3	719. 5 . 3	719. 1 2. 0	719. 4 3. 9	712. 8 3. 1	727. 1 2. 6	733. 4.
Goods output	457.3	468, 3	461.9	468.6	474.9	467.7	483, 2	494.6	389. 9	383.0	382, 7	385. 4	387. 2	376.7	386.6	393.
Final salesChange in business inventories	7.4	465. 5 2. 8	461. 5 . 4	466, 6 2, 1	469. 8 5. 1	464. 0 3. 7	480. 0 3. 2	488. 9 5. 7	383. 4 6. 4	380. 7 2. 3	382. 4 . 3	383. 4 2. 0	383. 3 3. 9	373. 6 3. 1	384. 0 2. 6	388. 4.
Durable goods	180. 9	180. 2 180. 8 —. 6	179. 8 181. 5 -1. 8	181. 8 183. 7 -2. 0	189, 6 184, 9 4, 7	169. 7 173. 1 -3. 4	191. 8 188. 0 3. 8	194, 2 191, 5 2, 7	165, 9 162, 1 3, 8	156. 1 156. 8 —. 6	157. 7 159. 4 —1. 6	158. 8 160. 3 -1. 5	163. 7 160. 0 3. 7	144, 4 147, 5 -3, 1	161. 9 158. 7 3. 2	163. 161. 2.
Nondurable goods. Final sales. Change in business inventories.	272, 0 269, 0 2, 9	288. 1 284. 7 3. 4	282, 1 279, 9 2, 2	286, 9 282, 9 4, 0	285. 3 284. 9 . 4	297. 9 290. 9 7. 1	291. 4 292. 0 —. 6	300. 4 297. 4 3. 0	224. 0 221. 4 2. 6	226. 9 223. 9 3. 0	225. 0 223. 0 1. 9	226, 7 223, 1 3, 6	223. 5 223. 3 . 2	232. 3 226. 1 6. 2	224. 7 225. 3 —. 6	230. 227. 2.
Services.	377, 4	410, 3	400, 8	406, 2	413, 7	420.6	432, 3	439.8	267, 8	273, 4	273.0	272, 3	273, 9	274. 5	276, 1	277.
Structures.	94, 4	95, 5	93, 4	93, 7	94. 9	100, 1	105, 2	108, 6	67.0	63, 6	64, 1	63, 4	62, 2	64, 7	67, 0	67.
Table 3.—Gross Natio	onal P	roduc	t by S	Sector	in Cu	ırrent	t and (Consta	nt Do	llars (1.7, 1	.8)				
Gross national product	929, 1	974. 1	956. 0	968. 5	983. 5	988.4	1, 020, 8	1, 043, 1	724, 7	720, 0	719.8	721, 1	723. 3	715. 9	729, 7	738.
Private	825, 3	859, 8	844.5	854.8	868, 3	871.6	899.5	920, 1	664.0	659. 4	659, 1	660.4	662.8	655, 4	669, 0	677.
Business Nonfarm Farm	764.5	823, 4 795, 2 28, 2	809, 1 779, 3 29, 8	819. 7 790. 9 28. 8	831. 3 804. 1 27. 1	833, 5 806, 4 27, 1	859. 6 831. 5 28. 1	877. 9 849. 0 28. 9	643. 5 619. 3 24. 2	638. 5 614. 6 23. 9	637. 9 614. 4 23. 5	640. 1 616. 1 23. 9	641. 8 618. 6 23. 2	634, 1 609, 2 24, 9	646. 9 622. 0 24. 9	654. 629. 25.
Households and institutions.	28, 5	31.7	3 0. 9	31.0	32.1	33 . 0	34. 2	35.0	16. 5	17. 0	17. 1	16. 8	17. 0	17. 1	17. 6	17.
Rest of the world	4.3	4.6	4.5	4.1	4.8	5. 1	5. 6	7. 2	4.0	4.0	4.1	3.6	4.0	4, 2	4, 5	5.

HISTORICAL STATISTICS

National income and product data for 1929–63 are in *The National Income and Product Accounts of the United States, 1929–1965, Statistical Tables* (available at \$1 from Commerce Department Field Offices or the Superintendent of Documents; see addresses inside front cover). Each July Survey contains preliminary data for the latest 2 years and final data for the preceding 2. The July 1971 issue has data for 1967–70. Prior July issues have final data as follows: 1964–65, July 1968; 1965–66, July 1969; 1966–67, July 1970. OBE will provide on request a reprint of final data for the years 1964–67.

^{*}Second quarter net exports (and related totals) revised.

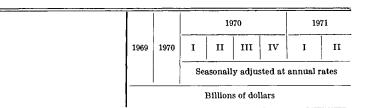


Table 4.—Relation of Gross National Product, National Income, and Personal Income (1.9)

Gross national product	929, 1	974. 1	956.0	968. 5	983. 5	988. 4	1, 020, 8	1, 043, 1
Less: Capital consumption allow- ances	81. 1	87. 6	85. 4	86. 9	88. 2	89. 8	95. 6	97. 3
Equals: Net national product	848.0	886. 5	870.6	881.6	895. 3	898.6	925, 2	945.7
Less: Indirect business tax and nontax liability		92. 9	89. 7	91.9	94. 2	95.8	99. 3	101. 7
Business transfer payments Statistical discrepancy		3.9 -4.5		3.9 -5.8	4. 0 -3. 2	4.1 -1.6	4. 2 -4. 9	4. 2 -4. 0
Plus: Subsidies less current surplus government enterprises	1.1	1.7	1.4	1.8	1.9	1.7	1.6	.7
Equals: National income	763.7	795. 9	785.8	793. 4	802. 2	802, 1	828, 3	844.5
Less: Corporate profits and inven- tory valuation adjustment Contributions for social in- surance	78. 6 54. 0	70. 8 57. 6	69. 8 56. 2	71. 5 57. 4	73. 0 58. 4	69. 0 58. 5	75. 5 63. 9	78. 3 65. 0
Wage accurals less disburse- ments	.0	.0		-2.1	-,4	. 0	.0	, 0
Plus: Government transfer pay- ments to persons Interest paid by government	62. 2	75. 6	67. 4	77. 3	77. 2	80.7	83.7	92, 2
(net) and by consumers Dividends Business transfer payments	24.4	31. 7 25. 0 3. 9	30. 9 25. 0 3. 8	31. 1 24. 9 3. 9	32. 2 25. 2 4. 0	32. 4 25. 0 4. 1	32. 0 25. 6 4. 2	31. 7 25. 4 4. 2
Equals: Personal income		803.6	784.3	803, 8	809, 8	816.7	834.3	854, 8

Table 5.—Gross Auto Product in Current and Constant Dollars (1.15, 1.16)

	(1.	10, 1						
-			Billi	ons of	current	dollar	s	
Gross auto product 1	36.6	30.6	30. 9	35. 2	34.1	22, 0	42, 1	40, 0
Personal consumption expenditures. Producers' durable equipment Change in dealers' autoinventories.	31. 7 5. 6 . 1	28. 0 4. 9 9	28. 9 5. 1 -1. 7	29. 9 5. 3 1. 1	29. 6 5. 2 . 5	23. 5 4. 1 -3. 6	33. 9 6. 0 4. 1	34, 5 6, 1 1, 4
Net exports Exports Imports	2. 2	-1.8 2.0 3.7	-1.7 1.9 3.6	$ \begin{array}{r} -1.4 \\ 2.4 \\ 3.8 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c c} -1.6 \\ 2.2 \\ 3.7 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} -2.3 \\ 1.4 \\ 3.7 \end{array} $	-2.2 2.6 4.8	-2, 3 2, 7 5, 0
Addenda:					İ			
New cars, domestic ² New cars, foreign	32. 2 5. 6	26. 0 6. 3	26. 3 6. 4	30. 3 6. 7	30, 2 5, 5	17. 1 6. 5	36. 7 7. 9	34. 1 8. 2
	Billions of 1958 dollars							
Gross auto product 1	35.0	28.3	29, 1	33.0	31, 6	19.6	36.8	34.7
Personal consumption expenditures. Producers' durable equipment Change in dealers' autoinventories.	5.4	25. 9 4. 6 9	27. 3 4. 9 -1. 6	28. 0 5, 0 1, 1	27. 4 4. 9 . 5	21. 1 3. 7 -3. 4	29. 5 5. 3 3. 8	29. 9 5. 3 1. 2
Net exports Exports Imports	2.2	-1.7 1.9 3.6	-1.7 1.9 3.6	-1.3 2.4 3.7	-1.5 2.1 3.6	$ \begin{array}{c} -2.2 \\ 1.3 \\ 3.5 \end{array} $	-2.0 2.4 4.4	-2.1 2.4 4.6
Addenda:		İ						
New cars, domestic ²	31. 4 5. 5	24. 7 6. 0	25. 3 6. 1	29. 0 6. 4	28. 6 5. 2	15. 8 6. 0	32. 9 7. 1	30. 5 7. 3

The gross auto product total includes government purchases.
 Differs from the gross auto product total by the markup on both used cars and foreign cars.

	1970		19	1971					
1969		I	II	III	'ıv	I	II		
		Seasonally adjusted at annual rates							
		В	illions	of doll	ars				

Table 6.—National Income by Type of Income (1.10)

National income	763,7	795, 9	785.8	793.4	802, 2	802.1	828.3	844.5
Compensation of employees	565, 5	601.9	593, 2	598.5	606.5	609, 3	627. 9	639, 5
Wages and salaries	50 9. 6	541. 4	534. 7	538. 5	545. 2	547. 2	562. 3	572.4
Private Military Government civilian	19.0	426. 6 19. 4 95. 5	422. 5 20. 2 92. 1	424. 4 19. 5 94. 5	429. 4 19. 2 96. 6	429. 9 18. 6 98. 6	441. 2 19. 2 101. 8	449. 8 18. 6 104. 0
Supplements to wares and salaries Employer contributions for social insurance	56. 0 27. 8	60. 5 29. 6	58. 5 28. 7	60. 0	61. 3 30. 1	62, 1 30, 1	65. 7 33. 1	67. 1 33. 7
Other labor income	28. 2	30.8	29.8	30. 4	31. 2	32.0	32.6	33. 4
Proprietors' income	67.0	66.9	68, 0	67.6	66.0	65, 9	66, 0	66.7
Business and professionalFarm		51. 0 15. 8	50. 2 17. 8	51. 0 16. 6	51. 4 14. 5	51. 5 14. 4	51. 2 14. 8	51, 5 15, 2
Rental income of persons	22, 6	23, 3	23, 0	23, 2	23, 4	23,7	23, 8	24, 2
Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment	78.6	70.8	69.8	71.5	73, 0	69.0	75, 5	78.3
Profits before tax	84. 2	75. 4	75. 6	75.8	78. 5	71.6	79. 1	83. 3
Profits tax liability Profits after tax Dividends Undistributed profits	44. 5 24. 4	34. 1 41. 2 25. 0 16. 2	34. 1 41. 5 25. 0 16. 6	34. 5 41. 3 24. 9 16. 4	35. 6 42. 9 25. 2 17. 7	32. 3 39. 2 25. 0 14. 3	36. 2 42. 9 25. 6 17. 3	37. 4 46. 0 25. 4 20, 5
Inventory valuation adjustment	-5.5	-4.5	-5.8	-4. 2	-5.5	-2, 6	-3. 5	-5, 1
Net interest	29, 9	33, 0	31.8	32, 6	33, 4	34, 2	35, 0	35, 8

Table 7.—National Income by Industry Division (1.11)

All industries, total	763.7	795. 9	785.8	793.4	802, 2	802, 1	828.3	844.5
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	24, 8	24. 5	26. 3	25. 2	23. 2	23. 3	23.9	24, 4
Mining and construction	47.5	49.4	49.0	48.9	49.5	50.3	50. 3	51. 6
Manufacturing	221.9	217.7	220.8	220. 1	219. 9	210. 1	223.3	226. 9
Nondurable goods	85.7	87.4	87.1	86.9	87. 9	87.8	89.3	91, 2
Durable goods	136. 2	130. 3	133. 7	133. 2	132, 0	122.4	134.0	135. 6
Transportation	28.8	29. 5	28. 9	29.0	29, 9	30, 0	31.7	32. 1
Communication	15. 7	16. 9	16. 4	16.8	17. 2	17. 3	17.0	17. 2
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	14. 1	14. 4	14. 1	14.2	14.6	14.8	14.8	15. 5
	114.8	122. 1	118. 9	121.6	123. 1	124.7	126.6	129. 9
Finance, insurance, and real estate	82. 8	87. 0	83, 5	85. 5	88. 3	90. 9	92.4	93, 8
Services	94.6	103. 2	100. 3	102. 2	104.0	106. 2	108.5	110, 1
Government and government enter-	1	1		1				
prises	114. 3	126. 5	123. 1	125. 9	127.7	129. 4	134. 1	135. 9
Rest of the world	4.3	4.6	4.5	4.1	4.8	5. 1	5.6	7. 2

Table 8.—Corporate Profits (Before Tax) and Inventory Valuation Adjustment by Broad Industry Groups (6.12)

All industries, total	78.6	70.8	69.8	71.5	73.0	69, 0	75.5	78. 3
Financial institutions	12. 1	12.8	11.3	12, 1	13, 5	14.0	14.1	13, 6
Nonfinancial corporations	66.5	58.1	58.5	59. 4	59, 5	54.9	61.4	64.7
Manufacturing Nondurable goods Durable goods Transportation, communication,	36. 0 17. 5 18. 4	29. 5 16. 6 13. 0	31. 1 16. 7 14. 3	31. 5 16. 5 14. 9	30. 6 16. 8 13. 8	25. 0 16. 2 8. 8	32. 4 16. 4 16. 0	33. 3 17. 3 16. 1
and public utilities	10. 0 20. 6	8. 0 20. 5	8. 2 19. 2	7.8 20.1	7. 9 20. 9	8. 1 21. 9	7. 3 21. 6	7. 7 23. 6

12					UKV	EX	Or	
				19	70		19	71
	1969	1970	I	II	ш	IV	I	II
			Seas	onally	adjust	ed at a	nnual r	ates
			В	illions	of dolla	ars		
Table 9.—Gross	Corp	orate	e Pro	duct	¹ (1.1·	4)		
Gross corporate product	526.3	541.6	534.3	540, 1	547.6	544, 3	568.6	579.8
Capital consumption allowancesndirect business taxes plus transfer payments less subsidies	51.3 49.2	56. 2 52. 2	54. 4 50. 9	55. 7 51. 9	56. 7 52. 8	58. 0 53. 4	62. 6 55. 6	64. 0 56. 9
ncome originating in corporate business		433. 1	429. 0	432. 6	438. 1	432. 9	450. 3	458. 9
Compensation of employees Wages and salaries Supplements	350. 5 311. 1 39. 4	366. 0 324. 2 41. 8	363. 0 322. 1 40. 9	364. 2 322. 9 41. 3	368. 8 326. 5 42. 3	367. 9 325. 2 42. 7	378. 9 333. 9 45. 0	386. 1 340. 2 45. 9
Net interest	1. 2	1.1	1.3	1. 2	1.1	1.0	1.0	1, 1
Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment. Profits before tax. Profits tax liability. Profits after tax. Dividends. Undistributed profits. Inventory valuation adjustment.	39. 7 40. 0 22. 4 17. 6	66. 0 70. 6 34. 1 36. 4 22. 8 13. 6 —4. 5	64. 8 70. 6 34. 1 36. 6 22. 7 13. 8 —5. 8	67. 2 71. 4 34. 5 36. 9 23. 0 13. 9 —4. 2	68. 2 73. 6 35. 6 38. 1 23. 0 15. 1 5. 5	64. 0 66. 6 32. 3 34. 3 22. 7 11. 6 —2. 6	70. 4 74. 0 36. 2 37. 8 23. 2 14. 6 -3. 5	71. 7 76. 8 37. 4 39. 4 22. 2 17. 2 -5. 1
Cash flow, gross of dividends Cash flow, net of dividends		92. 6 69. 8	91. 0 68. 2	92. 6 69. 6	94. 8 71. 8	92. 3 69. 6	100. 4 77. 2	103. 5 81. 2
Gross product originating in financial institutions	24, 3	25, 4	23, 9	24.6	26. 1	26.9	27.7	27,8
Gross product originating in nonfinancial corporations	502, 0	516, 2	510.4	515, 5	521, 5	517.4	540.9	552, 0
Capital consumption allowancesndirect business taxes plus transfer	49.5	54.1	52. 5	53. 6	54. 5	55. 7	60. 2	61. 5
payments less subsidies	47.1	49.9	48.6	49. 5	50.4	50. 9	52.9	54. 1
corporations		412. 2	409. 3	412.4	416.5	410. 7	427. 8	436. 5 362. 1
Compensation of employees Wages and salaries Supplements	293. 7	344. 2 305. 2 39. 0	341. 7 303. 5 38. 2	342. 7 304. 2 38. 6	346. 9 307. 4 39. 5	345. 4 305. 6 39. 8	355. 7 313. 9 41. 9	319. 4 42. 7
Net interest	12. 9	14.8	14. 2	14. 6	15. 0	15. 4	15. 8	16. 2
Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment Profits before tax Profits tax liability Profits after tax Dividends. Undistributed profits. Inventory valuation adjustment	33. 4 34. 2 20. 9 13. 3 —5. 5	53. 3 57. 8 27. 1 30. 7 21. 1 9. 6 -4. 5	53. 5 59. 3 27. 7 31. 6 21. 0 10. 6 —5. 8	55. 0 59. 3 27. 7 31. 5 21. 2 10. 3 -4. 2	54. 6 60. 1 28. 2 31. 9 21. 2 10. 7 —5. 5	50. 0 52. 6 24. 8 27. 8 20. 9 6. 9 —2. 6	56. 3 59. 8 28. 9 30. 9 21. 4 9. 6 -3. 5	58. 1 63. 2 30. 4 32. 8 20. 5 12. 3 -5. 1
Cash flow, gross of dividends Cash flow, net of dividends	83. 8 62. 9	84. 8 63. 7	84. 1 63. 0	85. 2 63. 9	86. 5 65. 3	83. 5 62. 7	91. 1 69. 8	94. 3 73. 8
			Bill	ions of	1958 d	ollars		·
Gross product originating in nonfinancial corporations	430, 5	425, 0	428, 2	427.7	427, 6	416.7	431.8	437.0
				Do	llars			
Current dollar cost per unit of 1958 dollar gross product originating in nonfinancial								1 000
corporations ² Capital consumption allowances	Į.	1, 215	. 123	. 125	. 128	. 134	1, 253	. 141
ndirect business taxes plus transfer payments less subsidies Compensation of employees Vet interest	. 109	. 117 . 810 . 035	. 114 . 798 . 033	. 116 . 801 . 034	. 118 . 811 . 035	. 122 . 829 . 037		. 124 . 829 . 037
Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment. Profits tax liability. Profits after tax plus inven-	. 144	. 125 . 064	. 125 . 065	. 129 . 065	. 128	. 120 . 059	. 067	. 133
tory valuation adjustment	. 067	. 062	. 060	. 064	. 062	. 060	. 063	. 064

Excludes gross product originating in the rest of the world.
 This is equal to the deflator for gross product of nonfinancial corporations, with the decimal point shifted two places to the left.
 Personal saving as a percentage of disposable personal income.

				1970		1	971		
196	69	1970	I II III IV	I II					
			Sea	sonally	adjust	ed at a	nnual	rates	
			Billions of dollars						

Table 10:—I ersonal I	ncon	ie an	u its	Disp	SSILIO	n (2.	T)
nal income	750, 3	803.6	784.3	803.8	809.8	816.7	834

Personal income	750.	3 8	803. 6	784.3	803.8	809, 8	816. 7	834.3	854.8
Wage and salary disbursements	509.	6	541.4	532,2	540.6	545. 6	547. 2	562, 3	572, 4
Commodity-producing industries.	197.	4 2	200. 7	202. 2	200.9	201.4	198. 4	203. 2	206. 7
_ Manufacturing	157.	6 1	158. 3	160. 1	158.9	159. 1	155. 1	159. 6	161. 7
Distributive industries	120.	0	129. 1	126.0	127. 9	130.7	131.8	135. 5	138.
Service industries	88.	1	96.7	94. 3	95.6	97. 2	99. 7	102. 6	104. 9
Government	104.	1 1	114.8	109.8	116. 2	116. 2	117. 3	121.0	122. 6
Other labor income	28.	2	30,8	29, 8	30.4	31, 2	32.0	32.6	33.4
Proprietors' income		0	66. 9	68.0	67.6	66.0	65. 9	66.0	66.7
Business and professional		3	51.0	50, 2	51, 0	51.4	51.5	51. 2	51. 5
Farm	16.	8	15.8	17.8	16. 6	14. 5	14. 4	14.8	15. 2
Rental income of persons			23.3	23, 0	23, 2	23.4	23.7	23, 8	24, 2
Dividends			25.0	25.0	24. 9	25, 2	25.0	25.6	25. 4
Personal interest income	58.	8	64.7	62.7	63.7	65. 6	66.7	67.0	67.4
Transfer payments	65.	9	79.6	71.1	81.1	81.2	84.8	87.9	96.
Old-age, survivors, disability, and	1	_	_	1				1	
health insurance benefits	- 33.	0	3 8. 5	34. 2	41.4	39. 0	39.4	40.7	47. (
State unemployment insurance	١.					_			
benefits	2.		3. 9	2.6	3.6	4.2	5. 1	5.0	6.
Veterans benefits			9. 7	9.1	9. 5	9.9	10.4	11.0	11. 4
Other	22.	5	27. 4	25. 2	26. 7	28. 1	29.8	31. 1	31. 9
Less: Personal contributions for social insurance.		3	28. 0	27.4	27.8	28.3	28, 4	30. 9	31.
Less: Personal tax and nontax pay-		ļ		1					
ments		2	115. 9	116.7	118.0	113.5	115, 2	112.7	114.6
Equals: Disposable personal income	634	,	687.8	667.6	685.7	696. 2	701. 5	721. 6	740.8
• •	1	- 1				1			
Less: Personal outlays			633.7	621.5	631.5	638. 9	643.0	663, 2	679.
Personal consumption expenditures.			615.8	604.0	613.8	620. 9	624. 7	644. 6	660.
Interest paid by consumers		8	16. 9	16. 5	16.8	17, 1	17.4	17. 7	17.9
Personal transfer payments to for-	i	.							
eigners	- •	9	. 9	1.0	1.0	. 9	.9	.9	1.0
Equals: Personal saving	37.	9	54.1	46. 2	54. 2	57.4	58.5	58.4	60.
	-	-		·	l	-	·	 	
Addenda:	1						1		
Disposable personal income:	I			L		l			
Total, billions of 1958 dollars Per capita, current dollars	. [513.	5	531.5	524.4	533.0	536.0	532.5	542.7	551.
Per capita, current dollars	. [3, 13	3O	3, 358	3,272	3, 353	3, 395	3, 410	3, 498	3, 58
Per capita, 1958 dollars	- 2, 53	35	2, 595	2, 570	2, 606	2, 613	2, 588	2, 631	2, 669
Personal saving rate, percent	- 6.	0	7. 9	6. 9	7.9	8.2	8.3	8.1	8. 3

Table 11.—Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type (2.3)

Personal consumption expendi- tures	579.6	615, 8	604. 0	613. 8	620. 9	624.7	644. 6	660.
Durable goods	89.9	88.6	88.6	90.7	90.4	84. 9	97.6	100.8
Automobiles and parts Furniture and household equipment. Other	40. 4 36. 3 13. 3	37. 1 37. 4 14. 2	37. 8 37. 3 13. 5	39. 1 37. 6 14. 0	38. 8 37. 0 14. 6	32. 7 37. 6 14. 6	44. 1 39. 5 14. 0	45. 40. 4 14. (
Nondurable goods	247.6	264.7	259. 4	262, 9	265. 5	270.9	272.0	279.
Food and beverages. Clothing and shoes. Gasoline and oil. Other.	50, 3 21, 1	131. 8 52. 6 22. 9 57. 5	128. 9 51. 6 22. 5 56. 4	131. 4 52. 1 22. 6 56. 9	132. 4 52. 4 22. 9 57. 8	134. 3 54. 2 23. 5 59. 0	135, 1 54, 9 23, 8 58, 3	138. 2 57. 0 24. 3 60. 4
Services	242. 1	262.5	256. 1	260. 2	265. 0	268. 9	275.0	280.
Housing Household operation Transportation Other	33. 7 16. 5	91. 2 36. 1 17. 9 117. 3	88. 7 35. 1 17. 5 114. 8	90. 3 35. 7 17. 6 116. 6	91. 8 36. 7 18. 1 118. 3	94. 1 36. 9 18. 3 119. 5	96. 4 37. 7 18. 6 122. 3	98. 6 38. 6 18. 9 124.

Table 12.—Foreign Transactions in the National Income and Product Accounts (4.1)

Receipts from foreigners	55, 6	63.8	62, 4	64. 1	64.6	64.0	66.8	67.1
Exports of goods and services	55. 6	62. 9	61. 5	63. 2	63. 7	63. 2	66. 1	66. 4
Capital grants received by the United States.		.9	. 9	.9	. 9	.9	.7	. 7
Payments to foreigners	55.6	63.8	62. 4	64.1	64.6	64.0	66.8	67, 1
Imports of goods and services	53.6	59. 3	58. 0	59.0	59. 7	60. 5	61. 9	66. 9
Transfers to foreigners	2.9 .9 2.1	3. 1 . 9 2. 2	3. 0 1. 0 2. 1	3. 0 1. 0 2. 0	3. 2 . 9 2. 3	3.3 .9 2.4	3.1 .9 2.2	3. 2 1. 0 2. 2
Net foreign investment	9	1.3	1.4	2.0	1.6	.2	1.8	-3.0

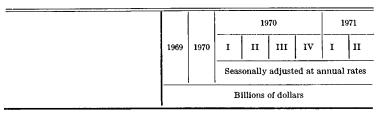


Table 13.—Federal Government Receipts and Expenditures (3.1, 3.2)

Federal Government receipts	196. 9	191.5	191.6	193.8	191.3	189. 3	195.6	198, 3
Personal tax and nontax receipts Corporate profits tax accruals Indirect business tax and nontax	94. 9 36. 3	92. 2 30. 6	93. 8 30. 6	94. 5 30. 9	89. 7 31. 9	91. 0 29. 0	87. 6 32. 4	88. 4 33. 4
accurals	19. 0 46. 8	19.3 49.3	19. 0 48. 2	19. 1 49. 2	19. 7 50. 0	19. 4 49. 8	20.6 55.0	20, 6 55, 9
Federal Government expenditures	189. 5	205. 1	196. 1	207, 9	206.7	209, 8	213. 2	220, 9
Purchases of goods and services National defenseOther	78.4	97. 2 75. 4 21. 9	100. 2 78. 9 21. 3	96. 8 75. 1 21. 6	96. 1 74. 2 21. 9	95. 9 73. 2 22. 7	96. 7 73. 0 23. 7	95. 7 71. 8 23. 9
Transfer payments To persons To foreigners (net)	50.4	63. 4 61. 2 2. 2	56. 1 54. 0 2. 1	65. 3 63. 3 2. 0	64. 6 62. 4 2. 3	67. 5 65. 0 2. 4	69. 6 67. 4 2. 2	77. 5 75. 3 2. 2
Grants-in-aid to State and local gov- ernments	20. 3	24. 4	23. 0	23. 9	24. 9	25. 9	27. 3	29. 5
Net interest paid	13. 1	14. 6	14. 3	14.3	15. 0	14. 8	14.0	13. 4
Subsidies less current surplus of gov- ernment enterprises	4.6	5. 5	5. 0	5. 5	5.8	5. 7	5. 7	4.8
Less: Wage accruals less disbursements	.0	.0	2. 5	-2.1	4	.0	. 0	. 0
Surplus or deficit (-), national income and product accounts	7.3	-13, 6	-4.5	-14.1	-15.4	-20, 5	-17.5	-22.6

Table 14.—State and Local Government Receipts and Expenditures (3.3, 3.4)

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						
State and local government receipts	119.0	133, 4	128.0	131. 9	135, 3	138.5	143. 7	149, 2
Personal tax and nontax receipts	21.3	23.6	23.0	23. 5	23.8	24. 2	25. 1	25, 6
Corporate profits tax accruals	3.4	3.5	3, 5	3.5	3.7	3.3	3.8	4.0
Indirect business tax and nontax accruals	66. 7	73. 6	70. 7	72.8	74.5	76. 4	78. 7	81, 1
Contributions for social insurance	7.3	8.3	7. 9	8.2	8.4	8.7	8.9	9.1
Federal grants-in-aid.	20, 3	24. 4	23. 0	23. 9	24. 9	25. 9	27. 3	29. 5
State and local government expendi- tures	118.9	132. 9	126. 9	130.0	135. 1	139.8	144. 1	147.7
Purchases of goods and services	110, 6	122. 2	117. 1	119. 7	124. 0	127. 9	131. 5	134. 5
Transfer payments to persons		14.4	13. 3	14.0	14.8	15.6	16.4	16.9
Net interest paid Less: Current surplus of government	. 0	.1	.1	. 1	.1	. 2	. 3	. 3
enterprises	3.5	3.8	3.6	3.8	3 . 9	4.0	4.0	4. 1
Surplus or deficit (-), national income and product accounts	.1	.5	1, 1	1.9	.2	-1.3	4	1.6

Table 15.—Sources and Uses of Gross Saving (5.1)

Gross private saving	133.5	153, 4	142, 4	153. 3	157.8	160.0	167.7	173.7
Personal saving Undistributed corporate profits	37. 9	54. 1	46. 2	54. 2	57.4	58. 5	58. 4	60. 9
Undistributed corporate profits	20.0	16. 2	16.6	16. 4	17. 7	14. 3	17. 3	20. 5
Corporate inventory valuation ad- iustment.	-5.5	-4.5	-5.8	-4.2	-5.5	-2.6	-3.5	-5.1
Corporate capital consumption	0.0	1.0	0.0	1. 2	0.0	2.0	0.0	0.2
allowances	51.3	56. 2	54.4	55. 7	56.7	58.0	62.6	64.0
Noncorporate capital consumption		21.4		21.0	01 5	21 0	20.0	33. 3
allowances	29.9	31.4	31.0	31.3	31.5	31.8	32. 9 . 0	33.6
wage accidate less dispuisements	١.٠			1 .0	.0		٠٠ ا	٠. ١
Government surplus or deficit (-),	i							1
national income and product	l ₋ .		١		İ			
accounts	7.4	-13.1	-3.4	-12.2	15. 2	-21.7	-17.9	-21.0
Federal	7.3	-13 6	_4 5	-14 1	-15.4	-20.5	-17.5	-22 6
State and local	".ĭ	. 5					4	
Conital grants resided by the Huited							İ	
Capital grants received by the United States	ł	.9	.9	.9	. 9	.9	.7	.7
~			.,			.,	l	٠.
Gross investment	136. 9	136.6	132.6	136. 2	140.2	137.5	145. 6	149, 4
Gross private domestic investment	137 8	125 2	131 9	134 1	130 g	137 3	143 0	152. 4
Net foreign investment.	9	1.3			1.6	.2	1.8	-3. 0
_								
Statistical discrepancy	-4.1	-4.5	-7.3	-5.8	-3.2	-1.6	-4.9	-4.0

			19	70		197	1
1969	1970	I	п	ш	iv	I	II
		Seasonally adjuste	ted	··			
		Index	numb	ers, 195	8=100		

Table 16.—Implicit Price Deflators for Gross National Product (8.1)

Gross national product	128.	21	135.	29	132.	82	134.	32	135.	97	138.	. 07	139	.88	141. 27
Personal consumption expenditures	123.	5	129.	4	127.	3	128.	7	129,	9	131.	. 7	133.	0	134.3
Durable goods Nondurable goods Services	122.	1	108. 127. 140.	7	107. 126. 137.	1	108. 127. 139.	4	109. 128. 141.	1		2	112. 130. 145.	0	113, (131, 3 147, (
Gross private domestic investment															
Fixed investment	126.	4	132.	6	129.	8	131.	2	133.	3	136	. 2	137.	7	139.7
Nonresidential	123.	0	130.	0	127.	0	128.	6	1 3 0.	7	133	. 6	134.	. 5	13 6, 1
Structures Producers' durable equipment	141. 115.	1	152. 120.		146. 118.		1 49. 119.		154. 120.		157. 122		159. 123.		165. 7 123. 8
Residential structures Nonfarm Farm	137.	9	142. 142. 138.	5	140. 140. 136.	2	140. 140. 138.	9	143. 143. 139.	9	144 144 140	. 8	147. 148. 141.	Ò	150, 4 150, 4 143, 7
Change in business inventories	ļ			· • -			<i></i>					
Net exports of goods and services															
Exports	114. 110.	7					119. 117.		121 121				125. 123.		125. 2 12 3 . 8
Government purchases of goods and services	144.	0	157.	3	152.	. 4	156.	1,	159	. 3	161	. 7	165.	. 8	167.
FederalState and local	134. 153.		148. 165.		144. 160.		148. 163.		150. 166		151 170		157. 172.		158. 2 175. 3

Table 17.—Implicit Price Deflators for Gross National Product by Major Type of Product (8.2)

Gross national product Final sales	128, 21 128, 3	135, 29 135, 3	132, 82 132, 8	134, 32 134, 4	13 5. 97 136. 0	138. 07 138. 2	139.88 140.0	141, 27 141, 4
Goods output	117.3	122, 3	120.7	121.6	122, 6	124. 1	125. 0	125.7
Durable goods	111. 7 121. 4	115. 4 127. 0	114. 0 125. 4	114. 5 126. 6	115. 8 127. 6		118. 5 129. 7	118. 9 130. 6
Services	140.9	150. 1	146.8	149. 2	151.0	153, 2	156. 6	158, 4
Structures	140.9	150, 2	145. 7	147. 9	152, 5	154. 9	157. 1	161, 1
Addendum:								
Gross auto product	104. 5	107. 9	106. 2	106.6	107.8	112. 4	114.4	115. 2

Table 18.—Implicit Price Deflators for Gross National Product by Sector (8.4)

Gross national product	128, 21	135, 29	132, 82	134, 32	135. 97	138. 07	139, 88	141, 27
Private	124, 29	130. 38	128. 13	129, 43	131, 00	132, 98	134. 45	135, 81
Business Nonfarm Farm	123.5	129.4	126.8	128. 1 128. 4 120. 0	130, 0	132. 4	133.7	134. 2 135. 0 115. 6
Households and institutions	172.8	186. 8						
General government	171. 1	188. 7	183.8	187. 5	190. 4	193, 2	199. 6	201. 9

Table 19.—Gross National Product: Change from Preceding Period (7.7)

		cent		Perc	ent at	annual	rate	
Gross national product: Current dollars Constant dollars Implicit price deflator Chain price index	7. 5	4.8	3.4	5.3	6. 3	2. 0	13. 8	9. 0
	2. 5	6	-3.0	.7	1. 3	-4. 1	8. 0	4. 8
	4. 8	5.5	6.6	4.6	5. 0	6. 3	5. 3	4. 0
	4. 9	5.3	5.7	5.0	4. 7	5. 5	6. 4	4. 8
Gross private product: Current dollars Constant dollars Implicit price deflator Chain price index	7.3	4.2	2. 2	5. 0	6. 5	1. 5	13. 4	9, 5
	2.6	7	-3. 1	. 8	1. 5	-4. 4	8. 5	5, 2
	4.5	4.9	5. 4	4. 1	4. 9	6. 2	4. 5	4, 1
	4.6	4.7	4. 5	4. 6	4. 5	5. 4	5. 5	4, 8

1971 Plant and Equipment Programs Moderately Reduced From Earlier Plans

Business capital spending programs for 1971 have been revised moderately downward again. The expected rise from 1970 as reported in August is 2.2 percent, as against 2.7 percent expected in May and 4.3 percent in February. Spending rose at an annual rate of \$2.3 billion in the second quarter and expectations are for a \$0.8 billion rise this quarter with little further change in the fourth quarter.

BUSINESSMEN plan to spend \$81.4 billion¹ on new plant and equipment in 1971, according to the survey conducted in late July and August by the Office of Business Economics and the Securities and Exchange Commission. The projected 2.2 percent rise in 1971 compares with actual increases of 5.5 percent in 1970 and 11.5 percent in 1969. Virtually all of the reports for the survey were completed before the President's August 15 announcement of changes in economic policies.

Actual outlays in the second quarter of 1971 were at a seasonally adjusted annual rate of \$81.6 billion, up \$2.3 billion or 3 percent from the first quarter; the advance from the fourth quarter to the first was about 1 percent. Outlays in the third quarter are projected to rise \$0.8 billion to \$82.4 billion, but little change is projected for the final quarter of the year.

The latest findings show a projection for the year that is about \$400 million lower than the projection reported in the May survey and about \$1.7 billion lower than that reported in February. The revision of expectations for the year 1971 centers in manufacturing.

where downward revisions have been widespread (see table 1). The sharpest cutbacks are by producers of aircraft, stone, clay, and glass, and paper. In nonmanufacturing, downward revisions were reported for the communications, railroad, and "other transportation" industries but these were offset by upward revisions for mining, electric utilities, and "commercial and other" categories.

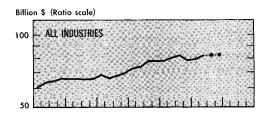
Table 1.—Plant and Equipment Expenditures, Annual Percent Change 1970-71

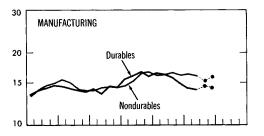
	Act- ual		ected 19 ported i	
	1970	Feb- ruary	Мау	Au- gust
All industries	5,5	4.3	2.7	2,2
Manufacturing industries	.8	3	-4.2	-5.8
Durable goods	-1.0	-2.5	-7.1	-9.4
Primary metals Blast furnace, steel	.3	-10.5	-8.1	-11.0
worksNonferrous	-8.6 12.3	-12.8 -12.6	-12. 5 -8. 2	$-17.4 \\ -6.3$
Electrical machinery Machinery except	ľ	1. 2	-5.9	-7.1
electrical	1.0	-1.0	-10.7	-16.9
Transportation equipment Motor vehicles Aircraft	-12, 2 -3, 5 -34, 8	-3.8 4 -5.9	-10.0 -4.1 -23.1	$ \begin{array}{r} -12.6 \\ -7.8 \\ -29.1 \end{array} $
Stone, clay and glass Other durables 1	-7.6 8	4.7 2	-5.2 -2.0	-12.1 1.1
Nondurable goods	2,8	1, 9	-1.4	-2.1
Food including beverage Textile Paper Chemical	9. 6 -11. 3 4. 4 11. 0	4. 0 -4. 8 -14. 7 5. 3	-6. 5 -2. 7 -16. 1 -2. 1	-6. 2 3. 8 -26. 4 5
Petroleum Rubber Other nondurables 1	-, 2 -13, 7 , 6	5. 9 -16. 5 9. 1	7. 0 -19. 4 9. 5	6. 7 -15. 3 2. 7
Nonmanufacturing industries	8.8	7.4	7.3	7.5
Mining	1.4	. 5	5. 2	10, 0
Railroad	-4.6	2. 6	-2.6	-7.7
Air transportation	20.7	-22.4	-4 0.0	-3 9. 2
Other transportation	-27. 2	13. 4	18. 3	7. 6
Public utilities Electric	13. 2 19. 1 -6. 6	17. 5 22. 4 -3. 5	16. 5 21. 0 -2. 6	18. 1 23. 1 -3. 4
Communication	21. 6	10.3	11. 2	8.8
Commercial and other	3. 4	3.8	6. 8	8.1
	<u> </u>	1	1	

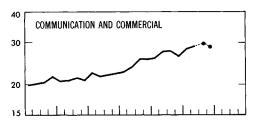
^{1.} Includes industries not shown separately.

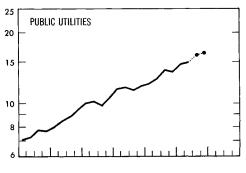
Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and the Securities and Exchange Commission. CHART 7

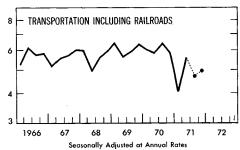
Plant and Equipment Expenditures











• Expectations Data: OBE-SEC

U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

71-9-

^{1.} The expectations figures have been adjusted for systematic biases in survey responses (footnote 2, table 4). Before adjustment, 1971 expenditures were expected to be \$81.3 billion for all industries, \$30.7 billion for manufacturing and \$50.6 billion for nonmanufacturing. The adjustments were applied separately to each major industry; their net effect was to decrease the manufacturing total by \$0.6 billion and to raise the nonmanufacturing total by \$0.8 billion.

Annual investment programs

Nonmanufacturing industries project an aggregate 7½ percent increase in spending from 1970 to 1971, while a decline of 6 percent is expected by manufacturers. The strongest nonmanufacturing increases are 23 percent for electric utility firms and 10 percent for mining companies. Communication companies expect an increase of 9 percent and both the "commercial and other" group and transportation firms other than rail and air carriers expect to raise capital spending about 8 percent. In the latter group, pipeline companies are projecting very sharp increases. Airlines and railroads expect decreases of 39 percent and 8 percent, respectively, while gas utilities are projecting a 3 percent decline.

Manufacturers of durable goods expect a 9 percent decline in capital outlays this year and nondurable goods producers a 2 percent decline. Producers of iron and steel, aircraft, nonelectrical machinery, paper products, and rubber products project declines ranging between 15 percent and 30 percent. Smaller declines are projected by the nonferrous metal, motor vehicle, electrical machinery, food-beverage, and stone, clay, and glass industries. Increases are expected by manufacturers of petroleum (7 percent), textiles (4 percent), and "other nondurable goods" (3 percent).

Investment determinants

In recent months, the factors believed to be influential determinants of nearterm investment have continued to show the mixed pattern which characterized the first half of the year. The volume of economic activity, profits, and cash flow were improving, which should tend to support a rising rate of capital expenditures. In addition, interest rates were well below the mid-1970 levels. The major negative factor was the low rate of capacity utilization in manufacturing. The latest OBE-SEC survey found a further drop in proportion of manufacturers' facilities considered inadequate to meet production requirements over the next

12 months (table 2) and significant declines in the value both of new manufacturing investment projects started and the carryover on projects underway (table 3). However, the recent introduction of liberalized depreciation procedures and implementation of the new economic policies announced by the President August 15, particularly the proposed investment tax credit for capital equipment, should have a strengthening effect on capital expenditures during the next year.

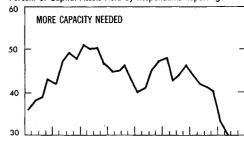
Semiannual patterns

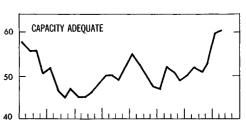
Capital spending in the first half of 1971 was up only fractionally from the second half of 1970 and up about 1½ percent from the first half of 1970. Almost all manufacturing industries reported smaller outlays in the first half of 1971 than in the second half of 1970. In nonmanufacturing, first half

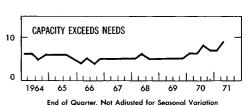
CHART 8

Manufacturers' Evaluation of Existing Capacity*

Percent of Capital Assets Held by Respondents Reporting -







^{*}Relative to prospective operations during the ensuing 12-month period

Data: OBE-SEC

U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

Table 2.—Manufacturers' Evaluation of Their Capacity (Percent distribution of gross capital assets) 1

	1968		19	69			19	70	_	19	71
I	Dec. 31	Mar. 31	June 30	Sept. 30	Dec. 31	Mar. 31	June 30	Sept.	Dec. 31	Mar. 31	June 30
More plant and equipment needed:											
All manufacturing	47	48	43	44	46	44	42	41	40	33	30
Durable goods ² Primary metals Metal fabricators ³ Nondurable goods ² Food including beverage. Chemical Petroleum	41 49 49 54 58	46 41 49 49 46 72 39	40 30 49 46 43 56 41	40 31 47 48 44 71 42	39 33 43 53 47 73 47	37 30 41 51 46 68 48	34 30 36 49 44 68 47	33 32 35 48 44 48 61	31 25 35 50 40 57 60	28 20 34 38 38 43 38	25 19 24 35 35 42 38
About adequate:										ĺ	
All manufacturing	48	47	52	51	49	50	52	51	53	60	61
Durable goods ² . Primary metals. Metal fabricators ³ . Nondurable goods ² . Food including beverage. Chemical. Petroleum	45 48 48 41 40	47 44 48 48 49 25 60	53 56 48 51 53 43 58	53 54 50 49 53 27 57	53 52 52 44 49 26 53	53 54 52 47 51 31 52	56 54 56 48 53 31 53	55 51 54 48 51 51 39	61 73 54 45 52 40 40	63 77 55 57 52 53 62	63 70 63 59 53 55 62
Existing plant and equipment exceeds needs:	1										
All manufacturing	5	5	5	5	5	6	6	8	7	7	9
Durable goods ² . Primary metals. Metal fabricators ³ . Nondurable goods ² . Food including beverage. Chemical. Petroleum.	14 3 3 5 2	7 15 3 3 5 3 1	7 14 3 3 4 1 1	7 15 3 3 3 2 1	8 15 5 3 4 1 0	10 16 7 2 3 1 0	10 16 8 3 3 1 0	12 17 11 4 5 1	8 2 11 5 8 3 0	9 3 11 5 10 4 0	12 11 13 6 12 3 0

^{1.} According to respondent companies' characterizations of their plant and equipment facilities, taking into account their

Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and the Securities and Exchange Commission.

current and prospective sales for the next 12 months.
2. Includes industries not shown separately.
3. Includes machinery, transportation equipment, and fabricated metals industries.

outlays were buoyed by increases for electric utilities, communications, mining, commercial companies, and transportation firms other than rail and air. Airlines showed a sharp drop in capital spending in the first half of 1971.

Spending in the second half of 1971 is expected to be up about 2½ percent from the first half. Nonmanufacturing industries expect an increase of 41/2 percent, with the largest advance (11 percent) scheduled by electric utilities. Spending by manufacturers is expected to drop 1 percent from the first half to the second, with durable goods producers planning a 2½ percent increase and nondurables firms expecting a 4 percent decline. In the durable goods category, increases are projected by the stone, clay, and glass, motor vehicle, electrical machinery, and "other durable goods" industries. In nondurables, the decline in the second half is attributable to the food-beverage, paper, petroleum, rubber, and "other nondurables" industries.

Manufacturers' capacity evaluation

Manufacturers' evaluations of their capacity, taking into account prospective sales over the next 12 months, indicate a further sharp reduction between March 31 and June 30 in the need for more facilities. Companies owning 30 percent of total fixed assets in manufacturing reported that they need more facilities, as against 33 percent in March and 42 percent in June 1970 (table 2). A decline between March and June in the need for additional facilities was reported by all major manufacturing groups except the petroleum industry. The metal fabricator

group reported a particularly sharp decline.

Companies reporting capacity in excess of current and near-term needs accounted for 9 percent of total fixed assets at June 30, up 2 percentage points from March 31 and 3 percentage points from June 1970. Facilities viewed as "about adequate" as of June 30 represented 61 percent of manufacturers' fixed assets, up from 60 percent 3 months earlier and 52 percent 12 months earlier.

Starts and carryover

Investment projects started by manufacturers during the second quarter totaled \$6.5 billion, after seasonal adjustment, down 3 percent from the first quarter (table 3). Durable goods manufacturers reported a 13 percent

Table 3.—Starts and Carryover of Plant and Equipment Projects, Manufacturing and Public Utilities, 1968-71
[Billions of dollars]

					or donars										
			-		Starts	l -—						Carry	over 2		
		Annual			19	70		19	71		19	970		19	971
	1968	1969	1970	I	II	ш	IV	I	II	Mar.	June	Sept.	Dec.	Mar.	June
Manufacturing 3	29,64	34.07	29. 18	8, 64	6, 92	6, 54	7.09	6.91	6.48	23.75	22.51	21.06	19, 49	19.70	18.
Durable goods 3	. 14. 59	16, 85	14.04	4. 42	3. 37	3. 13	3. 12	3.49	2. 80	12. 27	11. 56	10, 82	9. 67	10, 05	9. 3
Primary metals. Electrical machinery Machinery except electrical Transportation equipment ¹ Stone, clay, and glass	1.81 2.70 2.90	2. 96 2. 80 3. 60 2. 66 1. 08	2, 55 2, 18 3, 29 2, 04 , 82	. 65 . 82 . 84 . 78 . 32	. 54 . 41 . 86 . 58 . 13	. 93 . 36 . 68 . 35 . 22	. 42 . 59 . 91 . 34 . 15	. 78 . 53 . 57 . 65 . 25	. 56 . 29 . 64 . 32 . 17	3. 67 2. 36 1. 17 2. 78 . 70	3. 43 2. 21 1. 10 2. 68 . 56	3. 54 2. 02 . 94 2. 43 . 55	3. 02 1. 93 . 97 2. 21 . 45	3. 14 2. 04 . 89 2. 39 . 50	2. 1. 2. 2. 2
Nondurable goods 3	15.05	17. 22	15, 14	4. 21	3. 54	3. 41	3. 97	3. 42	3.68	11. 48	10. 95	10, 24	9. 81	9. 66	9. 3
Food including beverage Textile Paper Chemical. Petroleum	. 59 1.42 2.98	2. 97 . 60 1. 59 3. 62 6. 19	2, 50 , 49 1, 54 3, 06 5, 64	. 66 . 16 . 58 . 96 1. 39	. 65 . 15 . 33 . 71 1. 23	. 60 . 10 . 18 . 69 1. 34	. 58 . 08 . 45 . 70 1. 67	. 50 . 18 . 21 . 87 1. 26	. 70 . 20 . 17 . 83 1, 23	1. 53 . 30 1. 29 3. 10 4. 04	1. 44 . 31 1, 19 2. 92 3. 90	1.32 .27 .95 2.74 3.80	1, 19 . 21 . 97 2, 51 3, 80	1. 08 . 26 . 89 2. 60 3. 75	1. 2. 3.
Public utilities	12.86	15, 16	17. 20	5, 63	4. 16	2.83	4.58	7.13	4.28	22, 39	23, 26	22, 51	23, 35	27.36	27.
	-				<u></u>	Ad	ljusted fo	r Season	al Variat	ion				<u> </u>	
Manufacturing 3				8, 56	6.76	7. 26	6. 92	6,71	6. 53	24. 17	22, 82	22, 04	21, 22	20, 32	19.
Durable goods 3		-		4. 33	3.39	3. 52	2. 91	3. 35	2.91	12, 90	12, 21	11.80	10, 98	10.78	10.
Primary metals Electrical machinery Machinery except electrical Transportation equipment 4 Stone, clay, and glass				. 61 . 78 . 71 . 84 . 32	. 60 . 42 . 99 . 45 . 12	1. 04 . 40 . 82 . 36 . 22	. 39 . 55 . 81 . 36 . 16	. 72 . 48 . 56 . 65 . 23	. 69 . 30 . 64 . 28 . 18	3. 87 2. 30 1. 60 2. 81 . 76	3. 68 2. 15 1. 66 2. 59 . 62	3. 92 1. 98 1. 60 2. 38 . 60	3. 48 1. 97 1. 63 2. 23 . 53	3, 43 1, 97 1, 47 2, 35 , 54	3. 3 1. 3 1. 3 2.
Nondurable goods 3	.			4. 23	3. 37	3. 74	4. 01	3. 36	3 . 62	11, 27	10, 61	10. 25	10. 25	9. 55	9.
Food including beverage Textile Paper Chemical Petroleum	-			. 71 . 21 . 49 . 94 1. 42	. 59 . 14 . 29 . 55 1. 28	. 63 . 10 . 20 . 81 1. 51	. 59 . 07 . 64 . 85 1, 42	. 54 . 20 . 16 . 78 1. 26	. 63 . 18 . 15 . 73 1. 36	1, 61 . 33 1, 20 3, 13 3, 99	1, 50 . 33 1, 08 2, 81 3, 85	1, 44 , 29 , 85 2, 70 3, 93	1, 33 , 23 1, 10 2, 73 3, 89	1. 18 . 29 . 92 2. 65 3. 63	1. 2. 3.
Public utilities				3, 95	4.84	3, 65	4,91	5. 10	4.45	21, 12	22, 77	22, 96	24, 45	25, 89	26.

^{1.} Starts are estimated by adding changes in carryover to expenditures during the given period.

^{2.} Carryover refers to expenditures yet to be incurred on plant and equipment projects already underway at end of period.

3. Includes data not shown separately.

^{4.} Includes guided missiles and space vehicles.

Note: Details may not add to totals because of rounding. Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and the Securities and Exchange Commission.

decline but nondurable goods producers showed an increase of 8 percent.

The value of new projects started by manufacturers was smaller than their capital expenditures in the second quarter, so that carryover-i.e., the amounts still to be spent on plant and equipment projects already underway-

declined: this was the fifth consecutive quarterly decline. Manufacturers' carryover of \$19.3 billion (seasonally adjusted) at June 30 was down \$1 billion from March 31 and \$3.5 billion from June 30, 1970. Declines in carryover were widespread among major industries.

New projects started by public utilities in the second quarter had a value of \$4.4 billion, down 13 percent from the record set in the first quarter. Carryover rose to \$26.6 billion at June 30, an increase of \$700 million from March 31 and of \$3.8 billion from June 30, 1970.

Table 4.—Expenditures for New Plant and Equipment by U.S. Business, 1969-70

[Billions of dollars]

	I	nnus	ıl		Quarterly, unadjusted											Quar	terly,	seaso	nally	adjust	ed an	nual	rates				
	1969	1970	1971 2		190	 39			19	70			19	71			196	9			19	70			197	1	
				I	II	ш	IV	ı	п	ш	IV	I	11	III 2	IV 2	I	II	ш	IV	I	11	111	VI	I	II	III 2	IV 2
All industries	75, 56	79, 71	81, 44	16, 04	18, 81	19, 25	21, 46	17. 47	20, 33	20, 26	21, 66	17, 68	20, 60	20, 55	22, 61	72, 52	73, 94	77, 84	77, 84	78, 22	80, 22	81, 88	78, 63	79, 32	81, 61	82, 38	82, 42
Manufacturing industries	31, 68	31, 95	30, 11	6, 58	7. 82	8. 16	9. 12	7. 14	8, 15	7, 99	8, 66	6, 69	7, 55	7, 45	8, 42	29, 99	31, 16	33. 05	3 2 , 39	32, 44	32, 43	32, 15	30, 98	30, 46	30, 12	29, 74	30, 22
Durable goods	15, 96	15, 80	14, 31	3, 36	3. 98	4, 03	4, 59	3, 59	4. 08	3, 87	4, 26	3, 11	3, 52	3, 60	4, 08	15, 47	15, 98	16, 53	15, 88	16, 40	16, 32	15. 74	14, 92	14, 21	14. 06	14, 53	14, 45
Primary metals ³ Blast furnace, steel works Nonferrous	l 1.83	1.68	1.38	. 41	. 47	. 81 . 45 . 28		. 69 . 35 . 27	. 43	. 42	. 95 . 47 . 38	. 65 . 33 . 24	. 72 . 33 29	. 34	. 39	3. 37 1. 98 1. 04	3. 31 1. 91 1. 12	3. 20 1. 80 1. 11	3. 09 1. 70 1. 12	3. 28 1. 72 1. 25	3. 15 1. 73 1. 12	3. 21 1. 67 1. 21	3. 31 1. 60 1. 35	3. 08 1. 60 1. 08	2. 91 1. 33 1. 22	2. 83 1. 32 1. 16	2. 77 1. 34 1. 16
Electrical machinery	2. 03 3. 44	2. 27 3. 47	2. 11 2. 88		. 50 . 84	. 4 9 . 8 6		. 48 . 82	. 56 . 93	. 55 . 84	. 68 . 88	. 41 . 65	. 53 . 73	. 50 . 72	. 66 . 78	1. 86 3. 22	2. 04 3. 34	2. 02 3. 66	2. 16 3. 50	2. 25 3. 62	2. 27 3. 69	2. 28 3. 52	2. 27 3. 12	1. 94 2. 88	2. 13 2. 90		2. 21 2. 80
Transportation equipment 3 Motor vehicles Aircraft 4	1, 65		1.47	. 34	. 40	. 77 . 46 . 23	. 44	. 60 . 38 . 14	. 68 . 47 . 14	. 41	. 55 . 34 . 13	. 47 . 33 . 09	. 50 . 34 . 09	. 40	. 39	1. 57	2. 73 1. 55 . 92	1. 78	2. 60 1. 67 . 64	1. 70	1.85	2. 29 1. 54 . 48	1. 29	1.48	1. 33		
Stone, clay and glass Other durables 5	1. 07 3. 44	. 99 3. 41	. 87 3. 45		. 28 . 86	. 27 . 84	. 30 1. 02	. 24 . 76	. 27 . 87	. 22 . 84	. 26 . 94	. 20 . 72	. 19 . 86		. 26	1. 03 3. 24	1. 11 3. 45	1. 14 3. 50	1. 01 3. 52	1. 06 3. 45	1. 05 3. 46	. 94 3. 50	. 92 3. 27		. 72 3. 42	. 94 3. 60	. 94 3. 46
Nondurable goods		1 .	1 -		3, 84	4, 12	4, 53	3, 56	4, 07	4, 12	4, 40	3, 58	4, 03	3, 86	4, 34	14, 52	15, 18	16, 52	16, 50	16, 05	16, 11	16, 40	16, 05	16, 25	16. 06	15, 21	15, 76
Food including beverage Textile Paper Chemical.	2. 59 . 63 1. 58 3. 10	2.84 .56 1.65 3.44	2. 66 . 58 1. 22 3. 42	. 31	. 16 . 40	. 17	. 16 . 46	. 67 . 13 . 37 . 76	. 15	. 14 . 42	. 14 . 43	. 12 . 29	. 74 . 16 . 30 . 88	. 14	. 16	59 1.42	. 63 1. 58	1.62	. 61 1. 70	. 58 1. 71	. 57 1. 65	2. 80 . 55 1. 68 3. 67	. 53 1. 59	. 55 1. 34	.60	. 56 1. 19	1.18
Petroleum Rubber Other nondurables ⁶	1 1, 09	94	. 79	. 24	, 28	. 28	. 28	1. 14 . 24 . 25	. 25	. 23	. 22	. 19	1. 46 . 19 . 30	. 21	. 20	1.07		1. 13	1.04	5. 15 1. 10 1. 18	. 98	5. 70 . 90 1. 10	. 80	. 86	.78	. 82	
Nonmanufacturing industries	43, 88	47, 76	51, 33	9, 45	10, 99	11, 10	12, 34	10, 32	12, 18	12, 27	12, 99	10, 99	13, 06	13, 10	14, 19	42, 53	42, 78	44, 80	45, 46	45, 78	47, 79	49, 73	47. 66	48, 86	51, 50	52, 64	52, 20
Mining	1. 86	1. 89	2.08	. 42	. 48	. 47	. 49	. 45	. 47	. 46	. 50	. 49	. 54	. 52	. 54	1.83	1.88	1.89	1.85	1. 92	1.84	1.86	1. 94	2.04	2.08	2. 10	2. 09
Railroad	1. 86	1. 78	1. 64	. 38	. 44	. 49	. 55	. 42	. 47	. 46	. 43	. 34	. 47	. 43	. 40	1. 68	1. 76	2. 06	1, 94	1. 74	1.88	1.96	1, 56	1.46	1. 88	1. 78	1. 46
Air transportation	2. 51	3. 03	1.84	. 68	. 66	. 53	. 64	. 73	. 80	. 74	. 76	. 34	. 60	. 37	. 54	2. 89	2. 22	2. 23	2. 80	2. 94	2. 88	3. 24	3. 08	1. 29	2. 28	1. 58	2. 21
Other transportation		1	1.			. 40	. 44	. 28	. 31	.30	. 33	. 28	. 36	. 34	. 34	1.87	1. 66	1. 65	1. 63	1. 37	1. 12	1. 22	1. 22	1. 33	1.40	1. 32	1. 23
Public utilities Electric Gas and other	1 8 94	いいん らき	S113 12	1 88	2. 22	2, 23	3. 23 2. 61 . 62	2. 54 2. 15 . 39	3. 28 2. 59 . 69	3. 58 2. 79 . 78	3. 74 3. 12 . 63	2.70	3. 20	3.38	3, 83	8, 62	8, 71	8.98	9.36	9, 77	10. 13	13. 84 11. 34 2. 50	11.20	12, 16	12.61	13.69	16. 36 13. 83 2. 53
Communication		1	1		1	1	1		1	1	l		l	157 33	7. 90	1	1	1	1	1	1	10. 62 17. 00		i		1}29, 80	28. 86

^{1.} Excludes agricultural business; real estate operators; medical, legal, educational, and

^{1.} Excludes agricultural business; real estate operators; medical, legal, educational, and cultural service; and nonprofit organizations.

2. Estimates are based on expected capital expenditures reported by business in late July and August 1971. The estimates for the full year 1971 and for the third quarter and fourth quarters have been corrected for systematic biases. The adjustment procedures are described in the February 1970 issue of the Survey of Current Business. Before such adjustments, 1971 expenditures were expected to be \$81.29 billion for all industries, \$30.71 billion for manufacturing, and \$50.58 billion for nonmanufacturing.

3. Includes data not shown separately.

4. Includes guided missiles and space vehicles

^{5.} Includes fabricated metal, lumber, furniture, instrument, ordnance and miscellaneous except guided missiles and space vehicles.
6. Includes apparel, tobacco, leather and printing-publishing.
7. Includes trade, service construction, finance and insurance.

Note.—Details may not add to totals because of rounding.

Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics, and the Securities

Manufacturers' Inventory and Sales Expectations

MANUFACTURERS are projecting small sales increases and moderate inventory additions for the third and fourth quarters. The projections suggest a much slower growth in sales and larger inventory accumulation than occurred in the first two quarters of 1971. The expected additions to stocks are in line with the sales change, so that the stock-sales ratio would hold steady from midyear to yearend.

Manufacturers' overall evaluation of inventory condition did not change between March 31 and June 30, after showing improvement during the previous year. The net excess inventory fell for the fifth consecutive quarter and was quite small on June 30.

These are the results of the latest OBE quarterly survey of Manufacturer's Inventory and Sales Expectations, conducted in late July and August. Most of the reports were completed before the President's August 15 announcement of changes in economic policies.

Manufacturers' sales

Manufacturers expect sales to increase less than 1 percent in the third quarter and a little over 1 percent in the fourth. Quarterly gains earlier this year were sizable, partly reflecting recovery from the General Motors strike and stockpiling of steel in anticipation of a strike.

Durable goods producers project little change in the third quarter and a 1 percent rise in the fourth; sales rose 9 percent in the first quarter and almost 3½ percent in the second. Steel producers expect third quarter sales to fall sharply as steel users reduce their heavy stocks. Metal fabricating industries foresee gains in the third quarter.

Nondurable goods producers' sales are expected to rise 1 percent in the third quarter and 1% percent in the fourth. Sales rose 3½ percent and 1% percent in the first and second quarters, respectively, but had been sluggish throughout most of 1970.

Inventory additions

Manufacturers expect to add \$400 million to inventories in the third quar-

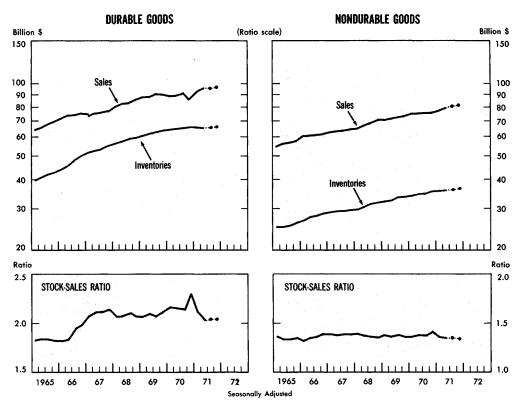
ter and \$1.2 billion in the fourth. Inventories were virtually unchanged in the first two quarters of the year.

Durable goods producers reduced holdings \$325 million between December 31, 1970 and June 30, 1971. They plan additions of \$200 million in the third quarter and \$900 million in the fourth, making second-half accumulation about equal to those in the first

CHART 9

Manufacturers' Sales and Inventory Expectations

- Manufacturers expect small sales gains in the third and fourth quarters
- The projected inventory rise is moderate and about in line with sales



Expectations

U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

71-9-9

and second halves of 1970. Metal fabricators plan a substantial cutback in the third quarter, but this is more than offset by increases elsewhere.

Nondurable goods producers increased their holdings \$400 million in the first half of 1971. They expect to add another \$500 million during the second half, with additions slightly larger in the fourth quarter than in the third. The projected rates of accumulation are smaller than last year's.

In both durable and nondurable goods manufacturing, the stock-sales ratio fell during the first half of 1971 and is expected to show little change in the second half. Durable goods producers' stocks were equivalent to 2.03 months of sales on June 30, down from 2.30 on December 31; a ratio of 2.04 is projected for both September 30 and December 31, 1971. The nondurable ratio fell from 1.41 to 1.35 months between December 31 and June 30, and is projected at 1.34 months at yearend 1971.

Inventory condition, June 30

Manufacturers holding 20 percent of producers' stocks judged their June 30 inventories "high" relative to sales and unfilled orders, 79 percent of the stocks were in the "about right" category, and 1 percent were "low." These percentages are identical to those reported for March 31. The "high" figure had fallen from 24 percent at mid-1970.

The figures for durable goods producers on June 30, 1971 were 23 percent "high," 76 percent "about right," and 1 percent "low." The evaluation did not change on balance between the end of last year and the middle of this year. Their "high" ratio was 28 percent on June 30 last year, following 1½ years of increasing imbalance, but it had declined to 23 percent by December 31.

Nondurable goods producers reported 14 percent of their holdings as "high," 84 percent "about right," and 2 percent "low" on June 30—little changed from the March 31 proportions. The "high" percentage has been generally declining since March 31, 1970, when it was 19 percent.

Inventory imbalance, June 30

The amount of excess inventory held by producers rose in 1969 and early 1970 and has been falling since then. On June 30, manufacturers had \$2.0 billion of excess inventory (after netting excesses and deficiencies), compared with \$2.2 billion on March 31 and \$2.5 billion on June 30, 1970. The excess at

June 30, 1971 was equivalent to only 2 percent of producers' stocks.

Durable goods producers' excess inventory has been shrinking since mid-1970. The net excess was \$1.55 billion on June 30, 1971, compared to \$1.74

Table 1.—Manufacturers' Inventories and Sales: Actual and Expected 1

				[Bil	llions	of dol	lars]						_			
		19	68			19	969			19	70			1	971	
	I	II	111	IV	1	11	ш	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	п	III 2	IV 2
Inventories, end of quarter:																
Unadjusted:														l		
All manufacturing Durables Nondurables	56.0	87. 8 57. 3 30. 5	57. 7	90. 5 58. 7 31. 8	92. 8 60. 5 32. 4	94. 1 61. 5 32. 5	94. 7 61. 9 32. 8	96. 4 62. 8 33. 6	98. 4 64. 2 34. 1	99. 0 64. 4 34. 5	98. 7 64. 5 34. 2	100. 1 64. 8 35. 4	101. 0 65. 4 35. 5	100. 7 65. 0 35. 7	100. 2 64. 7 35. 5	102, 2 66, 0 36, 2
Seasonally adjusted:													l			l
All manufacturing Durables Nondurables	85. 7 55. 7 30. 0	87. 6 57. 0 30. 6	89. 3 58. 1 31. 2	90. 7 59. 0 31. 8	92. 3 60. 2 32. 2	93. 9 61. 3 32. 6	95. 5 62. 3 33. 2	96. 7 63. 2 33. 5	97. 9 63. 9 34. 0	98. 7 64. 2 34. 5	99. 6 65. 0 34. 6	100. 5 65. 2 35. 3	100, 5 65, 1 35, 4	100, 5 64, 8 35, 7	100. 9 65. 0 35. 9	102, 1 65, 9 36, 2
Sales, total for quarter:										·						
Unadjusted:																
All manufacturing Durables Nondurables	80.6	86. 1	79.1	86.5	87.0	90.9	85, 6	91.0	87.8	92. 5	86.3	85, 6	92. 2	99, 5	91. 1	179. 5 97. 7 81. 8
Seasonally adjusted:											[ĺ		
All manufacturing Durables Nondurables	80.6	82. 7	83.0	85.4	87. 2	87. 5	90.1	90.0	88. 2	89.1	90.6	85, 0	92.6	95.8	95. 9	96.8

1. All actual data have been adjusted to conform with the recent revision by the Bureau of the Census (Report M3-1.3). 2. Expectations reported by manufacturers in August 1971. Inventory expectations have been corrected for systematic biases.

Sources: U.S. Department of Commerce. Expectations, Office of Business Economics; actuals; Bureau of the Census.

Table 2.—Manufacturers' Evaluation of the Condition of their Inventories ¹
[Percentage distribution]

			ercentage c		· J				
		Total	,		Durables			Nondurabl	es
	High	About right	Low	High	About right	Low	High	About right	Low
June 30, 1966	18 22 28	78 75 70	4 3 2	21 27 33	75 70 65	4 3 2	13 14 18	83 83 79	4 3 3
March 31, 1967 June 30, 1967 September 30, 1967 December 31, 1967	31 27	68 67 69 72	1 2 4 3	37 36 34 31	62 63 63 67	1 1 3 2	20 20 15 15	78 76 81 81	$\begin{array}{c}2\\4\\4\\4\end{array}$
March 31, 1968 June 30, 1968 September 30, 1968 December 31, 1968	25 24	72 72 73 80	3 3 2	31 31 28 19	66 67 70 79	3 2 2 2 2	15 16 16 16	82 80 79 82	3 4 5 2
March 31, 1969 June 30, 1969 September 30, 1969 December 31, 1969	21	78 77 76 76	$\begin{bmatrix} 2\\2\\1\\1\end{bmatrix}$	21 22 26 25	77 76 73 73	$\begin{smallmatrix}2\\2\\1\\1\\2\end{smallmatrix}$	17 18 17 18	82 80 82 81	1 2 1 1
March 31, 1970 June 30, 1970 September 30, 1970 December 31, 1970	24 24 22 21	75 75 77 78	1 1 1 1	27 28 25 23	72 71 74 76	1 1 1 1	19 17 16 16	80 81 82 83	$\begin{array}{c}1\\2\\2\\1\end{array}$
March 31, 1971 June 30, 1971	r 20 20	79 79	r 1 1	r 23 23	7 75 76	7 2 1	r 14 14	85 84	$\begin{array}{c} r \ 1 \\ 2 \end{array}$

r Revised.

Note: Due to change in survey questionnaire, data starting December 31, 1968 are not strictly comparable to prior data. Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Condition of actual inventories relative to sales and unfilled orders position as viewed by reporting companies. Percent distribution of inventory book values according to companies' classifications of their inventory condition.

billion on March 31 and \$1.90 billion on June 30, 1970. The net excess in June 1971 was about 2½ percent of durable goods producers' inventories, down from almost 3 percent in June 1970.

Nondurable goods producers reported a slight increase in net excess—from \$430 million to \$470 million—between March 31 and June 30, 1971. The net excess on June 30 was 1.3 percent of their total holdings, as compared with 1.7 percent in June 1970.

The average excess for companies that judged their stocks "high" was 11 percent of their holdings at mid-1971, and the average deficiency for the small number of companies judging their stocks "low" was 23 percent.

Table 3.—Inventory Imbalance

		Inven-	Net o	excess
	Inven- tory excess	tory defi- ciency	Amount	Percent of total inven-
	(Bill	ions of d	ollars)	tories
All manufacturers:				
Dec. 31, 1968	1. 73	0. 25	1, 48	1, 7
Mar. 31, 1969 June 30, 1969 Sept. 30, 1969 Dec. 31, 1969	1, 87 1, 96 2, 36 2, 50	. 16 . 24 . 15 . 16	1. 71 1. 72 2. 21 2. 34	1, 9 1, 9 2, 4 2, 5
Mar. 31, 1970 June 30, 1970 Sept. 30, 1970 Dec. 31, 1970	2. 58 2. 62 2. 48 2. 44	. 10 . 15 . 11 . 13	2. 48 2. 47 2. 37 2. 31	2. 5 2. 5 2. 4 2. 5
Mar. 31, 1971 June 30, 1971	7 2, 31 2, 34	. 14 . 32	r 2. 17 2. 02	* 2. 5 2. 0
Durable goods:				
Dec. 31, 1968	1, 19	. 20	. 99	1. 3
Mar. 31, 1969 June 30, 1969 Sept. 30, 1969 Dec. 31, 1969	1, 31 1, 35 1, 75 1, 91	. 12 . 18 . 11 . 13	1, 19 1, 17 1, 64 1, 78	2. 0 1, 9 2, 7 2. 8
Mar. 31, 1970	1, 97 2, 00 1, 94 1, 88	. 09 . 10 . 07 . 07	1, 88 1, 90 1, 87 1, 81	2. 9 2. 9 2. 9 2. 9
Mar. 31, 1971 June 30, 1971	7 1, 81 1, 73	. 07 . 18	7 1. 74 1. 55	7 2. 3 2. 3
Nondurable goods:				
Dec. 31, 1968	. 54	. 05	. 49	1. (
Mar. 31, 1969 June 30, 1969 Sept. 30, 1969 Dec. 31, 1969	. 61	. 04 . 06 . 04 . 03	. 52 . 55 . 57 . 56	1. 1. 1.
Mar. 31, 1970	. 62	. 01 . 05 . 04 . 06	. 60 . 57 . 50 . 50	1. 1. 1.
Mar. 31, 1971 June 30, 1971	. 50 . 61	. 07	. 43	r 1.

Revised.

The Census Bureau has published benchmark and seasonal factor revisions of the data on manufacturers' shipments and orders beginning with January 1966. The revised data are published in *Manufacturers' Shipments, Inventories, and Orders: 1966–1971 (Revised)*, Series M3-1.3, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. Price 70 cents. Shown here are the resulting revisions in aggregate manufacturing and trade sales and inventories, regularly published on page S-5 of the Survey.

Manufacturing and Trade Sales, Inventories, and Inventory/Sales Ratios

	Unad	justed		Seasonally adj	usted
	Inventories	Sales	Inventories	Sales	Inventory/ sales ratios
1966: January February March April May June	120, 894	78, 045	121, 634	85, 558	1. 42
	123, 172	80, 893	123, 027	85, 707	1. 44
	125, 342	88, 872	124, 241	87, 317	1. 42
	126, 705	88, 012	125, 315	86, 665	1. 45
	128, 061	86, 850	126, 842	86, 177	1. 47
	128, 858	90, 960	128, 573	87, 575	1. 47
July August. September October November December	129, 119	82, 668	129, 737	86, 688	1. 50
	129, 698	87, 115	131, 190	87, 631	1. 50
	130, 787	89, 237	132, 235	88, 263	1. 50
	133, 895	90, 699	133, 786	88, 199	1. 52
	136, 428	89, 287	135, 231	87, 594	1. 54
	135, 262	93, 420	136, 714	87, 988	1. 55
1967: January February March April May June	137, 179	81, 264	138, 019	88, 743	1. 56
	138, 764	83, 173	138, 674	88, 059	1. 57
	140, 409	90, 959	139, 288	88, 649	1. 57
	141, 477	88, 217	139, 954	88, 776	1. 58
	141, 585	90, 667	140, 172	88, 996	1. 58
	140, 738	93, 890	140, 395	90, 004	1. 56
July August September October November December	140, 163	84, 932	140, 953	89, 492	1. 58
	140, 375	89, 993	141, 923	90, 529	1. 57
	140, 988	91, 584	142, 189	90, 763	1. 57
	142, 773	91, 737	142, 497	89, 162	1. 60
	145, 002	92, 715	143, 678	91, 091	1. 58
	143, 792	97, 364	145, 072	92, 764	1. 56
1968: January February March April May June	144, 885	86, 254	145, 588	93, 103	1. 56
	146, 444	89, 873	146, 354	93, 651	1. 56
	147, 957	95, 206	146, 799	94, 661	1. 55
	149, 657	95, 565	148, 012	94, 760	1. 56
	150, 666	98, 303	149, 191	96, 051	1. 55
	150, 314	99, 896	149, 952	97, 127	1. 54
July August September October November December	149, 638	94, 311	150, 419	98, 282	1. 53
	149, 865	96, 095	151, 440	96, 376	1. 57
	150, 569	98, 694	152, 218	98, 319	1. 55
	153, 642	103, 639	153, 463	99, 169	1. 55
	155, 373	101, 627	153, 983	99, 866	1. 54
	153, 587	103, 243	154, 869	98, 910	1. 57
1969: January February March April May June	154, 640	92, 550	155, 397	99, 508	1. 56
	156, 681	94, 831	156, 588	100, 640	1. 56
	158, 796	101, 576	157, 648	101, 222	1. 56
	160, 285	102, 349	158, 477	101, 898	1. 56
	160, 903	104, 279	159, 301	102, 446	1. 55
	160, 565	106, 080	160, 281	102, 927	1. 56
July	160, 335	98, 658	161, 134	102, 572	1. 57
	160, 262	101, 745	162, 054	103, 790	1. 56
	161, 708	106, 093	163, 086	104, 324	1. 56
	164, 367	110, 160	164, 322	105, 087	1. 56
	166, 082	104, 292	164, 650	104, 144	1. 58
	164, 290	109, 334	165, 659	103, 530	1. 60
1970: January February March April May June	164, 678	96, 535	165, 621	104, 140	1, 59
	166, 591	99, 053	166, 610	105, 181	1, 58
	168, 082	105, 333	167, 081	104, 763	1, 59
	169, 861	104, 508	167, 935	104, 338	1, 61
	169, 282	106, 810	167, 654	106, 062	1, 58
	168, 898	111, 073	168, 413	106, 614	1, 58
July August September October November December	168, 714	103, 269	169, 539	106, 754	1. 59
	168, 252	104, 729	170, 205	107, 123	1. 59
	168, 946	108, 385	170, 956	106, 672	1. 60
	171, 120	109, 021	171, 168	104, 523	1. 64
	173, 107	103, 621	171, 768	103, 411	1. 66
	170, 300	112, 030	171, 998	105, 663	1. 63

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Economic Impact of Defense Procurement

The Office of Business Economics is vitally interested in improving the measurement of the impact of defense activity on the economy, as reflected in the national income and product accounts. The econometric work presented in this article indicates that the time-ofdelivery method used for recording most defense transactions in the national accounts has given inadequate signals of the impact of defense activity since the mid-1960's. The work presented here suggests the extent to which the NIA series on defense purchases and the Federal fiscal position may have understated both the expansionary impact of defense activity in the mid-1960's and the impact of the more recent decline. These findings reinforce the desirability of developing better statistics bearing on this subject within the framework of the national income and product accounts.

The work described here was originally carried out by the authors as an adjunct to a study by the Defense Department aimed at implementing an accrual accounting system. At the time, both authors were on active duty as officers in the U.S. Navy Reserve, assigned to the Office of the Assistant Secretary of the Navy for Financial Management.

THE U.S. economy has had to adjust in the recent past to large changes in defense activity. Government purchases of goods and services for national defense appear to be stabilizing now, but this follows a decline from an annual rate of \$79.4 billion in the fourth quarter of 1968 to \$71.8 billion in the second quarter of 1971. If military and civilian employee compensation is excluded in order to focus on purchases from the private economy, the decline was even greater. Total defense purchases fell

from 8.9 percent to 6.9 percent of GNP over this period, and purchases from the private economy from 6.0 percent to 4.1 percent of private GNP.

This reduction has many implications for economic policy. A significant change in defense spending affects the fiscal posture of the Government, the distribution of resources between the private and public sectors, and the proportions of the Nation's output which are available for defense and civilian purposes. Sudden shifts in defense programs can create imbalances in the economy which require compensatory adjustments in monetary and fiscal policy.

Despite the subject's importance, information on defense activity is inadequate for the needs of economists and policymakers. One of the major shortcomings is that there is little reliable information on defense production, a key variable in gaging the impact of defense activity on the economy. In the national income and product accounts, which are the main tool for studying the economic impact of defense activity, that activity is measured by purchases (deliveries). This is unsatisfactory, because much of the impact occurs earlier, when production takes place. Total defense production cannot be measured in the present national accounts framework because adequate data are lacking on the change in inventories of defense goods, which must be added to purchases in order to get the measure of total production. (Defense inventories are included in GNP as part of change in business inventories (CBI), but are not separately identified.) One of the aims of this article is to gage the magnitude of defense production and defense inventory change.

The data source for this study is a sample of 51 defense procurement contracts largely awarded during the Vietnam buildup. The data were collected from contractors in 1969 by a Defense Department study group as part of the Government's effort to implement an accrual accounting system.

Based upon an analysis of these contracts, this article will (1) discuss the sample data on obligations, production, payments, and deliveries, (2) use a statistical model to estimate defense production during the 1965-71 period, (3) adjust the national accounts (NIA) series on defense purchases, CBI, and Federal Government surplus or deficit to reflect the estimates derived from the model, (4) suggest several possible data problems, and (5) explain in detail the mathematical derivation of the model.

Most important, the article will show that the time-of-delivery method used for recording most defense transactions in the national income and product accounts has given inadequate signals of the impact of defense activity on the economy during the Vietnam war period. Specifically, the article will show that the delivery method of recording defense goods and business inventories understated the expansionary impact of defense activity from mid-1965 through 1966 and understated the impact of the decline since late 1968.

The Sample Data

As noted earlier, the sample data were collected as part of the Defense Department's work in establishing a system of accrual accounting. Along with other Government agencies, the

Table 1.—Characteristics of Defense Contract Sample

Contract characteristics	Number of contracts
Procurement program :	
Aircraft	23
Missile	15
Electronics	11
Other	2
Size: (Million \$)	
Over 200 million	2
100-200	l 8
50-100	12
25-50	8
5-25	ğ
1-5	12
Period of initial production:	
Before April 1965	20
April 1965-March 1966	16
After March 1966	15
Pricing provision:	
Fixed price	43
Cost plus	8
Military Service:	
Navy	35
Air Force	16
*** * *********************************	

Source: A Final Report on the Proceedings of the DOD Special Study Group on Defense Contractor Constructive Delivery (Accrual Accounting Implementation), May 1, 1970.

DOD is working toward recording expenditures on an accrual rather than a cash basis, as recommended by a Presidential Commission in 1967. For work produced to Government order. such as on defense procurement contracts, accrued expenditures are to be recorded at the time of "constructive delivery," defined as the time when contractors perform work and incur costs on the contracts.² (Goods purchased "off-the-shelf" would be recorded under the accrual concept at the time of physical delivery; employee compensation and other payments for services would be recorded at the time of performance.)

The procurement contract sample

It was not possible to derive the sample of contracts used in this study in a scientific manner because information on the characteristics of the total "population" of outstanding DOD contracts does not exist. Instead, 12 large prime contractors provided data on monthly orders, costs, and billings. For

purposes of analysis, between two and five contracts were selected from each contractor, distributed as evenly as possible by size and time of performance. The total sample (table 1) consisted of 51 contracts for major hardgood procurement items whose value approximated \$2.8 billion. All of the contracts were begun prior to 1969, most beginning soon before or during the sharpest phase of the Vietnam buildup.

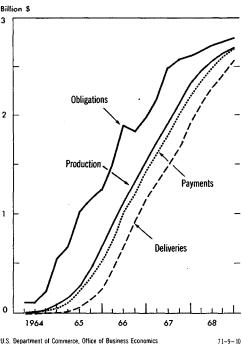
Production, payments, and deliveries

Although some economic activity associated with defense contracts, e.g., output associated with research and development, or investment in new plant and equipment, may occur before the contract orders are placed, the major impact occurs when production on the contract takes place.

The cumulative value of production at any point during the life of one of the sample contracts was approximated by the accrued costs of the prime contractor plus the contractor's final profit allocated over the life of the contract according to the time pattern of deliveries. This sum equals value added by

CHART 10

Obligations, Production, Payments, and Deliveries, All Sample Contracts, 1964-68



U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

the prime contractor plus value added by all other businesses contributing to the final output under the contract, i.e., subcontractors and their suppliers. It represents the incomes generated in production (including depreciation and indirect business taxes) and is theoretically equal to the standard definition of production as the sum of deliveries of finished goods plus inventory change.

The payments data represent the issuance of checks by DOD disbursing officers. Payments for major hardgoods reflect a blend of preproduction payments (advance payments), payments roughly coincident with production (progress payments), and payments lagging production (final payments). The major differences between payments and production occur because progress payments do not fully cover the value of production. At present, progress payments average about 85 percent of production costs, with the 15 percent balance paid only after final delivery. Because both payments and deliveries lag production, both measures are unsatisfactory indicators of changes in defense output.

Chart 10 shows obligations, payments, deliveries, and production data aggregated from all 51 sample contracts. (The obligations series consists of contract awards and subsequent modifications to the contracts.) On the average, the obligations incurred on procurement items lead production by about six months while payments and deliveries lag production by about two months and six months, respectively.

Another way of depicting the relationship among payments, deliveries, and production can be seen on chart 11, which shows data calculated by beginning all 51 contracts at a hypothetical month zero and continuing them for 40 months. "Unpaid production" is production on the contracts less payments and "undelivered production" is production less deliveries.

At the end of 20 months, cumulative production exceeds cumulative payments by about \$335 million, or 11 percent of total obligations, and exceeds cumulative deliveries by approximately \$1 billion or more than onethird of total obligations. These sample

^{1.} Report of the President's Commission on Budget Concepts, U.S. Government Printing Office, October 1967.

See A Final Report on the Proceedings of the DOD Special Study Group on Defense Contractor Constructive Delivery (Accrual Accounting Implementation), U.S. Department of Defense, May 1970.

Table 2.—Estimated Production on Defense Procurement Contracts, Actual Payments, and Actual Deliveries

[Billions of dollars]

							[Dinions	oi dollar										
			Cale	ndar Ye	ear			1964			1965	5				1966		
	1965	1966	1967	196	8 1	969	1970	IV	I		11	III	IV	I	I	I	111	IV
						-					Ann	ual rates,	not seaso	nally adj	usted			
Production Payments Deliveries Production less payments Production less deliveries	14. 7 12. 4 13. 5 2. 3 1. 2	16. 2 15. 3	18. 8 22. 8 24. 0 22. 8 16. 2 22. 0 23. 4 23. 4 15. 3 20. 1 22. 8 23. 1 2. 6 .8 .6 .6 .6 3. 5 2. 7 1. 2 .3		18. 4 20. 4 20. 5 -2. 0 -2. 1	14. 2 13. 7 14. 0 . 5 . 1	11. 13. 2.	5 1	13. 8 11. 0 12. 9 2. 8 1. 0	14. 9 13. 4 14. 2 1. 6 . 7	15. 8 13. 8 13. 6 2. 0 2. 2	16. 14. 14. 2. 2.	6 2 0	17. 1 15. 5 14. 5 1. 6 2. 6	19. 8 17. 6 15. 8 2. 2 3. 9	21. 6 17. 1 16. 6 4. 5 4. 9		
		196	7			1	968			1:	969	<u></u>		19	70		19	971
	I	II	III	IV	I	11	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	11
							Annual r	ates, not	seasonall	y adjust	ted							
Production Payments. Deliveries. Production less payments. Production less deliveries	22. 1 20. 3 18. 8 1, 8 3. 3	21. 8 21. 1 19. 3 . 7 2. 5	23. 5 24. 2 21. 5 7 2. 1	23. 8 22. 4 20. 9 1. 4 2. 9	23. 6 23. 5 22. 0 . 2 1. 7	23. 0 23. 0 21. 8 1 1. 2	22. 9 23. 6 1. 2	25. 5 24. 3 23. 9 1. 1 1. 6	25. 5 24. 8 23. 8 . 7 1. 7	23. 5 24. 3 22. 6 8	21. 7 22. 0 22. 8 3 -1. 1	22. 4 23. 1 -1. 9	20. 0 21. 5 21. 9 -1. 4 -1. 9	18. 5 20. 5 20. 6 -2. 0 -2. 2	17. 7 20. 2 20. 3 -2. 5 -2. 6	17. 4 19. 3 19. 2 -2. 0 -1. 9	17. 6 17. 7 19. 4 . 0 -1. 7	17. 7 18. 6 19. 0 9 -1. 3

Source: Production—Estimates by authors (Equation 16). Payments—Checks issued for Department of Defense budget category "Procurement," published in monthly issues of Defense Indicators (Series 682); quarterly average of unadjusted monthly data. Deliveries—

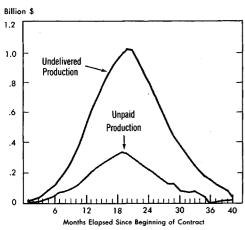
National defense purchases of goods and services, not seasonally adjusted, modified to exclude all items except purchases in the budget category "Procurement."

data suggest that any significant increase in defense orders will result in production advancing considerably more rapidly than payments or deliveries. The data also show that when orders slacken, payments and deliveries decline less rapidly than production.

CHART 11

71 -9-11

Cumulative Value of Undelivered Production and Unpaid Production, All Sample Contracts



NOTE.--Data plotted are 3-month moving averages of cumulative values.

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Estimates of Defense Production

Estimates of aggregate production resulting from all defense contracts for procurement items were obtained for the period 1964-IV-1971-II by use of the econometric model developed from the contract sample. The derivation and estimation of the model are described in the final section of this article. The estimates of production resulting from all defense procurement contracts (table 2) were derived with equation 16, using changes in lagged values of unpaid obligations outstanding (UO) as explanatory variables. The UO series was obtained by eliminating double-counting of intra-DOD obligations from "gross unpaid obligations outstanding for procurement" (GUOO) as published by DOD.3

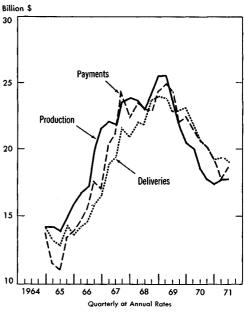
As indicated by table 2 and chart 12, changes in payments and deliveries lagged after changes in estimated defense production during the Vietnam buildup and the recent defense slowdown. During the initial buildup from

3. The data in table 2 on production, payments, and deliveries, and the UO series used in deriving estimated production, all refer to the DOD budget category "Procurement." The principal items included in the "Procurement" account are aircraft, ships, tracked combat vehicles, ordnance (including missiles), vehicles and related equipment, and electronics and communication equipment.

the fourth quarter of 1964 to the fourth quarter of 1966, estimated production on defense procurement contracts increased from \$14.2 billion (annual rate) to \$21.6 billion, a rise of

CHART 12

Estimated Defense Production, Actual Payments, and Actual Deliveries, 1964-71



U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

71-9-12

\$7.4 billion. In the same period, payments on defense procurement contracts increased only \$3.4 billion and deliveries only \$2.6 billion. In the slowdown period, estimated production decreased from a rate of \$25.5 billion in the fourth quarter of 1968 to \$17.4 billion in the fourth quarter of 1970, a drop of \$8.1 billion. In the same period, payments and deliveries declined only \$5.0 billion and \$4.7 billion, respectively.

The gaps were widest in the second half of 1966, when production exceeded payments by \$3.3 billion (annual rate) and deliveries by \$4.4 billion. These data strongly suggest the inadequacy

of either payments or deliveries data in providing economic analysts and policymakers with information on the magnitude or the timing of defense activity during periods of rapid change. This strongly supports the desirability of developing additional statistical estimates of defense activity and its impact within the framework of the national income and product accounts.

Adjusting the NIA Data

By the standard definition used in the national accounts, production is the sum of deliveries (purchases) of finished goods plus inventory change. Thus, an estimate of defense-related inventory change in the private sector can be derived as a residual by subtracting deliveries from the estimate of production. This is shown as the last line in table 2. Although none of the data in table 2 are seasonally adjusted, it is assumed in the following steps that the estimated series on defense inventory change has no significant seasonality.

If estimated defense inventory change is added to the published NIA defense purchases series, the latter is converted to something much more closely ap-

Table 3.—Published and Adjusted Series for National Defense Purchases, Federal Surplus or Deficit, and Change in Business Inventories

						[Bi	illions of o	dollars										
			Cale	endarYe	ar			1964			1965					1966		
	1965	1966	1967	196	38	1969	1970	IV.	I	13	[111	IV	I	1	ı	III	IV
		}									Season	ally adjı	ısted at a	annual ra	ites			
National defense purchases:																		
Published NIA series	50, 1 51, 3	60, 7 64, 2 10, 6 12, 9	72. 75. 11. 10.	$\begin{vmatrix} 1 & 7 \\ 7 & \end{vmatrix}$	8, 3 9, 5 5, 9 4, 4	78.4 78.1 .1 -1.4	75. 4 73. 3 -3. 0 -4. 8	48. 9 49. 0	48. 49. :	5	9. 2 0. 2 . 6 . 6	50.1 50.8 .9 .6	52, 5 54, 7 2, 4 3, 9	55. 57. 2. 3.	7 8	58, 5 61, 1 3, 2 3, 4	63.3 67.2 4.8 6.1	65, 6 70, 5 2, 3 3, 3
Federal surplus or deficit $(-)$:																		
Published NIA series	. 0	2 -3.7 -1.4 -3.7	-12. -15. -12. -11.	1 -	6. 5 7. 7 5. 9 7. 4	7.3 7.6 13.8 15.3	-13.6 -11.5 -20.9 -19.1	6 7	4. 4. 5. 4. 4.	10	4. 7 3. 7 . 3 . 3	-3.1 -3.8 -7.8 -7.5	-1.1 -3.3 2.0 .5	1. -1. 2. 2.	0 5	3. 0 . 4 1. 6 1. 4	-1. 2 -5. 1 -4. 2 -5. 5	-4.1 -9.0 -2.9 -3.9
Change in business inventories:			}															
Published NIA seriesAdjusted series Change in NIA series Change in adjusted series	8.4	14.8 11.3 5.2 2.9	5. -6.	$\begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$	7. 1 5. 9 1. 1 . 4	7. 4 7. 7 . 3 1. 8	2.8 4.9 -4.6 -2.8	7. 7 7. 6	10. 9. 3. 2.	9 -	8. 9 7. 9 2. 0 2. 0	9.1 8.4 .2 .5	9.7 7.5 .6 9	11. 8. 1.	9 6	16. 2 13. 6 4. 9 4. 7	11. 9 8. 0 -4. 3 -5. 6	19. 9 15. 0 8. 0 7. 0
Estimated defense inventory change:																		
(Production less deliveries)	1.2	3.5	2.	.7	1. 2	3	-2.1	.1	1.	0	1.0	.7	2. 2	2.	4	2.6	3. 9	4. 9
		196	7				1968			19	69			19	70		1	971
	I	11	111	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	11	111	IV	I	11	111	IV	I	11
								Seasonall	adjuste	ed at an	nual ra	ites						
National defense purchases:								T -										
Published NIA series. Adjusted series. Change in NIA series. Change in adjusted series.	69. 9 73. 2 4. 3 2. 7	71.8 74.3 1.9 1.1	73. 0 75. 1 1. 2 .8	74. 7 77. 6 1. 7 2. 5	76. 78. 1.	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$.3 79.1 .5 79.5 .8 .8	81.0	78. 3 80. 0 -1. 1 -1. 0	77. 5 78. 4 8 -1. 6	79. 4 78. 3 1. 9 —. 1	78.4 75.8 -1.0 -2.5	78. 9 77. 0 . 5 1. 2	75. 1 72. 9 -3. 8 -4. 1	74. 2 71. 6 9 -1. 3	73. 2 71. 3 -1. 0 3	71.3	70.5 -1.2
Federal surplus or deficit $(-)$:												i						
Published NIA series	$ \begin{array}{r} -11.6 \\ -14.9 \\ -7.5 \\ -6.9 \end{array} $	-12.5 -15.0 9 1	-13.1 -15.2 6 2	-12.3 -15.2 .8 .0	-9. -11. 2. 3.	$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & -12 \\ 5 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$.4 -4.3 .4 7.3	$\begin{bmatrix} -2.7 \\ 2.8 \end{bmatrix}$	9. 1 7. 4 10. 2 10. 1	11.7 10.8 2.6 3.4	5. 1 6. 2 -6. 6 -4. 6	$ \begin{array}{c c} 3.4 \\ 6.0 \\ -1.7 \\2 \end{array} $	-4.5 -2.6 -7.9 -8.6	$ \begin{array}{c c} -14.1 \\ -11.9 \\ -9.6 \\ -9.3 \end{array} $	-15.4 -12.8 -1.3 9	-20. 5 -18. 6 -5. 1 -5. 8	-14. 2 3. 0	$ \begin{array}{c c} -21.3 \\ -5.1 \end{array} $
Change in business inventories:																		
Published N1A series	9.6 6.3 -10.3 7	4.5 2.0 -5.1 -4.3	8.7 6.6 4.2 4.6	10.0 7.1 1.3 .5	2. 1. -7. -5.	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 8 \\ 1 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$. 6 . 4 . 7 . 7 . 2 . 7 . 1. 1	6.5	6. 6 4. 9 -1. 5 -1. 6	6.8 5.9 .2 1.0	10.4 11.5 3.6 5.6	5.7 8.3 -4.7 -3.2	2.3 -5.3 -6.0	2. 1 4. 3 1. 7 2. 0	5. 1 7. 7 3. 0 3. 4	3. 7 5. 6 -1. 4 -2. 1	4.9 5	7. 0 2. 5
Estimated defense inventory change:																		
(Production less deliveries)	3.3	2.5	2.1	2.9	1.	7 1	. 2 . 4	1.6	1.7	. 9	-1.1	-2.6	-1.9	-2.2	-2.6	-1.9	-1.7	-1.3

Source: Estimated defense inventory change-table 2. NIA Series-various issues of the Survey (see "Historical Statistics" note on page 10).

proaching a defense production series.⁴ This adjustment is shown in table 3, along with the associated adjustments in the change in business inventories component of GNP—from which defense-related inventory change is subtracted—and in the Federal surplus or deficit on the NIA basis—which is adjusted to reflect defense production rather than purchases (deliveries). These adjustments do not affect total GNP, only its composition.

The published NIA defense purchases series rose \$10.6 billion in 1966 and \$11.7 billion in 1967, and fell \$3.1 billion in 1970. Adjusted to a production basis, however, the series shows an increase of \$12.8 billion in 1966 and \$10.9 billion in 1967, and a decline of \$4.9 billion in 1970. Consequently, the Federal budget position, after adjustment to make defense spending coincide with production, shows a steeper shift into deficit in 1966 and a somewhat smaller shift into deficit in 1970.

On a quarterly basis, a similar picture emerges from the data in table 3. During the sharpest phase of the Vietnam buildup, from late 1965 through 1966, the quarterly increase in the adjusted defense spending series consistently exceeded the increase in the published NIA defense purchases series. The situation was opposite during the de-escalation phase in 1969 and 1970, when adjusted defense spending generally decreased much faster than the published NIA series. Similarly, the Federal fiscal position, as adjusted, suggests (1) a considerably more expansionary fiscal policy during during 1965-66, and (2) a more restrictive stance since 1969, than indicated in the published figures on the NIA surplus or deficit.

Possible Data Problems

There are a number of hazards in applying the model and coefficients developed from the sample to the much

larger, and perhaps much different, total population of defense procurement contracts.

First, as indicated earlier, the sample of 51 contracts is neither a random nor a representative sample of the total population of defense procurement contracts. It consists primarily of Navy and Air Force aircraft, missile, and electronics contracts. Omitted completely are ship construction and "softgoods" contracts as well as Army and Marine Corps contracts. Since much of the production buildup associated with the Vietnam conflict involved such items as ammunition, rifles, etc., necessary to fight a conventional war, use of a contract sample heavily weighted toward more sophisticated, strategic weapons could significantly bias the estimators.

Second, it is unlikely that the profit rate on procurement contracts is constant over time, as assumed in this study. The value of aggregate production on all procurement contracts was estimated by use of the relationship between production and unpaid obligations established from the sample. Since profits are included in the value of production, the average rate of profit on the sample contracts was in effect assumed to hold for all procurement contracts. While the assumption that the sample contracts generated "typical" rates of profit is considered reasonable, there is no doubt that profit rates on defense contracts may fluctuate from year to year. As a result, actual fluctations in production may be obscured if they are accompanied by shifting profit margins.

Third, the adjustments made to the GUOO series to eliminate doublecounting may be inadequate. Doublecounting occurs when one military service obligates funds to another service to procure certain goods from private contractors. Both the intra-Defense Department obligations and the obligation to the contractor are counted in the published GUOO series. The exact extent of double-counting is not known, but estimated at about 15 percent to 25 percent of GUOO in the 1964-69 period. To correct for doublecounting, the published data were lowered by a constant 20 percent, a ratio suggested by certain Defense Department data.

Fourth, the published GUOO series excludes obligations by revolving and management funds, which serve as intermediaries between the obligating military service and the private sector for the procurement of many items. Obligations by such funds may precede or lag the related obligations in the GUOO series, and this can distort the timing relationship between the GUOO series and production. For example, an obligation entered into the GUOO series for goods already in the inventory of a revolving or management fund will lag the original obligation by the fund for the procurement of the goods. Conversely, obligations entered into GUOO can precede obligations by the funds if the goods to be procured have yet to be manufactured.

Any of the data problems noted above could introduce systematic bias in the production estimates, but the extent of such bias cannot be determined. It is hoped that the bias is small and does not seriously distort the implications of this analysis.

Derivation of Model

We start with a model in which new orders for defense procurement items (NO) placed in a given period will lead to production (Q) in the same and subsequent periods in a pattern of fixed proportions (A₁) to the initial NO. This model is represented by the following equation:

(1)
$$Q_t = \sum_{i=1}^{n} A_i NO_{t-i+1}$$

where

$$\sum_{i=1}^{n} A_i = 1, \text{ and n is the number of periods in which production on an NO occurs.}$$

Next, we introduce an identity involving Q, NO, and unproduced orders (UO), as follows:

(2)
$$\Delta UO_t = NO_t - Q_t$$
.

Substituting (1) in (2) we obtain

(3)
$$\Delta UO_t = NO_t - \sum_{i=1}^{n} A_i NO_{t-1+i}$$
.

Next, we want to write (3) so that it involves only ΔUO and Q. To do so,

^{4.} The estimates of defense production and inventory change are for items included in the "Procurement" category of the DOD budget (see footnote 3). It is these goods for which significant deviations occur between the time of actual production and the times of payment and delivery. In 1970, deliveries (purchases) of "Procurement" items accounted for about \$20.5 billion (table 2) of the \$75.4 billion total N1A defense purchases; the remainder consisted of: employee compensation, \$33.3 billion; structures, \$1.4 billion; and all other goods and serivces, \$20.2 billion.

we introduce the lag operator A(L)⁵ where

(4)
$$A(L) = A_1 + A_2L + A_3L^2 + \dots + A_nL^{n-1}$$
.

Substituting (4) in (3) gives

(5)
$$\Delta UO_t = NO_t - A(L)NO_t$$
, or

(6)
$$\Delta UO_t = [1 - A(L)]NO_t$$
, or

(7)
$$\frac{1}{1-A(L)}\Delta UO_t = NO_t$$
, or

(8)
$$B(L)\Delta UO_t = NO_t$$
 if we set
$$B(L) = \frac{1}{1 - A(L)}.$$

Substituting (8) in (2), we have

(9)
$$\Delta UO_t = B(L)\Delta UO_t - Q_t$$
, or

(10)
$$Q_t = [B(L) - 1] \Delta UO_t$$
.

We have now replaced an expression involving Q and NO by one involving Q and $\Delta UO.6$ Next, we derive the regression equation actually used. If we define [B(L)-1] in (10) as G(L), we can expand (10) to read as follows:

$$\begin{array}{c} (11) \ Q_t \! = \! G_1 \Delta U O_t \! + \! G_2 \Delta U O_{t-1} \! + \\ G_3 \Delta U O_{t-2} \! + \dots \, . \end{array}$$

This form can be changed further by introducing the level of UO, into the equation. We can write the level of UO at time t as a sum of changes in UO's

(12)
$$UO_t = \triangle UO_t + \triangle UO_{t-1} + \triangle UO_{t-2} + \dots$$

and when (12) is multiplied by a constant, a*, we obtain

(13)
$$a*UO_t = a*\Delta UO_t + a*\Delta UO_{t-1} + a*\Delta UO_{t-2} + \dots$$

Subtracting the right-hand-side of (13) from its left-hand-side and adding the resulting expression (whose value is zero) to the right-hand-side of (11) yields

(14)
$$Q_t = a^*UO_t + (G_1 - a^*)$$

 $\triangle UO_t + (G_2 - a^*) \triangle UO_{t-1} + (G_3 - a^*)$
 $\triangle UO_{t-2} + \dots$

tive lags which are very short.

The value of the constant, a*, in (14) is derivable from the lag operator B(L). a* can be seen also as equaling the ratio of the average Q on an NO over the n periods required to produce the NO to the average UO associated with that same NO. This, in turn, equals the ratio of Q to UO in a situation in which a constant level of NO has been maintained for at least n periods.7

Redefining the terms in parentheses in (14) as $(G_1-a^*)=a_i$, we have the final form of the equation as used in this study:

(15)
$$Q_t = a * UO_t + a_1 \Delta UO_t + a_2 \Delta UO_{t-1} + a_3 \Delta UO_{t-2} + \dots$$

The introduction of a* and the level of UO has a distinct advantage over the use of the lag structure obtained on the basis of change terms only. Depending upon the original distribution of the A₁ and the associated convergent properties of the lag operator, the a₁ given in (15) can become very small after only a few terms. This can be seen from an examination of the terms in parentheses in (14) where convergence of the G₁ to a* implies convergence of the a₁ to zero. In the present study, as will be seen from an examination of the regression results given below, the underlying production parameter (A₁) distribution led to a very short effective lag structure, from which rapid convergence could be inferred.

$$\frac{1}{.7 - .5 \mathbf{L} - .2 \mathbf{L}^2} = \frac{\mathbf{C_1}}{(1 - \mathbf{L})} + \frac{\mathbf{C_2}}{(.7 + .2 \mathbf{L})}.$$

In this expression, C_1 =a*. The constants C_1 and C_2 are obtained by multiplying the numerators and denominators of the right-hand terms so as to obtain a common denominator and then multiplying both sides of the equation by .7-.5L-.2L² to yield $C_1(.7+.2L)+C_2(1-L)=1$. Setting L=1, we obtain C_1 =1,9=1.11111, the same value for a* as obtained above. Setting L=0, we have $C_1(.7)+C_2$ =1, or, after substituting the value for C_1 , C_2 =.2/.9=.222222. Using the second partial fraction and the value for C_2 , on division we obtain we obtain

$$\begin{array}{l} .22222/(.7+.2L) = .31746 - .09070L + .02591L^2 \\ - .00740L^3 + .00211L^4 - \ . \ . \ . \end{array}$$

Thus, the full lag given by (7) contains in addition to the constant value a^{\star} a component with alternating signs which converges to zero. The speed of convergence is entirely a function of the $A_i.$ The set of coefficients derived above from C_2 can be identified with the a_i coefficients $(a_1,\,a_2,\,a_3,\,\dots)$ given in equation (15) which are deviations from the constant value $a^{\star}.$

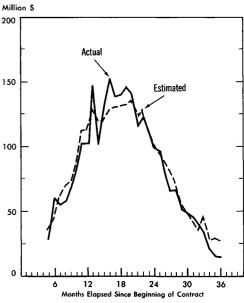
Further comments on model

The following comments are intended to round out the foregoing explanation of the model. First, the considerations that led to the adoption of a model involving fixed production lags are not discussed in this report. Second, the relation between Q and UO was substituted for the more transparent relation between Q and NO primarily because the latter involved a very long lag and it was desirable to circumvent the practical difficulties that arise when long lag structures must be estimated from a small sample of observations. Third. unpaid orders were substituted for unproduced orders (UO) because the GUOO series relates to unpaid rather than unproduced orders, and the GUOO series (adjusted to eliminate double counting) was to be used in estimating production under the total of all procurement contracts; the sample series had to be defined correspondingly so that the relationships derived from the sample could be used to estimate total production under all contracts. Fourth, the regression techniques were applied

(Continued on page 31)

CHART 13

Actual and Estimated Production. All Sample Contracts



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^{5.} See, for example, Zvi Griliches, "Distributed Lags: A Survey," Econometrica, January 1967.
6. Valid use of the lag operator technique requires that the derived lag be dynamically stable. Stability depends on the roots of the polynomial given by 1-A(L). For the model used in this study, stability is always assured because the A; as defined in equation (1) are always positive. Examination of the lag operator term in (7) shows that the lag derived on ΔUO will not terminate. As will be shown, however, a transformation which involves the level of UO can result in effective lags which are very short.

^{7.} This can be shown for a case involving only three periods to produce an NO. Let the NO=10, A_1 =.3, A_2 =.5, and A_3 =.2; then average Q=(3+5+2)/3=10/3, average UO=(7+2+0)/3=9/3, and their ratio is 10/9=1.11111. The same value can be obtained via the lag operator as follows: The denominator given in (7), evaluated with the A_i given here, is $(.7-.5L-.2L^2)$. This can be factored into (1-L)(.7+.2L). Thus, the fractional operator term in (7) can be expressed in partial fractions as

Plant and Equipment Expenditures by Foreign Affiliates of U.S. Corporations, 1970-72

Foreign affiliates of U.S. corporations are planning to increase expenditures for plant and equipment 12 percent in 1971 to a total of \$14.7 billion, to be followed by a 10 percent increase in 1972 to a total of \$16.1 billion. These increases represent a considerable slowdown from the 21 percent growth rate registered in 1970.

EXPENDITURES for property, plant, and equipment by foreign affiliates of U.S. corporations are expected to total \$14.7 billion in 1971, up 12 percent from the final 1970 estimate of \$13.1 billion. First estimates for 1972 indicate an increase of 10 percent over 1971 to a total of \$16.1 billion. (See chart 14, and table 1.)

These findings are based on the latest OBE semiannual survey of about 450 large U.S. firms, with approximately 4,800 foreign affiliates, taken in June 1971. The figures, therefore, reflect the economic environment prevailing at that time. The new economic program announced by the President in August, including the decision to allow the dollar to float against other currencies in foreign exchange markets, has clearly changed that environment.

Spending increased 21 percent from 1969 to 1970. Compared to that increase, the current estimate of 1971 spending shows a considerable slowdown in the rate of growth. The deceleration is centered in manufacturing, and probably reflects the general economic slowdown in Europe. On the other hand, expenditures in petroleum and mining and smelting show substantial increases. The expected growth of spending in 1972 reflects a recovery in manufacturing coupled with sharply

reduced gains in petroleum and in mining and smelting.

The 1970 figures are final figures (the E report for that year), and the total differs only slightly from the estimate made 6 months earlier (the D report). The 1971 figures are based on the C reports and the 1972 figures on the A reports. As usual, table 1 gives 1971 and 1972 estimates adjusted to take account of systematic bias in the reports of planned spending. However, the bias adjustment procedure now used differs from that used pre-

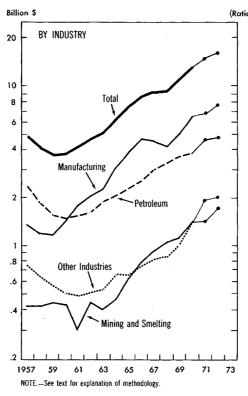
viously, and allows, for the first time, publication of bias-adjusted projections in all the tables.

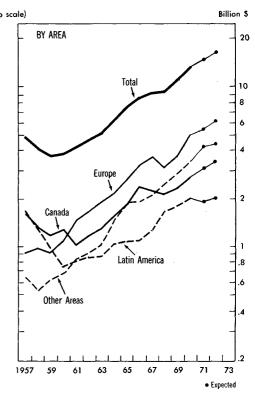
Industry pattern

Outlays by manufacturing affiliates (see table 2) are expected to show only small gains in 1971, the total rising 4 percent above 1970 to \$6.8 billion. If current expectations for 1972 are realized, outlays will increase 13 percent to \$7.6 billion. In both 1971 and 1972, affiliates plan to increase spending in all major areas except Canada. The

CHART 14

Expenditures for Plant and Equipment by Foreign Affiliates of U.S. Companies





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small size of the 1971 increase in part reflects reported delays of 1971 spending until 1972.

Within manufacturing, affiliates in the chemical industry plan little change in 1971 and 1972 from the \$1.3 billion reached in 1970, with affiliates in Canada planning a decrease of 22 percent in 1971 and 9 percent in 1972. Affiliates in Europe plan an 11 percent increase in 1971 spending, but expect to reduce spending 6 percent in 1972. Both the increase in 1971 and the decrease in 1972 are due largely to the spending pattern of affiliates in the United Kingdom and Germany.

Affiliates engaged in machinery production plan relatively large increases. They plan to increase spending 7 percent in 1971 and 35 percent, to \$2.8 billion, in 1972. In both years spending is expected to show especially strong growth in Canada, Latin America, the United Kingdom, and Japan. Largely reflecting spending in Germany, machinery producers in the EEC are projecting a small decrease in 1971, followed by a steep rise of 41 percent in 1972. (The cost of machinery acquired or produced by manufacturing affiliates

for leasing to others, a significant factor in the computer manufacturing industry abroad, is counted as part of affiliates' capital expenditure. Therefore, not all the growth registered in this area represents expansion of plant capacity.)

Manufacturers of transportation equipment expect spending to decline 6 percent in 1971 to \$1.0 billion, reflecting substantial reductions in Canada and the United Kingdom. Investment is expected to pick up slightly in 1972, but to remain below the 1970 level.

All other manufacturing affiliates taken together expect to increase spending 6 percent in both 1971 and 1972, following an increase of 31 percent in 1970. Increases in 1971 are especially significant in Canada and the United Kingdom. In 1972, increases are particularly large in the United Kingdom, Germany, and Japan.

Affiliates in the *petroleum* industry (see table 3) estimate expenditures of \$4.6 billion in 1971, up 22 percent from 1970. Increased expenditures are reported for nearly all major geographic areas, but are especially large for

tanker construction. The expected rise in 1972 is only 2 percent, concentrated in Canada, the Middle East, Japan, and those European countries affected by exploration in the North Sea (the United Kingdom, Norway, and the Netherlands). Major declines are reported elsewhere for 1972, particularly in Libya and Latin America.

Led by investment in Canada and Australia, affiliates in mining and smelting show the largest percentage increase of any major industry group in 1971, with spending rising 36 percent. The strength of the expected increase in both countries is more than enough to offset a 25 percent decline now seen for mining affiliates in Latin America. The sharp drop in Latin American spending is centered on reductions in Chile, where the government has nationalized some American holdings. The rise in spending by mining and smelting affiliates is much smaller in 1972. A large increase is expected in Canada and affiliates in Mexico and Central America also plan increases, but investment totals for Latin America are expected to remain far below the 1970 volume for that area.

Table 1.—Summary of Estimates of Plant and Equipment Expenditures by U.S. Corporations' Foreign Affiliates, by Percentage Change and Dollar Amount

Percent change						Billions of dollars									
Industry, area, and schedule			Actual			Projection		Actual					Projection		
	1966	1967	1968	1969 -	1970	1971	1972	1965	1966	1967	1968	1969 r	1970	1971	1972
Total	16	7	1	15	21	12	10	7.4	8.6	9. 3	9.4	10.8	13, 1	14.7	16, 1
By industry Mining and smelting Petroleum Manufacturing	11	17 19 -1	12 10 -7	9 10 19	22 5 31	36 22 4	7 2 13	. 6 2. 3 3. 9	. 8 2. 5 4. 6	. 9 3 0 4. 5	1, 0 3, 3 4, 2	1. 1 3. 6 5. 0	1, 4 3, 8 6, 5	1, 9 4, 6 6, 8	2. 0 4. 7 7. 6
Chemicals. Machinery. Transportation equipment. Other manufacturing	19	16 4 -18 -7	$\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ -7 \\ -22 \\ -6 \end{array}$	-9 32 29 27	16 43 33 31	7 -6 6	-1 35 3 6	.9 .9 .9 1.3	1. 0 1. 0 1. 0 1. 5	1. 2 1. 1 . 8 1. 4	1. 2 1. 0 . 6 1. 3	1.1 1.3 .8 1.7	1. 3 1. 9 1. 1 2. 2	1. 3 2. 0 1. 0 2. 4	1.3 2.8 1.0 2.5
Other industries	14	10	3	23	30	4	22	. 7	.7	.8	.8	1.0	1.4	1.4	1.7
By area Canada Latin American Republics and other Western Hemisphere Europe	28 2 23	-5 17 12	-5 29 -14	10 12 20	17 5 20	13 -2 9	11 6 14	1. 8 1. 1 2. 6	2. 4 1. 1 3. 3	2. 2 1. 3 3. 6	2. 1 1. 6 3. 1	2. 3 1. 8 3. 7	2. 7 2. 0 5. 0	3. 1 1. 9 5. 5	3. 4 2. 0 6. 2
European Economic CommunityOther, including United Kingdom	31 15	15 8	-19 -7	20 19	42 26	9 10	16 11	1. 4 1. 2	1. 9 1. 4	2. 1 1. 5	1. 7 1. 4	2. 1 1. 7	2. 9 2. 1	3. 2 2. 3	3. 7 2. 6
Other areas	3	9	17	15	17	24	6	1. 9	1, 9	2. 1	2, 5	2.9	3. 4	4. 2	4.4
By OFDI schedule															
All schedules 1. 2	12	12	3	16	22	12	9	5. 6	6. 3	7. 0	7. 2	8.4	10.3	11. 6	12. 7
Schedule A Schedule B Schedule C	3 4 30	11 12 13	24 8 -16	17 14 18	11 24 32	16 12 9	8 4 16	1. 7 2. 0 1. 8	1.8 2.1 2.4	2. 0 2. 4 2. 7	2, 4 2, 6 2, 2	2. 9 2. 9 2. 6	3. 2 3. 6 3. 5	3.7 4.1 3.8	4. 0 4. 2 4. 4

Note.—Projections are corrected for systematic bias; see text.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

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^{1.} Does not include Canada.

^{2.} Beginning with 1970 Spain is classified in Schedule B; prior to 1970 it is classified in Schedule C.

Affiliates in other industries are expected to increase outlays 4 percent in 1971 (to \$1.4 billion) and 22 percent in

1972 (to \$1.7 billion). All major areas of the world showed increases in both years, except Canada, where a slight

spending decrease is expected in 1971. Most of the planned growth in this aggregate group is related to expendi-

Table 2.—Estimates of Plant and Equipment Expenditures by U.S. Corporations' Foreign Manufacturing Affiliates, by Selected Country—Summary of Surveys

[Millions of dollars]

	Actual				Proje	ection		Actual						Projection	
	1966	1967	1968	1969r	1970	1971	1972		1966	1967	1968	1969r	1970	1971	1972
All areas. Chemicals Machinery. Transportation equipment	1	4, 525 1, 210	4, 191 1, 208	4,976 1,118	6, 524 1, 294	6,751	7, 642 1, 303	Europe—Continued Italy	125	150	165	181	279	260	376
Machinery. Transportation equipment. Other manufacturing.	1, 531	1, 088 795 1, 432 1, 001	1, 016 618 1, 349 854	1, 344 796 1, 719 1, 036	1, 920 1, 060 2, 250 1, 159	2, 053 1, 000 2, 389 1, 110	2, 765 1, 032 2, 542 1, 061	Chemicals Machinery Transportation equipment Other manufacturing	26 57 2 40	34 66 2 48	39 74 2 50	20 90 4 67	39 161 5 74	32 145 6 79	229 10 93
Chemicals Machinery Transportation equipment Other manufacturing	221 186	166 190 234 411	158 144 194 358	169 222 211 434	186 212 289 472	146 259 173 532	133 318 183 427	Netherlands Chemicals Machinery Transportation equipment Other manufacturing	151 102 32 1 16	198 137 38 2 21	147 105 26 1 15	203 141 35 1 26	228 135 53 2 38	238 144 51 6 37	247 129 67 7 44
Latin American Republics and Other Western Hemisphere	453	505	575	611	669	698	890	Other	215 72	251 83 61	235 100	242 68	330 83	325 82	361 72 153
Chemicals Machinery Transportation equipment Other manufacturing	146 65 71 171	150 78 88 188	179 86 90 220	198 95 104 214	170 141 112 246	165 176 116 241	193 215 204 278	Machinery. Transportation equipment. Other manufacturing. Japan.	56 11 76 153	61 10 98 190	54 12 69 227	68 78 12 83 268	107 20 120 374	115 12 116 460	153 14 121 638
Argentina: Chemicals. Machinery. Transportation equipment. Other manufacturing.	91 27 11 33 20	100 30 18 34 18	71 15 16 22 18	95 14 23 40 18	138 15 45 49 29	112 13 41 31 27	124 14 56 29 25	Chemicals	55 63 2 33	81 64 2 43	128 55 3 41	108 90 2 68	110 173 2 89	157 203 2 98	197 239 2 200
Brazil. Chemicals. Machinery. Transportation equipment. Other manufacturing.	100 19 30 20 32	131 29 35 34 33	186 60 40 51 35	184 72 40 39 33	181 40 56 31 54	225 24 85 51 65	386 55 110 144 77	Australia, New Zealand, and South Africa. Chemicals Machinery. Transportation equipment	329 67 47 72 142	256 47 28 86	295 66 32 96	306 59 35 86	395 44 51 105	400 37 57 102	405 18 66 131
Mexico Chemicals Machinery Transportation equipment Other manufacturing	126 62 14 6 44	133 60 17 8 48	181 70 17 5 89	170 58 22 14 76	205 61 28 26 90	204 79 36 20 69	234 87 38 23 86	Other manufacturing Australia and New Zealand Chemicals Machinery Transportation equipment Other manufacturing South Africa Chemicals Machinery Transportation equipment		95 214 33 23 76	101 244 57 26 76	126 264 52 30 80	196 335 38 42 98	204 327 25 49 85	307 9 62 98
Other Chemicals Machinery Transportation equipment Other manufacturing	135 38 11 12 74	141 30 8 13 90	136 33 12 13 78	161 55 9 11 86	145 54 12 6 73	157 49 14 14 80	146 37 11 8 90			82 42 14 5 10	52 10 6 19	101 42 7 5 6	158 60 6 9 7	168 73 12 8 17	98 9 4 33
Europe	2, 244 462	2,332 636	2, 012 524	2, 539 483	3, 614 676	3,846 749	4,427 705	Other manufacturing Other Africa	16 56	13 31	17 15	24 14	38 31	36 47	52 24
Machinery Transportation equipment Other manufacturing	664 564 553	713 379 604	689 233 566	881 390 784	1, 316 551 1, 071	1, 341 605 1, 151	1, 897 509 1, 316	Chemicals Machinery Transportation equipment	2	2 1	4 1 1	3 2 1	6 4 1	4 2 1	2 2 1
United Kingdom	698 115 164 180	643 127 141 124	582 111 148 74	858 126 183 168	1, 093 175 233 196	1, 198 186 278 153	1, 292 140 368 135	Other manufacturing Middle East	54 23 18	27 62 50	9 111 103	9 73 63	20 126 50	40 27 2	19 29 6
Other manufacturing European Economic Community Chemicals Machinery	275 444	251 1, 438 427 510	249 1, 195 314 486	380 1, 440 288 620	489 2, 191 418 976	581 2, 323 481 948	2, 775 493 1, 376	Chemicals Machinery Transportation equipment Other manufacturing	3 3 150	1 11	1 7	8	74	1 24	1 <u>22</u>
Transportation equipmentOther manufacturing. Belgium and Luxembourg	373 239 186	245 256 200	146 249 152	210 321 111	335 462 181	440 454 207	360 546 236 83	Other Asia and Pacific Chemicals Machinery	68 22	148 78 14	102 47 8	130 35 18	155 52 21	164 50 14	168 49 27
Chemicals Machinery Transportation equipment Other manufacturing	56 24 60 46	110 46 23 21	152 78 42 5 27	33 30 4 43	66 38 7 70	88 38 13 68	83 73 13 67	Transportation equipment Other manufacturing	1 59 91	5 52 50	1 46 26	2 75 47	81 66	99 90	90 85
France. Chemicals. Machinery Transportation equipment Other manufacturing.	288 31 139 44 74	371 50 176 75 70	307 28 179 32 68	338 30 192 41 75	547 40 315 84 109	574 39 335 77 123	708 55 439 92 122	Chemicals. Machinery. Transportation equipment. Other manufacturing. Other.	44 15 31 59	28 6 16 98	11 3 	11 5 31 83	23 9 34 89	25 6 59 74	24 18 43 83
Germany Chemicals Machinery Transportation equipment Other manufacturing	581 60 191 267 63	518 96 184 142 96	424 64 166 106 88	607 65 273 159 110	955 138 409 237 171	1044 178 381 338 147	1208 182 568 238 220	Chemicals Machinery Transportation equipment Other manufacturing	24 7 1 28	50 8 5 36	36 5 1 35	24 13 1 45	29 12 1 47	25 8 1 40	25 9 2 47

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Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

 ${\bf Note.-Projections} \ {\bf are} \ {\bf correctedf} \ {\bf or} \ {\bf systematic} \ {\bf bias;} \ {\bf see} \ {\bf text}.$

tures by affiliates engaged in trade, leasing, and services.

Geographic pattern

After a rise of 20 percent in 1970 to \$5.0 billion, European affiliates are expected to increase spending 9 percent in 1971 and 14 percent in 1972 to \$6.2 billion (table 1). The relatively small gain in 1971 reflects the moderate 6 percent increase by manufacturing affiliates in the European Economic Community; in 1972, these same affiliates are planning a 19 percent increase. Petroleum affiliates plan a 23 percent increase in 1971 and a 2 percent decrease in 1972. In both years,

the growth of spending in European countries outside the EEC is sparked by outlays of manufacturing affiliates in the United Kingdom and petroleum affiliates in the United Kingdom, Denmark, Norway, and Spain.

Spending by affiliates in Canada is expected to increase 13 percent in 1971 and 11 percent in 1972 to \$3.4 billion, after increasing 17 percent in 1970. The increases in all 3 years are due largely to expenditures by affiliates in the extractive industries. Expenditures by mining and smelting affiliates are expected to rise 84 percent in 1971 and 11 percent in 1972. This heavy spending is connected with the development of iron

Table 3.—Estimates of Plant and Equipment Expenditures by U.S. Corporations' Foreign Affiliates in the Petroleum and Mining and Smelting, and Other Industries (Except Manufacturing)—Summary of Surveys

IMI	Illions	: nf d	ollars

By area and major industry division			Projection				
	1966	1967	1968	1969 r	1970	1971	1972
Petroleum					2 222		00
All areas	2,526	3,000	3, 311	3, 640	3, 808	4, 642	4, 732
Canada	649	636	669	629	726	796	884
Latin American Republics and other Western Hemisphere		307	405	501	514	553	435
Venezuela	101	103	175	238	212	216	189
Other Latin American Republics	109	149	164	138	183	245	194
Other Western Hemisphere	58	55	66	125	119	92	52
Europe	778	1,045	851	876	974	1, 145	1, 187
United Kingdom	163	289	283	246	256	247	274
European Economic Community	434	582	401	472	546	671	658
Belgium and Luxembourg.	434	582 101	71	31	71	133	41
France.	96	61	62	86	107	96	119
Germany		251	100	154	128	177	208
Italy.		93	86	iii	166	187	195
Netherlands		77	82	91	74	78	95
Other	180	174	167	158	172	251	277
Japan	120	146	207	189	242	321	354
Australia, New Zealand, and South Africa	92	96	133	211	155	158	167
Other Africa	265	363	507	560	440	328	234
Middle East	206	191	185	154	141	230	345
Other Asia and Pacific	99	125	158	201	304	388	434
International shipping	49	94	196	319	312	699	670
Mining and Smelting		_					
All areas	790	920	1,035	1, 132	1, 384	1, 885	2,010
Canada	297	332	340	340	413	762	889
Latin American Republics and other Western Hemisphere	229	288	456	497	477	359	386
Europe:							
European Economic Community	3	3	3	3	4	3	3
Other, including United Kingdom	4	5	7	7	12	18	12
Other areas.	257	292	229	285	478	743	720
Other industries (except manufacturing)							
All areas	741	822	850	1,039	1, 355	1, 408	1,722
Canada	237	264	265	326	434	425	590
Latin American Republics and other Western Hemisphere	144	183	220	248	291	312	325
Europe:							
	0.5	100	110	149	188	192	251
European Economic Community Other, including United Kingdom	85	100 146	118 134	164	237	272	342
omer, morauling Officea Kinguom	140	140	134	104	201	212	342
Other areas	135	129	113	152	205	207	214
	1	1 -20	-10	-5-			

Note: Projections are corrected for systematic bias: see text.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

ore, nickel, and copper deposits. Manufacturing affiliates in Canada expect to reduce spending moderately in both 1971 and 1972.

Outlays in Latin America are expected to decrease 2 percent in 1971 but to rise 6 percent in 1972 to \$2.0 billion. Continuing recent trends, mining and smelting affiliates are expecting to reduce spending in both years, but manufacturing firms are planning a 4 percent rise in 1971 and a 28 percent rise for 1972. Increases planned by manufacturers in Brazil and Mexico are especially large.

Affiliates in "other areas" planning a 24 percent increase in 1971 to \$4.2 billion, and a 6 percent increase to \$4.4 billion in 1972. A large portion of the 1971 increase is due to spending by affiliates in mining and smelting and petroleum, which expect increases of 55 percent and 33 percent, respectively. The projected 1972 rise reflects increases in petroleum and manufacturing. The projected 1972 decrease in mining and smelting reflects reduced spending by affiliates in Australia, where large projects to develop nickel and bauxite deposits will be nearing completion.

Classified according to the country schedules established by the Office of Foreign Direct Investments, affiliates in Schedule C countries (including most of continental Western Europe and South Africa), for which controls on capital outflows from the United States are strictest, expect increases of 9 percent in 1971 and 16 percent in 1972, to \$4.4 billion (table 1). While these rates of increase are considerably below the 32 percent reported in 1970, total spending by affiliates in Schedule C countries in 1972 will exceed totals for Schedules B and A for the first time since initiation of the control program in 1968. In both 1971 and 1972 the largest increases in the Schedule C aggregate are by manufacturing and petroleum affiliates.

The large expenditures projected by affiliates in Schedule C countries do not necessarily lead to an increase in the use of U.S. funds overseas, which the OFDI program is designed to limit. To the extent that investment needs can be financed by borrowing abroad,

r Revised.

spending for plant and equipment is not limited by OFDI regulations.

Affiliates in Schedule B countries (including the United Kingdom, Japan, and Australia) except to increase spending 12 percent in 1971 and 4 percent in 1972 to \$4.2 billion. Affiliates in Schedule A countries (including most of the less developed countries), for which controls on capital outflows are most lenient, show the largest growth in 1971—a rise of 16 percent. An increase of 8 percent to \$4.0 billion is expected in 1972.

Note on methodology

The spending projections presented here were prepared with a revised method to eliminate—or at least reduce—any systematic bias in responses to the four expectations surveys taken for each year (in June and December of the preceding year and June and December of the year in question, i.e., A, B, C, and D reports). The revised method has two primary advantages over the old method. (For a complete discussion of the old method see the technical note on page 46 of the March

1969 issue of the Survey.) The first advantage of the new method is that it relies on experience over the last 5 years to adjust for possible bias in the current projection. The second advantage is that the method is applicable at disaggregated levels, thus making possible tabulation of cell data on a biasadjusted basis.

The first step under the new method was to calculate, for the 1971 C and 1972 A reports separately, ratios of actual spending (the final E estimate) to the reported expectation, for each of the previous 5 years. No bias adjustment was made unless there was a deviation in the same direction in at least 4 of the 5 years. Also, no adjustment was made to items below \$10 million. When an adjustment was necessary under these criteria, the median ratio of actual to expected spending in the 5-year period was applied as an adjustment factor.

The decision as to whether the first (A) and second (B) survey estimates for a given year need adjustment must be made without actual/expected ratios for the preceding year since there are

no actual figures yet available for that year. In deriving the bias-adjusted 1972 data presented here, the years 1966–70 were used since actual data for 1971 are not available. In calculating bias adjustments for the third (C) and fourth (D) estimates of 1972 spending, the years 1967–71 will be used since final 1971 data will be available.

The tables published in this article were prepared by applying the "four out of five" rule at or below the lowest published country-industry data cell and then summing up to the published totals by industry and area.

A comparison of bias-adjusted projections derived under the old and the new methods indicates only minor differences for the 1971 C projection but major differences for the 1972 A projection:

	Milli	on \$	Percent from prece	change ding year
	Old	New	Old	New
1971	14, 830	14, 686	14	12
1972	15, 646	16, 104	6	10

(Continued from page 26)

to the sample data after they had been rearranged so that production on all sample contracts was treated as beginning at the same time, i.e., in a hypothetical month zero. This rearrangement of the sample data was designed to deal with certain difficulties that stemmed from contract renegotiations. It is apparent that these two modifications of the basic Q-UO model may introduce errors into the calculations. Attempts to define the direction, let alone the magnitude, of these possible errors in a manner helpful to the evaluation of the results have been unsuccessful. Other limitations of the study are discussed in the

previous section which deals in greater detail with the sample data.

Estimation of the model

Equation (15) was estimated using an Almon lag. A second degree polynomial was used with the restriction that the coefficient (a₄) of the last lagged variable have the value of zero. This was justified, because the influence of successive UO's diminished quickly.⁸

$$(16) \ \mathbf{Q_t} = .0989 \ \mathbf{UO_t} - \ .1173 \ \Delta \mathbf{UO_t} \\ (52.3) \quad (-4.13) \\ - \ .0824 \ \Delta \ \mathbf{UO_{t-1}} - \ .0433 \ \Delta \ \mathbf{UO_{t-2}} \\ (-6.79) \quad (-2.31)$$

R²=.951, Durbin Watson statistic=1.10, standard error/mean of dependent variable=.118, t ratios in parentheses.

The coefficients on the lagged variables deteriorate smoothly to zero, the tratios for a*, a₁ and a₂ are significant at the 99.5 percent level of confidence, and the tratio for a₃ is significant at the 97.5 percent level. With 33 observations and a Durbin Watson statistic of 1.10, the hypothesis that significant autocorrelation of the error terms exists is not accepted at the 97.5 percent level of confidence.

The actual and predicted values of production on the sample contracts are shown on chart 13.

^{8.} A third degree polynomial and different lag lengths were also tested.

U.S. Balance of Payments Developments: Second Quarter 1971

Speculative foreign exchange market activity, a continued wide spread between money market rates in the United States and abroad, and a combination of other factors—both special and more fundamental-contributed to heavy dollar outflows from the United States in the second quarter of 1971. All balance of payments measures showed record deficits. The balance on current account and long-term capital and the net liquidity balance both deteriorated sharply. The official reserve transactions deficit, though little changed, exceeded \$5½ billion for the second consecutive quarter.

A marked, broad-based deterioration of the U.S. balance of payments accounts was registered in the second quarter of 1971, as all measures of the deficit reached record figures (see table A and table 1). The intense speculative exchange market activity which preceded the appreciation of the German mark and other currencies in May had a substantial adverse impact on both recorded capital transactions and unrecorded fund outflows, with the latter soaring to an unprecedented level. A confluence of other factors, such as interest rate disparities between the United States and other leading industrialized countries, anticipations of strikes and of import restrictions, and sluggish business activity abroad, coupled with some revival of activity in the United States, contributed to the sharp unfavorable shifts in most U.S. balance of payments measures. While these factors largely explained the recent deterioration in the U.S. external position, the absolute size of the deficits reflected persistent and funda-

mental disequilibrating factors not subject to quick or easy reversal.

The balance on current account and long-term capital is intended to

CHART 15

Balances on Major U.S. International Transactions Billion \$ Billion \$ 12 2 Official Reserve Transactions Balance 0 Net Liquidity Balance Current Account and Long-Term Capital -3 -12 -16 -20 -24 12 8 Merchandise Trade **Current Account** 1966 68 1968 69 70 Quarterly, Seasonally Adjusted * Excludes exports under military grants and U.S. military agency

sales contracts and imports of U.S. military agencies

 $[\]begin{tabular}{ll} Note. & -- Max \ Lechter \ also \ made \ a \ significant \ contribution. \end{tabular}$

U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

serve as a rough indicator of longterm trends in the U.S. balance of payments (but is subject to a number of deficiencies, as discussed in the June Survey article on the revised presentation). This balance—which is not affected by errors and omissions, recorded flows of short-term funds or allocations of SDR-worsened by \$1.8 billion to a deficit of \$3.1 billion in the second quarter. (All figures are seasonally adjusted unless otherwise indicated.) Most of the deterioration was accounted for by a sharp adverse swing in the merchandise trade balance and a lesser—but still substantial—deterioration in private long-term capital flows.

The net liquidity balance—intended to be a broad indicator of potential pressure on the dollar resulting from changes in our liquidity position—deteriorated \$3.2 billion to a deficit of \$5.8 billion. This reflected, in addition to the factors affecting the balance on current account and long-term capital, a huge unfavorable shift in errors and omissions.

The official reserve transactions balance deteriorated only \$170 million to a \$5.7 billion deficit, as recorded liquid private capital outflows showed a marked reduction, due to unusual factors. This virtual stability in the "official" balance, as opposed to the sharp negative swing in the net liquidity balance, was accounted for by the fact that the latter balance is not affected by recorded flows of liquid private capital. Although the "official" deficit was little changed from the first quarter to the second, it was nonetheless very large in both quarters.

The "official" balance is intended to indicate the net exchange market pressure on the dollar during the reporting period resulting from international transactions of the United States. However, this interpretation assumes relatively fixed exchange rates. If foreign central banks do not intervene in the exchange market and rates are free to fluctuate, exchange market pressures show up as changes in exchange rates rather than in the official balance. (Of course, the balance would be affected by exchange operations of

central banks to meet reserve targets or exchange rate objectives.) The floating of the Canadian dollar last year, and of the German mark and Dutch guilder in the second quarter of 1971, represented moves in this direction. There were further major changes in exchange rates after August 15, which are beyond the scope of this report.

Major Developments

The balance of goods and services and the current account

The deterioration in the balance on goods and services—which, with few interruptions, has continued since 1964—accelerated sharply in the second quarter. The balance was in deficit by \$20 million, the first deficit since 1959, representing an adverse shift of almost \$1.2 billion. The second quarter results reflected both transitory and more basic factors. The merchandise trade balance deteriorated by \$1.3 billion, as exports slipped more than \$300 million and imports jumped almost \$1 billion (see Highlights and Perspectives and table 1). Exports were adversely influenced by a decline in agricultural shipments from first quarter levels, while imports were swollen by anticipatory shipments associated with hedging against the West Coast dock strike and actual or

threatened strikes in steel and other metals industries. Nervousness regarding exchange rates and possible import restrictions probably further accelerated import deliveries, while a decline in tanker rates helped spur petroleum imports. The unfavorable swing in trade was partially related to the combined effect of lacklustre business conditions abroad and a revival of economic activity in the United States. More basic influences were probably reflected in the continued across-the-board growth trend in U.S. imports.

Among the other items included in the balance on goods and services, transfers under military agency sales contracts rose \$35 million from an already high first quarter figure, with large shipments to Israel, Iran, and Germany. There was a sharp jump-\$385 million—in income on U.S. direct investments abroad, mainly related to higher returns in the petroleum industry and very large dividends declared by two companies. These favorable shifts were partly offset by a \$205 million deterioration in the travel and transportation account. The above developments, together with a \$60 million increase in U.S. Government non-military grants, resulted in a \$1.2 billion unfavorable shift in the balance on current account.

Table A.—Summary of U.S. International Transactions

[Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted]

Line	Lines in tables 2, 3, and 9 in which transactions	1970†		19	70†	19	Change:		
	are included are indicated in ()		I	II	III	IV	Ir	II »	1971 I–II
1 2 3 4 5 6	Merchandise trade balance (2, 16) Services, net (4-13, 18-27) Balance on goods and services. Remittances, pensions and other transfers (31, 32) Balance on goods, services, and remittances. U.S. Government grants (excluding military) (30) Balance on current account. U.S. Government capital flows, net, and	2, 110 1, 481 3, 592 -1, 410 2, 182 -1, 739 444	513 368 881 -338 543 -418 125	751 294 1, 045 -362 683 -391 292	704 291 995 -359 636 -444 192	142 528 670 -351 319 -485 -166	269 878 1,147 -342 805 -428 377	-1,040 1,018 -22 -357 -379 -485 -864	-1, 309 140 -1, 169 -15 -1, 184 -57 -1, 241
9	nonliquid liabilities to other than foreign official reserve agencies (33, 55) Long-term private capital flows, net (39– 41, 44, 48–50, 52) Balance on current account and long-term capital	-2, 029 -1, 453 -3, 038	-453 -969 -1, 297	-590 -272 -570	-312 -220 -340	-673 7 -832	-680 -1,003 -1,306	-631 -1, 646 -3, 141	49 -643 -1,835
11 12 13 14 15 16	Nonliquid short-term private capital flows, net (42, 45, 51)	-545 867 -1, 104 -3, 821 -6, 000 -9, 821	-115 217 -59 -1,254 -1,610 -2,864	-140 217 -375 -868 -536 -1,404	-115 217 -437 -675 -1,400 -2,075	-175 216 -233 -1,024 -2,454 -3,478	-396 180 -1, 026 -2, 548 -2, 990 -5, 538	-454 179 -2, 335 -5, 751 45 -5, 706	-58 -1 -1, 309 -3, 203 3, 035 -168

[†] Lines 11, 13, 14, and 15 have been revised. Preliminary.

CHART 16

Balance on current account and long-term capital

U.S. Government capital flows and nonliquid liabilities to other than foreign official reserve agencies showed a nominal net positive shift of \$50 million, as special inflows offset a rise in transfers associated with ongoing programs. Most of the special inflows, which totaled over \$230 million, reflected transactions associated with the agreement with Germany to offset the foreign exchange costs of U.S. troop expenditures there (see table D).

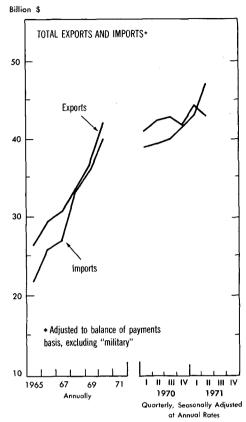
Despite the foreign exchange market turmoil, recorded long-term private capital flows showed a smaller deterioration in the second quarter than in the first—\$640 million, compared with about \$1 billion. Addition of government and long-term private capital flows to the balance on current account gives the balance on current account and long-term capital, which deteriorated more than \$1.8 billion in the second quarter.

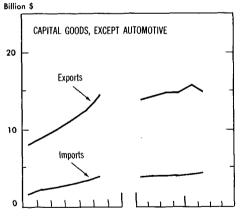
Data now available on direct investment outflows actually showed a small decline (see table C), although there may have been substantial outflows early in the quarter which were reversed toward the end of the period. There was a \$115 million negative shift in foreign direct investment in the United States, the third consecutive quarterly decline.

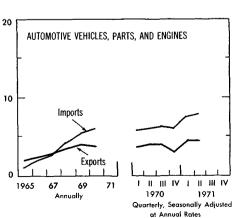
Net transactions in foreign securities showed an unfavorable swing of \$45 million (see table 6). U.S. purchases of new bond issues were practically unchanged. While Canadian issues in the United States rose \$120 million to over \$300 million, issues by international organizations dropped sharply. At the same time, American purchases of foreign stocks increased \$50 million to \$120 million. An \$80 million jump in purchases of Japanese securities was partially offset by U.S. sales of stocks from other areas. The attraction of the yen and a strong Japanese stock $_{
m market}$ were probable contributing factors.

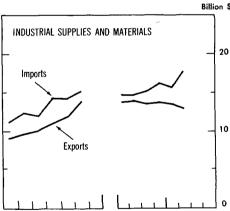
There was a \$355 million deterioration in net foreign purchases of U.S. securities other than Treasury issues. Net foreign purchases of U.S. stocks shifted unfavorably by about \$80

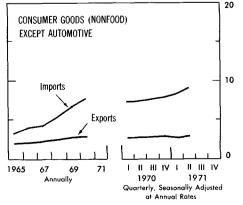
U.S. Merchandise Exports and Imports, Total and by Selected End-Use Commodity Categories











71-9-16

million, to virtually no net movement of funds in the second quarter. There was a \$275 million negative shift in net foreign purchases of U.S. fixed income securities. New issues sold abroad by U.S. corporations declined \$55 million. Uncertainties about future exchange rates and a sagging U.S. stock market probably contributed to this development. A \$220 million unfavorable shift in foreign purchases of other bonds was mainly attributable to a swing from substantial purchases of U.S. agency issues by an international organization in the first quarter to net sales in the second.

Other transactions in U.S. private long-term claims and liabilities resulted

in a net adverse shift of \$185 million, mainly due to a decline in long-term borrowing abroad—other than new issues—by U.S. non-banking concerns and an increase in bank-reported long-term lending.

Net liquidity balance

The net liquidity deficit worsened by \$3.2 billion. This reflected all the developments reviewed above, which added up to a \$1.8 billion deterioration in the balance on current account and long-term capital, plus a huge negative shift of \$1.3 billion in errors and omissions, as unrecorded outflows reached a record level of more than \$2.3 billion. The unusually heavy volume of capital

flows which were not covered by the statistical reporting system was most probably associated with foreign exchange market speculation and, to a lesser extent, with the continued Atlantic interest rate gap, at times in favor of Eurodollars by more than 21/4 percentage points. The negative shift in nonliquid short-term capital flows from the first quarter was relatively small—\$60 million—but there were substantial crosscurrents within this category. Bank-reported nonliquid shortterm loans to Japan jumped sharply, but lending in other areas decreased. Short-term nonliquid claims reported by nonbanks showed a small decline for the quarter.

Table B1.—U.S. Merchandise Trade, By Principal End-Use Categories—Reconciled to Balance of Payments Basis [Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted]

	[Millions of dollars, seasonally	adjustedj							
Line	[Numbers in parentheses () refer to line numbers in table 4]	1970		19	70		19	71	Change:
			1	ıı	Ш	IV	I,	II »	I-II
					EXP	ORTS			•
1	Total, adjusted to balance of payments basis, including "military" 1 (6)	42, 990	10, 438	10, 861	10, 911	10, 780	11, 328	11,075	-253
2	Less: Exports under U.S. military sales contracts identified in Census documents (7)	1,010	197	279	215	319	298	35 9	61
3 4 5	Equals: Total, adjusted to balance of payments basis, excluding "military" (8)	41, 980 7, 344 34, 636	10, 241 1, 743 8, 498	10, 582 1, 772 8, 810	10, 696 1, 888 8, 808	10, 461 1, 943 8, 518	11, 030 2, 125 8, 905	10, 716 1, 922 8, 794	-314 -203 -111
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	Foods, feeds, and beverages (19). Industrial supplies and materials (23). Agricultural Nonagricultural Capital goods, except automotive (34). Machinery, except consumer-type (35). Civilian aircraft, complete—all types (44a). Automotive vehicles, parts, and engines (46). To Canada (47). To all other areas (48). Consumer goods (nonfood), except automotive (52). All other, including balance of payments adjustments not included above.	5, 839 13, 783 1, 541 12, 242 14, 371 11, 570 1, 528 3, 652 2, 474 1, 178 2, 717 1, 624	1, 328 3, 463 399 3, 064 3, 449 2, 759 390 920 613 307 676 405	1, 420 3, 519 385 3, 904 3, 583 2, 793 483 1, 005 724 281 673 382	1, 551 3, 385 331 3, 054 3, 678 3, 046 285 991 682 309 681 410	1, 534 3, 438 421 3, 017 3, 689 3, 003 345 756 473 283 692 352	1, 563 3, 367 548 2, 819 3, 893 2, 999 507 1, 114 791 323 682 411	1, 495 3, 245 452 2, 793 3, 716 2, 797 533 1, 113 825 288 690 457	-68 -122 -96 -26 -177 -202 26 -1 34 -35 8 46
					IMP	ORTS			
18	Total, adjusted to balance of payments basis, including "military" 1 (13)	40, 049	9, 773	9, 881	10,031	10, 364	10, 808	11, 796	988
19	Less: Imports of U.S. military agencies identified in Census documents (14)	179	45	50	39	45	47	40	-7
20	Equals: Total, adjusted to balance of payments basis, excluding "military" (15)	39, 870	9,728	9, 831	9, 992	10, 319	10,761	11, 756	995
21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30	Foods, feeds, and beverages (61) Industrial supplies and materials (66). Capital goods, except automotive (80). Machinery, except consumer-type (81). Civilian aircraft, engines, parts (89). Automotive vehicles, parts, and engines—adjusted. From Canada (adjusted to transactions value) (92). From all other areas (93). Consumer goods (nonfood), except automotive (97). All other, including balance of payments adjustments not included above.	6, 154 15, 106 3, 783 3, 592 239 5, 610 3, 241 2, 369 7, 553 1, 662	1, 553 3, 681 916 874 58 1, 314 791 523 1, 830 434	1, 563 3, 659 949 897 61 1, 414 847 567 1, 851 395	1,487 3,770 943 901 59 1,470 857 613 1,897 425	1,550 3,986 977 922 60 1,429 751 673 1,962 415	1, 551 3, 895 990 932 59 1, 744 999 745 2, 092 489	1, 687 4, 410 1, 059 993 61 1, 844 1, 017 827 2, 253 503	136 515 69 61 2 100 18 82 161 14
					BAL	ANCE			
31	Balance on merchandise trade adjusted to balance of payments basis, including "military" (export surplus +) (16)	2, 941	665	980	880	416	520	-721	-1, 241
32	Balance on merchandise trade, adjusted to balance of payments basis, excluding "military" (export surplus +) (17)	2, 110	513	751	704	142	269	-1,040	-1,309

r Revised. p Preliminary.

1. Includes goods physically exported from the United States under U.S. military agency sales contracts and recorded in Census trade statistics; includes goods physically imported into the United States directly by U.S. military agencies (and by the Atomic Energy Commission and the Coast Guard) and recorded in Census trade statistics.

Note: Seasonally adjusted quarterly details may not add to unadjusted annual totals.

Official reserve transactions balance

The "official" balance deterioration in the second quarter was only \$170 million, despite the substantial worsening of the other measures of the deficit. This was due to a large swing in liquid private capital flows—from a \$3 billion first quarter outflow to practically no net flow in the second. This change was associated with two unusual factors. First, there was a virtual halt in the decline of net liquid liabilities to foreign commercial banks, especially branches of U.S. banks, following three quarters of sharp reductions (which had reduced U.S. banks' liquid liabilities to their branches to very low levels). In addition, the U.S. Treasury sold \$1.5 billion

of special certificates of indebtedness attractive yields-to foreign branches of U.S. banks, offsetting the reduction of other U.S. bank liabilities to their branches.

Because the net flow of liquid private capital was virtually zero, the deficit in the net liquidity balance (a record \$5,751 million) was fully reflected in the \$5,706 million deficit in the official balance and in substantial dollar accumulations by foreign central banks. Such gains were particularly heavy early in the quarter, with some reflux of funds toward the end of the period as Germany was able to sell off some of her huge stock of dollars after the mark had appreciated somewhat. Nonetheless, the net result for the second quarter was a record increase of \$5.216 million in U.S. liquid liabilities to foreign official reserve agencies, while U.S. official gold holdings declined \$456 million and other reserve assets fell \$203 million. The largest reserve increases—mostly dollars—were registered by Japan and the United Kingdom, with substantial gains also recorded by Germany, France, Switzerland, and Australia.

Highlights and Perspectives

Merchandise trade

The merchandise trade balance shifted to a deficit of \$1,040 million in

Table B2.—U.S. Merchandise Exports and Imports, by Major World Areas 1—Balance of Payments Basis, Excluding "Military"

	[Millions of dollars, seasonal	ly adjusted	1]						
Line		1970		19	70		1971]	Change:
			I	II	III	IV	Ir	II»	I-II
					EXPO	RTS	•		
1	Total, all countries (line 2, tables 2, 3, 9)	41,980	10,241	10,582	10,696	10,461	11,030	10,716	-314
2	Developed countries, total.	29,447	7,215	7,482	7,556	7, 194	7,689	7,416	-273
3 4 5 6 7 8	Western Europe. United Kingdom. Other Western Europe (incl. EEC) Canada. Japan. Australia, New Zealand, and South Africa.	2, 518 11, 656 9, 044 4, 648	3, 477 607 2, 870 2, 276 1, 095 367	3, 607 662 2, 945 2, 333 1, 153 389	3, 564 616 2, 948 2, 344 1, 219 429	3, 525 630 2, 895 2, 094 1, 182 393	3, 710 722 2, 988 2, 465 1, 079 435	3, 371 545 2, 826 2, 636 1, 029 380	-339 -177 -162 171 -50 -55
9	Developing countries, total.	12,533	3,026	3, 100	3,140	3,267	3,341	3,300	-41
10 11 12	Latin American Republics and other Western Hemisphere. Eastern Europe Other countries in Asia and Africa.	6, 494 368 5, 671	1, 570 82 1, 374	1, 601 93 1, 406	1, 624 97 1, 419	1, 697 97 1, 47 3	1, 670 102 1, 569	1, 613 96 1, 591	-57 -6 22
					IMPO	RTS			
13	Total, all countries (line 16, tables 2, 3, 9)	39,870	9,728	9,831	9,992	10,319	10,761	11,756	995
14	Developed countries, total	29,014	7,084	7,125	7,270	7,528	8,053	8,653	600
15 16 17 18 19 20	Western Europe United Kingdom Other Western Europe (incl. EEC) Canada Japan. Australia, New Zealand, and South Africa	9, 059 10, 720 5, 894	2, 723 578 2, 145 2, 680 1, 381 300	2, 790 544 2, 246 2, 673 1, 408 254	2, 786 520 2, 266 2, 687 1, 517 280	2, 978 576 2, 402 2, 679 1, 577 294	3, 101 592 2, 509 2, 977 1, 737 238	3, 359 670 2, 689 3, 115 1, 881 298	258 78 180 138 144 60
21	Developing countries, total	10,856	2,644	2,706	2,722	2,791	2,708	3, 103	395
22 23 24	Latin American Republics and other Western Hemisphere Eastern Europe. Other countries in Asia and Africa	218	1, 452 55 1, 137	1, 517 51 1, 138	1, 471 51 1, 200	1, 478 62 1, 251	1,447 57 1,204	1, 596 65 1, 442	149 8 238
					BALA	NCE			·
25	Total, all countries	2,110	513	751	704	142	269	-1,040	-1,309
26	Developed countries, total	433	131	357	286	-334	-364	-1,237	-873
27 28 29 30 31 32	Western Europe. United Kingdom Other Western Europe (incl. EEC) Canada Japan. Australia, New Zealand, and South Africa	302 2,597 -1,676 -1,246	754 29 725 -404 -286 67	817 118 699 -340 -255 135	778 96 682 -343 -298 149	547 54 493 -585 -395 99	609 130 479 -512 -658 197	12 -125 137 -479 -852 82	-597 -255 -342 33 -194 -115
33	Developing countries, total.	1,677	382	394	418	476	633	197	-436
34 35 36	Latin American Republics and other Western Hemisphere Eastern Europe. Other countries in Asia and Africa	581 150 946	118 27 237	84 42 268	153 46 219	219 35 222	223 45 365	17 31 149	-206 -14 -216

'Revised. Preliminary.
1 Annual country and area data shown in this table correspond to the annual data in table 9, lines 2, and 16; seasonally adjusted quarterly data shown in this table are computed from

corresponding unadjusted quarterly data in table 9, lines 2 and 16.

Note: Seasonally adjusted quarterly details may not add to unadjusted annual totals.

the second quarter following a surplus of \$270 million in the first. The adverse swing of \$1.3 billion occurred as exports declined by \$320 million while imports soared by \$995 million. (All figures are on the usual balance of payments basis, excluding "military," as shown in table

For the first 6 months of 1971, the trade balance showed a deficit of \$770 million, a sharp deterioration from the same period a year earlier when the balance was in surplus by \$1,265 million. Both imports and exports were higher than a year earlier but imports increased more than 15 percent while exports rose only 3 percent.

The worsening in the trade balance this year has been related to a combination of factors: special situations such as strikes; divergent cyclical conditions here and abroad; and a continuation of the long-term growth trend in U.S. purchases of foreign products.

Imports of metals were increased by actual or threatened strikes in the domestic steel and nonferrous metals industries. Second quarter trade may also have been affected by the scheduled expiration of longshoremen's labor contracts on the West Coast at the end of June. Uncertainties about exchange rates and the possibility of import restrictions probably accelerated import purchases. More fundamentally, however, exports of industrial supplies and capital equipment so far in 1971 have been restrained by a slowdown in the rate of economic growth and an increase in idle capacity abroad, while these same factors, combined with a pickup in U.S. business activity, have stimulated imports.

During the second quarter, exports of agricultural products dropped substantially below their first quarter peak, adversely affected by large grain harvests in competing supplier countries (see table B-1 and table 4). The drop in nonagricultural (nonmilitary) exports was largely centered in a sizable reduction in machinery exports, which was only partially offset by a minor gain in commercial aircraft deliveries. While automotive exports to Canada rose, there was an offsetting decline in shipments to other foreign destinations.

The second quarter advance in imports was broadly based, but was especially marked in industrial supplies and materials, as imports of petroleum, steel, and nonferrous metals showed substantial gains. The petroleum increase, mainly crude oil, was probably associated with the resumption of highlevel production in Libva, the reopening of a major Middle East pipeline to the Mediterranean, and a significant drop in tanker rates. Automotive imports from Canada and overseas suppliers increased, especially Japanese shipments. Imports of other nonfood consumer products continued to register large gains.

On an area basis, there was a deterioration of almost \$900 million in trade with the developed countries (see table B-2) in the second quarter. The balance with Western Europe, which was in surplus by \$600 million in the first quarter, dropped to near zero in the second; the export balance with Australia, New Zealand, and Republic of South Africa combined fell from \$200 million to less than \$100 million; our long-standing trade deficit with Japan worsened by \$200 million, to \$850 million; and there was a \$450 million contraction in our export surplus with the less-developed nations. The single exception to these adverse movements was a nominal improvement in our trade deficit with Canada (which runs about \$500 million).

The newly calculated total merchandise trade balance, including "military" exports and imports of the defense agencies (see table B-1 and

-100

-38

-70

Table C.-Net Change in U.S. Corporate Foreign Assets and Liabilities Related to Direct Investment Abroad 1 [Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted]

1971 Change: 19701 Credits (+); debits (-) (Lines in table 2 in which transactions are included are indicated in (-)) 19701 1971 I-II Πp Ι Η Ш IV ľ -4,445 -690 -949 5-291 -1,370 -595-1.315 1 2 3 4 5 6 Direct investment (39) -1,358-1.257-897of which: Short-term intercompany accounts with incorporated affiliates, n.s.a.

Branch accounts, n.s.a.

Other long-term claims (44)

New issues of securities sold abroad by U.S. corporations (49†) 2.

Other long-term liabilities (50) 11.a. 11.a. 23 264 73 -751 -195 5 -95 -232 -113 -129 193 525 25 - 54 199 $-13 \\ 267$ $\frac{-32}{317}$ 822 1, 153 -1497 Sum of capital flows above current account and long-term capital balance..... -521 -465 -863 -- 955 -92 -2.76 -1.131-645 Short-term claims, non-liquid (45†)³____ Short-term liabilities (51†)³_____ 194 334 -348-15410 Sum of capital flows above net liquidity balance. -1.301-1,189112 -2.205-1.076-521 -383 -226 11 Short-term claims, liquid (46) 291 361 122 -3336 236 -22512 Sum of capital flows above the official reserve transactions balance_____ -1.526-1.123403 -954-554 -347 10 13 -53 Uses of funds obtained through new issues of securities sold abroad by U.S. corporations. 193 199 317 264 822 163 267 Additions to, and refinancing of, direct investment (39†).
Short-term claims reported by U.S. residents other than banks (46†).
Reductions in corporate liabilities to foreign residents (50†, 51†)
Transfers of funds to U.S. residents (56†). -90-119 -75 - 29 14 15 16 17 34 100

-90

-189

[‡] Lines 8, 10, 11, and 12, have been revised.

* Revised.

* Preliminary. n.s.a. Not seasonally adjusted. †Portion of line.

* Less than \$500,000 (±). n.a. Not available.

1. Excludes claims and liabilities of U.S. banking and brokerage institutions but includes other private transactions, a number of which are unrelated to direct investment and cannot be disaggregated.

2. Excludes funds obtained abroad by U.S. corporations through bank loans and other credits and also excludes securities issued by subsidiaries incorporated abroad. However.

credits and also excludes securities issued by subsidiaries incorporated abroad. However, securities issued by finance subsidiaries incorporated in the Netherlands Antilles are treated

as if they had been issued by U.S. corporations to the extent that the proceeds of such issues are transferred to U.S. parent companies.

3. Excludes brokerage transactions.

^{4.} A (-) reflects a decline in foreign deposits and money market paper held in the United

^{5.} Excludes an increase in U.S. corporate long-term claims of \$286 million that was associated with increased foreign direct investment in the United States.

NOTE.—Detail may not add to totals due to rounding.

table 4), fell by \$1.2 billion in the second quarter, about \$70 million less than the decline in the balance excluding "military." Recorded exports under U.S. military agency sales contracts rose \$60 million, while "military" imports of the defense agencies dipped slightly.

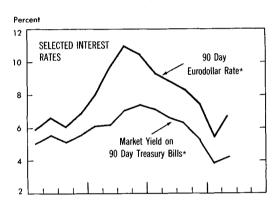
U.S. corporate capital

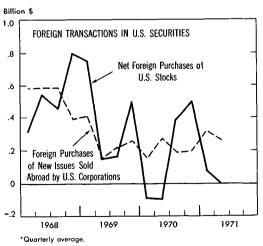
Recorded U.S. corporate capital movements, despite the unusually heavy outflow in most other sectors of the payments accounts, showed a net positive shift of \$405 million in the second quarter compared with a \$1.5 billion deterioration in the first (see table C). It is possible that there were outflows of funds early in the quarter,

CHART 17

71-9-17

Financial Market Developments





U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics

Table D.—Selected Intergovernmental Transactions

[Millions of dollars]

Line	Credits (+); debits (-)	1970		1	970		197	71
			I	11	ш	IV	I	II
	Items that affect major balances: 1							
1	Nonscheduled repayments of U.S. Government assets (table 1, line 17)	244	88	114	2	40	4	102
2 3 4	U.S. Government nonliquid liabilities to other than foreign official reserve agencies (table 1, line 18)	67 -8	-15 -15	-27 -27	75	34 34		133 33
4	German Government 10-year loans to U.S. Government	75	-		75			100
5	Long-term liabilities to Germany reported by U.S. banks (table 1, line 24)	109		55		55		55

1. Major balances include the balance on current account and long-term capital, the net liquidity balance, and the official reserve transactions balance.

associated with exchange market uncertainties, that were reversed toward he end of the period, after the appreciation of the German mark and other currencies. There may also have been some transfers outside normal reporting channels (which would contribute to the outflow of errors and omissions).

Corporate long-term capital transactions above the balance on current account and long-term capital—including direct investment, new issues of securities sold abroad and other longterm corporate claims and liabilities accounted for a net negative swing of \$90 million in the second quarter. Direct investment outflows registered a \$55 million favorable shift but remained large. Long-term borrowing shifted unfavorably by \$205 million, as new bond issues fell \$55 million to \$265 million and medium- and longterm bank financing dropped \$150 million to only \$75 million. Uncertainties concerning exchange rates probably contributed these developments.

Corporations' short-term nonliquid claims declined by about the same amount as in the first quarter, and their short-term foreign liabilities moved favorably by \$195 million. These shifts, combined with the net deterioration in long-term transactions mentioned above, resulted in a net \$115 million

improvement in corporate capital flows above the net liquidity balance.

The largest swing was in corporate short-term liquid claims. They declined by \$65 million in the second quarter, compared with an increase of \$225 million in the first, a positive shift of \$290 million. Utilization of proceeds from previous foreign bond issues which had been deposited abroad and the absence of the first quarter reversal of year-end positioning under regulatory programs may have been contributing factors.

Selected intergovernmental transactions

Payments under the agreement with Germany to offset foreign exchange costs of U.S. troop expenditures had a substantial favorable influence on the balance on current account and longterm capital in the second quarter (see table D). Nonscheduled repayments of U.S. Government credits rose about \$100 million, largely reflecting purchases by Germany (under the offset agreement) of outstanding U.S. claims on third countries. In addition, "offset" transactions resulted in a \$133 million increase in U.S. Government nonliquid liabilities to other than foreign official reserve agencies and accounted for \$55 million in long-term liabilities Germany reported by U.S. banks. These payments also favorably affected the net liquidity balance and the "official" balance.

Table 1.—U.S. Balance of Payments Summary

[Seasonally adjusted, millions of dollars]

		Reference	<u> </u>		197	'0†		19	71	Change:
Line	(Credits +; debits -)	lines (table 2)	1970†	I	11	III	IV	I,	Πρ	1971 I–II
1 2 3	Merchandise trade balance Exports_ Imports_	2	2, 110 41, 980	513 10, 241	751 10, 582	704 10, 696	142 10,461	269 11, 030	-1, 040 10, 716	-1,309 -314
3 4 5	Military transactions, net Travel and transportation, net		-39,870 -3,371	-9,728 -908	-9, 831 -808	-9, 992 -884	-10,319 -770	-10, 761 -667	-11,756 -677	-995 -10
6			-1, 979 6, 242	-448 1,577	-500 1,469	-553 1,571	-478 1,626	-427 1, 760	-632 2, 155	-205 395
7 8 9	Investment income, net ² . U.S. direct investments abroad Other U.S. investments abroad Foreign investments in the United States.	10, 11	7, 906 3, 503 -5, 167	2, 039 886 -1, 348	1, 905 886 -1, 322	1, 973 882 -1, 284	1, 988 851 -1, 213	2, 033 864 -1, 137	2, 419 820 -1, 084	386 -44 53
10	Other services, net	7, 8, 9, 21, 22, 23.	588	147	133	157	150	212	172	-40
11	Balance on goods and services 3.	i e	3,592	881	1,045	995	670	1,147	-22	-1,169
12	Remittances, pensions and other transfers	I :	-1,410	-338	-362	-35 9	-351	-34 2	-357	-15
13	Balance on goods, services and remittances.	ł	2, 182	543	683	636	319	805	-379	-1,184
14 15	U.S. Government grants (excluding military) Balance on current account 4			-418	-391	-444	-485	-428	-4 85	-57
16	U.S. Government capital flows excluding nonscheduled repayments, net s	B	444 -1,837	125 -511	292 480	192 -396	-166 -450	377 -602	-864 -711	-1,241 -109
17 18	Nonscheduled repayments of U.S. Government assets U.S. Government nonliquid liabilities to other than foreign official reserve agencies.	37 .	-1,837 244 -436	-311 88 -30	114 224	-390 2 82	-450 40 -263	-82	102 -22	98 60
19 20	Long-term private capital flows, net. U.S. direct investments abroad. Foreign direct investments in the United States.	20	-1, 453 -4, 445	-969 $-1,358$	-272 -1, 257	-220 -897	7 -934	-1,003 $-1,370$	-1,646 $-1,315$	-643 55
21 22			969 -942	486 -210	105 93	218 -488	160 -337	92 -353	-24 -396	-116 -43
19 20 21 22 23 24 25	U.S. securities other than Treasury issues Other, reported by U.S. banks. Other, reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns.	1 49	2, 190 199	304 31	374 68	720 44	792 56	559 -121	206 -213	-353 -92
25 26	Other, reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns. Balance on current account and long-term capital ⁵ .		576 -3,038	-222 -1,297	345	183 -340	270 -832	190 -1,306	96 -3,141	-94 -1,835
27		F .		-115	-140	-115	-175	-396	-454	-58
27 28 29 30	Nonliquid short-term private capital flows, net Claims reported by U.S. banks Claims reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns Liabilities reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns	42 45 51	-1, 015 -360 830	-162 -116 163	-268 -23 151	-189 -50 124	-396 -171 392	-85 -125 -186	-143 -66 -245	-58 59 -59
31 32	Allocations of special drawing rights (SDR) 4. Errors and omissions, net	63 64	867 -1, 104	217 -59	217 -375	217 -437	$-216 \\ -233$	-1,026	-2,335	-1, 309
33	Net liquidity balance		-3,821	-1,254	868	-675	-1,024	-2,548	-5,751	-3,203
34 35	Liquid private capital flows, net		-6,000 242	-1,610 262	-536 -160	-1,400 -17	-2,454 157	$-2,990 \\ -297$	45 104	3, 035 401
34 35 36 37 38 39	Reported by U.S. banks Reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns	43	-119 361	140 122	-127 -33	-53 36	-79 236	$-72 \\ -225$	38 66	110 291
38 39	Liquid liabilities. To foreign commercial banks.	56	-6, 242 -6, 507	-1,872 $-1,863$	-376 -441	-1,383 $-1,315$	-2,611 $-2,888$	$ \begin{array}{r r} -2,693 \\ -3,042 \end{array} $	-59 -85	2,634 2,957
40 41	Liquid private capital flows, net Liquid claims Reported by U.S. banks Reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns Liquid liabilities To foreign commercial banks To international and regional organizations To other foreigners		179 86	-142 -151	-124 189	-150	79 198	271 78	174 -148	$-97 \\ -226$
42	Official reserve transactions balance		-9,821	-2,864	-1,404	-2,075	-3,478	-5,538	-5,706	-168
43	Financed by changes in: Nonliquid liabilities to foreign official reserve agencies reported by U.S. Government.		535	-266	735	-12	77	-8	-8	0
44 45	Nonliquid liabilities to foreign official agencies reported by U.S. banks Liquid liabilities to foreign official agencies	53 57	-810 7,619	-154 3, 020	-235 99	-233 1,736	-188 2,765	-203 5, 067	-161 5, 216	42 149
46 47	U.S. official reserve assets, net. Gold.	58	2,477	264	805	584	824	682	659	-23 347
48 49	$\operatorname{SDR}_{}$	59 60 61	787 851 2, 152	$ \begin{array}{r} -44 \\ -270 \\ \hline 831 \end{array} $	$-254 \\ 818$	$ \begin{array}{r} 395 \\ -251 \\ 34 \end{array} $	422 -76 469	109 -55 373	456 17 -66	72 -439
50	Convertible currencies Gold tranche position in IMF	62	389	-253	227	406	9	255	252	-3
	Memoranda:									
51 52	Transfers under military grant programs (excluded from lines 2, 4, and 14) Reinvested earnings of foreign incorporated affiliates of U.S. firms (excluded		613 n.a.	137 n.a.	191 n.a.	116 n.a.	169 n.a.	191 n.a.	162 n.a.	-29 n.a.
53	from lines 7 and 20). Reinvested earnings of U.S. incorporated affiliates of foreign firms (excluded from lines 9 and 21).		n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.	n.a.
54	LIQUIDITY BALANCE, excluding allocations of SDR.	56, 57, 58, 63	-4 , 721	-1,629	-745	-1,154	-1, 194	-3, 236	-5,995	-2,759
l					Not seaso	nally adju	sted			
55	Balance on goods and services.			1, 234	1, 300	-291	1,349	1,490	173	-1,317
56 57 58	Balance on goods, services and remittances_ Balance on current account. Balance on current account and long-term capital 5			913 465	925 487	-657 $-1,060$	1,002	1, 165 709	-197 -729	-1,362 $-1,438$
59 60	Balance on current account and long-term capital 5 Net liquidity balance Official reserve transactions balance			-1,310 -510	-899 -1,704	-1,535 $-1,454$	706 -152	-1, 280 -1, 887 -4, 793	$ \begin{array}{r rrrr} -3,525 \\ -6,572 \\ -6,444 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} -2,245 \\ -4,685 \\ -1,721 \end{array} $
- 00	Official reserve transactions datance.			-1,965	-2,069	-2,612	-3, 174	-4,723	-6,444	-1, 721

[†]Lines 26, 27, 29, 32, 33, 34, 35, and 37 have been revised.

*Less than \$500,000 (±).

n.a. not available.

1. Adjusted to balance of payments basis; excludes exports under U.S. military agency sales contracts and imports of U.S. military agencies.

2. Includes fees and royalties from U.S. direct investments abroad or from foreign direct investments in the United States.

3. Equal to net exports of goods and services in national income and product accounts of the United States.

^{4.} The sum of lines 15 and 31 is equal to "net foreign investment" in the national income and product accounts of the United States.5. Includes some short-term U.S. Government assets.

NOTE.—Details may not add to totals because of rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Table 2.—U.S. International Transactions

[Millions of dollars]

	[Millions of donars]			197	·0†		197	 /1
Line	(Credits+; debits-) ¹	1970†	I	11	III	IV	I,	II p
1	Exports of goods and services 2	62,903	15,035	16, 320	15, 231	16,317	16, 183	17,174
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9	Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military ³ Transfers under U.S. military agency sales contracts Travel. Passenger fares. Other transportation. Fees and royalties from unaffiliated foreigners. Other private services. U.S. Government miscellaneous services.	l '	10, 117 256 490 105 697 150 266 87	11, 027 488 617 145 800 150 267 87	10, 018 303 716 184 841 150 269	10, 818 434 496 119 768 150 267 110	10, 903 475 526 123 734 174 300 106	11, 161 619 645 148 848 174 301
10 11 12 13	Receipts of income on U.S. investments abroad: Direct investment fees and royalties Direct investment interest, dividends and branch earnings 4 Other private assets U.S. Government assets	1 2, 597	418 1, 613 639 197	492 1, 344 662 241	459 1, 363 648 180	511 1,706 649 289	450 1, 573 643 176	531 1, 811 615 218
14	Transfers of goods and services under U.S. military grant programs, net	i .	147	222	90	154	210	190
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	Imports of goods and services Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military ³ . Direct defense expenditures. Travel. Passenger fares. Other transportation. Fees and royalties to unaffiliated foreigners. Private payments for other services. U.S. Government payments for miscellaneous services.	-39, 870 -4, 851 -3, 953 -1, 215 -2, 789 -119 -620	-13,801 -9,458 -1,182 -617 -224 -631 -30 -152 -159	-15,021 -10,024 -1,255 -1,030 -382 -695 -30 -157 -151	-15,522 -9,858 -1,211 -1,624 -398 -755 -30 -158 -214	-14,967 -10,530 -1,203 -682 -211 -708 -30 -153 -205	-14,693 -10,478 -1,174 -653 -205 -692 -31 -170 -155	-17,001 -12,004 -1,220 -1,129 -440 -769 -31 -174 -166
24 25 26 27	Payments of income on foreign investments in the United States: Direct investment fees and royalties Direct investment interest, dividends and branch earnings 4 Other private liabilities. U.S. Government liabilities.	-441 -3.591	-23 -125 -995 -204	-30 -97 -928 -243	-28 -98 -876 -273	-30 -120 -793 -304	-26 -142 -648 -320	-27 -98 -553 -390
28	U.S. military grants of goods and services, net	l	-147	-222	90	-154	-210	-190
29 30	Unilateral transfers (excluding military grants), net	1	-769 -447	-813 -439	-768 -402	-798 -450	-781 -457	-902 -532
31 32	U.S. Government grants (excluding military) U.S. Government pensions and other transfers Private remittances and other transfers	-1, 735 -462 -948	-100 -221	-118 -257	-122 -244	-122 -226	-124 -201	-141 -229
33	U.S. Government capital flows, net		-484	-439	-357	-314	-661	-683
34 35	Loans and other long-term assets	$ \begin{array}{r r} -3,285 \\ -27 \end{array} $	-874 19	-920 -43	-707 43	-784 -46	-1, 175 81	-1, 314 76
36 37	Repayments on credits: Scheduled Nonscheduled ⁵	1, 475 244	283 88	411 114	306 2	475 40	429 4	454 102
3 8	U.S. private capital flows net.	-6,914	-1,944	-2, 269	-995	-1,706	-2, 193	-2,624
39 40	Direct investments abroad 4	-4, 445 -942	-1,573 -210	-1, 662 93	-747 -488	-464 -337	$-1,545 \\ -353$	-1, 680 -396
41 42 43	Claims reported by U.S. banks: Long-term. Short-term, nonliquid. Short-term, liquid.	-1,015	24 13 240	49 -461 -135	22 275 -6	88 -842 -218	32 90 28	-174 -336 30
44 45 46	Claims reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns: Long-term. Short-term, nonliquid. Short-term, liquid	-360	-381 -54 -3	-13 -42 -99	-129 17 61	-54 -281 402	-32 -62 -351	23 -85 -6
47	Foreign capital flows, net	1	1,600	1,668	2, 030	526	2, 380	5,593
48 49	Direct investments in the United States 4. U.S. securities other than Treasury issues.	969 2,190	486 304	105 374	218 720	160 792	92 559	-24 206
50 51 52 53	Other U.S. nonliquid liabilities to private foreigners: Long-term, reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns. Short-term, reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns Long-term, reported by U.S. banks. Long-term liabilities to foreign official agencies, reported by U.S. banks	1, 153 830 16 -810	79 93 7 -154	343 166 19 -235	227 209 22 -233	504 362 -32 -188	142 -256 -153 -203	58 -230 -39 -161
54 55	Nonliquid liabilities reported by U.S. Government: To foreign official reserve agencies To other official and private foreigners.	535 -436	-259 -28	743 -255	-5 36	55 -188	$-2 \\ -69$	-4 -87
56 57	U.S. liquid liabilities: To private foreigners To foreign official agencies	-6, 242 7, 619	-1, 692 2, 764	-131 539	-1, 213 2, 049	-3, 206 2, 267	-2, 513 4, 783	104 5, 771
58	Transactions in U.S. official reserve assets, net.		-386	1,022	801	1,040	145	838
59 60 61 62	Gold SDR Convertible currencies Gold tranche position in IMF	-851 2, 152		14 -37 818 227	395 -34 34 406	422 140 469 9	109 -592 373 255	456 196 -66 252
63	Allocations of special drawing rights (SDR)	867	867				717	
64	Errors and omissions, net.	-1, 104	-119	-467	-421	-97	-1,097	-2,395

export documents, and imports of goods included under direct defense expenditures identified in Census import documents, and reflects various other balance-of-payments adjustments (for valuation, coverage, and timing) to Census statistics; see table 4.

4. Excludes reinvested earnings of foreign incorporated affiliates of U.S. firms or of U.S. incorporated affiliates of foreign firms.

5. Includes sales of foreign obligations to foreigners.

NOTE.—Details may not add to total because of rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

[†]Lines 38, 45, 46, and 64 have been revised.

*Revised.

Preliminary.

*Less than \$500,000 (±).

1. Credits, +: Exports of goods and services; unilateral transfers to U.S.; capital inflows (increase in U.S. liabilities or decrease in U.S. assets); decrease in U.S. official reserve assets.

Debits, -: Imports of goods and services; unilateral transfers to foreigners; capital outflows (decrease in U.S. liabilities or increase in U.S. assets); increase in U.S. official reserve assets.

2. Excludes transfers of goods and services under U.S. military grant programs.

3. Excludes exports of goods under U.S. military agency sales contracts identified in Census

SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

${\bf Table~3.--U.S.~International~Transactions---Seasonally~Adjusted}$

	[Millions of dollars]				 		
Line	(Credits+; debits-) 1		197	7 0†		197	1
		1	II	ш	IV	Ir	ΙΙ»
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Exports of goods and services ² . Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military ³ . Transfers under U.S. military agency sales contracts. Travel. Passenger fares. Other transportation Fees and royalties from unaffiliated foreigners. Other private services. U.S. Government miscellaneous services.	15, 374 10, 241 274 556 136 736 150 266 90	15, 806 10, 582 447 573 142 774 150 267 80	15, 930 10, 696 327 589 134 803 150 269 107	15, 795 10, 461 433 601 141 793 150 267 110	16, 547 11, 030 507 596 160 773 174 300 110	16, 632 10, 716 543 599 145 819 174 301 96
10 11 12 13	Receipts of income on U.S. investments abroad: Direct investment fees and royalties. Direct investment interest, dividends and branch earnings 4. Other private assets. U.S. Government assets.	449 1, 590 648 238	496 1, 409 648 238	466 1, 507 660 222	468 1, 520 642 209	483 1,550 651 213	535 1,884 602 218
14	Transfers of goods and services under U.S. military grant programs, net	137	191	116	169	191	162
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	Imports of goods and services Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military 3 Direct defense expenditures. Travel. Passenger fares Other transportation. Fees and royalties to unaffiliated foreigners. Private payments for other services. U.S. Government payments for miscellaneous services.	-14,493 -9,728 -1,182 -925 -290 -661 -30 -150 -179	-14,761 -9,831 -1,255 -1,010 -286 -693 -30 -153 -181	-14, 935 -9, 992 -1, 211 -1, 021 -320 -738 -30 -157 -182	-15, 125 -10, 319 -1, 203 -997 -319 -697 -30 -160 -187	-15, 400 -10, 761 -1, 174 -967 -266 -723 -31 -167 -174	-16, 654 -11, 756 -1, 220 -1, 098 -331 -766 -31 -170 -198
24 25 26 27	Payments of income on foreign investments in the United States: Direct investment fees and royalties. Direct investment interest, dividends and branch earnings 4. Other private liabilities. U.S. Government liabilities	-23 -120 -998 -207	-30 -109 -942 -241	-28 -104 -866 -286	-30 -107 -786 -290	-26 -135 -651 -325	-27 -110 -561 -386
28	U.S. military grants of goods and services, net		-191	-116	-169	-191	-162
30 31 32	Unilateral transfers (excluding military grants), net U.S. Government grants (excluding military). U.S. Government pensions and other transfers. Private remittances and other transfers.	-418 -100	-753 -391 -118 -244	-803 -444 -122 -237	-836 -485 -122 -229	-770 -428 -124 -218	-842 -485 -141 -216
33	U.S. Government capital flows, net	1	-366	-394	-410	-598	-609
34 35	Loans and other long-term assets. Foreign currencies and other short-term assets, net.	-723	881 16	-846 70	-835 17	-1, 022 -68	-1,275 136
36 37	Repayments on credits: Scheduled Nonscheduled 5		385 114	380 2	368 40	488 4	428 102
38 39 40	U.S. private capital flows, net Direct investments abroad 4 Foreign securities	-1,358	-1,579 -1,257 93	-1,748 -897 -488	-1,647 -934 -337	-2,230 -1,370 -353	-1,967 -1,315 -396
41 42 43	Claims reported by U.S. banks: Long-term Short-term, nonliquid Short-term, liquid	-162	49 -268 -127	22 -189 -53	88 -396 -79	32 -85 -72	-174 -143 -38
44 45 46	Claims reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns: Long-term Short-term, nonliquid Short-term, liquid	-381 -116 122	-13 -23 -33	-129 -50 36	-54 -171 236	-32 -125 -225	23 -66 66
47	Foreign capital flows, net.		1,006	1, 586	1,416	2, 615	4,937
48 49	Direct investments in the United States 4. U.S. securities other than Treasury issues.	486 304	105 374	218 720	160 792	92 559	-24 206
50 51 52 53	Other U.S. nonliquid liabilities to private foreigners: Long-term, reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns Short-term, reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns Long-term, reported by U.S. banks Long-term liabilities to foreign official agencies, reported by U.S. banks	163	358 151 19 235	312 124 22 -233	324 392 -32 -188	222 -186 -153 -203	73 -245 -39 -161
54 55	Nonliquid liabilities reported by U.S. Government: To foreign official reserve agencies To other official and private foreigners.	-266 -30	735 -224	-12 82	77 -263	-8 -82	-8 -22
56 57	U.S. liquid liabilities: To private foreigners To foreign official agencies	-1, 872 3, 020	-376 99	-1, 383 1, 736	-2, 611 2, 765	-2, 693 5, 067	-59 5, 216
58	Transactions in U.S. official reserve assets, net	. 264	805	1	824	682	659
59 60 61 62	Gold SDR Convertible currencies Gold tranche position in IMF	$-270 \\ 831$	14 -254 818 227	-251 34	422 -76 469 9	109 -55 373 255	456 17 -66 252
63	Allocations of special drawing rights (SDR)	217	217	217	216	180	179
64	Errors and omissions, net.		-375	-437	-233	-1,026	-2,335

Table 4.—U.S. Merchandise Trade

Merchandine monode, Census basia, including recaports and military analysis of the common part of the comm				[WITHOU	is of dolla				1						
EXPORTS					Not	seasonal	ily adjust	ted			s	easonally	adjusted	l 	
Merchandius experts, Census basis, including reespects and military grant shipments. 1,000	Line		1970		19	70		197	71		19	70		197	1
Merchandise exports, Census basis, including receports, excluding August 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,				ı	п	111	IV	I r	II p	1	II	III	IV	I,	II »
Merchandise expects, Census basis, including reseports, exclusing stream of the control of the		EXPORTS													
Regular delitions to Company Septorts	1		43, 224	10, 341	11, 353	10, 275	11, 255	11, 247	11,561	10, 474	10, 932	10, 970	10,918	11,370	11, 121
Figure 1 Figure 1	2		42,659	10, 194	11,218	10, 153	11,094	11, 117	11,406	10, 327	10, 797	10, 848	10, 757	11, 240	10, 966
Trigon Lalands sequents to forcigic contractives. C17 C2 C4 C6 C5 C7 C64 C7 C7 C7 C7 C8 C8 C8	3a	Private gift parcel remittances	76		92 17		25	15	17	16	17	18	25	15	116 17
Regular deductions from Census exports 2	3c 3d	Gold exports, nonmonetary Inland freight (to Canada) valuation adjustment	(*) 265	(*) 63	(*) 70	(*) 65	(*) 67	(*) 64	(*) 74	(*) 69	(*) 64	(*) 66	(*) 66	(*)	(*) 12 69 18
Of which: quarterly allocation of annual seasonal adjustment discrepancy*.	4		28			7	7	6	7	7	7	7	7	6	7
Including "military". Less: Mechandise segotis transferred under U.S. military agency also contracts identified in Census documents 3 1,010 197 279 215 319 288 309 197 279 215 319 288 288 289 28		Of which: quarterly allocation of annual seasonal adjustment		36	3	-3	-33								
Secontracts identified in Census documents 1,010 197 279 215 319 228 359 197 279 215 319 228 359 197 279 215 319 228 359 197 279 215 319 228 359 197 279 215 319 228 359 197 279 215 319 228 359 197 279 215 319 228 359 197 279 215 319 228 328 329	6	Equals: Merchandise exports, adjusted to balance of payments basis, including "military".	42,990	10,314	11,306	10, 233	11, 137	11, 201	11,520	10,438	10,861	10, 911	10,780	11, 328	11,075
Excluding "military" (lable 2, line 2)		Less: Merchandise exports transferred under U.S. military agency sales contracts identified in Census documents 5	1,010	197	279	215	319	298	359	197	279	215	319	298	359
Merchandisc imports, Census basis (general imports)	8	excluding "military" (table 2, line 2)	41, 980	10, 117	11,027	10,018	10,818	10, 903	11, 161	10, 241	10, 582	10, 696	10, 461	11,030	10,716
Virgin Islands imports from foreign countries	9		39, 952	9, 455	10,069	9,873	10, 555	10, 527	12, 026	9,721	9,864	10, 023	10, 328	10,809	11,769
Other regular additions 4	10a	Virgin Islands imports from foreign countries	242	69	63	43	67	64	89	69	63	43	67	64	146 89 52
Special adjustments, net 3	10c 11 11a	Other regular additions ⁶ Regular deductions from Census imports Automotive valuation adjustment.	13 350 346	3 87 86	99 98	4 65 65	3 99 97	3 114 113	5 128 127	3 86 85	92 91	85 85	3 87	3 113 112	5 119 118 1
Equals: Merchandise imports, adjusted to balance of payments basis, including "military" 10, 30 10, 48 10, 30	12	Special adjustments, net 3 Of which: quarterly allocation of annual seasonal adjustment		-			5			30		10	[
Less: Merchandise imports of U.S. military agencies identified in Census documents 179 45 50 39 45 47 40 45 50 39 45 47	13	Equals: Merchandise imports, adjusted to balance of payments basis.	40,049	9, 503	10,074	9,897	10,575	10, 525	12,044	9,773	9,881	10,031	10, 364	10,808	11,796
Equals: Merchandise imports, adjusted to balance of payments basis excluding "military" (table 2, line 16). 33,870 9,458 10,624 9,858 10,530 10,478 12,004 9,728 9,831 9,992 10,319 10,761	14	Less: Merchandise imports of U.S. military agencies identified in	179	45	50	39	45	47	40	45	50	39	45	47	40
Balance on merchandise trade, adjusted to balance of payments basis, including "military" (line 6 less line 13) [export surplus +] 2,941 811 1,232 336 562 676 -524 665 980 880 416 520	15	Equals: Merchandise imports, adjusted to balance of payments basis excluding "military" (table 2, line 16).	1						12,004	9,728	9,831	9, 992	10, 319	10,761	11,756
Balance on merchandise trade, adjusted to balance of payments basis, excluding "military" (line 8 less line 15) [export surplus +]. 2, 110 659 1, 003 160 288 425 -843 513 751 704 142 269 -848 148 269 -848 148 269 -848 148 269 -848	16	Balance on merchandise trade, adjusted to balance of payments basis.	2 941	911	1 222	336	562	676	-524	665	980	880	416	520	-721
TRADE BY END-USE	17	Balance on merchandise trade, adjusted to balance of payments basis.	'										142	269	-1,040
18a Agricultural products 7,351 1,679 1,754 1,691 2,227 2,08 1,887 1,735 1,741 1,888 1,988 2,118 1,800															
Nonagricultural products 35,873 8,662 9,599 8,584 9,028 9,199 9,674 8,739 9,158 8,962 8,799 9,222		ments (line 1)	43,224	10,341	11,353	10,275	11, 255	11,247	11,561	10,474	10,932	10,970	10,918 1,958	2, 118	11, 121 1, 905
Column C	18b	Nonagricultural products	35, 873 35, 308	8, 662 8, 515	9, 599	8,584	9,028	9, 199	9,674	8,739	9, 158	9,082	8,960	9, 252 9, 122	9, 216 9, 061
23 Industrial supplies and materials 13,783 3,330 3,636 3,323 3,495 3,243 3,357 3,463 3,519 3,385 3,488 3,367 432 242 355 393 394 454 482 255 Paper and paper base stocks 1,139 254 290 297 298 277 281 263 285 301 291 286 264 275 284 275 28	$\frac{20}{21}$	Grains and preparations.	3, 071 1, 216	690 262	684 313	769 235	929 406	816 318	708 306	671 279	721 331	782 364	871 272	795 340	1,495 748 325 422
25	23	Industrial supplies and materials	13,783	3,330	3,636	3,323		3,243 372	3,357 424			3,385 394		3,367 432	3,245 404
27 Raw cotton, including linters 378 116 111 47 104 194 153 97 103 57 118 163 181 182 183 184	25 26	Paper and paper base stocks	1, 139	291	288	198	274	372	340	268	277	226	279	341	276 325 140
30 Other normatic (bidge tallow minarele wood public tires	27 28 29	Raw cotton, including linters Tobacco, unmanufactured	378 488	116 84	111 107	107	190	118	122	129	121	108	130	181	138 750
etc.)	30	Other nonmetals (hides, tallow, minerals, wood, rubber, tires,							1	ĺ	658	667	682	678	674
31 Steelmaking materials. 547 100 166 155 126 73 76 129 151 132 134 94 170 170 and steel products. 1,388 369 417 327 274 238 246 378 404 348 261 241 32 38 246 378 404 348 261 241 38 246 378 246 378 247 247 247 247 247 247 247 247 247 247	31 32 33	Steelmaking materials Iron and steel products Other metals, primary and advanced, including advanced steel	547 1,388 1,873	369	417	327	274	238	246	378	404	348	261	241	69 238 371
34 Capital goods, except automotive 14,371 3,505 3,796 3,397 3,673 3,957 3,941 3,449 3,583 3,678 3,893 3,893 Machinery, except consumer-type 11,570 2,730 2,974 2,880 3,006 2,955 2,984 2,759 2,793 3,046 3,003 2,999	35			3,505 2,730	3,796 2,974	2,860	3,006	2,955	2,984	2, 759	2, 793	3,046	3,003	2,999	3,716 2,797 492
Notice trical, and parts and attachments. 9, 493 2, 228 2, 422 2, 507 2, 400 2, 400 2, 400 2, 400 2, 400 3, 401 484 514 482 478 508 408 504	37 38	Nonelectrical, and parts and attachments	. 9,493	2, 228	2, 422 503	2, 367 503	2, 476 491	2, 434 484	2, 452 514	2, 249 482	2, 281 478	2, 517 508	2, 471 498	2,468 504	2, 305 488 222
39 Textile and other specialized-industry machinery and parts. 391 210 239 233 248 230 239 222 223 247 240 40 Other industrial machinery and parts, n.e.c. 3,901 921 1,000 967 1,013 1,017 997 932 932 1,029 1,029 1,020 1,032 41 Agricultural machinery and parts of the	39 40	Textile and other specialized-industry machinery and parts	931	210 921	239 1,000	233 967	248 1,013	230 1, 017	239 997	222 9 3 2	932	1, 029 97	1,020 94	1, 032 77	926 85
High cutoff and family	42	Business and office machines, computers, etc., and parts	. 1,702	2 378	419	420	485	448	424	369	417	463			423 161

Table 4.—U.S. Merchandise Trade—Continued

				Not	seasonal	lly adjus	ted			s	easonally	adjusted	l	
Line		1970		197	70		197	71		19	70		197	1
			I	II	III	1V	I '	II »	I	II	III	ıv	I,	II »
44 44a 45	Civilian aircraft, engines, parts Civilian aircraft, complete—all types Other transportation equipment	2, 659 1, 528 141	748 479 27	783 496 39	509 231 29	620 322 46	961 626 41	892 545 65	660 390 30	758 483 32	595 285 36	639 345 44	849 507 45	867 533 52
46 47 48 49 50 51	Automotive vehicles, parts, and engines To Canada To all other areas Passenger cars, new and used Trucks, buses, and special vehicles Parts, bodies, and accessories, including engines and parts, n.e.c	3,652 2,474 1,178 837 560 2,255	908 607 301 179 143 586	1,101 806 295 303 148 650	814 534 280 179 138 497	829 527 302 176 131 522	1,101 784 317 290 149 662	1,222 920 302 353 164 704	920 613 307 166 143 611	1,005 724 281 290 129 586	991 682 309 267 151 573	756 473 283 141 135 480	1,114 791 323 268 150 696	1, 113 825 288 337 143 633
52 53 54 55	Consumer goods (nonfood), except automotive Consumer durables, manufactured Consumer nondurables, manufactured Unmanufactured consumer goods (gem stones, precious and nonprecious)	2,717 1,007 1,587	666 243 393	704 256 416	661 237 394 29	685 271 383	673 247 394 32	723 269 419	676 247 401	673 241 401	681 252 395	692 269 390	682 251 402	690 253 404 33
56	Special category (military-type goods)	1,359	289	364	283	423	369	452	289	364	283	423	369	452
57 58 59	Exports, n.e.c., and reexports Domestic (low-value, miscellaneous) Foreign (reexports)	1,503 869 634	336 202 134	385 221 164	385 221 163	397 225 173	368 214 154	428 242 185	349 210 139	368 215 153	401 234 167	386 212 174	382 222 160	410 236 174
60	Merchandise imports, Census basis (line 9)	39,952	9,455	10,069	9,873	10,555	10,527	12,026	9,721	9,864	10,023	10,328	10,809	11,769
61 62 63 64 65	Foods, feeds, and beverages Coffee, cocoa, and sugar Green coffee Cane sugar Other foods, feeds, and beverages	6, 154 2, 085 1, 159 725 4, 069	1,473 494 292 131 979	1,566 554 307 206 1,012	1,490 534 278 214 956	1,626 503 283 174 1,123	1,470 499 292 147 971	1,692 561 308 210 1,132	1,553 528 289 190 1,025	1,563 552 320 180 1,011	1,487 506 278 183 981	1,550 499 274 173 1,051	1,551 535 290 214 1,016	1,687 549 322 184 1,138
66 67	Industrial supplies and materials Fuels and lubricants	15, 106 3, 057	3,650 846	3,758 710	3,738 705	3,959 796	3,866 834	4,524 862	3,681 773	3,659 740	3,770 740	3,986 801	3,895 749	4,410 901
68 69	Paper and paper base stocks	1, 578	399	396	372	411	385	434	413	389	382	393	392	426
70 71 72 73	n.e.s. Textile supplies and materials. Tobacco, unmanufactured. Chemicals, excluding medicinals. Other (hides, copra, materials for making photos, drugs, dyes)	2, 866 1, 209 111 836 710	746 314 49 209 174	736 309 30 227 169	672 285 16 195 176	712 301 16 205 191	804 343 34 243 184	875 383 31 269 193	687 297 25 203 162	710 299 28 212 171	721 291 40 204 186	758 323 29 216 190	738 320 16 233 169	846 370 29 252 195
74	Building materials, except metals	1,001	220	260	266	255	261	345	238	245	252	264	278	326
75 76 77 78 79	Materials associated with durable goods output, n.e.s. Steelmaking materials. Iron and steel products Other metals, primary and advanced, including advanced steel. Nonmetals (gums, oils, resins, minerals, rubber, tires, etc.)	6, 604 734 2, 191 2, 650 1, 030	1, 439 116 410 646 267	1, 657 184 523 684 266	1, 723 238 576 663 245	1,786 196 682 656 252	1, 583 137 606 587 253	2,007 240 805 674 289	1, 570 187 481 635 267	1, 575 172 498 644 261	1,675 198 531 697 249	1,770 176 667 675 252	1,738 218 706 565 249	1,911 225 767 635 284
80 81 82 83 84	Capital goods, except automotive	3,783 3,592 1,017 2,574	923 881 235 645	979 927 256 671	925 883 260 623	957 901 266 635	999 941 264 677	1, 092 1, 027 302 724	916 874 232 642	949 897 258 639	943 901 262 639	977 922 266 656	990 932 261 671	1,059 993 303 690
85 86 87 88	ery and nonfarm tractors and parts. Other industrial machinery and parts, n.e.s. Agricultural machinery and farm tractors and parts. Business and office machines, computers, etc., and parts. Scientific, professional and service-industry equipment and	566 939 359 471	138 239 106 107	144 239 101 126	147 228 77 110	137 234 75 128	159 228 106 126	178 252 102 131	134 243 99 108	144 231 84 119	145 228 89 118	143 239 88 126	154 232 99 127	177 243 85 124
89 89a	parts; and miscellaneous transportation equipment Civilian aircraft, engines, parts Civilian aircraft, complete—all types	239 191 48	56 42 16	61 52 15	61 42 9	60 55 9	57 58 13	61 66 13	58 42 16	61 52 15	59 42 9	60 55 9	59 58 13	61 66 13
90 91 92 93 94 95 96	Automotive vehicles, parts, and engines From Canada. From Canada, transactions value From all other areas. Passenger cars, new and used Trucks, buses, and special vehicles. Parts, bodies, and accessories, including engines and parts, n.e.s.	5, 956 3, 587 3, 241 2, 369 3, 731 730 1, 496	1,449 885 799 564 955 162 332	1,613 1,021 923 593 1,064 167 381	1, 260 715 650 545 729 177 355	1,634 965 868 669 982 223 428	1, 919 1, 119 1, 006 800 1, 253 172 494	2, 108 1, 241 1, 114 867 1, 395 206 508	1,399 876 791 523 909 165 325	1,504 937 847 567 956 179 369	1,555 942 857 613 935 209 411	1,507 836 751 673 930 181 396	1,856 1,111 999 745 1,196 175 485	1, 962 1, 135 1, 017 827 1, 250 221 491
97 98 99 100	Consumer goods (nonfood), except automotive	7, 553 4, 068 2, 960 525	1,652 872 648 132	1,809 979 705 125	2,084 1,106 852 126	2,007 1,112 753 142	1,891 1,000 761 131	2, 205 1, 222 832 151	1,830 984 708 138	1,851 1,006 718 127	1,897 1,023 746 128	1, 962 1, 047 783 132	2,092 1,127 828 137	2, 253 1, 255 846 152
101	Imports, n.e.s. (low value, goods returned, military aircraft, Government purchased uranium, movies, exhibits)	1, 399	308	343	376	372	382	404	342	338	371	346	425	398

Revised. Preliminary. *Less than \$500,000.

^{1.} Mainly net additions to or liquidations of U.S.-owned grains stored in Canada, and exports of electrical energy.

2. Mainly exports of exposed motion picture film for rental rather than sale, and exports to Panama Canal Zone.

3. Irregular and occasional adjustments; valuation adjustments for goods considered to be underpriced or overpriced in Census data; timing adjustments for goods recorded in Census data in one period but found to have been shipped in another; and coverage adjustments for special situations in which shipments were omitted from Census data.

4. Correction for discrepancy between sum of four quarters, seasonally adjusted, and the unadjusted recorded annual totals.

5. Exports of military equipment under U.S. military agency sales contracts with foreign governments to the extent such exports are identifiable from Census export documents.

These exports are included in table 2, line 3: "Transfers under U.S. military agency sales

These exports are included in table 2, line 3: "Transfers under U.S. mintary agency sates contracts."

6. Mainly imports of electrical energy.

7. Mainly foreign charges for repair of U.S. vessels abroad, which are included in tables 2, 3, and 9, line 20 (Other transportation); also imports from Panama Canal Zone, and imports of domestically-owned grains returned from storage in Canada.

8. Merchandise imported directly by the Department of Defense, as well as "defense' imports of the Coast Guard and Atomic Energy Commission, to the extent such imports are identifiable from Census import documents and verifiable from separate reports of the importing agencies. These imports are included in tables 2, 3, and 9, line 17: "Direct defense expenditures."

Note.-Details may not add to totals because of rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Table 5.-Major U.S. Government Transactions

Line		1970		197	70		197	71
			I	II _	III	ıv	I,	II p
A. 1 1a	U.S. Government grants (excluding military) and capital flows increasing Government assets, total (table 2, lines 30, 34, and 35, with sign reversed). Seasonally adjusted.	5, 050	1, 303 1, 271	1, 401 1, 256	1, 067 1, 220	1, 280 1, 303	1,550 1,518	1,771 1,624
2 3 4	By category Grants, net	1,739 200 -24	447 112 42	439 34 49	402 20 -31	450 34 (*)	457 88 —86	532 22 -40
5 6 7 8	Receipts from— Sales of agricultural commodities	288 196 162	101 45	85 54	39 47	63 50	39 37	63 61 47
9 10 11 12	Other sources. Less disbursements for— Grants in the recipient's currency Credits in the recipient's currency Other grants and credits.	10 180 149	(*) 2 49 98	31 22 1	(*) 2 47 14	53 16	1 44 83 2	99 15
13 14 15 16	Other U.S. Government expenditures Capital subscriptions to international and regional organizations, excluding IMF Credits repayable in U.S. dollars Other assets (including changes in administrative cash holdings), net	343 234 2,786 116	(*) 89 66 696 24	85 50 837 -7	4 88 48 573 53	2 81 69 681 46	71 35 1,052 5	6 94 49 1,243 -36
17 18 19 20 21	By program Under farm product disposal programs. Under Foreign Assistance Acts and related programs Under Export-Import Bank Act Capital subscriptions to international and regional organizations, excluding IMF. Other assistance programs. Other factorized accounted (those A.S. A.7, and A.D.)	1, 166 2, 078 1, 095 234 334	328 510 303 66 66	349 553 339 50 102	209 510 175 48 78	280 506 278 69 89	211 708 484 35 103	416 810 385 49 132
21 22 23 24 25	Other foreign currency assets acquired (lines A.6, A.7, and A.9) Less foreign currencies used by U.S. Government other than for grants or credits (line A.13) Advances under Exchange Stabilization Fund agreements, net. Other (including changes in administrative cash holdings), net.	368 343 119	93 89 26	104 85 -10	82 88 52	89 81 51	75 71 6	110 94 -38
	By disposition ¹			ı				
26 27 28 29 30 31 32	Estimated transactions involving no direct dollar outflow from the United States. Expenditures on U.S. merchandise. Expenditures on U.S. services 2. Military sales contracts financed by U.S. Government credits 3.4 (line B.14). U.S. Government credits to repay prior U.S. Government credits 2. U.S. Government credits 3 to repay prior U.S. private credits Increase in claims on U.S. Government associated with Government grants and capital flows increasing Government assets (including changes in retained accounts) (line B.17).	4, 348 3, 110 843 361 174 308	1, 123 827 224 70 56 57	1, 220 891 221 101 49 88	926 625 188 129 34 66	1, 079 768 209 62 35 96	1, 385 792 209 246 135 105	1,610 1,072 241 273 47 122
33 34 35	Less dollar recoveries on short-term claims financing military sales contracts and U.S. Government credits to repay private credits Estimated dollar payments to foreign countries and international and regional organizations through U.S. Government	74	-9 89 13	-18 85 27	-3 88 25	(*) 81 9	6 71 36	(*) 94 52
	grants and capital flows increasing Government assets	702	179	182	140	201	166	161
B. 1 1a 2 2a	Nonliquid liabilities reported by U.S. Government, including medium-term securities and long-term obligations payable prior to maturity only under special conditions, net increase (+) Seasonally adjusted To foreign official reserve agencies (table 2, line 54) Seasonally adjusted.	100 535	-286 -296 -259 -266	488 511 743 735	31 70 -5 -12	-133 -186 55 77	-72 -90 -2 -8	-91 -30 -4 -8
3 4	U.S. Treasury securities issued in connection with Columbia River downstream rights U.S. Treasury securities issued in connection with prepayments for military purchases in the United States (line B.13).	-30 -111	-14	-89	-3	-30 -5		
5 6 7 8	U.S. Treasury obligations to be liquidated against U.S. claims. U.S. Treasury securities not included elsewhere 5 Export-Import Bank obligations to be liquidated against U.S. claims. Export-Import Bank securities not included elsewhere.	32 648 -4 (*)	-242 -2	32 800 (*)	-2	90	-2	-4
9 10 10a 11	Other To other official and private foreigners (table 2, line 55) Seasonally adjusted.	-436	-28 -30 -3	-255 -224 -223	36 82 -27	-188 -263 -217	-69 -82 -71	(*) -87 -22 -199
11a 12	Associated with military sales contracts Seasonally adjusted U.S. Government receipts from foreign governments (including principal repayments on credits financing military sales contracts), net of refunds. Less U.S. Transury securities issued in connection with prepayments for military purchases in the United States.	963	-5 207	-192 213	19 176	-292 267	-84 208	-134 271
14 15	Less U.S. Treasury securities issued in connection with prepayments for military purchases in the United States (line B.4). Plus military sales contracts financed by U.S. Government credits 3.7 (line A.29). Less U.S. Government receipts from principal repayments 3.	-111 361 325	-14 70 38	-89 101 138	-3 129 32	-5 62 117	246 50 475	273 124 619
16 17 17a 18	Less transfers of goods and services (including transfers financed by credits) (table 2, line 3) Associated with U.S. Government grants and capital flows increasing Government assets 8 (line A.32) Seasonally adjusted Non-interest-bearing securities issued to IDA, to IDB, or to U.N. for special programs	30	256 -9 -9	488 -18 -18	303 -3 -3	(*) (*) (*)	6 6	(*)
19 20 21 21a	Foreign funds retained in U.S. Government accounts for purchases in the United States. Other. Seasonally adjusted.	(*) 65	-9 (*) -15 -15	-18 (*) -14 -14	-4 1 66 66	-1 29 29	(*) -4 -4	(*) (*) 112 112
22 23 24 25	Seasonally adjusted. German Government 10-year loan to U.S. Government. Associated with U.S. Government nonmilitary sales and miscellaneous operations U.S. Treasury securities not included elsewhere 5 Export-Import Bank securities not included elsewhere.	(*)	-15	-14 (*) (*)	75 -9 (*)	29	-4 (*)	100 6 6

^{*}Revised. * Preliminary. *Less than \$500,000 (±).

1. The identification of transactions involving direct dollar outflow from the United States is made in reports by the operating agency. However, such data for third and fourth quarters 1970 and for first and second quarters 1971 are only extrapolated estimates by OBE, because of incomplete reports from one operating agency.

2. Line A.28 includes foreign currency collected as interest and line A.30 includes foreign currency collected as principal, as recorded in lines A.6 and A.7.

3. Lines A.29 and A.31 include some short-term U.S. Government claims, collections of which are recorded in line A.34. Collections of those short-term claims recorded in lines A.29 and B.14 are included in line B.15.

4. Consists of transfers of military goods and services financed by U.S. Government credits and of advanced payments to the Defense Department (on military sales contracts) financed by credits extended to foreigners by U.S. Government agencies.

5. Includes securities payable in U.S. dollars and in convertible foreign currencies.

^{6.} Transactions under military sales contracts are those in which the Defense Department sells and transfers military goods and services to a foreign purchaser, on a cash or credit basis. The entries for the several categories of transactions related to military sales contracts in this and the other tables are partially estimated from incomplete data.

7. Consists of transfers of military goods and services financed by U.S. Government credits (included in line B.16) and of increases in Defense Department liabilities (on military sales contracts) which arise from advance payments to the Defense Department financed by credits to foreigners by U.S. Government agencies.

^{8.} Excludes liabilities associated with military sales contracts financed by U.S. Government credits and included in line B.11.

Note.—Details may not add to totals because of rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Table 6.-Direct Investments and Securities Transactions

					·			
Line	(Credits+; debts-)	1970		1970			19	71 —————
			I	п	III	iv	I,	II »
1	U.S. direct investments abroad (table 2, line 39)	-4, 445	-1,573	-1,662	-747	-464	-1,545	-1,680
2 3	Transactions with foreign incorporated affiliates	-3,496 -690	$-1,378 \\ -751$	-995 -232	-634 -232	-489 525	-1,357 -595	n.a. n.a.
5	: long-term	-312	-55 -493	-141 -561	12 -389	-128 -868	$-510 \\ -232$	n.a. n.a.
6 7 8	Increase ¹ Decrease ²		-508 15	-599 38	-452 63	-1,060 192	-322 90	n.a. n.a.
	Miscellaneous 3.		-7 9	-62	-25	-18	-20	n.a.
9	Branch accounts.	-949	-195	-666	-113	25	-188	n.a.
10 11	By industry of foreign affiliate: ⁴ Mining and smelting Petroleum.		-60 -408	-110 -745	-41 -263	-177 -122	-85 -503	n.a. $n.a.$
12 13	ManufacturingOther	-1.360	$-698 \\ -407$	- 409 -397	-339 -104	86 -251	-584 -373	n.a. $n.a.$
14	Foreign direct investments in the U.S. (table 2, line 48)		486	105	218	160	92	-24
15 16	Transactions with U.S. incorporated affiliates	933 191	490 53	113 43	191 53	139 42	104 63	-23 -10
17 18	Capital stock and other equity, net.	742	437 442	70 70	138 141	97 97	41 46	-13 5
19	Decrease ²	-8	-5	(*)	-3	(*)	-5	-18
20	Branch accounts.		-4	-8	27	21 15	-12	-1
21 22	Of which: manufacturing affiliates 4. Foreign securities, net U.S. purchases (-), balance of payments basis (table 2, line 40, or lines 27 + 38 below)		196 -210	101 93	199 -488	-337	46 -353	-396
			87	9	5	-63	-82	-120
23 24 25	stocks, net, Treasury basis ³ . less: recorded in line 1 as U.S. direct investments abroad_ plus: exchange of stock associated with direct investments in the U.S	-67 -17 3	-5 - 20	-26	-33 -130	-3 -23	-11	-10
26 27 28 29 30	plus: other adjustments Stocks, net, balance of payments basis Newly issued in the United States	.l -68	72 -15	35	-92 -130	-83	-71	-118 -118
29 30	of which: Canada. Other foreign stocks	-15		35	38	-83	-71	$ \begin{array}{c c} -8 \\ -8 \\ -110 \end{array} $
31 32 33	Canada Western Europe	108	56 48	27 -7	30	-5 -66	29 -44	-26
33 34	Japan Other		-24	17 -2	-2 5	$-10 \\ -2$	-52 -4	-133 (*)
35 36	bonds, net, Treasury basis ⁵ less: recorded in line 1 as U.S. direct investments abroad	-933 -59	-338 -57	20 -38	-356 41	-259 -5	-297 -15	-278
36 37 38 39	plus; other adjustments Bonds, net, balance of payments basis	-874	-281	58	-396	-1 -255	-282	-278
40	Newly issued in the U.S Canada	-1,311 -760	-418 -314	-99 -58	-476 -241	-318 -148	-460 -181	$-436 \\ -302$
41 42 43	Latin America Other countries	-193	-8 -47 -49	(*) -41	-15 -28 -192	-94 -76	-5 -62	$-20 \\ -114$
44 45	International. Redemptions of U.Sheld foreign bonds ⁶ . Other transactions in outstanding bonds ⁶ .	434	127 10	(*) 125 32	101 -21	81 -18	-212 122 56	127 31
46 47	Canada Western Europe ⁶	-55		(*) 34	-14 -6	-31 4	15 26	30 -19
48 49	Japan Other		3 1	-8	- ⁶	4 5	$-1 \\ 16$	-6 26
50	U.S. securities other than Treasury issues, net foreign purchases $(+)$, balance of payments basis $(table\ 2, line\ 49, or\ line\ 54 + 61\ below)$.	2, 190	304	374	720	792	559	206
51 52	stocks, net, Treasury basis ⁵ plus: exchange of stock associated with U.S. direct investments abroad	623 79	-97 12	-133	381	472 19	73 6	-2 3
53 54 55	ptus: other adjustments Stocks, net, balance of payments basis	697		-2 -94	-2 386	491	78	<u>i</u>
56	Canada. Western Europe 6	-8 554	-21	-77	8 326	76 325	-16 55	-35 -15
57 58	Other	151 945	308	-19 208	52 225	90	39 348	51 4
59	plus: proceeds obtained by U.S. parents from securities issued by Netherlands Antilles finance subsid- iaries	468	1	188	114	89	132	202
60 61	plus: other adjustments	82 1,493	390	72 468	-5 334	301	480	205
62 63 64	New issues sold abroad by U.S. corporations ⁷ . of which denominated in: Dollars. : German marks.	822 611 54	127	267 238	193 136 27	199 110 27	317 300	205 264 200 55
65	Nonguaranteed U.S. Government agency bonds, investments by International and Regional organizations	-	1	94	86	50	128	-49
66	Other transactions in U.S. bonds	347	133	107	55	52	36	-10

^{*}Less than \$500,000 (±). n.a. Not available.

1. Acquisition of capital stock of existing and newly established companies, capitalization of intercompany accounts, and other equity contributions.

2. Total and partial sales and liquidations of capital stock and other equity holdings.

3. Includes security issues placed with interests in the United States other than the parent, the amortization of these security issues, and verified transactions of non-reporters not classified by type of transaction.

4. Mining and smelting includes the exploration and development of mining properties, the extraction of raw ores and the processing necessary for basic refined metals. Petroleum includes the exploration, development, and production of crude oil and gas, and the transportation, refining and marketing of petroleum products exclusive of petrochemicals. Manufacturing excludes petroleum refining and the smelting operations of mining companies.

[&]quot;Other" industries includes all industries except those previously listed, the major ones being agriculture, public utilities, transportation, trade, insurance, finance and services.

5. As published in Treasury Bulletin.

6. Redemptions measure scheduled retirements and identifiable premature retirements of U.S.-held foreign debt securities. Unidentifiable nonscheduled retirements appear in line 45 of this table.

7. Securities newly issued by finance subsidiaries incorporated in the Netherlands Antilles are included to the extent that the proceeds are transferred to U.S. parent companies.

Note.—Details may not add to totals because of rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Table 7.—Claims on Foreigners and Nonliquid Liabilities to Private Foreigners Reported by U.S. Banks and Nonbanking Concerns
[Millions of dollars]

Line	(Credits (+); increase in U.S. liabilities or decrease in U.S. assets. Debits (-); decrease in U.S.	1070		197	0		197	71	Amounts out-
Dine	liabilities or increase in U.S. assets.)	1970	I	II	III	IV	Ir	Πp	standing June 30, 1971
Α.	Claims reported by U.S. banks.								
1	Long-term (table 2, line 41)	183	24	49	22	88	32	174	3, 209
2	Short-term, nonliquid (table 2, line 42)	1, 015	13	-461	275	-842	90	-336	9,830
3	Payable in dollars	-923	4	-457	280	-750	20	-343	9, 741
4 5	Loans	240 -764	-12 158	-26 -243	86 231	192 -910	42 -60	-392 91	3,388 3,935
6	Collections outstandingBy area:	-3 99	-142	-188	-37	-32	38	-42	2,418
8	Canada Western Europe ¹	$ \begin{array}{r} -51 \\ 3 \\ -467 \end{array} $	$\begin{bmatrix} 26 \\ -50 \\ 142 \end{bmatrix}$	$ \begin{bmatrix} -47 \\ 2 \\ -221 \end{bmatrix} $	24 2 179	-54 49 -567	$ \begin{array}{r} -51 \\ -252 \\ \hline 403 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} -36 \\ -210 \\ -32 \end{array} $	476 1,536 3,411
10	Other.	-408	-114	-191	75	-178	-80	-65	4, 318
11 12	Payable in foreign currencies. Of which Canada	-92 -83	9 1	-4 1	-5 -9	-92 -76	70 61	7 16	89 16
13	Short-term, liquid (table 2, line 43)	-119	240	-135	-6	-218	28	30	1, 159
14 15	Payable in dollars	-76 -36	148 97	-87 -67	$\frac{2}{9}$	-139 -75	11 39	35 14	686 307
16	Payable in foreign currencies.	-43	92	-48	-8	-79	17	-5	473
17	By type: Deposits.	-40	52	-14	-51	-27	27	-6	371
18 19	Foreign government obligations and commercial and finance paper By area: Canada	-3 -87	40 50	-34 -50	43 -15	-52 -72	-10 17	1 21	102
20	Other	44	42	2	-13 7	-7	(*)	-26	270
В.	Claims reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns:							-	
1 2	Long-term (table 2, line 44)	-577	-381	-13	129	-54	-32	23	3, 171
3	Short-term, nonliquid (table 2, line 45) Reported by brokerage concerns	-360 -1	-54 58	-42 38	17 -21	-281 -76	-62 -35	-85 14	3,384
	Reported by others Payable in foreign currencies	$-359 \\ 72$	-112 42	$-80 \\ 12$	38 66	-205 -48	-27 -4	-99 n.a.	3, 084 n.a.
4 5 6 7	Payable in dollars	-431 -39	-154 -42	-92 14	$-28 \\ 11$	-157 -22	-23 -13	n.a. n.a.	n.a. n.a.
8 9	United Kingdom European Economic Community	$-64 \\ -39$	$-20 \\ -22$	$-15 \\ -15$	$-40 \\ 22$	11 -24	-10^{7}	n.a. n.a.	n.a.
10 11	Japan Other	$-74 \\ -215$	-40 -30	$-11 \\ -65$	$-9 \\ -12$	$\begin{bmatrix} -14 \\ -108 \end{bmatrix}$	-7 (*)	n.a. n.a.	n.a. n.a.
12	Short-term, liquid (table 2, line 46)	361	-3	-99	61	402	-351	-6	1,512
13	Payable in dollarsBy type:	385	-51	-35	141	330	-330	30	1
14 15	Deposits (of major U.S. corporations only). Other claims (of major U.S. corporations only).	357 28	$ \begin{array}{c c} -26 \\ -25 \end{array} $	-47 12	150 -9	280 50	$-316 \\ -14$	-23	930 170
16 17	By area: Canada United Kingdom		203 207	-32	7	-33	52 -333	-12 90	
18	Other	287 -47	-207 -47	$^{60}_{-63}$	92 42	342 21	-49	-48	
19	Payable in foreign currencies. By type:		43	-64	-80	72	-21	-36	
$\frac{20}{21}$	Deposits. Other claims (of major U.S. corporations only).	-35	25 23	$-15 \\ -49$	-66 -14	67	-24^{3}	-59 23	
$\frac{22}{23}$	By area: Canada Other	-39 15	16 32	-29 -35	-66 -14	40 32	-8 -13	28 -64	137 275
20	Memorandum:	10	32	-30	1 -14	32	-15	01	1
	U.S. dollar deposits in Canadian Banks:	i						10	170
24 25	As reported by major U.S. corporations other than banks (included in line B. 14). As reported in Canadian banking statistics	122 84	163 57	-30 38	31 -58	- 42 47	40 46	-18 81	176 571
C.	Nonliquid liabilities to private foreigners reported by U.S. banks:								
$rac{1}{2}$	Long-term (table 2, line 52) Of which International and regional organizations	16 -102	7 2	19 -44	22 15	-32 -75	-153 -160	-39 -50	809 577
D.	Nonliquid liabilities to private foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns:	1							
1	Long-term (table 2, line 50)	1, 153	79	343	227	504	142	58	
3	Short-term (table 2, line 51) Reported by brokerage concerns	-85	93 -66	166 -34	209 -43	362 58	-256 162	-230 -91	419
4 5	Reported by others Payable in foreign currencies.	915 -17	159 44	200 36	253 9	304 -105	-418 -15	-139 n.a.	n.a
6 7 8	Payable in dollars Canada. Western Furence 1	-2	115 -10	164	244 5 139	409 1 345	$ \begin{array}{r} -403 \\ -17 \\ -350 \end{array} $	n.a. n.a. n.a.	n.a
9	Western Europe 1Other		130 -5	88 74	100	63	-36 -36	n.a.	

Preliminary.
 Revised.
 *Less than \$500,000. (±)
 N.A. Not available.
 Includes United Kingdom, European Economic Community and other Western European countries.

NOTE.—Details may not add to totals because of rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

Table 8.-U.S. Liquid Liabilities to All Foreigners, Nonliquid Liabilities to Foreign Official Reserve Agencies, and U.S. Official Reserve Assets, Net

[Millions of dollars]

Line	(Credits (+): increase in U.S. liabilities or decrease in U.S. assets. Debits (-): decrease in U.S.		1	19	70		1971		Amounts out-
	liabilities or increase in U.S. assets.)	1970	1	II	III	IV	Ir	Πp	standing June 30, 1971
1	Liquid liabilities to all foreigners (table 2, lines 56, 57)	1, 377	1,072	408	836	-939	2, 270	5,875	51, 318
2	Liquid liabilities to private foreigners (table 2, line 56)	-6, 242	-1,692	-131	-1,213	-3, 206	-2,513	104	20, 168
3	To foreign commercial banks	-6, 507	-1,683	-196	-1, 145	-3,483	-2,862	78	14, 346
3a	Seasonally adjusted		-1,863	-441	-1,315	-2,888	-3,042	-85	
4 5	To foreign branches of U.S. banks ¹	$ \begin{array}{r} -6,343 \\ -164 \end{array} $	$-1,291 \\ -392$	-157 -39	-1,523 378	-3,372 -111	-1,905 -957	46 32	4,359 9,987
6 7	Demand deposits Time deposits ²	-4,383 -665	$-2,042 \\ -40$	115 100	$-677 \\ 44$	-1,779 -569	-3, 914 -445	$-880 \\ -236$	7, 567 653
8	U.S. Treasury bills and certificates. Other obligations 123	$ \begin{array}{c c} -6 \\ -6 \\ -1,453 \end{array} $	1 398	-100 5 -216	$-3 \\ -509$	-1, 126	-445 -4 1, 501	2,001 -807	2, 011 4, 115
10	To international and regional organizations.	179	142	-124	82	79	271	174	1, 292
$\frac{11}{12}$	Demand deposits Time deposits ²	7 72	24 48	-3 -11	$-10 \\ 15$	-4 20	4 6	-10 53	63 219
13 14 15	U.S. Treasury obligations: Bills and certificates Bonds and notes Other obligations ^{2 8}	-33 -25 158	86 (*) —16	-137 $\begin{array}{c} -137 \\ 2 \\ 25 \end{array}$	-15 -6 98	$ \begin{array}{r} 33 \\ -21 \\ 51 \end{array} $	31 115 115	-78 2 207	164 143 703
16	To other private foreign residents and unallocated	86	-151	189	-150	198	78	-148	4, 530
17 18	Demand deposits 2	24 -94	57 -186	2 76	-116 -54	81 70	37 -18	29 -32	1,753 1,833
19	U.S. Treasury obligations: Bills and certificates	24	-18	32	-7	17	4	-48	86
20 21	Bonds and notes. Other obligations ^{2 3}	$\frac{110}{22}$	-53 49	60 19	31 -4	72 -42	33 22	$-25 \\ -72$	573 285
22	Liquid liabilities to foreign official agencies (table 2, line 57).	7,619	2,764	539	2, 049	2, 267	4,783	5,771	31, 150
23	To central banks and governments		2,773	539	2,472	2,288	4,790	5,782	30,602
24 25	Demand deposits	-291 -384	-471 461	27 63	-53 -35	260 -873	-69 -324	-122 20	1, 437 2, 263
26	U.S. Treasury obligations: Bills and certificates Payable in U.S. dollars	9,456 9,510	2, 145	977	3, 121	3, 213	4,801	2, 201	20, 518
26 27 28 29 30	Payable in foreign currencies	-54	2, 145	1,031 -54	3, 121	3,213	4,549 252	2,181	20,098 42 379
30	Bonds and notes, marketable Bonds and notes, nonmarketable, convertible	$-39 \\ -126$	$-3 \\ -126$	(*)	(*)		(*)	3,023	3,452
31 32 33	Payable in U.S. dollars	-126	-126	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	3,000	3,000 452 2,553
	Other obligations ² ³		767	-491	-581	-239	385	573	1
34	To International Monetary Fund 4		-9		-423	-21	-7	-11	548
35	Nonliquid liabilities to foreign official reserve agencies (table 2, lines 53 and 54)		-413	508	-238	-133	-205	-165	3,394
36	Reported by U.S. banks § (table 2, line 53)		-154	-235	-233	-188	-203 -2	-161	
37 38 39	Reported by U.S. Government (table 2, line 54) Nonconvertible U.S. Treasury securities issued:		-259	743	-5	55		-4	3,063
	To Italy in connection with military purchases in the United States	[-14	-89	-3	-5			
40 41	In connection with Columbia River power rightsOther	1, 190	300	800		-30 90			2, 265
42 43	To Germany To other countries	542	-542						542 167
44	Export-Import Bank obligations	-4	-2	(*)	-2		_2		. 12
45	U.S. Treasury obligations to Germany to be liquidated against U.S. claims	32		32				-4	28
46	U.S. official reserve assets, net (table 2, line 58)	2, 477	-386	1,022	801	1,040	145	838	13, 504
47 48	Gold (table 2, line 59) SDR (table 2, line 60)	787 851	-44 -920	-37	395 -34	422 140	109 -592	456 196	1, 247
49 50	SDR (table 2, line 60) Convertible currencies (table 2, line 61) Gold tranche position in IMF (table 2, line 62)	2, 152 389	831 -253	818 227	34 406	469	373 255	$\frac{-66}{252}$	322

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

^{*}Preliminary. ** Revised. **Less than \$500,000 (±).

1. Through April 1970 data for foreign branches of U.S. banks are estimates which were derived from weekly and daily figures compiled by the Federal Reserve System. Beginning in May 1970 these data are reported monthly by U.S. banks and include custody items held by reporting banks on behalf of their own foreign branches. Included in the custody items are special Export-Import Bank and Treasury securities held for foreign branches in the amount of \$3.0 billion as of June 30, 1971.

2. With maturity of 1 year or less; negotiable certificates of deposit with a maturity of 1 year or less are included with "other obligations."

3. Includes nonguaranteed U.S. Government agency securities with a maturity of 1 year

or less.

4. Includes liabilities of U.S. monetary authorities for gold deposited by and held for the IMF and includes U.S. Treasury obligations obtained from proceeds of gold sales by the IMF to the United States to acquire income-earning assets. Upon termination of investment, the same quantity of gold can be reacquired by the IMF.

5. Includes, in addition to foreign official reserve agencies, other foreign official agencies

Note.—Details may not add to totals because of rounding.

Table 9.—U.S. International

[Millions

															Millions
				Uni	ted King	dom		·		Eur	opean E	eonomie (Commun	ity	
Line	(Credits+; debits-)¹	1970		19	70		19	71	1970		19	970		19	71
			I	II	III	IV	Ir	ΙΙ»		I	II	III	IV	Ir	Ηp
1	Exports of goods and services 2	4,289	967	1, 106	978	1, 239	1,033	992	11, 125	2,653	2, 923	2,738	2,811	2,879	3,003
2 3	Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military ³ . Transfers under U.S. military agency sales contracts	2, 518 177	584 31	681 49	586 16	667 81	691	562 48	8, 369 270	1, 989 41	2, 247 118	1, 991 43	2, 142 68	2, 061 177	2, 110
4 5	Travel Passenger fares	51 70	9	13 18	20 27	9	13 13	14	166 95	28 16	47	50 36	68 41 19	32 19	52 24
6 7	Other transportation Fees and royalties from unaffiliated foreigners	305 67	68 17	13 18 82 17	20 27 85 17	70 17	68 17	18 87 17	485 168	105 42	129 42 30	137 42 30	113 42	114 51	139 51
9	Other private services	92 18	23 5	23 4	23 5	23 4	26 4	26 4	118 27	30 8	30 6	30 8	30 6	35 9	2, 110 179 52 24 139 51 35 14
10	Receipts of income on U.S. investments abroad: Direct investment fees and royalties	249	48	68	60	73	55	62	393	87	101	95	110	104	112
11	Direct investment interest, dividends and branch earnings 4	375	88	68	82	136	88	90	774	246	102	241	186	225	237
12 13	Other private assetsU.S. Government assets	200 167	52 30	55 28	48 9	45 100	41 8	49 16	169 90	41 21	44 33	42 24	43 12	39 14	38 12
14	Transfers of goods and services under U.S. military grant programs, net.								(*)	(*)		(*)	(*)		
15	Imports of goods and services	-4,715	-1, 154	-1,230	-1, 198	1, 134	-1,030	-1,283	-10,607	-2,337	-2,690	-2,820	-2,760	-2,769	-3,219
16 17	Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military ³	-2,216 -228	-541 -66	-553 -53	-515 -53	-607 -56	-557 -63	-682 -59	-6,651 -1,285	-1,544 -288	-1,663 -328	-1,641 -330	$-1,803 \\ -340$	-1,834 -338	-1,997 -373
18 19	Passenger fares	$-293 \\ -282$	-23 -48	-98 -93	-126 -90	-46 -51	-20 -42	-115 -108	-542 -395	-48 -71	$-162 \\ -119$	-261 -145	-71 -60	-51 -63	-195 -141
20 21	Other transportation Fees and royalties to unaffiliated foreigners	$-272 \\ -38$	-63 -9	-68 -9	-73 -9	-69 -9	$-68 \\ -10$	-78 -10	-446 -54	-104 -14	-111 -14	-117 -14	-114 -14	$-114 \\ -15$	-126 -15
22 23	Private payments for other services U.S. Government payments for miscellaneous services.	-215 -14	-54 -3	-54 -4	-54 -4	-54 -3	-58 -3	-58 -3	-51 -71	$-13 \\ -17$	-13 -19	-13 -18	$-13 \\ -17$	-14 -17	-14 -21
	Payments of income on foreign investments in the United States:														
24 25	Direct investment fees and royalties. Direct investmenti nterest, dividends and branch	-19 -164	-6 -55	-6 -33	$-4 \\ -37$	-3 -39	$-5 \\ -60$	-5 -34	$-2 \\ -132$	(*) -35	$-2 \\ -29$	(*) -34	$-1 \\ -34$	$-1 \\ -32$	$-2 \\ -26$
26 27	earnings ⁴ Other private liabilities U.S. Government liabilities	-937 -37	-277 -9	-251 -8	-223 -10	-185 -11	-124 -22	-84 -48	-585 -393	-153 -51	-142 -89	-143 -105	-146 -149	-139 -150	-132 -178
28	U.S. military grants of goods and services, net.		-9	-8	-10	-11	-22	-40	(*)	(*)	-89	(*)	(*)	-150	
29	Unilateral transfers (excluding military grants), net	-49	-9	-14	- 13	-14	-11	-14	-21	4	-6	-9	-9	8	(*)
30 31	U.S. Government grants (excluding military) U.S. Government pensions and other transfers					e	a		(*) -107	(*)		(*) -30	(*) -27	-27	-33
32	Private remittances and other transfers.	-22 -28	-4 -4	-6 -8	-5 -8	-6 -7	-6 -6		87	-\frac{23}{27}	-27 22	20	18	35	33
33	U.S. Government capital flows, net	131	-14	62	-11	95	-43	80	165	2	125	45	-7	-10	69
34 35	Loans and other long-term assets. Foreign currencies and other short-term assets, net	-52 -11	-10 -5	-17 19	-18 7	$-7 \\ -32$	-38 -8	-12 32	-67 15	$-22 \\ 5$	—14 	-15 16	-16 -6	-27 -4	-31 -9
36 37	Repayments on credits; Scheduled Nonscheduled ⁵	193		59	· 	134	3	60	118 99	19	40 99	44	16	22	36 72
38	U.S. private capital flows, net		-567	-72	- 133	273	-733	150	-1,235	-680	-445	-273	163	-612	-610
39 40	Direct investments abroad 4 Foreign securities	-642 -175	$-352 \\ -7$	-150 -7	$-102 \\ -128$	-38 -33	-257 -38	$-97 \\ -61$	-971 48	-476 51	-410 34	$ \begin{array}{r r} -262 \\ \hline -6 \end{array} $	177 -31	-570 -5	-424 5
41	Claims reported by U.S. banks:	-4	-1	9	9	-7	-40	-1	-52	-25	-4	-5	-18	-23	-41
42 43	Long-term Short-term, nonliquid Short-term, liquid	13 16	-40 30	$^{2}_{37}_{-22}$	2 13 5	3 3	-72 -5	-70 -6	19 10	7 42	-35 12	-30 (*)	-18 77 -44	-23 -38 20	-82 -13
44	Claims reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns:	6	-7	-2	4	11	-8	-4	-265	-283	-16	-6	40	16	7
45 46	Short-term, nonliquid Short-term, liquid	-20 308	-198	10 61	$-22 \\ 95$	-16 350	20 -333	17 72	-36 12	11 -7	$-14 \\ -12$	23 13	-56 18	-17 5	-2° -60
47	Foreign capital flows, net		-970	-190	224	-2,910	-755	1,219	8,576	823	1,612	2,979	3, 163	2,757	625
48 49	Direct investments in the United States 4	512 253	326 128	-22 -95	166 119	42 101	-42 68	-11 36	109 887	$-\frac{21}{78}$	89 247	11 242	30 320	79 191	-35 123
	U.S. nonliquid liabilities to private foreigners reported						55								
50 51	by U.S. nonbanking concerns: Long-term Short-term	773	39	134	242	358	-49	8	133	51	136	-66 55	12 150	91 -202	-5 -132
52+53	Short-term Long-term liabilities to all foreigners reported by U.S. banks.	487 -9	156 1	118 1	20 1	193 -12	-59 9	-58 -32	207 127	-5 14	7 56	2	55 55	-202 -7	-132 52
54	Nonliquid liabilities reported by U.S. Government: To foreign official reserve agencies								-621	- 556	-57	-3	-5		-4
55 56+57	To other official and private foreigners	-112	-21	-47	18	-63	10	-36	-19	-18	-69 1 000	53	15 2,586	-147 2,753	-13 639
58 58	U.S. liquid liabilities to all foreigners	·	-1, 599 1, 459	-280 296	-341 -377	-3, 529 469	-692 306	1, 312	7, 753 535	1, 280 532	1, 202 476	2, 685 433	2, 586 158	2, 753 25	331
59	Gold		., 200						179			20	159	25	392
60 61	SDR Convertible currencies Gold tranche position in IMF		1, 459	296	-377	469	306		356	-532	476	413	-1	(*)	-61
62 63	Gold tranche position in IMF Allocations of special drawing rights (SDR)														
64	Errors and omissions and transfers of funds between	2,841	288	42	529	1, 982	1, 234	-845	-8,538	67	-1,994	-3,093	-3,518	-2,278	— 199
	foreign areas, net.	.,				-,	_,		,						

Transactions, by Area

of dollars]

		Other	Western 1	Europe					East	ern Eu	ırope						Canada				
1970 †		19	70 †		19	71	1970		19	70		19	71	1970		19	70		19	71	Line
	I	II	III	IV	Ιτ	II Þ		I	II	III	IV	I,	II »		I	II	111	IV	I r	II »	
4,979 3, 287 152 101 49 595 35 70 91	852 44 21 9 134 9 18 17	1,257 837 35 27 13 155 9 18	1,147 726 26 30 16 162 9 18	1,321 872 47 23 11 144 9 18 33	1,352 895 27 17 10 139 9 19 26	1,310 843 48 30 14 167 9 19 20	368 	93 3 1 5 (*)	3 1 5 1	99 83 	114 103 3 1 5	129 116 	104 92 4 1 5	12,491 9,044 35 885 8 191 30 124 7	3,065 2,256 6 190 2 42 42 8 31	3,369 2,529 13 236 2 46 8 31	3,035 2,100 10 315 3 52 8 31 3	3,022 2,159 7 144 2 52 8 31 2	3, 283 2, 459 18 216 2 48 8 36	3,737 2,844 16 252 2 55 8 36 2	
140 229 131 99	31 67 32 22	38 50 35 26	33 42 31 28	39 70 33 23	29 126 31 24	37 69 33 23	7 8	2 1	2 1	2 5	2 1	1 2	1 1	357 972 836 1	82 254 195 (*)	84 204 215 (*)	96 211 207 (*)	95 303 219 1	88 195 214 (*)	95 212 215 1	10 1 1 1
231 -4,872 -2,408 -261 -475 -265 -512 -13 -30 -57	55 -1,101 -571 -71 -54 -40 -117 -3 -8 -11	85 -1,287 -604 -64 -148 -101 -126 -3 -8 -14	32 -1,325 -576 -66 -226 -82 -138 -3 -3 -8 -16	59 -1,160 -657 -60 -47 -42 -130 -3 -8 -16	93 -1,138 -647 -75 -56 -38 -124 -4 -9 -11	68 -1,431 -721 -59 -175 -121 -151 -4 -9 -17	-259 -218 -1 -24 -6 (*)	-64 -59 (*) -1 -1 (*)	-63 -52 (*) -7 -1 (*) -2	-67 -49 (*) -14 -2 (*) -2	-65 -58 -1 -2 -1 (*) -2	-64 -57 -1 -2 -2 (*)	-80 -65 -1 -10 -2 (*)	-12, 999 -10, 720 -253 -1, 049 -201 -4 -110 -10	-2,941 -2,565 -61 -85 -42 -1 -27 -3	-3,345 -2,801 -72 -233 -50 -1 -28 -3	-3,398 -2,520 -60 -571 -55 -1 -28 -2	-3,315 -2,834 -60 -160 -54 -1 -28 -2	-3, 255 -2, 860 -52 -103 -45 -1 -31 -3	$ \begin{array}{r} -3,798 \\ -3,281 \\ -52 \\ -242 \end{array} $ $ \begin{array}{r} -55 \\ -1 \\ -31 \\ -2 \end{array} $	1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2
-21 -67 -647 -117 -231	-2 -16 -177 -31 -55	-5 -17 -170 -27 -85	-7 -15 -159 -30 -32	-7 -19 -142 -28 -59	-2 -16 -128 -28 -93	-4 -19 -121 -31 -68	(*) -1 (*)	(*)	(*) (*) (*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*) (*)	-62 -39 -378 -174	-14 -11 -103 -30	-15 -8 -91 -43	-16 -3 -92 -50	-17 -17 -93 -50	-16 -21 -74 -50	-15 -8 -62 -49	2: 2: 2: 2: 2:
-247 -29 -91 -128 -94 -262 -7	-55 -8 -19 -28 -49 -80 -6	-64 -7 -24 -33 -35 -75 -7	-65 -6 -24 -35 13 -40 5	-63 -8 -24 -32 -23 -67	-60 -6 -24 -30 -16 -70 8	-70 -8 -29 -34 -50 -100 (*)	-30 -9 -8 -13 6 -48 20	$ \begin{array}{c c} -6 \\ -1 \\ -2 \\ -4 \\ 3 \\ -10 \\ 5 \end{array} $	$ \begin{vmatrix} -6 \\ -1 \\ -2 \\ -3 \\ -5 \\ -15 \\ 7 \end{vmatrix} $	-8 -3 -2 -3 10 -13 7	-10 -4 -2 -4 -2 -11 2	-6 -1 -2 -3 (*) -19 7	$ \begin{array}{c c} -6 \\ -1 \\ -2 \\ -3 \\ -6 \\ -21 \\ 8 \end{array} $	-88 -53 -35 -7 -10 (*)	-11 -11 (*) -4 -3 -3	-22 -14 -8 1 -5 6	-33 -13 -20 -2 -1 -1	-22 -14 -7 -2 (*) -2	-19 -14 -5 -10 -9 -1	-27 -16 -11 -3 -7 3	33 33 33 33 33
173 3 -237 -291 69	-73 -118 -36	44 3 32 -28 16	48 -79 -128 16	-117 -17 2	-388 -251 39	50 -113 -61 17	34 -14	8 -5	31	16 -2	7 -6	7	3	(*) 2 -1,572 -915 -475	-35 -192 -214	-493 -301	-318 -105 -169	(*) -725 -317 -129	-31 -97 -77	(*) -135 -2 -151	3 3 3 4
51 -35 -7	$-\frac{18}{17}$	-2 -4 (*)		-39 (*)	9 -141 -13	-53 -58 16	1 -12 (*)	-1 -9 (*)	(*) 2 (*)	(*) (*)	(*) -5 (*)	(*) -2	-1 3 1	96 -134 -123	2 27 147	-10 -46 -117	(*) 15 -6	104 -130 -147	44 10 56	$-\frac{2}{20}$	4 4 4
-3 -20 -527 70 414	-10 16 609 29 24	39 11 -392 14 109	-2 -13 -354 11 170	-30 -34 -390 17 110	3 -34 179 42 118	-8 34 1,019 51 75	-1 -2 12	5 -15	-3 23	-4 -16	20	7 -4	9	-108 -19 106 1,413 233 123	-11 -14 219 -30 143 -58	-8 13 -61 697 61 22	-40 46 -59 424 19 51	-49 -64 7 321 11 109	-11 44 -581 26 19	- 5 -10 16 -161 -39 -26	4. 4. 4. 4. 4. 4.
113 49 1	-9 -27 (*)	67 -8 (*)	20 19 2	35 -33 -1	45 -9 9	$^{35}_{-23}$ $^{-2}$	(*)	1	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	$-rac{9}{2}$	-31 (*)	-9 3	1 4 -2	1 7 1	(*)	$-2 \\ -56 \\ 1$	50 52+53
-4 -1 -1, 071 -25 26 -51	-2 5 589 -100 -4 -96	(*) -1 -573 47 1 46	-2 14 -588 5 7 -2	-19 -499 23 22	-2 (*) -24 127 60	-7 890 50 55 -5	(*)	-16	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	-2 11	1, 160 -11 -75 (*)	300 -1 -385 (*)	800 8 -192 (*)	-14 365 (*)	60 -4 137 (*)	-5 -621	-6 -111 (*)	56+5 56+5 56 66 66
1,023	-485	442	657	408	-56	-716	-133	-18	-48	-17	-51	-61	-24	763	-43	-206	292	720	613	388	6

Table 9.-U.S. International

												· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		[Millions
		Latin A	merican	Republi	es and Ot	her West	ern Hem	isphere				Japan			
Line	(Credits+; debits-) ^t			19	70†		19	71			19	70		197	71
		1970†	I	п	ш	IV	Ιr	IΙ»	1970	ı	11	m	IV	Ir	II p
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Exports of goods and services 2 Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military 3 Transfers under U.S. military agency sales contracts. Travel Passenger fares Other transportation Fees and royalties from unaffiliated foreigners Other private services. U.S. Government miscellaneous services.	10, 395 6, 494 41 879 156 360 48 232 67	2,452 1,502 10 198 33 80 12 57 16	2,707 1,637 11 233 41 93 12 58 17	2,565 1,594 12 227 47 97 12 59 16	2,672 1,761 8 221 35 89 12 57	2,503 1,595 9 197 38 84 13 64 17	2,712 1,647 9 225 36 95 13 65 18	5,914 4,648 25 101 70 303 201 36 23	1,422 1,106 6 21 15 69 50 9	1,441 1,128 4 26 17 78 50 9	1,489 1,176 10 27 18 82 50 9	1,561 1,238 5 27 20 74 50 9 8	1,457 1,093 7 27 21 71 63 10	1,345 1,002 5 35 23 82 63 10 7
10 11 12 13	Receipts of income on U.S. investments abroad: Direct investment fees and royalties. Direct investment interest, dividends and branch earnings 4 Other private assets. U.S. Government assets.	321 1, 081 553 164	75 301 132 35	89 329 142 45	78 254 135 32	79 197 144 51	74 251 131 31	96 330 130 48	87 94 297 29	22 36 77 7	24 18 75 8	22 9 72 7	20 32 73 6	18 57 71 9	32 18 61 9
14	Transfers of goods and services under U.S. military grant programs, net	25	6	6	6	7	7	7	(*)	(*)					
15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23	Imports of goods and services. Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military 3. Direct defense expenditures. Travel Passenger fares Other transportation. Fees and royalties to unaffiliated foreigners. Private payments for other services. U.S. Government payments for miscellaneous services.	-1, 200 -70	-2,188 -1,522 -38 -340 -21 -54 -1 -39 -41	-2,148 -1,529 -46 -285 -18 -60 -1 -43 -36	-2,028 -1,400 -43 -298 -16 -63 -1 -44 -45	-2,043 -1,462 -43 -277 -15 -59 -1 -38 -47	-2, 154 -1, 524 -41 -340 -19 -60 -1 -44 -41	-2, 190 -1, 613 -38 -295 -17 -64 -1 -48 -40	-7,415 -5,894 -670 -97 -70 -271 -4 -19 -21	-1,619 -1,268 -156 -14 -14 -63 -1 -5	-1,805 -1,408 -179 -32 -17 -66 -1 -5	-2,021 -1,630 -159 -36 -23 -71 -1 -5 -5	-1,971 -1,588 -177 -15 -16 -71 -1 -5 -6	-1,960 -1,599 -158 -16 -13 -74 -1 -6 -5	-2,257 -1,878 -157 -27 -15 -77 -1 -6 -4
24 25 26 27	Payments of income on foreign investments in the United States: Direct investment fees and royalties. Direct investment interest, dividends and branch earnings 4 Other private liabilities. U.S. Government liabilities.	-22 -446 -14	-5 -125 -3	-6 -121 -3	-6 -109 -4	-6 -91 -4	-5 -74 -5	-5 -60 -8	-4 -17 -261 -87	-1 -3 -64 -25	-1 -4 -65 -24	-1 -4 -67 -19	-1 -6 -66 -20	-1 -7 -54 -26	-1 -6 -48 -37
28	U.S. military grants of goods and services, net	25	-6	-6	-6	-7	-7	-7	(*)	(*)		 			
29 30 31 32	Unilateral transfers (excluding military grants), net. U.S. Government grants (excluding military) U.S. Government pensions and other transfers. Private remittances and other transfers.	-522 -262 -43 -217	-137 -71 -11 -55	-132 -66 -11 -56	-118 -59 -11 -49	-135 -66 -11 -57	-132 -66 -13 -52	-140 -71 -14 -55	-43 -10 -33	-10 -2 -8	-11 -3 -9	-11 -3 -9	-10 -2 -8	-9 -2 -7	-9 -3 -7
33 34 35	U.S. Government capital flows, net Loans and other long-term assets. Foreign currencies and other short-term assets, net	-507 -844 -6	-121 -200 (*)	-157 -245 -5	-100 -172 (*)	-129 -228 -1	-74 -154	-99 -189 -7	-161 9	-54 -54 1	-23 -48 5	$-\frac{8}{2}$	-36 2	-31 -81 3	-1 -58 1
36 37	Repayments on credits: Scheduled		78	93	72	100	76 4	97	92 121	25 81	21	29	18 40	47	27 29
38 39 40	U.S. private capital flows, net Direct investments abroad 4. Foreign securities. Claims reported by U.S. banks:	-1,477 -601 -135	-303 -135 -20	-335 -168 2	-304 -128 -21	-535 -170 -95	-7 -66 18	-302 -316 2	-650 -132 31	-36 10	-279 -50 22	199 9 5	-632 -55 -6	257 -41 -53	-284 -44 -139
41 42 43	Long-term. Short-term, nonliquid Short-term, liquid	-377 -11	-7 -51 15	$-\frac{-4}{109}$	-17 -1 -1	$ \begin{array}{r} 40 \\ -216 \\ -27 \end{array} $	56 37 -39	43 61 -23	-26 -466 8	1 143 1	$ \begin{array}{c c} -5 \\ -221 \\ -3 \end{array} $	-16 179 3	-567 7	-10 403 5	-100 -45 26
44 45 46	Claims reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns: Long-term. Short-term, nonliquid. Short-term, liquid	-177 -188	-40 -65	-7 -50	-110 -26	-20 -47	2 -15	13 -83	$\left\{ \begin{array}{c} 2 \\ -73 \\ 6 \end{array} \right.$	-16 -42 1	-8 -13 -1	22 -5 2	-13 4	-21 -10 -16	28 -6 -5
47 48 49	Foreign capital flows, net. Direct investments in the United States 4. U.S. securities other than Treasury issues	-520 39 66	345 17 20	237 12 -36	-936 10 16	-166 1 67	-329 16 22	368 8 16	1, 101 3 12	80 -10 1	-26 -47 2	54 -2 4	993 61 6	1,044 -31 2	2,244 60 13
50 51 52+53	U.S. nonliquid liabilities to private foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns: Long-term Short-term Long-term liabilities to all foreigners reported by U.S.	84 106 —114	-8 -42	-6 32 -18	19 37 -91	79 37 37	47 -18 -93	12 -23 -34	18 1 -269	-11 -19	3 -18 -60	$\begin{array}{c c} 2 \\ 22 \\ -98 \end{array}$	13 8 -92	1 22 -125	(*) -2 -132
54 55	banks Nonliquid liabilities reported by U.S. Government: To foreign official reserve agencies. To other official and private foreigners.				-11	3	4	-10	-2	-3	6	-5	-1		(*)
56+57	U.S. liquid liabilities to all foreigners	1	363	263	-916	-389	-307	415	1, 338	122	87	131	998	1, 176	2,426
58 59 60 61 62	Transactions in U.S. official reserve assets, net	131 131	7 7	9	4 4	111 111	(*)	4	119 119						
63 64	Allocations of special drawing rights (SDR) Errors and omissions, and transfers of funds between for-														
	eign areas, net	907	-54	-181	919	223	194	-351	913	11	702	282	-83	-759	-1,037

[†]Lines 38, 45, 46, and 64 have been revised. *Less than \$500,000(±). *Preliminary. Revised.

1. Credits,+: Exports of goods and services; unilateral transfers to U.S.; capital inflows (increase in U.S. liabilities or decrease in U.S. assets); decrease in U.S. official reserve assets.

Debits,—: Imports of goods and services; unilateral transfers to foreigners; capital outflows (decrease in U.S. liabilities or increase in U.S. assets); increase in U.S. official reserve assets.

2. Excludes transfers of goods and services under U.S. military grant programs.

3. Excludes exports of goods under U.S. military agency sales contracts identified in Census

Transactions, by Area-Continued

of dollars]

	Australi	a, New	Zealand	and Sout	th Africa			Oth	er count	ries in As	sia and A	frica		ı	nternatio	nal orga	nizations	and una	llocated	6	
		1	.970		19	71			19	70†		19	71			197	70		19	71	Line
1970	I	П	III	īv	Ir	IIp	1970†	I	II	III	IV.	Ιr	IIp	1970	I	II	III	IV	Ir	IIρ	
2,475 1,581 168	573 359 20 8 10	588 391	685 433	629 398 37	595 423 9	600 380 38 11	10, 136 5, 671 612	2, 408 1, 376	2,701 1,488 236 24	2, 353 1, 329	2,675 1,478	2,793 1,570 220	3, 101 1, 681 277	681	137	128	143	273	160	270	
48 61 24 36	14	22 11 15 15	685 433 89 14 15	8 8 15	7 10 15 7	16	95 56 572 24	98 15 9 131	236 24 15 144	2,353 1,329 97 33 21 147	2,675 1,478 181 23 11 150	17 11 137	26 15 145 7	221	51	54	58	57	55	58	
$\begin{array}{c} 24 \\ 36 \\ 1 \end{array}$	(*) ⁶	6 (*)	6 9 (*)	(*) ⁶	7 10 (*)	16 7 10 (*)	24 179 151	6 45 36	6 45 38	6 45 38	6 45 39	7 50 37	7 50 39	163	41	41	41	41	47	47	
145 293	36 99	39 54	28 60	42 80	41 61	40 56	165 2, 034	33 513	45 514	41 459	47 548	37 557	51 654	23 174	5 10	6 5	7 4	6 155	5 14	7 14 5	10
53 25	12 2	15 11	12 2	15 11	12 1	15 12	266 310	69 78	66 80	69 68	63 84	66 85	60 96	85 15	29 1	13 9	30 4	13	38 1	(*) ¹³	1
-1,367 -1,125	-339 -278	-317 -257	-370 -306 -12	-341 -284 -12	-278 -221	-368 -302	358 -7,754 -4,725	86 -1,857 -1,110	-1, 932 -1, 157	52 -2,015 -1,221	88 -1,950 -1,237	110 -1,853 -1,179	-2, 181 -1, 465	-915	-201	-204	-281	229	-193	-195	1. 1. 1.
-48 -40 -55 -34	-13 -11 -13	-12 -10 -14	-12 -11 -16 -9	-8 -12	-9 -15 -12	-12 -13 -15	-1, 936 -233 -47	-491 -41 -8 -53	-500 -55 -11 -59	-490 -81 -18 -60	-455 -56 -10 -62	-436 -50 -8 -63	-471 -57 -12 -65	-31 -578	-9 -126	 -9 -146	-8 -168	-5 -139	-10 -138	-11 -143	11 10 11 11 11 11 20 21 22 22 22
(*) -6 -23	(*) -2 -5	(*) -2 -6	(*) -2 -5	-8 (*) -2 -7	(*) -2 -5	(*) -2 -7	(*) -24 -247	(*) -6 -60	(*) -6 -61	(*) -6 -64	(*) -6 -62	(*) -7 -64	(*) -7 -66	-110	-12		-53	 -44			22
		<u>-</u>	/#b			,,,	-2	(*)	(*)	-1	_1	(*)	1								2
-1 -25 -10	(*) -6 -2	(*) -6 -2	(*) -7 -3	(*) -6 -3	(*) -6 -2	(*) -5 -3	(*) -237 -70	-70 -19	-64 -18	-56 -18	(*) -47 -16	-34 -11	(*) -27 -11	-75 -121	-20 -34	-18 -30	-18 -33	-18 -24	-15 -26	-14 -25	2 2 2
 -23	-5	6		-7		-5	-358 -1,971 -1,283	-86 -506 -332	-131 -499 -311	-52 -478 -308	-88 -488 -332	-110 -494 -332	-115 -595 -418	 155 155	-35 -35	-54 -54	-27 -27	-40 -40	51 51	-35 -35	29 30 31 31
-4 -19 -56	$-1 \\ -4 \\ -16$	$-1 \\ -5 \\ 10$	$-1 \\ -4 \\ -71$	$-1 \\ -6$	-1 -5 -35	-1 -4	-125 -563 -1, 240	-28 -145 -308	$-31 \\ -157 \\ -404$	-33 -137 -252	$ \begin{array}{r r} -33 \\ -124 \\ \hline -275 \end{array} $	-34 -128 -431	$ \begin{array}{r} -37 \\ -141 \\ -676 \end{array} $			-12	3	—15	-11	 -9	
-143 1	-19 (*)	-28 (*)	74 (*)	-21 -21 1	-35 -37 -1	-32 -2	-1,640 -48	-446 21	$-462 \\ -66$	-350 6	-382 -9	-725 76	-857 50	-53 -58	-29 -32	-12		-15	—13 	- 9	33
86	3	38	4	42	3	46	430 19	111 6	113 11	90	116	217	132	5	3		3		3		3'
-272 -270 12	-108 -128 4	-148 -122 3	27 13 4	-43 -34 2	-111 -72 2	-191 -147 18	-573 -397 -157	-244 -176 -41	-518 -397 -37	131 33 -23	57 142 -57	-325 -134 -47	-562 -294 -106	-386 -226 -159	10 38 -28	-11 -35 24	-244 -77 -166	-141 -152 10	-250 -59 -191	-279 -296 18	38 39 40
53 -27 -5	31 -9 -4	$^{13}_{-5}$	$ \begin{array}{c} -4 \\ -6 \\ 3 \end{array} $	13 -7 -2	-4 -15 -3	-28 -34 -1	52 4 -7	$-{}^{6}_{7}$	59 -81 -5	27 81 -1	-40 42 -8	$-2 \\ -94 \\ 9$	5 -90 -5	(*)	(*)	1	-1	(*)	(*)	i	4:
-16 -19	-2	-8 -27	-4 21	-4 11	-9 -11	-4 5	-15 -53	-14 11	-3 -54	7 7	-5 -17	-15 -42	-3 -69	{		-1					4 4 4
119 1 14	37 3 -1	45 -3 -7	11 4	27 (*) -2	60 (*) -13	264 -5	-414 2 102	513 (*) 12	-279 1 36	$-107 \\ 3 \\ 32$	-541 -1 22	-257 3 7	-33 1 -4	-90 346	208	-57 96	-249 91	8 59	267 145	40 -23	4'
13 32	2 9	5 5	4 9	2 9	9	10 -5	10 71	1 1	38	5 41	4 -9	$-\frac{2}{5}$	1 69								5 5
-8	-6	-4	6	-4	(*)	-18	-458	-127	-194	-68	-69	-40	5	-66	32		37	-135	-109	-40	52+5
-38 133	-7 37	44	-16 11	-19 41	19 40	-25 307	-230 89	22 605	-148 -12	-116	-100 -388	52 -282	12 -117	-370	76	-153	-377	84	231	103	5 5 56+5
11 11				11 11			165 165	-23 -23	4	42 42	142 142	17 17	-6 -6	-306 156 -851	-1, 197 -24 -920	190 -37	694 322 34	7 -142 140	-330 7 -592	459 11 196	56 56
													********	389	-253	227	406	9	255	252	6:
-889	-143	-172	-276	-298	-225	-311	1,651	17	928	326	381	550	952	- 867 358	867 240	20	-40	138	717 -309	-251	6

export documents, and imports of goods included under direct defense expenditures identified in Census import documents, and reflects various other balance-of-payments adjustments (for valuation, coverage, and timing) to Census statistics; see table 4.

4. Excludes reinvested earnings of foreign incorporated affiliates of U.S. firms or of U.S. incorporated affiliates of foreign firms.

5. Includes sales of foreign obligations to foreigners.

 $\,$ 6. Includes transactions with shipping companies operating under the flags of Honduras, Liberia, and Panama.

Note.—Details may not add to total because of rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Table 10.—Summary of Known Current and Long-Term Capital Transactions, by Area 1

[Millions of dollars]

Line	[Receipts by foreign areas (—)]	1970		19	70		19	71
			I	II	III	IV	I'	Πp
1 2 3 4 5	All areas, balances on: Merchandise trade ² . Goods and services. Goods, services and remittances. Current account. Current account and long-term capital ³ .	2, 110 3, 592 2, 182 444 -3, 038	659 1, 234 913 465 -1, 310	1, 003 1, 300 925 487 -899	160 -291 -657 -1,060 -1,535	288 1, 349 1, 002 552 706	425 1, 490 1, 165 709 -1, 280	-843 173 -197 -729 -3, 525
6 7 8 9 10	United Kingdom, balances on: Merchandise trade ² . Goods and services. Goods, services and remittances. Current account. Current account and long-term capital ³ .	302 427 476 476 266	43 -186 -195 -195 -104	128 -124 -138 -138 -263	$\begin{array}{r} 71 \\ -220 \\ -233 \\ -233 \\ -77 \end{array}$	60 105 91 91 557	134 3 -8 -8 -407	-120 -291 -305 -305 -391
11 12 13 14 15	European Economic Community, balances on: Merchandise trade ² Goods and services Goods, services and remittances Current account. Current account and long-term capital ³ .	1, 718 518 497 497 532	445 316 320 320 -321	584 234 228 228 360	350 -82 -91 -91 -85	339 50 41 41 579	227 110 118 118 -260	113 -216 -216 -216 -216 -530
16 17 18 19 20	Other Western Europe, balances on: Merchandise trade ² Goods and services Goods, services and remittances. Current account. Current account and long-term capital ³	879 107 -112 -140 188	281 153 106 98 24	233 -30 -87 -94 85	150 -177 -236 -242 -95	215 161 105 98 175	248 214 160 154 143	122 -121 -184 -191 -192
21 22 23 24 25	Eastern Europe, balances on: Merchandise trade ² Goods and services Goods, services and remittances. Current account Current account and long-term capital ³ .	150 160 139 130 136	34 41 35 35 37	37 38 33 32 27	34 32 27 24 36	45 49 43 39 37	59 65 60 59 61	27 24 19 18 9
26 27 28 29 30	Canada, balances on: Merchandise trade ² . Goods and services. Goods, services and remittances. Current account. Current account and long-term capital ³ .	-1, 676 -508 -596 -596 -1, 651	-309 124 113 113 -219	-272 25 3 -183	-420 -364 -397 -397 -656	-675 -293 -315 -315 -591	-401 28 9 9 -91	-437 -61 -88 -88 -242
31 32 33 34 35	Latin American Republics and Other Western Hemisphere, balances on: Merchandise trade ² . Goods and services. Goods, services and remittances. Current account. Current account and long-term capital ³ .	581 1, 988 1, 728 1, 466 199	-20 263 197 126 -202	108 560 493 428 23	194 536 476 418 54	299 628 560 493 326	71 349 284 217 197	34 522 453 382 5
36 37 38 39 40	Japan, balances on: Merchandise trade ² Goods and services Goods, services and remittances Current account Current account and long-term capital ³	-1, 246 -1, 502 -1, 545 -1, 545 -1, 577	-162 -197 -207 -207 -207 -207	-280 -365 -376 -376 -476	-454 -531 -542 -542 -515	-350 -409 -419 -419 -380	-506 -503 -512 -512 -697	-876 -912 -921 -921 -1,224
41 42 43 44 45	Australia, New Zealand, and South Africa, balances on: Merchandise trade ² Goods and services Goods, services and remittances Current account. Current account and long-term capital ³	456 1, 106 1, 083 1, 083 768	81 235 230 230 118	134 271 265 265 160	127 314 309 309 231	114 288 281 281 260	202 317 311 311 208	78 232 227 227 58
46 47 48 49 50	Other countries in Asia and Africa, balances on: Merchandise trade ² . Goods and services Goods, services and remittances. Current account. Current account and long-term capital ³ .	946 2, 382 1, 694 411 -1, 472	266 550 377 44 455	331 769 581 270 -635	108 338 168 -140 -312	241 725 568 237 —70	391 940 778 446 —129	216 920 742 325 —719
51 52 53 54 55	International organizations and unallocated, balances on: Merchandise trade ² Goods and services Goods, services and remittances Current account. Current account and long-term capital ³	-231 -231 -386 -544	-64 -64 -99 14	-75 -75 -129 -56	-137 -137 -164 -276	44 44 4 -229	-33 -33 -84 -309	75 75 40 -310

p Preliminary. r Revised.

1. Balance of payments by area on the net liquidity basis and the official reserve transactions basis lack validity because liquid dollar holdings of private and official foreigners may be affected not only by their transactions with the United States but also by transactions among themselves. The balances shown by area here have some shortcomings due to statistical discrepancies including errors, omissions, and incorrect area attributions.

Balances are derived from lines in table 2 (all areas) and table 9 (individual areas) as follows:

Merchandise trade	2, 16,	
(foods and services	1 15	
Goods, services and remittances	1, 15, 31, 3	3 2
	=, ==, ==, -	

^{1, 15, 29.} 1, 15, 29, 33, 39-41, 44, 48-50, 52, 55 (by area only part of line 52 is included). Current account_ Current account

Current account and long-term capital.

The balance on current account and long-term capital with "all areas" includes changes in long-term liabilities to all private foreigners reported by U.S. banks; with "international organizations" includes only liabilities to IBRD and affiliated organizations; and with other areas includes only liabilities to regional organizations. Increases in the long-term liabilities to other private foreigners included in the total, but not in the areas, amounted to (millions of dollars): 1970-I, 5; 1970-II, 63; 1970-III, 7; 1970-IV, 43; 1970 year, 118; 1971-I, 7; 1971-II, 11.

2. Adjusted to balance of payments basis; excludes exports under U.S. military agency sales contracts and imports under direct defense expenditures.

3. Includes some short-term U.S. Government assets; area data exclude long-term liabilities reported by U.S. banks other than to international and regional organizations (see footnote 1)

4. Net purchases of gold by U.S. private residents from U.S. monetary gold stock.

Note: Details may not add to totals because of rounding.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Office of Business Economics.

CURRENT BUSINESS STATISTICS

THE STATISTICS here update series published in the 1969 edition of Business Statistics, biennial statistical supplement to the Survey of Current Business. That volume (price \$3.00) provides a description of each series, references to sources of earlier figures, and historical data as follows: For all series, monthly or quarterly, 1965 through 1968 (1958-68 for major quarterly series), annually, 1939-68; for selected series, monthly or quarterly, 1947-68 (where available). Series added or significantly revised after the 1969 Business Statistics went to press are indicated by an asterisk (*) and a dagger (†), respectively; certain revisions for 1968 issued too late for inclusion in the 1969 volume appear in the monthly Survey beginning with the September 1969 issue. Also, unless otherwise noted, revised monthly data for periods not shown herein corresponding to revised annual data are available upon request.

The sources of the data are given in the 1969 edition of Business Statistics; they appear in the main descriptive note for each series, and are also listed alphabetically on pages 189-90. Statistics originating in Government agencies are not copyrighted and may be reprinted freely. Data from private sources are provided through the courtesy of the compilers, and are subject to their copyrights.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1968	1969	1970		1968			19	69			1	970		19	971
through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		nnual tot	·a]	II	III	IV	1	п	III	IV	I	11	III	IV	I	II
the 1707 ention of Desires Street	A		,42				Seas	onally a	djusted o	quarterly	totals at	annual	rates			

GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Quarterly Series

		, 								,						
NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT	İ]									
Gross national product, total †bil.\$	864, 2	929. 1	974.1	857. 4	875. 2	890. 2	906. 4	921.8	940. 2	948.0	956. 0	968. 5	983. 5	988. 4	1,020.8	1,043.1
Personal consumption expenditures, totaldo	536, 2	579. 6	615.8	529. 0	544.0	552. 5	564.3	575.8	584, 1	594, 2	604, 0	613. 8	620. 9	624. 7	644. 6	660. 9
Durable goods, total 9dododododo	84. 0 37. 5 34. 3	89. 9 40. 4 36. 3	88. 6 37. 1 37. 4	82. 4 36. 2 33. 8	86. 3 38. 9 35. 1	87. 0 39. 0 35. 0	89. 5 40. 1 35. 6	90. 6 39. 9 37. 0	89. 4 40. 4 36. 2	90, 3 41, 0 36, 2	88. 6 37. 8 37. 3	90. 7 39. 1 37. 6	90. 4 38. 8 37. 0	84. 9 32. 7 37. 6	97. 6 44. 1 39. 5	100. 8 45. 7 40. 4
Nondurable goods, total Q	230. 8 46. 3 115. 3 19. 0	247. 6 50. 3 122. 5 21. 1	264. 7 52. 6 131. 8 22. 9	227. 8 45. 3 114. 6 18. 6	233. 6 47. 4 116. 5 19. 2	236. 9 47. 7 117. 9 19. 4	241. 5 48. 5 120. 4 20. 2	246, 4 50, 6 121, 9 20, 8	249. 4 51. 0 122. 9 21. 5	253. 1 51. 1 124. 8 21. 9	259. 4 51. 6 128. 9 22. 5	262. 9 52. 1 131. 4 22. 6	265. 5 52. 4 132. 4 22. 9	270. 9 54. 2 134. 3 23. 5	272. 0 54. 9 135. 1 23. 8	279. 8 57. 0 138. 2 24. 3
Services, total Q	221. 3 31. 2 77. 3 15. 5	242. 1 33. 7 84. 0 16. 5	262, 5 36, 1 91, 2 17, 9	218. 8 30. 8 76. 6 15. 4	224. 1 31. 5 77. 8 15. 7	228. 6 32. 1 79. 7 15. 8	233. 4 32. 8 81. 4 16. 2	238. 9 33. 0 83. 0 16. 4	245. 2 34. 1 84. 7 16. 6	250, 8 35, 0 86, 9 16, 8	256. 1 35. 1 88. 7 17. 5	260. 2 35. 7 90. 3 17. 6	265, 0 36, 7 91, 8 18, 1	268. 9 36. 9 94. 1 18. 3	275. 0 37. 7 96. 4 18. 6	280, 4 38, 6 98, 6 18, 9
Gross private domestic investment, totaldo	126. 0	137. 8	135. 3	127. 0	126, 2	130. 7	134, 3	137. 0	141.8	138. 0	131. 2	134. 1	138. 6	137. 3	143.8	152, 4
Fixed investment	118. 9 88. 8 30. 3 58. 5 30. 1 29. 5 7. 1 6. 9	130. 4 98. 6 34. 5 64. 1 31. 8 31. 2 7. 4 7. 3	132, 5 102, 1 36, 8 65, 4 30, 4 29, 7 2, 8 2, 5	117. 4 87. 0 29. 6 57. 3 30. 5 29. 9 9. 6 9. 4	118. 5 88. 8 30. 0 58. 8 29. 7 29. 2 7. 7 7. 5	122. 6 91. 2 31. 2 60. 1 31. 4 30. 8 8. 1 8. 1	127. 6 95. 0 33. 1 61. 8 32. 7 32. 1 6. 6 6. 5	130. 2 96. 6 33. 0 63. 6 33. 6 33. 1 6. 8 6. 7	131. 4 100. 7 36. 0 64. 7 30. 7 30. 1 10. 4 10. 3	132. 3 102. 2 36. 0 66. 2 30. 1 29. 5 5. 7 5. 5	130. 8 100. 8 36. 1 64. 7 30. 0 29. 4 . 4 . 1	132. 1 102. 1 36. 6 65. 6 29. 9 29. 3 2. 1 1. 8	133. 5 104. 8 37. 3 67. 5 28. 7 28. 1 5. 1 4. 7	133. 6 100. 8 37. 1 63. 7 32. 8 32. 2 3. 7 3. 3	140. 6 104. 3 37. 9 66. 3 36. 4 35. 7 3. 2 3. 0	146. 7 107. 0 38. 2 68. 8 39. 7 39. 1 5. 7 5. 2
Net exports of goods and servicesdo Exportsdo Importsdo	2. 5 50. 6 48. 1	2. 0 55. 6 53. 6	3. 6 62. 9 59. 3	3. 4 50. 7 47. 3	3. 4 53. 1 49. 7	1.3 50.8 49.5	1. 4 48. 0 46. 6	1. 2 56. 9 55. 7	2. 8 58. 3 55. 5	2. 7 59. 2 56. 6	3. 5 61. 5 58. 0	4, 2 63, 2 59, 0	4. 0 63. 7 59. 7	2. 7 63. 2 60. 5	4. 2 66. 1 61. 9	r — . 5 r 66. 4 r 66. 9
Govt. purchases of goods and services, total_do Federal do National defense do State and local do	199. 6 98. 8 78. 3 100. 8	209. 7 99. 2 78. 4 110. 6	219. 4 97. 2 75. 4 122. 2	198. 0 98. 5 78. 3 99. 5	201. 6 99. 8 79. 1 101. 8	205. 7 100. 6 79. 4 105. 1	206. 5 99. 2 78. 3 107. 3	207. 8 97. 7 77. 5 110. 1	211. 5 100. 3 79. 4 111. 2	213. 0 99. 5 78. 4 113. 5	217. 3 100. 2 78. 9 117. 1	216. 5 96. 8 75. 1 119. 7	220. 1 96. 1 74. 2 124. 0	223. 7 95. 9 73. 2 127. 9	228. 2 96. 7 73. 0 131. 5	230. 2 95. 7 71. 8 134. 5
By major type of product: † Final sales, total	857. 1 422. 4 169. 6 252. 9 346. 6 88. 1	921. 7 449. 9 180. 9 269. 0 377. 4 94. 4	971. 3 465. 5 180. 8 284. 7 410. 3 95. 5	847. 8 417. 5 167. 4 250. 1 343. 0 87. 4	867. 5 428. 9 172. 4 256. 5 351. 4 87. 2	882. 1 433. 1 174. 0 259. 1 357. 6 91. 4	899. 8 441. 3 179. 1 262. 2 364. 0 94. 5	915. 0 447. 7 179. 6 268. 0 371. 9 95. 3	929. 8 452. 3 181. 3 271. 0 383. 0 94. 5	942, 3 458, 3 183, 4 274, 9 390, 6 93, 4	955. 6 461. 5 181. 5 279. 9 400. 8 93. 4	966. 5 466. 6 183. 7 282. 9 406. 2 93. 7	978. 4 469. 8 184. 9 284. 9 413. 7 94. 9	984. 7 464. 0 173. 1 290. 9 420. 6 100. 1	1,017.6 480.0 188.0 292.0 432.3 105.2	71,037.4 488.9 191.5 297.4 7439.8 108.6
Change in business inventoriesdo Durable goodsdo Nondurable goodsdo	7. 1 4. 9 2. 1	7. 4 4. 5 2. 9	2.8 6 3.4	9. 6 6. 7 2. 9	7. 7 4. 5 3. 1	8. 1 6. 0 2. 1	6. 6 3. 8 2. 8	6. 8 4. 7 2. 1	10. 4 6. 5 4. 0	5. 7 3. 0 2. 8	$-1.8 \\ 2.2$	$-2.1 \\ -2.0 \\ 4.0$	5. 1 4. 7 . 4	3. 7 -3. 4 7. 1	3. 2 3. 8 6	5. 7 2. 7 3. 0
GNP in constant (1958) dollars			1	1												
Gross national product, total †bil. \$	706. 6	724. 7	720.0	705. 3	712.3	716. 5	721. 4	724. 2	727.8	725, 2	719.8	721. 1	723. 3	715. 9	729. 7	r 738. 4
Personal consumption expenditures, totaldo	452. 7	469. 3	475. 9	448. 4	457. 7	460. 2	465. 7	469. 0	469. 9	472.6	474. 4	477.1	477. 9	474. 2	484. 8	492.3
Durable goods do Nondurable goods do Services do do do do do do do do do do do do do	81. 3 197. 1 174. 4	84. 8 202. 7 181. 8	81. 4 207. 3 187. 2	80. 0 195. 3 173. 1	83. 4 198. 6 175. 8	83. 3 199. 4 177. 5	85. 2 201. 6 178. 9	85, 6 202, 8 180, 6	84. 0 203. 0 182. 9	84, 4 203, 4 184, 8	82. 3 205. 7 186. 4	83. 8 206. 5 186. 8	82. 8 207. 3 187. 9	76. 6 209. 7 187. 9	86. 7 209. 2 188. 8	89. 2 213. 2 190. 0
Gross private domestic investment, totaldo	105. 2	109. 6	102. 2	106.8	104. 9	107. 7	108. 4	109. 4	112. 4	108. 2	101. 0	102.7	104. 0	101. 2	104. 7	109, 9
Fixed investment do Norresidential do Residential do Residential structures do Change in business inventories do	98. 8 75. 6 23. 2 6. 4	103, 2 80, 1 23, 1 6, 4	99. 9 78. 6 21. 3 2. 3	98. 0 74. 4 23. 7 8. 8	97. 9 75. 3 22. 6 7. 0	100, 3 76, 6 23, 7 7, 4	102. 8 78. 6 24. 1 5. 7	103. 5 79. 1 24. 4 5. 8	103. 2 81. 1 22. 1 9. 2	103. 3 81. 7 21. 6 4. 9	100, 7 79, 3 21, 4 . 3	100. 7 79. 4 21. 3 2. 0	100. 1 80. 1 20. 0 3. 9	98. 1 75. 5 22. 6 3. 1	102. 1 77. 5 24. 6 2. 6	105. 0 78. 7 26. 4 4. 9
Net exports of goods and servicesdo	1.0	.1	2, 4	1.8	1.6	3	5	3	.6	. 6	1.7	2.6	3. 2	2.1	2, 6	r-1.0
Govt. purchases of goods and services, total_do Federaldo State and localdo	147. 7 78. 1 69. 6	145. 6 73. 8 71. 9	139. 4 65. 4 74. 0	148. 2 78. 8 69. 4	148. 0 78. 4 69. 7	149. 0 78. 1 70. 9	147. 8 76. 3 71. 4	146, 1 73, 9 72, 1	144. 8 73. 2 71. 6	143. 8 71. 6 72. 2	142. 6 69. 4 73. 2	138. 7 65. 3 73. 4	138. 2 63. 8 74. 3	138. 3 63. 2 75. 2	137. 6 61. 5 76. 1	137. 1 60. 5 76. 6
w.D. to 4 D. Maria 1 Co. 1 A. 1 Ph. 1			_													_

r Revised. r Preliminary. †Revised series. Estimates of national income and product and personal income have been revised back to 1967 (see p. 13 ff. of the July 1971 SURVEY);

revisions prior to May 1970 for personal income appear on p. 22 ff. of the July 1971 Survey. \circ Includes data not shown separately.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1968 1969 1970	1968		19	969			19	70			197	71	
through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Annual total	īv	I	II	ш	IV	I	1 I	111	IV	I	II	III	IV

CENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS.

GENER	AL B	USIN	ESS I	NDIC	ATOF	RS()uart	erly S	eries-	-Con	tinue	ed				
NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT—Con. Quarterly Data Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates National income, total†	711. 1 514. 6	763. 7 565. 5	795. 9 601, 9	732. 7 533. 6	745. 9 545. 9	758. 9 559. 1	771. 7 573. 6	778. 2 583. 6	785. 8 593. 2	79 3. 4 598. 5	802, 2 606, 5	802, 1 609, 3	828. 3 627. 9	r 844. 5 639. 5		
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	464. 9 369. 2 17. 9 77. 8 49. 7 64. 2 49. 5 14. 7 21. 2	509. 6 405. 5 19. 0 85. 1 56. 0 67. 0 50. 3 16. 8 22. 6	541. 4 426. 6 19. 4 95. 5 60. 5 66. 9 51. 0 15. 8 23. 3	481. 6 382. 7 18. 2 80. 7 52. 0 65. 3 49. 8 15. 5 21. 3	491. 8 391. 8 18. 1 81. 9 54. 1 66. 7 50. 2 16. 5 22. 0	503. 7 402. 0 18. 4 83. 4 55. 3 67. 1 50. 5 16. 6 22. 6	516. 9 410. 4 20. 0 86. 5 56. 7 67. 1 50. 5 16. 6 22. 7	525. 8 417. 7 19. 6 88. 5 57. 8 67. 2 49. 8 17. 4 22. 9	534. 7 422. 5 20. 2 92. 1 58. 5 68. 0 50. 2 17. 8 23. 0	538. 5 424. 4 19. 5 94. 5 60. 0 67. 6 51. 0 16. 6 23. 2	545. 2 429. 4 19. 2 96. 6 61. 3 66. 0 51. 4 14. 5 23. 4	547. 2 429. 9 18. 6 98. 6 62. 1 65. 9 51. 5 14. 4 23. 7	562. 3 441. 2 19. 2 101. 8 65. 7 66. 0 51. 2 14. 8 23. 8	572. 4 449. 8 18. 6 104. 0 67. 1 66. 7 51. 5		
Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment, total	84. 3 11. 3 73. 0 41. 7 19. 3 22. 4 10. 6 20. 7	78. 6 12. 1 66. 5 36. 0 17. 5 18. 4 10. 0 20. 6	70. 8 12. 8 58. 1 29. 5 16. 6 13. 0 8. 0 20. 5	84. 7 11. 8 72. 9 41. 6 19. 1 22. 5 10. 3 21. 0	82. 7 12. 0 70. 7 39. 3 18. 2 21. 1 10. 6 20. 8	80. 7 12. 3 68. 4 36. 9 18. 0 18. 9 10. 4 21. 0	78. 0 12. 2 65. 8 34. 8 17. 0 17. 8 9. 8 21. 2	73. 3 12. 0 61. 3 33. 0 16. 9 16. 1 9. 1 19. 2	69. 8 11. 3 58. 5 31. 1 16. 7 14. 3 8. 2 19. 2	71. 5 12. 1 59. 4 31. 5 16. 5 14. 9 7. 8 20. 1	73. 0 13. 5 59. 5 30. 6 16. 8 13. 8 7. 9 20. 9	69. 0 14. 0 54. 9 25. 0 16. 2 8. 8 8. 1 21. 9	75. 5 14. 1 61. 4 32. 4 16. 4 16. 0 7. 3 21. 6	13. 6 7 64. 7 33. 3 17. 3 16. 1 7. 7		
Corporate profits before tax, total do Corporate profits tax liability do Corporate profits after tax. do Dividends. do Undistributed profits do Inventory valuation adjustment do Net interest. do DISPOSITION OF PERSONAL INCOME† Quarterly Data Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates	87. 6 39. 9 47. 8 23. 6 24. 2 -3. 3 26. 9	84, 2 39, 7 44, 5 24, 4 20, 0 -5, 5 29, 9	75. 4 34. 1 41. 2 25. 0 16. 2 -4. 5 33. 0	89. 0 40. 4 48. 5 24. 3 24. 3 -4. 2 27. 8	88. 7 41. 8 46. 9 24. 0 22. 9 -6. 0 28. 6	86. 9 41. 0 45. 9 24. 2 21. 6 -6. 3 29. 4	81. 2 38. 2 43. 0 24. 7 18. 3 -3. 2 30. 2	80. 0 37. 7 42. 3 24. 9 17. 4 -6. 7 31. 1	75. 6 34. 1 41. 5 25. 0 16. 6 -5. 8 31. 8	75. 8 34. 5 41. 3 24. 9 16. 4 -4. 2 32. 6	78. 5 35. 6 42. 9 25. 2 17. 7 -5. 5 33. 4	71. 6 32. 3 39. 2 25. 0 14. 3 -2. 6 34. 2	79. 1 36. 2 42. 9 25. 6 17. 3 -3. 5 35. 0	7 83. 3 37. 4 7 46. 0 25. 4 7 20. 5 -5. 1		
Personal income, total	688. 9 97. 9 591. 0 551. 2 39. 8	750. 3 116. 2 634. 2 596. 3 37. 9	803. 6 115. 9 687. 8 633. 7 54. 1	712. 6 107. 1 605. 5 568. 1 37. 3	726. 8 113. 6 613. 2 580. 4 32. 8	743. 1 117. 2 625. 9 592. 4 33. 4	759. 3 116. 1 643. 2 600. 9 42. 3	772. 2 117. 8 654. 5 611. 4 43. 1	784. 3 116. 7 667. 6 621. 5 46. 2	803. 8 118. 0 685. 7 631. 5 54. 2	809. 8 113. 5 696. 2 638. 9 57. 4	816. 7 115. 2 701. 5 643. 0 58. 5	834. 3 112. 7 721. 6 663. 2 58. 4	114.0 740.8 679.9		
EXPENDITURES Unadjusted quarterly or annual totals:‡ All industries bil. \$ Manufacturing do Durable goods industries ¶ do Nondurable goods industries ¶ do.	67. 76 28. 37 14. 12 14. 25	75. 56 31. 68 15. 96 15. 72	79. 71 31. 95 15. 80 16. 15	19. 03 8. 10 4. 16 3. 94	16. 04 6. 58 3. 36 3. 22	18. 81 7. 82 3. 98 3. 84	19. 25 8. 16 4. 03 4. 12	21. 46 9. 12 4. 59 4. 53	17. 47 7. 14 3. 59 3. 56	20. 33 8. 15 4. 08 4. 07	20. 26 7. 99 3. 87 4. 12	21. 66 8. 66 4. 26 4. 40	17. 68 6. 69 3. 11 3. 58	7 20. 60 7 7. 55 7 3. 52 7 4. 03	r1 20. 55 r 7. 45 r 3. 60 r 3. 86	1 22, 61 8, 42 4, 08 4, 34
Nonmanufacturing do Mining do Railroad do Air transportation do Other transportation do Public utilities do Electric do Gas and other do Communication do Commercial and other do	39. 40 1. 63 1. 45 2. 56 1. 59 10. 20 7. 66 2. 54 6. 83 15. 14	43. 88 1. 86 1. 86 2. 51 1. 68 11. 61 8. 94 2. 67 8. 30 16. 05	47. 76 1. 89 1. 78 3. 03 1. 23 13. 14 10. 65 2. 49 10. 10 16. 59	10. 93 . 40 . 38 . 66 . 47 2. 90 2. 16 . 74 2. 00 4. 13	9. 45 . 42 . 38 . 68 . 38 2. 36 1. 88 . 48 1. 81 3. 41	10. 99 . 48 . 44 . 66 . 46 2. 99 2. 22 . 77 2. 00 3. 97	11. 10 . 47 . 49 . 53 . 40 3. 03 2. 23 . 80 2. 11 4. 07	12. 34 . 49 . 55 . 64 . 44 3. 23 2. 61 . 62 2. 39 4. 60	10. 32 . 45 . 42 . 73 . 28 2. 54 2. 15 . 39 2. 14 3. 76	12. 18 . 47 . 80 . 31 3. 28 2. 59 . 69 2. 59 4. 26	12. 27 . 46 . 46 . 74 . 30 3. 58 2. 79 . 78 2. 56 4. 16	12. 99 . 50 . 43 . 76 . 33 3. 74 3. 12 . 63 2. 81 4. 42	10. 99 . 49 . 34 . 34 . 28 3. 11 2. 70 . 41 2. 50 3. 94	r 13. 06 r . 54 r . 47 r . 60 r . 36 r 3. 83 r 3. 20 r . 63 2. 81 r 4. 44	r 13. 10 r . 52 r . 43 r . 37 r . 34 r 4. 12 r 3. 38 r . 73	14. 19 . 54 . 40 . 54 . 34 4. 46 3. 83 . 64
Seas. adj. qtrly. totals at annual rates:‡ All industries				69. 05 28. 70 14. 39 14. 31	72, 52 29, 99 15, 47 14, 52	73. 94 31. 16 15. 98 15. 18	77. 84 33. 05 16. 53 16. 52	77. 84 32. 39 15. 88 16. 50	78. 22 32. 44 16. 40 16. 05	80, 22 32, 43 16, 32 16, 11	81. 88 32. 15 15. 74 16. 40	78. 63 30. 98 14. 92 16. 05	79. 32 30. 46 14. 21 16. 25	7 81. 61 7 30. 12 7 14. 06 7 16. 06	r1 82. 38 r 29. 74 r 14. 53 r 15. 21	1 82, 42 30, 22 14, 45 15, 76
Nonmanufacturing do				40. 35 1. 52 1. 34 2. 87 1. 75 10. 63 7. 74 2. 89 7. 34 14. 91	1. 83 1. 68 2. 89 1. 87 11. 52 8. 62 2. 90 7. 74 15. 00	42. 78 1. 88 1. 76 2. 22 1. 66 11. 68 8. 71 2. 97 7. 92 15. 67	1. 89 2. 06 2. 23 1. 65 11. 48 8. 98 2. 50 8. 71 16. 78	1. 85 1. 94 2. 80 1. 63 11. 80 9. 36 2. 44 8. 76 16. 67	45. 78 1. 92 1. 74 2. 94 1. 37 12. 14 9. 77 2. 37 9. 14 16. 52	47. 79 1. 84 1. 88 2. 88 1. 12 12. 72 10. 15 2. 57 10. 38 16. 98	49. 73 1. 86 1. 96 3. 24 1. 22 13. 84 11. 34 2. 50 10. 62 17. 00	47. 66 1. 94 1. 56 3. 08 1. 22 13. 68 11. 20 2. 48 10. 20 15. 97	48. 86 2. 04 1. 46 1. 29 1. 33 14. 64 12. 16 2. 48 10. 70 17. 39	7 51. 50 7 2. 08 7 1. 88 7 2. 28 7 1. 40 7 14. 91 7 12. 61 7 2. 30 11. 21 7 17. 72	7 52. 64 7 2. 10 7 1. 78 7 1. 58 7 1. 32 7 16. 05 7 13. 69 7 2. 36	52. 20 2. 09 1. 46 2. 21 1. 23 16. 36 13. 83 2. 53
U.S. BALANCE OF INTERNATIONAL PAYMENTS of Quarterly Data Are Seasonally Adjusted																
(Credits +; debits -) Exports of goods and services (excl. transfers under military grants) mil. \$ Merchandise, adjusted, excl. military do Transfers under U.S. military agency sales contracts. mil. \$ Receipts of income on U.S. investments	50, 623 33, 588 1, 395	55,600 36,490 1,515	62, 903 41, 980 1, 480	12, 701 8, 378 357	11, 995 7, 510 407	14, 222 9, 490 329	14, 574 9, 602 442	14, 811 9, 888 336	15, 374 10, 241 274	15, 806 10, 582 447	15, 930 10, 696 327	15, 795 10, 461 433	7 16,547 7 11,030 507	· ·		
abroadmil. \$ Other servicesdo	1	10,539 7,056	11, 409 8, 034	2,339 1,627	2, 471 1, 607	2,585 1,818	2,716 1,814	2,767 1,820	2, 925 1, 934	2,791 1,986	2, 855 2, 052	2,839 2,062	r 2, 897 r 2, 113	2, 134		
Imports of goods and services do Merchandise, adjusted, excl. military do Direct defense expenditures do Payments of income on foreign investments in the U.S. mil. \$ Other services. do Payments of Payments of Income on foreign investments in the U.S. mil. \$ Other services.	$ \begin{array}{r} -32,964 \\ -4,535 \\ -3,013 \\ -7,621 \end{array} $	-4, 856 -4, 564 -8, 339			-7, 589 -1, 198 -929 -1, 941	$\begin{bmatrix} -1,078 \\ -2,095 \end{bmatrix}$	$ \begin{bmatrix} -9,278 \\ -1,221 \end{bmatrix} $ $ \begin{bmatrix} -1,242 \\ -2,125 \end{bmatrix} $	-1,315 $-2,179$	$ \begin{array}{r} -9,728 \\ -1,182 \\ \hline -1,348 \\ -2,235 \end{array} $	-1,322 $-2,353$	-1,284 $-2,448$	-10, 319 -1, 203 -1, 213 -2, 390	r—10,761 r—1,174 r—1,137 r—2,328	-1,756 -1,220 -1,084 -2,594		

r Revised. preliminary. 1 Estimates (corrected for systematic biases) for July—Sept. and Oct.—Dec. 1971 based on expected capital expenditures of business. Expected expenditures for the year 1971 appear on p. 14 ff. of the Sept. 1971 Survey. 2 Includes communication. †See corresponding note on p. S-1. Q Includes inventory valuation adjustment. †Revised series; explanation of revisions and annual and quarterly data back to 1947 appear on pp. 25 ff. of the Jan. 1970 Survey; see also pp. 19 ff. of the Feb. 1970

Survey. ⊕Personal outlays comprise personal consumption expenditures, interest paid by consumers, and personal transfer payments to foreigners. §Personal saving is excess of disposable income over personal outlays. ¶Data for individual durable and nondurable goods industries components appear in the Mar., June, Sept., and Dec. issues of the Survey. ♂Revised; more complete details, as well as revised quarterly data back to 1966, appear on p. 24 ff. of the June 1971 Survey.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in	1968	1969	1970	190	68		19	69			19	70			1971	
the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	A	nnual to	tal	III	IA	I	II	ш	ıv	I	II	III	IV	I	II »	III
GENER	RAL B	USIN	ESS I	INDIC	CATO	RS—	Quart	erly S	Series	—Cor	ıtinu	ed		<u>'</u>		
U.S. BALANCE OF INTERNATIONAL PAYMENTS §—Con,]]						
Quarterly Data Are Seasonally Adjusted																
Unilateral transfers, excl. military grants, net mil. \$	-2,875	-2,910	-3,148	-758	-779	-630	-839	-693	-749	-756	-753	-803	-836	-770	-842	
U.S. Government capital flows, netdo	-2,268	! !	-1,593	-570	-363	-411	-630	-691	-461	-423	-366	-394	-410	r -598	-609	
U.S. private capital flows, netdo Foreign capital flows, netdo Transactions in U.S. official reserve assets, net	-5, 383 9, 411	-5,424 12,306	7-6, 914 5, 824	-1,692 2,409	-1,662 3,515	-1, 494 3, 338	-1,889 3,989	-1,380 3,458	-662 1,523	r-1,941 r 1,817	r-1,579 r 1,006	r -1,748 r 1,586	-1,647 -1,416	2,615	-1,967 $4,937$	
mil. \$	-880	-1, 187	2, 477	-571	-1,076	-48	-299	-686	-154	264	805	584	824	682	659	
Allocation of special drawing rights (SDR)do Errors and omissions, netdodo	-493	-2,603	867 r-1, 104	332	47	-1,092	-628	717	-166	217 -59	217 r-375	217 r-437	216 -233	180 r—1,026	179 -2, 335	
Balance on goods and servicesdodo Balance on goods, services, and remittancesdo	2, 489 1, 321	2, 011 745	3,592 2,182	848 525	317 26	338 52	296 -22	708 386	669 328	881 543	1, 045 683	995 63 6	670 319	r 1, 147 r 805	-379	
Balance on current accountdoBalance on current account and long-term capital	-386	—899 	444	90	-462	-292	-543	15	-80	125	292	192	-166	7 377	-864	
mil. \$	'	-2,879	-3,038	-433	-754	-147	-2,019	-1,070	356	-1, 297 r-1,254	-570 r-868	-340		r-1,306	-3, 141	
Net liquidity balancedo Official reserve transactions balancedo Liquidity balance, excluding SDRdo	$ \begin{array}{c c} -1,610 \\ 1,641 \\ 172 \end{array} $	$\begin{bmatrix} -6,084 \\ 2,702 \\ -6,958 \end{bmatrix}$	r -3, 821 -9, 821 -4, 721	-357 327 65	-531 -410 111	-1,234 $1,337$ $-1,469$	-3,019 1,659 -3,287	$ \begin{array}{r} -1,996 \\ -679 \\ -2,366 \end{array} $	163 384 164	7-2,864 7-1,629	r = 1,404	r-675 r-2,075 r-1,154	r-3,478 r-1,194	-5,538	r-5,751 r-5,706 r-5,995	
Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1969	1970		·	197	70			1			19	71	<u>.</u>		l
through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anı	ıual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
	GENEI	RAL I	BUSIN	NESS	INDI	CAT	ORS-	-Mon	thly	Series	<u> </u>		<u> </u>			1
PERSONAL INCOME, BY SOURCE †			Ī	· ·					<u> </u>			<u> </u>		<u> </u>	1	
Seasonally adjusted, at annual rates: † Total personal incomebil. \$	750, 3	803, 6	805. 3	809.0	814.9	813. 6	815, 7	820. 9	830.0	833, 2	839. 7	844, 4	850.0	870.1	r 859. 2	868.
Wage and salary disbursements, totaldo	509, 6	541.4	543. 0	545. 1	548.7	544. 2	545. 9	551. 5	559, 2	561. 5	566. 1	569. 0	573.3	574.8	574. 7	581.
Commodity-producing industries, total.do Manufacturingdo Distributive industriesdo	197. 4 157. 6 120. 0	200. 7 158. 3 129. 1	201. 4 159. 4 130. 1	201. 6 158. 9 130. 8	201. 3 159. 0 131. 3	196. 6 153. 8 131. 9	196. 6 153. 2 132. 2	202. 1 158. 4 131. 4	202. 8 159. 4 134. 2	202. 5 159. 2 135. 4	204. 3 160. 2 136. 8	205. 4 160. 6 137. 6	207. 1 162. 0 138. 7	207. 5 162. 4 138. 6	7 206. 2 7 161. 4 7 138. 6	207. 162. 140.
Service industriesdo	88. 1 104, 1	96. 7 114. 8	96, 8 114, 7	97. 2 115. 5	97. 8 118. 3	98. 8 116. 8	99. 8 117. 3	100. 4 117. 7	101.9 120.3	102. 4 121. 2	103.3 121.6	103. 9 122. 1	105.0 122.6	105.7 123.0	7 106. 3 123. 6	107. 126.
Government do Other labor income do Proprietors' income:	28. 2	30.8	30. 9	31, 2	31, 4	31.7	32. 0	32. 2	32, 4	32, 6	32. 8	33. 1	33. 4	33.7	33. 9	34.
Business and professional do Farm do	50. 3 16. 8	51. 0 15. 8	51. 4 15. 2	51. 4 14. 6	51, 4 13, 9	51. 5 14. 2	51. 4 14. 5	51. 5 14. 6	51, 2 14, 7	51. 1 14. 8	51. 3 14. 9	51. 4 15. 1	51. 5 15. 2	51.6 15.3	51. 7 7 16. 1	51. 17.
Rental income of personsdo	22. 6	23. 3	23.3	23, 4	23, 5	23. 5	23. 7	23.8	23. 9	23. 5	24.0	24. 1	24.2	24.3	24. 4	24.
Dividendsdo Personal interest incomedo	24. 4 58. 8	25. 0 64. 7	64.9	25. 2 65. 6	25. 4 66. 3	25. 4 66. 5	25. 5 66. 7	23. 9 66. 8	25, 6 66, 9	25. 7 67. 0	25. 5 67. 0	25. 5 67. 3 89. 8	25. 6 67. 5 90. 5	25. 2 67. 5 109. 0	25. 6 7 68. 1 7 96. 2	25. 68. 96.
Transfer payments do Less personal contributions for social insurance	65. 9 26. 3	79, 6 28, 0	79.9	80. 8 28. 3	82, 9 28, 5	84. 7 28. 2	84. 5 28. 3	85, 1 28, 6	86. 8 30. 7	87. 8 30. 8	89. 1 31. 1	31.1	31, 3	31.4	7 31, 5	31.
bil. \$ Total nonagricultural incomedo	727.7	781. 4		788.1	794. 2	792, 5	795.0	800. 5	808.7	811. 6	818. 0	822. 5	827. 9	848.0	7 836. 4	844.
FARM INCOME AND MARKETINGS ‡	/	102.2	102.0	,,,,,	/0.11.2		100.0	0000	00011	0241				0201		
Cash receipts from farming, including Government	51, 911	E0 040	4 150	7 004	4 500	E 047	5, 183	4 022	4, 283	3, 406	3, 557	2 402	2 442	3, 763	C 146	
payments, total; mil. \$ Farm marketings and CCC loans, totaldo	48, 117	52, 948 49, 231	4, 152 3, 948	7, 024 3, 901	4, 582 4, 539	5, 847 5, 750	5, 153	4, 233	4, 242	3, 383	3, 543	3, 493	3, 443 3, 428	3, 744	6, 146	4, 23
Crops	19, 527 28, 590	19, 636 29, 595	1, 500 2, 448	1, 486 2, 415	1, 980 2, 559	2, 965 2, 785	2, 884 2, 269	1, 999 2, 202	1, 929 2, 313	1, 113	1, 082 2, 461	976 2, 442	952 2, 476	1, 246 2, 498	7 1,609 7 2,377	1, 71 2, 52
Dairy productsdo do Meat animals do	6, 206 17, 639	6, 523 18, 497	546 1, 513	530 1, 508	521 1, 633	542 1.852	519 1, 374	1, 267	1, 400	525 1, 434	587 1, 539	581 1, 527	618 1, 521	585 1,558 334	r 1, 443	1, 59
Poultry and eggsdo	4, 426	4, 303	368	359	388	374	360	354	327	286	313	308	310	334	7 348	36
Indexes of cash receipts from marketings and CCC loans, unadjusted:⊙ All commodities⊙	113	115	111	110	128	162	145	118	119	95	100	96	96	105	112	11
Crops do Livestock and products do	106 118	106 122	98 121	97 119	129 127	193 138	188 112	130	126 114	72	70	64	62	81 124	r 105	111
Indexes of volume of farm marketings, unadjusted:																
All commodities	105 110	104 103	97	99 92	113 116	148 181	137 183	135	122 145	67	85 58	48		91 68	7 101 7 100	10 10
Livestock and productsdodo	101	104	103	105	110	122	103	103	104	95	106	106	107	109	r 102	1
Federal Reserve Board Index of Quantity Output									1							
Unadjusted, total index 71967=100	110.7	106.7	103.4	107.1				_	.			106.5	7 107. 3	r 109. 4	r 101.9	105. 3
By market groupings: Final productsdo	109.0	104.4	102.1	104.5				-	.			102.9		r 107. 1		104.9
Consumer goodsdodododo	111. 1 117. 4	110. 3 99. 9	87.2	112, 4 75, 2						-	-	113.6	127.2	r 130.6	7 95.1	118.0
Home goods and clothingdo Equipmentdo	108. 8 106. 1	104. 7 96. 1	97. 6 94. 3	107.7 93.5								- 106.9 - 88.0		r 110.8 r 89.9	7 99.2 7 86.1	109.5 86.4
Materialsdo	112.4	107.8	102. 2	107.3				-	.	-)	.	109.0	r 110. 8	110.5	r 99.6	102.
By industry groupings: Manufacturingdo	110.5	105. 2	101.6	104.9								105.0	, 106. 0	r 107.9	r 99.5	102.9
Durable manufactures do Nondurable manufactures do do Nondurable manufactures do do do do do do do do do do do do do		101. 5 110. 6	97.4	99.3			.	_	.1		-l- -	. 100.4	· • 101. 7	r 102.5	r 92. 6	94.
Mining and utilitiesdo			118.2			i			1	+	1			r 120.6	1	124.

^{*}Revised. * Preliminary. \$See note "\$\sigma" on p. S-2. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ to See corresponding note on p. S-1. \$\frac{1}{2}\$ Series revised beginning 1967; monthly data prior to May 1970 are shown in the Farm Income Situation, July 1970 and July 1971, available from the U.S. Dept. of Agriculture, Economic Research Service. \$\sigma \text{ONew reference base, 1967=100; comparable data for earlier periods will be shown later.} \$\sigma \text{Includes data for items not shown separately.} \$\sigma \text{ZEffective}\$

tive with the September Survey the industrial production index comparison base has been updated from the 1957-59 average to the single year 1967. All revisions have been carried back in detail to 1954. Historical data are available upon request from the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Washington, D.C.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1969 p	1970 >			1	970						19	71			
through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	An	nual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug. p
	GEN	IERAI	BUS	SINES	SS IN	DICA	TOR	S—Co	ntinı	ıed	<u>' </u>	<u> </u>			<u>.</u>	
INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION Continued									ļ							
Federal Reserve Index of Quantity Output—Con.																
Seasonally adjusted, total index o 1967=100 By market groupings: o do Products, total	109.7	106. 7	107. 5	7 107. 5 106. 5	106, 5	r 103. 7	102.6	7 104. 6 104. 2	7 105. 3 104. 6	7 105. 7 105. 0	105.5	105. 5	*107.0 105.9	7107.0 105.9	7106. 0 106. 1	105.1 105.7
Final products do Consumer goods do	109.0 111.1	104, 4 110, 3	105, 5 112, 2	104.9 111.6	103, 5 110, 1	101. 4 109. 0	100. 2 107. 7	102. 2 110. 8	102. 9 112. 8	103. 0 112. 9	102. 5 112. 7	103. 6 114. 6	103.9 115.7	104.3 115.9	104.3 115.8	104. 1 115. 5
Durable consumer goodsdo Automotive productsdo Autosdo Auto parts and allied goodsdo	113, 7 117, 4 111, 4 128, 9	104. 8 99. 9 86. 6 125. 6	111. 0 112. 7 105. 3 126. 7	110. 3 111. 2 103. 9 125. 4	102, 2 91, 1 70, 4 130, 9	97, 1 77, 6 51, 1 128, 7	95. 5 76. 0 51. 8 122. 3	102. 9 110. 0 88. 6 122. 2	108, 4 110, 9 104, 1 124, 1	111, 1 117, 8 112, 8 127, 4	111. 7 117. 8 112. 2 128. 6	112, 2 113, 7 103, 2 133, 9	117. 2 123. 1 108. 3 151. 4	115.8 121.3 107.9 147.1	115, 7 120, 2 107, 9 144, 2	114. 5 120. 8 108. 5 144. 5
Home goods Qdo Appliances, TV, and radiosdo Carpeting and furnituredo	111. 6 107. 7 115. 7	107. 6 103. 4 108. 4	110. 3 108. 5 110. 4	109, 9 109, 9 108, 0	108, 6 106, 7 108, 6	108. 3 109. 8 108. 8	106, 6 107, 6 108, 6	104, 6 104, 5 106, 3	106, 5 104, 9 106, 4	106. 5 102. 5 110, 1	108. 2 107. 9 108. 3	111. 4 116. 4 110. 7	113.9 120.7 111.7	112.7 116.9 113.6	113. 1 115. 5 116. 1	110.8
Nondurable consumer goodsdo Clothingdo Consumer staplesdo	110, 1 105, 6 111, 4	112, 4 101, 2 115, 4	112.8 101.5 115.8	112, 1 100, 9 115, 2	113. 0 110. 5 116. 4	113. 5 100. 0 117. 2	112. 3 96. 3 116. 6	113. 8 99. 1 117. 7	114. 6 99. 7 118. 5	113. 8 97. 3 118. 1	113. 1 96. 9 117. 4	115, 5 101, 0 119, 4	115. 1 102. 6 118. 5	116.0 103.3 119.3	115.9 119.3	115.8 119.4
Consumer foods and tobaccodo Nonfood staplesdo	107. 3 115. 6	110, 6 120, 4	109. 3 122. 8	109, 9 120, 7	110. 6 122. 6	111. 9 122. 9	112. 5 120. 9	112, 8 122, 9	114, 0 123, 2	112. 6 123. 9	111. 8 123. 2	112. 7 126. 4	113. 2 124. 2	113.5 125.3	111.5 127.6	112. 1 126. 9
Equipmentdo. Business equipmentdo. Industrial equipment Qdo Building and mining equipment.do Manufacturing equipmentdo	106. 1 107. 9 103. 6 106. 3 99. 3	96. 1 101. 1 98. 8 95. 9 91. 8	96. 2 102. 5 99. 9 93. 5 92. 1	95. 5 101. 7 97. 6 92. 9 90. 0	94. 2 100. 5 98. 0 91. 5 91. 8	90. 8 95. 9 94. 6 91. 7 86. 7	89, 8 94, 6 93, 9 93, 3 84, 6	90. 3 95. 6 94. 0 93. 6 84. 2	88. 9 94. 2 91. 5 90. 6 82. 9	89. 3 96. 0 93. 4 94. 3 82. 2	88. 4 95. 0 92. 4 92. 4 81. 3	88. 1 95. 1 92. 4 91. 2 82. 1	87.8 94.4 90.9 91.5 79.5	88, 1 95, 0 90, 9 88, 8 80, 1	88.3 95.4 91.6 88.8 81.0	88. 2 95. 0 90. 3 90. 9 79. 1
Commercial, transit, farm eq Qdo Commercial equipmentdo Transit equipmentdo	112, 8 114, 4 113, 6	103, 7 110, 6 94, 4	105. 7 110. 2 99. 4	106. 5 111. 9 99. 5	103. 4 110. 0 92. 5	97. 1 108. 2 79. 8	95, 6 106, 0 77, 5	97. 9 105. 3 87. 4	97. 2 105. 5 88. 6	99, 0 107, 0 89, 1	98, 0 106, 6 87, 2	98, 2 107, 1 87, 3	98.4 107.6 87.3	99.6 107.6 90.5	99.8 107.4 88.0	100. 4 108. 0 88. 0
Defense and space equipmentdo	103. 2	87. 9	86. 0	85. 1	83. 9	82, 6	81. 7	81, 2	80. 0	78. 1	77. 5	76. 5	76. 9	76.6	76. 6	77.0
Intermediate productsdo Construction productsdo Misc. intermediate productsdo	112, 0 113, 0 111, 2	111, 9 110, 6 113, 0	113. 5 111. 8 114. 9	112, 2 111, 7 112, 5	111, 4 110, 0 112, 8	111. 9 111. 5 112. 1	111, 6 110, 4 112, 4	112, 1 112, 5 111, 9	110. 9 111. 1 110. 8	112. 5 111. 9 113. 1	112. 0 112. 6 111. 4	112. 4 113. 4 111. 6	113. 5 115. 5 111. 9	111. 4 114. 2 109. 2	112.9 115.7 110.6	111.3 112.6
Materials do. Durable goods materials \(\foatsigma \) do. Consumer durable parts do. Equipment parts, do. Nondurable goods materials \(\foatsigma \) do. Textile, paper, and chem. materials do. Fuel and power, industrial do.	112. 4 112. 2 112. 2 105. 9 112. 8 116. 3 111. 7	107. 8 103. 4 96. 5 95. 1 112. 5 113. 0 117. 0	108. 5 105. 4 104. 3 95. 8 111. 6 113. 3 116. 9	109. 3 106. 4 107. 1 94. 7 111. 6 112. 1 118. 6	109. 0 105. 1 101. 7 93. 7 112. 9 113. 2 119. 7	104. 1 96. 2 80. 4 88. 0 113. 4 112. 6 118. 2	102. 8 93. 6 76. 9 86. 6 113. 3 112. 6 117. 8	105. 4 99. 4 95. 8 86. 6 112. 1 111. 8 117. 6	106, 5 101, 5 99, 4 88, 4 111, 7 111, 2 117, 8	106, 8 101, 6 101, 4 87, 6 112, 1 111, 7 118, 6	107. 1 101. 9 103. 2 86. 4 112. 0 111. 9 121. 1	107. 5 102. 2 102. 8 86. 0 112. 7 113. 2 121. 0	108.9 104.8 105.1 88.9 112.8 113.7 119.7	108.7 103.0 104.8 87.1 114.4 115.7 121.4	105.8 98.7 97.3 87.9 113.5 114.7 119.4	104. 2 96. 4 99. 8 88. 5 113. 3 114. 8 116. 5
By industry groupings: ♂ Manufacturing, total	110, 5	105, 2	106. 9	105, 5	104.8	101, 4	110. 2	102, 4	103, 3	103.9	103, 2	104, 4	105.7	105.3	104.7	103.4
Durable manufactures do Primary and fabricated metals do Primary metals do do Primary metals do do do do do do do do do do do do do	110, 0 113, 8 114, 1	101, 5 108, 1 106, 9	103. 7 109. 6 107. 5	103. 5 111. 8 111. 9	100. 7 108. 9 108. 8	95. 7 104. 2 102. 5	93. 8 101. 2 98. 4	97. 3 105. 1 104. 3	98, 1 106, 8 108, 1	98. 6 106. 0 105. 5	98. 3 105. 8 106. 6	99. 1 108. 6 108. 7	100. 5 111. 5	100.0 108.3	99. 2 104. 3	97. 2 96. 6
Iron and steeldo Nonferrous metalsdo Fabricated metal productsdo	113. 0 116. 0 113. 6	105. 3 109. 8 109. 4	105. 6 108. 9 112. 2	111.8 111.8 111.8 111.8	108. 2 111. 1 109. 0	102. 4 103. 3 106. 3	95. 6 104. 8 104, 5	101, 4 112, 6 106, 2	106. 9 111. 2 105. 4	104. 8 107. 7 106. 6	105. 2 109. 8 104. 9	109, 1 108, 2 108, 5	114.3 112.9 115.8 108.5	108. 1 105. 3 111. 0 108. 5	98.3 99.3 95.6 111.0	83. 7 73. 0
Machinery and allied goods 9do	108, 2 106, 8	97. 6 100. 4	100. 6 103. 6	99. 6 101. 5	96. 2 100. 4	89. 9 96. 5	88. 4 94. 9	92, 4 94, 8	93. 0 93. 4	93. 5 94. 2	93. 0 94. 0	92. 7 94. 2	93. 8 95. 3	94.2	94.4	94.8
Machinery do Nonelectrical machinery do Electrical machinery do Electrical machinery do	106. 0 107. 7	99. 6 100. 5	102. 0 105. 6	100, 4 102, 8	99. 8 101. 1	95. 6 97. 5	93. 2 96. 7	92. 4 97. 4	90. 1 97. 1	92. 3 96. 3	91. 1 97. 1	91. 4 97. 4	90.9 100.2	95. 3 91. 6 99. 3	96. 8 93. 4 100. 7	96. 7 93. 6 100. 4
Transportation equipmentdododo	107. 6 115. 4 100. 2 111. 6	90, 3 96, 9 83, 9 110, 8	96. 3 110. 8 82. 5 110. 8	96, 1 111, 3 81, 4 110, 5	87. 5 94. 6 81. 0 108. 9	73.8 68.6 78.8 107.3	71. 7 65. 4 78. 0 106. 5	86. 8 98. 5 75. 8 104. 9	91. 1 107. 7 75. 2 106. 5	92. 6 113. 0 72. 9 105. 3	91, 3 112, 2 71, 2 105, 5	89. 5 108. 4 71. 4 106. 7	90. 9 110. 2 72. 3 108. 0	92. 2 112. 7 72. 4 108. 5	90. 0 109. 2 71. 5 107. 9	91. 1 110. 8 72. 2 109. 0
Lumber, clay, and glassdo Lumber and productsdo Clay, glass, and stone productsdo	111, 1 108, 6 112, 5	106. 3 106. 3 106. 3	106. 4 107. 7 105. 9	106, 6 108, 9 105, 1	105. 6 107. 2 104. 8	105. 3 106. 8 104. 5	105. 0 106. 4 104. 1	107. 5 106. 8 107. 9	106, 9 109, 7 105, 3	109. 8 110. 8 109. 2	110. 8 110. 3 111. 1	113, 0 112, 5 113, 3	112.3 110.0 113.7	111.7 111.0 112.2	111.0 112.1 110.3	107.9
Furniture and miscellaneous do Furniture and fixtures do Miscellaneous manufactures do	111. 6 107. 4 115. 5	108.8 99.4 117.3	109. 9 100. 8 118. 3	110. 0 100. 1 119. 1	109, 4 99, 3 118, 5	108, 7 100, 1 116, 7	105. 7 96. 5 114. 0	104, 9 95, 5 113, 4	105, 2 94, 2 115, 2	107. 1 96. 0 117. 2	105, 6 95, 0 115, 4	109. 5 98. 7 119. 3	109.9 97.6 121.2	110.3 100.9 118.8	112.1 103.2 120.2	111.0
Nondurable manufacturesdo Textiles, apparel, and leatherdo Textile mill productsdo	111, 1 105, 9 113, 2	110, 6 100, 2 106, 3	111, 6 101, 5 107, 3	108, 6 99, 3 105, 6	110. 7 99. 1 105. 2	109. 7 98. 7 104. 1	109. 6 96. 0 102. 8	110, 0 97, 1 103, 3	110, 9 98, 6 103, 1	111. 7 98. 0 105. 4	110, 4 97, 3 105, 3	112.1 99.8 106.3	113.3 101.5 107.5	113. 0 103. 3 113. 3	112.8 101.0 108.0	112, 4 100, 2
Apparel products do Leather products do	102, 5 96, 0	97. 8 90. 8	99. 3 92. 5	97. 0 89. 5	96. 8 90. 2	96, 9 89, 6	93, 4 85, 0	94. 9 86. 7	97. 4 89. 5	94. 5 89. 0	94. 0 85. 4	97. 3 89. 9	99.7 89.8	98. 8 89. 3	87.1	
Paper and printingdo Paper and productsdo Printing and publishingdo	109. 1 114. 2 105. 7	107. 8 113. 3 104. 1	110. 0 115. 5 106. 1	107. 9 112. 7 104. 6	106. 7 109. 8 104. 5	106, 1 111, 9 102, 3	106, 4 113, 3 101, 9	105, 0 110, 6 101, 2	107. 1 116. 9 100. 5	108. 1 116. 0 102. 8	104, 6 111, 0 100, 2	106, 9 114, 4 101, 8	106.9 115.1 101.4	102.4	104. 0 101. 5	102. 4
Chemicals, petroleum, and rubber do Chemicals and productsdo Petroleum productsdo Rubber and plastics productsdo	118, 4 120, 4 108, 4 119, 5	118. 2 120. 2 112. 6 115. 7	119. 5 122. 5 111. 0 116. 0	117. 8 119. 4 112. 1 117. 5	119, 1 121, 5 112, 9 115, 9	117. 2 120. 3 113. 2 110. 0	117. 8 119. 7 116. 9 111. 4	118. 9 121. 2 118. 1 111. 8	118. 2 119. 3 117. 2 115. 5	120. 9 121. 7 117. 1 120. 6	120. 5 121. 0 116. 3 122. 7	122, 4 123, 4 115, 8 124, 5	124. 2 123. 7 112. 7 135. 4	125, 1 126, 4 114, 9 129, 1	125. 0 127. 5 116. 0 123. 5	124.8 127.5
Foods and tobacco	107. 5 108. 3 96. 8	110.8 111.7 100.0	110. 6 111. 2 102. 6	104. 4 104. 7 100. 4	112. 0 113. 1 100. 5	111. 7 112. 3 104. 4	111, 9 112, 7 102, 3	112, 5 113, 5 99, 5	113, 9 114, 6 106, 6	113, 1 114, 1 100, 1	112, 2 113, 8 90, 3	112, 9 114, 1 96, 9	113.6 114.6 100.3	113.7 115.4 92.1	113. 4 114. 9	113.9 115.4
Mining and utilitiesdodo	112. 7 107. 2	118. 0 109. 7	117. 0 106, 5	118. 4 108. 8	121, 1 110, 9	121. 9 112. 4	120. 6 113. 7	120. 1 112. 1	119.3 111.1	119. 9 110. 1	120. 2 111. 4	120. 6 110. 4	119.0 108.6	120.1 109 0	119. 2 106. 1	118. 7 106. 6
Metai mining do Stone and earth minerals do Coal, oil and gas do Coal. do Crude oil and natural gas do	124. 8 102. 8 106. 1 101. 1 106. 9	131. 3 98. 8 109. 2 105. 8 109. 7	122. 3 102. 4 105. 5 102. 3 106. 2	129, 1 97, 6 108, 6 108, 8 108, 7	130. 5 96. 2 111. 3 109. 7 111. 5	134. 3 98. 6 112. 3 108. 7 112. 9	148, 5 98, 4 112, 6 107, 9 113, 4	144. 7 97. 3 111. 0 103. 6 112. 3	140. 1 95. 6 110. 6 112. 3 110, 3	139. 0 96. 3 109. 3 108. 8 109. 3	135, 1 95, 6 111, 4 116, 2 110, 6	124. 7 94. 2 111. 4 115. 5 110. 8	122.6 92.4 109.6 110.2 109.6	116.8 96.4 110.1 110.9 110.0	91.3 94.8 109.3 107.4 109.6	109. 0 104. 8 109. 7
Crude oil do do Utilities do do	104.8	109. 4	103. 9	108, 2	112.3	114.5	114.7	113. 1	111.1	110.1	112.7	111.9	109.5	109.8	108.4	134. 0
Electric do Gas do	122. 1 114. 0	130. 8 121. 0	132, 8	133. 2 121. 4	137. 5	137. 6 121. 9	131. 9	132. 5	131.5	134, 9 123, 6	133. 6	135. 5	133.8	136.3	138. 4	135.9

'Revised. 'Preliminary. See corresponding note on p. S-3.

9 Includes data for items not shown separately. 'Revised data for 1961-65 for mfg. and trade invent., total, unadj. and seas. adj. and invent.-sales ratios for mfg. and trade, total appear on pp. 38 ff. of the Oct. 1970 Survey; those for 1966-70 for mfg. and trade sales and

invent., total, unadj. and seas. adj., and total mfg, and trade invent.-sales ratios appear on p. 20 of the Sept. 1971 SURVEY. Revised data for 1961-65 for unadj. and seas. adj. mfg. and trade sales, total and for 1961-June 1970 for invent.-sales ratios (mgf., total, durable, and nondurable) are available upon request (see also corresponding note on p. S-7).

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1969	1970			19	970						1	971			
through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	An	nual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
	GEN	ERAL	BUS	INES	S IN	DICA	TORS	5—Со	ntinu	ed	!	1	1	i	!	1
BUSINESS SALES §																
Mfg. and trade sales (unadj.), total †mil.\$		1	l .				ı	1				1	1	1	1	
Mig. and trade sales (seas. adj.), total †do		ri1,264,359										l			113, 715	
Manufacturing, total †do Durable goods industriesdo Nondurable goods industriesdo	71643,545 354, 465 289, 080	352, 189 300, 956	7 55, 386 30, 176 25, 210	7 55, 644 30, 483 25, 161	^r 55, 073 29, 900 25, 173	7 53, 235 28, 152 25, 083	⁷ 52, 562 27, 680 24, 882	7 54, 464 29, 185 25, 279	7 55, 718 30, 166 25, 552	7 56, 982 30, 856 26, 126	757, 790 31, 616 26, 174	7 57, 680 31, 308 26, 372	7 58, 352 31, 850 26, 502	7 58, 988 32, 650 26, 338	58, 156 31, 857 26, 299	
Retail trade, totaldo Durable goods storesdo Nondurable goods storesdo	1351, 633 112, 779 238, 854	1 364, 571 109, 694 254, 877	30, 729 9, 487 21, 242	30, 781 9, 503 21, 278	30, 885 9, 556 21, 329	30,534 8,927 21,607	30, 208 8, 380 21, 828	30, 481 8, 659 21, 822	31,154 9,480 21,674	31,597 9,791 21,806	32,267 10,181 22,086	32, 844 10, 449 22, 395	32, 692 10, 217 22, 475	733, 310 710, 518 722, 792	33, 029 10, 531 22, 498	
Merchant wholesalers, total do Durable goods establishments do Nondurable goods establishments do	1236, 708 109, 578 127, 130	1246, 643 111, 778 134, 865	20, 639 9, 423 11, 216	20,698 9,420 11,278	20, 714 9, 435 11, 279	20,754 9,410 11,344	20, 641 9, 273 11, 368	20, 718 9, 226 11, 492	21, 338 9, 430 11, 908	21,334 9,458 11,876	21,676 9,736 11,940	21, 897 9, 887 12, 010	10,350	722, 716 710, 510 712, 206	22, 530 10, 346 12, 184	
BUSINESS INVENTORIES §																
Mfg. and trade inventories. book value, end of year or month (unadj.), total †mil. \$	r 164, 290	r 170, 300	[,] 168,714	, 168,252	[,] 168,946	, 171 ,1 20	r 173,107	[,] 170,300	r 171,263	r 172,791	r 174,920	r 176,115	r 176,535	r 175,554	174, 778	
Mig. and trade inventories, book value, end of year or month (seas. adj.), total †mil. \$	⁷ 165, 65 9	r 171, 998	, 169,53 9	[,] 170,205	^r 170,956	r 171,168	, 171,768	⁷ 171,998	r 172,508	r 172,840	r 173,706	r 174,194	r 174.933	r 175,252	175, 671	ļ
Manufacturing, total †	7 96, 673 63, 160	7 100, 476 65, 152	99, 164 64, 720	799, 329 64, 913	799, 576 64, 965	7 100,282 65, 218	65, 517	65, 152	⁷ 100,878 65, 308	65, 090	65, 082	65, 033	, 100,647 65, 079	64, 825	64, 743	ļ
Nondurable goods industriesdo Retail trade, total ‡do	33, 513 44, 623	35, 324 44, 918	34, 444 44, 965	34, 416 45, 453	34, 611 45, 691	35, 064 44, 883	35, 410 44, 507	35, 324 44, 918	35, 570 44, 984	35, 512 45, 432	35, 420 46, 416	35, 387 46, 728	35, 568 47, 146	35, 711 47, 383	35, 615 47, 500	
Durable goods stores do Nondurable goods stores do	19, 980 24, 643	19, 040 25, 878	19,739 25,226	20, 119 25, 334	20, 270 25, 421	19, 291 25, 592	18, 542 25, 965	19,040 25,878	18, 987 25, 997	19, 480 25, 952	20, 131 26, 285	20, 232 26, 496	20, 716 26, 43 0	20, 815 26, 568	20, 879 26, 621	
Merchant wholesalers, totaldo Durable goods establishmentsdo Nondurable goods establishmentsdo	24, 363 14, 579 9, 784	26, 604 15, 565 11, 039	25, 410 15, 066 10, 344	25, 423 15, 165 10, 258	25, 689 15, 275 10, 414	26,003 15,369 10,634	26,334 15,451 10,883	26, 604 15, 565 11, 039	26, 646 15, 653 10, 993	26,806 15,840 10,966	26, 788 15,780 11,008	27, 046 16, 025 11, 021	27, 140 16, 128 11, 012	r 27, 333 r 16, 197 r 11, 136	27, 813 16, 620 11, 193	
BUSINESS INVENTORY-SALES RATIOS				Ì												
Manufacturing and trade, total †ratio	7 1. 56	7 1. 60	r 1. 59	r 1. 59	r 1. 60	7 1. 64 7 1. 88	7 1.66 7 1.92	r 1. 63	r 1. 59	1. 57	, 1. 55	7 1. 55	r 1. 54	1.52	1.54	
Manufacturing, total † do Durable goods industries † do Materials and supplies do Work in process do Finished goods do	r 1.75 r 2.07 .61 .96 .50	7 1.82 7 2.20 .64 1.00 .55	r 1.79 r 2.14 .62 .98 .54	r 1, 79 r 2, 13 . 62 . 97 . 54	r 1. 81 r 2. 17 . 63 . 99 . 55	1. 55 7 2. 32 . 67 1. 05 . 59	7 2, 37 . 69 1, 07 . 61	7 2. 23 . 65 1. 00 . 58	7 1.81 7 2.16 .63 .97 .56	7 1.77 7 2.11 . 62 . 94 . 55	7 1, 74 7 2, 06 . 60 . 91 . 55	7 1. 74 7 2. 08 . 62 . 91 . 55	r 1.72 r 2.04 .61 .90	r 1.70 r 1.99 r .60 r .87 r .51	1.73 2.03 .63 .88	
Nondurable goods industries † do	7 1. 36 . 52 . 21 . 63	7 1. 37 . 50 . 20 . 66	, 1, 37 , 50 , 20 , 66	r 1. 37 . 50 . 20 . 67	r 1, 37 . 50 . 20 . 68	7 1. 40 . 51 . 20 . 69	r 1, 42 . 52 . 21 . 70	r 1. 40 . 52 . 20 . 68	7 1, 39 . 51 . 20 . 68	r 1, 36 . 50 . 19 . 67	7 1. 35 . 49 . 19 . 67	7 1. 34 . 49 . 19 . 66	7 1. 34 . 49 . 19 . 66	7 1.36 7 .50 7 .20 7 .66	1.35 .49 .20	
Retail trade, total † do do do	1. 47 2. 05 1. 19	1. 47 2. 13 1. 18	1, 46 2, 08 1, 19	1. 48 2. 12 1. 19	1. 48 2. 12 1. 19	1, 47 2, 16 1, 18	1. 47 2. 21 1. 19	1. 47 2. 20 1. 19	1, 44 2, 00 1, 20	1, 44 1, 99 1, 19	1, 44 1, 98 1, 19	1, 42 1, 94 1, 18	1.44 2.03 1.18	7 1.42 7 1.98 1.17	1.44 1.98	
Merchant wholesalers, totaldo Durable goods establishmentsdo Nondurable goods establishmentsdo MANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES,	1. 19 1. 53 . 89	1, 23 1, 61 , 92	1. 23 1. 60 . 92	1. 23 1. 61 . 91	1. 24 1. 62 . 92	1, 25 1, 63 , 94	1. 28 1. 67 . 96	1. 28 1. 69 . 96	1, 25 1, 66 , 92	1. 26 1. 67 . 92	1, 24 1, 62 , 92	1, 24 1, 62 , 92	1. 21 1. 56 . 91	1.20 71.54 .91	1.23 1.61 .92	
AND ORDERS Manufacturers' export sales:																
Durable goods industries: Unadjusted, total	17, 189	20, 122	1, 583 1, 776	1, 517 1, 676	1,750 1,770	1, 675 1, 668	1, 529 1, 523	1,785 1,621	1,550 1,644	1,838 1,894	2, 017 1, 898	1, 708 1, 681	1,803 1,741	r 1, 752 1, 706	1, 529 1, 716	
Shipments (not seas. adj.), total †do		⁷ 653, 145	7 51, 154	^r 53, 702	, 57, 236	r 55, 415	, 52, 699	r 53, 006	r 51, 947	r 57, 410	⁷ 59, 383	⁷ 58, 379		r 62, 142	53, 589	
Durable goods industries, total ? do Stone, clay, and glass products do Primary metals do Blast furnaces, steel mills do	354, 465 17, 074 55, 153 26, 343	352, 189 17, 746 55, 740 25, 733	27, 203 1, 481 4, 345 2, 105	28, 239 1, 572 4, 598 2, 196	30, 815 1, 617 4, 845 2, 301	29, 133 1, 600 4, 409 1, 951	27, 723 1, 414 4, 169 1, 836	28, 766 1, 407 4, 178 1, 950	27, 981 1, 373 4, 511 2, 200	31, 280 1, 464 4, 918 2, 385	32, 898 1, 616 5, 270 2, 576	32, 003 1, 754 5, 694 2, 880	32, 536 1, 772 5, 814 2, 860	34, 949 1, 905 5, 810 3, 000	28, 593 1, 770 4, 907 2, 787	
Fabricated metal products do Machinery, except electrical do Electrical machinery do	39, 579 55, 649 49, 123	41, 920 56, 135 50, 819	3, 345 4, 347 3, 919	3, 512 4, 425 4, 189	3, 735 4, 807 4, 672	3, 599 4, 539 4, 572	3, 435 4, 336 4, 516	3, 430 4, 467 4, 521	3, 185 4, 400 4, 004	3, 492 4, 944 4, 416	3, 596 5, 230 4, 479	3, 548 4, 956 4, 218	3, 623 4, 923 4, 304	3, 800 5, 383 4, 759	3, 249 4, 498 4, 077	
Transportation equipmentdo Motor vehicles and partsdo Instruments and related productsdo	87, 093 51, 524 11, 726	81, 173 45, 113 12, 153	5, 912 3, 108 936	5, 764 2, 887 1, 015	6, 714 3, 815 1, 089	6, 104 3, 177 1, 020	5, 925 3, 048 976	7, 060 3, 918 955	6, 913 4, 474 870	8, 027 5, 186 957	8, 475 5, 455 959	7, 554 4, 895 960	7, 803 4, 979 976	8, 657 5, 298 1, 034	5, 905 3, 551 946	
Nondurable goods industries, total Qdodo	289, 080 93, 550 5, 151 23, 112	300, 956 99, 767 5, 464 22, 297	23, 951 7, 930 474 1, 601	25, 463 8, 256 474 1, 850	26, 421 8, 885 482 1, 992	26, 282 8, 814 469 2, 026	24, 976 8, 352 461 1, 908	24, 240 8, 286 493 1, 827	23, 966 7, 975 437	26, 130 8, 497 450	26, 485 8, 672 465	26, 376 8, 570 463	26, 173 8, 606 484	27, 193 8, 961 533	24, 996 8, 422 506	
Paper and allied productsdo Chemicals and allied productsdo Petroleum and coal productsdo	24, 057 48, 153 24, 412	25, 192 48, 763 26, 604	1, 980 3, 812 2, 181 1, 424	2, 113 4, 101 2, 246 1, 453	2, 148 4, 212 2, 223 1, 482	2, 167 4, 072 2, 242 1, 484	2, 068 3, 889 2, 232 1, 367	2, 024 3, 642 2, 348 1, 273	2, 007 3, 850 2, 289 1, 338	2, 141 4, 305 2, 373 1, 501	2, 211 4, 291 2, 275	2, 148 4, 537 2, 323	2, 153 4, 454 2, 282 1, 647	2, 300 4, 549 2, 382	2,071 4,104 2,342	
Rubber and plastics productsdo Shipments (seas. adj.), total †do	15, 733	17, 502	1, 424 r 55, 386				1, 367 7 52, 562		1, 338 r 55, 718	1, 501 - 56, 982	1, 563 r 57, 790	1, 618 7 57, 680	1, 647 r 58, 352	1,690 r 58,988	1, 512 58, 156	
By industry group: Durable goods industries, total ?do Stone, clay, and glass productsdo			30, 176 1, 504	30, 483 1, 480	29, 900 1, 475	28, 152 1, 461	27, 680 1, 444	29, 185 1, 551	30, 166 1, 617	30, 856 1, 587	31, 616 1, 659	31, 308 1, 728	31, 850 1, 713	32, 650 1, 762	31, 857 1, 798	
Primary metalsdo			4, 773 2, 232	4, 809 2, 266	4, 895 2, 409	4, 450 2, 062	4, 316 2, 002	4, 439 2, 124	4, 624 2, 202	4, 780 2, 327	5, 014 2, 401	5, 385 2, 667	5, 501 2, 641	5, 404 2, 750	1	
Fabricated metal products do Machinery, except electrical do Electrical machinery do Transportation equipment do Motor vehicles and parts do Instruments and related products do			3, 578 4, 773 4, 295 7, 144 4, 088 1, 033	3, 503 4, 696 4, 301 7, 641 4, 657 1, 002	3, 617 4, 682 4, 355 6, 761 3, 830	3, 466 4, 505 4, 376 5, 796 2, 859 963	3, 511 4, 407 4, 402 5, 617 2, 803 926	3, 582 4, 440 4, 497 6, 726 3, 890 900	3, 507 4, 908 4, 380 7, 142 4, 442	3, 458 4, 748 4, 369 7, 832 5, 010 1, 010	3, 534 4, 936 4, 340 8, 018 5, 132	3, 459 4, 794 4, 348 7, 340 4, 730 1, 007	3, 591 4, 855 4, 501 7, 388 4, 576 1, 007	3, 550 5, 015 4, 476 8, 011 4, 647 982	3, 461 4, 951 4, 469 7, 432 4, 856	

r Revised. ¹ Based on data not seasonally adjusted. ² Advance estimate; total mfrs. shipments for July 1971 do not reflect revisions for selected components. §The term "business" here includes only manufacturing and trade; business inventories as shown on p. S-1 cover data for all types of producers, both farm and nonfarm. Unadjusted data for manufactur-

ing are shown below and on p. S-6; those for wholesale and retail trade on pp. S-11 and S-12; ${}^{\circ}$ fSee corresponding note on pp. S-1 and S-7. ${}^{\circ}$ fSee corresponding note on pp. S-12. ${}^{\circ}$ In cludes data for items not shown separately.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1969	1970			19	70						19	71			
through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	An	nual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
	GEN	ERAI	BUS	SINES	S IN	DICA	TORS	Со	ntinu	ed						
MANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES, AND ORDERS†—Continued Shipments (seas. adj.)†—Continued By industry group:																
Nondurable goods industries, total ?mil. \$- Food and kindred products do Tobacco products do Textile mill products do Paper and allied products do Chemicals and allied products do Petroleum and coal products do Rubber and plastics products do				7 25,161 8, 218 451 1, 830 2, 094 4, 087 2, 221 1, 503	* 25,173 8,335 467 1,868 2,067 4,021 2,189 1,470	25,083 8,363 479 1,856 2,071 3,975 2,232 1,406	r 24,882 8, 252 458 1, 856 2, 050 3, 976 2, 219 1, 383	r 25,279 8,310 493 1,920 2,073 4,033 2,347 1,357	25,552 8,497 489 2,150 4,064 2,317 1,448	7 26,126 8,667 478 2,144 4,303 2,398 1,484	r 26,174 8,747 479 2,173 4,192 2,344 1,499	26,372 8,882 471 2,137 4,290 2,368 1,538	7 26,502 8,795 471 2,171 4,315 2,295 1,604	26,338 8,699 495 2,219 4,363 2,287 1,582	26, 299 8, 697 491 2, 215 4, 376 2, 360 1, 648	
By market category: Home goods and apparel	r 163, 134 r1121,708 r 196, 846 r 160, 053 r 151, 722 r1250,082	7 161, 247 r1128,970 r 199, 238 r 153, 590 r 153, 344 r1256,756 r 125, 713	r 5, 256 r 10,585 r 8, 403 r 4, 792 r 4, 529 r 21,821 r 2, 157	7 5, 173 7 10,659 7 8, 378 7 5, 318 7 4, 519 7 21,597 7 2,091	r 2, 170	7 5, 292 7 10,798 7 8, 217 7 3, 509 7 4, 438 7 20,981 7 2, 174	r 2, 181	r 20,964	7 5, 311 7 10,858 7 8, 363 7 5, 042 7 4, 790 7 21,354 7 2, 231	r 2, 234	r 21,891	7 8, 217 7 5, 283 7 5, 019 7 22,214 7 2, 435	r 22,688	7 5, 437 7 11,286 7 9, 134 7 5, 226 7 5, 171 7 22,734	5, 254 11, 219 8, 370 5, 435 5, 252 22, 626 2, 271	
Household durables do Defense products (old series) do Defense products (new series) do Producers' capital goods industries do Univentories, end of year or month:		7 146, 603 1 24, 308 7 171, 159	7 3, 870 2, 048 7 6, 130	7 3, 920 2, 112 7 6, 034	7 3, 897 2, 121 7 5, 947	7 4, 016 2, 184 7 5, 819	7 3, 860 2, 036 7 5, 815	r 2, 263 r 3, 877 2, 021 r 5, 821	7 3, 755 1, 913 7 6, 125	7 3, 740 1, 898 7 6, 054	7 3, 771 1, 887 7 6, 181	7 3, 594 1, 825 7 5, 973	7 3, 820 7 2, 006 7 6, 203	r 4, 338 r 2, 589 r 6, 396	3, 543 2, 015 6, 354	
Inventories, end of year or month:† Book value (unadjusted), totaldo Durable goods industries, totaldo Nondurable goods industries, totaldo Book value (seasonally adjusted), total†do By industry group:	1	7 100,135 64,781 35,354 7 100,476	7 98,803 64,501 34,302 7 99,164	r 99,030 64, 816 34, 214 r 99,329	7 98,708 64,497 34,211 7 99,576	7 99,501 64,696 34,805 7100,282	7100,264 65, 013 35, 251 7100,927		7100,977 65, 133 35, 844 7100,878	r101,112 65,352 35,760 r100,602	65, 412 35, 544 r100,502	7101,257 65,649 35,608 7100,420	65, 790 35, 836 r100,647	7100,734 65, 046 35, 688 7100,536	99, 996 64, 536 35, 460 100,358	
Durable goods industries, total 9do Stone, clay, and glass productsdo Primary metalsdo Blast furnaces, steel millsdo	2, 126 8, 281 4, 419	65, 152 2, 278 9, 139 4, 854	64, 720 2, 213 8, 883 4, 772	64, 913 2, 253 8, 966 -4, 828	64, 965 2, 283 8, 987 4, 800	65, 218 2, 306 9, 114 4, 866	65, 517 2, 313 9, 233 4, 948	65, 152 2, 278 9, 139 4, 854	65, 308 2, 281 9, 443 5, 102	65, 090 2, 263 9, 487 5, 117	65, 082 2, 267 9, 498 5, 138	65, 033 2, 265 9, 333 5, 040	65, 079 2, 269 9, 236 4, 985	64, 825 2, 280 9, 170 4, 815	4, 464	
Fabricated metal products do Machinery, except electrical do Electrical machinery do Transportation equipment do Motor vehicles and parts do Instruments and related products do	6, 653 13, 203 9, 832 14, 682 4, 081 2, 256	6, 972 14, 072 10, 186 14, 133 4, 115 2, 417	6, 787 13, 848 10, 200 14, 461 3, 950 2, 429	6, 889 13, 861 10, 193 14, 374 3, 908 2, 432	6, 949 13, 874 10, 239 14, 281 3, 840 2, 446	6, 941 13, 968 10, 303 14, 267 3, 958 2, 421	7, 068 14, 026 10, 256 14, 297 4, 041 2, 412	6, 972 14, 072 10, 186 14, 133 4, 115 2, 417	7, 061 13, 970 10, 022 14, 032 3, 994 2, 421	7, 072 13, 976 9, 968 13, 870 3, 981 2, 387	7, 122 13, 932 10, 020 13, 813 3, 996 2, 374	7, 140 13, 879 10, 005 13, 942 4, 076 2, 365	7, 283 13, 837 9, 930 14, 035 4, 193 2, 379	7, 410 13, 854 9, 973 13, 668 4, 289 2, 358	7, 575 13, 823 9, 893 13, 784 4, 229 2, 331	
By stage of fabrication: Materials and supplies ?do Primary metalsdo Machinery (elec. and nonelec.)do Transportation equipmentdo	3, 343	7 19, 056 3, 309 6, 326 3, 251	7 18,658 3, 201 6, 296 3, 134	7 18,771 3, 247 6, 302 3, 138	7 18,825 3, 271 6, 297 3, 115	7 18,869 3, 329 6, 265 3, 148	r 19,006 3,355 6,304 3,246	7 19,056 3,309 6,326 3,251	7 19,109 3, 389 6, 422 3, 145	r 19,061 3, 396 6, 448 3, 086	7 18,996 3, 373 6, 431 3, 037	7 19,359 3, 358 6, 504 3, 164	r 19,570 3,330 6,495 3,285	7 19,696 3,420 6,490 3,151	20, 008 3, 434 6, 524 3, 167	
Work in process \(\) do Primary metals. do Machinery (elec. and nonelec.) do Transportation equipment do	9,869	7 29, 233 3, 168 11, 210 9, 406	7 29,699 3,090 11,299 9,817	7 29,659 3, 097 11, 251 9, 741	7 29,622 3, 117 11, 256 9, 713	7 29,636 3, 145 11, 342 9, 670	7 29,665 3, 204 11, 301 9, 580	7 29,233 3, 168 11, 210 9, 406	7 29,254 3, 315 10, 905 9, 430	7 28,944 3, 277 10, 836 9, 326	7 28,811 3, 213 10, 754 9, 338	7 28,594 3, 166 10, 703 9, 343	7 28,547 3, 126 10, 678 9, 333	7 28,329 3, 068 10, 758 9, 112	28,183 2,975 10,651 9,226	
Finished goods Q. do. Primary metalsdo. Machinery (elec. and nonelec.)do Transportation equipmentdo	2, 370 5, 932 1, 470	7 16, 863 2, 662 6, 722 1, 476	7 16,363 2,592 6,453 1,510	7 16,483 2,622 6,501 1,495	16,518 2,599 6,560 1,453	7 16,713 2,640 6,664 1,449	7 16,846 2,674 6,677 1,471	7 16,863 2,662 6,722 1,476	7 16,945 2, 739 6, 665 1, 457	7 17,085 2,814 6,660 1,458	7 17,275 2,912 6,767 1,438	7 17,080 2,809 6,677 1,435	7 16,962 2,780 6,594 1,417	7 16,800 2,682 6,579 1,405	1, 391	
Nondurable goods industries, total 9doFood and kindred productsdo	3, 655 2, 588 6, 153 2, 150 2, 066	35, 324 8, 765 2, 191 3, 398 2, 769 6, 758 2, 418 2, 165	34, 444 8, 383 2, 163 3, 523 2, 713 6, 501 2, 293 2, 116	34, 416 8, 246 2, 178 3, 507 2, 713 6, 529 2, 341 2, 088	34, 611 8, 329 2, 179 3, 471 2, 719 6, 604 2, 336 2, 115	35, 064 8, 593 2, 195 3, 516 2, 704 6, 654 2, 367 2, 133	35, 410 8, 781 2, 221 3, 461 2, 732 6, 726 2, 455 2, 154	35, 324 8, 765 2, 191 3, 398 2, 769 6, 758 2, 418 2, 165	2, 756 6, 725 2, 407 2, 132	35, 512 8, 879 2, 265 2, 734 6, 750 2, 381 2, 123	35, 420 8, 858 2, 215 2, 718 6, 746 2, 348 2, 147	35, 387 8, 756 2, 214 2, 725 6, 745 2, 351 2, 142	35, 568 8, 894 2, 190 2, 738 6, 799 2, 375 2, 131	2, 731 6, 808 2, 131 6, 808 2, 402 2, 131	2, 139 2, 761 6, 804 2, 402 2, 158	
Materials and suppliesdo Work in processdo Finished goodsdo By market category:	7 12, 583 7 5, 135 7 15, 795	7 13, 026 7 5, 055 7 17, 243	r 12,539 r 5, 165 r 16,740	r 12,510 r 5, 063 r 16,843	r 12,524 r 5, 074 r 17,013	r 12,718 r 5, 119 r 17,227	7 12,874 7 5, 141 7 17,395	7 13,026 7 5, 055 7 17,243	r 13,024 r 5, 116 r 17,430	r 13,013 r 5,090 r 17,409	r 5, 092	r 12,927 r 5, 090 r 17,370	7 12,918 7 5, 155 7 17,495	r 13,058 r 5, 143 r 17,510	17, 540	
Home goods and appareldo. Consumer staplesdo. Equip. and defense prod., excl. autodo Automotive equipmentdodoonstruction materials and suppliesdo. Other materials and suppliesdododododododo	7 12, 809 7 25, 688 7 5, 244 7 7, 559 7 35, 152	7 13, 450 7 26, 056 7 5, 288 7 7, 817 7 37, 373	r 13,099 r 26,476 r 5,113 r 7,664 r 36,545	r 13,017 r 26,341 r 5,075 r 7,735 r 36,780	r 13,153 r 26,311 r 5,007 r 7,811 r 36,894	7 13,311 7 26,220 7 5, 155 7 7, 843 7 37,243	r 13,487 r 26,173 r 5, 227 r 7, 970 r 37,583	r 13,450 r 26,056 r 5, 288 r 7, 817 r 37,373	r 5, 149 r 7, 883 r 37,587	r 13,673 r 25,961 r 5, 124 r 7,888 r 37,480	7 13,634 7 25,868 7 5,127 7 7,934 7 37,441	7 13,593 7 25,881 7 5, 214 7 7, 933 7 37,281	r 13,723 r 25,808 r 5,322 r 7,973 r 37,260	7 37,310	5, 384 8, 074 37, 097	
Household durables do Defense products (old series) do Defense products (new series) do Producers' capital goods industries do	7, 459 r 16, 219	6, 493 r 17, 569	7, 12,899 7, 143 7 17,102	7, 056 r 17,174	7 17,271	6,803 - 17,434	6,675 r 17,523	7 12,034 6,493 7 17,569	r 17,446	6,020 r 17,415	6,008 - 17,381	1 1	6, 067 7 17,440	7 5, 507 7 17,507		
New orders, net (not seas. adj.), total†do Durable goods industries, totaldo Nondurable goods industries, totaldo New orders, net (seas. adj.), total†do	7 645,216 356, 177 289, 039 7 645,216	7 646,388 345,332 301,056 71646,388	7 51,508 27,573 23,935 7 55,272	7 52,758 27, 334 25, 424 7 54,932		7 54,151 27, 769 26, 382 7 51,951	27, 138	7 54,075 29,823 24,252 7 55,468	1	7 58,318 32,167 26,151 7 57,165	7 59,297 32,761 26,536 7 57,699	26, 401	26, 148	32, 805 27, 196	53, 914 28, 917 24, 997 57, 977	
By industry group: Durable goods industries, total ?do Primary metalsdo Blast furnaces, steel millsdo		345, 332 55, 031 25, 696	30, 073 4, 726 2, 314	2, 264	1		27, 560 4, 348 2, 005	30, 140 4, 818 2, 549	3, 032	31, 071 5, 139 2, 656	31, 472 5, 155 2, 494	4, 882 2, 290	1	30, 666 4, 536 1, 945	2, 130	
Fabricated metal products do Machinery, except electrical do Electrical machinery do Transportation equipment do Aircraft, missiles, and parts do	49, 413 85, 113 24, 562	76, 554 23, 284	3, 546 4, 603 4, 388 7, 195 2, 350	7, 227 2, 095	6, 036 1, 769	4, 167 5, 072 1, 396	2,050	3, 975 4, 498 4, 641 6, 689 2, 063	1	1	3, 576 4, 985 4, 291 7, 627 1, 827	4, 310 7, 032 1, 853	4, 409 6, 958 1, 623	3, 462 5, 122 4, 333 7, 065 1, 968	4, 879 7, 597 2, 243	
Nondurable goods industries, totaldo Industries with unfilled orders\(\theta\)do Industries without unfilled orders\(\theta\)do 'Revised \(\frac{1}{2}\) Based on data not seasonally adi	77, 774 211, 265	79, 840 221, 216	6, 737 18, 462	18,538	6, 635 18, 577				25, 589 6, 831 18, 758 lers for ot						26, 301 6, 942 19, 359	

r Revised. ¹ Based on data not seasonally adjusted. ² Advance estimate; total mfrs. new orders for July 1971 do not reflect revisions for selected components. †See corresponding note on p. S-7. ♀ Includes data for items not shown separately. ⊕ Includes textile mill products, leather and products, paper and allied products, and printing and publishing

industries; unfilled orders for other nondurable goods industries are zero.

¶For these industries (food and kindred products, tobacco products, apparel and related products, petroleum and coal products, chemicals and allied products, and rubber and plastics products) sales are considered equal to new orders.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown	1969	1970			19)70						19	71			
in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anı	nual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.
	GEN	NERAI	L BUS	SINE	SS IN	IDICA	TOR	S—Co	ntin	ıed						
MANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES, AND ORDERS'—Continued							Ì									
New orders, net (seas. adj.)†—Continued By market category: Home goods and apparel	201,100	-200,441	21,000	7 10,676 7 7,877 7 5,243 7 4,590	r 5, 288 r 10,777 r 7, 523 r 4, 447 r 4, 627 r 20,905 r 2, 173 r 3, 186	, 5, 258 , 10,809 , 7, 828 , 3, 484 , 4, 522 , 20,050 , 2, 133 , 3, 120	r 5, 315 r 10,690 r 8, 021 r 3, 322 r 4, 381 r 20,734 r 2, 193 r 3, 814	r 5, 481 r 10,836 r 8, 352 r 4, 546 r 4, 988 r 21,265 r 2, 294 r 3, 970	7 8,954 7 5,068 7 4,783 7 22,264 7 2,240	r 5, 316 r 11,175 r 8, 552 r 5, 652 r 4, 606 r 21,864 r 2, 199 r 3, 247	7 5,531 7 11,303 7 8,163 7 5,762 7 5,020 7 21,920 7 2,421 7 3,275	7 5, 516 7 11,440 7 8, 013 7 5, 228 7 4, 952 7 21,448 7 2, 433 7 3, 496	r 5, 682 r 11,273 r 8, 037 r 5, 234 r 5, 066 r 21,736 r 2, 483 r 3, 233	r 5, 365 r 11,266 r 8, 298 r 5, 184 r 5, 077 r 21,819 r 2, 338 r 3, 628	5, 316 11, 225 8, 796 5, 472 5, 416 21, 752 2, 337 4, 098	
Defense products (new series)do Producers' capital goods industriesdo	2 23, 118	23.455	3,067	1,846 5,683	2, 005 5, 614	2, 125 5, 843	2, 016 5, 871	2, 051 5, 925	2, 170 r 6, 442	2, 357 6, 617	1, 580 6, 219	1,500 5,677	, 1, 573 , 6, 193	1, 678 6, 237	2, 187 6, 244	
Unfilled orders, end of year or month (unadjusted), total	7 87, 025 84, 120 2, 905	7 80, 268 77, 263 3, 005	7 83,105 80,230 2,875	782,161 79,325 2,836	781,018 78, 155 2, 863	79,754 76,791 2,963	79,199 76,206 2,993	7 80,268 77, 263 3, 005	7 81,837 78, 833 3, 004	7 82, 745 79, 720 3, 025	7 82,659 79,583 3,076	7 81,713 78,612 3,101	79, 432 76, 356 3, 076	77,294 74,211 3,083	77, 613 74, 533 3, 080	
Unfilled orders, end of year or month (seasonally adjusted), totalf	84, 379 7, 408 3, 776	77, 485 6, 687 3, 727	83,124 80,303 7,025 3,609	79, 568 6, 910 3, 607	78,023 6,562 3,422	79,622 76,650 6,276 3,299	76, 530 6, 308 3, 302	780,527 77, 485 6, 687 3, 727	782,064 78, 985 7, 621 4, 557	r 82,247 79, 200 7, 980 4, 886	79, 056 8, 121 4, 979	77, 976 7, 618 4, 602	79,749 76,727 6,917 4,040	77,775 74,748 6,049 3,235	77, 592 74, 566 5, 255 2, 412	
Fabricated metal products	10, 596 15, 815 14, 681 30, 055 23, 382	11, 218 14, 505 14, 469 25, 490 19, 504	10, 765 14, 940 14, 815 27, 517 21, 223	10, 817 14, 724 14, 779 27, 103 21, 042	10, 844 14, 559 14, 520 26, 378 20, 589	10, 872 14, 423 14, 311 25, 654 19, 708	10, 825 14, 447 14, 325 25, 527 19, 618	11, 218 14, 505 14, 469 25, 490 19, 504	11, 179 14, 451 14, 339 26, 248 19, 710	11, 052 14, 469 14, 248 26, 373 19, 108	11, 094 14, 518 14, 199 25, 982 18, 705	11, 054 14, 323 14, 161 25, 674 18, 562	10, 995 14, 277 14, 069 25, 244 18, 044	10, 909 14, 385 13, 925 24, 297 17, 369	10, 958 14, 322 14, 335 24, 462 17, 687	
Nondur. goods ind. with unfilled orders—.do By market category:	2,941	3,042	2,821	2,844	2,883	2,972	2,993	3,042	3, 079	3, 047	3, 100	3, 097	3, 022	3, 027	3, 026	
Home goods, apparel, consumer staplesdo Equip, and defense prod., incl. autodo Construction materials and suppliesdo Other materials and suppliesdo Supplementary series:	*1, 987 *47, 397 *10, 237 *27, 699	, 10, 737 , 24, 389	7 1, 945 7 45,050 7 10,174 7 25,955 7 1, 601	7 10,245 7 25,699	r 24,954	r 10,420 r 24,023	7 10,375 7 24,088	r 43,409 r 10,737 r 24,389	r 2,009 r 44,026 r 10,730 r 25,299	7 1, 978 7 44,334 7 10,560 7 25,375	r 10,639 r 25,404	7 2, 042 7 43,821 7 10,572 7 24,638	7 2, 140 7 43,401 7 10,522 7 23,686	r 2,048 r 42,525 r 10,430 r 22,772	2, 113 42, 987 10, 593 21, 899	
Household durables	7 29, 804 20, 372 7 24, 245	19,506	7 27,892 19,936 7 23,074	7 1, 634 7 27,638 19, 670 7 22,723	7 1, 637 7 26,927 19, 554 7 22,390	7 1, 596 7 26,031 19, 496 7 22,414	7 1, 608 7 25,985 19, 475 7 22,470	7 1, 639 7 26,078 19, 506 7 22,574	7 1, 648 7 26,171 19, 769 7 22,891	7 1, 613 7 25,678 20, 227 7 23,454	7 1, 655 7 25,182 19, 920 7 23,492	r 1, 653 r 25,084 19, 595 r 23,196	7 1,740 7 24,497 7 19,122 7 23,186	7 1, 672 7 23,787 7 18,211 7 23,028	24, 342 18, 383 22, 917	
BUSINESS INCORPORATIONS of New incorporations (50 States and Dist. Col.):																
Unadjustednumber_ Seasonally adjusted⊙do	274, 267	266, 086	22, 831 22, 106	20, 241 22, 055	21, 501 22, 3 72	21, 452 21, 625	19, 178 22, 383	22, 699 22, 085	23, 372 22, 338	19, 698 20, 923	25, 752 23, 220	24, 389 22, 770	23, 899 24, 168	26, 063 24, 500		
INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL FAILURES of FAILURES of Commercial service do do do do do do do d	9, 154 1, 159 1, 590 1, 493 4, 070 842	10, 748 1, 392 1, 687 2, 035 4, 650 984	916 126 123 191 398 78	910 131 160 157 382 80	906 111 118 199 391 87	941 114 149 185 419 74	939 126 133 174 414 92	869 114 112 176 372 95	905 134 140 167 380 84	860 107 141 170 361 81	1, 042 156 154 196 444 92	989 126 159 167 440 97	912 139 134 171 385 83	935 137 118 199 410 71	786 106 109 156 340 75	
Liabilities (current), total. thous. \$ Commercial service. do. Construction. do. Manufacturing and mining. do. Retail trade. do. Wholesale trade. do.	126, 537 171, 717 406, 450 265, 122	298,736 231,533	251, 920 29, 155 29, 049 144, 516 30, 134 19, 066	169, 587 63, 931 15, 169 44, 034 27, 434 19, 019	232, 940 55, 678 15, 044 91, 431 54, 970 15, 817	144, 773 19, 950 14, 109 67, 607 29, 410 13, 697	119, 836 9, 896 15, 390 52, 624 29, 809 12, 117	121, 723 19, 963 13, 662 45, 820 25, 901 16, 377	168, 803 26, 235 39, 145 57, 073 30, 785 15, 565	150, 903 11, 567 13, 582 76, 501 30, 960 18, 293	224, 646 95, 547 18, 128 47, 949 38, 132 24, 890	19, 252 23, 788 53, 873	249, 489 46, 032 23, 881 62, 175 104, 367 13, 034	165, 840 16, 122 24, 406 85, 082 29, 952 10, 278	147, 028 39, 055 8, 593 62, 851 22, 523 14, 006	
Failure annual rate (seasonally adjusted) No. per 10,000 concerns	2 37. 3	2 43. 8	46.8	47. 4	50, 0	45. 9	50.8	44. 5	43. 3	41.8	43. 9	42. 9	42.8	44. 3	39. 6	
			C	OMM	ODIT	Y PF	RICES	3			···					
PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS																
Prices received, all farm products 1910-14=100. Crops ?	274 219 298 173 167 154 242 594 321 326 400 162	280 226 294 183 177 162 237 604 326 345 405 151	285 232 278 190 174 151 274 603 330 331 424 146	276 227 264 191 176 161 249 610 319 338 403 137	280 234 291 185 190 170 277 610 320 351 390 152	274 230 261 193 187 173 256 589 312 363 378 133	270 231 280 187 184 175 252 606 303 367 351 143	264 224 263 177 192 170 209 610 299 365 342 147	270 231 292 178 199 171 217 612 304 360 357 143	284 237 317 182 201 172 234 614 324 357 403 136	282 242 353 178 201 170 253 614 317 352 393 134	282 244 351 188 199 171 257 614 315 345 393 134	286 251 351 192 199 174 284 614 316 339 401 129	288 258 347 196 205 176 329 614 314 334 401 128	286 250 331 202 195 165 288 614 317 339 403 130	28 24 29 22 17 15 29 62 32 34 40
Prices paid: All commodities and services	324 351 304 373	336 366 314 390 72	335 366 313 389 73	335 367 312 389 71	339 369 317 392	340 369 319 394 70	340 371 319 395 68	341 372 320 396 66	343 372 322 400 68	346 376 325 403	348 376 328 404 70	349 377 329 407	351 381 330 410 70	354 383 333 412 70	353 383 332 410 70	35: 38: 33: 41:

r Revised. p Preliminary. 1 Advance estimate; total mfrs. unfilled orders for July 1971 do not reflect revisions for selected components. 2 Based on unadjusted data. † Revised for 1961-70 in Oct. 1970 and again in Aug. 1971 for 1966-71. The latter revision reflects: Benchmarking to the levels of the Annual Survey of Mfrs. for each year 1966 to 1969; introduction of a small number of other corrections; and development of new seas. factors. Revised data, seas. factors, and technical and analytic data appear in two special Census Bureau reports entitled Mfrs.' Shipments, Inventories, and Orders: Series M3-1.2 (data for

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1969	1970			19	70						197	1			
through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anı	nual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.
		CO	ммо	DITY	PRI	CES-	-Con	tinue	d							
CONSUMER PRICES																
(U.S. Department of Labor Indexes)																
Unadjusted indexes; ‡ All items. 1967=100. Special group indexes: All items less shelter. do All items less food. do All items less medical care. do	109. 8 109. 0 110. 1 109. 7	116. 3 114. 4 116. 7 116. 1	116. 7 114. 8 117. 0 116. 4	116. 9 114. 9 117. 2 116•7	117. 5 115. 4 118. 0 117. 2	118. 1 116. 0 118. 9 117. 9	118. 5 116. 3 119. 6 118. 3	119. 1 116. 8 120. 2 118. 8	119. 2 117. 0 120. 3 118. 9	119. 4 117. 4 120. 4 119. 1	119, 8 118, 0 120, 6 119, 4	120, 2 118, 6 120, 9 119, 8	120.8 119.2 121.6 120.4	121. 5 119. 8 122. 2 121. 1	121.8 120.0 122.4 121.4	
Commodities do Nondurables do Nondurables less food do Durables 9 do Commodities less food do Services do Services less rent do	108. 4 108. 9 108. 8 107. 0 108. 1 112. 5 113. 8	113. 5 114. 0 113. 1 111. 8 112. 5 121. 6 123. 7	113. 8 114. 4 113. 0 112. 1 112. 5 122. 0 124. 2	113. 8 114. 5 113. 0 112. 2 112. 6 122. 7 124. 9	114, 2 114, 9 114, 1 112, 5 113, 4 123, 5 125, 8	114, 8 115, 2 114, 9 113, 9 114, 5 124, 1 126, 5	115. 1 115. 3 115. 4 114. 7 115. 1 124. 9 127. 3	115. 6 115. 6 115. 7 115. 2 115. 5 125. 6 128. 0	115. 4 115. 4 115. 3 115. 2 115. 2 126. 3 128. 7	115. 5 115. 7 115. 4 115. 0 115. 2 126. 6 129. 0	116, 1 116, 4 115, 7 115, 2 115, 5 126, 6 128, 9	116. 6 116. 9 116. 0 115. 7 115. 8 126. 8 129. 1	117. 2 117. 4 116. 6 116. 6 116. 6 127. 5 129. 8	117. 9 118. 1 116. 9 117. 4 117. 1 128. 2 130. 6	118.1 118.3 116.7 117.5 117.0 128.8 131.2	
Food \(\frac{9}{Meats}, poultry, and fish \) do \(Dairy products \) do \(Dairy products \) do \(Fruits and vegetables \) do \(Housing \) do \(Shelter \(\frac{9}{2} \) do \(Homeownership \) do \(Homeownership \) do \(Fuel and utilities \(\frac{9}{2} \) do \(Household furnishings and operation \) do \(Household furnishings and operation \) do \(Apparel and upkeep \) do \(Transportation \) do \(Private \) do \(New cars \) do \(Used cars \) do \(Used cars \) do \(Dubite \) do \(Health and recreation \(\frac{9}{2} \) do \(Health and recreation \(108. 9 110. 8 106. 7 109. 3 110. 8 113. 3 105. 7 116. 0 103. 6 105. 6 102. 8 109. 0 111. 5 107. 2 106. 5 104. 4 103. 1 112. 7 110. 3 113. 4 109. 3	114. 9 116. 5 111. 8 113. 4 118. 9 123. 6 110. 1 128. 5 107. 6 110. 1 107. 3 113. 4 116. 1 112. 7 111. 1 107. 6 112. 5 116. 2 128. 5	115. 8 117. 6 111. 9 117. 0 119. 2 124. 0 10. 1 129. 0 107. 5 109. 6 106. 6 113. 7 115. 3 113. 4 111. 7 108. 5 129. 3 116. 1 129. 0 121. 3 113. 7	115. 9 117. 8 112. 1 114. 9 119. 9 110. 5 130. 0 108. 0 110. 1 107. 3 113. 9 115. 4 112. 7 111. 0 106. 3 129. 4 117. 2 122. 0 113. 7	115. 7 117. 0 112. 5 111. 5 120. 6 125. 9 131. 3 108. 4 111. 4 107. 6 114. 2 113. 0 111. 2 104. 9 131. 2 104. 9 131. 2 114. 0 114. 7	115. 5 116. 1 113. 1 110. 0 121. 2 126. 5 111. 4 131. 9 109. 2 112. 5 108. 8 114. 5 115. 2 113. 4 110. 8 117. 2 118. 2 118. 2 111. 4 110. 2 111. 4 110. 8	114. 9 114. 3 113. 5 109. 4 121. 9 127. 1 111. 8 132. 5 110. 7 113. 9 115. 1 116. 0 114. 2 112. 5 108. 8 132. 5 118. 7 123. 4 114. 5 116. 0	113. 3 113. 6 110. 6 122. 6 127. 9 112. 6 133. 4 111. 3 110. 7 115. 3 119. 2 116. 9 115. 2 114. 1 109. 5 133. 4	115. 5 113. 1 109. 6 122. 7 128. 0 112. 9 133. 4 112. 1 116. 7 111. 5 115. 4 117. 5 115. 8 115. 8 117. 0 133. 9	115. 9 113. 6 114. 0 112. 6 122. 6 127. 3 113. 6 132. 3 113. 1 117. 2 112. 8 115. 8 115. 8 115. 8 115. 8 120. 5 124. 4 120. 5 125. 8 115. 4 117. 5	117. 0 115. 6 114. 2 116. 0 122. 4 126. 7 113. 9 131. 2 113. 8 117. 8 117. 8 115. 9 114. 3 106. 8 136. 0 120. 6 120. 8 115. 8	117. 8 115. 7 114. 6 120. 0 122. 5 126. 5 114. 4 130. 9 114. 1 117. 3 113. 9 117. 0 119. 1 116. 2 113. 8 136. 4 121. 2 127. 5 116. 3	118. 2 115. 3 115. 1 121. 4 123. 2 127. 2 114. 7 131. 6 114. 4 118. 1 120. 2 118. 8 117. 0 113. 9 112. 8 136. 4 121. 6 28. 1 116. 5 318. 9	119, 2 117, 4 115, 7 125, 1 124, 0 128, 3 115, 2 133, 0 114, 6 118, 7 120, 1 119, 6 117, 6 113, 9 114, 1 139, 0 122, 1 128, 6 116, 8	117. 5 114. 7 118. 9 119. 3 119. 5 117. 4 113. 5 139. 0 122. 6 129. 3 117. 1	
WHOLESALE PRICES	108. 7	113. 4	113. 7	114.2	114. 7	115.2	116.0	116. 2	117.3	117. 5	117. 7	118.4	.118.9	119. 3	119.6	
(U.S. Department of Labor Indexes)																
Spot market prices, basic commodities: 22 Commodities	1 110. 3 1 108. 9 1 111. 4	1 113. 4 1 112. 6 1 113. 8	112, 9 113, 6 112, 4	112, 9 115, 3 111, 2	112, 0 114, 3 110, 5	110. 9 113. 0 109. 5	109. 2 109. 7 108. 8	107. 2 108. 3 106. 4	107. 1 168. 9 105. 9	109. 9 113. 7 107. 2	109, 3 111, 6 107, 8	109. 7 109. 0 110. 2	108. 8 109. 1 108. 6	108. 1 111. 1 106. 1	108. 3 113. 8 104. 7	108. 3 111. 3 106. 1
All commodities †	106. 5 108. 3 105. 9 106. 6 106. 5 106. 9	110. 4 112. 2 109. 8 110. 4 109. 9 111. 9	110. 9 114. 3 110. 2 110. 6 110. 3 111. 6	110. 5 111. 3 110. 4 110. 1 109. 5 111. 9	111. 0 113. 0 110. 6 110. 8 110. 4 112. 3	111. 0 111. 3 110. 9 110. 9 110. 1 113. 8	110. 9 108. 7 110. 9 111. 4 110. 5 114. 2	111. 0 108. 6 111. 0 111. 5 110. 5 115. 1	111. 8 110. 7 111. 5 112. 2 111. 3 115. 6	112. 8 115. 9 111. 8 112. 8 112. 0 115. 9	113. 0 114. 3 112. 6 112. 9 112. 1 116. 0	113. 3 115. 2 113. 1 112. 9 112. 0 116. 1	113.8 115.8 113.6 113.5 112.7 116.3	114. 3 116. 9 114. 0 113. 8 113. 1 116. 5	114. 6 116. 6 114. 8 113. 8 113. 0 116. 8	114. 9 115. 2 115. 6 114. 1 113. 3 117. 1
By durability of product: Durable goods do. Nondurable goods do. Total manufactures do Durable manufactures do. Nondurable manufactures do.	107, 9 105, 3 106, 2 107, 7 104, 6	112. 4 108. 9 110. 2 112. 0 108. 2	112. 5 109. 6 110. 6 112. 2 108. 7	112. 6 108. 8 110. 6 112. 3 108. 6	112. 8 109. 6 110. 8 112. 5 108. 8	113. 8 108. 9 111. 2 113. 6 108. 6	113. 7 108. 8 111. 2 113. 6 108. 6	113. 8 108. 9 111. 2 113. 8 108. 5	114. 5 109. 7 111. 8 114. 4 109. 1	115. 0 111. 1 112. 4 114. 9 109. 8	115. 5 111. 1 112. 7 115. 5 109. 9	116. 1 111. 2 113. 0 116. 1 109. 9	116.5 111.8 113.5 116.5 110.5	116. 7 112. 5 113. 8 116. 7 110. 8	117. 5 112. 4 114. 5 117. 5 111. 4	118. 4 112. 4 114. 9 118. 5 111. 2
Farm prod., processed foods and feedsdo	107. 9	111.6	113.4	111. 2	112.6	110.3	109.9	109.3	110. 7	113.6	113. 4	113. 3	114.3	115.4	115.0	114.6
Farm products Q do Fruits and vegetables, fresh and dried do Grains do Live poultry do Livestock do	108. 8 109. 3 90. 3 109. 6 117. 0	111. 0 111. 6 98. 8 99. 6 116. 7	113. 4 110. 8 96. 7 100. 0 124. 8	108. 5 98. 0 96. 7 94. 6 117. 3	112.1 111.6 109.0 99.8 113.6	107. 8 100. 8 104. 1 93. 4 110. 6	107. 0 107. 7 104. 2 95. 2 101. 2	107. 1 111. 3 108. 0 80. 5 99. 5	108. 9 115. 7 111. 0 96. 3 102. 2	113. 9 118. 3 111. 7 100. 0 118. 9	113. 0 125. 3 108. 4 100. 1 114. 9	113. 0 120. 8 106. 8 99. 5 116. 9	114. 0 127. 5 107. 2 101. 3 119. 0	116. 0 136. 1 109. 4 108. 1 118. 9	113. 4 109. 3 102. 5 121. 1 121. 3	113. 2 115. 9 92. 8 100. 8 121. 3
Foods and feeds, processed Q do. Beverages and beverage materials do. Cereal and bakery products do. Dairy products. do. Fruits and vegetables, processed do. Meats, poultry, and fish do.	107. 3 106. 0 102. 6 108. 2 107. 9 113. 8	112. 0 112. 9 107. 6 111. 2 110. 4 115. 8	113. 3 113. 1 107. 4 111. 3 110. 9 120. 3	112. 9 113. 7 108. 0 111. 7 111. 6 116. 7	113. 0 114. 1 109. 2 111. 4 112. 0 115. 1	111. 8 114. 5 109. 9 112. 0 111. 1 110. 9	111. 7 114. 7 110. 6 112. 2 111. 6 108. 8	110. 7 114. 3 110. 9 112. 8 111. 0 104. 3	111. 8 115. 0 111. 0 112. 8 111. 2 108. 6	113. 3 115. 2 111. 1 112. 3 111. 5 115. 2	113. 7 115. 3 111. 5 115. 0 111. 9 112. 9	113. 5 115. 6 111. 5 115. 5 113. 0 113. 3	114.5 115.7 111.5 116.2 114.0 116.4	114. 9 115. 7 111. 5 116. 1 115. 4 116. 7	116. 0 115. 9 111. 5 116. 2 115. 9 119. 6	115. 4 116. 1 111. 4 115. 4 116. 2 117. 7
Industrial commoditiesdo	106.0	110.0	110.0	110, 2	110.4	111.3	111.3	111.7	112, 2	112. 5	112.8	113. 3	113. 7	113.9	114.5	115. 1
Chemicals and allied products Qdo Agric. chemicals and chem. proddo Chemicals, industrialdo Drugs and pharmaceuticalsdo Fats and oils, inedibledo Prepared paintdo	99. 9 86. 7 100. 3 99. 8 109. 1 109. 1	102. 2 88. 4 100. 9 101. 1 133. 3 112. 4	102. 5 87. 8 101. 4 101. 1 132. 5 112. 4	102. 7 88. 4 101. 2 101. 6 137. 8 112. 4	102. 5 89. 0 101. 3 100. 9 127. 9 112. 4	103. 0 89. 5 101. 5 101. 2 144. 4 112. 7	103. 3 89. 5 101. 5 101. 6 151. 5 112. 7	103. 3 89. 4 101. 4 101. 8 150. 9 112. 8	103. 8 91. 7 101. 8 101. 9 133. 7 114. 5	104, 2 92, 6 101, 9 102, 4 142, 6 114, 5	104. 5 93. 9 102. 2 102. 6 144. 3 115. 1	104. 5 94. 1 101. 9 102. 0 143. 0 115. 9	104. 3 93. 8 101. 5 191. 9 138. 8 115. 9	104. 4 94. 1 102. 2 102. 3 132. 0 115. 9	104. 4 93. 4 102. 4 102. 6 130. 8 115. 9	104. 3 91. 0 102. 4 102. 7 134. 2 115. 9
Fuels and related prod., and power \(\text{\chi} \) do Coal do Electric power do Gas fuels do Petroleum products, refined do	101, 0 112, 5 102, 0 93, 1 99, 6	105. 9 150. 0 104. 8 103. 3 101. 1	105. 1 150. 5 104. 1 102. 5 100. 2	105. 8 152. 8 104. 8 102. 6 100. 9	107. 1 160. 0 105. 4 106. 9 101. 6	108. 7 175. 2 107. 2 107. 0 101. 6	109. 7 175. 8 108. 2 106. 5 103. 1	112. 8 175. 8 108. 7 107. 5 107. 5	113. 5 176. 0 109. 8 109. 3 107. 9	113. 0 176. 0 110. 2 108. 1 106. 9	112. 8 176. 0 111. 1 109. 4 105. 9	113. 0 184. 0 112. 3 105. 9 105. 3	114, 2 182, 8 112, 6 106, 9 107, 4	114. 4 182. 5 113. 0 107. 5 107. 4	114. 4 182. 9 113. 5 107. 7 107. 2	114. 8 182. 9 115. 3 107. 2 107. 3
Furniture and household durables QdoAppliances, householddoFurniture, householddoHome electronic equipmentdo	104.9 103.1 108.3 94.7	107. 5 105. 3 111. 6 93. 6 ♀ Include	107. 6 105. 2 111. 9 93. 5	107. 7 105. 4 112. 1 93. 5	107. 8 105. 3 112. 0 93. 5	108. 0 105. 9 112. 1 93. 7	108. 4 106. 1 112. 4 94. 2 odities.	108.7 106.4 112.7 94.2	109. 3 107. 9 112, 9 94. 4	109. 7 107. 1 113. 9 94. 2	109. 6 107. 0 114. 0 93. 7	109. 7 107. 1 114. 1 93. 7	109. 9 107. 1 115. 0 93. 7	109. 8 107. 1 115. 2 93. 6	110. 0 107. 0 115. 3 93. 9	110. 2 107. 4 115. 5 94. 0

r Revised. p Preliminary. 1 Computed by OBE. 9 Includes data for items not shown separately. o For actual wholesale prices of individual commodities, see respective

commodities. Thew reference base; comparable data for earlier periods will be shown later. \bigcirc Goods to users, incl. raw foods and fuels.

Inless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown	1969	1970			19	70	1					197	71			
in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ıual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
		CO	MMC	DITY	PRI	CES-	-Con	tinue	d						·	
WHOLESALE PRICES♂—Continued (U.S. Department of Labor Indexes—Continued)																
All commodities‡—Continued Industrial commodities—Continued Hides, skins, and leather products 1967=100	108. 6	110, 1	109.8	109.8	109, 9	110. 4	110. 9	110. 4	111. 7	112, 4	112. 5	114. 0	114, 4	114, 2	114. 2	114.
Footwear do. Hides and skins do. Leather do. Lumber and wood products do. Lumber	109. 1 124. 1 108. 7 125. 2 131. 5	113. 0 104. 4 107. 7 113. 7 113. 7	112. 9 96. 4 108. 6 113. 5 112. 4	112. 9 98. 5 107. 8 114. 0 113. 5	113, 7 99, 6 105, 9 114, 2 114, 5	113. 8 103. 2 107. 1 113. 1 113. 8	113. 8 109. 2 107. 3 111. 9 112. 2	113.9 101.9 107.3 111.1 111.1	116. 0 98. 9 108. 2 112. 2 113. 0	116. 3 105. 3 108. 7 117. 5 120. 3	116. 5 105. 5 108. 6 123. 4 129. 0	116. 6 121. 1 111. 0 124. 6 131. 5	116. 7 121. 4 113. 0 124. 9 132. 8	116. 8 114. 0 114. 4 126. 1 134. 4	116. 8 114. 0 114. 4 130. 6 142. 5	117. 114. 114. 134. 146.
Machinery and equipment ?	106. 4 108. 5 110. 0 102. 9 107. 8	111. 4 113. 0 115. 5 106. 4 114. 0	111. 5 112. 3 114. 6 106. 7 114. 9	111, 6 112, 4 114, 9 106, 9 114, 3	112. 1 113. 1 115. 4 107. 5 114. 3	112. 7 114. 0 117. 7 107. 6 114. 6	113. 1 115. 2 118. 9 107. 9 114. 7	113. 8 116. 3 119. 6 108. 2 115. 1	114. 2 116. 3 120. 2 108. 8 115. 2	114. 6 116. 8 120. 5 109. 3 116. 0	114. 9 116. 5 120. 8 109. 7 116. 0	115, 0 116, 7 120, 9 109, 5 116, 6	115. 3 116. 6 121. 1 109. 4 117. 4	115. 5 116. 9 121. 2 109. 4 117. 9	115. 7 117. 4 121. 6 109. 5 117. 7	116. 117. 121. 109. 118.
Metals and metal products Q do Heating equipment do Iron and steel do Nonferrous metals do	108. 5 105. 3 107. 1 113. 6	116. 7 110. 6 115. 1 125. 0	117. 7 111. 4 116. 2 126. 2	117. 5 111. 5 116. 1 125. 0	117. 4 112. 0 116. 7 122. 7	117. 7 112. 8 117. 4 122. 0	116. 8 112. 8 116. 5 119. 4	116, 2 112, 7 116, 5 116, 7	116. 5 113. 6 117. 6 115. 4	116, 4 114, 1 118, 0 114, 2	116. 5 114. 5 118. 2 113. 7	117. 8 114. 7 118. 4 117. 2	118. 5 115. 1 120. 1 117. 2	118. 5 115. 2 120. 3 116. 4	119. 4 115. 9 121. 9 116. 9	121. 116. 125. 117.
Nonmetallic mineral products Qdo Clay prod., structural, excl. refractories	108, 1	113. 3	113. 2	113.6	113.8	114. 2	114.6	115.1	118.8	119.0	120. 9	121. 6	121.8	122. 2	123. 3	124.
Concrete products do do Gypsum products do Pulp, paper, and allied products do Paper do Rubber and plastics products do Tires and tubes do do do do do do do do do do do do do	106. 0 106. 5 103. 5 104. 2 106. 0 105. 4 102. 3	109, 8 112, 2 100, 0 108, 2 111, 0 108, 6 109, 0	109. 9 112. 2 98. 0 108. 4 110. 8 109. 0 112. 0	109. 9 112. 8 101. 8 108. 2 111. 4 109. 7 112. 0	110. 5 113. 6 96. 5 108. 3 111. 5 109. 4 112. 0	110. 7 113. 7 97. 1 108. 9 111. 9 109. 5 112. 0	110. 9 113. 9 96. 0 108. 7 112. 1 109. 1 112. 0	111. 3 114. 5 95. 1 108. 5 112. 1 109. 4 112. 0	111. 4 117. 1 97. 0 109. 0 112. 6 108. 4 107. 5	112, 7 117, 6 97, 9 109, 3 112, 7 109, 1 107, 5	113. 6 118. 5 98. 9 109. 3 113. 1 109. 1 107. 5	114. 5 119. 4 101. 0 109. 6 114. 3 109. 0 107. 5	114. 5 119. 6 101. 2 109. 9 114. 2 108. 7 107. 5	114. 5 120. 1 104. 0 110. 2 114. 3 108. 7 107. 5	114. 5 121. 5 112. 7 110. 5 114. 6 109. 7 111. 2	114. 122. 114. 110. 114. 109. 111.
$ \begin{array}{cccc} \textbf{Textlle products and apparel } & \textbf{do} & \\ \textbf{Apparel} & \textbf{do} & \\ \textbf{Cotton products} & \textbf{do} & \\ \textbf{Manmade fiber textile products} & \textbf{do} & \\ \textbf{Silk yarns} & \textbf{do} & \\ \textbf{Wool products} & \textbf{do} & \\ \end{array} $	105, 9 107, 2 104, 5 106, 6 98, 7 101, 3	107, 2 111, 0 105, 6 102, 1 114, 3 99, 4	107. 1 110. 9 105. 1 102. 2 116. 9 99. 3	107. 4 111. 4 105. 6 101. 7 116. 9 99. 1	107. 5 112. 0 105. 7 100. 7 112. 3 98. 7	107. 3 112. 3 106. 0 99. 1 112. 4 97. 7	107. 1 112. 4 106. 2 98. 0 110. 5 97. 7	106. 7 111. 9 106. 9 97. 5 111. 2 96. 8	106. 9 112. 3 107. 1 97. 2 (1) 96. 2	106. 7 112. 0 107. 5 97. 4 (1) 95. 4	106. 9 112. 2 107. 8 97. 6 (1) 94. 5	107. 5 112. 2 108. 9 98. 6 (1) 94. 4	107. 8 112. 2 109. 6 99. 7 (1) 93. 5	108. 5 112. 3 110. 9 101. 4 (¹) 93. 4	109. 2 113. 3 111. 9 101. 9 (1) 92. 6	109. 113. 112. 103. (1) 92.
Transportation equipment QDec. 1968=100 Motor vehicles and equip1967=100 Missellaneous products Q	100. 7 104. 7 104. 9 105. 2 107. 0	104. 5 108. 5 109. 9 109. 4 114. 0	103. 2 107. 0 111. 1 109. 5 116. 7	103. 3 107. 1 111. 2 109. 8 116. 7	103.6 107.3 111.5 110.1 117.6	108. 2 112. 5 111. 6 110. 6 117. 0	108. 5 112. 8 111. 8 110. 4 117. 0	108. 9 113. 4 111. 9 110. 5 117. 0	109. 5 113. 9 112. 3 111. 7 116. 8	109. 7 114. 1 112. 6 112. 3 116. 9	109. 5 113. 8 112. 8 113. 1 116. 9	109. 7 114. 1 112. 7 112. 5 116. 5	109. 8 114. 2 112. 5 112. 4 116. 5	110. 0 114. 4 112. 6 112. 6 116. 5	110. 3 114. 7 112. 8 112. 6 116. 6	110. 114. 113. 112. 116.
PURCHASING POWER OF THE DOLLAR																
s measured by— Wholesale pricest	\$0.939 .911	\$0.906 .860	\$0, 902 . 857	\$0.905 .855	\$0.901 .851	\$0.901 .847	\$0, 902 . 844	\$0.901 .840	\$0.894 .839	\$0.887 .838	\$0.885 .835	\$0, 883 . 832	\$0, 879 . 828	\$0. 875 . 823	\$0.873 .821	\$0.87
	·	CON	NSTR	UCTI	ON A	ND I	REAL	EST	ATE					<u>,</u>	'	<u>'</u>
CONSTRUCTION PUT IN PLACE																
Tew construction (unadjusted), totalmil. \$	90, 866	91, 266	8, 307	8, 584	8, 507	8, 397	8, 245	7, 689	6, 725	6, 559	7, 282	8, 220		7 9, 584	9, 767	
Private, total ♀ do Residential (nonfarm) .do New housing units .do	62, 806 30, 603 23, 689	63, 079 29, 273 21, 914	5, 581 2, 650 1, 990	5, 737 2, 707 2, 075	5, 813 2, 721 2, 093	5, 876 2, 747 2, 098	5, 710 2, 735 2, 101	5, 505 2, 627 2, 053	4, 787 2, 33 4 1, 856	4, 547 2, 159 1, 725	5, 113 2, 492 1, 996	5, 830 2, 926 2, 359	r 6, 285 r 3, 311 r 2, 674	r 3,652	6, 904 3, 856 3, 094	
Nonresidential buildings, except farm and public utilities, total \$\circ\$ mil. \$. Industrial. do. Commercial. do. Public utilities:	22, 033 6, 373 10, 136	22, 292 5, 930 10, 521	1,898 519 874	1, 983 543 922	2, 010 531 964	1,998 528 964	1,881 498 896	1, 840 480 892	1, 637 402 786	1,574 387 771	1, 706 406 865	1, 914 440 970	1, 970 440 1, 030	r 2, 109 r 408 r 1, 048	1, 982 388 1, 078	
Telephone and telegraphdo Public, total φ do	2, 172 28, 060	2, 952 28, 187	275 2,726	266 2,847	276 2,694	281 2,521	285 2, 535	282 2, 184	187 1,9 3 8	207 2, 012	267 2, 169	278 2,390	254 2,659	279 r 2, 757	2, 863	
Buildings (excluding military) \(\rightarrow \) do Housing and redevelopment	11, 226 1, 047 512	10, 657 1, 105 496	893 87 24	984 86 42	926 93 47	814 46 45	988 106 36	900 141 50	831 88 44	859 92 37	843 98 42	948 106 51	1, 011 97 56	962 104 7 55	34	
Military facilities	945 9, 276	791 9,989	50 1,144	82 1, 134	76 1,061	81 984	68 849	63 686	66 555	57 604	61 711	63 780	73 957	75 1, 118	82	
few construction (seasonally adjusted at annual rates), totalbil. \$			89.1	90.0	91. 0	92, 3	92, 9	99.1	99.7	102.0	102. 2	103. 9	103. 9	r 104.8	104. 1	
Private, total 9do			60.7	61. 5	62. 7	64. 5	64. 5	67. 0	69.7	70.3	72.1	74. 2	74.3	r 75.6	74. 3	
Residential (nonfarm)			27. 0 21. 9 5. 9 10. 0	27. 5 22. 4 6. 2 10. 2	28. 8 21. 8 5. 7 10. 4	30. 5 21. 8 6. 0 10. 2	31. 8 20. 6 5. 8 9. 3	33. 4 21. 5 5. 4 10. 4	34. 2 23. 5 5. 9 11. 6	35. 1 23. 2 5. 6 11. 8	36.8 23.1 5.2 12.2	38. 1 23. 8 5. 5 12. 2	38. 9 23. 3 5. 2 12. 2	7 39, 0 7 24, 6 4, 6 7 13, 5	39. 3 22. 8 4. 4 12. 4	
Public utilities: Telephone and telegraphdo			3.3	3.0	3. 3	3. 2	3. 2	3. 1	2.9	2.9	3. 2	3.4	3.0	3.0		
Public, total Qdo	1		28. 4	28, 5	28. 3	27.9	28. 3	32. 2	30, 1	31.7	30.0	29. 6	29.6	7 29. 3	29.8	
Buildings (excluding military) Q do Housing and redevelopment do Industrial do Military facilities do Highways and streets do			10.4 1.0 .4 .6 10.0	10.5 1.0 .6 .8 9.8	10.5 .9 .5 .7 10.0	10.4 .8 .5 .9 9.7	10.5 .9 .4 .7 10.2	12.3 1.8 .6 .8 11.8	11, 4 1, 2 . 5 1, 0 10, 9	11.3 1.3 .5 .9 12.4	10.4 .9 .5 .9	11.1 1.2 .6 .8 10.1	11.6 1.2 .6 .9 10.2	.6	1.0	

 $[^]r$ Revised. p Preliminary. 1 Series discontinued. $^\circ$ Corrected $_\sigma$ See corresponding note on p. S-8. † See corresponding note on p. S-8. $^\circ$ Includes data for items not shown separately.

[§] Beginning Jan. 1970, retitled to read "rubber and plastics products" to cover the direct pricing of plastic construction products; continuity of the group index is not affected.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1969	1970			197	70						19	71			
through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anı	nusl	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.
	CONS	STRUC	CTION	I ANI	D RE	AL E	STAT	Е—С	ontin	ued	<u>-</u>	<u>'</u>				
CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS												-				
Construction contracts in 50 States (F. W. Dodge Division, McGraw-Hill):														:		
Valuation, totalmil. \$		67,097	6, 187	6, 310	5, 466	5,508	5, 181	5, 017	4, 383	4,993	6, 386	7,743	7, 555	8,077		
Index (mo. data seas. adj.) o 1967=100_	22, 687	1 123 23, 188	116	135 2, 181	118	115	130 1, 790	132 1,734	117 1,464	126 1, 578	142 1,722	161 2, 074	141 2,065	147 2,795	151 2,683	
Public ownership mil. \$ Private ownership do By type of building:	44, 759	43, 909	r 3, 882	4, 129	3, 577	3, 604	1,790 3,390	3, 283	2,919	3,415	4, 664	5, 669	5, 489	5, 281	4, 987	
Nonresidential do Residential do Non-building construction do do do do do do do do do do do do do	25, 641 25, 261 16, 545	24, 180 24, 428 18, 489	r 2, 477 r 2, 363 r 1, 347	2, 357 2, 379 1, 575	1, 965 2, 198 1, 303	1, 889 2, 319 1, 299	1,715 1,961 1,504	1,716 2,062 1,239	1,711 1,631 1,041	1,654 1,818 1,521	2, 199 2, 729 1, 458	2, 080 3, 168 2, 495	2, 264 3, 310 1, 981	2,800 3,485 1,792	2, 621 3, 357 1, 691	
New construction planning (Engineering News-Record) Odo		66, 937	5, 248	4, 829	4, 303	7, 555	7, 013	6, 023	4, 682	5, 481	5, 245	4, 580	5, 502	2, 837	4,725	3, 8
HOUSING STARTS AND PERMITS					ļ				ľ							
New housing units started: Unadjusted:															i	
Total (private and public) thous Inside SMSA's do Privately owned do	1, 096. 5	1, 467. 0 1, 033. 2 1, 433. 6	143. 4 103. 4 140. 8	131. 6 93. 4 128. 7	133. 4 89. 2 130. 9	143, 4 99, 7 140, 9	128.3 91.0 129.6	123. 9 89. 5 121. 4	114, 8 85, 9 110, 6	104. 6 77. 5 102. 2	169. 3 123. 6 167. 9	203. 6 147. 3 201. 1	203. 5 * 144. 3 198. 5	7 196. 8 7 136. 9 7 193. 2	r 195. 9 r 145. 6 r 193. 2	202 148 201
One-family structuresdo	810.6	812.9	75. 5	77.3	76. 0	79. 4	67. 4	69. 0	54. 9	58. 3	91.6	116.0	115. 6	116.9	r 106. 9	112.
Seasonally adjusted at annual rates: Total privately owneddodododo		;	1,603 827	1, 425 838	1, 509 881	1,583 890	1, 693 934	2, 054 1, 240	1,725 946	1,754 985	1, 959 1, 048	1, 912 1, 098	1, 975 1, 124	⁷ 2, 000	7 2, 215 7 1, 178	2, 22
New private housing units authorized by building			021	500	501	000	301	1, 210	010	000	1,010	1,000	1, 124	1,144	1,110	1, 22
permits (13,000 permit-issuing places):: Monthly data are seas. adj. at annual rates:	1,322	1, 341	1, 309	1, 378	1, 388	1, 523	1, 487	1, 768	1,635	1, 563	1, 627	1, 638	1, 927	1,849	r 2 052	2.00
Total thous One-family structures do	625	642	638	676	679	697	703	876	806	760	796	833	921	914	r 2, 052 r 960	2,00 91
Manufacturers' shipments of mobile homes:* Unadjusteddodo Seasonally adjusted at annual ratesdo	412. 7	401. 2	37. 1 436	38. 4 410	41. 4 431	40. 8 427	30. 5 421	27. 0 401	24. 5 395	28. 4 404	35.6 419	42.8 478	40. 9 473	47. 3 490	45. 2 531	
CONSTRUCTION COST INDEXES			100										1.0	*50	001	
Dept. of Commerce composite1957-59=100.	142	152	153	155	156	156	157	157	157	157	159	160	161	163	166	
American Appraisal Co., The: Average, 30 cities1913=100	1,050	1, 132	1, 150	1, 158 1, 263	1,158 1,268	1, 167 1, 268	1, 177	1, 185	1, 190 1, 323	1, 194 1, 364	1, 211	1, 218	1, 241	1, 257	1, 286	
Atlanta do New York do San Francisco do do	1, 158 1, 116 1, 054	1, 254 1, 202 1, 088	1, 261 1, 226 1, 106	1, 203 1, 229 1, 110	1, 208 1, 229 1, 110	1, 208 1, 229 1, 111	1, 323 1, 233 1, 126 1, 147	1,323 1,233 1,128	1, 291 1, 138	1, 291 1, 142	1,393 1,305 1,163	1, 393 1, 305 1, 168				
St. Louisdo	1,021	1, 116	1, 138	1, 140	1,140	1,140	1, 147	1, 147	1, 153	1, 153	1, 168	1, 168				
Associated General Contractors of America, Inc., The (building only)	150	166	168	171	172	176	179	181	183	184	184	186	188	193	197	1
Boeckh indexes: Average, 20 cities: Apartments, hotels, office buildings1957-59=100.	151.8	162. 7	163, 8	164, 1	167. 7	168. 1	169. 2	169. 9	170.9	171. 2	172, 5	174.2	173.5	174, 2	178. 5	
Commercial and factory buildingsdo Residencesdo	149.1	160. 3 155. 9	161. 9 157. 5	162, 1 157, 8	165, 2 159, 3	165. 3 159. 6	166. 5 160, 6	167. 2 160. 7	167. 8 161. 0	167. 9 161. 3	169. 6 163. 6	169.8 165.2	171. 5 165. 2	171. 9 166. 0	176. 1 172. 8	
Engineering News-Record: σ Building 1967=100	117.7	124. 4	126.3	126.7	127.6	128. 4	129.0	128. 9	130. 2	130. 6 137. 0	134.4	136. 2 141. 2	138.8	140. 6 147. 2	7 141.9 148.3	
Constructiondo Federal Highway Adm.—Highway construction:	118.7	128. 9	132. 1	132.5	132.9	133. 9	135. 0	135.0	136. 9	157.0	139. 6	141.2	144. 2		140.0	100
Composite (avg. for year or qtr.) 71967=100	111.8	125, 6			134.0	 		130. 2			124.1			133. 4		
CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS Output index: ‡													ļ			
Composite, unadjusted Q1947-49=100 Seasonally adjusteddo	166. 2		176. 8 184. 0	174. 7 158. 9	172. 9 166. 0	173. 0 153. 0	146. 8 154. 2									
Iron and steel products, unadjusteddo Lumber and wood products, unadjdo	167. 8 164. 5	166, 4 161, 8	183. 7 165. 1	175. 8 167. 2	168. 0 170. 3 228. 2	166. 3 176. 7 234. 1	141. 5 152. 7 178. 6	152, 5 153, 0 158, 2	¹ 145. 7 156. 1 103. 4	146. 2 169. 4 116. 1	183. 4 198. 3 169. 3	194. 7 195. 4 216. 5	196. 2 176. 0			
Portland cement, unadjusteddo REAL ESTATE	204.2	194. 3	253. 4	249.1	220. 2	234.1	110.0	100. 2	105.4	110.1	105. 5	210.0	220. 9			
Mortgage applications for new home construction: FHA net applicationstthous. units.	184. 9	299.1	26. 2	27.3	28. 9	27. 6	23. 4	33. 4	24. 1	27.3	36. 6	35, 1	32. 4	35. 3	31.4	
Seasonally adjusted annual rates:do Requests for VA appraisalsdo]	143. 7	297 12. 7	327 13. 2	337 12, 0	326 14. 3	345 11.1	474 10. 4	371 12. 0	350 12. 5	336 17. 9	347 19. 9	374 19.0	37. 0 23. 5	383 21. 0	P 2
Seasonally adjusted annual ratesdo Home mortgages insured or guaranteed by—			126	152	139	168	157	149	190	174	183	210	218	257	228	P 2
Fed. Hous. Adm.: Face amountmil. \$- Vet. Adm.: Face amountsdo	7, 120. 63 4, 073. 86	8, 113. 73 3, 442. 90	705. 61 297. 73	751. 81 306. 24	788. 61 325. 77	867. 76 340. 56	769. 79 318. 97	751, 18 317, 70	771. 56 298. 85	734, 61 299, 69	849. 48 307. 20	759. 52 351. 49	793, 73 417, 95	951. 62 523. 36	983. 62 563. 32	
Federal Home Loan Banks, outstanding advances to member institutions, end of periodmil. \$_	9, 289	10, 615	10, 373	10, 446	10, 524	10, 539	10, 524	10, 615	10, 326	9, 926	9, 690	8, 269	7, 268	7, 241	7, 338	
New mortgage loans of all savings and loan associations, estimated totalmil. \$.		21, 387	2,080	2, 111	2, 183	2, 127	1,972	2,474	1,667	1,887	2, 795	3, 168	3,438	r 4, 301	4,023	
By purpose of loan: Home constructiondo	4,757	4, 150	393	369	388	406	355	416	307	346	521	597	620	718	649	
Home purchase do All other purposes do	11, 244 5, 836	10, 239 6, 998	1,071 616	1, 147 595	1, 100 695	1,032 689	919 698	968 1,090	752 608	818 723	1,143 1,131	1,306 1,265	1, 451 1, 367	7 2, 109 7 1, 474	2, 039 1, 335	
Foreclosures †	}	,	8,672	8, 557	8, 431	8,809	8, 353	9, 069	8, 975	8,774	10, 351	104.00	105 50	100 44	177.00	-
Fire losses (on bldgs., contents, etc.)mil. \$_	- 1, 952, 02	2, 263, 92	177. 85	200, 93	176. 27	185. 67	158, 49	224, 02	200, 66	202. 26	221. 54	194. 02	195. 50	189. 44	175. 36	

r Revised. p Preliminary. 1 Computed from cumulative valuation total. 2 Index as of September 1, 1971: Building, 147.4; construction, 153.7. ○ Data for Jan., Apr., July, Oct., and Dec. 1970 are for 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks. ↑New series. Data from Mobile Home Manufacturers' Association; seasonally adjusted annual rates calculated by Bu. of the Census. ⊕Data for all periods shown here are on a 50-State basis. ↑New Base; comparable data for earlier periods will be shown later. ‡ Revisions for Jan. 1967-Oct. 1970

for permits, for 1961-68 for FHA applications, and for 1961-Feb. 1969 for requests for VA appraisals (seas. adj. annual rates) will be shown later. Revisions for 1964-68 for construction materials output indexes appear in the Dec. 1969 issue of Construction Review (BDC). †Revised series.

Q Includes data for items not shown separately. §Data include guaranteed direct loans sold.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1969	1970			197	70						197	71			
through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anı	nual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
]	DOM	ESTIC	C TRA	ADE									
ADVERTISING																
Marketing/Communications advertising index, seasonally adjusted:																
Combined index†		199 249 318	204 247 333	202 250 330	190 230 313	199 245 319	201 252 325	197 229 335	188 213 284	190 217 286	190 221 290	198 237 290	202 241 309			
Spot TVdo Magazinesdo Newspapersdo		165 127	170 134	165 129	163 117	163 133	156 137	165 128	172 132	177 130	170 131	168 145	179 134			
Magazine advertising (general and natl. farm maga-																
zines): Cost, totalmil. \$ Apparel and accessoriesdo	1, 245. 3 60. 6	1, 192. 7 50. 8	70. 7 1. 1	71. 0 4. 7	102.6 7.8	123. 7 5. 9	120. 6 4. 3	95. 9 2. 8	69. 8 1. 9	92. 8 3. 2	109. 7 4. 7	115.8 5.8	128. 2 4. 2	104. 2 2. 2	77. 5 1. 5	
Automotive, incl. accessoriesdo	114. 4 26. 5	96. 5 21. 0	5.9	4.9 1.2	7. 1 2. 0	11. 4 2. 3	8. 5 1. 6	5. 1 1. 0	6.4	9.3 1.1	11.6	11.7 2.4	12. 9 2. 8	9. 7 1. 6	6.7	
Drugs and toiletriesdo Foods, soft drinks, confectionerydo	158. 7 101. 5	156. 6 99. 5	11. 5 7. 6	10. 5 5. 5	13. 4 6. 5	14. 9 10. 5	14. 4 11. 2	12. 3 9. 2	9. 4 4. 3	12. 9 9. 0	14. 0 9. 1	14. 2 8. 6	15. 3 9. 7	14. 6 9. 2	11. 1 8. 2	
Beer, wine, liquorsdo Household equip., supplies, furnishingsdo	101. 8 76. 5	98.1 71.2	6.3 4.2 2.8	4.3 3.3	7.0 6.6	9, 9 9, 2	11. 7 8. 2	15, 1 4, 8	2. 6 2. 4 2. 4	3. 6 3. 2	5. 7 5. 8	7. 2 7. 3	8. 8 8. 2	8.9 4.8	5. 5 3. 6	
Industrial materialsdo Soaps, cleansers, etcdo Smoking materialsdo	60. 0 15. 7 48. 2	43. 9 16. 3 64. 7	1.0 4.5	3. 0 1. 0 5. 7	3.9 1.2 6.2	4.0 1.8 6.5	3. 4 1. 7 6. 4	2.3 1.1 6.6	2.4 .9 8.1	2. 2 1. 3 9. 8	2. 6 1. 9 10. 0	2. 9 1. 6 10. 3	3. 5 2. 0 11. 5	3. 1 1. 4 10. 8	2. 0 1. 5 9. 5	
All otherdo	481. 4	474.0	25.0	26. 9	40.9	47. 3	49. 3	35, 6	30, 8	37. 2	42. 5	43. 9	49. 3	37. 8	26, 9	
Newspaper advertising expenditures (64 cities): ⊕ mil. \$ Total* mil. \$ Automotive do Classified do Financial do General do Retail do									227. 7 6. 7							
Classified do									55. 4 10. 2							
Retaildodo									31.9 123.5							
WHOLESALE TRADE	000 500	946 649	20,972	00 609	01 410	01 855	90 704	01.404	10 101	10 000	00 807	22 222	00.059	- 00, 004		
Merchant wholesalers sales (unadj.), total. mil. \$do	236, 708 109, 578 127, 130	246, 643 111, 778 134, 865	9,699 11,272	20, 623 9, 437 11, 186	21, 410 9, 794 11, 616	21,757 9, 863 11,894	20, 704 9, 121 11, 583	21,404 9,095 12,308	19, 181 8, 271 10, 910	19,200 8,502 10,698	22, 507 10, 085 12, 422	22,002 10,201 11,801	22, 053 10, 261 11, 792	7 23, 684 7 11, 233 7 12, 451	22, 274 10, 365 11, 909	
Merchant wholesalers inventories, book value, end of year or month (unadj.), totalmil. \$	24, 365	26, 622 15, 318	25, 092 15, 135	25, 295 15, 246	25, 579 15, 197	26,272 15,328	26, 627 15, 322	26,622	26, 716 15, 432	26,755 15,671	26, 873	27,099	27, 114	7 27, 308	27, 556	
Durable goods establishmentsdo Nondurable goods establishmentsdo	14, 376 9, 989	11, 304	9,957	10, 049	10, 382	10,944	11, 305	15,318 11,304	11, 284	11,083	15, 814 11, 060	16,215 10,884	10, 848	r 16, 420 r 10, 888	16, 724 10, 832	
RETAIL TRADE																
All retail stores: Estimated sales (unadj.), totalmil. \$		364, 571	31, 143	30, 404	29, 739	31,849	30, 218	37,620	27, 902	26,835	31, 131	33,050		r 34, 327	33, 817	
Durable goods stores $\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$	112,779 66,911 62,048	109, 694 62, 847 57, 737	9, 959 5, 860 5, 389	9, 229 5, 178 4, 739	9, 039 4, 986 4, 573	9, 539 5, 293 4, 840	8, 234 4, 291 3, 847	9, 30 6 4 , 3 99 3 , 903	8,070 4,859 4,485	8, 443 5, 268 4, 913	10, 260 6, 529 6, 085	10,747 6,737	10,795 6,640 6,125	r 11, 690 r 7, 193 r 6, 620	11, 042 6, 657	
Tire, battery, accessory dealersdo	4,863	5, 110	471	439	413	453	444	496	374	355	444	6, 209 528	515	f 573	6, 116 541	
Furniture and appliance group Qdo Furniture, homefurnishings storesdo Household appliance, TV, radiodo	16, 719 10, 439 5, 223	16, 817 10, 393 5, 226	1,395 854 450	1, 392 870 429	1,377 856 420	1, 459 912 447	1, 464 936 434	1, 817 1, 049 611	1, 280 784 395	1, 236 748 405	1,381 868 412	1, 345 832 417	1, 365 853 427	71,480 7896 7491	1, 457 911 458	
Lumber, building, hardware groupdo Lumber, bldg. materials dealers dodo Hardware storesdo	14, 562 11, 278 3, 284	14, 535 11, 315 3, 220	1,381 1,079 302	1, 365 1, 086 279	1, 319 1, 051 268	1, 362 1, 076 286	1, 210 938 272	1, 248 889 359	938 743 195	925 727 198	1, 141 916 225	1,346 1,056 290	1, 439 1, 125 314	71,613 71,271 7343	1, 631 1, 299 333	
Nondurable goods stores \$dodododo	238, 854 20, 158	254, 877 20, 396	21, 184 1, 500	21, 175 1, 625	20, 700 1, 653	22,310 1,820	21, 984 1, 841	28,314 2,935	19,832 1,444	18, 392 1, 250	20,871 1,552	22,303	22,429 1,680	22,637	22, 775 1, 590	
Men's and boys' wear storesdo Women's apparel, accessory storesdo	4,761 7,606	4,683 7,710	344 566	335 608	353 621	405 696	434 698	735 1, 112	349 550	277 492	305 632	1,790 376 707	375 687	r 396 r 688	342 653	
Shoe storesdo Drug and proprietary storesdo	3, 505 11, 863	3, 619 12, 750	263 1,031	319 1,047	336 1,047	335 1,079	315 1, 046	420 1,452	235 1,051	201 992	256 1,077	313 1, 088	261 1, 095	r 261	240 1,065	
Eating and drinking placesdododo	25, 849 75, 866	27, 872 81, 466	2, 554 7, 112	2, 612 6, 859	2, 431 6, 665	2, 465 7, 227	2, 260 6, 523	2, 283 7, 483	2,095 6,980	1, 993 6, 336	2, 208 6, 808	2, 302 7, 133	2,510 7,174	r 2, 580	2,627 7,712 7,205	
Grocery storesdo Gasoline service stationsdo	70, 955 25, 116	76, 071 26, 504	6, 639 2, 414	6, 387 2, 275	6, 215 2, 141	6, 775 2, 241	6, 087 2, 211	6, 989 2, 278	6, 558 2, 111	5, 922 1, 961	6,358 2,183	6, 660 2, 265	6, 689 2, 348	7 6, 649 7 2, 423	7, 205 2, 527	
General merchandise group with non- stores \$\sigma_{}\text{mil. \$.}	58, 615	62, 867	4,790	5, 060	5, 046	5, 503	6, 077	9, 413	4, 173	4, 031	5, 052	5, 546	5, 498	r 5, 753	5, 404	
General merchandise group without non- stores ? \$mil. \$ Department storesdo	53, 083 36, 411	56, 852 38, 558	4, 323 2, 919	4, 569 3, 069	4, 549 3, 099	4, 950 3, 350	5, 437 3, 677	8, 789 6, 013	3,726 2,508	3, 532 2, 330	4, 549 3, 057	5, 041 3, 414	5, 005 3, 412	r 5, 283 r 3, 608	4,940 3,307	
Mail order houses (dept. store mdse)_do Variety storesdo Liquor storesdo	3, 519 6, 548	3, 834 7, 056 8, 060	278 532 697	298 565	304 555	354 595	455 629 702	501 1, 187	220 439 665	252 438	346 524	317 607	260 610	7 322 7 601	297 583	
Estimated sales (seas. adj.), totaldo			30,729	687 3 0, 781	648 30, 885	698 30,534	30, 208	953 30,481	31,154	592 31, 597	638 32, 267	661 32,844	701 32,692	7 709 7 33, 310	745 33, 029	
Durable goods stores φ			9, 487 5, 544 5, 113	9, 503 5, 522 5, 000	9, 556 5, 652	8, 927 4, 942 4, 515	8, 380 4, 447 4, 016	8, 659 4, 713	9, 480 5, 481	9, 791 5, 875	10, 181 6, 171	10,449 6,347	10,217 6, 131	7 10, 518 7 6, 267	10, 531 6, 353	
Tire, battery, accessory dealersdo			5, 113 431	5, 090 432	5, 214 438	4, 515 427	4, 016 431	4, 313 400	5, 011 470	5,387 488	5, 676 495	5, 836 511	5, 640 491	75,762 7505	5, 869 484	
Furniture and appliance group Qdo Furniture, homefurnishings storesdo Household appliance, TV, radiodo			1,395 848 443	1, 399 851 445	1, 345 856 402	1, 384 861 433	1, 388 890 411	1, 354 863 415	1, 437 895 435	1, 436 874 473	1, 483 919 466	1,472 868 475	1, 429 854 472	7 1, 487 7 867 7 505	1, 450 905 445	
Lumber, building, hardware groupdo Lumber, bldg. materials dealers♂do Hardware storesdo			1, 221 931 290	1, 236 958 278	1, 237 958 279	1, 228 953 275	1, 245 972 273	1, 257 1, 002 255	1, 290 1, 031 259	1, 221 944 277	1, 260 990 270	1, 300 1, 024 276	1, 347 1, 055 292	, 1, 431 , 1, 111 , 320	1, 139	

Revised. ¹ Data are for Jan. 1970.
†Revised series; not comparable with previously published indexes. Revisions for Jan.-Mar. 1970 are as follows: Combined index—196; 192; 197; television (network)—252; 238; 248; spot TV—306; 301; 304; magazines—165; 166; 171; newspapers—122; 121; 122 (no comparable data prior to Jan. 1970 are available).

⊕ Source: Media Records, Inc., 64-City Newspaper Advertising Trend Chart. *New

series. Beginning Jan. 1971 the series was revised to reflect trends in newspaper advertising expenditures in 64 cities instead of linage in 52 cities as formerly published. Q Includes data for items not shown separately. QComprises lumber yards, building materials dealers, and paint, plumbing, and electrical stores. §Except department stores mail order.

Inless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1969	1970	<u> </u>		197	70				,		19	71			
through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anı	nual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug
	 -	D	OME	STIC	TRA	DE—(Conti	nued								
RETAIL TRADE—Continued																
ll retail stores—Continued Estimated sales (seas. adj.)—Continued Nondurable goods stores 9 mil.\$- Apparel group do Men's and boys' wear stores do Women's apparel, accessory stores do Shoe stores do			21, 242 1, 704 386 650 295	21, 278 1, 715 380 658 324	21,329 1,650 387 627 304	21, 607 1, 746 398 655 332	21, 828 1, 775 403 673 325	21, 822 1, 743 389 668 314	21, 674 1, 704 379 659 279	21, 806 1, 737 390 661 281	22, 086 1, 759 384 695 262	22, 395 1, 729 388 677 270	22,475 1,758 392 710 266	r 22,792 r 1,802 r 403 r 737 r 263	22, 498 1, 746 378 723 259	
Drug and proprietary stores do Eating and drinking places do Food group do Grocery stores do Gasoline service stations do			1, 055 2, 299 6, 751 6, 299 2, 237	1, 071 2, 347 6, 814 6, 349 2, 156	1, 101 2, 374 6, 870 6, 420 2, 165	1,090 2,386 6,859 6,422 2,217	1,099 2,394 6,866 6,421 2,242	1, 083 2, 339 7, 007 6, 550 2, 264	1, 078 2, 300 6, 980 6, 525 2, 213	1, 084 2, 320 6, 972 6, 508 2, 231	1, 113 2, 339 7, 010 6, 548 2, 248	1, 120 2, 349 7, 104 6, 620 2, 270	1, 104 2, 411 7, 212 6, 656 2, 277	71,097 72,427 77,121 76,642 72,308	1, 071 2, 384 7, 167 6, 659 2, 335	
General merchandise group without non-			5, 246 4, 766 3, 247 327 575 693	5, 187 4, 672 3, 154 317 580 710	5, 248 4, 736 3, 231 311 603 687	5, 342 4, 802 3, 259 324 597 690	5, 422 4, 788 3, 240 321 596 689	5, 439 4, 953 3, 342 303 603 647	5, 426 4, 943 3, 322 317 619 712	5, 529 4, 966 3, 343 329 600 705	5, 664 5, 151 3, 462 341 632 711	5, 756 5, 257 3, 582 338 602 702	5, 723 5, 248 3, 562 303 641 710	7 5, 975 7 5, 500 7 3, 743 7 368 7 632 7 739	5, 790 5, 313 3, 587 363 612 710	
Estimated inventories, end of year or month: \$\(\frac{1}{2}\) Book value (unadjusted), total \$\(\frac{1}{2}\)	43, 535 19, 527 9, 424 3, 122 2, 546	43, 543 18, 353 8, 204 2, 938 2, 591	44, 819 20, 116 10, 007 3, 017 2, 539	43, 927 18, 684 8, 573 3, 005 2, 520	44, 659 18, 665 8, 546 3, 022 2, 534	45, 347 18, 227 7, 965 3, 100 2, 526	46, 216 18, 124 7, 697 3, 129 2, 544	43, 543 18, 353 8, 204 2, 938 2, 591	43, 570 18, 901 8, 831 2, 879 2, 623	44, 924 19, 857 9, 663 2, 922 2, 681	47, 091 20, 920 10, 519 2, 977 2, 799	47, 759 21, 284 10, 783 3, 039 2, 795	47, 795 21, 587 11, 079 3, 020 2, 824	47, 514 21, 534 11, 193 2, 998 2, 786	47, 226 21, 139 10, 867 2, 967 2, 744	
Nondurable goods stores \$ do\ Apparel group	24, 008 4, 426 4, 691 9, 186	25, 190 4, 470 4, 887 9, 864	24, 703 4, 480 4, 687 9, 980	25, 243 4, 685 4, 660 10, 253	25, 994 4, 853 4, 670 10, 806	27, 120 4, 945 4, 850 11, 505	28, 092 5, 149 5, 055 11, 839	25, 190 4, 470 4, 887 9, 864	24, 669 4, 301 4, 796 9, 813	25, 067 4, 411 4, 784 10, 089	26, 171 4, 689 4, 955 10, 567	26, 475 4, 713 5, 003	26, 208 4, 629 5, 024 10, 782	25, 980 4, 568 5, 064 10, 628	22, 087 4, 605 5, 081 10, 683	
Department storesdo Book value (seas. adj.), total ‡do Durable goods stores \$do Automotive groupdo Furniture and appliance groupdo Lumber, building, hardware groupdo	5, 348 44, 623 19, 980 9, 558 3, 199 2, 627	5, 652 44, 918 19, 040 8, 563 3, 020 2, 674	5, 768 44, 965 19, 739 9, 613 3, 026 2, 552	5, 937 45, 453 20, 119 10, 050 3, 011 2, 558	6, 276 45, 691 20, 270 10, 114 3, 004 2, 575	6, 689 44, 883 19, 291 9, 113 3, 024 2, 564	6, 916 44, 507 18, 542 8, 320 2, 980 2, 549	5, 652 44, 918 19, 040 8, 563 3, 020 2, 674	5, 628 44, 984 18, 987 8, 683 2, 974 2, 674	5,743 45,432 19,480 9,159 2,991 2,716	6,097 46,416 20,131 9,803 2,998 2,755	6, 208 46, 728 20, 232 9, 911 3, 003 2, 706	6, 199 47, 146 20, 716 10, 296 3, 017 2, 758	6,063 47,383 20,815 10,510 2,995 2,753	47, 500 20, 879 10, 561 2, 982 2, 747	
Nondurable goods stores Q	24, 643 4, 606 4, 672 9, 777 5, 677	25, 878 4, 656 4, 868 10, 508 6, 013	25, 226 4, 647 4, 763 10, 198 5, 922	25, 334 4, 593 4, 750 10, 277 5, 961	25, 421 4, 583 4, 712 10, 369 6, 017	25, 592 4, 579 4, 746 10, 394 5, 988	25, 965 4, 720 4, 879 10, 544 6, 056	25, 878 4, 656 4, 868 10, 508 6, 013	25, 997 4, 695 4, 840 10, 621 6, 164	25, 952 4, 585 4, 827 10, 681 6, 116	26, 285 4, 661 4, 950 10, 726 6, 146	26, 496 4, 708 5, 003 10, 867 6, 252	26, 430 4, 704 5, 024 10, 912 6, 287	26, 568 4, 753 5, 095 10, 948 6, 309	26, 621 4, 747 5, 153 10, 892 6, 246	
irms with 11 or more stores: Estimated sales (unadj.), total \(\)	103, 070	110,848	9,018	9,007	8, 946	9,857	9, 811	13, 612	8, 350	7, 751	9, 108	9, 840	9,642	9, 910	9,910	
Apparel group ? do Men's and boys' wear stores do Women's apparel, accessory stores do Shoe stores do Drug and proprietary stores do Eating and drinking places do Eating and appliance group do	5, 921 905 2, 090 1, 598 3, 777 2, 487 1, 354	6, 191 852 2, 250 1, 712 4, 307 2, 683 1, 281	428 55 160 117 356 231 105	502 59 179 151 352 243 100	510 60 180 162 357 242 100	565 77 204 165 364 253 118	578 85 213 155 361 230 114	914 113 381 200 542 196 151	379 43 145 98 331 165 95	352 36 137 86 305 155 97	493 42 206 109 367 166 104	576 65 227 140 382 172 113	508 66 210 110 375 168 107	7 523 7 64 7 219 7 109 7 357 7 175 7 117	462 50 198 94 359 174 115	
General merchandise group with non- stores? mil. \$. General merchandise group without non- stores \$. mil. \$. Dept. stores, excl. mail order salesdo Variety stores.	41, 997 39, 222 28, 934 5, 232	45, 302 42, 165 31, 105 5, 627	3, 463 3, 222 2, 376 424	3, 624 3, 376 2, 491 448	3, 620 3, 364 2, 500 442	3, 945 3, 654 2, 705 477	4, 388 4, 025 2, 968 511	6, 958 6, 593 4, 860 950	2, 986 2, 745 2, 085 342	2, 893 2, 603 1, 887 344	3, 705 3, 436 2, 516 421	4, 070 3, 791 2, 798 491	4, 010 3, 737 2, 799 483	7 4, 254 7 4, 001 7 3, 003 7 476	3, 964 3, 716 2, 754 459	
Grocery stores do do Tire, battery, accessory dealers do do do do do do do do do do do do do	37, 163 1, 816	40, 557 1, 747	3, 515 164	3, 324 146	3, 260 139	3,699 158	3, 242 143	3, 842 178	3, 609 122	3, 213 114	3, 452 146	3, 643 181	3, 576 165		3,920 174	
Estimated sales (seas. adj.), total \(\cdot \cd		-	9, 227	9, 229	9, 279	9,420	9, 508	9, 494	9, 547	9, 516	9, 760	9, 910	9,842	10,149	9, 898	
Apparel group \$ do \\ Men's and boys' wear stores \\ Women's apparel, accessory stores \\ do \\ Shoe stores \\ Drug and proprietary stores \\ do \\ Eating and drinking places \\ do \\ do \\ Eating and drinking places \\ do \\ Eating and drinking places \\ do \\ Eating and drinking places \\ do \\ Eating and drinking places \\ do \\ Eating and drinking places \\ do \\ Eating and drinking places \\ do \\ Eating and drinking places \\ do \\ Eating and drinking places \\ do \\ Eating and drinking places \\ do \\ Eating and drinking places \\ Eating and \\ Ea			509 68 187 138 364 221	526 72 187 155 367 236	499 67 178 143 378 232	541 71 190 169 375 245	556 72 204 160 376 236	528 59 217 135 352 204	492 49 195 124 356 176	522 51 201 126 355 176	548 52 231 115 393 167	538 66 213 121 395 164	537 71 221 114 380 165	7 536 7 63 7 230 7 105 7 366 7 170	535 64 224 110 359 166	
General merchandise group with non- stores mil. \$. General merchandise group without non- stores \$. mil. \$. Dept. stores, excl. mail order salesdo Variety storesdo			3, 746 3, 504 2, 569 467	3, 695 3, 441 2, 534 465	3, 765 3, 511 2, 599 477	3, 827 3, 558 2, 636 480	3, 890 3, 538 2, 620 479	4, 004 3, 710 2, 752 478	3, 951 3, 683 2, 703 494	3, 979 3, 690 2, 711 478	4, 143 3, 888 2, 856 498	4, 265 3, 946 2, 921 492	4, 167 3, 920 2, 916 506	7 4, 425 7 4, 172 7 3, 099 7 499	4, 199 3, 950 2, 911 491	
Grocery storesdo Tire, battery, accessory dealersdo			3, 377 154	3, 427 146	3, 424 155	3, 451 152	3, 449 141	3, 480 139	3, 542 155	3, 470 157	3, 519 167	3, 561 168	3, 616 154	r 3, 659 r 162	3, 640 186	
ll retail stores, accounts receivable, end of yr. or mo.: Total (unadjusted) mil. \$ Durable goods stores do. Nondurable goods stores do. Charge accounts do. Installment accounts do.	7, 174 14, 316		7, 139 13, 118 8, 357	20, 286 7, 143 13, 143 8, 305 11, 981					ł				i		l	
Total (seasonally adjusted) do_ Durable goods stores do_ Nondurable goods stores do_ Charge accounts. do_ Installment accounts. do_	6,976		20, 533 7, 015 13, 518 8, 357	20, 628 7, 056 13, 572												

r Revised. Series revised to reflect benchmarking to the levels of the 1968 and 1969 Annual Retail Trade Reports (Census Bureau), and also recalculation of seas. factors for all lines of trade; description of revisions and revised data back to 1961 appear on pp. 38 ff.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1969	1970			19	70						1	971			
through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ant	nual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug. p
·	LABO	R FO	RCE,	EMI	LOY	MEN'	Γ, AN	ID E	ARNI	NGS						
POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES Total, incl. armed forces overseas †mil LABOR FORCE	·1 202, 60	1 204, 80	204.80	205.00	205.21	205.43	205.63	205.82	206. 02	206. 18	206. 34	206. 51	206.68	206. 84	207. 01	207. 18
Labor force, persons 16 years of age and over_thous_ Civilian labor force	80, 733	85, 903 82, 715 78, 627 75, 165 3, 462 4, 088	87, 955 84, 801 80, 291 76, 173 4, 118 4, 510	87, 248 84, 115 79, 894 76, 112 3, 782 4, 220	85, 656 82, 547 78, 256 74, 730 3, 525 4, 292	86, 255 83, 175 78, 916 75, 522 3, 394 4, 259	86, 386 83, 347 78, 741 75, 515 3, 226 4, 607	86, 165 83, 152 78, 516 75, 564 2, 952 4, 636	85, 628 82, 652 77, 238 74, 361 2, 877 5, 414	85, 653 82, 703 77, 262 74, 415 2, 846 5, 442	85, 598 82, 668 77, 493 74, 452 3, 042 5, 175	85, 780 82, 898 78, 204 74, 699 3, 505 4, 694	85, 954 83, 104 78, 709 75, 111 3, 598 4, 394	87, 784 84, 968 79, 478 75, 559 3, 920 5, 490	88, 808 86, 011 80, 681 76, 710 3, 971 5, 330	88, 453 85, 678 80, 618 76, 853 3, 764 5, 061
Civilian labor forcet			82, 711 78, 574 75, 066 3, 508 4, 137	82, 770 78, 508 75, 073 3, 435	82, 975 78, 479 75, 043 3, 436 4, 496	83, 300 78, 691 75, 398 3, 293 4, 609	83, 473 78, 550 75, 197 3, 353 4, 923	83, 609 78, 463 75, 055 3, 408 5, 146	83, 897 78, 864 75, 451 3, 413 5, 033	83, 384 78, 537 75, 208 3, 329 4, 847	83, 475 78, 475 75, 079 3, 396 5, 000	83, 783 78, 698 75, 140 3, 558 5, 085	84, 178 78, 961 75, 503 3, 458 5, 217	83, 132 78, 443 75, 149 3, 294 4, 689	83, 829 78, 941 75, 574 3, 367 4, 888	84, 312 79, 197 75, 782 3, 415 5, 115
Long-term, 15 weeks and overdo Rates (unemployed in each group as percent of total in the group):; All civilian workers Men, 20 years and over Women, 20 years and over Both sexes, 16-19 years.	3.5 2.1 3.7 12.2	4. 9 3. 5 4. 8 15. 3	5. 0 3. 7 4. 9 14. 2	4, 262 727 5. 1 3. 7 4. 8 15. 8	5. 4 3. 9 5. 0 16. 5	5. 5 4. 1 5. 0 17. 0	5. 9 4. 2 5. 6 17. 6	1,084 6.2 4.6 5.8 17.8	1,079 6.0 4.3 5.7 17.6	1,069 5.8 4.2 5.6 16.7	6. 0 4. 2 5. 8 17. 8	6. 1 4. 4 6. 0 17. 2	1, 202 6. 2 4. 5 6. 0 17. 3	1, 173 5. 6 4. 2 5. 5 15. 8	5. 8 4. 3 5. 7 16. 2	6. 1 4. 5 5. 8 17. 0
Married men. Negro and other races White workers. Occupation: White-collar workers. Blue-collar workers. Industry of last job (nonagricultural):	6. 4 3. 1 2. 1 3. 9	2. 6 8. 2 4. 5 2. 8 6. 2	2.7 8.3 4.6 3.0 6.5	2.8 8.4 4.8 2.8 6.9	2. 9 8. 8 5. 0 2. 9 7. 3	3. 0 9. 3 5. 2 3. 0 7. 3	3. 2 9. 0 5. 5 3. 6 7. 4	3. 4 9. 5 5. 6 3. 8 7. 8	3. 3 9. 5 5. 6 3. 5 7. 6	3. 2 9. 6 5. 3 3. 5 7. 4	3. 2 9. 4 5. 6 3. 7 7. 4	3. 1 10. 0 5. 6 3. 8 7. 4	3. 3 10. 5 5. 7 3. 7 7. 5	3. 1 9. 4 5. 2 3. 1 7. 0	3. 1 10. 1 5. 3 3. 6 7. 1	3. 2 9. 8 5. 6 3. 5 7. 6
Private wage and salary workers	6.0	5. 2 9. 7 5. 6 5. 7	5, 5 10, 8 5, 8 5, 7	5. 5 11. 8 5. 8 5. 7	5. 8 12. 7 6. 1 6. 3	6. 0 11. 7 6. 7 7. 3	6. 2 9. 1 7. 3 8. 2	6, 6 11, 8 7, 6 8, 0	6. 4 11. 2 7. 2 7. 2	6.1 11.0 6.8 7.1	6. 4 10. 9 6. 9 7. 3	6.3 9.6 7.0 7.5	6.5 11.2 6.9 7.2	6. 0 10. 4 6. 5 6. 9	6. 1 9. 6 6. 6 6. 5	6. 2 10. 2 6. 9 6. 8
Employees on payrolls of nonagricultural estab.:¶ Total, not adjusted for seasonal variation. thous. Private sector (excl. gov't)do Seasonally Adjusted	70, 284 58, 082	70, 616 58, 081	770, 542 58, 487	770, 452 58, 495	70, 841 58, 469	770, 604 57, 883	770, 562 57, 727	771, 151 58, 266	r 69, 527 56, 728	769, 450 56, 541	769, 782 56, 811	70, 309 57, 331	70, 738 57, 745	71, 355 58, 422	770, 479 58, 082	70, 583 58, 275
Totalthous. Private sector (excl. gov't)do Miningdo Contract constructiondo Manufacturingdo Durable goodsdo	3, 435	70, 616 58, 081 622 3, 345 19, 369 11, 198	70, 605 58, 092 619 3, 307 19, 394 11, 222	70, 445 57, 925 620 3, 302 19, 258 11, 132	70, 480 57, 942 620 3, 274 19, 235 11, 116	70, 082 57, 465 621 3, 284 18, 669 10, 598	69, 985 57, 314 624 3, 294 18, 517 10, 449	70, 313 57, 630 623 3, 302 18, 796 10, 738	70, 454 57, 735 625 3, 271 18, 747 10, 697	70, 391 57, 647 622 3, 198 18, 684 10, 642	70, 480 57, 688 622 3, 264 18, 609 10, 571	70, 599 57, 768 623 3, 282 18, 639 10, 598	70, 769 57, 911 622 3, 275 18, 702 10, 651	70, 657 57, 819 619 3, 255 18, 608 10, 598	70, 566 57, 692 599 3, 228 18, 530 10, 554	70, 552 57, 658 610 3, 213 18, 501 10, 522
Ordnance and accessories do Lumber and wood products do Furniture and fixtures do Stone, clay, and glass products do	607 484 656	242 572 460 638	237 564 455 631 1, 311	234 564 454 633 1, 306	230 567 457 637 1, 324	222 565 454 631 1, 284	217 564 452 626 1, 253	212 560 450 627 1, 260	208 563 449 626 1, 262	200 565 449 624 1, 260	195 566 450 622 1, 264	194 567 452 628 1, 270	196 570 457 633	193 574 458 629	190 580 462 624	195 582 462 627
Primary metal industries	2, 020 2, 060	1, 313 1, 380 1, 977 1, 923 1, 807 459 426	1, 381 1, 980 1, 937 1, 845 458 423	1, 377 1, 953 1, 910 1, 826 453 422	1, 324 1, 387 1, 935 1, 896 1, 811 452 420	1, 254 1, 326 1, 892 1, 856 1, 506 447 415	1, 255 1, 304 1, 870 1, 811 1, 497 442 413	1, 200 1, 333 1, 854 1, 816 1, 773 438 415	1, 202 1, 328 1, 829 1, 800 1, 782 437 413	1, 200 1, 328 1, 810 1, 792 1, 771 432 411	1, 298 1, 796 1, 787 1, 753 429 411	1, 270 1, 333 1, 784 1, 789 1, 745 426 410	1, 272 1, 339 1, 783 1, 793 1, 768 429 411	1, 259 1, 333 1, 769 1, 783 1, 759 430 411	1, 227 1, 339 1, 770 1, 771 1, 751 431 409	1, 182 1, 334 1, 775 1, 773 1, 746 431 415
Nondurable goods	1,002 1,409	8, 171 1, 782 82 978 1, 372 706	8, 172 1, 777 83 971 1, 380 704	8, 126 1, 772 82 970 1, 363 701	8, 119 1, 767 79 970 1, 364 702	8, 071 1, 759 79 963 1, 355 696	8, 068 1, 766 80 960 1, 358 697	8, 058 1, 763 79 961 1, 360 695	8,050 1,765 79 962 1,356 693	8,042 1,764 79 959 1,359 691	8, 038 1, 760 77 958 1, 368 689	8, 041 1, 753 79 958 1, 374 690	8, 051 1, 758 78 963 1, 373 681	8,010 1,751 77 956 1,357 682	7, 976 1, 760 68 959 1, 340	7, 979 1, 763 66 957 1, 338 680
Printing and publishing do Chemicals and allied products do Petroleum and coal products do Rubber and plastics products, nec do Leather and leather products do	182 596	1, 107 1, 051 190 580 322	1, 106 1, 050 190 586 325	1, 104 1, 048 190 577 319	1, 105 1, 048 189 578 317	1, 103 1, 043 189 569 315	1, 101 1, 037 190 567 312	1,099 1,033 191 566 311	1, 099 1, 030 192 564 310	1, 096 1, 026 192 567 309	1, 092 1, 021 191 574 308	1, 088 1, 021 190 577 311	1, 091 1, 024 190 582 311	1, 088 1, 016 189 583 311	1, 084 1, 008 188 587 305	1, 085 1, 003 188 587 312
Transportation, communication, electric, gas, and sanitary services. thous. Wholesale and retail trade. do Wholesale trade. do Retail trade. do Retail trade. do Retail trade. do Retail trade. do Retail trade. to do Retail trade.	14, 639 3, 733 10, 906	4, 504 14, 922 3, 824 11, 098 3, 690	4, 542 14, 916 3, 829 11, 087 3, 690	4, 523 14, 907 3, 816 11, 091 3, 683	4, 518 14, 931 3, 826 11, 105 3, 698	4, 517 14, 946 3, 833 11, 113 3, 706	4, 506 14, 902 3, 827 11, 075 3, 721	4, 450 14, 952 3, 832 11, 120 3, 731	4, 507 15, 039 3, 841 11, 198 3, 746	4, 526 15, 059 3, 845 11, 214 3, 749	4, 520 15, 074 3, 852 11, 222 3, 758	4, 505 15, 107 3, 854 11, 253 3, 769	4, 518 15, 148 3, 866 11, 282 3, 788	4, 500 15, 135 3, 837 11, 298 3, 807	4, 477 15, 150 3, 835 11, 315 3, 805	4, 453 15, 183 3, 845 11, 338 3, 803
Finance, insurance, and real estatedoServicesdododododododo	12, 202 2, 758 9, 444	11, 630 12, 535 2, 705 9, 830	11, 624 12, 513 2, 655 9, 858	11, 632 12, 520 2, 635 9, 885	11, 666 12, 538 2, 657 9, 881	11, 722 12, 617 2, 659 9, 958	11, 750 12, 671 2, 664 10, 007	11, 776 12, 683 2, 661 10, 022	11, 800 12, 719 2, 661 10, 058	11, 809 12, 744 2, 662 10, 082	11, 841 12, 792 2, 662 10, 130	11, 843 12, 831 2, 667 10, 164	11, 858 12, 858 2, 667 10, 191	11, 895 12, 838 2, 640 10, 198	11, 903 12, 874 2, 643 10, 231	11, 895 12, 894 2, 638 10, 256
Production (or nonsupervisory) workers on private nonagricultural payrolls, not seas. adj %ihous_Total on manufacturing payrollsdo Seasonally Adjusted	- 48, 105	r 47, 950 14, 033	r 48,304 13, 946	14, 083	7 48,347 14, 201	13, 550		48,196 13,617	7 46,678 13, 400	7 46,505 13,378	13, 345	, 47,296 13,357	, 47,708 13, 441	48, 322 13, 611	* 47, 978 13, 320	7 48, 185 13, 602
Total on manufacturing payrolls	8, 651 182 526 402 526 1, 087	14, 033 8, 043 131 493 379 507 1, 043	14, 073 8, 079 127 486 374 502 1, 040	13, 972 8, 026 126 486 374 503 1, 037	13, 963 8, 016 124 487 377 506 1, 055	13, 406 7, 510 118 486 373 501 1, 015	7, 384 114 485 373 496 984	13, 577 7, 686 111 480 370 497 992	13, 551 7, 665 108 483 370 496	13, 507 7, 625 102 486 369 494 997	13, 448 7, 569 99 487 370 492 1, 002	13, 502 7, 612 97 488 372 498 1, 008	13, 569 7, 667 98 491 375 502 1, 012	13, 496 7, 627 95 495 378 499 996	13, 445 7, 600 94 501 380 494 967	13, 429 7, 578 97 503 381 497 936
Fabricated metal productsdoMachinery, except electricaldo	1, 108	1, 051 1, 319	1, 053 1, 324	1,055 1,300	1,061	999 1, 245	981 1, 229	1,011 1,217	1,007 1,198		980 1, 172	1, 014 1, 163	1,020 1,159	1, 013 1, 152	1,020 1,156	1,019 1,159

r Revised. p Preliminary. As of July 1.
tMonthly estimates have been adjusted to the 1970 Census; revisions prior to Dec. 1969
appear in Current Population Reports, Series P-25. No. 465, Estimates of the Population
of the United States and Components of Change: 1940 to 1971 (Bureau of the Census).

[†]Effective Feb. 1971 SURVEY, labor force data reflect new seasonal factors; comparable figures for prior periods appear in EMPLOYMENT AND EARNINGS, Feb. 1971 (USDL, Bureau of Labor Statistics).

¶See corresponding note, p. S-14.

1970 1969 1970 1971 Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS Annual July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar Apr. May June July Aug. »

LABO	R FO	RCE,	EMP1	LOYN	IENT	, ANI	D EA	RNIN	GS-	Conti	nued					
EMPLOYMENT—Continued			 		İ											
Seasonally Adjusted Production workers on mfg. payrolls—Continued Durable goods—Continued Electrical equipment and supplies thous Transportation equipment do Instruments and related products do Miscellaneous manufacturing ind do Nondurable goods Food and kindred products do Tobacco manufactures do	7 1, 346 1, 453 294 345 6, 116 1, 202 70	7 1, 268 1, 246 277 329 5, 990 1, 199 68	r 1, 285 1, 286 276 326 5, 994 1, 196	1, 266 1, 280 273 326 5, 946 1, 191 69	7 1, 254 1, 269 271 324 5, 947 1, 186 66	7 1, 223 965 266 319 5, 896 1, 179 66	7 1, 183 961 263 315 5, 895 1, 186	7 1, 192 1, 236 261 319 5, 891 1, 187 66	7 1, 183 1, 245 260 318 5, 886 1, 187 65	7 1, 177 1, 237 256 318 5, 882 1, 186 66	7 1, 173 1, 225 253 316 5, 879 1, 184 64	7 1, 177 1, 225 253 317 5, 890 1, 181 66	r 1, 184 1, 253 255 318 5, 902 1, 184 65	7 1, 179 1, 246 256 318 5, 869 1, 178 64	7 1, 169 1, 245 257 317 5, 845 1, 187	1, 16 1, 24 25 32 5, 85 1, 19
Textile mill products	1, 238 550 682 622 112 462 294	858 1, 203 544 681 603 116 443 275	852 1, 211 541 680 602 116 449 278	850 1, 195 538 677 599 115 440 272	850 1, 196 540 680 602 114 442 271	844 1, 185 534 676 597 114 432 269	841 1, 189 535 674 592 115 430 266	1, 192 532 675 588 116 430 263	845 1, 187 531 672 588 116 431 264	841 1, 189 529 671 586 118 433 263	839 1, 197 526 668 583 116 440 262	840 1, 202 527 666 584 116 443 265	845 1, 204 519 667 588 116 448 266	838 1, 188 520 667 585 115 449 265	842 1, 171 515 662 582 115 452 262	84 1, 16 51 66 57 11 45 26
HOURS AND MAN-HOURS Seasonally Adjusted																
A verage weekly gross hours per production worker on payrolls of private nonagric, estab. ¶. hours. Not seasonally adjusted	37. 7 43. 0 37. 9 40. 6	37. 1 42. 7 37. 4 39. 8	42.4 37.4 39.9 40.1 3.0	7 37. 1 37. 6 42. 3 37. 3 39. 8 39. 8 2. 9	7 36. 7 37. 0 42. 1 35. 0 39. 6 39. 3 2. 8	36. 9 36. 9 42. 7 37. 0 39. 6 39. 4 2. 8	36. 9 36. 8 42. 7 37. 2 39. 7 39. 6 2. 7	37. 0 37. 1 42. 8 37. 7 39. 9 39. 5 2. 7	7 36. 9 36. 6 42. 9 37. 6 39. 6 39. 8 2. 8	36. 9 36. 5 42. 6 36. 8 39. 4 39. 8 2. 8	7 36. 9 36. 7 42. 8 37. 8 39. 7 39. 8 2. 9	37. 0 36. 7 42. 2 37. 1 39. 5 39. 8 2. 9	36. 9 36. 8 42. 4 36. 8 40. 0 40. 0 3. 0	7 37. 0 37. 2 42. 3 37. 2 40. 2 40. 0 2. 9	36. 9 37. 3 42. 2 37. 1 39. 8 40. 0 2. 9	37. 37. 42. 37. 39. 39.
Durable goods	41. 3 3. 8 40. 4 40. 2 40. 4 41. 9 41. 6 42. 5 40. 4 41. 5 40. 7 30, 0	40. 3 2. 9 40. 6 39. 7 39. 2 41. 2 40. 5 40. 7 41. 1 39. 9 40. 3 40. 1 38. 7	40. 6 3. 0 40. 4 39. 7 39. 2 41. 1 40. 5 41. 3 41. 1 40. 2 40. 8 40. 8 39. 0	40, 2 2, 9 40, 4 39, 7 39, 0 41, 0 40, 6 40, 9 39, 7 40, 6 40, 0 38, 6	39. 8 2. 7 39. 7 39. 5 38. 3 40. 9 41. 0 39. 8 40. 1 39. 0 39. 8 39. 4 39. 4	39. 9 2. 6 40. 2 39. 3 39. 2 41. 0 39. 9 40. 2 40. 4 39. 7 39. 9 39. 8 38. 4	40. 0 2. 5 40. 4 39. 8 39. 3 41. 1 39. 6 40. 1 40. 6 39. 7 40. 0 39. 9 38. 5	40. 0 2. 6 40. 7 39. 7 39. 5 41. 3 39. 9 40. 2 40. 3 39. 7 40. 2 39. 6 38. 7	40. 3 2. 7 41. 1 39. 8 39. 5 41. 2 40. 3 40. 4 40. 2 39. 7 41. 3 39. 8 39. 8	40. 3 2. 8 41. 4 39. 8 39. 6 41. 3 40. 4 40. 1 39. 7 41. 5 39. 7 39. 7 38. 4	40. 4 2. 8 41. 9 39. 9 39. 7 41. 7 40. 8 40. 2 39. 7 41. 7 39. 7 39. 7	40. 3 2. 8 41. 5 40. 1 39. 5 41. 1 41. 0 40. 1 40. 0 39. 8 40. 6 39. 7 38. 6	40. 5 2. 9 41. 5 39. 8 39. 9 41. 4 41. 0 40. 7 40. 5 39. 9 41. 1 40. 0 38. 9	40. 6 2. 9 41. 6 40. 4 39. 9 42. 0 41. 0 40. 6 40. 7 39. 9 41. 4 39. 7 38. 7	40. 4 2. 8 41. 9 40. 3 40. 1 41. 8 40. 7 40. 7 40. 0 39. 6 39. 9 39. 2	40. 2. 42. 40. 41. 39. 40. 41. 39. 40. 40. 39.
Nondurable goods	39. 7 3. 4 40. 8 37. 4 40. 8 35. 9	39. 1 3. 0 40. 5 37. 8 39. 9 35. 3	39. 2 2. 9 40. 3 37. 7 40. 1 35. 4	39. 1 3. 0 40. 6 37. 4 39. 8 35. 2	38. 6 2. 8 40. 0 36. 4 38. 9 34. 1	38. 9 2. 8 40. 5 38. 0 39. 6 35. 0	39. 0 2. 8 40. 4 38. 4 39. 7 35. 3	39. 0 2. 7 40. 5 39. 3 39. 7 35. 3	39, 2 2, 9 40, 7 39, 1 40, 4 35, 2	39. 1 2. 9 40. 7 36. 1 40. 2 35. 0	39. 1 2. 9 40. 5 38. 0 40. 3 35. 2	39. 2 2, 9 40. 5 37. 5 40. 4 35. 1	39. 4 3. 0 40. 5 38. 3 40. 8 35. 5	39. 3 3. 1 40. 4 36. 2 40. 8 35. 4	39. 2 3. 0 40. 4 37. 0 40. 3 35. 8	39. 2. 40. 37. 40. 35.
Paper and allied productsdo Printing and publishingdo Chemicals and allied productsdo Petroleum and coal productsdo. Rubber and plastics products, necdo Leather and leather productsdo	43. 0 38. 4 41. 8 42. 6 41. 1 37. 2	41. 9 37. 7 41. 6 42. 7 40. 3 37. 2	41. 7 37. 8 41. 5 43. 0 40. 6 37. 4	41. 8 37. 6 41. 4 44. 0 40. 3 36. 9	41, 5 37, 4 42, 0 43, 5 40, 0 36, 6	41. 6 37. 4 41. 3 43. 1 39. 6 37. 0	41. 7 37. 5 41. 3 42. 8 39. 5 37. 1	41. 4 37. 5 41. 4 43. 3 39. 6 37. 2	41. 7 37. 6 41. 5 42. 5 40. 1 37. 1	41. 8 37. 4 41. 5 42. 9 39. 9 36. 9	41. 9 37. 5 41. 4 41. 9 40. 3 37. 4	42. 3 37. 5 41. 7 41. 7 40. 3 38. 3	42.1 37.7 41.5 41.7 40.4 37.8	42. 3 37. 7 41. 7 42. 3 40. 7 37. 5	42. 4 37. 6 41. 4 42. 4 40. 3 37. 8	42. 37. 41. 43. 40. 38.
Trans., comm., elec., gas, etc.* do. Wholesale and retail trade. do. Wholesale trade. do. Retail trade. do. Finance, insurance, and real estate. do. Services* do.	40. 7 35. 6 40. 2 34. 2 37. 1 34. 7	40. 5 35. 3 40. 0 33. 8 36. 8 34. 4	40. 7 35. 4 40. 0 33. 8 36. 8 34. 5	40. 4 35. 2 39. 9 33. 9 36. 9 34. 6	40. 5 35. 2 39. 7 33. 7 36. 7 34. 4	40. 2 35. 2 39. 9 33. 8 36. 7 34. 3	40. 3 35. 2 39. 8 33. 7 36. 7 34. 3	40. 3 35. 1 39. 8 33. 7 36. 7 34. 3	40. 0 35. 1 39. 7 33. 6 36. 7 34. 2	40. 3 35. 1 39. 7 33. 6 36. 8 34. 2	40. 5 35. 0 39. 7 33. 5 36. 9 34. 0	40. 5 35. 2 39. 6 33. 7 36. 9 34. 1	40. 5 35. 1 39. 8 33. 7 37. 0 34. 1	40. 6 35. 2 39. 9 33. 7 37. 0 34. 1	38. 9 35. 3 39. 6 33. 8 37. 1 34. 4	40. 35. 39. 33. 37. 34.
Seasonally Adjusted Man-hours, all wage and salary workers, nonagric.																
establishments, for 1 week in the month, seas. adjusted at annual rate†bil. man-hours	139. 09	138. 59	138. 70	138. 24	138.09	137. 04	13 6. 97	137. 32	137. 55	136. 76	137. 89	137. 89	138. 47	1 3 8, 18	138.04	137. 9
Man-hour indexes (aggregate weekly), industrial and construction ind., total \(\begin{align*}{ccc} 1967 = 100. \\ \text{Mining} & \text{do} \\ \text{Contract construction} & \text{do} \\ \text{Manufacturing} & \text{do} \\ \text{Durable goods} & \text{do} \\ do				r 96. 5 99. 5 100. 4 95. 7 93. 8	94. 4 99. 2 93. 3 94. 4 92. 6	7 92. 6 100. 8 99. 0 91. 1 87. 1	92, 1 101, 1 99, 9 90, 4 85, 7	7 94. 1 101. 3 101. 5 92. 6 89. 3	r 94. 2 101. 7 100. 3 92. 9 89. 6	7 93. 1 100. 4 95. 1 92. 5 89. 3	7 93. 7 100. 9 100. 3 92. 4 88. 9	r 93. 7 99. 7 99. 3 92. 5 88. 9	94. 4 100. 1 98. 3 93. 5 90. 2	7 94. 1 99. 0 98. 5 93. 1 90. 0	7 93. 2 94. 8 97. 4 92. 4 89. 0	93. 96. 97. 92. 88.
Ordnance and accessories do. Lumber and wood products do. Furniture and fixtures do. Stone, clay, and glass products do.				70. 1 92. 4 96. 4 99. 2	67. 8 92. 2 95. 4 99. 5	65. 3 91. 5 96. 6 98. 8	63. 4 92. 5 96. 8 98. 0	62. 2 91. 3 96. 6 98. 7	61. 1 92. 1 96. 6 98. 3	58. 1 92. 7 96. 5 98. 1	57. 1 93. 1 97. 0 98. 7	55. 4 93. 8 97. 1 98. 4	56. 0 93. 6 98. 9 99. 9	54. 4 95. 8 99. 6 100. 8	54, 2 96, 7 100, 7 99, 3	56. 97. 102. 99.
Primary metal industriesdoFabricated metal productsdoMachinery, except electricaldo				96. 2 98. 0 91. 3	99. 3 96. 6 88. 6	93. 0 91. 9 86. 3	89. 5 90. 0 85. 6	90. 9 93. 0 84. 2	92. 3 93. 1 82. 7	93. 0 93. 0 81. 4	93. 9 90. 4 80. 9	94. 9 93. 0 79. 8	95. 3 95. 0 80. 6	93. 8 94. 1 80. 5	89. 9 95. 0 80. 8	85. 94. 81.
Electrical equipment and supplies do Transportation equipment do Instruments and related products do Miscellaneous manufacturing ind do				94. 6 91. 6 94. 0 94. 3	92, 0 89, 0 91, 9 92, 5	91. 4 67. 9 91. 1 91. 8	88. 4 67. 8 90. 3 90. 9	89. 1 87. 6 89. 0 92. 5	88. 4 90. 6 89. 1 92. 0	87, 9 90, 5 87, 5 91, 5	87. 6 90. 1 86. 5 91. 9	88. 2 87. 7 86. 5 91. 7	88. 9 90. 8 87. 8 92. 7	88. 5 90. 9 87. 5 92. 2	88. 0 86. 9 88. 3 93. 1	87. 87. 89. 94.
Nondurable goods. do Food and kindred products. do Tobacco manufactures. do Textile mill products do Apparel and other textile products. do				98. 4 99. 6 90. 6 97. 3 94. 4	97. 1 97. 7 84. 3 95. 1 91. 5	97. 1 98. 3 88. 1 96. 2 93. 1	97. 3 98. 7 90. 3 96. 1 94. 2	97. 3 99. 0 91. 1 96. 2 94. 5	97. 7 99. 5 89. 3 98. 2 93. 8	97. 3 99. 4 83. 7 97. 3 93. 4	97. 4 98. 8 85. 4 97. 3 94. 6	97. 8 98. 5 86. 9 97. 6 94. 7	98. 3 98. 8 87. 4 99. 2 95. 9	97. 7 98. 0 81. 4 98. 4 94. 4	97. 3 98. 8 74. 1 97. 6 94. 1	97. (99. (73. (98. (93. (

parable with current estimates nor with the revised historical statistics in BLS Bulletin No. 1312-8, EMPLOYMENT AND EARNINGS, UNITED STATES, 1909-71, to be available from the Superintendent of Documents, Government Printing Office, Wash., D.C. 20402. *New series. †Data through June 1971 are not yet adjusted to Mar. 1970 benchmarks.

Revised. **Preliminary.

*Beginning with the Sept. 1971 SURVEY, payroll employment, hours, earnings, and turnover data reflect actual employment levels for Mar. 1970 and new seasonal factors. Data in the 1969 BUSINESS STATISTICS are in accordance with Mar. 1968 benchmarks and are not com-

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown	1969	1970			1:	970	1			1			71			
in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	An	nual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.
LABO	OR FO	RCE,	EMP	LOYN	MENT	Γ , ΑΝ	D EA	RNIN	GS-	Conti	nued					
HOURS AND MAN-HOURS—Continued Man-hour indexes, seas. adjusted—Continued Manufacturing indus., nondurable goods—Con. Paper and allied products. 1967=100. Printing and publishing. do. Chemicals and allied products. do. Petroleum and coal products. do. Rubber and plastics products, nec. do. Leather and leather products. do.				7 99. 9 100. 3 100. 7 103. 5 108. 0 86. 6	r 99. 5 100. 2 102. 7 101. 4 107. 6 85. 6	7 98. 6 99. 6 100. 2 100. 4 104. 2 85. 9	7 99. 1 99. 6 99. 3 100. 6 103. 4 85. 2	7 97. 8 99. 7 98. 9 102. 7 103. 7 84. 4	7 98. 3 99. 5 99. 1 100. 8 105. 2 84. 5	7 98. 2 98. 9 98. 8 103. 5 105. 2 83. 7	7 97. 9 98. 7 98. 1 99. 4 108. 0 84. 5	7 99. 0 98. 4 98. 9 98. 9 108. 7 87. 6	7 97. 0 99. 1 99. 1 98. 9 110. 2 86. 8	7 97. 7 99. 1 99. 1 99. 5 111. 3 85. 7	7 97. 0 98. 1 97. 9 99. 7 110. 9 85. 5	97.7 98.0 97.1 101.1 110.8
WEEKLY AND HOURLY EARNINGS																
Not Seasonally Adjusted Avg. weekly gross earnings per prod. worker on payrolls of private nonagric. estab. ¶dollars. Mining	114, 61 155, 23 181, 54 129, 51 139, 59 138, 17 110, 15 105, 85 138, 94 152, 15 124, 84 161, 44 128, 21 103, 74 115, 57 97, 99 95, 47 97, 99 98, 93 139, 32 141, 70 145, 05	7 119. 46 163. 75 196. 35 133. 73 143. 47 146. 57 117. 51 108. 58 140. 08 159. 17 154. 95 130. 87 163. 62 134. 34 109. 13 120. 43 127. 98 110. 38 97. 76 84. 37 144. 14 147. 78	163, 50 200, 45 134, 46 143, 87 143, 28 118, 01 107, 86 141, 25 159, 96 131, 80 166, 06 131, 80 166, 06 133, 60 107, 90 121, 44 128, 61 113, 32 96, 96 84, 25 144, 70 148, 15 144, 70 148, 15 144, 70 148, 15 144, 70 148, 15 163, 59	122, 20 163, 58 204, 82 134, 13 143, 92 145, 93 112, 00 111, 00 141, 35 160, 79 144, 89 152, 31 131, 41 164, 00 134, 52 108, 85 121, 04 104, 81 97, 36 85, 20 146, 23 149, 31 153, 68	121. 73 164. 55 194. 76 194. 76 135. 43 145. 16 145. 64 120. 99 108. 92 142. 83 166. 87 145. 44 162. 76 131. 20 167. 26 135. 38 108. 77 122. 15 130. 56 108. 29 96. 19 98. 45 147. 97 151. 18	7 121.03 168.56 204.54 133.45 142.76 147.53 120.38 111.72 143.31 157.61 142.61 153.92 132.47 161.60 110.30 122.07 129.51 111.11 99.50 84.46 147.07 150.38	121. 07 169, 52 197. 65 134. 58 143. 16 151. 07 120. 78 111. 56 143. 85 142. 66 155. 09 133. 60 162. 81 137. 48 111. 64 123. 17 131. 54 112. 81 100. 80 86. 02 147. 55 150. 79	122, 43 170, 28 204, 20 138, 45 149, 04 154, 54 119, 89 114, 33 144, 96 161, 60 147, 38 176, 30 113, 49 124, 58 133, 09 119, 10 101, 45 86, 13 148, 75 153, 90	7 121.88 168.75 199.08 138.60 149.17 156.83 117.09 110.09 141.86 164.83 147.17 135.83 181.69 137.02 112.22 124.09 134.13 115.28 101.60 85.61 147.74 151.03 158.18	r 122.28 167.60 197.38 188.29 149.23 155.32 120.26 109.91 144.13 165.65 146.07 156.39 134.46 181.15 136.76 111.72 123.84 107.51 101.60 86.06 148.21 151.37 158.59	, 123,31 168, 82 205, 53 139, 74 151, 59 157, 59 1121, 79 112, 29 147, 44 168, 10 146, 77 137, 36 182, 55 113, 68 124, 87 114, 45 102, 51 187, 44 149, 76 153, 38 168, 98	170, 89 205, 35 139, 83 150, 40 156, 94 123, 11 111, 25 147, 55 147, 55 171, 39 147, 26 158, 00 136, 72 175, 12 137, 86 113, 19 125, 65 134, 13 118, 91 102, 00 86, 45 151, 26 154, 42 162, 67 164, 42 162, 67	7 125,49 171, 30 209, 05 142, 00 153, 09 158, 12 125, 42 113, 76 151, 01 170, 57 162, 22 160, 79 188, 90 182, 52 140, 10 114, 07 127, 01 136, 21 125, 07 103, 94 87, 69 152, 04 157, 161, 187	127. 22 172. 10 213. 94 143. 51 155. 04 160. 93 129. 65 116. 29 155. 24 173. 87 163. 38 162. 39 139. 95 183. 85 140. 10 114. 46 128. 44 126. 89 121. 44 104. 96 87. 69 155. 24 168. 34 164. 30	127. 57 172. 53 216. 79 142. 09 151. 58 160. 66 127. 43 115. 53 155. 82 169. 71 150. 32 161. 20 138. 65 173. 01 140. 58 113. 48 128. 90 121. 11 102. 66 88. 43 156. 88 157. 92 164. 37	129. 00 172. 99 220. 86 142. 44 153. 1- 165. 41 130. 11 121. 22 157. 77 151. 07 163. 22 140. 44 174. 2- 142. 34 115. 5- 129. 17 136. 32 119. 19 104. 77 89. 88 158. 16
Petroleum and coal products do Rubber and plastics products, nec do Leather and leather products do Trans., comm., elec., gas, etc.* do Wholesale and retail trade do Wholesale trade do Retail trade do Finance, insurance, and real estate do Services* do	170. 40 126. 18 87. 79 148. 15 91. 14 129. 85 78. 66 108. 70 90. 57	182. 76 128. 96 92. 63 155. 93 95. 66 137. 60 82. 47 113. 34 96. 66	184, 88 129, 68 93, 99 159, 06 98, 10 137, 83 84, 91 112, 98 97, 72	184, 46 130, 82 91, 51 158, 34 98, 46 138, 35 85, 75 113, 65 98, 70	187. 92 132. 03 90. 50 160. 36 97. 08 138. 16 83. 82 113. 46 98. 78	187. 06 129. 28 92. 00 159. 18 96. 60 139. 25 83. 08 115. 18 98. 50	187. 05 130. 61 93. 37 160. 38 96. 67 139. 74 83. 17 115. 92 99. 18	186. 19 132. 47 95. 89 161. 20 97. 08 141. 15 83. 73 115. 61 99. 81	186. 06 132. 47 95. 23 159. 20 97. 51 141. 37 83. 41 117. 07 99. 62	189. 93 131. 47 95. 20 162. 00 97. 92 141. 45 84. 07 119. 23 100. 30	188. 10 132. 47 96. 09 161. 60 98. 55 142. 16 84. 41 119. 56 100. 30	193. 73 134. 06 95. 98 162. 41 99. 18 142. 63 85. 25 120. 29 100. 64	194. 65 136, 21 97. 52 164, 42 99. 88 145. 33 85. 58 121. 77 101. 02	195. 11 137. 57 98. 30 166. 87 101. 60 146. 40 87. 72 121. 36 101. 57	196. 88 137. 94 98. 81 163. 49 103. 61 146. 43 89. 78 122. 06 103. 36	195. 4 138. 5 97. 6 169. 7 103. 6 146. 8 90. 0 123. 1 104. 0
Spendable earnings per worker (with 3 dependents), total private sectorcurrent dollars 1967 dollars Manufacturingcurrent dollars 1967 dollars	99. 99 91. 07 111. 44 101. 49	7 104, 61 89, 95 115, 90 99, 66	106. 18 90. 99 116. 48 99. 81	106. 78 91. 34 116. 22 99. 42	106. 40 90. 55 117. 25 99. 79	7 105.85 89.63 115.68 97.95	105.88 89.35 116.58 98.38	106.96 89.81 119.66 100.47	7 107.29 90.01 120.55 101.13	7 107, 60 90, 12 120, 31 100, 76	7 108.40 90.48 121.47 101.39	108.97 90.66 121.54 101.11	7 110.10 91.14 123.27 102.04	7 111,45 91,73 124,48 102,45	111, 73 91, 73 123, 35 101, 27	
Avg. hourly gross earnings per prod. worker on payrolls of private nonagric. estab. 1 dollars. Mining	3. 04 3. 61 4. 79 3. 19 3. 06 3. 38 3. 24 2. 62 3. 19 3. 79 3. 58 3. 09 3. 89 3. 15 2. 62 2. 91	3. 22 3. 84 5. 25 3. 24 3. 56 3. 40 2. 77 3. 40 3. 93 3. 77 3. 28 4. 06 3. 35 2. 82 2. 30 3. 35	3. 82 5. 22 3. 37 3. 25 5. 35 3. 57 3. 44 3. 60 2. 98 3. 44 3. 54 3. 54 3. 54 3. 54 3. 32 4. 08 3. 34 2. 81 3. 09	3. 25 3. 84 5. 32 3. 37 3. 24 3. 58 3. 45 3. 65 3. 05 2. 81 3. 43 3. 98 3. 56 3. 77 4. 10 3. 38 2. 82 3. 98	3. 29 3. 89 5. 38 3. 42 3. 29 3. 62 3. 40 2. 80 3. 65 4. 07 3. 60 3. 83 3. 33 3. 41 4. 14 3. 41 2. 84 3. 14	3. 28 3. 92 5. 44 3. 37 3. 25 3. 56 3. 44 2. 80 3. 67 3. 99 3. 53 3. 81 3. 32 4. 00 3. 41 2. 85 3. 33 3. 31 3. 32 3. 31 3. 31	3. 29 3. 97 5. 46 3. 39 3. 27 3. 57 3. 46 3. 73 3. 05 2. 81 3. 54 3. 54 3. 82 3. 34 4. 01 3. 42 2. 87	3. 30 3. 96 5. 46 3. 47 3. 35 3. 68 3. 56 3. 76 3. 02 2. 83 3. 51 4. 05 3. 86 3. 46 2. 91 3. 40 3. 41 3. 42 4. 43 4. 43 4. 43 4. 43 4. 44 4. 44	3. 33 3. 98 5. 53 3. 50 3. 38 3. 72 3. 61 3. 77 3. 01 2. 83 3. 52 4. 08 3. 67 3. 43 4. 41 3. 46 2. 93 3. 10	3. 35 4. 00 5. 56 3. 51 3. 40 3. 74 3. 62 3. 77 3. 06 2. 84 4. 09 3. 67 3. 43 4. 44 3. 48 2. 94 3. 20	3. 36 4. 01 5. 54 3. 52 3. 40 3. 75 3. 63 3. 77 3. 05 2. 85 3. 57 4. 12 3. 66 3. 94 4. 42 3. 49 2. 93 3. 21	3. 38 4. 04 5. 55 3. 54 3. 42 3. 76 3. 64 3. 80 3. 07 2. 86 3. 59 4. 17 3. 70 3. 47 4. 40 3. 49 2. 94 3. 23	3. 41 4. 04 5. 65 3. 55 3. 43 3. 78 3. 66 3. 81 2. 88 3. 63 4. 15 3. 74 4. 43 3. 52 2. 94 3. 24	3. 42 4. 04 5. 63 3. 57 3. 44 3. 80 3. 67 3. 17 2. 90 3. 67 4. 21 3. 75 3. 99 4. 43 3. 52 2. 95 3. 26	3. 42 4.05 5.69 3.57 3.44 3.78 3.66 3.89 3.17 2.91 3.73 4.00 3.51 4.38 3.55 2.94 3.28	3. 44 4. 08 5. 75 3. 57 3. 45 3. 86 3. 93 3. 19 2. 93 3. 73 4. 33 3. 55 4. 44 3. 55 2. 94 3. 22 3. 53 4. 33 3. 55 3. 55 3. 55 3. 57 3. 57 4. 30 3. 30 5. 30
Excluding overtime do. Food and kindred products do. Tobacco manufactures do. Totale mill products do. Apparel and other textile products do. Paper and allied products do. Printing and publishing do. Chemicals and allied products do. Petroleum and coal products do. Rubber and plastics products, nec. Leather and leather products do. Trans., comm., elec., gas, etc.* do. Wholesale and retail trade do.	2. 79 2. 96 2. 62 2. 34 3. 24 3. 69 3. 47 4. 00 3. 07 2. 36 3. 64 2. 56	2.97 3.16 2.92 2.45 2.39 3.44 3.92 3.69 4.28 3.20 2.49 3.85 2.71	2.98 3.16 3.03 2.43 2.38 3.47 3.92 3.71 4.26 3.21 2.48 3.87 2.71	2. 97 3. 13 2. 78 2. 44 2. 44 3. 49 3. 95 3. 73 4. 27 3. 23 2. 48 3. 90 2. 72	3. 02 3. 20 2. 88 2. 44 3. 54 4. 01 3. 79 4. 33 2. 50 3. 94 2. 75	3. 01 3. 19 2. 82 2. 50 2. 42 3. 51 4. 01 3. 77 4. 32 4. 32 2. 50 3. 94 2. 76	3. 04 3. 24 2. 93 2. 52 2. 43 3. 53 4. 02 3. 79 4. 34 9. 2. 51 3. 96 2. 77	3.06 3.27 3.00 2.53 2.44 3.55 4.05 3.81 4.34 3.2 2.53 3.99 2.75	3.08 3.32 3.01 2.54 2.46 3.56 4.06 3.83 4.43 3.32 2.56 4.00 2.81	3. 10 3. 32 3. 02 2. 54 3. 58 4. 08 3. 84 4. 49 3. 32 2. 58 4. 04 2. 83	3. 10 3. 34 3. 11 2. 55 2. 47 3. 60 4. 09 3. 84 4. 50 2. 59 4. 03 2. 84	3. 12 3. 37 3. 24 2. 55 2. 47 3. 61 4. 14 3. 88 4. 58 3. 36 2. 58 4. 05 2. 85	3. 13 3. 38 3. 30 2. 56 2. 447 3. 62 4. 18 3. 90 4. 58 3. 38 2. 58 4. 08 2. 87	3. 13 3. 38 3. 30 2. 56 2. 47 3. 67 4. 20 3. 94 4. 58 3. 38 2. 58 4. 10 2. 87	3. 16 3. 38 3. 30 2. 56 2. 47 3. 70 4. 20 3. 98 4. 60 2. 58 4. 16 2. 87	3. 1 3. 3 3. 1 2. 5 2. 4 3. 7 4. 2 3. 9 4. 6 3. 4 2. 5
wholesale trade	3. 23 2. 30 2. 93 2. 61	3. 44 2. 44 3. 08 2. 81	3. 42 2. 44 3. 07 2. 80	3. 45 2. 45 3. 08 2. 82	3. 48 2. 48 3. 10 2. 88	3. 49 2. 48 3. 13 2. 88	3. 52 2. 49 3. 15 2. 90	3. 52 2. 47 3. 15 2. 91	3. 57 2. 52 3. 19 2. 93	3. 59 2. 54 3. 24 2. 95	3. 59 2. 55 3. 24 2. 95	3. 62 2. 56 3. 26 2. 96	3. 67 2. 57 3. 30 2. 98	3. 66 2. 58 3. 28 2. 97	3. 67 2. 58 3. 29 2. 97	3. 6 2. 5 3. 3 2. 9
Miscellaneous hourly wages: Construction wages, 20 cities (E NR): 5 Common labor. \$ per hr. Skilled labor. do. Farm, without board or rm., 1st of mo. do. Railroad wages (average, class I) do.	4. 629 6. 514 1. 55 1 3. 708	5. 224 7. 314 1. 64 1 3. 939	5. 396 7. 50 1. 66 3. 874	5. 42 7. 553 3. 935	5. 427 7. 61 3. 932	5. 480 7. 64 1. 61 3. 913	5. 52 7. 67 3. 961	5. 53 7. 706 4. 001	5. 629 7. 828 1. 76	5. 629 7. 841	5. 64 7. 878	5. 717 7. 992 1. 76	5. 86 8. 21	6. 014 8. 365	6, 05 8, 38 1, 74	6. 150 8. 47

r Revised. p Preliminary. l Includes adjustments not distributed by months. See corresponding note, p. S-14. New series.

r Wages as of Sept. 1, 1971: Common, \$6.185; skilled, \$8.515.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown	1969	1970			19	70		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				19	971			
through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	An	nual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.
LABO	R FC	RCE,	EMP:	LOYN	1ENT	, ANI	EA]	RNIN	GS	Conti	nued	<u>'</u>	•	<u>' </u>		
HELP-WANTED ADVERTISING		Ţ	l]				•		1						
Seasonally adjusted index‡1967=-100_	122	93	92	91	87	78	80	80	75	77	78	78	79	83	<i>▶</i> 85	
LABOR TURNOVER△ Manufacturing establishments:																
Unadjusted for seasonal variation: Accession rate, total														,		
mo. rate per 100 employeesdo	4. 7 3. 6	4. 0 2. 7	4. 4 3. 0	5. 1 3. 5	4.7 3.4	3.8 2.7	3. 0 1. 9	2. 4 1. 4	3. 5 2. 0	3. 1 1. 9	3. 5 2. 2	3. 7 2. 3	3.9 2.6	7 4. 9 7 3. 5	p 3.9 p 2.7	
Separation rate, totaldododo	4.8 2.7	4.8 2.1	5. 3 2. 1	5.6 3.0	6.0 3.3	5. 3 2. 1	4. 3 1. 4	4. 1 1. 2	4. 2 1. 5	3. 5 1. 3	3. 7 1. 5	4.0 1.6	3.7 1.7	3.8 71.8	p 4.7 p 1.8	
Layoffdo	1.1	1.8	2.3	1.7	1.7	2.2	2.1	2.2	1.9	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.2	1. 2	p 2.1	-
Accession rate, total do New hires do do do do do do do do do do do do do			4, 1 2, 8 4, 9	4.1 2.9 4.6	3.8 2.6 4.4	3. 6 2. 4 4. 9	3.7 2.4 4.8	3.8 2.3 4.7	3.8 2,3 4.4	3.7 2.4	3.9 2.5	4.0 2.5	3.8	7 3. 7	p 3.6	
Separation rate, totaldo Quitdo Layoffdo			2. 1 1, 6	2.1 1.8	2. 0 1. 9	1. 9 2. 1	1.7 2.0	1.9	1.8 1.7	4. 1 1. 7 1. 5	4.1 1.7 1.5	4.3 1.7 1.6	4.0 1.8 1.5	4.1 71.9 1.5	p 4.3 p 1.8 p 1.5	
INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES			1.0	1.0	1.0	2.1	2.0	1.0	*''	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.5	1. 0	1.5	
Strikes and lockouts:											i					!
Beginning in period: Work stoppagesnumber	5, 700 2, 481	7 5,716 7 3,305	490 192	420 135	550 539	410 159	$\frac{270}{72}$	160 449	280 222	330 114	410 116	540 174	580 702	610 272	410 820	
Workers involved thous. In effect during month: Work stoppages number.	2, 401	3,300	750	700	810	650	510	370	440	490	590	750	702	850	670	
Workers involved thous Man-days idle during period do	42. 869	r 66, 414	354 4, 378	202 2,800	655 7, 625	608 10, 056	469 6, 458	527 2,438	286 2,709	169 1,771	200	254 2, 184	774 3,437	384 3,923	967 7, 906	
EMPLOYMENT SERVICE AND UNEMPLOY-	1-,000		,	.,.	,	,	,	, -,	_,	.,	-,	_,	0, 10,	.,	,	
MENT INSURANCE Nonfarm placementsthous	5, 153	3, 845	333	330	345	304	289	230	257	233	295	309	308	365		
Unemployment insurance programs: Insured unemployment, all programs §do	1, 177	2, 070	1,897	1,855	1, 746	1, 889	2, 233	2,632	3, 195	3, 216	3,091	2,756	2, 443	2, 332	2, 431	
State programs: Initial claimsdodo	10, 385	15, 387	1,502	1,068	1,079 1,607	1,208 1,724	1, 432 2, 017	1,863	1,756	1, 291 2, 751	1, 265	1,111	964	1,152	1,993	
Insured unemployment, weekly avgdo Percent of covered employment:	1, 101 2. 1	1,805 3,4	1,761 3.3	1,710 3,2	3.0	3, 2	3.7	2,369 4.4	2, 799 5. 2	5.2	2, 577 4. 8	2, 283 4, 3	2,001	1,893 3.6	3.8	
Unadjusted	923	1, 518	3. 5 1, 414	3. 7 1. 500	4. 1 1, 375	4. 4 1, 377	4, 5 1, 553	4.0 1,900	3. 7 2, 302	3.8 2,423	3. 9 2, 339	4. 0 2. 105	3.8 4.2 1,769	4, 4 1, 712	4.0	
Benefits paid mil. \$. Federal employees, insured unemployment,		3, 848. 5	314. 7	313. 1	299. 9	305. 1	341. 9	462. 0	526. 7	557.7	631.0	545.0	r 430. 8			
weekly averagethous- Veterans' program (UCX):	20	31	31	33	32	33	35	36	37	37	35	31	29	31	36	- -
Initial claimsdo Insured unemployment, weekly avgdo	333 37	556 79	51 84	44 89	46 81	49 83	51 97	59 113	56 127	50 128	57 128	51 121	45 113	54 114		
Beneficiaries, weekly average do- Benefits paid mil. \$-	34 87. 0	75 203. 2	77 18. 0	87 18. 6	81 18. 3	75 17. 3	86 19. 1	107 26. 2	123 27. 8	127 28. 2	128 33. 3	7 122 30. 6	110 27. 0	30. 1		
Railroad program: Applicationsthous_	100	128	21	16	12	$\frac{16}{22}$	8 20	9 20	14	38 22	30	85	36	45	89	
Insured unemployment, weekly avgdo Benefits paidmil. \$	37. 0	38. 7	15 2.0	3. 0	18 2. 9	3.5	3.7	4.2	31 4. 7	4.4	19 4. 6	20 4.4	18 3, 5	13 4. 2	3.8	
]	FINAI	NCE										
BANKING																
Open market paper outstanding, end of period: Bankers' acceptances	5, 4 51	7,058	5, 973	5, 979	5, 848	6, 167	6, 267	7, 058	6,912	6,984	7, 174	7, 301	7, 494	7,645	7,454	
Commercial and finance co. paper, totaldo Placed through dealersdo	31,709 11,817	31,765 12,671	36,961 12,034	36,570 12,044	33,958 12,518	34, 401 13, 084	33, 966 13, 301	31, 765 12, 671	32, 295 13, 433	32, 506 13, 921	31, 223 13, 570	31, 367 13, 489	31, 115 13, 000	729, 472 11, 736	29, 746 11, 470	
Placed directly (finance paper)do	19,892	19,094	24,927	24,526	21,440	⁷ 21, 317	20,665	19, 094	18,862	18, 585	17, 653	17,878	18, 115	r 17, 736	18, 276	
Agricultural loans and discounts outstanding of agencies supervised by the Farm Credit Adm.: Total, end of period	12 904	14 754	14 200	14 220	14, 443	14, 573	14,616	14, 774	14 057	15 000	15 400	15 710	15 000	16 146	16, 137	ļ
Farm mortgage loans: Federal land banksdo	13, 204 6, 714	14,774 7,187	14, 308 7, 026	14, 338 7, 061	7, 101	7, 137	7, 156	7, 187	14, 957 7, 210	15, 206 7, 258	15, 492 7, 347	15, 718 7, 426	15, 899 7, 502	16, 146 7, 579	7, 650	
Loans to cooperatives do Other loans and discounts do	1, 732 4, 758	2, 030 5, 557	1,762 5,519	1, 778 5, 499	1, 852 5, 489	1, 973 5, 463	2,020 5,439	2, 030 5, 557	2, 119 5, 628	2,164 5,784	2, 153 5, 993	2, 113 6, 179	2, 056 6, 341	2, 041 6, 527	1,997 6,490	
Bank debits to demand deposit accounts, except	,	,		·	,	ŕ			-,		,		,	,		
interbank and U.S. Government accounts, annual rates, seasonally adjusted:																
'Total (233 SMSA's)⊙ bil. \$- New York SMSA do			10,207.8 4, 324. 3	4, 770. 6	4, 668. 1	10,780.2 4, 899. 8	10,533.9 4, 824. 0	5, 016. 1	10,668.4 4, 825. 9	5, 477. 4	5, 3 09. 7	5, 356. 8	4, 903. 9	5, 202. 8	5, 147. 4	
Total 232 SMSA's (except N.Y.) do 6 other leading SMSA's 4 do do do do do do do do do do do do do	••		5,883.6	5,779.9 2,478.8		5,880.5 2,497.4	5,709.9 2,420.1	5,880.3 2,480.1	5,862.5 2,453.5	6,031.5 2,524.1	6,116.2 2,505.3	6,301.9 2,597.1	6,215.9 2,573.9		6, 619. 8 2, 773. 9	
			3,375.3	3,301.1	3,381.0	3,383.0	3,298.8	3,400.2	3,408.9		3, 610. 9		3, 642. 0	73,847.4	3, 846. 0	
Federal Reserve banks, condition, end of period: Assets, total \(\text{\chi} \) mil. \(\text{\chi}	84, 050	90, 157	84, 794	85, 708	87, 366	86, 609	88, 464	90, 157	88, 334	88, 536	90,681	90, 357	91, 210	92, 945	p91, 899	
Reserve bank credit outstanding, total Q do	60, 841	66, 795		62, 089	63, 297	63, 527		66, 795	64,900	65, 616	67, 387	66, 665	69,757	68, 565	69, 285	
Discounts and advances do U.S. Government securifies do	183 57, 154	335 62, 142	62, 411 1, 292 58, 597	538 59, 947	852 59, 975	428 60, 015	63, 737 300 61, 233	335 62, 142	308 61, 783	263 62, 462	391 64, 160	81 r 63,721	^r 1, 051 ^r 65,764	65, 518	778 65, 841	
Gold certificate accountdodo	10, 036	10, 457	11, 045	11,045	10, 819	10, 819	10, 827	10, 457	10, 464	10, 464	10, 464	10, 475	10, 075	10,075	10, 075	
Liabilities, total ♀dodo	84, 050	90, 157	84, 794	85, 708	87, 366	86, 609	88, 464	90, 157	88, 334	88, 536	90, 681	90, 357	91, 210	92, 945	₽91 , 899	
Deposits, totaldodododo	24, 338	26, 687	25, 253 23, 072	24, 536	26, 037	26, 007 24, 206	24, 104	26, 687	26, 441	26, 396	27, 748	26, 949	27, 604 25, 494	26, 701	27, 345 25, 311	
Federal Reserve notes in circulationdo	22, 085 48, 244	24, 150 51, 386	48,746	22, 557 48, 952	23, 938 49, 128	24, 206 49, 314	22, 689 50, 390	24, 150 51, 386	24, 565 50, 206	24, 409 50, 200	25, 895 50, 593	24, 735 50, 889	51, 485	24, 540 52, 228	52, 619	
de la cultura de	20,211	01,000	10, 140	10, 002	10, 120	10,014	50, 650	01,000	50, 200	00, 200	00,000	00,009	71, 400	1 02, 220	52, 513	

r Revised. r Preliminary. †Monthly data prior to 1969 will be available later. Revisions for Mar. and May 1970 (1967 = 100): 103 and 99. △ See note "¶", p. S-14. †Beginning Jan. 1970, data include claims filed under extended duration provisions of regular State laws.

♂Insured unemployment as % of average covered employment in a 12-month period. ⊙Total SMSA's include some cities and counties not designated as SMSA's. ¶Includes Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Detroit, San Francisco-Oakland and Los Angeles-Long Beach. ♀ Includes data not shown separately.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1969	1970	1970						1971							
through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	End	of year	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
]	FINA	NCE-	-Cont	inuec	l					,		<u>. </u>	<u></u>
BANKING—Continued																
All member banks of Federal Reserve System, averages of daily figures: Reserves held, total	1 257	1 29, 265 1 28, 993 1 272 1 321 149	28, 128 27, 987 141 1, 358 -1,217	28, 349 28, 204 145 827 -682	28, 825 28, 553 272 607 -335	28,701 28,447 254 462 -208	28, 558 28, 432 120 425 -305	29, 265 28, 993 272 321 —49	30, 488 30, 209 279 370 —91	29,880 29,679 201 328 —127	29, 686 29, 487 199 319 -120	29, 885 29, 745 140 148 -8	7 30,419 7 30,107 7 312 330 7—18	7 30,023 7 29,892 7 131 453 7—322	*30, 547 * 30,385 * 162 * 820 * -658	230, 430 30, 259 171 805 −634
Large commercial banks reporting to Federal Re- serve System, Wed. nearest end of yr. or mo; Deposits: Demand, adjusted	2 90,288	2 87, 739	79, 857	79,713	80, 407	80,780	83,086	87, 739	82,284	81,234	82, 590	82, 275	84, 927	, 83,921	r 83,819	84, 696
Demand, total \(\text{\text{\$\gamma}} \) do Individuals, partnerships, and corp do State and local governments do U.S. Government	1	2 147,355 2 103,149 2 6, 774 2 4, 380 2 21, 704	128, 669 91, 029 5, 695 4, 887 17, 072	131,607 93,030 6, 194 3, 815 18,235	140, 018 94, 516 7, 682 5, 798 20, 962	131,032 92,376 5,925 3,722 19,382	139,560 96,854 6,808 4,220 20,752	147, 355 103, 149 6, 774 4, 380 21, 704	138, 249 94,883 6, 460 6, 563 19,651	135,249 93,744 6,483 4,320 20,175			143,628	'152,998 '102,160 ' 7,623 ' 5,328 ' 24,975	139,726 797,291 6,150 3,899 20,831	145, 012 99, 579 6, 601 4, 838 21, 937
Time, total Q	² 96, 589 ² 46, 490 ² 36, 502	2 01,000	106, 495 46, 335 41, 862	46,327 44,897	46, 811 47, 540	47, 013 49, 086	116,426 47,475 50,376	48, 035 51, 650	123, 102 49,145 53,770	50, 458 54, 889	129, 175 52, 973 55, 544	129, 33 8 53, 043 54, 797	53, 535 55, 732	7131,890 53, 658 56, 532	132, 954 53, 145 57, 210	134, 070 52, 970 58, 430
Loans (adjusted), totalo	1 2 81 491	2 180,429 2 81,693 2 8,560 2 13,642 2 34,035 2 50,906	171,858 79, 319 5, 934 13, 053 33, 620 45, 428	173,241 79,504 6, 235 13,037 33,743 47,389	175,627 81, 154 6, 091 13, 229 33, 939 46, 574	173,826 79,968 6,436 12,573 34,065 47,025	174,487 80,132 7, 153 12,604 34,059 49,013	180,429 81,693 8,560 13,642 34:035 50,906	175,201 80,039 7, 292 12,617 34,284 48,093	175,635 80,800 6,915 12,412 34,416 49,007	177,240 81, 208 7, 314 13, 278 34, 553 48, 224	177,206 81, 191 6, 716 13, 295 34, 730 48, 935	81, 909 7, 012 13, 926 35, 087	7182,830 7 82,521 7 7,590 7 14,784 7 35,628 7 49,986	180, 753 7 81,830 6, 729 13, 713 36, 149 7 50,605	185, 343 82, 951 7, 715 13, 966 36, 727 53, 296
Investments, total do U.S. Government securities, total do Notes and bonds do Other securities do	2 59, 536 2 23, 853 2 19, 789 2 35, 683	2 72, 194 2 28, 061 2 21, 983 2 44, 133	61, 268 23, 378 19, 644 37, 890	63,449 24,764 21,014 38,685	64, 851 24, 793 20, 598 40, 058	66, 319 25, 593 20, 720 40, 726	70,017 27,364 21,868 42,653	72, 194 28, 061 21, 983 44, 133	73,229 28,268 22,322 44,961	73, 618 27, 593 22, 361 46, 025	75, 515 28, 060 22, 384 47, 455	75, 678 26, 569 22, 160 49, 109	21, 652	76,338 726,623 722,434 749,715	r 75,152 r 25,397 r 21,850 r 49,755	74, 250 24, 934 22, 122 49, 316
Commercial bank credit (last Wed. of mo., except for June 30 and Dec. 31 call dates), seas. adj.: Total loans and investments	² 278. 1 ² 51. 9	2 435. 1 2 290. 5 2 58. 5 2 86. 0	412. 8 281. 5 55. 8 75. 5	418. 3 284. 1 57. 5 76. 7	423. 7 287. 3 57. 6 78. 8	424. 4 287. 3 56. 3 80. 8	428. 2 288. 4 56. 7 83. 1	435. 1 290. 5 58. 5 86. 0	438. 9 292. 0 58. 7 88. 2	444. 6 295. 2 59. 9 89. 6	448. 6 295. 2 61. 4 92. 0	7 448. 8 294. 9 60. 2 93. 7	453. 0 297. 9 60. 2 94. 9	r 456. 8 297. 4 63. 0 96. 3	460. 0 300. 2 62. 0 97. 8	465. 0 305. 7 61. 8 97. 5
Money and interest rates: \$ Bank rates on short-term business loans: In 35 centerspercent per annum. New York Citydo 7 other northeast centersdo	3 8. 21 3 8. 02 3 8. 53	3 8. 48 3 8. 22 3 8. 86		8. 50 8. 24 8. 89	[8. 07 7. 74 8. 47		5 6. 75 6. 27 7. 18	⁵ 6. 5 8 6. 26 6. 80			6. 00 5. 66 6. 25			
8 north central centers do 7 southeast centers do 8 southwest centers do 4 west coast centers do	3 8. 24 3 7. 93 3 8. 19 3 8. 18	3 8. 46 3 8. 44 3 8. 52 3 8. 49		8. 47 8. 49 8. 53 8. 54			8. 05 8. 15 8. 08 8. 16		6. 83 7. 04 6. 72 6. 81	6. 65 6. 88 6. 59 6. 63			5. 95 6. 37 6. 17 6. 12			
Discount rate (N.Y.F.R. Bank), end of year or monthpercent	6.00	5. 50	6,00	6.00	6,00	6, 00	5. 75	5. 50	5.00	4. 75	4.75	4.75	4.75	4.75	5.00	
Federal intermediate credit bank loansdo	3 7. 23	3 8. 50	8, 66	8. 62	8. 51	8, 30	8.08	7. 86	7.64	7. 24	6, 80	6. 35	6. 11	6.05	6. 01	
Home mortgage rates (conventional 1st mort- gages): New home purchase (U.S. avg.)percent_ Existing home purchase (U.S. avg.)do	3 7. 66 3 7. 68	³ 8. 27 ³ 8. 20	8. 32 8. 21	8. 35 8. 25	8. 31 8. 27	8. 33 8. 20	8.26 8.18	8. 20 8. 12	8, 03 7, 94	7. 74 7. 67	7. 52 7. 47	7. 37 7. 34	7.36 7.33	7.38 7.38	7.51 7.50	
Open market rates, New York City: Bankers' acceptances (prime, 90 days)do Commercial paper (prime, 4-6 months)do Finance Co, paper placed directly, 3-6 mo.do Stock Exchange call loans, going ratedo	4 7. 61 4 7. 83 4 7. 16 4 7. 96	4 7. 31 4 7. 72 4 7. 23 4 7. 95	7. 61 8. 29 7. 64 8. 00	7. 20 7. 90 7. 48 8. 00	7. 03 7. 32 7. 12 7. 90	6. 54 6. 85 6. 76 7. 75	5. 79 6. 30 6. 16 7. 40	5. 32 5. 73 5. 48 6. 92	4. 77 5. 11 5. 07 6. 28	4. 09 4. 47 4. 37 5. 88	3. 80 4. 19 4. 05 5. 49	4. 36 4. 57 4. 27 5. 32	4. 91 5. 10 4. 69 5. 50	5. 33 5. 45 5. 24 5. 50	5.60 5.75 5.54 5.93	5. 57 5. 73 5. 57 6. 00
Yield on U.S. Government securities (taxable): 3-month bills (rate on new issue)percent_ 3-5 year issuesdo	4 6. 677 4 6. 85	4 6. 458 4 7. 37	6. 468 7. 58	6. 412 7. 56	6. 244 7. 24	5. 927 7. 06	5. 288 6. 37	4. 860 5. 86	4. 494 5. 72	3. 773 5. 31	3. 323 4. 74	3. 780 5. 42	4. 139 6. 02	4. 699 6. 36	5. 405 6. 77	5, 078 6, 3 9
CONSUMER CREDIT (Short- and Intermediate-term)							:									
Total outstanding, end of year or monthmil. \$ Installment credit, totaldo	'	126, 802 101, 161	123, 092 99, 302	123, 655 99, 860	123, 907 100, 142	123, 866		126, 802 101, 161		123, 815 99, 244	123, 604 99, 168	'	126, 025 100, 692	127, 388 101, 862		
Automobile paper do Other consumer goods paper do Repair and modernization loans do Personal loans do	36, 602 27, 609 4, 040	35, 490 29, 949 4, 110 31, 612	36, 918 27, 538 4, 081 30, 765	36, 908 27, 801 4, 104 31, 047	36, 738 28, 055 4, 123 31, 226	36, 518 28, 152 4, 126 31, 163	36, 011 28, 378 4, 133 31, 268	35, 490 29, 949 4, 110 31, 612	35, 004 29, 575 4, 067	34, 869 28, 928 4, 051 31, 396	35, 028 28, 591 4, 045 31, 504	35, 496 28, 682 4, 077 31, 773	35, 819 28, 706 4, 126 32, 041	36, 349 28, 976 4, 186 32, 351	36, 763 29, 165	
By type of holder: Financial institutions, total do Commercial banks do Finance companies do	84, 982	87, 064 6 41, 895 31, 123	86, 876 41, 703 31, 561	87, 315 41, 934 31, 588	87, 471 42, 051 31, 510	87, 243 42, 010 31, 309	86, 820 41, 740 31, 081	87, 064 41, 895 31, 123	86, 308 41, 611 30, 791	85, 910 41, 446 30, 511	86, 015 41, 563 30, 326	86, 805 42, 094 30, 369	87, 491 42, 482 30, 441	88, 544 43, 011 30, 609	89, 458 43, 509 30, 906	
Credit unionsdo Miscellaneous lenders¶do	11, 594 1, 349	12, 500 1, 546	12, 141 1, 471	12, 292 1, 501	12, 409 1, 501	12, 422 1, 502	12,438 1,561	12,500 1,546	12, 353 1, 553	12, 351 1, 602	12, 509 1, 617	12, 686 1, 656	12, 874 1, 694	13, 206 1, 718	13, 296 1, 747	
Retail outlets, totaldodododo	13, 187 336	14, 097 327	12, 426 337	12, 545 337		12, 716 335	12,970 332	14, 097 327	13, 793 324	13, 334 323	13, 153 325	13, 223 330	13, 201 344	13, 318 339	13, 390 344	

^{*}Revised. **Preliminary. **Corrected.

1 Average for Dec. **Beginning June 1969, data are revised to include all bank-premises subsidiaries, and other significant majority-owned domestic subsidiaries; also, loans and investments are now reported gross. For complete details see the Aug. 1969 Federal Reserve Bulletin. **Average for year. **Dally average. **Revised series. Feb. 1971 data on old basis are in Jan. 1971 column; details are in June 1971 Federal Reserve Bulletin. **Average loan. and Feb. 1970 are in the Mar. 1971 Federal Reserve Bulletin. **G*For demand deposits, the term "adjusted" denotes demand deposits other than domestic commercial bank and U.S. Government, less cash items in process of collection; for loans,

exclusive of loans to and Federal funds transactions with domestic commercial banks and after deduction of valuation reserves (individual loan items are shown gross; i.e., before deduction of valuation reserves).

Pincludes data not shown separately. OAdjusted to exclude interbank loans: beginning June 1969, data are reported gross. For bond yields, see p. S-20.

Tinance companies consist of those institutions formerly classified as sales finance, consumer finance, and other finance companies. Miscellaneous lenders include savings and loan associations and mutual savings banks.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1969	1969 1970		1970						1971							
through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ıual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	
FINANCE—Continued																	
CONSUMER CREDIT—Continued Outstanding credit—Continued Noninstallment credit, totalmil \$ Single-payment loans, total do Commercial banksdo	24, 300 9, 096 7, 900 1, 196	25, 641 9, 484 8, 205 1, 279	23, 790 9, 254 8, 005 1, 249	23, 795 9, 294 8, 041 1, 253	23, 765 9, 316 8, 062 1, 254	23, 907 9, 313 8, 059 1, 254	24, 125 9, 345 8, 071 1, 274	25, 641 9, 484 8, 205	24, 976 9, 480 8, 196	24, 571 9, 506 8, 205	24, 436 9, 557 8, 249	25, 019 9, 676 8, 350	25, 333 9, 765 8, 425	25, 526 9, 862 8, 512	25. 506 9, 854 8, 498		
Other financial institutions do Charge accounts, total do Retail outlets do Credit cards do Service credit do	8, 234 6, 650 1, 584 6, 970	8, 850 6, 932 1, 918 7, 307	7, 509 5, 727 1, 782 7, 027	7, 508 5, 664 1, 844 6, 993	7, 489 5, 617 1, 872 6, 960	7, 656 5, 797 1, 859 6, 938	7, 757 5, 884 1, 873 7, 023	1, 279 8, 850 6, 932 1, 918 7, 307	8, 094 6, 144 1, 950 7, 402	7, 353 5, 435 1, 918 7, 712	7, 207 5, 316 1, 891 7, 672	7, 689 5, 774 1, 915 7, 654	8, 004 6, 046 1, 958 7, 564	8, 214 6, 199 2, 015 7, 450	8, 271 6, 173 2, 098 7, 381		
Installment credit extended and repaid: Unadjusted: Extended, total	102, 888 32, 354 33, 079 37, 455	104, 130 29, 831 36, 781 37, 518	9, 497 2, 952 3, 141 3, 404	8, 915 2, 540 3, 152 3, 223	8, 580 2, 402 3, 097 3, 081	8, 670 2, 463 3, 200 3, 007	8, 271 2, 006 3, 147 3, 118	10, 194 2, 045 4, 562 3, 587	7, 545 1, 997 2, 868 2, 680	7, 489 2, 336 2, 431 2, 722	9, 575 3, 074 3, 076 3, 425	10, 079 3, 100 3, 363 3, 616	9, 562 2, 883 3, 148 3, 531	10, 667 3, 301 3, 538 3, 828	10, 098 3, 032 3, 415 3, 651		
Repaid, total	94, 609 29, 882 30, 369 34, 358	101, 138 30, 943 34, 441 35, 754	8, 894 2, 843 2, 906 3, 145	8, 357 2, 550 2, 889 2, 918	8, 298 2, 572 2, 843 2, 883	8, 853 2, 683 3, 103 3, 067	8, 440 2, 513 2, 921 3, 006	8, 823 2, 566 2, 991 3, 266	8, 605 2, 483 3, 242 2, 880	8, 346 2, 471 3, 078 2, 797	9, 651 2, 915 3, 413 3, 323	9, 219 2, 632 3, 272 3, 315	8, 898 2, 560 3, 124 3, 214	9, 497 72, 771 3, 268 3, 458	9, 112 2, 618 3, 226 3, 268		
Seasonally adjusted: Extended, total			9, 065 2, 685 3, 124 3, 256	8,809 2,537 3,168 3,104	8, 849 2, 621 3, 071 3, 157	8, 580 2, 349 3, 113 3, 118	8, 414 2, 127 3, 113 3, 174	8, 536 2, 170 3, 281 3, 085	8, 916 2, 461 3, 252 3, 203	9, 081 2, 687 3, 204 3, 190	9, 533 2, 897 3, 210 3, 426	9, 751 2, 872 3, 415 3, 464	9, 690 2, 756 3, 295 3, 639	9,715 2,838 3,433 3,444	9, 675 2, 773 3, 399 3, 503		
Repaid, total				8, 577 2, 632 2, 967 2, 978	8, 490 2, 599 2, 913 2, 978	8, 662 2, 550 3, 036 3, 076	8, 716 2, 577 3, 082 3, 057	8, 515 2, 618 2, 945 2, 952	8, 829 2, 623 3, 145 3, 061	8, 979 2, 636 3, 212 3, 131	9, 038 2, 696 3, 164 3, 178	9, 088 2, 566 3, 249 3, 273	9, 197 2, 640 3, 211 3, 346	9, 190 2, 678 3, 233 3, 279	8, 914 2, 565 3, 203 3, 146		
FEDERAL GOVERNMENT FINANCE Budget receipts, expenditures, and net lending: ‡ Expenditure account: Receipts (net)	1 187,784 1 183,072 1 4,712	1 193,743 1 194,460 1 —716	12, 609 19,344 -6, 735	15, 172 17, 429 -2, 257	18, 725 17, 329 1, 396	11, 493 17, 490 -5, 997	14, 134 16, 616 -2, 482	15, 429 15, 876 -447	15, 773 16, 870 -1, 097	15, 130 16, 717 -1,096	13, 205 18, 328 -5, 123	21, 024 17, 769 3, 255	13, 190 16, 882 -3, 692	22, 449 20, 003 2, 446	13, 198 18, 507 -5, 309		
Net lending	1-1,476 13,236 1-3,236 1-11,146 17,910	1 -2,128 1 -2,845 1 2,845 1 5,399 1-2,554	17 -6, 718 6, 718 5, 997 721	-66 -2, 323 2, 323 2, 716 -393	-114 1, 281 -1, 281 -1, 347 66	-150 -6, 147 6, 147 2, 561 3, 586	-112 -2, 594 2, 594 3, 306 -712	326 -121 121 3, 024 -2, 903	-245 -1, 341 1, 341 660 681	170 -1,417 1,417 240 1,177	-318 -5, 441 5, 441 675 4, 766	3, 206 -3, 206 -271 -2, 935	-270 -3,961 3,961 2,197 1,764	2,334 -2,334 -310 -2,024	-49 -5,358 5,358 4,226 1,132		
Gross amount of debt outstanding tdododo	1 367, 144 1 279,483	1 382,603 1 284,880	388, 214 290, 877	392, 545 293, 593	390, 335 292, 246	391, 840 294, 808	395, 274 298, 113	400, 825 301, 138	401, 020 301, 798	402, 342 302, 038	403, 863 302, 713	403, 742 302, 442	408, 736 304, 638	409, 468 304, 328	415, 677 308, 554		
Budget receipts by source and outlays by agency: Receipts (net), total	1 187,784 1 87,249 1 36,678	1 193,743 1 90, 412 1 32, 829 1 45, 298	12, 609 6, 281 838 3, 184	15, 172 7, 219 484 5, 330	18, 725 9, 449 4, 278 2, 962 2, 036	11, 493 6, 110 669 2, 697 2, 018	14, 134 7, 181 524 4, 108 2, 322	15, 429 6, 209 4, 484 2, 545 1, 717	15, 773 10, 579 526 2, 720 1, 949	15, 130 6, 493 372 5, 943 2, 321	13, 205 3, 366 3, 523 3, 990 2, 326	21, 024 9, 630 4, 015 4, 970 2, 409	13, 190 3, 846 623 6, 366 2, 355	22, 449 9, 801 6, 469 3, 773 2, 406	13, 198 6, 519 879 3, 464 2, 336		
Otherdo Expenditures and net lending, total Qdo Agriculture Departmentdo Defense Department, militarydo Health, Education, and Welfare Department	18,330	1 77, 150	2, 306 19, 327 2, 649 6, 570	2, 138 17, 495 1, 032 6, 059	17, 443 304 6, 160	17, 640 1, 157 6, 140	16, 728 695 5, 851	15, 550 353 6, 521	17, 115 886 5, 777	16, 546 191 5, 720	18, 646 320	17, 818 281 6, 041 5, 226	17, 152 437 5, 809 5, 143	20, 115 353 7, 612	18, 556 2, 056 5, 046 5, 418		
Treasury Department do. National Aeronautics and Space Adm. do. Veterans Administration do. Receipts and expenditures (national income and	1 46,594 1 16,924 1 4, 247 1 7, 669	1 52, 250 1 19, 510 1 3, 749 1 8, 653	4, 626 1, 670 268 730	4, 720 1, 851 282 764	4, 866 1, 818 282 719	4, 886 1, 264 302 765	4, 758 1, 854 266 827	5, 037 1, 699 318 806	4, 998 1, 785 262 765	5, 049 1, 803 295 794	1,869 333 962	1,816 252 881	1,819 274 874	7, 175 1, 776 246 870	1, 739 377 796		
product accounts basis), qtrly. totals seas. adj. at annual rates: Federal Government receipts, total bil. \$ Personal tax and nontax receipts do Corporate profit tax accruals. Indirect business tax and nontax accruals. do Contributions for social insurance do	196. 9 r 94. 9 36. 3 19. 0 46. 8	191. 5 92. 2 30. 6 19. 3 49. 3			191.3 89.7 31.9 19.7 50.0			189.3 91.0 29.0 19.4 49.8			195. 6 87. 6 34. 2 20. 6 55. 0			198. 3 88. 4 7 33. 4 20. 6 55. 9			
Federal Government expenditures, total do Purchases of goods and services do National defense do Transfer payments do Grants-in-aid to State and local govts do Net interest paid do Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises bil. \$\$\frac{1}{2}\$\$	189. 5 99. 2 78. 4 52. 4 20. 3 13. 1	205. 1 97. 2 75. 4 63. 4 24. 4 14. 6			206. 7 96. 1 74. 2 64. 6 24. 9 15. 0			95. 9 73. 2 67. 5 25. 9 14. 8			213. 2 96. 7 73. 0 69. 6 27. 3 14. 0			220. 9 95. 7 71. 8 77. 5 29. 5 13. 4 4. 8			
Less: Wage accruals less disbursementsdo Surplus or deficit (—)do LIFE INSURANCE	7. 3	-13.6			4 -15.4			.0 -20.5			. 0 -17. 5			. 0 r 22. 6			
Institute of Life Insurance:			007 10	000 ==	200	004 =2	905.04	907.05	900 01	000.00	011 -0	010 =0	0:0 ::	011.00			
Assets, total, all U.S. life insurance cos.tbil. \$ Government securities*	197. 21 10. 91 84. 57 72. 03 66. 25	207. 25 11. 07 88. 52 74. 38 68. 73	201. 49 11. 15 85. 66 73. 39 67. 72	202, 50 11, 17 86, 15 73, 46 67, 80	203. 81 11. 91 87. 05 73. 58 67. 92	204. 76 11. 12 87. 59 73. 78 68. 10	205. 91 11. 19 88. 15 73. 89 63. 23	207. 25 11. 07 88. 52 74. 38 68. 73	208. 21 11. 03 90. 13 74. 37 68. 78	209. 88 11. 13 91. 04 74. 44 68. 87	211. 50 11. 02 92. 63 74. 52 68. 97	212, 70 10, 95 93, 76 74, 54 68, 99	213. 41 10. 95 94. 20 74. 55 69. 00	214. 28 10. 79 95. 03 74. 54 68. 97			
Real estate	5, 91 13, 82 1, 63 8, 33	6, 32 16, 06 1, 76 9, 15	6. 16 15. 38 1. 34 8. 41	6. 18 15. 54 1. 44 8. 55	6, 21 15, 70 1, 43 8, 74	6. 26 15. 84 1. 42 8. 86	6. 28 15. 95 1. 57 8. 86	6, 32 16, 06 1, 76 9, 15	6. 34 16. 11 1. 29 8. 94	-	6. 48 16. 29 1. 56 8. 99	6. 54 16. 37 1. 37 9. 18	6, 59 16, 44 1, 40 9, 29	•			

r Revised. P Preliminary.

1 Data shown in 1969 and 1970 annual columns are for fiscal years ending June 30 of the respective years; they include revisions not distributed to months.

[‡]Revisions for July 1967-Apr. 1969 for budget receipts and expenditures and for Jan.-Mar. 1969 and Jan.-May 1970 for assets of all U.S. life insurance cost will be shown later.
♀ Includes data for items not shown separately.
•New series.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1988 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS Annual July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	971 May	June	July	Aug
Section Company Comp	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.
LIFE INSURANCE—Continued Payments to policyholders and beneficiaries in U.S., total				1				
Stitute of Life Insurance—Continued Payments to policyholders and beneficiaries in U.S., total. Death benefits. do mill. \$ 15,524.5 16,449.4 1,301.6 1,301.1 1,348.1 1,329.9 1,231.2 1,810.1 1,810.1 1,810.1				1	$\overline{}$			
Payments to policyholders and beneficiaries in U.S., total	}							
Value, estimated total mil. \$ 109, 283	9 550, 5 6 84, 8 6 20, 7 1 160, 4 7 222, 3	1, 328. 3 591. 5 80. 0 18. 2 154. 5 229. 4 254. 7	1, 571. 7 702. 0 95. 6 23. 8 166. 7 275. 6 308. 0	611. 1 87. 7 19. 9 161. 3 249. 7	592. 8 81. 9 20. 1	1, 430, 0 635, 7 85, 4 25, 2 164, 9 243, 5 275, 3		
Total life insurance premiums do 18,932 19,940 11,707 1,607 1,607 1,475 1,708 1,596 2,08: Group do 3,492 1,275 94 97 91 95 95 23: MONETARY STATISTICS old and silver: Gold: Monetary stock, U.S. (end of period) mil. \$ 10,367	5 8,828 1 2,832	12, 580 9, 615 2, 401 564	17, 020 11, 895 4, 503 622	16, 237 11, 015 4, 487 735		11.344	14, 097 10, 259 3, 296 542	
old and silver: Gold: Monetary stock, U.S. (end of period)mil. \$. 10, 367 Net release from earmark \$do 755 Exportsthous. \$. 12, 287 Importsdo 236, 905 Production: South Africa	7					.		
Gold:	j							
South Africa mil. \$ 1,090.7 Canada do do 89.1 Section 1,128.0	$ \begin{array}{c cccc} 2 & -32 \\ 1 & 15,473 \end{array} $	10, 732 -23 2, 379 37, 721	10, 732 -76 9, 774 20, 296	10, 732 -38 2, 614 20, 795	-352 10, 430	10, 332 -62 3, 564 18, 469	10, 332 -50 1, 955 7, 259	10, 3
Exports		89. 6 6. 6	94. 3 6. 7	91. 9 6. 5	91. 5 6. 7	91. 3 6. 7		
Mexico	6 5, 267	1, 970 2, 746 1, 600	3, 273 5, 204 1, 669	2, 661 5, 907 1, 726	1, 527 2, 900 1, 667	1, 269 3, 785 1, 608	913 3, 645 1, 581	i.
Unadjusted for seasonal variation:	1 '	5, 280 55. 6	4, 699 56. 3	3, 535 56. 6	3, 985	3, 867	58. 6	
Total money supply bil.\$ 201. 5 210. 0 209. 0 208. 7 211. 4 213. 0 215. 3 221. 1 Currency outside banks do. 44. 8 47. 7 48. 3 48. 3 48. 2 48. 5 49. 2 50. 6 Demand deposits do. 157. 0 160. 7 160. 4 163. 1 164. 5 166. 1 171. 1 Time deposits adjusted do. 198. 8 208. 4 208. 1 214. 0 218. 4 222. 5 224. 6 228. 7 U.S. Government demand deposits do. 5. 6 6. 4 6. 8 7. 1 6. 8 6. 1 5. 6 7. 1	0 49.1 1 172.1 7 234.5	215. 5 49. 2 166. 3 240. 3 8. 3	217. 4 49. 5 167. 8 246. 9 5. 4	222. 2 50. 1 172. 1 249. 2 5. 5	219, 7 50, 5 169, 2 252, 1 7, 8	223. 6 51. 1 172. 5 254. 4 5. 4	7 225. 8 51. 9 173. 9 256. 4 6. 8	224 5 17: 259
Adjusted for seasonal variation: 210 6 211.8 212.8 213.0 213.5 214.6 Total money supply. do 48.1 48.2 48.2 48.5 48.7 48.7 Currency outside banks. do 162.5 163.7 164.6 164.5 164.8 165.7 Time deposits adjusted¶. do 208.2 213.2 218.5 222.2 225.0 230.4	9 49. 2 7 165. 5	217. 3 49. 6 167. 7 240. 9	219. 4 50. 0 169. 4 246. 1	221. 1 50. 5 170. 5 248. 3	223. 9 50. 9 173. 0 251. 4	225, 6 51, 2 174, 4 254, 4	227. 5 51. 7 175. 8 256. 8	22 5 17 25
urnover of demand deposits except interbank and U.S. Govt., annual rates, seas, adjusted: Total (233 SMSA's) ⊙ _ratio of debits to deposits	5 168.3 52.6 7 76.8	82, 0 191 3 54, 0 79, 5 43, 9	79. 5 183. 5 53. 3 76. 5 44. 1	80. 7 185. 6 54. 4 78. 7 44. 7	76. 7 171. 2 53. 4 77. 9 43. 7	80. 1 179. 3 55. 8 82. 4 45. 4	79. 8 178. 9 55. 7 82. 7 45. 1	
PROFITS AND DIVIDENDS (QTRLY.) anufacturing corps. (Fed. Trade and SEC): Net profit after taxes, all industriesmil. \$. 33,248 28,572 6,973 6,738 Food and kindred productsdo	1		6, 995 612 93			8, 525 700 151		
Third Control Contro	6 9 3 		88 128 907 1,524 69 210 204			160 156 1,015 1,390 289 256 351		
Fabricated metal products (except ordnance, machinery, and transport. equip.)mil. \$ 1,326 1,066 290 187 Machinery (except electrical)	5		226 520 542 101 867			330 648 663 182 937		
All other manufacturing industriesdo 4, 835 4, 522 1, 263 1, 165 Dividends paid (cash), all industriesdo 15, 058 lectric utilities, profits after taxes (Federal Reserve)	3		903 3,805			1, 298 3, 882		
SECURITIES ISSUED			()					
ecurities and Exchange Commission: Estimated gross proceeds, total. mil. \$ 52,747 >88,665 5,896 8,155 8,199 8,353 9,040 7,651 By type of security: Bonds and notes, total. do. 44,351 79,985 5,279 7,817 7,495 7,270 8,142 6,941 Corporate. do. 18,348 30,264 2,151 1,935 2,814 2,694 3,283 3,270 Common stock. do. 682 1,388 88 92 176 180 124 168								

r Revised. p Preliminary. 1 Monthly data beginning July and annual total figures exclude silver coin. 2 Includes \$17.2 bil. SGLI. ‡Revisions for Jan. 1968-Feb. 1969 will be shown later. \$Or increase in earmarked gold (—). ⊕Beginning Dec. 1970 SURVEY, data reflect new benchmarks and changes in seasonal factors, as well as the improved handling of international

transactions of specialized banking institutions. Revised monthly data back to 1959 will be available later. ¶At all commercial banks. ⊙Total SMSA's include some cities and counters not designated as SMSA's. o'Includes Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Detroit, San Francisco-Oakland, and Los Angeles-Long Beach. ° Corrected.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1969	1970	<u> </u>	1	19	70		1		1 '	-	19	71			1"
through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	An	nual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.
			F	INAN	CE—	Conti	nued									
SECURITIES ISSUED—Continued																
Securities and Exchange Commission—Continued Estimated gross proceeds—Continued								-				1				
By type of issuer: Corporate, total Qmil. \$mil. \$	26,744	38, 944	2, 768	2, 273	3, 518	3, 777	4, 182	3,980	3,115	3,000	6,075	4, 042	3, 271	4, 375	4, 064	
Manufacturing do Extractive (mining) do Public utility do	6,356 1,721 6,736	10,513 2,082 11,017	638 139 843	683 70 630	994 193 1, 241	1,006 180 1,101	1, 107 186 1, 350	1,056 90 955	716 118 676	661 84 1,069	2,417 111 1,452	1,135	789 100	1,206	529 101 721	
Transportation §	2,146	2. 280	223	125	1, 241	138	177	365	167	89	161	1, 267 335	588 339	1,055	200	
Communicationdo Financial and real estatedo	2, 188 4, 409	5, 142 5, 497	144 526	279 370	445 347	371 586	693 580	282 968	391 667	683 314	532 1,038	273 591	405 876	218 813	1,622 660	
Noncorporate, total Q	26, 003 4, 765 11, 460	49, 721 14, 831 17, 762	3, 128 405 1, 310	5,882 3,573 1,318	4, 681 1, 428 1, 650	4, 576 412 1, 882	4, 858 2, 414 1, 684	3, 671 402 2, 245	4,323 436 2,614	3,522 431 1,823	4,995 517 2,104	3, 202 7 467 1, 859	3, 698 466 2, 114	6, 619 2, 779 1, 988	5, 166 1, 153 1, 951	
itate and municipal issues (Bond Buyer): Long-termdo	11, 460	17, 762	1,3 10	1,318	1, 650	1,882	1,684	9 945	2, 614	1,823	2, 104	1,859	0.114	1,988	1,907	
Short-termdo	11, 783	17, 880	1, 113	1,226	2,049	1, 216	2,022	2, 245 2, 254	1, 552	1,886	2, 452	2, 482	2, 114 1, 840	2, 932	1, 342	
SECURITY MARKETS																
Brokers' Balances N.Y.S.E. Members Carrying Margin Accounts)														:		
ash on hand and in banks mil. \$dodo	1 923 1 7, 445															
Customers' free credit balances (net)do Bonds	1 2, 803	1 2, 286	22, 180	2,083	2,236	2, 163	2, 197	2, 286	2, 452	2,743	2,798	2,660	2, 500	2, 440	2,210	
Prices:																
Standard & Poor's Corporation: High grade corporate: Compositor del por \$100 bond	68, 6	61. 5	59, 0	60, 0	60.8	61, 3	61.9	64.7	66. 5	66, 8	65. 8	65. 0	63.7	63. 5	63. 2	62
Composite d	79. 0	72. 3	70.6	73.8	72. 7	71.9	75.0	79.8	79.9	81. 5	82.8	80.4	75.6	74.8	74.0	63 77
U.S. Treasury bonds, taxabledo ales:	64. 49	60, 52	60. 59	59. 20	60. 10	60. 44	63, 27	65. 63	66. 10	66. 78	67. 94	67. 57	65.72	65. 84	66. 16	67.
Total, excl. U.S. Government honds (SEC):																
Market value mil. \$ Face value do	4, 501. 18 5, 123. 47	4, 763, 27 6, 299, 55	370. 56 536. 56	311, 80 442, 43	400. 69 516. 87	417. 18 538. 59	398. 18 506. 43	648. 58 828. 96	703. 09 866. 98	710.03 843.48	766, 76 879, 80	766. 33 877. 50	761.07 891.01	667. 64 798. 58	603. 44 702. 30	
New York Stock Exchange: Market valuedo	3 550 33	4. 328. 33	344. 53	289, 98	358, 08	382, 93	370.35	605. 01	631, 95	624, 69	682. 48	688. 22	690. 89	613, 16	564. 20	
Face valuedo	4, 123. 33	5, 554. 92	489. 26	401.69	443. 37	485. 02	460.35	760. 03	753, 59	720. 88	767. 53	782, 02	793. 11	727. 51	646, 00	
New York Stock Exchange, exclusive of some stopped sales, face value, totalmil. \$	3, 646. 16	4, 494. 86	394. 13	349. 78	396. 30	370. 23	404. 43	557. 12	641.95	541, 68	600.80	615, 41	574. 79	509.87	444. 24	489.
lelds: Domestic corporate (Moody's)percent	7.36	8, 51	8.85	8.73	8.68	8. 63	8.65	8. 35	8.04	7.75	7.84	7.86	8.03	8, 14	8, 14	8.
By rating: Aaadodododo	7. 03 7. 20	8. 04 8. 31	8. 44 8. 64	8. 13 8. 49	8. 09 8. 47	8. 03 8. 44	8. 05 8. 42	7. 64 8. 13	7.36 7.90	7. 08 7. 67	7. 21 7. 73	7. 25 7. 74	7. 53 7. 84	7. 64 7. 96	7. 64 7. 96	7. 7.
Adodo	7. 40 7. 81	8, 56 9, 10	8. 92 9. 40	8. 85 9. 44	8. 78 9. 39	8. 71 9. 33	8. 74 9. 38	8. 48 9. 12	8. 15 8. 74	7. 85 8. 39	7. 96 8. 46	7. 99 8. 45	8. 14 8. 62	8. 20 8. 75	8. 21 8. 76	8. 8.
By group:	7.05	0.00	0.61	0.44	0.40	0.97			7 57	7.04	7 20				7.00	,
Industrials do Public utilities do Railroads do	7. 25 7. 49 7. 46	8. 26 8. 67 9. 04	8.61 9.01 9.11	8. 44 8. 83 9. 19	8.40 8.80 9.10	8. 35 8. 74 9. 06	8, 37 8, 77 9, 06	7, 95 8, 45 8, 96	7.57 8.17 8.70	7. 24 7. 94 8. 39	7. 36 8. 08 8. 39	7. 43 8. 05 8. 37	7. 68 8. 23 8. 40	7. 80 8. 39 8. 43	7.85 8.34 8.46	7. 8. 8.
Domestic municipal:	5,79	6, 34	6. 40	6. 16	6, 39	6.40	5. 41	5, 58	5. 16	5, 34	5. 15	5, 69			6,05	
Bond Buyer (20 bonds)do Standard & Poor's Corp. (15 bonds)do	5. 81	6, 50	6, 69	6.33	6.45	6. 55	6. 20	5. 70	5.70	5. 55	5. 44	5. 65	5, 70 6, 14	6, 19 6, 22	6. 31	5.
U.S. Treasury bonds, taxable⊙dodo	6, 10	6, 59	6. 57	6. 75	6. 63	6. 59	6, 24	5. 97	5.91	5. 84	6.71	5, 75	5. 96	5, 94	5, 91	5.
Dividend rates, prices, yields, and earnings, com- mon stocks (Moody's):																
Dividends per share, annual rate, composite	0.00	0.00	0.05		0.03	0.01	0.04	0.05	0.01	0.04	0.04	0.05	0.05	0.05	9.00	
Industrialsdo Public utilitiesdo	8. 98 9. 83 4. 61	8. 99 9. 76 4. 69	8. 95 9. 70 4. 71	8. 94 9. 70 4. 71	8. 93 9. 70 4. 71	8, 91 9, 67 4, 71	8.84 9.56 4.72	8. 85 9. 57 4. 73	8.91 9.64 4.74	8. 84 9. 54 4. 74	8.84 9.55 4.75	8.85 9.57 4.78	8.85 9.55 4.78	8. 85 9. 57 4. 78	8. 82 9. 53 4. 78	8. 9. 4.
Railroadsdododo	4. 60 6. 40	3, 92 6, 77	3. 95 6. 70	3. 79 6. 70	3. 79 6. 82	3, 79 6, 82	3. 79 6. 90	3. 79 7. 13	3.82 7.28	3. 82 7. 28	3. 82 7. 28	3, 82 7, 28	3.85 7.28 10.57	3. 84 7. 28	3.84 7.28	3.7
Property and casualty insurance cosdo Price per share, end of mo., compositedo	9. 44 262, 77	10.44 226, 70	10. 48 212. 90	10. 48 221. 25	10. 48 226. 91	10.48 224, 96	10. 49 235, 68	10, 49 248, 66	10. 52 256, 44	10. 57 258. 89	10. 57 268. 58	10. 57 277. 35	10. 57 263. 90	10. 57 261. 94	10. 57 251, 35	262
Industrials do Public utilities do	313. 15 94. 55	270. 83 79. 06	252. 79 74. 55	264, 25 77, 17	272. 90 75. 66	272, 65 74, 15	285. 04 81. 54	298. 78 88. 59	306. 35 90. 82	312. 77 87. 70	326. 01 89. 49	339. 59 85. 82	324. 75 81. 51	320. 58 84. 95	305, 79 83, 31	322. 79.
Railroadsdo	93. 90	65, 61	56. 18	57. 02	65. 13	61. 70	64. 62	72, 50	77. 38	79. 23	80. 28	87. 10	83. 44	84, 56	81.86	93.
Yields, composite percent Industrials do Public utilities do	3. 42 3. 14 4. 88	3, 97 3, 60 5, 94	4. 20 3. 84 6. 32	4. 04 3. 67 6. 10	3. 94 3. 55 6. 23	3. 96 3. 55 6. 35	3. 75 3. 35 5. 79	3. 56 3. 20 5. 34	3, 47 3, 15 5, 22	3. 41 3. 05 5. 40	3, 29 2, 93 5, 31	3, 19 2, 82 5, 56	3.35 2.94 5.86	3.38 2.99 5,63	3. 51 3. 12 5. 74	3. 2. 6.
Railroads do. N.Y. banks do. Property and casualty insurance cos. do.	4. 90 3. 72	5, 97 4, 03	7.03 4.01	6. 65 3. 83	5, 82 3, 99	6. 14 4. 27	5, 87 4, 16	5. 23 4. 04	4.94 4.24	4.82 4.16	4. 76 3. 74	4, 39 3, 95	4.61 4.26	4. 54 4. 39	4. 69 4. 46	4.
	3. 37	4. 02	4. 19	4. 15	4.01	4. 05	3, 88	3. 59	3.45	3, 33	3. 23	3, 27	3.35	3. 15	3, 15	2.
Earnings per share (indust., qtrly. at ann. rate; pub. util. and RR., for 12 mo. ending each qtr.): Industrials	17. 53	15, 30		<u> </u>	13. 83	 		15. 51			17.08			r 18. 32		
Public utilities do Railroads do	6.92	6.89			6.82			6.89			6.91			7 6.88 9 4.42		

r Revised. p Preliminary. 1 End of year. 2 Because of changes in series, data beginning July 1970 are not directly comparable with those for earlier periods.

Q Includes data not shown separately. § Beginning April 1971 Survey, data restated to include "other transportation" in addition to railroad data formerly shown.

o¬Number of bonds represented fluctuates; the change in the number does not affect the continuity of the series.

¶Prices are derived from average yields on basis of an assumed 3 percent 20-year bond.

⊙For bonds due or callable in 10 years or more.

Juless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown	1969	1970			19	70						197	ı	1	1	1
in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ant	nual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.
			F	INAN	CE—	Conti	nued					ŧ				
SECURITY MARKETS—Continued Stocks—Continued																
Dividend yields, preferred stocks, 10 high-grade (Standard & Poor's Corp.)percent.	6.41	7, 22	7. 62	7. 41	7. 31	7. 33	7. 30	6. 88	6. 53	6. 32	6.48	6. 59	6. 82	6. 99	7. 03	7.04
Prices: Dow-Jones averages (65 stocks) Industrial (30 stocks). Public utility (15 stocks) Transportation (20 stocks).	123.07	243, 92 753, 19 108, 75 152, 36	223, 29 712, 80 102, 83 125, 75	229. 99 731. 97 105. 36 130. 91	240, 57 759, 38 108, 79 141, 25	245, 02 763, 72 106, 68 152, 66	246, 16 769, 23 110, 98 148, 37	263, 81 821, 51 118, 88 160, 34	279, 62 849, 04 124, 86 180, 85	290. 14 879. 69 123. 77 193. 79	296. 67 901. 29 123. 22 200. 55	309, 11 932, 54 122, 92 217, 16	307, 39 925, 49 117, 75 221, 10	300. 23 900. 43 114. 36 217. 96	294. 95 887. 81 118. 12 214. 94	297. 74 875. 40 113. 20 222. 89
Standard & Poor's Corporation:♂ Industrial, public utility, and railroad: Combined index (500 stocks)1941-43=10	97.84	83, 22	75. 72	77. 92	82. 58	84. 37	84. 28	90.05	93. 49	97. 11	99. 60	103, 04	101. 64	99. 72	99. 00	97. 24
Industrial, total (425 stocks) Q	107. 13 103. 75 87. 06 62. 64 45. 95	91. 28 87. 87 80. 22 54. 48 32, 13	83, 00 77, 99 73, 10 50, 91 26, 59	85, 40 78, 38 74, 76 52, 62 26, 74	90. 66 84. 96 79. 65 54. 44 29. 14	92. 85 87. 90 82. 12 53. 37 31. 73	92, 58 86, 47 83, 09 54, 86 30, 80	98. 72 92. 12 88. 69 59. 96 32. 95	102, 22 95, 97 91, 72 63, 43 36, 64	106. 62 101. 58 95. 38 62. 49 38. 78	109. 59 104. 69 98. 54 62. 42 39. 70	113, 68 109, 38 102, 41 62, 06 42, 29	112. 41 108. 61 101. 96 59. 20 42. 05	110. 26 105. 46 100. 96 57. 90 42. 12	109, 09 102, 46 100, 08 60, 08 42, 05	107, 20 100, 90 99, 85 57, 55 43, 56
Banks: New York City (9 stocks)do Outside New York City (16 stocks)do	45. 39 87. 73	43, 83 77, 06	42. 12 72. 07	44. 21 76. 07	45. 22 79. 49	43, 51 79, 39	42. 66 77. 37	45. 11 81. 13	46. 88 87. 48	45. 96 86. 58	48. 02 89. 58	49. 05 93. 01	46. 24 88. 82	44. 68 85. 97	44. 54 85. 83	42. 9' 85. 0
Property-liability insurance (16 stocks)_do New York Stock Exchange common stock indexes: Composite	54. 67 57. 44 46. 96 42. 80 70. 49	45, 72 48, 03 32, 14 37, 24 60, 00	71. 10 41. 15 43. 04 26. 46 34. 90 54. 00	72. 48 42. 28 44. 20 27. 66 35. 74 56. 05	77. 07 45. 10 47. 43 30. 43 36. 74 60. 13	81. 56 46. 06 48. 87 32. 38 36. 01 59. 04	79. 73 45. 84 48. 54 31. 23 36. 71 57. 40	49. 00 51. 68 33. 70 39. 93 61. 95	95. 96 51. 29 53. 72 37. 76 42. 52 66. 41	53. 42 56. 45 40. 37 42. 30 68. 19	54. 89 58. 43 41. 71 41. 60 70. 66	56. 81 60. 65 43. 35 41. 73 73. 91	56. 00 60. 21 45. 48 39. 70 70. 89	55. 06 59. 25 44. 90 38. 71 70. 01	54. 83 58. 70 44. 02 39. 72 70. 42	53. 73 57. 63 44. 83 38. 11 69. 4
Total on all registered exchanges (SEC): Market value	175, 298 4, 963 129, 603 3, 174	130, 531 4, 567 103, 063 3, 213	8, 554 378 6, 985 250	8, 026 299 6, 443 216	11, 027 427 8, 721 304	12, 176 458 9, 701 329	9, 239 324 7, 308 234	13, 715 470 11, 289 350	13, 769 510 11, 036 375	17, 234 601 13, 628 428	18, 721 581 14, 661 397	18, 678 581 14, 850 415	16, 670 535 13, 368 395	15, 186 462 12, 249 337	13, 563 409 10, 903 296	
New York Stock Exchange: Exclusive of odd-lot and stopped stock sales (sales effected)	2,851	2,937	228	219	303	262	230	335	349	371	390	402	303	304	265	32
Shares listed, N.Y. Stock Exchange, end of period: Market value, all listed shares	629. 45 15, 082	612, 49 15, 522	531. 08 15, 823	555. 49 15, 869	579. 75 15, 930	570. 41 15, 981	598. 64 16, 023		668. 01 16, 100	678. 13 16, 181	709. 33 16, 306	734.34 16,375	706, 82 16, 471	709, 59 16, 663	684. 56 16, 797	711. 93 16, 91
	FO	REIG	N TR	ADE	OF 7	THE	UNIT	ED S	TATE	ES						
FOREIGN TRADE																
Value of Exports					1]							
Exports (mdse.), incl. reexports, totalmil. \$ Excl. Dept. of Defense shipmentsdo Seasonally adjusteddo		1	1	į.				l	1			ł	3,970.4 3,913.5 3,782.6		3, 397. 7 3, 340. 0 3, 494. 5	
By geographic regions: Africa	1, 391. 6 8, 261. 4 997. 9	1, 579. 1 10, 022. 8 1, 188. 2	132. 1 878. 0 121. 1	126. 1 778. 9 91. 8	121, 5 786, 5	131. 3 921. 4 156. 6	139. 3 818. 7 103. 3	139. 4 960. 3 83. 5	151. 7 842. 9 88. 9	163. 8 821. 7 103. 6	149, 2 903, 1 90, 7	137. 2 889. 6 105. 8	131. 6 930. 8 73. 8	142.6 823.8 85.8	160. 1 708. 1 93. 3	
Europe	9, 137, 6	9, 084, 8	1, 175. 8 729. 2 273. 8	1, 083. 3 680. 4 266. 6	1, 126. 7 741. 7 253. 7	1, 342. 1 770. 1 320. 1	1, 220. 0 709. 3 286. 8	1, 282. 0 712. 1 273. 9	1, 223. 1 686. 4 246. 6	768. 6 244. 8	1, 512. 0 943. 5 274. 7	1, 303. 0 883. 8 271. 9	936. 0 267. 1	1, 149. 5 999. 1 265. 4	740. 7 272. 8	
By leading countries: Africa: United Arab Republic (Egypt)do Republic of South Africado	2,814.4 67.2 505.5	3, 245. 5 80. 7 562. 7	281. 9 4. 0 53. 8	5. 0 53. 0	5. 0 48. 1	333. 7 4. 1 48. 7	7. 6 48. 7	285. 7 5. 5 44. 4	292. 7 10. 3 53. 4	6. 0 56. 8	3. 0 50. 9	281.7 4.2 44.0	306. 8 3. 8 46. 7	2.7 49.2	302. 8 10. 3 50. 2	
Asia; Australia and Oceania: Australia, including New Guinea do India do Pakistan do Malaysia, do	860. 0 517. 1 194. 9 50, 8	1, 003. 1 573. 2 325. 4 66. 6	101. 7 54. 3 23. 7 6. 5	74. 2 34. 9 28. 4 5. 4	78. 4 37. 0 18. 3 5. 3	137. 4 52. 0 33. 8 4. 8	80. 0 40. 2 17. 0 5. 0	70. 3 56. 8 45. 2 6. 8	74. 6 49. 7 28. 8 6. 1	91. 9 48. 0 19. 4 5. 3	77. 5 61. 7 30. 2 5. 0	91. 7 87. 1 16. 9 5. 0	64. 6 78. 3 18. 8 5. 1	72.7 49.5 11.6 9.5	81. 8 52. 1 16. 7 4. 4	
Indonesiado Philippinesdo Japando	201. 1 374. 3 3, 489. 7	264. 4 373. 2 4, 652. 0	29. 7 29. 3 415. 3	12. 4 30. 7 377. 5	17. 5 27. 0 385. 2	27. 4 33. 7 424. 4	32. 8 29. 4 386. 1	23. 7 26. 2 431. 8	25. 2 23. 0 364. 2	22. 0 31. 0 364. 9	18. 3 30. 8 364. 2	17. 3 30. 4 331. 2	27. 2 29. 8 370. 5	25. 6 36. 6 303. 4	21. 4 25. 5 261. 0	
Europe: do France do East Germany do West Germany do	1, 195. 1 32. 4	1, 484. 3 32. 5 2, 740. 2	129. 6 2. 1 217. 6	107. 7 2. 6 208. 9	110. 2 3. 1 211. 3	127. 1 3. 0 260. 4	107. 2 . 5 218. 7	132, 9 3, 8 222, 0	122. 8 4. 3 219. 0	105. 1 2. 9 221. 1	144. 6 2. 2 254. 3	124. 7 1. 5 298. 1	131. 4 . 7 274. 4	113. 6 1. 2 219. 0	108. 3 240. 9	
Italydo Union of Soviet Socialist Republicsdo	1, 261. 5 105. 5	1, 352.8 118.4	134. 3 6. 1	91. 4 6. 0	88. 1 12. 2	111.6 11.7	97. 1 9. 3	121. 1 16. 6	108.6 11.6	123. 9 11. 3	123. 6 18. 4	119. 5 12. 2	143. 6 8. 0	92. 2 11. 0	87. 1 12. 8	
United Kingdomdo	2, 334, 6	2, 536. 8	210. 1	177. 7	200.9	236. 9	220, 8	208.9	207.6	215, 9	283. 7	189. 4	194. 4	179.0	164. 4	1

Number of stocks represents number currently used; the change in number does not

Q Includes data not shown separately.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1969	1970		~	19	70						19	71			
through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anı	ıual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
FO	REIG	N TRA	DE (OF T	HE U	NITE	D ST	ATE	S—Co	ntint	ıed					
FOREIGN TRADE—Continued Value of Exports—Continued																
Exports (mdse.), incl. reexports—Continued By leading countries—Continued North and South America—Continued					,											
Latin American Republics, total Q mil. \$ Argentina do Brazil do Chile do Colombia do Mexico do Venezuela do	4, 869. 2 378. 3 672. 0 314. 6 302. 8 1, 449. 5 708. 2	5, 696. 2 441. 5 840. 6 300. 4 394. 9 1, 703. 7 759. 3	482. 6 41. 0 65. 8 32. 8 39. 0 143. 0 60. 6	479. 0 36. 5 73. 2 29. 2 29. 4 136. 6 70. 0	445. 0 39. 4 64. 2 21. 4 24. 2 134. 5 63. 2	568. 4 42. 4 115. 8 22. 4 35. 1 161. 3 76. 6	476. 9 28. 2 71. 8 25. 8 32. 2 147. 1 61, 0	490. 0 40. 1 77. 2 22. 7 35. 9 145. 6 61. 3	474. 6 41. 1 103. 5 21. 3 28. 5 125. 4 54. 9	444. 0 31. 1 70. 7 17. 6 34. 7 129. 4 62. 4	487. 3 29. 0 77. 5 19. 0 39. 0 144. 2 66. 9	484.3 34.6 80.0 18.5 31.5 137.3 71.8	501. 5 38. 9 88. 0 18. 4 32. 9 135. 1 79. 9	477. 8 29. 1 72. 9 19. 3 29. 5 135. 7 70. 0	502. 5 32. 9 88. 9 20. 2 35. 1 135. 5 70. 7	
Exports of U.S. merchandise, total	. 36, 787. 7 5, 936. 4	1 7, 173, 7	3,530.8 3,488.1 558.3 2,972.0	528.5	3, 282. 6 561. 1	3, 902, 4 3, 843, 9 724, 1 3, 178, 3	3, 445, 0 719, 5	3, 686. 1 3, 634. 4 746. 1 2,939.9	3, 484. 1 3, 433. 6 671. 6 2, 812. 5	3, 470. 4 635. 7	4, 106. 6 4, 058. 5 715. 9 3, 390. 7	3, 807. 7 3, 763. 8 633. 5 3, 174. 2	3, 854. 3 623. 6	3, 679. 2 3, 624. 7 605. 6 3, 073. 6	3, 294. 7 579. 0	
By commodity groups and principal commodities;										ļ			:	}		
Food and live animals Qmil. \$- Meats and preparations (incl. poultry) _ do Grains and cereal preparationsdo	3, 732. 7 199. 4 2, 127. 1	4, 349. 2 174. 8 2, 588. 4	370. 6 12. 1 214. 4	361, 5 14, 9 209, 3	363. 9 18. 1 216. 1	459. 0 17. 9 289. 6	419. 6 19. 7 252. 9	405. 1 13. 7 254. 5	382. 7 12. 8 233. 1	356. 0 13. 4 222. 5	388, 2 16, 8 226, 0	343. 0 14. 3 195. 8	358. 6 15. 9 213. 2	334. 9 15. 0 172. 3	323. 6 13. 3 184. 2	
Beverages and tobaccodo	713. 5	701. 7	53.0	43.7	64.7	75. 8	92. 5	80. 1	56. 6	47. 0	67. 0	57. 9	64.3	60.0	61.4	
Crude materials, inedible, exc. fuels 9do Cotton, raw, excl. linters and wastedo Soybeans, exc. canned or prepareddo Metal ores, concentrates, and scrapdo	3, 568. 6 280. 2 822. 4 710. 7	4, 608. 5 372. 2 1, 215. 8 938. 2	359. 8 24. 5 70. 5 94. 0	359. 3 10. 7 81. 1 93. 5	344. 2 11. 1 83. 7 86. 1	419. 5 22. 9 128. 3 85. 7	409. 3 32. 7 135. 8 71. 2	448.9 46.8 141.3 69.2	382. 9 57. 6 106. 1 56. 2	363. 8 59. 5 101. 5 38. 1	409. 4 74. 6 110. 2 45. 7	381. 9 62. 4 102. 9 48. 2	353. 2 44. 6 92. 8 45. 2	361.5 44.5 110.0 40.3	298. 4 31. 2 109. 2 39. 8	
Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc. Qdo Coal and related productsdo Petroleum and productsdo	1, 130. 2 636. 3 433. 3	1,594.1 1,044.1 487.3	141. 0 91. 8 43. 1	128. 5 88. 3 35. 1	147. 3 102. 0 40. 3	169. 6 113. 7 50. 3	132. 1 88. 4 39. 0	161, 9 106, 9 47, 2	119. 5 76. 8 35. 7	121. 4 77. 9 37. 4	130, 1 82, 5 43, 0	141.8 86.4 50.0	147. 7 99. 8 42. 7	133.5 89.1 41.0	107. 1 65. 0 36. 6	
Animal and vegetable oils, fats, waxesdo	307. 6	493. 0	43.8	40.4	44.0	40. 3	32. 5	56.0	51.7	51. 5	56. 5	54. 2	49. 2	49.3	62. 7	
Chemicals do do	3, 382. 6	3,826.1	326. 1 417. 3	304.5	286. 0 380. 6	325. 7 411. 0	284. 4 375. 5	306.0	279.7	295. 6	335, 6	323.9	338.8	347.9	368. 0	
Manufactured goods ♀ do Textiles do Iron and steel do Nonferrous base metals do	4, 554. 0 575. 6 972. 9 711. 5	5, 067. 0 603. 2 1, 270. 1 892. 5	44. 6 115. 1 70. 3	46. 4 103. 2 60. 8	46. 7 86. 9 63. 0	53. 7 84. 7 73. 3	49. 7 81. 3 56. 6	387. 8 51. 4 77. 5 67. 5	372, 9 53, 3 70, 5 64, 0	357. 2 46. 8 60. 3 59. 8	404. 5 56. 3 67. 9 61. 4	388. 6 53. 9 65. 8 60. 2	380. 8 53. 7 65. 3 57. 5	390. 4 50. 0 72, 7 54. 1	353. 3 50. 1 72. 1 35. 3	
Machinery and transport equipment, total mil. \$	16, 402. 8	17, 875. 4	1, 468. 5	1, 299. 2	1, 363. 7	1, 654, 2	1, 419. 1	1, 472, 7	1,489.3	1, 580. 7	1, 948. 3	1, 728. 1	1, 840. 1	1, 633. 0	1, 421. 8	
Machinery, total 9 do. Agricultural do. Metalworking do. Construction, excav. and mining do. Electrical do.	2,677.0	11. 371. 6 628. 1 395. 7 1, 422. 4 2, 999. 7	977. 7 52. 3 35. 7 127. 8 245. 2 490. 8	899. 0 49. 3 36. 6 114. 4 236. 5	904. 4 51. 7 30. 8 112. 4 236. 7	1, 059. 3 58. 2 33. 3 128. 9 277. 6	928. 2 46. 0 31. 7 117. 0 253. 5	978. 8 44. 1 34. 9 116. 9 261. 6	956. 3 44. 8 42. 5 108. 5 255. 0	897. 0 48. 1 29. 3 113. 1 232. 1	1, 073. 6 61. 4 35. 4 135. 1 264. 5	1, 012. 3 60. 7 32. 6 143. 2 255. 1	994. 7 53. 2 32. 3 126. 6 264. 9	959, 2 53, 2 31, 1 111, 9 246, 9	908. 3 49. 6 29. 8 110. 3 244. 3	
Transport equipment, total do Motor vehicles and parts do Miscellaneous manufactured articles do Commodities not classified do	6,538.8 3,787.3 2,445.7 1,224.0	6, 503. 8 3, 549. 3 2, 571. 4 1, 507. 0	256. 7 213. 7 136. 4	400, 3 247, 8 205, 9 119, 3	459. 4 320. 3 211. 2 115. 8	594. 8 289. 7 229. 8 117. 6	491. 0 251. 9 214. 9 115. 6	493, 9 260, 9 208, 1 159, 4	532. 9 288. 0 209. 4 139. 4	683. 7 339. 8 211. 5 116. 9	874. 7 412. 6 248. 1 119. 0	715. 8 358. 7 231. 2 157. 1	845. 4 393. 7 232. 1 146. 5	673. 8 415. 7 233. 4 135. 3	513. 5 271. 8 221. 1 134. 9	
Value of Imports	1,221.0	1,001.0														
General imports, total do do Seasonally adjusted do do do do do do do do do do do do do	36, 042. 8	73 9,951.6		3,116.0 3,346.2	3,451.9 3,428.2	3, 598. 9 3, 500.5	3, 405. 8 3, 428.4	3, 555. 5 3, 404.3	3, 422. 0 3, 686. 3	3, 193. 8 3, 553. 4	3, 911. 5 3, 569. 2	3, 897. 6 3, 757. 8	3, 844. 9 3, 987. 6	4, 283. 1 4, 023. 2	3, 699. 1 3, 798. 6	
By geographic regions: do Africa	1,046.3 8,275.4 828.4	1, 110. 6 9, 625. 9 870. 9	85. 8 834. 2 87. 0 990. 0	76. 8 860. 6 89. 6 860, 8	91. 8 932. 8 74. 1 915. 3	87. 4 902. 4 75. 6 1, 033. 9	82, 8 841, 3 62, 8	98. 0 836. 4 88. 0	96. 0 851. 4 57. 1	80. 2 784. 0 45. 0 907. 2	94. 7 890. 2 63. 2	113. 1 979. 5 68. 6	106. 1 935. 1 76. 7	104. 3 1, 119. 2 83. 4	96. 3 851. 5 86. 3	
Europe do Northern North America do Southern North America do South America do		11,093.9 2,881.4	851. 9 224. 7 235. 7	759. 5 207. 3 259. 1	916. 9 204. 8 256. 2	1,019.9 227. 5 249. 5	941. 3 217. 1 225. 4	978. 3 261. 6 266. 0	906. 1 236. 4 265. 2	937. 3 245. 2 191. 3	1,140.1 300.9 266.2	1, 108. 1 1, 081. 5 278. 8 263. 4	1, 114. 8 1, 105. 8 269. 6 233. 2	260.0	968. 3 230. 9 276. 7	
By leading countries: Africa:	.,												25512	200.0	2.0.1	
United Arab Republic (Egypt)do Republic of South Africado Asia; Australia and Oceania:	37. 8 246, 3	22, 9 288. 0	1. 5 22. 1	20. 2	1. 5 27. 9	17. 6	22.7	31, 4	20.9	1. 4 20. 2	2, 5 25, 4	2. 4 19. 5	33.5	28.8	. 7 19. 2	
Australia, including New Guinea do India do Pakistan do Malaysia do Indonesia do Philippines do Japan do	595. 0 344. 0 73. 1 307. 4 193. 7 422. 6 4,888. 2	622. 7 298. 1 80. 2 270. 2 182. 2 475. 9 5,875. 3	57. 4 21. 1 7. 1 17. 1 9. 9 45. 7 512. 7	60. 5 17. 9 5. 6 12. 7 12. 7 53. 9 541. 9	55. 4 17. 5 4. 3 23. 4 14. 5 59. 1 571. 9	51, 1 31, 3 6, 1 21, 0 17, 5 41, 8 565, 8	45. 8 26. 1 7. 6 20. 5 15. 6 35. 4 529. 4	56. 2 25. 9 8. 3 29. 7 18. 4 48. 1 488. 9	41. 6 28. 7 9. 0 22. 0 16. 4 26. 6 551. 0	34, 2 21, 4 6, 5 16, 5 14, 6 30, 3 488, 9	41. 2 25. 4 10. 8 21. 9 17. 3 33. 5 555. 1	45.8 26.9 7.0 22.6 17.6 47.0 614.5	55. 3 28. 0 3. 2 19. 9 18. 8 38. 4 574. 5	57. 4 31. 7 4. 2 32. 2 17. 5 48. 8 685. 1	63. 4 26. 2 4. 7 13. 9 17. 4 39. 8 490. 6	
Europe: do France. do East Germany. do West Germany. do Italy. do Union of Soviet Socialist Republics. do United Kingdom. do	1, 203. 7 51. 5	942. 1 9. 4 3, 129. 6 1, 316. 1 72. 2 2, 195. 8	77. 9 1. 1 269. 0 114. 7 6. 5 201. 7	85. 2 . 6 236. 0 124. 1 5. 1 136. 5	71. 4 . 5 271. 0 97. 6 2. 9 175. 4	82. 4 . 9 277. 3 112. 3 2. 9 212. 7	88. 9 1. 0 292. 0 104. 1 5. 9 203. 0	95. 0 . 9 290. 1 114. 7 6. 7 185. 6	89. 5 1. 1 294. 5 117. 7 3. 7 184. 4	79. 1 . 7 267. 2 102. 2 3. 8 155. 1	98. 2 1. 1 313. 9 125. 5 7. 6 216. 6	94. 2 .8 313. 6 121. 0 5. 0 205. 2	102. 3 . 9 299. 5 109. 9 6. 4 230. 2	108.8 .8 336.6 128.1 6.1 246.6	101. 4 .9 336. 0 128. 1 5. 1 222. 9	
North and South America: Canadadodo	10, 383. 6	11,091.1	851.8	759.0	916. 5	1,019.0	941. 3	978.3	906.0	937, 1	1, 140. 0	1, 081. 3	1, 105. 7	1, 216. 7	967. 7	
Latin American Republics, total 0	155. 3 616. 7 151. 4 240. 4 1, 029. 3 940. 1	4,779. 2 171. 8 669. 4 154. 0 268. 9 1, 222. 4 1, 082. 1	372. 6 13. 9 57. 8 13. 5 22. 9 83. 2 87. 2	385. 7 15. 6 68. 3 10. 9 20. 4 82. 0 86. 2	371, 5 18, 3 56, 0 14, 4 18, 4 80, 6 86, 4	383. 3 18. 2 63. 1 14. 1 16. 5 93. 1 80. 9	358. 0 11. 9 66. 3 10. 1 15. 8 91. 9 75. 3	418. 9 12. 2 49. 6 15. 2 22. 0 110. 1 105. 2	407. 4 9. 7 89. 6 10. 4 19. 1 99. 8 87. 1	355, 8 9, 7 44, 4 8, 6 15, 4 110, 9 76, 4	452. 6 15. 5 38. 2 14. 5 20. 0 126. 3 135. 3	450. 1 13. 5 59. 8 9. 7 23. 2 124. 2 107. 9	405. 4 10. 6 46. 8 5. 7 20. 3 114. 4 104. 8	441.8 15.9 81.7 7.1 22.0 105.0 107.4	76. 7 9. 4 27. 4 83. 4	

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1969	1970			19)70						19	71			
through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anı	nual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.
FO	REIG	N TRA	DE (OF T	HE U	NITE	ED ST	ATE	S—Co	ntinu	ıed					
FOREIGN TRADE—Continued Value of Imports—Continued General imports—Continued By commodity groups and principal commodi-																
ties: Agricultural products, totalmil. \$ Nonagricultural products, totaldo	4,953.7 31,089.1	5, 664. 9 34, 298. 3	450. 6 2, 861. 3	454. 2 2, 662. 3	454. 7 2, 939. 5	461. 1 3, 137. 8	434. 9 2, 970. 9	534.7 3,020.8	484.9 2,937.0	422. 0 2, 771. 8	500. 8 3, 410. 7	555. 3 3, 342. 3	479. 7 3365. 2	529.8 3,753.4	487. 3 3, 211. 8	
Food and live animals	638. 2 777. 8 3, 460. 1	5, 378. 9 200. 7 1, 159. 5 1, 014. 5 729. 1 855. 0 3, 312. 2 1, 148. 9	436. 3 14. 9 94. 4 97. 3 62. 6 68. 2 280. 5 114. 3	435. 1 12. 5 99. 7 91. 2 74. 5 49. 8 290. 7 117. 9	447. 8 15. 4 83. 8 91. 3 80. 9 63. 5 301. 5 117. 1	459. 3 17. 5 103. 9 86. 0 53. 4 87. 9 275. 7 98. 2	423. 2 9. 8 95. 8 75. 9 44. 5 95. 0 266. 0 98. 7	488. 5 18. 1 83. 6 82. 7 76. 2 86. 9 267. 8 91. 9	459. 7 30. 1 124. 1 70. 2 45. 6 63. 1 235. 4 71. 4	385. 7 14. 5 86. 7 64. 8 33. 9 56. 2 208. 2 51. 1	458. 7 14. 8 81. 3 87. 6 67. 4 69. 0 309. 6 94. 8	522. 1 17. 3 110. 4 83. 7 81. 1 70. 4 281. 6 86. 1	446. 1 9. 9 95. 2 79. 5 58. 8 74. 6 297. 7 105. 2	500. 7 15. 6 102. 3 105. 0 69. 9 92. 7 352. 3 126. 7	482. 1 16. 0 113. 8 94. 6 68. 1 83. 1 323. 6 125. 4	
Paper base stocksdo Textile fibersdo Rubberdo	520. 8 260. 1 279. 5	501. 9 201. 7 236. 5	41. 2 15. 9 15. 7	39. 7 14. 9 15. 2	37. 2 13. 2 18. 7	40. 8 10. 2 17. 7	39. 2 10. 2 18. 4	44. 4 13. 2 18. 9	37. 4 13. 0 17. 2	38. 0 12. 9 17. 2	49. 9 16. 0 15. 4	44. 0 16. 0 15. 1	39. 8 13. 1 17. 1	49. 2 12. 3 25. 4	37. 8 14. 2 16. 8	
Mineral fuels, lubricants, etcdo Petroleum and productsdo Animal and vegetable oils and fatsdo Chemicalsdo	2, 559, 9 136, 7	3,080.8 2,770.0 159.6 1,450.3	213, 1 188, 9 13, 1 114, 1	255. 5 231. 4 14. 9 124. 9	240. 4 216. 0 9. 2 111. 9	255, 0 229, 2 16, 0 130, 8	239. 1 212. 8 11. 3 119. 8	311. 1 279. 4 21. 3 121. 3	267. 6 237. 0 11. 9 124. 0	255, 8 219, 5 15, 5 125, 4	315. 6 283. 8 16. 1 145. 5	269. 3 234. 5 17. 6 150. 4	297. 0 264. 3 15. 8 150. 4	303. 0 268. 0 13. 9 142. 3	303. 8 275. 6 12. 0 138. 6	
Manufactured goods ♀ do Iron and steel do Newsprint do Nonferrous metals do Textiles do	1,809.1 939.0 1,534.2	8, 437. 4 2, 032. 0 929. 6 1, 652. 7 1, 135. 4	726. 2 178. 3 73. 4 136. 3 99. 2	654. 5 171. 2 68. 1 116. 8 89. 1	736. 1 189. 7 76. 5 150. 9 84. 5	768. 6 203. 5 79. 9 136. 0 104. 0	762, 0 239, 5 78, 1 120, 7 99, 4	754. 4 199. 9 93. 5 146. 7 95. 9	719. 9 193. 7 76. 0 123. 1 110. 0	636. 1 180. 8 62. 6 105. 9 97. 6	795. 7 190. 0 83. 8 136. 4 127. 1	824. 0 208. 1 89. 6 152. 7 128. 4	851. 4 260. 8 83. 2 130. 3 120. 9	948. 2 300. 0 85. 2 149. 5 132. 3	783. 0 254. 3 74. 2 122. 9 113. 2	
Machinery and transport equipmentdo Machinery, total 9do Metalworkingdo Electricaldo	4,488.9 182.7	11, 171. 3 5, 289. 3 163. 7 2, 271. 9	897. 4 466. 0 16. 4 189. 1	735. 0 427. 4 10. 9 203. 5	912. 0 442. 4 10. 3 210. 0	1, 015. 8 477. 6 10. 9 218. 2	975. 2 450. 2 11. 5 204. 6	986. 7 473. 3 13. 5 194. 8	1, 033. 2 468. 6 10. 9 191. 6	1, 032. 0 413. 9 9. 5 166. 4	1, 236, 9 526, 9 9, 1 211, 9	1, 200. 6 532. 8 10. 7 217. 6	1168. 5 475. 6 9. 4 204. 0	1, 313. 2 561. 9 11. 2 239. 7	986. 9 473. 1 8. 4 187. 6	
Transport equipment	4, 618. 4 4, 127. 2	5, 882. 0 5, 066. 6 4, 843. 9 1, 273. 8	431. 4 352. 0 449. 2 113. 9	307. 7 239. 7 450. 4 105. 7	469. 6 402. 8 453. 8 118. 1	538. 2 470. 4 469. 2 120. 8	525, 0 459, 4 406, 1 108, 3	513. 5 440. 7 402. 5 115. 0	564. 7 477. 9 389. 4 117. 6	618. 1 535. 5 369. 5 109. 4	709. 9 617. 2 442. 2 122. 1	667. 8 562. 0 436. 5 125. 0	692. 8 599. 1 416. 0 127. 3	751. 2 r 652. 5 492. 8 124. 1	513. 8 443. 9 453. 3 132. 6	
Exports (U.S. mdse., excl. military grant-aid): Unit value	104. 7 114. 5 119. 9 104. 2	110. 7 123. 9 137. 2	111. 5 122. 4 136. 5	110. 4 114. 1 126. 0	111. 5 115. 3 126. 5	111. 5 134. 9 150. 5	110. 6 121. 9 134. 9	112, 3 126, 7 142, 3	114, 2 117, 7 134, 4 115, 3	114.8 118.3 135.9	115. 7 137. 4 158. 9	116. 2 126. 8 147. 4	114.6 131.7 150.9	112. 8 125. 8 141. 9		
Quantitydo Valuedo	128. 7 134. 1	133, 1 148, 6	131. 6 147. 8	122, 7 138, 8	135. 6 154. 1	141. 4 160. 6	133. 7 152. 0	138. 9 158. 7	132. 4 152. 7	123. 0 142. 5	148. 0 174. 6	149. 9 173. 9	146. 7 171. 6	163. 1 191. 1]
Shipping Weight and Value Waterborne trade: Exports (incl. reexports): Shipping weightthous. sh. tons Value	199, 286 19, 915	7239, 774 724, 394	21, 734 2, 075	19, 802 1, 949	20, 818 1, 920	23, 745 2, 283	20, 034 2, 057	21, 455 2, 141	17, 431 1, 964	16, 003 1, 867	16, 934 2, 129	17, 923 2, 045	18, 730 2, 029	17, 844 1, 929		
General imports: Shipping weightthous. sh. tons Valuemil. \$	288, 620 21, 570	7299, 168 724, 728	25, 454 2, 133	26, 182 2, 085	25, 518 2, 153	25, 202 2, 210	23, 045 2, 129	27, 150 2, 179	21, 448 2, 155	16, 998 1, 908	29, 103 2, 347	25, 157 2, 399	27, 363 2, 381	29, 567 2, 710		1 -
	TI	RANSI	ORT	ATIO	N AN	D CO	MMU	UNIC	ATIO	N	·			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	'
TRANSPORTATION																
Air Carriers (Scheduled Service)	125. 42 50. 0 16, 898 8, 791	¹ 131. 72 49. 7 18, 167 1 9, 290	13. 38 56. 2 1, 759	14. 31 59. 4 1, 834	10, 90 48, 2 1, 497 2, 541	9. 98 45. 0 1, 439	9. 20 43. 6 1, 334	10. 94 48. 2 1, 554 2, 218	10, 53 46, 0 1, 409	9. 06 43, 5 1, 260	10. 17 43. 7 1, 428 2, 181	11. 17 49. 1 1, 519	10. 84 46. 2 1, 483	12. 09 50. 7 1, 605		
Passenger revenues do Freight and express revenues do Mail revenues do Operating expenses do Net income after taxes do	7, 120 686 296 8, 403 1 54	17,627 750 306 19,247 —1201			2, 139 192 71 2, 387 60			1,782 189 90 2,355 -177			1,789 172 71 2,332 -160					
Domestic operations: Passenger-miles (revenue) bil. Express and freight ton-miles mil Mail ton-miles do Operating revenues mil \$	1 102.72 1 2,126 1 807 1 6,936	1 104. 16 1 2, 216 1 715 1 7, 180	10. 12 189 54	10, 88 178 54	8. 23 182 56 1,897	7. 90 187 63	7. 48 162 63	8. 94 178 87 1, 729	8. 45 147 59	7. 26 147 55	8. 18 177 63 1, 704	9. 01 175 61	8. 39 181 59	9. 44 186 55		
Operating expenses	1 6, 613 1 31 1 22, 70 1 1, 224	1 7, 181 -1 184 1 27, 56 1 1, 299	3. 26 121	3, 44 114	1,835 (2) 2,67 113	2. 08 126	1. 72 110	1,820 -121 1.99 106	2. 08 96	1, 80	1,833 -125 1,99 116	2, 16 113	2.46 111	2. 65 109		
Mail ton-miles do Operating revenues mil. \$ Operating expenses do Net income after taxes do Local Transit Lines	1 544 1 1,855 1 1,790 1 23	1766 12,109 12,066 —117	57	57 	56 644 552 60	65	78	89 489 536 —56	54	51	55 477 499 -35	52	48	47		
Fares, average cash ratecents Passengers carried (revenue)mil 7 Revised. Preliminary. 1 Appual total refl.	24. 3 6, 310	25. 7 5, 903	25. 7 452	25.7 442	25. 8 483	26. 0 509	26. 2 473	26.4 499	26. 4 460	26, 4 440	26, 5 536	26. 6 504 Certificate	26, 6 484	26. 6 471		

r Revised. Preliminary. Annual total reflects revisions not distributed to monthly data. Profit of the following states of the

^{*}New series. Source: Civil Aeronautics Board. Certificated route industry covers passenger-cargo (including local service, helicopter, and other carriers) and all-cargo carriers. Opera-tions between the 48 States and Alaska and Hawaii are included in domestic operations. Selected revenues by type (as shown for total industry) and all traffic statistics cover sched-uled service only; total revenues, expenses, and income for all groups of carriers also reflect nonscheduled service.

1969	1970	ļ		1	970						19	971			
An	nual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
RANSP	ORTA	TION	ANI	O CO	MMU	NICA	TION	—Со	ntinu	ed					
10,036				1, 373 2, 951 2, 784											
183, 8	180. 0			179. 8			164.7		<u></u>	180, 9					
113. 6 1 71 679. 0 596. 2 178. 7	111. 1 1 71 722, 2 638. 4 173. 5			70 218. 6 175. 1 47. 7			71 175. 5 158. 8 41. 8								
11, 423 10, 320 438 9, 038 1, 726 658	11, 985 10, 916 420 9, 731 1, 844 2 485			3, 040 2, 758 113 2, 451 479 109			3, 045 2, 778 102 2, 485 476 84			² 91 ² 2, 511 ² 494 ² 117					
781. 7 767. 9 1. 347	777. 2 4 762. 5 4 1. 431			190, 4			194, 5			2 183, 2	² 59. 2		² 60. 4	2.362.6	2 56.
12, 37 59 119 5, 911 4 5, 767 3, 602 4 3, 039 1, 820	13. 25 55 114 6, 659 6, 499 4, 065 3, 449 2, 219 45 753	12. 17 53 117 736 903 455 395 254	13. 74 55 106 1, 009 767 498 421 163 9 969	13. 95 56 118 690 535 416 334 126 4 532	14. 48 62 114 505 408 326 291 101	13. 39 50 104 420 368 268 237 88 1. 625	12. 24 40 112 395 437 292 279 108	13. 62 47 98 550 443 328 239 137	13. 24 50 106 444 404 242 185 182	12. 72 56 128 517 471 306 239 275 1 608	14. 37 56 119 563 556 312 247 290 2 486	13. 26 56 131 573 620 334 299 270 3. 643	317	239	20
16, 781 8, 213 6, 506 10, 270 2, 798	18, 103 8, 912 6, 947 11, 581 3, 058			4, 568 2, 236 1, 765 2, 955 758			4, 637 2, 300 1, 769 2, 987 802			4, 760 2, 341 1, 845 3, 046 813			4, 897 2, 386 1, 909 3, 109 859		
391. 3 330. 8 32. 9 179. 9 132. 5 39. 1	402. 5 334. 6 34. 0 193. 7			98. 1 85. 1 6. 4 47. 7 36. 0 9. 4			104. 1 100. 2 80. 8 6. 9 50. 1 38. 1 9. 4			91. 2 78. 8 6. 8 51. 9 36. 6 12. 7			98. 7 85. 3 4. 8 50. 4 37. 6 10. 1		
1	CHE	' MICA	LS A	ND A	LLIE	D PR	ODU	CTS	1	<u> </u>	!	1	l .	I	<u> </u>
14, 386 12,917.8 1, 069. 4 49,413.9	14, 382 13, 098. 0 1, 120. 1 8, 895. 2	1, 214 1,065.5 104.2 844.4	1, 124 1,082.2 106. 6 811. 7	1, 155 1,102.6 103. 5 805. 2	1, 112 1,059.7 87. 9 860. 1	1, 102 1,096.5 77. 3 802. 8	1,073 1,140.7 77.9 812.1	953 1,091.4 80. 2 742. 0	1, 047 969. 0 80. 8 695. 5	1, 220 1,143.7 85. 2 790. 5	1, 237 1,248.0 101. 7 777. 6	1,350 1,256.2 100.4 764.6	1,318 1,129.2 116.5 776.5		
1, 910. 8 6,443. 4 275, 962 5, 373. 0 4, 540. 2 152. 6	149. 5 10, 073. 7	166. 8 475. 7 23, 147 412. 7 379. 4 12. 7 889. 3 39. 1 103. 4	161. 0 502. 1 22,974 456. 9 332. 7 10. 7 879. 1 48. 7 97. 9	163. 8 522. 7 23, 003 481. 7 355. 5 12. 1 829. 1 748. 8 117. 6	165. 6 564. 3 24,244 503. 3 373. 4 13. 3 889. 1 56. 2 122. 7	143. 3 553. 1 23,341 463. 6 361. 6 11. 8 830. 9 55. 8 116. 0	153. 8 565. 1 23, 822 526. 9 412. 1 14. 7 842. 8 51. 7 116. 0	160, 6 567, 3 5 26,612 492, 9 312, 9 11, 6 765, 6 38, 7 111, 5	149. 0 536. 6 26, 194 521. 5 344. 3 11. 3 741. 7 50. 6 109. 1	175. 9 603. 7 29, 668 534. 7 375. 8 12. 2 821. 8 63. 5 115. 4	167. 1 598. 4 27, 634 539. 4 362. 9 12. 2 799. 9 61. 4 119. 1	183. 4 587. 4 728, 934 519. 5 345. 6 13. 2 795. 4 7 56. 1 123. 0	12. 4 798. 1		
	** Table 1. ** Tab	11, 289 10, 482 10, 036 560 183.8 180.0 113.6 111.1 171 679.0 596.2 596.2 178.7 173.5 11, 423 10, 320 438 9, 038 9, 038 9, 038 11, 777.2 658 458 78 781.7 777.2 767.9 1, 347 12, 169 10, 270 1, 347 12, 169 11, 423 11, 985 11, 431 12, 169 11, 431 12, 169 11, 431 12, 169 11, 431 12, 169 11, 431 12, 169 11, 431 12, 169 11, 431 12, 169 11, 431 12, 169 11, 431 13, 40, 40, 65 14, 30, 30, 30, 34, 49 18, 20 18, 20 18, 20 18, 10, 20	RANSPORTATION 1,289	RANSPORTATION ANI 11, 289	RANSPORTATION AND CO 11,289	RANSPORTATION AND COMMU 1, 373	11, 289	RANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATION 1,289	RANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATION—Col 1,286	1,280	11,289	**************************************	RANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATION—Continued 1,1,295	RANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATION—Continued 1,1,292	RANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATION—Continued 1, 200

r Revised. r Preliminary. 1 Number of carriers filing complete reports for the year. 2 Estimate by Association of American Railroads. 3 For 5 weeks. 4 Annual total reflects revisions not distributed to the monthly or quarterly data. 6 Beginning Jan. 1971, includes low purity oxygen; comparable Dec. 1970 figure ,26,394 mil. cu. ft. 6 Before extraordinary and prior period items.

[†]Revised monthly data (1957-May 1970) are available. of Indexes are directly comparable for the identical quarter of each year (and from year to year). §Beginning with 1st quarter 1969 reporting period, motor carriers are designated class 1 if they have annual gross operating revenues of \$1 million or over.

§Includes data not shown separately. ‡Revisions for 1967 available upon request.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1969	1970	İ		19	70						19	971			
through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anr	nual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Au
	CHEN	IICAL	S AN	D AI	LIEI	PR(DUC	TS-	Conti	nued						
CHEMICALS—Continued																
Organic chemicals, production: σ^i Acetic anhydridemil. lb. Acetylsalicylic acid (aspirin)do Creosote oilmil. gal	1 1,748. 0 37. 5 1 118. 3	35. 1 109. 6	132. 2 2. 4 8. 0	127. 8 2. 2 9. 6	3. 3 9. 5	3. 5 9. 3	2. 9 9. 1	2. 7 10. 6	125. 8 2. 7 8. 4	120, 2 2, 5 8, 4	140, 3 2, 9 9, 6	133, 5 2, 8 10, 3	137. 0 2. 6 10. 7	127. 0 2. 3 12. 1	130. 4 2. 3 12. 6	1
Ethyl acetate (85%) mil. lb. Formaldehyde (37% HCHO) dodo Glycerin, refined, all grades:	l .	1 158. 7 14,312.4	8. 3 324. 2	9. 7 353. 2	16. 2 397. 8	14. 7 370. 8	10, 2 400, 8	16. 1 344. 4	13. 5 308. 8	13. 0 310. 3	10. 8 382. 1	15.9 383.4	14.5 371.9	11. 7 362. 1	14. 6 340. 2	
Production do Stocks, end of period do Methanol, synthetic mil. gal. Phthalic anhydride mil. lb.	322. 4 30. 5 1 624. 8 774. 0	336. 1 29. 6 1 744. 7 1 714. 0	25. 3 25. 3 43. 4 61. 0	27. 9 24. 6 53. 2 58. 8	26. 1 24. 4 50. 6 63. 6	27. 8 23. 0 60. 4 54. 9	31. 7 26. 6 65. 4 53. 8	31. 8 29. 6 77. 0 55. 9	28. 2 31. 2 60. 2 54. 4	25. 8 27. 0 56. 6 51. 4	30. 3 29. 2 56. 0 61. 9	27. 0 23. 5 65. 8 61. 3	28. 6 25. 5 60. 3 71. 1	29. 4 7 23. 4 65. 4 67. 7	26. 9 20. 9 54. 3 67. 9	
thyl alcohol and spirits:																
Production mil. tax gal. Stocks, end of period do. Used for denaturation. do. Taxable withdrawals do.	737. 7 179. 7 592. 6 85. 6	7 631. 5 162. 7 513. 8 7 84. 8	56. 9 184. 8 45. 0 6. 0	46. 9 176. 9 42. 3 6. 4	58. 3 177. 8 42. 7 7. 5	54. 8 169. 4 42. 9 8. 6	41. 4 161. 3 37. 1 7. 7	48. 3 162. 7 37. 6 6. 7	45. 0 162. 8 37. 8 6. 2	41. 5 159. 4 31. 8 6. 1	41. 7 155. 1 37. 7 7. 4	44. 4 151. 2 38. 1 6. 6	43. 4 148. 2 38. 8 6. 5			
Jenatured alcohol: mil. wine gal. Production	318. 4 318. 8 2. 4	7 276. 9 276. 2 3. 0	24.3 24.4 2.8	22. 8 22. 9 2. 7	23. 0 22. 9 2. 8	23. 2 22. 9 3. 0	20, 1 20, 1 3, 0	21. 0 20. 9 3. 0	20. 4 20. 2 3. 3	17. 2 17. 7 2. 8	20. 4 20. 4 2. 7	20. 6 20. 7 2. 7	20, 9 21, 0 2, 8	21. 1 21. 7 2. 3		
FERTILIZERS Though total 0 though tons	16, 599	16,005	1,550	1, 414	1,341	1, 479	1,420	1 203	1,800	1, 168	1,285	1,680	1, 210	¢ 1, 418	1,616	
Exports, total Q thous. sh. tons. Nitrogenous materials. do Phosphate materials do Potash materials do O	1, 799 12, 229 1, 233	1, 133 12, 543 966	140 1,148 103	130 1,086 74	76 1,034 115	105 1, 189 74	114 1,163 73	1, 293 101 980 70	1, 800 58 1, 528 66	905 87	986 83	1,080 94 1,381 72	968 90	° 1, 122 108	1, 616 82 1, 256 91	
mports: Ammonium nitrate	233 138 3, 829 184	326 218 4, 165 129	10 6 164 16	10 15 304 13	18 12 331 13	23 16 391 22	24 24 387 8	19 16 269 5	16 12 315 19	24 33 296 13	43 40 474 7	104 18 475 34	58 20 518 13	18 6 184 28	14 7 272 17	
otash deliveries (K_2O) do uperphosphate and other phosphatic fertilizers $(100\% P_2O_9)$: Productionthous. sh. tons.	4, 794	4, 603 4, 496	159 330	353 343	340 380	411 386	416 387	319 431	436 379	271 402	569 430	895 436	391 415	276 391	270	
Stocks, end of perioddodo	448	484	455	432	418	394	426	484	505	511	453	262	258	340		
Explosives (industrial), shipments, quarterly \$ mil. lb	1,924.8	2, 046. 5			484.0			696. 4			¢ 480.0			585. 4		
aints, varnish, and lacquer, factory shipments: Total shipments	1,473.5	2, 737. 1 1, 497. 6 1,239. 4	255, 8 152, 8 103, 0	254.7 147.2 107.5	256. 4 138. 2 118. 2	220, 6 117, 2 103, 4	185, 9 99, 4 86, 4	177. 0 88. 4 88. 6	183. 8 93. 4 90. 4	203. 6 106. 2 97. 4	241. 4 127. 0 114. 4	260. 3 144. 2 116. 1	266. 8 148. 8 118. 0	297. 8 171. 1 126. 7		
ulfur, native (Frasch) and recovered: Productionthous. lg. tons_ Stocks (producers'), end of perioddo	8, 568 3, 461	1 8, 539 4, 038	717 3, 689	700 3, 800	797 3,837	746 3,977	703 4, 021	742 4, 038	728 4, 108	658 4, 094	695 4, 123	684 4, 069	716 4, 119	7 686 4, 095	721 4, 156	
PLASTICS AND RESIN MATERIALS														ĺ		
Production: Thermosetting resins:																
Alkyd resins. mil. lb. Polyester resins do Phenolic and other tar acid resins do Urea and melamine resins do	1 667. 4	1 600. 2 1 646. 1 1 1, 041. 6 1 623. 5	55. 3 49. 1 74. 1 44. 7	51. 7 53. 6 83. 1 54. 7	56. 9 54. 7 82. 2 52. 8	50. 1 58. 0 92. 8 50. 7	43. 6 54. 0 85. 1 48. 2	42.8 54.2 79.5 46.0	48. 7 82. 1 47. 7	51. 7 81. 2 48. 2	59. 4 93. 7 53. 2	60. 7 91. 2 55. 6	63. 6 90. 7 55. 8	66. 7 91. 4 59. 1	62. 2 81. 0 52. 3	
Thermoplastic resins: Cellulose plastic materialsdo Coumarone-indene and petroleum polymer	1 192. 6	1 140.9	10. 4	10.3	10.8	11.0	9. 9	9.1								
resins	1 332. 6 13, 251. 6 13,638.8	1 315. 3 1 3, 402. 9 1 3, 754. 4 1 5, 872. 3	25. 3 272. 5 298. 4 503. 2	25. 7 274. 3 310. 5 488. 7	24. 6 293. 8 314. 0 497. 4	25. 4 271. 9 311. 7 517. 7	28. 2 279, 6 288. 6 487. 6	28. 0 283. 8 289. 2 509. 8	267. 2 294. 7 493. 5	270. 5 289. 5 459. 9	303. 9 321. 4 491. 7	287. 1 306. 8 543. 4	345. 4 344. 7 541. 9	326. 5 7 330. 9 529. 2	314. 6 284. 7 514. 5	
]	ELEC	TRIC	POW	VER A	AND	GAS	-							
ELECTRIC POWER																
roduction (utility and industrial), total; mil. kwhr	1,552,757	1, 638, 010	149, 700	151, 492	139, 839	132, 734	130, 925	141, 048	146, 329	131, 607	141, 605	131, 045	133, 925	150, 674		
Electric utilities, total do By fuels do By waterpower do do	. 1,191,990	1, 529, 581 1, 282, 253 247, 328	119, 724	142, 694 122, 769 19, 924	131, 106 113, 094 18, 011	123, 536 105, 384 18, 153	121, 979 102, 514 19, 465	132, 119 110, 322 21, 797	137, 388 114, 774 22, 614	123, 394 101, 359 22, 035	132, 657 107, 833 24, 824	99,308	125, 073 101, 347 23, 727	141, 896 118, 983 22, 914		
Privately and municipally owned utildo Other producers (publicly owned)do	1,171,776 270,406	1,254,344 275,237	115, 291 25, 342	117, 630 25, 064	108, 928 22, 177	102, 710 20, 827	100, 257 21, 721	108, 583 23, 536	112, 269 25, 119	100, 878 22, 516	107, 331 25, 327	98, 619 23, 682	101, 413 23, 660	116, 548 25, 348		
Industrial establishments, totaldo By fuelsdo By waterpowerdo	107,299	105, 146	9, 067 8, 825 242	8, 798 8, 575 223	8, 733 8, 529 204	9, 197 8, 972 225	8, 946 8, 656 290	8, 929 8, 641 288	8, 940 8, 651 290	8, 213 7, 924 290	8, 947 8, 628 319	8, 744 8, 448 297	8, 852 8, 545 307	8, 778 8, 484 294		

Revised annual total; revisions are not distributed to the monthly data.

Data are reported on the basis of 100 percent content of the specified material unless

otherwise indicated. • Includes data not shown separately, §Data have been restated to exclude black blasting powder formerly included. ‡Revised data for the months of 1968 will be shown later.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1969	1970			19	70			1			19	971			
through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anı	nual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.
	E	LECT	RIC I	POWI	ER A	ND G	AS-	Conti	nued					<u> </u>		·
ELECTRIC POWER—Continued										1				1	İ	
Sales to ultimate customers, total (EEI) mil.kwhr. Commercial and industrial: Small light and powersdo Large light and powersdo	1	1,391,359 312,750 572,522	121, 481 29, 113 48, 012	126, 043 30, 128 48, 997	126, 257 29, 972 49, 130	117, 258 27, 109 48, 614	110, 690 24, 734 47, 235	115, 649 25, 147 47, 583	122, 035 26, 223 47, 480	120, 810 26, 029 47, 457	119. 704 25, 703 48, 947	115, 975 25, 320 49, 051	113, 830 25, 377 49, 338	119, 699 27, 838 50, 493		
Railways and railroads do Residential or domestic do Street and highway lighting do Other public authorities do Interdepartmental do	4, 531 407, 922 10, 772 35, 861 4, 186	4, 633 447, 795 11, 183 37, 816 4, 660	359 39, 530 828 3, 223 416	362 42, 051 869 3, 222 414	354 42, 219 917 3, 261 404	375 36, 465 978 3, 314 404	368 33, 839 1, 029 3, 118 366	421 37, 860 1, 081 3, 172 385	445 43, 156 1, 087 3, 260 384	403 42, 268 1, 004 3, 267 382	422 39, 819 973 3, 426 415	380 36, 897 933 2, 983 411	363 34, 263 888 3, 198 402	355 36, 391 859 3, 336 427		
Revenue from sales to ultimate customers (Edison Electric Institute) mil. \$	20,139.3	22, 065, 9	1, 935. 7	2, 013. 4	2, 033. 3	1, 908. 3	1,807.8	1, 887. 8	1,978.1	1, 977. 5	1, 955. 3	1, 912. 6	1, 900. 1	2, 014. 7		
Manufactured and mixed gas: Customers, end of period, total ♀thous Residentialdo Industrial and commercialdo	r 577 r 539 36	571 535 34			563 528 34			571 535 34			574 538 35					1
Sales to consumers, total ?mil. therms_ Residentialdo Industrial and commercialdo	1,522 818 671	825		-	165 64 99			351 190 151			646 392 238		1			
Revenue from sales to consumers, total \(\frac{1}{2} \). mil. \(\frac{1}{2} \). Residential	129. 9 79. 1 48. 3	82.4						20.4			60. 1 39. 1 19. 5					
Natural gas: Customers, end of period, total \(\sigma \) thous_ Residential_ Industrial and commercialdo	r 40, 905 r 37, 536 r 3, 320	41, 204 37, 826 3, 326			40, 393 37, 145 3, 198			41, 204 37, 826 3, 326			41, 599 38, 166 3, 382		l 			l
Sales to consumers, total 9mil. therms_ Residentialdo Industrial and commercialdo	152, 374 47, 372 99, 461	48, 217		[4,084			11, 584			53, 770 22, 940 29, 147					
Revenue from sales to consumers, total \(\sigma_\text{mil. \\$_\text{Total}} \) Residential \(\text{do}_	9, 342. 0 4, 801. 1 4, 324. 9	10, 242. 6 5, 133. 9 4, 862. 4			1, 631. 7 567. 9 1, 010. 8			2, 550. 0 1, 271. 5 1, 211. 2			4, 002. 7 2, 315. 0 1, 609. 8					
	FOC	OD AN	ND K	INDR	ED P	ROD	UCTS	; TO	BACC	:O						
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES Beer:																
Production mil. bbl. Taxable withdrawals do Stocks, end of period do Distilled spirits (total):	127. 32 116. 27 11. 90	r 133. 10 122. 04 12. 26	12.38 11.87 14.18	11, 33 10, 79 13, 76	11. 01 10. 38 13. 45	10. 28 9. 62 13. 22	9. 28 8. 77 12. 93	9. 82 9. 74 12. 26	9. 62 8. 32 12. 97	9. 41 8. 52 13. 20	12. 53 11. 00 13. 81	12. 33 11. 04 14. 07	12. 37 11. 05 14. 40	13.71 12.87 14.25		
Production mil. tax gal. Consumption, apparent, for beverage purposes mil. wine gal. Taxable withdrawals mil. tax gal. Stocks, end of period do do do do do do do do do do do do d	164, 55	212. 26 1 371. 47 r 173. 65 1, 008. 54	12. 89 28. 00 11. 05 1.013,73	27. 14 14. 38 1,007.86	30. 21 16. 04 1,006.26	19. 21 32. 49 18. 22 1,004.59	35, 17 16, 32 1,005,21	18. 11 47. 71 13. 86 1,008.54	16. 20 24. 60 12. 32 1,011.30	24, 99 11, 62 1,014,16	18. 14 31. 46 15. 64 1,015.72	29.76 13.78 1,015.08	29, 22 13, 41 1,015.78	13. 44 16. 73 1,012.28		
Imports. mil. proof gal. Whisky: Production. mil. tax gal. Taxable withdrawals. do Stocks, end of period do	87. 08 169. 87 7 108. 01 938. 46	90. 89 7 146. 36 7 112. 88 954. 58	6. 89 9. 12 6. 72 961. 12	5. 97 7. 16 9. 04 957. 73	7. 63 10. 37 10. 67 955, 42	10. 84 12. 20 12. 93 952. 39	10, 45 11, 15 11, 01 951, 94	9. 84 12. 29 8. 89 954. 58	6, 36 12, 69 8, 30 958, 21 5, 60	5. 68 12. 96 7. 78 960. 86	7. 65 13. 42 9. 85 964. 24	7.06 10.47 8.53 963.43 6.21	7. 49 8. 54 8. 29 964, 97	9. 03 6. 85 10. 09 960. 51	6. 93	
Imports	74. 29 116. 23 68. 01	75. 59 7 113. 67 64. 37	5. 96 7. 65 4. 27	5. 15 8. 78 4. 86	6. 76 10. 08 5. 79	5. 47 11. 57 6. 88	9. 36 11. 13 6. 70	8. 68 8. 87 4. 58	8. 25 4. 28	4. 95 8. 15 4. 58	6. 75 9. 87 5. 10	8.61 4.30	4. 08 8. 70 4. 58	8. 08 10. 22 5. 80	6. 04	
Effervescent wines: production mil. wine gal Taxable withdrawals do Stocks, end of period do Imports do	15, 80 13, 96 6, 19 2, 41	22, 95 20, 48 7, 38 1, 79	1. 41 1. 24 8. 27 . 09	1. 96 1. 39 8. 72 . 10	1, 77 2, 04 8, 31 , 17	1, 98 2, 09 8, 17 , 19	2. 17 2. 30 7. 90 . 21	2, 50 2, 86 7, 38 , 28	2, 33 1, 85 7, 72 , 13	1. 96 1. 52 8. 11 . 08	2.81 1.79 9.06 .12	2.17 1.58 9.69 .14	1. 08 1. 44 9. 24 . 15	1.34 1.65 8.84 .15	. 10	
Still wines:	277, 80 197, 23 306, 36 22, 28	244, 78 216, 73 293, 32 28, 23	3, 15 14, 44 196, 38 2, 20	11. 05 16. 32 187. 14 2. 13	70. 81 18. 73 238. 03 2. 20	92, 19 20, 75 302, 36 2, 51	38. 34 19. 45 313. 82 3. 07	7. 76 22. 30 293. 32 3. 46	5. 43 19. 85 276. 51 2. 06	4. 62 18. 68 259. 80 1. 81	5. 28 22. 37 241. 99 2. 65	6. 13 20. 39 225. 62 2. 61	27.68 18.06 215.71 3.09	6.30 20.59 198.93 3.38	3. 12	
Distilling materials produced at wineriesdo	403, 32	303. 08	4, 45	28. 76	126, 06	91. 73	16.82	8. 45	3, 01	3. 15	1.38	. 62	5.96	2, 80		
DAIRY PRODUCTS													į			
Stocks, cold storage, end of perioddo Price, wholesale, 92-score (N.Y.)\$ per lb Cheese:	1, 118. 2 88. 6 . 685 1, 985. 9	1, 136. 7 118. 8 . 704	92. 1 203. 5 . 708	78. 7 • 198. 0 • 708	71.8 171.3 .713	81. 6 147. 5 . 713	78. 9 134. 3 . 709	93. 1 118. 8 . 717 179. 1	103. 8 119. 3 . 708	97. 8 133. 2 . 708	111. 0 157. 9 . 707	113. 0 180. 4 . 688	* 119. 5 209. 8 . 687 232. 5	112. 2 235. 1 . 688 233. 8	9, 02 7 253. 0 . 687 209. 0	246. 2
Production (factory), totalmil. lb	317. 5	2, 202. 6 1, 431. 2 324. 5	r 385. 3	120. 6 - 372. 2	104. 5 358. 5	103. 4 336. 3	95. 9 326. 8	109. 0 324. 5	113. 8 320. 9	104. 8 310. 7	126. 9 302. 1	137. 3 314. 6	159. 0 337. 4	161. 9 376. 8	141.6 7 386.1	379, 5
American, whole milk do Imports do. Price, wholesale, American, single daisies (Chicago) \$ per lb.	265, 4 130, 0 . 603	254. 0 161. 0 . 649	r 324.4 10.8	7 309. 4 11. 8	289. 2 11. 1	264.8 15.6 .661	254. 8 18. 0	254. 0 24. 6	255.1 11.4	243. 3 • 9. 0 . 653	236. 3 • 8. 9 . 678	248.0 • 7.9 • 679	268. 8 • 8. 1 . 678	296. 8 6. 4 7. 678	7 311. 6 7. 6 . 673	304.6

r Revised. ¹ Reported annual total; revisions are not distributed to the monthly data. §Data are not wholly comparable on a year to year basis because of changes from one

classification to another.

Q Includes data not shown separately. • Corrected.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1969	1970			19	70						19	71			
through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		nual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.

FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS: TOBACCO-Continued

FO	OD A	ND K	INDR	ED P	RODU	UCTS	; TOI	BACC	O—C	ontin	ued					
DAIRY PRODUCTS—Continued																
Condensed and evaporated milk: Production, case goods: Condensed (sweetened)il. lb. Evaporated (unsweetened)do Stocks, manufacturers', case goods, end of period:	6 1, 483. 8	(6) 61, 268. 3	(6) 6 117. 7	(6) 6 109. 9	(6) 6 92. 4	(6) 6 85. 8	(6) 6 77. 9	(6) 6 96, 5	(6) 6 86. 8	(6) 6 90. 3	(6) 6 109. 0	(6) 6 116, 5	(6) 6 134. 2	(6) 6 141. 5	(6) 6 115, 8	
Condensed (sweetened)	1. 9 105. 0	(6) 115, 7	⁽⁶⁾ 192.7	6 195. 9	6 187. 4	6 180. 0	6 147. 5	6 115. 7	6 81. 3	669, 4	6 67. 6	6 51. 2	6 104. 0	6 133.8	(6) 6 162, 4	
Condensed (sweetened)dodododo	52. 1 37. 1	16. 4 33. 3	2. 5	3.1	1. 2	6. 9 2. 0	4.6 3.0	4.1 3.9	. 7 2. 7	1.7 2.3	4. 4 2. 6	11.3 2.7	2. 2 3. 8	8. 5 4. 2	1. 6	
Evaporated (unsweetened) \$\frac{1}{2}\$ per case. Fluid milk: Production on farms mil. 1b Utilization in mfd. dairy products do do do do do do do do do do do do do	7. 50 116,345	7. 98	8. 11 10,226	8. 06 9, 767	8. 12 9, 273	8. 12 9, 280	8. 13 8, 842 3, 997	8. 14 9, 349	9,547	9,010	10, 209	10, 432	11, 217	10, 836	10, 311	9,871
Price, wholesale, U.S. average\$ per 100 lb Dry milk: Production:	57, 167 5. 49	60, 108	5, 595 7 5. 46	5,013	4, 418 5. 81	4,388	r 6. 09	4,479 - 6.06	4, 745 5. 96	4, 636 5, 91	5, 557 5. 83	5, 797 5. 71	6, 297 5. 60	6,438 5.50	5.61	₽5. 74
Dry whole milkmil. lb_ Nonfat dry milk (human food)do Stocks, manufacturers', end of period:	70. 2 1, 452. 3	68. 7 1, 442. 8	6, 3 141, 4	5. 8 117. 7	5. 1 88. 2	4. 0 89. 6	4. 0 81, 1	5. 4 108. 9	6. 7 115. 8	5.7 111.8	7. 0	9. 0 149. 2	9, 3 174, 6	8. 4 177. 8	4. 7 137. 3	
Dry whole milkdododododododo		4. 7 101. 4	9.3 154.0	9. 4 165. 5	8. 6 144. 8	6. 6 122. 8	4.7 101.7	4.7 101.4	5. 5 97. 7	5, 0 89, 8	3. 9 90. 4	5. 5 104. 9	7. 8 136. 9	9.0 157.6	8. 2 164. 1	
Dry whole milk do. Nonfat dry milk (human food) do. Price, manufacturers' average selling, nonfat dry milk (human food) \$ per lb.	15. 6 111. 6 . 235	13. 8 212. 3 . 263	. 6 19. 9 . 273	.7 34.1 .271	. 5 19. 9 . 274	. 7 7. 7 . 273	25. 4 . 273	1. 1 2. 3 . 276	. 8 10. 7 . 278	10. 0 . 276	1.0 17.6	1.0 7.2 .304	.7 15, 0 .314	3. 4 16. 7 . 318	1. 9 4. 3	
GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS																
Exports (barley, corn, oats rye, wheat)mil. bu	1,059.0	1, 337. 5	117. 4	111. 5	114. 5	143. 2	123.0	123.8	101. 2	103. 7	105. 5	94, 2	108. 5	79.8	92. 1	
Barley: Production (crop estimate)do Stocks (domestic), end of perioddo On farmsdo	2 423. 5 426. 7 264. 6	2 410, 4 381, 1 238, 9			489. 4 305. 6 183. 8			238.9			257. 4 142. 3			156.1 81.6		7 469. 9
Off farms dodododododo	162, 2 8, 3	142. 2 55. 1	8.3	8. 1	6.4	4.4	6. 7	142. 2 6. 3	. 2	8.7	115.0 7.6	4.0	9. 2	74.5 1.6	. 5	
No. 2, malting\$ per bu No. 3, straightdo	1. 12 1. 12	1. 14 1. 13	7 1. 12 1. 12	1. 14 1. 14	1. 19 1. 18	1. 19 1. 17	1. 21 1. 18	1, 22 1, 20	1.24 1.24	1, 30 1, 29	1, 26 1, 25	1. 26 1. 26	1. 29 1. 28	1. 26 1. 26	1. 19 1. 17	1. 11 1. 11
Corn: Production (crop estimate, grain only)mil. bu	² 4, 583	2 4, 110														⁷ 5, 266
Stocks (domestic), end of period, total _ mil. bu	4, 316 3, 323 993	3, 743 2, 730 1, 013			3 999 3 569 3 430			3, 743 2, 730 1, 013			2, 531 1, 861 670			1, 564 1, 169 395		
Off farms dododo	553. 5	572.0	58. 7 1. 38	43. 9 1, 47	53.8	56. 8 1, 40	46. 4 1, 41	49. 6 1. 52	38. 8 1. 59	43. 0 1. 57	34. 6 1. 55	35. 3 1. 51	26. 6 1. 51	27. 6 1. 59	40. 1 1. 49	1. 29
Weighted avg., 5 markets, all gradesdo		1.33	1. 32	1, 40	1.46	1.42	1. 39	1.49	1.51	1. 50	1, 52	1.48	1.54	1.52	1. 43	1, 29
Oats: Production (crop estimate)mil. bu_ Stocks (domestic), end of period, totaldo On farmsdo. Off farmsdo.	2 950 885 724 161	2 909 915 704 211			1, 098 852 246			915 704 211			703 504 200			512 312 200		7 885
Exports, including oatmealdo Price, wholesale, No. 2, white (Chicago)	Í	21, 3	.5	. 5	1. 9	7.4	6. 1	1.4	. 4	.7	. 3	. 3	. 5	.1	. 3	
\$ per bu	4.67	5.72	. 67	. 72	. 76			.84	. 82	. 83	. 78	. 75		. 80	. 68	. 64
Rice: Production (crop estimate) mil. bags ? California mills:	2 90. 8	2 82. 9		 '												7 83. 8
Receipts, domestic, roughmil. lb_Shipments from mills, milled ricedoStocks, rough and cleaned (cleaned basis), end of periodmil. lb_	2, 012 1, 515 270	1,755 1,393 82	303 302 188	161 130 184	67 110 42	160 68 79	100 47 102	84 78 82	79 59 76	117 47 112	268 184 135	161 180 77	202 113 114	323 264 101		
Southern States mills (Ark., La., Tenn., Tex.): Receipts, rough, from producers	6, 605	6, 497	95	1, 049	1,672	1,482	472	367	349	240	139	108	67	28	141	
Shipments from mills, milled ricedo Stocks, domestic, rough and cleaned (cleaned basis), end of periodmil. lb	4, 818 1, 695	4, 438 1, 748	291 318	745	401 1,502	1,950	429 1,852	373 1,748	428 1, 563	294 1, 461	323 1, 258	279 1,009	268 809	221 629	206 528	
Exportsdo	4, 183 . 085	3,828 . 085	371 . 085	231 . 085	189 . 085	438 . 086	. 087	220 . 087	284 . 086	199 . 086	259 . 086	315 . 086	268 . 084	365 . 087	144 . 087	. 087
Rye: Production (crop estimate) mil. bu Stocks (domestic), end of period do Price, wholesale, No. 2 (Minneapolis) \$ per bu	231.6 29.8 1.17	² 38. 6 41. 5 1. 15	1.05	1, 08	49. 1 1. 10	1. 16	1, 17	41.5 1.15	1.18	1.17	34, 7 1, 14	1. 18	1.18	27.9 1.21	. 95	⁷ 52. 3
Wheat: Production (crop estimate), totalmil. bu Spring wheatdo Winter wheatdo Distributiondo	² 1, 460 ² 313 ² 1, 147 1, 273	2 1, 378 2 260 2 1, 118			466			381			250					⁷ 1, 625 ⁷ 463 ⁷ 1, 163
Stocks (domestic), end of period, totaldo On farmsdo	1, 273 1, 534	1, 498 1, 417			1,798 673			1, 417 534			352 1,065 386			335 730 240		
Off farmsdo	611 923	534 884	J		1, 126			884			679			490		

r Revised. P Preliminary. Less than 50 thousand pounds. Crop estimate for the year.
3 Old crop only; new crop not reported until beginning of new crop year (July for barley, oats, rye, and wheat; Oct. for corn). Average for Jan.-Sept. Average for Jan., April-

Sept., and Dec. 6 Condensed milk reported with evaporated to avoid disclosing operations of individual firms. 7 Sept. 1 estimate of 1971 crop. § Excludes pearl barley. Q Bags of 100 lbs. 6 Corrected.

SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS S - 28September 1971 1969 1970 1970 1971 Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS Oct. Dec. Sept. Feb. Mar. Annual July Aug. Nov. Jan. Apr May June July Aug. FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS: TOBACCO—Continued GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS-Con. Wheat-Continued Exports, total, including flour mil. bu.
Wheat only do....do... 63.8 69.3 489 2 689 1 69. 0 Prices, wholesale: No. 1, dark northern spring (Minneapolis) \$ per bu_
No. 2, hd. and dk. hd. winter (Kans. City)_do_
Weighted avg., 6 markets, all grades____do__ 1. 92 1. 42 1. 71 1, 92 1, 63 1, 84 1. 82 1. 62 1. 77 1. 54 1. 80 1.48 1.75 1.54 1.79 1.62 1.87 1, 60 1, 88 1.63 1.89 1.65 1.82 1.65 1.62 1.75 1.62 1.64 1.75 1.56 1.65 . **. . . . -** - -Wheat flour: Production:
 Production:
 thous. sacks (100 lb.)

 Flour.
 thous. sh. tons.

 Grindings of wheat.
 thous. bu.

 Stocks held by mills, end of period thous. sacks (100 lb.)
 thous. sacks (100 lb.)
 19, 991 350 44, 700 23, 364 407 51, 708 20, 707 361 46,161 20, 754 361 46, 147 19, 761 345 44, 038 21, 004 363 46, 705 20, 216 347 44, 970 20, 994 366 46, 658 20, 216 349 45, 150 254, 094 253, 094 21, 233 22, 159 20, 894 361 19,662 373 47, 440 335 43, 525 393 49, 361 361 46, 405 4, 558 567, 956 4, 409 563, 714 4, 595 21, 130 4, 329 21, 596 4,732 1,188 1,074 2, 104 4,586 2,841 1,537eb...... 863 1, 164 2, 438 1, 134 1,528 1, 282 1,536 1,627 Exports_ Prices, wholesale: Spring, standard patent (Minneapolis) \$ per 100 lb_ Winter, hard, 95% patent (Kans. City)__do___ 6. 275 5. 713 6. 413 5. 713 6. 350 5. 588 6.063 5.313 6, 179 6. 225 5. 500 6, 200 5, 525 5.588 5,500 5, 488 5, 475 5, 569 5, 525 5.650 5, 613 5, 588 LIVESTOCK Cattle and calves: 3, 025 231 232 264 266 203 2,536 3 1,004 205 2, 725 30, 793 11, 922 2, 642 927 2, 538 971 2, 723 1, 010 2, 299 4 879 2, 752 1, 233 2, 611 960 2, 681 3 1, 140 2, 544 3 1, 032 2, 797 2, 424 1, 135 2, 569 31, 031 1 12, 652 29. 74 28. 76 40. 50 28. 83 29. 42 34. 00 31, 42 31, 88 41, 00 31. 96 32. 07 41. 00 29, 03 30, 10 30, 53 28 97 26, 45 27, 57 33, 50 . 80 31.91 29. 68 33. 00 29. 30 37. 29 29. 52 40. 00 28. 03 34. 00 28, 99 33, 00 31.69 40.00 31, 78 39, 00 30.60 39.00 30, 32 39, 00 35. 00 Hogs:
Slaughter (federally inspected)_thous. animals.
Receipts at 38 public markets_____do__ 6,045 1,088 7, 034 1, 303 7,662 1,451 6,932 3 1,399 7, 350 1, 490 7,990 1,532 7,489 31,412 6,379 41,230 8, 266 3 1, 479 6.983 75,682 15,210 5, 774 1, 106 7, 794 3 1, 455 6 220 Wholesale, average, all grades (Sioux City)* \$ per 100 lb. Hog-corn price ratio (bu. of corn equal in value to 100 lb. live hog)_____ 23, 57 21, 12 17, 37 16.88 22, 11 20, 43 15,02 14.96 15, 76 19.03 16.04 17,00 17, 68 18, 85 23, 65 19.2 17.0 14.3 13.4 11.8 11.3 12.3 12, 2 15.6 11.9 10.7 13. 4 19.8 19.1 11. 1 14.0 Sheep and lambs:
Slaughter (federally inspected)...thous. animals:
Receipts at 38 public markets......do...
Price, wholesale, lambs, average (Omaha)* $\frac{789}{225}$ * 899 244 $\frac{917}{262}$ 903 3 178 920 3 178 899 3 143 772 3 186 10,067 736 216 827 815 10.011 847 201 1 2, 468 4 131 \$ per 100 lb. 28, 53 27 43 28, 38 27, 12 26, 75 26, 75 25.38 23, 88 24,00 25.12 26, 88 30, 25 31, 12 31, 25 28, 88 MEATS AND LARD Total meats: Production (carcass weight, leaf lard in), inspected Stocks (excluding lard), cold storage, end of period mil. lb.

Exports (meat and meat preparations) ...do ...

Imports (meat and meat preparations) ...do ... 2,771 2,663 2 731 3, 031 3, 234 33, 369 1 34, 587 3.198 2,958 3, 226 3,076 3,075 2,940 3, 104 673 606 646 715 759 771 791 901 767 53 167 518 31 171 43 167 49 155 74 134 51 143 $\frac{41}{112}$ 49 151 35 141 46 133 43 170 155 133 Beef and veal: 1, 463 313 19, 496 347 1,582 7 299 1, 533 326 1, 685 347 1,645 335 1, 693 306 1.644 1,701 296 1, 735 310 1,608 299 1,599 295 1,739 338 320 321 ------102 3 94 87 122 129 130 113 $7\hat{2}$ 99 99 124 94 111 1.194 1, 319 -----. 546 2,492 . 490 . 517 . 505 488 473 465 454 503 539 . 536 . 546 . 561 . 549 $\frac{44}{20}$ 510 41 23 39 23 $\frac{44}{21}$ 46 21 $\frac{38}{20}$ 44 19 48 21 47 20 40 23 514 ¢ 23 19 · 21 16 19 20 (including lard), production, inspected 1, 383 1, 157 1,420 slaughter mil. lb.
Pork (excluding lard): 13, 986 1,086 1.111 1,286 1,417 1, 497 1,383 1,491 1,301 1,324 14, 577 ork (excluding lard):

Production, inspected slaughter....do....

Stocks, cold storage, end of period.....do.... 1, 143 304 1, 249 336 1, 195 1,098 498 1,066 1,226 1.104 255 217 210 246 353 344 467 405 329 $\frac{4}{29}$ - - -28 32 Imports do
Prices, wholesale: do
Prices, wholesale: \$per lb
Hams, smoked composite... \$per lb
Fesh loins, 8-14 lb. average (New York)...do 24 27 36 30 32 33 30 30 31 25 316 347 . 535 . 572 . 497 . 510 . 528 . 530 . 513 . 438 . 536 . 647 . 499 . 560 . 485 . 461 . 498 . 479 . 517 . 432 515 . 536

Poultry:

ard:
Production, inspected slaughter____mil. lb_
Stocks, dry and cold storage, end of period_do___

Exports do_____\$ per lb_____\$ per lb_____\$

POULTRY AND EGGS

Price, in Georgia producing area, live broilers

mil. lb.

\$ per lb...

565

569

1,776

366

. 160

10,445

391

219

r. 123

132 66

38 153

r 9**5**6

319

156

r. 120

135 54

37

. 160

984

407

7 238

. 120

158 60

154

1,020

343

. 120

176

. 158

1,092

447

r. 110

. 575

1,755 70

9,492

307

192

. 140

129

138

676

174

86 40

193

. 155

791

294

144

. 130

162

150

757

120

. 125

. 445

178

145

845

391

219

r. 110

166 91

. 130

762

369

206

. 125

174 74 22

163

926

313

. 120

535

. 501

158

101

. 143

894

140

. 140

. 584

. 151

909

r 203

. 155

.

. 158

461 304

. 135

. 485

146

. 146

749

111

. 135

c Corrected.

^{*} Revised. © Corrected.

1 Annual total reflects revisions not distributed to the months.

2 Beginning Jan. 1969, quotations are on carlot rather than l.c.l. basis as previously.

^{. 130} Data are for 41 public markets.
 Data are for 40 public markets.
 New series. Monthly data for earlier years will be shown later. 4 Data are for 40 public markets.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1969	1970			19	70						19	71			
through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	nual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
FOO	OD AN	ND KI	NDRI	ED PI	RODU	CTS;	TOE	BACC	0—Сс	ntinı	ıed					
POULTRY AND EGGS—Continued																
Eggs: Production on farmsmil. cases⊙_ Stocks, cold storage, end of period:	191.9	195. 2	16.3	16. 2	15. 7	16.4	16. 1	17. 0	17. 1	15. 5	17. 3	16.8	17. 3	16. 5	16. 7	
Shellthous. cases Omil. lbmil. lbmil. lb	51 43 . 460	51 50 . 425	147 60 . 415	98 63 . 400	178 60 . 455	136 58 . 415	76 55 . 44 8	51 50 . 410	60 49 . 372	. 332	139 54 . 331	80 60 . 330	101 67 . 363	98 75 .317	7 148 80 . 350	13
MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS																
Cocoa (cacao) beans: Imports (incl. shells)thous. lg. tons_ Price, wholesale, Accra (New York)\$ per lb	218. 4 . 458	279. 2 . 341	24. 1 . 310	21. 3 . 388	23, 3 . 378	26. 7 . 354	14, 5 , 354	25. 4 . 329	45. 0 . 309	22. 8 . 273	25, 2 . 279	28. 2 . 273	17.8 .253	25.3 . 268	28. 7 . 280	. 286
Coffee (green): Inventories (roasters', importers', dealers'), end of periodthous. bagsgo' Roastings (green weight)dodo	3, 811 20, 851	2, 593 20, 075			3, 461 4, 352			2, 593 5, 190			2, 537 5, 164			3, 064 4, 760		
Imports, total	20, 232 5, 780 . 408 r 1, 870	19,727 4,712 .557 71,906	1,550 357 .568 - 112	1,616 468 .570 r 143	1, 355 224 . 578 r 222	1,713 367 .588 - 199	1,597 387 .575 - 180	1,382 291 .550 -163	2,002 822 .550 171	1,528 282 .550 7 178	1,475 114 .480 r 176	2,030 310 .450 ,156	1, 759 317 . 438 * 135	1, 941 666 . 438 7 139	2, 132 570 . 430 121	. 433
Fish: Stocks, cold storage, end of periodmil. lb	275	306	263	298	310	313	312	306	275	247	210	196	198	223	266	
Sugar (United States): Deliverles and supply (raw basis): Production and receipts: Productionthous. sh. tons	4, 300	4,710	111	118	139	720	1. 043	992	664	315	151	150	170	103		
Entries from off-shore, total ?do Hawaii and Puerto Ricodo	6,350 1,501	6, 675 1, 497	1, 113 64	693 144	515 138	708 226	509 112	367 120	2, 218 15	143 42	412 119	88 97	178 176	441 159	692 143	
Deliveries, total Q	10, 804 10, 655 2, 796	11, 467 11, 317 2, 784	1,023 1,012 1,726	1, 089 1, 078 1, 384	1,093 1,079 1,046	931 912 1,414	833 822 2, 202	1,055 1,044 2,784	727 720 3, 003	718 706 2, 943	1, 026 1, 013 2, 701	860 851 2,660	894 88 3 2, 524	7 1, 087 7 1, 068 7 2, 156	v 1, 040	
Exports, raw and refinedsh. tons Imports:	968	7,892	37	58	26	194	128	146	50	44	12	1, 179	21	25	37	
Raw sugar, total 2 thous. sh. tons. From the Philippines do. Refined sugar, total do.	4,776 1,024 124	5, 217 1, 522 35	454 137 2	534 196 2	565 205 10	368 80 4	323 95 1	553 178 2	325 4 4	239 30 2	477 84 • 7	550 142 6	412 96 2	479 108 1	478 170 3	
Prices (New York): Raw, wholesale	. 078	. 081	. 082	. 082	. 081	. 082	. 080	. 081	. 084	. 084	. 084	. 082	. 084	. 086	. 086	. 086
Retail (incl. N.E. New Jersey) \$ per 5 lb. Wholesale (excl. excise tax) \$ per 1b.	. 638	. 674 . 112	. 680 . 113	. 682 . 113	. 683 . 114	. 678 . 114	. 680 . 114	. 677 . 114	. 680 . 114	. 679 . 114	. 687 . 117	. 695 . 116	. 695 . 116	. 693 . 116	. 689 . 118	. 118
Tea, importsthous. lb_	139, 962	135, 202	8, 940	8,778	10,805	11,971	10,409	12,682	13, 226	12, 360	15, 073	18, 078	15, 128	16, 529	20, 150	
FATS, OILS, AND RELATED PRODUCTS Baking or frying fats (incl. shortening):																
Production mil. lb Stocks, end of period do do do Salad or cooking oils:	3, 480. 5 138. 7	3, 587. 6 132. 9	256, 9 150, 1	308. 2 140. 0	298. 2 127. 0	316. 5 120. 5	305. 6 122. 5	299. 0 132. 9	291. 5 134. 7	309. 2 130. 3	300.0 134.7	272. 4 134. 4	277.1 128.0	r 290. 4 136. 7	259. 6 110. 1	
Productiondododo	3, 143. 7 70. 5	3, 389. 3 75. 6	279. 2 99. 7	268. 3 87. 3	268. 6 68. 5	289. 4 80. 0	286. 7 83. 4	299. 9 75. 6	283. 9 74. 4	281. 7 71. 6	292.0 70.7	270. 1 72. 0	288.6 81.1	7 351. 8 82. 2	347. 3 70. 4	
Margarine: Production do Stocks, end of period do do	2, 181. 9 52. 1	2, 230. 3 45. 6	169. 7 59. 4	166. 8 55. 9	189. 6 50. 3	200. 7 52. 3	187. 2 50. 4	216. 7 45. 6	212. 9 50. 4	189. 0 59. 4	195. 9 57. 7	181. 0 55. 9	176. 4 61. 2	7 185. 9 7 61. 6	163. 3 73. 5	
Price, wholesale (colored; mfr. to wholesaler or large retailer; delivered)\$ per lb Animal and fish fats:∆ Tallow, edible:		. 289	. 290	. 290	. 290	. 294	. 306	. 306	. 306	. 306	. 305	. 305	. 305	. 305	. 308	. 312
Production (quantities rendered) mil. lb. Consumption in end products do Stocks, end of period do Tallow and grease (except wool), inedible:	534. 6 510. 9 46. 0	558. 2 567. 7 46. 7	41. 8 43. 3 35. 2	43. 6 48. 0 29. 3	48. 3 40. 9 36. 9	47. 0 45. 1 36. 3	45. 6 49. 4 37. 9	46. 9 48. 0 46. 7	50. 1 51. 5 47. 0	49. 1 61. 7 37. 7	51.7 53.3 37.0	43. 2 44. 4 34. 9	42.8 44.9 42.4	7 45. 3 7 46. 6 7 45. 6	40, 6 41, 1 46, 9	
Production (quantities rendered) do Consumption in end products do Stocks, end of period \(\frac{1}{2} \). Fish and marine mammal oils:	4,655. 0 2,595.2 348. 0	4, 876. 8 2, 551. 5 396. 1	410. 6 213. 0 333. 7	389. 6 200. 9 325. 0	419. 5 216. 3 369. 5	423. 2 209. 2 348. 3	401. 5 208. 8 392. 2	446. 6 220. 5 396. 1	422. 7 218. 0 423. 5	385, 2 201, 4 349, 6	438. 5 233, 5 380. 6	392. 0 216. 4 363. 9	400.0 227.1 374.0	7 439. 9 7 231. 4 7 401. 9	206. 5	
Production	171, 6 75, 7 84, 0	207. 0 68. 7 103. 5	40. 0 5. 8 127. 8	39. 0 5. 0 147. 9	27. 4 6. 0 110. 2	20. 8 5. 7 128. 6	6. 7 4. 4 114. 3	7. 6 4. 8 103. 5	1. 4 5. 6 72. 0	. 6 4. 4 62. 7	. 6 4. 7 60. 0	9. 2 4. 0 65. 8	21.8 4.3 88.0	7 54. 8 5. 3 7 132. 0		
Vegetable oils and related products: Coconut oil:				, .	,		()									
Production: Crude	386. 3 547. 5 732. 6 205. 9 424. 6	(d) 544. 0 749. 6 202. 9 584. 2	(d) 43. 0 55. 6 114. 0 47. 6	(d) 44. 1 61. 3 123. 8 46. 9	51. 0 62. 5 145. 6 27. 0	(d) 47. 6 62, 1 165. 0 63. 9	(d) 40. 9 60. 4 176. 0 14. 1	(d) 44. 6 63. 6 202. 9 12. 3	(d) 48. 7 63. 7 217. 0 129. 2	(d) 44, 2 60, 9 180, 9 41, 7	(d) 50. 6 68. 9 182. 5 52. 9	(d) 49. 5 64. 3 169. 3 54. 9	(d) 45. 0 63. 4 167. 1 47. 5	(d) 49. 4 7 68. 4 7 167. 6 45. 5	52, 4 161, 8	
Corn oil: Production: Crude	7 441, 1	474. 0 440. 9 449. 6 43. 2	38. 5 34. 3 37. 5 68. 1	37. 4 35. 3 35. 3 63. 5	34. 0 34. 6 38. 0 60. 1	42. 0 42. 3 43. 3 54. 7	40. 1 36. 9 36. 4 51. 3	34. 7 39. 1 40. 4 43. 2		37. 3 31. 9 34. 4 37. 1	43. 7 38. 2 35. 2 47. 9	41. 4 34. 2 35. 5 56. 8	41. 0 37. 2 33. 5 57. 9	42. 7 34. 6 38. 2 64. 7	39, 2 36, 3	

r Revised. P Preliminary. d Data withheld to avoid disclosure of operations of individual firms. Less than 500 short tons. © Cases of 30 dozen. & Bags of 132.2761b. \$Monthly data reflect cumulative revisions

for prior periods. Q Includes data not shown separately; see also note "§". \triangle For data on lard, see p. S-28. \oplus Producers' and warehouse stocks. ¶Factory and warehouse stocks.

SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS S - 30September 1971 1969 1970 1970 1971 Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS Oct. Sept. Dec. Annual July Aug. Nov. Jan. Feb. Mar. May Apr. July Aug. FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS; TOBACCO—Continued FATS, OILS, AND RELATED PRODUCTS—Continued Vegetable oils and related products—Continued Cottonseed cake and meal: ottonseed cake and meal: 38. 0 65. 1 45. 2 39. 3 194. 1 54. 2 219. 2 82. 9 218. 2 85. 8 1,725.8 46.6 98.0 215. 8 103. 2 202. 4 125. 5 Production thous. sh. tons.
Stocks (at oil mills), end of period do...
Cottonseed oil:
Production: Crude mil. lb... _thous, sh. tons.. 192. 2 136. 4 111. 1 148. 9 , 86. 1 , 136. 0 145.3 134.5 85.8 109, 5 ----**-**33. 1 42. 5 63. 0 26. 6 27. 1 63. 0 30, 5 27, 6 65, 8 134.3 71.6 77.3 153, 4 116, 0 79, 6 1, 211. 4 152.6 103. 3 r 61. 0 43, 5 116. 6 76. 9 108. 6 73. 6 77. 2 56. 1 80. 4 61. 2 1, 252, 0 1, 019. 2 932. 0 108, 5 119.8 73. 2 r 90. 1 889.7 67.8 69.4 . - - - - - -140. 1 202, 3 43, 5 265. 7 18. 2 . 193 184.3 158.1 163.5 224, 6 246, 9 167. 1 279.7 224.6 246. 5 . 142 18. 6 21. 4 . 188 31. 7 1. 88 369.8 17.5 17. 8 12.0 36 7 39. 2 40.3 $\frac{8.8}{.178}$ 2.06 1.93 . 175 . 180 . 167 . 167 . 180 . 178 . 183 . 195 . 195 Linseed oil: Ainseed oil:
Production, crude (raw) mil. lb.
Consumption in end products do
Stocks, crude and refined (factory and warehouse), end of period mil. lb.
Price, wholesale (Minneapolis) \$ per lb. 30.7 15.1 26, 8 14, 2 27.5 291. 8 193. 9 314.5 29.1 34. 9 18. 4 23. 3 18. 8 18. 4 16. 8 12.7 112.8 144.9 .100 128.8 .120 148.5 117.1 129.9 134.9 157. 5 180.7 192.8 .088 193, 0 148.5 170.5 187.2 203, 8 . 110 . 100 . 100 . 088 .088 Sovbean cake and meal: Production thous. sh. tons.
Stocks (at oil mills), end of period do 14,716.5 103. 2 441. 3 130. 2 1,530.2 thous. sh. tons... 7, 379, 2 1,429.4 1.238.41,507.5 .560.4 .560 3 387. 2 173. 6 463. 2 430.2 112.2 158, 2 152.0 192. 0 198.7 -----Soubean oil: 729. 8 534. 5 548. 2 724. 8 543. 5 534. 7 696. 4 506. 7 505. 6 6,804.7 8, 085, 9 664. 7 655, 6 563.8 705 6 727. 7 653 2 695 9 695 7 670.9 675. 5 5, 860. 0 5, 948. 2 6, 276. 3 6, 322. 7 514. 5 519. 9 511. 1 505. 8 557. 9 535. 0 516. 5 495. 0 497. 9 483. 9 508. 2 . - - - - - -526. 7 556. 3 488.3 513. 7 524. 3 552.3 765. 8 168. 0 . 135 755. 7 717. 6 52. 7 . 172 638.3 670.6 543.4 562.3 719. 0 140. 9 1, 372. 4 . 133 136. 0 . 130 165. 2 . 137 103. 9 . 161 174. 6 . 163 156. 0 . 145 126. 7 . 143 112.0 191.8 .137 109.3 .144 761. 1 189.0 . 110 . 168 . 146 . 159 . 172 TOBACCO Leaf: eaf:
Production (crop estimate) mil. lb.
Stocks, dealers' and manufacturers' end of period
mil. lb. 1 1,906 1 1,804 3 1.784 5, 006 510, 325 235, 428 4, 650 46, 766 15, 364 5, 006 62, 477 14, 673 4,940 579,106 Exports, incl. scrap and stems_____thous. lb_ Imports, incl. scrap and stems_____do___ 34, 699 72, 845 33, 652 44, 458 47, 434 31, 305 39, 798 20, 413 36 112 29, 555 23, 556 52, 352 213, 402 20, 388 21, 982 20, 362 17, 142 17, 252 18, 136 17, 256 Manufactured: Consumption (withdrawals): Cigarettes (small): 3, 466 42, 518 47, 263 510, 532 6, 744 51, 166 532, 764 6, 701 5, 031 44, 165 540 4, 292 47, 245 593 3, 926 50, 665 653 3, 423 44, 026 581 4, 270 39, 596 497 3,685 47,119 3,620 45,634 3, 954 43, 360 556 Tax-exempt____millions_ 4, 138 41, 196 3, 366 43, 590 558 4, 142 43, 474 571 2, 476 4, 454 46, 582 552 Taxable do...
Cigars (large), taxable do...
Exports, cigarettes do... 588 495 510 29, 147 2,766 2, 309 2, 188 2,656 2, 034 2, 352 2, 357 2, 381 3, 038 2, 198 LEATHER AND PRODUCTS HIDES AND SKINS Exports:

Value, total 9 ______thous. \$

Calf and kip skins _____thous, skins.

Cattle hides _____thous, hides. 10, 952 124 1, 235 11, 523 116 1, 247 11, 642 137 1, 207 11, 985 168 1, 251 12, 851 , 254 1, 235 7, 118 131 152, 446 145, 200 10, 836 10, 151 11, 205 11,619 14,933 11,512 13, 124 1, 316 15, 222 131 1, 196 189 1,611 258 1, 304 176 1, 258 289 1, 239 1, 159 1, 123 694 51, 300 18, 701 3, 028 4,500 2,172 102 6,200 2,879 180 5,000 1,670 170 6, 900 2, 774 185 4, 500 1, 294 174 7, 400 3, 591 317 62, 400 2 20, 716 934 849 863 20 1, 242 832 1,548 179 1,877 133 Goat and kid skins.....do... 36 45 79 Prices, wholesale, f.o.b. shipping point: Calfskins, packer, heavy, 9½/15 lb_____\$ per lb_ Hides, steer, heavy, native, over 53 lb_____do___ . 350 ___\$ per lb_. .148 . 561 . 320 . 320 . 300 300 . 300 .123. 131 . 110 . 104 . 115 . 158 . 168 . 148 LEATHER Production: Calf and whole kip....thous. skins Cattle hide and side kip...thous. hides and kips. Goat and kid...thous. skins. Sheep and lamb...do...do 3, 381 22, 030 5, 856 25, 242 2, 717 135 186 215 188 142 20, 353 3, 979 23, 598 1, 318 240 1, 747 1, 681 244 1, 989 1, 784 225 2, 117 1, 585 202 2, 013 1,701 204 1,949 1,660 143 1,803 1,631 162 1,820 1,871 169 1,768 1, 745 247 1, 663 1,622 260 1, 848 193 1,825 327 ----------2, 145 1.894 1.848 Exports:
Upper and lining leather....thous. sq. ft... ² 65, 802 6, 457 79,365 6.306 6.165 5,870 6,300 5, 661 8, 117 6, 557 7,784 7, 256 7,391 8, 144 5, 534 Prices, wholesale, f.o.b. tannery:
Sole, bends, light.....index, 1967=100...
Upper, chrome calf, B and C grades
index, 1967=100... 109.5 114.1 114.1 114, 1 114.0 113.4 113.4 113.4 113.4 113.4 113.4 111.8 111.8 111.8 116.4 116.4 99.7 87.7 87.7 87.7 84.3 82.7 82.7 80.6 80.6 80.6 80, 2 80.2 79.4 79.4 82.7 85.2 LEATHER MANUFACTURES Shoes and slippers: Production, total ‡. 44, 596 44,727 576, 961 47, 224 47, 562 48, 821 40,770 43, 255 50, 153 46,747 43, 916 46,490 37, 531 558, 530 42,875 Shoes, sandals, and play shoes, except athletic; Slipperst do Athletic do Other footwear do do 30,920 463, 388 40,650 37, 432 441, 206 36, 870 36, 188 36, 714 30, 749 35,395 36, 709 36, 614 34, 477 36,403 34.152 100, 943 8, 993 3, 637 107, 562 9, 490 8, 004 7 569 7 150 9, 345 832 293 10, 209 838 487 10, 868 935 452 8, 953 802 391 6, 889 752 504 6, 910 842 529 245 937 8, 104 919 292 8, 422 781 236 5, 913 581 117 9,086 781 220 321 3, 305 449 219 213 248 175 167 211 144 2, 154 139 156 192 198 141 146 Prices, wholesale, f.o.b. factory:

Men's and boys' oxfords, dress, elk or side
upper, Goodyear welt....index, 1967=100.
Women's oxfords, elk side upper, Goodyear
welt.....index, 1967=100.
Women's pumps, low-medium quality...do...

108.9

111,0

113.3

116. 2 117. 1

112.9

116. 4 117. 5

112.9

116. 4 117. 5

114, 6

116. 4 117. 5

114.6

117.5

114.6

117.5

114.6

116.7

116.7

117.1

117. 1

120.2

121. 2

117.1

120.2

121.2

117.1

120.2

121, 2

117, 1

120, 2

121.2

118.3

120. 2

121. 2

Revised.
 Crop estimate for the year.
 Corrected.
 Annual total reflects revisions not distributed to the monthly data.
 Sept. 1 estimate of 1971 crop.

		4-50														
Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	1969 Anr	1970 nual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	971 May	June	July	Aug.
			LUM	IBER	AND	PRO	DUC'	TS	·		1	I				!
LUMBER—ALL TYPES 9 ¶													[
National Forest Products Association: Production, total	37, 943 8, 468 29, 481	36, 603 7, 964 28, 639	3, 004 648 2, 356	3, 045 626 2, 419	3, 104 641 2, 463	3, 201 681 2, 520	2, 733 587 2, 146	2, 639 535 2, 104	2, 794 571 2, 223	2, 983 537 2, 446	3, 339 509 2, 830	3, 451 577 2, 874	3, 168 599 2, 569	3, 384 613 2, 771	3, 194 590 2, 604	
Shipments, totaldo Hardwoodsdo Softwoodsdo	37, 615 8, 676 28, 943	35, 596 7, 078 28, 518	2, 930 497 2, 433	3, 044 572 2, 472	3, 059 587 2, 472	3, 140 657 2, 483	2, 694 574 2, 120	2, 632 511 2, 121	2, 738 566 2, 172	3, 075 582 2, 493	3,472 637 2,835	3, 560 644 2, 916	3, 313 659 2, 654	3, 537 587 2, 950	3, 209 584 2, 625	
Stocks (gross), mill, end of period, totaldo Hardwoodsdo Softwoodsdo	5, 332 630 4, 704	6, 363 1, 516 4, 847	6, 141 1, 322 4, 819	6, 713 1, 389 4, 784	6, 235 1, 460 4, 775	6, 288 1, 476 4, 812	6, 233 1, 395 4, 838	6, 363 1, 516 4, 847	6, 428 1, 529 4, 899	6, 277 1, 484 4, 793	6, 143 1, 355 4, 788	6, 042 1, 287 4, 755	5, 895 1, 225 4, 670	5, 741 1, 250 4, 491	5, 723 1, 253 4, 470	
Exports, total sawmill productsdo Imports, total sawmill productsdo SOFTWOODS¶	¹ 1, 158 ¹ 6, 263	1, 266 6, 095	93 478	119 540	139 553	97 5 33	99 514	103 422	80 505	87 473	91 683	90 563	88 650	95 761	79 767	
Douglas fir:																1
Orders, newmil. bd. ft_ Orders, unfilled, end of perioddo	7, 844 486	7, 994 457	697 466	676 435	633 395	741 445	605 424	623 457	778 593	702 630	738 603	912 689	652 646	814 692	739 810	
Production	8,218 8,179 1,010	8, 071 8, 023 1, 058	627 637 1,036	690 707 1,037	693 673 1,057	692 691 1,058	637 626 1, 069	579 590 1,058	635 642 1,051	684 665 1,070	806 765 1,111	792 826 1,077	679 695 1,061	767 818 1, 010	643 621 1,032	
Exports, total sawmill productsdo Sawed timberdo Boards, planks, scantlings, etcdo	359 88 271	380 87 292	21 5 16	32 7 25	21 5 16	31 9 22	27 7 20	44 10 35	28 7 21	29 9 21	35 8 27	36 11 24	27 5 22	36 10 25	9 2 6	
Prices, wholesale: Dlmension, construction, dried, 2" x 4", R. L. \$ per M bd. ft Flooring, C and better, F. G., 1" x 4", R. L.	113. 52	92, 22	90. 33	93. 00	95. 04	94. 27	92. 85	90. 68		98. 65	110. 95	111. 50	112, 12	116.72	125. 72	129, 9
\$ per M bd. ft	212, 59	226, 76	225, 69	227.32	228. 14	228. 14	229.65	226. 54	² 228. 10	228. 10	228. 10	228. 10	224, 99	224, 22	224, 22	232.0
Southern pine: Orders, newmil. bd. ft_ Orders, unfilled, end of perioddo	7,336 324	7,721 373	702 364	670 374	671 383	680 351	607 333	660 373	744 431	802 484	791 43 2	887 458	788 457	865 465	840 475	
Production	7, 645 7, 434 1, 348	7,700 7,672 1,376	647 699 1, 376	627 660 1, 343	650 662 1,331	720 712 1, 339	641 625 1, 355	641 620 1,376	670 686 1, 360	739 749 1, 350	797 843 1, 304	842 861 1, 285	779 789 1, 275	820 857 1, 238	805 830 1, 213	
Exports, total sawmill products	1 75,687	78, 418	6, 481	5, 099	5, 557	5, 100	6, 405	5, 638	4,785	4,887	6, 232	5, 173	6,091	6, 931	8, 563	
Prices, wholesale, (indexes): Boards, No. 2 and better, 1" x 6", R. L. 1967=100.	127. 5	107. 9	105. 4	106. 1	109.8	112. 7	110. 7	109. 7	112. 7	119.8	124. 5	127. 1	130. 7	133, 2	140.7	143.
Flooring, B and better, F. G., 1" x 4", S. L. 1967=100	119.8	122. 9	123, 3	123. 3	123. 3	123. 9	123.9	123. 3	125.0	127.8	129. 6	131. 3	131.3	132. 6	136.0	136.
Western pine: Orders, newmil. bd. ft Orders, unfilled, end of perioddo	9, 593 364	9, 341 334	947 445	807 410	887 3 79	812 354	646 307	688 334	746 445	778 424	869 374	925 386	845 35 6	9 73 374	940 437	
Productiondo Shipmentsdo	9, 999 9, 768	9,378 9,371	850 858	850 842	900 918	860 837	684 693	646 661	638 635	740 799	924 919	931 913	823 875	876 955	868 877	
Stocks (gross), mill, end of perioddo Price, wholesale, Ponderosa, boards, No. 3, 1" x 12", R. L. (6' and over)\$ per M bd. ft	1, 627	1,634 83.79	1,645 88.00	1, 653 82. 39	1, 635 81. 31	1, 658 78. 54	1, 649 75. 64	1, 634 74, 90	1, 637 72, 36	1,578 75.01	1,583 84,94	1,601 101,21	1,549 99.29	1, 470 92, 70	1, 461 96. 40	102. 2
HARDWOOD FLOORING															00.40	103.1
Oak: orders, new	380. 6 12. 0	304. 4 9. 1	31. 1 10. 3	27. 9 10. 7	25. 6 9. 3	23. 6 7. 8	19. 7 7. 0	26. 6 9. 1	25. 5 9. 7	24. 5 10. 5	25. 6 9. 4	25. 2 9. 3	27. 7 9. 3	32. 1 11. 6	32. 3 14. 5	
Productiondodo	393. 1 387. 8 29. 6	315. 2 306. 7 33. 3	26, 9 30, 0 29, 4	27. 8 27. 5 29. 6	29. 0 27. 4 31. 2	28. 3 25. 2 33. 6	22, 2 20, 5 35, 5	23, 9 24, 7 33, 3	23. 2 23. 8 32. 8	24, 5 23, 8 33, 5	28. 7 26. 8 35. 4	28. 2 25. 2 38. 1	24. 7 27. 7 35. 2	25, 4 29, 9 32, 5	25. 0 29. 4 28. 1	
		M	ETAL	S AN	D M	ANUI	FACT	URES	 3	•						<u>'</u>
TRON AND SMEDT	<u> </u>		<u> </u>						ı	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	<u> </u>					<u> </u>
IRON AND STEEL	¹ 5, 229 9, 176 44	7, 053 10, 365 310	635 1, 045 2	566 918 43	398 832 20	379 722 18	355 781 18	299 730 43	254 641 1	199 460 (3)	186 472 3	189 526 7	183 642 1	249 579 5	286 440 5	
Imports:		13, 364 346	1, 134 33	1, 111 27	1,277 23	1,334 31	1,714 35	1,347	1,305 28	1,230	1, 254 24	1,363 26	1,792	2,112	1,688	
Pig irondo	417	266	33	20	33	26	14	49	6	5	7	31	26	40	37	
Iron and Steel Scrap	1 56, 287 1 36, 929 1 94, 816	1 52, 464 1 33, 889 1 85, 188	4, 363 3, 982 6, 808	4, 377 2, 608 6, 841	4, 450 2, 705 6, 984	4, 269 2, 940 6, 814	3, 817 2, 519 6, 157	4, 079 2, 541 6, 542	4, 491 2, 664 7, 512	4, 436 2, 870 7, 280	5,145 3,319 8,373	5, 022 3, 069 8, 304	3,084	р 4, 758 р 3, 152 р 7, 540		
Stocks, end of perioddo Prices, steel scrap, No. 1 heavy melting: Composite (5 markets)\$ per lg. ton	1 6, 552 29, 76	7, 668	6, 657 40, 17	6, 828 39, 18	7,008	7,346	7, 585 35. 51	7, 668	8, 048 39. 62	7,420	7,518	7, 301	7, 195	7, 564 31, 62	31, 24	
Pittsburgh districtdo	32, 00	42.00 evisions a	40, 50	39.00	42, 50	44. 00	38. 50	38.00		40.75		37.00	37. 50		35. 50	

Preliminary. Annual data; monthly revisions are not available.

2 Beginning Jan. 1971, data reflect changes in size specifications, and are not comparable with those for earlier periods.

3 Less than 500 tons.

9 Totals include data for types of lumber not shown separately.

¶Data for orders, production, shipments, and stocks have been revised back to 1962;

corresponding monthly revisions are available for 1968 and 1969 only. †Receipts previously shown for the period Apr. 1967-Sept. 1969 have been corrected to represent net receipts (i.e., less scrap shipped, transferred, or otherwise disposed of during the period); data comparable with the net receipts shown through Mar. 1967 appear in the Feb. 1970 Survey, p. S-31.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1969	1970			197	70						19	71			
through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anı	nual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug
	M	ETAL S	SANI) MA	NUFA	CTU	RES-	-Con	tinue	dl						
IRON AND STEEL—Continued																
ore ron ore (operations in all U.S. districts): Mine productionthous. lg. tons Shipments from minesdo Imports	88, 260 1 90, 581 40, 758	1 89,836 1 89,057 44,876	9, 651 11, 698 5, 193	9, 382 12, 003 5, 368	8, 899 10, 952 5, 222	8, 260 9, 658 3, 818	5, 991 6, 815 3, 448	5, 961 3, 966 3, 158	5, 350 2, 137 1, 954	5, 228 2, 168 878	5,898 2,646 3,678	6, 345 5, 439 3, 525	9, 158 10, 495 4, 643	9, 071 11, 047 5, 385	5, 124	
U.S. and foreign ores and ore agglomerates: Receipts at iron and steel plantsdo Consumption at iron and steel plantsdo Exportsdo	126, 165 128, 550 5, 430	125, 107 123, 261 5, 494	15, 524 10, 318 700	15, 407 10, 279 629	14, 483 10, 056 667	12, 593 10, 200 561	9, 582 9, 607 423	8, 020 10, 173 271	4, 050 10, 609 239	4, 220 9, 946 98	4, 880 11, 495 373	8, 684 11, 054 366	14, 169 11, 703 351	16, 042 10, 535 325	14, 780 9, 158 355	
Stocks, total, end of period	1 67, 441 1 13, 790 51, 003 2, 648	70, 488 14, 304 52, 781 3, 403	64, 538 19, 251 43, 010 2, 277	67, 466 16, 629 48, 138 2, 699	70, 286 14, 615 52, 565 3, 106	71, 718 13, 223 54, 958 3, 537	71, 007 12, 416 54, 933 3, 658	70, 488 14, 304 52, 781 3, 403	66, 820 17, 529 46, 182 3, 109	64, 198 21, 084 40, 477 2, 637	59, 898 24, 372 33, 860 1, 666	57, 762 25, 301 31, 490 971	59, 124 24, 001 33, 957 1, 166	62, 929 22, 057 39, 463 1, 409	45, 085 1, 723	
I anganese (mn. content), general importsdo Pig Iron and Iron Products	1, 124	990	102	149	81	117	98	115	54	49	74	93	93	114	143	
rig iron: Production (excluding production of ferroalloys) thous. sh. tons. Consumption	95, 017 1 94, 635 1 1, 723	91, 435 1 90, 068 2, 082	7, 618 7, 417 1, 924	7, 578 7, 415 1, 929	7, 414 7, 402 1, 814	7, 527 7, 499 1, 833	7, 233 7, 074 1, 856	7, 557 7, 440 2, 082	7, 804 7, 552 1, 928	7,378 7,298 1,937	8, 518 8, 492 1, 885	8, 421 8, 387 1, 860	8, 783 8, 714 1, 835	7, 930 p 7, 897 p 1, 845	6, 851	
Prices: Composite	63. 78 64. 00 64. 33	69. 33 69. 26 70. 33	68. 20 67. 92 69. 00	68. 20 67. 92 69. 00	72. 65 73. 33 74. 50	73. 70 73. 33 74. 50	73. 70 73. 33 74. 50	73. 70 73. 33 74. 50	73. 70 73. 33 74. 50	73, 70 73, 33 74, 50	73, 70 73, 33 74, 50	73. 70 73. 33 74. 50	73. 70 73. 33 74. 50	78, 70 73, 33 74, 50	78. 33 79. 50	78. 79.
Orders, unfilled, for sale, end of period thous. sh. tons Shipments, total	1, 091 15, 933 9, 185	888 13, 946 8, 173	978 1,084 669	969 1, 139 694	911 1,150 685	843 1, 087 662	826 929 550	888 1,047 594	964 1, 140 643	967 1, 129 633	991 1,325 744	1, 003 1, 292 664	, 942 , 1, 278 , 667	916 1, 291 689		
thous. sh. tons. Shipments, total	1, 172 672	78 852 521	100 61 41	94 68 42	91 63 44	72 58 42	90 53 38	78 73 43	78 75 42	71 73 36	73 82 45	67 77 44	7 65 76 7 43	68 80 47		
teel (raw): Productionthous. sh. tons Indexdaily average 1967=100	1 141, 262 111. 0	¹ 131,514 103,4	10, 781 99. 8	10, 765 99. 6	10, 726 102. 6	10, 699 99. 0	10, 008 95. 7	10, 438 96. 6	11,274 104. 3	10,874 111. 4	12,645 117. 0	12, 565 120, 2	12, 920 119. 6	11, 491 109. 9	9, 942 92. 0	₽ 5, ₽ 5
teel castings: Orders, unfilled, for sale, end of period thous. sh. tons Shipments, total	446 1, 897 1, 580	321 1,726 1,417	381 129 108	378 123 101	334 137 116	318 146 123	316 124 102	321 141 116	334 129 106	336 136 111	338 157 128	325 145 120	311 141 7 113	305 154 125		
Steel Mill Products					ļ 											
teel products, net shipments: Total (all grades) thous. sh. tons. By product: Semifinished products. do Structural shapes (heavy), steel piling do Plates. do	6, 373 6, 244	7, 387 6, 060	7,759 586 534 685	7, 511 470 472 631	7, 767 526 490 632	6, 867 601 505 608	6, 119 501 457 592	6, 949 496 456 654	7, 509 434 569 807	7, 562 403 632 969	9, 026 530 541 835	9,470 558 530 761	9, 341 452 554 802	9,810 497 617 860	631 871	
Rails and accessories do Bars and tool steel, total do Bars: Hot rolled (incl. light shapes) do Reinforcing do Cold finished do Pipe and tubing do Wire and wire products do Tin mill products do Sheets and strip (incl. electrical), total do Sheets: Hot rolled do Cold rolled do	3, 659 1, 923 9, 232 3, 256 6, 555 38, 111	1,590 14,577 8,107 4,891 1,490 7,778 2,998 7,243 35,101 12,319 14,250	119 1, 249 651 469 123 657 254 603 3, 071 1, 077 1, 240	100 1, 262 676 456 123 661 263 663 2, 988 993 1, 229	90 1, 156 625 403 121 638 255 1, 151 2, 831 973 1, 120	105 1, 149 607 424 112 605 250 419 2, 625 880 1, 060	123 1, 041 541 399 95 515 200 345 2, 345 771 963	160 1,135 644 387 98 582 211 391 2,864 931 1,248	129 1, 173 732 322 113 593 230 583 2, 992 946 1, 318	136 1, 240 783 334 117 569 207 419 2, 987 956 1, 296	1,592 1,008 431 147 730 248 551 3,823 1,216 1,673	155 1,554 949 441 157 1,013 289 635 3,974 1,224 1,802	156 1, 447 861 441 138 750 289 749 4, 141 1, 315 1, 825	1,472 844 476 146 769 310 865 4,252 1,394 1,825	1, 430 796 509 118 815	
By market (quarterly shipments): Service centers and distributorsdo Construction, incl. maintenancedo Contractors' productsdo Automotivedo	1 17, 565 1 11, 402 1 4, 768	117, 678 110, 565 14, 440 114, 475			2,794 1,193			4, 206 2, 523 1, 028 2, 966			1, 285	2 516	² 1,550 ² 1,023 ² 520 ² 2,275	2 1, 616 2 1, 137 2 581 2 2, 167	² 1, 794 ² 1, 183 ² 583 ² 1, 333	
Rail transportation do Machinery, industrial equip., tools do Containers, packaging, ship. materials do Other do	17,145	1 5, 169 1 7, 775			2,536			696 1,097 1,324 6,095			929 1,501 1,739 6,420	² 286 ² 550 ² 685 ² 2,388	² 316 ² 595 ² 817 ² 2, 245	² 532 ² 917	² 312 ² 475 ² 1, 039 ² 2, 443	
teel mill products, inventories, end of period: Consumers' (manufacturers only)_mil. sh. tons. Receipts during perioddo Consumption during perioddo	9, 8 69, 3	9. 4 67. 1	9.2 5.6	9. 5 5. 5 5. 2	9. 7 5. 5 5. 3	9. 5 4. 8 5. 0	9. 2 4. 3 4. 6	9, 4 5, 7 5, 5	9.6	9. 7 5. 7 5. 6	10. 5 7. 2 6. 4	11. 7 7. 3 6. 1	13. 0 7. 3	77.9		
Service centers (warehouses)do Producing mills: In process (ingots, semifinished, etc.)do Finished (sheets, plates, bars, pipe, etc.).do	6. 3 11. 7 10. 2	12.8	11.7	6. 6 11. 9 9. 5	6. 5 11. 9 9. 2	6. 5 12. 1 9. 7	6. 5 12. 8 10. 0	7. 2 12. 8 10. 5		6.8 12.9 11.0	7. 0 12. 3 11. 3			10.9	10. 2 7. 5	

 $^{^{\}rm r}$ Revised. $^{\rm p}$ Preliminary. $^{\rm l}$ Annual data; monthly revisions are not available. $^{\rm l}$ For month shown.

NOTE FOR ZINC PRICE, P. S-33: & Effective Jan. 1971, the price represents a flat quotation, delivered basis, for all domestic sales (the former East St. Louis base price has been discontinued); comparable delivered price for Dec. 1970, 15.5 cents per pound.

NOTE FOR LEAD STOCKS, P. S-33: ¶Decrease from Dec. 31 stocks reflects correction for one large consumer. End-of-month stocks as published for Sept. 1968–Dec. 1970 were erroneously increased about 2,500 tons per month. Revised Dec. 31, 1970 stocks comparable with Jan. 31, 1971 stocks, 117,700 tons.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1969	1970			1:	970					*	19	71			*
through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	An	nual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.
	M	ETALS	S ANI	D MA	NUF	ACTU	RES-	-Con	tinue	d						
NONFERROUS METALS AND PRODUCTS Aluminum: Production, primary (dom. and foreign ores)																
thous. sh. tons Recovery from scrap (aluminum content)do		3, 976. 1 835. 0	339. 3 71. 0	330, 9 65, 0	323. 0 68. 0	334. 6 68. 0	327. 0 60. 0	345. 2 70. 0	331.9 62.0	304.3 67.0	338. 8 78. 0	327. 1 75. 0	341. 8 72. 0	327. 1		
Imports (general): Metal and alloys, crude Plates, sheets, etc. Exports, metal and alloys, crude do	57.2	350. 2 78. 7 408. 5	31. 8 6. 2 35. 2	21. 7 5. 3 14, 1	20. 0 5. 6 26. 9	23. 7 5. 2 26. 9	21. 1 5. 5 15. 9	28. 1 5, 4 28. 0	34. 3 6. 1 15. 8	29. 1 5. 0 14. 3	44. 7 6. 0 11. 0	95. 7 6. 4 11. 3	63. 4 7. 5 8. 0	60. 9 7. 1 10. 3	46. 6 6. 8 3. 6	
Price, primary ingot, 99.5% minimum\$ per lb .	. 2718	. 2872	. 2900	. 2900	. 2900	. 2900	. 2900	. 2900	. 2900	. 2900	. 2900	. 2900	. 2900	. 2900	. 2900	. 2
kluminum products: Shipments: Ingot and mill prod. (net ship.)\\$mil. lb Mill products, total\\$do Plate and sheet\\$do Castings△do	7, 666. 3 3, 726. 8	19,941.9 17,386.2 3,688.6 1,506.5	758. 3 592. 1 296. 7 114. 4	786, 1 605, 5 309, 8 118, 1	824. 5 637. 9 334. 7 117. 4	808, 9 614, 6 298, 0 114, 3	713. 4 541. 1 260. 2 99. 7	812. 8 584. 4 297. 2 121. 3	768. 6 584. 6 292. 2 121. 3	768. 7 578. 5 280. 1 128. 0	943. 9 748. 6 397. 3 145. 4	71, 067. 5 774. 2 416. 1 134. 9	r 467.1	758. 9 592. 6 266. 7 141. 0		
Inventories, total (ingot, mill prod., and scrap), end of period* mil. lb	3,785	4, 387	4,040	4, 101	4, 102	4, 144	4, 279	4, 387	4,469	4, 496	4, 477	4, 443	· 4, 274	4, 468	 	
Copper: Production: Mine, recoverable copperthous. sh. tons. Refinery, primarydo From domestic oresdo From foreign oresdo Secondary, recovered as refineddo	1, 544. 6 1, 742. 8 1, 468. 9 273. 9 465. 6	1, 705. 8 1, 765. 1 1, 521. 2 243. 9 475. 0	137. 0 148. 3 130. 4 18. 0 41, 1	144. 6 138. 7 119. 3 19. 4 34. 6	139. 5 130. 5 114. 2 16. 3 35. 9	148. 6 149. 3 127. 3 22. 0 37. 3	138. 7 143. 0 122. 8 20. 2 35. 1	139. 1 170. 2 144. 8 25. 4 39. 2	137. 8 148. 5 129. 9 18. 6 37. 0	129. 6 142. 3 124. 3 18. 1 31. 0	143. 1 170. 5 144. 8 25. 7 33. 9	141. 3 160. 0 141. 6 18. 4 28. 8	145. 4 150. 0 136. 4 13. 7 34. 7	r 150. 4 166. 4 148. 4 18. 0 31. 8	52, 5 42, 6 38, 7 4, 0 15, 2	
Imports (general): Refined, unrefined, scrap (copper cont.)_do Refineddo	415. 1 131. 1	394. 2 132. 1	35, 2 10, 1	30, 5 11, 0	45. 5 18. 8	36. 0 13. 6	37. 1 13. 4	35. 0 9. 5	27. 2 12. 1	32. 7 8. 6	26, 1 9, 9	26. 4 11. 6	21. 9 7. 4	35. 4 9. 9	28. 9 12. 4	
Exports: Refined and scrapdo Refineddo	286. 2 200. 3	348. 9 222. 0	25. 2 15. 0	27. 8 17. 5	24. 8 13. 6	35. 2 17. 4	32. 5 15. 6	33. 0 18. 2	34. 6 22. 9	27. 6 18. 7	38. 6 26. 3	37. 0 23. 7	32. 9 23. 9	24. 8 17. 5	8. 5 4. 6	
Consumption, refined (by mills, etc.)doStocks, refined, end of perioddoFabricators'doPrice, electrolytic (wirebars), dom., delivered‡	1 2, 142 1 171. 0 1 125. 0	1 2, 042 1 348. 0 1 187. 0	123, 2 230, 3 173, 4	166.9 225.8 170.9	177. 6 227. 0 166. 3	164. 4 248. 7 168. 5	153. 3 306. 9 171. 3	150, 8 348, 5 187, 9	149. 4 373. 3 200. 0	166, 3 385, 8 211, 3	187. 6 380. 6 216. 3	192. 0 365. 3 234. 1	205. 7 334. 3 223. 9	202. 6 294. 1 223. 8	» 204. 2	
Copper-base mill and foundry products, shipments (quarterly total): Brass mill products	3, 111 2, 524 853	2, 513 2, 329 751			551 551 166			551 542 171			647 564 174			754 649 187		
ead: Production: Mine, recoverable leadthous. sh. tons Recovered from scrap (lead cont.)do	509. 0 1 603. 9	* 1 571. 8 590. 4	46. 3 45. 4	48. 0 48. 4	48. 6 48. 2	46. 5 53. 5	48. 5 49. 6	45.3 · 52.3	45, 3 46, 4	41. 9 48. 1	52. 7 47. 0	47. 1 50. 8	45. 6 48. 1	45. 4 46. 4		
Imports (general), ore (lead cont.), metaldo Consumption, totaldo	389. 6 1, 389. 4	357. 1 11, 360. 6	30. 1 99. 9	25. 4 108. 8	31. 4 111. 8	35. 1 113. 5	23. 5 102. 3	27. 5 113. 2	34. 1 113. 6	22. 1 109. 6	21. 7 119. 5	21. 2 117. 4	24. 3 116. 2	18. 5 115. 9	18.7	
Stocks, end of period: Producers', ore, base bullion, and in process (lead content), ABMSthous. sh. tons Refiners' (primary), refined and antimonial	165. 7	179. 4	151.7	152.8	162. 2	179. 0	178. 2	179. 4	179. 5	177. 6	186.3	190.3	186, 1	182.5	169. 5	
(lead content)	1 25. 7 1 156. 4 1 73. 6 . 1490	97. 7 188. 4 67. 9 . 1562	78. 9 175. 9 75. 5 . 1568	87. 1 174. 8 74. 0 . 1510	86. 2 178. 8 73. 4 . 1452	90, 5 178, 8 67, 2 , 1450	93. 2 183. 1 68. 3 . 1450	97. 7 188. 4 67. 9 . 1414	98. 5 6 113. 1 67. 6 . 1350	96. 2 116. 5 65. 3 . 1350	88. 8 120. 2 65. 7 . 1350	84. 7 121. 8 65. 8 . 1350	83. 6 121. 5 65. 0 . 1350	76. 6 131. 8 64. 5 . 1365	. 1413	. 14
In: Imports (for consumption): Ore (tin content)	0 54, 950 1 22, 775 1 3, 022 1 80, 790 1 57, 730	4, 667 50, 554 1 20, 105 3, 085 1 73,829 1 53,027	0 3,398 1,385 225 5,885 4,425	1, 633 1, 723 1, 600 225 5, 635 4, 100	591 5, 693 1, 730 215 6, 240 4, 565	487 3, 114 1, 770 250 5, 860 4, 440	0 3, 810 1, 580 275 5, 515 4, 110	507 5, 523 1, 610 275 5, 690 4, 315	0 3, 659 1, 590 205 5, 830 4, 500	0 1, 635 1, 595 285 5, 660 4, 160	0 4, 703 1, 765 280 6, 355 4, 715	10 4, 478 1, 805 255 6, 305 4, 710	430 4, 100 1, 680 285 6, 175 4, 615	5, 541 	1, 091 2, 059	
Exports, incl. reexports (metal)do	3, 217 13, 824 1. 6444	4, 966 11, 318 1. 7414	673 11, 330 1. 6477	102 10, 700 1, 7451	83 11, 705 1. 7474	1, 233 11, 965 1, 7365	233 11, 690 1. 7225	796 11,318 1.6385	74 10,000 1.6164	305 8,970 1,6286	570 8, 155 1, 6701	138 8, 495 1. 6888	125 9,510 1.6602	79 10, 600 1, 6448	376 1.6644	1. 6
Inc: Mine prod., recoverable zincthous. sh. tons	553. 1 602. 1 324. 7	1 534. 1 525. 8 270. 4	47. 0 44. 2 20. 7	46. 4 56. 9 16. 0	43. 5 42. 1 19. 4	43. 2 31. 5 32. 1	43. 4 33. 0 18, 9	43. 4 45. 5 30. 9	41. 6 37. 4 17. 9	40. 7 33. 3 14. 5	43. 7 37. 5 29. 1	41. 4 32. 9 22. 7	7 43. 8 25. 8 21. 2	43. 5 40. 9 27. 1	21, 0 30, 3	
Consumption (recoverable zinc content): Ores	1 126. 7 1 302. 1	118. 4 226. 8	8. 2 18. 4	11.5 18.0	10. 7 18. 2	8, 8 19, 0	9.1 18.9	7. ô 19. 0	8. 0 18. 7	8. 9 18. 5	8. 6 19. 9	10. 8 19. 2	10, 0 18, 9	11. 0 18. 4		
Slab zinc: Production (primary smelter), from domestic and foreign ores	170. 6 11, 368. 3 9. 3	1 880. 6 74. 4 11, 187. 0 . 3	71. 7 5. 3 90. 9 (3)	65. 3 6. 6 100. 4 (3)	68. 8 7. 0 100. 5 (3) 112. 8	66. 7 7. 8 97. 8 (3) 113. 6	65.2 6.4 88.8 (3) 118.6	70. 9 5. 1 93. 6 . 1 127. 3	71. 6 6. 9 96. 4 4. 8 128. 3	69. 2 5. 6 99. 3 2. 2 119. 8	74. 2 7. 4 111. 5 1. 7	75. 8 6. 8 116. 7 1. 1	74. 5 6. 3 115. 6 1. 3	65. 7 6. 6 110. 6 2. 1 68. 5	0 65. 2	63
Consumers' dodo	1 100, 5 . 1460	1 89. 6 . 1532	84, 8 . 1550	81, 5 , 1533	79. 0 . 1500	81. 8 . 1500	79.0 . 1500	88. 2 . 1500	80.0	80. 4 5. 1500	89. 7 5. 1507	99. 2 5. 1550	r 90.6	108.7	5, 1619	

r Revised. p Preliminary. 1 Annual data; monthly revisions are not available.

Average for Feb.—Dec. Less than 50 tons. Beginning Feb. 1970, the new Metals

Week price (based on mine production rates and known selling prices of U.S. producers
only) is not comparable with prices for earlier months. See note 7, bottom of p. S-32.

Revised monthly data (1968-69) are available.

Arevised data (1966-68) are in the Apr. 1970 Survey. New series. Source, U.S. Dept.
of Commerce; monthly data back to Jan. 1967 are available.

tPrices shown are averages of delivered prices; average differential between the delivered and the refinery price is 0.400 cents per lb. through 1969, 0.500 cents for period Jan. 1970-Apr. 1971, and 0.625 cents thereafter.

♂Consumers' and secondary smelters' lead stocks in refinery shapes and in copper-base scrap. See note "¶," p. S-32.

⊙Producers' stocks elsewhere, end of Aug. 1971, 19,700 tons.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown	1969	1970			1	970						197	·			
in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	An	nual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Au
	M	ETAL	S AN	D MA	NUF	ACTU	RES-	–Con	tinue	d						
HEATING EQUIPMENT, EXC. ELECTRIC																
Radiators and convectors, shipments: Cast-ironmil. sq. ft. radiation Nonferrousdo	1 7. 0 78. 5		. 3 3. 9	.3	.4	. 4	. 4									
il burners: Shipments thous. Stocks, end of period do Langes, gas, domestic cooking (incl. free-standing,	1 523. 8 1 42. 2	647. 0	47. 7	64.8	77. 0	87.3	62. 9	49. 3								
set-in, high-oven ranges, and built-in oven broilers), shipmentsthous op burner sections (4-burner equiv.), shipdo	¹ 2,324.5 198.7	² 2, 156. 7 ² 146. 3	172. 4 11. 2	201. 9 10. 6	236. 1 14. 9	217. 1 13. 8	185. 7 13. 6						•••••			
toves, domestic heating, shipments, totaldo Gasdodo Varm-air furnaces (forced-air and gravity air-flow),	11,494.8 11,043.2	1, 286. 9 887. 4	125. 0 92. 0	147. 1 109. 8	157. 6 112. 7	201. 4 146. 8	127. 3 95. 9							1		
shipments, total thous. Gas do Vater heaters, gas, shipments do	11,868.6 11,546.6 2, 784. 6	1, 904. 4 1, 481. 0 2, 789. 0	158. 6 125. 1 234. 7	162. 7 121. 5 235. 7	203. 0 150. 0 226. 7	215. 5 160. 7 254. 4	186. 4 132. 5 200. 1	161. 6 120. 1 201. 8								
MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT																
Foundry equipment (new), new orders, net mo. avg. shipments 1967=100 Furnaces (industrial) and ovens, etc., new orders	109. 4	155. 6	76. 0	58. 4	132. 3	319. 6	16. 3	99. 0	129.8	118.9	82. 4	102.7	54.9	73. 1	80. 2	
(domestic), net, quarterly total mil. \$. Electric processing furnaces do Fuel-fired furnaces (exc. hot rolling steel) do	113. 1 16. 4 58. 3	1 88. 5 1 8. 1 1 43. 9						12, 5 . 8 5, 8			15, 8 5 2, 2 5 6, 9			19.4 51.3 511.6		
Material handling equipment (industrial): Orders (new), index, seas. adj†1967=100 ndustrial trucks (electric), shipments:	124.8	103. 3	106. 3	101. 6	99. 1	110. 5	121, 2	88. 5	93. 9	103. 1	95.8	79. 6	88.8	97.0	ļ	
Hand (motorized)number_ Rider-typedo ndustrial trucks and tractors (internal combustion	14, 579 14, 903	13, 816 14, 811	1, 125 1, 433	688 846	1, 093 1, 183	1,318 1,019	1,063 1,194	1, 054 1, 265	973 972	890 1, 044 3, 485	1, 161 1, 470 4, 890	1, 179 1, 299 4, 233	984 1,120	1,080 1,129		
engines), shipmentsnumber Machine tools:	50, 446	41, 194	3, 533	2, 346	3, 685	3, 114	2,873	3, 112	3, 637	0,400	4, 090	4, 200	3,605	3, 612		
Metal cutting type tools: Orders, new (net), total mil. \$ Domestic do Shipments, total do Domestic do Order backlog, end of period do	1, 032, 65	651.30 506.75 992.90 827.35 470.7	62. 70 47. 70 74. 90 61. 30 644. 9	34. 20 23. 45 62. 15 47. 75 616. 9	44. 15 35. 75 83. 35 67. 00 577. 7	36. 70 28. 65 70, 95 60. 40 543. 4	29. 00 21. 00 55. 80 45. 70 516. 6	39. 70 26. 95 85. 60 67. 50 470. 7	36. 75 27. 30 57. 65 43. 50 449. 8	39, 00 31, 70 59, 40 47, 65 429, 4	43. 00 36. 50 64. 85 51. 75 407. 6	42, 30 36, 60 71, 75 60, 15 378, 2	46, 85 41, 30 52, 55 44, 20 372, 5	7 64. 20 7 50. 90 7 60. 75 7 49. 85 7 376. 0	55, 60 46, 20 45, 60 39, 80 386, 0	
Metal forming type tools: do. Orders, new (net), total. do. Domestic. do. Shipments, total. do. Domestic. do. Order backlog, end of period. do.	533. 45 484. 35 405. 10 369. 30 382. 8	261, 25 226, 60 450, 15 411, 60 234, 8	14. 75 12. 30 38. 75 36. 25 288. 5	12. 50 8. 95 30. 40 28. 15 270. 6	23. 85 22. 25 31. 40 28. 90 263. 1	38. 35 36. 25 35. 25 33. 15 266. 2	9. 85 8. 80 35. 35 30. 75 240. 7	29. 75 19. 10 35. 70 32. 15 234. 8	17. 45 15. 90 31. 15 29. 00 221. 1	20. 10 16. 95 31. 50 28. 30 209. 7	25. 25 22. 65 30. 25 28. 30 204. 7	13. 30 12. 60 26. 25 24. 75 191. 8	24. 90 23, 00 26, 50 22, 50 190, 2	r 20, 85 r 17, 85 r 28, 45 r 26, 90 r 182, 6	21. 50 19. 60 19. 35 17. 20 184. 8	
ther machinery and equip., qtrly. shipments:																
Tractors used in construction: Tracklaying, total Wheel (contractors' off-highway) Tractor shovel loaders (integral units only),	1 475. 6 179. 1	1 464. 6 6 158. 6		•••••	121. 7 45. 7			101. 7 6 24. 8			150, 2 r6 35, 0			141.3 6 39.1		
wheel and tracklaying types mil. STractors, wheel (excl. garden and contractors'	610. 2	1 581. 1						130. 2						177. 7		
off-highway types) mil. \$ Farm machines and equipment (selected types), excl. tractors mil. \$	1 881. 4 1, 151. 6	1 879. 9			,			199. 7 255. 7	ł							
ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT																
Batteries (auto. replacement), shipments‡thous Household electrical appliances: Ranges, incl. built-ins, shipments (manufacturers'), domestic and exportthous	35, 510 2,342. 3	37, 863 2, 361. 6	2, 949 238. 2	3,056	4, 306 225. 5	4,017	3, 928 203. 3	3, 865 174. 8	3, 480 170. 0	2,892 178.8	2, 516 224. 4	1, 943 212. 0	2, 192 212. 3	2, 631 234. 8	228.8	2
Refrigerators and home freezers, output 1967=100 Vacuum cleaners, sales billedthous	7, 133. 7	118. 4 7, 381. 7	142. 7 513. 3	667.9	758. 0	722. 5	650. 2	541.0	546. 0	698. 7	141. 2 653. 1	147. 5 655. 8	135.3 535.5	145.1 628.0	142, 0 570, 9	
Washers, sales (dom. and export)	4, 378. 5	4, 093. 3	337. 7	356.4	387. 6	399, 6	348. 5	289.1	351, 3	3 28, 9	370, 0	303. 4	304. 4	398.8	399.3	45
Dryers (gas and electric), sales (domestic and export)thous.	3, 022. 5	2, 980. 9	198. 5	278. 7	335. 9	359. 3	288. 1	243.3	273, 1	215.6	250. 1	182. 4	177. 4	259, 6	259. 2	35
tadio sets, production⊙do ?elevision sets (incl. combination), prod.⊙do	20, 549 11, 270	16, 406 9, 483	975 534	1, 480 779	4 1, 585 4 1, 054	1, 285 965	1, 119 945	4 1, 458 4 962	1, 449 719	1,428 811	4 1, 864 4 1, 016	1, 498 867	1, 487 889	4 1, 690 4 1, 114	98 3 705	1,
electron tubes and semiconductors (excl. receiving, power, and spec. purpose tubes), salesmil. \dots fotors and generators: New orders, index, $\text{qtrly} \triangle \dots 1967 = 100$.	770. 7 106	643. 1 98	46.9	49.3	56. 3 98	47.0	42.7	46. 4 90	41.6	40.8	44. 4 86	42. 5	41.1	45. 7 91	36. 1	
Tion orders, index, quity A	100	PETE	OLE	IIM.	1	. AN	D PR	1	rts							
COAL	1								 					<u> </u>	1	<u> </u>
Anthracite: Productionthous. sh. tons	10, 473	19,481	708	901	858	872	794	790	722	652	777	793	779	738	604	
Exportsdo Price, wholesale, chestnut, f.o.b. car at mine	627	789	110	79	135	100	78	80	17	16	69	75	92	66	36	
Situminous: \$ per sh. ton	15. 100	16. 565	15, 954	15. 954	16. 640	16. 993	18. 169	18. 169	18. 365	18. 365	18. 365	18, 365	17.581		c 17, 346	
Production thous, sh. tons. Prevised. Preliminary. Annual data: n	560, 505	¹ 602,932 evisions a	•	•	53, 745			52, 455	50, 100 combina		•		50,640 Revised s		38, 965	

² Total for 11 months. ³ For month shown. ⁴ Data cover 5 weeks; other periods, 4 weeks. ⁵ Effective 1st qtr. 1971, includes data for ovens; not comparable with earlier data which cover furnaces only. ⁶ Excludes figures for rubber-tired dozers (included for other periods). ⁶ Corrected.

ment to 1967 Census of Manufactures; monthly revisions (1957-69) are available.

ORadio production comprises table, portable battery, auto, and clock models; television sets cover monochrome and color units.

Abhifted to 1967 base; 1st quarter 1969-1st quarter 1970: 102; 115; 104; 103; 105.

See corresponding note, p. S-35.

Personal Property of Persona	ise stated in footnotes below, data	1971	
COAL—Continued Continued	and descriptive notes are as shown	Feb. Mar. Apr. May	June July Aug.
District Comparison Compa	P	inued	
Industrial consumption and refail delivering 507 cm 20, 161 cm 1.00	COAL—Continued		
Retail deliveries to other commers do.	onsumption and retail deliveries, thous, sh. tons. wer utilities	4 27, 127 28, 040 25, 103 24, 807 5 15, 733 16, 849 15, 522 14, 784	28, 154
The control of the	veries to other consumersdo		(
Retail clears	wer utilities do do do do do do do do do do do do do		
Profest Prof	e plantsdo	8, 237 8, 966 9, 804 10, 642	10,849
Serecializari, Indust. use, f.o.b. mine Seres h. do. 0, 07, 641 8, 200 9, 362 9, 368 10, 657 10, 657 10, 657 10, 658 11, 658 11, 658 11, 200 11, 200 12, 200	do 8	0 4,302 4,261 5,004 6,140	5, 679 4, 174
Production:	indust. use, f.o.b. mine \$ per sh. ton		
Stocks, and of perfoct cotal	thous. sh. tonsdodo	0 60 78 68 77 7 5,054 5,752 5,621 5,693	
Crude petroleum: Oil wells completed	veriod: ants, totaldo plantsdo t plantsdo	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3, 153 3, 097 56 1, 192 3, 309 92
Oli Wells completed number 214,388 213,020 1,120 0912 1,224 986 S82 1,454 846 896 1,227 880 969 998 Price at wells (Oklahoma) \$1 per bh 3,18 3,23 3,21 3,21 3,21 3,41	DLEUM AND PRODUCTS		
New supply, totaled	pletednumber21 (Oklahoma)\$ per bbl	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	3.41 3.41 3.4
Production: Circle petroleum. Advantagas plant liquids. Advantagas pla	, demand, and stocks: total	5 422.1 482.0 452.2 467.4	457. 7
Crude and unfinished oils. do. 652,9 522,6 42.0 330,0 43.3 39.5 40.6 9 63.3 37.8 40.2 44.9 48.5 49.6 62.5 8 66.7 49.6 49.6 62.5 7 724.8 57.6 54.8 47.1 62.6 62.6 62.7 724.8 57.6 54.8 47.1 62.6 62.6 62.7 724.8 57.6 54.8 47.1 62.6 62.6 62.7 724.8 57.6 54.8 47.1 62.6 62.6 62.8 74.8 62.6 62.8 74.8 62.6 62.8 74.8 62.6 62.8 74.8 62.6 62.8 74.8 62.6 62.8 74.8 62.6 62.8 74.8 74.8 74.8 74.8 74.8 74.8 74.8 74	troleumdodo	5 274.4 305.0 295.1 301.0	290. 1
Demand, total	d unfinished oilsdo oroductsdo		
Exports: Crude petroleum	ocks, all oils (decrease,-)do	4 -36.6 -9.4 • 11.3 40.2	17. 6
Casoline Casoline	1 -7	$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & & $	7, 2
Residual fuel oil	2,	6 154.6 182.6 187.6 184.5	195. 1
Asphalt	fuel oildo	1 73.7 87.4 64.9 64.8	63. 2
Crude petroleum	do	8 4.9 8.1 10.4 14.0	
Gasoline (incl. a viation): Production	oils, natural gasoline, etcdo	8 266.9 267.2 271.4 284.3 2 97.2 96.8 105.4 107.5	279.3
Wholesale, ref. (Okia., group 3) \$per gal	. avlation); do2,	2 167.0 180.8 170.4 174.3 1 .3 .1 .2 .1 0 250.5 250.6 235.0 226.2	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	e, ref. (Okla., group 3)\$ per gal_egular grade, excl. taxes), 55 cities following mo.)\$ per gal_egular grade.	1 1 1 1	
	mil. bbldodo	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$.1
Kerosene: Froduction do. 102.9 95.7 6.3 6.5 6.2 8.2 9.2 8.5 9.5 8.4 8.3 6.7 6.0 Stocks, end of period. 26.8 27.8 27.7 29.6 30.3 31.0 31.5 27.8 23.9 19.7 19.2 19.5 21.6 23.6 Price, wholesale, bulk lots (N.Y. Harbor) **per gal. .111 .118 .122 .122 .122 .122 .119 .123 .123 .121 .127 .127 .127	esale, bulk lots (N.Y. Harbor)	$\begin{bmatrix} 8.4 \\ 19.7 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 8.3 \\ 19.2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 6.7 \\ 19.5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 6.0 \\ 21.6 \end{bmatrix}$	23. 6

^{&#}x27;Revised. ° Corrected.

Less than 50 thousand barrels. 2 Reflects revisions not available by months.

'I ncludes small amounts of "other hydrocarbons and hydrogen refinery input," not shown separately.

Includes data not shown separately.

Includes nonmarketable catalyst coke.

NOTE FOR MATERIAL HANDLING INDEX (p. S-34): †Revised series. Index (expanded to cover new orders reported by members of Hoist Mfrs. Institute and Rack Mfrs. Institute) is based on composite figures representing 81% of that portion of the business covered by the combination of 8 material handling associations. Monthly data for 1968-69 are in the Apr. 1971 SURVEY, p. S-35.

S-36		SU.	KVE:	r OF	CUF	KEN	T R	JSIN.	ESS ———			September 19					
Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1969	1970			1	970						19	71				
through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	
	PETR	OLEU	M, C	OAL,	AND	PRO	DUC	TS—(Conti	aued							
PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS—Continued																	
Refined petroleum products—Continued Distillate fuel oil: Production. mil. bbl. Imports. do	848. 4 50. 9 1. 1 171. 7	897. 1 53. 9 . 9 195. 3	73. 5 2. 8 . 2 163. 5	74. 8 2. 8 (2) 188. 2 . 112	73. 4 2. 8 . 1 205. 7	76. 7 4. 0 . 1 216. 4	75. 3 5. 1 (2) 218. 1	80, 5 6, 7 , 1 195, 3	80. 9 8. 1 . 3 158. 7	72.3 5.5 .2 128.7	78. 0 6. 1 . 4 112. 9	76. 7 3. 4 .2 113. 7	75. 1 3. 3 . 2 125. 8	145.8			
Residual fuel oil: * per gal Production	265. 9 461. 6 16. 9 58. 4 1. 48	257. 5 557. 8 19. 8 54. 0 2. 25	17. 7 44. 7 1. 7 47. 9 2. 40	20. 7 41. 7 1. 2 48. 1 2. 60	19, 9 39, 1 2, 8 54, 0 2, 60	20. 0 42. 9 1. 2 57. 1 2. 60	22. 2 41. 8 1. 0 58. 8 2. 60	28. 9 49. 0 2. 6 54. 0 2. 60	.113 31, 3 53. 8 .5 53. 9 2. 60	. 113 27. 1 42. 6 1. 4 48. 9 2. 35	. 111 26. 5 62. 5 1. 5 49. 4 2. 35	.117 22. 2 45. 3 1. 7 50. 6 2. 35	. 117 19. 0 51. 4 1. 2 55. 4 2. 35	1.1	2. 35	2, 35	
Jet fuei Productionmil. bbl. Stocks, end of perioddo	321. 7 28. 1	301. 9 27. 6	26. 9 30. 0	26. 6 30. 6	25. 9 30. 2	26. 0 30. 8	24. 6 30. 1	24. 5 27. 6	25. 9 27. 6	23. 7 27. 0	26, 3 27, 1	25. 1 27. 3	25. 8 28. 5	28.8			
Lubricants: 9 roduction do 6 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 6 - 7 rote, wholesale, bright stock (midcontinent, f.o.b., Tulsa) \$ per gal 1 16, 4 14, 1</td> <td>66. 2 16. 0 14. 7</td> <td>5. 5 1. 7 13. 3 . 270</td> <td>5. 7 1. 2 13. 7</td> <td>5. 6 1. 1 14. 0</td> <td>5. 6 1. 5 13. 6</td> <td>5. 8 1. 1 14. 2 . 270</td> <td>5. 9 1. 4 14. 7</td> <td>5, 3 1, 2 15, 2 . 270</td> <td>4. 9 1. 3 15. 2</td> <td>5. 8 1. 4 15. 5</td> <td>5. 7 1. 5 15. 2 . 270</td> <td>5. 7 1. 4 15. 4</td> <td>1. 0 15. 4 . 270</td> <td>, 270</td> <td>. 270</td>	65, 1 16, 4 14, 1	66. 2 16. 0 14. 7	5. 5 1. 7 13. 3 . 270	5. 7 1. 2 13. 7	5. 6 1. 1 14. 0	5. 6 1. 5 13. 6	5. 8 1. 1 14. 2 . 270	5. 9 1. 4 14. 7	5, 3 1, 2 15, 2 . 270	4. 9 1. 3 15. 2	5. 8 1. 4 15. 5	5. 7 1. 5 15. 2 . 270	5. 7 1. 4 15. 4	1. 0 15. 4 . 270	, 270	. 270	
Asphait: Productionmil. bbl. Stocks, end of perioddo	135. 7 16. 8	146.7 15.8	16. 1 17. 3	16. 5 14. 0	15. 6 11. 6	15.0 11.1	12. 3 13. 2	10. 1 15. 8	8. 2 19. 7	7.7 22.7	10. 1 25. 5	12. 1 27. 7	14. 1 28. 3	25. 2			
Liquefied gases (incl. ethane and ethylene); Production, total	502. 0 378. 5 123. 5 59. 6	7 525. 6 7 399. 6 126. 0 67. 0	7 43.5 7 32.3 11.2 70.0	r 42.8 r 32.3 10.5 76.4	7 42.1 7 32.0 10.1 80.6	r 44. 1 r 34. 0 10. 1 79. 8	7 44. 2 7 34. 1 10. 1 74. 6	7 46. 2 7 35. 7 10. 5 67. 0	45. 3 34. 9 10. 4 54. 7	42. 4 32. 4 10. 1 48. 0	46. 5 35. 1 11. 4 51. 0	45. 0 34. 0 11. 0 60. 3	45. 9 34. 9 11. 0 72. 9				
Asphalt and tar products, shipments: Asphalt roofing, totalthous. squares. Roll roofing and cap sheetdo Shingles, all typesdo	84, 430 34, 707 49, 723	82, 785 34, 670 48, 115	8, 792 3, 562 5, 230	8, 384 3, 511 4, 874	8, 452 3, 486 4, 966	8, 699 3, 533 5, 166	7, 450 3, 167 4, 283	6, 291 2, 824 3, 467	5, 300 2, 247 3, 052	8, 137 3, 248 4, 889	6, 426 2, 653 3, 773	6, 314 2, 354 3, 960	8, 102 2, 676 5, 427	7 8, 790 7 3, 091 7 5, 700	8, 262 3, 035 6, 309		
Asphalt siding do Insulated siding do Saturated felts thous, sh. tons	364 346	251 334 836	29 39 84	21 35 82	18 37 75	21 34 78	17 30 68	21 24 66	18 21 57	21 23 81	16 25 73	21 35 69	18 34 77	15 32 781	39		
		PULP	, PAF	ER,	AND	PAPI	ER PF	RODU	CTS				·	·	<u>' </u>	·	
PULPWOOD AND WASTE PAPER		99 9															
Pulpwood: Receipts	1 65, 017 4, 788	65, 209 64, 571 5, 873 10, 590 571	5, 531 5, 251 5, 193 743 591	5, 565 5, 439 5, 417 829 564	5, 537 5, 147 5, 813 832 571	5, 645 5, 670 5, 912 868 571	5, 112 5, 340 5, 716 801 562	5, 038 4, 942 5, 873 762 571	5, 073 5, 487 5, 589 814 528	4, 984 5, 207 5, 406 780 507	5, 318 5, 484 5, 249 908 509	5, 450 5, 415 5, 258 868 518	5, 052 5, 382 4, 891 7 867 7 492	5,540 5,463 4,982 862 490		1	
WOODPULP Production:																	
Total, all gradesthous. sh. tons. Dissolving and special alphado. Sulfatedo. Sulfatedo.	1,676	41, 805 1, 716 28, 320 2, 308	3, 352 140 2, 268 181	3, 547 144 2, 409 194	3, 304 128 2, 246 177	3, 656 155 2, 475 197	3,496 146 2,367 187	3, 201 143 2, 107 176	3,600 146 2,408 225	3, 347 139 2, 240 172	3, 696 159 2, 503 168	3, 699 158 2, 416 172	3,712 135 2,436 160	3, 679 130 2, 427 160			
Groundwood do Defibrated or exploded do Soda, semichem, screenings, etc. do Stocks, end of period: Total, all mills do Pulp mills do Paper and board mills do Nonpaper mills do	3,898 796 230 469	4,358 1,594 3,508 861 386 405 69	359 134 269 919 359 490 70	378 135 286 904 376 460 67	348 131 275 821 326 427 68	378 141 310 872 401 405 66	363 133 300 885 420 396 68	361 130 284 861 386 405 69	380 141 300 913 462 383 69	361 138 296 930 490 372 67	401 143 321 974 508 388 78	359 285 308 1,045 558 404 83	378 288 315 7 985 584 7 328 73	373 275 314 1,077 611 387 79			
Exports, all grades, total do Dissolving and special alpha do All other do	1 2, 103	13,755 1869 12,886	273 65 208	325 80 245	247 52 195	954 86 868	244 70 174	318 77 241	187 62 124	180 59 122	236 88 148	194 74 120	172 57 115	199 78 121	117 42 75		
Imports, all grades, total. do Dissolving and special alpha do All other do	14,040	¹ 3538 ¹ 273 ¹ 3, 265	292 13 280	270 21 249	256 30 226	277 27 250	289 24 265	297 27 270	263 30 233	248 25 223	341 30 311	310 21 290	287 32 255	338 31 308	270 30 240		
PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS						}											
Paper and board: Production (Bu. of the Census): All grades, total, unadjusted_thous. sh. tons. Paper	4,384	52, 210 22, 975 24, 943 158 4, 135	4, 124 1, 790 1, 956 12 366	4, 330 1, 882 2, 074 14 360	4, 092 1, 762 1, 959 16 356	4, 584 2, 014 2, 169 16 385	4, 265 1, 864 2, 054 14 333	3, 979 1, 790 1, 851 13 325	4, 544 2, 035 2, 142 14 353	4, 253 1, 865 2, 018 14 356	4, 686 2, 029 2, 238 17 403	4, 576 1, 987 2, 172 16 400	7 1, 924 7 2, 177 7 15 396	4, 611 1, 966 2, 228 15 401			
Wholesale price indexes: Book paper, A grade	104.5	109. 5 101. 1 101. 2	108. 4 100. 5 101. 4	108. 4 100. 5 101. 3	108. 4 100. 9 101. 0	112, 1 102, 3 100, 9	112. 1 99. 5 100. 9	112. 1 99. 5 100. 3	112. 0 99. 3 100. 1	112. 0 101. 3 100. 4	112. 0 102. 5 101. 4	112. 0 103. 0 101. 7	112, 0 102, 6 102, 7	112, 0 102, 8 103, 2	109. 2 102. 8 103. 6	102.8	

Revised.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1969	1970			19	70						19	971			
through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	An	nual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.
	PULP	, PAP	ER, A	ND I	PAPE	R PR	ODU	CTS—	Cont	inued						
PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS—Con.	1]
Selected types of paper (API):‡ Groundwood paper, uncoated:																
Orders, new thous. sh. tons. Orders, unfilled, end of period do Shipments do	1, 171 107 1, 123	1, 171 81 1, 165	117 117 94	86 81 105	93 81 98	91 71 104	94 79 98	99 81 97	87 76 93	79 74 74	108 88 102	98 7 98 90	101 93 103	99 96 90		*******
Coated paper: Orders, newdo	3, 230	3, 148	260	258	244	270	250	218	262	242	291	271	260	291		
Orders, unfilled, end of perioddo Shipmentsdo Book paper, uncoated:	3, 313	3, 237	227 263	213 269	200 267	209 270	204 260	182 257	228 258	228 251	236 291	257 268	235 270	264 266		
Orders, newdo Shipmentsdo	2, 515 2, 588	2,500 2,572	217 209	208 211	203 209	221 225	205 212	19 4 197	225 206	221 203	275 244	244 232	233 242	222 229		
Writing and related papers: Orders, newdo Shipmentsdo	2, 952 2, 898	2, 775 2, 820	208 218	226 228	231 231	245 246	219 222	226 223	22 <u>4</u> 231	231 227	261 263	249 253	r 265 258	247 248		
Unbleached kraft packaging and industrial converting papers:																
Orders, newdododododododododo	3, 922 189 3, 866	3,700 110 3,739	280 115 281	303 127 299	314 142 315	322 131 318	310 126 308	290 110 289	319 119 305	302 118 294	357 134 334	299 121 208	298 120 292	283 125 276		
Tissue paper, productiondo	3, 602	3, 671	303	326	278	318	298	281	324	307	341	298 307	309	321		
Newsprint: Canada: Production do	8, 758	8,607	698	694	649	760	766	712	695	662	711	670	665	638	643	
Production do Shipments from mills do Stocks at mills, end of period do	8, 741 220	8, 592 236	698 673 412	670 436	683 402	800 362	802 326	802 236	629 303	583 382	683 410	692 388	666 387	654 371	621 394	
United States:	3, 232	3, 310	272	289 277	243	292	283	267	294	266	289	270	285	277	252	
Production do— Shipments from mills do— Stocks at mills, end of period do—	3, 232 3, 233 27	3, 303 33	266 75	277 87	243 258 72	295 69	287 65	298 33	262 66	244 88	309 67	257 80	265 100	273 103	259 96	
Consumption by publishers. Stocks at and in transit to publishers, end of	7, 344	7, 130	544	559	581	626	645	608	544	528	597	600	627	569	529	
periodthous. sh. tons	699	749	693	712	708	717	682	749	745	731	753	741	672	687	672	
Importsdo Price, rolls, contract, f.o.b. mill, freight allowed or delivered\$ per sh. ton	6, 790 146, 10	6, 635 150, 50	539 150, 50	484 150. 50	544 150. 50	565 150. 50	554 150, 50	700 150, 50	537 153, 70	440 153. 70	570 153, 70	617 158. 10	570 158. 10	640 158, 10	158. 10	
Paper board (American Paper Institute): Orders, new (weekly avg.)thous. sh. tons	479	349	451	492	467	490	492			515		523	527	509	497	591
Orders, unfilled \$do Production, total (weekly avg.)do	939 507	742 489	723 444	711 490	732 469	748 497	729 501	349 742 442	454 644 488	719 506	518 758 514	801 515	867 513	830 514	975 467	1, 039 522
Paper products: Shipping containers, corrugated and solid fiber,																
shipmentsmil. sq. ft. surf. area	185,760	184,425	15,888	15,370	16,488	17,153	14,490	11,290	14, 347	14, 211	14, 283	14,466	18,668	16, 924	15, 467	15, 222
Folding paper boxes*thous. sh. tons. mil \$	2,627.0 1,229.0	2,490.0 1,225.0	202. 1 100. 2	202. 8 101. 3	210. 2 103. 9	227. 0 112. 5	190. 1 94. 4	206. 8 101. 8	7 196. 8 7 99. 1	7 191. 0 7 96. 7	7 208. 7 7 107. 0	7 197. 5 7 100. 8	† 19 3 . 9 † 99. 7	7 205. 7 7 105. 4	185. 1 94. 1	••••
		RUI	BER	AND	RUE	BER	PRO	DUCI	rs							
RUBBER				1												
Natural rubber: Consumptionthous. lg. tons	o 598. 27		44. 44								54.43	10.11	49. 68	52. 36		
Stocks, end of perioddo Imports, incl. latex and guayuledo	106, 49 585, 28	102, 60 549, 92	92, 36 37, 78	94. 73 33. 73	96, 69 46, 60	92. 36 46, 74	93. 64 46. 88	102.60 48.90	91, 36 45, 23	92, 89 44, 67	102.65 41,15	98. 59 42. 77	⁷ 105, 88 49, 77	104, 87 74, 53	47. 62	
Price, wholesale, smoked sheets (N.Y.)\$ per lb.	. 262	. 218	. 200	. 195	. 191	. 183	. 184	. 193	. 184	. 180	. 183	. 194	. 200	. 178	. 166	. 181
Synthetic rubber: Productionthous. lg. tons Consumptiondodo	a2,250.19 a2,024.06	2.197.00 1.917.85	181.49 152.91	187.26 154.90	182.93 160.41	184.97 163.88	179.37 144.41	181.10 149.58	183, 62 165, 24	166. 47 161. 52	181. 79 185. 45	184. 12 171.78	r196. 59 r171. 72	182, 45 181, 68		
Stocks, end of perioddo	a 441.03	514. 78	464.65	479. 43	481. 79	488.29	499. 30	514.78	526, 31	517. 13	497.56	491.19	*501.78	487.74		
Exports (Bu. of Census)dodo	226, 49	1 290, 06	23. 24	23.28	22.06	24, 12	24. 52	26. 21	19. 82	23. 29	27. 28	24.41	25.91	20, 78	24.41	-
Productiondodo	a 238. 92 a 231. 77	200. 56 199. 57	17. 58 16. 18 26. 62	16. 47 15. 39 26. 88	14. 46 16. 42 26. 28	16, 02 17, 27	15. 48 14. 88	18. 40 16. 10	16, 43 15, 79 25, 87	17. 04 16. 40	19.47 19.19	17.88 17.19	7 16, 64 7 16, 39	16. 78 16. 18		
TIRES AND TUBES	29, 21	27. 58	20.02	20. 88	20. 20	24, 52	24. 90	27. 58	20, 61	26, 53	26, 57	27.12	r 26. 17	25. 75		
Pneumatic casings, automotive: Productionthous	207, 826	190, 403	15, 466	14, 657	15, 885	15,938	14, 560	15, 079	16, 557	17, 429	19, 435	17, 752	17, 775	18, 643		
Shipments, totaldodo	204, 835	194, 541	15, 367	15, 228	16, 699	15, 740	12, 333	13, 160	14, 181	14, 184	18, 371	21,362	19, 012	21, 546		
Original equipment do Replacement equipment do Exports do do do do do do do do do do do do do	55, 632 146, 785 2, 419	46, 135 146, 508 1, 898	2, 346 12, 906 114	3, 296 11, 813 119	3, 643 12, 888 167	2, 995 12, 576 169	2, 527 9, 624 182	4, 046 8, 964 150	4, 734 9, 297 150	4, 897 9, 132 155	5, 445 12, 674 252	4,840 16,329 193	4, 931 13, 889 192	4, 993 16, 388 164		
Stocks, end of perioddo	49, 152	50, 175	45, 978	45, 758	45, 328	45, 586	48, 111	50, 175	52, 561	56, 093	57, 280	54, 089	53, 121	50, 546		-
Exports (Bu. of Census)do Inner tubes, automotive:	2, 364	1, 531	107	125	116	178	145	97	93	95	283	167	161	139	103	
Productiondodo	41, 657 44, 860	35, 687 1 41, 005	3, 127 3, 390	2, 654 3, 206	3, 081 3, 436	3, 463 3, 570	2, 862 2, 647	2,758 2,988	3, 055 3, 458	3, 097 3, 180	3, 375 3, 427	2, 941 3, 270	2, 945 3, 275	2,801 3,760		
Stocks, end of perioddo Exports (Bu. of Census)do	11, 191 1, 098	9, 718 1, 002	9, 252 99	8, 934 71	8, 905 60	9, 133 115	9, 704 109	9,718 46	9,447 130	9, 626 46	9, 73 6 8 5	9,683 124	9, 576 72	8, 872 86	73	

^{*} Revised. * Preliminary. 1 Annual total includes revisions not distributed to the months.

‡Data have been regrouped by the American Paper Institute; details and available earlier data appear in their April 1970 Monthly Statistical Summary.

*As reported by publishers accounting for about 75 percent of total newsprint consumption.

[§]Monthly data are averages for the 4-week period ending on Saturday nearest the end of the month; annual data are as of Dec. 31.

*New series. Monthly data are available back to 1955.

Revisions for Jan.— May 1969 will be shown later.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1969	1970			19	70						197	1			
through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	An	nual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
	<u>'</u>	STON	E, CI	AY,	AND	GLAS	SS PI	RODU	CTS	!			<u> !</u>			
PORTLAND CEMENT	1	Ï	ļ											<u> </u>		
Shipments, finished cementthous. bbl.	1409,826	1389,762	42, 284	41,630	38, 158	39, 134	29,859	26, 440	17, 285	18,987	27,809	35,576	37,096	43, 3 95		
CLAY CONSTRUCTION PRODUCTS							·	,	ĺ	·	·		,			
Shipments:																
Brick, unglazed (common and face) mil. standard brick. Structural tile, except facingthous. sh. tons	7, 289. 7 241. 5	6, 496, 0 184, 6	629. 4 17. 8	607. 6 14. 7	612.3 10.5	622. 0 13. 0	530. 8 11. 2	493. 4 13. 6	361, 2 11, 7	395. 0 10. 5	590. 9 15. 9	687. 6 17. 7	7 691, 1 15, 8	754. 7 13. 8		
Sewer pipe and fittings, vitrifieddo Facing tile (hollow), glazed and unglazed	1, 783. 5	1, 622. 2	161. 2	153. 4	156.7	150.8	127. 9	115.8	93. 1	94.7	131. 4	159. 0	159. 9	175. 6		
mil. brick equivalent Floor and wall tile and accessories, glazed and un-	209. 0	173.0	16.4	12.7	16. 9	16.6	16. 6	16.7	12. 2	11. 1	14. 1	14.9	r 13. 2	14.0		
glazedmil. sq. ft_ Price index, brick (common), f.o.b. plant or	284. 8	250. 4	22. 2	21. 3	21.4	21.6	19.1	18.1	20. 5	19. 1	23. 7	23. 2	21. 5	25. 5		
N.Y. dock 1967=100.	107.8	112, 2	112.0	112.0	113. 5	113. 9	114.2	114.6	114. 1	116. 0	117.0	117.4	117. 4	117. 4	117.4	118
GLASS AND GLASS PRODUCTS	410 070	*300 000			101 010			101 007			00.100			100 cro		
Flat glass, mfrs.' shipmentsthous. \$	416, 870	7382,969		!	101, 919 34, 079			101,897			99, 183 32, 946			109, 659 35, 589		
Sheet (window) glass, shipmentsdo Plate and other flat glass, shipmentsdo	150, 123 266, 747	, 131, 551 , 251, 418			67, 840			37, 340 64, 557			66, 237			74, 070		
Glass containers: thous. grossthous. gross	260, 267	267, 411	22, 589	24, 910	21,863	24, 635	21,412	19,914	20, 691	19, 956	23, 030	21,770	22,882	23, 445	21, 815	
Shipments, domestic, totaldo	251, 050	264, 483	22,051	23, 848	24, 358	24, 138	19,104	24, 477	15, 903	16, 838	22, 197	21, 230	21, 286	24, 384	22, 289	
General-use food: Narrow-neck fooddodoWide-mouth food (incl. packers' tumblers,	24, 232	24, 806	1, 847	2,718	2,863	2,080	1,674	2,095	1,680	1,762	2, 262	1, 950	1,893	2,047	1,892	
Wide-mouth food (incl. packers' tumblers, jelly glasses, and fruit jars)thous.gross_	57, 828	58, 632	4, 689	5, 293	5, 600	6,053	4, 525	5, 557	3, 589	3,822	4, 792	4, 345	4, 443	5, 096	4, 695	
Beveragedododo	56, 232	69, 254	6, 532	6, 323	5, 944	5, 912 4, 348	4, 980 3, 404	7, 306	3, 571 3, 333	3, 987	5, 562	5, 793 4, 882	5, 869 4, 951	7,348	6, 878	
Liquor and winedodo	51, 086 20, 677	52, 626 20, 638	4,922 1,303	4,774 1,670	4, 498 1, 951	2, 081	1,721	3, 974 1, 923	1, 459	3,414 1,481	4,803 1,872	1,598	1,501	5,483 1,721	5, 336 1, 350	
Medicinal and tolletdo Chemical, household and industrialdo Dairy productsdo	35, 916 4, 496 583	34, 252 3, 896 379	2,459 273 26	2, 745 294 31	3, 140 319 43	3, 236 396 32	2, 465 303 32	3, 207 373 42	2, 030 215 26	2, 104 240 28	2, 539 337 30	2, 329 308 25	2,302 308 19	2, 348 321 20	1,821 295 20	
Stocks, end of perioddo	30, 260	30,084	34, 404	35, 178	32, 504	32,775	34,896	30, 084	34, 669	37, 601	38, 263	38, 642	3 9, 999	, 38,866	38, 230	
GYPSUM AND PRODUCTS (QTRLY)												1				
Crude gypsum, total: Importsthous. sh. tons Productiondodo	5, 858 9, 881	6, 128 9, 462			1,775 2,489		>	1, 751 2, 277			1, 273 , 2, 210	 		1, 617 2, 622		
Calcined, production, totaldodo	9, 324	8,654			2, 301			2, 134			2, 194			2, 509		
Gypsum products sold or used, total: Uncalcined usesdo	4, 681	4, 219			1, 267			950	-		746			1, 264	•	
Industrial usesdo Building uses:	316	265			51			67			63			69		
Plasters: Base-coatdo All other (incl. Keene's cement)do	473 702	408 588			104 155			90 141			94 119			102 140		
Lathmil. sq. ft_ Wallboarddo	917	749			197			175	 		117			116		
Wallboard do do do do do do do do do do do do do	9, 090 275	8, 764 228			2,308 64			2, 269 58			2, 359 60			2, 741 72		
		<u>'</u>	T	EXTI	LE P	RODI	UCTS		<u> </u>			<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
WOVEN FABRICS						<u> </u>						1				
Woven fabrics (gray goods), weaving mills:	12.907	11, 545	791	901	2 1. 088	915	902	2 989	910	910	21.119	870	r 885	2 1, 075		
Production, total Qmil. linear yddo	7, 159	6, 395	459 322	502 389	2 1, 088 2 615 2 463	516	520 374	2 581 2 399	531 369	532 368	2 1,119 2 646 2 462	490 370	499 7 376	2 598 2 466		
Stocks, total, end of period 2 ofdo	1,404		1, 441	1,454	1, 453		1, 434	1, 471	1,443	1,443	1,356	1, 346	1, 288	1, 297		
Cotton do Manmade fiber do	. 659	592	587 838	592 846	585 853	584 839	579 842	592 867	591 837	611 818	547 795	571 760	539 736	549 738		
Orders, unfilled, total, end of period ? ¶do Cottondo Manmade fiberdo	2,779 1,535 1,165	1, 525	2, 514 1, 481 984	2, 439 1, 441 954	2, 395 1, 441 916	1,481	2, 502 1, 543 919		2, 431 1, 552 844	2,486 1,567 881	2,642 1,640 964	2, 711 1, 638 1, 036	7 2,768 1,686 7 1,046	2,772 1,686 1,056		
COTTON	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,															
Cotton (excluding linters):																
Production: Ginningsthous, running bales	. 9, 937	10, 112	6	280	1, 135	4, 163	8,830	39,786	4 10, 037		5 10,112				127	:
Crop estimate, 480-pound bales, net weight thous. bales			532	593	2 760	632		2 722		665	5 10,166 2 815	697	646	r 2 797	515	6 10,
Consumptiondo Stocks in the United States, total, end of period		,	5, 760			13, 949	12 732		644 10, 724	9,496	8, 151	6, 930	5, 854	r 4, 815	4, 252	'
thous. bales. Domestic cotton, totaldo On farms and in transitdo	12, 248	11,886	5, 760 5, 733 360	15, 773	14, 795	13, 931	12,732 12,719 2,845	11, 900 11, 886 1, 482	10, 724 10, 708 1, 285	9,496 9,479 1,093	8, 131 8, 133 879	6, 930 6, 915 545	5, 854 5, 837 403	7 4, 813 7 4, 799 369	4, 236 4, 236 400	
Public storage and compresses do. Consuming establishments do Foreign cotton, total do.	9, 653 1, 272	9, 257 1, 147	3, 962 1, 411	3, 631	3,854 1,041	5, 474 912	8, 874 1, 000 13	9, 257 1, 147	8, 126 1, 297 16	6, 890 1, 496	5, 577 1, 677 18	4, 606 1, 764 15	3, 672 1, 762 17	7 2, 700 7 1, 730 7 16	2, 206 1, 630 15	1,7 1,4

r Revised. ¹ Reported annual total; revisions not allocated to the months. ² Data cover 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks. ³ Ginnings to Dec. 13. ⁴ Ginnings to Jan. 16. ⁵ Crop for the year 1970. ⁶ Sept. 1 est. 1971 crop. ⁹ Includes data not shown separately. †Effective Aug. 1969 Survey, data (1964–Apr. 1969) reflect adjustments to new benchmarks; see Bureau of Census reports: Woven Fabrics (1964–68), Series M22A-Supplement and (Jan.-Apr. 1969), M22A (69) 1-4 Supplement.

∂'Stocks (owned by weaving mills and billed and held for others) exclude bedsheeting, toweling, and blanketing, and billed and held stocks of denims.
¶Unfilled orders cover wool apparel (including polyester-wool) finished fabrics; production and stocks exclude figures for such finished fabrics. Orders also exclude bedsheeting, toweling, and blanketing.
△Total ginnings to end of month indicated, except as noted.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1969	1970			1	970						19	71			
through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anı	nual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.
		TE	XTIL	E PR	ODU	CTS-	-Cont	inued	1							
COTTON—Continued																
Cotton (excluding linters)—Continued Exportsthous, bales Importsdo	2, 3 97 4 6	2, 982 37	186 2	84 1	89 6	181 3	251 1	362 (6)	441 3	455 6	562 8	467 3	327 3	307 2	214 1	
Price (farm), American uplandcents per lb Price, middling 1", avg. 12 marketsdo	1 20, 9 1 22, 2	9 21. 5 1 23. 6	22, 5 23, 0	22. 6 23. 0	21. 9 23. 0	22. 8 23. 0	22. 1 22. 8	21. 0 22. 6	21. 0 22. 8	21, 5 23, 2	21. 0 23. 6	22. 2 23. 8	22. 7 24. 5	23, 2 25, 1	23, 9 25, 3	8 27. 0 8 26. 8
COTTON MANUFACTURES Spindle activity (cotton system spindles): Active spindles, last working day, totalmil Consuming 100 percent cottondo Spindle hours operated, all fibers, totalbil Average per working daydo Consuming 100 percent cottondo	19. 6 12. 4 125. 6 . 476 80. 9	18. 6 11. 6 113. 0 . 435 70. 4	19. 1 12. 0 7. 8 . 388 4. 8	19. 0 11. 9 8. 6 . 431 5. 3	18. 8 11. 8 2 10. 6 . 423 2 6. 6	18. 8 11. 7 8. 7 . 436 5. 4	18. 6 11. 8 8. 8 . 438 5. 5	18. 6 11. 6 2 9. 8 . 393 2 6. 2	18. 6 11. 6 8. 9 . 446 5. 6	18. 6 11. 6 9. 1 . 453 5. 7	18. 6 11. 6 211. 3 . 450 2 7. 0	18. 6 11. 5 8. 9 . 445 5. 5	18. 5 11. 5 9. 1 . 456 5. 6	18.5 11.5 11.3 .450 26.9	18. 5 11. 5 7. 2 . 365 4. 5	18. 4 11. 4 9. 3 . 467 5. 4
Cotton yarn, price, 36/2, combed, knit\$ per lb Cotton cloth: Cotton broadwoven goods over 12" in width: Production (qtrly.)mil. lin. yd	1. 027 6, 965	1. 008 6, 243	1.001	1.001	1. 001 1, 467	1.003	1, 005	1, 011 1, 561	1.014	1. 023	1.036 1,602	1. 054	1.059	1.066	1.068	1, 078
Orders, unfilled, end of period, as compared with avg. weekly productionNo. weeks' prod Inventories, end of period, as compared with	15.0	15. 4	14. 9	13. 1	13. 4	13. 4	13, 9	15. 4	13, 5	13. 9	14.9	15. 7	15. 7	15. 8		
avg. weekly production. No. weeks' prod- Ratio of stocks to unfilled orders (at cotton mills), end of period, seasonally adjusted	6. 0 . 4 2	5. 5 . 37	5. 6 . 3 9	5, 1 . 38	5. 0 . 37	4.9 .37	4.8 .37	5. 5 . 37	5. 0 . 37	5. 1 . 36	5. 0 . 34	5.3 .34	4.9 .31	5. 0 .31		
Exports, raw cotton equivthous. bales Imports, raw cotton equivdo	330. 5 573. 3	274. 3 543. 3	19. 3 52. 5	16. 5 37. 2	18. 6 37. 9	23. 0 35. 4	22. 7 52. 8	19. 7 38. 1	20. 3 39. 7	20. 5 39. 7	25. 9 37. 6	25. 4 48. 3	26.3 41.9	23. 5 51. 3	24. 4 48. 2	
Mill margins: Carded yarn cloth averagecents per lb Prices wholesale: Print cloth, 38½-inch, 64 x 54cents per yard Sheeting, class B, 40-inch, 48 x 44-48do	43. 27	43. 57	43, 11	42.98	43. 29	43. 53 15. 0 19. 8	43. 96 15. 0 19. 8	43. 98 15. 0 19. 8	43. 94 15. 0 19. 8	43. 71 15. 0 19. 8	43. 48 15. 0 19. 8	43. 45 15. 0 19. 8	43, 68 15, 0 20, 3	44. 61 15. 5	44. 68 15. 6	45. 56 16. 4
MANMADE FIBERS AND MANUFACTURES	, i												20.0			
Fiber production, qtrly. total mil. lb Filament yarn (rayon and acetate) do Staple, incl. tow (rayon) do Noncellulosic, except textile glass: Yarn and monofilaments do Staple, incl. tow † do Textile glass fiber do	5, 562. 5 774. 4 758. 8 1, 766. 9 1, 761. 0	607. 4 1, 793. 4 1, 792.8			442. 5 431. 7			160. 1 459. 1 452. 0			141. 3 7 477. 8 498. 0			517.3		
Textile glass fiberdo Exports: Yarns and monofilamentsthous. lb Staple, tow, and topsdo	501, 4 100, 539 5 127, 484	467. 3 148, 843 152, 871	11, 083 14, 197	11,647 11,880	113. 0 10, 690 9, 659	10, 367 11, 430	8, 521 9, 054	13, 134	12, 611 13, 836	12, 230 15, 190	7 102. 4 14, 640 16, 041	13, 220 18, 688	13,482 15,202	112. 0 11, 245 16, 589	11, 387 15, 728	
Imports: Yarns and monofilamentsdo Staple, tow, and topsdo	5 41, 063	137, 054 140, 075	15, 424 11, 425	13, 836 9, 310	13, 198 11, 658	14, 760 8, 187	14, 314 8, 888	15, 064 10, 131	20, 040 10, 056	17, 016 13, 149	24, 256 17, 648	25, 540 20, 423	25,837 15,192	24, 711 17, 773	19, 639 15, 202	
Stocks, producers', end of period: Filament yarn (rayon and acetate)mil. lb Staple, incl. tow (rayon)do Noncellulosic fiber, except textile glass: Yarn and monofilamentsdo Staple, incl. tow†do Textile glass fiberdo	78. 4 75. 6 259. 8 240. 5 70. 6	75. 0 76. 0 288. 3 242. 6 103. 8			77. 9 72. 1 282. 5 236. 0 96. 6						74. 1 58. 5 272. 9 251. 2 94. 4			70. 8 43. 8 253. 8 235. 2 75. 4		
Prices, manmade fibers, f.o.b. producing plant: Staple: Polyester, 1.5 denier; \$ per lb_ Yarn: Rayon (viscose), 150 denierdo Acrylic (spun), knitting, 2/20, 3-6Ddo	. 61 . 89 1. 42	. 61 3. 93 1. 39	. 61 . 89 1. 42	. 61 . 89 1. 41	.61 4.93 1.40	. 61 4 . 93 1. 33	. 61 4 . 93 1. 33	. 61 4 . 93 1. 33	. 61 4 . 93 1. 33	. 61 1. 33	. 61	. 62 1. 28	. 62 1. 26	. 62	. 62 1. 25	. 62 1. 28
Manmade fiber and silk broadwoven fabrics: Production (qtrly.), total?mil. lin. ydFllament yarn (100%) fabricsdodoChiefly rayon and/or acetate fabricsdoChiefly nylon fabricsdod	5, 396. 4 1, 690. 7 776. 4 7 345. 0 2, 951. 8	5,032.5 1,461.4 639.7 271.4 2,871.3		-	1,208.3 340.1 148.6 62.9 701.4			1,189.4 332.8 134.6 63.7 691.2			1,225.8 338.5 135.5 70.7 724.5					
Polyester blends with cottondo Filament and spun yarn fabrics (combinations and mixtures)mil. lin. yd	629. 7 1, 893. 1 517. 0	444. 8 1, 962. 8 472. 6			102. 5 482. 6 111. 6			114. 0 467. 5 107. 4			112. 0 510. 5					
WOOL Wool consumption, mill (clean basis): Apparel class	219. 0 93. 8 189. 2 95. 7	163. 7 76. 6 153. 1 73. 3	9. 8 5. 0 13. 7 5. 8	10. 8 7. 5 14. 7 9. 2	² 13.3 ² 8. 4 11. 2 7. 6	10.7 6.1 8.4 5.4	10.8 5.4 6.9 4.0	² 12. 0 ² 6. 3 10. 9 6. 4	10. 2 5. 2 12. 0 5. 9	9. 5 5. 6 9. 4 5. 0	2 13. 0 2 6. 7 11. 2 6. 2	9.4 5.3 11.1 6.9	9.7 5.3 11.5 6.3	r ² 12. 1 r ² 7. 2 10. 4 7. 0	7.3 4.8 13.8 11.3	
Wool prices, raw, clean basis, Boston: Good French combing and staple: Graded territory, fine	1. 221 . 862	1. 024 . 872 . 941	1, 025 . 880 . 982	1, 025 . 880 . 952	. 953 . 880 . 854	. 925 . 875 . 760	. 925 . 875 . 820	. 850 . 837 . 802	. 825 . 810 . 804	. 825 . 775 . 790	. 757 . 685 . 790	. 708 . 658 . 790	. 630 . 640 . 800	. 597 . 640 . 828	. 590 . 640 r . 802	. 594 . 640 . 798
WOOL MANUFACTURES Knitting yarn, worsted, 2/20s-50s/56s, American system, wholesale price⊙	100. 0 222. 5 100. 9	101, 4 178, 6 101, 3	102.3	102. 3	102. 2 35. 4 101. 3	101.9	101.9	101. 6 30. 9 101. 3	101.4	98, 0 101, 3	97. 6 7 37. 0 101. 3	96. 3	95. 4 101. 3	95. 0 33. 1 100. 1	93. 3	93. 3

r Revised. ¹ Season average. ² For 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks. ³ Average for 4 months, Sept.—Dec. ⁴ Effective Sept. 1970, average not comparable with earlier prices. ³ Revised total; revisions not distributed by months. ⁵ Less than 500 bales. ² Omits quantities of chiefly nylon combination fabrics. ⁵ Beginning Aug. 1971, prices are on 480-lb. net-weight bale basis (for earlier months, on 500-lb. gross-weight bale basis); to

compute comparable prices for earlier months, multiply farm price by 1.04167 and market price by 1.0438. Season average to Apr. 1. †Revised back to 1965. Concludes data not shown separately. †Revisions for 1967 are in the Dec. 1970 SURVEY. &Beginning Jan. 1970, quotation refers to Australian wool 64's, Type 62; comparable prices prior to 1970 are not available. OData prior to 1970 available on new base.

S-40		SUR	A EC T	OF '	COM	VEN I	. DU	SINE	00 					Sel	otembe	r 1971
Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1968 and descriptive notes are as shown	1969	1970			197	'0						19	71			
in the 1969 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anı	nual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.
		TE	XTIL	E PR	ODU	CTS-	-Cont	tinue	1							
APPAREL																
Hosiery, shipments †thous. doz. pairs_ Men's apparel, cuttings: ‡ Tailored garments:	248, 602	231,795	21,054	20,132	20,779	20,442	17,533	15,004	16,042	15, 402	17, 595	16,720	16, 975			
Suits thous. units Oats (separate), dress and sport October Trousers (separate), dress and sport October thoused to Shirts (woven), dress and sport thous doz.	21, 091 14, 353 169, 542 21, 125	16, 058 10, 910 177, 209 20, 438	880 581 13, 750 1, 384	1, 255 762 15, 274 1, 673	1, 217 839 15, 669 1, 710	1, 310 937 15, 768 1, 994	1, 164 862 13, 974 1, 636	1, 080 755 13, 196 1, 431	1, 169 804 14, 345 1, 490	1, 089 740 14, 644 1, 557	1,317 890 17,683 1,692	1, 317 959 16, 188 1, 776	7 1, 264 7 996 7 15,186 7 1, 628	1,068 967 15,565 1,791		
Women's, misses', juniors' apparel, cuttings: † Coats	14, 425	17, 153 236, 258 13, 582	1, 474 18, 261 1, 097	1, 569 18, 352 966	1, 542 18, 411 1, 073	1, 664 19, 154 1, 072	1,592 16,777 910	1, 139 16,251 857 323	1, 195 19, 029 1, 011	1, 274 20, 334 1, 113	1, 218 23, 085 1, 311	1, 205	7 1, 145 7 19,534 7 1, 056	1,535 21,265 1,058		
Skirtsdo	8, 443	6, 398	610	490 DCAD/I	483	457	332	i	376	430	466	389	1 404	549]
		1 1	IAINSI	POKI	ATIO	IN EQ	JULPI	ATETA I		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1	ı .	l '	1	Γ
AEROSPACE VEHICLES																
Orders, new (net), qtrly, total mil. \$	22,005 14,521 19,289 24,648 16,560	19, 010 24, 752			5,038 5,937 6,020			6 272			3 466			4, 143 2, 671 3, 631 6, 164 4, 023		
U.S. Governmentdododododo	28, 297	24, 705			25,539			24, 705			r 94 480			22, 464 11, 587	 	
U.S. Government do. Aircraft (complete) and parts do. Engines (aircraft) and parts do. Missiles, space vehicle systems, engines, propulsion units, and parts mil. \$. Other related operations (conversions, modifica-	14, 298 15, 610 3, 578	2, 449			13,766 2,758			13, 264 2, 449			7 12,926 7 2,447			11, 415 2, 184		
sion units, and parts mil. \$ Other related operations (conversions, modifica- tions), products, services mil. \$	4, 338 2, 881	4, 522 2, 791			4, 412 2, 754			4, 522 2, 791			7 4, 335 7 2, 575		l	3, 974 2, 662		
Aircraft (complete): Shipments ⊕ do Airframe weight ⊕ thous. lb Exports, commercial mil. \$	3, 593. 4 60, 117 1, 239. 2	3, 605. 0 59, 436 1, 527. 2	288, 2 4, 495 123, 8	304. 3 4, 974 55. 2	215. 6 3, 850 51. 9	329. 2 5, 756 101. 2	278. 2 4, 709 109. 0	254. 8 4, 004 112. 1	165. 0 2, 950 101. 7	274. 7 4, 462 209. 3	389. 8 6, 333 313. 4	243. 9 4, 414 207. 6	418. 6 6, 968 253. 6	7 306. 9 7 4, 431 105. 0		
MOTOR VEHICLES																
Factory sales (from plants in U.S.), total thous Domestic do. Domestic do. Domestic do. Domestic do. Domestic do. Trucks and buses, total do. Domestic do.	9, 587. 7 8, 223. 7 7, 806. 5 1, 923. 2	8, 239. 3 7, 753. 0 6, 546. 8 6, 187. 3 1, 692. 4 1, 565. 7	627. 5 600. 5 481. 6 464. 3 145. 9 136. 2	413. 4 384. 4 272. 4 254. 0 141. 0 130. 4	632. 0 582. 2 493. 6 454. 2 138. 4 128. 0	501, 4 465, 6 392, 5 365, 4 108, 9 100, 1	454. 7 424. 3 364. 1 341. 1 90. 6 83. 2	736. 4 698. 2 598. 8 570. 6 137. 6 127. 6	860. 6 817. 9 710. 7 678. 1 149. 9 139. 8	921. 9 872. 2 757. 8 719. 0 164. 2 153. 2	1, 057. 4 992. 4 865. 2 815. 9 192. 2 176. 5	921. 6 863. 0 750. 4 703. 6 171. 2 159. 4	930. 8 867. 9 767. 3 716. 7 163. 4 151. 2	1,008.2 945.9 809.8 761.3 198.4 184.6	611. 7 580. 3 494. 0 472. 4 117. 7 107. 9	² 674. 7 ² 513. 6 ² 161. 1
$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$		8, 400 7, 119 1, 280	763 641 122 9. 2 7. 8 1. 4	639 526 112 8. 9 7. 6 1. 3	580 489 92 8.9 7.8 1.1	754 630 125 7. 4 6. 0 1. 4	540 436 105 6. 4 5. 0 1. 4	536 425 110 6. 8 5. 2 1. 6	694 586 108 9. 9 8. 4 1. 5	748 637 112 10. 0 8. 5 1. 5	897 756 141 10. 0 8. 5 1. 6	884 737 148 10. 0 8. 3 1. 7	890 748 142 9.8 8.2 1.6	955 798 158 9. 7 8. 1 1. 7	817 668 149 9.8 8.1 1.7	725 566 159 10.1 8.3 1.8
Retail inventories, new cars (domestics), end of period: *△ Not seasonally adjustedthous. Seasonally adjusteddo	1, 467 1, 542	1, 220 1, 294	1, 509 1, 504	1, 269 1, 521	1, 261 1, 496	1, 053 1, 280	1, 018 1, 167	1, 220 1, 294	1, 381 1, 296	1,528 1,401	1, 683 1, 530	1, 707 1, 557	1,753 1,579	1,799 1,609	1, 582 1, 580	1,570 1,681
Inventory-sales ratio, new cars (domestics)*\(\triangle \) ratio			2.3	2.4	2.3	2.6	2.8	3.0	1, 9	2.0	2, 2	2, 2	2.3	2.4	2, 3	2, 4
Exports (Bureau of the Census): Passenger cars (new), assembledthous To Canadadodo Trucks and buses (new), assembleddo	333. 45 292. 11 103. 23	285. 04 245. 62 92. 28	16. 83 14. 70 7. 69	13. 89 12. 55 7. 46	31. 72 28. 46 6. 20	21. 10 15. 98 6. 06	17. 80 14. 61 5. 78	19, 29 16, 66 7, 10	21.75 18.81 6 6.44	31. 30 26. 42 7. 39	41. 52 37. 14 10. 76	35, 12 31, 58 9, 42	48.62 46.07 9.34	40.75 38.47 9.34	21. 27 19. 48 6. 96	
Imports (Bureau of the Census): Passenger cars (new), complete unitsdo From Canada, totaldo Trucks and buses, complete unitsdo	1, 846. 72 691. 15 146. 01	2, 013. 42 692. 78 115. 82	150, 64 46, 86 4, 05	95, 14 19, 01 4, 40	167. 62 48. 58 10. 05	168, 60 56, 75 16, 82	173. 31 55. 66 9. 69	167. 97 47. 68 7. 51	198. 87 47. 20 10. 51	204. 51 70. 17 11. 63	233. 92 81. 09 12. 77	222. 70 69. 01 10. 38	230, 00 77, 64 10, 38	242,53 84,73 12,07	183, 42 37, 34 8, 83	
Truck trailers (complete), shipmentsnumber_Vansdo. Trailer bodies and chassis (detachable), sold separatelynumber_	138, 347 94, 808 33, 332	105, 709 71, 274 26, 138	8, 387 5, 880 1, 590	7, 692 4, 953 1, 874	8, 780 5, 817 1, 398	8, 037 5, 240 1, 574	7, 777 5, 238 1, 378	7, 310 4, 818 1, 078	6, 610 4, 187 985	7, 271 4, 256 1, 110	7, 852 4, 748 1, 523	8, 347 4, 897 1, 192	7, 467 4, 415 1, 240	7 8, 672 7 5, 244 1, 122	8, 410 5, 190 1, 727	
Registrations (new vehicles): ○ Passenger cars thous. Import cars do. Trucks do	0 446 5	\$ 8,388.2 \$ 1,231.0 ! \$1,790.2	5 837 7	5 683. 2 5 109. 9	5 612 1	4 719. 0 4 112. 6		5 606. 7 5 115. 4	⁵ 588. 3 ⁵ 98. 5 ⁵ 108. 4	5 618. 2 5 92. 6	5 820. 3 5 130. 0	³ 833. 5 ³ 125. 1		4 897. 0 4 138. 6	4 806. 0 4 130. 4 4 177. 6	
RAILROAD EQUIPMENT		,														
Freight cars (all railroads and private car lines): Shipments	1 54, 112 1 84, 245 1 65, 301		5, 446 4, 457 4, 340 4, 226 29, 040 23, 074	5, 164 4, 127 2, 148 2, 148 25, 782 20, 853	6, 147 4, 922 2, 073 1, 726 21, 672 17, 621	4, 675 3, 787 3, 053 2, 516 20, 049 16, 349	4, 569 3, 573 8, 164 8, 026 23, 644 20, 802	4, 905 4, 096 9, 031 5, 832 27, 558 22, 326	3,725 3,183 3,152 2,932 26,903 21,993	4, 629 4, 059 3, 042 2, 792 25, 015 20, 425	5, 026 4, 262 5, 304 3, 885 25, 193 19, 948	5, 497 4, 431 4, 107 3, 782 23, 563 19, 059	5, 252 4, 381 6, 670 6, 570 24, 944 21, 227	5, 401 4, 205 8, 521 6, 321 27, 977 23, 256	3, 305 2, 696 3, 807 3, 652 28, 547 24, 280	
Freight cars (revenue), class 1 railroads (AAR): Number owned, end of periodthous	1,438 5.6	1,423 5.7	1, 433 5. 6	1, 433 5. 8	1, 431 6. 0	1, 427 5. 9	1,424 5.7	1, 423 5. 7	1, 423 5. 7	1, 431 5. 7	1, 430 5. 6	1, 431 5. 6	1, 431 5. 5	1, 431 5. 5	1,430 5.4 96,96	
Average per cartons	94.37 65.62	95. 64 67. 19	95. 46 66. 63	95. 77 66. 81	95. 78 66. 96	95. 62 67. 01	95, 27 66, 89	95. 64 67. 19	95.73 67.29	96, 08 68, 45	96. 38 67. 37	96.70 67.55	96. 82 67. 66	96, 95 67, 76		<u> </u>

r Revised. ¹ Annual total includes revisions not distributed by months. ² Estimate of production. ³ Omits data for three States. ⁴ Omits data for two States. ⁵ Omits data for one State. ° Effective Jan. 1971, includes off-highway trucks and trailers; comparable 1970 total, 93.87 thous. † Revisions available: Hosiery, 1969-Apr. 1970; women's apparel, 1968-69. ‡ Monthly estimates (1967-70) revised to annual benchmarks appear in Census report, Men's Apparel, M23B Supplement (5/27/71). *New series. Automobile Manufacturers Association and other industry sources; seasonal adjustments by OBE. For earlier data, see p. 43, Dec. 1970 Survey.

[△]Domestics include U.S.-type cars produced in the United States and Canada; imports cover foreign-type cars and captive imports, and exclude domestics produced in Canada.

¬Amer. Railway Car Inst. and Assn. of Amer. Railroads, data cover new cars for domestic users: backlog not adjusted for cancellations.

¬ Total includes backlog for nonrelated products and services and basic research.

¬ Data include military-type planes shipped to foreign governments.

¬ Courtesy of R. L. Polk & Co.; republication prohibited.

¬ Excludes railroad-owned private refrigerator cars and private line cars.

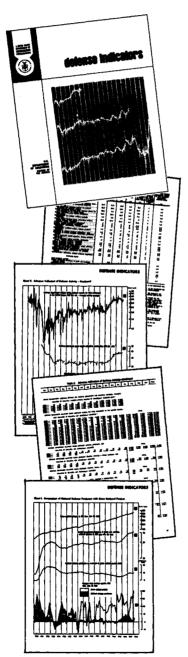
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OFFICIAL BUSINESS





A U.S. Department of **Commerce Publication**

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and its impact on the national economy

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- Comparison of National Defense Purchases with Total Gross National Product
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