## SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS



## SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

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## the BUSINESS SITUATION

THE expansion of aggregate output in late 1972 and early 1973 was clearly above the rate that the economy can sustain, and the subsequent slowdown was generally expected. It was characterized initially by a continuation of rapid expansion in most sectors of the economy and was due mainly to supply limitations in farm and automobile production. A slowdown of auto production would have occurred sometime this year in any event, as an aftermath of the abnormally high demand that had prevailed in late 1972 and early 1973. Practical capacity ceilings were approached in some other industries as well, especially key materials producers, and this limited the scope for continued rapid output growth. Indeed, the need for additional capacity will apparently support a further substantial increase in capital spending in 1974. In the past 2 months, evidence continued to appear confirming the economy's slowdown. Residential construction weakened sharply, and the whole new set of uncertainties caused quite unexpectedly by the Arab oil embargo intensified the weakening of demand for autos.
Sales of new domestic model cars averaged an annual rate of less than $81 / 2$ million units in October and November, down from 10 million in the third quarter and a peak $10 \frac{1}{2}$ million in the first. (However, sales seem to have increased again in early December.) Consumer spending for other goods, especially other durables, also weakened appreciably after September. Housing starts have been declining since early in the year, but the contraction has been particularly sharp in recent months. Starts averaged 1.7 million units (annual rate) in October and November, 18 percent below the aver-
age for the third quarter and slightly more than 30 percent below the first quarter peak, and construction outlays, which lag after starts, have begun to show appreciable declines. The growth of industrial production, as measured by the Federal Reserve index, has been decelerating steadily this year. The index increased only 0.2 percentage point in each of the latest 2 months, October and November, as compared with average monthly increases of 0.4 point in the third quarter and 0.9 point in the first.

There has been evidence recently of an acceleration of business investment in inventories. If this is in fact occurring, it is open to two contrasting interpretations: it may reflect success, at long last, in businessmen's efforts to boost stocks from the extremely low levels to which they had fallen, or it may reflect involuntary accumulation caused by greater-than-expected weakening of final demand. Probably both factors are present.

## Energy problems and the economy

Energy problems stemming from the embargo have thus far had little impact in the sense of causing output and employment to be different from what they would have been. The likely impacts on output and resource use are yet to come, and their dimensions are by no means clear.
The oil embargo has given a sudden, unexpected acceleration to a problem of energy supply that had been building for some time. Well before the embargo, the United States was experiencing some shortages of oil and gas that reflected existing limits on domestic capacity to produce the raw products and to process them. A rise in the level of energy prices relative to other prices was therefore already underway-the wholesale price index for fuels and power had risen almost 25 percent from December 1972 to October 1973-but the embargo greatly intensified the process. From October to November, the fuels and power price index in-

## Survey Price Increase

The U.S. Government Printing Office has announced a new scale for establishing the public sales prices of all publications sold by the Superintendent of Documents. This has resulted in a further rise in the price of many publications, including the Survey of Current Business. The public sales program of the Government Printing Office is intended to be self-supporting, with prices set to cover all costs of printing, storing, and distributing publications. Government agencies that prepare publications, as BEA does with the Survey, have no direct role in their sale to the public. Neither the cost of printing the public sale copies of the Survey nor the revenue from their sale is in BEA's budget, and BEA does not determine the public sale price.

Effective January 1, 1974, the price of a Survey subscription, including the weekly statistical supplement, will be $\$ 34.45$ per year for domestic mailing and $\$ 43.10$ per year for foreign mailing. Single copy price will be $\$ 2.25$. Domestic rates apply to Canada, Mexico, and all other countries of Central and South America except Argentina, Brazil, British Honduras, French Guiana, Guyana, and Surinam. Foreign subscribers interested in airmail delivery should ask the Government Printing Office to quote the applicable rate.
creased 19 percent. A rise in the relative level of energy prices is necessary for the shortrun allocation of supply and demand, as well as for longer run adjustments. In all probability, the general price level will rise more in 1974 than it otherwise would have.

The longrun outlook is clearly for a change in relative prices, making energy a more expensive resource than it has been and changing both the Nation's ways of using it and the amount of investment in producing it. Even if the complete embargo is relatively shortlived, it should speed the processes of adjustment.

The question of greatest public interest now is how much impact there will be on the economy in the short run. The availability of an important resource has been significantly curtailed,

CHART I

## Plant and Equipment Expenditures


and so suddenly that alternative supplies cannot fill the gap. There is no unique answer to the question of how far this might curtail total production and employment relative to what they otherwise would have been. The amount of that shortfall depends on the particular configuration of resource use, and of outputs, that is arrived at. Technological capabilities allow many such configurations. The economy's shortfall from "what would have been" will depend on how smoothly it can distribute resources and shape demands to a configuration that maximizes output under the altered conditions. Analysis of the economy in these terms is now the principal concern of economic forecasters and policymakers. The notion of "insulating" the industrial sector, which has been mentioned in various discussions of the shortrun implications of the embargo, connotes an attempt to see that the shortfall of the petroleum supply from "what would have been" is largely absorbed in uses such as space heating and nonessential travel where energy, or a petroleum feedstock, is not required in some fixed proportion to output.

The analytical task currently facing economic forecasters and policymakers is a somewhat unfamiliar one. All economic systems and economic analysis are concerned with allocation in the face of scarcity-not all wants can be satisfied. Nevertheless, policyoriented economic analysis in the modern United States has focused largely on problems associated with too much or too little demand, and on policy aimed at regulating the growth of aggregate demand. Since the 1930's, apart from war periods, much of economic policy analysis has focused on assuring adequate demand growth; the central questions have been over the ultimate effect on national output of policy-related, or purely autonomous, shifts in demand. The current situation requires a very different analytical framework, one that focuses in the short run on the question of how the economy can maximize output and employment in the face of a sharp autonomous shift in the supply of an important input. This calls for a detailed, industry-by-industry, ap-
proach, and analysis using the BEA input-output data is proving very useful. Although input-output coefficients are in actuality less rigid than conventional input-output analysis assumes, this approach is nevertheless very useful in exploring the industrial repercussions of alternative distributions of the energy shortfall.

Various estimates have appeared from government and private sources indicating that the embargo will cause real GNP in 1974 to be anywhere from less than 1 percent to as much as 4 or 5 percent less than it otherwise would have been. These estimates reflect different assumptions about the extent of the petroleum shortfall, about how the shortfall will be allocated among users, and about how price changes and nonprice actions will alter the composition of demand. The most optimistic of these estimates reflect essentially complete "insulation" of the industrial sector in the sense already mentioned. In general, the more pessimistic estimates that are appearing seem to assume that aggregate propensities to spend and invest will weaken in the short run and cause reductions in output and employment in addition to those engendered by the initial reduction in supply.

## Business Capital Spending

This fall, before the oil embargo, manufacturers had formulated plans for large increases in capital spending in 1974. Some of the effects of the embargo-uncertainties, quotas, bot-tlenecks-will probably cause some projects to be postponed and some to be canceled. Other effects, however, may lead to the initiation of investment projects that would not otherwise have been planned. Regardless of the effects of the embargo, the basic need for more capacity that is the motive behind much of the large spending increases planned for 1974 will persist. The plans were reported in surveys taken in a period when the consensus forecast for 1974 already indicated real GNP growth of only 2 to 3 percent, and when manufacturers' expectations for their own sales gains in 1974 were similarly weak. In those circumstances, the motivating force was not to add capa-
city to meet rapid demand growth next year, but to eliminate present capacity shortages and to prepare for longer run requirements. The problem of energy supply and cost, intensified by the embargo, is unlikely to reduce the need for additional capacity in the longer run; if anything the increase in the cost of energy relative to other costs is likely to augment capital investmentfor energy exploration and production, obviously, but also to conserve the use of energy per unit of output.

The latest BEA capital spending survey, covering expectations through mid-1974, shows that manufacturers' planned spending in the first half of 1974 is 22 percent above the first half of 1973 , with large increases in a wide range of both durables and nondurables industries. Large increases are also expected by railroads and electric utilities but total spending outside manufacturing is expected to be up only $81 / 2$ percent from the first half of 1973. Details of the BEA survey are on pages 9-13. These findings are roughly consistent with those of private surveys also conducted in the fall. The McGraw-Hill survey pointed to a 24 percent year-over-year rise in manufacturers' outlays from 1973 to 1974 , and a 7 percent rise in aggregate nonmanufacturing outlays. A survey by Lionel D. Edie Company indicated a 19 percent rise for manufacturers and a rise of 7 percent for nonmanufacturing industries.

As of September 30, according to the latest BEA survey, firms holding 51 percent of manufacturing assets expressed a need for more capacity, compared to a figure of 31 percent 2 years earlier (see table on page 11 for details). The rise in this percentage over the last 2 years has been steep for both durables and nondurables manufacturing. The petroleum industry's "need more" figure doubled in the last 2 years, to 70 percent; the figure for primary metals also doubled, to 39 percent.

Serious pressures on manufacturing capacity have been unusually widespread this year. The reasons are numerous. For one thing, cyclical expansions in the world's major industrial economies more or less coincided; at the
same time, the demand for U.S. output was stimulated both here and abroad by the effects of dollar devaluations and revaluations of leading foreign currencies over the past several years, and by more rapid inflation abroad than here. Prior to the exchange rate adjustments of the past several years, the dollar had been appreciably overvalued. The resulting competition from foreign-made goods in both U.S. markets and abroad probably held back capacity expansion in some U.S. industries (such as textiles, petroleum, and primary metals). Market distortions that have arisen both from sharp price increases and from the imposition of price controls have probably also dampened manufacturers' investment in recent years. Finally, in the past several years, the demands first of pollution control, and then of safety requirements, have taken a rising share of capital outlays, posing competition to funds for capacity expansion.

According to the BEA surveys, every major manufacturing industry except petroleum will spend more in 1973 than it had planned early in the year. The petroleum industry seems to have a whole set of problems-including environmental obstacles, preembargo questions of crude supply, and the price outlook-that have kept spending down in the face of high utilization. The upward revisions by other industries are probably in part a result of rising prices for structures and equipment, but it is unlikely that prices account for all the revision. The sharpest upward revisions of planned 1973 spending were in the machinery, textile, paper, and rubber industries. According to the latest survey, spending increases from 1972 to 1973 of 25 percent or more will occur in the rubber, nonferrous metal, paper, chemical, and stone-clay-glass industries, with most other manufacturing industries showing increases between 10 and 20 percent. (Aggregate nonmanufacturing outlays will be up about $83 / 2$ percent.)

The combined evidence of the BEA and private surveys indicates that large spending increases are planned throughout manufacturing industry in 1974. It appears that the biggest gains will occur in the steel, nonferrous metals, motor vehicle, chemical, and
petroleum industries; this is consistent with the current evidence on capacity pressures.

## Personal Income

Personal income rose at an annual rate of 12 percent from June to November, somewhat faster growth than the already strong 9 percent advance recorded over the first 6 months of this year (table 1). All of the acceleration was in the nonpayroll components, as wages and salaries increased at about the same rate as in the first half of the year. The increase of wages and salaries in the commodity-producing industries slowed appreciably after midyear, mirroring the slowdown in output growth, but this was offiset by a faster rate of increase in Government and in the service industries. Transfer payments, which by definition are not related to current production, accounted for the largest part of the acceleration of personal income after midyear, although growth of the other nonwage compo-nents-proprietors' income, rent, interest, and dividends-also speeded up.

Transfer payments increased at an annual rate of $121 / 2$ percent from June to November, a little more than double the rate in the first half of the year. That acceleration mainly reflected the extension of medicare coverage to disabled persons under 65, and the increase in Federal pensions that

Table 1.-Personal Income
[Percent change, seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dec. 1972- } \\ & \text { June } 1973 \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{1973}{\text { June-Nov. }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Personal income.. | 8.9 | 12.0 |
| Personal income including social insurance contributions $\qquad$ |  | 11.8 |
| Labor income, total................ | 10.6 | 10.4 |
| Wages and salaries, total .-.-....- | 10.7 | 10.3 |
| Commodity-producing indus- | 13.09.510.8 |  |
| Distributive industries. |  | 9.7 9.7 |
| Service industries.. | 10.88.4 |  |
| Government....... |  |  |
| Other labor income | 8.4 8.6 | 12.3 |
| Proprietors' income: |  |  |
| Farm-...-...............- | $\begin{array}{r} 21.7 \\ 6.2 \end{array}$ | 53.46.0 |
| Business and professional..---- |  |  |
| Rental income. | 6.96.9 | 7.9 |
| Dividends. . |  | 11.8 |
| Interest... | 13.86.1 | 17.5 |
| Transfer payments.................. |  | 12.6 |

stemmed from cost-of-living increases in these pensions that became effective July 1 and from a big surge in the number of retirees at the close of fiscal 1973. Interest income and dividends rose faster after midyear, the latter partly reflecting a late-June easing by the Committee on Interest and Dividends of the restrictions on dividend increases. Rental income of persons has increased since midyear after showing no growth from December to June; rental income was held down in the first half of this year as a result of property losses associated with spring floods. The growth of farm proprietors' income stepped up sharply after midyear as a result of both increases in the

CHART 2

## Change in Consumer Instaliment Credit Outstanding


volume of marketings and sharp increases in agricultural prices.
The acceleration of wage and salary increases in the service industries after June was due to gains in both hourly earnings and employment, with gains in hourly pay somewhat the stronger of the two. In Government, the acceleration was due to pay raises-particularly at the Federal level, for postal workers effective in late July and in November, and for other Federal civilian and military personnel in October.
In the commodity-producing industries, on the other hand, growth of wages and salaries slowed from an annual rate of 13 percent in the first half of 1973 to a rate of $93 / 4$ percent from June to November. This was due to a slowing of employment growth after midyear, which more than offset a faster rise in hourly pay; hours of work were little changed. Contributing significantly to the accelerated rise in pay rates were wage increases called for by existing contracts, mainly in primary metals, apparel manufacturing, and trucking, and new wage increases provided in major contract settlements in the auto and farm equipment industries.

The prospects are for a much slower rate of income growth in the months ahead. A slower rate of activity will mean appreciably slower growth in wage and salary income, particularly in the commodity-producing industries. It is likely that profits will be squeezed by rising costs and reduced output so that further sharp gains in dividend income are not expected, and interest rates, which are currently at exceptionally high levels, will probably decline. Harvests of fall crops both here and abroad are considerably larger this
year than was the case in 1972 and upward pressures on agricultural prices should abate somewhat and the growth of farm income should slow. On the other hand, transfer incomes are likely to increase more in the first half of next year than in the second half of this year. A $5 \frac{1}{2}$ percent increase in Federal pensions becomes effective on January 1, 1974. Also, under legislation pending in mid-December, social security benefits would be increased 7 percent ( $\$ 4$ billion at an annual rate) in April and 4 percent ( $\$ 21 / 2$ billion) in July. Also, adult welfare benefits are expected to rise in January when responsibility for these programs shifts from the States to the Federal Government. To the extent that slowing economic activity results in higher unemployment, transfer income will reflect the increases in unemployment compensation.

## Consumer credit

Consumers have substantially augmented their purchasing power over the past 3 years through unprecedented use of installment credit. The net increase in installment credit (extensions minus repayments) accelerated steadily from a seasonally adjusted annual rate of $\$ 51 / 2$ billion ( $51 / 2$ percent of personal consumption expenditures for durable goods) in the first quarter of 1971, when the step-up in credit use began, to a peak rate of $\$ 24$ billion ( 18 percent of spending for durables) in the first quarter of this year. Since that time installment credit growth has slowed, but nevertheless remains very rapid by historical standards; installment credit increased at an annual rate of $\$ 21$ billion in the third quarter and $\$ 201 / 2$
(Continued on page 13)

Table 2.-Net Extensions of Consumer Installment Credit [Billions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

|  | 1971 |  |  |  | 1972 |  |  |  | 1973 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III |
| Installment credit total. | 5.5 | 7.8 | 10.8 | 11.8 | 13.2 | 14.8 | 16.1 | 19.5 | 24.0 | 20.0 | 21.0 |
| Auto paper.. | 2.1 | 2.9 | 4.2 | 4.5 | 3.8 | 5.0 | 5.9 | 7.4 | 10.0 | 7.4 | 7.2 |
| Other consumer goods paper. | 1.7 | 2.7 | 3. 0 | 3. 6 | 4.1 | 4.8 | 6. 0 | 7.3 | 7.4 | 7.0 | 8.2 |
| Personal loans. ${ }_{\text {Repair and modernization.-. }}$ | 1.4 | 2.0 .3 | 3.2 .4 | $\begin{array}{r}3.3 \\ .4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 4.6 .6 | 4.3 .7 | 3.3 .9 | 4.0 .9 | 5.4 1.1 | 4.7 1.0 | 4.3 1.3 |

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

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NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT TABLES


Table 1.-Gross National Product in Current and Constant Dollars (1.1, 1.2)


Table 2.-Gross National Product by Major Type of Product in Current and Constant Dollars (1.3, 1.5)

| Gross national product | 1,055.5 | 1,155.2 | 1,142. 4 | 1,166.5 | 1,199.2 | 1,242.5 | 1,272.0 | 1,304.5 | 745. 4 | 790.7 | 785.6 | 796.7 | 812.3 | 829.3 | 834.3 | 841.3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Final sales. $\qquad$ Change in business inventories | $1,049.4$ <br> 6.1 | $\begin{array}{\|r} 1,149.1 \\ 6.0 \end{array}$ | 136.9 <br> 5.5 | $\begin{array}{\|r} 1,157.8 \\ 8.7 \end{array}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{\|r\|r\|} 1,191.0 \\ 8.2 \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{\|r} 1,237.8 \\ 4.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|} 1,267.5 \\ 4.5 \end{array}$ | $1,299.8$ 4.7 | 740.1 5.3 | 786.1 4.6 | 781.3 4.3 | 790.0 6.6 | 806.0 6.3 | 826.0 3.3 | 831.0 3.4 | 838.3 3.0 |
| Goods output. | 497.1 | 541.4 | 536.4 | 548.6 | 563.6 | 589.6 | 604.2 | 622.3 | 396.1 | 423.9 | 421.5 | 428.4 | 438.4 | 452.1 | 453.9 | 456.8 |
| Final sales <br> Change in business inventories | 491.1 6.1 | 535.4 6.0 | 531.0 5.5 | 539.9 8.7 | 555.4 8.2 | 585.0 4.6 | 599.6 4.5 | 617.6 4.7 | 390.8 5.3 | 419.3 4.6 | 417.2 4.3 | 421.7 6.6 | 432.1 6.3 | 448.7 3.3 | 450.5 3.4 | 453.7 3.0 |
| Durable goods. | 193.1 | 219.1 | 214.6 | 222.6 | 233.2 | 242.5 | 249.7 | 254.3 | 163.0 | 184.1 | 180.4 | 186.2 | 196.3 | 203.4 | 207.1 | 208.1 |
| Final sales. | 191.1 | 214.1 | 211.4 | 216.8 | 222.8 | 238.1 | 242.4 | 246.2 | 161.3 | 180.2 | 177.7 | 181.8 | 188.0 | 200.3 | 201.8 | 202.4 |
| Change in business inventorie | 2.0 | 4.9 | 3.2 | 5.8 | 10.4 | 4.4 4.4 | 7.3 | 88.0 | 1.7 | 3.9 | 2.7 | 4.4 | 8.2 | 3.2 | 5.4 | 5.7 |
| Nondurable goods. | 304.0 | 322.3 | 321.9 | 326.0 | 330.3 | 347.2 | 354.5 | 368.0 | 233.1 | 239.8 | 241.1 | 242.2 | 242.1 | 248.7 | 246.7 | 248.7 |
| Final sales...-........... | 299.9 | 321.2 | 319.6 | 323.1 | 332.5 | 346.9 | 357.3 | 371.4 | 229.5 | 239.1 | 239.5 | 240.0 | 244.1 | 248.5 | 248.7 | 251.3 |
| Change in business inventories. | 4.1 | 1.1 | 2.3 | 2.9 | -2.2 | . 3 | -2.8 | -3.4 | 3.6 | . 7 | 1.6 | 2.2 | -1.9 | . 2 | -2.0 | -2.6 |

Table 3.-Gross National Product by Sector in Current and Constant Dollars (1.7, 1.8)

| Grose national product. | 1,055.5 | 1,155.2 | 1,142, 4 | 1,166.5 | 1,199.2 | 1,242, 5 | 1,272.0 | 1,304. 5 | 745.4 | 790.7 | 785.6 | 796.7 | 812.3 | 829.3 | 834.3 | 841.3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Private. | 930.3 | 1,019.7 | 1,008.6 | 1,030.0 | 1,060.0 | 1,098.9 | 1,126.2 | 1,156.3 | 684.7 | 729.5 | 725.0 | 735.3 | 750.3 | 767.1 | 772.0 | 778.8 |
| Business | 889.9 | 975.4 | 965.2 | 984.9 | 1,013.6 | 1, 050.5 | 1, 076.8 | 1,105.2 | 662.2 | 706.6 | 702.6 | 712.3 | 726.8 | 742.9 | 748.3 | 754.7 |
| Nonfarm | 859.4 | 941.0 | 931.3 | 951.0 | 1,976.9 | 1, 008.9 | 1,033.5 | 1,056.2 | 636.3 | 682.0 | 677.4 | 688.7 | 702.5 | 718.1 | 725.9 | 733.6 |
| Farm. | 30.4 | 34.4 | 33.9 | 33.9 | 36.7 | 41.6 | 43.3 | 49.0 | 26.0 | 24.6 | 25.2 | 23.6 | 24.2 | 24.8 | 22.4 | 21.2 |
| Households and institutions | 33.5 | 36.8 | 36.6 | 37.5 | 37.8 | 39.3 | 40.5 | 41.8 | 16.8 | 17.4 | 17.4 | 17.5 | 17.4 | 18.0 | 18.2 | 18.5 |
| Rest of the world | 7.0 | 7.5 | 6.8 | 7.6 | 8.7 | 9.1 | 8.9 | 9.3 | 5.6 | 5.5 | 5.0 | 5.5 | 6.2 | 6.3 | 5.5 | 5.4 |
| General government | 125, 1 | 135.4 | 133.8 | 136.5 | 139.2 | 143.5 | 145.8 | 148.2 | 60.7 | 61.1 | 60.6 | 61.3 | 62.0 | 62.2 | 62.4 | 62.5 |
| Federal. | 47.6 | 50.3 | 50.0 | 50.2 | 50.5 | 52.5 | 52.2 | 52.3 | 23.0 | 21.8 | 21.7 | 21.7 | 21.7 | 21.6 | 21.4 | 21.2 |
| State and local. | 77.6 | 85.1 | 83.8 | 86.4 | 88.7 | 91.1 | 93.6 | 96.0 | 37.6 | 39.3 | 38.9 | 39.7 | 40.3 | 40.6 | 41.0 | 41.3 |

## HISTORICAL STATISTICS

THE national income and product data for 1929-63 are in The National Income and Product Accounts of the United States, 1929-1965, Statistical Tables (available at $\$ 1$ from Commerce Department District Offices or the Superintendent of Documents; see addresses inside front cover). Each July Survey contains preliminary data for the latest 2 years and fully revised data for the preceding 2. The July 1973 issue has data for 1969-72. Prior July issues have fully revised data as follows: 1968-69, July 1972; 1967-68, July 1971; 1966-67, July 1970; 1965-66, July 1969; 1964-65, July 1968. BEA will provide on request a reprint of the fully revised data for the years 1964-69.

| 1971 | 1972 | 1972 |  |  | 1973 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | II | III | IV | I | II | III |
|  |  | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| Billions of dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 4.-Relation of Gross National Product, National Income, and Personal Income (1.9)


Table 5.-Gross Auto Product in Current and Constant Dollars (1.15, 1.16)

| Grown nuto product ${ }^{\text {2 }}$-..........- | Billions of current dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 40.9 | 43.6 | 42.1 | 46.5 | 45.6 | 51.5 | 51.2 | 49.6 |
| Personal consumption expenditures. | 35.4 | 39.4 | 38.1 | 41.8 | 41.2 | 45.1 | 44.6 | 44.5 |
| Producers' durable equipment. | 6.3 | 7.0 | 6.7 | 7.4 | 7.3 | 8.0 | 7.9 | 7.8 |
| Change in dealers auto inventorles | 1.4 | $-.5$ | -. 4 | -. 8 | -. 4 | . 9 | 1.2 | -. 5 |
| Net exports | -2.6 | -2.7 | -2.8 | -2.3 | -2.9 | -2.8 | -2.9 | -2.7 |
| Exports. | 2.6 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 3.2 | 3.3 | 3.6 | 3. 6 | 3.8 |
| Imports. | b. 1 | b. 7 | 5. 6 | 5. 4 | 6.2 | 6.4 | 6.5 | 6.5 |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New cars, domestic ${ }^{2}$ <br> New cars, foretgn. | 35.7 | 37.9 | 36.9 | 40.3 | 39.5 | 44.0 | 44.8 | 43.5 |
|  | 7.8 | 8.6 | 8.2 | 8.8 | 9.4 | 10.6 | 9.8 | 9.5 |
|  | Billions of 1958 dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Grote anto product ${ }^{1}$...-........- | 36.4 | 39.0 | 37.7 | 41.0 | 41.4 | 46.4 | 45.5 | 43.6 |
| Personal consumption expenditures. | 31.4 | 35.2 | 34.0 | 36.7 | 37.3 | 40.4 | 39.6 | 39.1 |
| Producers' durable equipment. | 5.6 | 6.3 | 6.1 | 6.5 | 6.7 | 7.2 |  |  |
| Change in dealers auto inventorles. |  | $-.4$ | -. 3 | -. 7 | $-.3$ | . 8 | 1.0 | 7.0 |
| Net exports. | -2.3 | -2.4 | -2. 4 | -1.9 | -2.6 | -2.4 | -2.5 | -2.4 |
| Exports.-.---................. | 2.8 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.7 | 3.0 | 3.2 | 3.1 | 3.3 |
| Imports.....................- | 4.5 | 5.0 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 6. 5 | 5.6 | 5.6 | 5.7 |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New cars, domestic ${ }^{2}$. | $\begin{array}{r} 32.4 \\ 7.2 \end{array}$ | 34.67.9 | 33.57.6 | 36.28.0 | 36.78.8 | 40.6 | 40.7 | 39.38.7 |
| New cars, foreign.-............... |  |  |  |  |  | 9.9 | 9.0 |  |

[^0]cars.
Table 6.-National Income by Type of Income (1.10)

| National Income.- | 859.4 | 941.8 | 928.3 | 949. 2 | 978.6 | 1015.0 | 1038.2 | 1057.4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Compensation of employees............ | 644. 1 | 707. 1 | 699.6 | 713.1 | 731.2 | 757.4 | 774.9 | 794,0 |
| Wages and salaries. | 573.8 | 627.3 | 620.8 | 632.5 | 648.7 | 666.7 | 682.3 | 699.3 |
| Private. | 449.7 | 493.3 | 488.4 | 497.5 | 510.9 | 525.1 | 538.7 | 553.2 |
| Military | 19.4 | 20.3 | 20.1 | 20.0 | 20.1 | 20.9 | 20.5 | 20.4 |
| Government civilian | 104.7 | 113.8 | 112.3 | 115.1 | 117.7 | 120.7 | 123.1 | 125.7 |
| Supplements to wages and salaries.Employer contributions for social | 70.3 | 79.7 | 78.9 | 80.5 | 82.5 | 90.8 | 92.6 | 94.7 |
| insurance. | 33.7 | 39.0 | 38.7 | 39.3 | 40.2 | 47.4 | 48.3 | 49.4 |
| Other labor incom | 36.6 | 40.7 | 40.2 | 41.3 | 42.3 | 43.3 | 44.2 | 45.3 |
| Proprietors' Incom | 68.7 | 74.2 | 73.2 | 74.1 | 77.1 | 80.6 | 81. 5 | 85.0 |
| Business and professiona | 51.9 | 54.0 | 53.3 | 54.3 | 55.3 | 56.3 | 57.1 | 57.9 |
| Farm | 16.8 | 20.2 | 19.9 | 19.8 | 21.8 | 24.3 | 24.4 | 27.1 |
| Rental income of perso | 24.5 | 24.1 | 22.6 | 24.9 | 24.9 | 24.7 | 24.6 | 25.3 |
| Corporate profits and inventory valuntion adjustment. | 80.1 | 91.1 | 88.0 | 91.5 | 98.8 | 104.3 | 107.9 | 112.0 |
| Profts before tax | 85.1 | 98.0 | 94, 8 | 98.4 | 106.1 | 119.6 | 128.9 | 129.0 |
| Profits tax lisbilit | 37.4 | 42.7 | 41.4 | 42.9 | 45.9 | 52.7 | 57.4 | 57.6 |
| Profits after tax | 47.6 | 55.4 | 53.4 | 55.6 | 60.3 | 66.9 | 71.6 | 71.5 |
| Dividends. | 25.1 | 26.0 | 25.9 | 26.2 | 26.4 | 26.9 | 27.3 | 28.1 |
| Undistributed profits. | 22.5 | 29.3 | 27.5 | 29.4 | 33.9 | 40.0 | 44.2 | 43.4 |
| Inventory valuation adjustment | -4.0 | -6.9 | -6. 7 | -6.9 | -7.3 | -15. 4 | $-21.1$ | -17.0 |
| Net interest | 42.0 | 45.2 | 44.8 | 45.7 | 46.6 | 47.9 | 49.4 | 51.1 |

Table 7.-National Income by Industry Division (1.11)

| All induatries, total | 859.4 | 941.8 | 928. 3 | 949,2 | 978.6 | 1015.0 | 1038.2 | 1067.4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agriculture, torestry, and fisheries. | 26.2 | 30.4 | 30.0 | 29.9 | 32.2 | 34.7 | 35.1 | 38.2 |
| Mining and construction..... | 53.7 | 59.9 | 59.3 | 60.4 | 61.8 | 64.0 | 65. 5 | 68.8 |
| Manufacturing | 226.4 | 252.6 | 248.7 | 253.9 | 286. 5 | 280.8 | 290.4 | 295.0 |
| Nondurable goods | 91.8 | 99.9 | 97.7 | 100.8 | 104.6 | 107.8 | 109.9 | 112.6 |
| Durable goods. | 134.5 | 152.7 | 151.0 | 153.1 | 161.9 | 173.5 | 180.5 | 182.4 |
| Transportation. | 32.8 | 36.0 | 35.3 | 36.2 | 37.3 | 38.2 | 38.5 | 39.7 |
| Communication | 17.8 | 20.0 | 19.5 | 20.4 | 20.8 | 20.9 | 21.0 | 22.5 |
| Electric, gas, and sanitary services | 16. 5 | 18.2 | 18.3 | 18.5 | 18.6 | 19.1 | 19.4 | 20.6 |
| Wholesale and retail trade. | 130.9 | 139.7 | 138.3 | 140.5 | 143.2 | 146.9 | 149.7 | 153.4 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | 100.1 | 107.9 | 105.7 | 109.2 | 111.6 | 114.2 | 117.3 | 120.8 |
| Services. | 109.8 | 120.1 | 119.0 | 121.8 | 123.9 | 128.4 | 131.4 | 135. 4 |
| Government and government en prises. | 138.2 | 149.5 | 147.6 | 150.7 | 153.9 | 158.6 | 160.8 | 163.7 |
| Rest of the world | 7.0 | 7.5 | 6.8 | 7.6 | 8.7 | 9.1 | 8.9 | 9.3 |

Table 8.-Corporate Profits (Before Tax) and Inventory Valuation Adjustment by Broad Industry Groups (6.12)


| 1971 | 1972 | 1972 |  |  | 1973 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | II | III | IV | I | II | III |
|  |  | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| Billions of dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 9.—Gross Corporate Product ${ }^{1}$ (1.14)

| Gross corporate product. | 586.7 | 644.3 | 637.1 | 648.6 | 670.1 | 695.4 | 713.0 | 731.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Capital consumption allowances... | 60.4 | 65.9 | 66.2 | 66.0 | 68.0 | 69.3 | 70.5 | 71.7 |
| Indirect business taxes plus transfer payments less subsidies | 57.7 | 60.8 | 60.2 | 61.2 | 62.5 | 64.3 | 65.2 | 66.2 |
| Income originating in corporate business. | 468.6 | 517.6 | 510.7 | 521.4 | 539.5 | 561.9 | 577.3 | 593.2 |
| Compensation of em | 389.2 | 428.9 | 424.6 | 432.4 | 444.6 | 461.6 | 473. 4 | 485.2 |
| Wages and sale | 340.9 | 373.8 | 370.0 | 376.7 | 387.6 | 398.3 | 408.7 | 419.1 |
| Supplements. | 48.4 | 55.1 | 54.6 | 55.6 | 56.9 | 63.3 | 64.6 | 66.1 |
| Net Interest. | 5.0 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.7 | 3.8 |
| Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment. | 74.4 | 84.9 | 82.3 | 85.2 | 91.2 | 96.6 | 100.2 | 104.2 |
| Profts before tax | 79.3 | 91.8 | 89.1 | 92.2 | 98.6 | 111.9 | 121.3 | 121.2 |
| Profts tas liabilit | 37.4 | 42.7 | 41.4 | 42.9 | 45.9 | 52.7 | 57.4 | 57.6 |
| Profits after tax | 41.8 | 49.1 | 47.7 | 49.3 | 52.7 | 59.2 | 63.9 | 63.7 |
| Dividends. | 22.3 | 23.3 | 23.4 | 23.5 | 23.0 | 23.6 | 24.1 | 24.8 |
| Undistributed profts | 19.6 | 25.8 | 24.3 | 25.9 | 29.7 | 35.6 | 39.8 | 38.9 |
| Inventory valuation adjustme | 4.9 | -6.9 | -6.7 | -6.9 | -7.3 | -15. 4 | 21.1 | -17.0 |
| Cash flow, gross of dividends | 102.2 | 115.0 | 113.8 | 115.4 | 120.7 | 128. 5 | 134.4 | 135. 4 |
| Cash flow, net of dividends | 80.0 | 91.7 | 90.5 | 91.9 | 97.7 | 104. 9 | 110.3 | 110.6 |
| Grose product originating in financial institutions. | 32.6 | 35.4 | 35.1 | 35.7 | 36.8 | 38.7 | 40.5 | 41.8 |
| Gross product originating in nonfinancial corporations | 654.1 | 608.9 | 601, 9 | 612.9 | 633.2 | 656.7 | 672.5 | 689.3 |
| Capital consumption allowances. | 58.1 | . 2 | 63.5 | 63.3 | 65.2 | 66. | 67 | 68.6 |
| Indirect business taxes plus transfer payments less subsidies. | 55.1 | 58.0 | 57.4 | 58.4 |  |  | 2 | 63.1 |
| Income originating in nonfinancial corporations. | 440.9 | 487.7 | 481.0 | 491.3 | 508.4 | 529.1 | 542.8 | 557.5 |
| Compensation of | 365.3 | 403.0 | 398.8 | 406.1 | 417.8 | 434.1 | 445. | 456.7 |
| Wages and salaries | 320.3 | 351.5 | 347.8 | 354.1 | 364.6 | 375.0 | 384.9 | 394.8 |
| Supplements. | 43.0 | 51.5 | 51.0 | 51.9 | 53.2 | 59.2 | 60.5 | 61.8 |
| Net interest. | 16.5 | 17.4 | 17.2 | 17.5 | 17.9 | 18.2 | 18.6 | 19.0 |
| Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment | 59.2 | ${ }^{67.3}$ | ${ }^{65.0}$ | ${ }^{67.7}$ | 72.7 | 76.8 | 78.8 | 81.8 |
| Profts before tax | 64. 1 | 74.3 | 71.7 | 74.6 | 80.0 | 92.1 | 99.9 | 98.9 |
| Profts tax liability | 29.7 | 35.0 | ${ }^{33.8}$ | ${ }^{35.2}$ | 37.8 | 44.3 | 48.2 | 47.7 |
| Profits after tax | 34.4 | 39.2 | 37.9 | 39.4 | 42.2 | 47.8 | 51.7 | 51.2 |
| Dividends. | 20.3 | 21.2 | ${ }_{18}^{21.3}$ | 21.4 | 20.9 | 21. | 21. | 22.5 |
| Undistributed profts | 14.1 | 18.1 | 16.6 | 18.1 | 21.2 | 26.4 | 29.8 | 28.6 |
| Inventory valuation adjustmen | -4.9 | -6.9 | -6. 7 | -6.9 | -7.3 | -15.4 | 21.1 | -17.0 |
| Cash flow, gross of dividen | ${ }^{92} 5$ | 102.5 | 101.5 | 102.7 | 107.3 | 114.1 | 119.2 | 119.8 |
| Cash flow, net of dividends | 72.2 | 81.3 | 80.2 | 81.4 | 86.4 | 92.7 | 97.3 | 97.3 |
| Grose product originating in nonfinancial corporations...... | Billions of 1958 dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 442.7 | 475.5 | 471.9 | 477.8 | 489.8 | 503.4 | 509.6 | 517.2 |
|  | Dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollar cost per unit of 1958 dollar gross product orlginating in nonfinancial corporations ${ }^{2}$ $\qquad$ | 1. 252 | 1.281 | 2. 276 | 1.283 | 1.293 | 1.305 | 1.320 | 1.333 |
| Capital consumption allowances...... <br> Indirect business taxes plus transter | ${ }^{131}$ | 133 | . 135 | . 132 | . 133 | . 132 | . 132 | 133 |
| payments less subsidies --........ | . 125 | $.122$ | . 124 | $\begin{aligned} & .122 \\ & .850 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} .122 \\ .853 \end{array}$ | - 122 | . 122 | . 128 |
| Net interest. |  | . 037 | . 036 | . 037 | . 037 | . 036 | . 037 | . 037 |
| Corporate profits and inventory valuation adjustment |  |  |  |  | . 148 |  | . 155 |  |
| Profits tax liability | . 068 | . 148 | . 1372 | . 074 |  | . 088 | . 095 | . 159 |
| Profts after tax plus inventory valuation adjustment. | . 067 | 7 . 068 | . 068 | . 068 | . 071 | . 064 | . 060 | . 066 |

1. Excludes gross product originating in the rest of the world.
2. This is equal to the deflator for gross product of nonfinancial corporations, with the decimal point shifted two places to the left.
3. Personal saving as a percentage of disposable personal income.

| 1971 | 1972 | 1972 |  |  | 1973 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | II | III | IV | I | II | III |
|  |  | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| Billions of dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Personal income | 863.5 | 939.2 | 926.1 | 943.7 | 976.1 | 996. 6 | 1,019.0 | 1,047.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wage and salary disbursemente. | 573.3 | 627.8 | 621.1 | 632.7 | 648.7 | 666.7 | 682.6 | 699.3 |
| Commodity-producing industries. | 206.3 | 226.0 | 223.7 | 227.3 | 234.8 | 241.6 | 248.6 | 255.3 |
| Manufacturing | 160.5 | 175.9 | 174.0 | 177.0 | 183.7 | 189.1 | 194.8 | 199.1 |
| Distributive indus | 138.3 | 151.5 | 150.0 | 152.5 | 156.0 | 159.5 | 163.3 | 167.0 |
| Service Industries | 104.7 | 116.1 | 114.9 | 17.9 | 120.1 | 123.9 | 126.9 | 130.9 |
| Government | 123.9 | 134.2 | 132.6 | 135.0 | 137.8 | 141.6 | 143.7 | 146.1 |
| Other labor income. | 36.6 | 40.7 | 40.2 | 41.3 | 42.3 | 43.3 | 44.2 | 45.3 |
| Proprietors' income | 68.7 | 74.2 | 73.2 | 74.1 | 77.1 | 80.6 | 81.5 | 85.0 |
| Business and profes | 51.9 | 54.0 | 53.3 | 54.3 | 55.3 | 56.3 | 57.1 | 57.9 |
| Farm. | 16.8 | 20.2 | 19.9 | 19.8 | 21.8 | 24.3 | 24.4 | 27.1 |
| Rental income of persons | 24.5 | 24.1 | 22.6 | 24.9 | 24.9 | 24.7 | 24.6 | 25.3 |
| Dividends | 25.1 | 26.0 | 25.9 | 26.2 | 26.4 | 26.9 | 27.3 | 28.1 |
| Personal intereat income | 73.0 | 78.0 | 77.4 | 78.6 | 80.3 | 82.7 | 85.6 | 89.1 |
| Transfer payments old-are, survivors, disability, and | 93.2 | 103.0 | 99.9 | 101.1 | 112.0 | 113.6 | 115.7 | 118.7 |
| health insurance benefits. | 44.5 | 49.6 | 47.3 | 48.0 | 56.4 | 58.3 | 60.0 | 61.8 |
| State unemployment insurance benefits | 5.7 | 5.5 | 6.3 | 5.3 | 4.7 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 1 |
| Veterans benefits. | 11.2 | 12.7 | 12.1 | 12.6 | 14.1 | 13.3 | 13.4 | 13.8 |
| Other. | 31.8 | 35.1 | 34.1 | 35.2 | 36.8 | 37.8 | 38.2 | 39.0 |
| Less: Personal contributions for social insurance. | 30.9 | 34.7 | 34.3 | 35.2 | 35.7 | 41.9 | 42.6 | 43.6 |
| Less: Personal tax and nontax payments | 117.5 | 142.2 | 140.7 | 142.8 | 147.4 | 145.1 | 149.3 | 156.0 |
| Equals: Disposable perso | 746.0 | 797.0 | 785. 4 | 800.9 | 828.7 | 851.5 | 869.7 | 891.1 |
| Leas: Personal outlaye. | 685.8 | 747.2 | 739.5 | 765.1 | 774.3 | 801.5 | 818.7 | 840.1 |
| Personal consumption expenditures.. | 667.2 | 726.5 | 719.2 | 734.1 | 752.6 | 779.4 | 795. 6 | 816.0 |
| Interest padd by consumers | 17.7 | 19.7 | 19.4 | 20.0 | 20.7 | 21.2 | 22.0 | 23.0 |
| Personal transfer payments to forelgners. | 1.0 | 1.0 | 9 | . 0 | 1.1 | 9 | 1.0 | 1.1 |
| Equals: Personal saving | 60.2 | 49.7 | 45.9 | 45.8 | 54.4 | 50.0 | 51.0 | 51.1 |
| Addenda |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, billions of 1958 dollars | 554.9 | 577.9 | 571.6 | 579.3 | 595.1 | 603.9 | 604.8 |  |
| Per capita, current dollars. | 3,603 | 3,816 | 3,765 | 3,831 | 3,955 | 4, 057 | 4, 137 | 4, 231 |
| Per capita, 1958 dollars. | 2,680 | 2,767 | 2,740 | 2,771 | 2,841 | 2,878 | 2,877 | 2,894 |
| Personal saving rate, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ percent. | 8.1 | 6.2 | 5.8 | 5.7 | 6.6 | 5.9 | 5.9 | 5.7 |

Table 11.-PPersonal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type (2.3)

| tures | 667.2 | 726.5 | 719.2 | 734.1 | 752.6 | 779.4 | 795. 6 | 816.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Durable goods. | 103.6 | 117.4 | 115.1 | 120.2 | 122.9 | 132.2 | 132.8 | 132.8 |
| Automobiles and parts. | 46.6 | 52.8 | 51.2 | 55.0 | 55.7 | 60.5 | 59.7 | 59.2 |
| Mobile homes. | 3.3 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 3.7 | 4.4 | 5. 0 | 5. 0 | 4.2 |
| Furniture and household equipment. | 42.1 | 48.1 | 47.3 | 48.6 | 50.0 | 53.7 | 54.4 | 53. 0 |
| Othe | 14.9 | 16.5 | 16.6 | 16.6 | 17.3 | 18.0 | 18.6 | 18.6 |
| Nondurable goods | 278.7 | 299.9 | 297.9 | 302.3 | 310.7 | 322.2 | 330.3 | 341.6 |
| Food and beverag | 136.6 | 145.3 | 144.7 | 146.5 | 149.1 | 154.7 | 158.1 | 164.3 |
| Clothing and sho | 57.0 | 62.3 | 61.7 | 62.9 | 65.1 | 68.3 | 69. | 70.3 |
| Gasoline and oll | 23.5 | 25.5 | 25.0 | 25.8 | 28.6 | 27.5 | 28.8 | 29.5 |
| Other- | 61.5 | 66.8 | 66.6 | 67.2 | 70.0 | 71.7 | 74.2 | 77.5 |
| Services. | 284.9 | 309.2 | 306.2 | 311.6 | 319.0 | 325.0 | 332.6 | 341.6 |
| Housing | 98.5 | 105.5 | 104. 7 | 106.3 | 107.9 | 110.6 | 113.3 | 115.8 |
| Household oper | 39.7 | 43.8 | ${ }^{43.2}$ | 44.5 | 45.7 | 46.5 | 47.1 | ${ }_{23}^{48.7}$ |
| Transportation | 20.4 | 21.8 138.0 | ${ }_{136}^{21.7}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other | 126.3 | 138.0 | 136.6 | 138.9 | 143.1 | 145.1 | 149.0 | 153.4 |

Table 12.-Foreign Transactions in the National Income and Product Accounts (4.1)

| Receiptafrom foreigners | 67.0 | 74.2 | 70.6 | 74.7 | 80.4 | 89.7 | 97.2 | 104. 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Exports of goods and services. | 66.3 | 73.5 | 69.9 | 74.0 | 79.7 | 89.7 | 97.2 | 104.5 |
| Capital grants recelved by the United States. | 7 | . 7 | . 7 | . 7 | . 7 | . 0 | 0 | . 0 |
| Paymente to foreigners | 67.0 | 74.2 | 70.6 | 74.7 | 80.4 | 89.7 | 97.2 | 104. 5 |
| Imports of goods and services | 65.5 | 78.1 | 75.6 | 77.7 | 83.2 | 89.7 | 94.4 | 97.0 |
| Transfers to foreigners. | 3.6 | 3.7 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 3.5 | 3.0 | 3.3 | 3.5 |
| Personal. | 1.0 | 1.0 | $\stackrel{.9}{8}$ | 1.0 | 1.1 | 2. ${ }^{19}$ | 2.3 | 1.15 |
| Government | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.8 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Not forelgn investment | -2.1 | -7.6 | -8.7 | -6.9 | -6.3 | -3.0 | 5 | 4.0 |


| 1971 | 1972 | 1972 |  |  | 1973 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | II | III | IV | I | II | III |
|  |  | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| Billions of dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 13.-Federal Government Receipts and Expenditures (3.1, 3.2)

| Federal Government receipte | 198.9 | 228. 7 | 225.4 | 229.6 | 236.9 | 253.6 | 262.4 | 269.5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Personal tax and nontax receipts | 89.9 | 107.9 | 106.6 | 108.1 | 111.3 | 108.5 | 111.4 | 116.9 |
| Corporate profits tax accruals. | 33.3 | 37.8 | 36.7 | 38.0 | 40.7 | 48.6 | 50.8 | 51.0 |
| Indirect business tax and nontax accruals. | 20.4 | 19.9 | 19.7 | 19.9 | 20.3 | 20.7 | 21.2 | 20.8 |
| Contributions for soclal insurance..- | 55.2 | 63.0 | 62.4 | 63.6 | 64.6 | 77.8 | 79.1 | 80.8 |
| Federal Government expenditures. | 221.0 | 244.6 | 244.4 | 237.0 | 260.3 | 258.6 | 262.4 | 265.6 |
| Purchases of goods and ser | 98.1 | 104.4 | 106. 7 | 102.3 | 102. 7 | 105.5 | 107.3 | 106. 8 |
| National defense | 71.6 | 74.4 | 76.6 | 71.9 | 72.4 | 74.3 | 74.2 | 74.2 |
| Other | 26.5 | 30.1 | 30.1 | 30.4 | 30.3 | 31.2 | 33.1 | 32.7 |
| Transfer payments. | 74.9 | 82.9 | 80.1 | 80.8 | 91.0 | 91.8 | 93.8 | 96.6 |
| To persons......- | 72.3 | 80.1 | 77.3 | 78.0 | 88.5 | 89.7 | 91.5 | 94.2 |
| To foreigners (net) | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 2.5 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.5 |
| Grants-In-aid to State and local governments. | 29.1 | 37.7 | 38.0 | 34.4 | 46.1 | 41.1 | 40.5 | 40.5 |
| Net interest paid. | 13.6 | 13.5 | 13.6 | 13.4 | 13.7 | 14.7 | 15.6 | 16.2 |
| Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises | 5.3 | 6.1 | 5.9 | 6.2 | 6.7 | 5.5 | 5.1 | 5.3 |
| Subsidies. | 3. 9 | 5.5 | 5.1 | 6.1 | 6.1 | 4.6 | 3.9 | 3.8 |
| Current surplus.-.-.-..-.-.-....- | $-1.4$ | -. 6 | -. 8 | -. 1 | $-.6$ | $-.9$ | $-1.2$ | $-1.5$ |
| Less: Wage accruals less disbursements. | . 0 | . 0 | -. 1 | . 0 | . 0 | . 0 | -. 1 | . 0 |
| Surplus or deficit ( - ), national income and product accounts.... | -22.2 | -15.9 | -19.0 | -7.4 | -23.4 | -5.0 | . 0 | 4.0 |

Table 14.—State and Local Government Receipts and Expenditures $(3.3,3.4)$

| State and local ge | 152.3 | 177.2 | 175.9 | 175, 3 | 191.2 | 190.2 | 192.8 | 196.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Personal tax and nontax rece | 27.7 | 34.3 | 34.1 | 34.6 | 36.1 | 36.6 | 37.9 | 39.1 |
| Corporste profits tax accruals. | 4.1 | 4.9 | 4.7 | 4.9 | 5.2 | 6.1 | 6.6 | 6.6 |
| Indirect business tax and nontax accruals. | 82.0 | 89.6 | 88.7 | 90.6 | 92.5 | 94.9 | 96.0 | 97.7 |
| Contributions for soci | 9.4 | 10.7 | 10.5 | 10.9 | 11.3 | 11.6 | 11.8 | 12.1 |
| Federsl grants-in- | 29.1 | 37.7 | 38.0 | 34.4 | 46.1 | 41.1 | 40.5 | 40.5 |
| State and local government expenditures. | 148.3 | 164.0 | 160.8 | 165, 9 | 171.6 | 176.4 | 181.2 | 185.7 |
| Purcha | 136.2 | 150.5 | 147.5 | 152.4 | 158.0 | 163.0 | 168.0 | 172.2 |
| Transfer payments to perso | 16. 6 | 18.2 | 18.0 | 18.5 | 18.8 | 19.1 | 19.4 | 19.5 |
| Net interest paid...... | -. 2 | -. 4 | -. 4 | -. 5 | -. 6 | -1.2 | -1.6 | $-1.3$ |
| Subsidies less current sur government enterprises <br> Subsidtes | -4.1 | -4.4 .0 | -4.4 .0 | -4.5 .0 | -4.6 -0 | -4.6 .0 | -4.7 .0 | $-4.7$ |
| Current surplus | 4.2 | 4.5 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 4.6 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.8 |
| Less: Wage accruals less disbursements. | . 2 | -. 1 | $-.1$ | . 0 | . 0 | . 0 | -. 1 | . 0 |
| Surplue or deficit ( - ), national income and product accounts. | 4.0 | 13.1 | 15.2 | 9.5 | 19.6 | 13.9 | 11.5 | 10.4 |

Table 15.-Sources and Uses of Gross Saving (5.1)

| Groee private matng | 171.9 | 174.2 | 170.0 | 170.3 | 186.0 | 181.5 | 183.0 | 188.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ${ }_{\text {Personal savin }}$ |  | 49.7 29.3 | 45.9 27.5 | 45.8 29.4 | [4.4 | 50.0 40.0 | 51.0 4.2 | 1 |
| Corporate tinventory valuation ad- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| justment................... | -4.9 | -6.9 | -6. 7 | -6.9 | -7.3 |  |  |  |
| ailowances. | 60.4 | 65.9 | 66.2 | 66.0 | 68.0 | 69.3 | 70.5 |  |
| Noncorporate capital consumption |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wage accruals less disbursements |  | -. 3 | -. 27 | -. 2 | $\stackrel{3}{.0}$ | . 0 | 1 | 8 |
| Government surplus or deficit ( - ), nationalincomeand productecounts. |  | -2.8 | -3.9 | 2.0 | -3.8 | 8.9 | 11.6 | 14.3 |
|  | 4.0 | 13.1 | -15.2 | -7.4 | 19.6 | -5.0 13.9 | 11.5 | 4.0 10.4 |
| Capital granta received by the United Statee | . 7 | . 7 | . 7 | . 7 |  | . 0 | 0 |  |
| Grose inveesment | 151.1 | 170.6 | 165.9 | 174.7 | 183.1 | 191.5 | 197.7 | 206.0 |
| Net foreign investment. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 163 \end{aligned}\right.$ | ${ }_{-7.6}^{178.3}$ | $\left.\right\|_{-8.7} ^{174.7}$ | ${ }_{-6.9}^{181.5}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 189.4 \\ & \hline 6.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 194.5 \\ & -3.0 \end{aligned}\right.$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{r} 198.2 \\ -.5 \end{array}\right.$ | 202.0 4.0 |
| Statiotical diecrepa | -3.4 | -1.5 | -1.0 | 1.6 | . 2 | 1.1 | 3.2 | 3.7 |


| 1971 | 1972 | 1972 |  |  | 1973 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | II | III | IV | I | II | III |
|  |  | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |
| Index numbers, 1958 $=100$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 16.-Implicit Price Deflators for Gross National Product (8.1)

| Groes national product | 141.60 | 146. 10 | 145. 42 | 146. 42 | 147. 63 | 149.81 | 152. 46 | 155. 06 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Personal consumption expenditurea. .- | 134. 4 | 137.9 | 137. 4 | 138.2 | 139.2 | 141.0 | 143.8 | 146.2 |
| Durable goods | 112.3 | 112.8 | 112.9 | 113.5 | 112.5 | 113.0 | 114.3 | 115. 1 |
| Nondurable goo | 131.7 | 135. 7 | 135. 0 | 136. 0 | 137.6 | 140.8 | 144.8 | 148. 4 |
| Services. | 148.0 | 153.2 | 152.5 | 153.5 | 155.3 | 157.0 | 159.0 | 160.7 |
| Gross private domestic investment..... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fixed investment | 140.1 | 145.7 | 145.0 | 146.3 | 147.6 | 149.7 | 152. 7 | 154.4 |
| Nonresidential | 137.3 | 141.3 | 141.1 | 141.8 | 142.1 | 143.5 | 146.5 | 148. 1 |
| Structures | 168.4 | 181.7 | 180.4 | 182.2 | 186.0 | 190.7 | 193.9 | 195.9 |
| Producers' durable equip | 124.2 | 126.0 | 125.9 | 126.8 | 126.3 | 126.8 | 129.3 | 130.3 |
| Residential struct | 147.5 | 156.3 | 154.4 | 157.0 | 161.2 | 165.6 | 168.6 | 171.6 |
| Nonfar | 147.5 | 156.4 | 154.5 | 157.1 | 161.3 | 165.6 | 168.6 | 171.7 |
| Farm | 141.9 | 150.8 | 149.0 | 151.5 | 156.0 | 159.2 | 162.7 | 165.7 |
| Change in business inventories |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net exports of goods and eervices. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports | 125.7 | 130.2 | 129.2 | 130.7 | 133.7 | 137.4 | 145.9 | 155.0 |
| Imports. | 125.0 | 133.6 | 133.0 | 135.2 | 137.8 | 141.8 | 154.5 | 161.7 |
| Government purchagef of goods and services. | 169. 2 | 178.3 | 176.6 | 179.6 | 181.6 | 186.0 | 189.6 | 192.5 |
| Federal | 160.9 | 171.7 | 169.8 | 173.9 | 175.5 | 181.2 | 184.4 | 186.8 |
| State and local | 175.8 | 183.2 | 181.9 | 183.7 | 185.9 | 189.2 | 193.1 | 196.1 |

Table 17.-Implicit Price Deflators for Gross National Product by Major Type of Product (8.2)


Table 19.-Gross National Product: Change from Preceding Period (7.7)

| Grose national product; | Percent |  | Percent at annual rate |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 8.03.2 | 9.4 | 11.2 | 8.7 | 11.7 | 15.2 | 9.9 | 10.6 |
|  |  |  | 11.5 | 5.8 | 8.1 | 8.7 | 2.4 |  |
| Implicit price deflato | 4.75.1 | 3.23.6 | 1.62.6 | 2.8 | 3.3 | 6.1 | 7.3 | 7.0 |
| Chain price index... |  |  |  |  | 3.9 | 7.1 | 7.0 | 7.0 |
| Grose private product; | 7.9 | 9.6 | 12.1 | 8.7 | 12.2 | 15.5 | 10.3 | 11.1 |
| Current dollars.-.-. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Constant dollars, | 3.5444 | 6. <br> 2.9 <br> 2.1 | +1.4 | 8.82.73.2 | - $\begin{array}{r}3.5 \\ 3.9\end{array}$ | 5.76.5 | 7.67.2 | 7.37.1 |
| Implicit price deffato |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

# Capital Spending Expected to Rise 

Plant and Equipment Expenditures



- Expectations
U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis


## Through First Fali of 1974

BUSINESS expenditures for new plant and equipment rose 3 percent from the second quarter of 1973 to the third, to a seasonally adjusted annual rate of $\$ 100.9$ billion, according to the survey conducted in late October and November by the Bureau of Economic Analysis. Businessmen project advances of 4 percent in the fourth quarter, 3 percent in the first quarter of 1974, and $31 / 2$ percent in the second quarter. For the full year 1973, spending is expected to total $\$ 100.1$ billion, ${ }^{1} 13.2$ percent higher than outlays in 1972. The latest projection for 1973 is almost the same as the May and August projections but about half of 1 percent less than the February projection (table 1). The gain expected for 1973 compares with increases of 9 percent in 1972 and 2 percent in 1971.

It should be noted that most of the responses to the latest survey were received by mid-November, and it is unlikely that they reflect any significant impact of the Arab oil embargo. However, supply problems that had already arisen, or been forecast, involving various raw materials and sources of energy-including petroleum prod-ucts-are reflected in the survey projections to the extent that businessmen were aware of such problems and formulated their investment programs accordingly.

Manufacturers reported a strong increase in spending from the second to the third quarter of 1973-6 percentwith large gains in both durable and nondurable goods industries. Aggregate outlays by manufacturers exceeded

[^1]their August projections by $1 \frac{1}{2}$ percent, with outlays substantially above expectations in the nonferrous metals, machinery, paper, and chemical industries. Nonmanufacturing outlays as a whole rose $1 \frac{1}{2}$ percent in the third quarter with increases in the railroad, utility, communication, "other transportation," and mining industries, and declines in the airline and commercial industries. Aggregate nonmanufacturing outlays were $2 \frac{1}{2}$ percent short of expectations, with all major industries

|  | ${ }_{\text {Actual }}^{1972}$ | Expected 1973 as reported in: |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Feb. | May | Aug. | Nov. |
| All industri | 8.9 | 13.8 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 |
| Manufacturing ${ }^{\text {-. }}$ | 4.5 | 18.0 | 18.5 | 19.4 | 21.2 |
| Durable goode ${ }^{\text {1.- }}$ | 10.5 | 19.6 | 21.7 | 21.9 | 24.0 |
| Primary metals | -1.1 | 24.0 | 20.4 | 25.7 | 26.6 |
|  | -9.4 | 10.8 | ${ }_{29}^{15.5}$ | 16.9 36.6 | 13.1 |
| Nonferrous- | 10.0 | 38.6 | 29.4 | 36.6 | 41.7 |
| Eliectrical ma- | 11.7 | 14.4 | 18.9 | 18.6 | 3 |
| Machinery, except electrical | 3.3 | 12.4 | 13.1 | 13.5 | 20.1 |
| Transportation, |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motor vehicles.-. | 20.7 | 19.2 | 14.8 | 17.6 | ${ }_{22.8}^{21.8}$ |
| Stone, clay, and ${ }^{\text {Al }}$ | 12.2 | 22.0 | 20.2 | 21.8 | 23.2 |
| glass... | 41.9 |  |  | 24.0 | ${ }_{28}^{24.9}$ |
| Nondurable goods ${ }^{\text {1 }}$.. | -. 7 | 16.5 | 15.4 | 16.9 | 18.4 |
| Food including |  |  |  |  |  |
| Teetilio........ | -5.1 | -6.3 | ${ }_{-3.2}^{16.6}$ | 18.7 | 8.1 |
| ${ }_{\text {Paper }}{ }_{\text {Pramal }}$ | ${ }^{10.5}$ | 25.1 20.3 | ${ }_{20.2}^{24.5}$ | 20.0 | ${ }_{25.4}^{37.0}$ |
| Petroleum | -10.3 | ${ }^{10} 3$ | 4.1 | 3.8 4.8 | 3.0 |
| Rubber- ${ }_{\text {Other }}$ | ${ }^{28.2}$ | ${ }^{37.8}$ | 23.5 | ${ }_{25.9}^{4}$ | 4. |
| Nonmanufacturing | 11.5 | 11.4 | 10.3 | 9.9 | 8.7 |
| Mining. | 11.6 | 9. 2 | 13.3 | 17.1 | 14.2 |
| Railiroad | ${ }^{2} 8$ | ${ }_{-3.8}^{6.8}$ | -10, |  |  |
| Other transportation. | 5.1 | 4.5 | 5.5 | 5.6 | 10.2 |
| Public utilit | 11.1 | 16.6 | 15.7 | 13.9 | 12. |
| , | ${ }^{12.6}$ | ${ }^{16.5}$ | 14.9 | 12.5 | ${ }_{12}^{12.2}$ |
| ${ }_{\text {come }}^{\text {Gas and other- }}$ | 3.2 10.4 | 12.8 | 20.5 | 11.3 |  |
| Commercial and | 11.2 | 10.4 | - 9 | 6.7 | 5.8 |

1. Inciudes industries not shown separately.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

Table 2.-Expenditures for New Plant and Equipment, 1973-74
(Billions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates)

|  | 1973 |  |  |  | 1974 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV ${ }^{1}$ | 11 | II ${ }^{1}$ |
| All Industries. | 96. 19 | 97.76 | 100.90 | 104,94 | 108. 16 | 111.92 |
| Manufacturing. | 35.51 | 36.58 | 38.81 | 40.54 | 42.92 | 45.12 |
| Durable goods.-. | 17.88 | 18.64 | 19.73 | 20.94 | 22.21 | 22. 69 |
| Nondurable goods. | 17.63 | 17.94 | 19.08 | 19.60 | 20.71 | 22. 43 |
| Nonmanufacturing- | 60.68 | 61.18 | 62.09 | 64.40 | 65.24 | 66.80 |

1. As expected in late October and November.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.
except nonrail transportation showing shortfalls.

The increase in capital expenditures in the third quarter was the eighth successive quarterly advance. Manufacturers' spending rose faster than spending by nonmanufacturing industries in seven of these eight quarters; in each of the past four quarters, the rise in manufacturing outlays has equaled or exceeded 3 percent, a rate that has been recorded for nonmanufacturing spending in only two of the past eight quarters. Manufacturers project an average quarterly increase of 5.2 percent from the third quarter of 1973 to the second quarter of 1974 , somewhat less than their average increase of 5.8 percent from the third quarter of 1972
to the third quarter of 1973. The average quarterly lise projected for nonmanufacturing outlays through mid1974 is 2.5 percent, compared with 2.3 percent for the past four quarters.

## Manufacturers' expectations

All major durable goods industries except nonferrous metals expect sizable percentage increases in spending from the third quarter to the fourth; in nondurables manufacturing, only the petroleum, textile, and "other nondurables" industries expect increases. Total manufacturers' outlays are expected to advance $41 / 2$ percent from the third quarter to the fourth.
Manufacturers expect an increase of 6 percent in the first quarter of 1974

Table 3.—Equipment Expenditures From Year-Earlier Quarter, Last Two Quarters of 1972 and First Three Quarters of 1973


1. The percentages shown do not add to 100 since the companies reporting no change in expenditures are not shown. Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.
and 5 percent in the second, with advances for most major industries in both the durables and nondurables categories. Outlays in the first half of 1974 are expected to be 11 percent above the second half of 1973 and 22 percent above the first half of this year. If the expectations are realized, manufacturers' spending in the second quarter will be about 55 percent above the recent low recorded in the third quarter of 1971. Current indications are that the steepest advances from 1971 will be in the nonferrous metals, transportation equipment, stone-clay-glass, paper, rubber, and "other nondurables" industries; other industries with large indicated increases are iron and steel, machinery, "other durables," textiles, and chemicals. The smallest increase currently indicated is in the petroleum industry; investment by this industry has been sluggish over the past 2 years, generally ranging from about 80 to 90 percent of the industry's most recent peak in the second quarter of 1971. According to some industry and trade sources, the relative weakness in petro-

CHART 4

## Manufacturers' Evaluation of Existing Capacity*

Percent of Capital Assets Held by Respondents Reporting -



*Relative to prospective operations during the ensuing 12 -month period.
leum investment reflects uncertainties relating to the availability of crude oil.

Table 3 shows a measure of the pervasiveness of the expansion in manufacturers' outlays, calculated by matching outlays reported by each company in the survey sample for a given quarter with those reported by the company in the year-earlier quarter. In the third quarter of 1973,57 percent of the companies reported over-the-year increases in expenditures, about the same percentage as in the preceding three quarters; this is somewhat higher than the ratio of approximately 50 percent in early- and mid-1972. In the third quarter, the percentage of over-the-year increases moved up sharply in the primary metals, transportation equipment, paper, and petroleum industries.

Probably the most important factor behind the strong expansion in manu-
facturers' capital outlays over the past year has been the increase in utilization of their capacity. The Federal Reserve series on overall capacity utilization in manufacturing rose from 76 percent in the first quarter of 1972 to 83 percent in the third quarter of 1973. The Federal Reserve's new-and separately esti-mated-series on capacity utilization in the major materials industries shows a rate of 96 percent for the third quarter compared with 88 percent in the first quarter of 1972. According to the BEA survey, companies owning 51 percent of fixed assets in manufacturing reported that facilities were inadequate as of September 30, taking account of current and prospective sales over the next 12 months; this was an increase from 48 percent at June 30 (table 4). The "need more" percentage rose for both durable and nondurable goods industries. The "about adequate" per-
centage declined to 46 percent at September 30 from 49 percent at June 30, while the "excess" percentage held at 3 percent.

## Manufacturers' starts and carryover

Manufacturers' expectations of rising outlays in the current quarter and the first half of 1974 are supported by the recent high rate of new project starts. Projects started by manufacturers in the third quarter totaled $\$ 12.1$ billion, seasonally adjusted, less than the record $\$ 12.4$ billion in the second quarter but 30 percent above the third quarter of 1972. Starts in the petroleum industry dropped sharply in the third quarter from the unusually large second quarter level. Excluding the petroleum indus-

## Starts and Carryover of Investment Projects


*Caryover as of end of period.
try, manufacturers' starts rose $101 / 2$ percent in the third quarter, with substantial increases in the food-beverage and chemical industries.

The value of new projects started by manufacturing companies exceed their capital expenditures in the third quarter, resulting in an increase in carryover-the amounts still to be spent on plant and equipment projects already underway. Manufacturers' seasonally adjusted carryover at September 30 totaled $\$ 29.6$ billion, up $\$ 2.4$ billion from the end of June and $\$ 9$ billion above the year-earlier figure.

## Nonmanufacturing industries

Aggregate spending by nonmanufacturing industries is expected to advance $33 / 4$ percent in the fourth quarter of 1973,1 percent in the first quarter of 1974 , and 2 percent in the second quarter. Most of the increase scheduled for the fourth quarter is attributable to public utility firms, with electric utilities expecting an increase of 12 percent and gas and other utilities
expecting an increase of 30 percent. Communications firms expect an increase of about 6 percent, and railroads and the mining inudstry expect very small increases. Airlines and other nonrail transportation firms expect sizable declines, and commercial firms expect a small decline.

In the first half of 1974 , total expenditures by nonmanufacturing firms are expected to be 4 percent above the second half of 1973 and 8 percent above the first half. Large increases from the second half of 1973 to the first half of 1974 are expected by railroads (27 percent) and electric utility firms ( 10 percent). Mining, communication, commercial, and "other transportation" firms expect small increases, and small declines are expected by airlines and gas utilities.

Railroads project spending at an annual rate of about $\$ 2 \frac{1}{2}$ billion in the first half of 1974 ; if realized, this will be the highest rate since the peak set in 1966. The industry's earnings also
reached a peak in 1966, and have since been well below the peak, while capital outlays fluctuated between 60 and 80 percent of the 1966 figure. Data on new and unfilled orders for freight cars confirm the expectations of a rise in the industry's capital investment in the near term, and earnings have shown some improvement during the past several quarters.

The value of new projects started by public utilities reached a record $\$ 11.2$ billion in the third quarter, up $\$ 1.2$ billion from the second quarter; carryover totaled $\$ 59.1$ billion at September 30 , up from $\$ 52.5$ billion at June 30 . The rapid advance in utility carry-over-more than doubling in the past 2 years-reflects the initiation of many large electric generating plants requiring long construction periods. At June 30, 1971, 6 percent of electric utility firms had carryover equal to or exceeding 15 times their expenditures in the preceding quarter; at September 30,1973 , the proportion of firms in this category had risen to 27 percent.

Table 5.-Starts and Carryover of Plant and Equipment Projects, Manufacturing and Public Utilities, 1970-73 (Billions of dollars)

|  | Starts 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Carryover ${ }^{2}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  |  | 1972 |  |  |  | 1973 |  |  | 1972 |  |  |  | 1973 |  |  |
|  | 1970 | 1971 | 1972 | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | Mar. | June | Sept. | Dec. | Mar. | June | Sept. |
| Manufacturing ${ }^{2}$. | 29.18 | 28.00 | 35. 35 | 7.87 | 8.31 | 8.88 | 10.15 | 11.08 | 12.11 | 11, 50 | 18,76 | 19.44 | 20.58 | 21.36 | 24.63 | 27.58 | 29.46 |
| Durable goode ${ }^{\text {a }}$ - Primary metals. | 14.04 2.55 | 13.59 2.44 | 17.07 3.19 | 3.71 .88 | 3.98 .61 | $\begin{array}{r}4.30 \\ \hline 91\end{array}$ | 5.08 .79 | 5. 34 11.16 | 5. 86 1.14 | 5.83 1.23 1.28 | 9.52 2.96 | 9.79 2.92 | $\begin{array}{r}10.22 \\ 3.14 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 10.54 3.12 | 11.95 | 13.16 3.94 3. | 14.14 4.26 |
| Electrical machinery. | 2.18 | 1.82 | 2.34 | . 42 | .60 | . 57 | . 76 | $\stackrel{1}{.71}$ | ${ }^{1 .} 74$ | 1.23 .74 | 1. 58 | 1.62 | 1.61 | 1. 57 | 1.72 | 1.83 | 1.86 |
| Machinery except electrical | 3.29 | 2. 59 | 3.11 | . 63 | . 73 | . 76 | 1.00 | . 87 | . 97 | . 86 | . 80 | . 84 | . 88 | . 98 | 1.14 | 1. 24 | 1.27 |
| Transportation equipment Stone, | 2.04 .82 | 2.34 <br> .94 <br> 1 | 2. 66 1. 46 | . 34 | .69 .40 | . 73 | . 77 | . 88 | . 98 | 1.00 .52 | 2.43 .62 | 2.43 .74 | 2.60 .81 | 2. .85 .80 | 2.81 .84 | 3. 04 1.00 | 3.24 |
| Nondurable gooda 3...... | 15.14 | 14.42 | 18.28 | 4.16 | 4.33 | 4.58 | 5.07 | 5.74 | 6.26 | 5. 67 | 9.24 | 9.66 | 10.36 | 10.82 | 12.68 | 14.43 | 15,32 |
| Food including beverage. | 2. 50 | 2.49 | 3.13 | . 64 | . 68 | . 88 | $\mathbf{. 8 0}$ | . 72 | $\underline{.90}$ | 1.24 | 1.08 | 1.13 | 1. 29 | 1.43 | 1.50 | 1. 62 | 2.04 |
| Textile. | . 49 | . 71 | . 64 | . 18 | . 18 | . 15 | . 12 | . 31 | . 20 | . 16 | . 31 | . 29 | . 27 | . 21 | . 35 | . 37 | . 33 |
| Paper-- | 1. 54 | 1.00 | 1.60 | . 34 | . 39 | . 33 | . 54 | . 58 | . 54 | . 51 | . 79 | . 83 | . 84 | . 94 | 1.16 | 1.24 | 1. 23 |
| Petroleum... | 3.06 <br> 3. 64 <br> 18 | 3. 25 B. 14 | 3. 92 6.15 | 1.96 1.39 | 1.87 1.49 | 1. 1.81 | . 1.01 | 1. 1.74 | 1.44 | 1.86 1.12 | 2. 54 | 2.56 | 2.83 3 3 | 2.80 3.99 | 3. 50 | 3.88 | 4. 51 |
| Public utilities. | 17.20 | 22.22 | 28.60 | 9.16 | 5.04 | 5. 20 | 9.19 | 11.88 | 8. 46 | 8.21 | 35.80 | 36,61 | 37.42 | 41.87 | 49.80 | 53.67 | 57.07 |
| Adjusted for Sleasonal Variation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 7.81 | 8.43 | 9.28 | 9.73 | 10.89 | 12.36 | 12.09 | 18.35 | 19.19 | 20.72 | 22.04 | 24.05 | 27.26 | 29,65 |
| Darable gooda ${ }^{2}$ - |  |  |  | 3.63 | 4.09 | 4.53 | 4.84 | 5. 19 | 6. 02 | 6. 18 | 9.28 | 9.67 | 10.29 | 10.91 | 11. 64 | 13.00 | 14.24 |
| Primary metals |  |  |  | . 80 | . 68 | . 91 | . 84 | . 99 | 1. 24 | 1.24 | 2.88 | 2.90 | 3. 12 | 3.26 | 3.49 | 3.90 | 4.23 |
| Electrical machinery-...-- |  |  |  | . 37 | - 67 | . 63 | . 65 | - 69 | . 88 | . 81 | 1. 81 | 1. 63 | 1.64 | 1.62 | 1. 64 | ${ }_{1}^{1.82}$ | 1.89 |
| Transportation equipment |  |  |  | . 68 | . 73 | . 82 | .84 | . 94 | .988 | .98 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 2. } \\ \text { 2 } \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ | 1.83 2.36 | 1.93 2.47 | - ${ }^{1.67}$ | 1.80 | 1.22 3.00 | 1.30 |
| Stone, clay, and glass..... |  |  |  | . 30 | . 42 | . 35 | . 40 | . 30 | . 57 | . 50 | . 59 | . 74 | . 79 | . 85 | . 81 | 1.01 | 1.13 |
| Nondurable goods ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ - |  |  |  | 4. 18 | 4.35 | 4.74 | 4.99 | 5.70 | 6.34 | 5.91 | 9.07 | 9.52 | 10.43 | 11.12 | 12.41 | 14.26 | 15.40 |
| Food including beverage. |  |  |  | . 70 | . 64 | . 84 | . 80 | . 79 | . 85 | 1. 19 | 1. 08 | 1. 12 | 1. 28 | 1.44 | 1.51 | 1. 61 | 2. 01 |
| Textile. |  |  |  | . 18 | . 16 | . 15 | . 14 | . 31 | . 17 | . 17 | . 31 | . 28 | . 28 | . 23 | . 35 | 135 | . 32 |
| Paper--.-- |  |  |  | . 31 | . 41 | . 35 | . 53 | . 54 | . 58 | . 53 | . 75 | . 82 | . 85 | . 99 | 1. 10 | 1.22 | 1. 25 |
| Chemical.... |  |  |  | . 87 | . 86 | 1.12 | 1.08 | 1.46 | 1.45 | 1.91 | 2.49 | 2. 52 | 2.80 | 2.93 | 3.42 | 3.83 | 4. 58 |
| Petroleum... |  |  |  | 1. 40 | 1.62 | 1. 69 | 1.54 | 1. 72 | 2.56 | 1.26 | 3.29 | 3. 53 | 3.87 | 4.05 | 4.47 | 6.74 | 5.65 |
| Public utilities. |  |  |  | 6. 40 | 6.16 | 7.59 | 8.92 | 7.94 | 10.00 | 11.25 | 33.75 | 35.76 | 39.10 | 43.64 | 46.99 | 52.47 | 59.08 |

1. Starts are estimated by adding changes in carryover to expenditures during given period. 2. Carryover refers to expenditures yet to be incurred in plant and equipment projects alroady undery ay at end of pariod.
2. Includes data not shown separately.
3. Includes guided missiles and space vehicles.

Nore.-Details may not add to totals because of rounding.
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

Table 6.-Expenditures for New Plant and Equipment by U.S. Business, ${ }^{1}$ 1971-74
(In billions of dollars)

|  | Annual |  |  | Quarterly, unadjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Quarterly, seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1971 | 1972 | 19732 | 1972 |  |  |  | 1973 |  |  |  | $\frac{1974}{I^{2}}$ | 1972 |  |  |  | 1973 |  |  |  | $\frac{1974}{I^{2}}$ |
|  |  |  |  | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV ${ }^{2}$ |  | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV ${ }^{1}$ |  |
| All industries $\qquad$ <br> Manufacturing industries $\qquad$ | 81.21 | 88.44 | 100.08 | 19.38 | 22.01 | 21.86 | 25.20 | 21. 50 | 24.73 | 25.04 | 28,81 | 24. 19 | 86.79 | 87.12 | 87.67 | 91.94 | 96. 19 | 97.76 | 100.90 | 104.94 | 108.16 |
|  | 29.99 | 31.35 | 38.00 | 6.61 | 7.63 | 7.74 | 9.38 | 7.80 | 9.16 | 9.62 | 11.42 | 9. 43 | 30.09 | 30, 37 | 30.98 | 33. 64 | 35. 51 | 36. 58 | 38.81 | 40. 54 | 42.92 |
| Durable goods. | 14.15 | 15. 64 | 19.393.48 | 3.29 | 3.71 | 3.86.69 | $\begin{array}{r}4.77 \\ .80 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3.92.67 | 4.85.80 | 4.84 | 5, 97 | 4.87 | 15.06 | $\begin{array}{r} 14.77 \\ 2.63 \end{array}$ | 15. 67 | 16.86 | 17.88 | 18.64 | 19.733.64 | 20.94 | 22.214.22 |
| Primary metals ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 2.78 | 2.75 |  |  | 3. .65 .61 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{\|r\|} \hline 4.04 \\ .91 \\ .34 \end{array}$ | 1. 10 | . 4.92 | 15.82 |  | 2.76 | 2.78 | 3.08 |  |  |  |  |
| Blast furnace, steel works | 1.37 | 1. 24 | 1.41 | . 25 | . 31 | . 31 | . 37 | . 27 | . 34 |  | . 46 | . 36 | 1.24 | 1.25 | 1.23 | 1.26 | 1.42 | 1.37 | 1.83 | 1.52 | 1. 752. 61 |
| Nonferrous...... | 1.08 | 1.18 | 1. 68 | .28 | . 25 | . 30 | . 35 | . 33 | . 37 | . 45 | . 53 | . 46 | 1.27 | 1.05 | 1.20 | 1.22 |  | 1.55 |  | 1.85 |  |
| Electrical machinery | 2.14 | 2.39 | 2.90 |  | . 56 | . 58 | . 80 | . 56 | . 66 | . 72 |  | . 64 | 2.14 | 2.25 | 2.41 | 2.65 | 2.733.23 | 2.693.44 | 2.99 | 3.103.74 | 3.084.09 |
| Machinery except electrical. | 2.80 | 2.90 | 3. 48 | . 58 | . 69 | . 72 | . 90 | . 71 | . 87 | . 83 | 1. ${ }^{+96}$ | . 90 | 2.60 | 2.73 | 2.41 2.99 | 2.20 |  |  | 2.99 3.43 |  |  |
| Transportation equipment ${ }^{3}$ | 2.13 | 2.53 | 3. 66 | $\begin{aligned} & .55 \\ & .39 \\ & .09 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} .63 \\ .46 \\ .10 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & .63 \\ & .45 \\ & .11 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 72 \\ .53 \\ .18 \end{array}$ | . 62 | . 74 | . 80 | . 90 | . 83 | 2.48 | 2.481.79.43 | 2.40 | 2.76 | 2.81 | 2.92 | 3.12 | 3.36 | 3. 74 |
| Motor vehicles --........... | $\begin{array}{r} 1.81 \\ .38 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1.83 \\ .43 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2.24 \\ .53 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  | .43.12 | .54.12 | .60.13 | .67.15 | .60.15 | $\begin{array}{r}1.71 \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 1.72 | 2. 08 | 2.81 1.97 | 2.09 | 3.122.35.51 | 2.52.66 | 2.77.69 |
| Aircraft ${ }^{\text {- }}$-....- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | . 42 | . 42 | . 56 | . 50 |  |  |  |
| Stone, clay, and glass | $\begin{array}{r} .85 \\ \mathbf{3 . 4 5} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.20 \\ & 3.87 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.50 \\ & 4.97 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & .26 \\ & .84 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & .28 \\ & .91 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} .29 \\ .95 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} .38 \\ 1.17 \end{array}$ | .331.03 | .371.20 | .361.23 | 1. 44 | .381.21 | 1.12 | 3. 69 | 1.223.89 | 1.364.10 | 1.384.65 | 1.484.82 | 1.535.02 | 1. 60 | 1. 59 |
| Other durables ${ }^{\text {s }}$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3.90 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5.34 | 5. 49 |
| Nondurable goods. | 15.84 | 15.72 | 18.61 | 3.32 | 3.92 | 3.87 | 4.61 | 3.88 | 4.51 | 4.78 | 5.45 | 4. 56 | 15.02 | 15. 60 | 15. 31 | 16.78 | 17.63 | 17.94 | 19.08 | 19.60 | 20.71 |
| Food including beverag | 2.69 | 2. 55 | 3. 05 | . 56 | . 63 | . 70 | . 66 | . 65 | $\begin{array}{r} 7.04 \\ .78 \\ .18 \end{array}$ | . 81 | $\begin{aligned} & .81 \\ & .23 \end{aligned}$ | . 72 | 2.46 | 2.42 | 2. 73 | 2. 59 | 2.85 | 2.98 | 3.17 | 3.16 | 3. 16 |
| Textile. | . 61 | . 73 | . 79 | . 18 | . 19 | . 17 | . 18 | . 18 |  | . 20 |  | . 20 | . 82 | . 74 | . 66 | . 70 | . 79 | . 67 | . 80 | . 89 | . 87 |
| Paper | 1.25 | 1.38 | 1.89 | . 27 | . 35 | . 32 | . 44 | . 36 | . 46 | . 51 | . 56 | . 46 | 1.27 | 1.39 | 1.27 | 1.56 | 1.70 | 1.83 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.17 |
| Chemical | 3.44 | 3.45 | 4.32 | . 75 | . 85 | . 81 | 1.04 | . 87 | 1.06 | 1. 11 | 1.28 | 1.11 | 3.29 | 3.30 | 3.38 | 3.78 | 3.86 | 4.15 | 4.67 | 4. 55 | 4.92 |
| Petroleum | 5.85 | 5. 25 | 5. 41 | 1.08 | 1.34 | 1.28 | 1. 56 | 1.10 | 1. 26 | 1.39 | 1.67 | 1.31 | 4.99 | 5. 64 | 4.98 | 5.45 | 5. 19 | 5.17 | 5.40 | 5.78 | 6.21 |
| Rubber | . 84 | 1.08 | 1. 57 | . 21 | . 24 | . 28 | . 35 | . 36 | . 37 | . 40 | . 44 | . 39 | . 92 | . 97 | 1.11 | 1.29 | 1.57 | 1.51 | 1.60 | 1.58 | 1.71 |
| Other nondurables | 1. 51 | 1.27 | 1. 59 | . 27 | . 31 | . 31 | . 38 | . 37 | . 41 | . 37 | . 44 | . 37 | 1.27 | 1.24 | 1.18 | 1.40 | 1.66 | 1.62 | 1.45 | 1.62 | 1.67 |
| Nonmanufacturing industriea | 51,22 | 57.09 | 62.07 | 12.77 | 14. 38 | 14. 12 | 15.83 | 13.69 | 15.57 | 15.42 | 17.39 | 14.76 | 56. 70 | 56.75 | 56.70 | 58. 30 | 60. 68 | 61.18 | 62.09 | 64.40 | 65. 24 |
| Mining . | 2.16 | 2.42 | 2. 76 | . 58 | . 61 | . 59 | . 63 | . 63 | . 71 | . 69 | . 73 | . 70 | 2.42 | 2.38 | 2.40 | 2.46 | 2.69 | 2.77 | 2.82 | 2.85 | 2.90 |
| Railroad. | 1.67 | 1.80 | 1.94 | . 48 | . 48 | . 38 | . 47 | . 46 | . 46 | . 48 | . 54 | . 54 | 2.10 | 1.88 | 1. 50 | 1.71 | 2.11 | 1.75 | 1.95 | 1.98 | 2.43 |
| Air transportation | 1.88 | 2. 46 | 2.41 | . 50 | . 73 | . 61 | . 63 | . 52 | . 72 | . 57 | . 60 | . 51 | 1.96 | 2.89 | 2.67 | 2.33 | 2.21 | 2.72 | 2. 49 | 2.22 | 2.16 |
| Other transportation. | 1.38 | 1.46 | 1. 60 | . 32 | . 39 | . 35 | . 40 | . 32 | . 43 | . 44 | . 41 | . 38 | 1.48 | 1.53 | 1.41 | 1.42 | 1.53 | 1. 62 | 1. 79 | 1.53 | 1. 74 |
| Public utilities | 15. 30 | 17.00 | 19.09 | 3. 63 | 4. 24 | 4.39 | 4.74 | 3.95 | 4. 59 | 4.82 | 5. 74 | 4. 65 | 16.92 | 16.60 | 17.01 | 17.83 | 18.38 | 18.08 | 18. 58 | 21.20 | 21.67 |
| Electric. | 12.86 | 14.48 | 16.25 | 3.19 | 3.61 | 3.67 | 4.01 | 3. 45 | 3.91 | 4.04 | 4.85 | 4.14 | 14.27 | 14.32 | 14. 62 | 14. 67 | 15. 40 | 15. 55 | 16.00 | 17.84 | 18. 49 |
| Gas and other | 2.44 | 2.52 | 2.84 | . 44 | . 62 | . 72 | . 73 | . 50 | . 68 | . 77 | . 89 | . 52 | 2.65 | 2.27 | 2.38 | 2.86 | 2.98 | 2.52 | 2.58 | 3.35 | 3.08 |
| Communication. | 10.77 | 11.89 | 13.03 | 2. 72 | 2.95 | 2.84 | 3.39 | 2.87 | 3.27 | 3.19 |  |  | 11. 71 | 11.59 | 11.56 | 12.63 | 12.34 | 12.70 | 13.12 |  |  |
| Commercial and other ${ }^{7}$ | 18.05 | 20.07 | 21.24 | 4.65 | 4.98 | 4.97 | 5. 57 | 4.94 | 5. 40 | 5.24 |  |  | 20.10 | 19.88 | 20.16 | 20.21 | 21. 53 | 21.55 | 21.36 | 34.63 | 34. 43 |

1. Excludes agricultural business; real estate operators; medical, legal, educational, and cultural service; and nonprofit organizations.
2. Fstimates are based on expected capital expenditures reported by business in late October and November 1973. The estimates for the fourth quarter, and first quarter of 1974 have been corrected for systematic biases. The adjustment procedures are described in the February 1970 issue of the SURvEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS. Before such adjustments, 1973 expenditures were expected to be $\$ 99.84$ billion for all industries, $\$ 38.09$ billion for manufacturing and $\$ 61.76$ billion for nonmanufacturing.
3. Includes data not shown separately.
4. Includes guided missiles and space vehicles
5. Includes fabricated metal, lumber, furniture, instrument, ordnance and miscellaneous except guided missiles and space vehicles.
6. Includes apparel, tobacco. leather and printing-publishing.
7. Includes trade, service, construction, finance and insurance.

Note.-Details may not add to totals because of rounding.
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

## (Continued from page 4)

billion in October, the latest month for which data are available (chart 2).

The surge in installment credit use over the recent cyclical upswing carried the net increase to a record share of disposable personal income. In the past four quarters, the net increase in credit outstanding ranged between 2.3 and 2.8 percent of personal disposable income, up from 0.8 percent in the first quarter of 1971. Previously in the postwar period, this ratio had only rarely reached 2 percent of disposable income and on those occasions held at that level only briefly-seldom more than one quarter.

The slowdown in credit growth that has occurred since the first quarter of this year has thus far been largely related to the weakening of auto sales. Extensions of credit for automobiles declined slowly after the first quarter, more or less in line with sales, while repayments continued to increase sharply. As a result, the net increase in auto credit fell sharply from a $\$ 10$ billion annual rate in the first quarter to $\$ 7.2$ billion in the third and $\$ 5.8$ billion in the month of October. The growth of personal loans, which include an element of auto credit as some people take out personal loans before they shop for cars (especially used cars), has also slackened, from $\$ 5.4$
billion in the first quarter to $\$ 4.3$ billion in the third and $\$ 4.2$ billion in October.
The slower growth of auto credit and personal loans has been partly offset by further acceleration of credit growth for purchases of consumer goods other than automobiles. After reaching a record rate of $\$ 7 \frac{1}{2}$ billion in the first quarter, growth of other consumer goods paper slowed a little in the second quarter and then surged to $\$ 81 / 4$ billion in the third and to a rate of nearly $\$ 93 / 4$ billion in October. The recent strength here is suprising because there has not been any comparable surge in consumer purchases of nonauto durables.

# U.S. International Transactions in Royalties and Fees: Their Relationship to the Transier of Technology 

IN recent years the international flow of technology has attracted considerable attention, especially from a balance of payments viewpoint. Technology is difficult to define. Some would limit the term to scientific knowledge that has recognized practical applications, while others prefer broader concepts, including general know-how and experience, such as marketing and management expertise. The international transfer of technology is correspondingly difficult to measure. International direct invest-

Table 1.-International Transactions in Royalties and Fees by U.S. Firms

|  | 1969 | 1970 | 1971 | 1972 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Recelpts: |  |  |  |  |
| Total...-............................ | 1,894 | 2,208 | 2,491 | 2,760 |
| Direct investment-related...- | 1, 393 | 1,620 | 1,865 | 2,090 |
| Unaffiliated... | 801 | 683 | 626 | 670 |
| Payments: |  |  |  |  |
| Total....-.............--..........- | 221 | 225 | 241 | 276 |
| Direct investment-related.... | 101 | 111 | 118 | 138 |
| Unaffiliated.-.-.--.............- | 120 | 114 | 123 | 138 |

ment flows are sometimes considered a proxy for technology transfer defined in the broad sense. BEA compiles other statistics that are associated with a more limited concept. These are the data on U.S. receipts and payments of fees and royalties, including both transactions between direct investors and their foreign affiliates and transactions between unaffiliated firms.

Most royalties and fees are payments for the use of technology. However, some royalties and fees are not related to technology, and some technology transfers do not give rise to payments of royalties or fees. This article describes the content and coverage of the BEA data to clarify the extent to which
they can be considered a measure of technology transfer. The second part of the article presents a brief summary of the behavior of U.S. payments and receipts of royalties and fees during the postwar period.

Preliminary estimates indicate that U.S. companies earned $\$ 2.8$ billion in royalties and fees from foreign firms in 1972, 75 percent of which came from foreign affiliates (table 1 and chart 6). Receipts have expanded rapidly in recent years, growing at a compound annual rate of 12.8 percent since 1960 . Royalties and fees from Japan have grown especially fast and in 1972 accounted for 12.5 percent of total receipts, up from 6.8 percent in 1965. Payments of royalties and fees to foreigners are still very small, less than $\$ 0.3$ billion in 1972, and are about equally divided between affiliated and unaffliated foreign companies. Their growth has been somewhat slower than the growth of receipts ( 11.5 percent per year from 1960 to 1972) and more irregular.
This article presents the BEA series for royalties and fees, with some geographic breakdown, as far back as the data are available. Table 3 covers unaffiliated receipts and payments, and table 4 covers transactions between affiliated companies. Table 5 shows receipts from affiliated companies with management fees excluded. BEA publishes current data on fees and royalties quarterly in the balance of payments tables in the Survey. ${ }^{1}$ In those tables, however, receipts from affiliated companies include film rental receipts,

1. Lines 7 and 21 of the table, "U.S. International Transactions (table 2) in the baiance of payments presentation line 24 shows direct investment-related payments; receipts from foreign affiliates shown in line 10 of that balance of payments table include the affiliated film rental receipts that are excluded from the data presented in this article.
which are excluded from the data presented here because they are an identifiable item clearly not related to technology transfer.


Coveraǵe and Data Limitations

THE BEA statistics on royalties and fees measure payments for the use of rights or intangible property (patents, techniques, processes, formulas, designs, trademarks, copyrights, franchises, manufacturing rights, etc.) and management fees. The term royalty generally refers to payments for the utilization of copyrights or trademarks, while licensing fees refer to charges for the use of a patent or industrial process; however, the BEA statistics do not distinguish between these two components. Management fees are charged mainly by parent companies to their affiliates and include payments for administrative, professional, and management services. The BEA data on direct investment-related royalties and fees are net measures. That is, the receipts figure represents receipts by U.S. firms from their foreign affiliates net of any payments by the parents to the affiliates. The payments figure measures payments by U.S.-based subsidiaries to their foreign parents net of any receipts by the subsidiaries from their parents.

The technology content of management fees can vary considerably from case to case: they may cover consulting and technical advice provided in connection with a process for which the subsidiary is also paying royalties or licensing fees, or they may simply cover home office administrative expenses. The distinction between management fees and royalties or licensing fees is not clearcut. For example, one company providing blueprints and technical advice to its affiliate may classify the associated charges as a licensing fee for know-how, while another may classify them as a management fee for services rendered.
Royalties of fees are ordinarily paid throughout the term of the contract, so royalties and fees paid in any given period relate to technology transferred in the past as well as in that period.

Moreover, variations in business practice lessen the precision of the relationship between royalties and fees and technology transfers. The terms of a contract are often negotiated before the value of the know-how in the new market can be ascertained. Furthermore, the terms of contracts can vary widely, including not only the rate charged but the base on which the payment is calculated. For example, payments may be based on annual profits, gross sales, or some other measure of performance, and there may be a minimum annual charge regardless of the profits or sales. Some contracts call for an initial payment in addition to or in place of annual royalties. Joint ventures of U.S. and foreign companies in which part of one company's contribution is in the form of know-how rather than capital involve a one-time royalty payment. Thus, year-to-year changes in total royalties and fees are influenced by the type and timing of the payments specified in individual agreements, as well as actual changes in the number or value of technology transfers.

Some types of technology transfer do not generate payments of royalties or fees and are thus not reflected in these BEA statistics. One example is technical services. Agreements generating royalties and licensing fees may provide for technical consulting and related services as part of the package, and in those instances the payments reported cover these services. However, royalties and fees generally exclude payments for a wide range of other services provided under contract to foreigners that may involve technology transfer. Examples are the provision of training; marketing, management, and economic consulting; and engineering consulting and services. ${ }^{2}$ The Balance of Payments Division of BEA collects some information

[^2]on these types of services for inclusion with other private services in the balance of payments statistics, but in their current form these statistics do not provide a satisfactory measure of technological content.
Companies do not always establish formal licensing arrangements with their foreign affiliates, even for patented know-how or for processes already generating royalties or fees from unaffiliated companies. Without a formal arrangement, there are no payments of royalties and fees, and the technology transfer is not reflected in the BEA data. Moreover, since profits accrue to the parent in any case, the terms of any agreement that is established may be influenced by considerations other than the value of the technology transferred. A company may set royalty payments so as to minimize taxes, for example, if corporate income tax rates paid by the foreign affiliates differ from those in the United States. The pattern and size of payments may also be affected by such factors as political considerations or exchange controls.
Other business practices, not limited to parent-affiliate relationships, can also result in the underestimation of technology transfers as measured by royalties and fees. For example, agreements often include the rights to future technological developments by either party without additional charges. Another example is cross-licensing, in which two companies share rights to each other's processes without monetary payments by either side.
On the other hand, some payments included in the data on royalties and fees are not ordinarily interpreted as payments for technology. As mentioned previously, this is true of some management fees. Other examples are royalties for books and records and for the use of trademarks. The statistics on transactions between unaffiliated companies also include franchise fees, and royalties and fees paid by affiliated companies include a small amount for rentals of equipment. These royalties and licensing fees are relatively small, but they may affect year-to-year changes.

## Review of BEA Data

U.S. companies earn much more in royalties and fees through direct investment abroad than from unaffiliated foreigners. Preliminary estimates for 1972 show direct investment-related receipts of $\$ 2.1$ billion, compared to $\$ 0.7$ billion in receipts from unaffiliated foreigners (table 1). Royalties and fees from affiliates are not only larger but have expanded more rapidly (14.8 percent per year from 1956 to 1972, compared to 10.6 percent per year for receipts from unaffiliated firms), suggesting that U.S. firms prefer to retain an equity interest in the use of their intangible property. The leading industrialized countries outside the Western Hemisphere account for most of the growth in total receipts of royalties and fees, with receipts from Japan showing an especially rapid growth in recent years.

Fees and royalties paid by U.S. companies to their foreign parents have not differed much from payments to unaffiliated foreigners, with each amounting to about $\$ 0.1$ billion in 1972. While growth has been sporadic, direct investment-related payments have increased less rapidly from 1956 to 1972 than payments to unaffiliated com-

Table 2.-Growth Rates of Direct Invest-ment-Related Receipts of Royalties and Licensing Fees and of Sales of Foreign Affiliates of U.S. Companies


1. Excluding management fees; data from table 5.
2. Growth rates are based on data from the Bureau of Economic Analysis, Special Survey of U.S. Multinational Companies, 1870, and cover sales by the foreign affiliates of
298 U.S. companies.
panies (compound annual rates of 8.4 percent and 11.8 percent, respectively). U.S. payments of royalties and fees have gone almost wholly to Canada and Western Europe (including the United Kingdom); in 1972 these countries accounted for 96.4 percent of the total.

## Receipts

Receipts of royalties and fees from U.S. direct investment abroad have grown rapidly since World War II (table 4). They increased at a compound rate of 14.3 percent per year from 1946 to 1972, well ahead of the
rate of increase for direct investment capital outflows ( 6.7 percent per year since 1948). (Of course, the absolute level of direct investment capital outflows has been higher than the receipts of direct investment-related fees and royalties.) This is not surprising, since receipts of royalties and licensing fees from foreign affiliates can be expected to grow with the rising sales of the affiliates, even if there is no new direct investment. This is because royalties and licensing fees are often based on sales or a related measure, and comparison with the growth of sales may be more relevant than comparison with direct investment capital outflows. ${ }^{3}$ Yet, from 1966 to 1970-a period for which relevant data are available-
3. Management fees are excluded here because they are not ordinarily based on sales

Table 3.-Transactions in Royalties and Fees With Unaffiliated Foreign Residents

| Year | Total | United Kingdom | $\underset{\substack{\text { European } \\ \text { Communic } \\(6)^{1}}}{\substack{\text { E }}}$ | Other Western Europe ${ }^{1}$ | Eastern Europe | Canada | Latin American Republics and other Western Hemisphere Countries | Japan ${ }^{1}$ | Australia New Zealand South Africa | Other ${ }^{1}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Receipts: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1956. | 133 | 29 | n.s.s. | 63 | (*) | 17 | 10 | n.s.s. | n.s.s. |  |
| 1957. | 140 | 29 | n.s.s. | 56 | (*) | 17 | 11 | n.s.s. | n.s.s. | ${ }^{28}$ |
| 1958... | 168 | 33 | n.s.s. | 66 | (*) | 24 | 13 | n.s.s. | n.s.s. | ${ }_{38}$ |
| 1959..... | 166 | 31 | n.s.s. | 65 | 1 | 19 | 12 | n.s.s. | n.s.s. | 38 |
| 1960... | 247 | 40 | n.s.s. | 100 | (*) | 23 | 20 | 48 | 11 | 6 |
| 1961...... | 244 | 39 | n.s.s. | 93 | (*) | 22 | 20 | ${ }_{53}^{52}$ | 12 | ${ }_{7}$ |
| 1962. | 256 273 | 40 43 | n.s.s. | $\begin{array}{r}93 \\ 101 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | (*) | $\stackrel{24}{24}$ | 22 19 | ${ }_{58}^{53}$ | 15 | 12 |
| 1963.-. | 273 301 | 43 50 | n.s.s.s. | 112 | ${ }^{(*)}$ | 24 | 19 21 | ${ }_{66}^{58}$ | 15 17 | 13 |
| 1965.... | 335 |  | n.s.s. | 132 | (*) | 27 | 24 | 66 | 17 |  |
| 1966..... | 353 | 55 | 102 | 30 | 3 | 30 | 32 | 70 | 18 | 15 |
| 1967. | 398 | 56 | 108 | 28 | 1 | 33 | 36 | 97 | 25 | 14 |
| 1968... | 454 | 56 | 115 | 30 | 4 | 33 30 | 44 | ${ }_{157}^{133}$ | ${ }_{22}^{20}$ | 18 |
| 1969.-.-. | 501 | 68 | 135 | 35 | 2 | 30 | 42 | 157 |  |  |
| 1970.... | 583 | 58 | 158 | 36 |  |  |  | 202 |  |  |
| 1971...... | 626 | 65 | 162 | 43 | 9 | 33 | 46 | 225 | 25 | 18 |
| 1972 ${ }^{\text {p }}$.... | 670 | 64 | 162 | 50 | 8 | 41 | 48 | 245 | 29 |  |
| Payments: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1956....... | 23 | 9 | n.s.s. | 12 | (*) | 1 | (*) | n.s.s. | n.s.s. | (*) |
| 1957 | 22 | 7 | n.s.s. | 14 | (*) | (*) | (*) | n.s.s. | n.s.s. | (*) |
| 1958. | 25 | 8 | n.s.s. | 15 | (*) | (*) | (*) | n.s.s. | n.s.s. | (*) ${ }^{1}$ |
| 1959...... | 28 | 7 | n.s.s. | 19 | (*) | 2 | (*) | n.s.s. | n.s.s. |  |
| 1960... | 40 |  | n.s.s. | 26 | (*) | 2 | 1 | ${ }^{(*)}$ | (*) | (*) |
| 1961..... | 46 | 8 | n.s.s. | 34 | (*) | 2 | 2 | ${ }^{(*)}{ }_{2}$ | (*) | (*) |
| ${ }_{1983} 19$. | ${ }_{51}^{44}$ |  | n.s.s. | $\stackrel{29}{34}$ | (*) | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | 1 | 1 | (*) | (*) |
| 1964.-....- | 60 | 17 | n.s.s. | ${ }_{38}$ | (*) | 3 | 1 | 1 | (*) | (*) |
| 1965 | 67 | 18 | n.s.s. | 43 |  |  |  |  | (*) | $\left({ }^{*}\right)$ |
| 1966. | 76 | 22 | n.s.s. | ${ }^{43}$ | (*) | 2 | 3 | 3 | (*) | (*) |
| 1967. | 104 | 32 | 46 | 16 | (*) | 3 | 3 3 3 | 4 | (*) | (*) |
| 1968....... | 106 120 | 35 41 | 47 52 | 12 | $\left({ }^{*}\right)$ | 4 | 3 4 4 | 4 | () 1 | (*) |
| 1969...--- | 120 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1970 | 114 | 35 | 52 | 13 |  | 4 | 5 | 4 | (*) | 1 |
| 1971... | 123 | 37 | 55 | 18 | (*) | 5 | 3 4 4 | $\stackrel{4}{6}$ | (*) 1 | (*) |
| 1972 -.... | 138 | 47 | 54 | 20 | 1 | 7 | 4 | 6 | 1 | () |

[^3]CHART 7
Receipts of Royalties and Fees From Unaffiliated Foreigners

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis
73.12.7
direct investment-related receipts rose twice as fast as the sales of the foreign affiliates of a broad sample of U.S. multinational corporations (table 2). ${ }^{4}$ This suggests that recent U.S. direct investment abroad may have been concentrated in more technologically oriented industries. Another possible factor may have been a shift in business practice toward more licensing to affiliates on a formal basis.

At the beginning of the postwar period, almost 80 percent of direct investment-related royalties and fees came from Western Hemisphere countries, about equally divided between Canada and the Latin American Republics; only 10 percent came from Western Europe. However, U.S. companies have subsequently invested heavily in Europe, especially since the late 1950's, and the preliminary 1972 data indicate that about 45 percent of direct investment-related receipts last year came from Western Europe and only 32 percent from the Western Hemisphere. Direct investment in the original six Common Market countries accounted for much of the postwar investment growth, and 25 percent of the receipts in 1972 came from that
4. The sales by affiliates acquired or established after 1966 are included in the 1970 data, but not in the 1966 data; thus, in the sales of existing cited here reflects not only growth in the sales of existing affiliates but also increases in direct
investment.
group. Receipts of royalties and fees from affiliates in Japan are still small, accounting for only 5 percent of the direct investment-related total in 1972, but they grew very rapidly during the 1960's-almost 25 percent per year from 1960 to 1972.

Receipts of royalties and fees from
unaffiliated foreigners (table 3) have grown somewhat less rapidly than those from foreign affiliates, and in 1972 unaffiliated receipts were $\$ 0.7$ billion, about one-third as large as receipts from foreign affiliates. Throughout the period since 1956 (the first year for which data are available), the leading

Table 4.-Foreign Direct Investment-Related Transactions in Royalties and Fees ${ }^{1}$


[^4]industrialized countries have accounted for almost all receipts of royalties and fees from unaffiliated foreigners. Asia, Africa, and Latin America have accounted for less than 15 percent since 1960 (the first year for which sufficient detail is available).

Much of the growth in unaffiliated receipts since 1960 has been accounted for by Japan, with receipts from Canada and Western Europe declining in relative importance. Receipts from Japan grew at an average rate of 14.5 percent from 1960 to 1972 and now account for over one-third of total unaffiliated receipts. In fact unaffiliated receipts excluding those from Japan have grown at an average rate of only 6.5 percent per year during the period 1960-1972 (chart 7). The slowness of this expansion suggests that much of it is accounted for by increases in receipts from rising sales under a stable number of contracts-which commonly base royalties and fees on sales-rather than from any growth in the number of agreements in effect.

The much faster increase in receipts from unaffilated Japanese companies than in other unaffiliated receipts may be partly associated with restrictions on foreign direct investment in Japan. Until recently, foreign investment in new Japanese companies was limited to no more than 50 percent, with a 25 percent maximum for established companies. In 1967, Japanese authorities began to allow 100 percent investment in several industries, and each year since then have freed additional industries from restrictions. However, direct investment is still limited in many important industries, such as
computers and integrated circuits. Despite these restrictions U.S. investment in Japan has grown rapidly, with companies participating in joint ventures as an alternative to 100 percent ownership. Continuation of the liberalization of foreign ownership should encourage more direct investment and investment-related royalty receipts, with licensing of unaffiliated companies declining in importance as a vehicle for transferring U.S. technology to Japan.

## Payments

Payments by U.S. companies to foreign residents, including both direct investment-related and unaffiliated royalties, totaled less than $\$ 0.3$ billion in 1972 and have been growing more slowly and irregularly than U.S. receipts. The average annual increase in the total since 1956 has been 9.9 percent. Western Europe and Canada now account for almost all payments of
royalties and fees by the United States. The Common Market countries have relatively low levels of direct investment in the United States, and most U.S. payments of royalties and fees to these countries come from unaffiliated companies. In contrast, most payments to Canada are direct investmentrelated.

Payments by U.S. subsidiaries to their foreign parents have shown some signs of acceleration since 1968, especially to Western European coun tries outside the original six Common Market countries. Direct investment-related U.S. payments to these countries in 1972 were $\$ 72$ million, compared to $\$ 9$ million in 1968. If the recent growth of foreign direct investment in the United States is maintained in coming years, and if the level of technological sophistication in Europe and Japan continues to advance, U.S. payments of fees and royalties can be expected to grow commensurately.

Table 5.-Receipts of Foreign Directed Investment-Related Royalties and Licensing Fees ${ }^{1}$ [Millions of dollars]

| Year | Total | United Kingdom | $\underset{\substack{\text { Economic } \\ \text { Community } \\(6)}}{\text { European }}$ | Other Western Europe | Canada | Latin America Republics and other Western Hemisphere | Japan | Australia, New Zealand South Africa | Other |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1963. | 217 | 39 | 70 | 11 | 31 | 32 |  | 10 | 16 |
| 1964.. | 264 | 48 | 84 | 14 | 41 | 36 | 10 | 14 | 17 |
| 1965. | 331 | 57 | 98 | 20 | 60 | 46 | 11 | 17 | 24 |
| 1966.... | 361 | 67 | 116 | 20 | 55 | 50 | 15 | 20 | 16 |
| 1967.... | 441 | 80 | 142 | 22 | 68 | 65 | 21 | 22 | 20 |
| 1968.... | 522 | 93 | 173 | 28 | 77 | 73 | 31 | 29 | 18 |
| 1969........... | 654 | 111 | 222 | 56 | 92 | 76 | 37 | 36 | 25 |
| 1970. | 793 | 126 | 267 | 65 | 128 | 88 |  |  |  |
| 1971... | 941 | 135 | 332 | 79 | 147 | 105 | 64 | 44 | 35 |
| 1972 p | 1,129 | 166 | 424 | 100 | 161 | 100 | 86 | 52 | 40 |

[^5]
# Property, Plant, and Equipment Expenditures by Majority-Owned Forigign Afililiates of U.S. Companies: 

Revised Estimates for 1966-72 and Projections for 1973 and 1974

THIS article presents revised estimates for 1966-72, revised projections for 1973, and BEA's first published projections for 1974 on property, plant, and equipment expenditures by major-ity-owned foreign affiliates of U.S. companies.
The revisions in the 1966-72 estimates result primarily from "benchmarking" reported sample data against the universe data from BEA's most recent census of U.S. direct investments abroad (covering the year 1966) ${ }^{1}$, and several modifications to the method for deriving universe estimates from sample data. These changes also affected the 1973 and 1974 projections; in addition, part of the revision of the 1973 projections (compared to those published last spring) stemmed from actual changes in expectations and also from the use of a revised method of adjusting for bias in the reported expectations. The final data for 1972 and the projections for 1973 and 1974 presented in this article were gathered in the latest semiannual BEA survey, taken in June 1973.

As part of the revision process, the definition of the universe has been changed to include all primary and

[^6]secondary foreign affiliates ${ }^{2}$ in which U.S. ownership is at least 50 percent (majority-owned affiliates). Formerly, the universe was defined to include all primary foreign affiliates in which U.S. ownership was at least 25 percent. The
2. A primary foreign affliate is a foreign business organization which is directly owned by a U.S. individual or organization. A secondary foreign afinate is a foreign business
organization which is indirectly owned by a U.S. individual or organization through another foreign affiliate.
net effect of the change in definition on the data series, by itself, was probably small since it resulted in both additions to and deletions from the universe; majority-owned secondary affliates are now included in the universe while primary affliates in which U.S. ownership is between 25 and 49 percent are now excluded.

CHART 8
Property, Plant, and Equipment Expenditures by Majority-Owned Foreign Affiliates of U.S. Companies


- Expected
U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

The remainder of the article is divided into three major sections. The first section presents a brief analysis of the revised data with particular emphasis on the projections for 1973 and 1974. (Industry and country detail is shown in tables 1 and 6A through 6I.) The second section describes the refined general method for deriving universe estimates from sample data in BEA's direct investment series. The last section outlines how that method was specifically applied to the property, plant, and equipment expenditures data, indicates the magnitude of the revisions, and describes the procedure for adjusting for reporting bias in the projected data.

## Foreign Affiliate Expenditures

Property, plant, and equipment expenditures by majority-owned foreign a ffiliates of U.S. firms are expected to
rise 11 percent in 1973 and 13 percent in 1974 to $\$ 21.4$ billion (see table 1).

The expected increases in 1973 and 1974 are much larger than the gain of 5 percent in 1972, but in line with the 12 percent average annual rate of growth in the period 1966-72. (These are the years for which revised estimates of actual spending are available.)

Affiliates in the petroleum industry expect the strongest rise in capital spending in 1974-a 25 percent increase to $\$ 7.7$ billion, following a 16 percent rise expected this year. In 1974, substantial increases are expected in most major oil producing areas except Latin America, with the largest gains expected in Indonesia and the North Sea area. In 1973, on the other hand, most of the projected increase is related to the expansion of tanker fleets by international shipping affiliates;
such spending is expected to fall slightly next year.

Since the estimates of 1973 and 1974 spending are based on the semiannual survey taken in June 1973, they do not reflect any impact of recent events in the Middle East. New estimates of 1973 and 1974 spending from the semiannual survey now being taken will be published in the March 1974 Survey of Current Business.

In the period 1966-72, expenditures by petroleum affiliates grew at an average rate of 14 percent per year, but the growth rate was quite uneven with exceptionally strong increases in 1967 and 1971. Of major importance in the 1966-72 period was the expansion of tanker fleets by U.S. oil firms through expenditures by their international shipping affiliates; outlays for that purpose rose from $\$ 0.1$ billion in 1966 to $\$ 0.9$ billion in 1972.

Expenditures in developing countries,

Table 1.-Estimates of Property, Plant, and Equipment Expenditures by Majority-Owned Foreign Affiliates of U.S. Companies, Actual and Projected, by Percent Change and Amount ${ }^{1}$

|  | Percent change |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Billions of dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Actual |  |  |  |  |  |  | Projected ${ }^{2}$ |  | Actual |  |  |  |  |  |  | Projected ${ }^{2}$ |  |
|  | 1967 | 1968 | 1969 | 1970 | 1971 | 1972 | Average 1966-72 | 1973 | 1974 | 1966 | 1967 | 1968 | 1969 | 1970 | 1971 | 1972 | 1973 | 1974 |
| Total | 10 | 6 | 16 | 21 | 13 | 5 | 12 | 11 | 13 | 8.7 | 9.6 | 10.2 | 11.8 | 14.3 | 16.3 | 17.1 | 19.0 | 21.4 |
| Mining and smelting. | 17 | 22 | 16 | 18 | 20 | $-15$ | 12 | 1 | -13 | . 6 | . 7 | . 9 | 1.0 | 1. 2 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 1.3 | 1. 1 |
| Petroleum.-.-..---. | 24 | 14 | 7 | 6 | 26 | 8 | 14 | 16 | 25 | 2.4 | 3.0 | 3.5 | 3.7 | 3.9 | 5.0 | 5.4 | 6.2 | 7.7 |
| Manufacturing. | 2 | -4 | 20 | 29 | 6 | 0 | 8 | 9 | 7 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 5.2 | 6.7 | 7.1 | 7.1 | 7.7 | 8.3 |
| Food products. | 7 | -1 | 18 | $-7$ | -4 | 12 | 4 | 32 | -10 | . 3 | .3 | . 3 | . 4 | . 3 | . 3 | . 4 | . 5 | . 4 |
| Paper and allied products. | $-34$ | 1 | 5 | 43 | 62 | 12 | 10 | -4 | $-15$ | . 3 | .2 | . 2 | . 2 | . 3 | . 5 | .6 | . 6 | . 5 |
| Chemicals and allied products. | 23 | 6 | -3 | 17 | 6 | -4 | 7 | 11 | 5 | . 9 | 1.1 | 1. 2 | 1. 1 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.3 | 1.5 | 1.6 |
| Rubber products ....-.... | -25 | 26 | 62 | -3 | 3 | 78 | 17 | -4 | 8 | . 2 | . 1 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | . 2 | . 4 | . 4 | . 4 |
| Primary and fabricated metals. | -12 | 1 | 24 | 68 | 18 | -16 | 11 | -8 | -8 | .4 | . 3 | . 3 | . 4 | . 7 | . 8 | . 7 | . 6 | . 6 |
| Machinery (except electrical). | 5 | -10 | 35 | 43 | 12 | -4 | 12 | 8 | 13 | .9 | .9 | . 8 | 1. 1 | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.9 | 2.1 |
| Electrical machinery....... | 19 | 1 | 33 | 33 | 2 | 14 | 16 | 45 | 3 | .2 | . 3 | . 3 | . 4 | . 5 | . 5 | . 6 | . 8 | $\cdot 9$ |
| Transportation equipment | -7 | $-23$ | 25 | 34 | $-15$ | -4 | 0 | 2 | 30 | .9 | . 8 | . 6 | . 8 | 1.0 | . 9 | . 9 | . 9 | 1.1 |
| Other manufacturing---- | 8 | 5 | 35 | 16 | -7 | -7 | 8 | 7 | 19 | . 4 | . 4 | . 4 | . 5 | . 6 | . 6 | . 6 | . 6 | . 7 |
| Trade...-.-.-. | 19 | 18 | 21 | 42 | 3 | 42 | 23 | 8 | 18 | . 4 | . 5 | . 6 | . 7 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.8 |
| Other industries. | -3 | 9 | 30 | 27 | 16 | 12 | 15 | 17 | 10 | . 9 | . 8 | . 9 | 1. 2 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.3 | 2.5 |
| By area |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Developed countries. | 4 | -3 | 16 | 28 | 14 | 2 | 10 | 8 | 12 | 6.7 | 7.0 | 6.8 | 7.8 | 10.0 | 11.5 | 11.7 | 12.6 | 14.2 |
| Canada. | -8 | -5 | 15 | 16 | 11 | 12 | 6 | 4 | 6 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 2.9 | 3.2 | 3.6 | 3.7 | 4.0 |
| Europe......-.- | 13 | -6 | 16 | 34 | 15 | 0 | 11 | 7 | 15 | 3.5 | 3.9 | 3.7 | 4.3 | 5.8 | 6. 6 | 6.6 | 7.1 | 8.2 |
| United Kingdom. | 13 | 0 | 7 | 35 | 12 | -7 | 9 | 19 | 24 | . 9 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.9 | 2.3 |
| European Economic Community (6) ${ }^{3}$ | 12 | -14 | 28 | 37 | 18 | 1 | 12 | 2 | 7 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.0 | 2.5 | 3.5 | 4.1 | 4.1 | 4.2 | 4.5 |
| Other Europe......... | 20 | 17 | -7 | 24 | 7 | 7 | 11 | 15 | 29 | . 5 | . 6 | . 7 | . 6 | . 8 | . 9 | . 9 | 1.1 | 1.4 |
| Japan.....-.... | 30 | 39 | 18 | 35 | 21 | 1 | 24 | 34 | 26 | . 2 | . 2 | . 3 | . 3 | . 5 | . 6 | .6 | . 8 | 1.0 |
| Australia, New Zealand, and South Africa | -5 | 5 | 20 | 27 | 20 | $-10$ | 9 | 8 | 7 | .6 | . 5 | . 6 | .7 | . 9 | 1.0 | . 9 | 1.0 | 1.1 |
| Developing countries. | 30 | 29 | 12 | 6 | 2 | 9 | 14 | 10 | 21 | 1.8 | 2.3 | 3.0 | 3.3 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 4.0 | 4.4 | 5.3 |
| Latin America... | 32 | 35 | 15 | 3 | -9 | 5 | 12 | 12 | 10 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 1.8 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.6 |
| Other Arrica. | 31 | 35 | 8 | $-16$ | -12 | $-14$ | 3 | -7 | 14 | . 3 | . 4 | . 6 | . 6 | . 5 | . 4 | . 4 | . 4 | . 4 |
| Middle East. | 21 | 13 | $-18$ | 26 | 31 | 80 | 22 | 10 | 19 | .2 | .3 | . 3 | . 2 | . 3 | . 4 | .7 | . 8 | . 9 |
| Other Asia and Pacific | 27 | 4 | 35 | 44 | 43 | -4 | 23 | 14 | 52 | .2 | . 3 | .3 | . 4 | . 6 | . 8 | . 8 | . 9 | 1.3 |
| International and unallocated | 2 | 58 | 54 | 23 | 52 | 18 | 33 | 44 | -2 | .3 | .3 | . 4 | .6 | . 8 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| Addendum: <br> European Economic Community (9) ${ }^{4}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 | 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  | .- | 6.2 | 6.9 |

1. The property, plant, and equipment expenditures data series has been revised back to and including the year 1966 (see text for discussion).
2. Based on results of the survey taken in June, 1973. Spending projections are adjusted in order to eliminate-or at least reduce-any systematic bias in projected data (see text for discussion).
3. The "European Economic Community (6)" includes Belgium, France, Germany, Ita. The "Euxembourg, and the Netherlands.
4. The "European Economic Community (9)" includes the "European Economic Community ( 6 )", the United Kingdom, Denmark, and Ireland.
primarily by affiliates engaged in exploration and production of crude oil, grew twice as fast from 1966 to 1972 as expenditures in developed areas. In the Middle East, petroleum outlays remained comparatively small until 1971 when a major expansion, centered in Saudi Arabia, began. Spending in the Far East and the Caribbean area was negligible in 1966 but grew substantially in subsequent years, while spending by the more mature petroleum affiliates in Venezuela and Middle Eastern countries except Saudi Arabia grew relatively slowly. Spending by petroleum affiliates in Europe increased an average of 9 percent per year, mainly to expand refinery capacity, while spending by Canadian affiliates rose very little.

Manufacturing affiliates expect to increase expenditures 9 percent this year and 7 percent in 1974 , to $\$ 8.3$ billion. In 1972 there was no change in their outlays. The planned increases in 1973 and 1974 are spread among both developed and less-developed countries. Strong increases are expected in both years in Japan and in several countries in Western Europe and Latin America. Canadian affiliates expect a substantial increase in 1973 but plan little growth next year.

Within manufacturing, expected changes in 1973 and 1974 are quite varied. Affiliates in the transportation equipment industry will lead growth in 1974 with a 30 percent increase, following little change in 1973 and declines in the preceding 2 years. Affiliates which manufacture food products, chemicals, and electrical machinery expect substantial increases this year to be followed by smaller gains or reductions in 1974. In both 1973 and 1974, affiliates in the non-electrical machinery industry plan large increases while affiliates which manufacture paper, concentrated in Canada, and primary and fabricated metals, expect reductions.

Expenditures by manufacturing affiliates rose at an average annual rate of only 8 percent from 1966 to 1972 , the lowest rate among major industry groups. Most of the increase was in the 6-nation European Economic Com-
munity, as constituted prior to 1973, where spending grew at an average annual rate of 12 percent. In Japan, expenditures grew at twice that rate, but from a very small base of $\$ 0.1$ billion in 1966. Outlays by relatively more mature affiliates in Canada and the United Kingdom grew at an average rate of only 4 percent per year.

Following a large drop in 1972, spending by affiliates in mining and smelting is expected to remain at the 1972 level this year but to fall substantially in 1974. Rising expenditures in Australia and Indonesia in 1973 and in Peru in 1974 are expected to offset large reductions in both years in Canada.

Expenditures by Canadian mining affiliates rose steadily from 1968 to 1970, then nearly doubled in 1971. The recent reductions of expenditures in Canada largely reflect completion of several large projects. Also, a substantial part of the estimated reduction for 1973 was due to the removal from both the sample and the universe of a large Canadian mining company in which many unrelated U.S. shareholders have an ownership interest. Such publicly-owned companies are treated as primary foreign affiliates if the aggregate U.S. ownership is greater than 50 percent. In 1973, the total U.S. equity participation in this Canadian company was below BEA's 50 percent cutoff.

Affiliates in trade expect to increase expenditures 18 percent in 1974 to $\$ 1.8$ billion, following an increase of 8 percent this year. Particularly strong gains next year are expected in Canada and the United Kingdom.

The increases by trade affiliates this year and next are below the average annual increase of 23 percent from 1966 to 1972. Outlays were quite small in 1966 but growth through 1972 far outpaced that of all other major industry groups. With some notable exceptions, the major function of trade affiliates is to distribute the products of foreign manufacturing affiliates of the same U.S. parent company. Thus, expenditures by trade affiliates, like those by manufacturing affiliates, are concentrated heavily in developed countries. Their rapid expansion in the

1966-72 period to a large extent reflects previous and continuing overseas manufacturing investment by U.S. companies.

Affiliates in all other industries com-bined-including agriculture, public utilities, transportation, construction, finance, and services-expect a 17 percent increase in spending this year to be followed by a rise of 10 percent in 1974 to $\$ 2.5$ billion. In 1973 , the largest increase is expected in the United Kingdom, while Canadian affiliates will lead the growth next year. For the period 1966-72, expenditures by affiliates in this industry group grew at an average annual rate of 15 percent, slightly faster than the rate of growth for all industries combined.

## A Procedure for Deriving Universe Estimates From Sample Survey Data

BEA's direct investment data series in non-census years are based on sample data which, in most of the series, are used to extrapolate universe data reported in a census (benchmark) year to derive universe estimates in subsequent years. All of the direct investment series are being revised because universe data from BEA's most recent direct investment census (1966) are now available. Also, for those series for which universe estimates in subsequent years are developed, as against just using the sample data as reported, the general procedure for deriving the universe estimates has been refined. This section of the article describes the revised general procedure and the next section discusses the specific application of this procedure to the series on foreign affiliate expenditures for property, plant, and equipment.

## Procedure for estimating universe data

The earlier procedure for estimating a universe value for a given period from sample data for that period is to multiply the universe value in the prior period by the ratio of the sample's value in the current period to the sample's value in the prior period,
and then add data reported by companies which are new to the universe in the current period (births). For the computation, the universe value in the prior period is reduced by the amount reported in that period for companies known to have since dropped out of the universe (deaths). The procedure is the conventional link-relative method, that is, the 1967 universe estimate is computed by applying the ratio of the 1967-to-1966 sample values to the 1966 benchmark universe value, then the 1968 universe estimate is computed by applying the ratio of the 1968 -to1967 sample values to the 1967 universe estimate and so on.

The formula previously used is:

$$
U_{t}=\frac{S_{t}}{S_{t-1}}\left(U_{t-1}-D r_{t-1}\right)+B r_{t}
$$

where:

$$
\begin{aligned}
t-1= & \text { prior period } \\
t= & \text { current period, which is to be } \\
& \text { estimated } \\
U= & \text { universe data } \\
S= & \text { sample data for companies exist- } \\
& \text { ing and reported in both periods } \\
D r= & \text { data reported for deaths } \\
B r= & \text { data reported for births }
\end{aligned}
$$

The following refinements to this procedure have been made in conjunction with the benchmarking of the direct investment series to the 1966 census universe:
(1) Universe estimates are computed at four levels of aggregation-countryindustry, country total, industry total, and grand total. The sum of all country-industry cells, all country total cells, and all industry total cells and the grand total can then be compared with each other in order to judge the validity of and to adjust, if necessary, the individual country-industry estimates. The published global universe estimate is the sum of the individual country-industry estimates after such adjustments.
(2) A procedure has been added for estimating data for total deaths and total births, i.e., including the values associated with unreported deaths and births.
(3) The procedure for adjustment
to take account of cells for which reported samples are small has been standardized.

The second and third refinements are discussed below.

## Total deaths and births

In the direct investment data series, affiliates which existed in the prior period but do not exist in the current period (deaths) report only in the prior period while affiliates which exist in the current period but did not exist in the prior period (births) report only in the current period. Data for such companies are not considered part of the sample data used to compute universe estimates, since the sample used is composed only of data of companies which report in both periods. In the formula previously used (cited above), data for deaths and births reported in the sample surveys were included as reported. This procedure has been modified in order to obtain an estimate of data for total births and deaths, including those which are not reported. This estimate is based on the assumption that the ratio of reported to total deaths or births is equal to the ratio of the sample plus reported deaths to the universe in the prior period. The total value of deaths-companies that were in the universe in the prior period but have since dropped out-is estimated by assuming that the ratio of the total value to the value of reported deaths is equal to the ratio of the universe value to the value of the sample (including data for firms that are known to have since died) in the prior period. Thus, for total deaths (D):

$$
\frac{D_{t-1}}{D r_{t-1}}=\frac{U_{t-1}}{S_{t-1}+D r_{t-1}}
$$

or:

$$
D_{t-1}=\frac{U_{t-1}}{S_{t-1}+D r_{t-1}} \cdot D r_{t-1}
$$

The total value of births-companies that have entered the universe since the prior period-is estimated in the same way:

$$
B_{t}=\frac{U_{t-1}}{S_{t-1}+D r_{t-1}} \cdot B r_{t}
$$

The formula previcusly used, modified to include unreported births and deaths, becomes:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& U_{t}=\frac{S_{t}}{S_{t-1}}\left[U_{t-1}-\left(\frac{U_{t-1}}{S_{t-1}+D r_{t-1}} \cdot D r_{t-1}\right)\right] \\
&+\left[\frac{U_{t-1}}{S_{t-1}+D r_{t-1}} \cdot B r_{t}\right]
\end{aligned}
$$

The reciprocal of the ratio

$$
\left(\frac{U_{t-1}}{S_{t-1}+D r_{t-1}}\right)
$$

that is computed for each countryindustry cell in order to blow up reported data for deaths and births is tested for adequacy of sample coverage. This test is the same as that described below in the discussion of small samples.

## Small samples

At the country-industry cell level, the sample value of certain direct investment data items is quite small relative to the universe value in period $t-1$. In such cases, the change in the sample from period $t-1$ to period $t$ does not necessarily reflect the change in the nonreported data in the cell. Therefore, the ratio of the sample (including reported deaths) to the universe for each country-industry cell is compared to a predetermined acceptable percentage. Denoting the acceptable percentage by $Y$, the criterion is that the computed ratio for each country-industry cell must be equal to or greater than $Y$ :

$$
\frac{S_{t-1}+D r_{t-1}}{U_{t-1}} \geqslant Y
$$

If the ratio in a given country-industry cell is less than $Y$, then the modified estimating formula is adjusted as follows (with the subscript $i$ denoting industry):
(a) The ratio of the sample value in period $t$ to the sample value in period $t-1$ is computed at the industry total level, rather than at the countryindustry level:

$$
\frac{S i_{t}}{S i_{t-1}}
$$

and
(b) The ratio of the universe to the sample (including reported deaths) used to estimate total deaths and births is calculated with industry total data, rather than country-industry data:

$$
\frac{U i_{t-1}}{S i_{t-1}+D r i_{t-1}}
$$

Table 2.-Differences Between Revised and Previously Published Universe Estimates of Property, Plant, and Equipment Expenditures by Majority-Owned Foreign Affiliates of U.S. Firms by Major Industry and Area, 1966-71
[Millions of dollars or percent]

|  | 1960 |  | 1967 |  | 1968 |  | 1969 |  | 1970 |  | 1971 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Amount | As percent of revised universe | Amount | As percent of revised universe | Amount | As percent of revised universe | Amount | As percent of revised universe | Amount | As percent of revised universe | Amount | As percent of revised universe |
| Total... | 85 | 1 | 289 | 3 | 765 | 8 | 1,030 | 9 | 1,332 | 9 | 1,436 | 9 |
| Mining and smelting.. | $\begin{array}{r} -169 \\ -83 \\ -186 \\ 8 \\ 815 \end{array}$ | (*) $\begin{array}{r}-2 \\ -2 \\ -2 \\ 0\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -191 \\ 29 \\ -44 \\ 38 \\ 456 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{cc}\text { (*) } & -2 \\ \text { (*) } \\ \text { (*) } & \\ & 5\end{array}$ | -142 | $\begin{array}{r} -1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -93 \\ 72 \\ 221 \\ 126 \\ 1204 \\ 704 \end{array}$ | -11216 | $\begin{array}{r} 163 \\ -149 \\ 219 \\ 231 \\ 291 \end{array}$ | -1-12226 | $\begin{array}{r} -270 \\ -194 \\ 268 \\ 154 \\ 1,089 \end{array}$ | -21217 |
| Petroloum. ${ }^{\text {Manufacturing }}$.......... |  |  |  |  | 149 133 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mrade.................. |  |  |  |  | 133 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other industries.-. |  |  |  |  | 518 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| By area |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Canada | 125-59219-199 | 1-1-2-2 | 5983301-154 | 113-2 | 55189588-66 | 126-1 | 177280566-128 | $\begin{array}{r} \\ \\ \text { (*) } \\ \begin{array}{r}1 \\ 2 \\ \hline\end{array} \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 172 \\ & 233 \\ & 793 \\ & 134 \end{aligned}$ | 2261 | 265118840213 | 2151 |
| Latin America. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ouriper areas...... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 21 |  |

(*) $=$ Less than $\pm 0.5$ percent.
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, International Investment Division.

Since $Y$ is held constant, the addition of the test for adequacy of sample coverage to the modified formula provides a standardized procedure for estimating universe totals where reported samples are small.

Table 4.-Revised Value of Property, Plant, and Equipment Expenditures by Affiliates in Sample and in Universe, and Sample as Percent of Universe, by Industry and Area, 1966

|  | Sample | Universe | Sample as percent of $\underset{\text { verse }}{\text { uni- }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (Militons of dollars) |  |  |
| Total. | 6,368 | 8,726 | 73 |
| By industry |  |  |  |
| Mining and smelting. | $\begin{array}{r} 522 \\ 2,011 \\ 3,288 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 621 \\ 2,443 \\ 4,397 \end{array}$ | 848275 |
| Petroleum.... |  |  |  |
| Food products. | $\begin{aligned} & 140 \\ & 200 \\ & 693 \\ & 101 \\ & 2688 \\ & 741 \\ & 151 \\ & 803 \\ & 190 \end{aligned}$ | 290323898161383883237870363 | 48486277637084649254 |
| Paper and allied products. |  |  |  |
| Chemicals............ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |
| Primary and fabricated metals- |  |  |  |
| Machinery (except electrical).- |  |  |  |
| Transportation equipment....... |  |  |  |
| Other.................... |  |  |  |
| Trade | 184364 | 389865 | ${ }_{42}^{46}$ |
| Other industries. |  |  |  |
| By area |  |  |  |
| Canada - | 1,81826822,554 | $\begin{aligned} & 2,482 \\ & 1,035 \\ & 3,473 \end{aligned}$ | 736674 |
| Latin America. |  |  |  |
| Europe.. |  |  |  |
| United Kingdom. | 7251,505 | 919 | 79 |
| European Economic Com- |  |  |  |
| Other....................... | $1,505$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,059 \\ \hline 495 \end{array}$ | 73 65 |
| Japan. | 143 | 159 | 90 |
| Australia, New Zealand, and South Africa. |  | $\begin{array}{r} 574 \\ 1,004 \end{array}$ |  |
| Other areas.. | $\begin{aligned} & 451 \\ & 720 \end{aligned}$ |  | 72 |

1. Includes France, Germany, Italy, Netherlands, Belgium, and Luxembourg only.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, International Investment Division.

## Estimation of Property, Plant, and Equipment Spending

The property, plant, and equipment series is the first to be benchmarked to the 1966 census of U.S. direct investment abroad and the first to which the modified procedure for computing universe estimates has been applied. Table 2 shows the differences between the new and old estimates of actual (not pro-
jected) spending for 1966 to 1971. The combined effect of the revisions has been to raise the level of total spending by affiliates above the previously published levels in each year. The upward revisions become larger each year, increasing from $\$ 85$ million in 1966 to $\$ 1,436$ million in 1971 . In percentage terms, the difference between the old and new series ranges between 1 and 9 percent of the revised estimates.

Table 3.-Effect of New Method for Estimating Additions to and Liquidations From the Universe, 1967-1971
[Millions of dollars or percent]

| Year | Total difference between revised and previously published data | Effect of estimating nonreported net additions | Effect of estimating nonreported net additions as percent of total difference |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1967. | 289 | 81 | 28 |
| 1968. | 765 | 165 | 22 |
| 1969. | 1,030 | 333 | 32 |
| 1970. | 1,332 | 567 | 43 |
| 1971. | 1,436 | 807 | 56 |

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, International Investment Division.

Table 5.-Comparison of Projected Data Adjusted and Unadjusted for Bias and Percent Difference by Major Industry, 1973 and 1974

| Industry | 1973 |  |  | 1974 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Unadjusted | Adjusted | Percent difference | Unadjusted | Adjusted | Percent difference |
|  | (Millions of dollars) |  |  | (Millions of dollars) |  |  |
| Total. <br> Mining and smelting. | $\begin{array}{r} 20,797 \\ 1,368 \\ 6,688 \\ 8,887 \\ 1,547 \\ 2,386 \end{array}$ | 18,995 | -9 | 21,994 | 21,419 | -3 |
|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,201 \\ & 6,180 \\ & 7,743 \end{aligned}$ | -8 | 1,021 | 1,102 7,707 | 8 -2 |
| Manufacturing.-- |  |  | -12 | 8,9151,688 | 8,3061,775 | -7 |
| Trade---....- |  | 2, ${ }^{1,306}$ | -3-3 |  |  | (*) 5 |
| Other industries. |  |  |  | 2,525 | 2, 528 | (*) |

$\left(^{*}\right)=$ Less than $\pm 0.5$ percent.
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, International Investment Division.

By industry, the largest revisions were in the "other" category, mainly the hotel and construction industries. By area, the largest revisions were in Europe. In all other major industry or area categories shown in table 2, the difference between the old and new series never exceeds 2 percent of the revised estimate.

The estimating procedure now used is described in the preceding section of this article, and the differences between the current procedure and the one used previously for plant and equipment expenditures are discussed below. The most important modification is the new treatment of total births and deaths. Births have always been larger
than deaths so that the failure to "inflate" the reported births and deaths to take account of nonreported cases resulted in net underestimation of property, plant and equipment expenditures abroad. The net amount involved for the unreported births and deaths in any one year was quite small-less than two percent of total expenditures.

Table 6A.-Estimates of Property, Plant, and Equipment Expenditures by Majority-Owned Foreign Affiliates of U.S. Companies for 1966, by Country and Industry ${ }^{1}$

|  |  |  |  | Manuracturing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Area or country | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \text { indus } \\ \text { indius- } \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|c\|c\|c\|c\|c\|c\|c\|c\|c\|} \substack{\text { mandeb } \\ \text { ing }} \\ \hline \end{array}$ | ${ }_{\text {Petro- }}^{\text {leam }}$ | Total | $\underset{\text { products }}{\substack{\text { Fod }}}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Paper } \\ \text { ander } \\ \text { nalled } \\ \text { nold } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { chemi. } \\ \text { chisind } \\ \text { chlid } \\ \text { products } \end{gathered}$ | Rrobber | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Primary } \\ \text { Pabincated } \\ \text { metala } \end{array}$ | Machin- efry eefectical ent | $\begin{gathered} \text { Electricalal } \\ \text { manhrin } \\ \text { ery } \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { other } \\ \text { tatary } \end{gathered}$ | Trade | (thers |
| All countries | 8,726 | 621 | 2,43 | 4,397 | 290 | ${ }^{323}$ | ${ }^{898}$ | 161 | ${ }^{383}$ | ${ }^{88}$ | 237 | 870 | 353 | ${ }^{39}$ | ${ }^{865}$ |
| Developed ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 6,687 | 429 | 1,613 | 3,835 | 219 | 293 | ${ }^{723}$ | ${ }^{137}$ | 299 | 4 | 202 | 30 | 288 | 48 | 46 |
| Canada. | 2,482 | 312 | 662 | 1,178 | 2 | 226 | 190 | 49 | 123 | 145 | 64 | (D) | (D) | $n$ | 258 |
| Europe. | 3,473 |  | ${ }^{793}$ | 2,265 | 114 | 3 | 401 | 1 | 148 | 632 | 126 | (D) | (D) | 250 | 161 |
| United Kindom European Economic Community |  |  | 174 | 666 | 29 | 4 | 101 | 25 | 50 | 188 | 37 | (D) | (D) | 40 | 38 |
|  | 2,069 | (D) | 481 |  | ${ }^{62}$ | 35 | ${ }^{247}$ | ${ }_{12}^{29}$ | ${ }_{64}^{64}$ | ${ }^{408}$ |  |  |  | ${ }^{161}$ |  |
| Belgium and Luxembourg. France...- |  | (100 | ${ }_{\text {(D) }}^{(\text {D) }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 238 \\ & 568 \\ & 56 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17 \\ & 122 \\ & 222 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 8 \\ x_{1}^{8} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 39 \\ & 78 \\ & 78 \\ & 71 \end{aligned}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 12 \\ \hline 7 \\ \hline 6 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\left.\begin{gathered} 8 \\ 2 \\ 20 \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{gathered} (\mathrm{D}) \\ 102 \\ 102 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16 \\ & 24 \\ & 24 \end{aligned}$ | (D) | $\left(\mathrm{D}^{(\mathrm{D})}{ }^{19}\right.$ | $\frac{110}{67}$ | (D) ${ }^{\text {(D) }}$ |
| (etemani..... | $\begin{aligned} & 856 \\ & 2065 \\ & 204 \end{aligned}$ | (D) ${ }_{0}^{0}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 288 \\ 89 \\ 41 \end{array}$ |  | 12 <br>  <br> 1 | $\begin{gathered} 8 \\ { }_{3}^{5} \\ 4 \end{gathered}$ | 19 <br> 89 <br> 19 | 1 2 2 2 |  | (D) ${ }^{618}$ | $\begin{gathered} 24 \\ 24 \\ 2 \end{gathered}$ |  | (D) ${ }^{10}$ | - | (D) ${ }_{4}^{8}$ |
| Other Europe. | ${ }_{44}^{495}$ | ${ }^{(D)}{ }_{0}$ | $\begin{array}{r}138 \\ \hline 25\end{array}$ | ${ }^{224}$ | (D) ${ }^{24}$ | (D) ${ }^{14}$ | ${ }^{8}$ | (D) ${ }^{17}$ | (D) ${ }^{34}$ |  |  | (D) ${ }^{6}$ | (0) ${ }^{20}$ | (8) ${ }^{49}$ | (D) |
| Tinelend.-. | $\xrightarrow{17}$ | (D) | 5 10 10 | 14 |  | (*) ${ }^{0}$ |  | (D) |  | (6) | (D) |  | (D) ${ }^{4}$ | (8) | (D) |
| Spam, | ${ }^{132}$ |  | ${ }^{18}$ | ${ }_{68}^{67}$ |  | (D) ${ }^{8}$ | ${ }^{(1)}{ }^{24}$ |  |  | (D) ${ }^{2}$ | (D) |  | (D) ${ }_{1}$ |  |  |
|  | (164 | (D) ${ }^{0}$ | ${ }_{38}{ }^{7}$ |  | (D) ${ }_{1}$ |  | (D) ${ }^{1}$ | (D) | (D) ${ }^{\text {(D) }}$ | ${ }_{(0)}{ }^{(D)}$ | (D) ${ }_{5}$ | ${ }^{(D)}{ }_{2}$ |  | 11 | (D) ${ }^{23}$ |
| Japan. | 159 | - | 50 | 99 |  | (D) | ${ }_{3} 5$ | (D) | ${ }^{\circ}$ | (D) |  | (-) | 2 |  |  |
| Austrilia, New Zealkend |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Austraila | ${ }_{464}^{574}$ | ${ }^{114}$ | ${ }_{82}^{108}$ | $\underset{234}{238}$ |  |  | ${ }_{90}^{96}$ | (D) | ${ }_{24}^{27}$ |  | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | ${ }_{56}^{73}$ | 16 13 | ${ }_{21}^{21}$ |  |
| $\xrightarrow{\text { Now }}$ Soaiand | ${ }_{82}^{27}$ | (D) | (D) | 14 <br> 45 <br> 1 |  |  | $\stackrel{1}{1}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 24 \\ & 3 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | (D) ${ }^{0}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | (D) | 1 <br> 3 <br> 3 |  |  |
| Dereloping countries. | 1,786 | ${ }^{193}$ | 4 | 563 | 1 | 30 | 175 | ${ }^{24}$ | 84 | ${ }^{38}$ | ${ }^{36}$ | ${ }^{40}$ | ${ }^{65}$ | ${ }^{50}$ | ${ }^{237}$ |
| Latin Americ | 1,035 | 178 | 253 | 392 | 59 | 27 | 120 | 19 | 30 | 30 | 18 | 39 | 51 | 3 | 16 |
| Latin American Republics Argentina. | $\begin{gathered} 804 \\ 10 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | ${ }_{(128}^{12}$ | $\begin{array}{r}196 \\ \hline 15 \\ \hline 6\end{array}$ | - $\begin{gathered}368 \\ 90 \\ 90\end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 58 \\ & 18 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 106 \\ 25 \\ 125 \end{gathered}$ | (D) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 30 20 8 8 | 29 29 14 | $\begin{gathered} 18 \\ \frac{18}{2} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 39 \\ \text { 30 } \end{array}$ |  | (D) ${ }_{7}^{41}$ |  |
|  |  | (D) ${ }_{1}^{2}$ | - ${ }_{32}$ | 91 20 20 | $\begin{gathered} 11 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{gathered}$ | (D) ${ }_{4}$ | 17 7 7 7 | (D) ${ }^{\frac{4}{0}}$ | (D) ${ }_{1}^{8}$ |  | (8) | (D) ${ }^{1}$ | (D) ${ }_{5}^{13}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 7 \\ 10 \\ 10 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | (b) |
| ${ }_{\text {Maxico }}^{\text {Panama }}$ | $\xrightarrow{131}$ |  | (D) ${ }^{1}$ | ${ }_{1}^{100}$ | 1 |  | (D) ${ }^{35}$ |  | ${ }_{0}^{11}$ |  | ${ }_{0}^{6}$ |  | (D) ${ }^{11}$ | $10$ | (D) |
| ${ }^{\text {Perru }}$ Veioùia | 1164 | ( ${ }^{\text {( })^{54}}$ | ${ }_{96}^{19}$ | ${ }_{37}^{28}$ |  | ${ }^{(D)}{ }_{3}$ |  | ${ }^{(D)}{ }_{2}$ | (D) ${ }^{1}$ |  | (*) 1 | (D) |  | (D) ${ }^{3}$ |  |
| Other Centrail America-... | ${ }_{43}$ | (D) ${ }^{1}$ | (D) ${ }^{9}$ | $\stackrel{13}{7}$ |  | (D) ${ }_{0}$ | (D) ${ }_{2}$ |  |  |  | (9) ${ }^{1}$ | $\bigcirc$ |  | $\xrightarrow{3}$ |  |
| other Western Hemisphere Bahams | 181 <br> 40 <br> 0 |  | ${ }_{(0)}{ }^{57}$ |  | (-) ${ }^{1}$ |  | (D) ${ }^{14}$ | ${ }^{(D)}{ }_{0}^{0}$ |  |  |  |  | (D) ${ }_{0}^{3}$ | (8) ${ }^{1}$ |  |
|  | 2 | (D) ${ }^{\text {(D) }}$ | - | (D) ${ }^{0}$ | (0) ${ }^{1}$ | $(\mathrm{D})^{0}$ | $\text { (D) }{ }^{4}$ | (D) ${ }_{0}^{0}$ | (-) ${ }^{0}$ |  | $(\mathrm{D})^{0}$ |  | ( (D) $^{\text {) }}$ | (8) |  |
| Other Atric....- | ${ }^{311}$ | (D) | ${ }^{\text {(1) }}$ 237 | (8) | ${ }_{0}^{1}$ | : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $8^{2}$ | ${ }_{5}^{4}$ |
|  | 118 118 116 | (D) ${ }_{4}^{0}$ | ${ }^{110}$ | (D) ${ }^{4}$ | (8) ${ }^{0}$ | 8 | ${ }_{\text {(D) }}{ }^{\text {(D) }}{ }^{1}$ |  | (0) ${ }^{0}$ |  |  |  | ${ }^{3}$ | (8) | (D) |
| iddele Esat |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | (D) ${ }_{0}$ | 年31 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (D) }{ }^{3} \text { (D) } \end{aligned}$ | 8 | $\begin{aligned} & (\mathrm{D}) \\ & \text { (D) }{ }^{2} \end{aligned}$ | $(\mathrm{D})^{6}{ }^{6}$ | (8) |  | (D) ${ }^{\text {D }}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | (9) 0 | $8$ | (D) |
| Other Indin and Pacilic. | ${ }_{228}^{228}$ |  | (D) ${ }^{65}$ |  |  |  |  |  | (D) |  | (D) ${ }^{17}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1 \\ & 1 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | (*) ${ }^{10}$ | (0) ${ }^{5}$ | (D) |
| Indonesin | (D) |  | $\mathrm{D}_{0}$ |  | ${ }_{0}^{0}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (8) |  |
| Phtilippines |  | (D) | ${ }_{35}^{20}$ |  | ${ }_{10}^{10}$ | (D) |  | (D) ${ }^{1}$ |  | (\%) | (D) ${ }^{1}$ | (D) | ${ }_{3}^{6}$ | (D) | ${ }^{88}$ |
| International and unallocated |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 165 |

*Less than \$800,000.
D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data for individual reporters.

1. The property, plant, and equipment expenditures data have been revised back to and including the year 1966 (see text for discussion).

However, the effect is cumulative and table 3 shows that by 1971, this procedural change accounted for 56 percent of the total difference between the revised and previously published series. The balance of the difference is the result of the benchmarking of the spending series to the 1966 census, including a change in the
definition of the universe; the introduction of an adjustment for small samples; and the elimination of adjustments formerly made for extreme data movements. The specific contribution of each of these items to the total difference cannot be readily measured.

## Benchmarking to the 1966 census <br> For purposes of computing the re-

vised spending estimates presented in this article, the definition of the universe was changed to conform to that used for the spending data in the 1966 BEA census. ${ }^{3}$ That census asked for data on expenditures for all primary
3. For a description of the census, see Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Direct Investments Abroad 1966. Part 1: Balanoe Analysis, U.S. Dir
of Payments Data.

Table 6B.-Estimates of Property, Plant, and Equipment Expenditures by Majority-Owned Foreign Affiliates of U.S. Companies for 1967, by Country and Industry ${ }^{1}$

and secondary foreign affiliates in which U.S. ownership was at least 50 percent. In contrast, the universe covered by the unrevised spending series included all primary foreign affiliates in which U.S. ownership was at least 25 percent. Thus, while the new universe estimates for 1966 onward are based on data from the same sample surveys as
used for the previously published estimates, only the data reported in those surveys for majority-owned foreign affiliates (MOFA's), both primary and secondary, are actually used in the new estimates.

In addition, each affiliate's industry and country classification from the 1966
census is now applied to that affiliate in
subsequent years. ${ }^{4}$ The industry classification of an affiliate was changed more often than the country classification. Most affected affiliates were reclassified from manufacturing to trade or other services.
4. These classifications will remain in effect until the next census is taken.

Table 6C.-Estimates of Property, Plant, and Equipment Expenditures by Majority-Owned Foreign Affiliates of U.S. Companies for 1968, by Country and Industry ${ }^{1}$
[Millions of dollars]


The first step in the benchmarking process was to identify the MOFA's that were in both the sample in 1966 and the benchmark survey universe in 1966. For each such matched affliate, if the plant and equipment expenditure data from the two surveys were within 10 percent of the data reported in the 1966 census, the census data were
accepted as "correct." If they differed by more than 10 percent and if total expenditures by the affliate were at least $\$ 50,000$, the discrepancy was investigated further. Consultation with reporters resulted in some changes to the census data; however, more often the 1966 census data were accepted.
The final match showed that in 1966
the sample accounted for 73 percent of total property, plant, and equipment expenditures of all MOFA's (table 4). In terms of number of affiliates, the sample contained 5,800 MOFA's, 28 percent of all MOFA's.

## Deriving universe estimates

Revised universe estimates have been

Table 6D.-Estimates of Property, Plant, and Equipment Expenditures by Majority-Owned Foreign Affiliates of U.S. Companies for 1969, by Country and Industry ${ }^{1}$

computed separately for 616 countryindustry data cells ( 14 industries in each of 44 countries). Previously, estimates were made for 624 countryindustry cells ( 16 industries in each of 39 countries). As outlined in the previous section of this article, estimates have now been made of unreported additions to and deletions
from the universe. Previously, additions and deletions were added or subtracted simply as reported, with no estimates for those unreported.

A standardized test for cells with small samples has now been applied, as described in the previous section of the article. Formerly, adjustment for inadequate coverage in cells where
the reported data were small relative to the universe was done manually without standard guidelines. For the plant and equipment series, the minimum acceptable sample-to-universe percentage coverage has been set at 25 percent, after comparing the results using this percentage with those using other percentages.

Table 6E.-Estimates of Property, Plant, and Equipment Expenditures by Majority-Owned Foreign Affiliates of U.S. Companies for 1970, by Country and Industry ${ }^{1}$


* Less than $\$ 500,000$

D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data for individual reporters.

There is no longer any adjustment to eliminate the effect of extreme year-to-year change in the sample data used to calculate universe estimates. Formerly, an attempt was made to adjust for this type of movement, but the method was highly subjective and tests indicated that no adjustment yielded better results.

Bias adjustment of spending projections

As in the past, the data on projected spending presented in this article are adjusted so as to eliminate-or at least reduce-any systemtic bias in the four projections obtained for each year (in June and December of the preceding year and June and December
of the year in question, i.e., $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}, \mathrm{C}$, and D projections).
For the C and D projections, the bias adjustment procedure involves calculating ratios of actual spending (the final, or E, estimate) to the comparable reported expectation for each of the previous 5 years. No bias adjustment is made unless there is

Table 6F.-Estimates of Property, Plant, and Equipment Expenditures by Majority-Owned Foreign Affiliates of U.S. Companies for 1971, by Country and Industry ${ }^{1}$

a deviation of projection from estimate in the same direction in at least 4 of the 5 years. Also, no adjustment is made to items below $\$ 10$ million. When an adjustment is necessary under these criteria, the median ratio of actual to expected spending in the 5 -year period is applied as an adjustment factor.

The decision as to whether the $A$ and B projections for a given year need adjustment must be made without ratios of actual to expected spending for the preceding year since there are no actual figures yet available for that year. In deriving the bias-adjusted 1974 data (A projections) presented here, the years 1968-1972 were used since
actual data for 1973 are not available.
This bias adjustment procedure is the same as that used in the past with two exceptions. First, the adjustment is calculated for all 616 country-industry cells. Previously, the adjustment was made in the same way but for only 138 consolidated data cells. Comparison of the data adjusted at these two levels of

Table 6G.-Estimates of Property, Plant, and Equipment Expenditures by Majority-Owned Foreign Affiliates of U.S. Companies for 1972, by Country and Industry ${ }^{1}$
[Millions of dollars]

| Area or country | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { indus- } \\ \text { tries } \end{gathered}$ | Mining smelting | Petroleum | Manufacturing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Trade | Other industries |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Total | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Food } \\ & \text { products } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Paper } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { allied } \\ \text { products } \end{gathered}$ | Chemi- cals and allied products | Rubber products |  | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { Machin- } \\ \text { ery } \\ \text { (except } \\ \text { electrical) } \end{array}$ | Electrical machinery | $\begin{gathered} \text { Transpor- } \\ \text { tation } \\ \text { equip- } \\ \text { ment } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Other } \\ \text { manu- } \\ \text { facturing } \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| All countries. | 17,088 | 1,249 | 5,350 | 7,123 | 364 | 586 |  |  | 702 | 1,716 | 586 | 855 | 552 | 1,3951,228 | 1,972 |
| Developed countries. | $\begin{array}{r} 11,728 \\ 3,596 \end{array}$ | 965 | 2,507 | 6,023 | 279 |  | 1,159 | $224$ |  | 1,599 | 492 | 697 | 469 |  | 1,005 |
| Canada |  | 719 | 804 | 1,452 | 90 | 281 | $325 \quad 65$ |  | 61 | 209 | 121 | 213 | 86 | 222 | 400 |
| Europe.. | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{6}, 628 \\ & 1,561 \end{aligned}$ | 5 | 1,365413 |  | 156 | 219 | 648 | 148 | 472 | 1,130 | 328 | 391 | 337 | 906 | 523 |
| United Kingdom ---............ |  |  |  | 853 | $43$ | (D) | 127 | (D) | 150 | 266 | 54 | 108274 | 77 | 123 | 172 |
| European Economic Community <br> (b) | 4,148 | $\begin{aligned} \text { (D) } \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ \text { (D) } \\ 0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 682 \\ 54 \\ (\mathrm{D}) \\ 224 \\ (\mathrm{D}) \\ \hline 98 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,693 \\ 380 \\ 507 \\ 1,114 \\ 481 \\ 212 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 101 \\ 6 \\ 23 \\ 23 \\ 34 \\ 15 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \quad \begin{array}{c} 204 \\ \text { (D) }{ }_{86}^{5} \\ \text { (D) } \end{array}{ }^{97} \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 300 \\ 7 \\ 14 \\ 234 \\ 15 \\ 29 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 820 \\ 56 \\ 526 \\ (\mathrm{D}) \\ (\mathrm{D}) \end{gathered}$ |  |  | 213 | 660 |  |
| Belgium and Luxembourg -....... | ${ }^{1} 468$ |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 447 \\ 93 \\ 61 \\ 619 \\ 74 \\ 80 \end{array}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 213 \\ 50 \\ 51 \\ 79 \\ 27 \\ 7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (D) } \\ & \text { (D) } \end{aligned}$ | 245454 | 660 23 338 | (D) 10 |
| France. | 1,035 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 338 |  |
| Germany | 1,549 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 192 | 115 | 177 | ${ }_{12}^{33}$ |
| Netherland | 385 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10 | 13 | 49 | 25 |
| Other Europ | 919 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 270 \\ 23 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 28377 | $\text { (D) }{ }^{12}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (D) } \\ & \text { (D) } \end{aligned}$ |  | (D)(D)(D) | $\left({ }_{( }(\mathrm{D}){ }^{23}\right.$ |  | (D) ${ }^{61}$ | (D) ${ }^{9}$ | (*) ${ }^{47}$ | (D) | (D) |
| Denmark | 65 28 |  |  |  |  |  | (D) 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ireland. | 28 119 |  | 2 97 | 25 12 |  |  | (*) ${ }^{10}$ | (D) 0 |  |  |  |  | (D) ${ }^{7}$ | (D) |  |
| Spain-. | 216 | $\left({ }^{( }\right)$ | 55 | 84 | (D) | $\begin{aligned} & (\mathrm{D}) \\ & \left({ }^{( }\right) \\ & { }^{*} \end{aligned}$ | $\text { (D) }{ }^{50}$ | (D) | 2 | (D) 5 | (D) | (D) ${ }^{0}$ | (D) | (D) 30 | 8 48 |
| Sweden. | 114 | 0 0 | 27 | 54 |  |  |  |  | 13 | (D) |  | (*) | 2 | 27 | 6 |
| Switzerland....................... | 146 231 |  | 6 60 | 42 59 | (D) | (*) | $\begin{array}{r}6 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | (D) ${ }^{1}$ | (D) ${ }^{2}$ | 5 6 | (D) ${ }_{26}$ | (D) 1 | $18$ | 28 28 | 80 |
| Japan.. | 566 | 0 | (D) | 378 | 6 | 16 | (D) | (D) | (*) | (D) | 22 | (*) | 10 | 24 | (D) |
| Australia, New Zealand, and South Africa | 937 |  |  |  |  | 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 36 | 76 |  |
| Australia | 756 | $\begin{aligned} & 242 \\ & 237 \\ & \text { (D) } \\ & \text { (D) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (D) } \\ & \text { (D) } \\ & \text { (D) } \\ & 24 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 364 \\ 290 \\ 17 \end{array}$ |  | (D) ${ }^{\text {(D) }}$ | (D) 78 | (D) 1 |  | (D) 28 |  | 61 | 29 | 40 |  |
| New Zealand | 39 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (D) | (D) | (D) | (D) | 1 | 14 |  |
| South Africa | 142 |  |  | 57 | (D) | (D) |  | 5 |  | (D) |  | (D) | 6 | 22 | (D) |
| Developing countries | 3,966 | 284 | 1,910 | 1,099 | 85 | 61 | 189 | 189 | 125 | 117 | 94 | 157 | 83 | 167 | 507 |
| Latin America.. | 2,090 | 174 | 624 | 880 | 72 | 51 | 160 | 157 | 72 | 107 | 65 | 155 | 42 | 116 | 296 |
| Latin American Republics. | 1,619 | 97 | 362 | 862 | 71 | (D) | 146 | (D) | 71 | 106 | 65 | 155 | ${ }_{40}^{40}$ |  | 184 41 |
| Argentina | 150 598 | $\stackrel{2}{1}$ | 25 | 66 | ${ }^{5}$ | (D) ${ }^{3}$ | ${ }_{61}^{21}$ |  | 5 | 3 | 888888 |  |  | 16 40 | ${ }_{38}^{41}$ |
| Chaile. | 598 17 | ${ }_{3}^{1}$ | (*) ${ }^{2}$ | 498 3 | (*) ${ }^{16}$ | (D) | (D) ${ }^{61}$ | 137 0 | 42 0 | 74 0 |  | (D) 1 | (D) | $\stackrel{1}{40}$ | 10 |
| Colombia | 85 | ${ }^{*}{ }^{*}$ | 31 | 48 |  | (D) |  | 8 | (D) | (D) | (D) | (D) 1 | (D) ${ }^{4}$ | 5 25 |  |
| Mexico.. | 197 | 8 | (*) | 152 | 13 | 13 | ${ }^{18}$ | 3 | 14 |  | (*) 20 |  |  | $\stackrel{25}{7}$ |  |
| Panama. | 28 |  | 11 | 5 |  |  | (D) |  |  |  |  |  | (D) 0 | 7 3 |  |
| Peru....... | 110 | (D) | (D) | 8 | 2 | (D) |  | (D) | (D) | (*) | (D) | ${ }^{*}{ }^{*}$ | 0 5 | 3 13 |  |
| Other Central America | 273 58 58 | ${ }^{(D)} 1$ | 163 22 | 49 | 140 | $\stackrel{4}{2}$ | 8 |  |  | (*) |  |  | 5 | 13 2 | (D) |
| Other and unallocated | 103 | 1 | (D) | 8 | 3 | (*) | 1 | 0 | 3 | (*) | (*) | 0 | 1 | 3 | (D) |
| Other Western Hemi | 471 | 77 | 262 | 18 | 1 | (D) |  | (D) | 1 | (*) |  |  |  |  | 112 |
| Bahamas | 213 | 0 | 114 | 6 |  | 0 | (D) |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 | (D) | ${ }_{(*)}^{\left({ }^{\text {( }} \text { ) }\right.}$ |  |
| Bermuda. | 2 |  | (*) | 0 | * 0 | 0 |  |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | (D) | (D) 4 |
| Jamaica | 68 188 | (D) | 143 | 9 3 | (*) | (D) | (D) ${ }^{6}$ | (D) 0 | ${ }^{(*)}$ | (*) 0 | ${ }^{(*)}$ | 0 | (*) | ${ }^{(D)} 3$ | (D) ${ }^{4}$ |
| Other Africa | 384 |  | 313 |  |  | (D) | 5 | (D) | (D) | 0 | (D) | (D) | 4 |  | 20 |
| Liberia.- | 14 | (D) | 3 |  | 0 |  |  | (D) |  | 0 | 0 |  | 0 |  | 4 |
| Libya-- | -99 |  | $\begin{array}{r}98 \\ 115 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | (D) | (*) 0 | 0 | (D) | (*) 0 | (*) 0 | 0 | (*) 0 | ( $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & 0\end{aligned}$ | 0 2 |  | ${ }_{10}^{0}$ |
| Nigeria- Other and unallocated | 130 141 | (D) ${ }^{0}$ | 115 97 | ${ }^{(D)} 26$ | (*) 4 | (D) ${ }^{0}$ | (D) 3 | ( ${ }^{( }{ }^{*}$ ) | $\stackrel{(4)}{(D)}$ | 0 | ( $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$ | (D) ${ }^{0}$ | 1 | (D) | 10 |
| Middle East |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 23 |  |
| Iran-.......----- | 96 | 0 | (D) | (D) | (*) |  | (D) | (D) | (D) 0 |  | (D) | 0 |  | (*) | 4 |
| Other and unallocated | 626 | 0 | (D) | (D) | (*) |  | (D) |  | (D) |  | 0 |  |  | 22 |  |
| Other Asia and Pacific. | 769 | 94 |  | 144 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 29 | (D) |  |  | ${ }^{126}$ |
| India- | 45 |  | (D) | 41 | (D) |  |  |  |  |  | (D) |  |  |  |  |
| Indonesia. | 317 | 62 | 231 | 22 |  | (D) |  | (D) | (D) 0 | 0 | (D) | 0 | (D) | (D) | (D) |
| Korea | 9 |  | (D) | 4 | (D) | (*) | (D) |  | (D) |  |  | (D) ${ }^{0}$ |  | ${ }^{(D)} 4$ | (D) 9 |
|  | 50 349 | 0 32 | 19 123 | 18 59 | $\begin{array}{r}5 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }^{(*)}$ | 3 5 |  | (D) |  | ${ }^{(*)} 19$ | (D) | 5 22 | 4 19 | 115 |
| International and unallocated. | 1,394 |  | 933 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (*) | 461 |

consolidation showed only slight differences because data for most major country-industry cells were adjusted separately at both levels.

Second, sample data are used to calculate the ratios over the 5 -year
period. Previously, the ratios were calculated from universe estimates. Use of the sample data was made necessary because revised universe estimates were not calculated for the projections, only for actual spending. A problem arises in
using the sample data, however, because some reporters provide actual data but no projections. Since only data from reporters who give both actual and projected figures can be used to calculate the bias adjustment, the actual

Table 6H.-Estimates of Projected Property, Plant and Equipment Expenditures by Majority-Owned Foreign Affiliates of U.S. Companies for 1973, by Country and Industry 1
[Millions of dollars]

| Area or country | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { indus- } \\ \text { tries } \end{gathered}$ | Mining smelting | Petro- | Manufacturing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Trade | Other industries |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Total | $\underset{\text { products }}{\text { For }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Paper } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { allied } \\ \text { products } \end{gathered}$ | Chemiallied products | Rubber products | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Primary } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { fabricated } \end{aligned}$ metals | $\begin{gathered} \text { Machin- } \\ \text { exy } \\ \text { except } \\ \text { electrical } \end{gathered}$ | Electrica machinery | Transpor- tation equip- ment | Other manu- facturing |  |  |
| All countries. | 18,995 | 1,261 | 6, 180 | 7,743 | 479 | 564 | 1,493 | 395 | 649 | 1,851 | 849 | 873 | 589 | 1,505 | 2,306 |
| Developed countries... | 12,628 | 881 | 2,762 | 6,515 | 336 | 523 | 1,257 | 253 | 508 | 1,701 | 714 | 729 | 494 | 1,250 | 1,221 |
| Canada. | $\begin{aligned} & 3,741 \\ & 7,123 \end{aligned}$ | 534 3 |  |  | ${ }_{167}^{131}$ | 240 | 614 | 155 | 411 | 1,223 | 175 483 | 424 | 332 | 846 | 697 |
| Europe......................................... | 1,852 | 3 | 1,506 574 | 1,071 830 | 167 49 | 263 (D) | 614 127 | (D) | 411 96 | 1,223 261 | 483 53 | 124 <br> 1 | 332 72 | 846 104 | 697 343 |
| European Economic Community (6) | 4,852 | (D) |  | 2,830 | 104 | 226 |  |  |  | 909 | 318 | 247 | 217 | 611 | (D) |
| Belgium and Laxembourg....... | 4,216 533 | ${ }^{(D)}$ | $\begin{gathered} 682 \\ 73 \end{gathered}$ | 2,830 415 | 104 | 226 76 | 391734545 | 126 16 | 290810 | 109 <br> 107 <br> 16 | $\begin{array}{r}318 \\ 53 \\ 65 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | (D) | (D) | $\stackrel{34}{305}$ | (D) |
| France...................... | 1,032 | 0 |  | 526 | 16 | 35 |  | 52 |  | (D) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Germany | $\begin{array}{r}1,563 \\ \hline 672\end{array}$ | (D) ${ }^{0}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { (D) } \\ 211 \end{gathered}$ | 1,185 | 29 | 9 | 166 36 | 11 | 10 230 |  |  |  | (D) | $\begin{array}{r} 134 \\ 83 \end{array}$ | 618 |
| Italy-1.... |  |  | $\left(\begin{array}{c} (\mathrm{D}) \end{array}\right.$ | 447 257 | 66 19 | 102 | 36 72 | 33 15 | 11 31 | (D) | $\begin{aligned} & 33 \\ & 28 \end{aligned}$ | (D) |  |  |  |
| Other Europe. | $\begin{array}{r} 1,056 \\ 53 \\ 33 \\ 137 \\ 284 \\ 111 \\ 2219 \\ 219 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { (D) } \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | 250 | 412 | $\begin{aligned} & 14 \\ & \text { (D) } \\ & \text { (D) } \end{aligned}$ | (D) | (D) ${ }^{96}$ | $\begin{aligned} & (\mathrm{D}) \\ & (\mathrm{D}) \end{aligned}$ | (D) ${ }^{25}$ |  | (111 | (D) | ${ }_{(*)}^{42}$ | 130 | (D) |
| Denmark |  |  | 19 | 8 |  |  |  |  |  | 1 1 1 |  |  |  | (D) | (D) |
| Ireland. |  |  | 3 | 27 |  | 0 | (D) | ${ }^{*}$ ) | (D) | (D) ${ }^{1}$ | (D) | (D) |  | (D) | (D) |
| Norway |  | (D) | 111 41 | 138 | ${ }^{*}{ }^{\text {\% }}$ | (D) | ${ }_{55}^{1}$ | (D) ${ }^{0}$ | $\begin{array}{r}10 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | (D) | (D) | 47 | (D) | ${ }_{40}$ |  |
| Spain--- |  | $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$ | 18 | 138 63 | 1 | (D) | (D) | (D) | 7 | (D) |  | (*) |  | 25 | 5 |
| Switzerland |  |  | 8 | 84 | (D) | (*) | 8 | 1 | 3 |  | (D) |  | 25 |  | 88 |
| Other.-... |  | (D) | 49 | 77 | (D) | 2 | 6 | (D) | (D) | 8 | 39 | (D) | 13 | (D) | 73 |
| Japan-... | 755 | 0 | (D) | 461 | 4 | 4 | 136 | (D) | 3 | (D) | 35 | (*) | 24 | (D) | 14 |
| Australia, New Zealand, and South Africa. | $\begin{array}{r} 1,008 \\ 792 \\ 35 \\ 181 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 344 \\ & 335 \\ & \text { (D) } \\ & \text { (D) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (D) } \\ & \text { (132 } \\ & \text { (D) } \\ & \text { (D) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 324 \\ 246 \\ 14 \\ 65 \end{array}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (D) } \\ & \text { (D) } \\ & \text { (D) } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 3635(D)(D) |  | 211912 | $\begin{array}{r} 87 \\ \text { (D7 } \\ \text { (D) } \\ \text { (D) } \end{array}$ | 362519 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (D) } \\ & \text { (D) } \\ & \text { (13 } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Australla.................................. |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 34 \\ 24 \\ \text { (D) } \\ \text { (D) } \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 177 \\ 16 \\ \text { (D) } \\ \text { (D) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 59 \\ 49 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (D) } \\ & \text { (D) } \\ & \text { (D) } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  | 9132554 |
| New Zealand. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| South Africa |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Developing countries | 4,3672,333 | 380 | 1,981 | 1,228 | 143 | 41 | 236 | 142 | 142 | 150 | 135 | 144 | 95 | 255 | 522 |
| Latin America . |  | 187 | 610 | 1,007 | 128 | 36 | 204 | 124 | 90 | 132 | 97 | 132 | 65 | 199 | 330 |
| Latin American Republics........ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,847 \\ 168 \\ 662 \\ 19 \\ 65 \\ 247 \\ 37 \\ 185 \\ 287 \\ 72 \\ 104 \end{array}$ | 127 | 348 | 983 | 126 | (D) | 187 | (D) | 89 | 132 | 97 | 132 | 62 | 195 29 | 194 27 |
| Argentina. |  | $\begin{array}{r}3 \\ 1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}20 \\ 35 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 590 | ${ }_{2}^{7}$ | (D) | $\begin{array}{r}19 \\ 107 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3 <br> 97 | $5{ }_{5}^{7}$ | $10{ }^{6}$ | (D) ${ }^{5}$ | 32 80 | 7 | 69 | 32 |
| Chile..... |  | 3 | (*) | 525 | (*) | (*) | (D) | - 0 | - ${ }^{5}$ | 10 |  | (D) | (D) | 1 | 10 |
| Colombla |  | (*) | 21 | 38 | 6 | (D) | (D) 7 | (D) | (D) | (D) | ${ }^{2}$ | (D) | 2 26 | $\begin{array}{r}5 \\ 42 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ${ }_{22}^{1}$ |
| Mexico.. |  | 9 | 6 | 173 | 27 |  | (D) | 7 <br> 0 | 16 | (D) | (D) | 12 | (D) | $\begin{array}{r}42 \\ 5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 19 |
| Panama |  | (D) ${ }^{0}$ | 6 69 | 6 9 | $\stackrel{2}{1}$ | (D) ${ }^{0}$ | (D) | (D) ${ }^{0}$ | (D) | ${ }^{(D)}$ | (D) | (*) | (D) | 15 | (D) |
| Venezuela..- |  | (D) | 133 | 88 | 38 | ${ }^{4}$ | 10 | (D) | (0) | ${ }^{*}$ * | 3 | ${ }_{6}$ | 13 | 21 | (D) |
| Other Central America .........- |  | (D) | 21 | 32 | 19 | $\left({ }^{2}\right.$ | 1 | 1 0 | 3 <br> 4 | (*) | 2 | 0 | 4 | $\stackrel{5}{4}$ | (D) |
| Other and unallocated --........ |  | (D) | 42 | 16 | 5 | (*) | 1 | 0 |  | (*) | 2 |  |  |  |  |
| Other western hemisphere......... | 486 | 60 | 262 | 24 |  |  | 17 | (D) | , | (*) | (*) | 0 | (D) ${ }^{2}$ |  | 1137 |
| Bahamas. | 196 | 0 0 | ${ }^{75}$ | 7 | (*) |  | (D) | ( 0 | 0 0 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | (D) | ( ${ }^{\text {( })}$ | (D) |
| Bermuda.. | ${ }^{*} 45$ | (D) ${ }^{0}$ | ${ }^{*}{ }_{5}$ | ${ }_{13}^{13}$ | ${ }_{2}^{0}$ | ${ }_{0}^{0}$ | ${ }_{8}^{0}$ | (D) ${ }^{0}$ | $\left(*^{0}\right.$ | $(*)$ | (*) | 0 | (D) | (D) | (D) |
| Other and unallocated | 245 | (D) | 182 | ${ }_{4}$ | (*) | (D) | (D) | (D) | (*) | 0 | (*) | 0 | (*) | 2 | (D) |
| Other Africa | 359 | 14 | 287 | 24 | 5 | ${ }^{(*)}$ | 5 | (D) | (D) | 0 | (D) | (D) | 1 | 7 | 27 |
| Liberia. | 22 | (D) | 4 | (*) | 0 | 0 | 0 | (*) | 0 | - | 0 | 0 | 0 | (D) | (D) |
| Libya.- | 91 | 0 | 91 | (D) | 0 | 0 | (D) | 0 | ${ }^{*}{ }^{0}$ | 0 | ${ }^{*}{ }^{0}$ | 0 | (D) ${ }^{0}$ | (D) | 12 |
| Nigerla. Other and unallocated | 96 150 | (D) ${ }^{0}$ | 78 113 | (D) 19 | $\left.{ }^{*}\right)_{5}$ | $\left({ }^{*}{ }^{0}\right.$ | (D) ${ }^{3}$ | (D) | (*) | 0 | (D) | (D) | (D) | (D) | (D) |
| Middle East | 796 |  |  | 33 |  |  |  | (D) | (D) | (*) | (D) |  | (*) | ${ }^{25}$ | ${ }^{55}$ |
| Iran---- | 79 | 0 | (D) | (D) | (*) | (*) | (D) | (D) | (D) 0 | $\left({ }^{0}\right.$ | (D) |  |  | $\left.{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |  |
| Other and unallocated | 718 | 0 | (D) | (D) | 1 | $\left({ }^{*}\right)$ | (D) | 0 | (D) | (*) | 0 |  | (*) |  |  |
| Other Asis and Pacific. | 878 | 180 | 401 | 164 |  |  |  | (D) |  |  | ${ }^{37}$ | (D) | 29 | (D) | ${ }^{(*)}$ |
| India | 61 466 | 0 150 | (D) | $\begin{array}{r}55 \\ 32 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\left.{ }^{*}\right)_{0}$ | (D) ${ }^{0}$ | (D) ${ }^{9}$ | (D) | 23 0 | 9 0 | (D) | ${ }_{0}^{0}$ | (D) | (D) | (D) |
| Korea | 8 | 0 | (D) | 4 | (D) | (*) | (D) | 0 | (D) | 0 |  | ${ }^{0}$ | 1 |  | (D) |
| Phillippines...-...... | $\begin{array}{r}57 \\ 285 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 0 | 17 | 25 48 | (D) | (*) | $\stackrel{2}{9}$ |  | ( ${ }^{(\mathrm{D})}$ |  | 21 | (D) | (D) | 17 | 98 |
| Addendum: <br> European Economic Community (9)2. | 6,154 | (D) | 1,278 | 3,695 | 159 | 259 | 535 | 142 | 387 | 1,172 | 375 | 372 | 290 | 722 | 457 |

- Less than $\$ 500,000$.

D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data for individual reporters.
 including the year 1966 (see text for discussion).
data which are usable are sometimes only a small portion of the total actual data of the sample. Thus, a test for adequacy of coverage was adopted. If in any year the actual data used are less than 25
percent of the total actual data reported, then no bias adjustment is made to the projection for that cell.

As a result of bias adjustment, projected total plant and equipment
spending was reduced by 9 percent for 1973 and 3 percent for 1974 relative to the estimates before adjustment. The differences by major industry are shown in table 5.

Table 6I.-Estimates of Projected Property, Plant, and Equipment Expenditures by Majority-Owned Foreign Affiliates of U.S. Companies for 1974, by Country and Industry ${ }^{1}$
[Millions of dollars]

*Less than $\$ 500,000$.
D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data for individual reporters.

1. The property plant, and equipment expenditures data have been revised back to and including the year 1966 (see text for discussion).
2. The "European Economic Community (9)" includes the "European Economic Community (6)," the United Kingdom, Denmark, and Ireland.

# U.S. Balance of Payments Developments: Third Quarter and First Nine Months of 1973 

AALL measures of the U.S. balance of payments showed substantial improvement in the third quarter. The balance on current account and long-term capital, which is widely considered to be an indicator of underlying balance of payments developments, registered a $\$ 2.5$ billion surplus, compared with a $\$ 0.6$ billion deficit in the second quarter. This was the first surplus in this balance in almost 4 years and the largest ever recorded. The balance on current account was in surplus by $\$ 1.2$ billion in the third quarter, following a deficit of $\$ 0.4$ billion in the second; the improvement mainly reflected a marked shift in the merchandise trade balance from deficit to surplus, although a net improvement in the military and services accounts and some reduction in Government grants also contributed. There was a net long-term capital inflow of $\$ 1.3$ billion in the third quarter, compared with a net outflow of $\$ 0.2$ billion in the second, as substantial favorable shifts in direct investment flows, net securities transactions, and long-term bank-reported flows more than offset a small adverse shift in Government capital flows.
The net liquidity balance was in surplus by $\$ 1.4$ billion in the third quarter compared with a $\$ 1.6$ billion deficit in the second, an improvement of about the same size as that in the balance on current account and longterm capital. In addition to the developments already mentioned in connection with the current and long-term capital accounts, the change in the net liquidity balance was unfavorably affected by a shift in unrecorded transactions (errors and omissions) from a

[^7]small inflow in the second quarter to a large outflow in the third; however, that shift was virtually offset by a favorable swing in net nonliquid shortterm private capital flows, from a substantial outflow in the second quarter to a small inflow in the third. The official reserve transactions balance showed a surplus of $\$ 2.1$ billion in the
third quarter, following a $\$ 0.3$ billion surplus in the second. This $\$ 1.8$ billion improvement was less pronounced than the shifts in the two other broad balance of payments measures, be cause net liquid private capital inflows, which affect the official balance but not the other two, were much smaller in the third quarter than in the second.

Balances on Major U.S. International Transactions

*Excludes exports under military grants and U.S. military agency sales contracts and imports of U.S. military agencies.
U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

## The First Nine Months of 1973

The balance of payments for Jan-uary-September 1973 showed dramatic improvement from the same period of 1972 in both current account flows and long-term capital movements. However, there was an increase in short-term capital outflows-both liquid and non-liquid-and in outflows associated with transactions not covered by the statistical reporting system (errors and omissions). A sorting out of transitory from more fundamental influences helps to explain these contrasting flows.

Widespread exchange market uncertainties in the first quarter (which culminated in a new 10 percent dollar devaluation in mid-February, and the floating of several leading currencies against the dollar, including the Japanese yen) led to heavy reported and unreported capital outflows, mostly short term. These outflows were intensified by a widening differential between short term interest rates in the United States and in the Eurodollar market, which favored borrowing here and lending in Europe. (Part of the increase in the differential was caused by expectations of exchange rate changes, which prompted an increased demand for dollar loans by
borrowers who desired to switch out of dollars into currencies expected to appreciate against the dollar.) Expectations of dollar devaluation also affected the timing of some long-term capital outflows, especially through the direct investment accounts. All these factors affected the net liquidity deficit in the first quarter: it was further swelled by a large increase in bank-reported short-term nonliquid outflows and in unreported outflows. The official reserve transactions deficit was, in addition, enlarged by substantial liquid private capital outflows. The official reserve deficit was $\$ 10 \frac{1}{2}$ billion in the first quarter, more than the deficit for the entire year 1972.
The adoption of a system of floating exchange rates for the dollar and a number of other leading currencies early this year also required a reinterpretation of the official reserve transactions balance. Under a system of floating rates, exchange market pressures on the dollar should be mainly reflected in changes in exchange rates rather than in changes in U.S. liabilities to foreign official agencies and a deficit in the official balance. In the absence of intervention through purchases and sales of dollars by foreign official agencies, the official reserve transactions balance should approach
zero. Under the fixed exchange rate system, exchange market pressures on the dollar were reflected mainly in increases in U.S. liabilities to foreign official agencies, which were obliged to intervene via purchases (or sales) of dollars to maintain the exchange rates for their currencies within perscribed limits. During the second quarter of 1973, there was limited official intervention (mostly by the Japanese authorities who sold dollars to limit the decline in the yen rate), and in the third quarter there were indications of some increase in intervention by a number of countries, including a return to limited intervention by U.S. monetary authorities in early July.
Net long-term private capital flows, although shifting adversely in the first and second quarters, showed marked improvement for the first 9 months of 1973 compared with the 1972 period; foreign direct investment in the United States increased substantially, and net foreign purchases of U.S. securities rose markedly, despite a sharp decline in the second quarter. These inflows more than offset a rise in direct investment outflows (a rise concentrated in the first half of 1973, part of which was probably associated with expectations of exchange rate changes).
Nonliquid short-term capital outflows

Table A.-Summary of U.S. International Transactions
[Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted]

| Line | Lines in table 2, 3, and 9 in which transactions are included are indicated in ( ) | 1972 | 1972 |  |  |  | 1973 |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Change: } \\ \text { 1973: } \\ \text { II-III } \end{gathered}$ | January-September |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | I | II | III | IV | Ir | II | III ${ }^{\text {p }}$ |  | 1972 | 1973 ${ }^{\text {D }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Change: } \\ & \text { 1972-73 } \end{aligned}$ |
| 1 | Merchandise trade balance $(2,16)$ Services, net (3-13, 17-27). | $\begin{array}{r} -6,912 \\ 2,301 \end{array}$ | $-1,820$ 446 | -1,774 | $-1,573$ 634 | $-1,745$ 875 | $\begin{aligned} & -960 \\ & 1,110 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -244 \\ 918 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 714 \\ 1,434 \end{array}$ | 958 516 | $\begin{array}{r} -5,167 \\ 1,428 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -490 \\ & 3,462 \end{aligned}$ | 4,677 $\mathbf{2 , 0 3 4}$ |
| 3 | Balance on goods and services. | -4,610 | -1,374 | -1,426 | -939 | -870 | 150 | 674 | 2,148 | 1,474 | -3,739 | 2,972 | 6,711 |
| 4 | Remittances, pensions and other transfers (31, | -1,570 | -391 | -375 | -373 | -429 | -397 | -389 | -422 | -33 | -1,139 | -1,208 | -69 |
| 5 | Balance on goods, services, and remittances | -6, 180 | -1,765 | -1,801 | -1,312 | -1,299 | -247 | 285 | 1,726 | 1,441 | -4,878 | 1,764 | 6,642 |
| 6 | U.S. Government grants (excluding military) | -2,174 | -578 | -563 | -581 | -452 | -345 | -652 | -509 | 143 | -1,722 | -1,506 | 216 |
| 7 | Balance on current account. | -8,353 | -2,343 | -2,364 | -1,893 | -1,751 | -592 | -367 | 1,217 | 1,584 | -6,600 | 258 | 6,858 |
| 8 | U.S. Government capital flows, net, and nonliquid liabilities to othe than foreign official reserve agencies (33, 48) <br> Long-term private capital fows, net ( $39-41,44,49-51,53$ ) | $-1,339$ -152 | -1, ${ }^{-289}$ | -95 604 | -366 -393 | -586 781 | -336 -16 | 75 -317 | -363 1,685 | -4388 | -750 -932 | -624 | 2, 288 |
| 10 | Balance on current account and long-term capital | -9,843 | -3,775 | -1,855 | -2,652 | -1,556 | -944 | -609 | 2,539 | 3,148 | -8,282 | 986 | 9,268 |
| 11 12 | Nonliquid short-term private capital flows, net (42, 45, 52) Allocations of SDR (63) | -1,637 | $\begin{array}{r}-535 \\ \hline 178\end{array}$ | 310 178 | -430 177 |  | -1,822 | -1,404 | 234 | 1,638 | -655 | -2,992 | -2,337 -533 |
| 13 | Errors and omissions, net (64) | -3,112 | 178 944 | - 178 | -1,626 | -1, 490 | $-3,89 i^{-}$ | 425 | -1,355 | -1,780 | -1,622 | -4, 821 | -3,199 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 14 \\ & 15 \end{aligned}$ | Net liquidity balance. Liquid private capital flows, net ( $43,46,54$ ) | $\begin{array}{r} -13,882 \\ 3,542 \end{array}$ | $-3,188$ -288 | $\begin{array}{r} -2,307 \\ 1,456 \end{array}$ | $-4,531$ | $\begin{array}{r} -3,851 \\ 2,367 \end{array}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & -6,657 \\ & -3,842 \end{aligned}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{\|c} -1,588 \\ \mathbf{1}, 923 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 1,418 680 | $\begin{array}{r} 3,006 \\ -1,233 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -10,026 \\ 1,175 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} -6,827 \\ -1,229 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,199 \\ -2,404 \end{array}$ |
| 16 | Official reserve transactions | -10,340 | -3,476 | -851 | -4,524 | -1,484 | $-10,499$ | 335 | 2,108 | 1,773 | -8,851 | -8,056 | 795 |

were substantial in January-September 1973, much larger than in the same period of the previous year. However, there was a sharp improvement in the third quarter, when bank loans to foreigners and acceptance financing were reduced in contrast to the large increase earlier in the year. Nonetheless, the outflow in the first 9 months of 1973 was much larger than in the same period of 1972. The very large outflow through unrecorded transactions (errors and omissions) in the first quarter was followed by a small inflow in the second, perhaps related to a narrowing of the short-term interest rate differential between the United States and the Eurodollar market, and the adoption of generally floating exchange rates by a number of leading foreign countries. However, unfavorable exchange market pressures on the dollar began to develop again late in the second quarter and intensified in July; part of the third quarter outflow through unrecorded transactions probably occurred in that period.
There was a net liquid private capital outflow in the first 9 months of 1973, compared with an inflow of the same amount in 1972. A heavy outflow in the first quarter, dominated by expectations of exchange rate changes and high interest rates in the Eurodollar market, more than offset inflows in the following two quarters, when there was a narrowing of the spread between Eurodollar and U.S. interest rates and generally calmer exchange markets.
In contrast to the complex factors that influenced financial flows, the balance on goods and services--especially the merchandise trade compon-ent-has been improving all year, reflecting the more fundamental contributions of the cumulative price effects of two dollar devaluations (in December 1971 and in February 1973), the revaluation of a number of leading foreign currencies against the dollar, and a sharp rise in foreign demand for U.S. agricultural goods.

## Current account transactions

The merchandise trade balance moved into a surplus of $\$ 0.7$ billion in the third quarter, an improvement of
$\$ 1.0$ billion from the second. Exports rose sharply by $\$ 1.4$ billion, while imports increased only $\$ 0.4$ billion. The large gain in exports was mainly in foodstuffs, in industrial supplies and materials and in capital equipment, while the import rise was concentrated in industrial materials, capital equipment, and nonfood consumer goods, other than autos; imports of autos declined slightly. For the first 9 months of 1973 , the trade deficit was $\$ 0.5$ billion, down $\$ 4.7$ billion from the same period of 1972. The reduction reflected not only the effects of two dollar devaluations but also a sharp rise in agricultural exports. (See Highlights and Perspectives for a more detailed analysis.)

The deficit on military transactions (excluding transfers under military grants) was $\$ 0.6$ billion in the third quarter, down $\$ 0.2$ billion from the second. A dip in direct defense expenditures and an increase in receipts from military sales contracts contributed about equally to the improvement. (The reported decline in expenditures took place despite the increase in costs associated with the decline in the value of the dollar vis-avis many foreign currencies). The deficit on military transactions for January-September was $\$ 2.1$ billion, down $\$ 0.6$ billion from the 1972 period; most of the improvement was accounted for by increased military aircraft sales.

The travel and transportation deficit narrowed by $\$ 0.2$ billion in the third quarter to $\$ 0.5$ billion. The main factors were a decline in travel payments, perhaps associated with the lower value of the dollar abroad, and continued growth in the number of foreign visitors to the United States, especially from Japan. The travel and transportation deficit for the first 9 months of the year was down $\$ 0.3$ billion from the 1972 period, the first decline in 4 years.

Net investment income rose $\$ 0.2$ billion in the third quarter to $\$ 2.3$ billion, and rose $\$ 1.1$ billion in the January-September period, compared with 1972 , to $\$ 6.7$ billion. Income from U.S. direct investment abroad was the main contributing factor; it rose $\$ 0.2$

## U.S.Foreign Short-Term Interest Rate Differential and Changes in Selected Foreign Exchange Rates



Percent change from parity with
U.S. dollar on March 31, 1970


l. Spot rates at end of quarter.
2. Represents the percent change between parity on March 31, 1970 and the central rates established in the Smilhsonian agreement on December 1971.

billion in the third quarter, to $\$ 3.4$ billion and $\$ 2.4$ billion, to $\$ 9.8$ billion, for the first 9 months of the year. The increase was especially large in income from branch operations of the petroleum and mining industries, reflecting sharply higher prices for their products. The rise in income receipts more than offset a rise in payments on U.S. liabilities to private and official holders abroad, largely due to higher interest rates and the large accumulation of dollar obligations by foreign official agencies in the first quarter of 1973.

The balance on goods and services improved by $\$ 1.5$ billion in the third quarter to a surplus of $\$ 2.1$ billion. For the first 9 months of 1973, the balance showed a surplus of $\$ 3$ billion, a $\$ 6.7$ billion improvement from the same period of 1972. There was little change in remittances, pensions, and other transfers in the third quarter or in January-September; thus, the balance on goods, services, and remittances showed just about the same change as the balance on goods and services. Government grants (excluding military) were $\$ 1.5$ billion in the first 9 months of 1973, down $\$ 0.2$ billion from the 1972 period; thus, the balance on current account improved by $\$ 6.9$ billion, from a deficit of $\$ 6.6$ billion in the 1972 period to a surplus of $\$ 0.3$ billion in January-September 1973. In the third quarter, the current account surplus was $\$ 1.2$ billion, compared with a deficit of $\$ 0.4$ billion in the second quarter.

## Long-term capital flows

There was a $\$ 1.6$ billion favorable swing in net long-term capital transactions (private and Government) in the third quarter to an inflow of $\$ 1.3$ billion, and a $\$ 2.4$ billion improvement in these flows for the first 9 months of 1973 to an inflow of $\$ 0.7$ billion, compared with an outflow of $\$ 1.7$ billion for the same period in 1972. During the third quarter, Government capital flows moved to a net outflow of $\$ 0.4$ billion after an inflow of $\$ 0.1$ billion in the second quarter, which had been bolstered by a special advance payment and increased repayments of other credits. For the first 9 months of the year, there was a $\$ 0.1$ billion reduction in Government capital outflows, to
$\$ 0.6$ billion. Net long-term private capital flows showed a marked $\$ 2.0$ billion improvement in the third quarter, to an inflow of $\$ 1.7$ billion; in January-September 1973, there was a net inflow of $\$ 1.4$ billion, compared with a $\$ 0.9$ billion outflow for the same period a year earlier.

Among the long-term private capital accounts, U.S. direct investment outflows showed a marked reduction in the third quarter but were an exception to the general pattern of improvement for long-term private capital transactions from 1972 to 1973; they totaled $\$ 3.2$ billion in the first 9 months of this year, compared with $\$ 2.6$ billion for the same period in 1972. In the third quarter, direct investment outflows dropped to only $\$ 0.2$ billion, compared with $\$ 0.9$ billion in the second, as net inflows from petroleum affiliates in producing areas largely offset net outflows to manufacturing affiliates abroad (see Highlights and Perspectives-U.S. Corporate Capital). However, outflows were very large in the first half of 1973, probably stimulated by exchange market considerations as well as by plans for increased plant and equipment expenditures by affiliates in 1973.

Foreign direct investment in the United States was record $\$ 0.7$ billion in the third quarter, up from $\$ 0.5$ billion in the second. About two-thirds of the third quarter inflow was accounted for by a petroleum participation agreement receipt. Foreign direct investment in the United States for the first 9 months of 1973 was $\$ 1.5$ billion, larger than any previous annual direct investment inflow; in January-September 1972, the net flow was approximately zero.

Net U.S. purchases of foreign securities totaled $\$ 0.2$ billion in the third quarter, compared with $\$ 0.1$ billion in the second. The rise was wholly accounted for by net U.S. purchases of outstanding foreign bonds, which more than offset some decline in new Canadian issues in the United States. During January-September 1973, net U.S. purchases of foreign securities were less than $\$ 0.3$ billion, compared with $\$ 0.6$ billion for the same period in 1972. A major factor in the shift was
that no World Bank bond issues were floated in the United States in 1973, whereas almost $\$ 0.3$ billion had been floated here in 1972. Net U.S. sales of foreign stocks continued in the first 9 months of 1973, amounting to about $\$ 0.2$ billion, the same as in that period in 1972. Net sales of Japanese and Canadian stocks more than offset small purchases of West European shares.
Net foreign purchases of U.S. securities rose to $\$ 1.2$ billion in the third quarter, compared with $\$ 0.5$ billion in the second. Virtually all the increase was accounted for by net purchases of U.S. stocks, which rose from $\$ 0.1$ billion in the second quarter to $\$ 0.9$ billion in the third There was little change in net foreign purchases of U.S. bonds, as net investment in federal agency bonds by the World Bank mostly offset a decline in new issues sold abroad by U.S. corporations. For the first 9 months of 1973, net foreign purchases of U.S. securities reached $\$ 3.4$ billion, compared with $\$ 2.6$ billion in the same period of 1972. Net foreign purchases of U.S. stocks rose from $\$ 1.2$ billion in January-September 1972 to $\$ 2.3$ billion this year, while net foreign purchases of U.S. bonds declined from $\$ 1.4$ billion in the 1972 period to $\$ 1.1$ billion this year. New issues of Eurobonds by U.S. corporations declined from more than $\$ 1.4$ billion in JanuarySeptember 1972 to less than $\$ 0.9$ billion in 1973, more than offsetting a $\$ 0.3$ billion increase in foreign purchases of other U.S. bonds. Activity in the Eurobond market has been curtailed this year by exchange market uncertainties; after the February dollar devaluation, there was a decline in dollardenominated issues in particular, with some signs of revival toward the end of the third quarter.

Other net long-term outflows declined to $\$ 0.1$ billion for the first 9 months of 1973, compared with $\$ 0.3$ billion for the same period in 1972.

In total, net long-term capital transactions in the third quarter registered a $\$ 1.3$ billion inflow; combined with the current account surplus of $\$ 1.2$ billion, this resulted in the $\$ 2.5$ billion surplus in the balance on current account and long-term capital. For the
first 9 months of 1973, a net long-term capital inflow of $\$ 0.7$ billion, together with the $\$ 0.3$ billion current account surplus, resulted in a $\$ 1.0$ billion surplus in the balance on current account and long-term capital, compared with an $\$ 8.3$ billion deficit for the same period in 1972 .

## Short-term capital flows

Net nonliquid short-term capital flows showed a sharp improvement in the third quarter, registering a small inflow of $\$ 0.2$ billion following a $\$ 1.4$ billion outflow in the second quarter. Virtually all the shift was accounted for by bank-reported nonliquid claims,
reflecting a reduction in bank loans to foreigners and in outstanding acceptance financing with Asiatic countries. For the first three quarters of 1973, however, the outflow through shortterm nonliquid bank claims was a net $\$ 3.0$ billion, compared with only $\$ 0.6$ billion in January-September 1972.

Table Bl.-U.S. Merchandise Trade, by Principal End-Use Categories-Reconciled to Balance of Payments Basis


## ${ }_{*}$ Revised. " $p$ Preliminary

*"Adjusted" items reflect balance of payments corrections to Census trade figures for coverage, valuation, and timing. For example: Line 6 is adjusted for changes in stocks of U.S.
grain stored in Canada; lines 8 and 23 include exports and imports of nonmonetary gold, grain stored in Canada; hines 8 and 23 include exports and imports of nonmonetary gold,
electric power, and petroleum trade of the Virgin Islands with foreign countries; line 18 excludes reexports and line 23 excludes imports of natural gas in transit through the United States from western to eastern Canada: lines 28 and 29 reflect adjustments for the overvaluation in Census import data of autos and trucks from Canada.

1. Includes goods physically exported from the United States under U.S. military agency sales contracts and recorded in Census trade statistics; includes goods physically imported into the United States directly by U.S. military agencies (and by the Atomic Energy Commission and the Coast Guard) and recorded in Census trade statistics. as complete and comprehensive as the identification of automotive products imports rom Canada, which are more deninitively classifed or duty-rree status under the C. The. Canada tics of automotive parts exports to Canada results in an undercounting of such exports (line 15) which-estimated from examination of Canada's import statistics-amounted to about $\$ 450$ million in 1972.

Note.-Seasonally adjusted quarterly details may not add to unadjusted annual totals.

Part of the 1973 rise was related to anticipations of exchange rate changes, especially in the first quarter. Another factor was the spread between interest rates in the United States and abroad, especially in the Eurodollar market, which generally favored borrowing in the United States and lending abroad during the first half of 1973. As a result, foreigners drew heavily on their assets and lines of credit with U.S. banks and with U.S. agencies and branches of foreign banks. Short-term nonliquid capital flows reported by nonbanking concerns showed virtually no net change from the first 9 months of 1972 to the same period in 1973.
Outflows associated with transactions not covered by the reporting system
(errors and omissions) were $\$ 1.4$ billion in the third quarter, compared with a $\$ 0.4$ billion inflow in the second. For the first 9 months of 1973, unrecorded outflows totaled $\$ 4.8$ billion, compared with $\$ 1.6$ billion for the same period in 1972. The total was strongly affected by the large first quarter outflow, which was probably related to expectations of a dollar devaluation and (later in the quarter) to expectations of further revaluations of a number of leading currencies.
The $\$ 0.2$ billion inflow of recorded short-term nonliquid capital in the third quarter and the unrecorded outflow of almost $\$ 1.4$ billion, combined with the $\$ 2.5$ billion surplus on current account and long-term capital, resulted
in a $\$ 1.4$ billion surplus in the net liquidity balance, compared with a $\$ 1.6$ billion deficit in the second quarter. For the first 9 months of 1973, recorded outflows of short-term nonliquid capital were up $\$ 2.3$ billion from the 1972 period, unrecorded outflows were up $\$ 3.2$ billion, and there was no new SDR allocation in 1973, while $\$ 0.5$ billion had been allocated for the first 9 months of 1972; thus, with the balance on current account and long-term capital showing a $\$ 9.3$ billion improvement from the 1972 period to 1973, the net liquidity balance showed a $\$ 3.2$ billion improvement from a deficit of $\$ 10$ billion to a deficit of $\$ 6.8$ billion.

Net liquid private capital inflows were $\$ 0.7$ billion in the third quarter,

Table B2.-U.S. Merchandise Exports and Imports, by Major World Areas 1-Balance of Payments Basis, "Excluding Military" [Millions o fdollars]


[^8]Table C.-Net Change in U.S. Corporate Foreign Assets and Liabilities ${ }^{1}$
[Millions of dollars seasonally adjusted]

| Line | Credits ( + ); debits ( - ) (lines in table 2 in which transactions are included are indicated in () | 1972 | 1972 |  |  |  | 1973 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Change: } \\ & \text { II-III } \end{aligned}$ | January-September |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | I | II | III | IV | $I^{\prime}$ | II ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | III. |  | 1972 | 1973 D | Change: |
| 1 | Direct invertment (39) | -3,404 | -1,302 | -183 | -1,148 | -771 | -2,025 | -946 | -228 | 718 | -2,633 | -3,199 | -566 |
| ${ }_{3}^{2}$ | Corporate foreign borrowing, total.....-................- New issues of securities sold abroad by U.S. corporations ( 50 | $\begin{aligned} & 2,836 \\ & 2,023 \end{aligned}$ | 289 296 | 1,081 | 626 <br> 372 | 840 889 | 686 414 | 282 274 | 629 193 198 | $\begin{array}{r}347 \\ -81 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,996 1,434 | 1,597 | -399 <br> -553 |
| 4 | Other long-term liabilities (51).............. | ${ }^{2} 694$ | -38 | 260 | 269 | 203 | 175 | 37 | 142 | 105 | ${ }^{1} 491$ | 354 | -137 |
| 5 | Short-term liabilities (52†) ${ }^{3}$. | 119 | 31 | 55 | -15 | 48 | 97 | -29 | 294 | 323 | 71 | 362 | 291 |
| 6 | Direct investment net of corporate foreign borrowing | -568 | -1,013 | 898 | -522 | 69 | -1,339 | -664 | 401 | 1,065 | -637 | -1,602 | -965 |
| 7 | Other corporate claims, total | $-927$ | -179 -74 | -118 | -289 | -341 | -836 -132 | -282 | -315 -147 | -33 | -586 | -1,433 | -847 |
| 9 | Short-term, noniquid (45t) | -233 |  | 22 | -125 | -190 | -89 | -140 | - 220 | -80 | - -43 | - 449 | -229 |
| 10 | Short-term, liquid (46) | -492 | -165 | -137 | -136 | -54 | -615 | -87 | 52 | 139 | -438 | -650 | -212 |
| 11 | Total net corporate capital flow | -1,495 | $-1,192$ | 780 | -811 | -272 | -2,175 | -946 | 86 | 1,032 | -1,223 | -3,035 | -1,812 |
| 12 | Addendum; <br> Uses of funds obtained through new issues of securities sold abroad by U.S. corporations. | 2,023 | 296 | 766 | 972 | 589 | 414 | 274 | 199 | -8i | 1,434 | 881 | -565 |
| 13 | Additions to, and refinancing of direct investment ( $39 \dagger$ ) | -269 |  | $-16$ | -64 | $-120$ | -125 | -20 | $-77$ | $-67$ | -139 | -282 | -89 |
| 14 | Short-term claims reported by U.S. residents other tha banks (46†) |  | -148 | - 584 | $-192$ | -201 | -180 | -217 | -40 | 177 | -724 | -387 | 897 |
| 15 16 | Reduction in corporate liabilities ${ }^{\text {a }}$ (oforeigners ( $51 \dagger$ 62 | - 2688 | -79 | -146 | -60 -66 | - | -26 -199 | $-97$ | -24 -68 -68 | -94 -15 | -206 -966 | -50 | 166 148 |

$r$ Revised. $\quad p$ Preliminary. $\dagger$ Portion of line.

1. Excludes claims and liabilities of U.S. banking and brokerage institutions.
2. Includes proceeds from new issues of stocks as well as bonds sold abroad by U.S. corporations. Excludes funds obtained abroad by U.S. corporations through bank loans and other credits and also excludes securities issued by subsidiaries incorporated abroad. However, securities issued by finance subsidiaries incorporated in the Netherlands Antilles are treated as if they had been issued by U.S. corporations to the extent that the proceeds of such
issues are transierred to U.S. parent companies.
3. Excludes brokerage transactions.
4. Corporate foreign borrowing and changes in "other corporate claims" may include funds to finance trade or other activities not entirely related to direct investment. The amounts cannot be disaggregated.
5. A
States. ) reflects a decline in foreign deposits and money market paper held in the United States.
down $\$ 1.2$ billion from the second. The major factor in the decline was a $\$ 1.1$ billion adverse shift in liquid claims, which rose $\$ 0.3$ billion following a drop of $\$ 0.8$ billion in the second quarter. Liquid liabilities to foreigners increased $\$ 1.0$ billion, $\$ 0.1$ billion less than in the second quarter. Because of the large first quarter outflows, there was a net liquid private capital outflow of $\$ 1.2$ billion for the first 9 months of 1973, in contrast to an inflow of the same size in January-September 1972. (The second and third quarters of 1973 showed a combined inflow of $\$ 2.6$ billion, almost double that for the same period in 1972.)

The $\$ 0.7$ billion net inflow of liquid private capital in the third quarter, combined with the $\$ 1.4$ billion surplus in the net liquidity balance, adds to the $\$ 2.1$ billion surplus in the official reserve transactions balance. For the first 9 months of 1973, the official reserve transactions deficit was $\$ 8.1$ billion, compared with $\$ 8.9$ billion for the same period in 1972. Here again, the 1973 figure is dominated by unfavorable first quarter developments.

## Financing the official reserve transactions balance

The $\$ 2.1$ billion official reserve transactions surplus in the third quarter was reflected in a $\$ 1.7$ billion reduction in
liquid liabilities to foreign official agencies, and in a $\$ 0.5$ billion reduction in nonliquid liabilities, mainly special nonmarketable issues, to these agencies.

For January-September 1973, liquid liabilities to foreign official agencies rose $\$ 6.7$ billion, compared with an increase of $\$ 8.1$ billion for the first 9 months of 1972. The 1973 increase was smaller in proportion to the official reserve deficit than was the 1972 increase. The difference was accounted for by a 1973 ise of $\$ 1.5$ billion (of which $\$ 1.2$ billion was in the first quarter) in other readily marketable liabilities to foreign official agencies, compared with a rise of only $\$ 0.3$ billion in the first three quarters of 1972. (See Technical Note in the December 1972 Survey article, p. 40.) There was a net decline of $\$ 0.3$ billion in nonliquid liabilities to foreign official agencies reported by the U.S. Government during January-September 1973, compared with a $\$ 0.4$ billion increase in the 1972 period.
U.S. official reserve assets showed little change in the first 9 months of either 1972 or 1973 . The decline of $\$ 0.2$ billion this year was largely accounted for by the use of convertible currencies in exchange market support for the dollar before the mid-February devaluation.

## Highlights and Perspectives

## Merchandise trade in the third quarter

The merchandise trade balance improved $\$ 1.0$ billion in the third quarter, shifting to a surplus of $\$ 0.7$ billion from a deficit of $\$ 0.2$ billion in the second quarter. (The last previous quarterly merchandise trade surplus was $\$ 0.1$ billion in the first quarter of 1971.) The swing in the third quarter was strongly influenced by an unusually large surplus in September, when there was a sharp export rise and a sharp import decline. Exports in the third quarter increased $\$ 1.4$ billion, to $\$ 18.2$ billion; imports advanced $\$ 0.4$ billion, to $\$ 17.4$ billion. (All trade figures are on the usual balance of payments basis, excluding "military"" as shown in tables $1,2,3$, and B2. Trade totals including "military" can be found in tables 4 and B1.)

Exports of nonagricultural goods rose $\$ 0.8$ billion in the third quarter, or 7 percent (including an average price rise of 3 percent). The increase was concentrated in the two largest export categories-industrial supplies and materials (led by gains in metals and
chemicals), and capital equipment (with aircraft exports boosted by a sharp rise in civilian plane deliveries in September). Most other major nonfood product groupings showed only moderate changes from the second quarter. (See tables B1 and 4.) The value of agricultural exports increased $\$ 0.5$ billion, or 13 percent-mainly in foodstuffs-but there was a decline in volume, as farm export prices (unit values) rose 20 percent. A sharp reduction in exports of soybeans, subject to Government export controls during the quarter, was the main factor in the volume decline, more than offsetting increased quantities of grain shipments.
The $\$ 0.4$ billion increase in imports in the third quarter was largely in industrial materials, with lesser gains in capital equipment and in nonfood consumer goods (other than autos). Among industrial materials, substantial increases in imports of petroleum and precious metals (silver and platinum) more than offset a decline in building materials. Automotive imports from Canada declined because of parts shortages there, while auto imports from overseas held at their high second quarter level. There was a sharp drop in coffee and cocoa arrivals, more than offsetting gains in other foodstuffs.

## Merchandise trade in the first 9 months of 1973

The trade deficit for the first three quarters of 1973 was less than $\$ 0.5$ billion compared with the deficit of $\$ 5.2$ billion for the same period in 1972. Exports this year were $\$ 50.2$ billion, 41 percent above the 1972 total, while imports were $\$ 50.7$ billion, 25 percent above the 1972 total. From 1971 to 1972, exports rose only 14 percent but imports rose 22 percent.
Rising prices for both exports and imports have boosted the increases in trade values in 1973, as they did in 1972. Import prices (unit values) rose somewhat faster than export prices this year, reflecting the second devaluation of the dollar in mid-February and the further appreciation of foreign currencies against the dollar in subsequent months, combined with strong inflationary pressures abroad. The rise in export prices has been most conspicuous for agricultural goods, generated by worldwide shortages of farm products; however, inflation in the United States has also affected the prices of nonagricultural exports. Overall import prices in January-September 1973 were 16 percent higher than in the same period in 1972, while overall export prices were 10 percent higher. After adjustment for price changes, exports in the first 9 months of 1973 showed an

## U.S. Merchandise Trade in Current and Constant (1967) Dollars*


*Deflated by unit value indexes ( $1967=100$ ) for merchandise exports and imports prepared by the Bureau of the Census (Foreign Trade Division).
increase of 28 percent over 1972 in volume terms, while imports were up only 8 percent, with import volume actually declining in the second and third quarters this year (see chart 11).
Table B1 shows the commodity pattern of the rise in the value of trade this year. Agricultural exports normally comprise less than one-fifth of total exports but this year they have accounted for one-fourth of total exports and for two-fifths of the increase in exports; they have risen to $\$ 12.7$ billion in January-September 1973, 85 percent above the total in 1972. Included in this rise was a 43-percent increase in farm export prices. Exports of nonagricultural goods have risen to $\$ 37.6$ billion, 31 percent above the comparable 1972 total, with prices up 7 percent.

Agricultural shipments to the Soviet Union and to mainland China rose $\$ 0.6$ billion and $\$ 0.3$ billion, respectively, this year but the combined $\$ 0.9$ billion increase represented little more than one-seventh of the total rise in the value of farm exports in the first 9 months of 1973. The bulk of the gain was to our more traditional markets abroad as higher consumption rates, poor harvests, and inadequate supplies spurred worldwide demand for U.S. farm products.

Nonagricultural exports in the first 9 months of 1973 were $\$ 8.8$ billion higher than in 1972. Nonfarm industrial supplies and materials accounted for nearly 37 percent of that rise. Strongly rising economic activity abroad increased demand for a number of commodities; in addition, price controls on U.S. products sold domestically may have diverted some sales to export markets, where products were exempt from such controls. The rise was mainly in metals (nonferrous, steel products, and steel scrap), chemicals, logs and lumber (principally to Japan). Exports of capital goods also rose strongly, as machinery exports were up $\$ 2.6$ billion, and deliveries of civilian planes were up $\$ 0.4$ billion in contrast to a $\$ 0.2$ billion decline in 1972. Automotive exports were $\$ 0.9$ billion above the JanuarySeptember 1972 total; exports of other nonfood consumer goods also rose $\$ 0.9$ billion.
(Text continued on page 56)

Table 1.-U.S. Balance of Payments Summary
[Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted]

| Line | (Credits +; debits -) | Reference lines (table 2) | 1972 | 1972 |  |  |  | 1973 |  |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Change: } \\ \text { 1973 } \\ \text { II-III } \end{gathered}$ | January-September |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | I | II | III | IV | I' | II ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | III ${ }^{p}$ |  | 1972 | 1973 D | Change: $1972-73$ |
| 1 | Merchandise trade balance ${ }^{1}$ |  | -6,912 | -1,820 | -1,774 | -1,573 | -1,745 | -960 | -244 | 714 | 958 | -5, 167 | -490 | 4,677 |
| 2 | Exports...........- |  | 48, 769 | 11, 655 | 11, 539 | 12, 362 | 13, 213 | 15,320 | 16,778 | 18,153 | 1,375 | 35, 556 | 50,251 | 14,695 |
| 3 | Imports. |  | -55,681 | $-13,475$ | $-13,313$ | $-13,935$ | -14,958 | -16, 280 | $-17,022$ | -17,439 | $-417$ | 40,723 | $-50,741$ | $-10,018$ |
| 4 | Military transactions, net | 3, 17. | -3, 558 | -894 | $-964$ | -846 | -864 | -825 | -730 | -576 | 154 | -2,694 | -2,131 | 563 |
| 5 | Travel and transportation, net | $\begin{gathered} 4,5,6 \\ 18,19 \\ 20 . \end{gathered}$ | -2,853 | -755 | -691 | -679 | -730 | -608 | -703 | -526 | 177 | -2,125 | $-1,837$ | 288 |
| 6 | Investment income, net ${ }^{2}$ |  | 7,863 | 1,891 | 1,791 | 1,950 | 2,232 | 2,309 | 2,111 | 2,311 | 200 | 5,632 | 6,731 | 1,099 |
| 7 | U.S. direct investments abroad | 10, 11.... | 10,433 | 2,392 | 2,450 | 2,600 | 2,991 | 3,152 | 3,223 | 3,449 | 226 | 7,442 | 9,824 | 2,382 |
| 8 | Other U.S. investments abroad.- | 12, 13, $\ldots$ | 3, 492 |  | 820 | . 876 | , 875 | 1,006 | 1,088 | 1,187 | 99 | 2,618 | 3,281 | ${ }^{663}$ |
| 9 | Foreign investments in the United States | $\begin{gathered} 24,25, \\ 26,27 \end{gathered}$ | -6, 062 | -1,423 | -1,479 | $-1,526$ | -1,634 | $-1,849$ | -2,200 | -2,325 | -125 | -4,428 | -6,374 | $-1,946$ |
| 10 | Other services, net |  | 851 | 204 | 202 | 209 | 237 | 234 | 240 | 225 | -15 | 615 | 699 | 84 |
| 11 | Balance on goods and services ${ }^{3}$ |  | -4,610 | -1,374 | -1,426 | -939 | -870 | 150 | 674 | 2,148 | 1,474 | -3,739 | 2,972 | 6,711 |
| 12 | Remittances, pensions and other transfers | 31, 32...- | -1,570 | -391 | -375 | -373 | -429 | -397 | -389 | -422 | -33 | -1,139 | -1,208 | -69 |
| 13 | Balance on goods, services and remittance |  | -6,180 | -1,765 | -1,801 | -1, 312 | -1,299 | -247 | 285 | 1,726 | 1,441 | -4,878 | 1,764 | 6,642 |
| 14 | U.S. Government grants (excluding military) | 30. | -2,174 | -678 | -563 | -581 | -452 | -345 | -6.52 | -509 | 143 | -1,722 | -1,506 | 216 |
| 15 | Balance on current accoun |  | -8,353 | -2,343 | -2,364 | -1,893 | -1,751 | -592 | -367 | 1,217 | 1,584 | -6,600 | 258 | 6,858 |
| 16 | U.S. Government capital flows excluding nonscheduled repayments, net ${ }^{5}$. | 34, 35, 36. | -1, 714 | -298 | -245 | -542 | -627 | -671 | -583 | -654 | 29 | -1,085 | -1,808 | -723 |
| 17 | Nonscheduled repayments of U.S. Government assets .-......- |  | 137 | 88 | 17 | 160 | 26 | 111 | 174 | 4 | -170 | 112 | 289 | 177 |
| 18 | U.S. Government nonliquid liabilities to other than foreign official reserve agencies. |  | 238 | -79 | 133 | 169 | 15 | 224 | 484 | 187 | -297 | 223 | 895 | 672 |
| 19 | Long-term private capital flows, net. .-....-......................... |  | -152 | -1,143 | 604 | -393 | 781 | -16 | -317 | 1,685 | 2,002 | -932 | 1,352 | 2,284 |
| 20 | U.S. direct investments abroad. |  | -3,404 | -1, 302 | -183 | -1,148 | -771 | -2,025 | -946 | $-228$ | 718 | -2,633 | -3, 199 | -566 |
| 21 | Foreign direct investments in the United States |  | 160 | $-361$ | 183 | 178 | 160 | 273 | 534 | 720 | 186 | ${ }^{(4)}$ | 1,527 | 1,527 |
| 22 | Foreign securities...-...-..........-......- | 40. | -614 | -437 | -346 | 209 | $\begin{array}{r}-40 \\ 1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 515 | $-126$ | -204 | $-78$ | -574 | -279 | 295 |
| 23 | U.8. securities other than Treasury issues | 41, 53. | 4,335 $-1,120$ | 1,058 11 | 956 -263 | 553 -426 | 1,768 -442 | 1,745 -103 | 496 -257 | $\begin{array}{r}1,159 \\ 243 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 663 500 | 2,567 -678 | 3,400 -117 | 833 661 |
| 25 | Other, reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns | 44, 51. | 492 | -112 | 257 | 241 | 106 | 43 | -18 | -5 | 13 | 386 | 20 | -366 |
| 26 | Balance on current account and long-term cap |  | -9,843 | -3,775 | $-1,855$ | -2,652 | -1,556 | -944 | -609 | 2,539 | 3,148 | -8,282 | 986 | 9,268 |
| 27 | Nonliquid short-term private capital flows, net |  | $-1,637$ | -535 | 310 | -430 | $-982$ | $-1,822$ | -1, 404 | 234 | 1,638 | -655 | -2,992 | -2,337 |
| 28 | Claims reported by U.S. banks.--..............................- |  | -1,493 | -575 | 206 | -267 | $-859$ | -1,809 | -1,362 | 199 | 1,561 | -636 | -2,972 | -2,336 |
| 29 | Claims reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns... |  | -315 | -5 | 62 | $-122$ | -250 | -48 | -18 -24 | $-233$ | -215 | -65 | -299 | -234 |
| 30 | Liabilities reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns. | 52 | 173 | 45 | 42 | -41 | 127 | 35 | -24 | 268 | 292 | 46 | 279 | 233 |
| 31 | Allocations of special drawing rights |  | 710 | 178 | 178 | 177 | 177 |  |  |  |  | 533 |  | -533 |
| 32 | Errors and omissions, |  | $-3,112$ | 944 | -940 | -1,626 | $-1,490$ | $-3,891$ | 425 | $-1,355$ | -1,780 | -1,622 | -4,821 | -3,199 |
| 33 | Net liquidity balance |  | -13,882 | -3,188 | -2,307 | -4,531 | -3,851 | -6,657 | -1,588 | 1,418 | 3,006 | -10,026 | -6,827 | 3,199 |
| 34 |  |  | 3,542 | -288 | 1,456 |  | 2,367 | $-3,842$ | 1,923 | 690 | $-1,233$ | 1,175 | -1,229 | -2,404 |
| 35 | Liquid claims... |  | $-1,234$ | -802 | 109 | -410 | -131 | -1,966 | 818 | -290 | -1, 108 | $-1,103$ | -1, 438 | -335 |
| 36 | Reported by U.S. banks-.................-.-................... |  | -742 | $-637$ | 246 | -274 | -77 | -1,351 | 905 | $-342$ | $-1,247$ | $-665$ | -788 | -123 |
| 37 <br> 38 <br> 8 |  |  | -492 | -165 514 | -137 | -136 417 | -54 2,498 | -615 $-1,876$ | -87 1,105 | $\begin{array}{r}52 \\ 980 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 139 -125 | - 2,278 | -650 <br> 209 | -212 $-2,069$ |
| 39 | To foreign commercial banks |  | 3,862 | 436 | 1,136 | 295 | 1,995 | -1, 896 | 1,710 | 866 | 156 | 1, 867 | -320 | -2,187 |
| 40 | To international and regional organizations .-................- |  | 104 | 25 | -70 | $-32$ | 181 | 12 | 31 | $-52$ | -83 | -77 | -9 | 68 |
| 41 |  |  | 810 | 53 | 281 | 154 | 322 | 8 | 364 | 166 | -198 | 488 | 538 | 50 |
| 42 | Official reserve transactions balanc |  | -10,340 | -3,476 | -851 | -4,524 | -1,484 | -10,499 | 335 | 2, 108 | 1,773 | -8,851 | $-8,056$ | 795 |
| 43 | Financed by changes in: <br> Liquid liabilities to foreign official agencies. | 55. | 9,720 | 2,546 | 1,057 | 4,467 | 1,645 | 9,120 | -778 | -1,654 | -876 | 8,070 | 6,688 | $-1,382$ |
| 44 | Other readily marketable liabilities to foreign offial agencies 6 - | 56 | , 399 | 221 |  | 34 |  | 1,202 | 259 |  | -248 | 282 | 1,472 | 1,190 |
| 45 | Nonliquid liabilities to foreign official reserve agencies reported by U.S. Government. | 57. | 189 | 280 | -2 | 78 | -167 | -43 | 167 | -452 | -619 | 356 | -328 | -684 |
| 46 | U.S. official reserve assets, net |  | 32 | 429 | -231 | -55 | -111 | 220 | 17 | -13 | -30 | 143 | 224 | 81 |
| 47 | Memoranda: <br> Transfers under military grant programs (excluded from lines 2, <br> 4, and 14). | 14, 28. | 4,200 | 1,143 |  | 1,189 | $949$ | $716$ | 833 | 521 | -312 | 3,252 | 2,070 | -1,182 |
| 48 | Reinvested earnings of foreign incorporated affiliates of U.S. firms (excluded from lines 7 and 20). |  | 4, 521 | a. | a. | .a. | a. | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. | a. |  | n.a. | n.a. |
| 49 | Reinvested earnings of U.S. incorporated affiliates of foreign firms (excluded from lines 9 and 21). |  |  |  |  | n.a. | n.a. | n.a. |  | n.a. |  | n.a. | n.a. |  |
| 50 | Gross liquidity balance, excluding allocations of SDR........... | $\begin{aligned} & 54,55, \\ & 56,57 \\ & 58,63 . \end{aligned}$ | -15,826 | -4,168 | -2,376 | -5,118 | -4,159 | $-8,623$ | -770 | 1,128 | 1,898 | -11,662 | -8,265 | 3,397 |
|  |  | NOT SEASONALLY ADJUSTED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 51 | Balance on goods and services. |  |  | -880 | -1,489 | -2,409 | 168 | 819 | 787 | 251 | -536 | -4,778 | 1,856 | 6, 634 |
| 52 | Balance on goods, services and remittances |  |  | -1,248 | -1,873 | $-2,796$ | -263 | 448 | 390 | -185 | $-575$ | -5,917 | 652 | 6, 569 |
| 53 | Balance on current account. |  |  | -1,853 | -2,471 | -3,333 | -698 | 74 | -295 | -649 | -354 | -7,657 | -869 | 6,788 |
| 54 | Balance on current account and long-term capital |  |  | -3,824 | -2,310 | -4, 052 |  | -862 | -784 | 712 | 1,496 | -10,186 | $-934$ | 9, 252 |
| 55 | Net liquidity balance...........- |  |  | $-2,352$ | -3,034 | -5, 2999 | -3,197 | $-6,282$ | -1,981 | 533 | 2,518 | $-10,685$ | -7,726 | 2, 959 |
| 56 | Official reserve transactions balance. |  |  | -2,506 | -741 | -5,590 | -1,503 | -9,995 |  | 933 | 161 | -8,837 | -8,290 | 547 |

r Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. * Less than $\$ 500,000$ ( $\pm$ ). n.a. Not available.

1. Adjusted to balance of payments basis; excludes exports under U.S. military agency sales contracts and imports of U.S. military agencies.
2. Includes fees and royalties from U.S. direct investments abroad or from foreign direct nvestments in the United States.
3. Equal to net exports of goods and services in national income and product accounts of the United States.
4. The sum of lines 15 and 31 is equalto "net foreign investment"' in the national income and product accounts of the United States.
5. Includes some short-term U.S. Government assets.
6. Includes changes in nonliquid liabilities reported by U.S. banks and in investments by foreign official agencies in debt securities of U.S. Government corporations and agencies, private corporations, and State and local governments.
Note.-Details may not add to totals because of rounding.
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

# Table 2.-U.S. International Transactions <br> [Millions of dollars] 

| Line | $(\text { Credits + ; debits - })^{1}$ | 1972 | 1972 |  |  |  | 1973 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | I | II | III | IV | Ir | II ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | III ${ }^{\text {P }}$ |
| 1 | Exports of goods and services ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ | 73,462 | 17,387 | 17,897 | 17,532 | 20,646 | 22,343 | 25,040 | 24,818 |
| 2344 | Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military ${ }^{3}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 48,769 \\ 1.166 \end{array}$ | 11,778 | 11,914 | 11, 491 | 13,586 | 15, 430 | 17, 358 | 16, 888 |
|  |  |  | 575 | 327 716 | 228 813 | 299 602 | 325 723 | 814 | 466 945 |
| 5 | Passenger fares. | 694 | 135 | 180 | 216 | 162 | 195 | ${ }_{241}$ | 2901,205 |
| 6 | Other transportation. | 3,627 | 792163 | 934 | 951 | 950 | 978 | 1,179 |  |
| 7 | Fees and royalties from unaffiliated foreigners. | ${ }^{670}$ |  | 166 | 168 | 173 | 176 | 179 | 1,205 |
| $\stackrel{8}{9}$ | Other private services.--7.........--.-.-- | $\begin{array}{r} 1,488 \\ 416 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 362 \\ 92 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 372 \\ & 105 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 373 \\ & 109 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 382 \\ & 111 \end{aligned}$ | 107 | 118 | 119 |
|  | Receipts of income on U.S. investments abroad: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | Direct investment fees and royalties .-....................- | 2,429 | +546 | $\begin{array}{r}616 \\ \hline 143\end{array}$ | ${ }_{5}^{573}$ | 694 | 645 | 674 | 732 |
| 112 | Direct investment interest, dividends and branch earnings ${ }^{4}$ | 8,004 8,697 | 1,759 | 1,743 | $\begin{array}{r}1,784 \\ 682 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2,718703 | $\begin{array}{r}2,415 \\ \hline 784\end{array}$ | 2,440878 | 2, 965 |
| 12 13 | Other private assets....... U.S. Government assets. | $\begin{array}{r}2,697 \\ \hline 95\end{array}$ | 679 194 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14 | Transfers of goods and services under U.S. military grant programs, net | 4,200 | 1,143 | 920 | 1,189 | 949 | 716 | 833 | 521 |
| 15 | Imports of goods and services. | -78,071 | -18, 267 | -19,386 | -19,942 | -20,477 | -21, 524 | -24, 253 | -24,568 |
| 16 | Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military ${ }^{3}$. | -55, 681 | -13,344$-1,222$-1 | -13,660 | -13,-17$-1,108$ | -15,060$-1,151$ | -15,987 | -17,427 | $-17,066$$-1,110$ |
| 17 | Direct defense expenditures. | $-4,724$ <br> $-4,856$ |  |  |  |  | -1, 168 | -1,185 |  |
| 18 19 | Travel...................... |  | -278 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & -899 \\ & -300 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -891 \\ & -312 \end{aligned}$ | -1,515 -555 | -1,907 |
| 20 | Other transportation. | -1,580 |  | -1,318 -581 -514 | $-1,827$ -481 -807 | -908-36 | -930-37 | $-1,023$-38-2 |  |
| 21 | Fees and royalties to unaffiliated foreigners | $-1,344$ $-3,438$ -138 | -816 -33 | $\begin{array}{r}-814 \\ -34 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -907 \\ & -35 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | $-1,102$ -39 |
| ${ }_{23}^{22}$ | Private payments for other services.- | -788 | -191-166 | -175 | -199 | -199 | -203 | -215-177 | -211-292 |
| 23 | U.S. Government payments for miscellaneous services |  |  |  | -248 | $-209$ | -177 |  |  |
|  | Payments of income on foreign investments in the United States: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{r}24 \\ 25 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | Direct investment fees and royalties -...................... | $\begin{array}{r} -138 \\ -719 \\ -2,522 \\ -2,684 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} -28 \\ -181 \\ -582 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -36 \\ & -162 \\ & -594 \end{aligned}$ | -40 | -34 | -54 | -46 | -40 |
| 26 | Other private liabilities....................................... |  |  |  | -641 | -705 | -749 | -895 | -1,073 |
| 27 | U.S. Government liabilities. |  | -614 | -631 | -687 | -752 | -830 | -960 | -1, 014 |
| 28 | U.S. military grants of goods and services, net | -4,200 | -1,143 | -920 | -1,189 | -949 | -716 | -833 | -521 |
| 29 | Unilateral transfers (excluding military grants), net | -3,744 | -973 | -982 | -923 | -866 | -744 | -1,081 | -900 |
| 30 | U.S. Government grants (excluding military) | $\begin{array}{r} -2,174 \\ -572 \\ -998 \end{array}$ | -605-142 | -598 | -536-121 | -435-166 | -373-172 | -684-171 | -464-177 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 31 \\ & 32 \end{aligned}$ | U.S. Government pensions and other trans |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 33 | U.S. Government capital flows, net | -1,576 | -301 | -321 | -464 | -491 | -650 | -504 | -476 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 34 \\ & 35 \end{aligned}$ | Loans and other long-term assets...-........... Foreign currencies and other short-term assets, | $-3,801$ 166 | $\begin{array}{r}-901 \\ \hline 108\end{array}$ | -934 -14 | -825 14 | $-1,141$ 31 | $-1,267$ -26 | $-1,341$ -26 | -969 30 |
| 36 | Repayments on credits: scheduled | 1,921 | 405 |  |  |  | 532 | 689 | 459 |
| 37 | Nonscheduled ${ }^{\text {s }}$ | 137 | 88 | 17 | 7 | 26 | 111 | 174 | 4 |
| 38 | U.S. private capital flows, net | -8,534 | -3,408 | -726 | -1,769 | -2,632 | -6,236 | -2,123 | -376 |
| 39 40 | Direct investments abroad 4 Foreign securities. | $-3,404$ -614 | $-1,692$ -437 | -398 -346 | $\begin{array}{r}\text {-1, } 058 \\ \hline 209\end{array}$ | -256 -40 | -2, 460 51 | $-1,041$ -126 | -173 -204 |
|  | Claims reported by U.S. banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{42}^{41}$ |  | -1,269 | -189 | -346 | $-351$ | -381 | -256 $-1,547$ | -335 -1.382 | 213 520 |
| 43 | Short-term, nonliquid | $-1,495$ -742 | -324 -453 | 183 301 | 51 -422 | $-1,405$ -168 | -1,163 | $-1,961$ | -495 |
|  | Claims reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 44 | Long-term-....-.- | -202 | -74 | -3 | -28 | -97 | -132 | -55 | -147 |
| 45 46 | Short-term, nonliquid | -315 | 52 | 80 | $-36$ | -411 | 10 | $\stackrel{2}{17}$ | $-147$ |
| 46 | Short-term, liquid. | 492 | -290 | -197 | -131 | 125 | -740 | -147 | 57 |
| 47 | Foreign capital flows, net. | 20,833 | 3,965 | 4,699 | 6, 664 | 5,605 | 10,510 | 2,697 | 2,330 |
| 48 | U.S. Government nonliquid liabilities to other than foreign official reserve agencies | 238 | -92 | 102 | 151 | 77 | 212 | 433 | 203 |
| 49 | Other foreign private capital: | 160 | -361 | 183 | 178 | 160 | 273 | 534 | 720 |
| 50 | U.S. securities other than Treasury issues. | 4,335 | 1,058 | 956 | 553 | 1,768 | 1,745 | 496 | 1,159 |
| 51 | Other long-term, reported by U.S. nonbanking conceris | , 694 | -83 | 250 | 166 | 361 | 127 | 30 | 37 |
| 52 | Short-term, reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns. | 173 | 45 | 42 | -41 | 127 | 35 | -24 | 268 |
| 53 | Long-term, reported by U.S. banks. | 149 | 200 | 83 | -73 | -61 | 153 | 78 | 30 |
| 54 | U.S. liquid liabilities to private foreigners. | 4,776 | 589 | 2,189 | 262 | 1,736 | $-1,810$ | 1,939 | 834 |
| 55 | U.S. liquid liabilities to foreign official agencies | 9, 720 | 2,108 | 771 | 5,356 | 1,485 | 8,616 | -1,213 | -479 |
| 56 | Other readily marketable liabilities to foreign official agencies 6 | 399 | 221 | 27 | 34 | 117 | 1, 202 | 259 | 11 |
| 57 | Nonliquid liabilities to foreign official reserve agencies reported by U.S. Government | 189 | 280 | -4 | 78 | -165 | -43 | 165 | -452 |
| 58 | Transactions in U.S. official reserve assets, net | 32 | -103 | -53 | 122 | 66 | 220 | 17 | -13 |
|  | Gold. | 547 | 544 |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |
| 60 | SDR.-.-............. | -703 | -710 |  |  |  |  | 9 |  |
| 61 62 | Convertible currencies. | 35 | 64 | -245 | 134 | 82 | 233 |  |  |
| 62 | Gold tranche position in IMF | 153 | -1 | 185 | -15 | -16 | -13 | 8 | -13 |
| 63 | Allocations of special dra wing rights (SDR). | 710 | 710 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 64 | Errors and omissions, net | -3,112 | 989 | -1,029 | -1,221 | -1,851 | -3,918 | 207 | -816 |

[^9]4. Excludes reinvested earnings of foreign incorporated affiliates of U.S. firms or of U.S. incorporated affiliates of foreign firms.
5. Includes sales of foreign obligations to foreigners.
6. Includes changes in nonliquid liabilities reported by U.S. banks and in investments by foreign official agencies in debt securities of U.S. Government corporations and agencies, private corporations, and State and local governments.

Note.-Details may not add to totals because of rounding.
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

Table 3.-U.S. International Transactions-Seasonally Adjusted
[Millions of dollars]

| Line | (Creaits +; debits -) ${ }^{\text {l }}$ | 1972 |  |  |  | 1973 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | I | II | III | IV | $\chi^{1}$ | II . | III ${ }^{\square}$ |
| 1 | Exports of goods and services ${ }^{2}$ | 17,587 | 17,463 | 18,491 | 19,921 | 22,611 | 24,376 | 26, 199 |
| 233456778 | Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military ${ }^{\text {a }}$.-.-.-.- Transfers under U.S. military agency sales contracts | 11,655 328 | 11, 5389 |  | 13, 213 | 15,320 | $\begin{array}{r}16,778 \\ \hline 455\end{array}$ | 18, 153 |
|  | Travel................................................. | 652 | 672 | 680 | 702 | 820 | 487 | 797 |
|  | Passenger fares. | 167 | 170 | 169 | 187 | 241 | 227 | 798 |
|  | Other transportation | 851 | 884 | 893 | 999 | 1,051 | 1,117 | 1,133 |
|  | Fees and royalties from unaffiliated foreigners. | 163 | 166 | 168 | 173 | 176 | 179 | 181 |
|  | Other private services. | 362 | 372 | 373 | 382 | 392 | 407 | 419 |
|  | U.S. Government miscellaneous services. | 95 | 102 | 108 | 112 | 110 | 115 | 118 |
| 10 | Receipts of income on U.S. investments abroad: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Direct investment fees and royalties........................ | 587 | 600 | ${ }^{606}$ | 636 | 692 | 654 | 775 |
| 11 | Direct investment interest, dividends and branch earnings ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1,805 | 1,850 | 1,994 | 2,355 | 2,460 | 2, 569 | 2, 674 |
| 12 |  | 680 242 | 633 187 | 690 186 | 694 181 | ${ }_{221}^{785}$ | 879 209 | ${ }_{212}^{975}$ |
| 14 | Transfers of goods and eervices under U.S. military grant programs, net | 1,143 | 920 | 1,189 | 949 | 716 | 833 | 521 |
| 15 | Imports of goode and services. | -18,961 | -18,889 | -19,430 | -20,791 | -22,461 | -23,702 | -24, 051 |
| 1617 | Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military ${ }^{3}$. | -13,475 | -13, 313 | -13,935 | -14, 958 | -16,280 | -17,022 | -17, 439 |
|  | Direct defense expenditures................... | -1, 222 | -1,242 | $-1,108$ | -1,151 | $-1,168$ $-1,289$ | $-1,185$ $-1,399$ | $-1,110$ $-1,241$ |
| 18 19 | Travel...-.-................ | $-1,166$ -365 -8 | $-1,214$ -406 | -1,181 | $-1,295$ -422 | $-1,289$ -408 | 1,399 -433 | $-1,241$ -407 |
| 20 | Other transportation. | -894 | -797 | -853 | -901 | -1,023 | -1,002 | -1, ${ }^{-4036}$ |
| 21 | Fees and royalties to unaffliated foreigners. | -33 | -34 | -35 | -36 | -37 | -38 | -39 |
| $\stackrel{22}{22}$ | Private payments for other services...-............... | -191 | -199 | -199 | -199 | -203 | -215 | -211 |
|  | U.S. Government payments for miscellaneous services. | -192 | -205 | -206 | -195 | -204 | -208 | -243 |
|  | Payments of income on foreign investments in the United States: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 | Direct investment fees and royalties......-............... | -28 | $-36$ | -40 | -34 | -54 | -46 | -40 |
|  | Direct investment interest, dividends and branch earnings 4 | -159 | -172 | $-170$ | $-217$ | $-163$ | $-229$ | -225 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 26 \\ & 27 \end{aligned}$ | Other private liabilities-.... | $-595$ | -623 | -633 | -671 | -766 | -939 | $-1,056$ |
|  | U.S. Government liabilities. | -641 | -648 | -683 | -712 | -866 | -986 | -1,004 |
| 28 | U.S. military grants of goods and servicea, net. | -1, 143 | -920 | -1,189 | -949 | -716 | -833 | -521 |
| 29 | Unilateral transfers (excluding military grants), net | -969 | -938 | -954 | -881 | -742 | -1,041 | -931 |
| 303132 | U.S. Government grants (excluding military) | -578 | -563 | -581 | -452 | -345 | -652 | -509 |
|  | U.S. Government pensions and other translers. | -142 | -142 | -121 | -166 | -172 | -171 | -177 |
|  | Private remittances and other transfers. | -249 | -233 | -252 | -263 | -225 | -218 | -245 |
| 33 | U.S. Government capital flows, net. | -210 | -228 | -535 | -601 | -560 | -409 | -550 |
| 34 35 | Loans and other long-term assets. $\qquad$ Foreign currencies and other short-term assets, net. | $\begin{array}{r}-779 \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ | -852 49 | -990 37 | $\begin{array}{r} -1,180 \\ 63 \end{array}$ | $-1,149$ -112 | $\begin{array}{r}-1,253 \\ \hline 6\end{array}$ | $-1,135$ 52 |
| 3637 | Repayment on credits: Scheduled. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Nonscheduled i -... | 88 | 588 17 | 47 | 49 | 111 | 664 174 | 5 4 |
| 38 | U.S. private capital fiows, net | -3,384 | -501 | -2,119 | -2,529 | -6,185 | -2,024 | -690 |
| 40 | Drect investments abroad ${ }^{\text {- }}$ | -1,302 | -183 | -1,148 | -771 | -2,025 | -946 | -228 |
|  | Foreign securities. | -437 | -346 | 209 | -40 |  | -126 | -204 |
| 414243 | Claims reported by U.S. banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Long-term............ | -189 | -346 | -353 | -381 | -256 | $-335$ |  |
|  | Short-term, noniquid | -575 | 206 | $-267$ | -859 | -1,809 | -1,362 | 199 |
|  | Short-term, liquid.-.. | -637 | 246 | -274 | $-77$ | -1,351 | 905 | -342 |
| 44 | Claims reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Long-term-.........- | -74 -5 | -32 | -28 | -970 | -132 -48 | - ${ }^{55}$ | $-147$ |
|  | Short-term, liquid..... | -165 | -137 | -136 | -254 | -615 | -87 | 52 |
| 47 | Foreign capital flowe, net. | 4,386 | 4,086 | 6,051 | 6,305 | 11,008 | 2,358 | 1,391 |
| 48 | U.S. Government nonliquid liabilities to other than foreign official reserve agencies | -79 | 133 | 169 | 15 | 224 | 484 | 187 |
| 49505051525354 | Other foreign private capital: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Direct investments in the United States ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | -361 | 183 | 178 | 160 | 273 | 534 | 720 |
|  | U.S. securities other than Treasury issues. | 1,058 | 956 | 553 | 1,768 | 1,745 | 496 | 1,159 |
|  | Other long-term, reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns. | -38 | 260 | 269 | 203 | 175 | 37 | 142 |
|  | Short-term, reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns. | 45 | 42 | -41 | 127 | 35 | -24 | 268 |
|  | Long-term, reported by U.S. banks. | 200 | 83 | -73 | -6] | 153 | 78 | 30 |
|  | U.S. llquid liabilities to private foreigners. | 514 | 1,347 | 417 | 2,498 | -1,876 | 1,105 | 980 |
| 54565857 | U.S. liquid Habilities to foreign official agencies | 2,546 |  | 4,467 | 1,645 |  | -778 | -1,654 |
|  | Other readily marketable liabilities to forelgn official agencies o | , 221 | , 27 | 1, 34 | , 117 | 1, $2{ }^{2} 2$ | 259 | 11 |
|  | Nonliquid liabilities to foreign official reserve agencies reported by U.S. Government | 280 | -2 | 78 | -167 | -43 | 167 | -452 |
|  | Transactions in U.S. official reserve assets, net. | 429 | -231 | -55 | -111 | 220 | 17 | -13 |
|  | Gold | 544 |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |
|  | SDR. | -178 | -171 | -177 | -177 |  | (*) 9 |  |
|  | Convertible currencles. | 64 | -245 | 134 | -16 | -133 |  |  |
|  | Gold tranche position in IMF | -1 | 185 | -15 | -16 | $-13$ | 8 | -13 |
|  | Allocntions of special dra wing rights (SDR) | 178 | 178 | 177 | 177 |  |  |  |
| 64 | Errors and omisaions, net | 944 | -940 | -1,626 | -1,490 | -3,891 | 425 | -1,365 |

Revised. $\quad$ Preliminary. *Less than $\$ 500,000$ ( $\pm$ ).

1. Credits, +: Exports of goods and services; unilateral transfers to U.S.; capital inflows increase in U.S. liabilities or decrease in U.S. assets); decrease in U.S. official reserve assets.
Debits, -: Imports of goods and services; unilateral transfers to foreigners; capital outfiows (decrease in U.S. habilities or increase in U.S. assets); increase in U.S. official reserve assets.
2. Excludes transfers of goods and services under U.S. military grant programs.
3. Excludes exports of goods under U.S. military agency sales contracts identified in Census export documents, and imports of goods included under direct defense expenditures identified
in Census import documents, and reflects various other balance-of-payments adjustment ${ }^{\mathbf{s}}$ (for valuation, coverage, and timing ) to Census statistics; see table 4
4. Excludes reinvested earnings of foreign incorporated affiliates of U.S. firms or of U.S. incorporated affiliates of forelgn firms.
5. Includes sales of foreign obligations to foreigners.
6. Includes changes in nonliquid liabilities reported by U.S. banks and in investments by foreign official agencies in debt securities of U.S. Government corporations and agencies, private corporations, and State and local governments.
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

Table 4.-U.S. Merchandise Trade
[Millions of dollars]


Table 4.-U.S. Merchandise Trade-Continued
[Millions of dollars]

| Line |  | 1972 | Not seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1972 |  |  |  | 1973 |  |  | 1972 |  |  |  | 1973 |  |  |
|  |  |  | I | II | III | IV | I | II ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | III ${ }^{\text {p }}$ | I | II | III | IV | I | II ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | III ${ }^{\nu}$ |
|  | TRADE BY END-USE-Continued <br> Automotive vehicles, parts, and engines <br> To Canada ${ }^{10}$ <br> areas <br> To all other areas... <br> Passenger cars, new and used <br> Trucks, buses, and special vehicles <br> Parts, bodies, and accessories, including engines and parts, n.e.c. | 5, 119 | 1,208 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,332 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | 1,147875 | 1,432 | 1,5691,195 | 1,681 | $\begin{array}{r}1,314 \\ 925 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,191 | 1,206927 | 1,336 | 1,4071,068 | 1,551 | 1,506 | 1,535 |
| 46 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 47 |  | 3,901 | + 900 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 48 |  | 1,218 | 308 | 283 | 272 | 355 | 374 | 382 | 389 | 303 | 279 | 295 | 339 | 369 | 375 | 424 |
| 49 |  | 1,322 | 287 157 | 344 <br> 174 | 274 156 | 418 | 429 214 | 479 | 333 | 278 | 311 | 358 | 381 | 420 | 428 | 434 |
| 50 51 |  | 6863,112 | 167765 | 814 | 158718 | 815 | 926 | 985 | 791 | 757 | 736 | 812 | 208 | 214 | 196 | 203 |
| 51 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 818 | 917 | 882 | 898 |
| 52 | Consumer goods (nonfood), except automotive..- | 3,492 | 832 | 863 | 863 | 935 | 1,032 | 1,224 | 1,173 | 831 | 835 | 891 | 939 | 1,032 | 1,173 | 1,209 |
| 53 | Consumer durables, manufactured..-......- | 1,448 | 340 | 363 | 349 | 397 | 429 | 522 | 495 | 339 | 353 | 369 | 387 | 430 | 502 | 520 |
| 54 | Consumer nondurables, manufactured. | 1,859 | 452 | 454 | 470 | 484 | 528 | 601 | 582 | 454 | 437 | 472 | 500 | 530 | 574 | 582 |
| 55 | Unmanufactured consumer goods (gem stones, precious and nonprecious) | 185 | 40 | 46 | 44 | 54 | 75 | 101 | 96 | 38 | 45 | 50 | 52 | 72 | 97 | 107 |
| 56 | Special category (milltary-type goods) | 1,199 | 284 | 315 | 309 | 291 | 330 | 392 | 368 | 284 | 315 | 309 | 291 | 330 | 392 | 368 |
| 57 | Exports, n.e.c., and reexports. | 1,808 | 402 | 466 | 452 | 487 | 506 | 628 | 574 | 408 | 442 | 472 | 488 | 519 | 590 | 598 |
| 58 | Domestic (low-value, miscellaneous) | 1,008 | $\stackrel{237}{ }$ | 252 | 253 | 266 | 270 | 325 | 309 | 236 | 245 | 263 | 269 | 269 | 313 | 318 |
| 59 | Foreign (reexports) .........------ | 800 | 165 | 214 | 198 | 221 | 236 | 304 | 265 | 172 | 197 | 209 | 219 | 250 | 277 | 280 |
| 60 | Merchandise imports, Census basis (line 9) | 55,583 | 13,302 | 13,743 | 13, 532 | 15, 006 | 15,963 | 17,280 | 16,936 | 13,423 | 13,370 | 13,903 | 14,888 | 16,254 | 16,845 | 17,358 |
| 61 | Foods, feeds, and beverages | 7,265 | 1,764 | 1,738 | 1,802 | 1,961 | 2,030 | 2,292 | 2,170 | 1,818 | 1,726 | 1,823 | 1,897 | 2, 108 | 2,281 | 2,192 |
| 62 63 | Coffee, cocos, and sugar. | 2,165 1,182 | 565 309 | 504 235 | 564 321 | 532 316 | 658 396 | 748 451 | 633 <br> 347 | 585 299 | 514 | 527 308 | 542 <br> 314 | 687 397 | 763 477 | 588 330 |
| 64 | Cane sugar | 1,832 | 205 | 228 | 221 | 177 | 193 | 235 | 256 | 250 | 214 | 193 | 188 | 237 | 218 | 222 |
| 65 | Other foods, feeds, and beverages | 5, 101 | 1,199 | 1,234 | 1,239 | 1,429 | 1,372 | 1,544 | 1,537 | 1,233 | 1,212 | 1,206 | 1,355 | 1,421 | 1,518 | 1,604 |
| 66 | Industrial aupplies and materimls. | 20,322 | 4,790 | 4,980 | 5,030 | 5,522 | 5,993 | 6,359 | 6,529 | 4,830 | 4,873 | 5,095 | 5,523 | 6, 111 | 6,236 | 6,589 |
| 67 | Fuels and lubricants ${ }^{\text {P }}$........... | 4, 882 | 1,220 | 1, 125 | 1,208 | 1,330 | 1,655 | 1,755 | 2, 052 | 1,106 | 1,196 | 1,268 | 1,312 | 1,517 | 1,857 | 2,136 |
| 67 a | Petroleum and products. | 4,295 | 1, 071 | 976 | 1,073 | 1, 175 | 1,493 | 1,593 | 1,891 | 965 | 1,038 | 1,123 | 1,171 | 1,359 | 1,685 | 1,963 |
| 68 | Paper and paper base stocks.- | 1,756 | 421 | 443 | 427 | 465 | 526 | 546 | 478 | 428 | 438 | 444 | 443 | 539 | 538 | 490 |
|  | Materiais associated with nondurable goods and farm output, n.e.s | 3,703 | 984 | 932 | 859 | 928 | 1,060 | 1,053 | 970 | 922 | 880 | 920 | 990 | 1,002 | 991 | 1,041 |
| 70 | Textile supplies and materials. | 1,538 | 403 | 373 | 379 | 382 | 426 | 408 | 382 | 384 | 359 | 390 | 407 | 409 | 391 | 388 |
| 71 | Tobacco, unmanulactured | 157 | 53 | 45 | 19 | 40 | 57 | 46 | 37 | 32 | 35 | 35 | 62 | 35 | 36 | 67 |
| 72 | Chemicals, excluding medicinals............-- | 1,130 | 290 | 292 | 266 | 282 | 321 | 345 | 312 | 275 | 268 | 286 | 304 | 306 | 315 | 332 |
| 73 | Other (hides, copra, materials for making photos, drugs, dyes) | 878 | 237 | 222 | 195 | 223 | 256 | 254 | 239 | 231 | 218 | 209 | 217 | 252 | 249 | 254 |
| 74 | Building materials, except metals............... | 1,959 | 419 | 481 | 509 | 550 | 606 | 698 | 576 | 449 | 452 | 488 | 572 | 657 | 653 | 546 |
| 75 | Materials associated with durable goods output, n.e.s. | 8, 023 | 1, 747 | 2,000 | 2,026 | 2,250 | 2,146 | 2,307 | 2, 454 | 1,925 | 1,907 | 1,975 | 2, 206 | 2, 396 | 2, 197 | 2,376 |
| 76 |  | 759 | 1, 117 | - 187 | ${ }^{2} 227$ | 228 | 148 | 247 | 286 | 188 | 174 | 186 | 213 | 241 | 228 | 230 |
| 77 78 | Iron and steel products .-.....................- | 3,071 | 586 | 717 | 838 | 929 | 738 | 789 | 813 | 681 | 694 | 791 | 900 | 866 | 762 | 759 |
| 78 | Other metals, primary and advanced, including advanced steel. | 2,910 | 705 | 777 | 657 | 770 | 880 | 832 | 892 | 716 | 730 | 684 | 773 | 902 | 782 | 917 |
| 79 | Nonmetals (gums, oils, resins, minerals, rubber, tires, etc.) | 1,284 | 338 | 318 | 305 | 323 | 381 | 439 | 462 | 340 | 309 | 314 | 320 | 387 | 425 | 470 |
| 80 | Capital goods, except automotive.......-......--- | 5,572 | 1,371 | 1,397 | 1,322 | 1,483 | 1,696 | 1,914 | 1,916 | 1,331 | 1,338 | 1,384 | 1,525 | 1,661 | 1,835 | 2,002 |
| 81 82 | Machinery, except consumer-type..............- | 5,135 | 1,282 | 1,287 | 1,224 | 1,342 | 1,548 | 1,776 | 1,757 | 1,243 | 1,228 | 1,286 | 1,385 | 1,513 | 1,697 | 1,843 |
| 82 | Electrical and electronic, and parts and attachments. | 1,588 | 360 | 384 | 400 | 444 | 512 | 594 | 617 | 360 | 371 | 411 | 448 | 516 | 673 | 633 |
| 88 | Nonelectrical, and parts and attachments.-Construction, textile and other special- | 3, 548 | 923 | 903 | 824 | 898 | 1,036 | 1,182 | 1,140 | 883 | 857 | 875 | 937 | 997 | 1,124 | 1,210 |
|  | ized-industry machinery and nonfarm tractors and parts. | 908 | 240 | 229 | 215 | 223 | 240 | 275 | 257 | 232 | 225 | 217 | 233 | 233 | 271 | 260 |
| 85 | Other industrial machinery and parts, n.e.s. | 1,144 | 282 | 283 | 275 | 303 | 349 | 383 | 391 | 273 | 269 | 289 | 316 | 338 | 365 | 410 |
| 86 | Agricultural machinery and farm tractors and parts. | 497 | 133 | 139 | 109 | 117 | 153 | 188 | 149 | 113 | 121 | 127 | 142 | 131 | 164 | 173 |
| 87 | Business and office machines, computers, etc., and parts. | 662 | 189 | 171 | 139 | 163 | 195 | 219 | 222 | 185 | 163 | 155 | 157 | 193 | 209 | 246 |
| 88 | Scientific, professional and service-industry equipment and parts; and miscellaneous transportation equipment...- | 362 337 | 78 78 | 80 80 | 85 | 168 92 | 106 99 | 116 | 119 | 80 88 | 79 | 87 | 89 | 102 | 115 | 121 |
| 89 | Civilian aircraft, engines, parts | 437 | 88 | 110 | 98 | 140 | 148 | 138 | 159 | 88 | 110 | 98 | 140 | 148 | 138 | 159 |
| 890 | Civilian aircraft, complete, all types | 58 | 16 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 21 | 17 | 22 | 16 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 21 | 17 | 22 |
| 90 | Automotive vehiclea, parts, and engines.......... | 9,327 | 2,339 | 2,508 | 1,907 | 2,573 | 2,765 | 3,017 | 2,287 | 2,224 | 2,308 | 2,289 | 2,505 | 2,659 | 2,782 | 2,732 |
| 91 | From Canada...............................- | 5, 259 | 1,286 | 1,467 | 1,993 | 1,514 | 1,561 | 1,680 | 1,128 | 1,248 | 1,318 | 1,285 | 1,401 | 1,532 | 1,509 | 1,459 |
| 92 | From Canada, transactions value | 4,626 | 1,187 | 1,280 | 880 | 1, 8880 | 1, 571 | 1,469 | 1,012 | 1,108 | 1,157 | 1,119 | 1,235 | 1,344 | 1, 389 | 1,294 |
| 93 | From all other areas. | 4,068 | 1,053 | 1,041 | 914 | 1,060 | 1,204 | 1,337 | 1,159 | 976 | 990 | 1,004 | 1, 104 | 1,127 | 1,273 | 1,273 |
| 94 | Passenger cars, new and used................... | 5,730 | 1,510 | 1,582 | 1,083 | 1,556 | 1,721 | 1,851 | 1,291 | 1,399 | 1, 393 | 1,369 | 1,566 | 1,607 | 1,631 | 1,625 |
| 95 96 | Trucks, buses, and special vehicles............- | 1,129 | 225 | 302 | 269 | 334 | 291 | 359 | 300 | 244 | 314 | 294 | 279 | 319 | 373 | 326 |
| 8 | Parts, bodies, and accessories, including engines and parts, n.e.s. | 2,468 | 604 | 624 | 555 | 684 | 754 | 807 | 696 | 581 | 601 | 626 | 660 | 733 | 778 | 781 |
| 97 | Consumer goods (nonfood), except automotive... | 11,355 | 2,636 | 2,700 | 3,036 | 2,982 | 2,984 | 3,219 | 3,534 | 2,804 | 2,704 | 2,879 | 2,966 | 3,199 | 3,231 | 3,348 |
| 98 | Consumer durables, manufactured...-.......-. | 6,469 | 1,471 | 1,571 | 1,693 | 1,735 | 1,623 | 1,824 | 1,968 | 1,582 | 1,564 | 1,641 | 1,679 | 1,760 | 1,821 | 1,903 |
| 99 100 | Consumer nondurables, manufactured.......... | 4,123 | -989 | , 945 | 1,154 | 1,035 | 1,126 | 1,133 | 1,299 | 1,041 | ${ }^{1} 958$ | 1,041 | 1,086 | 1,195 | 1,152 | 1,167 |
| 100 | Unmanufactured consumer goods (gems, nursery stock) | 762 | 176 | 185 | 189 | 212 | 235 | 262 | 267 | 181 | 182 | 197 | 201 | 244 | 258 | 278 |
| 101 | Imports, n.e.s. (Iow value, goods returned, military aircraft, movies, exhibits). | 1,742 | 402 | 421 | 435 | 484 | 495 | 479 | 499 | 416 | 421 | 433 | 472 | 516 | 480 | 495 |

## * Revised ${ }^{\circ}$ Preliminary *Less than $\$ 500,000$.

 1. Mainly net additions to or liquidations of U.S.-owned grains stored in Canada, and ex-ports of electrical energy.
2. Mainly exports of exposed motion picture film for rental rather than sale.
3. Irregular and occasional adjustments; valuation adjustments for goods considered to be underpriced or overpriced in Census data; timing adjustments for goods recorded in Census data in one period but found to have been shipoed in another; and coverage adjustments for
4. Coitro 1 in
4. Correction for discrepancy between sum of four quarters, seasonally adjusted, and the unadjusted recorded annual totals.
5. Exports of military equipment under U.S. military agency sales contracts with foreign governments to the extent such exports are identifiable from Census export documents. These exports are included in table 2, line 3: "Transfers under U.S. military agency sales contracts."
6. Mainly imports of electrical energy.
7. Mainly foreiga charges for repair of U.S. vessels abroad, which are included in tables 2 , 3 , and 9 , line 20 (other transportation)
8. Merchandise imported directly by the Department of Defense, as well as "defense" imports of the Coast Guard and Atomic Energy Commission, to the extent such imports are identifiable from Census import documents and verifiable from separate reports of the importing agencies. These imports are included in tables 2, 3, and 9, line 17: "Direct defense expenditures."
9. Includes. nuclear fuel materials and fuels, formerly in exports of "other metals"-(1.33) and in imports of "steelmaking materials"-(1.76).
10. The statistical identification of automotive products exports to Canada (line 47) is not as complete and comprehensive as the identification of automotive products imports from Canada Automotive Products Trade Act. The less comprehensive identification in U.S. trade statistics of automotive parts exports to Canada results in an undercounting of such exports (line 47) which-estimated from examination of Canada's import statistics-amounted to about $\$ 450$ million in 1972.
Note.-Details may not add to totals because of rounding.

## Table 5.—Major U.S. Government Transactions

[Millions of dollars]

| Line |  | 1972 | 1972 |  |  |  | 1973 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | I | II | III | IV | I | II | IIIP |
| A. 1 | U.S. Government grants (excluding milltary) and capital flo ws increasing Government assets, total (tabla 2 , lines 30,34 , and 35 , with sign reversed) | 5,808 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,398 \\ & 1,399 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,518 \\ & 1,566 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,348 \\ & 1,554 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,545 \\ & 1,869 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,665 \\ & 1,606 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,051 \\ & 1,899 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,403 \\ & 1,59 z \end{aligned}$ |
| 13 | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | By category | $\begin{array}{r} 2,174 \\ 80 \\ -141 \end{array}$ | 60520-36 | $\begin{array}{r} 598 \\ 14 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 536 \\ 11 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 435 \\ 35 \end{array}$ | 37310 | $\begin{array}{r} 684 \\ 13 \\ -16 \end{array}$ |  |
| 2 | Grants, net..-........................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 46412-28 |
| 3 | Credits repayable in foreign currencies _...............................-. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | Other foreign currency assets (excluding administrative cash holdings), Receipts from- |  |  | 32 | (*) | -57 | 27 |  |  |
| 5 | Sales of agricultural commodities. | $\begin{array}{r} 75 \\ 185 \\ 252 \\ 1 \\ 13 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 42 \\ & 47 \\ & 48 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | ${ }_{5}^{1}$ | 3 | 244 | ${ }^{*}{ }^{\text {) }}$ |
| 6 | Interest- |  |  | 41444 | $\begin{array}{r}42 \\ 42 \\ \hline \text { * }\end{array}$ |  | 38 |  | 34 |
| 8 | Repayments of princlpal. |  | $\left({ }^{*}\right)^{48}$ |  |  | 114 | 107 | ${ }^{*}{ }^{99}$ | (*) ${ }^{81}$ |
| 9 | Other sources. |  | 3 | 3 | 6 | 2 | 1 | ${ }^{2}$ |  |
| 10 | Less disbursements for- Grants in the recipient's currency | 264 | 79 | 9 | 57 | 120 |  |  |  |
| 11 | Credits in the recipient's currency | 53 | 15 | 11 | 6 | 21 | 4 | 79 6 | 49 5 |
| 12 | Other grants and credits. | 9 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 1 | (*) |
| 13 | Other U.S. Government expenditur | 340 | 78 | 82 | 94 | 86 | 75 | 76 | 92 |
| 14 | Capital subscriptions and contributions to international and regional organizations, excluding | 271 | 44 | 69 | 48 | 110 | 90 | 76 | 91 |
| 15 16 | Credits repayable in U.S. dollars............................ | 3,436 -11 | $\begin{array}{r}836 \\ -72 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 850 | 754 | 996 | 1,162 4 | 1,251 42 | 859 |
| By program |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17 | Under farm product disposal programs....-............ |  | ${ }_{612}^{264}$ | 437 <br> 623 | 208 <br> 564 | 297 <br> 434 | 290445 | 298703 | 125 |
| 18 | Under Foreign Assistance Acts and related programs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19 | Under Export-Import Bank Act - .-............... | 2,233 | 612 396 4 | 31169 | 265 | 327 | 456 | 467 | 472 |
| 20 | Capital subscriptions and contributions to international and regional organizations, | 271 | $\begin{array}{r}44 \\ 134 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 48215 | 110263 | 317 | $\begin{array}{r}76 \\ 401 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 91 |
| 21 22 |  | 722 |  | 69 110 |  |  |  |  | 168118 |
| 23 | Less foreign currencies used by U.S. Government other than for grants or credits (line A.13) | 340 | 78 | 82 | 89 <br> 94 | $\begin{array}{r} 171 \\ \mathbf{8 6} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 146 \\ 75 \end{array}$ | 144 76 |  |
| 24 25 | Advances under Exchange Stabilization Fund agreements, net.................. Other (including changes in administrative cash holdings), net........ | -32 | -72 | -40 | 52 | 28 | -2 | 39 | -4 |
|  | By disposition ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 26 | Estimated transactions involving no direct dollar outflow from the United Sta | 2,907 | 1,186 | 1,280 | 1,035 | 1,217 | 1,505 | 1,718 | 1,168 |
| 27 | Expenditures on U.S. merchandise |  | 832233 | 842 <br> 220 | $\stackrel{244}{217}$ | 209 | 109109 | ${ }_{208} 218$ | 716 |
| 28 | ${ }^{\text {Expenditures on U S. }}$. services ${ }^{2}-1 .$. | 2,878 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 191 |
| 29 30 | M1litary sales contracts financed by U.S. Government credits ${ }^{3.4}$ (line B.14) | 502 <br> 287 <br> 88 | 75 | 16448 | $\begin{gathered} 124 \\ 51 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 139 \\ & 141 \end{aligned}$ | 108 <br> 107 <br> 331 | - 979 | 154 |
| 30 | U.S. Government credits to repay prior U.S. Government credtis ${ }^{2}$.U.S. Government credits ${ }^{3}$ to repay prior U.S. private credits. | 287 | 49 140 |  |  |  |  |  | 81 140 |
| 31 <br> 32 | U.S. Government credits ${ }^{3}$ to repay prior U.S. private credits. <br> Increase in claims on U.S. Government associated with Government grants and capital flows increasing | 580 | 140 | 89 | 197 | 154 | 331 | 370 | 140 |
|  | Government assets (including changes in retained accounts) (line B.17) .................... | 37 | 9 | 13 <br> 82 | 94 | 86 | -2 | -11 | -17 |
| 33 34 | Less foreign currencies used by U.S. Government other than for grants or credits (line A.13)...........- | 340 | 78 |  |  |  | 75 | 76 | 92 |
| 34 | Less dollar recoveries on short-term claims financing military sales contracts and U.S. Government credits to repay private credits ${ }^{3}$ | 134 | 73 | 13 | 11 | 37 | 29 | 14 | 7 |
| 35 | Estimated dollar payments to foreign countries and international and regional organizations through U.S. Government grants and capital flows increasing Government assets. | $1,091$ | 212 | 237 | 314 | 328 | 161 | 334 | 234 |
| B. 1 | Nonliquid liabilities reported by U.S. Government, including medium-term securities and long-term obligations payable prior to maturity only under special conditions, net increase $(+)$ Seasonally adjusted. | 427 | 188 201 | 98 181 | ${ }_{247}^{229}$ | -88 -162 | + ${ }_{+}^{169}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 598 \\ & 651 \end{aligned}$ | -249 |
| 2 | To foreign official reserve agencies (table 2, line 57) | 189 | 280280 | -4 | 78 | -165 | - -43 | 165 | $-452$ |
| 2a | Seasonally adjusted -.....................-.-.-.......................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | U.S. Tressury securities issued in connection with Columbla River downstream rights....... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | U.S. Treasury securities issued in connection with prepayments for milltary purchases in the United States (line B 13) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | U.S. Treasury obligations to be liquidated against U.S. claims | $\begin{gathered} -4 \\ 197 \\ -4 \end{gathered}$ |  | -4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | U.S. Treasury securities not included elsewhere ${ }^{\text {s }}$ - |  | ${ }_{-2}^{282}$ |  | -80 | -165 | -4i | -49 |  |
| 7 8 | Export-Import Bank obligations to be liquidated against U.S. claims |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 9 | Export-Import Bank securities not included elsewhere |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | To other official and private foreigners (table 2, line 48) | 238 | $\begin{aligned} & -92 \\ & -79 \end{aligned}$ | 102115892189 | 151 | $\begin{array}{r} 77 \\ 15 \\ 216 \\ 154 \end{array}$ |  | 433 | ${ }^{203}$ |
| 10 a | Seasonally adjusted...-......................... |  |  |  | 169 |  | 224 | 484 | 187 |
| 11 | Associated with military sales contracts | 352 | -103 -90 |  | 146 |  | 204 | 136 187 | 216 200 |
| 119 | Seasonally adjusted..............................-....................................-............ |  | -90 | 183 | 164 |  | 216 | 187 | 200 |
| 12 | U.S. Government receipts from foreign governments (including principal repayments on credits financing military sales contracts), net of refunds | 1,390 | 237 | 374 | 325 | 455 | 517 | 553 | 591 |
| 13 | Less U.S. Treasury securities issued in connection with prepayments for military purchases in the United States (line B.4) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14 | Plus military sales contracts financed by U.S. Government credits ${ }^{\text {a }}$ (line A.29) | 502 | 75 | 164 | 124 | 139 | 108 | 223 | 154 |
| 15 |  |  | 103 | 118 | 75 | 79 | 396 | 125 | 64 468 |
| 116 | Less transfers of goods and services (including transfers financed by credits) (table 2, line 3) .-............ | 1,166 | 311 | 327 | 228 | 299 | 325 | 514 | 466 -17 |
| 17 17 a |  | 37 | 9 | 13 | 7 | 9 | -2 | -11 | -17 -17 |
| 18 | Non-interest-bearing securities issued to IDA, to İ- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19 | Foreign funds retained in U.S. Government accounts for purchases in the United States |  | 9 | 10 | 9 |  | -2 | -11 |  |
| 20 | Other. ......................................................................................... |  | (*) | 3 | -3 | ${ }^{*}{ }^{\text {c }}$ | (*) | (*) | (*) |
| 21 | Other | -151 | $\stackrel{2}{2}$ | -3 | -3 | -148 | 10 | 307 |  |
| 218 | Seasonally adjusted.-....--1.....- |  | 2 | -3 | S | $-148$ | 10 | s07 |  |
| 23 | Assoclated with sales of nuclear materials by Atomic Energy Commission. |  | -2 |  | 6 |  |  | 320 |  |
| 24 | Associated with other U.S. Government nonmilitary sales and miscellaneous operations |  | 4 |  | 4 |  | 9 | -13 | 2 |
| 25 26 | U.S. Treasury securities not included elsewhere ${ }^{\text {a }}$ - | -151 |  |  |  | -151 | 1 |  |  |
| 26 | Export-Import Bank securities included elsewhere |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^10]3. Includes securities payable in U.S. dollars and in convertible foreign curreneies. 6. Transactions under military sales contracts are those in which the Defense Department sells and transfers military goods and services to a foreign purchaser, on a cash or credit basis. The entries for the several caterories of transactions related tr, military sales contracts in this and the other tables are partially estimated from incomplete data.
7. Consists of transfers of military goods and services financed by U.S. Government credits (included in line B.16) and of increases in Defense Department liabilities (on military sales contracts) which arise from advance payments to the Defense Department financed by credit to foreigners by U.S. Government agencles.
military sales contracts financed by U.S. Government credits and included in line B.11.

Note.-Drtails may not add to totals because of rounding.
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

Table 6.-Direct Investments and Securities Transactions
[Millions of dollars]

| Line | (Credits +; debits -) | 1972 | 1972 |  |  |  | 1973 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | I | II | III | IV | I | II ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | III ${ }^{\text {P }}$ |
| 2 <br> 3 <br> 4 <br> 5 <br> 6 <br> 7 <br> 8 | U.S. direct investments abroad (table 2, line 39). | $\begin{array}{r} -3,404 \\ -2,162 \\ -216 \\ -18 \\ -1,873 \\ -2,348 \\ 475 \\ -55 \end{array}$ | -1,692 | -398 | -1,058 | -256 | -2,460 | -1,041 | -173 |
|  |  |  | -1,437 | $\begin{aligned} & 109 \\ & 648 \end{aligned}$ | -780 -550 | $-54$ | -1,892 | -385 | n.a. |
|  | Intercompany accounts: short-term-....... |  | -900 |  |  | 209 | -1,481 ${ }_{11}$ | 80 |  |
|  | Capital stock and other equity, |  | -273 | $-210$ | $\begin{array}{r}214 \\ -423 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | -209 | -418 | -411 | n.a. |
|  | Decrease $^{\text {Inceas }}$ |  | -273 -361 -88 | -432 | - 525 | -1,030 | -521 | $\begin{array}{r} -750 \\ -339 \end{array}$ | n.a. |
|  |  |  | 88 -33 | 98 4 | 102 -20 | 187 -7 | 103 -5 |  |  |
| 10 | Branch accounts. | -1,242 | -255 | -507 | -279 | -202 | -568 | $-656$ | n.a. |
|  | By industry of foreign affiliate: 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 10 | Mining and smelting....... | $\begin{array}{r} -411 \\ -1,636 \\ -1,028 \\ -391 \end{array}$ | $-169$ | -114 | -92 | $\begin{array}{r}-42 \\ -491 \\ \hline 217\end{array}$ | -108 -968 | 7 | n.a.n.a.n.a. |
| 12 | Panufacturing.... |  | - -681 | -163 | $-581$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & -609 \\ & -787 \end{aligned}$ | $-541$ |  |
| 13 | Other........... |  | -950 | 93 | -74 | 217 60 |  | -78 | n.a. |
| 14 | Foreign direct investments in the United States (table 2, line 49) | 160 | -361 | 183 | 178 | 160 | 273 | 534 | 720 |
| 15 | Transactions with U.S. incorporated affliates.Intercompany accounts................. | [ $\begin{array}{r}66 \\ -139\end{array}$ | -391-438 | 161 | 140 | 156 | 267 | 539 | 687 |
| 16 17 |  |  |  | 130 31 | $\begin{array}{r}196 \\ 44 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 72 <br> 84 <br> 84 | 132 <br> 135 | 435104104 | 6373614614 |
| 18 | Capital stock and other equit | 206 302 |  | 33-2 |  |  | -30 |  |  |
| 19 | Decrease ${ }^{\text {i }}$ - | -97 | 54 -7 |  | ${ }_{-88}^{132}$ | ${ }^{(*)}$ |  | 104 | 614 |
| 20 | Branch accounts.............................................................................. | 94 | 30 | 22 | 37 | 4 | 6 | -5 | 33 |
| 21 | Of which: manufacturing affliates: 4 | 130 | 21 | 20 | 45 | 44 | 230 | 146 | 148 |
| 22 | Foreign securities, net U.S. purchases (-) balance of payments basis (table 2, line 40 or lines $27+38$ below) | -614 | -437 | -346 | 209 | -40 | 51 | -126 | -204 |
| ${ }^{23}$ | stocks, net, Treasury basis s. | $\begin{array}{r} 410 \\ -16 \\ -19 \end{array}$ | 48 | $\left(^{*}\right)^{77}$ | 84-10-19 | -206 | 169-16 | 39-6 | -2-8 |
| $\begin{array}{r}24 \\ 25 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | less: recorded in line 1 above as U.S. direct investment abroad <br>  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 25 26 | plus: exchange of stock associated with direct investment in United States. <br> plus: other adjustments. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 27 |  | 412 | 46 | 76 | 81 | 209 | 164-4 | -1.7-39 |  |
| 28 28 | Newly issued in the United States.... | -48 | -9 | -11 |  | -1 |  |  |  |
| 30 | of which: Canada-......... | -87 | -8 |  | $-104$ |  | 168 | 42 | $\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ 24 \\ -21 \\ -7 \\ -7 \end{array}$ |
| 31 | Canada - .-.... | 155 | -15 | 32 | 72 | 66 | 88 | 4 |  |
| 32 <br> 32 <br> 3 | Western Europe. | 331 | 99 | 112 | 86 | 34 | -15 | 14 |  |
| ${ }_{34}^{33}$ | Other.... | -49 | -20 -9 | -68 | $\begin{array}{r}-63 \\ \hline 9\end{array}$ | 102 | 88 | -9 |  |
| 35 | bonds, net, Treasury basis ${ }^{\text {s }}$ - | $\begin{array}{r} -1,080 \\ 35 \\ 29 \\ \hline 9 \end{array}$ | -4767 | 11-40517 | 181$s$ | $\begin{array}{r} -270 \\ 8 \\ 89 \end{array}$ | -119 | -165 | $\begin{array}{r} -196 \\ --13 \end{array}$ |
| 36 <br> 37 | less: recorded in line 1 above as U.S. direct investment abroad. plus: other adjustments |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 38 | Bonds, net, balance of payments basis.... | -1,615 | -483 | -422 | $-69$ | -249 | -113 | -165 | -209 |
| 39 | Newly issued in the United States. |  | -604 |  |  | -453 | -271 | -308 | -251 |
| 40 | Canada- | -897 | $-199$ | -380 | -25 | -293 | -138 | -240 | -174 |
| 42 | Other countries | $-102$ | -116 | $\square_{-77}^{-32}$ | -37 | -113 | -69 | -68 | -63 |
| 43 | International. | $-274$ | -267 |  | -7 | -113 | -69 | -68 | -1 |
| 4 | Redemptions of U.S. held foreign bonds ${ }^{6}$ | 557 | 142 | 105 | 160 | 150 | 124 | 113 | 90 |
| 45 | Other transactions in outstanding bonds ${ }^{6}$. | 32 | -21 | -38 | 37 | 54 | 34 | 30 | -48 |
| 46 | Canada. | -121 | -22 | -45 | -5 | -49 | 4 | -13 | -29 |
| 47 | Western Europe | 168 | -4 | 48 | 31 | 93 | 48 | $-9$ | -25 |
| 48 48 | Japan ........- | - ${ }^{9}$ | -2 | -7 -34 | 7 4 | ${ }_{-1}^{11}$ | 12 -30 | 18 34 | 27 -21 |
| 50 | U.S. securities, excluding Treasury issues, net foreign puchases ( + ), balance of payments basis (table 2, line 50 , or lines $54+61$ below). | 4,335 | 1,058 | 956 | 553 | 1,768 | 1,745 | 496 | 1,158 |
| 51 | stocks, net, Treasury basis ${ }^{3}$ - | 2,140 | 697 | 165 | 980 | 998 | 1,501 | 162 | 869 |
| ${ }_{53}^{52}$ | plus: exchange of stock associated with U.S. direct investment abroad | - 188 | 96 |  | 7 | 84 |  | -27 |  |
| 53 <br> 54 | plus: other adjustments......-.-. | 2,268 | 693 | 165 | $-323$ | 1,087 | 1,301 | 125 | 869 |
| 55 | Canada--..... | -77 | $-57$ | -41 | 1 | 20 | ${ }^{87}$ | 37 | 29 |
| 56 57 | Western Europe Other. | $\begin{array}{r}2,037 \\ \hline 08\end{array}$ | 646 104 | 130 76 | 318 4 | 943 | 1,064 150 | 34 <br> 54 | 622 218 |
| 58 | bonds, net, Treasury basis ${ }^{5}$ - | 1,825 | 505 | 670 | 211 | 541 | 1,889 | 610 | 248 |
| 59 | plus: proceeds obtained by U.S. parents from securties issued by Netherlands Antilles finance subsidiaries? | 655 | 100 | 259 | 96 | 200 | 124 | 57 | 25 |
| 60 | plus: other adjustments ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | -41s | -238 | -98 | -77 | $-60$ | -968 | -276 | 22 |
| 61 | Bonds, net, balance of payments basis. | 2,067 | 365 | 791 | 230 | 681 | 445 | 371 | 289 |
| ${ }_{63}^{62}$ | New issues sold a broad by U.S. corporations | 2,003 | 296 | 766 | 372 | 869 | 384 | 274 | 193 |
| ${ }_{64}^{63}$ | of which, denominated in: Dollars.. | 1,598 | 255 | 670 | 238 | 405 | 300 | 172 | 80 |
| ${ }_{64}^{64}$ | Convertibles. | ${ }_{667}^{961}$ | 35 220 | 449 221 | 222 46 | 255 150 | 156 144 | 95 77 | 35 45 |
| ${ }_{66}^{65}$ |  | 637 |  | 221 | 46 | 150 |  |  |  |
|  | federally sponsored agencies.. | 145 | 18 | 155 | -35 | 7 | -8 | 64 | 135 |
| 67 | Other transactions in U.S. bonds | -81 | 51 | -130 | -107 | 105 | 69 | 33 | -39 |

[^11] of intercompany accounts, and other equity contributions.
2. Sales and liquidations of capital stock and other equity holdings, total, and partial.
3. Includes security issues placed with outside interests in the United States, the amortiza tion of these security issues, and verified transactions of nonreporters not classified by type of transaction.
4. Mining and smelting includes the exploration and development of mining properties, the extraction of raw ores and the processing necessary for basic refined metals. Petroleum in-
cludes the exploration, development and production of crude oil and gas, and the transportation, refining and marketing of petroleum products exclusive of petrochemicals. Manufacturing excludes petroleum refining and the smelting operations of mining companies. "Other" industries include all industries except those previously listed, the major ones being agriculture, public utilities, transportation, trade, insurance, finance and services.
5. As published in Treasury Bulletin. Treasury data are based on transactions by foreignerreported by banks and brokers in the United States: net purchases by foreigners $(t)$ cor respond to net U.S. sales ( + ).
6. Redemptions measure scheduled retirements and identifiable premature retirements of U.S. held foreign debt securities. Unidentifiable nonscheduled retirements appear in line 45. are included to the extent that the proceeds are transferred to U.S. parent companies. are included to the extent that the proceeds are transierred official reserve agencies in debt
8. Mainly reflects exclusion of investments by foreign of securities of U.S. Government corporations and agencies, private corporations, and State and local governments. These investments are included in table 2 , line 56 .
Nore.-Details may not add to totals because of rounding.
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

Table 7.-Claims on Foreigners and Nonliquid Liabilities to Private Foreigners Reported by U.S. Banks and Nonbanking Concerns [Millions of doilars]

| Line | (Credits ( + ); increase in U.S. Hiabilities or decrease in U.S. assets. Debits ( - ); decrease in U.S. liabilities or increase in U.S. assets.) | 1972 | 1972 |  |  |  | 1973 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Amounts } \\ & \text { out- } \\ & \text { standing } \\ & \text { Sept. 30, } \\ & 1973 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | I | II | III | IV | $1{ }^{\text {r }}$ | II | III ${ }^{\text {p }}$ |  |
| A. | Claims reported by U.S. banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Long-term (table 2, line 41). | -1,269 | -189 | -346 | -353 | -381 | -256 | -335 | 213 | 5,392 |
| 2 | Short-term, nonliquid (table 2, line 42). | -1,495 | -324 | 183 | 51 | -1,405 | -1,547 | -1,382 | 520 | 14,775 |
| 3 | Payable in dollars. By type: | -1,486 | -359 | 170 | 53 | -1,350 | -1,565 | -1,400 | 549 | 14,600 |
| 5 | Byoans............- | -1,742 | $-202$ | -584 | -231 | -725 | -852 | -750 -500 | 470 | 6,815 |
| 5 | Acceptance credits-1... | 1,050 -794 | -156 | 927 -173 | 516 -232 | $-238$ | - ${ }_{-260}$ | -500 -150 | 266 -187 | 3,697 4,088 |
| 7 | By area: Canada | -276 | -151 | -138 | 18 | -5 | -11 | -105 | 139 | 708 |
| 8 | Western Europe | -509 | -276 | 82 | -73 | -242 | -208 | -414 | 297 | 2,157 |
| 9 | Japan.. | 366 | 276 | 486 | 206 | -602 | -1,047 | -427 | 76 | 5,086 |
| 10 | Other.. | -1,067 | -208 | -280 | -98 | -501 | -299 | -454 | 37 | 6,649 |
| 11 | Payable in foreign currencies | $-9$ | 35 19 | 13 16 | -2 | -55 -19 | 18 -13 | 18 28 | -29 | 175 53 |
| 12 | Of which Canada | 17 | 19 | 16 | 1 | -19 | -13 | 28 | 15 | 53 |
| 13 | Short-term, liquid (table 2, line 43) | -742 | -453 | 301 | -422 | -168 | -1,163 | 961 | -495 | 3,945 |
| 14 | Payable in dollars. | -799 | -312 -145 | 147 | -369 -77 | -265 | $-1,041$ -523 | 866 437 | -585 | 3,343 |
| 15 | Of which Canada. | -19 | -145 | 193 | -77 | 10 | -523 | 437 | -45 | 896 |
| 16 | Payable in foreign currencles. | 57 | -141 | 154 | -53 | 97 | -122 | 95 | 90 | 602 |
| 17 | By type: Deposits. | 107 | -31 | 93 | 55 | -10 | -83 | -27 | 97 | 455 |
| 18 | Foreign government obligations and commercial and finance papar. | -50 | -110 | 61 | -108 | 107 | $-39$ | 122 | -7 | 147 |
|  | By area: Canada |  |  |  | -113 | 120 | -20 | 86 | 18 |  |
| 20 | Other.- | 72 | 42 | -7 | 60 | -23 | -102 | 9 | 72 | 352 |
| B. | Claims reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Long-term (table 2, line 44). | -202 | -74 | -3 | -28 | -97 | -132 | -55 | -147 | 4,060 |
| 2 | Short-term, nonliquid (table 2, line 45) | -315 | 52 | 80 | -36 | -411 | 10 | 2 | -147 | 4,335 |
| 3 | Reported by brokerage concerns. | -82 | -65 | 40 | ${ }^{3}$ | $-60$ | ${ }^{41}$ | -122 | -13 | ${ }_{4} 255$ |
| 4 5 | Reported by others............ | -233 -15 | ${ }_{(*)}{ }^{117}$ | 40 | -39 -6 | -351 -10 | 31 -31 | -120 -11 | -134 | 4,080 |
| 6 | Payable in dollars .......... | -218 | 117 | 39 | -33 | -341 | -34 | -109 | n.a. | n.a. |
| 7 | Canada | -64 | -34 | 6 | -20 | -18 | 15 | -20 | n.a. | n.a. |
| 8 | United Kingdom. | 44 |  | 40 | -27 | -22 | -7 | -16 | n.a. | n.a. |
| 9 | European Economic Community | $-39$ | ${ }^{(*)}$ | -9 24 | ${ }^{54}$ | $-84$ | $-77$ | 10 -6 | n.a. | n.a. |
| 10 11 | Japan.- | 11 -170 | $-118$ | 24 -22 | -4 -36 | -230 | -21 | -6 -77 | n.a. | n.a. |
| 12 | Short-term, liquid (table 2, line 46) | -492 | -290 | -197 | -131 | 126 | -740 | -147 | 57 | 3,104 |
| 13 | Payable in dollars. | -410 | -208 | -170 | -122 | 90 | -516 | -195 | 54 | 2,471 |
| 14 | By type: Deposits (of major U.S. corporations only) | -369 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | Other claims (of major U.S. corporations only) | -41 | -49 | -22 | 29 | 1 | $-83$ | 72 | (*) ${ }^{54}$ | ${ }^{2}, 408$ |
| 16 | By area: | -97 | -183 | 61 | -68 | 93 | -227 |  | 60 | 628 |
| 17 | United Kingdom | -101 | ${ }_{-60}$ | -69 | 44 | -16 | -235 | 50 | 16 | 977 |
| 18 | Other.-......... | -212 | 35 | -162 | -98 | 13 | $-54$ | -202 | -22 | 866 |
| 19 | Payable in foreign currencies. | -82 | -82 | -27 | -9 | 36 | -223 | 47 | 3 | 633 |
| 20 | By type: | -108 | -28 | -58 | -56 | 34 | -66 | -44 | 38 | 464 |
| 21 | Other claims (of major U.S. corporations only) | 26 | -54 | 31 | 47 | 2 | -157 | 91 | -35 | 169 |
| ${ }_{23}^{22}$ | By area: $\qquad$ |  |  |  | 36 | 25 | -176 | 121 | -55 |  |
|  | Other-- | $-145$ | -41 | -70 | -45 | 11 | -47 | -74 | 58 | 422 |
|  | Memorandum: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24 25 | U.S. dollar deposits in Canadian banks: <br> As reported by major U.S. corporations other than banks (included in line B. 14). <br> As reported in Canadian banking statistics. | $\begin{aligned} & -121 \\ & -445 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -176 \\ & -114 \end{aligned}$ | 32 105 | $\begin{aligned} & -69 \\ & -254 \end{aligned}$ | [ $\begin{array}{r}82 \\ -180\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -141 \\ & -424 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} -104 \\ -16 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 65 \\ -48 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 678 \\ 1,394 \end{array}$ |
| C. | Nonliquid liabilities to private foreigners reported by U.S. banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Long-term (table 2, line 53) $\qquad$ Of which international and regional organizations. | $\begin{aligned} & 149 \\ & 116 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2000 \\ & 183 \end{aligned}$ | 83 <br> 64 | $\begin{aligned} & -73 \\ & -80 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -61 \\ & { }_{-51} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 153 \\ & 117 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 78 \\ & 72 \end{aligned}$ | 30 -9 | 1,186 760 |
| D. | Nonliquid liabilities to private foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 2 | Long-term (table 2, line 51) $\qquad$ Of which reported by Netherlands Antilles finance subsidiaries 1 $\qquad$ | $\begin{aligned} & 694 \\ & 192 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -83 \\ & -38 \end{aligned}$ | 250 19 | 166 -7 | 361 218 | -127 | 30 <br> 55 | -11 | 4,944 |
| 3 | Short-term (table 2, line 52)....... | $\begin{array}{r} 173 \\ 54 \\ -196 \\ -315 \\ 30 \\ 285 \\ 27 \\ 146 \\ 112 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 45 \\ 14 \\ -50 \\ -81 \\ 820 \\ -106 \\ 90 \\ 60 \\ 37 \end{array}$ | 42 -13 | -41 | $79$ | 35 -62 |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}4,640 \\ \hline 854\end{array}$ |
| 4 5 | Reported by brokerage concerns.. |  |  | -13 | -26 |  | -62 | $\begin{array}{r}5 \\ 13 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | -26 |  |
| 5 6 | Reported by Netherlands Antilles finance subsidiaries ${ }^{1}$. |  |  | -85 | -27 | $-94$ | -67 | -43 | 283 | - $\begin{array}{r}854 \\ \hline 966\end{array}$ |
| 6 7 | Reported by others ${ }^{\text {Payable }}$ in foreign currencies.................. |  |  | 80 35 | $\stackrel{12}{27}$ | 142 | -67 | $\begin{array}{r}-43 \\ -48 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | n.a. | 3, ${ }_{\text {n,a }}$ |
| 8 | Payable in dollars............ |  |  | 45 | -15 | 149 | -88 | -91 | n.a. | n.a. |
|  | Canada. |  |  | -8 | 4 | 22 | 58 | -23 | n.a. | n.a. |
| 10 | Western Europe. |  |  | 49 | -27 | 64 | -174 | -163 | n.a. | n.a. |
| 11 | Other...-.-.... |  |  | 4 | 8 | 63 | 28 | 95 | n.a. | n.a. |

[^12][^13]Table 8.-U.S. Liquid Liabilities to All Foreigners, Other U.S. Liabilities to Foreign Official Agencies, and U.S. Official Reserve Assets, Net [Millions of dollars]


Position figures reflect increase of $\$ 15$ million in U.S. Treasury bills and certificates line nonliquid TIS T Tressury Treasury bonds and notes (ine 31 , $\$ 19$ million in nonmarketable, rencies (line 45), as a result of revaluations in foreign currencies due to the dollar devaluation in the first guarter, 1973.
2. With maturity of 1 year or less; negotiable certificates of deposit with a maturity of 1 year or less are included in "other obligations.
3. Includes debt securities of U.S. Government corporations and agencies with a maturity
of $i$ year or less. of 1 year or less.
4. Includes liabilities of U.S. monetary authorities for gold deposited by and held for the IMF and includes U.S. Treasury obligations obtained from proceeds of gold sales by the February 1972, and gold was reacquired by the IMF
5. Includes nonliquid liabilities reported by U.S. banks and investment in debt securities of U.S. Government corporations and agencies, private corporations, and State and local governments.
Nore.-Details may not add to totals because of rounding.
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

Table 9.-U.S. International
[Millions of


[^14]Transactions, by Areas
dollars]


Table 9.-U.S. International
[Millions


Transactions, by Areas-Continued
of dollars]


Table 9.-U.S. International Transactions, by Area-Continued
[Mulions of dollars]

r Revised. $\quad$ Preliminary. * Less than $\$ 500,000$ ( $\pm$ ).

1. Credits, +: Exports of goods and services; unilateral transfers to U.S.; capital inflows (increase in U.S. liabilities or decrease in U.S. assets); decrease in U.S. official reserve assets.
Debits, -: Imports of goods and services; unilateral translers to foreigners; capital outflows (decrease in U.S. liabilities or increase in U.S. assets); increase in U.S. official reserve assets.
2. Excludes transfers of goods and services under U.S. military grant programs
3. Excludes exports of goods under U.S. military agency sales contracts identified in Census export documents, and imports of goods included under direct defense expenditures identified in Census import documents, and reffects various other balance-of-payments adjustments (for valuation, coverage, and timing) to Census statistics; see table 4
4. Excludes reinvested earnings of foreign Incorporated affliates of U.S. firms or of U.S. incorporated affiliates of foreign firms.
5. The "European Economic Community (9)" includes the "European Economic Com 7. The "European Economic Community ( 6 )" 'includes Belgium, France, Germany, Italy, Luxembourg, and the Netherlands.
6. "Other Western Europe" excludes the United Kingdom and the "EEC. (6)" through the fourth quarter of 1972. Beginning in the first quarter of 1973 "Other Western Europe" excludes the "EEC. (9)"
7. Transactions with the Ryukyu Islands that were under U.S. military administration from the end of World War II until May 15, 1972, are included with Japan beginning in th first quarter of 1972 ; in previous periol
8. Includes transactions with shipping companies operating under the flags of Honduras, Liberia, and Panama.

Note.-Details may not add to totals because of rounding.

Table 10.-Summary of Known Current and Long-term Capital Transactions, by Area ${ }^{1}$
[Millions of dollars]


## - Revised. Preliminary.

1. Belance of payments by area on the net liquidity basis and the official reserve transactions basis lack validity because liquid dollar holdings of private and official foreigners may be affected not only by their transactions with the United States but also by transactions among themselves. The balances shown by area here have some shortcomings due to statistical discrepancies including errors, omissions, and incorrect area attributions.
Balances are derived from lines in table 2 (all areas) and table 9 (individual areas) as follows:

Merchandise trade..

Goods, services and remittances.
Current account and long-term capital
2, 16.
$1,15$.
1, 15, 31, 32.
1, 15, 29. $23,39,31$
$44,48,49-51,53$
(by area only part
of line 53 is included)
The balance on current account and long-term capital with "all areas" includes changes in long-term liabilities to all private foreigners reported by U.S. banks; with "international organizations" includes only liabilities to IB RD and affiliated organizations; and with other areas includes only liabilities to regional organizations. Increases in the long-term liabilities
to other private foreigners included in the total, but not in the areas, amounted to (millions of dollars): 1972 year, 33; 1972-I, 17; 1972-II, 19; 1972-III, 7; 1972-IV, -10; 1973-I, 36; 1973-II, 6; 1973-III, 39،
2. Adjusted to balance of payments basis; excludes exports under U.S. military agency sales contracts and imports under direct defense expenditures.
3. Includes some short-ter
3. Includes some short-term U.S. Government assets; area data exclude long-term liabilities reported by U.S. banks other than to international organizations (see footnote 1).
4. The "European Economic Community (9)" includes the "European Economic Community (6)," the United Kingdom, Denmark, and Ireland.
5. The "European Economic Community' (6)" includes Belgium, France, Germany,

Italy, Luxembourg, and the Netherlands. United Kingdom and the "EEC (6)" through the fourth quarter of 1972. Beginning in the first quarter of 1973 "Other Western Europe" excludes the "E E.C. (9)", Beginning in the first quartor on 97 the "E.E.C. (9)".
from the end of World War II unyu slands that were under U.S. military administrat th first quarter 1972; in previous periods they are included with "other countries in Asia and Africa".

Note.-Details may not add to totals because of rounding.
Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

Imports in the first 9 months of 1973 were $\$ 10.0$ billion above the 1972 total. Industrial supplies and materials (as in the case of exports) accounted for much of the rise; their value in the first three quarters was $\$ 4.4$ billion or 29 percent above the 1972 total, as oil imports jumped $\$ 2.0$ billion or 58 percent. The value of metal imports increased because of strong industrial activity in the United States and higher world prices but the increase was moderated by an acceleration of sales from the Government stockpilenotably of aluminum. In the first 9 months of this year, sales from Government stocks increased 400,000 tons and aluminum imports declined by more than 100,000 tons. Imports in other major commodity categories-capital goods, automotive, other nonfood consumer goods, and foodstuffs-each rose by roughly $\$ 1.2$ to $\$ 1.4$ billion; in percentage terms, the largest rise was in capital goods imports.
The merchandise trade deficit declined to $\$ 0.5$ billion, seasonally adjusted, in January-September 1973 from $\$ 5.2$ billion in the comparable period of 1972. The $\$ 4.7$ billion improvement in the trade balance was mainly with Japan, Western Europe, and the Soviet Union (see table B2). The trade deficit with Japan declined $\$ 2.0$ billion to $\$ 1.1$ billion. In addition to the combined price effects of dollar devaluation and yen revaluation, trade with Japan was influenced by the rapid pace of business activity therewhich helped U.S. exports, while U.S. imports were moderated by Japanese Government restrictions on "excessive" exports to the United States of 20 major commodities. (These restrictions were lifted as of September 1, 1973.) The trade balance with Western Europe showed a favorable shift of $\$ 1.6$ billion, from a deficit of $\$ 0.6$ billion in JanuarySeptember 1972 to a surplus of $\$ 1.0$ billion (table B2). The trade surplus with Eastern Europe, reflecting rising agricultural exports to the U.S.S.R. and other countries, increased $\$ 0.8$ billion to $\$ 1.1$ billion. Canada was the only major trading market with which the U.S. trade balance worsened : the deficit with that country increased by more
than $\$ 0.2$ billion, as exports rose $\$ 2.0$ billion, and imports rose $\$ 2.2$ billion. There was a small improvement in the trade balance with the less-developed countries of the world, as higher U.S. imports of petroleum partly offset other gains in net trade with the Near East, Africa, and the Western Hemisphere.

## U.S. Corporate Capital

Net corporate capital flows showed virtual balance in the third quarter following an outflow of $\$ 0.9$ billion in the second (see table C). The improvement resulted primarily from a $\$ 0.7$ billion decline in direct investment outflows; there was also a small increase in corporate foreign borrowing, partially offset by an unfavorable shift in other corporate claims. Despite the third quarter improvement, total net corporate capital outflows for the first three quarters of 1973 were $\$ 3.0$ billion, compared with only $\$ 1.2$ billion for the same period in 1972. Direct investment: corporate foreign borrowing, and corporate claims other than for direct investment all contributed to the unfavorable shift from 1972 to 1973.

Direct investment ouflows were $\$ 0.2$ billion in the third quarter compared with $\$ 0.9$ billion in the second. Preliminary data indicated that the decline was the result mainly of large net inflows from petroleum affiliates in oil producing countries, including payments associated with the nationalization of U.S.-owned petroleum production facilities in Libya.

Direct investment ouflows in the first quarter of 1973 were very large- $\$ 2$ billion-and for the first three quarters totaled $\$ 3.2$ billion, $\$ 0.6$ billion more than in the same period of 1972 and almost equal to the $\$ 3.4$ billion for that entire year. The increase this year may partly reflect the expected 11 percent increase in affiliates' plant and equipment spending this year, compared to an increase of only 5 percent in 1972, as indicated by the latest BEA survey of affiliates' spending plans (see article beginning on page 19 of this issue of the Survey). However, part of the large direct investment outflow in the first half of 1973 was probably stimulated by expectations of exchange rate
changes, particularly in the first quarter when outflows on short-term intercompany accounts were unusually large.

Corporate foreign borrowing was $\$ 0.6$ billion in the third quarter, up from $\$ 0.3$ billion in the second. New issues of Eurobonds by U.S. corporations continued to decline, reaching the lowest volume since the third quarter of 1970 , and the Eurobond market remained in the doldrums (although there were some signs of renewed activity late in the quarter). The decline in new issues was largely offset by an increase in other corporate long-term liabilities, reflecting a shift by U.S. corporations from bond financing to term borrowing from banks. Short-term liabilities also moved favorably, increasing $\$ 0.3$ billion in the third quarter, following a small decline in the second. This may have been encouraged by the narrowing of the differential between U.S. shortterm interest rates and those abroad.

In the first three quarters of 1973, corporate foreign borrowing was $\$ 1.6$ billion, $\$ 0.4$ billion less than in the same period of 1972. This unfavorable shift, largely concentrated in new issues, was probably associated with uncertainties in foreign exchange markets.

Other corporate claims remained virtually unchanged in the third quarter. Long-term claims and short-term nonliquid claims each shifted unfavorably by less than $\$ 0.1$ billion; short-term liquid claims, which include deposits held abroad, moved favorably by $\$ 0.1$ billion in the third quarter.

In the first 9 months of 1973, outflows of corporate capital through claims other than direct investment rose $\$ 1.4$ billion compared to $\$ 0.6$ billion for the same period in 1972. Short-term liquid claims rose $\$ 0.7$ billion, compared with $\$ 0.4$ billion in 1972, as increases in such claims in the first half of 1973 were only partially offset by the decline in the third quarter. Long-term and short-term notliquid claims increased $\$ 0.8$ billion in the first three quarters of 1973, $\$ 0.6$ billion more than in the comparable period of 1972, perhaps partly associated with a growing volume of trade financing.

## CURRENT BUSINESS STATISTICS

Tof Corrent Business. That volume (available from the Superintendent of Documents for $\$ 3.00$ ) provides a description of each series, references to sources of earlier figures, and historical data as follows: For all series, monthly or quarterly, 1967 through 1970 (1960-70 for major quarterly series), annually, 1947-70; for selected series, monthly or quarterly, 1947-70 (where available). Series added or significantly revised after the 1971 Business Statistics went to press are indicated by an asterisk (*) and a dagger ( $\dagger$ ), respectively; certain revisions for 1970 issued too late for inclusion in the 1971 volume appear in the monthly Survey beginning with the September 1971 issue. Also, unless otherwise noted, revised monthly data for periods not shown herein corresponding to revised annual data are available upon request.

The sources of the data are given in the 1971 edition of Business Statistics; they appear in the main descriptive note for each series, and are also listed alphabetically on pages 189-90. Statistics originating in Government agencies are not copyrighted and may be reprinted freely. Data from private sources are provided through the courtesy of the compilers, and are subject to their copyrights.

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1970 and descriptive notes are as sho wnin the 1971 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1970 | 1971 | 1972 | 1970 |  | 1971 |  |  |  | 1972 |  |  |  | 1973 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual total |  |  | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III |
|  |  |  |  | Seasonally adjusted quarterly totals at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Quarterly Series

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT \(\dagger\) \\
Gross national product, total \(\dagger\). \(\qquad\) bil.\$.
\end{tabular} \& 1 \& 1,0 \& 1, \& 987.4 \& 8 \& 1,027.2 \& 1,046.9 \& 5 \& 2 \& 1,112.5 \& 4 \& 1,166.5 \& . 2 \& 1,242.5 \& 1,272.0 \& 1,304.5 \\
\hline Personal consumption expenditures, total \& 617.6 \& 667.2 \& 726.5 \& 623.7 \& 628.3 \& 650.0 \& 662.2 \& 673.0 \& 683.4 \& 700.2 \& 719.2 \& 734.1 \& 752.6 \& 779.4 \& 6 \& 816.0 \\
\hline Durable goods, total \(\%\) Automobiles and parts \& \(\stackrel{97.3}{97.3}\) \& 103.6
46.6 \& \({ }_{52.8}^{17.4}\) \& \({ }_{39.1}^{93.4}\) \& ¢88.1 \& 100.3
44.7 \& 101.9
45.5 \& 105.4
48.3 \& 106.7
47.8 \& \({ }_{49.4}^{11.5}\) \& \begin{tabular}{c}
115.1 \\
51.2 \\
\hline 1.2
\end{tabular} \& 120.2
55.0 \& 122.9
55.7 \& 132.2
60.5 \& 132.8
59.7 \& 33.8
59.2 \\
\hline Furniture and household equipment...do \& \& 42.1 \& . 1 \& 39.6 \& 3 \& \& 41.6 \& 41.9 \& 43.6 \& \& . 3 \& 48.6 \& 50.0 \& 53.7 \& 54.4 \& 55.0 \\
\hline Nondurable goods, \& \({ }^{263.8} 5\) \& \({ }^{278.7}\) \& 299.9 \& \({ }_{5}^{265.7}\) \& \({ }_{54.5}^{271.1}\) \& \({ }_{75.7}^{273.5}\) \& \({ }^{278.0}\) \& 279.8 \& \({ }_{28}^{28.5}\) \& 288.8 \& 297.9 \& 302.3 \& 310.7 \& 322.2 \& 330.3 \& \({ }_{7}^{341.6}\) \\
\hline Food and bevera \& 52.8180.8 \& \({ }^{136.6}\) \& +62.3 \& 131.5 \& \({ }_{133.3}^{54.5}\) \& \({ }^{55.7} 1\) \& 136 \& 573.4 \& 58.1
138.4 \& 59.4
14.0
14. \& \({ }_{614.7}^{61.7}\) \& \({ }_{6}^{62.9}\) \& \({ }^{659.1}\) \& 68.3
154.7 \& 699.3 \& \\
\hline Gasoline and oil.------.-.................-d \& 22.2 \& \({ }_{23.5}^{18.5}\) \& 25.5 \& 22.3 \& 22.7 \& \({ }_{22.9}^{13.1}\) \& \({ }_{23.1}^{136.2}\) \& \({ }_{23.6}^{13.6}\) \& 24.5 \& \({ }_{24.7}^{14.7}\) \& \({ }_{25.0}^{14.7}\) \& \({ }_{25}^{14.8}\) \& \({ }_{26.6}^{19.1}\) \& \({ }_{27.5}^{154.5}\) \& \({ }_{28.8}^{15.1}\) \& \({ }_{29.4}^{10.4}\) \\
\hline Servi \& 262.6
36.4 \& 284.9
39.7 \& 309.2
43.8
4. \& \({ }_{36.9}^{264.6}\) \& \({ }_{3}^{269.1}\) \& \({ }_{3}^{276.1}\) \& 282.3 \({ }_{39}\) \& 287.8
403 \& \({ }_{20}^{29.2}\) \& 300.0
41.8 \& 306. 2 \& 311.6
44.5 \& 319.0
45.7 \& 325.0
46.5 \& 332. 6 \& 41.6 \\
\hline Househo \& 36.4
90.9 \& 39.7
98.5 \& \(\begin{array}{r}43.8 \\ 105.5 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& 31.4 \& \({ }_{93.3}^{37.3}\) \& \({ }_{95.4}^{38.4}\) \& 39.3
97.6 \& 49.3 \({ }^{40.3}\) \& \({ }_{1014}^{40.7}\) \& \({ }_{4}^{41.8}\) \& \({ }_{104.7}^{43.2}\) \& \({ }_{106.5}^{44.5}\) \& \({ }^{107.9}\) \& \({ }_{4}^{410.6}\) \& 113.3 \& 48.7
115.8 \\
\hline Transportation \& 18.3 \& 20.4 \& 21.8 \& 18.5 \& 18.9 \& 19.4 \& 20.1 \& 20.6 \& 21.2 \& 21.6 \& 21.7 \& 21.8 \& 22.2 \& 22.8 \& 23.2 \& 23.7 \\
\hline Gross private dome \& 136.3 \& 153.2 \& 178.3 \& 139.2 \& 137.4 \& 145.5 \& 152.7 \& 53. \& 60.8 \& 167.5 \& 174.7 \& 181.5 \& 189.4 \& 194.5 \& 198.2 \& 202.0 \\
\hline Fixed invest \& 131.7 \& 7.1 \& 72.3 \& 133.2 \& 132.3 \& 138.5 \& 155. \& 49.5 \& 155.6 \& 165. \& 169.2 \& 72.9 \& 181.2 \& 189.9 \& 193.7 \& 197.3 \\
\hline onresid \& \({ }^{10.6}\) \& \({ }^{104.4}\) \& 118.2 \& 102.8 \& 35 \& - 101.4 \& \({ }^{103.6}\) \& 104.7 \& 108.0 \& 114.0 \& \({ }_{14}^{116.3}\) \& 118.3 \& 124.3 \& \& \({ }_{47}^{134.1}\) \& \\
\hline \({ }_{\text {Sroducers }}\) Structurable equio \& 36.1
64.4 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
37.9 \\
66.5 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& \({ }_{76.5}^{41.7}\) \& 36.4
66.5 \& \(\begin{array}{r}36.5 \\ 62.0 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& \begin{tabular}{l}
37.0 \\
64.4 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
37.6 \\
66.0 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
38.4 \\
66.3 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
38.5 \\
69.5 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& \({ }^{41.0}\) \& \({ }_{74.9}^{41.5}\) \& \({ }^{417.0}\) \& -43.0 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
45.3 \\
85.5 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 47.2
86.9 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
89.6 \\
\hline 8.6
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Residential s \& \({ }_{3}^{31.2}\) \& \({ }_{4}^{42.7}\) \& 54.0 \& 30.4. \& -33.8 \& \(\begin{array}{r}37.1 \\ 36.6 \\ \hline 6.6\end{array}\) \& 41.5 \& \({ }^{44.8}\) \& 47.5 \& 51.8
51
51 \& 年52.8 \& 54.5
53.9
5 \& \& \& - 59.6 \& 59.2

58.6 <br>
\hline Change in \& \& \& \& 6.0 \& 5 \& \& 7.6 \& 4.3 \& \& 1.7 \& 5.5 \& 8.7 \& 8.2 \& 4.6 \& 4.5 \& 4.7 <br>
\hline Cha \& ${ }_{4}^{4.3}$ \& ${ }_{4.5}$ \& ${ }^{5.6}$ \& 5.8 \& 4.9 \& 5.8 \& 6.3 \& 2.4 \& 3.5 \& 1.4 \& 4.8 \& 8.4 \& 7.9 \& 4.4 \& 4.4 \& 3.2 <br>
\hline Net exports \& \& \& \& \& \& 3.8 \& \& \& -2.2 \& \& \& 3.8 \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Exports \& 62.9
59.3 \& 66.3 \& 73.5
78.1 \& 63.9
69.7 \& 63.2
60.4

8 \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 65.9 \\
& 62.9
\end{aligned}
$$ \& 67.1

68.6
68 \& 69.1

68.0 \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 63.0 \\
& 65.2 \\
& 6 .
\end{aligned}
$$ \& 70.3

75.8 \& 69.9
75.6 \& 74.0
77.7 \& 79.7
83.2 \& 89.7
89.7 \& 97.2
94.4 \& 104.5
97.0 <br>
\hline Govt. pur \& 219.5 \& ${ }^{234.3}$ \& 255.0 \& 220 \& 223.3 \& 227.9 \& 231.5 \& 235.5 \& 242.2 \& 250 \& 254.2 \& 254.7 \& 260.7 \& 268.6 \& 275.3 \& 279.0 <br>
\hline Federal \& 96.2 \& 98.1 \& 104.4 \& \& \& 96.1 \& ${ }_{96} 9$ \& 98.2 \& 101.2 \& 106.0 \& 106.7 \& 102.3 \& ${ }^{102.7}$ \& ${ }^{105.5}$ \& 107.3 \& 10.8 8 <br>
\hline Station \& ${ }^{123.6}$ \& 71.6
136.2 \& 74.4
150.5 \& 735. ${ }^{73}$ \& ${ }^{728.6}$ \& 72.3
131.8 \& 71.3
134 \& 77.3 \& 72.4
141.0 \& 144.3 \& ${ }^{767.5}$ \& 71.9 \& 72.4 \& 74.3
163.0 \& 74.2
168.0 \& ${ }_{\text {r }}{ }_{172.2}^{74.2}$ <br>
\hline By major type of \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Final sales, \& ${ }_{462.6}$ \& 1,049.4 \& 1,149.1 \& 981.3 \& ${ }^{986.7}$ \& 1,020.2 \& 1,039.2 \& 1,059.2 \& 1,078.9 \& 1,110.8 \& 1,136.9 \& 1,157.8 \& 1,191.0 \& 1,237.8 \& 1,2699.6 \& 1,299.8 <br>

\hline aoods, tota \& 466.7 \& ${ }_{191.1}^{49.1}$ \& \& 472.1 \& 465.9 \& 188.4 \& 485.9 \& 192. \& ${ }^{501.1}$ \& ${ }_{205 .}^{515 .}$ \& ${ }^{531.0}$ \& | 53, |
| :--- |
| 216.9 |
| 18 | \& ${ }_{2223}{ }^{3} 8$ \& \& ${ }_{242.4}$ \& 246. <br>

\hline Nondur \& 284.1 \& 299.9 \& 321.2 \& 285.9 \& 290.9 \& 294.7 \& 2978 \& 302.4 \& 304.9 \& 309. \& 319.6 \& ${ }^{323.1}$ \& 332.5
53
50 \& ${ }^{346.9}$ \& ${ }^{357.3}$ \& ${ }^{371.4}$ <br>
\hline Services \& ${ }_{95.6}^{410.3}$ \& 447.4

110.9 \& + ${ }_{128.5}^{487}$ \& ${ }_{95.7}^{413.5}$ \& ${ }_{99.8}^{421.0}$ \& ${ }^{433.9}$ \& ${ }_{1093}^{44.0}$ \& 450.8 \& ${ }^{460.9}$ \& ${ }^{471.8}$ \& 481. ${ }^{412}$ \& ${ }^{4961.8}$ \& | 503.9 |
| :---: |
| 131.7 | \& 514.8

138.1 \& 140.1 \& ${ }_{141.4}$ <br>
\hline Change in business inventories. Durable goods. do
$\qquad$ \& 1.2 \& ${ }_{2.0}^{6.1}$ \& 6.0 \& 5.2 \& 5.1
-1.1 \& 7.0
4.1 \& 4.2 \& 4.3
.7 \& 5.3 \& \& 5.5
3.2
3.3 \& ${ }^{5} .8$ \& 8.2
10.4
-2.2 \& 4.6
4.4

4 \& | 4.5 |
| :--- |
| 7.3 | \& 4.7

8.0
-3.4 <br>
\hline Nondurable goods.----.-.--------.-. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ \& 3.3 \& 4.1 \& 1.1 \& . 8 \& 6.2 \& 2.9 \& 3.4 \& 3.7 \& 6.2 \& 1.3 \& 2.3 \& 2.9 \& -2.2 \& \& 2.8 \& $-3.4$ <br>
\hline GNP in constant (1958) dollars $\dagger$ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline ross national \& 722.5 \& 745.4 \& 790.7 \& 727.2 \& 719.3 \& 735.1 \& 340.4 \& 746.9 \& 759.0 \& 768.0 \& 785.6 \& 796.7 \& 812.3 \& 829.3 \& 834.3 \& 841.3 <br>
\hline Personal consumption expenditu \& 477.5 \& 496.3 \& 526.8 \& 480.9 \& 477.5 \& 489.5 \& 493.6 \& 498.0 \& 504.1 \& 512.5 \& 523. \& 631.0 \& 540 \& 552.7 \& 553.3 \& 58. <br>
\hline Durable \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 101. \& 105.8 \& 109.2 \& 117 \& 16.2 \& 15.4 <br>

\hline  \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 206.5 \\
& 187.2
\end{aligned}
$$ \& 192.4 \& 201.8 \& 207.2 \& 2098.4 \& 210.2

189.9 \& ${ }_{1911.7}^{211.8}$ \& 211.5
192.9 \& ${ }_{10 \text { 213. }}$ \& 215.0
198.2 \& 220
200 \& ${ }_{202.9}^{222.2}$ \& 225.8
205.4 \& ${ }_{2}^{2207.8}$ \& ${ }_{209.1}^{228.0}$ \& ${ }_{212.5}^{230.2}$ <br>
\hline Gross private domestic investment, total...do \& 103.4 \& 110.3 \& 122.9 \& 105.4 \& 102.1 \& 106.6 \& 110.3 \& 109.5 \& 114.8 \& 116.5 \& 121.0 \& 124.8 \& 129. \& 130.2 \& 130.2 \& 130.8 <br>
\hline Fixed in \& 99.5 \& 105 \& 118.3 \& 100.5 \& 97.6 \& 100.7 \& 103.8 \& 105.5 \& 110.1 \& 115.4 \& ${ }^{116.7}$ \& 118. \& 122.8 \& 26.9 \& \& ${ }_{93,7}^{27.7}$ <br>

\hline Nonresidential--u--- \& ${ }_{27}^{77.2}$ \& ${ }^{76.1}$ \& -83.7 \& ${ }_{21}^{78.6}$ \& ${ }_{23} 7.5$ \& | 74.8 |
| :--- |
| 25 |
| 8.9 | \& 75.5 \& 75.6 \& 78.4. \& 81.5 \& -82.5 \& 183.4

34.7 \& - 87.3 \& ${ }_{35.6}^{91.2}$ \& ${ }_{35.3}^{91.5}$ \& <br>
\hline Change in business inventories-..-........-do. \& 3.9 \& 5.3 \& ${ }_{4}{ }_{4} 6$ \& 4.9 \& 4.6 \& 5.8 \& 6.5 \& 4.0 \& 4.7 \& 1.1 \& 4.3
4.3 \& 6.6 \& 6.3 \& 3.3 \& 3.4 \& 3.0 <br>
\hline t exports of goods and services...........do \& 2.3 \& . 4 \& -2.0 \& 3.0 \& 2.0 \& 2.4 \& -. 2 \& . 8 \& -1.6 \& -3.7 \& -2.8 \& -. 9 \& -.8 \& 2.0 \& 5.6 \& 7.4 <br>

\hline | Govt. purchases of goods and services, total_do Federal. |
| :--- |
| State and local | \& \[

$$
\begin{gathered}
139.3 \\
64.3
\end{gathered}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{gathered}
138.4 \\
60.9 \\
67
\end{gathered}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 143.0 \\
& 66.0
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
138.0 \\
62.4 \\
7
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{gathered}
137.8 \\
\hline 618 \\
\hline
\end{gathered}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{gathered}
136.7 \\
\substack{6.0}
\end{gathered}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
136.7 \\
59.9 \\
78.9
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
138.6 \\
61.1 \\
7
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
141.6 \\
66.5 \\
\hline 6.5
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
142.7 \\
63.0 \\
70.7
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 14.0 \\
& 6.9 .9
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 141.8 \\
& 588 \\
& \hline
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 143.5 \\
& 5.6 .6 \\
& 8.6
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 14.4 .4 \\
& 58.2
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{gathered}
145.2 \\
58.2
\end{gathered}
$$
\] \& 14.0

57. 

87.8 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below，data through 1970 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1971 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1970 | 1971 | 1972 | 1971 |  |  |  | 1972 |  |  |  | 1973 |  |  |  | 1974 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual total |  |  | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | I |

## GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Quarterly Series－Continued

| NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT－Con． Quarterly Data Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates National income，total $\dagger$ ． $\qquad$ bil．\＄． | 800.5 | 859.4 | 941.8 | 835.9 | 853.6 | 865.6 | 882.7 | 911.0 | 928.3 | 949.2 | 978.6 | 015．0 | 1，038．2 | r 1，067．4 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Compensation of employees，total $\dagger$ ．．．．．．．．．．do．． | 603.9 | 644.1 | 707.1 | 627.6 | 638.8 | 648.8 | 661.2 | 684.3 | 699.6 | 713.1 | 731.2 | 757.4 | 774.9 | 794.0 |  |  |
| Wages and salaries， | 542.0 | 573.8 | 627.3 | 559.8 | 569.3 | 577.6 | 588.6 | 607.3 | 620.8 | 632.5 | 648.7 | 666.7 | 682.3 | 699.3 |  |  |
| Private． | 426.9 | 449.7 | 493.3 | 438.5 | 446.3 | 452.3 | 461.7 | 476.4 | 488.4 | 497.5 | 510.9 | 525.1 | 538.7 | 553.2 |  |  |
| Military． | 19.6 | 19.4 | 20.3 | 19.8 | 19.3 | 18.9 | 19.6 | 20.9 | 20.1 | 20.0 | 20.1 | 20.9 | 20.5 | 20.4 |  |  |
| Government civilian．．．．－．－．－．．．．．．．．．．．．do | 95.5 | 104.7 | 113.8 | 101． 6 | 103.6 | 106.3 | 107.3 | 110.0 | 112.3 | 115.1 | 117.7 | 120.7 | 123.1 | 125.7 |  |  |
| Supplements to wages and salaries．．．．－－do | 61.9 | 70.3 | 79.7 | 67.7 | 69.6 | 71.1 | 72.6 | 77.0 | 78.9 | 80.5 | 82.5 | 90.8 | 92.6 | 94.7 |  |  |
| Proprietors＇income，totalo－－－－－－．－．－－－－－－do | 66.9 | 68.7 | 74.2 | 67.9 | 68.3 | 68.6 | 70.2 | 72.5 | 73.2 | 74.1 | 77.1 | 80.6 | 81.5 | 85.0 |  |  |
| Business and professional $\%$ ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－do | 50.0 | 51.9 | 54.0 | 50.9 | 51.7 | 52.3 | 52.7 | 53.1 | 63．3 | 54.3 | 55.3 | 56.3 | 57.1 | 57.9 |  |  |
| Farm ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－．－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do | 16.9 | 16.8 | 20.2 | 16.9 | 16.6 | 16.3 | 17.5 | 19.5 | 19．9 | 19.8 | 21.8 24 | 24.3 24 | 24.4 24 | 27.1 |  |  |
| Rental income of persons－－－－－－－－－－－1．－－－－－do | 23.9 | 24.5 | 24.1 | 24.4 | 24.7 | 24.7 | 24.4 | 24.1 | 22.6 | 24.9 | 24.9 | 24.7 | 24.6 | 25.3 |  |  |
| Corporate proflts and inventory valuation adjust－ ment，total．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．bil．\＄．． By broad industry groups： | 69.2 | 80.1 | 91.1 | 75.8 | 80.5 | 80.9 | 83.4 | 86.2 | 88.0 | 91.5 | 98.8 | 104.3 | 107.9 | r 112.0 |  |  |
| Financlal institutions．．．．－．－．－．．．．．．．－do | 13.6 | 15.2 | 17.5 | 14.0 | 14.7 | 15.9 | 16.3 | 16.6 | 17.3 | 17.6 | 18.6 | 19.8 | 21.4 | 22.3 |  |  |
| Nonflnancial corporations，total．．．－－－－－do | 55.6 | 64.9 | 73.6 | 61.8 | 65．8 | 65.0 | 67.1 | 69.6 | 70.7 | 73.9 | 80.2 | 84.5 | 86.5 | 89.7 |  |  |
| Manufacturing，total Nondurable goods industries | 27.8 17.3 | 32.5 17.8 | 40.1 20.0 | 31.8 17.6 | 32.7 17.8 | 31.8 18.0 | 33.6 17.9 | 37.3 18.6 | 38.7 18.5 | 39.9 20.4 | 44.7 22.4 | 49.7 22.8 | 52.4 23.9 | 51.9 25.3 |  |  |
| Nondurable goods industries．．．．．．．do Durable goods industries．．．．．．．do | 17.3 10.5 | 17.8 14.7 | 20.0 20.2 | 17.6 14.2 | 17.8 14.9 | 18.0 13.8 | 17.9 | 18.6 18.7 | 18.5 20.2 | 20.4 19.5 | 22.4 22.3 | 22.8 26.9 | 23.9 28.5 | 25.3 26.6 |  |  |
| Transportation，communication，and public utilities． bil．\＄． | 7.8 | 8.6 | 9.3 | 8.2 | 9.1 | 9.1 | 7.9 | 8.5 | 8.9 | 9.8 | 9.9 | 9.2 | 8.5 | 10.3 |  |  |
| All other industries．．．．－－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－－ | 20.1 | 23.9 | 24.2 | 21.8 | 23.9 | 24.1 | 25.7 | 23.8 | 23.1 | 24.1 | 25.7 | 25.6 | 25.6 | 27.5 |  |  |
| Corporate profits before tax，total．．．．．．．－do | 74.0 | 85.1 | 98.0 | 80.8 | 85.5 | 87.0 | 86.9 | 92.8 | 94.8 | 98.4 | 106.1 | 119.6 | 128.9 | ＋ 129.0 |  |  |
| Corporate profits tax liability．．．．．－．．．．－do | 34.8 | 37.4 | 42.7 | 37.0 | 38.4 | 38.0 | 36.4 | 40.6 | 41.4 | 42.9 | 45.9 | 52.7 | 57.4 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 57.6$ |  |  |
|  | 39.3 24.7 | 47.6 25.1 | 55.4 26.0 | 43.8 25.3 20 | 47．1 25．1 | 49.0 25.2 | 50.6 24.9 | 52.2 25.7 | 53.4 <br> 25.9 | 55.6 26.2 | 60.3 <br> 26.4 | 66.9 26.9 | 71.6 27.3 | 71.5 28.1 |  |  |
| Undistributed prof | 14.6 | 22.5 | 29.3 | 18.5 | 22.0 | 23.7 | 25.7 | 26.5 | 27.5 | 29.4 | 33.9 | 40.0 | 44.2 | ＋ 43.4 |  |  |
| Inventory valuation adjust | －4．8 | －4．9 | $-6.9$ | －5．0 | －6．0 | $-6.1$ | $-3.6$ | $-6.6$ | $-6.7$ | $-6.9$ | $-7.3$ | $-15.4$ | $-21.1$ | $-17.0$ |  |  |
| Net interest．．．．．．． | 36.5 | 42.0 | 45.2 | 40.2 | 41.4 | 42.7 | 43.5 | 43.9 | 44.8 | 45.7 | 46.6 | 47.9 | 49.4 | 51.1 |  |  |
| DISPOSITION OF PERSONAL INCOME $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quarterly Data Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates Personal Income，total bil．\＄． | 808.3 | 863.5 | 939.2 | 840.0 | 859.5 | 870.2 | 884.4 | 910.8 | 926.1 | 943.7 | 976.1 | 996.6 | 1，019．0 | 1，047．1 |  |  |
| Less；Personal tax and nontax payments．．．．．do | 116.6 | 117.5 | 142.2 | 112.6 | 115.5 | 118.1 | 124.0 | 138.0 | 140.7 | 142.8 | 147.4 | 145.1 | 149.3 | 156.0 |  |  |
| Equals：Disposable personal income．．．－．－．－．－d | 691.7 | 746.0 | 797.0 | 727.4 | 744.0 | 752.0 | 760.4 | 772.8 | 785.4 | 800.9 | 828.7 | 851.5 | 869.7 | 891.1 |  |  |
| Less：Personal outlays $\oplus$ ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 635.5 | 685.8 | 747.2 | 668.3 | 680.6 | 691.8 | 702.6 | 720.0 | 739.5 | 755.1 | 774.3 | 801.5 | 818.7 | 840.1 |  |  |
| Equals：Personal saving | 56.2 | 60.2 | 49.7 | 59.2 | 63.5 | 60.2 | 57.8 | 52.9 | 45.9 | 45.8 | 54.4 | 50.0 | 51.0 | 51.1 |  |  |
| NEW PLANT AND EQUIPMENT EXPENDITURES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unadjusted quarterly or annual totals：bil \＄ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 79.71 31.95 | 81.21 29.99 | 88.44 31.35 | 17．68 | $\begin{array}{r}20.60 \\ 7.55 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 20． 14 | 22.79 8.44 | 19.38 | 22.01 7.63 | 21.86 7.74 3 | $\begin{array}{r}25.20 \\ 9.38 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}21.50 \\ 7.80 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 24.73 9.16 | $\xrightarrow{+} \mathrm{r} 9.64$ | ri 28.81 $r 11.42$ | 1 <br> 24.19 <br> 9.43 |
| Manufacturing－－．．－．．．－．－．．．．．．．．．．．．．d．${ }^{\text {Durable goods industries }}$ | 31.95 15.80 | 29.99 14.15 | 31.35 15.64 | 6． 69 | 7.55 3.52 | 7.31 3.40 | 8.44 4.12 | 6.61 3.29 3 | 7.63 3.71 | 7.74 3.86 | 9.38 4.77 | 7.80 3.92 3 | 9.65 4.65 | +9.62 +4.84 | +11.42 +5.97 | 9． 48 |
| Nondurable goods indust | 16.15 | 15． 84 | 15． 72 | 3． 58 | 4.03 | 3.91 | 4.32 | 3.32 | 3.92 | 3.87 | 4.61 | 3． 88 | 4.51 | r 4.78 | ＋ 5.45 | 4.56 |
| Nonmanufacturing－．．．－．－．－．－．．－．－．－．－do | 47.76 | 51.22 | 57.09 | 10.99 | 13． 06 | 12.83 | 14．35 | 12.77 | 14.38 | 14.12 | 15.83 | 13．69 | 15.57 | r 15.42 | － 17.39 | 14.76 |
| Mining－－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 1.89 | 2.16 | 2.42 | ． 49 | ． 54 | ． 55 | 59 | ． 58 | ． 61 | ． 59 | ． 63 | ． 63 | ． 71 | 「． 69 | ${ }^{\text {r }} .73$ | 70 |
| Railroad．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 1.78 | 1.67 | 1． 80 | ． 34 | ． 47 | ． 42 | 45 | ． 48 | ． 48 | ． 38 | ． 47 | ． 46 | ． 46 | 「． 48 | －． 54 | 54 |
| Air transportation ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do | 3.03 | 1.88 | 2.46 | ． 34 | ． 60 | ． 39 | 56 | ． 50 | ． 73 | ． 61 | ． 63 | ． 52 | ． 72 | ${ }^{\text {r }}$ ． 574 | ${ }_{+}+60$ | ${ }_{38}$ |
| Other transportation．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－．．．－do | 1.23 | 1.38 | 1.46 | ． 28 | ． 36 | ． 37 | ． 37 | ． 32 | ． 39 | ． 35 | ． 40 | ． 32 | ． 43 | r． 44 | ＋． 41 | 38 |
| Public utilities．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do | 13． 14 | 15． 30 | 17.00 | 3． 11 | 3.83 | 4.07 | 4． 29 | 3.63 | 4.24 | 4． 39 | 4． 74 | 3.95 | 4． 59 | － 4.82 | $\begin{array}{r}+5.74 \\ +5.85 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 4． 65 |
| Electric．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 10．65 | 12． 86 | 14． 48 | 2． 70 | 3． 20 | 3． 35 | 3． 60 | 3.19 | 3.61 | 3． 67 | 4． 01 | 3． 45 | 3．91 | $\begin{array}{r}+4.04 \\ + \\ + \\ \hline\end{array}$ | +4.85 + +89 | 4． 14 |
|  | 2.49 | 2.44 | 2.52 | .41 | 63 | ． 71 | 69 | ． 44 | ． 62 | ． 72 | ＋ 73 | 50 | ． 68 | ${ }^{7} .77$ | ． 89 | ． 52 |
| Communication－－－－．－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－．－do | 10． 10 | 10.77 | 11.89 | 2． 50 | 2.81 | 2.62 | 2.84 | 2.72 | 2.95 4.98 | 2.84 4.97 |  | 2．87 |  | $\begin{array}{r}3.19 \\ \hline 5.24\end{array}$ |  |  |
| Commercial and other－．－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．－do | 16． 69 | 18.05 | 20.07 | 3.94 | 4． 44 | 4.42 | 5.26 | 4.55 | 4.98 | 4.97 | 5． 57 | 4.94 | 5.40 | －5．24 | r29．37 | ${ }^{2} 7.98$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All industries－－ |  |  |  | 79.32 30.46 | 81.61 30.12 | 80.75 29.19 | 83.18 30.35 | 86.79 30.09 | 87.12 <br> 30.37 | 87.67 30.98 | 31． 94 | 96.19 35.51 | 36．58 | － r 38.81 | ＋+40.54 | 42．92 |
| Durable goods industries |  |  |  | 14.21 | 14． 06 | 13．76 | 14.61 | 15.06 | 14.77 | 15． 67 | 16． 86 | 17．88 | 18.64 | r 19.73 | ＋ 20.94 | 22.21 |
| Nondurable goods industries $\dagger$－ |  |  |  | 16.25 | 16.06 | 15． 43 | 15． 74 | 15.02 | 15．60 | 15.31 | 16． 78 | 17.63 | 17.94 | ＋19．08 | r 19.60 | 20.71 |
| Nonmanuf |  |  |  | 48.86 | 51.50 | 51.56 | 52.82 | 56.70 | 56.75 | 56.70 | 58.30 | 60.68 | 61.18 | r 62.09 | r 64.40 | 65.24 |
| Mining |  |  |  | 2.04 | 2.08 | 2.23 | 2.30 | 2.42 | 2.38 | 2.40 | 2.46 | 2.69 | 2.77 | － 2.82 | 「2．85 | 2.90 |
| Railroad |  |  |  | 1.46 | 1．88 | 1.72 | 1.64 | 2.10 | 1.88 | 1.50 | 1.71 | 2． 11 | 1．75 |  | ＋1．98 | 2.43 2.16 |
| Air transportatio |  |  |  | 1．29 | 2.28 | 1.68 | 2.26 | 1.96 | 2.89 | 2.67 | 2.33 | 2． 21 | 1.62 | ＋ r 1.79 | ＋1．53 | 1.74 |
| Other transporta |  |  |  | 1.33 | 1.40 | 1.48 | 1.33 | 1.48 | 1.53 | 1.41 | 1.42 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 14． 64 | 14.91 | 15.87 | 15.74 | 16.92 | 16.60 | 17.01 | 17.53 | 18.38 15.40 | 18.08 | ＋18．58 | r 17.84 | 18． 49 |
| Electric |  |  |  | 12． 16 | 12.61 | 13． 56 | 13.01 | 14.27 | 14.32 | 14． 62 | 14． 67 | 15.40 2.98 | 2.52 | r2． 58 | ${ }^{1} 3.35$ | 3． 08 |
| Gas and other |  |  |  | 2.48 | 2． 30 | 2． 30 | 2.74 | 2.65 | 2．27 | 2． 38 | 2． 86 | 2.98 12.34 | 12.70 | 13．12 | ＋3．35 |  |
| Communication－－－．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．d |  |  |  | 10．70 | 11． 21 | 10.73 | 10.44 | 11.71 | 11.59 | 11.56 | 12.63 | 21.53 | 21.55 | ＋21．36 | r2 34， 63 | ${ }^{2} 34.43$ |
| Com |  |  |  | 17.39 | 17．72 | 17.85 | 19.10 | 20.10 | 19.88 | 20.16 | 20.21 |  |  |  |  |  |
| U．S．BALANCE OF INTERNATIONAL PAYMENTS $0^{\text {T }}$ <br> Quarterly Data Are Seasonally Adjusted （Credits + ；debits - ） |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports of goods and services（excl．transfers under military grants） mil．\＄．－ |  |  | 73，462 | 16，487 | 16，781 | 17，282 | 15，739 | 17，587 | 17，463 | 18，491 | 19，921 | 22，611 | $\begin{aligned} & 24,376 \\ & > \\ & \hline 16,778 \end{aligned}$ | p 26，199 <br> p 18，153 |  |  |
| Merchandise，adjusted，excl．military－－－－－．．．do ．－－ | 41，964 | 42，768 | 48，769 | 10，872 | 10，791 | 11，522 | 9，583 | 11，655 | 11，539 | 12，362 | 13，213 | 15，320 | $1 \times 16,778$ | p 18,153 |  |  |
| Transfers under U．S．military agency sales con－ tracts． $\qquad$ | 1，478 | 1，912 | 1，166 | 498 | 507 | 489 | 419 | 328 | 288 | 262 | 287 | 343 | ＇455 | ${ }^{\square} 534$ |  |  |
| Recelpts of income on U．S．Investments abroad．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． mil． | 11，426 | 12，899 | 13，925 | 2，989 | 3，315 | 3，038 | 3，557 | 3，314 | 3，270 | 3，476 | 3，866 | 4， 158 | \％4，311 | p 4,636 |  |  |
|  | 8，052 | 8，710 | 9，601 | 2，128 | 2，168 | 2，231 | 2，180 | 2，290 | 2，366 | 2，391 | 2，555 | 2，790 | ＇ 2,832 | p 2，876 |  |  |
| Imports of goods and services ．．．．．－．．．．－．．．．．do | －59，289 | －65，480 | －78，071 | －15．533 | －16，650 | －17，002 | －16，299 | －18，961 | $-18,889$ | －19，430 | －20，791 | －22，461 | $r-23,702$ | －$\sim$－24，051 |  |  |
| Merchandise，adjusted，excl．military－．．．．．．．－do | －39，788 | $-45,466$ | －55，681 | －10，743 | －11，708 | －11，907 | －11，108 | －13，475 | －13，313 | －13，935 | －14，958 | －16，280 | r－17，022 | －$\quad$－17，439 |  |  |
| Direct defense expenditures．．．．．．．－．．．．－．－do．－． | －4，852 | －4，829 | －4，724 | －1，175 | －1，214 | －1，204 | $-1,237$ | $-1,222$ | $-1,242$ | －1，108 | －1，151 | －1，168 | $r-1,185$ | P－1，110 |  |  |
| Payments of income on foreign investments in the U．S． mil．$\$$ | －5，167 | $-4,927$ | －6，063 | －1，160 | －1，135 | －－1，293 | －1，340 | －1，423 | －1，479 | －1，526 |  | $-1,849$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} r-2,200 \\ r \end{array}\right\|$ | 践－2，325 |  |  |
|  | －9，684 | －10，258 | －11，604 | $-2,455$ | －2，593 | －2，598 | －2，614 | －2，841 | $-2,855$ | －2，861 | $-3,048$ | $-\mathbf{3 , 1 6 4}$ | $\|r-3,295\|$ | D－3，177 |  |  |
| Balance on coods and | 3，830 |  | －4，610 | 954 | 131 | 280 | －560 | －1，374 | －1，426 | －939 | －870 | 150 | $\bigcirc 674$ | ${ }^{p} 2,148$ |  |  |
| Merchandise，adjusted，excl．military－－．－．－．do．．．．． | 2，176 | －2，698 | －6，912 | 129 | $-917$ | －385 | $-1,525$ | －－1，820 | －1，774 | －1，673 | －1，745 | －960 | t－244 | ${ }^{p} 714$ |  |  |
| r Revised．${ }^{p}$ Preliminary．${ }^{1}$ Estimates（corrected for systematic biases）for Oct．－ <br> consumers，and personal transfer payments to foreigners． Dec．and Jan．－Mar． 1974 based on expected capital expenditures of business．Expected expend－ <br> § Personal saving is excess of disposable income over personal outlays． itures for the year 1973 appear on p． 13 of the December 1973 SURvEy．${ }_{2}$ Includes com－ <br> TData for individual durable and nondurable goods industries components appear in the munication．$\dagger$ See corresponding note on p．S－1．$\quad$ Includes inventory valuation adjust－ Mar．，June，Sept．，and Dec．issues of the Surver．or More complete details appear in the ment．A Personal nutlavs comnrise nersonal consumption expenditures，interest paid by quarterly reviews in the Mar．，June，Sept．，and Dec．issues of the Survey． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1970 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1971 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1970 | 1971 | 1972 | 1971 |  |  |  | 1972 |  |  |  | 1973 |  |  |  | 1974 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual total |  |  | 1 | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | 1 | II r | III ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | IV | I |

## GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Quarterly Series—Continued



## GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Monthly Series

| PERSONAL INCOME, BY SOURCE $\dagger$ <br> Seasonally adjusted, at annual rates: <br> Total personal income $\qquad$ bll. \$-- | 863.5 | 939.2 | 967.0 | 977.6 | 983.6 | 989.1 | 997.4 | 1,003.3 | 1,011.6 | 1,018.7 | 1,026.6 | 1,035.6 | 1,047.3 | 1,058.5 | -1,067.5 | 1,076.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wage and salary disburs ements, total....do. | 573.3 | 627.8 | 643.8 | 648.4 | 654.0 | 661.7 | 667.2 | 671.1 | 677.6 | 682.0 | 688.2 | 693.2 | 698.9 | 706.0 | ¢ 711.2 | 716.8 |
| Commodity-producing industries, total do. | 206.3 | 226.0 | 232.8 | 235.0 | 236.8 | 239.2 | 242.2 | 243.5 | 245.9 | 248.3 | 251.7 | 253.4 | 254.8 | 257.8 | - 259.5 | 261.6 |
| Manufacturing....-.-.-.-.-.........-. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 160.5 | 175.9 | 181.6 | 183.8 | 185.6 | 187.1 | 189.6 | 190.6 | 192.9 | 194.7 | 197.0 | 197.9 | 198.7 | 200.8 | - 202.5 | 203.9 |
|  | 138.3 | 151.5 | 155.2 | 155.6 | 157.2 | 158.7 | 159.3 | 160.6 | 162.2 | 163.2 | 164.5 | 165.3 | 167.1 | 168.7 | 169.6 | 171.0 |
| Service Industries.-------------------- do | 104.7 | 116.1 | 119.2 | 119.8 | 121.3 | 122.9 | 124.1 | 124.9 | 126.4 | 126.8 | 127.7 | 129.4 | 130.8 | 132.5 | +132.9 | 133.9 |
|  | 123.9 | 134.2 | 136.7 | 138.1 | 138.7 | 140.9 | 141.6 | 142.2 | 143.1 | 143.7 | 144.4 | 145.1 | 146.2 | 147.0 | 149.2 | 150.4 |
|  | 36.6 | 40.7 | 42.0 | 42.3 | 42.7 | 43.0 | 43.3 | 43.6 | 43.9 | 44.2 | 44.5 | 44.8 | 45.3 | 45.8 | 46.2 | 46.7 |
|  | 51.9 | 54.0 | 55.1 | 55.1 | 55.6 | 56.1 | 56.3 | 56.4 | 56.8 | 57.1 | 57.3 | 57.8 | 58.0 | 58.1 | +58.5 +58.5 | 58.7 |
|  | 16.8 | 20.2 | 20.8 | 22.4 | 22.3 | 24.0 | 24.3 | 24.6 | 24.2 | 24.4 | 24.6 | 25.9 | 27.1 | 28.3 | r 28.9 | 29.4 |
| Rental income of persons...-----.-.-.-....do | 24.5 | 24.1 | 25.1 | 24.7 | 24.9 | 24.8 | 24.8 | 24.6 | 24.3 | 24.6 | 24.9 | 25.0 | 25.3 | 25.5 | 25.6 | 25.7 |
|  | 25.1 | 26.0 | 26.3 | 26.3 | 26.5 | 26.8 | 26.9 | 27.0 | 27.3 | 27.3 | 27.4 | 27.6 | 28.2 | 28.3 | 28.5 +01.5 | 28.7 |
| Personal interest income......-.-----.-. do. | 73.0 | 78.0 | 79.6 109 | 80.4 113.7 | 81.1 | 81.9 | 82.6 113.8 | 83.4 | 84.5 | 85.7 | 86.5 | 87.8 116.9 | 89.0 | 90.3 | +91.5 +121.1 | 92.5 |
| Transfer payments .-..-.-.-.-........... do...- | 93.2 | 103.0 | 109.7 | 113.7 | 112.6 | 112.5 | 113.8 | 114.5 | 115.3 | 115.9 | 116.0 | 116.9 | 119.0 | 120.2 | \% 121.1 | 121.9 |
| Less personal contributions for social insurance $\begin{array}{r}\text { bil. } \$ .-\end{array}$ | 30.9 | 34.7 | 35.4 | 35.7 | 35.9 | 41.7 | 41.9 | 42.0 | 42.4 | 42.5 | 42.8 | 43.4 | 43.6 | 43.9 | 44.0 | 44.2 |
| Total nonagricultural Income.................do.-. | 839.8 | 911.5 | 938.8 | 947.7 | 953.6 | 957.4 | 965.3 | 970.9 | 979.5 | 986.4 | 994.2 | 1,001.8 | 1,012.1 | 1,021.8 | r 1,030.0 | 1,037.9 |
| FARM INCOME AND MARKETINGS $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash receipts from farming, including Government payments, total $\ddagger$. mil. \$ | 55, 950 | 64,632 | 7,453 | 7,220 | 5,963 | 6,412 | 5,005 | 5,357 | 4,750 | 5,340 | 5,686 | 8,475 | 7,602 | 7,777 | 11,402 |  |
| Farm marketings and CCC loans, total -. do | 52,805 | 60,671 | 7,383 | 7, 188 | 5,901 | 6, 363 | 4,987 | 5,347 | 4,673 | 5,332 | 5, 670 | 6,207 | 7,521 | 7,765 | r 11,360 | 10,200 |
| Crops_------------------------------ do | 22, 245 | 25, 075 | 3,827 | 4,016 | 3,038 | 2,943 | 1,734 | 1,612 | 1,375 | 1,547 | 1,969 | 2, 813 | 3,120 | 3,690 | ${ }^{r} \mathrm{r}$ 6, 616 | 6,200 |
| Livestock and products, total $¢$ | 30, 560 | 35, 596 | 3, 556 | 3,172 | 2,863 | 3,420 | 3,253 | 3,735 | 3,298 | 3,785 | 3,701 | 3, 394 | 4,401 | 4,075 | + 4,744 | 4,000 |
|  | 6, 811 | 7,157 | 602 | 579 | 606 | 618 | 563 | 653 | -651 | 693 | , 667 | 651 | 678 | 696 | ¢ 702 | 700 |
|  | 19,524 | 23,955 | 2,543 | 2,178 | 1,860 | 2,352 | 2,279 | 2, 588 | 2,130 | 2, 542 | 2, 438 | 2,135 | 2,838 | 2,667 | - 3,353 | 2,600 |
|  | 3,958 | 4,165 | 387 | 393 | 370 | 424 | 384 | 469 | 2,487 | 519 | 563 | 577 | 856 | 686 | 「663 | 600 |
| ndexes of cash recelpts from marketings and CCC loans, unadjusted: $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 124 | 142 | 208 | 202 | 166 | 179 | 140 | 150 | 131 | 150 | 159 | 174 | 211 | 218 | 319 | 193 |
|  | 121 | 136 | 249 | 261 | 198 | 192 | 113 | 105 | 89 | 101 | 128 | 183 | 203 | 240 | 431 | 199 |
|  | 126 | 147 | 176 | 157 | 142 | 169 | 161 | 185 | 163 | 187 | 183 | 168 | 218 | 202 | 235 | 198 |
| Indexes of volume of farm marketings, unadjusted: $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 110 | 112 | 162 212 | 161 | 126 | 127 <br> 151 | 88 | 85 | 75 48 | 83 50 | 92 74 | 104 | 103 | 111 | 164 214 | 150 |
|  | 108 | 109 | 124 | 113 | 98 | 108 | 98 | 104 | 96 | 109 | 106 | 95 | 100 | 101 | 124 | 95 |
| INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION ${ }^{\circ}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Federal Reserve Board Index of Quantity Output |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 106.8 | 115.2 | 122.7 | 120.4 | 117.3 | 118.9 | 123.6 | 124.6 | 124.5 | 125.6 | 128.9 | 122.4 | r 126.7 | + 131.1 | r 130.7 | 127.5 |
| By market groupings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 104.7 | 111.9 | 119.7 | 116.1 | 112.0 | 115.3 | 119.1 | 120.0 | 118.9 | 120.0 | 125. 1 | 118.9 | +122.2 | ${ }^{+} 128.8$ | ${ }^{-} 127.6$ | 123.4 |
|  | 115.7 | 123.6 | 133.2 | 126.8 | 120.2 | 125.3 | 129.2 | 130.8 | 129.2 | 130.3 | 136. 4 | 128.6 | r 134.1 | - 141.9 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 140.2$ | 133. 2 |
| Automotive products-.-.............- do | 119.5 | 127.7 | 147.0 | 141.9 | 123.9 | 138.5 | 149.1 | 151.5 | 147.6 | 147.4 | 154.4 | 124.3 | $r 100.5$ | ${ }^{+} 136.6$ | - 147.7 | 142.3 |
| Home goods and clothing.-.-...-.....do.... | 107.4 | 117.7 | 127.8 | 122.3 | 115.3 | 119.0 | 126. 9 | 130.2 | 129.2 | 128.6 | 133.8 | 119.2 | + 132.5 | r 139.2 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 138.6$ | 132.1 |
|  | 89.4 | 95.5 | 100.8 | 101. 1 | 100.5 | 101.4 | 104.9 | 105.0 | 104.6 | 105.5 | 109.2 | 105. 2 | + 105.7 | -110.3 | ${ } \times 110.0$ | 109.5 |
|  | 107.4 | 117.4 | 124.0 | 123.5 | 122.5 | 122.8 | 128.6 | 129.2 | 129.9 | 130.9 | 131.4 | 123.7 | +129.2 | +131.8 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 132.6$ | 131.4 |
| By industry groupings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing...--...............------..- do...- | 105.2 | 114.0 | 122.2 | 120.0 | 116.3 | 117.6 | 123.2 | 124. 6 | 124.7 | 125.8 | 128.9 | 121.1 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 125.3$ | r 130.3 | ${ }^{-} 130.4$ | 127.7 |
|  | 99.4 | 108.4 | 116.4 | 115.3 | 113.3 | 114.9 | 121. 0 | 122.5 | 122.4 | 123.2 | 125.8 | 117.9 | + 119.3 | -126.1 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 126.8$ | 124.5 |
| Nondurable manufactures..-.-.......... do.-.- | 113.5 | 122.1 | 130.6 | 126.7 | 120.6 | 121.5 | 126.3 | 127.7 | 128.0 | 129.5 | 133.3 | 125.6 | г 133.9 | ${ }^{-136.3}$ | ${ }^{r} 135.6$ | 132.2 |
| Mining and utilities | 118.9 | 124.1 | 126.5 | 123.8 | 125.2 | 128.6 | 127.5 | 125.0 | 122.7 | 123.6 | 128.2 | 133.0 | r 137.2 | r 137.2 | r 132.0 | 126.6 |
| $r$ Revised. $\quad{ }^{p}$ Preliminary. iSee correspondi beginning 1969; monthly data prior to May 1972 app 1973, available from the U.S. Dept. of Agriculture | g note | p. ${ }_{\text {Farm }}^{\text {I }}$ | h Serv | es revi | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{ed} \\ & \mathrm{ly} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { orse } \\ \text { levels } \end{array}$ | Ins rey | yed back | to 1970 | to reflec ailable u | new s <br> n requ | sonal a t. | justmen | $t$ factors | and pr | duction |


| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below. data through 1970 and descriptive notes are ass shown in the 1971 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1971 | 1972 | 1972 |  |  | 1973 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. ${ }^{\text {p }}$ |

GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Continued


Revised. $P$ Preliminary.
OIncludes data for items not shown separately. $\dagger$ Revised data for $1966-72$ for the Indi-

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1970 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1971 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1971 | 1972 | 1972 |  |  | 1973 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Continued

|  <br> Mig. and trado sales (unadj.), total $\dagger$ - $\qquad$ mil |  | 1,496,165 | 133 |  |  |  | 130,874 | 144,004 | 141,559 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Mfg. and trade sales (seas. adj.), total †...... do | 1,347,209 | 11,496,165 | 130,336 | 131,918 | 133,483 | 136,863 | 138,910 | 141,010 | 141,274 | 142,694 | 142,323 | 146,469 | 146,076 | -146,231 | 150, 188 |  |
|  | 1671,002 | 1749,587 | 65, 451 | 66,993 | 67, 104 | 68,401 | 69, 245 | 69, 719 | 70,468 | 71,284 | 71,616 | 73,248 | 73, 021 | - 73,060 | 75, 054 |  |
| Durahle goods industries | 359, 371 | 406,707 | 36, 302 | 36, 870 | 36,614 | 37, 773 | 38, 122 | 38, 064 | 38,651 | 39,284 | 39,257 | 40,779 | 39,633 | $-73,060$ $-40,162$ | 75, 4159 |  |
| Nondurable goods industr | 311, 631 | 342, 880 | 29, 149 | 30, 123 | 30,490 | 30, 628 | 31, 123 | 31,655 | 31,817 | 32,000 | 32,359 | 32,469 | 33,388 | - 32,898 | 33, 485 |  |
| Retail trade, total $\dagger$........................... do | ${ }^{1} 408,850$ | 1448,379 | 39,106 | 38,713 | 39, 417 | 40,707 | 41,242 | 41,979 | 41,185 | 41,735 | 41, 179 | 42,778 | 42,363 | - 42,525 | 43, 081 |  |
|  | 131,814 | 149, 659 | 13,168 | 13,173 | 13, 640 | 14, 234 | 14,405 | 14,612 | 14, 339 | 14, 299 | 13,731 | 14,469 | 14,481 | - 14,267 | 14, 346 |  |
| Nondurable goods stor | 277,036 | 298, 720 | 25,938 | 25,540 | 25,777 | 26, 473 | 26,837 | 27,367 | 26, 846 | 27,436 | 27,448 | 28,369 | 27, 882 | - 28,258 | 28,735 |  |
| Merchant wholesalers, total.-.-.-............do Durable goods estahilshments......... | 1267,357 122,420 | 1298,199 138,446 | 25,779 12,016 | 26,212 | 26,962 | 27,755 12,974 | 28,423 | 29, 312 13,720 | 29,621 | 29,675 13,964 | 29,528 13 | 30,443 14,039 | 30,692 13 | r $\mathrm{ran}, 646$ $\mathrm{13,968}$ | 32,053 14,511 |  |
| Nondurable goods estahlishm | 144, 937 | 169,753 | 13,763 | 14,057 | 14,416 | 14, 781 | 15,242 | 15, 692 | 15,815 | 15, 711 | 15,747 | 16,404 | 16,742 | - 16,678 | 17, 542 |  |
| BUSINESS IN VENTORIES $¢$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mfg. and trade inventories. book value, end of year or month (unadj.), total $\dagger . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .-$ mil. \$.. | 181,847 | 192,503 | 192,435 | 195,104 | 192,593 | 195,042 | 198,076 | 201,231 | 202, 919 | 204,647 | 205,817 | 205,725 | 205,934 | -208,303 | 212,910 |  |
| Mig. and trade inventories, book value, end of year or month (seas. adj.), total †...................... | 183,622 | 194,151 | 191,583 | 192,921 | 194,151 | 196,295 | 198,172 | 199,525 | 200,787 | 202,896 | 205,252 | 206,813 | 208,668 | - 210,191 | 212, 274 |  |
| Manufacturing, totalt -...-------............ do | 102,445 | 107,719 | 106,617 | 106,974 | 107,719 | 108,187 | 109,082 | 110,174 | 110,577 | 111,625 | 113,025 | 113,910 | 114,907 | -116,114 | 117, 065 |  |
|  | 66,050 36,395 | 70,218 37,501 | 69,308 | 69, 613 | 70, 218 | 70, 590 | 71, 136 | 71,873 | 72, 213 | 72,867 | 73,801 | 74,278 | 75, 213 | - 76,249 | 76, 828 |  |
| Nondurable goods in | 36, 395 | 37, 501 | 37,309 | 37, 361 | 37,501 | 37, 597 | 37, 946 | 38, 301 | 38,364 | 38,758 | 39,224 | 39,632 | 39, 694 | - 39,865 | 40, 237 |  |
| Retall trade, total $\dagger$............................... do Durable goods stores | 52,261 23,808 | 54, 700 24,442 | 53,934 23,675 | 54, 658 | 54, 700 | 55,526 | B6, 039 24 | 56,106 24,538 | 56, 636 24,624 | 57, 285 25,094 | $\begin{aligned} & 58,079 \\ & 25,454 \end{aligned}$ | 58,250 25,797 | 58,797 | 58,811 | 59,785 |  |
| Durable goods stores.-- | 23,808 28,453 | 24,442 30,258 | $\begin{aligned} & 23,675 \\ & 30,259 \end{aligned}$ | 24,235 | 24, 442 | 24,472 | 24, 63 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 24,624 \\ & 30 \end{aligned}$ | 25, 094 | $25,454$ | 25,797 | 25,850 | 25,790 | 26, 292 |  |
| Durahle goods establishme | 17, 254 | 18, 884 | 18,296 | 18,628 | 18, 884 | 19, 229 | 19,321 | 19,457 | 19,496 | 19,929 | 20,141 | 20,159 | 20,089 | - | 20,369 |  |
| Non durable goods establishmen | 11,662 | 12,848 | 12,736 | 12,661 | 12, 848 | 13, 353 | 13,730 | 13,788 | 14,078 | 14,057 | 14,007 | 14,494 | 14, 875 | - 15,009 | 15, 055 |  |
| BUSINESS INVENTORY-SALES RATIOS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing and trade, total $\dagger$....--.......ratio.. | 1.60 | 1.51 | 1.47 | 1.46 | 1. 45 | 1. 43 | 1.43 | 1.41 | 1.42 | 1.42 | 1.44 | 1.41 | 1.43 | 1. 44 | 1.41 |  |
| Manufacturlng, total $\ddagger$.-.....-.-.............-do | 1. 82 | 1. 67 | 1.63 | 1.60 | 1. 61 | 1. 58 | 1. 58 | 1. 58 | 1.57 | 1.57 | 1.68 | 1.56 | 1. 57 | 1. 59 | 1. 56 |  |
| Durable goods industries................... do | 2.22 | 2.00 | 1.91 | 1.89 | 1. 92 | 1.87 | 1.87 | 1. 89 | 1.87 | 1.85 | 1.88 | 1.82 | 1.90 | 1.90 | 1.85 |  |
| Materials and supplies....-.----------- - | . 65 | . 57 | . 65 | . 54 | . 55 | . 54 | . 54 | . 64 | . 54 | . 54 | . 55 | . 53 | . 56 | . 56 | . 55 |  |
| Work in process.-.-.-.-.-.-............... ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | . 99 | . 90 | . 87 | . 86 | . 87 | . 85 | . 85 | . 87 | . 86 | . 85 | . 86 | . 83 | . 87 | . 87 | . 84 |  |
| Finished goods..........-...........---...-d | . 69 | . 53 | . 50 | . 49 | . 50 | . 48 | 48 | . 48 | . 47 | . 47 | . 47 | . 46 | . 47 | . 47 | . 45 |  |
| Nondurable goods industries...-......... do | 1.37 | 1. 29 | 1.28 | 1.24 | 1. 23 | 1. 23 | 1. 22 | 1.21 | 1.21 | 1.21 | 1.21 | 1.22 | 1.19 | 1.21 | 1.20 |  |
| Materials and supplies...................-do | . 51 | . 48 | . 47 | . 46 | . 45 | . 46 | . 46 | . 48 | .46 | . 46 | . 46 | . 47 | . 46 | . 47 | $\stackrel{1}{.47}$ |  |
|  | . 21 | . 20 | . 20 | . 20 | . 20 | . 19 | . 19 | . 19 | . $19^{\circ}$ | . 19 | . 19 | 19 | . 19 | . 19 | . 19 |  |
|  | 65 | . 61 | . 60 | . 59 | . 58 | . 58 | . 57 | . 56 | . 56 | . 66 | . 66 | . 56 | . 54 | .65 | . 54 |  |
| Retail trade, total t------....-.-............ do | 1.47 | 1. 42 | 1.38 | 1.41 | 1.39 | 1. 36 | 1.36 | 1.34 | 1.38 | 1.37 | 1.41 | 1.36 | 1.39 | 1.38 | 1.39 |  |
| Durable goods stor | 2.06 | 1.90 | 1.80 | 1.84 | 1.79 | 1. 72 | 1.71 | 1. 68 | 1.72 | 1.75 | 1.85 | 1.79 | 1.79 | -1.81 | 1.83 |  |
| Nondurable goods st | 1.19 | 1.19 | 1.17 | 1.19 | 1.17 | 1. 17 | 1.17 | 1.15 | 1.19 | 1.17 | 1.19 | 1.14 | 1.18 | 1.17 | 1.17 |  |
| Merchant wholesalers, total. .--......-.-.-. do | 1.23 | 1. 21 | 1.20 | 1.19 | 1.18 | 1.17 | 1.16 | 1.13 | 1.13 | 1.15 | 1.16 | 1.14 | 1.14 | -1.15 |  |  |
| Durable goods establishment | 1. 60 | 1. 55 | 1.52 | 1.63 | 1.51 | 1.48 | 1.47 | 1. 42 | 1.41 | 1.43 | 1.46 | 1.44 | 1.44 | -1.45 | 1. 40 |  |
| Nondurable goods establishments ........-do | 92 | 91 | . 93 | 90 | . 89 | . 90 | . 90 | . 88 | . 89 | . 89 | . 89 | . 88 | . 89 | . 90 | . 86 |  |
| MANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturers' export sales: Durable goods industries: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unadjusted, total..........................mil. \$.. | 21, 583 | 25,108 | 2,288 | 2,218 | 2,446 | 2, 153 | 2,427 | 2,699 | 2,530 | 2,759 | 2, 627 | 2,351 | 2,399 | - 2,684 | 2, 791 |  |
| Seasonally adj., total.-........................d. do... |  |  | 2,268 | 2,171 | 2, 217 | 2, 289 | 2, 499 | 2,518 | 2,487 | 2,660 | 2,560 | 2, 651 | 2,646 | -2,722 | 2,769 |  |
| Shipments (not seas. adj), totalt.............-do | 671,002 | 749,687 | 67,222 | 66,667 | 63,675 | 63,764 | 70,335 | 72,843 | 72,014 | 72, 691 | 76,273 | 67,354 | 70,827 | -75,281 | 76,877 |  |
| Durable goods industries, total $\% \ddagger$........... do | 359,371 | 406, 707 | 37, 058 | 36, 503 | 34, 636 | 35, 061 | 38,986 | 40,328 | 39,942 | 40,707 | 42, 641 | 36, 640 | 37,291 | - 40,045 | 42, 285 | ${ }^{2}$ 41,784 |
| Stone, clay, and gla | 18, 535 | 22, 344 | 2,092 | 1,987 | 1,736 | 1,752 | 1, 8885 | 2,061 | 2,064 | 2, 182 | 2,270 | 2,045 5,536 | 2,229 | r 2,189 $+6,155$ $\mathbf{6}$ | $\begin{array}{r}2,304 \\ \hline 6,345\end{array}$ |  |
| Primary metals....- | 53,067 26,790 | 57,941 28,109 | 5, 138 2,481 | 5, 025 2,479 | 5, 051 2,518 | 5, 242 2,679 | 5,793 2,891 | 6,030 3,012 | 6, 028 2,946 | 6, 195 $\mathbf{3 , 0 3 4}$ | 6, 402 | 5, 236 2,760 | 5,846 2,882 | + 6,155 $\cdot 2,986$ $+2,68$ | 6,345 $\mathbf{3 , 0 7 2}$ | 6,405 |
| Nonferrous metals. | 20,170 | 21,392 | 1,899 | 1,811 | 1,806 | 1,815 | 2,084 | 2,153 | 2, 222 | 2,263 | 2,357 | 1,991 | 2,177 | -2,320 | 2,325 |  |
| Fabricated metal products....-............do | 42,026 | 47,098 | 4,242 | 3,974 | 3,866 | 3,860 | 4,372 | 4,403 | 4, 426 | 4,503 | 4,732 | 4,295 | 4,455 | +4,655 | 4,843 |  |
| Machinery, except electrical................... do | 55, 659 | 61, 024 | 5,230 | B, 130 | 5,326 | 6, 316 | 8,903 | 6, 294 | 6, 216 | 6,199 | 6,750 | 5,705 | 5,734 | - 6,468 | 6, 267 |  |
| Electrical machlnery.-............................... | 49,169 | 65,950 | 4,998 | 5,109 | 4,959 | 4,644 | 5, 178 | 5,345 | 5, 192 | 6,111 | 5,583 | 4,909 | 5,230 | -5,654 | 5,662 |  |
| Transportation equipmen | 90,941 | 105, 340 | 10, 155 | 10, 208 | 9, 134 | 9, 784 | 10,769 | 10, 854 | 10,663 | 11, 161 | 11,249 | 9, 151 | 8,281 | 10, 134 | 11,158 | 2 11,338 |
| Motor vehicles and parts.- Instruments and related prod | 68,138 12,275 | 66,762 13,393 | 6,629 | 6,670 1,232 | 5, 520 1,175 | 6,710 | 7,134 | 7,097 1,182 | 6,741 1,170 | 7,006 1,170 | 7,169 | 5,419 1,119 | 4,667 1,168 | -6,227 $-1,299$ | 7,368 |  |
| Instruments and related products | 12, 275 | 13,393 | 1,209 | 1,232 | 1,175 | 1,047 | 1,138 | 1,182 | 1,170 | 1,170 | 1,263 | 1,119 | 1,168 | -1,299 | 1,274 |  |
| Nonduraile goods industries, totalof.-.....do | 311, 631 | 342,880 | 30, 164 | 30, 064 | 29, 039 | 28,703 | 31,349 | 32, 115 | 32, 072 | 31,884 | 33,632 | 30,714 | 33,536 | r 34,336 | 34, 592 |  |
| Food and EIndred products. .-..............do | 103, 632 | 114, 496 | 10,012 | 10, 126 | 10, 183 | 9,687 | 10, 380 | 11, 032 | 10,683 | 10,740 | 11,383 | 10,806 | 11,750 | r 11,982 | 12,020 |  |
| Tobacco products | 5,528 | 6,863 | 495 | ${ }^{615}$ | 489 | 475 | 478 | 486 | 483 | 526 | 555 | 517 | 560 | ${ }_{-} 516$ | 534 |  |
| Textile mill products | 24, 030 | 26,726 | 2,323 | 2,368 | 2, 294 | 2,215 | 2,451 | 2,687 | 2, 601 | 2,649 | 2,725 | 2, 200 | 2,602 | -2,631 | 2,808 |  |
| Psper and allied products.................do. | 25,459 | 28, 278 | 2,470 | 2, 406 | 2, 288 | 2,432 | 2,566 | 2,652 | 2,628 | 2,699 | 2,833 | 2,562 | 2,798 | ${ }^{+}$2,815 | 2, 858 |  |
| Chemicals and allied products.....-.....-d | 51, 872 | 57, 437 | 4,979 2 | 4, 845 | 4,740 2655 | 4, 885 | 5,579 | 5, 741 | 5,910 | 5,784 | 5,962 | 5, 152 $\mathbf{2 , 9 1 9}$ | 5,536 | $\begin{array}{r}+5,769 \\ +3,121 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 5,666 $\mathbf{3 , 0 9 7}$ |  |
| Petroleum and coal products | 26,936 | 29, 932 | 2,528 | 2,618 | 2,685 | 2,649 | 2,723 | 2, 675 | 2,723 | 2,781 | 2,953 | 2,919 1,580 | 3, 017 | + ${ }_{-} \mathbf{3 , 1 2 1}$ | 3,097 1,762 |  |
|  | 17,044 | 19,185 | 1,718 | 1,604 | 1,490 | 1,560 | 1,709 | 1,766 | 1,796 | 1,716 | 1,794 | 1,580 | 1,702 | +1,743 | 1,762 |  |
| Bhipments (seas. adj.), totalt...................do. |  |  | 65, 451 | 66,993 | 67, 104 | 68, 401 | 69, 245 | 69,719 | 70,468 | 71,284 | 71,616 | 73,248 | 73,021 | -73,060 | 75, 054 |  |
| By industry group: Durable foods industries, total 9 1........do. |  |  | 36,302 | 36,870 | 36,614 | 37,773 | 38, 122 | 38,064 | 38,651 | 39, 284 | 39, 257 | 40,779 | 39,633 | - 40,162 | - 41,567 | 2 42,308 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products.........-. do |  |  | 1,968 | 2,013 | 1,964 | 2,025 | 2,042 | 2,068 | 2,029 | 2,096 | 2,072 | 2,075 | 2,084 | r2,046 | 2,169 |  |
| Primary metals..--. |  |  | 5,437 | 5,349 | 5, 667 | 5, 449 | 5,652 | 5, 634 | 5,471 | 5,710 | 5,789 | 6, 023 | 6, 165 | - 6,268 | -6,730 | 26,816 |
| Blast furnaces, steel mills..............do |  |  | 2,797 | 2,730 | 2,823 | 2,751 | 2,820 | 2,784 | 2,695 | 2,704 | 2,753 | 2,924 | 3,030 | r 3,149 | 3,479 |  |
| Nonferrous metals.. |  |  | 1,910 | 1,859 | 1,957 | 1,909 | 2,031 | 2,033 | 2,061 | 2,115 | 2,178 | 2,245 | 2,301 | - 2,284 | 2,339 |  |
| Fabricated metal products..-......-.-. - do. |  |  | 4,093 | 4,015 | 4,047 | 4,264 | 4,449 | 4,330 | 4,362 | 4,487 | 4,411 | 4,606 | 4,385 | + 4,345 | 4,677 |  |
| Machinery, except electrical............-.-. do. |  |  | 5,297 | 5,488 | 5,534 | 5,684 | 5,635 | 5,818 | 5,975 | 6,047 | 6,159 | 6, 240 | 6, 117 | - 0,243 | 6,381 |  |
| Electrical machinery- |  |  | 4,756 | 4,937 | 4,901 | 5,085 | 5,141 | 5, 215 | 5, 5193 | 5, 29.9 | 15,265 | 5, 405 | 5,350 | $\stackrel{5}{5} \mathbf{5} 288$ | 5,392 |  |
| Transportation equipment- |  |  | 9, 820 | 9,915 6,398 | 9,601 | 10.259 6.650 | 10, 018 | 9,765 | 10, 105 | 10,317 | 10,229 | 11, 173 | 10,281 | - 10,697 | r 10,809 | 211,048 |
| Motor vehicles and parts. Instruments and related pro |  |  | 6,266 1,158 | 6,398 | 6,194 1,181 | 6,650 1,163 | 6,407 1,170 | 6,342 1,181 | 6, 254 | 6, 395 L, 171 | 6, 250 1,186 | 7,055 1,196 | 6,524 1,163 | r $+1,692$ $\cdot 1,192$ | 6,984 1,219 |  |

Revised. ${ }^{1}$ Based on data not seasonally adjusted. ${ }^{2}$ Advance estimate; total mfrs. shipments for Oct. 1973 do not reffect revisions for selected components. \$The term "business" here includes only manufacturing and trade; business inventories as shown on p. S-1
cover data for all types of producers, both farm and nonfarm. Unadjusted data for manufactur-

Ing are shown below and on p. S-6; those for wholesale and retail trade on pp. S-11 and S-12. tSee corresponding ncte on p. S-4 and note marked $\ddagger$ " on pp. S-11 and 8-12. $\ddagger$ See corresponding note on p. S-7. Of Includes data for items not shown separately.

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1970 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1971 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1971 | 1972 | 1972 |  |  | 1973 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS-Continued

| MANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES, AND ORDERS $\ddagger-$ Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Shipments (seas. adj.) $\ddagger$-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| By industry group: Nondurable goods industries, totalo ....mil. \$. |  |  | 29, 149 | 30, 123 | 30,490 | 30,628 | 31, 123 | 31,655 | 31,817 | 32,000 | 32,359 | 32,469 | 33,388 | -32,898 | 33,485 |  |
| Food and kindred products......-.....d. |  |  | 9,637 | 10,008 | 10, 284 | 10, 303 | 10,454 | 10,866 | 10,926 | 10,872 | 11, 071 | 11, 222 | 11,827 | r11, 348 | 11,578 |  |
| Tobacco products............ |  |  | 497 | 511 | 501 | 505 | 503 | - 498 | 499 | ${ }^{520}$ | ${ }^{515}$ | 506 | 540 | 「 498 | [ 536 |  |
| Textile mill produ |  |  | 2, 133 | 2,331 | 2, 381 | 2, 420 | 2, 477 | 2, 532 | 2,541 | 2, 611 | 2, 566 | 2,550 | 2,550 | $\square$ $-2,499$ -239 | 2,579 |  |
| Paper and allied products. |  |  | 2, 421 4,982 | 2,446 | 2,433 | 2,522 | 2,520 | 2,548 | 2,609 | 5,387 | 2,708 | 2,722 | 2,767 | $+2,739$ $+5,575$ | 2,801 |  |
| Petroleum and coal products |  |  | 2,550 | 2,640 | 2,668 | 2,667 | 2,674 | 2, 702 | 2,745 | 2,819 | 2,883 | 2,936 | 3,017 | -3,100 | 3, 131 |  |
| Rubber and plasties products..............do |  |  | 1,659 | 1,662 | 1,648 | 1,681 | 1,687 | 1,679 | 1,698 | 1,663 | 1,677 | 1,712 | 1,700 | -1,706 | 1,703 |  |
| By market category: $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Home goods and apparel | 165,346 1133,517 | 171,555 <br> 1146,257 <br> 1 | -6, 1241 | 6, 643 | 6, $\begin{array}{r}\text { 6, } \\ 1254 \\ \hline 936\end{array}$ | 6,473 12,961 | 6,554 | 6, 639 13,532 | 6,761 13,559 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 6, } \\ \text { 13, } \\ \text { 622 } \\ \hline 10\end{array}$ | - $\begin{array}{r}6,681 \\ 13,734\end{array}$ | 6,541 13,837 | 6,616 14,472 | r 6,683 r13,929 | 6,796 14,397 |  |
| Equipment and defense prod., excl. autodo | 191,798 | 1103.198 | 8, 789 | 9, 241 | 9,172 | 9,638 | 9, 496 | 13,532 9 | 10,025 | 10, 192 | 10,279 | 10, 480 | 9,954 | r10,433 | 10, 219 |  |
| Automotive equipment...-....-......... do | [68, 594 | 179,835 | 7,415 | 7, 567 | 7,334 | 7,703 | 7,558 | 7,518 | 7,482 | 7,560 | 7,436 | 8,344 | 7,807 | -7,898 | 8, 313 |  |
| Construction materials and supplies | 156.389 1255,358 | 163.500 1285,242 | -5,484 | - $\begin{array}{r}5,580 \\ 25,321\end{array}$ | r $\begin{array}{r}5,547 \\ 25,761\end{array}$ | 5, ${ }^{515}$ | 5,979 26,510 | 5,943 26,620 | 56, 939 | -6,079 | 6,021 27,465 | 6,098 27,948 | 5,928 28,244 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 5,928 \\ \hline 28,189\end{array}$ | 6, 6 29,204 |  |
| Supplementary series: $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Household durables | 127,210 1109,058 | 131,354 1121,611 | 2,734 10,539 | 2,922 10,737 | 2,825 10,681 | 2,835 11,295 | 2,929 11,161 | 2,968 | 3,011 11,695 | 2,993 | 2,975 | 3,095 12,138 | 3,084 | r3, r12,042 | r3, 152 r12,096 | 23,169 212,381 |
| Canital goods industri Nondefense........ | 1109,058 <br> 189,567 <br> 1 | 1121,611 103,294 | 10,539 8,966 | 10,737 | 10,681 9,121 | 11,295 9 | 11,161 9,531 | $\begin{array}{r}11,155 \\ 9,490 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 11,695 | (11, $\begin{aligned} & 1,948 \\ & 10 \\ & 1\end{aligned}$ | 11, 934 | 12,138 | 11,687 | r12,032 $\mathrm{r} 10,425$ | r12,096 r10,386 | 2312,381 210,741 |
| Defense. | 19, 491 | 118,317 | 1,573 | 1,572 | 1,560 | 1,698 | 1,630 | 1,665 | 1,640 | 1,746 | 1,583 | 1,673 | 1,552 | ${ }^{+1,607}$ | -1,710 | 2 1,640 |
| entorles, end of year or month: $\ddagger$ | 102, 130 | 107,415 | 106,105 | 106,623 | 107.415 | 108,572 | 109,737 | 110,837 | 111,469 | 112,604 | 113,175 | 113,367 | 114,465 | $\cdot 115,045$ | 116, 331 |  |
| Durable goods industries, | 65, 620 | 69,803 | 68,058 | 69,334 | 69, 803 | 70,625 | 71,453 | 72, 390 | 72,884 | 73, 662 | 73,911 | 74,051 | 75,117 | -75, 707 | 76, 271 |  |
| Nondurable goods industries, | 36,510 | 37, 612 | 37, 147 | 37, 289 | 37, 612 | 37, 947 | 38, 284 | 38,447 | 38,585 | 39,042 | 39,264 | 39,316 | 39,348 | r39,338 | 40,060 |  |
| Book value (seasonally adjusted), totalt....do | 102,445 | 107, 719 | 106,617 | 106,974 | 107,719 | 108,187 | 109,082 | 110,174 | 110,577 | 111,625 | 113,025 | 113,910 | 114,907 | '116,114 | 117, 065 |  |
| By Industry group: <br> Durable goods Indust | 66, 050 | 70,218 | 69,308 | 69, 613 | 70,218 | 70,590 | 71, 136 | 71,873 | 72, 213 | 72,8 | 73, 801 | 74, 278 | 75,213 | 76, 249 | 76,828 |  |
| Stone, clay, and glass prod | 2,362 | 2,463 | 2,454 | 2, 454 | 2,463 | 2, 468 | 2, 446 | 2,495 | 2,477 | 2, 624 | 2, 593 | 2, 669 | 2,679 | +2,702 | 2,719 |  |
| Primary metals.. | 9,219 | 9, 658 | 9,716 | 9,670 | 9,658 | 9,575 | 9, 483 | 9, 365 | 9,425 | 9,425 | 9,391 | 9,452 | 9,346 | r 9,323 | 9,233 |  |
| Blast furnaces, st | 4,913 | 5,268 | 5,393 | 5,356 | 5,268 | 5,161 | 5,043 | 4,915 | 4,925 | 4,940 | 4,830 | 4,869 | 4, 820 | - 4,791 | 4,677 |  |
| Nonferrous metals | 3,393 | 3,354 | 3,362 | 3,325 | 3, 354 | 3,364 | 3,384 | 3,391 | 3,421 | 3,403 | 3,472 | 3,475 | 3,388 | -3,358 | 3,371 |  |
| Fabricated metal prod | 7,539 | 7,832 | 7,781 | 7,762 | 7,832 | 7,887 | 8, 062 | 8,203 | 8,113 | 8,189 | 8,230 | 8,238 | 8,378 | +8,519 | 8,460 |  |
| Machinery, except elect | 13,735 | 14, 386 | 14,010 | 14, 175 | 14,386 | 14,482 | 14,652 | 14,843 | 14,975 | 15,172 | 15,386 | 15,504 | 15,681 | -15,952 | 16, 136 |  |
| Electrical machinery. | 9,756 | 10,381 | 10,197 | 10,279 | 10,381 | 10,654 | 10, 768 | 10,954 | 11, 030 | 11, 211 | 11, 369 | 11, 514 | 11,742 | -11,834 | 12,077 |  |
| Transportation equipment Motor vehicles and parts | 14,836 4,202 | 16,150 4,589 | 15,931 4,659 | 15,979 4,603 | 16,150 4,589 | 16,217 4,530 | 16,320 4,553 | 16,492 4,644 | 16,604 4,732 | 16,634 4,799 | 16,977 5,074 | 17,029 | 17,328 5,107 | $\xrightarrow{+17,690}$ | 17,796 5,380 |  |
| Motor vehicles and parts Instruments and related pr | 4, 202 2,546 | 4,589 $\mathbf{2 , 7 1 7}$ | 4,659 2,715 | 4,603 2,719 | 4, 589 2,717 | 4,530 2,659 | 4, $\mathbf{2}$, 627 | 4,644 2,698 | 4,732 2,713 | 4, $\begin{aligned} & \text { 4,799 } \\ & \text { 2, }\end{aligned}$ | 5,074 | 5, 102 2,879 | 5, 107 2,978 | r 5,436 r 3, | 5,380 3,071 |  |
| By stage of fabricatlo |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 19,270 3,315 | 20,010 3,283 | $\begin{array}{r}19,790 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 19,902 3,280 | 20,010 3,283 | 20,252 3,309 | 20, 463 3,302 | 20,659 3,267 | 20,887 3,328 | 21,198 3,348 | 21,424 3,326 | 21,721 3,389 | 22,080 3,377 | - 22,621 | 22,961 |  |
| Primary metals.............-.-.do | 3,315 6,121 | 3,283 6,516 | 3,271 | 3, 2811 | 3,283 | 3,309 $\mathbf{6 , 6 4 0}$ | 3,302 | 3,267 | 3,328 $\mathbf{7 , 0 1 7}$ | 31,348 7,157 3,195 | 3,326 <br> 7 | 31,389 7,411 | 3,377 7,602 3,407 |  | 3,380 |  |
| Transportation equipmen | 3,253 | 3,022 | 3,169 | 3, 071 | 3,022 | 3,035 | 3, 034 | 3,081 | 3,139 | 3,195 | 3,433 | 3,413 | 3, 407 | r 3,667 | 3,626 |  |
| Work in process. | 29, 142 | 32,074 | 31, 412 | 31,639 | 32,074 | 32, 286 | 32,559 | 33, 005 | 33, 114 | 33, | 33,735 | 33, 944 | 34,461 | -34, 742 | 35, 079 |  |
| Primary metals | 3,175 | 3,485 | 3,484 | 3,451 | 3,485 | 3, 474 | 3,488 | 3,466 | 3,509 | 3,544 | 3,493 | 3, 514 | 3,477 | 「3,496 | 3,455 |  |
| Machinery (elec. and | 10,492 | 11, 250 | 10, 931 | 11,077 | 11, 250 | 11, 414 | 11, 526 | 11,741 | 11, 801 | 11, 964 | 12,237 | 12, 358 | 12,539 | '12,675 | 12,969 |  |
| Transportation equipment | 10,038 | 11, 774 | 11,389 | 11,539 | 11, 774 | 11, 860 | 11,952 | 12,036 | 12,064 | 11,999 | 12,100 | 12, 133 | 12,384 | r12, 439 | 12,609 |  |
| Finished goods \% | 17, 638 | 18.134 | 18.106 | 18.072 | 18, 134 | 18, 052 | 18, 114 | 18,209 | 18, 212 | 18, 351 | 18, 642 | 18, 613 | 18, 672 | -18, 886 | 18,788 |  |
| Primary metals | 2, 729 | 2, 890 | 2,961 | 2,939 | 2,890 | 2,792 | 2, 693 | 2,632 | 2,588 | 2,533 | 2,572 | 2,549 | 2,492 | + 2,472 | 2,398 |  |
| Machinery (elec. | 6,878 | 7,001 | 6,973 | 6,966 | 7,001 | 7,082 | 7, 150 | 7, 199 | 7,187 | 7,262 | 7,273 | 7,249 | 7, 282 | -7,342 | 7, 330 |  |
| Transportation equipn | 1,545 | 1,354 | 1,373 | 1,369 | 1,354 | 1,322 | 1,334 | 1,375 | 1, 401 | 1,440 | 1,444 | 1,483 | 1,537 | -1,584 | 1,561 |  |
| Nondurable goods Industries, total $9 .$. do | 36,395 | 37,501 | 37, 309 | 37, 361 | 37, 501 | 37, 597 | 37, 946 | 38,301 | 38,364 | 38,78 | 39, 224 | 39,632 | 39,694 | -39,865 | 40, 237 |  |
| Food and kindred products........do | 9, 298 | 9,421 | 9,448 | 9, 434 | 9, 421 | 9,595 | 9, 723 | 9, 830 | 9, 760 | 9, 854 | 10,042 | 10, 135 | 10,011 | -10,027 | 10, 145 |  |
| Tobacco products | 2,157 | 2,369 | 2,279 | 2, 319 | 2,369 | 2, 338 | 2, 343 | 2, 326 | 2,333 | 2,352 | 2,343 | 2, 331 | 2,399 | + 2,398 | 2,427 |  |
| Textle mill produc | 3,806 | 4,044 | 4, 029 | 4, 034 | 4, 044 | 4, 0680 | 4,106 2885 | - 4,192 | 4,255 2,915 | 4,295 2,948 | 4, 317 | 4,349 <br> 3,006 | 4,379 3,032 | r 4, 436 $r 3,070$ | 4,401 3,084 |  |
| Paper and allied products.-.-......- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 2,846 6,877 | 2,875 7,018 | 2, 861 | 2,871 7,019 | 2,875 | 2,882 | 2, 885 6,992 | -2,912 | 2,915 | 2,948 | 2,992 | 3,006 <br> 7,136 <br> 1 | 3,032 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \text { 3, } \\ \mathbf{7} 7170 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3,084 7 7 |  |
| Petroleum and coal products...-.....do | 2, 367 | 2,300 | 2,351 | 2,345 | 2, 300 | 2, 262 | 2, 280 | 2, 268 | 2,345 | 2, 321 | 2,335 | 2, 412 | 2,388 | + 2, 391 | 2,503 |  |
| Rubber and plastics products........do....- | 2, 202 | 2,383 | 2,324 | 2,345 | 2,383 | 2,380 | 2,391 | 2,397 | 2,389 | 2,457 | 2,484 | 2,532 | 2,539 | - 2 , 551 | 2,583 |  |
| By stage of fabrication: $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 14, | 14,660 |  | 15, 350 |  |  | 5,721 |  |
| Work in process | 5,647 | 5,968 | 5,928 | 5,927 | 5,968 | 5,960 | 6, 006 | 6,048 | 6,093 | 6,134 | 6,151 | 6, 177 | 6,250 | -6, 298 | 6,338 |  |
| Finished goods | 17,170 | 17,668 | 17,601 | 17, 626 | 17, 668 | 17, 672 | 17, 689 | 17, 848 | 17,740 | 17,964 | 18,063 | 18, 105 | 17,930 | - 18, 013 | 18,178 |  |
| By market category: $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Home goods and apparel................ do | 10,891 | 11,852 | 11, 629 | 11, 703 | 11, 852 | 11,929 | 12, 208 | 12, 404 | 12,299 | 12,426 | 12,586 | 12,707 | 12,842 | -12,929 | 13, 151 |  |
| Consumer staples.-...-................-d | 14,020 | 14,373 | 14, 295 | 14,314 | 14,373 | 14,374 | 14, 474 | 14,575 | 14, 613 | 14,849 | 14,976 | 15, 254 | 15,345 | -15,417 | 15,612 |  |
| Equip. and defense prod., excl. auto ...-do | 25, 659 | 27, 251 | 26, 612 | 26, 917 | 27,251 | 27,452 | 27, 656 | 27,931 | 28, 237 | 28, 338 | 28,680 | 28, 912 | 29,464 | r 29,820 | 30, 239 |  |
| Automotive equipment-........-i---- do | 5,547 | 6,081 | 6,153 | 6, 113 | 6,081 | 6,097 | 6, 152 | 6,264 | 6, 323 | 6, 432 | 6,753 | 6,708 | 6,749 | - 7,084 | 7,038 |  |
| Construction materials and supplies...-d | 8,432 | 8,931 | 8,830 | 8,801 | 8,931 | 8,942 | 8,950 | 9,062 | 9,044 | 9,235 | 9,378 | 9,446 | 9,590 | -9,760 | 9,679 |  |
| Other materials and supplies. | 37,896 | 39, 231 | 39,098 | 39, 126 | 39,231 | 39,393 | 39,642 | 39,938 | 40,061 | 40, 345 | 40,652 | 40,883 | 40,917 | -41, 104 | 41,346 |  |
| Household durables. .....................-d | 5,054 | 5,562 | 5,446 | 5,498 | 5,562 | 5,613 | 5,746 | 5,779 | 5,758 | 6,870 | 5.904 | 5,936 | 5,998 | -6,065 | 6,198 |  |
| Capital goods industriesor.................d | 29,030 | 30,771 | 29,998 | 30, 300 | 30, 771 | 31,087 | 31, 345 | 31,677 | 31,931 | 32, 101 | 32,490 | 32,740 | 33,351 | -33, 691 | 34, 804 |  |
| Nondefense | 24, 445 | 25,684 | 25, 020 | 25, 312 | 25, 684 | 25,877 | 26, 097 | 26, 411 | 26,547 | 26, 717 | 27, 013 | 27,306 | 27,796 | -28,163 | 29, 280 |  |
| en | 4,585 | 5,087 | 4,978 | 4, 988 | 5,087 | 5,210 | 5,248 | 5,266 | 5,384 | 5,384 | 5,477 | 5,434 | 5,555 | 5,528 | 5,524 |  |
| New orders, net (not seas. adj.), total $\ddagger$....... do | 1668,784 | 1762, 170 | 67,957 | 67, 075 | 65, 814 | 66,527 | 73,046 | 76,638 | 74,476 | 74,318 | 78,486 | 70,068 | 73,233 | -76,978 | 79, 047 |  |
| Durable goods industries, total...............d | 357,010 | 418, 400 | 37, 690 | 36, 827 | 36,730 | 37, 657 | 41,467 | 43, 926 | 42,241 | 42,341 | 44,914 | 39,411 | 39,737 | -42,703 | 44,517 | 243,724 |
| Nondurable goods industries, total...........do | 311, 774 | 343, 770 | 30, 267 | 30,248 | 29,084 | 28,870 | 31, 579 | 32,712 | 32, 235 | 31,977 | 33, 572 | 30,657 | 33,496 | -34, 275 | 34,605 |  |
| New orders, net (seas. adj.), total $\ddagger$............-do. | 668,784 | 762,170 | 66,355 | 67, 726 | 68,908 | 70,016 | 71,022 | 72,806 | 73, 325 | 74, 535 | 75.361 | 75,145 | 76,113 | -75,129 | 77,429 |  |
| By industry group: | 357,010 |  | 37, 127 | 37, 462 | 38,325 |  |  |  |  | 42, 449 | 43, 016 | 42,697 | 42,689 | 42, 259 | -44,037 | 244,164 |
|  | 52, 048 | 60, 414 | 5,512 | 5,449 | 38, 5 , 557 | 5, 694 | 6,015 | 6,500 | 6,656 | 7,042 | 7,015 | 6,658 | 7,150 | -6,325 | - 6,868 | 26,750 |
| Blast furnaces. steel mills..................d | 25, 220 | 29,813 | 2, 870 | 2,757 | 2,767 | 2, 819 | 3,061 | 3,459 | 3, 604 | 3,729 | 3, 817 | 3,493 | 3,912 | - 3, 068 | 3, 267 |  |
| Nonferrous metals. | 19,760 | 21,670 | 1,859 | 1,916 | 1, 970 | 2,047 | 2,138 | 2,146 | 2,147 | 2,316 | 2,232 | 2, 219 | 2, 296 | - 2,338 | 2,478 |  |
| Fabricated metal products.....-......- | 41,576 | 48, 075 | 4, 109 | 3,983 | 4,393 | 4,449 | 4,635 | 4, 556 | 4,488 | 4,861 | 4,672 | 5,008 | 4,903 | -4,982 | 5,116 |  |
| Machinery, except electrical.-.............d | 55, 014 | 63, 779 | 5,580 | 5,886 | 6, 101 | 6,116 | 6,093 | 6,443 | 6,411 | 6,544 | 6,719 | 6,902 | 6,647 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { - } 6,922 \\ +553 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 7,268 |  |
| Electrical machinery- | 49,769 8981 | 57, 171 | 4,986 10,150 | 5,152 9813 | 5,010 10,226 | 5,320 10,657 | 5,496 10,203 2, | 5,727 10,281 | 5,710 10.503 | 5,696 10,739 | - $\begin{array}{r}5,682 \\ 11,329 \\ 3\end{array}$ | 5,676 10,980 | 5,701 10,948 | r 5,537 $\cdot 10.978$ | 5,820 $+11,368$ | 211,412 |
| Transportation equipment | 89, 841 | 109,377 29,615 | 10,150 2,705 | 9,813 2,369 | 10,226 2,960 | 10,657 2,889 | 10,203 2,727 | 10,281 2,674 | 10.503 2,678 | 10,739 3,068 | 11,329 3,269 | 10,980 2,698 | 10,948 2,867 | - 10,978 $r$ | r $\times$ 3,173 | 211,412 |
| Aircraft, missiles, and parts...-......-do.. | 21,869 | 29,615 | 2,705 | 2,369 | 2,960 | 2,889 | 2,727 | 2,674 | 2,678 | 3, 068 | 3,269 | 2,698 | 2,867 | -3,063 | 3,173 |  |
| Nonduroble goods industries, total......-do....- | 311,774 | 343, 770 | 29, 228 | 30, 264 | 30,583 | 30,798 | 31, 257 | 31,785 | 31,984 | 32,086 | 32,345 | 32,448 | 33,424 | -32, 870 | 33,477 |  |
| Industries with unfilled orders $\oplus$........-d.....- | 81, 80,456 231,318 | 89,291 254,479 | 7,548 21,680 | 7,815 22,449 | 7,739 22,844 | 7,919 22,879 | 81,009 23,248 | 8,081 23,704 | 8,301 23,683 | 8,417 23,669 | 8,186 24,159 | 8,242 24,206 | 8,370 25,054 | r 8,260 $\cdot 24,610$ | 8,492 24,985 |  |


| Unless other wise stated in footnotes below, data through 1970 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1971 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1971 | 1972 | 1972 |  |  | 1973 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS—Continued

| MANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES, AND ORDERS $\ddagger$-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| New orders, net (seas. adj.) $\ddagger$-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| By market category: Home goods and apparel..................mil. s. | ${ }^{2} 65,383$ | 271,896 | 6,205 | 6, 493 | 6,315 | 6,393 |  | 6,707 | 6,858 | 6,695 | 6,778 | 6,642 | 6,491 | -6,732 | 6,865 |  |
|  | ${ }^{2133,569}$ | 2146,254 | 12,330 | 12,742 | 12,941 | 12,964 | 13, 146 | 13,533 | 13,565 | 13,561 | 13,738 | 13,846 | 14,480 | r 13,926 | 14,396 |  |
| Equip. and defense prod., excl. auto-----do. | 291,469 | 2108,318 | 9,363 | 9,810 | 9,864 | 10, 205 | 10, 100 | 10,724 | 10, 903 | 11,097 | 11, 520 | 10,753 | 10, 939 | r 11, 107 | 11, 271 |  |
| Automotive equipment.........-........d. | ${ }^{2} 68,773$ | 280,395 | 7,501 | 7, 605 | 7,449 | 7,913 | 7,655 | 7,577 | 7,523 | 7,746 | 7,708 | 8,322 | 8,060 | -8, 105 | 8,310 |  |
| Construction materials and supplies......do. | ${ }^{2} 555,786$ | ${ }^{2} 64,323$ | 5,439 | 5,565 | 5,909 | 5,895 | 6,118 | 6,190 | 6, 017 | 6,423 | 6, 240 | 6,406 | 6,417 | $\stackrel{\cdot 6,458}{ }$ | 6,606 |  |
| Other materials and supplies...-.-.......do | 2253,804 | 2290,984 | 25,517 | 25,511 | 26, 430 | 26, 646 | 27,309 | 28,075 | 28, 459 | 29,013 | 29,377 | 29,176 | 29,726 | r28,801 | 29,981 |  |
| Supplementary series: Household durables......................do | 227, 200 | 231,645 | 2,797 | 2,860 | 2,785 | 2,751 | 3,061 | 3,033 | 3,077 | 3,007 | 3,078 | 3,154 | 2,996 | - 3,055 | -3,220 | 3,276 |
| Capital goods industries¢.............................. | 2107,755 | 2128,461 | 11,062 | 11, 124 | 11,815 | 12, 037 | 11, 830 | 12,461 | 12,571 | 12,768 | 13, 590 | 12,603 | 12,887 | r12, 832 | + $+13,488$ | ${ }_{1}^{13,669}$ |
| Nondefense................................. do | 288,069 | 2107,790 | 9, 625 | 9,699 | 9,991 | 10,277 | 10, 105 | 10,572 | 10,619 | 10,919 | 11,415 | 11, 404 | 11,032 | -11, 267 | - 11,595 | -11,883 |
| Defense. | ${ }^{2} 19,686$ | ${ }^{2} 20,671$ | 1,437 | 1,425 | 1,824 | 1,760 | 1,725 | 1,889 | 1, 952 | 1,849 | 2,175 | 1,199 | 1,855 | - 1,565 | -1,893 | ${ }^{1} 1$ 1,786 |
| Unflled orders, end of year or month (unadjusted). totalt. mil. \$- | 72,731 | 85,314 | 82, 667 | 83, 175 | 85, 314 | 88,077 | 90,788 | 94, 583 | 97, 044 | 98,772 | 100,983 | 103,699 | 106,104 | r107,800 | 109, 970 |  |
| Durable goods industries, total................do...- | 69, 652 | 81,345 | 78, 927 | 79, 251 | 81, 345 | 83, 941 | 86, 422 | 90, 020 | 92, 316 | 93, 950 | 96, 222 | 98,995 | 101, 441 | r103,198 | -105,436 | 1107,381 |
| Nondur. goods ind. with unfiled orders $\oplus$....do.... | 3, 079 | 3,969 | 3,740 | 3, 924 | 3, 969 | 4,136 | 4,366 | 4,563 | 4, 728 | 4,822 | 4,761 | 4,704 | 4,663 | r 4, 602 | 4, 616 |  |
| Unfilled orders, end of year or month (seasonally adjusted), total $\ddagger$ <br> By industry group: | 73, 282 | 86,020 | 83, 483 | 84, 216 | 86, 020 | 87,635 | 89,412 | 92, 499 | 95,354 | 98,602 | 102,355 | 104,246 | 107,344 | r109,410 | 111,787 |  |
| Durable goods industries, total 9........- do...- | 70,152 | 81,986 | 79,683 | 80, 275 | 81, 986 | 83, 431 | 85, 074 | 88,031 | 90, 719 | 93, 882 | 97, 647 | 99, 560 | 102, 621 | r104,716 | -107,185 | 109,041 |
|  | 5, 657 $\mathbf{3 , 2 1 6}$ $\mathbf{2 1 2}$ | 7,964 | 7,874 5,037 | 7,974 $\mathbf{5 , 0 6 4}$ | 7,964 | 8,209 5,076 | 8,572 5,317 | - ${ }^{\mathbf{9}, 438}$ | 10,623 7,000 | 11, 8 , 025 | 13,181 9,089 | 13,815 9,658 | 14,798 10,540 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \hline 14,857 \\ \hline 10,459\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 14,996 \\ 10,246 \end{array}$ | ${ }^{1} 14,932$ |
| Nonferrous metals. | 1,571 | 1,861 | 1,791 | 1,843 | 1,861 | 1,999 | 2, 2,106 | 2, 219 | 2,305 | 2, 806 | $\stackrel{\text { 2, }}{260}$ | $\stackrel{\text { 2, }}{234}$ | 10, 528 | r 10,459 $\times 2,582$ | 10,246 2,722 |  |
| Fabricated metal products.........-...do | 9,943 | 10,926 | 10,612 | 10,580 | 10,926 | 11, 111 | 11, 297 | 11,523 | 11, 650 | 12,024 | 12,285 | 12,686 | 13, 206 | r 13, 842 | 14, 281 |  |
| Machinery, except electrical.-------.--do | 12, 150 | 14, 917 | 13,952 | 14, 350 | 14, 917 | 15,349 | 15,807 | 16, 432 | 16, 866 | 17,365 | 17,926 | 18,587 | 19, 118 | r19,798 | 20,685 |  |
| Electrical machinery. | 14,511 | 15,748 | 15, 424 | 15, 639 | 15, 748 | 15,983 | 16,338 | 16,850 | 17, 166 | 17, | 17,984 | 18,256 | 18,610 | r18, 857 |  |  |
| Aircraft, missiles, and pa | 15, 400 | 18,010 | 17,596 | 17,468 | 18,010 | 18, 198 | 18, 330 | 18,617 | 18, 497 | 18,663 | 19,009 | 18,748 | 19,003 | r 19,148 | - 30,437 | 130,800 |
| Nondur. goods Ind. with unfille | 3,130 | 4, 034 | 3,800 | 3,941 | 4, 034 | 4, 204 | 4,338 | 4,468 | 4,635 | 4,720 | 4,708 | 4,686 | 4,723 | r 4, 694 | 4,689 |  |
| By market category: $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Home goods, apparel, consumer staples..-do | 2,083 | 2,432 | 2, 515 | 2,466 | 2,432 | 2,355 | 2,493 | 2,562 | 2,663 | 2, 668 | 2,770 | 2,877 | 2, 761 | $\stackrel{\text { r } 2,806 ~}{\text { - }}$ | 2,877 |  |
| Equip. and defense nrod., incl. auto-.....do- | 38,696 9,433 | -44, $\begin{array}{r}\text { 10, } 270\end{array}$ | ${ }_{9}^{42,951}$ |  | 44,365 10,270 | 45,142 | 45,843 10,589 | -47,159 | 48,076 | 49, 165 |  |  |  | r 53,052 $r 12,805$ | 54,099 13,286 |  |
| Other materials and supplies..............-do | 23,070 | 28, 953 | 28,094 | 28, 284 | 28,953 | 29,688 | 10,487 | 31, 942 | 33, 700 | 35, 511 | 37, 425 | 38,652 | 40, 136 | +12, $+40,747$ | 41,525 |  |
| Supplementary series: $\ddagger$ <br> Household durables | 1,637 | 1,933 |  | 1, 173 |  |  |  |  | 2,112 | 2,127 | 2,230 | 2,288 | 2, 201 |  |  |  |
|  | 43,298 | 50, 165 | 48,644 | 49,031 | 50, 165 | 50,907 | 11,981 | 52,882 | 53,755 | 54,679 | 56,308 | 56,773 | 57, 274 | ${ }_{r} 58,771$ | r 2,281 +60165 | $+2,390$ 61449 |
| Nondefense. | 26, 79 | 30,612 | 29, 208 | 29,742 | 30,612 | 31, 292 | 31, 866 | 32,948 | 33, 509 | 34,329 | 35,364 | 36, 303 | 37, 202 | -38, 042 | - 39,253 | 1621,449 140,393 |
|  | 17,219 | 19,553 | 19,436 | 19,289 | 19,553 | 19,615 | 19,710 | 19,934 | 20, 246 | 20,350 | 20,944 | 20,470 | 20,772 | -20, 729 | - 20,912 | ${ }^{1} \mathbf{1 2 1 , 0 5 6}$ |
| BUSINESS INCORPORATIONS ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New Incorporations ( 50 States and Dist. Col.): <br> Unadjustede ----..................................... <br>  | 287, 577 | 316, 601 | 26,736 27,417 | 23,991 | 26,059 | 30, 114 | 26, 284 | 31,967 | 29, 304 | - $\begin{aligned} & 38,476 \\ & 28,422\end{aligned}$ | 29,003 | $\xrightarrow{27,797}$ | $\xrightarrow{27,510}$ |  |  |  |
| INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fallures, total...----......................number.- | 10, 326 | 9,566 | 755 | 799 | 708 | 772 | 753 | 874 | 796 | 838 | 840 | 714 | 837 | 717 | 772 |  |
|  | 1,464 | 1,252 | 88 | ${ }^{91}$ | 98 | 90 | 85 | 117 | 94 | 97 | 94 | 89 | 114 | 105 | 109 |  |
|  | 1,545 | 1,375 | 106 | 127 | 118 | 105 | 94 | 115 | 119 | 149 | 124 | 120 | 112 | 121 | 139 |  |
| Manufacturing and mining--.----.-.-.--- do | 1,932 | 1,576 | 125 | 121 | 108 | 125 | 126 | 137 | 112 | 106 | 125 | 120 | 130 | 130 | 117 |  |
|  | 4,428 | 4,398 | ${ }_{73}$ | 393 | 308 | 376 | 378 | 411 | 396 | 390 | 411 | 316 | 396 | 301 | 334 |  |
|  | 957 | 965 | 73 | 67 | 76 | 76 | 70 | 94 | 75 | 96 | 86 | 69 | 85 | 60 | 73 |  |
| Llabilities (current), total...-------....- thous. \$.- | 1,916,929 | 2,000.244 | 152,974 | 208, 583 | 86,786 | 205, 837 | 137, 162 | 252, 319 | 119, 343 | 167,949 | 180, 209 | 206, 186 | 190, 147 | 189, 473 | 185, 660 |  |
|  | 356, ${ }^{323}$ | 231, 813 | 14,072 | 17, ${ }_{2} 024$ | 16,089 | 17, 526 | 5,407 | 37,035 | 8,071 | 9,290 | 9,822 | 37, 197 | 17, 188 | 21,054 | 30, 201 |  |
| Construction | 222, 357 | 193, 530 | 12,737 | 22, 044 | 13,728 | 20,282 | 18,490 | 21, 120 | 19,202 | 37,932 | 16,928 | 33,800 | 21, 225 | 44, 024 | 34,791 |  |
| Manufacturing and mining.-..............-do | 712,611 | 766, 991 | 47, 907 | 52, 284 | 19,266 | 115,440 | 73, 929 | 81, 669 | 38,588 | 57, 965 | 89, 959 | 55,995 | 55, 207 | 54, 935 | 60,400 |  |
|  | 444,086 | 558, 270 | 63. 580 | 105.445 | 22,401 | 37, 826 | 30, 184 | 73, 237 | 33, 528 | 33, 665 | 36,923 | 42, 572 | 68, 438 | 46, 552 | 41,487 |  |
|  | 180,952 | 249,640 | 14, 678 | 11,308 | 15, 302 | 14, 763 | 9, 152 | 36, 258 | 19, 954 | 29,067 | 26, 577 | 36,622 | 28, 089 | 22, 908 | 18,781 |  |
| Failure annual rate (seasonally adjusted) No. per 10,000 concerns.- | 241.7 | ${ }^{2} 38.3$ | 38.8 | 38.5 | 37.4 | 34.9 | 36.0 | 35.9 | 35.2 | 36.3 | 38.2 | 35.7 | 39.1 | 38.6 | 37.0 |  |

COMMODITY PRICES

| PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY <br> FARMERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Prices recelved, sll farm products $\ldots . . .1910-14=100 \ldots$ | 285 | 320 | 329 | 332 | 349 | 365 | 379 | 405 | 400 | 413 | 437 | 438 | 527 | 486 | 468 | 459 |
|  | 242 | 261 | 264 | 272 | 287 | 295 | 299 | 316 | 324 | 348 | 385 | 371 | 440 | 414 | 411 | 408 |
| Commerclal vegetables...-...-...........-. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 322 | 327 | 300 | 354 | 336 | 402 | 395 | 411 | 463 | 434 | 444 | 430 | 360 | 325 | 318 | 335 |
|  | 206 | 243 | 216 | 229 | 216 | 187 | 199 | 222 | 229 | 255 | 249 | 257 | 310 | 377 | 370 | 330 |
|  | 185 | 183 | 188 | 192 | 221 | 223 | 216 | 218 | 220 | 243 | 281 | 288 | 363 | 325 | 331 | 330 |
|  | 167 | 192 | 228 | 239 | 283 | 283 | 243 | 251 | 262 | 262 | 291 | 294 | 506 | 528 | 501 | 518 |
| Fruit | 261 | 280 | 325 | 277 | 265 | 282 | 301 | 331 | 316 | 316 | 345 | 335 | 322 | 325 | 351 | 314 |
| Tobacco..................................- ${ }^{\text {do. }}$ | 619 | 685 | 702 | 704 | 704 | 707 | 704 | 704 | 707 | 707 | 706 | 703 | 709 | 729 | 724 | 735 |
| Livestock and products\% ...-.-.-............do.. | 321 | 371 | 385 | 383 | 402 | 424 | 447 | 481 | 466 | 469 | 480 | 495 | 602 | 548 | 518 | 503 |
|  | 354 | 366 | 383 | 391 | 391 | 391 | 392 | 388 | 381 | 378 | 378 | 336 | 411 | 456 | 482 | 505 |
|  | 402 | 494 | 513 | 497 | 527 | 560 | 612 | 669 | 638 | 650 | 664 | 687 | 849 | 731 | 670 | 635 |
|  | 133 | 137 | 136 | 151 | 168 | 192 | 179 | 204 | 211 | 204 | 221 | 228 | 310 | 282 | 254 | 240 |
| Prices paid: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All commoditles and services....--.........do.... | 352 | 371 | 377 | 381 | 386 | 394 | 401 | 409 | 413 | 421 | 434 | 433 | 451 | 447 | 447 | 452 |
| Family living items....-.-.-.-.-.......-- - do. | 382 | 401 | 404 | 408 | 410 | 414 | 421 | 426 | 433 | 438 | 443 | 443 | 453 | 456 | 458 | 470 |
|  | 331 | 350 | 358 | 361 | 369 | 379 | 386 | 396 | 399 | 409 | 428 | 426 | 451 | 441 | - 439 | 439 |
| All commodities and services, interest, taxes. and wage rates (parity index) ........1910-14=100.. | 410 | 432 | 440 | 443 | 449 | 458 | 465 | 473 | 480 | 488 | 500 | 499 | 516 | 512 | 514 | 518 |
|  | 69 | 74 | 75 | 75 | 78 | 80 | 82 | 86 | 83 | 85 | 87 | 88 | 102 | 95 | 91 | 89 |

${ }^{*}$ Revised. ${ }^{D}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Advance estimate; total mirs. unfilled orders for Oct. $\underset{\text { vised back to } 1966 \text { to }}{ }$ and calculation of new seasonal factors. Revisions and further details available from the Census Bureau as follows: 1966-Mfrs. Shipments, Inventories, and Orders: 1966-72, M3-1.4, Revised; 1967-Mar. 1973 -Mfrs. Shipments, Inventories, and Orders: 1967-73, M3-1.5.
$\oplus$ Includes textile mill products, leather and products, paper and allied products, and o Includes data for items not shown separately. Inc. (failures data for 48 States and Dist of Col.). O $^{\circ}$ Compiled by Dun \& Bradstreet, and Mar. 1970-Dec. 1971 (seas. adj.) will be shown later. \& Ratio of prices received to prices paid (parity index).

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1970 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1971 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1971 | 1972 | 1972 |  |  | 1973 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

COMMODITY PRICES-Continued


| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1970 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1971 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1971 | 1972 | 1972 |  |  | 1973 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

COMMODITY PRICES-Continued

| WHOLESALE PRICES $\sigma^{+}-$Continued <br> (U.S. Department of Labor Inderes-Continued) All commodities-Continued Industrial commodities-Continued Hides, skins, and leather products $\%$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Footwear .-.........................do... | ${ }_{114.0}$ | 131.3 124.5 | 139.8 | 144.0 128.5 | 142.2 128.7 | 143.9 129.0 | 144.9 130.9 | 143.5 | 145.0 131.5 | 142.2 1293 | 140.9 | 141.4 | 143.0 | 143.8 | 143.8 | 143.0 131.9 |
| Hides and | 115.1 | 213.7 | 270.8 | 287.0 | 255.2 | 274.0 | 272.7 | 246.4 | 270.2 | 253.5 | 241.6 | 246.3 | 261.6 | 257.3 | 256.3 | 239.8 |
| Leather .......-.-.-.-....................d. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 112.5 | 140.3 | 153.3 | 162.6 | 162.2 | 162.8 | 162.9 | 164.5 | 161.1 | 169.7 | 156.4 | 156.8 | 157.5 | 162.8 | 160.7 | 160.4 |
| Lumber and wood products..............do | 127.0 | 144.3 | 149.2 | 149.4 | 149.8 | 151.0 | 161.0 | 173.2 | 182.0 | 186.9 | 183.1 | 177.8 | 178.8 | 181.9 | 180.3 | 184.7 |
|  | 135.5 | 159.4 | 166.1 | 166.8 | 167.9 | 169.0 | 182.3 | 195.8 | 207.2 | 215.4 | 214.8 | 209.6 | 210.8 | 216.9 | 214.5 | 211.1 |
| Machinery and equipment \% .-.---...-.- do | 116.5 | 117.9 | 118.4 | 118.5 | 118.6 | 118.9 | 119.4 | 120.0 | 120.8 | 121.5 | 121.9 | 122.0 | 122.3 | 122.6 | 123.1 | 123.8 |
| Agricultural machinery and equip--.-. do | 117.2 | 122.3 | 122.6 | 122.9 | 122.9 | 123.6 | 124.4 | 124.7 | 124.7 | 125.0 | 125.4 | 125.5 | 125.5 | 125.6 | 127.5 | 128.9 |
| Construction machinery and equip....do | 121,4 | 125.7 | 126.1 | 126.3 | 126.3 | 126.6 | 127.4 | 128.6 | 130.4 | 130.9 | 131.3 | 130.9 | 131.4 | 131.4 | 132.5 | 132.7 |
| Electrical machinery and equip.-......do | 109.5 | 110.4 | 110.5 | 110.6 | 110.6 | 110.9 | 111.0 | 111.3 | 111.7 | 112.3 | 112.7 | 112.7 | 112.7 | 112.8 | 113.0 | 113.3 |
| Metalworking machinery and equip....do... | 117.3 | 120.2 | 121.2 | 121.3 | 121.3 | 121.8 | 122.5 | 123.4 | 124.5 | 125.2 | 125.6 | 125.8 | 125.8 | 126.6 | 127.5 | 128.0 |
| Metals and metal products 9 ---------.-- do | 119.0 | 123.5 | 124.1 | 124.1 | 124.4 | 125.6 | 126.9 | 129.2 | 130.5 | 131.7 | 132.5 | 132.8 | 133.7 | 134.4 | 135.9 | 138.5 |
| Heating equipment.-...-................do | 115.5 | 118.2 | 119.2 | 119.2 | 119.2 | 118.8 | 119.2 | 119.5 | 120.5 | 120.2 | 120.7 | 120.9 | 120.7 | 120.7 | 120.8 | 121.1 |
|  | 121.8 | 128.4 | 128.9 | 129.0 | 129.5 | 131.9 | 133.0 | 133.3 | 134.0 | 135.3 | 135.9 | 135.9 | 136.0 | 136.5 | 138.6 | 141.6 |
| Nonferrous metals....---.-.-...........d. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 116.0 | 116.9 | 117.3 | 117.2 | 117.4 | 117.9 | 121.0 | 128.3 | 131.4 | 133.2 | 135.0 | 135.9 | 137.9 | 138.5 | 140.7 | 144.9 |
| Nonmetalic mineral products 9 $\qquad$ do.... Clay prod., structural, excl. refractorles | 122.4 | 126.1 | 127.3 | 127.3 | 127.4 | 128.2 | 128.4 | 129.0 | 130.0 | 130.5 | 131.1 | 130.0 | 130.0 | 129.9 | 130.9 | 131.5 |
| Concrete products........................ do | 120.6 | 1125.6 | 118.4 127.2 | 1187.8 | 118.9 127.5 | ${ }_{128.5}^{120.3}$ | 122.5 | 122.2 | 123.0 1308 | 123.6 | 123.8 | 123.8 | 123.9 132.3 | 123.9 | 124.6 133.6 | 124.6 134.1 |
| Gypsum products..............-...............do | 106.8 | 114.7 | 115.5 | 115.0 | 114.8 | 117.4 | 115.8 | 118.1 | 119.6 | 120.4 | 124.1 | 122.9 | 122.5 | 122.0 | 122.4 | 122.0 |
| Pulp, paper, and allied products ........-do | 110.1 | 113.4 | 114.7 | 115.0 | 115.1 | 115.8 | 116.5 | 118.3 | 119.8 | 120.7 | 122.0 | 122.3 | 123.3 | 124.4 | 125.8 | 127.6 |
| Paper...- | 114.1 | 116.3 | 116.8 | 117.3 | 117.5 | 117.8 | 118.5 | 119.2 | 120.2 | 120.8 | 122.5 | 121.8 | 121.5 | 121.7 | 122.3 | 124.7 |
| Rubber and plastics products | 109.2 | 109.3 | 109.5 | 109.8 | 109.8 | 110.0 | 110.1 | 110.3 | 110.6 | 111.5 | 112.6 | 112.9 | 113.1 | 112.8 | 114.0 | 114.8 |
| Tires and tubes. | 109.2 | 109.2 | 109.7 | 109.7 | 109.7 | 109.7 | 109.3 | 109.3 | 109.4 | 110.0 | 110.4 | 110.4 | 110.4 | 110.4 | 115.1 | 116.3 |
| Textile products and apparel \% .-.-.-.-.-. do. | 108.6 | 113.6 | 114.8 | 115.1 | 115.6 | 116.6 | 117.4 | 119.0 | 120.8 | 122.3 | 123.7 | 124.2 | 125.2 | 126.8 | 128.5 | 130.0 |
|  | 112.9 | 114.8 | 115.6 | 115.9 | 116.0 | 116.5 | 116.8 | 117.0 | 117.7 | 118.4 | 118.8 | 118.8 | 119.3 | 119.5 | 121.5 | 121.9 |
|  | 110.6 | 121.8 | 124.0 | 124.2 | 124.8 | 126.0 | 128.2 | 130.0 | 133.3 | 137.4 | 141.3 | 144.6 | 147.3 | 153.1 | 155.5 | 161.2 |
| Manmade fiber textile products | 100.8 | 108.0 | 108.6 | 109.5 | 110.3 | 111.4 | 111.8 | 115.2 | 118.7 | 121.5 | 122.9 | 123.1 | 123.7 | 126.7 | 127.7 | 128.6 |
| Wool products-...-.-...... | 93.5 | 99.4 | 106.6 | 107.1 | 108.8 | 114.5 | 119.2 | 127.7 | 129.8 | 127.5 | 131.3 | 132.1 | 134.9 | 133.7 | 130.2 | 128.9 |
| Transportation equipment $\% \ldots$. ${ }^{\text {Dec. }} 1968=100$ | 110.3 | 113.7 | 112.9 | 113.0 | 114.2 | 114.1 | 114.2 | 114.5 | 114.9 | 115.1 | 115.0 | 115.0 | 115.1 | 114.5 | 115.9 | 116.1 |
| Motor vehicles and equip..........1967=100.. | 114.7 | 118.0 | 116:9 | 117.0 | 118.4 | 118.2 | 118.2 | 118.6 | 119.0 | 119.1 | 118.9 | 119.0 | 119.0 | 118.3 | 120.0 | 120.1 |
| Miscellaneous products 8 .-.-.-..........- do | 112.8 | 114.6 | 115.0 | 115.0 | 115.1 | 115.8 | 117.1 | 117.9 | 118.6 | 119.5 | 120.2 | 120.9 | 121.0 | 121.1 | 121.0 | 121.3 |
| Toys, sporting goods, etc...............-. do... | 112.6 | 114.4 | 114.9 | 115.0 | ${ }_{115.5}^{115}$ | 116.2 | 116.5 | 117.1 | 117.2 | 117.3 | 117.5 | 117.6 | 117.8 | 118.3 | 119.2 | 119.9 |
| Tobacco products...-.-.-.-.-..........d. do...- | 116.7 | 117.5 | 117.5 | 117.5 | 117.5 | 117.5 | 121.0 | 121.8 | 122.0 | 122.3 | 122.5 | 122.5 | 122.5 | 122.5 | 122.7 | 122.8 |
| PURCHASING POWER OF THE DOLLAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| As measured by- <br> Wholesale prices $1967=\$ 1.00$ | $\$ 0.878$ .824 | $\$ 0.840$ $\quad .798$ | $\$ 0.833$ | $\begin{array}{r}\$ 0.829 \\ \hline 788\end{array}$ | $\$ 0.814$ | \$0.803 | $\$ 0.788$ .778 | \$0.771 | \$0.765 | \$0.749 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { \$0. } \\ \hline\end{array}$ | \$0.741 | \$0.701 | \$0.713 | \$0.717 | $\$ 0.705$ .727 |
| Consumer prices...-....-.-------...........-do.. | . 824 | . 798 |  |  | $.786$ | . 783 |  |  | . 765 | . 760 | . 755 |  | . 740 | . 738 | . 732 | . 727 |

CONSTRUCTION AND REAL ESTATE

| CONSTRUCTION PUT IN PLACE 1 <br> New construction (unadjusted), total ๆ......mil. \$.- | 109,238 | 123, 836 | 11, 571 | 11,048 | 10,502 | 9,572 | 9,201 | 10,061 | 10,885 | 11,728 | 12,277 | 12,421 | 12,772 | -12,557 | 12, 161 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 79,367 | 93,640 | 8,686 | 8,506 | 8,114 | 7,341 | 6,993 | 7,639 | 8,305 | 8,881 | 9,378 | 9,572 | 9, 712 | - 9, 464 | 9, 298 |  |
| Residential (including farm) ................do. | 43, 268 | 54, 186 | 5,046 | 4,946 | 4,677 | 4, 249 | 4,008 | 4,348 | 4,800 | 5,177 | 5,476 | 5,555 | 5,545 | r 5,364 | 5,040 |  |
| New housing units.-------............-. ${ }^{\text {do. }}$ | 35, 066 | 44, 736 | 4,236 | 4,181 | 3, 954 | 3,553 | 3,328 | 3,559 | 3,822 | 4,096 | 4,411 | 4,544 | 4,551 | -4,411 | 4,129 |  |
| Nonresidential buildings, except farm and public utilities, total $\%$ $\qquad$ mil. \$. | 22,479 | 24,036 | 2,221 | 2,121 | 2,051 | 1,929 | 1,862 | 2,063 | 2,194 | 2,302 | 2,428 | 2,483 | 2, 550 | -2,487 | 2,584 |  |
| Industrial | 5, 423 | 4,676 | 2, 397 | 2, 399 | 2,051 +420 | 1,929 1 | 1,862 360 | 2,003 418 | $\begin{array}{r}2,194 \\ \hline 437\end{array}$ | 2,302 +46 | $\begin{array}{r}2,428 \\ \hline 510\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}2,483 \\ \hline 545\end{array}$ | 2,550 587 | $\begin{array}{r}2,487 \\ +560 \\ \hline 1.408\end{array}$ | 2,584 |  |
|  | 11,619 | 13,462 | 1,274 | 1,187 | 1,137 | 1,088 | 1,051 | 1,154 | 1,235 | 1,322 | 1,372 | 1,384 | 1,422 | r 1,408 | 1, 441 |  |
| Public utilities: <br> Telephone and telegraph | 3,005 | 3,283 | 1, 307 | 1, 307 | 314 | 223 | 245 | 300 | 1,295 | 1,322 336 | 1,372 356 | 1,3848 | 1,42 379 | 346 |  |  |
|  | 29,871 | 30,196 | 2,885 | 2,542 | 2,388 | 2,231 | 2,208 | 2,422 | 2,580 | 2,847 | 2,899 | 2,849 | 3,060 | -3,093 | 2,863 |  |
| Buildings (excluding military) $¢$ | 11,397 | 11,500 | 1,102 | 958 | 1,012 | 1,051 | 1,001 | 1,075 | 1, 131 | 1,162 | 1,066 | 1,020 | 1,061 | 1,083 |  |  |
| Housing and redevelopment . .-............do..... | 1, 136 | 11,875 | $\begin{array}{r}1,173 \\ 4 \\ \hline 17\end{array}$ | 71 | $\begin{array}{r}1 . \\ \hline 51 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,056 66 | 1, 57 | 183 8 | 1,181 74 52 | 1,162 52 | . 81 | +83 | 1, 75 | + 83 |  |  |
|  | 572 <br> 901 | 6534 1,080 | 47 100 | 43 108 | 51 103 | 56 94 | 45 96 | 48 94 | 52 85 | 52 106 | 57 107 | 43 101 | 42 103 | $\begin{array}{r} \\ \hline\end{array} 8$ | 53 |  |
|  | 10,658 | 10,448 | 1,045 | 914 | 717 | 579 | 598 | 643 | 727 | 888 | 1,015 | 1,082 | 10 |  |  |  |
| New construction (seasonally adjusted at annual rates), total $\qquad$ bil. \$- |  |  | 128.5 | 126.8 | 131.6 | 135.5 | 136.1 | 138.0 | 135.5 | 136.5 | 135.9 | 138.4 | 138.1 | - 137.2 | 134.7 |  |
|  |  |  | 96.2 | 97.5 | 98.4 | 101.8 | 103.8 | 104.3 | 103.0 | 104. 1 | 104.9 | 106.9 | 107.0 | F 104.3 | 102.7 |  |
| Residential (including farm) $\qquad$ do |  |  | 66.4 | 57.2 | 57.5 | 59.1 | 61.2 | 61.2 | 59.9 | 59.8 | 60.1 | 60.2 | 60.0 | - 58.9 | 56.1 |  |
| New housing units. |  |  | 46.9 | 47.8 | 48.0 | 48.1 | 49.4 | 49.6 | 48.9 | 49.2 | 49.5 | 49.5 | 49.2 | +48.2 | 45.8 |  |
| Nonresidential buildings, except farm and public utilities, total o. $\qquad$ bil. \$- |  |  | 24.3 | 24.5 | 24.8 | 26.3 | 26.2 | 26.7 | 27.0 | 27.7 | 28.0 | 28.9 | 28.6 | -27.2 | 28.3 |  |
|  |  |  | 4.3 | 4. 6 | 4.8 | 5.3 | 5.2 | 5.5 | 5.3 | 5.3 | 5.9 15 | 6.3 | 6.7 | 27.3 +15.1 | 6.5 15.6 |  |
|  |  |  | 13.7 | 13.6 | 13.9 | 15.0 | 14.9 | 15.1 | 15.5 | 16.1 | 15.7 | 16.1 | 15.8 | -15.1 | 15.6 |  |
| Public utilities: <br> Telephone and telegraph |  |  | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 4.0 | 3.9 | 4.1 | 4.3 | 4.0 |  |  |
|  |  |  | 32.3 | 29.3 | 33.1 | 33.7 | 32.3 | 33.6 | 32.6 | 32.3 | 31.0 | 31.5 | 31.1 | - 32.9 | 31.9 |  |
| Bulldings (excluding military) $\%$......... do |  |  | 13.3 | 11.1 | 12.9 | 14.2 | 12.7 | 14.0 | 13.7 | 13.4 | -12. 1 | 12.1 | 11.7 | 12.5 | ------- |  |
| Housing and redevelopment.............do. |  |  | . 9 | . 7 | . 9 | .8 | . 7 | 1.0 | . 9 | . 9 | . 9 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 |  |  |
| Industrial do.... |  |  | .$^{.5}$ | . 5 | $\stackrel{.6}{1}$ | .7 1.7 | $\begin{array}{r}.6 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | $\stackrel{.6}{18}$ | . 6 | ${ }^{.} 5$ | . 6 | ${ }_{1} .7$ | .5 1.0 | .6 +1.0 | 1.1 |  |
| Military facilitles $\qquad$ $\qquad$ do <br> Highways and streets. do. |  |  | 1.1 10.6 | 11.2 | 1.2 11.0 | 1.2 10.9 | 1.4 11.0 | 1.3 10.5 | 1.2 9.9 | 1.3 9.6 | 1.2 10.1 | 1.3 10.8 | 1.0 10.4 | 11.0 11.2 | 1.1 |  |

- Revised. Preliminary.
$\boldsymbol{\gamma}^{2}$ See corresponding note on p. S-8. of Includes data for items not shown separately.
TBeginning Jan. 1969, data have been revised to reflect the incorporation of now basic

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1970 and descriplive notes are as shown in the 1971 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1971 | 1972 | 1972 |  |  | 1973 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

CONSTRUCTION AND REAL ESTATE-Continued

| CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Construction contracts in 50 States (F. W. Dodge Division, MeGraw-Hill): <br> Valuation, total $\qquad$ mill. \$. | 80, 188 | r91,225 | -8,202 | 7,248 | 6,464 | 6,795 | 6,839 | 8,644 | 8,814 | 9,428 | 9,910 | 9,228 | 10,303 | 8,151 | 8,983 |  |
| Index (mo. data seas. adj.) .-.-.-.-. $1967=100$. | 145 | 165 | 17 | 177 | 163 | 181 | 191 | 193 | 177 | 173 | 183 | 175 | 206 | 182 | 191 |  |
| Public ownershlp......-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.mil. \$-- | 23, 927 | $\stackrel{\text { 24,031 }}{ }$ | ${ }_{-6} \mathbf{1 , 6 4 1}$ | ${ }_{5}^{1,785}$ | 1,660 | 1,918 | 1,717 | 2,046 | 2,071 | 2,359 | ${ }_{6}^{2,995}$ | 2,581 | ${ }^{2}, 9688$ | 2,328 5,822 | 2,055 |  |
| Private ownershlp--.......--.............do | 56, 261 | -67,155 | 「6,561 | 5,462 | 4, 814 | 4,877 | 5,122 | 6,599 | 6,743 | 7,069 | 6, 916 |  | 7,335 |  |  |  |
| Nonresldentlal..--------------------do | 25, 590 | - 27,116 | - 2,389 | 2,184 | 2,212 | 2,420 | 2.229 | 2,707 | 2,634 | 2,629 | 2,976 | 2,991 | 3,241 | 2,719 | 2,758 |  |
|  | 34, 714 | - 45,107 |  |  | 3,120 | 3,195 | 3,277 | 4,643 | 4, 612 | 4,754 | 4,612 | 4,224 | 4,233 | 3,638 | 3,673 |  |
| Non-building constructlon..-.--...-.......do | 19,883 | - 19,000 | -1,562 | 1,402 | 1,132 | 1,180 | 1,333 | 1,294 | 1,668 | 2,045 | 2,323 | 2,013 | 2,828 | 1,794 | 2,552 |  |
| (Engineering News-Record) ©................do | 65,578 | 68, 001 | 6,489 | 8,032 | 7,679 | 6, 102 | 6,014 | 7,600 | 5,710 | 6,602 | 4,026 | 6,070 | 8,373 | 7,416 | 8,518 |  |
| housing starts and permits |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New housing units started: <br> Unadiusted: <br> Total (pivate and public) thous |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total (private snd public)...................thous.. <br> Inside SMSA's. | 2,084.5 | 2, 3 178.7 | 218.2 | 187.1 | ${ }_{116.2}^{152.7}$ | 113.3 | 106.15 | 152.7 | 205.4 154.5 | ${ }_{171.7}^{234}$ | $\underline{203.4}$ | ${ }_{141.6}^{203.2}$ | F 199.9 -147.2 |  | - 148.7 | 132.7 |
| Privately owned........................d. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 2,052.2 | 2,356.6 | 216.5 | 185.7 | 150.5 | 146.6 | 138.0 | 200.0 | 205.0 | 234.0 | 202.6 | 202.6 | 197.2 | -148.4 | - 146.3 | 131.4 |
| One-family structures.................do. | 1,151.0 | 1,309.2 | 117.0 | 97.4 | 73.2 | 77.1 | 73.6 | 105.1 | 120.5 | 131.6 | 114.8 | 114.7 | 106.8 | $\bigcirc 84$ | r 85.7 | 70.5 |
| Seasonally adjusted at annual rates: $f$ <br> Total privately owned <br> One-family structures. $\qquad$ $\qquad$ |  |  | 2,446 1,315 | 2,395 1,324 | 2, ${ }^{\mathbf{1}, 269}$ | 2,497 1,450 | 2,456 | 2,260 1,245 | 2,123 | $\xrightarrow{2,413} 1$ | $\xrightarrow{2,128}$ | 1, ${ }_{1}^{2,191}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,094 \\ & 1,125 \end{aligned}$ | $\stackrel{\text { r }}{\text { r }}$ ¢ 988 | $\xrightarrow{\cdot 1,636} \mathbf{r} \mathbf{9 5 1}$ | 1,698 945 |
| New private housing units authorized by bullding permits ( 14,000 permit-issuing places): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Monthly <br> One-family structures do.. | 1,952 | $\mathbf{2 , 2 1 9}$ 1,033 | $\xrightarrow{2,318}$ | 2,226 | 2,399 | 2,233 | 2,209 | 2,129 1,022 | $\begin{array}{r}1,939 \\ \hline 945\end{array}$ | 1,838 | 2,030 | 1,780 | 1,750 | 1,596 | $\underset{r}{\text { r }} \times \underline{3164}$ | 1, 2646 |
| Manufacturers' shipments of mobile homes: <br> Unadjusted. <br> Seasonally adjusted at annual rates | 496.6 | 575.9 | 54.4 551 | 50.7 670 | 38.0 610 | 40.7 648 | 42.9 642 | 57.0 737 | 61.6 680 | 57.3 661 | 57.3 616 | 50.3 569 | 53.7 546 | 44.8 473 |  |  |
| CONSTRUCTION COST INDEXES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dept. of Commerce composite ........- 1967=100.. | 130 | 139 | 142 | 143 | 144 | 144 | 145 | 147 | 140 | 150 | 151 | 152 | 153 | - 154 | 155 |  |
| American Apprasal Co., The: $\quad$ A verage 30 ctities |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A verage, 30 clties.---........................... $1913=100$ | 1, 1,411 | -1, 1,569 | 1,588 | 1, 1,590 | 1, 1,592 | 1, 1,670 | 1,464 | 1,798 | 1,752 | 1,752 | 1, 1,723 | 1,752 | - 11,762 | 1,757 | 1,766 |  |
| New York | 1.359 | 1,436 | 1,441 | 1,443 | 1, 1,43 | 1,456 | 1,513 | 1,569 | 1,584 | 1,581 | 1,582 | 1,580 | 1,591 | 1,659 | 1, 659 |  |
|  | 1,174 | 1,285 | 1,319 | -1,319 | 1,319 | 1,349 | 1,406 | 1,434 | 1,437 | 1,440 | 1, 497 | 1,499 | 1,522 | 1,518 | 1, 1,461 |  |
|  | 1,219 | 1,286 | 1,318 | 1,320 | 1,320 | 1,335 | 1,372 | 1,413 | 1,430 | 1,441 | 1,441 | 1,471 | 1,464 | 1,461 |  |  |
| Associated Cleneral Contractors of America, Inc., The (bullding only) $\boldsymbol{o}^{7} \ldots \ldots .$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Boeckh indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A verage, 20 citiles: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Apartments, hotels, office buildings.-... $1967=100$ Commercial and factory buildings. $\square$ do. | 135.0 133.9 | 145.4 144.8 |  | 148.3 147.9 |  | ${ }_{148.3}^{148.6}$ |  | ${ }_{152.6}$ |  | 155.7 |  | 155.5 |  | 157.8 |  |  |
| Residences do. | 132.8 | 145.8 |  | 149.5 |  | 149.8 |  | 156.3 |  | 160.1 |  | 160.7 |  | 163.9 |  |  |
| Engineering News-Record: $\quad$ Bulling $\quad 1967=100$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 146.7 | 165 | 1587.0 | 168.3 | ${ }_{169.0}^{161.4}$ | ${ }_{171.1}^{163}$ | 172.2 | 167.3 173.7 | 178.0 | 168.9 175.0 | 168.5 176.5 | 177.0 | 178.8 | 179.7 | 180.3 | ${ }^{2} 1880.3$ |
| Federal Highway Adm.-Highway construction: Composite (avg. for year or qtr.) ...... $1967=100 \ldots$ CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS | 131.7 | 138.2 |  |  | 144.4 |  |  | 137.8 |  |  | 145.9 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Output inder: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Composite, unadjusted\% | 175.7 | 189.7 | 207.8 | 185.4 | 157.8 | 170.5 | 169.5 | 199.7 | 193.8 | 209.0 | 204.2 | 193.1 |  |  |  |  |
| Seasonally adusted.......--........-..-do... |  |  | 187.0 | 193.7 | 180.3 | 180.9 | 193.0 | 207.0 | 189.5 | 192.0 | 189.6 | 201.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Iron and steel products, unadjusted.....- do | 163.8 | 175.0 | 193.2 | 175.8 | 156.7 | 168.1 | 168.5 | 206.2 | 192.4 | 208.2 | 209.4 | 200.1 |  |  |  |  |
| Lumber and wood products, nanaj .........do | 182.7 | 193.9 | 211.7 | 192.0 | 163.4 | 190.6 | 186.9 | 213.0 | 202.8 | 210.1 | 197.0 | 180.8 |  |  |  |  |
| Portland cement, unadjusted..........-. do..-- | 209.0 | 219.3 | 276.4 | 198.6 | 144.2 | 143.3 | 148.5 | 201.0 | 217.1 | 277.9 | 282.7 | 285.0 | 317.9 |  |  |  |
| neal estateq |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mortgage applications for new home construction: <br> FHA net applications....----.-..-...-thous. units.- <br> Seasonally adiusted annual rates........... do | 366.8 | 225.2 | 12.3 | 12.6 162 | ${ }_{131}^{9.7}$ | ${ }_{124}^{9.4}$ | 88 | ${ }_{9} 9$ | ${ }_{6}^{6.3}$ | 88.4 | ${ }_{103}^{9.1}$ | ${ }^{7.4}$ | 76 70 | 7.6 94 | 4.6 |  |
| Requests for VA appralsals.-.-..............do | 217.9 | 209.2 | 15.7 | 16.4 | 12.0 | 15.5 | 15.3 | 18.4 | 15.9 | 15.1 | 14.9 | 12.4 | 13.5 | 10.5 | 12.3 | 10.7 |
| Seasonally adjusted annuai rates....-......d. do...- |  | 20.2 | 189 | ${ }_{207}$ | 194 | 222 | 217 | 201 | 169 | 161 | 166 | 135 | 143 | 133 | 141 | 136 |
| Home mortgages insured or guaranteed byFed. Hous. Adm.: Face amount...-.-.....mil. \$. |  |  |  | 592.11 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 295.11 | 266. 34 |  |  |
|  | 6,065.83 | 8,419.86 | 737.74 | 791.77 | ${ }^{731.77}$ | 687, 68 | 630.43 | 599.05 | 618.02 | 655. 67 | 650, 60 | 665. 86 | 660.30 | 561.04 |  |  |
| Federal Home Loan Banks, outstanding advances to member institutions, end of period......mil. \$.. | 7,936 | 7,979 | 7,045 | 7,245 | 7,979 | 7,831 | 7,944 | 8,420 | 9,429 | 10, 156 | 11,142 | 12,365 | 13, 511 | 14, 298 | 14,799 |  |
| New mortgage loans of all savings and loan associatlons, estimated total.................................. | 39,485 | 51, 408 | 4,522 | 4,303 | 4,591 | 3,702 | 3,710 | 4, 990 | 4,989 | 5,477 | 5,738 | 5,059 | 4,791 | -3,177 | 2,788 |  |
| By purpose of loan: |  |  | 761 | 714 | 667 | 590 | 614 | 887 | 886 | 931 | 903 | 851 | 801 | +572 | 532 |  |
| Home purchase | 18,810 | 26, 315 | 2.423 | 2,307 | 2,167 | 1,970 | 2,019 | 2,685 | 2,762 | 3, 141 | 3,469 | 3,079 | 3,059 | - 1, 838 | 1,648 |  |
| All other purposes...........-............did....- | 13,840 | 16, 240 | 1,338 | 1,372 | 1,757 | 1,142 | 1,077 | 1,418 | 1,341 | 1,405 | 1,366 | 1,129 | 1,111 | -767 | 708 |  |
|  | 116,704 | 132,335 | 10,834 | 10,857 | 10,382 | 11,755 | 18,458 | 12, 222 | 11,718 | 12,719 | 11,509 | 11,070 | 11,239 | 10,014 |  |  |
| Fire losses (on bldgs., contents, etc.) t .......mil. \$.- | 2,316 | 2,304 | 182 | 164 | 194 | 218 | 213 | 218 | 229 | 224 | 223 | 218 | 221 | 222 |  |  |

Pevised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary, ${ }^{1}$ Computed from cumulative valuation total. ${ }^{2}$ Index as of Dec. 1, 1973: Building, 171.8; construction, 180.8. © Data for Aug. and Nov. 1972 and not shown separately. §Data include guaranteed direct loans sold. onew base; com-
parable data for earlier periods will be shown later. $\quad$ Home mortgage rates (conventional ist mortgages) are under money and interest rates on $p$. S-17. $\dagger$ Beginning Jan. 1970, data periods. Revised monthly data back to 1970 are available upon request.

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1970 and descriptive notes are as shown In the 1971 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1971 | 1972 | 1972 |  |  | 1973 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

DOMESTIC TRADE

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline ADVERTISING \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline McCann-Erickson national advertising index, seasonally adjusted: \(\dagger\) \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& 199 \& 262 \& 275 \& \({ }_{272}^{233}\) \& \({ }_{287}^{242}\) \& \({ }_{2}^{238}\) \& 2819 \&  \& 233
300 \& \({ }_{287}^{232}\) \& 277 \& \({ }_{282}^{233}\) \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Spot TV \& 302 \& -341 \& 348 \& 377 \& 410 \& 418 \& 339 \& 367 \& 365 \& 380 \& 384 \& 344 \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Magazines \& 175 \& 186 \& 184 \& 195 \& 192 \& 187 \& 175 \& 179 \& 184 \& 191 \& 192 \& 187 \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& 141 \& \({ }^{1} 153\) \& 169 \& 162 \& 163 \& 164 \& 144 \& 137 \& 155 \& 146 \& 149 \& 176 \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Magazine advertising (general and natl. farm magazines): \& 1,251.4 \& \& \& \& 111 \& 72.5 \& 89.6 \& 1098 \& 126.7 \& 7 \& 109.8 \& \& 2 \& \& 141.7 \& \\
\hline  \& 47.0 \& 1, 24.4 \& 136.5
5.0 \& \({ }_{18.1}^{4.5}\) \& 11.2 \& 1.7 \& 2.2 \& 4.9 \& 5.7 \& 3.5 \& 2.0 \& 1.5 \& 3.7 \& 6.2 \& 5.9 \& \\
\hline Automotive, incl. ac \& 111.3 \& 119.8 \& 15.1 \& 11.7 \& 6.8 \& 5.9 \& 8.8 \& 11.3 \& 13.6 \& 13.3 \& 11.0 \& 7.8 \& 6.0 \& 7.9 \& 13.5 \& \\
\hline Building materials \& 19.2 \& 23.2 \& 2.1 \& 2.1 \& 1.0 \& 1.0 \& 1.7 \& 2.8 \& 3.4 \& 3.5 \& 2.5 \& 1.2 \& 1.3 \& 2.7 \& 2.8 \& \\
\hline Drugs and toiletries
Foods, soft drinks. \& 158.6
108.1 \& 148.2
115.2 \& 13.5
11.8 \& 13.6
13.7 \& 11.5
9.7 \& 9.3
6.0 \& 11.7
8.6 \& 12.1
8.0 \& 11.6
9.5 \& 13.0
8.3 \& 12.6
9.3 \& 10.1
8.4 \& 10.6
5.3 \& 11.2
6.8 \& 13.2
8.7 \& \\
\hline Beer, wine, liquors....................... do \& 88.2 \& 91.0 \& 10.2 \& 11.4 \& 14.8 \& 3.4 \& 3.7 \& 5.1 \& 6.9 \& 8.0 \& 7.4 \& 5.6 \& 3.9 \& 6.4 \& 10.7 \& \\
\hline Household equip., supplies, furnishings..do \& 64.0 \& 76.7 \& 10.2 \& 9.5 \& 4.9 \& 2.9 \& 3.8 \& 6.5 \& 9.5 \& 9.4 \& 7.3 \& 3.9 \& 3.5 \& 6.7 \& 9.4 \& \\
\hline  \& 33.1 \& 29.7 \& 2.4 \& 3.0 \& 1.9 \& 1.9 \& 1. 6 \& 2.5 \& 2.7 \& 3.9 \& 3.4 \& 2.6 \& 2.6 \& 4.2 \& 4.4 \& \\
\hline  \& 178.8 \& 20.6
116.2 \& 11.7 \& 11.9
11.4 \& 11.3 \& \(\begin{array}{r}\text { 7.9 } \\ \hline 8\end{array}\) \& 1.4 \& 2.0
8.3 \& 2.0
9.3 \& 2.0 \& 1.3
8.6 \& 1.1
8.4 \& 1.1
8.1 \& 1.7
9.2 \& 2.2
11.1 \& \\
\hline All other.- \& 486.0 \& 512.7 \& 53.2 \& 56.0 \& 44.6 \& 33.4 \& 38.0 \& 46.2 \& 52.5 \& 53.1 \& 44.4 \& 30.6 \& 31.0 \& 54.1 \& 59.9 \& \\
\hline Newsuaper advertising expenditures ( 64 cities): \(\oplus\) Total \({ }^{*}\) mill. \$. \& 3,208.2 \& 3,648. 6 \& 333.7 \& 339.1 \& 306.4 \& 279.6 \& 274.1 \& 315.5 \& 340.7 \& 338.5 \& 316.3 \& 298.8 \& 302.8 \& 316.9 \& \& \\
\hline Automotive..................................................... \& 100.8 \& 102.5 \& 8.2 \& 8.8 \& \({ }^{6} .9\) \& 6.9 \& 7.8 \& 8.7 \& 9.7 \& 9.7 \& 8.8 \& 8.8 \& 9.2 \& 8.8 \& \& \\
\hline Classified \& 751.7 \& 914.9 \& 82.9 \& 72.8 \& 64.4 \& 79.8 \& 76.9 \& 87.4 \& 92.2 \& 91.2 \& 90.2 \& 91.8 \& 91.8 \& 88.6 \& \& \\
\hline Financlal \& 103.1 \& 122.1 \& 11.6 \& 9.4 \& 9.8 \& 13.6 \& 8.3 \& 11.4 \& 15.2 \& 10.4 \& 11.6 \& 17.8 \& 8.7 \& \({ }_{41} 9\) \& \& \\
\hline General \& 445.4 \& 504.4 \& 50.6 \& 50.5 \& 35.4 \& 36. 4 \& 37.3 \& 43.7 \& 46.9 \& 44.5 \& 40.8 \& 30.4 \& 29.4
163.8 \& 41.6
168.3 \& \& \\
\hline  \& 1,807.3 \& 2,004.7 \& 180.3 \& 197.6 \& 180.9 \& 143.0 \& 143.9 \& 164.4 \& 176.8 \& 182.8 \& 164.9 \& 150.0 \& 163.8 \& 168.3 \& \& \\
\hline Wholesale trade \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Merchant wholesalers sales (unadj.), total...mil. \$.- \& 267, 357 \& 298, 199 \& 26, 823 \& 27,154 \& 26,089 \& 26,326 \& 25,562 \& 29,852 \& 28,859 \& 31,232 \& 30, 104 \& 29,892 \& 32,391 \& -29,849 \& 34, 205 \& \\
\hline Durable goods establishments....------- do \& 122, 420 \& 138, 446 \& 12, 604 \& 12,301 \& 11, 657 \& 11,856 \& 11,699 \& 13,831 \& 13,841 \& 14,828 \& 14. 567 \& 14,073 \& 14,958 \& \({ }^{\text {r13,739 }}\) \& 15,585 \& \\
\hline Nondurable goods establishments-.---------do \& 144,937 \& 159,753 \& 14, 219 \& 14,853 \& 14, 632 \& 14,470 \& 13,863 \& 16,021 \& 15,018 \& 16, 404 \& 15, 537 \& 15,819 \& 17,433 \& 「16,110 \& 18, 620 \& \\
\hline Merchant wholesalers inventories, book value, and of year or month (unadj.), total....mil. \$ \& 28, \& 31 \& 31,255 \& \& \& \& 33,171 \& \& 33,614 \& 33,820 \& 33, 921 \& \& 34,317 \& \& 35,706 \& \\
\hline Durable goods establishments............-di...-- \& 16, 987 \& 18,672 \& 18, 250 \& 18,471 \& 18,672 \& 18,970 \& 19,139 \& 19,525 \& 19,714 \& 20, 062 \& 20, 329 \& 20,390 \& 20, 188 \& r20,168 \& 20,312 \& \\
\hline Nondurable goods establishments.........-do \& 11,841 \& 13,223 \& 15, 005 \& 13,194 \& 13, 223 \& 13,895 \& 14,032 \& 13,968 \& 13,900 \& 13,758 \& 13,592 \& 13,905 \& 14, 129 \& '14,560 \& 15, 394 \& \\
\hline RETAIL TRADE \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline All retail stores: \(\ddagger\) (undimated sales (unedj.), total \(\ddagger\)...........-mil. \(\$ . .-\) \& 408,850 \& 448,379 \& 39,014 \& 39,790 \& 47,004 \& 35, 768 \& 34,977 \& 41,309 \& 40,686 \& 43, 190 \& 43, 597 \& 41,674 \& 43, 143 \& 40,006 \& -43,709 \& 44,681 \\
\hline  \& 131, 814 \& 149,659 \& 13, 569 \& 13,229 \& 13,725 \& 12,154 \& 12, 284 \& 14,853 \& 14,535 \& 15,465 \& 15,410 \& 14,518 \& 14, 654 \& \({ }^{1} 13,718\) \& r15,190 \& 1 14,320 \\
\hline Automotive group \({ }_{\text {Passenger car }}\) \& 72, \({ }^{783}\) \& 88,612
81,521 \& 8,043
7,396 \& 7,775 \& 7, 274
\(\mathbf{6}, 624\) \& 7, 604
\(\mathbf{7}, 019\) \& 7,612
7
7 \& 9,374
8,761 \& 8,989
8,347 \& \begin{tabular}{l} 
9,428 \\
8,744 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 9, 242
8.522 \& 8,707
8,016 \& 8,519
7,809 \& \(\begin{array}{r}\text { '7,843 } \\ +7,188 \\ \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& 8,998
8,290 \& 18,281 \\
\hline Passenger car, other auto. dealers....do-...
Tire, battery, accessory dealers .-...do... \& \(\begin{array}{r}\text { 72, } \\ 6,378 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& 81, 7 , 091 \& 7,396 \& 7,136 \& 6,624 \& 7,019
485 \& 7, \({ }_{469}\) \& 8,761 \& \(\begin{array}{r}8,347 \\ \hline 642\end{array}\) \& 8,744
684 \& 8, 722 \& 8,016
691 \& 7,809
710 \& \(\xrightarrow{7,188}\) \& 8, 209 \& \\
\hline Furniture and appliance group 9 .-..-- do \& 18,560 \& 21,315 \& 1,863 \& 1,959 \& 2,330 \& 1,789 \& 1.754 \& 1,927 \& 1,856 \& 1,953 \& 2,032 \& 1,940 \& 2,047 \& - 1,972 \& 2,057 \& \({ }^{1} 2,142\) \\
\hline Furniture, homefurnishings stores....do \& 11,004 \& 12,550 \& 1, 107 \& 1,166 \& 1,235 \& 1,044 \& 1,058 \& 1,158 \& 1,137 \& 1, \({ }_{602}\) \& 1,228 \& 1,179 \& 1,229 \& \(\underset{r}{\text { r }} \mathbf{r} \mathbf{1 , 1 4 2}\) \& 1, 217 \& \\
\hline Household appliance, TV, radio....-do. \& 6,221 \& 7,029 \& 599 \& 623 \& 854 \& 695 \& 563 \& 610 \& \& \& 670 \& 634 \& 680 \& r 678 \& 680 \& \\
\hline Lumber, building, hardware group .-..d \& 17,378 \& 20,064 \& \& 1,759 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 2,066 \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Lumber, bldg. materials dealersor'....do \\
Hardware stores. \(\qquad\)
\end{tabular} \& \(\begin{array}{r}13,733 \\ 3,645 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& 15,973
4,091 \& \({ }^{1,567}\) \& 1,398 \& 1, 212 \& 1,188 \& 1,198 \& 1,417 \& 1,487 \& 1,656
442 \& 1,704 \& 1,668 \& \({ }^{1,770}\) \& [ \(\begin{array}{r}\text { r1, } \\ r \\ \hline 401\end{array}\) \& \(\begin{array}{r}1,655 \\ \hline 411\end{array}\) \& \\
\hline Nondurable goods stores \(\uparrow\). \& 277, 036 \& 298,720 \& 25,445 \& 26,561 \& 33, 279 \& 23,614 \& 22,693 \& 26,456 \& 26, 151 \& 27,725 \& 28, 187 \& 27,156 \& 28,489 \& -27,188 \& -28,519 \& 130,361 \\
\hline  \& 20,804 \& 21, 993 \& 1,923 \& 2,055 \& 3,177 \& 1,608 \& 1,460 \& 1,829 \& 2,007 \& 1,920 \& 1,986 \& 1,749 \& 1,939 \& +1,974 \& '2,024 \& 12,257 \\
\hline Men's and boys' wear stores........-.do \& 4,727 \& 5,198 \& 445 \& 504 \& 827 \& 424 \& 339 \& 399 \& 440 \& 448 \& 472 \& 397 \& 411 \& - 412 \& 464 \& \\
\hline Women's apparel, accessory stores...do \& 8,193 \& 8,386 \& 737 \& 777 \& 1,197 \& 595 \& 585 \& 712 \& 743 \& 738 \& 756 \& 677 \& 698 \& \(\times 747\) \& 759 \& \\
\hline  \& 3,532 \& 3,774 \& 340 \& 351 \& 480 \& 283 \& 247 \& 342 \& 408 \& 324 \& 345 \& 299 \& 378 \& - 401 \& 371 \& \\
\hline Drug and proprietary stores.-.......--do \& \begin{tabular}{|c}
13,736 \\
31 \\
\hline 131
\end{tabular} \& 14, 623 \& 1, 189 \& 1,201 \& 1,668 \& 1,205 \& 1,151 \& 1,222 \& 1,219 \& 1,281 \& 1,300 \& 1,240 \& 1,303 \& \({ }_{-1,226}^{\sim}\) \& \(\stackrel{+}{r} 1,304\) \& \({ }_{1}^{1} 1,304\) \\
\hline Fating and drinking places.-.---.-.-..-. do \& 31,131
89
239 \& 33,891
95,020 \& 2, 202
7
7
782 \& 2,782
7
7 \& \({ }_{8,948}^{1,910}\) \& 1,715
7,995 \& 1,623
7,646 \& 2, \({ }_{8}^{1,975}\) \& 2,950 \& 1,238
8875 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
1,353 \\
\hline, 135 \\
9
\end{tabular} \& 1,359
8,976 \&  \& r 3,239
\(r 8,859\) \&  \& 13,203
19,272 \\
\hline  \& 82, 793 \& 88, 340 \& 7, 293 \& 7,441 \& \({ }_{8}^{8,321}\) \& 7,468 \& 7,106 \& 8, 202 \& 7,579 \& 8,139 \& 8,512 \& 8 8,345 \& 8, 687 \& -8,242 \& -8, 324 \& 18,655 \\
\hline Gasoline service stations .-----------.-.do \& 29,163 \& 31,044 \& 2,686 \& 2,668 \& 2,724 \& 2, 589 \& 2,474 \& 2,773 \& 2,808 \& 2,947 \& 3,008 \& 3,088 \& 3,023 \& - 2,827 \& - 2,948 \& \({ }^{1} 3,013\) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
General merchandise group with non- \\

\end{tabular} \& 68,134 \& 74, 003 \& 6, 540 \& 7,487 \& 10,755 \& 4,999 \& 4,933 \& 6,307 \& 6,467 \& 6,713 \& 6,771 \& 6, 269 \& 6,915 \& -6,594 \& \({ }^{\text {8 }} 7,159\) \& 18,380 \\
\hline  \& 62, 242 \& 68,936 \& 5,985 \& 6,887 \& 10,243 \& 4,572 \& 4,469 \& 5,776 \& 5,975 \& 6,194 \& 6,284 \& 5,799 \& 6,391 \& -6,072 \& -6,543 \& 17,764 \\
\hline Department stores..--.....-.-do. \& 42,027 \& 46,560 \& 4,025 \& 4,642 \& 7,144 \& 3,091 \& 2,976 \& 3, 878 \& 4,055 \& 4,229 \& 4,308 \& 3,910 \& 4, 286 \& - 4,142 \& - 4, 375 \& 15,222 \\
\hline Mail order houses (dept, store mdse)-d \& \({ }_{6}^{4,301}\) \& 4,728 \& 477 \& \({ }_{6}^{620}\) \& , 528 \& 300

77 \& ${ }^{340}$ \& ${ }^{473}$ \& 425 \& ${ }_{419}$ \& 370 \& 401 \& 463 \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ + \\ +630 \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 557 \& <br>
\hline Liquor stores..---..............................do. \& 6,972
8,773 \& 7, 7 , 2158 \& ${ }_{757}^{604}$ \& 678
779 \& 1,258
1,069 \& 477
692 \& 481 \& 601
740 \& 645
718 \& 648
789 \& 669
825 \& 603
826 \& 677
819 \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ +759 \\ +759 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 666
785 \& <br>
\hline Estimated sales (seas. adj.), total $\ddagger$.........-do \& \& \& 39, 106 \& 38,713 \& 39,417 \& 40,707 \& 41, 242 \& 41,979 \& 41,185 \& 41,735 \& 41,179 \& 42,778 \& 42, 363 \& -42,525 \& '43,081 \& 1 43,127 <br>
\hline Durable goods stores $¢$ \& \& \& 13, 168 \& 13,173 \& 13,640 \& 14,234 \& 14,405 \& 14,612 \& 14,339 \& 14,299 \& 13,731 \& 14,409 \& 14,481 \& -14,267 \& -14,346 \& 14,310 <br>
\hline  \& \& \& 7,883 \& 7,825 \& 8,300 \& 8,507 \& 8,575 \& 8,769 \& 8,555 \& 8.503 \& 7,943 \& 8,654 \& 8,645 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 8$ \& 8,497 \& <br>
\hline Passenger car, other auto dealers....do \& \& \& 7, 658 \& 7,215
610 \& 7,729
871 \& 7,904 \& 7,945
630 \& 8, 642 \& $\begin{array}{r}7,927 \\ \hline 628\end{array}$ \& 7,870
633 \& 7,328
615 \& ${ }^{7,992}$ \& 7,968 \& $\stackrel{+}{7} \times 786$ \& 7,799
698 \& <br>
\hline Furniture and appliance group $9 . . . . .$. do \& \& \& 1,846 \& 1,846 \& 1,808 \& 1,962 \& 2,021 \& 2,014 \& 2,024 \& 1,995 \& 2,006 \& 2,000 \& 2,025 \& - 2,063 \& 2,013 \& <br>
\hline \& \& \& 1,093 \& 1,093 \& 1,048 \& 1,145 \& 1,215 \& 1,184 \& 1,208 \& 1,203 \& 1,181 \& 1,217 \& 1,189 \& $\xrightarrow{\cdot 1,214}$ \& 1,175 \& <br>
\hline Household appliance, TV, radio......do...... \& \& \& 602 \& 591 \& 601 \& 640 \& 659 \& 659 \& 658 \& 635 \& 678 \& 637 \& \& ${ }^{+} 686$ \& 681 \& <br>
\hline Lumber, building, hardware group. ...do \& \& \& 1,780 \& 1,747 \& 1,711 \& 1,915 \& 1,937 \& 1,936 \& 1,896 \& 1,939 \& 1,946 \& 1,894 \& 1,894 \& $\stackrel{-1,836}{ }$ \& 1,864 \& <br>
\hline Lumber, bldg. materials dealers ${ }^{\circ}$. . . dio \& \& \& 1,427 \& 1,390 \& 1,379 \& 1,545 \& 1,556 \& 1,547 \& 1,508 \& 1,546 \& 1,520 \& 1,515 \& 1,503 \& - \& $\begin{array}{r}1,869 \\ \hline 395\end{array}$ \& <br>
\hline  \& \& \& 353 \& 357 \& 332 \& 370 \& 381 \& 389 \& 388 \& 393 \& 426 \& 379 \& 391 \& \& 395 \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

- Revised.
${ }^{1}$ Advance estimate. $\oplus$ Source: Media Records, Inc. 64-City Newspaper Advertising Trend Chart. *New series. Beginning Jan. 1971 the series was revised to reffect trends in newrpaper advertising expenditures in 64 cities instead of linage in 52 cities as formerly pub-
 of the Dec. 1971 SURVEY (complete detalls appear in the Census Bureau Monthly Retail


## Trade Report, Aug. 1971 issue). $\bigcirc$ Includes data for items not shown separately. <br> $\dagger$ Formerly Marketing/Communications advertising index. Series revised in Jume 1971; comparable 1970 monthly data are in the SURVEY for that month (no comparable eariler data are avalable). <br> tores

 stores. §Except department stores mail order.| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1970 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1971 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1971 | 1972 | 1972 |  |  | 1973 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sapt. | Oct. | Nov. |

DOMESTIC TRADE-Continued

| RETAIL TRADE $\dagger$ - Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All retail storest-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods stores $\%$...............-mil. \$.-. |  |  | 25,938 | 25,540 | 25,777 | 26, 473 | 26,837 | 27,367 | 26,846 | 27,436 | 27,448 | 28,369 | 27,882 | , 28,258 | 28,735 | 128, 817 |
|  |  |  | 1,947 | 1,891 | 1,899 | 1,949 | 2,012 | 2, 175 | 1,878 | 1,974 | 2,009 | 2,039 | 1,975 | +2,042 | 2,041 | 128,817 |
| Men's and b |  |  | 468 | 445 | 438 | 476 | 471 | ${ }^{506}$ | 444 | 456 | 463 | 469 | $\begin{array}{r}450 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\stackrel{+}{+}$ | - 50 |  |
| Women's apparel, accessory stores ...do |  |  | 718 | 710 | 730 | 741 | 788 | 825 | 706 | 753 | 780 | 788 | 730 | '764 | 728 |  |
|  |  |  | 350 | 344 | 347 | 349 | 348 | 397 | 339 | 335 | 338 | 349 | 352 | - 371 | 377 |  |
| Drug and proprietary stores. . ......... do |  |  | 1,226 | 1,250 | 1,236 | 1,246 | 1,254 | 1,241 | 1,280 | 1,291 | 1,314 | 1,305 | 1,298 | -1,278 | 1,336 |  |
| Eating and drinking |  |  | 2, 873 | 2, 1313 | 2,957 | 3,057 | 3,057 | 3,089 | 3, 060 | 3,096 | 3,085 | 3,122 | 3,158 | -3,261 | 3,310 |  |
| Food group |  |  | 8, ${ }^{\mathbf{7}, 637}$ | 8,134 7,570 | 8,071 | 8,476 <br> 7,894 | 8,409 7,800 | 8,431 | 8,616 | 8, 8 8, 674 | 8,598 8,000 | 9,128 8,507 | 8, 845 | r 8,992 $r 8,376$ | 9,210 8,590 |  |
| Gasoline service stations............-------- |  |  | 2,686 | 2,681 | 2,713 | 2,714 | 2,821 | 2,821 | 2,888 | 2,884 | 2,843 | 2,908 | 2,836 | - 2,876 | 3,017 |  |
| General merchandise group with nonstores $\%$...............................mil. \$.- |  |  | 6,548 | 6,354 | 6, 362 | 6,590 | 6,753 | 7,137 | 6,696 | 6,917 | 6,939 | 7,051 | 6,923 | -6,989 | 6,982 |  |
| General merchandise group without nonstores $\qquad$ mil. \$.. |  |  | 6,065 | 5,833 | 5,884 | 6,095 | 6,223 | 6, 621 | 6,166 | 6, 386 | 6, 435 | 6, 638 | 6, 402 | -6,486 | 6,449 |  |
| Department stores..---------.---- do..-- |  |  | 4,111 | 3, 954 | 4, 034 | 4, 121 | 4, 233 | 4,461 | 4, 185 | 4,346 453 | 4, 355 | 4,423 | 4, 351 | - 4, 406 | 4,340 |  |
| Mail order houses (dept. store mdse.).do |  |  | 432 <br> 643 | 415 <br> 624 | 366 <br> 647 <br> 74 | 481 | 461 <br> 661 | 489 715 779 | 462 635 783 | 463 667 | 450 <br> 686 <br> 80 | 486 684 887 | 482 | +468 +689 +807 | 483 697 |  |
| Liquor stores. |  |  | 800 | 763 | 740 | 759 | 795 | 779 | 783 | 799 | 807 | 817 | 810 | ' 807 | 812 |  |
| Estimated Inventories, end of year or month: $\ddagger$ <br> Boot value (unadiusted) total t | 50, 889 | 53,283 | 55, 075 | 56,816 | 53,283 | 53,605 | 55, 168 | 56,901 | 57,836 | 58,223 | 58, 421 | 58,063 | 67,152 | 58, 630 | 60,873 |  |
|  | 23, 152 | 23,782 | 22, 984 | 23,908 | 23,782 | 24, 078 | 24, 839 | 25, 574 | 25,976 | 26, 335 | 26, 538 | 26, 195 | 24, 320 | 24,756 | 25, 347 |  |
| Automotive group | 11, 384 | 10,950 | 10, 165 | 10,707 | 10,950 | 11, 222 | 11,845 | 12,346 | 12, 613 | 12,823 | 13,085 | 12,909 | 10,977 | 11,300 | 11,687 |  |
| Furniture and appliance group. Lumber, building, hardware g | 3,557 $\mathbf{3}, 219$ | 3,746 $\mathbf{3}, 631$ | 3,803 3,674 | 3,923 $\mathbf{3 , 6 4 6}$ | - $\begin{gathered}\text { 3,746 } \\ \mathbf{3}, 631\end{gathered}$ | 3,754 | 3,766 3,809 | $\mathbf{3 , 8 1 6}$ $\mathbf{3 , 9 1 0}$ | 3,932 4,006 | 4,008 4,061 | 3,996 4,031 | 3,959 4,037 | $\xrightarrow{\mathbf{3 , 9 8 7}}$ | 4,028 3,948 | 4, 147 3,974 |  |
| Nondurable goods stores ¢ . .-........- do | 27,737 | 29, 501 | 32,091 | 32,908 | 29,501 | 29,527 | 30, 329 | 31,327 | 31, 860 | 31,888 | 31,883 | 31, 868 | 32,832 | 33,774 | 35, 526 |  |
| Apparel group........................-. do. | 4, 397 5,607 | 5, 4, 858 | 5,188 5,893 | 5, 302 6030 | [ $\begin{aligned} & 4,556 \\ & 5,859\end{aligned}$ | + ${ }_{5}^{4,354}$ | 4, $\begin{aligned} & 4,761 \\ & 5,731\end{aligned}$ | 4,834 5,892 | 4,886 6,012 | 4,819 6,020 | 4,804 6,137 | 4,823 6,046 | 5,061 8,154 | 5,205 $\mathbf{6 , 3 0 9}$ | 5,443 |  |
| Food group. $\qquad$ do <br> General merchandise group with non- | 5, 607 | 5,859 | 5,893 | 6,030 | 5,859 | 5,728 | 5,731 | 5,892 | 6,012 | 6,020 | 6,137 |  | 6,154 | 6,309 | 6,531 |  |
| stores.................-.-...-.-mil. | 11,062 | 11. | 13, 680 | 14, 132 | 11,784 | 12,097 | 12,628 | 13, 203 | 13, 482 | 13,541 | 13, 783 | 13,692 | $\underset{\substack{14,164 \\ 8,359}}{ }$ | 14,678 | 15,830 |  |
| Department stores...-......--....--do | 6,613 | 7,075 | 8,316 | 8,759 | 7,075 | 7, 200 | 7,470 | 7,859 | 7,994 | 7,993 | 7,899 | 8, 022 | 8,359 | 8, 645 | 9,332 |  |
| Book value (seas. adj.), total $\ddagger$. | 52, 261 | 54,700 | 53, 934 | 64, 658 | 54,700 | 55,526 | 56,039 | 56, 106 | 56, 636 | 57, 285 | 58, 749 | 58, 250 | 58,797 | 58, 811 | 59,785 |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}23,808 \\ 11 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | -24, 442 | 23,675 10,918 | 24, 235 | 24, 412 | 24,472 | 24,638 | 24, 51.438 | 24,624 | 25,094 | 25,454 | 25, 797 | 25,850 | 25, 72.250 | 26,292 |  |
| Automotive group --.-.---.-.-.-...-d | 11, 376 | 11,324 3,791 | - ${ }_{3}^{2}, 714$ | $\underset{3,761}{ }$ | - ${ }_{3}^{1,791}$ | - ${ }_{3} \mathbf{3}, 886$ | - 1,851 | $\underset{3,835}{ }$ | - ${ }^{1,588}$ | -3,972 | $\stackrel{4}{4,004}$ | 3,995 | $\underset{4,016}{ }$ | 4, 4 | 12, 4,062 |  |
| Lumber, building, hardware group...do | 3,312 | 3,732 | 3,628 | 3,705 | 3,732 | 3,764 | 3,824 | 3,826 | 3,886 | 3,931 | 3,964 | 4, 029 | 4,015 | 4,012 | 4, 051 |  |
| Nondurable good | 28, 453 | 30, 258 | 30, 259 | 30,423 | 30, 258 | 31, 054 | 31,401 | 31,568 | 32,012 | 32, 191 | 32,625 | 32,453 | 32,947 | 33, 021 | 33,493 |  |
|  | 4,580 | 4, 746 | 4,835 | 4,860 | 4, 746 | 4,722 | 4,818 | 4,858 | 4,920 | 4,902 | 4,983 | 4, 962 | 4,972 | 4,938 | 5,063 |  |
|  | 5,442 | 5,790 | 5,800 | 5,815 | 5,790 | 5,815 | 5,806 | 5,892 | 6,012 | 6, 026 | 6,168 | 6,089 | 6,260 | 6,379 | 6,422 |  |
| General merchandise group with non-stores_-....................................... | 11,753 | 12, 521 | 12,388 | 12, 690 | 12,521 | 13,095 | 13,356 | 13, 427 | 13, 696 | 13,664 | 13,921 | 13,938 | 14, 161 | 14, 076 | 14,423 |  |
| Department stores..----.....------ do-- | 7,035 | 7,527 | 7,485 | 7,710 | 7,527 | 7,818 | 7,955 | 7,963 | 8, 124 | 8,049 | 8,201 | 8,228 | 8,401 | 8, 297 | 8,445 |  |
| Firins with 11 or more stores: $\dagger$ <br> Estimated sales (unadj.), total 8 $\qquad$ | 125,607 | 137, 650 | 11,826 | 12,814 | 16,906 | 10,482 | 10,162 | 12,377 | 12,119 | 12,665 | 12,956 | 12,223 | 13,016 | 12,437 | 13, 131 |  |
| A pparel group $9 .-$--....................... do | 5,741 | 6, 055 | 545 | 684 | 910 | 405 | 383 | 520 | 610 | 536 | 555 | 460 | 537 | $\checkmark 555$ | 548 |  |
| Men's and boys' wear stores _-.-.-.---- do | 750 | $\begin{array}{r}782 \\ \\ 2 \\ \hline 194\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}66 \\ 194 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 75 | ${ }_{3}^{126}$ | ${ }_{141}^{53}$ | 40 | $\begin{array}{r}56 \\ 193 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 84 | $\begin{array}{r}63 \\ 200 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 66 200 | $\stackrel{45}{172}$ | 49 186 | 554 +192 | -63 |  |
| Women's apparel, accessory stores <br> Shoe stores $\qquad$ $\qquad$ do | 2,123 | 2,194 1,694 | 194 162 | 168 | 335 234 | 141 | 152 112 | 193 | 215 191 | 200 | + 200 | 172 139 | 186 | +192 +185 + | 193 |  |
|  | 4, ${ }^{\text {, }}$ | 5, 246 | 431 | 442 | 695 | 420 | 407 | 440 | 445 | 479 | 498 | 471 | 494 | -465 | 494 |  |
| Eating and drinking place | 2,735 | 2,887 | 229 | 222 | 240 | 228 | ${ }^{222}$ | 283 | 263 | ${ }^{277}$ | 286 | 286 | 305 | + 279 | ${ }^{263}$ |  |
| Furntture and appliance group....-.-....do | 1,600 | 1,902 | 171 | 168 | 221 | 160 | 154 | 178 | 167 | 159 | 178 | 166 | 169 | - 174 | 170 |  |
| General merchandise group with nonstores 9 .......................................11. \$. General merchandise group without non- | 52,092 | 58, 113 | 5,096 | 6, 904 | 8, 630 | 3,878 | 3,830 | 4,964 | 6,075 | 5,268 | 5,322 | 4,930 | 5,426 | 5,158 | 5,620 |  |
| stores \$ .-.......................-mil. \$. | 49,008 | 55, 100 | 4,785 | 5,593 | 8,386 | 3, 680 | 3,609 | 4, 686 | 4,836 | 5,005 | 5,077 | 4, 696 | 5, 5172 | - 4,907 | 5,298 |  |
| Dept. stores, excl. mail order sales....do..... <br> Variety stores $\qquad$ do | $\begin{array}{r} 36,544 \\ \text { S. } 398 \end{array}$ | 41,053 5,933 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 3, } \\ 481 \\ \hline 852\end{array}$ | 4, ${ }^{4} 102$ | 8,286 1,029 | 2,736 | $\begin{array}{r}2,644 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3,451 | $\begin{aligned} & 3,601 \\ & 518 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r}3,745 \\ \hline 518 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3,831 543 | 3,482 487 | 3,819 642 | r 3, r 509 | 3,880 |  |
| Grocery stores..............................do |  | 49, 206 | 4,090 | 4,232 | 4,727 | 4,243 | 4,032 | 4.719 | 4,235 | 4,524 | 4,723 | 4,586 | 4,762 | 4,547 |  |  |
| Tire, battery, accessory dealers..............do. | 1,955 | 2,094 | , 188 | +188 | ${ }^{198}$ | 4, 141 | ${ }^{134}$ | ${ }^{4} 180$ | ${ }^{4} 192$ | 4, 189 | ${ }^{2} 202$ | +197 | 200 | - 5178 | 193 |  |
| Estimated sales (seas. |  |  | 12, 202 | 11,944 | 11,830 | 12,477 | 12,503 | 12,814 | 12,524 | 12,742 | 12,646 | 13, 172 | 12,820 | 13, 013 | 13, 277 |  |
|  |  |  | 551 | 531 | 528 | 544 | 574 | ${ }_{6} 616$ | 548 | 550 | ${ }_{5}^{556}$ |  |  | 「556 | 541 |  |
| Men's and boys' wear stores. $\qquad$ <br> Women's apparel, accessory stores |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}66 \\ 189 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}63 \\ 194 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 62 188 188 | $\begin{array}{r}64 \\ 197 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 89 226 | 724 | $\begin{array}{r}63 \\ 202 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}64 \\ 208 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}62 \\ 204 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 69 210 | $\begin{array}{r}57 \\ 185 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}+60 \\ +198 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 63 180 |  |
| Shoe stores......-......................- do |  |  | 172 | 159 | 157 | 166 | 168 | 173 | 157 | 148 | ${ }_{154}$ | 173 | 154 | +168 +165 | 168 |  |
| Drug and proprietary stores |  |  | 455 | 460 | 451 | 461 | 472 | 454 | 483 | 480 | 507 | 495 | $\stackrel{487}{ }$ | r 499 | 512 |  |
|  |  |  | 223 | 240 | 243 | 252 | 260 | 270 | 258 | 262 | 263 | 255 | 274 | -282 | 278 |  |
| General merchandise group with nonstores 9 $\qquad$ |  |  | 5,147 | 5,008 | 5,023 | 5, 242 | 6,331 | 5,665 | 8,252 | 5,426 | 5,450 | 5,490 | 5,454 | -5,471 | 5,557 |  |
| General merchandise group without nonstores 8 $\qquad$ |  |  | 4,874 | 4,748 | 4,798 | 4,986 | 5,076 | 5,303 | 4,991 | 5,158 | 5,198 | 5,236 | 5,196 | -5,234 | 5,293 |  |
| Dept. stores, excl. mall order sales....do. |  |  | 3,647 | 3,536 | 3,580 | 3,692 | 3,772 | 3,922 | 3, 720 | 3,841 | 3, 850 | 3,865 | 3, 848 | +3,875 | 3,919 |  |
| Variety stores.-...-.........-.--..-- do |  |  | 509 | 499 | 521 | ${ }^{5} 546$ | ${ }^{525}$ | ${ }^{557}$ | ${ }^{3} 518$ | ${ }^{518}$ | ${ }^{560}$ | ${ }_{568}$ | 553 | $\underset{r}{\text { r }}$ | ${ }^{564}$ |  |
| Grocery stores |  |  | 4,384 | 4,288 | 4,139 | 4,480 | 4,335 | 4.369 | 4,525 | 4,533 | 4,406 | 4,848 | 4,592 | -4,712 | 4,852 |  |
| Tire, battery, accessory dealers............do..... |  |  | 191 | 177 | 166 | ${ }^{185}$ | - 184 | 190 | 4, 184 | 174 | 172 | 191 | 189 | '190 | 193 |  |
| All retail stores, accts. receivable, end of yr.or mo.: $0^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total (unadjusted) Durable poods stores | $\begin{array}{r} 23,514 \\ 7753 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 25,068 \\ 8,115 \end{gathered}$ | 23,061 8,010 | $\begin{array}{r}23,563 \\ 7 \\ \hline 942\end{array}$ | 25,068 | 24, 143 | 23,703 | 23,655 | 23,957 | 24,547 | 24,712 | 24,353 | -24,582 | 24,762 | 25,274 |  |
| Durable goods stor | 7,753 | $\begin{array}{r}8,165 \\ \hline 1653\end{array}$ | $\xrightarrow{8,015}$ | 7.942 | 16,953 | 76, 818 | 7,822 | 7, 910 | 8,065 | 8,367 | 8,541 | 8,452 | + +8.592 | 8, 601 | 8,674 |  |
| Charge accounts. | 9,385 | 10,090 | 9,664 | 9,653 | 10,090 | 9,417 | 9,333 | 9,441 | 9,705 | 10, 195 | 10,205 | 9,823 | ${ }_{-} \mathbf{r}$,948 | 10,047 | 10, 296 |  |
| Instaliment account | 14, 129 | 14,978 | 13,397 | 13, 910 | 14,978 | 14, 726 | 14,370 | 14,214 | 14,252 | 14, 352 | 14,507 | 14,530 | - 14,634 | 14,715 | 14,978 |  |
| Total (seasonally adjusted) .-................-do | 22,046 | 23,518 | 23,139 | 23, 364 | 23, 518 | 23, 669 | 23, 983 | 24,106 | 24,232 | 24, 665 | 24,790 | 24,869 | - 25,064 | 24,943 | 25,341 |  |
| Durable goods stores. | 7,580 | 7,940 | 7,757 | 7,847 | 7,940 | 8,053 | 8 8,123 | 8,205 | 8,276 | 8, 467 | 8.383 | 8,394 | r8,482 | 8,352 | 8,395 |  |
| Charge accounts....... | 14,466 8,986 | 15,578 $\mathbf{9}, 671$ | 15,382 9830 | 15,517 9,524 | 15,578 9,671 |  | 15,860 9,749 | 15,901 9800 | 15,956 $\mathbf{9} 78$ | 16, 1988 | 16,407 | 16,475 |  | 16,591 | 16, 946 |  |
| Instalment accou | 13,060 | 13, 847 | 13,609 | 13, 840 | 13, 847 | 14, 102 | 14, 234 | 14,306 | -14,447 | 14,625 | - ${ }_{14,985}$ | - 14,872 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & \text { r } \\ & \text { 10,037 } \\ & \text { 15,027 }\end{aligned}\right.$ | 14,985 | 15, 216 |  |

${ }^{-}$Revised. ${ }^{1}$ Advance estimate. tSee note marked " $\ddagger$ " on p. S-11. $\ddagger$ Series revised to reflect benchmarking to the levels of the 1968-71 Annual Retail Trade Reports (Census and revised data appear on p. 55 ff. of the Dec. 1971 SURVEY (1968-69) and pp. 24-25 of the

Oct. 1972 SURVEY ( $1970-71$ ). $\quad$ Includes data not shown separately. 8 Except department stores mail order. O"See note marked " $\ddagger$ " on $p$. S-11; data prior to Feb. 1971 will be shown later. $\Theta$ Revised data (seas. adj.) back to Jan. 1971 appar in the Census Bureau Monthly
Retail Trade Report, Dec. 1972 issue.

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below，data through 1970 and descriptive notes are as ahown in the 1971 edilion of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1971 | 1972 | 1972 |  |  | 1973 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct． | Nov． | Dec． | Jan． | Feb． | Mar． | Apr． | May | June | July | Aug． | Sept． | Oct． | Nov．${ }^{\text {d }}$ |

LABOR FORCE，EMPLOYMENT，AND EARNINGS
POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES
Total，incl．armed forces overseas $\dagger$ ．．．．．．
LABOR FORCE

Labor force，persons 16 years of age and over＿－＿thous


## Seasonally Adjusted

Civilian labor force． Employed，tot
$\qquad$ do．．． Agriculture－．．．－．－．－．．．－．
Unemployed． pates（unemplowe and over ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． of total in the group）：
Men， 20 years and over
Women， 20 years and over
Both sexes， $16-19$ years．
White．
Married men other races
Occupation：White－collar workers
Industry of last joh（nonagricultural）
Private wage and salary workers．
Construction．


## EMPLOYMENT

Employees on payrolls of nonagricultural estah．$\ddagger \ddagger$ otal，not adjusted for seasonal variation．．．．thous．
Private sector（excl．government）．．．．．．．．．．．．．．

## Seasonally Adiusted

Total employees，nonagricultural payrolls $\ddagger$ ．－do．．．
Private sector（excl．government）
Nonmanufacturin
Moods－pro
Contract construction．
Manufacturing
Ordnance and accessories
Lumber and wood produc
Furniture and fixtures．．－
Stone，clay，and glass products．
Frimary metal industries
Machinery，except electrical
Electrical equipment and supplies． Transportation equipment． Instruments and related products．－ Miscellaneous manufacturing． Nondurable goods． Food and kindred products． Textile mill products． A pparel and other textile products． Printing and publishing． Printing and publishing－－．．－－
Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products Rubber and plastics products，$n$

Service－producing＊ Trans．，comm．，electric，gas Wholesale trad Finance，insurance，and real estate． Governme Federal $\qquad$
Production or nonsupervisory workers on private


## Seasonally Adjusted

Production or nonsupervisory workers on private


|  | 氙苓 |  |  | go \％ot \％or | No厄oros ODis | $\begin{aligned} & \text { rev } \\ & \text { ion } \end{aligned}$ | er or or or or or Non ONAO | 上． |  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0} \\ & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{4} \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { goróor } \\ & \text { in oson } \end{aligned}$ |  |  －OONかOの |  | Non No禺式式式苞 | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{0} \\ & \stackrel{0}{0} \\ & \infty \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8=4 \\ & 8.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { perorer } \\ & \text { onncos } \end{aligned}$ |  | Nôer trerencor $\infty 00$ iforer |  | 中） <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{0} \\ & \hline 0 \\ & 0 \\ & \hline 8 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { giv } \\ & \text { 品苔 } \end{aligned}$ | －trop Noseres |  | ner テrnerocin |  | 中 <br>  |  |
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|  |  |  | © N N <br>  |  | rerer ooor |  | Noprer mos wewo |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{N} \\ & \mathrm{O} \\ & \mathrm{~N} \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  <br>  | 最解象茄品 |  | \＆ がット |  |  － 0 o |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No } \\ & \hline 6 \\ & 9 \\ & \hline 8 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 出含 } \\ & \text { 客品 } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  orocenco |  |  onorncono |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 气㐅0 } \\ & \text { ? } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  <br>  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { os } \\ & \text { \& } \\ & \text { \&\% } \end{aligned}$ | G0． $\infty \mathrm{CO}+\mathrm{C}$ |  | Nop 苗 かmos－No |  |  | N 0 0 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 式荭 } \\ & \text { 式面 } \end{aligned}$ | 路名 | －N N． <br>  |  | $\rightarrow$ $1-000$ | No |  <br>  |  |  | N |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | ONO |  cores onono |  |  | N |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 点念 } \\ & \text { \& } \end{aligned}$ |  <br>  |  |  | orserspl <br>  |  |  <br>  |  |  | No d |
|  |  | FNWN N Whin | a N思思 <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { NAG } \\ & \text { U్రీ } \end{aligned}$ |  がいい |  |  $\cdots \rightarrow i v e-\infty$ |  |  | N |
|  |  |  <br>  <br>  |  |  | 品 －No |  | هn ールN $\rightarrow \infty$ ーか |  |  <br>  | N |
|  |  |  | 0 ，Nisiz $8 \mathbb{Q}^{2} \dot{6}$ \＆obeviro |  | Pes OnNor | $\begin{aligned} & 0 \\ & \hdashline-1 \end{aligned}$ | Nopt ton $-\omega=\infty \rightarrow \infty$ |  |  <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N} \\ & \text { O } \\ & \text { م } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  <br>  | ¢ NiNs <br>  |  | مب anoc | $\begin{aligned} & \text { on } \\ & 0 \times 0 \end{aligned}$ | Nبが NmN CNON |  |  | 边 |

＊NeW series：see also note＂$\ddagger$＂．
$\ddagger$ Effective Oct． 1972 SURVE，employment，hours，earnings，etc．，reflect revised bench marks and seasonal factors，and are not comparable with figures in earlier SURVEYS and in BUSINess Statistics．Unadjusted data through June 1972 and seazonally adjusted data through Dec． 1967 appear in BLS Bulletin 1312－g，EMF Lovan a data 1068－73，

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1970 and descriptive notes are as sho wn in the 1971 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1971 | 1972 | 1972 |  |  | 1973 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. ${ }^{\circ}$ |

LABOR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT, AND EARNINGS-Continued


| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1970 and descrintive notes are 98 shown in the 1971 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1971 | 1972 | 1972 |  |  | 1973 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov.s |

LABOR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT, AND EARNINGS-Continued

| MAN-HOURS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Indexes of man-hours, private nonagric. payrolls, goods-producing indus. $\ddagger$, Tseas. adjusted-Con. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing..................... $1967=100$. | 92.3 | 96.8 | 98.8 | 99.8 | 99.9 | 99.3 | 101.7 | 101.6 | 102.5 | 102.1 | 102.2 | 102.0 | 101.8 | 102.6 | 103.0 | 103.1 |
| Durable goods.........................d. do. | 89.1 | 94.9 | 97.8 | 99.2 | 99.6 | 99.6 | 102.1 | 101.7 | 103.0 | 102.8 | 102.9 | 102.9 | 102.6 | -103.5 | r 104.2 | 104.0 |
| Nondurable go | 97.1 | 99.5 | 100.4 | 100.7 | 100.4 | 98.8 | 101.2 | 101.6 | 101.7 | 101.1 | 101.2 | 100.6 | 100.7 | -101.2 | -101.3 | 101.9 |
| Service-producing* | 108.9 | 112.5 | 113.6 | 113.8 | 114.1 | 114.5 | 115.2 | 115.1 | 115.7 | 116.1 | 116.5 | 116.0 | 116.3 | +116.8 | r 116.8 | 117.2 |
| Transportation, comm., elec., gas* | 102.7 | 104. 4 | 105.6 | 105.6 | 106.0 | 106. 6 | 106.1 | 106.0 | 107.0 | 107.9 | 107.2 | 107.0 | 1107.9 | -107.2 | r 108.2 | 107.7 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 106. 7 | 110.4 | 111.2 | 111.7 | 112.0 | 112.0 | 113.1 | 113.2 | 113.4 | 113.7 | 113.8 | 113. 2 | 113.0 | - 113.8 | + 113.8 | 114.6 |
| Wholesale trade* | 105.5 | 109.0 | 110.1 | 110.3 | 110.1 | 111.0 | 111.4 | 111.7 | 111.5 | 112.2 | 112.3 | 112.2 | 112.6 | -113.1 | + 113.4 | 114.7 |
| Retail trade* | 107.1 | 110.9 | 111.6 | 112.3 | 112.8 | 112.4 | 113.7 | 113.7 | 114.1 | 114.3 | 114.3 | 113.6 | 113.1 | 114.1 | ${ }^{+} 114.0$ | 114.5 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate* ....d | 116.1 | 120.1 | 121.2 | 120.9 | 121.4 | 121.1 | 122.0 | 122.0 | 122.8 | 122.3 | 122.7 | 122.9 | 122.7 | 123.7 | + $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ +122.4 \\ \hline 123.3\end{array}$ | 122.8 |
|  | 112.8 | 116.8 | 118.3 | 118.4 | 118.4 | 119.6 | 120.2 | 120.0 | 120.7 | 121.4 | 122.6 | 121.9 | 122.8 | 123.3 | +123.3 | 123.7 |
| HOURLY AND W EEKLY EARNINGS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Average hourly earnings per worker: $\ddagger \ddagger$ Not seasonally adjusted: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Private nonagric. payrolls............... dollar | 3.43 | 3. 65 | 3. 74 | 3. 74 | 3. 74 | 3.77 | 3. 78 | 3. 80 | 3.83 | 3.85 | 3. 87 | 3. 90 | 3.81 | + 3.99 r 4.78 | 3.99 -4.76 | 4.00 4.78 |
|  | 4. 06 | 4. 38 | 4.41 | 4. 47 | 4. 55 | 4.60 | 4. 55 | 4.55 | 4. 60 6.31 | 4. 61 6.34 | 4.67 6.35 | 4. 70 6.40 | 4.69 646 | $\begin{array}{r}+3.78 \\ +6.64 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | + 4.76 +6.65 | 4.78 6.66 |
| Contract constr | 5.69 <br> 3.56 | 6. 06 3. 81 | 6. 22 3.86 3. 3 | 6. 23 3. 89 39 | 6.32 3.95 3. | 6.42 3.98 3. | 6.31 <br> 3.97 | 6. 28 3. 98 3. | 6. 31 <br> 4.01 | 6.34 4.02 | 6.35 4.04 | 6. 40 4.06 | 6.46 4.06 | $\begin{array}{r}+6.64 \\ \hline 4.13 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 6.65 \\ \mathrm{r} 4.14 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 6. 66 4.15 |
| Excluding o | 3.44 | 3.65 | 3. 69 | 3. 72 | 3.78 3.78 | 3.81 3.81 | 3.97 3.80 | 3.81 | 3. 83 | 3.85 | 3. 86 | 3. 89 | 3.88 | 3.93 | 3.95 | 3.96 |
| Durable goods | 3.79 | 4.05 | 4.11 | 4.14 | 4.21 | 4.23 | 4.23 | 4.23 | 4.26 | 4.28 | 4.30 | 4. 31 | 4.31 | 4.39 | 4.39 | 4. 40 |
| Excluding overtim | 3. 66 | 3.88 | 3.92 | 3.95 | 4.01 | 4.04 | 4.03 | 4.03 | 4.06 | 4.08 | 4.09 | 4.12 | 4.11 | 4.17 | 4. 18 | 4. 20 |
| Ordnance and accessori | 3.84 | 4.09 | 4. 13 | 4.13 | 4. 18 | 4.16 | 4.15 | 4.17 | 4. 18 | 4.23 | 4. 22 | 4. 28 | 4.29 | 4.37 +3 | +4.38 +3.66 +3.34 | 4.44 3.65 |
| Lumber and wood products.........d | 3.15 | 3.31 | 3.37 | 3.40 | 3.38 | 3.45 | 3.47 | 3.47 | 3. 51 | 3.54 | 3.61 | 3.59 | 3.62 | - 3. 68 | +3.66 +3.34 + | 3.65 <br> 3.35 |
| Furniture and fixtures...-..........do | 2.90 | 3.06 | 3.12 | 3.13 | 3.15 | 3.15 | 3.17 | 3.19 | 3.21 | 3.24 | 3. 25 | 3. 25 | 3.28 | 3.33 | -3.34 | 3.35 |
| Stone, clay, and glass pro | 3.66 | 3. 91 | 4.02 | 4.00 | 4.02 | 4.03 | 4.04 | 4.07 | 4.11 | 4.14 | 4.17 | 4. 20 | 4.21 | 4. 26 | $\begin{array}{r}4.27 \\ +5.15 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 4. 28 5.19 |
| Primary metal industries | 4.23 | 4. 66 | 4.74 | 4.80 | 4.81 | 4.87 | 4.86 | 4.88 | 4.92 | 4.95 | 4.96 | 5.00 | 5.10 | 5.16 4.30 | r 5.15 $r$ 4.32 | 5.19 4.34 |
| Fabricated metal products | 3.74 | 3.99 | 4.05 | 4.07 | 4.13 | 4.13 | 4.15 | 4.15 | 4.19 | 4.21 | 4. 24 | 4. 24 | 4.24 | 4.30 4.61 |  |  |
| Marhinery, except electrical.....-.-do | 3.99 <br> 3.48 | 4. 37 | 4.35 | 4. 38 | 4.44 3.79 3 | 4.44 <br> 3.80 | 4. 45 3 3.78 | 4.46 <br> 3.79 | 4.49 3.81 | 4.50 3.81 | 4.50 3.83 | 4.51 3.86 | 4.53 388 | 4.61 3.91 | r 4.62 +3.91 | 4. 64 3.92 |
| Electrical equipment and supplies -d | 3. 48 | 3. 67 | 3.71 | 3.74 | 3.79 | 3.80 | 3.78 | 3.79 | 3.81 | 3.81 | 3.83 | 3.86 5 506 | 3.88 | 3.91 5.10 | $\begin{array}{r}+3.91 \\ \mathbf{5 . 1 5} \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3.92 5.14 |
| Transportation equipment.-......do | 4.41 <br> 3.52 | 4.73 3.72 | 4. 81 3.73 3. | 4.87 4.74 3.74 | 5. 01 3. 83 | 5.00 3.82 | 5. 00 3.82 | 4.96 3.82 | 5.00 3.81 | 5. 00 3.86 | 5. 05 3.84 3. | 5. 06 3.87 3. | 5.02 <br> 3.87 | 5.10 3.93 | 5.15 3.93 $\mathbf{3}$ | 5. 3. 93 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing ind... do | 3.62 2.97 | 3. 3.11 | 3.73 <br> 3.13 | 3.74 3.15 | 3.83 3.19 | $\begin{aligned} & 3.82 \\ & 3.24 \end{aligned}$ | 3.82 3.22 | 3.82 3.23 | 3.81 3.22 | 3.86 3.26 | 3.84 <br> 3.27 | 3.87 3.26 | 3.87 3.26 | 3.31 3.31 | 3.31 | 3.34 |
| Nondurable goods...................... do | 3.26 | 3. 47 | 3. 62 | 3. 53 | 3. 58 | 3. 61 | 3. 59 | 3.61 | 3.63 | 3. 64 | 3. 66 | 3.70 | 3.70 | 3.75 | 3.76 | 3.77 |
| Excluding overtime-............. did | 3.14 | 3.33 | 3.37 | 3.38 | 3. 43 | 3.47 | 3. 45 | 3. 46 | 3.48 | 3.50 | 3.51 | 3.55 | 3.54 | 3.58 | 3.60 | . 61 |
| Food and kindred prod | 3.38 | 3. 60 | 3.63 | 3.66 | 3.72 | 3.75 | 3.75 | 3.77 | 3.78 | 3.82 | 3. 82 | 3.82 | 3.83 | 3.85 | 3.89 +3.75 | 3.90 |
| Tobacco manufactures.............. do | 3.15 | 3.43 | 3.38 | 3.49 | 3. 49 | 3. 56 | 3.65 | 3.70 | 3.81 | 3. 84 | 3.91 | 3.97 | 3.73 | 3. 68 | - 3.75 | 3.86 |
| Textile mill products. | 2.57 | 2.73 | 2.76 | 2.78 | 2.83 | 2.87 | 2.88 | 2.88 | 2. 90 | 2.90 | 2.90 | 2. 89 | 2.92 | 3.02 | 3.03 | 3.05 |
| Apparel and other textile prod.....do | 2.49 | 2.61 | 2.67 | 2.68 | 2.69 | 2.72 | 2.72 | 2.73 | 2.74 4.11 | 2.74 4.12 | 2.75 4.16 | 2.74 4.23 4 | 2.79 | 2.84 +4.26 | $\begin{array}{r}12.84 \\ -4.26 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2. 8.85 4.28 |
| Paper and allied products...........do | 3.67 4.20 | 3.94 4.48 | 4.02 4.55 | 4.03 4 4 | 4. 06 | 4. 06 4 | 4.07 4.68 | 4. 08 4 4 | 4.11 4.63 | 4.12 4.67 | 4.16 4.68 | 4. 23 4.70 | 4.24 4 4 | r 4.26 $\cdot 4.76$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { - } 4.26 \\ \hline \\ \hline 4.74\end{array}$ | 4.28 4.74 |
| Printing and publishing.-..-- | 4. 20 <br> 3.94 | 4.48 4.20 | 4.55 4.28 4. | 4.56 4.29 | 4.59 4.33 | 4. 66 4.36 | 4. 68 4.35 | 4. 60 4.36 | 4.63 4.40 | 4.67 4.42 | 4. 68 4.46 | 4. 70 4.49 | 4.70 <br> 4.50 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { '4.76 } \\ 4.53 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 4.74 \\ \hline 4.53 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 4. <br> 4 <br> 4.54 |
| Petroleum and coal products......-do | 4.57 | 4.95 | 6.01 | 5.02 | 5.03 | 5. 09 | 5.09 | 5.15 | 5.22 | 5. 22 | 5.24 | 5.26 | 5.24 | -5.29 | +5.26 | 5.25 |
| Rubber and plastics products, nec - do | 3. 40 | 3. 60 | 3.69 | 3.68 | 3.72 | 3.74 | 3. 73 | 3.73 | 3. 76 | 3.71 | 3.75 | 3.82 | 3.81 | 3.86 | +3.87 | 3.88 |
| Leather and leather products.......do | 2.60 | 2.71 | 2.72 | 2.72 | 2.74 | 2.77 | 2.78 | 2.80 | 2.79 | 2.80 | 2. 80 | 2.79 | 2.80 | -2.84 | 2.86 | 2.88 |
| Transportation, comm., elec., gas | 4.20 | 4. 64 | 4.80 | 4. 82 | 4.86 | 4.87 | 4.90 | 4. 89 | 4. 96 | 4.96 | 4. 99 | 5.04 | 5.12 | - 5.19 | $\begin{array}{r}5 \\ +5.19 \\ +3.27 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |
| Wholesale and retail trade............-. d | 2.87 3 | 3. 02 | 3. 06 | 3.07 | 3.07 | 3.11 3 | 3. 13 | 3. 14 | 3.16 4.07 | 3.17 4.09 | 3.19 4.10 | 3.20 4.12 | 3.21 4.13 | $\begin{array}{r}+3.26 \\ +4.19 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 3.27 \\ \times 4.19 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 4.21 |
| Wholesale trade.. | 3.67 <br> 2.57 <br> 3.8 | 3.88 2.70 | 3.93 3.74 2. | 3.94 2.75 2.8 | 3. 99 2.75 2.75 | 3.99 <br> 2.78 | 4.02 | 4. 03 2. 81 | 4.07 2.83 | 4.09 2.84 | 4.10 2.86 | 4.12 2.86 | 4.13 2.87 | - 4.19 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 4.19 \\ +2.93 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 4. 2.95 |
| Finance, Insurance, | 3. 28 | 3.45 | 3. 48 | 3. 49 | 3.52 | 3. 54 | 3. 56 | 3.55 | 3. 59 | 3. 57 | 3. 58 | 3.61 | 3.60 | + 3.66 | r3. 65 | 3. 66 |
| Services.... | 3.01 | 3.18 | 3.24 | 3.25 | 3.27 | 3.27 | 3.28 | 3.30 | 3.32 | 3.32 | 3.34 | 3.36 | 3.34 | - 3.44 | +3.44 | 3.45 |
| Sessonally adjusted:* |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prjvate nonagricultural payrolls..........do | 3.43 | 3. 65 | 3.73 | 3.73 | 3. 75 | 3.77 | 3.78 | 3.81 | 3. 84 | 3.85 4.62 | 3. 87 | 3.91 | 3.92 | 5 +3.96 $\ulcorner 4.78$ | 3.98 -4.76 -6.58 | 3.99 4.75 |
| Mining.-.-.......-.......-.............- do | 4.06 5 5 | 4.38 | 4. 41 | 4. 44 | 4. 53 | 4. 58 | 4. 52 | 4.54 6.31 | 4.59 6.35 | 4. 62 | 4. 70 6.43 | 4.74 | 4.73 6.50 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 4.78 \\ +6.59 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | +4.76 +6.58 +4 | 4.75 6.62 |
| Contract construction-......---.....-- - do | 5.69 | 6. 06 | 6. 15 | 6. 19 | 6. 29 | 6. 37 | 6. 29 | 6.31 3 3 | 6.35 4.01 | 6.34 4.02 | 6.43 4.04 | 6.46 4.07 | 6.50 4.09 | r 6.59 $\mathbf{4 . 1 3}$ | r 6.58 r 4.16 | 6.62 4.15 |
| Manufacturing-...-.....-.-.............do | 3. 56 | 3. 81 | 3.88 | 3.89 | 3.93 | 3.97 | 3.96 4.90 | 3.98 4.92 | 4.01 4.97 | 4.02 4.97 | 4. 04 5.01 | 4.07 <br> 5.03 | 4.09 5.11 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 4. } \\ + \\ \mathrm{r} .13 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } 4.16 \\ +5.18 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 4. 15 |
| Transportation, comm., elec., gas......do | 4. 20 | 4. 64 | 4. 80 | 4.81 | 4. 85 | 4.86 | 4.90 | 4.92 3 3 | 4.97 <br> 3.15 | 4.97 3.16 | 5. 319 | 5. 31 | ${ }_{3} 5.11$ | +5.15 +3.26 | $\begin{array}{r}+5.18 \\ +3.27 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3. 29 |
| Wholesale and retall trade..-.-.......do | 2.87 3.28 3. | 3.02 3.45 | 3. 3.8 | 3.07 3 3 | 3.09 <br> 3.53 | 3.09 <br> 3.53 | 3.11 | 3.13 3.54 3 | 3.15 | 3.16 3.66 | 3. 19 3.59 | 3.21 <br> 3.61 | 3.23 3.61 | +3.26 +3.67 +3.4 | + r 3.66 |  |
| Finance, insurance, and re Services | 3.28 3.01 | 3.45 3.18 | 3.49 3.23 | 3.49 3.24 | 3.53 3.27 | 3.53 3.26 | 3.53 3.27 | 3.54 3.30 | 3. ${ }^{\text {3. }} 38$ | 3.56 3.32 | 3.59 3.36 | 3.61 3.38 | 3.61 3.37 | $\begin{array}{r}+ \\ + \\ +3.67 \\ + \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ | r 3.66 r 3.43 | 3.44 |
| Indexes of avg, hourly earnings, seas. adj.: (1)¢ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Private nonfarm economy: $\quad$ Current dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 149.0 | r 149.7 | 150.1 |
| Current dollars..................... 1967 =100.. | 129.7 | 137.9 | 140.4 | 140.7 | 141.9 | 142.3 | 142.5 | 143.3 | 144.4 |  | 146.0 |  | 147.6 | +110.0 | - 109.6 | 109.0 |
|  | 106.9 127.2 | ${ }_{136.7}^{110.1}$ | 110.9 <br> 137.8 | 110.8 | 111.5 140.9 | 111.3 | 110.7 | 110.4 142.5 | 110.5 144.0 | 1144.8 | 110.4 146.2 | 110.9 147.9 | 109.3 | - 149.5 | - 148.2 | 148.5 |
| Contract | 138.1 | 146.9 | 149.2 | 149.6 | 151.8 | 154.0 | 151.6 | 152.6 | 153.4 | 153.7 | 155.4 | 156.3 | 157.2 | 159.1 | - 1188.9 | 160.0 146.7 |
| Manufacturing | 127.5 | 135.4 | 137.5 | 138.0 | 138.8 | 139.5 | 139.7 | 140.4 | 141.1 | 141.8 | 142.7 | 143.7 | 144.5 | + 145.4 | + r +160. 16 | 146.7 160.9 |
| Transportation, comm., | 130.0 | 143.7 | 148.2 | 148.7 | 150.1 | 150.4 | 151.5 | 152.1 | 154.6 | 153.5 | 155.0 | 155.6 | 157.7 | + $\begin{array}{r}158.5 \\ +145.7\end{array}$ | r 160.4 +145.4 | 160.9 147.1 |
| Wholesale and retail trade | 128.3 | 135. 0 | 137.2 | 137.4 | 138.4 | 138.7 | 139.2 | 140.2 | 141.2 1391 |  | 142.9 | 143.6 140.9 | 144.4 | + 14.8 +143.4 | - 142.9 | 143. 1 |
| Finance, insurance, and re | 126.8 | 133.4 138.4 | 135.4 140.7 | 135.2 141.0 | 136.5 142.0 | 136.8 142.2 | 137.0 142.3 | 136.9 143.6 | 139.1 144 | 138.5 144.7 | 139.5 146.3 | 140.9 147.3 | 146.9 | + 148.8 | +149.3 | 149.7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Common labor................................... do...- | 6.010 8.340 | 6.642 9.146 | 6.813 9.490 | 6.836 9.378 | 6.841 9.396 | 6.896 9.410 | 6.896 9.410 | 6.897 9.414 | 6.910 9.490 | 6.93 9.48 | 7.04 9.52 | 7.09 9.55 | 7.18 9.66 | 9.72 | 9.76 | 9.80 |
| Farm, without board or rm., ist of mo...- do | 1.73 | 1.84 | 1.82 |  |  | 1.98 |  |  | 1.97 |  |  | 2.02 |  |  | 1.97 |  |
| Railroad wages (average, class I) .-..........d. do.. | 4.416 | -4.923 |  |  | 4. 199 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollars, seasonally adjusted* <br> 1967 dollars, seasonally adjusted ${ }^{*} \triangle$ | 126.91 104.62 | 135.78 | 139.13 109.89 | 138.76 109.28 | 138.75 109.05 | 139.11 108.79 | 140.62 109.22 | 141.35 108.83 | 142.85 109.30 | 143.22 108.94 | 143.58 108.60 | 145.45 109.77 | 145.04 107.39 | $\stackrel{+}{147.31}$ | 107.80 | 107. 23 |
| 1967 dollars, seasonally adjusted ${ }^{*} \triangle$ Spendable earnings (worker with 3 dependents): | 104.62 | 108. 36 | 109.89 | 109.28 | 109.05 | 108.79 | 109.22 | 108.83 | 109.30 | 108.94 | 108.60 | 109.77 | 107.39 | . 108.2 | 12.80 |  |
| Current dollars, seasonally adjusted | 112.12 | 120.79 |  | 123.14 | 123.14 | 122.51 | 123.70 | 124.26 | 125.42 | 125.70 | 125.98 | 127.42 | 127.11 | r 128.87 | 128.82 | ${ }^{129.11}$ |
| 1967 dollars, seasonally adjusted $\triangle$. | 122. | 96. 40 | 97. 49 | 96. 98 | 96.78 | 95.81 | 96.08 | 95. 67 | ${ }^{95.96}$ | 95.61 | 95.29 | 96. 16 | 94.11 | - 95.11 | 94.30 | 93.78 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Private nonfarm, total..................dollars | 126.91 | 135.78 | 139.50 | 138.75 | 139.13 | 137.98 | 139. 10 | 140.22 | 141.33 | 142.45 195.46 | 144.74 | 146.64 | 146.63 200.73 | $\xrightarrow{+148.83}$ | - 2037.73 | 147.60 204.11 |
|  | 171.74 | ${ }^{186.15}$ | 189.19 | 189.98 | 191. 10 | 189.98 223.42 | 188.37 220.22 | ${ }_{229.85}^{188.37}$ | 191.82 | 195.46 | 200.34 241.94 | ${ }_{245}^{200.76}$ | ${ }_{247.42}^{200.73}$ | + ${ }^{2} 2051.64$ | - 250.71 | 250.42 |
|  | 212.24 | 224.22 | 237.60 | 224. 28 | 222.46 | 223.42 159 | ${ }_{161} 220.22$ | 229.85 | ${ }_{163.21} 232$ | 237.75 163 | 241.94 | 245.76 | 164.43 | ${ }^{269.33}$ | 168.50 | 169.32 |
| Manufacturing ${ }^{\text {Durable goods }}$ | 142.04 | 154.69 | 157.49 | 159.49 | 162.74 | 159.20 | 161.18 175.97 | 162.38 175.97 | 163.21 177.22 | 163.61 178.05 | 165.24 | 164.43 | 164.43 176.28 | 183.06 | - 181.75 | 182.16 |
| Durable goods...- | 153.12 | 167. 27 | 170.67 140 | 173. 05 | 177.24 | 173.43 | 175.97 | ${ }_{142.96}^{175}$ | 177.22 143.39 | 173.78 | 175. 178 | 177.14 | 176.28 | 150.00 | - 149.27 | 150.42 |
| Nondurable goods....-.-............. d Transportation, comm., elec., gas....-d | 128.12 | 137.76 187.46 | 140.10 194.88 | 141.20 | 142.84 197.80 | 139.71 195.77 | 141.09 197.47 | 142.96 196.58 | 143.39 199.39 | 143.787 | 145.67 204 | 146. 14 | 147.43 | - 211.75 | - 210.71 | 211. 53 |
| Wholesale and retail tr | 100.74 | 106.00 | 106.79 | 106.53 | 108.37 | 107.30 | 107. 99 | 108.33 | 108.70 | 109.37 | 112.29 | 113.92 | 113.63 | * 113.12 | 112.16 | 112.85 166.30 |
| Wholesale trade | 146.07 | 154.42 | 156.41 | 156.81 | 160.00 | 157.61 | 158.79 | 159.59 | 159.95 | 161.56 | 162.36 | 163.56 | 163.55 | ${ }_{-} 165.51$ | +164.69 | 166.30 96.47 |
| Retall trade...................................... do | 86.61 | 90.72 | 91.24 | 91.30 | 93.23 | 91.46 | 92.12 | ${ }^{92.45}$ | 93.39 | ${ }^{93} \mathbf{7 2}$ | 96.67 | 98.10 134 | ${ }_{1}^{97.87}$ |  | + +136.10 |  |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate.....do | 121.36 | 128.34 | 129.80 | 129.13 | 130.59 | 130.98 | 132.08 | 131.35 | 133.55 | 131.73 | 132.82 | 134.65 | 133.56 | r 135.79 | + 134.69 | ${ }_{116.96}$ |
| Services.. | 102.94 | 108.44 | 110.48 | 110.50 | 111.18 | 110.85 | 111.19 | 111.87 | 112.88 | 112.55 | 114.90 | 116 | 115.90 | 17 |  |  |
| - Revised. Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Includes adjustments not distributed by months. <br> indexes also exclude, for the manufacturing sector only, effects of fluctuations in overtime <br> $\ddagger$ See corresponding note, p. S-13. IProduction and nonsupervisory workers. *New series. a Line-haul roads; omits wages in switching and terminal companies. premiums. See also note " 4 ," p. S-13. owages as of Dec. 1, 1973: Common, \$7.27; skilled, <br> (1)Source: USDL, Bureau of Labor Statistics; the inderes exclude effects of changes in the $\$ 9.84$. $\triangle$ Earnings expressed in 1967 dollars are adjusted for changes in purchasing power proportion of workers in high-wage and low-wage industries, and the total and manufacturing since the base period, 1967, by dividing by the Consumer Price Index for the respective period. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Urless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1970 and descrin'ive notes are as shown in the 1971 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1971 | 1972 | 1972 |  |  | 1973 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annusl |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

## LABOR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT, AND EARNINGS—Continued

| HELP-WANTED ADVERTISING <br> Seasonally adjusted index $\dagger$..................... 1967=100.. | 82 | 「101 | 109 | 109 | 117 | 122 | 119 | 121 | 121 | 122 | 123 | 131 | 126 | 121 | - 122 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| LABOR TURNOVER $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufact uring establishments: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unadjusted for seasonal variation: Accession rate, total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Acession rate, motal rate per 100 employees. - | 3.9 | 4.4 | 4.8 | 3.6 | 2.7 | 4.6 | 4. 0 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 5.3 | 5.9 | 5.1 | 6.2 | 5. 7 | D 5.2 |  |
| New hires....-.-.-......................-do...- | 2.5 | 3.3 | 4.8 3.8 | 3.6 2.9 | 2.0 | 4.6 3.5 | 4. 1 | 4. 3.5 | 3. 6 | 4.4 | 5.0 | 4.1 | 5.0 | +4.7 | D 4.3 |  |
|  | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 4.2 | 3.7 | 4.2 | 4.1 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 6.1 | 6. 5 | 5.7 | p 4.9 |  |
|  | 1.8 | 2.2 | 2.5 | 1.9 | 1.6 | 2. 2 | 2.1 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 4. 5 | 3.9 | D3.0 |  |
|  | 1.6 | 1.1 | . 9 | 1.0 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 2.8 | . 8 | . 7 | . 6 | . 6 | 1.4 | . 8 | . 7 | D. 8 |  |
| Seasonally adjusted: <br> Accession rate, total do |  |  |  |  | 4.3 | 4.9 | 4.8 | 4.9 |  |  |  |  |  | 4.7 | D 5.0 |  |
|  <br>  |  |  | 4.6 3.5 | 4.5 3.6 | 4.3 3.5 | 4.9 4.0 | 4. 8 3.9 | 4.9 4.0 | 4.9 3.9 | 5.1 4.3 | 4.5 3.6 | 4.8 3.9 | 4.7 3.8 | 4.7 3.7 | - 3.9 |  |
|  |  |  | 4.0 | 4. 1 | 4. 1 | 4. 4 | 4. 4 | 4.7 | 4.4 | 4.7 | 3.6 4.7 | 3.8 4.5 | 3.8 5.1 | 4.7 4.4 | p 4.6 |  |
|  |  |  | 2.3 | 2.4 | 4. 2.5 | 2.6 | 2. 7 | 2.9 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 2.4 | > 2.8 |  |
|  |  |  | . 9 | . 9 | 1. 0 | .9 | -. 9 | . 9 | . 8 | . 8 | . 8 | 1.0 | . 9 | . 7 | p. 8 |  |
| INDUSTRIAL DISPUTES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Work stoppages: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Number of stoppages: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 470 | 680 | 520 | 600 | 530 | 500 | 420 |  |
| Beginning in month or year..........number. In effect during month......................... | 5, 138 | - 5,010 | or 395 <br> - r 665 <br> ar | +327 +595 | r 158 +411 | 310 480 | 380 590 | 410 670 | 470 710 | 680 860 | 840 | 830 | 530 890 | 850 | 740 |  |
| Workers involved in stoppages: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 259 | 164 |  |
| Beginning in month or year.-.......-.thous..- | 3, 280 | -1,714 | ar 173 | r 85 -202 | +35 +162 | 118 145 | 141 200 | 110 156 | 146 167 | 155 253 | 238 299 | 253 | 167 341 | 360 | 261 |  |
| In effect during month.---.-............do....- |  |  | ar ar ar 1,378 | r 202 $+1,351$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \times 162 \\ \hline 18018\end{array}$ | 145 1,433 | 1200 1. 281 | 1168 1,330 | 167 1,890 | 2,483 | 2,173 | 2,510 | 2,698 | 2,696 | 2,421 |  |
| Man-days idle during month or year.--.-.- do...- <br> UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE | 47, 589 | r 27,066 | or 1,342 | -1,361 | - 1,018 | 1,433 | 1. 281 | 1,350 | 1,850 | 2,483 | 2,173 | 2,510 | 2,698 | 2, |  |  |
| Unemployment insurance programs: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Insured unemployment, all programs, average weekly \& $\%$ $\qquad$ thous.- | 2,593 | 2,186 | 1,512 | 1,692 | 1,993 | 2,333 | 2,250 | 2,075 | 1,828 | 1,610 | 1,523 | 1,640 | 1,572 | - 1,440 | p1,451 |  |
| State programs: |  |  | 955 | 1,119 | 1,347 | 1,539 | 1,000 | 916 | 920 | 887 | 865 | 1,231 | 954 | 762 |  |  |
|  | 15,337 2,150 | 13,580 1,848 | 1,357 | 1, 1,607 | 1,347 | 2,124 | 2,062 | 1,898 | 1,669 | 1,465 | 1,383 | 1, 305 | 1,436 | 1,299 | p1,298 |  |
| Percent of covered employment: ${ }^{\text {a }}$------ | 2,160 | 1,848 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 4.1 | 3.5 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 3.3 | 3.8 2 | 3.7 2.8 | 3.4 2.8 | 2.8 2.7 | 2.5 2.7 |  | 2.5 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.1 | -2.8 |  |
|  |  |  | 3.3 1.129 | $\begin{array}{r}3.2 \\ 1,203 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3.0 1,350 | 2.7 1.768 | 2.8 1.803 | 2.8 1,752 | 2.7 1,504 | 2.7 $\mathbf{1 , 2 9 9}$ | 1,210 | 1,202 | 2.7 1,229 | 2.8 1.115 | D 2.8 |  |
| Beneficiaries, average weekly............thous.- | 1,814 | 1,470 | 1,129 | 1, 203 | 1.360 | 1,768 14653 | - 1,803 | 1,752 1440.9 | 1,504 1363.6 | 1,299 1339.2 | 1286.6 | 1 $1,296.3$ | 1316.3 | +1,115 |  |  |
|  | 4,957.0 | $14,471.0$ | 280.3 | 307.2 | 342.0 | ${ }^{1} 465.3$ | 1415.0 | 1440.9 | ${ }^{1} 363.6$ | 1339.2 | ${ }^{1} 286.6$ | 1296.3 | 1316.3 | ${ }^{1} 251.2$ |  |  |
| Federal employees, insured unemployment, average weekly $\qquad$ thous. | 34 | 36 | 38 | 39 | 39 | 39 | 37 | 34 | 31 | 28 | 28 | 39 | 42 | 42 | D 44 |  |
| Veterans' program (UCX): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 622 | 523 | 31 | 30 | 35 | 39 76 | 35 | 33 | 26 | 27 | 28 56 | 32 | 31 | 26 | 5 51 |  |
| Insured unemployment, avg weekly .-.do.--- | 131 | 106 | 69 | 67 | 70 | 76 74 | 76 73 | 72 | 64 65 | 58 58 | 56 54 | 59 65 | 59 69 | 83 <br> 53 | D 51 |  |
| Beneficiaries, average weekly...--.....- do-.-- | 115 | 102 | 66 18.2 | ${ }_{186}^{66}$ | 64 16.9 | 74 20.9 | 73 178 | 74 200 | 65 17.0 | 68 16.7 | 54 14.3 | 69 15.3 | 17.4 | 83 13.6 |  |  |
|  | 356.0 | 381.8 | 18.2 | 18.0 | 16.9 | 20.9 | 17.8 | 20.0 | 17.0 | 16.7 | 14.3 | 15.3 | 17.4 | 13.6 | ---- |  |
| Applications. $\qquad$ thous.- | 609 | 105 | 6 | 12 | 11 | 7 | 3 | 26 | 9 | 3 | 7 | 13 | 7 | 6 | 4 |  |
| Insured unemployment, svg weekly.-. do.--- | 26 | 20 | 16 | 20 | 16 | 21 | 18 | 15 | 13 | 10 | 9 | 9 | 9 | 10 | 9 |  |
|  | 75.7 | 51.5 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.8 | 5.9 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 2.9 | 2.3 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 1.9 |  |

FINANCE

| BANKING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Open market paper outstanding, end of period: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bankers acceptances-.----..-.-.-.-.-.-mil. \$-. | 23, 8889 | $\begin{array}{r}6,898 \\ 34 \\ \hline 12\end{array}$ | 6,748 35,651 | 65, ${ }^{6} 864$ | 6,898 34,721 | 6,564 | 65,734 | 6,859 34,052 | 6,713 34,404 | 6,888 35,672 | 35,786 | 35, 463 | 7,734 | 87, 8 , 641 | 81, 838 |  |
| Commercial and finance co. paper, total --- do. | 2 32,126 11,418 | 34,721 12,172 | 35,651 13,558 | 35,775 13,221 | 34, 12,172 | 35,727 12,552 | 35, 198 1092 | 34,062 9,359 | 9, ${ }^{\text {9, }} 334$ | 3,436 9,43 | 3, 9 | 38,161 | 9, ${ }^{\text {9, }} 126$ | 10, 198 | 13, 046 |  |
|  | 220,708 | 22, 549 | 22,093 | 22, 554 | 22,549 | 23, 175 | 24, 272 | 24,693 | 25,070 | 26,236 | 26,297 | 26,302 | 28, 128 | 27,443 | 28,556 |  |
| Agricultural loans and discounts outstanding of agencies supervised by the Farm Credit Adm.: Total, end of period |  |  |  | 18,046 | 18,294 | 18,925 | 19, 343 | 19,733 | 20,075 | 20,319 | 20,641 | 20,856 | 21, 206 | 21,346 | 21,454 |  |
| Farm mortgage loans: | 16, 347 | 18, 299 | 18,012 | 18,040 | 18, 294 | 18,920 | 19,343 | 1,733 | 20,075 | 20,319 | 20,6.1 | 20,850 | 21, 200 | 10,592 | 10,781 |  |
| Federal land banks....................-.- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 7,917 | ?, 107 | 8,857 | 8,972 | 9,107 | 9, 251 | 9,387 | 9, 591 | 9,767 | 9,953 | 10, 118 | 10, 256 | 10, 441 | 10,592 | 10,781 |  |
| Loans to cooperatives...-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-. - do | 2,076 | 2,993 | 2,335 | 2,313 | 2,298 | 2,808 | 2,936 | 2,895 | 2,859 | 2, 765 | 2,725 | 2,811 7,789 | 2,868 7,899 | 2,738 8,016 | 2,711 7,961 |  |
|  | 6,354 | 6,889 | 6,799 | 6,761 | 6,889 | 6,866 | 7,020 | 7,246 | 7,449 | 7,601 | 7,798 | 7,789 | 7,899 | 8,016 | 7,961 |  |
| Bank debits to demand deposit accounts, except Interbank and U.S. Government accounts, annual rates, seasonally adjusted: $\oplus$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total (233 SMSA's) ${ }^{\text {a }}$........................-bil. \$.- |  |  | 13,896.7 | 15,164.7 | 14,783.7 | 15,444.5 | 16,069.5 | 15,954.5 | 15,966.3 | 16,447.0 | 16,634.4 | r17,218.8 | 17,885.3 | -17,914.5 | 18,378.5 |  |
| New York SMSA |  |  | 6,148.6 | 6,979.3 | 6,604.8 | 6,855.4 | 7,227.0 | 6,844.8 | 6,927.5 | 7,177.0 | 7,224.6 | 7,381.4 | 7,744.6 | 8,025.3 | 8,137.2 |  |
| Total 232 SMSA's (except N.Y.)...-.-.-. do |  |  | 7,748. 1 | 8, 175.3 | 8, 178.9 | 8,589.1 | 8,842.4 | 9,109.7 | 9,038.8 | 9,270.1 | 9,409.8 | -9,837.4 | 10,140.6 | -9,889.1 | 10,241.3 |  |
| 6 other leading SMSA's $1 .$. |  |  | 3, 225. 8 | 3, 411.9 | 3, 495.4 | 3,631.7 | 3,804.8 | 3,868.7 | 3,852.6 | 3,913.4 | 4,046.6 | 4,277.8 | 4,315.3 | -4,192.1 | 4,413.5 |  |
|  |  |  | 4,522.3 | 4,763. 5 | 4,683.5 | 4,957.3 | 5,037.6 | 5,241.0 | 5,186.2 | 5,356.7 | 5,363.3 | r5,55.95 | 5,825.3 | r5,697.1 | 5,827.8 |  |
| Federal Reserve banks, condition, end of period: <br> Assets, total 8 $\qquad$ | 99,523 | 97,675 | 100,039 | 93,635 | 97,675 | 99,061 | 99, 492 | 99,325 | 100,010 | 100, 010 | 100, 609 | 104,439 | 101,577 | 101,944 | -107, 422 | P103,481 |
| Reserve bank credit outstanding, total \% . do. | 75,821 | 77, 291 | 75,173 | 73,476 | 77, 291 | 77, 228 | 78,539 | 79,717 | 79,832 | 79,392 | 80,355 | 83,349 | 82,489 | 81,123 | -85, 454 | 83,042 |
| Discounts and advances.........-.-.-. ${ }^{\text {do. }}$ | - 39 | 1,981 | -481 | - 501 | 1,981 | 1,310 | 1,564 | 2,048 | 1,716 | 1,224 | 1,770 | 2,245 | 2,842 | 1, 358 | 2,198 | 1,914 |
|  | 70,218 | 69,906 | 70,094 | 69,501 | 69,906 | 72, 022 | 72, 620 | 74, 276 | 75,495 | 74, 128 | 75,022 | 77,098 | 76,093 | 76, 165 | 78, 191 | 77, 129 |
| Gold certificate accoun | 9,875 | 10,303 | 10,303 | 10,303 | 10,303 | 10,303 | 10,303 | 10,303 | 10,303 | 10,303 | 10,303 | 10,303 | 10,303 | 10,303 | 11,460 | 11,460 |
| Lisblities, total 9 | 99,523 | 97,675 | 100,039 | 93,635 | 97,675 | 99,061 | 99,492 | 99,325 | 100, 010 | 100,010 | 100, 509 | 104, 439 | 101,577 | 101,944 | ' 107, 422 | p103,481 |
| Deposits, total | 31,475 | 28,667 | 29,159 | 25, 666 | 28,667 | 30,458 | 30,814 | 31,626 | 30,968 | 29,123 | 29,920 | 32,461 | 30,822 | 30,919 | r 34,886 | 30,970 |
| Member-bank reserve bslances.-.-......do. | 27,780 | 25, 647 | 26,757 | 23, 667 | 25,647 | 26,727 | 27,653 | 27,713 | 25,700 | 24,892 | 24,818 | 28, 198 | 28,955 | 28,240 | -31,787 | 27, 933 |
| Federal Reserve notes in circulation......-do. | 54,954 | 59,914 | 57,062 | 58,419 | 59,914 | 58,402 | 58, 466 | 58,676 | 59,414 | 60,223 | 60,847 | 61,362 | 61,640 | 61,628 | 62,120 | 63,292 |

 on new basis reffect inclusion of paper issued directly by real estate investment trusts and claims filed under extended duration provisions of regular State laws; amounts paid under these programs are excluded from the annual figure and, beginning Jan. 1973, from the monthly data. © For Jan.-Sept. 1972 revisions, see footnote, p. S-21. e Estimate.
$\dagger$ Revised (back to 1951) to reflect new seasonals and other modifications.

[^15]| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1970 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1971 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1971 | 1972 | 1972 |  |  | 1973 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | End of year |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

## FINANCE-Continued

| BANKING-Continued |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| All member banks of Federal Reserve System, averages of daily firures: |  |
| Reserves held, total $\oplus$--------..--------.-mil. \$.- |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Borrowings from Federal Reserve banks ... do <br> Free reserves $\oplus$.......................................... ${ }^{\text {do. }}$ |  |
| Large commercial banks reporting to Federal Reserve System, Wed. nearest end of yr. or mo.: |  |
| Deposits: <br> Demand, adjustedor $\qquad$ |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Individuals, partnerships, and corp...-do..- |  |
| State and local governments do... <br> U.S. Government $\qquad$ $\qquad$ do... |  |
|  |  |
| D omestic commercial banks .-...........do...- |  |
|  |  |
| Individuals, partnerships, and corp.: |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Loans (adjust ed), totalo ${ }^{\text {a }} \ddagger$. |  |
| Commercial and industrial................do.... |  |
|  |  |
| To nonbank financlal institutions..-.-..... do...- |  |
|  <br>  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| U.S. Government securities, total........do... |  |
| Notes and bonds <br> Other securities $\qquad$ |  |
|  |  |
| Commerclal bank credit (last Wed. of mo., except for June 30 and Dec. 31 call dates), seas. adj.: $\dagger$ |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Loans $\odot$. $\qquad$ do U.S. Government securities. $\qquad$ do |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |

Money and interest rates: 8
Bank rates on short-term business loans:
In 35 centers....................percent per annum.
 8 north central centers. $\qquad$ .do... 7 southeast centers 8 southwest centers
....do.-

Federal intermediate credit bank loans....do...
Home mortgage rates (conventional 1st mortgages):
New home purchase (U.S. avg.) .......percent

Open market rates, New York City:
Bankers' acceptances (prime, 90 days) -.- do
Finance Co. paper placed directly, 3-6 mo-do.
Stock Exchange call loans, golng rate....do.
Yleld on U.S. Goverament securities (taxable): 3 -month bills (rate on new issue).... percent.

## CONSUMER CREDIT T <br> (Short-and Intermediate-term)

Total outstanding, end of year or month.... mid. \$. Installment credit, total.

Automohle paper
ther consumer goods paper -...............................
Repair and modernization loans..............................
By type of holder:
Financial institutions, total.....................
Finance companies ................................................
Credit unions.
Miscellaneous lenders
Retall outlets, total.
Automobile dealers. $\qquad$ do..

| 131,329 | 131,353 | 33,803 | + 31,774 | 31,353 | 32,962 | 31,742 | 31,973 | 32,277 | 32,393 | 32,028 | 33,524 | 33,785 | 34,019 | - 34, 912 | ${ }^{p} 34,592$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 131, 164 | 131,134 | 33, 556 | 31,460 | 31, 134 | 32, 620 | 31, 537 | 31,678 | 32,125 | 32,275 | 31, 969 | 33, 202 | 33, 539 | 33,782 | - 34, 712 | P 34, 330 |
| 1165 | 1219 | 247 | ${ }_{4} 314$ | 219 | 342 | , 205 | ${ }^{2} 295$ | ${ }^{32} 152$ | , 118 | - 59 | 3, 322 | 246 | , 237 | - 200 | ${ }_{p} 62$ |
| 1107 | 1 1,049 | 574 | $66_{6}$ | 1,049 | 1,165 | 1,693 | 1,858 | 1,721 | 1,786 | 1,789 | 2,051 | 2, 143 | 1,861 | - 1,467 | - 1,399 |
| 158 | $1-830$ | -327 | - -292 | -830 | $-823$ | $-1,388$ | -1,563 | -1, 660 | -1,638 | $-1,653$ | $-1,605$ | 1,734 | -1,477 | r-1,141 | $p-1,253$ |
| 91,683 | 106, 219 | 96,220 | 97, 444 | 106, 219 | 97,765 | 95,489 | 96,237 | 97,246 | 95,932 | 97,944 | 100, 189 | 96,481 | 97, 578 | 99,312 | 100,027 |
| 152, 699 | 169,768 | 155, 144 | 152, 024 | 169,768 | 156,909 | 157, 135 | 149,421 | 156,704 | 150,507 | 149, 950 | 157,605 | 143, 547 | 156, 014 | 161,409 | 155,922 |
| 106, 885 | 121, 308 | 109,379 | 108, 876 | 121, 308 | 110, 248 | 109, 337 | 105,786 | 109,067 | 109, 212 | 107, 431 | 111, 528 | 105, 789 | 110,371 | 112, 252 | 112, 294 |
| 6,563 | 7,221 | 7,403 | 6, 483 | 7,221 | 7,180 | 6,968 | 6,582 | 7,504 | 6,561 | 6,836 | 6,901 | 6, 697 | 6, 417 | 7,133 | 6,182 |
| 7,571 | 6,469 | 3,888 | 4,824 | 6, 469 | 6,289 | 7,230 | 7,258 | 7,447 | 2,891 | 5,646 | 3, 010 | 1,816 | 5,512 | 3, 657 | 2,139 |
| 20, 880 | 22,412 | 21,947 | 20,620 | 22, 412 | 21,992 | 22, 531 | 19,059 | 21,021 | 20,342 | 19,362 | 22,749 | 19,072 | 21,246 | 24, 503 | 22,380 |
| 140,932 | 160,661 | 157,686 | 158,858 | 160,661 | 162,936 | 168, 212 | 174, 302 | 176, 383 | 180, 341 | 179,961 | 185, 434 | 190,776 | 189,784 | 188, 848 | 186,486 |
| 54,542 | 58,572 | 58,113 | 58, 184 | 58,572 | 58, 186 | 58,091 | 58,591 | 58,093 | 58, 219 | 58, 250 | 57, 345 | 56,289 | 56, 162 | 56, 126 | 56, 276 |
| 61,274 | 72,334 | 71,778 | 73, 103 | 72,334 | 74,310 | 78, 195 | 82,599 | 83,266 | 86,317 | 87, 207 | 92,791 | 97,901 | 96,590 | 95, 525 | 94, 017 |
| 192, 238 | 226,042 | 215.876 | 217,337 | 226,042 | 225,628 | 232, 731 | 238,308 | 242,960 | 246,091 | 250,625 | 256,139 | 256,849 | 259,742 | 259, 283 | 260,150 |
| 83, 770 | 91,442 | 88,014 | 88,642 | 91,442 | 92,314 | 96, 250 | 99,872 | 102,487 | 102,794 | 104,997 | 107, 557 | 106,897 | 108, 362 | 106, 890 | 107,425 |
| 8,835 | 12,535 | 12,218 | 11,868 | 12,535 | 12,007 | 11,457 | 10,671 | 10,054 | 10,119 | 9,705 | 9,130 | 9,629 | 9,301 | 9,457 | 9,168 |
| 14,504 | 20,524 | 18,234 | 18,249 | 20,524 | 19,850 | 20,938 | 22, 246 | 23,107 | 23,651 | 24,879 | 26,496 | 25,762 | 26,299 | 25,647 | 25, 228 |
| 38,400 | 45,992 | 44,972 | 45,630 | 45,992 | 46,473 | 46,955 | 47, 501 | 48,193 | 49,060 | 50,003 | 51,006 | 51,933 | 53,083 | 53,731 | 54,502 |
| 57, 183 | 72,063 | 63,989 | 66,363 | 72,063 | 68,619 | 72,218 | 72,812 | 74,540 | 74, 849 | 75, 226 | 76,612 | 77,969 | 79,276 | 80, 298 | 80,490 |
| 81,033 | 85,146 | 81,615 | 83,394 | 85,146 | 84,343 | 80,868 | 80,653 | 79,618 | 79,498 | 79,388 | 78, 333 | 78,466 | 80,235 | 82,193 | 82,892 |
| 28,944 | 29,133 | 25,985 | 27,925 | 29,133 | 28,926 | 25,663 | 25, 373 | 24,495 | 23,991 | 23,839 | 22,301 | 22,100 | 22,523 | 23, 191 | 24, 338 |
| 24,605 | 22,552 | 21,837 | 22,357 | 22,552 | 22, 426 | 21,066 | 20,473 | 19,973 | 19,770 | 19, 800 | 19,447 | 18,594 | 19,202 | 19, 255 | 19,901 |
| 52,089 | 56, 013 | 55,630 | 55,469 | 56,013 | 55, 417 | 55, 205 | 55, 280 | 55,123 | 55, 507 | 55, 549 | 55,970 | 66,366 | 57,712 | 59, 002 | 58, 554 |
| r 484.8 | ${ }^{+} 556.4$ | r 540.4 | - 549.9 | +556.4 | - 564.7 | - 575.4 | - 583.6 | ${ }^{+} 589.6$ | + 597.7 | - 602.0 | r 608.2 | - 616.0 | 618.2 | 621.7 | 624.6 |
| ${ }^{+} 320.3$ | ' 377.8 | + 365.7 | + 372.9 | - 377.8 | + 385.8 | - 397.2 | - 405.8 | - 411.1 | r 417.4 | - 420.3 | r 427.3 | - 435.3 | 438.1 | 440.0 | 443.6 |
| ${ }^{\text {r }} 60.1$ | -61.9 | $\cdot 60.3$ | - 60.9 | +61.9 | '61.8 | +60.6 | + 60.4 | , 61.0 | +61.0 | r 61.6 | - 59.6 | +57.7 | 56.3 | 54.9 | 54.5 |
| ' 104.4 | '116.7 | r 114.4 | r 116.1 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 116.7$ | 117.1 | - 117.6 | + 117.4 | -117.5 | +119.3 | + 120.1 | r 121.3 | r 123.0 | 123.8 | 126.8 | 126.5 |
| 16.32 | 2 5.82 |  | 6.33 |  |  | 6. 52 |  |  | 7.35 |  |  | 9.24 |  |  |  |
| 26.01 | ${ }^{2} 5.67$ |  | 6.09 |  |  | 6.22 |  |  | 7.04 |  |  | 9.08 |  |  |  |
| 26.56 | ${ }^{2} 6.07$ |  | 6.61 |  |  | 6.89 |  |  | 7.71 |  |  | 9.49 |  |  |  |
| 26.30 | 25.74 |  | 6.27 |  |  | 6.45 |  |  | 7.44 |  |  | 9.24 |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{2} 6.62$ | ${ }^{2} 6.07$ |  | 6.56 |  |  | 6.76 |  |  | 7.37 |  |  | 9.25 |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{2} 6.46$ | ${ }^{3} 6.02$ |  | 6.36 |  |  | 6. 63 |  |  | 7.33 |  |  | 9.16 |  |  |  |
| 26.38 | 25.80 |  | 6.41 |  |  | 6.50 |  |  | 7.25 |  |  | 9.25 |  |  |  |
| 4.50 | 4. 50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.50 | b. CO | 5.50 | B. 50 | 5. 50 | 6.00 | 6. 50 | 7.00 | 7.50 | 7. 50 | 7.50 | 7.50 |
| ${ }^{1} 6.37$ | ${ }^{2} 8.00$ | 5.90 | 6.05 | 6.20 | 6. 32 | 6.40 | 6. 50 | 6.71 | 6.34 | 7.08 | 7.21 | 7.38 | 7.42 | 8.05 |  |
| $\mathbf{2} 7.59$ 27.54 | 27.45 27.38 | 7.48 7.43 | 7.50 7.44 | 7.51 7.45 | 57.68 57.68 | 7.70 $\mathbf{7 . 7 2}$ | 7.68 7.69 | 7.71 7.70 | 7.71 $\mathbf{7 . 7 7}$ | 7.79 7.79 | 7.87 7.84 | 7.94 8.01 | 8.17 8.26 | r 8.31 $\times 8.50$ | 8.36 8.56 |
| 34.85 | d 4.47 | 5.05 | 5.01 | 5.16 | 5. 60 | 6.14 |  | 6.97 | 7.15 | 7.98 | 9.19 | 10.18 | 10.19 |  | 8.73 |
| ${ }^{3} 5.11$ | 3. 4.69 | 5.30 | 5. 25 | 5.45 | 5. 78 | 6.22 | 6.89 | 7.14 | 7.27 | 7.99 | 9.18 | 10.21 | 10. 23 | 8. 92 | 8.94 |
| ${ }^{3} 4.91$ | 3. 4.52 | 5.13 | 5.13 | 5. 24 | 5. 56 | 5.97 | 6.44 | 6.76 | 6.85 | 7.41 | 8.09 | 8.90 | 8. 90 | 7.84 | 7.94 |
| ${ }^{3} 5.73$ | 15.16 | 5. 70 | 5. 75 | 5.75 | 6.01 | 6. 29 | 6.80 | 7.00 | 7.18 | 7.83 | 8.41 | 9.41 | 10.04 | 10.02 | 10.00 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 84.348 \\ 35.77 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}3 \\ 3.071 \\ \\ \\ \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 4.719 6.11 | 4.774 6.03 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 5. } \\ 6.061 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 5. 307 6.29 | 5.558 6.61 | 6.054 6.85 | 6.289 6.74 | 6.348 6.78 | 7.188 6.76 | 8.015 7.49 | 8.672 7.75 | 8.478 7.16 | $\begin{array}{r} 7.155 \\ 6.81 \end{array}$ | 7.866 6.96 |
| 138,394 | 157, 564 | 150, 576 | 152,968 | 157, 664 | 157, 227 | 157, 582 | 169, 320 | 161, 491 | 164, 277 | 167, 083 | 169, 148 | 171, 978 | 173, 035 | 174, 840 |  |
| 111,295 | 127, 332 | 122, 505 | 124, 325 | 127, 332 | 127, 368 | 127, 959 | 129, 375 | 131, 022 | 133, 531 | 136, 018 | 138, 212 | 140,810 | 142,093 | 143, 610 |  |
| 38,664 | 44, 129 | 43, 162 | 43,674 | 44,129 | 44,353 | 44.817 | 45, 610 | 46,478 | 47,518 | 48,549 | 49,352 | 50,232 | 50, 557 | 51,092 |  |
| 34, 353 | 40,080 | 37, 21o | 38, 064 | 40,080 | 39, 952 | 39,795 | 39,951 | 40,441 | 41,096 | 41,853 | 42,575 | 43,505 | 44, 019 | 44, 632 |  |
| 5,413 | 6,201 | 6,124 | 6,174 | 6,201 | 6,193 | 6,239 | 6,328 | 6,408 | 6,541 | 6,688 | 6,845 | 7,009 | 7,120 | 7,235 |  |
| 32,865 | 36, 922 | 36,003 | 36,413 | 36,922 | 36,870 | 37, 108 | 37,486 | 37,695 | 38,376 | 38,928 | 39,440 | 40,064 | 40,397 | 40,651 |  |
| 97, 144 | 111,382 | 108, 405 | 109, 673 | 111, 382 | 111, 690 | 112,630 | 114, 190 | 115, 727 | 118, 165 | 120,450 | 122,479 | 124, 823 | 126, 040 | 127, 303 |  |
| 61,240 | 59,783 | 58, 266 | 58, 878 | 59,783 | 60,148 | 60, 582 | 61, 388 | 62, 459 | 63, 707 | 64,999 | 66, 065 | 67, 381 | 67,918 | 68, 627 |  |
| 28,883 | 32, 088 | 30,970 | 31, 427 | 32,088 | 32, 177 | 32,431 | 32,750 | 33, 078 | 33, 859 | 34, 367 | 35, 020 | 35, 634 | 35,993 | 36, 365 |  |
| 14,770 | 16,913 | 16,556 | 16, 742 | 16,913 | $16,847$ | 16,973 | 17, 239 | 17,455 | 17,832 | 18,269 | 18, 517 | 18,961 | 19,207 | 19,339 |  |
| 2,251 | 2,598 | 2,613 | 2,626 | 2,598 | 2,518 | 2,644 | 2,813 | 2,735 | 2,767 | 2,815 | 2,877 | 2,847 | 2,922 | 2,976 |  |
| 14,151 226 | 15, 950 | 14, 100 | 14, ${ }_{259}$ | 15, 95 | 15,678 263 | 15,329 266 | 15, 185 | 15, 295 | 15,366 284 | 15,568 289 | 15,733 293 | 15,987 ${ }_{296}$ | 16,053 297 | 16,303 300 |  |

[^16]${ }^{1}$ A verage for Dec. ${ }^{2}$ A verage for year, Daily average. "See note " $\oplus$ " for this page. Beginning Jan. 1973, data reflect changes in sample and weighting. $\oplus$ Beginning Nov. 1972, data are not comparable with those for earlier periods because of regulatory changes affecting reserve requirements (Regulation D) and check collection processing (Regulation J) that became effective in early November.
or For demand deposits. the term "adjusted" denotes demand deposits other than domestic exclusive of loans to and Federal funds transactions with domestic commercial banks and
after deduction of valuation reserves (individual loan items are shown gross; i.e., before deduction of valuation reserves). $\ddagger$ Revisions for months prior to Feb. 1971 will be shown later €Includes data not shown separately. ©Adjusted to exclude intertank lcans. § For bond yields, see p. S-20.
TRevised; new data incorporate adjustment of sample-based estimates to reflect recent benchmarks and new seasonal factors. Monthly revisions appear in the October 1972 Fednew seasonal factors and adjustment to benchn arks for the latest call date (June 30, 1973). Revisions are in the Nov. 1973 Federal Reserve Bulletin.

| Unless other wise stated in footnotes below, data through 1970 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1971 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1971 | 1972 | 1972 |  |  | 1973 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nor. |

FINANCE-Continued

| CONSUMER CREDIT 4 -Continued Outstanding credit-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Noninstaliment credit, total...............-mil \$.. | 27,099 | 30, 232 | 28,071 | 28,643 | 30,232 | 29,859 | 29,623 | 29,945 | 30,469 | 30,746 | 31,065 | 30,936 | 31,168 | 30,942 | 31, 230 |  |
| Single-payment loans, total....-.-.-...-.-do.. | 10,685 | 12, 256 | 11,717 | 11,917 | 12,256 | 12,204 | 12,409 | 12,540 | 12,686 | 12,817 | 12,990 | 12,968 | 13,111 | 13,088 | 13,145 |  |
| Commercial banks. | 9,316 | 10,857 | 10, 339 | 10,527 | 10,857 | 10,825 | 10,989 | 11, 074 | 11, 237 | 11, 359 | 11,520 | 11, 491 | 11,655 | 11,608 |  |  |
| Other financial institutions ......-....-do. | 1,269 | 1,399 | 1,378 | 1,390 | 1,399 | 1,379 | 1,420 | 1,466 | 1,449 | 1,458 | 1,470 | 1,477 | 1,456 | 1,480 |  |  |
| Charge accounts, | 8.350 | 9.002 | 7,780 | 8,010 | 9,002 | 8,357 | 7,646 | 7,702 | 8,036 | 8,319 | 8, 555 | 8,479 | 8,605 | 8. 335 | 8,590 |  |
| Retail outlet | 8,397 | 7,055 | 5,794 1 1896 | 6,081 | 7,055 | 6,402 <br> 1 <br> 185 | 5,735 | 5, 8182 | 6,129 | 6, 3837 | 6,544 | $\stackrel{6,424}{ }$ | $\begin{array}{r}6,475 \\ \hline, 130\end{array}$ | 6, 229 2,106 |  |  |
| Credit cards | 1,953 8,164 | 8,947 | 1,986 8,574 | 1,929 8,716 | 1,947 | 1, 9.955 <br> 8.298 | 9, 9 , 968 | 1,877 | 1,907 | 1,932 9,610 | 2,011 9,520 | 2,055 9,489 | 2,130 9,452 | 2, 106 9,519 | 9,495 |  |
| Installment credit extended and repaid: Unadjusted: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Extended, total_-................-.......-. do. | 124,281 | 142,951 40,194 | 12,337 3,663 | 12,806 3,505 | 13,643 3,195 | 11,923 3,393 | 11, ${ }_{3}^{124} 4$ | 13, 681 | 13,661 4,101 | 14,792 4,409 | 14,608 | 14,812 | 15,099 4,252 | 12, ${ }_{3} \mathbf{4} \mathbf{4 7 6}$ | 14,454 4,196 |  |
| Other consumer | 47,821 | 55, 599 | 4, 831 | 5,202 | 6,171 | 4,949 | $\underset{4,252}{3,4,}$ | 5,169 | 5,378 | 5,698 | 5,678 | 5,753 | 6,065 | 5,217 | $\stackrel{\text { c, }}{5} \mathbf{4}, 894$ |  |
| All other. | 41,587 | 47, 111 | 3,843 | 4,052 | 4,277 | 3, 581 | 3,555 | 4,348 | 4,182 | 4,685 | 4,617 | 4,882 | 4,782 | 3, 931 | 4,364 |  |
|  | 115.050 | 126, 914 | 11, 025 | 10,986 | 10,636 | 11,887 | 10,623 | 12, 265 | 12,014 | 12,283 | 12,121 | 12,618 | 12,501 | 11, 341 | 12,937 |  |
|  | 31,393 | 34, 729 | 3,145 | 2,993 | 2,740 | 3, 169 | 2,943 | 3,371 | 3, 233 | 3,369 | 3,282 | 3,374 | 3,372 | 3,151 | 3,661 |  |
| Other consumer goods paper All other-...---- | 44,933 38,724 | 49,872 42,313 | 4,360 $\mathbf{3 , 6 2 0}$ | 4,354 $\mathbf{3 , 6 3 9}$ | 4, 4 741 | $\mathbf{5 , 0 7 7}$ $\mathbf{3 , 6 4 1}$ | 4,409 3 3 | 5,013 3,881 | 4,888 3,893 | 5,043 $\mathbf{3}, 871$ | 4,921 3,918 | 5, 4,213 | 5,135 $\mathbf{3 , 9 9 4}$ | 4,703 3,487 | 3,281 $\mathbf{3}, 995$ |  |
| Seasonally adjust |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 12,404 | 12,846 | 12,627 | 13,304 | 13, 434 | 13, 852 | 13,465 | 13,932 | 13, 646 | 14,642 | 14,294 | 13, 691 | 14, 149 |  |
| Automobile paper--.-.........-.-.....- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ |  |  | 3,504 | 3, 620 | 3, 763 | 4, 006 | 3,972 | 4,001 | 3, 822 | 3,989 | 3,762 | 3,930 | 3, 988 | 3,939 | 3, 912 |  |
| Other consumer goods paper----.-....-- - - do |  |  | 4,971 | 5,118 | 4, 878 | E, 282 | 5,245 | 5,349 | 5,563 | 5,504 | 5,505 | 5,943 4,639 | 5,961 4,365 | 5, 537 | 5,911 |  |
| All other |  |  | 3,929 | 4,108 | 3,988 | 4,016 | 4,217 | 4,502 | 4,080 | 4,439 | 4,379 | 4,639 | 4,365 | 4,215 | 4,326 |  |
|  |  |  | 10,908 | 11, 128 | 10,964 | 11,355 | 11, 437 | 11, 808 | 12,061 | 11,941 | 12,034 | 12,544 | 12,399 | 12,332 | 12,446 |  |
| Automoblle paper-----.....------...-- do |  |  | 3,041 | 3, 023 | 2,977 | 3, 4097 | 3, 145 | 3, 225 | 3, 218 | 3, 261 | 3,253 | 3,334 |  | 3,406 | 3, 4279 |  |
| Other consumer goods paper.........-.-. do |  |  | 4,354 | 4,444 3 | - | 4,649 3,609 | 4,627 | 4, 7525 | 4,963 | 4,917 | 4,955 | 5,141 4,089 | 5,168 $\mathbf{3}, 938$ | 5,072 | 5,149 |  |
|  |  |  | 3,513 | 3,661 | 3,646 | 3,609 | 3,665 | 3, 828 | 3,880 | 3,763 | 3,826 | 4,089 | 3,938 | 3, 864 | 3, 873 |  |
| FEDERAL GOVERNMENT FINANCE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Budget receipts and outlays: Recelpts (net) | ${ }^{1} 188,392$ | 1208, 649 | 14,738 | 16,748 | 18,972 | 21, 130 | 18, 067 | 15,987 | 25.860 | 16, 584 | 28,537 | 18, 121 | 21, 291 | 25, 007 | 17,637 |  |
| Outlays (net) .-....................-................- | ${ }^{1}$ 211,425 | ${ }^{1} 231,876$ | 20,055 | 21, 165 | 19,721 | 23,631 | 20, 227 | 20,806 | 22,306 | 20, 157 | 20, 814 | 22,607 | 22, 139 | 20,736 | 23, 092 |  |
| Budget surplus or deficit (-)...............do.... | 1-23,033 | 1-23,227 | -5, 317 | -4,418 | -750 | -2, 501 | -2,160 | -4,820 | 3, 554 | -3, 573 | 7, 723 | -4,486 | -847 | 4, 271 | -5,455 |  |
| Budget financing, total...-..................do. | 123,033 | 1 123,227 | 5,317 | 4,418 | ${ }^{750}$ | 2,501 | 2,160 | 4,820 | -3,554 | 3, 673 | -7,723 | 4,486 | 847 | -4, 271 | 5,455 |  |
|  | ${ }^{1} 19,448$ | 1 1 18, 18,785 | 2,851 2,466 | $\underset{-880}{ }$ | ${ }_{-3,447}^{4,197}$ | 1,519 | 3,863 | 3,005 | -2,1599 | -1, ${ }^{\text {5,543 }}$ | $-2,369$ $-5,354$ | $\stackrel{-713}{5,199}$ | -5633 | -464 | 1,395 |  |
| Reduction in cash balances.................do | ${ }^{1} 3.794$ | ${ }^{13} 3,785$ | 2,466 |  | -3,447 |  | -1,703 | 1,815 | -1,395 | 5,543 | -5,354 | 5,199 | 1,410 | -4,835 | 4, 060 |  |
| Gross amount of debt outstanding............ do Held by the public. | 1409, 468 | $1 \begin{aligned} & 1437,329 \\ & 1323,770\end{aligned}$ | 450,604 331,660 | 455, 285 | 460,243 341,155 | 461, 030 | 465,792 | ${ }_{349,542}^{469}$ | 467,322 | 467, 555 | 468, 426 | 469, 293 | 472, 438 | 472, 733 | 39 |  |
| Held by the public..........................d | 1 304, 328 | 1323, 770 | 331,660 | 336,958 | 341, 155 | 342, 674 | 346, 637 | 349, 542 | 347, 383 | 345, 414 | 343, 045 | 342,332 | 341,769 | 342, 333 | 343,727 |  |
| Budget receipts by source and outlays by agency: Receipts (net) total |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Recelpts (net), total. | 1188,392 186 182 | 1208,649 194,737 1 | 14, 7 7,595 | $\underset{8,613}{16,748}$ | $\xrightarrow{18,972} 8$ | 21, ${ }_{12}, 1307$ | 18,067 | 15,987 3,409 | 25,860 | $\underset{3}{16.584}$ | 28, 12306 | 18,121 8,814 | $\underset{9,279}{21,291}$ | 25, 007 | 17,637 9,230 |  |
| Corporation income taxes (net) -..........-do | 126,785 | ${ }^{1} 32,166$ | ${ }^{765}$ | ${ }^{5} 59$ | 8, 632 | 1,382 | 8,672 | 4,867 | 5,657 | ${ }^{3} 823$ | 8,796 | ${ }_{1,350}$ | ${ }^{9} 695$ | 5,247 | 1, 053 |  |
| Social insurance taxes and contributions (net) | 148,578 |  | 3,769 |  | 2,975 |  |  |  |  | 9,380 | 5,081 | 5,336 | 8,778 | 5,409 | 4,712 |  |
|  | 126,798 | 127, 832 | 2,420 | 2,606 | 2,160 | 2,366 | 2,298 | 2,371 | 2,258 | 2, 456 | 2, 354 | 2,621 | 2, 539 | 2,644 | 2,641 |  |
| Outlays, totalo ............................do.... | 1211, 425 | 1231, 876 | 20,055 | 21, 165 | 19,721 | 23,631 | 20, 227 | 20,806 | 22,306 | 20, 157 | 20, 814 | 22,607 | 22, 139 | 20,736 | 23,092 |  |
| Agriculture Department | 18, 560 | 1 10, ${ }^{1}$ | 1,082 | 6880 | ${ }_{5} 205$ | 1,366 | 20,770 | 338 | 643 | -62 | , 273 | 2,326 | 8247 | , 249 | 2,799 |  |
| Defense Department, military-..........do | 174,546 | 175, 150 | 6,066 | 6, 250 | 5, 965 | 6,332 | 6,075 | 6,633 | 6,207 | 6,238 | 7,473 | 5,033 | 6,662 | 6, 032 | 6, 523 |  |
|  | ' 61, 866 | ${ }^{1} 71,779$ | 7,044 | 7,097 | 6, 972 | 7,121 |  | 6,554 | 7.125 | 7,583 | 7,815 |  | 7, 203 | 7, 396 | 7,415 |  |
| Treasury Department...................do.... | 120,990 | 1 22,124 | 1,720 | 2,098 | 4, 518 | 4, 210 | 2,148 | 2,475 | 3,760 | 2,214 | 2,124 | 3,863 | 2, 284 | 2, 551 | 3, 763 |  |
| National Aeronautics and Space Adm.....do | $\begin{aligned} & 13,381 \\ & 19,756 \end{aligned}$ | 3,422 110,710 | ${ }_{893}^{271}$ | 1,276 | ${ }_{986}^{284}$ | 1, 271 | $\begin{array}{r} 241 \\ 1.043 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 301 \\ 1,061 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 265 \\ 1.111 \end{array}$ | 255 | 301 | 278 | $\begin{array}{r} 262 \\ 1.050 \end{array}$ | ${ }_{968}^{246}$ | 249 |  |
| Receipts and expenditures (national income and product accounts basis), atrly. totals seas. adj. at annual rates: <br> Federal Government receipts, total.......bil. \$. | 198.9 | 228.7 |  |  | 236.9 |  |  | 253.6 |  |  | 262.4 |  |  | - 269.5 |  |  |
| Personal tax and nontax recelpts......... do | 89.9 | 107.9 |  |  | 111.3 |  |  | 108.5 |  |  | 111.4 |  |  | - 116.9 |  |  |
| Corporate proft tax accruals.-........-.-do | 33.3 | 37.8 |  |  | 40.7 |  |  | 46.6 |  |  | 50.8 |  |  | 51.0 |  |  |
| Indirect business tax and nontax accruals. do | 20.4 55.2 | 19.9 63.0 |  |  | 20.3 64.6 |  |  | 20.7 77 |  |  | 21.2 |  |  | $>20.8$ -80.8 |  |  |
| Federal Government expenditures, total...do. | 221.0 | 244.6 |  |  | 260.3 |  |  | 288.6 |  |  | 262.4 |  |  | r 265.6 |  |  |
| Purchases of goods and se | 98.1 | 104.4 |  |  | 102.7 |  |  | 105.5 |  |  | 107.3 |  |  | 106.8 |  |  |
| National defense.............................do | 71.6 | 74.4 |  |  | 72.4 |  |  | 74.3 |  |  | 74.2 |  |  | 74.2 |  |  |
| Transfer payments........................do | 74.9 | 82.9 |  |  | 91.0 |  |  | 91.8 |  |  | 93.8 |  |  | -96. 6 |  |  |
| Grants-in-sid to State and local govts....do. | 29.1 | 37.7 |  |  | 46. 1 |  |  | 41. 1 |  |  | 40.5 |  |  | P40.5 |  |  |
| Net interest paid........................-do.... | 13.6 | 13.5 |  |  | 13.7 |  |  | 14.7 |  |  | 15.6 |  |  | P16.2 |  |  |
| Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises............................................. $\$$. | 5.3 | 6.1 |  |  | 6.7 |  |  | 5.5 |  |  | 5.1 |  |  | -5.3 |  |  |
| Less: Wage accruals less disbursements...do. |  | . 0 |  |  | . 0 |  |  | . 0 |  |  | -. 1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Surplus or deficit (-).......................d | -22.2 | -15.9 |  |  | -23.4 |  |  | $-5.0$ |  |  | . 0 |  |  | -4.0 |  |  |
| LIFE INSURANCE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| InstItute of Life Insurance: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Assets, total, all U.S. life insurance cos.....-bll. \$.. | 222.10 | 239.73 | 236.23 | 238.34 | 239.73 | 241.02 | 242.07 | 243.08 | 242.56 | 243.59 | 244.53 | 247.08 | 247. 66 | 250.20 | 251.59 |  |
| Government securities | 11.00 | 11.37 | 11.47 | 11.62 | 11.37 | 11.19 | 11. 14 | 11.15 | 11.46 | 11. 43 | 11.36 | 11.43 | 11.42 | 11.40 | 11.40 |  |
|  | 99.80 <br> 75.50 | 112.98 76.95 | ${ }^{111.66}$ | 113.18 75.90 | 112.98 76.95 | 114.53 77.48 | 115.39 77.51 | 115.97 77.59 | 115.18 77.26 | 115.90 77.40 | 116.15 77.91 | 118.06 78.24 | 117.84 78.68 | 119.20 79 | 119.71 79.52 |  |
|  | 69.90 | 71.27 | 70.06 | 70.27 | 71.27 | 71.86 | 71. 89 | 71.95 | 71.61 | 71.72 | 72.19 | 72.47 | 72.84 | 73.18 | 73.62 |  |
| Rea) | 6. 90 | 7.30 | 7.22 | 7.26 | 7.30 | 7.37 | 7.43 | 7.45 | 7.52 | 7.54 | 7.55 | 7.68 | 7.63 | 7.68 | 7.76 |  |
| Policy | 17. 06 | 18. 00 | 17.86 | 17.93 | 18.00 | 18.08 | 18.17 | 18.29 | 18.42 | 18.53 | 18. 67 | 18.84 | 19.18 | 19.51 | 19.77 |  |
| Cash. | 1.76 | 1.98 | 1.46 | 1.43 | 1.98 | 1.60 | 1.57 | 1.55 | 1.66 | 1.69 | 1.78 | 1.80 | 1.73 | 1.81 | 1.83 |  |
| Other assets..---.-...........................do | 10.07 | 11. 15 | 10.86 | 11.02 | 11.15 | 10.78 | 10.86 | 11.08 | 11.07 | 11.09 | 11.10 | 11.13 | 11.20 | 11.56 | 11.5 |  |

- Revised. PPreliminary - Corrected.
${ }^{1}$ Data shown in 1971 and 1972 annual columns are for fiscal years ending June 30 of the respective years; they include revisions not distributed to months.

TSee similar note on p. S-17.

- Includes data for items not shown separately.

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1970 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1971 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1971 | 1972 | 1972 |  |  | 1973 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

## FINANCE-Continued

| LIFE INSURANCE-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Institute of Life Insurance-Continued <br> Payments to policyholders and beneficiaries in <br> U.S., total $\qquad$ mil. \$.- | 77, 177.2 | 18, 574.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $7,423.3$ | 8, 007.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Matured endown | ${ }^{990.2}$ | 1,000.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 256.8 | 271.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Annuity payments............-............-do | 1,944.4 | 2,213.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Surrender values...............................-. do. | 2,881.6 | 3,027.4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3,680.9 | 4,054.9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Life Insurance Agency Management Association: Insurance written (new pald-for insurance): $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Value, estimated total. -------...-..--mil. \$. | 189, 484 | 208,497 | 17, 371 | 17, 531 | 23, 5226 | 15,285 | 16, 265 | 20,604 | 18,793 | 19, 244 | 19,680 | 18,861 | 18,984 | 17,092 | 19,820 |  |
| Ordinary (incl. mass-marketed ord.)....do-.- | 132, 803 | 146, 116 | 12, 686 | 12,855 | 13, 838 | 11, 316 | 12,048 | 14,905 | 13,733 | 14, 362 | 13, 858 | 13,115 | 13,555 | 12,496 | 14,662 |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 49, } \\ 7 \\ \hline\end{array} 274$ | 55, ${ }^{\text {7, } 327}$ | 4, 118 | $\begin{array}{r}4,116 \\ \hline 60\end{array}$ | 9,181 607 | $\begin{array}{r} 3,443 \\ 626 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,691 \\ 626 \end{array}$ | 5,077 622 | $\begin{array}{r} 4,458 \\ 602 \end{array}$ | 4,274 608 | $\begin{array}{r} 5,242 \\ 580 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,204 \\ 544 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,851 \\ 578 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,020 \\ 576 \end{array}$ | 4, 614 |  |
| MONETARY STATISTICS Gold and siliver: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 10,132 -889 | 10,410 $-1,715$ | 10,410 | 10,410 | 10,410 | 10,410 | 10,410 | 10,410 | 10,410 | 10,410 3 3 | 10,410 25 | 10,410 22 | 10,410 | 10,410 18 | 11, 667 | 11,567 |
|  | 51,249 283,948 | 63,053 357,689 | 4, 257 | -983 | 3,322 | 2,786 | 2, 015 | 2,405 | 2, 899 | 3,056 33,070 | 21,503 | 24,958 | 4, 012 | + 4,973 | 23,586 33 |  |
|  | 283, 948 | 357, 689 | 29, 216 | 44, 635 | 42, 212 | 19,745 | 32,487 | 27, 526 | 41, 127 | 33,070 | 34,990 | 27,134 | 17,061 | 36, 162 | 33,770 |  |
| Production: <br> South Airica $\qquad$ mil. s - | 1,098.7 | 1,109.8 | 94.2 | 91.5 | 84.3 | 88.2 | 86.5 | 88.5 | 86.6 | 86.0 | 87.6 | 88.3 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 77.3 | 77.2 | 6.3 | 6.0 | 6.3 | 6.2 | 6.1 | 6.3 | 6.2 | 6.8 | 6.4 | 5.6 | 5.7 |  |  |  |
| United States-.-.............-.-----.....do.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| silver: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 19,499 49,507 | 31,692 69,357 | ${ }_{5}^{1,515}$ | 1,640 $\mathbf{5}, 735$ | 2,331 4,765 | 616 8,287 | 436 6,993 | 1,960 <br> 8,664 | 856 6,838 | 1,718 7,490 | 876 15,231 | 5,627 32,988 | - $\begin{array}{r}\text { 4, } 563 \\ 27 \\ \text { 269 }\end{array}$ | 3,277 30,764 | 1,871 22,200 |  |
|  | 1. 546 | 1.685 | 1.811 | 1.832 | 1. 976 | 2.017 | 2.236 | 2. 309 | 2. 207 | 2.401 | 2.621 | 2, 706 | 2.636 | 2.675 | 2.886 |  |
| Production: thous fine $\mathrm{oz}^{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 41,030 | 39, 727 | 2,865 | 2,420 | 3,212 | 3,275 | 3,629 | 2,953 | 4, 615 | 4,118 | 3,036 | 2,089 | 3,38.5 |  |  |  |
| Currency in circulation (end of period).....-.bil. \$.- | 61.1 | 66.5 | 63.6 | 65.1 | 66.5 | 64.3 | 64.7 | 65.2 | 66.1 | 67.2 | 67.8 | 68.2 | 68.4 | 68.2 | 69.0 |  |
| Money supply and related data (avg. of daily fg.): $\oplus$ Unadjusted for seasonal variation: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}231.2 \\ 51.1 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 246.2 54.6 | 251.2 55.7 | 254.3 56.7 | $\begin{array}{r}262.9 \\ 57.8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 262.6 56.7 | 254.0 56.7 | 254.1 57.3 | 259.5 58.2 | 256.0 68.7 | 261.2 59.4 | 263.2 59.9 | 200.7 60.0 | 261.9 60.1 | 264.0 60.3 | 268.5 61.4 |
|  | 180.1 | 191.6 | 195.5 | 197.7 | 205.0 | 205.9 | 197.3 | 196.7 | - 201.3 | 197.3 | 201.8 | 203.2 | 200.8 | 201.8 | - 203.6 | 207.2 |
| Tlme deposits adjusted | 254.0 | 293.4 | 305.9 | 307.7 | 311.7 | 316.6 | 322.5 | 331.4 | 336.1 | 340.9 | 342.7 | 345.8 | 354.7 | 357.2 | - 358.2 | 356.7 |
| U.S. Government demand deposits¢.....do | 6.5 | 7.3 | 6.6 | 6.2 | 7.3 | 8.0 | 9.6 | 10.1 | 8.2 | 8.4 | 6.9 | 6.3 | 4.0 | 6.1 | 6.8 | 4.2 |
| Adjusted for seasonal variation: Total money supply $\qquad$ do |  |  | 251.6 | 252.7 | 255.5 | 255.4 | 256.7 | 256.6 | 258.2 | 260.5 | 263.2 | 264.3 | 263.9 | 263.4 | 264.4 | 266.8 |
| Currency outside banks |  |  | 55.7 | 56.2 | 56.8 | 57.0 | 57.5 | 57.9 | 68.7 | 69.0 | 59.4 | 59.5 | 59.7 | 60.1 | 60.3 | 60.8 |
| Demand deposits .............................do |  |  | 195.9 | 196.5 | 198.7 | 198.4 | 199.3 | 198.7 | 199.5 | 201.6 | 203.9 | 204.9 | 204.2 | 203.3 | +204. 0 | 205.9 |
| Time depositsadjusted |  |  | 304.8 | 308.4 | 312.8 | 317.0 | 322.6 | 330.9 | 336.7 | 341.8 | 344.1 | 347.7 | 353.6 | - 355.6 | + 356. 1 | 356.8 |
| Turnover of demand deposits except interbank and U.S. Govt., annual rates, seas. adjusted: $\ddagger$ Total (233 SMSA's) $\odot$ _ ratio of debits to deposits.. |  |  | 86.7 | 93.5 | 90.7 | 93.8 | 97.9 | 97.1 | 95.7 | 97.8 | 99.9 | P 102.6 | 106.1 | 107.4 | 109.4 |  |
| New York SMSA--1.-...............do...- |  |  | 208.3 | 229.2 | 215.7 | 224.0 | 238.0 | 228.3 | 228.9 | 235.1 | 245.0 | 247.5 | 252.5 | 266.4 | 265.3 |  |
| Total 232 SMSA's (except N.Y.)..........do |  |  | 59.2 | 62.1 | 61.8 | 64.1 | 66.1 | 67.8 | 66.2 | 67.3 | 68.7 | + 71.3 | 73.6 | 72.4 | 74.6 |  |
| 6 other leading SMSA'so'------........ do |  |  | 89.2 | 93.9 | 95.6 | 97.9 | 103.1 | 104.4 | 101.8 | 103.6 | 107.5 | 111.5 | 113.5 | + 111.5 | 116.3 |  |
| 226 other SMSA's.......-.............-.do. |  |  | 47.8 | 60.0 | 48.9 | 51.2 | 52.0 | 53.9 | 52.5 | 53.6 | 54.0 | -55.8 | 58.4 | 57.5 | 58.6 |  |
| PROFITS AND DIVIDENDS (QTRLY.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing corps. (Fed. Trade and SEC): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net proftt after taxes, all Industries...........ill. \&... Food and kindred products.................... | 31,038 2,764 | 36,467 3,021 |  |  | 10,125 | ....- |  | 10,506 |  |  | 12,972 |  |  | 11,649 |  |  |
| Textlle mill products | ${ }^{2}, 588$ | ${ }^{3} 659$ |  |  | 196 |  |  | 190 |  |  | 256 |  |  | 199 |  |  |
| Lumber and wood products (except furniture) mill. $\$$ | 603 | 1,012 |  |  | 234 |  |  | 370 |  |  | 574 |  |  | 443 |  |  |
| Paper and allted products ............... do... | 601 | 941 |  |  | 279 |  |  | 291 |  |  | 402 |  |  | 370 |  |  |
| Chemicals and allied products....-.-.-.-.-do | 3,780 | 4,499 |  |  | 1,157 |  |  | 1,337 |  |  | 1,473 |  |  | 1,441 |  |  |
| Petroleum refining...-..................... do | 5,829 | 5,151 |  |  | 1,478 |  |  | 1,406 |  |  | 1,690 |  |  | 1,998 |  |  |
| Stone, clay, and glass products..............do | 8,853 | 1,060 |  |  | , 252 |  |  | , 168 |  |  | 376 |  |  | 407 |  |  |
| Primary nonferrous metal.---.-----.---- do- | 621 | 687 |  |  | 168 |  |  | 252 |  |  | 363 |  |  | 211 |  |  |
| Primary fron and steel..------.------- do....- | 748 | 1,022 |  |  | 327 |  |  | 336 |  |  | 458 |  |  | 411 |  |  |
| Fabricated metal products (except ordnance, machinery, and transport. equip.) ...-mil. \$. | 1,070 | 1,569 |  |  | 374 |  |  | 465 |  |  | 608 |  |  | 564 |  |  |
| Machinery (except electrical) -............do. | 2,489 |  |  |  | 877 |  |  | 1,091 |  |  | 1,340 |  |  | 1,237 |  |  |
| Elec. machinery, equip., and supplies....do...- | 2, 563 | 2,999 |  |  | 956 |  |  | , 851 |  |  | 994 |  |  | 974 |  |  |
| Transportation equipment (except motor vehicles, etc.) .............................-mil. §- |  |  |  |  | 175 |  |  | 223 |  |  | 288 |  |  | 191 |  |  |
| Motor vehicles and equipment.-.-.-..........do..- | 3,097 | 3,639 |  |  | 1,115 |  |  | 1,393 |  |  | 1,461 |  |  | 467 |  |  |
| All other manufacturing industries......-. do...- | 4,990 | 5,944 |  |  | 1,730 |  |  | 1,369 |  |  | 1,811 |  |  | 1,692 |  |  |
| Dividends paid (cash), all industries .-...do | 15, 252 | 16, 110 |  |  | 4,553 |  |  | 4,122 |  |  | 4,268 |  |  | 4,126 |  |  |
| Electric utilities, profts after taxes (Federal Reserve) mil. $\$$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SECURITIES ISSUED |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 106,430 | 96, 481 | 9,505 | 10,987 | 8,210 | 6,523 | 7,325 | 9,030 | 6,567 | 11,219 | 7,943 | -7,643 | -8, 019 | 8,012 |  |  |
| By type of security: | 108,430 | 90, 481 | 9,505 | 10, 88 | 8,210 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bonds and notes, total.................-do...- | 92, 289 | 83, 429 | 8, 051 | 9,953 | 7,440 | 5,472 | 6,320 | 7,213 | 5,809 | 10,403 | 7,122 | -6,882 | '7,596 | 7,467 |  |  |
|  | 31, 883 | 28, 896 | 2,336 | 2,343 | 2, 625 | 1,276 | 957 | 2,117 | 1,739 | 1,722 | 2,757 | +1,870 | -1,382 | 1,312 |  |  |
|  | 10,459 3,683 | 3, 3,367 | 1,033 421 | 880 154 | ${ }_{272}^{498}$ | 913 137 | 832 172 | ${ }_{883}^{984}$ | ${ }_{200}^{558}$ | ${ }_{187}$ | 606 216 | $\begin{array}{r} \\ \\ \\ 2266 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\xrightarrow{330}$ | 115 |  |  |

Revised. ${ }^{\boldsymbol{D}}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Beginning Jan. 1972 valued $\$ 38$ per fine ounce. Annual review of seasonal factors; regular benchmark adjustment; effect of changes in check Annual review of seasonal factors; regular benchmark adjustment; effect of changes in check nationally oriented banking institutions. Monthly revisions back to 1959 are in the Feb. 1973 Federal Reserve Bulletín.

TAt all commercial banks. $\ddagger$ Series revised to reflect recalculation of seasonal factors; revisions back to 1964 are shown in the July 1972 Federal Reserve Bulletin, p. 634 . © Total Selphia, Chicago, Detroit, San Francisco-Oakland and Los Angeles-Long Beach

| Unless otherwise atated in footnotes below, data through 1970 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1971 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1971 | 1972 | 1972 |  |  | 1973 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May |  | Aug | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

## FINANCE-Continued



| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1970 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1971 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1971 | 1972 | 1972 |  |  | 1973 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | Ju'y | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

## FINANCE—Continued

| SECURITY MARKETS-Continued <br> Stocks-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dividend ylelds, preferred stocks, 10 high-grade (Standard \& Poor's Corp.). percent.. | 6.75 | 6.89 | 7.03 | 6.93 | 6.92 | 6.87 | 6. 91 | 7.03 | 7.11 | 7.13 | 7.25 | 7.35 | 7.43 | 7.38 | 7.18 | 7.40 |
| Prices: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dow-Jones averages (65 stocks) | 298.12 | 319.36 | 321.92 | 322.19 | 332.15 | 325.94 | 308.40 | 300.94 | 297.65 | 286.34 | 274.32 | 275.35 | 267.36 | 277. 54 | 295.03 | 272.02 |
| Industrial (30 stocks) | 884.76 | 950.71 | 944.10 | 1,001.19 | 1,020.32 | 1,026.82 | 974.04 | 957.35 | 944.10 | 922.41 | 893.90 | 903.61 | 883.73 |  | 967.62 | 878.98 |
| Public utility (15 stocks) | 117.22 | 112.83 | 113.06 | 121.33 | 121.47 | 118.06 | 113.08 | 109.52 | 108.02 | 107. 38 | 105.34 | 101.38 | 95.72 | 99.96 | 101.67 | 93.18 |
| Transportation (20 stocks) | 217.20 | 241.44 | 215.88 | 227.89 | 232.74 | 216.58 | 202.04 | 194.60 | 194. 22 | 175. 53 | 159.79 | 162. 70 | 157.72 | 166. 82 | 182.75 | 175.93 |
| Standard \& Poor's Corporation: ${ }^{71}$ Industrial, public utility, and rallroad: Combined Index ( 500 stocks) $. . . .1941-43=10$. | 98.29 | 109.20 | 109. 56 | 115.05 | 117.50 | 118.42 | 114.16 | 112.42 | 110.27 | 107. 22 | 104.75 | 105.83 | 103.80 | 105.61 | 109.84 | 102.03 |
| Industrial, total ( 425 stocks) \% ........do | 108.35 | 121.79 | 122.39 | 128. 29 | 131.08 | 132.55 | 127.87 | 126.05 | 123. 56 | 119.95 | 117.20 | 118.65 | 116.75 | 118.52 | 123.42 | 114.64 |
| Capital goods (116 stocks) .-.........do | 102.80 | 119.39 | 119.50 | 122.11 | 124.57 | 127.04 | 125.56 | 124.53 | 120.38 | 116. 48 | 114.75 | 116.31 | 115.98 | 116. 60 | 122. 30 | 115.48 |
| Consumers' goods (184 stocks)......do | 99.78 | 113.90 | 112. 94 | 119.51 | 122.26 | 122.57 | 117.54 | 116.41 | 111.24 | 107. 44 | 104.83 | 105.94 | 104.35 | 105.16 | 106. 58 | 96.97 |
| Public utility (55 stocks)..............do. | 59.33 | 56.89 | 56.66 | 61.16 | 61.73 | 60.01 | 57.52 | 55.94 | 55.34 | 55.43 | 54.37 | 53.31 | 50.14 | 52.31 | 53.22 | 48.30 |
| Railroad (20 stocks)...-.-.-.-.-.....-. ${ }^{\text {do }}$ | 41.94 | 44.11 | 41.20 | 42.41 | 44.62 | 42.87 | 40.61 | 39.29 | 35.88 | 36. 14 | 34.35 | 35.22 | 33.76 | 35. 49 | 38. 24 | 39.74 |
| Banks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New York City (9 stocks).............-do.... | 46.31 | 57.37 | 63.99 | 63. 45 | 62.48 | 65. 03 | 59. 30 | 61.21 | 59.50 | 59.79 | 58.28 | 66.05 | 66.62 | 71.08 | 73. 43 | 69.63 |
| Outside New York City (16 stocks) ..-.do. | 87.06 | 105.81 | 118.20 | 117.74 | 114.24 | 113.88 | 103.73 | 105.59 | 100.49 | 97.72 | 97.45 | 102.23 | 102.43 | 107.24 | 113.30 | 107.01 |
| Property-liability insurance (16 stocks)..do | 115.04 | 132.58 | 133.04 | 149.68 | 144. 16 | 134.69 | 124.23 | 124.67 | 119.77 | 109.50 | 113.36 | 122.09 | 114.02 | 115. 33 | 119.88 | 117.72 |
| New York Stock Exchange common stock indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 54.22 | 60.29 | 59.99 | 62.99 | 64. 26 | 64. 38 | 61.52 | 60.15 | 58.67 | ${ }^{56.74}$ | 55.14 | 56.12 | 55.33 | 56.71 | 59.26 | 54.59 |
|  | 57.92 | 65.73 | 65.35 | 68. 29 | 69.96 | 70.55 | 67.67 | 66.20 | 64.41 | 62.22 | 60.52 | 61.53 | 31.09 | 62.25 | 65.29 | ${ }^{60.15}$ |
|  | 44.35 | 50.17 | ${ }^{44.95}$ | 47.50 | 48. 44 | 45.14 | 42.34 | 40.92 | ${ }^{40.57}$ | 36. 66 | 33.72 | 34.22 | 33.48 | 35. 82 | 39.03 | ${ }_{34}^{36.31}$ |
| Utility | 39.44 | 38.48 | 38.93 | 41.81 | 42.28 | 41.72 | 39.95 | 39.13 | 38.97 | 39.01 | 37.95 | 37.68 | 35.40 | 36.79 | 37.47 | 34.73 |
| Finance.....-.-.-..............................-do- | 70.38 | 78.35 | 79.64 | 84.57 | 83.45 | 81.62 | 74.47 | 72.32 | 69.42 | 65. 33 | 63.52 | 68.95 | 68.26 | 72.23 | 74.98 | 67.85 |
| Sales: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total on all registered exchanges (SEC): <br> Market value......................................... | 185,027 | 204,032 | 14,810 | 18,540 | 17, 856 | 18, 926 | 15,062 | 16,486 | 12,878 | 14,931 | 12, 085 | 11,927 | 12,659 | 12,623 | 18,726 |  |
|  | 5,916 | 6, 299 | 461 | 556 | 547 | 565 | 446 | 519 | 408 | 475 | 409 | 399 | 424 | 412 | 587 |  |
|  | 147,098 | 159,700 | ,930 | , 047 | 14, 473 | 15,407 | 12, 323 | 13,449 | 10,591 | 12,343 | 9, 852 | 9,717 | 10,342 | 10,395 |  |  |
| Shares sold (cleared or settled)............illions. New York Stock Exchange: | 4,265 | 4,496 | 346 | 414 | 398 | 414 | 12,330 | 382 | 301 | ${ }^{12} 357$ | ${ }^{308}$ | 306 | 330 | 309 | 457 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exclusive of odd-lot and stopped stock sales (sales effected) millions. | 3,891 | 4, 138 | 317 | 406 | 345 | 394 | 318 | 342 | 278 | 337 | 269 | 308 | 271 | 329 | 423 | 400 |
| Shares listed, N.Y. Stock Exchange, end of period: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Market value, all listed shares_-..-.......bil. \$- | 741.83 | 871.54 | 824.96 | 863.52 | 871.54 | 854.13 | 816. 96 | 809.76 | 775.81 | 758.59 | ${ }^{752.58}$ | 792.06 | 765.77 | 807.24 | 808.69 |  |
| Number of shares listed.-.---.........-. - millions.. | 17, 500 | 19,159 | 19,002 | 19,063 | 19, 159 | 19,323 | 19, 403 | 19,525 | 19,686 | 20,066 | 20,327 | 20,466 | 20, 521 | 20,548 | 20,607 |  |

FOREIGN TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES

| FOREIGN TRADE <br> Value of Exports <br> Exports (mdse.), Incl. reexports, total. $\qquad$ mil. \$. | 44,129.9 | 49,788.2 | 4,508.5 | 4,613.5 | 4,722.7 | 4,789.1 | 4,900.6 | 5,975.7 | 5,595.8 | 6,064.0 | 5,896.9 | 5,387.7 | 5,810.4 | 6,015.6 | 6,783.5 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Excl. Dept, of Defense shipments........do.... | 43, 548.6 | 49,218.6 | 4,441.0 | 4,582.9 | 4,690.6 | 4,747.2 | 4, 864.0 | 5,922.8 | 5,560.5 | 6, 023.0 | 5, 858. 4 | 5,321.6 | 5,778. 5 | 5,959. 0 | 6,749.3 |  |
| Seasonally adjusted...---.-.................-do...-- | 4, 618.6 | 4,218.6 | 4,316.3 | 4,472.9 | 4,558.0 | 4,977.1 | 5, 064.6 | 5, 379.5 | 5,487.0 | 5, 602.8 | 5, 778.1 | 5,868.5 | 6, 004.3 | 6,448. 4 | 6,431.6 |  |
| By geographic regions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,694.3 | 11, 572.0 | 146.6 016.8 | 150.9 1.072 .5 | 142.3 $1,130.6$ | 1, 154.8 | 1, $\begin{array}{r}149.1 \\ \hline 16.8\end{array}$ | 1, 188.4 | 1, $\begin{array}{r}167.4 \\ 417.7\end{array}$ | 200.4 | 232.0 $1,444.2$ | 171.3 $1,466.3$ | 172.2 1.574 .0 | 217.4 | 199.2 |  |
|  | 1,168. 4 | 1,034.9 | +93.9 | 1,03.6 | 1,82.8 | 1,128.5 | 1, 107.2 | $1,936.0$ 96.0 | 1, 109.3 | 150.5 | 1, 134.0 | 1, 125.5 | 1,158.1 | 135.2 | , 142.4 |  |
|  | 14,562.3 | 16,098. 4 | 1,407.2 | 1,535.8 | 1,629.6 | 1,649.5 | 1, 705.5 | 2, 132.3 | 1, 827.4 | 2, 022.5 | 1,899.0 | 1, 729.6 | 1,825.8 | 1,772.4 | 2,061.3 |  |
|  | 10,367.4 | 12,419.0 | 1,158.3 | 1,138. 6 | 1,060.0 | 1,080.3 | 1, 090.4 | 1,283.3 | 1, 314. 1 | 1,422. 1 | 1,334. 3 | 1,049.3 | 1,080. 9 | 1,190.9 | 1,516.4 |  |
|  | 3,154. 5 | 12,564.2 | 1, 349.6 | + ${ }^{1} \mathbf{3 2 5 . 6}$ | 1,067.0 | 1,0808.9 | , 324.2 | 1, 383.8 | ${ }^{1,363.1}$ | 1, 415.9 | 1, 410.5 | 1,427.4 | 1, 453.3 | 1,449. 2 | 1,509.2 |  |
|  | 3, 327. 7 | 3,711. 4 | 337.7 | 296.1 | 353.0 | 303.9 | 307.5 | 352.2 | 356.8 | 353.6 | 375.2 | 357.3 | 442.9 | 447.5 | 552.8 |  |
| By leading countries: Africa: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 62.9 | 76.1 | 3.0 | 8.8 | 2.9 | 7.4 | 12.5 | 29.9 | 12.7 | 26.2 | 34.4 | 20.7 | 13.2 | 33.4 | 6.0 |  |
|  | 622.3 | 597.1 | 70.1 | 50.9 | 53.9 | 61.3 | 55.1 | 52.5 | 57.6 | 56.5 | 60.3 | 59.8 | 60.8 | 66.9 | 77.5 |  |
| Asia; Australia and Oceania: <br> Australia, Including New Gulnea $\qquad$ do $\qquad$ | 1,018.3 | 857.0 | 75.3 | 76.1 | 67.5 | 86.7 | 89.2 | 80.3 | 90.5 | 130.2 | 108.6 | 107.6 | 135.2 | 106. 7 | 116.5 |  |
|  | 648.1 | 350.0 | 21.0 | 25.3 | 27.6 | 23.8 | 28.7 | 39.4 | 35.1 | 31.4 | 35.5 | 37.3 | 49.7 | 82.1 | 61.8 |  |
|  | 211.4 | 183.0 | 16.0 | 8.9 | 14. 2 | 15.7 | 21.0 | 10.3 | 16.6 | 16.0 | 15.7 | 24.9 | 9.0 | 19.0 | 22.6 |  |
|  | 71.5 | 128.0 | 18.7 | 8.5 | 9.1 | 8.1 | 11.7 | 11.2 | 8.6 | 12.8 | 10.4 | 12.3 | 14.3 | 15. 2 | 19.7 |  |
|  | 263.0 | 307.6 | 21.1 | 24.0 | 44.0 | 46, 3 | 34.1 | 21.8 | 27.2 | 30.6 | 35.7 | 34.4 | 30.2 | 41.5 | 42.8 |  |
|  | 340.2 | 365.6 | 29.5 | 29.4 | 32.0 | 25.3 | 29.1 | 32.4 | 41.4 | 39.0 | 44.6 | 45.6 | 41.4 | 41.3 | 44.7 |  |
|  | 4, 054.8 | 4,941.2 | 463.7 | 488.5 | 511.6 | 547.8 | 565.3 | 771.7 | 657.5 | 697.9 | 706.2 | 621.9 | 747.8 | 704.1 | 757.4 |  |
| Europe: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,373.2 | 1,609.6 | 150.6 | 151.2 | 160.9 | 187.4 | 180.2 | 240.6 | 191.4 | 200.1 | 160.5 | 154.0 | 165.2 | 167.2 | 200.8 |  |
|  | 25.4 | 1, 14.9 | . 2 | . 3 | 3.0 | . 3 | 2.4 | $.8$ | 2.0 | 1.2 | . 6 | . 8.8 | 11.0 | . 3 | . 5 |  |
|  | 2,831.1 | 2,811.2 | 247.3 | 262.9 | 272.0 | 246.5 | 259.1 | 314.0 | 306.9 | 293.6 | 322.1 | 280.9 | 308.4 | 298.5 | 355.3 |  |
|  | 1,313.9 | 1,425.2 | 100.9 | 129.4 | 138.9 | 129.6 | 143.3 | 183.5 | 188.7 | 172.6 | 225.3 | 182.3 | 166.9 | 152.8 | 169.8 |  |
| Union of Soviet Socialist Republics....do.... | $160.9$ | 1, 546.7 | 64.0 | 56.1 | 101.4 | 98.3 | 99.8 | $111.6$ | $103.1$ | 137.7 | 142.9 | 103.8 | 97.3 | 77.1 | 76.8 |  |
|  | 2,369.2 | 2,658.2 | 215.2 | 275.3 | 241.0 | 249.7 | 238.0 | 310.4 | 248.9 | 340.5 | 282.5 | 272.5 | 267.9 | 289.0 | 346.4 |  |
| North and South America: <br> Canada. <br> do | $10,365.4$ | $12,415.4$ | 1,157.9 | $1,138.5$ | $1,060.0$ | 1,080.1 | 1,090.1 | $1,283.2$ | 1,313.5 | 1,422.0 | 1,334.1 | 1,049.1 | 1,080.8 | 1,190.7 | 1,516.3 |  |
| $r$ Revised. <br> $r^{2}$ Number of stocks represents number currently affect continulty of the series. <br> o Includes data not shown separately. | used; th | change | in num | ber doe |  | NO follow effect 80; 86 257; 2 2,840; | $\begin{aligned} & \text { TE FOI } \\ & \text { S: Numb } \\ & 643 ; 675 ; \\ & 162 ; 187 ; \\ & 49 ; 413 ; 38 \\ & 2,403 . \end{aligned}$ | R P. S ber begin 727; 759; ; 155; 311 4; 270; 2 | -16 , WO ning in 860; 818; ; 130; 168 60; man- | RK ST month, 706; 790; ; 143; wo days idle | OPPAG <br> 427; 419; <br> 733; wor <br> rkers inv (thous.) | ES: Rev 421; 498; kers invo olved du $, 2,530 ; 1$ | isions fo <br> 541; 491; <br> lved beg <br> aring mon <br> ,849; 1,83 | Jan.-S <br> 404; 485 <br> inning in <br> nth (thou <br> 0; 2,258; | ept. 1972 <br> : 444; nu <br> month <br> us.), 195; <br> 2,$604 ; 3,60$ | are as mber in thous.), 183; 220; 6; 3,437; |


| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1970 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1971 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1971 \| 1972 | 1972 |  |  | 1973 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

## FOREIGN TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES—Continued

| FOREIGN TRADE-Continued Value of Exports-Continued <br> Exports (mdse.), incl. reexports-Continued By leading countries-Continued North and South A merica-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Latin American Republics, total \% ...-mil. \$-- | 5,666.5 | 6,471.2 | 617.9 | 548.7 26.8 | 604.9 27.1 | 547.4 28.0 | 554.4 20.8 | 648.7 27.3 | 644.4 34.9 | 688.1 30.6 | 705.7 29.4 | 706. 3 | 812.9 57.9 | 809.2 53.5 | 974.4 |  |
|  | 390.9 966.3 | 1, ${ }^{4042.1}$ | 45.1 118.5 | 26.8 104.2 | 27.1 119.7 | 28.0 113.7 | 20.8 101.4 | 27.3 123.0 | 34.9 118.4 | 30.6 139.3 | 29.4 149.0 | 25.2 151.3 | $\begin{array}{r}57.9 \\ 160.8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 53.5 183.2 | 59.1 231.0 |  |
| Chile | 223.7 | 1,287.0 | 15.5 | 9.6 | 14.4 | 14.0 | 14.1 | 15.4 | 15.6 | 11.2 | 19.4 | 10.2 | 15.2 | 14.8 | 38.6 |  |
|  | 377.5 | 317.3 | 26.9 | 26.4 | 32.9 | 23.6 | 30.3 | 34.9 | 32.1 | 27.0 | 39.0 | 33.2 | 47.3 | 44.2 | 41.1 |  |
|  | 1,620.0 | 1,982. 2 | 207.6 | 184.4 | 188.9 | 180.2 | 180.6 | 215.6 | 214.8 | 240.4 | 235.8 | 253.0 | 268.1 | 271.7 | 318.1 |  |
|  | 787.1 | 923.7 | 73.1 | 76.2 | 96.6 | 74.4 | 92.5 | 81.0 | 94.9 | 77.9 | 71.4 | 81.9 | 84.8 | 82.0 | 99.2 |  |
| Exports of U.S. merchandise, total.-----.-...do | 43, 491.8 | 48,978.6 | 4,447.2 | 4,527.2 | 4,649.2 | 4,719.5 | 4,831.1 | 5, 878.7 | 5,491.8 | 5,967.7 | 5,793.4 | 5,305.9 | 5,706. 5 | 5,936.5 | 6,668. 1 |  |
| Excluding military grant-aid | 42,910. 5 | 48,419.1 | 4,379.7 | 4,496.6 | 4,617.1 | 4,677.7 | 4, 794.5 | 5, 825.8 | 5,456.4 | 5,926.7 | 5,754.9 | 5, 239.8 | 5, 674.6 | 5, 879.9 | 6,633.9 |  |
| Agricultural products, total.-.-.-.-------- | 7,698.0 | 9, 409.6 | 908.0 | 1, 079.9 | 1,110.8 | 1,136. 1 | 1,179.4 | 1, 407.7 | 1,264. 1 | 1,364.9 | 1,376.0 | 1,218.1 | 1, 469.5 | 1,448.7 | 1,733.7 |  |
| Nonagricultural products, total..............do---- | 35,793.7 | 39,466. 6 | 3,540.9 | 3,447.2 | 3,540.9 | 3,583.5 | 3.651. 7 | 4,471.0 | 4, 227.7 | 4,602.8 | 4, 417.4 | 4,087.8 | 4,236.9 | 4,487.8 | 4,934. 4 |  |
| By commodity groups and principal commodities: <br> Food and live animals 8 | 4,366 | 5,660.8 | 550.6 | 615.7 | 658.0 | 688.6 | 669.4 | 802.3 | 767.9 | 834.7 | 949.6 | 901.9 | 1,207. 5 | 1,191.0 |  |  |
| Meats and preparations (incl. poultry) -do. | 4, 192.0 | $5,60.8$ 250.0 | 29.9 | 23.9 | 23.1 | 21.7 | 26.2 | 48.4 | 45.6 | 45.1 | 38.5 | 27.5 | 1, 32.4 | 1, 28.7 | 44.7 |  |
| Grains and cereal preparations.........do. | 2, 449.1 | 3,505.0 | 337.4 | 384.8 | 441.4 | 476.7 | 455.5 | 531.1 | 510.0 | 565.1 | 660.3 | 660.5 | 920.2 | 921.1 | 847.3 |  |
| Beverages and tobacco...-........-.-....- do | 709.2 | 908.5 | 85.8 | 94.8 | 90.5 | 62.9 | 74.5 | 78.4 | 74.8 | 68.4 | 73.3 | 72.1 | 77.3 | 92.9 | 110.6 |  |
| Crude materials, inedible, exc. fuels $\%$.... do | 4,328.6 | 5,030.5 | 500.0 | 566.0 | 566.4 | 586.4 | 663.1 | 840.7 | 718.0 92.5 | 779.7 69.8 | 676.6 81.5 | 562.7 | 558.9 | 506.3 47.5 | 749.8 |  |
| Cotton, raw, excl. linters and waste..-- do | 583.2 | $\begin{array}{r}502.8 \\ 1 \\ 507 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 30.4 | 65.9 | 85.7 | 103.2 | 82.0 254 | $\begin{array}{r}104.7 \\ 304 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 92.5 248.1 | 69.8 290.4 | 81.5 187.0 | 58.6 | 52.1 | 47.5 50.1 | 50.2 |  |
| Soybeans, exc. canned or prepared... | 1, 324.8 | $1,507.7$ 507.9 | 186.2 51.2 | 214.8 44.2 | 185.5 61.6 | 185.9 55.8 | 254.6 59.3 | 304.4 90.8 | 248.1 67.5 | 29.4 101.3 | 187.0 93.3 | 112.0 129.0 | 93.4 129.4 | 50.1 106.0 | 278.0 90.7 |  |
| Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc. $\%$....------ do | 1,497.4 | 1,552.5 | 137.1 | 146.9 | 127.4 | 105.3 | 106.7 | 121.2 | 142.0 | 141.0 | 137.8 | 132.3 | 153.6 | 121.6 | 177.1 |  |
| Coal and related products.....-------- do | 950.7 | 1,019.1 | 91.1 | 95.3 | 67.5 | 62.0 | 55.5 | 71.4 | 95.1 | 95. 9 | 91.1 | 81.3 | 102.8 | 65.7 | 119.6 |  |
| Petroleum and products.......-.-.-.-.-. do | 478.9 | 445.0 | 37.2 | 41.8 | 41.4 | 36.2 | 36.3 | 38.2 | 40.2 | 40.7 | 39.8 | 44.2 | 41.8 | 48.0 | 49.9 |  |
| Animal and vegetable oils, fats, waxes....do..-- | 615.2 | 508.0 | 35.2 | 47.8 | 35.9 | 44.0 | 44.8 | 61.0 | 38.0 | 54.4 | 58.9 | 59.9 | 60.2 | . 2 | 59.1 |  |
|  | 3,836.0 | 4,132.9 | 392.9 | 331.9 | 386.0 | 403.8 | 384.7 | 441.8 | 443.6 | 460.0 | 475.8 | 468.0 | 516.6 | 505.6 | 553.1 |  |
| Manufactured goods $\%$................-.-...-do | 4, 413.4 | 4,904.1 | 445.7 | 426.4 | 440.6 | 478.2 | 457.6 | 534.0 | 564.9 | 578.4 | 587.0 | 556.6 | 607.1 | 648.8 | 709.2 |  |
|  | 632.1 | 778.8 | 74.2 | 72.0 | 75.5 | 78.3 <br> 85.5 | 71.6 75.2 | $\begin{aligned} & 85.9 \\ & 98.0 \end{aligned}$ | 91.8 98.6 | 94.2 | 96.4 102.2 | 89.0 103.2 | 94.9 107.3 | 120.1 | 127.0 127.4 |  |
| Iron and steel Nonferrous base | 791.6 595.6 | 825.9 566.8 | 70.9 51.5 | 66.2 47.1 | 71.2 51.2 | 85.5 67.8 | 75.2 64.1 | 98.0 59.7 | 98.6 69.0 | 109.7 64.3 | 102.2 71.2 | 103.2 78.7 | 107.3 87.1 | 106.8 95.8 | 127.4 103.8 |  |
| Machinery and transport equipment, total mil. \$.- | 19,459.8 | 21,532.7 | 1,885.9 | 1,904.1 | 1,937.2 | 1,956.4 | 2,026.9 | 2,527.8 | 2,250.0 | 2,569.7 | 2,317.7 | 2,050.3 | 2,067. 6 | 2,319.4 | 2,551.0 |  |
| Machinery, tota | 11,560.9 | 13, 244.4 | 1, 132.6 | 1,185. 2 | 1, 199.0 | 1,222.6 | 1,223.0 | 1,444.5 | 1,360.9 | 1,474.2 | 1, 428.8 | 1, 383.2 | 1,402.1 | 1, 433.6 | 1,631.9 |  |
|  | 596.7 | 749.6 | 62.8 | 59.3 | 61.8 | 64.3 | 78.3 | 105.0 | 92.6 37.2 | 97.0 | 86.6 | 79.0 | 69.0 39 | 75.5 44.2 | 86.5 |  |
| Metalworking--.---.-..-.-.-.-......- do | $\begin{array}{r} 404.5 \\ 1,404.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 410.0 \\ 1,601.1 \end{array}$ | 35.6 124.1 | $\begin{array}{r} 30.6 \\ 148.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 44.4 \\ 130.4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 42.1 \\ 135.0 \end{array}$ | 31.4 151.0 | 32.5 180.7 | 37.2 176.3 | 37.0 179.8 | 35.8 182.9 | 38.7 169.1 | 39.2 178.2 | 44.2 181.0 | 50.6 191.7 |  |
| Construction, excav. and mining.-.--do <br> Electrical $\qquad$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,404.2 \\ & 3,066.7 \end{aligned}$ | $1,601.1$ $3,697.8$ | ${ }^{124.1}$ | 148.1 341.3 | 130.4 337.5 | 135.0 369.7 | 151.0 352.4 | 180.7 409.7 | 176.3 389.6 | 179.8 439.5 | 182.9 413.8 | 169.1 397.9 | 114.1 | 429.9 | 191.7 489.1 |  |
| Transport equipment, total.........-. do | 7, 899.0 | 8,296.6 | 754.8 | 721.8 | 738.2 | 733.8 | 803.9 | 1,083.4 | 889.1 | 1,095.5 | 889.0 | 667.1 | 665.4 | 885.8 | 919.0 |  |
| Motor vehicles and parts...-..-----.-.-do...- | 4,157.1 | 4,796. 4 | 474.2 | 448.5 | 426.7 | 455.8 | . 5 | 551.0 | 527.8 | 543.6 | 521.7 | 407.7 | 389.5 | 468.9 | 620.7 |  |
| Miscellaneous manufactured articles......do | 2,734. 1 | 3,189.7 | 282.8 | 264.9 | 276.3 | 275.1 | 270.8 | 325.7 | 324.3 | 334.7 | 345.4 | 308.9 | 331.0 | 336.9 | 378.5 |  |
| Commoditles not classlfied..........-........do | 1,531.4 | 1,559.4 | 131.0 | 128.7 | 131.0 | 118.9 | 132.6 | 145.7 | 168.4 | 146.7 | 171.1 | 193.2 | 126.8 | 147.7 | 163.8 |  |
| Value of Imports |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| eneral Imports, total .-..--.-...........-...- ${ }^{\text {d }}$ | 45,562.7 | -55,582.8 | 5,008.5 | 5,201.4 | 4,795.7 | 5,423.0 | 4,944.6 | 5,595. 6 | 5,347.3 | 6,032.0 | 5,900. 8 | 5,651.8 | 5,997.4 | 5, 286.3 | 6,373. 3 |  |
|  |  |  | 4,737.5 | 5,147.9 | 5,002.3 | 5,280.9 | $5,540.8$ | 5, 432.1 | 5, 290.7 | 5,760.7 | 5,793.6 | 5, 762.4 | 6,020.9 | 5,575.1 | 5,904.5 |  |
| By geographic regtons: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Africa $\qquad$ do. <br> Asia do | 1,236. 3 | 15,111.59 | 1, 165.5 | 1,404.1 | 164.7 $1,247.6$ | 155.4 $1,364.3$ | 1,245.0 | 216.4 $1,413.3$ | 184.2 $1,352.4$ | 1,515.7 | 187.5 $1,549.1$ | 201.2 567.0 | 245.9 | 1,502. 6 | 1,656.9 |  |
|  | 894.9 | 1, 145.4 | 123.4 | 101.0 | 1, 83.4 | 101.2 | 90.1 | , 90.1 | 108.5 | 120.3 | 123.0 | 124.0 | 175.0 | 116.5 | 165. 1 |  |
|  | 12,881.1 | 15, 740.3 | 1,355. 3 | 1,491.7 | 1,366. 4 | 1, 555.3 | 1,405.2 | 1,587.9 | 1,529.7 | 1, 723.2 | 1,628.9 | 1,668.8 | 1,769.1 | 1,402.9 | 1, 804.8 |  |
| Northern North America.-.............-. - do. | 12,695.4 | 14, 915.3 | 1,372.9 | 1,456.8 | 1,302. 4 | 1, 477.9 | 1,337. 8 | 1,546.9 | 1,443.4 | 1,667.1 | 1,673.7 | 1,395.7 | 1, 177.7 | 1,329.3 | 1, 648.3 |  |
| Southern North America.....................- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ do | 3,000. 5 | 3, 536.3 | 287.7 | 305. 5 | 310.9 | 368.4 | 277.7 | 411.6 | 428.3 | 419.2 | 418.4 | 1,364.5 | 450.8 | 357.9 | 435.7 |  |
|  | 3,033. 7 | 3,460.0 | 299.6 | 283.9 | 314.3 | 393.4 | 301.8 | 324.3 | 297.4 | 356.4 | 316.0 | 325.5 | 388.1 | 343.1 | 416.3 |  |
| By leading countries: Africa: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 19.1 | 16. 9 | 1.1 | 1.6 | 1. 6 | 3.7 | . 5 | 1.2 | 2. 6 | 1.4 | 2.2 | 1.0 | 4.9 | 2.5 33.6 | 3.7 |  |
| Republic of South Africa...-.....-.-.-.-. do...-- | 286.5 | 324.7 | 33.9 | 26.5 | 23.1 | 25.2 | 37.2 | 30.1 | 32.3 | 31.7 | 28.4 | 38.5 | 27.0 | 33.6 | 31.9 |  |
| Asia; Australla and Oceania: Australia, including New Guinea......do | 636.1 | 819.9 | 89.1 | 79.9 | 61.9 | 72.3 | 62.3 | 61.9 | 70.7 | 76.9 | 82.5 | 84.0 | 123.8 | 80.3 | 114.5 |  |
|  | 329.1 | 426.6 | 27.3 | 34.0 | 29.1 | 35.2 | 29.0 | 38.4 | 29.7 | 35.9 | 39.2 | 33.1 | 40.8 | 42.2 | 41. ${ }^{1}$ |  |
| Palkistan | 77.1 | 40.2 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 3.3 | 3.3 | 3.6 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 1.7 | 3.4 | 4.2 | 3.8 | 41.8 |  |
|  | 269.0 | 301.2 | 33.9 | 24.9 | 21.8 | 23.3 | 23.8 | 30.9 | 25.4 | 40.7 | 40.0 | 38.5 | ${ }_{51} 38$ | 39.5 48 | 44.5 |  |
|  | 207.2 | 277.8 | 28.2 | 24.2 | 26. 1 | 29.4 | 25.0 | 34.2 | 30.1 | 43.8 | 48.4 | 32.5 | 51. 4 | 48.7 71.3 | 42.3 |  |
|  | 495.6 | 483.5 | 34.9 819.9 | 41.5 | 56.0 | 35.0 | 31.3 | 50.3 | 44. 6 | 56.1 | 55.0 810.9 | 80.9 821.1 | 75.6 944.1 | 71.3 753.4 | 823.6 |  |
|  | 7,258.8 | 9,064.3 | 819.0 | 863.9 | 724.6 | 800.8 | 708.7 | 792.2 | 779.9 | 812.6 | 810.9 | 821.1 | 944.1 | 753.4 |  |  |
| Europe: |  |  |  |  |  | 138.1 |  |  | 140.9 |  |  |  | 168.7 | 121.3 | 131.9 |  |
|  | 1,087. 10.1 | 1,368.5 | 113.8 | 127.1 | 121.8 | 138.9 | 12.5 |  | 140.9 | 1.1 | 145.7 | $\begin{array}{r}1.1 \\ \hline 1.3\end{array}$ | . 9 | 1.0 | 530.4 |  |
|  | 3, 650. 5 | 4,248.7 | 364.5 | 380.9 | 357.5 | 421.2 | 379.7 | 436.8 | 415.3 | 482.8 | 460.1 | 470.9 | 482.1 | 341.8 | 155.2 |  |
|  | 1,405.7 | 1,765.8 | 124.4 | 156.2 | 147.9 | 170.2 | 162.6 | 167.0 | 138.9 | 156.6 | 166.8 | 166.7 | 208.2 18.7 | 141.2 19.1 | 22.8 |  |
| Union of Soviet Socialist Republics...- do...- | 57.2 | 95.4 | 9.5 | 11.1 | 12.8 264 | 18.4 296 | 12.5 266.6 | 15.5 292.6 | 17.8 | 10.9 317.0 | 11.4 298.5 | 12.5 300.1 | 343.0 | 259.1 | 317.9 |  |
| United Kingdom...-----.---............- do...- | 2,498. 5 | 2,985.9 | 271.8 | 319.0 | 264.7 | 296.4 | 266.6 | 292.6 | 288.6 | 317.0 | 298.5 | 300.1 | 343.0 |  |  |  |
| North and South America: <br> Canada | 12,691.5 | 14,908.9 | 1,372.3 | 1,456.5 | 1,301.8 | 1,477.8 | 1,337.8 | 1,546. 1 | 1,443. 4 | 1,666. 4 | 1,672.8 | 1,394.5 | 1,176. 1 | 1,327.4 | 1,647.5 |  |
| Latin American Republics, total 9 ....-do. | 4,881.0 | 5,772.1 | 488.9 | 486.1 | 521.1 | 615.8 | 562.5 | 608.9 | 604.1 | 644.4 | 604.9 | 569.8 | 671.8 | 570.6 | 700.8 26.4 |  |
|  | 175.8 | 201.4 | 17.1 | 16.3 | 21.3 | 24.4 | 16.9 | 15.5 | 23.6 | 18.6 | 17.9 | 22.4 | 24.9 99.0 | 21.2 89 | 26.4 108.9 |  |
|  | 761.7 | 941.6 | 85.2 | 78.9 | 70.6 | 131.2 | 80. 5 | 85.3 5.4 | 74.2 6.5 | 102.7 4.9 | 194.5 2.9 | 77.2 1.0 | 99.0 1.5 | 89.9 3.8 | 108.9 |  |
|  | 90.9 239.2 | 82.9 284.1 | 7.1 26.1 | 6.8 23.2 | 5.3 27.9 | 13.3 35.1 | 12.4 24.9 | 5.4 30.1 | 6.5 33.6 | 4.9 38.7 | 2.9 32.8 | 1.0 34.7 | 1.5 21.9 | 3.8 29.4 | 35.7 |  |
|  | 1,261.6 | 1,631.6 | 125.2 | 146.6 | 149.4 | 161.7 | 170.5 | 196.8 | 193.2 | 189.5 | 206.6 | 170.8 | 198.0 | 164.2 | 207.9 |  |
|  | 1,215.9 | 1,297.5 | 101.9 | 108.8 | 134.4 | 130.6 | 109.2 | 130.8 | 107.8 | 126.8 | 121.9 | 128.5 | 169.8 | 147.2 | 159.1 |  |
| By commodity groups and principal commodities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Agricultural products,total..............-mil. \$.- | 5,765.5 | 6, 504.9 | 680.3 | 554.1 | 564.3 | 659.7 | 618.1 | 666.0 | 709.4 | 787.8 | 670.1 | 641.8 | 725.4 | 644.5 | 715.6 |  |
| Nonagricultural products, total..............do....- | 39,797.3 | 49, 050.4 | 4,426.7 | 4, 635.7 | 4,230.7 | 4,763.3 | 4, 326.5 | 4,929.6 | 4,637.8 | 5,244.2 | 5,230.7 | 5,010.0 | 5,272.0 | 4,641.8 | 5,657.7 |  |


| Unlese otherwiso stated in footnotes below, data through 1970 and descriptive notef are as shown in the 1971 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1971 | 1972 | 1972 |  |  | 1973 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

FOREIGN TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES—Continued

| FOREIGN TRADE-Continued <br> Value of Importh-Continued <br> General imports-Continued <br> By commodity groups and principal commoditles: <br> Food and live antmals 8 $\qquad$ mill. \$- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | -181.3 | , 150.7 | 585.1 | ${ }_{645} 6$ | ${ }_{23.6}$ | 25.7 | 54.4 | 20.1 | 21.6 | 24.0 | 15.5 | 14.4 | ${ }_{10} 6.9$ | 618.3 |  |  |
|  | 1,166.6 | 1,181.7 | 128.8 | 103, 5 | 83.7 | 132.9 | 121.5 | 141.1 | 145.2 | 180.1 | 126.1 | 117.0 | 127.6 | 102.2 | 124.8 |  |
| Meats and preparations...............--do. | 1,050. 1 | 1,222.8 | 127.0 | 111.9 | 89.6 | 108.8 | 99.7 | 96.6 | 119.8 | 135.9 | 120.8 | 125.7 | 175.1 | 143.8 | 200.1 |  |
|  | 763.6 | 824.1 | 62.0 | 52.4 | 62.7 | 71.9 | 48.9 | 72.1 | 80.3 | 85.5 | 69.3 | 75.5 | 100.8 | 79.9 | 39.2 |  |
| Beverages and tobacco...................do.... | 875.5 | -1,009.4 | 107.1 | 117.3 | 99.3 | 109.2 | 76.3 | 83.5 | 98.9 | 102.5 | 97.3 | 94.4 | 91.2 | 91.0 | 128.0 |  |
| Crude materials, inedible, exc. fuels $\%$.-.-do...- | 3,382.0 | 3,859.8 | 347.3 | 383.1 | 324.9 | 388.5 | 341.2 | 383.8 | 398.3 | 444.3 | 453.1 | 431.3 | 408.7 | 386.8 | 490.7 |  |
|  | 1,043.9 | 1,021.6 | 87.8 | 112.5 | 88.5 | 84.4 | 62.6 | 69.8 | 92.7 | 103.6 | 121.9 | 128.4 | 128.5 | 99.9 | 148.8 |  |
| Paper base stocks...-..-.-.-..........-. do.... | 502.3 | 509.9 | 45.9 | 49.0 | 38.5 | 56.7 | 48.1 | 52.2 | 50.0 | 57.5 | 51.9 | 55.3 | 45.0 | 51.8 | 70.1 |  |
| Textlle fibers . . .-............-.....--.....do.... | 158.4 | 195.9 | 15.7 | 16.9 | 14.9 | 21.9 | 21.0 | 21.8 | 19.2 | 23.2 | 21.0 | 22.1 | 20.6 | 15.9 | 17.4 |  |
| Rubber.........-.-...-...-...........-.do...- | 216.0 | 196.2 | 18.0 | 17.6 | 18.3 | 19.5 | 18.0 | 23.3 | 20.0 | 27.0 | 29.2 | 22.3 | 38.9 | 39.1 | 42.6 |  |
| Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc..........-...do...- | 3, 714, 8 | 4,798.9 | 412.4 | 417.0 | 475.7 | 532.7 | 494.9 | 595.1 | 502.2 | 609.4 | 604.3 | 554.9 | 776.4 | 694.9 | 794.7 |  |
| Petroleum and products.......-........do.-.- | 3,323.3 | 4, 299.6 | 371.0 | 374.4 | 431.1 | 488.1 | 452.4 | 553.7 | 463.2 | 565.2 | 566.7 | 515.5 | 728.8 | 648.8 | 740.9 |  |
| Antmal and vegetable olls and fats.......do....- | 171.6 | 179.6 | 15.5 | 10.1 | 21.7 | 8.8 | 16.8 | 14.7 | 13.6 | 15.8 | 19.8 | 18.9 | 23.5 | 21.2 | 25.5 |  |
| Chemicals...--...........-.-....-........dio.... | 1,612.3 | 2,014.8 | 165.8 | 177.4 | 166.4 | 189.1 | 190.2 | 202.7 | 221.9 | 213.1 | 208.7 | 185.8 | 206.2 | 189.2 | 206.1 |  |
| Manufactured goods 9. | 9, 545.8 | 11,421.5 | 1,086.4 | 1,072.5 | 968.4 | 1,107.8 | 983.8 | 1,078.2 | 992.8 | 1,178.7 | 1,114.0 | 1,192.7 | 1,135. 2 | 968.9 | 1,136.0 |  |
|  | 2,725. 2 | 2, 922.4 | 314.9 | 303.8 | 286.6 | 240.7 | 232.0 | 220.1 | 204.4 | ${ }^{1} 296.2$ | 1243.5 | 1279.5 | - 273.4 | 220.9 | 258.9 |  |
|  | 988.5 | 1, 053.9 | 96.5 | 96.4 179.8 | 87.9 | 110.6 | 90.6 | 107.3 | 100.5 | 104.8 | 109.4 | 97.4 | 80.9 | 83.6 | 93.1 |  |
| Nonferrous metals do <br> Textiles $\qquad$ $\qquad$ do. $\qquad$ | 1,591.2 | $1,933.2$ $1,528.4$ | 173.0 125.8 | 179.8 141.5 | 161.5 114.4 | 224.7 144.2 | 178.2 124.1 | 199.5 | 159.1 133.5 | 186.2 137.8 | 178.9 128.3 | 211.2 128.9 | 188.8 138.5 | 188.4 | 209.5 132.0 |  |
| Machinery and transport equipment.....do. | 13,873.2 | r17,420.1 | 1,523.6 | 1,713.6 | 1,492.3 | 1,675.9 | 1,560.0 | 1,813.0 | 1,710.1 | 1,954. 3 | 1,918.2 | 1,700.7 | 1,683.7 | 1, 507.6 | 1,943.9 |  |
| Machinery, total $9 .-$-.............-...-do...- | 5,967.8 | 7,786.9 | 687.4 | ${ }^{737.5}$ | 647.4 | 698.4 | 702.0 | 812.3 | 806.8 | 853.8 | 865.0 | 855.3 | 907.2 |  | 934.9 |  |
|  | 106.8 | 140.4 | 11.4 | 17.4 | 12.8 | 14.4 | 11.8 | 13.3 | 10.9 | 16.5 | 14.5 | 17.3 | 19.1 | 14.5 | 15.6 |  |
|  | 2, 585.1 | 3,375.4 | 331.4 | 332.0 | 284.6 | 275.0 | 317.0 | 363.8 | 344.4 | 377.4 | 391.2 | 387.0 | 421.6 | 358.1 | 466.3 |  |
| Transport equipment...................do | 7,905. 5 | 9,613.2 | 836.0 | 965.2 | 844.6 | 977.5 | 858.0 | 1,000. 6 | 903.3 | 1, 100.5 | 1,053.2 | 845.4 | 776.5 | 748.2 | 1,009.0 |  |
| Automobiles and parts................do.. | 6,776.4 | 7,945.9 | 699.6 | 797.7 | 697.3 | 805.0 | 715.8 | 841.0 | 748.3 | 941.7 | 896.2 | 706.7 | 608.3 | 602.8 | 867.2 |  |
| Miscellaneous manufactured articles......do. | 6,372.9 | 6,910.6 | 618.2 | 621.4 | 563.0 | 631.5 | 584.2 | 643.2 | 609.8 | 649.7 | 697.1 | 720.4 | 820.0 | 666.2 | 781.3 |  |
| Commoditles not classified...............do. | 1,475.6 | 1,598.0 | 147.1 | 143.9 | 144.6 | 162.8 | 128.7 | 151.3 | 141.4 | 131.6 | 160.9 | 153.8 | 168.7 | 144.9 | 160.2 |  |
| Indexes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 114.4 |  | 118.4 | 122.8 |  |  |  | 127.2 | 128.4 |  |  |  |  | 141.6 |  |  |
|  | 122.4 | 134.3 | 145.0 | 143.3 | 1144.6 | 147.5 | 118.0 | 179.3 | 166.3 | 175.3 | 167.5 | 149.1 | 155.5 | 162.5 | 176.6 |  |
| Value-...-.-..................................do..... | 140.0 | 158.0 | 171.6 | 176.1 | 177.3 | 182.1 | 187.7 | 228.0 | 213.6 | 232.1 | 225.3 | 205.2 | 222.2 | +230.2 | 259.8 |  |
| General imports: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 117.4 | 126.1 | 129.8 | 130.4 | 130.3 | 133.3 | 134.3 | 137.5 | 145.1 | 146.9 | 147.8 | 150.3 | 153.5 | 152.3 | 159.6 |  |
|  | 144.5 169.6 | 163.8 206.6 | 172.1 22.5 | 177.5 231.6 | 164.3 214.0 | 181.5 242.0 | 164.3 220.7 | 181.6 249.7 | 164.5 238.6 | 183.3 269.2 | 178.2 263.3 | 167.8 262.2 | 174.4 267.6 | 154.9 285.9 | 178.2 284.4 |  |
| Shipping Weight and Value |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Waterborne trade: Exports (Incl. reexports): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipping weight..-.-.-......-thous. sh. tons.- | 204, 132 | 230, 176 | 21,680 | 21,943 |  | 19,814 |  | 22, 218 |  |  | 24, 509 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 22,610 | 25, 520 | 2,338 | 2,449 | 2, 531 | 2,600 | 2,633 | 3,144 | 2,946 | 3,177 | 3, 182 |  |  |  |  |  |
| General imporis: | 313, 167 |  |  | 32,531 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Value.-........-............................mil. \$.- | 26, 993 | 33,617 | 3, 107 | 3,076 | 2,853 | 3,207 | 2,919 | 3,319 | 3, 171 | 3,680 | 3, 638 |  |  |  |  |  |

## TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATION

| TRANSPORTATION <br> Alr Carriers (Scheduled Service) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Certificated route carriers: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Passenger-miles (revenue).....................bil.- | 135.66 | 152.41 | 12. 29 | 11.52 | 13.08 | 12.50 | 11.05 | 12.94 | 13.24 | 13. 16 | 14.95 | 16.00 | ${ }^{\text {p1 }} 6.98$ | p13. 15 | ¢12.88 |  |
| Passenger-load factor8.-.............-percent.- | 48.5 | 53.0 | 50.9 | 50.0 | 53.1 | 49.1 | 47.9 | 50.2 | 51.8 | 50.3 | 55.0 | 54.9 | ${ }^{157.5}$ | p48.5 | ${ }^{\text {p47 }} 4.8$ |  |
| Ton-miles (revenue), totalf..................mil.- | 18,685 | 20,746 | 1,725 | 1,687 | 1,842 | 1,696 | 1,534 | 1,814 | 1,796 | 1,822 | 2,008 | 2,088 | p2, 230 | p1,843 | ${ }^{p} 1,848$ |  |
|  | 10,046 | 11, 163 |  |  | 2,812 |  |  | 2,785 |  |  | 3,111 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 8,220 | 9,271 |  |  | 2,308 |  |  | 2,322 |  |  | 2, 599 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Freight and express revenues.............do. | 826 | 938 |  |  | 268 |  |  | 241 |  |  | 260 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 288 | 271 |  |  | 76 |  |  | 66 |  |  | 67 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating expenses $\odot . .$. | 9,717 | 10, 679 |  |  | 2,705 |  |  | 2,808 |  |  | 2,923 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net income after taxes®...-.....................do. | , 30 | - 222 |  |  | 2, 34 |  |  | -46 |  |  | 88 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic operations: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Passenger-miles (revenue) .......................bil.- | 106.44 | 118.14 | 9.50 | 9. 25 | 10.42 | 9.80 | 8.80 | 10.26 | 10.44 | 10.11 | 11.55 | 12.00 | p12.96 | p9. 86 | ${ }^{2} 10.13$ |  |
| Express and freight ton-miles.................mil.- | 2,278 | 2, 667 | 235 | 253 | 237 | 208 | 203 | 246 | 226 | 255 58 | 258 | 235 | 2969 $p 56$ | $\bigcirc 256$ | $p 277$ $p 57$ |  |
|  | , 708 | '686 | 55 | 57 | 75 | 56 | 52 | 61 | 55 | 58 | 55 | 51 | P56 | จ53 | ${ }^{2} 57$ |  |
| Operating revenues®........................mil. \$.. | 7,753 | 8,652 |  |  | 2,212 |  |  | 2,207 |  |  | 2,433 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 7,496 | 8,158 |  |  | 2,093 |  |  | 2,206 |  |  | 2,267 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 31 | - 196 |  |  | 52 |  |  | -29 |  |  | 77 |  |  |  |  |  |
| International operations: $\sigma^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Passenger-miles (revenue) ......................bil.- | 29.22 | 34.27 | 2.79 | 2. 27 | 2.66 | 2. 69 | 2.24 | 2.68 | 2.80 | 3.05 | 3.39 | 4.00 | ${ }^{p} 4.02$ | P3. 29 | p2. 75 |  |
| Express and freight ton-miles................mil. | 1,518 | 1,738 | 164 | 169 | 155 | 136 | 133 | 166 | 148 | 150 | 157 | 162 | $p 164$ | D180 | ${ }^{p} 187$ |  |
|  | -617 | - 515 | 42 | 55 | 68 | 46 | 42 | 47 | 43 | 43 | 43 | 40 | p/3 | ¢39 | p39 |  |
| Operating revenues®.-......................mil. \$.- | 2,292 | 2,512 |  |  | 600 |  | -...- | 579 |  |  | 678 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2,221 | 2,420 |  |  | 613 |  |  | 602 |  |  | 656 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net income after taxes $\odot .-$-...--.............do....... | -1 | 26 |  |  | -18 |  |  | -17 |  |  | 11 |  | - | - - .-. |  |  |
| Local Transit Lines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fares, average cash rate..-..................cents.-- | 26.6 | 27.4 | 27.8 | 27.8 | 27.8 | 27.8 | 27.8 | 27.8 | 27.8 | 27.8 | 27.8 | 27.8 | 27.7 | 27.7 | 27.7 |  |
| Passengers carried (revenue).......................mil... | 5,497 | * 6, 272 | r454 | 446 | 424 | 438 | 424 | 512 | 465 | 448 | 420 | 391 | 413 | 408 | 462 |  |
| r Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. <br> O Includes data not shown separately. <br> TApplies to passengers, baggage, cargo, and mall ca §Passenger-miles as a percent of available seat-miles | in roven | service | eflects | proporti |  | of se for a groul | ting cap groups referre | city a farri 0 as " | tually so <br> rs also ternatio | d and flect non nal;" no | ilized. chedul hange | $\odot$ Tot d servic compa |  | es, expe Effective data. | nses. sind July 197 | income carrier |


| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1970 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1971 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1971 | 1972 | 1972 |  |  | 1973 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATION-Continued

| TRANSPORTATION-Continued Motor Carriers (Intercity) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Carriers of property, class I: $\Delta$ | 11,475 | 11,475 |  |  |  |  | 94 | 94 |  | 94 | 94 |  | 94 | 94 |  |  |
|  | 12,693 | 14,270 |  |  | 87,194 |  | ${ }^{11} 1.720$ | 2,007 |  | ${ }^{5} 1,824$ | 2, 109 |  | 121.895 | 2,151 |  |  |
|  | 11,907 | 13, 434 |  |  | 86,766 |  | 101147 | ${ }^{10} 51$ |  | 10869 | 1064 |  | 101264 | ${ }_{10} 51$ |  |  |
| Freight carried (revenue) ---.-.-.-......-mil tons.- | 596 |  |  |  | ${ }_{8} 321$ |  | ${ }^{11} 39$ | 44 |  | ${ }^{6} 42$ | 47 |  | 1243 | 46 |  |  |
| Frelght carried, volume inderes, class I and II (ATA): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Common and contract carriers of property (qtrly.) $0^{7} \ldots$.....average same perlod, $1967=100 \ldots$ | 119.0 | 128.0 |  |  | 124.0 |  |  | 140.0 |  |  | 145.0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Common carriers of general freight, seas. $1967=100 .$. | 124.5 | 136.4 | 144.9 | 150.2 | 154.8 | 153.1 | 160.1 | 166.0 | 162.5 | 163.4 | 162.2 | 159.6 | 159.3 | 162.6 |  |  |
| Carriers of passengers, class I: <br> Number of reporting carriers. | 172 | 172 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating revenues, total..........................il. $\$ .$. | 759.9 | 768.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 13353.7 | 8 366.8 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 665.4 | 682.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{13} 331.9$ | ${ }^{8} 346.7$ |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 166.7 | 156.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{13} 77.1$ | ${ }^{8} 73.5$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Class I Railroads |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Financial operations, qtrly. (AAR): <br> Operating revenues, total $\%$ $\qquad$ mil. $\$$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating revenues, total? mil. Freight. $\qquad$ $\qquad$ do $\qquad$ | - ${ }^{12,697}$ | - 13,411 |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 73,523 \\ 3,305 \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}7 \\ 3,727 \\ 3,484 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  | 73,633 |  |  |
|  | 7294 | ${ }^{7} 257$ |  |  | ${ }^{3} 60$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating expenses $\oplus$........................ do | 10,058 | 10, 550 |  |  | 2, 716 |  |  | 2,761 |  |  | 2,925 |  |  | 2,898 |  |  |
| Tax accruals and rents ------------------ do---- | 1,939 | 2,026 |  |  | 505 |  |  | 562 |  |  | 592 |  |  | 572 |  |  |
| Net railway operating income | 700 |  |  |  | - 184 |  |  | - 2119 |  |  | ${ }_{6} 215$ |  |  | 163 68 |  |  |
| Net income (after taxes) $\oplus$...-..................d. do.--- | - 351 | - 500 |  |  | - 184 |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{6} 151$ |  |  | 683 |  |  |
| Traffic: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ton-miles of freight (net), revenue and nonrev. enue................................................. | 752.2 | 800.8 780 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{8} 435.9$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Revenue ton-milles, qtrly. (AAR).---.-. do.... | 739.7 | 780.7 |  |  | 204.4 |  |  | 204.1 |  |  | 213.0 | 260.8 | 264.8 | 283.1 | 269.5 | ${ }^{2} 66.9$ |
|  | 1.594 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Passengers (revenue) carried 1 mile - .-...----mil - | 8,901 | 8,560 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Travel |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hotels and motor-hotels: § dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A verage sale per occupied room dollars Rooms occupled $\qquad$ \% of total | 18.74 60 | 19. 21 | 「 $\begin{array}{r}20.04 \\ 71\end{array}$ | 19.38 60 | 18.88 48 |  |  | 20.32 |  | 20.53 69 | 20.39 68 | 20.25 65 | 20.93 70 70 | 20.71 66 | 21.09 73 |  |
| Restaurant sales index...same mo. $1051=100 .$. | 114 | 123 | 125 | 111 | 122 | 105 | 118 | 143 | 129 | 153 | 143 | 130 | 128 | 135 | 132 |  |
| Foreign travel: <br> U.S. citivens: Arrivals $\qquad$ thous. |  | 49,068 |  | 664 | 543 | 663 | 589 | 713 |  | 775 |  |  | 1,172 |  |  |  |
|  | 7,059 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 4, } \\ \hline 812\end{array}$ | 625 | 542 | 606 | 548 | 583 | 686 | 746 | 787 | 941 | 1,020 | 1, 870 |  |  |  |
|  | 4, 325 | +5,193 | 434 | 368 | 407 | 452 | 346 | 426 | 451 | 427 | 474 | 615 | 863 |  |  |  |
|  | 3, 567 | -4,310 | 383 | 324 | 382 | 342 | 272 | 343 | 359 | 376 | 418 | 480 | 628 |  |  |  |
|  | 2,399 | 2, 728 | 140 389 | ${ }_{2}^{132}$ | 1119 | ${ }_{1}^{183}$ | 230 |  | 345 3.356 | $\begin{array}{r}335 \\ 4 \\ \hline 826\end{array}$ | 306 7.618 |  |  | 152 5,615 | 148 4,159 | 132 |
|  | 48,863 | 54, 087 | 3,896 | 2,055 | 1,716 | 1,656 | 1,848 | 2,252 | 3,356 | 4,826 | 7,618 | 10,030 | 10,296 | 5,615 |  |  |
| COMMUNICATION (QTRLY.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Telephone carriers ( 63 carriers except as noted): <br> Operating revenues $\qquad$ | 20,410 | 23,079 |  | ${ }^{3} 5,297$ | 6,033 |  |  | ${ }^{8} 6,214$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 9, 970 | 11, 261 | ...... | 3 2, 593 | 2,923 |  |  | - 2,985 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tolls, message ....-.-.-.-....................... do | 7,945 | 8,984 |  | 32, 032 | 2,371 |  |  | Q2,467 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating expenses (excluding taxes)....... do | 13, 253 | 14, 869 |  | 3 3, 504 | 3,867 |  |  | 83,928 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net operating income (after taxes) -.........do-- | 3,487 | 4,032 |  | ${ }^{3} 906$ | 1,088 |  |  | '1,108 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Phones in service, end of period.............mil. | 111.6 | 117.3 |  | ${ }^{3} 111.6$ | 117.3 |  |  | -119.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Telegraph carriers: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating revenues. $\qquad$ mil. \$.- | 396.8 | - 431.7 |  |  | 108.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 337.0 31.7 | 349.7 +55.1 + |  |  | 81.3 18.5 |  |  | 90.4 12.0 |  |  | 93.4 15.7 |  |  |  |  |  |
| International: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating revenues....-...........----.-. do... | 206.0 | 226.0 |  |  | 58.5 |  |  | 61.2 |  |  | 63.8 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Operating expenses Net operating revenues (before taxes) | 150.8 44.3 | 163.7 49.4 |  |  | 44.1 |  |  | 43.5 14.3 |  |  | 44.2 16.2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net operating revenues (before taxes) ..-do.... | 44.3 | 49.4 |  |  | 11.0 |  |  | 14.3 |  |  | 16.2 |  |  |  |  |  |

## CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline CHEMICALS \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Inorganic chemicals, production: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Acetylenet........-..........-...-mil. cu. it.- \& 12,349 \& 11, 568 \& 984 \& \({ }^{983}\) \& \begin{tabular}{|c}
993 \\
193
\end{tabular} \& 965 \& 855 \& 717
1
319 \& \({ }_{6}^{661}\) \& \(\begin{array}{r}659 \\ 1 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& \({ }_{1}^{633}\) \& -627 \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Ammonia, synthetic anhydrous \(\ddagger \ldots\) thous. sh. tons...
Carbon dioxide, liquid, gas, and solid \(\ddagger\)....do \& r414,538 \& +415, \(\begin{array}{r}193 \\ 1,481\end{array}\) \& 1,167
128 \& 1,151
119 \& 1,183
106 \& 1,197
102 \& \(\begin{array}{r}1,135 \\ 98 \\ \hline 9\end{array}\) \& 1,319
108 \& 1,316
102 \& 1,353 \& 1,324
120 \& \(\begin{array}{r}1,254 \\ 126 \\ \\ \hline 18\end{array}\) \& + \(\begin{array}{r}1,254 \\ r \\ r\end{array}\) \& 1,346
118 \& \& \\
\hline Chlorine gas ( \(100 \% \mathrm{Cl}_{2}\) ) f . \& 1, \({ }^{1,352}\) \& - 9 , \({ }^{\text {, }} 8881\) \& . 858 \& + 842 \& - 852 \& \({ }_{849}\) \& 779 \& 862 \& 848 \& 1126 \& \({ }_{838}^{120}\) \& 875 \& + r 866 \& 835 \& \& \\
\hline Hydrochloric acid ( \(100 \%\) HCl) \(\ddagger\).............do...- \& 2,099 \& r 2, 302 \& - 202 \& - 202 \& - 201 \& 198 \& 180 \& 211 \& 202 \& 209 \& 196 \& 191 \& 210 \& 189 \& \& \\
\hline  \& \({ }^{-47} 7.638\) \& \({ }^{14} 78981\) \& 608 \& 587 \& 597 \& 582 \& 608 \& 616 \& 644 \& \({ }^{661}\) \& 622 \& \({ }_{6}^{611}\) \& \({ }^{+608}\) \& 588 \& \& \\
\hline Oxygen (high and low purity) ©-.....mil. cu. ft-- \& 319,171 \& 353,190 \& 31,796 \& 30,992 \& 32,965 \& 31, 084 \& 29, 286 \& 32, 945 \& 31,627 \& 32,203 \& 31,273 \& 32,328 \& -31,667 \& 31, 398 \& \& \\
\hline Phosphoric acid ( \(100 \% \% \mathrm{P}_{2} \mathrm{O}_{5}\) ) \(\ddagger\).-- thous. sh. tons-- \& -4, 5,970 \& - 6 6,531 \& 557 \& 510 \& , 228 \& \({ }_{469}\) \& 524 \& 567 \& 567 \& 586 \& 525 \& 531 \& r 540 \& 532 \& \& \\
\hline \(\left.\mathrm{Na}_{2} \mathrm{O}\right) \pm\) - - -........-.......-thous. sh. tons.- \& r 4, 298 \& - 4,310 \& 376 \& 376 \& 366 \& 333 \& 328 \& 350 \& 330 \& 337 \& 297 \& 304 \& 338 \& 261 \& \& \\
\hline Sodium bichromate and chromate \({ }^{+}\)--.---- do-.-- \& \& r 147 \& -13 \& -13 \& +13 \& 12 \& 11 \& 13 \& 12 \& 12 \& 12 \& 13 \& 15 \& 11 \& \& \\
\hline  \& 0,667 \& \(\cdot 10,217\) \& r 882 \& -869 \& r 889 \& 879 \& 808 \& 895 \& 882 \& 928 \& 870 \& 904 \& -895 \& 868 \& \& \\
\hline Sodium silicate, anhydroust................do \& -636 \& [ 661 \& \({ }^{\text {r }} 66\) \& \({ }^{7} 71\) \& - 59 \& 42 \& 53 \& 65 \& 64 \& 72 \& 60 \& 60 \& 58 \& 60 \& \& \\
\hline  \& 1,356
29,035 \& r 1,327
31,300 \& r
2
2672 \& \({ }_{2}{ }_{2} \mathbf{6} 611\) \& r

2,712 \& 103
2,501 \& 110
2,518 \& 141
2,672 \& 138
2,634 \& 2, $\begin{array}{r}120 \\ \hline 840\end{array}$ \& 110
2,573 \& 122
2,559 \& 12
2,758 \& 2,525 \& \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

${ }_{1}$ Revised. Preliminary. ${ }_{3}{ }^{1}$ Number of carriers filing complete reports for the year. ${ }^{2}$ For month shown. ${ }^{3}$ For 4 th qtr. ${ }^{1971 .}{ }_{5}^{4}$ Annual total reflects revisions not distributed to the monthly or quarterly data. ${ }^{5}$ For 2 d qtr. 1972 . ${ }^{6}$ Before extraordinary and
prior period items. ${ }^{\text {pronths ending in month shown. }}{ }_{9}$ For 66 carriers. ${ }_{10}$ Beginning 1973 , data refer to net income after extraordinary and prior period charges and credits and not to expenses.
${ }^{11}$ For 1st qtr. $1972 .{ }^{12}$ For 3 d qtr. 1972 . ${ }^{13}$ For 1 st half of 1972 . $\Delta$ Quarterly data beginning 1973 (and restated 1972 figures) are for large class I motor car-
iers and include operations of most of those with annual revenues of $\$ 30$ mil. in 1972 . Tonnage
hauled refers to common and contract services.
orindexes are comparable for the identical quarter of each year (and from year to year). 1st 6 months 1973 (mil. dol.): Pass. revenues, $138 ; 74 ;$ net income, $-148 ;-79$ (ICC). cludes data not shown separately. $\ddagger$ Revised monthly data back to 1969 will be shown later. $\odot$ Not'comparable with data in 1971 Business Statistics.
§Effective Jan. 1972, data reflect an expanded sample that includes many motor-hotels.
\&Efiective Jan. 1972, data reflect an expanded sample hapitol Reef National Parks, and effective July 1973 to Voyageurs Natl. Park.

| Unless other wise stated in footnotes below, data through 1970 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1971 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1971 | 1972 | 1972 |  |  | 1973 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

## CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS-Continued

| CHEMICALS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Organic chemicals, production: $\sigma^{\prime} \oplus$ <br> Acetlc anhydride | 11,512.9 | 11,560.6 |  | 130.1 |  |  | ${ }^{(2)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,61.9 | 1, ${ }^{1} 34.6$ | 2.9 | 2.5 | 2.3 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 3.0 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 3.0 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 3.0 |  |
|  | ${ }^{1} 115.7$ | 119.1 | 11.0 | 8.9 | 8.7 | 7.8 | 11.4 | 10.7 | 8.9 | 9.1 | 8.7 | 8.5 | 9.1 | 8.4 | 8.8 |  |
| Ethyl acetate (85\%) -..-.-.-.-.-.-------.-mil. lb.- | ${ }^{1159.3}$ | 1217.2 | 19.8 | 18.4 | 20.3 | 18.1 | 14.7 7 | 23.8 | 24.5 | 17.1 | 18.7 | 15.0 | 21.3 | - 18.5 | 15.6 |  |
| Formaldehyde (3\% HCHO) --...........-.do...- | 14,521.6 | ${ }^{1} 5,500.0$ | 458.8 | 458.5 | 450.0 |  | 465.7 | 519.2 | 527.7 | 611.3 | 524.5 | 506.9 | 526.1 | - 503.2 | 543.8 |  |
|  | 339.8 | 363.0 | 30.8 | 28.7 | 30.9 | 31.5 | 28.1 | 30.8 | 29.5 | 29.8 | 30.0 | 29.9 | 31.5 | 27.6 | 29.9 |  |
| Stocks, end of period.........-...-.-....-do | 28.2 | ${ }^{2657} 6$ | 24. 5 | 24.3 | 25.6 | 24.7 | 23.8 | 21.6 | 22.6 | 17.1 | 15.0 | 18.2 | 15.6 | 16.7 | 16.0 |  |
| Methanol, synthetic......................mil. gal.- | 1745.5 | ${ }^{1} 897.0$ | 64.7 | 87.5 | 84.4 | 83.5 | 79.4 | 93.1 | 88.7 | 79.7 | 94.3 | 85.6 | 94.5 | 90.8 | 83.9 |  |
|  | 1794.4 | ${ }^{1} 938.0$ | 75.5 | 71.2 | 77.7 | 75.5 | 71.4 | 89.8 | 81.9 | 91.6 | 87.3 | 80.1 | 92.2 | 85.2 | 81.3 |  |
| ALCOHOL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ethyl alcohol and spirits: $\ddagger$ mill tax gal | 652.9 | 621.3 | 59.3 | 51.5 | 63.4 | 57.1 | 52.5 | 57.1 | 68.4 | 58.1 | 55.9 | 54.2 | 57.4 | 59.9 |  |  |
|  | 132.8 | 76.9 | 105.4 | 96.2 | 76.9 | 95.9 | 90.7 | 87.8 | 97.6 | 87.7 | 89.6 | 94.3 | 90.9 | 81.1 |  |  |
| Used for denaturation...........................d. do. | 432.7 | 463.0 | 40.7 | 37.3 | 35.3 | 41.3 | 37.5 | 41.3 | 36.7 | 38.8 | 37.8 | 34.3 | 39.8 | 38.0 |  |  |
| Taxable withdrawals....-..........-.-.......-do..-- | 88.0 | 82.5 | 7.3 | 7.0 | 5.8 | 6.1 | 4.9 | 6.2 | 5.7 | 6.6 | 6.4 | 5.6 | 6.2 | 5.8 |  |  |
|  | 234.6 | 246.6 | 22.0 | 19.9 | 19.5 | 21.8 | 20.4 | 22.5 | 19.6 | 21.5 | 20.2 | 19.1 | 22.1 | 20.3 |  |  |
|  | 2.9 | 2.0 | 2.6 | 2.8 | 2.0 | 2.8 | 2.6 | 2.5 | 2.7 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.7 | 2.8 |  |  |
| FERTILIZERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 177, 106 | 19,612 | 1,702 | 1,358 | 1,699 | 1,666 | 1,451 | 1,830 | 1,770 | 1,518 | 1,540 | 1,785 | 1,899 | 1,639 | 1,764 |  |
| Nitrogenous materials.......-.-.......-.-...-do...- | 1,050 | 1,123 | 135 |  | 107 |  |  | 91 | 109 | 110 | 68 | 88 | 95 |  |  |  |
|  | ${ }^{1} 13,431$ | 14, 953 | 1. 209 | 1,013 | 1,103 | 1,259 | 1,054 | 1, 438 | 1,391 | 1,141 | 1,109 | 1,295 | 1,376 | 1,115 | 1,362 |  |
|  | 1,033 | 1,353 | 140 | 75 | 111 | 95 | 136 | 129 | 83 | 114 | 146 | 184 | 125 | 192 | 120 |  |
| Imports: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 374 | 378 | 20 | 20 | 17 | 27 | ${ }_{23}^{28}$ | 39 46 | ${ }_{4}^{74}$ | 37 | 25 | 15 | 11 | 16 | 24 |  |
|  | 229 | 264 | 23 | 22 | 14 | $2 \mathfrak{6}$ | 23 | 46 |  | 22 |  | 11 | 12 |  | 29 |  |
| Potassium chlortde...-----......-----......-do-- | ${ }^{14,549}$ | 4,855 | 507 | 303 | 274 | 442 | 431 | 761 | 713 | 547 | 305 | 261 | 295 | 385 | 669 |  |
|  | 203 | 111 | 1 | 9 | 5 | 16 | 3 |  | 0 | 3 |  | 0 | 0 | 5 | 16 |  |
| Potash dellveries ( $\mathrm{K}, \mathrm{O}$ ) $\qquad$ do-..Buperphosphate and other phosphatic fertlizers $\left(100 \% \mathrm{P}_{3} \mathrm{O}_{5}\right)$ : | 6, 026 | 4,913 | 494 | 248 | 330 | 384 | 511 | 782 | 706 | 581 | 308 | 220 | 335 | 415 | r 601 |  |
| Production $\ddagger$....-.-.......................................... Stocks, | 4,966 389 | 5,482 433 | ${ }_{347}^{461}$ | 477 418 | 469 <br> 433 | 4931 | 477 | 493 | ${ }_{233}^{494}$ | 495 | $\begin{array}{r}446 \\ 298 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 444 |  | 432 340 |  |  |
| MISCELLANEOUS PRODUCTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Explosives (Industrial), shipments, quarterly \& mill. lb.- | 2,120.0 | 2,108.7 |  |  | 479.1 |  |  | 476.0 |  |  | 528.5 |  |  | 651.2 |  |  |
| Paints, varnish, and lacquer, factory shipments: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 2,830.9 | $3,009.2$ 1,659 | 254.0 135.4 | 224.7 113.8 | 190.0 95.0 |  |  | 264.0 140.1 | 270.0 147.4 | 294.4 161.6 |  | + +163.6 |  | 275.8 144.8 |  |  |
|  | 1, $1,2682.8$ | 1, $1,349.8$ | 135.4 118.6 | 113.8 110.8 | 95.0 96.0 | 111.0 | 124.7 110.3 | 140.1 123.9 | 122.6 | 131.6 132.8 | 166.3 131.2 | +163.6 +115.8 | 130.4 | 144.8 131.0 |  |  |
| Sulfur, native (Frasch) and recovered: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production $\qquad$ | 1 8, 4,120 | 19,218 3,794 | 805 4,019 | 775 4,003 | 785 3,956 | 806 3,844 | 709 3,817 | 835 3,791 | $\begin{array}{r} 807 \\ 3,774 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 848 \\ 3,763 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 839 \\ 3,805 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 799 \\ 3,756 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 851 \\ 3,801 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} +829 \\ 3,820 \end{array}$ | 3, ${ }^{892}$ |  |
| plastics and resin materials |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Thermosetting resins: <br> Alkyd resins. <br> mil. lb | (2) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Polyester resins .-...........................................- | ${ }^{1} 706.7$ | (2) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 11,180.9 | ${ }^{1} 1,680.1$ | 173.3 | 156.9 | 155.4 | 215.7 | 162.9 | 182.6 | 159.1 | 172.6 | 169.4 | 149.5 | 147.1 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 161.3$ | 163.7 |  |
| r |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cellulose plastic materials...............do.... | ${ }^{(2)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coumarone-indene and petroleum polymer |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Styrene-type materials (polystyrene) .....do.... | 13.990 .4 |  |  |  |  | $421{ }^{-1}$ | 403 | 443.6 | 4073 | 418. | 420.5 | 411.6 | 410.0 | -395. | 362 |  |
| Vinyl resins (resin content basis) ${ }^{\text {a }}$.......do-...- | ${ }_{14,102.8}$ | $14,288.9$ | 384.1 | 377.1 | 396.7 | 384.2 | 363.2 | 395.0 | 385.9 | 388.8 | 358.7 | 354.1 | 349.8 | 335.9 | 374.9 |  |
|  | $1{ }^{6,381.3}$ | ${ }_{17}{ }^{1} 629.6$ | 686.2 | 669.0 | 689.8 | 679.5 | 638.5 | 721.0 | 693.8 | 705.8 | 682.2 | 699.7 | 696.9 | 686.1 | 786.2 |  |

## ELECTRIC POWER AND GAS

| ELECTRIC POWER |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Production (utility and industrial), total $\ddagger$ mil. kw.-hr.- | 1,717,520 | 1,853,390 | 152, 759 | 152,625 |
| Electric utilities, total........-.-.-..............do. | 1,613,936 | 1,747,323 | 143, 742 | 143, 867 |
| By fuels | 1,347,616 | 1,474,589 | 124, 401 | 122,473 |
|  | 266, 320 | 272,734 | 19,341 | 21, 394 |
| Privately and municipally owned util...-do.... | 1,322,540 | 1,435,599 | 118, 971 | 118, 425 |
| Other producers (publicly owned).........do...- | 291,396 | 301,724 | 24, 771 | 25, 443 |
| Industrial establishments, total.............do. | 103, 585 | 106, 067 | 9,018 | 8,768 |
|  | 100, 325 | 102, 678 | 8,747 | 8,460 |
|  | 3, 260 | 3,389 | 271 | 298 |

$\because$ Revised. $\quad$ Prellminary.
${ }^{1}$ Reported annual total reflecting revisions not distributed to the monthly data. ${ }_{3}^{2}$ Series discontinued. ${ }^{3}$ Less than 500 short tons. Annual total reflects sulfur content, whereas monthly data are gross weight. I Beginning Jan. 1972, data exclude polyvinyl acetate, polyvinyl alcohol, and other vinyl resins.

$\oplus$ Except for gly cerin, scattered revisions have been made in the annual data back to 1965; monthly revisions are not available. therwise indicated. of Includes data not shown separately.
§Data exclude black blasting powder.
$\$$ Revised monthly data for 1970 will be shown later.

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1970 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1971 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1971 | 1972 | 1972 |  |  | 1973 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. Nov. |  |

## ELECTRIC POWER AND GAS-Continued



FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS; TOBACCO

${ }^{r}$ Revised. ${ }^{1}$ Reported annual total; revisions are not distributed to the monthly data.
\$Data are not wholly comparable on a year to year basis because of changes from one
classification to another. $\dagger$ Data restated to represent the total gas utility industry, 99 percent of which is natural gas; also, sales are expressed in B.t.u. instead of therms.
$\ddagger$ Revised data for months prior to May 1971 will be shown later.

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1970 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1971 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1971 | 1972 | 1972 |  |  | 1973 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS; TOBACCO—Continued


| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1970 and descriptive notes are as shown In the 1971 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1971 | 1972 | 1972 |  |  | 1973 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS; TOBACCO-Continued

| GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS-Con. Wheat-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 627.1 588.3 | 1817.0 1778.5 | 85.0 82.6 | 87.4 83.5 | 109.7 | 105.5 101.9 | 94.3 92.9 | 101.9 98.1 | 111.4 108.8 | 130.6 128.3 | 128.4 126.1 | 113.2 | 143.6 139.9 | 135.3 131.6 | 123.2 122.1 |  |
| Prices, wholesale: <br> No. 1, dark northern spring (Minneapolis) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No. , dirs mor bu.- | 1.77 | 1.86 | 2.12 | 2.23 | 2.42 | 2.42 | 2.28 | 2. 32 | 2.39 | 2.61 | 2.75 | 3.06 | 4.49 | 4. 84 | 4. 50 | 4.50 |
| No. 2 , hd. and dk. hd. winter (Kans. City).do...- | 1. 60 | 1.86 | 2.18 | 2. 29 | 2. 60 | 2.67 | 2. 48 | 2. 50 | 2.65 | 2.64 | 2. 79 | 2.81 | 4. 71 | 5.09 | 4.72 | 4.78 |
| Weighted avg., 6 markets, all grades....-do...- | ${ }^{2} 1.72$ | ${ }^{2} 1.87$ | 2.12 | 2.20 | 2.42 | 2.46 | 2.36 | 2.40 | 2.45 | 2.62 | 2.77 | 3.22 | 4.92 | 5. 34 | 4.87 | 4.91 |
| Wheat four: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production: | 249, 810 | 250, 441 | 22,493 | 21,072 | 20,799 | 21,346 | 20, 023 | 21,051 | 19,310 | 20,603 | 19,771 | 20,068 | 21,893 | 21,589 | 21, 982 | -...- |
| Offal --....-....-.---------- thous. sh. tons.- | 4,279 | 4,303 | 50, 384 | ${ }^{361}$ | 3358 | , 375 | 346 | , 358 | 3327 | , 354 | 4342 | 20,68 | ${ }^{21,880}$ | ${ }^{2}, 373$ | , 385 |  |
| Grindings of wheat $\qquad$ thous. buStocks held by mills, end of period | 555, 092 | 557, 801 | 50, 121 | 46, 822 | 46,380 | 47, 529 | 44, 475 | 46,777 | 42,792 | 45,808 | 43,765 | 44,681 | 48,889 | 48, 111 | 49, 258 |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ 16,362 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 4,746 \\ 16,549 \end{array}$ | 1,049 | 1,665 | $\begin{aligned} & 4,746 \\ & 1,049 \end{aligned}$ | 1, 553 | 611 | 5,681 | 1,134 | 977 | $\begin{array}{r} 5,393 \\ 993 \end{array}$ | 1,352 | 1,596 | $\begin{aligned} & 4,174 \\ & 1,607 \end{aligned}$ | 483 |  |
| Prices, wholesale: <br> Spring, standard patent (Minneapolis) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Winter hard $05 \%$ paten (Tans \$ per 100 lb .- | 6. 145 | 6.534 | 6.850 | 6.938 | 7.625 | 7.613 | 7.138 | 7.263 | 7.325 | 7.313 | 7.875 | 7.738 | 10.280 | 10.600 | 9. 913 | 10. 225 |
| Winter, hard, $95 \%$ patent (Kans. City)..do...- <br> LIVESTOCK | 5.446 | 5. 867 | 6.413 | 6.500 | 7.600 | 7.375 | 6.813 | 6.875 | 7.163 | 7.038 | 7.738 | 7.538 | 9.388 | 10.463 | 9.863 | 10.113 |
| Cattle and calves: <br> Slaughter (federally inspected): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Calves....-.-.....-.-.-.-.-.....-thous. animals.. | 2,807 | 2,421 | 211 | 209 | 202 | 209 | 169 | 188 | 139 | 131 | 117 | 118 | 115 | 128 | 168 |  |
|  | 31,419 | 32,266 | 2,909 | 2,705 | 2,615 | 2,807 | 2,422 | 2,618 | 2,167 | 2, 692 | 2,560 | 2,441 | 2,363 | 2,360 | 2,863 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Beef steers (Omaha) | 32.03 32.09 | 35.49 38.89 | 34.68 40.87 | 33.38 40.66 | 36.58 42.61 | 40.25 44.25 | 42.76 48 | 44.98 50.90 | 44.61 50.67 | 45. 83 50.79 | 46.66 49.38 | 47.77 53.23 | 53.13 56.40 | 45.05 49.73 | 41.33 49.84 | 39.56 47.63 |
| Calves, vealers (Natl. Stock yards, MII.) --do...- | 38.68 | 46.88 | 49.00 | 49.00 | 49.00 | 49.00 | 54.00 | 66.00 | 57.80 | 57.50 | 61.40 | 59.30 | 67.50 | 56.40 | 63.40 | 57.50 |
| Hogs: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Slaughter (federally inspected)... thous. animals_Prices: | 86,667 | 78,759 | 7,048 | 6,888 | 6, 197 | 6,641 | 6,712 | 6,652 | 5,992 | 6,637 | 5,711 | 4,996 | 5,569 | 5,348 | 6.613 |  |
| Wholesale, average, all grades (Sloux City) $\$$ per 100 lb | 18.4 | 26.58 | 27.37 | 26. 91 | 29.33 | 31. 28 | 35. 47 | 37.62 | 35. 12 | 35.82 | 37.66 | 45.69 | 55.28 | 42.96 | 41. 28 | 39.89 |
| Hog-corn price ratio (bu. of corn equal in value to 100 lb . live hog) | 14.5 | 22.2 | 23.0 | 22.3 | 20.8 | 22.3 | 25.3 | 28.0 | 24.7 | 21.9 | 18.7 | 20.2 | 21.1 | 20.4 | 18.8 | 18.5 |
| Sheep and lambs: <br> Slaughter (federally inspected) .. thous. animals.- <br> Price, wholesale, lambs, average (Omaha) | 10,256 | 9,905 | 937 | 828 | 751 | 835 | 700 | 710 | 690 | 858 | 727 | 807 | 844 | 789 | 915 |  |
| \$ per 100 lb .- | 27.43 | 30. 13 | 26.75 | 27.00 | 29.25 | 33. 62 | 39.25 | 40.75 | 34. 50 | 36. 25 | 38.00 | 39.25 | 41.50 | 33. 38 | 31.75 | 34, 75 |
| MEATS AND LARD |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total meats: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (carcass weight, leaf lard in), inspected slaughter | 36,209 | 35,632 | 3,228 | 3,130 | 2,893 | 3,077 | 2,658 | 2,911 | 2,511 | 2,992 | 2,747 | 2,561 | 2,567 | 2,549 | 3,140 |  |
| Stocks (excluding lard), cold storage, end of <br>  | 796 | 670 | 642 | 702 | 670 | 680 | 661 | 687 | 706 | 700 | 675 | 590 | 508 | +527 | 601 |  |
| Exports (meat and meat preparations) .-...-do. | 1547 | 614 | 87 | ${ }^{57}$ | 57 | 48 | 52 | 81 | 75 | 74 166 | -66 | 49 153 | 57 | $\begin{array}{r}53 \\ \hline 159 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 72 |  |
| Imports (meat and meat preparations) .......do....- | 11,789 | 2,012 | 202 | 174 | 138 | 165 | 148 | 133 | 149 | 166 | 143 | 153 | 209 | 159 | 207 |  |
| Beef and veal: Production inspected slaughter ___ do....... |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1, 552 | 1,645 | 1,363 | 1,696 | 1,624 | 1,566 | 1,482 | 1,515 | 1,850 |  |
| Production, inspected slaughter---.-.-.- do-...- | 19,697 37 | 20,523 | 1,876 | 1, 363 | 1,083 380 | 1,801 395 | 1, 383 | $\begin{array}{r}1,645 \\ \hline 69\end{array}$ | ${ }^{1} 374$ | 349 | 333 | 309 | 264 | $\stackrel{563}{ }$ | 291 |  |
| Exports.-.----- | 44 | 54 | 4 | 31 | 6 | ${ }^{5}$ | 108 | ${ }^{6}$ | 5 | 119 | 888 | ${ }^{6}$ | ${ }^{6} 6$ | 5 | 8 | -...... |
|  | ${ }^{1} 1,265$ | 1,461 | 156 | 131 | 101 | 121 | 108 | 94 | 104 |  | 102 | 116 | 167 | 123 | 161 |  |
| Price, wholesale, beet, fresh, steer carcasses, choice (600-700 lbs.) (New York) ............... | . 547 | ${ }^{3} .577$ | . 548 | . 533 | . 590 | . 645 | . 690 | . 712 | . 719 | . 710 | . 728 | . 749 |  | . 713 | . 671 | . 648 |
| Lamb and mutton: <br> Production, inspected slaughter. $\qquad$ $\qquad$ mil. lb. Stocks, cold storage, end of period do. o...- | 522 19 | 515 16 | 49 18 | $\stackrel{44}{17}$ | 40 16 | 45 13 | 38 11 | 39 11 | 38 13 | 47 15 | 38 16 | 42 14 | ${ }_{13}^{42}$ | 40 13 | 47 13 |  |
| Pork (including lard), production, inspected slaughter. mil. 1b. | 15,989 | 14,594 | 1,303 | 1,325 | 1,160 | 1,232 | 1,068 | 1,227 | 1,110 | 1,250 | 1,086 | 953 | 1,040 | 994 | 1,243 |  |
| Pork (excluding lard): <br> Production inspected slaughter | 113,452 | 12,551 | 1,132 | 1,144 | 1,015 | 1,077 | 938 | 1,074 | 976 | 1,079 | 940 | 839 | 924 | 882 | 1.094 |  |
| Stocks, cold storage, end of period.-....-..-do | -13, 330 | 12, 214 | - 209 | 242 | 214 | 207 | 204 | 242 | 248 | 259 | 253 | 202 | 180 | 198 | 222 |  |
|  | 72 | 105 | ${ }_{35}^{17}$ | ${ }^{7}$ | 7 | ${ }^{6}$ | ${ }_{30}^{12}$ | ${ }_{29}^{33}$ | 31 | $\stackrel{29}{37}$ | $\stackrel{14}{35}$ | 6 30 | 34 | ${ }^{6}$ | 14 37 | ---- |
|  | 357 | 395 | 35 | 35 | 31 | 34 | 30 | 29 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hams, smoked composite <br> Fresh loins, 8-14 lb. average (New York)_-do...- | .534 .498 | . 625 | . 641 | .703 .644 | . 752 | .730 .768 | .705 .799 | . 798 | . 764 | . 722 | . 7435 | . 794 | 1.045 1.167 | . 839 | . 784 | .957 .765 |
| Lard: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 95 | 122 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production, inspected slaughter - miock mil. lb.- | 1,830 100 | 1,465 51 | 123 | $\begin{array}{r}130 \\ 58 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 103 | 52 | 44 | 109 50 | 49 | 122 50 | 10 40 | ${ }_{34}$ | 32 | 28 | 35 |  |
|  | 282 | 164 | 12 | 32 | 4 | 19 | 5 | 7 | 11 | 5 | 17 | 4 | 7 | 3 | 14 |  |
| Price, wholesale, reined (Chicago).....- \$ per lb.. | . 147 | . 148 | . 153 | . 164 | . 157 | . 156 | . 178 | . 205 | . 203 | 215 | . 238 | . 240 | . 425 | . 245 | . 320 | 265 |
| POULTRY AND EGGS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Slaughter (commercial production) -..-.-mil. 1b-- | 10,357 | 10,883 | 1,091 | 977 | 833 | 855 | 721 | 781 | 725 | 886 | 949 | 920 | 1,070 | 910 | 1.120 | ...... |
| Stocks, cold storage (frozen), end of period, total mil. lb. | 378 | 324 | 590 | 413 | 324 | 294 | 251 | 204 | 179 | 174 | 229 | 292 | 357 | 465 | 578 |  |
|  | 223 | 208 | 473 | 297 | 208 | 187 | 153 | 116 | 90 | 38 | 138 | 200 | 262 | 354 | 456 |  |
| Price, in Georgia producing area, live broilers | . 128 | . 133 | . 135 | . 130 | . 130 | . 155 | . 190 | . 235 | . 255 | . 220 | . 240 | . 260 | . 420 | . 305 | . 230 | . 185 |

r Revised.
${ }_{1}^{r}$ Annual total reflects revisions not distributed to the months.
${ }^{2}$ Effective May 1971, data are for 5 markets; beginning April 1972, for 4 markets.
${ }^{3}$ Beginning Jan. 1972, price for East Coast (New York and Philadelphia average).

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1970 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1971 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1971 | 1972 | 1972 |  |  | 1973 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | oct. | Nor. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

## FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS; TOBACCO-Continued



| Unless other wise stated in footnotes below, data through 1970 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1971 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | $1971{ }^{1972}$ | 1972 |  |  | 1973 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS; TOBACCO-Continued

| FATS, OILS, AND RELATED PRODUCTS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Vegetable olls and related products-Continued Cottonseed cake and meal: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cottonseed cake and meal: | 1,720.6 | 1,923.8 | 200.4 | 242.4 | 228.4 | 238.7 | 218.0 | 236.8 | 208.9 | 195.7 | 158.8 | 131.0 | 125.6 | ¢ 83.1 | 169.2 |  |
| Stocks (at oll mills), end of period.......do.... | 93.1 | 150.0 | 37.5 | 44.5 | 50.0 | 48.7 | 51.7 | 73.2 | 100.6 | 114.8 | 122.1 | 108.9 | 81.9 | 「 55.0 | 61.6 |  |
| Cottonseed oll: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,209.4 | 1,355. 2 | 139.3 | 165.5 | 157.3 | 163.3 | 152.0 | 163.4 | 172.0 | 136.3 | 108.4 | 92.9 | 87.8 | + 56.2 | 119.6 |  |
| Refined .-..-.-.-----.-.-.- do---- | 985.7 | 1,133.5 | 95.4 | 121.9 | 140.1 | 124.9 | 135.0 | 140.7 | 128.9 | 126.0 | 99.1 | 76.8 | 102.7 | 66.6 | 88.2 |  |
| Consumption in end products. .-.......d. do...- | 728.5 | ${ }^{1} 712.0$ | 65.7 | 68.7 | 63.5 | 61.2 | 55.4 | 88.4 | 73.7 | 88.1 | 80.5 | 69.5 | 66.1 | - 52.3 | 69.8 |  |
| Stocks, crude and refined (factory and warehouse). end of period $\qquad$ | 188.3 | 187.4 | 142.5 | 161.5 | 187.4 | 215.4 | 239.1 | 212.7 | 220.6 | 232.5 | 215.8 | 190.0 | 181.6 | -114.4 | 117.6 |  |
| Exports (crude and refined).-.-.-...-....do...- | 2400.7 | 475.4 | 18.9 | 70.6 | 32.2 | 57.9 | 56.6 | 78.7 | 40.7 | 63.7 | 55.3 | 39.0 | 23.8 | 43.2 | 22.6 |  |
|  | . 190 | . 159 | . 150 | . 139 | . 141 | . 141 | . 168 | . 185 | . 190 | . 210 | . 223 |  |  |  |  | 220 |
| Linseed oll: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production, crude (raw) ...-..-...........mil. lb-- | 412.2 | 439.7 | 34.0 | 35. 0 | 25. 2 | 31.3 | 25.1 | 26.5 | 28.5 | 30.2 | 39.9 | 29.6 | 33.4 | 39.1 | 40.7 |  |
| Consumption in end products.------...-do..-- | 213.6 | 243.7 | 21.7 | 18.5 | 17.1 | 15.8 | 14.5 | 18.7 | 17.3 | 20.2 | 21.1 | 19.8 | 20.2 | r 17.0 | 17.2 |  |
| Stocks, crude and refined (factory and warehouse), end of perlod.......................... ill. lb | 224.8 | 253.7 | 258.4 | 246.3 | 253.7 | 225.3 | 224.1 | 177.3 | 153.4 | 127.1 | 113.0 | 86.4 | 71.6 | г 90.3 | 86.6 |  |
| Price, wholesale (Minneapolis) ......... \$ per lb-- | . 089 | . 092 | . 095 | . 095 | . 095 | . 095 | . 095 | . 005 | . 095 | . 095 | . 140 | . 150 | . 150 | . 150 | . 150 | . 135 |
| Soybean cake and meal: Production | 17,104.2 | 16,993. 1 | 1,519.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,406.2 |  |  | 1,078.3 |  |  |  |
| Stocks (at oll mils), end of perlod.-..... do...- | 17,19.8 | $16,993.15$ 180.5 | $1,519.2$ 148.3 | $1,612.0$ 133.7 | $1,571.5$ 180.5 | $1,611.9$ 162.3 | 1,479.8 | 1,167.1 | 169.4 | 156 | 1,189. 158 | 1,06. 160 | $1,078.3$ 168.1 | +141.8 | 1, $\begin{array}{r}\text { 185. } \\ 188.5\end{array}$ |  |
| Soybean ofl: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 8,081.5 | 8,083.7 | 713.3 | 742.4 | 716.6 | 723.5 | 676.8 | 680.8 | 618.3 | 655.8 | 553.1 | 470.1 | 510.5 | - 439.8 | 671.3 |  |
| Refined...-..................... do.--- | 6,298. 0 | 6, 464. 0 | 561.1 | 558.0 | 553.9 | 570.1 | 519.4 | 575.2 | 511.8 | 538.9 | 514.2 | 428.9 | 538.8 | r 502.3 +522.7 | 574.4 |  |
| Consumption in end products.-.-.-.-.-. - do.... | 6,322.9 | 6,748.7 | 595.1 | 584.7 | 588.1 | 589.2 | 538.9 | 589.0 | 521.2 | 581.8 | 534.3 | 464.2 | 569.3 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 522.7$ | 614.2 |  |
| Stocks, crude and refined (factory and warehouse), end of period. $\qquad$ mill. ib- | 802.2 | 896.5 | 806.2 | 839.1 | 896.5 | 948.6 | 966.5 | 920.5 | 1,004.8 | 900.1 | 822.7 | 748.7 | 620.1 | - 515.5 | 529.7 |  |
| Exports (crude and refined) -...-.-.-.-.-do.-.- | 21,611.7 | 1,148.7 | 58.4 | 109.7 | 50.7 | 52.7 | 120.9 | 132.3 | 49.3 | 111.8 | 90.3 | 81.5 | 39.7 | 45.2 | 12.9 |  |
| Price, wholesale (rellned; N.Y.)........\$ per lb.- | . 151 | . 131 | . 120 | . 117 | . 124 | . 117 | . 150 | . 166 | . 174 | . 189 | . 226 |  |  |  | . 309 | 219 |
| TOBACCO |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Leaf: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (cron estimate) $\qquad$ mil. ib Stocks. dealers' and manufacturers' end of period | 11,705 | 11,749 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 51,788 |  |
| mill lh. | 4,828 | 4,700 |  |  | 4,700 |  |  | 4,459 |  |  | 4,039 |  |  | 4,196 |  |  |
| Fixports, incl. scrap and stems......... thous. lb | ${ }^{2} 474,209$ | 606, 176 | 54, 114 | 63, 105 | 56, 151 | 43,050 | 45, 276 | 4.5,597 | 43, 573 | 46,140 | 45,321 | 40,122 | 40,593 | 54, 580 | 70, 213 |  |
| Imports, incl. scrap and stems......-.....-- do...... | 2248, 5\% | 240, 509 | 20,924 | 17, 123 | 19,637 | 21, 516 | 24, 416 | 20,052 | 20,904 | 25, 603 | 19,045 | 19,069 | 21,650 | 21,565 | 26, 113 |  |
| Manufactured: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Consumption (withdrawals): Cigarettes (smail): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tax-exempt.....-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-.-. millions.- | 49,206 | 47,172 | 2,907 | 4,136 | 4, 079 | 4,070 | 4,917 | 5,219 | 4, 821 | 3.988 | 4,237 | 4,469 | 4,913 | 4,857 |  |  |
|  | 528,858 | 551, 016 | 51,321 | 46,937 | 33, 762 | 48,230 | 45,576 | 49,346 | 44, 693 | 52,042 | 50,757 | 43,525 | 56, 821 | 46,122 |  |  |
| Cigars (large), taxable.--.-.-..............dide...- | 6,506 | 5,894 | , 561 | 520 | 344 | - 464 | 402 | ${ }_{3} 463$ | 485 | ${ }_{2}^{507}$ | -483 | + 403 | -506 | 3 4442 |  |  |
| Exports, clgarettes...---.-.....................- do..... | 31,802 | 34,602 | 3,544 | 3,476 | 3,089 | 2,343 | 3,546 | 3,834 | 4,226 | 2,642 | 2,917 | 3,133 | 4,391 | 3,544 | 3, 814 |  |

## LEATHER AND PRODUCTS

| HIDES AND SKINS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 155, 821 | 292,023 | 36,113 | 40,816 | 37, 255 | 35, 887 | 45, 483 | 44,199 | 30,863 | 33,474 | 25,441 | 23,731 | 24,077 | 25,636 | 30,958 |  |
| Calf and kip sk[ns............------thous. skins. | 2, 222 | 2,064 | , 164 | -156 | -172 | 35, 223 | - 177 | +200 | -131 | - 209 | 25, 113 | 20,717 | 24, 135 | 25, 139 | - 138 |  |
|  | 15,962 | 17, 589 | 1,893 | 1,733 | 1,524 | 1,461 | 1,837 | 1,802 | 1,340 | 1,411 | 1,266 | 1,155 | 1,100 | 1, 229 | 1, 463 |  |
| Imports: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 52,100 | 65,200 | 5,700 | 4. 200 | 3,800 | 7,000 | 7,500 | 9,700 | 9,400 | 8,700 | 7,900 | 8,600 | 6,900 | 4,600 | 4, 400 |  |
| Sheep and lamb skins.-------.....thous. pleces.- | 19, 283 | 16,852 | 704 | 326 | 405 | . 910 | 1, 437 | 1,883 | 1,547 | 1,219 | 804 | 1,598 | 1,157 | 540 | 684 |  |
|  | 1,956 | 3,355 | 425 | 159 | 165 | 256 | 253 | 152 | - 237 | - 272 | 52 | 83 | 113 | 55 | 27 |  |
| Prices, wholesale, f.o.b. shipping point: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Calfskins, packer, heavy, $912 / 15 \mathrm{lb}$....... $\$$ per lb-- | 294 | . 563 | . 650 | . 650 | . 660 | . 660 | . 660 | . 660 | . 610 | . 610 | . 610 | . 610 | . 610 | . 610 | . 610 | 610 |
| Hides, steer, heavy, native, over 53 lb .......do.... | 145 | . 298 | . 403 | . 4330 | . 320 | . 340 | . 335 | . 283 | . 383 | . 363 | . 338 | . 363 | . 383 | . 355 | . 363 | 328 |
| LEATHER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Calf and whole kip..........-........thous. skins.. | 1,621 | 1,603 | 133 | 143 | 106 | 114 | 88 | 99 | 77 | 117 | 124 | 81 | 122 | 103 |  |  |
| Cattle hide and side kip....thous. hides and kips.. | 20,477 | 20,084 | 1,712 | 1,546 | 1,357 | 1,504 | 1,446 | 1,637 | 1,515 | 1,627 | 1,582 | 1,141 | + 1,463 | 1, 413 |  |  |
| Goat and kid.....-..............-.-. thous. skins.- | 3,148 | 3, 522 | 309 | 1,291 | 1,330 | 1, 278 | , 215 | 1, 246 | 1,551 | 1,257 | 1, 248 | 1,141 | 1, 103 |  |  |  |
|  | 21,385 | 20,191 | 1,663 | 1,727 | 1,514 | 1,312 | 1,268 | 1,422 | 1,374 | 1,418 | 1,380 | 968 | 1,087 | 991 |  |  |
| Exports: <br> Upper and lining leather $\qquad$ thous. sq. ft. . | 82,944 | ${ }^{2} 117,656$ | 11. 413 | 10,323 | 8,223 | 8,746 | 7,872 | 9,254 | 11,311 | 12,618 | 10,873 | 8,154 | 10,353 | 9,919 | 10,184 |  |
| Prices, wholesale, f.o.b. tannery: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sole, bends, light......-.-.... Index, 1967=100.. | 114.4 | ${ }^{2} 157.5$ | 194.2 | 194.2 | 194.2 | 194.2 | 194.2 | 194.2 | 194.2 | 194.2 | 166.8 | 166.8 |  | 187.0 | 179.8 | 179.8 |
| Upper, chrome calf, B and O grades index, $1967=100$. | 81.8 | 106.7 | 117.9 | 117.9 | 117.9 | 117.9 | 117.9 | 117.9 | 124.2 | 10.2 | 100.8 | 106.8 |  | 187.0 |  |  |
| LEATHER MANUFACTURES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shoes and slippers: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 635,777 | 525,665 | 46,243 | 41,056 | 38,547 | 42,574 | 41,555 | 46,495 | 41,678 | 41,669 | 41,513 | 31,939 | r43,971 | 39,187 | 45, 228 |  |
| cupe thous, pairs.. | 425,875 | 417,604 | 34,615 | 30,663 | 31,298 | 34, 301 | 33, 265 | 36,761 | 32,584 | 31,395 | 32,301 | 25,536 | +33,079 | 29,252 | 33,589 |  |
|  | 98, 147 | 98, 272 | 10,818 | 9, 305 | 6,364 | 7,249 | 7,343 | 8,701 | 8,059 | 9,094 | 8,169 | 5. 745 | r 9,724 | 8,886 | 10, 415 |  |
|  | 8,440 | 8,726 | ${ }^{810}$ | ${ }^{8} 81$ | ${ }^{6} 705$ | - 861 | 802 | 884 | 860 | 943 | 842 | 569 | г 924 | 867 | 944 |  |
|  | 3,315 | 2,053 | 155 | 227 | 180 | 163 | 145 | 149 | 175 | 237 | 201 | 89 | r244 | 182 | 280 |  |
|  | 2,106 | 2,253 | 218 | 231 | 220 | 190 | 226 | 254 | 264 | 284 | 335 | 312 | 357 | 320 | 406 |  |
| Prices, wholesale, f.o.b. factory: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Men's and hoys' oxfords, dress, elk or side upper, Goodvear welt $\ldots$.....index, $1967=100$ | 117.5 | 128.6 | 131.4 | 135.0 | 135.0 | 135.0 | 138.9 | 138.9 | 140.1 | 140.1 | 140.1 | 140.1 | 140.1 | 140.1 | 142.6 | 146. 1 |
| Women's oxfords, elk side upper, Goodyear welt.-..........................-index, $1967=100$. . | 120.1 | 125.7 | 127.9 | 129.2 | 129.2 | 129.2 | 131.2 | 131.2 | 135.5 | 135.5 | 135.5 | 135.5 | 135.5 | 135.5 | 135.5 | 135.5 |
| Women's pumps, low-medium quality ...do..... | 121.2 | 1127.0 |  | 12. |  |  |  |  | 130.4 | 121.1 | 121.1 | 121.1 | 121.1 | 121.1 | 121.1 | 121.1 |

[^17]| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1970 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1971 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1971 | 1972 | 1972 |  |  | 1973 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

LUMBER AND PRODUCTS

| LUMBER-ALL TYPES ${ }_{\text {¢ }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| National Forest Products Association: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}136,693 \\ 6,949 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}138,867 \\ 7,244 \\ \hline 3,22\end{array}$ | 3,528 | 3,193 615 | 2, 664 | 3,012 835 | 3,074 545 | 3,456 567 | 3,272 510 | 3, 290 | 3,207 549 | 3,038 580 | 3,456 631 | 3, 250 | $\begin{array}{r}3,453 \\ \hline 882\end{array}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  | 2,578 |  | 2, 477 | 2,529 | 2, 890 | 2,763 | 2,799 | 2,658 | 2,458 | 2,825 | 2,618 | 2,771 |  |
|  | ${ }^{1} 37,769$ | ${ }^{1} 40,070$ | 3,520 | 3,203 | 2,776 | 3,153 | 3, 102 | 3,474 | 3,386 | 3,351 | 3, 264 | 3,044 | 3,402 | 3,096 | 3,312 |  |
|  | 7,455 | 7,731 |  |  | 479 |  | 606 | ${ }^{642}$ | ${ }^{620}$ | 563 | 544 |  |  | 578 | 628 |  |
|  | 30,314 | 32, 339 | 2,893 | 2,588 | 2, 297 | 2,475 | 2,496 | 2,832 | 2,766 | 2,788 | 2,720 | 2,511 | 2,820 | 2,518 | 2,683 |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}5,288 \\ \hline 999\end{array}$ | 4,086 <br>  <br> 512 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 4, } 149 \\ 441 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 4,094 438 | 4,086 512 | 3,954 369 | 3,926 307 | 3, 302 | 3, 8296 | 3,835 150 | 3,765 152 | $\begin{array}{r}3,758 \\ \hline 198\end{array}$ | 3,813 <br> 248 | 3,967 301 | 4, 108 |  |
|  | 4,289 | 3, 574 | 3,708 | 3, 656 | 3,574 | 3,586 | 3,619 | 3,677 | 3,674 | 3,686 | 3,613 | 3,561 | 3,565 | 3,666 | 3,753 |  |
|  | 1,081 7,599 | 1,390 9,428 | 139 815 | 104 886 | 103 689 | 125 935 | 130 760 | 176 883 | 194 837 | ${ }_{931}^{201}$ | 174 899 | 152 823 | ${ }_{623}^{181}$ | 204 1,453 | 192 |  |
| Douglas fir: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new Orders, unfiled, end of period................................................... | 8,507 566 | 9,242 | 776 686 | 638 577 | 636 617 | 769 | 720 695 | 864 <br> 752 | 783 731 | 692 643 | 813 636 | 803 726 | 736 622 | 715 670 | 682 |  |
|  | 8,283 | 8,983 | 784 | 742 | 552 | 743 | 736 | 877 | 814 | 769 | 792 | 682 | 814 | 722 | 769 |  |
|  | 8,398 | 9,191 | 774 | 747 | 596 | 710 | 691 | 807 | 804 | 780 | 820 | 713 | 840 | 667 | 720 |  |
| Stocks (gross), mill, end of period....-.-..-do. | 943 | 735 | 784 | 779 | 735 | 768 | 813 | 883 | 893 | 882 | 854 | 823 | 797 | 852 | 901 |  |
|  | 329 88 28 | 405 <br> 111 <br> 20 | 34 17 18 | $\begin{array}{r}35 \\ 4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 25 4 4 | 46 16 16 | 45 14 14 | $\begin{array}{r}53 \\ 6 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 76 <br> 27 <br> 27 | 79 39 | 53 13 13 | 47 10 10 | 56 16 | 68 24 | 63 13 |  |
| Boards, planks, scantlings, etc.-.---....-do..-- | 240 | 294 | 18 | 31 | 21 | 31 | 31 | 47 | 49 | 40 | 40 | 37 | 40 | 44 | 50 |  |
| Prices, wholesale: <br> Dimension, construction, dried, $2^{\prime \prime} \times 4^{\prime \prime}, \mathrm{R}$. L. \$ per M bd. ft.. | 2117.68 | 144.27 | 150.70 | 151.28 | 151. 28 | 152.46 | 168.46 | 193.96 | 197.22 | 209.91 | 192.13 | 180.93 | 180.19 | 190. 27 | 176.11 | 170.43 |
| Southern pine: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Orders, new Orders, unflled, end of period-.................................- | $\begin{array}{r}17,942 \\ 421 \\ \hline 178\end{array}$ | 18,539 435 | 794 504 | 706 <br> 494 | 634 435 | 677 472 | 703 536 | 763 561 | 644 525 | 726 556 | 656 546 | 609 528 | 690 550 | 564 497 | ${ }_{4} 576$ |  |
|  | 17,734 | 18,337 | 815 | 710 | 697 | 659 | 640 | 731 | 643 | 705 | 649 | 628 | 689 | 644 | 684 |  |
|  | 17,894 | 18,525 | 800 | 716 | 693 | 640 | 639 | 738 | 680 | 695 | 666 | 627 | 668 | 617 | 661 | .......- |
| Stocks (gross), mill and concentration yards, end of period. mil. bd. ft | 1,216 | 1,028 | 1,030 | 1, 024 | 1,028 | 1,047 | 1,048 | 1,041 | 1, 004 | 1, 014 | 997 | 998 | 1,019 | 1,046 | 1,069 |  |
| Exports, total sawmill products.-.-...-. M bd. ft-- | 64,923 | 64, 456 | 7,728 | 4,429 | 6,618 | 4,877 | 4,715 | 6,508 | 10,020 | 8,803 | 9,580 | 7,946 | 9,696 | 11,037 | 8,826 | ........ |
| Prices, wholesale, (indexes): <br> Boards, No. 2 and better, $1^{\prime \prime} \times 6^{\prime \prime}, R$. L. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\cdot{ }_{1967}^{L}=100 . .$ | 133.7 | 154.7 | 159.9 | 159.9 | 159.9 | 160.4 | 168.5 | 176.5 | 188.4 | 195.0 | 204.9 | 201.4 | 214.1 | 217.6 | 217.7 | 218.8 |
| $1967=100$ - | 132.8 | 140.8 | 141.8 | 143.4 | 143.4 | 143.4 | 150.3 | 162.7 | 169.9 | 178.6 | 200.1 | 185.9 | 192.4 | 211.0 | 211.0 | 214.3 |
| Western pine: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 10,299 \\ 362 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10,756 \\ 555 \end{array}$ | 929 555 | 731 494 | $\begin{aligned} & 803 \\ & 555 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 820 \\ & 569 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 877 \\ & 616 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 950 \\ & 629 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 877 \\ & 602 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 901 \\ & 552 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 885 \\ & 551 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 949 \\ & 631 \end{aligned}$ | 957 627 | $\begin{aligned} & 872 \\ & 592 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 918 \\ & 584 \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  | 10,019 | 10,395 | 956 | 812 | 723 | 745 | 818 | 933 | 934 | 971 | 882 | 857 | 970 | 924 | 937 |  |
|  | 10,271 | 10,563 | 965 | 792 | 742 | 806 | 830 | 937 | 904 | 951 | 886 | 869 | 961 | 907 | 926 |  |
| Stocks (gross), mill, end of period...........do....- | 1,382 | 1,214 | 1,213 | 1,233 | 1,214 | 1,153 | 1, 141 | 1,137 | 1,167 | 1,187 | 1,183 | 1,171 | 1,180 | 1,197 | 1,208 |  |
| Price, wholesale, Ponderosa, boards, No. 3, $1^{\prime \prime}$ x <br> $12^{\prime \prime}$, R. L. (6' and over). . $\$$ per M bd. ft. | 96.44 | 130.91 | 138.44 | 138.05 | 136.37 | 139.85 | 154.21 | 183.12 | 212.59 | 243.95 | 228.13 | 197.73 | 160.65 | 155.33 | 154.98 | 155.90 |
| HARDWOOD FLOORING |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Oak: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 323.3 \\ 8.1 \end{array}$ | 268.2 11.6 | 20.2 13.4 | 17.3 12.2 | 14.6 11.6 | $\begin{array}{r} 18.4 \\ 9.4 \end{array}$ | 14.8 7.9 | $\begin{array}{r}16.3 \\ 7.3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 13.3 5.0 | 15.1 4.0 | 16.2 6.0 | 13.2 6.3 | $\begin{array}{r}17.4 \\ 5.5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}14.9 \\ 5.5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 15.7 4.8 |  |
| Production.-.......-........................-do....- | 306.6 | 244.8 | 20.4 | 19.3 | 15.4 | 16.8 | 14.9 | 16.3 | 15.1 | 15.8 | 14.6 | 12.6 | 18.9 | 15.4 | 18.5 |  |
|  | 320.9 | 261.1 | 20.8 | 20.0 | 14.8 | 18.6 | 15.8 | 17.1 | 15.9 | 18.6 | 15.3 | 11.6 | 18.1 | 15.0 | 16.4 |  |
| Stocks (gross), mill, end of period.........-do..... | 22.0 | 6.6 | 6.8 | 6.8 | 6.6 | 5.7 | 5.1 | 4.6 | 3.8 | 3.7 | 3.2 | 3.6 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 6.1 |  |

metals and manufactures


| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1970 and descriptive notes are as shown In the $\mathbf{1 9 7 1}$ edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1971 | 1972 | 1972 |  |  | 1973 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annua) |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

## METALS AND MANUFACTURES-Continued



| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below，data through 1970 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1971 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1971 | 1972 | 1972 |  |  | 1973 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct． | Nor． | Dec． | Jan． | Feb． | Mar． | Apr． | May | June | July | Aug． | Sept． | Oct． | Nov． |

METALS AND MANUFACTURES—Continued


A luminum products：

Inventories，total（ingot，mill prod．，and scrap）， end of period．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． Copper：

Production
Mine，recoverable copper．．．．．．thous．sh．tons Refinery，primary
From domestic ores From foreign ores Secondary，recovered as refined

Imports（general）：
Refined，unrefined，scrap（copper cont．）．do Refine
Exports：
Exports：
Refined and scrap． Refined．
Consumption，refined（by mills，etc．）
Stocks，refined，
Fabricators＇
Frice，electrolytic（wirebars），dom．，delivered
Copper－hase mill and foundry products，shipments （quarterly total）：
Brass mill products
Copper wire mill products（copper cont．- ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． Brass and bronze foundry products ．．．．．．．．do

Lead：
Production：
Mine，recoverable lead ．．．．．．．thous．sh．tons
Imports（general），ore（lead cont．），metal．．．do．．．

Stocks，end of period：
Producers＇，ore，base bullion，and in process （lead content），ABMS $-\ldots-$ thous．sh．tons
Refiners＇（primary），refined and antimonial （lead content）．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
 Scrap（lead－base，purchased），all smelters
Pr
Imports（for consumption）：


## Zinc：

Mine prod．，recoverable zinc．．．．－thous．sh．tons． Imports（general）： Metal（slab，blocks）
Consumption（recoverable zinc content）： Ores． Scrap，all types．

Slab zinc：
Production（primary smelter），from domestic and foreign ores． Secondary（redistilled）production ．．．．．．．do．．．
Consumption，fabricators．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． Consumption，fabricators．
Stocks，end of period：
Producers＇，at smelter（ZI）$)$ ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．
Consumers＇


|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N. } \\ & \text { Ň } \\ & \text { No } \\ & \text { in } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { cir } \\ \text { cr } \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { iud } \\ & \text { © in } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Wer } \\ & \text { ¢N: } \end{aligned}$ | 号 |  |  |  | 资 |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { no } \\ & =104 \\ & =10 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { er } \\ & 0 \\ & \hline 0 \end{aligned}$ |  | \％ |  | －180 | 象灾 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Na } \\ & \text { Not } \\ & \text { No } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { NN } \\ & \text { No } \\ & \text { oso } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{\mathbf{1}} \\ & \underset{\infty}{\infty} \\ & \text { è } \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ing } \\ & \text { مᄋ } \end{aligned}$ | 気号 | － |  |  |  | 范 | FNN: N |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \stackrel{+}{\infty} \\ & \text { 中 } \end{aligned}$ |  | 总 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 上旮 } \\ & \text { 尽 } \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Non |  | $\underset{\sim}{\underset{\sim}{*}}$ |  | 品 50 vocrand <br>  | 出范 | 谷発 | 求 | N0 |  | ， | 资 |  | 氙氙 | No | 为苞出 onvo | $\begin{aligned} & \text { s } \\ & \substack{0 \\ \hline 8 \\ \hline} \end{aligned}$ | －\＆ 4． oonni | － | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 世華 } \\ & \text { + } \end{aligned}$ | $$ | $8)^{\text {\％}}$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & N \mathrm{~N} \\ & \text { No } \\ & \text { co } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { os } \\ \text { is } \\ \text { is } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathscr{O} \\ & \underset{6}{6} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { - } \\ & \text { No } \\ & \text { To } \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  | － | 发过 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 畐出 } \\ & \text { osin } \end{aligned}$ | ！ | 咢 |  | $\underset{\sim \rightarrow \infty}{\stackrel{\sim}{\oplus}}$ | N0 Nos |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 品 } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { N్స్ర } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 年 } \\ & \infty \\ & \hline 0 \end{aligned}$ | cre | \％\％ |
|  |  | $\underset{\infty}{\text { No }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { e } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  | fer 5t <br>  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 密会 } \end{aligned}$ | 島里 |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 莫 } \\ & \text { it } \end{aligned}$ | －880 | 苍 | 벙ㅇㅇㅇ | $\begin{aligned} & 50 \\ & =0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -\underbrace{}_{0} \\ & \infty \rightarrow \infty \end{aligned}$ |  | － |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ne } \\ & \text { N } \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\sim}{\omega}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { cr } \\ & \text { cr } \\ & \text { or } \end{aligned}$ | \＆ |

${ }_{2}^{2}$ Revised．${ }^{\text {P }}$ Preage Priminary．${ }^{1}$ A Annual data；monthly revisions are not available．
2 Average for 11 months．${ }^{2}$ Less than 50 tons．${ }^{2}$ For quarter ending in month shown．
＊Neries．

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1970 and descriptive notes are as shown In the 1971 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1971 | 1972 | 1972 |  |  | 1973 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

## METALS AND MANUFACTURES-Continued

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Foundry equipment (new), new orders, net mo. avg. shipments \(1967=100\). \& 84.2 \& 75.4 \& 101.1 \& 58.2 \& 101.1 \& 74.6 \& 83.9 \& 113.6 \& 108.7 \& 84.6 \& 166.5 \& 119.7 \& 97.2 \& 84.0 \& 133.3 \& \\
\hline Heating, combustion, atmosphere equipment, new orders (domestic), net, qtrly ..................il. \$. \& 63.7 \& 79.3 \& \& \& 21.1 \& \& \& 27.0 \& \& \& 32.8 \& \& \& 33.8 \& \& \\
\hline Electric processing heating equip--.-.-.......do..... \& 7.5 \& 12.8 \& \& \& 3.4 \& \& \& 5.7 \& \& \& 5.2 \& \& \& 4.1 \& \& \\
\hline Fuel-fired processing heating equip..........-do \& 30.3 \& 41.3 \& \& \& 11.4 \& \& \& 13.0 \& \& \& 18.9 \& \& \& 23.2 \& \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Material handling equipment (Industrial): \\
Orders (new), index, seas. adj \(\ddagger \ldots \ldots . .\).
\end{tabular} \& 99.6 \& 128.4 \& 132.9 \& 155.0 \& 149.4 \& 157.4 \& 164.1 \& 180.6 \& 186.7 \& 174.0 \& 168.0 \& 186.5 \& 209.6 \& 207.4 \& \& \\
\hline Industrial trucks (electric), shipments: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Hand (motorized)....-.-----.-------- \& 12,644 \& 15,482 \& 1,377 \& 1,416 \& 1,476 \& 1,544 \& 1,696 \& 1,849 \& 1,740 \& 2,001 \& 2,155 \& 1,621 \& 1,765 \& 1,890 \& \& \\
\hline  \& 14, 621 \& 16,902 \& 1,457 \& 1,518 \& 1,701 \& 1,525 \& 1,626 \& 1,978 \& 1,860 \& 2,055 \& 1,947 \& 1,361 \& 1,737 \& 1,876 \& \& \\
\hline Industrial trucks and tractors (internal combustion engines), shipmentsf................................... \& 36,645 \& 40,698 \& 3,589 \& 3,995 \& 4,000 \& 3,828 \& 3,797 \& 4,809 \& 4,260 \& 4,654 \& 4,865 \& 3,568 \& 3,869 \& 4,484 \& \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Industrial supplies, machinery and equipment: \\
New orders index, seas. adjusted \({ }^{*} \dagger\) - \(1967-69=100\).-
\end{tabular} \& 99.1 \& 116.3 \& 123.7 \& 127.8 \& 129.5 \& 130.4 \& 134.6 \& 139.1 \& 144.2 \& 147.7 \& 148.0 \& 154.0 \& 156.8 \& 153.7 \& 156.6 \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Industrial suppliers distribution: \\
Sales index, seas. adjusted* \(1967=100\)
\end{tabular} \& 104.7 \& 120.3 \& 118.9 \& 123.5 \& 121.5 \& 130.5 \& 129.4 \& 129.9 \& 135.4 \& 140.0 \& 143.4 \& 144.8 \& 154.4 \& 146.8 \& 144.2 \& 149.9 \\
\hline Machine tools: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Metal cutting type tools: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Orders, new (net), total .......................... Domestic \& 608. 35 \& 1,008. 95 \& 94.45
84.35 \& \({ }_{103}^{112.75}\) \& 118.30 \& 124.80
103.25 \& 130.40 \& 170.80
149.10 \& 159.95
145.90 \& 154.85
139.55 \& 133.20 \& 131.30
108.20 \& 127.35
111.45 \& \(\xrightarrow{r} 168.70\) \& \({ }^{\text {p18 }} 18.40\) \& \\
\hline  \& 672. 30 \& 714.45 \& 63.85 \& 66.20 \& +92.40 \& 66.15 \&  \& 98.80 \& 76.30 \& 100.60 \& 102.90 \& 72.65 \& 76.90 \& \({ }_{-95} 95\) \& \({ }^{296.85}\) \& \\
\hline  \& 654, 20 \& 627.15 \& 56.05 \& 58.80 \& 83.45 \& 58.60 \& 67.40 \& 83.95 \& 68.80 \& 84.55 \& 96.40 \& 63.15 \& 64.85 \& r 79.45 \& \({ }^{2} 84.30\) \& \\
\hline Order backlog, end of period.-...........-do. \& 407.5 \& 702.0 \& 629.6 \& 676.1 \& 702.0 \& 760.6 \& 816.6 \& 888.6 \& 972.2 \& 1,026.4 \& 1,056.7 \& 1,115.4 \& 1,165.9 \& -1,238.9 \& \({ }^{11,327.5}\) \& \\
\hline Metal forming type tools: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Orders, new (net), total..-...............- do \& \({ }^{252} 240\) \& 403.05 \& 47.35
42.10 \& 53.20 \& 37.65 \& \({ }_{49}^{56.85}\) \& 72.45 \& 76.70 \& \({ }_{74}^{80.95}\) \& 70.95 \& 78.20 \& 52. 90 \& 58. 30 \&  \& \({ }^{p} 73.50\) \& \\
\hline Thipments, total \& 223.20 \& 368.20 \& 42. 10 \& 48.90 \& 34. 10 \& 49.55 \& 66.40 \& 72.05 \& 74.45 \& \({ }^{66.50}\) \& 74.15 \& 48.40 \& 52.50 \& +53.50
+36.40 \& \({ }^{p} 66.45\) \& \\
\hline Shipments, total \& 325.60
285 \& 304.25
267.20 \& 27.40
25.95 \& 30.65
26.05 \& 25.95
21.45 \& 27.15
25.70 \& 28.70
25.85 \& 35.35
33.55 \& 30.60
28.60 \& 38.25
35.30 \& 42.05
39.85 \& 37.05
27.45 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
33.85 \\
29.35 \\
\hline .8
\end{tabular} \& r 36.40
+32.40 \& p38.40
p31 85 \& \\
\hline Order backlog, end of period..............do \& 161.8 \& 260.5 \& 226.2 \& 248.8 \& 260.5 \& 290.2 \& 334.0 \& 375.4 \& 425.8 \& 458.5 \& 494, 6 \& 517.4 \& 541.9 \& \({ }^{\text {r }} 567.1\) \& \({ }^{2} 602.2\) \& \\
\hline Tractors used in construction:
Tracklaying, total.......................... \({ }^{\text {a }}\), \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& \({ }^{1} 18,520\) \& 21,225 \& \& \& 4,591 \& \& \& 6,405
190.9 \& \& \& 6,467 192.8 \& 31,793
354,4 \& \[
\begin{array}{r}
31,756 \\
358.1
\end{array}
\] \& 32,170 \& \& \\
\hline Wheel (contractors' off-highway) ............units.- \& 14,334 \& \({ }^{1} 51056\) \& \& \& 2940 \& \& \& 1,430 \& \& \& 21,747 \& \& \& \({ }^{3} 62.2\) \& \& \\
\hline Tractor shovel loaders (integral units only), wheel and tracklaying types. \& 1166.9
127,145 \& 1198.5
46,052 \& \& \& \(\mathbf{3} 25.1\)
11,798 \& \& \& 55.0
13,831 \& \& \& 267.7
14,350 \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline ctors, wheel (excl. parden and contractors', \$.- \& \({ }^{1} 640.9\) \& \({ }^{1801.7}\) \& \& \& 205.8 \& -...- \& \& 222.6 \& \& \& 25.0 \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline highway types).............................................. \& \[
\begin{array}{r}
165,343 \\
1891.9
\end{array}
\] \& \[
\begin{array}{r}
196,988 \\
1,141.0
\end{array}
\] \& \& \& \[
\begin{array}{r}
50,466 \\
321.5
\end{array}
\] \& \& \& \[
\begin{array}{r}
55,087 \\
345.6
\end{array}
\] \& \& \& \[
\begin{array}{r}
61,111 \\
382.6
\end{array}
\] \& \[
\left.\begin{array}{r}
311,829 \\
383.0
\end{array} \right\rvert\,
\] \& \[
\begin{gathered}
313,912 \\
384.1 \\
38.1
\end{gathered}
\] \& \[
\begin{array}{r}
320,563 \\
3137.7 \\
3
\end{array}
\] \& \& \\
\hline ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Batteries (auto. replacement), shipments . . .thous. . Electronic components, factory salas: \(\sigma^{7}\) Semiconductors: \& 39,144 \& 43, 220 \& 4,553 \& 4, 507 \& 4,473 \& 4,226 \& 3,108 \& 2,837 \& 2, 503 \& 2,631 \& 2,807 \& 2,915 \& 4,120 \& 4,525 \& 4,830 \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Semiconductors: \\
Diserete devices \(\qquad\) mil. \$
\end{tabular} \& 1621 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Integrated circuits.-.....................do \& 1534 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& \({ }^{1} 300\) \& 323 \& \& \& \({ }^{7} 166.6\) \& \& \& 892.1
42.0 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& 124
180 \& 150 \& \& \& \({ }_{7}^{77.2}\) \& \& \& 42.8
27.8 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline High vacuum, gas, and vapor \& \({ }^{1} 76\) \& 82 \& \& \& - 39.9 \& \& \& 22.2 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Capacitors \& 435 \& 438 \& 40.3 \& 37.9 \& 39.7 \& \({ }^{6} 43.2\) \& 44.5 \& 50.8 \& 50.3 \& 52.6 \& 53.3 \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
lotors and generators: \\
New orders, index, qtrly \(-\ldots . .\).
\end{tabular} \& 87.1 \& 99.3 \& \& \& 105.0 \& \& \& 122.0 \& \& \& 134.2 \& \& \& 127.2 \& \& \\
\hline Radio sets, total, production \(0^{r}\). \(\qquad\) thous.- \& 18, 679 \& 20, 086 \& 1,786 \& 1,658 \& 4 2,132 \& \& 5,209 \& 45,211 \& 2,916 \& 3, 860 \& - 3,990 \& 3,067 \& 3,935 \& 46,303 \& 3,870 \& 3,952 \\
\hline Television stts (incl. combination), prodor...do...- \& 11, 197 \& 13, 507 \& 1,184 \& 1,200 \& 41,353 \& \({ }^{5} 1,252\) \& 1,425 \& 4 1,681 \& 1,189 \& 1,341 \& 11,778 \& 1,018 \& 1,424 \& 41,778 \& 1,535 \& 1,453 \\
\hline Household electrical appliances, factory sales: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Air conditioners (room).............-.....thous.- \& 5,438 \& 4, 508 \& 137.4 \& 157.2 \& 293.1 \& 486.8 \& 448.9 \& 782.4 \& 686.4 \& 722.4 \& 771.6 \& \({ }^{306.2}\) \& 146.0 \& 128.7 \& 204.0 \& \\
\hline Dishwashers*--..-.-.- \({ }_{\text {Disposers }}\) (food waste) \& 2,477 \& 3,199 \& 333. 1 \& 308.9 \& 267.7 \& 284.9 \& 252.3 \& 322.7
254 \& \({ }_{245.6}^{296.9}\) \& 325.2 \& 304. 1 \& 272.4
236.0 \& 318.2 \& 332.1 \& 379.3 \& \\
\hline Disposers (food waste)*............................................... \& 2, 292 \& 3, 3,772 \& 243.7
312.7 \& 236.4 \& \({ }_{258.9}^{232.8}\) \& 215.4
285.2 \& 224.5
240.0 \& 229.0

593.8 \& 245.6
286.4 \& 260.6
311.9 \& 268.2
292 \& 236.0
304.0 \& 252.5
295.2 \& 266.9
294 \& 280.5
331.3 \& <br>
\hline Refriger \& 5,691 \& ${ }_{6}^{6,315}$ \& 606.5 \& 502.2 \& 409.5 \& 472.3 \& 452.8 \& 579.8 \& 554.1 \& 623.8 \& 618.5 \& 703.2 \& 707.8 \& 578.6 \& 396.2

5 \& <br>
\hline Washers \& 4, 608 \& 5,107 \& 496.5 \& 439.0 \& 381.9 \& 457.2 \& 417.2 \& 464.8 \& 428.5 \& 476.0 \& 463.4 \& 432.5 \& 543.3 \& 502.3 \& 580.0 \& <br>
\hline Dryers (incl. gas).....................-......do. \& 3,377 \& 3,925 \& 442.4 \& 384.0 \& 335.7 \& 379.3 \& 318.2 \& 331.9 \& 305. 4 \& 309.3 \& 330.3 \& 319.2 \& 422.3 \& 419.2 \& 470.6 \& <br>
\hline Vacuum cleaners..-.-.-...-.................do. \& 7,973 \& 8,337 \& 838.1 \& 764.0 \& 625.4 \& 727.9 \& 775.3 \& 795.9 \& 710.5 \& 677.6 \& 671.7 \& 632.5 \& 755.2 \& 857.9 \& 929.5 \& <br>
\hline GAS EQUIPMENT (RESIDENTIAL) \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Furnaces, gravity and forced-air, shlpments* thous.- \& 1,795 \& \& 216.0 \& 178.2 \& \& 163.9 \& 133.0 \& \& 148.8 \& 145.5 \& 136.6 \& r 143.1 \& ' 146.0 \& r 149.5 \& p154. 8 \& <br>
\hline Rankes, total, sales*.---....................do \& 2, 549 \& 2,661 \& 232.3 \& 224.1 \& 218.2 \& 174.8 \& 205.9 \& 260.9 \& 206.3 \& 230.6 \& 238.7 \& 166.8 \& 210.7 \& + 232.1 \& ${ }^{1955} 1$ \& <br>
\hline Water heaters (storage), automatic, sales*....do.... \& 3,088 \& 3,163 \& 291.4 \& 249.8 \& 254.1 \& 278.2 \& 278.9 \& 280.3 \& 275.0 \& 281.8 \& 263.1 \& 225.4 \& -251. 7 \& +228.3 \& p278.9 \& --...- <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

PETROLEUM, COAL, AND PRODUCTS


| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1970 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1971 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1971 | 1972 | 1972 |  |  | 1973 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept | Oct. | Nov. |

PETROLEUM, COAL, AND PRODUCTS-Continued


| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1970 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1971 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1971 | 1972 | 1972 |  |  | 1973 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

## PETROLEUM, COAL, AND PRODUCTS-Continued

| PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS-Continued <br> Refined petroleum products-ContInued Distillate fuel oil: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Production...-.-...-.-.............-....-mil. bbl.. | 912.1 | 963.6 | 84.5 | 81.7 | 91.2 | 94.0 | 82.3 | 82.8 | 75.4 | 78.9 | 84.8 | 85.4 | 86.9 |  |  |  |
|  | 55.8 | 66.4 | 6.3 | 6.8 | 11.8 | 11.2 | 18.8 | 18.0 | 7.2 | 7.7 | 6.5 | 9.9 | 8.9 | 8.9 |  |  |
|  | 2.8 | 1.2 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 1.2 | 3.3 | 18.1 | . 1 | . 2 | . 1 | . 3 | .1 | . 3 | . 8 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of period. | 190.6 | 154.3 | 195.6 | 182.6 | 154.3 | 131.0 | 113.3 | 111.3 | 114.7 | 119.1 | 137.9 | * 160.9 | 177.3 | 190.2 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale (N.Y. Harbor, No. 2 fuel) <br> \$ per gal_- | .116 | . 117 | . 117 | . 117 | . 117 | . 117 | . 128 | . 128 | . 128 | . 128 | . 138 | . 138 | . 128 | . 128 | . 137 | . 159 |
|  | 274.7 | 292.5 | 23.1 | 26.7 | 34.9 | 34.5 | 29.1 | 29.6 | 26.3 | 29.4 | 27.4 | 27.4 | 26.4 |  |  |  |
|  | 577.7 | 637.4 | 51.3 | 53.1 | 61.0 | 61.3 | 58.0 | 67.7 | 81.1 | 81.7 | 52.7 | 49.5 | 57.3 | 55.2 |  |  |
|  | 13.2 | 12.1 | 1.5 | 8.9 | 1.0 | 1.0 | . 9 | . 8 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 8.2 | 1.1 | . 9.9 | . 7 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of period...-..-.-.-...........do | 59.7 | 55.2 | 63.8 | 67.7 | 55.2 | 49.2 | 43.1 | 44.7 | 47.0 | 49.2 | 51.8 | 53.4 | 53.6 | 55.1 |  |  |
| Price, wholesale (Okla., No.6).....-. \$ per bbl... | 2.37 | 2.35 | 2.35 | 2.35 | 2.35 | 2.35 | 2.35 | 2. 35 | 2.60 | 2. 60 | 2. 60 | 2. 60 | 2. 60 | 2.60 | 3.00 | 3.25 |
| Jet fuel: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 304.7 | 310.0 | 25.5 | 24.0 | 25.1 | 26.8 | 25.2 | 28.4 | 26.6 | 26.0 | 25.1 | 25.6 | 26. 2 |  |  |  |
|  | 27.7 | 25.5 | 28.6 | 26.6 | 25.5 | 24.8 | 25.4 | 27.6 | 27.9 | 25.8 | 25. 4 | 25.7 | 24.9 | 25.1 |  |  |
| Lubricants: Production |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5.4 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 65.5 15.8 | 65.3 15.0 | 6.6 1.2 | 5.4 1.4 | 5.5 1.4 | 6.7 1.2 | 6.4 1.1 | 5.9 1.2 | 5. 1.2 | 6.8 1.2 | 3.4 1.2 | b. 8 1.0 | 5. 6 1.0 | 1.0 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of period.----------------1.- | 15.0 | 13.3 | 13.2 | 12.9 | 13.3 | 13.4 | 13.3 | 13.3 | 13.4 | 12.9 | 12.8 | 12.2 | 11.8 | 11.8 |  |  |
| Price. wholesale, bright stock (midcontinent, f.o.b., Tulsa) $\qquad$ \$ per gal. | . 270 | 4.270 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2.60 |  |  |
| A sphalt: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  <br> Stocks, end of period....................................... | 157.0 21.2 | 155.3 21.6 | 15.1 17.2 | 11.4 | 9.1 21.6 | 7.9 24.3 | 8.3 27.6 | 10.1 30.0 | 12.1 31.0 | 14.7 30.2 | 16.8 27.3 | 17.7 22.9 | 18.9 16.8 | 14.9 |  |  |
| Liquefled gases (incl. ethane and ethylene): <br> Production, total...........................mil. bbl. | 547.9 | 575.1 | 49.1 | 47.7 | 49.0 | 48.6 | 45.5 | 50.4 | 48.9 | 51.5 | 48.4 | 49.2 | 48.7 |  |  |  |
| At gas processing plants (L.P.O.) ....... do...- | 417.6 | 444.7 | 38.4 | 37.6 | 38.2 | 37.4 | 35.4 | 38.7 | 37.7 | 38.4 | 36.8 | 36.5 | 36.6 | 36.0 |  |  |
| At refineries (L.R.Q.) .-.-.............. do...- | 130.2 | 130.4 | 10.7 | 10.1 | 10.8 | 11.2 | 10.1 | 11.7 | 11.2 | 13.0 | 11.6 | 12.7 | 12.1 |  |  |  |
| Stocks (at plants and refinerles) .-......... do...- | 94.7 | 85.7 | 115.5 | 103.2 | 85.7 | 69.2 | 59.9 | 63.8 | 70.4 | 80.0 | 90.0 | 101.0 | 106.8 | 111.3 |  |  |
| Asphalt and tar pronucts, shipments: <br> Asphalt roofing, total. $\qquad$ thous. squares | 93,246 | 3 97,696 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Roll roofing and cap sheet.....-..........-. - do..-- | 35, 307 | ${ }^{3} 35,466$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shingles, all types.-.-------------------- do...-- | 57,939 | ${ }^{3} 62,230$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 186 | ${ }^{3} 136$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 375 | ${ }^{3} 367$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Saturated felts.------------------thous. sh. tons.- | 916 | ${ }^{3} 895$ | -.---- | -...- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

PULP, PAPER, AND PAPER PRODUCTS

| PULPWOOD AND WASTE PAPER |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pulpwood: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts.-...............thous. cords (128 cu. ft.).- | 67, 220 | 67, 680 | 5,944 | 5, 597 | 5. 294 | 5,458 | 5,693 | 5,994 | 5,603 | 6, 027 | 6,234 | 5,998 | 6,347 | 5,956 |  |  |
|  | 67, 501 | 69, 170 | 6,084 | 5,852 | 5,609 | 5,905 | 5,707 | 6,044 | 5, 897 | 6, 133 | 6,074 | 5,845 | 6,097 | 5, 746 |  |  |
|  | 5,371 | 5,165 | 5,697 | 5,453 | 5,165 | 4,701 | 4,734 | 4,636 | 4,343 | 4,291 | 4,330 | 4, 421 | +4,515 | 4,890 |  |  |
| Consumption......................thous. sh. tons.- | 10,997 | 11,269 | 1,010 | 971 | 898 | 1,008 | 950 | 1,078 | 1,012 | 1,059 | 1,032 | 926 | -1,047 | 974 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of period....-.-.-.-.-.-....---- do..-- | 658 | 626 | b85 | 604 | 626 | 608 | 675 | 646 | 809 | 495 | 472 | 492 | $\stackrel{171}{ }$ | 433 |  |  |
| WOODPULP |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, all grades...-.............thous. sh. tons. | 43,933 | 46,341 | 4,123 | 3,876 | 3,662 | 4,054 | 3,743 | 4,217 | 3,983 | 4, 189 | 4,058 | 3,928 | 4,181 | 3,849 |  |  |
| Dissolving and spectal alpha.............do..- | 1,671 | 1,676 | 144 | 143 | 129 | 145 | 129 | 155 | 125 | 141 | 148 | 118 | 144 | 113 |  |  |
|  | 29, 51 | 31,255 | 2,788 | 2,600 | 2,468 | 2,748 | 2, 536 | 2,845 | 2,715 | 2, 838 | 2,714 | 2,663 | 2,803 | 2,619 |  |  |
|  | 2,101 | 2,129 | 200 | 178 | 165 | 186 | 173 | 206 | 186 | 197 | 198 | 185 | 205 | 185 |  |  |
|  | 4,462 | 4,617 | 380 | 378 | 355 | 375 | 351 | 390 | 365 | 409 | 412 | 393 | 421 | 350 |  |  |
| Deflbrated or exploded.-.-..--.............do. | 2,405 | 2,720 | 266 | 255 | 229 | ${ }_{343}^{255}$ | 249 | 271 | 257 | 264 | 253 | 253 | 258 | 253 |  |  |
| Soda, semichem., screenlngs, etc..........do. | 3,743 | 3,943 | 345 | 325 | 317 | 343 | 305 | 351 | 335 | 339 | 333 | 317 | 351 | 329 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of period: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1.093 | 803 | 862 | 839 | 803 | 797 | 791 | 788 | 777 | 782 | 807 | 736 | - 736 | 684 |  |  |
| Pupp mills -------------------------- do. | 623 | 323 | 399 | 371 | 323 | 357 | 350 | 341 | 330 | 324 | 343 | 318 | 327 | 294 |  |  |
| Paper and board mils | 398 71 | 393 86 | 388 75 | 390 78 | 393 86 | 370 69 | 376 65 | 381 66 | 377 70 | 379 78 | 385 79 | 339 79 | +341 +68 | 329 62 |  |  |
| Exports, all grades, total......-------....... do. | ${ }^{1} 2,175$ | ${ }^{12} 2.253$ | 195 | 229 | 150 | 174 | 187 | 198 | 214 | 184 | 210 | 181 |  |  |  |  |
| Dissolving and special alpha. .-..............do | 790 | , 793 | 72 | 73 | 51 | 70 | 61 | 74 | 65 | 68 | 60 | 62 | 47 | 53 | 62 |  |
|  | ${ }^{1} 1,385$ | ${ }^{1} 1,460$ | 123 | 155 | 99 | 104 | 126 | 124 | 149 | 116 | 150 | 119 | 149 | 144 | 149 |  |
| Imports, all grades, total ....-........-.-......do | 13,515 | ${ }^{1} 3,728$ | 334 | 346 |  | 394 |  |  | 329 |  |  | 324 |  | 279 |  |  |
| Dissolving and special alpha..--.-.-.....-...do | 313 | 224 | 16 | 17 | ${ }^{8} 8$ | 18 | 11 | 63 | 13 | 22 | 17 | 17 | 3 | 10 | 17 |  |
|  | 13,202 | ${ }^{1} 3,504$ | 319 | 363 | 271 | 376 | 327 | 353 | 316 | 343 | 315 | 307 | 247 | 270 | 339 |  |
| Paper and paper Products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Paper and board: <br> Production (Bu. of the Census): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All grades, total, unadjusted...thous. sh. tons | 55,032 | 69, 310 | 5,258 | 5, 065 | 4,612 | 5,149 | 4,856 |  | 5,171 | 5,505 | 5,196 | 4,919 | - 5,380 |  |  |  |
|  | 23,817 | 25, 320 | 2,227 | 2,178 | 2.039 | 2,226 | 2,076 | 2, 312 | 2,191 | 2,363 | 2,213 | 2,123 | - 2,280 | 2, 052 |  |  |
|  | 26,103 | 28,637 | 2, 552 | 2,449 | 2,171 | 2,485 | 2,338 | 2,605 | 2,487 | 2,633 | 2,509 | 2,332 | + 2,594 | 2, 304 |  |  |
| Wet-machlne board.----................do | 137 | 136 | 11 | 11 | 10 | 12 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 12 | 12 | 10 | 11 | 11 |  |  |
| Construction paper and board. | 4,975 | 5,217 | 467 | 428 | 392 | 425 | 432 | 488 | 482 | 497 | 462 | 454 | -495 | 447 |  |  |
| Book paper, A grade. $-\ldots-\ldots-\ldots-\quad .-1967=100 \ldots$ | 110.6 | 109.0 | 109.6 | 109.6 | 109.6 | 109.6 | 109.6 | 111.0 | 111.7 | 111.7 | 112.4 | 112.4 | 112.4 | 112.4 | 115.3 | 115.3 |
| Paperboard.-....-.....................-. do-... | 102.4 | 105.5 | 106.8 | 106.8 | 107.1 | 108.2 | 109.7 | 110.7 | 113.0 | 114.6 | 116.7 | 116.7 | 116.7 | 116.7 | 118.0 | 119.7 |
| Bullding paper and board...---...........do...- | 103.0 | 106.4 | 107.3 | 107.2 | 107.2 | 107.1 | 108.1 | 108.5 | 109.3 | 110.8 | 111.7 | 112.2 | 112.8 | 115.9 | 117.7 | 118.8 |

${ }^{5}$ Revised.
${ }^{1}$ Reported annual total; revisions not allocated to the months.
${ }^{2}$ Less than 50 thousand barrels.
${ }^{1}$ Monthly data no longer furnished. Average for May and June.

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1970 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1971 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1971 | 1972 | 1972 |  |  | 1973 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

## PULP, PAPER, AND PAPER PRODUCTS—Continued



RUBBER AND RUBBER PRODUCTS

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline RUBRER \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Natural rubber: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& \begin{tabular}{l} 
577. \\
131 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& p640. 40 \& 58.47 \& -52. 57 \& 52.88
116.72 \& 2
28.08
2122.84 \& 56.83
116.77 \& 63.15
120.47 \& 59.43
117.54 \& 57.34
116.17 \& 54.46
111.08 \& 48.97
111.49 \& r

$r 111.04$ \& 56.30
121.68 \& 63.41
114.92 \& <br>
\hline Imports, incl. latex and guayule ...---.-.-. do \& 612.72 \& 602.16 \& 54.73 \& 55.32 \& 56.04 \& 57.67 \& 48.09 \& 59.44 \& 43.26 \& 55.48 \& 53.44 \& 40.71 \& 66.26 \& 63. 69 \& 60.17 \& <br>
\hline Price, wholesale, smoked sheets (N.Y.)._\$ per Ib.- \& . 180 \& . 181 \& 194 \& . 205 \& . 210 \& 228 \& . 255 \& . 286 \& . 308 \& . 310 \& . 368 \& . 413 \& . 413 \& . 364 \& . 336 \& 395 <br>
\hline Synthetic rubber: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 2,241.00 \& p2, 424.7 \& 211.64 \& 201. 65 \& 199. 14 \& 2217.35 \& 209.17 \& 218.54 \& 223. 63 \& 222.59 \& 199.86 \& ${ }^{210} 0.04$ \& 220.38 \& 210.67 \& 227.49 \& <br>
\hline Consumption \& 2,104.87 ${ }^{488.17}$ \& p2, 29195 \& 210.19
504.39 \& 193. 96
4956 \& 193.45
495.68 \& ( $\begin{aligned} & 2206.51 \\ & 2471.86\end{aligned}$ \& 199.80
473.14 \& 220.64
454.83 \& 199.03
461.63 \& 197. 72
469.41 \& 196.06
469.93 \& 180.33
499.28 \& 209.48
505.91 \& 209.08
517 \& 231.70
50740 \& <br>
\hline Exports (Bu. of Census).-...-................ do \& 269.82 \& 257. 10 \& 24.04 \& 21.92 \& 23.99 \& 23.65 \& 22.20 \& 22. 99 \& 22.36 \& 24.18 \& 23.58 \& 20.86 \& 18.96 \& 29.34 \& 25.01 \& <br>
\hline Reclaimed rubber: Production \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline | Production |
| :--- |
| Consumption $\qquad$ | \& 199.19

200.47 \& P194. 45
p187.58 \& 16.41
16.44 \& 14.87
14.45 \& 14. 20 \& ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ : 19.08 \& 20.52
16.30 \& 22.29
17.40 \& 19.39
14.35 \& 19.02
13.42 \& 18.46
13.81 \& 16. 79 \& 15.30
r11.89 \& 11.71 \& 13.04
14.52 \& <br>
\hline  \& 22.67 \& ${ }_{p 19.91}$ \& 19.17 \& 19.29 \& 19.91 \& ${ }^{2} 19.33$ \& 19.49 \& 19.42 \& 20.55 \& ${ }_{22.40}$ \& ${ }_{23.16}$ \& 25.04 \& + 23.87 \& 22. 18 \& 21.43 \& <br>
\hline TIRES AND TUBES \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline | Pneumatic casings, automotive: |
| :--- |
| Production. thous.. | \& 216,361 \& 229,611 \& 20,999 \& 18,721 \& 19,387 \& 21,001 \& 19, 993 \& 22, 229 \& 19,193 \& 18,693 \& 17,752 \& 14, 287 \& 17,325 \& 17,727 \& \& <br>

\hline Shipments, total ${ }_{\text {Original equipment }}$ \& 214,539 \& 227,965 \& 21, 840 \& 17,647 \& 15, 677 \& 17,769 \& 17,780 \& 22,352 \& 23,429 \& 21,646 \& 21, 994 \& 19,433 \& 19,658 \& 20,765 \& \& <br>

\hline Original equipment \& $$
\begin{array}{r}
58,941 \\
153,646
\end{array}
$$ \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
63,870 \\
161,766
\end{array}
$$
\] \& -6, ${ }_{15,415}$ \& 5,922

11,564 \&  \& -6,513 \& 61, 521 \& 7,114
14,907 \& -6,211 \& 6,360
14,969 \& \& $\begin{array}{r}\text { 4, } \\ 14,461 \\ \hline 68\end{array}$ \& \& 5,424
14,920 \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 1,953 \& 2,328 \& 224 \& ${ }^{161}$ \& 1, 236 \& ${ }^{11} 251$ \& 1, 204 \& ${ }^{14,930}$ \& 1, 268 \& ${ }^{14}{ }^{317}$ \& 15,332 \& 14, 300 \& , 293 \& ${ }^{\text {r }}$ \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 54,982 \& 60, 255 \& 55,769 \& 56, 319 \& 60, 255 \& 63,646 \& 66, 419 \& 66, 708 \& 62,872 \& 60,485 \& 56,834 \& 52,341 \& 50,392 \& 47,775 \& \& <br>
\hline Exports (Bu. of Census) -...-...................d. do \& 1,589 \& 2, 127 \& ${ }^{211}$ \& -180 \& ${ }^{\text {O, }} 214$ \& ${ }^{636}$ \& - 131 \& ${ }^{68} 310$ \& ${ }_{295}$ \& -404 \& -440 \& 5249 \& ${ }^{545}$ \& ${ }^{429}$ \& \& <br>
\hline Inner tubes, sutomotive: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline  \& 35, 662 \& 38,705 \& 3,323 \& 3,166 \& 2,950 \& 3,425 \& 3, 664 \& 3,836 \& 3, 364 \& 3,438 \& 3,233 \& - 2.350 \& 2,950 \& 3. 209 \& \& <br>
\hline Shlpments \& 40,476 \& 41, 774 \& \& 3,392 \& \& 3,804 \& 3,616 \& 4, 085 \& 3,912 \& 3,568 \& 3,919 \& 3, 348 \& 3, 688 \& 3,736 \& \& <br>
\hline Stocks, end of period
Exports (Bu. of Census)

- \& 8, 979 \& 9,391
766 \& 9,144
63 \& 9,168
40 \& 9,391
68 \& 9,605
61 \& 9,896
66 \& 10,153
71 \& 10, 175 \& 10,366
121 \& 10,203
149 \& 9,633
67 \& 9, 311 \& 9,234
82 \& \& <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \multicolumn{6}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{3}{*}{${ }_{2}$ Revised. ${ }^{2}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{1}$ Reported annual total; revisions not allocated to months. 2 Publication of monthly rubber statistics was discontinued by the Census Bureau effective
with the Dec. 1972 report (Series M30A). Data beginning Jan. 1973 are from the Rubber Manufacturers Association and are not strictly comparable with earlier data.}} \& \multicolumn{11}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{$\ddagger$ Represents the sum of book paper, uncoated and writing and related papers formerly shown separately; data for new orders no longer available for the individual items.}} <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline \& \& \& \& \& \&  \& thly da annual \& | a are av |
| :--- |
| data are | \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { ages for } \\
& \text { sof Deo }
\end{aligned}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { he } \\
& 31 .
\end{aligned}
$$
\] \& $k$ period \& ending \& on Satur \& ay neare \& the en \& <br>

\hline
\end{tabular}

| Uniess other wise stated in footnotes below, data through 1970 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1971 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1971 | 1972 | 1972 |  |  | 1973 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

## STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS



## TEXTILE PRODUCTS

| WOVEN FABRICS : <br> Woven fabrics (gray goods), weaving mills: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Production, total 9 .-.........-...-.mil. linear yd.. | 10,913 | 11,098 | 869 | 21,121 | 832 | ${ }^{2} 1,178$ | 933 | 966 | 2 1,168 | 948 | 942 | 2934 | 903 |  |  |  |
|  | 6,148 | 5,666 | 436 | 2549 | 399 | ${ }_{2} 2661$ | 429 | 4.53 | 2556 | 445 | 444 | 2430 | 414 |  |  |  |
|  | 4,657 | 5,336 | 425 | 2563 | 425 | 2604 | 494 | 501 | 2599 | 492 | 488 | ${ }^{2} 495$ | 480 |  |  |  |
| Stocks, total, end of perlod \% or............. do | 1,089 | 983 | 980 | 973 | 983 | 958 | 898 | 871 | 830 | 789 | 800 | 792 | 764 |  |  |  |
| Cotton-1.-................-................... do | 472 | 408 | 418 | 416 | 408 | 407 | 367 | 352 | 342 | 321 | 310 | 311 | 315 |  |  |  |
|  | 608 | 567 | 555 | 550 | 507 | 545 | 524 | 513 | 483 | 462 | 484 | 477 | 445 |  |  |  |
| Orders, unflled, total, end of period $\%$ T. . do | 2,6E7 | 4, 164 | 3,653 | 3,986 | 4,164 | 4,193 | 4,334 | 4,673 | 4,840 | 4,666 | 4,489 | 4,251 | 3. 886 |  |  |  |
|  | 1,494 | 2,111 | 1,944 | 2,100 | 2,111 | 2,140 | 2,192 | 2, 338 | 2,432 | 2,280 | 2,174 | 2, 078 | 1,799 |  |  |  |
|  | 1,138 | 2,010 | 1,680 | 1,854 | 2,010 | 2,000 | 2,087 | 2,283 | 2,358 | 2,337 | 2,272 | 2,133 | 2,049 |  |  |  |
| COTTON |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cotton (excluding linters): Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ginnings $\triangle$ $\qquad$ thous. running bales. Crop estimate, 480 -pound bales, net weight | ${ }^{3} 10,229$ | 413,267 | 6,845 | 9,308 | 11,603 | 12,269 | 13,267 |  |  |  |  | 3 | 135 | 496 | 5,012 | 9,202 |
| thous. bales. | ${ }^{3} 10,477$ | -13,702 |  |  |  |  | 13,702 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 13,067 |
| Consumption 8tocks in the United States, total. end of period | 8,128 | 7,777 | 593 | 2739 | 544 | ${ }^{2} 747$ | 597 | 601 | 2719 | 579 | 575 | 2573 | 567 | r 543 | ${ }^{2} 705$ |  |
| thous. bales.- | 10,054 | 12, 333 | 14,997 | 13,696 | 12,333 | 10,890 | 9,883 | 8,781 | 7,351 | 6,203 | 5, 200 | 3,929 | 15,985 | 15,217 | 14,393 |  |
| Domestic cotton, total | 10,035 | 12,319 | 14,979 | 13,680 | 12,319 | 10.874 | 9,866 | 8,766 | 7,336 | 6,191 | 5,187 | 3,916 | 15,975 | r15,206 | 14,383 |  |
| On farms and in transit $\qquad$ do. | - 2,389 | 1,346 7 | - ${ }^{\text {8, }} 4490$ | 5,739 | 3, 346 | -2,420 | 2, 041 | 1,895 | 1,376 | 1,065 | -878 | 350 | 13, 160 | 12,836 | 9,031 |  |
| Publie storage and compresses. | 6, 416 | 7,947 | 5,601 | 6,992 | 7,947 | 7, 321 | 6,527 | 5, 463 | 4,397 | 3,476 | 2, 737 | 2,074 | 1,494 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,049 \\ r 1,249 \end{array}$ | $4,329$ |  |
| Consuming establishments. Foreign cotton, total | 1,230 19 | 1,026 14 | 888 18 | 949 16 | 1,020 14 | 1,133 16 | 1, 298 17 | 1,408 15 | 1,563 <br> 15 | 1,650 12 | 1,572 13 | 1,492 13 | 1,321 10 | 1,121 11 | 1,023 10 |  |
| $r$ Revised. ${ }^{1}$ Reported annual total; revisions not allocated to the months or quarter. <br> ${ }^{2}$ Data cover 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks. ${ }^{3}$ Crop for the year 1971. "Crop for the year 1972. 5 Excludes unglazed and salt glazed facing title. 6 Dec. 1 estimate of 1973 crop. $\Theta$ Data for total board products are availabie back to 1947. $\ddagger$ Monthly revisions (1968-72), reflecting recent benchmark adjustments, appear in "Woven Fabrics: Production, Stocks, and Unflled Orders," M22A-Supplement (Dec. 1972) and Supplement 3 (Aug. 1973), Bureau of the Census. OIncludes data not shown separately. |  |  |  |  |  | o'Stocks (owned by weaving mills and billed and held for others) exclude bedsheeting, toweling, and bianketing, and billed and held stocks of denims. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | and blanketing. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\triangle$ Cumulative ginnings to end of month indicated. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1970 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1971 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1971 \| 1972 | 1972 |  |  | 1973 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual | Oct. | Nor. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nor. |

## TEXTLLE PRODUCTS-Continued



Prices, manmade fibers, f.o.b. producing plant: Staple: Polyester, 1.5 denier............... per lb. Yarn: Rayon (viscose), 150 denler.......do............. Manmade fiber and silk broadwoven fabrics:

 pun yarn ( $100 \%$ ) fab., exc. blanketingo. do. Rayon and/or acetate fabrics and blends
Polyester blends with cotton. Fllament and spun yarn fabrics (combinations

## WOOL

Wool consumption, mill (clean basis):
Apparel class.

Wool imports, clean yield.
Duty-free (carpet class).
Wool prices, raw, clean basis, Boston:
Good French combing and staple: Graded territory, fine
Graded fleece, 3 blood
...... $\$$ per lb.


## WOOL MANUFACTURES

Knitting yarn, worsted, $2 / 20 \mathrm{~s}-50 \mathrm{~s} / 56 \mathrm{~s}$, American System, wholesale price...--.-.-.-.
Production (qtrly.)
Price (wholesale) suiting fiann-mill. lin. yd boys' fob mili suiting, flannel, men's and
$r$ Revised. ${ }^{1}$ Season average. 2 For 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks. ${ }^{3}$ Less than 500 bales. Price not directly comparable with earlier data. ${ }_{s}$ Revised total; revisions not distributed by months. © Beginning Aug. 1971, net weight basis; 1971 average is for Aug. Dec. ${ }^{7}$ Avg. for Oct.-Dec. ${ }^{\circ}$ Avg. for Nov.-Dec. © Season averago based on sales through May. ${ }^{10}$ For 24 cloths only; for months shown, number of cloths included in average has declined from 47 to 39 for July-Sept. 1973.
(grade 41) staple cotton, $11 \mathrm{~K}^{\prime \prime}$. monthly prices back to 1947 are

| -4,128 | 3,089 75 | 191 | 352 2 | ${ }_{(3)}^{634}$ | 654 4 | 528 3 | 677 3 | 607 2 | 437 4 | 500 2 | 381 2 | ${ }_{(3)}^{329}$ | 266 6 | 259 3 | ---------- |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ${ }^{1} 28.1$ | -26.6 | 26.7 | 27.4 | 25.2 | 22.4 | 22.8 | 26.2 | 27.1 | 30.2 | 29.5 | 30.4 | 36.7 | 44.6 | 43.6 | 41.2 |
| ${ }^{1} 33.0$ | ${ }^{1} 35.6$ | 25.7 | 27.2 | 29.3 | 32.3 | 33.2 | 35.0 | 40.2 | 45.2 | 46.0 | 52.1 | 66.9 | 80.5 | 75.3 | 66.7 |
| 18.4 | 18.3 | 18.2 | 18.4 | 18.3 | 18.4 | 18.1 | 18.1 | 18.1 | 18.1 | 18.1 | 17.8 | 18.0 | r 18.1 | 18.1 |  |
| 11.4 | 10.4 | 10.5 | 10.5 | 10.4 | 10.4 | 10.2 | 10.0 | 10.0 | 9.9 | 9.9 | 9.9 | 9.9 | 9.8 | 9.8 |  |
| 113.8 | 115.9 | 9.1 | ${ }^{311.5}$ | 8.3 | 211.6 | 9.3 | 9.3 | 211.6 | 9.2 | 9.1 | ${ }^{2} 9.3$ | 9.0 | 8.9 | 211.6 |  |
| ${ }_{7} \mathbf{4 3 8}$ | . 445 | 455 | . 460 | . 416 | . 463 | . 464 | . 464 | . 462 | . 458 | . 456 | - 372 | 452 | 444 | . 463 |  |
| 70.3 | 67.7 | 6. 2 | 26.4 | $\stackrel{4}{ } 4$ | 26.4 | -5.2 | -6. 1 | 26.3 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 25.0 | 4.9 | 4.8 | 26.2 |  |
| 1. 061 | ${ }^{7} 1.105$ | 4 1.107 | 1.103 | 1. 105 | 1. 107 | 1. 127 | 1.147 | 1. 174 | 1. 225 | 41.235 | 1. 225 | .... |  |  |  |
| 6,149 | 5, 666 |  |  | 1,384 |  |  | 1,396 |  | ---- | 1,349 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18.9 | 22.7 | 19.3 | 20.5 | 22.7 | 22.0 | 22.6 | 23.2 | 24.0 | 22.5 | 21.4 | 26.2 | 19.3 | 17.6 | 16.5 |  |
| 4.6 | 4.1 | 3.8 | 3.8 | 4.1 | 3.8 | 3.6 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 3.6 | 2.9 | 2.6 | 2.7 |  |
| . 27 | . 18 | . 20 | . 18 | . 18 | . 17 | . 18 | . 14 | . 14 | . 13 | . 13 | . 14 | . 15 | . 15 | . 16 |  |
| 312.8 569.5 | 409.2 735.5 | 39.0 64.6 | 34.0 63.6 | 36.0 46.0 | 32.3 68.0 | 30.7 46.4 | 38.3 59.4 | 38.0 56.0 | 38.8 69.2 | 37.9 56.2 | 35.4 54.2 | 33.9 58.1 | 42.5 49.4 | 43.8 60.4 |  |
| ${ }^{\circ} 45.10$ | 52.12 | 61.65 | 80.52 | 59.10 | 56.91 | 57.27 | 59.28 | 59.78 | 58.39 | 62.51 | 62.63 | 48.85 | 36. 37 | 1051.88 |  |
| 15.8 22.2 | 18.1 825.0 | 18.3 | $\begin{array}{r}418.3 \\ 4 \\ \hline 25.0\end{array}$ | 18.3 25.0 | 18.3 25.5 | 19.5 28.0 | 19.5 28.6 | 33.0 |  | 33.0 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6,125. 4 | 7,293. 6 |  |  | 1,920.5 |  |  | 2,023.4 |  |  | r 2,099.2 |  |  | 2,085. 8 |  |  |
| 752.7 | 653.1 |  |  | 155.0 |  | - | 158.0 |  |  | 164.6 |  |  | 153.7 |  |  |
| 811.7 | 713.2 |  |  | 174.3 |  |  | 168.6 |  |  | 168.2 |  |  | 172.6 |  |  |
| 2,187.9 | 2,773. 3 |  |  | 765.4 |  |  | 813.1 |  |  | 827.8 |  |  | 843.2 |  |  |
| 2,104.9 | 2,582.4 |  |  | 673.3 |  |  | 720.3 |  |  | 765. 9 |  |  | 745.9 |  |  |
| 468.2 | 571.6 |  |  | 152.5 |  |  | 163.4 |  |  | 172.7 |  |  | 170.4 |  |  |
| 130,511 | 117,405 | 10,034 | 10,054 | 13, 463 | 14, 122 | 14, 205 | 18, 196 | 20,794 | 19,451 | 21,773 | 19,802 | 17,099 | 27, 451 | 25,270 |  |
| 181,612 | 205, 485 | 18,979 | 17, 810 | 22, 212 | 23,831 | 27, 654 | 25,082 | 27, 438 | 28, 661 | 24,730 | 25,523 | 21, 1:6 | 29, 190 | 29,687 |  |
| 249, 819 | 249,948 | 24,938 | 28,804 | 20,452 | 26,738 | 22,097 | 22,692 | 19,277 | 16, 876 | 14,695 | 11, 281 | 10,511 | 6,877 | 8,242 |  |
| 175, 306 | 157,857 | 14, 622 | 13, 527 | 13,575 | 12, 604 | 14,929 | 14, 504 | 10, 329 | 16,759 | 16,276 | 18, 172 | 13,033 | 11,032 | 14,487 |  |
| 65.2 | 61.6 |  |  | 61.6 |  |  | 60.3 |  |  | 48. 6 |  |  | 47.8 |  |  |
| 40.7 | 61.5 |  |  | 61.5 |  |  | 50.9 |  |  | 32.5 |  |  | 26.5 |  |  |
| 297.6 | 293.7 |  |  | 293.7 |  |  | 279.9 |  |  | 250.0 |  |  | 255.6 |  |  |
| 202.9 89.7 | 298.1 |  |  | 298.1 |  |  | 259.3 |  |  | 228.6 |  |  | 205.9 |  |  |
| 89.7 | 84.0 |  |  | 84.0 |  |  | 75.4 |  |  | г 70.2 |  |  | 69.4 |  |  |
| . 61 | . 62 | . 62 | . 62 | . 62 | 4.61 | . 61 | . 61 | . 61 | . 61 | . 61 | . 61 | . 61 | . 61 | . 61 | . 61 |
| 1.26 | 1. 1.22 | 1.04 1.24 | 1.05 1.22 | 1.05 1.25 | 1.05 1.25 | 1.02 1.26 | 1.02 1.28 | 1.03 1.30 | 1.05 1.31 | 1.05 1.31 | 1.05 1.31 | 1.05 1.32 | 1.05 1.32 | 1.05 1.32 | 1.05 1.32 |
| 4, 885.6 | 5,530.9 |  |  | 1,468.1 |  |  | 1,555.4 |  |  | 1,540.4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1,433.1 | 1,723.0 |  |  | 452.9 |  |  | 480.0 |  |  | 466.8 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 521.1 296.1 | 606.2 377.0 |  |  | 124.5 |  | - | 126.2 |  |  | 122.2 93 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 296.1 $2,773.9$ | 377.0 |  |  | 98.2 |  | ....... | 99.7 |  |  | 93.9 | -....--- |  |  |  |  |
| 2,773.9 | 3,062.6 | ........- |  | 839.4 |  | .-...... | 895.4 |  | -.-.-... | 896.4 |  | ------- |  |  |  |
| 381.8 | 428.2 |  |  | 112.5 |  |  | 115.5 |  |  | 116.7 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1,998.5 | 2, 190.1 |  |  | 602.6 |  |  | 641.0 | -.-.-.-- |  | 639.0 | - | -------- |  |  |  |
| 450.5 | 515.4 |  |  | 120.0 |  |  | 123.6 |  |  | 119.6 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 116.2 | 142.2 | 10.9 | ${ }^{2} 12.5$ | 9.2 | ${ }^{2} 12.6$ | 9.9 | 9.6 | ${ }^{2} 10.9$ | 10.1 | 9.7 | 28.7 | -8.6 | 8.0 |  |  |
| 74.8 | 76.4 | 6.0 | 26.5 | 4.5 | 125.9 7 | 5.1 | 4. 2 | 25.0 | 3.7 | 3.5 | 22.9 | 2.9 | 2.3 |  |  |
| 126.6 | 96.6 | 5.8 | 6.7 | 6.7 | 7.7 | 7.2 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 6. 4 | 6. 8 | 5.6 | 4.7 | 2.8 |  |  |
| 83.9 | 71.8 | 4.4 | 4.2 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 4.7 | 3.1 | 3.6 | 4.3 | 5.3 | 4.7 | 3.5 | 2.1 | -........ |  |
|  | 1. 157 | 1. 455 | 1. 635 | 1.650 | 1.880 | 2.325 | 3. 025 | 2.338 | 2. 335 | 2.575 | 2. 600 | 2.750 | 2.750 | 2. 630 | 2.419 |
| . 656 | . 925 | 1. 165 | 1. 310 | 1.325 | 1. 545 | 1.819 | 2. 075 | 1.462 | 1.375 | 1. 800 | 1. 650 | 1. 700 | - 1.512 | 1. 420 | 1.475 |
| . 802 | 1.321 | 1.672 | 1. 771 | 1.975 | 2.523 | 3. 118 | 3. 968 | 2.955 | 3. 093 | 3.242 | 3.215 | 3.210 | r2.942 | 2. 741 | 2.596 |
| 94.4 | 106.3 | 122.7 | 119.9 | 126.4 | 135.7 | 143.1 | 176.6 | 157.1 | 147.8 | 149.7 | 154.3 | .-.-- |  |  |  |
| 113.3 | 101.8 | -...-- | ------ | 26.6 |  |  | 29.7 |  |  | 29.8 |  |  |  |  |  |

Aug. 1971, prices are on $480-\mathrm{lb}$. net-weight bale basis (for earlier months, on $500-\mathrm{lb}$. grossweight bale basis); to compute comparable prices for earlier months, multiply farm price by 1.04167. †Effective with the Oct. 1972 Surver, series restated on an unadjusted basis.
\& Includes data not shown separately.
Effective Nov. 1972, specifications were changed: Print cloth, to $64 \times 56$; sheeting, to $47 \times 44$.

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1970 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1971 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS | 1971 | 1972 | 1972 |  |  | 1973 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Annual |  | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. |

TEXTILE PRODUCTS—Continued

| APPAREL |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hoslery, shipments. $\qquad$ thous. doz. pairs.- | 210, 872 | 228,723 | 22,044 | 20,223 | 14,420 | 15,747 | 16,237 | 20,354 | 17, 805 | 17,875 | 22, 267 | 19,851 | 23,066 | 19,982 | 22,077 |  |
| Tallored garments: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sults --.--------.-.-....-- thous. units.- | 16, 477 | 18, 174 | 1,635 | 1,663 | 1,278 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Coats (separate), dress and sport .-.......do...- | 14, 403 | 18, 202 | 1,667 | 1,639 | 1,304 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Trousers (separate), dress and sport .-..--do...- | 183,738 | 182, 034 | 14,750 | 15,130 | 11,903 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shirts (woven), dress and sport.-----thous. doz..- | 20,795 | 20,914 | 1, 700 | 1,820 | 1,383 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Women's, misses', juniors' apparel, cotuthingst ${ }_{\text {Coats }}$ | 20.690 |  | 2,298 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 233,926 | 221,546 | 17,995 | 17,188 | 13,747 | 17,089 | 18,744 | 20, 864 | 20,648 | 16,614 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 12,639 | 13,824 | 1,299 | 1,053 | 1,004 | 1,485 | 1,589 | 1,722 | 1,677 | 1,753 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 5,927 | 5,319 | 446 | 330 | 270 | 756 | 680 | 858 | 740 | 737 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

TRANSPORTATION EQUIPMENT

| AEROSPACE VEHICLES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Orders, new (net), qtrly. total...............mil. \$.- | 21,553 | 23, 842 |  |  | 5,965 |  |  | 7,115 |  |  | 6, 100 |  |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. Government--------------------10 | 15,229 | 14, 817 |  |  | 3,554 |  |  | 3,568 |  |  | 3, 710 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prime contract | 19,028 | 21, 274 |  |  | 5, ${ }^{\text {5, }} \mathbf{2 5 4}$ |  |  | 6, 381 8,637 |  |  | 5,568 |  |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. Government-.........................-. do | 14, 114 | 13, 492 |  |  | 3, 445 |  |  | 3,403 |  |  | 3, 723 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Backlog of orders, end of period $\%$.............do | 24, 579 | 26,922 |  |  | 26,922 |  |  | 28,400 |  |  | 27, 968 |  |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. Government | 13,997 | 15,322 |  |  | 15, 322 |  |  | 15,487 |  |  | 15, 474 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aircraft (complete) and parts................do | 11,999 2,281 | 13,060 2,572 |  |  | 13,060 |  |  | 13,736 |  |  | 13, 507 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Engines (aircraft) and parts. do <br> Missiles, space vehicle systems, engines, propul- |  | 2,572 |  |  | 2,572 |  |  | 2,650 |  |  | 2, 763 |  |  |  |  |  |
| slon units, and parts...-.-.-.---......mil. $\$$ | 4,780 | 5,272 |  |  | 5,272 |  |  | 5,553 |  |  | 5, 256 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other related operations (conversions, modifications), products, services..........................il. \$. | 3,274 | 2,990 |  |  | 2,990 |  |  | 2,923 |  |  | 2,785 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alrersft (complete): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipments ...-.-.......................... do | 2,973.9 | 3,231. 8 | 270.0 | 297.1 | 334.8 | 277.1 | 390.6 | 364.6 | 435.8 | 599.6 | 436.9 | 332.2 | -252.4 | 297.9 |  |  |
|  | 48,818 | 3, 47,694 | 3,785 | 4,076 | 4,555 | 3,912 | 5,435 | 5,462 | 7,121 | 7,698 | 5,376 | 4,630 | r 4,196 | 4,252 |  |  |
| xports, commercial................................ mil. \$ | 11,906.8 | 1,608.7 |  | 120.5 | 85.7 | 114.7 | 182.5 | 325.2 | 205.0 | 314.2 | 145.2 | 89.0 | 125.0 | 210.9 |  |  |
| MOTOR VEHICLES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Factory sales (from plants in U.S.), total...thous | $10,637.7$ | 11, 270.7 | 1,135.6 | 1,111.0 | 907.6 | 1,164.3 | 1,108. 2 | 1,220.0 | 1,096. 5 | 1,219.8 | 1,186.3 | 949.1 | 640.1 | 943.4 | 1,231.9 | 2,139. 3 |
|  | $\begin{array}{r} 10,036.0 \\ 8.584 .6 \end{array}$ | 10,646.8 | 1,066.0 | 1,048.9 | 885.6 | 1, 107.3 | 1, 0553.1 | 1, 143.1 | 1,021.5 | 1, 140.4 | 1,122. 18 | 8898.3 | 603.6 440.3 | 878.0 716.9 | 1,143.7 |  |
| Domestic... | $8,121.7$ | $8,823.9$ $8,352.5$ | 895.7 84 | 873.4 827.4 | 706.0 666.2 | 900.5 859.8 | 885.1 | 941.2 882.8 | 844.0 78 | 940.9 880.1 | 921.3 873.3 | 714.0 677.5 | 440.3 415.7 | 716.9 666.1 | 955.5 887.2 |  |
| Trucks and buses, total...-.-.-....................do | 2,053.1 | 2,446.8 | 239.9 | 827.5 | 201.6 | 863.8 26.8 | 253.2 | $\stackrel{878.7}{ }$ | 252.5 | 278.9 | 265.0 | 235.1 | 199.7 | 226.5 | 276.4 | 2257.4 |
| Dom | 1,914.3 | 2,294. 4 | 224.3 | 221.5 | 186.3 | 247.5 | 237.7 | 260.3 | 234.8 | 260.3 | 249.2 | 220.8 | 187.8 | 211.9 | 256.5 |  |
| Retall sales, new passenger cars : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, not seasonally adjusted..............thous.- | 10,250 | 10,949 | 1,069 | 1,032 | 848 | 876 | 920 | 1,143 | 1,024 | 1,145 | 1,086 | 960 | 838 | 875 | 979 | - 912 |
| Domestics $\triangle$----..-......................- do | 8,681 | 9,327 | 932 | ${ }^{1} 891$ | 719 | 736 | 775 | , 964 | 863 | 972 | 909 | 808 | 686 | 754 | 858 |  |
|  | 1,568 | 1,622 | 137 | 141 | 128 | 140 | 146 | 179 | 162 | 173 | 177 | 152 | 152 | 121 | 121 | ${ }^{p} 134$ |
| Total, seasonally adjusted at annual rates..-m |  |  | 11.2 | 11.6 | 11.1 | 12.1 | 12.3 | 13.0 | 12.4 | 12.5 | 11.6 | 11.9 | 11. 6 | 11.6 | 9.8 | - 10.1 |
| Imports $\triangle$--................................ do |  |  | 9. 6 | 9.8 | 9.2 | 10.2 | 10.3 | 11.0 | 10.5 | 10.7 | 9.7 | 10.0 | 9.9 | 10.2 | 8.4 | ¢ 8.4 |
| Imports $\triangle$-...................................- ${ }^{\text {do }}$ |  |  | 1.6 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.7 | 1.5 | 1.3 | 81.8 |
| Retall inventories, new cars (domestics), end of pertod: $\Delta$ <br> Not seasonally adjusted $\qquad$ thous. | 1,447 |  | 1,288 |  | 1,311 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,360 | 1,479 |  |
| Seasonally adjusted...........................do | 1,590 | 1,454 | 1,492 | 1,473 | 1,454 | 1,535 | 1,563 | 1,493 | 1,480 | 1,452 | 1,523 | 1,592 | 1,553 | 1,478 | 1,664 | 1, 112 |
| nventory-sales ratio, new cars (domestics) $\Delta$ | 2.1 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.9 | 1.8 | 1.8 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.9 | 1.7 | 2.4 | 2.6 |
| Exports (Bureau of the Census): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Passenger cars (new), assembled.........-thous | 386.64 | 410.25 | 46.36 | 38.06 | 39.10 | 36.76 | 34.93 | 53.32 | 51.06 | 49. 52 | 41.74 | 30.27 | ${ }_{18}^{20.95}$ | 40.33 | 54. 46 |  |
| To Canada-...-.................. do | 348.40 | 376. 23 | 42.49 | 34. 04 | 34. 40 | 31.47 | 31.18 | 48. 59 | 46.94 | 45.81 | 38.24 | 26.08 | 18.68 | ${ }^{37.55}$ | 47.32 14.08 |  |
| Trucks and buses (new), assembled.........do <br> Imports (Bureau of the Census): | 100.04 | 120.62 | 11.58 | 12.70 | 11. 91 | 13.13 | 12.76 | 15.50 | 14.80 | 13.49 | 12.96 | 12.67 | 9.18 | 9.14 |  |  |
| Passenger cars (new), complete units....... do | 2, 687.48 | 2, 485.90 | 198.80 | 229.71 | 204.92 | 235.42 | 219.15 | 246.53 | 203.09 | 251.29 | 232.73 | 189.15 | 149.32 | 137.95 | 203. 04 |  |
| From Canada, total | 802.28 | 842.30 | 74.99 | 84. 87 | 67.92 | 87.36 | ${ }^{74.65}$ | 89.82 | 64.37 | 98.25 | 91.01 | 56.34 | 28.86 | ${ }^{58.98}$ | 85.62 48.86 |  |
| Truck trailers (complete), shipments...........do | 203.10 | - ${ }^{\text {3 }} 429.141 .143$ |  | -44.44 | 33.70 12.220 | - 41.65 | 31.75 13.622 | 38.89 | 37.36 14.205 | 51.39 14.573 | 48.41 13.696 | $\begin{array}{r}37.68 \\ 12,906 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | - $\begin{array}{r}39.79 \\ 12997\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}39.58 \\ 12,846 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |
| Vans-...------.--...............-....do | 65, 785 | -95, 281 | 13, 8,900 | 7,476 | 12, 228 | 7,524 | 8,612 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { 14, } \\ 9 \\ \hline 189\end{array}$ | - $\begin{array}{r}14,950 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | -14,222 | $\stackrel{1}{9,000}$ | 8,792 | 8,690 | 8,374 |  |  |
| Traller bodies and chassis (detachable), sold separately............................................... | 18,509 | 33, 564 | 3,444 | 3, 208 | 3,550 | 3,385 | 3,748 | 3,353 | 2,655 | 2,061 | 2,540 | 3, 013 | 1,975 | 1,887 |  |  |
| Registrations (new vehicles): ${ }^{\text {e }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Passenger cars - .-..--..................tho | ${ }^{1} 49,830.6$ | $1410,487.8$ | 4914.9 | 4946.9 | 4989.1 | 4828.6 | 4842.9 | 4998.4 | 4968.7 | ${ }^{41,061.2}$ | 11,068.9 | 41,103.1 |  | 4815.9 |  |  |
| Trucks....... domestically sponsored..-- do. | 1 $141,887.6$ | $1{ }^{1} 14,529.4$ | ${ }_{4}^{4} 128.8$ | 4 4 4 4 135.1 | 4136.8 4253 | ${ }_{r}^{4} 1119.1$ | $r$ $r$ 4 4 | rs 162.4 | ri 147.6 | ${ }^{-4} 170.6$ | ${ }^{\text {r4 }} 163.7$ | rtich. | ${ }_{6} 151.1$ | 4132.6 42408 | 4116.5 4252.2 |  |
|  | 14,993.2 | ${ }^{14} 2,514.0$ | 4192.7 | + 238.4 | 4253.8 | ${ }^{\text {r4 }} 207.1$ | ${ }^{44} 214.7$ | -4 260.1 | ri 262.7 | - 264.7 | ${ }^{\text {r4 }} 279.2$ | ${ }^{44} 281.1$ | ${ }^{\circ} 275.0$ | 4240.8 | ${ }^{4} 252.2$ |  |
| RAILROAD EQUIPMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Freight cars (all railroads and private car lines): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipments Equipment manutacturers | 155,331 | 47,460 | :4,207 | 3,969 | 4,069 | 4,782 | 4, 475 | 5,157 | 4, 001 | 4, 677 | 4,647 | 3,727 | 4,464 | 4,797 | 6,373 |  |
| Equipment manufacturers ................. do- | 148,014 | 41,971 | $\stackrel{+3,563}{ }$ | 3,557 | 3,830 | ${ }_{5}^{4,536}$ | 4, 191 | 4,912 | 3,766 | 4, 390 | 4,414 | 3,466 | 4,215 | ${ }_{8}^{4,505}$ |  |  |
|  | 152,482 146913 | 47,922 42,323 | r $+3,296$ $+3,096$ | 5,357 4,957 | 4,725 | 5,425 5,084 | ${ }_{8,661}^{9,811}$ | 5,484 | 13,994 | 6,551 | ${ }_{10,964}^{11,64}$ | 5,582 $\mathbf{5 , 2 8 2}$ | 5,461 | 8,142 | 13,410 |  |
| Unflled orders, end of period.-..............-. - | 22, 221 | 21,244 | 19,822 | 21, 114 | 21, 244 | 22, 283 | 26, 134 | 26,535 | 36,527 | 38,027 | 44,469 | 46,097 | 47, 067 | 50.781 47 | 57,313 |  |
| Equipment manufacturers. -...----.-do-- | 18,753 | 17,666 | 16,010 | 17,314 | 17,666 | 18,610 | 23,545 | 24, 140 | 34, 267 | 35,624 | 41,600 | 43, 189 | 44, 408 | 47,714 | 55, 078 |  |
| Freight cars (revenue), class 1 railroads (AAR):8 Number owned, end of period.........thous.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,395 |  |  |
| Held for repairs, \% of total owned | 1,422 | 1,411 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,412 \\ 5.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,413 \\ 6.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,411 \\ 5.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,409 \\ 5.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,409 \\ 5.9 \end{array}$ | 1, 408 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,407 \\ 5.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,403 \\ 5.8 \end{array}$ | 1,402 | 1,401 6.0 | 6.1 | 6.2 | 6.2 |  |
| Capacity (carrying), aggregate, end of period |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| A verage per car .-.........................tons.-. | 97.14 68.29 | 98.08 69.53 | $\begin{aligned} & 97.95 \\ & 69.35 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 98.10 69.44 | $\begin{aligned} & 98.08 \\ & 69.53 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 98.09 \\ & 69.61 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 98.15 \\ & 69.64 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 98.20 \\ & 69.74 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 98.41 \\ & 69.83 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 98.12 \\ 69.93 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 98.07 \\ & 69.97 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 98.12 \\ & 70.06 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 97.89 \\ & 70.12 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 97.94 \\ & 70.20 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 97.95 \\ & 70.31 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ |  |
| r Revised. ${ }^{1}$ Annual total includes revisions not distributed by months. ${ }^{2}$ Estimat of production, not factory sales. ${ }^{3}$ Effective Feb. 1972, imports include trucks value less than $\$ 1,000$ each. 4 Excludes 1 State. ${ }^{5}$ Excludes 2 States. $\ddagger$ Revisions appea in Census reports, Men's and Women's Selected Monthly Apparel Cuttings, 1970-72, Revised and 1971-72 (MA-23A Supplements), Feb. and Sept. 1973. Beginning 1973, a new panel o items is planned for men's apparel; data are not presently available. |  |  |  |  |  | $\circ$ Total includes backlog for nonrelated products and services and basic research. <br> $\triangle$ Domestics include U.S.-type cars produced in the United States and Canada; imports cover foreign-type cars and captive imports, and exclude domestics produced in Canada. <br> TEffective Sept. 1973 SURVEY, data include imports of separate chassis and bodies; comparable data for Jan.-June 1972 appear in the Sept. 1973 Survex. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
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|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\bigcirc$ | ourtesy of cludes rail | R. L. P lroad-ow | olk \& Co ned privs | .; republi ate refrig | icaticn p erator cars | rohibited rs and pri | vate line | cars. |  |  |

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[^0]:    1. The gross auto product total includes government purchases.
[^1]:    1. The expectations figures have been adjusted for systematic biases (footnote 2, table 6). Before adjustment, 1973 expenditures were expected to be $\$ 99.84$ billion for all indus tries, $\$ 38.09$ billion for manufacturing and $\$ 61.76$ billion for nonmanufacturing. The adjustments were applied separately to each major industry; their net effect was to lower the manufacturing total by $\$ 0.08$ billion and to raise the non
    manufacturing total by $\$ 0.32$ billion.
[^2]:    2. However, management fees received from affiliates, Which are included in the statistics presented here, may include charges for services similar to these.
[^3]:    p Preliminary. $\quad{ }^{*}$ Less than $\$ 500,000$. n.s.s. Not shown separately.

    1. When not shown separately, EEC (6) is included with Other Western Europe, while Japan, and Australia, New Zealand, and South Africa are included with Other.

    Note.-Details may not add to totals because of rounding.

[^4]:    $p$ Preliminary. ${ }^{*}$ Less than $\$ 500,000$. n.s.s. Not shown separately.

    1. Receipts measure the net transactions between U.S. firms and their foreign affiliates; payments measure the net transactions between U.S.-based affiliates and their foreign parents.
    2. Excludes film rental receipts, which are includer with receipts of royalties and fees from foreign affiliates in line 10 ,
    table 2, of the balance of payments tables.
    3. When Zealand, and South Africa are included with Other.

    Note,-Details may not add to totals because of rounding.

[^5]:    p Preliminary.

    1. Excludes management fees and film rental receipts; measures the net transactions between U.S. firms and their affiliates.

    Note.-Details may not add to totals because of rounding.

[^6]:    Note.-The three authors were responsible for the first, second, and third major sections of the article, respectively. In addition, significant contributions were made by Juris E. Abolins and Ronald E. Reed to the preparation and presentation of these data and by Arnold A. Gilbert and Alan L. Tyson to the procedure for deriving universe estimates. The last named was also responsible for programing the estimating procedure.

    1. Previously, all data for 1957-73 were benchmarked to the 1957 census of U .S. direct investments bbroad.
[^7]:    Note.-In Highlights and Perspectives, Max Lechter wrote the section on Merchandise Trade and Leo Maley, the section on U.S. Corporate Capital.

[^8]:    1. Annual data shown in this table match corresponding country and area data in table 9
[^9]:    $r$ Revised. ${ }^{\circ}$ Preliminary. Less than $\$ 500,000( \pm)$.

    1. Credits, + : Exports of goods and services; unilateral transfers to U.S.; capital inflows (increase in U.S. liabilities or decrease in U.S. assets); decrease in U.S. official reserve assets.
    Debits, -: Imports of goods and services; unilateral transfers to foreigners; capital outflows (decrease in U.S. liabilities or increase in U.S. assets); increase in
    U.S. official reserve assets U.S. official reserve assets.
    2. Excludes transfers of goods and services under U.S. military grant programs.
    3. Excludes exports of goods under U.S. military agency sales contracts identified in Census export documents, and imports of goods included under direct defense expenditures identified (for valus import documents, and reflects (for valuation, coverage, and timing) to Census statistics; see table 4.
[^10]:    Revised. ${ }^{\boldsymbol{p}}$ Preliminary. *Less than $\$ 500,000$ ( $\pm$

    1. The identification of transactions involving direct dollar outflow from the United States is made in reports by each operating agency. However, such data for fourth quarter 1972 and third quarter 1973 are only extrapolated estimates by BEA, because of incomplete reports
    from one operating agency, and are to be revised in future issues of the SURVEY.
    2. Line A. 28 includes foreign currency collected as interest and line A. 30 includes foreign currency collected as principal, as recorded in lines A. 6 and A. 7 .
    3. Lines A. 29 and A. 31 include some short-term U.S. Government claims, collections of which are recorded in line A.34. Collections of these short-term claims recorded in lines A. 29 and B. 14 are included in line B. 15 .
    4. Consists of transfers of military goods and services financed by U.S. Government credits and of advance payments to the Defense Department (on military sales contracts) financed by credits extended to foreigners by U.S. Government agencies.
[^11]:    $\rightarrow$ Revised. ${ }^{\circ}$ Preliminary. ${ }^{*}$ Less than $\$ 500,000( \pm)$ n.a. Not available. 1. Acquisition of capital stock of existing and new ly established companies, capitalization

[^12]:    r Revised. ${ }^{p}$ Preliminary. *Less than $\$ 500,000$ ( $\pm$ ) n.a. Not available.

    1. Funds obtained by finance subsidiaries incorporated in the Netherlands Antilles from sources other than sales of newly issued securities are included to the extent that they are transferred to U.S. parent companies.
[^13]:    Note.-Details may not add to totais because of rounding.
    Note.-Details may not add to totais because of rounding.
    Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

[^14]:    See footnotes on page 54.

[^15]:    orinsured unemployment as \% of average covered employment in a 12 -month period.
    $\oplus$ Series revised to reflect recalculation of seasonal factors and trading-day adjustment; revisions back to 1964 are shown in the July 1972 Federal Reserve Bulletin, p. 634 . $\ddagger$ See note " $\ddagger$ ", p. S-13.
    OTotal SMSA's include some cities and counties not designated as SMSA's. Angeles-Long Beach. $\quad$ Includes data not shown separately.

[^16]:    - Revised. DPreliminary.

[^17]:    2 Revised. 1 Crop estimate for the year.
    : Annual total reflects revisions not distributed to the monthly data
    3 Average for Jan.-July and Oct.-Dec.

