





UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE / BUREAU OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS



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# the BUSINESS SITUATION

HE fourth-quarter deceleration in the increase in real GNP from the abnormally high third-quarter rate was somewhat larger than estimated a month ago-from about 12 percent to 5 percent, instead of 5½ percent. The largest downward revision was in inventories, as the liquidation of nonfarm inventories turned out to be a little heavier than estimated earlier. Business fixed investment and net exports were also revised downward; upward revisions in personal consumption expenditures (PCE) and government purchases were partial offsets. The effect of these changes on the totals for 1975 was small. In particular, the decline in real GNP from 1974 to 1975 remains 2 percent.

Overall price performance, as measured by the GNP implicit price deflator (IPD), was a little better than in the third quarter, although the improvement was less than estimated a month ago. The fourth-quarter IPD for GNP includes the pay raise for Federal employees, which amounted to about \$2 billion at an annual rate and is counted as an increase in the price of government purchases. If this item is excluded—in an attempt to focus more closely on changes in prices of goods and services produced in the business economy-the increase in overall prices decelerated from about 7 percent in the third quarter to 6¼ percent in the fourth. The major factors were improvements in food and energy prices in the PCE component of GNP. Food prices decelerated from an annual rate of increase of about 11 percent in the third quarter to about 31/2

percent in the fourth. (See table 25 in the newly expanded set of "National Income and Product Tables" that begins on page 7.) The corresponding deceleration in gasoline and oil was from 34 percent to 3½ percent, and in fuel oil and coal from 27 percent to  $16\frac{1}{2}$  percent. In contrast, the IPD for fixed investment increased faster in the fourth guarter than in the third-9 percent as compared with 2 percent. However, the measurement of capital goods prices remains difficult despite recent improvements in the price measure of structures and equipment that were fully incorporated in the estimates in the comprehensive revision of the national income and product accounts (NIPA's).

The price changes shown by the IPD's are confirmed by the alternative price measures that are part of the NIPA's-the chain price index and the fixed-weighted price index (see table 26 in the new set of tables). The quarterly changes of these three price measures are now fairly similar, in contrast to the situation prior to the comprehensive revisions of the NIPA's when the IPD frequently showed changes that were very different from those shown by the two other measures. The reason for this greater conformity is that all these price measures are now on a 1972 valuation period, and consequently differential price changes since the valuation period are much smaller than prior to the revision of the NIPA's, when the valuation period was 1958. Unlike the other two measures, which from quarter to quarter indicate pure price change, the IPD includes, in addition to pure price

change, the effects of shifts among GNP components that registered differential rates of price increase since the valuation period. Accordingly, given the reduced differentials in price increase, the behavior of the IPD is much closer to that of the other two price measures.

The Federal Reserve Board Index of Industrial Production (IIP) is used widely as an alternative to real GNP. even though its coverage is much narrower. In the fourth quarter, the IIP showed a larger increase than real GNP. Although it is not possible to strip down real GNP in a fully satisfactory way to make it comparable to the IIP, a rough adjustment suggests that much of the difference between the movements of the two measures in the fourth quarter was due to the seasonal adjustment of auto production. According to the GNP estimates, auto production declined from the third to the fourth quarter; an increase in sales of domestic autos was more than offset by a reduction in inventories. According to the IIP, the methodology of which does not distinguish between sales and inventory change, auto production increased in the fourth quarter.

# Inventories

Inventories were responsible for the fourth-quarter deceleration in the rate of increase in real GNP. Chart 1 shows that they were a small negative factor in the fourth quarter; in the third quarter, they had contributed \$20 billion at an annual rate to the \$33½ billion GNP increase. The increase in final sales was a little larger in the fourth quarter than in the third—\$15 billion as compared with \$13½ billion—and

1

CHART 1 thus offset some of the influence of inventories.

The small negative contribution made by inventories was the result of a larger decumulation of nonfarm inventories in the fourth quarter than in the third. A larger accumulation of farm inventories was a partial offset. Reflecting developments in inventories and final sales, the constant-dollar ratio of nonfarm inventories to nonfarm business final sales dropped to 0.249, which is low by historical standards.

Heavy liquidation of inventories held by durable goods manufacturers, and moderate accumulation of inventories held by nondurable goods manufacturers, continued in the fourth quarter. In wholesale trade, liquidation of durable goods ceased. A shift from accumulation in the third quarter to liquidation in the fourth in nondurable goods probably reflected the impact of grain transactions with the Soviet Union. In retail trade, nonauto inventories were reduced after changing little in the third quarter. As mentioned above, auto inventories were liquidated in the fourth quarter after substantial accumulation in the third.

## **Final sales**

PCE.—Real PCE increased about as much in the fourth quarter as in the third. Expenditures on motor vehicles and parts increased much less. Nonvehicle expenditures, which had been unusually weak in the third quarter, showed greater strength in the fourth, despite a decline in PCE on home heating. The latter reflected the unseasonably mild weather.

Real expenditures on new autos were up less than \$1 billion at an annual rate, as compared with \$3½ billion in the third quarter (table 5). In terms of unit sales, there was a slight decrease from the third quarter from 9.2 million (seasonally adjusted annual rate) to 9.1 million—as higher sales of domestic autos were more than offset by a reduction in imports. Total unit sales had increased 1.3 million in the third quarter. PCE on trucks also increased by a smaller amount in the fourth quarter than in the third.

Both the vehicle and nonvehicle por-

tions of PCE strengthened toward the end of the quarter. Unit sales of new domestic autos were at an annual rate of 8.0 million in December, as compared with an average of 7.6 million . in October and November. Real PCE other than on autos was at an annual rate of \$739 billion in December, as compared with an average of \$731 billion in the two preceding months.

Fixed investment.-The recovery in residential investment that began in the second quarter continued throughout the year, although it lost some of its momentum in the fourth quarter. Real nonresidential fixed investment increased for the first time since the first quarter of 1974. Investment in structures was up moderately, after having leveled off in the third quarter. Investment in producers' durable equipment other than in vehicles was up also. following declines in each earlier quarter of 1975. Investment in vehicles was down, after a substantial increase in the third quarter. These changes in vehicles investment reflected investment in autos; trucks increased in the fourth quarter, although somewhat less than in the third.

Other final sales.—Real net exports were unchanged in the fourth quarter, after declining in the third. Both imports and exports increased, and both by smaller amounts than in the third quarter. Imports and exports had declined until the third quarter; their subsequent increase was due to improved economic conditions in the United States and abroad, and, in the case of exports, increasing shipments of grain to the Soviet Union.

Real Federal purchases continued to increase in the fourth quarter; the bulk of the increase was in nondefense purchases. Real State and local purchases also continued to increase, despite weakness in construction. Both Federal and State and local government purchases are discussed elsewhere in this issue of the SURVEY, in the broader context of overall budgetary developments.

# Special table

The reconciliation of changes in compensation per hour and average hourly earnings is shown below.



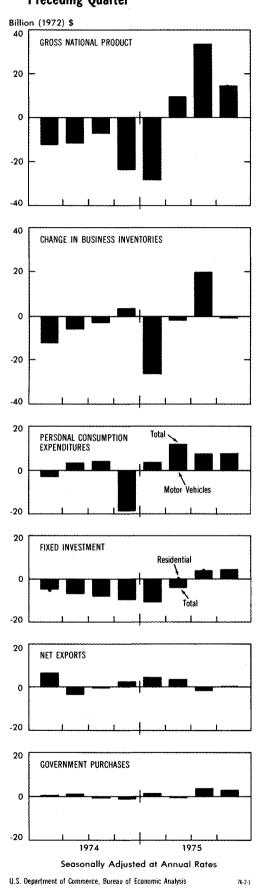


Table 1.—Reconciliation	of Changes	in Compe	nsation Per	Hour and	Average	Hourly
Earnings, Pr	ivate Nonfa	rm Econom	y, Seasonall	ly Adjusted	0	•

		19	75	
	I	II	III	IV
1. Compensation per hour of all persons (percent change at annual rate)	9.1	6.8	8.7	6.5
2. Less: Contribution of supplements	.9	.2	0	. 1
<ol> <li>Less: Contribution of employees of private households and government enterprises and self-employed and unpaid family workers</li> </ol>	5	.1	.9	2
<ol> <li>Equals: Wages and salaries per hour, all employees except private household and gov- ernment enterprises (percent change at annual rate).</li> <li>Less: Contribution of supervisory and nonproduction workers, non-BLS data, and detailed weighting, total.</li> </ol>	8.7 2.6	6.5 1.0	7.8	6.6 1.5
Commodity-producing industries Manufacturing. Distributive industries Service industries	2.3	.5 .5 .2 .3	7 7 .3	6 0 1
<ol> <li>Equals: Average hourly earnings, production and nonsupervisory workers, obtained from seasonally adjusted industry components (percent change at annual rate)</li></ol>	6.1	5,5	7.8	8, 1
7. Less: Contribution of seasonal adjustments by industry	-1.1	. 3	.5	3
8. Equals: Average hourly earnings, production and nonsupervisory workers (percent change at annual rate)	7.2	5, 2	7.3	8.4

# The Unemployed: Job Losers, Leavers, Reentrants, and **New Entrants**

Perspective on changes in the level of unemployment during the past 2 years is provided by data on the reasons why persons become unemployed. Bureau of Labor Statistics household survey data, which are available by age-sex group, divide the unemployed into four categories: job losers, job leavers, reentrants, and new entrants. Job losers are unemployed persons who left their last job involuntarily-because of a layoff, for example. Job leavers are unemployed persons who quit their last job and immediately began looking for work. Reentrants are those who once worked at a full-time job lasting 2 weeks or longer, and who then dropped out of the labor force before undertaking their current job search. New entrants are those who have never had a full-time job lasting 2 weeks or longer.

# Job losers

From the second quarter of 1974 to the second quarter of 1975, when total unemployment increased 75 percent, the rates of increase differed markedly for these four categories. Job losers increased 141 percent, from 1.9 to 4.6 million, as businesses discharged many workers. Within each of the three agesex groups shown in table 2-adult men, adult women, and teenagers-job losers

showed the largest rate of increase of any of the categories. As a result, the proportion of the unemployed represented by job losers increased from 42 percent in the second quarter of 1974 to 57 percent in the second quarter of 1975; among adult men this proportion increased from 63 to 77 percent, and among adult women, from 38 to 51 percent (table 3). Even among unemployed teenagers, most of whom are reentrants and new entrants, the proportion of job losers increased from 19 to 26 percent.

The pervasive effect of the huge increase in job losers is evidenced by the fact that the proportion of the unemployed represented by each of the other three categories declined in each agesex group. These declines are typical of a period of sharply rising unemployment. For example, from the fourth quarter of 1969 to the fourth quarter of 1970, when unemployment increased from 3.0 to 4.9 million, the proportion of the unemployed represented by job losers increased from 37 to 48 percent, and the proportion represented by each of the other categories decreased.

# **Reentrants and new entrants**

Compared to job losers, the other categories of the unemployed increased much more slowly from the second quarter of 1974 to the second quarter of 1975. Unemployed reentrants increased 39 percent, or 0.5 million, and new entrants 25 percent, or almost 0.2 million. These increases are the result of several factors. First, the number of persons entering and reentering the

Table 2.--Unemployed Persons and Rates of Change, by Age-Sex Group and Unemployment Category [Seasonally adjusted]

		Thousands		$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	change
	1974:II	:II 1975:II 1		1974:II-1975:II	1975: <b>II</b> -1975: <b>I</b> V
Total	4,654	8, 148	7, 918	75	
Job losers	1,932	4,650	4,287		
Job leavers.	725	815	857		
Reentrants	1,381	1,915	1, 917		1
New entrants	616	768	857	25	1
len, 20 years and over	1, 731	3,624	3, 532	109	_
Job losers	1,086	2,791	2,546	157	_
Job leavers	270	292	318		
Reentrants	329	467	576	42	
New entrants	46	73	93	58	2
omen, 20 years and over	1, 587	2, 741	2, 690	73	
Job losers	597	1,402	1, <b>3</b> 28	135	_
Job leavers	294	369	388	26	
Reentrants	603	870	854		
New entrants	93	101	119	8	1
oth sexes, 16-19 years	1, 336	1, 783	1, 697	33	-
Job losers	249	457	413	83	]
Job leavers	161	154	151		_
Reentrants.	449	578	487		
New entrants	477	594	645	24	

Note.—Details may not add to totals because of rounding. The figures reported here may differ somewhat from those published by the Bureau of Labor Statistics because of differences in seasonal adjustment. For each of the four categories in each age-sex group, BEA seasonally adjusted the data on the basis of seasonal factors derived from unadjusted monthly Bureau of Labor Statistics data from January 1969 to September 1975. All totals are the sums of their seasonally adjusted components.

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics; seasonal adjustment by the Bureau of Economic Analysis.

labor force may have been affected by the decline in economic activity. A downturn is usually thought to have a discouraging effect on labor force participation. However, this may not have been true in the recent recession. The severity of the unemployment and the rapid inflation, which reduced real incomes, may have encouraged persons who might not otherwise have looked for work to do so to supplement the reduced real incomes, or to compensate for the job loss, of primary workers. Once they decided to look for work, new labor force entrants and reentrants experienced greater difficulty in securing employment than they would have in a stronger economy, and consequently, were more likely to find themselves unemployed.

Table 3C	omposition of	Unemployment
by Age-Se	ex Group and	Unemployment
Category		
	[Percent]	

	1974: II	1975: II	1975: IV
Total:			
Job losers. Job leavers. Reentrants. New entrants.	29.7	57. 1 10. 0 2 <b>3</b> . 5 9. 4	54. 1 10. 8 24. 2 10. 8
Men, 20 years and over:			
Job losers Job leavers Reentrants New entrants	62.7 15.6 19.0 2.7	77.0 8.1 12.9 2.0	72. 1 9. ( 16. 2 2. (
Women, 20 years and over:			
Job losers Job leavers Reentrants New entrants	37.6 18.5 38.0 5.9	51. 1 13. 5 31. 7 3. 7	49. 4 14. 4 31. 4 4. 4
Both sexes, 16-19 years:	]		
Job losers. Job leavers. Reentrants. New entrants.	18.7 12.0 33.6 35.7	25. 6 8. 6 32. 4 33. 3	24. 8. 28. 38.

Note.-Details may not add to 100 percent because of rounding.

Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics; seasonal adjustment by the Bureau of Economic Analysis.

## Job leavers

The rate of increase in the unemployed was smallest—12 percent—for job leavers. This finding is characteristic of a period of weak labor demand, when workers are reluctant to leave a job without first securing another position. The number of unemployed teenage job leavers actually declined slightly. Among the three age-sex groups, adult women job leavers increased most—26 percent. This increase

may reflect a secular growth in the number of unemployed women job leavers. This number, which was similar to the figure for adult men from 1969 to 1971, has generally exceeded the number of adult men job leavers during the past several years. A possible explanation for this phenomenon is the faster labor force growth among women than men. Another possibility is that in response to enhanced job opportunities, which have resulted in part from the drive for women's rights, women are in a better position to leave their jobs.

During the four-quarter 1969-70 period cited earlier, the increase in unemployed job leavers was larger (38 percent), and was comparable to the increase in reentrants (35 percent) and new entrants (38 percent). The smaller rate of increase in job leavers during the more recent downturn may be attributable to its more severe nature, which discouraged risk-taking in the labor market.

# The recovery

Labor market conditions have improved since the second quarter of 1975, and, through the fourth quarter, unemployment has declined slightly. This decline has affected job losers most. Meanwhile, the number of unemployed new entrants has risen in each age-sex group. The increases in unemployed new entrants may be due to the fact that some of these persons were encouraged to enter the labor force by the improvement in the economic outlook.

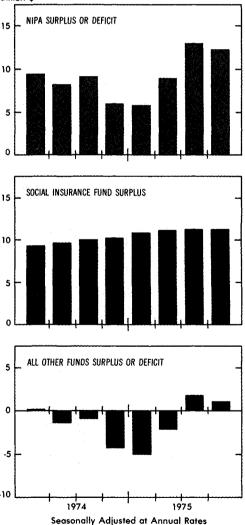
# **State and Local Fiscal Position**

The fiscal performance of the Statelocal sector in 1975, as measured in the national income and product accounts, was characterized by the second largest increase in receipts in the past 5 years, and by a moderation in the growth of expenditures. Almost one-half the increase in receipts was due to Federal aid; the remainder was largely due to the higher taxable incomes generated by the economic recovery. The slowdown in expenditure growth in part reflected the reduced rate of inflation affecting many commodities and services purchased by State and local governments, especially fuel and electric power. In addition, growth of State-local employment (excluding the federally financed programs of public service employment) and construction outlays slowed markedly; construction outlays increased only 4 percent in 1975 as compared with 20 percent in 1974. Partly offsetting were large increases in recession-induced welfare outlays, particularly medical vendor payments and aid to families with dependent children.

The overall fiscal position of State and local governments changed very little as compared with 1974. For 1975, the State-local surplus was about \$2 billion larger than the \$8 billion in 1974.

# State and Local Governments





U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

CHART 2

 $\mathbf{5}$ 

The surplus, after peaking in the fourth quarter of 1972, when the first general revenue-sharing payments were made, declined steadily for eight of the next nine quarters; only a small increase in the third quarter of 1974 broke the decline. The low point was reached in the October 1974-March 1975 period, when the surplus was only about \$6 billion at annual rates; large improvements in the second and third quarters of 1975 were followed by a slight decline in the fourth quarter (chart 2).

However, when receipts and expenditures of social insurance funds are excluded, a deficit of about \$1 billion emerges for 1975; this was a slight improvement over 1974. Quarterly, there was a strong recovery after the first-quarter low. (State-local social insurance funds generally record surpluses, but the surpluses are not usually available to finance capital spending projects or deficits in operating funds. Accordingly, these surpluses are usually excluded when the aggregate fiscal position of these governments is assessed.)

#### Receipts

The 1975 increase in receipts, \$23.0 billion, was the largest since 1972, when the first general revenue-sharing payments were made (table 4). Grants rose \$10.4 billion, more than three times the 1974 increase; this rise was largely due to court-ordered releases of impounded funds and higher grants for public service jobs and income maintenance. Contributions for social insurance rose \$1.4 billion. about the same as in 1974. State-local receipts other than grants and contributions for social insurancegeneral own-source receipts-rose \$11.2 billion, about the same as in 1974, but well below the increases in 1971-73. Indirect business taxes rose \$7.4 billion, slightly less than in 1971-73, but \$0.8 billion more than in 1974. The major change was in gasoline tax receipts, which gained moderately in 1975 after a decline in 1974. The increase in personal taxes and nontaxes, about \$3.8 billion, was the strongest since 1972. Rising nominal wages and salaries were an important part of the increase; charges for educational and health services also rose sharply as governments tried to recover increased costs in public higher educational institutions and hospitals. Corporate profits tax accruals were unchanged for the year as a whole; a decline in the first half of the year was followed by a strong recovery.

As can be seen from the table, almost 90 percent of the total increase in general own-source receipts was due to higher taxable incomes, sales, and property values. Imposition of new taxes or legislated rate increases and base changes in existing taxes (structural changes) contributed about \$1.2 billion to the increase.

About one-half of the 1975 increase in receipts due to structural changes was accounted for by indirect business taxes—largely selective sales taxes (in-

Table 4.-State and Local Government Receipts, Change From Previous Year

[Billions of dollars]					
		Ca	lendar ye	ears	
	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975
Total receipts, national income and product accounts basis	17.7	24.8	16.4	15, 6	23.0
Less: Contributions for social insurance Federal grants-in-aid	1.0 4.6	.9 8.5	1.2 3.0	1.4 3.3	1.4 10.4
Equals: General own-source receipts, total Due to higher incomes Due to tax changes	10.1	15.4 11.2 4.2	12.1 11.5 .6	10. 9 10. 9	11, 2 10, 0 1, 2
Indirect business tax and nontax accruals, total. Due to higher incomes. Due to tax changes.	7.5	8.0 6.8 1.2	7.9 7.5 .4	6.6 6.4 .2	7.4 6.8 .6
Personal taxes and nontaxes, total Due to higher incomes Due to tax changes	2.4	6.7 <b>3.8</b> 12.9	3.4 3.4	3.3 3.5 —.2	3.8 3.6 .2
Corporate profits tax accruals, total Due to higher incomes Due to tax changes	.2	.8 .6 .2	.7 .6 .2	1.0 1.0	.1 4 .5

1. Includes \$1.3 billion shift in withholding patterns.

one tax to another. For example, Michigan removed grocery food sales from the sales tax base at the beginning of 1975 and later increased personal income tax rates to compensate for most of the revenue loss. With the removal of grocery food sales from the sales tax base of Michigan and also of the District of Columbia, the number of States that levy such taxes fell to 26. Five of these States permit credits or reductions for sales taxes paid on groceries in the determination of income tax liability. Several States added specified services to the transactions subject to general sales taxes. Changes in personal income tax rates, which led to a small decrease in receipts in 1974, led to a small increase in 1975. Increased corporate profits tax rates added another \$0.5

cluding gasoline taxes), business license

taxes, and local general sales taxes. A

number of changes involved shifts from

### Expenditures

billion to receipts.

State-local expenditures rose \$21.3 billion in 1975, about \$1 billion more than in 1974 (table 5). If the compensation of public service employment is removed, the 1975 increase is less than the 1974 increase. This compensation, which is financed almost entirely by Federal grants, amounted to about \$2 billion in 1975 as opposed to \$0.5 billion in 1974.

Compensation of State and local government employees—setting aside public service employment payrolls increased 9 percent in 1975 as compared with 10 percent in 1974. The 1975 deceleration reflected slower growth in employment—2.5 percent as compared with almost 4 percent; average compensation rose 6 percent in 1974 and 1975.

Purchases of structures were only 4 percent higher than in 1974, and showed little increase after the fourth quarter of 1974. This slowdown followed the large increase that began in 1973 and peaked in mid-1974. Construction of general public buildings and of water, sewer, and conservation facilities increased in 1975, while most other types declined. Despite the slowdown in construction, total State-local borrowing rose strongly, and the proportion of capital outlays financed by borrowing increased significantly. This reflected a reduction in current receipts available to finance new construction and other capital outlays; these receipts were needed increasingly to cover the cost of current operations, which continued to rise through 1975.

payments rose Medical vendor sharply in the first half of 1975, and moderately in the last half. These payments are purchases of goods and services on behalf of welfare recipients. Because the number of recipients changes in response to economic conditions, medical vendor payments increased more rapidly as these conditions worsened in late 1974 and early 1975. For 1975 as a whole, the rise in medical vendor payments exceeded \$2 billion, half again as large as the increase in any previous year. Rising medical costs also contributed to the rapid increase.

Transfer payments increased \$2.5 billion; half of it was in aid to families with dependent children. Such transfers increased almost 16 percent in 1975, as compared with 10 percent in 1974; the 1975 increase was by far the largest in the past 4 years.

Interest receipts (including investment earnings by social insurance funds) continued to exceed interest payments in 1975, but the gap between them narrowed, because liquid balances held by general government funds were run down and borrowing costs remained high.

#### Outlook

The overall fiscal improvement that began in mid-1975 is likely to continue through 1976, although Federal grants introduce uncertainties into the picture. On the expenditures side, slackened growth is expected to continue. The increase in construction outlays is expected to slow further because: (1) the heavy use of initial revenue-sharing payments for construction in 1973 and 1974 substantially reduced the backlog of capital projects; (2) school construction will continue to decline as the school-age population declines; (3) borrowing costs, already high, might well move higher as a result of New York City's present difficulties; (4) construction outlays are likely to be hampered, because expenditures for current operations will continue to claim a large share of current receipts; and (5) recent widespread voter rejections of bond proposals may have a depressing effect on capital spending. Increases in spending for welfare transfers and medical vendor payments should decline as the economy improves. Employee compensation may pick up in 1976.

Further increases in own-source receipts are likely through 1976 as the economy continues to recover, and further tax increases are likely also. In addition, changes that occurred last year in New York, Massachusetts, and the District of Columbia will have their major effect on State-local receipts in 1976.

Federal grants almost certainly will not repeat the \$10 billion rise that occurred in 1975, nor is it likely that this will be necessary for continued improvement in the State-local fiscal position. However, if the rise in grants is severely reduced, to less than about \$5 billion, the position can be expected to worsen.

Table 5.-State and Local Government Expenditures, Change From Previous Year

[Billions of dollars]

		Ca	lendar yea	rs	
	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975
Total	16.8	14.8	17.2	20.4	21, 3
Purchases of goods and services Compensation of employees Public service jobs Other Structures Other purchases	14.3 8.5 .1 8.4 1.1 4.7	13.5 8.8 1.0 7.8 .2 4.4	17.0 9.9 .0 9.9 2.1 5.0	21.49.269.95.66.6	18.611.01.59.51.46.2
Transfer payments	2.6	1.7	1.4	3	2.5
Net interest paid	.2	3	7	7	. 6
Subsidies less current surplus of enterprises	2	~.4	3	.0	4
Less: Wage accruals less disbursements	.2	3	.1	.0	.0

# NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT TABLES

			19	74		19	75				19	74		193	75	
	1974	1975 *	III	IV	I	II	ш	IV	1974	1975 *	m	IV	I	II	m	IV
			1	Seasonall	y adjuste	ed at ann	ual rates	5			5	Seasonally	y adjuste	đ at ann	ual rates	
		·	Billi	ons of cu	rrent dol	lars			<u>-</u>		Bil	lions of 1	972 dollar	rs		
Table	1.—Gr	oss Na	tional	Produ	et in (	Curren	t and	Consta	ant Do	llars (1	1.1, 1.2	)				
Gross national product	1, 406, 9	1, 498. 8	1, 424, 4	1, 441. 3	1, 433, 6	1, 460, 6	1, 528, 5	1, 572. 5	1, 210, 7	1, 186.0	1, 210, 2	1, 186, 8	1, 158, 6	1, 168. 1	1, 201. 5	1, 215.
Personal consumption expenditures	. 885, 9	963. 8	907.7	908.4	926, 4	950, 3	977.4	1, 001. 0	759,8	766.9	767.2	748, 9	752, 3	764.1	771.6	779.
Durable goods Nondurable goods Services	121, 9 375, 7 388, 3	128.1 409.8 426.0	128, 9 383, 9 394, 9	117.3 387.1 404.0	118.9 394.1 413.4	123.8 404.8 421.6	131. 8 416. 4 429, 2	137.6 423.7 439.7	112, 5 303, 0 344, 4	109.5 306.6 350.7	116, 8 304, 7 345, 7	102, 9 298, 9 <b>347</b> , 2	104. 0 300. 8 347. 5	106.5 306.9 350.8	112.3 308.0 351.2	115. 310. 353.
Gross private domestic investment	212, 2	182. 6	207.6	210.3	168.7	161.4	194.9	205.4	180, 0	138.3	173.2	166, 9	129.7	124.1	147.8	151
Fixed investment Nonresidential Structures. Producers' durable equipment Residential. Nonfarm structures. Farm structures. Producers' durable equipment	147.9 54.4 93.5 54.6 52.2 1.0	197.3 148.5 52.7 95.8 48.7 46.8 .6 1.3	203. 1 148. 1 54. 0 94. 1 55. 0 52. 7 . 9 1. 4	199.8 151.1 56.1 95.0 48.7 46.3 1,2 1.3	193.5149.354.994.444.242.6.41.2	191. 1 146. 1 51. 1 95. 0 45. 0 43. 1 .5 1. 3	197. 1 146. 7 51. 2 95. 6 50. 4 48. 2 . 8 1. 4	207. 4 151. 9 53. 6 98. 3 55. 4 53. 3 .7 1. 4	172. 2 127. 5 42. 7 84. 9 44. 7 42. 6 .8 1. <b>3</b>	148.8 112.2 37.2 75.1 36.6 35.0 .4 1.1	169.0 125.0 40.6 84.4 44.1 42.0 .7 1.3	159. 3 120. 8 40. 5 80. 3 38. 5 36. 4 .9 1. 2	148.7 115.2 38.9 76.3 33.6 32.3 .3 1.0	144. 8 110. 8 36. 2 74. 7 34. 0 32. 4 . 4 1. 1	148.7 110.6 36.2 74.5 38.0 36.2 .6 1.2	153 112 37 74 40 39
Change in business inventories Nonfarm Farm	. 11.6	-14.6 -16.5 1.9	4.4 7.6 -3.2	10.4 13.7 -3.2	-24.8 -23.3 -1.5	$ \begin{array}{c} -29.6 \\ -29.6 \\1 \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} -2.1 \\ -5.7 \\ 3.6 \end{array}$	-2.0 -7.5 5.6	7.7 8.5 8	-10.5 -11.8 1.3	4.2 5.6 -1.4	7.6 9.0 1.5	-19.0 -17.9 -1.2	-20.7 -20.6 1	8 -3.3 2.5	$ \begin{array}{c} -1 \\ -5 \\ 3 \end{array} $
Net exports of goods and services	. 7.7	21. 2	3, 2	8.2	17.3	24.2	22, 1	21. 2	16.6	23, 3	15, 1	17.4	21.5	24.9	23, 5	23
Exports Imports	144.2 136.5	147.7 126.5	148.6 145.5	153.6 145.3	148.2 130.9	140.7 116.4	148, 5 126, 4	153.5 132.2	97.6 81.0	90.5 67.2	96.9 81.9	95.7 78.3	90.7 69.2	86.8 62.0	90.8 67.3	93 70
Government purchases of goods and services	. 301.1	331. 2	305, 9	314.4	321.2	324.7	334.1	344.8	254.3	257.6	254.7	253, 6	255, 1	254.9	258,7	261
Federal. National defense Nondefense State and local	34.3	123. 2 84. 0 39. 2 208. 0	113.6 78.4 35.1 192.3	118.2 80.5 37.7 196.3	119.4 81.4 38.0 201.9	119, 2 82, 1 37, 1 205, 5	124, 2 84, 9 39, 3 209, 9	129.9 87.4 42.5 214.8	95. 0 159. 3	94. 3 163. 3	95. 7 159. 0	94. 7 158. 9	93. 7 	92. 4 162. 5	94.9 163.8	96  165
Table 2.—Gross Na	ational	Produ	ict by	Major	Туре	of Proc	luct in	ı Curr	ent an	d Cons	stant I	ollars	(1.3, 1	.5)	1	·
Gross national product	1, 406, 9	1, 498. 8	1, 424. 4	1, 441. 3	1, 433. 6	1, 460. 6	1, 528, 5	1, 572. 5	1, 210, 7	1, 186. 0	1, 210, 2	1, 186. 8	1, 158.6	1, 168, 1	1,201.5	1, 215
Final sales Change in business inventories	1, 397.2	1, 513. 4 14. 6	1, 420. 0 4. 4	1, <b>430</b> . 9 10. 4	1,458.4 24.8	1,490.2 29.6	1, 530. 6 -2. 1	1,574.4 -2.0	1, 20 <b>3</b> . 0 7. 7	1, 196. 6 -10. 5	1,206.0 4.2	1, 179. 3 7. 6	1, 177.6 	1,188.7 -20.7	1, 202. 4 8	1,217
Goods	636, 3	676.3	644.6	647.7	635, 4	653.9	698, 9	16, 8	549.9	530.1	552.4	531, 9	510, 1	518.4	542.7	549
Final sales Change in business inventories	626.5 9.7	690.9 14.6	640. 2 4. 4	637.3 10.4	660.2 -24.8	683.5 29.6	701.1 -2.1	718.7 -2.0	542.2 7.7	540.7 	548.2 4.2	524.4 7.6	529.2 -19.0	539.0 20.7	543.5 8	551 -1
Durable goods Final sales Change in business inventories	. 238.5	251.1 261.7 -10.6	251.7 245.8 5.9	254.1 239.3 14.9	229.2 243.8 -14.6	243.3 258.8 -15.5	$\begin{array}{c c} 261.9 \\ 267.5 \\ -5.6 \end{array}$	269.9 276.7 6.8	$223.\ 5\\217.\ 7\\5.\ 8$	$\begin{array}{c} 203.4 \\ 211.4 \\ -7.9 \end{array}$	226.0 221.6 4.4	215.9 205.2 10.7	191.6 203.4 -11.7	198.2 209.7 11.5	210. 7 214. 3 3. 7	213 218 -4
Nondurable goods Final sales	390.2 388.0	425.2 429.2	393. 0 394. 4	393.6 398.0	406.2	410.6	437.0 433.5	446.9 442.1	326.5 324.5	326.7 329.3	326. 4 326. 6	316.1 319.2 -3.1	318.5 325.8 -7.3	320.2 329.4 -9.2	332.0 329.2 2.8	336 332 3
					416.4	424.7				-2.6	2	-0.1				560
Change in business inventories	<b>624, 1</b>	-4.0 681.2	-1.4 632.5	-4.4 649.7	-10. 2 659. 3	-14. 1 672, 0	3.5 688.1	4.8 705.4	1.9 544.7	2.6 554.4	2 545. 1	548, 1	548, 1	552.5	556.7	300
Change in business inventories	2.2	-4.0	-1.4	-4.4	-10.2	-14.1	3.5	4.8	1.9	1					556.7 102,2	106
Change in business inventories	2. 2 624. 1 146. 6	-4.0 681.2 141.3	-1.4 632.5 147.2	-4.4 649.7 143.9	-10. 2 659. 3 138. 9	-14. 1 672. 0 134. 6	3. 5 688. 1 141. 4	4.8 705.4 150.3	1.9 544.7 116.1	554.4 101.5	545. 1 112. 7	548, 1 106, 8	548, 1	552.5		
Change in business inventories	2.2 624.1 146.6 Gross N	-4.0 681.2 141.3 ationa	-1.4 632.5 147.2 I Prod	-4.4 649.7 143.9 uct by	-10. 2 659. 3 138. 9 • Secto	-14.1 672.0 134.6 r in Cu	3.5 688.1 141.4 urrent	4.8 705.4 150.3 and C	1.9 544.7 116.1	554.4 101.5 nt Doll	545.1 112.7 ars (1.	548.1 106.8 7, 1.8)	548. 1 100. 4	552.5		
Change in business inventories	2.2 624.1 146.6 Gross N - 1,406.9 - 1,392.5	-4.0 681,2 141,3 ationa	-1.4 632.5 147.2 1 Prod	-4.4 649.7 143.9 uct by	-10. 2 659. 3 138. 9 Secto	-14. 1 672. 0 134. 6 r in Cu 1, 460. 6	3.5 688.1 141.4 urrent	4.8 705.4 150.3 and C	1.9 544.7 116.1 Constan	554.4 101.5 nt Doll	545.1 112.7 ars (1.	548, 1 106, 8 7, 1.8)	548. 1 100. 4	552.5 97.2 1,168.1	102, 2 1, 201, 5 1, 196, 1	106 1, 215, 1, 211,
Change in business inventories	2. 2 624, 1 146, 6 1, 406, 9 1, 392, 5 1, 186, 6 1, 138, 7 48, 5	-4.0 681,2 141,3 ationa	-1.4 632.5 147.2 1 Prod	-4.4 649.7 143.9 uct by 1,441.3 1,426.6 1,213.2	-10. 2 659. 3 138. 9 Secto 1, 433. 6 1, 424. 0 1, 205. 5	-14. 1 672. 0 134. 6 r in Cu 1, 460. 6 1, 450. 6	3.5 688.1 141.4 urrent 1,528.5 1,516.9 1,289.2	4.8 705.4 150.3 and C 1,572.5 1,562.2 1,328.3 -54.4	1.9 544.7 116.1 0015121 1,210.7 1,203.7 1,024.4 993.5 31.5	554. 4 101. 5 <b>nt Doll</b> 1, 186. 0 1, 181. 3 997. 1 965. 6 35. 1	545.1 112.7 ars (1. 1,210.2 1,204.6 1,024.7 991.8 31.0	548. 1 106. 8 7, 1.8) 1, 186. 8 1, 180. 3 1, 000. 1 965. 8 31. 9	548.1 100.4 1,158.6 1,154.3 972.1 939.6 35.0	552.5 97.2 1,168.1	102, 2	106 1, 215.
Change in business inventories	2. 2 624. 1 146. 6 5 ross N - 1, 406. 9 - 1, 392. 5 - 1, 186. 6 - 1, 138. 7 - 48. 5 6	-4.0 681.2 141.3 ationa 1,498.8 1,488.4 1,262.6 1,217.2 50.1	-1.4 632.5 147.2 1 Prod 1,424.4 1,410.6 1,203.1 1,155.6	-4.4 649.7 143.9 uct by 1,441.3 1,426.6 1,213.2 1,161.7 48.6	-10. 2 659. 3 138. 9 Secto 1, 433. 6 1, 424. 0 1, 205. 5 1, 162. 9 45. 8	-14. 1 672. 0 134. 6 r in Cu 1, 460. 6 1, 450. 6 1, 227. 4 1, 191. 3 45. 1	3.5 688.1 141.4 arrent 1,528.5 1,516.9 1,289.2 1,237.5 55.0	4.8 705.4 150.3 and C 1,572.5 1,562.2 1,328.3 -54.4	1.9 544.7 116.1 1.210.7 1,203.7 1,024.4 993.5 31.5 31.5	554. 4 101. 5 nt Doll 1, 186. 0 1, 181. 3 997. 1 965. 6	545. 1 112. 7 ars (1. 1, 210. 2 1, 204. 6 1, 024. 7 991.8 31.0 2. 0	548, 1 106, 8 7, 1.8) 1, 186, 8 1, 180, 3 1, 000, 1 965, 8	548.1 100.4 1,158.6 1,154.3 972.1 939.6	552. 5 97. 2 1, 168. 1 1, 163. 5 979. 5 954. 3 32. 3	102, 2 1, 201, 5 1, 196, 1 1, 011, 1 977, 1 36, 5	106 1, 215, 1, 211, 1, 025, 36,
Change in business inventories	2. 2 624, 1 146, 6 7 ross N 1, 406, 9 1, 392, 5 1, 186, 6 1, 138, 7 48, 5 6 44, 8 - 44, 8 - 44, 8 - 161, 1 - 54, 7	-4.0 681.2 141.3 ationa 1,498.8 1,488.4 1,262.6 1,217.2 50.1 -4.6	-1.4 632.5 147.2 1 Prod 1,424.4 1,410.6 1,203.1 1,155.6 45.1 2.4	-4.4 649.7 143.9 uct by 1,441.3 1,426.6 1,213.2 1,161.7 48.6 2.9 46.5 166.9 56.9 56.9	-10.2 659.3 138.9 Secto 1,433.6 1,424.0 1,205.5 1,162.9 45.8 -3.2 47.5 170.9 57.6	-14. 1 672. 0 134. 6 r in Cu 1, 460. 6 1, 450. 6 1, 227. 4 1, 191. 3 45. 1 -8. 9	3.5 688.1 141.4 1.528.5 1,516.9 1,287.5 55.0 3.2 50.2 177.4 58.6	4.8 705.4 150.3 and C 1,572.5 1,562.2 1,328.3 -54.4 51.6 182.2 61.0	1.9 544.7 116.1 0005101 1,210.7 1,203.7 1,024.4 993.5 31.5 5 38.5 140.8 47.9	554.4 101.5 <b>at Doll</b> 1, 186.0 1, 181.3 997.1 965.6 35.1 -3.7 39.2 145.1 47.8	545.1 112.7 ars (1. 1,210.2 1,204.6 1,024.7 991.8 31.0 2.0 38.8 141.1 48.0	548.1 106.8 7, 1.8) 1, 186.8 1, 180.3 1, 000.1 965.8 31.9 2.4	548, 1 100, 4 1, 158, 6 1, 154, 3 972, 1 939, 6 35, 0 -2, 6 38, 8 143, 5 47, 9	552.5 97.2 1,168.1 1,163.5 979.5 954.3 32.3 -7.1	102, 2 1, 201, 5 1, 196, 1 1, 011, 1 977, 1 36, 5 -2, 5	106 1, 215, 1, 211, 1, 025, 

to revision next month. \* Preliminary. 1. Equals GNP in constant dollars measured as the sum of final products less GNP in constant dollars measured as the sum of gross product by industry.

business inventories is classified as durable or nondurable by type of product. Change in duced by the establishment holding the inventory; for trade, by the type of product sold by the establishment holding the inventory; for construction, durable; and for other industries, nondurable.

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		1	19	74		19	75				19	074	-		1975	
	1974	1975 *	ш	IV	I	п	III	IV	1974	1975 *	III	IV	I	п	ш	IV
			٤	Seasonall	y adjuste	ed at ann	ual rates	5			£	Seasonall	y adjuste	ed at ann	ual rates	
			Billi	ons of cu	irrent dol	lars					Bi	llions of 1	1972 dolla	rs		
Table 4.—Net Nationa	l Prod	ict an	d Nati	onal Ir	icome	by Se	ctor in	Curre	ent and	l Cons	tant D	ollars	(1.11,	1.12)		
Net national product	1, 272, 9	1, 346. 8	1, 288. 3	1, 299. 3	1, 288. 2	1, 311, 1	1, 373. 8	1, 413. 9	1,094.0	1,063.8	1, 092. 8	1, 067. 6	1,038.5	1, 046, 8	1,078.6	1,091.
Net domestic product	1					-			1,087.0	1, 059, 1	1,087.2	-	1, 034. 3	1,042.3	1, 073, 2	1,086.
Business			} `					1, 169. 8	907.7	874.8	907.3	880.9	852.0	858.2	888.2	900.9
Nonfarm <sup>»</sup> Farm	<b>1, 014.</b> 7 <b>38.</b> 5	1, 075. 9 39. 3	1, 029. 6 35. 0	1, 030. 0 38. 2	1, 028. 0 35. 3	1, 052. 4 34. 5	1, 093. 5 44. 2	43.4	884.8 23.5	851.5 27.0	882.4 22.9	854.8 23.7	827.6 26.9	841.2 24.2	862.3 28.4	28.0
Statistical discrepancy	6	4.6	2.4	2.9	-3.2	-8.9	-3.2		<u>.</u> .							
Residual p1 Households and institutions Government	. 44.8	49.5 176.3	45.6 161.9	46.5 166.9	47.5 170.9	48.7 174.5	50.2 177.4	51.6 182.2	5 38.5 140.8	-3.7 39.2 145.1	2.0 38.8 141.1	2.4 38.4 141.8	-2.6 38.8 143.5	-7.1 39.2 144.8	-2.5 39.4	39.
Rest of the world	1	170. 3	13.7	14.8	9.6	174.5	11.6	182.2	7.0	4.7	5,6	6.5	4.3	4.5	145.7 5.4	146. 4.
National income		1					1, 232, 5	-	977.4	949.4	973.5	948.5	924,7	935.9	962.7	4.
Domestic income	1		L.	l .		-	1, 220. 9		970.4	944.7	967.9	942.0	920.4	931.4	957, 3	
Business		973.6	930.0	933.1	927.1	947.6	993.3		791.0	760.4	788.0	761.7	738.1	747.3	772.3	
Nonfarm	. 884.0	936.8	897.0	896.9	894.2	915.7	951. 7		766.1	731.8	763.6	736.6	709.4	721.6	742.3	
Farm	- 36.7	36.8	33.0	36.2	32.9	31.9	41.5	40.7	25.0	28.6	24.3	25.2	28.7	25.7	30.0	30.
Households and institutions		49.5	45.6	46.5	47.5	48.7	50.2	51.6	38.5	39.2	38.8	38.4	38.8	39.2	39.4	39.1
Government	1	176.3	161.9	166.9	170.9	174.5	177.4	182.2	140.8	145.1	141.1	141.8	143. 5	144.8	145.7	146.
Rest of the world	- 14.4	10.4	13.7	14.8	9.6	10.0	11.6	10.3	7.0	4.7	5.6	6,5	4, 3	4.5	5.4	4.
T	able 5.	-Auto	Outp	ut in (	Curren	t and	Const	ant De	ollars (	(1.16, 1	.17)					
Auto output Final sales	42.9 42.1					42.5 43.0	53.0 48.5					36.1 33.8				40. 43.
Personal consumption expenditures New autos			40.8	32, 4 23, 3		34.5 26.9	39. 4 31. 0				36. 4 29. 1				33.2 26.9	
Net purchases of used autos Producers' durable equipment	- 8.7	7.8	9.5	9.1	6.2			9.0	7.2	6.1	7.4	6.7	5.4	6.1	6.3	6.
New autos Net purchases of used autos	. 11.7	12.9	14.1	10.6	10.8	12.2	15.1	13.7	11.1	11.2	13.0	9.5	9.7	10.6		-2
Net exports Exports	-2.7	-1.6	-3.0	-1.3	-1.5	9	-2.2	-1.9	-1.8	5	-2.1	7	6	.0	5.0	5.
Imports Government purchases of goods and services	7.3	7.1		6.6	6.2		8.0	8.2	6.2	5.3	6.5	5.4				
Change in inventories of new and used autos			1	1				1		9			-5.2	.0	3.7	-2
New Used			1.5			6										
Addenda: Domestic output of new autos 2			<b>3</b> 9. 9			34.7	45.6									
Sales of imported new autos <sup>3</sup>	<u> </u>		10.4	1	<u> </u>	10.8	1		1	1			1		1	9.
Table 6.—Personal Consu	1	1	1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	T	T	
Personal consumption expenditures		963.8	907.7	908.4	926.4	950.3		1,001.0 137.6	759.8	766.9	767.2	748.9	752.3	764.1	771.6	115
Motor vehicles and parts	-	128.1 49.5	128.9	117.3	118.9 44.6	123.8 46.1	131.8 52.1	55.1	44.4	42.4	48.3	37.7	39.6	39.8	44.4	45.
Furniture and household equipment	. 54.7	49.0 57.4 21.1	53.5 55.9 19.6	43.6 54.3 19.4	54.1 20.2	40.1 57.0 20.8	58.3 21.4	60.4 22.2	50.5 17.6	49.3	50.9 17.6	48.2	47.1	49.1	49.9 18.0	51.
Nondurable goods	1	409.8	383.9	387.1	20. 2 394, 1	404.8	416, 4	423.7	303.0	306.6	304.7	298, 9	300.8	306.9	308, 0	310
Food		209.1	193.2	197.4	202.8	206.6	211.4	215.6	147.1	150.2	149.1	146.4	148.2	150.7	150.2	151.
Clothing and shoes Gasoline and oil	65.2	69.9 40.3	66.5 38.2	64.8 38.8	66.7 38.1	69.0 39.6	71.3 41.2	72.5 42.1		$61.2 \\ 25.9$	59.2 25.0	57.1 26.5	58.7 26.1	60.9 26.3		62. 25.
Fuel oil and coal	. 9.5	10, 2 80, 3	9.9 76.1	9.8 76.1	9.4 77.1	10.1 79.5	11.1 81.5		5.2 67.0		5.2 66.3	5.1 63.8	5.0 62.8	5.3 63.7		5. 65.
Services		426.0	394.9	404.0	413.4	421.6	429.2	439.7	344.4	350, 7	345.7	347.2	347.5	350, 8	351, 2	353,
Housing	136.0	148.8	137, 4	140.7	143.9	147.0	150.2	154.1	122.8	127.4	123.3	124.3	125.5	126.9	128.0	
Household operation Electricity and gas	- 56.4	63.3 28.7	57.9 25.0	$59.2 \\ 26.2$	60.6 27.3	63.1 28.9	64.7 29.8	64.9 28.9	48.4 19.7	49.4 20.4	48.9 20.0	48.8 20.2	48.7		49.9	49. 19.
Other	- 32.3	34.6	32.9	33.0	33. 3	34.2	35.0	<b>3</b> 6.0	28.8	29.0	28.8	28.6	28.5	1	29.2	
Transportation Other	- 30.9 - 165.0	<b>34.</b> 1 179. 8	31.4 168.2	$\begin{array}{c} 32.1\\172.0\end{array}$	33.0 175.9	33.5 177.9	34.2 180.1	35.5 185.2	28.5 144.7	28.4 145.5	28.6 145.0	28.3 145.8	28.4 144.9	28.3 145.8	28.2 145.1	
<ul> <li>Preliminary.</li> <li>1. Equals GNP in constant dollars measured</li> </ul>		<u>!</u>	<u>.</u>	•	1	3 (	Consists	of nerso	nal cons	umption	expendi	tures. pr	oducers'	durable	equipm	ent, an
						0. 1	nment p	ຸມະມູບເປ								

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# Table 7.--Inventories and Final Sales of Business in Current and Constant Dollars (5.9, 5.10)

	Ī		197	74		197	5			<u> </u>	19	74		197		<u></u>
											T					
	1974	1975	III	IV	I	п	ш	IV	1974	1975	m }	IV	I	п	ш	IV
				S	asonally	adjusted	1					S	asonally	adjusted	1	
			Billi	ons of cu	rrent dol	lars					Bil	lions of 1	972 dolla	rs		
Inventories <sup>1</sup>			413, 9	422.3	412.6	413.1	423.7	426, 3			299. 3	301.1	296.4	291, 2	291, 0	290,6
Farm Nonfarm			61, 0 353, 0	57.6 364.8	54, 7 357. 9	60. 3 352. 8	64. 1 359. 7	63. 2 363. 1			41. 8 257. 5	41. 4 259. 7	41. 2 255. 2	41, 1 250, 1	41.8 249.3	42.7 247.9
Durable goods Nondurable goods			197. <b>3</b> 155. 6	205.4 159.3	203. 0 154. 9	199. 4 153. 4	202. 0 157. 6	204.7 158.4			148. 8 108. 6	151, 5 108, 2	148.6 106.7	145. 7 104. 4	144. 8 104. 5	143.6 104.3
Manufacturing			181.6	188.6	186.6	183.6	186. 1	188.5			127.8	129.5	128.8	126.4	125. 1	124.5
Durable goods Nondurable goods			117.3 64.3	121. 2 67. 4	121. 6 65. 0	119.9 6 <b>3</b> .6	120. 2 65. 9	121. 2 67. 3			85, 2 42, 5	86.3 43.2	86.4 42.4	85.2 41.2	83.6 41.5	82.5 42.1
Wholesale trade			64.6	66. <b>3</b>	65. 1	63.8	65.1	65.7			47.7	48.1	47.2	45.8	45.6	45.4
Durable goods Nondurable goods			<b>37.0</b> 27.6	38.6 27.7	38. 8 26. 3	38. 1 25. 7	38.4 26.7	39. 3 26. 4			29. <b>0</b> 18. 8	29. 5 18. 6	29.4 17.8	28.8 17.0	28.4 17.2	28.5 16.9
Retail trade			74.6	76.5	73. 3	72, 4	75.3	74.9			59. 1	59.2	56.6	55. 5	56.4	55.6
Durable goods Nondurable goods			32.6 42.0	35. 1 41. 4	32.5 40.8	31.6 40.8	<b>33.</b> 4 41. 9	33.6 41.3			26.8 32.3	27.9 31.3	25.4 31.3	24.6 30.9	25.5 <b>3</b> 0.9	25.2 30.4
Other	ļ		<b>3</b> 2, 2	33.4	<b>3</b> 2. 9	33.0	33.1	34.1			22.8	22.9	22.6	22.3	22.1	22.3
Final sales <sup>2</sup>	. <b> </b>		1, 198. 7	1, 202. 7	1, 230. 4	1,257.0	1, 291. 4	1, 330. 3			1,020.6	992.5	991, 1	1,000.1	1,012.0	1,027.3
Nonfarm			1, 148. 0	1, 148. 0	1, 186. 2	1, 220. 8	1, 243. 2	1, 284. 7			986.2	956.8	957.5	974.9	980.5	996.7
Ratio of inventories to final sales Nonfarm			. 345 . 307	.351 .318	.335 .302	.329 .289	.328 .289	.320 .283			<b>. 293</b> . 261	.303 .271	<b>. 299</b> . 267	. 291 . 257	. 288 . 254	. 283 . 249

# Table 8.—Relation of Gross National Product, Net National Product, National Income, and Personal Income (1.9)

# Table 9.—Relation of Gross National Product, NetNational Product, and National Income in Constant Dollars (1.10)

			19	74		19	75	
	1974	1975 *	m	IV	I	11	III	IV
			Se	asonally	v adjuste	ed at an	nual rat	tes
			Bi	llions o	f dollars			
Gross national product	1,406.9	1,498.8	1,424,4	1,441.3	1,433.6	1,460.6	1,528.5	1,572.5
Less: Capital consumption al- lowances with capital con- sumption adjustment	134.0	152.0	136. 1	142.1	145.4	149. 5	154.7	158.5
Equals: Net national product	1,272.9	1,346.8	1,288.3	1,299.3	1,288,2	1,311,1	1,373.8	1,413.9
Less: Indirect business tax and nontax liability	127.3	137.3	129.6	129.5	131.6	135.2	140.0	142.2
Business transfer pay- ments	5.8 6					6.3 		6.5
Plus: Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises	.7	1.9	.9	.4	1.6	2.2	1.9	1.9
Equals: National income	1,141,1	1,209.7	1,151.3	1,161.3	1,155.2	1,180.8	1,232.5	<b>-</b>
Less: Corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consump- tion adjustments	91.3	102.3	89.2	82.0	78.9	96.6	113.1	
Net interest.	70.7	81.6	72.7	76.7	78.7	79.7	82.2	85.7
Contributions for social insurance	102.9	108.3	104.4	105.0	106.0	106.6	108.9	111.8
Wage accruals less dis- bursements	5	.0	-1.5	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
Plus: Government transfer payments to persons . Personal interest income Dividends Business transfer pay- ments.		120. 5 32. 8	109.1 31.7	114.0 31.7	116.0 32.1	117.6 32.6	121.2 33.5	127.4 33.1
Equals: Personal income	1,154.7	1,245.9	1,171.6	1, 194. 8	1,203.6	1,223.8	1,261.7	1,294.

	1974			1975						
	1974	1975 *	III	IV	I	п	m	IV		
			Seasonally adjusted at annual rates							
			Billions of 1972 dollars							
Gross national product	1, 210, 7	1, 186. 0	1, 210. 2	1, 186. 8	1, 158. 6	1, 168. 1	1, 201. 5	1, 215. 9		
Less: Capital consumption al- lowances with capital consumption adjust- ment.	116.7	122. 2	117.4	119. 2	120. 0	121. 2	123.0	124.8		
Equals: Net national product	1094.0	1063.8	1092.8	1067.6	1038, 5	1046.8	1078.6	1091.2		
Less: Indirect business taxes plus transfer payments less subsidies plus cur- rent surplus of govern- ment enterprises	117.2	118.1	117.3	116.8	116. 4	118.1	118.4	119. 5		
Residual P 3	5	-3.7	2.0	2.4	2.6	-7.1	-2.5			
Equals: National income	977.4	949.4	973.5	948.5	924.7	935, 9	962, 7			

\* See footnote on page 7.
\* Preliminary.
1. Stocks are as of the end of the quarter. The quarter-to-quarter change in inventories calculated from the current-dollar stocks shown in this table is not the current-dollar change in business inventories (CBI) component of GNP. The former is the difference between two inventory stocks, each valued at average prices of the quarter. In addition, changes calculated from this table are at quarterly rates, whereas CBI is stated at annual rates.
2. Quarterly totals at annual rates.
3. Equals GNP in constant dollars measured as the sum of final products less GNP in constant dollars measured as the sum of gross product by industry.

NOTE.—Inventories are classified as durable or nondurable as follows: for manufacturing, by the type of product produced by the establishment holding the inventory; for trade by the type of product soid by the establishment holding the inventory; for construction, durable; and for other nonfarm industries, nondurable.

			197	4		19	75		
	1974	1975 *	ш	IV	I	II	III	IV	
			Seaso	onally a	djusted	at annu	al rates		
			Billions of dollars						
Table 10.—Nati	onal l	Incom	e by T	уре о	f Inco	ome (	1.13)		
ational income			886.3	898, 1	897.1	905, 4	928, 2	955.1	

National income Compensation of employees Wages and salaries Private Military	1,141,1 873.0 763.1 603.0 22.3 137.7	<b>1,209.7</b> <b>921.4</b> 801.6 627.3 23.0 151.3	1,151.3 886.3 774.3 613.6 21.9 138.8	<b>1,161.3 1</b> <b>898.1</b> 783.6 617.7 23.0 142.9	,155,21 897,1 781.0 611.7 22.9 146.4	,180,8 1 905,4 787,6 615,0 22,8 149,7	<b>,232, 5</b> <b>928, 2</b> 807, 3 <b>631</b> , 9 22, 8 152, 6	<b>955.1</b> 830.7 650.5 23.6 156.5
Supplements to wages and salaries.	110.0	119.8	112.0	114.4	116. 1	117.8	120.9	124.4
Employer contributions for social insurance Other labor income Proprietors' income with in- ventory valuation and capi-	55. 5 54. 5	58. 5 61. 3	56. 4 55. 5	56.9 57.6	57. 1 59. 0	57.5 60.3	58. 9 62. 0	60. 6 63. 8
tal consumption adjust-								
ments. Farm Proprietors' income with inventory valuation ad- justment and without capital consumption ad-	<b>85. 1</b> 25. 6	<b>83, 3</b> 24, 6	<b>82. 1</b> 21. 9	<b>83.6</b> 24.6	<b>79.6</b> 21.0	78,6 20.1	88.0 29.3	<b>87.0</b> 28.2
justment. Capital consumption ad-	29. <b>3</b>	28.9	25.7	28.6	25. 1	24.3	33.6	32.6
justment Nonfarm Proprietors' income with- out inventory valuation	3.7 59.5	-4.3 58.7		4.0 59.0	-4.1 58.6	-4.2 58.5	-4.3 58.7	-4.4 58.9
and capital consump- tion adjustments Inventory valuation ad-	62.0	60.0	64.5	62. 5	59. 1	59. 1	60.4	61.2
justment	-4.1	-1.3	-5.8	-4.6	-1.3	9	-1.5	1.5
justment. Rental income of persons with capital consumption ad-	1.6	.0	1.5	1.1	.8	. 3	3	8
justment. Rental income of persons				<b>20, 9</b> 33, 2	<b>20,</b> 8 33, 9	<b>20, 5</b> 34. 6	20, 9 35. 1	22, 0 36, 3
Capital consumption ad- justment. Corporate profits with inven-	. – 11. 9	-13.9	-12.0	-12.3	-13.1	-14.1	-14.2	-14.3
tory valuation and capital consumption adjustments Corporate profits with in- ventory valuation ad- justment and without		102. 3	89, 2	82, 0	78.9	96, 6	113, 1	
capital consumption ad- justment. Profits before tax. Profits tax liability. Profits after tax Dividends. Undistributed profits	93. 6 132. 1 52. 6 79. 8 31. 1 48. 4	119. 46. 72. 32.	1 146.7 59.3 5 87.4 8 31.7	123.9 49.2 74.7 31.7	83. 4 97. 1 37. 5 59. 6 32. 1 27. 5	$101. \ 6 \\ 108. \ 2 \\ 41. \ 6 \\ 66. \ 6 \\ 32. \ 6 \\ 34. \ 0$	129.5 50.7 78.8 33.5	33.1
Inventory valuation ad- justment	- 38.8	5 -11.	2 54. 7	-37.7	-13.7	-6.6	9. 9	-14.7
Capital consumption ad- justment Net interest	-2.3							

Gross saving	210.1	199.9	199.9	207.1	180.3	185.9	211.9	
Gross private saving	215.7	263.7	198.8	226.7	228.3	279.3	269.5	
Personal saving	74.0	88.9	64.6	83.6	73.6	107.5	85.9	88.6
Undistributed corporate				00.0			00.0	00.0
profits with inventory						1	1	
valuation and capital	1			1				
consumption adjust-		1						
ments.	7.6	22.8	-1.8	1, 1	9, 3	22.4	28.9	
Undistributed profits	48.4	<b>3</b> 9. 6	55.7	43.0	27.5	34.0	45.3	
Inventory valuation ad-				1				
justment	-38.5	-11.2	-54.7	-37.7	-13.7	-6.6	-9.9	-14.
Capital consumption ad-								
justment	-2.3	-5.7	-2.7	-4.2	-4.5	-5.0	-6.5	-6.
Corporate capital consump-					1			
tion allowances with capi-								
tal consumption adjust-								
ment	82.1	93.5	83.4	87.2	89.1	91, 6	95.5	97.
Noncorporate capital con-							1	
sumption allowances with								1
capital consumption ad-								
justment Wage accruals less disburse-	52.0	58.5	52, 6	54.9	56.3	57.9	59.2	60.
ments.								i i
Government surplus or deficit	.0	.0	.0	.0	. 0	. 0	.0	· ·
(-), national income and								
product accounts	-3.6	-63.8	1.0		_ 49 0	-93.4	27 0	
Federal	-11.7	-73.7				-102.2		
State and local	8.1	9.9				-102.2		
Capital grants received by the	0.1	3. 5	5.1	0. 9	0.1	0.0	12.9	
United States (net) 2	-2.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	1.
Gross investment	209.5	195.3						
Gross private domestic invest-								1
ment	212.2	182.6	207.6	210.3	168.7	161.4	194.9	205.
Net foreign investment.	-2.8							
Statistical discrepancy	6			2.9		-8.9	-3.2	

		19	74		19	975	
1974	1975 *	III	IV	I	п	ш	IV
		Seas	onally	adjust	ed at a	nnual	rates
	<u></u>	B	illions o	of doll:	ars	·	

Table 12.-Gross Domestic Product of Corporate Business (1.15)

Table 12.—Gross Domestic F				грога	те в	usin	ess (1	L.15)
	854. 6	914. 0	868.2	869.2	865, 9	892, 4	933, 0	
Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment	82.1	93. 5	83. 4	87.2	89.1	91.6	95. 5	97.7
Net domestic product	772.6	820.6	784.8	782.1	776.8	800.8	837. 5	. <b></b> .
Indirect business taxes plus transfer payments less subsidies	92.8	100.4	94.7	94.5	95. 5	98.8	102.8	104.7
Domestic income	679.8	720.1	690.1	687.6	681.3	702.1	734.7	
Compensation of employees	582.4	604. 5	592.5	596.8	589. 5	592.5	608.6	
Wages and salaries Supplements to wages and sal-	502. 1	518.6	510. 7	513. 3	506.0	508. 1	522.0	<b>53</b> 8. 2
aries	80.4	85.9	81.8	83. 5	83.4	84.3	86, 6	89.2
Corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consump- tion adjustments	80.2	96.4	79.2	71.0	73.1	90.7	106.9	
Profits before tax	121.1	113.3	136.7	112.9	91.3	102.3	123.3	
Profits tax liability	52.6	46.7	59.3	49.2	37.5			
Profits after tax Dividends Undistributed profits	68.5 30.9 37.5	66. 6 30. 9 35. 7	33.3	30.6	53.8 30.1 23.7	30.6	31.5	31.4
Inventory valuation adjustment.	-38.5	-11.2	1		-13.7			-14.7
Capital consumption adjust- ment.	-2.3	-5.7	-2.7		-4.5	-5.0	-6.8	6.6
Net interest	17.1	19.3	18.3	19.8	18.7	18.9	19.2	2 20.5
Gross domestic product of finan- cial corporate business <sup>1</sup>	46.0	48.0	48.0	47.4	49.5	47.3	46.7	7
Gross domestic product of non- financial corporate business	808.7	866. (	820.3	821.8	816.4	845.	886.	2
Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment	78.3	89.0	79.7	83.1	85.0	87.3	3 91.	0 92.
Net domestic product	730.4	777.0	740.0	3 738.7	731.	1 757.	8 795.	3
Indirect business taxes plus transfer payments less subsidies	86.0	93.	2 87.8	8 87.5	88.	5 91.	6 95.	5 97.
Domestic income	644. 4	683.	8 652.1	8 651.2	642.	9 666.	2 699.	8
Compensation of employees	549. E	568.	7 559. (	562.3	554.	4 556.	9 572.	7 590.
Wages and salaries. Supplements to wages and sal- aries.	474.3 75.2						1	1
Corporate profits with inventory								
valuation and capital con- sumption adjustments	63.2	80.	8 61.	2 54.8	55.	3 75.	7 92.	7
Profits before tax	103.8	97.	1 118.	4 96.3	3 73.	1 86.	8 108.	5
Profits tax liability Profits after tax	42.7 61.1					0 54.	8 66.	8
Dividends Undistributed profits	30. 30.	5 30.	8 32.	7 30.4			7 31. 0 35.	3 31. 5
Inventory valuation adjustment.		5 -11.	2 54.	7 -37.	7 -13.	7 -6.	6 -9.	9-14.
Capital consumption adjust- ment	-2.3	1 -5.	1 -2.	5 -3.	8 -4.	1 -4.	5 — 5.	9 -5.
Net interest	31.	7 34.	<b>3 3</b> 2.	6 34.	0 33.	2 <b>33</b> .	6 34.	4 35.
			Bil	lions of	1972 d	ollars	_,	
Gross domestic product of non- financial corporate business	697.	6 680.	7 697.	7 678.	3 652.	.9 667	.2 693.	.5
Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment	69.	3 72.	8 69.	8 70.	9 71.	4 72.	2 73	. 2
Net domestic product	628.	2 607.	9 628.	0 607.	4 581.	4 595.	1 620	.2
Indirect business taxes plus transfer	1	1				1		

1. Consists of corporations in the following industries: banking; credit agencies other than banks; security and commodity brokers, dealers, and services; insurance carriers; regulated investment companies; small business investment companies; and real estate investment trusts. These industries together with insurance agents, real estate, and other holding and investment companies comprise the finance, insurance, and real estate industry. 2. See footnote 1 page 11. \* See footnote on page 7.

		19	74		19	75	
1974	1975	III	IV	I	п	III	IV
		S	asonally	7 adjus	ted at a	nnual r	ates
			Billion	ns of do	llars		

# Table 13.—Personal Income and Its Disposition (2.1)

1 able 13.—Perso	onal I	ncom	e anu	115 D	isposi		<u>2.1)</u>	
Personal income	1, 154. 7	1, 245. 9	1, 171. 6	1, 194, 8	1, 203. 6	1, 223. 8	1, 261. 7	1, 294. 5
Wage and salary disburse- ments	763, 6	801.6	775.9	783.6	781. 0	787.6	807.3	830.7
Commodity-producing in- dustries <sup>1</sup> Manufacturing Distributive industries <sup>2</sup>	273. 7 211. 2 184. 3	27 <b>3.</b> 6 211. 2 195. 1	279. 2 215. 7 187. 0	277. 7 214. 9 189. 9	267. 9 2055 190. 3	267. 2 205. 9 191. 8	275. 3 212. 9 196. 6	284. 0 220. 6 201. 8
Service industries <sup>3</sup> Government and govern- ment enterprises	145.0 160.6	158.6 174.3	147.4 162.3	150, 1 165, 9	153.5 169.3	156.0 172.6	160. 0 175. 4	164.7 180.2
Other labor income Proprietors' income with in- ventory valuation and	54. 5	61, 3	55, 5	57,6	59.0	60.3	62, 0	63, 8
capital consumption ad- justments	85.1	83. 3	82, 1	83, 6	79.6	78.6	88, 0	87.1
Farm Nonfarm	25.6 59.5	24.6 58.7	21. 9 60. 2	24.6 59.0	21. 0 58. 6	20. 1 58. 5	29. 3 58. 7	28.2 58.9
Rental income of persons with capital consumption adjustment	21.0	21. 1	20, 9	20, 9	20, 8	20, 5	20, 9	22. 0
Dividends Personal interest income	31, 1 106, 5	32, 8 120, 5	31, 7 109, 1	31.7 114.0	32, 1 116, 0	32.6 117.6	33.5 121.2	33. 1 127. 4
Transfer payments	140.4	175.0	144. 3	151.6	163.9	175.7	178.8	181.7
Old-age, survivors, dis- ability, and health in- surance benefits	70.1	81.4	72.7	75.0	76.6	77.7	85.0	86.2
Government unemploy- ment insurance benefits. Veterans benefits		17.6 14.3	6.5	8.2 13.4	15, 1 14, 6	18.6 13.8	18.7	17.8 14.9
Government employee re- tirement benefits	18.5	21.8	18.9	19.6	20.7	21.2		23.2
Aid to families with de- pendent children Other	7.9 25.5	9.1 30.9	8.0 26.1	8.4 27.0	8.7 28.1	8.9 35.4	9.2	9.5 30.1
Less: Personal contribu- tions for social insurance	47.4	49.8	48.0	48, 2	48.8	49, 1		
Less: Personal tax and non- tax payments	171.2	169, 2	175, 3	178.9	179.6	142, 1	174,6	180, 5
Equals: Disposable personal income	983.6	1,076.7	996, 3	1, 015, 9	1, 024. 0	1, 081. 7	1, 087. 1	1, 114.0
Less: Personal outlays	909.5	987.8	931.7	932.4	950, 4	974.2	1, 001. 3	1,025.4
Personal consumption ex- penditures Interest paid by consumers	885.9	963.8	907.7	908.4	926.4	950. 3	977.4	1, 001. 0
to business Personal transfer payments	22.6	23.1	22.9	23.0	2 <b>3</b> . 0	22.8	3 23.0	23.4
to foreigners (net)	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	u .9	1.0
Equals: Personal saving	. 74.0	88.9	64.6	83, 6	73.6	107.5	85.9	88.6
Addenda: Disposable personal income:								
Total, billions of 1972 dollars	. 843.5	856.7	842.0	837.6	831.6	869.8	8 858. 2	2 867. <b>3</b>
Per capita: Current dollars 1972 dollars	4, 642 3, 981		4, 697 3, 969	4, 779 3, 940				5, 197 2 4, 047
Population (mid-period, millions)	. 211.9	213. 6	212. 1	212, 6	213. (	213.	4 213.	214. 3
Personal saving as percent of disposable personal income.	. 7.1	8.8	6.8	8.2	7.5	9.1	9 7.	7.9

		19	74		19	75				
1974	1975*	111	IV	I	п	ш	IV			
		Seas	onally	adjust	ed at a	nnual	rates			
		Billions of dollars								

Table 14.—Corporate Profits With Inventory Valuation Adjustment and Without Capital Consumption Adjustment by Industry (6.18)

		-				-		
Corporate profits with inventory valuation adjustment and without capital consumption								_
adjustment	93, 6	107.9	92.0	86. 1	83.4	101.6	119, 6	
Domestic industries	82.5	102, 1	82, 0	75.1	77.6	95.7	113.4	
Financial	17.3	16.2	18.3	16.5	18.3	15.5	14.9	
Federal Reserve banks	5.7	5.7	6.0	6.0	5.7	5.7	E 4	
Other.	11.5	10.5	12.3	10.5	12.5	9.9	9.4	
Nonfinancial	65.3	85.9	63.7	58.6	59.3	80.2	98.6	
Manufacturing	37.4	46.2	37.0	31.9	30.0	43.5	54.6	
Nondurable goods	25.6		27.2	22.6	21.1	27.5	30.1	
Food and kindred products	3.3		2.4	1.7	5.9	7.1	6.9	
Chemicals and allied products.	5.3		5.0	4.8	4.4	5.9	5.4 9.4 98.6 54.6 30.1 6.9 7.5	
Petroleum and coal products	8.9		12.1	7.7	5.2 5.6	7.0		
Other Durable goods	8.2	18.4	7.8 9.7	8.5 9.2	5.0 8.9	7.5 16.0	9.8 24.5 1.4 3.4	
Primary metal industries	2 5	10.4	9.7 4.4	4.3	3.9	10.0	24.0	
Fabricated metal products	0.0		2	1.3	1.5	2.7	3 4	
Machinery, except electrical	1 8		. 2	i. i	3.4	4.7	5 8	
Electrical equipment and sup-			1		••••			
plies	.9		. 1	. 3	1.2	2, 2	2.5	
Motor vehicles and equipment.	1.0		2.61	. 6	-2.2	1.1	4.9	
Other	3.7		2.7	1.6	1.0	3.6	6.5	
Wholesale and retail trade	10 4		11.7	11.9	16.3	21.0	25.1	
Transportation, communication,	10,4			11.9	10. 0	21.0	20.1	
and electric, gas, and sanitary					1			
services.	7.0		7.7	6.7	5.1	7.9	11.3	
Other	7.5		7.4	8.1	7.9	7.8	7.6	
Rest of the world	11,0	5,9	10.0	11.0	5.8	5.8	6.2	
Corporate profits before deduc- tion of capital consumption al- lowances, with inventory valu- ation adjustment	173. 3	195, 7	172.7	169, 1	168.0	188, 2	208, 6	
Domestic industries	162.3	189.9	162, 7	158, 1	162.2	182.3	202, 4	
Financial	20.8	20.0	21.8	20.2	22.0			
Federal Reserve banks	5.7	5.7	6.0	6.0	5.8	5.7	5.5 13.3	
Other								
Nonfinancial		1 14.4	15.8	14.1	16.2	13.6	13.3	
Manufacturing	141.5	169.8	140.9	138.0	140.3	163.0	183.7	
within the course of the second	141.5	169.8 81.1	140.9 69.8	138. 0 65. 2	140.3 63.8	163.0 77.9	183.7	
Manufacturing Nondurable goods	141.5 69.7 41.6	169.8 81.1 45.1	140.9 69.8 43.2	138. 0 65. 2 39. 7	140.3 63.8 38.1	163.0 77.9 44.5	183.7	
Food and kindred products	141.5 69.7 41.6 5.6	169.8 81.1 45.1	140.9 69.8 43.2 4.8	138. 0 65. 2 39. 7 4. 1	140.3 63.8 38.1 8.3	163.0 77.9 44.5 9.4	183.7	
Food and kindred products Chemicals and allied products.	141. 5 69. 7 41. 6 5. 6 8. 9	169.8 81.1 45.1	140.9 69.8 43.2 4.8 8.7	138. 0 65. 2 39. 7 4. 1 8. 6	140. 3 63. 8 38. 1 8. 3 8. 2	163.0 77.9 44.5 9.4 9.8	183.7	
Food and kindred products Chemicals and allied products. Petroleum and coal products	141.5 69.7 41.6 5.6 8.9 14.2	169.8 81.1 45.1	140.9 69.8 43.2 4.8 8.7 17.2	138. 0 65. 2 39. 7 4. 1 8. 6 13. 6	140. 3 63. 8 38. 1 8. 3 8. 2 11. 1	163.0 77.9 44.5 9.4 9.8 12.8	183.7	
Food and kindred products. Chemicals and allied products. Petroleum and coal products. Other	$ \begin{array}{c} 141.5\\ 69.7\\ 41.6\\ 5.6\\ 8.9\\ 14.2\\ 12.9 \end{array} $	169.8 81.1 45.1	140.9 69.8 43.2 4.8 8.7 17.2 12.5	138. 0 65. 2 39. 7 4. 1 8. 6 13. 6 13. 4	140.3 63.8 38.1 8.3 8.2 11.1 10.5	163.0 77.9 44.5 9.4 9.8 12.8 12.5	183.7	
Food and kindred products Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products Other Durable goods	$ \begin{array}{c} 141.5\\ 69.7\\ 41.6\\ 5.6\\ 8.9\\ 14.2\\ 12.9 \end{array} $	169.8 81.1 45.1	140.9 69.8 43.2 4.8 8.7 17.2 12.5	138. 0 65. 2 39. 7 4. 1 8. 6 13. 6 13. 4 25. 5	140. 3 63. 8 38. 1 8. 3 8. 2 11. 1	163.0 77.9 44.5 9.4 9.8 12.8 12.5 33.3	183.7	
Food and kindred products Chemicals and allied products. Petroleum and coal products Other Durable goods Primary metal industries	141.569.741.65.68.914.212.928.15.9	169.8 81.1 45.1 35.9	140.9 69.8 43.2 4.8 8.7 17.2 12.5	138. 0 65. 2 39. 7 4. 1 8. 6 13. 6 13. 4	140.3 63.8 38.1 8.3 8.2 11.1 10.5 25.7 6.4 2.9	$\begin{array}{c} 163.0\\77.9\\44.5\\9.4\\9.8\\12.8\\12.5\\33.3\\4.2\\4.1\end{array}$	183.7 89.9 47.6 9.3 11.4 11.9 15.0 42.3 3.9 4.8	
Food and kindred products Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products Other Durable goods Primary metal industries Fabricated metal products Machinery, except electrical	141.569.741.65.68.914.212.928.15.9	169.8 81.1 45.1	140.9 69.8 43.2 4.8 8.7 17.2 12.5 26.6 6.8 1.1	138. 0 65. 2 39. 7 4. 1 8. 6 13. 6 13. 4 25. 5 6. 7	140.3 63.8 38.1 8.3 8.2 11.1 10.5 25.7 6.4	163.0 77.9 44.5 9.4 9.8 12.8 12.5 33.3 4.2	183.7 89.9 47.6 9.3 11.4 11.9 15.0 42.3 3.9 4.8	
Food and kindred products. Chemicals and allied products. Petroleum and coal products. Other. Durable goods. Primary metal industries. Fabricated metal products. Machinery, except electrical. Electrical equipment and sup-	141.569.741.65.68.914.212.928.15.92.25.0	169. 8 81. 1 45. 1 	140. 9 69. 8 43. 2 4. 8 8. 7 17. 2 12. 5 26. 6 6. 8 1. 1 3. 5	138. 0 65. 2 39. 7 4. 1 8. 6 13. 6 13. 4 25. 5 6. 7 2. 6 4. 3	$140.3 \\ 63.8 \\ 38.1 \\ 8.3 \\ 8.2 \\ 11.1 \\ 10.5 \\ 25.7 \\ 6.4 \\ 2.9 \\ 6.7 \\ \end{array}$	163.0 77.9 44.5 9.4 9.8 12.8 12.5 33.3 4.2 4.1 8.2	183.7 89.9 47.6 9.3 11.4 11.9 15.0 42.3 3.9 4.8 9.3	
Food and kindred products. Chemicals and allied products. Petroleum and coal products. Other. Durable goods. Primary metal industries. Fabricated metal products Machinery, except electrical. Electrical equipment and sup- plies.	141.569.741.65.68.914.212.928.15.92.25.0	169.8 81.1 45.1 35.9	140. 9 69. 8 43. 2 4. 8 8. 7 17. 2 12. 5 26. 6 6. 8 1. 1 3. 5	138. 0 65. 2 39. 7 4. 1 8. 6 13. 6 13. 4 25. 5 6. 7 2. 6 4. 3	140.3 63.8 38.1 8.3 8.2 11.1 10.5 25.7 6.4 2.9	163.0 77.9 44.5 9.4 9.8 12.8 12.5 33.3 4.2 4.1 8.2	183.7 89.9 47.6 9.3 11.4 11.9 15.0 42.3 3.9 4.8 9.3	
Food and kindred products. Chemicals and allied products. Petroleum and coal products. Other. Durable goods. Primary metal industries. Fabricated metal products. Machinery, except electrical. Electrical equipment and sup- plies. Motor vehicles and equip-	141.5 69.7 41.6 5.6 8.9 14.2 12.9 28.1 5.9 2.2 5.0 3.5	169.8 81.1 45.1 35.9	140.9 69.8 43.2 4.8 8.7 17.2 12.5 26.6 6.8 1.1 3.5 2.8	$\begin{array}{c} 138.0\\ 65.2\\ 39.7\\ 4.1\\ 8.6\\ 13.6\\ 13.4\\ 25.5\\ 6.7\\ 2.6\\ 4.3\\ 2.9\end{array}$	140.3 63.8 38.1 8.3 8.2 11.1 10.5 25.7 6.4 2.9 6.7 3.9	163.0 77.9 44.5 9.4 9.8 12.8 12.5 33.3 4.2 4.1 8.2 5.0	183.7 89.9 47.6 9.3 11.4 11.9 15.0 42.3 3.9 4.8 9.3 5.4	
Food and kindred products. Chemicals and allied products. Petroleum and coal products. Other. Durable goods. Fabricated metal products. Machinery, except electrical. Electrical equipment and sup- plies. Motor vehicles and equip- ment.	141.5 69.7 41.6 5.6 8.9 14.2 12.9 28.1 5.9 2.2 5.0 3.5 3.5	169.8 81.1 45.1  35.9	140.9 69.8 43.2 4.8 8.7 17.2 12.5 26.6 6.8 1.1 3.5 2.8 5.2	138. 0 65. 2 39. 7 4. 1 13. 6 13. 4 25. 5 6. 7 2. 6 4. 3 2. 9 2. 9	140.3 63.8 38.1 8.3 8.2 11.1 10.5 25.7 6.4 2.9 6.7 3.9	163.0 77.9 44.5 9.4 9.8 12.8 12.5 33.3 4.2 4.1 8.2 5.0 3.7	183.7 89.9 47.6 9.3 11.4 11.9 15.0 42.3 3.9 4.8 9.3 5.4 7.7	
Food and kindred products. Chemicals and allied products. Petroleum and coal products. Other. Durable goods. Primary metal industries. Fabricated metal products. Machinery, except electrical. Electrical equipment and sup- plies. Motor vehicles and equip-	141. 5 69. 7 41. 6 5. 6 8. 9 14. 2 12. 9 28. 1 5. 9 2. 2 5. 0 3. 5 8. 0	169.8 81.1 45.1 35.9	140.9 69.8 43.2 4.8 8.7 17.2 12.5 26.6 6.8 1.1 3.5 2.8 5.2 7.2	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{138.0}\\ \textbf{65.2}\\ \textbf{39.7}\\ \textbf{4.1}\\ \textbf{8.6}\\ \textbf{13.6}\\ \textbf{13.4}\\ \textbf{25.5}\\ \textbf{6.7}\\ \textbf{2.6}\\ \textbf{4.3}\\ \textbf{2.9}\\ \textbf{2.9}\\ \textbf{6.1} \end{array}$	140.3 63.8 38.1 8.3 8.2 11.1 10.5 6.4 2.9 6.7 3.9 6.7 3.9 5.6	163.0 77.9 44.5 9.4 9.8 12.8 12.5 33.3 4.2 4.1 8.2 5.0 3.7 8.2	183.7         89.9         47.6         9.3         11.4         11.9         15.0         42.3         3.9         4.8         9.3         5.4         7.7         11.3	
Food and kindred products. Chemicals and allied products. Petroleum and coal products. Other. Durable goods. Frimary metal industries. Fabricated metal products. Machinery, except electrical. Electrical equipment and sup- plies. Motor vehicles and equip- ment. Other. Wholesale and retail trade.	141. 5 69. 7 41. 6 5. 6 8. 9 14. 2 12. 9 28. 1 5. 9 2. 2 5. 0 3. 5 8. 0	169.8 81.1 45.1  35.9	140.9 69.8 43.2 4.8 8.7 17.2 12.5 26.6 6.8 1.1 3.5 2.8 5.2	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{138.0}\\ \textbf{65.2}\\ \textbf{39.7}\\ \textbf{4.1}\\ \textbf{8.6}\\ \textbf{13.6}\\ \textbf{13.4}\\ \textbf{25.5}\\ \textbf{6.7}\\ \textbf{2.6}\\ \textbf{4.3}\\ \textbf{2.9}\\ \textbf{2.9}\\ \textbf{6.1} \end{array}$	140.3 63.8 38.1 8.3 8.2 11.1 10.5.7 6.4 2.9 6.7 3.9 .2 5.6	163.0 77.9 44.5 9.4 9.8 12.8 12.5 33.3 4.2 4.1 8.2 5.0 3.7 8.2	183.7         89.9         47.6         9.3         11.4         11.9         15.0         42.3         3.9         4.8         9.3         5.4         7.7         11.3	
Food and kindred products. Chemicals and allied products. Petroleum and coal products. Other. Durable goods. Frimary metal industries. Fabricated metal products. Machinery, except electrical. Electrical equipment and sup- plies. Motor vehicles and equip- ment. Other. Wholesale and retail trade.	141. 5 69. 7 41. 6 5. 6 8. 9 14. 2 12. 9 28. 1 5. 9 2. 2 5. 0 3. 5 8. 0	169.8 81.1 45.1  35.9	140.9 69.8 43.2 4.8 8.7 17.2 12.5 26.6 6.8 1.1 3.5 2.8 5.2 7.2	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{138.0}\\ \textbf{65.2}\\ \textbf{39.7}\\ \textbf{4.1}\\ \textbf{8.6}\\ \textbf{13.6}\\ \textbf{13.4}\\ \textbf{25.5}\\ \textbf{6.7}\\ \textbf{2.6}\\ \textbf{4.3}\\ \textbf{2.9}\\ \textbf{2.9}\\ \textbf{6.1} \end{array}$	140.3 63.8 38.1 8.3 8.2 11.1 10.5 6.4 2.9 6.7 3.9 6.7 3.9 5.6	163.0 77.9 44.5 9.4 9.8 12.8 12.5 33.3 4.2 4.1 8.2 5.0 3.7 8.2	183.7         89.9         47.6         9.3         11.4         11.9         15.0         42.3         3.9         4.8         9.3         5.4         7.7         11.3	
Food and kindred products. Chemicals and allied products. Petroleum and coal products. Other. Durable goods. Primary metal industries. Fabricated metal products. Machinery, except electrical. Electrical equipment and sup- plies. Motor vehicles and equip- ment. Other. Wholesale and retail trade. Transportation, communication, and electric, gas, and sanitary	$\begin{array}{c} 141.5\\69.7\\41.6\\5.6\\8.9\\14.2\\12.9\\28.1\\5.9\\2.2\\5.0\\3.5\\8.0\\21.2\end{array}$	169.8 81.1 45.1  35.9 	140, 9 69, 8 43, 2 4, 8 8, 7 17, 2 12, 5 26, 6 6, 8 1, 1 3, 5 2, 8 5, 2 7, 2 19, 5	$\begin{array}{c} 138. \ 0\\ 65. \ 2\\ 39. \ 7\\ 4. \ 1\\ 8. \ 6\\ 13. \ 6\\ 13. \ 6\\ 13. \ 4\\ 25. \ 5\\ 6. \ 7\\ 2. \ 6\\ 4. \ 3\\ 2. \ 9\\ 6. \ 1\\ 2. \ 9\\ 6. \ 1\\ 20. \ 0\end{array}$	140.3 63.8 38.1 8.3 8.2 11.1 10.5 25.7 6.4 2.9 6.7 3.9 6.7 3.9 24.6	163.0 77.9 44.5 9.4 9.8 12.8 12.5 33.3 4.2 4.1 8.2 5.0 3.7 8.2 29.5	183.7         89.9         47.6         9.3         11.4         11.9         15.0         42.3         3.9         4.8         9.3         5.4         7.7         11.3         33.9	
Food and kindred products. Chemicals and allied products. Petroleum and coal products. Other. Durable goods. Primary metal industries Fabricated metal products Machinery, except electrical. Electrical equipment and sup- plies. Motor vehicles and equip- ment. Other. Wholesale and retail trade. Transportation, communication, and electric, gas, and sanitary services.	141.5 69.7 41.6 5.6 8.9 14.2 12.9 2.2 5.0 3.5 8.0 21.2 29.4	169.8 81.1 45.1  35.9 	140,9 69,8 43,22 4,8 8,7 17,2 12,5 26,6 6,8 1,1 3,5 2,8 5,2 7,2 19,5 30,4	138. 0 65. 2 39. 7 4. 1 18. 6 13. 6 13. 4 25. 6 4. 3 2. 9 6. 1 20. 0 30. 5	$\begin{array}{c} 140.3\\ 63.8\\ 38.1\\ 8.3\\ 8.2\\ 11.1\\ 10.5\\ 25.7\\ 6.4\\ 2.9\\ 6.7\\ 3.9\\ .2\\ 5.6\\ 24.6\\ 29.4\end{array}$	163.0 77.9 44.5 9.4 9.8 12.8 12.5 33.3 4.2 4.1 8.2 5.0 3.7 8.2 29.5 32.8	183.7         89.9         47.66         9.3         11.4         11.9         15.00         42.33         3.9         4.8         9.3         5.4         7.7         11.3         33.9         36.8	
Food and kindred products. Chemicals and allied products. Petroleum and coal products. Other. Durable goods. Primary metal industries. Fabricated metal products. Machinery, except electrical. Electrical equipment and sup- plies. Motor vehicles and equip- ment. Other. Wholesale and retail trade. Transportation, communication, and electric, gas, and sanitary	$\begin{array}{c} 141.5\\69.7\\41.6\\5.6\\8.9\\14.2\\12.9\\28.1\\5.9\\2.8.1\\5.9\\2.8.1\\5.0\\2.2\\5.0\\2.1.2\\2.9\\4.21.2\end{array}$	169.8 81.1 45.1	140,9 69,8 43,22 4,88 8,7 17,2 12,5 26,6 6,8 1,1 3,5 2,8 5,2 7,2 19,5 30,4 21,1	$\begin{array}{c} 138. \ 0\\ 65. \ 2\\ 39. \ 1\\ 4. \ 1\\ 8. \ 6\\ 13. \ 4\\ 25. \ 5\\ 6. \ 7\\ 2. \ 6\\ 4. \ 3\\ 2. \ 9\\ 6. \ 1\\ 20. \ 0\\ 30. \ 5\\ 22. \ 3\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 140.3\\ 63.8\\ 38.1\\ 8.3\\ 8.2\\ 11.1\\ 10.5\\ 25.7\\ 6.4\\ 2.9\\ 6.7\\ 3.9\\ 25.6\\ 24.6\\ 29.4\\ 22.5\end{array}$	163. 0 77. 9 44. 5 9. 4 9. 8 12. 8 12. 5 33. 3 4. 2 4. 1 8. 2 5. 0 3. 7 8. 2 29. 5 32. 8 22. 8	183.7         89.9         47.66         9.3         11.4         11.9         15.00         42.3         3.9         4.8         9.3         5.4         7.7         11.3         33.9         36.8         23.1	

Consists of agriculture, forestry, and fisheries; mining; contract construction; and manufacturing.
 Consists of transportation; communication; electric, gas, and sanitary services; and trade.
 Consists of finance, insurance, and real estate; services; and rest of the world.
 NOTE.—The industry classification is on a company basis.
 \*See footnote on page 7.

	19	74	1975						
1974	1975 *	111	IV	I	п	m	IV		
		Sea	sonally	adjusi	ed at an	nual r	ates		
		E	sillions	of doll	ars				

		19	74		19	75	
1974	1975 *	m	IV	I	п	ш	IV
		Se	asonally	adjust	ted at ar	nual ra	tes
		Е	Billions o	of dollar	:8		

Table 15.-Federal Government Receipts and Expenditures (3.2) Table 17.-State and Local Government Receipts and Expendi-

Table 15.—Federal Governm	nent	песе	ipts	and	Expe	naitu	res (	3.2)
Receipts	288.4	283, 2	299. 2	293.1	283.6	250.1	293. 3 -	
Personal tax and nontax receipts	131.4	125.6	134. 6	137.4	137.6	99. <b>3</b>	130. 5	135. 2
Corporate profits tax accruals	45. 9	<b>3</b> 9. 9	51.8	42.9	32. 1	<b>3</b> 5. 5	43.4	
Indirect business tax and nontax accruals	21.7	24. 2	22. 1	21.7	22. 3	2 <b>3.</b> 5	25. 5	25.4
Contributions for social insurance	89.4	9 <b>3.</b> 5	90. 8	91. 1	91. 7	91. 9	9 <b>3</b> . 9	96.4
Expenditures	300.1	356, 9	307, 2	318.6	337.4	352, 3	363, 8	374. 2
Purchases of goods and services	111.7	123.2	113.6	118.2	119.4	119. 2	124. 2	129.9
National defense	77.4	84. 0	78.4	80. 5	81.4	82. 1	84.9	87.4
Compensation of employees Other	37. 5 39. 9	39.6 44.4	37. 1 41. 3	38. 9 41. 6	<b>3</b> 9. 0 42. 4	39. 1 43. 0	<b>3</b> 9. 3 45. 6	40. 9 46. 5
Nondefense	34. 3	<b>3</b> 9. 2	<b>3</b> 5. 1	37. 7	38. 0	37. 1	39. 3	<b>4</b> 2. <b>5</b>
Compensation of employees Other	17. 2 17. 1	19. 2 20. 0	17. 3 17. 9	18. 1 19. 6	18. 7 19. <b>3</b>	18. 9 18. 1	19. <b>3</b> 20. 0	20. 1 22. 4
Transfer payments	117.7	149. 2	121. 2	127.8	<b>13</b> 9. 2	150.5	152, 5	154.5
To persons To ioreigners <sup>1</sup>	114.5 3.2	146. 1 3. 0	118.0 3.2	124. 8 3. 0	136.2 3.0	147. 3 3. 2	149.5 3.0	151.5 3.0
Grants-in-aid to State and local governments	<b>43</b> . 9	54. 3	44.0	45.4	50. 1	52.8	56.8	57.4
Net interest paid	21.0	23.4	21.4	22.0	22.4	22.6	23.4	2 <b>5.</b> 3
Interest paid	24.1	27.1	24.5	25.0	25.5	26. 1	27.3	29.5
To persons and business To foreigners	19.8 4.3	22.6 4.5	20.2 4.3		20.6 4.9	21. 6 4. 4	22.8 4.5	25. 2 4. 3
Less: Interest paid to government	3.0	3.7	3.1	2.9	3.2	<b>3</b> . 5	<b>3</b> . 9	4.2
Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises	5.2	6.8	5.5	5.1	6.3	7. 1	6. 9	7.0
Subsidies	3.4	4.5	3.6	3. 8	4.6	4.4	4.4	4.8
Less: Current surplus of gov- ernment enterprises	-1.8	-2.3	-1.9	-1.3	1.6	-2.8	-2.5	-2.3
Less: Wage accruals less disburse- ments	5	.0	-1.5	s .c	. 0	.0	.0	.0
Surplus or deficit (), national income and product accounts	-11.7	-73.7	-8.0	-25.8	5 -53.7	-102. 2	-70.5	
Table 16.—Foreign Trans Produ	actio ict A	ns ir ccour	n the nts (4	e Na 4.1)	tiona	l Inc	ome	and
Receipts from foreigners	142.	2 147.7	148.	6 153. (	6 148.2	140.7	148.5	153.5
Exports of goods and services	. 144. :	2 147.7	148.	8 153. 6	3 148.2	140.7	148.5	153. 5
Capital grants received by the United States (net) <sup>1</sup>	2.0	0.0	. (	o . (	0. 0	.0	.0	.0
Payments to foreigners.	. 142.	2 147.7	148.	6 153. (	6 148.2	140.7	148.5	153, 5
Imports of goods and services	136.	5 126.	5 145.	5 145.	3 130.9	116.4	126.4	<b>13</b> 2. 2
Transfer payments (net)	- 4.	2 4.0	4.	2 4.	0 4.0	4.2	3.9	4.0
From persons (net) From government (net)	1. - 3.							
Interest paid by government to for- eigners	4.	3 4.	5 4.	3 4.	5 4.9	4.4	4.5	4.3
<b></b>	1	I .	1	1	1	1	1	4

-2.8 12.7

Net foreign investment.....

-5.3

-.2 8.4 15.6 13. 7 12.9

tures (3.4)

		uics (						
Receipts	209, 4	232.5	213.5	214, 9	221, 2	228.2	237.7	
Personal tax and nontax receipts	<b>3</b> 9. 8	43.6	40. 7	41. 5	42.0	42.9	44. 1	45.3
Corporate profits tax accruals	6.7	6.7	7.6	6.3	5. 5	6. 1	7.3	
Indirect business tax and non- tax accruals	105.6	113. 1	107.6	107. 8	109. 3	111.8	114. 5	116.7
Contributions for social in- surance	13. 5	14.8	13. 7	14.0	14.3	14.7	15.0	15, 3
Federal grants-in-aid	43.9	54. 3	44.0	45. 4	50. 1	52.8	56.8	57.4
Expenditures	201. 3	222.6	204.5	209.0	215, 5	219.4	224.8	230.6
Purchases of goods and serv- ices	189. 4	208.0	192. 3	196. 3	201.9	205. 5	209. 9	214.8
Compensation of employees. Other	106. 4 83. 0	117. 4 90. 6	107.6 84.7	110. 0 86. 3	113.3 88.6	116. 4 89. 0	118. 8 91. 1	121.2 9 <b>3</b> .6
Transfer payments to persons	20.0	22. 5	20.4	20.7	21.5	22. 1	22.9	23.6
Net interest paid Paid Less: Received	-3.6 9.4 13.0	3.0 10.8 13.9	3.6 9.7 13.3	-3.3 9.9 13.2	3.2 10.4 13.7	3.2 10.7 13.9	-2.9 11.0 13.9	-2.8 11.3 14.1
Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises.	-4.5	4.9	-4.6	-4.7	-4.7	-4.9	5. 0	5. 1
Subsidies	.1	. 2	.1	.1	. 1	. 2	. 2	.2
Less: Current surplus of government enterprises	4.7	5.1	4.8	4.8	4.9	5. 1	5.2	5.3
Less: Wage accruals less dis- bursements	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0	.0
Surplus or deficit (), na- tional income and product accounts	8,1	9, 9	9, 1	5,9	5.7	8,8	12, 9	
Social insurance funds Other funds	9.8 -1.7							
		1	1		1	ſ	•	1

Table 18.—National Income Without Capital Consumption Ad-justment by Industry (6.4)

National income without capital consumption adjustment	1,157.5	1, 233, 5	1,168.3	1,180.7	1,176.1	1,203.8	1,257.8	
Domestic income	1,143,1	1, 223, 1	1,154.6	1,165.9	1,166,4	1,193.7	1,246.1	
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	<b>43</b> . 8	44.7	40.2	43.6	40, 6	39.8	49.4	
Mining and contract con- struction	74.6	74.3	75.8	75.6	74. 5	73.1	74.0	
Manufacturing Nondurable goods Durable goods	119.0	125.3	122.1	117.2	114.2	122.3	129.2	
Transportation Communication	45. 1 23. 8							
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	20.0 178.5							
Wholesale trade Retail trade	74. 8 103. 7							
Finance, insurance, and real estate Services	130.3 152.7							
Government and govern- ment enterprises	180.0	197.1	181.1	186.7	191.2	195.0	198.4	
Rest of the world	. 14.4	10.4	13.7	14.8	9.6	10,0	11.6	10, 3

NOTE.—The industry classification of the compensation of employees, proprietors' income, and rental income of persons is on an establishment basis; the industry classification of cor-porate profits and net interest is on a company basis.

		19	74				
1974	1975*	m	IV	I	п	ш	IV
			Sea	sonall	y adju	sted	
		Index	numbe	ers, 19	72=100		

Table 19.-Implicit Price Deflators for Gross National Product (7.1)

		<u></u>				~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	1	
Gross national product	116. 20	126, 37	117.70	121.45	123.74	125.04	127.21	129, 32
Personal consumption expenditures	116.6	125,7	118.3	121.3	123.1	124.4	126.7	128,4
Durable goods	108.4							119.4
Nondurable goods	124.0	133.6	126.0	129.5	131.0	131.9	135.2	136.4
Services	112.7	121.5	114.2	116.4	119.0	120.2	122.2	124.4
Gross private domestic investment								
Fixed investment	117.6	132.6	120.2	125.4	130.1	131.9	132.6	135.5
Nonresidential	116.0	132.3	118.5	125.0	129.6	131.8	132.6	135.3
Structures	127.5	141.7	133.1	138.3	141.0	141.2	141.4	143.4
Producers' durable equipment.	110.2	127.7	111.5	118.3	123.8	127.3	128.4	131.3
Residential	122.1							
Nonfarm structures	122.6	133.8			132.2			136.7
Farm structures	122.9	133.7		127.1	131.4	132.2	133.0	136.1
Producers' durable equipment	105.4	115.9	106.8	110.8	113.8	115.5	116.8	118.8
Change in business inventories				1				
Nonfarm								
Farm	[							
Net exports of goods and services	}					ł		
Exports.	147.8	163.2	153.4	160.4	163.5	162.0	163.6	163.5
Imports								
Government purchases of goods and								
services	118.4	128 6	120.1	124 0	125, 9	127.3	129.2	131.8
Federal	117 6							
National defense	1 **** 0	1	1	1		1	1 - 30. 0	1.00.0
Nondefense	1						1	
State and local	118.9	127.4	121.0	123.6	125 1	126 4	128 2	129 5
	1 -10.0	1	1		1.00.1	1		1 - 20.0

Table 20.—Implicit Price Deflators for Gross National Product by Major Type of Product (7.3)

Gross national product	116. 20	126, 37	117.70	121, 45	123, 74	125.04	127. 21	129, 32
Final sales. Goods. Durable Nondurable. Services. Structures.	115.5 109.6 119.6 114.6	127.8 123.8 130.3 122.9	116.8 110.9 120.8 116.0	121.5 116.6 124.7 118.5	124.8 119.9 127.8 120.3	126.7 123.4 129.0 121.6	129.0 124.8 131.7 123.6	130, 4 126, 9 132, 8 125, 9

Table 21.-Implicit Price Deflators for Gross National Product by Sector (7.5)

Gross national product	116.20	126, 37	117.70	121.45	123.74	125, 04	127.21	129, 32
Gross domestic product	1					1		
Business. Nonfarm <sup>2</sup> .	114.6	126.1	116.5	120.3	123.8	124.8	127.5 126.6	
Farm Residual <sup>p 1</sup>	154.0	142.4	145.8	152.5	130.8	139.5	150.7	147.8
Households and institutions	116. 4	126.4	117.6	120.9	122.5	124. 0	127.6	131.5
Government Federal State and local	114.1	123.1	113.1	119.0	120.5	121.4	121. 8 122. 5 121. 4	128.0
Rest of the world								

Table 22.—Implicit Price Deflators for the Relation of Gross National Product, Net National Product, and National Income (7.6)

Gross national product	116, 20	126.37	117.70	121, 45	123, 74	125, 04	127, 21	129, 32
Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption ad- justment	114.8	124. 4	115.9	119.2	121. 1	123. 3	125.8	127.1
Equals: Net national product	116, 3	126,6	117. 9	121.7	124.0	125, 2	127.4	129.6
Less: Indirect business taxes plus transfer payments less subsidies plus current surplus of gov- ernment enterprises		120.0	114.8	115.7	117.0	118.0	122. 0	122.8
Residual <sup>p 1</sup>								
Equals: National income	116.8	127.4	118.3	122, 4	124. 9	126. 2	128.0	

		19	74		19	75	
1974	1975 *	ш	IV	I	п	m	IV
			Sea	sonall	y adju	sted	
		Index	numb	ers, 197	2=100	1	

Table 23.—Implicit Price Deflators for Net National Product and National Income by Sector (7.7)

Net national product	116, 3	126.6	117, 9	121.7	124. 0	125, 2	127.4	129,6
Net domestic product	115, 8	126, 2	117, 2	121.0	123, 6	124, 8	126, 9	129, 2
Business	116. 0	127.0	117.6	121.6	124.4	125.6	127.7	129.8
Nonfarm <sup>»</sup> Farm Residual <sup>» 1</sup>	164.1		116.7 153.0				126. 8 155. 8	
Households and institutions							127.6 121.8	
Rest of the world								
National income	116.8	127.4	118, 3	122, 4	124.9	126.2	128, 0	
Domestic income	116, 1	127.0	117.5	121,7	124.5	125.7	127, 5	
Business	116.4	128.0	118.0	122.5	125.6	126, 8	128.6	
Nonfarm Farm					126.0 114.6			
Households and institutions Government							$127.6 \\ 121.8$	
Rest of the world								
	•	(	1	1	1	,	i 1	

Table 24.-Implicit Price Deflators for Auto Output (7.9)

Auto output	106, 8	112, 9	109, 7	112, 5	107.9	111.8	113, 9	116.
Final sales	106.3	113, 1	109.0	113.9	109.2	112,8	113.3	116,6
Personal consumption expenditures.	109.0	117.7		117.7	112.8	116.8	118.5	121.8
New autos	105.6	115.1	107.7	111.4	112.2	114.5	115.2	118.1
Net purchases of used autos								
Producers' durable equipment	103.7						106.8	
New autos	105.8	115. 1	107.7	111.4	112.1	114.5	115.3	118.0
Net purchases of used autos								
Net exports								- 110
Exports							116.5	
Imports	118.8	134.9	119.0	122.4	131. 1	132.4	134.6	140.8
Government purchases of goods and	111 0	100.0	110 4	110 0	118.1	120.3	120.8	122.9
services	111.8	120.6	113.4	116.6	118.1	120. 0	120.0	122.8
Change in inventories of new and used								
autos								
Addenda:								
Domestic output of new autos <sup>2</sup>	106.0	115 0	107.8	111 3	111 5	114.3	115.2	118.1
Sales of imported new autos <sup>3</sup>	105.8				112.2			
Saids of hisported new autos	1	110.0	1 20100					

Table 25.—Implicit Price Deflators for Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product (7.11)

Personal consumption expendi- tures	116, 6	125, 7	118, 3	121.3	123, 1	124.4	126.7	128.4
Durable goods	108.4	116, 9	110.4	114, 0	114, 3	116.3	117, 4	119.4
Motor vehicles and parts Furniture and household equipment. Other	108.3	116.5	109.8	112.8	114.9	116.0	117. 4 116. 8 119. 2	118.3
Nondurable goods	124.0	133.6	126.0	129.5	131.0	131.9	135, 2	136.4
Food Clothing and shoes Gasoline and oil Fuel oil and coal Other	$110.5 \\ 147.9 \\ 182.4$	114, 2 155, 4 197, 6	112.3 153.2 190.9	113.6 146.5 193.7	113.5 146.1 187.9	113.3 150.5 190.4	140. 7 114. 8 161. 9 202. 1 125. 7	115.3 163.4 210.0
Services	112.7	121.5	114.2	116.4	119.0	120, 2	122.2	124.4
Housing Household operation Electricity and gas Other Transportation Other	116. 4 122. 1 112. 4 108. 3	128.1 140.6 119.3	118.6 124.9 114.1 110.0	121. 4 129. 6 115. 5 11 <b>3</b> . 1	124.3 134.6 116.9 116.4	126.6 138.0 118.3 118.6	143.2 119.9 121.1	132.0 146.7 122.1

\* See footnote on page 7.
\* Preliminary.
1. Equals GNP in constant dollars measured as the sum of final products less GNP in constant dollars measured as the sum of gross product by industry.
2. Final sales and change in inventories of new autos produced in the United States.
3. Consists of personal consumption expenditures, producers' durable equipment, and government purchases.

Table 26.—Percent Change From Preceding Period in Gross National Product in Current and Constant Dollars, Implicit Price Deflator, and Price Indexes (8.9)

			19	74		197	5		
	1974	1975	111	IV	I	11	111	1V	
			Seasonally adjusted						
	Per	cent	Percent at annual rate						
Gross national product: Current dollars	7.7 -1.8 9.7 9.7 9.7 9.7	6.5 2.0 8.7 8.8 8.8	9.9 -2.3 12.5 13.3 13.0	4.8 7.5 13.4 12.5 12.5	-2.1-9.27.88.27.87.8	7.7 3.3 4.3 4.3 4.4	19. 9 12. 0 7. 1 7. 3 7. 3	12. 0 4. 9 6. 8 6. 9 7. 2	
Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index <b>Durable goods:</b>	9.6 8 10.5 10.7 10.9	8.8 .9 7.8 7.8 7.9	14. 3 2. 1 12. 0 11. 7 11. 8	.3 -9.2 10.4 10.2 10.4	8.2 1.8 6.2 6.3 6.1	10. 7 6. 4 3. 9 4. 0 4. 1	11. 9 4. 0 7. 7 8. 1 8. 2	10. 0 4. 1 5. 7 6. 2 6. 3	
Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index Nondurable goods:	8 -7.0 6.6 6.5 6.5	5.0 -2.6 7.8 8.1 8.2	20, 2 4, 3 15, 2 15, 7 16, 1	$\begin{array}{r} -31.5 \\ -39.7 \\ 13.6 \\ 13.3 \\ 13.6 \end{array}$	5.7 4.5 1.2 1.5 1.1	17.5 9.8 7.0 7.4 8.2	28.5 23.8 3.8 3.8 4.0	18.7 11.1 6.9 6.9 7.4	
Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index	12.4 -2.2 14.8 15.4 15.5	1.2 7.8 7.8	11.4	3.4 -7.4 11.6 11.6 12.0	7.5 2.6 4.8 4.9 4.9	11. 2 8. 3 2. 8 2. 9 2. 7	11. 9 1. 5 10. 2 10. 8 10. 9	7.2 3.6 3.5 4.2 4.3	
Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index	2.6 7.8 7.8 7.8 7.8	7.7 7.8 7.8	2, 2 10, 8 10, 8 10, 9	7.8 7.8	9.6 .4 9.2 9.2 9.2	8.2 3.8 4.2 4.1 4.2	7.4 .5 6.8 6.9 6.9	10. 2 2. 4 7. 6 7. 9 8. 0	
Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index	-3.7 -13.2	-13.9 -23.2	-9.3 -21.2	5. 3 	58.6 63.5	-16.1 -16.1	112.7 101.0	23.3 10.0	
Fired investment: Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index	10.9 11.3 11.5	12.8 13.0	19.4 20.8	18.7 18.0	12. 1 24. 0 15. 7 16. 4 15. 3	5.0 10.2 5.8 6.8 5.5	13. 2 11. 1 2. 0 3. 2 2. 5	22.6 12.2 9.2 8.3 8.4	
Nonresidential: Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index	11.7	-12.0 14.1 14.5	-14.3 21.6 23.5	12.6 23.9 22.8	-17.5 15.6 16.2	-14.3	1.7 7 2.4 4.1 3.6	15.0 6.0 8.4 7.3 7.0	
Structures: Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index Producers' durable equipment:	-5.9 18.0	-12.9 11.2 11.1	-24.4 31.1 30.9	6 16.9 16.9	-15.1 8.0 8.2	.2	. 6	14.1 5.9 5.4	
Froducers durable equipment: Current dollars. 1972 dollars. Implicit price deflator. Chain price index. Fixed-weighted price index Residential:	$\begin{bmatrix} -6.9\\ -1.3\\ 8 \end{bmatrix}$	-11. 5	-8.8	$     \begin{array}{r}       -17.9 \\       26.6 \\       26.2     \end{array} $	-18.6 20.0 21.2	11.7	-1.1 3.4 6.1	2.3 9.4 8.4	
Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index Exports:	$\begin{bmatrix} -25.7\\ 10.4\\ 10.1 \end{bmatrix}$		14.2	-42.0 5.9 5.8	-42.0 16.6 16.7	4.9 2.1 2.3	.5	31.6 11.6 11.3	
Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index Imports:	11.4	-7.2 5 10.4 11.5	29.9 34.7 34.3	-4, 8 19, 7 21, 4	-19.6 7.9 11.4	-4.0	4.0 3.8	14.3 2 .4	
Current dollars	43.	7 - 17.0 11.7 11.2	$\begin{array}{c c} 0 & -10.7 \\ 39.9 \\ 2 & 39.9 \\ 39.9 \end{array}$		39.0 7.9 7.3	-2.7 -2.2	39.1 .0 1.5	19.0 .6 .7	
services: Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price defiator Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index	10.	7 1.3 7 8.0 5 8.1	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	-1.8 13.7 13.5	2.4 6.3 6.1	3 4.6 4.9	6.0 5.8 5.4	4.6 8.5 8.5	
Federal: Current dollars	-1. 10. 9.	$\begin{array}{cccc} 2 & \\ 2 & 11. \\ 2 & 10. \\ \end{array}$	7 4.4 1 13.5 3 14.3	$ \begin{array}{c c} -4.1 \\ 22.3 \\ 20.8 \\ \end{array} $	-4.2 8.5 7.1	-5.4 5.2 5.4	11.0 6.1 5.5	5.0 14.2 14.1	
Current dollars	1.9 10.0	9 2. 5 7. 8 7.	53.1 2 13.9 5 14.4	3 9 8.8 1 9.3	6. 5 5. 1 5. 5	2.8 4.2 4.6	3.2 5.6 5.4	4.3 5.2 5.2	

Table 26.—Percent Change From Preceding Period in Gross National Product in Current and Constant Dollars, Implicit Price Deflator, and Price Indexes—Continued

			19	1974		1975		5	
	1974 1975	111	IV	I	II	111	1V		
			Sea	sonall	y adjus	ted			
	Percent		Percent at annual rate						
Addenda: Gross domestic product: Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator. Chain price index. Fixed-weighted price index. Buiness:	7.3 -1.8 9.3 9.3 9.4	-1.9 8.9 8.8	-2.4 12.2	13.5	8.5 8.3	4.3 4.3	19.6 11.7 7.1 7.4 7.4	12. 5. 7. 6. 7.	
Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index	7. 1 -2. 4 9. 7 9. 8	6.4 -2.7 9.3 9.1 9.1	9.6 -3.2 13.2 14.2 13.9		-10.7 9.3 8.6	3.1 4.2	21, 7 13, 6 7, 2 7, 6 7, 6	6.	

Note.—The implicit price deflator for GNP is a weighted average of the detailed price indexes used in the deflation of GNP. In each period, the weights are based on the composition of constant-dollar output. In other words, the price index for each item is weighted by the ratio of the quantity of the item valued in 1972 prices to the total output in 1972 prices. Changes in the implicit price deflator reflect both changes in prices and changes in the composition of output. The chain price index uses as weights the composition of output in the prior period, and, therefore, reflects only the change in prices between the two periods. However, comparisons of two or more of the percent changes in the chain index also reflect changes in the composition of output. The fixed-weighted price index uses as weights the composition of output in 1972. Accordingly, comparisons over any timespan reflect only changes in prices.

#### Table 27.—Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Gross National Product, 1972 Weights (7.2)

	Index numbers, 1972=100							
Gross national product	116.3	126, 5	118, 0	121, 5	123, 8	125, 2	127.4	129,
Personal consumption expenditnres	117, 1	126.4	118.9	121, 9	123, 7	124, 9	127,4	129.
Durable goods	108.4	117.3		114.1				119,
Nondurable goods				130.6	132.2	133.0	136.5	138.
Services	112.8	121.6	114.3	116. 5	119, 0	120.3	122. 3	124.
Gross private domestic investment								
Fixed investment	118.6	133.1	121.5	126.1	130.7	132.5	133.3	136.
Nonresidential					130.1			
Structures	127.5	141.5	133.0	138.4	141.1	141.1	141.1	142.
Producers' durable equipment	110.5	128.1	112.0	118.6	123.9	127.5	129.3	
Residential	122.3	133.4	125.1				132.6	
Nonfarm structures								
Farm structures	1							
Producers' durable equipment								
Change in business inventories						• • • • • • •		
Net exports of goods and services								
Net exports of goods and services Exports	147.4	164.4	152.8	160.5	164.8	163.2	164.6	164.
Imports	169.3	188.2	179.2	186.0	189, 2	188.2	187.5	187.
Government purchases of goods and								
services	118.9	129.6	120.9	124.9	126.9	128,4	130.1	132.
Federal		131.8			128.3			
State and local	119.2				125.9		128.8	130.
Addenda:								
Gross domestic product	115.9	126.1	117.5	121.0	123.3	124.7		
Business	116.1	126.6	117.9	121.5	123.9	125.2	127.5	129.

Table 28.—Current Dollar Cost and Profit Per Unit of Constant Dollar Gross Domestic Product of Nonfinancial Corporate Business (7.8)

	Dollars							
Current dollar cost and profit per unit of constant dollar gross product <sup>1</sup>	1, 159	1, 272	1, 176	1, 212	1, 251	1, 267	1, 278	
Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment	. 112	. 131	. 114	. 123	. 130	. 131	. 131	
Net domestic product	1,047	1, 141	1.061	1.089	1, 120	1. 136	1, 147	
Indirect business taxes plus transfer payments less subsidies Domestic income	. 12 <b>3</b> . 924				. 135 . 985		. 138 1. 009	
Compensation of employees Corporate profits with inventory	. 788	. 836	. 801	. 829	. 849	. 835	. 826	
valuation and capital consump- tion adjustments Profits tax liability Profits after tax with inventory	. 091 . 061	. 119 . 054		. 081 . 058	. 085 . 042	. 113 . 048		
valuation and capital con- sumption adjustments	. 029	. 064	. 018	. 023	. 043	. 065	. 074	
Net interest	. 045	. 050	. 047	. 050	. 051	. 050	. 050	

1. Equals the deflator for gross domestic product of nonfinancial corporate business with the decimal point shifted two places to the left.

# **Federal Fiscal Programs**

 $\mathbf{F}$ 'ISCAL policy, as outlined in the budget transmitted to Congress in January, is designed to provide moderate stimulus in calendar 1976 and restraint in 1977 and beyond.

Major elements of the policy are:

A tax program of reductions in individual and corporation income taxes, and increases in social insurance taxes;

A sharp reduction in the growth of Federal civilian spending, through reductions, consolidations, and the phaseout of recession-born programs.

The administration believes that the policies spelled out in the budget are consistent with a moderate but sustained recovery in production and employment, and that they offer a surer route to full employment than policies that attempt to provide a stronger fiscal stimulus.

The proposed individual and corporate tax cuts are effective July 1, 1976, and reduce liabilities over \$14 billion in calendar 1976 and \$33 billion in 1977. This is in addition to enacted reductions of \$9 billion in 1976, most of which expire June 30. Partly offsetting the calendar 1977 income tax reductions are social insurance tax increases, consisting of proposed increases in social security and unemployment tax rates and an increase in the social security tax base under existing law. Table 1 shows the impact of major enacted and proposed changes in taxes in calendar 1975-77 on a liability basis.

Reduction in the growth of expenditures results from proposed program changes, many of which require congressional approval. According to the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA),

proposed changes reduce the level of Federal expenditures about \$8 billion in calendar 1976 and \$22 billion in 1977. Major reductions limit growth in expenditures for income security, medicare, and Federal pay. Reductions also result from consolidation of about 60 grant-in-aid programs; four block grant programs are established in the areas of health, education, child nutrition, and social services. In addition to these proposals, public service jobs and temporary and special unemployment benefits are phased out.

## Unified budget outlays and authority

Unified budget outlays increase \$20.7 billion in fiscal 1977, considerably less than the \$48.9 billion in the current year (table 2). Civilian programs account for about 60 percent-\$12.4 billion—of the 1977 increase. National defense outlays, mainly by the Department of Defense (DOD), increase \$8.3 billion, the largest amount since 1968, and \$2 billion more than in 1976.

In percentage terms, total outlays increase about 5½ percent from fiscal

1976 to 1977; this compares with an increase of 15 percent in 1976, and an average increase of 8 percent in the 1955-75 period. The slowdown is even more pronounced if adjustment is made for the transition quarter (July-September 1976) and a change in budget coverage.<sup>1</sup> The 1976 to 1977 increase

#### Table 1.—Enacted and Proposed Changes in Individual and Corporate Income Taxes and Social Insurance Taxes on Liability Basis

(Billions of dollars)

	Cal	endar y	ear
	1975	1976	1977
	-18.3	19. 4	-16,1
Individual and corporate income taxes		-23.4	-30.4
Enacted <sup>1</sup> Individuals Corporations		-9.1 -7.4 -1.6	2.7 1 2.8
Administration proposals Individuals Corporations		-14.3 -11.3 -3.0	33.1 23.9 9.2
Social insurance taxes	1.5	4.0	14. <b>3</b>
Enacted 3 Employees and self-employed_ Employers	1.5 .8 .7	4.0 2.2 1.8	6.6 3.5 3.1
Administration proposals Employees and self-employed. Employers			7.7 2. <b>3</b> 5.4

1. Consists of Tax Reduction Act of 1975 and Revenue Adjustment Act of 1975.

2. Includes \$8 billion attributable to the tax rebate on 1974 liabilities

3. Consists of 1975, 1976, and 1977 increases in social security tax base.

Sources: Bureau of Economic Analysis, Treasury Depart-ment, and Social Security Administration.

<sup>1.</sup> The Congressional Budget and Impoundment Control Act of 1974 provides major reforms in the budget process. One of these reforms changes the Federal fiscal year from the current July through June basis to an October through September basis, beginning with the 1977 fiscal year. This results in a separate transition quarter, extending from July through September 1976.

Note.—The revenue estimates do not allow for offsetting increases in Federal receipts resulting from higher levels of economic activity induced by the cuts. It is estimated that roughly one-half of any tax reduction is ultimately recap-tured. For instance, a tax reduction of \$100 ultimately results in an increase in GNP of \$250; given a marginal rate of about 20 percent, budget receipts increase \$50, or one-half the origi-nal tax cut.

covers 15 months as compared with 12 months in the 1975 to 1976 comparison. In addition, outlays of the Export-Import Bank are included in 1977, but not in 1976. (The Bank is returned to the budget as of October 1, 1976.) After adjustment for these factors, the increase in outlays from 1976 to 1977 is only about 4 percent. (Year-to-year comparisons later in this article are not adjusted in this manner.)

Among civilian programs, the largest absolute gains for 1977 are in outlays for income security, interest, health, environment and energy, and international affairs. Among programs showing substantial declines are education, training, employment and labor services, commerce and transportation, and agriculture. All other civilian outlays, on balance, decrease, primarily because of a large increase in leasing of Outer Continental Shelf lands; receipts from these leases are offsets to outlays in the budget. In relative terms, the largest increases are for environment and energy, interest, and international affairs. The largest relative decline occurs in agriculture.

Budget authority increases 6 percent in fiscal 1977, after a small decline in the current year. The Congress must provide budget authority, generally in the form of appropriations, before Federal agencies can obligate the Government to make outlays National defense authority increases 12

Table	2.—Federal	Government	Receipts
	and Expe	enditures	. –

[Billions of dollars]						
	F	iscal yea	yr.			
	Actual 1975	Estimates				
		1976	1977			
Unified Budget	1		<u> </u>			
Receipts Outlays	281.0 324.6	297.5 373.5	<b>351.3</b> <b>3</b> 94.2			
Surplus or deficit (-) Full-employment surplus or deficit (-)		-76.0	-43.0 3.0			
National income and product accounts						
Receipts		<b>307.4</b> <b>378.7</b>	364.7 404.5			
Surplus or deficit (-). Full-employment surplus or deficit (-)	-47.2	-71.3	-39.8 9.5			

Sources: "The Budget of the United States Government, 1977", Council of Economic Advisers, and Bureau of Economic Analysis. percent, somewhat more than in 1976, and double the increases of recent years. Civilian authority declines in the current year and increases 4 percent in 1977. The increase in defense authority permits additional large new orders for delivery of military equipment over the next several years. The decline in civilian authority in 1976 and the relatively small increase in 1977 do not foreshadow a leveling off of civilian outlays. The decline in 1976 civilian authority largely results from legislation that concentrated multiyear authority for many programs in fiscal 1975; actual spending of multiyear appropriations will be spread over several years.

#### **Constant-dollar outlays**

In constant (fiscal 1969) dollars, unified budget outlays decline \$6 billion, or about 2.7 percent, in 1977 (table

#### Table 3.—Unified Budget Outlays in Constant (Fiscal 1969) Dollars [Billions of dollars]

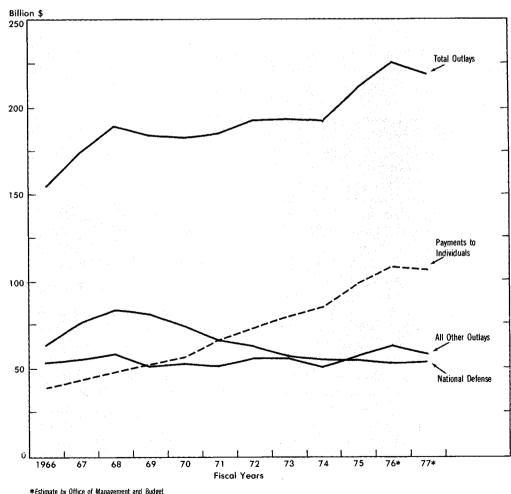
Total	National defense	Non- defense						
192. <b>3</b>	55.5	136.8						
211.5	55. <b>3</b>	156, 2						
225.8	53.7	172.0						
219.8	54.2	165.5						
	192. <b>3</b> 211. 5 225. 8	defense 192. 3 55. 5 211. 5 55. 3 225. 8 53. 7						

Source: Office of Management and Budget.

3). This compares with about a 17 percent increase in the 1974-76 period (chart 3). All of the decline occurs in nondefense programs; defense outlays increase, reversing an 8-year decline. The Office of Management and Budget (OMB) annually calculates unified budget outlays in real terms based on their estimates of price changes. (See OMB technical staff paper, "The Budget in Constant Dollars," for details.)



# **Budget Outlays in Constant (Fiscal 1969) Dollars**



U.S. Department of Commerce. Bureau of Economic Analysis

76-2-3

Table 4.-Economic Assumptions Underlying the Fiscal 1977 Budget

[B	illions of	dollars]									
	Calendar year										
Item	Actual		Estimates								
	1974	1975 Þ	1976	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981			
Gross national product:											
Current dollars: Amount Percent change	1, 407 7. 7	1, 499 6. 5	1,684 12.4	1,890 12.2	2, 124 12. 4	2, <b>376</b> 11. 9	2, <b>63</b> 6 10. 9	2, 877 9. 1			
Constant (1972) dollars: Amount Percent change GNP deflator (percent change)	1, 211 -1.8 9.7	1, 187 -2.0 8.7	1, 260 6. 2 5. 9	1, <b>33</b> 2 5. 7 6. 2	1, 411 5. 9 6. 1	1, 50 <b>3</b> 6. 5 5. 0	1,600 6.5 4.2	1,679 4.9 4.0			
Personal income	1, 155	1, 246	1, 386	1, 5 <b>3</b> 8	1, 727	1, 9 <b>3</b> 0	2, 1 <b>3</b> 8	2, <b>33</b> 1			
Corporate profits before taxes	1 <b>3</b> 2	118	156	181	201	22 <b>3</b>	247	271			
Consumer Price Index (percent change)	11.0	9.1	6.3	6.0	5.9	5.0	4.2	4.0			
Unemployment rates (percent): Total Insured <sup>1</sup>	5.6 <b>3</b> .8	8.5 7.2	7.7 6.3	6.9 5.4	6.4 4.9	5,8 4.2	5.2 <b>3</b> .6	4, 9 3, 3			
Interest rate, 91-day Treasury bills (percent) <sup>2</sup>	7.9	5.8	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.5	5.0	5.0			

Preliminary.

I summary. Insured unemployment as a percentage of employment covered by unemployment insurance. Average rate on new issues within period; the rate shown for 1976 was the current market rate at the time the estimates were made

Source: "The Budget of the United States Government, 1977".

#### Unified budget receipts and deficits

Receipts rise \$54 billion in fiscal 1977 to \$351.3 billion, much more than in recent years, despite new proposals for tax reductions (Table 2). Receipts in 1976 are \$297.5 billion, up \$16 billion from 1975. The larger 1977 rise occurs because of the cyclical recovery in the economy; tax changes, including those enacted in 1975 as well as those proposed in the budget, lower receipts in fiscal years 1975, 1976, and 1977.

The deficit in the unified budget decreases from \$76.0 billion in fiscal 1976 to \$43.0 billion in 1977 (chart 4). On a full-employment basis, a deficit of \$16 billion shifts to a \$3 billion surplus in 1977. The \$14 billion gap between the \$33 billion decline in the actual deficit and the \$19 billion swing in the fullemployment measure is due to faster growth in actual receipts than fullemployment receipts, and slower growth in actual outlays than full-employment outlays for unemployment benefits, as the economy recovers more rapidly than the 4 percent full-employment growth path.

# **Economic** assumptions

The calendar year economic assumptions underlying the budget are shown in table 4. (They incorporate the revisions of national income and product accounts described in the January SURVEY.) GNP in current dollars increases 12.4 percent in calendar 1976 and slightly less in 1977. In real terms,

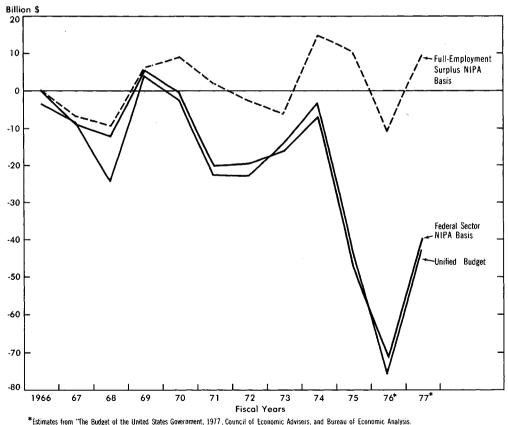
GNP increases 6.2 percent in 1976 and 5.7 percent in 1977. Personal income increases 11.2 percent in 1976 and slightly less in 1977. Profits are up almost one-third in 1976, and continue up, but at a slower pace, in 1977. The GNP deflator increases 5.9 percent in 1976 and 6.2 percent in 1977, down considerably from last year's 8.7 percent increase.

According to the Council of Economic Advisers (CEA), the 1976 increase in real GNP results from factors that were set in motion in 1975 by stimulative fiscal measures, by a return of consumer and business confidence, and by external economic developments, such as the stabilization of energy prices and strong agricultural exports.

Personal consumption expenditures are forecast to increase about 5 percent in real terms from calendar 1975; increased consumer confidence resulting from lower inflation rates and receding unemployment is a major factor. The saving rate falls below the abnormal

CHART 4





U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

#### Table 5.—Relation of Federal Government Expenditures in the National Income and Product Accounts to the Unified Budget

[Billions of dollars]
-----------------------

	Fiscal year				
	1975	1976	Transition quarter	1977	
Unified budget outlays	324.6	373, 5	98.0	394.	
Less: Coverage differences: Georgraphic Other	2.0 -9.7	2.4 -9.5	.6 -4.1	2.2 -11.3	
Financial transactions: Net lending Other	12.3 3	12.7 3	5.1 1	12.3	
Net purchases of land: Outer Continental Shelf Other	-2.0	-2.6.4	3 .1	-5.	
Plus: Netting differences: Contributions to government employee retirement funds Other	5. 1 2. 4	5.6 2.4	1.5 .6	6. 2.	
Timing differences: Purchases of goods and services (increase in payables net of advances). Other.	6 2	.5 3	-1.5 .0	=:	
Miscellaneous	.1	.1	1		
Equals: Federal Government expenditures, national income and product accounts	328.7	378.7	97.2	404.	

8¼ percent level recorded last year, but remains above the 7 percent average of 1969-73. Since the bulk of excess inventories appears to have been worked off in 1975, more normal rates of inventory accumulation are forecast; on a year-to-year basis, CEA estimates that almost 1½ percentage points of the increase in real GNP is attributable to the inventory swing. The ratio of inventories to final sales, which was reduced to normal levels by late 1975, declines somewhat in early 1976; after mid-year, inventories increase at about the same rate as sales. Nonresidential fixed investment typically lags in periods of recovery, and is forecast to increase 4 to 5 percent, based on a projected rise in profits, retained earnings. and cash flow. Residential construction is up 30 percent; housing starts, which were extremely depressed in 1975, particularly for multifamily units, rise to a level of about 1<sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub> million units by year-end. Net exports decline throughout the year, reducing the rise in real GNP by  $\frac{1}{4}$  to  $\frac{1}{2}$  of a percentage point; the projected rise in exports falls below the rise in imports because the U.S. recovery started earlier than the recoveries of our major trading partners. Government purchases increase modestly in 1976; Federal purchases are up only 1 percent, and State and local purchases are up about 2½ percent. Federal purchases are discussed later in this article; the outlook for the State and local sector is discussed in this month's "Business Situation."

Economic assumptions through 1981 are also shown in the budget. However, unlike those for 1976 and 1977, which are forecasts of probable economic conditions, those for 1978-81 are not forecasts—they are simply magnitudes thought to be consistent with moving toward a relatively stable price level and a higher level of employment. Real GNP grows at a 6.5 percent rate from the first quarter of 1978 through the fourth quarter of 1980. After that, with the unemployment rate less than 5 percent, growth slows.

# NIPA deficits

On the national income and product account (NIPA) basis, the decline in the deficit in fiscal 1977 is \$31.5 billion, slightly less than in the unified budget.

Expenditures on the NIPA basis increase \$25.8 billion in 1977-\$5.1 billion more than unified budget outlays. The larger increase is due to two factors: (1) a large increase in bonuses received from sales of Outer Continental Shelf oil leases, and (2) a sharp decline in net lending and other financial transactions. The unified budget includes these transactions-the former, as noted earlier, as offsets against outlays. On a NIPA basis, these transactions are excluded because they are considered transfers of assets. Table 5 reconciles unified budget outlays and NIPA expenditures.

A number of other factors, such as differences in coverage, netting, and timing, are also included in the reconciliation. Coverage differences largely involve the handling of agencies such as the Postal Service, the net expenditures of which are excluded from the budget, but included in NIPA expenditures. Netting differences consist of: (1) contributions to Government employee retirement funds, which

Table 6.—Relation of Federal Government Receipts in the National Income and Product Accounts to the Unified Budget

	Fiscal year					
-	1975	1976	Transition quarter	1977		
Unified budget receipts	281, 0	297, 5	81. 9	351, 3		
Less: Coverage differences Financial transactions	.6 .0	.8 .0	.2 .0	.9 .0		
Plus: Netting differences: Contributions to government employee retirement funds Other.	5. 1 2. 4	5.6 2.4	1.5 .6	6. 1 2. 7		
Timing differences: Corporate income tax	$   \begin{array}{r}     -5.6 \\     .0 \\     -1.0 \\     .1 \\     .1   \end{array} $	2.1 .0 1.0 .0 1	3.6 .0 9 .0 .0	2.8 .2 2.4 .1 .0		
Miscellaneous	.0	2	.0	.0		
Equals: Federal Government receipts, national income and product accounts	281.5	307.4	86, 5	364.7		

# Table 7.-Federal Government Receipts and Expenditures, NIPA Basis

[Billions of dollars]

	F	iscal yea	r		Calendar year											
	1975	1976	1977	1975	1976		197	'5		1976				1977		
	Actual	Estim	ates	Actual	Esti-	I	п	m	IV ·	I	II	ш	IV	I	п	III
					mate	<u> </u>			Seaso	nally adj	usted at	annual r	ates			
Federal Government receipts	281, 5	307.4	364.7	283. 2	326. 2	283, 6	250, 1	293, 3		311.1	322, 3	328. 9	342.5	359.4	372.4	388.9
Tax Reduction Act.         Revenue Adjustment Act.         Social security base increases         Tax proposals         Other	-11.0 .2 292.3	-8.9 -6.6 1.6 -1.4 322.7	$ \begin{array}{r} 1.3 \\ -1.1 \\ 4.4 \\ -24.6 \\ 384.7 \end{array} $	-18.6 1.3 300.5	$-1.9 \\ -7.1 \\ 3.5 \\ -13.8 \\ 345.5$	-1.8 1.2 284.2	-42.3 1.3 291.1	-15.2 1.3 307.2	-15.0 1.4	$ \begin{array}{r} -3.0 \\ -13.0 \\ 3.3 \\ -2.8 \\ 326.6 \\ \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} -2.4 \\ -13.3 \\ 3.4 \\ -2.9 \\ 337.5 \\ \end{array} $	-1.0 -1.0 3.5 -24.5 351.9	$ \begin{array}{r} -1.1 \\ -1.0 \\ 3.6 \\ -24.9 \\ 365.9 \\ \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} 2.1 \\ -1.6 \\ 5.7 \\ -24.2 \\ 377.4 \end{array}$	2.1-1.65.9-24.3390.3	2.3 6.0 -24.5 405.1
Personal tax and nontax receipts	126.4	136.4	160. 4	125.6	143.6	137.6	99. <b>3</b>	130.5	1 <b>3</b> 5. 2	136.6	142.2	143.6	152.0	155. 5	162. 3	172.8
Tax Reduction Act Revenue Adjustment Act Tax proposals Other	9.9 	-7.2 -6.1 149.7	6 8 -22.7 184.5	-16.0 141.6	-1.3 -6.1 -10.8 161.8	137.6	39.7 	-12. <b>3</b> 142. 8	-11.9 	-2.6 -12.1 151.3	-1.9 -12.3 156.4	4 -21. 4 165. 4	4 -21.8 174.2	7 -1.6 -22.6 180.4	7 -1.6 -22.9 187.5	5 -23.3 196.6
Corporate profits tax accruals	40.6	47.5	58.2	39.9	52.1	32.1	35.5	43. 4		48.5	51.1	53.5	55.2	56.1	59.4	62.2
Tax Reduction Act. Revenue Adjustment Act. Tax proposals. Other.		-1.7 5 -1.4 51.1	1.9 3 -7.6 64.2	-2.6 	6 -1.0 -3.0 56.6	-1.8 33.9	-2.6 38.1	-2.9 46.3	-3.1	4 9 -2.8 52.6	-5 -1.0 -2.9 55.5	6 -1.0 -3.1 58.2	7 -1.0 -3.1 60.0	2.8 -9.0 62.3	2.8 9.1 65.7	2.8 9.1 68.5
Indirect business tax and nontax accruals		24.0	24.3	24.2	23.1	22. <b>3</b>	2 <b>3</b> . 5	25.5	25.4	22.6	22.7	23.1	2 <b>3</b> . 9	24.1	24.4	24.9
Contributions for social insurance	92.0	99.5	121.8	9 <b>3</b> . 5	107.5	91.7	91. 9	9 <b>3</b> . 9	96.4	103. 4	106. 3	108.7	111. 4	123.7	126.3	129.0
Social security tax base increases Tax proposals Other	. 2 91. 8	1.6 97.9	4.4 5.7 111.7	1.3 92.2	3.5 104.0	1.2 90.5	1.3 90.6	1. <b>3</b> 92. 6	1.4 95.0	3. 3 100. 1	<b>3.</b> 4 102. 9	<b>3</b> . 5 105. 2	3.6 107.8	5.7 7.4 110.6	5.9 7.7 112.7	6.0 7.9 115.1
Federal Government expenditures	1	378, 7	404.5	356, 9	390, 6	337, 4	352, 3	363, 8	374, 2	384.6	391.4	391.8	394.5	401.5	406.3	415.1
Tax Reduction Act Revenue Adjustment Act Proposed reductions Other	<b>3</b> 28. 7	1.2 2.1 379.6	.6 19.8 423.7	356.9	1.2 -7.9 397.3	337.4	<b>3</b> 52. <b>3</b>	363.8	374.2	2.9 2.4 384.1	1.9 -5.2 394.7	7.2 399.0		1.5 -19.0 419.0	-20.9 426.3	-22.4 437.5
Purchases of goods and services		130. 0	139.4	123. 2	134. 1	119.4	119. 2	124. 2	129. 9	131. 4	134. 5	1 <b>33</b> . 5	137. 1	139.0	140. 3	141. 1
National defense Proposed reductions. Other	80. 3 80. 3	86.7 —.1 86.8	92.8 4.9 97.7	84.0 84.0	88.4 -1.2 89.7	81. 4 81. 4	82. 1 82. 1	84.9 84.9	87.4 87.4	87.3 2 87.5	87.3 2 87.5	88.2 2 88.4	90.9 -4.3 95.2	92.4 4.7 97.1	98.7 5.2 98.9	94.2 5.4 99.6
Nondefense Proposed reductions Other	37.3 37.3	43.3 5 43.8	46.6 -2.5 49.1	<b>3</b> 9. 2 <b>3</b> 9. 2	45.7 -1.4 47.1	38.0 38.0	37. 1 37. 1	39. 3 39. 3	42.5 42.5	44. 1 8 44. 9	47.2 -1.2 48.4	45. 3 1. 4 46. 7	46.2 -2.3 48.5	46.6 2.5 49.1	46. 6 2. 6 49. 2	46.9 2.6 49.5
Transfer payments To persons Tax Reduction Act		158.7 155.1 1.2	168.2 164.4	149. 2 146. 1	163.3 159.5 1.2	139.2 136.2	150. 5 147. 3	152.5 149.5	154. 5 151. 5	163.3 159.7 2.9	163. 6 159. 6 1. 9	163.3 159.5	163.0 159.2	166. 6 162. 8	168.4 164.6	174. 5 170. 7
Revenue Adjustment Act Proposed reductions Unemployment benefits Other	12.0	5 17.8 136.6	.6 -7.0 15.3 155.5	17.5	-2.8 16.7 144.4	15. 1 121. 1	18.6 128.7	18.7 130.8	17.6 133.9	17.5 139.3	-2.0 17.3 142.4	2.8 16.3 146.0	-6.2 15.5 149.9	$1.5 \\ -6.8 \\ 15.3 \\ 152.8$	.9 -7.3 15.1 155.9	7.7 15.3 163.1
To foreigners	3.1	3.6	3.8	3.0	3.8	3.0	3.2	3.0	3.0	3.6	4.0	3.8	3.8	3.8	3.8	<b>3</b> . 8
Grants-in-aid to State and local governments	48.3	57.8	59. <b>3</b>		59. <b>3</b>	50.1	52.8	56.8	57.4	58.2	59. 1	60.8	59.0	59. <b>3</b>	59. 5	59.5
Proposed reductions Public service jobs Other	1.2	6 3.0 55.4	-4.2 1.5 62.0	2.1	-1.8 3.6 57.5	1.1 49.0	2.7 50.1	2.0 54.8	2.5 54.9	-1.0 3.7 55.5	1.2 3.9 56.4	-2.0 2.4 60.4	3.0 4.5 57.5	-3.8 5 62.6	-4.6 .5 63.6	-5.4 .5 64.4
Net interest paid Proposed reductions		26. 0	32.0	23.4	28.6	22.4	22.6	23.4	25. <b>3</b>	26.9	28.3	29.0	30.0	<b>31</b> .2	<b>3</b> 2.7	34.2 3
Other	22.0	26.0	<b>32</b> . 2	23.4	28.6	22.4	22.6	23.4	25.3	26.9	28.3	29.0	1 30.1	31.4	32.9	34.5
Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises	5.7	6.2	5.6		5.3	6.3	7.1	6. 9	7.0	4.8	5.9	5.2	5.4	5.4	5.4	5.8
Proposed reductions Other	5.7	5 6.7	1.0 6.6		7 6.0	6.3	7.1	6.9	7.0	4 5.2	6 6.5	8 6.0	-1.0 6.4	1.0 6.4	-1.0 6.4	-1.0 6.8
Less: Wage accruals less disbursements Surplus or deficit (-), national income and prod			.				·	.								
uct accounts. Impact of tax proposals and proposed expendi-	-47.2	-71, 3	-39,8	-73.7	64.4	-53.7	- 102, 2	-70.5		-73,5	69, 1	-62, 9	-52,0	-42.1	-33.9	-26.2
surplus or deficit (-), national income and prod-	•	.7	-4.8		-5.9					4	2. 3	17.3	-8.0	-5.2	-3.4	-2.1
uct accounts, excluding administration's tax proposals and proposed expenditure reductions		-72.0	-35.0	-73.7	-58.5	53.7	-102.2	-70.5		-73.1	-71.4	-45.6	-44.0	-36.9	-30.5	-24.1

r Revised.

NOTE .- Fiscal year totals are based on unadjusted data and will not always conform to the average of four seasonally adjusted quarters.

are excluded from the budget as intragovernmental transactions, but included in NIPA expenditures and receipts, and (2) items recorded as negative outlays in the budget but as NIPA receipts. Timing differences are largely the difference between cash payments as recorded in the budget and physical deliveries as recorded in NIPA expenditures. Taken together, these factors do not lead to differences between increases in unified budget outlays and NIPA expenditures in 1977.

The larger increase in NIPA receipts than in unified budget receipts is largely due to timing differences (table 6). NIPA receipts increase \$57.3 billion in 1977—\$3.5 billion more than unified budget receipts. In NIPA receipts, taxes paid by business are recorded on a liability basis and taxes paid by persons on a "when paid" basis: the budget records all receipts on a cash collection basis, i.e., when Federal Reserve banks inform the Treasury of deposits in Federal tax and loan accounts. In 1977, NIPA liabilities and payments exceed cash collections by \$5.5 billion; in 1976, the gap is \$3 billion. A widening gap is typical during a period of economic recovery; liabilities, particularly for corporate taxes, increase more rapidly than collections as economic activity accelerates.

On the basis of the budget document, BEA estimates that the NIPA deficit in calendar 1976 is about \$64 billion compared with a preliminary calendar 1975 deficit of \$73.7 billion. Expenditures increase about \$34 billion from calendar 1975 to 1976; receipts increase \$43 billion. The net effect of tax changes, including enacted and proposed legislation, is to lower the increase in calendar 1976 receipts \$4 billion; excluding the effect of these tax changes, revenue growth is \$47 billion, mainly in personal taxes.

## Quarterly path on the NIPA basis

On a quarterly basis, the NIPA deficit declines steadily throughout calendar 1976 and 1977, after peaking at \$73.5 billion (annual rate) in the first quarter of 1976 (table 7). In the last quarter of fiscal 1977, it amounts to \$26.2 billion, a decline of almost 65 percent over 7 quarters. The quarterly pattern is estimated by BEA with the cooperation of OMB and the Treasury Department. Receipts are adjusted for enacted and proposed legislation, and effects of the Revenue Act of 1975, the Tax Adjustment Act of 1975, social security base increases, and administration proposals are shown separately. Expenditures are adjusted for proposed reductions and selected other items.

The following paragraphs list the key factors affecting receipts and expenditures beginning with the first quarter of 1976 (all estimates are seasonally adjusted at annual rates).

First quarter 1976.—Personal taxes increase despite heavy income tax refunds resulting from temporary provisions of the Tax Reduction Act, such as the home purchases credit. Withholding rates provided for in the Tax Reduction Act are maintained by the Revenue Adjustment Act. Indirect business taxes decline due to the removal of the oil import fee and a small reduction in the telephone excise tax. Corporate profits taxes reflect the reduction in the maximum tax rate from 48 percent to an effective 47 percent proposed for 1976 by the administration. Permanent features of the Tax Reduction Act, such as the repeal of oil depletion and limitations on foreign tax credits, are partial offsets to the tax rate reductions. Contributions for social insurance increase, reflecting in part the January 1 increase in the social security tax base from \$14,100 to \$15,300.

Expenditures increase \$10 billion, mainly in transfers, including nearly \$3 billion paid to taxpayers qualifying for an earned income credit. Purchases, grants, and interest rise moderately; subsidies decline due to the large postal rate increase effective in late December 1975.

Second quarter 1976.—Receipts advance \$11 billion; refunds remain high due to the temporary provisions of the Tax Reduction Act.

Expenditures increase \$7 billion; nondefense purchases, interest, and grants show gains. Subsidies increase, due to a one-time payment of recently enacted rail subsidies. Transfer payments are essentially unchanged; administration proposals slow increases in medicare benefits; payments for the earned income credit decline.

Third quarter 1976.—In the transition quarter, receipts increase nearly \$7 billion. Personal taxes increase slightly, despite lower withholding rates proposed by the administration; refunds drop to more normal levels in the absence of the temporary factors. Corporate profits taxes grow rapidly, reflecting the advance in profits. Contributions for social insurance record strong gains.

Expenditures are essentially unchanged. Nondefense purchases and subsidies fall; defense purchases, grants, and interest rise. Transfer payments fall slightly, despite a 6.7 percent increase in social security benefits: many program changes affecting benefits for veterans and food stamp recipients go into effect; the earned income credit ends; and unemployment benefits fall.

Fourth quarter 1976.—Receipts increase nearly \$14 billion, reflecting increased economic activity.

Expenditures increase nearly \$3 billion, including over \$2 billion in purchases attributable to a 4.7 percent Federal pay raise. Interest increases sharply. Transfer payments edge down, partly because of changes in social security benefits. Grants to State and local governments decline.

First quarter 1977.—Receipts increase \$17 billion. Higher incomes are an important factor; proposed increases in social security tax rates and in the unemployment tax rate base boost contributions for social insurance nearly \$7½ billion. An increase in the social security tax base under existing law adds another \$2 billion to these contributions. Personal taxes increase, although enacted and proposed tax law changes reduce net final settlements. Corporate profits taxes increase despite the full-year impact of administration proposals, including the reduction in the maximum tax rate to 46 percent. The increase in indirect business taxes is limited by a further reduction in the telephone excise tax.

Expenditures increase \$7 billion, about half in transfer payments. Pay-

# Table8.—Full-EmploymentSurplusorDeficit (-), NIPA Basis

[Billions of dollars at seasonally adjusted annual rates]

	Full-employment surplus or deficit (—)	Change		
Calendar year:				
1974 1975 1976	25.4 7.5 7.9	32.9 4		
Half-year :				
1973 Second half	11.6			
1974 First half Second half	20. 8 30. 0	9.2 9.2		
1975 First half Second half	-9.1 -6.0	39.1 3.1		
1976 First half Second half	14. 4 1. 4	8.4 13.0		
1977 First half	12.0	13. 4		

Source: Council of Economic Advisers.

ments to recipients of the earned income credit and medicare are important factors. Grants edge up, although Federal funding for temporary public service jobs ends; interest increases.

Second quarter 1977.—Receipts increase \$13 billion, entirely due to higher incomes. Expenditures increase \$5 billion. Defense purchases, transfer payments, and interest are up.

Third quarter 1977.—Receipts advance \$16 billion. Personal taxes account for most of the increase. Net final settlements rebound strongly from the unusually low first- and second-quarter levels due to provisions of the Revenue Adjustment Act.

Expenditures accelerate, increasing almost \$9 billion. Higher social security benefits, including a 5.9 percent costof-living increase, is the major factor. Interest increases; subsidies also advance largely due to higher pay for postal workers.

#### Full-employment surplus

As measured by changes in the fullemployment budget (NIPA basis), fiscal policy is generally stimulative through the first half of calendar 1976, but shifts toward restraint thereafter (table 8). The maximum stimulus occurs in the first half of 1975. In the second half of 1976, the effect of fiscal policy becomes restrictive.

According to the CEA, this swing from strong fiscal stimulus in 1975 to moderate stimulus in 1976 and fiscal restraint in 1977 and beyond is part of a gradual transition to policies considered appropriate for long-run growth. In the CEA's view, "Without greater fiscal restraint, the saving flows available for private capital formation might eventually become too small. Furthermore the danger of intensifying inflationary pressures under such conditions would preclude expanding the money supply sufficiently to finance both the Government deficits and the needed improvements and growth in our industrial capacity."

## **Fiscal 1977 Receipts**

Federal receipts in fiscal 1977 total \$364.7 billion on the NIPA basis, an advance of \$57.3 billion from 1976 (chart 5). This compares with increases of \$25.9 billion in 1976 and \$9.9 billion in 1975. The 1977 increase about 19 percent—is the largest since 1969. Chart 6 shows NIPA receipts over the last decade and the effect of proposed legislation.

The net effect of all tax changes is to reduce the increase of 1977 NIPA receipts \$6.7 billion, while higher incomes account for a gain of \$64.0 billion. Tax changes reduce the 1976 increase \$3.6 billion; higher incomes account for a gain of \$29.5 billion. Table 9 shows the effect of all tax

Table 9.—Breakdown of Changes in Federal Receipts, NIPA Basis

[Billions of dollars]							
	Changes from previous fiscal year						
	1975	1977					
Total receipts, NIPA basis	9.9	25. 9	57.3				
Due to higher incomes Due to tax changes	16.5 -6.6	29.5 <b>3</b> .6	64.0 -6.7				
Personal tax and nontax payments Due to higher incomes Due to tax changes	3.5 13.4 -9.9	10.0 13.4 -3.4	24.0 34.8 				
Corporate profits tax accruals Due to higher incomes Due to tax changes	-1.9	6.9 9.4 2.5	$ \begin{array}{c} 10.7 \\ 13.1 \\ -2.4 \end{array} $				
Indirect business tax and nontax accruals Due to higher incomes Due to tax changes	1.0 .6 .4	1.6 .8 .8	.3 2.1 -1.8				
Contributions for social insurance Due to higher incomes Due to tax changes	8.3 4.3 4.0	7.5 5.9 1.6	22. <b>3</b> 14. 0 8. <b>3</b>				

changes on year-to-year changes in NIPA receipts; table 7 shows the effect of selected tax changes, including the new tax proposals, on levels of NIPA receipts.

### **Personal taxes**

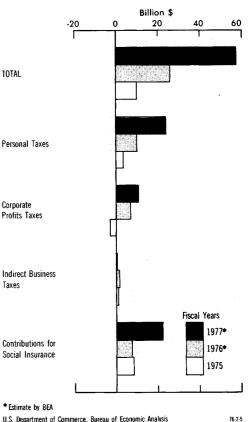
Personal taxes in 1977 are \$160.4 billion, an increase of \$24.0 billion from 1976. The increase is the net result of a \$34.8 billion increase due to higher incomes and a \$10.8 billion decline attributable to tax reductions. The latter results from the fact that 1977 taxes are reduced more (\$24.1 billion) than are 1976 taxes (\$13.3 billion).

The administration's tax reduction proposals amount to \$22.7 billion in 1977; the remaining \$1.4 billion is due to provisions of the Tax Reduction Act and Revenue Adjustment Act (table 7).

According to the proposals, withholding rates are reduced July 1, 1976. Among the major provisions affecting withholdings—when fully effective in

CHART 5

# Changes in Federal Government Receipts (NIPA Basis)



1977-are an increase in the personal exemption from \$750 to \$1,000; substitution of a flat standard deduction-\$2,500 for joint returns and \$1,800 for single returns-for the existing lowincome allowance and percentage standard deduction; and a reduction in tax rates for the first \$10,000 of taxable income. In 1977, the above provisions reduce withholdings \$22.3 billion.

Other proposals-including incentives to broaden common stock ownership, tax credits for individuals and financial institutions holding residential mortgages, rapid amortization, and a permanent 10 percent investment creditreduce quarterly declarations and net final settlements about \$0.4 billion in 1977. About three-fourths of that revenue loss is due to the common stock ownership plan, because the other proposals mainly affect corporate profits taxes.

The stock ownership plan provides a tax deferral for funds invested in stock purchase plans established either by employers for the voluntary participation of their employees or by individuals on their own behalf. Funds invested are deductible from taxable

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

income up to a maximum amount. Participation is limited to families earning less than \$40,000 annually. Funds must be invested in common stock and remain invested at least seven years.

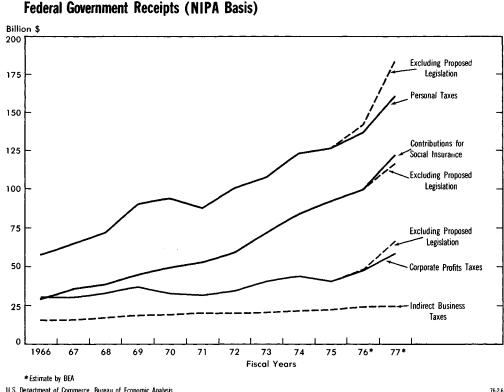
The remaining fiscal 1977 tax reductions result from provisions of the Tax Reduction Act and the Revenue Adjustment Act. The Tax Reduction Act, enacted in March 1975, provided for many temporary and several permanent tax changes. (See the April 1975 SURVEY for details.) The Revenue Adjustment Act, enacted in December 1975, effectively extended the temporary cuts to the first half of 1976. Because the Revenue Adjustment Act maintains withholding rates and provides somewhat larger reductions in liabilities, large one-time refunds are paid in the spring of 1977.

Estate taxes are reduced by new proposals designed to ease the tax burden on heirs of small farms or other closely-held businesses; the revenue loss is negligible.

# Corporate profits taxes

Corporate profits tax accruals increase \$10.7 billion in 1977, to \$58.2

CHART 6



billion. The increase is the net result of a \$13.1 billion increase principally due to higher profits and a \$2.4 billion decline attributable to tax reductions. The latter results from the fact that 1977 taxes are reduced more (\$6.0 billion) than are 1976 taxes (\$3.6 billion).

Administration proposals reduce corporate profits tax accruals \$7.6 billion in 1977; increases provided in the Tax Reduction Act, principally limitations on percentage depletion and revisions in the tax treatment of foreign income, partly offset these cuts.

As in the case of individual tax reductions, the administration is proposing a July 1, 1976 effective date for the corporate profits tax reductions. In effect, this means that one-half of the full-year reduction in liabilities applies to all of calendar 1976. The proposed reduction from 48 percent to 46 percent in the maximum tax rate effective July 1 means that the rate is 47 percent for 1976 as a whole. (On a NIPA basis, corporate profits tax accruals are affected beginning with the first quarter of 1976.)

When fully effective, the major provisions of the corporate profits tax proposals:

(1) reduce the maximum tax rate from 48 percent to 46 percent (\$2.2 billion in fiscal 1977);

(2) make permanent the temporary lower rates on the first \$50,000 of taxable income, which expires this year under existing law; the tax rate in calendar 1977 is 20 percent on the first \$25,000 of income and 22 percent on the second \$25,000 (\$1.8 billion);

(3) make permanent the temporary 10 percent investment credit, which expires December 31, 1976 under existing law (\$2.0 billion);

(4) provide tax relief for electric utilities, including a 12 percent investment credit and liberalized amortization (\$0.8 billion);

(5) provide new tax credits for financial institutions holding residential mortgages; the credits range from 1.5

22

percent to 3.8 percent depending on the fraction of the institution's assets held in the form of residential mortgages (\$0.5 billion); and

(6) provide very rapid amortization for investment in buildings and capital equipment in high unemployment areas (\$0.3 billion).

The rapid amortization applies to facilities or equipment ordered between January 20, 1976 and January 20, 1977 and completed or installed within 36 months. In addition to the full investment credit, corporations can write off equipment purchases in 5 vears. New buildings or additions that qualify may be written off over a period equal to one-half of the minimum useful life otherwise allowable under the Internal Revenue Code. In order to qualify, the investment must be made in a major labor market area having an unemployment rate of 7 percent or more as of December 31, 1975. The Treasury Department estimates that 166 of the present 225 Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas, covering about 80 percent of the labor force, meet the unemployment requirement.

# Indirect business taxes

Indirect business taxes increase only \$0.3 billion in 1977, following an increase of \$1.6 billion in 1976. Removal of the oil import fee in December 1975 is the principal reason for the slowdown. The fee, which was imposed administratively in February 1975 at \$1 per barrel, and raised in June to \$2, adds \$1.4 billion to fiscal 1976 liabilities. Continued reduction in the telephone excise tax also limits growth. The telephone tax was reduced from 10 percent in 1972 to 5 percent in 1977, and will continue to be reduced 1 percentage point a year until it is completely eliminated in 1982. These changes reduced indirect business taxes \$0.3 billion in fiscal 1975, \$0.6 billion in 1976, and \$1.1 billion in 1977. As in earlier years, the budget proposes certain waterway user charges and changes in aviation user charges, but their impact on receipts is very small.

#### Contributions for social insurance

Social insurance contributions rise \$22.3 billion in 1977, to \$121.8 billion. This 22.4 percent increase compares with average annual increases of 13 percent in the 1971-76 period. Tax changes—higher tax rates and increased tax bases for the social security and unemployment insurance programs account for \$8.3 billion of the advance; \$14.0 billion is due to rising employment and wage rates. In contrast, tax changes accounted for only \$1.6 billion of the total rise of \$7.5 billion in 1976.

The social security tax base was raised from \$14,100 to \$15,300 on January 1, 1976, and is raised to \$16,500 on January 1, 1977. The 1977 increase is tentative because, under present law, the amount of the January 1977 increase is determined by the increase in the average taxable wages from the first quarter of 1975 to the first quarter of 1976. In addition, the administration proposes an increase of 0.6 percentage points, to 12.3 percent, for the combined employer-employee payroll tax, effective January 1, 1977. The recommendation boosts the maximum payment of employees to \$1,015 per year, with a matching amount by employers. It is expected that this will halt the decline in the social security trust fund balances and stabilize reserves at about one-third of the annual benefit payments.

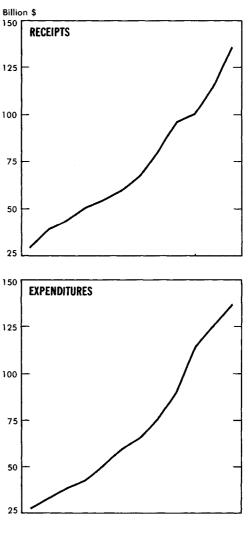
Higher unemployment taxes are proposed, effective January 1, 1977. The Federal unemployment insurance tax rate increases from 0.5 percent to 0.65 percent and the unemployment tax base increases from \$4,200 to \$6,000. This tax is paid entirely by employers.

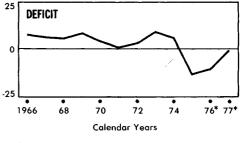
Chart 7 shows the fiscal position of all Federal social insurance funds on the NIPA basis. Surpluses were recorded until 1974, when a large swing to deficit occurred. The deficit is projected to decline slightly in 1976, and balance is approached in 1977, when the higher tax rates and bases are effective.

The 1976 and 1977 increases in the social security tax base have their most pronounced effect on actual receipts in the second half of the calendar year in which they occur—and thus, partly in the following fiscal year. This is so because it is the additional amounts included in the tax base, which are earned progressively later in the year, that affect receipts. Thus, the base increase in January 1976 has its principal impact in the second half of calendar 1976 and, therefore, fiscal 1977. Similarily, the base increase in January 1977 affects mainly fiscal 1978 receipts. However, in seasonally adjusted NIPA receipts, the step-up is made in the

# CHART 7

# Social Insurance Funds (NIPA Basis)







first quarter of the calendar year in which the tax base is increased. Thus, the January 1976 increase raises contributions about \$2 billion (annual rate) in the first quarter of calendar 1976, and the January 1977 increase raises contributions about \$2 billion in the first quarter of 1977.

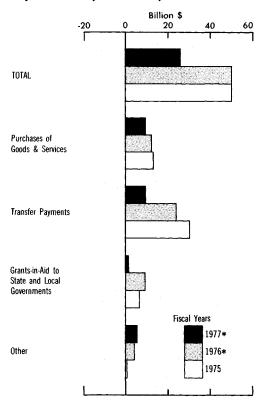
# **Fiscal 1977 Expenditures**

Federal expenditures on the NIPA basis increase \$25.8 billion in fiscal 1977, compared with increases of \$50.0 billion in both 1975 and 1976 (chart 8). The 6.8 percent increase in 1977 is significantly below increases of 15 percent in 1976 and 18 percent in 1975. Personal transfer payments account for \$9.3 billion of the 1977 increase, followed by defense purchases (\$6.1 billion), net interest (\$6.0 billion), and nondefense purchases (\$3.3 billion). Smaller increases in grants (\$1.5 billion) and transfer payments to foreigners

CHART 8

76-2-8

Changes in Federal Government Expenditures (NIPA Basis)



\* Estimate by BEA

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

(\$0.2 billion) are partly offset by a decline in subsidies (\$0.6 billion).

National defense purchases increase 7 percent in 1977, as compared with 8 percent in 1976. Nondefense expenditures increases 7 percent, as compared with 18 percent. The major exception to the proposals limiting or reducing nondefense spending is the large increase for energy research, up almost 50 percent over 1976. Apart from this, there are also sizable increases in mass transit and waste treatment programs. However, these increases mainly reflect the momentum of programs started in the relatively recent past rather than a higher level of new commitments.

## **Proposed budget reductions**

Numerous changes in present programs are designed to curb spending in 1977 and limit increases in later years. About \$20 billion in budget reductions are proposed for fiscal 1977.<sup>2</sup> Most of the proposals require Congressional approval, which Congress in the past has been reluctant to give. Some permit expiration of existing laws—mainly programs involving the unemployed which Congress may want to extend, especially if high rates of unemployment continue. Others, amounting to \$6.6 billion, can be implemented by administrative action.

The following summarizes the proposals by major category, and table 10 shows the dollar amounts.

National defense proposals.—limit military and civilian pay raises to 5 percent, end subsidized commissaries, revise procedures for computing military pensions, reduce Naval Reserve and civilian employment, and increase sales from stockpiles.

Medicare proposals.—require elderly and disabled hospital patients to pay a larger share of hospital and nursing home costs for stays up to 60 days, with the amount not to exceed \$500 in a year; require similar changes in doctors' fees, with a maximum of \$250; limit 1977 and 1978 reimbursable increases in hospital fees to 7 percent, and in doctors' fees to 4 percent (doctors are permitted to pass on to the patient any increase in cost over the proposed limit).

Unemployment proposals.—end Federal grants for public service jobs by the end of calendar 1976, and phase out extended and special unemployment benefits.

Food stamp proposals.—limit the program to those below \$5,500 annual income level, and simplify the system of deductions for calculating allowable income by introducing a standard deduction of \$100 a month or, for the elderly, \$125.

### Table 10.—Effect of Budget Reductions on Federal Expenditures, NIPA Basis

[Billions of dollars]

	Fiscal year		
	1976	1977	
Total reductions	2, 1	19.8	
National defense Purchases Transfer payments	.1 .1	5.0 4.9 .1	
Medicare. Unemployment Grants-in-aid Transfer payments	.3	2. 2 2. 0 1. 2 . 8	
Food stamps Housing Subsidies Purchases	.2 .7 .5 .2	1.2 1.1 .6 .5	
Nondefense pay Education Transfer payments Grants-in-aid	.2	1.1 1.0 .5 .5	
Veterans. Child nutrition Grants-in-aid. Purchases.		1.0 .9 .7 .2	
Social security	.3	.9 3.4 .7 .3 1.8 .2 .4	

Housing proposals.—revise the formula for new and existing subsidized housing to raise effective rents or monthly mortgage payments for some families.

Nondefense pay proposals.—limit civilian agency pay raises to 5 percent, and provide for a new comparability survey that will use a revised method of comparing Federal pay with that of private industry.

Education proposals.—limit Federal impact aid exclusively to school districts involving students whose parents both live and work on Federal property,

<sup>2.</sup> The dollar amount of the reductions is based on a comparison of 0 MB's October 1975 estimate of fiscal 1977 budget outlays (\$423 billion) with the current estimate (\$394 billion); the \$29 billion difference consists of about \$20 billion due to budget reductions and \$9 billion due to reestimation.

 $\mathbf{25}$ 

cut back on Federal loans to college students, and consolidate numerous education programs aiding elementary and secondary education.

Veterans proposals.—limit benefits for future beneficiaries, as follows:

(1) cut from 10 to 8 years the time limit for using education benefits after leaving the service,

(2) terminate education and certain other benefits for those who join the all-volunteer, peacetime armed services,

(3) eliminate flight and correspondence school benefits,

(4) enforce collections from veterans who receive education payments and then do not proceed with the intended education,

(5) end duplicate burial benefits paid under social security as well as veterans programs, and,

(6) require health insurers to reimburse the VA medical system for care given to veterans with nonservice disability.

Child nutrition proposals.—eliminate the special milk program and consolidate the existing categorical child nutrition grants into a block grant program to the States.

Social security proposals.—convert the retirement test to an annual rather than a monthly test; eliminate the provision of the law that allows some new retirees to receive an initial lump-sum payment in exchange for permanently reduced future monthly benefits; and discontinue survivor benefits for all children over 18, with a four-year phase out of present benefits for students.

All other proposals.—reduce and limit the increase in a host of other programs, principally for health.

# National defense purchases

National defense purchases, which averaged about \$74.5 billion in the fiscal 1970-75 period, amount to \$86.7 billion in 1976 and increase to \$92.8 billion in 1977. The 1977 gain of \$6.1

billion includes about \$1 billion of real increase (in fiscal 1969 dollars), the first since fiscal 1968. From 1968 to 1976, real spending declined over \$29 billion, or about 35 percent. (BEA does not estimate defense purchases in constant dollars; the estimates are based on the OMB estimates of constant-dollar budget outlays discussed earlier.)

Table 11.—Relation	of National	Defense
Purchases in the	<b>National Inco</b>	me and
Product Accounts	to National	Defense
Outlays in the Uni	fied Budget	

[Billions of dollars]

	Fiscal year							
	Ac- tual	Estin	nates					
	1975	1976	1977					
National defense outlays in the unified budget	86, 6	92, 8	101.1					
Department of Defense, military	85.0	89.8	99.6					
Military personnel Retired military personnel	25. 0 6. 2	25, 5 7, 3	25. 2 8. 4					
Operation and maintenance	26. <b>3</b>	28. <b>3</b>	30.7					
Procurement	16.0 5.5 2.9 2.6 1.9 .9 2. <b>3</b>	16. 5 n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a.	20. 4 n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a.					
Research, development, test, and evaluation Other Civilian and military pay increases <sup>1</sup> .	8.9 2.6	9. 1 3. 1	10.4 3.1 1.4					
Military assistance Atomic energy and other defense- related activities	1.0	1.4	.5					
Less: Transfer payments, grants-in-aid, and net interest paid Timing differences and other ad- justments	6.5	7.6	8.7 4					
Equals: National defense purchases, national income and product accounts	80.3	86.7	92.8					

n.a. Not available. 1. Includes pay raise effective October 1976.

Sources: "The Budget of the United States Government' 1977", Department of Defense, and Bureau of Economic Analysis.

The procurement of major hard goods in 1977 reflects decisions in recent years to develop new weapons systems, and to enlarge or retain existing defense programs. Many of the cost consequences of these decisions have been stretched out until this year. As a result, costs for programs previously approved are increasing; few new initiatives are proposed.

On a NIPA delivery basis, procurement in current dollars advances \$2.9 billion in 1977, or 17 percent, compared with 10 percent in 1976. On a cash basis, procurement advances \$3.9 billion, or 24 percent, compared with 3 percent in 1976. The larger increase in 1977 cash procurement reflects in part an increase in progress payments, which will be recorded as NIPA deliveries in future periods. Increases occur for a number of major weapons systems, including the B-1 bomber (for which full production is beginning), the F-16 combat fighter, the Trident missile submarine, and a new line of destroyers. Additional increases are for inventories of munitions, spares, and repair parts.

Operations and maintenance outlays increase \$2.4 billion, as compared with \$2.0 billion in 1976. Ship overhauls, tank and aircraft repairs, and rising costs of fuel and other supplies largely account for the rise. Other increases are due to the October 1976 civilian and military pay raise (\$1.4 billion), and research and development (\$1.3 billion), mainly for naval air defense and anti-submarine systems. Under existing law, the 1976 pav increase would add \$3.9 billion; however, the proposed changes in comparability criteria and the 5 percent pay ceiling reduce it to \$1.4 billion. Other proposed reductions cut defense purchases in 1977 an additional \$2.4 billion. Table 11 shows the functional detail of unified budget defense outlays, and a reconciliation with defense purchases on the NIPA basis.

### Nondefense purchases

Nondefense purchases advance \$3.3 billion in 1977, compared with \$6.0 billion in 1976, and \$6.8 billion in 1975. The 1977 gain is largely accounted for by pay raises (\$1 billion), energy research (\$1 billion), and purchases of agricultural products by the Commodity Credit Corporation (\$0.5 billion); the remaining increases (\$0.8) billion) are distributed over a wide range of other programs. Nondefense purchases would be \$2.6 billion higher except for the proposals that limit civilian agency pay raises (\$1.1 billion) and reduce growth in various other programs (\$1.5 billion).

#### **Transfer payments**

Expenditures other than for purchases of goods and services increase \$16.4 billion in 1977, as compared with \$37.6 billion in 1976. These expenditures have increased rapidly in recent years, and have accounted for a steadily increasing share of total NIPA expenditures. The advance in 1977 is significantly slower, about the same as the percentage increase in purchases.

Transfer payments advance \$9.3 billion, from \$155.1 billion in 1976 to \$164.4 billion in 1977. This advance contrasts with increases of \$23.4 billion in 1976 and \$30.0 billion in 1975. Transfer payments are significantly affected by proposed budget reductions, largely as a result of changes in medicare, food stamp, and veterans programs, and the ending of special unemployment benefits. The proposed cuts lower transfer payments \$0.5 billion in 1976 and \$7.0 billion in 1977.

Social security transfer payments (excluding medicare) account for \$9.8 billion of the 1977 advance; \$6.2 billion of this results from benefit increases. A 6.7 percent increase in July 1976 adds \$5.0 billion in fiscal 1977, and a 5.9 percent increase in July 1977 adds \$1.2 billion.

Hospital and medical payments under the medicare program advance \$2.2 billion in 1977, somewhat less than in 1976. However, these advances are limited by proposals that reduce benefits in 1976 and 1977. A proposal to provide health insurance to the elderly and the disabled for long-term illness accounts for \$0.5 billion of the 1977 advance.

Supplemental security income benefits increase \$0.7 billion in 1977. Over 5 million beneficiaries are expected to receive an average monthly benefit of \$73 in 1977, as compared with  $4\frac{1}{2}$ million recipients receiving the same average benefit in 1976.

Unemployment benefit payments decline to \$15.3 billion in 1977, down \$2.5 billion from the \$17.8 billion in 1976. These estimates are consistent with the expectations, stated in the budget and the "Annual Report of the Council of Economic Advisers," that the unemployment rate will average 7.7 percent in calendar 1976, as compared with 8.5 percent in 1975. The insured unemployment rate (insured unemployment as a percentage of covered employment) declines to 6.3 percent in 1976, down from 7.2 percent in 1975. Because the unemployment rate is lower, it is estimated that approximately 1.9 million fewer persons will receive unemployment benefits in 1977. Average benefits increase from \$69 per week in 1976 to \$75 in 1977. Under proposed legislation, benefits rise with average wages.

Outlays under permanent provisions for unemployment insurance (up to 39 weeks), which account for the bulk of unemployment benefits, decline \$1.5 billion in 1977. Under the temporary Federal supplemental benefits program, covered workers who have received full benefits may be eligible for up to 26 additional weeks of benefits when unemployment is high. This temporary program pays benefits through March 31, 1977 and the administration does not propose extending the law. Outlays for this program decline \$0.8 billion, to \$1.1 billion in 1977. A second temporary program, the special unemployment assistance program, pays up to 39 weeks of benefits to those who are ineligible for regular benefits because of work history or absence of coverage. Benefits are paid through March 31, 1977 for those who apply before January 1, 1977. Outlays for this program decline \$0.5 billion, to \$0.3 billion in 1977.

Partly offsetting these declines is a proposal to expand unemployment insurance coverage to include most farm workers, domestic-service workers, and all workers in public elementary and secondary schools and public hospitals. This proposal extends permanent coverage to six million workers previously covered by the temporary special unemployment assistance program discussed above.

Other transfer payments decline \$0.9 billion in 1977, as compared with a \$6.0 billion increase in 1976. In 1977, an increase in military and civilian retirement benefits (\$2.7 billion) is more than offset by declines in veterans benefits (\$1.9 billion), food stamps (\$0.9 billion), the earned income credit for nontaxpayers (\$0.6 billion), and a host of other programs (\$0.2 billion).

The decline in veterans benefits is due to the proposed limitations on payments to future beneficiaries discussed earlier and because over 1 million fewer persons will be eligible for benefits, mainly for education, in 1977.

Food stamp beneficiaries decline from 15 million in 1976 to 13 million in 1977 as a result of the proposals discussed earlier and the economic recovery. The Department of Agriculture has stated that if Congress does not enact the proposals, they will be put into effect through changes in regulations. As a result of the new Department of Agriculture regulations, 28 percent of current beneficiaries would receive reduced benefits and 24 percent, mainly at the lowest income levels, would receive increased benefits.

Transfer payments for the earned income credit for nontaxpayers decline from \$1.2 billion in 1976 to \$0.6 billion in 1977. The Tax Reduction Act provided low-income families with children a credit equal to 10 percent of earned income up to a maximum credit of \$400; where the credit exceeds any taxes owed, the Federal Government pays the difference to the family. This credit was applicable to incomes earned in calendar 1975, with transfer payments (and tax refunds to low-income taxpayers as mentioned earlier) scheduled for early 1976. The Revenue Adjustment Act extended this credit into calendar 1976 at half the previous rate.

#### Grants-in-aid

Grants-in-aid increase about \$1.5 billion in 1977, significantly less than the \$9.5 billion advance in 1976. The 1976 advance is exceptionally large, mainly due to increases in the relatively new program for public service jobs and the release of impounded funds for such programs as highways. In 1977, the public service job program is phased out and the release of impounded funds is not a major factor. In addition, other reductions and consolidation of existing programs are proposed for 1977. Excluding all these factors, grants increase \$6.7 billion in 1976 and \$8.5 billion in 1977.

Only two grant programs show larger gains in 1977 than in 1976—waste treatment (\$1.4 billion) and mass transit (\$0.6 billion). The largest grant program, public assistance, declines over \$10 billion in 1977 as a result of the removal of medicaid and social services grants from this category. Medicaid provides hospital and medical care to the poor, social services grants provide a variety of assistance to the poor and disabled, such as child care and counseling. These two programs are part of proposed block grants for health assistance and community services. If they are not consolidated as block grants, public assistance grants increase \$0.7 billion in 1977, as compared with \$1.6 billion in 1976.

Grants for unemployment assistance decline \$1.1 billion. Federal payments to states for temporary public service jobs end in the fourth quarter of 1976; after that, any remaining funds already in the hands of states and cities may be spent through the end of September 1977. The funds proposed for 1977 are limited to areas with unemployment exceeding 6.5 percent; the Federal contribution is reduced to \$7,000 a year per job from the current \$10,000. Salaries in excess of \$7,000 must be paid from local funds.

About 60 existing programs are consolidated into four block grants totaling over \$18 billion in budget authority; the consolidation is phased in over several years. The money is disbursed under a formula that includes the number of poor people living in a state, per capita income, and an undefined factor called "relative tax effort." The new program eliminates state matching requirements and allows the states to set the number and types of benefits. The four block grants are:

(1) Health—\$10 billion is given to State and local governments to replace funds now provided for by medicaid, health planning, community health, and other programs.

(2) Education—\$3.3 billion is given to the states, most of it to be used for aid to disadvantaged and handicapped children.

(3) Community services—\$2.5 billion is given to State and local governments for services such as day care centers, senior citizens, foster care, and a host of other aids for the poor and disabled.

(4) Child nutrition—\$2.4 billion is given to State and local governments, school lunch programs for all but poor children are eliminated.

# Other expenditures

Net interest paid increases \$6 billion in 1976, to \$32 billion, double the amount in 1973. The 1977 increase is primarily the result of large budget deficits. Debt held by the public (including the Federal Reserve System) increases \$87.5 billion in 1976 and \$53.8 billion in 1977. The budget assumes that the interest rate on new 91-day Treasury bills declines slightly to 5.5 percent in calendar 1976 from 5.8 percent in 1975.

Subsidies (less the current surplus of government enterprises) decline \$0.6 billion in 1977, due entirely to a decline in the Postal Service deficit from \$2.4 billion in 1976 to \$1.7 billion in 1977. A postal rate increase, effective in late December 1975, increases postal revenue \$2.6 billion in fiscal 1977. Increases in rates more than offset the impact of pay raises negotiated in 1975; these pay increases add \$1.8 billion to postal expenses in 1977. Among other types of subsidies, housing payments increase \$0.5 billion, farm programs decline \$0.2 billion, and all other subsidies decline \$0.2 billion.

# **Business Plans Small Increase** in 1976 Capital Spending

NEW plant and equipment expenditures by business are expected to total \$119.7 billion in 1976, 5½ percent above 1975, according to the annual survey conducted by BEA in late November and December of 1975 (table 1). Expenditures in 1975 are estimated to be \$113.5 billion, 1 percent above 1974.<sup>1</sup> Expenditures increased 13 percent in both 1974 and 1973.

These data are not adjusted for price changes. The survey reveals that business expects capital goods prices to rise 10 percent in 1976  $^2$  (table 2); re-

1. For expenditures in earlier years, see pages 25-40 of "Revised Estimates of New Plant and Equipment Expenditures, 1947-69: Part I" in the January 1970 SURVEY and subsequent March, June, September, and December issues.

The 1975 figure is based on estimated actual expenditures in the first three quarters plus expectations for the fourth quarter reported in the December SURVEY. That expectations figure was adjusted for systematic biases by the procedures described on pages 36-39 of the February 1970 SURVEY.

The 1976 expectations reported here were adjusted for systematic biases when necessary. Before adjustment, expenditures were expected to be \$52.92 billion for manufacturing and \$68.94 billion for nonmanufacturing; the net effect of the adjustments was to lower the manufacturing total by \$2.21 billion and to raise the nonmanufacturing total by \$0.04 billion. The bias adjustments, which are computed separately for each major industry, were applied only when expected spending deviated from actual spending in the same direction for 5 of the last 7 years. When this criterion was met, the adjustment used was the median deviation between actual and expected spending in the last 5 years. The bias adjustments for this early survey of full-year spending expectations are based on less comprehensive data than the adjustments that will be used to calculate expected 1976 spending from responses to the quarterly survey taken in January and February. For that survey, which will be reported in March, the bias adjustments are based on the experience of the entire postwar period.

2. In the 1975 survey, firms were asked:

"What are your best estimates of average price changes from 1974 to 1975 and expected price changes from 1975 to 1976:

a. Prices paid by your company for new construction, machinery, and equipment.

b. Prices of goods and/or services sold by your company." Similar information was obtained in the annual surveys conducted since 1970. The firms' responses on capital goods and sales price changes were weighted by their reported capital expenditures and sales, respectively. Because of the limited period for which expectations data are available, the predictive ability of the data has not been established.

spondents estimated that such prices rose 12 percent in 1975. Little is known about the way that business estimates capital goods price changes. Alternative estimates—such as the implicit price deflators for fixed nonresidential investment in the national income and product accounts-are likely to differ somewhat from the survey results: the deflator increased 14 percent from 1974 to 1975. The available estimates of capital goods price changes indicate that 1975 investment in real terms

declined at least 10 percent, and the price expectations supplied by business suggest that real investment will decline about 4 percent in 1976.

The 1976 spending plans for both manufacturing and nonmanufacturing show moderate increases. Strong advances are indicated for nondurable goods manufacturing and for public utilities; weakness is indicated for dur-

NOTE.-The results of this annual survey are normally published in the January issue, but were deferred this year to provide space for "The National Income and Product Accounts of the United States: Revised Estimates, 1929-74."

Table 1.—Expenditures	s for New Plant an	d Equipment by U	J.S. Business 1
-----------------------	--------------------	------------------	-----------------

	1974	1975 <i>p</i>	1976 <sup>2</sup>	1974-75	1975-76	
	Bil	lions of dolla	ars	Percent change		
All Industries	112, 40	113, 49	119, 68	1.0	5, 1	
Manufacturing	46.01	48,31	50,71	5,0	5, (	
Durable goods	22.62	22,05	22, 22	-2.5	.8	
Primary metals <sup>3</sup> Blast furnaces, steel works Nonferrous metals Electrical machinery Machinery, except electrical Transportation equipment <sup>3</sup> Motor vehicles Aircraft. Stone, clay, and glass Other durables Nondurable goods Food including beverage Textiles Paper Chemicals Petroleum Rubber Other nondurables	4.95 2.12 2.33 2.97 4.42 8.75 2.70 .80 1.44 5.10 23.39 3.25 8.84 2.58 5.69 8.00 1.47 1.55	5.89 2.93 2.27 2.33 4.74 3.39 2.21 .39 4.32 26.27 3.38 .68 .68 .68 .291 6.30 10.50 1.04 1.46	$\begin{array}{c} 5.83\\ 2.87\\ 2.11\\ 2.39\\ 4.87\\ 3.31\\ 2.371\\ 1.43\\ 4.40\\ 28.48\\ 3.75\\ .79\\ 3.35\\ 6.84\\ 11.24\\ 1.18\\ 1.33\end{array}$	$18.9 \\ 38.0 \\ -2.6 \\ -21.6 \\ 7.3 \\ -9.7 \\ -18.2 \\ 15.0 \\ -3.2 \\ -15.4 \\ 12.3 \\ 4.0 \\ -19.2 \\ 12.8 \\ 10.7 \\ 31.2 \\ -29.4 \\ -5.6 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{array}{c} -1.6\\ -2.\\ -6.\\ 2.\\ 2.\\ -2.\\ -2.\\ -2.\\ 2.\\ 2.\\ 2.\\ 3.\\ -9.\\ 11.\\ 15.\\ 15.\\ 15.\\ 8.\\ -9.\\ -9.\\ \end{array}$	
Nonmanufacturing	66, 39	65, 18	68, 98	-1.8	5.	
Mining. Railroad. Air transportation. Other transportation. Public utilities. Electric. Gas and other. Communication, commercial, and other 4.	3. 18 2. 54 2. 00 2. 12 20. 55 17. 63 2. 92 36. 01	3. 82 2. 54 1. 84 2. 90 20. 31 17. 03 3. 28 33. 76	3. 67 2. 29 1. 26 2. 82 23. 99 20. 05 3. 94 34. 95	$ \begin{array}{r} 20.3 \\1 \\ -7.9 \\ 37.1 \\ -1.2 \\ -8.4 \\ 12.4 \\ -6.2 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} -4. \\ -9. \\ -31. \\ -2. \\ 18. \\ 17. \\ 20. \\ 3. \\ \end{array} $	

Preliminary.

 Data exclude expenditures of agricultural business; real estate operators; medical, legal, educational, and cultural

Data exclude expenditures of agricultural formation business, real estate operators, incutation, regal, cutational, and cutation services; and nonprofit organizations.
 Estimates are based on expected capital expenditures reported by business in late November and December 1975. The estimates for 1976 have been adjusted when necessary for systematic biases in expectations data.
 Includes data not shown separately.
 Includes trade, service, construction, finance, and insurance.

NOTE.-Details may not add to totals because of rounding.

able goods manufacturing and for transportation industries.

Spending plans for manufacturing total \$50.7 billion, 5 percent above 1975. Sizable increases are planned by textiles (16 percent), paper (15 percent), rubber (14 percent), and food-beverage (11 percent). The textile and rubber increases contrast with sharp decreases last year. Motor vehicles, chemicals, and petroleum plan increases of 5 to 10 percent. Aircraft manufacturers plan a 22 percent decrease; this reflects the reduction in airline equipment purchases.

Spending for nonmanufacturing as a whole is expected to increase 6 percent, to \$69.0 billion. Electric companies plan an 18 percent increase, compared with last year's 3½ percent decrease,

which reflected numerous deferrals and cancellations of projects. Gas utilities plan a 20 percent increase, compared with  $12\frac{1}{2}$  percent last year. The commercial and communications group plans a 3½ percent increase, following a 6 percent decrease in 1975. Other nonmanufacturing industries plan to decrease spending. Airlines plan a 32 percent decrease, their fourth successive annual decrease; plans reflect operating losses last year, which have been attributed chiefly to higher fuel costs and to declines in passenger traffic. Railroads plan a 10 percent decrease-partly due to reduced freight shipments and depressed earnings last year. The mining and "other transportation" groups plan decreases of 4 and 3 percent, respectively, following large increases in 1975.

Table 2.—Estimated Changes in Prices of Capital Goods Purchased

[Percent change from prior year]

				CHA	rt 9	
Changes in	Busin	ess Inv	estment			
			Percent			
	-40	-20	0	20	40	
	I	ł		I	I	
			197	6 Expecte	d	All industries
ALL INDUSTRIES				Prelim.	•	Manufacturing
						Durable goods Nondurable goods
Gas, Water, and Sanitary Services						Nonmanufacturing
·						Mining Transportation
Electric Utilities						Public utilities Communication, con mercial, and other.
Nondurable Goods Manufacturing				]		<u></u>
Communication, Commercial, and Other						Sales expectat
other						Manufacture
Durable Goods			E			increase 11½ pe
Manufacturing			ă.			Their 1975 sal
Misc. Transportation						1 percent, con expected a ye
Mining						expect a 9 per
			194 <u></u>			cent for retai
Railroad						wholesale. In
			4			8 percent incre
	1					9 percent. Wh
Air Transportation						percent decreas

76-2-9

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

Reported in Reported in Nov.-Dec. 1975 survey Nov.-Dec. 1974 survey 1974 Expected 1975 Expected 1975 1976

All industries	15, 0	12, 9	12, 2	9,7
Manufacturing	16.2	12, 8	11.9	9.9
Durable goods Nondurable goods	14.8 17.6	11.5 14.1	11.5 12.3	9. 4 10. 3
Nonmanufacturing	14.2	13, 0	12.5	9.5
Mining Transportation	28.0 17.2	2 <b>3. 3</b> 16. 4	18.6 14.6	13.7 11.4
Public utilities	14.3	12.2	13.0	9.7
Communication, com- mercial, and other	12. 3	11.7	10.9	8.4

#### tions

ers expect their sales to percent in 1976 (table 3). les increased one-half of mpared with 9 percent ear earlier. Trade firms rcent increase-10½ peril and 7½ percent for 1975, retailers had an ease; they had expected holesalers reported a 2 percent decrease in 1975 sales, compared with an expected 7½ percent increase. Public utilities expect a 15 percent rise in revenues, compared with a 21 percent

Table 3.—Percent Change in Business Sales

		1975	1976			
	Expect report	ted as ed in:		Expected as reported in		
	Dec. 1974	Feb. 1975	Actual	Dec. 1975 1		
Manufacturing	9.1	6.2	0.5	11.7		
Durable goods 2	9,1	4.9	-3, 5	12,6		
Primary metals Electrical machin-	10.6	6.4	-17.3	19.6		
ery Machinery, except	8.2	5.6	-4.3	9.9		
electrical	11.5	7.2	3.7	9.0		
Transportation equipment	8.4	.4	4	14.2		
Stone, clay, and glass	8.4	8.5	-1.7	1 <b>3</b> . 2		
Nondurable goods 2	9.1	7.6	4.9	10.8		
Food including beverage Textiles Paper	8.0 ,2 10.5	6.7 2.9 8.7	6.4 -3.2 .6	7.7 11.2 15.1		
Chemicals Petroleum Rubber	13.8 7.9 10.0	13.8 9.9 5.2	4.7 13.4 1.6	15. 9 10. 6 13. 6		
Trade	8.4	5.7	<b>3</b> . 2	9.1		
Wholesale Retail	7.6 9.1	5.7 5.6	-2.2 7.8	7.4 10.4		
Public utilities	16.5	16. 6	21. 2	15. 1		

Sources: Manufacturing data from Bureau of the Census, Current Industrial Reports, Series M-3, for first 11 months of 1975, and BEA estimates for December 1975. Trade data are from Bureau of the Census, Current Business Reports, Monthly Wholesale Trade and Monthly Retail Trade, and BEA estimates for December 1975. Public utility figures are estimated by BEA on basis of data collected in the annual business investment surveys.
 Includes industries not shown separately.

rise in 1975; a year earlier, they had had expected a 16½ percent rise.

Manufacturers and public utilities expect the prices of their products and services to rise at a slower rate in 1976 than in 1975 (table 4). Manufacturers expect to raise prices  $5\frac{1}{2}$  percent; they reported an 8½ percent rise in 1975the same as had been expected a year ago. Public utilities expect to raise rates 12 percent; they reported a 17<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> percent rise in 1975, somewhat larger than the 13 percent expected.

#### Table 4.-Estimated Changes in Prices of Products and Services Sold by Manufacturing and Utility Companies

[Percent change from prior year]

	N	oorted in ovDec. 4 survey	Reported in NovDec. 1975 survey					
	1974	Expected 1975	1975	Expected 1976				
Manufacturing	15, 8	8.6	8.3	5.7				
Durable goods Nondurable goods	12, 2 19, 6	8.6 8.5	7.8 8.8	6.4 5.1				
Public utilities	20. 6	12.7	17.5	11.8				

# National Expenditures for Pollution Abatement and Control, 1973

EXPENDITURES for abatement and control of domestic air, water, solid waste, and other pollutants (PAC) increased 18 percent in 1973, to \$23.0 billion (1.8 percent of GNP), according to preliminary estimates prepared by BEA (table 1 and chart 10).<sup>1</sup> Consumer spending increased 56 percent, to \$2.8 billion; total business spending 18 percent, to \$13.2 billion; and Federal, State, and local government spending 8 percent, to \$7.0 billion. Federal funding was approximately \$2.5 billion, up 49 percent; with \$0.8 billion spent directly by Federal agencies and \$1.7 billion in Federal grants to State and local governments (table 2).

This is the second estimate in the new annual series in which PAC expenditures are measured and classified within the framework of the national economic accounts to ensure comparability of these expenditures with other components of the accounts.<sup>2</sup> All charges for controlling the emissions of pollutants are covered, but other aspects of environmental protection, such as the conservation of natural resources or the protection of endangered species, are not included.

About 94 percent of total outlays for

PAC was for goods and services to directly reduce pollutant emissions; approximately 2 percent was for reguation and monitoring; and about 4 percent was for research and development. Gross outlays for water PAC were \$9.6 billion; for air, \$9.2 billion; and for solid waste, \$4.4 billion—41, 39, and 19 percent of total gross outlays, respectively.<sup>3</sup> The distribution of PAC outlays by abatement, monitoring, and research functions and by air, water, and solid waste media categories changed little from 1972.

# Major Spending Patterns in 1973

Consumer PAE of \$2.8 billion were for purchasing and maintaining emission controls on vehicles. Although private individuals engage in other pollution abatement activities (e.g., purchasing returnable containers), these expenditures were not significant. (Other personal PAE—mainly those that lead to reducing emissions from residential property—are classified as business expenditures because homeownership is regarded as a business in the national economic accounts).

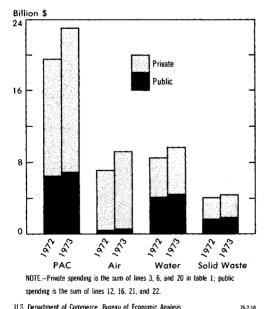
Business spent \$12.7 billion for pollution abatement: \$6.6 billion on capital account and \$6.1 billion on current account. These figures include PAE connected with residential property of \$1.2 billion on capital account and \$0.9 billion on current account, and government enterprise purchases on current account of \$1.4 billion.

3. Total gross outlays, which also include abatement and control of noise, radiation and pesticide pollution, were \$23.5 billion, \$0.5 billion greater than expenditures which were reduced by costs recovered. Deduction was limited to the "other and unallocated" category because air, water, and solid waste detail was not available. Federal, State, and local government PAE totaled \$6.1 billion, including \$3.7 billion spent by government enterprises for fixed capital. Water pollution abatement, mostly capital expenditures for sewers and sewage treatment, accounted for 68 percent of the government total; solid waste accounted for another 30 percent.

For regulation and monitoring—an exclusively governmental activity— Federal, State, and local governments spent \$0.5 billion. Thirty-four percent was spent for air, 39 percent for water, 3 percent for solid waste, and 24 percent for other (including unallocated). Federal agencies spent 58 percent of the total and funded nearly 74 percent.



Private and Public Spending for Pollution Abatement and Control



<sup>1.</sup> Pollution abatement and control (PAC) expenditures consist of pollution abatement expenditures (PAE) which reduce pollutant emissions directly, and expenditures for regulation and monitoring and for research and development that lead indirectly to reducing pollutant emissions. The national estimates exclude expenditures by agricultural business, real estate operators, private medical, legal, educational, cultural, and nonprofit organizations. Estimates for these industries will be prepared and published when improved source data become available.

<sup>2.</sup> The original estimate of \$18.7 billion for PAC in 1972 has been revised upward by about 4 percent, to \$19.5 billion, because of improved data and estimation methods. For the same reasons, Federal grants to State and local governments have been revised from \$0.8 billion to \$1.1 billion. See the technical notes for description of revisions and also "National Expenditures for Pollution Abatement and Control, 1972," SUBVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS, February 1975.

Research and development accounted for \$0.9 billion of total PAC. Private expenditures of \$0.6 billion included the development of equipment and products for pollution abatement; government expenditures of \$0.3 billion were for programs to develop pollution abatement techniques, emission standards, and monitoring equipment and procedures.

Federal PAC expenditures, excluding grants, amounted to \$0.8 billion; Federal grants to State and local governments amounted to \$1.7 billion of which \$1.4 billion was for water pollution abatement. Grants for sewers and sewage treatment facilities amounted to \$1.2 billion-nearly double the \$0.7 billion granted in 1972. Release of impounded funds accounted for most of the increase in grants for sewers and sewage treatment facilities.

# **Changes in Spending Levels**

Total PAC expenditures increased 18 percent in 1973, with increases occurring in virtually every category. Expenditures for air, water, and solid waste PAC increased 30 percent, 13 percent, and 8 percent, respectively. Of the total \$3.5 billion increase (from \$19.5 billion to \$23.0 billion). \$2.1 billion was for air PAC, \$1.1 billion for water, and \$0.3 billion for solid waste. The change in the category "other and unallocated" was not significant. Increased expenditures for pollution abatement accounted for \$3.3 billion of the \$3.5 billion increase in PAC. Although regulation and monitoring increased 35 percent and research and development 10 percent, their contribution to the total PAC increase was minor-\$0.1 billion each.

Personal consumption PAE increased significantly: durable goods rose 50 percent, and nondurable goods and services rose 58 percent. Durable spending rose because of more expensive emission control devices and an increase in new vehicles sold; the rise in nondurables is attributable to both an increase in the stock of vehicles with emission control devices and the associated higher operating costs per vehicle.4

Business capital PAE increased 25 percent, and business current-account

4. Operating costs rose because of increased fuel consumption and higher fuel prices.

PAE 11 percent. Air and water accounted for most of these increases.

Federal, State, and local government PAE rose nearly \$0.4 billion. Almost half this rise was caused by an increase in State and local government expenditures to collect and dispose of solid waste; another two-fifths was due to an increase in government enterprise expenditures for sewage treatment facilities.

The sole category in which spending decreased in 1973 was State and local expenditures for research and development. The decrease was primarily caused by curtailments in Federal research and development grants to State and local governments.<sup>5</sup>

# **Technical Notes on Revised Estimates for 1972**

Several revisions in the estimates of consumer, business, and government spending for PAC in 1972 were made.

5. A shift from Federal funding through grants to direct Federal spending by contract may be involved. In addition, measurement procedures changed because more detail on Federal outlays was available from the Office of Management and Budget's Circular A-11, Section 52.2, for fiscal year 1974 than for 1972 and 1973.

#### Table 1.-National Expenditures for Pollution Abatement and Control, 1972 and 1973 1

[Millions of dollars]

		1		1972			1973							
Line	-ine	Total	Air	Water	Solid waste	Other and unallocated <sup>2</sup>	Total	Air	Water	Solid waste	Other and unallocated <sup>2</sup>			
1	National expenditures for pollution abatement and control (2+16+19)	19, 513	7,097	8, 547	4,079	-210	23, 020	9,194	9,627	4, 396	-197			
2	Pollution abatement 3 (3+6+12)	18, 334	6, 424	8, 270	4, 039	- 398	21, 635	8,447	9, 277	4, 347	-435			
<b>3</b> 4 5	Personal consumption Durable goods Nondurable goods and services.	1,804 452 1, <b>3</b> 52	1, 804 452 1, <b>3</b> 52				2, 818 676 2, 142	2, 818 676 2, 142						
6 7	Business On capital account	10, 7 <b>43</b> 5, 281	<b>4, 438</b> 2, 5 <b>3</b> 9	4, <b>3</b> 00 2, 444	2, 407 298	-401	12, 67 <b>3</b> 6, 598	5, 468 3, 318	5, 115 2, 920	2, 527 <b>36</b> 0	-437			
8 9 10 11	On current account Private purchases Government enterprise purchases Costs recovered	5, 463 4, 674 1, 204 415	1,899 1,824 76	1,856 728 1,128	2, 108 2, 108	-401 14 415	6,075 5,120 1,410 455	2, 150 2, 052 98	2, 195 883 1, 313	2, 167 2, 167	-437 18 -455			
12 1 <b>3</b> 14 15	Government Federal purchases State and local purchases Government enterprise purchases of fixed capital	5, 787 153 2, 043 3, 591	182 61 (*) 121	3, 970 85 415 3, 470	1, 6 <b>3</b> 2 5 1, 628	3 3 1	6, 144 212 2, 206 3, 726	161 49 (*) 112	4, 161 146 402 3, 614	1, 819 16 1, 803	2 2 1			
16 17 18	Regulation and monitoring. Federal purchases. State and local purchases.	<b>357</b> 200 157	142 48 94	<b>136</b> 79 58	13 9 3	66 64 2	483 278 205	164 50 115	186 99 88	16 14 2	117 115 2			
19 20 21 22	Research and development Private purchases Federal purchases State and local purchases	822 518 205 99	531 410 104 17	141 63 34 44	27 12 6 10	122 32 62 28	<b>902</b> 568 269 65	583 451 126 6	164 69 62 33	<b>33</b> 1 <b>3</b> 11 9	122 35 69 18			
2 <b>3</b>	Addendum: Business capital consumption allowances 4	580					809							

\*Less than \$500,000. 1. Excludes agricultural business; real estate operators; private medical, legal, educational, and cultural services; and nonprofit organizations. 2. "Other" includes expenditures for abatement and control of noise, radiation, and pesti-cide pollution. "Unallocated" includes business expenditures not assigned to media.

3. Pollution abatement expenditures are attributed to the sector that performs the abatement activit . Based on conventional (historical cost) depreciation reported in the PAE survey for 1073

NOTE.-Revised 1972 and preliminary 1973. Details may not add to totals because of rounding

These revisions, resulting from the use of new data and improved methods, increased the estimated 1972 total by \$0.8 billion.

#### **Personal consumption**

Durables, nondurables, and services were revised downward by \$0.1 billion. Changes occurred primarily in estimates of emission control spending for pickup trucks, subcompacts, and imported cars.

#### Business

Capital- and current-account estimates covering all media were revised upward \$0.3 billion and \$1.4 billion, respectively. The estimate of spending for water pollution abatement was changed to include new data from Steam-Electric Plant Air and Water Quality Control Data, 1972 published by the Federal Power Commission in March 1975.

Capital- and current-account expenditures for solid waste pollution abatement were increased substantially. Residential and commercial expenditures for self-service disposal of solid waste and for collection and disposal service purchased from private contractors were estimated by using three national surveys sponsored by the Environmental Protection Agency: (1) The Private Sector in Solid Waste Management (1971), (2) Local Government Solid Waste Programs (1974), and (3) 1968 Survey of Community Solid Wastes Practices. Estimates were made from data on the number of customers, the tons of solid waste collected per customer, and the average expenditure per ton for collection and disposal. Revised 1972 and preliminary 1973 estimates include self-service disposal for the first time.

Costs recovered by manufacturers from pollution abatement procedures were revised downward on the basis of results from the Census Bureau's 1973 PAE survey, published in "Manufacturer's Pollution Abatement Capital Expenditures and Operating Costs (Advance Report) 1973," Current Industrial Reports.<sup>6</sup>

The estimate of private expenditures for research and development was revised on the basis of the National Science Foundation (NSF) Survey of Industrial Research and Development During 1974, which, for the first time, included a question on pollution abatement. In the survey, the term "pollution abatement" was defined, examples of pollution abatement research and development were given, and guidelines were set for separating expenditures for joint purposes when one purpose was abatement. The sample design, collection of data, and extrapolation to universe totals were done on contract with the Census Bureau. (Approximately 8,000 companies were in the sample.) In addition to increased reliability, additional detail by media and source of funds was obtained. Preliminary results for 1973, 1974, and 1975 (expected)

6. The original 1972 estimate of costs recovered was based on far fewer observations than were available for other components of business current-account spending. The revision was based on estimates of costs recovered reported in the 1973 PAE survey and on an estimated rate of change in costs recovered between 1972 and 1973. Downward revision of the costs recovered caused a corresponding increase in the current-account expenditure estimate for 1972. were provided by NSF. BEA revised 1972 private expenditures for pollution abatement research and development downward \$0.8 billion by using an estimated rate of change since 1972 and the level of spending in 1973 reported by NSF.

### Government

Federal expenditures for pollution abatement were revised to accommodate increased coverage of the Office of Management and Budget's Circular A-11, Section 52.2, and reclassification of Federal funding for highway erosion control.

Circular A-11 coverage was extended to include (1) changes-in-productionprocess spending by federally owned materials production facilities, electric power plants, incinerators, and hospitals and (2) costs of operations and maintenance, including fuel switching, and costs of administering direct pollution abatement activities.

Reclassification of Federal funding for highway erosion control between Federal expenditures and State and local government expenditures resulted in upward revisions of Federal grants and State and local government spending for water pollution abatement in 1972.

Table 2.—Federal Grants to State and Local Governments for Pollution Abatement and Control, 1972 and 1973

		[												
			1972			1973								
	Total	Air	Water	Solid waste	Other	Total	Air	Water	Solid waste	Other				
Pollution abatement	900	(*)	897	3	1	1, 508	(*)	1,437	71	1				
Regulation and monitoring	65	<b>3</b> 9	21	3	2	78	46	29	2	2				
Research and development	99	17	44	10	28	65	6	33	9	18				
Total	1, 064	56	962	16	31	1, 651	52	1, 498	81	20				

\*Less than \$500,000. NOTE.—Revised 1972 and preliminary 1973. Details may not add to totals because of rounding.

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# **CURRENT BUSINESS STATISTICS**

THE STATISTICS here update series published in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS, biennial statistical supplement to the SURVEY of CURRENT BUSINESS. That volume (available from the Superintendent of Documents for \$6.80) provides a description of each series, references to sources of earlier figures, and historical data as follows: For all series, monthly or quarterly, 1969 through 1972 (1962–72 for major quarterly series), annually, 1947–72; for selected series, monthly or quarterly, 1947–72 (where available). Series added or significantly revised after the 1973 BUSINESS STATISTICS went to press are indicated by an asterisk (\*) and a dagger (†), respectively; certain revisions for 1972 issued too late for inclusion in the 1973 volume appear in the monthly SURVEY beginning with the August 1973 issue. Also, unless otherwise noted, revised monthly data for periods not shown herein corresponding to revised annual data are available upon request.

The sources of the data are given in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS; they appear in the main descriptive note for each series, and are also listed alphabetically on pages 189-90. Statistics originating in Government agencies are not copyrighted and may be reprinted freely. Data from private sources are provided through the courtesy of the compilers, and are subject to their copyrights.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1972	1973	1974	1972		19	73			19	74			1975						
through 1972 and descriptive notes areas shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	A	nual tota	,{1}	IV	I	II	ш	IV	I	11	III	IV	1	11	III	IVI				
			·				Seas	onally ad	ljusted q	uarterly	totals at	annual r	l rates							
G	ENER	AL B	USIN	ESS I	INDI	CATO	RS—	Quari	terly	Series	5									
NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT														-						
Gross national product, total	1, 171. 1	1, 306. 3	1,406.9	1,219.4	1,265.0	1,287.8	1,319.7	1, <b>3</b> 52.7	1,370.9	1,391.0	1,424.4	1,441.3	1,433.6	1,460.6	1,528.5	r 1,572				
Personal consumption expenditures, totaldo	733.0	808.5	885.9	761.8	785.7	800. 5	818.4	829.5	849.5	877.8	907.7	908.4	926.4	950.3	977.4	r 1,001				
Durable goods, total ?	$111.2 \\ 50.6 \\ 44.8$	122. 9 54. 4 50. 7	$121.9 \\ 48.0 \\ 54.7$	$117.6 \\ 53.8 \\ 47.1$	${ \begin{array}{c} {}124.8\\ {}58.2\\ {}49.3 \end{array} }$	$124.4 \\ 56.4 \\ 50.4$	$\begin{array}{c} 123.7\\54.4\\51.2 \end{array}$	$118.9 \\ 48.4 \\ 51.9$	$118.4 \\ 46.1 \\ 53.4$	$^{123.1}_{48.7}_{55.0}$	$128.9 \\ 53.5 \\ 55.9$	$117.3 \\ 43.6 \\ 54.3$	$118.9 \\ 44.6 \\ 54.1$	$123.8 \\ 46.1 \\ 57.0$	131. 8 52. 1 58. 3	r 137. r 55. r 60.				
Nondurable goods, total 9dododo Clothing and shoesdodo Fooddododododo	299.3 55.1 150.4 24.9	<b>334.4</b> 61.4 168.0 28.3	$375.7 \\ 65.2 \\ 189.4 \\ 36.4$	$\begin{array}{r} \textbf{311.2} \\ 57.9 \\ \textbf{155.1} \\ 26.1 \end{array}$	321.4 60.1 161.2 26.7	$328.0 \\ 60.9 \\ 164.3 \\ 27.4$	$\begin{array}{r} {\bf 339.6} \\ {\bf 61.9} \\ {\bf 171.4} \\ {\bf 28.5} \end{array}$	348.5 62.8 175.2 30.6	$359.8 \\ 64.3 \\ 181.3 \\ 31.7$	371.9 65.3 185.4 37.1	$383.9 \\ 66.5 \\ 193.2 \\ 38.2$	$\begin{array}{r} 387.1 \\ 64.8 \\ 197.4 \\ 38.8 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 394.1 \\ 66.7 \\ 202.8 \\ 38.1 \end{array}$	404 8 69.0 206.6 39.6	$\begin{array}{r} 416.4\\71.3\\211.4\\41.2\end{array}$	r 423. r 72. r 215. r 42.				
Services, total Qdododo. Household operationdo. Housingdo. Transportationdo.	322.4 45.9 112.3 26.0	$351.3 \\ 50.3 \\ 123.1 \\ 27.8$	$388.3 \\ 56.4 \\ 136.0 \\ 30.9$	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{333.0} \\ 47.9 \\ \textbf{115.6} \\ 26.7 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{339.5} \\ \textbf{48.2} \\ \textbf{118.9} \\ \textbf{27.2} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 348.2 \\ 49.8 \\ 121.9 \\ 27.6 \end{array}$	355.2 51.4 124.7 28.0	$362.2 \\ 51.9 \\ 126.8 \\ 28.5$	$\begin{array}{r} \textbf{371. 2} \\ 52. 7 \\ \textbf{131. 4} \\ 29. 7 \end{array}$	382.8 55.6 134.2 30.4	394. 9 57. 9 137. 4 31. 4	404.0 59.2 140.7 32.1	413.4 60.6 143.9 33.0	421.6 63.1 147.0 33.5	429.2 64.7 150.2 34.2	r 439. r 64. r 154. r 35.				
Gross private domestic investment, totaldo	188.3	220.5	212.2	200.5	211.7	217.1	221.2	231.9	218.4	212.7	207.6	210.3	168.7	161.4	194.9	r 205.				
Fixed investmentdo Nonresidentialdo Structuresdo Producers' durable equipmentdo	178.8 116.8 42.5 74.3	203.0 136.5 49.0 87.5	202.5 147.9 54.4 93.5	$189.7 \\ 123.8 \\ 44.0 \\ 79.9$	$199.3 \\131.0 \\46.3 \\84.8$	202.8 134.5 47.7 86.7	$205.6 \\ 138.5 \\ 50.3 \\ 88.2$	$204.2 \\ 141.8 \\ 51.5 \\ 90.4$	203.5 145.9 53.4 92.5	$203.4 \\ 146.6 \\ 54.1 \\ 92.4$	$203.1 \\ 148.1 \\ 54.0 \\ 94.1$	199.8 151.1 56.1 95.0	193.5 149.3 54.9 94.4	$191.\ 1\\146.\ 1\\51.\ 1\\95.\ 0$	$197.1 \\ 146.7 \\ 51.2 \\ 95.6$	7 207 7 151. 7 53. 7 98.				
Residentialdodo Change in business inventoriesdo Nonfarmdo	62.0 9.4 8.8	$\begin{array}{c} 66.5 \\ 17.5 \\ 14.1 \end{array}$	54.6 9.7 11.6	65. 9 10. 8 10. 3	68.2 12.4 10.1	68.3 14.3 11.0	67.0 15.6 11.0	62.4 27.7 24.0	57.6 14.9 14.1	56.9 9.3 11.0	55.0 4.4 7.6	48.7 10.4 13.7	$\begin{array}{c} 44.2 \\ -24.8 \\ -23.3 \end{array}$	45.0 -29.6 -29.6	50.4 -2.1 -5.7	r 55. r -2. r -7.				
Net exports of goods and servicesdo Exportsdo Importsdo	-3.3 72.7 75.9	7.4 101.5 94.2	7.7 144.2 136.5	-2.1 79.0 81.1	2.0 89.4 87.4	4.5 96.6 92.1	10.2 105.2 95.0	12.8 114.9 102.0	15.6 133.1 117.5	4.0 141.6 137.6	3.2 148.6 145.5	8.2 153.6 145.3	17.3 148.2 130.9	24.2 140.7 116.4	$\begin{array}{c} 22.1 \\ 148.5 \\ 126.4 \end{array}$	* 21. * 153. * 132.				
Govt. purchases of goods and services, total_do Federaldo National defensedo State and localdodo	253. 1 102. 1 73. 5 151. 0	269.9 102.0 73.4 168.0	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{301.1} \\ \textbf{111.7} \\ \textbf{77.4} \\ \textbf{189.4} \end{array}$	259. 2 102. 3 73. 3 157. 0	$265.7 \\ 104.1 \\ 74.0 \\ 161.6$	265.7 99.9 73.0 165.8	270.0 100.0 72.3 170.0	$\begin{array}{c} 278.4 \\ 104.0 \\ 74.2 \\ 174.5 \end{array}$	$287.5 \\ 106.1 \\ 74.8 \\ 181.4$	296.5 108.9 75.8 187.6	305.9 113.6 78.4 192.3	314.4 118.2 80.5 196.3	321.2 119.4 81.4 201.9	324.7 119.2 82.1 205.5	<b>334.1</b> 124.2 84.9 209.9	r 344. r 129. 87. r 214.				
By major type of product;† Final sales, total	1, 161. 7 516. 6 202. 1 314. 5 510. 8 134. 3	$1,288.8 \\ 582.3 \\ 228.8 \\ 353.5 \\ 559.5 \\ 147.0 \\$	1,397.2 626.5 238.5 388.0 624.1 146.6	$1,208.6 \\ 538.6 \\ 213.0 \\ 325.6 \\ 529.3 \\ 140.7$	$\substack{1,252.6\\565.6\\226.5\\339.0\\540.8\\146.3}$	1,273.5 573.9 228.2 345.6 552.7 147.0	<b>1,304.1</b> 589.7 230.2 359.5 565.8 148.6	1,325.0 600.1 230.2 369.9 578.8 146.1	1,356.1607.9231.4376.6602.1146.1	1,381.7 620.6 237.7 383.0 612.0 149.1	1,420.0 640.2 245.8 394.4 632.5 147.2	1,430.9 637.3 239.3 398.0 649.7 143.9	1,458.4660.2243.8416.4659.3138.9	1,490.2 683.5 258.8 424.7 672.0 134.6	1,530.6 701.1 267.5 433.5 688.1 141.4	* 1,574 * 718. * 276. * 442. * 705. * 150.				
Change in business inventoriesdo Durable goodsdo Nondurable goodsdodo	9.4 6.3 3.2	17.5 10.3 7.2	9.77.52.2	10.8 11.8 -1.0	$12.4 \\ 6.8 \\ 5.6$	$\begin{array}{c} 14.3 \\ 9.5 \\ 4.9 \end{array}$	15.6 11.4 4.2	$27.7 \\ 13.5 \\ 14.2$	$14.9 \\ 6.7 \\ 8.2$	9.3 2.7 6.5	4.4 5.9 -1.4	$ \begin{array}{c} 10.4 \\ 14.9 \\ -4.4 \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c c} -24.8 \\ -14.6 \\ -10.2 \end{array}$	-29.6 -15.5 -14.1	-2.1 -5.6 3.5	r -2. r -6. r 4.				
GNP in constant (1972) dollars†													[							
Gross national product, totaltbil.\$.	1	1, 233. 4	1,210.7	1,202.2	1,227.7	} `	1	1,240.9	1,228.7	1,217.2		1,186.8	1,158.6	1,168.1	1,201.5					
Personal consumption expenditures, totaldo		766.3	759.8	752.8	765.8	{	770.5	762.8	760.0	763.2	767.2	748.9	752.3	764.1	771.6					
Durable goodsdo Nondurable goodsdo Servicesdo	299.3	$ \begin{array}{c c} 120.9\\ 309.6\\ 335.8 \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c c} 112.5\\ 303.0\\ 344.4 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 117.6\\ 306.4\\ 328.8 \end{array}$	124.0 310.6 331.2	308.2	121.2 311.4 337.9	$\begin{array}{c} 115.7 \\ 308.3 \\ 338.9 \end{array}$	$114.7 \\ 304.5 \\ 340.8$	115.5 303.8 343.9	$\begin{array}{c c} 116.8\\ 304.7\\ 345.7\end{array}$	102.9 298.9 347.2	104.0 300.8 347.5	106.5 306.9 350.8	112.3 308.0 351.2	r 310. r 353.				
Gross private domestic investment, totaldo	. 188.3	207.4	180.0	197.6	205.0	206.1	206.0	212.6	195.9	183.8	173.2	166.9	129.7	124.1		7 151.				
Fixed investmentdodododododo Residentialdodo Change in business inventoriesdodo	62.0		172.2 127.5 44.7 7.7	186.7 122.9 63.8 10.8	$193.2 \\ 128.6 \\ 64.5 \\ 11.9$		$191.8 \\ 132.4 \\ 59.4 \\ 14.2$	$188.2 \\ 133.9 \\ 54.3 \\ 24.4$	$183.6 \\ 134.5 \\ 49.1 \\ 12.4$	$\begin{array}{c c} 177.0\\ 129.9\\ 47.1\\ 6.8 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 169.0\\ 125.0\\ 44.1\\ 4.2 \end{array}$	120.8	$ \begin{array}{c c} 148.7\\ 115.2\\ 33.6\\ -19.0 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c c} 144.8 \\ 110.8 \\ 34.0 \\ -20.7 \end{array} $	148.7 110.6 38.0 8	<sup>40.</sup>   <sup>7</sup> −1.				
Net exports of goods and servicesdo	-3.3	7.2	16.6	-1.4	2.1	5.6	8.9	12.1	18.7	15.3	15.1	17.4	21.5	24.9	23.5	r 23.				
Govt. purchases of goods and services, total_do Federaldo State and localdo	102.1	252.5 96.1 156.3	254.3 95.0 159.3	253.2 99.6 153.6	254.7 100.4 154.3	155.5	94.2 156.9					253.6 94.7 158.9 Parts I a	$\begin{array}{c} 255.1\\ 93.7\\ 161.4\end{array}$			r 96. r 165.				

r Revised. p Preliminary. <sup>1</sup> Annual totals for components shown in this column appear on pp. 7-14 of this issue of the SURVEY. <sup>†</sup> Revised series. Estimates of national neome and product and personal income have been revised back to 1946 (descriptive material and earlier data appear in the Jan. 1976 SURVEY, Parts I and II); revisions prior to Nov. 1974 for personal income appear in table 2.2 in the Jan. 1976 SURVEY. Q Includes data for items not shown separately.

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nless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1972	1973	1974		19	73			19	74			19	75		197
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Aı	nnual tots	1	I	п	ш	IV	I	11	ш	IV	I	п	111	IVa	I
GENER	AL B	USINI	ESS I	NDIC	ATO	RS(	Juart	erly S	eries-	-Con	tinue	ed				<u> </u>
ATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT <sup>†</sup> -Con.																
Quarterly Data Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates																ľ
mplicit price deflators:† Gross national productIndex, 1972=100 Personal consumption expendituresdo Durable goodsdo Nondurable goodsdo Servicesdo	100.00 100.0 100.0 100.0	$105.92 \\ 105.5 \\ 101.7 \\ 108.0$	116.20 116.6 108.4 124.0	$103.04 \\ 102.6 \\ 100.7 \\ 103.5$	104.84 104.5 101.4 106.4	106.73 106.2 102.0 109.0	109.01 108.8 102.8 113.1	$111.58 \\ 111.8 \\ 103.2 \\ 118.2$	114.28 115.0 106.6 122.4	$117.70 \\ 113.3 \\ 110.4 \\ 126.0$	121.45 121.3 114.0 129.5	$123.74 \\ 123.1 \\ 114.4 \\ 131.0$	125.04 124.4 116.3 131.9	127.21 126.7 117.4 135.2	7 129. <b>3</b> 2 7 128. 4 7 119. 4 7 136. 4	
Services	100.0 100.0 100.0	108.0 104.6 106.0 104.0	112.7 117.6 116.0	103.3 102.5 103.2 101.9	103. 3 105. 3 103. 3	105.1 105.1 107.2 104.7	106.9 108.5 106.0	110.9 108.5	111.3 115.0 112.9	120.0 114.2 120.2 118.5	116.4 125.4 125.0	119.0 130.1 129.6	120.2 131.9 131.8	122.2 132.6 132.6	124. 4 7 135. 5 7 135. 3	
Residential do Govt, purchases of goods and servicesdo Federaldo State and localdo	100.0 100.0 100.0 100.0	110.6 106.9 106.1 107.5	$\begin{array}{c} 122.1 \\ 118.4 \\ 117.6 \\ 118.9 \end{array}$	101.3 105.8 104.3 103.6 104.8	109.7 106.1 105.3 106.6	112.9 107.5 106.1 108.3	$     \begin{array}{r}       114.9 \\       109.8 \\       109.5 \\       110.0     \end{array} $	117.4 113.2 112.1 113.8	120.7 116.3 114.9 117.1	$124.9 \\ 120.1 \\ 118.6 \\ 121.0$	126.7 124.0 124.8 123.6	131.6 125.9 127.3 125.1	132.3 127.3 128.9 126.4	132.5 129.2 130.9 128.2	7 136.1	
ational income, totaltbil. \$bil.	951.9	1,067.3	1,141.1	1,031.2	1,052.9	1,078.1	1,106.8	1,122. <b>3</b>	1,129.6	1,151.3	1,161.3	1,155.2	1,180.8	1,232.5		
Compensation of employees, totaldo Wages and salaries, totaldo Privatedo Militarydo Government civiliando Supplements to wages and salariesdo	715.1 633.8 496.2 22.0 115.6 81.4	$\begin{array}{c} 797.7\\ 700.9\\ 552.3\\ 22.1\\ 126.5\\ 96.8 \end{array}$	873.0 763.1 603.0 22.3 137.7 110.0	769.7 676.5 531.6 22.3 122.6 93.2	787.8 692.5 545.5 21.9 125.2 95.3	805.4 707.6 558.2 21.8 127.7 97.8	828.0 727.1 573.9 22.5 130.7 101.0	843.9 738.7 583.1 22.3 133.3 105.2	863.9 755.6 597.6 22.1 136.0 108.3	886.3 774.3 613.6 21.9 138.8 112.0	$\begin{array}{c} 898.1 \\ 783.6 \\ 617.7 \\ 23.0 \\ 143.0 \\ 114.4 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 897.1 \\ 781.0 \\ 611.7 \\ 22.9 \\ 146.4 \\ 116.1 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 905.4 \\ 787.6 \\ 615.0 \\ 22.8 \\ 149.7 \\ 117.8 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 928.2\\ 807.3\\ 631.9\\ 22.8\\ 152.6\\ 120.9\end{array}$	r 955. 1 r 830. 7 r 650. 5 23. 6 r 156. 5 124. 4	
Proprietors' income with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments, totalbil.\$dododododo	76. 1 18. 0 58. 1	91.7 32.4 59.3	85. 1 25. 6 59. 5	85.9 26.5 59.4	90, 1 31, 2 58, 9	95.0 35.2 59.7	96. 0 36. 8 59. 3	93.0 33.7 59.3	81.8 22.3 59.5	82.1 21.9 60.2	83.6 24.6 59.0	79.6 21.0 58.6	78.6 20.1 58.5	88.0 29.3 58.7	87.0 28.2 7 58.9	
Rental income of persons with capital consump- tion adjustmentbil. \$	21.5	21.3	21.0	21.8	21.2	21.3	21.1	21.1	21.0	20.9	20.9	20.8	20.5	20.9	22.0	
Corp. profits with inventory valuation and capi- tal consumption adjustments, totalbil. \$ Corp. profits with invent. val. adj.: Domestic, totaldo	92.1 84.7	100.2 91.7	91. <b>3</b> 82.5	101.9 92.9	99.6 90.8	98.9 91.4	100.4 92.0	99.6 85.9	94.3 87.2	89.2 82.0	82.0 75.1	78.9 77.6	96.6 95.7	113.1 113.4		
Financialdo Nonfinancial, total 9 Manufacturing, total 9 Durable goodsdo	15.4 69.3 40.6 22.5	17.4 74.3 43.8 24.0	82.5 17.3 65.3 37.4 11.8	16.8 76.1 45.6 26.5	17.5 73.2 44.8 24.7	17.4 74.0 42.6 2 <b>3</b> .8	17.9 74.1 42.4 20.9	17.2 68.7 40.9 16.5	17.1 70.2 39.8 11.6	18.3 63.7 37.0 9.7	16.5 58.6 31.9 9.2	18.3 59.3 30.0 8.9	15.5 80.2 43.5 16.0	14.9 98.6 54.6 24.5		
Transportation, communication, and electric, gas, and sanitary servbil. \$ Rest of the worlddo	9.0 4.8	8.5 6.8	7.0 11.0	9.2 6.5	8.1 6.6	8.6 6.5	8.2 7.7	6.2 14.4	7.3 8.8	7.7 10.0	6.7 11.0	5.1 5.8	7.9	11.3 6.2		
Profits before tax, total do Profits tax liability do Profits after tax do Dividends do Undistributed profits do	$\begin{array}{c} 96.2 \\ 41.5 \\ 54.6 \\ 24.6 \\ 30.0 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 117.0 \\ 48.2 \\ 68.8 \\ 27.8 \\ 40.9 \end{array} $	<b>132.1</b> 52.6 79.5 <b>31.1</b> 48.4	$115.2 \\ 47.8 \\ 67.5 \\ 26.4 \\ 41.0$	$ \begin{array}{c} 117.9\\ 48.8\\ 69.1\\ 27.2\\ 41.9 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{r} 119.1 \\ 48.6 \\ 70.5 \\ 29.5 \\ 41.0 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} 128.3 \\ 49.4 \\ 78.9 \\ 30.0 \\ 48.9 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} 129.6 \\ 52.6 \\ 77.1 \\ 30.9 \\ 46.2 \end{array} $	146.7 59.3 87.4 31.7 55.7	123.9 49.2 74.7 31.7 43.0	97.137.559.632.127.5	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	129.5 50.7 78.8 33.5 45.3	33.1	
Inventory valuation adjustmentdo Capital consumption adjustmentdo Net interestdo	-6.6 2.5 47.0	-18.4 1.6 56.3	-38.5 -2.3 70.7	-15.8 2.5 51.9	-20.6 2.2 54.3	-17.9 1.0 57.6	-19.5 .7 61.3	-28.0 7 64.8	-33.7 -1.7 68.7	-54.7 -2.7 72.7	-37.7 -4.2 76.7	-13.7 -4.5 78.7	$ \begin{array}{c} -6.6 \\ -5.0 \\ 79.7 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c c} -9.9 \\ -6.5 \\ 82.2 \end{array} $	r 14. 7 r 6. 6 85. 7	<b>[</b>
DISPOSITION OF PERSONAL INCOME														}		
uarterly Data Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates ersonal income, total	$942.5 \\ 141.2 \\ 801.3 \\ 751.9 \\ 49.4$	1,054.3 151.2 903.1 830.4 72.7	1,154.7171.2983.6909.574.0	$1,011.6 \\ 145.0 \\ 866.6 \\ 806.1 \\ 60.4$	1,039.0 147.3 891.7 821.8 70.0	$1,067.8 \\ 153.7 \\ 914.1 \\ 840.3 \\ 73.8$	1,098.8 158.9 939.9 853.4 86.5	1,115.9 162.1 953.8 872.6 81.2	1,136.6 168.4 968.2 901.4 66.8	175.3	178.9	1,203.6 179.6 1,024.0 950.4 73.6	142.1 1,081.7	174.6	r 180.5	
NEW PLANT AND EQUIPMENT EXPENDITURES																
Inadjusted quarterly or annual totals: All industriesdo Manufacturingdo Durable goods industries ¶do Nondurable goods industries ¶do	88.44 31.35 15.64 15.72	99.74 38.01 19.25 18.76	112.40 46.01 22.62 23.39	21.50 7.80 3.92 3.88	$ \begin{array}{r} 24.73 \\ 9.16 \\ 4.65 \\ 4.51 \end{array} $	25.04 9.62 4.84 4.78	28.48 11.43 5.84 5.59	24. 10 9. 49 4. 74 4. 75	$28.16 \\ 11.27 \\ 5.59 \\ 5.69$	28. 2 <b>3</b> 11. 62 5. 65 5. 96	31. 92 13. 63 6. 64 6. 99	$25.82 \\ 10.84 \\ 5.10 \\ 5.74$	$28. 43 \\ 12. 15 \\ 5. 59 \\ 6. 55$	$27.79 \\ 11.67 \\ 5.16 \\ 6.51$	<sup>1</sup> 31. 45 13. 66 6. 20 7. 46	
Nonmanufacturing do Mining do Railroad do Air transportation do Other transportation do	57.09 2.42 1.80 2.46 1.46	61.73 2.74 1.96 2.41 1.66	66. 39 3. 18 2. 54 2. 00 2. 12	$13.69 \\ .63 \\ .46 \\ .52 \\ .32$	15.57 .71 .46 .72 .43	15. 42 . 69 . 48 . 57 . 44	17.05 .71 .56 .60 .47	14.61 .68 .50 .47 .34	16.89 .78 .64 .61 .49	16. 61 . 80 . 64 . 43 . 58	18. 29 . 91 . 78 . 48 . 71	14.98 .91 .59 .44 .62	16.28 .97 .71 .47 .77	16. 12 . 94 . 62 . 50 . 85	17.79 1.00 .61 .43 .65	
Public utilities       do         Electric       do         Gas and other       do         Communication       do         Commercial and other       do	17.00 14.48 2.52 11.89 20.07	18.71 15.94 2.76 12.85 21.40	20. 55 17. 63 2. 92 13. 96 22. 05	3.95 3.45 .50 2.87 4.94	4.59 3.91 .68 3.27 5.40	4.82 4.04 .77 3.19 5.24	5.36 4.54 .82 3.53 5.83	4.38 3.85 .52 3.19 5.05	5. 30 4. 56 . 75 3. 60 5. 46	5.20 4.42 .78 3.39 5.57	5.67 4.80 .87 3.78 5.97	4. 42 3. 84 . 58 3. 11 4. 88	4.94 4.15 .79 3.22 5.19	5.074.16.91 $3.145.00$		-
eas. adj. qtrjy. totals at annual rates: All industriesdodo Manufacturingdo Durable goods industries ¶do Nondurable goods industries ¶do				96. 19 35. 51 17. 88 17. 63	97.76 36.58 18.64 17.94	100. 90 38. 81 19. 73 19. 08	103.74 40.61 20.48 20.13	107.27 42.96 21.43 21.53	111.40 45.32 22.50 22.82	113.99 47.04 23.08 23.96	116.22 48.08 23.28 24.80	114.57 49.05 22.86 26.20	112.46 48.78 22.59 26.19	112.16 47.39 21.01 26.38	$     \begin{array}{r}       1114.80 \\       48.16 \\       21.82 \\       26.34     \end{array} $	
Nonmanufacturingdo Miningdo Railroaddodo Air transportationdo				60. 68 2. 59 2. 11 2. 21	61.18 2.77 1.75 2.72	62.09 2.82 1.95 2.49	$63.12 \\ 2.76 \\ 2.05 \\ 2.20$	64. 31 2. 80 2. 10 2. 13	66. 08 3. 07 2. 42 2. 21	66. 94 3. 27 2. 68 1. 84	$\begin{array}{c} 68.14\\ 3.56\\ 3.05\\ 1.81\end{array}$	65.52 3.76 2.39 2.09	63.68 3.78 2.70 1.60 2.75	64.76 3.82 2.75 2.12	66. 64 3. 93 2. 36 1. 67	
Other transportationdo Public utilitiesdo Electricdo Gas and otherdo communicationdo				1.53 18.38 15.40 2.98 12.34	1.62 18.08 15.55 2.52 12.70	1.79 18.58 16.00 2.58 13.12	1,73 19.80 16.72 3.08 13.24	1.63 20.12 17.12 3.00 13.83	1.84 20.97 18.10 2.87 13.94	2. 16 20. 16 17. 47 2. 68 14. 01	2.71 20.93 17.76 3.17 14.04	2.82 20.28 17.03 3.25 13.36	2.75 19.52 16.41 3.11 12.50	16.58 3.21	21.54 18.02 3.52	

<sup>\*</sup> Revised. <sup>\*</sup> Preliminary. <sup>1</sup> Estimates (corrected for systematic biases) for Oct.-Dec. 1975 and Jan.-Mar. 1976 based on expected capital expenditures of business. Expected expenditures for the year 1975 appear on p. 12 of the Dec. 1975 SURVEY. <sup>2</sup> Includes com-munication. †See corresponding note on p. S-1. § Includes data for item snot shown

separately.  $\oplus$  Personal outlays comprise personal consumption expenditures, interest paid by consumers to business, and personal transfer payments to foreigners (net). SPersonal saving is excess of disposable income over personal outlays. Data for individual durable and nondurable goods industries components appear in the Mar., June, Sept., and Dec. issues of the SURVEY. <sup>a</sup> See note<sup>1</sup> on p. S-1.

February 1976		SURV	<u>ет (</u>			<b>1</b> אוע		.IN E/Si	<b>.</b>							8-3
Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in	1972	1973	1974	1972		197	3			1974	4			1975	p	
the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	А	nnual tota	al	IV	I	II	m	IV	r	11	III	IV	1	п	ш	IV
GENER	AL B	USINI	ESS I	NDIC	ATOF	RS—Q	Juarte	erly S	eries–	-Cont	inued	1				
U.S. BALANCE OF INTERNATIONAL PAYMENTS♂						1										
Quarterly Data Are Seasonally Adjusted (Credits +; debits -)									ł							
xports of goods and services (excl. transfers under military grants)	72,600 49,388 1,163 10,161	102,051 71,379 2,342 13,998	144,448 98,309 2,944 26,068	19,729 13,395 295 2,905	22, 329 15, 423 347 3, 123	24, 144 16, 958 455 <b>3, 30</b> 4	26, 282 18, 451 531 3, 576	29, 298 20, 547 1, 009 3, 995	33,337 22,464 663 6, 129	35,510 24,218 678 6,447	37,187 25,034 766 7,054	26,593 837 6,438	37, 097 27, 129 954 4, 304	<b>35, 198</b> 25, 659 804 4, 246	37, 246 26, 644 1, 241 4, 678	27,81
Other services	11, 888 -78,531 -55,797 -4, 784	14, <b>333</b> -97, 875 -70, 424 -4, 658	17, 126 -140,623 -103,586 -5, 103	3,134 -20,972 -14,985 -1,185	3, 436 22,690 16,334 1, 174	3, 427 -23,978 -17,189 -1, 236	3,724 -24,729 -17,737 -1,072	3,747 -26,478 -19,164 -1,177	4, 081 30,345 22,587 1, 166	4, 167 -35,432 -25,677 -1, 324	4, 333 -37,422 -27,349 -1, 279	4, 545 37,424 27,973 1, 335	4, 651 -33,919 -25,296 -1, 303	4, 456 -30, 183 -22, 327 -1, 209	4, 611 -32, 699 -24, 687 -1, 113	-25,79
Payments of income of foreign investments in the U.Smil. \$ Other servicesdo	5, 841 12,109	-8, 819 -13, 973	-15, 946 -15, 988	$-1,612 \\ -3,190$	-1, 799 -3, 383	-2, 096 -3, 457	-2,413 -3,507	$-2,511 \\ -3,626$		-4, 483 -3, 948	-4,700 -4,094	<b>-3</b> , 879 <b>-</b> 4, 237	<b>3,</b> 128 4, 1 <b>3</b> 0	-2, 854 -3, 806	-2, 900 -3, 996	
Balance on goods and services, totaldo Merchandise, adjusted, excl. militarydo	-5,9 <b>3</b> 0 -6,409	4, 177 955	3,825 -5,277	-1,243 -1,590	$-361 \\ -911$	$^{166}_{-231}$	1,553 714	2, 820 1, <b>3</b> 83	2,992 12 <b>3</b>	78 -1,459	-2 <b>3</b> 5 -2, <b>3</b> 15	989 -1,380	3, 178 1, 833	5, 015 3, 332	4, 547 1, 957	2, 02
Unilateral transactions (excl. military grants), net mil. \$	-3,779 -9,710 -1,335 -69	$-3,841 \\ 335 \\ -1,490 \\ 177$	-7, 182 -3, 357 1, 119 -8, 463		$-755 \\ -1,116 \\ -334 \\ 57$	-1,015 -849 54 -290	$ \begin{array}{c} -900 \\ 653 \\ -442 \\ 1,706 \end{array} $	-1,173 1,647 -769 -1,297	-2,966 26 1,411 264	-1,865 -1,787 -484 -999	-1,265 -1,500 -2,157	-1,088 -99 -860 -5,570	-1, 175 2,003 -474 -2, 199	-1,183 3,832 -354 -2,431	-1,047 3,500 -563 -1,357	
Balance on current account and long-term capital mil. \$	-11,113 -1,542 710 -1,884	-977 -4,238 -2,436	-10,702 -12,936 4,698	-1,855 -1,000 177 -833	-1, 393 -1, 543 -3, 875	-1,085 -1,497 863	1,917 59 -150	-419 -1,257 726	1, 701 -3, 908 1, 014	-2, 302 -5, 265 1, 313	-3, 574 -1, 458 1, 135	-6, 529 -2, <b>3</b> 05 1, 2 <b>3</b> 6	-670 1, 929 2, 067	1, 047 970 	1, 580 -1, 335 -37	
Vet liquidity balance	3, 475 10,354 9, 734	-7,651 2,343 -5,308 4,456	-18,940 10,543 8,397 8,503	-3,511 2,026 -1,485 1,646	-6,811 -3,818 -10,629 9,250	-1,719 2,270 551 -994	1,826 492 2,318 1,864	$ \begin{array}{r} -950 \\ 3,399 \\ 2,449 \\ -1,933 \end{array} $	-1, 193 1, 745 552 -62	6, 254 2, 054 4, 200 <b>3</b> , 930	3, 897 4, 014 117 751	7, 598 2, 730 4, 868 <b>3</b> , 886	3, 438 -6, 636 -3, 198 2, 688	489 -2, 144 -1, 655	389 4,490 4,879 1-4,898	$ \begin{array}{c c} -9 \\ -1,0 \\ -2,0 \\ 11,5 \end{array} $
Other readily marketabledo Nonliquid Changes in U.S. official reserve assets, netdo Gross liquidity balances, excluding SDRdo	189 32	$\begin{array}{c c} 1,118 \\ -475 \\ 209 \\ -9,602 \end{array}$	673 655 1, 434 25,207	$ \begin{array}{r} 117 \\ -167 \\ -111 \\ -3,910 \end{array} $	1,202 -43 220 -8,569	259 167 17 -835	11 452 13 1,306	$\begin{array}{r} -354 \\ -147 \\ -15 \\ -1,507 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r} -278 \\ -2 \\ -210 \\ -3,813 \\ \end{array} $	185 443 358 7, 551	$ \begin{array}{r}     136 \\     -1 \\     -1,003 \\     -4,146 \end{array} $	630 215 137 -9,699		321 1-1 -29 -1,792	362 1 -1 -342 778	-3,2
Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		1974	1974	.			1		19 }	75		<u></u>	1	ı <u> </u>	<u></u>	1976
		nnual	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
	GENH			$\frac{\text{NESS}}{1}$	IND.		ORS-	-Mon	thly :	Series						
PERSONAL INCOME, BY SOURCE† Seasonally adjusted, at annual rates:† Total personal incomebil. \$	1,054.	3 1,154.7	1,200.4	1,202.6	1,203.2	1,205.0	1,209.0	1,217.2	1		1,262.4	1,278.7	1,287.4	ļ	<b>*1,300</b> .2	1
Wage and salary disbursements, totaldo Commodity-producing industries, total.do Manufacturingdo. Distributive industriesdo.	253. 196. 168.	4 273.7 2 211.2 1 184.3	782.0 273.7 210.8 189.8	$\begin{array}{c} 782.1 \\ 271.7 \\ 207.8 \\ 189.9 \end{array}$	779.1 266.1 204.3 190.2	781.7 265.9 204.4 190.7	782.7 265.8 204.9 190.9	$\begin{array}{c} 787.4 \\ 267.0 \\ 205.6 \\ 191.7 \end{array}$	207.2 192.9	797.4 270.9 208.8 193.9	808.8 275.6 213.2 197.7	815.6 279.5 216.6 198.2	$\begin{array}{c} 824.1 \\ 281.7 \\ 218.7 \\ 200.2 \end{array}$	831.2 283.2 219.7 202.4	r 223.3 r 202.9	846. 290. 226. 206.
Service industries	148. 47.	$\begin{array}{c cccc} 6 & 160.6 \\ 5 & 54.5 \\ 4 & 25.6 \\ \end{array}$	151.3 167.2 58.1 25.5	152.4 168.1 58.6 24.0	153.5 169.3 59.0 21.0	154.6 170.5 59.4 17.9	59.8 18.5	156.1 172.6 60.3 20.1	60.8 21.7	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	160.3 175.2 62.0 29.3 58.7	161.5 176.4 62.6 32.7 58.8	163.1 179.0 63.2 30.5	165.3 180.3 63.8 28.3 58.8	7 165.7 181.2 64.4 25.8 7 58.9	167. 182. 65. 25. 59.
Rental income of persons, with capital con sumption adjustmentbil, Dividendsdo Personal interest incomedo Transfer paymentsdo Less personal contributions for social insurance bil Total nonfarm incomedo	21. 27. 88. 118.	3         21.0           8         31.1           4         106.5           6         140.4           2         47.4	31.0 116.0 156.3 48.1	159.0 48.9	165.4 48.8	167.2 48.9	$20.7 \\ 32.4 \\ 116.6 \\ 168.6 \\ 48.9$	169.3 49.1	20.2 32.9 118.6 189.0	20.5 33.2 119.7 176.8 49.5	21.0 33.5 121.2 178.1 50.0	21.3 33.9 122.9	58.9 21.8 33.8 125.1 180.6 50.7 1,245.6	22.0 33.8 127.9 181.4 51.2	22. 2 31. 7 7 129. 0 7 182. 9	22. 33. 130. 184. 530.
FARM INCOME AND MARKETING		-,					_									
Cash receipts from farming, including Governmer payments, total‡mil. s	89,48	1 - /	8, 100	8, 958						1	7, 405	8, 817		1	1	1
Farm marketings and CCC loans, totaldo. Cropsdo. Livestock and products, total 9do. Dairy productsdo. Meat animalsdo. Poultry and eggsdo.	41,03 45,85 8,08 30,40		4,850 3,125 745 1,785	5,479 3,339 755 2,025	2,797 3,011 719 1,789	2,602 3,157 811 1,822	2, 135 3, 436 807 2, 130	3, 694 845 2, 300	2, <b>3</b> 94 3, 521 790 2, 174	4,211 3,702 793 2,255	2 717	$\begin{array}{c} 8,771\\ 4,613\\ 4,158\\ 798\\ 2,669\\ 657\end{array}$	6, 894 4, 669 854	6, 161 3, 954 851	4,745 3,977 940 2,310	
Indexes of cash receipts from marketings and CC loans, unadjusted: All commodities	0 20 21 11	03 218 23 283 58 170	3 224 3 316 1 154	357	182	169	139	133	156	274	242	300	449	401	309	
Indexes of volume of farm marketings, unadjusted All commodities		12 111 25 122 04 104	2 137 102	2 159 2 110	89 99	10	3   107	64 107	5   78	137 104	119 105	147 114	232 134	220 112	170 109	

r Revised. → Preliminary. <sup>1</sup> All nonmarketable U.S. Treasury securities issued to foreign official reserve agencies are included in U.S. liquid liabilities to foreign official agencies beginning second quarter 1975. → More complete details, as well as revisions back to 1960, appear on p. 26 fl. of the June 1975 issue of the SURVEY. NESS STATISTICS should read as follows (mil. \$): 1956 total imports of goods and services,

-19,627; 1953-59 direct defense expenditures, -2,615; -2,642; -2,901; -2,949; -3,216; -3,435; -3,107. 1See corresponding note on p. S-1.  $\triangle$  Includes inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments. Estries revised beginning 1059; revisions for periods prior to May 1974 are available from the U.S. Dept. of Agr., Economic Research Service. QIncludes data for items not shown separately.

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through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in			1974						197							197
the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anı	nual	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
	GEN	ERAL	BUS	INES	S IN	DICA	TORS	5—Co	ntinu	ed						
INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION of																
Federal Reserve Board Index of Quantity Output																
ot seasonally adjusted: Total index of	125.6	124.8	113.9	110.7	111.4	110.6	110. 4	110.6	114.5	109.4	115.5	120.3	119.6	117.4	+ 115.0	110
By market groupings: Products, totaldododododo	123.4 121.3	$123.1 \\ 121.7$	114. 1 113. 1	111.9 112.5	112.8 112.9	112. <b>3</b> 112.2	112.5 112.0	112.7 112.4	117.7 117.7	113.6	118.6 118.3	122.9 123.0	7 120.8 7 120.4	r 117.8	7 114.9 7 114.3	11 11
Consumer goodsdodOdOdOdOdOdOdOdOdOdOdOdOdOdOdOd	131.7	128.8 110.0	116. 1 74. 1	112.0 116.7 79.4	117.9 80.3	117.4 90.3	112.0 118.7 101.4	112.4 119.4 103.7	127.1 109.9	113.3 122.7 89.4	130.9 96.6	125.0 135.9 112.8	7 132.0 117.8	7 127.6 7 111.6	7 122.6 7 97.2	12
Home goods and clothingdo Equipmentdo	129.1 106.7	$124.6 \\ 111.7$	106.0 109.0	102. <b>3</b> 106.5	106.7 106.0	103.8 104.9	$105.4 \\ 102.8$	106.3 102.7	113.2 104.6	103.0 100.2	115.8 100.6	120.6 105.1	7 121. 3 104. 3	7 116.8 7 103.4	7 107.8 7 102.6	11 10
Intermediate productsdodododo	131.0 129.3	128.3 127.4	117.8 11 <b>3</b> .4	$109.6 \\ 108.6$	112.5 109.0	112.5 107.8	114. 2 106. 9	113.5 107.2	117.5 109.2	114.9 102.5	119.9 110.3	122.4 115.9	* 121.9 117.5	+ 119.6 + 116.3	+ 117.5 + 115.1	11
By industry groupings: Manufacturingdo	125, 1	124.4	112.4	108.6	109.8	108.5	109.0	109.1	113.0	106.7	113.4	118.7	119.0	r 117.0	<b>* 113</b> .5	11
Durable manufactures	125.1 122.0 129.7	120.7 129.7	109.5 116.5	105.9 112.6	106.4 114.8	105.7 112.6	105.0 105.0 114.7	109.1 104.1 116.5	106.7 122.2	99.0 117.9	103.8 127.0	<b>118.</b> 7 <b>109.</b> 2 <b>13</b> 2. 2	r 109.6 r 132.4	* 108.1 * 129.9	7 105.9 7 124.6	
Mining and utilitiesdo	129.0	127.3	125.7	128.7	126.8	126.1	124.2	122, 7	127.1	<b>13</b> 0.0	134.4	133.3	r 125.7	r 124. 2	r 126. 3	12
easonally adjusted: Total indexdodo	125,6	124.8	117.4	113.7	111.2	110.0	109.9	110.1	111.1	112.2	114.2	116.2	116.7	r 117.4	118.5	11
By market groupings: Products, totaldo	123. 4	123.1	118.7	115.4	113.7	112.4	113.0	113.4	114.2	115.3	115.8	116.9	7 116.9	117.8	+ 119.9	12
Final productsdo Consumer goodsdo	121.3 131.7	$121.7 \\ 128.8$	118.2 12 <b>3.</b> 4	114.9 120.1	113.4 118.9	112.2 118.2	112.6 119.6	113.7 121.2	114.5 123.3	115.7 125.5	115.9 125.7	116.9 126.8	7 117.0 7 127.0	7 117.8 7 128.6	r 119.8 r 130.8	12
Durable consumer goodsdo Automotive productsdo	138.9 136.6	127.9 110.0	110.1 87.5	104.0 80.3	101.0 78.2	103.1 86.8	107.8 93.6	110.5 97.6	113.2 103.4	115.9 106.9	116.1 105.9	118.3 106.7	118.3 108.9	119.0 • 109.7	120.5	12
Autos	125.4 158.2	94.9 139.0	69.8 121.5	62.6 114.4	58.9 115.5	73.1 113.2	82.4 115.2	86.3 119.3	93.2 122.8	97.7 124.8	96.8 123.2	97.9 123.5	101.2 123.9	100.0 † 128.4	7 100. 1 7 136. 9	13
Home goods Qdo	140.1	138.0	123.0	117.5	114.0 89.0	112.3	115.9	117.8	118.8	$121.0 \\ 104.8$	121.9	125.0	7 123.9	· 124.2	r 124.9	12
Carpeting and furnituredo	144.6 149.8	132.0 153.5	102.5 14 <b>3</b> .8	94.4 135.1	132.3	85. 0 127. 9	96.7 127.8	102.3 128.6	103.5 131.1	135.5	106.5 136.0	108.4 137.6	7 105.4 137.9	104.6 7 139.3	7 107.4 7 139.3	1(
Nondurable consumer goodsdo Clothingdo	129.0 116.2	$129.2 \\ 109.0$	128.5 102.0	126. <b>3</b> 95.0	125.6 94.5	124. 2 90. 9	124.0 89.2	125.3 94.4	$127.2 \\ 97.7$	$129.0 \\ 101.6$	129.4 102.0	* 130. 1 101. 5	* 130.5 104.5	* 132.5 106.1	* 135. 1	18
Consumer staples do Consumer foods and tobaccodo Nonford staples	132.4 122.1	134.5 125.4	135.4 125.3	134.5 123.3 146.4	133.6 123.2	132.7 120.7	133.3 122.7	133.4 122.4	134.9 124.2	136.3 125.5 147.7	136.6 125.8	137.8 126.4	* 137.3 * 127.2	r 139.6 r 129.9 r 140 7	7 142.4 7 131.4	14 13 15
Nonfood staplesdo Equipmentdo	143.2 106.7	144.0 111.7	146. 1 110. 7	140.4	144.5 105.3	145.3 103.9	144.3 103.0	145.3 102.9	146.4 102.2	102.2	148.0 102.3	149.9 102.8	r 148.1 102.6	r 149.7 r 102.8	7 154.0 7 103.6	1
Business equipmentdo Industrial equipment Qdo	122.6 120.1	129.4 128.7	$127.1 \\ 126.7$	122. <b>3</b> 122. 9	119.3 120.4	117.0 118.8	115.4 116.4	115.0 115.3	113.9 114.0	113.9 113.3	114.9 113.4	115.6	115.7 115.4	r 116.4	r 117.3 r 117.3	11
Building and mining equipment.do Manufacturing equipmentdo	120. <b>4</b> 113. 0	136.0 121.7	137.4 116.5	138. 4 111. 8	137.0 109.4	137.7 106.6	132.3 105.6	131.7 105.0	127.7 104.3	$126.9 \\ 105.5$	128. <b>3</b> 105.2	129.7 104.5	133.1 104.0	r 136.5 r 103.5	7 136.1 7 104.6	13
Commercial transit, farm eq Qdo Commercial equipmentdo	125.5 135.0	130.3 141.1	127.6 139.3	121.6 135.2	118.0 130.4	115.1 127.8	114.2 123.2	114.7 121.5	113.9 120.7	114.6 123.0	116.4 123.4	116.9 122.6	7 116.2 123.3	r 116.7 r 123.3	7 117.4 7 124.6	11
Transit equipmentdo	109.7	109.6	102.9	91.8	91.5	88.8	92.2	98.6	98.0	98.0 82.6	101.5	105.0	100.4	* 101.7	r 101. 9	10
Defense and space equipmentdo Intermediate productsdo	80.4	82.3 128.3	83.4 120.5	83.8 117.6	82.4 115.1	82.1 112.7	82.4 113.4	82.7 112.4	82.9 112.8	114.3	81.4 115.4	81.6	81.1 + 117.0	80.2	80.9	12
Construction productsdo Misc. intermediate productsdo	131.0 133.8 128.7	123.6 129.6 127.3	118.3 122.5	$115.7 \\ 119.2$	112.1 118.4	109. 1 115. 6	110. 1 116. 1 116. 1	107.6 116.2	106.8 117.4	108.0 119.3	109.3 120.3	116.6 112.0 120.3	r 112.5 r 120.7	* 112.5 * 122.2	113.2 126.4	1
Materialsdodo Durable goods materials ♀do	129.3 130.0	127.4 127.3	114.8 114.2	110.5 110.3	107.4 107.0	105.9 104.7	105.2 101.6	104.9 100.2	106.0 99.8	106.8 100.3	111.5 106.1	115.1 108.7	r 116.5 r 110.1	r 116.5	7 116.4 7 111.0	
Equipment parts	127.6	112.1 123.8	91.7 118.3	83.7 116.9	82.1 112.0	84.7 108.7	86.0 104.6	87.7 102.1	90.8 97.3	92.8 96.8	$101.7 \\ 100.7$	103.0 102.4	102.4 105.2	7 102.8 7 106.5	7 104.1 7 107.9	10
Nondurable goods materials 9 do Textile, paper and chem. materialsdo Fuel and power, industrialdo	129.2 139.9	128.5 139.8	116.2 122.9 113.0	109.2 112.9 117.8	165.7 108.5	105.3 106.2	107.9 110.4	109.5 113.2	112.3 117.0 119.5	114.0 118.9 121.1	118.3 126.0	123.4 133.9	7 125.0 7 136.1	7 124.6 7 136.1	<b>*</b> 124.8 <b>*</b> 136.9	11
By industry groupings:	124.2	122.6	115.0	117.8	118.1	118.0	117.5	118.0	119.5	121.1	118.4	121.3	r 120.6	r 120.3	* 114.5	1
Manufacturing, total Durable manufacturesdo	125.2 122.0	124.4 120.7	116.1 112.2	111.8 108.2	109.3 104.8	107.7 103.5	107.9 103.3	108, 2 102, 5	109.5 103.2	110.6 103.4	$112.8 \\ 105.4$	114.7 107.0	7 115.8 7 107.6	7 116.4 7 107.8	7 108.6	11
Primary metals	128.7 127.0	127.5 124.1	116.0 108.6 107.9	112.4 107.2 110.6	107.7 102.1	105.1 98.1	103.2 95.0	99.8 89.9 90.1	100.8 91.8 88.7	$100.7 \\ 92.8 \\ 87.0$	$104.1 \\ 96.5 \\ 90.4$	106.1 97.2	<sup>7</sup> 105.9 7 97.0	7 107.0	r 105.1	10
Iron and steeldodo Nonferrous metalsdo Fabricated metal productsdo	121.7 136.5 130.5	119.9 131.2 131.4	107.9 108.2 124.1	100.9 118.2	105.0 97.4 113.7	103.1 89.7 112.9	99.4 89.6 112.4	90. 1 91. 9 110. 9	97.0 110.9	103.8 109.7	108.1 112.7	91.3 107.3 116.1	7 93.2 7 106.0 115.9	96.0 7 104.2 7 117.1	7 92.1 100.4 7 117.0	
Machinery and allied goods 9 do	117.3	116.3	109.6	105.4	102.4	101.5	101.9	101.7	102.3	102.4	103.7	105.0	105.8	, 106.2	107.5	10
Machinerydodo Nonelectrical machinerydo Electrical machinerydo	125.8 125.0	128.1 133.8	124.8 132.5 116.3	119.6 126.7 111.5	115. ô 123. 6	112.2 119.3	110.8 116.8	109.0 113.7	108.2 112.3 103.8	108.4 112.9 103.4	110.0 115.1	111.7 116.7	112.9 117.7	7 114.1 7 119.1	r 115.7 r 119.8	11
Transportation equipment do	126.8 109.1	125.2	83.6	`78.9	1C6.6 77.1	104.3 81.0	104.0 84.7	103.8 87.6	90.5	91.0	104.4 92.9	106. 1 94. 3	107.6 94.7	<sup>r</sup> 108.7 94.1	r 111.0	11
Aerospace and misc trans and do	138.1 81.2	96.9 113.2 81.1	86.4 80.9	78.2 79.5	77.6 76.6	85.4 76.7	93. 1 76. 6	95.0 80.4	100.0 81.3	103.2 79.3	$107.2 \\ 79.1$	110.1 79.2	111.0 79.0	7 109.4 7 79.4	* 110. 2 81. 0	10
Instrumentsdo Lumber, clay, and glassdo	138.3	143.9	1 <b>3</b> 9.5	139.1	1 <b>34.</b> 2	130.6	131. 1	129.7	131.0	132.4	132.1	134.5	r 134.5	r 137.0	r 138.2	14
Lumber and products	129.1 127.9 129.8	123.6 120.1	111.0 101.3 116.9	109.6 99.9 115.3	104.6 99.6	102.6 99.8 104.2	104.8 104.1 105.4	105, 9 108, 0 104, 7	107.0 110.3 105.1	$108.2 \\ 112.0 \\ 106.2$	110.6 114.5 108.3	113.1 115.5 111.7	7 114.4 116.8 7 113.0	r 112.0 r 115.0 r 110.3	7 115.5 118.3 113.9	
Furniture and miscellaneous	125. 8	125.7 136.1	110. 9	120. 0	107.8 119.6	118.7	117.6	119.7	120.1	121.1	12 <b>3</b> . 1	124.3	124.6	r 122.8	r 123. 9	12
Miscellaneous manufacturesdo	126. 1 143. 2	136.9 126.9 144.4	120.4 120.4 135.7	$110.6 \\ 128.9$	110.6 128.0	$106.7 \\ 129.7$	$105.6 \\ 128.5$	109.6 129.0	107.9 131.1	109.4 131.8	109.6 1 <b>3</b> 5.3	$110.6 \\ 136.7$	110.8 137.2	110.7	111.2 135.2	 
Nondurable manufactures	129.7 115.0	$129.7 \\ 108.9$	121.9	$117.2 \\ 88.9$	115.6	$113.7 \\ 87.5$	$114.8 \\ 90.4$	116.2 93.2	118.6 94.9	$\begin{array}{c} 120.8\\ 97.4 \end{array}$	123.4 100.2	125.7 104.0	- 127.2 106.0	r 129.0 r 108.2	* 130.6 109.5	13 10
A puarel products	115.0 127.3 113.2	108.9 122.7 105.4	96.3 102.9 98.0	88.9 95.6 94.0	89.6 93.3 92.6	87.5 96.8 86.4	90.4 100.4 88.2	93.2 103.8 90.9	106.9 91.5	97.4 110.7 92.9	100.2 115.0 95.8	121.2	100.0 7 123.2 98.0	108.2 124.7 101.3	126.9	
Deather productsdo	83.7	77.3	69.7	66.1	66.7	63.5	68. 0	70.0	71.2	73.5	71.7	81.2	83.8	7 83.5	81.4	
Paper and printingdo Paper and productsdo Printing and publishingdo	$122.2 \\ 135.4$	121.0 134.0	112.3 116.1 109.8	108.2 114.3 104.1	$106.6 \\ 109.5 \\ 104.7$	104.2 104.5 104.0	102.4 105.8 100.2	103.9 105.8 102.6	107.3 109.5 105.9	$107.4 \\ 111.7 \\ 104.4$	110.8 116.4 107.1	113.9 124.0 107.1	7 114.8 7 127.0	7 114.7 7 127.3 7 106.2	129.8	11 

Revised. 
 Preliminary. ♂Monthly revisions for 1972 are available upon request.
 Q Includes data for items not shown separately.

 $\triangle$  Data reflect updating of seas. factors for the automotive industry; revisions back to Jan. 1972 are available from the Bureau of the Census, Wash., D.C. 20233.

#### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in	1973	1974 P	1974						19	75						1976
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	An	nual	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.»
	GEN	ERAL	BUS	INES	S IN	DICA	TORS	5-Co	ntinu	ed		L	<u></u>	,	·	<u>'</u>
INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION <sup>+</sup> -Continued	-		1													
Federal Reserve Index of Quantity Output-Con.																
Seasonally ad justed—Continued By industry groupings—Continued Manufacturing, total—Continued Nondurable manufactures—Continued Chemicals, petroleum, and rubber 1967=100.	149. <b>3</b>	151.7	141.6	136.5	132.4	130. 2	131.0	132. 4	136.2	140.1	143.6	146. 2	r 148.5	r 150. 3	r 152.8	152.
Chemicals and productsdo Petroleum productsdo Rubber and plastics productsdo	150. 2 127. 4 163. 8	154. 3 124. 0 164. 4	143.1 125.8 148.9	139.0 126.8 135.4	134.6 123.7 132.0	133.6 120.1 126.8	132.8 120.2 133.5	135.7 118.5 132.7	138.2 122.4 140.1	143.4 124.6 141.6	146.3 126.7 147.8	148.8 127.1 152.0	7 152.5 126.5 153.1	7 154.1 7 128.2 7 154.4	7 156.7 7 129.4 157.7	158.
Foods and tobaccododo Foodsdo Tobacco productsdo	121.9 122.7 110.7	124.8 126.2 106.4	123.5 125.7 96.2	$121.1 \\ 122.3 \\ 104.7$	121.3 122.3 108.4	120.0 121. <b>3</b> 102.6	122.5 122.9 115.9	122.4 123.7 103.8	123.5 125.1 102.2	124.8 126.3 104.8	$125.2 \\ 126.7 \\ 105.7$	126. 0 127. 4 109. 3	* 126.3 * 127.3 111.9	r 129. 2 r 130. 4 113. 7	* 129. 2 * 130. 2	130. 131.
Mining and utilities	129. 0 110. 3 130. 8 109. 5 108. 3 104. 4 108. 9 104. 4	127.3 109.3 129.2 109.1 107.3 105.1 107.7 99.8	$125.7 \\ 104.4 \\ 134.7 \\ 106.4 \\ 101.1 \\ 85.3 \\ 103.6 \\ 95.3 \\ 103.6 \\ 95.3 \\ 103.6 \\ 103.6 \\ 100.0 \\$	127.0 107.0 133.8 109.0 103.9 111.3 102.9 95.3	127. 3108. 6131. 1106. 1106. 8117. 5105. 097. 7	128.8 108.9 125.4 105.1 107.7 117.4 106.1 95.9	128. 0 108. 5 125. 8 104. 7 107. 4 112. 2 106. 6 95. 0	126.5105.9114.8100.4105.8113.6104.594.3	$126.8 \\ 106.3 \\ 110.6 \\ 95.3 \\ 107.6 \\ 120.4 \\ 105.5 \\ 95.7 \\$	$127.5 \\106.4 \\110.3 \\101.4 \\106.7 \\120.6 \\104.5 \\95.5 \\$	$127.0 \\ 105.0 \\ 119.2 \\ 98.9 \\ 104.4 \\ 105.7 \\ 104.2 \\ 94.7$	$127.8 \\ 105.3 \\ 118.5 \\ 99.5 \\ 104.8 \\ 113.6 \\ 103.4 \\ 93.6 \\ 103.4 \\ 93.6 \\ 103.4 \\$	r 127.0 r 106.4 119.8 100.0 r 106.1 114.6 r 104.8 r 94.6 r 152.9	r 127.4 r 106.0 r 122.1 r 101.7 r 105.0 119.9 r 102.8 r 93.8 r 154.2	r 126.0 r 103.3 120.5 101.1 r 101.9 r 106.4 r 101.2 93.6 r 155.0	127. 104. 103. 107. 102. 155.
Utilitiesdo Electricdo Gasdo	152.6 161.1 124.2	149. 9 159. 5 117. 9	152.6 163.0	152. 1 162. 5	150. 9 161. 1	154. 1 165. <b>3</b>	153. 1 164. 2	152. 3 163. 0	152.6 163.3	153. 9 164. 9	154.6 165.9	156. 1 167. 8	* 163. 4	165.4		100.
BUSINESS SALES																
Mig. and trade sales (unadj.), total♂⊕mil. \$	1,724,898	1,966,586	164, 866	150, 959	153, 736	161,057	163,758	167,884	170,934	163,858	170,969	176,098	182, 080	r172,581	179, 962	
Mfg. and trade sales (seas. adj.), totalddo	1,724,898	1,966,586	162 <b>,3</b> 47	161,915	163,248	159,050	162 <b>,374</b>	163,038	165,504	169,124	172,349	173,441	175, 318	r <b>173,</b> 977	175, 713	
Manufacturing, total♂△do Durable goods industries♂△do Nondurable goods industriesdo	1,724,898 <sup>1</sup> 856,758 392,092	<sup>1</sup> 980, 677 511, 614 469, 063	79,7 <b>3</b> 7 40,799 <b>38,93</b> 8	79,2 <b>34</b> 40,247 <b>38,987</b>	79,214 39,992 39, 222	77,509 39,124 38,385	80, <b>333</b> 40,851 <b>3</b> 9, 482	79,423 40,183 39,240	80,740 40,458 40,282	82,902 41,227 41,675	85,258 42,492 42,766	86,288 43,280 43,008	43,908	r 86, 666 r 42, 503 r 44, 163	86, 902 43, 182 43, 720	
Retail trade, totaldo Durable goods storesdo Nondurable goods storesdo	<sup>1</sup> 50 <b>3, 3</b> 17 170, 275 <b>333</b> , 042	<sup>1</sup> 537, 782 167, 313 370, 469	$\begin{array}{c} 45,109 \\ 13,554 \\ 31,555 \end{array}$	46,006 14,126 31,880	46,914 14,664 32,250	45,951 13,378 32,573	46,813 14,165 32, 648	48,173 14,703 33,470	48,578 14,965 33,613	49,655 15,432 34,223	49,925 15,506 34,419	49,549 15,440 34,109	50,165 15.775 34,390		51, 699 16, 813 34, 886	
Merchant wholesalers, total Odo Durable goods establishmentsdo Nondurable goods establishmentsdo	1 364,803 168,074 196,729	<sup>1</sup> 448,127 202, <b>3</b> 41 245, 786	<b>3</b> 7,501 16,400 21,101	36,675 16,020 20,655	37, 120 16, 025 21, 095	35,590 14,992 20,598	35, 228 15, 007 20, 221	35,442 15,024 20,418	36, 186 14,995 21,191	36,567 15,329 21,238	37,166 15,187 21,979	37,604 15,919 21,685	37,449 15,717 21,732	* 37,018 * 15,779 * 21,239	37, 112 15, 992 21, 120	
BUSINESS INVENTORIES																
Mfg. and trade inventories, book value, end of year or month (unadj.), total †⊕mil. \$	222,531	268,513	268,51 <b>3</b>	269,55 <b>3</b>	270,157	270,344	269,779	266,735	2 <b>64,3</b> 42	262,275	260,949	262,128	267, 112	r268,586	263, 173	
Mfg. and trade inventories, book value, end of year or month (seas. adj.), total †⊕mil. \$	224,401	271,050		271,148	270,252		266,970	264,335	2 <b>63</b> ,749	263,345	264,662		266, 867		265, 5 <b>3</b> 8	
Manufacturing, totaldo Durable goods industriesdo Nondurable goods industriesdo	120, 870 79, 441 41, 429	150, 404 97, 967 52, 437	150,404 97,967 52,437	151,624 99,124 52,500	151,993 100,082 51,911	151,194 99,879 51, <b>3</b> 15	150,184 99,803 50,381	148,951 99,378 49,573	148,059 98,796 49,263	147,189 98,189 49,000	146,583 97,199 49,384	$\begin{array}{c} 146,413 \\ 96,640 \\ 49,773 \end{array}$	146, 510 96,215 50,295	r146,671 r95,953 r50,718	146, 786 95, 720 51, 066	
Retail trade, total†do Durable goods storesdo Nondurable goods storesdo	65, 229 29, 593 35, 636	74, 082 34, 649 39, 433	74,082 34,649 39,433	7 <b>3,3</b> 27 <b>3</b> 4, 267 <b>3</b> 9, 060	72,308 32,956 39,352	71,728 32,460 39,268	71,483 32,375 39,108	70,826 32,086 38,740	70,840 31,909 38,931	71,503 32,270 39,233	72, 578 33, 324 39, 254	73,049 33,471 39,578	74, 642 33, 813 40, 829	33,712	73, 081 33, 592 39, 489	
Merchant wholesalers, total Odo Durable goods establishmentsdo Nondurable goods establishmentsdo	38, 302 21, 892 16, 410	46, 564 27, 779 18, 785	$\begin{array}{c} 46,564 \\ 27,779 \\ 18,785 \end{array}$	46,197 28,386 17,811	45, 951 28, 315 17, 636	45,527 28,134 17,393	45, <b>303</b> 28, 019 17, 284	44,558 27,652 16,906	44,850 27,605 17,245	44,653 27,244 17,409	45,501 27,266 18,235	45,625 27,369 18,256	45,715 27,566 18,149	r 45, 554 r 27, 532 r 18, 022	45, 671 27, 849 17, 822	
<b>BUSINESS INVENTORY-SALES RATIOS</b>																
Manufacturing and trade, total ♂⊕ratio	1.46	1.50	1.67	1.67	1.66	1.69	1.64	1.63	1.59	1.56	1.54	1. 53	1.52	1.53		
Manufacturing, total♂△do Durable goods industries♂△do Materials and suppliesdo Work in processdo	1.58 1.91 .56 .87	1.65 2.06 .67 .91	1.89 2.40 .82 1.02	1.91 2.46 .85 1.03	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1, 95 2, 55 . 88 1, 06 . 62	$     \begin{array}{r}       1,87 \\       2.44 \\       .83 \\       1.03 \\       .59 \\     \end{array} $	1.88 2.47 .82 1.05	1.83 2.44 .81 1.04	1.78 2.38 .78 1.02	1.72 2.29 .74 .98 .56	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c c} 1.67\\ 2.19\\ .71\\ .94\\ .55\\ \end{array} $	1.69 2.26 .73 .97 .56	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
Finished goodsdo Nondurable goods industriesdo Materials and suppliesdo Work in processdo	.48 1.20 .45 .19	.48 1.19 .47 .19	. 57 1. <b>3</b> 5 . 53 . 21	. 59 1. 35 . 53 . 20	$1.32 \\ .52 \\ .20$	1.34 .53 .19	$1.28 \\ .50 \\ .19$	1.26 .50 .19	.60 1.22 .48 .18	.58 1.18 .46 .18	1.15 .45 .18	1.16 .45 .18	1.15 .45 .17	+ 1.15 .44 .17	1.17 .45 .18	
Work in process	. 55 1. 46 1. 98	. 53 1. 54 2. 22	.61 1.64 2.56	.62 1.59 2.43	.61 1.54 2.25	. 62 1. 56 2. 43	. 59 1. 53 2. 29	. 58 1.47 2.18	. 56 1. 46 2. 13	.54 1.44 2.09	. 53 1. 45 2. 15	.53 1.47 2.17	.53 1.49 2.14	. 53 1. 47 2. 14	.54 1.41 2.00	
Nondurable goods storesdo	1.19 1.16	1.23 1.13	1.25 1.24	1.23 1.26	1.22 1.24	1.21 1.28	1.20 1.29	1.16 1.26	1.16 1.24	1.15 1.22	1.14 1.22	1.16 1.21	1.19 1.22	1.16 1.23	1.13 1.23	1
Merchant wholesalers, total O	1.47 .90	1.45 .87	1.69 .89	1.77 .86	1.77	1.88	1.87 .85	1.84 .83	1.84 .81	1.78 .82	1.80 .83	1.72 .84	1.75 .84	r 1.74 r.85	1.74 .84	
AND ORDERS Manufacturers' export sales. Durable goods industries: Unadjusted, total	31, 623	43, 123	<b>3</b> , 949	<b>3</b> , 408	3, 838	4, 333	4,277	4, 385	4, 584	4,001	3,788	4,346	4, 711	r 4, 211	4, 919	
Seasonally adj., totaldo			3, 739	3, 625	3, 965	4,068	4, 203	4, 224	4,468	4, 475	4, 184	4, 390	4, 673	* 4, 152	4,459	
Shipments (not seas. adj.), totalo <sup>4</sup> do	856,778	980, 677	75,406	73,923	80, 103	80,184	81,730	80,273	85,494	76,916	83,692	89,968	90,465		81,918	
Durable goods industries, total 9 c <sup>3</sup> do Stone, clay, and glass productsdo Primary metalsdo Blast furnaces, steel millsdo Nonferrous metalsdo	464,686 24,936 72,027 35,260 26,539	511, 614 26, 690 92, 365 46, 116 33, 248	38, 158 1, 830 6, 690 3, 531 2, 156	7 37,371 1,857 7,084 3,915 1,962	40, 467 1, 913 7, 026 3, 795 2, 056	40,802 1,997 6,580 3,518 1,922	42,015 2,217 6,582 3,448 1,964	41,261 2,229 6,191 3,117 1,972	43,699 2,321 6,264 3,109 2,014	<b>37, 412</b> 2, 216 5, 445 2, 705 1, 824	40,798 2,355 6,139 3,011 2,089	45, 185 2, 434 6, 925 3, 607 2, 173	45, 404 2, 541 6, 466 3, 079 2, 170	7 2,233 6,167 7 2,981	7 40,760 1,989 7 5,876 2,981 1,892	2 6, 57

• Revised. » Preliminary. 1 Based on data not seasonally adjusted. 3 Advance estimate; total mfrs. shipments for Dec. 1975 do not reflect revisions for selected components. "See corresponding note on p. S-6. § The term "business" here includes only manufacturing and trade: business inventories as shown on p. S-1 cover data for all types of producers, both farm and nonfarm. Unadjusted data for manufacturing are shown below on pp. S-6 and S-7; those for wholesale and retail trade on pp. S-11 and S-12. \*See note marked "‡" on p. S-12; revisions for inventory-sales ratios for retail trade, total, durable, and nondurable for Jan. 1971-July 1974 appear on pp. 26 ff. of the Nov. 1975 SURVEY.

PIncludes data for items not shown separately. ↓ See note marked "♂" on p. S-4. △See corresponding note on p. S-4. ⊕ Revisions for this item for Jan. 1964-Dec. 1970 (inventories) appear on pp. 44 ff. of the Dec. 1974 SURVEY; those for Jan. 1971-July 1974 appear on pp. 26 ff. of the Nov. 1975 SURVEY. ⊙See note marked "†" on p. S-11.

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less otherwise stated in footnotes below, data hrough 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown	1973	1974			<u>.</u>	·		[]	19							197
n the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		nual	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jar
	GEN	ERAL	BUS	SINES	S IN	DICA	TORS	S-Co	ntinu	ed		1		·····	1	·
ANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES, AND ORDERS-Continued																
ipments (not seas, adj.)—Continued Durable goods industrirs—Continued Rabricated metal products	53, 707 73, 380 63, 497 113,317 77, 278 14, 334	61, 271 86, 572 66, 741 109, 521 72, 120 16, 053	4,712 7,443 5,117 7,379 4,490 1,344	4, 579 6, 927 4, 674 7, 550 4, 906 1, 215	4, 830 7, 758 5, 241 8, 560 5, 344 1, 290	4, 783 7, 900 5, 211 9, 062 5, 727 1, <b>3</b> 58	5, 183 7, 789 5, 299 9, 381 6, 166 1, 373	5, 053 7, 507 5, 240 9, 492 6, 234 1, 362	5, 248 8, 122 5, 630 10,131 6, 659 1, 493	4, 844 6, 650 4, 902 7, 927 5, 012 1, <b>3</b> 19	5, 307 6, 848 5, 339 8, 748 5, 613 1, 443	5, 677 7, 660 5, 807 10, 251 7, 181 1, 611	5,703 7,656 5,890 10,808 7,530 1,598	r 5, 191 r 7, 255 r 5, 684 9, 852 r 6, 742 1, 549	5,092 7,278 5,443 7 9,229 5,825 1,531	 2 10,
Nondurable goods industries, total 9do Food and kindred productsdo Tobacco productsdo Textile mill productsdo	392, 092 134, 947 6, 201 30, 531	469, 063 156, 744 6, 926 33, 097	$37,248 \\ 13,372 \\ 600 \\ 2,262$	$36,664 \\ 12,846 \\ 568 \\ 2,060$	39,636 13,629 586 2, 287	<b>3</b> 9, <b>3</b> 82 13, 548 591 2, 543	39,715 13,535 585 2,446	39,012 13,256 605 2,528	$41,795 \\ 14,059 \\ 627 \\ 2,924$	39,504 13,346 621 2, 482	42,894 14,059 647 2, 986	44, 783 14, 872 582 3, 209	45,061 14,805 637 3,273	* 43,983 * 14,258 * 723 * 3, 177	41,710 13,936 651 3,038	
Paper and allied productsdo Chemicals and allied productsdo Petroleum and coal productsdo Rubber and plastics productsdo	32, 417 67, 034 35, 815 20, 488	39, 812 81, 377 56, 852 23, 416	3, 697 6, 118 4, 970 1, 715	3, 104 6, 292 4, 847 1, 816	3, 293 7, 019 4, 985 1, 923	3, 164 7, 011 4, 875 1, 914	3, 185 7, 183 4, 982 1, 998	3, 171 7, 007 4, 988 1, 957	3, 419 7, 374 5, 376 2, 116	3, 185 6, 630 5, 427 1, 910	3,471 7,296 5,865 2,065	3,609 7,878 5,742 2,153	3,650 7,699 5,788 2,170	* 3, 650 * 7, 427 * 5, 916 * 2, 037	3, 423 7, 097 5, 741 1, 833	£
pments (seas. adj.), total♂△do y industry group: Durable goods industries, total 9 ♂△do Stone, clay, and glass productsdo Primary metalsdo Blast furnaces, steel millsdo Nonferrous metalsdo			79,737 40,799 2,070 7,379 3,954 2,338	79,234 7 40,305 2,144 7 7,299 4,024 2,063	79,214 39,992 2,072 6,852 3,699 2,004	77,509 39,124 2,000 6,143 3,252 1,813	80,333 40,851 2,181 5,968 3,038 1,822	79,423 40.183 2,140 5,711 2,778 1,852	80,740 40,458 2, 119 5, 662 2, 744 1, 861	82,902 41, 227 2, 249 5, 921 2, 865 2, 057	85,258 42, 492 2, 203 6, 472 3, 166 2, 208	86, 288 43, 280 3, 265 7, 065 3, 805 2, 138	87,704 43, 908 2, 391 6, 844 3, 488 2, 183	* 86,666 * 42, 352 * 2, 263 * 6, 415 * 3, 283 * 2, 161	86, 902 7 43, 681 2, 249 7 6, 409 3, 338 2, 053	<sup>2</sup> 45, <sup>2</sup> 6,
Fabricated metal products			4, 940 7, 740 5, 076 8, 124 5, 316 1, 357	5,062 7,385 5,114 8,045 4,970 1,351	4,902 7,415 5,197 8,323 5,138 1,328	4,690 7,291 5,066 8,776 5,600 1,358	5, 113 7, 471 5, 448 9, 132 5, 952 1, 402	5,033 7,326 5,414 9,033 5,936 1,365	4, 898 7, 380 5, 306 9, 456 6, 193 1, 402	5, 184 7, 285 5, 368 9, 513 6, 422 1, 412	5, 226 7, 300 5, 472 10, 037 6, 765 1, 438	5, 304 7, 398 5, 453 9, 823 6, 785 1, 481	5,511 7,776 5,634 9,736 6,429 1,530	r 5,250 r 7,832 r 5,526 9,103 r 6,006 1,520	5, 338 7, 620 5, 401 7 10, 296 6, 930 1, 546	2 10
Nondurable goods industries, total 9do Food and kindred productsdo Tobacco productsdo Paper and allied productsdo Chemicals and allied productsdo Petroleum and coal productsdo Rubber and plastics productsdo			38, 938 13, 494 615 2, 342 3, 287 6, 866 4, 915 1, 898	$\begin{array}{r} 38,987\\ 13,690\\ 603\\ 2,241\\ 3,215\\ 6,775\\ 4,835\\ 1,957\end{array}$	39,222 13,656 616 2,309 3,230 6,863 4,854 1,899	38, 385 13, 313 606 2, 391 3, 037 6, 711 4, 901 1, 821	$\begin{array}{r} 39.482 \\ 13,844 \\ 605 \\ 2,484 \\ 3,165 \\ 6,637 \\ 5,014 \\ 1,889 \end{array}$	39, 240 13, 435 598 2, 589 3, 193 6, 611 5, 064 1, 897	40,282 13,675 582 2,751 3,270 6,944 5,272 1,976	41,675 13,893 607 2,884 3,382 7,232 5,477 2,070	42,766 14,165 625 2,933 3,432 7,496 5,890 2,063	43,008 14,073 562 3,053 3,516 7,618 5,731 2,106	43,796 14,275 639 3,008 3,580 7,762 5,871 2,098	r 44,163 r 14,064 r 718 r 3,138 r 3,712 r 7,814 r 5,967 r 2,113	43,720 14,070 667 3,136 3,630 7,957 5,670 2,032	<u> </u> :::
y market category: Home goods and apparel	1 80, 572 1 166,933 1 111,622 1 91,945 1 72,361 1 333,345 1 36,451 1 131,725 1 12,913	<sup>1</sup> 87, 844 <sup>1</sup> 188, 087 <sup>1</sup> 128, 361 <sup>1</sup> 87, 053 <sup>1</sup> 77, 174 <sup>1</sup> 412, 158 <sup>1</sup> 38, 873 <sup>1</sup> 147, 601 <sup>1</sup> 128, 725	6, 525 16, 185 11, 315 6, 317 5, 955 33, 440 2, 963 12, 547 10, 962	6, 481 16, 283 11, 086 6, 017 5, 898 33, 469 2, 914 12, 434 10, 790	6, 546 16,400 11,363 6, 140 5, 769 32,996 2, 898 12, 729 10, 976	6, 554 16, 211 11, 094 6, 581 5, 545 31, 524 2, 918 12, 484 10, 770	7,075 16,717 11,349 7,045 5,972 32,175 3,169 12,698 10,956	7, 128 16, 300 11, 145 7, 029 6, 104 31, 717 3, 228 12, 372 10, 704	7, 152 16,790 11,275 7,309 5,957 32,257 3,202 12,567 10,901	7,494 17,171 11,064 7,586 6,378 33,209 3,366 12,315 10,748	$\begin{array}{c} 7, 623 \\ 17, 193 \\ 11, 175 \\ 7, 974 \\ 6, 311 \\ 34, 982 \\ 3, 431 \\ 12, 544 \\ 10, 812 \end{array}$	7,883 17,067 11,109 7,933 6,492 35,804 3,526 12,409 10,744	8, 138 17,390 11,712 7,626 6,708 36,130 3,618 13,044 11,178	r 17,296 r 11,401 r 7,173 r 6,581	8, 150 17, 166 11, 367 8, 082 6, 758 35, 379 3, 469 12, 597 11, 000	  
ventories, end of year or month: look value (unadjusted), totaldo Durable goods industries, totaldo	<sup>1</sup> 18, 812 120, 312	<sup>1</sup> 18, 876 149, 762 97, 198 52, 564	1, 585	1, 644 151,943 99, 005 52, 938	1,753 152,692	1,714	1,742 151, <b>3</b> 51 100,729 50,622	1,668 150,109 100,276 49,833	1,666 148,160 98,910 49,250	1,567 146,494 97,869 48,625	1,732 145,976 97,017 48,959	1,665	1,866 145,646 95,542	1,736	1, 597 146, 378 95, 115	
Book value (seasonally adjusted), totaldo By Industry group: Durable goods industries, total 9do Stone, clay, and glass productsdo Primary metalsdo Blast furnaces, steel millsdo Nonferrous metalsdo	120, 870 79, 441 2, 813 9, 356 4, 672 3, 449	150, 404 97, 967 3, 721 11, 861 5, 747 4, 369				· ·		1	1	( ·				r146,671 r 95,953 r 3,585 r 13,898	1	
Fabricated metal productsdo Machinery, except electricaldo Electrical machinerydo Transportation equipmentdo Motor vehicles and partsdo Instruments and related productsdo	$\begin{array}{c} 8, 997 \\ 16, 703 \\ 12, 559 \\ 18, 233 \\ 5, 646 \\ 3, 268 \end{array}$	11, 793 21, 552 14, 684 21, 000 6, 697 4, 329	11, 793 21, 552 14, 684 21, 000 6, 697 4, 329	11,82521,90714,80121,2456,5604,292	12,045 22,168 14,758 21,392 6,428 4,223	12,090 22,400 14,347 21,120 6,266 4,132	$11,885 \\ 22,478 \\ 14,088 \\ 21,335 \\ 6,296 \\ 4,045$	11, 678 22, 312 13, 837 21, 336 6, 188 4, 018	11,407 22,116 13,580 21,494 6,354 3,966	11,285 21,984 13,444 21,481 6,255 <b>3</b> ,922	11,091 21,894 13,325 21,116 5,915 3,947	11, 028 21, 713 13, 212 21, 357 5, 991 3, 835	$\begin{array}{c} 10,914\\ 21,503\\ 13,245\\ 21,300\\ 6,002\\ 3,818 \end{array}$	7 10,970 7 21,105 7 13,237 7 21,368	10, 972 20, 970 13, 318 21, 076 5, 881 3, 880	
By stage of fabrication: Materials and supplies Qdo Primary metalsdo Machinery (elec. and nonelec.)do Transportation equipmentdo	24, 423 3, 586 8, 359 3, 888	<b>33, 3</b> 93 5, 408 11, 277 4, 866	33, 393 5, 408 11, 277 4, 866	34, 103 5, 862 11, 505 4, 838	34,561 6, 193 11,561 4, 918	34, 304 6, 238 11, 553 4, 797	33,738 6,357 11,323 4,714	<b>33</b> , 090 6, 411 11, 125 4, 636	32,676 6,478 10,922 4,761	32,159 6,462 10,723 4,789	31,626 6,277 10,683 4,629	31, 370 6, 244 10, 551 4, 696	31,072 6,238 10,393 4,600	<sup>7</sup> 30,980 <sup>7</sup> 6, <b>333</b> <sup>7</sup> 10,228 <sup>7</sup> 4,640	<b>3</b> 0, 624 6, 192 10, 129 4, 419	
Work in process Q	36, 078 3, 450 13, 407 12, 761	41, 506 3, 728 15, 887 14, 247	41, 506 3, 728 15, 887 14, 247	41, 454 3, 669 15, 817 14, 549	41,632 3,794 15,761 14,594	41, 513 4, 043 15, 523 14, 420	$\begin{array}{r} 41,939\\ 4,206\\ 15,556\\ 14,697 \end{array}$	42, 022 4, 410 15, 349 14, 753	41,917 4,439 15,169 14,822	42,031 4,491 15,208 14,756	$\begin{array}{r} 41,692 \\ 4,471 \\ 15,080 \\ 14,535 \end{array}$	41, 177 4, 288 14, 878 14, 713	41,175 4,267 14,913 14,784	r 4,279 r 14,706 r 14,851	41, 167 4, 365 14, 783 14, 716	
Finished goods ?	18, 940 2, 320 7, 496 1, 584	23,068 2,725 9,072 1,887	23,068 2,725 9,072 1,887	23, 567 2, 915 9, 386 1, 858	23,889 3,028 9,604 1,880	24,062 3,100 9,671 1,903	24,126 3,207 9,687 1,924	24, 266 3, 293 9, 675 1, 947	24,203 3,378 9,605 1,911	23,999 3,329 9,497 1,936	23,881 3,342 9,456 1,952	24,093 3,257 9,496 1,948	23,968 3,271 9,442 1,916	r 1, 877	23, 929 3, 357 9, 376 1, 941	
Nondurable goods industries, total 9do Food and kindred productsdo Tobacco productsdo Textile null productsdo Paper and allied productsdo Chemicals and allied productsdo Petroleum and coal productsdo Rubber and plastics productsdo By stage of fobrication:	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{41, 429} \\ \textbf{10, 584} \\ \textbf{2, 460} \\ \textbf{4, 589} \\ \textbf{3, 267} \\ \textbf{7, 268} \\ \textbf{2, 626} \\ \textbf{2, 627} \end{array}$	$52, 437 \\12, 425 \\2, 950 \\4, 812 \\4, 737 \\10, 605 \\3, 925 \\3, 267 \\$	52, 437 12, 425 2, 950 4, 812 4, 737 10, 605 3, 925 3, 267	$\begin{array}{c} 52,500\\ 12,145\\ 3,069\\ 4,694\\ 4,871\\ 10,924\\ 4,061\\ 3,298 \end{array}$	51,911 11,930 3,095 4,543 4,877 10,875 4,210 3,227	$51, 315 \\11, 752 \\3, 069 \\4, 380 \\4, 856 \\10, 887 \\4, 203 \\3, 173$	$50,381 \\11,480 \\3,037 \\4,267 \\4,738 \\10,931 \\4,157 \\3,069$	$\begin{array}{r} 49,573\\11,079\\3,059\\4,226\\4,658\\10,888\\4,066\\3,055\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 49,263\\ 10,702\\ 3,095\\ 4,200\\ 4,597\\ 10,921\\ 4,107\\ 3,053 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 49,000\\ 10,679\\ 3,121\\ 4,243\\ 4,489\\ 10,683\\ 4,144\\ 3,022 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 49,384\\ 10,992\\ 3,149\\ 4,314\\ 4,582\\ 10,821\\ 4,158\\ 2,956 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 49,773\\ 11,362\\ 3,113\\ 4,384\\ 4,573\\ 10,783\\ 4,212\\ 2,941 \end{array}$	4,242 2,964	r 50,718 r 11,909 3,248 r 4,610 r 4,573 r 10,836 r 4,301 r 2,925	$51,066\\11,935\\3,252\\4,663\\4,564\\10,787\\4,443\\2,935$	
By stage of fabrication: Materials and suppliesdo Work in processdo Finished goodsdo	15,818 6,597 19,014	20,727 8,044 23,666	20, 727 8, 044 23, 666	20,715 7,750 24,035	$20,436 \\ 7,664 \\ 23,811$	20,181 7,463 23,671	$19,734 \\ 7,481 \\ 23,166$	19, 503 7, 323 22, 747	$19,232 \\ 7,407 \\ 22,624$	$19,135 \\ 7,457 \\ 22,408$	$19,130 \\ 7,540 \\ 22,714$	$\begin{array}{c} 19,203\\ 7,639\\ 22,931 \end{array}$	$19,657 \\ 7,635 \\ 23.003$	r 19,526 r 7,722 r 23,470	19,702 7,742 2 <b>3</b> ,622	

r Revised. <sup>1</sup> Based on data not seasonally adjusted. <sup>2</sup> Advance estimate; total mfrs. shipments for Dec. 1975 do not reflect revisions for selected components.  $\sigma$ As a result of corrections in the aircraft, missiles, and parts industry data for this component have been revised by the Bureau of the Census back to 1968. Revised data prior to May 1973 appear in

two Census Bureau publications, "Change Sheets" to Mfrs'. Shipments, Inventories, and Orders: 1967-73 (Series: M3-1.5), issued June and July 1974. Q Includes data for items not shown separately.  $\Delta$ See corresponding note on p. S-4.

#### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

February 1976		SUR				3.E.N I	. DU:	211117	55 		_					<u>S</u> -
Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1973	1974	1974						19	75						1976
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anı	nual	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
	GEN	IERAI	L BUS	SINES	SS IN	DICA	TOR	S—Co	ontinu	ıed				<u> </u>		·
MANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES, AND ORDERS-Continued																
Inventories, end of year or month—Continued Book value (seasonally adjusted)—Continued By market category: Home goods and apparel	13, 231 16, 024 31, 140 7, 305 10, 220 42, 950	14, 900 19, 530 37, 967 8, 475 13, 195 56, 337	14,900 19,530 37,967 8,475 13,195 56,337	14, 558 19, 666 38, 634 8, 338 13, 019 57, 409	14,085 19,657 39,093 8,178 12,990 57,990	<b>13</b> , 582 19, 538 39, 226 7, 967 12, 996 57, 885	13,071 19,232 39,369 7,934 12,915 57,663	12,805 18,969 39,200 7,821 12,890 57,266	12, 623 18, 623 38, 959 7, 964 12, 806 57, 084	$12,653 \\18,472 \\38,844 \\7,824 \\12,736 \\56,660$	12,421 18,803 38,739 7,444 12,776 56,400	12,456 19,010 38,723 7,556 12,721 55,947	12,565 19,463 38,466 7,549 12,558 55,909	r 12,691 r 19,525 r 38,238 r 7,498 r 12,560 r 56,159	12, 912 19, 413 37, 743 7, 439 12, 572 56, 707	
Supplementary series: Household durablesdo Capital goods industriesdo Nondefensedo Defensedo	6, 263 35, 103 29, 488 5, 615	7,522 42,482 35,939 6,543	7,522 42,482 35,939 6,543	7,473 43,282 36,779 6,503	7, 318 43,816 37,102 6, 714	7,070 43,713 36,846 6,867	6,807 43,945 36,967 6,978	$     \begin{array}{r}       6,684 \\       43,774 \\       36,664 \\       7,110     \end{array} $	6, 511 43, 529 36, 162 7, 367	6, <b>3</b> 94 4 <b>3</b> ,4 <b>3</b> 9 <b>3</b> 5,984 7, 455	6, 280 43,346 35,771 7, 575	6, 247 43,232 35,545 7, 687	6,325 43,022 35,292 7,730	r 6, 361 r 42,869 r 35,045 r 7, 824	6, 526 42, 334 34, 519 7, 815	
New orders, net (not seas, adj.), totalo <sup>7</sup> do Durable goods industries, totalo <sup>7</sup> do Nondurable goods industries, totaldo	886, 029 493, 171 392, 858	999, 568 531, 462 468, 106	72,894 36,024 36,870	72, 026 7 35,266 36, 592	78,444 38, 811 39,633	77, 538 38, 107 39, 431	79, 345 39, 479 39, 866	77,916 38,800 39,116	83, 735 41, 746 41, 989	78,492 38,807 39,685	83,594 40, 585 43,009	88,967 44,039 44,928	88,894 43,575 45,319	* 85, <b>3</b> 04 41, 101 * 44,203	80, 910 * 40,032 41, 695	<sup>1</sup> 41,2
New orders, net (seas. adj.), total♂△do By Industry group: Durable goods industries, total?♂△do Primary metalsdo Blast furnaces, steel millsdo Nonferrous metalsdo	<sup>2</sup> 886,029 493,171 78,642 39,913 27,436	<sup>2</sup> 999,568 531,462 94,667 46,467 33,855	76, 704 38, 092 6, 297 2, 982 2, 230	75,068 737,219 76,118 2,228 1,830	76, 478 37, 362 5, 378 2, 721 1, 707	74, 363 35, 973 4, 961 2, 344 1, 683	78,600 38,983 5,395 2,707 1,734	78, 753 39, 428 5, 863 2, 985 1, 937	80, 237 39, 730 5, 887 3, 209 1, 826	83,550 41, 681 6, 189 3, 131 2, 057	85,649 42,688 6,909 3,648 2,173	85,453 42,227 6,265 3,139 2,165	86,422 42,393 6,877 3,632 2,161	r 85,943 r 41,988 r 6,472 r 3,076 r 2,177	85, 628 42,837 6,657 3,321 1,993	<sup>1</sup> 43,8 <sup>1</sup> 6,7
Fabricated metal productsdo Machinery, except electricaldo Electrical machinerydo Transportation equipment♂△do Aircraft, missiles, and parts♂do	57, 881 80, 432 67, 473 118, 572 24, 499	65, 824 94, 070 67, 646 113, 431 27, 322	4, 387 7, 426 4, 439 8, 300 2, 462	4,720 6,837 4,919 7,363 1,584	4, 784 6, 805 4, 931 8, 369 2, 650	4,449 6,759 4,662 8,186 1,846	4, 813 6, 946 5, 316 8, 738 1, 736	4, 844 7, 117 5, 183 8, 769 1, 974	4,700 6,984 5,153 9,194 2,021	5, 111 7, 368 5, 279 9, 793 2, 222	5, 179 6, 929 5, 809 9, 758 2, 016	5, 196 7, 120 5, 144 9, 982 1, 885	5, 282 7, 425 5, 510 9, 159 1, 829	7 1, 865	4, 893 7, 138 5, 017 r10,477 1, 978	1 9, 8
Nondurable goods industries, totaldo Industries with unfilled orders⊕do Industries without unfilled orders¶do	392, 858 99, 484 293, 374	468, 106 110, 046 358, 060	38,612 8,351 30,261	38, 896 8, 537 30, 359	39,116 8,641 30,475	38, 390 8, 484 29, 906	39, 617 8, 911 30, 706	39,325 9,010 30,315	40, 507 9, 346 31, 161	41,869 9,740 32,129	42,961 9,806 33,155	43,226 10,166 33,060	44,029 10,295 33,734	r 44,363 r 10,492 r 33,871	43, 775 10, 018 33, 757	
By market category: Home goods and appareldo Consumer staplesdo Equip. and defense prod., excl. auto. d <sup>-</sup> do Automotive equipmentAdo Construction materials and suppliesdo Supplementary series: Household durablesdo Capital goods industriesd <sup>-</sup> do Nondefensed <sup>-</sup> do Defensed <sup>-</sup> do Capital poods industriesd <sup>-</sup> do Defensed <sup>-</sup> do	<sup>2</sup> 36, 761 <sup>2</sup> 144.072	<sup>2</sup> 38, 411 <sup>2</sup> 160,802	6, 338 16, 185 10, 921 6, 103 5, 623 31, 534 2, 810 12, 127 10, 459	6, 345 16, 301 10, 650 5, 621 5, 795 30, 356 2, 781 11, 712 10, 077	6,501 16,389 10,504 6,022 5,561 31,501 2,842 12,117 9,970	6, 474 16, 197 10, 228 6, 478 5, 339 29, 647 2, 830 11, 224 9, 522	7,148 16,716 10,967 6,930 5,664 31,175 3,228 11,948 10,309	7, 129 16,293 10,910 6,988 5,894 31,539 3,218 11,961 10,302	7, 185 16, 807 10, 964 7, 155 5, 803 32, 323 3, 217 12, 047 10, 138	7,582 17,176 10,976 7,589 6,233 33,994 3,440 12,546 10,728	7,648 17,220 11,442 7,845 6,316 35,178 3,466 12,440 10,392	7,934 17,078 10,961 8,004 6,309 35,167 3,555 12,205 10,214	7,491 6,452 36,093 3,629 11,885 10,689	r 8, 164 r 17,295 r 11,197 r 6,951 r 6,642 r 35,694 3,619 12,228 10,690	8, 145 17, 176 10, 770 8, 196 6, 606 34, 735 3, 452 11, 799 10, 417	
Defense o <sup>*</sup>		<sup>2</sup> 22, 869 132, 345 128, 563 3, 782	1, 668 132,345 128, 563 3, 782	1,635 130,452 7130,342 3,711	2, 147 128,797 125, 089 3, 708	1,702 126,151 122,392	119,852	1,659 121,411 117,397	1,909 119,657 115,448 4,209	1,818 121,235 116,845 4,390	2,048 121,141 116,6 <b>3</b> 5 4,506	1, 991 120,143 115, 492 4, 651	113,659	1, 538 r117,649 112, 518 r 5, 131		 1114
Jufilled orders, end of year or month (seasonally adjusted), totalomil.\$         By industry group:         Durable goods industries, total ? o?do         Primary metals	114, 694 109, 862		133,832	129,671	126,939			1	120,901	121,548	121,945	121,113	119,832	+119,108	117, 838	
Fabricated metal products	15, 122 22, 002 19, 718 30, 355 18, 397 4, 332	19,710 29,592 20,575 34,375 21,487 3,888	19,710 29,592 20,575 34,375 21,487 3,888	19, 369 29, 046 20, 378 33, 694 21, 052 3, 798	19,253 28,438 20,113 33,742 21,446 3,693	19,013 27,905 19,709 33,153 21,109 3,699	18,712 27,381 19,577 32,759 20,755 3,835	18,523 27,169 19,346 32,495 20,710 3,920	18, 326 26, 776 19, 173 32, 236 20, 572 4, 148	18,253 26,855 19,084 32,514 20,799 4,342	18,206 26,485 19,422 32,237 20,661 4,537	18,097 26,209 19,112 32,396 20,529 4,757	17,867 25,859 18,989 31,820 20,258 4,987	r 17,919 r 25,656 r 19,057 r 31,668 r 20,066 r 5,188	17, 476 25, 174 18, 674 7 31,848 20, 075 5, 243	· 31,
By market category: Home goods, apparel, consumer staplesdo Equip, and defense prod., incl. autodo Construction materials and suppliesdo Other materials and suppliesdo Supplementary series:	2,881 55,295 14,165 42,353	2, 317 65, 981 17, 773 47, 761	2, 317 65,981 17,773 47,761	2, 197 65, 153 17, 670 44, 651	2, 143 64,176 17,461 43,159	2,053 63,206 17,255 41,284	2, 125 62, 711 16, 947 40, 283	2, 120 62,432 16,736 40,108	2, 169 61, 969 16, 583 40, 180	$\begin{array}{c} 2,264 \\ 61,881 \\ 16,439 \\ 40,964 \end{array}$	2, 316 62,022 16,444 41,163	2,382 61,945 16,262 40,524	$\begin{array}{c} 2,367 \\ 60,970 \\ 16,006 \\ 40,489 \end{array}$	r 2, 404 r 60,543 r 16,066 r 40,095	2, 408 60, 060 15, 915 39, 455	
Household durables	2, 254 61, 580 40, 840 20, 740	1,769 74,930 50,318 24,612	1, 769 74, 930 50, 318 24, 612	1,636 74,208 49,605 24,603	1, 580 73, 598 48, 600 24, 998	1, 495 72, 339 47, 353 24, 986	1,554 71,592 46,709 24,883	1, 546 71, 179 46, 304 24, 875	1, 559 70, 664 45, 546 25, 118	1,635 70,891 45,523 25,368	1,670 70,791 45,106 25,685	1, 701 70, 589 44, 578 26, 011	1,710 69,429 44,090 25,339	1, 765 68, 943 43, 801 25, 142	1,748 68,146 43,220 24,926	
BUSINESS INCORPORATIONSO New incorporations (50 States and Dist. Col.): Unadjustednumber Seasonally adjusted†do	329,358	<b>3</b> 19, 149	2 <b>3</b> , 888 25, 003	26, 473 24, 406	22,755 24,298	26, 677 24, 92 <b>3</b>	28, 440 26, 506	28, 117 26, 634	28, <b>13</b> 5 26, 843	30,447 28,896	26, 099 28, 708	27,283 29,364	29, 9 <b>3</b> 4 29, 517	24, 400 29, 184	30, 021 30, 261	
INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL FAILURESC allures, total	9, 345 1, 182 1, 419 1, 463 4, 341 940	9, 915 1, 320 1, 840 1, 557 4, 234 964	$728 \\ 92 \\ 139 \\ 126 \\ 297 \\ 74$	1, 080 128 221 191 445 95	963 136 192 130 414 91	1, 145 158 230 164 491 102	$1,202 \\ 164 \\ 258 \\ 170 \\ 494 \\ 116$	$1,045 \\ 153 \\ 223 \\ 145 \\ 425 \\ 99$	805 115 178 110 336 66	<sup>3</sup> 904 141 171 128 380 84	891 133 177 123 378 80	853 117 152 140 365 79	$987 \\ 164 \\ 186 \\ 121 \\ 411 \\ 105$	801 121 138 109 351 82		
Jabilities (current), total       thous. \$         Commercial service.       do.         Construction.       do.         Manufacturing and mining.       do.         Retail trade.       do.         Wholesale trade.       do.	2,298,606 244,958 309 075 797,490 672,831	3,053,137 348,166 526,598 833,824 1,069,656 274,893	242,594 21,191 28,918 99,739	391, 141 20, 546 33, 223 190, 470 109, 345 37, 557	(	343, 348	372,076 117,559	357, 788 23, 086 199, 262 55, 459 40, 497 39, 484	1	<sup>3</sup> 242,028 77,441 57,483 38,417 42,232 26,455	222, 442 31, 684 32, 497 57, 046 70, 889 30, 326	$\begin{array}{c} 13\\ 305,526\\ 20,803\\ 31,918\\ 49,124\\ 84,673\\ 19,008 \end{array}$		252,868 15,756 28,756 120,243		 
Failure annual rate (seasonally adjusted) No. per 10,000 concerns	2 36. 4	2 38.4	37.0	46.8	44.9	46.3	49.1	43.4	36.5	3 41. 9	41.4	42.2	44.9	37.0		

Failure annual rate (seasonally adjusted)<br/>No. per 10.000 concerns.2 36.42 38.437.046.844.946.349.143.436.5 $^{\circ}$  41.941.442.244.937.0\* Revised.\* Preliminary.\* Advance estimate; totals for mfrs. new and unfilled orders<br/>for Dec. 1975 do not reflect revisions for selected components.\* Based on unadjusted data.<br/>\* Gene corresponding note on p. S-6.\* Includes data for fitems not shown separately.<br/>the wide back to<br/>\* Gene and prod., heather and prod., paper and allied prod., and print. and pub-<br/>the shown later.\* For these industries (food and kindred prod., tobacco mfs., apparel and other textile<br/>prod., petroleum and coal prod., chem. and allied prod., tobacco mfs., apparel and other textile<br/>rod., petroleum and coal prod., chem. and allied prod., tobacco mfs., apparel and other textile<br/>rod., petroleum and coal prod., chem. and allied prod., tobacco mfs., apparel and other textile<br/>rod., seles are<br/>for 48 States and Dist. of Col.; Hawaii included beginning July 1975).<br/>To reflect new seas. factors; revisions prior to Feb. 1973 will be shown later.A See<br/>corresponding note on page S-4.<br/>\* Corrected.

#### February 1976

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1973	1974	1974						197	/5						1976
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anı	nual	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
			CO	OMM	ODIT	Y PR	ICES									
PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS																
Prices received, all farm products1910-14=100 Crops 9	438 370	467 483	451 483	438 455	427 435	420 419	431 425	452 428	46 <b>3</b> 435	476 450	476 454	492 457	490 449	470 425	475 426	472 426
Commercial vegetablesdo Cottondo Feed grains and haydo Food grainsdo Fruitdo	382 274 283 379 332	409 433 420 530 349	437 370 475 526 311	460 312 450 471 330	484 275 419 458 321	458 286 393 427 341	477 272 402 430 343	462 307 407 407 375	539 311 396 353 392	516 342 397 397 392	440 362 423 446 358	460 377 409 463 383	438 420 394 454 352	456 419 362 408 339	502 422 366 390 337	420 496 421 373 390 315
Tobacco	718 497 428 666 232	821 453 489 555 214	928 424 484 489 234	903 423 490 487 232	922 419 487 483 225	922 420 479 491 222	924 435 474 535 202	923 473 471 611 208	922 487 468 640 209	833 498 478 652 220	864 495 500 631 228	921 522 528 661 245	923 525 561 656 236	874 509 588 601 248	871 518 600 608 257	874 512 599 601 249
Prices paid: All commodities and servicesdo Family living itemsdo	430	505 519	540 557	r 538 r 558	535 562	532 557	541 557	548 565	205 554 568	557 574	561 575	566 579	564 581	565	566	569
Production itemsdodo All commodities and services, interest, taxes, and wage rates (parity index)1910-14=100. Parity ratio \$dodo	420 496 88	494 578 81	528 612 74	523 r 618 71	516 615 7 69	515 • 613 69	530 621 69	536 r 628 72	545 r 634 73	545 * 637 75	550 7 640 74	558 7 646 76	552 7 645 76	586 550 r 645 73	586 552 * 647 * 73	589 554 653 72
CONSUMER PRICES (U.S. Department of Labor Indexes)				14										13	13	12
Not Seasonally Adjusted All items	133.1	147.7	155.4	156.1	157.2	157.8	158.6	159.3	160.6	162.3	162.8	163.6	164.6	165.6	166.3	166.7
Special group indexes: All items less shelter¶do All items less food¶do All items less medical care¶do	131, 1 130, 7 132, 9	146. 1 143. 7 147. 7	153.5 151.3 155.3	154. 1 151. 9 156. 0	155. 0 153. 0 156. 9	155.6 153.9 157.5	156.3 154.9 158.2	157. 0 155. 6 158. 9	158. 4 156. 6 160. 3	160. <b>3</b> 157. 6 162. 0	160. 8 158. 3 162. 4	161. 6 159. 5 16 <b>3</b> . 2	162. 6 160. 4 164. 1	163.4 161.5 165.2	$164.1 \\ 162.1 \\ 165.8$	164.4 162.6 166.2
Commodities¶dodo Nondurablesdodo Durables¶dodo Commodities less food¶dodO	129.9 132.8 124.8 121.9 123.5 139.1	145.5 151.0 140.9 130.6 136.6	153.0 158.3 147.7 138.8 143.9	153. 4158. 7147. 2139. 3143. 9143. 9	154.4 159.6 148.2 140.3 144.9	$ \begin{array}{c c} 155.0\\ 159.7\\ 148.8\\ 142.1\\ 146.0\\ 162.2\\ \end{array} $	155.7 160.1 149.8 143.6 147.2 164.1	$156.5 \\ 160.8 \\ 150.5 \\ 144.8 \\ 148.1 \\ 148.1$	$157.9 \\ 162.4 \\ 151.2 \\ 145.8 \\ 148.9 \\ 148.7 \\ 148.7 \\ 148.7 \\ 148.7 \\ 148.7 \\ 148.7 \\ 148.9 \\ 148.7 \\ 148.7 \\ 148.7 \\ 148.9 \\ 148.7 \\ 148.$	$160.1 \\ 165.0 \\ 152.2 \\ 146.9 \\ 149.9 \\ 149.9$	160.4 165.2 153.0 147.5 150.7	160.8 165.4 153.8 148.2 151.4	$\begin{array}{c c} 161.7\\ 166.4\\ 154.6\\ 148.9\\ 152.2 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 162.\ 2\\ 167.\ 1\\ 155.\ 1\\ 149.\ 2\\ 152.\ 6\end{array}$	162.7 167.6 155.4 149.3 152.8	162.4 167.3 154.7 149.0 152.3
Services do Services less rentdo Food Qdo Meats, poultry, and fishdo Dairy productsdo Fruits and vegetablesdo	141.8 141.4 160.4	$152.1 \\ 156.0 \\ 161.7 \\ 163.9 \\ 151.9 \\ 151.9 \\ 151.2 \\ 151.9 \\ 151.2 \\ 151.$	160. 1 164. 8 169. 7 163. 5 155. 3	$161.3 \\ 166.2 \\ 170.9 \\ 163.5 \\ 155.2$	162. 6 167. 5 171. 6 162. 7 155. 6	163. 2 168. 3 171. 3 161. 8 155. 4	169.2 171.2 161.8 154.8	164.5 169.6 171.8 168.2 153.6	165.7 170.9 174.4 177.2 153.3	166. 6 171. 9 178. 6 187. 7 153. 4	167.4 172.7 178.1 189.7 154.3	169. 1 174. 6 177. 8 190. 3 156. 3	170.1 175.7 179.0 192.9 159.4	172.0 177.7 179.8 191.4 162.8	173.1179.0180.7189.2165.5	174.9 181.0 180.8 186.5 168.2
Housingdo Shelter Qdo Rentdo	135.0 140.7 124.3	165.8 150.6 154.4 130.6	161. 3 159. 9 163. 1 133. 7	163.5 161.3 164.4 134.5	166.7 162.8 165.9 135.1	167.4 163.6 166.6 135.5	167.8 164.7 167.6 135.9	169.0 165.3 168.2 136.4	177.4 166.4 169.4 136.9	188.8 167.1 170.2 137.3	177.9 167.7 170.7 138.0	167.4 168.9 171.6 138.4	165.5 169.8 172.5 139.3	168.7 171.3 174.1 139.9	172.1 172.2 175.0 140.6	173.3 173.2 175.9 141.2
Homeownershipdo Fuel and utilities Qdo Fuel oil and coaldo Gas and electricitydo Household furnishings and operationdo	146.7 126.9 136.0 126.4 124.9	$\begin{array}{c} 163.2\\ 150.2\\ 214.6\\ 145.8\\ 140.5 \end{array}$	174. 0 158. 4 228. 8 156. 7 152. <b>3</b>	175. 6160. 5228. 9160. 2153. 2	177. 3162. 2229. 5162. 7154. 7	$\begin{array}{c} 178.\ 2\\ 163.\ 0\\ 228.\ 3\\ 164.\ 0\\ 155.\ 6\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 179.\ 4\\ 164.\ 6\\ 229.\ 0\\ 166.\ 3\\ 156.\ 8\end{array}$	180. 1 165. 5 230. 2 167. 3 157. 4	181. 4 166. 9 230. 6 169. 4 158. 1	182. 3 168. 0 234. 1 170. 4 158. 3	182.8 168.9 235.7 171.2 158.8	183.9 170.9 238.7 174.0 160.1	184.8 172.0 243.3 174.2 160.9	186.8 174.4 246.5 176.8 161.6	$187.8 \\ 176.1 \\ 248.7 \\ 179.0 \\ 162.0$	188.8 176.3 248.9 179.5 163.7
Apparel and upkeepdo Transportation¶do Private¶do. New carsdo. Used cars¶do.	126.8 123.8 121.5 111.1 117.6	136.2 137.7 136.6 117.5 122.6	$141.9 \\ 143.5 \\ 142.5 \\ 124.9 \\ 138.4$	139.4 143.2 142.2 123.4 134.9	140. 2 143. 5 142. 5 124. 5 133. 5	140. 9 144. 8 144. 0 127. 3 135. 3	141.3 146.2 145.5 127.5 138.1	$141.8 \\ 147.4 \\ 146.8 \\ 126.8 \\ 142.2$	141. 4 149. 8 149. 3 127. 0 147. 5	141.1 152.6 152.3 126.6 153.2	142.3 153.6 153.4 126.8 156.1	143.5 155.4 153.9 126.5 156.6	$144.6 \\ 156.1 \\ 154.8 \\ 129.9 \\ 156.5$	145.5 157.4 156.1 131.3 153.7	$145.2 \\ 157.6 \\ 156.2 \\ 134.0 \\ 149.6$	143. 3 158. 1 156. 8 134. 2
Public	144.8 130.2 137.7 125.2	148.0 140.3 150.5 137.3	152.0 147.5 159.0 145.3	152.2 148.9 161.0 146.5	152.3 150.2 163.0 147.8	152.3 151.1 164.6 148.9	152.4 152.1 165.8 149.5	152, 5 152, 6 166, 8 149, 9	154.1 153.2 168.1 150.3	155.0 154.0 169.8 151.2	155.0 154.6 170.9 151.4	169.5 155.4 172.2 152.1	168.8 156.3 173.5 152.9	168.9 156.5 173.3 153.6	$149.0 \\ 170.1 \\ 157.5 \\ 174.7 \\ 154.6$	144.6 170.2 158.6 176.6 155.7
Seasonally Adjusted: All items, percent change from previous month		133.8	139.8 0.8	141.0 0.6	0.5	142.0 0.3	143.5	143.8 0.4	144. 1 0. 8	144.4	144.7 0.2	146. 0 0. 5	146.6 0.7	147.0 0.7	147.5 0.5	148.2 20.4
Commodities         1967 = 100           Commodities         do           Food         do           Food at home.         do           Full sand utilities         do			153, 2 143, 8 170, 4 171, 7 158, 4	154, 0 144, 5 171, 9 172, 6 160, 2	154.7 145.6 171.4 171.5 161.2	154.8 146.4 170.3 169.9 162.0	155.7 147.5 170.9 170.5 163.8	156. 3147. 8171. 8171. 6165. 0	157.6 148.5 174.4 174.9 167.2	159.9 149.9 177.4 178.3 168.5	160.2 150.7 177.4 178.3 169.6	160.5 151.2 177.6 178.0 171.6	161.5 151.7 179.9 180.6 173.0	162.2 152.1 180.9 181.5 174.9	162.9 152.6 181.4 182.4 176.1	<sup>2</sup> 163. 1 <sup>2</sup> 153. 1 <sup>2</sup> 181. 2 <sup>2</sup> 181. 4 <sup>2</sup> 175. 6
Shelter	· · · · · · · · · · · · ·		229,7 162,6 140,8	228, 2 164, 1 140, 8	227.9 166.1 141.2	224.9 166.9 141.3	227.2 168.1 141.3	$229.7 \\ 168.9 \\ 141.2$	231.5 169.7 141.3	103.5 236.5 170.4 142.4 151.5	237.1 170.7 143.7 153.0	240.1 171.3 142.9 156.0	244.5 172.0 143.3 155.9	246.0 173.6 143.8 157.6	249.7 174.5 144.0 158.1	<sup>2</sup> 244. 0 175. 9 <sup>2</sup> 145. 0 <sup>2</sup> 158. 7
Private do			$143.9 \\ 143.1 \\ 124.3 \\ 147.5$	143.5142.5121.8149.0	144. 4 143. 5 123. 4 150. 5	145.4 144.7 126.9 151.4	146.5 145.8 127.5 152.3	147. 0 146. 2 126. 8 152. 6	148.8 148.3 127.3 153.0	151.5 151.1 127.1 153.8	153.0 152.8 128.1 154.4	154.7 129.5 155.2	154.6 129.4 156.1	156. 1 130. 5 156. 3	156.8	<sup>2</sup> 157. 4 <sup>2</sup> 133. 1 <sup>2</sup> 158. 6
WHOLESALE PRICES <sup>7</sup> (U.S. Department of Labor Indexes) Not Seasonally Adjusted																
Spot market prices, basic commodities:         22 Commodities	1173.1	1227.9 1243.2 1219.0	213.1 264.4 183.4	$205.1 \\ 247.2 \\ 180.1 \\ 171.0 \\ 180.0 \\ 171.0 \\ 180.0 \\ 171.$	201.9 236.1 181.1	198.6 224.5 182.3	$\begin{array}{c} 201.2 \\ 224.6 \\ 186.4 \\ 172.1 \end{array}$	194. 5 210. 3 184. 2 173. 2	187.2 209.4 173.2 173.7	195.5 236.0 171.5 175.7	205. 6 249. 8 179. 6 176. 7	206.3 242.8 184.2 177.7	201. 4 233. 2 181. 9 178. 9	191.7 210.1 179.8 178.2	189.7 203.3 180.6 178.7	$   \begin{array}{c}     190.4 \\     200.5 \\     183.6 \\     179.4   \end{array} $
By stage of processing: Crude materials for further processingdo Intermediate materials, supplies, etcdo Finished goods Consumer finished goods	127.9	160. 1 196. 1 162. 9 147. 5 149. 3	171.5 193.9 178.4 158.0 158.7	171.8 189.3 179.1 159.3 159.8	171.3 185.8 178.8 159.3 159.4	170.4 182.4 178.1 158.9 158.5	172.1 189.4 179.0 160.0 159.7	196.7 178.4 161.2 161.1	197.1 178.4 162.5 162.6	203.0 179.3 164.5 165.0	204. 1 180 9 164. 9 165. 3	$207.5 \\181.0 \\166.2 \\166.7$	206.8 182.2 168.0 168.3	199.8 182.3 168.0 168.1	$201.3 \\182.6 \\168.5 \\168.5$	$201.7 \\ 183.7 \\ 168.7 \\ 168.3$
Producer finished goodsdo By durability of product: Durabile goodsdo Nondurable goodsdo Total manufacturesdo Durable manufacturesdo Nondurable manufacturesdo	123.5 127.9 139.9 129.2 127.4	141.0 150.1 167.6 154.1 148.6	155.3 160.8 179.5 166.9 160.3	157.4 162.4 179.0 168.2 162.0	158.3 163.6 177.1 168.0 163.2	159.7 164.1 175.2 167.8 163.7	160.7 164.8 177.6 168.7 164.4	161.2 165.3 179.1 169.5 164.9	161.7 165.2 180.2 170.1 165.1	162.4 165.1 183.6 171.4 165.2	163.0 165.7 184.9 172.3 165.7	164.0 166.5 186.1 173.0 166.2	166.5 168.2 186.9 174.5 168.2		168.0 169.4 185.8 174.7 169.4	169.5 170.7 185.7 175.3 170.7

<sup>\*</sup> Revised. <sup>1</sup> Computed by BEA. <sup>2</sup> Beginning January 1976, data have been revised back to 1967 to reflect new method for seasonally adjusting the indexes; comparable data for earlier reriods will be shown later. <sup>9</sup> Includes data for items not shown separately. § Ratio of prices received, to prices paid (parity index). <sup>3</sup> For actual wholesale prices of individual commodities see respective commodities. <sup>9</sup> Goods to users, incl. raw foods and fuels.

<sup>‡</sup>Effective June 1975 SURVEY, indexes have been restated to reflect new seasonal factors; revised indexes for 1970-74 appear on p. 39 of the Aug. 1975 SURVEY. ¶ Effective with the December 1974 SURVEY, indexes have been revised back to April 1974 to reflect the correction in the used car component.

# SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

inless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1973	1974	1974						197	5						1976
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ual	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
		CON	MMOI	DITY	PRIC	CES-	Cont	inued	<u>`</u>							
WHOLESALE PRICES Continued (U.S. Department of Labor Indexes)—Continued																
II commodities—Continued Farm prod., processed foods and feeds. 1967=100 Farm products 9do Fruits and vegetables, fresh and drieddo Grainsdo Live poultrydo Live stockdo	159, 1 176, 3 168, 1 183, 6 179, 5 190, 4	177. 4 187. 7 192. 3 257. 9 157. 4 170. 6	186. 5 183. 7 163. 7 276. 0 167. 3 159. 5	$183.8 \\ 179.7 \\ 174.9 \\ 255.4 \\ 173.6 \\ 156.0$	179.5 174.6 169.0 242.8 176.7 152.0	174. 9 171. 1 163. 8 223. 5 170. 1 155. 4	178. 8 177. 7 183. 4 218. 5 168. 3 173. 5	181. 2 184. 5 183. 1 213. 0 177. 6 197. 9	182. <b>3</b> 186. 2 206. 7 203. <b>3</b> 190. 6 202. 4	188. 2 193. 7 208. 6 219. 3 219. 1 211. 3	189. 0 193. 2 179. 6 237. 8 202. 4 203. 0	190. 4 197. 1 182. 6 232. 9 203. 9 209. 9	190. 5 197. 3 183. 3 227. 4 210. 8 207. 8	186. 1 191. 7 179. 0 207. 9 203. 7 193. 4	186. 0 193. 8 190. 3 205. 5 181. 3 191. 6	184. 192. 194. 210. 169. 184.
Foods and fields, processed Q	$148.1 \\ 121.7 \\ 134.4 \\ 131.1 \\ 129.6 \\ 167.5$	170.9 140.7 171.2 146.4 154.6 163.5	$\begin{array}{c} 188.\ 2\\ 158.\ 2\\ 181.\ 9\\ 146.\ 7\\ 170.\ 1\\ 160.\ 6\end{array}$	$186.4 \\ 162.6 \\ 182.3 \\ 148.3 \\ 171.2 \\ 165.6 \\$	182. 6 162. 2 183. 6 148. 5 170. 9 164. 6	$177.3 \\ 162.2 \\ 181.9 \\ 148.6 \\ 169.5 \\ 163.7$	179.4 161.7 179.1 148.9 170.8 174.4	179.0 161.0 176.2 149.6 171.0 190.7	$179.7 \\160.4 \\174.4 \\150.5 \\170.9 \\199.6$	184.6 159.4 176.7 153.2 169.4 209.7	186. 3 161. 6 175. 8 156. 3 168. 6 204. 5	$186.1 \\ 162.5 \\ 177.0 \\ 160.8 \\ 168.4 \\ 209.8$	186. 2 165. 1 177. 6 165. 6 169. 3 210. 4	182. 6 165. 1 177. 0 168. 1 169. 0 200. 8	181. 0 165. 4 174. 6 171. 3 168. 5 198. 1	179. 165. 174. 169. 167. 193.
Industrial commoditiesdo	125.9	153.8	166.1	167.5	158.4	168.9	169.7	170.3	170.7	171.2	172.2	173.1	174.7	175.4	176. 1	177.
Chemicals and allied products ♀¶do Agric, chemicals and chem, proddo Chemicals, industrial ¶do Drugs and pharunaceuticalsdo Fats and oils, inedibledo Prepared paintdo	103.4	$146.8 \\ 137.7 \\ 151.7 \\ 112.7 \\ 338.2 \\ 145.7 \\$	$\begin{array}{c} 174.\ 0\\ 182.\ 2\\ 194.\ 8\\ 121.\ 8\\ 264.\ 3\\ 161.\ 8\end{array}$	$176.0 \\ 190.1 \\ 196.8 \\ 123.8 \\ 235.3 \\ 163.7$	$178.1 \\ 192.9 \\ 202.1 \\ 124.1 \\ 231.6 \\ 164.0$	$181.8 \\ 211.6 \\ 207.5 \\ 124.5 \\ 218.2 \\ 164.7$	182. 4 212. 5 207. 4 125. 9 261. 5 164. 7	$192.1 \\ 212.1 \\ 208.8 \\ 125.9 \\ 250.5 \\ 166.1$	181. 2211. 0207. 0126. 4246. 7165. 9	$181.4 \\ 210.3 \\ 206.3 \\ 127.5 \\ 260.4 \\ 167.1$	$182.1 \\ 206.5 \\ 207.4 \\ 127.5 \\ 285.7 \\ 167.1$	$182.2 \\ 201.2 \\ 208.2 \\ 127.4 \\ 289.7 \\ 169.7$	182. 3 199. 9 209. 2 128. 5 264. 3 169. 7	$182.9 \\197.7 \\210.4 \\128.8 \\260.6 \\170.2$	183. 4197. 9211. 1129. 3257. 3170. 2	184. 199. 212. 130. 246. 170.
Fuels and related prod., and power \$do Coaldo Electric power 1do Gas fuels 1do Petroleum products, refined 1do	134.3 218.1 129.3 126.7 128.7	$\begin{array}{c} 208.3\\ 332.4\\ 163.1\\ 162.2\\ 223.4 \end{array}$	229. 0 428. 4 180. 3 177. 2 238. 5	232. 2 428. 8 183. 3 181. 0 242. 3	232. 3 409. 9 186. 5 188. 5 240. 7	233.0 388.3 191.1 188.1 242.3	236.5 387.3 194.6 206.9 243.6	238, 8 389, 3 192, 9 219, 1 246, 1	243. 0 385. 9 190. 6 220. 0 252. 2	246.6 382.2 192.6 226.4 258.8	252, 4 377, 9 195, 2 226, 8 268, 6	254.9 373.3 197.5 231.5 272.1	256.5 371.3 199.5 231.6 274.2	$\begin{array}{c} 257.0\\ 364.6\\ 199.3\\ 235.3\\ 275.0\end{array}$	258.0 371.2 197.6 245.6 274.7	257. 370. 198. 244. 273.
Furniture and household durables Qdo Appliances, householddo Furniture, householddo Home electronic equipmentdo	115.2 108.5 123.0 91.9	127.9 117.9 136.6 93.1	$137.7 \\ 128.7 \\ 144.6 \\ 94.7$	138. 8 130. 1 145. 4 95. 4	$139.1 \\ 130.6 \\ 145.5 \\ 95.6$	138.5 130.1 145.3 95.4	138.5 130.6 145.4 91.9	138.6 131.0 145.3 91.9	139.0 132.2 145.3 93.0	139.2 132.2 145.4 93.3	139.8 132.4 145.5 94.6	140.1 133.6 146.1 92.8	141.1 134.1 147.8 92.8	141.5 135.4 148.5 92.8	142.0 135.7 149.6 92.8	143. 136. 150. 92.
Hides, skins, and leather products Qdo Footweardo Hides and skinsdo Leatherdo Lumber and wood products	. 143. 1 130. 5 253. 9 160. 1 177. 2	145. 1 140. 0 195. 9 154. 3 183. 6 207. 1	143. 2 144. 8 136. 7 145. 3 165. 4 177. 2	$142.1 \\ 145.4 \\ 124.7 \\ 141.1 \\ 164.7 \\ 176.5$	141.7 145.9 122.3 138.8 169.3 181.3	143. 2 146. 0 138. 5 141. 6 169. 6 182. 3	147.5 146.8 173.9 151.5 174.9 189.3	147.7 146.9 170.6 153.3 183.0 200.7	148.7 146.9 182.5 153.2 181.0 199.7	149.3 147.3 186.8 152.6 179.6 196.8	149. <b>3</b> 147. 5 186. 6 151. 5 179. 7 197. 8	151.3 149.5 192.3 154.1 179.9 196.6	152. 4 150. 1 201. 0 154. 9 179. 1 196. 0	154. 4 150. 2 209. 1 162. 4 178. 3 193. 1	$154. \ 6 \\ 150. \ 5 \\ 205. \ 2 \\ 162. \ 9 \\ 183. \ 1 \\ 200. \ 2 \\$	157 151 224 164 190 210
Machinery and equipment Qdo Agricultural machinery and equipdo Construction machinery and equipdo Electrical machinery and equipdo Metalworking machinery and equipdo	- 130.7 - 112.4	139.4143.8152.3125.0146.9	$\begin{array}{c} 154.\ 0\\ 160.\ 3\\ 176.\ 0\\ 136.\ 5\\ 163.\ 0\end{array}$	$156. \ 6 \\ 163. \ 6 \\ 177. \ 3 \\ 138. \ 1 \\ 164. \ 9$	$157.7 \\ 164.4 \\ 180.4 \\ 138.7 \\ 167.1$	158. 8 166. 0 182. 0 139. 1 168. 8	159.7 166.7 183.8 139.5 169.6	160. 4 167. 5 184. 0 140. 1 170. 2	161. 0 167. 8 184. 4 140. 4 171. 9	161.7 168.5 184.9 140.8 172.7	162. 2 168. 9 185. 4 140. 9 173. 0	$169.2 \\ 187.5 \\ 141.8$	164. 1 171. 3 188. 6 142. 3 175. 1	165.3 174.2 191.2 143.1 176.3	165. 8 175. 1 192. 5 143. 1 176. 9	167 176 193 144 178
Metals and metal products ?do Heating equipmentdo Iron and steeldo Nonferrous metals	- 136.2	171.9 135.0 178.6 187.1	184.6 148.5 196.7 181.8	185.5 148.3 199.4 178.8	186.3 149.0 200.5 176.1	186.1 149.5 200.6 173.9	185.7 149.8 201.1 172.2	185.1 150.2 200.6 171.1	184.5 150.5 199.4 169.1	183.4 150.2 197.3 167.7	184.3 150.3 198.4 169.3	150.3 200.4	187.2 151.9 204.7 170.7	187.0 152.9 204.1 170.1	187.1 155.2 204.3 169.4	188 155 206 169
Nonmetallic mineral products Qdo Clay prod., structural, excl. refracdo Concrete products	123.3 131.7 120.9 122.1 121.4 112.4	153. 2 135. 2 151. 7 137. 6 151. 7 148. 6 136. 2 133. 4	$\begin{array}{c} 164.\ 3\\ 143.\ 2\\ 161.\ 8\\ 144.\ 3\\ 167.\ 2\\ 167.\ 5\\ 149.\ 4\\ 143.\ 4 \end{array}$	$168.5 \\ 145.4 \\ 167.1 \\ 143.7 \\ 169.8 \\ 173.3 \\ 149.6 \\ 143.7 \\ 143.7 \\ 143.7 \\ 143.7 \\ 143.7 \\ 143.7 \\ 143.7 \\ 143.7 \\ 143.8 \\ 143.7 \\ 143.8 \\ 143.7 \\ 143.8 \\ 143.$	170. <b>3</b> 146. 8 168. 1 143. 7 169. 8 173. 4 150. 0 145. 1	$170.8 \\ 146.8 \\ 169.0 \\ 145.6 \\ 170.0 \\ 173.3 \\ 149.7 \\ 145.1$	$173.0 \\ 148.7 \\ 169.9 \\ 144.0 \\ 169.7 \\ 173.1 \\ 149.4 \\ 145.1 \\ 145.1 \\ 10000000000000000000000000000000000$	$173.1 \\ 149.2 \\ 170.0 \\ 143.5 \\ 169.8 \\ 172.6 \\ 148.9 \\ 145.4$	$\begin{array}{c} 173.3\\ 151.0\\ 170.3\\ 143.4\\ 169.8\\ 172.5\\ 148.6\\ 145.4 \end{array}$	174.7 151.3 171.2 140.8 170.0 172.4 150.1 151.8	175.8 152.3 171.3 143.2 170.0 172.4 150.0 152.1	154.0 171.2 143.8 170.3 172.4 150.8	177, 1 155, 8 172, 3 145, 2 170, 9 173, 0 151, 5 152, 2	$177.7 \\ 156.3 \\ 172.6 \\ 146.9 \\ 171.3 \\ 172.9 \\ 151.8 \\ 151.9 \\ 151.$	178.0 156.3 173.1 144.3 173.1 173.7 151.9 151.7	181     159     177     150     174     176     152     151
Textile products and apparel 9       do         Apparel	119.0 143.6 121.8 113.3	139. 1 129. 5 175. 4 135. 8 143. 1 119. 0	138. 4 133. 7 165. 7 132. 3 148. 4 107. 3	137.5 133.8 162.0 130.7 150.1 103.8	$136.5 \\ 133.6 \\ 158.0 \\ 129.3 \\ 150.9 \\ 103.8$	134. 3 133. 3 156. 0 121. 7 150. 9 102. 0	$\begin{array}{c} 134.\ 4\\ 133.\ 0\\ 158.\ 1\\ 121.\ 7\\ 151.\ 7\\ 103.\ 5\end{array}$	135. 2 132. 2 162. 6 123. 0 151. 7 107. 0	135. 9 132. 5 164. 3 124. 6 151. 7 107. 5	136.8 132.4 167.4 127.3 151.7 107.8	$\begin{array}{c c} 137.6\\ 132.8\\ 169.4\\ 128.8\\ 151.7\\ 108.5\end{array}$	133.1 171.4 129.9 152.6	141. 3 133. 6 182. 8 132. 3 153. 3 114. 9	143. 2 134. 8 188. 3 134. 3 153. 3 115. 6	144.0 135.1 192.3 134.2 153.3 116.4	(1)
Transportation equipment QDec. 1968=100. Motor vehicles and equip	115. 1 119. 2	$125.5 \\ 129.2$	137.0 140.7	137. 1 140. 2	138.2 141.5	139.5 143.0	139.9 143.0	1 <b>3</b> 9. 9 142. 9	140. 1 143. 1	140. 1 143. 1	140. 5 143. 5		146. 6 150. 0		147.5 150.9	148 151
Seasonally Adjusted ‡																
All commodities, percent change from previous month. By stage of processing: Crude materials for further processing 1967=100.			-0,9 198.3	-0.2 188.9	-0.8 181.3	-0.5 179.9	1.5 190.7	0.4 195.3	-0.1 192.7	1.2 202.2		209.8	209.7	0 206.2	-0.4 205.8	201 184
Intermediate materials, supplies, etcdo Finished goods:		•   • • • • • • • • • • •	179.5 158.9	179.8	179.3 158.6	177.9	178.8	177.3	178.0 162.4	178.6	180.4	1	1	183.0 169.8	183.7 168.7	16
Consumer finished goodsdo Fooddo Finished goods, exc. foodsdo Durabledo			138.9 176.6 148.6 134.9	159.5 175.6 149.5 135.2	174.1 149.7 135.8	170.6 150.0 136.9	175.1 150.3 136.9	178.2 150.8 136.9	179.9 151.5 137.3	184.4 152.4 137.4	183.3 153.9 137.7	186.3 155.4 139.0	189.4 157.3 141.5	188.7 158.1 141.9	186.3 158.6 141.8	18 15 14 16
Nondurable			157.8 155. <b>3</b>	$\begin{array}{c c} 158.5 \\ 157.2 \end{array}$	159. 0 158. 1	158.9 159.7	159.3 160.7	160.1 161.2	161.0 161.7	162.5 162.4				168.7 167.7	169.9 168.0	16
By durability of product: Total manufacturesdo Durable manufacturesdo			167.7 161.3	168.7 162.5	168.0 163.2	163.4	168.9 163.7	169.0 164.4 174.3	169.8 164.8 174.1	164.7	165.2	$2 \mid 166.2$	168.5	169.6	175.6 170.4 180.8	17 17 18
Nondurable manufacturesdo		-	174.1 186.1	174.7 177.9	172.3 170.2	171.2 168.1	173.8	184.5	181.7	193.7	190.7	198.9	203.2	198.0	196.4	19
Farm productsdo Processed foods and feedsdo PURCHASING POWER OF THE DOLLAR		-	180.1	177.9	170.2		181.9	1 200 0						186.5	181.0	17
As measured by- Wholesale prices1967=\$1.00.	\$0. 744	\$0.627	\$0. 583 . 643	\$0.582 .641	\$0.584 .636		\$0. 581 . 631								\$0.560	

<sup>1</sup> Effective with January 1976 reporting, textile porducts have been extensively reclassified. The reclassified version will appear in the March SURVEY. ASee corresponding note on p. S-8. 9 Includes data for items not shown separately. "Beginning June 1974 SURVEY, data are restated to reflect changes in pricing by BLS. Because of delay in obtaining data the prices lag the current index as follows: industrial chemi-

cals and electric power, one month (i.e., July index reflects June prices); gas fuels, except LP G, two months (July index reflects May prices); refined petroleum products (gasoline, distillates, residual), one month (July index reflects June prices). The restated indexes are comparable with those for earlier periods. IBeginning in the May 1975 SURVEY, data reflect new seasonal factors; revised indexes for 1970–74 appear on p. 40 of the Aug. 1975 SURVEY.

# SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

	1973	1974	1974						197	5						1976
Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	An	nual	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
	<u>.</u>	CON	STRU	JCTIO	DN Al	ND R	EAL	ESTA	TE	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·		·		
CONSTRUCTION PUT IN PLACE ‡													ĺ		1	
New construction (unadjusted), totalmil. \$	135, 953	135, 481	10, 636	9, 247	8,728	9, 093	<b>7</b> 9, 717	r 10,658	r 11,470	r 11,620	r 12,331	12,700	r 12,272	<b>+</b> 11,762	10, 997	
Private, total 9	103, 444	97,079 47,044	7, 536 3, 263	6, 443 2, 727	5, 946 2, 433	6, 172 2, 637	r 6, 815 r 3, 017	7, 303 73, 390	7,677 3,781	r 8,025 r 4,125	7 8, 340 7 4, 340	8,471	r 8, 496	r 8, 332	7,821 3,832	
Residential (including farm)do New housing unitsdo	57, 635 47, 853	37, 312	2,456	2, 035	1,780	1,883	2,073	2, 318	2,656	2,914	3,075	4, 301 3, 139	* 4,200 * 3,196	7 4, 094 7 3, 201	3, 011	
Nonresidential buildings, except farm and pub- lic utilities, total Qmil. \$	27,584	29,644	2, 511 779	2,206	2,110	2,024	2, 134	2, 182	2, 150	2, 164	2, 259	2, 334	2, 322	* 2,225	2,106	
Industrialdodododo	6, 243 15, 453	7,902 15,945	779 1,270	634 1,128	612 1,069	606 994	624 1,040	685 1,046	671 1,022	668 1,034	659 1,119	684 1,136	* 675 1, 145	r 650 r 1,080	674 981	
Public utilities: Telephone and telegraphdo	3, 967	4, 279	348	281	283	305	326	313	305	321	299	306	331	292		
Public, total Qdo	<b>3</b> 2, 509	<b>3</b> 8, 402	3, 100	2, 804	2,782	2, 921	2,902	3, 355	3, 793	3, 595	3, 991	4, 229	<b>* 3,</b> 778	r 3, 430	3, 176	
Buildings (excluding military) 9do Housing and redevelopmentdo	12, 994 941	14,990 1,007	1, 297 87	1,2 <b>3</b> 2 91	1, 213 84	1,289 97	1,207 72 74	1, 27 <b>3</b> 81	1,363 92	1,297 87	1, 431 73	1,382 86	1, 241 81			
Industrial	605 1,170	763	81 99 795	74 97	76 98	85	102	87 102	82 102	68 111 1,272	68 123	62 145	62 130	91 142		
Highways and streetsdo New construction (seasonally adjusted at annual	10, 506	12,083	190	681	681	696	830	1,075	1,199	1,214	1,403	1,530	1,378			
rates), totalbil. \$		1	134.0	1 <b>3</b> 2. <b>3</b>	128.9	125.5	r 121. 0	r 121.7	r 126.9	r 128.8	<b>↑ 13</b> 2.1	137.1	<b>7 13</b> 5.6	r 136. 5	138.6	
Private, total Qdo		1	92.5	91.2	89.0	85.7	* 84.7	* 84.3	* 85.0	7 88.1	r 90.6	92.5	93.3	r 95.8	95.5	
Residential (including farm)dodo			41.1 30.5	<b>3</b> 9.6 28.8	38.5 27.4	38.0 26.9	r 37.6 26.8	* 38.5 27.6	* 40. 4 28. 9	r 43. 3 30. 6	7 45.4 32.1	<b>46</b> .0 <b>33</b> .2	46.5 34.9	47.5 36.7	48.5 37.7	
Nonresidential buildings, except farm and pub- lic utilities, total Qbil. \$bil. \$bil.			<b>3</b> 0.4 9.0	30.0 8.4	29.6 8.7	26.3 7.9	25.9 7.5	25.6 8.2	24.8 7.7	25.0 7.7	25.8 7.6	26.2 7.9	25.6 7.5	26.2	$25.2 \\ 7.5$	
Commercial			15.4	15.6	15.0	13.0	12.8	12, 1	11.8	12.0	12.5	12.4	12.6	7 12.7	12.2	
Telephone and telegraphdo			4.0	4.5	4.2	3.7	4.0	3, 6	3. 4	3.8	3.3	3.6	3.6	3.3		
Public, total Qdo		4	41.5	41.1	<b>3</b> 9.8	39.8	36.3 14.9	37.4 13.9	41.9	40.6	41.5	44.6	* 42.4	r 40.8	43.1	
Buildings (excluding military) 9do Housing and redevelopmentdo Industrial			15.6 .9 .9	$     \begin{array}{r}       16.1 \\       1.2 \\       .9     \end{array} $	15.4 1.2 1.0	16.5 1.2 1.0	.9	1.0	15.8 1.0 .9	16.0 1.0 .9	16.1 .9 .9	15.8 1.0 .8	15.0 .9 .7	1.1		
Military facilitiesdo Highways and streetsdo	1		1.2 12.0	1.2 12.4	1.3	1.3 11.4	1.5 11.0	1.2 12.2	1.1 12.5	1.3 12.5	1.4 13.2	1.7	1.5 14.1	1.7	1.6	
CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS			ł													
Construction contracts in 50 States (F. W. Dodge Division, McGraw-Hill):			ľ												}	
Valuation, totalmil. \$	99 <b>, 3</b> 04	94, 370	7,304	5, 100	4, 955	6, 574	9, 598	9, 143	9, 324	9, 044	10, 037	7,692	7,767	5, 573	5, 431	
Index (mo. data seas. adj.)	1 180	r <sup>1</sup> 170	176	1 <b>3</b> 6	140	150	189	191	174	165	208	157	166	148	137	
Public ownershipdodo	26, 563 72, 741	32, 497 61, 873	2, 496 4, 809	2,254 2,846	2, 031 2, 924	2, 182 4, <b>3</b> 93	2, 768 6, 830	2,875 6,268	3, 891 5, 432	3, 784 5, 260	3, 040 6, 997	2,725 4,967	2, 544 5, 22 <b>3</b>	1, 597 3, 976	1,723 3,708	
By type of building: Nonresidential¶do Residentialdo	31, 534 45, 696	33, 051 34, 404	2,451	2,233	2,199	2,402 2,316	2, 987 3, 029	2,877	3, 169	3, 165	2,666	2,526 2,966	2,629 3,189	1,859 2,404	1,865 2,233	
Non-building construction¶do	22,074	26, 914	1,715 3,139	1,562 1,305	1, 172	1,856	3, 582	3, 073 3, 193	3, 116 3, 040	3, 093 2, 787	2,784 4,587	2, 200	1,949	1, 309	1, 334	 
(Engineering News-Record) Odo	86,743	97, 102	6, 424	7, 806	7, 425	6, 824	6, 298	7,609	6, 856	7, 184	5, 456	6, 511	5, 865	9, 909	6,052	6,
HOUSING STARTS AND PERMITS :																
lew housing units started: Unadjusted: Total (private and public)thous	2,057.5	1,352.5	55.4	56.9	56.2	81.1	98.4	117.0	110.9	126.1	118.7	112.5	125.0	r 97.2	77.5	7
Inside SMSA's	1,501.7	r 922.5 1,337.7	38.6 55.1	7 37.2 56.1	<b>7</b> 37.5 54.7	* 53.5 80.2	7 66. 0 97. 9	72.6 116.1	r 72.7 110.3	76.1 119.3	74.2 117.3	73.2	77.0	* 64.6 * 96.9	* 56.2 * 76.6	57
One-family structuresdo	1, 132. 0	888.1	41.0	39.8	40.0	62.5	77.8	92.8	90. <b>3</b>	92.8	90.7	84.5	93.8		7 55.9	5
Seasonally adjusted at annual rates: Total privately owneddododo				* 1,005 * 748	* 95 <b>3</b> * 722	7 986 7 763	• 982 • 774	r 1, 185 r 853	r 1,080	* 1,207 * 936	• 1,264 • 979	<b>7</b> 1,304	7 1,431 7 1,093	r 1, 381 r 1, 048	r 1, 291 r 966	1,
lew private housing units authorized by building				140	. 122	100			1 0/4	. 500	. 919		1,035	1,010	. 500	
permits (14,000 permit-issuing places): Monthly data are seas. adj. at annual rates:								010								
One-family structures	1,820 882	1,074 644	837 514	689 508	701 515	677 503	837 603	912 658	949 679	1,042 711	995 7 <b>3</b> 2	1,095 779	1,079 769	1, 085 787	1,028 766	1,
anufacturers' shipments of mobile homes: Unadjusteddo	566.9	329.3	11.8	11.7	14.7	16.3	19.2	20.3	20.3	20.0	21.2	20.4	21.2	16.8	14.0	
Seasonally adjusted at annual ratesdo			195	185	219	194	194	224	210	20.0	235	215	229	232	228	
CONSTRUCTION COST INDEXES								100 -					- 102 -			
ept. of Commerce composite	r 147.9	• 173.2	184.7	188.3	189.2	189.3	187.8	189.1	190.1	189.3	187.9	189.7	* 190.5	r 190.9	192.6	
merican Appraisal Co., The: A verage, 30 cities1913=100 Atlantado	1, 515 1, 749	1,608 1,821	1, <b>63</b> 9 1,797	1,647 1,832	1,655 1,848	1,633 1,855	1,673 1,861	1,700 1,872	1,710 1,869	1,733 1,881	1,743 1,902	1,763 1,905	1,762			
New Yorkdodddodddododddoddddd	1,590	1, 711 1, 552	1,743	1, 612	1,780	1,785	1,793	1,872	1,809 1,798 1,690	1,815	1,873	1,872	1,871			1
St. Louisdo	1, 434	1, 536	1, 571	1, 576	1, 579	1, 591	1,601	1,674	1,677	1,700	1,701	1,700				
Boeckh indexes: Average, 20 cities:	154.0	100 /		100.0		100.0		104 5		100.0						
Apartments, hotels, office buildings1967=100 Commercial and factory buildingsdo Residences	154.0 154.4 159.2	171.1		182.8		182.6 185.8 180.6		184.5 187.8		186.0 190.1						
Residencesdo	1 109.2	112.0	•	I 1/8.U				1 182.4				-				

Revised. \* Preliminary. Computed from cumulative valuation total.
 Data for new construction have been revised back to 1958; those for housing starts and, permits, back to 1959. The revised data are available from the Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.
 \* Data for Aug. 1973 for nonresidential building and nonbuilding construction appearing in

the Oct. 1974 SURVEY were transposed; they should have read (mil. \$): Nonresidential. building, r 3,167; non-building construction, r 2,453. © Data for Oct. 1974 and Jan., May, July, and Oct. 1975 are for 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks.  $\Im$  Includes data for items not shown separately.

#### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

February 1976		201	v E I	Or	COM	INTAIN T	$\mathbf{D}\mathbf{U}_{i}$	SINE	66							S-1.
Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1973	1974	1974	1			******		1	975						1976
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ual	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
	CONS	STRU	CTIO	N AN	D RE	AL F	ESTAT	ГЕ—С	Contir	nued	· <u> </u>	•	·		<u>.</u>	<u> </u>
CONSTRUCTION COST INDEXES-Con.														[	<u> </u>	[
Engineering News-Record: Building	168.4 176.5	178.3 188.0	183. 8 195. 3	18 <b>3.</b> 8 195. 8	187.2 198.1	187. <b>3</b> 198. 1	187. 8 198. 8	190.5 201.4	19 <b>3</b> .4 205.3	195. 0 209. 2	196. 9 211. 7	197.2 211.5	200. 1 213. 5	199. 7 213. 3	200. 4 213. 8	<sup>1</sup> 201. <sup>1</sup> 214.
Federal Highway Adm.—Highway construction: Composite (avg. for year or qtr.)1967=100	152.4	201.8	209.9			207.3			199. 3	 		203.9				
CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS																
Output index: Composite, unadjusted 9	194.1	177.5	127. 2 144. 9	135.7 143.9	134.0 151.7	147.2 152.5	161.1 157.4	166.5 152.6	168.5 156.6	168.4 174.2	175.3 159.8					
Iron and steel products, unadjusteddo Lumber and wood products, unadjdo Portland cement, unadjusteddo	193. 1 194. 6 235. 4	$181.8 \\ 171.6 \\ 215.3$	155, 2 114, 5 138, 7	152.7 133.5 114.8	138.5 139.7 105.0	142.9 154.9 1 <b>3</b> 1.4	147.0 172.3 172.1	135.4 175.7 204.0	138.9 170.3 213.8	135.5 172.7 232.3	146.9 179.5 234.3		1		1	
REAL ESTATE ¶							1									ļ
Mortgage applications for new home construction: FHA net applicationsthous. units Seasonally adjusted annual ratesdo Requests for VA appraisalsdo Seasonally adjusted annual ratesdo	83.2 161.9	87. 1 161. 1	5.8 783 8.4 132	5.1 + 75 8.9 126	4.8 766 10.6 144	6.7 75 11.3 128	7.8 788 12.7 131	12.6 * 133 18.5 216	7.7 84 11.1 120	6.0 7 68 14.8 156	5.6 67 13.7 157	6.4 71 14.5 172	8.3 7 93 16.5 188	6.1 5.2 13.8 189	8.7 71 11.4 173	
Home mortgages insured or guaranteed by— Fed. Hous. Adm.: Face amountmil. \$ Vet. Adm.: Face amount§do	4, 473. 30 7, 467. 53	3,9 <b>33</b> .70 7,909.60	374.25 557.83	557.54 544.98	<b>3</b> 98. <b>53</b> 494.27	514.78 574.36	<b>53</b> 9.14 607.94	483.49 680.97	534.43 986.02	597.49 674.34	511.79 848. <b>3</b> 0	516.06 814.58	564.15 860.56	496, 54 886, 21	452.16 864.31	
Federal Home Loan Banks, outstanding advances to member institutions, end of periodmil. \$	15, 147	21,804	21,804	20,728	19,461	18,164	17,527	17,145	16,803	16,685	16,945	17,482	17,578	17,606	17,844	
New mortgage loans of all savings and loan associa- tions, estimated totalmil, \$ By purpose of loan:	49, 412	38, 959	2, 212	2, 004	2,277	<b>3</b> , 110	4, 173	5, <b>3</b> 70	5, 971	5, 498	5, 7 <b>3</b> 1	5, 588	5, 694	* 4, 370	₽ 5, 196	
Home constructiondo Home purchasedo All other purposesdo	10, 215 29, 566 9, 651	7,566 23,560 7,833	$^{400}_{1,255}$	378 1,142 484	430 1,285 562	644 1,675 791	799 2,314 1,060	1,012 3,089 1,269	989 3, 636 1, 346	1,055 3,118 1,325	980 3,500 1,251	995 <b>3, 3</b> 51 1, 242	1,052 3,400 1,242	r 822 r 2, 584 r 964	919 <b>3,003</b> 1,274	
Foreclosuresnumber_	135,803	140, 469	12, 749	12, 815	11, 545	12, 636	12, 833	12, 291	12, 476	12,019	11, 181	11,326				
Fire losses (on bldgs., contents, etc.)mil. \$	2, 639	3, 190	298	<b>3</b> 07	287	<b>3</b> 41	335	312	265	275	285	276	276	r 266	335	
				DOM	ESTI	C TR	ADE									
ADVERTISING			1	1	1	1	}						1			
McCann-Erickson national advertising index, seasonally adjusted: Combined index -2 1067-100	130	141	140	147	140	142	141	146	149	148	147	144	151			
Combined index of	116	141 150 153 121 141	148 159 160 123 152	147 155 174 123 135	146 156 164 115 152	142 157 158 117 136	141 157 152 117 134	146 175 154 109 142	143     165     155     109     140	148 166 163 125 135	147 161 169 121 135	144 157 166 113 140	151 163 172 119 153			
Magazine advertising (general and natl. farm magazines):         Cost, total       mill.\$.         Apparel and accessories       do         Automotive, incl. accessories       do         Building materials       do         Drugs and toiletries       do         Foods, soft drinks, confectionery       do	26.7	1, 366. 3 50. 3 104. 5 24, 7 142. 3 92. 3	117. 63. 46. 81. 412. 18. 8	82. 8 2. 6 4. 3 . 9 9. 1 4. 4	95.7 3.0 5.6 1.3 12.1 8.4	119.0 5.0 10.1 1.8 11.3 7.8	119.3 5.2 8.7 2.3 12.5 7.8	121.0 3.7 9.7 2.5 12.4 7.4	105.6 1.8 9.8 2.1 13.1 6.4	83. 2 2. 2 7. 2 1. 4 10. 8 6. 7	82.6 2.9 5.3 .9 12.0 5.1	$ \begin{array}{c} 118.7\\ 6.6\\ 6.1\\ 2.1\\ 11.4\\ 6.2 \end{array} $	136.1 5.5 11.3 2.0 12.2 9.4	152.0 5.1 14.0 1.9 12.8 12.8	120. 4 3. 3 9. 4 1. 4 10. 9 9. 6	
Beer, wine liquors	87.0	102.0	16.0	4.4	4.0	7.0	7.6		0.1	5.7	4.9	73	10.4	13.5	17.7	

45,9**3**9 28,210 17,729

 $\begin{array}{c} 45,581 \\ 28,315 \\ 17,266 \end{array}$ 

 $\begin{array}{c|c} 44,576 \\ 27,958 \\ 16,618 \end{array}$ 

44,513 27,834 16,619

Cost, total mil. \$\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ do\_\_\_\_\_\_ do\_\_\_\_\_\_ Apparel and accessories\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ do\_\_\_\_\_ Automotive, incl. accessories\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ do\_\_\_\_\_ Building materials\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ do\_\_\_\_\_ Drugs and toiletries\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ do\_\_\_\_\_ Foods, soft drinks, confectionery\_\_\_\_\_\_ do\_\_\_\_\_ 1,316.0 52.9 120.4 26.7 140.6 96.2 121.0 3.7 9.7 2.5 12.4 7.4 105.6 1.8 9.8 2.1 13.1 6.4 366. 3 50. 3 104. 5 24. 7 142. 3 92. 3  $117. \ 6 \\ 3. \ 4 \\ 6. \ 8 \\ 1. \ 4 \\ 12. \ 1 \\ 8. \ 8 \\$ 82.8 2.6 4.3 .9 9.1 4.4 95.7 3.0 5.6 1.3 12.1 8.4  $119.0 \\ 5.0 \\ 10.1 \\ 1.8 \\ 11.3 \\ 7.8$ 119.3 5.2 8.7 2.3 12.5 7.8 Beer, wine, liquors.\_\_\_\_\_\_do\_\_\_\_ Household equip., supplies, furnishings\_\_do\_\_\_\_ Industrial materials\_\_\_\_\_\_do Soaps, cleansers, etc.\_\_\_\_\_\_do Smoking materials\_\_\_\_\_\_do\_\_\_\_ All other\_\_\_\_\_\_do\_\_\_\_ 87.0 86.4 28.4 18.6 110.5 548.**3** 16.7 4.9 **3.1** 1.2 12.6 7.66.22.91.511.952.7 $\begin{array}{c} 102.\ 9\\79.\ 5\\35.\ 4\\17.\ 6\\136.\ 3\\580.\ 4\end{array}$ 4.6 2.8 2.6 1.4 9.7 40.4 4.8 2.4 2.4 1.5 10.8 43.5 7.8 4.5 2.9 2.1 12.6 53.1 8.4 6.8 3.5 1.2 12.1 53.2 9.0 4.3 2.9 1.1 12.8 42.4 46.6 3, 786. 1 99. 8 1, 024. 2 138. 9 479. 2 2, 044. 1  $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{303.5} \\ \textbf{7.6} \\ \textbf{76.0} \\ \textbf{14.5} \\ \textbf{39.6} \\ \textbf{165.7} \end{array}$ 302.3 8.4 75.6 8.1 44.0 166.2 352.8 8.1 86.4 10.8 50.3 197.3 **337.3** 7.3 79.7 12.5 47.6 190.2 **361.** 0 9. 0 88. 6 12. 0 49. 3 202. 1 3, 767. 2 104. 2 966. 7 126. 0 315.9 354.3 4.8 57.1 11.1 36.8 206.1 9.4 9.4 84.6 9.4 50.7 200.2 491.5 2,078.8 WHOLESALE TRADE Merchant wholesalers sales (unadj.), total..mil.\$.. Durable goods establishments......do.... Nondurable goods establishments......do.... 364,803168,074196,729448, 127 202, 341 245, 786 37,207 15,382 21,825 **35**,721 15,021 20,700 **33,831** 14,168 19,663 **35,93**6 15,041 20,895 36,132 15,828 20,304 36,407 15,731 20,676 36,388 15,733 20,655

Merchant wholesalers inventories, book value, end of year or month (unadj.), total...mil. \$... Durable goods establishments......do.... Nondurable goods establishments ......do.... 
 38,558
 46,695

 21,648
 27,529

 16,910
 19,166
 46,695 27,529 19,166 46,582 28,006 18,576  $\begin{array}{c} 46,119 \\ 28,002 \\ 18,117 \end{array}$ 

Revised. » Preliminary. <sup>1</sup> Index as of Feb. 1, 1976; Building, 202.8; construction, 215.5. Beginning Jan. 1973 data reflect new reference base, 1967=200. <sup>2</sup> Includes data for items not shown separately. §Data include guaranteed direct loans sold.
 <sup>4</sup> ¶Home mortgage rates (conventional 1st mortgages) are under money and interest rates on p. S-18.

⊕Source: Media Records, Inc. 64-City Newspaper Advertising Trend Chart. †Series revised back to Jan. 1964 to reflect kind of business classifications of establishments selected for a new sample in terms of the 1967 Census of Business; revisions for earlier periods appear on p. 44 fl. of the December 1974 issue of the SURVEY.

 $\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{44,678}\\ \mathbf{27,365}\\ \mathbf{17,313} \end{array}$ 

5.7 3.1 2.3 1.2

11.5 31.1

 $294.8 \\ 6.2 \\ 80.5 \\ 10.8 \\ 32.8 \\ 32.8 \\ 10.8 \\ 32.8 \\$ 

164.6

**3**6,916 15,721 21,195

44,51**3** 27,710 16,80**3** 

4.2 2.7 2.6 1.2 12.3 33.3

 $\begin{array}{r} \textbf{329.8} \\ \textbf{5.9} \\ \textbf{91.2} \\ \textbf{6.3} \\ \textbf{33.4} \\ \textbf{193.1} \end{array}$ 

**3**6, 614 15, **3**15 21, 299

 $S_{-11}$ 

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13.5 7.2 2.9 2.5 12.3 66.8

403.4

 $\begin{array}{r} 403.4\\ 9.0\\ 83.7\\ 10.2\\ 54.6\\ 245.9\end{array}$ 

r 35,827 r 14,835 r 20,992

r 45,865 r 27,299 r 18,566

 $\begin{array}{c} {\bf 17.7}\\ {\bf 3.3}\\ {\bf 2.9}\\ {\bf 1.2}\\ {\bf 12.9}\\ {\bf 48.0} \end{array}$ 

347.0

4.6 63.4 11.0 43.3 224.7

 $\begin{array}{c} {f 37,698}\ {f 15,394}\ {f 22,304} \end{array}$ 

45, 668 27, 622 18, 046

10. 4 6. 3 3. 1 2. 4 12. 1 61. 2

379.89.9 85.7 13.5 53.1 217.6

**3**9,569 16,704 22,865

45,612 27,228 18,384

7.3 5.5 3.1 2.2

13.2 55.1

334.0

8.6 83.1 12.0 45.6 184.8

 $37,855 \\ 16,340 \\ 21,515$ 

 $\begin{array}{c} 44,764 \\ 27,136 \\ 17,628 \end{array}$ 

# SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown	1973	1974	1974						19	15						1976
in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anı	nual	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
		D	OME	STIC	TRA	DE—(	Conti	nued								
RETAIL TRADE¶				1												
Lli retall stores:¶ Estimated sales (unadj.), total¶mil.\$	503, 317	537, 782	52, 25 <b>3</b>	41,315	<b>3</b> 9,802	44,937	45,896	51,204	49, 052	50,026	50,66 <b>3</b>	48,275	52,046	r 50, 526	r 60, 346	<sup>1</sup> 46, 458
Durable goods stores Qdo Automotive dealersdo Passenger car, other auto. dealersdo Tire, battery, accessory dealersdo	170, 275 100, 661 92, 768 7, 895	167, <b>3</b> 13 93, 089 84, 773 8, <b>3</b> 16	13, 353 6, 239 5, 508 731	${ \begin{array}{c} 12,051 \\ 6,732 \\ 6,148 \\ 584 \end{array} }$	${ \begin{array}{c} 12,279 \\ 7,258 \\ 6,693 \\ 565 \end{array} }$	$13,270 \\ 7,641 \\ 6,954 \\ 687$	14,588 8,422 7,663 759	15, 987 9, 180 8, 347 833	16, 126 9, <b>3</b> 42 8, 499 843	16,374 9, 611 8, 783 828	15,575 8,812 8,023 789	15,453 8,539 7,785 754	16,919 9,734 8,936 798	r 15, 248 r 8, 422 r 7, 647 r 775	r 16, 801 r 8, 336 7, 500 836	<sup>1</sup> 14, 17; <sup>1</sup> 8, 14;
Furniture, home furn., and equip. Qdo Furniture, homefurnishings storesdo Household appliance, TV, radiodo	24, 030 14, 290 7, 904	25, 544 15, 364 8, 006	2, 5 <b>33</b> 1, 368 855	1, 9 <b>3</b> 1 1, 149 610	$1,793 \\ 1,079 \\ 554$	1, 971 1, 176 605	2, 010 1, 207 620	$2,124 \\ 1,260 \\ 679$	2,144 1,269 697	2, 167 1, 283 708	2, 177 1, 281 707	2, 184 1, 247 730	2, <b>3</b> 08 1, <b>3</b> 79 721	7 2, 389 7 1, 419 7 747	7 2, 949 1, 557 1, 037	1 2, 26
Building materials and hardwaredo Lumber, bldg. materials dealers 3 <sup>-</sup> do Hardware storesdo	22,766 18,049 4,717	23, 491 18, 328 5, 163	$1,760 \\ 1,241 \\ 519$	1, 498 1, 152 <b>3</b> 46	1, 439 1, 092 347	1, 631 1, 237 394	$1,879 \\ 1,418 \\ 461$	2, 199 1, 628 571	2, 212 1, 668 544	2, 244 1, 721 52 <b>3</b>	2, 189 1, 701 488	2, 203 1, 709 494	2, <b>3</b> 17 1, 802 515	r 2,090 r 1,597 r 493	2,113 1,499 614	
Nondurable goods stores 9do Apparel and accessory storesdo Men's and boys' wear storesdo Women's apparel, accessory storesdo Shoe storesdo	<b>333</b> , 042 24, 062 5, 609 9, 119 4, 229	<b>370, 469</b> 24, 864 5, 668 9, 551 <b>3,</b> 979	38, 900 3, 358 832 1, 285 411	29,264 1,770 428 687 272	27,523 1,606 375 626 247	<b>31,667</b> 2,077 454 795 <b>3</b> 49	31,308 1,949 436 749 311	<b>3</b> 5, 217 2, 2 <b>3</b> 2 516 869 <b>3</b> 54	<b>3</b> 2, 926 2, 072 502 797 <b>3</b> 23	<b>33</b> ,652 1,970 440 783 <b>303</b>	35,088 2,279 475 899 374	32,822 2,191 450 872 382	35,127 2,300 491 942 362	r 35, 278 r 2, 409 r 549 r 942 r 361	r 43, 545 r 3, 863 954 1, 440 480	
Drug and proprietary storesdo Eating and drinking placesdo Food storesdo Grocery storesdo Gasoline service stationsdo	15, 474 37, 925 105, 731 98, 392 34, 432	16, 785 41, 840 119, 763 111, 347 <b>3</b> 9, 910	1, 914 3, 621 10, 678 9, 898 3, 406	1, 379 3, 443 10,568 9, 895 3, 278	1, 332 3, 288 9, 678 9, 032 3, 053	1,430 3,668 10,706 9,967 3,424	1,407 3,773 10,178 9,452 3,468	1,529 4,183 11,687 10,893 3,715	1, 494 4, 207 10, 789 10, 009 3, 750	1, 473 4, 228 11,433 10,647 4, 067	1,5154,37311,75410,9714,100	1,450 3,983 10,712 9,962 3,757	1, 505 4, 208 11,432 10,648 3, 817	7 10, 265	r 2,072 r 4,140 r 11,691 r 10,840 r 3,781	1 3, 92 1 11, 34
General merchandise group with non- stores 9	83, 301 76, 938 52, 292 5, 384 8, 212	89, 286 82, 535 55, 871 5, 839 8, 714	12, 036 11, 416 7, 991 602	5, 588 5, 108 3, 418 346 524	5, 524 5, 036 3, 334 385 542	7,039 6,489 4,367 458 706	7, 059 6, 503 4, 449 458 660	8,047 7,488 5,170 435 798	7,502 6,973 4,827 407 713	7, 288 6, 759 4, 611 443 665	7, 98 <b>3</b> 7, 427 5, 066 496 789	7,709 7,099 4,904 520 700	8, 226 7, 531 5, 104 635 737	r 9, 432 r 8, 778 r 6, 032 r 690 r 830	r 13, 902 r 13, 261 r 9, 428 722 1, 351	1 5, 81 1 3, 96
Liquor stores	9, 602	10,285	1,285 1,207 45,109	801 46, 006	745 46, 914	837 45,951	806 46, 813	945 48, 173	909 48, 578	968 49,655	95 <b>3</b> 49,925	876 49,549	930 50,165	r 936	1, 279 7 51, 699	
Durable goods stores $Q_{\Delta}$ do Automotive dealers $\Delta_{\Delta}$ do Passenger car, other auto. dealers $\Delta_{\Delta}$ .do Tire, battery, accessory dealersdo			43, 109 13, 554 7, 646 6, 956 690	14, 126 7, 747 7, 022 725	14, 664 8, 420 7, 675 745	13, 378 7, 361 6, 623 738	14, 165 7, 901 7, 164 737	14,703 8,263 7,508 755	14, 965 8, 447 7, 654 793	15,432 8,850 8,082 768	15,506 8,871 8,120 751	15,440 8,699 7,936 763	15,775 9,025 8,274 751	* 15, 763 * 8, 760	r 16, 813 r 9, 833 9, 058 775	116, 6 19, 4
Furniture, home furn., and equip. Qdo Furniture, homefurnishings storesdo Household appliance, TV, radiodo			2, 004 1, 193 617	2, 040 1, 237 625	$2,051 \\ 1,235 \\ 633$	2, 046 1, 199 660	2, 132 1, 244 686	2, 1 <b>3</b> 9 1, 216 716	$2,168 \\ 1,245 \\ 723$	2,171 1,280 688	2,202 1,277 711	2, 214 1, 280 735	2, 241 1, 318 720	r 2, 349	* 2, <b>3</b> 59 1, <b>3</b> 88 754	1 2, 4
Building materials and hardwaredo Lumber, bldg, materials dealerso <sup>*</sup> do Hardware storesdo			1, 843 1, 412 431	$1,895 \\ 1,424 \\ 471$	1,892 1,415 477	1, 819 1, 355 464	1,883 1,415 468	2,006 1,517 489	${ \begin{array}{c} 1,999 \\ 1,515 \\ 484 \end{array} } $	$1,993 \\ 1,515 \\ 478$	$\begin{array}{c} 1,977 \\ 1,505 \\ 472 \end{array}$	$2,064 \\ 1,574 \\ 490$	2, 089 1, 599 490	r 2, 209 r 1, 714 r 495	2,097 1,581 516	
Nondurable goods stores Q			<b>31</b> , 555 2, 032 444 800 <b>303</b>	31, 880 2, 118 473 844 323	<b>3</b> 2, 250 2, 189 518 828 <b>3</b> 44	32,573 2,099 506 820 310	32,648 2,179 506 819 337	<b>33,</b> 470 2, 216 506 854 356	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{33, 613} \\ 2, 223 \\ 517 \\ 863 \\ 346 \end{array}$	34,223 2,236 511 876 344	34,419 2,336 523 948 353	34,109 2,251 501 879 353	34,390 2,243 491 894 349	r 2, 271 r 504 r 886	r 34, 886 r 2, 337 527 886 355	1 <b>34</b> , 8 1 2, 4
Drug and proprietary storesdo Eating and drinking placesdo Food storesdo. Grocery storesdo Gasoline service stationsdo			1, 461 3, 721 10, 330 9, 610 3, 399	$1, 436 \\3, 784 \\10,672 \\9, 945 \\3, 465$	1,449 3,828 10,643 9,925 3,465	1,488 3,821 10,805 10,058 3,497	1, 455 3, 898 10,598 9, 846 3, 532	1, 499 3, 935 10, 875 10, 105 3, 565	11,023	1, 525 3, 933 11,282 10,531 3, 790	1, 526 3, 901 11,167 10,429 3, 832	1, 525 3, 940 10,969 10,217 3, 803	11.264	r 4, 184 r 11, 219 r 10, 432	r 10, 383	<sup>1</sup> 4, 2 <sup>1</sup> 11, 2 <sup>1</sup> 10, 5
General merchandise group with non- stores 9			7, 371 6, 758 4, 608 415 684 886	7, 261 6, 704 4, 497 485 720 871	7,5337,0004,743489746882	7, 599 7, 058 4, 852 456 739 903	7, 638 7, 068 4, 825 476 746 884	7, 981 7, 429 5, 094 482 788 919	7, 994 7, 421 5, 081 496 774 941	7,903 7,321 5,017 510 728 927	8, 091 7, 523 5, 201 509 799 929	8, 102 7, 505 5, 162 534 773 936	7, 958 7, 359 5, 029 522 751 929	7 7, 725 5, 348	7 7,865 7 5,418 556	17,5 15,1
Estimated inventories, end of year or month: Book value (unadjusted), total tmil. t Durable goods stores 9do Automotive dealersdo Furniture, home furn., and equipdo Building materials and hardwaredo	63, 661 29, 094 14, 635 4, 637 4, 150	72, 056 33, 747 17, 255 5, 186 4, 425	72,056 33,747 17,255 5,186 4,425	71, 028 33, 717 17, 226 4, 964 4, 477	71,346 33, 196 16, 371 4, 845 4, 590	72,475 33,499 16,720 4,732 4,675	72,847 33,852 17,033 4,686 4,731	72,050 33,604 16,814 4,658 4,769	71,66933,41916,5624,6624,755	71,268 32,725 16,096 4,640 4,642	70, 295 31, 243 14, 738 4, 658 4, 673	$\begin{array}{c} 72,327\\31,984\\15,321\\4,725\\4,650\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 75,854\\ 32,629\\ 15,678\\ 4,877\\ 4,677\end{array}$	33,208 16,056	$\begin{array}{c c} 32,725 \\ 16,246 \\ 4,755 \end{array}$	
Nondurable goods stores ?do Apparel and accessory storesdo Food storesdo General merchandise group with non- storesmll. \$	34, 567 5, 151 6, 968 14, 434	38, 309 5, 280 8, 130	38, 309 5, 280 8, 130	<b>37, 311</b> 5, 098 7, 797	<b>38, 150</b> 5, <b>3</b> 26 7, 840	38,976 5,512 7,900	<b>3</b> 8, 995 5, 515 7, 883	<b>3</b> 8, 446 5, 488 7, 865	38, 250 5, 353 7, 865	38, 543 5, 377 7, 889	<b>3</b> 9,052 5,508 7,896	40,343 5,820 8,074 16,978	43, 225 6, 127 8, 346 18, 895	6,099 8,434	5, 293 8, 247	
Department storesdo Book value (seas. adj.), total ‡do Durable goods stores Qdo Automotive dealersdo Furniture, home furn., and equipdo Building materials and hardwaredo	8, 422 65, 229 29, 593 14, 813	15,540 9,246 74,082 34,649 17,794 5,238 4,581	15, 540 9, 246 74,082 34, 649 17, 794 5, 238 4, 581	14, 9978, 78873,32734, 26717, 4145, 1024, 564	15, 313 8, 920 72,308 32, 956 15, 900 4, 974 4, 572	16,056 9,505 71,728 32,460 15,723 4,780 4,570	$\begin{array}{c ccccc} 16, 169 \\ 9, 631 \\ 71, 483 \\ 32, 375 \\ 15, 817 \\ 4, 667 \\ 4, 562 \end{array}$	15,870 9,540 70,826 32,086 15,605 4,630 4,590	15, 765 9, 373 70,840 31, 909 15, 294 4, 657 4, 635	15, 954 9, 478 71,503 32, 270 15, 540 4, 677 4, 624	16, 310 9, 772 72,578 33, 324 16, 729 4, 686 4, 706	$\begin{array}{c c} 10,973\\ 10,267\\ 73,049\\ 33,471\\ 16,671\\ 4,701\\ 4,745\\ \end{array}$	11, 574 74, 642 33, 813	11, 662 73, 839 33, 712 16, 795 4, 718	9, 128 73, 081 33, 592 16, 748 4, 798	
Nondurable goods stores Q do Apparel and accessory stores do Food stores do General merchandise group with non- stores mil. \$ Department stores do	35, 636 5, 382 6, 865 15, 439	39, 433 5, 517 8, 010 16, 621	39, 433 5, 517 8, 010	<b>3</b> 9, 060 5, 52 <b>3</b> 7, 916 16, 211	39, 352 5, 554 7, 984 16, 133	39, 268 5, 540 7, 916 16, 294	39, 108 5, 537 7, 883 16, 251	38, 740 5, 583 7, 881 15, 997	1	<b>3</b> 9, 2 <b>3</b> 3 5, 5 <b>3</b> 8 7, 977 16, 156	<b>3</b> 9, 254 5, <b>43</b> 2 8, 024 <b>1</b> 6, 289	39,578 5,517 8,189 16,392 9,958	40, 829 5, 668 8, 190 17, 345	40, 127 5, 534 8, 079 16, 767	8, 125 16, 049	

• Revised. <sup>1</sup> Advance estimate. ¶Data may be understated because of deficiencies in the probability sample being used for current estimates (the 1972 Census of Retail Trade indicates that total retail sales for 1972 were 4.8 percent higher than the estimates made from the sample). A comprehensive revision of the survey (including the selection of a new and improved sample) is now underway; revised data will be introduced upon its completion. Pincludes data not shown separately. of Comprises lumber yards, building materials 

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Chiew divisioni allarie di la fonzazio e belav, alla il provinte alla di la fonzazio e belavisti belavisti di la fonzazio e belavisti di la fonzio e belavisti d		1973 p	1974 p	1974						19	75				#==		197	
HETAH. TRADE-Centimed         Ins. Sell. Jar under Steries         Ins. S	Inless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS				Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау			Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	 Jar	
Terry Willing Constrained and accessory stores will k. 19, 454 102, 451 102, 451 12, 45		<u> </u>	D	OME	STIC	TRA	DE	Conti	nued						<u> </u>	<u> </u>		
Retingend ends (mori), local, mink f. (54.64) (40.64) (40.64) (40.64) (40.67) (43.22) (40.7) (43.72) (43.74) (43.76) (43.77) (43.76) (43.76) (43.77) (43.76) (43.77) (43.77) (43.76) (43.77) (43.	<b>RETAIL TRADE</b> —Continued								1									
$ \begin{array}{  c    c   c   c   c   c  c  c  c  c  c$	'irms with 11 or more stores: Estimated sales (unadj.), total 9mil. \$	154, 546	169 <b>, 43</b> 4	19,080	12,693	12, 047	14,342	<b>13</b> , 917	15,860	14,687	14,729	15,710	14,744	15,870	r16,606	21,720		
$ \frac{1}{10000} \frac{1}{10000} 0.000 - 0.0000 - 0.$	Women's apparel, accessory storesdo Shoe storesdo	2, <b>3</b> 93 1,908	2,390 1,737	<b>33</b> 9 197	155     117	$143 \\ 107$	$209 \\ 162$	$     185 \\     138 $	$221 \\ 150$	201 140	188 115	2 <b>3</b> 9 166	223 165	224 155	7 232 7 157	374 229		
Underly users        6.         6.42         6.46         6.42         6.44         6.44         6.45         1.03           Ther, bittery, accessory desires        6. <t< td=""><td>stores \$mil. \$m</td><td>62,471</td><td>67, 289</td><td>9, <b>3</b>62</td><td>4,098</td><td>4,055</td><td>5,278</td><td>5, <b>3</b>05</td><td>6,094</td><td>5,688</td><td>5, 505</td><td>6,092</td><td>5,827</td><td>6,175</td><td>7,212</td><td>10, 924</td><td></td></t<>	stores \$mil. \$m	62,471	67, 289	9, <b>3</b> 62	4,098	4,055	5,278	5, <b>3</b> 05	6,094	5,688	5, 505	6,092	5,827	6,175	7,212	10, 924		
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Variety storesdo	6, 627	6, 988	1,025	406	427	564	5 <b>3</b> 2	646	576	528	636	566	596	7 682	1,094		
Agree al an exercise free exercise in the exercise free exercise in the exercise free exercise		2, 210	$62,614 \\ 2,168$	183	151	145	175	198	210	215	195	195	180	200	185	193		
Writering sequence, descency stores, de.         Dot of the stores, de.         Dot o		}														1		
address mechanicise proop without is.         5,72	Women's apparel, accessory storesdo Shoe storesdo Drug and proprietary storesdo			200 143	$217 \\ 149$	210 154	203 141	$\frac{203}{152}$	216 153	214 152	224 137	244 159	226 145	215 153	7 215 7 153	217 161		
$ \frac{1}{10000} 1$	stores Q			5,712	5,722				6, <b>3</b> 25	6, 352		1	6,452	1	r 6, 595			
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	stores §			4,096	4,030	4,221	4,333	4, 297	4,539	4, 534	4,476	4,636	4,603	4,493	1 4,773	4,827		
Total (umadiusted)				5, 440	5, 574	5, 555		5, 510	5, 577	5,708	1	5,775	5,784	5,764	7 5,882			
Installment accounts	Total (unadjusted)	8, 513	8,578	8,578	8,331	8,163	8, 114	8,306	8,652	8,781	8,795	8,830	8,979	r 9,015	8,854			
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Charge accountsdo Installment accountsdo	$10,445 \\ 16,586$	10, 806 18, 110							11,049 16,292	$10,813 \\ 16,175$							
$ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	Durable goods stores	8,344	8,434	8,434	8,574	8,518	8,418	8,515	8,610	8,593	8,719	8,632	8,726	7 8,767	8,829	1	1	
POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES         Point         1210.41         1211.89         212.65         212.80         212.91         213.02         213.14         213.26         213.47         213.63         213.81         213.98         214.14         214.28         214.40           LABOR FORCE $\sigma$ Not Seasonally Adjusted           abor force, person 16 years of age and over thous.         91,040         93,240         93,382         93,342         93,111         93,563         93,949         96,191         97,046         96,433         94,953         94,365         92,735         92,736         93,969         93,064         93,969         93,065         93,967         93,067         93,067         93,067         93,067         93,067         93,067         93,067         93,067         93,068         93,067         93,068<	Charge accountsdo Installment accountsdo				10, 590 16, 618													
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $		LAB	OR FO	DRCE	, EM	PLOY	'MEN	T, A	ND E	ARNI	INGS							
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES																	
$ \begin{array}{c} Labor force, persons 16 years of age and over. thous. 91,040 \\ Clivilian labor force$	LABOR FORCE of	1210.41	1211.89	212, 65	212, 80	212.91	213.02	213.14	21 <b>3</b> , 26	213. 47	213, 63	213.81	213.98	214.14	214.28	214.40	214	
$ \begin{array}{c} \mbod{Employed, total.} & \mbod{dot} & \mbod{striple} & stri$	abor force, persons 16 years of age and overthous		9 <b>3</b> , 240	93, 538	93, 342	93, 111	93, 593	93, 564	93, 949	96, 191	97, 046	96, 493	94, 965	95, 431	94, 943		94,	
Seasonally Adjusted $\sigma^2$ vvv <th colspa<="" td=""><td>Agricultural industries</td><td>84,409 3,452 80,957</td><td>85, 936 3, 492 82, 443</td><td>85, 220 2, 959 82, 261</td><td>82,969 2,888 80,082</td><td>82,604 2,890 79,714</td><td>83,036 2,988 80,048</td><td>83, 549 3, 171 80, 377</td><td>84,146 3,622 80,524</td><td>85, 444 3, 869 81, 575</td><td><math>86,650 \\ 4,090 \\ 82,560</math></td><td>86,612 3,886 82,726</td><td>85,274 3,626 81,647</td><td>86,023 3,524 82,499</td><td>85,556 3,156 82,400</td><td>85,536 2,856 82,680</td><td>92, 84, 2, 81, 81,</td></th>	<td>Agricultural industries</td> <td>84,409 3,452 80,957</td> <td>85, 936 3, 492 82, 443</td> <td>85, 220 2, 959 82, 261</td> <td>82,969 2,888 80,082</td> <td>82,604 2,890 79,714</td> <td>83,036 2,988 80,048</td> <td>83, 549 3, 171 80, 377</td> <td>84,146 3,622 80,524</td> <td>85, 444 3, 869 81, 575</td> <td><math>86,650 \\ 4,090 \\ 82,560</math></td> <td>86,612 3,886 82,726</td> <td>85,274 3,626 81,647</td> <td>86,023 3,524 82,499</td> <td>85,556 3,156 82,400</td> <td>85,536 2,856 82,680</td> <td>92, 84, 2, 81, 81,</td>	Agricultural industries	84,409 3,452 80,957	85, 936 3, 492 82, 443	85, 220 2, 959 82, 261	82,969 2,888 80,082	82,604 2,890 79,714	83,036 2,988 80,048	83, 549 3, 171 80, 377	84,146 3,622 80,524	85, 444 3, 869 81, 575	$86,650 \\ 4,090 \\ 82,560$	86,612 3,886 82,726	85,274 3,626 81,647	86,023 3,524 82,499	85,556 3,156 82,400	85,536 2,856 82,680	92, 84, 2, 81, 81,
Employed, total	Sensonally Adjusted 🔗			1 01 649	r 91.963	r 01 523	r 91 880	1 92 254			7 93.063	7 93.212	7 93.128	r 93 213	r 93.117	7 93.129	93,	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Agriculture do			85,053	84,666 3,370	84,163 3,252	84,110 3,268	84, 313 3, 301	84,519 3,528	84,498 3,350	84,967 3,439	85,288 3,464	85,158 3,512	85,151 3,408	85,178 3,301	85, <b>3</b> 94 <b>3</b> , 236	86, 3, 82,	
All civilian workers. $4.9$ $5.6$ $7.2$ $77.9$ $r8.0$ $r8.5$ $r8.6$ $r8.7$ <	Unemployed			7 6, 589	+ 7,297	r 7, 360	+ 7,770	7,941	r 8,250	7 8,071	7 8,096	7.924	+ 7,970	* 8,062	r 7, 9 <b>3</b> 9	7,735	7, 2,	
White	All civilian workers Men, 20 years and over Women, 20 years and over	3.2	3.8 5.5	5.4 7.1	5.9 7.9	$6.2 \\ 7.9$	6.6 8.3	6.8 8.5	7.2 8.4	7.0 8.2	7.1 8.0	6.8 7.9	$7.2 \\ 7.8$	7.2 7.9	7.1	6.6 8.0		
Occupation:         White-collar workers.         2.9         3.3         4.1         4.5         4.4         4.6         4.8         5.3         4.8         10.7         10.6         12.0         12.6         12.8         12.4         12.3         11.9         11.6         11.3         10.7         10.6         10.6         12.0         12.6         12.8         12.4         12.3         11.9         11.6         11.3         10.7         10.6         10.6         10.6         12.0         12.6         12.8         12.4         12.3         11.9         11.6         11.3         10.7	White Negro and other races	4.3	5.0 9.9	7 6.5 12.5	r 7.3	r 7.3 13.3	7.8 13.8	r 7.9 14.1	r 8.3 14.2	r 8.0 14.0	r 8.1 13.4	7.8 14.3	14.4	14.3	13.9	13.8	1	
	Occupation: White-collar workers Blue-collar workers Industry of lest job (upunging largely uppl)	2.9 5.3		4.1	4.5	4.4							4.8 11.9		4.8 11.3	4.8 10.7		
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Private wage and salary workers Construction Manufacturing	8.8	10.6 5.7	15.2 9.0	15.6 10.0	16.3 10.7	18.0 11.0	19.0 11.8	11.9	12.0	11.5	11.1	10.8	10.6	10.5	9.6	3	

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	1973	1974	1974						197	75						1976
Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ual	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec. »	Jan. P
LABOI	R FOI	RCE, 1	EMPI	LOYM	ENT	, ANI	) EA	RNIN	GS—(	Conti	nued	<b>!</b>		!	·	
EMPLOYMENT ‡																
Employees on payrolls of nonagricultural estab.: Total, not adjusted for seasonal variationthous Private sector (excl. government)do	76, 896 63, 157	78, 413 64, 235	78, 462 63, 824	76, 207 61, 669	75, 772 60, 94 <b>3</b>	75, 778 60, 884	76, 177 61, 269	76, 689 61, 750	77, 18 <b>3</b> 62, 387	76, 439 62, 220	76,900 62,788	77,614 63,054	78,193 63,132	r 78,339 r 63,151	r 78,515 r 63,298	77, 055 61, 978
Seasonally Adjusted‡ Total employees, nonagricultural payrolls‡do	76, 896	78, 41 <b>3</b>	77, 723	77, <b>3</b> 19	76, 804	76, 468	76, 462	76, 510	76, 343	76, 679	77,023	77,310	77,555	r 77,574	r 77,782	78, 140
Private sector (excl. government)do Nonmanufacturing industriesdo Goods-producingdo Miningdo Contract constructiondo	63, 157 43, 089 24, 727 644 4, 015	64, 235 44, 189 24, 697 694 3, 957	63, 302 44, 112 23, 646 686 3, 770	62, 852 44, 054 23, 270 723 3, 749	62, 210 43, 835 22, 691 724 3, 592	61, 850 43, 624 22, 422 729 3, 467	61, 770 43, 615 22, 328 732 3, 441	61, 784 43, 622 22, 339 738 3, 439	61, 652 43, 552 22, 233 741 3, 392	61, 863 43, 779 22, 222 743 3, 395	62,168 43,914 22,418 749 3,415	62,465 44,048 22,601 752 3,432	62,591 44,098 22,669 774 3,402	62, 599 r 44,117 r 22,657 r 766 r 3, 409	r 62,789 r 44,216 r 22,739 r 770 r 3,396	63, 139 44, 427 22, 879 767 3, 400
Manufacturingdo Durable goodsdo Ordnance and accessoriesdo Lumber and wood productsdo	20,068 11,839 183 643	$20,046 \\11,895 \\177 \\626$	19, 190 11, 357 176 569	$18,798 \\ 11,099 \\ 177 \\ 51$	18, 375 10, 813 177	18, 226 10, 728 177 539	18, 155 10, 637 176	$18,162 \\ 10,595 \\ 177 \\ 546$	18, 100 10, 527 173 552	$18,084 \\ 10,465 \\ 172 \\ 557 \\ 557 \\ 178 \\ 557 $	18,254 10,563 167 563	$18,417 \\ 10,650 \\ 165 \\ 568$	$18,493 \\ 10,661 \\ 164 \\ 576$	r 18,482 r 10,653 r 161 576	r 18,573 r 10,725 r 163 r 582	$18,712 \\ 10,808 \\ 163 \\ 587$
Furniture and fixturesdo Stone, clay, and glass productsdo Primary metal industriesdo	536 691 1, 324	517 690	474 655	$551 \\ 454 \\ 635 \\ 1 004$	537 441 620	434 610	536 436 608	439 609	437 605	$557 \\ 441 \\ 604 \\ 1, 134$	452 610 1, 148	464 615	467 615 1,149	470 7 616 7 1, 146	7 474 7 614 7 1, 156	474 611 1,153
Filmary intera industriesdo Fabricated metal productsdo Machinery, except electricaldo Electrical equipment and suppliesdo Transportation equipmentdo Instruments and related productsdo Miscellaneous manufacturingdo	1, 500 2, 092 2, 020 1, 904 497 451	1,3441,5052,2182,0301,821520448	1,3081,4252,2141,8881,722511415	$1,284 \\1,374 \\2,183 \\1,850 \\1,674 \\506 \\411$	1, 248 1, 357 2, 153 1, 785 1, 594 497 404	$1,218 \\1,336 \\2,128 \\1,773 \\1,624 \\490 \\399$	1, 189 1, 332 2, 098 1, 746 1, 631 488 397	1, 168 1, 324 2, 064 1, 735 1, 653 481 399	1, 149 1, 317 2, 035 1, 723 1, 657 481 398	1, 134 1, 298 2, 017 1, 712 1, 645 482 403	1, 143 1, 331 2, 013 1, 747 1, 645 481 406	$\begin{array}{c ccccc} 1, 169 \\ 1, 340 \\ 2, 035 \\ 1, 755 \\ 1, 643 \\ 486 \\ 410 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c} 1, 149\\ 1, 344\\ 2, 039\\ 1, 767\\ 1, 641\\ 490\\ 409\end{array}$		r 1, 342 r 2, 031 r 1, 778 r 1, 679 r 493 r 413	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
Nondurable goodsdo	8, 229 1, 719 79	8, 151 1, 713	7, 8 <b>33</b> 1, 684	7,699 1,668	7,562 1,662	7,498	7, 518 1, 664	7,567	7, 573 1, 671	7, 619 1, 668 79	7,691 1,688 78	7,767 1,693 80	7,832 1,695 79	77,829 71,688 81	r 7,848 r 1,684 r 81	7, 904 1, 695 80
Textile mill products	1,026 1,406 701	80 988 1,348	$78 \\ 908 \\ 1,246 \\ 054$	80 870 1,218	79 849 1,188	77 845 1,180	75 865 1,191	75 885 1,205	75 891 1,215	897 1,245	918 1, 245 639	938 1, 261 648	953 1,287 652	r 950 r 1,290 652	r 955	960 1,318 663
Food and kindred productsdo Tobacco manufacturesdo Textile mill productsdo Apparel and other textile productsdo Paper and allied productsdo Printing and publishingdo Chemicals and allied productsdo Petroleum and coal productsdo Rubber and plastics products, nec. do Leather and leather productsdo	$\begin{vmatrix} 701\\ 1,104\\ 1,033\\ 193\\ 677\\ 291 \end{vmatrix}$	$\begin{array}{c} 702 \\ 1,112 \\ 1,057 \\ 199 \\ 676 \\ 278 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 674 \\ 1, 164 \\ 1, 045 \\ 198 \\ 632 \\ 264 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 663\\ 1,101\\ 1,034\\ 194\\ 614\\ 257\end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r}             647 \\             1,094 \\             1,024 \\             191 \\             579 \\             249         \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} 636 \\ 1,089 \\ 1,009 \\ 194 \\ 564 \\ 245 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 629\\ 1,084\\ 1,003\\ 193\\ 568\\ 246\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 631\\ 1,079\\ 1,004\\ 195\\ 574\\ 249\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 627\\ 1,073\\ 1,000\\ 197\\ 572\\ 252\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 633 \\ 1,068 \\ 999 \\ 199 \\ 575 \\ 256 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 033\\ 1,072\\ 1,008\\ 199\\ 588\\ 256\end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c} 043\\ 1,075\\ 1,011\\ 200\\ 599\\ 262 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} 0.02 \\ 1,071 \\ 1,019 \\ 201 \\ 608 \\ 267 \\ \end{array} $	r 1,072	r 1,073 r 1,019 202 r 609	1, 072 1, 025 203 613 273
Service-producingdo Trans., comm., electric, gas, etcdo Wholesale and retail tradedo	52, 169 4, 644	53, 715 4, 696	54,077 4,659	54, 049 4, 603 16, 903	54, 113 4, 565	54,046	54, 134 4, 508 16, 847	54, 171 4, 491 16, 857	54,110	54, 457 4, 464 16, 984	54,605 4,466 17,016	54,709 4,467 17,045	54,886 4,476 17,043	7 4, 496		55,261 4,491 17,207
	$ \begin{array}{r} 16,674 \\ 4,107 \\ 12,568 \\ \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	16,935 4,224 12,711	4,205	16,879 4,189 12,690	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c c} 10, 847 \\ 4, 176 \\ 12, 671 \\ 4, 209 \end{array} $	4, 175 12, 682 4, 208	16,877 4,153 12,724 4,202	$ \begin{array}{c c} 10, 534 \\ 4, 161 \\ 12, 823 \\ 4, 203 \end{array} $	4,159 12,857 4,218	4, 181 12,864 4, 2 <b>3</b> 9	4, 180 12,863 4, 246	r 4, 174 r 12,836	7 4,188 7 12,900	4, 20 13,00 4,27
Retail trade	4,091 13,021 13,739 2,663 11,075	4, 208 13, 617 14, 177 2, 724 11, 453	4,229 13,833 14,421 2,738 11,683	4,219 13,857 14,467 2,734 11,733	4, 210 13, 865 14, 594 2, 733 11, 861	$\begin{array}{r} 4,207\\ 13,864\\ 14,618\\ 2,733\\ 11,885\end{array}$	4,209 13,878 14,692 2,731 11,961	<b>13, 889</b> 14, 726	4, 202 13, 871 14, 691 2, 738 11, 953	4,203 13,990 14,816 2,745 12,071	4,218 14,050 14,855 2,756 12,099	$ \begin{array}{c} 14,113\\ 14,845\\ 2,765\\ 12,080 \end{array} $	14,157 14,964 2,767	r 14,188 r 14,975	r 14,229 r 14,993 r 2,755	14,287
Production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonagric. payrolls, not seas. adjustedthous Manufacturingdo	52, <b>33</b> 4 14, 760	53, 029 14, 613	52, 574 13, 825	50, 509 13, 237	49, 804 12, 859	49, 765 12, 757	50, 138 12, 731	50,601 12,807	51, 207 12, 981	°51, 041 12, 744	<51,601 13,180	<51, 873 13,428			r 52, 115 r 13,331	50, 78 13, 22
Seasonally Adjusted;																
Production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonagricultural payrollstthous	18,562	53, 029 18, 374 527 3, 234	52,038 17,373 513 3,058	51, 624 17, 034 552 3, 045	51,005 16,487 550 2,886		16, 161 553	16, 194 560	16,122 561	50, 736 16, 115 564 2, 711		$16,467 \\ 569$	16,532 585 2,712	r 16,512 r 581 r 2,709	r 2,696	2,688
Manufacturingdo Durable goodsdo Ordnance and accessoriesdo	14,760	14,613 8,641	13, 802 8, 133 85	13,437 7,898 84	13,051 7,634 85	12,915	12,863	12,887	7,404	12,840 7,348 81	13,011 7,450 77	13,157	13,235	* 13,222 * 7,539	7,605	13, 42 7, 67 7
Lumber and wood productsdo Furniture and fixturesdo Stone, clay, and glass productsdo	554	85 533 423 552	476 384 519	459 364 501	445 354 487	448 347 479	444 349	454 354	82 459 351 477	463 355 477	469 366 483	475 379	483 381	481	r 387 r 488	38 48
Primary metal industriesdo Fabricated metal productsdo Machinery, except electricaldo	- 1,065 - 1,156	1,074	1,038	1,017	979 1,011 1,422	950 993 1,400	92 <b>3</b> 992	905 985	889 979	878 960 1,300	892 993 1,300	911 1,000	894 1,004	892 892 1,000	7 900 r 900	89 1,01 1,31
Electrical equipment and suppliesdo Transportation equipmentdo Instruments and related productsdo Miscellaneous manufacturingdo.	- 1, 387 - 1, 368 - 306	1,495 1,372 1,285 322 350	1,475 1,245 1,206 312 318	308	1,422 1,156 1,087 300 308	1,400 1,143 1,122 292 303	1, 123 1, 126 291	1,113 1,151 287	1, 106 1, 155 286	1, 300 1, 097 1, 143 287 307	1, 300 1, 131 1, 142 286 311	$1,139 \\ 1,140 \\ 291$	1, 151 1, 144 295	r 1,147 r 1,155 296	7 1, 164 7 1, 179 7 297	1,18 1,20 30
Nondurable goods do do	- 6,069	5, <b>97</b> 2 1, 164	5,669 1,140	5, 5 <b>3</b> 9 1, 127	5, 417 1, 123	5, <b>3</b> 54 1, 119	5, <b>3</b> 80 1, 125	5, 433 1, 131	5,445	5, 492 1, 131 65	5, 561 1, 147	5, 630 1, 150	5, 687 1, 154	7 5,683 7 1,14	r 5,706	5,74 1,15
Tobacco manufacturesdo Textile mill productsdo Apparel and other textile productsdo	- 901 - 1,221	66 862 1,163	65 789 1,068	67 749 1,044	66 730 1,019		1,020	766	771	1,071	65 800 1,071	819 1,086	832	831 7 7 1,115	1 + 7836	83
Paper and allied products	- 670	540 671 612			485 649 576	$     474 \\     644 \\     563 $	639 558	636 562	631 560	474 629 560	479 632 566	632 573	630 579	) r 629 ) 580	) r 630 ) r 580	62 58
Petroleum and coal productsdo Rubber and plastics products, necdo Leather and leather productsdo		126 530 237		473	117 441 211		430	436	436	127 439 219	128 453 220	463	471	t 746	3   r 471	47
Service-producingdo Transportation, comm., elec., gas, etcdo Wholesale and retail tradedo		34, 656 4, 058	4,011	3,956	3,922	3,869	<li>) 3,865</li>	3,849	3,831	3,827	3,825	34, 848 3, 828 15, 076	3,83	5 7 3,85	4   * 3,823	3,84
Wholesale and retail tradedododododododofinance, insurance, and real estatedo	3.433	3, 526	3,518	3,499	3,480	3,464	3, 461 11, 397	3,458	$\begin{vmatrix} 3,440 \\ 11,456 \end{vmatrix}$	3,448	3, 445 •11, 587	5 <b>3, 463</b> •11, 613	3,45 11,61	3,45 3 r 11,57		3,48 11,72 3,26
Services	3, 184 11, 769	3, 240 12, 293	12, 463	3, 225 12, 479	12, 483	12,491	12,495	5   12, 515	5   12, 479	12, 599	12,665		)   12,75	9   12,78	3  r 12,829	12,86

\* Revised. \* Preliminary. Corrected. ‡Effective with the Oct. 1975 SURVEY, all establishment (payroll) employment, hours, earnings, and labor turnover reflect the periodic adjustment of these data to more recent benchmarks (Mar. 1974) and to revised seasonal factors. Data back to Jan. 1970 are subject to revision. The Oct. 1975 EMPLOYMENT AND EARNINGS (BLS) provides monthly data back to 1970 for many of the series published in the SURVEY.

 $\odot$  NOTE FOR P. S-16: In accordance with the 1975 Tax Reduction Act (effective May ) 1975), new formulas have been constructed for the period May-Dec. 1975 or calculating spend able earnings. Therefore, the entire reduction in 1975 taxes is accounted for in the period May-Dec. 1975. The 4.5% increase from Apr. to May 1975 in real spendable earnings reflects a 1.7% decrease in real weekly earnings but a 4.6% decrease in the average tax effect (the change in avg. soc. security/federal income tax rates for worker with 3 dependents who earned the aver. weekly earnings).

# SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Inless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1973	1974	1974				<b>.</b>		197	'5						1976
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ual	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec. <sup>p</sup>	Jan.
LABO	R FO	RCE,	EMP	LOYN	IENT	, ANI	) EAH	RNIN	GS(	Contin	nued					
AVERAGE HOURS PER WEEK																
Seasonally Adjusted rg, weekly hours per worker on private nonagric. payrolls:t¶ Seasonally adjustedhours Not seasonally adjusteddo Mining	37.1 42.5 37.0 40.7	<b>36.</b> 6 42. 4 <b>36.</b> 9 40. 0	36.3 36.4 41.3 37.4 39.9	36. 2 35. 7 42. 5 37. 2 38. 7	36. 1 35. 7 42. 4 36. 8 38. 5	35.9 35.6 41.9 34.9 38.7	35.9 35.7 41.1 36.8 38.9	<b>35.</b> 9 <b>35.</b> 8 42. 6 <b>36.</b> 9 <b>39.</b> 0	36. 0 36. 3 42. 2 35. 7 39. 5	36. 0 36. 4 42. 1 36. 2 39. 2	36. 2 36. 6 41. 8 36. 7 39. 7	<b>3</b> 6. 1 <b>3</b> 6. 3 42. 1 <b>3</b> 6. 7 40. 2	<b>3</b> 6.2 <b>3</b> 6.2 42.7 <b>3</b> 6.6 <b>3</b> 9.9	36.3 36.2 7 42.9 36.8 40.1	r 36.4 r 36.5 r 43.0 37.5 40.8	36 36 42 37 39
Seasonally adjusteddo Overtime hoursdo	3.8	<b>3</b> . 2	39.4 2.7	39.2 2.4	38.8 2.4	38.9 2.3	<b>3</b> 9. 1 2. 3	<b>3</b> 9. 0 2. 4	39.3 2.4	39.4 2.6	<b>3</b> 9.7 2.8	39.8 2.8	<b>3</b> 9.8 2.8	<b>3</b> 9.9 2.8	40.3 3.0	40
Durable goods	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{41.5} \\ \textbf{4.1} \\ \textbf{41.8} \\ \textbf{40.7} \\ \textbf{39.9} \\ \textbf{42.1} \\ \textbf{42.4} \\ \textbf{41.6} \\ \textbf{42.6} \\ \textbf{40.4} \\ \textbf{41.9} \\ \textbf{40.8} \\ \textbf{38.9} \end{array}$	40, 7 3, 4 41, 7 39, 7 39, 0 41, 4 41, 7 40, 8 42, 3 39, 8 40, 1 40, 2 38, 5	40. 2 2. 8 41. 7 38. 2 37. 4 41. 0 41. 1 40. 5 42. 0 39. 6 39. 5 39. 7 38. 2	$\begin{array}{c} 40.1\\ 2.5\\ 41.8\\ 38.1\\ 36.6\\ 40.9\\ 40.6\\ 40.4\\ 41.8\\ 39.5\\ 39.6\\ 39.6\\ 39.6\\ 38.1 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 39.7\\ 2.5\\ 41.3\\ 38.6\\ 36.4\\ 40.2\\ 40.3\\ 39.8\\ 41.3\\ 39.2\\ 39.2\\ 39.2\\ 39.0\\ 37.8 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 39.5 \\ 2.3 \\ 41.3 \\ 38.0 \\ 36.6 \\ 39.6 \\ 40.0 \\ 39.7 \\ 40.9 \\ 39.2 \\ 39.1 \\ 39.1 \\ 37.7 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 39.7 \\ 2.4 \\ 41.3 \\ 38.8 \\ 37.2 \\ 40.3 \\ 39.7 \\ 39.7 \\ 41.0 \\ 39.4 \\ 40.5 \\ 39.2 \\ 38.1 \end{array}$	<b>3</b> 9. 5 2. 2 <b>4</b> 1. 1 <b>3</b> 8. 8 <b>3</b> 7. 5 <b>4</b> 0. 2 <b>3</b> 9. 5 <b>3</b> 9. 5 <b>3</b> 9. 5 <b>3</b> 9. 1 <b>3</b> 9. 5 <b>3</b> 9. 3 <b>3</b> 8. 1	<b>3</b> 9. 6 2. 3 41. 6 39. 0 37. 6 40. 3 39. 6 39. 5 40. 4 39. 3 40. 0 39. 4 39. 4 38. 3	$\begin{array}{c} 39.8\\ 2.5\\ 40.1\\ 39.1\\ 37.8\\ 40.6\\ 39.7\\ 39.5\\ 40.5\\ 39.5\\ 40.7\\ 39.5\\ 40.7\\ 39.1\\ 39.7\\ 39.1\\ 39.1\\ \end{array}$	40. 2 2. 7 41. 2 39. 5 38. 3 40. 7 39. 9 40. 8 39. 6 41. 2 39. 5 38. 2	40. 2 2. 7 41. 7 39. 6 38. 9 40. 8 39. 9 40. 2 40. 2 40. 7 39. 6 40. 9 39. 7 38. 7	40. 0 2. 6 41. 6 39. 8 38. 9 40. 8 39. 9 40. 4 40. 6 39. 6 40. 4 39. 7 38. 8	r 40. 2 r 2. 7 41. 7 39. 4 39. 1 40. 9 40. 2 40. 5 r 40. 9 39. 6 r 40. 8 r 39. 9 38. 6	40. 7 2. 9 r 41. 1 r 40. 3 r 39. 5 r 41. 3 r 40. 3 r 41. 0 r 41. 2 r 40. 2 41. 7 r 40. 3 r 39. 3	4( 4] 4( 3) 4 4 4 3 4 4 3 4 4 3 3 4 4 3
Nondurable goodsdo Overtime hoursdo Food and kindred productsdo Tobacco manufacturesdo Textile mill productsdo Apparel and other textile productsdo	<b>3</b> 9. 6 <b>3.</b> 4 40. 4 <b>3</b> 8. 5 40. 9 <b>3</b> 5. 8	39. 1 3. 0 40. 4 38. 0 39. 4 35. 1	38. 2 2. 5 40. 0 37. 7 36. 7 34. 3	38. 1 2. 3 40. 0 37. 5 36. 2 34. 2	37. 6 2. 2 40. 0 37. 5 36. 1 33. 6	37. 9 2. 2 40. 2 38. 6 36. 9 33. 8	38.0 2.2 39.9 38.3 37.7 34.3	<b>38.3</b> 2.4 <b>39.9</b> <b>36.9</b> <b>38.9</b> <b>34.4</b>	<b>38.</b> 7 2. 6 <b>3</b> 9. 9 <b>3</b> 9. 8 <b>3</b> 9. 2 <b>3</b> 5. 2	38.8 2.8 40.1 35.4 39.6 35.2	39.3 2.9 40.7 37.6 40.4 35.5	39.4 3.0 40.9 38.0 40.9 36.0	<b>39.5</b> <b>3.0</b> 40.6 37.5 41.0 <b>36.2</b>	39.5 3.0 40.4 739.7 41.0 36.1	39.8 7 3.2 7 40.5 7 37.8 41.3 7 36.5	3 4 4 4 3
Paper and allied productsdo Printing and publishingdo Chemicals and allied productsdo Petroleum and coal productsdo Rubber and plastics products, necdo Leather and leather productsdo	42.7 37.9 41.9 42.3 41.1 37.9	42. 1 37. 6 41. 6 42. 5 40. 4 37. 2	41. 3 37. 3 41. 0 42. 2 39. 5 36. 2	41. 0 37. 4 40. 7 41. 9 39. 5 35. 9	$\begin{array}{c} 40.\ 6\\ 37.\ 1\\ 40.\ 6\\ 41.\ 9\\ 38.\ 8\\ 35.\ 4\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 40.5\\ 37.0\\ 40.4\\ 41.7\\ 38.7\\ 35.3 \end{array}$	40. 4 36. 8 40. 3 41. 0 39. 0 36. 5	40, 9 36, 7 40, 6 41, 5 39, 6 36, 5	41.5 36.7 40.7 41.2 39.6 37.5	41.6 36.7 40.9 41.3 40.0 37.8	42. 1 37. 1 41. 1 41. 0 40. 1 38. 0	42. 2 36. 9 41. 3 41. 6 40. 1 38. 4	42. 3 37. 0 41. 4 41. 8 40. 0 38. 9	r 42. 4 37. 3 r 41. 4 42. 0 r 40. 0 38. 4	r 42.8 r 37.6 r 41.8 r 41.9 r 40.7 r 38.6	4
Trans., comm., elec., gas, etcdo Wholesale and retail tradedo Wholesale tradedo Retail tradedo Finance, insurance, and real estatedo Servicesdo	40. 6 34. 7 39. 5 33. 3 36. 9 34. 0	40. 2 34. 1 38. 9 32. 7 36. 7 33. 9	39.8 33.9 38.6 32.5 36.8 33.8	39.9 33.8 38.7 32.4 36.9 33.9	39.7 33.9 38.6 32.3 36.8 33.9	<b>39.</b> 7 <b>33.</b> 9 <b>38.</b> 6 <b>32.</b> 5 <b>36.</b> 6 <b>33.</b> 8	<b>3</b> 9. 8 <b>33.</b> 7 <b>38.</b> 6 <b>3</b> 2. <b>3</b> <b>3</b> 6. 2 <b>33.</b> 7	<b>3</b> 9. 2 <b>33</b> . 9 <b>38</b> . 6 <b>3</b> 2. 5 <b>3</b> 6. 4 <b>33</b> . 9	<b>3</b> 9. 5 <b>33.</b> 8 <b>38.</b> 4 <b>32.</b> 4 <b>36.</b> 5 <b>33.</b> 9	<b>3</b> 9. 4 <b>3</b> 3. 6 <b>3</b> 8. 5 <b>3</b> 2. 2 <b>3</b> 6. <b>3</b> <b>3</b> 3. 7	39.5 33.8 38.6 32.3 36.3 33.8	39.7 33.6 38.5 32.2 36.3 33.6	39.7 33.9 38.8 32.3 36.4 33.7	7 39.6 33.8 38.7 32.5 36.7 33.9	r 39.7 r 33.9 38.8 r 32.5 36.4 r 33.6	
AGGREGATE HOURS			i i													Ì
Seasonally Adjusted           Iours of wage and salary workers in nonagric.           establishments, for I week in the month, season- ally adjusted at annual ratetbil. hours           Total private sectordo           Miningdo           Contract constructiondo           Manufacturingdo           Transportation, comm., elec., gasdo           Wholesale and retail tradedo           Finance, insurance, and real estatedo           Servicesdo           Government	149. 27 121. 91 1. 42 7. 68 42. 06 9. 78 30. 13 7. 83 23. 02 27. 36	$150.72 \\ 122.63 \\ 1.53 \\ 7.58 \\ 41.50 \\ 9.82 \\ 30.27 \\ 8.01 \\ 23.93 \\ 28.08 \\ 1.52 \\ 1.53 \\$	$148. 48 \\ 120. 13 \\ 1. 47 \\ 7. 33 \\ 39. 32 \\ 9. 64 \\ 29. 96 \\ 8. 09 \\ 24. 31 \\ 28. 35 \\ 128. 35 \\ 120. 100 \\ 100$	$147.96 \\ 119.22 \\ 1.60 \\ 7.25 \\ 38.44 \\ 9.55 \\ 29.86 \\ 8.10 \\ 24.43 \\ 28.74$	$146.15 \\ 117.39 \\ 1.60 \\ 6.87 \\ 37.28 \\ 9.42 \\ 29.72 \\ 8.06 \\ 24.44 \\ 28.76 \\ 1000 \\$	145. 38 116. 34 1. 59 6. 29 36. 98 9. 30 29. 80 8. 01 24. 37 29. 04	$145.58 \\ 116.32 \\ 1.56 \\ 6.58 \\ 36.94 \\ 9.33 \\ 29.66 \\ 7.92 \\ 24.32 \\ 29.26 \\$	145.70 116.60 1.64 6.60 36.95 9.16 29.81 7.96 24.48 29.10	$145.04 \\ 116.24 \\ 1.63 \\ 6.30 \\ 36.98 \\ 9.18 \\ 29.73 \\ 7.98 \\ 24.45 \\ 28.80 \\$	145. 35 116. 46 1. 63 6. 39 37. 05 9. 15 29. 80 7. 93 24. 52 28. 89	$146.81 \\ 117.61 \\ 1.63 \\ 6.52 \\ 37.70 \\ 9.17 \\ 29.94 \\ 7.96 \\ 24.69 \\ 29.20 \\$	9.18 29.91 8.00 24.66	148.29 118.49 1.72 6.48 38.17 9.24 30.04 8.04 24.81 29.80	r 148.44 r 118.92 r 1.71 r 6.52 r 38.22 r 9.26 r 30.09 r 8.11 r 25.01 r 29.51	r 119.45 r 1.72 r 6.62 r 38.70 r 9.23 r 30.25 r 8.07 r 24.86	120 1 6 39 9 30 8 25
ndexes of hours (aggregate weekly):‡¶ Private nonagric, payrolls, total1967 = 100 Goods-producingdo Miningdo Contract constructiondo Manufacturingdo Durable goodsdo Nondurable goodsdo Transportation, comm., elec., gasdo Wholesale and retail tradedo Wholesale tradedo Retail tradedo Finance, insurance, and real estatedo Servicesdo	113. 0 105. 9 108. 7 120. 1 103. 5 104. 7 101. 7 101. 7 108. 4 116. 1 113. 2 117. 1 123. 5 123. 0	$\begin{array}{c} 113.\ 0\\ 103.\ 4\\ 111.\ 7\\ 117.\ 1\\ 100.\ 7\\ 102.\ 0\\ 98.\ 8\\ 119.\ 7\\ 108.\ 6\\ 116.\ 2\\ 114.\ 4\\ 116.\ 9\\ 125.\ 0\\ 127.\ 9\end{array}$	114.7 113.3 115.2 125.1	$\begin{array}{c} 108.9\\ 94.5\\ 117.4\\ 111.0\\ 90.8\\ 91.8\\ 89.3\\ 118.9\\ 105.0\\ 114.3\\ 113.0\\ 114.7\\ 125.2\\ 129.9 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 107.\ 0\\ 90.\ 7\\ 116.\ 7\\ 104.\ 1\\ 87.\ 4\\ 87.\ 9\\ 86.\ 7\\ 118.\ 4\\ 103.\ 5\\ 113.\ 7\\ 112.\ 1\\ 114.\ 2\\ 124.\ 5\\ 129.\ 9\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 105.9\\ 88.4\\ 115.9\\ 94.5\\ 86.4\\ 86.6\\ 86.0\\ 118.1\\ 102.1\\ 113.9\\ 111.6\\ 114.8\\ 123.6\\ 129.6 \end{array}$	106.0 89.2 113.7 99.0 86.6 86.5 86.7 117.6 102.3 113.4 111.5 114.0 122.1 129.3	$\begin{array}{c} 106.3\\89.4\\119.4\\99.3\\86.6\\85.4\\88.2\\118.0\\100.3\\113.9\\111.4\\114.8\\122.9\\130.3\end{array}$	106. 0 88. 9 118. 4 94. 9 86. 8 85. 2 89. 1 117. 8 100. 6 113. 7 110. 3 115. 0 123. 2 129. 9		\$107.4 91.2 118.6 98.3 89.0 86.7 92.4 \$118.7 100.5 \$114.6 \$111.0 \$122.9 \$131.4	98.6 90.3 87.7 94.1 \$118.7 101.1 \$114.6 111.3 \$115.8 123.5	*108.4 92.7 125.0 97.3 90.8 87.8 87.8 85.1 *119.3 101.2 *115.1 112.0 *116.2 123.7 132.0	97.7 r 90.9 r 88.1 r 95.0 r 119.8 r 101.5 r 115.2 111.5 r 116.6 r 125.1	7 119.7 7 100.9 7 115.8 7 112.3 7 117.1 7 124.4	
HOURLY AND WEEKLY EARNINGS Average hourly earnings per worker: 1 Not eeasonally adjusted: Private nonagric. payrolls	4.73 6.37 4.08 3.89 4.34 4.13 4.35 3.64 3.26	$\begin{array}{c c} 4.22\\ 5.21\\ 6.75\\ 4.41\\ 4.24\\ 4.69\\ 4.50\\ 4.71\\ 3.91\\ 3.50\end{array}$	5. 43 7. 05 4. 66 4. 50 4. 96 4. 79 4. 94 4. 02 3. 63	$\begin{array}{c} 4.\ 40\\ 5.\ 69\\ 7.\ 07\\ 4.\ 67\\ 4.\ 54\\ 4.\ 95\\ 4.\ 81\\ 4.\ 98\\ 4.\ 05\\ 3.\ 64\\ 4.\ 67\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 4.42\\ 5.74\\ 6.99\\ 4.68\\ 4.56\\ 4.98\\ 4.84\\ 5.04\\ 4.11\\ 3.66\\ 4.69\end{array}$	4. 44 5. 75 7. 14 4. 72 4. 59 5. 02 4. 88 5. 09 4. 14 3. 69 4. 72	4. 46 5. 73 7. 12 4. 73 4. 60 5. 04 4. 90 5. 10 4. 13 3. 71 4. 78	5.81 7.12 4.75 4.61 5.06 4.93 5.15 4.17 3.70	7.18 4.78 4.63 5.10 4.95 5.17 4.25 3.72	4.81 4.65 5.13 4.98 5.22 4.31 3.74	5, 00 5, 28 4, 39 3, 78	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c ccccc} 6.02 \\ 7.42 \\ 4.90 \\ 4.72 \\ 5.26 \\ 5.08 \\ 5.41 \\ 4.42 \\ 3.81 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c} & r \ 6. \ 15 \\ r \ 7. \ 46 \\ r \ 5. \ 00 \\ r \ 5. \ 38 \\ r \ 5. \ 18 \\ r \ 5. \ 54 \\ r \ 54 \ 74 \\ r \ 54 \ 74 \ 74 \ 74 \ 74 \ 74 \ 74 \ 74$	5 5 1 8 8 4 3 6 7
Primary metal industriesdo Fabricated metal productsdo Machinery, except electricaldo Electrical equipment and supplies.do Transportation equipmentdo Instruments and related productsdo Miscellaneous manufacturing inddo	5.04 4.26 4.56 3.89 5.07	4.20	5. 93 4. 82 5. 20 4. 42 5. 82 4. 42	5. 93 4. 78 5. 17 4. 43 5. 77 4. 42	5.99 4.84 5.21 4.45 5.75 4.46	6. 01 4. 90 5. 24 4. 48 5. 84 4. 49	6. 01 4. 93 5. 26 4. 51 5. 86 4. 49	6. 04 4. 98 5. 29 4. 53 5. 88 4. 52	6.07 5.03 5.32 4.58 5.96 4.54	$\begin{array}{c} 6.11 \\ 5.04 \\ 5.33 \\ 4.61 \\ 6.00 \\ 4.56 \end{array}$	6. 29 5. 10 5. 39 4. 60 6. 01 4. 57	$\begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0 1 6 0 5

Revised. Preliminary. \$ See note "\$", p. S-14.
 Production and nonsupervisory workers. Corrected.

# SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data througn 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown	1973	1974	1974						197	5						1976
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ual	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.p	Jan.»
LABO	R FO	RCE,	EMPI	<b>.OY</b> M	IENT	, AND	EAI	RNIN	GS(	Contin	nued					
HOURLY AND WEEKLY EARNINGS-Con.											1					
Avg. hourly earnings per worker, private nonagric. payrolls. Not seas, adj. ¶—Continued Manufacturing—Continued Nondurable goodsdollars Excluding overtimedo	3.68 3.53 3.82	3.99 3.84	4. 20 4. 07 4. 37	4. 23 4. 11	4. 25 4. 13	4. 27 4. 16 4. 48	4. 27 4. 16 4. 49	4.30 4.17	4. 32 4. 18	4. 36 4. 21	<b>4. 36</b> <b>4. 20</b>	4. 41 4. 23	4.42 4.25	4.45 4.28	4.48 4.31	4.53 4.37
Food and kindred productsdo Tobacco manufacturesdo Textile mill productsdo Apparel and other textile proddo Paper and allied productsdo Printing and publishingdo Chemicals and allied productsdo Petroleum and coal productsdo Rubber and plastics products, mec.do Leather and leather productsdo	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{3.74}\\ \textbf{2.95}\\ \textbf{2.78}\\ \textbf{4.19}\\ \textbf{4.68}\\ \textbf{4.48}\\ \textbf{5.21}\\ \textbf{3.80}\\ \textbf{2.81} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 4.16\\ 4.10\\ 3.19\\ 2.99\\ 4.51\\ 4.97\\ 4.85\\ 5.61\\ 4.03\\ 3.01 \end{array}$	4. 27 3. 28 3. 11 4. 74 5. 17 5. 11 5. 82 4. 21 3. 12	4. 42 4. 34 3. 29 3. 14 4. 75 5. 16 5. 15 5. 88 4. 23 3. 15	4, 45 4, 49 3, 30 3, 13 4, 75 5, 20 5, 16 6, 11 4, 22 3, 18	4.69 3.31 3.16 4.78 5.23 5.19 6.27 4.23 3.21	4.77 3.32 3.16 4.81 5.25 5.22 6.30 4.25 3.21	4. 52 4. 77 3. 33 3. 15 4. 86 5. 32 5. 30 6. 33 4. 30 3. 20	4.54 4.89 3.34 3.16 4.95 5.35 5.35 6.38 4.33 3.21	4.55 4.62 3.34 3.16 5.05 5.41 5.42 6.51 4.42 3.22	4.58 4.32 3.38 5.10 5.45 5.44 6.55 4.39 3.21	4.62 4.29 3.48 3.22 5.11 5.49 5.48 6.61 4.41 3.26	4.65 4.27 3.53 3.24 5.15 5.49 5.50 6.61 4.42 3.25	r 4.70 4.40 3.53 3.25 5.21 r 5.47 5.56 r 6.66 r 4.44 r 3.28	r 4.75 r 4.52 3.55 3.26 r 5.22 r 5.51 r 5.58 r 6.68 r 4.51 r 3.30	4, 79 4, 79 3, 56 3, 31 5, 25 5, 58 5, 65 7, 00 4, 53 3, 36
Transportation, comm., elec., gasdo Wholesale and retail tradedo Wholesale tradedo Retail tradedo Finance, insurance, and real estatedo Servicesdo	5. 04 3. 20 4. 12 2. 87 3. 58 3. 46	5, 43 3, 47 4, 49 3, 09 3, 82 3, 76	5, 65 3, 57 4, 71 3, 18 3, 98 3, 92	5.67 3.65 4.74 3.24 3.99 3.94	5, 70 3, 68 4, 79 3, 27 4, 05 3, 99	5.72 3.68 4.80 3.27 4.09 4.00	5, 75 3, 69 4, 80 3, 29 4, 09 3, 99	5.78 3.72 4.83 3.31 4.11 4.01	5.83 3.73 4.87 3.33 4.16 4.02	5, 90 3, 73 4, 88 3, 33 4, 13 4, 03	6. 05 3. 76 4. 93 3. 35 4. 15 4. 03	$\begin{array}{c} 6.11\\ 3.80\\ 4.94\\ 3.39\\ 4.16\\ 4.13 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 6.14\\ 3.82\\ 4.98\\ 3.41\\ 4.17\\ 4.16\end{array}$	r 6. 19 r 3. 83 5. 02 r 3. 41 4. 24 r 4. 22	r 6, 19 r 3, 82 r 5, 04 r 3, 40 4, 23 r 4, 24	$\begin{array}{c} 6.24 \\ 3.90 \\ 5.07 \\ 3.47 \\ 4.29 \\ 4.28 \end{array}$
Seasonally adjusted: ‡         Private nonagricultural payrolls	3. 92 4. 73 6. 37 4. 08 5. 04 3. 20 3. 58 3. 46	4. 22 5. 21 6. 75 4. 41 5. 43 3. 47 3. 82 3. 76	4.38 5.38 7.00 4.62 5.64 3.60 3.97 3.91	4. 41 5. 62 7. 03 4. 65 5. 66 3. 63 3. 97 3. 93	4. 43 5. 71 6. 98 4. 68 5. 70 3. 67 4. 02 3. 97	4.46 5.76 7.18 4.72 5.75 3.67 4.08 3.99	4. 47 5. 71 7. 18 4. 73 5. 77 3. 68 4. 08 3. 99	4.49 5.82 7.16 4.75 5.82 3.71 4.11 4.01	$\begin{array}{r} 4.51 \\ 5.89 \\ 7.27 \\ 4.78 \\ 5.87 \\ 3.73 \\ 4.18 \\ 4.04 \end{array}$	4.54 5.92 7.33 4.82 5.90 3.74 4.14 4.06	4.57 5.97 7.30 4.86 6.05 3.78 4.18 4.08	$\begin{array}{c} 4.60 \\ 6.01 \\ 7.32 \\ 4.88 \\ 6.04 \\ 3.79 \\ 4.16 \\ 4.10 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 4.63 \\ 6.08 \\ 7.32 \\ 4.90 \\ 6.12 \\ 3.82 \\ 4.18 \\ 4.15 \end{array}$	r       4.68         6.10         r       7.41         4.93         r       6.17         r       3.84         4.26         r       4.22	r 4.68 r 6.10 r 7.41 r 4.96 r 6.18 r 3.85 4.22 r 4.23	$\begin{array}{c} 4.73 \\ 6.14 \\ 7.51 \\ 4.99 \\ 6.23 \\ 3.88 \\ 4.27 \\ 4.27 \end{array}$
Indexes of avg. hourly earnings, seas. adj.: ① ¶‡           Private nonfarm economy:         1967 = 100           Current dollars△	146. 6 110. 1 147. 6 154. 4 143. 6	$158. \ 6 \\ 107. \ 4 \\ 163. \ 1 \\ 163. \ 7 \\ 156. \ 0$	165.4 106.4 172.6 169.6 163.6	166.3 7 106.2 174.9 170.4 164.8	167.8 * 106.7 177.6 168.8 166.1	169. 1 7 107. 1 178. 5 173. 7 167. 7	169.4 106.8 178.1 173.7 168.6	170. 6 7 107. 0 180. 7 173. 4 169. 7	172. 2 7 107. 2 182. 8 175. 9 171. 0	173.1 7 106.7 184.0 177.4 172.2	174.6 7 107.3 186.2 176.7 173.3	175. 2 107. 2 187. 2 177. 3 174. 5	176.7 7 107.4 188.9 177.7 176.0	* 178. 2 * 107. 7 * 189. 4 * 179. 2 * 176. 9	r 178.5 r 107.2 r 190.2 178.5 177.4	179.8 107.6 192.4 181.7 178.4
Manufacturing	155. 6 143. 1 138. 4 150. 1	167. 3 155. 0 148. 6 163. 3	173.6 161.1 155.0 169.4	174. 3 162. 6 154. 9 170. 4	175. 6 164. 1 157. 3 172. 1	176. 8 164. 8 159. 8 172. 8	177.6 164.9 159.4 172.5	179.3 166.4 160.4 173.5	181. 1 167. 5 163. 1 175. 5	182. 4 168. 3 161. 5 175. 8	186. 2 170. 5 163. 0 177. 1	186. 3 170. 5 162. 6 177. 8	170.0 188.8 171.9 163.8 179.4	7 190.7 7 172.9 7 167.1	189.3 173.0 165.0 181.8	178. 4 192. 2 174. 4 167. ( 184. 7
Construction wages, 20 cities (E NR): Common labor	7.07 9.58	7.55 10.18	7.90 10.58	7.94 10.62	7.96 10.66	7.96 10.67	7, 99 10, 70	8.06 10.76	8.2 <b>3</b> 10.9 <b>3</b>	8.44 11.08	8.57 11.24	8.58 11.29	8, 59 11, <b>3</b> 5	8.60 11.37	8.62 11.42	8.6 11.4
method of pay.* All workers, including piece-rate\$ per hr All workers, other than piece-rate\$ Workers receiving cash wages onlydo Workers paid per hour, cash wages onlydo Railroad wages (average, class 1)§do		2, 25 2, 21 2, 43 2, 35 5, 707	5. 698	2.47 2.42 2.70 2.49			2. 42 2. 39 2. 63 2. 46		6.077	2.29 2.25 2.39 2.31			2. 63 2. 56 2. 82 2. 65			
A vg, weekly earnings per worker, ¶private nonlarm: Current dollars, seasonally adjusted 1967 dollars, seasonally adjusted	145.43 109.26	$154.45\ 104.57$	158.99 r 102.31	159.64 r 102.01	159. 92 7 101. 67	160. 11 r 101. 40	160.47 r 101.12	161.19 ra101.06	162. <b>3</b> 6 7 101. 10	163.44 *100.76	165.43 7101.62	166.06 *101.57	167.61 r 101.89		r 170, 35 r 102, 37	173. 1 103. 6
Spendable earnings (worker with 3 dependents):© Current dollars, seasonally adjusted 1967 dollars, scasonally adjusted Current dollars, not seasonally adjusted:‡	127.41 95.73	90, 97	137.87 r 88.72	r 88.42	ļ.	7 87.86	7 87.59	ra91.54		7 91. 10	r 91.71	7 91.63	7 91. 81	r 152, 76 r 92, <b>3</b> 0	7 92.02	92.2
Private nonfarm, total	$\begin{array}{c} 145.43\\ 201.03\\ 235.69\\ 166.06\\ 180.11\\ 145.73\\ 204.62\\ 111.04\\ 162.74\\ 95.57\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 154.45\\ 220.90\\ 249.08\\ 176.40\\ 190.88\\ 156.01\\ 218.29\\ 118.33\\ 174.66\\ 101.04 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 159. \textbf{43} \\ 224. 80 \\ 259. \textbf{44} \\ 185. 93 \\ 202. 86 \\ 161. 70 \\ 224. 87 \\ 122. 09 \\ 183. 69 \\ 104. 30 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 157.\ 08\\ 238.\ 98\\ 250.\ 99\\ 180.\ 73\\ 195.\ 53\\ 159.\ 05\\ 224.\ 53\\ 121.\ 55\\ 182.\ 49\\ 103.\ 03\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 157.79\\ 241.08\\ 247.45\\ 180.18\\ 196.21\\ 158.53\\ 224.58\\ 122.91\\ 183.46\\ 103.99\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 158.06\\ 237.48\\ 247.76\\ 182.66\\ 197.79\\ 160.98\\ 224.80\\ 123.28\\ 184.32\\ 104.64 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 159, 22\\ 233, 78\\ 259, 17\\ 184, 00\\ 199, 58\\ 161, 41\\ 226, 55\\ 123, 25\\ 183, 84\\ 104, 95 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 247.51\\ 262.73\\ 185.25\\ 199.87\\ 164.26\\ 226.00\\ 124.99\\ 185.96 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 163.71\\ 250.65\\ 262.07\\ 188.81\\ 203.49\\ 168.05\\ 231.45\\ 127.19\\ 187.98\\ 109.22 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 164.89\\ 248.72\\ 270.05\\ 188.55\\ 202.64\\ 169.60\\ 235.41\\ 128.69\\ 188.86\\ 110.89\\ \end{array}$	166.90 248.64 274.81 191.35 205.88 172.22 241.40 130.10 190.79 111.89	$\begin{array}{c} 168, 43\\ 255, 25\\ 278, 99\\ 196, 58\\ 212, 22\\ 175, 52\\ 243, 79\\ 128, 06\\ 190, 68\\ 109, 50\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 168.69\\ 259.46\\ 278.25\\ 195.51\\ 211.45\\ 175.03\\ 244.99\\ 128.73\\ 193.22\\ 109.46\\ \end{array}$	r 262. 73 r 270. 44 197. 69 r 213. 72 176. 67 r 245. 12 r 128. 69 194. 27	r 222. 73 179. 65 r 245. 74	170.3 $263.1$ $272.5$ $199.4$ $215.4$ $178.4$ $248.9$ $130.2$ $196.2$ $110.3$
Finance, insurance, and real estatedo Servicesdo		140. 19 127. 46	146.46	147.23 132.78	149.04 134.46	149.29 134.40	148.06 133.67		151.84	150, <b>33</b> 138, 23	151.06 138.23	150.59 139.18	151.79	103.40 155.18 7142.21	153.97	156.5
Seasonally adjusted indext	126	110	85	77	76	74	74	74	81	84	83	83	83	87	88	8
Manufacturing establishments: Unadjusted for seasonal variation: Accession rate, total mo. rate per 100 employees.		4.2 3.2	1.8	3.0	2.7	3.2 1.3	3.7 1.6	<b>3.</b> 9 2. 0	4.5 2.5	4.5 2.6	5.1 3.1	4.6 3.0	<b>3</b> .7 2.4	* 2.8 1.7	2.2 1.3	
New hires	4.6 2.7 .9	4.8 2.3 1.5	1.0 5.2 .9 3.6	$     \begin{array}{c}       1.3 \\       6.2 \\       1.1 \\       4.1 \\     \end{array} $	1.2 4.5 .9 2.9	4.2 1.0 2.5	4.0 1.1 2.1	$3.9 \\ 1.3 \\ 1.8$	3.6 1.3 1.5	2.0 4.4 1.5 2.0 4.2	4.6 2.4 1.3 4.0	4.3 2.0 1.4	4.0 1.6 1.6 3.6	3.5 1.2 1.7	3.4 .9 1.9 3.8	
Accession rate, total			3.1 1.8 6.0 1.5 2.6	3.3 1.5 5.9 1.3 3.1	$\begin{array}{c} 3.3 \\ 1.6 \\ 5.3 \\ 1.2 \\ 3.0 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 3.4 \\ 1.5 \\ 4.7 \\ 1.1 \\ 2.7 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c c} 3.9\\ 1.7\\ 4.5\\ 1.2\\ 2.6 \end{array} $	1.8 4.1 1.3		4.2 2.4 4.0 1.5 1.5	4.0 2.4 3.6 1.5 1.5	3.7 2.3 3.5 1.3 1.7	3.0 2.2 3.7 1.5 1.7	$2.3 \\ 4.0 \\ 1.6$	2.4 3.9 1.5	
WORK STOPPAGES Industrial disputes: Number of stoppages:																
Beginning in month or yearnumber.         In effect during monthdo         Workers involved in stoppages:         Beginning in month or yearthous         In effect during monthdo	2, 251	6, 074 2, 778	183 499 103 308	350 520 104 157	300 530 101 183	370 570 90 171	517 741 130 221	919 242	990 210	626 1,039 292 565	455 913 183 415	363 667 154 310	449 688 141 200	628 63		

In effect during month  $d_{0}$   $d_{1}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{3}$   $d_{1}$   $d_{3}$   $d_{1}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{1}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{3}$   $d_{1}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{1}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{3}$   $d_{3}$   $d_{1}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{3}$   $d_{1}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{3}$   $d_{3}$   $d_{1}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{3}$   $d_{3}$   $d_{1}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{3}$   $d_{3}$   $d_{1}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{3}$   $d_{3}$   $d_{1}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{3}$   $d_{3}$   $d_{1}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{3}$   $d_{3}$   $d_{1}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{3}$   $d_{3}$   $d_{1}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{3}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{3}$   $d_{3}$   $d_{1}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{3}$   $d_{3}$   $d_{4}$   $d_{1}$   $d_{3}$   $d_{4}$   $d_{1}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{3}$   $d_{3}$   $d_{4}$   $d_{1}$   $d_{1}$   $d_{3}$   $d_{4}$   $d_{1}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{2}$   $d_{3}$   $d_{4}$   $d_{4}$   $d_{3}$   $d_{4}$   $d_{4}$ 

February	1976
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Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown	1973	1974	1974			-			19	975						1970
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	nual	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan
LABO	R FO	RCE,	EMP	LOYN	1ENT	, AN	D EA	RNIN	GS-	Conti	nued					
UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE		1														
Inemployment insurance programs: Insured unemployment, all programs, average weekly § 9thous	1,783	2,568	3,910	5, 213	5,751	5,886	5,647	5, 202	4,892	4,990	4, 590	4, 254	4 044	p 4, 120	₽ 4, 461	
State programs: Initial claimsdo	12,820	18,880	3, 192	3, 616 4, 752	2,455	2, 158 5, 091	2,041	1,749	1.832	2,202	₽1.570	r » 1,520	r ₽ 1,677	P 1, 627	24,401	
Percent of covered employment: $\Delta$	1,632	2,260	<b>3</b> , 550	4, 752 7. 2	5,108		4,775	4,281	3,878	3, 871	3,436	3, 077		7 3, 046	» 3, 410	
Unadjusted Seasonally adjusted Beneficiaries, average weeklythous	2.7	3.5 1,874	5.4 * 5.0 2,593	r 5.4 3,735	7.8 75.8 4,342	7.7 76.2 4,553	7.2 76.5 4,377	6.4 + 6.7 3,837	5.8 16.5 3,437	5.8 76.3 3,208	5.1 76.1 2,952	4.6 1 5.1 1 2,489	4.4 r 5.8 r p 2,306	p 4.6 r 5.4 p 2,365	3. 1 4. 8	
Benefits paid §mil. \$ Federal employees, insured unemployment,	4,007.6	5,974.9	745.9	1,128.2	1,164.2	1,290.6	1,301.2	1,145.1	984.0	1,086.9	≠ ¤ 879.7	<i>⁺</i> ₽ 763.8	<i>*</i> ₽ 750.4	p 675. 1		
average weekly	38	40	43	46	47	47	43	40	40	43	43	44	45	p 48	₽ 48	
Initial claimsdodo	360 62 60	377 71 65	39 85 82	36 93 98	30 95 100	29 96 102	30 94 101	28 92 95	34 91 95	41 98 94	<b>p 36</b> 102 <b>p</b> 103	<sup>p</sup> 41 105 r p 99	p 39 107 p 101	<sup>p</sup> 30 <sup>p</sup> 109 <sup>p</sup> 106	p 113	
		249.2	25 <b>. 3</b>	30.9	28.1	30.1	31.5	30.0	29.0	32.3	₽ 32.7	p 33. 0	r p 35.7	p 32.9		
Applicationsthous_thous_thousthout thous th	93 12 30,6	69 10 22.2	10 15 2.8	15 25 3.8	16 26 4.9	9 27 5.1	6 27 5.5	4 20 4.2	18 18 3.9	28 23 3.9	13 24 4.9	15 35 16.1	10 31 12.8	p 10 p 32 p 10. 3	p 37	
		1	<u>.</u>	<u>.                                    </u>	FINAI		1	1	<u> </u>	·	<u> </u>	-	<u> </u>			. <u>.</u>
BANKING	[	1										{	1	1	1	Γ
pen market paper outstanding, end of period: Bankers' acceptancesmil. \$	8,892	18, 484	18, 484	18,602	18, 579	18, 7 <b>3</b> 0	18,727	18, 108	17,740	16, 930	16,456	16,790	17, 304			
Commercial and financial co. paper, totaldo Financial companiesdo	41,073 32,691	• 49, 144 36, 450	49,144 36,450	51,675 37,027	52,403 37,671	50,811 36,547	51,605 37,587	51,297 38,690	48,742 36,697	49, <b>33</b> 1 37,259	49,783 37,790	48, 246 36, 059	50, 437 38, 711			
Dealer placeddo Directly placeddo	5,487 27,204	4, 611 31, 839	4,611 31,839	5,029 31,998	5,167 32,504	5, <b>34</b> 2 <b>31</b> ,205	5,461 32,126	5,889 32,801	5,604 31,093	6,018 31.244	5,645 32,145	5, 574 30, 485	6, 360 32, 351		·	
Nonfinancial companies	8, 382	12,694	12, 694	14, 648	<b>14, 73</b> 2	14, 264	14, 018	12,607	12,045	12, 072	11, 993	12, 187	11, 726		•	
agencies supervised by the Farm Credit Adm.: Fotal, end of periodmil. \$ Farm mortgage loans:	21, 840	r 27, 384	r27, 384	27, 964	28 <b>, 3</b> 04	28, 808	29, 214	29, 575	29, 951	30, 421	30, 837	31,072	<b>31, 3</b> 54	31, 265	31, 741	
Federal land banksdodo	11, 071 2, 577 8, 19 <b>3</b>	* 13, 863 3, 575	<sup>n</sup> 13, 863 3, 575	$14,086 \\ 3,910$	$14,326 \\ 3,821$	$14,641 \\ 3,741$	$14,917 \\ 3,650$	15, 180 3, 499	15, 437 3, 371	$15,654 \\ 3,520$	15, 851 3, 738	16,044 3,847	$16,247 \\ 4,087$	16,380 4,041	16, 564 3, 979	
Other loans and discountsdodo	8, 193	r 9, 925	* 9,925	9, 968	10, 157	10, 426	10, 646	10, 895	11, 143	11,247	11, 248	11, 181	10, 200	10,845	11, 198	
interbank and U.S. Government accounts, annual rates, seasonally adjusted: Total (233 SMSA's) $\odot$ bil. <b>\$</b>			22 192 4	21 853 9	22 950 1	22 180 1	22 705 7	22 738.6	22 503 5	22 827.9	23 269 4	23,181.9	r24.137.1	724.067.1	7 23. 614.	
Total (233 SMSA's) Solo			9,931.8	10, 157.8	10, 918.0 12.032.1	10, 241. 1	10, 810. 3	10, 826. 1 11.912.5	11,612.2	10, 709. 5 12.118.3	10,628.8 12,640.5	10,585.0	11, 801.5 12.336.6	11,529.9	10, 970. 9 12, 643. 1	9 2
Total 232 SMSA's (except N.Y.)do 6 other leading SMSA's ¶do 226 other SMSA'sdo			5,152.7 7,107.9	$4,868.4 \\ 6,827.7$	4, 992.8 7,0 <b>3</b> 9.3	4, 899. 9 7,0 <b>3</b> 9.0	4, 770. 6 7,124.9	4,852.6 7,059.9	4,756.7 7,134.6	4, 841. 1 7,277.2	5, 125, 1 7,515,4	5,153.0 7,443.8	4,921.3 7,414.3	4,937. 7,600.5	3 4, 948. 4 7, 694. 8	8
deral Reserve banks, condition, end of period: Assets, total $\varphi$	106, 464	113, 611	113,611	112, 562	112, 633	111,291	122,628	116,755	115,687	112, 587	113,672	120,344	119,844	<b>*118,43</b> 2	r12 <b>3</b> ,997	P123
Reserve bank credit outstanding, total 9do	84, 680 1, 258	200	89, 01 <b>3</b> 299	88,669 103	88, 856 77	89,465 60	$98,583 \\ 1,539$	93,780 24	92, 929 561	89, 562 177	90, 516 231	95,208 283	96, 097 73	r 46	7 99, 149 7 211	
Time loansdo U.S. Government securitiesdo Gold certificate accountdo	78, 516 11, 460	80, 501	80, 501 11, 652	81, 344 11, 635	81,086 11,621	81,418	87,846 11,620	85,622	84, 749 11, 620	81, 883 11, 620	82, 546 11, 598	86, 998 11, 599	87, 184	85, 1 <b>3</b> 7 11, 599	87, 9 <b>3</b> 4 11, 599	89, 11,
Liabilities, total Qdodo	106, 464	113, 611		112,562	112, 633	111,291	122,628	116,755	115,687	112, 587	113,672	120,344	119,844	1 '	1	₽ <b>1</b> 23
Deposits, totaldodo Member-bank reserve balancesdo Federal Reserve notes in circulationdo	27,060	<b>3</b> 0, 649 25, 843	<b>30, 64</b> 9 25, 843 72, 259	33,631 28,839	32,838 28,644	32,525 27,139	41, 234 32, 028	35,002 26,445	<b>3</b> 2, 82 <b>3</b> 25, 976	29,470 25,740	29, 951 26, 484	34,928 25,913	35,550 26,140 74,891	7 <b>3</b> 2, <b>1</b> 25 7 25, 971 76, 683	7 34, 780 7 26, 052	27,
il member banks of Federal Reserve System,	65, 470	72,259	72, 259	69,945	70, 679	70,871	71, 167	72,280	73, 626	74, 207	74, 653	74, 599	14,091	10,083	78, 770	76,
averages of daily figures: Reserves held, totalmil. \$do	1 35,068	1 36, 941	<b>36</b> , 941 <b>36</b> , 602	37,492 37,556	35,565 35,333	34,779 34,513	35, 134 35, 014	34,492 34,493	34,976	<b>34, 655</b> <b>34, 687</b>	34, 482 34, 265	34,646	34, 567 34, 441	34, 571 34, 281	r 34, 989 r 34, 727	₽35, ₽35,
Excessdo Borrowings from Federal Reserve banksdo	1 262	<sup>1</sup> 36, 602 <sup>1</sup> 339 <sup>1</sup> 703	339 703	-64 390	232	266 106	120 110	-1 60	34, 428 548 271	-32 261	217 211	34,447 199 396	156 191	290 61	7 262 7 127	1
Free reservesdo	1-1,069	1 333	333	-441	96	153	17	-52	278	276	44	-136	30	257	7 148	1
serve System, Wed. nearest end of yr. or mo.: Deposits: Demand, adjustedo <sup>*</sup>	110 594	100 081	100.081	101 030	101 220	104 862	109 610	101 750	107 114	102 962	109 502	104 071	104 146	104 290	119 194	103
Demand, total Q		1	109,981 185,215 129,449	i .	·			161,170	107,114	158 066	165,445	167,744	104, 146 159, 299	167.015	184.174	159.
Individuals, partnerships, and corpdo State and local governmentsdo U.S. Governmentdo	. 7.352	7,039	129,449 7,039 1,471	5,999	6,043	6,418	115, 788 6, 714 4, 905	117,375 5,970 1,425	121,565	115,875	120,411 6,190	119,800 6,496	116, 182 5, 808 1, 247	121,317	132,245 7 6,967 7 1,386	116,
Domestic commercial banksdo	. 25, 286	1, 471 31, 807	31,807		1, 440 20, 674		23, 328	22, 513	1, <b>33</b> 0 24, 694	2 <b>3, 3</b> 60	1, 243 24,635	25,790	22, 104	24,163	r 29, <b>3</b> 22	22,
Time, total Qdo Individuals, partnerships, and corp.: Savingsdo	189,643 57.087	228,045	1	226, 719 58, 740	224, 440 59, 694	226, 136 62, 238	223, 520 62, 396	225,929 64,644	1	222, <b>475</b> 65, <b>3</b> 92	222,765 65,246	225, 264 65, 590		1 1	r227,729	1
Other timedo	95, 393	122,201	122,201	120, 966	118, 810	119, 469	113,639	113,594	112,922	113, 218	114,625	116, 184	115, 442		r 68, 445 r115,961	1
Loans (adjusted), total do	270,545	304,318 131,875 7,713	131,875	292, 477 126, 850 6, 819	289, 393 125, 957 6, 097	$288,473 \\ 125,960 \\ 6,816$	285,524 125,349 5,597	283,098 122,801 6,350	284,614 122,326 7,326	280,762 120,611 6 842	279,313 118,946 6,530		277,957 118,190 6,605	119,300	7285,499 7120,661 7 8,933	117,
To nonbank financial institutionsdo Real estate loansdo	28,052 55,359	33, 676 60, 442	<b>33</b> ,076 60,442	<b>30, 757</b> <b>60, 095</b>	<b>30, 180</b> 59, 739	29,904 59,474	29, 549 59, 385	29,409 59,273	7, 326 29, 978 59, 209 83, 864	6, 842 29, 157 59, 059	29,164 58,967	29,022	27, 312 59, 502	27,310 59,482	r 27, 180 r 59, 530	25, 59,
Other loansdo	88,770	90, 388	90,388	85,009 84,052	84, 298	86, 254	81, 851 88, 861	82, 124 89, 863			82,680	84, 254	82, 267	84,525	788, 344 7100,345	84,
Investments, total	1 10 032	86, 825 23, 931 19, 412	23,931 19,412	23,011 19,619	85,200 24,095 20,004	88,743 27,855 23,011	28, 524 23, 525	$   \begin{array}{c}     30,163 \\     24,367   \end{array} $	92, 200 32, 021 24, 935		94,303 34,288 25,239	35, 316	95, 413 35, 010 25, 988	37,859 26,580	r 40, 178 r 26, 464	40, 27,
Other securitiesdo r Revised. p Preliminary. 1 Average for De	61,523	62, 894	62,894	61,041	61, 105	60,888	60, 337	59,700	60,179	60, 387	60,405	60, 308		60,410	r 60, 167	59,

\* Revised. \* Preliminary. Average for Dec. § Insured unemployment (all programs) data include claims filed under extended duration provisions of regular State laws: amounts paid under these programs are excluded from State benefits paid data.  $\Delta$ Insured unemployment as % of average covered employment in a 12-month period.  $\Diamond$  Includes data not shown separately. For demand deposits, the term "adjusted" denotes demand deposits other than domestic commercial bank and U.S. Government, less cash items in

process of collection; for loans, exclusive of loans to and Federal funds transactions with domestic commercial banks and after deduction of valuation reserves (individual loan items are shown gross; i.e., before deduction of valuation reserves). O'Total SMSA's include some cities and counties not designated as SMSA's. Theiladelphia, Chicago, Detroit, San Francisco-Oakland, and Los Angeles-Long Beach.

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## SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown	1973	1974	1974			<del>,</del>			19	/ð 						1976
in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	nusl	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
			F	INAN	CE(	Contin	nued									
BANKING- Continued						{	[									
Commercial bank credit (last Wed. of mo., except for June 30 and Dec. 31 call dates), seas adj.; f Total loans and investments LoansO	630.3 447.3 52.8 130.2	r 5 687. 1 5 498. 2 r 48. 8 140. 1	<pre>* 687.1 498.2 * 48.8 140.1</pre>	r 690. 0 501. 3 r 48. 7 r 140. 0	r 498.9 r 53.2	* 697. 0 * 498. 3 * 58. 5 * 140. 2	r 699. 1 r 495. 0 r 64. 0 r 140. 1			r 706. 4 r 489. 6 r 73. 4 r 143. 4	r 710. 4 r 490. 7 r 75. 6 r 144. 1	r 711.6 r 490.4 r 77.1 r 144.1	715. 0 494. 1 75. 1 145. 8	721, 3 498, 0 76, 3 147, 0	717.2 494.7 77.9 144.6	720. 495. 80. 144.
Money and interest rates: § Bank rates on short-term business loans: In 35 centerspercent per annum New York Citydo 7 other northeast centersdo	1 8.30 1 8.06 1 8.65	<sup>1</sup> 11. 28 <sup>1</sup> 11. 12 <sup>1</sup> 11. 83			9.94 9.61 10.31			8. 16 7. 88 8. 37			8. 22 8. 00 8. 43			8, 29 7, 99 8, 53		
8 north central centersdo 7 southeast centersdo 8 southwest centersdo 4 west coast centersdo	<sup>1</sup> 8.29 <sup>1</sup> 8.34 <sup>1</sup> 8.30 <sup>1</sup> 8.26	<sup>1</sup> 11. 27 <sup>1</sup> 11. 01 <sup>1</sup> 11. 07 <sup>1</sup> 11. 15			9.87 10.24 10.01 9.99			8.00 8.70 8.34 8.33			8. 12 8. 41 8. 28 8. 45					
Discount rate (N.Y.F.R. Bank), end of year or monthpercent	7.50	7.75	7.75	7.25	6.75	6.25	6.25	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6,00	6.00	6.00	5.0
Federal intermediate credit bank loansdo	1 7. 16	1 8.82	9. 29	9.26	9.14	8.84	8.48	8.25	7.92	7.71	7.62	7.59	7.62	7.62	7.62	
Home mortgage rates (conventional 1st mort- gages): New home purchase (U.S. avg.)percent. Existing home purchase (U.S. avg.)do	1 37.95 1 38.01	<sup>1</sup> 8. 92 <sup>1</sup> 9. 02	9. 37 9. 60	9. <b>33</b> 9. 5 <b>3</b>	9.12 9.40	9.06 9.28	8. 96 9. 11	8. 90 9. 04	8.96 9.05	8.89 9.08	8.89 9.13	8.94 9.13	9.01 9.17	9. 01 9. 30	₽9.01 19.28	₽9.0 ₽9,2
Open market rates, New York Clty: Bankers' acceptances (prime, 90 days)do Commercial paper (prime, 4-6 months)do Finance co, paper placed directly 3-6 mo.do Stock Exchange call loans, going ratedo	2 8.08 2 8.15 2 7.40 2 8.25	<sup>2</sup> 9, 89 <sup>2</sup> 9, 84 <sup>2</sup> 8, 60 <sup>2</sup> 10, 98	9.19 8.98 8.50 10.50	7.54 7.30 7.31 10.11	6.35 6.33 6.24 9.02	6. 22 6. 06 6. 00 8. 09	6. 15 6. 15 5. 97 7. 66	5.76 5.82 5.74 7.42	5.70 5.79 5.53 7.15	6. 40 6. 44 6. 01 7. 30	6.74 6.70 6.39 7.84	6, 83 6, 86 6, 53 8, 06	6.28 6.48 6.43 8.22	5.79 5.91 5.79 7.76	5.72 5.97 5.86 7.64	5.0 5.2 5.1 7.5
Yield on U.S. Government securities (taxable): 3-month bills (rate on new issue) percent. 3-5 year issues	3 7. 041 3 6. 92	<sup>2</sup> 7.886 <sup>2</sup> 7.81	7. 179 7. 22	6. 49 <b>3</b> 7. 29	5. 58 <b>3</b> 6. 85	5. 544 7. 00	5. 694 7. 76	5. <b>3</b> 15 7. 49	5.193 7.26	6, 164 7, 72	6. 463 8. 12	6, <b>383</b> 8, 22	6. 081 7. 80	5.468 7.51	5.504 7.50	4.96 7.1
CONSUMER CREDIT (Short- and Intermediate-term)		a.														
Fotal outstanding, end of year or monthmil. \$	180, 486	190, 121	190, 121	187, 080	185 <b>, 3</b> 81	184, 253	18 <b>4, 34</b> 4	185, 010	186, 099	187, 211	188, 821	190, 069	190, 839	192, 995		
Installment credit, totaldo	147, 437	156, 124		153, 952			151, 271	151,610		153, 930	155, 26 <b>3</b>	156 <b>, 33</b> 2	156, 989	159, 200		
Automobile paper do Other consumer goods paper do Repair and modernization loans do Personal loans do	51, 130 47, 530 7, 352 41, 425	51, 689 52, 009 8, 162 44, 264	51, 689 52, 009 8, 162 44, 264	50, 947 51, 142 8, 048 43, 815	50, 884 50, 136 7, 966 43, 726	50, 452 49, 391 7, 925 43, 709	50, 360 49, 247 7, 880 43, 784	50, 465 49, 329 7, 908 43, 908	50,927 49,519 7,973 44,249	51, 556 49, 637 8, 040 44, 697	52, 011 50, 061 8, 094 45, 097	52, <b>3</b> 08 50, 441 8, 136 45, 447	52,722 50,584 8,136 45,547	53, 479 50, 426 8, 361 46, 935		
By type of holder: Financial institutions, totaldo Commercial banksdo Finance companiesdo	129, 305 69, 495 37, 243	136, 651 72, 510 38, 925	136, 651 72, 510 38, 925	135, 148 71, 776 38, 340	134, 558 71, 151 38, 194	133, 599 70, 183 37, 910	133, 503 70, 134 37, 746	133, 758 70, 130 37, 711	134, 781 70, 475 37, 828	136, 010 70, 996 38, 177	137, 133 71, 445 38, 340	138, 006 71, 751 38, 375	138, 437 71, 988 38, 411	143, 129 75, 174 39, 642		
Credit unions	19,609 2,958	22, 116 3, 100	22, 116 3, 100	21, 966 3, 066	22, 089 3, 124	22, 227 3, 279	22, 415 3, 208	22, 674 3, 243	23, 186 3, 292	23, 507 3, 330	24, 043 3, 305	24, 510 3, 370	24,706 3,332	24, 934 3, 379		
Retail outlets, totaldododododo	18, 1 <b>3</b> 2 299	19, <b>473</b> 286	19, <b>473</b> 286	$18,804 \\ 282$	18, 154 280	17,878 276	17, 768 275	17,852 275	17,887 276	17,920 280	18, 130 282	18, 326 283	18, 552 284			
Noninstallment credit, total	33,049 13,241 11,753 1,488	<b>33</b> , 997 12, 979 11, 500 1, 479	<b>33</b> , 997 12, 979 11, 500 1, 479	<b>33</b> , 128 12, 675 11, 210 1, 465	<b>3</b> 2, 669 12, 560 11, 078 1, 482	32,776 12,542 11,018 1,524	<b>33</b> , 07 <b>3</b> 12, 526 11, 021 1, 505	<b>33, 400</b> 12, <b>443</b> 10, 9 <b>36</b> 1, 507	33, 431 12, 470 10, 954 1, 516	<b>33</b> , 281 12, 282 10, 771 1, 511	<b>33,</b> 558 12, <b>3</b> 62 10, 860 1, 502	<b>33</b> , 7 <b>3</b> 7 12, 444 10, 926 1, 518	38, 850 12, 405 10, 900 1, 505	33, 794		
Charge accounts, totaldo Retail outletsdo Credit cardsdo Service creditdo	9,829 7,783 2,046 9,979	10, 134 8, 012 2, 122 10, 884	10, 1 <b>3</b> 4 8, 012 2, 122 10, 884	9, 315 7, 162 2, 153 11, 138	8,542 6,468 2,074 11,567	8, 485 6, 452 2, 0 <b>33</b> 11, 749	8, 797 6, 735 2, 062 11, 750	9,341 7,268 2,037 11,616	9,449 7,361 2,088 11,512	9, 568 7, 388 2, 180 11, 431	9, 639 7, 392 2, 247 11, 557	9,707 7,424 2,283 11,586	9,827 7,610 2,215 11,620	9,571 7,404 2,167 11,804		
Installment credit extended and repaid: Unadjusted: Extended, totaldodododo Automobile paperdo Other consumer goods paperdo All otherdo	165, 083 46, 453 66, 859 51, 771	166, 478 42, 756 71, 077 52, 645	14, 271 2, 807 7, 454 4, 010	11, 561 2, 807 5, 196 3, 538	11, 031 3, 281 4, 339 3, 411	12, 411 3, 515 5, 144 3, 752	13, 603 3, 718 5, 640 4, 245	13, 799 3, 797 5, 824 4, 178	14, 682 4, 225 5, 953 4, 504	15, 259 4, 434 6, 100 4, 725	14, 66 <b>3</b> 4, 114 6, 029 4, 520	14, 791 4, 096 6, 308 4, 387	15, 029 4, 358 6, 260 4, 433	14,085 3,756		
Repaid, total	144, 978 39, 452 59, 409 46, 117	157, 791 42, 197 66, 598 48, 996	13, 313 3, 443 5, 846 4, 024	13, 733 3, 549 6, 063 4, 121	12,271 3,344 5,345 3,582	13, 646 3, 947 5, 889 3, 810	13, 809 3, 810 5, 784 4, 215	13, 460 3, 692 5, 742 4, 026	13, 624 3, 763 5, 763 4, 098	13, 997 3, 805 5, 982 4, 210	13, 330 3, 659 5, 605 4, 066	<b>13</b> , 722 <b>3</b> , 799 <b>5</b> , 928 <b>3</b> , 995	14, 358 3, 944 6, 117 4, 334	13, 275 3, 562	1	
Seasonally adjusted: Extended, totaldo			12, 702 3, 205 5, 798 3, 699	12,8593,3485,4304,081	13, 465 3, 856 5, 561 4, 048	12, 797 3, 419 5, 535 3, 843	13, 181 3, 454 5, 584 4, 143	13, 149 3, 467 5, 757 3, 925	13, 959 3, 752 5, 976 4, 231	14, 378 4, 073 5, 927 4, 378	14, 358 3, 932 6, 077 4, 349	14, 973 4, 173 6, 342 4, 458	14, 8 <b>3</b> 1 4, 189 6, 148 4, 471	14, 877 4, 218		
Repaid, total			13, 516 3, 668 6, 037 3, 911	$13,260 \\ 3,534 \\ 5,549 \\ 4,177$	13,228 3,605 5,632 3,991	13, 234 3, 772 5, 708 3, 754	13, 423 3, 719 5, 632 4, 072	13, 274 3, 625 5, 694 3, 955	13, 537 3, 728 5, 799	$13,509 \\ 3,690 \\ 5,860$	13, 858 3, 820 5, 826	13, 916 3, 727 6, 090	14,002 3,800 5,978	$14,074 \\ 3,814$		

All other
 \* Preliminary.
 \* Average for year.
 \* Daily average.
 \* Beginning Jan. 1973, data reflect changes in sampling and weighting.
 \* Beginning June 30, 1974, data revised to include one large mutual savings bank that merged with a nonmember commercial bank. Total loans and investments were increased by about \$600 million of which \$500 million were in loans and \$100 million in "other securities."
 \* Beginning Aug. 28, 1974, loans sold outright to banks' affiliates reflect

a new definition of the group of affiliates included, and a somewhat different group of reporting banks; total loans were \$500 million less than they would have been on the old basis. O Ad-justed to exclude interbank loans. § For bond yields, see p. S-21. †Beginning Jan 1959, monthly data have been revised to reflect new seasonal factors and adjustment to bench marks for the latest call date (June 30, 1973). Revisions are in the Nov. 1973 Federal Reserve Bulletin.

# SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

nless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1973	1974	1974						19	975						197
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anı	nusl	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jar
	<u> </u>		F	INAN	СЕ—(	Conti	nued	L	•							<u> </u>
FEDERAL GOVERNMENT FINANCE			1				1	{								
ndget receipts and outlays: Receipts (net)	<sup>1</sup> 232,225 <sup>1</sup> 246,526 <sup>1</sup> -14,301	<sup>1</sup> 264,932 <sup>1</sup> 268,392 <sup>1</sup> -3,460	24, 946 27, 442 -2, 496	25, 020 28, 934 <b>-3</b> , 914	19,97526,200-6,225	20, <b>134</b> 27, 986 -7, 852	<b>31, 451</b> 29, 601 1, 850	12, 793 28, 186 -15,394	31,817 30,296 1,521	20, 197 r 31, 249 r 11, 052	23, 584 r 30, 634 r - 7,050	28, 615 29, 044 429	19, <b>3</b> 16 32, 425 -13, 109	21, 745 29, 401 7, 656		
dget financing, totaldododododododododododododododo	<sup>1</sup> 14, 301 <sup>1</sup> 19, 275 <sup>1</sup> -4, 974	<sup>1</sup> <b>3</b> , 460 <sup>1</sup> <b>3</b> , 009 <sup>1</sup> 451	2,496 5,077 -2,581	3, 914 3, 667 247	6, 225 4, 535 1, 690	7,852 11,249 -3,397	1, 850 7, 485 9, 335	15, <b>3</b> 94 8, 556 6, 838	-1,521 567 -2,088	r—11,052 7,800 r 3,252	7,050 7,189 7-139	429 8, 463 -8, 034	13, 109 11, 743 1, 366	7,656 5,936 1,720		}
ross amount of debt outstandingdo Held by the publicdo	<sup>1</sup> <b>468,4</b> 26 1 <b>343,04</b> 5	<sup>1</sup> 486,247 1 346,053	504, 0 <b>31</b> 360, 847	505, 482 364, 514	510, 747 369, 049	520, 701 380, 298	527, 744 387, 783	5 <b>3</b> 9, 157 396, <b>33</b> 9	544, 131 396, 906	549, 157 404, 707	$558, 637 \\ 411, 895$	564, 582 420, <b>3</b> 58	572, 9 <b>3</b> 0 432, 102	577, 726 438, 037		
adget receipts by source and outlays by agency:         Receipts (net), total	<sup>1</sup> 232,225 <sup>1</sup> 103,246 <sup>1</sup> 36,153 <sup>1</sup> 64,542	<sup>1</sup> 264,932 <sup>1</sup> 118,952 <sup>1</sup> 38,620 <sup>1</sup> 76,780	24,946 10,799 6,268 5,441	25, 020 15, 487 1, 188 5, 674	19, 975 7, 747 778 8, 979	20, 134 4, 134 6, 579 6, 870	<b>3</b> 1, 451 16, 065 5, 093 8, 126	12,793 -1,630 1,174 10,588	31, 817 13,123 9, 578 6, 431	20, 197 9, 615 1, 367 6, 128	23, 584 10, 403 620 9, 713	28, 615 13, 609 6, 013 6, 280	19, 316 10, 653 873 5, 206	21, 745 10, 354 673 7, 994		
(net)mil.\$do	1 28, 286 1 246,526	1 <b>30</b> , 582 268, <b>3</b> 92	2, 438 27, 442	2, 672 28, 934	2, 471 26, 200	2, 552	2, 168 29, 601	2,661 28,186	2, 685 30,296	3, 087	2,849	2,712	2, 783 32, 425	2,725		
Dutlays, total Q	<sup>1</sup> 10,028 <sup>1</sup> 73,297 <sup>1</sup> 82,042	<sup>1</sup> 9,767 <sup>1</sup> 77,625 <sup>1</sup> 93,375	905 7,258 9,437	23, 334 1, 545 7, 231 9, 789	768 7, 044	21, 580 829 7, 300 9, 728	1,029 6,989 10,130	890 7,627 9,680	1, 161 7, 216 9, 916	1,038 7,103 10,150	958 7,553	1, 201 6, 877 10, 414	1, 119 7, 911 10, 574	637 7,019 10,502		
Treasury Department	<sup>1</sup> 30, 959 <sup>1</sup> 3, 311 <sup>1</sup> 11, 968	<sup>1</sup> 35, 993 <sup>1</sup> 3, 252 <sup>1</sup> 13, 337	2, 678 288 1, 633	3, 244 298 1, 397	9, 217 2, 739 283 1, 581	2, 921 315 1, 402	4,459 287 1,505	2,802 301 1,462	4, 576 185 1, 407	4, 289 368 1, 364	2,885 310 1,449	2, 954 313 1, 333	4,756 312 1,515	3, 200 325 1, 623		
eceipts and expenditures (national income and product accounts basis), gtrly. totals seas. adj. at annual rates:† Federal Government receipts, total†bil.\$	257.9	288. 4	293.1			283.6			250.1		 	293.3				
Personal tax and nontax receiptsdo Corporate profit tax accrualsdo Indirect business tax and nontax accruals.do Contributions for social insurancedodo	114.7 42.5 21.2 79.4	131.4 45.9 21.7 89.4	137.4 42.9 21.7 91.1			137.6 32.1 22.3 91.7			23.5			130.5 43.4 25.5 93.9			₽ 25.4	
Federal Government expenditures, total†do	264.8	300.1	318.6			337.4	1		352.3			363.8			1	
Purchases of goods and servicesdo National defensedo	102.0 73.4	111.7	118.2 80.5			119.4 81.4			119.2 82.1			124.2 84.9			1	
Transfer payments	95.8 40.6 18.2	117.7 43.9 21.0	127.8 45.4 22.0			139.2 50.1 22.4			22.6			152.5 56.8 2 <b>3</b> .4			* \$ 57.4 * \$ 25.3	
enterprises		5.2 5	5.1			6.3						6.9 .0			1	
Surplus or deficit(-)dododo	-6.9	-11.7	-25.5	1		-53.7						-70.5				
stitute of Life Insurance:							070 10				000.40	001.07	284. 83	000 00		
Assets, total, all U.S. life insurance cosbll \$. Government securitiesdo Corporate securitiesdo Mortgage loans, totaldo Nonfarmdo	11.40	263. 35 11. 96 118. 57 86. 23 79. 91		266, 82 12, 06 121, 99 86, 53 80, 23		272.14 12.34 125.51 87.19 80.77	273.53 12.37 126.26 87.64 81.13	12.46	12, 56 129, 84 88, 04	12.81 130.30 88.16	280. 48 11. 79 130. 66 88. 33 81. 71	13.15	13.79	14.13		
Real estate	2.07	8. 33 22. 86 2. 00 13. 39	8.33 22.86 2.00 13.39	8.31 23.06 1.59 13.29	8.40 23.22 1.51 13.33	8.58 23.39 1.69 13.44	1.48	23.57	23.68	1.40	9. 11 23. 92 1. 46 13. 99	9.01 24.05 1.49 13.98	9.36 24.17 1.46 14.16	1.45		·
le Insurance Agency Management Association: nsurance written (new paid-for insurance): Value, estimated total	102,000	182,287	<sup>2</sup> 35,571 16,953 <sup>2</sup> 18,111 507	19, 470 12, 969 5, 996 505	19, 710 13, 292 5, 852 566	14,851 8,113	6,628	15, 387	15,623	15, <b>3</b> 49 5, 979	3 7, 815	23, 390 15, 495 7, 350 545	24, 510 17, 111 6, 791 608	15, 273 6, 884	14, 324	
MONETARY STATISTICS										ļ						
fold: Monetary stock, U.S. (end of period)mil. \$. Net release from earmark§do. Exportsthous.\$ Importsdo	11,567 1,538 145,965 356,150	11, 652 230 228, 480 396, 679	11, 652 27 11, 476 36, 702	11, 635 1 120, 138 219, 648	11, 621 19 66, 157 17, 798	0	0 67, 117	0 20,753	15 38,627	27, 117	0 54,603	10, 883	44 16, 370	6 16, 370	0	
Production:¶ South Africamil. s. Canadado	1,073.6	1, 038. 3 70. 9	73.9 5.8	77.7 5.5	76.4 5.6	78.5 5.4					82.8 5.3	84. 4 6. 3	81.5	82.3		
ilver: thous. \$ Imports	268,644	81,651 501,521 4.708	7,676 42,601 4.391	22, 058 4. 192	9,965 26,122 4.370	23, 644 36, 172 4, 332 2, 912	28, 586 4. 209	31,440	28, 368 4. 489	22, 148	25, 222 4. 925	4, 975 27, 980 1, 516 3, 193	4. 329	18, 289 4. <b>33</b> 2	4.085	- 4
United Statesthous, fine oz Revised. P Preliminary. <sup>1</sup> Data shown in	1073 and	1974 ann	nal colu	1 3, 135 mns are distribu ts group	) 3,834 for	ins.		ludes dat	ta for iter	ns not sh	lown sepa	arately.	†Data	have be		d bao

#### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

February	1976
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Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1973	1974	1974			·	<u>,</u>		19	75						1976
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	An	n <b>ua</b> l	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
			F	INAN	CE—	Conti	nued									
MONETARY STATISTICS-Continued																
urrency in circulation (end of period)bil. \$	72.5	79.7	79.7	76.3	76.8	78.1	78.4	79.8	81.2	81.5	81. 9	81.7	82.3	84.5	86.5	
Aoney supply and related data (avg. of daily fig.):⊕         Unadjusted for seasonal variation:         Total money supply	263. 8 59. 3 204. 4 345. 3 7. 1	* 277. 8 64. 9 * 212. 8 397. 0 5. 6	r 291. 3 69. 0 r 222. 2 416. 7 4. 9	r 287.7 67.8 r 219.9 r 423.8 4.0	r 278.5 67.8 r 210.6 r 425.9 3.3	r 281. 4 68. 8 r 212. 6 r 429. 4 3. 8	r 286.5 69.1 r 217.4 r 430.4 r 4.0	r 282.9 70.0 r 212.9 r 433.2 4,1	r 290.3 71.2 r 219.1 r 435.5 r 4.2	r 292.1 71.9 r 220.3 r 436.9 r 3.4	r 290.0 r 72.1 r 217.8 r 438.4 r 2.7	7 291.7 71.9 7 219.9 7 440.5 7 3.9	7 292.4 72.5 7 219.9 7444.4 7 3.4	7 297.6 73.9 7 223.6 7 444.9 3.5	7 303.4 7 75.0 7 228.4 7 448.4 7 4.2	<sup>p</sup> 301 73 227 451 3
Adjusted for seasonal variation:													}			}
Total money supplydodododo Currency outside banksdo Domand depositsdodo Time deposits adjusted¶do			r 283.1 r 67.8 r 215.3 r 419.1	r 281, 9 68, 2 r 213, 7 r 425, 4	r 281.9 68.7 r 213.2 r 428.3	r 284.1 69.4 r 214.7 r 428.7	r 284.9 69.5 r 215.4 r 430.1	r 287.6 70.2 r 217.4 r 431.2	r 291.0 r 71.0 r 220.0 r 435.5	r 291.9 r 71.3 r 220.6 r 237.6	* 293.2 71.9 * 221.3 * 436.2	7 293.6 72.0 7221.6 7 438.3	r 293.4 r 72.6 r 220.8 r 443.2	* 295.7 73.4 * 222.3 * 447.6	r 295.0 r 73.7 r 221.3 r 451.2	r 29 7 22 45
'urnover of demand deposits except interbank and U.S. Govt., annual rates, seas. adjusted: Total (233 SMSA's) Oratio of debits to deposits New York SMSAdodo Total 232 SMSA's (except N.Y.)do 6 other leading SMSA's ofdo 226 other SMSA'sdo	$102. \ 6 \\ 297. \ 5 \\ 70. \ 4 \\ 108. \ 8 \\ 55. \ 8 \\$	$120.\ 1\\290.\ 9\\81.\ 9\\123.\ 6\\65.\ 8$	128. 0 312. 8 86. 6 131. 8 69. 3	127.1 321.8 85.3 125.4 67.3	133. 1 343. 2 85. 5 126. 2 69. 6	124.8 320.4 81.9 117.0 67.8	127.5330.381.8114.368.8	128.9333.982.8120.168.2	124. 4 328. 6 80. 0 114. 2 66. 7	126. 2 331. 0 81. 6 115. 7 68. 2	130. 4 335. 0 86. 2 124. 4 71. 2	128. 8 330. 7 85. 1 123. 8 70. 0	134. 0 364. 0 83. 5 118. 7 69. 8	134.0 360.8 84.9 119.5 71.5		
PROFITS AND DIVIDENDS (QTRLY.)									}							
fanulacturing corps. (Fed. Trade Comm.): Net profit after taxes, all industriesmil. \$ Food and kindred productsdo Textile mill productsdo Lumber and wood products (except furniture)	<sup>2</sup> 48, 259 <sup>2</sup> 3, 723 <sup>2</sup> 831	58, 747 4, 601 780	1 <b>3, 433</b> 1, 271 82			9, 285 920 -66			12, 455 1, 315 42			13, 208 1, 561 195				
mil. \$ Paper and allied productsdo Chemicals and allied productsdo	<sup>2</sup> 1, 427 <sup>2</sup> 5, 670	2, 287 7, 175	511 1, 513			374 1, 487			429 1, 721			451 1,707				
Petroleum and coal productsdo Stone, clay, and glass productsdo Primary nonferrous metaldo Primary iron and steeldo Fabricated metal products (except ordnance, machinery, and transport. equip.)	<sup>2</sup> <sup>3</sup> 7, 759 <sup>2</sup> 1, 266 <sup>2</sup> 1, 343 <sup>2</sup> 1, 695 <sup>2</sup> 2, 207	14, 483 1, 204 2, 035 3, 149 2, 837	3, 714 186 290 815 604			1,859 -11 265 732 490			2, 197 274 204 504 694			2, 523 447 113 425 713		{		
Machinery (except electrical)do	2 4, 936	5,648	1, 330			1, 417			1,641			1,553				
Elec. machinery, equip., and suppliesdo Transportation equipment (except motor vehicles, etc.)mil. \$do	<sup>2</sup> 3, 883 <sup>2</sup> 933 <sup>2</sup> 4, 122 <sup>2</sup> 7, 079	2,940 1,127 r 1,957 8,524	562 217 7 557 1,781			537 18 -96 1, 167			637 377 563			578 345 380 2, 220				
Dividends paid (cash), all industriesdo	2 17, 734	19,467	5, 282			4,904			1,856			1				
SECURITIES ISSUED	- 11,101	10,101	0,202			7, 504			5, 114			4,668				
curities and Exchange Commission;	}									}			}			
Estimated gross proceeds, totalmil. \$ By type of security: Bonds and notes, Corporatedo	<b>3</b> 2, 960 20, 853	40, 009 • 31, 496	3, 483 3, 033	5, 52 <b>3</b> 4, 729	4, 957 3, 853	5, 497 4, 432	4, 477 3, 153	5, 979 4, 182	5, 755 4, 376	r 4, 542	2, <b>3</b> 64 1, 818	2,845	4, 563 2, 919	ļ		
Common stockdo Preferred stockdodo	7, 648 3, 375	* 4,000 2,254	<b>3</b> 01 152	<b>3</b> 54 2 <b>3</b> 5	449 173	644 253	899 347	984 346	775 230	459 r 198	<b>434</b> 129	528 308	1,215 332			
By type of issuer: Corporate, total Q	31, 871 4, 837 1, 061 10, 271	37, 842 10, 026 980 12, 831	3, 409 1, 633 23 624	5, 214 1, 848 188 1, 269	4,474 1,675 59 1,957	5, 322 2, 479 72 1, 507	4, 417 1, 722 209 1, 408	5, 512 2, 479 159 1, 548	5, 380 2, 303 132 1, 479	r 4, 126 r 1, 137 r 292 r 1, 032	2, 364 701 77 1, 024	2, 597 624 39 1, 261	4,466 874 80 1,226			
Transportation	1,066 4,902 8,096	1, 014 3, 934 6, 850	14 175 8 <b>3</b> 8	23 932 914	23 124 571	38 317 637	59 563 163	281 413 409	186 362 643	254 7 269 7 1,071	0 113 323	32 296 289	517 926 450			
Noncorporate, total <b>9</b> do U.S. Governmentdo State and municipaldo	67, 184 19, 057 22, 760															
ate and municipal issues (Bond Buyer): Long-termdo Short-termdo	22, 953 24, 667	22, 824 29, 041	1, <b>4</b> 07 2, 536	2, 159 2, 266	2, <b>3</b> 29 2, 270	2, 038 2, 832	2, 263 3, 094	2, 532 3, 801	3,001 2,699	3, 434 1, 691	2, 692 1, <b>3</b> 77	2, 112 2, 427	2, 276 2, 623	2, <b>33</b> 8 2, 066	2,050 1,828	
SECURITY MARKETS										}			{			
Stock Market Customer Financing					ļ											1
argin credit at brokers and banks, end of month, totalmil.\$do	<sup>1</sup> 6, 382 <sup>1</sup> 5, 251 <sup>1</sup> 1, 131	4, 836 3, 980 856	4, 836 3, 980 856	4, 934 4, 086 848	5,099 4,269 830	5, 164 4, 320 844	5, <b>3</b> 27 4, 503 824	5, 666 4, 847 819	5, 140	5, 446	5, <b>3</b> 65	5, 399	5, 448	5, 519		
ree credit balances at brokers: Margin accounts	1 454 1 1,700	411 1, 424	411 1, 424	410 1, 446	7 480 1,604	515 1, 760				, 555 1, 710	. ,	r 470 1,455 of chang				

<sup>4</sup> Revised. <sup>5</sup> Preliminary. <sup>1</sup> End of year. <sup>2</sup> Beginning fourth quarter 1973, because of changes in method of consolidation (to minimize the effect of foreign operations of multinational enterprises), data are not comparable with those for earlier periods. The effect of the change can be assessed by comparing the data as originally published for the fourth quarter 1973 (June 1974 Survey) with the revised data. <sup>3</sup> Prior to fourth quarter 1973, for petroleum refining only; data are not comparable with those for earlier periods. <sup>4</sup> Beginning Jan. 1974, does not include noncorporate bonds and notes formerly included. ⊕Effective February 1974 Survey, data revised to reflect: Annual review of seasonal

factors; regular benchmark adjustment; effect of changes in check collection procedures (Regulation J): and adjustments to include new figures from internationally oriented bank-ing institutions. Monthly revisions back to 1971 are in the Feb. 1974 Federal Reserve Bulletin-"At all commercial banks. ©Total SISA's include some cities and counties not designated as SMSA's. Juncludes Boston, Philadelphia, Chicago, Detroit, San Francisco-Oakland and Los Angeles-Long Beach. § Includes data not shown separately.

# SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1973	1974	1974						19	75			<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1976
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anr	lual	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
			F	INAN	CE—	Conti	nued									
SECURITY MARKETS-Continued																
Bonds					i											
rices: Standard & Poor's Corporation: High grade corporate: Composite?dol. per \$100 bond. Domestic municipal (15 bonds)do	63.6 85.4	58. 8 76. 1	56. 1 68. 6	56.4 70.9	56.6 74.1	56.2 70.9	55. 8 69. 4	56.6 69.6	56.7 69.8	56.6 68.5	55.6 68.3	55. 8 66. 0	56. 0 66. 0	56.3 66.2	56.1 r 67.4	57.0 69.7
U.S. Treasury bonds, taxable¶do	62.80	r 57.45	58.96	59.70	60.27	59 <b>. 33</b>	57.05	57.40	58. 33	58.09	56.84	55.23	55.2 <b>3</b>	55.77	56.03	55.75
ales: Total, excl. U.S. Government bonds (SEC): All registered exchanges: Market valuemil. \$. Face valuedodo	8,294.99 9,420.76	6, 456. 77 8, 120. 18	524. 28 712. 46	755.15 932.49	841. 10 1,013.36	728.19 875.22	790. 03 891. 57	75 <b>3</b> . 75 892. 55	810. 14 919. 28	808. 39 938. 49	634.83 709.89	613. 63 685. 94	962.53 1,014.65			
New York Stock Exchange: Market valuedo Face valuedo	7, 865. 38 8, 736. 82	6, 19 <b>3</b> . 81 7, 740. 56	510.59 687.44	731.01 892.61	813.00 967.30	706.78 840.85	768.72 858.08	728.55 855.32	783.46 883.08	784. 10 904. 23	621. 81 690. 36	600.41 665.98	9 <b>34</b> . 9 <b>3</b> 982. 14	741, 19 812, 29		
New York Stock Exchange, exclusive of some stopped sales, face value, totalmil. \$mil. \$		4, 052. 12	389.16	490. 14	482.88	454.22	473. 81	449. 34	487. 41	<b>478.3</b> 9	343. 37	340.74	416.62	<b>3</b> 41.97	419.45	570.6
lelds: Domestic corporate (Moody's)percent. By rating:	7.80	8.98	9.56	9.55	9. 33	9.28	9.49	9.55	9.45	9. 43	9. 51	9. 55	9.51	9.44	9.45	9.3
Aaado Aado Ado do	- 7.66	8.57 8.67 9.16	8.89 9.03	8.83 8.99	8.62 8.81	8.67 8.80	8.95 9.02	8.90 9.04	8.77 8.94	8.84 8.94	8.95 9.03	8.95 9.10	8.86 9.06	8.78	8.79 8.99	8.6 8.9
Baado		9.10	9.75 10.55	9.75 10.62	9.47 10.43	9. <b>33</b> 10. 29	9.63 10.34	9.79 10.46	9.67 10.40	9.63 10.33	9.70 10.35	9.74 10.38	9.74 10.37	9.67 10.33	9.68 10.35	9.5 10.2
By group: Industrialsdo Public utilitiesdo Railroadsdo	7.83	8.78 9.27 8.98	$9.23 \\10.02 \\9.59$	9, 19 10, 10 9, 52	9. 01 9. 83 9. 32	9. 05 9. 67 9. 25	9. <b>3</b> 0 9. 88 9. <b>3</b> 9	9. <b>3</b> 7 9. 9 <b>3</b> 9. 49	9. 29 9. 81 9. 40	9.26 9.81 9.37	9. 29 9. 9 <b>3</b> 9. 41	9.35 9.98 9.42	9.32 9.94 9.40	9.27 9.83 9.36	9.26 9.87 9.37	9. 9. 9.
Domestic municipal: Bond Buyer (20 bonds)dodo Standard & Poor's Corp. (15 bonds)do	- 5.22	6.26 6.09	7.08 6.93	6.54 6.66	6.55 6.30	6. 93 6. 61	6.95 6.83	7.09 6.81	6.96 6.76	7.09 6.94	7.18	7.67	7.36 7.22	7.39 7.21	7.29	6.
U.S. Treasury bonds, taxable Odo		6. 99	6.78	6.68	6.61	6.73	7.03	6.99	6.86	6, 89	7.06	7.29	7.29	7.21	7.17	6.
Stocks Dividend rates, prices, yields, and earnings, com														{		
mon stocks (Moody's): Dividends per share, annual rate, composite		10.00								-						
dollars. Industrialsdo Public utilitiesdo	10.46	10.63 11.82 4.83	10.74 11.84	10.82 11.93	10.52 11.47	10.52 11.48	10.49	10.42 11.34	10.49 11.52	10.47	10.47	(1)			·   • • - • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
Rallroadsdodo	4.03	4.27	4.83 4.58 8.30	4.96 4.58 8.30	4.96 4.58 8.30	4.96 4.58 8.50	4.96 4.58 8.50	4.96 4.46 8.50	4.96 4.42 8.50	4.97 4.14 8.50	4.97 4.14 8.50					
Property and casualty insurance cosdo	12.13	13.25	8. 50 13. 51	13, 51	13.56	13.56	13.56	13.56	13.56	13.56	13.56		.			
Price per share, end of mo., compositedo Industrialsdo Public utilitiesdo Railroadsdo	356.26	220. 35 270. 42 48. 26 77. 16	185.68 222.71 41.17 73.78	208.42 250.16 49.60 79.95	220.27 267.46 49.13 81.64	224, 15 275, 47 47, 80 79, 22	234.59 290.62 46.99 82.55	244.75 304.66 49.62 80.80	251.22 312.67 55.06 82.96	234.44 291.42 51.58 76.11	230. 57 288. 52 51. 33 74. 34					
Yields, compositepercent. Industrialsdodo	<b>3.36</b> 2.94		5.78	5.19	4.78	4.69	4.47	4.26 3.72	4, 18 3, 68	4.47 3.95	4.47	(1)		.	-	
Public utilitiesdodododo	. 5.06	5.53	5.32 11.73 6.21	4.77 10.00 5.73	10.10	10.38 5.78	10.56	10.00	9.01 5.33	9.64 5.44	9.68					
N.Y. banksdo Property and casualty insurance cosdo	3.05 3.45		4.86 5.32	3.95 5.32	4.15 5.20	4.34 5.03	3.99 4.94	3.96 4.35	3.67 4.20	4.06 4.63	4.36 4.83	1				
Earnings per share (indust., qtrly. at ann. rate pub. util. and R.R., for 12 mo. ending each qtr.	:	07.60	1													
Industrialsdollars Public utilitiesdo Railroadsdo	7.55	7.63	28.31 7.70 9.81			18.84 7.70 8.80			22.91 7.80 • 7.45							
Dividend yields, preferred stocks, 10 high-grade (Standard & Poor's Corp.)percent.		8.24		8.33	8.07	8.04	8. 27	8.51	8.34	8. 24		8.56				8.
Prices: Dow-Jones averages (65 stocks) Industrial (30 stocks)	286.73	237.33 759.37	194. <b>3</b> 9 596. 50	215. <b>3</b> 1 659. 09	231.85 724.89	240. 18 765. 06	244. 32 790. 93	254.71 836.56	259.00 845.70	260.30 856.28	246, 22 815, 51	246.02 818.28		259.28 855.51	256.42 840.80	
Public utility (15 stocks) Transportation (20 stocks)	103.39	75.84	67.05 141.10	77.46 153.06	81. 02 159. 91	765.00 78.90 162.28	75. 77 166. 35	77.29	845.70 83.87 168.40	82.68 167.98	77. 92 156. 32	77.32	80, 99	82.94	81.60	89. 190.
Standard & Poor's Corporation: Industrial, public utility, and railroad: Combined index (500 stocks)1941-43=10.	107, 43	82. 84	67.07	72.56	80.10	83.78	84.72	90.10	92, 40	92.49	85.71	84.67	88. 57	90.07	88.70	96.
Industrial, total (425 stocks) 9do Capital goods (110 stocks)do Consumers' goods (184 stocks)do Public utility (60 stocks)do Railroad (15 stocks)do	118.57 107.14 53.47	92. 91 92. 84 78. 08 38. 91 37. 29	74.80 74.06 62.51 32.85 34.81	80.50 77.10 67.91 38.19 37.31	89. 29 88. 50 75. 06 40. 37 37. 80	93. 90 92. 78 80. 42 39. 55 38. 35	95. 27 96. 76 80. 75 38. 19 38. 55	101.56 101.96 85.15 39.69 38.90	103. 68 101. 15 85. 98 43. 67 38. 94	$103.84 \\101.15 \\86.58 \\43.67 \\38.04$	96. 21 93. 05 78. 29 40. 61 35. 13	94.96 93.61 77.25 40.53 34.93	99. 29 95. 77 83. 07 42. 59 36. 92	100. 86 97. 35 88. 01 43. 77 37. 81	99. 31 96. 41 85. 66 43. 25 37. 07	$108. \\108. \\91. \\46. \\41.$
Banks: New York City (9 stocks)do Outside New York City (16 stocks)do	64. 44 104. 34	54. 16 83. 89	44. 43 65. 05	<b>50.58</b> 7 <b>3.</b> 52	53.46 76.33	52.58 76.76	54.75 79.64	57.17 8 <b>3</b> .76	57.77 87.19	58.1 <b>3</b> 90.44	51, 33 83, 01	46.72 78.64	44. 84 79. 21	45. 56 80. 01	44. 87 77. 7 <b>3</b>	48. 85.
Property-liability insurance (16 stocks)do	119.00	84.15	81.06	81.68	84.98	86.29	84.76	94.63	96.72	95.98	85.19	79.71	88.23	92.70	93.75	97.

assumed 3 percent 20-year bond.  $\odot$  For bonds due or callable in 10 years or more.  $\circ$  Includes data not shown separately.

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\*Revised. \* Preliminary. Estimate. <sup>1</sup> Series discontinued by Moody's. & Number of issues represents number currently used; the change in number does not affect continuity of the series. ¶ Prices are derived from average yields on basis of an

#### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

February 1976

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown	1973	1974	1974			1	1		19	75			1			1976
in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	An	nual	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
			F	'INAN	ICE—	Conti	inued									
SECURITY MARKETS-Continued																
Stocks—Continued Prices—Continued New York Stock Exchange common stock indexes: Composite	57. 42 63. 08 37. 74 37. 69 70. 12	<b>43</b> . 84 48. 08 <b>31</b> . 89 29. 79 49. 67	<b>35. 41</b> <b>38. 3</b> 2 26. 02 26. 18 <b>3</b> 9. 27	<b>3</b> 8. 56 41. 29 28. 12 29. 55 44. 85	42. 48 46. 00 30. 21 31. 31 47. 59	44. 35 48. 63 31. 62 31. 04 47. 83	44. 91 49. 74 31. 70 30. 01 47. 35	47.76 53.22 32.28 31.02 50.06	49. 22 54. 61 32. 38 32. 79 52. 20	49.54 54.96 32.90 32.98 52.51	45. 71 50 71 30. 08 31. 02 46. 55	44. 97 50. 05 29. 46 30. 65 43. 38	46. 87 52. 26 30. 79 31. 87 44. 36	47.64 52.91 32.09 32.99 45.10	46.78 51.89 31.61 32.75 43.86	51. 3 57. 0 35. 7 35. 2 48. 8
Sales:         Total on all registered exchanges (SEC):         Market value	177,878 5,723 146,451 4,337 4,053	118,252 4,839 99,178 3,822 3,518	7, 904 406 6, 693 321 315	9, 801 488 8, 170 388 433	14, 148 609 12, 185 501 424	13, 810 585 11, 767 473 454	14, 498 563 12, 423 461 447	15, 982 612 13, 602 499 458	14, 797 590 12, 627 479 447	16, 107 625 13, 504 494 442	r 11,172 r 405 9,513 327 281	9, 628 356 8, 172 287 275	13, 110 469 11, 344 389 366	10, 909 403 9, 495 <b>33</b> 5 <b>31</b> 9	349	
Shares listed, N.Y. Stock Exchange, end of period: Market value, all listed shares	721.01 20,967	511.06 21,737	511.06 21,737	579. 31 21, 773	610.01 21,795	626. 61 21, 822	654.66 21,899	687.94 21,938	72 <b>3</b> . 00 22, 016	678.07 22,094	660, 95 22, 143			<pre>&lt;692.22 22,382</pre>	685.11 22,478	
	FO	REIG	N TR	ADE	OF 7	THE U	UNIT	ED S	ГАТЕ	s				_		
VALUE OF EXPORTS           Exports (mdse.), incl. reexports, totalo <sup>3</sup> mil. \$           Excl. Dept. of Defense shipmentsdo           Seasonally adjusteddo	70, 823, 2	97.908.1	8,702.6	79.124.1	78.498.1	r9.413.0	r9.016.9	78.900.6	r8.630.7	78.234.8	78.445.8	18.391.2	9.718.1	9.513.7	9.303.5	
By geographic regions: Africa	2, <b>3</b> 05. 8 18, 418. 7 1, 743. 9 23, 160. 6	3, 659. 4 25, 784. 4 2, 696. 8 30, 070. 1	<b>370. 1</b> 2, 292. 2 240. 9 2, 595. 0	396. 6 2, 596. 2 163. 2 3, 063. 6	<b>368.4</b> 2, 182.7 194.4 2, 857.1	470. 7 2, 378. 5 182. 9 3, 692. 5	396. 6 2, 260. 6 175. 6 2, 685. 7	449. 5 2, 317. 9 211. 3 2, 573. 7	423. 2 2, 435. 0 191. 6 2, 269. 7	427. 1 2, 300. 1 172. 7 2, 327. 1	<b>3</b> 82. 5 2, <b>3</b> 88. 6 197. 9 2, 454. 7	<b>347</b> . 2 2, 287. 9 192. 8 2, 400. 2	444. 4 2, <b>3</b> 69. 8 21 <b>3</b> . 6 2, 985. 5	406. 8 2, 388. 2 236. 1 3, 053. 8		
Northern North America		7,949.0	1, 688. 7 707. 4 835. 1	1, 586. 8 671. 3 725. 1	1,623.6633.5685.6	1, 819. 2 713. 7 799. 0	1, 979. 5 725. 5 789. <b>3</b>	1, 968. 0 720. 7 674. 0	1, 891. 7 665. 0 786. 3	1, 625. 0 679. 1 704. <b>3</b>	1,620.2 680.4 719.9	1,848.6 621.6 664.0	2, 084. 7 722. 5 815. 9	1, 917. 5 750. 3 695. 5		
By leading countries: Africa: Egyptdo Republic of South Africado	225. 4 746.3	455. 2 1, 159. 9	66. 6 99. 5	59. 2 100. 9	64.8 92.9	78. 9 126. 9	52. 5 95. 7	82. 0 104. 8	47. 8 108. 6	78.0 119.3	44. 0 102. 8	35. 1 90. 4	43.0 117.9	48.7 110.0		
Asia; Australia and Oceania: Australia, including New Guineado Indiado Pakistando Malaysiado	1, 449. 1 526. 7 238. 9 157. 4	2, 172. 5 759. 8 <b>3</b> 97. 6 <b>3</b> 77. 2	17 <b>3. 3</b> 96. 6 25. 2 29. <b>3</b>	128. 4 143. 8 50. 5 28. 4	137.0 91.7 25.9 26.7	143. 6 81. 0 16. 6 25. 5	143. 6 86. 9 49. 9 29. 1	175. 4 97. 5 29. 5 27. 0	156. 0 122. 3 38. 9 31. 1	134. 2 109. 5 21. 3 31. 0	159.7 119.7 32.8 42.9	153.6 116.0 22.0 57.4	151.7 102.1 28.2 <b>3</b> 6.2	184.7 91.6 33.2 29.4		
Indonesiado Philippinesdo Japando	442. 1 495. 4 8, 313. 1	530. 5 746. 7 10, 678. 6	47.1 51.9 899.5	66. 7 70. <b>3</b> 956. 9	37.8 64.5 833.6	76. 2 72. 6 827. 4	77.8 57.5 757.5	92. 7 64. 5 785. 8	78. 0 71. 7 783. 9	78.7 74.7 77 <b>3</b> .6	62. 0 67. 2 79 <b>3</b> . 2	55.8 72.3 724.9	61.4 67.9 752.9	58.5 70.0 844.1		
Europe:dodo Francedo East Germanydo West Germanydo	28.0	2, 941. 5 20. 9 4, 985. 6	263. 8 . 2 409. 7	257.7 1.5 518.8	280. 8 . 3 411. 7	315. 8 . 3 494. 9	274. 2 1. 1 429. 8	259. 1 1. 2 410. 4	228. 7 . 7 347. 7	223. 3 3. 3 355. 9	213.4 .4 387.9	214.5 .8 389.5	251. 5 5. 5 436. 5	240.0 1.6 477.3		
Italydo Union of Soviet Socialist Republicsdo United Kingdomdo	2, 118. 6 1, 194. 1 3, 563. 6	2, 751. 6 608. 8 4, 573. 5	249, 1 105, 6 373, 5	236.0 95.3 472.2	291. 2 93. 8 429. 4	284. 1 87. 0 462. 5	230. 6 77. 9 368. 5	257.8 92.7 357.2	231 4 76.6 330.1	228. 3 120. 6 360. 7	255. 1 151. 1 <b>3</b> 25. 8	194.6 147.6 341.0	220. <b>3</b> <b>3</b> 05. 1 <b>3</b> 59. 6	231.0 353.9 367.7		
North and South America: Canadado	15, 104. 0	19, 9 <b>3</b> 2. 0	1, 688. 5	1, 585. 9	1, 623. 4	1, 819. 0	1, 979. 4	1, 964. 7	1, 889. 2	1, 624. 7	1, 620. 0	1, 848. 5	2, 084. 3	1, 917. 2		
Latin American Republics, total ?do Argentinado. Brazildo. Chiledo. Colombiado. Mexicodo. Venezuelado.	8, 921. 3 451. 3 1, 916. 2 248. 4 436. 5 2, 937. 4 1, 032. 5	14, 503. 5 596. 6 3, 088. 8 452. 2 659. 4 4, 855. 3 1, 768. 0	1, 432. 2 80. 7 283. 1 78. 3 50. 5 442. 0 209. 3	1, 264. 9 75. 3 197. 6 60. 3 60. 9 400. 3 183. 1	1, 201. 5 62. 1 205. 2 43. 9 45. 2 389. 2 172. 4	1, 382. 7 76. 1 265. 5 57. 7 50. 5 433. 8 181. 9	1, 382. 4 66. 4 264. 6 49. 1 54. 5 464. 0 193. 3	1, 277. 3 41. 2 222. 9 41. 8 60. 4 448. 5 175. 0	1, 344. 6 50. 7 291. 3 40 6 60 9 417. 2 191. 0	1, 266. 1 29. 0 255. 3 45. 4 60. 5 431. 6 177. 3	1, 285. 1 37. 3 269. 3 26. 2 55. 3 419. 2 198. 7	1, 185. 2 42. 4 243. 8 28. 9 41. 6 385. 1 181. 4	1, 412. 539. 9299. 949. 354. 6451. 4206. 2	1, 318. 1 36. 4 270. 1 49. 5 40. 7 450. 5 189. 7		
Exports of U.S. merchandise, totalơdo Excluding military grant-aiddo Agricultural products, totaldo Nonagricultural products, totaldo.	69, 7 <b>3</b> 0, 4 17, 680, 6	97,144.2 96,545.0 21,996.1 75,147.4	8,632.8 8,592.1 2,119.5 6,513.5	9, 027. 5 8, 948. 7 2, 459. 1 6, 568. 4	8, 414. 6 8, 368. 9 1, 920. 3 6, 494. 3	9, <b>3</b> 24, 1 9, 295, 2 1, 911, 1 7, <b>413</b> , 1	8, 945. 9 8, 884. 1 1, 757. 6 7, 188. 2	8, 837. 3 8, 786. 3 1, 496. 4 7, 340. 9	8, 551, 1 8, 490, 8 1, 389, 7 7, 161, 4	8, 159. 0 8, 129. 6 1, 532. 4 6, 626. 6	8, 387. 0 8, 377. 1 1, 600. 7 6, 786. 2	8, <b>3</b> 02. 7 8, 277. 2 1, 609. 9 6, 692. 8	9, <b>633</b> . 2 9, 601. 7 2, 081. 9 7, 551. <b>3</b>	9, 420. 5 9, 407. 4 2, 176. 4 7, 244. 1		
By commodity groups and principal commodi- ties: Food and live animals Qmil. \$Meats and preparations (incl. poultry)do Grains and cereal preparationsdo	11, 9 <b>3</b> 0, 2 444, 2			1, 643. 7				1,028.4 41.7		1, 114. 7 47. 0		1, 244. <b>3</b> 45. 7	1, 475. 6 50. 8	1, 526. 8 57. 1	1, 382. 0	
Grains and cereal preparations	1	10, <b>33</b> 0. 9 1, 247. 4	1, 041. 1 140. 7		1,047.5	976.6 120.1	884. 2 101. 6	711.0 98.1	743.8 79.8	809. 0 71. 5	876.7 104.7	933.3 105.7	1, 114. 4 128. 6			
Crude materials, inedible, exc. fuels Q do Cotton, raw, excl. linters and wastedo Soybeans, exc. canned or prepareddo Metal ores, concentrates, and scrapdo	8, 380. 2 929. 0	10,934.4 1,334.7 3,537.4 1,475.0		1,026.0 120.2 378.4 130.2	839.0 100.4 246.5	892. 3 90. 8 273. 7 113. 5	810.7 88.2 236.0 122.4	765.8 85.9 155.6 142.2	668 4 95.2 83.8 130.6	757.6 90.8 185.9 111.7	775.5 86.0 200.4	69 <b>3</b> .5 67.6 145.2	876. 2 59. 8 354. 9 99. 8	859.5 44.9 336.4 94.8	819.9	

Revised.
 o'Data may not equal the sum of the geographic regions, or commodity groups and principal commodities, because of revisions to the totals not reflected in the component items; these revisions will be shown later in biennial editions of BUSINESS STATISTICS. Also, beginning 1973, the totals reflect relatively small amounts of trade with unidentified countries, not shown separately.
 Q Includes data not shown separately.

NOTE FOR PAGE S-25: \*New series. Source: U.S. Dept. of Labor, BLS. The index measures changes in prices of shipping goods by rall in the U.S. (shipments priced were selected from ICC railroad waybill sample) and is not affected by changes in quantity, ship-ping terms, types of service, etc. Data back to 1969 (and detail for 11 commodity groups), concepts, methods, uses, and limitations appear in MONTHLY LABOR REVIEW (BLS), June 1975. Corrected.

## SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

February 1976							. DU.		<u> </u>						1	5-23
Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1973	1974	1974						1	975						1976
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	An	nual	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
FO	REIG	N TRA	ADE (	OF T	HE U	NITE	D ST	ATE	Ś—Co	ntinu	ied	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1	<u></u>	L
VALUE OF EXPORTS-Continued				1						1						
Exports of U.S. merchandise—Continued By commodity groups and principal commodi-	2									1						
ties—Continued Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc. 9mil. \$ Coal and related productsdo Petroleum and productsdo	1,670.5 1,052.0 518.0	3, 443. 9 2, 487. 2 791. 7	251.9 169.6 67.4	357.1 265.2 72.4	<b>337.4</b> 256.5 67.2	399.6 295.6 73.9	298.7	436.5 339.2 84.7	406.2 310.1 83.3	310.3 220.0 74.8	404.1 288.9 98.1	328.4 233.9 79.7	318.5 224.2 81.1	457.9 379.6 63.8	346.9	
Animal and vegetable oils, fats, waxesdo	684.0	1, 423. 3	166. 3	140. 9	104.5	120.8		88.9	57.9	66. 3	43.9	43.5	56.9	77.7		
Chemicalsdo	5,749.4	8, 819. 2	774.0	820.0	669.9	786.8		707.3	718.7	704.6	711.1	682.2	730. 2	661.6	780.7	
Manufactured goods & ¶do Textilesdo Iron and steeldo Nonferrous base metalsdo	7,161.6 1,224.8 1,300.8 950.3	11,165.8 1,795.4 2,560.3 1,300.4	934.2 124.8 274.3 99.1	911.2 122.0 230.3 98.1	847.4 110.1 214.6 92.2	949.6 134.2 243.0 86.1	949.3 139.6 219.5 104.0	954.2 136.0 230.1 98.0	899.2 129.4 225.9 87.5	862.3 122.9 199.5 71.2	875.2 132.8 199.1 79.6	880.1 142.8 185.9 84.7	980.4 162.0 173.5 92.3	914.3 147.1 184.2 92.6	895.2	
Machinery and transport equipment, total mil. \$	27,869.2	38,188.6						1	3 038 0	3 577 0				<b>3,</b> 946. 7	4,038.2	
Machinery, total Qdo	17.130.9	23, 687.8	2,083.1	<b>3, 3</b> 12, 5 2, 228, <b>3</b>	2, 113. 7	2,452.7	2, 494. 9	2, 479. 9	2, 423. 1	<b>3</b> , 577. 9 2, 287. 4	2, 304. 6	3, 618. 9 2, 202. 9	2, 587. 9	2, 413.8		
Agriculturaldo Metalworkingdo Construction, excess and miningdo Electricaldo Transport equipment, totaldo Motor vehicles and partsdo	987.1 488.8 2.094.7 5,032.3 10,738.3 6,030.0	1, 398. 4 636. 5 3, 112. 6 7, 019. 2 14, 500. 7 7, 878. 1	135, 0 73, 3 319, 3 558, 1 1, 376, 8 697, 3	139.3 59.8 325.3 615.7 1,084.2	152.4 78.2 343.9 567.9 1,422.9	174. 7 73. 6 383. 8 648. 8 1, 599. 1 843. 9	206. 1 74. 8 413. 1 640. 8 1, 410. 2	200. 3 85. 4 419. 8 650. 0 1, 510. 4	198.5 75.8 421.2 624.0 1,514.9 893.4	189. 9 73. 5 413. 8 596. 6 1, 290. 5 743. 7	142. 6 79. 4 397. 5 623. 8 1, 246. 1	150.1 63.8 374.4 599.2 1,416.0		182.5 83.1 389.2 664.2 1,532.8 919.4	633. 3 1, 563. 9	
Miscellaneous manufactured articlesdo	3, 950. 7	5, 349.1	409.0	658.3 454.6	677.0 426.4	488.6	854.5 482.3	890.8 483.5	481.0	454.6	728.2 460.8	893.0 466.0	989.7 530.9	471.8	478.5	
Commodities not classifieddo	1,842.0	2, 586. 6	247.7	238.6	228.5	237.8	274.9	284. 2	241.4	239.1	278.4	246.0	278.2	353. 3	265.5	
VALUE OF IMPORTS()																
General imports, total Jdodododo	69,475.7	100,251.0	9, <b>13</b> 9.2 9,256.8	79,816.6 79,616.6	r7,169.7 r7,879.7	•7,404.5 •7,285.0	r8,190.1 r8,012.6	<b>*7,3</b> 67.9 <b>*7,103</b> .0	r7,279.0 r6,961.6	r7,920.7 r7,912.8	r7,518.8 r7,966.5	8, 161. 6 8, 188. 6	8, 511. 9 8, 212. 2	7, 910. 7 8, 299. 1	8, 888. 9 8, 746. 3	•••••
By geographic regions: Africado	2,582.9	6, 617. 6	586,0	967.0	567.2	579.9	760.1	687,4	474.5	686.4	681.6	869.2	710.7	632, 5		
Asiado Australia and Oceaniado Europedo	18,156.9 1,561.5 19,812.3	27,344.9 1,503.9 24,411.8	2, 544, 1 129, 2 2, 108, 8	2, 808. 3 147. 0 2, <b>3</b> 40. 5	1, 995, 9 104, 3 1, 670, 2	2, 010, 1 102, 3 1, 949, 6	2, 156. 7 118. 2 1, 721. 9	1,860.0 91.1 1,627.3	1,870.8 154.6 1,708.1	2, 176. 1 112. 8 1, 782. 0	2, 223. 9 132. 0 1, 558. 1	2,321.3 163.5 1,539.1	2, 574, 5 1 <b>30</b> , 9 1, 742, 9	2, <b>3</b> 56. 0 136. 1 1, 831. 0		
Northern North Americado Southern North Americado South Americado	17.724.8 5,084.8 4,512.4	21,929.1 9,433.1 8,962.4	1,977.9 782.3 913.1	1,79 <b>3.3</b> 926. 6 898. 9	1,605.8 679.3 539.1	1,704.1 602.0 506.9	1, 916. 5 778. 6 727. 8	1,828.6 715.2 547.2	1,813.2 776.4 472.7	1, 756. 7 798. 9 601. 2	1, 597. 9 760. 5 558. 7	1,821.6 753.4 692.8	2,036.1 749.5 566.7	1, 861. 5 591. 7 501. 1		
By leading countries: Africa: Egyptdodo Republic of South Africado	25. 9 376. 9	69.7 608.8	2, 6 64, 0	.3 79.1	.5 50.1	61.6	.4 86.7	.4 52.2	.777.1	2.8 91.0	2.3 46.9	6.8 79.7	.5 85.0	4.8 71.9		
Asia; Australla and Oceania: Australla, including New Guineado India Pakistando Malaysiado Indonesiado Philippinesdo Japando	1,092.4 437.0 39.5 439.6 505.1 670.3 9,676.2	1,082.7 559.5 60.7 769.7 1,688.1 1,083.9 12,337.6	108. 1 37. 8 3. 4 79. 1 171. 6 113. 8 1,198.8	$103.0 \\ 43.7 \\ 5.9 \\ 101.2 \\ 228.4 \\ 44.1 \\ 1,190.9$	87.3 33.6 3.2 50.7 133.5 72.7 916.3	77.0 28.5 2.5 59.0 93.2 84.3 1,006.4	92. 0 31. 2 4. 4 51. 7 214. 4 92. 1 929. 1	70.3 30.7 3.3 55.0 148.7 47.9 808.3	123. 4 37. 1 3. 5 56. 5 133. 4 33. 1 858. 1	89.3 42.3 3.8 59.4 224.8 35.7 952.6	108. 3 36. 6 3. 3 44. 0 232. 1 50. 2 915. 5	132. 450. 73. 356. 2207. 687. 3840. 6	109. 8 76. 8 3. 9 74. 4 219. 2 99. 3 938. 1	6, 2 80, 8 182, 5 6 <b>3, 4</b>		
Europe: France	1,731. 8 10, 5 5,344, 5 2,001. 8 219, 9 3, 656, 5	2, 257. 4 14. 1 6, 323. 9 2, 585. 0 349. 7 4, 061. 3	220. 4 1. 1 552. 9 209. 6 30. 7 340, 2	209. 7 1. 2 633. 1 241. 3 45. 6 426. 3	181. 9 .9 416. 9 174. 3 19. 4 314. 3	191. 9 .7 508. 5 242. 7 14. 3 323. 2	175.7 .6 439.2 185.3 18.0 304.3	177.7 .8 403.2 162.3 16.5 290.0	176.1 .6 413.6 192.3 20.3 311.8	204. 6 .7 430. 0 190. 3 18. 7 311. 4	163. 9 .9 408. 8 214. 3 14. 1 271. 4	134.2 1.0 347.6 205.7 21.4 274.6	150. 8 1. 4 433. 1 194. 9 25. 4 298, 2	175.5 .9 438.1 209.9 17.0		
North and South America: Canadadodo	17,715.3	21,924.4	1,977.8	1,793.3	1,605.8	1,703.4	1, 915. 4	1,827.3	1,812.8	1,755.8	1, 597. 6	1,820.9	2,034.7	1, 861. 5		
Latin American Republics, total Q	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{7,827.1}\\ \textbf{278.3}\\ \textbf{1,189.2}\\ \textbf{102.2}\\ \textbf{408.6}\\ \textbf{2,305.8}\\ \textbf{1,787.2} \end{array}$	13,666.9 385.8 1,699.9 310.3 511.0 3,390.4 4,671.1	$1,315.3 \\ 47.5 \\ 262.7 \\ 13.7 \\ 31.3 \\ 294.3 \\ 446.1$	1,213.1 17.9 144.3 11.1 59.3 203.6 552.1	876. 9 14. 1 110. 4 7. 8 43. 6 221. 2 263. 5	872. 4 9. 7 108. 4 10. 9 32. 8 245. 7 251. 8	1, 114. 7 12. 6 110. 4 16. 4 50. 3 253. 5 443. 6	979. 0 10. 4 96. 1 10. 3 40. 4 274. 2 304. 5	964. 1 14. 4 117. 5 9. 0 46. 4 268. 9 204. 0	1,037.6 10.7 119.7 11.9 61.4 251.1 307.8	925. 6 12. 4 121. 0 7. 8 55. 0 243. 5 259. 3	1,068.724.9188.314.159.9270.3278.1	952. <b>3</b> <b>3</b> 9. 9 <b>115.</b> 2 <b>13.</b> 1 44. 5 298. 4 249. 8	$   \begin{array}{r}     98.9 \\     10.8 \\     58.5   \end{array} $		
ties: Agricultural products, totalmil. \$ Nonagricultural products, totaldo		10, <b>3</b> 80. 1 89, 837. 9	965.9 8,166.4	826, 1 8,996,4	717.0 6,445.7	786, 3 6,669.5	787.3 7,393.8	701.9 6,656.1	857.7 6,413.7	763.0 7,152.4	687.4 6,826.2	$946.2 \\ 7,215.4$	829.2 7,682.7	800.5 7,110.2		
Food and live animals 9do Cocoa or cacao beansdo Coffeedo Meats and preparations	8,014.5 212.0	9, 386, 2 316, 6 1, 504, 8 1, 352, 6	888.3 32.3 115.1 99.7	713.8 32.8 138.5 114.6	626.8 29.8 123.0 82.9	657.5 34.1 110.1 87.2	684.5 28.2 102.2 75.7	611. 0 24. 6 95. 7 67. 7	779.7 23.6 120.3 83.2	705.8 19.4 115.9 99.9	635.8 14.6 141.0 95.6	896.9 21.2 210.4 106.2	759.927.2145.5102.0	$725.1 \\ 24.0 \\ 140.9 \\ 125.5$		
Sugardo Beverages and tobaccodo	924.7 1,220.9	2, 247. 4	336.7 107.2	123.8	134.2	154.2	200.3	145.2	259.5	174.7	109.1	237.0	165.4	90.4 $120.4$	<b>13</b> 7. 2	
Crude materials, inedible, exc. fuels 9do Metal oresdo Paper base stocksdo Textile fibersdo	5 012 0	1, 322. 3 6, 065. 6 1, 848. 1 1, 164. 9 225. 2	497.5 199.4 101.1 10.5	112.3 477.9 185.8 89.6 16.6	106.4 390.6 132.7 84.6 10.0	143.7 456.3 150.4 105.5 8.5	119.1 468.4 161.4 87.8 14.9	116.9 451.2 160.1 86.8 12.3	129.6 512.4 183.3 97.2 11.3	$103.4 \\506.4 \\181.5 \\92.4 \\11.4$	95.8 420.9 155.4 75.8 12.9	$106.9 \\ 476.4 \\ 184.3 \\ 82.2 \\ 17.6$	128.0 457.7 165.0 86.9 19.6	415, <b>3</b> 126, 4 81, 7		
Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc.	345.4	515.6	34.2	36.1	23.8	27.4	27.6	18.7	30.7	28.0	<b>3</b> 2. <b>3</b>	30.0	34.1	<b>3</b> 9, 2	2, 547. 5	
Animal and vegetable oils and fats do	8, 173, 5 7, 614, 2 258, 6			<b>3</b> , 249. 6		1, 343. 3	2, 438, 4 2, 310, 4		1, 316. 1	2, <b>13</b> 2, 0 2, <b>0</b> 21, 8	2, 240, 4 2, 1 <b>3</b> 4, <b>3</b>	2 <b>, 3</b> 05. 0	2, 197. 7	1, 931. 1		
Chemicaisdo	2,463.0	544.3 4,017.7	53.3 385.7	48.5 437.2	44.7 306.2	55.1 340.8	40.7 351.9	51.9 285.6	<b>33</b> . 2 252. 9	44.8 247.4	32.7 270,6	$41.6 \\ 275.1$	48.8 <b>3</b> 02.4	66.2 298.5	327.9	
Manufactured goods Q ¶do Iron and steeldo Newsprintdo Nonferrous metalsdo Textilesdo Revised. Q Includes data not shown separ	3,017.0 1,185.9 2,464.9 1,579.7	17,718.7 5,148.9 1,503.2 3,921.0 1,614.7	1,728.6735.5139.4309.3114.7	1, 749, 5 746, 3 152, 8 297, 3 119, 9	491.4 139.8 190.5 88.5	$1, 313. 3 \\ 485. 5 \\ 134. 6 \\ 194. 5 \\ 89. 3$	1, 243, 9 422, 5 138, 1 195, 7 87, 4	1, 144. 7 355. 8 131. 0 169. 4 85. 4	371.6 134.6 231.0 59.6	131.9 162.0 94.2	${ \begin{smallmatrix} 1,005.3\\265.7\\106.0\\173.2\\89.9 \end{smallmatrix} }$	$1,091.8 \\238.5 \\109.0 \\225.8 \\90.1$	$1, 194. 0 \\ 285. 4 \\ 97. 8 \\ 258. 8 \\ 117. 0$	279.6 73.1 231.3		

r Revised. Q Includes data not shown separately. See corresponding note on p. S-22. Manufactured goods--classified chiefly by material. OEffective June 1975 SURVEY data beginning 1974 are based on f.a.s. (free alongside ship) value basis rather than customs value basis as formerly shown.

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nless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown	1973	1974	1974						19	/5 						197
in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anr	nual	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Ja
FO	REIGI	N TRA	DE (	DF T	HE U	NITE	D ST	ATES	S—Co	ntinu	ed					
VALUE OF IMPORTSO-Continued																
eneral imports—Continued By commodity groups and principal commodi- ties—Continued																
Machinery and transport equipmentmil.\$ Machinery, total 9do Metalworkingdo Electricaldo	21, 076, 1 9, 966, 1 188, 9 4, 498, 6	24,060.3 11,612.0 299.7 5,339.1	2,011.6 989.2 39.3 420.4	1, 894. 7 868. 5 41. 0 284. 4		2, 138. 4 1, 029. 3 32. 6 424. 7	1, 899. 2 938. 1 36. 8 353. 0	1, 934. 5 944. 9 25. 6 357. 0	1, 961. 6 971. 4 26. 0 411. 0	1, 964. 4 1, 012. 0 29. 1 4 <b>3</b> 2. 0	1,822.0 924.3 29.7 407.9	1, 793. 3 966. 4 23. 5 455. 6	2, 138. 6 1, 109. 8 29. 8 527. 4	2,018.6 999.1 28.6 444.3	2, 269. 4	
Transport equipmentdo Automobiles and partsdo	11,109.9 9,252. <b>3</b>	12,450.7 10,26 <b>3</b> .9	1,022.5 824. 9	1,026.2 770.2	790, 4 619, 1	1,109.0 922.0	961. 1 788. 7	989.6 851.3	990. 1 837. 5	952.4 807.2	897.7 777.1	826.9 699.8	1, 028, 8 907, 0	1, 019. 6 914. 3		
Miscellaneous manufactured articlesdo	8,217.4	9, 426. 2	751.8	755. 6	621. 9	687.8	703.8	626.3	722. 7	850. 9	800.6	815.7	919.7	844.1	878.7	
Commodities not classifieddo Indexes	1,794.0	2, 255. 7	217.7	218.0	181.0	185.4	231.2	198.5	219.7	22 <b>3</b> . 8	189.7	217.9	217.4	211.9	234.6	
xports (U.S. mdse., excl. military grant-aid): Unit value1967=100 QuantitydoValuedodoValuedo	137.4 165.6 227.5	174.5 180.5 315.0	193. 9 173. 6 336. 4	196.3 178.5 350.4	197.5 165.9 327.7	199. 0 182. 9 364. 0	197.4 176.2 347.9	196. 9 174. 7 344. 0	194.6 170.9 332.5	195.5 162.8 318.3	194. 2 168. 9 328. 0	195.5 165.8 324.1	194. 1 193. 7 376. 0	195.5 188.4 368.4	198.7 181.1 359.8	
eneral imports: Unit valuedodo	148.5 174.0	223.3 168.1	247.8 165.6	245.2 179.4	239.6 134.1	249.3 135.1	248.3 148.4	245.8	246.2	238.3 149.4	238.8 141.3	237.6	238.9 160.5	236.6 150.6	239.6	
Quantitydo Valuedo Shipping Weight and Value	258.4	375.5	410.4	440.0	321.2	336.7	368.5	135.2 332.3	133.4 328.5	356. 0	337.4	154.5 367.2	383.4	356.2	<b>3</b> 99. <b>4</b>	
'aterborne trade: Exports (incl. reexports): Shipping weightthous. sh. tons Valuemil. \$	274, 257 39, 642	264, 807 55, 490	19, 428 5, 096	23, 072 5, 690	19,7 <b>3</b> 2 4,785	21, 260 5, <b>3</b> 53	21, 514 5, 105	22, 262 4, 969	21, 441 4, 847							
General imports: Shipping weightthous. sh. tons Valuemil. \$	441, 624 42, 742	446, 558 67, 160	41, 934 6, 173	53, 836 7, 122	30, 390 4, 727	26, 597 4, 812	38,017 5,397	32, 342 4, 779	27, 781 4, 632							
valuemin. \$		RANSE								l						<b> </b>
TRANSPORTATION						DCC					<u> </u>	<u> </u>		1		
Air Carriers (Scheduled Service) ortificated route carriers:																
Passenger-miles (revenue)bll. Passenger-load factor§percent. Ton-miles (revenue), total¶mil.	161.96 52.1 22,242	162. 92 54. 9 22, 425	13.27 51. 1 1,818	12.64 48.4 1,697	11. 01 47. 8 1, 520	13.30 52.4 1,820	12, 19 50, <b>3</b> 1, 689	12.91 50.9 1,774	14.90 56.5 1,968	16. 10 57. 4 2, 110	17. 30 61. 9 2,241	12.90 51.8 1,803	13.36 53.7 1,899	52.0 1,762	<sup>p</sup> 13. 93 <sup>p</sup> 60. 1 <sup>p</sup> 1, 901	
Operating revenues $Q \odot$ mil, Passenger revenues do Freight and express revenues do	12,419 10,274 1,075	<sup>b</sup> 14, 703 11, 879 1, 248	3,603 2,856 325	 		3, 502 2, 849 293			3, 796 3, 078 316			4, 174 3, 389 344				
Mail revenuesdo Operating expensesOdo Net income after taxesOdo	303 11,834 227	309 13,978 322	98 3,644 -63			79 3, 643 163			75 3, 711 32			72 3,950 118				
Domestic operations: Passenger-miles (revenue)	126.32 2,922 687	129.73 2,888 692	10.76 209 74	10. 06 198 57	8.94 190 52	10.95 225 58	10.07 224 57	10. 42 233 57	12. 14 232 52	12.75 238 54	13.81 249 54	10.22 244 53	10.92 261 59	$10.06 \\ 239 \\ 55$	p 11. 36 p 214 p 75	
Operating revenuesodo Operating expensesodo Net income after taxesodo	9, 694 9, 200 179	» 11, 545 » 10, 760 381	2,832 2,809 -6			2,779 2,862 —93			2, 964 2, 903 18			3, 203 3, 075 42				
International operations: Passenger-miles (revenue)bil Express and freight ton-milesmil Mail ton-milesdodo.	<b>3</b> 5.64 1,916 522	33. 19 2, 083 471	2.51 156 51	2.58 144 34	2.07 147 31	2. <b>3</b> 5 172 <b>3</b> 5	2.12 152 37	2.49 157 36	2.76 156 37	3.35 172 35	3, 49 175 33	2.67 187 30	2. 44 210 33	2,20 204 38	p 2. 56 p 173 p 46	
Operating revenuesOdo Operating expensesOdo Net income after taresOdo	2, 725 2, 633 48	<sup>3</sup> 3,157 <sup>3</sup> 3,218 −60	771 835 56			723 781 -70			832 808 15			971 875 75				
Local Transit Lines		- 5 000		105	450		100				495	100	400	450	402	
Motor Carriers	3 5, 294	* 5, 606	* 471	495	459	528	488	475	455	430	425	433	496	450	493	
arriers of property, large, class I:* Number of reporting carriers Operating revenues, totalmil. \$	100 8,963	100 9, 803	100 2, 530			99 2, 106		4 100 4 2,474	100 2, 269	 	• 100 • 2, 467	100 2,500				
her here alter extraordinary and prior period charges and credits	250	248	52			۵5		d 88	54		• • 49	81				
carrier service	203	196	50			38		d 50	41		• 48	43				
Common and contract carriers of property ((qtrly.)average same period, 1967=100. Common carriers of general freight, seas, adj.† 1967=100	142 163.4	135 2 155. 6	124 2 135. 4	127. <b>3</b>	128.9	117 122. 2	125.2	123.0	. 118 128.3	1 <b>31</b> . 2	138.5	124 140. 1	137.5	137.6	141.8	
Class I Railroads																
nancial operations, qtrly. (AAR): Operating revenues, total, excl. Amtrak⊕ ♀mil. \$ Freightdo Passenger, excl. Amtrakdo	14,821 13,818 259	16, 945 15, 784 290	<b>4, 32</b> 2 <b>4, 026</b> 72			3, 839 3, 588 70					• 4, 392 • 4, 129 • 73	4, 154 3, 900 75				
Operating expenses $\oplus$	11, 595 2, 371 855 1 552	r 13, 125 r 3, 051 r 769 r 688	r 3, 448 r 726 r 149 r 136	[		3,301 655 -117 -176			3, 301 693 1 		• 3, 322 • • 815 • • 255 • 1 246	3,237 727 190 1115			<i>p</i> 3, 395 <i>p</i> 732 <i>p</i> 312 <i>p</i> 270	

<sup>r</sup> Revised. <sup>p</sup> Preliminary. <sup>1</sup> Before extraordinary and prior period items. <sup>2</sup> Comparison with year-ago data may be affected by the change in reporting actual tonnage carried instead of billed tonnage, per the ICC Uniform System of Accounts (1/1/74). <sup>3</sup> Annual total; monthly data not revised. <sup>O</sup> See corresponding note on p. 8. 23. <sup>Q</sup> Includes data not shown separately. <sup>¶</sup> Applies to passengers, baggage, cargo, and mail carried. <sup>§</sup> Passenger-miles as a percent of available seat-miles in revenue service reflects proportion of seating capacity actually sold and utilized. <sup>©</sup> Total revenues, expenses, and income for all

#### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1973	1974	1974						19	75		· · · · · ·				1976
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anı	nual	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
TR	ANSP	ORTA	TION	I ANI	D CO	MMU	NICA	TION	-Co	ntinu	ed	<u> </u>				·
TRANSPORTATION—Continued											1					
Class I Railrcads—Continued Traffic:																
Ton-miles of freight (net), total, qtrlybil_ Revenue ton-miles, qtrly. (AAR)do Revenue per ton-milecents	878.4 851.8 1.620	880.7 851.0 1.848	<sup>2</sup> 426.3 204.2 <sup>2</sup> 1.971	 		194.5 186.9			19 <b>3. 3</b> 189. 6			190. 1 182. 4			194.2	\$ 52.9
Price index for railroad freight*1969=100 Passengers (revenue) carried 1 milemil	129. <b>3</b> 9, 298	149.7 10,333	158.3 25,076	158.3	158.3	158.3	158.3	165.8	165.9	175.2	175.6	175.7	180.2	180.8	180.9	181.0
Travel												Į				
Hotels and motor-hotels: Restaurant sales indexsame month 1967=100 Hotels: Average room sale 1	$111 \\ 22.39 \\ 64 \\ 18.29 \\ 68$	117 r 25.02 62 r 19.38 r 67	111 7 25. 28 7 44 7 19. 74 7 48	$103 \\ 27.34 \\ 55 \\ 19.90 \\ 57$	$110 \\ 27.17 \\ 59 \\ 20.29 \\ 59 \\ 59$	$120 \\ 27.61 \\ 57 \\ 21.93 \\ 61$	$114 \\ 27.57 \\ 61 \\ 21.69 \\ 65$	$126 \\ 27.67 \\ 59 \\ 20.82 \\ 63$	123 27. 18 64 21. 51 71	131 27.31 59 22.81 71	$121 \\ 26,89 \\ 60 \\ 21.77 \\ 76$	$ \begin{array}{c} 115\\27.01\\58\\20.72\\65\end{array} $	131 29.55 70 21.31 69	$117 \\ 28.19 \\ 60 \\ 21.16 \\ 60$	$ \begin{array}{c} 117\\27.67\\43\\20.83\\48\end{array} $	
U.S. clitzens: Arrivals	9, 211 8, 758 5, 750 4, 905 2, 729 55, 406	8, 540 8, 306 5, 936 5, 067 2, 415 52, 857	518 608 468 417 111 1, 660	627 558 505 411 165 1,757	531 515 431 328 179 1,635	553 687 503 399 223 2, 497	624 582 428 338 261 2, 735	625 731 466 406 263 4,437	701 760 538 445 286 7,948	872 903 675 556 241 11, 320	$1,003 \\ 882 \\ 728 \\ 665 \\ 187 \\ 11,445$	653 706 543 483 161 5, 845	658 632 472 480 131 4, 597	606 599 430 398 119 2,596	118 3,716	183 1, 829
COMMUNICATION																
Telephone carriers:       Operating revenues Q       mil. \$         Station revenues.       do         Tolls, message.       do         Operating expenses (excluding taxes)       do         Net operating income (after taxes)       do         Phones in service, end of period       mil.         Telegraph carriers:       Domestic:	26, 030 12, 430 10, 371 16, 535 4, 710 123, 3	29, 013 13, 932 11, 456 18, 468 5, 310 127, 9	2, 469 1, 196 958 1, 705 398 127. 9	2, 500 1, 201 989 1, 665 421	2, 451 1, 211 914 1, 590 427	2, 564 1, 224 1, 017 1, 658 459 128. 6	2, 654 1, 247 1, 069 1, 692 484 129. 1	2, 647 1, 254 1, 054 1, 685 484 129, 2	2, 659 1, 268 1, 050 1, 674 495 129, 5	2,717 1,270 1,102 1,725 500 129.9	2, 712 1, 280 1, 085 1, 729 497 130. 3	2,743 1,300 1,087 1,777 492 131.1	2, 827 1, 323 1, 138 1, 854 500 131. 6	2,761 1,329 1,059 1,766 508 132.0 41.4		
Operating revenues	454.7 372.9 53.8	483. 9 384. 7 69. 4	41.7 33.6 5.9	<b>3</b> 9.6 <b>3</b> 2.0 5.1	38.7 31.2 4.9	40. 9 32. 0 6. 4	42.0 32.9 6.6	42.6 33.6 5.9	43.2 33.4 7.1	43. 1 33. 7 6. 9	41.5 33.9 5.2	42.1 34.3 5.4	45.1 35.6 6.8	33.8 5.0		
Operating revenues	<sup>4</sup> 263. 2 <sup>4</sup> 183. 9 <sup>4</sup> 65. 4	4 298.7 4 205.4 4 77.4	25, 8 18, 2 6, 2	25.9 18.0 6.6	24.6 17.1 6.0	25.0 16.8 6.7	26.7 19.3 5.9	26.2 18.1 6.8	26.0 18.5 6.0	26.7 19.0 6.2	25.5 18.1 5.9	4 27.5 4 18.9 4 7.1	4 28.7 4 19.8 4 7.3	4 25. 2 4 18. 4 4 5. 2	 	

CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS

CHEMICALS																
Inorganic Chemicals			1		1											1
Production: Aluminum sulfate, commercial (17% Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> )‡ thous. sh. tons Chlorine gas (100% Cl <sub>2</sub> )‡do Hydrochloric acid (100% HCl)†do Phosphorus, elemental‡do Sodium carbonate (soda ash), synthetic (58% Na <sub>2</sub> O)‡thous. sh. tons. Sodium hydroxide (100% NaOIII)‡do Sodium sulfate, anhydroustdo Sodium sulfate, anhydroustdo Sodium sulfate, anhydroustdo Sodium trypolyphosphate (100% Na <sub>3</sub> P <sub>3</sub> O <sub>10</sub> )‡ Titanlum dioxide (composite and pure)‡do Sulfur, native (Frasch) and recovered: Productiono <sup>2</sup> thous. lg. tons Stocks (producers <sup>2</sup> ) end of period <sup>2</sup> to	1, 252 10, 402 2, 511 526 3, 813 10, 734 723 1, 437 967 785 10, 021 3, 927	1, 283 10, 753 2, 451 524 3, 507 11, 189 770 1, 348 903 787 10,533 3, 957	102 924 200 46 319 967 65 112 79 55 884 3,957	81 844 177 42 269 886 59 131 73 48 869 4,014	80 730 163 39 247 742 45 5 125 67 44 809 4,054	70 602 154 42 230 708 555 507 107 66 37 904 4,220	90 672 157 40 238 685 53 3 107 64 44 908 4,309	89 709 149 37 248 726 64 105 61 46 912 4,498	79 695 150 33 216 713 61 81 60 48 835 4,739	100 699 159 31 214 719 49 96 57 50 837 4,871	99 767 175 33 226 792 45 101 68 57 841 4,950	88 778 169 39 208 801 41 102 67 63 802 4,993	106 r 839 r 180 41 247 r 858 r 62 112 72 62 r 826 r 5,051	80 769 161 40 200 793 61 107 61 52 765 5,068		
Inorganic Fertilizer Materials	0,021	0,000	-,	-,	-,	,		ŕ		ł						1
Production:       Ammonia, synthetic anhydrous;         Ammonium nitrate, original solution;       do         Ammonium sulfatet,       do         Ammonium sulfatet,       do         Nitric acid (100% HN0a);       do         Nitrogen solutions (100% N)1,       do         Sulfuric acid (100% HSOa);       do         Sulfuric acid (100% HSOa);       do         Superphosphate and other phosphatic fertilizers (100% P20s);       Production.         Production.       thous. sh. tons.         Stocks, end of period.       do         Potash, deliveries (K20).       do         Nitrogenous materials.       do         Phosphate materials.       do	15, 208 7, 235 1, 987 8, 398 1, 991 6, 927 31, 540 5, 578 332 5, 902 20, 128 1, 044 14, 895 1, 579	15, 805 7, 542 1 2, 120 8, 120 2, 243 7, 213 33, 052 5, 367 5, 367 6, 334 1 20, 143 1 914 1 5, 348 1, 415	1, 339 682 141 678 185 2, 942 444 377 514 1, 866 69 1, 449 88	$\begin{array}{c} 1, 206\\ 617\\ 156\\ 603\\ 145\\ 558\\ 2, 530\\ 421\\ 414\\ 537\\ 2, 001\\ 87\\ 1, 466\\ 136\\ \end{array}$	1, 202 593 162 566 174 595 2, 546 455 431 5386 1, 466 65 985 140	$1, 369 \\ 641 \\ 161 \\ 603 \\ 215 \\ 658 \\ 2, 711 \\ 485 \\ 459 \\ 592 \\ 1, 566 \\ 121 \\ 1, 155 \\ 1, 103 \\ 103 \\ 103 \\ 101 \\ 1$	1, 345 644 161 618 235 644 2, 743 519 485 1, 336 75 993 47	1, 406 591 144 593 236 600 2, 483 495 607 607 324 1, 575 149 1, 179 81	1, 354 523 150 553 218 218 530 2, 263 413 650 244 1, 503 116 1, 010 127	1, 349 559 171 581 192 2, 300 383 383 697 177 3, 952 108 1, 276 2, 258	1, 360 489 170 541 162 543 2, 381 375 707 338 1, 715 134 1, 023 205	$1, 264 \\ 536 \\ 150 \\ 569 \\ 153 \\ 2, 400 \\ 406 \\ 621 \\ 320 \\ 1, 787 \\ 79 \\ 1, 252 \\ 111 \\ 111 \\ 111 \\ 111 \\ 100 \\$	r 1, 235 r 596 r 157 165 r 155 r 2, 601 r 461 r 509 672 1, 586 147 1, 163 133	$\begin{array}{c} 1, 253\\ 569\\ 154\\ 607\\ 156\\ 656\\ 2, 644\\ 477\\ 524\\ 384\\ 1, 619\\ 173\\ 31, 081\\ 132\\ \end{array}$	    	
Imports: Ammonium nitratedo Ammonium sulfatedo Potassium chloridedo Sodium nitratedo	<b>33</b> 8 299 5, 899 69	369 258 7, 146 150	64 20 583 31	28 40 629 10	18 12 607 19	25 40 728 17	26 32 595 42	27 12 388 18	17 5 332 5	8 6 299 16	23 6 354 0	12 14 418 7	14 20 746 2	32 15 526 0	$15 \\ 18 \\ 510 \\ 4$	

# SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

February 1976

nless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1973	1974	1974						1975	5						193
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	lan	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Ja
	CHEN	IICAL	S AN	D AI	LIEI	) PR(	DUC	TS—(	Conti	nued					<u> </u>	•
CHEMICALS-Continued																
Industrial Gases:	8, 268	7,808	608	483	477	422	501	537	539	567	592	728	7 552	589		
Acetylene	1, 566	1,766	133	99		106	110	115	127	133	138	127	7 129			l
Hydrogen (high and low purity)mil. cu. ft_ Nitrogen (high and low purity)do Oxygen (high and low purity)do	65, 169 227, 160	75, 017 243, 612 389, 628	5, 878 20, 101 32, 063	4, 981 19, 785 32, 095	4, 416 18, 282 30, 763	4,859 19,364 32,199	4, 772 19, 165 29, 595	5, 541 19,350 29,067	5, 214 18,688 27,014	5, 485 19,453 26,895	5, 857 19, 971 27, 558	5,967 20,245	* 6, 137 * 20,436 * 29,018	104 5, 120 20, 283 28, <b>3</b> 89		
Organic Chemicals ♂	1	}														
roduction:mil. lbmil. lbmil. galmil. galmil. galmil. lbmil. lbmil. lbmore formaldehyde (37% HCHO)dodododo	32. 2 <sup>1</sup> 87. 7 <sup>1</sup> 221. 5 <sup>1</sup> 6,424.1 359. 1 <sup>1</sup> 1,063.9 <sup>1</sup> 1,022.6	<sup>1</sup> 32. 9 <sup>1</sup> 124. 2 <sup>1</sup> 170. 2 <sup>1</sup> 5,845.8 348. 7 <sup>1</sup> 1,033.9 <sup>1</sup> 978.6	2.6 8.6 12.8 351.3 30.0 82.4 56.2	2.5 24.1 11.8 261.2 26.3 66.1 39.2	2.1 13.3 9.0 256.3 24.1 28.3 41.5	2, 2 8, 4 10, 1 351, 5 22, 6 30, 1 43, 7	$\begin{array}{c} 2.1\\ 9.0\\ 6.1\\ 380.3\\ 19.8\\ 52.0\\ 50.6 \end{array}$	1.9 8.7 7.0 352.7 18.3 58.7 54.7	2.2 7.6 5.9 372.7 18.8 76.5 64.2	2.3 5.9 11.1 356.7 17.3 80.5 52.6	$\begin{array}{c} 2.4\\ 7.5\\ 11.1\\ 384.3\\ 22.1\\ 64.6\\ 64.9\end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{r} 1.9\\ 8.3\\ 10.8\\ 430.1\\ 19.5\\ 61.6\\ 68.0 \end{array} $	2.0 7.9 9.8 495.4 22.9 65.6 73.6	2.2 6.3 14.3 399.4 25.7 73.5 65.0	1.86.714.1431.727.078.778.1	
ALCOHOL; hyl alcohol and spirits:																
Production	692. 1 470. 8 72. 5 100. 9	617. 4 460. 3 73. 8 100. 6	54.8 36.3 6.2 100.6	52.0 35.4 6.3 107.1	40. 4 30. 2 5. 0 110. 1	44.5 25.6 5.9 123.1	41. 4 29. 3 6. 1 120. 9	39.8 30.4 6.4 114.7	<b>3</b> 9. 1 29. 6 6. 8 116. 7	41. 3 29. 7 6. 4 114. 1	40. 1 29. 7 6. 3 115. 2	39.6 43.8 7.1 107.0	53.8 37.8 7.6 96.7	46.4 30.0 6.3 103.1		-
Productionmil. wine gal Consumption (withdrawals)dodo Stocks, end of perioddodo	253.5 253.7 2.5	255.3 255.4 2.8	20, 1 20, 2 2, 8	19.7 19.6 2.9	16.3 16.6 2.6	14.0 14.2 2.4	15.9 15.6 2.7	16.4 16.9 2.1	15.6 15.8 2.0	16.8 16.5 2.3	16. 1 16. 4 2. 1	$     \begin{array}{r}       18.9 \\       18.8 \\       2.2     \end{array} $	20. 3 20. 3 2. 2	16.2 16.3 2.1		
PLASTICS AND RESIN MATERIALS			1													
roduction: Phenolic resinsmil. lb Polyethylene and copolymersdo Polypropylenedo Polystyrene and copolymersdo Polyvinyi chloride and copolymersdo	<sup>1</sup> 8,581.8 <sup>1</sup> 2,164.6 <sup>1</sup> 5,156.0	<sup>1</sup> 1,512.2 18,820.8 12,257.7 14,967.6 14,821.2	83.3 734.7 156.1 250.6 356.8	67.5 635.0 124.2 226.1 254.2	61. 5 477. 6 101. 2 232. 3 198. 4	97.8 483.2 119.6 260.3 247.7	105.0 454.1 133.3 312.3 281.8	99. 8 506. 6 144. 8 345. 9 270. 4	101. 8 542. 8 164. 8 307. 1 315. 8	98. 9 569. 1 158. 7 294. 5 316. 6	109.0 633.5 188.8 347.3 335.9	124. 2 680. 0 189. 6 419. 9 322. 3	138.3 711.5 204.5 420.3 374.0	111.6 693.6 192.3 389.9 371.0	108. 6 765. 3 185. 2 378. 2 362. 3	
MISCELLANEOUS PRODUCTS																
plosives (industrial), shipments, quarterly rail. lb.	2,083.7	2, 152. 6	565. 5	<b>-</b>		5 <b>3</b> 4.9	 		610.5			589.2			591.1	
aints, varnish, and lacquer, factory shipments: Total shipments tnil. \$do Trade products tdo Industrial finishes tdo	1,659.0			265. 0 123. 0 141. 9	267.5 135.9 131.6	<b>3</b> 02. 2 156. 5 145. 8	334. 1 175. 8 158. 3	362.9 197.4 165.5	391.6 216.2 175.4	373.4 206.7 166.7	387.1 209.7 177.4	384.6 197.5 187.1	7 364.0 7 175.6 7 188.3	318.3 159.9 158.4		

ELECTRIC POWER AND GAS

ELECTRIC POWER															
Production (utility and industrial), total mil. kwhr	1,963,948	1,966,373	167,677	170, 919	15 <b>3, 3</b> 41	162, 197	152, 206	158, 376	167, 782						 
Electric utilities, totaldo By fuelsdo By waterpowerdo	1.585.600	$\substack{1,865,287\\1,564.552\\300,734}$	159, <b>3</b> 60 1 <b>36,343</b> 2 <b>3,</b> 616	163, 348 138, 478 24, 870	122,493	154, 955 126, 91 <b>3</b> 28, 042	118.610	123,781	*159,96 <b>3</b> *132,881 27,081	150, 418	156.651	156, 802 136, 311 20, 490	132.133	127.938	 
Privately and municipally owned utildo Other producers (publicly owned)do	1,5 <b>3</b> 0,654 326,727	1,519,8 <b>3</b> 1 345, 455	132,351 27,009	1 <b>34,</b> 110 29, 2 <b>3</b> 8	119, 772 26, 566	124, 624 30, 330	116, 095 29, 194	122, <b>33</b> 6 29, 1 <b>3</b> 4	1 <b>3</b> 1, 246 29, 681						
Industrial establishments, totaldo By fuelsdo By waterpowerdo	102,878	101, 087 97, 574 3, 513	8, 318 8, 018 300	7,571 7,271 <b>3</b> 01	7, 004 6, 723 281	7, 243 6, 943 300	6, 918 6, 618 <b>3</b> 00	6, 906 6, 582 324	6,559			 			 
Sales to ultimate customers, total (Edison Electric Institute)mil. kwhr Commercial and industrial:						1							1		
Small light and powersdo Large light and powersdo	396, 903 687, 235	392, 716 689, 435	<b>3</b> 2, 698 54, <b>33</b> 2	<b>33, 603</b> 54, 557	33, 146 53, 480	32, 704 53, 169	32, 114 52, 851	32, 313 53, 530	35, 703 54, 843	38, 400 54, 335	<b>3</b> 9, <b>3</b> 95 56, 551	38, 276 57, 555	<b>34, 655</b> 57, 512		 
Railways and railroadsdo Residential or domesticdo	4, 186 554, 171	4,258 554,960	<b>3</b> 92 48, 80 <b>3</b>	374 53, 289	393 50, 716	388 48, 596	379 46, 035	339 42, 424	319 45, 741	<b>344</b> 52, 275	326 55, <b>3</b> 11	333 53, 057	351 44, 430		 
Street and highway lightingdo Other public authoritiesdo Interdepartmentaldo	12, 836 42, 340 5, 532	13, 314 40, 721 5, 366	1, 2 <b>3</b> 9 3, 420 418	1, 261 3, 438 428	1,219 3,522 405	1, 165 3, 459 391	1, 096 3, 428 390	1,063 3,436 398	1,022 3,691 482	1, 075 3, 716 492	1, 077 3, 857 498	1, 124 3, 798 493			
Revenue from sales to ultimate customers (Edison Electric Institute)	31, 662. 9	39, 126. 8	3, 550. 5	3, 745. 5	<b>3,</b> 728. 8	<b>3, 683</b> . 5	3, 601. 9	<b>3</b> , 54 <b>3</b> . 0	3, 832. 4	4, 187. 2	4, <b>3</b> 66. 8	4, 294. 4	3, 974. 4		 ······
GAS															
Total utility gas, quarterly         (American Gas Association):         Customers, end of period, total	44, 201 40, 551 3, 388 215 47	44, 734 41, 034 3, 446 196 58	44, 734 41, 034 3, 446 196 58			41, 225 3, 434 204			3, 375 190			44, 400 40, 811 3, 349 186 54			 
Sales to customers, totaltril. Btu. Residentialdo Commercialdo. Industrialdo. Otherdo.	16, 480 4, 994 2, 281 8, 371 835	$\begin{array}{r} 16,000\\ 4,865\\ 2,293\\ 8,153\\ 689 \end{array}$	3,872 1,231 593 1,968 180			2, 2 <b>3</b> 6 997			1, 150 534			$2,790 \\ 468 \\ 296 \\ 1,854 \\ 172$			 
Revenue from sales to customers, totalmil.         Residential	2, 172 4, 197 371	15, 360 6, 899 2, 539 5, 509 413	110			3, 348 1, 278 1, 454 249			2,012 752 1,682			435 1,784 176			 

r Revised. <sup>1</sup> Reported annual total; revisions are not distributed to the monthly data. \$Data are not wholly comparable on a year to year basis because of changes from one classification to another. *c*<sup>\*</sup>Data are reported on the basis of 100 percent content to the specified material unless otherwise indicated. <sup>1</sup> Monthly revisions back to 1971 are avail

## SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

February 1976		SUN	V E I	Or	JUNI	ULIN I	DUE	51 N E.	55						1	5-27
Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1973	1974	1974		<u></u>				197	5						1976
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown In the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ual	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan
	FOO	DD AN	ND KI	INDR	ED P	ROD	UCTS	; TO	BACC	0						
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES 9																
Beer: Productionmil. bbl Taxable withdrawalsdo	148.60 138.47	156, 20 145, 46	11.11 10.74	$12.54 \\ 11.12$	11. 18 9. 84	12.40 11.57	14.50 13.01	14.34 13.41	15.76 14.44	16.00 14.69	14.72 13.88	13.34 12.51	12.35 11.90	11.22 10.61		
Stocks, end of period	12.76	12.58	12, 58	13.21	13.54	13. 76	14.26	14.17	14.30	14.36	14.18	13.98	13.48	13.20		
Productionmil. tax gal Consumption, apparent, for beverage purposes	183.07 1404.17	162.55 1415.47	12.23 47.76	11.26 31.43	10.19 26.84	10, 56 32, 57	11.79 33.44	11.87 33.84	10.81	7.57	6.31	11.83	18.85	16.97		1
mil. wine gal. Taxable withdrawalsil. tax gal. Stocks, end of perioddodo. Importsinil. proof gal.	210.04 939.70	* 221.78 875.75	47.76 16.71 875.75	19.36 891.54	14.55 862,94	15.75	20.19 852.07	33.84 19.47 841.86	35.80 20.28 830.03	33.38 17.08 822.39	32.15 18.29 811.02	32.34 20.59 802.92	23.91 797.38	20.72 794.63		
	1	110.98	11.29	7.11	7.67	857.25 7.92	9. 93	9.89	9.01	8.67	7.48	8.71	12.72	11.75	12.59	
Productionmil. tax gal Taxable withdrawalsdo Stocks end of period	108.39 133.63 893.00	75.15 * 137.04 822.11	3.80 9.69 822.11	3.35 10.66 814.68	3.79 9.49 808.00	4.41 9.81 802.16	5.47 12.97 794.26	5.13 11.92 786.90	$\begin{array}{c c} 4.10 \\ 11.75 \\ 776.47 \end{array}$	2,42 10,04 770,97	$\begin{array}{c} 1.22 \\ 10.87 \\ 760.46 \end{array}$	5. 41 12. 81 752. 70	$\begin{array}{c} 8.82 \\ 15.78 \\ 744.94 \end{array}$	7.87 13.22 739.59		
Importsmil. proof gal tectified spirits and wines, production, total	92.30	9 <b>3</b> . 92	9.58	5.74	6.34	6.57	8.39	8.32	7.50	7. <b>3</b> 9	6.05	7.13	10.83	10.01	10.70	
mil. proof gal Whiskydo	114.93 53.35	118.63 5 <b>3.3</b> 8	9.18 3.40	9.24 3.56	7.98 3.59	8.13 3.22	$10.79 \\ 5.25$	9.83 4.34	10.26 4.36	8.48 3.54	8.18 3.22	10.08 3.98	11.38 4.96	9.71 4.48		
Wines and distilling materials: Effervescent wines:		-10.04	1.00	1.55		1.50									ļ	
Productionmil. wine gal Taxable withdrawalsdo	20.50 18.97 8.48	* 18. 84 18. 03 8. 12	1.30 2.43 8.12	1.75 1.20 8.61	1.11 .94 8.73	1.53 1.18 9.00	1.57 .97 9.51	1.43 1.20 9.65	.86 1.52 8.95	1.51 .91 9.49	2.14	1.58	1.84 2.85 9.42	2.00		••••••
Stocks, end of perioddo Importsdo Still wines:	2.02	1.80	. 22	. 12	.12	.11	.14	.12	. 13	. 08	10.45	10.52 .14	.22	8.75 .30	. 35	
Productiondo Taxable withdrawalsdo	437.54 273.07	*401.45 * 280.04	18.44 27.19	9.93 23.88	8.14 22.48	8.27 26.88	7 14 24.30	$\begin{array}{r} 8.82\\ 24.24\end{array}$	7.78 25.13	8.97 22.40	8.97 21.69	62.87 24.32	162.20 29.97	70.10 26.66		
Stocks, end of perioddo Importsdo	422. 37 53. 15	451.59 349.58	451, 59 3, 59	<b>432.10</b> 3.92	413.00 2.78	387.40 3.34	366.37 4.00	347.15 3.65	325.14 3.98	306.45 3.91	287.46 3.83	319.58 3.44	440.94 3.91	473.10 5.28	5.34	
Distilling materials produced at winerlesdo	378.68	354.30	17.46	9.61	3.49	7.11	6.01	2.72	3.87	6.12	13.24	80.01	143.25	38.40		
DAIRY PRODUCTS											1					
Butter, creamery: Production (factory)mil. lb Stocks, cold storage, end of perioddo	4 918.6	961.7	<b>89.6</b> 49.2	97.4 7 53.7	90.4	96. 3 60. 5	100.9 66.5	101.6	88.3	70.4 97.7	58.9	57.0	66.6		83.0	
Stocks, cold storage, and of period	46.4 2.689	49.2 .674	. 673	. 677	61.3 .693	. 692	. 704	85.2 .705	99. 7 . 706	.788	79.2	39.6 .900	27.0		10. 9 1. 095	
Production (factory), totalmil. lbdodo	42,685.4	2,930.2 1,858.6	218.7 124.9	216.3 130.6	203.9 122.1	238.0 144.1	243.4 152.9	264.2 168.4	27 <b>3</b> .2 170.7	249.9 153.0	226.3 133.8	21 <b>3</b> . 0 115. 6	218.6 120.7	210.9 117.0	238.1 135.6	
Stocks, cold storage, end of perioddo American, whole milkdo	357.8	494.0	494.0	* 485.9	458.1	447.5	441.0	454.8	475.1	477.6	449.7	422.2	388.3	378.5	r 367.8	36
Importsdo	290. 3 \$ 232. 0	420.8 315.6	420.8 31.7	* 417.2 14.4	393.1 8.4	385.6 9.4	379.8 9.6	392.6 9.0	410.2 9.6	414. 0 13. 4	388.5 10.8	360.9 15.2	328.6 19.7	319.7 31.3	<b>7 307.</b> 0 28. 8	
Price, wholesale, American, single daisies (Chi- cago)\$ per lb	. 843	. 973	. 946	. 936	. 946	. 952	. 968	. 987	1.006	1.030	1.064	1.119	1.164	1, 169	1. 192	1.
Condensed and evaporated milk: Production, case goods Jmil. lb Stocks, manufacturers', case goods, end of month	4 1,102.2	1,035.2	78.1	7 <b>3</b> . 9	70. 2	75.0	77.9	96.6	97.1	85.8	74.9	73.7	68.7	64.3	74.6	
or year dimensional lb.	69.2	79.2	79.2	68.1	61.8	54.3	60. 3	84.2	104.0	114.7	105.5	96.6	70.9	<b>63</b> .9	58.6	
Exports: Condensed (sweetened)do Evaporated (unsweetened)do	1.0 41.4	1.6 40.7	.3 3.3	.1 4.1	.4 4.0	.2 3.9	.1 4.5	.1 4.0	(† ) 4. 3	(7) 3.9	.1 4.7	( <sup>7</sup> ) 4.9	.1 4.4		.1 3.4	
Fluid milk: Production on farmsdo Utilization in mfd. dairy productsdo	4 115,385 457,920	7 4 115,553 60, 821	r 9, 103 4, 546	7 9, <b>3</b> 79 4, 844	r 8,781 4.657	r 10,021 5,289	10, 121 5, 510	r 10,818 6,006	<sup>7</sup> 10,435 5,985	r 9,967 5,389	r 9,588 4,785	+ 9,068 4,322	7 9,713 4,341	r 8, 823 4, 042	r 9, 284 4, 660	
Price, wholesale, U.S. average\$ per 100 lb Dry milk:	7.14	8.34	8.25	8.33	8.28	8.13	8.09	7.98	7.94	8.19	8.56	9.16	9.66	9.99	7 10.30	p 10
Production: Dry whole milkmil. lb	4 78.0	67.7	4.7	4.8	3.9	3.4	3.4	7.4	8.1	5.2 98.7	5.5	4.2	5.4		6.8	
Nonfat dry milk (human food)do Stocks, manufacturers', end of period:	4 916.6 5.4	1,019.9	83.3 6.4	83.5	81.6	95.8	111.5 5.3	131.4	12ò. 5 7. 3	98.7	76.2 6.9	53.2 6.2		1	67.1	
Dry whole milkdo Nonfat dry milk (human food)do Exports:		134.6	134.6	123.0	114.9	115.0	108.9	116.2		87.4	70.2				45.9	
Dry whole milkdo Nonfat dry milk (human food)do	49.7 10.4	45.2 6.7	3.2 2.5	2.1 13.5	2.6	2.3	4.6 14.5	2.8 48.9	3.3 13.4	2.4 10.7	3.4 .3				2.9	
Price, manufacturers' average selling, nonfat dry milk (human food)\$ per lb	464	. 586	. 568	. 588	. 600	. 607	. 603	. 602	. 604	. 604	. 614	. 646	. 689	. 702	. 705	
GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS Exports (barley, corn, oats, rye, wheat)mil. bu	32, 896. 2	2, 220. 3	197.1	245.9	199.7	194.7	186.2	¢ 147.2	163.2	173.9	204.1	205.5	264.6	289.2	254.2	
Barley: Production (crop estimate)do		5 304. 1													5 383.0	
Stocks (domestic), end of perioddodo	320.9	7 228.0 7 125.2	7 228.0 7 125.2			r 134.0			+ 6 75.1 + 6 29.5			* 342.3			276.9	
Off farmsdo Exports, including malt§do	. 113.6	102.7 56.7	102.7 6.1	5.8	3.6	71.2	2.0	3.4	. <sup>6</sup> 45.6 1.0	2.0	1.0	- 127.0 .4		1.4	. 114.9	
Prices, wholesale (Minneapolis): No. 2, malting\$ per bu\$ per bu\$ no. 3, straightdo\$	2.02	3.53 3.40	4.43	4.39 4.20	4.10 3.82	3.92 3.64	4.20	4.09		3.51 3.32	3.64 3.44					
Corn:			1.00	1.20	0.02	3.01	0.00	0.00	0.00	0. 02	0.44	3.07	0.01	5.20		
Production (crop estimate, grain only)mil. bu. Stocks (domestic), end of period, totaldo On farmsdo	4,473	75 4,664 7 3,621 7 2,541	7 3,621 7 2,541			r 2,214 r 1,509		•	r 1, 150			6 359 7 6 191				
Off farmsdo Exports, including meal and flourdo	1,116	1, 080	1,080 103.3	129.6		705 125.2	103. 2		346	69.2		- <sup>6</sup> 168			1,269	
Prices, wholesale: No. 3, yellow (Chicago)\$ per bu.		3. 22	3.54	3. 16	1	2.83				3.04						
Weighted avg., selected markets, all grades do	2.12	3.14	3.42	3.12	2.90	2.88	2.95	1		2. 93	3. 15	2.95	2.73	2.58	2.57	
Oats: Production (crop estimate)mil. bumil. bu Stocks (domestic), end of period, totaldo		5 614 7 507	r 507	.	-	7 326						- r 627			5 657 501	
On farmsdo Of farmsdo	- 475	7 384 123	7 384 123			- 7236		-	- r 6 186 - r 6 120 - 65			- 7 496 - 131				·
Exports, including oatmealdo Price, wholesale, No. 2, white (Minneapolis)†	i	30.0	1.7	.1	.5		1			.5	.4					
\$ per bu-																•
* Revised * Preliminary 1 Includes Hawa	ii no mon	thly data	awailable	o for Hay	rafi	thous	and now	nde -	2Condon	end milk	included	with an	anorated	to avoid	diselosi	ന് ന

\* Revised. \* Preliminary. <sup>1</sup> Includes Hawaii: no monthly data available for Hawaii. <sup>3</sup> Average for Jan., Feb., Apr.-July, Oct.-Dec. <sup>3</sup> Annual total reflects revisions not distributed to the months. <sup>4</sup> Revised monthly data back to 1971 are available upon request. <sup>5</sup> Crop estimate for the year. <sup>6</sup> Previous year's crop; new crop not reported until beginning of new crop year (July for barley and oats: Oct. for corn). <sup>7</sup> Less than 50 thousand pounds. GCondensed milk included with evaporated to avoid disclosing operations of individual firms. §Excludes pear barley. Q Scattered monthly revisions back to 1971 will be shown later. †Effective March 1975 SURVEY, data are restated to cover different market. Data for earlier periods will be shown later. C crrected.

February 1976

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1973	1974	1974						197	5						197
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ual	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan
FOO	DD AN	D KI	NDRE	ED PI	RODU	CTS;	тов	ACCO	)—Co	ntinu	ıed	<u> </u>	ı	<u>'</u>		
GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS-Con.																
tice: Production (crop estimate) mil. bags Q	1 92.8	1 112. 4		<b></b>											1 127.6	
California mills: Receipts, domestic, roughmil. lb Shipments from mills, milled ricedo	2, 151 1, 591	1,925 1, <b>3</b> 59	147 90	230 138	228 186	186 136	186     174	237 196	$\frac{281}{241}$	158 113	64 61	85 63	377 121	201 119	112 155	
Stocks, rough and cleaned (cleaned basis), end of period	1,001	1, 359	1 <b>3</b> 5	169	163	166	124	102	67	68	48	40	192	167	138	
Southern States mills (Ark., La., Tenn., Tex.):					=00		070									
Receipts, rough, from producersmil. lb	6, 621 4, 226	7, 047 4, 816	640 5 <b>3</b> 9	804 599	702 585	389 546	25 <b>3</b> 491	136 427	92 <b>3</b> 57	117 240	945 <b>3</b> 04	2, 462 411	1,548 512	644 411	368 428	
basis), end of periodmil. lb	1,816 3,583	1, 788 3, 801	$1,788 \\ 442$	1, 727 545	1, 646 564	1, 387 556	1, 065 464	739 437	429 555	$\frac{268}{248}$	606 226	1,804 164	2, 313 306	2, 343 249	2, 150 <b>3</b> 96	
Exportsdo Price, wholesale, No. 2, medium grain (South- west Louisiana)\$ per lb	. 180	.252	. 208	. 205	. 210	. 205	. 205	. 185	. 195	. 195	. 195	. 168	. 168	. 170	. 178	
Rye: Production (crop estimate)mil. bu	1 26.3	1 19.3													1 17.9	
Stocks (domestic), end of perioddo Price, wholesale, No. 2 (Minneapolis)\$ per bu	21.4 1.82	r 12.0 2.99	7 12.0 3.07	3.02	2.80	r 8.2 2.48	2.74	2.68	<sup>2</sup> 5. 8 2. 47	2.58	2.97	r 15.7 3.08	2.98	2.83	9.7 • 2.72	
Wheat: Production (crop estimate), totalmil. bu	1 1,705	<sup>1</sup> 1, 79 <b>6</b>													1 2, 134	
Spring wheat do do do	1 432 1 1.273	1 406 1 1,390													1 483	
Distributiondo	2, 179	r 1, 620	r 456			r 446			* <b>33</b> 5			r 571			507	
Stocks (domestic), end of period, totaldo On farmsdo	927 363 564	r 1, 108 r 446 661	r 1, 108 r 446 661			* 662 * 274 388			r 2 327 r 2 132 2 194			7 1,891 7 762 1,129			1, 385 547 838	
Exports, total, including flourdo Wheat onlydo	<sup>3</sup> 1, 403. 5	944. 0 919. 4	84. 8 82. 3	110.4 108.4	72, 9 71, <b>3</b>	66.5 65.2	78.2 77.0	69.4 65.3	79.8 77.2	102.2 99.7	113.5 111.2	$127.2 \\ 125.5$	125.3 123.6	119.2 117.8	93.6 92.3	
Prices, wholesale:	- 1, 012. 1	515.4	. 02.0	100.1	11.0		11.0		=	00.1	111.2		120.0	111.0	02.0	
No. 1, dark northern spring (Minneapolis) \$ per bu No. 2, hd. and dk. hd. winter (Kans. City). do	3.43	5.24	5.38	4.81 4.42	4.47 4.02	4.48	4. 57 3. 76	4.41 3.45	4.25 3.40	4.66 4.01	4.88	4.99	4.81 4.29	4.57 3.92	4.32 3.79	
Weighted avg., selected markets, all grades \$ per bu	3.58 3.64	4.74 5.53	4.84 5.64	4. 42 5. 22	5.00	3.78 4.78	4.94	4.96	4. 39	4.69	4.31 5.08	5.01	5.10	4. 64	4. 29	
Wheat flour: Production:											_					
Flourthous. sacks (100 lb.) Offalthous. sh. tons	249, 265 4, <b>3</b> 03	242, 157 4, 323	19,658 359	19, 466 354	17,653 321	19,054 <b>3</b> 49	20,599 378	20,361 371	19, 631 361	$21,156 \\ 384$	21, 705 398	22,681 409	24,129 432	r 20,113 r 360	20, 577	
Grindings of wheatthous. buthous. butho	555, 269	4, 525 542, 904	44,272	<b>43</b> , 927	39,746	42,833	46,375	45,718	44, 375	47,430	49,017	51,162	54,067	45,241	46, 061	
thous. sacks (100 lb.) Exportsdo	5, 505 13, 456	4, 499 10, 563	4, 499 1, 058	820	715	4, 755 577	516	1,718	4, 434 1, 119	1,084	999	4, 140 753	735	588	<b>3,</b> 907 555	
Prices, wholesale: Spring, standard patent (Minneapolis) \$ per 100 lb	0 794	11 007	10 175	11 400	11.025	10.388	10, 363	9.863	9.550	10. 213	10.513	11.238	11.163	10.675	10.150	10
Winter, hard, 95% patent (Kans. City)do	8.734 8.454	11.887 11.059	$12.175 \\ 11.200$	11. 488 10. 438	9.938	9, 125	8,975	8.550	8.088	8.938	9.363	10. 213	10.113	9.650	8.988	8
LIVESTOCK																
Cattle and calves: Slaughter (federally inspected): Calvesthous. animals	1,808	2, 355	254	284	250	276	284	270	276	344	345	385	443	358	381	
Cattledo Prices, wholesale:	30, 521	33, 319	2, 902	3, 152	2,778	2, 826	2, 889	2, 851	2, 898	3,084	3, 141		3, 584	3,116	3, 267	
Beef steers (Omaha) †	44.54 49.13 57.19	41.89 36.49 46.19	37.20 28.05 36.00	36.34 26.79 36.50	34.74 26.80 36.50	36.08 27.86 38.00	42.80 30.73 37.00	49.48 34.87 37.00	51.82 33.52 31.50	50.21 30.69	46.80 32.93 28.50	48.91 35.98	47.90 36.74	45.23 36.77 30.00	45.01 37.79	43
Hogs: Blaughter (federally inspected)thous. animals	72, 264	77,071	6, 243	6, 350	5, 540	5,751	6, 361	5, 376	5,077	4,659	4,627	5,217	5, 379	5,084	5, 508	
Prices: Wholesale, average, all grades (Sloux City)	12,201	11,011	0, 240	0,000	0,010	0,101	0,001	0,010		1,000	1,021	0,211		0,001		
\$ per 100 lb Hog-corn price ratio (bu. of corn equal in value to 100 lb. live hog)	40, 10	34.75	38.96	38.23	39.23	39.22	40.32	45.78	50.28	55.70	56.80	61.19	58.76	49.78	48.36	
Sheep and lambs:	\$ 21.7	\$ 12.2	11.7	12.4	13. 4	14.3	14.7	17.0	17.6	19.9	19.0	21. 2	22, 1	21.0	20.0	
Slaughter (federally inspected) thous. animals Price, wholesale, lambs, average (Omaha)	5, 201	8, 556	595	662	570	648	627	615	614	635	621	758	701	515	584	
\$ per 100 lb. MEATS	36.69	39.76	<b>3</b> 8. 50	37.50	40. 50	45.12	48.88	50, 75	46.12	45.00	41.00	44.12	44.00	45.00	48.13	
l'otal meats:														1		
Production (carcass weight, leaf lard in), inspected slaughter t	33, 525	7 36, 330	2, 971	3, 169	2, 762	2, 845	2, 966	2, 751	2, 704	2, 697	2, 716	2, 940	3, 164	2, 846	<b>3</b> , 011	
Stocks (excluding lard), cold storage, end of periodmil.lb_ Exports (meat and meat preparations)do	830 759	803 714	803 54	815 57	798 67	78 <b>3</b> 75	794 65	722 79	652 64	57 <b>3</b> 70	514 77	515 73 157	574 76	668 79	692 82	
Imports (meat and meat preparations) do	1,972	1, 634	146	179	131	145	125	111	135	148	149	157	135	168	112	
Beef and veal: Production, inspected slaughter tdo	19, 504	21, 222	1,776 415	1, 948 429	1, 714 405	1, 762 396	1,762 359	1,728 319	1,7 <b>33</b> 298	1,802 276	1,841	1, 938 263	2,126	1,842 330	1,922 369	
Stocks, cold storage, end of perioddo Exportsdo Importsdo	459 81 1,471	415 53 1, 191	415 4 110	429 3 141	405	390	359 4 91	319 3 80	298 2 107	210 2 113	200 3 122	2	5 99	7	79	
Price, wholesale, beef, fresh, steer carcasses, choice (600-700 lbs.) (East Coast)\$ per lb.	4.696	. 691	. 623	. 599	. 603	. 611	. 826	. 821	. 880	.849	. 801	. 824	. 791	. 764	. 757	
Lamb and mutton: Production, inspected slaughtermil. lb_	486	440	31	34	30	34	32	30	<b>3</b> 0	31	31	38	36	27	31	
Stocks, cold storage, end of perioddo	_ 15	14	14	12	11	9	10	9	7	9	10	11	11	12	r 12	
Pork (including lard), production, inspected slaughter tmil. lb.	13, 535	r 14, 668	1, 164	l <sub>1,187</sub>	1,018	1,049	1,172	992	942	864	845	963	1,002	977	1,058	۱

Revised. <sup>1</sup> Crop estimate for the year. <sup>3</sup> Previous year's crop: new crop not reported until July (beginning of new crop year). <sup>3</sup> Annual total reflects revisions not distributed to the months. <sup>4</sup> Average for Jan.-July and Sept.-Dec. <sup>5</sup> Effective with June 1975 SURVEY, average is restated to represent "market" year (Dec.-Nov.). <sup>9</sup> Bags of 100 lbs.

† Effective September 1975 SURVEY, data are restated to cover different price (900-1100 lbs. only). Data for earlier periods will be shown later. ‡ Scattered monthly revisions back to 1971 are available upon request. • Corrected.

#### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

							DUC									5-23
Inless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1973	1974	1974						197	15						1976
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	เบลโ	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan
FOC	DD AN	ID KI	NDRH	ED PH	RODU	CTS;	тов	BACCO	D—Co	ntinu	led					
MEATS-Continued																
ork (excluding lard): Production, inspected slaughtermil. lb Stocks, cold storage, end of perioddo Exportsdo Importsdo Prices, wholesale:	11,879 286 169 <b>3</b> 98	12, 856 307 104 362	1, 023 307 8 33	1,049 295 9 34	900 301 11 25	922 299 24 <b>31</b>	1, 043 343 10 29	876 322 13 26	842 283 19 23	773 228 23 28	755 185 22 20	861 187 19 26	896 224 17 30	864 269 19 28	9 <b>43</b> 256 22 27	
Hams, smoked composite\$ per lb Fresh loins, 8-14 lb. average (New York)do	<sup>1</sup> .810 .819	<sup>2</sup> .678 .786	. 852 . 774	. 728 . 82 <b>3</b>	. 747 . 815	.743 .798	.716 .816	. 787 . 948	. 801 . 994	. 859 1. 122	. 953 1. 079	.974 1.170	1.103 1.177	1.060 1.134	$1.109 \\ 1.016$	.9 1.0
POULTRY AND EGGS																
Slaughter (commercial production)mil. lb Stocks, cold storage (frozen), end of period, total	10, 649	10, 706	768	781	676	736	825	831	884	967	942	978	1,067	834	914	
Turkeys	431 281	456 275	456 275	<b>* 43</b> 8 267	410 240	370 207	339 178	315 160	347 193	388 248	470 328	$542 \\ 409$	611 484	407 288	r <b>31</b> 4 r 195	
Price, in Georgia producing area, live broilers \$ per lb gs:	<b>4. 23</b> 9	<b>6</b> .211	. 215	. 2 <b>3</b> 0	.250	. 240	. 2 <b>3</b> 5	. 250	. 280	. 325	, 295	. 305	. 295	. 285	. 250	
Production on farmsmil. cases⊙ Stocks, cold storage, end of period:	• 185, 0	<sup>6</sup> 183. 5	15.3	15.4	13.9	15.3	14.6	15.0	14.5	14.9	15.0	14.6	15.1	14.7	15.2	
Shellthous. casesO Frozenmil. lb Price, wholesale, large (delivered; Chicago)†	34 43	36 54	36 54	, 32 , 52	48 52	32 47	25 44	68 45	82 48	90 51	80 52	72 51	55 47	40 42	r 23 r 36	
\$ per doz MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS	. 610	. 598	. 688	.637	. 574	. 607	. 516	. 513	. 517	. 539	. 597	. 633	. 591	. 668	. 738	
ocoa (cacao) beans: Imports (incl. shells)thous. lg. tons Price, wholesale, Accra (New York)\$ per lb	248.0 .636	221. 1 . 982	18.7 .840	20.5 .895	17.3 .888	21.7 .848	17.9 .755	17.4 .595	18.7 .625	16.6 .7 <b>3</b> 0	12.5 .780	17.4 .775	21.5 .775	18.6 .685	<b>33</b> . 0 . 760	;
offee (green): Inventories (roasters', importers', dealers'), end of period	4, 146 19, 415	3,003 18,569	3, 003 4, 997			2,673 4,713			2,872 4,469			r 3, 851 r 4, 743			<b>3</b> , 565 4, 658	
Imports, total	21, 799 4, 606	19,24 <b>3</b> 2,725	$1,550 \\ 457$	1,852 359	1, 656 253	1, 535 331	1, <b>44</b> 8 277	1, <b>3</b> 65 244	1,736 473	1, 626 418	1, 868 391	2, 5 <b>33</b> 543	1,784 123	1, 587 141	1, 299 195	
Price, wholesale, Santos, No. 4 (N.Y.)\$ per lb onfectionery, manufacturers' salesmil. \$	. 676 2, 141	.702 2,771	$.700 \\ 220$	. 675 246	. 680 250	221	207	202	183	168	245	300	316	251	236	
sh: Stocks, cold storage, end of period △mil. lb	459	433	433	402	366	336	305	<b>3</b> 05	296	<b>3</b> 07	<b>3</b> 07	314	331			
gar (United States): Deliveries and supply (raw basis):§																
Production and receipts: Production	4, 931 6, 551 1, 217	4, 620 6, 895 1, 150	974 409 82	615 ( <sup>5</sup> ) ( <sup>5</sup> )	297	183	191	195	107	92 	119	164 	789	1, 138		
Deliveries, total 9	11, 538 11, 482 2, 583	11, 273 11, 237 2, 800	469 463 2, 800	514 511 3, 067	552 549 2, 970	693 084 2, 836	832 809 2, 521	870 852 2, 299	961 932 1, 946	1, 205 1, 174 1, 275	1,005 996 1,032	936 930 958	916 909 1,415	767 759 * 2,088	» 2, 505	
Exports, raw and refinedsh. tons	3, 946	62, 734	4, 394	2,777	2, 307	2,516	21, <b>3</b> 25	17, 648	27, 288	48,067	17, 501	27, 250	20, 814	9, 707	8, 789	
Imports: Raw sugar, total Qthous. sh. tons From the Philippinesdo Refined sugar, totaldo	5,200 31,566 29	<sup>3</sup> 5, 774 1, 414 ( <sup>4</sup> )	494 112 ( <sup>4</sup> )	148 (4) 1	199 54 4	222 62 5	300 54 4	223 2 3	450 0 3	40 <b>3</b> 0 1	289 226 1	596 75 9	447 118 33	201 21 61	$\begin{array}{c} 225\\ 2\\ 24\end{array}$	
Prices (New York): Raw, wholesale\$ per lb\$	. 103	. 289	. 430	. 375	. 388	.300	. 282	. 195	. 148	. 194	. 225	. 175	. 152	. 155	. 156	.
Refined: K_tail (incl. N.E. New Jersey)\$ per 5 lb Wholesale (excl. excise tax)\$ per 1b	.775	1.680 .320	3.546 . 592	3.121 .518	2.858 .479	2.679 .410	2.285 .361	2.061 .319	1.650 .259	1.470 .268	1.726 .283	1.611 .232	1.574 .205	1.419 .207	1.383 .194	
ea, importsthous. lb.	173, 314	<sup>3</sup> 178, 326	11, 844	14, 297	12, 200	15, 486	13, 648	14, 694	12, 170	9,915	11, 276	12, 404	17, 594	13, 940	11, 843	
FATS. OILS, AND RELATED PRODUCTS																
aking or frying fats (incl. shortening): Production ‡	3,635.8 114.6 3,893.4	3, 702. 8 134. 1 4, 110. 6	272. 2 134. 1 323. 1	299.7 129.2 <b>33</b> 0.1	278.7 119.5 310.6	280. 4 117. 0 319. 2	<b>3</b> 07.9 121.1 <b>3</b> 22.2	288.9 112.9 316.5		285. 1 103. 0 345. 4	299.6 88.7 344.2	<b>331</b> . 2 93. 0 <b>330</b> . 4	402.8 100.2 368.7	105.6	<b>33</b> 2. 4 124. 6 <b>3</b> 27. 0	
Production‡	74.1	96.5	96.5	84.7	81.8	93.9	97.6	95.1	76.9	79.4	71.8	73.3	89.1	r 104.5	91.1	
Production:dodddd_dd	2, <b>3</b> 59. 0 61. 2	64.3	187.6 64.3	211.0 65.6	201. 2 72. 5	198.7 65.8	181.7 75.8	183.0 64.4 .502	63.6	173.7 66.6	178.7 52.6 .486	216.6 58.6 .503	212.8 60.2	r 219.7 r 64.8	242.2 59.5 .490	
large retailer; delivered)\$ per lb nimal and fish fats:	340	. 512	. 617	. 619	. 619	. 576	. 544	. 502	. 494	. 486	. 480		. 490	. 150	. 490	'
Tallow, edible: Production (quantities rendered) ‡mil. lb. Consumption in end products‡do Stocks, end of period ¶do	474.6 558.0 40.4	665.0	55.2 58.3 33.4	56. 1 62. 7 38. 6	52.7 62.6 40.0	54. 2 69. 1 32. 1	46. 8 63. 9 25. 7		44.3	<b>33</b> . 8 46. 1 22. 1	<b>34.6</b> 44.8 24.2	<b>3</b> 6. 2 49. 6 2 <b>3</b> . 9	42.1 57.2 24.5	43.2	<b>43.</b> 2 <b>44.</b> 9 <b>3</b> 9. 0	
Tallow and grease (except wool), inedible: Production (quantities rendered);do Consumption in end products!do Stocks, end of perioddo	5, 237, 1 3, 032, 2	5, 526. 6 3, 029. 2	<b>43</b> 2. 5 220. 1	450. <b>3</b> 254. 4	<b>3</b> 99. 2 2 <b>3</b> 1. 8	433.0 234.8	405.2 238.0	371. 5 237. 4	358.3 239.6	<b>3</b> 54. 5 2 <b>3</b> 0. 7	<b>347.</b> 2 2 <b>36.</b> 2 257. 4		<b>3</b> 97. <b>3</b> 277. <b>1</b> 28 <b>3</b> .2		424.5 248.7 288.1	

<sup>\*</sup> Revised. <sup>\*</sup> Preliminary. <sup>1</sup> Average for Jan.-Sept., and Nov. <sup>2</sup> Because of a change in specification, effective June 1974, prices are not comparable with those for earlier periods: the 1974 average is for 7 mos. (June-Dec.). <sup>3</sup> Reflects revisions not available by months. <sup>4</sup> Less than 500 sh. tons. <sup>5</sup> Series discontinued. <sup>6</sup> Effective with June 1975 SURVEY, average is restated to represent "market" year (Dec.-Nov.). △ Monthly revisions for Jan.-Aug. 1974 are available.

 $\odot$  Cases of 30 dozen.  $\sigma$ Bags of 132.276 lb. §Monthly data reflect cumulative revisions for prior periods. ♀Includes data not shown separately: see also note "§". ⊕Producers' and warehouse stocks. ¶Factory and warehouse stocks. HBeginning June 1974 SURVEY, prices are for cartoned, white, shell eggs to volume buyers, delivered to store door, Chicago metropolitan area, and are not comparable with those shown previously. Comparable data back to 1969 are available. ‡Monthly revisions back to 1972 will be shown later.

February 1976

nless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown	1973	1974	1974		t	· · · · ·			19	75						19
in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anr	nual	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Ja
FOC	DD AN	d KI	NDRI	ED PI	RODU	CTS;	тов	ACCO	)—Co	ntinu	ıed					
FATS, OILS, AND RELATED PRODUCTS-Continued	ł															
egetable oils and related products: Coconut oil: Production, refined:	649.4 901.0 21.1 716.9	540. 1 726. 0 26. 6 542. 3	48.5 56.4 26.6 41.7	53.2 67.6 30.0 47.0	43. 1 58. 2 26. 1 40. 5	49.9 68.1 22.6 70.0	53. 4 70. 7 33. 9 53. 4	56. 1 67. 7 27. 6 90. 8	60. 0 71. 8 26. 9 27. 6	59. <b>3</b> 61. 8 29. 4 <b>3</b> 8. 2	61. 4 75. 2 28. 0 64. 6	66. 1 81. 1 28. 6 76. 3	77.0 87.8 36.3 101.6	68.4 78.5 735.1 178.5	68.2 76.7 26.7 80.4	
Consumption: Crude do do do do do do do Consumption in end productst do do Stocks, crude and ref., end of period ¶ do do stocks, crude and ref., end of period ¶ do	529.2 529.5 508.7 44.9	518.3 500.7 473.0 52.6	40, 1 42, 1 40, 6 52, 6	37.0 41.0 45.1 54.6	34.6 34.1 34.6 56.2	38.6 43.0 38.1 63.8	37.6 38.9 35.4 71.0	40. 6 38. 0 34. 8 85. 6	<b>3</b> 8.9 41.0 <b>3</b> 7.9 90.3	40.5 38.7 38.0 87.5	<b>3</b> 5. 2 39. 5 <b>3</b> 9. 5 65. <b>3</b>	40. 3 46. 4 42. 6 52. 4	<b>3</b> 9.8 51.1 47.8 48.4	r 40. 3 46. 4 r 41. 0 r 43. 2	34.8 44.5 40.7 40.1	
Cottonseed oil: Production: Crudedo Refineddo Consumption in end productstdo Stocks, crude and ref., end of period ¶do Exports (crude and refined)do Price, wholesale (N.Y.)\$ per lb.	1, 541, 5 1, 330, 2 906, 4 157, 9 545, 0 3, 257	1,512.71,262.7832.4177.4606.1.410	139.1117.261.5177.475.1.405	147. 6 124. 4 60. 5 197. 7 78. 4 . 400	137.5 125.5 57.9 210.2 67.3 .355	143. 4 117. 0 58. 1 188. 1 96. 6 . 315	111.6 109.0 56.0 207.9 56.8 .305	105.8 102.4 66.7 173.1 92.6 .265	84.1 93.0 53.8 164.0 17.8 , 265	72.3 74.0 56.8 146.2 69.7 .348	76. 1 68. 0 49. 6 126. 5 43. 7 . <b>3</b> 78	56. 1 73. 1 46. 7 136. 1 28. 9 . 343	76.3 53.6 51.0 125.5 21.3 .323	* 101. 0 * 75. 5 * 50. 0 * 153. 1 46. 7 . 293		
Soybean cake and meal: Productionthous. sli. tons Stocks (at oil mills), end of perioddo	16, 22 <b>3</b> . 5 245. 6	18, 543. 2 496. 7	1, 376. 3 496. 7	1, 429. 4 51 <b>3</b> . 0	1,232.3 508.3	1,379.5 524.9	1, 313, 9 438. 4	1, 190 7 410. 8	1,209.3 383.8	1, <b>3</b> 55.1 <b>3</b> 59.4	1,475.6 368.3	1,289.9 318.8	1,645.2 354.7	r1,642.1 r 407.3	1,775.4 339.0	
Soybean of: Production: Crude	7, 540, 2 6, 508, 9 6, 830, 7 690, 5 874, 3 3, 277	8, 704. 9 6, 811. 5 7, 039. 0 673. 6 1, 606. 7 . 366	621.4 482.1 516.4 673.6 193.0 .370	651.3 515.0 553.4 689.6 129.0 .356	555.9 468.6 521.2 633.7 71.6 .327	632.4 497.1 528.2 647.4 116.1 .301	600. 9 497. 0 540. <b>3</b> 662. 2 57. 6 . 296	557.6 467.9 527.4 606.7 72.9 .248	557.8 489.6 531.3 530.6 55.7 .243	623. 9 509. 3 555. 3 544. 3 65. 3 . <b>3</b> 04	674.5 550.9 562.8 567.1 13.1 .340	599.8 538.3 604.8 560.6 13.5 .285	783.9 666.9 672.0 568.0 43.8 .266	* 776.7 617.3 * 609.2 * 657.7 78.9 . 243	$\begin{array}{c} 843.6\\ 604.7\\ 627.1\\ 808.6\\ 40.4\\ .226\end{array}$	
TOBACCO eaf: Production (crop estimate)nil. lb Stocks, dealers' and manufacturers', end of period	11,742	<sup>1</sup> 1, 990												 	1 2, 184	
mil. lb	4, 409 2612, 980 268, 585	4, 457 651, 415 2299, 946	4, 457 68, 264 24, 481	57, 141 33, 650	<b>33</b> , 510 25, <b>3</b> 00	4, 307 52, 483 33, 694	46, 669 26, 144	44, 172 27, 805	3, 937 32, 073 28, 566	2 <b>3</b> , 202 26, <b>3</b> 90	<b>3</b> 9, <b>4</b> 52 25, 082	<b>4, 31</b> 2 44, 862 25, 229	52, 676 21, 888	7 <b>3</b> , 908 28, 403	<b>4, 738</b> 62, 858 18, 168	1
anufactured: Consumption (withdrawals): Cigarettes (small): Tax-exemptdo Cigars (large), taxabledo Exports, cigarettesdo	55,902 590,342 5,554 41,543	59, 272 576, 17 <b>3</b> 5, 009 46, 901	4, 473 38, 504 314 4, 273	5, 092 47, 887 351 3, 468	4, 793 46, 963 354 3, 645	4, 942 43, 968 372 5, 155	4, 547 51, 838 394 3, 313	4, 464 49, 171 397 3, 623	4, 803 49, 477 417 3, 357	5, 667 46, 301 347 4, 170	5, 239 50, 378 371 5, 294	5, 632 52, 750 389 4, 104	6, 383 58, 923 448 5, 371	5, 293 48, 011 348 4, 165	4, 559	
		·	LEA'	THEF	R ANI	) PR(	DDUC	TS								<u> </u>
HIDES AND SKINS					÷-											
Value, total Qthous. \$ Calf and ktp skinsthous. skins. Cattle hidesthous. hides	376, 999 1, 886 16, 867	<b>33</b> 9, 062 2, 163 18, 428	26, 440 292 1, 905	22, 674 280 1, 663	22, 796 161 1, 810	24, 519 236 1, 989	25, 09 <b>3</b> 174 2, 045	$24,553 \\ 230 \\ 1,834$	23, 361 115 1, 719	22, 5 <b>3</b> 2 166 1, 551	22, 965 159 1, 548	25, 782 193 1, 714	24, 921 284 1, 678	197		
ports: Value, total Qthous. \$ Bheep and lamb skinsthous. pieces. Goat and kid skinsdo	84, 300 12, 835 1, 600	77, 500 15, 732 58 <b>3</b>	3, 200 533 25	4,800 1,161 64	5,600 1,515 85	5, 800 1, 615 119	6,100 1,603 62	5, 100 1, 162 46	6, 300 1, 024 56	7, 900 1, 668 60	6, 200 1, 096 72	7,000 1,372 106	7, 900 1, 311 54	9, 000 1, 145 32		
ices, wholesale, f.o.b. shipping point: Caliskins, packer, heavy, 95/15 lb\$ per lb Hides, steer, heavy, native, over 53 lbdo LEATHER oduction:	. 622 . <b>343</b>	. 644 . 231	. 350 . 143	. <b>3</b> 00 . 118	. 285 . 125	. 285 . 163	. 285 . 275	. 500 . 253	. 258	. <b>3</b> 50 . 253	. 350 . 253	. <b>35</b> 0 . 258	. <b>3</b> 50 . 280	. 350 . 308	. 450 . 263	
Calf and whole kipthous. skins. Calf and whole kipthous. hides and kips Goat and kidthous. skins. Sheep and lambdodo.	1, 262 17, 768 14, 504	16, 824 13, 889	1, <b>3</b> 15 992	1,350			·····									
rports: Upper and lining leatherthous, sq. ft	² 120, 104	148, 565	12,759	14, 748	12, 427	13, 574	14, 624	16, 7 <b>3</b> 5	18, 473	13, 341	16, 979	14, 714	17, 131	16, 737		
ices, wholesale, f.o.b. tannery: Sole, bends, lightindex, 1967=100 Upper, chrome calf, B and C grades index, 1967=100	4 184.6 \$ 119.5	158.8	130. 9	128.0	125.1	130.9	142. 4	146.7	146.7		146.7	<b>163</b> . 9	166.8	182.6	182.6	1
LEATHER MANUFACTURES					]											
Shoes, sandals, and play shoes, except athletic thous, pairs	2490, 0 <b>33</b> 2 <b>3</b> 86, 636	452,955 355,147	<b>3</b> 0,17 <b>3</b> 24,254	<b>33</b> ,932 27,657	32,274 26,071	32,122 25,775	<b>33,</b> 856 27,002	<b>33</b> ,745 26,196	<b>3</b> 5, 786 28, 581	<b>34, 13</b> 0 28, 829	39, 000 31, 400	37,984 30,485	<b>3</b> 9,908 <b>3</b> 2,047	r 45,446 r <b>3</b> 5,859	36, 671 29, 411	
Slippersdo Athleticdodo Other footweardo	<sup>2</sup> 91, 166 <sup>2</sup> 9, 656 <sup>2</sup> 2, 575	85, 502 9, 890 2, 416	5,035 727 157	5, 146 925 204	5,021 876 306	5, 113 924 <b>3</b> 10	5,637 923 294	6, <b>33</b> 0 974 245	6, 090 870 245	4, 338 713 250	6, 331 1, 010 255	6, 446 1, 053 <b>33</b> 8	6, 447 982 432	r 8,059 r 1,191 r 337	6, 017 973 270	
Exportsdo	3, 599	3, 993	316	316	301	402	464	442	406	373	363	349	450	<b>3</b> 75		
Prices, wholesale f.o.b. factory: Men's and boys' oxfords, dress, elk or side upper, Goodyear weltindex, 1967=100 Women's oxfords, elk side upper, Goodyear weltindex, 1967=100 index, 1967=100.	140.7 134.3	155. 1 144. 0	160. 0 150. 5	160. 0 150. 5	162. 1 150. 5	162. 1 150. 5	164. 6 150. 5	164.6 150.5	164. 6 150. 5	164. 6 150. 5	164. 6 150. 5	168. 1 154. 3	168. 1 154. 3	168. 1 154. 3	168. 1 154. 3	1

Revised. <sup>1</sup>Crop estimate for the year. <sup>2</sup>Annual total reflects revisions not distributed to the monthly data. <sup>3</sup>Average for Oct.-Dec.; not comparable with prior periods.
 <sup>4</sup>Average for Jan.-July and Sept.-Dec. <sup>5</sup>Jan.-Apr. average. <sup>6</sup>Apr.-Dec. average.
 <sup>9</sup> Includes data for items not shown separately. <sup>9</sup> Factory and warehouse stocks.

§ Effective Oct. 1974 SURVEY, data are restated to exclude stocks of crude coconut oil; comparable data prior to Aug. 73 will be shown later.
 ‡ Monthly revisions back to 1972 will be shown later.

# SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

nless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1973	1974	1974						193	15						1976
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ual	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan
			LUM	BER	AND	PRO	DUCI	ГS		-						
LUMBER—ALL TYPES?								1							1	
Iational Forest Products Association:           Production, totalmil. bd. (t           Hardwoodsdododo	<sup>1</sup> 38,658 7,008 31,650	<sup>1</sup> <b>34</b> , 928 6, 955 27, 973	1, 9 <b>3</b> 0 424 1, 506	2, 072 381 1, 691	2, 148 336 1, 812	2,480 395 2,085	2,779 428 2, <b>3</b> 51	2, 849 435 2, 414	2, 814 492 2, <b>3</b> 22	2, 797 471 2, <b>3</b> 26	2, 914 511 2, 403	2, 986 489 2, 497	<b>3</b> , 147 511 2, 636	2, 5 <b>3</b> 0 498 2, 0 <b>3</b> 2		
Shipments, totaldo Hardwoodsdo Softwoodsdo	<sup>1</sup> 38,353 7,130 31,223	<sup>1</sup> <b>3</b> 4, 276 6, 6 <b>3</b> 4 27, 642	1, 978 375 1, 603	2, 047 340 1, 707	2, 164 322 1, 842	2, 507 389 2, 118	2, 843 443 2, 400	2, 820 456 2, <b>36</b> 4	2, 739 459 2, 280	2, 820 444 2, <b>3</b> 76	2, 851 505 2, <b>3</b> 46	<b>3</b> , 061 510 2, 551	3, 097 516 2, 581	2, 689 514 2, 175		
Stocks (gross), mill, enā of period, totaldo Hardwoodsdo Softwoodsdo	4, 457 459 3, 998	5, 109 780 4, 329	5, 109 780 4, 329	5, 137 858 4, 279	5, 12 <b>3</b> 874 4, 249	5, 064 842 4, 222	5, 000 827 4, 17 <b>3</b>	5, 052 806 4, 246	5, 124 8 <b>36</b> 4, 288	5, 101 863 4, 238	5, 165 870 4, 295	5, 090 849 4, 241	5, 140 844 4, 296	4, 982 829 4, 153		
xports, total sawmill productsdo nports, total sawmill productsdo	1, 959 9, 537	1, 668 7, 249	87 361	86 <b>33</b> 7	112 <b>3</b> 77	2 <b>33</b> 5 <b>3</b> 6	130 571	113 589	125 671	155 677	151 431	142 422	126 388	131 415		•
SOFTWOODS																
Orders, newmil. bd. ft Orders, unfilled, end of perioddo	8, 936 679	7, 367 316	476 316	657 497	508 443	728 54 <b>3</b>	635 567	598 462	674 509	682 581	551 5 <b>3</b> 2	724 549	69 <b>3</b> 551	642 592	659 550	
Productiondo Shipmentsdo Stocks (gross), mill, end of perioddo	9, 074 8, 874 9 <b>3</b> 5	7, 777 7, 730 982	453 512 982	534 476 1, 040	550 562 1, 028	608 628 1, 008	599 611 996	684 703 977	654 627 1, 004	590 610 984	619 600 1,003	715 707 1,011	688 691 1,008	548 601 955	549 601 903	 
Exports, total sawmill productsdo Sawed timberdo Boards, planks, scantlings, etcdo	637 176 462	598 158 440	33 8 25	24 7 17	30 5 25	45 11 34	52 14 38	32 8 24	38 11 27	53 11 43	55 15 40	44 13 31	35 9 26	46 10 36		
Prices, wholesale: Dimension, construction, dried, 2" x 4", R. L. \$ per M bd. ft	181.86	158.84	1 <b>33</b> . 21	138.40	146. 90	147. 29	156. 60	169. 67	161. 54	165. <b>4</b> 7	169.76	166. 79	160.09	157.56	166.40	175
outhern pine: Orders, newmil. bd. ft Orders, unfilled, end of perioddodo	<sup>1</sup> 7, 745 405	<sup>1</sup> 6, 899 344	401 344	546 373	511 383	599 4 <b>3</b> 1	629 427	533 403	569 401	627 <b>3</b> 91	647 408	583 381	709 378	638 405		
Productiondo Shipmentsdo	<sup>1</sup> 7, 895 17, 775	<sup>1</sup> 7, 121 <sup>1</sup> 6, 960	350 379	466 517	460 501	549 551	615 633	606 557	586 571	615 637	609 630	599 610	700 712	584 611		
Stocks (gross), mill and concentration yards, end of periodmil. bd. ft	1, 148	1, 309	1, <b>3</b> 09	1, 258	1, 217	1,215	1, 197	1,246	1, 261	1, 239	1, 218	1, 207	1, 195	1, 168		
Exports, total sawmill productsM bd. ft	94, <b>3</b> 46	76, 276	7, 626	4, 220	3, 509	3, 115	7, 59 <b>3</b>	5, 244	5, 175	6, 414	3, 930	7, 595	4, 699	7, 445		
Prices, wholesale, (indexes): Boards, No. 2 and better, 1" x 6", R. L. 1967=100	198.2	188.4	152. 0	144.7	147.9	150. 8	160. 5	174.0	174.7	174.5	170.8	171.5	171.4	176.5	182.0	19
Flooring, C and better, F. G., 1" x 4", S. L. 1967=100	186.2	229.2	228.5	228.5	228.5	230. 7	2 <b>3</b> 0. 7	231.8	230.7	225. 2	225.2	225. 2	220.9	222.0	223.0	25
estern pine: Orders, newmil. bd. ft Orders, unfilled, end of perioddodo	10, 456 556	8, 788 392	489 392	587 471	507 441	663 496	791 523	720 470	748 484	869 546	740 513	936 560	<b>83</b> 8 542	725 559	743 538	
Productiondo Shipmentsdo	10, 564 10, 455	8, 97 <b>3</b> 8, 952	498 521	465 508	505 537	612 608	753 764	794 773	735 734	805 807	823 773	852 889	895 856	654 708	706 764	
Stocks (gross) , mill, end of perioddo	1, 323	1, 344	1, 344	1, 301	1, 269	1, 273	1, 262	1, 283	1, 284	1, 282	1, 332	1, 295	1, 334	1, 280	1, 222	
Price, wholesale, Ponderosa, boards, No. 3, 1" x 12", R. L. (6' and over)\$ per M bd. ft	179.62	151.38	120.06	126.78	1 <b>3</b> 2, 8 <b>3</b>	150. 35	154. <b>3</b> 1	173.62	170. 71	145. 95	141.17	131. 78	128.87	127. <b>3</b> 0		15
HARDWOOD FLOORING												1				
ak : Orders, newmil. bd. ft Orders, unfilied, end of perioddodo	178.3 5.1	108. <b>3</b> 2.5	6.4 2.5	8.5 2.8	9.9 4.6	8.6 4.9	9.1 4.5	8.0 3.8	7.6 3.2	8.6 2.9	9. <b>3</b> 2.6	8.0 3.0	9.4 3.3	8.3 4.4	8.8 4.5	
Productiondo Shipmentsdo Stocks (gross), mill, end of perioddo	188.0 184.6 8.2	123.9 108.5 19.2	6.8 6.3 19.2	7.6 7.9 19.0	6.6 8.1 17.4	7.1 8.2 16.3	8.9 9.4 15.4	8.5 8.3 15.7	8.0 8.1 14.9	9.2 8.2 15.9	8.4 9.0 15.4	7.9 7.4 15.8	8.5 8.7 15.7	6.2 7.2 14.7	7.0 8.3 12.5	
		M	ETAI	LS AN	D M	ANUI	FACT	URES	3					<u>.</u>	<u>.</u>	
IRON AND STEEL		1	1	1					[]					1	1	<u> </u>

											I I	1	1	1		
IRON AND STEEL Exports: Steel mill productsthous. sh. tons Scrapdo Pig irondo	<sup>1</sup> 4, 052 11, 256 15	5, 8 <b>33</b> 8, 696 101	470 628 4	289 720 2	257 685 7	282 779 10	270 871 13	268 1, 065 6	256 1, 005 4	270 836 2	271 809 2	202 771 3	228 657 4	185 757 4	i i i	
Imports: Steel mill productsdo Scrapdo Pig irondo	15, 150 391 459	15, 970 246 <b>3</b> 55	1, 909 23 56	1, 801 22 62	1, 192 16 26	1, 153 20 35	959 27 92	856 27 47	927 55 9	805 53 31	748 28 27	697 34 29	818 32 53	903 21 51	07	
Iron and Steel Scrap¶																
Productionthous. sh. tonsdo Receipts, netdo Consumptiondo # Stocks, end of perioddo	1 44, 711	<sup>1</sup> 55, 250 <sup>1</sup> 51, 335 <sup>1</sup> 105, 483 <sup>1</sup> 8, 408	4, 097 3, 661 7, 767 8, 181	4, 337 3, 595 8, 362 7, 916	4, 087 <b>3, 3</b> 44 7, 785 7, 597	4, 376 3, 635 8, 169 7, 431	4, 231 3, 428 7, 488 7, 559	4, 000 3, 219 6, 879 7, 920	3, 664 3, 008 6, 324 8, 279	<b>3, 411</b> 2, 443 5, 748 8, 40 <b>3</b>	3, 581 2, 421 6 135 8, 243	3, 792 3, 017 6, 703 8, 415	7 3, 292 7 6, 815	₽6, <b>31</b> 0		
Prices, steel scrap, No. 1 heavy melting: Composite (5 markets)\$per lg. ton Pittsburgh districtdo	55.95 57.40	106. 22 104. 20	83. 33 72. 00	76, 99 81, 00	81. 13 83. 50	80.47 84.50	82.06 81.50	82. <b>3</b> 5 82. 50	68. 61 69. 00	56. 04 56. 50	64. 89 65. 50	74.34 77.50	6 <b>3</b> . 54 6 <b>3</b> . 00	$59.12 \\ 61.50$	60. 42 64. 00	65. 14 74. 50

**Revised.** P Preliminary. <sup>1</sup>Annual data; monthly revisions are not available. **9** Totals include data for types of lumber not shown separately.  $\sigma^3$  Through March 1971 data are for flooring, B and better, F.G., 1" x 4", S.L., beginning April 1971, they are for flooring, C and better, F.G., 1" x 4", S.L.

¶ Effective Jan. 1975, data reflect expanded sample and exclusion of direct-reduced or prereduced iron.

#### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

February 1	9	7	6
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	1973	1974	1974	1					19	75						1976
Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		nual	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
	M	ETAL	S ANI	D MA	NUFA	ACTU	RES-	-Con	tinue	d						<u> </u>
IRON AND STEEL—Continued				<u></u>					1			1	[			<u> </u>
Ore												1				
Iron ore (operations in all U.S. districts): Mine productionthous. lg. tons Shipments from minesdo Importsdo	1 90,863	<sup>1</sup> 84, 676 <sup>1</sup> 85, 256 48, 029	5,832 7,427 4,760	5, 635 4, 134 4, 245	5, <b>3</b> 19 2, 421 2, 712	5, 823 2, 437 2, 975	6, 619 5, 906 4, 01)	8, 005 8, 454 4, 027	8, 023 9, 455 4, 738	7, 682 9, 070 4, 692	8, 01 <b>3</b> 9, 116 <b>3</b> , 472	7, 471 7, 645 4, 534	6, 160 6, 850 4, 226	5, 765 5, 796 <b>3, 06</b> 2	4, 039	
U.S. and foreign ores and ore agglomerates: Receipts at iron and steel plantsdo Consumption at iron and steel plantsdo Exportsdo	137,073	128, 306 129, 078 2, 323	12, 328 9, 177 356	6,988 9,771 98	5, 205 9, 5 <b>3</b> 9 9	5, 684 10, 672 95	8, 944 9, 781 152	12, 989 9, 182 297	12, 583 8, 531 232	12, 495 7, 825 232	11, <b>3</b> 42 7, 949 192	10, 118 8, 419 300	9, 423 8, 279 395	8, 571 7, 958 <b>333</b>	8, 375 8, 326 203	
Stocks, total, end of perioddo At minesdo At furnace yardsdo At U.S. docksdo	45,990	57, 662 9, 143 45, 247 3, 272	57, 662 9, 143 45, 247 3, 272	56, 622 10, 536 42, 789 3, 297	54, 949 13, 422 38, 468 3, 059	52, 877 16, 809 33, 480 2, 588	52, 299 17, 444 <b>32, 644</b> 2, 211	55, 750 17, 014 36, 450 2, 286	57, 594 14, 299 40, 527 2, 768	61, 166 12, 916 45, 197 <b>3</b> , 05 <b>3</b>	63, 855 11, 723 48, 676 3, 456	66, 095 11, 549 50, 376 4, 170	66, 600 10, 859 51, 521 4, 220	67, 265 10, 786 52, <b>133</b> <b>4, 346</b>	52, 2 <b>3</b> 1 4, 614	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Manganese (mn. content), general importsdo Pig Iron and Iron Products	916	851	112	79	40	108	138	116	84	77	88	51	112	43	98	
Pig fron: Production (excluding production of ferroalloys) thous. sh. tons Consumptiondo Stocks, end of perioddo	1 99, 816	<sup>1</sup> 95, 909 <sup>1</sup> 96, 792 <sup>1</sup> 763	6, 7 <b>3</b> 1 6, 715 722	7, <b>35</b> 0 7, <b>3</b> 72 709	7, 116 7, 248 656	8, 071 8, 050 766	7, <b>43</b> 2 7, <b>398</b> 828	6, 990 6, 915 886	6, 239 6, 236 944	5, 968 5, 884 1, 059	6, 031 6,049 1,120	6, 245 6, 286 1, 300	6,292 r 6, 98 r 1,333	5, 981 \$\$, 989 \$\$1, <b>3</b> 94	6, 234	
Price, basic furnace ¶\$ per sh. ton	75.24	122.61	169.40	179.88	179.88	179.88	182. 38	182. <b>3</b> 8	182. <b>3</b> 8	182. <b>3</b> 8	182. <b>3</b> 8	182.38	182.38	182. <b>3</b> 8	182. 38	182.
Cestings, gray iron: Orders, unfilled, for sale, end of period thous. sh. tons Shipments, total	<b>1,666</b> 17,047 9,008	1, 416 15, 661 8, 664	1, 416 969 528	1, 464 1, 078 576	1, 380 997 535	1, 393 1, 084 567	1, 249 1, 144 575	1, 137 1, 048 535	1, 094 1, 019 512	1, 105 858 459	1, 096 972 526	1,008 1,106 577	r 969 r 1, 202 r 614	905 1, 005 496		
Orders, unfilled, for sale, end of period thous. sh. tons Shipments, total	147 1, 031 616	133 912 553	133 59 33	116 66 37	112 59 33	103 55 34	91 63 37	87 62 36	81 61 35	80 50 29	81 57 36	72 66 39	72 73 44	69 59 <b>3</b> 5		
Steel, Raw and Semifinished														1		
Steel (raw): Productionthous. sh. ton Rate of capability utilization*percent Steel castings:	1 150,799	1 145,720	10, 960	11, 584	10, 862	11,980	10, 667	9,864	8, 744	8, 370	8, 648	9, 295	9, 214	8,709	8, 846	9, 81 74.
Orders, unfilled, for sale, end of period thous. sh. tons. Shipments, total	929 1, 894 1, 566	1, 527 2, 091 1, 739	1,527 170 147	1, <u>428</u> 182 157	1, 424 160 134	1, 295 181 146	1,232 183 147	1, 133 174 138	1, 081 165 132	1,034 132 106	957 126 10 <b>3</b>	881 161 128	831 r 176 r 143	792 146 121		
Steel Mill Products	[		1				[					[	1	{		Î
Steel products, net shipments: Total (all grades)thous. sh. tons By product:		1 109,472	7, 353	8, 324	6, 978	7, 204	6,955	6, 394	6, 178	5, 757	6, <b>3</b> 27	7, 632	6, 377	5, 70 <b>3</b>	6, 071	
Semifinished products	9,678	5, 509 7, 210 10, 919 1, 785	343 489 791 140	373 608 843 165	334 515 855 160	374 594 939 175	330 566 904 184	319 446 859 184	292 381 705 172	279 343 643 171	291 380 618 146	351 412 685 157	324 325 589 152	284 297 516 146	296 <b>3</b> 19 559 152	
Bars and tool steel, totaldo Bars: Hot rolled (incl. light shapes)do Reinforcingdo Cold finisheddo	<sup>1</sup> 10, 763 15, 135	<sup>1</sup> 18, 514 11, 061 <sup>1</sup> 5, 089 2, 251	1, 309 838 324 139	1, 440 931 300 201	1, 257 800 295 156	1, 278 801 321 149	1, 197 737 309 145	1,089 648 310 126	990 579 293 113	944 532 310 98	1, 0 <b>34</b> 610 <b>3</b> 20 99	1, 231 776 331 119	1,038 585 342 104	926 549 285 87	912 55 <b>3</b> 264 89	
Pipe and tubing do Wire and wire products do Tin mill products do	7, 316	9, 844 3, 171 7, 528	758 192 442	877 213 664	771 182 512	820 187 506	790 187 422	740 171 364	676 179 465	612 148 489	624 170 453	622 192 452	627 203 443	542 170 388	530 151 528	
Sheets and strip (incl. electrical), totaldo Sheets: Hot rolleddo Cold rolleddo	16 886	<sup>1</sup> 44, 991 15, 774 18, 275	2,890 1,107 1,114	3, 140 1, 194 1, 196	2, 390 939 886	2, <b>33</b> 0 994 82 <b>3</b>	2, <b>3</b> 75 897 1, 006	2, 221 835 948	2,318 846 989	2,128 750 914	2, 611 907 1, 148	3, 532 1, 209 1, 572	2,677 928 1,148	2, <b>43</b> 5 819 1, 08 <b>3</b>	2,624 927 1,126	
By market (quarterly shipments): Service centers and distributorsdo Construction, incl. maintenancedo Contractors' productsdo Automotivedo	11, 405 6, 459 23, 217	<sup>1</sup> 23, 179 <sup>1</sup> 12, 270 <sup>1</sup> 6, 249 18, 928	5, 314 2, 821 1, 310 4, 854			4, 873 2, 635 1, 149 3, 045			3, 711 2, 375 914 3, 776			3, 440 2, 091 1, 003 4, 686	<sup>2</sup> 1, 218 <sup>2</sup> 629 <sup>2</sup> 334 <sup>2</sup> 1, 335	<sup>2</sup> 1, 130 <sup>2</sup> 515 <sup>2</sup> 279 <sup>2</sup> 1, 189	21,246 2579 2321 21,170	
Rail transportationdo Machinery, industrial equip., toolsdo Containers, packaging, ship. materialsdo Otherdo	7,811	3, 417 6, 440 8, 218 1 30, 771	851 1, 494 1, 822 6, 692			969 1, 649 1, 814 6, 479			778 1, 345 1, 313 5, 315			686 1, 083 1, 490 5, 193	<sup>2</sup> 226 <sup>2</sup> 382 <sup>2</sup> 468 <sup>2</sup> 1, 787	<sup>2</sup> 232 <sup>2</sup> 354 <sup>2</sup> 414 <sup>2</sup> 1, 589	<sup>2</sup> 258 <sup>2</sup> 359 <sup>2</sup> 557 <sup>2</sup> 1, 581	
Steel mill products, inventories, end of period: Consumers' (manufacturers only)mil. sh. tons Receipts during perioddo Consumption during perioddo	11. 2 83. 6 81. 2	13.7 81.5 79.0	13.7 6.0 5.2	13.8 6.0 5.9	13.9 5.1 5.0	13.8 5.1 5.2	13.3 5.0 5.5	12.7 4.5 5.1	12.4 4.9 5.2	12.0 4.3 4.7	11.7 4.7 5.0	12.0 5.8 5.5	11.3 5.0 5.7	r 10. 8 r 4. 2 4. 7	10.5 4.3 4.6	
Service centers (warehouses)†do	6.6	7.4	7.4	7.6	7.9	8.3	8.4	8.0	7.7	7.8	7.6	7.1	6.7	6.5		
Producing mills: In process (ingots, semifinished, etc.)do Finished (sheets, plates, bars, pipe, etc.).do	9.7 7.4		7.7 5.6	7.7 5.3	8.1 5.6	9.4 6.0	9.9 6.3	10.2 6.4	10.6 6.3	10.8 6.4	10.8 6.1	9.9 5.8	9.7 6.1	10.1 6.3	10.0 6.7	

Revised. > Preliminary. <sup>1</sup>Annual data; monthly or quarterly revisions are not available. <sup>2</sup> For month shown.
 \*New series. Source: American Iron and Steel Institute. The production rate of capability utilization is based on tonnage capability to produce raw steel for a full order book based on the current availability of raw materials, fuels and supplies, and of the industry's coke, iron, steelmaking, rolling and finishing facilities. Earlier data are not available.

TEffective May 1973 SURVEY, prices are in terms of dollars per short ton. † Revised series. Beginning in the Nov. 1974 SURVEY, steel mill inventories at service centers reflect (beginning 1967) new sample panel for the Census "Wholesale Trade Report" and (be-ginning 1962), revised unit prices for converting value of merchant wholesalers' iron, steel, etc., inventories to tonnage equivalent. Monthly revisions for 1962-72 are on p. S-32, June 1975 SURVEY.

# SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

a the second and the first second sec	1973	1974	1974						19	75	<u> </u>					1976
nless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ani	nual	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
	MI	ETALS	ANI	) MA	NUFA	ACTU	RES-	-Con	tinue	 di						
NONFERROUS METALS AND PRODUCTS																1
luminum: Production, primary (dom. and foreign ores) thous. sh. tons Recovery from scrap (aluminum content)do	4, 529 11, 147	4, 903 11, 190	416 76	<b>3</b> 94 89	<b>3</b> 24 82	347 97	326 100	<b>3</b> 27 86	<b>3</b> 02 92	310 80	<b>3</b> 08 91	<b>3</b> 00 99	311 104	310 88		
Imports (general): Metal and alloys, crude ∆do	507.6	509.0	42.3	41.9	37.4	30.7	31.5	25.5	34.9	26.7	43.5	56.4	37.8	45.3	46.3	
Plates, sheets, etcdo Exports: Metal and alloys, crudedo	57.3 229.6	45.3 207.8	4.3 12.8	5, 1 4, 8	3.1 4.9	3.3 3.6	3.6 4.5	4.1 13.4	3.6 8.6	6.4 4.8	5.0 20.9	6.0 13.7	5.8 25.2	7.4 36.8	7.4 44.9	
Plates, sheets, bars, etcdo Price, primary ingot, 99.5% minimum\$ per lb	215.1 .25 <b>33</b>	234.9 .3406	17.9 . <b>3</b> 900	19.4 .3900	14.7 .3900	12.7 .3900	18.0 .3900	15.2 . <b>3</b> 900	13.7 .3900	14.2 .3900	13.6 .4042	17.5 .4100	15.6	13.0 .4100	18.0 .4100	.41
luminum products:								. 0.000			. 1012		. 1100	. 4100	. 4100	• • •
Shipments:         Ingot and mill prod. (net ship.)mil. lb         Mill products, totaldo         Sheet and platedo         Castingsdo	14, 568 10, 900 5, 741 2, 026	* 13,648 * 10, 461 5, 626 1, 760	782.4 616.3 342.7 100.5	* 767.1 640.8 343.0 121.2	732.8 569.2 303.8 107.6	r 675.7 524.3 261.3 107.3	7 734. 4 575. 5 296. 6 114. 6	742.7 575.1 308.3 109.4	* 829.5 608.7 332.7 109.2	7 825. 4 646. 5 369. 7 93. 3	7 863. 2 665. 9 393. 4 111. 6	r 895.6 692.3 385.4 123.5	r 919.7 r 673.5 r 361.0 r 139.6	813.0 584.4 311.2 116.6		
Inventories, total (ingot, mill prod., and scrap), end of periodmil. lb opper:	4, 366	5, 156	5, 156	5, 5 <b>3</b> 5	5, 589	5, 866	5, 940	6, 092	6, 086	6, 070	6, 013	6, 014	r 5,962	6, 006		
Production: Mine, recoverable copperthous. sh. tons	1,717.9 <sup>1</sup> 1,868.5 <sup>1</sup> 1,698.3 170.2 444.0	<sup>1</sup> 1,597. 0 <sup>1</sup> 1,654. 7 <sup>1</sup> 1,420. 9 <sup>1</sup> 233. 8 482. 0	134.7 139.7 119.8 19.9 33.0	131. 1 148. 6 131. 5 17. 0 30. 0	117.6 129.0 112.4 16.6 28.0	117. <b>4</b> 128.4 114.4 14.0 27.0	12 <b>3</b> . 0 125. 7 115. 1 10. 5 29. 0	126. 7 127. <b>3</b> 115. 1 12. 2 24. 0	111.3 120.2 108.5 11.6 25.0	95. <b>3</b> 105. 9 96. 6 9. <b>3</b> 2 <b>3</b> . 0	114. 3 111. 0 96. 6 14. 4	118.5 104.3 94.7 9.6	128.4 116.4 108.4 8.0	96.9		
Imports (general): Refined, unrefined, scrap (copper cont.)do Refined △	425.6 199.9	607. 7 313. 6	44. 5 15. 1	24. 9 14. 9	24. 2 11. 3	20.0 3.8	21, 0 2, 6	16.2 2.8	35.8 13.1	15. 2 2. 9	26.8 8.4	38.1 21.0	42.4 25.3	<b>31</b> .9 19.1	<b>33.</b> 5 21. 4	
Exports: Refined and scrap $\Delta$ do Refineddo	<b>3</b> 42.0 189.4	<b>3</b> 09. 9 126. 5	<b>3</b> 2. 8 11. <b>3</b>	41. 5 19. 7	41. 7 20. 8	<b>3</b> 2. 0 14. <b>3</b>	<b>43</b> . 1 24, 9	<b>3</b> 5. 1 21. <b>3</b>	26.0 13.5	19.3 9.8	20.1 6.7	20.4 11.5	20.0 12.5	17.5 9.0	16.4 8.4	
Consumption, refined (by mills, etc.)do Stocks, refined, end of perioddo Fabricators'do. Price, electrolytic (wirebars), dom., delivered	<sup>1</sup> 2, 444 157 108	2, 160 374 179	108 374 179	109 431 188	99 451 192	104 494 196	118 513 192	126 509 174	128 511 173	100 530 180						
\$ per lb	. 5948	.7727	. 7 <b>3</b> 57	. 6903	. 6418	. 6418	. 6418	. 6378	. 6314	. 6248	. 6379	. 6379	. 6379	. 6379	. 6379	. 61
opper-base mill and foundry products, shipments (quarterly tota): mill. lb Brass mill products	3, 319 3, 032 780	2, 813 2, 647 667	51 <b>3</b> 522 144			4 <b>3</b> 9 471 131			496 524 1 <b>3</b> 2							
ead:													ĺ			
Production: Mine, recoverable leadthous. sh. tons Recovered from scrap (lead cont.)do	603. 0 1 654. 3	<sup>1</sup> 663. 9 631. 5	54. 4 56. 8	55.5 47.3	* 52.5 4 <b>3</b> .6	58. 4 50. 0	55.9 46.3	53.2 51.6	50.7 45.6	37.7 46.0	48.0 47.4	50. 6 55. 6	56.3 59.8	7 48.9 61.0	52.8	
Imports (general), ore (lead cont.), metaldo Consumption, totaldo	280.5 1,541.2	213.6 1,599.4	20. 0 111. 3	19. 0 100. 6	14. 4 95. 5	20. 8 95. 5	14.8 100.7	7.7 97.2	16.0 90.7	10. 0 86. 2	12.9 108.6	10.6 114.7	20.1 12 <b>3</b> .6	20.6 108.9	21.8	
Stocks, end of period: Producers', ore, base buillon, and in process (lead content), ABMSthous. sh. tons Refiners' (primary), refined and antimonial	157. 5	187. 1	187.1	177.1	179.2	161.8	19 <b>3</b> . 8	188.6	196. 3	194.7	190.7	195.1	193.6	188.7		- <b>-</b>
(lead content) thous. sh. tons. Consumers' (lead content) d	26.1 124.1	37.3 1166.6	37.2 154.5	54.9 160.0	73.0 144.1	96.1 136.0	101.1 120.7	102.9 122.5	109. <b>3</b> 115.5	110.0 115.9	99. <b>3</b> 116.1	85.6 114.1	76.8 121.1	82.8 117.9		
Scrap (lead-base, purchased), all smelters (gross weight)thous. sh. tons Price, common grade, delivered\$ per lb	1 84.3 .1628	85.3 .2253	85. <b>3</b> . 2450	83.2 .2450	81.5 .2450	92, 2 , 2450	89.5 .2450	77.9 .2 <b>33</b> 4	77.4 .1900	80.8 .1900	84.4 .1956	79, 5 . 2000	88.5 .2000	83.8 .2000	. 1946	. 19
in: Imports (for consumption): Ore (tin content)lg. tons	4,480	5,877	466	76	572	1,019	521	522	0	848	183	508	982	0	1,083	
Metal, unwrought, unalloyeddo Recovery from scrap, total (tin cont.)do As metaldo Consumption, totaldo	45,845 120,477 12,012 174,640	<b>3</b> 9, 602 <b>1</b> 18,897 <b>1</b> 1,989 <b>1</b> 64,742	4, 302 1, 130 230 4, 215	7,807 1,090 225 3,810	2, 386 1, 040 180 4, 770	3,360 1,065 240 4,765	5,777 1,130 195 4,975	2, 342 1, 040 205 4, 325	3, 361 1, 005 210 4, 240	1, 725 820 155 3, 750	2, <b>30</b> 0 1, 050 175 <b>4</b> , 2 <b>3</b> 0	3, 272 1, 095 105 4, 450	3,679 1,180 175 4,680	3, 719 	3, 936	
Primarydo	1 58, 142	1 51, 611	3,000	<b>3</b> , 225	3, 525	3, 920	3, 790	3, 275	3, 130	2, 970	3, 050	3, 250	3, 525	3, 365		
Exports, incl. reexports (metal)†do Stocks, pig (industrial), end of perioddo Price, pig, Straits (N.Y.), prompt\$ per lb	3, 407 9, 979 2. 2748	8, 415 10, 442 3. 9575	301 10,442 3.5187	1, 536 11, 685 3. 6376	92 12, 910 3. 7203	596 10, 170 <b>3, 660</b> 4	96 10, 812 3, 5410	253 11,062 3.4254	<b>341</b> 10, 874 3. 4248	67 9,019 <b>3.333</b> 2	153 8, 989 3. 3185	48 9, 103 3. 2277	320 9,727 3.2195	17 8,700 3.2403	21 3.0302	
nc: Mine prod., recoverable zincthous. sh. tons Imports (general): Ores (zinc content)do Metal (slab, blocks)do	478.8 199.1 588.7	<sup>1</sup> 499. 9 240. 0 539. 5	41.1 22.0 40.7	42. 3 22. 1 40. 1	<b>3</b> 9. 4 10. 5 18. 4	41.8 13.5 21.0	40. 5 12. 1 16. 2	40.5 14.4 14.9	<b>3</b> 9.7 12.2 24.2	<b>37</b> . 1 12. 1 17. 5	<b>3</b> 9. <b>3</b> 7. 7 22. 6	37.6 10.5 42.0	<b>r 3</b> 9.8 9.4 58.4	36.4 8.3 53.8	12.1 51.2	
Consumption (recoverable zinc content): Oresdododo	1 129.7 1 298.3	1 127. 1 1 258. 2	6. 6 20. 8	5.8 2 <b>3</b> .0	6.0 21.8	6.3 21.2	5. 1 21. 2	6.2 21.0	8.2	8.5	8.3	7.9	9.7 20.8	8.8 18.8		
Slab zinc: §	• 290. 3	- 208. 2	20.8	2 <b>0.</b> U	∠1. ð	21.2	21,2	21.0	17.9	18.1	18.3	19.2	20.8	18.8		
Production (primary smelter), from domestic and foreign oresthous. sh. tons. Secondary (redistilled) productiondo Consumption, fabricatorsdo Exports	<sup>1</sup> 583. 5 <sup>1</sup> 83. 2 <sup>1</sup> 1, 503.9 14. 6	<sup>1</sup> 555. 2 <sup>1</sup> 78. 5 <sup>1</sup> 1,287. 7 19. 1	45. 4 4. 5 76. 3 .8	45.8 6.3 78.9 1.1	38.3 6.7 68.4 .9	<b>3</b> 9.6 5.5 67.3 2.2	38.6 4.2 70.6 .7	30.1 4.0 68.3 1.6	27.6 2.1 72.1 ( <sup>2</sup> )	25.3 1.5 67.9 (?)	25.6 2.4 83.2 .1	29.1 3.1 94.1 (2)	28.8 4.7 94.8 .1	31.0 4.6 78.5 .2	(²)	
Stocks, end of period: Producers', at smelter (ZI)Odo Consumers'do Price, Prime Western\$per lb \$per lb	<sup>1</sup> 20. 8 <sup>1</sup> 114. 3 . 2066	<sup>1</sup> 22. 9 <sup>1</sup> 210. 7 . 3594	42.9 196.4 . <b>3</b> 924	64.4 192.3 .3915	86. 0 178. 8 . <b>3</b> 911	108.0 161.4 . <b>3</b> 895	115.7 147.2 .3893	116.0 126.8 .3894	108.6 114.0 .3894	90.5 103.3 .3892	73.5 95.3 .3890	61.0 90.6 .3889	54.0 92.3 .3895	60.7 91.6 .3890	67.4 .3893	7

Revised. > Preliminary. ! Annual data; monthly revisions are not available.
 Less than 50 tons.
 △ Effective Jan. 1974 includes items not covered in earlier periods: Aluminum—pipes, tubes, blanks, etc.; copper—imports of alloyed refined, and exports of ores, concentrates,

bilster, etc. § All data (except annual production figures) reflect GSA remelted zinc and zinc purchased for direct shipment. J Includes secondary smelters' lead stocks in refinery shapes and in copper-base scrap. † Effective with the Aug. 1974 SURVEY, data revised to omit exports of wrought tin and tin alloys. O Producers' stocks elsewhere, end of Jan. 1976, 25,100 tons.

# SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

February	1976
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Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1973	1974	1974						197	15						1976
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	An	nual	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
	М	ETAL	S AN	D MA	NUF	ACTU	JRES-	-Con	tinue	d		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT																1
Heating, combustion, atmosphere equipment, new orders (domestic), net, qtrly 9mil. \$ Electric processing heating equipdo Fuel-fired processing heating equipdo	128.6 19.9 75.8	r 153.5 23.8 r 90.4	<b>36</b> . 7 <b>4</b> . 2 2 <b>3</b> . <b>3</b>		·····	<b>3</b> 6. 6 9. 9 17. 7			40.8 19.2 9.8			<b>33.</b> 6 6. 2 12. <b>3</b>			<b>35.4</b> 8.3 12.6	
Material handling equipment (industrial): Orders (new), index, seas. adj ¶1967=100	190. 3	202.7	151. 1	126.8	133. 2	133.7	127.2	125. 9	126.1	1 <b>33</b> . 5	132.6	179.0	151.9	131.8		
Industrial trucks (electric), shipments: Hand (motorized)number. Rider-typedo. Industrial trucks and tractors (internal combustion engines), shipments	21, <b>3</b> 87 21, 917 52, 014	22, 661 26, 048 55, 124	2, 155 2, 542 4, 062	1, 626 2, 195 <b>3</b> , 756	1, 690 2, 233 3, 509	1, 549 2, 148 3, 551	1, <b>43</b> 1 1, 946 <b>3</b> , 224	1, 199 1, 762 <b>3</b> , 250	1, 046 1, 496 2, 781	802 1, 223 2, 011	825 1, 029 2, 479	1, 067 1, 249 2, 557	1,079 1,344 3,033	970 1,076 2,450	1,779 1,680 3,787	
Industrial supplies, machinery and equipment: New orders index, seas. adjusted1967-69=100 Industrial suppliers distribution: Sales index, seas. adjusted†	149.7 1 <b>3</b> 9.6	176.5 167.8	151.5 167.2	147. 1 172. 5	150. 1 170. 8	141.9 161.8	131. 6 164. 6	1 <b>3</b> 2. 2 165. 2	134.6 162.2	136.3 164.2	144. 6 166. 3	147. 8 161. 6	147. 8 167. 4	145.1 166.1	148. 2 159. <b>3</b>	172.8
metal products, etc.)*	1,550.40	146. 6 2, 017. 05 1, 715. 65 1, 445. 85 1, 241. 35 2, 025. 2	162. 9 59. 30 45. 15 164. 30 138. 20 2, 025. 2	165.0 67.75 55.75 123.35 103.55 1.969.6	166. 9 46. 65 40. 90 151. 90 124. 60 1, 864. 4	167.8 61.85 51.05 178.55 147.25 1,747.7	168. 4 76. 80 67. 35 177, 10 150, 20 1,647.4	168.7 81.60 73.60 171.20 139.15 1,557.8	169.4 82.45 60.10 179.70 154.10 1,460.6	170. 2 76. 95 65. 30 149. 05 116. 80 1,388.5	170. 5 72. 80 58. 85 121. 85 101. 95 1, 339. 4	170.6 91.60 85.45 170.00 143.10 1,261.0	170.8 89.55 77.95 159.45 130.50 1,191.1	172.0 r 80.85 r 73.15 r 134.55 r 105.95 r 1,137.4	71.05 161.95 130.95	p 71. 15 p 64. 00 p117. 05 p101. 05 p1,016.5
Metal forming type tools:       do         Orders, new (net), total	787.20 717.20 427.25 388.05 620.6	485. 20 405. 85 584. 70 521. 80 521. 2	$18.15 \\ 12.85 \\ 56.85 \\ 49.45 \\ 521.2$	15. 55 8. 90 52. 80 44. 75 484. 0	15. 95 10. 45 64. 65 53. 60 435. 3	17.35 13.05 65.00 52.80 387.6	19. 25 14. 20 43. 10 36. 95 363. 8	19. 35 12. 50 45. 15 39. 50 338. 0	36.25 27.35 39.90 34.85 334.4	17.45 15.00 33.35 27.65 318.5	29. 95 24. 60 51. 80 43. 20 296. 6	19. 70 17. 35 40. 75 34. 45 275. 6	<b>30</b> . 20 26. 85 47. 55 42. 75 258. 2	r 21. 20 r 18. 80 r 40. 85 r 34. 25 r 238. 6	<b>3</b> 9.75	p 33. 10 p29 . 65 p 39. 40 p 33. 35 p 212. 3
Tractors used in construction, shipments, qtrly: Tracklaying, total	<sup>1</sup> 24, 872 <sup>1</sup> 690. 6 <sup>2</sup> 6, 273 <sup>2</sup> 244. 8	<sup>1</sup> 23, 623 <sup>1</sup> 835, 1 <sup>2</sup> 5, 600 <sup>2</sup> 255, 6	6, 487 280, 6 <sup>2</sup> 1, 228 <sup>2</sup> 65, 0			5, 611 276. 5 1, 219 73. 6			5, 570 293. 1 1, 329 86. 8			4,732 260.6 1,070 71.9	<sup>3</sup> 95. 2	<sup>3</sup> 1, 411 <sup>3</sup> 84. 6		
and tracklaying typesunits Tractors, wheel, farm, nonfarm (ex. garden and construction types), ship., qtrlyunits mil. \$	53, 608 1 939. 5 1 212,072 1, 322. 8	\$ 51,573 \$ 1,135.1 \$ 233,842 \$ 1,785.3	<sup>5</sup> 13,131 <sup>5</sup> 327.5 <sup>5</sup> 57,987 <sup>5</sup> 501.9			10, 203 280. 5 61. 971 582. 2			10,871 7 323.4 65,411 644.7			8, 519 256. 1 *43, 902 464. 6	<sup>3</sup> 24, 937	<sup>3</sup> 14,645 <sup>3</sup> 177. 2		
ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT						-	1						ĺ	1		
Batterles (auto. replacement), shipmentsthous Radio sets, production, total market c <sup>3</sup> thous Television sets (incl. combination models), produc- tion, total market c <sup>3</sup> thous	43, 453 50, 198 17, 367	44, 408 43, 993 15, 279	3,811 3,940 1,029	2, 868 2, 514 779	2, 504 2, 143 729	2, 550 4 2, 653 4 762	2, 570 3, 034 769	2, 487 2, 380 751	2, 463 4 3, 072 4 943	2, 865 3, 418 765	3, 573 3, 178 919	4, 432 4 3, 696 4 1, 293	4, 613 3, 271 1, 069	3, 948 2, 564 878	4, 469 4 2, 593 4 980	2, 496 890
Household major appliances (electrical), factory shipments (domestic and export)* 9	35,046 5,346 3,702 2,974 3,430 6,774 2,415 5,504 4,256 1,9,124	<sup>7</sup> 31, 996 4, 564 3, 320 2, 553 2, 925 5, 982 3, 220 4, 948 3, 584 8, 470	228.2	r 1, 645 r 254. 6 r 189. 1 r 145. 2 145. 4 r 230. 5 223. 0 r 240. 9 r 181. 7	1, 754 264. 1 176. 1 138. 4 137. 1 271. 5 210. 6 300. 7 210. 0	1,970 337.4 186.8 150.0 339.1 207.2 315.6 215.6	2,060 378.8 211.8 164.2 160.2 338.9 216.9 319.8 208.4 92,549.4	2, 174 446. 5 207. 8 141. 6 154. 6 390. 0 212. 8 354. 4 198. 2	2, 367 343.5 229.0 183.7 186.2 486.4 234.9 384.2 234.0	2, 270 147. 0 195. 4 191. 3 176. 6 516. 3 276. 4 403. 4 250. 9 1º1,690.1	2, 106 71. 6 227. 1 178. 7 178. 6 417. 6 272. 4 424. 3 288. 1	2, 243 27.4 253.1 206.5 187.2 464.8 242.9 480.5 345.8	2, 246 101, 0 318, 1 214, 6 198, 3 456, 6 184, 8 429, 1 315, 5	1,577 60.3 247.6 179.0 156.2 304.7 91.5 296.2 218.7	1, 801 223. 3 259. 7 178. 8 183. 7 360. 9 83. 8 279. 3 202. 9 \$3,400.3	1, 934 261. 1 223. 8 192. 8 167. 7 299. 7 115. 2 368. 8 266. 4
GAS EQUIPMENT (RESIDENTIAL)																
Furnaces, gravity and forced-air, shipments_ thous_ Ranges, total, salesdo Water heaters (storage), automatic, salesdo	1, 720 2, 481 3, 080	1, 476 1, 950 2, 569	92, 5 139, 6 178, 3	86, 5 95, 8 215, 1	78.4 114.2 204.5	82.7 141.4 233.8	79.3 134.0 268.1	79.0 125.0 2 <b>3</b> 4.3	$\begin{array}{r} 85.5 \\ 151.0 \\ 207.8 \end{array}$	92.8 118.7 226.2	96.5 134.3 206.8	121.4 147.0 225.2	148.3 r 152.1 r 235.3	* 121.1 146.7 * 183.2	152.4	

#### PETROLEUM, COAL, AND PRODUCTS

COAL																
Anthracite: Production t	6 020	10 017	605	<sup>,</sup> 535		540	270	470	525	460	530	495	595	550	575	530
Exportsdo	6,830 717	<sup>1</sup> 6, 617 735	625 89	7 535 <b>3</b> 9	445 44	540 32	68	470	525	400	45	102	56	21		
Price, wholesale, chestnut, f.o.b. car at mine			•••	00										10.100	10,100	10 100
Bituminous: \$ per sh. ton	20.044	29.972	41.711	41.711	41.711	41.711	41.711	46.428	46. 428	46.428	46.428	46.428	46.428	46.428	46.428	40.428
Production ‡thous. sh. tons	591,738	<sup>16</sup> 03,406	39,980	54, 885	51,135	51,910	53, 135	55, 370	55,730	45, 560	49, 345	55, 660	61,000	53, 010	51, 520	50, 495

\* Revised. \* Preliminary. <sup>1</sup> Annual data; monthly or quarterly revisions not avail.
 \* Excludes figures for rubber-tired dozers. <sup>3</sup> For month shown. <sup>4</sup> Data cover 5 weeks; other periods, 4 weeks. <sup>5</sup> Beginning 1st qtr. 1974, tractor shovel-loader class excludes shipments of tractor shovel-loader/backhoes (front engine mount); of this type, data for the tractor chassis only are now included in the wheel tractor class (year 1974 data, 22, 235 units valued at \$153.1 mil.). <sup>6</sup> Data are for 6 weeks. <sup>7</sup> Effective 1974, the total includes shipments of tractor shopel and for 6 weeks. <sup>8</sup> Aug.-Dec. <sup>9</sup> Jan.-Apr. <sup>10</sup> May-July. <sup>1</sup>Effective June 1973 SURVEY, index revised back to 1970.

(beginning Jan. 1974) incorporate gross new orders from all reporting groups, comparable with data prior to 1974. See Aug. 1975 SURVEY.
JEffective Jan. 1973, data reflect total market as follows: Sets produced in the United States, imports by U.S. manufacturers for sale under their brand name and, beginning 1973, sets imported directly for resale.
Price index (Natl. and Southern Industrial Distributors Associations), based on U.S. Dept. Labor prices of 10 industrial supply/equipment prod. groups weighted according to survey of Assn. members' distributors sales (series avail. back to 1967). Appliances (Assn. of Home Appliance Manufacturers).

#### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

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nless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown	1973	1974	1974		1		·····		19	75						19
in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	An	nual	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Ja
	PETR	OLEU	M, C	OAL,	AND	PRC	DUC	гs—с	Contir	nued						
COAL-Continued														1		Γ
ituminous—Continued‡ Industrial consumption and retail deliveries,			[													
total Qthous. sh. tons Electric power utilitiesdo	556,022 386,879	552, 709 390, 068	47, 521 34, 961	49,669 35,547	45,725 31,982	47, 396 32, 833	43,753 30, 333	42,683 30,128	44,887 33,120	47,485 36,186	49,091 37,759	<b>43, 818</b> <b>3</b> 2, <b>3</b> 61	45, 414 33, 568			
Mfg. and mining industries, totaldo Coke plants (oven and beehive)do	160,827 93,634	153, 721 89, 747	11,605 6,135	13,001 7,295	13,052 7,031	13,860 7,880	13,021 7,427	$12,268 \\ 7,282$	11,429 7,081	10,811 6,627	11, 012 6, 553	11,077 6,276	11, 519 6, 659			
Retail deliveries to other consumersdo	8,200	8,840	950	1, 121	690	703	396	283	335	486	318	378	<b>3</b> 24			
Stocks, industrial and retail dealers', end of period,																
totalthous, sh. tonstodo	102,200 85,512	95, 528 82, 6 <b>3</b> 1	95, 528 82, 6 <b>3</b> 1	95, 158 81, 69 <b>3</b>	97, 164 80, 026	97, 904 80, 859	102,745 85,692	109,796	115,041 96,839	109, <b>313</b> 92, 995	93,051	112,102 96,621	118, 617 102, 47 <b>3</b>			
Mfg. and mining industries, totaldo Oven-coke plantsdo	16,398 6,875	12,617 6,037	12,617 6,037	13, 252 7, 140	16, 813 8, 010	16,766 8,665	16,793 8,980	17,428 9,60 <b>3</b>	17,796	15,884 8,126	15, 204 7, 340	15,039 7,003	15, 861 7, 729			
Retail dealersdo	290	280	280	213	<b>3</b> 25	279	260	314	379	434	425	442	283			
Exportsdo	52,870	59,926	2,587	4,254	4, 470	5, 653	6,159	7,011	6, 269	4, 691	5,859	4,529	4,647	7,593	4, 534	
Price, wholesale*Index, 1967=100	222.5	<b>33</b> 9. 5	435.4	435.9	415.4	391.8	390.8	389.6	386.0	382.0	377.3	372.4	370.2	<b>3</b> 6 <b>3.</b> 0	370.1	
roduction: Beehivethous. sh. tons	2 829	* 845	62	65	68	67	67				59		60	217	54	
Oven (byproduct)	63, 496 26, 458	<sup>2</sup> 60, 737 24, 749	4,067	4,924 2,178	4,750 1,965	5, 324 2, 104	67 5,030 2,043	56 5,052 2,031	52 4,765 2,140	52 4,532 2,259	53 4,427 2,198	4,250 2,220	4, 527	57 4, <b>3</b> 65	4, 549	
Oven-coke plants, totaldo	1, 184	935	935	1,054	1, 262	1,442	1,733	2,031	2, 140		3,867	3, 821	4, 108	4, 522	4,996	1
At furnace plantsdododododo	1, 113 71	910 25	910 25	1,025	1, 219 43	1,372	1,634	2, 201 2, 131 131	2, 889	3, 522 3, 323 199	3,654 213	3, 618 203	<b>3</b> , 899 209	4, 322 4, 291 231	4,718	
Petroleum cokedo	1, 995	1,084	1,084	1, 077	1,090	1,142	1, 191	1, 211	1, 216	1, 283	1, 325	1, 435				
xportsdo	1, 395	1, 278	65	105	127	109	132	133	138	105	89	117	93	52	74	
PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS	1	:														
ude petroleum: Oil wells completednumber	2 9, 902	12,718	1,339	1, 299 22 <b>3</b> . 1	1, 097	1,341	1,181	1, 100	1, 246	1,229	1,272	1,504	1,633	1, 619	1,817	
Price, wholesale*Index, 1967=100 Runs to stills OMil. bbl Refinery operating ratio% of capacity	126.0 4,537.3	211. 8 3 4, 631. 6	223.0 404.9	395.8	228.6 353.9	230, 2 384, 3	232.2 368.3	234.2 384.7	256.0 385.6	250, 4 414, 9	256.1 416.9	256.1 397.5	257.8	261.0	262.6	
	91	3 87	88	85	85	83	82	83	86	89	89	88				
ll oils, supply, demand, and stocks: New supply, total ofmil. bbl Production:	6, 289. 5	6, 050. 7	517.8	525.1	460. 0	492.6	454.4	470.9	465.1	495. <b>3</b>	r 501.9	500.5				
Crudo petroleum‡	3, 360. 9 645. 1	3, 199. 3 629. 2	<sup>3</sup> 263. 9	$261.6 \\ 51.5$	240.1	262.8	253.2	259.5	252.3	258.1	r 255.4	248.0				
Imports: Crude and unfinished oilsdo		1, 313. 4	52.7 122.2	125.8	46.9 108.5	52.2 114.7	50.2 102.2	50.9 108.9	50.6 118.4	51.8	52.5	48.4 141.5				
Refined products <sup>1</sup> do	1,049.3	908.8	84.0	86.2	64.4	63.0	48.8	51.6	43.8	131. 3 54. 1	143.1 51.0	62.7				
Change in stocks, all oils (decrease,-)do	49.3	65.3	-29.7	•-22.0	- 12.9	-9.9	-19.2	12.2	1.8	15.2	20.6	40.4				·
Demand, total⊕‡do Exports:	6, 401. 7	6, 150. 0	565.1	564.5	485.3	512.4	486.9	474.9	475.1	494. 4	495.1	479.2			- <b>-</b>	
Crude petroleumdo Refined products‡do	.7 83.7	1.1 79.4	0 7.2	.8 6.2	.9 6.0	.3 6.3	(1) 5.7	0 6.3	6.7	0 5.8	0 6.3	0 6.2				
Domestic product demand, total ♀⊕‡do	6, 317. 3 2, 452. 7	6,069.5	557.9	557.5	478.4	505.8	481.2	468.6	468.3	488.6	488.8	473.1				
Gasoline‡dod	2,452.7 78.9	2, 402. 4 64. 4	204.3 7.6	193. <b>4</b> 6. 8	171.7	197.1 5.2	202.7 4.4	214.1 3.0	213.5 4.0	219.7 3.0	218.6 3.3	203.2				
Distillate fuel oil	1, 128. 7	1,072.8	119.5	122.5	106.5	102.1	92.8	<b>73</b> . 9	68.0	65.5	67.4	64.9	1			
Residual fuel oil‡do Jet fuel‡do	1,030.2 386.6	957.8 362.6	91. 9 32. 3	100. 5 32. 3	79.8 30.1	82.7 30.4	66.8 30.2	63.5 30.3	65.4 29.7	69.4 29.6	65.6 32.4	69.9 31.2				
Lubricants:do	59.2	56.7	4.4	4.5	3.2	3.2	4.3	4.2	4.5	4.2	4.6	¢ 4.4				
Asphaltdo Liquefied gases‡do	182.6 528.8	168.7 512.8	6.7 52.0	5.6 52.5	5.3 41.9	6.1 43.0	9.1 36.8	12.7 30.7	17.1 29.7	18.3 36.5	19.1 37.2	18.9 37.3				
Stocks, end of period, totaldodododododododo	1,008.3 242.5	41,121.1 265.0	41,121.1 265.0	1,099.1 270.5	1,086.2	1,076.4	1,057.2	1,069.4	1,071.2	1, 086. 4	1, 106. 9	1, 147. 3				
Unfinished oils, natural gasoline, etcdo Refined productsdo	107.0 658.8	113.6 4742.5	113.6 4 742.5	105.3 723.4	276.8 106.8 702.7	280.0 110.5 685.9	$\begin{array}{r} 281.9 \\ 114.1 \\ 661.2 \end{array}$	281.0 121.2 667.2	276.1	264.2 116.3	256.6 118.1	114.6				
afined petroleum products:		112.0	- 1 32. 0	120.1	102.7	000.9	001.2	001.2	675.1	705.9	732.2	110.0				
Gasoline (incl. aviation):	2,401.9	2, 337. 5	200.1	203.0	176.7	189.2	182. <b>3</b>	191. 1	201.2	218.5	21 <b>4</b> . 6	206.0				
Exports‡dodddodododddddodddddddddddddd	1.7 213.4	1.0 4 228.3	4 228. <b>3</b>	(1) 245, 9	.3 255.4	$\binom{(1)}{252.1}$	( <sup>1</sup> ) 2 <b>3</b> 5.7	( <sup>1</sup> ) 217.0	( <sup>1</sup> ) 210.0	(1) 215. 2	(1) 218.4	(1) 229.2				
Prices (excl. aviation)										210.2						
Wholesale, regular*Index, 2/73=100 Retail (regular grade, excl. taxes), 55 cities (mid-month) ¶\$ per gal	109.9	178.4	184.9	187.0	189.1	191.1	19 <b>3. 3</b>	199.0	206. 8	215.5	228.9	2 <b>33</b> . 7	235.1	233.0	229.5	2
A viation gasoine:	. 269	. 404	. 412	. 423	. 422	. 425	. 428	. <b>43</b> 8	. 452	. 474	. 480	. 480	. 481	. 476	. 476	
Productionmil, bbl. Exportsdo	16.4 .2	15.9	1.0 ( <sup>1</sup> )	1.1 ( <sup>1</sup> )	.9 (1)	( <sup>1)</sup>	.9 ( <sup>1</sup> )	1.1 ( <sup>1</sup> )	1.1 ( <sup>1</sup> )	1, 3 ( <sup>1</sup> )	1.5 ( <sup>1</sup> )	1.3 (1)				
Stocks, end of period	3.9	43.5	43.5	3.6	3.5	3.3	3.0	3.0	2.9	2.7	2.9	2.8				
Productiondododododo	80. 1 21. 0	56.9 4 16.9	6.0 416.9	6, 1 16, 5	5.7 15.3	<b>4.9</b> 15.2	4.5 15.3	4.2 16.5	2.8 15.4	3.7 16.0	4.4 17.2	4.4 17.8				
Index, 1967=100.	128.0	226.7	257.9	253.7	267.2	274.9	273.6	280, 6	284.6	283.7	299, 1			<b>3</b> 04. 2		1

Revised. <sup>1</sup>Less than 50 thousand barrels. <sup>2</sup>Reflects revisions not available by months. <sup>3</sup>Beginning Jan. 1974, data may reflect input of lease condensate, natural gas plant "Rquids, unfluished oils, and other hydrocarbons which are processed through the crude oil distillation facilities. No comparable data for earlier periods are available. <sup>4</sup>Beginning Dec. 1974, stocks reflect data from approximately 100 additional bulk terminals and are not comparable with those for earlier periods. No earlier data are available for these terminals.
 <sup>5</sup>Adjustments affecting supply and demand data will be available from Bureau of Mines at later date. <sup>6</sup>Not comparable with earlier periods; See note 4 for this page.
 <sup>6</sup>Includes data not shown separately. § Includes nonmarketable catalyst coke.

#### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

#### February 1976

Inless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1973	1974 >	1974						197	5						1976
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ual	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
	PETR	OLEU	M, C	OAL,	AND	PRC	DUC	TS—(	Contir	nued						
PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS-Continued	[															
tefined petroleum products—Continued Distillate fuel oil: Productionmil. bbl Importsdo Exportsdo Stocks, end of perioddo Price, wholesale (middle distillate)* Index, 1967=100	1, 030. 2 143. 1 3. 2 196. 5	974. 0 102. 5 . 9 4 223. 8	90.7 16.0 .1 4 223.8	88.4 10.0 <sup>(3)</sup> 199.8	75.0 8.5 .1 176.7	78. 5 7. 9 (²) 161. 1	74.6 3.3 .1 146.3	75. 4 4. 2 ( <sup>2</sup> ) 152. 1	77. 2 2. 0 <sup>(2)</sup> 163. 3	80. 3 3. 3 (²) 181. 5	80. 4 2. 9 <sup>(2)</sup> 197. 4	84. 4 3. 9 <sup>(2)</sup> 220. 8				 
Price, wholesale (middle distillate)* Index, 1967=100 Residual fuel oil: Productionmil. bbl.	139.7 354.6	272. 0 390. 5	300. 1 41. 4	299. 1 43. 9	297.5 37.9	294.6 40.3	294. 9 37. 3	296.1 35.7	301.3 34.6	308. 3 35. 8	312.9 35.5	<b>3</b> 18, 2 <b>3</b> 5, 5	322.9	330, 8	336.3	33
Importst	676.2 8.5 53.5 190.4	573.8 5.0 4 74.9 485.4	50.0 .5 474.9 514.8	51. 0 . 5 69. 2 604. 4	39.3 .5 66.5 515.8	40.1 .3 64.1 528.2	31.4 .2 66.3 534.6	34.8 .2 73.5 491.3	27.1 .6 69.7 489.3	35.5 .5 71.5 479.9	30.4 .4 71.9 473.3	39.4 .6 76.9 458.1	461.8	450.4		45
Jet fuel: Productionmil. bbl Stocks, end of perioddodo	313.7 28.5	<b>305.</b> 1 4 29. 8	26.7 4 29.8	25, 8 30, 3	23.4 29.1	27.8 30.5	25.9 30.3	26.7 30.7	25. 2 29. <b>3</b>	27.4 29.8	29.7 31.1	27.2 31.3				
Lubricants:dodO.	68.7 12.7 12.2	70.7 11.9 4 16.1	5.8 .8 4 16.1	4.9 .8 15.7	3.7 .8 15.5	4.6 .6 16.5	4.4 .7 16.0	4.5 1.0 15.4	4.6 .7 14.9	4.8 .9 14.7	4.7 .7 14.2	4.8 .7 14.0				
Asphalt: Productionmil. bbl_ Stocks, end of perioddo	167. 9 15. 0	164. 2 \$ 21. 6	10.8 4 21.6	8.2 24.4	7.5 26.9	9.2 30.2	9.4 30.7	13.1 31.6	14. 4 29. 6	16. 6 28. 4	16. 2 26. 3	14.8 22.6			 	
Liquefied gases (inc], ethane and ethylene); Production, total	583. 9 447. 0 136. 8 98. 6	571. 3 447. 9 123. 3 4 112. 5	47.4 38.6 8.9 4 112.5	47.6 38.0 9.5 102.8	43.0 34.7 8.3 98.5	47. 4 38. 7 8. 7 97. 1	44. 9 36. 7 8. 2 101. 4	46.2 37.0 9.3 111.7	45. 5 35. 8 9. 7 124. 1	47.6 37.2 10.4 131.2	48. 9 37. 8 11. 1 138. 5	44. 8 35. 0 9. 8 141. 6	37.8			
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	]	PULP	, PAP	ER, A	AND	PAPE	R PF	RODU	стя	<u> </u>		· .	<u> </u>		·	
PULPWOOD AND WASTE PAPER	1			1												
ulpwood: Receiptsthous. cords (128 cu. ft.). Consumptiondo Stocks, end of perioddo	73, 493 73, 596 4, 688	77, 302 74, 459 7, 238	5, 945 5, 505 r 7, 238	5, 809 5, 868 7, 994	5, 384 5, 325 7, 702	5, 056 5, 527 7, 477	4, 802 5, 059 6, 764	5,155	5,244	5, 010 6, <b>3</b> 30	5, 497 5, 476 6, 346		6, 537 6, 297 6, 727	5, 829 5, 908 6, 627		
`aste paper: Consumptionthous. sh. tons. Stocks, end of perioddo	12, 374 516	12, 106 848	649 848	740 787	693 826	699 795	770	744 755	750 744	696 752	770 740		r 871 r 768	791 717		
WOODPULP         roduction:         Total, all gradesthous. sh. tons.         Dissolving and special alphado         Sulfatedo         Builitedodo         Offbrated or exploded, screenings, etcdo         Boda and semichemicaldo	1,637 33,045 2,184 4,670 2,740	48, 417 1, 723 33, 010 2, 210 4, 711 2, 729 4, 035	<b>3, 37</b> 2 125 2, 286 192 347 198 225	3, 727 138 3 2, 568 203 365 203 3 250	3, 401 126 2, 305 170 339 211 250	<sup>5</sup> 3, 221 117 2, 289 176 362 ( <sup>5</sup> ) 277	<sup>5</sup> 3, 076 95 2, 240 148 330 ( <sup>5</sup> ) 262	106 2,359 146 327 (\$)	111 2, 334 149 342 (\$)	<sup>5</sup> 3, 171 88 2, 307 153 360 ( <sup>5</sup> ) 263	<sup>5</sup> 3, 569 107 2, 583 166 397 ( <sup>5</sup> ) 315	87 2,436 179 389 (*)	<sup>5</sup> 3, 919 133 2, 847 186 421 ( <sup>5</sup> ) 333	127 2,685 183 406 ( <sup>5</sup> )		
tocks, end of period: Total, all milisdo Pulp milisdo Paper and board milisdo Nonpaper milisdo.	380 413	1, 177 440 637 100	1, 177 440 637 100	964 351 526 86	934 423 434 78	1, 179 630 470 78	1, 222 655 494 73	1, 271 719 489 63	1, 258 710 484 63	1, 231 682 475 74	1, 140 611 465 65	540 448	r 1, 124 635 r 441 r 49	6 633 414		
aports, all grades, totaldo Dissolving and special alphado All otherdo	2, 344 736 1, 607	<sup>1</sup> 2,802 788 1 2,015	259 66 19 <b>3</b>	260 74 185	261 69 192	255 75 180	184 47 137	205 66 140	36	18 <b>3</b> 58 124	218 55 163	59	161 44 117	52		
nports, all grades, totaldo Dissolving and special alphado All otherdo	3, 993 177	1 4, 123 221 1 3, 902	312 16 296	267 9 258	238 9 229	296 17 278	248 5 243	10	24	267 11 256	22 <b>3</b> 12 211	4	255 11 244	8		
PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS																
aper and board: Production (Bu. of the Census): All grades, total, unadjustedthous. sh. tons. Paperdo Paperboarddo Wet-machine boarddo Construction paper and boarddo Wholesale price indexes:	26, 483 29, 267 149 5, 406	59, 9 <b>34</b> 26, 861 27, 892 144 5, 0 <b>3</b> 7	3, 874 2, 011 1, 604 8 252	4, 200 2, 096 1, 835 8 261	3, 937 1, 778 1, 848 7 304	4, 011 1, 787 1, 852 8 365	4, 048 1, 768 1, 886 8 387	1,799 1,985 8	1,849 1,951 7	4, 147 1, 850 1, 881 6 411	4, 613 2, 006 2, 137 8 435	1,992 2,142 8	2,258 r 2,427 8	7		
Book paper, A grade1967=100_ Paperboarddodddododddodddddddddddddddd	115.1	140.9 152.2 123.5		170.7 124.1		170.7 123.6			169.9 126.2							

Revised. \* Preliminary.
 Reported annual total; revisions not allocated to the months.
 Less than 50 thousand barrels.
 Beginning with January 1975, data for soda combined with those for sulphate; not comparable with data for earlier periods.
 Beginning March 1975, data for defibrated or exploded, screenings etc., not available; not comparable with those for earlier periods.
 Decause It would disclose the operations of individual firms.
 IMOnthly revisions back to 1971 will be shown later.

\*New series. The Bureau of Labor Statistics has revised its pricing program and discon-tinued prices for the former specification. The index shown is developed from revenue and volume data collected directly from petroleum companies. The pricing formerly was based on spot quotations in trade journals, which over the past year have come to represent a decreasing portion of domestic transactions. Because of the time required to collect the new data there will be a one-month lag in pricing; e.g. the May index reflects changes in prices from Mar. to Apr. Except for gasoline, (p. S-35) comparable data prior to April 1973 are available upon request.

#### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1973	1974	1974						197	15						1970
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anı	nual	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan
]	PULP,	PAP	ER, A	ND F	PAPE	R PR	ODUG	cts-	-Cont	inued	l		·		<u> </u>	
PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS-Con.																
Selected types of paper (API): Groundwood paper, uncoated: Orders, newthous. sh. tons Orders, unfilled, end of perioddo Shipmentsdo	1, 240 153 1, 208	1, 255 167 1, 246	90 167 98	96 149 93	88 157 76	93 171 86	74 180 88	93 182 92	102 195 84	89 197 90	114 202 101	105 207 97	144 236 122	118 232 119		
Coated paper: Orders, newdo Orders, unfilled, end of perioddo Shipmentsdo	3, 729 410 3, 825	3, 642 296 3, 832	250 296 279	266 282 285	222 254 258	232 221 258	222 199 248	246 207 243	238 203 249	252 206 252	264 199 272	26 <b>3</b> 199 260	343 252 303	<b>3</b> 01 245 277		
Uncoated free sheet papers: Orders, new	6, 701 6, 851	6, 355 6, 946	333 433	<b>3</b> 56 4 <b>3</b> 2	317 358	364 384	400 395	416 434	418 441	459 450	457 489	499 489	600 + 558	555 5 <b>3</b> 5		
Orders, new do Orders, unfilled, end of perioddo Shipmentsdo Tissue paper, production do	3, 987 193 4, 019 4, 039	4, 135 135 4, 187 4, 085	328 135 337 321	<b>33</b> 2 129 <b>33</b> 9 <b>34</b> 1	269 111 287 315	223 109 225 333	238 111 236 333	268 123 256 335	273 121 270 327	272 127 263 311	316 131 312 345	* 319 149 307 322	316 135 330 366	294 135 293 356		
Newsprint: Canada: Productiondo Shipments from millsdo Stocks at mills, end of perioddo	9, 140 9, 199 193	<sup>3</sup> 9, 548 <sup>3</sup> 9, 597 <sup>3</sup> 143	773 830 143	82 <b>3</b> 751 216	760 711 265	824 791 298	771 748 321	801 806 317	759 787 289	645 651 283	597 62 <b>3</b> 258	510 530 2 <b>3</b> 7	487 518 206	379 488 137	324 365 95	
United States: Productiondodo Shipments from millsdo Stocks at mills, end of perioddo	3, 678 3, 682 24	* 3, 481 * 3, 480 * 23	281 284 2 <b>3</b>	326 324 23	291 285 29	321 314 36	272 270 38	260 261 36	284 281 39	285 290 34	323 316 42	294 298 <b>3</b> 8	324 331 30	306 303 34	278 290 22	
Consumption by publishers d	7, 658 603	<sup>3</sup> 7, 022 <sup>3</sup> 827	578 827	503 894	477 954	548 1, 016	540 1, 035	569 1, 014	529 1, 046	482 1, 090	507 1,104	515 1, 045	565 98 <b>3</b>	58 <b>3</b> 837	546 734	
Importsdo Price, rolls contract, f.o.b. mill. freight allowed or delivered Index, 1967=100.	7, 410 4 122. 2	7, 399 4 151. 2	630 164. 4	656 181. 8	575 181. 8	55 <b>3</b> 181. 8	565 184. 7	536 184. 7	552 184. 7	537 184. 7	440 184.7	435 184. 7	394 184. 7	289 184. 7	184. 7	184
Paperboard (American Paper Institute): Orders, new (weekly avg.)thous. sh. tons Orders, unfilled §do Production, total (weekly avg.)do	518 1, 603 569	342 876 556	342 876 395	447 943 432	450 888 471	406 841 427	445 883 448	479 871 474	473 856 482	469 981 4 <b>3</b> 4	497 997 512	520 1,093 482	563 1, 198 562	543 1, 233 544	512 1, 163 546	
Paper products: Shipping containers, corrugated and solid fiber, shipmentsmil. sq. ft. surf. area	1228,052	1216,072	12, 49 <b>3</b>	14 <b>, 474</b>	13, 571	14, 571	15, <b>3</b> 79	15, 986	15,441	15,816	16, 778	18, <b>3</b> 60	19, 811	15,851	15, 959	17,4
Folding paper boxesthous. sh. tons mil \$	2,614.0 1,460.0	2,560.0 1,700.0	19 <b>3</b> . 7 142. <b>3</b>	190. 9 141. <b>3</b>	177.2 131.9	182. <b>3</b> 135. 9	192. 4 142. 4	186. 2 139. 0	189. 3 142. 4	<b>183</b> . 5 <b>137</b> . 2	196. 9 146. 2	210. 5 156. 7	7 225. 9 7 168. 7	* 190. 0 * 141. 9	202. 8 154. 0	

## **RUBBER AND RUBBER PRODUCTS**

RUBBER																
Natural rubber: Consumption	<sup>2</sup> 685. 44 <sup>2</sup> 122. 44 <sup>2</sup> 642. 91	707.72 135.37 681.32	49. 18 135.37 59. 85	\$ 57.68 \$125.55 68.17	50. 84 126. 88 41. 26	50,00 126,89 51,46	53. 12 125. 44 52. 34	55, 51 113, 14 32, 65	55. 09 125. 15 58. <b>41</b>	46, 77 118, 69 52, 7 <b>3</b>	51, 98 116, 75 59, 72	58.04 107.05 54.29	58.74 104.91 57.15	<b>44</b> . 76 110, 69 66. 21		
Price, wholesale, smoked sheets (N.Y.)\$ per lb	. 351	. 398	. <b>3</b> 15	. 290	. 295	. 293	. 29 <b>3</b>	. 285	. 293	. 318	. 303	. <b>3</b> 08	. 300	. 300	. <b>3</b> 08	. 326
Synthetic rubber: Productiondo Consumptiondo Stocks, end of perioddo	2, 585. 49 2, 400. 84 2 520. 99	2, 476, 79 2, 351, 24 609, 80	149.04	<sup>\$</sup> 153.99 <sup>\$</sup> 164.84 <sup>\$</sup> 596.02	134. 24 154. 44 590. 19	136.68 135.04 479.26	138. 71 149. 15 426. 60	153.63 149.30 424.70	149. 78 153. 40 408. 20	144. 89 137. 57 390. 78	172. 71 153. 10 378. 87	181, 99 164, 07 368, 01	194. <b>3</b> 5 179. 44 <b>3</b> 58. 94	185, 72 139, 70 365, 33		
Exports (Bu. of Census)do	275.84	267.12	16.80	14.52	17.05	15.06	17.17	15.69	16.78	16.24	18. <b>3</b> 6	19.28	20.64	21.15		
Reclaimed rubber: Productiondo Consumptiondo Stocks, end of perioddo	<sup>2</sup> 201.02 <sup>2</sup> 163.71 <sup>2</sup> 20.96	150. 85 142. 29 15. 23	9. <b>33</b> 8. 06 15. 23	<sup>8</sup> 9. 21 <sup>8</sup> 9. 18 <sup>8</sup> 15. 66	7.74 7.63 14.61	6.36 8.10 16.10	5, 60 8, 2 <b>3</b> 14, 14	8. 85 8. 68 13. 53	6. 74 9. 54 12. 83	4, 99 7, 65 11, 37	5. 80 9. 53 12. 64	6.36 9.26 12.02	6.46 8.17 10.35			
TIRES AND TUBES					İ											
Productionthousthous	223, 418	211, <b>3</b> 90	12, 294	14, 753	13, 184	12, 107	15, 222	15, 677	16, 678	14, 531	16, 413	17, 878	18, 821	15, 212		
Shipments, totaldo Original equipmentdo Replacement equipmentdo Exportsdo	238,883 69,600 165,183 4,100	209, 418 55, 245 145, 449 8, 724	10, 736 2, 644 7, 500 591	11, 823 2, 984 8, 310 529	11, 725 2, 743 8, 484 497	15, 316 3, 577 11, 147 591	19, 404 4, 231 14, 642 531	17, 941 4, 291 13, 123 528	19, 384 4, 469 14, 393 522	17, 888 3, 342 14, 156 390	16, 332 3, 852 12, 007 473	19, 883 5, 206 14, 159 518	18, 680 4, 856 13, 256 569	13, 854 3, 988 9, 352 514		
Stocks, end of perioddodododo	50, 275 4, 393	55, 242 9, 229	55, 242 646	58, 758 487	60, 970 498	57, 721 601	54, 082 577	52, 037 574	49, 803 495	46, 990 4 <b>3</b> 5	47, 405 491	45, 711 470	46, 002 547	47, 569 529		
Inner tubes, automotive: Production	44 710	41, 415 46, 227 8, 755 3, 608	2, 853 2, 989 8, 755 303	3, 449 3, 302 9, 360 442	2, 884 2, 599 9, 782 321	2, <b>33</b> 5 2, 6 <b>44</b> 9, 658 25 <b>3</b>	2, 798 2, 830 9, 838 425	2, 656 2, 734 9, 921 351	2, 685 3, 099 9, 669 390	2, 497 2, 889 9, 476 217	2, 70 <b>3</b> 2, 779 9, 546 267	2, 788 3, 118 9, 474 215	3, 103 3, 414 9, 307 455	2,678		

\* Revised. » Preliminary. 1 Reported annual total; revisions not allocated to months. Publication of monthly rubber statistics was discontinued by the Census Bureau effective with the Dec. 1972 report (Series M30A). Data beginning Jan. 1973 are from the Rubber Manufacturers Association and are not strictly comparable with earlier data. 3 Beginning January 1974, data reflect reduction in basis weight of newsprint from 32 to 30 lbs. for 500 sheets measuring 24" x 36"; data for January 1974 on 32-lb. basis (thous, short tons): Canada-production, 540; shipments, 815; stocks, 222; United States-production, 289; shipments, 285; mill stocks, 29; consumption by publishers, 586, stocks at and in transit, 676. 4 Beginning

Feb. 1975, data reflect indexes in lieu of dollar amounts formerly shown. <sup>5</sup> Metric tons (thous.) beginning Jan. 1975. t Represents the sum of uncoated book paper and writing and related papers (in-luding thin paper) formerly shown separately; data for new orders no longer available for the individual items.  $\Im$  As reported by publishers accounting for about 75 percent of total newsprint consumption. § Monthly data are averages for the 4-week period ending on Saturday nearest the end of the month; annual data are as of Dec. 31.

February 1976

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1973	1974	1974							75						1976
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	An	nual	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
		STON	e, cl	AY,	AND	GLAS	SS PF	RODU	CTS							
PORTLAND CEMENT	1			}	1						1	1				
Shipments, finished comentthous. bbl	1470,527	1 431, 516	2 <b>3,</b> 181	19, 191	17,553	21, 787	28, 771	34, 101	36,266	38,910	39, 176	38, 941	41,745	28, 346	22, 782	
CLAY CONSTRUCTION PRODUCTS			ļ	ļ											}	
Shipments: Brick, unglazed (common and face)	ļ								-			:				
mil. standard brick	94.2	6,673.0 99.7 1,454.1	346. 4 8. 6 79. 7	321.2 7.4 85.5	292.6 8.1 65.8	352.8 8.9 82.5	487.8 8.5 101.6	531.3 8.0 112.9	553.8 7.7 111.1	589. 2 6. 4 114. 7	588.3 6.6 115.5	570.5 7.3 109.1	r 625.0 6.8 r 118.9	50 <b>3</b> . 8 5. 6 99. 9		
mil. brick equivalent Floor and wall tile and accessories, glazed and un-	122.3	96.9	7.2	5.9	5.8	6.3	6.5	7.5	6.0	7.5	6.4	7.2	7.0	5.9		
glazedmil. sq. ft	300.6	273.2	17.0	19.6	17.3	20.3	20.6	19.7	19, 2	20.2	20.1	20.3	r 21.5	18.2		
Price index, brick (common), f.o.b. plant or N.Y. dock1967=100	130. 8	143.5	151.0	151.0	154.2	155. 0	155.4	156.6	159.9	160.7	163.0	165.6	167.5	168.7	168.7	170
GLASS AND GLASS PRODUCTS														1		1
Flat glass, mfrs.' shipmentsthous. \$	597, 645	543,382	112,619			85,730			105,183			131, 143				
Sheet (window) glass, shipmentsdo Plate and other flat glass, shipmentsdo	152, 242 445, 403	132, 541 410, 841	24,369 88,250			15,522 70,208			15,026 90,157			20, 172 110, 971				
Glass containers: Productionthous. gross	279,027	280,397	17,080	22,645	21,369	22,822	22,984	22,937	24,221	25,300	25, 279	25,220	26,963	r 22,924	19,957	ĺ
Shipments, domestic, totaldo	274,295	273,709	19,148	24,160	17,853	21, 268	22,603	23,764	25 <b>,3</b> 50	29, 424	23, 802	23,439	23,863	r 20,967	21, 800	
Narrow-neck containers: Fooddo	23, 634	24,491	1,425	2,010	1,717	1,848	1, 983	2, 185	2,128	2,248 7,710	2,978	2,929	2,009	r 1, 590	1,449	
Beveragedo Beerdo Liquor and winedo	71,000 61,659 22,729	65, 631 66, 605 22, 568	5,051 4,881 1,792	5, 299 5, 661 2, 194	3, 557 5, 119 1, 528	5, 196 5, 794 1, 805	5, 127 6, 606 2, 020	5,894 6,654 1,927	6, <b>33</b> 6 7, 489 1, 994	7, 710 7, 894 1, 877	5, 280 7, 260 1, 801	4,723 6,512 1,906	4, 762 6, 365 2, 320	r 4, 747 r 5, 481 r 2, 060	5, 748 5, 987 1, 864	
Wide-mouth containers: Food (Incl. packer's tumblers, jelly glasses, and fruit jars)thous. gross. Dairy products	59, 129 197	59, 709 148	4, 080 12	6, 060 14	3, 791 9	4, 452 9	4, <b>34</b> 5 7	4,713	5, 004 10	6,722 8	4, 270 6	<b>4,</b> 829 9	5, 581 11	r 4, 681 r 7	4, <b>3</b> 90 10	
Narrow-neck and Wide-mouth containers: Medicinal and toiletdo Household and industrialdo	31, 526 4, 421	30,231 4,326	1, 661 246	2, 479 443	1, 872 260	1, 867 297	2, 227 288	2, 070 314	2,060 329	2, 514 451	1, 897 310	2, 170 361	2, <b>43</b> 5 <b>3</b> 80	r 2,091 r 310	2,054 298	
Stocks, end of perioddo	35,925	37, 500	37,500	35,551	38,716	40, 718	40,817	39,655	38,139	33, 553	34, 599	35,910	<b>3</b> 8,595	40, 369	r 37,799	
GYPSUM AND PRODUCTS (QTRLY)																
Production: Crude gypsumthous. sh. tons Calcineddo	\$ 13,558 \$ 12,592	¢ 11,999 ¢ 10,993	2, 691 2, <b>3</b> 20			2, 190 2, 006			¢ 2, <b>3</b> 20 ¢ 2, 151			• 2, 791 • 2, 444				
mports, crude gypsumdo	7,661	7, 424	1,695			1, 189			6 1,249			<sup>6</sup> 1, 537				
bales of gy psum products: Uncalcineddodo	5, 525	5,262	945			723			1, 245			1, 343				
Calcine d. Industrial plastersdo	349	322	77			66			74			73				
Building plasters:	293	215	45			42			44			47			1	
R egular basecoatdodo A ll other (incl. Keene's cement)do Boar d products, totalmil. sq. ft	484	416 12,852	94 2,739			89 2, <b>333</b>			90			96				
Lathdo	369 399	260 359	46 75			40			42 69			51 85				
G ypsum sheathingdo	341 11, 130	237	39 2,023			59 37			49			56 2.247				
T ype X gypsum boarddo P redecorated wallboarddo	2,700	9,408 2,421 168	525 30			1,737 433 26			434			462 35				
			l	EXTI	LE P											<u> </u>
FABRIC (GRAY)	1	1	1	1			1			1	1		T	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	1
Knit fabric production off knitting machines (own									ļ			1				
use, for sale, on commission), qtrly*mil. lb Knitting machines active last working day*thous	2,070.8	r 2,011.3 r 46.6	r 417.9 r 46.6			415.3 47.0			500.7			518.6				·

FABRIC (GRAY)									i							
Knit fabric production off knitting machines (own use, for sale, on commission), qtrly*mil. lb Knitting machines active last working day*thous	2, 070. 8 54. 7	r 2,011.3 r 46.6	r 417.9 r 46.6			415.3 47.0			500. 7 48. 4			518.6 48.9				
Woven fabric (gray goods), weaving mills; ‡         Production, total Q       mill, linear yd.         Cotton	5, 421 6, 214 718 285 428 3, 502	11, 054 4, 987 5, 977 1, 290 560 725 1, 797 713 1, 071	599 273 320 1,290 560 725 1,797 713 1,071	3 846 3 406 3 433 1, 335 580 751 1, 647 671 964	657 312 339 1, 292 572 715 1, 578 621 944	639 286 346 1, 261 548 707 1, 700 718 969	2 833 2 375 2 449 1, 219 519 695 1, 892 805 1, 072	749 345 397 1, 191 510 676 1, 961 806 1, 139	770 348 415 1, 186 502 678 2, 135 881 1, 240	2 796 2 354 2 434 1, 175 495 675 2, 281 935 1, 327	814 364 442 1, 168 498 665 2, 398 984 1, 390	$\begin{array}{c} 808\\ 349\\ 450\\ 1,154\\ 506\\ 644\\ 2,582\\ 1,126\\ 1,428\end{array}$	r <sup>2</sup> 1,051 2 447 r 2 595 r 1,096 497 r 594 r 2,608 1,077 r 1,501	829 352 469 1,085 488 593 2,570 1,019 1,519		
COTTON																
Cotton (excluding linters): Production: GinningsAthous. running bales. Crop estimatethous. running bales. Consumptionthous. running bales. Stocks in the United States, total, end of period Q thous. running bales. Domestic cotton, total On farms and in transitdo Public storage and compressesdo	<sup>3</sup> 12, 974 7, 279 12, 595 12, 586 2, 788 8, 761	4 11,328 4 11,537 6,617 11,486 11,476 2,037 8,413	10, 598 343 11, 486 11, 476 2, 037 8, 413	11, 195 2 469 10,690 10,680 1, 180 8, 418	<b>3</b> 95 9, 839 9, 831 762 7, 917	411, 537 400 9, 100 9, 092 681 7, 212	<sup>2</sup> 525 8, 210 8, 202 659 6, 344	455 7, 323 7, 315 560 5, 559	477 6, 575 6, 566 529 4, 865	<b>30</b> 2 527 5, 481 5, 464 275 4, 063	169 505 13, 662 13, 646 9, 131 3, 430	<b>373</b> 531 12,702 12,684 8,728 2,919	2, 766 2 683 11,775 11,759 6, 721 4, 045	5,802 , 550 , 10,618 , 10,608 3,573 -6,000 -6,000	7, 618 <sup>2</sup> 620 9, 543 9, 527 982 7, 432 1, 113	8, 072 5 8, 327
Consuming establishments	1,037	1,026		1,082	1,152	1,199	1,199	1,196	1,172	1,126	1,085	1,037	993	* 1,035 • • • •		lata not

Revised. <sup>1</sup> Annual total; revisions not allocated to the months or quarters. <sup>1</sup> Data cover 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks. <sup>3</sup> Crop for the year 1973. <sup>4</sup> Crop for the year 1974. <sup>6</sup> Jan. 1 estimate of the 1975 crop. <sup>6</sup> Excludes byproduct gypsum. <sup>(1)</sup> D Bales of 480 lbs. <sup>(2)</sup> O Bulker Source: BuCensus. Data cover warp and weft knit yard goods and knit garment lengths, trimmings, and collars; no quarterly data prior to 1974 are available. <sup>(2)</sup> Monthly revisions (1970-72) appear in "Woven Fabrics: Production, Stocks, and Unfilled

Orders," M22A—Supplement 3 (Aug. 1973), Bureau of the Census. Q Includes data not shown separately. Stocks (owned by weaving mills and billed and held for others) exclude bedsheeting, toweling, and blanketing, and billed and held stocks of denims. Unfilled orders cover wool apparel (including polyester-wool) finished fabrics; production and stocks exclude figures for such finished fabrics. Orders also exclude bedsheeting, toweling, and blanketing.  $\triangle$ Cumulative ginnings to end of month indicated.

# SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

inless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1973	1974	1974						19	75						1976
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ual	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
		ТЕ	XTIL	E PR	ODU	CTS-	-Cont	inuec	1		······	,				
COTTON -Continued	]														]	
otton (excluding linters)—Continued Exportsthous. running bales Importsthous. netweight () bales Price (farm), American uplandcents per lb Price, Strict Low Middling, Grade 41, staple 34 (1/16'), average 10 markets*cents per lb.	5, 495 33 1 44. 4 1 67.1	5, 170 46 1 42. 7	350 3 43. 8	409 7 37. 0	380 1 32.6	346 1 33.5 37.8	371 4 35.4	364 5 36. 5 41. 7	<b>3</b> 92 4 38.9 42.8	356 ( <sup>5</sup> ) 40. 6 45. 6	325 1 43.5 48.4	258 19 46. 8	226 1 49. 8 50. 4	176 1 49.7	237 6 50.0 55,1	 49.
COTTON MANUFACTURES	- 07.1	1 41.7	36.9	<b>3</b> 6.1	36.4	91.0	40.4	41. /	72.0	40.0	40.4	50.7	50.4	50.9	55.1	57.
bindle activity (cotton system spindles): Active spindles, last working day, totalmil Consuming 100 percent cottondo Spindle hours operated, all fibers, totalbil Average per working daydo Consuming 100 percent cottondo	18.0 9.8 116.2 .447 63.1	17.3 8.8 106.2 .408 55.5	17.3 8.8 5.4 .272 2.8	17. 1 8. 6 2 7. 3 . 293 2 3. 7	17.0 8.6 5.8 .291 3.0	16.7 8.6 5.7 .297 2.9	16.8 8.6 * 7.9 .314 * 4.0	16.8 8.5 6.9 .346 3.5	16.8 8.5 7.2 .360 3.7	16.8 8.4 28.2 .328 24.1	17.0 8.4 7.8 .392 3.9	16. 9 8. 3 8. 1 . 403 4. 0	17.1 8.4 <sup>2</sup> 10.5 .421 <sup>2</sup> 5.2	17.1 8. <b>3</b> 7 8.4 7.418 4.1	$17.1 \\ 8.1 \\ {}^{2} 9.4 \\ {}^{.} 374 \\ {}^{2} 4.7 \\$	
Cotton broadwoven goods over 12" in width: Production (qtrly.)	3.15	4, 714 <sup>3</sup> 13. 8 <sup>3</sup> 3. 9 <sup>3</sup> . 30 <sup>7</sup> 531. 5 568. 4	985 11.6 6.9 .59 36.2 26.2	9.3 6.1 .66 36.9 29.1	9.1 6.7 .73 36.0 24.6	890 11.5 6.9 .60 43.8 25.0	12. 2 6. 4 . 53 43. 8 27. 6	10.6 5.6 .53 45.6 22.9	979 11.3 5.4 .48 37.5 29.8	14. 8 6. 5 . 44 34. 3 32. 7	11.9 5.1 .43 38.1 40.6	1, 050 13. 0 4. 8 .37 41. 0 43. 9	12. 4 4. 7 . 38 49. 8 63. 9	12.0 4.8 .40 41.6 69.5	15.6 5.3 .34 39.9 77.5	
MANMADE FIBERS AND MANUFACTURES	0.200.4	0.005.9	1 017 4			1,226.9			1 000 9				l			
iber production, qtrly. totalmil. lb Filament yarn (rayon and acetate)do Staple, incl. tow (rayon)do Noncellulosic, except textile glass: Yarn and monofilamentsdo	8, 329, 4 635, 3 696, 7 3, 339, 6	8,085.3 533.4 645.4 3,443.0	107.2 716.1			64.3 52.9 562.7			1,688. <b>3</b> 101. 7 80. 2 774. 5			105.8 912.9				
Staple, incl. tow       do         Textile glass fiber       do         ber stocks, producers', end of period;       flament yarn (rayon and acetate)         Filament yarn (rayon and acetate)	2,969.8 688.0 46.3 34.0	2,780.6 682.9 57.5 7 <b>3</b> .9	167.8 57.5			424.6 122.4 45.4 61.3			605.0 126.9 34.0 55.3			139.0		.		
Noncellulosic fiber, except textile glass; Yarn and monofilaments do Staple, incl. tow do Textile glass fiber do rices, manmade fibers, f.o.b. producing plant;	232.2 186.5 72.5	<b>3</b> 92. 3 <b>3</b> 21. 3 98. 1	392. 3 321. 3 98. 1			<b>331</b> . 7 298. 0 110. 9			255. 4 233. 0 102. 4			267.1 220.2 95.2				
Staple: Polyester, 1.5 denier	4.61 1.04 1.30	.61 1.18 1.32	. 61 1. 27 1. 22	. 61 1. 22	.61 1.22	.61 1.22	. 61 1. 24	. 58 1. 24	.56 1.27	. 56 1. 27	. 56 1. 26	. 58 1. 36	. 58 1. 40		. 58	
Ianmade fiber broadwoven gray goods ratio: Stocks to unfilled orders, end of period*	3.13	3.20	. 35	. 41	. 42	. 43	. 38	. 37	. 33	. 30	. 30	. 28	. 24		•	
fanmade fiber and silk broadwoven fabrics:         Production (qtrly.), total 9mill. lin. yd         Filament yarn (100%) fabrics 9mill. lin. yd         Chiefly rayon and/or acetate fabricsdo         Chiefly nayon and/or acetate fabricsdo         Spun yarn (100%) fab., exc. blanketing \$do         Rayon and/or acetate fabricsblendsdo         Polyester blends with cottonmill. lin. yd.         Janmade fiber manufactures:         Exports, manmade fiber equivalent*mill. lbs.         Yarn, tops, thread, cloth	473.1         365.8         3,526.8         42,513.9         474.8         2,513.9         474.8         2,513.9         474.8         2,513.9         462.74         417.35         125.49         465.32         109.70         67.91         535.62         286.87	5,923.3 1,962.7 431.5 346.0 3,308.8 294.5 2,381.2 329.8 390.73 244.11 150.34 166.66 371.25 76.22 55.71 295.03 252.01 175.34	704.6 44.8			407.3 75.7 73.1			11. 25 11. 33 35. 69 5. 01 3. 84 30. 68 27. 38		27. 07 16. 07 12. 00 11. 00 37. 93 5. 69 4. 78 32. 24 28. 81 19. 83	407.2 76.5 65.9 803.7 43.0 640.8 70.3 29.20 17.03 12.87 12.17 37.97 5.74 4.31 32.23 28.79		23, 62 16 37 12, 57 12, 24 35, 15 6, 90 5, 47 28, 25 24, 50	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
WOOL AND MANUFACTURES			ļ							1						
Vool consumption, mill (clean basis); Apparel class	- 41.4 57.9 39.9 - 2.500 1.594	75.0 18.6 26.9 15.2 1.760 1.194 2.173	4.6 1.1 1.3 .2 1.308 .842 1.768	26.5 21.4 2.2 1.1 1.162 .788 1.732	5.8 1.4 1.4 .6 1.125 .775 1.788	6.5 1.2 1.7 1.2 1.138 .775 1.835	2 8.4 2 1.7 2.1 1.4 1.340 .835 1.857	7.7 1.1 2.2 1.3 1.506 .975 1.941	2.9 1.9 1.556 .862	* 8. 1 2 1. 2 2. 4 1. 5 1. 538 . 850 1. 813	8.1 1.7 2.4 1.0 1.712 .875 1.788	1.3 2.9 1.3 1.725 .875	4.9 2.5 1.725 .875	1. 3 4. 0 1. 9 1. 725	4.4 1.5 1.775 1.012	-  1. 1.
Vool broadwoven goods, exc. felts: Production (qtrly.)mil. lin. yd.	- 101.1	81.0	17.1	[		17.3			. 19.4		.	- 20.6				•
FLOOR COVERINGS											]					
arpet, rugs, carpeting (woven, tufted, other), ship- ments, quarterly*mil. sq. yds_		939.1	199.6	3 Monti		175.7	۱	.I	. 212. 9 .S. Dept.		.	218.3				

\* Revised. 1 Season average. 2 For 5 weeks; other months, 4 weeks. 3 Monthly average. 4 Price not directly comparable with earlier data. 4 Less than 500 bales. 4 Annual total calculated independently. \* New series. Cotton market price (U.S. Dept. of Agriculture) available monthly back >> 1947. Manmade fiber gray goods (owned by wearing mills) ratio from Amer. Textile Manufacturers Institute, based on BuCensus data; manmade fiber manufactures exports

and imports from U.S. Dept. of Agriculture (ERS), based on BuCensus data—available back to 1960. Exports and imports, originally reported in varying units, are converted int o approximate quantities of manmade fiber consumed in their manufacture (including an adjustment for waste). Not included are raw (unmanufactured) fibers and imports of certain textured yarns. Carpet shipments (BuCensus) revised quarterly data back to 1968 are available. QIncludes data not shown separately. (DNet-weight (480-lb.) bales.

# SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

February 1976

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1973	1974	1974						19	75						1976
through 1972 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1973 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	An	nual	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.
		TE	XTIL	E PR	RODU	CTS-	-Cont	inued	1		6 <b>1</b>					
APPAREL	1															
Hosiery, shipmentsthous. doz. pairs Men's apparel cuttings:	228, 269	217,905	12, 680	14, 029	15, 346	18, 488	18, 258	17, 022	21, 297	20, 154	22, 844	20, 347	21,806	19, 070		
Suits‡thous. unitstous. unitstous. unitstousers (separate), dress and sport‡do Trousers (separate), dress and sport ‡do	<sup>1</sup> 16, 679 <sup>1</sup> 21, <b>3</b> 27 <sup>1</sup> 171,115	<sup>1</sup> 16, 754 <sup>1</sup> 19, 098 <sup>1</sup> 158, 284	1,202 935 5,145	1,260 716 8,715	1,094 1,009 7,370	1,031 946 7,137	$1,096 \\ 1,101 \\ 7,464$	$1,200 \\ 982 \\ 7,147$	1,199 876 7,229	894 734 6,605	1, <b>3</b> 15 745 8, 171	$1,211 \\ 776 \\ 8,975$	r 1,489 r 1,023 r 9,196			
Slacks (jeans-cut), casual* ‡thous. doz Shirts, dress, sport, inc. knit outerwear‡do	<sup>112, 576</sup> 134, 369	<sup>1</sup> 12, 294 <sup>1</sup> 36, 437	1, 023 2, 059	849 2, 363	1, 021 2, 295	1, 267 2, 040	1, 117 2, <b>3</b> 48	99 <b>3</b> 2, 295	1, 045 2, 25 <b>3</b>	818 1, 891	926 2, 466	1,039 2,490	r 1, 212 r 2, 962	1, 113		
		TF	ANSI	PORT	ATIO	N EQ	QUIPN	IENT	,							
AEROSPACE VEHICLES				1						1						
Orders, new (net), qtrly. totalmil. \$U.S. Governmentdo	27,044 15,804	<b>3</b> 2, 704 <b>1</b> 9, <b>3</b> 90	8, 799 5, 475						5,655 3,472			8, <b>3</b> 61 5, 576				
Prime contract	24, 377 24, 305 14, 431	30, 239 26, 849 15, 196	8, 221 7, 098 4, 063						5,002 7,325 4,149			7,623 7,456 4,718				
acklog of orders, end of period 9do	29,661	35, 516	35,516			35,167			33, 497			34, 402 21, 138				
U.S. Governmentdo Aircraft (complete) and partsdo Engines (aircraft) and partsdo	16,695 13,544 2,821	20, 889 15, 489 3, 902	20,889 15,489 3,902						20,280 13,990 3,744	[		14, 184 3, 876				
Missiles, space vehicle systems, engines, propul- sion units, and parts	5,670	6, 643	6, 643			6, 553			6, 041			6, 413				
tions), products, servicesmil. \$	2, 897	<b>3</b> , 591	3, 591			3, 572			3, 760			3, 967				
Mrcraft (complete): Bhipmentsdo Afrframe weightthous. [b Exports, commercialmil. \$	4,598 64,370	4, 976 65, 573	388.8 4,862	301.5 3,876	521.9 5,955	5 <b>3</b> 9.2 6,595	442.2 5.381	496.6 6,151	529.6 6,071	415.4 4,689	<b>33</b> 6. 4 4, 318	291.2 3,379	430.7 4.966	301.2 3,678		
Exports, commercialmil. \$ MOTOR VEHICLES	2, 311	3, 360	404.9	109.5	412.5	460.6	215.3	319.5	352.9	190.7	210.4	237.6	316. 3	177.7	224.7	
Sactory sales (from plants in U.S.), totalthous	12, 637	10,059	639.6	• 5 <b>3</b> 7. 5			772.3	807.2	840.9	681.7	662.7	7 896.7	981.8	801.7	772.9	2 88
Domesticdo Passenger cars, totaldo Domesticdo	11,866 9,658 9,079	9, 191 7, <b>331</b> 6, 721	556.6 447.5 394.0	• 495.2 • 391.4 • 362.8	• 410.5	492.6	691.6 586.2 529.9	721.4 612.6 555.2	753.7 632.1 571.3	624.1 504.5 466.5	606.7 484.6 447.9	r 812.9 r 667.5 r 605.7	885.1 745.6 673.4	714.0 605.9 533.4	698.9 579.5 528.2	2 6
Trucks and buses, totaldo	2,980 2,787	2, 727 2, 470	192.2 162.6	• 146. 2 • 132. 4	a 166.8	159.8	186.2 161.7	194.6 166.2	208.8 182.3	$177.2 \\ 157.7$	178.2 158.8	229. 1 207. 2	<b>236.1</b> 211.6	195.8 175.6	19 <b>3</b> . 4 170. 6	22]
tetail sales, new passenger cars: Total, not seasonally adjustedthous	11, 439	r 8, 867	508	578	684	r 670	660	741	, 771	794	r 685	727	889	744	701	
Domestics∆	9,676 1,763	7,454 * 1,413	430 79 6.9	463 115 * 8.1	536 148 7 9.1	524 146 7.9	518 142 7.6	603 138 * 8.0	619 152 7 8.3	637 157 * 9.3	534 150 9.5	591 136 78.8	774 115 r 9.2	89 r 8.7	600 102 9.4	
DomesticsƠdo ImportsƠdo			5.8 1.1	6.6 1.5	7.2 1.9	6.3 1.6	5.9 r 1.7	6.4 • 1.6	6.6 1.7	7.6 1.7	7.8 1.7	7.2	7.7 1.5	7.5 1.2	8.0 1.4	1
Retail inventories, new cars (domestics), end of $period:\Delta$																
Not seasonally adjusted	1,600 1,682	1,672 1,755	1,672 1,755	$1,654 \\ 1,610$	1, 500 1, 395	1,482 1,360	1, 568 1, 440	1, 584 1, 437	1,602 1,444	1, 466 1, 487	1,436 1,637	1, 513 1, 664	1, 484 1, 631	1, 443 1, 541	1,419 1,502	1,
nventory-sales ratio, new cars (domestics)Ơ ratio	1.9	2.6	3.6	2.9	2.3	2.6	2.9	2.7	2.6	2.3	2.5	2.8	2.5	2.4	2. <b>3</b>	
Exports (Bureau of the Census): Passenger cars (new), assembledthous	509.19	600.90	48.87	<b>3</b> 7. 72	41.69	60.57	56.85	58.20	56.70	40.37	36.22 33.35	53.60	64.69 54.72	74.21 64.90	<b>59.4</b> 9 <b>43.</b> 95	
To Canadado Trucks and buses (new), assembleddo inports (Bureau of the Census):	452.37 151.65	516.59 214.44	<b>3</b> 9.72 15.21	$29.11 \\ 14.28$	35.52 16.57	52, <b>11</b> 19, 5 <b>3</b>	49.11 20.83	52. 23 22. 44	50.72 23.04	35.46 19.93	17.99	49.61 14.85	18.44	15.29	20.27	
Passenger cars (new), complete unitsdo From Canada, totaldo Trucks and buses ¶do	2,437.3 871.6 499.8	2,572.6 817.6 660.1	167.93 57.70 61.18	160.31 41.14 43.65	128.66 40.21 34.13	204.91 92.55 39.41	166.17 70.80 33.93	178 88 72 05 37.14	177.15 64.96 41.04	176.78 46.02 32.43	168.89 47.53 33.71	139.41 56.16 32.95	177.92 74.01 40.54	179.64 66.41 38.70	215.93 61.93 58.65	
ruck trailers and chassis, complete (excludes		191, 262						6, 412			4,977	5, 212	7,094	4,710		
detachables), shipments ⊕numberdo Vansdo railer bodies (detachable), sold separatelydo	164.641 108.940 18,626	128, 493 114, 313	14,006 9,649 305	6, 581 3, 984	5,727 3,297	5, 737 2, 896	5,871 3,144 487	3, 081 422	5, 542 2, 422 607	5, 233 2, 605 136	2,422 301	2,902 265	4,110 640	2, 5 <b>3</b> 5 645		
Tailer chassis (detachable), sold separatelydo degistrations (new vahicles): O	12,790	12,933	1, 569	870	805	226	134	183	121	16	49	78	112	181		
Passenger carsthousthous	<b>411, 351</b> <b>41, 720</b>	148,701 141,369 142,657	4 586.1 4 94.3	<sup>3</sup> 570. 4 <sup>3</sup> 100. 7	<sup>5</sup> 590.0 <sup>5</sup> 115.9	3 149.0	<sup>3</sup> 581. 3 <sup>3</sup> 126. 4	4 656 8 4 130.8	4 735.6 4 137.4	4 764.9 4 144.7	4 735.8 4 150.4	4 738.9 4 143.6 4 219.5	4 799.2 4 120.8 4 236.3	4 632.6 4 80.7 4 191.4	4 100.7	
Trucks	4 3, 029	1 2,007	• 181. 3	3 163. 0	° 141. 0	3 177.6	3 176.8	• 197.2	4 215.7	4 222. 2	4 214.9	• 219, 5	• 200.0	- 151.4	- 211, 2	
reight cars (new), for domestic use all railroads and private car lines (excludes rebuilt cars and																
cars for export): Shipments	58, 252		6, 162	5,910	5,699	6,947	5,836	5,975	6,741	5, 116	4,782	5, 521	6, 657 5, 853	5,757 5,022	7, 426 6, <b>3</b> 88	
Equipment manufacturers do New orders do Equipment manufacturers do	54,814 1105.765 1102.136	7 63, 243 7 97, 929 7 85, 276	5.749 8.639 9,189	5,736 3,502 3,502	5,538 2,031 2,031	6, 794 4, 021 4, 021	5,332 1,485 1,485	5, 434 1, 813 1, 813	6, 275 631 631	4, 545 2, 498 1, <b>373</b>	4,074 <sup>6</sup> 2,220 2,520	4,854 815 815	7,405 7,005	3,014 3,014	4,049	
Unfilled orders, end of period do do do	67, 199 65, <b>3</b> 80	90, 216 79, 009	90,216 79,009	86, 943 75, 910	83,028 72,156	78, 191 67, 472	73.389 63,174	68, 007 58, 333	60, 890 51, 682	58, 239 48, 477	54,662 45,908	49, 612 41, 525	48, 540 40, 857	45, 741 38, 793	<b>3</b> 9, 9 <b>3</b> 5 <b>3</b> 4, 025	
reight cars (revenue), class 1 railroads (AAR): Number owned, end of period	1, 395	1, 375	1, 375	1, <b>3</b> 69	1,367	1,368	1,363	1, 366	1, 363	1,360	1,363	1, 362	1,357	1,358		
Held for repairs, % of total owned. Capacity (carrying), total, end of mo_mil, tons.	6.3 98.19	6.4 98.32	6.4 98.32	6.7 98.02	6.7 97.94	$7.0 \\ 98.21$	7.2 98.04	7.5 98.36	7, 6 98, 32 72, 15	7.8 98.58 72.49	8.0 98.68 72.40	8.2 98.70 72.47	8.5 98.53 72.59	8,6 98,81 72,77	8.6	
Average per cartons_ttons_tons_	I	71.49	71.49	71.59 2 Estim	71.66	71.78	71.92	72.02	1	e cars pr						<u> </u>

Revised. <sup>1</sup> Annual total includes revisions not distributed by months. <sup>2</sup> Estimate of production, not factory sales. <sup>3</sup> Excludes 2 States. <sup>4</sup> Excludes 1 State. <sup>5</sup> Omits 3 States. <sup>6</sup> Reflects cancellation of cars previously ordered. <sup>‡</sup> Annual figures ("Apparel 1974" M23A74): Survey was expanded and classifications changed; not comparable with data prior to 1973. "New series. Data cover all types of men's jeans, but exclude dungarees, overalls, and work pants.
 <sup>9</sup> Total includes backlog for nonrelated products and services and basic research. <sup>†</sup>Revised seasonally adjusted data (1971-74) are available upon request.

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Cordination       Conformunication         Communication       2         Confectionery, sales       Contracts.         Construction:       Contracts.         Costs       Employment, unemployment, hours, carnings.         Fixed investment, structures.       Highways and roads.         Housing starts.       Materials output indexes.         New construction put in place.       Consumer credit.         Consumer credit.       Consumer price index.         Copper.       Corn.         Cotton, raw and manufactures.       8,9,22         Cotton, raw and intermediate-term.       3,8,27,28	23,29 23,29 35 34 ,20,25 29 10,11 13-16 10,11 10,11 10,11 10 11 10
Cordination       Conformunication         Communication       2         Confectionery, sales       Contracts.         Construction:       Contracts.         Costs       Employment, unemployment, hours, carnings.         Fixed investment, structures.       Highways and roads.         Housing starts.       Materials output indexes.         New construction put in place.       Consumer credit.         Consumer credit.       Consumer price index.         Copper.       Corn.         Cotton, raw and manufactures.       8,9,22         Cotton, raw and intermediate-term.       3,8,27,28	23, 29 23, 29 23, 29 35 34 , 20, 25 10, 11 13–16 11 10, 11 10, 11 10, 11 10 18 33 33 38, 39 30, 38 30 38 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30
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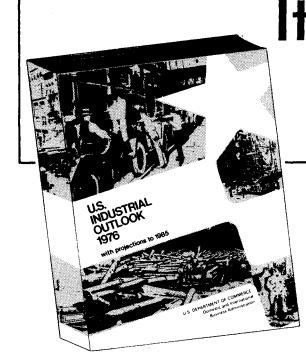
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