### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS



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# the BUSINESS SITUATION

KEVISED estimates show that real GNP increased one-half percent at an annual rate in the first quarter, onehalf percentage point less than in the preliminary (15-day) estimates (table 1). Personal consumption expenditures, residential investment, change in business inventories, and government purchases were revised downward. In personal consumption expenditures, the major source of the revision was lower estimates of retail sales in February and March. Net exports were revised upward, largely due to a higher than projected trade balance in March. The increase in GNP prices, as measured by the fixed-weighted price index, was revised down one-half percentage point to 11 percent.

### Corporate profits

Profits from current production—profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments—decreased \$4½ billion in the first quarter, to \$172 billion, according to preliminary estimates.¹ They had decreased the same amount in the fourth quarter of 1979.

Domestic profits of nonfinancial corporations decreased \$5½ billion, to \$124 billion, following a \$3 billion decrease. First-quarter profits reflected the imposition of the windfall profits tax and the oil import ("gasoline conservation") fee. These levies reduced profits on petroleum operations about \$4½ billion; because the operations that are taxed may be carried on by corporations classified in mining, manufacturing, transportation, and trade, it is not possible to allocate the impact

of the levies. The windfall profits tax, which was effective March 1, was levied on domestic oil production. The tax was designed to capture a portion of the increased profits due to the decontrol of crude oil prices. The oil import fee was placed at \$4.62 per barrel of crude oil, effective March 15, and was intended to be passed on to consumers of gasoline, effective May 15. Both levies are deductible in computing taxable profits (and are classified in the national income and product accounts as indirect business taxes). Accordingly, the portion of the windfall profits tax and of the oil import fee paid by corporations reduced corporate profitssomewhat less than \$3 billion and somewhat less than \$2 billion, respectively. (Corporate profits tax accruals were also reduced—by the amount of taxes that would have otherwise accrued on these profits.)2

Profits of trade corporations decreased very sharply-more than accounting for the decrease in the domestic profits of nonfinancial corporations—following little change in the fourth quarter. A large part of the decrease is probably traceable to their pricing practices. Many trade corporations base their sales prices on the cost of the goods that, using the conventions of first-in-firstout accounting, are in inventory. Accordingly, sales prices are based on the oldest-and with inflation, the lowestcost units rather than current—and higher—cost units. The difference in cost between the oldest unit and currently purchased unit that will

### Division Chief, Interindustry Economics Division

BEA invites applicants for the position of Chief, Interindustry Economics Division (GS-15, \$40,832-\$50,112).

The Division Chief formulates and directs the Division's program, which consists of the preparation of the national input-output tables and related research. The Division prepares detailed quinquennial input-output and associated capital flow tables and summary annual input-output tables. It also conducts research relating to the industrial impacts of specific economic developments, the nature of changes in the industrial structure of the economy, and the improvement of techniques of input-output analysis.

Applicants should have knowledge of the concepts, methodology, and uses of input-output accounting as well as experience in directing research. A strong background in national economic accounting is desirable.

Applications should include, if possible, a completed Standard Form 171—the Office of Personnel Management's "Personal Qualifications Statement," and should be addressed to George Jaszi, Director, Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, D.C. 20230.

Quarterly estimates of the national income and product accounts are expressed at seasonally adjusted annual rates, and quarterly changes in them are differences between these rates.

<sup>2.</sup> Imposition of the oil import fee may be nullified. A Federal District Court ruled in mid-May that the fee program, as presently constituted, is illegal; the ruling is being appealed. If the ruling is upheld, first-quarter profits would be increased and indirect business tax accruals would be reduced about \$2 billion, and corporate profits tax accruals would be increased somewhat less than \$1 billion.

replace it in inventory—the inventory valuation adjustment (IVA)—is deducted from book profits to derive profits from current production. This deduction was quite large in the first quarter.

Profits of durable goods manufacturers were also down, following a decrease in the fourth quarter. As in the fourth quarter, the decrease was widespread. Motor vehicle manufacturers' losses increased due to a fall off in production as well as to the costs of several rebate and incentive programs designed primarily to encourage purchases of less energy-efficient models. Profits of man-

ufacturers of nondurable goods other than petroleum increased sharply, registering a substantial rebound from a decline in the fourth quarter. Profits of petroleum manufacturers increased; the increase was less than in the fourth quarter, because of the imposition of the petroleum levies.

Profits of nonfinancial corporations can be viewed alternatively as the product of their real gross domestic product and profits per unit of real product. The first-quarter decline in profits occurred because the increase in real product was not large enough to offset the decrease in profits per unit.

Table 1.—Revisions in Selected Component Series of the NIPA's, First Quarter of 1980

	Seasonall	y adjusted rates	at annual	Percent c quarte	hange from er at annus	preceding d rates
	15-day estimate	45-day estimate	Revision	15-day estimate	45-day estimate	Revision
	Billions	of current	dollars			
GNP	2, 520, 3	2, 516, 1	-4, 2	10,7	10,0	-0.7
Personal consumption expenditures Nonresidential fixed investment Residential investment Change in business inventories	271. 6 112. 7	1, 628. 7 273. 3 110. 5	-5. 4 1. 7 -2. 2 -4. 4	14. 3 9. 9 -12. 3	12. 8 12. 8 -18. 8	-1. 5 2. 9 -6. 5
Net exports Government purchases Federal State and local	-21. 0 518. 3 187. 3	-14. 0 517. 4 186. 2 331. 2	7. 0 9 -1. 1	14. 4 21. 5 10. 6	13. 5 18. 7 10. 7	9 2. 8
National income		2, 031, 4			8. 5	
Compensation of employees	l	1,554.6 171.8		10.8	11. 4 -10. 1	
Other	305. 6	305. 0		6. 6	5.8	8
Personal income	2, 056, 6	2, 057. 2	.6	10.7	10.8	.1
	Billions	s of constar dollars	nt (1972)			
GNP.	1, 444. 2	1,442.6	-1,6	1,1	.6	0
Personal consumption expenditures. Nonresidential fixed invostment. Residential investment. Change in business inventories.	151. 0 52. 8 0	936. 0 152. 1 52. 0 -1. 9	-3.0 1.1 8 -1.9	1.6 1.1 -20.1		-1.3 3.2 -4.6
Net exports. Government purchases. Federal. State and local.	280. 8 105. 0	24. 3 280. 0 104. 3 175. 7	3.5 8 7 0	5. 4 16. 2 5	13. 0	-1. 5 -3. 5
	Index n	umbers, 19	972=100 ¹			
GNP implicit price deflator. GNP fixed-weighted price index. GNP chain price index.	179. 2	174. 42 179. 0		9. 5 11. 4 10. 1	9, 3 10, 9 9, 6	: -::

<sup>1.</sup> Not at annual rates.

Note.—For the first quarter of 1980, the following revised or additional major source data became available: For personal consumption expenditures, revised retail sales for February and March, and sales and inventories of used cars of franchised automobile dealers for February; for nonresidential fixed investment, manufacturers' shipments of equipment for February (revised) and March, construction put in place for February (revised) and March, and a partial tabulation of business expenditures for plant and equipment for the quarter; for residential investment, construction put in place for February (revised) and March; for change in business inventories, book values for manufacturing and trade for February (revised) and March; for net exports of goods and

services, merchandise trade for February (revised) and March, and revised net investment income and other services receipts for the quarter; for government purchases of goods and services, Federal unified hudget outlays for March, and State and local construction put in place for February (revised) and March; for wages and salaries, revised employment, average hourly earnings, and average weekly hours for February and March; for net interest, revised net interest received from abroad for the quarter; for corporate profits, domestic book profits for the quarter, and dividends from abroad and branch profits (net) for the quarter; for GNP prices, the Consumer Price Index for March, unit value indexes for exports and imports for February and March, and residential housing prices for the quarter.

Lower unit profits, in turn, reflected larger increases in both labor and non-labor costs than in the prices charged. Major factors contributing to the differential increases in costs and prices were that the increase in nonlabor costs was stepped up sharply due to the oil levies, and that the increase in prices was held down by the pricing practices in trade just referred to.

Domestic profits of financial corporations were flat, following a \$1 billion increase in the fourth quarter, as an increase in Federal Reserve bank profits offset a decrease in profits of other financial corporations. Other financial corporations' profits reflected sharp decreases in the profits of thrift institutions due to narrowing interest rate spreads as well as some disintermediation.

Profits from the rest of the world—measured as the net inflow of branch profits and dividends—increased \$1 billion, following a decrease of \$2½ billion in the fourth quarter.

In contrast to profits from current production, profits before tax—which exclude both the IVA and the capital consumption adjustment—increased.<sup>3</sup> They were up \$14 billion, to \$257 billion, following an increase of \$½ billion in the fourth quarter. The contrast was largely due to the IVA, which decreased \$16½ billion to —\$63 billion. The decrease in the IVA was widespread; the largest decreases were associated with prices of metals, jewelry, and petroleum products.

Corporate profits taxes, which are levied on profits excluding the two valuation adjustments, increased \$5½ billion, following a \$2 billion increase in the fourth quarter. After-tax book profits increased \$8½ billion, following a decline of \$1½ billion in the fourth quarter.

<sup>3.</sup> The two valuation adjustments are designed to obtain measures of profits in which inventories and fixed capital are valued at replacement cost, the valuation concept underlying national income and product accounting, rather than historical cost, the valuation concept underlying business accounting. The capital consumption adjustment also places the using up in production of fixed capital on a consistent basis with respect to service lives (85 percent of Internal Revenue Service Bulletin F for equipment and nonresidential structures) and depreciation formulas (straight-line).

#### The Federal sector

The Federal Government deficit on the national income and product accounting (NIPA) basis increased \$6 billion in the first quarter of 1980, as receipts increased less  $_{
m than}$ penditures.

Receipts increased \$16 billion in the first quarter, \$4 billion less than in the fourth. Most of the increase was due to higher incomes. On balance, legislative changes were not a factor in the first-quarter increase; legislative increases—about \$9 billion-were largely offset by lower net final settlements resulting from overwithholding in personal income taxes in 1979. Contributions for social insurance increased \$7½ billion, including over \$3½ billion for the combined employeremployee social security contribution due to an increase in taxable wage base \$25.900 from \$22.900, effective January 1. Indirect business tax and nontax accruals increased over billion, including \$3½ billion for the windfall profits tax, effective March 1, and \$2 billion for the oil import fee effective March 15. (Until the issue of the legality of the oil import fee is settled, the NIPA's will include it on a liability basis.) A reduction in the telephone excise tax from 3 percent to 2 percent reduced indirect business taxes about \$\% billion. Personal tax and nontax receipts declined \$1½ billion; substantially lower net final settlements due to overwithholding in 1979 more than offset the effect of higher incomes. Corporate profits tax accruals increased almost \$5 billion.

Expenditures increased \$22 billion in the first quarter, a little less than in the fourth quarter. Purchases of goods and services increased almost \$8 billion, including over \$1½ billion for higher defense fuel costs and \$1 billion for agricultural purchases by the Commodity Credit Corporation. Transfer payments to persons increased \$7 billion, including over \$1½ billion for energy assistance payments to supplemental security income recipients and \$1 billion for unemployment benefits. Net interest paid increased nearly \$5 billion, largely due to an acceleration in interest rates. Grants-in-aid to State and local governments increased over \$1% billion and subsidies less the surplus of government enterprises increased \$1 billion.

### Special reconciliation tables

The reconciliation of changes in compensation per hour and average

Table 2.—Reconciliation of Changes in Compensation Per Hour in the Business Economy Other Than Farm and Housing and Average Hourly Earnings in the Private Nonfarm Economy, Seasonally Adjusted

		197	9		1980
	I	11	III	IV '	ΙÞ
Compensation per hour of all persons in the business economy other than farm and housing (percent change at annual rate)!	10,3	7.9	8,9	8, 9	10, 1
2. Less: Contribution of supplements	1.4	.6	.2	. 2	. 6
3. Plus: Contribution of housing and nonprofit institutions	0	4	-, 2	0	1
4. Less: Contribution of employees of government enterprises and self- employed and unpaid family workers	2	0	. 1	. 6	2
5. Equals: Wages and salaries per hour of employees in the private non-farm economy (percent change an annual rate)	9. 1	6. 9	8, 4	8.1	9. 6
6. Less: Contribution of nonproduction workers in manufacturing	1	.7	3	1	. 1
7. Less: Contribution of non-BLS data, detailed weighting, and seasonal adjustment.	.6	.3	4	.7	.8
8. Equals: Average hourly earnings, production and nonsupervisory workers in the private nonfarm economy (percent change at annual rate)	8,7	5. 9	9, 1	7.5	8.7

Table 3.—Reconciliation of Changes in the Implicit Price Deflator for Personal Consumption Expenditures and the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers, Seasonally Adjusted

	1979	1980
	IV ·	Ι ν
l. Implicit price deflator for personal consumption expenditures (percent change at annual rate)	9.7	12,5
2. Less: Contribution of shifting weights in PCE New autos. Gasoline and oil Electricity, gas, fuel oil, and coal Furniture and household equipment. Food purchased for off-premise consumption Purchased meals and beverages. Clothing and shoes Housing Other	6 2 7 1 .2 .5 0	5 1.4 4 9 7 7 4 7
3. Equals: PCE chain price index (percent change at annual rate)	10, 1	12. 9
4. Less: Contribution of differences in weights of comparable CPI and PCE expenditure components.  Gasoline and oil. Electricity, gas, fuel oil, and coal. Furniture, appliances, floor coverings, other household furnishings. Food at home. Food away from home. Apparel commodities. Rent. Other	2 1 1 2 3	-1.4 -1.7 2 4 2 3
5. Less: Contributions of PCE expenditure components not comparable with CPI components—  New autos  Net purchases of used autos  Owner-occupied nonfarm and farm dwellings—space rent  Services furnished without payment by financial intermediaries except life insurance	4 0	-1.0 1 1 9
carriers Current expenditures by nonprofit institutions Other	.1 .3 1	0 1
6. Plus: Contribution of CPI expenditure components not comparable with PCE components 1 New autos Used autos Homeownership Other	5 3 2.9	1. 2 2 3 2. 1 4
7. Less: Contribution of differences in seasonal adjustment 2	.1	1
8. Equals: Consumer Price Index, all items 1 (percent change at annual rate)	13, 6	16. 9

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Revised. 'Preliminary.
1. BLS estimates of changes in hourly compensation in the nonfarm business sector for the five quarters are 10.4, 7.9, 8.5, 9.4 and 10.2 percent.

r Revised. p Preliminary.

1. Data have been revised by BLS to incorporate new seasonal factors.

2. These differences arise because component price indexes that are used in the BEA measures and in the CPI are seasonally adjusted at different levels of detail.

hourly earnings and of changes in the implicit price deflator for personal consumption expenditures (PCE), the PCE chain price index, and the Consumer Price Index (CPI) are shown in tables 2 and 3.

Compensation per hour increased 10.1 percent (annual rate) in the first quarter, compared with 8.9 percent in the fourth quarter of 1979 and average hourly earnings increased 8.7 percent compared with 7.5 percent. About onehalf percentage point of the firstquarter increase in compensation per hour, and in the difference between compensation per hour and hourly earnings, was the result of an increase in employer contributions for social security due to an increase in the taxable wage base. About one-half percentage point of the first-quarter increase in both measures was due to an increase in the minimum wage under the Fair Labor Standards Act.

The implicit price deflator for PCE increased 12.5 percent (annual rate) in the first quarter, compared with 9.7 percent in the fourth quarter of 1979;

the chain price index increased 12.9 percent, compared with 10.1 percent; and the CPI increased 16.9 percent, compared with 13.6 percent.

The implicit price deflator measures the average price of consumer purchases in each period. As a result, changes in the deflator measure not only changes in prices but also shifts in the composition of these purchases from one period to the next. In contrast, changes in the chain price index and the CPI measure only changes in average prices; the composition of purchases is held constant. The chain index is based on the composition of purchases in the preceding quarter, and the CPI is based on their composition in 1972.

In the first quarter, the deflator increased less than the chain index because of shifts in purchases to goods and services whose prices increased less than the average increase in all prices in the chain index. These shifts were to new autos, food purchased for off-premise consumption, and housing.

The CPI increased 4 percentage points more in the first quarter than

the chain index both because of the contribution of differences in the composition of purchases of comparable goods and services (line 4) and because of the contribution of components that are not comparable (line 5 and line 6). Among comparable components, the largest contribution to the difference between the increases in the two indexes was by gasoline and oil, which currently has a smaller weight in the chain index than in the CPI. Among the components that are not comparable, the largest contribution was by the items relating to housing. The homeownership component has a larger weight in the CPI than the space rent for owneroccupied dwellings component has in the chain index. In the first quarter, the price of homeownership increased more than the average of all CPI prices, and the price of space rent increased less than the average of all prices in the chain index. The combined countribution of the two housing components to the difference between the increases in the chain index and in the CPI was 3 percentage points.

### Postponement of July Revision of GNP

A benchmark revision of the national income and product accounts that will incorporate the 1972 economic census and information from other sources is in preparation. All series in the accounts will be revised back to 1967 and some will be revised for earlier years. Preliminary estimates of the new series for 1972 appeared in the April 1979 issue of the Survey of Current Business in "U.S. National Income and Product Accounts: Preliminary Revised Estimates, 1972." The current schedule calls for completing the benchmark revision this winter.

The revision of the estimates for 1977-79 that would customarily be published this July will be combined with the benchmark revision.

### NATIONAL INCOME AND PRODUCT TABLES

	1978 1979			1980			1978		197	79		1980				
	1978	1979	IV	I	п	III	IV	I r	1978	1979	IV	I	II	III	īv	I r
			8	Seasonall	y adjust	ed at anr	ual rates	;		-	S	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates				
		•	Billi	ions of cu	rrent do	llars	-				Bil	lions of 1	972 dolla	ars		
Table	Gr	oss Na	tional	Produ	et in C	urrent	and (	Consta	nt Dol	lars (1	.1, 1.2)	,				
Gross national product	2, 127. 6	2,368.8	2, 235. 2	2, 292, 1	2, 329. 8	2, 396, 5	2, 456 .9	2,516.1	1, 399, 2	1, 431, 6	1, 426, 6	1, 430. 6	1, 422. 3	1, 433, 3	1, 440. 3	1,442.6
Personal consumption expenditures	1, 350, 8	1,509.8	1,415.4	1,454.2	1, 475. 9	1, 528, 6	1,580.4	1 ,628.7	900.8	924, 5	920.3	921.8	915. 0	925, 9	935, 4	936.0
Durable goods	200.3 530.6 619.8	213. 0 596. 9 699. 8	212. 1 558. 1 645. 1	213.8 571.1 669.3	208. 7 581. 2 686. 0	213. 4 604. 7 710. 6	216. 2 630. 7 733. 5	220, 4 650, 6 757, 8	146.7 343.3 410.8	147. 1 349. 1 428. 3	152. 1 351. 9 416. 3	150. 2 348. 1 423. 5	144. 8 344. 1 426. 1	146. 9 349. 2 429. 9	146.7 355.1 433.6	145. 5 353. 0 437. 6
Gross private domestic investment	351, 5	387, 2	370, 5	373,8	395. 4	392, 3	387.2	384.0	214.3	215, 2	217, 4	217, 2	221. 7	214, 2	207.7	202, 2
Fixed investment	1	369.0	349.8	354.6	361.9	377.8	381.7	383. 9	200. 2	205, 5	205.5	204.9	203. 5	207. 1	206. 3	204.1
Nonresidential	.   76.5	254. 9 92. 6 162. 2	236. 1 84. 4 151. 8	243. 4 84. 9 158. 5	249. 1 90. 5 158. 6	261. 8 95. 0 166. 7	265, 2 100, 2 165, 1	273. 3 103. 1 170. 2	140. 1 43. 9 96. 2	148. 8 48. 1 100. 7	145. 5 46. 5 98. 9	147. 2 45. 8 101. 3	146. 9 47. 9 99. 0	150.7 48.7 101.9	150. 5 50. 1 100. 4	152. 1 50. 5 101. 6
Residential Nonfarm structures Farm structures Producers' durable equipment	104,4	114.1 110.2 1.9 2.0	113.7 110.0 1.9 1.9	111.2 107.8 1.5 1.9	112. 9 109. 1 1. 8 2. 0	116. 0 112. 0 2. 0 2. 0	2.3	110. 5 106. 2 2. 2 2. 2	60.1 57.7 1.0 1.4	56.7 54.3 .9 1.4	60.0 57.6 1.0 1.4	57.7 55.6 .8 1.4	56.7 54.4 .9 1.4	56.5 54.0 1.0 1.4	55. 8 53. 2 1. 1 1. 5	52, 0 49, 4 1, 0 1, 5
Change in business inventories	21.3	18, 2 16, 5 1, 7	20. 6 19. 3 1. 3	19. 1 18. 8 . 3	33. 4 32. 6 . 8	14. 5 12. 6 1. 9	5. 6 2. 1 3. 5	1 1 .3	14.1 13.7 .3	9.7 8.9 .9	12.0 11.5 .5	12.3 12.1 .2	18. 1 17. 7 . 4	7. 1 6. 1 1. 0	1.4 4 1.8	-1.9 -2.0 .2
Net exports of goods and services	-10, 3	-4.6	-4.5	4.0	-8.1	-2.3	-11.9	-14.0	11.0	17, 6	12, 9	17.0	13. 2	20, 1	20, 1	24.3
ExportsImports	207. 2 217. 5	257. 5 262. 1	224.9 229.4	238. 5 234. 4	243. 7 251. 9	267.3 269.5	280, 4 292, 4	304. 2 318. 2	108.9 97.9	119, 9 102, 3	113.8 101.0	117.0 100.0	116. 0 102. 9	122, 2 102, 1	124. 3 104. 1	130. 0 105. 6
Government purchases of goods and services	435, 6	476, 4	453.8	460.1	466. 6	477.8	501. 2	517.4	273, 2	274, 3	276, 0	274.7	272.4	273.1	277.1	280.0
Federal National defense	. 99.0	166. 6 108. 3	159.0 101.2	163.6 103.4 60.2	161. 7 106. 0 55. 7	162, 9 109, 0 53, 9	178. 4 114. 6 63. 8	186. 2 119. 6 66. 6	98.6	99. 4	99.3	101.1	98. 1	97.4	101.1	104. 3
Nondefense		58. 4 309. 8	57.8 294.8	296.5	304. 9	314.9		331. 2	174.6	174. 9	176.6	173. 6	174. 3	175. 6	176. 0	175.7
Table 2.—Gross Natio	nal P	roduct	by M	ajor T	Туре о	f Prod	luct in	Curr	ent an	d Con	stant 1	Dollars	(1.3,	1.5)	<del></del>	
Gross national product	2, 127. 6	2, 368, 8	1	]	2, 329. 8	2, 396, 5	2, 456. 9	2,516.1	1, 399. 2	1,431.6	1, 426, 6	1, 430. 6	1, 422, 3	1,433.3	1,440.3	1,442.6
Final sales	2, 105. 2 22. 3	2, 350. 6 18. 2	2, 214. 5 20. 6	2, 272, 9 19, 1	2, 296. 4 33. 4	2, 381. 9 14. 5	2, 451. 4 5. 6	2,516.0 .1	1, 385, 1 14, 1	1, 421. 9 9. 7	1, 414. 6 12. 0	1, 418. 4 12. 3	1, 404. 1 18. 1	1, 426. 2 7. 1	1, 439. 0 1. 4	1, 444. 5 -1. 9
Goods	930, 0	1,030.5	983,8	1,011.8	1, 018. 1	1,036.0	1,056,3	1,082.5	639.5	653, 1	657. 3	658, 6	647. 3	651.3	655, 1	657.2
Final sales	907. 7 22. 3	1, 012, 4 18, 2	963. 2 20. 6	992. 7 19. 1	984. 6 33. 4	1,021.5 14.5	1,050.7 5.6	1,082.3	625, 4 14, 1	643. 4 9. 7	645.3 12.0	646. 3 12. 3	629. 1 18. 1	644. 2 7. 1	653, 7 1, 4	659.1 -1.9
Durable goods	366.5	423. 1 410. 2 13. 0	402. 3 388. 9 13. 4	425, 5 407, 1 18, 4	422. 4 398. 0 24. 3	424. 4 417. 1 7. 3	420. 2 418. 4 1. 8	420. 1 434. 3 -14. 3	270. 0 261. 4 8. 6	278. 3 271. 3 7. 0	279. 1 270. 6 8. 5	286. 0 275. 2 10. 8	278. 3 265. 1 13. 2	276. 6 272. 9 3. 7	272. 4 272. 0 . 4	270. 0 276. 0 -6. 0
Nondurable goods. Final sales. Change in business inventories.		607. 4 602. 2 5. 2	581. 6 574. 3 7. 2	586, 2 585, 5 . 7	595. 7 586. 6 9. 1	611.6 604.4 7.2	636. 1 632. 3 3. 8	662. 4 648. 0 14. 4	369, 4 364, 0 5, 5	374. 8 372. 1 2. 7	378. 2 374. 7 3. 5	372.6 371.2 1.4	369. 0 364. 1 4. 9	374.7 371.3 3.4	382.7 381.7 1.0	387. 3 383. 1 4. 1
ServicesStructures	969, 3 228, 2	1,085,1 253,2	1, 005. 3 246. 0	1, 041, 4 238, 9	1, 064. 2 247. 5	1, 100, 6 259, 8	1, 134. 0 266. 6	1,168.2 256.4	630. 3 129. 5	649.7 128.8	636. 0 133. 3	645, 2 126, 8	647. 3 127. 7	652. 0 130. 0	654.4 130.8	657.8 127.5
Table 3.—G	ross Na	tional	Produ	ct by S	ector	in Cur	rent aı	nd Con	stant	Dollar	rs (1.7	1.8)				
Gross national product	2, 127. 6	2, 368, 8	2, 235, 2	2, 292, 1	2, 329. 8	2, 396, 5	2, 456, 9	2,516.1	1, 399, 2	1, 431. 6	1, 426. 6	1, 430, 6	1, 422. 3	1, 433, 3	1,440.3	1,442.6
Gross domestic product	1	2, 343, 5	2, 213, 9	2, 267. 9	2, 306. 1	2, 369. 5	2, 430. 6	2,488.6	1, 391, 1	1, 423, 8	1, 418, 4	1, 421. 7	1, 414. 2	1, 425, 3	1, 433. 8	1,437.1
Business Nonfarm Nonfarm less housing Housing Farm	1 165.8	2, 017. 9 1, 944. 0 1, 755. 6 188. 4 70. 2	1,904.9 1,837.5 1,664.7 172.9 63.3	1, 951. 4 1, 880. 8 1, 702. 3 178. 6 70. 0	1, 984. 5 1, 915. 2 1, 731. 0 184. 2 70. 6	2, 042. 0 1, 964. 8 1, 773. 4 191. 4 68. 9	2, 093. 6 2, 015. 2 1, 815. 8 199. 4 71. 1	2, 144. 1 2, 068. 3 1, 862. 2 206. 1 66. 8	1, 197, 5 1, 160, 0 1, 039, 6 120, 4 34, 2	1, 228. 3 1, 191. 2 1, 063. 8 127. 4 34. 8	1, 223. 9 1, 188. 0 1, 065. 8 122. 3 33. 2	1, 226, 9 1, 193, 1 1, 068, 6 124, 5 33, 4	1, 219. 0 1, 184. 7 1, 058. 2 126. 5 35. 1	1, 189. 4		1, 240. 4 1, 199. 8 1, 067. 5 132. 3 35. 4
Statistical discrepancy Residual <sup>1</sup>	3. 3	3.7	4.1	.6	-1.3	8,3	7.2	9.0	3.4	2.2	2.7	.4	8	5.0	4.3	5, 2
Households and institutions	69.6	77.2	72, 1	74.8	75.8	77.9	80. 4	83. 3	43.6	45.0	44. 1	44.4	44.7	45. 4	45.7	46. 2
Government Federal State and local	229. 6 71. 8 157. 8	248. 4 77. 0 171. 4	237. 0 74. 8 162. 2	241. 8 75. 5 166. 3	245. 8 75. 8 170. 0	249.6 76.3 173.3	256. 6 80. 6 175. 9	261, 3 81, 2 180, 1	149. 9 49. 1 100. 8	150. 5 49. 1 101. 3	150. 4 49. 3 101. 1	150. 4 49. 2 101. 2	150. 5 49. 1 101. 4	150.6 49.2 101.5	150, 3 49, 0 101, 2	150, 5 49, 1 101, 4
Rest of the world	20, 5	25. 3	21.2	24. 2	23. 7	26. 9	26, 4	27.5	8, 1	7.9	8, 1	8, 9	8. 1	8.0	6.5	5, 5
	<del></del>	<del>`</del>	<del>'                                    </del>	<u></u>		<del>`</del>	<del></del>	<del>'                                    </del>	<u> </u>	<del>'</del>	<del>'</del>	<u></u>		·		<del></del>

r Revised. See footnotes on p. 6.

### HISTORICAL STATISTICS

The national income and product series for 1929-72 are in The National Income and Product Accounts of the United States, 1929-74: Statistical Tables (available for \$4.95, SN 003-010-00052-9, from Commerce Department District Offices or the Superintendent of Documents; see addresses inside front cover). Data for 1973, 1974,

1975, and 1975-78 are in the July 1976, 1977, 1978, and 1979 issues of the Survey, respectively. Summary national income and product series in current and constant dollars and implicit price deflators for 1947-79 are shown in the January 1980 issue of the Survey.

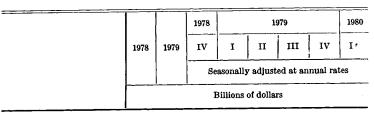


Table 4.—Relation of Gross National Product, Net National Product, National Income, and Personal Income (1.9)

Capital consumption allowances without capital consumption adjustment.  Less: Capital consumption adjustment.  Less: Indirect business tax and nontax liability.  Business transfer payments.  Statistical discrepancy.  Plus: Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises.  Contributions for social insurance.  Net interest.  Personal interest interest payments to persons.  Personal interest interest payment to persons and business.  Less: Indirect business tax and nontax liability.  Business transfer payments.  172. 0 187. 1 176. 5 180. 1 186. 4 189. 3 192. 6 196.  186. 4 189. 3 192. 6 196.  186. 4 189. 3 192. 6 196.  186. 4 189. 3 192. 6 196.  186. 4 189. 3 192. 6 196.  186. 4 189. 3 192. 6 196.  186. 4 189. 3 192. 6 196.  186. 4 189. 3 192. 6 196.  186. 4 189. 3 192. 6 196.  186. 4 189. 3 192. 6 196.  186. 4 189. 3 192. 6 196.  186. 4 189. 3 192. 6 196.  186. 4 189. 3 192. 6 196.  186. 4 189. 3 192. 6 196.  186. 4 189. 3 192. 6 196.  186. 4 189. 3 192. 6 196.  196. 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2									
Sallowances	Gross national product	2, 127. 6	2, 368. 8	2, 235, 2	2, 292, 1	2, 329, 8	2, 396. 5	2, 456. 9	2,516.1
172.0   187.1   176.5   180.1   186.4   189.3   192.6   196.	allowances with capital consumption adjustment Capital consumption		<b>243</b> . 0	224. 6	229. 9	2 <b>3</b> 9. 0	247. 9	255, 1	263, 3
March   Marc	tion adjustment Less: Capital con-								196.7
Less: Indirect business tax and nontax liability Business transfer payments		-44.9	-55.8	-48.0	-49.7	-52.5	-58.6	-62.5	-67.3
178.1   189.5   182.1   184.8   186.9   191.1   195.1   203.	Equals: Net national product	1, 910, 7	2, 125. 9	2, 010. 6	2, 062, 2	2, 090, 8	2, 148, 5	2, 201. 9	2,252.8
Statistical discrepancy   9.2   10.2   9.5   9.6   9.9   10.4   10.8   11.	and nontax liability	178. 1	189. 5	182. 1	184.8	l .			203, 4
Surplus of government enterprises	ments								11.3 9.0
Less: Corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments	surplus of government enterprises	l .	l						
Inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments   167.7   178.2   184.8   178.9   176.6   180.8   176.4   171.	Equals: National income	1,724.3	1, 924. 8	1,820.0	1,869.0	1,897.9	1,941.9	1, 990. 4	2,031.4
Contributions for social insurance.   164.1   189.8   170.0   184.6   187.7   191.1   195.9   203.   Wage accruals less disbursements.   .2  2   .4   .1  9  1   .2	inventory valuation and capital consump- tion adjustments								
Wage accruals less disbursements	Contributions for social			1	l	)			
Plus: Government transfer payments to persons.  Personal interest income	Wage accruals less dis-		}			ĺ		!	
Payments to persons.   214.9   241.9   222.3   227.7   233.7   250.4   255.6   263.			2		'-		1		
come	payments to persons	214.9	241.9	222.3	227.7	2 <b>33</b> . 7	250.4	255, 6	263, 5
ernment to persons and business. 49.8 59.0 52.1 55.0 58.3 59.9 62.9 66.   Less: interest received by government. 30.7 36.3 32.4 34.3 35.4 37.3 38.1 39.   Interest paid by consumers to business. Dividends. 47.2 52.7 49.7 51.5 52.3 52.8 54.4 56.   Business transfer payments. 9.2 10.2 9.5 9.6 9.9 10.4 10.8 11	come Net interest								217, 9 148, 1
by government 30.7 36.3 32.4 34.3 35.4 37.3 38.1 39 Interest paid by consumers to business 34.8 39.6 37.1 37.7 39.0 40.2 41.5 42 Dividends 47.2 52.7 49.7 51.5 52.3 52.8 54.4 56 Business transfer payments 9.2 10.2 9.5 9.6 9.9 10.4 10.8 11	and business	49.8	59.0	52, 1	55. 0	58. 3	59. 9	62.9	66.9
sumers to business     34.8     39.6     37.1     37.7     39.0     40.2     41.5     42       Dividends     47.2     52.7     49.7     51.5     52.3     52.8     54.4     56       Business transfer payments     9.2     10.2     9.5     9.6     9.9     10.4     10.8     11	by government	30.7	36. 3	32. 4	34.3	35. 4	37.3	38.1	39.5
ments	sumers to business Dividends								56. 7
Equals: Personal income   1,717.4   1,924.2   1,803.1   1,852.6   1,892.5   1,946.6   2,005.0   2,057	ments				l		1		
	Equals: Personal income	1,717.4	1,924.2	1,803.1	1,852.6	1,892.5	1, 946. 6	2, 005. 0	2 ,057 .2

Table 5.—Relation of Gross National Product, Net National Product, and National Income in Constant Dollars (1.10)

[Billions of	1972 dollars

Gross national product	1, 399. 2	1, 431, 6	1, 426. 6	1, 430. 6	1, 422. 3	1, 433. 3	1,440.3	1,442.6
Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment	132. 5	136.8	133. 6	<b>134</b> . 5	136. 3	137. 7	138.6	140. 3
Equals: Net national product	1, 266, 7	1, 294, 9	1, 292, 9	1, 296. 1	1, 286, 0	1, 295, 6	1,301.7	1 ,302 .3
Less: Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus business transfer payments less subsi- dies plus current sur- plus of government enterprises	138. 9	142. 4	141.8	142. 5	141. 0	142. 4	143.7	144. 4
Residual 1	3.4	2.2	2.7	.4	8	5.0	4.3	5.2
Equals: National income	1, 124, 4	1, 150, 2	1,148.5	1, 153. 2	1, 145. 8	1, 148, 2	1, 153, 7	1 ,152 .

		1978		19	979		1980		
1978	1979	IV	ı	II	III	IV	Ir		
				Sea	asonall	y adjust	ed at an	nual ra	tes
		F	Billions	of dolla	ırs				

Table 6.—Net National Product and National Income by Sector in Current and Constant Dollars (1.11, 1.12)

Net national product	1, 910. 7	2, 125. 9	2, 010. 6	2, 062. 2	2, 090, 8	2, 148. 5	2, 201, 9	2,252.8
Net domestic product								
Business Nonfarm Farm	1, 590. 9	1,774.9	1, 680. 4	1, 721. 5	1,745.6	1,794.1	1, 838. 5	1, 880. 7
Farm	43.8	53. 2	47.3	53.6	53. 8	1, 733. 9	1, 777. 6	1, 822. 9
Statistical discrepancy	3.3						53. 7 7. 2	48.8 9.0
Households and institutions	60.6	77 9						83.3
Government	229.6	248. 4	237.0	241.8	245.8	249.6		261.3
Rest of the world	20.5	25, 3	21.2	24.2	23.7	26, 9	26, 4	27 .5
National income	1, 724, 3	1,924.8	1,820.0	1,869.0	1, 897. 9	1, 941, 9	1, 990, 4	2 ,031 .4
Domestic income	1, 703, 8	1,899.5	1,798.8	1,844.9	1,874.3	1, 915, 0	1, 964, 0	0. 400, 2
BusinessNonfarm	1, 404. 6	1, 573. 9	1, 489, 8	1, 528, 3	1, 552, 7	1, 587, 5	1, 627, 0	1 650 4
Nonfarm	1, 361. 3	1, 522. 3	1, 441. 9	1, 476. 7	1,500.9	1, 538. 2	1, 573, 4	1, 612, 5
Farm_ Households and institutions	43.3	1 51.0	47.9	51.6	51.8	49.3	53.7	46. 9
Households and institutions.	69.6							83. 3
Government	ı	ļ	237.0	241.8	245.8	249.6	256.6	261.3
Rest of the world	20, 5	25, 3	21.2	24, 2	23.7	26.9	26.4	27.5
	Billions of 1972 dollars							
Net national product	1, 266, 7	1, 294. 9	1, 292. 9	1, 296. 1	1, 286, 0	1, 295. 6	1,301.7	1 ,302 .3
Net domestic product	1, 258, 5	1, 287. 0	1, 284. 8	1, 287, 2	1, 278, 0	1, 287, 6	1, 295, 3	1 <b>,296</b> .8
Business	1, 065, 0	1, 091, 5	1, 090, 3	1, 092, 4	1.082.8	1.091.6	1.099.3	1 100 1
Nonfarm	1, 036. 7	1,063.8	1,063.7	1,067.9	1, 057. 8	1,061.0	1,068.5	1, 068, 8
			24. U	24.1	25. 1	25.6	26.5	26. 1
Residual	3.4	2.2						5. 2
Residual Households and institutions Government	149 9	45.0 150.5						46. 2 150. 5
Rest of the world.	l	1		ł				5.5
	1	1		1	1		1	
National income	1	1		(	ſ	1 1		
Domestic income	1, 116, 2	1, 142, 4	1, 140. 4	1, 144. 4	1, 137. 7	1, 140. 2	1, 147, 3	1,147.2
Business	922.7	946.9			942.5	944.2	951.3	950, 5
Nonfarm	1 896, C	919.4				916.7		922, 3
Farm	26.7							28. 3
Households and institutions.								46. 2
Rest of the world		1	1	ļ				150. 5 5.5
Tech of the world		1 "	0.1	0.3	0, 1	0.0	0.5	0.0

Footnotes for tables 2 and 3.

Revised.

1. Equals GNP in constant dollars measured as the sum of final products less GNP in constant dollars measured as the sum of gross product by industry. The quarterly estimates are obtained by interpolating the annual estimates with the statistical discrepancy deflated by the implicit price deflator for gross domestic business product.

Note,— $Table\ 6$ : The industry classification within the business sector is on an establishment basis and is based on the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification.

<sup>1.</sup> Equals GNP in constant dollars measured as the sum of final products less GNP in constant dollars measured as the sum of gross product by industry. The quarterly estimates are obtained by interpolating the annual estimates with the statistical discrepancy deflated by the implicit price deflator for gross domestic business product.

Note.— Table 2: "Final sales" is classified as durable or nondurable by type of product. 
"Change in business inventories" is classified as follows: For manufacturing, by the type of product produced by the establishment holding the inventory; for trade, by the type of product sold by the establishment holding the inventory; for construction, durable; and for other industries, nondurable.

Table 3: The industry classification within the business sector is on an establishment basis and is based on the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification.

		1978	1979			1980	
1978	1979	ıv	I	п	III	IV	Ir
		Se	asonall	y adjust	ed at an	nual ra	tes
	·	В	illions	of dolla	rs		

Table 7.—National Income by Type of Income (1.1	Table	7 -National	Income l	hy Type	of Income	(1.13)
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Table 7.—Natio	onai i	ncom 	еру	ype	or the	те (	1.13)	
National income	1				1 1			1
Compensation of employees	1,304.5	1, 459, 2	1,364.8	1,411.2	1,439.7	1,472.8	1, 513, 2	1, 554.
Wages and salaries	1, 103. 5	1, 227. 4	1, 154. 7	1, 189. 4	1, 211. 5	1, 238. 0	1, 270. 7	1, 303. (
Government and govern- ment enterprises	218.0	233, 5	225. 1	228. 1	231, 2	234. 4	240, 2	243.
Other	885.5		929.6	961.3	980. 3		1, 030. 5	1, 059.
Supplements to wages and	201.0	1	210. 1	221.8	228. 2	234. 8	242. 5	251.
salaries Employer contributions for		201.8	210. 1	221.0	220.2	201.0		201.
social insurance	94.6		98. 2	105.8	107.9	109. 9		117.
Other labor income	106.5	122.7	111.9	116.0	120.3	124. 9	129.6	134.
Proprietors' income with in- ventory valuation and cap- ital consumption adjust-								
ments	116.8	130.8	125.7	129.0	<b>129.</b> 3	130. 3	134, 5	129.
Farm	27.7	32,8	31.3	34. 2	33.7	30, 9	32.5	27.
Proprietors' income with inventory valuation ad- justment and without capital consumption ad-								
instment	32.6	38. 1	36.4	39.3	39.0	36. 2	37. 9	33.
Capital consumption ad- justment	-4.9	-5.3	-5.1	-5.1	-5, 3	-5.3	-5.5	5.1
Nonform	89.1			94.8		99.4	102.1	102.
Proprietors' income with- out inventory valuation	1						l	ļ
and capital consump-	1	l						
tion adjustments	92. 2	103.7	98.5	99.8	100.5	106.0	108.6	110.
Inventory valuation ad- justment	-2.1	-3.0	-2.4	-3.1	-2.5	-3.1	-3.1	4.
Capital consumption ad-	1			_	1 '			
justment	-1.0	-2.8	-1.6	-1.9	-2.5	-3.4	-3.4	-3.
Rental income of persons with	ŀ		ŀ		1		1	
capital consumption ad-	25, 9	26.9	27. 1	27.3	26, 8	26, 6	27.0	27,
justment	40. 8	26.9	21.1	21.3	20.0	20.0		24.
Rental income	49.3	55. 1	52. 1	53.0	54. 1	56.0	57.5	59.
Capital consumption ad- justment	-23.4	-28.2	-25.0	-25.7	-27.3	-29.5	-30.5	-32.
·	1	-0						02.
Corporate profits with inven- tory valuation and capital consumption adjustments	167.7	178.2	184.8	178.9	176.6	180.8	176.4	171.
Corporate profits with inventory valuation adjustment and without capital consumption adjustment.  Profits before tax.  Profits tax liability.  Profits after tax.  Dividends	206. 0 84. 5	236. 6 92. 5 144. 1	227. 4 95. 1 132. 3	233.3 91.3 142.0	227. 9 88. 7 139. 3	198. 3 242. 3 94. 0 148. 3 52. 8	243.0 96.1 146.9	257. 101. 155.
Undistributed prof-	74.3	91.4	82.6	90. 5	87.0	95. 5	92. 5	98.
its Inventory valuation ad-		1	1	1	1	1	ì	1
justment	-25.2	-41.8	-28.8	<b>-3</b> 9.9	-36.6	-44.0	-46.5	-63.
justment	-13.1	-16.7	-13.8	-14.5	-14.7	—17. ti	-20.1	-22.
Net interest	109, 5	129, 7	117, 6	122, 6	125, 6	131, 5	139, 2	148.
Addenda: Corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments.	167. 7	178.2	184. 8	178.9	176. 6	180, 8	176.4	171.
Profits tax liability Profits after tax with inventory valuation and capital	84.5	92.5	95. 1	91. 3	88.7	94.0	96.1	101.
consumption adjustments. Dividends Undistributed profits with inventory valua-	83. 2 47. 2	85. 6 52, 7	89.8 49.7	87.6 51.5				
tion and capital con- sumption adjustments.	36.0	32.9	40. 1	36. 1	35. 6	34. 0	25.9	13.

Table 8.—Gross Domestic Product of Corporate Business (1.15, 7.8)

Gross domestic product of corporate business	1,311.9	1, 458, 1	1, 382, 2	1, 414. 6	1, 439, 4	1, 472. 6	1, 505, 9 1,541,
Capital consumption allow- ances with capital consump- tion adjustment	1 <b>3</b> 2. 9	147.7	<b>136.</b> 8	1 <b>3</b> 9. 9	145. 1	150, 4	155. 3 159.
Net domestic product Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus busi-	1, 178. 9	1, 310. 5	1, 245. 4	1, 274. 7	1, 294. 3	1, 322. 2	1, 350. 6 1, 382.
ness transfer payments less subsidies	127. 6 1, 051. 3						142. 3 1, 208. 3 1, 233.
ees	884. 9 739. 0				984. 0 817. 9		1, 034, 2 1, 063, 858, 1 881.
and salaries	145.9	168.6	152.9	161.4	166.0	170. 9	176. 2 182.

		1978		19	79		1980							
1978		1979	1979	1979	1979	1979	1979	1979	IV	I	II	III	IV	I,
		Sea	asonall	y adjust	ed at an	nual ra	tes							

							ss—C	<u>ш.</u>
Corporate profits with inventory valuation and								
capital consumption adjustments	157.5	164.9	175 2	167.0	164. 9	164.9	169.0	1.5
Profits before tax	195.8	223. 4	175.3 217.8	167. 0 221. 4	216. 2	226.5	162. 9 229. 5	157. 242.
Profits tax liability	84.5	92.5	95, 1	91.3	88.7	94.0	96.1	101
Profits after tax Dividends	111.3 42.1	130. 9 47. 5	122, 8 44, 8	130, 1 46, 8	127. 6 47. 6	132, 4 46, 8	133. 4 48. 8	141 51
Undistributed prof-								
itsInventory valuation ad-	69.2	83. 4	78, 0	83, 3	79. 9	85.7	84. 5	89
justment	-25.2	-41.8	-28.8	-39.9	-36.6	-44.0	-46.5	63
Capital consumption adjustment	13, 1	-16, 7	-13.8	-14.5	-14.7	-17.6	-20.1	
Net interest	9.0	10.4	9,4	9.8	10. 1	10.7	11, 2	-22 11
Gross domestic product								
of financial corporate business 1	65,0	70, 4	68, 1	68, 2	69,0	71. 4	73.0	72
Gross domestic product								
of nonfinancial cor-	1 246 6	1 997 7	1 914 1	1 246 4	1 270 4	1 401 2	1, 432, 9	
porate business	1, 240, 9	1, 361, 1	1, 314, 1	1, 340, 4	1, 3/0, 4	1, 401. 3	1, 432, 9	1, 468
apital consumption allow- ances with capital consump-	ĺ							
tion adjustment	126.9	140, 8	130.5	133.4	138.4		148.0	155
let domestic product	1, 120.0	1, 246. 9	1, 183. 5	1, 213, 0	1, 232. 0	1, 257. 9	1, 284. 8	1, 316
Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus busi-						1		ĺ .
ness transfer payments							Ì	
less subsidies	117.2	126.2	120.7	122.8	124.2	127.6	130. 2 1, 154. 6	130
Compensation of em-	1,002.7	1, 120. 7	1,002.0	1,090.2	1, 107. 8	1, 130. 3		1
ployees	834.7	940.7	876.5	910.0	928. 4	0 20		1,00
Wages and salaries Supplements to wages	697.8	782.4	733.0	758.3	772.5	789.4	809. 4	83
and salaries	137.0	158, 3	143.6	151.7	155.9	160.4	165. 2	17
Corporate profits with in-	l		l			ļ		Ì
ventory valuation and capital consumption	1					•		
adjustments	128.3	132.9 190.2		135.9	133. 9			
Profits before tax Profits tax liability	166.1 68.8			189.5 74.7	184. 2 71. 8		194. 5 77. 5	
Profits after tax	97.4	115.2	107.8	114.8	112.5	116.3	117.0	12
DividendsUndistributed prof-	41.8	47. 0	44.1	46, 2	47. 3	46.3	48.3	5
its	55.5	68.1	63.7	68.6	65. 2	70.0	68.7	7
Inventory valuation ad-	-25, 2	-41.8	-28.8	-39.9	-36.6	-44.0	-46.5	-6
Capital consumption	l.			03.3	00.0	1 ****	1 -10.0	-0.
adjustment	-12.6 39.7	-15.6 47.2		-13.6 44.2	-13.8 45.5			-24 5
Net interest		1	<u> </u>	lions of		<u> </u>	00.0	
Onena demostia anadust	]	· -	1	1	1312 00	I	<del></del>	
Gross domestic product of nonfinancial cor-								
porate business	818.7	844.1	841.4	846.6	841,0	842. 4	846.3	84
Capital consumption allow-							]	l
ances with capital consump- tion adjustment	78.4	80.5	78.9	79. 3	80, 2	81.0	81.5	8
Vet domestic product	740.3	763.6	1	i	ì	761.4	764.8	76
Indirect business tax and		1	*****	1				''
nontax liability plus busi-	ì		1		l		ł	l
ness transfer payments less subsidies	90.5			93.7				
Domestic income	649.7	671.1	670.2	673.6	669.5	669. 4	671.8	67
				Do	llars			
Current-dollar cost per		1						
unit of constant-dollar gross domestic prod-				ŀ	1		l	
uct 2	1,523	1.644	1,562	1,590	1,629	1.664	1, 693	1,
Capital consumption allow-	1			•	1		ł	
ances with capital consump- tion adjustment	. 155	. 167	. 155	. 158	. 165	. 170	. 175	١.
Net domestic product	1, 368	1	ł	1. 433	1	ì		!
Indirect business tax and	1.500	2. 711	2. 407	2. 200	1. 200	1. 200	1	~
nontax liability plus busi-	i			Ì		1		
ness transfer payments less subsidies	. 143	. 150	.143	. 145	. 148	. 151	. 154	١.
Domestic income	1, 225	1			l .			ļ .
Compensation of em-	l	i	j		1	ļ	ļ	
ployeesCorporate profits with in-	1.020	1.115	1.042	1.075	1. 104	1.127	1.152	1.
ventory valuation and			1	l	1			1
capital consumption			1,771	101	. 159	. 157	. 153	١.
adjustments Profits tax liability	. 157			. 161				
Profits after tax with in-								
ventory valuation and	1	!	1	[		1	1	
	ı							
capital consumption adjustments	.073	. 068	.078	.072	.074			

r Revised.

1. Consists of the following industries: Banking; credit agencies other than banks; security, commodity brokers and services; insurance carriers; regulated investment companies; small business investment companies; and real estate investment trusts.

2. Equals the deflator for gross domestic product of nonfinancial corporate business with the decimal point shifted two places to the left.

		1978		19	79		1980	
1978	1979	IV	I	ıı	m	ıv	Ir	
Ì		Se	asonall	y adjus	ted at an	mual ra	tes	
		Billions of dollars						

Table 9.—Auto Output	in Cu	rrent	and	Const	ant D	ollars	(1.16,	1.17)
Auto output	77,5	76, 0	80, 6	84.3	77,5	71, 2	70,8	72.0
Final sales	7, 67	78.1	78,3	84.6	76, 1	77.8	73.8	78.6
Personal consumption ex-	68.0	69.2	70.6	74.0	68. 2	67. 9	66.8	71.9
penditures New autos Net purchases of used	50.3	51.3	51.3	55.5	49.5	51. 1	49.2	56. 3
autos Producers' durable equip-	17.7	17. 9	19.3	18. 5	18. 7	16. 9	17.7	15, 6
ment	14. 2 22. 1	13.3 22.5	13. 9 22. 5	14. 2 23. 9	12.3 21.5	15. 1 24. 3	11.5 20.3	12. 5 21. 1
Net purchases of used autos	-7.9	-9.2	-8.6	-9.8	-9.2	-9.2	-8.8	-8.6
Net exports		-5.0 9.9	-6.8 8.0	-4.2 9.4	9.9	-5.8 9.7	-5.1 10.5	-6.4 10.0
ImportsGovernment purchases of goods and services	1	14.9	14.8	13.6	14. 8 . 6	15. 5 . 6	15. 6 . 5	16. 4 . 5
Change in business inventor- ies of new and used autos_	.7	-2,1	2.2	3	1,5	-6.6	-3.0	-6.6
NewUsed	9 1	-1.8 3	2.9 7	6 .3	2.3 9	-6.7 .1	-2.0 -1.0	-7.2 .6
Addenda: Domestic output of new autos 1	63. 6 16. 4	64. 0 19. 4	67. <b>3</b> 17. 0	71.8 19.5	65. 8 19. 5	60. 2 19. 1	58. 3 19. 8	58. 9 23. 6
	<del> </del>							

		•		٠'		·	'	
			Bi	llions of	1972 do	llars		
Auto output	54.9	51,4	56.3	58.1	52, 9	47.5	47.1	47.0
Final sales	54.6	52, 5	54.8	57.8	51.3	52,0	49,1	51, 1
Personal consumption expenditures	45. 4 36. 3	43. 3 34. 4	45. 9 36. 4	47. 1 38. 3	42. 5 33. 3	42. 2 33. 6	41. 2 32. 4	43. 7 36. 1
Net purchases of used autos Producers' durable equip-	9. 1	8.9	9.5	8.7	9. 2	8.6	8.8	7.6
nent	11.2 15.9	9. 9 15. 1	11.0 15.9	11. 2 16. 5	9. 3 14. 4	10. 8 16. 0	8. 4 13. 4	8. 9 13. 5
autos		-5.1 -1.0 6.6 7.6	-5.0 -2.6 5.6 8.2	-5.4 9 6.5 7.4	-5.1 8 6.6 7.5	-5. 2 -1. 4 6. 4 7. 8	-4.9 9 6.9 7.8	-4.7 -1.7 6.4 8.2
Government purchases of goods and services	.5	.4		.4	.4	.4	. 3	.8
Change in business inventor- ies of new and used autos.	.3	-1,1	1,6	.4	1.6	-4.4	-2.0	-4.1
NewUsed	.4 1	9 2	2.0	.2	2.0 5	-4.5 .1	-1.4 5	-4.4 .3
Addenda: Domestic output of new autos 1	46.0 11.8	42.9 13.0	47. 7 12. 1	49. 6 13. 4	44. 2 13. 1	39. 5 12. 6	38. 4 13. 0	37. 7 15. 1

Revised.

1. Consists of final sales and change in business inventories of new autos produced in the United States.

2. Consists of personal consumption expenditures, producers' durable equipment, and government purchases.

3. Consists of arciculture, forestry, and fisheries; mining; construction; and manufacturing.

4. Consists of transportation; communication; electric, gas, and sanitary services; and trade.

5. Consists of finance, insurance, and real estate; services; and rest of the world.

Note.—Table 10: The industry classification of wage and salary disbursements and proprietors' income is on an establishment basis and is based on the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification.

		1978		19	79		1980
1978	1979	īv	I	II	ш	iv	Ir
		Sea	asonali	y adjust	ed at an	nual ra	tes
		E	illions	of dolla	rs		

	Billions of dollars													
Table 10.—Pers	onal I	ncom	e and	Its Di	sposi	tion (2	2.1)							
Personal income	1,717.4	1, 924. 2	1, 803, 1	1, 852. 6	1, 892, 5	1, 946, 6	2, 005, 0	2, 057. 2						
Wage and salary disburse- ments	1, 103, 3	1, 227. 6	1, 154. 3	1, 189. 3	1, 212. 4	1, 238, 1	1, 270, 5	1, 303, 2						
Commodity-producing in- dustries 3	387. 4 298. 3	435, 2 330, 9	408. 6 312. 7	423, 0 324, 8	431. 7 328. 5	438. 3 331. 9	447. 8 338. 3	459. 5 346. 7						
Distributive industries 4 Service industries 5 Government and govern-	269. 4 228. 7	300. 8 257. 9	281. 6 239. 4	291, 1 247, 2	295. 8 252. 8	304. 0 261. 3	312. 4 270, 2	320. 1 280. 0						
ment enterprises  Other labor income	217.8 106.5	233. 7 122. 7	224, 7 111, 9	228. 0 116. 0	232, 1 120, 3	234. 5 124. 9	240, 1 129, 6	243. 6 134. 4						
Proprietors' income with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjust-								129, 8						
FarmNonfarm	27. 7 89. 1	32. 8	125.7 31.3 94.4	129.0 34.2 94.8	129.3 33.7 95.5	30.9 99.4	32. 5	27.5						
Rental income of persons with capital consumption adjustment	25, 9	26, 9	27, 1	27,3	26, 8	26, 6	27.0	27.0						
Dividends	47.2		49.7	51.5	52, 3	52,8	54.4	56,7						
Personal interest income	163, 3	192, 1	174, 3	181.0	187.6	194.4	205, 5							
Transfer payments	224, 1	252, 0	231.8	237.3	243.6	260.8	266, 5	274,8						
Old-age, survivors, disability, and health insurance benefits	116, 3		121. 5	123.8	127. 1	138, 7	140. 0							
ment insurance benefits Veterans benefits Government employees re-	9, 2 13, 9 32, 9	14.3	8. 2 14. 1	14.5	1	9. 6 14. 2	14.5	14.8						
tirement benefits. Aid to families with dependent children. Other.	10.7 41.1	11.0	34, 6 10, 7 42, 6	10.7	10.8	37. 9 10. 9 49. 6	11.5	11.8						
Less: Personal contributions for social insurance	69, 6		71,8		79.8	81. 2								
Less: Personal tax and nontax payments	259.0	299, 9	278, 2	280, 4	290,7	306, 6	321.9	321,0						
Equals: Disposable personal income	1, 458, 4	1,624.3	1, 524. 8	1, 572, 2	1, 601. 7	1, 640, 0	1, 683, 1	1 ,736, 2						
Less: Personal outlays	1, 386. 4	1, 550, 5	1, 453, 4	1, 493. 0	1, 515, 8	1, 569, 7	1,623,4	1 ,672, 1						
Personal consumption ex-	1, 350. 8	1, 509. 8	1, 415. 4	1, 454. 2	1, 475. 9	1, 528. 6	1, 580. 4	1, 628. 7						
Interest paid by consumers to business	34.8	39. 6	37. 1	37. 7	39. 0	40. 2	41.5	42, 3						
to foreigners (net)	.8	1.1	.9	1.1	.9	.9	1.5	1.0						
Equals: Personal saving	72.0	73,8	71.5	79.2	85.9	70.3	59.7	64.2						
Addenda: Disposable personal income: Total, billions of 1972 dollars	972. 6	994.8	991, 5	996, 6	993. 0	993. 4	996. 2	997.8						
Per capita: Current dollars 1972 dollars	6, 672 4, 449	7, 367 4, 512	6, 954 4, 522	7, 157 4, 536	7, 275 4, 510	7, 430 4, 501	7, 606 4, 502	7, 829 4, 499						
Population (millions)	218.6	220. 5	219. 3	219. 7	220. 2	220, 7	221. 3	221.8						
Personal saving as percentage of disposable personal income	4.9	4. 5	4.7	5. 0	5. 4	4. 3	3.5	3.7						

					1980			1978	1978 1979						
1978	1979	IV	I	11	Ш	IV	I r	1978	1979	IV	I	II	III	IV	I,
		·	Seasonally adjusted at annual rates  Billions of current dollars								seasonall			nual rate	)S

Personal consumption expenditures	1, 350, 8	1,509.8	1, 415, 4	1, 454. 2	1, 475, 9	1, 528, 6	1,580.4	1,628.7	900.8	924.5	920. 3	921.8	915, 0	925, 9	935.4	936.0
Durable goods	200, 3	213, 0	212, 1	213, 8	208,7	213, 4	216, 2	220, 4	146.7	147, 1	152, 1	150. 2	144.8	146, 9	146, 7	145, 5
Motor vehicles and parts	91. 2 77. 6 31. 5	91. 5 85. 6 35. 9	94.9 82.7 34.5	97. 7 82. 1 34. 0	89. 1 84. 2 35. 4	89. 8 87. 3 36. 3	89. 4 88. 9 37. 8	93. 5 88. 0 38. 8	62.7 60.3 23.7	58. 6 63. 2 25. 3	63. 7 62. 9 25. 5	64. 0 61. 4 24. 8	57. 1 62. 4 25. 4	57. 1 64. 3 25. 4	56. 4 64. 7 25. 6	57. 6 62. 8 25. 1
Nondurable goods	530, 6	596.9	558.1	571,1	581.2	604.7	630.7	650.6	343, 3	349.1	351, 9	348. 1	344, 1	349, 2	355.1	353.0
Food. Clothing and shoes. Gasoline and oil Fuel oil and coal. Other	271.7 91.2 50.9 14.0 102.9	302. 0 99. 2 65. 1 18. 4 112. 2	283. 9 96. 8 55. 0 13. 6 108. 9	292. 9 95. 5 58. 4 15. 4 108. 9	296. 7 96. 9 60. 2 17. 2 110. 2	303. 1 101. 0 68. 3 20. 4 111. 9	315. 6 103. 6 73. 4 20. 4 117. 7	322. 5 102. 6 84. 0 21. 5 120. 0	167. 1 72. 7 28. 0 5. 5 70. 0	168. 9 76. 5 26. 7 5. 2 71. 8	168. 6 76. 4 29. 1 5. 2 72. 6	167. 2 75. 0 29. 1 5. 5 71. 2	166. 7 74. 9 26. 1 5. 3 71. 0	169. 3 77. 6 25. 8 5. 2 71. 3	172. 3 78. 5 25. 8 4. 8 73. 7	173. 4 76. 5 25. 4 4. 6 73. 1
Services	619, 8	699,8	645.1	669.3	686.0	710.6	733, 5	757.8	410.8	428.3	416, 3	423, 5	426.1	429, 9	433, 6	437.6
Housing Household operation Electricity and gas Other Transportation Other	91.4 42.6 48.8	241, 5 102, 0 48, 8 53, 2 55, 6 300, 8	222. 1 93. 7 43. 4 50. 3 50. 8 278. 5	229. 5 99. 1 47. 7 51. 4 52. 9 287. 8	236. 3 99. 7 47. 3 52. 5 54. 5 295. 5	244. 9 103. 5 49. 6 53. 9 56. 8 305. 4	255. 2 105. 5 50. 5 55. 0 58. 4 314. 5	263. 3 106. 3 49. 6 56. 8 59. 5 328. 6	150. 8 58. 6 23. 2 35. 4 32. 5 168. 9	159. 6 61. 2 24. 0 37. 2 34. 1 173. 4	153. 7 59. 1 23. 2 35. 9 33. 0 170. 5	156. 4 61. 6 25. 2 36. 4 33. 6 171. 9	158. 6 60. 7 23. 8 36. 9 33. 9 172. 9	160. 5 61. 1 23. 5 37. 6 34. 5 173. 8	163. 0 61. 4 23. 5 38. 0 34. 4 174. 8	165. 1 61. 1 22. 4 38. 7 33. 9 177. 4

		1978		19	79		1980
1978	1979	IV	1	11	111	ıv	I,
		Seas	onally	adjust	ed at a	nnual	rates
		Bi	llions	of dolls	ars		

Table 12.—Federal Government Receipts and Expenditures (3.2)

Receipts	432, 1	497.6	463. 5	475. 0	485.8	504.8	524, 7	540.8
Personal tax and nontax receipts Income taxes. Estate and gift taxes. Nontaxes.	194. 9 189. 4 5. 3 . 2	230. 0 224. 3 5. 6 . 2	211. 0 205. 4 5. 4 . 2	213. 0 207. 4 5. 4 . 2		235. 2 229. 6 5. 4 . 2	248. 5 242. 3 6. 0 . 2	
Corporate profits tax accruals	72.0	78. 2	81. 2	77. 2	74. 9	79.4	81.4	86, 2
Indirect business tax and nontax accruals.  Excise taxes. Customs duties 1. Nontaxes.	28. 1 18. 4 7. 1 2. 6	30. 0 19. 3 7. 5 3. 3	29. 3 18. 9 7. 6 2. 8	29. 4 18. 9 7. 5 3. 0	29. 9 19. 3 7. 5 <b>3</b> . 2	30. 0 19. 4 7. 3 3. 4	30.7 19.6 7.5 3.6	35. 9 23. 0 9. 1 3. 8
Contributions for social insurance	137. 0	159. 3	142.0	155. 5	157. 5	160. 2	164. 1	171.7
Expenditures	459, 8	509.0	479.7	486.8	492.9	516.1	540.4	562, 3
Purchases of goods and services	99. 0 46. 1 26. 3	166, 6 108, 3 49, 2 27, 7 21, 6 59, 0	159. 0 101. 2 48. 0 27. 2 20. 8 53. 2			162. 9 109. 0 48. 7 27. 2 21. 4 60. 3	114. 6 51. 6 29. 1 22. 5	
Nondefense	53. 6 25. 7 27. 9	58. 4 27. 8 30. 6		60. 2 27. 2 33. 0	55. 7 27. 4 28. 3	53. 9 27. 6 26. 3	63. 8 29. 0 34. 8	
Transfer payments. To persons. To foreigners.				196. 8 192. 7 4. 0	201. 9 198. 0 3, 9			229. 4 225. 0 4. 4
Grants-in-aid to State and local governments	77.3	80. 4	80.7	77.8	77. 7	81.8	84. 3	86.0
Net interest paid	34. 8 43. 4 34. 8 8. 7 8. 6	43. 1 53. 9 43. 1 10. 8 10. 9	46.5 36.7 9.8		42. 6 10. 6	54.8 43.9 10.9	46. 2 57. 5 46. 6 10. 8 11. 3	12.4
Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises Subsidies Less: Current surplus of government	9.1		10.5	8. 1	8.3	7.9	8.4	9. 2
enterprises	6	9	4	2	7	-2.3	4	6
Less: Wage accruals less disburse- ments	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0
Surplus or deficit (-), national income and product accounts.	-27.7	-11.4	-16.3	-11.7	-7.0	-11.3	-15.7	-21.6
Social insurance funds Other funds	-1.4 -26.3	2.7 -14.1	-1.4 -14.9	9. 1 -20. 8	7. 1 -14. 1	-3.1 -8.2	-2.3 -13.5	$^{1.7}_{-23.3}$

		1978	_	19	79		1980
1978	1979	IV	I	п	ш	IV	Ιr
		Seas	onally	adjust	ed at a	nnual	rates
		В	illions	of dolls	ırs		

Table 13.—State and Local Government Receipts and Expenditures (3.4)

Receipts	331.0	354.6	342, 6	343. 9	345, 9	359. 8	368, 7	375, 1
Personal tax and nontax receipts Income taxes Nontaxes Other		69. 9 37. 8 23. 7 8. 3	67. 2 37. 3 21. 9 8. 0	67.3 36.5 22.7 8.2	67. 3 35. 6 23. 4 8. 3	71. 4 38. 9 24. 1 8. 4	73. 4 40. 0 24. 8 8. 5	73. 9 39. 7 25. 6 8. 6
Corporate profits tax accruals	12.5	14.3	13.9	14.1	13.7	14.7	14.8	15.5
Indirect business tax and nontax accruals. Sales taxes. Property taxes. Other.	71.3	159. 5 78. 1 63. 9 17. 5	152. 8 74. 8 61. 9 16. 1	155. 5 76. 1 62. 8 16. 6	157. 0 76. 2 63. 7 17. 1	161. 1 79. 1 64. 2 17. 7	164. 4 81. 0 65. 1 18. 4	167. 6 82. 6 65. 9 19. 1
Contributions for social insurance	27.1	30. 5	28, 0	29.1	30, 2	30. 9	31.8	32. 1
Federal grants-in-aid	77.3	80. 4	80.7	77.8	77. 7	81.8	84, 3	86.0
Expenditures	303, 6	330.0	315, 5	316.3	326, 1	334.5	342, 9	351.3
Purchases of goods and services Compensation of employees	1107.0	309. 8 171. 4 138. 4	294. 8 162. 2 132. 6	296, 5 166, 3 130, 2		314. 9 173. 3 141. 6	322. 8 175. 9 146. 9	331, 2 180, 1 151, 1
Transfer payments to persons	33, 3	36. 2	34. 4	35, 0	35. 7	36.5	37.9	38, 5
Net interest paid	-7.1 15.0 22.1	-9.5 15.9 25.4	-7.6 15.4 23.0	-8.3 15.7 24.0	-9.0 15.8 24.8	-10.0 16.1 26.0	-10.5 16.3 26.8	-11. 1 16. 5 27. 6
Subsidies less current surplus of gov- ernment enterprisesSubsidiesSubsidies	.2	-6.8 .3	. 3	.3	.3	.3	-7.1 .3	-7. 4 . 3
enterprises	5.7	7.1	6.1	6.8	6.7	7.3	7.5	7.7
Less: Wage accruals less disburse- ments	.2	1	.4	.3	9	1	.2	2
Surplus or deficit (-), national income and product accounts	27.4	24.6	27.1	27.6	19.7	25, 3	25.8	23, 8
Social insurance fundsOther funds	23, 2 4, 2	26. 6 -1. 9	23.8 3.3	25. 0 2. 6	26. 0 -6. 3	27. 1 -1. 8	28. 0 -2. 2	28.3 -4.6

Revised.
 Includes fees for licenses to import petroleum and petroleum products.

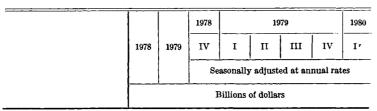


Table 14.-Foreign Transactions in the National Income and Product Accounts (4.1)

Receipts from foreigners.	207. 2	258.6	224, 9	239, 6	244.9	268.4	281.6	305.
Exports of goods and services Merchandise Other	207. 2 140. 7 66. 5	257. 5 177. 2 80. 3	224, 9 154, 5 70, 4	238. 5 163. 0 75. 5	243, 7 166, 8 76, 9	267. 3 184. 6 82. 7	280. 4 194. 4 86. 0	304, 212, 91,
Capital grants received by the United States (net)	0	1.1	0	1.1	1, 1	1.1	1.1	1.
Payment to foreigners	207, 2	258.6	224, 9	239, 6	244.9	268.4	281.6	305.
I mports of goods and services.  Merchandise  Other	217. 5 174. 9 42. 6	262, 1 209, 1 53, 0	229. 4 183. 1 46. 3	234. 4 186. 0 48. 4	251, 9 200, 4 51, 4	269. 5 215. 9 53. 6	292. 4 233. 9 58. 5	318. 2 255. 3 63. 3
Transfer payments (net) From persons (net) From government (net)	4.6 .8 3.7	5, 2 1, 1 4, 2	5.1 .9 4.2	5, 1 1, 1 4, 0	4.7 .9 3.9	4.6 .9 3.7	6. 5 1. 5 5. 0	5. 1. 4.
Interest paid by government to foreigners	8.7	10.8	9,8	11.0	10, 6	10.9	10.8	12,
Net foreign investment	-23.5	-19.5	19. 4	-11.0	-22, 3	-16.7	-28.1	-30.

Table 15.—Gross Saving and Investment (5.1)

Gross saving	324.6	363.9	346. 9	362, 2	374. 3	367.3	351, 9	344. 4
Gross private saving	324, 9	349.6	336, 1	345.2	360. 5	352, 1	340.7	341.0
Personal saving	72.0	73.8	71.5	79. 2	85. 9	70.3	59.7	64. 2
Undistributed corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjust-								
ments Undistributed profits Inventory valuation ad-	36. 0 74. 3	32.9 91.4	40. 1 82. 6	36. 1 90. 5	35. 6 87. 0	34. 0 95. 5	25. 9 92. 5	13. 5 98. 8
justment	-25, 2	-41.8	-28.8	<b>-3</b> 9. 9	-36, 6	-44.0	-46.5	-63, 2
justment	-13.1	-16.7	-13.8	-14, 5	-14.7	-17.6	-20.1	-22.1
ital consumption adjust- ment	132, 9	147.7	136. 8	139, 9	145. 1	150. 4	155. 3	159. 6
capital consumption ad- justment	84.0	95.3	87. 7	89. 9	93. 9	97. 5	99.8	103. 7
ments	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Government surplus or defi- cit (-), national income and product accounts	-,3	13, 2	10.8	15,8	12. 7	14.0	10.0	2. 2
Federal	-27.7 27.4	-11. 4 24. 6	-16.3 27.1	-11.7 27.6	-7.0 19.7	-11.3 $25.3$	-15.7 25.8	-21.6 23.8
Capital grants received by the United States (net)	0	1,1	0	1,1	1,1	1,1	1,1	1.1
Gross investment	327, 9	367.6	351, 0	362.8	373. 1	375, 6	359, 1	353, 4
Gross private domestic invest- ment Net foreign investment	351.5 -23.5	387. 2 -19. 5	370.5 -19.4	373.8 -11.0	395. 4 -22. 3	392.3 -16.7	387. 2 -28. 1	384.0 -30.6
Statistical discrepancy	3, 3	3.7	4,1	.6	-1,3	8.3	7.2	9,0

		1978		19	979		1980
197	1979	IV	1	II	III	IV	I
		Sea	sonall	y adjust	ed at an	nual ra	tes
		E	Billions	of dolla	rs		

Table 16.—Inventories and Final Sales of Business in Current and

Table 16.—Inventories a		Sales ollars			in C	urren	t and
Inventories 1	 	586, 9	613.4	635. 1	662, 9	689.7	703.8
Farm	 	76. 7	79.8	81. 2	79.9	82. 0	76.0
Nonfarm	 	510.2	533, 5	553. 9	583. 0	607.7	
NonfarmDurable goods Nondurable goods	 	296. 7 213. 5	311. 2 222. 4	324. 5 229. 4	335. 2 247. 7	349, 5 258, 2	
Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods	 	253. 7 165. 8 87. 9	175. 4	277. 7 183. 1 94. 6	294. 4 191. 2 103. 2	309. 7 202. 7 107. 1	208. 2
Wholesale trade	i				116.3 74.3 42.0		76. 3
Retail trade Durable goods Nondurable goods	1		107. 6 49. 7	111. 6 52. 4	114. 5 52. 5	117. 2 53. 7	116. 9 52. 2
	,		1			63.6	
OtherFinal sales 2	l	1	1				
Ratio of inventories to final sales						. 330	
Nonfarm 3	 	. 271	. 276	. 284	. 288	. 291	. 293
	 	Bi	llions of	1972 do	llars	·	·
Inventories 1	 	325, 9	328.9	333. 5	335, 3	335, 6	335, 1
Farm	 	41. 3	41.4	41. 5	41.7	42. 2	42. 2
Nonfarm Durable goods Nondurable goods	 	284. 6 166. 2 118. 4	168. 9		293, 5 173, 2 120, 4	173. 2	171.7
Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods	 	136. 3 89. 5 46. 7		93. 5	142. 5 94. 5 48. 0	143. 5 95. 8 47. 7	
Wholesale trade	 	58. 2 39. 4 18. 9	39.9	39.8	60, 0 40, 5 19, 6	40.2	39.
Retail trade Durable goods Nondurable goods			29.2	30.5	65, 3 29, 8 35, 5	28.9	27. 3
Other		25. 3	25. 5	25.7	25.7	25, 9	26.2
	1	ı	l .	1		ı	ı

Table 17.—National Income Without Capital Consumption Adjustment by Industry (6.4)

. 269

. 235

. 27 1

. 237

Final sales 2..... Ratio of inventories to final sales.....

Nonfarm 3

1, 212. 0 1, 214. 6 1, 200. 9 1, 222. 2 1, 236.5 1, 242.3

. 278

. 243

. 274

. 240

.271

. 237

. 270

. 236

National income with- out capital consump- tion adjustment	1,766,8	1,977.8	1,865.5	1, 916, 2	1, 947, 7	1,997.7	2, 049, 8	2, 095. 5
Domestic income	1,746,2	1, 952, 6	1,844.3	1, 892. 0	1, 924. 1	1, 970. 7	2, 023, 5	2,068.1
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries	54.7	64. 0	60.0	63. 9	64.7	62. 5	64.8	
Mining and construction	114. 1	132.6	124.3	123. 2	130. 5	136. 1	140.6	
Manufacturing Nondurable goods Durable goods	459. 5 176. 0 283. 5		183.8	191.6	195. 6		207.4	
Transportation	68. 2	78.4	73. 1	75.8	75. 7	79.7	82. 2	
Communication	40. 5	44.9	42. 1	43. 0	43. 3	46. 3	47.2	
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	34, 9	37. 0	37. 1	38. 0	36. 4	36. 2	37. 2	
Wholesale and retail trade Wholesale Retail	261. 8 107. 0 154. 8		114. 2	114.7	286. 7 120. 4 166. 3	296. 6 123. 9 172. 7	127.4	
Finance, insurance, and real estate	210. 7 245. 2 256. 6		257. 1	265. 9	271.5	281.6	292.5	
Rest of the world	20,5		21, 2	24, 2	23.7	26. 9	26, 4	27.5

r Revised.

1. Inventories are as of the end of the quarter. The quarter-to-quarter change in inventories calculated from current-dollar inventories shown in this table is not the current-dollar change in business inventories (CBI) components of GNP. The former is the difference between two inventory stocks, each valued at end-of-quarter prices. The latter is the change in the physical volume of inventories valued at average prices of the quarter. In addition, changes calculated from this table are at quarterly rates, whereas CBI is stated at annual rates.

2. Quarterly totals at annual rates.

3. Equals ratio of nonfarm inventories to final sales of business. These sales include a small amount of final sales by farms.

Amount of final sales by farms.

Note.—Table 16: Inventories are classified as durable or nondurable as follows: For manufacturing, by the type of product produced by the establishment holding the inventory; for trade, by the type of product sold by the establishment holding the inventory; for construction, durable; and for other nonfarm industries, nondurable. The industry classification is based on the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification.

Table 17: The industry classification of compensation of employees, proprietors' income, and rental income is on an establishment basis; the industry classification of corporate profits and net interest is on a company basis. The industry classification of these items is based on the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification.

	1978 1		1978		19	979		1980
1	1978	1979	IV	r	п	ш	IV	Ir
			Sea	sonall	y adjust	ed at an	nual ra	tes
			В	illions	of dolla	rs		

7D 1.1 1	18.—Corporate	D C.	1	T1+	<i>(4</i> 10	`
I able	18.—Corporate	Fronts	DV	maustry	(0.10	,

Table 18.—Co	rpora	te Pro	ofits l	y Inc	lustry	(6.18	3)	
Corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consump-	107.7	170 4	104.0	150 0	170 A	100.0	170 4	1771 0
tion adjustments	167.7 157.5	178. 2 164. 9	184.8 175.3	178, 9 167, 0	176. 6 164. 9	180. 8 164. 9	176. 4 162, 9	171.8 157.4
Domestic industries Financial 1 Nonfinancial	29. 2 128. 3	32. 1 132. 9	31. 5 143. 8	31. 0 135. 9	31. 0 133. 9	32. 6 132. 3	33. 6 129. 3	33. 5 123. 9
Rest of the world	10, 2	13. 2	9.6	11,9	11.7	15.8	13, 5	14.4
Corporate profits with inventory valuation adjustment and with out capital consumption adjustment	180, 8	194.9	198.6	193, 3	191, 3	198, 3	196, 5	193, 9
Domestic industries	170.6	181, 6	189.0	181, 4	179.6	182.5	183, 0	179.5
Financial ' Federal Reserve banks Other	29. 7 7. 7 21. 9	33. 2 9. 6 23. 6	32. 1 8. 6 23. 5	31. 9 8. 8 23. 1	32. 0 9. 2 22. 8	33. 8 9. 7 24. 1	35. 0 10. 6 24. 4	35. 1 11. 8 23. 3
Nonfinancial	140. 9 81. 7 41. 4	148. 5 88. 8 51. 5	156, 9 90, 6 45, 1	149, 6 94, 1 48, 2	147. 7 90. 6 49. 4	148. 7 86. 4 53. 8	148. 0 84. 0 54. 8	144. 4
products Chemicals and allied	5.7	6.9	6, 4	5.7	7.6	7.8	6.4	
productPetroleum and coal	7.9	7.7	8.9	9.0	8.0	7.1	6.6	<b></b>
productsOther	13.0 14.7	21. 5 15. 5	14.8 15.1	16, 4 17, 1	19. 5 14. 2	21.8 17.1	28. 3 13. 5	
Durable goodsPrimary metal indus-	40.3	37. 2	45. 5	46.0	41. 2	32. 6	29. 2	•
tries Fabricated metal	2.5	3.5	2.9	3.8	4.2	4.0	1.9	
products Machinery, except	4.6	5.0	5. 1	5.0	5. 4	4.8	4.7	
Electric and electronic	8.3 5.2	7. 7 5. 1	9. 8 5. 1	8, 2 5, 5	7. 6 5. 2	7.9 5.1	6.9 4.6	
equipment Motor vehicles and equipment	8,9	4.5	9.3	11.4	7.4	5	4	<b>-</b>
Other	10.8	11.5	13. 3	12.0	11. 3	11. 2	11.5	
Wholesale and retail trade.	23.0	23.7	25.8	18.6	22.4	26.5	27.1	
Transportation, commu- nication, and electric, gas, and sanitary serv- ices	20.3	18.9	22,7	21, 7	18. 5	18.0	17.4	
Other	16.0	17.1	17.9	15, 1	16, 1	17.8	19.4	
Rest of the world	10, 2	13, 2	9,6	11, 9	11.7	15, 8	13, 5	14.4
Corporate profits before deduction of capital consumption allow-								
ances, with inventory valuation adjustment	300.6	325, 8	321.7	318.8	321.7	331, 1	331,7	331.3
Domestic industries  Financial <sup>1</sup> Federal Reserve banks  Other	35, 2	312.6 38.9 9.6 29.4	312, 1 37, 8 8, 6 29, 1	306.9 37.5 8.8 28.8	310.0 37.7 9.2 28.5	315.3 39.6 9.7 29.9	318, 2 40, 9 10, 6 30, 3	316.9 41.1 11.8 29.2
Nonfinancial  Manufacturing  Nondurable goods	255. 2 132. 1 66. 3	273. 7 144. 5 79. 1	274.4 142.2 70.7	269. 4 147. 2 74. 4	272. 3 145. 9 76. 9	275. 7 143. 0 81. 6	277. 3 142. 1 83. 4	275.8
Food and kindred products Chemicals and allied	9.9	11.5	10.7	10.1	12. 2	12.5	11.2	
productPetroleum and coal	13.6	14.1	14.9	15, 2	14, 5	13. 5	13.3	••
products Other	$21.7 \\ 21.2$	31.0 22.5	23. 5 21. 5	25, 4 23, 8	29. 0 21. 1	31. 4 24. 2	38.1 20.8	
Durable goods	65.8	65. 5	71.6	72.7	69. 1	61.4	58. 7	
Primary metal indus- tries	6.7	8.1	7, 2	8.1	8,6	8.8	6.8	
Fabricated metal products Machinery, except	6.9	7.6	7.4	7.5	8.1	7.5	7.4	
Machinery, except electrical Electric and electronic	13.2	13.1	14.9	13.3	13.0	13.4	12.5	
equipment	9.0	9.3	8.9	9.5	9. 4	9.4	8.9	
equipmentOther	13.3 16.8	9.4 18.0	13.5 19.8	16.0 18.4	12. 0 17. 9	4.6 17.7	4.9 18.1	
Wholesale and retail trade.	36.2	38.0	39.5	32, 5	36. 7	41.1	41.9	<u></u>
Transportation, commu- nication, and electric, gas, and sanitary serv-								
ices	49.7	50.6	52.7	52, 2	50.4	50.0	49.9	
Other	37.3	40. 5	39.9	37.5	39. 4	41.5	43.5	
Rest of the world	10.2	13.2	9.6	11,9	11,7	15, 8	13, 5	14.

		1978		19	979	9	
1978	1979	IV	IV I III III		I II III IV		1,
			S	easonall	y adjust	ed	
		Index	numl	pers, 197	2=100		

Table 19.—Implicit Price Deflators for Gross National Product (7.1)

152. 05	165, 46	156, 68	160, 22	163, 81	167. 20	170.58	174.42
150.0	163.3	153.8	157.8	161.3	165.1	169.0	174.0
136. 5 154. 6 150. 9	144.8 171.0 163.4	139. 4 158. 6 155. 0	142. 4 164. 1 158. 0	144. 1 168. 9 161. 0	145.3 173.2 165.3	147. 4 177. 6 169. 2	151, 5 184, 3 173, 2
			<b>-</b>	 			
164. 4 157. 8 174. 3	179. 6 171. 3 192. 4	170. 3 162. 3 181. 4	173. 0 165. 4 185. 2	177. 8 169. 6 189. 0	182. 4 173. 8 195. 1	185. 0 176. 2 199. 8	188. 1 179. 7 204. 2
150, 3 179, 7 180, 8 180, 3	161. 1 201. 4 203. 0 202. 8	153, 4 189, 5 190, 8 189, 3	156. 4 192. 6 194. 0 192. 7	160. 2 199. 2 200. 7 199. 8	163. 6 205. 5 207. 3 206. 0	164, 4 208, 7 210, 5 209, 9	167. 5 212. 7 214. 8 214. 2
132. 3	139.8	135. 6	138. 2	139, 5	139. 6	141.7	143. 9
190. 3 222. 1	214. 8 256. 2	197. 6 227. 2	203, 9 234, 5	210, 1 244, 9	218. 7 264. 0	225. 7 280. 8	234. 0 301. 2
159, 4	173, 7	164, 5	167, 5	171.3	175, 0	180.9	184.8
154. 8 162. 1	167. 6 177. 1	160, 1 166, 9	161. 9 170. 8	164. 8 174. 9	167. 2 179. 3	176. 4 183. 5	178. 6 188. 4
	150. 0 136. 5 154. 6 150. 9 164. 4 157. 8 174. 3 150. 3 179. 7 180. 8 180. 3 132. 3	150. 0 163. 3 136. 5 144. 8 154. 6 171. 0 150. 9 163. 4  164. 4 179. 6 157. 8 171. 3 174. 3 192. 4 150. 3 161. 1 179. 7 201. 4 180. 8 203. 0 180. 3 202. 8 132. 3 139. 8  190. 3 214. 8 222. 1 256. 2  159. 4 173. 7 154. 8 167. 6	150, 0 163, 3 153, 8  136, 5 144, 8 139, 4  154, 6 171, 0 158, 6  150, 9 163, 4 155, 0  164, 4 179, 6 170, 3  157, 8 171, 3 162, 3  174, 3 192, 4 181, 4  150, 3 161, 1 153, 4  150, 3 161, 1 153, 4  180, 3 202, 8 189, 3  180, 3 202, 8 189, 3  132, 3 139, 8 135, 6  190, 3 214, 8 197, 6  222, 1 256, 2 227, 2  159, 4 173, 7 164, 5  154, 8 167, 6 160, 1	150, 0 163, 3 153, 8 157, 8  136, 5 144, 8 139, 4 142, 4  154, 6 171, 0 158, 6 164, 1  150, 9 163, 4 155, 0 158, 0  164, 4 179, 6 170, 3 173, 0  157, 8 171, 3 162, 3 165, 4  174, 3 192, 4 181, 4 185, 2  150, 3 161, 1 153, 4 186, 2  150, 3 161, 1 153, 4 186, 2  150, 3 161, 1 153, 4 186, 2  150, 3 161, 1 153, 4 189, 5 192, 6  180, 8 203, 0 190, 8 194, 0  180, 3 202, 8 189, 3 192, 7  132, 3 139, 8 135, 6 138, 2  190, 3 214, 8 197, 6 203, 9  222, 1 256, 2 227, 2 234, 5  159, 4 173, 7 164, 5 167, 5  154, 8 167, 6 160, 1 161, 9	150. 0	150, 0	150, 0

Table 20.—Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Gross National Product, 1972 Weights (7.2)

Gross national product	154, 2	168, 7	159, 0	162, 8	166, 6	170.6	174.4	179, 0
Personal consumption expend- itures	151, 6	166, 2	155.9	160.0	163.9	168.4	172, 6	178.3
Durable goods Nondurable goods Services	137.9 156.9 151.5	146. 9 175. 2 164. 4	140. 9 161. 6 155. 7	144. 2 167. 1 158. 7	146. 1 172. 7 161. 9	147. 8 178. 1 166. 4	149. 7 183. 5 170. 5	154, 2 191, 0 174, 8
Gross private domestic invest-	<b>.</b>		<b>-</b>	<b>-</b> -		<b></b>	<b></b>	
Fixed investment Nonresidential Structures Producers' durable	167. 2 160. 6 170. 7	184. 2 175. 0 189. 1	173. 9 165. 5 177. 7	177. 1 168. 8 181. 6	182. 2 173. 1 186. 4	187. 2 177. 3 191. 7	190. 4 180. 6 196. 0	194. 8 185. 0 200. 9
equipment Residential	154. 8 179. 6	167. 0 201. 5	158. 5 189. 5	161. 5 192. 7	165. 6 199. 3	169. 1 205. 7	171. 8 208. 9	175. 9 213. 3
Change in business inventories			<b>-</b>	<b>-</b>	 	   <b>-</b>		
Net exports of goods and serv- ices	<b>-</b>		<del>-</del>	<b>-</b>	 			
ExportsImports	192. 3 215. 3	216.9 248.9	199. 2 222, 1	205.3 229.6	211. 4 240. 9	220. 5 256. 8	227.8 273.8	238. 6 295. 4
Government purchases of goods and services	159. 5	174,5	164, 5	168, 2	172, 0	176.0	182, 1	186.9
Federal. State and local	155. 8 162. 0	170. 4 177. 3	160. 8 167. 0	164.0 171.1	167. 2 175. 2	171.1 179.4	180, 2 183, 4	184. 8 188. 3
Addenda: Final sales Gross domestic product Business Nonfarm	154. 1 153. 7 153. 6 153. 1	168. 5 168. 0 168. 3 167. 2	158. 9 158. 5 158. 5 157. 2	162, 7 162, 3 162, 3 160, 5	166. 4 166. 0 166. 3 164. 8	170. 4 169. 9 170. 4 169. 3	174. 3 173. 6 173. 9 172. 8	178. 8 178. 0 178. 6 178. 0

r Revised.

1. Consists of the following industries: Banking; credit agencies other than banks; security, commodity brokers and services; insurance carriers; regulated investment companies; small business investment companies; and real estate investment trusts.

Note.—Table 18: The industry classification is on a company basis and is based on the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification.

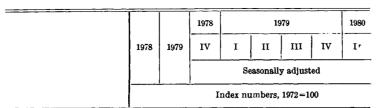


Table 21.—Implicit Price Deflators for Gross National Product by Major Type of Product (7.3)

		<u>-</u>						
Gross national product.	152, 05	165, 46	156, 68	160, 22	163, 81	167, 20	170, 58	174.42
Final sales Change in business inven- tories	152. 0	165.3	156. 6	160. 3	163. 5	167. 0	170. 4	174.2
Goods	145, 4	157.8	149.7	153, 6	157.3	159, 1	161, 2	164.7
Final sales Change in business inven- tories	145, 2	157.4	149. 3	153. 6	156. 5	158.6	160.7	164.2
Durable goods	140. 9 140. 2	152.0 151.2	144. 1 143. 7	148. 8 148. 0	151. 8 150. 2	153. 4 152. 8	154.3 153.9	155. 6 157. 4
Nondurable goods	148. 8 148. 7	162. 1 161. 8	153. 8 153. 3	157. <b>3</b> 157. 7	161. 4 161. 1	163. 2 162. 8	166. 2 165. 6	171. 1 169. 1
ServicesStructures	153. 8 176. 2	167.0 196.6	158, 1 184, 6	161. 4 188. 4	164.4 193.8	168.8 199.8	173, 3 203, 8	177. 0 208.

Table 22.—Implicit Price Deflators for Gross National Product by Sector (7.5)

Gross national product	152, 05	165.46	156, 68	160, 22	163, 81	167, 20	170, 58	174.42
Gross domestic product	151.5	164.6	156.1	159.5	163.1	166. 2	169.5	173, 2
Business	151.0	164.3	155. 6	159. 1	162.8	166.1	169.1	172.8
Nonfarm	150. 4	163. 2	154.7	157.6	161.7	165.2	168. 2	172. 4
Nonfarm less housing	151. 9	165.0	156. 2	159.3	163.6	167.1	170.1	174.4
Housing	137. 7	147. 9	141. 4	143. 4	145.6	149.1	153.0	155. 8
FarmResidual	174. 2	201. 6	190. 5	209, 4	201. 2	197.7	198. 4	188. 5
Households and institutions.	159. 6	171.5	163. 3	168. 3	169. 7	171.6	176. 1	180. 8
Government	153. 1	165, 1	157, 6	160, 7	163, 3	165, 7	170.7	173, 6
Federal.	146. 2	156. 8	151.7	153. 4	154. 3	155. 1	164. 4	165. 3
State and local	156. 5	169.1	160.4	164. 3	167. 7	170.8	173.8	177. 7
Rest of the world	l							

Table 23.—Implicit Price Deflators for the Relation of Gross National Product, Net National Product, and National Income

Gross national product	152, 05	165, 46	156, 68	160, 22	163, 81	167, 20	170, 58	174, 42
Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment	163. 6	177.7	168. 0	170. 9	175. 4	180.1	184. 1	187.7
Equals: Net national product	150.8	164. 2	155, 5	159.1	162, 6	165.8	169, 1	173,0
Less: Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus business transfer payments less subsidies plus current surplus of government enterprises	131.8	138.6	131. 6	135. 1	137.7	139. 2	142. 1	147.0
Equals: National income	153, 4	167.3	158, 5	162, 1	165, 6	169.1	172,5	176.2

		1978		1	979		1980
1978	1979	IV	I	II	ш	īv	Ir
			Se	asonall	y adjust	ed	<del></del> -
		Index	numb	ers, 197	2=100	<del></del>	

Table 24.-Implicit Price Deflators for Net National Product and National Income by Sector (7.7)

					<u> </u>			
Net national product	150.8	164. 2	155.5	159.1	162, 6	165, 8	169.1	173.0
Net domestic product	150.2	163. 2	154.8	158.3	161,8	164.8	168.0	171.6
Business Nonfarm Farm Residual	149. 4 148. 9 175. 8	162. 6 161. 5 208. 8	154. 1 153. 1 197. 5	157. 6 156. 1 222. 2	161. 2 160. 1 209. 0	164. 4 163. 4 202. 9	167. 2 166. 4 202. 2	171. 0 170. 5 187. 3
Households and institutions. Government	159. 6 153. 1	171. 5 165. 1	163. 3 157. 6	168. 3 160. 7	169. 7 163. 3	171. 6 165. 7	176. 1 170. 7	180. 5 173. 6
Rest of the world								 
National income	153.4	167.3	158.5	162.1	165, 6	169, 1	172, 5	176.2
Domestic income	152.6	166, 3	157.7	161.2	164.7	168.0	171, 2	174.7
Business Nonfarm Farm	152. 2 151. 9 162. 2	166. 2 165. 6 187. 8	157. 5 156. 7 186. 2	161. 0 159. 9 199. 0	164. 7 164. 1 186. 2	168. 1 167. 8 179. 3	171. 0 170. 5 187. 2	174.6 174.8 165.9
Households and institutions. Government	159. 6 153. 1	171. 5 165. 1	163.3 157.6	168.3 160.7	169. 7 163. 3	171. 6 165. 7	176. 1 170. 7	180. 5 173. 6
Rest of the world								

Table 25.—Implicit Price Deflators for Auto Output (7.9)

						outp	<del>~~~</del>	
Auto output	141.0	147.8	143.0	145.0	146, 6	149,8	150,4	153, 2
Final sales	140.4	148, 6	143.0	146.5	148. 2	149.7	150, 4	153, 9
Personal consumption expenditures New autos Net purchases of used autos	149. 8 138. 4	160. 1 149. 2	153. 9 141. 0	157. 3 144. 8	160. 4 148. 9	160. 9 152. 1	162. 0 151. 7	164.7 156.0
Producers' durable equipment  New autos  Net purchases of used autos	126.8	133. 7 149. 3	126. 2 141. 2	127. 1 144. 8	131. 8 149. 0	140. 0 152. 2	136. 5 151. 9	141. 7 156. 0
Net exportsExportsImports	138. 8 174. 3	149. 7 195. 6	141. 4 180. 2	145. 1 184. 4	149. 2 198. 6	152. 5 199. 8	152. 0 199. 0	156. 1 200. 9
Government purchases of goods and services	141.3	156. 2	144.5	144.8	154.0	162. 4	167. 2	170. 4
Change in business inventories of new and used autos.							<b></b>	
Addenda: Domestic output of new autos 1	138.5	149. 2 149. 3	140. 9 141. 1	144.7 144.9	148. 8 148. 9	152.6 152.1	151. 9 151. 8	156. 2 156. 0

Table 26.—Implicit Price Deflators for Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product (7.11)

Expenditure			- JPC			(		
Personal consumption expenditures	150.0	163, 3	153.8	157.8	161,3	165, 1	169.0	174.0
Durable goods	136.5	144.8	139.4	142.4	144.1	145, 3	147. 4	151, 5
Motor vehicles and parts Furniture and household	145.5	156. 1	149.0	152.8	156. 1	157.2	158.7	162. 2
equipmentOther	128. 7 132. 7	135 5 141.9	131. 4 135. 2	133. 5 137. 3	135. 0 139. 5	135.7 142.8	137.5 147.6	140. 3 154. 9
Nondurable goods	154.6	171.0	158.6	164.1	168, 9	173, 2	177.6	184.3
Food	125. 5 182. 1 253. 3	178. 8 129. 7 243. 7 353. 0 156. 3	168. 3 126. 7 189. 1 262. 7 150. 0	175. 1 127. 2 200. 9 279. 2 153. 0	178. 0 129. 4 230. 3 323. 9 155. 1	179. 0 130. 1 264. 8 393. 6 157. 0	183. 1 131. 9 284. 6 426. 4 159. 9	185, 9 134, 2 330, 8 469, 4 164, 2
Services	150.9	163, 4	155.0	158.0	161,0	165, 3	169, 2	173, 2
Housing Household operation Electricity and gas Other Transportation Other	156. 0 183. 8 137. 8	151. 3 166. 6 203. 3 143. 0 163. 0 173. 5	144. 5 158. 4 187. 0 140. 0 154. 0 163. 3	146. 8 161. 0 189. 8 141. 1 157. 2 167. 4	149. 0 164. 3 198. 4 142. 2 160. 4 170 9	152. 6 169. 5 211. 0 143. 5 164. 4 175. 7	156. 6 171. 8 215. 2 144. 9 169. 6 179. 9	159. 5 174. 0 220. 9 146. 8 175. 2 185. 2

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Revised.
1. Consists of final sales and change in business inventories of new autos produced in the United States.
2. Consists of personal consumption expenditures, producers' durable equipment, and government purchases.

Note.—Table 21: "Final sales" is classified as durable or nondurable by type of product. "Change in business inventories" is classified as follows: For manufacturing, by the type of product produced by the establishment holding the inventory; for trade, by the type of product sold by the establishment holding the inventory; for construction, durable; and for other industries, nondurable.

Tables 22 and 24: The industry classification within the business sector is on an establishment basis and is based on the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification.

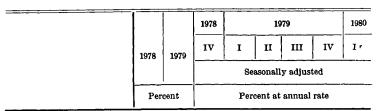


Table 27.—Percent Change From Preceding Period in Gross National Product in Current and Constant Dollars, Implicit Price Deflator, and Price Indexes (8.9)

		1 1						
Gross national product:	1							
Current dollars	12.0	11.3	14.8	10.6	6.7	11.9	10.5	10.0
1972 dollars	4.4 7.3	2.3 8.8	5. 6 8. 7	1.1 9.3	-2.3 9.3	3. 1 8. 5	2. 0 8. 4	.6 9.3
Implicit price deflator Chain price index	7.4	8.9	8.6	9.7	8.8	8.9	8.5	9.6
Fixed-weighted price index		9.3	8.9	9.9	9. 5	10.0	9.4	10.9
Personal consumption expendi-								
tures:								
Current dollars		11.8	14. 2	11.4	6. 1 -2. 9	15.0	14.3	12.8 .3
1972 dollars Implicit price deflator	4.5 6.8	2. 6 8. 9	6. 8 6. 9	. 6 10. 8	9.3	4.9 9.7	4.1 9.7	12.5
Chain price index		9. 2	7. 2	10.4	10.0	10.6	10. i	12.9
Fixed-weighted price index	7.1	9.6	7.4	11.0	10.3	11.3	10.5	13.7
Durable stander	· '					i	1	
Durable goods: Current dollars	12.0	6.3	18. 1	3. 3	-9.2	9.2	5.4	8.0
1972 dollars	6.1	.3 6.0	13.0	-5.0	-13.6	5.8	6	-3.2
Implicit price deflator	5. 5 5. 6	6.4	4.5	8.7 9.2	5. 0 5. 5	3. 2 4. 6	6.0 5.9	11.5 12.8
Chain price index Fixed-weighted price in-	J. V	0. 1	2.0	"."	0.0		""	12.0
dex	5.8	6. 5	4.7	9.4	5.4	4.7	5, 3	12.7
Nandysahla gaadat		}			}			
Nondurable goods: Current dollars	10.2	12.5	16.9	9.6	7.3	17, 1	18.4	13. 2
1972 dollars	3.2	1.7	8.6	-4.2	-4.5	6.1	7.0	-2.4
Implicit price deflator	6.8 7.2	10, 6 11, 3	7. 7 8. 1	14.5	12. 3 13. 9	10.5	10.7	15.8
Chain price index Fixed-weighted price in-	1 1.2	11.0	0.1	13.8	13. 5	11.9	11.8	16.0
dex	7.3	11.7	8.4	14.5	14.0	13. 1	12.6	17.4
Comitons	1 .						}	}
Services: Current dollars	12.7	12.9	10.6	15.8	10.4	15.1	13. 5	13.9
1972 dollars	5.1	4.3	3. 2	7.1	2.5	3.6	3.5	3.7
Implicit price deflator	7.3 7.3	8.3 8.4	7. 2 7. 2	8.2 8.0	7. 7 8. 2	11.1	9.7 10.0	9.8 10.4
Chain price index Fixed-weighted price in-	1.3	0. 1	1.2	°. •		11.4	10.0	10.4
dex	7.3	8.5	7.3	8.1	8.2	11.6	10.1	10.5
Gross private domestic invest-				l	Ì			]
ment:	!						ŀ	
Current dollars	15.9	10.2	17.1	3.6	25. 2 8. 5	-3.0	-5.1 -11.6	-3.3
Implicit price deflator	(.1	.4	0.0	,	0.0	12.8	-11.0	-10. Z
					1	ì	1	ı
Chain price index								
1972 dollars								
Fixed investment:							{	
Fixed investment: Current dollars	17.0	12. 1	17.4	5.6	8.5	18.7	4.2	2.4
Fixed investment: Current dollars 1972 dollars	17. 0 7. 1	12. 1 2. 6	17. 4 7. 5	5. 6 -1. 0	8.5 -2.7	18. 7 7. 2	4.2 -1.5	2.4 -4.3
Fixed investment: Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator	17. 0 7. 1 9. 2	12. 1 2. 6 9. 2	17.4	5.6	8. 5 -2. 7 11. 5	18. 7 7. 2 10. 8	4.2	2.4
Fixed investment: Current dollars 1972 dollars	17. 0 7. 1 9. 2 9. 5	12. 1 2. 6 9. 2 9. 9	17. 4 7. 5 9. 2 10. 0	5. 6 -1. 0 6. 7 7. 6	8.5 -2.7 11.5 11.9	18. 7 7. 2 10. 8 11. 0	4. 2 -1. 5 5. 7 7. 0	2.4 -4.3 6.9 9.5
Fixed investment: Current dollars	17. 0 7. 1 9. 2 9. 5	12. 1 2. 6 9. 2	17. 4 7. 5 9. 2	5.6 -1.0 6.7	8. 5 -2. 7 11. 5	18. 7 7. 2 10. 8	4.2 -1.5 5.7	2.4 -4.3 6.9
Fixed investment: Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator Chain price index Fixed-weighted price in-	17.0 7.1 9.2 9.5 9.7	12. 1 2. 6 9. 2 9. 9	17. 4 7. 5 9. 2 10. 0	5.6 -1.0 6.7 7.6	8.5 -2.7 11.5 11.9	18.7 7.2 10.8 11.0	4.2 -1.5 5.7 7.0 7.1	2. 4 -4. 3 6. 9 9. 5 9. 6
Fixed investment: Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index Nonresidential: Current dollars	17. 0 7. 1 9. 2 9. 5 9. 7	12. 1 2. 6 9. 2 9. 9 10. 2	17. 4 7. 5 9. 2 10. 0 10. 6	5.6 -1.0 6.7 7.6 7.7	8.5 -2.7 11.5 11.9 12.0	18. 7 7. 2 10. 8 11. 0 11. 3	4. 2 -1. 5 5. 7 7. 0 7. 1	2. 4 -4. 3 6. 9 9. 5 9. 6
Fixed investment: Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index Nonresidential: Current dollars 1972 dollars	17. 0 7. 1 9. 2 9. 5 9. 7	12. 1 2. 6 9. 2 9. 9 10. 2	17. 4 7. 5 9. 2 10. 0 10. 6	5.6 -1.0 6.7 7.6 7.7	8.5 -2.7 11.5 11.9 12.0	18. 7 7. 2 10. 8 11. 0 11. 3	4. 2 -1. 5 5. 7 7. 0 7. 1 5. 4 3	2. 4 -4. 3 6. 9 9. 5 9. 6
Fixed investment: Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index  Nonresidential: Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator	17.0 7.1 9.2 9.5 9.7 16.7 8.4 7.7	12. 1 2. 6 9. 2 9. 9 10. 2 15. 2 6. 2 8. 5	17. 4 7. 5 9. 2 10. 0 10. 6	5.6 -1.0 6.7 7.6 7.7	8.5 -2.7 11.5 11.9 12.0	18. 7 7. 2 10. 8 11. 0 11. 3 22. 0 10. 7 10. 2	4. 2 -1. 5 5. 7 7. 0 7. 1	2. 4 -4. 3 6. 9 9. 5 9. 6
Fixed investment: Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index  Nonresidential: Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator Chain price index Fixed-weighted price	17. 0 7. 1 9. 2 9. 5 9. 7 16. 7 8. 4 7. 7	12. 1 2. 6 9. 2 9. 9 10. 2 15. 2 6. 2 8. 5	17. 4 7. 5 9. 2 10. 0 10. 6 19. 3 11. 3 7. 2 7. 6	5.6 -1.0 6.7 7.6 7.7 12.9 4.8 7.7 7.8	8.5 -2.7 11.5 11.9 12.0 9.6 8 10.6 10.8	18. 7 7. 2 10. 8 11. 0 11. 3 22. 0 10. 7 10. 2 9. 9	4. 2 -1. 5 5. 7 7. 0 7. 1 5. 4 3 5. 7 7. 3	2. 4 -4. 3 6. 9 9. 5 9. 6 12. 8 4. 3 8. 2 9. 9
Fixed investment: Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator. Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index  Nonresidential: Current dollars 1972 dollars. Implicit price index Chain price index	17. 0 7. 1 9. 2 9. 5 9. 7 16. 7 8. 4 7. 7	12. 1 2. 6 9. 2 9. 9 10. 2 15. 2 6. 2 8. 5	17. 4 7. 5 9. 2 10. 0 10. 6	5.6 -1.0 6.7 7.6 7.7	8. 5 -2. 7 11. 5 11. 9 12. 0 9. 6 8 10. 6	18. 7 7. 2 10. 8 11. 0 11. 3 22. 0 10. 7 10. 2	4.2 -1.5 5.7 7.0 7.1 5.4 3 5.7	2. 4 -4. 3 6. 9 9. 5 9. 6 12. 8 4. 3 8. 2
Fixed investment: Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index  Nonresidential: Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index Structures:	17. 0 7. 1 9. 2 9. 5 9. 7 16. 7 8. 4 7. 7 7. 9 8. 0	12. 1 2. 6 9. 2 9. 9 10. 2 15. 2 6. 2 8. 5 9. 0	17. 4 7. 5 9. 2 10. 0 10. 6 19. 3 11. 3 7. 2 7. 6 8: 0	5.6 -1.0 6.7 7.6 7.7 12.9 4.8 7.7 7.8 8.2	8.5 -2.7 11.5 11.9 12.0 9.6 8 10.6 10.8	18. 7 7. 2 10. 8 11. 0 11. 3 22. 0 10. 7 10. 2 9. 9	4. 2 -1. 5 5. 7 7. 0 7. 1 5. 4 3 5. 7 7. 3 7. 5	2. 4 -4. 3 6. 9 9. 5 9. 6 12. 8 4. 3 8. 2 9. 9
Fixed investment: Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator. Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index  Nonresidential: Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index  Structures: Current dollars	17. 0 7. 1 9. 2 9. 5 9. 7 16. 7 8. 4 7. 7 7. 9 8. 0	12. 1 2. 6 9. 2 9. 9 10. 2 15. 2 6. 2 8. 5 8. 7 9. 0	17. 4 7. 5 9. 2 10. 0 10. 6 19. 3 11. 3 7. 2 7. 6 8. 0	5.6 -1.0 6.7 7.6 7.7 12.9 4.8 7.7 7.8 8.2	8.5 -2.7 11.5 11.9 12.0 9.6 8 10.6 10.8	18. 7 7. 2 10. 8 11. 0 11. 3 22. 0 10. 7 10. 2 9. 9 10. 1	4. 2 -1.5 5. 7 7. 0 7. 1 5. 4 3 5. 7 7. 3 7. 5	2. 4 -4. 3 6. 9 9. 5 9. 6 12. 8 4. 3 8. 2 9. 9 10. 1
Fixed investment: Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index  Nonresidential: Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index  Structures: Current dollars 1972 dollars	17. 0 7. 1 9. 2 9. 5 9. 7 16. 7 8. 4 7. 7 7. 9 8. 0	12. 1 2. 6 9. 2 9. 9 10. 2 15. 2 6. 5 8. 7 9. 0	17. 4 7. 5 9. 2 10. 0 10. 6 19. 3 11. 3 7. 2 7. 6 8: 0	5.6 -1.0 6.7,7 7.6 7.7 12.9 4.8 7.7 7.8 8.2	8.5 -2.7 11.5 11.9 12.0 9.6 8 10.6 10.8 10.7	18. 7 7. 2 10. 8 11. 0 11. 3 22. 0 10. 7 10. 2 9. 9 10. 1	4. 2 -1. 5 5. 7 7. 0 7. 1 5. 4 -3 5. 7 7. 3 7. 5	2. 4 -4. 3 6. 9 9. 5 9. 6 12. 8 4. 3 8. 2 9. 9
Fixed investment: Current dollars 1972 dollars	17. 0 7. 1 9. 2 9. 5 9. 7 16. 7 8. 4 7. 7 7. 9 8. 0 22. 2 12. 2 8. 9	12. 1 2. 6 9. 2 9. 9 10. 2 15. 2 6. 2 8. 5 8. 7 9. 0	17. 4 7. 5 9. 20 10. 0 10. 6 19. 3 11. 3 7. 2 7. 6 8. 0	5.6 -1.0 6.7 7.6 7.7 12.9 4.8 7.7 7.8 8.2	8.5 -2.7 11.5 11.9 12.0 9.6 8 10.6 10.8	18. 7 7. 2 10. 8 11. 0 11. 3 22. 0 10. 7 10. 2 9. 9 10. 1	4. 2 -1.5 5. 7 7. 0 7. 1 5. 4 3 5. 7 7. 3 7. 5	2. 4 -4. 3 6. 9 9. 5 9. 6 12. 8 4. 3 8. 2 9. 9 10. 1
Fixed investment: Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index Structures: Current dollars 1972 dollars Fixed-weighted price index Fixed-weighted price deflator Chain price index 1972 dollars	17. 0 7. 1 9. 2 9. 5 9. 7 16. 7 8. 4 7. 7 7. 9 8. 0 22. 2 12. 2 8. 9 9. 2	12. 1 2. 6 9. 2 9. 9 10. 2 15. 2 6. 2 8. 5 8. 7 9. 0 21. 1 9. 6 10. 4 10. 9	17. 4 7. 5 9. 2 10. 0 10. 6 19. 3 11. 3 7. 2 7. 6 8. 0 25. 9 12. 7 11. 8 12. 2	5.6 -1.0 6.7.7 7.6 7.7 12.9 4.8 7.7 7.8 8.2 2.4 -5.6 8.5 9.1	8.5 -2.7 11.5 11.9 12.0 9.6 8 10.6 10.8 10.7	18. 7 7. 2 10. 8 11. 0 11. 3 22. 0 10. 7 10. 2 9. 9 10. 1 21. 7 7. 1 13. 6 11. 8	4. 2 -1. 5 5. 7 7. 0 7. 1 5. 4 3 5. 7 7. 3 7. 5 23. 4 12. 2 10. 0 9. 3	2. 4 -4. 3 6. 9 9. 5 9. 6 12. 8 4. 3 8. 2 9. 9 10. 1 12. 2 2. 9 9. 1 10. 6
Fixed investment: Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index Current dollars 1972 dollars 1972 dollars 1972 dollars Current dollars 1972 dollars Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index Structures: Current dollars 1972 dollars 1972 dollars Fixed-weighted price index	17. 0 7. 1 9. 2 9. 5 9. 7 16. 7 8. 4 7. 7 7. 9 8. 0 22. 2 12. 2 8. 9 9. 2	12. 1 2. 6 9. 9 10. 2 15. 2 8. 5 8. 7 9. 0	17. 4 7. 5 9. 2 10. 0 10. 6 19. 3 11. 3 7. 2 7. 6 8: 0 25. 9 12. 7 11. 8	5.6 -1.0 6.7 7.6 7.7 12.9 4.8 7.7 7.8 8.2	8.5 -2.7 11.5 11.9 12.0 9.6 8 10.6 10.8 10.7	18. 7 7. 2 10. 8 11. 0 11. 3 22. 0 10. 7 10. 7 10. 2 9. 9 10. 1 21. 7 7, 1 13. 6	4. 2 -1. 5. 7 7. 0 7. 1 5. 4 -3 5. 7 7. 3 7. 5 23. 4 12. 2 10. 0	2. 4 -4. 3 6. 9 9. 5 9. 6 12. 8 4. 3 8. 2 9. 9 10. 1 12. 2 2. 9 9. 1
Fixed investment: Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator. Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index  Nonresidential: Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator. Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index  Structures: Current dollars 1972 dollars. Implicit price deflator. Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index  Structures: Current dollars 1972 dollars. 1972 dollars 1972 d	17. 0 7. 1 9. 2 9. 5 9. 7 16. 7 8. 4 7. 7 7. 9 8. 0 22. 2 12. 2 8. 9 9. 2	12. 1 2. 6 9. 2 9. 9 10. 2 15. 2 6. 2 8. 5 8. 7 9. 0 21. 1 9. 6 10. 4 10. 9	17. 4 7. 5 9. 2 10. 0 10. 6 19. 3 11. 3 7. 2 7. 6 8. 0 25. 9 12. 7 11. 8 12. 2	5.6 -1.0 6.7.7 7.6 7.7 12.9 4.8 7.7 7.8 8.2 2.4 -5.6 8.5 9.1	8.5 -2.7 11.5 11.9 12.0 9.6 8 10.6 10.8 10.7	18. 7 7. 2 10. 8 11. 0 11. 3 22. 0 10. 7 10. 2 9. 9 10. 1 21. 7 7. 1 13. 6 11. 8	4. 2 -1. 5 5. 7 7. 0 7. 1 5. 4 3 5. 7 7. 3 7. 5 23. 4 12. 2 10. 0 9. 3	2. 4 -4. 3 6. 9 9. 5 9. 6 12. 8 4. 3 8. 2 9. 9 10. 1 12. 2 2. 9 9. 1 10. 6
Fixed investment: Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index Current dollars 1972 dollars 1972 dollars 1972 dollars Current dollars 1972 dollars Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index Structures: Current dollars 1972 dollars 1972 dollars Fixed-weighted price index	17. 0 7. 1 9. 2 9. 5 9. 7 16. 7 8. 4 7. 7 7 8. 0 22. 2 12. 2 8. 9 9. 2 9. 0	12. 1 2. 6 9. 2 9. 9 10. 2 15. 2 6. 2 8. 5 8. 7 9. 0 21. 1 9. 6 10. 4 10. 9 10. 8	17. 4 7. 5 9. 2 10. 0 10. 6 19. 3 11. 3 7. 2 7. 6 8. 0 25. 9 12. 7 11. 8 12. 2	5.6 -1.0 6.7.7 7.6 7.7 12.9 4.8 7.7 7.8 8.2 2.4 -5.6 8.5 9.1	8.5 -2.7 11.5 11.9 12.0 9.6 8 10.6 10.8 10.7 29.1 19.0 8.5 10.7	18. 7 7. 2 10. 8 11. 0 11. 3 22. 0 10. 7 10. 2 9. 9 10. 1 21. 7 7. 1 13. 6 11. 8	4. 2 -1. 5 5. 7 7. 0 7. 1 5. 4 -3 5. 7 7. 3 7. 7 7. 5 23. 4 12. 2 10. 0 9. 3 9. 2	2. 4 -4. 3 6. 9 9. 5 9. 6 12. 8 4. 3 8. 2 9. 9 10. 1 12. 2 2. 9 9. 1 10. 6 10. 5
Fixed investment: Current dollars  1972 dollars	17. 0 7. 1 9. 2 9. 5 9. 7 16. 7 8. 4 7. 7 7. 9 8. 0 22. 2 12. 2 8. 9 9. 2 9. 0	12. 1 2. 6 9. 2 9. 9 10. 2 15. 2 8. 5 8. 7 9. 0 21. 1 9. 6 10. 4 10. 8	17. 4 7. 5 9. 2 10. 0 10. 6 19. 3 11. 3 7. 2 7. 6 8. 0 25. 9 12. 7 11. 8 12. 2 11. 6	5.6 -1.0 6.7 7.6 7.7 12.9 4.8 7.7 7.8 8.2 2.4 -5.6 8.5 9.1 9.1	8.5 -2.7 11.5 11.9 12.0 9.6 8 10.6 10.8 10.7 29.1 19.0 8.5 10.7	18. 7 7. 2 10. 8 11. 0 11. 3 22. 0 10. 7 10. 2 9. 9 10. 1 21. 7 7. 1 13. 6 11. 8 11. 8 22. 2 12. 5	4. 2 -1. 5 5. 7 7. 0 7. 1 5. 4 3 5. 7 7. 3 7. 5 23. 4 12. 2 10. 0 9. 2 -4. 0 -6. 0	2. 4 -4. 3 6. 9 9. 5 9. 6 12. 8 4. 3 8. 2 9. 9 10. 1 12. 2 2. 9 9. 1 10. 6 10. 5
Fixed investment: Current dollars 1972 dollars. Implicit price deflator. Chain price index. Fixed-weighted price index.  Nonresidential: Current dollars. 1972 dollars. Implicit price deflator. Chain price index. Fixed-weighted price index. Fixed-weighted price index. 1972 dollars. Implicit price deflator. Chain price index. Fixed-weighted price index. Implicit price deflator. Chain price index. Fixed-weighted price index.	17. 0 7. 1 9. 2 9. 5 9. 7 16. 7 8. 4 7. 7, 9 8. 0 22. 2 12. 2 12. 2 9. 0	12. 1 2. 6 9. 2 9. 9 10. 2 15. 2 8. 5 9. 0 21. 1 9. 6 10. 4 10. 9 10. 8	17. 4 7. 5 9. 2 10. 0 10. 6 19. 3 11. 3 7. 2 7. 6 8. 0 25. 9 12. 7 11. 8 12. 2 11. 6	5.6 -1.0 6.7 7.6 7.7 12.9 4.8 7.7.8 8.2 2.4 -5.6 9.1 9.1	8.5 -2.7 11.5 11.9 12.0 9.6 8 10.8 10.7 29.1 19.0 8.5 10.7 10.9	18. 7 7. 2 10. 8 11. 0 11. 3 22. 0 10. 7 10. 2 9. 9 10. 1 21. 7 7. 1. 6 11. 8 11. 8 11. 8	4. 2 -1. 5 5. 7 7. 0 7. 1 5. 4 3 5. 7 7. 3 7. 5 23. 4 12. 2 10. 0 9. 3 9. 2	2. 4 -4. 3 6. 9 9. 5 9. 6 12. 8 4. 3 8. 2 9. 9 10. 1 12. 2 2. 9. 9 10. 6 10. 5
Fixed investment: Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator. Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index 1972 dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator. Current dollars 1972 dollars Fixed-weighted price index Structures: Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index Fixed-weighted price index Producers' durable equipment: Current dollars 1972 dollars 1972 dollars 1972 dollars 1971 dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator Chain price index	17. 0 7. 1 9. 2 9. 5 9. 7 16. 7 8. 4 7. 7, 9 8. 0 22. 2 12. 2 12. 2 9. 0	12. 1 2. 6 9. 2 9. 9 10. 2 15. 2 8. 5 8. 7 9. 0 21. 1 9. 6 10. 4 10. 8	17. 4 7. 5 9. 2 10. 0 10. 6 19. 3 11. 3 7. 2 7. 6 8. 0 25. 9 12. 7 11. 8 12. 2 11. 6	5.6 -1.0 6.7 7.6 7.7 12.9 4.8 7.7 7.8 8.2 2.4 -5.6 8.5 9.1 9.1	8.5 -2.7 11.5 11.9 12.0 9.6 8 10.6 10.8 10.7 29.1 19.0 8.5 10.7	18. 7 7. 2 10. 8 11. 0 11. 3 22. 0 10. 7 10. 2 9. 9 10. 1 21. 7 7. 1 13. 6 11. 8 11. 8 22. 2 12. 5	4. 2 -1. 5 5. 7 7. 0 7. 1 5. 4 3 5. 7 7. 3 7. 5 23. 4 12. 2 10. 0 9. 2 -4. 0 -6. 0	2. 4 -4. 3 6. 9 9. 5 9. 6 12. 8 4. 3 8. 2 9. 9 10. 1 12. 2 2. 9 9. 1 10. 5 13. 2 4. 9 9. 5
Fixed investment: Current dollars 1972 dollars. Implicit price deflator. Chain price index. Fixed-weighted price index.  Nonresidential: Current dollars. 1972 dollars. Implicit price deflator. Chain price index. Fixed-weighted price index. Fixed-weighted price index. 1972 dollars. Implicit price deflator. Chain price index. Fixed-weighted price index. Implicit price deflator. Chain price index. Fixed-weighted price index.	17. 0 7. 1 9. 2 9. 5 9. 7 16. 7 8. 4 7. 7, 9 8. 0 22. 2 12. 2 12. 2 9. 0	12. 1 2. 6 9. 2 9. 9 10. 2 15. 2 8. 5 9. 0 21. 1 9. 6 10. 4 10. 9 10. 8	17. 4 7. 5 9. 2 10. 0 10. 6 19. 3 11. 3 7. 2 7. 6 8. 0 25. 9 12. 7 11. 8 12. 2 11. 6	5.6 -1.0 6.7 7.6 7.7 12.9 4.8 7.7.8 8.2 2.4 -5.6 9.1 9.1	8.5 -2.7 11.5 11.9 12.0 9.6 8 10.8 10.7 29.1 19.0 8.5 10.7 10.9	18. 7 7. 2 10. 8 11. 0 11. 3 22. 0 10. 7 10. 2 9. 9 10. 1 21. 7 7. 1. 6 11. 8 11. 8 11. 8	4. 2 -1. 5 5. 7 7. 0 7. 1 5. 4 3 5. 7 7. 3 7. 5 23. 4 12. 2 10. 0 9. 3 9. 2	2. 4 -4. 3 6. 9 9. 5 9. 6 12. 8 4. 3 8. 2 9. 9 10. 1 12. 2 2. 9. 9 10. 6 10. 5
Fixed investment: Current dollars 1972 dollars	17. 0 7. 1 9. 2 9. 5 9. 7 16. 7 8. 4 7. 7 7. 9 8. 0 22. 2 12. 2 8. 9 9. 2 9. 0	12. 1 2. 6 9. 2 9. 9 10. 2 15. 2 8. 5 8. 7 9. 0 21. 1 9. 6 10. 4 10. 9 10. 8	17. 4 7. 5 9. 2 10. 0 10. 6 19. 3 11. 3 7. 2 7. 6 8. 0 25. 9 12. 7 11. 8 12. 2 11. 6	5.6 -1.0 6.7 7.6 7.7 12.9 4.8 7.7 7.8 8.2 2.4 -5.6 8.5 9.1 19.0 10.1 8.2 7.1	8.5 -2.7 11.5 11.9 12.0 9.6 8 10.6 10.8 10.7 29.1 19.0 8.5 10.7 10.9	18. 7 7. 2 10. 8 11. 0 11. 3  22. 0 10. 7 10. 2 9. 9 10. 1 21. 7 7. 1 13. 6 11. 8  11. 8  22. 2 12. 5 8. 7 8. 9	4. 2 -1. 5 5. 7 7. 0 7. 1 5. 4 -3 5. 7 7. 3 7. 5 23. 4 12. 2 10. 0 9. 3 9. 2 -4. 0 -6. 0 2. 1 6. 1	2. 4 -4. 3 6. 9 9. 5 9. 6 12. 8 4. 3 8. 2 9. 9 10. 1 12. 2 2. 9 9. 1 10. 5 13. 2 4. 9 9. 5
Fixed investment: Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator. Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index 1972 dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator. Current dollars 1972 dollars Fixed-weighted price index Structures: Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index Fixed-weighted price index Producers' durable equipment: Current dollars 1972 dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index Current dollars	17. 0 7. 1 9. 2 9. 5 9. 7 16. 7 8. 4 7. 7 7. 9 8. 0 22. 2 12. 2 8. 9 9. 2 9. 0 14. 1 6. 7 6. 8 7. 3 7. 4	12. 1 2. 6 9. 2 9. 9 10. 2 15. 2 8. 5 8. 7 9. 0 21. 1 9. 6 10. 9 10. 8 12. 2 7. 6 7. 8 7. 8	17. 4 7. 5 9. 2 10. 0 10. 6 19. 3 11. 3 7. 2 7. 6 8. 0 25. 9 12. 7 11. 8 12. 2 11. 6 15. 8 10. 7 4. 6 5. 7	5.6 -1.0 6.7 7.6 7.7 12.9 4.8 7.7 7.8 8.2 2.4 -5.6 8.5 9.1 9.1 19.0 10.1 8.2 7.6	8.5 -2.7 11.5 11.9 12.0 9.6 8 10.6 10.8 10.7 29.1 19.0 8.5 10.7 10.9	18. 7 7. 2 10. 8 11. 0 11. 3  22. 0 10. 7 10. 2 9. 9 10. 1 21. 7 7. 1 13. 6 11. 8 11. 8 22. 2 12. 5 8. 7 8. 9 8. 9 11. 7	4. 2 -1. 5 5. 7 7. 0 7. 1 5. 4 -3 5. 7 7. 5 23. 4 12. 2 10. 0 9. 3 9. 2 -4. 0 -6. 0 2. 1 6. 1 6. 4	2.4 -4.3 6.9 9.5 9.6 12.8 4.3 8.2 9.9 10.1 12.2 2.9 9.1 10.6 10.5 13.2 4.9 7.9 9.5 9.9
Fixed investment: Current dollars  1972 dollars	17. 0 7. 1 9. 2 9. 5 9. 7 16. 7 8. 0 22. 2 12. 2 8. 9 9. 0 14. 1 6. 8 7. 3 7. 4	12. 1 2. 6 9. 2 9. 9 10. 2 15. 2 8. 5 7 9. 0 21. 1 9. 0 4. 7 7. 6 7. 8	17. 4 7. 5 9. 2 10. 0 10. 6 19. 3 7. 2 7. 6 8. 0 25. 9 11. 8 12. 2 11. 6 15. 8 10. 6 15. 8 10. 6	5.6 -1.0 6.7 7.6 7.7 12.9 4.8 7.7.8 8.2 2.4 -5.6 5.5 9.1 9.1 19.0 10.1 2.7.1 7.6	8.5 -2.7 11.5 11.9 12.0 9.6 10.6 10.8 10.7 29.1 19.0 8.5 10.7 10.9	18. 7 7. 2 10. 8 11. 0 11. 3 22. 0 10. 7 10. 2 9. 9 10. 1 21. 7 7. 11. 8 11. 8 11. 8 22. 2 12. 5 8. 9 8. 9	4. 2 -1. 5 5. 7 7. 0 7. 1 5. 4 3 5. 7 7. 3 7. 5 23. 4 12. 2 10. 0 9. 3 9. 2 -6. 0 -6. 0 -6. 1 6. 4	2. 4 -4.3 6.9 9.5 9.6 12.8 4.3 8.2 9.9 10.1 12.2 2.9 9.1 10.6 10.5 13.2 4.9 9.5 9.5 9.9
Fixed investment: Current dollars 1972 dollars. 1972 dollars. Fixed-weighted price index.  Nonresidential: Current dollars. 1972 dollars. Implicit price deflator. Chain price index. Fixed-weighted price index. Fixed-weighted price index. Fixed-weighted price index. Structures: Current dollars. 1972 dollars. 1972 dollars. 1972 dollars. 1972 dollars. Implicit price deflator. Chain price index. Fixed-weighted price index. Fixed-weighted price index. Fixed-weighted price index. 1972 dollars. 1972 dollars. Implicit price deflator. Chain price index. Fixed-weighted price index.	17. 0 7. 1 9. 2 9. 5 9. 7 16. 7 8. 4 7. 7 7 8. 0 22. 2 12. 2 8. 9 9. 2 9. 0 14. 1 6. 7 6. 8 7. 3 7. 4 17. 5 4. 2 12. 8	12. 1 2. 6 9. 2 9. 9 10. 2 15. 2 8. 5 8. 7 9. 0 21. 1 9. 6 10. 9 10. 8 12. 2 7. 6 7. 8 7. 8	17. 4 7. 5 9. 2 10. 0 10. 6 19. 3 11. 3 7. 2 7. 6 8. 0 25. 9 12. 7 11. 8 12. 2 11. 6 15. 8 10. 7 4. 6 5. 1 5. 7	5.6 -1.0 6.7 7.6 7.7 12.9 4.8 7.7 7.8 8.2 2.4 -5.6 8.5 9.1 9.1 19.0 10.1 8.2 7.1 7.6	8.5 -2.7 11.5 11.9 12.0 9.6 8 10.6 10.8 10.7 29.1 19.0 8.5 10.7 10.9 10.0 10.8 10.5	18. 7 7. 2 10. 8 11. 0 11. 3 22. 0 10. 7 10. 2 9. 9 10. 1 21. 7 7. 1 13. 6 11. 8 11. 8 22. 2 12. 5 8. 7 8. 9 8. 9 11. 7 -1. 5 13. 4	4. 2 -1. 5 5. 7 7. 0 7. 1 5. 4 -3 5. 7 7. 5 23. 4 12. 2 10. 0 9. 3 9. 2 -4. 0 -6. 0 2. 1 6. 4 -4. 6 4	2.4 -4.3 6.9 9.5 9.6 12.8 4.3 8.2 9.9 10.1 12.2 2.9 9.1 10.6 10.5 13.2 4.9 9.5 9.5 9.9 10.1
Fixed investment: Current dollars 1972 dollars. 1972 dollars. Fixed-weighted price index.  Nonresidential: Current dollars. 1972 dollars. Implicit price deflator. Chain price index. Fixed-weighted price index. Fixed-weighted price index.  Structures: Current dollars. 1972 dollars. 1972 dollars. 1972 dollars. Implicit price deflator. Chain price index. Fixed-weighted price index. Fixed-weighted price index. Fixed-weighted price index. Fixed-weighted price index. 1972 dollars. 1972 dollars. Implicit price deflator. Chain price index. Fixed-weighted price index. Implicit price deflator. Chain price deflator. Chain price index. Implicit price deflator. Chain price index. Fixed-weighted price index. Fixed-weighted price index. Fixed-weighted price index.	17. 0 7. 1 9. 2 9. 5 9. 7 16. 7 8. 4 7. 7 7 8. 0 22. 2 12. 2 9. 0 14. 1 6. 8 7. 3 7. 4 17. 5 12. 9	12. 1 2. 6 9. 2 9. 9 10. 2 15. 2 8. 5 7 9. 0 21. 1 9. 6 10. 4 10. 9 10. 8 12. 2 7. 6 7. 8 5. 7 7. 12. 1 12. 2	17. 4 7. 5 9. 2 10. 0 10. 6 19. 3 11. 3 7. 2 7. 6 8. 0 25. 9 12. 7 11. 8 12. 2 11. 6 15. 8 10. 7 4. 6 5. 1 5. 7	5.6 -1.0 6.7 7.6 7.7 12.9 4.8 7.7 7.8 8.2 2.4 -5.6 9.1 9.1 19.0 10.1 8.2 7.1 7.6	8.5 -2.7 11.5 11.9 12.0 9.6 8 10.6 10.8 10.7 29.1 19.0 8.5 10.7 10.9 10.0 10.8 10.5	18. 7 7. 2 10. 8 11. 0 11. 3  22. 0 10. 7 10. 2 9. 9 10. 1  21. 7 7. 1 13. 6 11. 8 11. 8  22. 2 12. 5 8. 7 8. 9 8. 9 11. 7 -1. 5 13. 4 13. 5	4, 2 -1, 5 5, 7 7, 0 7, 1 5, 4 -3 5, 7 7, 3 7, 5 23, 4 112, 2 10, 0 9, 3 9, 2 -4, 0 -6, 0 2, 1 6, 1 6, 4 -4, 6 -6, 2 6, 3	2. 4 -4.3 6.9 9.5 9.6 12.8 4.3 8.2 9.9 10.1 12.2 2.9 9.1 10.6 10.5 13.2 4.9 9.5 9.9 10.4
Fixed investment: Current dollars  1972 dollars	17. 0 7. 1 9. 2 9. 5 9. 7 16. 7 8. 4 7. 7 8. 0 22. 2 12. 2 9. 0 14. 1 6. 8 7. 3 7. 4 17. 5 4. 2 12. 8 12. 9	12. 1 2. 6 9. 2 9. 9 10. 2 15. 2 8. 5 8. 7 9. 0 21. 1 9. 6 10. 9 10. 8 12. 2 7. 6 7. 8 7. 8	17. 4 7. 5 9. 2 10. 0 10. 6 19. 3 11. 3 7. 2 7. 6 8. 0 25. 9 12. 7 11. 8 12. 2 11. 6 15. 8 10. 7 4. 6 5. 1 5. 7	5.6 -1.0 6.7 7.6 7.7 12.9 4.8 7.7 7.8 8.2 2.4 -5.6 8.5 9.1 9.1 19.0 10.1 8.2 7.1 7.6	8.5 -2.7 11.5 11.9 12.0 9.6 8 10.6 10.8 10.7 29.1 19.0 8.5 10.7 10.9 10.0 10.8 10.5	18. 7 7. 2 10. 8 11. 0 11. 3  22. 0 10. 7 10. 2 9. 9 10. 1  21. 7 7. 1 13. 6 11. 8 11. 8  22. 2 12. 5 8. 7 8. 9 8. 9 11. 7 -1. 5 13. 4 13. 5	4. 2 -1. 5 5. 7 7. 0 7. 1 5. 4 -3 5. 7 7. 5 23. 4 12. 2 10. 0 9. 3 9. 2 -4. 0 -6. 0 2. 1 6. 1 6. 4 -4. 2 6. 3	2. 4 -4.3 6.9 9.5 9.6 12.8 4.3 8.2 9.9 10.1 12.2 2.9 9.1 10.6 10.5 13.2 4.9 9.5 9.9 10.4

		1978		1980			
1978	1979	ıv	I	II	ш	IV	I,
			s	easonal	ly adjus	teđ	
Per	cent		Pe	rcent at	annual	rate	

Table 27.—Percent Change From Preceding Period in Gross National Product in Current and Constant Dollars, Implicit Price Deflator, and Price Indexes (8.9)—Continued

Exports: Current dollars	17.8 10.6 6.5 6.1 6.0	24. 3 10. 1 12. 9 12. 5 12. 8	22. 3 7. 1 14. 2 13. 3 13. 8	26. 4 11. 5 13. 4 12. 8 12. 9	9.1 -3.1 12.6 11.9 12.4	44. 5 23. 0 17. 0 18. 0 18. 5	21. 2 7. 0 13. 3 13. 0 13. 9	38. 4 19. 7 15. 7 19. 0 20. 3
Imports: Current dollars	17. 1 11. 1 5. 4 7. 7 8. 0	20. 5 4. 4 15. 4 17. 0 15, 6	16. 9 10. 2 6. 1 8. 6 9. 1	9. 2 -3. 8 13. 5 13. 7 14. 1	33. 2 12. 1 18. 9 24. 4 21. 2	31. 2 -2. 9 35. 2 34. 9 29. 1	38. 5 8. 2 27. 9 30. 6 29. 3	40. 2 5. 9 32. 4 39. 2 35. 5
Government purchases of goods and services: Current dollars	9.9 1.8 8.0 7.7 7.8	9. 4 . 4 8. 9 9. 2 9. 4	12. 2 1. 8 10. 2 9. 5 10. 0	5.6 -1.8 7.6 9.4 9.4	5.8 -3.3 9.4 9.0	10.0 1.0 8.9 9.4 9.8	21. 1 6. 0 14. 2 13. 3 14. 5	13. 5 4. 2 8. 9 9. 9 11. 0
Federal: Current dollars	1	9.4 9.2 .9 8.3 8.9	18. 7 3. 2 15. 0 13. 0	12. 1 7. 2 4. 6 7. 6	9. 2 -4. 6 -11. 3 7. 5 7. 3	3. 1 -2. 6 5. 9 8. 5	43. 8 16. 0 23. 9 21. 2	18. 7 13. 0 5. 1 7. 1
Fixed - weighted price index	6.9	9.4	12, 8	8. 2	7.9	9.8	22.9	10.6
Current dollars	12. 4 4. 0 8. 1 8. 0 8. 3	9. 5 . 2 9. 3 9. 3	8. 9 1. 0 7. 8 7. 7 8. 2	2. 3 -6. 6 9. 5 10. 3	11. 9 1. 6 10. 1 9. 9	13. 8 3. 1 10. 4 10. 0 9. 9	10. 4 . 8 9. 6 9. 4 9. 3	10.7 5 11.3 11.5
Addenda:								
Final sales: Current dollars	4.4	11.7 2.7 8.8 8.8 9.3	14.8 5.7 8.6 8.6 8.8	11.0 1.1 9.8 9.7 9.9	4. 2 -3. 9 8. 5 8. 9 9. 5	15. 8 6. 4 8. 8 8. 8 10. 0	12. 2 3. 6 8. 3 8. 4 9. 4	11.0 1.5 9.3 9.6 10.9
Gross domestic product: Current dollars	12.0 4.4 7.3 7.4 7.5	11. 2 2. 3 8. 7 8. 8 9. 3	14. 8 5. 6 8. 7 8. 7 8. 9	10. 1 . 9 9. 1 9. 6 9. 9	6. 9 -2. 1 9. 2 8. 7 9. 4	11. 5 3. 2 8. 0 8. 4 9. 6	10.7 2.4 8.1 8.1 9.1	9. 9 . 9 8. 9 9. 2 10. 6
Business: Current dollars	12. 4 4. 7 7. 3 7. 4 7. 6	11.6 2.6 8.8 8.9 9.5	15. 5 6. 4 8. 5 8. 5	10. 1 1. 0 9. 1 9. 7	7. 0 -2. 5 9. 8 9. 1 10. 1	12. 1 3. 4 8. 4 8. 9	10. 5 2. 8 7. 4 7. 4 8. 4	10.0 .8 9.1 9.5
index	12.4	11. 4 2. 7 8. 5 8. 7 9. 3	14.9 6.6 7.8 7.6	9.8 1.7 7.9 8.5 8.5	7. 5 -2. 8 10. 6 10. 1 11. 3	10. 4 10. 8 1. 6 9. 0 9. 4 11. 2	10. 7 2. 8 7. 6 7. 7	11. 0 . 7 10. 2 10. 6 12. 4
Disposable personal income: Current dollars	11.7 4.6	11. 4 2. 3	13.8 6.4	13. 0 2. 1	7.7 -1.4	9.9	10. 9 1. 1	13. 2 . 7

r Revised.

Note.—Table 27: The implicit price deflator for GNP is a weighted average of the detailed price indexes used in the deflation of GNP. In each period, the weights are based on the composition of constant-dollar output in that period. In other words, the price index for each item is weighted by the ratio of the quantity of the item valued in 1972 prices to the total output in 1972 prices. Changes in the implicit price deflator reflect both changes in prices and changes in the composition of output. The chain price index uses as weights the composition of output in the prior period, and, therefore, reflects only the change in prices between the two periods. However, comparisons of percent changes in the chain index also reflect changes in the composition of output. The fixed-weighted price index uses as weights the composition of output in 1972. Accordingly, comparisons over any timespan reflect only changes in prices.

# Gross Product by Industry, 1979

THE slowing of real growth in GNP from 4.4 percent in 1978 to 2.3 percent in 1979 reflected smaller increases in the gross product of all domestic major industry groups except agriculture, forestry, and fisheries (table 1). Slowdowns were most pronounced in construction, transportation, and communication; manufacturing and government and government enterprises slowed least.

The largest increase in 1979 in real product was in the communication industry group (7.9 percent). In both 1978 and 1979, communication in-

creased at a rate well above that for the economy as a whole. The smallest increases were in construction (0.2 percent) and in government and government enterprises (0.4 percent).

Prices as measured by the GNP implicit price deflator increased 8.8 percent in 1979, compared to 7.3 percent in 1978. Increases in industry gross product deflators—which reflect the net effect of changes in prices and changes in quantities of outputs and inputs—were larger in 1979 than in 1978 in most industry groups. The largest acceleration was in mining;

construction and transportation registered moderate accelerations. Price increases were about the same in 1979 as in 1978 in manufacturing and in communication, and were smaller in agriculture, forestry, and fisheries and in electric, gas and sanitary services.

The industry estimates for 1979 are preliminary. Revised estimates for that year and also for earlier years will appear in tables 6.1 (current dollars), 6.2 (constant dollars), and 7.15 (implicit price deflators) of a future issue of the Survey of Current Business

Table 1.—Gross Product in Current and Constant Dollars and Implicit Price Deflators by Industry 1

	Billions	of current	dollars	Billions	of constar	nt (1972)	Implici	t price d	leflators	Percent	change fro	om precedi	ng year
	<del></del>		<del></del>		dollars			1972=100.0	) 	Constan doll		Implie defi	it price ators
	1977	1978	1979	1977	1978	1979	1977	1978	1979	1978	1979	1978	1979
Gross national product	1,899.5	2, 127. 6	2, 368. 8	1,340.5	1, 399. 2	1, 431. 6	141.70	152.05	165. 46	4,4	2, 3	7.3	8.8
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries Mining Construction	55. 1 48. 2 83. 5	66. 1 55. 1 95. 3	78. 6 70. 3 108. 4	38. 3 19. 9 56. 6	38. 7 20. 8 59. 2	39. 6 21. 2 59. 3	143. 9 242. 7 147. 5	172. 1 264. 6 161. 0	198. 3 331. 5 182. 7	1. 1 4. 8 4. 6	2.4 1.8 .2	19. 6 9. 0 9. 2	15. 2 25. 3 13. 5
Manufacturing Transportation Communication	456, 0 70, 4 49, 5	509, 1 81, 4 55, 9	557. 9 93. 9 61. 3	325. 8 51. 0 42. 5	341. 6 54. 6 47. 4	352. 0 55. 9 51. 2	140. 0 138. 0 116. 5	149. 0 149. 1 117. 9	158. 5 167. 9 119. 6	4.8 6.9 11.6	3. 1 2. 4 7. 9	6. 4 8. 0 1. 2	6. 4 12. 6 1. 4
Electric, gas, and sanitary services	48. 4 323. 1 267. 8	53, 5 360, 5 298, 7	56. 7 398. 6 330. 6	31. 4 228. 0 205. 8	32. 4 239. 1 216. 1	32. 7 243. 3 222. 6	154. 3 141. 7 130. 1	165. 1 150. 8 138. 2	173. 3 163. 8 148. 5	3. 4 4. 9 5. 0	1. 0 1. 8 3. 0	7. 0 6. 4 6. 2	5. 0 8. 6 7. 5
ServicesGovernment enterprises	234. 8 273. 3	268, 7 258, 9	$303.1 \\ 280.5$	159. 5 165. 5	169. 1 168. 6	174. 4 169. 3	147. 3 143. 4	158, 9 153, 5	173. 9 165. 7	6. 1 1. 9	$3.1 \\ .4$	7. 9 7. 0	9. <b>4</b> 7. 9
Rest of the world	17.8	20, 5	25.3	7.6	8.1	7.9							
Statistical discrepancy	7.5	3, 3	3.7	8. 7	3. 4	2. 2							

The industry classification is on an establishment basis and is based on the 1972 Standard Industrial Classification.
 Equals GNP in constant dollars measured as the sum of final products less GNP in constant dollars measured as the sum of gross product by industry.

# Sensitivity of Regional and State Nonfarm Wages and Salaries to National Business Cycles, 1948-79

AN article in the April 1973 SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS measured and explained differences among regions and among States in the change in quarterly nonfarm personal income during postwar national business cycles prior to 1970. Using data through the fourth quarter of 1979 on nonfarm wage and salary disbursements (payrolls), this article updates and extends the findings in the April 1973 article.<sup>1</sup>

The principal findings of this article are as follows:

- In the current national business cycle (1973-79), changes in durables manufacturing, nondurables manufacturing, and construction payrolls tended to increase substantially the sensitivity of total nonfarm payrolls, and changes in mining, government, and private service-type payrolls tended to reduce it. In the five preceding cycles (1948-73), in contrast, only changes in durables payrolls substantially increased the sensitivity of total nonfarm payrolls.
- In both the current and five preceding cycles, nonfarm payrolls were more

Note.—Ronald Catzva, under the direction of Bruce Levine, assisted in the development of the analytical tables.

cyclically sensitive in the North than in the South and West, mainly because of the relative size and cyclical sensitivity of manufacturing payrolls in the North. In the South and West, construction and related private service-type payrolls influenced the pattern of cyclical change more than in the North, partly due to slowdowns during recessions in the rate of population migration from the North and "building ahead" during expansions.

- In the current cycle, government payrolls were countercyclical in the South and West but not in the North. In the North, urban fiscal crises discouraged countercyclical State and local government expenditures, and military base closings adversely affected Federal payrolls in the 1974–75 recession. Mining payrolls were also countercyclical in the South and West; the Arab oil embargo of 1973–74 encouraged the exploration for and production of coal and petroleum and natural gas.
- In a number of States, the relative cyclical sensitivity of nonfarm payrolls was substantially different in the current cycle than in the five preceding cycles. States in which nonfarm payrolls were more cyclically sensitive in the current cycle included Tennessee, Mississippi, and Arkansas, in each of which increased industrialization was mainly due to rapid growth in cyclically sensitive types of manufacturing. The more sensitive States also included New Hampshire, Florida, Nevada, Arizona, and Colorado, in each of which the adverse effects on construction and

related private service-type payrolls of slowdowns during recessions in the numbers of migrants and tourists from other States became more pronounced. States in which nonfarm payrolls were less cyclically sensitive in the current cycle included West Virginia, Kentucky, and Wyoming, in each of which accelerated efforts during the 1974-75 recession to increase the energy supply reduced the cyclical sensitivity of mining payrolls. The less sensitive States also included Illinois and Pennsylvania, in both of which durables manufacturing payrolls, particularly in the iron and steel industry, were unusually stable during the early part of the 1974-75 recession.

- Although nonfarm payrolls in New York were relatively insensitive in each of the six postwar business cycles, the growth pattern in the expansion and recession phases of the cycles changed over time. In the current cycle, nonfarm payrolls increased at substantially below-national-average rates in both phases of the cycle; in the five preceding cycles, in contrast, they increased at a somewhat below-average rate in expansions and at an above -average rate in recessions. The change reflects an accelerated decline in manufacturing employment in New York in the 1970's.
- Over the six postwar national business cycles, a narrowing of regional differences in the industrial distribution of nonfarm payrolls did not lead, as might have been expected, to a significant narrowing of regional dif-

<sup>1.</sup> Nonfarm wages and salaries, which are the largest component of nonfarm personal income, are used because, on a quarterly basis, estimates of nonfarm wages and salaries for regions and States are more reliable than estimates of most other components of nonfarm personal income. Farm wages and salaries are excluded because fluctuations in them are mainly due to weather and other factors not related to business cycles. Nonfarm wages and salaries are used instead of nonagricultural employment because (1) wage and salary estimates for the whole postwar timespan are made by means of the same procedures for all regions and States and in somewhat more industrial detail than employment, and (2) the wage and salary estimates reflect changes in the number of hours worked, which are highly sensitive to business cycles.

ferences in the relative sensitivity of total nonfarm payrolls to national business cycles because from cycle to cycle, within particular industries, regional differences in the relative degree of cyclical sensitivity increased.

 In both the current and the five preceding cycles, unemployment compensation payments partly offset the cyclical sensitivity of nonfarm payrolls in both the North and the South and West, and the offset was relatively larger in the more cyclically sensitive North.

### **National Business Cycles**

During the 103 postwar quarters of business cycle expansion, the mean quarterly percent change (at an annual rate) in nonfarm payrolls in the Nation was 8.5 percent, and during the 21 postwar quarters of recession, the mean quarterly percent change was 1.7 percent. The difference between the two percent changes—6.8 percentage points—is called the "cyclical swing." (See Technical Note.)

All recessions and expansions except the current expansion are dated by peaks and troughs in real GNP.<sup>2</sup> The current expansion is dated from the first quarter of 1975, the real GNP trough, through the fourth quarter of 1979, the most recent quarter for which regional and State income data are available.

Table 1 (column 3) shows the postwar national cyclical swing in nonfarm payrolls by industry. Goods-producing industries—durables manufacturing, construction, nondurables manufacturing, and mining—plus transportation, communication, and public utilities had the largest cyclical swings, and the other services-producing industries—State and

local government, finance, insurance, and real estate, services, wholesale and retail trade, and Federal Government had the smallest swings. Table 1 (columns 4 and 5) also shows the share of total nonfarm payrolls accounted for by each industry-hereafter called the "weight"-for the beginning and end years of the period. The last column in table 1 shows the swings in total nonfarm payrolls excluding, in turn, the payrolls in each industry. The difference between the all-industry swing and the swing excluding a specified industry reflects the combined effect on the allindustry swing of both the swing and the weight of the specified industry. Consider, for example, the effect on the all-industry swing of durables manufacturing, which had both the largest swing and the largest weight among all industries. The all-industry swing (6.8) which includes durables manufacturingwas 2.8 percentage points more than the swing excluding durables manufacturing (4.0); this difference indicates that durables manufacturing substantially "intensified" the all-industry swing. Construction and nondurables manufacturing slightly intensified the allindustry swing. The all-industry swing was the same as the swing excluding mining; this equality indicates that mining "maintained" the all-industry swing. In contrast, the all-industry swing was less than the swings excluding each services-producing industry; this difference indicates that each "dampened" the all-industry swing.

The 1948-79 period consists of six national business cycles. In each of the first five (1948:IV-1973:IV), durables manufacturing intensified the all-industry swing, each of the other goods-producing industries maintained it, and each services-producing industry tended to dampen it. In the current cycle (1973: IV-1979:IV), in contrast, both durables and nondurables manufacturing, construction, and transportation, communication, and public utilities intensified the all-industry swing, and nearly all of the other services-producing industries and mining dampened it. This article analyzes the sensitivity of regional and State nonfarm payrolls during the current cycle as well as changes in their sensitivity over the 1948-79 period. Inasmuch as the five preceding cycles were relatively homogeneous, they can be combined. (National swings and weights by industry for the two timespans are shown in charts 1 and 2.)

### Cyclical Sensitivity in Regions and States

In both the current and the five preceding cycles, the growth of nonfarm payrolls was substantially less in the North (the Great Lakes, New England, and Mideast regions), which was industrialized earlier and continues to be more industrialized, than in the South and West (the Southeast, Far West, Southwest, Plains, and Rocky Mountain regions), which was industrialized

Table 1.—Cyclical Swing in Nonfarm Payrolls by Industry, 1948:IV-1979:IV, United States

	Rank *	Mean quart change, at	erly percent annual rate	Cyclical		of total payrolls 2	Cyclical swing in total nonfarm	
Rank 3		Expan- sions	Reces- sions <sup>1</sup>	swing	1948	1979	payrolls excluding the specified industry	
	Total nonfarm payrolls	8.5	1,7	6.8	100, 0	100, 0		
1 2 3 4 5	Durables manufacturing Construction Nondurables manufacturing Mining Transportation, communication, and pub- lic utilities	10. 1 9. 1 7. 0 7. 4	-7.5 1.0 4 2.5	17. 6 8. 0 7. 4 4. 9	20. 2 5. 4 15. 9 2. 6	17. 7 6. 0 9. 6 1. 6	4. 0 6. 7 6. 7 6. 8 6. 9	
6 7 8 9 10	Federal Government Wholesale and retail trade Services Finance, insurance, and real estate State and local government	7.6 9.3	3. 2 4. 5 6. 8 6. 6 9. 3	4.6 3.2 2.6 2.3 4	6. 6 18. 3 9. 8 3. 9 6. 7	6. 2 17. 1 15. 8 5. 5 12. 4	6. 9 7. 5 7. 3 6. 9 7. 5	

<sup>1.</sup> Quarterly percent changes for 1957:IV-1958:I are excluded. Inclusion of these changes would distort the results, because the data from 1958:I forward reflect the 1976 national benchmark revisions, and the data prior to 1958:I do not.

2. Columns do not sum to 100 percent because other nonfarm payrolls, which consist of payrolls in agricultural services, forestry, and fisheries and payrolls of U.S. residents working for international organizations, are not shown separately.

3. Industries ranked by cyclical swing (column 3).

<sup>2.</sup> The peaks and troughs in real GNP are as follows:

Peak
 Trough

 1948:IV
 1949:II

 1953:II
 1954:II

 1957:III
 1958:I

 1960:I
 1960:IV

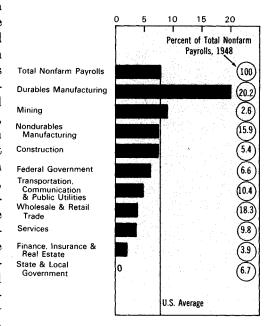
 1969:III
 1970:IV

 1973:IV
 1975:I

later and continues to be less industrialized. In both timespans, national recessions reduced the growth of nonfarm payrolls more in the North than in the South and West, and national expansions stimulated the growth of nonfarm payrolls less in the North than in the South and West. The resulting cyclical swings were larger in the North than in the South and West (table 2). This regional pattern mainly reflected differential regional responses to the cyclical sensitivity of manufacturing payrolls, which, for the United States, had both the largest weight and one of the largest cyclical swings among all industries in both timespans. In both timespans, manufacturing intensified the all-industry swing more in the North than in the South and West. In the North, manufacturers produce a large share of the Nation's consumer durables, the demand for which declines early and substantially in national business cycles. Production costs in the North stay relatively high over the cycle, because capital stock is relatively old and, thus, expensive to maintain, wage rates tend to be high and "sticky," and State and local taxes are relatively high. Declining revenues and continuing high costs squeeze profit margins, and so northern manufacturers tend to reduce the rate of capacity utilization relatively early in recessions. They tend to maintain low utilization rates until well after expansions have begun and demand has rebounded. In the South and West, in contrast, manufacturers produce a large share of the Nation's high-technology, electronic equipment, the demand for which is less sensitive to national business cycles. Production costs in the South and West stay relatively low over the cycle, because capital stock is relatively new and inexpensive to maintain, and wage rates and State and local taxes are relatively low. If revenues eventually decline, low costs help to moderate the squeeze on profits, and so southern and western manufacturers tend to reduce capacity utilization rates only relatively late in recessions and to increase rates early in expansions.

In addition to manufacturing payrolls, the pattern of regional differences in cyclical sensitivity reflected differCHART 1

# Cyclical Swing in Nonfarm Payrolls by Industry, 1948:IV-1973:IV, United States

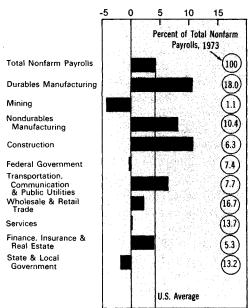


NOTE.—Industries ranked by cyclical swing, 1948:IV-1973:IV. See table 1, note 1.

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

CHART 2

# Cyclical Swing in Nonfarm Payrolls by Industry, 1973:IV-1979:IV, United States



NOTE.—Industries ranked by cyclical swing, 1948:IV-1973:IV. See table 1, note 1.

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

80-5-2

ential regional effects of the national cyclical sensitivity of government, mining, construction, and private service-type payrolls. Government payrolls dampened the all-industry swing less in the North than in the South and West in both timespans, particularly in the

current cycle, when urban fiscal crises in the North limited countercyclical expenditures by State and local governments and military base closings in the North adversely affected Federal payrolls in the 1974–75 recession. In the current cycle, mining payrolls dampened

Table 2.—Cyclical Swing in Nonfarm Payrolls, 1948:IV-1973:IV and 1973:IV-1979:IV, United States and Regions

80-5-1

Rank 1		percent c	uarterly hange, at il rate	Cyclical swing	Mean q percent c annus	uarterly hange, at il rate	Cyclical	Addendum: manufacturing payrolls as a	
		Expan- sions	Reces- sions	swing	Expan- sion	Reces- sion	swing	percent nonfarm	of total payrolls
		1948:IV-1973:IV 1973:IV-1979:IV 1						1948	1973
	United States	8, 0	0, 2	7.8	10, 4	6. 2	4, 2	36.0	28, 4
1 2 3	Great Lakes New England Mideast	8. 1 7. 3 7. 0	-3. 1 . 1 . 4	11. 2 7. 2 6. 6	9. 9 9. 6 7. 9	3. 6 4. 2 5. 1	6.3 5.4 2.8	47. 6 47. 0 38. 2	40. 0 32. 1 27. 2
	AverageSouth and West	7.4	-1.1	8.6	8.9	4.4	4.6	43.0	33, 2
1 2 3 4 5	Southeast Far West Southwest Plains Rocky Mountain	9. 2 8. 8 8. 9 7. 5 8. 5	1.3 1.4 3.3 2.6 4.2	8. 0 7. 4 5. 6 4. 9 4. 3	11.3 11.8 13.5 10.8 13.0	5.7 8.5 10.8 8.3 10.0	5. 6 3. 4 2. 6 2. 5 3. 0	29. <b>3</b> 24. <b>4</b> 17. 7 27. 0 <b>16. 3</b>	26. 1 23. 3 19. 2 26. 4 16. 3
	Average	8,8	2.0	6,8	11,8	7.8	4,0	25.3	23, 9

<sup>1.</sup> Regions within each group ranked by cyclical swing, 1948:IV-1973:IV (column 3). See table 1, note 1.

the all-industry swing mainly in the South and West, due to accelerated exploration for and production of coal and petroleum and natural gas in the 1974-75 recession. In contrast, in both timespans, construction payrolls intensified the all-industry swing more in the South and West than in the North, and private service-type payrolls dampened it less in the South and West than in the North; these differences were mainly due to decelerations during recessions in the rate of population migration to the South and West from the North, which adversely affected the demand for housing and related services in the South and West relative to the North.<sup>3</sup>

The remainder of this section explains the responses of each of the regions in the North and in the South and West to the national cyclical sensitivity of detailed manufacturing and detailed non-manufacturing industries. The bulk of the discussion is for the current cycle; important similarities or differences between the current and the five preceding cycles are also noted.

### North

Great Lakes.-In both the current and the five preceding cycles, the cyclical swing in nonfarm payrolls was larger than in any other region. The relatively large swing was mainly accounted for by durables manufacturing. In the current cycle, the weight and the cyclical swing in durables payrolls were larger than in any other region, except for the swing in durables in the Southeast (tables 3 and 4). Within durables manufacturing in the Great Lakes region, motor vehicles, fabricated metals, and heavy machinery had large weights (table 5); these were among Nation's most cyclically sensitive industries. In the 1974-75 recession, production in these industries declined substantially. When motor vehicle production declined, demand for the fabricated metals used to produce them declined. Demand for machinery declined as a consequence. In the current expansion, conversely, demand for these durables, as well as others, increased rapidly. A large swing in construction

payrolls, reflecting the cyclical sensitivity of manufacturers' demand for new structures, also contributed to the region's large all-industry swing in the current cycle.

In both the current and the five preceding cycles, in each Great Lakes State except Illinois, the cyclical swing was above (Michigan, Indiana, and Ohio) or near (Wisconsin) the national average. The cyclical sensitivity of durables manufacturing contributed substantially to the relatively large all-industry swings. In Illinois, the all-industry swing was below the national average in the current cycle and above it in the five preceding cycles. This shift mirrored a change in the relative swing in durables payrolls, and also may have reflected a stabilizing effect on nonfarm payrolls of the increasing role of the Chicago metropolitan area as a supplier of relatively cyclically insensitive services to Great Lakes and other States.

New England.—In both timespans, the cyclical swing in nonfarm payrolls was one of the four largest among the eight regions; the swing was above the national average in the current cycle and somewhat below it in the five preceding cycles. The relatively large swing in the current cycle was mainly accounted for by nondurables manufacturing; both the weight and cyclical swing in nondurables payrolls were above the national average. Within nondurables manufacturing, textiles and paper had large weights in New England, and both were among the most cyclically sensitive industries nationally. Swings in construction and in both Federal and State and local government payrolls, all of which were larger than in any other region, also contributed to New England's large allindustry swing. The large construction swing partly reflected large construction cutbacks in New Hampshire and Vermont in the 1974-75 recession, when a deceleration in population growth rates reduced the demand for housing, and the adverse effects of the Arab oil embargo on the recreation industry reduced the demand for commercial structures. The large swing in Federal payrolls partly reflected military base closings in Rhode Island, which began

shortly before the 1974-75 recession. The large swing in State and local government payrolls indicates that fiscal crises in urban areas dampened government expenditures in the 1974-75 recession. (In most other regions, in contrast, both Federal and State and local government payrolls were countercyclical; that is, growth was faster in the recession than in the expansion, resulting in negative swings.)

In the current cycle, the cyclical swing was above or equal to the national average in each New England State. In the five preceding cycles, in contrast, the swing was below the national average in each State except Connecticut and Vermont. In general, increases over time in the relative swings in Rhode Island, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, and Maine reflected increases in the relative sensitivity of nondurables manufacturing, construction, and government payrolls.

Mideast.—In both timespans, the cyclical swing in nonfarm payrolls was below the national average, reflecting below-average swings in both durables and nondurables manufacturing payrolls and in nearly all private servicetype payrolls. In the current cycle, within durables manufacturing, industries that used advanced technology, such as electronic equipment and instruments, had large weights in the Mideast and were among the least cyclically sensitive industries nationally. Within nondurables manufacturing, both apparel and printing and publishing had large weights in the Mideast and small swings nationally. In both durables and nondurables payrolls, the small swings also reflected the cyclical insensitivity of employment in management units of the large numbers of manufacturing corporations that were headquartered in the Mideast, particularly in New York. The small swings in private service-type payrolls reflected the cyclical insensitivity of financial, business, and professional services, many of which were provided to corporations headquartered both in the region and throughout the Nation.

In both timespans in most of the Mideast States, the cyclical swing was

(Text continued on page 23)

<sup>3.</sup> See "Work-Force Migration Patterns, 1970-76," SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS, February 1978.

Table 3.—Cyclical Swing in Nonfarm Payrolls by Industry, 1948:IV-1973:IV, and Percent Distribution of Nonfarm Payrolls by Industry, 1948, United States, Regions, and States

						Nonfarm payı	colls				
	Total	Durables manufac- turing	Mining	Nondurables manufac- turing	Construc- tion	Federal Government	Transportation, communication, and public utilities	Wholesale and retail trade	Services	Finance, insurance, and real estate	State and local government
						Cyclical swin	ng i	1111		_	
United States	7.8	20.0	9.0	7.5	7.4	6.1	4.8	3.8	3.6	2.0	0
North Great Lakes Michigan Indiana Ohio Wisconsin Illinois	11. 2 14. 3 13. 6 11. 4 8. 6 8. 5	23. 9 27. 4 25. 4 22. 9 19. 9 21. 6	7. 7 6. 5 10. 9 10. 0 3. 3 6. 0	7. 8 7. 2 7. 8 9. 5 6. 4 6. 9	9.0 8.4 19.0 7.9 9.3 7.6	3. 6 1. 4 10. 6 3. 0 2. 8 2. 5	6.0 7.3 7.6 7.4 4.4 4.3	4. 4 5. 6 4. 5 4. 6 2. 6 4. 0	4.6 8.0 4.6 2.7 3.2 4.1	.4 .5 1.2 .6 .6	5 8 -1.3 1.0 4 -1.4
New England Connecticut Vermont Rhode Island New Hampshire Massachusetts Maine	7. 2 9. 9 7. 8 7. 4 6. 8 5. 9 5. 4	18. 0 20. 4 21. 2 19. 4 17. 9 15. 0 18. 6	8. 6 17. 7 10. 4 -36. 8 -2. 3 5. 7 60. 6	10. 6 11. 8 12. 6 15. 0 11. 1 9. 5 9. 6	4.9 3.6 -1.7 6.0 -2.6 7.8 -4.8	1.5 -1.0 1.1 2 1.8 1.8 -1.9	3. 1 1. 1 4. 0 4. 5 3. 9 4. 0	1.3 1.7 1.4 1.5 2.8 .7 4.2	1.6 1.8 .8 .9 -1.7 2.0	-1.2 -1.2 6 1.5 -1.2 .8 1	1.6 1.4 1.7 9
Mideast	6. 6 9. 7 7. 7 6. 7 6. 1 5. 0 4. 2	17. 0 20. 6 16. 9 23. 0 15. 4 14. 3 7. 8	16. 7 17. 8 4 2. 4 8. 0 11. 9 -12. 7	6.8 7.4 6.2 7.9 7.2 6.4 5.2	4. 2 8. 5 11. 4 1. 3 1. 7 . 9 8. 4	5. 9 5. 8 8. 1 3. 4 5. 6 5. 4 4. 6	4.7 6.5 5.8 5.5 2.8 4.3 1.8	2. 4 3. 6 4. 1 3. 3 .5 2. 2 3. 1	2.8 1.7 4.7 3.8 2.9 2.7 5.8	2.0 1.4 3.2 1.0 -1.4 2.6 3.3	.6 1.9 .3 .8 .8 0 -3.7
Average	8.6	20.7	12.5	7.6	6.4	4.6	5.1	3.0	3.3	1.3	.1
South and West  Southeast	8. 0 10. 9 10. 1 9. 5 8. 9 7. 6 7. 6 7. 6 7. 3 7. 2 7. 0 6. 7	18. 8 19. 7 20. 0 19. 9 22. 5 15. 4 20. 2 14. 0 17. 6 22. 9 17. 2 15. 5	11. 4 7.3 15. 8 18. 2 5. 9 -3. 6 4. 0 9. 7 2. 8 4. 3 5. 4 6. 3	9.6 12.2 11.7 6.1 5.6 11.6 10.9 8.9 9.6 7.4 11.3 6.8 3.3	12. 4 29. 0 13. 2 -3. 8 16. 2 7. 6 6. 4 13. 0 6. 9 11. 4	8. 6 11. 5 12. 4 2. 1 12. 8 5. 6 3. 8 9. 4 6. 6 16. 4 6. 5 5. 5	5. 2 6. 9 4. 5 6. 1 3. 7. 5 5. 5 5. 5 6. 7 4. 3 4. 3	4.8 5.6 3.6 3.9 4.8 5.2 6.3 4.9 3.2 4.3 5.2 4.3	4.3 3.7 4.8 2.9 4.1 2.6 5.2 5.0 3.2 2.8 2.4 6.6	3.1 3.3 1.9 2.0 -,3 2.4 3.2 4.6 2.5 3.6 4.2 4.1 4.3	. 3 1. 4 1. 3 1. 1 -4 -8 1. 1 1. 4 2. 1 -2. 4 1. 8 -1. 5
Far West California Oregon. Nevada Washington.	7. 4 7. 6 7. 2 6. 9 6. 8	17. 4 18. 3 15. 6 17. 8 16. 2	6. 5 6. 5 -12. 0 7. 8 15. 9	5. 6 5. 9 5. 5 12. 4 3. 1	10. 4 10. 8 10. 0 15. 2 7. 7	8.5 10.1 1.4 -1.4 4.5	4.3 4.0 6.1 7.2 4.3	5.7 5.7 6.8 3.5 5.6	4. 4 3. 8 6. 2 10. 4 5. 8	4.1 4.2 3.7 -3.7 4.8	5 4 -3. 0 -2. 3 . 8
Southwest Arizona Texas New Mexico Oklahoma	5. 6 7. 2 5. 8 5. 4 4. 2	17. 8 27. 0 17. 8 11. 2 14. 2	3. 9 1. 0 3. 4 10. 3 5. 6	4.7 3.2 4.8 6.6 4.6	9.7 16.4 11.0 3.6 6	2.8 5.0 1.9 3.8 4.0	4.0 2.2 4.2 3.8 3.7	4.5 4.5 4.8 4.5 3.0	5. 1 4. 6 5. 4 7. 2 3. 0	2.9 3.6 3.4 1.2 1.2	5 .2 -1.6 3.3 1.2
Plains Minnesota Missouri Kansas Iowa Nebraska South Dakota North Dakota	4.9 6.1 5.8 5.2 4.8 1.6 1.0	18. 6 18. 5 18. 2 20. 4 19. 2 16. 0 8. 4 -2. 6	8.5 18.4 1.7 5.1 -4.2 6 3.8 3.6	5. 0 6. 9 5. 6 6. 0 1. 8 3. 1 3. 8	-3.6 5.4 -5.5 -7.6 -3 -10.5 -13.1 -23.8	3.1 1.2 7.0 7 4.3 .9 2.6 2.4	4. I 5. 5 4. 2 4. 1 2. 7 3. 7 2. 2	2.8 3.6 3.1 3.8 1.8 1.6	2.3 1.8 3.2 3.6 1.8 1.0 2.9 -3.9	1. 3 . 2 2. 4 . 1 3. 0 -1. 1 1. 9	.6 .4 .7 1.2 .4 .1 2.0 3
Rocky Mountain	4. 3 6. 4 4. 9 4. 8 4. 4 1. 8	11. 6 13. 7 10. 9 17. 1 12. 2 10. 8	6. 9 12. 3 5. 6 15. 0 9. 6 -5. 4	4. 0 1. 5 1. 6 4. 7 6. 2	2. 5 6. 8 5. 4 -6. 4 6. 2 -5. 0	5.8 8.8 9.2 4.6 4.8 1.1	3. 7 5. 7 3. 3 4. 4 3. 4 3. 1	4. 2 3. 1 4. 6 6. 1 3. 7 4. 1	2. 4 5. 0 1. 2 3. 5 2. 9 3	2.7 -2.7 1.1 2.4 4.4 2.1	-1.0 .4 4 .4 -2.1 7
Average	6.8 5.2 4.5	17. 9 27. 4 3. 0	7.5 16.2 -28.9	7.3 (a) (a)	8. 6 7. 4 8. 2	7.0 1.2 7.2	4.5 -3.5 5.2	4.6 4.7 4.0	4.1 18.4 3.8	3.1 7.3 7	1 10.9 -1.4

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 3.—Cyclical Swing in Nonfarm Payrolls by Industry, 1948: IV-1973: IV, and Percent Distribution of Nonfarm Payrolls by Industry, 1948, United States, Regions, and States—Continued

<del></del>	1				, , ,	d States—(		<del></del>			<del></del>
				<u> </u>		Nonfarm pays	rolls	Г	1		Г
	Total	Durables manufac- turing	Mining	Nondurables manufac- turing	Construc- tion	Federal Government	Transportation, communication, and public utilities	Wholesale and retail trade	Services	Finance, insurance, and real estate	State and local government
			_		P	ercent distribu	tion <sup>2</sup>				
United States North	100, 0	20, 2	2, 6	15. 9	5, 4	6, 6	10.4	18, 3	9.8	3, 9	6.7
Great Lakes. Michigan. Indiana. Ohio. Wisconsin. Illinois.	100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0	34. 0 42. 9 36. 9 35. 2 30. 8 25. 4	1. 4 . 6 1. 7 1. 4 . 3 2. 0	13. 6 8. 5 13. 0 14. 4 17. 9 15. 1	4. 9 4. 1 5. 0 5. 1 4. 9 5. 1	3. 3 2. 1 2. 8 3. 5 2. 6 4. 1	9. 1 6. 3 9. 6 9. 3 8. 8 10. 4	16. 7 14. 6 15. 7 15. 6 16. 8 18. 9	8. 0 7. 1 6. 8 7. 4 7. 4 9. 3	3.1 2.3 2.5 2.7 2.9 4.1	5. 9 6. 4 5. 9 5. 3 7. 4 5. 5
New England Connecticut Vermont Rhode Island New Hampshire Massachusetts Maine	100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0	24. 3 39. 9 24. 2 20. 4 13. 3 19. 7 13. 5	.1 1.2 .0 .2 .1	22. 7 14. 3 16. 9 29. 7 35. 4 23. 6 31. 8	4. 4 4. 6 4. 5, 3. 7 4. 5 4. 4 5. 1	4.7 2.5 4.9 8.5 6.6 4.9 5.5	7. 1 5. 8 10. 6 6. 3 7. 6 7. 6 8. 5	16. 7 14. 2 15. 0 14. 7 13. 7 18. 6 16. 8	9. 1 8. 7 10. 9 8. 2 9. 0 9. 5 7. 8	4. 1 4. 7 3. 0 3. 2 2. 7 4. 4 2. 5	6. 3 5. 1 8. 4 5. 0 6. 6 6. 7 7. 5
Mideast Pennsylvania Maryland Delaware New Jersey New York District of Columbia	100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0	19. 6 27. 4 17. 6 11. 1 24. 5 15. 1	2. 0 6. 4 . 4 . 0 . 4 . 2 . 0	18. 6 16. 6 13. 7 36. 9 22. 5 19. 7 3. 8	4. 6 4. 4 6. 8 5. 4 5. 3 4. 2 3. 8	6. 0 4. 1 15. 0 2. 6 4. 6 3. 8 48. 1	10. 2 10. 4 11. 3 10. 7 8. 9 10. 5 7. 3	17. 5 14. 8 16. 0 13. 8 15. 7 20. 1 15. 4	10. 4 7. 9 9. 8 9. 4 8. 9 12. 3 13. 3	4.9 3.1 3.8 4.2 4.1 6.6 3.5	6. 0 4. 9 5. 4 5. 3 5. 0 7. 3
Average	100.0	25. 9	1, 5	17.1	4.7	4.8	9.4	17.1	9.3	4.1	6.0
South and West	***										
Southeast. South Carolina Alabama West Virginia. Kentucky North Carolina Georgia Virginia. Tennessee Louislana Mississippi Arkansas Florida	100. 0 100. 0	10.6 5.9 19.5 17.0 13.5 9.2 8.6 8.0 12.0 7.8 12.3 13.3 5.0	5. 6 .6 0 31. 5 12. 5 .6 2. 8 2. 1 4. 2	18.7 37.2 16.1 9.2 13.1 34.0 22.9 15.2 21.9 16.8 12.6 10.2 8.4	5.5 4.81 4.0 5.08 5.1 5.1 5.1 6.0 9.4	11. 0 13. 7 8. 3 2. 6 10. 5 8. 7 10. 0 24. 6 8. 6 8. 6 8. 9 9. 9 9. 11. 2	10.9 6.4 10.3 11.4 12.5 7.4 11.2 10.8 10.6 14.8 10.6 13.6	17. 3 13. 7 15. 4 11. 3 16. 0 16. 3 20. 0 15. 6 18. 3 18. 4 19. 8 20. 7 23. 7	9.9 9.7 5.5 8.4 9.6 10.7 8.4 10.2 12.1 10.9 15.4	3.0 2.2 3.1 1.7 2.5 2.5 3.8 3.2 3.6 2.9 4.5	7.0 6.6 7.1 5.8 5.8 6.3 5.8 6.3 5.8 8.4 10.6 8.1
Far West. California. Oregon Nevada Washington	100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0	14. 4 12. 6 26. 2 4. 6 17. 3	1.2 1.3 .4 6.9	10.0 10.3 8.6 3.2 10.0	7. 6 7. 5 6. 3 9. 5 8. 5	9. 9 10. 1 4. 9 7. 1 12. 4	10.6 10.5 11.9 16.1 10.2	21. 2 21. 7 21. 1 17. 5 19. 2	12.4 13.2 9.6 24.0 9.3	3.9 4.1 3.0 1.8 3.6	8. 2 8. 3 7. 6 9. 0 8. 2
Southwest Arizona Texas New Mexico Oklahoma	100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0	7. 1 5. 4 7. 7 2. 7 6. 7	9. 1 9. 8 7. 7 13. 9 12. 9	10.5 4.4 11.8 3.9 9.8	7. 9 9. 3 8. 0 9. 6 6. 2	9. 6 10. 8 8. 9 15. 4 10. 3	12.9 13.3 13.1 12.5 11.8	21. 1 20. 9 21. 5 16. 7 20. 7	10.6 11.8 10.6 12.5 9.6	3. 4 3. 3 3. 5 2. 1 3. 5	7.6 10.6 7.1 10.3 8.2
Plains	100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0	11. 9 12. 7 14. 6 8. 6 14. 8 5. 2 2. 3 1. 1	1.8 2.5 1.0 4.7 .6 .3 2.4 1.2	15. 1 15. 3 17. 5 13. 5 15. 0 12. 9 9. 9 5. 6	5. 9 5. 8 5. 1 6. 4 6. 6 8. 0 8. 2	5. 6 3. 9 5. 4 8. 4 3. 6 7. 8 10. 1 7. 9	14. 0 13. 5 13. 2 17. 5 12. 5 16. 2 11. 4 18. 0	23. 4 23. 4 23. 2 19. 9 24. 0 24. 5 27. 8 31. 3	9. 8 9. 7 10. 0 9. 1 9. 5 10. 6 11. 1 9. 8	4. 0 4. 2 4. 3 2. 9 3. 9 5. 0 3. 1 3. 0	8.3 8.8 5.6 8.8 9.4 10.7 13.6
Rocky Mountain	100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0	8. 1 1. 8 8. 7 12. 0 7. 9 8. 3	7.7 16.2 9.3 5.9 4.5 9.7	8. 2 7. 3 7. 8 6. 7 10. 2 5. 5	7. 0 9. 7 6. 7 7. 3 6. 4 7. 0	10. 4 10. 9 13. 6 6. 8 10. 8 8. 1	15. 7 20. 0 14. 5 15. 2 14. 1 19. 2	21. 6 17. 8 19. 8 24. 2 22. 6 21. 8	9.3 6.6 7.7 8.9 11.3 8.5	3. 0 2. 0 3. 0 2. 7 3. 6 2. 5	8. 8 7. 7 8. 9 10. 2 8. 3 9. 5
Average	100.0	11.3	4.3	14.0	6.6	9.5	11.9	20.2	10.7	3.5	7.7
Alaska Hawaii	100. 0 100. 0	7. 9 10. 7	5. 0 . 2	(a) (a)	16. 9 6. 2	48. 6 37. 5	5. 2 8. 3	8. 4 15. 5	3. 7 8. 8	2. 9	1.8 9.5

Note.—The 10 major industries are ranked in descending order (columns 2-11) by their cyclical swings in the Nation, 1948:IV-1973:IV. The regions within the two groupings (northern, and southern and western) and the States within each region are ranked in descending order by the cyclical swing in nonfarm payrolls, 1948:IV-1973:IV (column 1).

See table 1, note 1.
 See table 1, note 2.
 Included with durables manufacturing.

Table 4.—Cyclical Swing in Nonfarm Payrolls by Industry, 1973:IV-1979:IV, and Percent Distribution of Nonfarm Payrolls by Industry, 1973, United States, Regions, and States

				- Chited St		Nonfarm pays					
	Total	Durables manufac- turing	Mining	Nondurables manufac- turing	Construc- tion	Federal Government	Transportation, communication, and public utilities	Wholesale and retail trade	Services	Finance, insurance, and real estate	State and local government
						Cyclical swi	ng				
United States	4.2	10.6	-4.2	8,1	10.7	-0.3	6.4	2, 2	0.2	3.9	-1.8
North  Great Lakes	6. 3 11. 6 8. 4 5. 9 4. 1 2. 4	13. 7 23. 6 15. 4 11. 6 7. 0 5. 6	7. 8 -2. 3 19. 4 9. 4 6. 6 15. 2	6. 9 10. 0 7. 0 7. 1 5. 6 5. 6	11. 5 20. 5 10. 6 8. 2 16. 0 7. 3	-1.8 -1.0 2 -3.4 3 -1.6	8.9 14.0 8.9 10.6 9.0 5.0	1.9 4.7 2.4 .5 2.2 1.0	6 2. 2 1. 8 1. 0 -2. 5 -3. 8	2.3 3.1 1.2 4.3 1.2 1.4	4 9 4.3 2.1 1 -1.2
New England Connecticut Vermont Rhode Island New Hampshire Massachusetts Maine	5. 4 4. 2 6. 9 6. 5 10. 5 5. 2 5. 4	7. 0 5. 4 9. 8 8. 5 15. 5 6. 2 16. 0	9. 7 19. 5 11. 4 11. 1 -7. 2 7. 0 -8. 2	11. 7 6. 6 13. 5 12. 7 20. 8 12. 0 13. 2	14. 8 13. 9 32. 1 15. 0 34. 6 13. 1 2. 0	5.9 2.5 9.4 26.2 2.8 7.4	6. 6 8. 5 6. 9 8. 9 6. 7 5. 7 3. 4	4. 3 3. 6 4. 8 6. 6 5. 0 4. 4 2. 2	1.0 1.0 -3.4 2.7 1 1.7	2.0 0 5.4 1.6 5.3 3.0	1. 6 1. 4 3. 2 -5. 9 1. 8 2. 6 1. 2
Mideast Pennsylvania Maryland Delaware New Jersey New York District of Columbia	2.8 2.3 2.1 5.5 4.8 2.4 2.7	6. 2 3. 5 7. 6 26. 3 8. 8 7. 0 -13. 4	.9 2.3 -9.4 12.1 21.4 3.9 -71.2	7. 2 8. 2 7. 7 4 5. 1 8. 5 -2. 5	10. 5 6. 4 5. 9 8. 7 13. 9 15. 1 15. 2	2.3 -4.4 3.3 -5.1 3.2 .2 6.2	6.0 6.2 7.1 7.8 7.7 5.1 5.8	1.6 .3 -1.3 4.1 1.7 2.6 2.4	-1.9 -1.7 -2.5 6.2 2.0 -3.1 -4.0	1. 2 1. 9 5 5. 4 1. 1 1. 1	-1.3 .1 -1.4 3.2 1.9 -3.4 6.4
Average South and West	4, 6	10.4	4, 3	7.6	11.6	1, 6	7.2	2, 1	-1, 2	1.7	2
South and west  South Carolina Alabama West Virginia Kentucky North Carolina Georgia Virginia Tennessee Louisiana Mississippi Arkansas Florida	5.6 8.7 3.9 .4 3.0 9.4 8.2 3.2 6.1 1.0 5.6 5.0	15. 4 13. 8 8. 2 3. 6 14. 2 23. 2 21. 3 11. 4 16. 6 12. 7 20. 4	-8.7 -11.4 -1.6 -21.3 10.5 16.0 -4.3 -22.2 -3 5.8 1.0	12.8 21.2 12.0 1.8 8.4 19.3 18.0 11.0 10.0 8 11.4 9.0 2.1	13. 4 8. 8 6 10. 2 15. 9 12. 5 17. 8 7. 9 3. 6 2. 2 6. 2 27. 2	-1.4 -3.3 1.3 -1.7 0 -3.4 4.4 -3.3 -1.7 -1.3 -2.6 -3.1	7.4 13.0 7.5 9.1 5.5 10.3 6.6 8.5 8.8 1.3 9.2 6.9 7.6	3.8 4.7 1.5 -1.1.1 -2.9 7.4 5.5 2.6 2.8 1.0 2.3 1.4 6.8	2.5 7.1 3.6 9 1.4 9 3.2 2.3 3.8 3.0 1.8	5.0 1.0 .9 4.4 1.3 4.2 5.4 7.2 2.4 -2.2 2.1 9.8	-3.4 -3.3 -1.4 1.7 -2.1 -2.1 -3.7 -3.0 -1.7 1.4 -6.6 -9.4
Far West	3. 4 3. 2 5. 3 8. 2 1. 7	8. 0 7. 7 15. 5 17. 2 4. 0	4 . 7 3. 2 -16. 6 6. 4	5. 6 6. 3 5. 7 10. 2 . 8	13. 4 12. 4 8. 4 57. 1 8. 1	-1.3 3 -2.9 4.0 -7.4	4. 6 3. 8 8. 9 3. 9 6. 5	1.8 1.8 3.5 7.0 3	2.8 3.3 .2 1.0	9. 6 9. 7 7. 1 17. 2 9. 7	-4.8 -5.6 -3.3 .3 -1.5
Southwest Arizona Texas New Mexico Oklahoma	2. 6 9. 8 1. 6 1. 6 1. 7	7. 6 16. 8 4. 8 8. 2 12. 4	-3.5 -1.4 -5.9 -3.3 4	3. 4 9. 0 3. 1 1. 7 3. 2	8. 3 38. 3 1. 2 5. 1 5. 6	0 -1.1 1 2.1	4.9 6.7 4.8 6.4 3.9	7.5 .8 .5 -6.5	.8 9.3 7 1.9 4	6.5 10.4 6.2 7.3 4.0	-1.0 5 -1.0 -3.9 1
Plains Minnescta Missouri Kansas Iowa Nebraska South Dakota North Dakota	2.5 2.8 5.4 1.3 7 1.6 .8 -4.5	8. 9 9. 3 16. 0 1. 4 3. 0 10. 3 15. 6 -41. 4	2.7 4.9 .5 6.4 6 11.4 11.9	3.5 4.5 7.0 1.4 -1.1 -1.2 6.0 -10.3	6.6 7.9 17.6 5.4 -2.4 9.0 -7.2 -29.3	-2.4 1 -3.4 2.9 -7.4 -4.1 -1.3 -8.9	6.0 9.8 5.3 5.2 2.2 6.8 5.0 5.6	8 5 4.6 -1.0 -2.1 8 1	8 -2.4 6 1.3 9 4 -2.0	2. 2 2. 6 3. 5 2. 6 . 1 . 3 . 7 -2. 0	-2.6 -1.6 -3.4 -4.0 -4.2 -1.4 -1.6 2.4
Rocky Mountain	3.0 .6 2.0 -1.2 5.2 .2	11. 0 18. 9 2. 7 9. 2 15. 2 9. 3	-2.8 -7.7 6 0 -4.3 1.2	-1.0 -7.1 7 -1.0 -2.8 13.9	13. 4 -7. 5 7. 4 -17. 6 29. 7 3	-1.8 1.7 -1.9 1.2 -1.4 -8.8	5. 2 -1. 8 6. 6 6. 6 5. 7 5. 5	2.9 .9 1.8 -2.9 6.1 -2.8	4 2. 6 2 1. 4 -1. 4 1. 1	9. 0 4. 9 7. 8 -1. 4 12. 3 2. 4	-3.9 5.9 1.0 -6.6 -6.7 -3.8
Average Alaska Hawaii	4.0 -38.6 -1.0	10.6 -8.0 -3.8	-5. 2 -56. 9	8, 6 -3, 0 -3, 6	11.9 -145.7 -8.8	-1. 2 -4. 6 -5. 5	6, 0 -48. 3 4. 6	2, 3 -31, 5 3, 5	1.8 -68.8 6.2	6.5 -13.1 -1.8	-3.4 -2.0 -3.8

See footnotes at end of table.

Table 4.—Cyclical Swing in Nonfarm Payrolls by Industry, 1973:IV-1979:IV, and Percent Distribution of Nonfarm Payrolls by Industry, 1973, United States, Regions, and States—Continued

						Nonfarm payr	olls			<del>-</del>	<del>"</del>
	Total	Durables manufac- turing	Mining	Nondurables manufac- turing	Construc- tion	Federal Government	Transportation, communication, and public utilities	Wholesale and retail trade	Services	Finance, insurance, and real estate	State and local government
	_				P	ercent distribu	tion !				
United States North	100.0	18.0	1.1	10.4	6.3	7.4	7.7	16.7	13.7	5.3	13.2
Great Lakes Michigan Indiana Ohio Wisconsin Illinois	100, 0 100, 0 100, 0 100, 0 100, 0 100, 0	30. 0 37. 1 36. 2 30. 5 26. 3 22. 6	.6 .4 .5 .7 .2	10. 0 7. 0 9. 2 11. 0 12. 7 10. 9	5. 6 5. 0 5. 6 5. 4 5. 8 6. 1	3.3 2.5 3.4 3.8 2.4 3.8	7. 0 5. 5 6. 7 7. 2 6. 4 8. 3	15. 7 14. 6 14. 7 15. 3 15. 8 17. 4	11. 5 11. 3 9. 1 11. 4 11. 4 12. 8	4.3 3.4 3.9 3.9 4.1 5.5	11. 9 13. 1 10. 5 10. 7 14. 7 11. 8
New England Connecticut Vermont Rhode Island. New Hampshire Massachusetts. Maine	100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0	21. 1 29. 8 21. 5 20. 5 19. 0 17. 8 10. 1	$\begin{array}{c} .1\\ .1\\ .6\\ 0\\ .2\\ 0\\ .1 \end{array}$	11. 0 8. 4 7. 9 11. 9 15. 2 11. 0 19. 6	6. 1 6. 2 7. 2 5. 0 7. 1 6. 0 5. 9	5. 2 3. 3 4. 2 10. 6 5. 7 4. 8 10. 1	6. 0 5. 3 6. 8 5. 2 5. 6 6. 5 6. 8	16. 2 14. 8 15. 3 15. 5 16. 1 17. 1 16. 6	15. 6 13. 7 16. 1 13. 6 13. 9 17. 5 12. 5	5. 9 6. 7 4. 3 4. 8 4. 6 6. 0 4. 1	12. 6 11. 5 16. 0 12. 5 12. 3 12. 9
Mideast	100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0	15. 8 24. 1 11. 1 10. 5 16. 9 13. 4	$\begin{array}{c} .4 \\ 1.2 \\ .1 \\ .2 \\ .2 \\ .2 \\ 0 \end{array}$	11. 4 12. 3 7. 1 28. 9 16. 0 10. 4 2. 7	5. 6 6. 1 7. 7 7. 3 5. 9 5. 1 3. 7	6. 9 4. 5 17. 0 5. 2 4. 6 3. 4 46. 9	7.8 7.8 6.1 5.4 8.2 8.4 5.0	16. 0 15. 0 17. 1 14. 2 16. 9 16. 7 8. 1	15. 6 13. 1 14. 8 12. 3 14. 0 17. 6 19. 1	6. 5 4. 5 4. 7 4. 5 4. 6 8. 9 4. 3	13. 6 11. 4 14. 0 11. 3 12. 6 15. 7 9. 2
Average	100.0	22.4	.4	10.8	5.7	5.2	7.3	15.9	13.9	5.5	12.8
South and West  South Carolina Alabama West Virginia Kentucky North Carolina Georgia Virginia Tennessee Louisiana Mississippi Arkansas Florida	100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0	12. 0 9. 7 15. 5 16. 5 18. 6 12. 9 9. 7 9. 6 15. 4 7. 8 18. 5 18. 0 8. 0	1. 7 2 1. 0 13. 0 4. 3 3 . 3 4 1. 1 . 5 6. 2 1. 1 . 9	14. 1 26. 4 14. 7 10. 0 11. 8 23. 6 16. 0 10. 8 19. 0 10. 6 12. 1 13. 8 5. 8	7. 5 7. 0 6. 2 7. 8 6. 6 6. 1 6. 4 7. 0 5. 8 8. 2 6. 0 6. 0 11. 4	10.1 12.1 11.9 3.9 9.6 8.3 9.8 21.3 6.5 6.6 10.5 7.1	7. 7 5. 4 7. 0 9. 4 7. 8 6. 6 8. 8 7. 1 6. 6 10. 2 6. 6 8. 5	16. 8 13. 3 15. 2 14. 1 15. 0 15. 6 19. 2 14. 6 17. 0 18. 0 14. 8 20. 2	12.5 10.1 12.0 9.4 10.8 10.3 11.9 12.0 12.3 13.2 11.5 11.6	4. 9 3. 7 4. 1 2. 9 3. 6 4. 2 5. 7 4. 3 4. 6 4. 0 4. 0 6. 7. 0	12.5 11.8 12.2 12.9 11.7 11.8 11.8 12.0 12.0 14.1 14.5 12.2
Far West California Oregon Nevada Washington	100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0	16. 6 16. 4 21. 6 3. 0 17. 7	.5 .5 .3 1.7	6. 7 6. 9 6. 7 1. 8 6. 7	5. 8 5. 5 6. 1 10. 5 6. 0	8. 5 8. 6 5. 2 8. 3 10. 1	7.8 7.7 8.6 7.6 7.9	17. 3 17. 2 19. 3 14. 2 17. 5	15. 6 15. 7 11. 9 36. 0 12. 5	5. 3 5. 5 4. 6 4. 0 4. 8	15. 4 15. 4 15. 4 12. 7 16. 1
Southwest Arizona Texas New Mexico Oklahoma	100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0	11. 5 12. 9 11. 8 4. 2 11. 9	4. 2 4. 6 3. 7 5. 9 5. 8	7. 7 3. 1 9. 1 2. 6 6. 9	7. 4 11. 7 6. 9 7. 6 5. 9	10. 9 9. 9 10. 0 17. 7 13. 3	8. 2 6. 4 8. 4 8. 1 8. 8	18. 4 16. 7 19. 3 15. 5 17. 2	13. 0 13. 9 12. 9 15. 3 11. 8	5.3 5.5 5.5 4.1 4.9	13. 0 14. 9 12. 2 18. 5 13. 1
Plains Minnesota Missouri Kansas Iowa Nebraska South Dakota North Dakota	100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0	15. 8 16. 0 17. 5 15. 1 20. 3 10. 2 4. 7 3. 5	.9 1.3 .6 1.4 .4 .3 1.8	10. 6 11. 5 11. 3 9. 0 12. 0 9. 1 7. 0 3. 4	6. 2 6. 4 5. 6 5. 8 6. 0 7. 2 6. 7 8. 0	6. 4 3. 4 6. 9 9. 5 3. 4 8. 1 13. 7 17. 1	9. 3 8. 6 9. 9 10. 0 7. 7 10. 7 8. 3 9. 4	19. 0 19. 0 18. 6 18. 3 18. 6 19. 8 21. 2 22. 9	12. 5 13. 1 13. 0 11. 5 11. 1 12. 4 13. 1 13. 0	5. 1 5. 1 5. 2 4. 5 5. 0 6. 3 4. 4 4. 1	14.0 15.3 11.2 14.5 15.2 15.5 18.5
Rocky Mountain Wyoming Utah Idaho Colorado Montana	100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0 100. 0	10. 5 2. 7 12. 1 12. 4 11. 0 8. 0	3.5 13.5 4.3 1.7 2.1 4.1	5. 8 4. 0 5. 0 8. 7 6. 0 4. 4	8. 7 12. 9 7. 2 7. 7 9. 2 7. 8	12. 3 11. 1 14. 4 9. 4 12. 5 11. 7	8.8 12.0 8.8 8.4 8.0 11.4	18. 2 14. 2 17. 8 19. 2 18. 4 18. 9	12. 5 8. 9 11. 7 13. 4 13. 3 11. 9	4. 9 2. 9 4. 3 4. 0 5. 8 3. 8	14. 4 17. 3 14. 2 14. 6 13. 3 17. 6
Average	100, 0	13.7	1.7	10. 2	6.9	9.3	8.1	17.6	13.5	5, 1	13.7
Alaska Hawaii	100. 0 100. 0	2. 6 1. 5	2. 3 0	4. 1 4. 6	9. 4 10. 4	29. 3 24. 8	8. 9 8. 4	10. 7 15. 5	9. 5 15. 9	3. <b>0</b> 5. 9	18. 9 12. 7

<sup>1.</sup> See table 1, note 2.

Note.—For ranking of industries and regions and States, see note to table 3.

below the national average, mainly due to the cyclical insensitivity of most manufacturing payrolls. Exceptions were Delaware and New Jersey in the current cycle and Pennsylvania in the five preceding cycles. The increase over time in the relative swing in Delaware was traceable mainly to motor vehicles manufacturing and related private service-type industries, and the increase in New Jersey was traceable mainly to construction. The decline over time in the relative swing in Pennsylvania reflected unusually stable and relatively low rates of iron and steel production in the current cycle. In New York, although nonfarm payrolls were relatively insensitive in each of the postwar business cycles, the growth pattern in the expansion and recession phases of the cycles changed over time. Nonfarm payrolls increased relatively slowly in both phases of the current cycle, after increasing relatively moderately in preceding expansions and relatively rapidly in preceding recessions. The change reflects an accelerated decline in manufacturing employment in the 1970's.

### South and West

Southeast.—In both timespans, the cyclical swing in nonfarm payrolls was larger than in any other region except the Great Lakes. In the current cycle, the relatively large swing was mainly accounted for by nondurables and durables manufacturing and construction. The weight and the cyclical swing in nondurables payrolls and the cyclical swing in durables payrolls were larger than in any other region. Within nondurables manufacturing in the Southeast, the cyclically sensitive textile industry had a large weight (as in New England); the sensitivity of textiles partly reflected its use as a production input by the cyclically sensitive construction, motor vehicles, and furniture industries. Within durables manufacturing, the cyclically sensitive heavy machinery and primary and fabricated metals industries had large weights. The large construction swing partly reflected the cyclical sensitivity of the demand for new plant and equipment by manufacturers in the region. The construction swing also reflected large declines in the 1974-75 recession in the demand for housing, particularly in Florida and Georgia, where speculative overbuilding had occurred in the early 1970's. Reflecting the large swings in manufacturing and construction and the adverse effects of the Arab oil

embargo on the recreation industry, the swings in each private service-type industry were larger in the Southeast than in the Nation.

In both timespans, the cyclical swing was above or near the national average in South Carolina, North Carolina, and Georgia, mainly because of the cyclical sensitivity of textile manufacturing payrolls. Tennessee, Mississippi, Arkansas, and Florida had above-average swings in the current cycle and belowaverage swings in the five preceding cycles. Increases over time in the relative swings mainly reflected increases in the relative cyclical swings in manufacturing payrolls (and, in Florida, in construction payrolls as well), as these States became more industrialized. West Virginia, Kentucky, Virginia, and Alabama had below-average swings in the current cycle and above- or nearaverage swings in the five preceding cycles. Declines over time in the relative swings were, in part, due to declines in the relative cyclical swings in mining payrolls. Mining payrolls in these States were countercyclical in the current cycle; they increased more in the 1974-75 recession than in the current expansion because of large increases in coal production.

Table 5.—Perc	ent Distr	ibution o	f Manuf	acturing	Payrolls,	1973, Uni	ited State	es and Re	gions		
	United States	North	Great Lakes	New England	Mideast	South and West	South- east	Far West	South- west	Plains	Rocky Mountain
					Percent of	total nonfarm	n payrolls				
Manufacturing Durables Nondurables	28. 4 18. 0 10. 4	33.2 22.4 10.8	40.0 30.0 10.0	32.1 21.1 11.0	27.2 15.8 11.4	23.9 13.7 10.2	26.1 12.0 14.1	23.3 16.6 6.7	19.2 11.5 7.7	26.4 15.8 10.6	16.3 10.5 5.8
					Percent of	manufacturir	ng payrolls				
Manufacturing 1	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Durables  Machinery, except electrical Electric and electronic equipment Primary metals Fabricated metal products Motor vehicles Transportation equip., except motor vehicles Stone, clay, and glass products Lumber and wood products Instruments and related products Furniture and fixtures Miscellaneous Ordnanee	6. 6 5. 5 3. 5 2. 6	67. 5 13. 5 10. 4 10. 2 8. 7 9. 5 3. 4 3. 3 . 9 3. 3 1. 5	75. 0 16. 1 9. 6 11. 5 10. 3 16. 4 2. 5 3. 0 1. 4 1. 7	65.6 13.1 13.3 4.1 9.0 .9 8.7 2.4 1.7 5.0 1.3 4.0 2.2	58. 0 10. 2 10. 5 10. 4 6. 5 2. 9 3. 0 3. 9 . 7 5. 2 1. 4 2. 6	57. 2 9. 3 9. 7 4. 7 6. 2 2. 6 8. 4 3. 8 5. 0 1. 6 2. 8 1. 3 1. 8	45. 9 5. 8 7. 4 5. 1 5. 3 1. 9 5. 2 4. 0 4. 2 1. 0 4. 2 1. 2	71. 1 9. 2 13. 9 4. 3 6. 3 2. 5 14. 1 3. 2 2. 8. 6 2. 0 2. 1 1. 5 3. 3	60. 0 12. 0 10. 3 5. 2 8. 4 1. 7 9. 1 4. 7 2. 6 2. 1 1. 6 1. 1	59. 9 16. 7 8. 9 3. 0 6. 8 5. 5 7. 2 1. 7 2. 3 1. 5 1. 7	64.3 10.1 6.8 9.3 5.0 .8 4.8 6.0 10.5 1.7 1.3 1.8 6.2
Nondurables	5.5 4.2	32. 5 6. 1 5. 9 5. 9 3. 7 3. 5 1. 8 . 9 4. 7	25. 0 6. 0 4. 4 4. 7 1. 2 3. 1 . 3 . 8 4. 5	34. 4 4. 3 3. 5 5. 5 3. 2 5. 4 4. 5 . 2 7. 8	42.0 6.9 8.8 7.7 7.3 3.4 2.9 1.3 3.7	42. 8 10. 3 6. 5 4. 9 4. 8 4. 1 6. 4 1. 6 4. 2	54, 1 8, 0 9, 2 3, 6 7, 2 5, 1 14, 8 . 7 5, 5	28. 9 9. 7 3. 2 5. 2 2. 7 3. 3 . 6 1. 7 2. 5	40. 0 9. 3 8. 7 5. 3 5. 0 2. 1 . 7 5. 9 3. 0	40. 1 16. 2 4. 4 6. 8 2. 6 4. 9 . 4 . 7 4, 1	35. 7 16. 6 2. 7 6. 4 1. 8 1. 6 2 2. 0 4. 4

<sup>1.</sup> Industries within each group ranked by percent of group total in United States (column 1).

Far West.-In both timespans, the cyclical swing in nonfarm payrolls was below the national average, mainly due to a below-average swing in durables manufacturing payrolls. In the current cycle, within durables manufacturing, aircraft and technologically advanced types of electronic equipment had large weights in the Far West and were among the least cyclically sensitive industries nationally. In the 1974-75 recession, aircraft production in Washington and California increased due to strong demand for both civilian and military aircraft. The production of technologically advanced electronic equipment was well maintained in the recession, because these fast-growing industries were faced with a continuing backlog of orders. A negative swing in State and local government payrolls, which was larger than in any other region, also contributed to the relatively small all-industry swing in the Far West; the negative swing mainly reflected the dampening effects of Proposition 13 on government expenditures in California in the expansion.

In both timespans, the cyclical swing was below the national average in California and Washington, mainly because fluctuations in aircraft production were relatively independent of the national business cycle. Nevada and Oregon had above-average swings in the current cycle and below-average swings in the five preceding cycles. The increase over time in the relative swing in Nevada was mainly due to increases in the relative sensitivity of construction and the related finance, insurance, and real estate industry; in the current cycle, swings in both industries were larger than in any other State, in part because the Arab oil embargo sharply reduced tourist-related construction in the 1974-75 recession. The increase in the relative swing in Oregon was mainly due to an increase in the relative sensitivity of the production of lumber for the construction industry.

Southwest.—In both timespans, the cyclical swing in nonfarm payrolls was below the national average, mainly reflecting below-average swings in both durables and nondurables manufacturing payrolls. In the current cycle, within durables manufacturing, the

cyclically insensitive aircraft and electronic equipment industries had large weights (as in the Far West). Within nondurables manufacturing, the petroleum refining and related petrochemicals industries had large weights in the Southwest and small swings nationally. Mining payrolls, the weight of which was larger in the Southwest than in any other region, were countercyclical because the Arab oil embargo accelerated the rate of petroleum exploration in the 1974-75 recession. A relatively small swing in construction payrolls, partly reflecting the accelerated petroleum exploration, also contributed to the region's small allindustry swing in the current cycle.

In both timespans, in each Southwest State except Arizona, the cyclical swing was below the national average, mainly because of the relative cyclical insensitivity of petroleum-related manufacturing and mining payrolls. In Arizona, the all-industry swing was above the national average in the current cycle and below it in the five preceding cycles. The relatively large swing in the current cycle was mainly in construction and related private service-type payrolls; the cyclical sensitivity of these payrolls reflected large declines in the demand

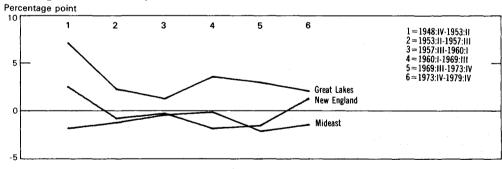
for housing and related services in the 1974-75 recession, when the rate of population migration into Arizona decelerated.

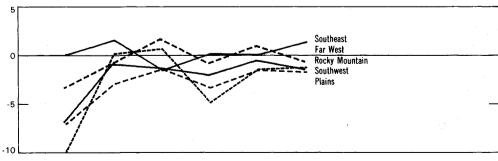
Plains.—In both timespans, the cyclical swing in nonfarm payrolls was below the national average, reflecting below-average swings in payrolls in nearly all major industries. In the current cycle, the swings were uniformly small because fluctuations in agricultural production, which substantially affected nonfarm payrolls in the region, were relatively independent of the national business cycle. Within durables manufacturing, farm machinery had a large weight in the region, and within nondurables manufacturing, food processing had a large weight: both were among the least cyclically sensitive industries nationally. The swing in construction payrolls, which was smaller than in any other region, partly reflected stability in the demand for farm buildings. A relatively small swing in each private service-type industry partly reflected strengthening in the demand for services in the 1974-75 recession, when the migration rate of agricultural workers out of the Plains decelerated.

In both timespans, in each Plains State except Missouri, the cyclical swing

**CHART 3** 

## Percentage Point Differences Between Actual Regional Swings and U.S. Swings in Nonfarm Payrolls, 1948:IV-1979:IV





U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

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was below the national average due to the cyclical insensitivity of agricultural production. In Missouri, the all-industry swing was above the national average in the current cycle and below it in the five preceding cycles. This increase over time in the relative swing was due to a substantial increase in the weight of the cyclically sensitive motor vehicles industry.

Rocky Mountain.—In both timespans, the cyclical swing in nonfarm payrolls

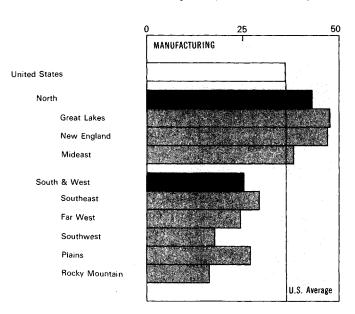
was below the national average, mainly due to below-average swings in non-durables manufacturing, mining, and government payrolls. In the current cycle, within nondurables manufacturing, food processing had a large weight and a small swing, which partly reflected the cyclical insensitivity of the region's agricultural production. Mining payrolls were countercyclical (as in the Southeast and Southwest) because the exploration for and production of petro-

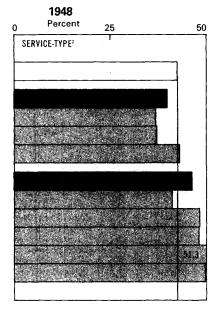
leum and coal accelerated in the 1974-75 recession in response to the Arab oil embargo. In both Federal and State and local government payrolls, the weight was larger and the cyclical swing was smaller in the Rocky Mountain region than in nearly all other regions.

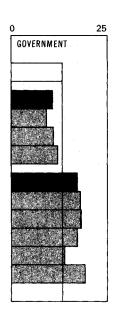
In both timespans, in each Rocky Mountain State except Colorado, the cyclical swing was below the national average. In Colorado, the all-industry swing was above the national average

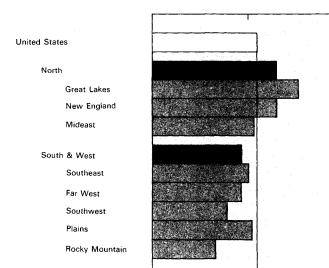
**CHART 4** 

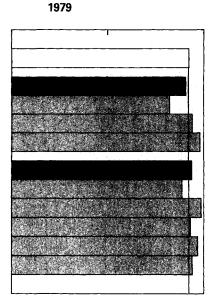
### Percent Distribution of Nonfarm Payrolls<sup>1</sup>, 1948 and 1979, United States and Regions

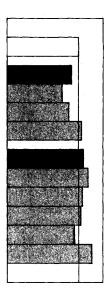












- 1. Excludes mining, construction, and other payrolls.
- r. Excludes mining, construction, and other payrons. 2. Consists of the transportation-communication-public utilities group, wholesale and retail trade, the finance-insurance-real estate group, and services

**CHART 5** 

# Percentage Point Differences Between Expected Regional Swings and U.S. Swings in Nonfarm Payrolls, 1948:IV-1979:IV

Percentage point

10

1 2 3 4 5 6

1 = 1948:IV-1953:II
2 = 1957:III-1957:III
3 = 1957:III-1961:
4 = 1960:I-1969:III
5 = 1969:III-1973:IV
6 = 1973:IV-1979:IV

Great Lakes
New England
Mideast

Southeast
Far West
Rocky Mountain

-5

O

Plains
Southwest

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

in the current cycle and below it in the five preceding cycles. The relatively large swing in the current cycle partly reflected the increased weight of the cyclically sensitive primary and fabricated metals industries. Construction and related private service-type payrolls also had large swings because in the 1974–75 recession, declines in the number of persons moving to or vacationing in Colorado reduced the demand for housing and related services.

### Changes Over Time in Relative Sensitivity

From the fourth quarter of 1948 to the fourth quarter of 1979, regional differences in the sensitivity of nonfarm payrolls to national business cycles changed little. All regions that had an above-average swing in the current cycle except New England also had an above-average swing in the five preceding cycles, and all regions that had a below-average swing in the current cycle also had a below-average swing in the five preceding cycles. The conclusion that regional differences in sensitivity changed little is further supported by chart 3, which shows the relative sensitivity of the regions (that is, the percentage-point differences between the regional and national swings in nonfarm payrolls) to each of the six postwar national business cycles.<sup>4</sup>

As is well known, regional differences in the industrial distribution of nonfarm payrolls narrowed over the postwar period (chart 4). Given this narrowing, regional differences in relative sensitivity might have been expected to narrow over time. A measure of the expected effect of the narrowing of regional differences in industrial distribution on regional differences in relative sensitivity, hereafter called the expected swing, can be calculated as follows: In each region, for each of the six postwar national business cycles, multiply the weights of each of the 10 industries for which quarterly nonfarm payroll data are available by the national cyclical swing in each of the industries and then sum the results across all industries. As measured by the expected swing, regional differences in relative sensitivity narrowed over time (chart 5).

When swings are viewed as they were in calculating the expected swing, that is, as a product of a weight and a swing summed across all industries, it can be inferred that a widening of regional differences in industry swings must have occurred, offsetting the narrowing of regional differences in industry distributions. In combination, this widening and this narrowing led to the observed stability of regional differences in relative sensitivity.

Comparisons of the percentage-point difference between the regional and national swing in each industry in each

Table 6.—Cyclical Swing in Nonfarm Payrolls Including and Excluding Unemployment Compensation, 1948:IV-1973:IV and 1973:IV-1979:IV, United States and Regions

		1	948:IV~197 <b>3</b> :IV	7	1973:IV-1979:IV						
Rank <sup>1</sup>		Nonfarm payrolls plus un- employment compensa- tion	Nonfarm payrolls	Percentage- point difference	Nonfarm payrolls plus un- employment compensa- tion	Nonfarm payrolls	Percentage- point difference				
	United States	7.0	7.8	-0.8	3.0	4, 2	-1.2				
	North	[									
1 2 3	Great Lakes New England Mideast	10. 2 6. 0 5. 8	11. 2 7. 2 6. 6	-1.0 -1.2 8	4.9 3.3 1.5	6. 3 5. 4 2. 8	-1.4 -2.1 -1.3				
	Average	7.6	8.6	-1.0	3, 2	4.6	-1.4				
	South and West										
1 2 3 4 5	Southeast Far West Southwest Plains Rocky Mountain	7. 4 6. 6 5. 4 4. 5 4. 0	8.0 7.4 5.6 4.9 4.3	6 8 2 4 3	4. 2 2. 2 2. 1 1. 9 2. 5	5. 6 3. 4 2. 6 2. 5 3. 0	-1.4 -1.2 5 6				
	Average	6.3	6.8	5	3.0	4.0	-1.0				

<sup>1.</sup> Regions within each group ranked by cyclical swing in nonfarm payrolls, 1948:IV-1973:IV (column 2). See table 1, note 1.

<sup>4.</sup> Percentage-point differences between regional and national swings rather than ratios of regional to national swings are used so that measures of relative regional sensitivity for the current cycle can be compared with measures for the five preceding cycles. In the current cycle, the national swing in nonfarm payrolls was unusually low compared with the typical postwar cycle: In the current cycle, the rate of change in prices was higher in the recession than in the expansion (about 4 percentage points); in the typical postwar cycle, it was lower in the recession. The percentage-point-difference measure of relative sensitivity is unaffected by changes over time in the cyclical behavior of prices. The ratio measure of relative sensitivity, in contrast, is significantly affected by changes over time in the cyclical behavior of prices.

region show that in more than 60 percent of the cases, the percentage-point difference was larger in the current than in the five preceding cycles. The widening of regional differences in industry swings was mainly accounted for by nondurables manufacturing; State and local government; transportation, communication, and public utilities; durables manufacturing; mining; and finance, insurance, and real estate.

### Effects of Unemployment Compensation

In both the current and the five preceding cycles, in each of the eight regions, unemployment compensation increased more rapidly in recessions than expansions, thereby partly offsetting the cyclical swings in nonfarm payrolls. That is, the addition of unemployment compensation to nonfarm payrolls and the calculation of cyclical swings for the resulting totals yielded swings that were smaller than those for nonfarm payrolls alone (table 6). In each region, the percentage-point offsets to the cyclical swing due to unemployment compensation were larger in the current than in the five preceding cycles.

In both timespans, the percentagepoint offsets were larger in each region in the North than in each region in the South and West, except in the Far West in the five preceding cycles and in the Southeast in the current cycle.<sup>5</sup> In the current cycle, 19 of the 22 States in which the offsets equaled or exceeded the national average (-1.2 percentage points) were in the regions of the North and Southeast, which are relatively cyclically sensitive.

### **Technical Note**

The cyclical swing approach to measuring cyclical changes can best be understood by comparing it with the "cyclical amplitude" approach, which is traditional. Briefly, the traditional approach typically involves: (1) applying statistical techniques to time series in order to separate cyclical developments from trend, seasonal, and random developments, and (2) identifying cyclical peaks and troughs and measuring the changes, or cyclical amplitudes, between the peaks and troughs.

Unlike the traditional approach, which measures changes between peaks and troughs, the cyclical swing approach measures changes over the whole business cycle. Like the traditional approach, the cyclical swing approach separates cyclical developments from trend, seasonal, and random developments. A definition of the cyclical swing that is equivalent to the one in the text shows how trend is eliminated. The definition is as follows: the difference between (1) the percentagepoint difference between the mean quarterly percent change in the expansion(s) and the mean quarterly percent change in the whole cycle(s)

and (2) the percentage-point difference between the mean quarterly percent change in the recession(s) and the mean quarterly percent change in the whole cycle(s). The cyclical swing eliminates trend because, when trend is viewed as the mean quarterly percent change in the whole cycle, the swing is equivalent to the difference between two mean deviations from trend. Seasonal developments are eliminated by the use of seasonally adjusted data. Random developments are handled by the use of mean changes during complete expansions and recessions to calculate the swing; this calculation "averages out" quarterly percent changes that are randomly high or low.

If, as in this article, the purpose is to measure and explain the sensitivity of regions and States to national business cycles, the cyclical swing approach has an important advantage over the traditional approach. In the cyclical swing approach, regional and State cyclical swings can easily be compared with national cyclical swings because the national swing is a weighted average of regional or State swings. In the traditional approach, in contrast, it is difficult to compare regional and State cyclical amplitudes with national cyclical amplitudes because the derivation of regional and State amplitudes tends to involve complex mathematical formulations of trend, which, in most cases, are computed independently of national trends and, therefore, are nonadditive.

<sup>5.</sup> In the Great Lakes region, the offsets were understated because unemployment compensation, as measured in personal income, does not include the often substantial amounts of payments from private unemployment insurance funds, such as the supplemental income fund in the automobile industry.

# International Travel and Passenger Fares, 1970-79

CAPPING a decade of substantial growth in U.S. international travel (table 1), U.S. travel and passenger fare payments in 1979 totaled \$12.5

This article reviews expenditures of U.S. residents traveling abroad and expenditures of foreign residents visiting the United States. These expenditures consist of the travel accounts and part of the passenger fare accounts that appear in the U.S. international transactions accounts. They do not cover U.S. carriers' receipts for transporting foreign residents between foreign points, because these receipts do not involve travel to and from the United States: these receipts are included in the passenger fare account in line 5 of tables 1, 2, and 10 of the quarterly presentation of U.S. international transactions. Travel expenditures do cover passenger fares paid by U.S. travelers to U.S. transoceanic carriers, which are an important part of total expenditures by U.S. travelers: these fares do not enter into the U.S. international transactions

Travel account payments include expenditures in foreign countries by U.S. visitors for food, lodging, entertainment, transportation purchased abroad, and other expenses incidental to a foreign visit. Excluded are expenditures by U.S. military and other Government personnel stationed abroad, by their dependents, and by U.S. citizens residing abroad. Payments to foreign transoceanic carriers and shipboard expenditures are included in the passenger fare account. Shore expenditures of cruise passengers are included in travel payments.

Travel account receipts include expenditures in the United States by foreigners on business, pleasure, and study trips, and by those in transit for services similar to those indicated for payments. Receipts of U.S. transoceanic carriers from foreigners are included in the passenger fare account.

billion, and U.S. travel and passenger fare receipts were \$10.0 billion. Since 1970, travel and passenger fare payments more than doubled, an average yearly increase of 10 percent. Travel and passenger fare receipts more than tripled, an average yearly increase of 16 percent. This article examines major developments in the growth, composition, and area distribution of international travel payments and receipts in 1970–79 (chart 6).

### Overseas travel

Travel overseas is reviewed separately from travel across the Mexican and Canadian borders because expenditure patterns of overseas travelers and their relation to worldwide economic conditions differ from those of cross-border travelers. Overseas travel characteristically involves longer stays and higher transportation costs than cross-border travel because of the greater distances involved. The availability of auto travel to Mexico and Canada eliminates expenditures for some passenger fares; short-term trips, for shopping or personal business, are quite common. Although passenger fares are included in Mexican and Canadian travel estimates, they are not separately identifiable; separate estimates for overseas passenger fares are available in most cases.

Passenger fares.—Total passenger fares paid by U.S. travelers overseas to U.S. flag and foreign flag carriers more than doubled over the decade, to \$5.2 billion in 1979, an average yearly increase of 10 percent. The rise was equally due to increases in the number of U.S. travelers overseas and to higher fares. (See accompanying tabulation.) Foreign flag carriers' share of total passenger fares paid by U.S. travelers rose

from 55 percent in 1970 to 64 percent in 1976, but declined to 60 percent in 1979

	Average ai fare of U.S travelers overseas (dollars)	
1970	37	5, 140
1971	37	
1972		
1973		
1974	49	3 6,420
1975	54	6,318
1976	54	
1977	57	
1978	57	
1979	62	8 7,810

U.S. flag carriers received \$1.7 billion in 1979 for passenger fares from foreign visitors traveling to and from the United States, more than four times 1970 receipts. The average yearly increase was 19 percent.

Petroleum price increases and changes in regulations affecting charter flights and air fare pricing were major factors influencing the course of average fares paid to airlines by U.S. travelers. (Fares paid to airlines account for virtually the entire cost of overseas transportation.) Sharp petroleum price increases in 1974 and 1979 resulted in higher operating costs. In the United States, the increased costs were mostly passed through to travelers, resulting in average fare increases of 19 percent per year in 1974–75 and 10 percent in 1979.

Late in 1975, the Civil Aeronautics Board authorized the sale to individuals of seats on charter flights previously available only to members of a related group of a minimum size. A year later, another ruling further liberalized charter booking regulations. Charter flights increased considerably, especially to Europe. During 1976–77, charters carried 27 percent of U.S. travelers to Europe, up from 18 percent in previous

years. During peak summer travel periods, the proportion was even greater. Beginning in 1978, deregulation of U.S. airlines allowed scheduled airlines greater flexibility in fare pricing. This flexibility, along with competition from charter air carriers and the new Laker Airways Skytrain, brought about wide-spread introduction of discounts on scheduled transatlantic flights. As a result, scheduled airlines recaptured a large share of the market. During 1978–79, charters carried 15 percent of U.S. travelers to Europe, the smallest proportion of the decade.

Throughout  $\mathbf{the}$ decade, travelers' passenger fare payments have been roughly equal to the amount they spent for travel within countries overseas. Because fares account for such a large part of the total cost of an overseas trip, changes in them and associated provisions regarding time spent overseas and stopovers are important in overseas travel decisions—whether to go, how long to stay, and how many countries to visit. The importance of fares was particularly evident in 1974-75 when their increase, together with a devalued dollar and high rates of inflation abroad, substantially decreased the number of U.S. travelers overseas. In 1977-78, the small increase in average fares partly offset rising foreign prices and depreciation of the dollar. In 1979, sharply higher fares, together with high inflation rates abroad, limited the increase in the number of U.S. travelers overseas.

Travel.—Expenditures of U.S. travelers overseas totaled \$5.4 billion in 1979, an average yearly increase of 11

percent (table 2). Receipts from overseas visitors in the United States increased an average 20 percent and totaled \$4.4 billion in 1979 (table 3). For both travel payments and receipts, the growth of the number of travelers and their average expenditures varied during the decade in response to the changes in air fares, exchange rate fluctuations, and economic conditions in the United States and abroad (table 4 and chart 7).

1970-73.—Recovery in the United States from a mild slowdown in 1969-70 and continued economic growth overseas stimulated travel to and from the United States in 1971-73. Most of the increase in both payments and receipts reflected a stepup in the number of travelers, rather than an increase in their average expenditures. A 20-percent decline in the value of the dollar during the period apparently did little to slow the increase in U.S. travelers overseas, even though it substantially increased overseas travel costs. However, the decline spurred sharp increases in the number of overseas visitors the United States.

For 1970-73, U.S. travel expenditures overseas increased an average 13 percent per year, while receipts from overseas visitors increased an average 20 percent. The number of U.S. travelers overseas increased an average 10 percent per year (table 5); their average expenditures overseas increased 2 percent (table 6). The number of overseas visitors to the United States increased an average 16 percent per year (table 7); their average expenditures increased 3 percent (table 8).

1974-75.—Worldwide recession, and high rates of inflation, due in part to large price increases in petroleum, significantly slowed the increase in travel payments and receipts in 1974-75. U.S. payments overseas increased an average 6 percent per year and receipts from overseas visitors increased 10 percent—about one-half the rates of the previous period. Higher average expenditures in the United States and overseas accounted for the increase.

The number of U.S. travelers overseas declined an average 4 percent per year; their average expenditures rose 10 percent. Most of the decline was to Europe and the Mediterranean area. In addition, travelers to that area limited the length of their trips, partly to compensate for higher prices and the decreased value of the U.S. dollar, and partly in response to time limitations attached to certain transoceanic economy air fares. The average length of stay, which had fallen from 27 days to 24 days in 1973, remained at that level (table 9). The number of countries visited, which had declined from 2.6 to 2.5 in 1973, declined further to 2.2 in 1974-75. Travel to the Caribbean and Central America showed little change. The proximity of this area to the United States lessened the impact of large air fare increases.

Visitors from overseas during 1974-75 had to pay increased fares to the United States and higher prices than in the earlier years of the decade. The number of visitors increased only 2 percent; their average expenditures increased 8 percent. Decreases in visitors from Western Europe, the Caribbean, and

Table 1.—International Travel and Passenger Fare Transactions

[Millions of dollars] 1976 1977 1979 1972 1975 1978 Total expenditures of U.S. residents for travel abroad..... 6, 180 6,728 7,902 8,472 9,406 10, 143 10,868 11,924 13, 155 14,574 Less: U.S. passenger fare payments to U.S. carriers (not included in U.S. international transactions accounts) 2,061 1,065 1, 264 1, 156 1, 331 1,444 1,725 1,784 Total travel and passenger fare payments 5, 195 5,663 6,638 7,316 8,075 8,680 9, 424 10, 199 11, 397 12,513 Travel: Payments of U.S. travelers in foreign countries (line 20) \_\_\_\_\_\_ Passenger fares: U.S. payments to foreign carriers (line 21) \_\_\_\_\_\_ 4, 373 1, 290 5, 042 1, 596 5,526 1,790 5, 980 2, 095 6, 417 2, 263 6,856 2,568 7, 451 2, 748 8, 475 2, 896 9, 413 3, 100 Total travel and passenger fare receipts. 7,175 8,424 10.012 2,708 2,959 3,311 4, 130 4,845 5,464 6,679 2, 331 2, 534 2, 817 3, 412 4, 032 4, 697 5, 742 6, 150 7, 186 8, 335 1,677 377 425 494 718 813 767 937 1,025 1, 238 Net travel and passenger fare payments\_\_\_\_\_\_ 2,704 3, 327 3, 186 3, 230 3, 216 2,745 3,024 2,501

<sup>1.</sup> Excludes fares paid by foreigners to U.S. carriers for transportation between two foreign points.

NOTE.—References in parentheses are to lines in tables 1, 2, and 10 of the quarterly presentations of U.S. international transactions in the March, June, September, and December issues of the SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS.

Central America were more than offset by increases in visitors from South America and other areas, primarily the Far East. For visitors from Japan, Germany, Switzerland, and the Netherlands, losses in purchasing power due to U.S. inflation were largely offset by appreciation of their currencies against the U.S. dollar.

1976-79.—Recovery from recession, in 1976-77 for the United States and in 1977-78 for other major countries, and worldwide economic expansion in 1978-79, stimulated international travel in

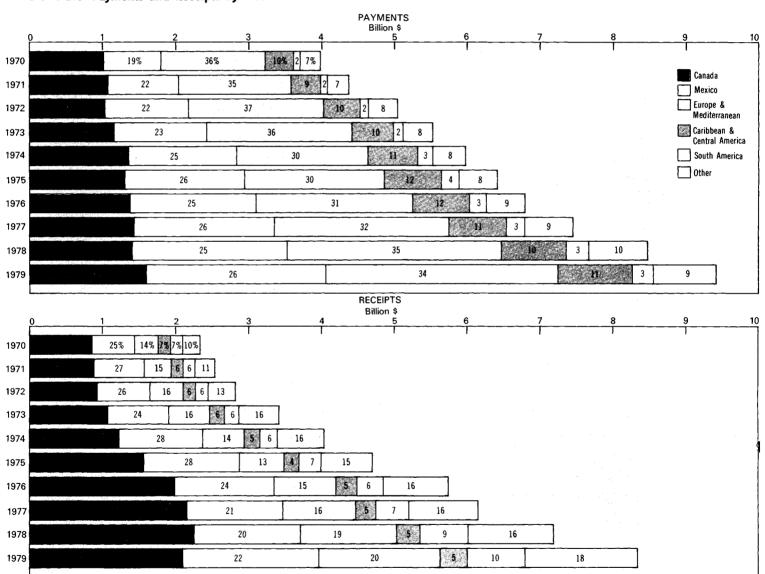
1976-79. U.S. travel payments overseas increased an average 12 percent per year; U.S. travel receipts increased an average 25 percent. Increases in payments and receipts reflected strong increases in both the number of travelers and average expenditures during this period when inflation accelerated in the United States and abroad. There was some evidence in 1979 that slower U.S. growth and sharply higher air fares were limiting the number of U.S. travelers overseas. Higher air fares may also have been a factor tending to

slow increases in visitors' expenditures within the United States.

The number of U.S. travelers overseas and their average expenditures increased 5 and 6 percent, respectively. As costs overseas increased, travelers cut back the length of their trips further and turned to charter flights in 1976–77 or to the budget fares offered by scheduled carriers in 1978–79. Overseas visitors to the United States increased an average 19 percent per year; their expenditures increased an average 5 percent.

CHART 6

### U.S. Travel Payments and Receipts by Area



U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

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Table 2.—Travel Payments of U.S. Travelers in Foreign Countries, by Area

[Millions of dollars]

	[2:21202-	o donais								
	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979
Cotal travel payments	3, 980	4,373	5,042	5, 526	5, 980	6, 417	6, 856	7, 451	8, 475	9, 41
Canada	1,018 778 463	1, 079 959 589	1, 037 1, 135 626	1, 158 1, 264 715	1, 359 1, 475 904	1, 306 1, 637 1, 047	1, 371 1, 723 1, 007	1, 433 1, 918 1, 165	1, 407 2, 121 1, 128	1, 59 2, 46 1, 29
Overseas	2, 184	2, 335	2,870	3, 104	3, 146	3, 474	3, 762	4, 100	4, 947	5, 35
Europe and Mediterranean 1	1, 425	1, 540	1, 853	1, 993	1, 802	1, 918	2, 150	2, 398	2, 942	3, 18
Western Europe	1, 310	1, 373	1,645	1,800	1,600	1,709	1,885	2, 103	2,600	2,84
United Kingdom France Italy Switzerland	160 172	324 169 178 99	342 200 215 119	354 237 218 135	368 198 188 117	404 226 194 121	494 254 207 129	585 233 240 145	771 287 260 153	82 35 30 15
Germany Austria Denmark Sweden		126 52 38 22	163 64 46 32	170 77 42 27	153 61 43 32	174 65 43 29	195 70 38 37	203 73 51 40	220 75 70 52	28 8 5 3
Norway. Netherlands Belgium-Luxembourg_ Spain	44 22	25 44 22 105	39 57 31 152	33 63 25 201	31 47 31 138	44 60 39 135	40 58 35 117	37 49 34 151	49 65 37 213	4 7 5 20
Portugal Ireland Greece	29 42 40 19	31 52 63 23	37 36 84 28	58 45 88 27	36 47 84 26	19 55 73 28	14 83 90 24	37 97 102 26	53 110 140 45	5 11 10 4
Other Europe and Mediterranean	115	167	208	193	202	209	265	295	342	34
IsraelOther	62 53	110 57	124 84	100 93	95 107	57 152	118 147	146 149	144 198	15 18
Caribbean and Central America. Bermuda. Bahamas. Jamaica	390 63 127 95	408 62 120 90	504 69 144 105	570 80 136 109	685 110 151 122	787 118 161 118	784 133 168 109	790 123 158 100	888 136 198 118	1, 01 16 22 12
Other British West Indies Netherlands West Indies Other West Indies and Central America	18	56 28 52	60 40 86	95 55 95	87 60 155	103 97 190	125 102 147	144 106 159	153 114 169	19 13 18
South America.	90	92	113	132	209	242	232	254	306	28
Other areas	279	295	400	409	450	527	596	658	811	86
Japan Hong-Kong Australia-New Zealand Other		88 50 47 110	121 70 50 159	123 65 48 173	102 75 55 218	131 75 54 267	145 74 82 295	149 87 92 330	155 113 123 420	14 13 15 43

<sup>1.</sup> Includes all European countries, Algeria, Cyprus, Egypt, Israel, Lebanon, Libya, Malta Morocco, Syria, Tunisia, and Turkey.

Note.—Includes shore expenditures of cruise travelers.

Table 3.—U.S. Receipts From Foreign Visitors in the United States

[Millions of dollars]

,											
	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	
Total U.S. travel receipts	2, 331	2, 534	2, 817	3, 412	4, 032	4, 697	5, 742	6, 150	7, 186	8, 335	
Canada	859 583 520	888 681 516	928 720 525	1, 072 830 598	1, 225 1, 142 858	1,561 1,311 972	1, 983 1, 364 1, 023	2, 150 1, 316 967	2, 248 1, 459 954	2, 092 1, 869 1, 160	
Overseas	889	965	1, 169	1,510	1,665	1, 825	2, 395	2, 684	3, 479	4, 374	
Western Europe	318	367	452	559	570	611	852	1,003	1, 323	1,667	
United Kingdom France Germany Italy Netherlands Sweden Switzerland Other	51 39 67 29 19 14 15 84	67 48 79 33 22 13 16 89	96 63 93 40 23 18 21 98	126 76 137 46 27 19 23 105	142 63 126 43 28 22 27 119	144 68 145 41 36 23 32 122	183 96 206 59 49 37 43 179	205 121 263 61 57 40 51 205	308 140 333 70 84 54 72 262	375 180 440 84 97 n.a. n.a.	
Caribbean and Central America.	170	163	169	205	216	206	289	276	322	375	
South America	164	162	174	198	237	303	360	455	660	793	
Other areas	237 101	273 134	374 205	548 334	642 402	705 410	894 439	950 450	1, 174 539	1, 539 699	

n.a. Not available.

### CHART 7 Overseas Travel Billion \$ (Ratio scale) TOTAL EXPENDITURES 4.0 3.0 2.0 1.0 Dollars (Ratio scale) AVERAGE EXPENDITURES 600 U.S. Travelers Overseas 500 400 Visitors in the U.S. Millions (Ratio scale) TRAVELERS 7.0 6.0 U.S. Travelers 5.0 4.0 3.0 72 73 74 75 76

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

Throughout the decade, the decline of the U.S. dollar relative to the currencies of many countries overseas made the United States more attractive as a destination in international travel, often competitive with less distant destinations. By 1979, the appreciation of the currencies of several important tourist generating countries had offset U.S. domestic price increases, so that the cost of a trip in the United States, measured in terms of their currencies was about the same as in 1972.

#### Mexico and Canada

U.S. travel spending in Mexico and Canada totaled \$4.1 billion in 1979, and averaged 10 percent growth per year during the decade (chart 8). Payments to Mexico increased more than twice as fast as payments to Canada. As a proportion of worldwide payments, payments to Canada fell steadily from 26 percent in 1970 to 17 percent in 1979, and payments to Mexico increased from 19 to 26 percent.

Receipts in 1979 from Mexican and Canadian visitors combined were \$4.0 billion, and averaged 12 percent growth per year during the decade. Receipts from Mexico increased faster than those from Canada. As a proportion of worldwide travel receipts, receipts from both Mexico and Canada fell, from 37 percent in 1970 to 25 percent in 1979 for Canada and from 25 percent to 22 percent for Mexico.

Mexico.—From 1970 to 1972, U.S. travel payments in Mexico increased an average 21 percent per year and U.S. receipts from Mexican visitors increased an average 11 percent. The peso-dollar exchange rate was constant and the rates for consumer price increases were similar on both sides of the border.

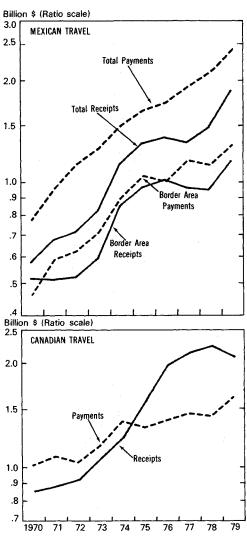
In 1973-75, consumer prices in both countries accelerated, although the rate of increase in Mexico was about twice the rate in the United States. U.S. spending in Mexico increased an average 13 percent per year and receipts from Mexican visitors in the United States increased 23 percent. In addition, there may have been some anticipation, toward the end of 1975, of a peso devaluation, encouraging stepped-up conversion of pesos into U.S. dollars by Mexican visitors.

Table 4.—Average Yearly Percent Change in Overseas Travel

	1970-73	1974-75	1976-79
Payments:			
Travel payments over-	13	6	12
Average expenditures	2	10	6
U.S. travelers overseas	10	-4	5
Receipts:			
Travel receipts from over- seas	20	10	25
Average expenditures	3	8	. 5
Overseas visitors to the United States	16	2	19

The major change in 1976-77 was the fall in the value of the peso by almost 40 percent against the dollar late in 1976, and an additional 8 percent

# Mexican and Canadian Travel



U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

in early 1977. For U.S. travelers to Mexico, the increased value of the dollar more than offset Mexican price increases As a result, travel payments increased 11 percent in 1977, compared with 5 percent in 1976. Mexican buying power in the United States was severely reduced. U.S. receipts, which increased slightly in 1976, fell back to 1975 levels the following year.

In 1978-79, after the peso-dollar exchange rate stabilized, average yearly increases for U.S. payments were 13 percent; average increases for travel receipts were 20 percent. The continued rapid increase in Mexican prices significantly increased the costs of U.S. travelers in Mexico and encouraged Mexican travel to the United States, where prices were increasing at a slower rate.

Canada.—U.S. travel payments in Canada were essentially unchanged until 1973, when increases in both the number of U.S. travelers and average expenditures resulted in higher travel payments. From 1973 to the end of the decade, the number of U.S. travelers to Canada declined continuously. Increased average expenditures tended to offset this decline.

From 1974 to 1978 there was little net increase in travel payments. A small decline in 1975 was partly due to depressed economic conditions in the United States, particularly in industrial cities near the Canadian border. A small decline in 1978 occurred despite a substantial depreciation of the Canadian dollar against the U.S. dollar.

A sharp increase in 1979 in payments to Canada was partly due to gasoline shortages and price increases in the United States; there were indications that many U.S. border residents made frequent trips to Canada to buy gasoline. The stability of the Canadian dollar during the year, at a substantially depreciated level against the U.S. dollar, and a slower rate of consumer price increases in Canada than in the United States, may have encouraged U.S. travel spending in 1979.

U.S. travel receipts from Canadian visitors increased at an average yearly rate of 9 percent from 1970 to 1974. The number of Canadian visitors was

at the lowest level of the decade from 1972 to 1974. Gasoline shortages in the United States may have discouraged travel in the latter part of that period. From 1975 to 1977, with both the num-

ber of visitors and their average expenditures up, total receipts increased an average of 21 percent per year. U.S. receipts increased slightly in 1978, but fell sharply in 1979. The factors that led

Table 5.—U.S. Travelers Overseas

[Thousands]												
	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979		
Total	5, 260	5,667	6,790	6,933	6,467	6,354	6,897	7,390	7,790	7,835		
Europe and Mediterranean	2, 898	3, 202	3, 843	3, 915	3, 325	3, 185	3, 523	<b>3,</b> 920	4, 105	4,068		
Western Europe	2, 783	3, 030	3, 666	3, 720	3, 118	2, 990	<b>3</b> , 295	3, 663	3, 914	3, 866		
United Kingdom	996	1, 358 975 817 696	1, 492 1, 115 976 811	1, 334 1, 106 897 772	1, 227 824 657 544	1, 199 809 650 567	1, 386 902 665 585	1, 559 786 715 620	1, 725 882 718 572	1, 617 943 718 535		
Germany Austria Denmark Sweden	317	805 438 279 170	964 537 361 212	915 51 <b>6</b> 274 184	712 335 239 164	733 377 230 150	802 395 214 154	768 359 238 180	765 426 271 213	864 419 206 136		
Norway Netherlands Belgium-Luxembourg Spain	160 520 292 439	148 461 310 481	196 587 <b>36</b> 5 <b>63</b> 9	170 572 342 784	134 352 246 468	135 416 289 370	133 432 290 309	147 317 240 334	165 363 234 524	137 379 257 443		
Portugal Ireland Greece Other Western Europe	226 230 203 n.a.	208 232 260 274	267 190 324 264	332 210 315 260	179 175 226 131	95 191 178 142	57 251 229 140	134 303 257 122	195 29 <b>6</b> 284 219	195 278 309 167		
IsraelOther	198 n.a.	300 313	319 453	261 496	231 430	1 <b>3</b> 8 515	264 494	<b>316</b> 489	277 606	258 509		
Caribbean and Central America	1, 663	1, 736	1, 992	2, 032	2, 147	2, 065	2, 201	2, 203	2, 365	2, 533		
South America	249	254	338	383	423	447	436	483	515	434		

n.a. Not available.

Other areas.....

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, based on data of U.S. Department of Justice, Immigration and Naturalization Service.

Table 6.-Average Expenditures of U.S. Travelers Overseas, by Area

[Dollars] Total ..... 2 Europe and Mediterranean Western Europe 279 294 213 United Kingdom..... 221 142 295 120 137 128 177 178 240 96 71 219 145 137 366 Norway.... Netherlands... Belgium-Luxembourg... 111 74 194 287 411 414 528 183 193  $150 \\ 223 \\ 244$ 214 280  $202 \\ 270 \\ 371$ 331 393 372 493 Portugal 397 Other Western Europe n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. n.a. 5 n.a. Caribbean and Central America.... 2 2 South America.... 1,007 1.078 Other Areas

Note.—Excludes cruise travelers.

n.a. Not available.

 $<sup>{\</sup>bf Note.--Excludes\ shore\ expenditures\ of\ eruise\ travelers}$ 

Table 7.—Foreign Visitors to the United States from Overseas, by Area and Type of Visa

[Thousands]											
	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978 -	1979 p	
Total	2, 288	2, 490	2,861	3,554	3,700	3,674	4, 456	4,509	5,764	7, 230	
Europe	984	1, 113	1, 306	1, 623	1, 544	1, 500	1, 892	1, 885	2, 483	3, 135	
Caribbean and Central America	484	428	451	497	508	478	573	578	703	855	
South America	318	311	312	358	401	438	510	573	773	995	
Other areas	502	638	792	1, 076	1, 247	1, 258	1, 481	1, 473	1, 805	2, 245	
Japan	207	311	417	639	764	747	766	750	886	1, 095	
Business Europe Caribbean and Central America South America Other areas Japan	306	320	370	471	499	476	607	641	763	945	
	167	182	203	242	253	241	318	334	398	495	
	17	20	23	31	34	32	47	53	59	70	
	19	21	24	31	37	35	47	53	62	80	
	103	97	120	167	175	168	195	201	244	300	
	65	58	74	106	102	92	92	93	111	135	
Pleasure Europe Caribbean and Central America South America Other areas Japan	1, 706	1, 893	2, 194	2, 772	2, 889	2, 909	3, 526	3, 530	4, 598	5, 805	
	726	832	986	1, 261	1, 169	1, 159	1, 466	1, 438	1, 962	2, 490	
	420	366	387	424	431	406	485	482	588	720	
	255	251	253	293	333	370	427	483	666	860	
	305	444	568	794	956	974	1, 148	1, 127	1, 382	1, 735	
	130	237	330	517	646	635	659	636	745	925	
Transit Europe. Caribbean and Central America South America Other areas Japan.	202 80 30 32 60	200 89 27 27 57 13	222 104 27 24 67	224 109 26 23 66 10	224 111 27 21 65 8	197 89 24 22 62 11	205 94 25 22 64 5	206 98 26 21 61 10	229 102 36 22 69 15	265 120 40 25 80 20	
Student Europe Caribbean and Central America South America Other areas Japan	74	77	75	87	88	92	118	132	174	215	
	11	10	13	11	11	11	14	15	21	30	
	17	15	14	16	16	16	16	17	20	25	
	12	12	11	11	10	11	14	16	23	30	
	34	40	37	49	51	54	74	84	110	130	
	3	3	4	6	8	10	10	11	15	15	

Revised. Preliminary.

Note.—Data are not adjusted for multiple entries on a single trip. Data for 1978 are revised; data for 1979 are provisional.

Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, based on data of U.S. Department of Justice, Immigration and Naturalization Service.

Table 8.—Average Expenditures of Overseas Visitors in the United States, by Area

[Dollars]											
	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	
Total	389	388	409	425	450	497	537	595	604	605	
Western Europe	323	<b>33</b> 0	346	344	<b>36</b> 9	407	450	5 <b>3</b> 2	533	<b>53</b> 2	
Caribbean and Central America	351	381	<b>37</b> 5	412	425	431	504	478	458	<b>43</b> 9	
South America	516	521	558	55 <b>3</b>	591	<b>6</b> 92	706	794	854	797	
Other	472	428	472	509	515	<b>56</b> 0	604	645	650	686	

Table 9.—Average Length of Stay of U.S. Travelers in Selected Areas

[Days]											
	1970	1971	1972	1973	1974	1975	1976	1977	1978	1979	
Europe and Mediterranean	27	26	27	24	24	24	24	19	20	20	
Caribbean and Central America: Bermuda	7 5	7 5	6 6	6 5	6	6	6 6	6 6	6 7	6 7	
America	11	10	11	10	10	12	8	9	12	11	
South America	22	20	21	14	18	18	14	14	19	18	
Other overseas	28	27	30	28	22	23	20	20	25	25	

NOTE.—Excludes cruise travelers.

to the increase in payments also led to the fall in receipts.

Canadians showed an increasing preference for travel south during the winter months. In 1979, 42 percent of visitors traveled in the first and fourth quarters of the year, compared with 33 percent in 1970. Winter travel accounted for 50 percent of U.S. receipts from Canada, up from 40 percent in 1970.

## Quarterly and Monthly Constant-Dollar Manufacturing and Trade Inventories and Sales: 1979:II-1980:I

Quarterly and monthly estimates of inventories, sales, and inventory-sales ratios for manufacturing and trade, in constant dollars, for 1979:II-1980:I, are shown in tables 1-4. These estimates are consistent with those presented in the July 1979 Survey of Current Business. Monthly estimates beginning January 1967 and quarterly estimates for 1967-79 are available on request from the National Income and Wealth Division (BE-54), Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, D.C. 20230.

Table 1.—Manufacturing and Trade Inventories in Constant Dollars, Seasonally Adjusted, End of Period

[Billions of 1972 dollars]

		1979		1980		1979			1980	
	11	111	IV r	ΙÞ	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.r	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.»
Manufacturing and Trade	256, 2	257.6	257.3	256, 3	258, 2	258, 1	257.3	257.5	256.8	256, 3
Manufacturing	141, 1	142, 5	143, 5	144.9	142.9	143.3	143.5	144, 4	144.5	144.9
Durable goods. Primary metals. Fabricated metals Machinery, except electrical. Electrical machinery. Motor vehicles and parts. Other transportation equipment. Other durable goods '.	93. 5 13. 6 12. 0 21. 5 13. 3 6. 1 11. 2 15. 7	94. 5 13. 7 12. 0 22. 0 13. 6 6. 0 11. 5 15. 6	95. 8 13. 8 12. 1 22. 2 14. 0 5. 6 12. 5 15. 7	96. 4 13. 6 12. 1 22. 3 14. 1 5. 4 13. 0 15. 9	95. 2 13. 7 11. 9 22. 1 13. 7 6. 1 12. 0 15. 7	95. 8 13. 7 12. 1 22. 3 13. 8 5. 8 12. 4 15. 7	95. 8 13. 8 12. 1 22. 2 14. 0 5. 6 12. 5 15. 7	96. 3 13. 8 12. 1 22. 4 14. 0 5. 4 12. 7 15. 9	96. 2 13. 7 12. 0 22. 4 14. 1 5. 4 12. 7 15. 8	96. 4 13. 6 12. 1 22. 3 14. 1 5. 4 13. 0 15. 9
Nondurable goods. Food and kindred products. Nonfood. Paper and allied products. Chemicals and allied products. Petroleum and coal products. Rubber and plastic products. Other nondurable goods 2.	8.9	48. 0 14. 5 33. 6 3. 9 8. 9 2. 9 3. 2 14. 7	47. 7 14. 5 33. 2 4. 0 8. 8 2. 9 3. 0 14. 4	48. 5 14. 5 34. 1 4. 1 9. 3 3. 0 3. 0 14. 6	47. 7 14. 4 33. 3 3. 9 8. 9 2. 9 3. 1 14. 6	47. 6 14. 4 33. 2 4. 0 8. 9 2. 9 3. 0 14. 5	47. 7 14. 5 33. 2 4. 0 8. 8 2. 9 3. 0 14. 4	48. 1 14. 4 33. 7 4. 0 9. 1 2. 9 3. 0 14. 5	48.3 14.5 33.8 4.1 9.3 3.0 3.0 14.5	48. 5 14. 5 34. 1 4. 1 9. 3 3. 0 3. 0 14. 6
Merchant wholesalers	49.3	49.9	49.5	49.0	49.7	49.4	49.5	49.7	49.6	49.0
Durable goods. Nondurable goods. Groceries and farm products. Other nondurable goods.	32. 4 16. 9 5. 6 11. 3	33. 0 16. 8 5. 9 11. 0	32.8 16.7 5.9 10.9	32. 2 16. 8 5. 7 11. 0	33. 1 16. 6 5. 6 11. 0	32. 8 16. 7 5. 7 10. 9	32. 8 16. 7 5. 9 10. 9	32. 7 17. 0 5. 9 11. 1	32. 7 16. 9 5. 9 10. 9	32. 2 16. 8 5. 7 11. 0
Retail trade	65.8	65.3	64.3	62.4	65, 6	65, 3	64, 3	63, 4	62,7	62.4
Durable goods. Auto dealers. Other durable goods Nondurable goods. Food stores. Other nondurable goods.	30. 5 17. 2 13. 4 35. 3 6. 7 28. 6	29. 8 16. 3 13. 5 35. 5 6. 8 28. 7	28. 9 15. 6 13. 2 35. 5 6. 8 28. 7	27. 3 14. 5 12. 8 35. 1 6. 9 28. 3	29. 7 16. 4 13. 3 35. 9 6. 9 28. 9	29. 6 16. 2 13. 4 35. 7 6. 8 28. 9	28. 9 15. 6 13. 2 35. 5 6. 8 28. 7	28. 0 14. 8 13. 1 35. 4 6. 8 28. 6	27. 7 14. 7 13. 0 35. 0 6. 8 28. 2	27. 3 14. 5 12. 8 35. 1 6. 9 28. 3

See footnotes to table 4.

Table 2.—Manufacturing and Trade Sales in Constant Dollars, Seasonally Adjusted Total at Monthly Rate

[Billions of 1972 dollars]

	· 									
		1979	·	1980		1979			1980	
	II	III	IV	ΙÞ	Oct.	Nov.	Dec. r	Jan.	Feb.	Mar. »
Manufacturing and trade	160.4	161.7	160.7	160.8	161.5	160.0	160.6	163.3	161.1	158.0
Manufacturing	76.9	76.6	75.7	76.5	76.6	74.9	75.7	77.3	76.7	75.6
Durable goods Primary metals Fabricated metals Machinery, except electrical Electrical machinery Motor vehicles and parts Other transportation equipment Other durable goods	42. 3 5. 4 5. 1 7. 9 6. 2 6. 4 3. 0 8. 2	41. 9 5. 4 5. 0 8. 1 6. 2 5. 8 3. 2 8. 2	41, 2 5, 3 5, 0 8, 1 6, 2 5, 4 3, 1 8, 1	41.9 5.3 5.1 8.4 6.6 5.2 3.3 8.0	42. 0 5. 4 5. 1 8. 3 6. 2 5. 9 3. 0 8. 3	40. 7 5. 2 5. 0 7. 8 6. 2 5. 4 3. 1 8. 1	40. 8 5. 1 4. 9 8. 2 6. 3 5. 1 3. 2 8. 0	42. 2 5. 5 5. 1 8. 3 6. 5 5. 2 3. 3 8. 3	42. 4 5. 4 5. 2 8. 4 6. 7 5. 5 3. 3 8. 1	41. 2 5. 2 5. 0 8. 5 6. 6 4. 9 3. 3 7. 6
Nondurable goods Food and kindred products Nonfood Paper and allied products Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products Rubber and plastic products Other nondurable goods 2	34. 6 10. 7 23. 9 2. 9 6. 7 3. 0 2. 3 9. 0	34. 7 10. 9 23. 8 2. 9 6. 6 2. 9 2. 2 9. 2	34.5 11.0 23.5 2.7 6.7 2.8 2.1	34.6 10.9 23.8 2.8 6.8 2.7 2.2 9.4	34.5 11.0 23.5 2.8 6.6 2.7 2.2 9.2	34. 2 10. 9 23. 3 2. 7 6. 7 2. 8 2. 1 9. 1	34. 9 11. 1 23. 8 2. 7 6. 9 2. 8 2. 0 9. 3	35. 1 10. 8 24. 3 2. 9 6. 9 2. 8 2. 3 9. 5	34.3 10.7 23.6 2.8 6.6 2.7 2.2 9.4	34. 4 11. 1 23. 3 2. 7 6. 7 2. 6 2. 1 9. 2
Merchant wholesalers	37.7	38.4	38.3	38.0	38.4	38.4	38.1	38.8	37.8	37.
Durable goods Nondurable goods Groceries and farm products Other nondurable goods	17. 9 19. 7 10. 1 9. 6	18. 3 20. 1 10. 5 9. 7	18. 2 20. 1 10. 6 9. 5	18. 1 20. 0 10. 6 9. 4	18. 4 20. 0 10. 6 9. 4	18. 2 20. 2 10. 5 9. 7	18. 1 20. 1 10. 6 9. 5	18. 2 20. 5 10. 9 9. 7	18. 1 19. 7 10. 5 9. 2	17. 8 19. 7 10. 4 9. 3
Retail trade	46.0	46.8	46.7	46.2	46.6	46.8	46.9	47.3	46.5	44.9
Durable goods. Auto dealers. Other durable goods. Nondurable goods. Food stores. Other nondurable goods.	16. 6 9. 0 7. 5 29. 4 9. 2 20. 1	17. 1 9. 3 7. 9 29. 7 9. 4 20. 3	16. 6 8. 9 7. 7 30, 1 9. 5 20. 6	16. 5 9. 0 7. 5 29. 7 9. 6 20. 2	16. 7 8. 9 7. 8 29. 8 9. 4 20. 4	16. 6 8. 9 7. 7 30. 2 9. 5 20. 7	16. 6 8. 9 7. 7 30. 3 9. 5 20. 8	17. 2 9. 3 7. 8 30. 1 9. 5 20. 7	16. 8 9. 2 7. 6 29. 7 9. 5 20. 2	15. 5 8. 4 7. 2 29. 4 9. 7 19. 7

See footnotes to table 4.

Table 3.—Constant-Dollar Inventory-Sales Ratios for Manufacturing and Trade, Seasonally Adjusted

[Ratio, based on 1972 dollars]

								<del></del>		
		1979		1980		1979			1980	
	II	III	IV r	ΙÞ	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.r	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.»
Manufacturing and trade	1,60	1, 59	1, 60	1,59	1, 60	1, 61	1, 60	1, 58	1,60	1, 62
Manufacturing	1, 83	1, 86	1, 90	1,89	1,87	1, 91	1.90	1,87	1,88	1, 92
Durable goods. Primary metals. Fabricated metals. Machinery, except electrical. Electrical machinery. Motor vehicles and parts. Other transportation equipment. Other durable goods <sup>1</sup>	2. 21 2. 53 2. 35 2. 72 2. 14 . 95 3. 68 1. 92	2. 26 2. 55 2. 39 2. 71 2. 20 1. 04 3. 56 1. 91	2. 33 2. 63 2. 42 2. 74 2. 24 1. 02 4. 07 1. 93	2. 30 2. 55 2. 38 2. 66 2. 13 1. 04 3. 94 1. 99	2. 26 2. 52 2. 36 2. 67 2. 22 1. 05 4. 06 1. 89	2. 35 2. 63 2. 43 2. 84 2. 22 1. 09 4. 03 1. 95	2. 35 2. 70 2. 45 2. 71 2. 20 1. 09 3. 94 1. 96	2, 28 2, 50 2, 39 2, 71 2, 15 1, 05 3, 85 1, 91	2. 27 2. 56 2. 33 2. 67 2. 10 . 99 3. 91 1. 97	2. 34 2. 64 2. 40 2. 62 2. 13 1. 10 3. 91 2. 10
Nondurable goods. Food and kindred products Nonfood Paper and allied products Chemicals and allied products Petroleum and coal products Rubber and plastic products Other nondurable goods 2	1. 32 1. 40 1. 36 1. 32 . 91 1. 40	1. 38 1. 33 1. 41 1. 36 1. 35 1. 00 1. 42 1. 60	1. 38 1. 32 1. 41 1. 48 1. 31 1. 05 1. 44 1. 57	1. 40 1. 33 1. 43 1. 49 1. 37 1. 13 1. 39 1. 56	1. 38 1. 31 1. 42 1. 41 1. 34 1. 05 1. 41 1. 59	1. 39 1. 32 1. 42 1. 45 1. 32 1. 04 1. 47 1. 60	1. 37 1. 31 1. 40 1. 52 1. 28 1. 04 1. 48 1. 55	1, 37 1, 34 1, 38 1, 41 1, 31 1, 07 1, 33 1, 53	1. 41 1. 35 1. 43 1. 49 1. 40 1. 10 1. 38 1. 55	1. 41 1. 31 1. 46 1. 53 1. 32 1. 17 1. 45
Merchant wholesalers	1, 31	1. 30	1, 29	1, 29	1, 30	1. 29	1. 30	1, 28	1, 31	1, 31
Durable goods. Nondurable goods. Groceries and farm products. Other nondurable goods.	. 86 . 55	1. 81 . 84 . 56 1. 13	1.80 .83 .56 1.14	1. 78 . 84 . 54 1. 18	1. 80 . 83 . 53 1. 17	1. 81 . 82 . 54 1. 13	1, 81 . 83 . 55 1, 15	1. 79 . 83 . 54 1. 15	1. 81 . 86 . 57 1. 19	1. 81 . 85 . 55 1. 19
Retail trade	1.44	1.40	1.38	1, 35	1.41	1, 40	1. 37	1.34	1, 35	1, 39
Durable goods Auto dealers Other durable goods. Nondurable goods. Food stores Other nondurable goods.	1, 91 1, 77 1, 21 , 73	1.74 1.76 1.70 1.20 .73 1.42	1. 73 1. 76 1. 71 1. 18 . 72 1. 39	1. 65 1. 61 1. 70 1. 18 . 72 1. 40	1. 78 1. 84 1. 71 1. 20 . 74 1. 42	1. 79 1. 83 1. 74 1. 18 . 72 1. 39	1. 74 1. 76 1. 71 1. 17 . 72 1. 38	1. 63 1. 59 1. 68 1. 17 . 72 1. 38	1. 65 1. 59 1. 71 1. 18 . 71 1. 40	1. 76 1. 73 1. 79 1. 20 . 71 1. 43

See footnotes to table 4.

Table 4.—Fixed-Weight Constant-Dollar Inventory-Sales Ratios for Manufacturing and Trade, Seasonally Adjusted

[Ratio, based on 1972 dollars]

		1979		1980
	II	ш	IV •	Ιρ
Manufacturing and trade	1, 57	1, 56	1, 57	1.56
Manufacturing	1, 83	1, 84	1, 88	1.88
Durable goodsNondurable goods	2. 20 1. 41	2. 22 1. 40	2. 28 1. 41	2, 26 1, 43
Merchant wholesalers	1, 29	1, 27	1, 27	1, 26
Durable goods	1.82 .84	1.80 .83	1.80 .83	1.77 .83
Retail trade	1.35	1.30	1, 29	1, 27
Durable goods	1. 82 1. 12	1. 70 1. 11	1. 69 1. 09	1, 61 1, 10

<sup>Preliminary.
Revised.
1. Includes stone, clay and glass products; instruments and related products; and other durable goods.
2. Includes tobacco manufacturers; textile mill products; apparel products; printing and publishing; and leather and leather products.</sup> 

Note.—Tables 1, 2, and 3: Manufacturing inventories are classified according to the type of product produced by the establishment holding inventories; constant dollar inventories in table 16 of the national income and product tables include, in addition to the industries shown here, nonmerchant wholesalers, other nonfarm industries, and farms.

Table 4: The weighted I-S ratios shown in this table were obtained by weighing detailed industry I-S ratios with 1972 sales. Additional industrial detail was used than is shown in table 2. For manufacturing, I-S ratios for 21 industries were weighted by sales; for merchant wholesalers, 20 categories of business; and for retail trade, 8.

## **CURRENT BUSINESS STATISTICS**

THE STATISTICS here update series published in the 1977 edition of Business Statistics, biennial statistical supplement to the Survey of Current Business. That volume (available from the Superintendent of Documents for \$6.25) provides a description of each series, references to sources of earlier figures, and historical data as follows: For all series, monthly or quarterly, 1973 through 1976 (1966-76 for major quarterly series), annually, 1947-76; for selected series, monthly or quarterly, 1947-76 (where available).

The sources of the data are given in the 1977 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS; they appear in the main descriptive note for each series, and are also listed alphabetically on pages 181-182. Statistics originating in Government agencies are not copyrighted and may be reprinted freely. Data from private sources are provided through the courtesy of the compilers, and are subject to their copyrights.

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1977	1978	1979		1977			197	78			197	79		19	80
through 1976 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1977 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	A	nnual tota	ıl	II	111	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	HI	IV	I	II
	GENE	RAL I	BUSIN	NESS	INDI	CAT	ORS-	-Qua	rterly	/ Seri	es					
NEW PLANT AND EQUIPMENT EXPENDITURES	;															
Unadjusted quarterly or annual totals: All industries bil. \$.  Manufacturing do Durable goods industries \$\frac{1}{2}\$ do.  Nondurable goods industries \$\frac{1}{2}\$ do.	135.80 60.16 27.77 32.39	153.82 67.62 31.66 35.96	177.09 78.92 38.23 40.69	33.73 14.84 6.79 8.06	34.82 15.60 7.17 8.43	38.06 17.19 8.00 9.18	32.35 13.67 6.36 7.31	37.89 16.76 7.79 8.97	38.67 16.89 7.97 8.92	44.91 20.30 9.53 10.77	37.41 15.88 7.53 8.35	43.69 19.08 9.17 9.92	44.68 20.11 9.85 10.26	51.30 23.84 11.68 12.17	142.45 18.84 9.34 9.50	148.80 22.20 11.10 11.10
Nonmanufacturing	75.64 4.50 2.80 1.62 2.51	86.19 4.78 3.32 2.30 2.43	98.17 5.56 3.93 3.24 2.95	18.88 1.16 0.67 0.43 0.76	19.21 1.17 0.78 0.39 0.50	20.87 1.15 0.76 0.46 0.63	18.68 1.07 0.71 0.52 0.51	21.13 1.22 0.83 0.60 0.60	21.78 1.24 0.84 0.54 0.62	24.61 1.26 0.94 0.64 0.71	21.53 1.31 0.85 0.65 0.57	24.61 1.36 0.97 0.96 0.73	24.57 <sup>1</sup> 1.38 1.01 0.73 0.78	27.46 1.52 1.10 0.90 0.87	23.61 1.53 0.89 0.91 0.74	26.60 1.52 1.08 1.14 0.96
Public utilities	25.80 21.59 4.21 15.45 22.97	29.48 24.79 4.70 18.16 25.71	32.56 27.50 5.07 20.56 29.35	6.37 5.34 1.03 3.86 5.64	6.61 5.41 1.20 4.03 5.73	7.28 6.06 1.21 4.26 6.33	6.15 5.27 0.88 3.97 5.76	7.14 6.01 1.13 4.56 6.18	7.43 6.11 1.32 4.68 6.43	8.78 7.40 1.37 4.96 7.34	7.16 6.30 0.86 4.36 6.64	8.36 7.10 1.26 5.10 7.12	8.29 6.88 1.40 5.10 7.28	8.76 7.21 1.55 6.00 8.31	7.37 6.36 1.00 <sup>2</sup> 12.17	8.44 7.08 1.36 213.45
Seas. adj. quarterly totals at annual rates: All industries do Manufacturing do Durable goods industries ¶ do Nondurable goods industries ¶ do				134.24 59.46 27.26 32.19	140.38 63.02 29.23 33.79	138.11 61.41 28.19 33.22	144.25 61.57 28.72 32.86	150.76 67.20 31.40 35.80	155.41 67.75 32.25 35.50	163.96 73.24 33.99 39.26	165.94 71.56 34.00 37.56	173.48 76.42 36.86 39.56	179.33 80.22 39.72 40.50	186.95 85.19 41.30 43.88	189.49 85.80 42.60 43.21	193.83 89.02 44.63 44.38
Nonmanufacturing do Mining do Railroad do Air transportation do Other transportation do				74.78 4.49 2.57 1.43 2.96	77.36 4.74 3.20 1.69 1.96	76.70   4.50 2.80   1.76   2.32	82.68 4.45 3.35 2.67 2.44	83.56 4.81 3.09 2.08 2.23	87.66 4.99 3.38 2.20 2.47	90.71 4.98 3.49 2.39 2.55	94.38 5.46 4.02 3.35 2.71	97.06 5.31 3.66 3.26 2.79	99.12 5.42 4.03 3.10 3.16	101.76 6.06 4.20 3.39 3.15	103.69 6.49 4.08 4.50 3.42	104.82 5.97 4.08 3.86 3.64
Public utilities				25.29 21.14 4.16 15.32 22.73	26.22 21.90 4.32 16.40 23.14	26.23 22.05 4.18 15.82 23.27	27.92 23.15 4.78 17.07 24.76	28.46 23.83 4.62 18.18 24.71	29.62 24.92 4.70 18.90 26.09	31.73 26.95 4.78 18.46 27.12	32.35 27.70 4.66 18.75 27.73	33.24 28.06 5.18 20.29 28.51	33.33 28.32 5.01 20.41 29.66	31.52 26.02 5.50 22.71 30.72	33.23 27.94 5.28 251.97	33.56 27.96 5.61 253.71
U.S. INTERNATIONAL TRANSACTIONS  Quarterly Data Are Seasonally Adjusted (Credits +; debits —)					:											
Exports of goods and services (excl. transfers under military grants)	184,592 120,816	221,019 142,054	286,312 182,074	31,075	46,897 30,558	45,935 29,665	48,987 30,713	54,346 35,388	56,263 36,532	61,423 39,421	64,941 41,435	67,818 42,890	74,752 47,235	78,800 50,514		
contracts	7,441 32,587 23,750	7,744 43,465 27,758	7,236 65,862 31,139	1,851 8,080 5,908	1,877 8,420 6,042	1,860 8,312 6,098	1,924 9,776 6,574	1,990 10,256 6,712	2,120 10,526 7,085	1,709 12,907 7,386	2,036 14,082 7,388	1,806 15,371 7,751	1,717 17,917 7,883	1,678 18,492 8,116		
Imports of goods and services do Merchandise, adjusted, excl. military do Direct defense expenditures do Payments of income on foreign assets in the U.S. mil. \$	-194,015 -151,689 -5,762 -14,598	-229,400 -175,813 -7,252 -21,820	-280,980 -211,524 -8,417 -33,548	-48,087 -37,639 -1,444 -3,519	-48,556 -37,996 -1,470 -3,686	-50,207 -38,869 -1,503 -4,201	-54.709 -42,627 -1,680 -4,537	-56,496 -43,332 -1,753 -5,402	-58,195 -44,482 -1,873 -5,574	-60,004 -45,372 -1,948 -6,308	-63,345 -47,632 -2,002 -7,268	-67,265 -50,299 -2,023 -7,957	-72,244 -54,483 -2.135 -8,743	-78,129 -59,110 -2,258 -9,580		
Other services	-21,967	-24,517	-27,492	-5,485	-5,404	-5,634	-5,866	-6,009	-6,266	-6,376	-6,443	-6,986	-6,883	-7,181		
mil. \$. U.S. Government grants (excl. military)	-4,670 -2,775 -1,895	-5,086 -3,152 -1,934	-5,649 -3,488 -2,160	-1,283 -811 -472	-1,249 -774 -475	-1,023 -564 -459	-1,228 -765 -463	-1,313 -827 -486	-1,233 -770 -463	-1,314 -790 -524	-1,322 -805 -517	-1,363 -897 -466	-1,369 -872 -497	-1,594 -914 -680		
U.S. assets abroad, net	-35,793 -375	-60,957 732	-63,423 -1,107	-12,272 -24	-6,625 112	-15,213 -43	-15,188 187	-5,466 248	-10,049 115	-30,254 182	-7,622 -3,585	-16,152 343	-24,809 2,779	-644		
assets, net         mil. \$.           U.S. private assets, net         do           Direct Investments abroad         do	-3,693 -31,725 -12,898	-4,656 -57,033 -16,670	-3,780 -58,536 -24,762	-11,363	-1,001 -5,736 -3,090	-746 -14,424 -3,570	-1,009 -14,366 -4,856	-1,263 -4,451 -4,386	-1,390 -8,774 -2,782	-994 -29,442 -4,646	-1,094 -2,943 -5,740	-1,001 -15,494 -7,267	-763 -26,825 -6,867	-922 -13,273 -4,887		
Foreign assets in the U.S., net do. Foreign official assets, net do. Other foreign assets, net do. Direct investments in the U.S. do.	50,823 36,656 14,167 3,728	63,713 33,758 29,956 6,294	33,902 -15,192 49,094 7,674	14,002 7,720 6,282 965	14,236 8,266 5,970 1,023	19,991 15,179 4,812 761	18,175 15,618 2,557 1,130	941 -5,265 6,206 1,877	15,358 4,641 10,717 2,280	29,239 18,764 10,475 1,008	1,476 -9,391 10,868 989	6,057 -10,043 16,100 2,025	24,289 5,745 18,544 2,790	2,079 -1,503 3,582 1,871		
Allocation of special drawing rights	-937	10,711	1,139 28,699	726	-4,703	517	3,962	7,987	-2,144	910	1,139 4,732	10,904	-619	13,682		
Memoranda:  Balance on merchandise trade	-30,873 -9,423 -11,317 -14,092	-33,759 -8,381 -10,315 -13,467	-29,450 5,332 3,172 -317		-7,438 -1,659 -2,134 -2,908	-9,204 -4,272 -4,731 -5,295	-11,914 -5,722 -6,185 -6,950	-7,944 -2,150 -2,636 -3,463	-7,950 -1,932 -2,395 -3,165	-5,951 1,419 895 105	-6,197 1,596 1,079 274	-7,409 553 87 -810	-7,248 2,508 2,011 1,139	-8,596 671 -9 -923		

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Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1978	1979					197	79						19	80	
through 1976 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1977 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anr	nual	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
	GENE	RAL I	BUSII	NESS	IND	ICAT	ORS-	Moı	nthly	Serie	es					
PERSONAL INCOME BY SOURCE †																
Seasonally adjusted, at annual rates: † Total personal incomebil. \$.	1,717.4	1,924.2	1,872.1	1,880.7	1,891.6	1,905.1	1,933.2	1,946.5	1,960.1	1,981.2	2,005.5	2,028.3	2,046.5	r2,055.6	r2,069.6	2,070.1
Wage and salary disbursements, total do Commodity-producing industries, total do Manufacturing	1,103.3 387.4 298.3 269.4	1,227.6 435.2 330.9 300.8	1,202.3 429.4 328.1 294.0	1,205.9 428.6 327.4 293.3	1,210.8 432.1 328.3 295.3	1,220.5 434.5 329.7 298.8	1,229.8 437.5 332.0 300.8	1,236.5 436.6 330.3 304.3	1,247.9 440.8 333.5 307.1	1,257.4 443.8 336.0 308.7	1,271.3 446.5 337.5 314.0	1,282.9 453.1 341.5 314.5	1,292.6 456.0 343.9 317.8	*1,303.8 *460.6 *347.2 *320.2	*1,313.1 *461.9 *349.2 *322.3	1,305.6 455.4 345.2 320.0
Service industries	228.7 217.8 106.5	257.9 233.7 122.7	249.9 229.0 117.4	251.9 232.1 118.9	251.9 231.6 120.3	254.7 232.6 121.8	123.3	260.9 234.8 124.9	264.8 235.2 126.4	265.9 239.1 128.0	270.4 240.3 129.6	274.4 240.9 131.2	276.1 242.7 132.8	r279.4 243.6 134.4	r284.4 r244.6 136.0	284.3 245.8 137.6
Farm do Nonfarm do	27.7 89.1	32.8 98.0	35.3 94.9	34.3 95.2	33.5 95.5	33.4 95.8	32.8 97.9	31.0 99.5	28.8 100.9	31.0 101.1	33.0 102.1	33.4 103.0	31.3 103.9	'27.3 102.3	r24.0 r100.6	21.8 100.4
Rental income of persons with capital consumption adjustment bil. \$. Dividends do. Personal interest income do. Transfer payments do. Less: Personal contrib. for social insur. do. Total nonfarm income do.	25.9 47.2 163.3 224.1 69.6 1,674.2	26.9 52.7 192.1 252.0 80.7 1,873.4	27.4 51.7 183.3 239.2 79.4 1,819.5	26.0 51.9 185.8 242.3 79.5 1,828.8	27.1 52.5 187.5 243.9 79.7 1,840.3	27.2 52.6 189.4 244.7 80.2 1,853.7	258.5 80.8	27.3 52.7 194.4 261.2 81.0 1,897.3	25.0 53.0 197.1 262.7 81.7 1,913.1	26.8 53.6 200.7 264.8 82.2 1,931.8	27.0 54.2 205.4 265.9 83.0 1,953.9	27.2 55.2 210.3 268.8 83.6 1,976.1	27.2 55.8 214.5 275.0 86.7 1,995.9	26.6 56.6 °218.1 273.5 °87.1 °2,008.8	r85.9	27.4 58.1 225.0 279.0 84.9 2,028.3
DISPOSITION OF PERSONAL INCOME *																
Seasonally adjusted, at annual rates:  Total personal income bil. \$.  Less: Personal tax and nontax payments. do.  Equals: Disposable personal income do.  Less: Personal outlays do.  Personal consumption expenditures do.  Durable goods. do.  Nondurable goods do.  Services do.  Interest paid by consumers to	1,717.4 259.0 1,458.4 1,386.4 1,350.8 200.3 530.6 619.8	1,924.2 299.9 1,624.3 1,550.5 1,509.8 213.0 596.9 699.9	1,872.1 284.1 1,588.1 1,513.2 1,474.2 218.2 578.8 677.1	1,880.7 285.9 1,594.8 1,508.4 1,468.9 211.3 578.1 679.4	1,891.6 290.1 1,601.5 1,520.0 1,480.0 212.9 581.7 685.4	1,905.1 296.2 1,609.0 1,519.1 1,479.0 201.9 583.8 693.3	1,543.3 1,502.7 207.4 591.8 703.4	1,946.5 306.0 1,640.4 1,569.0 1,527.9 213.6 602.3 712.0	1,555.2 219.0 619.8 716.3	1,981.2 316.1 1,665.1 1,602.5 1,560.4 214.3 618.0 728.2	2,005.5 322.4 1,683.1 1,623.5 1,580.1 215.8 631.5 732.8	2,028.3 327.2 1,701.1 1,644.2 1,600.7 218.4 642.8 739.5	2,046.5 318.5 1,728.0 1,669.0 1,626.0 228.8 648.0 7749.1	*2,055.6 *321.1 1,734.5 *1,670.4 *1,627.0 *219.2 *648.9 *758.9	7323.4 71,746.2 71,676.8 71,633.2 7213.1 7654.8 7765.3	2,070.1 322.6 1,747.4 1,674.1 1,630.2 201.4 656.0 772.7
business do Personal transfer payments to	34.8	39.6	37.9	38.5	39.1	39.4	39.8	40.2	40.8	41.1	41.6	41.7	42.0	r42.4	r42.6	42.9
foreigners (net) do Equals: personal saving do	0.8 72.0	1.1 73.8	1.1 74.8	1.0 86.4	0.9 81.5	0.8 89.8	1	0.9 71.5	1.0 51.0	1.0 62.5	1.8 59.7	1.8° 57.0	1.0 59.0	1.0 '64.1	1.0 r69.4	1.0 73.3
Personal saving as percentage of disposable personal income §percent.	4.9	4.6	5.0	5.1	5.4	5.4	5.1	4.3	3.7	3.5	3.5	3.4	13.5	r3.7	4.0	
Disposable personal income in constant (1972) dollarsbil. \$.	972.5	994.8	998.6	995.7	993.2	990.2	996.6	994.2	989.6	992.9	996.9	998.7	r1,005.4	7997.2	990.8	
Personal consumption expenditures in constant (1972) dollars do  Durable goods do  Nondurable goods do	900.8 146.7 343.3	924.5 147.1 349.1	927.0 152.2 348.7	917.1 146.7 344.8	917.8 147.4 344.8	910.2 140.4 342.7	143.5 344.7	926.0 147.1 348.5	933.9 150.0 354.3	930.5 146.7 350.6	935.9 146.4 356.5	939.7 146.9 358.2	*946.0 *152.2 *356.8	r935.4 r144.8 r352.5	926.6 139.4 349.6	
Services do Implicit price deflator for personal consumption expenditures index, 1972=100.  INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION ¶	150.0	428.3 163.3	426.2 159.0	425.6 160.2	425.6 161.3	427.1 162.5	429.6 163.7	430.4 165.0	429.6 166.5	433.2 167.7	432.9 168.8	434.7 170.3	*437.0 *171.9	r438.1 r173.9	437.6 176.3	
Federal Reserve Board Index of Quantity Output																
Not Seasonally Adjusted			4740		480 5				4500		4500					
Total index	146.1	152.2	154.0	151.1	152.5	156.5	148.7	152.3	156.8	155.7	152.2	147.4	r147.8	<sup>1</sup> 152.4	₽151.9	*148.5
Products, total	144.8	149.7 147.0	150.8 148.7	147.5 144.3	149.3 146.3	154.4 151.7	146.8 143.5	150.8 147.0	157.0 154.5	154.4 151.6	149.5 146.6	143.7 141.0	r144.2 r142.3	149.4 147.7	P148.7 P147.0	°145.5 °143.6
Consumer goods	149.1 159.2 145.1	150.5 155.5 148.5	153.4 169.5 147.0	148.3 157.2 144.8	150.2 164.7 144.5	156.7 166.0 153.0		151.4 138.0 156.7	159.4 157.9 159.9	156.1 162.3 153.6	148.2 150.3 147.3	139.6 136.9 140.7	7142.4 7137.1 7144.6	'148.6 '148.3 '148.8	P148.5	*143.6 *140.6 *144.9
Equipment do	132.8 154.1	142.2 160.0	142.2 158.8	138.8 159.3	141.0 160.1	144.7 164.3	140.3 158.8	140.9 165.3	147.8 166.3	145.3 164.9	144.5 160.1	143.0 153.5	r142.1 r151.2	146.4 1155.9	P145.8 P155.0	*143.6 *152.5
Materials	. 148.3	156.0	158.8	156.8	157.6	159.9	151.6	154.4	156.6	157.8	156.6	153.3	r153.4	157.0	°156.9	°153.2
Mining and utilities	. 141.7 . 146.8	144.5 153.2	142.6 155.6	139.5 152.7	137.5 154.6	141.5 158.6	144.8 149.2	149.0 152.8	146.1 158.2	142.9 157.5	144.6 153.3	148.7 147.2	*151.5 147.3	'152.8 '152.4	P147.6	°144.4 °149.4
Nondurable manufactures do  Durable manufactures do  Seasonally Adjusted	156.9 139.7	163.3 146.3	162.8 150.6	161.9 146.3	162.5 149.1	167.9 152.2	159.6 142.1	168.8 141.7	171.9 148.9	170.1 148.8	165.1 145.2	156.4 140.9	158.0 139.8	'163.2 '145.0	P163.4 P145.3	*161.9 *140.8
Total index	146.1	152.2	153.0	150.8	152.4	152.6	152.8	151.6	152.4	152.2	152.1	152.2	r152.6	r152.3	°151.3	°148.5
By market groupings:         do           Products, total         do           Final products         do           Consumer goods         do	144.8 142.2 149.1	149.7 147.0 150.5	150.8 148.2 152.9	148.4 145.4 149.1	150.3 147.8 152.0	150.2 147.6 151.8		148.7 145.6 148.2	149.9 147.2 149.7	149.6 146.8 149.7	149.4 146.6 148.9	149.7 147.0 148.5	*150.0 *147.0 *148.2	7150.2 7147.7 7149.0	P149.1 P147.1 P148.1	*146.9 *145.3 *145.2
Durable consumer goods do	159.2	155.5 167.7	163.6 186.8	151.6 163.0	160.5 182.7	158.6 175.9	157.2 170.3	147.5 147.3	151.8 157.6	152.6 159.2	149.2 150.6	146.6 141.8	142.4 *131.3	*144.7 *142.1	P144.1 P141.4	°136.6
Automotive products do  Autos and utility vehicles do  Autos and allied goods	. 172.5 . 148.6	154.3 136.7	178.8 153.8	$147.4 \\ 128.6$	176.3 153.1	167.4 148.0	155.6 141.8	125.1 118.5	139.7 128.0 203.0	142.4 129.0 202.1	131.0 118.3	121.4 110.2	108.7 108.7 98.0 1188.5	1124.6 116.8	P123.0 P114.9	*102.3 *97.1
Auto parts and allied goodsdo  Home goodsdo Appliances, air cond., and TVdo	198.5 147.7 133.3	201.6 148.7 127.5	207.2 150.6 128.4	202.7 145.2 115.6	199.0 148.1 128.4	197.5 148.8 129.3	207.8 149.8 129.7	203.7 147.7 121.2	148.5 129.6	148.8 128.0	200.3 148.4 129.7	193.6 149.3 134.2	*148.6 *128.9	146.2 122.4	P188.1 P145.5 P121.3	*186.1 *142.6 *116.0
Carpeting and furniture	. 164.2 . 145.1	170.6 148.5	173.5 148.6	170.7 148.0	170.2 148.7	170.6 149.1	171.9 148.2	171.7 148.5	169.7 148.9	169.2 148.6	169.1 148.7	168.8 149.2	171.2 '150.5	°169.4 °150.7	P169.0 P149.7	°148.5
Clothing do  Consumer staples do  Consumer foods and tobacco do  Nonfood staples do	. 131.1 148.9 . 140.6 . 158.5	129.1 153.8 145.4 163.6	130.9 153.6 145.1 163.4	127.7 153.7 145.2 163.5	128.6 154.2 145.7 164.1	130.7 154.2 146.2 163.5		128.0 154.2 145.3 164.6	129.0 154.3 146.5 163.5	127.7 154.3 146.7 163.2	129.1 154.2 145.9 163.8	129.1 154.8 146.8 164.2	'128.3 '156.7 '148.4 '166.4	127.9 *157.0 *148.8 *166.7	P156.5 P148.0 P166.3	°155.2
Equipment do Business equipment do	1	142.2 171.3	141.7 170.8	140.4 168.7	141.9 171.4	141.9 171.5	142.1 171.4	141.8 171.5	143.9 173.6	142.9 172.0	143.6 172.5	145.0 174.1	*145.4 *175.0	r145.9 r175.7	P145.7 P175.5	*145.4 *175.0
Industrial equipment # do.  Building and mining equip. do.  Manufacturing equipment do.	145.8 207.3 121.2	152.1 206.1 130.3	152.8 205.2 130.3	150.4 204.2 128.0	151.8 203.7 130.1	152.0 205.3 130.1	151.3 207.4 130.3	151.7 210.6 131.1	153.5 212.0 130.4	151.2 200.6 130.8	153.3 204.4 132.5	153.1 204.4 132.1	*157.4 *222.9 132.6	*158.7 *230.2 *132.4	P159.0 P235.5 P132.1	*158.5 *236.4 *131.3
Commercial, transit, farm eq. # do Commercial equipment do Transit equipment do	1	152.2	191.6 224.4 150.5	189.9 223.0 148.8	193.9 224.9 156.7	194.0 226.4 155.3	227.0 155.2	194.4 230.5 149.4	196.8 231.4 156.3	195.9 234.2 154.9	194.6 233.2 150.3	198.4 236.9 153.3	*195.3 *237.8 *143.8	°195.3 °237.6 °146.7	°194.6 °239.2 °141.6	Į.
Defense and space equipment do	.l 86.5	93.2	92.9	92.9	92.5	92.3	92.8	92.0	94.0	94.0	95.0	95.9	<sup>1</sup> 95.8	95.8	№95.7	*95.8

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1978	1979					19	79						19	80	
through 1976 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1977 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		ual	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
	GEI	NERA	L BU	SINE	SS IN	IDIC	ATOI	RS—C	ontir	ued					<u> </u>	
INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION —Continued Seasonally Adjusted—Continued																
By market groupings—Continued Intermediate products	154.1	160.0	160.4	159.7	159.5	159.5	159.4	160.6	159.8	159.8	159.8	159.9	r160.8	'159.4	°156.6	*153.2
Construction supplies do  Business supplies do	151.7 156.5	156.9 163.1	157.1 163.8	156.0 163.2	156.4 162.5	156.3 162.6	156.4 162.4	157.3 163.8	156.3 163.2	156.8 162.7	156.7 162.9	156.0 163.8	'156.4 '165.0	154.1 164.7	P150.1 P163.1	*145.0
Materials do do do do do do	148.3 149.0	156.0 157.8	156.3 159.2	154.5 155.7	155.7 157.9	156.5 159.5	157.6 160.7	156.0 157.7	156.3 157.6	156.3 157.2	156.4 156.0	156.2 155.6	156.7 r156.3	155.5 r154.8	P154.6 P154.4	*151.0 *149.3
Durable consumer parts	140.8 166.5 165.6	137.1 189.9 174.9	145.8 186.8 173.1	136.9 187.0 173.0	142.5 188.0 173.8	141.8 191.0 173.4	138.5 192.1 174.6	129.7 190.7 175.8	132.2 192.0 176.7	132.0 192.7 177.2	126.8 195.1 178.3	123.8 196.6 179.5	*122.2 *199.8 *180.8	<sup>1</sup> 120.8 <sup>1</sup> 199.3 <sup>1</sup> 178.6	P120.6 P200.0 P176.3	*110.0 *198.1 *173.0
Textile, paper, and chemical do Energy materials do	171.8 125.3	182.9 128.4	180.1 128.7	180.7 128.4	181.5 127.7	181.7 128.3	182.8 129.1	184.3 127.7	185.9 128.1	186.1 128.5	186.7 130.1	187.8 128.7	*188.6 *127.7	*185.8 *128.6	°183.6 °128.6	°180.0 °128.0
By industry groupings:  Mining and utilities	141.7 124.0	144.5 125.3	143.5 122.3	143.8 122.7	143.4 122.8	143.0 123.9	143.7 124.7	144.9 126.4	144.5 125.8	146.0 128.1	147.7 130.0	148.3 131.6	°147.4 °132.6	r148.2 r132.0	₽148.8 ₽132.5	°149.0 °132.9
Metal mining do Coal do	121.0 114.7	126.8 133.6	126.9 124.0	128.9 130.1	123.1 133.4	123.2 137.5	128.6 137.1	126.5 144.1	122.1 142.6	124.1 144.7	132.0 141.9	136.8 145.0	'137.6 141.0	r135.6 r136.0	P132.4 P137.2	°142.9
Oil and gas extraction #	124.6 96.9 108.6	121.7 94.5 109.3	119.3 95.3 108.3	118.6 95.3 108.4	118.6 93.9 108.9	119.6 94.8 108.3	120.4 95.0 105.7	121.6 93.3 108.2	121.6 93.2 108.9	124.2 94.6 110.7	126.0 95.2 112.0	127.2 94.6 110.9	'128.5 '94.3 113.9	r128.7 r93.6	°130.0 °95.2	*130.5
Stone and earth minerals do	131.2	137.6	135.6	135.3	137.8	137.3	136.4	138.3	137.5	138.2	141.2	141.0	r145.3	145.1	P143.3	
Utilities	161.4 182.2	166.1 185.8	167.1 188.8	167.4 189.0	166.5 186.4	164.2 182.4	164.8 182.2	165.5 183.6	165.3 184.1	166.1 184.3	167.4 185.7	167.0 186.0	r163.9 183.0	r166.4		°166.9
Manufacturing	146.8 156.9 142.7	153.2 163.3 147.9	154.5 163.0 147.6	151.6 161.7 147.0	153.8 162.8 149.2	153.9 163.0 149.5	154.1 164.1 149.4	152.4 164.3 148.1	153.5 164.6 148.8	153.2 164.0 148.6	153.0 164.5 148.3	152.8 164.7 148.9	*153.4 *166.1 *150.0	152.9 r165.4 r151.2	P151.7 P164.0 P150.6	°148.6 °161.9
Tobacco products do Textile mill products do	118.3 137.5	117.1 143.8	123.3 142.3	120.0 141.2	120.2 141.5	118.3 144.6	118.9 143.0	107.5 144.1	116.4 146.9	115.6 146.0	113.0 147.9	116.6 147.1	118.7 1147.8	118.0 r145.4	P143.2	
Apparel products do Paper and products do	134.2 144.8	130.7 150.8	136.5 149.0	130.8 148.7	128.2 147.9	132.0 148.0	129.7 154.0	130.1 153.9	131.2 155.3	128.5 154.1	128.8 153.3	128.3 154.7	'127.2 '156.0	127.3 150.4	»152.0	°149.2
Printing and publishing do do Chemicals and products do	131.5 197.4	136.9 210.4	137.3 207.4	135.7 207.7	136.8 209.7	136.9 207.8	135.6 210.5	137.7 213.1	137.1 212.0	137.2 211.4	136.2 215.1	137.8 216.5	138.9 217.7	139.9 216.7	°139.0 °213.8	*137.9
Petroleum products	145.2 253.6 73.8	143.6 270.0 71.3	143.8 270.4 72.9	145.4 265.5 69.6	142.4 270.0 72.3	143.9 270.0 70.1	143.9 278.0 69.7	143.0 275.7 69.7	143.1 272.9 70.8	141.1 274.5 70.1	142.1 271.3 70.4	142.6 262.3 71.2	*146.7 *266.9 73.2	*144.9 *265.7 *72.1	P141.9 P262.0 P72.3	*138.7
Durable manufactures do Ordnance, pvt. and govt do	139.7 73.7	146.3 75.5	148.6 75.4	144.6 75.1	147.6 75.3	147.6 75.1	147.2 74.6	144.2 74.9	145.9 75.3	145.7 75.3	145.0 77.0	144.5 77.0	144.7 76.6	'144.2 '76.3	P143.3	*139.4 *75.2
Lumber and products do  Furniture and fixtures do	136.3 155.8	136.9 161.4	137.7 163.5	137.2 159.4	136.1 159.6	136.8 159.6	135.2 159.5	138.0 161.7	138.6 162.0	138.7 163.3	136.1 162.9	131.7 161.0	*131.6 161.0	*130.3 *158.8	P122.9	
Clay, glass, and stone products	157.2 119.9 113.2	163.3 121.2 113.2	164.9 123.7 116.2	161.2 121.7 115.8	163.8 121.0 114.3	162.7 124.3 118.1	163.3 127.1 119.0	161.4 121.0 112.0	160.6 121.7 115.0	162.3 118.0 108.2	162.8 117.2 108.0	164.4 115.4 106.6	1165.1 116.4 107.2	'162.3 '111.9 '103.4	P158.4 P113.4 P106.7	*109.0
Nonferrous metals do Fabricated metal products do	131.9 141.6	135.6 148.5	137.7 150.2	131.4 148.8	132.6 150.3	135.6 149.3	146.2 149.3	137.8 147.6	132.3 146.5	134.8 147.5	132.3 146.9	131.0 146.1	r133.4 r145.0	<sup>7</sup> 127.6 <sup>7</sup> 145.3	P126.1 P144.7	°140.8
Nonelectrical machinerydo  Electrical machinerydo	153.6 159.4	163.6 175.0	164.0 174.2	161.8 170.6	164.3 174.7	164.5 175.1	165.3 174.4	166.2 171.7	165.1 176.7	162.3 177.3	162.8 179.5	162.9 181.2	*166.9 *181.7	166.4 180.4	°166.0 °179.8	1
Transportation equipment	. 132.5 . 169.9 . 167.1	135.3 160.0 174.9	143.7 179.7 177.3	131.6 156.0 176.3	141.9 176.3 174.7	139.4 169.6 175.9	135.5 160.2 174.0	124.7 138.5 173.9	131.7 150.6 172.9	133.7 150.6 175.0	128.2 139.9 173.3	125.9 135.4 175.0	*122.4 *127.6 *175.8	*126.2 *135.4 *175.0	P124.3 P131.5 P174.9	*116.0 *115.7 *173.5
BUSINESS SALES				2,0.0												
Mfg. and trade sales (unadj.), total ‡ mil. \$.  Mfg. and trade sales (seas. adj.), total ‡ do	1 ' '	3,461,382 13,461,382	k '	279,075 276,134			277,415 289,629		294,600 296,362	309,168 298,623			286,311 312,562	*298,985 *310,488		
Manufacturing, total †			142,503 76,855	134,126 70,996	142,288 75,698	138,960 72,629		1	143,201 74,012	145,551	144,141 73,657	146,384 74,118	151,920 77,817	r152,806 r79,203	152,073 77,290	
Nondurable goods industries do  Retail trade, total §	698,515	804,224 1886,047	65,648 72,045	63,130 71,606	66,590 72,292	66,331 72,093	68,145 73,121	68,116 74,871	69,189 76,666	69,981	70,484 76,421	72,266 77,150	74,103 79,464	*73,603 *77,993	74,783 76,234	
Durable goods stores do  Nondurable goods stores do	281,491 519,399	308,156 577,891	25,705 46,340	25,129 46,477	25,319 46,973	24,718 47,375	25,247 47,874	26,137 48,734	27,048 49,618	25,656	25,679 50,742	25,943 51,207	27,268 52,196	r26,369 r51,624	24,222 52,012	
Merchant wholesalers, total	. 1754,105 . 349,916	1883,334 404,288	70,657 33,319	70,402 32,713 37,689	72,338 33,177	72,629 33,078	74,778 34,103 40,675	75,588 34,509 41,079	76,495 34,079	77,489 35,267 42,222	78,407 35,171 43,236	78,947 35,407 43,540	81,178 36,848 44,330	<sup>7</sup> 79,689 <sup>7</sup> 36,838 <sup>7</sup> 42,851	79,259 36,218 43,041	
Mfg. and trade sales in constant (1972) dollars		479,046	37,338 165.3		39,161	39,551 159.9	161.0		42,416 162.0	161.5	160.0	160.6	1163.3	12,001	158.0	
(seas. adj.), total *			80.5 46.8	158.4 75.2 45.9	162.9 78.8 46.0	76.7 45.5	76.9 45.6	162.1 76.7 46.9	76.2 47.7	76.6 46.6	74.9 46.8	75.7 46.9	77.3 747.3	76.7 *46.5	75.6 44.9	
Merchant wholesalers * do BUSINESS INVENTORIES			38.0	37.3	38.1	37.7	38.6	38.5	38.1	38.4	38.4	38.1	38.8	r37.8	37.5	
Mfg. and trade inventories, book value, end of year or month (unadj.), total ‡ mil. \$.	378,243	424,118	396,792	401,447	404,469	406,617	410,798	412,325	414,454	424,577	430,540	424,118	430,052	r436,289	442,009	
Mfg. and trade inventories, book value, end of year or month (seas. adj.), total ‡ mil. \$.	380,351	426,637	392,467		402,149		414,021	417,792			425,886		431,523	r435,070	437,615	
Manufacturing, total † do  Durable goods industries	198,042	227,855 151,376	205,589 135,278	209,178 137,903	211,085 139,502	214,339 141,700	216,560 143,369	219,137 144,966	221,417 145,927	223,450 148,042	226,159 150,332	151,376	153,799		238,098 157,177	
Nondurable goods industries do  Retail trade, total §	68,816	76,479 108,862	70,311	71,275 104,500	71,583 106,160	72,639 107,372	73,191 109,799	74,171 110,181	75,490 108,748	75,408	75,827 110,383	76,479 108,862	78,203 108,436	'79,566 '108,717	80,921 108,919	
Durable goods stores do  Nondurable goods stores do	50,100	53,087 55,775	51,648 51,672	52,423	53,611 52,549	54,413 52,959	55,829 53,970	55,876 54,305	54,068 54,680	54,523 55,892	54,415 55,968	53,087 55,775	52,130 56,306	*52,232 *56,485	52,122 56,797	***************************************
Merchant wholesalers, total	80,771 52,460 28,311	89,920 57,463 32,457	83,558 53,894 29,664	84,632 54,377 30,255	84,904 54,772 30,132	85,406 54,591 30,815	87,662 55,861 31,801	88,474 56,529 31,945	88,499 56,479 32,020	89,146 57,242 31,904	89,324 57,129 32,195		91,085 58,146 32,939	'91,508 '58,293 '33,215	90,598 57,989 32,609	
Mfg. and trade inventories in constant(1972)dollars, end of year or month(seas.adj.),total* bil. \$.			252.2	253.8	254.7	256.2	258.9	259.4	257.6	258.2	258.1	257.3		r256.8		
Manufacturing *			138.4 64.4	139.5 64.7	139.9 65.4	141.1 65.8	141.7 66.8	142.3 66.6	142.5 65.3	142.9 65.6	143.3 65.3	143.5 64.3	144.4 63.4	*144.5 *62.7	144.9 62.4	
Merchant wholesalers * do  See footnotes at end of tables.	.1	1	i 49.4	l 49.6	49.4	l <b>49</b> .3	50.5	l 50.5	49.9	1 49.7	49.4	1 49.5	49.7	l '49.6	ı 49.0	I

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1976 and descriptive notes are as shown	1978	1979					19	79						19	80	
in the 1977 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ual	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
	GEI	VERA	L BU	SINE	SS IN	VDIC.	ATOF	RS—C	ontir	nued						
BUSINESS INVENTORY-SALES RATIOS							_					_				
Manufacturing and trade, total ‡ ratio  Manufacturing, total † do	1.41 1.52	1.41	1.38 1.44	1.44 1.56	1.40 1.48	1.44	1.43 1.53	1.43 1.54	1.41 1.55	1.42 1.54	1.42 1.57	1.41 1.56	1.38 1.53	1.40 1.54	1.42 1.57	l
Durable goods industries do do do do	1.84 0.60	1.91 0.61	1.76 0.57	1.94 0.62	1.84 0.59	1.95 0.62	1.95 0.62	1.95 0.62	1.97 0.63	1.96 0.63	2.04 0.66	2.04 0.66	1.98 0.64	r1.96 0.63	2.03	
Work in process do Finished goods do	$0.77 \\ 0.47$	0.82 0.47	0.75 0.44	0.83 0.49	0.79 0.46	0.85 0.49	0.84 0.49	0.84 0.48	0.86 0.48	0.86 0.47	0.90 0.49	0.90 0.48	0.87 0.47	0.86 0.46		
Nondurable goods industries	1.14 0.44	1.08 0.42	1.07 0.42	1.13 0.44	1.07 0.42	1.10 0.43	1.07 0.42	1.09 0.43	1.09 0.42	1.08 0.42	1.08 0.43	1.06 0.42	1.06 0.42	1.08 0.43	1.08	
Work in process do Finished goods do	0.18 0.52	0.17 0.49	0.17 0.48	0.18 0.51	0.17 0.48	0.17 0.50	0.17 0.49	0.17 0.49	0.17 0.49	0.17 0.48	0.17 0.48	0.16 0.48	0.16 0.48	0.17 0.49		
Retail trade, total §	<sup>2</sup> 1.43 1.98	<sup>2</sup> 1.45 2.08	1.43 2.01	1.46 2.09	1.47 2.12	1.49 2.20	1.50 2.21	$\frac{1.47}{2.14}$	1.42 2.00	1.46 2.13	1.44 2.12	$\frac{1.41}{2.05}$	1.36 1.91	1.39 1.98	1.43 2.15	
Nondurable goods stores do	1.14	1.11	1.12	1.12	1.12	1.12	1.13	1.11	1.10	1.12	1.10	1.09	1.08	1.09	1.09	
Merchant wholesalers, total	1.19 1.67 0.78		1.18 1.62 0.79	1.20 1.66 0.80	1.17 1.65 0.77	1.18 1.65 0.78	1.17 1.64 0.78	1.17 1.64 0.78	1.16 1.66 0.75	1.15 1.62 0.76	1.14 1.62 0.74	1.14 1.62 0.75	1.12 1.58 0.74	1.15 r1.58 r0.78	1.14 1.60 0.76	
Manufacturing and trade in constant (1972) dollars,	0.16															
total *			1.53 1.72	1.60 1.86	1.56 1.78	1.60 1.84	1.61 1.84	1.60 1.86	1.59 1.87	1.60 1.87	1.61 1.91	1.60 1.90 1.37	1.58 1.87	1.60 1.88	1.62 1.92	
Retail trade * do Merchant wholesalers * do			1.38 1.30	1.41 1.33	1.42 1.30	1.45 1.31	1.46 1.31	1.42 1.31	1.37 1.31	1.41 1.30	1.40 1.29	1.30	<sup>r</sup> 1.34 1.28	r1.35 1.31	1.39 1.31	
MANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES, AND ORDERS																
Manufacturers' export sales: Durable goods industries: Unadjusted, total mil. \$	76,257	82,988	7,604	6,806	6,999	7,034	6,702	6,697	7,270	7,220	6,899	7.018	6,149	7 550	8,152	
Seasonally adj., total		62,966	7,148	6,650	6,834	6,430	7,601	7,484	7,388	6,984	6,785	6,755	6,996	7,550 7,395	7,677	
Shipments (not seas. adj.), total †	1,496,573 798,057	1,692,001 887,777	148,034 80,920	137,558 73,560	144,304 77,997	147,053 78,976	131,605 67,066	140,375 71,365	148,657 76,949	150,754 78,660	143,286 72,706	139,658 70,347	139,758 70,316	r153,664 r79,048	157,736 81,330	
Stone, clay, and glass products	43,888 120,390	48,185 140,122	3,989 13,122	3,924 11,024	4,263 13,055	4,471 12,599	4,016 10,955	4,386 11,482	4,343 11,907	4,552 12,073	4,132 11,203	3,576 10,699	3,756 12,208	r3,858 r12,944	4,043 13,465	
Blast furnaces, steel mills	60,533 96,212	68,663 109,463	6,725 9,939	5,001 8,895	6,656 9,620	6,208 9,787	5,603 8,477	5,712 9,332	5,823 9,438	5,754 9,683	5,321 9,031	4,927 8,607	5,605 8,568	r5,922 r9,570	6,492 9,741	
Machinery, except electrical do Electrical machinery	137,119 98,661	157,695 110,713	14,144 9,562	13,176 8,873	13,251 8,990	14,043 9,851	12,039 8,178	12,783 9,029	13,881 9,877	13,911 9,790	12,527 9,614	13,742 9,720	12,865 9,204	'14,591 '10,617	15,590 10,740	
Transportation equipment	188,883 132,207 31,560	194,461 129,364 36,253	19,273 13,424 3,058	17,090 11,568 2,837	18,190 12,883 2,943	17,086 11,567 3,211	13,583 8,487 2,765	13,139 7,640 3,021	15,758 10,210 3,346	16,821 11,338 3,242	15,310 9,838 3,304	13,960 8,003 3,248	13,853 8,832 3,030	'16,274 '10,224 '3,485	16,342 9,935 3,727	
Nondurable goods industries, total do	698,515	804,224	67,114	63,998	66,307	68,077	64,539	69,010	71,708	72,094	70,580	69,311	69,442	74,616	76,406	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Food and kindred products do Tobacco products do	211,921 10,941 43,951	234,828 12,173 46,992	19,875 985 4,077	18,754 952 3,838	19,268 1,040 3,973	19,604 885 4,207	18,863 1,126 3,419	19,544 1,049 3,942	20,623 1,036 4,234	20,883 1,097 4,301	20,518 1,078 4,059	20,352 1,052 3,786	18,903 1,002 3,814	'20,391 1,061 '4,258	20,939 1,056 4,455	
Textile mill products	57,654	66,033	5,639	5,464	5,637	5,770	5,507	5,795	5,664	5,745	5,540	5,156	5,705	r5,969	5,947	
Chemical and allied products do Petroleum and coal products do	126,445 103,567 39,930	149,181 134,041	13,121 10,015	12,476 9,800 3,812	12,898 10,388 3,893	13,175 10,909 3,923	11,818 11,084 3,415	12,228 11,968 3,804	13,172 12,351 3,826	12,759 12,302 3,947	12,515 12,779 3,532	12,533 13,489 3,279	12,918 13,827 3,677	'13,837 '14,568 '3,930	14,959 14,524 3,993	
Rubber and plastics products	35,530	44,742	4,145 142,503	134,126	142,288	138,960	141,730	142,532	143,201	145,551	144,141	146,384	151,920	r152,806	152,073	1
By industry group:  Durable goods and class products  do			76,855 3,903	70,996 3,850	75,698 4,124	72,629 4,072	73,585 4,111	74,416 4,055	74,012 4,027	75,570 4,246	73,657 4,190	74,118 4,133	77,817 4,454	<sup>r</sup> 79,203 <sup>r</sup> 4,192	77,290 3,951	,,,,,,,,,,,,
Stone, clay, and glass products			12,323 6,244	10,405 4,808	12,372 6,351	11,494 5,628	11,887 5,999	11,787 5,787	11,554 5,726	12,088 5,895	11,825 5,746	11,787 5,480	12,998 5,684	r12,957	12,652 6,027	
Fabricated metal products do			9,781	8,695	9,338	9,040	9,053	9,118	8,987	9,310 13,905	9,221 13,078	9,211 13,662	9,515 14,005	r9,745	9,593 14,445	
Machinery, except electrical do  Electrical machinery do  Transportation equipment do			13,065 9,275 17,817	12,719 8,835 16,065	13,058 9,157 17,239	12,902 9,308 15,429	13,239 9,101 15,596	13,607 9,218 16,034	13,618 9,366 15,623	9,375 15,495	9,495 14,942	9,746 14,746	10,093 15,437		10,412 15,034	
Motor vehicles and parts do do Instruments and related products do			12,216 3,009	10,748 2,873	12,123 2,963	10,345 3,028	10,066 3,009	10,071 3,006	15,623 10,072 3,139	10,251 3,089	9,434 3,205	9,013 3,247	9,381 3,349	°9,885 °3,619	8,885 3,671	
Nondurable goods industries, total # do Food and kindred products do			65,648 19,651	63,130 18,772	66,590 19,418	66,331 19,296	68,145 19,770	68,116 19,518	69,189 19,943	69,981 20,113	70,484 20,273	72,266 20,729	74,103 19,984	r73,603 r20,203	74,783 20,673	
Tobacco products do Textile mill products do			1,008 3,856	964 3,859	1,027 3,914	843 3,984	1,142 4,060	1,021 3,903	1,049 3,973	1,055 4,039	1,055 3,961	1,027 3,925	1,063 4,203	1,126 4,285	1,081 4,214	
Paper and allied products			5,527 12,225	5,412 11,577	5,613 12,419	5,479 12,552 10,757	5,838 12,852	5,634 12,410	5,544 12,705	5,641 12,864	5,585 13,159	5,492 13,710	6,014 14,075	r5,864 r13,487	5,829 13,912	
Petroleum and coal products do Rubber and plastics products do			10,231 3,913	9,867 3,635	10,622 3,809	3,704	10,977 3,739	11,885 3,773	12,281 3,730	12,419 3,774	12,803 3,618	13,279 3,589	13,938 4,054	*14,271 *3,867	14,795 3,768	
By market category: † Home goods and apparel	<sup>2</sup> 114,547 <sup>2</sup> 268,237	<sup>2</sup> 125,723	10,275	9,912	10,381	10,551	10,496	10,750	10,795	10,945	10,765 25,946	11,123 26,669	11,296	r11,587 r25,957	11,251	
Consumer staples do  Equipment and defense prod., exc. auto do  Automotive equipment do	203,025 2153,752	<sup>2</sup> 298,916 <sup>2</sup> 236,754 <sup>2</sup> 151,020	24,763 19,710 14,086	23,840 19,022 12,490	24,686 19,331 13,798	24,480 19,075 11,972	25,421 19,726 11,749	24,865 20,445 11,935	25,301 20,553 11,846	25,623 20,365 12,121	20,002 11,233	21,089 10,934	25,816 21,317 11,436	<sup>1</sup> 21,861 <sup>1</sup> 11,876	26,275 22,269 10,741	
Construction materials and supplies	2130,079 2626,934	2148,806 2730,782	12,591 61,078	11,913 56,949	12,429 61,663	12,319 60,563	12,526 61,812	12,576 61,961	12,624 62,082	13,068 63,429	12,843 63,352	12,643 63,926	13,386 68,669	'13,024 '68,501	12,183 69,354	
Supplementary series: Household durablesdo	²51,453	²55,938	4,691	4,563	4,577	4,661	4,701	4,615	4,669	4,966	4,812	4,736	4,929	r5,169	4,942	
Capital goods industries do  Nondefense do  Defense do	<sup>2</sup> 233,495 <sup>2</sup> 200,895 <sup>2</sup> 32,512	<sup>2</sup> 267,807 <sup>2</sup> 232,315 <sup>2</sup> 35,492	22,525 19,497 3,028	21,536 18,587 2,949	21,840 19,036 2,804	21,791 18,762 3,029	22,169 19,386 2,783	22,999 20,007 2,992	22,947 20,019 2,928	23,100 20,095 3,005	22,734 19,598 3,136	23,402 20,223 3,179	24,221 21,029 3,192	r24,613 r21,377 r3,236	25,208 21,819 3,389	
Inventories, end of year or month: †				·												İ
Book value (unadjusted), total	197,979 128,405 69,574	227,658 150,321 77,337	207,096 136,660 70,436	210,291 139,064 71,227	212,123 140,697 71,426	213,818 142,041 71,777	214,979 142,752 72,227	217,893 144,370 73,523	219,375 144,618 74,757	222,296 146,672 75,624	225,134 148,857 76,277	227,658 150,321 77,337	233,547 154,097 79,450	r236,758 r156,470 r80,288	239,700 158,749 80,951	
Book value (seasonally adjusted), total † do	198,041	227,855	205,589			214,339	216,560	219,137	221,417	223,450	226,159	227,855	232,002	°234,845	238,098	!
By industry group:  Durable goods industries, total # do  Stone, clay, and glass products do	129,226 4,826	151,376 5,577	135,278 5,144	137,903 5,252	139,502 5,322	141,700 5,372	143,369 5,429	144,966 5,445	145,927 5,445	148,042 5,522	150,332 5,599	151,376 5,577	153,799 5,654	r155,279 r5,793	157,177 5,964	
Primary metals	17,962 9,828	19,905 10,908	17,761 9,823	18,608 10,478	18,191 9,964	18,578 10,260	18,795 10,343	19,144 10,593	19,065 10,457	19,149 10,556	19,419 10,672	19,905 10,908	20,035 11,028	120,302 111,290	20,248 11,085	
Fabricated metal products do	16,834	19,279	17,796	18,068	18,195	18,584	18,533	18,636	18,682	18,771	19,223	19,279	19,367	r19,474 r37,468	19,671	
Machinery, except electrical	30,925 17,066 24,131	36,502 20,585 29,881	32,509 18,066 25,717	32,903 18,228 26,40	33,573 18,479 27,125	34,120 18,714 27,390	34,607 19.015 27,994	35,132 19.180 28,219	35,525 19,486 28,534	35,957 19,817 29,465	36,372 20,013 30,118	36,502 20,585 29,881	37,276 21,018 30,304	r21,395 r30,674	37,713 21,710 31,459	
Motor vehicles and parts do do Instruments and related products do	7,767 6,468	7,972 7,713	8,761 7,026	9,070	9,177 7,212	8,857 7,336	9,236 7,445	9,257 7,486	8,811 7,456	8,894 7,491	8,639 7,595	7,972 7,713	7,846 8,026	7,801 8,128	7,829	

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1976 and descriptive notes are as shown	1978	1979					197	79						19	80	
in the 1977 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anr	nual	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
	GE	NERA	L BU	SINE	SS IN	DIC	ATOF	RS—C	ontin	ued					r	,
MANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES, AND ORDERS †—Continued  Inventories, end of year or month †—Continued Book value (seasonally adjusted) †—Continued By industry group—Continued Durable goods industries—Continued																
By stage of fabrication: †  Materials and supplies	<sup>2</sup> 41,468 <sup>2</sup> 6,573 <sup>2</sup> 8,680 <sup>2</sup> 4,945 <sup>2</sup> 6,967	48,818 7,463 10,725 5,925 8,304	43,570 6,602 9,081 5,227 7,719	43,848 6,635 9,069 5,244 7,931	44,504 6,644 9,374 5,363 7,979	44,885 6,751 9,531 5,483 7,657	45,538 6,844 9,595 5,571 7,926	46,492 7,108 9,748 5,549 8,310	46,382 6,959 9,929 5,668 7,977	47,734 7,116 10,405 5,763 8,298	48,406 7,294 10,653 5,753 8,341	48,818 7,463 10,725 5,925 8,304	49,431 7,744 10,771 6,010 8,089	*50,065 *7,922 *10,935 *6,115 *8,221	50,366 7,903 10,951 6,238 8,521	
Work in process #         do           Primary metals         do           Machinery, except electrical         do           Electrical machinery         do           Transportation equipment         do           Finished goods #         do	255,449 26,368 214,271 27,872 214,129 232,309	66,759 7,072 16,923 10,057 17,876 35,799	57,656 6,244 14,985 8,491 14,362 34,052	58,995 6,659 15,143 8,622 14,694 35,060	59,975 6,485 15,434 8,753 15,205 35,023	61,461 6,669 15,620 8,908 15,829 35,354	62,006 6,677 15,977 8,984 16,075 35,825	62,776 6,827 16,304 9,170 16,001	63,828 6,945 16,393 9,434 16,653	64,892 6,935 16,602 9,636 17,235 35,416	66,096 6,916 16,785 9,803 17,923 35,830	66,759 7,072 16,923 10,057 17,876 35,799	67,879 6,840 17,275 10,163 18,610 36,489	*68,460 *6,861 *17,275 *10,416 *18,744 *36,754	69,554 6,881 17,555 10,538 19,088	
Primary metals	<sup>2</sup> 5,021 <sup>2</sup> 7,974 <sup>2</sup> 4,249 <sup>2</sup> 3,035 <sup>2</sup> 68,816 <sup>2</sup> 17,262	3,701 76,479 20,326	4,915 8,443 4,348 3,636 70,311 18,119	5,314 8,691 4,362 3,776 71,275 18,249	5,062 8,765 4,363 3,941 71,583 18,524	5,158 8,969 4,323 3,904 72,639 19,106	5,274 9,035 4,460 3,993 73,191 19,159	5,209 9,080 4,461 3,908 74,171 19,293	5,161 9,203 4,384 3,904 75,490 19,856	5,098 8,950 4,418 3,932 75,408 19,871	5,209 8,934 4,457 3,854 75,827 19,982	5,370 8,854 4,603 3,701 76,479 20,326	5,451 9,230 4,845 3,605 78,203 20,206	75,519 79,258 74,864 73,709 779,566 720,466	5,464 9,207 4,934 3,805 80,921 20,366	
Tobacco products do Textile mill products do Paper and allied products do Chemicals and allied products do Petroleum and coal products do Rubber and plastics products do By stage of fabrication:	23,619 25,666 25,875 215,429 25,423 24,602		3,586 5,718 6,045 15,548 5,063 4,707	3,575 5,725 6,206 15,919 5,181 4,880	3,581 5,666 6,294 15,964 5,063 4,868	3,716 5,645 6,344 15,901 5,347 4,870	3,607 5,665 6,245 16,022 5,597 4,985	3,729 5,703 6,363 16,267 5,997 4,947	3,746 5,686 6,422 16,582 6,354 4,962	3,693 5,746 6,538 16,610 6,400 4,818	3,605 5,795 6,615 16,847 6,527 4,797	3,523 5,848 6,779 16,978 6,660 4,750	3,557 5,948 6,842 17,864 7,025 4,862	3,496 '5,970 '7,104 '18,365 '7,241 '4,839	3,549 6,061 7,325 18,559 7,777 4,973	
Materials and supplies         do           Work in process         do           Finished goods         do           By market category: †         Home goods and apparel         mil. \$           Consumer staples         do	<sup>2</sup> 26,610 <sup>2</sup> 10,717 <sup>2</sup> 31,489 <sup>2</sup> 16,966 <sup>2</sup> 26,517	30,097 11,766 34,616 17,530 29,698	27,712 10,982 31,617 17,573 27,394	28,089 11,149 32,037 17,415 27,675	28,079 11,248 32,256 17,284 28,166	28,400 11,335 32,904 17,398 28,780	28,515 11,548 33,128 17,598 28,702	29,266 11,598 33,307 17,515 29,044	29,369 11,890 34,231 17,501 29,529	29,577 11,981 33,850 17,293 29,404	30,044 11,871 33,912 17,326 29,503	30,097 11,766 34,616 17,530 29,698	30,881 12,045 35,277 17,821 29,697	r31,328 r12,279 r35,959 r17,886 r29,990	32,057 12,698 36,256 18,099 30,248	
Equip. and defense prod. exc. auto do Automotive equipment do Construction materials and supplies do Other materials and supplies do Supplementary series:  Household durables do Capital goods industries do	250,285 210,071 216,993 277,211 28,692 255,370	61,514 10,299 19,496 89,318 9,169 68,527	52,542 11,111 17,944 79,025 8,831 58,139	53,318 11,496 18,351 80,923 8,777 59,016	54,447 11,567 18,589 81,032 8,756 60,440	55,632 11,219 18,982 82,328 8,828 61,710	56,408 11,606 18,828 83,418 8,879 62,658	57,316 11,606 18,878 84,768 8,857 63,601	58,254 11,199 18,882 86,052 8,881 64,990	59,527 11,304 19,000 86,922 8,866 66,292	60,839 11,051 19,341 88,099 8,938 67,777	61,514 10,299 19,496 89,318 9,169 68,527	63,912 10,226 19,488 91,758 9,253 70,217	r63,678 r10,122 r19,684 93,485 r9,247 r71,034	64,756 10,109 20,147 94,639 9,300 72,350	
Nondefense	248,203 27,167 1,541,861 2841,739 2700,121	59,076 9,451 1,732,015 926,580 805,435	50,540 7,599 153,972 86,971 67,001	51,442 7,574 142,739 78,341 64,398 139,332	52,608 7,832 144,733 78,568 66,165	53,730 7,980 149,983 81,410 68,073 142,269	54,612 8,046 132,360 67,926 64,434	55,420 8,181 140,488 71,203 69,285 142,664	56,471 8 519 150,964 78,998 71,966 147,154	57,466 8,826 153,346 81,256 72,090 146,640	58,541 9,236 144,297 73,197 71,100 146,569	59,076 9,451 142,086 73,106 68,980 149,758	60,604 9,613 145,720 76,009 69,711 156,131	61,371 '9,663 '156,963 '82,251 '74,712	62,189 10,161 159,617 83,007 76,610 154,059	
By industry group:  Durable goods industries total	<sup>3</sup> 1,541,861 <sup>2</sup> 841,739 <sup>2</sup> 128,002 <sup>2</sup> 65,307 <sup>2</sup> 49,500	142,882 69,121 59,802	148,586 83,088 13,037 6,833 4,921	76,099 11,782 6,040 4,658	77,027 11,270 5,219 4,756	75,820 11,658 5,476 5,050	72,545 10,937 5,110 4,728	74,029 10,707 4,503 5,104	77,560 11,707 5,649 4,990	76,663 12,315 5,665 5,440	75,417 11,554 5,476 4,988	77,751 11,415 4,990 5,244	82,033 13,811 5,873 6,618	*81,877 *13,430 *6,181 *6,006 *10,238	79,135 11,821 5,562 5,101 9,768	
Fabricated metal products do Machinery, except electrical do Electrical machinery do Transportation equipment do Aircraft, missiles, and parts do Nondurable goods industries, total do	2103,216 2210,419 253,503 2700,121	163,304 115,785 216,523 65,796 805,435	10,509 14,988 9,676 20,002 5,547 65,498	9,362 18,375 5,712 63,233	9,477 13,140 9,587 18,966 5,343 66,567	8,878 13,502 9,690 17,586 6,046 66,449	8,867 15,874 4,361 67,963	9,268 13,401 9,833 16,230 4,562 68,635	8,745 13,983 9,796 18,323 5,956 69,594	9,503 14,102 9,661 15,686 3,944 69,977	9,035 13,816 9,720 16,341 5,405	9,641 14,130 10,073 17,390 6,537 72,007	16,813 5,750 74,098	*14,394 *11,393 *16,502 *4,799	14,829 11,209 15,959 5,411 74,924	
Industries with unfilled orders ‡ do Industries without unfilled orders † do  By market category: † Home goods and apparel do Consumer staples do Equip. and defense prod., excl. auto do	<sup>2</sup> 153,795 <sup>2</sup> 546,326 <sup>2</sup> 114,547 <sup>2</sup> 268,264 <sup>2</sup> 226,205	172,569 632,866 126,005 298,939 258,447	13,783 48,118 10,448 24,765 24,011	13,885 49,348 10,105 23,856 20,359	14,346 52,221 10,094 24,696 21,392	19,930	14,587 53,376 10,313 25,428 19,744	14,882 53,753 10,787 24,875 20,062	14,787 54,807 10.896 25,296 23,029	14,701 55,276 10,765 25,605 20,726	15,304 55,848 10,689 25,919 22,165	14,157 57,850 10,997 26,671 23,630	15 622 58,476 11,341 25,814 23,898 11,108	'15,165 '58,382 '11,647 '25,972 '22,599	15,330 59,594 11,291 26,313 24,094 10,398	
Automotive equipment do. Construction materials and supplies do. Other materials and supplies do. Supplementary series: Household durables do. Capital goods industries do. Nondefense do.	2155,910 2131,384 2645,552 251,456 2261,400 2219,693	149,383 749,670 55,939 299,216 259,721	13,755 13,071 62,536 4,828 27,079 23,978	12,502 12,326 60,184 4,744 23,980 20,767	13,442 12,449 61,521 4,308 24,583 20,965	12,046 62,837 4,855 24,250 21,753	11,473 12,431 61,119 4,530 22,536 20,232	11,475 12,670 62,795 4,657 23,770 20,737	11,994 12,547 63,392 4,745 26,045 21,815	11,825 12,773 64,946 4,714 24.612 20,999	10,736 12,602 64,458 4,642 25,438 21,419	10,918 12,915 64,627 4,651 26,636 22,860	12,988 70,982 5,057 27,334 23,865	r12,021 r13,203 r69,982 r5,253 r25,750 r22,087	12,527 69,436 5,030 27,462 23,469	
Defense do Unfilled orders, end of year or month (unadjusted), totai † mil. \$.  Durable goods industries, total do Nondur. goods ind. with unfilled orders ‡ do.	<sup>2</sup> 41,706 <sup>2</sup> 237,134 <sup>2</sup> 226,975 <sup>2</sup> 10,159	39,495 277,153 265,777 11,376	249,393	3,213 265,078 254,172 10,906	3,618 265,506 254,745 10,761	257,179	258,040	3,033 268,812 257,882 10,930	259,931	3,013 273,707 262,521 11,186	4,019 274,721 263,015 11,706	3,776 277,153 265,777 11,376	3,469 283,113 271,469 11,644			
Unfilled orders, end of year or month (seasonally adjusted) total †	<sup>2</sup> 238,652 <sup>2</sup> 228,181 <sup>2</sup> 26,738 <sup>2</sup> 17,179 <sup>2</sup> 7,443	278,846 267,071 29,607 17,690 9,295	259,267 248,839 31,463 20,982 8,115	264,479 253,948 32,840 22,214 8,282			257,417 30,953	267,994 257,029 29,870 18,756 8,570	30,024 18,680		275,471 263,435 29,981 18,181 9,187	278,846 267,071 29,607 17,690 9,295	283,057 271,287 30,420 17,879 9,815	'285,673 '273,963 '30,892 '18,155 '9,931	287,653 275,800 30,060 17,689 9,563	•••••
Fabricated metal products do.  Machinery, except electrical do. Electrical machinery do. Transportation equipment do. Aircraft, missiles, and parts do. Nondur, goods ind. with unfilled orders 1. do.	<sup>2</sup> 26,094 <sup>2</sup> 53,037 <sup>2</sup> 30,427 <sup>2</sup> 80,910 <sup>2</sup> 56,098 <sup>2</sup> 10,471	28,257 58,729 35,552 102,747 77,893 11,775	27,652 56,565 32,569 89,138 63,199 10,428	27,996 56,617 33,096 91,449 65,360 10,531	28,132 56,698 33,527 93,177 67,142 10,509	27,970 57,296 33,906 95,333 69,763 10,629	33,671 95,610 70,249	28,060 56,958 34,285 95,807 70,761 10,965		28,013 57,524 35,002 98,700 73,386 11,368	27,828 58,260 35,224 100,101 75,144 12,036	28,257 58,729 35,552 102,747 7 <b>7</b> ,893	27,963 59,752 36,382 104,125 79,718	'59,882 '37,314 '104,713 '80,676	38,109 105,637 81,956	
By market category: † Home goods, apparel, consumer staples	<sup>2</sup> 4,108 <sup>2</sup> 134,669 <sup>2</sup> 20,195 <sup>2</sup> 79,680	4,538 154,691 20,772	4,771 144,844 20,955 88,697	4,981	4,705 147,898 21,388 91,791	5,001 148,905 21,114	4,822 148,647 21,020	4,870 147,804 21,114 94,206	4,963 150,430 21,037	4,767 150,500 20,741	4,665	4,538 154,691 20,772 98,845	4,582 156,945 20,374	74,658 7157,828 720,552	4,735 159,306 20,897	
Household durables do. Capital goods industries do. Nondefense do. Defense do. See footnotes at end of tables	<sup>2</sup> 3,347 <sup>2</sup> 147,787 <sup>2</sup> 104,225 <sup>2</sup> 43,563	179,055 131,563	3,915 160,318 115,730 44,588	117,910	119,836	167,963 122,825	168,329 123,673	124,404	3,914 172,199 126,199 46,000	127,107	3,494 175,818 128,925 46,893	131,563	3,536 182,170 134,401 47,769	183,308	136,761	

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1976 and descriptive notes are as shown	1978	1979					19	79						19	80	
in the 1977 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anr	ıual	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
	GEI	NERA	L BU	SINE	SS IN	NDIC.	ATOF	RS—C	ontin	ued						
BUSINESS INCORPORATIONS ‡  New incorporations (50 States and Dist. Col.):  Unadjusted	478,019	<b>524</b> ,565	46,674 42,087	43,486 42,302	47,065 43,741	44,766 42,634	44,914 45,049	44,812 43,213	40,330 44,961	47,922 46,478	40,567 44,811	41,167 43,579	47,016 44,447			
Failures, total         number           Commercial service         do.           Construction         do.           Manufacturing and mining         do.           Retail trade         do.           Wholesale trade         do.	6,619 773 1,204 1,013 2,889 740		732 79 129 112 307 105	734 92 132 114 317 79	708 98 125 92 308 85	602 62 113 91 269 67	565 92 93 90 216 74	736 97 142 104 304 89	505 68 107 82 178 70							
Liabilities (current), total         thous \$.           Commercial service         do.           Construction         do.           Manufacturing and mining         do.           Retail trade         do.           Wholesale trade         do.	2,656,006 325,681 328,378 878,727 777,450 345,770		187,763 14,886 25,790 64,600 49,314 33,173	242,764 72,688 25,556 72,694 42,320 29,506	200,449 25,103 34,710 60,782 49,900 29,954	273,171 27,610 24,798 75,340 122,743 22,680	212,200 24,689 15,446 91,687 32,227 48,151	287,438 37,444 32,887 75,390 53,110 88,607	186,195 23,881 18,169 74,438 25,206 44,501							
Failure annual rate (seasonally adjusted) No. per 10,000 concerns	123.9		27.9	30.8	29.1	26.2	27.5	32.9	26.1							
	,		C	OMM	ODI	ry Pi	RICE	S	<del></del> 1	··-						
PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS					•											
Prices received, all farm products	525 457 532 466	602 501 550 490	615 483 618 452	610 478 543 462	616 497 527 473	611 526 529 497	610 537 503 523	592 528 503 500	602 508 484 484	591 504 498 518	594 502 539 515	595 493 517 506	591 494 499 505	596 495 490 531	*584 *494 *545 *512	558 480 586 490
Feed grains and hay         do.           Food grains         do.           Fruit         do.           Tobacco         do.	320 336 513 1,061	360 403 537 1,149	334 344 523 1,120	339 350 516 1,135	362 370 557 1,141	380 423 603 1,141	394 442 616 1,105	383 432 635 1,155	382 444 500 1,186	370 457 518 1,143	358 451 511 1,198	367 434 448 1,208	375 431 435 1,199	369 441 456 1,188	r368 r431 r469 1,204	361 407 455 1,206
Livestock and products # do. Dairy products do. Meat animals do. Poultry and eggs do.	595 647 757 242	707 737 935 251	754 722 1,018 276	749 709 1,019 265	740 704 1,007 261	700 704 937 246	687 709 916 237	658 734 857 226	702 759 929 232	681 771 890 219	689 789 882 248	703 783 900 264	692 783 887 251	702 783 921 230	'679 777 '876 233	639 777 808 219
Prices paid: All commodities and services	638 616 628	725 683 720	707 657 707	714 664 715	719 671 719	722 679 720	731 687 728	729 694 723	740 702 736	747 709 742	751 715 742	758 722 749	770 ( <sup>7</sup> ) 763	780 772	789 	789 779
wage rates (parity index)	746 70	849 71	830 74	839 73	845 73	848 72	856 71	855 69	866 70	874 68	875 68	883 67	913 65	923 65	r933 63	932
Not Seasonally Adjusted ALL ITEMS, WAGE EARNERS AND CLERICAL WORKERS, REVISED (CPI-W) ¶	195.3	217.7	209.3	211.8	214.3	216.9	219.4	221.5	223.7	225.6	227.6	230.0	233.3	236.5	239.9	
ALL TEMS, ALL URBAN CONSUMERS         (CPI-U) ¶       1967 = 100.         Special group indexes:       All items less shelter	195.4 191.3 191.2 194.0	217.4 210.8 213.0 216.1	209.1 203.7 203.8 207.6	211.5 206.0 206.3 210.1	214.1 208.4 208.9 212.7	216.6 210.7 211.8 215.2	218.9 212.7 214.2 217.6	221.1 214.2 216.9 219.7	223.4 216.1 219.6 222.1	225.4 217.4 221.8 224.1	227.5 218.6 224.1 226.2	229.9 220.6 226.4 228.6	233.2 223.4 229.9 231.9	236.4 226.6 233.5 235.0	239.8 229.6 237.1 238.4	ł
Commodities         do           Nondurables         do           Nondurables less food         do           Durables         do           Commodities less food         do           Services         do	187.1 192.0 174.3 173.9 174.7 210.9	208.4 215.9 198.7 191.1 195.1 234.2	200.5 206.9 185.7 184.9 185.9 225.1	203.3 209.9 189.6 187.2 188.9 227.0	205.8 212.8 193.2 189.2 191.6 229.5	208.4 215.7 197.6 191.1 194.7 232.1	210.5 218.3 201.1 192.6 197.0 234.7	212.2 220.4 205.4 193.6 199.5 237.6	214.1 223.1 209.6 194.5 201.8 240.7	215.6 224.5 211.3 196.0 203.4 243.6	217.4 225.8 212.9 198.4 205.4 246.2	219.4 228.2 215.2 199.8 207.2 249.3	222.4 232.0 220.5 201.3 210.4 253.1	225.2 236.3 227.3 202.1 213.8 256.8	228.0 240.3 232.6 203.0 216.7 261.3	
Services less rent	219.4 211.4 210.2 2202.8	244.9 234.5 232.9 227.6	235.0 230.4 229.9 217.6	237.1 232.3 231.7 219.8	239.8 234.3 233.4 222.4	242.6 235.4 234.2 225.5	245.6 236.9 235.5 228.4	248.8 236.3 233.9 231.5	252.1 237.1 234.7 234.6	255.1 238.2 235.4 237.7	258.2 239.1 236.0 240.8	261.6 241.7 238.7 243.6	266.1 243.8 240.6 247.3	270.2 244.9 241.3 250.5	275.4 247.3 243.6 254.5	
Shelter #	210.4 3164.0 227.2 4216.0 5298.3 232.6 2177.7	239.7 176.0 262.4 239.3 403.1 257.8 190.3	228.0 171.3 248.2 225.9 339.5 244.0 187.4	230.7 172.0 251.7 227.5 349.8 245.3 188.6	233.5 173.8 254.9 232.2 364.3 251.6 189.2	236.7 174.7 258.8 239.0 391.2 259.9 190.1	240.1 175.9 263.0 243.5 412.9 264.5 190.4	243.9 177.5 267.6 247.2 438.6 266.5 191.2	247.4 179.0 271.9 251.2 461.6 270.1 192.2	251.5 181.4 276.7 252.9 470.8 272.5 193.3	255.9 182.1 282.4 252.0 477.4 267.3 195.1	259.4 182.9 286.9 255.1 488.0 270.8 195.8	264.0 184.1 292.5 258.6 514.0 273.0 196.9	267.2 185.6 296.3 263.8 539.1 278.8 199.0	271.6 186.6 302.0 268.0 553.4 284.0 201.3	
Apparel and upkeep         do.           Transportation         do.           Private         do.           New cars         do.           Used cars         do.           Public         do.           Medical care         do.	159.6 185.5 185.0 153.8 186.5 187.8 219.4	166.6 212.0 212.3 166.0 201.0 200.3 239.7	164.3 198.1 198.1 162.7 195.4 191.5 233.9	165.4 202.9 203.2 164.3 200.0 192.6 235.1	166.1 207.7 208.1 165.8 205.4 193.3 236.3	165.7 212.6 213.3 166.3 208.9 194.0 237.7	164.3 216.6 217.4 166.7 209.2 197.1 239.9	166.3 219.6 220.4 166.6 207.0 200.8 241.8	169.8 221.4 222.0 166.1 202.9 205.2 243.7	171.0 222.7 223.1 167.5 199.9 209.1 245.9	171.7 224.9 225.0 170.6 198.4 216.5 248.0	172.2 227.7 227.5 171.7 198.2 223.0 250.7	171.0 233.5 233.5 173.9 197.2 226.8 253.9	171.9 239.6 239.8 175.3 195.3 229.5 257.9	176.0 243.7 244.0 175.0 195.2 232.1 260.2	
Seasonally Adjusted † All items, percent change from previous month			1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.2	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.4	
All items, percent change from previous month Commodities			201.3 186.8 230.6 229.9	203.4 189.1 232.0 231.0	205.3 191.1 233.5 232.1	207.4 193.7 234.2 232.4	209.6 196.2 235.3 233.0	211.5 198.7 235.5 232.5	214.0 201.2 237.9 235.4	215.8 202.9 239.8 237.1	217.9 205.1 241.4 238.5	220.4 207.3 244.8 242.3	223.5 211.5 244.8 241.8	226.1 215.2 244.7 240.9	228.8 217.9 247.1 243.5	
Fuels and utilities do  Fuel oil and coal do  Apparel and upkeep do			225.1 335.5 165.2	227.2 348.1 165.5	232.1 364.7 165.7	239.1 393.6 165.6	243.7 416.2 165.9	248.1 443.9 166.6	252.2 468.6 168.7	254.0 475.6 169.2	252.4 478.4 169.7	255.1 485.6 170.8	(°) (°) 172.4	173.5	177.0	
Transportation         do           Private         do           New cars         do           Services         do			199.9 200.1 162.2 225.5	203.5 203.9 164.3 227.5	206.9 207.4 165.7 230.2	210.7 211.4 166.6 232.6	214.5 215.3 167.9 235.1	218.0 218.8 168.8 237.7	220.8 221.4 169.5 240.5	222.5 223.0 168.2 243.5	225.1 225.3 169.2 246.1	228.3 228.3 169.5 249.5	235.3 235.4 171.8 252.9	242.0 242.3 173.9 256.8	246.2 246.5 174.5	

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1978	1979					19	79						19	80	
through 1976 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1977 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ıual	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
		CO	)MM(	DDIT	Y PR	ICES	—Coı	ntinu	ed			<u> </u>				
PRODUCER PRICES § (U.S. Department of Labor Indexes)																
Not Seasonally Adjusted																
Spot market prices, basic commodities: 22 Commodities	¹234.1		277.4	276.3	277.1	278.1	281.2	279.5	281.1	283.8 252.3	281.0	286.2	287.1	294.1	285.3	272.5
9 Foodstuffs	1239.2 1230.6		261.8 288.5	251.8 294.5	254.4 293.8	256.5 293.9	259.3 297.3	254.3 298.1	259.1 297.3	307.7	250.7 304.0	255.4 309.6	249.5 316.2	257.2 322.5	245.0 316.9	235.0 301.9
All commodities	209.3		226.7	230.0	232.0	233.5	236.9	238.3	242.0	245.6	247.2	*249.7	254.7	259.8	261.5	262.3
Crude materials for further processing do Intermediate materials, supplies, etc do Finished goods #	240.1 215.5 194.6		276.6 231.5 209.1	279.9 235.8 211.4	282.3 238.2 212.7	283.0 240.3 213.7	287.1 244.6 216.2	281.7 247.5 217.3	$\begin{array}{c} 288.3 \\ 251.0 \\ 220.7 \end{array}$	289.5 255.0 224.2	290.8 256.3 226.3	<sup>7</sup> 296.2 <sup>7</sup> 258.7 <sup>7</sup> 228.1	296.9 265.6 232.1	308.3 271.1 235.4	303.3 273.2 238.2	296.9 274.5 240.0
Finished consumer goods do do	192.6 199.1		207.9 211.7	210.2 214.0	$211.6 \\ 215.1$	212.7 215.8	215.6 217.2	217.5 216.5	221.7 217.8	224.7 222.8	227.1 223.9	r229.1 r225.3	233.2 229.1	237.3 230.3	240.6 231.8	241.6 235.8
By durability of product: Durable goodsdo	204.9 211.9		221.0 7230.4	223.9	224.7	225.8 238.8	227.6	228.0	230.1	234.6 253.7	235.3 256.2	r237.0 r259.3	243.4 263.0	246.4 270.0	246.6 273.1	247.2 274.0
Nondurable goods	204.2 204.7		219.7 219.8	$\begin{array}{c} 234.1 \\ 223.1 \\ 222.7 \end{array}$	236.9 225.0 223.8	226.5 224.6	243.7 229.8 226.6	245.8 231.7 227.2	251.1 235.2 229.4	239.0 234.0	240.6 234.6	1242.6 1236.2	248.2 242.4	252.7 245.0	254.8 245.2	256.5 246.2
Nondurable manufactures do	203.0 206.6		219.0 229.0	222.8 231.2	225.6 230.8	227.8 229.0	232.5 232.2	235.9 227.5	241.0 231.8	244.0 230.6	246.6 232.3	r249.0 r234.6	253.8 231.9	260.7 236.9	264.7 234.9	267.3 229.2
Farm products #	212.5 216.5		242.8 235.7	246.0 239.1	245.4 228.2	242.8 226.4	246.8 226.7	238.5 241.7	241.0 208.3	239.6 218.0	240.2 216.5	242.5 1210.7	236.4 218.9	242.3 220.5	239.3 218.3	228.9 223.0
Grains do Live poultry do	182.5 199.8		192.0 217.6	198.3 209.4	$\frac{210.3}{216.3}$	218.7 182.9	247.4 183.8	229.1 171.9	$224.4 \\ 173.5$	229.0 162.0	$\frac{226.6}{195.5}$	227.9 194.7	214.6 195.2	223.3 184.6	217.9 180.1	$\frac{210.8}{171.9}$
Livestock do  Foods and feeds, processed #	220.1 202.6		275.8 220.5	284.0 222.3	280.7 222.0	264.0 220.6	256.0 223.3	240.2 220.5	256.4 225.8	251.7 224.8	248.3 227.1	252.5 *229.3	247.8 228.5	257.2 233.1	251.8 231.5	230.5 228.5
Beverages and beverage materials do Cereal and bakery products do	200.0 190.3		201.2 200.1	201.5 203.0	205.3 204.9	208.5 206.3	214.1 212.4	216.5 216.0	217.9 218.7	218.9 219.8	221.2 222.5	r221.6 r223.6	224.1 225.4	224.7 229.7	226.0 231.3	227.9 231.5
Dairy products	188.4 202.6 217.1		204.9 219.6 250.6	207.1 220.5 253.0	207.9 $221.4$ $250.4$	208.4 $221.5$ $241.4$	209.0 223.6 237.7	215.2 224.6 225.5	218.3 225.1 239.9	218.1 223.4 234.2	219.3 222.4 239.3	r219.9 r222.6 242.8	221.4 222.8 239.5	221.2 223.1 239.5	223.3 223.6 239.2	227.8 224.5 226.0
Industrial commodities do	209.4		225.4	229.0	231.6	234.0	237.5	240.6	244.2	249.0	250.6	253.1	260.3	265.4	268.2	270.7
Chemicals and allied products # do Agric. chemicals and chem. prod do	198.8 198.4		209.9 206.3	215.1 209.8	218.0 210.0	$219.2 \\ 209.2$	$\frac{225.0}{211.2}$	$228.5 \\ 215.3$	230.8 219.4	$234.2 \\ 224.3$	$\frac{236.0}{229.5}$	r238.2 r232.9	245.5 238.1	247.6 242.8	251.6 256.0	258.1 258.3
Chemicals, industrial do do	225.6 148.1		239.7 156.6	248.2 157.5	255.6 157.7	259.3 159.0 374.1	270.4 159.2 381.6	277.1 159.6	280.0 161.0	285.7 162.8 366.9	288.4 163.0	r292.3 164.4 327.1	302.6 166.5 325.6	306.7 167.7 302.2	310.7 168.9 299.9	316.8 172.8 298.2
Fats and oils, inedible do  Prepared paint do	315.8 192.3		398.5 202.3	448.7 203.3	418.3 201.3	201.3	205.3	376.4 205.3	379.9 206.0	206.7	344.3 209.4	210.7	223.3	223.3	223.3	231.5
Fuels and related prod., and power # do           Coal	322.5 430.0 250.6		350.9 445.3 257.3	361.5 447.1 260.6	377.6 450.8 265.9	393.7 452.0 269.9	411.8 452.5 274.8	432.8 454.2 278.8	454.8 452.5 280.5	468.5 454.6 283.5	476.9 455.1 281.9	'487.9 '458.6 '287.0	507.8 458.1 290.7	533.0 458.7 299.5	553.5 460.7 305.7	566.3 463.3 310.4
Gas fuels do  Petroleum products, refined do	428.7 321.0		471.0 360.3	477.4 378.6	507.2 400.0	522.3 423.6	548.4 449.8	572.4 482.8	603.4 513.7	619.9 533.7	637.0 545.4	*662.4 *555.2	679.6 582.4	719.8 620.3	720.3 657.9	730.2 677.3
Furniture and household durables # do Appliances, household do	160.4 153.0		168.3 158.8	168.7 158.7	169.6 159.3	170.2 160.0	170.7 161.1	171.5 162.2	172.7 162.7	175.1 163.2	176.4 164.5	177.9 165.3	182.1 166.6	183.4 168.7	184.6 169.7	183.1 170.2
Furniture, household do Home electronic equipment do	173.5 90.2		181.8 92.3	182.7 92.3	184.8 92.4	185.3	185.8 90.2	186.2 90.2	188.5 90.3	190.1 90.3	193.0 90.3	'194.8 '90.5	195.4 88.5	196.5 88.7	196.9 88.8	198.9 88.9
Hides, skins, and leather products # do Footwear do	200.0 183.0		253.3 209.9	258.9 212.0	$\frac{269.6}{216.3}$	$\frac{268.0}{221.1}$	261.9 221.8	257.9 225.4	251.1 226.9	253.9 227.5	$\frac{248.9}{227.9}$	r249.2 r227.9	255.3 228.5	$251.0 \\ 228.1$	246.8 231.8	243.6 231.9
Hides and skins do	360.5 238.6		639.6 371.9	642.2 393.6	666.9 429.4	611.0 414.6	566.5 385.2	511.9 365.9	465.3 330.0	478.8 343.6	447.6 319.8	443.9 324.8	468.8 347.6	404.8 340.3	348.7 311.0	328.6 297.6
Lumber and wood products	276.0 322.4		300.5 350.5	304.9 355.4	302.8 354.8	299.8 354.8	300.1 355.0	304.7 365.3	309.7 373.9	308.8 370.3	298.9 355.6	r290.1 r339.5	290.0 336.3	294.8 341.5	295.7 340.6	275.2 310.1
Machinery and equipment # do Agricultural machinery and equip do	196.1 213.1		207.9 224.8	209.8 226.4	211.4 228.3	212.4 229.4	214.8 231.2	216.0 233.3	217.7 237.4	220.0 240.0	221.3 243.4	r223.4 r244.2	227.1 247.6	229.7 249.1 277.5	231.9 250.4 278.4	235.8 252.8 282.9
Construction machinery and equip do Electrical machinery and equip do Metalworking machinery and equip do	232.9 164.9 217.0		248.7 173.8 233.0	251.7 175.0 235.3	253.7 176.5 237.6	254.0 177.6 239.1	257.0 179.9 241.4	258.5 181.2 243.5	258.9 182.5 246.4	263.9 184.3 249.6	265.4 184.9 252.2	r268.8 r186.6 254.6	275.4 190.5 258.7	194.2 261.3	195.9 264.1	198.7 269.9
Metals and metal products # do Heating equipment do	227.1 174.4		251.7 183.4	256.0 183.8	256.2 185.7	258.2 185.2	260.8 186.0	261.8 188.1	263.7 191.3	269.6 192.2	271.1 193.1	<sup>1</sup> 273.6 <sup>1</sup> 195.6	284.5 197.3	288.6 199.9	286.3 202.0	284.6 204.2
Iron and steel do	253.6		279.9 246.6	280.2 259.6	279.5 258.2	283.2 259.7	286.8 262.3	286.1 263.1	285.5 269.3	289.2 283.1	292.0 284.1	r292.8 r291.9	297.3 326.1	300.2 336.5	301.6 320.9	307.0 298.9
Nonmetallic mineral products # do Clay prod., structural, excl. refrac do	222.8 197.2		240.8 212.8	243.4 214.8	$245.6 \\ 215.7$	246.9 216.5	249.5 220.3	249.9 222.3	254.6 223.7	$\frac{256.2}{221.1}$	$257.4 \\ 221.0$	r259.6 r226.7	268.0 229.6	272.6 231.1	276.1 231.5	282.8 234.4
Concrete products	214.0 229.1		237.8 251.0	240.5 252.2	$241.6 \\ 248.8$	243.7 251.3	245.2 251.8	246.3 252.3	248.7 254.9	$250.1 \\ 255.3$	250.6 256.2	253.2 255.0	264.9 255.4 237.4	266.2 262.2	268.6 267.6	273.0 264.0
Pulp, paper, and allied products	195.6 206.1 174.8		212.3 223.3 185.9	215.0 226.3 188.8	216.2 227.2 190.8	216.6 227.5 193.1	218.3 228.2 195.5	222.2 229.5 198.8	223.0 230.3 200.7	227.5 238.7 203.0	229.5 241.8 204.9	*231.7 *242.7 *205.9	245.5 208.2	238.9 247.5 210.9	241.6 250.5 212.7	246.5 253.6 214.6
Tires and tubes do	179.2 159.8		195.0 165.2	196.1 166.4	197.3 167.2	198.9	206.2 169.3	211.6 170.5	215.0 171.3	218.3 172.0	223.1 172.8	r223.1 r173.1	224.7 174.9	231.2 176.5	231.2 178.9	231.3 180.6
Textile products and apparel	109.6 102.4		113.6 107.0	115.1 106.8	117.4 107.8	118.5 108.6	119.5 109.5	120.6 110.6	123.6 111.7	124.7 112.1	124.2 112.5	r124.7	126.9 114.4	127.1 117.3	129.4 118.9	130.7 122.1
Gray fabrics	118.6 103.8		123.1 105.4	124.5 105.9	$124.7 \\ 107.0$	125.4 107.6	128.3 108.2	128.7 109.0	128.7 109.1	129.7 108.9	130.7 109.7	*132.3 *109.9	132.2 109.8	131.7 110.8	133.7 113.1	136.1 114.5
Apparel	152.4 178.6		158.3 187.4	159.8 187.6	159.8 188.0	160.2 189.3	160.3 189.9	161.4 190.5	161.6 193.9	162.2 196.3	163.1 196.5	'162.6 '197.1	165.3 199.2	167.3 200.0	168.3 201.2	169.1 201.6
Transportation equipment #Dec. 1968=100 Motor vehicles and equip 1967=100	173.5 176.0		183.8 186.1	186.8 189.4	187.2 189.8	187.5 190.1	188.4 190.8	185.9 187.8	186.6 188.6	194.2 197.1	194.8 197.4	'195.6 '198.2	198.3 200.3	198.1 199.9	198.8 200.8	202.6 204.9
Seasonally Adjusted ‡ Finished goods, percent change from previous																
month *			1.0	0.8	0.5	0.6	1.2	1.1	1.5	1.1	1.2	r0.8		1.5	1.4	0.5
Crude materials for further processing 1967=100 Intermediate materials, supplies, etc do			274.2 231.6	273.2 235.0	275.1 237.3	278.4 239.7	284.6 243.6	285.2 247.1	291.4 250.7	294.5 255.0	290.8 256.3	*301.7 *260.2	299.5 267.1	307.4 272.0	300.7 273.4 238.6	290.3 273.8 239.8
Finished goods #			209.4 208.4 226.7	211.1 209.7 225.8	212.1 210.8 223.5	213.4 212.0 221.3	215.9 214.8 222.8	218.3 218.3 226.2	221.5 222.2 229.3	223.9 224.8 229.1	226.3 227.1 230.5	*228.5 *229.9 *234.1	231.9 233.2 232.0	235.3 237.3 230.9	238.6 241.2 233.4	239.8 241.2 226.8
Finished goods, exc. foods			197.3 177.0	199.7 178.4	$202.4 \\ 179.5$	205.3 180.6	208.7 182.0	212.3 182.0	216.4 184.7	220.4 187.7	222.8 190.0	r225.5 r191.6	231.5 197.2	238.2 200.7	242.7 199.9	246.0 200.3
Nondurable do Capital equipment do			210.6	213.7 214.0	$217.5 \\ 215.0$	$\frac{221.7}{216.4}$	226.6 218.2	232.7 217.9	237.8 219.5	$242.6 \\ 221.4$	245.5 223.9	<sup>7</sup> 248.4 <sup>7</sup> 224.8	254.7 228.2	263.5 229.8	271.9 231.6	277.3 235.9
Capital equipment	l	1				216.4	218.2	217.9	219.5	221.4		224.8	228.2			

	1978	1979					197	70						19	90	
Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1976 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1977 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS											.,		_			
	Ann		Mar.	Apr.	Y PR	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
DRODUCIED DRIVING C	I		141141	7011	IFK	ICES	—C01	Itimu	eu							
PRODUCER PRICES—Continued (U.S. Department of Labor Indexes)—Continued																
Seasonally Adjusted  By durability of product:																
Total manufactures			219.9 219.6 219.4	222.4 222.3 221.9	224.1 223.4 224.5	226.0 224.6 226.4	229.3 226.8 231.3	231.9 227.4 235.9	235.4 229.9 241.0	238.8 233.3 244.5	240.6 234.6 246.6	r243.8 r237.1 r250.5	248.7 242.4 254.8	253.0 245.0 261.5	$\begin{array}{c} 255.1 \\ 245.0 \\ 265.2 \end{array}$	255.7 245.7 266.2
Farm products do Processed foods and feeds do  PURCHASING POWER OF THE DOLLAR			244.3 222.2	245.1 222.8	241.7 221.5	241.1 218.8	242.9 220.7	239.2 220.8	241.3 225.1	240.4 225.5	245.5 229.6	245.3 229.7	( <sup>3</sup> ) ( <sup>3</sup> )			
As measured by:  Producer prices	0.514 0.512	0.461	0.478 0.478	0.473 0.473	0.471 0.467	0.468 0.462	0. <b>46</b> 3 0.457	0.460 0.452	0.453 0.448	0.446 0.444	0.442 0.440	r0.438 0.435	0.431 0.429	0.425 0.423	0.420 0.417	0.417
		CON	STRU	J <b>CTI</b>	ON A	ND F	REAL	EST	ATE							
CONSTRUCTION PUT IN PLACE @																
New construction (unadjusted), total mil. \$  Private, total #	206,224 160,403	226,887 178,167	15,829 12.860	17,150 13,773	19,292 15,134	20,636 16,180	21,294 16,463	21,965 16,883	21,794 16.621	22,231 17,059	20,677 16,205	18,569 14,884	'16,471 '12,978	'15,551 '12,242	16,709 13,226	
Residential do New housing units do	93,425 75,808	97,575 77,170	6,866 5,435	7,673 5,862	8,481 6.453	9,121 7,133	9,278 7,405	9,440 7,589	9,311 7,497	9,248 7,446	8,734 7,000	7,451 5,818	<sup>7</sup> 6,570 <sup>7</sup> 5,199	75,957 74,668	6,418 4,881	
Nonresidential buildings, except farm and public utilities, total #	36,293 10,994	46,005 14,423 24,233	3,328 1,192	3,423 1,145 1,699	3,715 1,209	3,986 1,247	4,172 1,344	4,272 1,236	4,256 1,232 2,339	4,563 1,337 2,521	4,397 1,291	4,290 1,300 2,327	3,952 1,142 2,167	73,817 11,094	3,960 1,101	
Commercial	18,565 5,418	6,320	1,586 483	453	1,918 529	2,1i6 558	2,187 541	2,358 628	2,339 548	674	2,405	2,32 <i>1</i> 578	481	r2,110 495	2,202	
Public, total # do	45,821	48,720	2,968	3,377	4,159	4,456	4,831	5,083	5,173	5,173	4,472	3,685	3,493	r3,309	3,483	
Buildings (excluding military) # do Housing and redevelopment do	15,235 1,053	15,741 1,200	1,155 92	1,199 87	1,332 103	1,372 100	1,460 121	1,430 103	1,547 103	1,401 109	1,380 108	1,296 111	1,300 114	'1,267 '115	$1,294 \\ 117$	
Industrial do Military facilities do Highways and streets do	1,183 1,498 10,709	1,409 1,631 11,524	108 160 396	115 102 622	130 138 996	128 149 1,118	124 134 1,305	130 153 1,481	158 157 1,450	101 132 1,694	102 155 1,081	106 144 709	139 138 568	102 139 7525	119 144 561	
New construction (seasonally adjusted at annual				1												
rates), total	!		216.7 172.7	216.4 171.9	223.4 175.0	224.3 178.3	230.9 180.0	230.1 180.5	232.9 182.0	238.7 185.9	237.7 185.8	242.0 189.9	250.0 190.6	'243.1 '186.8	229.0 176.4	
Residential do  New housing units do			96.5 75.9	95.7 76.0	95.2 75.7	96.9 77.7	96.9 77.7	97.4 78.3	99.4 79.1	100.7 78.3	101.1 77.8	192.0 78.8	99.7 77.7	r97.7 r75.9	89.7 67.7	
Nonresidential buildings, except farm and public utilities, total #			43.3	42.6	45.2	46.8	47.8	47.1	46.7	49.5	49 7	52.3	55.4	53.2	51.5	
Commercial do			15.2 21.0	$\frac{14.0}{21.5}$	$\frac{14.5}{23.6}$	$\frac{14.7}{24.8}$	15.5 24.8	13.8 25.8	13.7 25.7	15.0 26.7	15.0 26.9	15.2 28.9	15.6 30.7	°15.3 29.5	14.0 29.0	
Public utilities: Telephone and telegraphdo	1		5.7	5.6	6.1	6.1	6.5	6.8	6.5	7.0	6.7	7.1	7.5	7.6		
Public, total #			44.0	44.5	48.4	46.0	51.0	49.7	50.9	52.8	51.9	52.1	59.4	<sup>7</sup> 56.4	52.6 17.2	
Buildings (excluding military) # do Housing and redevelopment do Industrial do Military facilities do			15.3 1.2 1.5 2.0	15.2 1.1 1.3 1.3	15.7 1.2 1.5 1.5	15.5 1.1 1.4 1.8	16.4 1.4 1.6 1.5	15.4 1.1 1.6 1.9	17.0 1.0 1.9 1.7	15.5 1.2 1.2 1.8	16.5 1.2 1.3 1.7	16.8 1.6 1.2 1.7	17.4 1.8 1.7 1.8	'18.0 1.7 1.3 '1.8	1.5 1.4 1.8	
Highways and streets			8.9	9.9	11.7	10.3	11.2	11.5	12.3	14.5	11.9	12.5	15.6	15.2	12.6	
Construction contracts in 50 States (F.W. Dodge Division, McGraw-Hill):																
Valuation, total	159,930 174	166,378 183	14,958 200	15,396 202	16,425 178	15,645 177	14,715 181	14,472 163	13,279 185	14,188 171	10,751 156	10,513 183	11,080 190	10,394 171	$11.286 \\ 155$	***************************************
Public ownership mil. \$ Private ownership do do	39,013 120,917	46,558 119,819	13,787 111,171	3,508 11.888	4,947 11,478	4,448 11,197	4,096 10,619	$\frac{3,751}{10,721}$	3,607 9,673	3,807 10,381	3,091 7,659	2,922 7,592	3,480 7,600	3,134 7,260	$\frac{3,287}{7,999}$	
By type of building: Nonresidential dodo	45,046	49,659	74,156	4,260	4,553	5,056	4.510	4,515	4,471	4,869	3,849	3,559	4,352	3,635	4,272	*
Residential do  Non-building construction do  New construction planning	74,949 39,935	74,686 42,033	76,984 13,818	5,969 5,167	8,076 3,796	7,277 3,313	7,008 3,198	7,069 2,889	6,248 2,560	6,864 2,455	4.717 2,185	4,304 2,651	4.100 2,628	4,337 2,422	4,584 2,429	
(Engineering News-Record) §	112,069	135,004	13,750	11,070	14,357	9,258	7,507	10,343	8,007	10,823	14,972	13,222	17,164	12,564	12,750	12,397
New housing units started:											į					
Unadjusted: Total (private and public)thous. Inside SMSA'sdo	2,023.3 2833.2	1,749.1	153.3	161.3	189.1	192.0	165.0	171.4	163.8	169.0	119.2	91.8	73.4	<sup>7</sup> 80.6	*86.1	95.5
Privately owned do One-family structures do	2,020.3 1,433.3	1,745.1 1,194.1	152.9 109.8	161.0 121.2	189.1 131.2	191.8 134.5	164.2 117.8	170.3 119.4	163.7 105.7	169.0 107.9	118.7 72.0	91.6 57.8	73.1 49.3	r79.9	*85.1 *51.7	95.1 61.2
Seasonally adjusted at annual rates: Total privately owned @ @			1,800 1,275	1,750 1,273	1,801 1,229	1,910 1,276	1,764 1,222	1,788 1,237	1,874 1,237	1,710 1.139	1,522 980	1,548 1,055	1,419 1,002	71,330 786	1,041 '615	1.019 625
New private housing units authorized by building permits (16,000 permit-issuing places):												İ				
Monthly data are seas, adj. at annual rates: Totalthous	1,800	1,549	1,621	1,517	1,618	1,639	1,528	1,654	1,775	1,542	1,263	1,244	1,264	1,142 695	r932	800 467
One-family structures	1,183	976	1,056	1,036	1,047	1,012	1,001	1,030	1,015	927	751	780	761	695	7538	467
(Manufacfactured Housing Institute): Unadjusted	275.9	276.9	23.6 273	24.8 277	27.7 282	26.3 283	22.4 295	29.0 281	23.6 270	27.2 287	19.8 251	14.6 241	18.1 276	18.8 270	19.2 226	
See foomotes at end of tables.																

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1978	1979					197	79						19	80	
through 1976 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1977 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ual	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nev.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
	CON	STRU	CTIO	N AN	ID RI	EAL I	ESTA	TE	Conti	nued						
CONSTRUCTION COST INDEXES																
Dept. of Commerce composite 1972=100	175.7	199.3	191.0	192.2	196.4	197.8	199.7	202.6	203.8	206.4	207.6	207.5	207.6	°209.7	209.2	
American Appraisal Co., The:       1913=100         Average, 30 cities       1913=100         Atlanta       do         New York       do         San Francisco       do         Collision       do	2,173 2,322 2,222 2,263	2,357 2,506 2,431 2,498	2,287 2,446 2,359 2,427	2,291 2,446 2,360 2,428	2,325 2,467 2,375 2,449	2,355 2,477 2,386 2,460	2,377 2,483 2,446 2,500	2,401 2,522 2,488 2,535	2,410 2,532 2,494 2,545	2,442 2,626 2,498 2,634	2,440 2,617 2,546 2,631	2,425 2,600 2,534 2,612	2,423 2,594 2,531 2,605	2,435 2,606 2,535 2,617	2,432 2,600 2,533 2,610	2,418 2,56 2,510 2,609
St. Louisdo Boeckh indexes:	2,071	2,424	2,173	2,173	2,235	2,251	2,255	2,285	2,392	2,302	2,303	2,289	2,284	2,289	2,286	2,26
Average, 20 cities: @ Apartments, hotels, office buildings 1972=100 Commercial and factory buildings	158.2 164.3 161.8	170.5 179.0 176.6	165.8 173.2 172.0		169.3 178.3 173.9		172.3 181.5 179.2		174.0 182.9 180.8		176.9 185.9 182.2		178.5 188.2 182.5			
Engineering News-Record:   1967 = 100.   Construction   do	247.7 258.4	269.3 279.5	259.0 268.7	259.2 268.8	259.9 269.2	267.5 277.6	270.4 283.9	273.9 286.0	281.1 290.4	281.1 290.6	281.5 291.6	282.6 292.4	280.9 291.5	280.7 291.8	283.9 294.1	1282.6 1293.3
Federal Highway Adm.—Highway construction: Composite (avg. for year or qtr.) 1967=100.	264.9	308.3	277.2			294.9			328.8			352.1			*************************	
CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS Output indexes:																
Iron and steel products     1947-49= 100.       Lumber and wood products     do.       Portland cement     do.	158.6 196.6 225.2		180.6 205.2 193.9	162.8 197.8 214.4	197.6 204.3 267.0	175.4 191.7 287.9	169.2 179.7 270 9	189.1 211.3 301.4	159.8 191.3 257.8	176.3 216.4 296.4						
REAU ESTATE ¶  Mortgage applications for new home construction:																
FHA net applications thous units. Seasonally adjusted annual rates do	118.8	133.8	12.7 143	12.2 140 18.8	15.2 140 19.5	11.6 130	11.5 130 20.0	13.4 148 21.4	11.3 144	12.3 133 19.6	10.0 130	5.9 92 13.0	8.2 127 15.2	8.9 118 16.6	9.9 117 15.7	10.0 109 14.9
Requests for VA appraisals do Seasonally adjusted annual rates do	154.7	216.1	21.4 234	200	207	19.4 221	231	228	18.4 244	211	14.2 188	215	208	207	180	152
Home mortgages insured or guaranteed by: Fed. Hous. Adm.: Face amount mil. \$ Vet. Adm.: Face amount § do	11,139.97 14,470.46	18,166,74 16,505,50	1,467.69 1,415.68	1,045.24 1,074.90	1,453.98 1,082.49	1,530.82 1,096.35	1,521.04 1,423.50	1,578.30 1,695.20		1,993.88 1,099.57	1,807.96 1,390.96	1,283.52 1.530.52	2,085.53 1.956.35	1,401.68 1,301.10	1,287.33 1,252.31	1,367.9 1,148.6
'ederal Home Loan Banks, outstanding advances to member institutions, end of period mil. \$	32,670	41.838	31,881	33,149	33,802	35,071	36,188	36,922	38,596	40,398	40,884	41,838	41,733	41,802	44,122	44,660
New mortgage loans of all savings and loan a-sociations, estimated total mil. \$ By purpose of loan:	110,294	100,546	7,706	8,648	10,400	10,937	9,398	9,943	8,532	9,626	7,615	5,372	4,117	r4,345	5,625	
Home construction do Home purchase do All other purposes do	22,495 68,380 19,419	20,583 62,740 17,223	1,702 4,619 1,385	1,877 5,279 1,492	2,153 6,546 1,701	2,132 7,055 1,750	1,896 5,987 1,515	1,947 6,460 1,536	1,701 5,371 1,460	1,844 6,100 1,682	1,469 4,854 1,292	1,170 3,187 1,015	982 2,316 819	'928 '2,544 '873	1,102 3,477 1,046	
			]	DOM	ESTI	C TR	ADE									
ADVERTISING											1					
McCann-Erickson national advertising index, seasonally adjusted.  Combined index	241 269 263		255 280 289	264 292 292	266 301 295	271 288 308	272 299 277	288 322 287	282 342 270	278 328 315	292 327 297 254	336 272				
Magazines do Newspapers do	209 214	*************	217 230	222 244	227 231	23 <del>9</del> 246	239 268	258 275	234 264	221 232	281					
Magazine advertising (general and nat), farm magazines):  Cost. total mil. \$	2,364.8	2,671.1	213.5	250.6	244.6	216.6	175.1	167.2	234.4	277.9	303.3	246.0	172.6	217.4	255.7	
Apparel and accessories do. Automotive, incl. accessories do. Building materials do. Drugs and toiletries do. Foods, soft drinks, confectionery do.	2,364.8 85.8 220.8 46.3 221.9 186.7	92.3 223.7 46.6 269.0 200.7	7.9 21.5 3.3 22.3 16.2	25.0 25.0 4.8 25.4 15.2	7.5 22.3 4.6 27.3 15.5	5.1 18.0 3.8 26.0 17.9	4.7 15.7 2.8 19.3 15.3	6.0 11.7 2.7 22.7 12.9	12.3 7.9 5.7 26.6 14.4	10.5 22.6 7 1 23.1 19.7	10.3 28.4 5.5 24.3 27.7	7.6 20.4 2.0 19.3 18.1	5.3 14.3 1.7 15.4 10.6	4.7 20.0 3.0 20.4 19.7	10.0 24.3 4.0 21.6 19.5	
Beer, wine, liquors	192.8 148.8 58.4 37.4 203.0 962.8	236.1 130.8 69.9 35.7 281.2 1,085.2	16.2 9.4 5.8 4.1 19.5 87.2	19.8 13.5 6.0 3.6 22.8 103.3	19.0 15.0 6.3 5.4 21.5 102.1	22.2 10.4 5.5 3.8 22.4 81.2	18.2 7.2 3.7 2.3 23.2 62.7	13.0 6.5 4.6 2.2 22.7 62.1	17.1 13.0 7.1	25.0 14.9 7.6 2.5 27.8 117.0	27.6 18.2 8.5 3.8 28.8 120.2	35.1 9.7 5.9 2.2 28.8 96.9	12.0 5.1 4.8 2.7 23.6 °77.1	15.2 7.4 5.8 2.3 23.1 95.9	19.5 11.2 6.7 2.6 27.1 109.2	
Newspaper advertising expenditures (64 cities): ‡           Total         mil. \$.           Automotive         do.           Classified         do.           Financial         do.           General         do.	6.665.8 150.6 1,892.4 202.8 827.1	7,529.0 190.0 2,201.7 236.8 937.8	639.6 18.2 193.2 20.7 83.4	684.4 19.6 203.4 23.4 86.9	682.2 18.2 194.4 18.6 88.7	641.1 18.0	600.0 17.2	564.6 14.4 187.1 11.8 57.4	595.7 13.3 194.2 15.7 72.3	612.8 14.3 186.8 19.4 76.2	753.1 18.0 176.2 22.6 101.8	674.1 11.1 147.6 22.1 75.1	600 4 16.7 184.6 28.6 86.4	636.5 18.2 190.0 20.9 91.6	17.3 213.9 25.6 104.4	
Retaildo do	3,592.9	3,959.8	324.2	351.1	362.4	327.3	297.1	294.0	300.2	316.0	434.5	418.2	284.2	316.0	382.4	
Merchant wholesalers sales (unadj.), total mil. \$  Durable goods establishments	754,105 349,916 404,189	883,334 404,288 479,046	74,319 34,689 39,630	70,768 33,429 37,339	76.814 35,723 41,09±	74,361 34,447 39,914	73,537 33,750 39,787	78,567 37,048 41,519	33,616	81,820 37,935 43,885	79,079 34,711 44,368	75,396 32,515 42,881	77,104 33,579 43,525	r75,746 r33,949 r41,797	80,814 36,490 44,324	
Merchant wholesalers inventories, book value, end of year or month (unadj.), totalil. \$ Durable goods establishments	80,922 51,646 29,276	89,997 56,470 33,527	54,381	54,731	85,196 55,566 29,633	84,942 55,523 29,419	56,602	86,890 56,803 30.087	56,361	88,839 56,620 32,219	89,632 56,241 33,391	89,997 56,470 33,527	91,477 57,268 34.209	r92,854 r58,463 r34,390	58,512	

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1978	1979					19	79						19	80	
through 1976 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1977 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ual	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
		L	OME	STIC	TRA	DE-	-Cont	inuec	 1							
RETAIL TRADE								ĺ								
All retail stores: † Estimated sales (unadj.), total † mil. \$	800,890	886,047	72,397	70,747	75,002	75,046	72,273	78,088	72,730	76,594	79,012	91,542	69,449	r69,575	r75,653	
Durable goods stores #	281,491 45.892	308,156 52,239	26,534 3,897	26,100 4,251	27,697 4,882	27,071 5,027	25,793 4,833	28,091 5,234	25,095 4,756	26,740 5,073	25,366 4,431	26,785 4,018	22,707 3,400	r23,044 r3,335	r24,302 r3.699	¹23,990 ¹4,280
Building materials and supply stores do Hardware stores	31,645 7,177	35,102 8,993	2,573 687	2,742 756	3,132 861	3,350 849	3,342 776	3,586 823	3,274 781	3,531 808	3,059 775	2,580 868	2,315 593	r2,195 r577	2,394 645	
Automotive dealers # do  Motor vehicle dealers do  Auto and home supply stores do	168,035 153,917 14,188	177,714 161,277 16,437	16,751 15,454 1,297	16,083 14,729 1,354	16,566 15,165 1,401	15,571 14,110 1,461	14,712 13,309 1,403	16,078 14,572 1,506	13,883 12,482 1,401	15,019 13,484 1,535	13,584 12,109 1,475	12,735 11,266 1,469	13,366 12,055 1,311	<sup>r</sup> 13,754 <sup>r</sup> 12,508 <sup>r</sup> 1,246	714,445 13,080 71,365	113,463
Furniture, home furn., and equip # do Furniture, home furnishings stores do Household appliance, radio, TV do	36,719 23,175 10,476	41,868 26,726 12,119	3,291 2,167 904	3,124 2,073 848	3,354 2,208 942	3,531 2,271 1,041	3,507 2,251 1,028	3,806 2,446 1,097	3,503 2,197 1,041	3,686 2,341 1,080	3,872 2,482 1,104	4,414 2,552 1,411	3,317 2,105 938	r3,251 r2,086 r906	r3,368 2,179 909	13,369
Nondurable goods stores do  General merch, group stores do  Department stores do  Variety stores do	519,399 101,240 81,850 7,359	577,891 110,233 289,127 7,914	45,863 8,040 6,492 578	44,647 8,301 6,708 623	47,305 8,860 7,157 633	47,975 8,677 7,020 628	46,480 8,147 6,595 588	49,997 9,165 7,405 664	47,635 8,753 7,105 611	49,854 9,410 7,623 658	53,646 11,575 9,367 743	64,757 17,196 13,930 1,283	46,742 6,817 5,488 513	*46,531 *6,911 *5,571 *517	r50,351 r8,369 r6,768 608	150,541 18,730 16,991
Food stores do Grocery stores do Gasoline service stations do	171,997 160,506 59,270	191,326 177,703 71,894	15,949 14,806 5,343	14,854 13,690 5,464	16,055 14,891 5,915	16,776 15,608 6,134	15,977 14,832 6,215	16,560 15,449 6,673	15,905 14,839 6,380	16,067 14,974 6,669	16,598 15,504 6,632	17,937 16,496 6,766	16,349 15,204 6,675	'16,146 '15,002 '6,702	*17,124 *15,891 *7,145	116,884 115,589 17,374
Apparel and accessory stores # do Men's and boys' clothing do	39,413 8,127	43,028 8,772	3,274 641	3,395 661	3,336 666	3,312 698	3,149 628	3,795 695	3,506 647	3,707 710	4,107 855	6,131 1,410	3,061 604	72,796 7538	r3,344 593	13,508
Women's clothing, spec. stores, furriers do Shoe storesdo	14,751 6,387	15,802 7,127	1,239 567	1,258 626	1,255 563	1,209 552	1,169 510	1,361 649	1,309 631	1,396 660	1,507 661	2,157 853	1,112 540	<sup>7</sup> 1,046 <sup>7</sup> 462	1,272 597	
Eating and drinking places	69,145 24,787 13,764 7,050	75,139 27,174 15,595 (²)	6,266 2,154 1,158	6,131 2,153 1,122	6,377 2,237 1,209	6,567 2,211 1,334	6,597 2,197 1,360	6,916 2,287 1,368	6,392 2,143 1,297	6,407 2,263 1,283	6,335 2,335 1,375	6,630 3,127 1,974	6,023 2,326 1,294	'5,871 '2,329 '1,258	<sup>1</sup> 6,426 <sup>1</sup> 2,377 1,329	¹6,484 ¹2,406
Estimated sales (seas. adj.), total † do			72,045 25,705	71,606 25,129	72,292 25,319	72,093 24,718	73,121 25,247	74,871	76,666 27,048	75,583 25,656	76,421 25,679	77,150 25,943	79,464 27,268	r77,993 r26,369	<sup>1</sup> 76,234 <sup>1</sup> 24,222	175,325 122,938
Durable goods stores # do Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers # mh. \$. Building materials and supply stores do Hardware stores do do			4,216 2,824 732	4,185 2,804 735	4,298 2,884 750	4,376 2,949 747	4,408 2,965 754	26,137 4,537 3,003 804	4,523 3,020 787	4,505 3,023 768	4,451 3,011 758	4,487 3,060 754	4,679 3,180 788	74,370 72,862 7756	74,092 2,708 707	¹4,115
Automotive dealers			15,308 14,011 1,297	14,740 13,439 1,301	14,708 13,361 1,347	13,847 12,487 1,360	14,241 12,871 1,370	14,935 13,518 1,417	15,726 14,298 1,428	14,435 12,990 1,445	14,518 13,105 1,413	14,618 13,192 1,426	15,691 14,182 1,509	r15,045 r13,537 r1,508	r13,488 12,089 1,399	112,173
Furniture, home furn., and equip. # do Furniture, home furnishings stores do Household appliance, radio, TV do			3,329 2,156 940	3,320 2,135 955	3,392 2,178 982	3,499 2,220 1,034	3,579 2,281 1,049	3,665 2,316 1,078	3,644 2,315 1,067	3,621 2,297 1,061	3,570 2,271 1,031	3,568 2,277 1,022	3,733 2,363 1,068	<sup>7</sup> 3,620 <sup>7</sup> 2,300 <sup>7</sup> 1,016	<sup>r</sup> 3,489 2,221 971	¹3,491 
Nondurable goods stores do  General merch, group stores do  Department stores do  Variety stores do		(²)	46,340 8,790 7,134 628	46,477 8,832 7,151 649	46,973 9,010 7,296 650	47,375 8,895 7,193 650	47,874 9,053 7,385 647	48,734 9,275 7,518 665	49,618 9,414 7,599 685	49,927 9,454 7,638 676	50,742 9,671 7,819 683	51,207 9,636 7,700 679	52,196 9,709 7,851 726	r51,624 r9,426 r7,674 r682	r52,012 r9,309 r7,562 665	<sup>1</sup> 52,387 <sup>1</sup> 9,296 <sup>1</sup> 7,485
Food stores do Grocery stores			15,373 14,250 5,419	15,547 14,395 5,587	15,662 14,542 5,726	15,951 14,822 5,853	15,927 14,788 5,919	15,955 14,841 6,236	16,364 15,235 6,419	16,409 15,311 6,570	16,566 15,442 6,672	16,872 15,666 6,752	16,997 15,739 7,056	*16,749 *15,514 *7,285	°17,234 °16,019 °7,358	117,459 116,154 17,479
Apparel and accessory stores #			3,554 734 1,304 601	3,438 681 1,320 563	3,543 732 1,317 580	3,520 730 1,303 582	3,637 752 1,333 593	3,709 761 1,344 608	3,654 754 1,316 602	3,640 736 1,316 624	3,650 722 1,335 614	3,630 719 1,324 612	3,793 696 1,420 649	'3,671 '704 '1,339 '636	r3,601 682 1,345 606	13,654
Eating and drinking places		(²)	6,407 2,160 1,219	6,180 2,220 1,238	6,027 2,244 1,243	6,081 2,242 1,289	6,120 2,289 1,320	6,181 2,305 1,335	6,285 2,319 1,358	6,413 2,314 1,319	6,572 2,368 1,340	6,690 2,313 1,395	6,860 2,464 1,460	r6,634 r2,439 r1,425	'6,632 '2,435 1,429	<sup>1</sup> 6,569 <sup>1</sup> 2,458
Estimated inventories, end of year or month: † Book value (unadjusted), total	99,342 49,815 8,288 25,530 7,614	106,463 52,765 8,678 26,679 7,835	104,260 53,148 8,955 27,607 7,860	105,811 54,156 9,037 28,410 7,921	107,147 55,352 9,078 29,573 7,888	107,857 55,631 9,060 29,589 7,954	108,990 55,889 9,021 29,805 7,941	107,542 52,947 8,987 26,562 8,047	108,018 51,537 8,988 24,711 8,248	113,442 53,398 8,981 26,127 8,219	115,774 54,693 8,968 26,874 8,269	106,463 52,765 8,678 26,679 7,835	105,028 51,928 8,852 25,658 7,736	106,601 52,681 9,158 26,015 7,842		
Nondurable goods stores #	49,527 17,766 13,160 10,209 8,328	53,698 19,249 14,265 11,250 8,944	51,112 19,211 14,160 10,467 8,599	51,655 19,487 14,374 10,543 8,688	51,795 19,717 14,555 10,394 8,759	52,226 19,856 14,544 10,353 8,729	53,101 20,119 14,653 10,483 8,882	54,595 20,913 15,237 10,536 9,286	56,481 21,938 15,963 11,711 9,628	60,044 23,378 17,016 11,341 10,096	61,081 23,859 17,652 11,518 10,177	53,698 19,249 14,265 11,250 8,944	53,100 19,253 14,186 10,975 8,511	53,920 19,763 14,397 10,913 8,711		
Book value (seas. adj.), total	101,538 50,100 8,651 25,178 7,699	108,862 53,087 9,058 26,311 7,930	103,320 51,648 8,661 26,143 7,931	104,500 52,423 8,723 26,853 7,889	106,160 53,611 8,779 27,952 7,896	107,372 54,413 8,917 28,424 7,962	109,799 55,829 9,012 29,627 8,013	110,181 55,876 9,087 29,415 8,079	108,748 54,068 9,070 27,487 8,118	110,415 54,523 9,127 27,854 7,987	110,383 54,415 9,142 27,479 8,005	108,862 53,087 9,058 26,311 7,930	108,436 52,130 9,088 25,130 7,910	108,634 52,299 9,122 25,233 8,010		
Nondurable goods stores #	51,438 19,437 14,336 10,098 8,666	55,775 21,071 15,539 11,128 9,307	51,672 19,697 14,479 10,457 8,721	52,077 19,627 14,388 10,585 8,811	52,549 19,873 14,584 10,436 8,956	52,959 20,100 14,751 10,343 8,971	53,970 20,382 15,013 10,600 9,036	54,305 20,527 15,101 10,707 9,113	54,680 20,704 15,217 10,808 9,049	55,892 20,905 15,179 11,075 9,170	55,968 21,015 15,336 11,086 9,260	55,775 21,071 15,539 11,128 9,307	56,306 21,476 15,833 11,097 9,271	56,335 21,319 15,598 11,124 9,257		
Firms with 11 or more stores: Estimated sales (unadjusted), total mil. \$	270,643	296,593	23,402	22,828	24,206	24,366	23,186	25,260	24,156	25,479	28,469	36,190	<sup>1</sup> 22,164	22,249		
Durable goods stores	20,546 3,146	22,568 3,338	1,679 269	1,722 288	1,925 293	1,943 301	1,872 283	1,942 295	1,843 268	2,004 306	2,122 304	2,867 295	*1,517 244	1,515 229		
Nondurable goods stores # do General merchandise group stores do Department stores do Variety stores do Miscellaneous general stores do	250,097 88,404 76,934 5,830 5,640	274,025 95,933 83,857 6,258 5,818	21,723 6,974 6,114 466 394	21,106 7,211 6,314 492 405	22,281 7,686 6,731 501 454	22,423 7,553 6,611 501 441	21,314 7,091 6,217 462 412	23,318 7,958 6,981 518 459	22,313 7,601 6,686 469 446	23,475 8,166 7,167 501 498	26,347 10,120 8,811 590 719	33,323 15,073 13,068 1,041 964	*20,647 *5,879 *5,161 *387 *331	20,734 5,999 5,254 404 341		

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1976 and descriptive notes are as shown	1978	1979					19	79						19	80	
in the 1977 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ual	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
		Ι	OME	STIC	TRA	DE-	-Cont	inue	1							
RETAIL TRADE—Continued																
Firms with 11 or more stores—Continued Estimated sales (unadjusted)—Continued Nondurable goods stores—Continued Food stores	92,737 91,700	102,496 101,270	8,706 8,609	7,929 7,820	8,530 8,437	8,924 8,828	8,360 8,263	8,749 8,649	8,460 8,364	8,580 8,480	8,968 8,864	9,685 9,526	*8,756 *8,658	8,605 8,495		
Apparel and accessory stores #	13,227 5,464 3,221 3,129	14,285 5,876 3,455 3,420	1,099 457 248 286	1,179 483 262 315	1,096 464 262 262	1,094 457 261 261	999 432 241 229	1,311 528 327 321	1,190 481 284 305	1,235 507 295 304	1,396 571 346 320	2,111 856 557 421	7890 350 7204 243	859 354 196 220		
Eating places do Drug stores and proprietary stores do	13,758 11,971	15,165 13,720	1,303 1,063	1,247 1,079	1,314 1,124	1,312 1,103	1,323 1,102	1,381 1,138	1,279 1,076	1,310 1,117	1,286 1,208	1,322 1,736	'1,214 1,150	1,210 1,140		
Estimated sales (sea adj.), total #			23,725 275 6,711 501 8,183 1,203	23,884 269 6,746 521 8,249	24,310 280 6,868 520 8,387 1,162	24,351 270 6,774 522 8,472 1,161	24,552 272 6,923 513 8,449 1,199	24,963 278 7,052 526 8,463 1,237	25,408 284 7,151 531 8,614 1,189	25,398 286 7,196 520 8,627 1,204	25,780 286 7,361 531 8,665 1,221	26,086 281 7,292 530 8,903	*26,268 296 *7,352 *565 *8,808 *1,245	25,850 291 7,217 539 8,722 1,224		
Women's clothing, spec. stores, furriers do Shoe stores			497 304 1,084	493 266 1,118	486 281 1,137	489 279 1,127	499 287 1,153	493 297 1,167	475 289 1,180	486 295 1,176	495 289 1,244	493 284 1,148	<sup>1</sup> 510 318 11,246	504 299 1,234		
All retail stores, accts, receivable, end of yr. or mo. Total (unadjusted) mil. \$. Durable goods stores do. Nondurable goods stores do.	37,316 10,903 26,413	40,387 11,391 28,996	34,708 10,276 24,432	34,894 10,612 24,282	35,357 10,958 24,399	35,372 11,073 24,299	35,272 11,253 24,019	35,806 11,340 24,466	36,136 11,353 24,783	37,108 11,694 25,414	37,833 11,376 26,457	40,387 11,391 28,996	r38,960 r10,990 r27,970	38,122 10,914 27,208		
Charge accounts	11,599 25,717	12,268 28,119	10,955 23,753	11,124 23,770	$11,357 \\ 24,000$	11,441 23,913	11,299 23,973	11,439 24,367	11,652 24,484	12,172 24,936	12,023 25,810	$12,268 \\ 28,119$	'11,744 '27,216	11,829 26,293		
Total (seasonally adjusted) do  Durable goods stores do  Nondurable goods stores do	34,843 10,823 24,020	37,437 11,194 26,243	35,220 10,675 24,545 11.050	35,347 10,747 24,600	35,446 10,864 24,582 10,919	35,555 10,783 24,772 11,174	36,103 11,081 25,022 11,519	36,558 11,140 25,418 11,790	36,710 11,062 25,648 11,872	37,404 11,365 26,039 12,183	37,533 11,224 26,309 11,970	37,437 11,194 26,243 11,743	r38,070 r11,463 r26,607	38,256 11,514 26,742 12,062		
Charge accounts	11,331 23,512	11,743 25,694	24,170	10,989 24,358	24,527	24,381	24,584	24,768	24,838	25,221	25,563	25,694	r26,114	26,194		
	LAB	OR FO	RCE	, EMI	PLOY	MEN	T, A	ND E	ARN	INGS						
POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES  Total, incl. armed forces overseas ‡mil  LABOR FORCE	¹218.72	1220.58	219.95	220.10	220.25	220.42	220.58	220.78	220.99	221.18	221.36	221.55	221.72	221.87	222.00	222.17
Not Seasonally Adjusted  Labor force total (including armed forces), persons 16 years of age and over thous. Civilian labor force do. Employed, total do. Agriculture do. Nonagricultural industries do. Unemployed do. Seasonally Adjusted ¶	102,537 100,420 94,373 3,342 91,031 6,047	104,996 102,908 96,945 3,297 93,648 5,963	103,755 101,665 95,501 2,925 92,576 6,165	103,318 101,236 95,675 3,074 92,601 5,561	103,551 101,473 96,220 3,309 92,911 5,253	106,229 104,153 97,917 3,785 94,132 6,235	107,077 104,995 98,891 3,857 95,034 6,104	106,453 104,363 98,226 3,795 94,431 6,137	105,465 103,375 97,576 3,545 94,030 5,798	106,032 103,939 98,158 3,467 94,691 5,781	105,811 103,719 97,943 3,257 94,686 5,776	105,973 103,884 98,047 2,995 95,052 5,836	105,269 103,188 96,145 2,782 93,363 7,043	105,343 103,257 96,264 2,836 93,428 6,993	105,441 103,351 96,546 2,962 93,584 6,805	105,504 103,412 96,566 3,081 93,485 6,846
Civilian labor force do  Employed, total do  Agriculture do  Nonagricultural industries do			102,505 96,623 3,320 93,303	102,198 96,254 3,215 93,039	102,398 96,495 3,246 93,249	102,476 96,652 3,243 93,409	103,093 97,184 3,267 93,917	103,128 97,004 3,315 93,689	103,494 97,504 3,364 94,140	103,595 97,474 3,294 94,180	103,652 97,608 3,385 94,223	103,999 97,912 3,359 94,553	104,229 97,804 3,270 94,534	104,260 97,953 3,326 94,626	104,094 97,656 3,358 94,298	104,419 97,154 3,242 93,912
Unemployed	1,379	1,202	5,882 1,291	5,944 1,223	5,903 1,212	5,824 1,152	5,909 1,067	6,124 1,185	5,990 1,152	6,121 1,195	6,044 1,191	6,087 1,230	6,425 1,334	6,307 1,286	6,438 1,363	7,265 1,629
All civilian workers  Men, 20 years and over  Women, 20 years and over  Both sexes, 16—19 years	1	5.8 4.1 5.7 16.1	5.7 4.0 5.7 15.7	5.8 4.0 5.7 16.3	5.8 3.9 5.7 <b>16</b> .5	5.7 4.0 5.7 15.4	5.7 4.1 5.5 15.8	5.9 4.2 5.9 16.6	5.8 4.2 5.5 16.2	5.9 4.2 5.7 16.4	5.8 4.3 5.6 15.9	5.9 4.2 5.7 16.0	6.2 4.7 5.8 16.3	6.0 4.6 5.7 16.5	6.2 4.9 5.7 15.9	7.0 5.9 6.3 16.2
White	5.2 11.9 2.8	5.1 11.3 2.7	5.0 11.3 2.6	5.0 11.7 2.7	5.0 11.5 2.5	4.9 11.2 2.7	5.0 11.0 2.8	5.3 11.0 2.9	5.1 10.8 2.9	5.1 11.5 2.9	5.1 10.9 2.9	5.1 11.3 2.8	5.4 11.8 3.4	5.3 11.5 3.1	5.4 11.8 3.4	6.2 12.6 4.1
Occupation: White-collar workersBlue-collar workers Industry of last job (nonagricultural):	3.5 6.9	3.3 6.9	3.3 6.6	3.3 6.9	3.2 6.8	3.4 6.6	3.3 6.8	3.5 7.3	3.3 7.1	3.4 7.2	3.2 7.5	3.3 7.2	3.4 8.0	3.4 7.7	3.3 8.0	3.7 9.7
Private wage and salary workers	5.9 10.6 5.5 4.9	5.7 10.2 5.5 5.0	5.6 10.1 5.2 4.4	5.7 10.5 5.3 4.7	5.7 10.0 5.4 4.4	5.6 10.0 5.4 4.9	5.7 10.0 5.7 5.4	6.0 10.1 5.9 5.4	5.8 9.6 6.0 5.3	5.9 9.9 6.0 5.5	5.8 10.2 5.9 5.6	5.8 10.3 5.9 5.5	6.2 10.8 6.7 6.7	6.0 10.5 6.4 6.3	6.2 13.0 6.5 6.4	
Employees on payrolls of nonagricultural estab.: Total, not adjusted for seasonal variationthous Private sector (excl. government)	86,446 70,970	89,497 73,884	88,207 72,408	88,820 72,995	89,671 73,813	90,541 74,778	89,618 74,598	89,673 74,742	90,211 72,919	90,678 74,915	90,902 74,974	91,009 75,094	89,285 73,555	<sup>r</sup> 89,417 <sup>r</sup> 73,423	'89,942 '73,799	₽90,111 ₽73,923
Total employees, nonagricultural payrolls. do Private sector (excl. government). do Nonmanufacturing industries. do Goods-producing. do Mining. do Construction. do See footnotes at end of tables.	86,446 70,970 50,494 25,597 851 4,271	89,497 73,884 52,905 26,579 958 4,642	89,039 73,529 52,456 26,627 940 4,614	89,036 73,472 52,406 26,565 940 4,559	89,398 73,800 52,741 26,651 944 4,648	89,626 73,989 52,926 26,674 949 4,662	89,713 74,078 52,999 26,723 956 4,688	74,063 53,106 26,599 968	89,803 74,130 53,181 26,593 973 4,671	89,982 74,308 53,409 26,572 979 4,694	90,100 74,407 53,571 26,533 983 4,714	90,241 74,545 53,664 26,655 991 4,783	90,652 74,946 54,056 26,783 1,000 4,893	*90,845 *75,077 *54,185 *26,732 *1,009 *4,831	790,799 774,950 754,061 726,597 71,010 74,098	P74,396 P53,781 P26,189 P1,016

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1978	1979					197	79						19	80	
through 1976 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1977 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ual	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
LAB	OR FO	RCE,	EMP	LOYN	MENT	r, AN	D EA	RNI	NGS-	-Con	tinue	d			-	
EMPLOYMENT †—Continued Seasonally Adjusted † Employees on nonag. payrolls—Continued Goods-producing—Continued														:		
Manufacturing	20,476 12,246 752 491 698 1,213 1,673 2,319 2,000 1,992 654 454	20,979 12,694 759 487 711 1,254 1,727 2,464 2,110 2,049 691 452	21,073 12,751 769 493 718 1,259 1,732 2,450 2,093 2,094 685 458	21,066 12,752 761 490 714 1,260 1,732 2,466 2,101 2,084 689 455	21,059 12,739 762 487 715 1,254 1,730 2,471 2,106 2,077 688 449	21,063 12,760 757 485 715 1,257 1,737 2,484 2,124 2,057 693 451	21,079 12,786 753 488 711 1,256 1,730 2,500 2,131 2,073 694 450	20,957 12,714 752 484 710 1,245 1,714 2,492 2,092 2,079 695 451	20,949 12,737 758 480 708 1,236 1,716 2,496 2,117 2,086 692 448	20,899 12,650 760 482 709 1,226 1,723 2,455 2,125 2,025 696 449	20,836 12,587 751 483 704 1,223 1,726 2,434 2,125 1,994 694 449	20,881 12,615 740 483 706 1,208 1,725 2,444 2,140 2,019 693 452	20,890 12,601 737 484 708 1,208 1,712 2,512 2,512 2,149 1,938 700 453	r20,892 r12,655 r740 481 709 1,210 r1,724 r2,511 r2,147 r1,980 r703 450	*20,889 *12,658 *729 *481 *704 *1,205 *1,722 *2,516 *2,160 *1,984 *707 *450	P20,615 P12,395 P685 P477 P687 P1,195 P1,690 P2,513 P2,151 P1,845 P705 P447
Nondurable goods do Food and kindred products do Tobacco manufactures do Textile mill products do Apparel and other textile products do Paper and allied products do Printing and publishing do Chemicals and allied products do Petroleum and coal products do Rubber and plastics products, nec do Leather and leather products do	8,230 1,721 700 900 1,333 701 1,193 1,096 209 752 256	8,285 1,717 66 892 1,313 714 1,243 1,113 214 768 244	8,322 1,736 69 897 1,324 716 1,232 1,108 213 780 247	8,314 1,728 69 892 1,325 717 1,234 1,111 213 781 244	8,320 1,725 70 893 1,324 714 1,236 1,114 213 784 247	8,303 1,720 69 892 1,312 715 1,242 1,119 212 775 247	8,293 1,707 68 892 1,324 718 1,250 1,116 212 777 229	8,243 1,696 64 886 1,302 717 1,247 1,111 213 764 243	8,212 1,691 65 884 1,294 714 1,245 1,110 217 751 243	8,249 1,707 65 887 1,299 715 1,252 1,113 217 751 243	8,249 1,710 60 889 1,292 714 1,262 1,114 217 749 242	8,266 1,715 62 893 1,297 713 1,263 1,119 217 745 242	8,289 1,707 64 891 1,309 718 1,273 1,123 219 745 240	*8,237 *1,705 65 *891 *1,312 717 1,278 *1,121 *163 *744 *241	78,231 71,698 65 893 71,312 718 11,279 1,122 7160 744 7240	P8,220 P1,686 P65 P894 P1,308 P714 P1,277 P1,125 P181 P732 P238
Service-producing   do	60,849 4,927 19,499 4,957 14,542 4,727 16,220 15,476 2,753 12,723	62,918 5,154 20,140 5,173 14,968 4,964 17,047 15,613 2,773 12,840	62,412 5,116 20,054 5,134 14,920 4,899 16,833 15,510 2,757 12,753	62,471 5,024 20,088 5,138 14,950 4,915 16,880 15,564 2,758 12,806	62,747 5,130 20,129 5,156 14,973 4,935 16,954 15,598 2,770 12,828	62,952 5,190 20,116 5,180 14,936 4,958 17,051 15,637 2,788 12,849	62,990 5,169 20,122 5,182 14,940 4,972 17,092 15,635 2,785 12,850	63,163 5,194 20,126 5,185 14,941 5,003 17,141 15,669 2,813 12,886	63,210 5,180 20,169 5,190 14,979 4,997 17,191 15,673 2,762 12,911	63,410 5,218 20,243 5,209 15,034 5,018 17,257 15,674 2,770 12,904	63,567 5,229 20,308 5,235 15,073 5,039 17,298 15,693 2,771 12,922	63,586 5,223 20,254 5,218 15,036 5,056 17,357 15,696 2,771 12,925	63,869 5,212 20,428 5,248 15,180 5,081 17,442 15,706 2,791 12,915	*64,113 *5,210 *20,521 *5,274 *15,247 *5,092 *17,522 *15,768 2,823 *12,945	r64,202 r5,212 r20,498 r5,280 r15,218 r5,103 r17,540 r15,849 r2,884 r12,965	P64,131 P5,186 P20,367 P5,250 P15,117 P5,108 P17,546 P15,924 P2,952 P12,972
Production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonagric payrolls, not seas. adjustedthous Manufacturing do do do	58,109 14,714	60,370 15,017	59,108 14,993	59,628 15,002	60,371 15,061	61,187 15,240	60,961 14,946	61,066 14,956	61,212 14,957	61,250 14,894	61,282 14,954	61,397 14,891	59,827 14,674	r59,722 r14,615	r60,039 r14,668	P60,130 P14,431
Production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonagricultural payrolls † thous. Goods-producing do Mining do Construction do Manufacturing do. Durable goods do. Lumber and wood products do. Furniture and fixtures do. Stone, clay, and glass products do. Primary metal industries do. Fabricated metal products § do. Machinery, except electrical do Electric and electronic equipment @ do. Transportation equipment \$ do. Miscellaneous manufacturing do.	58,109 18,740 638 3,388 14,714 8,786 645 404 555 953 1,271 1,524 1,312 1,377 401 346	60,370 19,443 718 3,708 15,017 9,058 647 398 561 1,306 1,618 1,379 1,405 421 344	60,161 19,555 707 3,695 15,153 9,158 657 404 995 1,315 1,615 1,378 1,455 422 348	60,051 19,475 708 3,633 15,134 9,146 649 401 563 995 1,314 1,625 1,384 1,446 423 346	60,326 19,542 708 3,722 15,112 9,119 649 397 1,310 1,628 1,384 1,438 421 341	60,495 19,537 709 3,732 15,096 9,123 646 395 565 991 1,316 1,632 1,393 1,417 424	60,544 19,560 713 3,757 15,090 9,124 643 398 560 988 1,309 1,641 1,395 1,426 422 342	60,474 19,419 723 3,731 14,965 9,056 640 395 557 973 1,293 1,631 1,363 1,438 422 344	60,528 19,416 730 3,729 14,957 9,066 646 392 557 970 1,295 1,637 1,375 1,433 420 341	60,668 19,371 733 3,744 14,894 14,894 557 960 1,298 1,298 1,298 1,371 421 341	60,746 19,314 733 3,752 14,829 8,908 639 394 553 954 1,300 1,591 1,376 1,342 418 341	60,841 19,421 739 3,817 14,865 8,931 627 394 554 943 1,298 1,371 1,371 421 345	61,142 19,507 746 3,913 14,848 8,894 623 395 556 942 1,286 942 1,280 422 345	**161,271 **19,444 **752 **3,866 **8,926 **8,926 **556 **943 **1,296 **1,296 **1,391 **1,320 **1,320 **434 **342	'61,099 '19,269 '751 '3,696 '14,822 '8,934 '615 '3992 '7551 '939 1,296 1,296 1,297 1,400 '1,327 '430 '343	P60,549 P18,874 P757 P3,561 P14,556 P8,672 P572 P584 P1,264 P1,631 P1,392 P1,191 P430 P341
Nondurable goods do Food and kindred products do Tobacco manufactures do Textile mill products do Apparel and other textile products do Printing and publishing do Chemicals and allied products do Petroleum and coal products do Leather and lastice products do Rubber and plastics products, nec do Leather and leather products do	5,928 1,171 55 784 1,145 526 672 628 136 589 219	5,959 1,177 52 777 1,122 542 702 637 140 602 208	5,995 1,191 55 781 1,131 542 696 635 139 614 211	5,988 1,187 56 777 1,131 543 696 636 140 614 208	5,993 1,184 56 778 1,133 541 700 636 139 616 210	5,973 1,181 55 777 1,122 541 701 640 139 607 210	5,966 1,170 54 778 1,130 547 707 639 138 609 194	5,909 1,160 49 770 1,108 545 705 634 139 594 205	5,891 1,153 52 769 1,104 543 703 635 140 585 207	5,922 1,169 52 772 1,109 543 708 637 140 585 207	5,921 1,171 46 776 1,102 542 715 638 141 585 205	5,934 1,180 48 778 1,106 542 713 641 142 580 204	5,954 1,175 50 779 1,117 544 720 643 142 581 203	'5,900 '1,171 '51 '778 1,120 545 '721 640 '92 '579 203	75,888 71,162 751 780 71,120 7546 7720 7639 788 7579 203	°1,154 °50 °781
Service-producing	39,369 4,147 17,181 4,085 13,096 3,596 14,445	40,927 4,316 17,702 4,250 13,453 3,773 15,136	40,606 4,283 17,648 4,222 13,426 3,729 14,946	40,576 4,197 17,662 4,221 13,441 3,743 14,974	40,784 4,293 17,691 4,237 13,454 3,756 15,044	40,958 4,351 17,689 4,257 13,432 3,777 15,141	40,984 4,337 17,681 4,255 13,426 3,788 15,182	41,055 4,345 17,676 4,256 13,420 3,808 15,226	41,112 4,334 17,721 4,259 13,462 3,794 15,260	41,297 4,370 17,789 4,279 13,510 3,804 15,334	41,432 4,380 17,848 4,295 13,553 3,814 15,390	41,420 4,368 17,802 4,289 13,513 3,824 15,426	41,635 4,350 17,947 4,305 13,642 3,840 15,498	'41,827 '4,355 '18,033 '4,325 '13,708 '3,858 '15,581	*41,830 *4,359 *17,996 *4,330 *13,666 *3,866 *15,609	P41,613 P4,345 P17,866 P4,303 P13,563 P3,871 P15,591
Avg. weekly hours per worker on private nonagric. payrolls: ¶ Not seasonally adjusted hours Seasonally adjusted do Mining	35.8 43.3 36.8	35.7 43.0 36.9	35.7 35.9 43.1 37.1	35.1 35.3 42.9 35.5	35.5 35.7 42.8 37.1	35.9 35.6 43.0 37.2	36.0 35.6 41.6 36.8	36.0 35.6 43.2 37.2	35.8 35.7 43.1 37.5	35.7 35.6 43.1 36.6	35.6 35.7 43.2 36.8	35.9 35.7 43.9 37.1	35.1 35.7 44.4 37.6	r35.2 35.5 r43.7 r36.7	35.2 35.4 743.5 736.2	P35.1 P35.3 P43.3 P36.6
Not seasonally adjusted do Seasonally adjusted do Overtime hours do	3.6	3.3	40.6 40.6 3.7	38.9 39.1 2.7	40.1 40.2 3.5	40.4 40.1 3.4	39.9 40.2 3.3	40.0 40.1 3.2	40.3 40.2 3.2	40.3 40.2 3.2	40.4 40.1 3.3	40.9 40.2 3.2	39.8 40.3 3.2	r39.8 r40.1 3.1	39.8 39.8 3.1	P39.4 P39.6 P2.8
Durable goods	41.1 3.8 39.8 39.3 41.6 41.8	40.8 3.5 39.5 38.6 41.5 41.4	41.4 4.0 40.0 39.1 42.0 42.0	39.5 2.7 39.1 38.1 41.2 41.8	40.9 3.8 39.4 38.5 41.7 41.4	40.7 3.6 39.4 38.5 41.6 41.2	40.7 3.5 39.3 38.4 41.4 41.3	40.7 3.3 39.5 58.3 41.3 41.0	40.7 3.3 39.7 38.6 41.5 41.0	40.8 3.3 39.4 38.8 41.3 41.1	40.6 3.4 38.9 38.9 41.5 40.7	40.7 3.3 39.0 39.0 41.6 40.6	40.8 3.3 39.5 39.0 41.3 40.8	*40.6 3.1 *39.1 *39.0 *41.0 *40.8	*40.4 3.2 *38.6 *38.5 *40.8 40.7	P40.1 P2.8 P37.3 P38.7 P40.4 P40.3

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1978	1979					197	79						19	30	
through 1976 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1977 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anr	nual	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
LABO	OR FO	PRCE,	EMP	LOYI	MENT	Γ, AN	D EA	RNI	NGS-	-Con	tinue	d				
AVERAGE HOURS PER WEEK †—Cont. Seasonally Adjusted—Continued																
Average weekly hours per worker—Cont.  Manufacturing—Continued  Durable goods—Continued  Fabricated metal products § hours.  Machinery, except electrical do.  Electric and electronic equipment @ do.  Transportation equipment § do.  Miscellaneous manufacturing do.	41.0 42.0 40.3 42.2 40.9 38.8	40.7 41.8 40.3 41.2 40.8 38.9	41.3 42.4 40.7 42.3 41.2 39.0	39.1 40.5 39.0 37.9 40.3 37.6	40.7 42.0 40.4 41.5 40.8 38.6	40.7 42.0 40.3 40.8 40.6 38.9	40.8 41.9 40.2 40.9 40.7 39.3	40.6 41.6 39.8 41.7 40.5 39.1	40.7 41.9 40.3 40.6 40.6 39.1	40.9 41.6 40.3 41.3 40.7 39.1	40.7 41.6 40.6 40.6 41.0 39.1	41.0 41.6 40.5 41.0 40.8 39.2	40.9 41.7 40.4 41.0 41.5 39.5	40.8 41.5 r40.4 r40.9 r40.9 r39.2	40.6 (41.4) (40.0) (40.5) (40.5) (38.6)	P40.4 P41.3 P39.7 P40.3 P40.7 P38.3
Nondurable goods	39.4 3.2 39.7 38.1 40.4 35.6	39.3 3.1 39.8 38.0 40.4 35.2	39.4 3.3 40.0 38.0 40.3 35.4	38.6 2.7 39.6 37.6 38.8 34.2	39.2 3.0 39.8 38.9 40.0 35.2	39.2 3.0 39.8 37.6 40.1 35.2	39.2 3.0 39.8 38.5 40.1 35.3	39.2 3.0 39.7 38.0 40.1 35.3	39.3 3.1 40.0 38.6 40.6 35.3	39.3 3.0 39.9 38.3 40.8 35.3	39.4 3.2 40.0 37.8 41.1 35.3	39.4 3.1 39.9 38.8 41.0 35.6	39.5 3.1 40.0 38.5 41.7 35.9	*39.4 3.0 *39.6 *37.7 41.1 *36.0	739.1 73.1 739.5 37.6 740.8 35.4	P38.9 P2.9 P39.5 P37.4 P39.7 P35.6
Paper and allied products do Printing and publishing do. Chemicals and allied products do. Petroleum and coal products do. Rubber and plastics products, nec do. Leather and leather products do.	42.9 37.6 41.9 43.6 40.9 37.1	42.6 37.5 41.9 43.8 40.5 36.5	42.8 37.7 41.9 44.0 41.3 36.3	41.8 37.1 41.7 43.9 39.7 35.6	42.6 37.4 41.9 43.7 40.9 36.1	42.5 37.4 41.7 43.3 40.7 36.4	42.5 37.5 41.9 43.6 40.6 36.6	42.6 37.7 42.0 43.7 40.2 36.5	42.4 37.5 41.7 44.1 40.3 37.0	42.6 37.4 41.7 43.7 40.3 36.5	42.7 37.6 41.9 44.4 40.0 36.7	42.9 37.4 41.7 43.5 39.9 36.9	42.8 37.8 42.0 36.6 40.6 37.2	*42.9 37.4 41.9 40.4 39.9 *37.3	*42.5 *37.2 41.8 *40.3 *39.8 *36.8	P42.6 P37.0 P41.4 P41.8 P39.8 P36.4
Transportation and public utilities	40.0 32.9 38.8 31.0 36.4 32.8	39.9 32.6 38.8 30.6 36.3 32.7	40.0 32.7 39.0 30.7 36.4 32.8	39.2 32.8 38.7 30.9 36.5 32.7	39.8 32.6 39.0 30.6 36.1 32.7	39.8 32.6 38.8 30.6 36.2 32.7	39.7 32.6 38.8 30.6 36.3 32.8	39.9 32.5 38.7 30.5 36.1 32.7	39.9 32.6 38.7 30.7 36.4 32.7	39.9 32.6 38.8 30.6 36.2 32.6	40.2 32.7 38.9 30.7 36.5 32.7	39.8 32.6 38.9 30.6 36.4 32.9	39.9 32.5 38.8 30.5 36.2 32.7	39.8 32.3 38.7 30.3 36.4 32.7	739.9 732.3 738.5 730.3 736.6 732.7	P39.8 P32.1 P38.5 P30.1 P36.4 P32.7
AGGREGATE EMPLOYEE-HOURS † Seasonally Adjusted																
Employee-hours, wage & salary workers in non- agric. establish, for 1 week in the month, seas adj. at annual rate bil hours. Total private sector do. Mining do. Construction do. Manufacturing do. Transportation and public utilities do. Wholesale and retail trade do. Finance, insurance, and real estate do. Services do. Government do.	*164.09 *133.51 1.92 8.17 *42.99 10.24 33.44 8.96 27.78 30.58	*169.04 *138.43 *2.15 *8.92 *43.94 *10.69 *34.29 *9.38 29.07 *30.61	*169.47 *138.64 2.11 8.98 *44.60 10.66 34.22 9.28 28.80 30.83	*166.87 *137.63 2.09 8.43 *44.18 10.36 34.43 9.32 28.81 29.24	'168.71 '138.03 2.10 8.96 '43.96 10.63 34.23 9.29 28.86 30.68	*169.46 *138.48 2.13 9.06 *43.90 10.73 34.27 9.34 29.05 30.98	*169.53 *138.48 2.09 8.98 *43.95 10.68 34.17 9.39 29.21 31.05	*169.35 *138.41 2.20 9.07 *43.48 10.77 34.23 9.41 29.25 30.94	r169.77 r138.97 r2.21 9.16 r43.63 10.75 34.40 9.48 r29.33 r30.80	*169.76 *138.88 2.16 8.98 *43.68 10.82 34.41 9.48 29.36 30.88	'170.05 '139.61 2.21 9.07 '43.54 10.94 34.68 9.56 29.59 30.44	170.81 139.99 2.25 9.32 143.76 10.82 34.52 9.59 29.72 30.82	*171.61 *140.31 *2.29 *9.17 *43.93 *10.85 *34.70 *9.60 *29.76 *31.30	171.48 140.23 12.29 19.13 143.80 10.82 134.66 19.63 29.91 131.25	170.99 139.82 2.29 8.92 43.60 10.82 34.51 9.71 29.97 31.17	P169.47 P138.23 P2.29 P8.69 P42.69 P10.75 P34.24 P9.66 P29.91 P31.24
Indexes of employee-hours (aggregate weekly): ¶ Private nonagric. payrolls, total 1967 = 100. Goods-producing do. Mining do. Construction do. Manufacturing do. Durable goods do. Nondurable goods do. Service-producing do. Transportation and public utilities do. Wholesale and retail trade do. Retail trade do. Retail trade do. Finance, insurance, and real estate do. Services do.	121.3 106.0 138.0 119.9 102.4 104.9 98.8 131.9 110.1 127.4 127.4 127.3 139.6 146.1		125.7 111.3 152.5 132.7 106.0 110.1 100.1 135.8 113.7 130.2 132.3 129.3 144.6 151.1	123.6 106.8 152.0 124.9 102.0 105.0 97.8 135.3 109.2 130.6 131.3 130.3 145.5	125.4 110.3 151.6 133.7 104.7 108.3 99.5 135.9 113.4 130.2 132.8 129.1 144.5 151.7	125.7 110.1 152.5 134.4 104.3 107.9 99.1 136.5 115.0 130.0 132.8 128.9 145.7 152.6	125.7 109.9 148.4 133.9 104.4 107.9 99.1 136.7 114.2 129.9 132.7 128.9 146.5 153.5	125.5 109.4 156.7 134.5 103.3 106.8 98.2 136.6 115.2 129.6 132.4 128.5 146.3 153.4	125.9 109.7 157.4 135.4 107.1 98.1 137.2 114.9 130.4 132.5 129.6 147.1 153.8	125.8 109.0 158.1 132.7 103.1 106.2 98.5 137.5 115.8 130.7 133.4 129.7 146.7	126.3 108.7 158.4 133.7 102.5 105.1 98.8 138.5 116.9 131.6 134.3 130.5 148.3 155.2	126.6 109.6 162.3 137.1 102.9 105.6 99.0 138.4 115.8 130.9 134.1 129.7 148.3 156.5	127.1 110.6 165.7 142.5 103.0 105.3 99.7 138.6 115.2 131.6 134.3 130.5 148.1 156.2	126.8 109.4 164.4 137.4 102.5 105.3 98.3 138.9 115.1 131.5 134.5 134.6 157.1	*126.1 *107.6 *163.5 *127.5 *101.7 *104.7 *97.4 *139.0 *115.5 *131.0 *134.0 *129.9 *150.7	P124.5 P105.1 P164.0 P126.2 P99.3 P100.9 P97.0 P137.9 P114.8 P129.1 P133.2 P127.6 P150.1 P157.2
HOURLY AND WEEKLY EARNINGS †  Average hourly earnings per worker:   Note a second by a distance.																
Not seasonally adjusted: Private nonagric. payrolls dollars. Mining do. Construction do. Manufacturing do. Excluding overtime do. Excluding overtime do. Lumber and wood products do. Furniture and fixtures do. Stone, clay, and glass products do. Primary metal industries do. Adhinery, except electrical do. Electric and electronic equipment & do. Transportation equipment & do. Instruments and related products do. Miscellaneous manufacturing do. Nondurable goods do.	5.69 7.67 8.65 6.17 5.91 6.58 6.29 5.60 4.68 6.32 8.20 6.34 6.77 5.82 7.91 5.71 4.69	8.49 9.25 6.69 6.42 7.12 6.83 6.09 5.06 6.84 8.98 6.82 7.33 6.31 8.52 6.17 5.04	6.04 4.95 5.85	6.03 8.54 9.02 6.54 6.34 6.95 6.73 5.90 4.94 6.62 7.10 6.11 8.26 6.03 4.96	6.09 8.45 9.14 6.63 6.36 7.07 6.77 5.97 4.97 6.78 8.83 6.77 7.25 6.21 8.56 6.21 5.00	6.12 8.49 9.13 6.63 7.11 6.81 6.16 5.05 6.85 8.91 6.81 7.34 6.25 8.53 6.11 4.99	6.16 8.52 9.24 6.71 6.45 7.15 6.86 6.23 5.04 6.89 9.04 6.80 7.35 6.27 8.55 6.16 5.03	6.19 8.48 9.32 6.69 6.42 7.12 6.84 6.23 5.10 6.90 6.83 7.35 6.36 8.44 6.14 5.04	6.31 8.57 9.51 6.80 6.51 7.24 6.93 6.32 5.18 6.98 6.93 7.48 6.46 8.59 6.21 5.07	6.32 8.57 9.49 6.82 6.54 7.25 6.24 5.20 7.00 6.96 7.45 8.67 6.45 8.67 6.14	6.35 8.70 9.50 6.86 6.58 7.29 6.23 5.23 7.07 9.26 6.99 7.51 6.51 8.68 6.39 5.15	6.39 8.73 9.57 6.69 7.41 7.11 6.25 5.27 7.10 9.28 7.12 7.65 6.64 8.90 6.49 5.22 6.26	6.42 8.85 9.47 6.96 6.70 7.19 7.12 6.22 5.27 7.05 9.30 7.06 7.67 8.58 6.57 5.31	6.46 '8.88 '9.60 6.99 '6.75 7.45 7.13 '6.34 7.13 '9.44 7.12 7.71 '8.84 6.53 6.27	*6.51 *8.94 9.64 *7.06 *6.81 *7.53 *7.26 *6.35 *7.21 *7.21 *7.21 *6.78 9.02 *6.36 *6.38	P6.51 P9.00 P9.60 P7.07 P6.84 P7.54 P7.29 P6.28 P5.40 P7.32 P9.54 P7.21 P7.80 P6.81 P8.98 P6.65 P5.41 P6.36
Excluding overtime do Food and kindred products do Tobacco manufactures. do Textile mill products do Apparel and other textile products do Paper and allied products do Printing and publishing do Chemicals and allied products. do Petroleum and coal products. do Rubber and plastics products, nec do Leather and leather products do Wholesale and retail trade do Wholesale trade do Retail trade do Services do See footnotes at end of tables.	5.32 5.80 6.13 4.30 3.94 6.52 6.50 7.01 8.63 5.52 3.89 7.57 4.67 5.88 4.20 4.90	5.78 6.27 6.69 4.66 4.24 7.12 6.91 7.59 9.38 5.96 4.23 8.17 5.06 6.38 4.53 5.28	5.63 6.12 6.64 4.52 4.19 6.88 6.77 7.36 9.31 5.86 4.17 7.90 4.98 6.23 4.47 5.16	5.71 6.19 6.80 4.48 4.19 6.92 7.50 9.44 5.82 4.18 7.00 6.30 4.49 5.23	5.70 6.22 6.83 4.52 4.20 6.96 6.83 7.47 9.39 5.90 4.18 7.94 5.22 4.49 5.22	5.72 6.22 6.22 4.54 4.21 7.05 6.88 7.53 9.32 5.91 4.19 8.03 5.03 4.50 5.27	5.81 6.28 6.28 4.65 4.23 7.17 6.90 7.60 9.39 5.95 4.19 8.23 5.05 6.39 4.51 5.29	5.80 6.28 6.59 4.77 4.21 7.22 6.94 7.65 9.35 5.94 4.22 8.32 5.06 6.41 4.52 5.29	5.86 6.33 6.54 4.82 4.28 7.04 7.73 9.51 6.03 4.29 8.45 5.13 6.51 4.58 5.38	5.90 6.36 6.43 4.83 4.32 7.34 7.06 7.82 9.49 6.12 4.31 8.45 5.15 6.51 4.59 5.37	5.95 6.51 7.01 4.86 4.32 7.42 7.09 7.87 9.57 6.14 4.34 4.34 8.52 5.42 5.54	6.02 6.56 7.04 4.87 4.39 7.48 7.17 7.91 9.49 6.21 4.36 8.55 5.18 6.68 4.61 5.49	6.06 6.62 7.13 4.90 4.45 7.20 7.96 9.48 6.25 4.46 8.56 5.34 6.72 4.78 5.55	76.06 6.64 77.41 4.90 4.46 77.51 77.25 7.99 9.40 6.25 4.48 8.59 5.36 6.76 4.78	*6.09 *6.68 *7.62 *4.49 *7.53 *7.29 *8.00 *9.25 *6.28 *4.51 *8.63 *5.39 *6.82 *4.79 *5.69	P6.15 P6.73 P7.77 P4.94 P4.47 P7.60 P7.31 P8.09 P9.81 P6.28 P4.55 P8.69 P5.37 P6.83 P4.77 P5.68 P5.73

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1978	1979					197	79						19	80	
through 1976 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1977 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anr	nual	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
LABO	OR FO	PRCE,	EMP	LOYI	MENT	Γ, AN	D EA	RNI	NGS-	-Con	tinue	d			,,	
HOURLY AND WEEKLY EARNINGS †—Cont.  Average hourly earnings per worker—Cont.  Seasonally adjusted:  Private nonagricultural payrolls dollars.  Mining do.  Construction do.  Manufacturing do.  Transportation and public utilities do  Wholesale and retail trade do  Finance, insurance, and real estate do	5.69 7.67 8.65 6.17 7.57 4.67 4.90	6.16 8.49 9.25 6.69 8.17 5.06 5.28	6.04 8.28 9.03 6.56 7.96 4.96 5.16	6.04 8.56 9.11 6.56 7.91 4.99 5.22	6.09 8.43 9.20 6.65 7.99 5.00 5.21	6.13 8.49 9.19 6.68 8.09 5.03 5.23	6.18 8.49 9.27 6.72 8.21 5.07 5.30	6.22 8.57 9.32 6.74 8.30 5.10 5.32	6.26 8.50 9.38 6.78 8.37 5.12 5.40	6.28 8.57 9.38 6.82 8.39 5.14 5.38	6.33 8.71 9.45 6.87 8.48 5.19 5.45	6.39 8.76 9.53 6.91 8.53 5.23 5.51	6.42 8.82 9.43 6.93 8.54 5.30 5.51	*6.46 *8.88 *9.60 *6.99 *8.59 *5.36 *5.62	*6.51 *8.94 *9.64 *7.06 *8.63 *5.39 *5.69	P6.51 P9.00 P9.60 P7.07 P8.69 P5.37 P5.68
Services	212.9 109.0 240.9 207.6 215.8 231.0 206.7 194.8 212.4	221.1 234.6 249.4 223.7 209.8 227.7	5.24 225.2 107.3 256.1 216.5 228.7 243.1 219.4 204.8 223.3	5.27 226.8 106.9 264.1 218.1 231.0 241.7 220.9 207.5 225.0	5.26 227.5 106.1 262.7 220.4 232.3 243.7 221.0 207.0 224.3	5.31 229.0 105.7 264.9 220.4 233.9 246.4 222.6 208.0 225.7	5.35 230.9 105.6 266.9 222.1 235.4 251.3 223.8 210.8 227.0	5.39 232.2 105.1 265.6 223.1 236.9 252.6 225.4 211.5 228.4	5.45 234.3 104.9 266.1 224.4 238.7 255.6 227.0 214.4 231.4	5.46 234.9 104.2 268.0 224.0 255.8 227.4 213.1 232.3	237.3 104.1 271.6 225.8 242.1 258.9 229.5 216.2 234.7	5.58 239.5 103.8 273.2 227.6 244.3 260.7 231.3 218.5 237.7	5.60 240.5 102.8 274.0 225.1 245.3 261.2 234.7 218.6 238.0	75.70 7242.6 7102.3 7275.5 7229.8 7248.1 7262.7 7235.5 7221.2 7239.9	r245.1 101.9 r278.8 231.2 r250.3 265.7 237.6 r226.1 r242.8	P245.6 P245.6 P281.3 P231.2 P252.2 P266.7 P237.0 P225.0 P242.7
Common labor \$ per hr \$ do \$ farm (U.S.) wage rates, hired workers, by method of pay:  All workers, including piece-rate \$ per hr \$ per hr \$ per hr \$ workers, other than piece-rate \$ do \$ workers peciving cash wages only \$ do \$ do \$ do \$ Railroad wages (average, class I) \$ do	3.09 3.04 3.22 3.10 7.905	3.39 3.34 3.58 3.41	10.40	3.40 3.35 3.64 3.42	10.43	10.70	11.00 14.37 3.23 3.20 3.41 3.30	11.05	11.10	11.12 14.65 3.57 3.50 3.72 3.58	11.20 14.77	11.21	3.65 3.91	11.25	11.27	11.27
Avg. weekly earnings per worker, private nonfarm: ¶ Current dollars, seasonally adjusted 1967 dollars, seasonally adjusted ‡. Spendable earnings (worker with 3 dependents): Current dollars, seasonally adjusted 1967 dollars, seasonally adjusted Erivate nonfarm, not seasonally adjusted: Private nonfarm, total dollars. Mining do. Construction do. Manufacturing do. Durable goods do. Nondurable goods do. Transportation and public utilities do. Wholesale and retail trade do. Retail trade do. Retail trade do. Finance, insurance, and real estate do. Services do.	203.83 104.31 180.80 92.54 203.70 332.11 270.92 249.27 270.44 217.88 302.80 153.64 130.20 178.36 163.67	219.62 100.91 194.62 89.41 219.91 365.07 318.74 268.94 290.50 235.80 325.98 164.96 247.54 138.62 191.66	216.84 103.31 192.43 91.68 214.91 354.78 287.65 266.34 289.39 229.91 314.42 161.35 242.35 141.59 187.31 171.48	213.21 100.48 189.61 89.35 211.65 363.80 281.42 254.41 273.14 225.38 307.32 162.50 243.18 146.83 190.37 171.93	217.41 101.40 192.88 89.96 216.20 361.66 295.71 265.86 231.08 314.42 162.00 244.68 151.70 188.44 171.28	218.23 100.75 193.52 89.34 219.71 367.62 297.02 269.06 291.51 234.04 321.20 165.16 247.26 149.85 188.96 173.38	220.01 100.60 194.90 89.12 221.76 355.28 348.35 267.73 288.86 236.38 329.20 168.17 249.21 142.07 192.50 176.16	221.43 100.24 196.01 88.73 222.84 365.49 354.16 267.60 287.65 237.98 336.47 167.66 248.96 141.93 191.50	223.48 100.04 197.58 88.44 225.90 370.43 274.04 295.39 241.96 337.16 167.75 140.61 195.29 178.22	223.57 99.19 197.65 87.69 225.62 374.51 356.82 274.85 295.80 241.92 337.16 167.38 253.24 139.54 194.93 178.65	225.98 99.16 199.48 87.53 226.06 380.19 346.75 277.14 297.43 245.92 342.50 167.82 255.57 140.45 197.29	228.12 98.73 201.38 87.06 229.40 383.25 285.05 285.07 308.26 249.77 342.00 170.42 261.19 142.91 199.84 183.68	229.19 97.94 201.92 86.29 225.34 384.09 332.40 277.01 297.82 244.93 338.12 170.35 258.72 142.44 201.47 183.63	*229.33 *96.68 *202.02 *85.17 *227.340.80 *278.20 *340.90 *241.02 *170.98 *142.44 *204.57 *185.25	"230.81 "95.97 "203.15 "84.47 "229.15 "387.10 "348.00 "280.99 "304.21 "245.70 "342.61 "172.48 "261.89 "143.22 "207.68	"228.50 "387.00 "351.36 "308.5 "246.13 "344.12 "171.30 "262.27 "142.15 "206.18 "186.23 "186.23 "
HELP-WANTED ADVERTISING  Seasonally adjusted index	149	158	156	155	154	153	155	155	159	167	158	159	154	151	145	
Unadjusted for seasonal variation:           Accession rate, total         do.           New hires         do.           Separation rate, total         do.           Quit         do.           Layoff         do.           Seasonally adjusted:         do.           Accession rate, total         do.           New hires         do.           Separation rate, total         do.           Quit         do.           Layoff         do.	3.1 3.9 2.1 0.9	3.0 4.0 2.0 1.1	3.8 2.8 3.6 1.9 0.8 4.0 3.1 3.9 2.1 0.9	3.9 2.9 3.6 2.0 0.9 3.9 3.0 3.9 2.1 1.1	4.7 3.6 3.8 2.1 0.7 4.0 4.0 2.0 1.0	4.8 3.8 3.9 2.1 0.8 4.0 3.0 4.1 2.0 1.1	4.3 3.1 4.3 2.0 1.4 3.9 2.8 4.0 1.9 1.2	4.9 3.7 5.7 3.3 1.3 3.7 2.7 4.3 1.9	4.4 3.4 4.7 2.7 1.1 3.8 3.9 1.9	4.1 3.1 4.2 2.1 1.2 4.1 2.9 3.9 2.0 1.1	2.9 2.2 3.8 1.6 1.5 3.9 3.0 4.1 2.0 1.3	2.2 1.5 3.5 1.1 1.7 4.0 3.0 4.0 1.9	3.8 2.4 4.1 1.6 1.6 4.1 2.9 4.2 2.0 1.3	r3.3 r2.2 3.5 r1.5 1.2 r4.0 r2.9 4.2 r2.1 1.3	P3.4 P2.3 P3.7 P1.5 P1.3 P3.5 P2.5 P4.1 P1.7 P1.5	
UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE  Unemployment insurance programs: Insured unemployment, all programs, average weekly # @	1,942 7,716.6	2,592 19,946 2,435 3.0 2,043 9,260.6	2,921 1,396 2,750 3.6 3.0 2,524 975.6	2,610 1,589 2,440 3.1 3.0 2,132 777.7	2,230 1,309 2,078 2.6 2.8 1,835 725.2	2,119 1,400 1,991 2.5 2.9 1,714 610.3	2,429 1,978 2,300 2.8 2.9 1,793 665.7	2,377 1,545 2,245 2.7 3.0 1,919 765.0		2,236 1,641 2,057 2.4 3.0 1,661 674.0	2,559 1,826 2,384 2.8 3.1 1,842 728.4	3,047 *2,263 2,864 3.4 3.2 *2,183 *843.6		3,520 4.1 3.2		
average weekly thous.  Veterans' program (UCX):  Initial claims do Insured unemployment, avg. weekly Benefitiaries, average weekly Benefits paid mil. \$.  Railroad program: Applicationsthous. Insured unemployment, avg. weekly do Benefits paid mil. \$.  See footnotes at end of tables.	273 53 53 277.7 130 25 89.0	18	33 21 52 55 22.8 5 23 10.5	27 20 48 49 19.6 3 17 7.3	24 20 45 47 20.4 3 12 5.7	23 24 45 46 18.6 9 9	25 28 51 49 21.0 15 11 3.7	25 28 52 53 23.9 8 12 4.2	53 20.8 13 20	28 26 52 51 23.3 11 20 8.0	29 24 54 53 23.1 10 19 6.5	31 24 56 55 23.1 11 22 8.1	34 25 60 65 29.6 22 38 15.0	58 7 37		

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1976 and descriptive notes are as shown	1978	1979					19	79						19	80	
in the 1977 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	nual	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
LABO	OR FO	RCE,	EMP	LOYI	MENT	Γ, AN	D EA	RNI	NGS-	-Con	tinue	d				
WORK STOPPAGES				1			-									
Industrial disputes: Number of stoppages: Beginning in month or year	4,200 1,600	4,800 1,700	391 112	512 426	556 132	536 137	471 168	463 119	464 135	443 230	257 91	134	352 207	354 114	396	
Days idle during month or year do	37,000		1,871	5,126	3,682	2,989	3,001	3,152	2,319	2,968	2,720	1,976	3,142	3,025	2,705	
				]	FINA	NCE							···			ı
BANKING Open market paper outstanding, end of period:															İ	
Bankers' acceptances mil. \$  Commercial and financial co. paper, total do  Financial companies do  Dealer placed do  Directly placed do  Nonfinancial companies do	33,700 82,236 63,857 12,350 51,507 18,379	45,321 111,094 82,279 17,663 64,616 28,815	34,617 90,229 69,458 14,278 55,180 20,771	34,391 93,998 70,806 15,025 55,781 23,192	35,286 96,993 74,596 15,494 59,102 22,397	36,989 100,201 76,431 15,775 60,656 23,770	39,040 101,599 77,024 16,492 60,532 24,575	42,354 102,555 77,004 16,780 60,224 25,551	42,147 104,865 77,213 17,480 59,733 27,652	43,486 107,672 79,544 16,515 63,029 28,128	43,599 110,560 82,309 17,293 65,016 28,251	45,321 111,094 82,279 17,663 64,616 28,815	47,780 117,787 85,081 18,490 66,591 32,706	50,269 118,848 83,829 18,052 65,777 35,019	119,014 82,559 18,390 64,169 36,455	***************************************
Agricultural loans and discounts outstanding of agencies supervised by the Farm Credit Adm.:	477.044	F0.400	****	F1 4770	FO 1 FT 1	<b>50</b> 000	F 4 991	## OF0	F.F. 880	<b>F</b> 0 000	55.010	<b>50.40</b> 0	FO 000	C1 10F	00.050	
Total, end of period	47,344 25,596 6,102 15,646	58,496 31,284 8,091 19,122	26,896 7,413	51,470 27,387 7,457 16,626	52,171 27,927 7,188 17,056	53,203 28,463 7,156 17,584	54,331 28,919 7,468 17,944	55,053 29,428 7,432 18,193	55,776 29,808 7,543 18,425	56,930 30,302 8,124 18,503	57,616 30,755 8,303 18,557	58,496 31,284 8,091 19,122	59,928 31,880 8,783 19,264	61,105 32,502 9,091 19,513	33,315 9,196 20,147	
Federal Reserve banks, condition, end of period: Assets, total # mil. \$	153,151	162,947	151,782	153,422	151,844	158,096	155,056	158,082	157,981	160,768	159,742	162,947	157,208	156,569	158,198	165,649
Reserve bank credit outstanding, total # do Time loans	123,488 1,174 110,562 11,671	135,092 1,454 117,458 11,112	124,276 963 110,940 11,479	125,070 1,256 108,588 11,416	123,456 1,330 106,185 11,354	125,206 1,558 109,737 11,323	126,233 852 111,445 11,290	127,678 1,572 113,027 11,259	129,644 1,156 115,458 11,228	130,532 2,672 114,580 11,194	133,313 2,034 118,087 11,112	135,092 1,454 117,458 11,112	828	130,141 3,364 115,171 11,172	131,303 2,502 116,657 11,172	4,770 118,825
Liabilities, total # do	153,151	162,947	151,782	153,422	151,844	158,096	155,056	158,082	157,981	160,768	159,742	162,947	157,208	156,569	158,198	
Deposits, total	36,972 31,152 103,325	35,708 29,520 113,355	38,451 31,714 100,654	38,888 34,587 101,767	34,835 31,602 103,748	34,836 30,407 104,794	34,053 30,279 105,957	34,023 29,493 106,900	36,706 29,089 106,683	35,408 32,192 108,029	36,049 32,280 109,908	35,708 29,520 113,355	35,202 31,232 108,927	35,325 31,725 109,170	35,385 131,870 110,597	
All member banks of Federal Reserve System, averages of daily figures:  Reserves held, total	141,572 141,447 1125 1874 1-615	144,063 143,560 1503 11,454 1-870	40,316 40,059 257 999 -621	40,546 40,548 -2 897 -765	40,382 40,095 287 1,777 -1,317	40,105 39,884 221 1,396 –987	40,900 40,710 190 1,179 –821	40,687 40,494 193 1,097 -727	40,868 40,863 5 1,344 -1,170	42,423 42,002 421 2,022 -1,440	42,979 42,770 209 1,908 -1,558	44,063 43,560 503 1,454 –870	45,217 44,902 315 1,264 –875	43,196 43,026 170 1,660 -1,395	43,352 42,907 445 2,828 -2,231	44,769 44,678 91 2,443 -2,196
Large commercial banks reporting to Federal Reserve System, Wed. nearest end of yr. or mo.:			ŀ		ŕ				,	,	·					
Deposits: ‡ Demand, adjusted § mil. \$	113,248	122,610	97,083	101,760	96,432	99,763	103,864	101,724	105,723	105,287	103,133	122,610	108,107	r102,894	110,642	104,668
Demand, total #	203,092 144,438	219,155 155,734	120,177	181,176 128,367 5,679	181,168 129,350	179,106 125,008	187,175 130,255	124,252	196,821 135,724	191,679 134,883	185,166 130,639 4,562	219,155 155,734	189,480 131,838 5,280	<sup>1</sup> 185,378 128,202 14,661	201,657 139,544 4,760	134,330
U.S. Government	5,309 981 34,086	5,942 863 35,975	763 26,522	1,450 28,838	4,547 732 30,093	4,632 1,837 30,529	5,438 750 32,020	1	4,507 2,824 33,620	5,151 1,305 32,904	786 30,612	5,942 863 35,975	774 31,655	71,821 732,015 7271,911	972 34,760 276,177	2,424 37,596
Time, total # do Individuals, partnerships, and corp.: Savings do Other time do	258,061 77,865 141,940	74,604	256,756 76,831 141,421	250,677 76,615 138,066	248,861 76,585 137,421	247,800 77,123 137,911	249,000 77,638 139,707	77.129	258,405 76,781 149,231	74.008	264,662 72,559 158,937	74,604 159,958	72.866	r72.290	71.210	68.459
Loans (adjusted), total §‡	347,246 134,038	402,310 159,321	136,867	356,784 141,500	356,964 142,170	364,841 144,439	373,072 147,871	148,032	390,114 153,244	387,373 153,501	385,658 151,796	402,310 159,321	157,001	r399,761 158,912	161,858	399,408 160,187
For purchasing or carrying securities do To nonbank financial institutions do Real estate loans do Other loans do	10,655 24,166 80,655 119,560	10,275 26,559 99,959 137,906	9,634 22,405 83,836 113,112	11,222 23,389 85,040 116,852	10,117 23,276 86,288 116,998	11,422 23,874 88,381 117,463	11,954 24,785 90,513 119,434	11,589 24,888 92,084 120,453	11,123 25,131 94,334 129,449	9,868 25,690 96,096 123,779	9,860 25,244 97,277 122,401	10,275 26,559 99,959 137,906	8,737 24,763 101,314 128,405	°9,091 °25,647 °102,192 °125,529	9,464 27,476 103,320 127,652	104,194
Investments, total ‡	97,953 35,549 32,437 62,404	108,114 36,089 31,214 72,025	102,311 36,929 32,811 65,382	102,786 36,048 31,644 66,738	104,223 37,006 31,664 67,217	103,616 35,531 30,832 68,085	103,542 35,178 30,408 68,364	104,463 34,676 29,995 69,787	105,366 34,198 30,182 71,168	106,193 35,360 30,613 70,833	106,359 35,777 30,544 70,582	108,114 36,089 31,214 72,025	108,382 35,690 30,446 72,692	r108,353 r35,454 r30,332 r72,899	106,489 34,673 29,377 71,816	35,289 29,360
Commercial bank credit, seas. adj.: †         bil. \$.           Total loans and securities \$\( \) do         do           U.S. Treasury securities do         do           Other securities do         do           Total loans and leases \$\( \) do	1,014.3 93.4 173.1 747.8	1,132.5 93.8 191.5 847.2	1,048.9 93.9 179.3 775.7	1,061.0 94.0 180.4 786.6	1,068.8 94.1 181.4 793.3	1,080.0 94.8 182.1 803.1	1,092.2 95.3 183.5 813.4	1,102.8 94.1 185.4 823.3	1,122.8 95.2 187.6 840.0	1,129.1 95.3 188.8 845.0	1,128.6 94.3 190.5 843.8	1,132.5 93.8 191.5 847.2	'1,144.8 93.2 '193.1 '858.5	1,162.7 94.8 195.2 872.7	1,165.2 94.5 196.0 874.7	93.2
Money and interest rates:  Discount rate (N.Y.F.R. Bank), end of year or						:				:		i				
month percent.  Federal intermediate credit bank loans do  Home mortgage rates (conventional 1st	9.50 28.01	12.00 <sup>2</sup> 10.09	9.50 9.69	9.50 9.89	9.50 10.04	9.50 10.12	9.69 10.18	10.24 10.23	10.70 10.28	11.77 10.35	12.00 10.70	12.00 10.96	12.00 11.47	12.52 11.83	13.00 12.20	13.00 13.12
mortgages: New home purchase (U.S. avg.)percent Existing home purchase (U.S. avg.) do	<sup>2</sup> 9.30 <sup>2</sup> 9.36	<sup>2</sup> 10.48 <sup>2</sup> 10.66	10.02 10.22	10.06 10.29	10.20 10.35	10.39 10.46	10.49 10.67	10.73 10.88	10.72 10.94	10.91 11.01	11.04 11.23	11.30 11.59	11.48 11.78	11.60 12.30	°12.25 °12.56	12.61 13.21
Open market rates, New York City: Bankers' acceptances (prime, 90 days) do Commercial paper, 6-month ‡‡ do Finance co. paper placed directly, 6-mo @ do	38.11 37.99 37.78	311.04 310.91 310.25	9.94 9.96 9.73	9.90 9.87 9.64	9.98 9.98 9.74	9.79 9.71 9.39	9.99 9.82 9.31	10.62 10.39 9.68	11.70 11.60 10.43	13.44 13.23 11.50	13.53 13.26 12.00	13.31 12.80 11.68	13.15 12.66 11.79	14.01 13.60 12.39	17.10 16.50 14.70	15.63 14.93 13.68
Yield on U.S. Government securities (taxable): 3-month bills (rate on new issue) percent 3-5 year issues	³7.221 ³8.30	³10.041 ³9.58	9.457 9.25	9.493 9.32	9.579 9.30	9.045 8.89	9.262 8.88	9.450 9.08	10.182 9.56	11.472 10.75		12.071 10.45	12.036 10.76		15.526 13.41	

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1978	1979					19	79						19	80	
through 1976 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1977 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ual	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
			F	INAN	ICE-	-Cont	inue	<u>.                                    </u>	L					<u> </u>	L	
CONSUMER INSTALLMENT CREDIT †																
Total extended and liquidated: Unadjusted: Extended	298,351 253,541	322,558 287,067	26, <b>461</b> 24,027	27,016 22,896	29.762 25,022	28,023 23,482	27,702 24,506	30,508 25,747	26,987 22,898	28,094 26,779	26,239 23,815	27,158 23,677	23,408 25,547	<sup>7</sup> 23,116 <sup>7</sup> 23,907	25,493 26,067	
Seasonally adjusted:   Extended, total #		***	26,533 12,412 4,958 3,250 3,611	27,009 13,111 5,239 2,753 3,742	27,901 13,400 5,186 3,124 3,721	26,139 12,278 4,641 2,986 3,853	26,848 12,292 5,353 3,282 3,687	27,583 12,700 5,133 3,361 3,921	28,634 13,172 5,489 3,363 4,082	27,695 12,718 5,642 2,942 3,930	26,464 11,738 5,105 2,808 4,161	25,671 11,370 5,249 2,396 4,054	26,702 12,126 5,540 2,527 4,010	12,004 15,639 2,495 4,042	26,632 11,315 5,700 2,520 4,358	
By major credit type:   Automobile			7,794 9,714 518 22,908	7,999 9,722 510 22,904	8,260 10,039 668 24,595	7,178 10,136 547 23,581	7,447 9,856 519 24,405	7,667 10,371 655 25,137	8,430 10,699 531 24,188	7,676 10,424 582 25,509	7,066 10,613 515 24,057	7,131 10,196 490 24,322	7,780 10,475 558 25,330	77,659 10,458 597 724,781	7,250 11,038 505 25,198	
By major holder:     do       Commercial banks     do       Finance companies     do       Credit unions     do       Retailers     do			10,947 3,730 2,722 3,468	10,994 3,861 2,614 3,436	11,735 4,293 3,000 3,438	11,294 3,728 2,842 3,565	11,630 4,168 2,940 3,507	11,834 4,584 2,970 3,589	11,651 3,716 2,952 3,639	11,947 4,566 3,094 3,595	11,455 3,765 2,852 3,684	11,152 4,162 2,851 3,772	11,693 4,444 2,851 3,890	11,221 *4,263 2,868 3,989	11,298 4,526 2,737 4,115	
Revolving	275.629		6,308 8,972 410 278,453	6,612 8,804 428 282,575	7,035 9,290 434 287,315	6,488 9,340 445 291,856	6,831 9,427 447 295,052	7,073 9,584 473 299,813	6,607 9,642 442 303,902	7,189 9,760 432 305,217	6,533 9,814 412 307,641	6,449 9,764 382 311,122	6,808 10,186 438 308,984	*6,778 9,883 399 *308,190	6,855 10,427 377 307,961	
By major holder:  Commercial banks do  Finance companies do  Credit unions do  Retailers do	136.189 54,298 45,939 24 976	149,604 68,318 48,186 27,916		139,843 58,334 46,322 23,097	142,102 59,635 46,832 23,421	144,035 60,996 47,478 23,672	145,169 62,463 47,772 23,713	147,312 63,362 48,631 24,114	148,657 64,822 49,214 24,446	149,152 65,692 48,770 24,860	149,057 67,164 48,673 25,732	149,604 68,318 48,186 27,916	148,868 68,724 47,270 26,985	148,249 *69,545 46,707 26,309	147,315 70,499 46,894 25,841	
By major credit type:   Automobile	102,468 47,051 16,942	115,022 55,330 17,409	105,426 45,240 16,092	107,186 45,781 16,198	109,211 46,489 16,453	110,930 47,458 16,607	111,952 47,894 16,719	113,351 49,270 16,972	114,765 50,422 17,105	114,876 50,883 17,244	115,121 52,060 17,349	115,022 55,330 17,409	114,761 54,420 17,387	*115,007 53,522 17,476	115,459 52,662 17,566	
FEDERAL GOVERNMENT FINANCE           Budget receipts and outlays:         mil. \$.           Receipts (net)         do           Outlays (net)         do           Budget surplus or deficit (—)         do	401,997 450,836 44,839	465,940 493,221 1-27,281	31,144 43,725 -12,581	52,230 40,752 11,478	38,287 41,618 -3,331	53,910 40,687 13,223	33,268 40,482 –7,214	39,353 54,279 -14,926	47,295 29,625 17,670	33,099 47,807 14,708	38,320 46,841 -8,522	42,617 44,010 -1,393	43,429 47,988 -4,559	37,862 47,208 -9,346		
Budget financing, total do Borrowing from the public do Reduction in cash balances do	48,839 59,106 1–10.267	127,281 133,641 1-6,360	12,581 8,012 4,569	-11,478 -4,965 -6,513	3,331 1,806 1,525	-13,223 -1,458 -11,765	7,214 4,831 2,383	14,926 3,268 11,658	-17,670 4,250 -21,920	$^{14,708}_{2,217}_{12,491}$	8,522 5,548 2,974	1,393 11,207 -9,814	4,559 5,201 -642	9,346 2,066 7,280		
Gross amount of debt outstanding do	4780,425 4610,948	1833,751 1644,589	804,624 636,857	804,046 631,893	812,220 633,698	812,247 632,241	814,740 637,072	820,385 640,339	833,751 644,589	833,999 646,806	840,965 652,354	852,184 663,561	854,741 668,762	861,603 670,827		
Budget receipts by source and outlays by agency: Receipts (net), total	401,997 180,988 159,952	1465.940 1217.841 165,677 1141.591	31,144 8,255 9,301 10,373	52,230 25,029 9,767 14,165	38,287 14,575 1,403 18,652	53,910 25,568 15,640 9,375	33,268 17,086 2,019	39,353 17,215 1,368 17,164	47,295 23,341 9,633 10,809	33,099 18,682 1,476 9,384	38,320 18,972 1,160	42,617 20,192 10,206 8,675	43,429 26,856 2,237	37,862 15,522 1,420 16,857		
Other         do           Outlays, total #         do           Agriculture Department         do           Defense Department, military         do	137,647 137,647 1450,836 120,368 1103,042	140,832 1493,221 120,634	3,216 43,725 1,724 9,979	3,269 . 40,752 1,999 9,329	3,657 41,618 1,178 9,830	3,326 40,687 550 9,838	3,597 40,482 1,093 10,256	3,605 54,279 913 10,547	3,512 29,625 904 9,353	3,557 47,807 1,712 10,180	3,753 46,841 1,870 10,563	3,544 44,010 2,870 10,343	3,560	4,064 47,208 2,054 10,940		
Health, Education, and Welfare  Department mil. \$  Treasury Department do  National Aeronautics and Space Adm do  Veterans Administration do	*162,856 *56,355 *3,980 *18,962	181,186 164,596 14,187 119,887	15,762 4,399 389 2,715	14,728 6,363 198 837	15,384 4,718 366 1,691	15,282 8,204 389 2,495	15,054 5,557 341 664	25,930 4,582 413 2,556	6,413 4,031 387 597	16,389 6,235 384 1,807	16,764 5,045 415 2,698	16,499 8,759 328 1,776	16,855 5,164 417 800	17,036 5,353 408 2,772		
LIFE INSURANCE  Institute of Life Insurance: Assets, total, all U.S. life insurance cos	389.92 26.54 191.56 106.17 93.67	431.45 29.08 209.49 118.78 106.60	400.08 27.56 197.80 108.42 97.50	402.96 27.84 198.83 109.20 98.12	405.63 28.00 200.16 110.02 98.77	409.85 28.18 202.02 111.12 99.65	414.12 28.47 204.87 112.12 100.55	418.35 28.73 207.00 113.10 101.38	421.66 28.92 207.96 114.37 102.50	423.76 29.16 207.46 115.99 104.00	427.50 29.30 209.05 117.25 105.15	431.45 29.08 209.49 118.78 106.60	436.38 29.34 213.42 120.08 107.88	439.12 29.58 214.74 121.10 108.81		
Real estate	11.76 30.15 2.37 21.37	13.05 34.76 2.51 23.78	11.99 31.16 1.25 21.91	12.09 31.51 1.57 21.92	12.10 31.83 1.35 22.16	12.20 32.13 1.55 22.65	12.35 32.39 1.50 22.42	12.74 32.71 1.37 22.70	12.74 33.05 1.46 23.16	12.82 33.57 1.36 23.40	12.91 34.22 1.35 23.42	13.05 34.76 2.51 23.78	13.08 35.26 1.60 23.60	13.24 35.78 1.44 23.24		
Life Insurance Agency Management Association: Insurance written (new paid-for insurance): Value, estimated total	407,042 279,044 121,729 6,269	475,273 319,135 150,748 5.390	26,819 10,913	33,739 26,097 7,118 523	37,131 27,798 8,821 512	41,499 27,336 13,692 471	35,420 25,922 9,080 418	40,554 27,463 12,605 487	37,921 24,370 13,160 392	48,607 29,543 18,624 439	41,815 27,629 13,818 368	32,474 23,875				

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1976 and descriptive notes are as shown	1978	1979		-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		19	79	,					19	80	
in the 1977 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anr	ıual	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
			FII	NAN	CE—C	CONT	INUI	ED								
MONETARY STATISTICS																
Gold and silver: Gold:									44.000							
Monetary stock, U.S. (end of period) mil. \$.  Net release from earmark \$	11,671 525 1,113,795	11,112 294 4,907,865	11,479 6 349,738	11,418 20 332,623	25	11,323 25 309,958	11,290 34 460,706	26	11,228 2 306,368	41	11,112 23	11,112	31	11,172 29 161,531	11,172 22 473,255	
Exports thous \$ Imports do		1,480,203	56,015	40,511	441,315 123,863	114,203	84,965		151,742	183,900	825,793 257,540	187,883 233,832	254,927	261,649		
Production: South Africa mil. \$. Canada do	955.4 70.4	955.1	80.6	79.8	82.3	79.7	80.2	81.0	80.6	80.6	80.6	74.3	76.4	77.7	75.6	
Silver: Exports thous. \$.	119,125	471,162	11,213	6,443	12,462	13,940	10,668	14,577	32,057	78,682	166,741	100,241	298,433	345,301	253,438	
Imports	389,015 5.401	961,761 11.094	95,502 7,445	29,122 7.492	61,630 8.373	50,151 8.538	52,809 9.135	45,176 9.334	77,986 13.959	202,189 16.781	120,781 16.603	155,590 21.793	258,547 38.257	174,301 35.085	195,889 24.133	
Production: United Statesthous. fine oz.	23,972	27,397	2,642	1,848	1,928	2,423	2,308	1,324	2,112	2,411	2,464	4,442	2,046	3,508	4,424	
Currency in circulation (end of period)bil. \$.	114.6	125.6	112.0	113.2	115.4	116.6	117.9	118.9	118.7	120.1	122.1	125.6	121.2	121.4		
Money stock measures and components (averages of daily figures): † Measures (not seasonally adjusted): ‡															]	
M1-A bil. \$. M1-B do.	342.2 347.4	360.8 374.8	345.5 357.5	359.5 373.0	350.5 363.9	359.3 373.4	365.1 379.9	363.2 378.6	367.0 382.7	369.7 385.5	372.2 387.8	381.1 397.3	377.4 393.9	368.1 384.6	368.5 r385.6	373.0 391.0
M2 do do do do	1,349.2 1,545.6	1,467.2 1,700.0	1,422.2 1,650.5	1,448.5 1,673.1	1,445.5 1,671.1	1,466.8 1,689.4	1,482.2 1,706.1	1,486.8 1,716.3	1,498.2 1,736.1	1,507.1 1,752.4	1,509.9	1,526.0 1,779.0	1,536.1 1,790.6	1,538.1	1,547.8 1,806.9	1,556.0 1,815.2
L (M3 plus other liquid assets) do	1,825.1	2,044.1	1,976.1	2,006.0	2,013.9	2,041.7	2,059.1	2,070.6	2,094.0	2,113.0	2,122.1	2,141.5	r2,160.4	72,173.3		
Components (not seasonally adjusted):  Currency	93.2 249.0	102.3 258.5	98.7 246.8	1 99.9 259.6	100.6 249.9	101.8 257.5	103.2 261.9	103.9 259.3	104.5 262.4	105.2 264.5	106.6 265.6	108.0 273.1	106.5 270.9	106.9 261.2	107.9 260.6	108.7 264.3
Other checkable deposits ‡‡ do Overnight RP's and Eurodollars * do	5.2	13.9 24.8	12.0 24.8	13.5 25.1	13.4 26.3	14.1 26.0	14.8 25.1	15.3 25.2	15.7 26.1	15.8 25.6	15.7 23.5	16.2 24.1	16.5 24.9	16.5 '24.8	r17.0 r23.2	18.0
Money market mutual funds do Savings deposits do	7.1 488.5	26.9 446.6	16.8 457.2	19.2 455.3	21.8 450.9	24.6 452.9	28.0 454.4	31.2 451.1	33.7 445.6	36.9 434.6	40.4 420.0	43.6 414.8	49.1 410.3	56.7 r402.0	760.4 394.7	60.6 383.3
Small time deposits @ do Large time deposits @ do	. 488.2 173.0	596.7 203.8	568.4 201.1	578.5 196.7	585.3 196.3	592.5 193.1	597.4 194.9	603.3 200.0	612.7 206.8	627.3 214.2	640.8 219.5	648.8 222.6	660.6 224.1	r672.6 r228.2	r686.5 r231.5	704.1 231.9
Measures (seasonally adjusted): ‡ M1-A			351.9	356.2	356.1	360.3	363.2	365.4	367.5	368.0	369.6	371.5	372.6	376.4	r375.4	369.6
M1-B			363.9 1,425.4	369.7 1,440.2	369.5 1,448.3		378.0 1,476.4	380.7 1,489.5	383.2 1,499.7	383.9 1,507.2		387.7 1,524.2	389.0 1,532.8	1,546.5	71,551.1	387.7 1,547.5
M3			1,652.6 1,976.0	1,666.5 1,998.1	1,674.9 2,016.7	1,689.5 2,043.0	1,702.9 2,057.2	1,719.3 2,074.6	1,738.2 2,102.7	1,751.8 2,114.8	1,762.6 2,123.7	1,773.6 2,139.0	1,785.3 r2,153.7	1,804.1 '2,176.1	1,809.2	1,808.8
Components (seasonally adjusted): Currency			99.6	100.2	100.8	101.7	102.6	103.7	104.8	105.4	105.9	106.1	107.3	108.2	108.9	109.0
Savings deposits			252.3 456.9	256.0 452.6	255.2 448.9	258.5 450.2	260.6 451.0	261.7 450.3	262.7 445.3	262.7 435.9	263.7 422.2	265.4 417.7	265.3 412.9	268.1 '405.1	266.5 394.4	260.6 381.0
Small time deposits @			565.6 200.0	576.3 198.4	584.5 197.3	592.0 195.4	597.0 197.4	604.6 200.4	614.2 207.4	627.5 213.6	645.8 218.3	653.8 219.1	659.5 222.2	'669.6 228.1	r683.3 r230.7	701.3 233.9
PROFITS AND DIVIDENDS (QTRLY.)  Manufacturing corps. (Fed. Trade Comm.):																
Net profit after taxes, all industries mil. \$. Food and kindred products do	81,148 6,213	98,735 7,339	22,637 1,457			26,785 1,918			24,771 2,171			24,542 1,793				
Textile mill products do Paper and allied products do	1,170 2,598	1,340 3,723	246 867			355 917			381 1,162			358 777				
Chemicals and allied products	9,117	10,856 21,878	2,729 3,938		1	2,925 5,221			2,630 5,712					1		
Stone, clay, and glass products	. 2,353 1,362	2,399	291 601			755			776 606			577				
Primary iron and steel do Fabricated metal products (except ordnance,	2,124	2,185	617			966			743			-141				
machinery, and transport. equip.) mil. \$.  Machinery (except electrical) do	. 3,815 . 10,746	4,470 11,678	1,028 2,710			1,280 3,042			1,094 2,816			1,068 3,110				
Elec. machinery, equip., and supplies do  Transportation equipment (except motor	6,500	7,372	1,807			1,943			1,731			1,891				
vehicles, etc.) mil. \$.  Motor vehicles and equipment	2,374 6,211	3,135 4,382	658 2,164			864 1,917			801 -51			812 352				
All other manufacturing industries do	13,760	15,313	3,524		***************************************	3,937			4,199			3,653				
Dividends paid (cash), all industries do SECURITIES ISSUED	. 28,932	32,482	7,130			8,173			8,088			9,091				
Securities and Exchange Commission: Estimated gross proceeds, total mil. \$.	50,945	55,634	4,778	4,965	5,585	5,888	3,983	3,982	5,216	4,829	4,471	3,530				
By type of security:  Bonds and notes, corporate	35,846	38,719	4,047	4,184	3,695	4,654	2,862	2,425	3,430	3,163	2,697	2,188				
Common stock	7,937 2,832	8,727 3,650	441 231	424 155	418 174	613 278	606 392	1,055 401	589 698	1,274 195	788 465	1,044 289				
By type of issuer:																
Corporate, total #	. 46,615 11,062 3,100	51,096 11,532 3,166	4,719 763 101	4,763 822 171	4,287 1,292	5,545 1,193 363	3,860 1,013 102	3,881 1,166 156	4,717 1,489 509	4,632 1,485 408	3,950 480 226	3,521 496 386				
Public utility do	. 12,253	13,652	1,331	1,130	182 865	1,351	879	731	1,397	1,519	1,438	1,008				
Transportation do  Communication do  Financial and real estate do	1,763 3,640 10,861	2,788 4,673 11,507	226 582 1,363	302 261 1,908	206 109 1,342	267 409 1,477	325 95 1,134	237 337 733	155 671 342	296 310 312	259 856 474	173 56 904				
State and municipal issues (Bond Buyer): Long-term	46,215	42,261	4,525	3,126	2,917	4,483	3,287	3,997	2,588	f	4,286	3,710	2,916	2,348	r2,369	
Short-term do	21,642		1,354	3,126 4,406	762	1,660	1,571	1,546	2,588	4,146 476	1,930	1,497	1,405	2,348	12,369	4,504 4,365
SECURITY MARKETS Stock Market Customer Financing																
Margin credit at brokers, end of year						1			10.00					10.55		
or month mil. \$. Free credit balances at brokers:	11,035	'11,619 '1,105	11,056 830	11,416 835		11,763 895	12,019 885	12,236 910	12,178 960	11,483 950	11,083 955	'11,619 '1,105		12,638 1,320		
Margin accounts do Cash accounts do					840 2,590	2,880	3,025	2,995		3,490		4,060	4,680	4,755		

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1976 and descriptive notes are as shown	1978	1979					197	79	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					198	30	
in the 1977 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ıual	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
			F	INAN	ICE—	-Cont	inue	d								
SECURITY MARKETS—Continued  Bonds																
Prices: Standard & Poor's Corporation: High grade corporate: Composite §dol. per \$100 bond. Domestic municipal (15 bonds)do U.S. Treasury bonds, taxable ¶do	55.6 77.9 51.26	51.1 73.4 347.99	52.2 75.4 47.84	52.3 75.6 47.89	51.9 76.0 47.24	53.5 77.0 48.61	53.4 76.4 48.39	53.0 75.9 48.01	51.8 73.2 (²)	47.8 68.2	45.8 66.4	46.1 67.2	44.0 66.2	37.8 60.2	37.3 53.5	41.0 58.0
Sales:  New York Stock Exchange, exclusive of some stopped sales, face value, total mil. \$	4,554.01	4,087.89	275.46	279.00	289.25	305.01	280.72	368.70	310.25	448.63	466.43	499.19	411.58	431.78	422.52	406.20
Yields: Domestic corporate (Moody's) percent. By rating: Aa do. Aa do. A do. Baa do.	9.07 8.73 8.92 9.12 9.49	9.63 9.94 10.20 10.69	9.76 9.37 9.61 9.81 10.26	9.81 9.38 9.65 9.88 10.33	9.96 9.50 9.86 10.00 10.47	9.81 9.29 9.66 9.89 10.38	9.69 9.20 9.49 9.75 10.29	9.74 9.23 9.53 9.85 10.35	9.93 9.44 9.70 10.03 10.54	10.71 10.13 10.46 10.83 11.40	11.37 10.76 11.22 11.50 11.99	11.35 10.74 11.15 11.46 12.06	11.74 11.09 11.56 11.88 12.42	12.92 12.38 12.73 12.99 13.57	13.73 12.96 13.51 13.97 14.45	13.21 12.04 13.06 13.55 14.19
By group: Industrials do Public utilities do Railroads do	8.90 9.22 8.64	9.85 10.39 9.60	9.50 10.02 9.30	9.57 10.05 9.38	9.69 10.23 9.48	9.57 10.04 9.44	9.47 9.90 9.45	9.52 9.97 9.48	9.66 10.19 9.50	10.28 11.13 9.89	11.00 11.73 10.35	11.02 11.68 10.44	11.35 12.12 10.68	12.35 13.48 11.06	13.11 14.33 11.43	12.93 13.50 11.63
Domestic municipal:   Bond Buyer (20 bonds)	6.07 5.90 7.89	6.53 6.39 8.74	6.28 6.16 8.45	6.27 6.14 8.44	6.16 6.10 8.55	6.12 5.99 8.32	6.14 6.05 8.35	6.36 6.10 8.42	6.56 6.40 8.68	7.26 6.98 9.44	7.26 7.19 9.80	7.32 7.09 9.59	7.52 7.21 10.03	8.72 8.04 11.55	9.44 9.09 11.87	7.96 8.40 10.83
Prices:  Dow-Jones averages (65 stocks)  Industrial (30 stocks)  Public utility (15 stocks)  Transportation (20 stocks)	283.63 820.23 104.61 222.61	293.46 844.40 104.56 237.83	286.50 847.84 103.85 216.44	294.69 864.96 103.23 231.81	286.65 837.41 100.26 227.92	293.01 838.65 104.59 239.68	297.04 836.95 107.43 248.42	310.60 873.55 108.80 265.75	309.44 878.50 107.03 262.04	293.20 840.39 102.68 241.91	287.66 815.78 102.69 239.49	298.88 836.14 108.17 253.27	307.16 860.74 108.13 263.83	320.70 878.22 110.64 290.40	291.82 803.56 102.03 259.76	285.15 786.33 105.80 244.40
Standard & Poor's Corporation: \$   Combined index (500 Stocks)	96.02 106.16 104.38 84.80	103.01 114.83 115.27 83.82	100.11 111.66 114.50 82.70	102.07 113.95 116.32 84.03	99.73 111.24 113.76 81.79	101.73 112.98 114.76 83.30	102.71 113.63 114.08 82.40	107.36 118.93 119.82 87.54	108.60 121.06 119.95 88.06	104.47 116.95 114.66 83.76	103.66 116.12 113.39 81.48	107.78 120.78 119.27 84.52	110.87 124.72 126.68 85.09	115.34 130.91 131.27 83.14	104.69 118.73 116.20 75.50	102.97 115.57 110.20 76.93
Utilities (40 Stocks) do.  Transportation (20 Stocks) 1970 = 10.  Railroads (10 Stocks) 1941-43 = 10.  Financial (40 Stocks) 1970 = 10.  NewYorkCity banks(6 Stocks) 1941-43 = 10.  Banks outside N.Y.C. (10 Stocks) do.  Property-Casualty Insurance (6 Stocks) do.	51.64 13.81 45.35 11.53 43.70 100.99 106.96	50.40 14.53 51.74 12.33 44.48 104.86 119.06	50.62 13.48 46.64 11.63 42.54 99.28 116.11	50.09 14.18 49.75 11.97 44.24 101.93 118.88	48.65 14.07 49.88 11.85 44.18 100.47 117.03	50.57 14.65 52.60 12.51 44.93 104.76 120.67	51.73 15.20 54.73 13.01 46.61 109.29 122.13	52.52 16.18 57.62 13.69 49.26 117.81 125.91	51.16 15.72 56.00 13.39 47.44 113.53 125.33	49.05 14.64 53.18 12.32 43.04 104.08 120.03	48.79 14.50 54.23 12.08 42.03 101.87 119.87	50.50 15.23 56.90 12.50 43.50 105.44 125.81	50.26 15.51 58.64 12.64 44.57 105.74 129.12	49.04 17.22 69.61 11.95 42.26 97.02 121.98	45.40 15.62 63.39 10.73 38.46 87.69 110.23	48.37 14.68 59.46 11.56 41.09 97.54 120.70
New York Stock Exchange common stock indexes           Composite         12/31/65=50           Industrial         do           Transportation         do           Utility         do           Finance         do	53.70 58.23 43.50 39.22 56.65	58.32 64.75 47.34 38.20 61.42	56.19 61.89 43.22 38.94 57.65	57.50 63.63 45.92 38.63 59.50	56.21 62.21 45.60 37.48 58.80	57.61 63.57 47.53 38.44 61.87	58.38 64.24 48.85 38.88 64.43	61.19 67.71 52.48 39.26 68.40	61.89 69.17 52.21 38.39 67.21	59.27 66.68 48.09 36.58 61.64	59.02 66.45 47.61 36.55 60.64	61.75 69.82 50.59 37.29 63.21	63.74 72.67 52.61 37.08 64.22	66.06 76.42 57.92 36.22 61.84	59.52 68.71 51.77 33.38 54.71	58.47 66.31 48.62 35.29 57.32
Yields (Standard & Poor's Corp.):       Composite (500 stocks)       percent.         Industrials (400 stocks)       do.         Utilities (40 stocks)       do.         Transportation (20 stocks)       do.         Financial (40 stocks)       do.         Professed stocks 10 birth grade       do.	5.28 5.06 8.33 4.49 5.03	5.45 5.18 9.19 4.68 5.47 9.11	5.36 5.08 8.97 4.89 5.45	5.35 5.07 9.09 4.65 5.50 8.75	5.58 5.30 9.42 4.78 5.67 8.82	5.53 5.27 9.07 4.60 5.50 8.87	5.50 5.26 8.92 4.48 5.42 8.93	5.30 5.07 8.88 4.21 5.03 9.02	5.31 5.05 9.20 4.38 5.15 9.13	5.56 5.27 9.68 4.71 5.64	5.71 5.42 9.71 4.74 5.75	5.53 5.26 9.43 4.75 5.60	5.41 5.11 9.53 4.69 5.57	5.24 4.92 9.84 4.28 5.81	5.87 5.52 10.65 4.74 6.27	11.16
Preferred stocks, 10 high-grade	249,257 9,602	299,973 10,863	23,356 851	22,769 839	22,006 811	25,683 962	25,243 924	30,295 1,125	26,152 924	33,846 1,168	22,864 833	29,413 1,044	39,881 1,402			
On New York Stock Exchange:  Market value  Shares sold (cleared or settled)  New York Stock Exchange:  Exclusive of odd-lot and stopped stock sales (sales effected)  millions.	210,426 7,618 7,205	251,098 8,675 8,156	19,613 688 650	19,191 671 621	18,252 635 624	21,318 754 728	21,360 751 681	25,477 908 825	21,725 740 714	28,526 932 858	18,665 654 654	24,151 813 710	33,942 1,091 1,158	957	876	674
Shares listed, N.Y. Stock Exchange, end of period: Market value, all listed shares bil. \$. Number of shares listed millions.	822.74 27,573	960.61 30,033	877.86 27,837	882.00 27,970	863.40 28,216	901.56 29,285	912.84 29,371	964.41 29,504	961.30 29,558	892.93 29,713	940.78 29,856	960.61 30,033	1,019.05 30,278	1,009.13 30,383	898.82 30,558	941.84 30,752
	F	OREIC	N TI	RADE	OF	THE	UNIT	ED S	STAT	ES						
VALUE OF EXPORTS																
Exports (mdse.), incl. reexports, total @ mil. \$  Excl. Dept. of Defense shipments	¹143,662.8 ¹143,577.5	181,801.6 181,636.8		14,257.0	14,818.9 14,812.9 14,083.1	15,365.9 15,344.5 14,817.3	14,731.8 14,725.7 15,691.1	15,009.4 14,975.1 15,713.3	14,939.6 14,919.6 15,822.4	17,283.2 17,275.5 16,680.0	17,320.3 17,301.2 16,928.1	16,984.6 16,954.2 16,741.6	16,343.9	16,970.8 16,958.6 17,233.0	19,685.0 19,671.4 18,534.4	
By geographic regions:         do           Africa	5,887.1 39,629.9 3,464.3 43,607.7 28,375.2	6,299.2 48,771.1 4,318.8 60,014.0 33,096.7	524.2 4,197.9 334.9 5,302.9 3,052.8	458.4 3,827.6 336.4 4,595.4 2,804.8	497.3 3,737.0 361.5 4,998.8 2,919.6	529.5 4,052.6 352.6 4,885.5 2,941.0	480.0 4,375.5 315.6 4,609.6 2,527.7	536.2 4,271.7 313.6 4,784.2 2,519.4	477.8 4,088.0 341.4 4,817.0 2,777.3	640.6 4,303.8 414.5 5,608.3 3,347.3	624.2 4,320.4 439.7 6,310.7 2,895.3	599.4 4,568.2 438.7 5,831.3 2,507.7	555.0 4,046.8 362.1 6,214.1 2,598.6			
Southern North America	11,026.2 10,992.3			1,178.4 971.3		1,330.3 1,176.9	1,119.0 1,222.0		1,188.7 1,161.7	1,446.0 1,385.5	1,360.1 1,273.3	1,529.0 1,446.6	1,480.2 1,104.2			

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1976 and descriptive notes are as shown	1978	1979					197	79						19	80	
in the 1977 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	1	nual	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
F	DREIG	N TR	ADE	OF T	HE U	NITI	ED ST	CATE	S—C	ontin	ued					
VALUE OF EXPORTS—Continued Exports (mdse.), incl. reexports—Continued By leading countries:								·								
Africa: Egypt mil. \$. Republic of South Africa do	1,134.1 1,080.1	1,433.3 1,413.0	173.3 103.6	113.5 108.2	140.7 108.9	122.5 122.3	82.8 122.0	98.5 109.2	78.5 125.3	115.9 146.5	179.5 128.3	121.0 149.4	150.5 136.5			
Asia; Australia and Oceania: Australia, including New Guinea	947.9 495.7 728.4	3,649.4 1,167.0 529.1 932.1	285.5 98.3 53.9 77.8	286.5 74.0 60.1 66.7	312.2 57.7 24.6 76.4	294.9 73.6 38.1 89.4	259.5 82.6 70.2 74.9	258.2 172.0 45.0 79.9	283.0 106.6 45.5 84.6	344.6 92.9 23.2 86.1	381.7 88.5 15.3 87.8	370.5 149.1 32.7 89.2	308.2 86.0 25.7 85.0			
Indonesia do Philippines do Japan do	751.4 1,041.2 12,885.1	981.5 1,570.1 17,579.3	74.8 115.1 1,609.7	71.2 130.9 1,317.2	107.3 130.2 1,257.7	79.4 112.1 1,505.2	109.2 147.9 1,584.8	107.7 134.1 1,449.2	99.4 131.7 1,539.9	73.0 134.4 1,521.2	73.8 146.5 1,597.5	89.4 174.3 1,606.3	102.6 123.7 1,525.8			
Europe: France	4,166.2 170.4 6,956.8 3,360.6 2,252.3	5,586.7 356.0 8,482.3 4,358.5 3,607.1	546.6 32.9 811.2 406.3 271.0	470.7 26.2 647.6 363.5 273.7	410.4 33.1 679.5 378.5 234.6	438.6 31.1 650.9 364.9	392.5 9.2 610.1 273.5	439.9 17.4 673.5 346.0 341.3	488.8 26.2 680.9 296.3 312.5	544.4 34.0 832.6 413.2 325.8	533.4 61.7 813.6 411.8 378.3	509.3 67.8 849.4 474.9 426.4	17.2			
United Kingdom	7,116.0	10,634.8	962.1	864.5	866.6	352.4 766.5	364.5 903.5	860.8	848.4	1,000.7		863.9				
Canada         do           Latin American republics, total #         do           Argentina         do           Brazil         do           Chile         do           Colombia         do           Mexico         do           Venezuela         do           Exports of U.S. merchandise, total §         do           Excluding military grantaid         do		33,095.8 26,256.6 1,889.9 3,441.6 885.5 1,409.3 9,847.2 3,931.3 178,578.0 178,413.2	3,052.8 1,974.0 99.2 272.9 53.1 99.2 711.1 330.1 15,300.1 15,297.8	2,804.6 1,969.1 112.1 232.9 50.3 102.3 763.2 353.4 14,020.8 14,010.5	2,919.6 2,001.2 143.0 228.9 56.9 108.9 755.3 312.9 14,534.9 14,529.0	2,940.9 2,320.9 124.9 254.6 86.6 181.6 905.3 343.6 15,102.6 15,081.1	2,527.7 2,169.9 155.4 321.8 81.0 128.0 718.9 353.9 14,496.0 14,489.9	2,519.4 2,343.9 145.6 324.7 92.9 119.5 924.9 315.6 14,748.5 14,714.1	2,777.1 2,182.9 151.9 347.7 72.6 95.4 799.7 311.6 14,686.3 14,666.3	3,347.3 2,631.3 307.2 329.4 99.8 128.1 968.4 343.8 16,998.7 16,991.0	2,895.3 2,453.5 199.0 341.8 93.5 127.0 954.3 289.4 16,966.8 16,947.7	2,507.7 2,736.0 219.3 392.4 88.4 148.2 1,008.5 430.1 16,662.1 16,631.6	2,598.5 2,359.0 176.1 273.5 77.0 123.9 982.8 287.2 16,031.5			
Agricultural products, total do  Nonagricultural products, total do  By commodity groups and principal	29,384.1 111,741.4	34,745.4 143,832.6	2,877.3	2,651.5	2,509.1 12,025.8	2,760.6 12,342.0	2,715.2 11,780.8	2,735.4 12,013.0	2,734.7 11,951.6	3,507.9 13,490.8	3,783.9	3,681.5 12,980.6	3,276.9 12,754.6			
commodities: Food and live animals #	118,311.3 958.4 11,633.8	1,126.9	1,581.0 94.7 929.9	1,528.1 86.8 960.8	1,584.8 90.0 1,039.4	1,905.2 106.9 1,225.3	2,053.3 87.5 1,397.2	2,055.9 88.1 1,399.7	2,056.5 99.2 1,376.7	2,384.3 103.9 1,599.4	2,194.9 93.6 1,442.9	2,273.8 120.2 1,523.7	2,107.9 84.2 1,301.9	2,046.5	2,212.3	
Beverages and tobacco	12,292.8 115,555.1 1,739.6 5,210.4 1,839.1	2,336.7 20,755.3 2,198.4 5,707.7 3,324.6	223.2 1,837.5 188.7 644.4 226.6	202.3 1,668.0 198.1 517.1 211.9	183.1 1,626.7 174.7 349.4 296.3	175.8 1,605.2 197.2 319.0 248.1	176.4 1,434.6 133.5 260.3 296.1	178.1 1,539.4 148.7 313.9 290.0	141.8 1,555.6 136.5 313.8 292.5	184.0 1,940.8 127.8 640.0 280.2	281.6 2,323.0 214.1 834.5 385.8	283.6 2,160.6 311.9 564.7 412.8	152.4 2,109.7 256.1 606.4 404.8	204.1	335.3 2,375.4	
Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc. #	13,880.6 2,122.6 1,563.7	5,615.9 3,496.0 1,913.6	435.7 258.8 152.3	467.0 279.6 169.1	471.2 325.9 139.3	499.8 316.7 157.4	534.0 330.0 188.4	496.3 328.3 148.8	438.0 272.3 150.6	567.4 389.2 167.3	521.5 319.1 186.2	542.8 319.8 196.4	481.4 233.5 219.3	435.8 186.9	566.9 234.9	
Oils and fats, animal and vegetable do  Chemicals	11,521.3 112,622.8	1,845.0 17,306.2	171.3 1,522.3	129.6 1,289.8	104.4 1,320.8	187.6 1,513.2	157.6 1,433.2	140.1 1,546.8	163.7 1,589.6	146.6 1,652.7	166.4 1,439.2	158.7 1,607.5	139.6 1,617.1	142.5 1,537.8	228.1 1,880.4	
Manufactured goods # do Textiles do Iron and steel do Nonferrous base metals do		16,235.2 3,189.4 2,342.0 1,609.4	1,384.1 263.8 198.8 129.3	1,228.5 238.8 184.5 126.3	1,355.0 266.8 183.8 141.4	1,468.1 286.9 208.4 153.2	1,230.3 243.7 194.0 116.9	1,341.6 262.5 201.8 124.1	1,360.7 283.1 202.1 114.2	1,565.6 311.2 226.0 142.6		1,536.9 302.6 227.9 171.8	1,647.9 268.6 178.0 171.2		1,882.6	
Machinery and transport equipment, total mil. \$.	159,255.4	70,403.8	6,325.1	5,843.9		5,984.1	5,651.0	5,600.7	5,645.4	6,348.6	· .	6,355.2	5,612.9	6,540.7	· ·	
Machinery, total #         do.           Agricultural         do.           Metalworking         do.           Construction, excav. and mining         do.           Electrical         do.	37,017.5 2,151.6 1,188.3 1,318.4 6,966.6	44,741.0 2,635.5 1,391.4 1,233.8 8,635.0	3,971.7 275.3 119.6 117.6 748.3	3,580.2 259.9 106.7 107.9 703.6	3,806.1 267.5 139.3 105.4 738.7	3,875.1 235.0 129.0 114.4 750.2	3,556.8 224.7 120.0 105.7 673.7	3,665.0 214.9 108.1 123.6 709.2	3,677.6 194.2 111.2 100.3 738.6	4,067.3 224.9 110.1 125.7 790.6	3,885.3 193.9 121.1 89.5 741.5	4,170.8 178.0 125.3 89.4 788.6	3,872.8 208.1 97.5 83.2 783.3			
Transport equipment, total	22,250.3 13,237.3 10,177.5	25,750.4 15,076.5 12,639.6	2,354.4 1,395.4 1,133.2	2,264.8 1,259.0 965.3	2,243.0 1,451.5 1,071.7	2,125.9 1,399.9 1,074.8	2,095.7 1,037.2 997.6	1,957.2 1,019.6 1,038.9	1,976.9 1,200.5 1,080.0	2,283.9 1,454.3 1,157.4	2,284.3 1,345.9 1,173.2	2,212.6 1,154.1 1,157.5	1,744.1 1,130.2 1,575.9		1,542.7	
Commodities not classified	15,006.7	9,030.3	684.5	688.1	764.1	667.4	821.8	776.3	635.0	1,043.5	1,172.0	555.0	659.7	455.2	833.7	
General imports, total	171,978.0	206,326.5	15,764.8 15,357.5	16,172.0 15,841.4		17,435.6 16,835.4	17,115.0 16,806.1	17,931.0 18,277.2	18,075.5 18,407.1			19,797.2 19,665.0		20,638.6 21,640.4	21,060.4 20,607.1	
By geographic regions: Africa do Asia do Australia and Oceania	58,264.0		1,651.1 4,803.7	1,835.0 5,233.8	1,795.7 4,946.8	1,808.4 5,772.2	2,053.1 5,677.3	2,193.1 6,156.5 260.9	2,514.3 6,002.0	6,466.8	2,147.6 5,849.1	2,727.0 5,908.6 304.0	2,421.0 6,642.1 295.7			
Australia and Oceania         do           Europe         do           Northern North America         do           Southern North America         do	12,624.4	38,122.3 17,287.8	253.0 3,458.9 3,373.6 1,285.8	277.7 3,574.2 2,968.5 1,239.4	263.7 3,569.8 3,508.1 1,418.2	285.2 3,986.1 3,096.4 1,395.7	264.5 3,784.9 2,914.5 1,362.6	260.9 3,784.2 2,886.2 1,480.3	232.1 3,385.7 3,164.5 1,580.8	190.1 3,589.6 3,438.0 1,813.2	290.5 4,001.1 3,544.1 1,561.0	304.0 4,436.6 3,428.5 1,772.7	4,092.6 3,463.4 1,916.5			
South Americado do  By leading countries: Africa:	10,302.6	13,172.5	938.1	1,042.9	1,008.7	1,091.4	1,057.8	1,169.3	1,192.9	1,173.6	1,264.2	1,218.6	1,306.9			
Egypt do	.] 105.0 2,258.7		35.1 196.8	14.9 214.1	21.4 256.9	55.1 203.0	19.5 208.9	9.9 264.3	51.0 255.8	61.5 251.8	56.9 238.5	31.3 167.3	342.5	:::::::::		

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1976 and descriptive notes are as shown	1978	1979					19	79	·					19	80	
in the 1977 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anr	nual	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
FC	OREIG	N TR	ADE	OF T	HE U	NITI	ED ST	ГАТЕ	S—C	ontin	ued					
VALUE OF IMPORTS—Continued								·			:					
General imports—Continued	ļ															ļ
By leading countries—Continued Asia; Australia and Oceania:		<u> </u>												Ì		
Australia, including New Guinea mil. \$. India	1,727.7 979.4	2,236.2 1,037.7	189.4 85.4	208.1 96.8	187.8 93.6	201.6 92.8	187.1 92.4	181.7 96.6	178.2 90.1	129.5 88.1	205.0 74.0	218.7 59.4	233.1 92.2			
Pakistan do. Malaysia do.	83.7 1,519.1	120.0 2,145.6	11.6 201.2	11.3 147.4	11.4 166.1	12.0 196.5	10.2 151.6	8.0 182.8	9.5 185.3	9.5 257.0	7.8 175.1	8.2 171.7	11.8 276.8			
Indonesia do. Philippines do.	3,606.9 1,207.2	3,620.6 1,488.8	249.5 120.9	339.0 95.8	226.4 118.3	332.0 128.2	289.0 101.3	384.7 149.3	341.8 129.5	377.2 146.5	306.0 134.2	258.4 149.5	511.8 149.1			
Japan do	24,457.7	26,242.9	1,985.1	2,300.6	2,092.0	2,319.9	2,183.3	2,276.1	2,188.7	2,299.8	2,349.1	2,135.5	2,496.5			
Europe: France	4,051.0	4,770.8	356.4	362.3	409.6	416.7	414.4	395.9	367.4	381.5	489.8	470.8	489.9			
German Democratic Republic (formerly	35.3	36.2	2.6	4.2	3.3	4.1	2.2	2.7	2.9	2.2	2.2	4.9	4.7			
E. Germany) mil. \$. Federal Republic of Germany (formerly			1 1										İ			
W. Germany mil. \$. Italy	9,961.5 4,102.1	10,955.3 4,918.1	858.0 425.0	981.9 403.3	938.8 367.1	1,002.6 492.9	941.9 498.2	1,024.0 403.3	766.2 351.5	803.2 389.3	1,016.5 413.8	1,070.6 492.3	989.3 397.3			
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics do United Kingdomdo	539.1 6,513.9	872.4 8,028.7	23.2 671.0	28.7 653.4	71.9 656.0	75.4 697.4	44.2 710.4	110.3 703.4	90.8 667.1	132.7 712.8	103.3 789.0	147.8 807.5	41.8 782.3			
North and South America:				20000	0.505.0	00010	00100	0.001.0	0.100.0	0.407.0	0 7 1 2 0	A 400 4	0.400.	1		
Canada do Latin American republics, total # do	33,525.0 18,556.0	38,099.3 24,782.2	3,370.6 1,830.4	2,968.3 1,939.1	3,507.3 2,011.1	3,094.2 2,089.1	2,912.0 1,899.8	2,881.9 2,113.9	3,162.3 2,150.1	3,437.8 2,342.9	3,541.6	3,426.4 2,468.5	3,463.1 2,515.5	1		
Argentinado	563.4	587.1	45.9	47.5	59.8	67.1	42.6	56.4	42.9	34.2	35.7	50.7	36.6			
Brazil do Chile do	2,825.7 385.3	3,118.8 439.8	206.9 35.4	240.6 33.0	219.7 46.9	258.6 35.2	232.3 45.3	321.1 50.4	264.5 33.9	215.0 28.9	312.6 35.2	287.8 51.8	294.3 37.6			
Colombia	1,044.2	1,209.4 8,813.4	118.4 656.6	115.0 666.1	104.4 725.6	79.1 710.0	88.4 621.5	97.1 756.8	81.0 767.0	115.9 943.1	110.4 782.8	107.2 937.0	109.3 948.9			
Venezuelado	3,545.1	5,165.9	347.0	475.9	393.6	392.9	476.0	406.7	524.3	464.9	477.4	462.8	537.7			
By commodity groups and principal commodities:	1															
Agricultural products, total mil. \$.  Nonagricultural products, total do	14,961.6 157,016.5	16,881.0 189,445.5	1,435.9 14,329.0	1,490.9 14,681.1	1,382.3 15,129.2	1,509.0 15,926.7	1,267.4 15,847.6	1,314.1 16,616.9	1,257.6 16,817.9	1,255.2 17,988.2	1,542.6 17,115.5	1,656.4 18,140.8	1,649.7 18,489.2	1,367.2	1,536.2	
Food and live animals # do	113,521.5	15,170.6	1,242.6	1,325.7	1,245.1	1,357.3	1,172.9	1,177.1	1,163.2	1,185.5	1,449.5	1,470.9	1,466.1	1,203.4		ł
Cocoa beans do	667.0 3,728.2	554.9° 3,819.7	51.4 282.4	45.0 339.6	27.7 274.6	44.0 279.5	37.7 305.6	50.3 300.8	17.6 357.5	30.1 297.1	31.3 378.1	25.3 453.2	35.2 477.0			
Meats and preparations	1,856.0 723.0	2,539.3 974.3	242.3 62.2	242.3 57.6	231.3 122.5	269.9 120.5	205.2 67.5	165.8 67.3	157.0 70.0	162.3 108.0	221.8 133.3	232.6 60.3	228.7 63.6			
Beverages and tobacco do	12,221.3	2,565.6	221.9	205.3	217.1	210.9	204.2	198.7	222.5	217.8	247.8	258.5	178.6	198.5	l	l .
Crude materials, inedible, exc. fuels # do	19,293.8	10,650.5	859.3	870.1	1,006.0	960.9	919.1	958.3	942.0	852.5	878.1	853.7	882.4	892.6	988.7	
Metal ores	2,811.6 1,166.9	3,247.1 1,546.7	211.1 129.4	251.6 111.7	302.6 156.8	298.8 122.9	306.4 125.6	302.9 138.8	313.9 119.5	251.9 138.1	287.6 144.3	301.4 135.4	304.6 148.3			
Textile fibers do	247.8 684.7	231.2 897.1	19.8 82.3	18.8 100.5	19.4 61.7	20.8 95.3	20.5 67.8	21.7 74.0	16.1 77.3	16.5 62.7	19.3 59.0	18.7 62.7	24.2 99.9			
Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc	142,095.8 39,104.2	60,060.9 56,046.0	3,947.9 3,673.8	4,240.6 4,015.0	4,165.9 3,802.1	4,528.2 4,236.3	5,075.0 4,757.8	5,460.4 5,108.2	6,084.4 5,742.7	6,558.7 6,226.0	5,410.7 4,999.9	6,836.2 6,300.2	6,558.6 6,046.3	7,741.9	ĺ	
Oils and fats, animal and vegetable do	<sup>1</sup> 511.0	739.8 7,485.0	55.7 655.1	44.2 648.7	40.6 698.3	61.6 663.6	35.0 570.9	66.3 648.1	56.8 612.1	72.4 609.9	69.4 708.5	97.6 697.1	58.2 696.1	32.7 726.8	42.3	
Manufactured goods # do	127,234.9	30,065.1	2,424.0	2,251.0	2,596.4	2,669.8	2,481.2	2,627.6	2,484.0	2,693.4	2,721.3	2,739.9	2.916.3	2.815.6	l	
Iron and steel do	7,259.3 2,100.7	7,466.3 2,322.1	479.9 209.3	479.8 183.0	678.0 186.7	644.1 189.5	626.9 185.7	729.3 199.5	697.3 173.5	645.8 194.7	716.7 220.1	690.1 220.4	580.9 216.5		_,	
Nonferrous metals do	5,122.8 2,200.1	6,320.1 2,216.4	562.6 185.9	444.4 182.9	522.8 189.3	562.1 200.6	507.9 179.6	508.1 188.7	490.8 182.3	626.0 173.9	574.0 177.3	693.0 207.9	808.0 203.8			
Textiles do  Machinery and transport equipment do	47,590.2	53,678.4	4,438.3	4,750.0	4,509.3	4,712.5	4,328.6	4,314.3	4,183.5	4,569.4	4,815.0	4,608.9	4.982.8	4 741 9	5,104.2	
Machinery, total # do do do do	24,403.8 946.7			2,313.7 113.4	2,291.1 119.7			2,395.4 123.5	2,362.6 108.7	2,455.1 123.1	2,455.9 156.3	2,366.3 147.2	2,519.4 145.9			
Electrical do	5,170.7	6,588.1	547.1	482.5	523.9	607.1	564.4	584.2	610.2	621.6	568.7	604.7	604.4			
Transport equipment	23,186.1 20,631.2	25,633.6 22,074.6	2,148.8 1,871.7	2,436.2 2,162.9	2,218.3 1,943.1	2,176.5 1,920.8	1,926.6 1,673.5	1,918.9 1,671.6	1,821.0 1,566.2	2,114.4 1,758.2	2,359.1 1,989.9	2,242.5 1,880.7	2,463.4 2,009.5			
Miscellaneous manufactured articles do	119,061.5	21,006.0	1,569.2	1,549.5	1,584.5	1,864.4	1,967.9	2,046.4	1,871.3	1,991.9	1,826.6	1,688.1	1,879.8	1,668.3	1,806.7	
Commodities not classified do	14,018.5	4,904.7	350.8	287.0	448.3	406.4	360.2	433.7	455.8	491.9	531.0	546.3	520.0	616.8	466.8	
Indexes																1
Exports (U.S. mdse., excl. military grant-aid): Unit value	224.7	255.5	255.1	257.1	256.8	264.2	265.6	269.8	266.5	273.4	272.6	274.8	r277.0	276.7	278.7	
Quantity	204.9 460.3	227.9 582.2	234.8 598.8	213.3 548.4	221.5 568.8	223.5 590.3	213.5 567.2	213.5 576.0	215.4 574.1	243.3 665.2	243.4 663.4	237.0 651.1	226.4 627.1	236.0 652.9	271.1 755.8	
General imports:																
Unit value	291.3 221.2	347.4 221.7	319.4 221.6	320.5 226.4	328.1 225.8	335.3 232.9	345.2 221.8	351.5 228.0	362.8 215.0	372.2 231.3	379.9 219.9	388.9 227.6	399.5 224.0	416.6 221.6	425.0 221.8	
Value	644.4	770.1	707.6	725.6	740.9	781.0	765.7	801.5	779.9	860.9	835.5	885.2	894.7	923.1	942.5	
Shipping Weight and Value Waterborne trade:																1
Exports (incl. reexports):	300,032	357,792	28,239	97 460	20 000	21.650	91 700	20 714	20 101	35,324	32,673	34,644				1
Shipping weight thous sh. tons. Value mil \$.	77,268	97,579	28,239 8,176	27,463 7,381	28,288 7,775	31,650 8,384	31,768 8,009	32,714 8,191	30,101 8,072	9,350	9,345	9,751				
General imports: Shipping weight thous. sh. tons	592,949	597,254	45,937	51,080	48,529	51,744	51,439	50,891	51,846	52,068	44,458	51,748				ĺ
Value mil. \$	115,480	140,093	10,028	11,030	10,703	12,170	11,921	12,721	12,556	12,944	12,504	13,684				

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1976 and descriptive notes are as shown		1979					19	79						19	80	ı
in the 1977 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		nual	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
	TF	RANSF	PORT	ATIO	N AI	ND C	OMM	UNI	CATI	ON					-	
TRANSPORTATION																
Air Carriers (Scheduled Service) Certificated route carriers:																
Passenger-miles (revenue) bil. Passenger-load factor percent.	226.78 61.5	261.98 63.0	22.13 64.2	20.27 70.2	20.07 65.8	23.47 69.9	25.46 68.7	69.4	20.62 58.6	20.88 58.6	19.58 58.0	20.50 55.8	19.99 54.5			
Ton-miles (revenue), totalmil.  Operating revenues (quarterly) # § mil. \$.	29,679		2,857 5,817	2,601	2,593	2,939 6.375	3,149	3,333	2,650 7,366	2,760	2,608	2,668	2,536			
Passenger revenues	18,812 1,985		4,829 510			5,336 532			6,230 554							
Mail revenues	383 21,512 1,184		73 5,843 -6			102 6,103 326			114 7,244 116							
Domestic operations: Passenger-miles (revenue) bil. Cargo ton-miles mil. Mail ton-miles do.	. 182.67 . 3,506 . 808	208.86 3,466 852	18.37 318 75	16.28 280 67	15.75 288 70	18.32 294 68	19.71 289 64	21.30 299 70	15.72 284 66	16.48 324 73	15.85 299 73	16.50 270 97	¹15.87 253 76		115.33	
Operating revenues (quarterly) §	. 18,184 . 17,151 . 858		4,683 4,720 -18			5,022 4,781 293			5,693 5,670 21							
International operations: Passenger-miles (revenue) bil.	44.11	53.12	3.76	3.99	4.32	5.15	5.75	6.02	4.90	4.40	3.73	4.00	4.12			
Cargo ton-miles	2,314 374	2,498 372	219 32	196 30	199 30	202 29	223 28	202 30	210 28	247 31	241 37	209 43	179 29			
Operating revenues (quarterly) § mil. \$. Operating expenses (quarterly) § do	4,703 4,361		1,134 1,122			1,354 1,322			1,673 1,574							
Net income after taxes (quarterly) § do  Urban Transit Systems	. 326		12			34			94		***************************************					
Passengers carried, totalmil.	. <sup>6</sup> 7,616	7,830	724	667	713	694	643	673	655	758	710	633	686	679		
Motor Carriers																
Carriers of property, large, class I, qtrly.:  Number of reporting carriers  Operating revenues, total	100 16,618		100 4,329			100 4,398			100 4,790			100 5,282			***************************************	
Net income, after extraordinary and prior period charges and credits	2495	363	58			4,356			140			110				***************************************
Tonnage hauled (revenue), common and contract carrier servicemil. tons.	236		58			56			55			55				
Freight carried—volume indexes, class I and II intercity truck tonnage (ATA):																
Common and contract carriers of property (qtrly.) average same period, 1967=100.	. 157	157	166		,,,,,,	162			159	*************		140				
Common carriers of general freight, seas. adj	181.7	180.3	203.7	145.8	184.7	185.8			175.5	173.3	172.9	172.6	161.8	153.8		
Class I Railroads ‡																
Financial operations, qtrly. (AAR), excl. Amtrak: Operating revenues, total # mil. \$.	21,836		5,711			6,572			6,478			6,926				
Freight do Passenger, excl. Amtrak do	. 20,333 . 356		5,298 92			6,123 96			101							
Operating expenses do Tax accruals and rents do	. 21,130		5,590			6,064			6,348			6,517				
Net railway operating income do Net income (after taxes) do	. 446 3260		55 16			452 423			36 36			280 315				
Traffic: Ton-miles of freight (net), total, qtrly bil.	874.0		211.5			243.3			234.4				.,,			
Revenue ton-miles, qtrly. (AAR) do Price index for railroad freight 1969=100.	. 858.1 . 213.1	902.4 243.4	207.6 233.1	233.5	233.7	238.3 236.5	239.8	242.5	230.5 245.9	263.2	263.9	226.0 264.5	264.7	267.7	228.3 269.8	469.6 279.7
Travel																
Hotels and motor-hotels:  Restaurant sales index same month 1967=100.  Hotels: Average room sale ¶	. 157 38.83		179 42.14	167 42.94	181 46.50	190 46.08	180 46.50	170 46.25	173 47.39	191 50.10	168 48.08					
Rooms occupied	68 28.45		74 31.42	74 30.97	79 31.34	77 32.82	72 33.39	77 33.91	76 33.30	84 34.29	71 33.23					
Rooms occupied % of total. Foreign travel:	. 72		75	75	74	76	73	79	71	77	65					
U.S. citizens: Arrivals thous.  Departures do	. 8,903 8,883	9,259 9,681	747 752	760 785	772 850	804 1,022	1,006 1,095	1,088 966	776 820	787 719	634 643	593 753	691 693			
Aliens: Arrivals do do do do	7,861 6,325	9,886 7,814	671 488	798 607	773 622	867 679	1,166 816	1,178 977	926 717	800 668	704 647	798 660	798 674			
Passports issued	. 3,234 . 62,910	3,170 56,922	338 2,541	356 3,523	386 4,806	347 7,292	302 9,556	Į.	196 6,302	186 5,017	175 2,585	150 1,922	250 1,831	258 1,846	313 2,339	
COMMUNICATION	02,010	00,022	2,011	0,020	2,000	1,202	,,,,,,	10,100	0,502	0,011	2,000	1,022	1,001	1,010	2,000	0,200
Telephone carriers: Operating revenues # mil. \$.	45,905	50,604	4,153	4,168	4,197	4,177	4,229	4,389	4,260	4,411	4,335	4,281	4,479			
Station revenues	219,909 18,630	21,967 22,389	1,802 1,738	1,811 1,680	1,816 1,755	1,827 1,670	1,823 1,738	1,863 1,846	1,858 1,708	1,890 1,844	1,901 1,728	1,838 1,745	1,960 1,817			
Operating expenses (excluding taxes)	. 229,489 . 8,191 . 150.4	33,110 9,084 155.1	2,390 725 151.2	2,682 798 151.6	2,797 719 151.7	2,743 756 152.0	2,733 790 152.4	2,937 768 152.9	2,840 752 153.7	2,963 790 154.2	2,901 771 154.6	2,978 731 155.1	806			
Telegraph carriers:	. 150.4	100.1	101.2	101.0	101.7	102.0	102.4	102.9	100.7	104.2	104.0	100.1	1.00.0			
Domestic: Operating revenues	576.4 470.0		53.1	52.5	54.0	54.0	53.8	54.9	51.3	55.4	54.0	53.2	55.1			
Operating expenses	85.6		42.1 8.2	42.2 7.4	45.4 5.7	44.1 6.5	44.8 6.1	41.9 6.8	42.9 5.4	44.9 7.7	44.1 7.9	44.0 6.9	45.2 7.0			
Operating revenues	. 454.8 . 313.5	326.2	42.5 26.6	39.1 24.8	41.1 26.6	41.1 26.6	40.8 27.2	42.7 27.4	40.4 26.2	44.8 27.6	42.0 28.5	38.0 32.8	43.4 29.0			
Net operating revenues (before taxes) do	. 123.3	142.7	13.9	11.8	12.8	12.7	12.0	13.5	12.5	14.7	11.6	3.9	7.3			

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1978	1979					19	79						19	80	
through 1976 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1977 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ual	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
		CHE	MICA	LS A	ND A	LLIE	D PI	RODI	JCTS		-					•
CHEMICALS Inorganic Chemicals					·					ï						
Production: Aluminum sulfate, commercial (17% Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> ) ‡ thous. sh. tons	1,309	1,215	101	102	109	95	105	119	88	117	105	91	<sup>1</sup> 90	102		
Chlorine gas (100% Cl <sub>2</sub> ) ‡         do           Hydrochloric acid (100% HCl) ‡         do           Phosphorus, elemental ‡         do	11,052 2,791 441	12,053 2,974 461	971 238 40	1,019 243 41	1,037 239 39	1,010 253 37	1,055 256 31	1,030 259 37	984 253 43	1,044 258 45	1,040 253 36	1,089 267 42	'1,015 '296 37	1,007 233 38		
Sodium hydroxide (100% NaOH)	11,326 796 1,168	12,329 778 1,174	985 57 95	1,046 71 93	1,042 69 98	1,039 66 96	1,071 64 102	1,042 55 97	1,023 53 106	1,083 70 103	1,058 66 100	1,113 85 98	*1,021 *75 102	1,007 66 112		
do Titanium dioxide (composite and pure) ‡ do	739 701	752 724	64 61	62 65	61 61	61 64	65 60	57 59	61 62	69 68	67 60	66 55	60 763	63 66		
Sulfur, native (Frasch) and recovered: Production	19,557 5,261	110,263 4,172	806 4,783	782 4,616	856 4,439	866 4,351	871 4,320	927 4,245	862 4,157	945 4,130	927 4,215	942 4,172	945 4,027	r824 r3,973	877 3,898	
Production: Ammonia, synthetic anhydrous ‡																
Ammonium nitrate, original solution ‡ do Ammonium sulfate ‡ do Nitric acid (100% HNO <sub>3</sub> ) ‡ do	17,188 7,210 °2,449 7,934	18,035 7,796 71,547 8,559	1,550 702 189 772	1,571 713 174 781	1,584 682 181 739	1,534 661 161 720	1,408 575 149 664	1,522 596 149 658	1,473 552 157 627	1,439 647 (²) 714	1,642 686 156 744	1,714 771 163 810	*1,616 *762 (²) 807	1,606 748 (²) 791		
Nitrogen solutions (100% N) $\ddagger$	2,286 9,359 41,088	72,396 10,199 42,016	212 895 3,610	208 864 3,604	252 858 3,528	°174 823 3,396	194 817 3,448	°194 842 3,436	*159 846 3,384	6183 842 3,430	232 891 3,630	273 983 3,950	r252 r846 r3,577	252 850 3,420		
Superphosphate and other phosphatic fertilizers $(100\% \ P_2O_3)$ :  Production thous sh tons.  Stocks, end of period	7,176 500 56,833	7,663 366 \$7,640	673 360 715	668 359 813	647 415 591	586 397 *555	609 355 546	630 322 698	623 305 614	611 288 705	687 377 724	736 366 657	r662 r411 574	672 471 574	477	
Exports, total #	<sup>4</sup> 26,247 <sup>4</sup> 2,622 <sup>4</sup> 16,741 <sup>4</sup> 1,827	<sup>3</sup> 28,043 <sup>3</sup> 3,176 17,919 1,576	3,116 466 1,946 106	1,826 291 1,162 73	1,346 212 874 67	2,614 280 1,655 186	2,729 290 1,605 107	2,570 336 1,563 122	2,917 319 1,905 214	2,346 203 1,641 168	1,190 128 815 93	3,379 223 2,585 138	2,910 217 1,443 179	2,644 201 1,256 156	16,141 2,387 11,758 807	
Imports:	404 326 8,390 142	277 245 9,275 116	31 30 779 7	48 70 757 10	37 14 992 11	12 6 774 12	11 5 689 2	20 9 711 31	19 18 918 4	16 22 684 0	31 16 1,060 0	18 15 840 5	28 39 857 13	20 29 719 20	21 31 644 25	
Production: Acetylene mil. cu. ft Carbon dioxide, liquid, gas, and solid	5,386	<sup>7</sup> 5,187	409	430	453	443	424	438	434	461	471	<sup>7</sup> 414	470	470		
Hydrogen (high and low purity)	r3,001 90,777 383,395 429,996	73,153 195,995 1413,556 1429,084	*262 8,353 34,907 38,666	*258 8,742 31,476 36,433	*276 8,151 33,617 37,741	7,969 32,257 36,363	7281 8,169 32,579 35,496	*290 8,089 34,601 34,716	7,705 32,013 32,886	7,343 33,990 33,353	*261 8,162 37,706 35,555	*286 *8,659 *45,374 *41,569	257 8,136 38,266 37,835	251 8,223 39,087 36,865		
Organic Chemicals § Production: Acetylsalicylic acid (aspirin)mil. lb Creosote oilmil. gal	32.2 1143.2	¹32.2 ¹161.6	3.0 13.9	2.7 12.7	2.9 13.8	2.4 14.3	2.6 13.0	2.5 13.5	2.6 15.7	2.7 12.6	2.5 14.1	2.5 14.1	2.5 12.1	3.2 12.9	3.7 14.1	
Ethyl acetate (85%)	1181.9 16,381.0 290.5	1264.6	24.0	22.3	25.1 564.6 25.8	21.6	19.2 522.9 22.8	23.3 528.2 28.8	22.4 543.5 24.5	$ \begin{array}{r}     22.1 \\     552.6 \\     25.5 \end{array} $	19.4 528.8 26.7	21.4 532.4 21.0	22.2	23.3	22.7	
Methanol, synthetic mil. gal  Phthalic anhydride mil. lb  ALCOHOL	<sup>1</sup> 970.4 <sup>1</sup> 978.0	11,116.1 11,039.2	72.2 100.6	100.2 94.9	99.0 102.3	99.0 102.0	83.8 82.4	87.3 98.8	103.0 88.8	99.2 76.6	99.2 81.9	109.4 77.6	99.0 74.8	89.8 83.6	90.7 91.6	
Ethyl alcohol and spirits: Production mil. tax gal	506.7	570.3	49.3	47.3	42.9	48.2	43.8	46.0	53.7	49.4	51.0	54.6				
Used for denaturation do Taxable withdrawals do Stocks, end of period do	420.5 90.1 71.2	459.0 89.9 53.6	39.5 7.5 59.2	36.2 6.2 63.6	37.1 7.4 65.6	26.9 7.9 66.7	36.0 6.4 67.5	44.0 7.2 61.5	36.2 8.8 61.3	44.7 9.3 55.7	45.4 8.6 54.3	41.5 8.0 53.6				
Denatured alcohol: Productionmil. wine gal Consumption (withdrawals)	227.7 228.8 2.7	260.5 260.5 4.1	19.1 21.1 2.7	20.1 19.8 3.1	21.7 21.8 3.0	20.8 21.5 2.4	19.7 19.6 2.6	24.5 22.5 4.1	20.1 21.6 2.3	24.4 22.0 3.6	23.8 24.5 2.8	26.0 25.9 4.1				
PLASTICS AND RESIN MATERIALS																
Production:         mil. lb.           Phenolic resins	<sup>1</sup> 1,926.0 <sup>1</sup> 11,359.4 <sup>1</sup> 3,055.3 <sup>1</sup> 5,988.6 <sup>1</sup> 5,878.0	<sup>1</sup> 1,771.2 <sup>1</sup> 12,581.8 <sup>1</sup> 3,705.7 <sup>1</sup> 6,171.3 <sup>1</sup> 6,183.1	166.9 1,042.4 307.7 575.7 531.2	148.4 1,089.4 319.6 538.3 548.2	156.6 1,109.7 311.7 537.6 589.6	156.2 1,077.6 307.5 532.4 513.4	125.0 1,054.3 328.4 508.7 524.9	134.0 1,082.2 347.0 529.1 546.6	144.7 1,035.8 318.9 526.8 514.0	166.3 1,063.0 315.2 516.9 552.2	135.5 1,066.3 298.9 480.7 506.1	122.2 1,065.7 283.2 519.1 514.2	137.9 1,070.5 326.3 504.5 512.9	132.0 1,012.4 298.4 510.8 519.6	137.3 1,116.1 325.8 422.5 575.1	
MISCELLANEOUS PRODUCTS  Explosives (industrial), shipments, quarterly	10.00	0.00=	200 =			#A= 5			<b>50.</b> 0			<b>5</b> 0- 5				
Paints, varnish, and lacquer, shipments: Total shipments @	6,008.1	2,987.1 *7,033.0 *3,417.7 *2,289.7 *1,325.6	628.1 622.0 296.2 221.6 104.3	574.1 284.0 186.0 104.2	677.8 347.9 209.2 120.7	795.2 668.3 352.7 189.6 126.0	638.4 350.3 163.5 124.6	678.4 *359.6 184.8 134.0	781.9 590.3 287.3 186.1 116.9	648.5 298.0 223.2 127.3	526.8 229.8 187.3 109.7	781.9 448.1 196.3 161.5 90.2	535.8 234.8 193.0 108.0		756.9	

Finless athermies at 4-1 in 6-4	1978	1979					19	79						10	80	
Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1976 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1977 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		nual	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
			ELEC				L	L	Cope			200.				
ELECTRIC POWER		Ī														
Production: Electric utilities, totalmil. kwhr.	2,203,891	2,247,197	182,971	169,514	178,151	186,668				179,792	177,377	188,946				
By fuels do By waterpower do	1,922,953 280,938		156,958 26,013	144,127 25,388	149,108 29,043	161,676 24,991	179,664 22,732	183,533 21,395		159,523 20,269	155,027 22,350	166,213 22,732	174,729 25,297			
Sales to ultimate customers, total (Edison Electric Institute)mil. kwhr.	2,017,818	2,077,789	174,298	164,615	161,951	167,422	177,453	186,227	179,540	167,594	164,404	170,377	178,424			
Commercial and industrial: Small light and power §	480,749 782,141	494,485 813,591	40,065 67,475	37,970 67,849	38,260 69,148	40,759 69,303	43,952 68,698	45,792 69,959	44,006 68,926	40,593 68,737	38,747 67,405	39,655 65,629	41,216 65,531			
Railways and railroadsdo Residential or domesticdo	4,336 679,156	4,243	376 60,498	345 52,745	361 48,493	333 51,193	334 58,470	346	342 60,092	344 51,824	343 52,002	349 58,741	370 65,146			
Street and highway lighting do. Other public authorities do Interdepartmental do.	14,803 49,509 7,125	14,757 49,470	1,245 3,916 723	1,192 3,778 735	1,158 3,789 741	1,108 4,158 566	1,124 4,292 580	1,156 4,448 583	1,210 4,344 619	1,260 4,256 581	1,318 4,051 537	1,364 4,108 531	1,362 4,261			
Revenue from sales to ultimate customers (Edison Electric Institute) mil. \$.	69,852.9	77,643.7	6,179.8	5,907.1	5,911.7	6,298.6	6,856.5	7,275.2	7,039.5	6,539.4	6,339.4	6,622.2	7,008.0			
GAS				·												
Total utility gas, quarterly (American Gas Association): Customers, end of period, totalthous.	. r45,995	46,817	46,668			46,497			46,211			46,817		***************************************		
Residential do	42,382 3,378		42,911 3,521			42,825 3,438			42,622 3,356			43,137 3,441				
Industrial do Other do	189	193	181 55			190 45			188 45			193 45				
Sales to customers, total tril. Btu.  Residential do	14,748	1	5,524			3,473			2,870		1	3,749				1
Residential do Commercial do Industrial do.	5,107 2,500 6,841	5,077 2,506 7,753	2,439 1,068 1,897			975 495 1,945			435 291 2.089			1,227 624 1,822				
Other	301 32,150	309	119 13,023			58 8,505		<b>!</b>	55 7,321			76 10,532				
Residentialdo	12,939	14,769	6,366			2,881 1,293			1,562 822			3,959 1,875				
Commercial do Industrial do Other do	5,696 13,065 451		2,619 3,865 172			4,237 93			4,839 97			4,554 144				
	FO	OD A	ND K	INDI	RED I	PROI	DUCI	S; TO	)BAC	CO						
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES														-		
Beer: Productionmil. bbl.	179.66		16.89	16.34	16.97	16.77	16.94	16.76	14.70	15.28	13.14	12.18	14.64	14.72		
Taxable withdrawals	. 162.71 . 13.76	166.51 12.73	15.01 14.44	14.96 14.98	15.00 14.74	15.57 14.50	15.13 14.83	15.56 14.30	13.71 13.87	13.64 12.59	12.52 13.37	11.08 12.73	12.54 13.33	12.49 13.83		
Production mil. tax gal. Consumption, apparent, for beverage purposes	. 166.61	186.67	18.04	17.11	18.25	17.00	7.72	11.99	14.62	20.01	17.26	15.27				
Taxable withdrawals mil. wine gal. Stocks, end of period do	. 1446.20 236.29 662.51		37.41 19.66 662.41	34.44 17.72 665.06	35.47 18.02 668.67	36.95 19.54 670.36	32.33 14.71 665.77	35.92 20.10 650.38	33.44 19.96 656.87	38.38 26.97 650.81	44.16 23.79 645.68	53.60 20.88 645.67				
Imports mil. proof gal. Whisky:	. 128.60	123.65	9.02	9.70	9.70	8.46	9.77	9.05	10.92	12.87	16.68	12.36	6.30	9.06	7.79	
Production mil. tax gal. Taxable withdrawals do Stocks, end of period do	79.15 132.54 600.62	127.05	11.06 10.66 600.72	10.98 9.18 603.01	11.73 9.62 606.04	10.98 10.47 608.06	3.95 7.72 605.23	5.69 11.51 588.48	6.75 10.86 596.13	8.68 15.27 589.74	7.57 13.42 585.06	6.58 10.72 581.16				
Imports mil. proof gal.  Rectified spirits and wines, production, total	101.89		6.91	7.51	7.61	6.28	7.44	6.56	8.53	10.20	13.33	9.60	4.49	6.85	5.62	
mil. proof gal. Whiskydo	. 111.60 . 39.77	108.58 35.50	8.91 2.84	7.74 2.43	8.76 2.70	$\frac{8.84}{2.90}$	6.59 2.12	9.22 3.56	9.32 3.33	13.22 4.34	10.46 3.25	10.05 3.24				
Wines and distilling materials:  Effervescent wines:  Productionmil. wine gal.	23.09	23.44	1.80	1.91	2.49	1.89	1.58	2.25	2.03	2.84	1.47	1.59	1.62	i <b></b>		
Taxable withdrawals do Stocks, end of period do	. 21.52 *8.26	22.37 10.03	1.52 10.33	1.30 11.65	1.55 11.56	1.62 11.46	1.24 12.11	1.67 12.71	2.18 12.10	3.49 11.07	3.15 9.57	2.67 10.03	1.21 9.54			
Imports	. 4.31	433.82	0.34 6.13	0.35 4.09	0.32 6.08	0.32 5.14	0.33 4.90	0.26 36.46	0.38 152.56	0.52 144.33	0.63 43.35	0.54 17.33	0.26 7.06	0.31	0.35	
Taxable withdrawals do Stocks, end of period do	. '315.56 '527.21	329.06 558.31	32.84 465.05	27.42 438.76	26.70 397.16	26.62 384.29	23.92 379.86	27.54 366.78	26.95 484.96	*31.87 *564.84	"28.11 "578.59	26.71 558.31	30.15 538.31			
Imports do  Distilling materials produced at wineries do	. 89.77 . 244.25	87.63 254.40	7.44 4.20	6.95 6.66	6.66 7.99	8.16 8.77	7.76 10.79	6.46 31.30	7.14 84.38	7.23 69.95	8.70 11.95	9.53 6.98	6.87 7.18	6.39	6.77	
DAIRY PRODUCTS																
Butter, creamery: Production (factory) @	994.3 206.9 1.141		89.3 210.1 1.195	92.4 218.2 1.239	98.6 239.7 1.245	84.7 260.1 1.246	74.8 258.3 1.271	64.9 239.1 1.345	61.5 220.4 1.229	76.8 200.5 1.342	74.7 182.1 1.353	83.8 177.8 1.366	103.8 191.2 1.347	99.1 '203.3 1.357	101.7 209.6 1.367	
Cheese: Production (factory), total @mil. lb.	3,519.3		323.0	317.7	339.7	344.7	319.0		291.4	304.0	289.9	304.6	310.5 182.0	297.9 176.5	341.1 194.5	1
American, whole milk @ do	. 2,074.2	2,187.3 512.1	185.3 448.6	192.0 462.2	210.6 504.3	210.9 529.3	195.2 562.4	558.7	167.4 551.2	171.9 536.5	159.9 528.2	172.5 512.1	182.0 516.0	176.5 '510.5	194.5 503.7	
Stocks, cold storage, end of period do												106 5				
Stocks, cold storage, end of period	357.9 242.2		363.0 10.8	377.6 15.0	416.9 15.5	431.9 21.7	461.6 19.7	460.1 22.4	456.8 20.8	436.4 22.0	424.2 29.2	406.5 52.0	404.3 11.1	<sup>7</sup> 399.6 6.7	391.6 9.2	

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data		1979					19	79						19	80	
through 1976 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1977 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		ual	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
FO	OD A	ND KI	NDR	ED P	ROD	UCTS	<b>5; TO</b>	BAC	0—0	Contir	nued					
DAIRY PRODUCTS—Continued				·												
Condensed and evaporated milk: Production, case goods @	. 787.9 . 70.3	787.8 76.7	63.0 49.6	72.0 68.3	80.6 90.3	80.2 117.1	70.7 134.7	66.7 131.7	62.9 129.2	59.4 118.8	59.0 88.4	58.5 76.7	59.8 75.3	58.3 73.9	62.0 76.2	
Exports do	. ¹37.0	42.3	5.0	4.4	4.3	2.8	1.8	2.4	3.8	4.8	3.0	3.8	2.9	3.6	3.7	
Fluid milk: Production on farms ‡	121,609 64,748 10.60	123,623 r65,883 12.04	10,526 r5,743 11.80	10,600 5,837 11.60	11,226 6,373 11.50	10,973 6,290 11.50	10,698 5,874 11.60	10,439 5,580 12.00	10,014 4,970 12.40	10,108 5,159 12.60	9,657 4,761 12.90	10,061 4,995 12.80	10,260 5,606 12.80	9,917 5,488 12.80	10,881 6,081 12.70	10,941 
Dry milk: Production: Dry whole milk @	. 74.6 920.4	84.3 907.2	8.0 76.1	9.3 87.8	8.3 104.8	7.6 112.2	7.2 94.4	6.9 78.7	5.3 55.6	5.5 58.1	6.9 56.2	6.3 73.3	8.0 75.0	6.1 75.8	8.1 90.1	
Stocks, manufacturers', end of period: Dry whole milk	4.4	4.3 92.6	4.3 r50.5	5.8 84.4	7.1 110.1	8.6 128.3	8.2 123.2	7.2 110.2	6.1 96.0	4.9 92.9	4.9 84.4	4.3 92.6	4.7 85.5	4.6 r80.5	6.1 81.4	
Exports, whole and nonfat (human food) do Price, manufacturers' average selling, nonfat dry milk (human food) @	. ¹122.8 . 0.714	73.3 0.800	3.0 0.772	12.9 0.788	13.0 0.794	5.3 0.795	8.8 0.797	2.1 0.801	6.3 0.807	7.2 0.834	6.8 0.840	3.6 0.841	14.1 0.839	10.1 0.839	15.7 0.841	
GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS	10.011.0	0.040.0	040.0	200.0	000 5	000.0	001.0	950.0	000.4	055.5	040.7	040.0	070.5	001.0	010.0	
Exports (barley, corn, oats, rye, wheat) mil. bu Barley:	13,311.2	3,640.3	248.3	266.8	283.5	338.8	361.8	352.2	323.4	377.5	342.7	348.3	278.5	281.2	310.0	*************
Production (crop estimate)   do Stocks (domestic), end of period	2449.2 390.3 276.1 114.2	<sup>2</sup> 378.1 364.3 244.1 120.2	295.9 198.2 97.8		*228.7 *150.1 *78.6				458.9 308.6 150.3			364.3 244.1 120.2				
Exports, including malt §	31.3	34.5	( <sup>6</sup> )	0.3	1.1	2.3	2.5	2.8	2.3	9.5	8.3	4.5	3.2	3.9	4.1	
No. 2, malting \$\text{per bu.}\$ No. 3, straight	2.30 2.29	2.67 2.61	2.43 2.44	2.52 2.50	2.65 2.65	2.62 2.63	2.67 2.69	2.48 2.49	2.92 2.94	3.08 2.98	2.98 2.85	2.77 2.63	2.69 2.62	2.62 2.62	2.54 2.58	2.67 2.63
Production (crop estimate, grain only) ¶ mil. bu Stocks (domestic), end of period, total	27,086.7 6,202.6 4,521.1 1,681.5	<sup>2</sup> 7,763.8 6,771.8 4,928.3 1,843.4	4,423.3 3,100.8 1,322.5		33,232.2 32,263.0 3969.2				51,285.7 5776.3 5509.5			6,771.8 4,928.3 1,843.4				
Exports, including meal and flourdo Price, wholesale: Weighted avg., selected markets, all grades	1,975.2	2,333.5	169.6	187.5	198.5	229.9	221.9	225.4	185.5	214.6	222.2	223.6	189.9	184.6	204.8	
\$ per bu Oats:	. 2.39	2.42	2.46	2.58	2.74	2.72	2.90	2.69	2.33	2.90	2.88	2.60	2.67	2.56	2.58	2.64
Production (crop estimate)	2595.9 559.4 478.8 80.6	<sup>2</sup> 534.4 482.1 406.4 75.6	390.6 326.3 64.3		*286.7 *236.0 *50.7				574.5 472.2 102.3			482.1 406.4 75.6				
Exports, including oatmeal do Price, wholesale, No. 2, white (Minneapolis)	. 15.2	4.8	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	1.0	0.8	0.3	0.1	0.1	
\$ per bu	1.37	1.57	1.56	1.47	1.59	1.63	1.60	1.45	1.53	1.66	1.66	1.61	1.52	1.51	1.47	1.52
Rice: Production (crop estimate) 1mil. bags # California mills:	²133.2	²136.7					***************************************				•••••					
Receipts, domestic, rough		2,721 1,800 249	330 151 187	213 191 139	193 123 144	141 104 141	106 131 80	167 76 115	182 145 96	422 197 190	380 232 241	292 208 249	364 348 175	248 146 214	247 228 173	
Southern States mills (Ark., La., Tenn., Tex.): Receipts, rough, from producersmil. lb Shipments from mills, milled rice	8,824 6,130	9,247 6,019	563 553	539 599	351 617	198 473	142 419	794 426	1,870 440	2,246 535	822 503	634 434	479 510	1,032 621		
Stocks, domestic, rough and cleaned (cleaned basis), end of periodmil. lb	2,488	2,503	1,977	1,740	1,340	1,001	717	1,574	1,608	2,527	2,545	2,503	2,317	2,346		
Exports	. 4,972	4,978 0.173	484 0.140	498 0.165	531 0.165	334 0.165	434 0.165	310 0.190	316 0.200	426 0.205	320 0.205	546 0.195	584 0.200	557 0.220	584 0.235	0.240
Rye: Production (crop estimate)	<sup>2</sup> 26.2 16.3 2.64	<sup>2</sup> 24.5 19.0 2.51	12.6 2.32	2.39	<sup>4</sup> 9.7 2.44	2.59	2.86	2.45	26.6 2.42	2.74	2.59	19.0 2.50	2.47	2.36	2.38	2.18
Wheat: Production (crop estimate), total ¶ mil. bu.	21,798	<sup>2</sup> 2,142					***************************************									
Spring wheat	2550 21,248 2,160	<sup>2</sup> 533 <sup>2</sup> 1,609 2,064	408			*301			*795			560				
Stocks (domestic), end of period, total	1,632.8 816.4 816.4	1,712.8 772.2 940.6	1,225.8 629.6 596.2		4924.7 4484.9 4439.8				2,272.1 1,031.3 1,240.7			1,712.8 772.2 940.6				
Exports, total, including flour	11,289.4 1,243.5	1,265.1 1,222.5	78.3 75.5	78.7 77.0	83.1 76.8	106.2 102.2	137.2 133.3	123.6 117.8	134.8 129.6	151.9 149.0	110.8 108.9	119.5 114.9	85.0 82.7	92.5 89.5	101.1 94.7	
Prices, wholesale: No. 1, dark northern spring (Minneapolis) \$ per bu	3.24	4.08	3.50	3.54	3.85	4.46	4.55	4.21	4.50	4.66	4.55	4.32	4.25	4.22	4.20	4.13
No. 2 hd. and dk. hd. winter (Kans. City) do Weighted avg., selected markets, all grades \$ per bu.	. 3.24	4.03	3.56	3.58 3.54	3.62 3.76	4.12 4.24	4.46 4.52	4.17	4.40 4.66	4.44 4.80	4.53	4.59 4.43	4.37 4.43	4.42 4.51	4.19 4.33	3.94
See footnotes at end of tables.																

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1976 and descriptive notes are as shown	1978	1979					197	79						19	80	
in the 1977 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ual	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
FO	OD A	ND KI	NDR:	ED P	ROD	UCTS	; <b>TO</b> l	BACC	CO—C	ontir	ued					
GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS—Continued									-					-		
Wheat flour: Production: Flour ‡thous. sacks (100 lb.). Offal ‡thous. sh. tons. Grindings of wheat ‡thous. bu. Stocks held by mills, end of period	277,950 4,860 621,321	283,989 4,933 634,954	23,454 401 52,454	22,291 382 50,205	24,573 422 55,093	22,536 391 50,138	23,508 403 51,995	26,334 457 58,874	23,280 407 52,258	26,137 459 58,772	24,778 436 55,586	22,739 397 50,530	24,553 429 54,955	22,614 394 50,330		
thous. sacks (100 lb.)  Exports	3,214 119,711	3,975 18,291	3,477 1,163	752	2,689	3,895 1,727	1,669	2,489	3,813 2,218	1,223	842	3,975 1,971	1,018	1,300	2,713	
\$ per 100 lb Winter, hard, 95% patent (Kans. City) do POULTRY AND EGGS	8.012 7.467	9.508 9.268	8.313 8.175	8.300 8.125	9.013 8.800	9.288 9.075	10.638 10.388	10.513 10.088	10.463 10.075	10.563 10.100	10.713 10.600	10.438 10.463	10.088 10.000	10.413 10.263	10.113 9.813	9.68 9.48
Poultry: Slaughter (commercial production)mil. lb Stocks, cold storage (frozen), end of period, total mil. lb	12,554 280	13,820 387	1,063 239	1,066 236	1,232 268	1,195 328	1,241 411	1,363 527	1,156 590	1,407 610	1,136 437	1,026 387	1,170 387	1,047 r363	1,081 358	
Turkeys do Price, in Georgia producing area, live broilers \$ per lb	0.260	240 r0.260	136 0.290	128 0.285	153	201 '0.275	272 r0.235	382 r0.230	r0.220	70.210	281 r0.250	0.250	0.280	r224 0.255	0.240	
Eggs: Production on farms @	*186.5 38 25	192.0 38 23	'16.4 24 21	<sup>7</sup> 15.9 20 22	716.3 27 22	r15.7	°16.1 32 26	°16.1 28 25	r15.7 31 24	716.3 24 26	<sup>r</sup> 16.1 24 23	16.8 38 23	16.8 47 22	15.5 <sup>r</sup> 24 24	16.5 25 25	
Price, wholesale, large (delivered; Chicago) \$ per doz LIVESTOCK	0.603	0.662	0.735	0.687	0.619	0.648	0.619	0.640	0.620	0.597	0.663	0.724	0.599	0.563	0.606	
Cattle and calves: Slaughter (federally inspected): Calves	3,620 36,948	2,499 31,504	245 2,670	200 2,366	188 2,622	162 2,554	190 2,492	216 2,862	193 2,390	225 2,837	210 2,593	192 2,470	212 2,739	187 2,486	202 2,403	
Prices, wholesale: Beef steers (Omaha)	52.34 56.16 69.24	67.66 77.60 92.24	71.04 82.55 97.50	75.00 86.83 104.56	73.99 82.20 110.35	68.53 75.00 94.25	67.06 72.07 92.39	62.74 72.37 88.74	67.84 77.81 96.68	65.81 76.34 96.48	67.00 78.92 73.88	67.78 77.55 70.00	66.32 76.52 70.00	67.44 78.35 70.88	66.88 72.67 73.88	63.0 66.8 73.6
Hogs: Slaughter (federally inspected) thous. animals Prices: Wholesale, average, all weights (Sioux City)	74,139	85,425	7,113	6,962	7,284	6,678	6,734	7,662	6,840	8,736	8,097	7,234	8,036	7,276	7,854	
\$ per 100 lb.  Hog-corn price ratio (bu. of corn equal in value to 100 lb. live hog)	48.67 22.4	42.13 18.3	49.66 22.3	45.29 19.5	43.77 18.6	39.98 15.9	38.58 14.4	38.41 14.0	38.80 14.9	34.74 14.1	36.13 15.2	38.30 15.8	37.58 14.8	37.61 15.4	33.97 13.9	29.0
Sheep and lambs: Slaughter (federally inspected) thous. animals Price, wholesale, lambs, average (Omaha) \$ per 100 lb	5,169 63.49	4,833 67.12	431 61.25	425 70.50	421 70.75	371 65.00	384 61.52	415 60.62	410 67.01	455 65.91	386 65.00	389 67.75	448 66.00	419 63.00	470 61.38	59.5
MEATS																
Fotal meats (excluding lard):         Production, total	38,119 724 11,338 2,072	37,225 706 1,378 2,178	3,090 762 117 214	2,879 783 99 201	3,130 797 100 190	2,990 755 124 214	2,958 686 103 168	3,329 581 109 141	2,876 549 119 142	3,556 605 135 143	3,306 657 119 188	3,074 706 155 193	3,393 735 101 196	3,048 '716 108 152	3,100 699 144 166	
Beef and veal:         do.           Production, total         do.           Stocks, cold storage, end of period         do.           Exports	24,610 414 1388 1,635	21,671 361 366 1,712	1,815 436 36 171	1,618 420 31 157	1,798 421 22 153	1,758 404 35 166	1,717 377 24 131	1,955 331 34 106	1,649 304 30 107	1,979 316 27 107	1,813 330 33 149	1,725 361 34 154	1,917 380 29 156	1,735 *369 37 111	1,683 348 42 121	
Price, wholesale, beef, fresh, steer carcasses, choice (600-700 lbs.) (East Coast) # \$ per lb	0.839	²1.022	1.046	1.086	1.086	1.036	1.008	0.972	1.018	0.983	1.029	1.055	1.023	1.037	1.032	0.99
Lamb and mutton: Production, totalmil. lb Stocks, cold storage, end of perioddo	300 12	284 11	27 12	25 12	25 13	21 11	22 12	23 12	23 11	26 12	23 11	23 11	27 10	25 19	28 8	
Pork (excluding lard):         mil. lb           Production, total         mil. lb           Stocks, cold storage, end of period         do           Exports         do           Imports         do	13,209 242 1346 347	15,270 281 330 361	1,249 246 23 33	1,236 278 26 33	1,307 290 33 28	1,211 270 32 35	1,220 225 27 28	1,351 180 25 27	1,204 178 28 25	1,551 219 30 28	1,470 257 29 33	1,326 281 34 33	1,449 284 22 32	1,287 *271 21 34	1,388 291 26 37	
Prices, wholesale: Hams, smoked composite	0.900 1.092	<sup>3</sup> 0.806 1.076	<sup>3</sup> 0.939 1.119	0.788 1.114	0.752 1.071	0.707 1.106	0.686 1.064	0.688 1.012	0.731 1.061	0.792 0.965	0.891 0.914	0.927 0.986	0.683 0.973	0.673 0.951	0.712 0.916	0.87
Cocoa (cacao) beans: Imports (incl. shells)thous. lg. tons Price, wholesale, Accra (New York) \$ per lb	209.7 42.500	165.2 41.604	14.6 42.500	12.8 1.570	8.8 1.650	13.7 1.720	11.8 1.580	15.7 1.570	5.7 1.660	10.1 1.590	10.0 1.545	8.0 1.550	11.1 1.638	9.2 1.735	8.0 1.570	1.47
Coffee (green): Inventories (roasters', importers', dealers'), end of periodthous. bags [] Roastings (green weight)do	2,347 16,299	2,521 17,005	2,345 4,681			2,405 4,303			2,724 3,755			2,521 4,266			2,861 4,276	
Imports, total	18,133 2,679 *1.484 3,769	19,396 1,890 1.763 4,183	1,631 82 1.360 332	2,037 252 1.380 313	1,619 75 1.480 285	1,617 173 1.800 258	1,597 216 2.090 240	1,404 250 2.010 403	1,632 225 2.060 435	1,273 44 2.080 461	1,593 67 2.050 423	1,893 72 2.120 352	2,020 309 1.890	1,366 274 2.130	1,421 44 2.050	2.08
Fish: Stocks, cold storage, end of periodmil. lb	422	471	292	295	297	323	384	434	427	454	459	471	445	399	368	

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1976 and descriptive notes are as shown	1978	1979					19	79					ļ	19	80	
in the 1977 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anr	ıual	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
	FOOD	AND	KINI	RED	PRO	DUC	CTS; T	rob <i>a</i>	CCO-	–Con	ıt.					
MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS—Cont.																
Sugar (United States): Deliveries and supply (raw basis): §																
Production and receipts: Production thous. sh. tons.	4,574	4,731	317	205	204	123	58	31	83	599	1,017	888	636			
Deliveries, total do	10,900	10,788	965	813	894	949	927	1,107	861	931	881	841	817			
For domestic consumption do Stocks, raw and ref., end of period do	10,849 3,621	10,714 3,494	960 3,662	808 3,644	890 3,559	945 3,280	917 2,950	1,099 2,220	856 1,977	921 2,296	874 2,962	837 3,494	782 3,606	3,443		
Exports, raw and refinedsh. tons.	114,138	14,924	1,177	1,422	764	1,241	1,053	717	1,257	1,000	1,007	3,957	16,668	32,009	38,616	
Imports, raw and refined thous. sh. tons	4,177	4,810	276	339	657	637	355	346	357	471	584	231	213	367	392	
Prices, wholesale (New York): Raw\$ per lb	20.143	40.164	0.153	0.139	0.141	0.146	0.157	0.154	40.157	0.159	0.162	0.180	0.189	0.272	0.200	
Refined (excl. excise tax)	0.204	0.228 174,690	0.220 15,584	0.222 13,822	0.220 13,556	0.225 $14,352$	0.226 13,361	0.232 14,809	0.229 15,841	0.229 16,992	0.234 15,432	0.261 15,578	0.250 18,749	0.364 17,562	0.295 17,456	
FATS, OILS, AND RELATED PRODUCTS	131,731	174,030	13,334	10,022	10,000	14,002	15,501	14,003	10,041	10,332	10,402	10,010	10,140	11,002	17,400	********
Baking or frying fats (incl. shortening):									20.4				.== .			
Production mil. lb. Stocks, end of period @ do	4,044.6 106.7	4,206.4 131.9	378.7 105.9	335.9 122.4	$377.2 \\ 133.2$	335.9 138.3	329.0 135.4	367.1 130.0	334.6 123.9	410.3 131.9	351.9 116.6	337.7 131.9	375.9 136.0	'350.2 '148.3	360.7 157.5	
Salad or cooking oils: Productiondo	4,842.3	5,075.5	428.3	399.5	484.1	422.6	426.4	446.5	412.5	438.7	436.9	417.1	431.7	417.6	448.3	
Stocks, end of period @	123.0	141.2	115.3	122.0	138.0	130.8	131.8	126.3	141.5	126.7	133.5	141.2	118.8	145.6	144.7	
Margarine: Productiondo	2,519.5	2,553.2	242.9	186.8 77.3	197.5	193.0	188.3	199.0	205.9	225.8	224.6	241.5	235.8	r228.7	231.1	
Stocks, end of period @ do	69.5	80.5	67.5	77.3	75.2	78.3	68.7	77.1	72.7	81.6	64.9	80.5	71.6	80.0	72.6	
Price, wholesale (colored; mfr. to wholesaler or large retailer; delivered) \$ per lb.	0.529	0.549	0.535	0.551	0.546	0.542	0.554	0.560	0.561	0.565	0.565	0.565	0.565	0.565	0.565	0.8
Animal and fish fats: Tallow, edible:			:													
Production (quantities rendered) mil. lb Consumption in end products do	835.0 847.8	904.8 765.7	81.3 73.0	74.2 64.6	82.9 68.6	77.2 58.6	75.1 64.3	76.9 60.9	67.7 54.3	81.3 72.4	69.4 59.4	72.4 53.5	73.8 61.0	<sup>r</sup> 70.2 <sup>r</sup> 65.2	77.3 66.5	
Stocks, end of period 1 do	55.1	56.6	46.2	45.3	44.4	47.0	43.6	46.5	49.1	41.4	46.6	56.6	<sup>7</sup> 62.8	<sup>7</sup> 59.2	49.9	
Tallow and grease (except wool), inedible: Production (quantities rendered) do	5,815.9	5,836.3	488.5	449.1	488.1	469.4	472.7	529.2 270.0	462.0	533.1	510.6	492.7	531.5	r480.6	516.6	
Consumption in end products	3,219.5 346.6	3,117.6 390.4	268.8 369.4	259.9 358.2	286.7 393.8	253.3 394.0	265.9 372.5	270.0 399.3	241.5 375.7	276.0 403.2	251.7 404.5	221.0 390.4	256.8 420.2	r244.4 r440.4	257.7 383.8	
Vegetable oils and related products:																
Coconut oil: Production, refinedmil. lb	768.3	595.6	68.0	49.8	48.5	39.1	50.3	46.3	47.2	38.7	51.5	40.3	42.6	33.9	38.5	
Consumption in end products do do	914.2 44.4	748.3 40.1	83.3 43.7	69.1 41.6	69.8 42.0	62.0 31.6	50.4 42.8	58.5 40.2	58.0 43.7	54.4 48.2	55.3 54.2	48.5 40.1	50.4 51.0	r49.9	51.5 46.3	
Imports do	1,022.5	979.8	87.7	55.6	52.6	70.3	44.5	86.4	77.4	86.6	92.1	75.7	75.1	50.1	42.7	
Corn oil: Production: Crude do	720.0	743.4	69.4	67.4	69.7	60.6	61.5	63.9	60.3	61.8	63.3	63.0	62.3	<sup>7</sup> 60.0	70.9	
Production: Refined	581.1 537.9	589.4 555.0	54.2 50.5	45.7 36.1	52.2 48.4	49.2 45.0	41.4 40.5	53.0 45.3	51.9 47.7	56.8 53.2	52.2 50.6	46.9 47.0	55.4 51.4	49.8 46.3	45.8 49.1	
Stocks, crude and ref., end of period \( \) do	70.3	65.2	69.9	84.5	85.6	89.2	91.7	79.8	70.2	68.8	62.7	65.2	66.9	r66.1	72.9	
Cottonseed oil: Production: Crude	1,417.7	1,260.5	135.3	115.0	103.7	86.3	73.8	85.5	53.5	98.6	126.5	119.9	142.8	125.7	145.8	
Production: Refined do	1,207.3	1,140.8	126.4	108.2	97.9	78.7	78.7	92.7	56.7	69.6	97.0	103.0	119.1	102.7	119.9	
Consumption in end productsdo Stocks, crude and ref., end of period ¶ do	697.3 127.1	618.2 144.3	60.9 141.0	48.9 143.1	64.8 141.0	45.9 139.5	41.0 116.9	53.9 117.2	43.1 86.4	44.9 93.1	50.8 129.0	51.1 144.3	55.6 173.2	<sup>7</sup> 56.4 198.9	56.5 213.7	
Exports (crude and refined) do Price, wholesale (N.Y.) \$ per lb	728.8 0.332	633.0 0.369	89.9 0.385	51.3 0.395	52.5 0.380	63.1 0.380	63.8 0.405	18.1 0.388	56.6 0.390	34.0 0.365	48.9 0.340	27.0 0.285	34.8 0.255	$\frac{28.1}{0.275}$	110.5 0.243	
Soybean oil:																
Production: Crude mil. lb Production: Refined do	10,621.4 8,618.4	11,504.1 9,110.1	982.2 768.9	939.6 760.1	964.7 835.4	930.5 742.8	899.9 748.3	856.7 762.8	848.9 693.0	1,020.3 805.9	1,067.9 797.6	1,102.0 760.3	1,115.3 801.9	<sup>r</sup> 1,064.9 <sup>r</sup> 760.5	1,098.1 768.5	
Consumption in end products do Stocks, crude and ref., end of period ¶ do	8,175.2 970.6	8,656.4 1,030.1	755.3 1,004.2	682.4 987.3	775.0 1,043.0	701.6 922.9	711.4 915.4	744.8 815.1	700.9 775.8	781.4 819.8	742.2 867.3	730.1 1,030.1	750.7 1,155.2	719.4 1,204.5	759.5 1,175.6	
Exports (crude and refined) do	1,944.5	2,370.6	199.0	185.6	107.3	299.0	166.2	187.4	159.1	127.8	208.5	261.9	173.4	250.0	325.4	
Price, wholesale (refined; N.Y.)	0.309	0.327	0.321	0.319	0.311	0.321	0.346	0.340	0.350	0.330	0.332	0.316	0.282	0.289	0.274	0.2
eaf:																
Production (crop estimate)mil. lb Stocks, dealers' and manufacturers',	32,024	³1,547														
end of period mil. lb Exports, incl. scrap and stems thous. lb	5,071 687,772	4,883 561,756	4,905 57,079	51,797	42,244	4,518 $25,312$	37,980	29,512	4,928 30,051	41,608	78,922	4,883 81,549	27,970	52,521	80,058	
Imports, incl. scrap and stems do	335,981	377,203	28,917	30,072	35,464	26,058	28,500	32,767	32,095	39,173	26,044	23,979	29,332	34,263	38,677	
Manufactured: Consumption (withdrawals):																
Cigarettes (small): Tax-exempt millions	85,135	r92,915	8,896	7,713	9,082	8,448	7,423	7,827	6,574	8,483	7,236	7,593	9,239	9,610		
Taxable	614,208 3,621	613,811 3,356	58,873 331	48,354 249	53,199 291	52,381 322	45,798 235	55,483 310	49,722 290	56,359 324	49,515 276	40,044 239	54,126 256	48,092 244		
Exports, cigarettesdo	74,359	79,717	7,758	6,417	6,687	7,972	6,698	7,651	5,058	6,859	7,146	7,432	6,262	6,236	10,928	

May 1980		St	JRVE	Y OF	CUR	RENT	BUS	MES	<u>ා</u> ර							5-27
Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1976 and descriptive notes are as shown	1978	1979					19'	79						19	80	
in the 1977 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ual	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
	<del></del>		LEA'	THE	RAN	D PR	ODU	CTS						·····		
HIDES AND SKINS																
Exports:  Value, total #thous.\$.  Calf and kid skinsthous. skins.  Cattle hidesthous. hides.	1694,617 2,665 24,792	991,707 2,321 23,731	98,309 233 2,405	91,698 267 2,130	101,425 126 2,358	88,329 204 2,034	78,702 216 1,627	91,814 196 2,018	79,971 169 1,993	71,969 140 1,830	78,697 143 2,041	71,798 157 1,603	60,782 159 1,308	75,134 205 1,705	78,195 337 1,737	
Imports: Value, total #	105,600 17,807 1,762	138,800 15,529 2,444	10,000 1,835 191	10,500 1,449 121	24,800 2,967 264	16,500 1,425 231	11,900 1,080 134	15,400 1,331 245	8,600 804 83	7,400 514 170	8,100 598 198	8,000 624 309	9,300 779 144	641 217	1,074 52	
Price, wholesale, f.o.b. shipping point: Calfiskins, packer, heavy, 9 1/2-15 lb \$ per lb Hides, steer, heavy, native, over 53 lb do LEATHER	1.346 0.472	1.687 0.731	2.200 0.913	2.200 0.893	2.200 0.905	1.770 0.829	1.550 0.777	1.550 0.708	1.360 0.654	1.360 0.677	1.150 0.593	1.100 0.571	1.500 0.591	1.344 0.487	1.150 0.394	0.860 0.381
Exports:																
Upper and lining leatherthous. sq. ft  Price, wholesale, f.o.b. tannery: Sole, bends, lightindex, 1967 = 100	<sup>1</sup> 208,799	187,665 329.6	18,833 338.0	16,480 366.7	15,664 417.1	18,526 394.0	13,153 353.8	15,265 340.8	14,457 294.8	13,895 304.9	16,089 284.0	15,433 291.2	15,769 327.2	16,873 314.9	18,710 284.7	270.4
LEATHER MANUFACTURES Footwear:																
Production, totalthous pairs. Shoes, sandals, and play shoes, except athletic	418,948	381,171	37,034	31,918	35,355	30,491	24,374	32,350	29,591	33,470	29,996	27,476	<sup>5</sup> 34,044	33,169		
thous. pairs.  Slippers	314,695 79,353 20,852 2,669	298,929 62,509 15,009 3,552	29,356 6,034 1,279 246	24,811 5,444 1,280 280	27,367 6,176 1,345 352	23,223 5,718 1,097 351	19,726 3,355 882 341	25,351 5,268 1,300 341	22,667 5,463 1,197 179	26,047 5,588 1,387 354	23,677 4,811 1,214 204	22,018 3,992 1,125 260	*26,790 *5,434 *1,473 *259	26,027 5,387 1,391 283		
Exports do	6,179	7,581	657	452	512	554	570	636	790	698	758	879	689	862	770	
Prices, wholesale f.o.b. factory: Men's and boys' oxfords, dress, elk or side upper, Goodyear welt index, 1967 = 100.	. 4211.3															
Women's oxfords, elk side upper, Goodyear welt index, 1967 = 100. Women's pumps, low-medium quality do	185.3 157.5	216.9 5181.5	204.6	207.0	211.8	219.0	219.0 182.9	219.0 182.9	223.8 182.9	234.6 179.9	234.6 179.9	234.6 179.9	239.5 180.1	240.7 180.1	243.1 189.4	247.9 189.4
			LUN	1BER	ANI	) PR	ODU	CTS								
LUMBER—ALL TYPES #	Γ															
National Forest Products Association: Production, total	237,657 6,758	36,965 7,291	3,306 640	3,119 618	3,219 647	3,143 664	3,018 612	3,355 689	3,131 632	3,412 665	2,914 646	2,631 612				
Softwoods.         do           Shipments, total.         do           Hardwoods         do           Softwoods.         do	30,899 237,712 6,735 30,977	29,674 36,550 6,920 29,630	2,666 3,279 620 2,659	2,501 3,107 604 2,503	2,572 3,329 644 2,685	2,479 3,087 632 2,455	2,406 3,128 567 2,561	2,666 3,408 649 2,759	2,499 3,106 612 2,494	2,747 3,224 606 2,618	2,268 2,777 590 2,187	2,019 2,589 552 2,037				
Stocks (gross), mill, end of period, total	4,795 796 3,999	5,210 1,167 4,043	4,964 856 4,108	4,975 870 4,105	4,868 875 3,993	5,003 907 4,096	4,893 952 3,941	4,843 995 3,848	4,875 1,022 3,853	5,063 1,081 3,982	5,207 1,144 4,063	5,210 1,167 4,043				
Exports, total sawmill products	1,300 12,199	1,447 11,513	129 998	126 925	127 1,237	126 1,011	106 1,010	121 1,043	147 999	112 924	124 909	113 771	120 727	116 923	180 896	
Douglas fir: Orders, newmil. bd. ft. Orders, unfilled, end of perioddo	8,894 553	8,214 529	800 685	752 690	596 546	793 617	694 634	639 575	679 592	651 540	585 499	634 529	753 664	589 558	575 542	
Production         do           Shipments         do           Stocks (gross), mill, end of period         do	8,845 8,906 903	8,201 8,238 866	768 754 943	733 747 929	706 740 895	687 722 860	640 677 823	668 698 793	685 662 816	726 703 839	647 626 860	610 604 866	651 618 899	710 695 914	683 591 1,006	
Exports, total sawmill products do Sawed timber do Boards, planks, scantlings, etc do	478 119 359	520 156 363	46 13 33	46 13 33	54 22 32	42 13 29	38 14 24	43 12 31	51 16 35	43 13 30	44 13 31	36 8 28	44 8 35	34 8 26	53 14 39	
Price, wholesale: Dimension, construction, dried, 2" x 4", R.L. \$ per M bd. ft	253.39	277.24	261.46	267.69	271.17	270.53	274.89	303.60	320.46	304.34	283.66	249.76	237.36	236.96	222.70	184.83
Southern pine: Orders, newmil. bd. ft. Orders, unfilled, end of perioddodo	<sup>2</sup> 8,229 505	7,950 523	792 618	622 586	686 566	745 675	691 655	765 671	563 602	628 525	527 463	571 523				
Production doShipments do	28,267 28,264	7,938 7,932	742 781	665 654	669 706	673 636	670 711	726 749	638 632	743 705	594 589	522 511				
Stocks (gross), mill and concentration yards, end of periodmil. bd. ft.	1,169	1,175	1,168	1,178	1,142	1,179	1,138	1,115	1,121	1,159	1,164	1,175				
Exports, total sawmill productsthous. bd. ft.  Prices, wholesale (indexes): Boards, No. 2 and better, 1" x 6", R.L.	152,121	209,793	15,300	13,321	14,995	15,285	8,585	16,458	22,263	18,685	16,051	28,052	21,203	23,793	41,269	
Flooring, C and better, F. G., 1" x 4", S.L.  1967 = 100 1967 = 100	329.9 276.9	366.2 301.4	356.9 288.6	361.7 290.4	362.8 291.9	364.9 293.0	370.1 304.0	372.8 308.8	377.6 311.6	378.9 316.0	377.6 320.4	372.9 320.4	370.1 320.4	371.7 323.6	368.3 326.9	334.4 319.3
See footnotes at end of tables.																

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1978	1979			,		19	79						19	80	
through 1976 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1977 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ual	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
	-	LUM	BER	AND	PRO	DUC'	TS—(	Conti	nued							
SOFTWOODS—Continued																
Western pine:         Orders, new	9,946 469 10,033 10,067	9,777 403 9,857 9,843	821 606 863 827	808 603 814 811	833 503 898 933	831 524 835 810	895 532 829 887	989 531 941 990	866 488 882 909	825 411 950 902	703 381 760 733	695 403 644 673	754 513 608 644	586 442 670 657	546 364 696 624	
Stocks (gross), mill, end of period	1,295 r²258.44	1,309 317.26	1,404 366.87	1,407 371.17	1,372 342.59	1,397 338.16	1,339 306.16	1,290 301.95	1,263 309.48	1,311 316.41	1,338 277.35	1,309 240.42	1,273 °252.62	1,286 291.36	1,358 314.97	242.34
Oak:         Orders, new	108.6 9.2 104.7	93.4 7.0 99.8	8.4 9.1 8.3	7.3 8.3 8.2	10.3 9.4 9.1	7.6 9.9 8.5	6.9 9.5 7.0	10.1 9.5 10.3	7.4 9.5 8.0	8.0 8.5 9.2	6.2 8.0 8.1	4.4 7.0 7.0	4.9	4.1	3.7	
Shipments	106.3 2.7	96.7 5.4	8.6 1.9	8.0 2.1	9.2 2.0	8.7 2.7	7.3 2.4	10.1 2.6	7.4 3.2	9.0	6.8 4.8	4.9 5.4	8.2 6.6	6.6 7.6	5.8 8.9	
		M	ETAI	SAN	ID M	ANU	FAC	TURE	S							
IRON AND STEEL														į		
Exports:         Steel mill products         thous. sh. tons.           Scrap.         do           Pig iron         do           Imports:	2,422 9,038 51	2,818 11,094 105	217 871 2	226 847 20	237 870 1	255 893 6	234 1,001 16	250 1,179 8	244 717 7	281 926 2	227 863 4	289 889 1	198 1,139 2	296 992 1	276 1,163 1	
Steel mill products	21,135 794 655	17,518 760 476	1,096 68 38	1,072 73 47	1,655 59 22	1,366 72 113	1,514 104 25	1,784 50 44	1,641 47 39	1,603 50 10	1,652 81 21	1,542 61 33	1,265 51 6	1,667 70 30	1,120 70 35	
Production thous sh tons. Receipts, net do. Consumption do. Stocks, end of period do.	<sup>1</sup> 51,960 <sup>1</sup> 45,411 99,133 8,277	52,143 59,521 98,929 8,692	4,900 4,617 9,428 8,000	4,658 4,420 8,967 8,138	4,816 4,378 9,114 8,272	4,539 4,393 8,728 8,444	4,392 3,910 7,969 8,763	4,417 3,846 8,101 8,845	4,106 3,533 7,704 8,877	4,422 3,831 8,222 8,930	3,855 3,422 7,438 8,752	3,700 3,393 7,121 8,692	r3,998 r3,633 r7,968 r8,398	3,876 3,588 7,771 8,095		
Prices, steel scrap, No. 1 heavy melting:  Composite \$ per lg. ton.  Pittsburgh district do  Ore	73.84 78.29	98.07 101.50	122.59 133.00	108.20 111.50	93.16 96.00	105.33 114.00	96.99 102.50	92.03 95.00	88.52 90.00	86.33 86.50	91.01 91.00	93.40 96.50	97.42 101.00	104.24 108.50	104.58 107.50	98.96 103.50
Iron ore (operations in all U.S. districts): Mine production thous. lg. tons. Shipments from mines do Imports	81,583 83,207 29,924	85,123 86,633 32,698	6,681 2,792 854	7,069 5,043 2,242	7,571 9,080 3,567	7,748 9,350 3,993	7,884 10,362 4,296	7,946 10,195 3,700	7,053 9,495 2,933	6,925 9,543 2,410	7,088 8,380 1,998	7,380 6,611 3,119	6,867 2,279 1,856	6,382 1,784 1,167	1,087	
U.S. and foreign ores and ore agglomerates:  Receipts at iron and steel plants	114,227 116,304 3,762	115,892 115,014 4,455	4,436 10,540 20	7,443 10,251 343	12,276 10,932 517	13,294 10,349 411	15,279 10,359 576	12,804 9,701 636	12,122 8,869 349	11,548 8,899 264	9,775 8,165 377	8,571 8,507 748	3,526 8,631 149	2,628 8,325 2	2,976 9,331 237	
Stocks, total, end of period   do.   At mines   do.   At furnace yards   do.   At U.S. docks   do.	55,339 12,469 39,301 3,569	55,753 11,368 38,969 5,416	47,801 21,886 22,862 3,053	46,745 23,912 19,943 2,890	46,563 22,406 21,202 2,955	48,027 20,809 24,173 3,045	50,968 19,333 28,960 2,675	51,451 17,045 31,869 2,537	52,013 14,625 35,031 2,357	54,204 12,003 37,584 4,617	55,151 10,700 39,108 5,343	55,753 11,368 38,969 5,416	53,719 15,945 33,875 3,899	51,750 20,555 28,109 3,086	21,645 2,236	
Manganese (mn. content), general imports do  Pig Iron and Iron Products	842	850	60	57	85	122	61	34	85	53	105	76	109	r56	54	
Pig iron: Production (including production of ferroalloys) thous. sh. tons  Consumption	87,679 88,384 889 196.00	86,709 87,339 881 203.00	7,953 8,043 826 203.00	7,726 7,729 737 203.00	8,277 8,317 739 203.00	8,026 8,038 730 203.00	7,505 7,774 808 203.00	7,351 7,403 860 202.50	6,762 6,768 876 202.50	6,779 6,825 865 202.50	6,258 6,301 856 202.50	6,372 6,383 881 202.50	6,583 6,638 841 203.00	6,357 6,401 814 203.00	7,115	6,677
Castings, gray and ductile iron: Orders, unfilled, for sale, end of period thous. sh. tons Shipments, total	961 15,579 7,910	842 14,573 7,520	1,039 1,478 740	998 1,302 662	1,006 1,408 173	993 1,339 698	954 1,140 615	942 1,159 679	927 1,125 620	832 1,224 655	806 1,097 546	842 852 418	844 1,033 541	845 988 512		
Castings, malleable iron: Orders, unfilled, for sale, end of period thous. sh. tons Shipments, total	66 817	57 724	67 78	63 65	61 69	54 61	51 49	35 54	54 54	52 60	46 57	57 39	47 51	48 53		
For sale do  Steel, Raw and Semifinished	447	398	41	33	34	32	24	52	31	30	28	22	26	28		
Steel (raw): Production	¹137,031 86.8	136,013 87.4	12,576 94.5	12,196 93.4	12,789 94.8	12,230 93.7	11,821 89.9	11,309 86.0	10,541 82.8	10,891 84.4	9,997 80.6	9,996 78.0	10,701 82.7	10,332 85.3	11,439 88.4	10,658 83.0
Steel castings: Orders, unfilled, for sale, end of period thous. sh. tons Shipments, total	800 1,854 1,640	1,026 2,023 1,767	974 195 171	1,004 160 140	1,062 183 159	1,072 170 148	1,107 141 124	1,122 171 150	1,107 161 138	1,079 186 163	1,080 156 135	1,026 159 136	1,080 182 155	1,002 179 151		

nless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data crough 1976 and descriptive notes are as shown	1978	1979					197	79		· .				19	80	
the 1977 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ual	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Ap
	<b>M</b>	ETAL	S AN	D MA	NUF	ACT	URES	S—Co	ntinu	ed						
Steel Mili Products		İ								Į						
eel products, net shipments: Total (all grades) thous sh. tons	197,935	100,262	10,293	7,438	10,187	8,977	8,319	8,475	7,929	8,355	7,385	6,743	7,952	7,690	8,711	,
By product: Semifinished products	¹5,070 ¹4,667	5,496 5,596	545 542	462 477	505 535	505 461	421 443	434 446	513 462	484 313	421 476	393 448	404 504	503 485	563 488	
Plates do Rails and accessoriesdo	18,601 11,703	9,035 2,026	850 183	739 167	905 188	768 169	762 147	804 166	773 173	744 181	709 167	646 178	729 182	743 177	848 185	
Bars and tool steel, total	16,915 10,045	17,601 9,958	1,851	1,369	1,786	1,556	1,427	1,530 860	1,349	1,459 793	1,318	1,160	1,415	1,308 681	1,334 709	
Bars: Reinforcing	4,704 2,084	5,303 2,245	1,109 499 232	781 427 154	1,030 513 234	893 459 196	838 406 176	466 196	756 411 173	468 190	701 444 165	581 435 137	764 461 183	460 159	457 159	
Pipe and tubing do	8,399	8,242	781	637	754	768	678	675	659	723	663	677	722	747	871	
Wire and wire products	2,510 6,100 43,609	2,449 6,310 43,507	245 753 4,543	207 426 2,952	237 578 4,699	213 531 4,006	194 528 3,719	203 545 3,673	193 543 3,263	218 522 3,512	179 468 2,984	145 443 2,653	180 573 3,242	170 520 3,036	191 685 3,547	
Sheets: Hot rolled do Sheets: Cold rolled do Sheets: Cold rolled do	15,447 17,821	15,995 17,284	1,674 1,800	1,084 1,165	1,672 1,888	1,536 1,525	1,407 1,438	1,366 1,418	1,185 1,298	1,291 1,395	1,071 1,197	1,068 1,010	1,154 1,290	1,085 1,216	1,338 1,394	
By market (quarterly):		·		·			·	1,410		·	·	·	·	1,210		
Service centers and distributors	17,333 19,612	18,263 10,058	4,761 2,345 1,017			4,847 2,666			4,641 2,597 1,048			3,955 2,442 930			4,429 2,426 974	
Contractors' products	$3,480 \\ 21,253 \\ 3,549$	4,021 18,624 4,127	5,850 985			1,026 5,303 1,055			4,051 1,018			3,454 1,052			3,662 1.037	
Machinery, industrial equip, tools do  Containers, packaging, ship, materials do	5,992 6,595	6,027 6,770	1,579 1,847			1,602 1,677			1,552 1,758			1,289 1,504			1,518 1,761	<i></i>
Other do	30,121	32,372	8,112			8,426		*************	8,057			7,857			8,544	
eel mill shapes and forms, inventories, end of period—total for the specified sectors: mil. sh. tons	37.2	36.6	34.8	36.2	36.0	36.3	36.9	36.9	36.9	35.81	35.9	r36.6	36.4			
Producing mills, inventory, end of period: Steel in process mil. sh. tons	11.7	11.5	10.4	11.1		11.5	11.9	11.5	11.2	11.0	10.9	11.5	11.4	11.1		
Finished steel do Service centers (warehouses), inventory, end of	8.0	7.6	7.4	8.5	11.2 7.7	7.6	7.5	7.5	7.6	7.3	7.4	7.6	7.5	7.4		
period mil sh. tons Consumers (manufacturers only):	7.1	7.4	7.0	6.8	7.1	7.2	7.2	7.6	7.6	7.3	7.4	r7.4	7.6			
Inventory, end of period	10.4 67.5	10.1 66.2	10.0 6.4	9.8 5.2	10.0 6.3	10.0 5.8	10.3 5.2	10.3 5.8	10.5 5.6	10.2 5.5	10.2 5.1	10.1   4.4	9.9 4.8	9.7 4.7		
Consumption during period do  NONFERROUS METALS AND PRODUCTS	66.9	66.4	6.2	5.4	6.1	5.8	4.9	5.8	5.4	5.8	5.1	4.5	5.0	4.9		
uminum:																
Production, primary (dom. and foreign ores) thous. sh. tons Recovery from scrap (aluminum content) do	4,804 1,407	5,023 1,476	419 132	402 128	423 131	410 125	428 117	430 134	419 115	435 121	423 119	r435 115	'431 114	406 111		
Imports (general):		i i														
Metal and alloys, crude do do Plates, sheets, bars, etc. do	756.9 207.1	571.0 187.6	53.9 20.5	44.3 23.1	$\frac{57.8}{22.8}$	36.0 23.5	62.6 16.7	30.8 16.4	31.9 9.7	39.4 10.2	40.8 11.1	62.6 9.0	61.8 8.6	45.3 7.7	47.8 6.9	
Exports:  Metal and alloys, crude	126.6 197.0	200.7 256.8	$\frac{14.8}{17.2}$	19.4 19.1	$\frac{12.0}{26.3}$	7.7 27.7	8.3 17.6	12.2 23.0	8.4 19.0	19.2 26.0	17.2 20.2	33.6 23.2	39.6 12.4	37.7 31.9	52.8 20.9	
Price, primary ingot, 99.5% minimum \$ per lb	0.5308	0.5940	0.5534	0.5800	0.5800	0.5800	0.5800	0.5800	0.6008	0.6532	0.6600	0.6600	l 1			
uminum products: Shipments:													1			
Ingot and mill prod. (net ship.) mil lb  Mill products, total	13,982 11,346	14,283 11,241	1,400 1,098	1,141 937	1,264 1,015	1,201 963	$^{1,137}_{923}$	1,186 960	1,084 860	1,192 931	1,098 836	1,130 810	1,245 946			
Sheet and plate	6,409 2,005	6,785 1,994	633 203	524 173	575 181	540 179	525 134	541 151	489 144	501 177	450 152	$\frac{457}{122}$	537 163			
Inventories, total (ingot, mill products, and scrap), end of periodmil. lb	5,494	5,112	5,003	5,017	4,950	4,893	4,921	4,915	4,941	4,940	5,000	5,112	5,072			
opper: Production:																
Mine, recoverable copperthous. tons § Refinery, primarydo	1,490.3 1,533.1	1,441.3 1,515.4	121.5 133.4	122.9 134.3	$129.2 \\ 134.1$	119.5 125.0	116.0 116.8	128.0 132.1	124.5 104.3	$\frac{130.3}{125.6}$	120.8 132.2	$115.9 \\ 126.7$	r124.5 132.9	$117.1 \\ 128.1$		
From domestic ores	1,408.9 124.2	1,411.5 103.9	124.7 8.6	127.3 7.1	127.5 6.5	118.5 6.5	110.6 6.3	124.0 8.1	94.7 9.6	$115.4 \\ 10.2$	121.6 10.6	117.8 9.0	121.1 11.8	116.8 11.3		
Secondary, recovered as refineddo	453.0	575.6	49.1	49.0	47.5	52.7	42.7	50.2	49.0	55.2	55.6	45.8				
Imports (general): Refined, unrefined,																
scrap (copper cont.) thous. tons § Refined do	607.5 463.4	341.3 217.9	30.5 15.7	20.5 14.9	28.0 14.7	29.9 23.1	25.2 17.2	38.1 28.0	$\frac{26.7}{20.3}$	30.6 17.5	41.2 23.2	34.2 25.0	11.2 2.9	46.5 37.8	69.1 53.2	
Exports: Refined and scrapdo	321.6	308.9	33.1	25.5	33.0	22.9	30.3	22.9	17.8	22.5	19.9	24.6	19.8	24.2	23.6	
Refined do	109.3	80.5	11.6	10.0	8.9	8.7	4.8	2.9	2.9	2.7	7.3	1.5	1.0	1.4	1.9	
Consumption, refined (by mills, etc.) thous. sh. tons Stocks, refined, end of period do	2,417 491		664 372	352	304	633 277	287	275	545 264	256	243	***************************************				
Fabricators'do Price, electrolytic (wirebars), dom., delivered	124		110	116	106	98	119	109	106	101	94					
\$ per lb	0.6651	0.9333	0.9672	0.9832	0.9123	0.8824	0.8677	0.9134	0.9585	0.9911	0.9971	1.0645				
opper-base mill and foundry products, shipments (quarterly total):																
Brass mill products mil. lb Copper wire mill products (copper cont.) do	2,769 2,911	2,952 2,897	826 784			805 764			699 1669			622 680				
Brass and bronze foundry products do	565	579	145			146			<sup>r</sup> 142			146				
ead: Production: Mine, recoverable leadthous. tons §	582.9	520.1	42.5	37.0	41.8	42.0	41.4	48.8	34.6	50.0	46.5	43.9	<sup>7</sup> 51.6	50.4		
Recovered from scrap (lead cont.) do	753.1	719.0	65.1	64.1	62.0	65.2	51.3	58.1	58.2	65.0	60.7	54.3	59.2			
Imports (general), ore (lead cont.), metal do Consumption, totaldo	83.9 1,432.7	59.6 1,303.6	5.3 124.3	8.3 109.5	$\frac{5.2}{116.7}$	2.5 108.5	7.6 91.3	3.9 106.0	5.3 109.3	3.3 112.1	2.7 106.3	6.1 94.0	4.4 97.3	°6.5	2.2	

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through 1976 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1977 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anr	nual	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
	M	ETAL	S AN	D MA	NUF	ACT	URES	Б—Со	ntinu	ed			,			
NONFERROUS METALS AND PRODUCTS—Continued																
Lead—Continued Stocks, end of period:																
Producers', ore, base bullion, and in process (lead content), ABMSthous. tons § Refiners' (primary), refined and antimonial	1170.4	105.2	147.8	136.5	133.6	113.1	111.9	115.4	114.7	114.1	109.0	105.2	108.1	114.6	119.6	
(lead content)thous. tons § Consumers' (lead content) ¶do	19.4 110.8	46.1 118.8	13.2 91.0	13.1 95.0	12.6 99.0	12.4 102.9	9.2 112.0	11.8 118.4	11.3 117.8	$11.2 \\ 125.7$	24.7 126.2	46.1 118.8	60.9 118.3			
Scrap (lead-base, purchased), all smelters (gross weight)thous. tons § Price, common grade, delivered \$ per lb	86.6 0.3365	52.4 0.5264	69.7 0.4575	66.8 0.4800	67.7 0.4880	59.6 0.5651	$63.1 \\ 0.5807$	64.9 0.5791	60.6 0.5800	55.2 0.6106	51.3 0.5726	52.4 0.5595	55.1			
Tin: Imports (for consumption):	0.070	4.500	170	154	700	700	40	105	70	0	001	CO1	94	410	104	ı
Ore (tin content)	3,873 46,773 21,100	4,529 48,354 17,415	176 4,957 1,425	154 5,033 1,405	700 4,298 1,660	736 4,882 1,525	46 2,905 1,240	195 3,842 1,525	76 2,872 1,235	3,361 1,540	231 3,337 1,365	621 4,171 1,595	34 4,617	412 4,145	164 4,585	
As metal	1,565 63,100 47,000	1,880 62,500 49,000	170 6,400 4,700	5,400 4,000	170 5,400 4,300	5,300 4,200	160 4,900 3,800	165 4,900 3,900	5,000 4,000	180 5,500 4,400	165 5,000 4,100	155 1,600 3,900	5,500 4,500			
Exports, incl. reexports (metal) do Stocks, pig (industrial), end of period do	4,693 5,040	3,418 4,238	344 5,891	311 6,097	220 5,938	515 6,317	305 6,270	270 6,096	164 5,058	260 4,901	153 4,244	258 4,238	392 7,019	152	353	***************************************
Price, Straits quality (delivered) \$ per lb  Zinc:	6.2958	7.5389	7.4180	7.3590	7.4077	7.5392	7.5952	7.3952	7.6195	7.8140	7.9963	8.2795				***************************************
Mine prod., recoverable zincthous. tons § Imports (general): Ores (zinc content)do	302.7 207.2	263.7 225.0	23.4	20.8 18.1	22.6 10.2	21.7 20.9	20.6 23.1	25.0 15.9	18.5 10.9	23.4 19.0	21.9 24.7	21.4 8.5	<sup>7</sup> 28.3	26.5 °10.2	1.8	
Metal (slab, blocks) do  Consumption (recoverable zinc content):	681.1	527.1	47.0	36.1	52.9	58.6	41.2	39.4	36.5	59.6	34.8	35.3		°30.8		***************************************
Ores do Scrap, all types do	99.0 237.3	82.7 230.0	7.7 15.2	7.1 15.1	7.6 15.1	7.9 22.5	$\frac{7.1}{22.4}$	6.5 22.1	7.0 22.6	5.4 22.6	6.0 22.3	5.6 22.2	<sup>†</sup> 5.4 22.3	$\frac{7.0}{22.1}$		*************
Slab zinc: @ Production (primary smelter), from domestic and foreign oresthous. tons §	406.1	443.0	43.8	42.6	41.0	34.2	36.5	33.5	33.2	37.7	36.4	29.0	25.6	*************		
Secondary (redistilled) production	38.7 1,127.3 0.8	44.5 1,008.2 0.3	4.2 96.9 (2)	3.8 88.4 ( <sup>2</sup> )	4.2 94.1 (2)	4.8 90.3 (2)	3.5 73.6 (2)	4.6 84.5 (2)	2.9 72.4 (2)	4.1 82.4 (2)	3.0 76.4 (2)	1.4 71.4 0.1	2.1 *80.4 (2)	2.0 80.3 (2)	(²)	
Stocks, end of period: Producers', at smelter (ABMS) do	38.4	55.8	34.0 93.0	40.4 90.2	42.4 89.4	41.0 92.3	47.0 94.0	52.7	52.2 82.3	51.0 79.3	59.8 78.2	55.8 78.9	43.1 73.6	30.8 71.4	29.0	
Consumers'	94.6 0.3097	78.9 0.3730	0.3724	0.3899	0.3939	0.3939	0.3940	84.5 0.3690	0.3580	0.3621	0.3682	0.3723		71.4		
Heating, combustion, atmosphere equipment, new orders (domestic), net, qtrly #mil \$	286.8	372.6	80.2			106.4			93.0			93.0				
Electric processing heating equipment do	71.4 118.2	105.5 160.4	27.2 26.0			24.4 53.6	***************************************		21.5 46.5			32.5 34.4				***************************************
Material handling equipment (industrial): Orders (new), index, seas. adj 1967=100	336.1	419.4	444.0	375.9	400.8	480.8	425.9	471.7	389.9	451.8	408.3	433.5	353.7			
Industrial trucks (electric), shipments: Hand (motorized)	20,994 25,119	24,183 28,654	2,155 2,605	1,939 2,475	1,955 2,406	2,710 3,102	1,383 1,577	1,808 2,232	2,248 2,435	2,209 2,667	2,082 2,124	2,073 2,233	1,840 2,149	1,809 2,254		
Industrial trucks and tractors (internal combustion engines), shipmentsnumber	51,986	55,782	5,142	4,267	4,954	5,948	3,261	4,550	5,108	5,307	4,312	3,367	3,940	4,423		
Industrial supplies, machinery and equipment: New orders index, seas. adjusted 1967-69 = 100 Industrial suppliers distribution:	231.1	261.3	261.7	263.5	261.9	257.2	260.3	260.2	258.4	262.2	258.3	257.7	243.6	228.3	225.1	
Sales index, seas. adjusted	236.5	271.0	263.0	269.1	270.8	279.4	276.3	287.1	276.1	274.8	283.4	260.6	260.9	275.2	268.7	
handling equip., valves, fittings, abrasives, fasteners, metal products, etc.) 1967=100 Fluid power products shipments indexes:	205.3	224.7	218.5	220.2	221.5	222.8	224.6	227.3	229.1	231.3	232.9	235.0	237.9	240.1	242.8	
Hydraulic products, seas. adj	225 200	272 235	251 231	250 228	267 236	265 224	292 261	291 264	270 227	304 246	282 231	288 232	306 233	313 232	r285 r231	298 237
Machine tools:  Metal cutting type tools:  Orders, new (net), total mil. \$	3,373.45	4,495.10	376.55	357.70	389.90	335.95	297.90	347.50	475.10	476.35	352.40	304.05	385.10	r401.90	₽419.85	
Domestic do Shipments, total do Domestic do	3,043.15 2,188.50 1,960.10	3,865.80 2,930.05 2,605.50	343.95 248.10 221.15	329.95 227.15 195.60	340.35 247.55 218.10	293.00 261.05 234.40	275.35 194.80 169.90	296.45 221.45 197.90	397.60 273.60 243.55	354.65 289.40 266.80	383.55 267.15 241.95	263.35 314.45 272.85	321.55 247.85 230.60	r362.00 r266.75 r242.85	373.35 366.10 319.55	
Order backlog, end of period do  Metal forming type tools:	2,980.6	4,545.7	3,505.4	3,636.0	3,778.3	3,853.2	3,956.3	4,082.4	4,283.9	4,470.8	4,556.1	4,545.7	4,682.9	r4,818.1	4,871.9	
Orders, new (net), total	968.55 896.85 824.95	1,047.60 919.90 946.50	105.40 99.00 85.05	103.95 84.95 77.90	86.35 76.85 75.05	86.65 67.10 89.50	64.20 57.55 72.90	78.55 73.70 63.90	70.50 54.25 73.20	88.70 83.40 90.65	80.50 67.95 94.15	98.25 84.45 84.65	81.80 70.35 82.85	r99.10 91.65 r88.70	107.40 92.95 92.45	
Domestic do Order backlog, end of period do	728.50 517.7	859.80 618.8	79.10 583.1	70.55 609.1	69.25 620.5	81.15 617.6	66.90 608.9	58.55 623.5	60.00 620.8	83.50 618.9	84.95 605.2	73.65 618.8	75.20 617.8	79.45 628.2	80.45 643.1	
Tractors used in construction, shipments, qtrly: Tracklaying, totalunitsunits mil. \$	22,057 1,404.3	19,823 1,173.0	5,486 377.1			6,099 404.3			5,367 377.1			2,871 145.6	41,450 4104.0	41,612 4124.0		
Wheel (contractors' off-highway) units mil. \$	6,013 440.0		1,564 118.1			1,563 129.0	***************************************		1,564 109.9			140.0	104.0	124.0		
Tractor shovel loaders (integral units only), wheel and tracklaying types units mil \$	48,851 1,728.9		13,332 486.1			12,605 392.3			14,289 472.2							
Tractors, wheel, farm, nonfarm (ex. garden and construction types), ship., qtrlyunitsmil. \$	175,245 2,662.1	202,659 3,421.0	56,310 907.7			56,457 927.2			45,864 786.1			44,028 890.0	417,220 4281.9	414,990 4288.0		
ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT																
Batteries (autotype replacement), shipthous Radio sets, production, total marketthous	56,389 48,036	53,746 40,029	4,068 33,951	3,332 2,114	3,359 3,220	3,830 34,534	3,643 3,208	5,027 3,140	5,137 33,967	5,899 2,689	5,186 2,588	4,647 34,195	3,859 1,669	3,220 1,864	3,197 №32,557	p1,401
Television sets (incl. combination models), production, total marketthous	17,406	16,616	³1,642	1,151	1,232	³1,698	1,185	1,261	³1,570	1,446	1,360	³1,469	1,050	1,188	№1,492	
See footnotes at end of tables.																

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1978	1979					197	79						19	80	
through 1976 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1977 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ual	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
	M	ETAL	S AN	D MA	NUF	ACT	URES	S—Со	ntinu	ed						
ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT—Continued																
Household major appliances (electrical), factory shipments (domestic and export) # thous Air conditioners (room) do Dishwashers do Disposers (food waste) do Ranges do Refrigerators do Freezers do Washers do Vacuum cleaners (qtrly.) do Vacuum cleaners (qtrly.) do GAS EQUIPMENT (RESIDENTIAL)	33,215 4,037 3,558 3,312 3,217 5,890 1,521 5,038 3,621 9,136	33,162 3,749 3,488 3,316 3,003 5,701 1,859 4,965 3,551 13,019	3,286 "632 334 "312 276 514 "153 476 328 2,298	2,851 638 275 278 252 412 154 354 233	3,369 693 308 297 277 581 187 455 298	2,888 389 268 263 264 562 199 436 273 2,047	2,757 164 260 285 262 584 235 390 275	2,696 96 310 273 251 516 187 445 316	2,691 77 293 274 244 539 180 435 311 4,602	2,823 94 356 314 275 518 152 421 325	2,436 139 282 262 244 383 100 384 319	2,257 235 240 242 213 337 101 298 228 4,072	2,763 201 265 290 261 466 130 479 360	2,580 342 250 283 262 375 135 373 278	2,845 434 277 295 215 436 152 421 283	
Furnaces, gravity and forced-air, shipmentsthous Ranges, total, sales	1,636 1,794 2,921	1,863 1,799 2,887	158 167 268	139 144 258	132 153 259	145 173 234	148 125 217	163 149 231	183 160 226	206 149 297	159 142 236	156 152 221	138 123 262	'131 '133 233	121 148 262	
<b>3</b> -7,		PETE													<u> · -</u>	<u></u>
COAL												· -				
Anthracite: Production ‡	6,160 866 <sup>2</sup> 47.135	15,750 1,233 347.986	460 50 47.677	475 41 47.677	530 124	465 80 47.677	415 48 47.677	540 159 47.378	485 127	600 131 47.868	545 153 48.725	425 206 49.831	470 167	350 50	67	
Bituminous: ‡ Production thous. sh. tons	1665,127	770,000	65,492	62,790	67,925	69,400	54,495	72,100	63,895	75,910	67,560	60,319	65,880	62,980		
Industrial consumption and retail deliveries, total # thous sh. tons Electric power utilities do Mfg. and mining industries, total do Coke plants (oven and beehive) do Retail deliveries to other consumers do.	621,330 480,171 133,245 71,078 7,914	676,650 527,757 141,762 76,735	54,565 41,715 12,330 6,761 520	51,339 38,911 11,963 6,500 465	53,674 41,427 11,853 6,632	55,718 43,909 11,400 6,414 409	60,123 48,124 11,650 6,475	60,482 48,453 11,700 6,385	53,941 42,079 11,402 6,291 460	55,120 42,898 11,561 6,363	55,067 42,890 11,364 6,093	59,808 46,980 11,953 6,403	(°) 50,295 (°) 6,319 (°)	(6) 47,440 (7) 5,991 (6)		
Stocks, industrial and retail dealers' end of period, total thous. sh. tons Electric power utilities do Mfg. and mining industries, total do Oven-coke plants do Retail dealers do	143,573 126,047 17,166 8,162	176,411 156,425 19,646 10,028	131,765 116,364 15,126 7,352	140,057 123,554 16,228 8,317	148,841 131,550 16,976 8,884 315	152,738 134,271 18,140 9,472	146,110 128,802 16,936 8,132	150,352 131,901 18,039 8,583 412	155,762 136,743 18,587 8,875	167,241 147,486 19,310 9,481	176,138 155,743 19,926 9,861 469	176,411 156,425 19,646 10,028	(7) 155,336 (6) 9,540	( <sup>7</sup> ) 153,669 ( <sup>6</sup> ) 9,196		
Exports	39,825 430.0	64,783 451.1	4,592 445.5	5,227 447.4	6,091 451.2	5,895 452.4	6,249 452.9	6,089 454.6	5,019 452.8	7,315 454.9	6,017 455.3	6,072 r457.7	4,292 457.9	3,990 458.5	5,565 460.6	462.8
COKE  Production: ‡ Beehive and oven (byproduct) thous. sh. tons Petroleum coke §	¹49,009 26,916	152,900	4,653 2,195	4,389 2,292	4,591 2,394	4,324 2,265	4,386 2,426	4,430 2,366	4,367 2,238	4,460 2,189	4,266 2,289	4,444	4,394	4,204		
Stocks, end of period: ‡         do           Oven-coke plants, total	3,534 3,350 184 2,214	5,163 4,613 549	3,259 3,094 165 2,223	3,405 3,219 186 2,263	3,406 3,178 228 2,243	3,168 2,935 233 2,005	3,223 2,949 274 2,033	3,304 3,972 332 1,589	3,715 3,351 364 1,404	4,208 3,794 414 1,052	4,608 4,148 460 1,051	5,163 4,613 549	5,531 4,859 672	5,781 5,097 684		
PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS	889	1,545	88	105	93	206	162	171	177	169	181	73	46	84	189	
Crude petroleum: Oil wells completed	117,775 300.1 5,500.8	719,243 376.5	1,544 324.2 449.1	*1,135 326.2 445.0	1,307 335.7 457.0	1,681 356.4 453.5	1,526 370.6 477.9	1,523 385.7 474.0	1,819 422.1 447.2	1,623 436.7 458.0	1,867 450.4 446.8	2,383 470.8	1,440 513.6	1,632 515.1	2,383 522.8	1,836 533.9
Refinery operating ratio	6,822.2 3,178.2		589.9 266.1	541.6 256.0	566.3 266.1	550.5 252.3	558.0 259.0	582.2 269.7	542.1 254.0	585.1 265.6	555.6 259.5					
Natural-gas plant liquids do Imports: Crude and unfinished oils ‡ do Refined products ‡ do	591.4 2,329.7 722.9		54.4 196.6 72.6	52.3 183.9 49.5	52.3 194.0 53.9	50.5 199.5 48.3	52.7 192.6 53.7	52.1 210.3 50.1	50.5 191.0 46.6	53.9 212.2 53.4	54.4 187.7					
Change in stocks, all oils (decrease,—) ‡ do  Demand, total ‡	-34.3 7,011.1	(4)	-4.1 613.3	23.9 534.2	9.3 562.6 5.3	31.2 543.9 7.0	45.8 539.7	24.1 574.5	27.8 530.7	20.8 575.4	9.8 561.9 7.9		\ \			
Crude petroleum         do           Refined products         do           Domestic product demand, total #‡         do	57.7 74.3 6,879.0		11.5 7.3 594.6	7.8 7.1 519.3	5.3 8.6 548.7	6.6 530.2	7.6 8.0 524.1	7.5 6.5 560.5	5.2 7.2 518.2	5.5 8.0 561.8	7.4 546.6					
Gasoline do Kerosene do	2,719.5 64.0		225.0 5.0	213.1 4.8	224.5 4.3	216.9 4.3	213.8 4.0	228.9 5.0	207.7 4.8	218.8 5.6	204.4 4.6					
Distillate fuel oil         do           Residual fuel oil         do           Jet fuel         do           Lubricants         do	1,252.6 1,103.2 385.7 62.6		112.4 100.4 33.7 6.2	90.2 74.4 28.8 5.8	92.7 77.6 31.3 6.4	81.2 76.6 32.2 5.6	79.1 71.4 34.3 5.5	85.9 76.8 33.7 5.8	79.8 78.6 33.2 4.8	96.2 79.1 32.6 5.8	99.3 82.5 32.1 5.3					
Asphalt do Liquefied gases do	171.4 515.7		8.2 50.5	10.7 42.2	16.1 41.7	19.9 38.6	19.8 42.8	23.0 44.7		19.2 50.7	13.5 53.2					***************************************
Stocks, end of period, total ‡ do Crude petroleum do Unfinished oils, natural gasoline, etc do Refined products do	1,277.6 376.3 116.7 784.6	(4) (4) (4)	1,146.0 399.9 115.5 630.6	1,169.9 403.6 119.6 646.7	1,179.2 403.2 118.4 657.5	1,210.4 414.5 119.6 676.3	1,256.1 403.0 124.8 728.4	1,280.2 411.9 125.1 743.1	1,308.0 415.0 126.4 766.6	1,328.8 435.9 129.0 763.9	1,338.7 438.6 132.8 767.3					

Inless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1978	1979					19	79						19	80	
hrough 1976 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1977 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		nual	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
	PETI	ROLEU	J <b>М, С</b>	OAL,	ANI	PRO	ODU	CTS—	-Cont	inued	l				,	
PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS—Continued																
tefined petroleum products: Gasoline (incl. aviation):																
Production ‡	2,630.5		(1)	(1)	211.9	(1)	219.1	215.4	200.8	202.9	201.2					
Stocks, end of period	240.8	( <sup>2</sup> )	241.9	237.9	229.7	232.0	244.1	235.2	232.3	221.0	223.3		*************	************		***************************************
Wholesale, regular ‡ Index, 2/73=100 Retail (regular grade, excl. taxes), 55 cities	265.0	r367.6	299.9	313.0	331.6	349.3	371.0	397.7	422.1	439.2	488.3	<sup>7</sup> 459.6	479.6	518.6	559.2	584.
(mid-month) \$ per gal Aviation gasoline:	0.531	40.878	0.732	0.772	0.814	0.878	0.931	0.968	0.990	0.998	1.011	1.051	1.127	1.190	1.226	
Productionmil. bbl Stocks, end of period	13.9 2.8		0.9 2.7	1.0 2.6	1.1 2.5	$\frac{1.4}{2.5}$	$\frac{1.4}{2.4}$	1.5 2.4	1.6 2.6	1.4 2.9	$\frac{1.1}{2.7}$					
Kerosene: Production ‡do	56.3		5.3	5.5	5.4	4.8	5.1	4.8	5.2	5.6	5.2					
Stocks, end of period	14.3	1	10.4	11.2	12.2	13.0	14.4	14.2	14.6	15.1	15.9					************
Index, 1967=100 Distillate fuel oil:	392.7	1 1	419.1	433.0	465.5	504.1	533.4	588.4	633.4	675.2	696.6	¹706.3	733.3	773.9	833.9	861.
Production ‡ mil. bbl Imports ‡ do	1,156.1 63.3		92.8 5.5	88.1 4.5	95.0 5.8	94.1 5.4	102.5 6.8	103.3 6.7	101.0 3.8	100.7 6.6	97.7					
Exports do Stocks, end of period do	1.2 216.5		$0.1 \\ 112.7$	0.1 115.0	0.1 123.1	(¹) 141.4	0.3 171.3	0.1 195.4	$0.1 \\ 220.3$	$0.3 \\ 231.1$	236.6					
Price, wholesale (middle distillate) ‡ Index, 1967=100 Residual fuel oil:	398.0	573.9	451.9	477.9	504.8	542.3	593.1	632.8	680.6	709.9	715.3	<sup>7</sup> 719.9	739.5	794.4	837.6	860.
Production ‡ mil bbl. Imports ‡ do do do do do do do do do do do do do	608.6 494.6		53.2 50.9	49.3 33.8	49.2 32.0	46.0 26.4	48.9 28.4	49.3 28.5	49.1 29.5	49.9 32.3	52.3 29.8					
Exports do Stocks, end of period do	4.6 90.2		0.4 72.0	0.1 81.0	0.2 84.9	0.2 80.9	0.6 86.6	0.4 87.5	0.1 87.8	0.3 90.9	0.1 90.6					
Price, wholesale ‡ Index, 1967 = 100	498.0		557.0	611.9	644.2	663.7	683.1	755.7	786.5	801.1	821.3	r834.6	942.8	965.3	974.8	929.
Jet fuel: ‡         Production	353.9 33.7		34.0 32.6	31.2 36.2	30.3 37.5	28.7 35.7	29.9 34.2	32.2 34.2	28.7 32.3	32.4 34.9	30.8 36.1					
Lubricants: Production do	69.5		5.9	5.9	6.4	5.8	6.1	6.2	5.3	6.2	5.8					
Exports do Stocks, end of period do	9.7 12.2		0.9 12.2	0.6 11.9	0.7 11.6	0.8 11.3	0.7 11.6	0.6 11.7	0.7 11.8	0.7 11.6	0.8 11.6					
Asphalt: Production	172.9 20.9		11.7 30.4	12.0 31.8	15.0 30.7	16.4 27.5	$\frac{16.9}{24.8}$	18.9 21.0	16.3 18.2	16.7 15.9	13.9 16.3					
Liquefied gases (incl. ethane and ethylene): ‡ Production, total	561.1		48.3	46.9	48.4	47.2	48.4	48.2	46.1	48.8	48.3					
At gas processing plants (L.P.G.)	431.5 129.5 132.0		38.0 10.3 96.2	36.2 10.6 98.8	36.3 12.0 105.9	35.8 11.5 113.7	37.2 11.2 120.5	36.9 11.3 125.0	36.4 9.7 130.2	38.9 9.9 126.1	38.6 9.7 119.6					
		PULP	, PAP	ER,	AND	PAP	ER P	ROD	UCTS							
PULPWOOD AND WASTE PAPER																
rulpwood: Receiptsthous. cords (128 cu.ft.)	74,795	78,699	6,722	6,335	6.541	6,913	6,505	6,955	6,465	7,505	0.564	C 470	6,906			
Receipts	74,170 5,806	79,633 5,506	6,987 5,116	6,869 4,803	6,541 6,741 4,603	6,901 4,599	6,469 4,558	6,644 4,847	6,448 4,943	7,103 5,320	6,564 6,723 5,112	6,479 6,057 5,506	6,923 5,320			
Vaste paper: Consumptionthous. sh. tons	12,481	12,911	1,139	1,083	1,123	1,090	1,002	1,137	1,040	1,150	1,051	1985	1,069			
Stocks, end of period do	740	<sup>7</sup> 636	641	639	668	666	662	665	633	642	638	<sup>7</sup> 636	646			
WOODPULP Production:																
Total, all grades # thous. sh. tons  Dissolving and special alpha	349,694 1,351	349,942 1,499	4,307 128	4,096 121	4,368 139	4,321 136	4,092 125	4,393 155	4,088 109	4,470 148	4,225 130	<sup>7</sup> 3,874 118	4,387 146			
Sulfate do Sulfite do	35,108 1,643	37,580 1,785	3,250 162	3,070 160	3,240 164	3,215 155	3,046 142	3,255 154	3,055 158	3,330	3,260 154	r2,942 150	3,379 147			
Groundwood do Semichemical do	4,807 3,552	4,447 4,632	396 370	378 368	384 441	369 446	360 419	387 441	370 397	389 442	359 321	355 '310	364 351			**********
Definition and a definition of the second of				- 1		896	884	892	781	813	834	°803	850		,.,,,,,,,	
tocks, end of period:	1.080	r803	834	907	9391				327	360	369	r317	376			
tocks, end of period: Total, all millsdo Pulp millsdo	1,080 459 551	r317	834 374 387	907 409 431	939 444 434	383	382 439	390 438		390	404	426	416			
tocks, end of period: Total, all mills	459 551 70	'317 '426 59	374 387 72	409 431 68	444 434 61	383 452 61	439 63	438 64	386 68	390 63	404 61	r426 59	57			
tocks, end of period: Total, all mills	459 551 70 32,599 757	*317 *426 59 *2,935 764	374 387 72 213 60	409 431 68 214 46	444 434 61 224 47	383 452 61 310 83	439 63 279 88	438 64 247 71	386 68 275 63	390 63 265 64	404 61 255 67	59 290 75	57 212 43	269 54	321 91	
tocks, end of period: Total, all mills	459 551 70 32,599	°317 °426 59 °2,935	374 387 72 213	409 431 68 214	444 434 61 224	383 452 61 310	439 63 279	438 64 247	386 68 275 63 211 323	390 63 265	404 61 255	59 290	57 212	269	321 91 230 445	
tocks, end of period: Total, all mills	459 551 70 32,599 757 31,841	°317 °426 59 °32,935 °764 °32,170	374 387 72 213 60 150	409 431 68 214 46 168	444 434 61 224 47 177	383 452 61 310 83 227	439 63 279 88 191	438 64 247 71 176	386 68 275 63 211	390 63 265 64 201	404 61 255 67 189	59 290 75 215	57 212 43 169	269 54 215	321 91 230 445 13	
tocks, end of period: Total, all mills	459 551 70 32,599 757 31,841 34,025 176	*317 *426 59 *32,935 764 *32,170 *34,318 155	374 387 72 213 60 150 384 27	409 431 68 214 46 168 323 10	444 434 61 224 47 177 456 8	383 452 61 310 83 227 347 6	439 63 279 88 191 352	438 64 247 71 176 378 18	386 68 275 63 211 323 21	390 63 265 64 201 358 6	404 61 255 67 189 373 18	59 290 75 215 347 11	57 212 43 169 365 15	269 54 215 328 14	321 91 230 445 13	
tocks, end of period: Total, all mills	459 551 70 32,599 757 31,841 34,025 176	*317 *426 59 *32,935 764 *32,170 *34,318 155	374 387 72 213 60 150 384 27	409 431 68 214 46 168 323 10	444 434 61 224 47 177 456 8	383 452 61 310 83 227 347 6	439 63 279 88 191 352	438 64 247 71 176 378 18	386 68 275 63 211 323 21	390 63 265 64 201 358 6	404 61 255 67 189 373 18	59 290 75 215 347 11	57 212 43 169 365 15	269 54 215 328 14	321 91 230 445 13	
tocks, end of period: Total, all mills	459 551 70 32,599 757 31,841 34,025 176 33,849 64,300	'317' '426' 59   \$2,935   764   \$2,170   \$4,318   155   \$4,163   64,875	374 387 72 213 60 150 384 27 357	409 431 68 214 46 168 323 10 312 5,409 2,424	444 434 61 224 47 177 456 8 448	383 452 61 310 83 227 347 6 340	439 63 279 88 191 352 8 344 5,156	438 64 247 71 176 378 18 360 5,712 2,579	386 68 275 63 211 323 21 302	390 63 265 64 201 358 6 352	404 61 255 67 189 373 18 355	59 290 75 215 347 11 336	57 212 43 169 365 15	269 54 215 328 14 314	321 91 230 445 13 432	
tocks, end of period: Total, all mills	459 551 70 32,599 757 31,841 34,025 176 33,849	'317' '426 '59 '59 '2,935 '764 '2,170 '4,318 '155 '4,163	374 387 72 213 60 150 384 27 357	409 431 68 214 46 168 323 10 312	444 434 61 224 47 177 456 8 448	383 452 61 310 83 227 347 6 340	439 63 279 88 191 352 8 344	438 64 247 71 176 378 18 360	386 68 275 63 211 323 21 302	390 63 265 64 201 358 6 352	404 61 255 67 189 373 18 355	59 290 75 215 347 11 336	57 212 43 169 365 15 350	269 54 215 328 14 314	321 91 230 445 13 432	

may 1960			JRVE													
Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1976 and descriptive notes are as shown	1978	1979					197	79			···			19	80	
in the 1977 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann		Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
	PULP,	PAP	ER, A	ND I	PAPE	RPF	CODU	CTS-	Con	tinue	d			······		
PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS—Cont.  Paper and board—Cont.  Producer price indexes: Paperboard	179.6 187.4	202.1 *182.4	192.9 182.6	197.9 183.4	199.2 183.3	199.8 180.8	201.7 178.0	206.4 179.1	209,6 182,6	211.3 183.5	212.8 183.6	215.4 184.6	221.8 186.0	223.4 191.0	225.9 198.7	230.2 201.3
Selected types of paper (API): Groundwood paper, uncoated: Orders, new	1,367 179 1,309	1,472 181 1,474	143 208 124	115 203 123	115 183 127	126 181 124	130 195 121	136 195 131	124 204 119	139 207 133	105 183 128	107 181 118	156 *167 125	'110 '173 '108	133 179 128	
Coated paper: Orders, new	4,428 464 4,448	4,519 436 4,510	408 413 412	391 440 370	375 432 377	337 410 352	393 463 360	399 445 405	348 432 364	378 408 406	401 427 381	364 436 366	*479 *397 *433	*404 *422 *387	375 379 416	
Uncoated free sheet papers:         0 do           Orders, new	7,542 7,575	7,805 8,244	689 721	627 668	696 719	674 718	635 646	69 <b>7</b> 732	628 663	678 739	639 698	602 663	*740 *757	r641 r705	697 770	
ronverting papers: Shipments thous sh tons. Tissue paper, production do	3,884 4,215	3,963 4.525	341 403	340 379	349 397	339 387	321 374	337 401	319 367	348 397	333 372	305 337	346 r384		340 390	ì
Newsprint: Canada: Production thous metric tons Shipments from mills do. Stocks at mills, end of period do.	8,812 8,883 184	8,756 8,780 162	750 763 238	726 722 242	723 750 215	720 734 201	720 720 202	736 748 190	696 669 216	765 782 199	749 744 204	732 774 162	777 727 212	738 744 205	782 777 210	
United States:         do           Production         do           Shipments from milis         do           Stocks at mills, end of period         do	3,418 3,429 20	<b>3,68</b> 5 <b>3,68</b> 9 16	316 318 20	289 291 18	307 305 20	306 304 21	301 304 19	323 322 20	306 305 21	334 334 22	330 328 24	307 315 16	341 334 23	334 333 23	358 351 29	
Consumption by publishers \( \begin{align*}	6,446 660	6,673 628	570 650	575 642	587 609	545 625	519 668	540 654	560 612	598 584	600 556	580 628	'516 '617	521 670	576 682	
Imports	7,484 226.3	7,225 249.4	651 244.7	568 244.7	575 247.7	585 247.7	577 247.7	634 247.7	533 247.7	590 262.1	636 265.1	636 268.2	619 268.2	624 269.4	685 269.4	269.4
Paperboard (American Paper Institute): § Orders, new (weekly avg.)	600 1,368 582	613 1,393 608	657 1,583 628	630 1,638 619	605 1,674 619	621 1,554 624	599 1,554 560	616 1,528 616		632 1,547 631	599 1,534 619	560 1,393 598	(3) (3) :42,739	2,587	2,791	
Paper products: Shipping containers, corrugated and solid fiber shipmentsmil. sq. ft. surf. area	243,898	<sup>r</sup> 250,643	'22,868	<sup>1</sup> 20,585	<sup>7</sup> 21,723	120,960	19,672		720,325	<sup>7</sup> 23,562	r20,327	18,109	<sup>1</sup> 21,935	20,452	21,466	
Folding paper boxes, shipments thous. sh. tonsmil. \$.	2,734 0 2,278 0	2,716.0 2,416.7	254.1 218.6	205.7 180.1	283 9 204.2	228.7 201.1	213.5 188.6		218.1 199.1	250.1 227.5	224.6 206.2	220.2 206.1				
		RUI	BBER	ANI	RU	BBEF	PRO	ODUC	CTS					,		
RUBBER  Natural rubber: Consumption		739.00 			60.22 130.17 54.96	58.95 137.67 81.96	57.94 145.95 56.22	63.17 144.38 58.25	57.73 135.56 58.90	65.17 135.00 46.08				56.00		
Price, wholesale, smoked sheets (N.Y.) \$ per lb Synthetic rubber:  Production thous, metric tons	0.496 2,475.21	0.651 2,528.16	0.723 232.08	0.674 216.68	0.754 223.32	0.688 210.66	0.638	0.655 202.75	0.640 209.95	0.685 213.83	0.670 206.03	9 679 207.55	0.730	0.865	0.733	
Consumption do Stocks, end of period do  Exports (Bu, of Census) thous, ig tons	2,475.21 2,436.40 424.07 254.96	2,339.75 385.10	232.06 224.39 393.57 27.74	201.50 398.92 29.43	211.99 391.53 28.74	179.55 401.26 34.61	176.52 411.28 34.51	202.75 202.29 402.25 39.37	187.94 402.75 34.90	202.83 389.91 38.61	206.03 174.53 402.05 36.53	163.25	31.46	34.48	41.98	
Reclaimed rubber: Production thous metric tons Consumption do Stocks, end of period do	119.22 118.73 14.12	(2) (2) (2)														
TIRES AND TUBES																
Pneumatic casings, automotive: Production thous. Shipments, total do.	1223,406 1236,640	296,687 213,929	21,807 21,952	18,609 19.002	18,544 19,629	15,603 19,845	14,904 15,402	18.500	15,985 18,764	17,775 20,149	14,480 14,591	12,340 12,446	15,188 13,700	15,059 12,445		i
Original equipment do  Replacement equipment do  Exports do	166,884 165,193 14,563	58.072 150,781 5 077	6,765 14,771 416	5,185 13,499 319	5,987 13,274 368	5,77 : 13,745 326	3,263 11,780 359	3,353 14,646 501	4,684 13,619 462	5,059 14,537 553	3,928 10,210 452	2,980 9,024 442	3,830 9,463 407	3,974 8,004 467		
Stocks, end of period do  Exports (Bu. of Census) do  Inner tubes, automotive:	143,472 5,328	44,878 6,872		53,540 457	53,033 510	<b>49,36</b> 2 686	49,397 384	48,422 616	46,002 501	44,357 666	44.546 581	44,873 527	46,760 605	49,993 698	1,098	
Exports (Bu. of Census) do	3,015	3,576	გაი	160	186	210	277	310	438	259	362	493	405	481	420	

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data hrough 1976 and descriptive notes are as shown	1978	1979	1979							1980						
n the 1977 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anr	nual	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
		STON	E, CI	AY,	AND	GLA	SS P	RODI	UCTS							
PORTLAND CEMENT																
Shipments, finished cementthous. bbl  CLAY CONSTRUCTION PRODUCTS	1451,266	¹451,495	32,420	35,846	44,622	48,181	45,287	50,346	43,106	49,559	38,096	29,202	22,032	22,101		
Shipments: @																
Brick, unglazed (common and face) mil. standard brick Structural tile, except facing thous. sh. tons	8,585.6 48.0	*8,019.8 43.3	688.8 5.6	711.2	813.5 6.0	754.4 6.5	$777.1 \\ 7.0$	818.8 7.5	675.2 6.2	789.3 5.0	626.5 6.1	*483.7 4.9	455.0 6.6			
Sewer pipe and fittings, vitrifieddo Facing tile (hollow), glazed and unglazed	927.4	*847.3	68.6	4.9 63.3	95.3	89.3	87.4	95.2	75.4	91.0	65.3	r42.2	44.7			
mil. brick equivalent  Floor and wall tile and accessories, glazed and	58.1	56.1	4.4	4.4	4.5	6.0	6.8	5.7	4.4	4.6	4.0	4.6	3.2			
unglazed mi. sq. ft	301.7	r314.3	28.5	25.7	27.6	27.2	25.7	29.5	25.1	28.0	25.1	*22.8	27.0			
rice index, brick (common), f.o.b. plant or N.Y. dock 1967 = 100	234.4	263.1	257.3	261.4	263.1	264.5	265.9	268.2	271.0	265.2	265.2	266.6	272.5	274.6	276.2	280
GLASS AND GLASS PRODUCTS	000 440	050.000	010.150			005 001			*01000F			000 510				
lat glass, mfrs.' shipments thous. \$ lass containers:	829,449	858,080	210,156			205,321	***************************************		r216,087			226,516				
Productionthous. gross	327,609	321,999	29,264	27,640	28,841	28,611	27,327	28,713	23,470	28,573	26,027	21,311	r27,262	28,136	28,631	
Shipments, domestic, total	317,440	317,047	30,986	25,174	28,088	27,143	25,630	29,357	25,098	27,622	27,025	23,324	r24,825	25,234	27,877	
Food	27,563 61,403	26,686 54,995	2,671 5,187	1,905 4,574	2,505 4,994	2,434 5,176	2,183 5,063	2,878 5,571	2,336 4,316	2,197 4,472	2,040 4,644	1,555 3,939	2,130 r3,731	2,544 3,633	2,444 4,551	
Beer	106,489 25,084	113,875 25,329	10,361 2,803	9,766 1,816	10,642 1,996	10,059 1,808	10,168 1,588	10,388 2,074	8,640 2,129	9,386 2,586	9,028 2,681	8,161 2,684	'8,701 '1,991	9,155 1,816	9,708 2,201	
Wide-mouth containers: Food (incl. packer's tumblers, jelly glasses, and fruit jars)thous. gross	65,062	66,517	6,947	4,754	5,398	5,272	4,470	5,905	5,549	6,313	6,014	5,073	r5,517	5,244	6,126	
Narrow-neck and wide-mouth containers:  Medicinal and toiletdo	27,998	25,856	2,676	2,089	2,217	2,085	1,866	2,207	1,844	2,315	2,233	1,661	2,449	2,462	2,526	
Chemical, household and industrial do	3,841	3,789	341	270	336	309	292	334	284	353	385	251	306	380	321	
Stocks, end of period	*43,950	45,935	45,142	48,503	47,575	48,844	49,631	48,991	48,029	48,637	47,056	45,935	r47,556	50,288	50,548	
roduction: Crude gypsum (exc. byproduct) thous. sh. tons Calcineddo	114,891 114,041	14,448 13,503	1,155 1,148	1,239 1,140	1,300 1,135	1,250 1,075	1,101 1,143	1,300 1,179	1,197 1,076	1,321 1,251	1,238 1,100	1,207 1,191				
mports, crude gypsum do	18,308	7,773	557	505	621	858	550	978	637	612	703	794				
ales of gypsum products: Uncalcineddo	15,881	5,596	300	467	558	539	531	491	481	513	481	562				
Calcined: Industrial plasters do	1383	379	34	31	33	30	33	33	28	38	35	32				
Building plasters: Regular basecoat	140 306	121 283	11 27	9 23	12 27	10 24	11 25	11 29	8 23	12 28	11 22	10 20				
Board products, total mil. sq. ftdo do	116,445 137	16,865 125	1,421 14	1,377 10	$\frac{1,450}{12}$	1,321 8	1,438 9	1,515 10	1,323 11	1,565 10	1,368	1,415 9				
Veneer base do Gypsum sheathing do	458 234	444 218	39 17	38	39 23	36 20	39 18	41 19	34 19	41 20	36 18	31 18				
Regular gypsum board	12,566 2,786	12,556 3,272	1,068 263	1,039 251	1,084 271	983 256	$\frac{1,073}{278}$	1,122 297	981 255	1,160 308	1,000 286	1,043 298				
Predecorated wallboard do	231	249	19	20	22	18	22	25	24	26	19	16		.,	<u></u>	
	1		$\mathbf{T}$	EXTI	LE P	ROD	UCTS	<b>S</b>					ı			1
FABRIC (GRAY) (init fabric production off knitting machines (own	1.500 -															
use, for sale, on commission), qtrlymil. lb Initting machines active last working daythous	1,720.5 33.3															
Voven fabric (gray goods), weaving mills: Production, total # mil. linear yd	10,147		835	³1,033	836	820	³828	817	876	³1,206	853					
Cotton do do Manmade fiber do do do do do do do do do do do do do	3,962 6,070		323 502	³394 ³627	836 323 503	317 493	³296 ³524	318 492	351 519	³525 ³673	350 496	474				
Stocks, total, end of period #	835 244		857 241	885 238	893 249	911 244	931 252	951 243	954 250	899 250	868 212					
Manmade fiber do	585		611	642	639	661	674	703	698	643	651	670				
Orders, unfilled, total, end of period # do Cotton	3,029 1,230		2,898 1,279	2,821 1,257	2,975 1,307	2,805 1,267	2,434 992	2,581 1,101	2,832 1,279	2,615 1,224	2,881 1,489					
Manmade fiber do  COTTON	1,799		1,619	1,564	1,667	1,539	1,443	1,480	1,552	1,391	1,391	1,294				
otton (excluding linters):																
Production: Ginnings ¶thous running bales	²10,549	²14,262					72	539	916	4,798	9,937	12,733	13,835		14,262	
Crop estimatethous. net weight bales §	²10,856	²14,527					•••••						14,527			
Consumption thous running bales. Stocks in the United States, total, end of period #	6,079	6,140	506 7 940	3584 6 756	484	489	<sup>3</sup> 503	16 909	16 090	³630	482	436	3604	r507	517	*******
Domestic cotton, total	11,229 11,226 2 316	12,933 12,929 3,937	7,940 7,936	6,756 6,751 600	5,732 5,727 492	4,631 4,625 383	3,790 3,785 250	16,803 16,799	16,080 16,076	15,068 15,064 10,635	14,271 14,268 6,643	12,933 12,929 3,937	11,323 11,315 2 593	r9,792 r9,786 r2,245	8,156 8,150 1,800	
On farms and in transit	2,316 7,860 1,050	8,160 832	806 6,033 1,097	5,058 1,093	492 4,171 1,064	383 3,275 967	2,608 927	13,756 2,195 848	13,451 1,878 747	3,783 646	6,643 6,896 729	8,160 832	2,593 7,734 988	76,554 7987	1,800 5,295 1,055	
Consuming establishments do ee footnotes at end of tables.	. 1,000	. 632	T,09/	1,0931	1,004	90/	341	0461	1411	040	1291	002	. 2001	-301	1,055	I

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1978	1979											1980						
through 1976 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1977 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		ıual	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.			
		TI	EXTII	E PI	RODU	JCTS-	—Cor	tinue	ed										
COTTON AND MANUFACTURES—Cont.													<u> </u>						
Cotton (excluding linters)—Continued	15,875	6.640	574	600	E40	614	410	400	428	200	630	000	371,986	1.09#	1 150				
Exports thous running bales. Imports thous net-weight bales §	58.5	6,649 6 57.5	574 1 53.5	602	542 (10) 55.5	614	(10)	463 2 59.2	0	(10)	(10) 61.0	902	0	1,025 (10) 62.9	1,150	DE0 1			
Price (farm), American upland ¶ cents per lb Price, Strict Low Middling, Grade 41, staple 34				54.7		58.8	60.9		56.8	61.3		59.9	59.8	l .	<sup>1</sup> 60.9	₽58.1 ₽79.0			
(1-1/16"), average 10 markets cents per lb Spindle activity (cotton system spindles):	³61.6	***************************************	58.7	58.0	60.9	63.4	61.9	62.1	62.2	62.9	63.4	66.2	72.4	80.7	79.2	-19.0			
Active spindles, last working day, totalmil  Consuming 100 percent cotton	16.4 6.4	16.2 6.4	16.4 6.4	16.4 6.4	16.4 6.4	16.4 6.4	16.3 6.4	16.2 6.4	16.3 6.4	16.3 6.5	16.2 6.4	16.2 6.4	716.4 6.4	16.3 *6.4	6.4				
Spindle hours operated, all fibers, total bil  Average per working day do	102.4 0.394	102.0 0.393	8.3 0.416	49.9 0.398	8.2 0.411	8.0 0.398	48.5 0.338	7.9 0.396	$\frac{7.8}{0.392}$	410.4 0.418	6.4 7.9 0.394	7.1 0.352	410.0 0.402	8.7 0.436					
Consuming 100 percent cotton do	41.5	41.7	3.4	44.0	3.3	3.3	⁴3.4	3.3	3.3	44.2	3.2	2.9	⁴4.1	3.4	3.3	***************************************			
Cotton cloth: Cotton broadwoven goods over 12" in width:	4.007	0.001	1.000			1.010			*001			040	i						
Production (qtrly.)mil. lin. yd Orders, unfilled, end of period, compared with	4,007 516.1	3,931 18.9	1,033	10.7	19.2	1,018 18.2	01.0	10.4	r931	100	20.3	949 22.6	17.0	16.6	17.2				
avg. weekly production no. weeks' prod Inventories, end of period, compared with avg. weekly production no. weeks' prod	54.9	3.7	18.9	18.7 3.6	3.6	3.3	21.9	16.4 3.5	16.4 3.3	16.2 3.4	3.7	3.9	17.9 3.7	3.6	3.6	***************************************			
Ratio of stocks to unfilled orders (at cotton mills), end of period	50.30	0.20	3.6 0.19	0.19	0.19	0.18	4.4 0.20	0.21	0.20	0.21	0.18	0.17	0.21	0.22	0.21	***********			
Exports, raw cotton equiv. thous. net-weight §bales	457.9	627.8	56.7	44.1	50.5	57.0	46.2	47.1	55.8	59.0	62.3	58.1	50.6	54.2	0.21	***************************************			
Imports, raw cotton equivalent do	676.2	506.4	47.5	38.3	50.0	40.3	34.4	38.1	38.7	38.7	37.1	40.5	43.0	41.6	***************************************				
MANMADE FIBERS AND MANUFACTURES Fiber production, gtrly:											i								
Filament yarn (acetate)mil. lb  Staple, incl. tow (rayon)	300.9 534.6	316.6 549.4	78.2 142.7			78.4 142.7			78.8 128.1			81.2 135.9							
Noncellulosic, except textile glass: Yarn and monofilaments	3,814.3	4,136.3	1,057.2			1,059.6			995.9			1.023.6							
Staple, incl. tow do  Textile glass fiber do	3,952.7 923.3	4,282.3 1,011.9	1,056.4			1,067.1 278.8			1,064.2 263.7			1,094.6							
Fiber stocks, producers', end of period:																			
Filament yarn (acetate) mil. lb Staple, incl. tow (rayon) do	15.4 28.7	11.8 35.6	12.4 27.5			11.3 37.4			11.4 31.8			11.8 35.6							
Noncellulosic fiber, except textile glass: Yarn and monofilaments	343.4	379.8	366.3			363.7			366.6			379.8							
Staple, incl. tow	335.5 98.6	311.1 152.9	314.8 93.5			301.1 100.5			308.1 143.6			311.1 152.9							
Manmade fiber and silk broadwoven fabrics: Production (qtrly.), total #mil. lin. yd	6,603.0	6,574.7	1,713.9			1,681.6	***************************************		r1,538.4			1,641.3							
Filament yard (100%) fabrics #	2,247.0 406.4	2,416.0 396.4	602.4 102.4			589.3 98.8			*578.4 *96.7			645.9 98.5							
Chiefly nylon fabrics do Spun yard (100%) fab., exc. blanketing # do	384.4 3,703.1	426.5 3,526.2	112.0 945.7			106.5 933.1			7102.1 7814.8			105.9 832.6							
Rayon and/or acetate fabrics, blends do Polyester blends with cotton do	331.2 2,593.1	338.4 2,412.2	85.5 649.1			86.7 641.3			80.9 r553.0			85.3 568.8				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			
Filament and spun yarn fabrics do Manmade fiber gray goods, owned by weaving	376.2	389.7	98.7			96.1			r89.9			105.0							
mills: Ratio, stocks to unfilled orders, end of period	³0.22	50.22	0.20	0.22	0.21	0.22	0.24	0.24	0.21	0.21	0.22	0.25							
Prices, manufacturer to mfr., f.o.b. mill: 50/50 polyester/carded cotton printcloth, gray,	0.400	120 470	0.400	0.475	0.455	0.470	0.454	0.400	0.401		0.471	0.400	0.470	0.400	0.401				
48", 3.90 yds./lb., 78x54-56	0.492	120.472	0.469	0.475	0.475	0.470	0.474	0.469	0.461		0.471	0.469	0.476	0.488	0.491				
3.0 oz/sp yd, 45", 128x72, gray-basis, wh. permpresin	°0.765																		
65% acetate/35% nylon tricot, gray, 32 gauge,	. 70.458																		
54", 3.2 oz/linear yd\$ per yd 100% textured polyester DK jacquard, 11 oz./ linear yd., 60", yarn dyed, finished\$ per yd	°1.657	***************************************	***************************************	***********	***************************************	***********	***************************************		***********	***********	*****************************		***************************************						
Manmade fiber manufactures:	1.057		***************************************	***************************************	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	***************************************		***************************************	***************************************							***************************************			
Exports, manmade fiber equivalent mil. lbs Yarn, tops, thread, cloth	441.70 267.28	596.58 371.44	53.20 33.37	45.03 27.30	49.28 30.64	52.81 32.27	44.92 28.71	46.69 28.90	50.61 31.48	56.16 34.73	53.00 32.92	58.12 36.12	47.25 29.42	59.36 29.08					
Cloth, woven do Manufactured prods., apparel, furnishings do	165.71 174.42	228.63 225.13	19.37 19.83	16.76 17.72	18.84 18.64	21.23 20.54	17.00 16.21	18.31 17.79	19.55 19.13	21.04 21.43	21.28 20.07	21.17 22.00	18.58 17.83	16.04 30.28					
Imports, manmade fiber equivalent	642.59 147.55	524.97 102.20	39.06 10.92	38.47 9.96	45.19 9.79	53.03 9.68	52.25 8.34	50.84 9.06	44.58 6.79	42.35 6.90	40.18 6.33	35.64 7.18	36.39 7.83	39.90 7.71					
Cloth, woven do do Manufactured prods., apparel, furnishings do	87.76 495.04	64.58 422.79	6.72 28.13	6.51 28.51	5.61 35.43	6.29 43.35	4.91 43.91	6.34 41.78	4.69 37.79 31.92	4.14 35.46	3.84 33.85 28.59	4.08 28.46 23.51	4.96 28.57 23.95	4.88 32.18 27.28					
Apparel, total	425.18 242.40	360.41 184.50	22.87 11.16	23.72 11.90	30.45 16.38	37.26 19.99	38.44 20.03	36.54 18.23	16.50	30.77 16.99	14.25	11.69	9.20	14.51					
Wool and MANUFACTURES																			
Wool consumption, mill (clean basis): Apparel classmil. lb Carpet classdo	102.2 13.0	101.4 9.8	8.9 0.8	*10.0 0.9	8.5 0.8	7.8 0.7	47.5 0.7	7.6 0.8	6.7 0.8	⁴9.9 0.8	8.0 0.7	8.1 0.4	⁴11.3 1.0						
Wool imports, clean yield do  Duty-free (carpet class) do	50.4 23.4	42.3 22.0	4.2 2.2	3.9 1.8	4.3 2.0	3.1 2.3	4.1 2.4	3.3 1.9	2.6 1.6	2.0 0.9	3.5 2.0	3.5 1.7	6.1 3.1	4.9 1.6	5.1 2.3				
Wool prices, raw, shorn, clean basis, delivered to	20.4	22.0	2.2	1.0	2.0	2.0		1.0	1.0	0.0	2.0	2.,	<b>U.1</b>	1.0	2.0				
U.S. mills: Domestic—Graded territory, 64's, staple 2-3/4"													2.22		2 # 2	2.04			
and upcents per lb Australian, 64's, Type 62, duty-paid do	1.90 2.34	2.18 2.77	2.06 2.65	2.20 2.73	2.20 2.78	2.18 2.82	2.18 2.83	2.18 2.83	2.20 2.93	2.30 3.09	2.33 2.90	2.33 2.80	2.38 2.92	2.53 3.10	2.56 3.06	$\frac{2.31}{2.99}$			
Wool broadwoven goods, exc. felts: Production (qtrly.)mil. lin. yd	116.6	119.4	33.5			31.3			r26.5			28.2							
FLOOR COVERINGS																			
Carpet, rugs, carpeting (woven, tufted, other), shipments, quarterly mil. sq. yds	111,162.3	1,216.6	277.9			311.5			310.9			316.3							
APPAREL	Ì												1						
Women's, misses', juniors' apparel cuttings: @ Coatsthous. units	18,727	20,404	1,429	1,612	1,860	1,957	1,781	2,419	2,002	2,017	1,787	1,037							
Dresses	179,078 27,856	130,881 26,267	13,715 2,726	11,656 2,271	11,360 2,305	11,439 2,293	8,774 1,923	10,027 2,319	10,518 2,129	11,474 2,285	9,788 1,797	8,670 1,457							
Blouses thous dozen. Skirts do	27,893 6,414	30,411 8,547	2,971 719	2,601 756	2,683 787	2,599 820	2,109 661	2,625 789	2,259 685	2,784 730	2,563 831	1,886 559							
Can footnotes at and of tables																			

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1976 and descriptive notes are as shown	1978	3 1979							1980							
in the 1977 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anr	nual	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.
		TI	EXTII	LE PI	RODU	JCTS-	Cor	ntinue	ed							
APPAREL—Continued																
Men's apparel cuttings: @ Suitsthous. units  Coats (separate), dress and sportdo	23,050 16,029	14,402 14,967	1,600 1,556	1,379 1,366	1,287 1,261	1,245 1,400	719 1.012	1,160 1,358	1,123 1,298	1,204 1,218	1,137 1.093	865 760				
Trousers (separate), tress and sport	112,750 13,500	1156,854 7,136	641	541	617	640	7,524 446	9,861 599	10,119	11,564 847	10,044 559	7,743 650				
Shirts, dress, sport, inc. knit outerwear do Hosiery, shipmentsthous. doz. pairs	42,807 267,683	37,010 290,453	3,515 23,928	2,948 23,407	3,085 22,091	3,222 26,153	2,396 25,734	3,146 25,928	3,017 26,320	3,270 27,600	$3,345 \\ 26,201$	2,864 22,564	22,392			
		TF	RANS	POR'	LATI	ON E	QUII	PMEN	VT					L	1	<b>L</b>
AEROSPACE VEHICLES		[													[	
Orders, new (net) qtrly, total	49,819 25,992		17,285 7,847			15,407 5,916			12,482 5,111							
Prime contract do  Sales (net), receipts, or billings, qtrly, total do	46,340 37,968		16,414 10,847			13,766 11.299			11,542 11,350							
U.S. Government	21,888		5,685			5,965			5,471 68,838					.,.,		
Backlog of orders, end of period #	57,160 30,223 28,267		63,598 32,385 32,891			67,706 33,336 34,502			32,976 35,519							
Engines (aircraft) and parts do Missiles, space vehicle systems, engines, propul-	5,602		6,219			8,065			8,892							
sion units, and parts mil. \$ Other related operations (conversions, modifica-	7,557		7,057			6,696		.,,	6,258							
tions), products, services mil. \$  Aircraft (complete):	7,697	,	8,910	.,.,		9,151			9,355						**********	
Shipments do Airframe weight thous. lb	6,530.8 54,542	11,037.2 80,236	1,107.9 8,726	895.8 6,435	929.2 7,013	824.6 6,235	1,061.5 7,100	1,025.7 7,595	896.3 6,439	$765.2 \\ 5,517$	$\frac{991.7}{6,828}$	1,271.6 7,611	"615.4 5,055	107.5 7.992		
Exports, commercial mil. \$  MOTOR VEHICLES (NEW)	³3,589	6.149	551	560	369	384	723	599	399	464	534	658	269	768	786	
Passenger cars: Factory sales (from U.S. plants), totalthous	9,165	8,419	883	761	922	820	587	449	630	787	641	494	10513	²619	²638	57
Domestic do	8,494	7,678	806	706	842	751	541	417	557	762	574	442	468	563		
Retail sales, total, not seasonally adj	9,312	10,669 8,340	1,116 865	988 764	1,053 798	905 701	886 689	916 706	775 601	899 729 170	775 606	733 561	806 588	812 592	895 670 225	54
Imports §	2,000	2,329	251 12.4 9.7	224 11.1 8.5	256 11.1 8.4	204 9.4 7.2	197 10.5 8.3	211 11.0 8.9	174 10.8 8.7	9.4 7.3	168 9.6 7.2	171 10.5 8.0	218 11.6 8.6	220 10.5 7.6	10.1 7.6	.3
Imports §			2.7	2.6	2.6	2.3	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.4	2.5	3.1	2.9	2.5	
Retail inventories, end of mo., domestics: Not seasonally adjustedthous	1,729	1,691	1,974	1,914	2,034	2,153	2,026	1,753	1,752	1,775	1,794	1.691	1,598	1,610	1,567	1,58
Seasonally adjusted §	1,740 2.2	1,594 2.4	1,800 2.2	1,753 2.5	1.810 2.6	1,905 3.2	1,932 2.8		1,693 2.3	1,704 2.8	1,712 2.8	1,594 2.4	1,495 2.0	1,409 2.2	1,353 2.1	1,34
Exports (BuCensus), assembled carsthous	*695.12 *540.90	779 16 590.95	73.17 57.07	73.32 61.37	85.73 69.10	73.47 61.38	46.78 36.69		64.20 56.11	79.79 60.94	74.91 51.07	55.95 40.67	49.43 37.33	63.32 51.26	72.44 62.62	
Imports (BuCensus), complete units do From Canada, total dodo	32,831.8 3832.7	3.001.8 671.2	223.2 71.5	311.3 60.0	256.2 63.7	259.4 51.9	239.9 45.0	241.6 32.6	216.0 51.5	235.7 52.5	275.4 60.6	257.9 48.5	279.5 48.6	286.6 51.5	288.1 61.6	
Registrations I, total new vehicles	10,946 1,946	10,335 2,339	7913 7202	1956 1229	°987 ⁵237	*878 *212	*913 *220	*877	%52 %193	5887 5208	5725 5167	5831 5196	5749 5201	7698 7194	6798 6218	
Trucks and buses: Factory sales (from U.S. plants), totalthous	3,706	3,037	354	271	329	290	219		198	251	196	166	10165	²176	²157	134
Domestic	3,415	2,741	326	251	298	262	198		176	222	171	141	148	157	10.	
Retail sales, seasonally adjusted: Light-duty, up to 14,000 lbs. GVW	3,547.2			236.5	221.7				248.3 10.5	235.3	214.3		220.4 10.2	191.0 10.2	172.7 8.3	148.
Heavy-duty, 26,001 lbs. and over GVW do	164.5 202.3	151.6 223.2	14.7 19:3	15.9 19.2	13.6 19.8	12.0 18.6	13.0 20.9	10.8 17.7	17.7	11.2 18.0	11.1 16.6	9.7 14.8	18.3	16.4	14.2	
Retail inventories, end of period, seasonally adjustedthous.	773.9	814.8	922.3	926.8	1.021.8	1,071.7			919.8	877.2	850.8	814.8	779.9	766.0	746.1	743.
Exports (BuCensus), assembled units	°248.42	259.44 974.13	25.80 70.42	21.90 91.20	28.11 90.98	25.95 70.86	22.20 59.92		17.59 83.13	19.18 90.50	22.26 81.16	19.71 97.43	18.81 97.40	16.94 99.06	18.94 100.61	
Registrations, new vehicles, excluding buses not produced on truck chassisthous	3,963	3,468	7317	4310	*313	*277	*289	4286	*293	*313	5248	5265	*232	<sup>7</sup> 209	6219	
Truck trailers and chassis, complete (excludes																
detachables), shipments	194,976 128,566 6,468	209,522 138,484 9,154	20,529 13,833 1,444	18,308 12,326 1,105	20,421 13,191 913	16,876 10,693 855	16,426 10,523 622	19,816 13,548 751	17,296 11,444 526	17,580 11,785 546	16,141 10,957 500	13,627 8,956 326	712,220 77,602 644	12,260 7,081 551		
Trailer chassis (detachable), sold separately do	29,775	14,700	1,428	874	943	1,030	1,201	1.584	1.147	1 129	1,296	994	1,423	1,116		
RAILROAD EQUIPMENT Freight cars (new), for domestic use; all railroads																
and private car lines (excludes rebuilt cars and cars for export):										į						
Shipments number Equipment manufacturers do	67,440 62,400	90,021 83,931	8,296 7,787	7,316 6,884	7,704 7,281	8,039 7,547	5,874 5,608	8,051 7,753	6,962 6,618	8,107 7,758	8,884 7,971	8,084 7,376	7,835 7,365	7,903 7,440	8,795 8,224	
New orders do Equipment manufacturers do do la Lindia and an analysis and a financial do do do do do do do do do do do do do	129,196 124,862 06 255	119,291 113,060	14,801 14,801	7,799 7,799	13,701 13,288	6,639 6,639	6,993 6,293	8,719 7,519	11,873	6,129 6,129	8,658 7,890	8,538 7,538	7,010 6,310	3,776 3,776	3,471 3,471	
Unfilled orders, end of period	96,255 89,944	119,201 112,749	119,312 113,802	119,967 114,889	125.311 120,243	123,911 119,335			128,029 121,375	123,727 117,422	119,957 113,797	119,201 112,749	116,458 109,776	109,406 104,045	100,955 96,165	
Freight cars (revenue), class 1 railroads (AAR): \$ Number owned, end of periodthous	1,225	1.217	1,219	1,222	1,221	1,224	1,224	1.222 7.7	1,221	1,219	1,217	1,217	1,205	1,202	1,199	
Held for repairs, % of total ownedmil. tonsmil. tons	7.9 93.96	8.0 94.47	93 69 76 99	7.9 94.04	7.8 94.12	7.8 94.40	7.9 94.47	94.60	7.7 94.46	7.8 94.38	8.1 94.27	8.0 94.47	8.1 93.66	93.50	8.1 93.53	
Average per car tons.	76.68	77.62	76.88	76.97	77.10	77.13	77 19	77.41	77.35	77.43	77.47	77.62	77.70	77.80	78.01	<u> </u>

## FOOTNOTES FOR PAGES S-1 THROUGH S-36 General Notes for all Pages:

- r Revised.
- p Preliminary
- Estimated.
- c Corrected

#### Page S-1

- 1. Estimates (corrected for systematic biases) for Jan,-Mar, and Apr,-June 1980 based on expected expenditures of business. Expected expenditures for the year 1980 appear on p. 21 of the Mar. 1980 SURVEY
  - 2. Includes communication
- Data for the individual durable and nondurable goods industries appear in the Mar., June, Sept., and Dec. issues of the SURVE

#### Page S-2

- † Revised series. Estimates of personal income have been revised back to 1975; revised data appear on p. 36 of the July 1979 SURVEY
- ‡ Includes inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments
- New series. Detailed descriptions and historical data back to 1959 begin on p. 18 of the Nov. 1979 S URVEY
- § Monthly estimates equal the centered three-month average of personal saving as a percentage of the centered three-month moving average of disposable personal income.
- # Includes data for items not shown separately.

  \* Revised data back to 1976 will be shown in the 1979 BUSINESS STATISTICS.

## Page S-3

- 1. Based on data not seasonally adjusted
- See note "" for p. S-2.
- # Includes data not shown separately.
- ‡ Revised series. Data for both the manufacturing and retail sectors have been revised. For manufacturing see note "†" for p. S-4. For retail see note "†" for p. S-10.
- † See note "†" for p. S-4.

  § See note "†" for p. S-10.

  \* New series. Data back to 1967 are available from the National Income and Wealth Division, Bureau of Economic Analysis

### Page S-4

- 1. Advance estimate; total manufacturers' shipments for the previous month do not reflect revisions for the selected components.
  - Based on data not seasonally adjusted
- ‡ Revised series. Data for both the manufacturing and retail sectors have been revised. For manufacturing see note "+" for this page. For retail see note "+" for p. S-10.

  † Revised series. Data revised back to 1958 to reflect (1) benchmarking of shipments and
- inventories to the 1974, 1975, and 1976 Annual Surveys of Manufacturers, (2) recalculation of new orders estimates, and (3) updating of the seasonal factors. A detailed description of this revision and historical data appear in reports "Manufacturers' Shipments, Inventories, and Orders" M3-1.7 (1958-1977) and M3-1.8 (1967-1978), available from the Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.
- See note "f" for p. S-10.
  New series. Data back to 1967 are available from the National Income and Wealth Division, Bureau of Economic Analysis
- # Includes data for items not shown separately

## Page S-5

- 1. Advance estimate; total manufacturers' new and unfilled orders for the previous month do not reflect revisions for the selected components.
- 2. The Sept., Oct., and Nov. 1979 issues of the Survey incorrectly show annual data for 1977 and 1978 and monthly data for 1978 that had been superseded by the August 1979 revision. The Aug. 1979 Survey shows the correct data.

  † See note "†" for p. S-4.
- # Includes data for items not shown separately.
- ‡ Includes textile mill products, leather and products, paper and allied products, and printing and publishing industries; unfilled orders for other nondurable goods industries are
- zero.

  For these industries (food and kindred products, tobacco, apparel and other textile products)

  For these industries (food and kindred products, tobacco, apparel and other textile products) ducts, petroleum and coal, chemicals and allied products, and rubber and plastics products) sales are considered equal to new orders

#### Page S-6

- Based on unadjusted data
- Beginning Jan. 1978, includes TV and sound equipment and repairs formerly in "health and recreation:
- Beginning Jan. 1978, residential.
- Beginning Jan. 1978, includes additional items not previously priced.
- Includes bottled gas.
- Effective Jan. 1980, data are no longer seasonally adjusted.
- Effective May 1980, data are no longer shown in the SURVEY. Beginning Jan. 1977 data have been based on the Consumer Price Index.
- ‡ Compiled by Dun & Bradstreet, Inc.
- Includes data for items not shown separately.
- Ratio of prices received to prices paid (parity index).

  Data through 1977 are for urban wage earners and clerical workers; beginning Jan. 1978, there are two indexes, all wage earners and clerical workers, revised (CPI-W), and all urban consumers (CPI-U). These indexes reflect improved pricing methods, updated expenditure patterns, etc.; complete details are available from the Bureau of Labor Statistics,
- Washington, D.C. 20212.

  \* New series, Earlier data available from BLS.
  - † Beginning Jan. 1978, CPI-U.

### Page S-7

- 1. Annual average computed by BEA
- § For actual producer prices of individual commodities see respective commodities in the Industry section beginning p. S-22. All data subject to revision four months after original
- # Includes data for items not shown separately
- ‡ Beginning Mar. 1980 SURVEY, data have been revised (back to 1967) to reflect new seasonal factors
  - \* New series. Data back to 1975 will be shown in the 1979 BUSINESS STATISTICS.

## Page S-8

- 1. Computed from cumulative valuation total.
- Data are no longer available; 1978 annual represents Jan.-July.
   Data shown here are based on 1979 seasonal factors. Effective Jan. 1980, data are no longer seasonally adjusted.
- F Beginning Jan. 1979 Survey, monthly and annual data have been restated to reflect the purchasing power of the dollar as measured by finished goods; comparable data for periods prior to November 1977 will be shown in the 1979 BUSINESS STATISTICS.
- ‡ Beginning Jan. 1978, based on CPI-U; see note "¶" for p. S-6
- # Includes data for items not shown separately.

  § Data for March, May, Aug., Nov. 1979, and Jan. 1980 are for five weeks; other months four weeks.
- @ Data for new construction have been revised back to Jan. 1975 and are available from the Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.
- @@ Monthly revisions back to Jan. 1975 will be shown in the 1979 BUSINESS STATISTICS.
- ‡‡ Monthly data back to Jan. 1970 on the 1972=100 base will be shown in the 1979 BUSINESS STATISTICS.

#### Page S-9

- 1. Index as of May 1, 1980; building, 279.9; construction, 292.2.
- ¶ Home mortgage rates (conventional first mortgages) are under money and interest rates
- § Data include guaranteed direct loans sold.
- Source: Media Records, Inc. 64-City Newspaper Advertising Trend Chart.
- Monthly data back to 1972 on the 1972=100 base are available upon request.

## Page S-10

- 1. Advance estimate
- Effective Jan. 1979 data, sales of mail-order houses are included with department store
- † Effective April 1980 SURVEY, retail trade data have been revised back to 1973. Effective April 1979 SURVEY, data have been revised from 1967-1972. Revised data and a summary of the changes are available from the Census Bureau, Washington, D.C. 20233
  - # Includes data for items not shown separately
- § Includes sales of mail-order catalog desks within department stores of mail-order firms.

#### Page S-11

- 1. As of July 1.
- Includes data for items not shown separately.
- ‡ Revisions for Jan. 1977-Oct. 1979 appear in "Current Population Reports," Series P-25, No. 870. Revisions for July-Dec. 1976 appear in "Populations: Estimates of the Population of the United States and Components of Change—1940-79," P-25 No. 802 (June 1979), Bureau of the Census.
- † Effective Oct. 1979 Survey, data have been revised based on March 1978 benchmark levels and updated seasonal adjustment factors; effective Oct. 1978 SURVEY. data have been revised to conform to the 1972 SIC and adjusted to March 1977 benchmark levels, therefore, data are not strictly comparable with earlier periods. See "BLS Establishment Estimates Revised to Reflect New Benchmark Levels and 1972 SIC," in Oct. 1979 and Oct. 1978 Employment and Earnings.
- Effective with the Jan. 1980 SURVEY, the labor force series reflect new seasonal factors. Data have been revised back to 1975; comparable monthly data for 1975-79 will appear in Employment and Earnings (Feb. 1980), U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.

## Page S-12

- † See corresponding note on p. S-11.
- § Effective October 1978 SURVEY, includes data formerly shown separately under ordnance and accessories.
  - @ Formerly shown as Electrical equipment and supplies.
  - Production and nonsupervisory workers.

## Page S-13

- † See note "†" on p. S-11.
- § See note "\$" on p. S-12. @ See note "@" on p. S-12.
- Production and nonsupervisory workers.

#### Page S-14

- † See corresponding note on p. S-11
- Production and nonsupervisory workers.
- ‡ Earnings in 1967 dollars reflect changes in purchasing power since 1967 by dividing by Consumer Price Index; effective Mar. 1979 SURVEY, data reflect new seasonal factors for the
- § Wages as of May 1, 1980: Common, \$11.34; Skilled, \$14.91.
- # Includes data for items not shown separately.
- @ Insured unemployment (all programs) data include claims filed under extended duration provisions of regular State laws; amounts paid under these programs are excluded from state benefits paid data.
- @@ Insured unemployment as a percent of average covered employment in a 12-month

#### Page S-15

- 1. Average for Dec.
- Average for the year.
- Daily average.
- 4. Effective April 1980, data are no longer available.
- # Includes data for items not shown separately. § For demand deposits, the term "adjusted" denotes demand deposits other than domestic commercial bank and U.S. Government, less cash items in process of collection; for loans, exclusive of loans to and Federal funds transactions with domestic commercial banks and include valuation reserves (individual loan items are shown gross; i.e. before deduction of valuation reserves).
- ¶ Adjusted to exclude domestic commercial interbank loans and Federal funds sold to domestic commercial banks.
- ‡ Data beginning Dec. 1978 reflect a reduction in the number of banks reporting (from 317 to 171) and changes in consolidation basis as well as content of several asset and liability items. Unless otherwise stated, comparable data for earlier periods will be available later.
- \* New series. Beginning Dec. 1978, data are for all investment account securities; comparable data for earlier periods are not available.
- † Revised series. Data are now monthly averages and the coverage has been expanded. Comparable data back to Dec. 1972 are available from the Federal Reserve Board, Washington, D.C. 20551.
- ‡‡ Rates on the commercial paper placed for firms whose bond rating is Aa or the equivalent. Data through Oct. 1979 show a maturity for 120-179 days. Beginning Nov. 1979, maturity is for 180 days.
- @ Data through Oct. 1979 show a maturity for 150-179 days. Beginning Nov. 1979, maturity is for 180 days.

#### Page S-16

- 1. Data are for fiscal years ending Sept. 30 and include revisions not distributed to the months.
- Beginning Jan. 1979 SURVEY. the consumer credit group has been completely restructured; comparable data for periods prior to Nov. 1977 are available from the Federal Reserve Board, Washington, D.C. 20551.
  - # Includes data for items not shown separately

## Page S-17

- § Or increase in earmarked gold (-).
- At all commercial banks.
- The Federal Reserve has redefined the monetary aggregates. See note on p. S-40.
- ‡ See note on p. S-40 for definitions of the new monetary aggregates. ‡‡ Includes ATS and NOW balances at all institutions, credit union share draft balances.
- and demand deposits at mutual savings banks.
- \* Overnight (and continuing contract) RP's are those issued by commercial banks to the nonbank public, and overnight Eurodollars are those issued by Caribbean branches of member banks to U.S. nonbank customers.
- @ Small time deposits are those issued in amounts of less than \$100,000. Large time deposits are those issued in amounts of \$100,000 or more and are net of the holdings of domestic banks, thrift institutions, the U.S. Government, money market mutual funds, and foreign banks and official institutions.
- # Includes data for items not shown separately

#### Page S-18

- 1. Beginning Jan. 1978, data are based on a new classification system and include nonmonetary gold; the overall total and the commodity groups (but not the items within the groups) have been revised back to Jan. 1977 to reflect these changes.
- 2. Effective Oct. 1979 Survey, data are no longer available.
- Average for Jan.-Aug.
- Number of issues represents number currently used; the change in number does not affect the continuity of the series.
- Prices are derived from average yields on the basis of an assumed 3-percent 20-year bond.
- ‡ For bonds due or callable in 10 years or more.
- Includes data for items not shown separately.
- @ Data may not equal the sum of the geographic regions, or commodity groups and principal commodities, because of revisions to the totals not reflected in the component
- @@ Effective Feb. 1979 Survey, seasonally adjusted data have been revised to reflect sums of commodity components; comparable data for periods prior to 1977 will be shown in the 1979 BUSINESS STATISTICS.

## Page S-19

- 1. See note 1 for p. S-18.
- # Includes data not shown separately.
- Data may not equal the sum of geographic regions, or commodity groups and principal commodities, because of revisions to the totals not reflected in the components. @ See note "@@" for p. S-18.

#### Page S-20

- 1. See note 1 for p. S-18.
- # Includes data not shown separately.

## Page S-21

- 1. Domestic trunk operations only (averaging about 90 percent of domestic total).
- Annual total; quarterly or monthly revisions are not available
- Before extraordinary and prior period items
- For month shown.
- 5. Beginning Jan. 1979, data are based on a new sample of freight shipments for 1976. The new indexes have been linked to the old indexes to maintain comparability.
  - 6. Data are for unlinked passenger trips.
  - # Includes data for items not shown separately.
- § Total revenues, expenses, and income for all groups of carriers also reflect nonscheduled service.
- # Beginning Jan. 1977, defined as those having operating revenues of \$50 million or more.
- Average daily rent per room occupied, not scheduled rates.

  Beginning Jan. 1979, data include visits to Badlands and Theo. Roosevelt National Parks (formerly classified as recreational areas). Beginning Jan. 1980, data include visits to Channel Islands (formerly classified as a monument).

#### Page S-22

- 1. Reported annual total; monthly revisions are not available.
- Data withheld to avoid disclosing operations of individual companies.
- 3. Beginning Jan. 1979, data include chemically-treated fertilizer and sodium nitrate containing over 16.3% nitrogen by weight; not strictly comparable with data shown for earlier periods.
- 4. Because of an overall revision to the export commodity classification system effective Jan. 1, 1978, data may not be strictly comparable with those shown for earlier periods.
  5. See note "¶" for this page.
- 6. Represents solutions containing ammonia and ammonium nitrate/urea solutions; not comparable with other published data.
- 7. Annual total for monthly data where available; not comparable with earlier periods.8. Data beginning Jan. 1979 are for value of shipments and comprise three new product
- categories. Comparable data for these new categories are not available prior to Jan. 1979. However, the difference between total value of shipments and total factory sales (formerly shown) is considered statistically insignificant.
- 9. Reported annual total: includes monthly data withheld to avoid disclosing operations of individual companies.
  - # Includes data for items not shown separately
- § Data are reported on the basis of 100 percent content of the specified material unless otherwise indicated.
- ‡ Monthly revisions, back to 1975 for some commodities, will be shown in the 1979 BUSINESS STATISTICS.
- Monthly revisions for Oct. 1976-Feb. 1978 will be shown in the 1979 BUSINESS STATISTICS.
- Data for Jan. 1977-June 1979 exclude potassium magnesium sulfate; not strictly comparable with those shown for other periods

#### Page S-23

- 1. Includes Hawaii, not available on a monthly basis; monthly revisions for 1976-78 will be shown in the 1979 BUSINESS STATISTICS.
- 2. Reported annual total, including Hawaii: monthly data are preliminary and subject to
- § Data are not wholly comparable from year to year because of changes from one classification to another
- @ Monthly revisions, for some series back to 1976, will be shown in the 1979 BUSINESS STATISTICS.

### Page S-24

- 1. See note 4 for p. S-22.
- Crop estimate for the year.
- Stocks as of June 1.
- Stocks as of June 1 and represents previous year's crop; new crop not reported until June (beginning of new crop year).
- 5. Previous year's crop; new crop not reported until Oct. (beginning of new crop year). 6. Less than 50 thousand bushels.
- Ten-month average; Feb. and June prices not available. See note "@@" for this page.
- Excludes pearl barley
- Bags of 100 lbs.
- Revised crop estimates for 1970-75 will be shown in the 1979 BUSINESS STATISTICS.
- @ Monthly revisions, for some series back to 1976, will be shown in the 1979 BUSINESS STATISTICS.

‡ Monthly revisions back to 1975 will be shown in the 1979 BUSINESS STATISTICS. @@ Data are quarterly except for June (covering Apr. and May) and Sept. (covering June-Sept.).

#### Page S-25

- 1. See note 4 for p. S-22.
- See note "#" for this page.
- 3. Effective Mar. 1979, prices are for Central U.S. and Los Angeles; comparability not affected.
- 4. Prices for Sept. 1977-Mar. 1979 are estimated; actual price not available. Annual average for 1978 reflects those estimates. Annual average for 1979 is based on actual price (Apr.-Dec.).
- 5. Average for five months (Aug.-Dec.).
- § Cases of 30 dozen.
- Bags of 132.276 lbs.
- $\ddagger$  Monthly revisions back to Jan. 1975 will be shown in the 1979 BUSINESS STATISTICS.
- @ Monthly revisions back to 1976 will be shown in the 1979 BUSINESS STATISTICS.
- # Effective Feb. 1979, prices are for Central U.S. (including East Coast); comparability is not affected.

## Page S-26

- 1. See note 4 for p. S-22.
- 2. Beginning Aug. 1978, prices are estimated; not comparable with those shown for earlier periods. Annual average for 1978 represents Aug.-Dec.
- 3. Crop estimate for the year.4. Beginning Sept. 1979, estimated prices are derived from a different source and are not comparable with those shown for earlier periods. Annual average for 1979 represents Sept.-
- § Monthly data reflect cumulative revisions for prior periods
- @ Producers' and warehouse stocks.
- ¶ Factory and warehouse stocks.

#### Page S-27

- 1. See note 4 for p. S-22.
- Annual total; monthly revisions are not available.
- Average for Jan.-May and July-Dec.
   Average for Jan.-Oct.
- Average for July-Dec.
- # Includes data for items not shown separately.

#### Page S-28

- 1. Annual data; monthly revisions not available.
- 2. Average for 11 months; price not available for Nov.

## Page S-29

- 1. Annual data; monthly revisions are not available.
- 2. For month shown.
- § Beginning with Jan. 1979 data, units are metric tons; to convert, multiply short tons by 0.907185.

#### Page S-30

- 1. Data beginning Jan. 1978 exclude stocks of lead base bullion in transit and at refineries.
- Less than 50 tons.
- Data are for five weeks; other months 4 weeks.
- § Beginning with Jan. 1979 data, units are metric tons; earlier data are shown in short tons; to convert, multiply short tons by 0.907185.
- Includes secondary smelters' lead stocks in refinery shapes and in copper-base scrap.
- @ All data (except annual production figures) reflect GSA remelted zinc and zinc purchased for direct shipment.
- # Includes data not shown separately.

  \* New series. These indexes are based on shipments of hydraulic and pneumatic products reported by participating members of the National Fluid Power Association. Data back to 1959 are available upon request.

#### Page S-31

- 1. Reflects revisions not available by months
- Average for eleven months; no price for May
- Average for 10 months; no price for May and Sept.
- Beginning Jan. 1979, data reflect coverage of additional processing facilities; not strictly comparable with data shown for earlier periods.
- 5. Effective Jan. 1980, price is no longer available from the Bureau of Labor Statistics.
- Beginning May 1980 SURVEY, monthly data are available only at quarterly intervals. Effective Jan. 1980, stocks for bituminous coal and lignite of retail dealers are no longer
- ivailable. This exclusion will be reflected in and affect the comparability of total stocks for bituminous coal. Beginning May 1980 SURVEY, this data will be available only at quarterly intervals.
  - # Includes data for items not shown separately.
- @ Beginning July 1977, data include shipments to mobile home and travel trailer manufacturers (formerly excluded); they are not directly comparable with data for earlier periods.

- § Includes nonmarketable catalyst coke.
- ¶ Includes small amounts of "other hydrocarbons and hydrogen refinery input," not shown separately.
- ‡ Monthly revisions for the following series will be shown in the 1979 BUSINESS STATISTICS: bituminous coal-back to 1975; coke-back to 1977; petroleum and products-back to 1976; anthracite coal production-1977; and wholesale price indexes covering bituminous coal and petroleum and products-1977.

#### Page S-32

- 1. Less than 50 thousand barrels.
- See note 4 for p. S-31.
- Reported annual totals; revisions not allocated to the months.
- 4. Beginning Jan. 1979, price includes taxes formerly excluded and is an average based on 48 cities; comparable prices for earlier periods are not available.
- ‡ See note "‡" for p. S-31.
- # Includes data for items not shown separately

## Page S-33

- 1. Beginning Jan. 1977, data cover passenger car and truck and bus tires; motorcycle tires and tires for mobile homes are excluded.
  - Effective Jan. 1979, data are no longer available.
- Effective Jan. 1980, data are no longer available
- Effective Jan. 1980, data are reported on a monthly basis and are not comparable with data shown for earlier periods.
- ¶ As reported by publishers accounting for about 75 percent of total newsprint consumption.
- § Monthly data are averages of the 4-week periods ending on the Saturday nearest the end of the month; annual data are as of Dec. 31

## Page S-34

- Reported annual total; revisions not allocated to the months.
- Crop for the year.
- Data cover five weeks: other months, four weeks,
- 4. First-of-the-month estimate of the 1979 crop
- Includes data for items not shown separately
- Cumulative ginnings to the end of month indicated.
- § Bales of 480 lbs.
- @ Monthly revisions back to 1976 will be shown in the 1979 BUSINESS STATISTICS.

### Page S-35

- 1. Effective Jan. 1, 1978, includes reexports, formerly excluded.
- Season average.
- Average for crop year; Aug. 1-Jul. 31.
- For five weeks; other months four weeks.
- Monthly average.
- Average for Jan.-Oct.
- Average for Feb.-Jun.
- Average for 11 months; no price for May.
- 9. Average of Jan.-June. 10. Less than 500 bales.
- 11. Effective 1st quarter 1977, data are not directly comparable with earlier periods.
- Average for 11 months; no price for Oct.
- Bales of 480 lbs.
- Based on 480-lb. bales, preliminary price reflects sales as of the 15th; revised price reflects total quantity purchased and dollars paid for the entire month (revised price includes discounts and premiums).
  - Includes data not shown separately.
- @ Effective Apr. 1979, SURVEY, data include 600 additional firms; comparable data back to Jan. 1977 (except for slacks, jean cut, casual, shown on p. S-36) will appear in the 1979 BUSINESS STATISTICS.

## Page S-36

- Annual total includes revisions not distributed to the months.
- Estimates of production, not factory sales.
- See note 4 for p. S-22.
- Excludes one state.
- Excludes two states. Excludes three states.
- Excludes four states.
- 8. Effective Jan. 1979, data are not directly comparable with earlier periods because of the inclusion of Volkswagens produced in the U.S.
- 9. Effective 1st quarter 1978, data are not directly comparable with earlier periods because of increased coverage.
- 10. Effective Jan. 1980, passenger vans previously reported as passenger cars are now included with trucks.
- 11. Total for 6 months; Jul.-Dec.
- See note "@" p. S-35.
- # Total includes backlog for nonrelated products and services and basic research.

  § Domestics include U.S.-type cars produced in the United States and Canada and foreign-type cars produced in the U.S.; imports cover all other foreign-type cars and captive imports, and exclude domestics produced in Canada.
  - Courtesy of R.L. Polk & Co.; republication prohibited.
- ‡ Excludes railroad-owned private refrigerator cars and private line cars.

## **New Monetary Aggregates**

The presentation of money supply data on page S-17 has been revised and expanded to reflect the Federal Reserve's redefinition of the monetary aggregates. The redefinition was prompted by the emergence in recent years of new monetary assets—for example, negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts and money market mutual fund shares—and alterations in the basic character of established monetary assets—for example, the growing similarity of and substitution between the deposits of thrift institutions and those of commercial banks.

Four newly redefined monetary aggregates replace the old M-1 through M-5 measures, and a very broad measure of liquid assets has been adopted. The principle underlying these new monetary aggregates is that similar assets should be combined at the same level of aggregation:

- M1-A is one of two narrow transactions measures. It is basically the same as the old M-1 aggregate (currency plus demand deposits at commercial banks), which had been called total money supply on page S-17, except that it excludes demand deposits held by foreign commercial banks and official institutions.
- M1-B, the other narrow measure, adds to M1-A interestearning checkable deposits at all depositary institutions namely NOW accounts, automatic transfer from savings (ATS) accounts, and credit union share draft balances—as well as a small amount of demand deposits at thrift institutions that cannot, using present data sources, be separated from interest-earning checkable deposits.
- M-2 as redefined adds to M1-B overnight repurchase agreements (RP's) issued by commercial banks and certain overnight Eurodollars (those issued by Caribbean branches of member banks) held by U.S. nonbank residents, money market mutual fund shares, and savings and small-denomination time deposits (those issued in denominations of less than \$100,000) at all depositary institutions. Depositary institutions are commercial banks (including U.S. agencies and branches of foreign banks, Edge Act Corporations, and foreign investment companies), mutual savings banks, savings and loan associations, and credit unions.
- M-3 as redefined is equal to new M-2 plus largedenomination time deposits (those issued in denominations of \$100,000 or more) at all depositary institutions (including negotiable CD's) plus term RP's issued by commercial banks and savings and loan associations.

L, the very broad measure of liquid assets, equals new M-3
plus other liquid assets consisting of other Eurodollar
holdings of U.S. nonbank residents, bankers acceptances,
commercial paper, savings bonds, and marketable liquid
Treasury obligations.

Consolidation adjustments have been made in the construction of each of the new measures, in order to avoid double counting of the public's monetary assets. A major consolidation adjustment involves the netting of deposits held by depositary institutions with other depositary institutions. In constructing M-1A, demand deposits held by commercial banks with other commercial banks have been removed. The procedure calls for the removal from M1-B of those demand deposit holdings of thrift institutions that are estimated to be used in servicing their checkable deposits, although at present the amount is negligible. Similarly, at the M-2 level all other demand deposit holdings of thrift institutions are deducted; currently that means all such demand deposits are netted from M-2. Savings and time deposits held by depositary institutions are also appropriately netted at the M-2 and M-3 levels. The other major kind of consolidation adjustment involves removing the assets held by money market mutual funds from several components appearing in the M-2, M-3, and L measures. These institutions issue shares to the public and use the proceeds to acquire a variety of liquid assets that are components of the new M-2, M-3, and L measures. In order to avoid first counting these amounts as money market mutual fund shares and then counting them again as money market fund holdings of RP's, CD's, commercial paper, and so forth, holdings of each of these assets by money market funds are subtracted from the relevant components.

The procedure for constructing the new seasonally adjusted aggregates has been to seasonally adjust each component with a standard option of the Census X-11 program—wherever possible—and then to sum the components to derive the appropriate total. Some components have not been seasonally adjusted. In some cases sufficient historical data is not yet available. In other cases the components are dominated by such a strong trend that seasonal adjustment is not likely to be successful.

A detailed explanation of the new measures was published in the February 1980 issue of the *Federal Reserve Bulletin*. Monthly data from 1959 to date and weekly data from 1970 to date are available from the Banking Section of the Division of Research and Statistics at the Federal Reserve Board, Washington, D.C. 20551.

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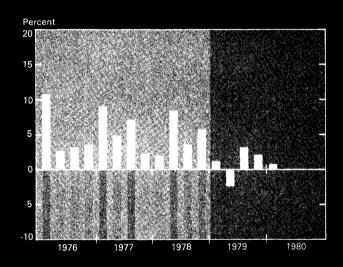
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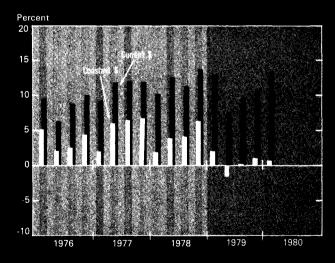
## In the first quarter

- Real GNP increased ½ percent
- GNP fixed-weighted price index increased 11 percent
- Real disposable personal income increased ½ percent
- Corporate profits declined

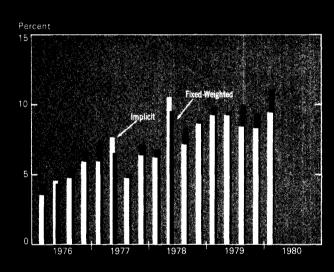
Real GNP



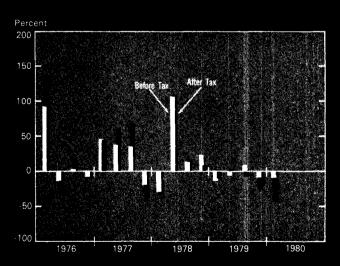
Disposable Personal Income



**GNP** Prices



Corporate Profits With IVA and CCAdj



Percent change from preceding quarter is easiend is adjusted at annual rates