# SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS



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# the BUSINESS SITUATION

ECONOMIC performance was lackluster in the third quarter. BEA's composite index of coincident indicators—which reflects the movements of nonagricultural employment, personal income less transfer payments, industrial production, and real manufacturing and trade sales-fell at monthly rates of 0.3 percent in July and 0.6 percent in August. The index had fallen in 2 of the 3 months of the second quarter, and for the quarter as a whole was down 0.7 percent. Real GNP also showed little strength. On a revised basis, it increased 2 percent at an annual rate in the second quarter and, on the basis of information available in mid-September, it appears to have increased again in the third quarter, but less than in the second.1

• Real personal consumption expenditures (PCE) increased less than 1 percent at an annual rate in the third quarter. Weakness was widespread and particularly apparent in durables, where each major category declined. The weakness occurred despite sizable increases in real disposable personal income in both the

second and third quarters (see the following discussion of "Personal Income").

- Although information on fixed investment other than residential construction is sketchy, it is clear that fixed investment registered a substantial drop in the third quarter. In producers' durable equipment, there were large declines in purchases of trucks, aircraft, and computers. Further weakening was evident in purchases of equipment—such as agricultural machinery, construction machinery, and mining and oil field equipment—used in industries that have been hard hit in the recession. Nonresidential structures declined. largely due to a further decline in oil and gas well drilling. Other components remained flat. The article on the quarterly BEA plant and equipment expenditures survey, which appears later in this issue, throws additional light on business fixed investment.
- Residential investment again registered a moderate increase. As described in the following discussion of "Housing and Mortgage Markets," much of the third-quarter increase reflected activity on government-assisted multifamily projects. Housing starts and financial conditions suggest that the long slide in residential investment is over.
- Little information is yet available about the other components of final sales—net exports and government purchases. It appears that together they contributed a small plus to the third-quarter change in final sales. The total of these sales appears to have shown little change in the third quarter.
- For the change in business inventories, reasonably complete information is available only for motor vehicles (see the following discussion of "Motor Vehicles"). Accumulation of motor vehicle inventories was at a slightly higher rate in the third quarter than in the second, so that the

contribution to the change in GNP was a plus—about \$2 billion.<sup>2</sup> This contribution contrasts sharply with that in the second quarter, when—as motor vehicle inventories swung sharply from a substantial decumulation in the first quarter to accumulation in the second—these inventories added about \$12½ billion.

Prices.—After increasing at annual rates of only about 4½ percent in the first half of the year, the GNP fixedweighted price index accelerated about 2 percentage points in the third quarter. A substantial part of the acceleration was in the prices of PCE. PCE energy prices were the single most important factor. After a 131/2percent decline in the second quarter, they were up in the third, reflecting gasoline price increases late in the second quarter and early in the third. Food prices decelerated from a 4-percent increase registered in the second quarter, and prices for PCE other than food and energy accelerated from a 6-percent increase, mainly due to an acceleration of residential rents.

### **Personal Income**

Personal income increased \$49½ billion-the largest increase in recent quarters (table 1). The step-up in the third quarter was largely due to transfer payments. These payments included a \$12 billion cost-of-living increase under several Federal transfer payment programs; about \$11 billion was in social security benefits. A smaller increase than in the second quarter in unemployment insurance benefits was due to a decline in payments under extended benefit programs. The increase in wage and salary disbursements was again weak. In the commodity-producing industries, disbursements declined again; in

<sup>1.</sup> The 75-day revision of the second-quarter estimates (see table 4) was larger than usual. The revisions centered in the foreign military sales and direct investment income components of net exports and in change in business inventories. The revision in the former reflected new information; in the latter, it reflected revised data on wholesale inventories.

The major source data that shed light on third-quarter GNP are limited to 1 or 2 months of the quarter, and in some cases are preliminary. These data are: For personal consumption expenditures (PCE), July and August retail sales, unit sales of new autos through the first 10 days of September, and sales of new trucks for July and August; for nonresidential fixed investment, the same data for autos and trucks as for PCE, July construction put in place, July manufacturers' shipments of equipment, and business investment plans for the quarter; for residential investment, July construction put in place, and July and August housing starts; for change in business inventories, July book values for manufacturing and trade, and unit auto inventories for July and August; for net exports of goods and services, July merchandise trade; for government purchases of goods and services, Federal unified budget outlays for July, State and local construction put in place for July, and State and local employment for July and August; and for GNP prices, the Consumer Price Index for July and the Producer Price Index for July and August.

<sup>2.</sup> Quarterly estimates of the national income and product accounts are expressed at seasonally adjusted annual rates, and quarterly changes in them are differences between these rates.

Table 1.—Personal Income and Its Disposition: Change From Preceding Quarter

[Billions of dollars; based on seasonally adjusted annual rates]

	1981		1982	
	IV	I	11	III•
Wage and salary disbursements	18.9	10.4	15.0	17.2
Manufacturing Other commodity-producing Distributive	1.8	-3.6 .2 3.1 6.7	.5 -1.2 4.0	1 -1.1 3.6
Services	10.0 8.6	4.1	8.1 3.5	10.6 4.3
Proprietors' income	-3.4	-7.7	.9	2.5
FarmNonfarm	-2.5 9	-6.7 -1.0	5 1.4	1.0 1.5
Personal interest income	11.4	8.8	12.3	10.3
Transfer payments	5.9	3.8	10.7	15.8
Other income	4.7	4.2	4.0	4.8
Less: Personal contributions for social insurance	.9	3.6	.7	1.3
Personal income	36.4	15.9	42.1	49.4
Less: Personal tax and nontax payments	-4.9 -14.7 9.8	$-10.3 \\ 10.6$	7.7 -4.8 12.5	-4.6 $-18.5$ $13.9$
Equals: Disposable personal income	41.4	15.7	34.4	54.1
Less: Personal outlays	17.0	35.1	29.2	40.8
Equals: Personal saving	24.2	-19.4	5.2	13.4
Addenda: Special factors in personal income—				
Cost-of-living increases in Federal transfer payments Social security base and rate changes (in personal contributions for social insurance).	.5	.4 3.2	2.4	12.0
	6.2	.3		••••••
Federal pay raise	0.2	.3	••••••	

<sup>\*</sup>Projected.

the third quarter, as in the second, the decline centered in mining. An acceleration in government and government enterprise disbursements was due to the second of three annual lump-sum payments to Postal Service employees under a collective-bargaining agreement signed last year. Personal interest income increased a little less than in the second quarter, reflecting lower interest rates.

In the third quarter, as in the previous three quarters, the impacts of changes in legislation on personal taxes helped insulate disposable personal income from the weakness in personal income. These impacts are detailed in table 2. In the fourth quarter of 1981, withheld income taxes were reduced \$15 billion under the Economic Recovery Tax Act of 1981 (ERTA). In the first quarter, a \$10½ billion reduction included the impact of the ERTA rate changes on declarations and net settlements (\$5 billion), and temporary reductions under-ERTA (\$1 billion for a windfall profit tax credit), and under the Crude Oil Windfall Profit Tax Act of 1980 (\$3 billion for the partial exclusion of interest and dividends). An additional ERTA provision—the authorization of all savers' certificates—temporarily reduced declarations and net settlements \$1 billion in the second quarter. In the third quarter, the second rate reduction on withheld income taxes under ERTA, currently estimated at \$25 billion, became effective. Its impact on the change in personal taxes was partly offset by the termination of the temporary reductions. Net, the impact of this legislation held down personal taxes about \$20 billion in the third quarter.

Personal taxes declined in the third quarter, even though the continuing effect of the increase in the tax base partly offset legislative impact. Accordingly, disposable personal income increased more than did personal income. The percentage increase in disposable income, 10½ percent at an annual rate, was substantially larger than in other recent quarters. However, the increase in prices of PCE as measured by the implicit price deflator was substantial—about 8 percent, the largest since the recession began. As a result, the increase in real disposable income was held to 2½ percent, compared with a second-quarter increase of 3 percent.

The personal saving rate appears to have moved up several tenths of a percentage point from 6.7 percent in the second quarter. The rate, although down from 7.5 percent in the fourth quarter of 1981, has averaged higher this year than in any of the preceding 5 years.

Table 2.—Impact of Legislation on Personal Tax and Nontax Payments: Change From Preceding Quarter

[Billions of dollars; based on seasonally adjusted annual rates]

	1981	İ	1982	
	IV	I	II	III•
Total	-15.2	-10.3	-4.8	-18.5
Federal	-15.2	-10.1	-4.7	-20.0
Economic Recovery Tax Act of 1981	-15.2	-7.2	-3.1	-24.4
Withheld: October 1981 rate reduction July 1982 rate reduction Other	-14.8 	6	5 0	7 -25.2 1
Declarations and net set- tlements: Permanent provisions Temporary provisions Estate and gift taxes			6 -1.9 1	6 2.3 3
Crude Oil Windfall Profit Tax Act of 1980		-2.8	-1.6	4.4
State and local	0	2	1	1.5

<sup>\*</sup> Projected.

# Housing and Mortgage Markets

Real residential investment increased moderately in the third quarter. Single-family structures posted a small increase for the third consecutive quarter; multifamily structures increased sharply, following two quarters of almost no change. The "other" component—which includes mobile homes, additions and alterations, and brokers' commissions on the sale of new and used residences—was flat in the third quarter.

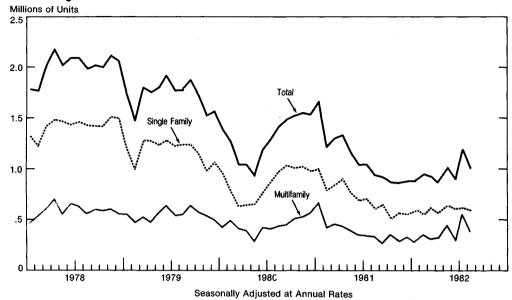
The recent sharp decline in short-term interest rates and the 234,000-unit increase in housing starts from the fourth quarter of 1981 to July-August 1982 suggest that the long slide in residential investment is over. These and other developments in housing and mortgage markets are reviewed below. First, estimates of real residential investment are examined, largely in terms of their relationship to housing starts. Next, financial factors are discussed; these include interest rate movements and conditions in the savings and loan industry.

Residential investment. month-to-month path of housing starts this year has been erratic (chart 1). Compared with their fourthquarter 1981 averages, however, single-family units started in July-August were up 81,000 units and multifamily units started were up 153,000. The July-August level of single-family starts, although much above the depressed fourth-quarter level, was nonetheless very low. Multifamily starts in May and July were boosted by issuance by the Department of Housing and Urban Development (in March) of commitments to purchase almost \$1 billion of belowmarket rate mortgages under the section 8 rental assistance program. Further stimulus from this mortgage-purchase program is not expected, because funds have not been requested for fiscal year 1983. Thus, the increase in multifamily starts does not appear to represent a lasting, marketinduced response to economic conditions. A July increase in rent subsidies under the section 8 program may, however, give a further boost to multifamily starts in the autumn.

Real residential investment usually tracks the course of housing starts. The relationship is far from perfect, however, even after removal of the

CHART 1

### **Housing Starts**



Data: Census
U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

82-9-

"other" component from residential investment—this component now accounts for more than two-fifths of real residential investment—and even after separation of the rest of residential investment into its single-family and multifamily structures components.

Housing starts is the number of housing units on which construction begins during a particular period, whereas real investment in residential structures is the value (in 1972 dollars) of housing units put in place during a period. For single-family structures, the number of starts is combined with the value of new single-family construction (based on the Building Permits Survey) to derive the value of starts in a given month. Weights are then applied to the value of starts to generate estimates of the value of construction put in place that month and in subsequent months. These progress weights stretch forward 11 months from the date of the starts; more than one-half of the value of starts is assumed to be put in place in less than 3 months, however, and 90 percent within 6 months. The put-in-place series is then seasonally adjusted. Real investment estimates are obtained by deflation of the series by an index based on the prices of new one-family houses sold. Thus, lags between starts and construction put in place, changes in the average value of starts, and changes in the deflator can all contribute to disparities between the movements of starts and investment in single-family structures.

In the first quarter of this year, for example, the number of single-family housing starts increased about 10½ percent. The effect of this increase on real investment was muted substantially by a decline (5½ percent) in the average value of starts and an increase (½ percent) in the deflator. Lags between starts and construction put in place had a similar effect, with the result that real investment in single-family structures rose only 1 percent. (Percent changes in this paragraph are not at annual rates.)

For multifamily structures. value of construction put in place, rather than being derived using starts, is from a survey of a sample of builders. However, in principle, the same factors that give rise to dispamovements in single-family starts and construction put in place are responsible for such movements in the two multifamily series. Because multifamily construction ranges from two-unit duplexes to high rise condominiums, the lag between starts and construction put in place is even more likely to give rise to disparate movements in the multifamily series.

Financial developments.—Shortterm interest rates started a steep decline in mid-July. The prime rate, for example, dropped 300 basis points by the end of August, and rates on Treasury bills dropped by similar amounts. (Interest rates on construction loans are tied to the prime rate, and ceiling rates on short-term retail certificates of deposit are linked to Treasury bill rates.) Many long-term interest rates also declined, although not as sharply; corporate bond yields, for example, fell 156 basis points from late June to mid-September.

The Federal Home Loan Bank Board's mortgage commitment rate series declined 21 basis points from early July to early August, the latest period for which data are available (chart 2). Although this decline was much smaller than the declines just mentioned, it was the largest in the series this year. Further declines in mortgage rates are likely. Over the past decade, changes in mortgage rates have generally lagged changes in other long-term rates by several months. The July-September drop in other long-term rates, therefore, may presage a substantial drop in mortgage rates this autumn. Moreover, yields at Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA) auctions, which are widely viewed as indicating future changes in mortgage rates, declined in each of the last five bi-weekly auctions, by a total of 182 basis points. In fact, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation's mortgage commitment rate series, which is available weekly, showed a decline of 137 basis points—comparable in magnitude to the decline in corporate bond yields from mid-July to mid-September.3

The Bank Board's series stood at 16.5 percent in early August, and the Mortgage Corporation's at 15.6 in mid-September. It is not clear whether further declines, assuming they materialize, will carry the mortgage rate below the 13-14 percent generally regarded as the threshold that will bring borrowers back to the market in large numbers. Mortgage lenders may be reluctant to reduce rates sharply. They had done so in the summer of 1980 when other market rates plummeted, only to find themselves locked into unprofitable commitments when rates turned back up in the autumn. Competitive forces, however, may drive mortgage rates down regardless of the concerns of particular lenders.

<sup>3.</sup> The Bank Board's series is for 25-year mortgages with a loan to price ratio of 0.75, and covers all mortgage lenders. The Mortgage Corporation's series covers 30-year mortgages with a loan to price ratio of 0.80, and is based on a sample of savings and loan associations. Both series, as well as the FNMA auction yields, are for conventional, level payment mortgages.

**CHART 2** 

### **Selected Interest Rates**

Percent

22

20

Prime Pate

18

16

14

12

10

Money Market Certificates

6

1978

1980

1981

1982

\*Ceiling rate at savings and loans associations

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

The decline in short-term rates is unalloyed good news for savings and loan associations (S&L's) and other depository institutions. S&L's have been especially hard hit by the very high interest rates that have prevailed until recently. S&L net worth. which is used as an indicator of operating profit or loss, has fallen more than \$5 billion-more than 15 percent-since the end of the third quarter of 1981. Losses such as these have thinned the ranks of S&L's substantially. During the first 7 months of this year, for example, 318 associations (with combined assets of \$43 billion) disappeared through mergers, almost as many associations as disappeared in all of 1981. The number of associations that disappeared in each period was more than 8 percent of the total number of associations at the start of each period.

The recent declines in short-term interest rates should provide S&L's with considerable relief. Most S&L liabilities are now either linked to market rates or not regulated at all. In addition to 6-month money market certificates (MMC's), 30-month small savers' certificates (SSC's), and taxexempt all savers' certificates, the recently authorized 1-month and 3-

month certificates are linked to yields on U.S. Treasury securities. Jumbo certificates (which are issued in denominations of \$100,000 and more), 1½-year individual retirement account balances, and 3½-year "wild card" accounts have no ceilings. MMC's, SSC's, and jumbo certificates alone make up more than two-thirds of total S&L deposit liabilities. If Treasury bill rates remain in the singledigit range, S&L's can expect substantial relief from the cost pressures they have experienced for the past several years. For example, if the \$180 billion in outstanding MMC's at S&L's at the end of July are rolled over at 9½ percent yields, the reduction in interest costs to S&L's would average approximately \$½ billion per month during the next 6 months.

Furthermore, S&L earnings should somewhat as mortgage improve demand picks up. The Supreme Court ruled in June that "due-on-sale" clauses are enforceable even if States have passed laws prohibiting their enforcement. House buyers will not be able to assume low-rate mortgages taken out years earlier by sellers. S&L's will be relieved of these lowrate mortgages and replace them with higher vielding new mortgages. (The non-assumability of old mortgages, on the other hand, can be expected to reduce the demand for housing below the level that it would otherwise have been. For this reason, representatives of builders and real estate brokers opposed the Court's decision.)

#### **Motor Vehicles**

Motor vehicle output increased much less in the third quarter than it had in the second—\$1 billion (1972 dollars) compared with \$10 billion (table 3). Auto output increased less than in the second quarter, and truck output declined following an increase. Auto sales to domestic purchasers were flat in the third quarter; an increase in final sales was traceable to net exports. Truck sales were down. During the quarter, domestic inventories of both autos and trucks built up to high levels relative to sales.

Total new car sales were about the same as the 7.5 million units (seasonally adjusted annual rate) registered in the second quarter (chart 3). Domestic sales were down slightly from 5.5 million: Sales of large (full-size and intermediate) cars retreated fol-

Table 3.—Motor Vehicle Output

[Billions of 1972 dollars; seasonally adjusted annual rates]

82-9-2

		Chan	ge from pre	eceding qua	rter	
	1981: III	1001 177		1982: III*		
		1981: IV	I	11	ш•	
Output	45.6	$-10.9 \\ -11.2 \\ .3$	$ \begin{array}{c} -2.1 \\ -3.1 \\ 1.0 \end{array} $	10.1 8.4 1.7	1.2 2.5 -1.3	56.5 42.2 14.3
Final sales	43.7	-9.7 -8.5 -1.2	6.4 3.1 3.3	$     \begin{array}{r}       -2.4 \\       -1.3 \\       -1.1     \end{array} $	8 1.4 -2.2	50.2 38.4 11.8
Change in business inventories  Autos  Trucks	1.8	$-1.1 \\ -2.6 \\ 1.5$		12.5 9.7 2.8	1.9 1.0 .9	6.2 3.7 2.5

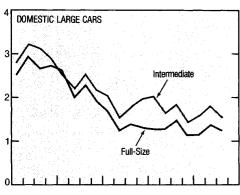
<sup>\*</sup>Projected. Based on unit production in July and August and scheduled production for September, unit sales of autos through the first 10 days of September and of trucks for July and August, and unit inventories for July and August.

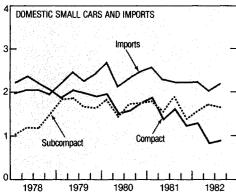
Note.—For estimates through 1982: II, see tables 1.14-1.15 and 1.16-1.17 of the National Income and Product Accounts Tables. Auto output includes dealers' margins on their used car transactions; truck output includes new trucks only.

lowing a second-quarter advance, and sales of small (compact and subcompact) cars changed little. Imported car sales were up slightly from 2.0 million; the share of total sales accounted for by imports moved close to the record 30 percent.

The lackluster performance of new car sales occurred despite the strong third-quarter increase in disposable personal income and a downturn in interest rates on new auto install-

# Retail Sales of New Passenger Cars





Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates

NOTE.—The components may not add to the total because each category
was separately adjusted for seasonal variation. Data for the most recent
outlarder are projected.

82-9-3

Data: Motor Vehicle Manufacturers Association of the United States Inc. and Ward's Automotive Reports; seasonal adjustment by BEA.

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

ment loans. Apparently, consumers remained wary after the prolonged period of poor economic performance: Job uncertainty persisted as the unemployment rate reached a postwar high during the quarter. The downturn in auto installment rates was slow; in August, the rate charged by commercial banks was still above 17 percent.

Domestic car production increased to 6.1 million units (seasonally adjusted annual rate) from 5.4 million in the second quarter and 4.2 million in the first. Schedules at the beginning of the third quarter indicated a larger increase, but production was cut back as the quarter progressed. The cutbacks were induced by the lackluster sales, which resulted in a rapid inventory buildup of 1982 models as the model year drew to a close. End-of-August inventories were 1,486,000 adjusted), up from (seasonally 1,247,000 at the end of the second quarter, and the inventory/sales ratio was 3.3, up from 2.7. The cutbacks were accomplished by extending the downtime for model changeover and by reducing the rate of production of 1983 models.

Total new truck sales declined from 2.5 million (seasonally adjusted annual rate) in the second quarter to about 2.3 million in the third. Sales of both domestic light (under 10,000 pound) and "other" (over 10,000 pound) trucks declined. Inventories began to build up, and production was cut to try to bring them back into line with sales. Sales of imported trucks rebounded from the 4-year low in the second quarter.

# Second-quarter corporate profits

Corporate profits from current production—profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments-were \$155½ billion in the second quarter, down only \$1½ billion from the first quarter of 1982 but down \$45 billion from the first quarter of 1981. (The second-quarter estimate is \$½ billion higher than the one published a month ago. An upward revision in profits from the rest of the world more than offset a downward revision in profits of domestic corporations.) The second-quarter decline was in profits of domestic nonfinancial corporations; profits from the rest of the world and profits of domestic financial corporations increased. In the first quarter, when the total had decreased \$27 billion, profits of each of these major groups had decreased.

Profits from the rest of the world increased \$1½ billion to \$18 billion in the second qurarter, following a decrease of \$9 billion. The increase occurred as a decrease in the profits of foreign petroleum operations of U.S. corporations was more than offset by an increase in nonpetroleum profits. The nonpetroleum increase occurred despite weakness in the economies of most other industrial countries and appears to have been centered in the profits of Canadian affiliates of U.S. motor vehicle manufacturing corporations. These profits reflected a sharp increase in U.S. imports of Canadianmade motor vehicles and parts. Over the last two quarters, rest-of-theworld profits contributed substantially to the volatility of the total, as they have done in some other recent periods as well. One component of these profits, reinvested earnings of incorporated affiliates, was first included at the time of the comprehensive revision of the national income and product accounts in 1980. The definition of these earnings, the sources and methods used to prepare estimates, and their course in recent years are described in a Special Note beginning on page 6.

Profits of domestic financial corporations increased \$2½ billion to \$22½ billion in the second quarter, following a decrease of less than \$1/2 billion. The increase occurred despite a decrease in commercial banks' profits and was primarily due to reduced losses of savings and loan associations. The reduced losses reflected decreasing interest rates, which lowered the costs of attracting deposits; because about three-fourths of savings and loan associations' assets are longterm mortgages, most of which have fixed interest rates, reductions in interest rates improve profitability. Increased profits of insurance carriers also contributed to the increase in financial profits.

Profits of domestic nonfinancial corporations decreased \$5½ billion to \$115 billion in the second quarter, following a decrease of \$18 billion. Decreases in the profits in most nonmanufacturing industries accounted

(Continued on p. 8)

# Special Note.—Reinvested Earnings of Incorporated Affiliates in the National Income and Product Accounts

PROFITS from the rest of the world is a sizable part of corporate profits: It was 12 percent of the total in 1981 and was among the largest of the components shown in the detail of profits by industry. Further, rest-of-the-world profits accounted for a disproportionate share—almost one-third—of the last 3 years' profits slide.

Rest-of-the-world profits is the net receipts by the United States of dividends, earnings of unincorporated affiliates, and reinvested earnings of incorporated affiliates. The receipts are those of U.S. corporations and persons, and the payments are those to all foreigners. The dividends component consists of both the dividends in direct investment income and those in investment income, portfolio income classification based on the extent of ownership by a foreign resident in the case of investment in the United States and by a U.S. resident in the case of investment abroad (10 percent or more for direct, less than 10 percent for portfolio). Earnings of unincorporated affiliates are part of direct investment income, as are the reinvested earnings of incorporated affiliates.

This Special Note discusses the reinvested earnings component, which, in 1981, accounted for over one-third of rest-of-the-world profits. The definition of reinvested earnings, and the sources and methods used to implement it, point to the factors that underlie the sharp changes in reinvested earnings in recent years (see chart 4).

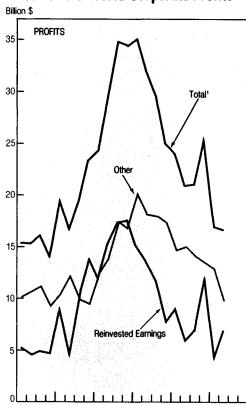
As a component of rest-of-the-world profits in the national income and product accounts (NIPA's), reinvested earnings is the difference between U.S. residents' share (generally in proportion to equity participation) of reinvested earnings of incorporated foreign affiliates of U.S. direct investors (receipts) and foreign residents' share of reinvested earnings of U.S. affiliates of foreign direct investors (payments). Receipts are included in

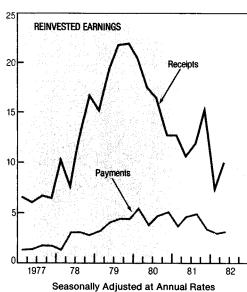
"national" aggregates, such as national income—that is, aggregates referring to production attributable to factors of production supplied by U.S. residents—but payments are excluded. For "domestic" aggregates, such as gross domestic product—that is, aggregates referring to production attributable to factors of production located in the United States—the opposite is the case: Payments are included but receipts are excluded.

In addition to appearing as part of profits in type-of-income classifications, reinvested earnings is part of the rest-of-the-world sector in sector-of-origin classifications. In GNP by type of product, receipts of reinvested earnings are in the factor income component of exports, and payments are in the corresponding component of imports. Further, reinvested earnings is in gross investment (as net foreign investment) and in gross saving (as undistributed corporate profits).

Reinvested earnings of incorporated affiliates was first included in the NIPA's as part of the comprehensive revision of 1980. These earnings had been included in the U.S. international transactions accounts several years earlier. Expansion in the early 1970's in the item coverage of BEA's surveys of international investment facilitated preparation of estimates for both sets of accounts.1 As a result of the inclusion of both dividends and reinvested earnings of incorporated affiliates in the NIPA's, rest-of-the-world profits was made essentially invariant to the form in which earnings of incorporated affiliates are attributed to direct investors.

# Rest-of-the-World Corporate Profits





For definition, see text.

NOTE.—In 1977, estimates include capital gains.

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

<sup>1.</sup> In June 1976, BEA introduced estimates of reinvested earnings of incorporated affiliates as memoranda to the quarterly U.S. international transactions accounts. Two years later, receipts and payments became line items in those accounts, consistent with guidelines established by the International Monetary Fund. Estimates of reinvested earnings appear in payments and receipts of income on direct investment and, with sign reversed, in the direct investment capital accounts. As shown in NIPA table 4.5, the estimates of direct investment income in the international transactions accounts include, but those in the NIPA's exclude, capital gains net of losses.

#### Sources and methods

For both receipts and payments, the estimates of reinvested earnings are calculated as the difference between earnings and dividends (on common and preferred stock). In this calculation, the dividends item is dividends paid in the accounting period before host-country withholding taxes on dividends. The earnings item is the net income for the accounting period. net of host-country income taxes. (Because the dividends item is on an "as paid" basis, it, and hence reinvested earnings, cannot in general be related only to the earnings of a single accounting period.)

Data on earnings and dividends are collected by BEA from the universe of incorporated affiliates in benchmark surveys of foreign direct investment in the United States and of U.S. direct investment abroad. Estimates for benchmark years are extrapolated using quarterly sample surveys. In the extrapolation, account is taken of affiliates not covered by the sample surveys; adjustments are made to include new affiliates and to exclude those liquidated or sold. Data are aggregated by country and industry, and published annually, usually in the August issue of the Survey. Annual and quarterly estimates are incorporated in the NIPA's (and in the U.S. international transactions accounts) in more aggregated form. Beginning with estimates for 1978, reinvested earnings in the NIPA's, like other NIPA components, exclude capital gains and losses; for earlier years, data needed to exclude them are not available. Neither an inventory valuation nor a capital consumption adjustment is made, also because data are not available.

Receipts and payments of reinvested earnings are deflated as part of factor income in the NIPA's using the implicit price deflator for net domestic product. Lack of detailed price data by country and industry necessitates the use of such a broad domestic price measure. Its use can be justified partly because exchange rate movements over time tend to offset changes in relative prices among countries, and because the degree of industrial concentration of direct investment is not great.

#### Reinvested earnings, 1977-81

In the 1970's through 1977, reinvested earnings of incorporated affiliates varied between \$3 and \$7 billion. Thereafter, it increased sharply to a peak of \$15½ billion in 1979, and then declined \$3½ billion in 1980 and in 1981. Fluctuations can be traced in terms of factors affecting earnings and payments of dividends. Among those affecting dividends are recent years' earnings, changes in homecountry taxation, and host-country restrictions and taxes on dividends.

In recent years, fluctuations in receipts—that is, in reinvested earnings of foreign affiliates of U.S. direct investors-rather than in payments, have been the source of most of the fluctuations in the net. Movements in exchange rates were one factor that played a major role in determining the pattern of receipts. Earnings abroad, which firms generally calculate initially in foreign currencies, are reported to BEA, and expressed in the NIPA's, in dollars. Thus, dollar depreciation against the currency of a country where the earnings are generated generally raises the dollar measure; dollar appreciation generally lowers it. A trade-weighted index of the foreign currency price of the dollar, based on 22 currencies, declined 9 percent in 1978, steadied in 1979, and then rose 3 percent in 1980 and 13½ percent in 1981. Developments in the petroleum industry worldwide were another major factor determining the pattern of receipts.

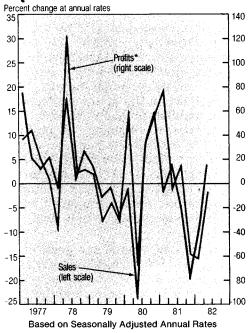
On the up side of the 1979 peak in receipts, increases in 1978 and 1979 reflected sharp increases in earnings in combination with less than proportional increases in dividends. Earnings were boosted in 1978 by depreciation of the dollar and in 1979 by increased prices and production of petroleum products and by continuing high worldwide inflation. In both years, much of the earnings tended to be reinvested, probably in part to finance the replacement of physical assets at costs exceeding allowances calculated under historical cost accounting. Also, a 1979 change in the United Kingdom in the tax treatment of inventory profits prompted affiliates there to reinvest newly available funds.

On the downside of the peak in receipts, the 1980 decline reflected a decline in earnings in combination with an increase in dividends, and the 1981 decline, a decline in earnings. In 1980, much of the decline occurred in the reinvested earnings of affiliates in the United Kingdom, where, as previously noted, a tax change caused a one-year jump in reinvested earnings in 1979. The decline in earnings in 1981 was due to slowing foreign economic activity as well as appreciation of the dollar against major foreign currencies.

As can be seen from the chart, payments were much more stable than receipts. Increases in 1978, 1979, and 1980 reflected increases in earnings in combination with a decline (in 1978) or less than proportional increase (in 1979 and 1980) in dividends. These increases were centered in petroleum affiliates, where earnings rose at extremely high rates. A decline in 1981 reflected a sharp decline in earnings in combination with a sharp increase in dividends.

CHART 5

# Corporate Profits and Constant-Dollar Sales for Manufacturing: Percent Change From Preceding Ouarter



\*Corporate profits with IVA and without CCAdj.

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

for most of the second-quarter decrease. In manufacturing, quarter-toquarter changes in profits have been closely related to quarter-to-quarter changes in constant-dollar manufacturing sales in recent years (chart 5). In the second quarter, manufacturing profits decreased slightly, following large decreases in each of the two previous quarters, while constant-dollar sales increased slightly, following large decreases. The second-quarter decrease in manufacturing profits was largely traceable to decreased profits for petroleum, chemicals, fabricated metals, and nonelectrical machinery manufacturers and increased losses of primary metals manufacturers. Offsetting these were a swing from substantial losses to profits for motor vehicle manufacturers and increased profits in most other manufacturing industries.

Other measures of profits.—Profits before tax were unchanged at \$171½ billion in the second quarter, following a decrease of \$45 billion in the first. These profits exclude the inventory valuation adjustment and capital consumption adjustment.<sup>4</sup> Inventory

profits—the IVA with sign reversed increased \$5 billion to \$9½ billion in the second quarter, following a decrease of \$12½ billion. Profits attribto underdepreciation—the CCAdi with sign reversed—decreased \$3 billion to \$7 billion in the second quarter, following a decrease of \$5\% billion. Somewhat more than \$2 billion of each decrease in the CCAdj was due to provisions of the Economic Recovery Tax Act of 1981, which have progressively reduced profits attributunderdepreciation. able to second-quarter decrease is also consistent with rates of inflation in prices for fixed nonresidential investment that were lower than those experienced over the service lives of the assets: such lower rates of inflation lead to less negative values for the portion of the CCAdj that values fixed capital used up in production at replacement costs rather that at historical costs.

Corporate profits taxes.—Corporate profits taxes, which are levied on

profits including inventory profits and profits attributable to underdepreciation, decreased \$1½ billion to \$55½ billion in the second quarter, following a decrease of \$15 billion in the first. The first- and second-quarter levels were each increased \$1 billion by some provisions of the recently enacted Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982 that were retroactive to the beginning of the year. (For a discussion of the act, see the article on Federal budget developments later in this issue of the Survey.) The levels of profits after tax were correspondingly lowered by the provisions of the act (to \$115 and \$116½ billion in the first and second quarters, respectively). Profits before tax were not affected.

# Second-quarter NIPA revisions

The 75-day revisions of the national income and product account estimates for the second quarter of 1982 are shown in table 4.

Table 4.—Revisions in Selected Component Series of the NIPA's, Second Quarter of 1982

	Seasonali	ly adjusted rates	at annual	from pr quarter a	t annual
	45-day estimate	75-day estimate	Revision	45-day estimate	tes 75-day estimate
	Billions	s of current	dollars	Commute	Commune
GNP	3,041.2	3,045.2	4.0	6.2	6.8
Personal consumption expenditures	351.9 95.2 17.4 35.1	1947.8 352.2 95.5 -16.2 34.9 630.9	2.0 .3 .3 1.2 2	5.6 -5.6 7.6	6.1 5.3 9.4
National income	2,425.1	2,425.2	.1	4.8	4.8
Compensation of employees	1,850.6 154.9 419.7	1,850.7 155.4 418.8	.1 .5 —.9	4.4 -5.6 10.9	4.4 -3.7 9.9
Personal income	2,553.5	2,552.7	8	7.0	6.9
	Billions	s of constar dollars	nt (1972)		
GNP	1,475.3	1,478.4	3.1	1.3	2.1
Personal consumption expenditures	166.4 39.9 -5.3	955.0 166.7 40.1 -4.4 35.7	1.2 .3 .2 .9	2.0 -12.3 11.5	2.5 11.8 12.9
Government purchases		285.3	.6	-6.2	- 5.3
	Index n	umbers, 19'	72=100 1		•
GNP implicit price deflator		205.98 213.0	16 0	4.9 4.2 4.7	4.6 4.1 4.6

<sup>1.</sup> Not at annual rates

Note.—For the second quarter of 1982, the following revised or additional major source data became available: For personal consumption expenditures, revised retail sales for June, consumer share of new car purchases for June, and consumption of electricity for June; for nonresidential fixed investment, revised manufacturers' shipments of equipment for June, revised construction put in place for June; for change in business share of new car purchases for June; for nesidential investment, revised construction put in place for June; for change in business inventories, revised book values for manufacturing and trade for June; for net exports of goods and services, revised merchandise trade for June, and revised service receipts for the quarter; for government purchases of goods and services, revised construction put in place for June; for wages and salaries, revised employment, average hourly earnings, and average weekly hours for June; for net interest, revised net interest received from abroad for the quarter; for corporate profits, revised domestic book profits for the quarter, and revised profits from the rest of the world for the quarter; and for GNP prices, revised residential housing prices for the quarter, and revised producer price indexes for April.

<sup>4.</sup> The IVA and CCAdj are defined in National Income and Product Accounts of the United States, 1929-1976: Statistical Tables. U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis (Washington, D.C.: U.S. GPO, 1981).

### **National Income and Product Accounts Tables**

New estimates in this issue: 1. Second quarter 1982, revised. 2. Federal Government corporate profits tax liability and related items (tables 1.11, 1.13, 3.2, and 5.1) for first quarter 1982, revised to incorporate effects of Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982.

The tables that follow are presented in eight groups, and the table numbers reflect these groups. The same numbers are used in other publications presenting national income and product account estimates. The groups are:

- 1. National product and income
- 2. Personal income and outlays
- 3. Government receipts and expenditures
- 4. Foreign transactions

- 5. Saving and investment
- 6. Product and income by industry
- 7. Implicit price deflators and price indexes
- 8. Supplementary table: Percent change from preceding period for selected items

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The abbreviations used in the tables are: CCAdj

Capital consumption adjustment IVA NIPA's

Inventory valuation adjustment National income and product accounts

Preliminary

Revised

The NIPA estimates for 1929-76 are in The National Income and Product Accounts of the United States, 1929-76: Statistical Tables (Stock No. 003-010-00101-1, price \$10.00). Estimates for 1977-81 and corrections for earlier years are in the July 1982 Survey. These publications are available from the Superintendent of Documents and Commerce Department District Offices; see addresses inside front cover.

Table 1.1-1.2.—Gross National Product in Current and Constant Dollars

				Billions	of dollars	3					Bil	llions of	1972 dolla	ars		
				Seasonal	ly adjust	ed at ann	ual rates	3				Seasonal	ly adjust	ed at anr	ual rate	s
	1980	1981		19	81		19	82	1980	1981		19	81		19	982
			1	II	III	IV	I	II r			I	II	III	IV	I	II '
Gross national product	2,633.1	2,937.7	2,864.9	2,901.8	2,980.9	3,003.2	2,995.5	3,045.2	1,474.01	1,502.6	1,507.8	1,502.2	1,510.4	1,490.1	1,470.7	1,478.4
Personal consumption expenditures	1,667.2	1,843.2	1,799.9	1,819.4	1,868.8	1,884.5	1,919.4	1,947.8	930.5	947.6	951.1	944.6	951.4	943.4	949.1	955.0
Durable goods Nondurable goods Services	214.3 670.4 782.5	234.6 734.5 874.1	236.9 720.6 842.4	230.4 729.6 859.4	241.2 741.3 886.3	229.6 746.5 908.3	237.9 749.1 932.4	240.7 755.0 952.1	137.1 355.8 437.6	140.0 362.4 445.2	145.3 361.6 444.2	138.6 361.7 444.3	142.2 363.0 446.2	134.1 363.1 446.2	137.5 362.2 449.5	138.3 364.5 452.2
Gross private domestic investment	402.3	471.5	455.7	475.5	486.0	468.9	414.8	431.5	208.4	225.8	221.6	229.5	233.4	218.9	195.4	202.3
Fixed investment Nonresidential Structures. Producers' durable equipment Residential Nonfarm structures. Farm structures Producers' durable equipment Change in business inventories Nonfarm Farm	412.4 309.2 110.5 198.6 103.2 98.3 1.9 3.0 -10.0 -5.7 -4.3	451.1 346.1 129.7 216.4 104.9 99.7 2.1 3.2 20.5 15.0 5.5	443.5 330.0 119.6 210.4 113.6 109.1 1.3 3.2 12.2 10.0 2.2	450.9 341.3 127.0 214.3 109.5 104.7 1.6 3.2 24.6 19.3 5.3	454.2 353.0 132.7 220.2 101.2 95.6 2.4 3.2 31.8 24.6 7.2	455.7 360.2 139.6 220.6 95.5 89.4 2.9 3.2 13.2 6.0 7.2	450.4 357.0 141.4 215.6 93.4 87.9 2.4 3.1 -35.6 -36.0	447.7 352.2 143.6 208.6 95.5 89.6 2.8 3.2 -16.2 -15.0 -1.2	213.3 166.1 48.5 117.6 47.2 44.3 .8 2.0 -5.0 -2.9 -2.1	216.9 172.0 51.6 120.4 44.9 42.1 .9 2.0 9.0 6.8 2.1	219.2 169.7 49.5 120.1 49.6 47.0 .6 2.0 2.4 2.0 .4	217.4 170.1 51.0 119.1 47.3 44.6 .7 2.0 12.1 10.2 1.9	216.9 173.9 52.5 121.4 42.9 39.9 1.0 2.0 16.5 13.6 3.0	214.1 174.2 53.3 120.9 39.9 36.7 1.2 2.0 4.8 1.6 3.2	210.8 172.0 53.5 118.5 38.9 36.0 1.0 1.9 -15.5 -15.6	206.7 166.7 53.7 113.0 40.1 37.0 1.1 1.9 -4.4 -3.8 -0.6
Net exports of goods and services	25.2	26.1	31.2	23.7	25.9	23.5	31.3	34.9	50.6	42.0	48.2	44.2	39.2	36.5	36.9	35.7
Exports Imports	339.2 314.0	367.3 341.3	365.4 334.2	368.9 345.1	367.2 341.3	367.9 344.4	359.9 328.6	365.8 330.9	159.2 108.6	158.5 116.4	159.3 111.1	159.7 115.5	157.8 118.7	156.9 120.4	151.7 114.7	154.4 118.7
Government purchases of goods and services	538.4	596.9	578.1	583.2	600.2	626.3	630.1	630.9	284.6	287.1	286.8	283.9	286.4	291.3	289.2	285.3
Federal National defense Nondefense State and local	197.2 131.4 65.8 341.2	228.9 153.7 75.2 368.0	217.0 143.1 73.9 361.1	218.2 150.5 67.7 365.0	230.0 154.4 75.7 370.1	250.5 166.9 83.6 375.7	249.7 166.2 83.5 380.4	244.3 176.2 68.2 386.6	106.5 70.1 36.4 178.1	110.4 73.5 36.8 176.7	107.9 71.0 36.9 179.0	107.0 72.9 34.1 176.9	110.7 74.3 36.5 175.7	116.0 76.1 39.9 175.3	114.4 74.5 39.8 174.9	110.3 78.2 32.1 175.0

Table 1.3-1.4.—Gross National Product by Major Type of Product in Current and Constant Dollars

Gross national product	2,633.1	2,937.7	2,864.9	2,901.8	2,980.9	3,003.2	2,995.5	3,045.2	1,474.0	1,502.6	1,507.8	1,502.2	1,510.4	1,490.1	1,470.7	1,478.4
Final sales Change in business inventories	2,643.1 -10.0	2,917.3 20.5	2,852.7 12.2	2,877.2 24.6	2,949.1 31.8	2,989.9 13.2	$^{3,031.1}_{-35.6}$	3,061.4 -16.2	1,479.0 - 5.0	1,493.7 9.0	1,505.4 2.4	1,490.1 12.1	1,493.9 16.5	1,485.3 4.8	1,486.1 15.4	1,482.7 -4.4
Goods	1,141.9	1,289.2	1,265.3	1,276.1	1,317.0	1,298.4	1,269.4	1,283.1	667.9	689.5	692.8	689.8	697.2	678.0	661.8	663.2
Final sales Change in business inventories	1,151.9 -10.0	1,268.7 20.5	1,253.1 12.2	1,251.4 24.6	1,285.1 31.8	1,285.2 13.2	$^{1,305.0}_{-35.6}$	1,299.3 -16.2	672.9 -5.0	680.5 9.0	690.4 2.4	677.7 12.1	680.7 16.5	673.2 4.8	677.2 15.4	667.5 -4.4
Durable goods Final sales Change in business inventories Nondurable goods. Final sales Change in business inventories	482.5 -5.2 664.6 669.4	528.1 519.4 8.7 761.1 749.4 11.7	522.0 519.8 2.2 743.3 733.3 10.0	538.2 519.7 18.5 737.8 731.7 6.1	547.3 527.5 19.8 769.7 757.6 12.0	504.9 510.5 -5.6 793.6 774.7 18.9	482.4 513.6 -30.9 787.0 791.8 -4.8	505.9 512.6 -6.6 777.2 786.7 -9.6	288.3 290.8 -2.6 379.7 382.1 -2.4	293.1 289.3 3.8 396.3 391.2 5.1	298.9 298.9 .1 393.8 391.5 2.3	299.6 290.5 9.1 390.3 387.2 3.0	298.8 290.2 8.6 398.4 390.5 7.9	275.1 277.6 -2.5 402.9 395.6 7.3	265.0 278.7 -13.7 396.8 398.5 -1.7	272.3 274.9 -2.6 390.9 392.6 -1.7
ServicesStructures	1,225.5 265.7	1,364.3 284.2	1,313.5 286.1	1,340.2 285.6	1,382.1 281.9	1,421.5 283.3	1,444.4 281.7	1,476.7 285.3	687.1 118.9	695.6 117.6	693.1 121.9	693.2 119.2	697.5 115.7	698.6 113.4	697.0 111.9	702.2 113.0
Addenda: Gross domestic purchases ' Final sales to domestic purchasers '	2,607.9 2,617.9		2,833.8 2,821.6	2,878.1 2,853.5			2,964.2 2,999.8		1,423.4 1,428.4	1,460.6 1,451.6	1,459.6 1,457.2	1,458.0 1,445.9	1,471.2 1,454.7	1,453.6 1,448.8	1,433.8 1,449.2	1,442.6 1,447.0

<sup>1.</sup> Gross domestic purchases equals GNP less exports plus imports; final sales to domestic purchasers equals final sales less exports plus imports.

Table 1.5-1.0.—Gross National Product by Sector in Current and Constant Dollars

				Billions (	of dollars						Bil	llions of	1972 doll	ars		
				Seasonal	ly adjust	ed at ann	ual rates	3				Seasonal	ly adjust	ed at ann	ual rate	3
	1980	1981		19	81		19	82	1980	1981		19	81		19	82
			I	II	III	IV	I	II '			I	II	III	IV	I	Πr
Gross national product	2,633.1	2,937.7	2,864.9	2,901.8	2,980.9	3,003.2	2,995.5	3,045.2	1,474.0	1,502.6	1,507.8	1,502.2	1,510.4	1,490.1	1,470.7	1,478.
Gross domestic product Business Nonfarm Nonfarm less housing Housing Farm	2,228.8 2,159.5 1,951.0 208.5 65.4	2,418.5 2,188.9 229.6 75.8	2,817.9 2,433.4 2,357.5 2,134.9 222.6 70.8	2,855.2 2,463.9 2,394.6 2,167.8 226.8 73.9	2,931.2 2,533.9 2,454.7 2,223.0 231.7 80.1	2,949.8 2,538.6 2,467.4 2,229.9 237.4 78.4	2,949.6 2,530.6 2,465.1 2,222.8 242.3 72.9	2,995.7 2,570.1 2,494.4 2,247.9 246.5 74.8	1,447.9 1,246.7 1,210.3 1,080.7 129.6 34.2	1,477.2 1,274.3 1,236.8 1,105.5 131.4 38.4	1,482.8 1,279.7 1,242.9 1,111.6 131.3 4.1	1,477.8 1,274.8 1,240.9 1,109.6 131.2 36.3	1,485.0 1,282.4 1,241.9 1,110.6 131.3 40.9	1,463.3 1,260.2 1,221.5 1,089.9 131.6 42.3	1,448.0 1,244.4 1,210.0 1,077.9 132.0 38.1	1,454. 1,250. 1,212. 1,079. 132. 38.
Statistical discrepancy. Households and institutions. Private households. Nopprofit institutions. Government. Federal. State and local.	85.4 6.6 78.8 272.8 82.9	-1.9 96.4 7.0 89.4 299.7 92.3 207.4	5.1 92.9 7.0 85.9 291.6 89.9 201.7	-4.6 95.2 7.0 88.2 296.2 90.5 205.6	8 97.1 7.1 90.1 300.1 91.0 209.2	-7.2 100.3 7.1 93.3 310.9 97.9 213.0	7.5 103.3 7.1 96.2 315.8 98.6 217.1	.8 105.3 7.1 98.2 320.3 98.9 221.4	2.2 45.8 3.4 42.4 155.4 49.5 105.9	9 46.9 3.3 43.6 156.0 49.7 106.3	2.7 46.8 3.4 43.4 156.3 49.6 106.8	-2.4 46.7 3.3 43.4 156.2 49.7 106.5	4 46.7 3.3 43.5 155.9 49.8 106.1	-3.6 47.4 3.2 44.1 155.8 49.8 106.0	-3.7 47.8 3.1 44.7 155.7 49.8 106.0	47. 3. 44. 155. 49. 105.
Rest of the worldAddendum: Gross domestic business product less housing	46.1	49.2 2,253.5	47.1	46.6	49.7	53.3	45.8	49.5	26.1 1,115.4	25.4 1,141.4	25.0	24.4	25.4	26.7	22.7	24

Table 1.7.—Relation of Gross National Product, Net National Product, National Income, and Personal Income

				Billions (	of dollars	3		
			8	Seasonall	y adjuste	ed at ann	ual rate	8
*	1980	1981		19	81		19	82
	L		I	II	Ш	IV	I	II'
Gross national product	2,633.1	2,937.7	2,864.9	2,901.8	2,980.9	3,003.2	2,995.5	3,045.2
Less:								
Capital consumption al- lowances with CCAdj Capital consumption al-	293.2	330.1	315.4	325.0	335.2	344.8	348.7	353.9
lowancesLess: CCAdj	232.0 -61.2	267.5 -62.6	253.2 -62.3	262.2 -62.8	271.9 -63.2	282.6 -62.2	293.4 -55.3	304.4 -49.6
Equals: Net national prod-	2,339.9	2,607.6	2,549.5	2,576.8	2,645.8	2,658.4	2,646.7	2,691.2
Less:								
Indirect business tax and nontax liability	213.0	251.3	244.6	252.0	253.3	255.3	250.2	256.7
Business transfer pay- ments Statistical discrepancy	11.4 3.9	12.4 -1.9	12.0 5.1	12.2 -4.6	12.5 8	12.8 7.2	13.1 -7.5	13.5 .8
Plus: Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises	5.5	6.6	5.8	7.2	6.5	7.0	6.0	4.9
Equals: National income	2,117.1	2,352.5	2,293.7	2,324.4	2,387.3	2,404.5	2,396.9	2,425.2
Less:								
Corporate profits with IVA and CCAdj Net interest Contributions for social	181.6 187.7	190.6 235.7	200.3 217.6	185.1 231.6	193.1 244.0	183.9 249.5	157.1 258.7	155.4 267.5
insurance	204.0	238.1	232.5	236.2	240.3	243.5	250.8	253.0
bursementsPlus:	0	0	0	0	.2	1	2	0
Government transfer payments to persons  Personal interest income  Personal dividend income  Business transfer pay-	285.8 263.4 55.9	323.9 329.0 62.5	310.8 304.7 59.2	314.8 320.6 61.5	332.3 339.6 64.1	337.9 351.0 65.2	341.4 359.7 65.8	351.7 372.0 66.1
ments	11.4	12.4	12.0	12.2	12.5	12.8	13.1	13.5
Equals: Personal income	2,160.4	2,415.8	2,330.0	2,380.6	2,458.2	2,494.6	2,510.5	2,552.7

Table 1.8.—Relation of Gross National Product, Net National Product, and National Income in Constant Dollars

[Billions of 1972 dollars]														
Gross national product Less: Capital consumption	1,474.0	1,502.6	1,507.8	1,502.2	1,510.4	1,490.1	1,470.7	1,478.4						
allowances with CCAdj Equals: Net national prod-	149.6	155.6	153.4	154.9	156.3	157.8	159.3	160.8						
uct	1,324.4	1,317.0	1,354.4			1,332.2	1,311.4							
ment enterprises Statistical discrepancy Equals: National income	144.6 2.2 1,177.6	147.2 9 1,200.8	147.5 2.7 1,204.3	147.2 -2.4 1,202.6	147.5 4 1,207.0	146.6 -3.6 1,189.2	146.5 -3.7 1,168.5	147.1 .4 1,170.1						

Table 1.11.—National Income by Type of Income

				Billions o	of dollars			
				Seasonall	y adjuste	ed at ann	ual rate	8
	1980	1981		19	81		19	82
			I	II	Ш	IV	I	II r
National income	2,117.1	2,352.5	2,293.7	2,324.4	2,387.3	2,404.5	2,396.9	2,425.2
Compensation of employ-	1,598.6	1,767.6	1,718.0	1,750.0	1,789.1	1,813.4	1,830.8	1,850.7
Wages and salaries	1,356.1	1,494.0	1,452.8	1,479.4	1,512.6	1,531.1	1,541.5	1,556.6
Government and gov- ernment enterprises Other	260.1 1,095.9	283.1 1,210.9	276.2 1,176.5	279.8 1,199.6	284.0 1,228.6	292.3 1,238.8	296.3 1,245.2	300.0 1,256.6
Supplements to wages and salaries Employer contributions for social in-	242.5	273.6	265.2	270.6	276.5	282.3	289.3	294.1
surance Other labor income	115.3 127.2	133.2 140.4	129.9 135.3	132.1 138.4	134.3 142.2	136.5 145.8	140.2 149.1	141.7 152.5
Proprietors' income with IVA and CCAdj	116.3	124.7	123.4	123.8	127.5	124.1	116.4	117.3
FarmProprietors' income	19.4	24.0	21.6	22.5	27.1	24.6	17.8	17.4
with IVA CCAdj	26.4 -7.0	31.8 7.9	29.1 -7.5	30.3 -7.8	35.1 -8.0	32.8 -8.2	26.0 -8.2	25.5 -8.1
Nonfarm Proprietors' income IVA CCAdj	96.9 99.9 -3.1	$100.7 \\ 100.3 \\ -1.6 \\ 2.1$	101.8 103.2 -2.5 1.2	101.2 100.9 -1.4 1.8	100.4 $99.3$ $-1.2$ $2.3$	$\begin{array}{c} 99.5 \\ 97.7 \\ -1.2 \\ 3.0 \end{array}$	98.6 93.8 0 4.7	99.9 94.5 -1.0 6.4
Rental income of persons with CCAdj	32.9	33.9	34.4	34.0	33.6	33.6	33.9	34.2
Rental income of personsCCAdj	65.3 -32.4	69.4 -35.5	68.7 -34.3	68.9 -34.9	69.5 35.9	70.5 -36.9	71.0 -37.1	70.7 -36.4
Corporate profits with IVA and CCAdj	181.6	190.6	200.3	185.1	193.1	183.9	157.1	155.4
Corporate profits with IVA	199.4	207.5	217.6	202.6	210.3	199.4	167.2	162.2
Profits before tax Profits tax liability Profits after tax Dividends	242.4 84.7 157.8 58.1	232.1 81.2 150.9 65.1	253.1 91.5 161.6 61.5	225.4 79.2 146.2 64.0	233.3 82.4 150.8 66.8	216.5 71.6 144.9 68.1	171.6 56.7 115.0 68.8	171.7 55.3 116.3 69.3
profits	99.7	85.8	100.1	82.2	84.0	76.9	46.1	47.0
IVA	-43.0	-24.6	35.5	-22.8	-23.0	-17.1	-4.4	-9.4
CCAdj	-17.8	-16.8	-17.3	-17.5	-17.1	-15.5	-10.1	-6.9
Net interest	187.7	235.7	217.6	231.6	244.0	249.5	258.7	267.5
Addenda: Corporate profits after tax with IVA and	07.0	100 5	100.0	105.0	110 5	1100	100	1000
CCAdj Dividends Undistributed profits	97.0 58.1	109.5 65.1	108.9 61.5	105.9 64.0	110.7 66.8	112.3 68.1	100.4 68.8	100.0 69.3
with IVA and CCAdj	38.9	44.4	47.3	42.0	43.9	44.3	31.6	30.7

Table 1.13.—Gross Domestic Product of Corporate Business in Current Dollars and Gross Domestic Product of Nonfinancial Corporate Business in Current and Constant Dollars

				Billions (	of dollars						·	-	Billions	of dollars	;		
				Seasonall	y adjuste	ed at ann	ual rate	8					Seasonall	y adjuste	ed at ann	ual rate	8
	1980	1981		19	81		19	82		1980	1980 1981		19	81		19	82
			I	II	III	IV	I	II '				I	II	Ш	IV	I	II '
Gross domestic product of corporate business	1,635.5	1,837.1	1,788.9	1,818.6	1,867.8	1,873.1	1,863.1	1,882.7	Net domestic product	1,365.7	1,536.5	1,497.0	1,522.4	1,564.5	1,562.0	1,548.8	1,559.0
ances with CCAdj  Net domestic product	181.2 1,454.2	206.2 1,630.9	196.2 1,592.7	202.9 1,615.7	209.7 1,658.1	216.0 1,657.1	218.9 1,644.2	223.4 1,659.3	ments less subsidies  Domestic income  Compensation of em-	148.6 1,217.1	178.3 1,358.2	172.9 1,324.0	179.0 1,343.4	179.9 1,384.5	181.3 1,380.8	176.3 1,372.4	181.2 1,377.8
Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus business transfer pay-						400.4			ployees	1,041.7 874.8	1,150.1 962.9	1,118.6 936.6	1,140.0 954.7	1,167.0 977.7	1,174.5 982.7	1,181.6 985.3	1,190.4 991.4
ments less subsidies  Domestic income	155.8 1,298.5	186.1 1,444.8	180.8 1,411.9	186.9 1,428.8	187.8 1,470.3	189.1 1,468.0	184.0 1,460.2	189.1 1,470.3	wages and salaries Corporate profits with IVA and CCAdj	166.9 123.0	187.1 145.6	182.1 150.4	185.4 142.1	189.3 151.8	191.9 138.2	196.4 120.3	198.9 114.8
Compensation of employees Wages and salaries Supplements to	1,107.3 929.2	1,224.5 1,024.8	1,190.4 996.2	1,213.5 1,015.7	1,040.5	1,251.5 1,046.6	1,259.5 1,049.7	1,270.7 1,057.8	Profits before tax Profits tax liability Profits after tax	183.0 64.8 118.2	186.6 63.3 123.3	202.5 71.5 131.0	181.8 61.4 120.4	191.5 65.5 126.0	170.5 54.8 115.7	134.8 38.9 95.8	131.3 37.1 94.2
wages and salaries Corporate profits with IVA and CCAdj	178.0 151.3	199.7 167.8	194.2 176.5	197.8 164.3	202.1 172.2	204.9 158.3	209.8 140.2	212.9 137.2	Dividends Undistributed profits	42.4 75.8	52.9 70.3	49.4 81.6	51.2 69.2	54.4 71.6	56.7 58.9	58.0 37.8	59.7 34.5
Profits before tax Profits tax liability Profits after tax	212.1 84.7 127.5	209.3 81.2 128.1	229.3 91.5 137.8	204.6 79.2 125.4	212.3 82.4 129.8	190.9 71.6 119.3	154.7 56.7 98.1	153.5 55.3 98.2	IVA CCAdj Net interest	-43.0 -17.0 52.4	-24.6 -16.3 62.5	$-35.5 \\ -16.6 \\ 55.0$	$     \begin{array}{r}       -22.8 \\       -16.9 \\       \hline       61.2     \end{array} $	-23.0 -16.7 65.7	-17.1 -15.1 68.1	-4.4 -10.0 70.5	-9.4 -7.1 72.6
Dividends Undistributed	39.7	50.8	46.8	48.9	52.7	54.6	56.0	58.0				Bil	lions of 1	972 dolla	ars		
IVA CCAdj Net interest Gross domestic		77.3 -24.6 -16.8 52.5	91.0 -35.5 -17.3 44.9	76.4 -22.8 -17.5 51.0	77.1 -23.0 -17.1 55.6	64.7 -17.1 -15.5 58.3	42.0 -4.4 -10.1 60.5	40.2 -9.4 -6.9 62.4	Gross domestic prod- uct of nonfinancial corporate business	860.3	881.3	883.0	884.2	887.5	870.4	858.8	857.9
product of finan- cial corporate business	97.8	104.8	105.6	103.6	104.2	106.0	106.6	111.7	Capital consumption allow- ances with CCAdj	90.1	94.3	92.7	93.8	94.9	96.0	97.0	98.1
Gross domestic product of non- financial corpo- rate business	1.537.7	1,732.3	1,683.3	1,715.0	1,763.6	1,767.2	1 756 6	1.771.0	Net domestic product Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus business transfer pay-	770.2	787.0	790.2	790.4	792.6	774.5	761.8	759.8
Capital consumption allow- ances with CCAdj	172.0	195.8	186.3		199.1	205.1	207.8	212.1	ments less subsidies  Domestic income	93.0 677.2	94.7 692.2	94.6 695.7	94.4 696.0	95.2 697.4	94.7 679.8	94.6 667.2	95.0 664.8

Table 1.14-1.15.—Auto Output in Current and Constant Dollars

				Billions o	of dollars						Bil	lions of	1972 doll:	ars		
				Seasonal	ly adjuste	d at ann	ual rates					Seasonal	ly adjuste	d at ann	ual rates	3
	1980	1981		19	81		19	82	1980	1981		19	81		19	82
			1	II	Ш	IV	I	II '			I	II	Ш	IV	1	П,
Auto output	59.8	69.2	66.1	73.7	78.7	58.3	53.5	69.9	38.7	41.5	41.6	44.5	45.6	34.4	31.3	39.7
Final sales Personal consumption expenditures New autos Net purchases of used autos Producers' durable equipment. New autos Net purchases of used autos Net purchases of used autos Net exports Exports Imports Government purchases Change in business inventories. New Used	60.6 45.7 14.9 12.1 21.1 -9.0 -12.8 4.0 16.8 1.0 -1.1	68.0 67.2 49.2 18.0 13.6 24.1 -10.5 -13.8 4.0 17.8 1.0 1.2 .9	74.1 71.6 54.5 17.1 13.4 24.6 -11.2 -11.9 4.2 16.2 10. -8.0 -9.1	63.3 63.0 45.4 17.6 13.1 22.4 -9.3 -13.7 4.3 18.0 9 10.4 11.3 9	74.4 71.5 52.1 19.3 15.3 27.6 -12.3 -13.4 4.6 18.1 1.1 4.3 3.1	60.2 62.8 45.0 17.8 12.5 22.0 -9.4 -16.0 2.8 18.9 -1.9 -1.6 -3	65.9 68.0 49.7 18.3 13.1 23.3 -10.2 -16.1 2.6 18.7 9 -12.4 -12.7	64.5 67.8 50.0 17.8 13.4 22.9 -9.5 -17.6 3.4 21.0 .9 5.4 5.8	39.4 35.8 28.3 7.5 8.3 13.0 -4.8 -5.4 2.5 7.9 7 7 4 3	40.8 36.0 28.8 7.2 9.5 14.1 -4.6 -5.3 2.3 7.7 .7	46.3 40.4 33.0 7.4 9.7 14.8 -5.1 -4.5 2.6 7.1 -4.7 -5.1 .5	38.2 33.9 26.7 7.3 8.9 13.1 -4.2 -5.3 2.5 7.8 6.3 6.7 4	43.7 37.4 30.0 7.5 10.7 15.8 -5.2 -5.1 2.7 7.8 1.8 1.3	35.2 32.2 25.6 6.6 8.8 12.5 -3.7 -6.5 1.6 8.0 8 7	38.3 34.9 28.3 6.6 9.3 13.3 -4.0 -6.6 1.5 8.0 -7.0 -7.1	37.0 34.4 28.2 6.2 9.3 12.9 -3.6 -7.3 1.9 9.2 2.7 2.8 -1
Addenda:  Domestic output of new autos <sup>1</sup>	49.1 21.4	54.6 24.5	52.4 24.7	59.5 23.9	61.6 24.3	44.8 25.2	37.8 27.6	53.3 26.6	30.5 13.3	31.9 14.3	31.7 15.0	34.9 14.0	35.4 14.0	25.5 14.4	21.6 15.7	30.1 15.0

Table 1.16-1.17.—Truck Output in Current and Constant Dollars

			I         II         III         IV         I         II '           8         26.9         30.1         26.5         27.7         29.4         32.9           6         27.8         29.5         27.5         25.8         32.0         29.7           7         7.2         7.9         8.2         7.4         11.8         11.6           3         17.2         18.2         17.4         16.6         18.6         17.0           6        7         -1.1         -2.5         -2.2         -2.6         -3.8           3         3.6         3.4         3.2         3.1         2.9         2.7           9         4.3         4.5         5.7         5.3         5.5         6.0					Bil	lions of 1	972 dolla	ars					
			5	Seasonall	y adjuste	d at ann	ual rates					Seasonall	y adjuste	d at ann	ual rates	;
	1980	1981		19	81		19	82	1980	1981		19	81		19	82
			I	11	Ш	IV	I	Πr			I	II	III	IV	I	II '
Truck output 1	26.1	27.8	26.9	30.1	26.5	27.7	29.4	32.9	13.9	13.3	13.3	14.6	12.6	12.9	13.9	15.6
Final sales Personal consumption expenditures Producers' durable equipment Net exports Exports Imports Government purchases	7.5 18.0 -1.1 3.1	27.6 7.7 17.3 -1.6 3.3 4.9 4.3	7.2 17.2 7 3.6	7.9 18.2 -1.1 3.4 4.5	8.2 17.4 -2.5 3.2 5.7	7.4 16.6 -2.2 3.1 5.3	11.8 18.6 -2.6 2.9	29.7 11.6 17.0 -3.3 2.7 6.0 4.5	14.9 4.7 9.2 8 1.6 2.3 1.9	13.2 4.5 7.8 -1.0 1.5 2.5 1.9	13.8 4.4 8.1 6 1.7 2.3 1.9	14.2 4.7 8.3 8 1.5 2.4 2.0	13.0 4.7 7.7 -1.4 1.4 2.8 2.0	11.8 4.2 7.2 -1.3 1.3 2.6 1.7	15.1 6.7 8.0 -1.5 1.2 2.7 1.8	14.0 6.5 7.3 -1.7 1.1 2.8 1.9
Change in business inventories	-2.0	.2	-1.0	.7	-1.0	1.9	- 2.5	3.2	-1.1	.1	5	.4	5	1.0	-1.2	1.6

Table 1.14-1.15:
1. Consists of final sales and change in business inventories of new autos produced in the United States.
2. Consists of personal consumption expenditures, producers' durable equipment, and government purchases.

Table 1.16-1.17:
1. Includes new trucks only.

Table 2.1.—Personal Income and Its Disposition

			]	Billions o	of dollars	1		
		-	S	Seasonall	y adjuste	d at ann	ual rate	s
	1980	1981		19	81		19	82
			I	11	Ш	IV	I	II '
Personal income	2,160.4	2,415.8	2,330.0	2,380.6	2,458.2	2,494.6	2,510.5	2,552.7
Wage and salary disburse- ments	1,356.1	1,493.9	1,452.8	1,479.4	1,512.3	1,531.2	1,541.6	1,556.6
Commodity-producing industries	468.0 354.4 330.5 297.4	510.8 386.4 361.4 338.6 283.1	499.2 377.0 352.1 325.2 276.2	507.2 386.9 358.7 333.7 279.8	519.3 392.9 366.5 342.8 283.8	517.7 388.7 368.3 352.8	514.3 385.1 371.4 359.5 296.5	513.6 385.6 375.4 367.6
Other labor income	127.2	140.4	135.3	138.4	142.2	145.8	149.1	152.5
Proprietors' income with IVA and CCAdj	116.3	124.7	123.4	123.8	127.5	124.1	116.4	117.3
FarmNonfarm	19.4 96.9	24.0 100.7	21.6 101.8	22.5 101.2	27.1 100.4	24.6 99.5	17.8 98.6	17.4 99.9
Rental income of persons with CCAdj	32.9	33.9	34.4	34.0	33.6	33.6	33.9	34.2
Personal dividend income	55.9	62.5	59.2	61.5	64.1	65.2	65.8	66.1
Personal interest income	263.4	329.0	304.7	320.6	339.6	351.0	359.7	372.0
Transfer payments	297.2	336.3	322.8	327.0	344.8	350.7	354.6	365.2
Old-age, survivors, disability, and health insurance benefitsGovernment unemployment insurance bene-	154.2	182.0	171.0	173.7	190.6	192.8	194.7	197.5
fits Veterans benefits Government employees	16.1 15.0	15.4 16.1	15.7 16.0	15.1 15.9	14.1 16.0	16.7 16.4	18.7 16.3	23.5 16.1
retirement benefits Other transfer payments Aid to families with de-	43.0 69.0	49.2 73.6	47.2 72.9	49.1 73.2	49.6 74.4	50.8 74.0	51.5 73.3	54.4 73.8
pendent children Other	12.4 56.6	13.4 60.3	13.1 59.8	13.4 59.8	13.5 61.0	13.4 60.6	13.2 60.1	13.2 60.6
Less: Personal contribu- tions for social insurance.	88.7	104.9	102.5	104.1	106.1	107.0	110.6	111.4
Less: Personal tax and nontax payments	336.3	386.7	371.2	384.2	398.1	393.2	393.4	401.2
Equals: Disposable personal income	1,824.1	2,029.1	1,958.7	1,996.5	2,060.0	2,101.4	2,117.1	2,151.5
Less: Personal outlays	1,717.9	1,898.9	1,852.8	1,874.5	1,925.7	1,942.7	1,977.9	2,007.2
Personal consumption ex- penditures Interest paid by consum-	1,667.2	1,843.2	1,799.9	1,819.4	1,868.8	1,884.5	1,919.4	1,947.8
ers to business Personal transfer pay- ments to foreigners	49.9	55.1	52.4	54.4	56.2	57.5	57.8	58.4
(net)	.8	.6	.5	.8	.7	.7	.8	.9
Equals: Personal saving Addenda:	106.2	130.2	105.9	122.0	134.4	158.6	139.1	144.3
Disposable personal income: Total, billions of 1972 dollars	1,018.0	1,043.1	1,035.0	1,036.6	1,048.8	1,051.9	1,046.9	1,054.8
Per capita: Current dollars 1972 dollars	8,012 4,472	8,827 4,538	8,551 4,519	8,698 4,516	8,951 4,557	9,107 4,559	9,155 4,527	9,285 4,552
Population (millions)	227.7	229.9	229.1	229.5	230.1	230.8	231.2	231.7
Personal saving as per- centage of disposable personal income	5.8	6.4	5.4	6.1	6.5	7.5	6.6	6.7

Table 2.2-2.3.—Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of **Product in Current and Constant Dollars** 

				Billions o	of dollars	·		
				Seasonall	y adjuste	ed at ann	ual rate	8
	1980	1981	_	19	81		19	82
			I	II	III	IV	I	II '
Personal consump- tion expenditures	1,667.2	1,843.2	1,799.9	1,819.4	1,868.8	1,884.5	1,919.4	1,947.8
Durable goods	214.3	234.6	236.9	230.4	241.2	229.6	237.9	240.7
Motor vehicles and parts	89.7	98.6	102.1	94.2	104.0	93.9	103.2	103.3
Furniture and household	86.3	93.4	09.1	93.3	93.8	93.3	01.0	93.2
equipment Other	38.3	42.6	93.1 41.7	42.9	43.4	42.4	91.0 43.7	44.2
Nondurable goods	670.4	734.5	720.6	729.6	741.3	746.5	749.1	755.0
Food	343.7	375.3	368.8	372.1	378.0	382.3	387.9	395.0
Clothing and shoes	104.7 87.0	114.6 96.8	112.3 95.2	114.0 96.7	115.9 97.7	116.0 97.5	117.5 95.3	118.4 91.3
Gasoline and oil Other nondurable goods	135.0	147.9	144.4	146.9	149.7	150.7	148.4	150.4
Fuel oil and coal	19.0	19.7	20.0	19.9	19.9	19.2	17.3	17.3
Other	116.0	128.2	124.3	127.0	129.8	131.5	131.1	133.1
Services	782.5	874.1	842.4	859.4	886.3	908.3	932.4	952.1
Housing	266.0	295.3	284.4	291.3	298.7	307.0	314.5	320.4
Household operation	111.7	128.9	120.7	125.2	132.8	136.9	141.4	140.7
Electricity and gas Other	56.6 55.1	66.8 62.1	61.9 58.8	64.6 60.7	69.4 63.5	71.2 65.7	75.1 66.3	72.6 68.1
Transportation	62.9	65.4	66.2	64.3	65.5	65.7	66.9	69.5
Other	341.9	384.4	371.1	378.5	389.3	398.7	409.6	421.5
			Bil	lions of 1	1972 doll	ars		
Personal consump- tion expenditures	930.5	947.6	951.1	944.6	951.4	943.4	949.1	955.0
Durable goods	137.1	140.0	145.3	138.6	142.2	134.1	137.5	138.3
Motor vehicles and parts Furniture and household	53.8	54.2	58.6	52.2	56.1	50.0	54.9	54.4
equipment	60.1	61.6	62.6	61.8	61.4	60.4	58.5	59.4
Other	23.2	24.3	24.1	24.6	24.7	23.7	24.1	24.4
Nondurable goods	355.8	362.4	361.6	361.7	363.0	363.1	362.2	364.5
Food	180.2	181.4	181.4	181.3	180.9	182.0	181.7	183.0
Clothing and shoes Gasoline and oil	78.0 25.7	82.7 25.7	82.1 25.4	82.6 25.4	83.1 26.2	83.0 25.8	83.8 26.2	84.0 27.2
Other nondurable goods	72.0	72.6	72.7	72.5	72.9	72.3	70.4	70.2
Fuel oil and coal	4.0	3.5	3.6	3.4	3.5	3.3	3.0	3.2
Other	68.0	69.1	69.1	69.0	69.4	69.0	67.4	67.1
Services	437.6	445.2	444.2	444.3	446.2	446.2	449.5	452.2
Housing	159.6	162.6	161.6	162.4	162.9	163.5	164.5	165.2
Household operation	61.5 23.8	63.5	62.4	63.0	64.1	64.4	64.5	63.4
Electricity and gas Other	23.8 37.8	24.6 38.8	24.1 38.3	24.4 38.6	25.0 39.1	25.2 39.2	25.6 38.9	24.1 39.3
Transportation	34.1	32.4	33.5	32.3	32.1	31.7	31.9	32.5
Other	182.4	186.8	186.7	186.7	187.2	186.6	188.5	191.0
	L		l					

Table 3.14.—State and Local Government Social Insurance Funds **Receipts and Expenditures** 

	[]	Billions (	of dollars	3]				
Receipts	45.6	52.6	50.1	51.7	53.4	55.1	56.8	58.5
Contributions for social insurance	29.9	33.8	32.5	33.4	34.2	35.1	36.0	36.9
Personal contribution Employer contributions	7.6 22.4	8.5 25.3	8.3 24.2	8.5 24.9	$^{8.6}_{25.6}$	8.7 26.3	8.9 27.1	$\frac{9.1}{27.8}$
Government and government enterprises Other	20.0 2.4	22.7 2.5	21.7 2.5	22.4 2.5	$\frac{23.1}{2.6}$	23.7 2.6	24.4 2.6	$\frac{25.1}{2.7}$
Interest and dividends re-	15.7	18.8	17.6	18.3	19.2	20.0	20.8	21.6
Expenditures	18.4	20.8	19.8	20.5	21.1	21.7	22.3	22.8
Administrative expenses (purchases of goods and services)	.6	.6	.6	.6	.6	.6	.7	.7
Transfer payments to persons	17.8	20.2	19.3	19.8	20.4	21.1	21.6	22.1
Surplus or deficit	27.3	31.8	30.3	31.3	32.3	33.3	34.5	35.7

 $\begin{array}{l} \textit{Table 3.14:} \\ \textit{Note.} - \textit{In this table, interest and dividends received are included in receipts; in tables 3.2 and 3.3, interest received and dividends received are netted against expenditures.} \end{array}$ 

Table 3.2.—Federal Government Receipts and Expenditures

Seasonally adjusted at annual rates 1981 1981 1982 1980 1 II Ш IV 1 Πr 628 2 620 0 625.7 617.0 Receipts. 540.7 627.0 640.2 609.9 Personal tax and nontax 257.5 250.7 6.6 .2 298.1 290.8 7.0 .3 297.0 289.8 6.9 .3 307.9 300.6 7.1 .3 300.9 293.2 7.5 .3 299.9 291.1 8.5 .3 305.8 297.5 8.0 .3 286. 279. 6.5 Corporate profits tax accru 70.3 67.3 76.1 65.6 68.4 59.1 46.5 45.2 Indirect business tax and 38.9 26.8 7.2 4.9 57.5 43.9 7.8 5.8 57.8 43.1 9.0 5.8 57.2 41.9 9.3 6.1 49.8 34.6 8.6 6.6 nontax accruals. Excise taxes.....  $61.5 \\ 47.7$ 48.7 33.6 Customs duties ........... Contributions for social 174.1 204.3 199.9 202.8 206.1 208.4 214.9 216.2 insurance Expenditures 602.1 688.2 659.7 667.5 698.2 727.4 728.3 736.6 Purchases of goods and 228.9 153.7 75.2 250.5 166.9 83.6 244.3 176.2 68.2 services...... National defense... Nondefense....  $\frac{143.1}{73.9}$ 150.5 67.7 154.4 75.7 166.2 83.5 131.4 65.8 Transfer payments...
To persons.....
To foreigners..... Grants-in-aid to State and 88.7 87.7 90.2 83.0 85.0 local governments. 90.6 86.3 83.6 66.3 84.3 71.9 91.4 74.094.379.6 101.8 82.8 105.1 54.7 12.5 14.1 68.5 15.8 18.0 74.6 16.7 19.5 70.4 17.0 19.1 83.9 17.9 22.1 87.6 17.4 22.3 77.2 17.1 20.3 Subsidies less current sur-plus of government enterprises..... 11.7 10.4  $\frac{13.1}{12.2}$  $\frac{12.2}{11.3}$  $13.7 \\ 11.6$  $\frac{13.0}{12.0}$ 13.6 13.8  $12.7 \\ 13.7$  $\frac{11.6}{12.6}$ Subsidies Less: Current surplus of government enterprises. -1.3**-.9** -.9-2.0-1.0.3 1.1 1.0 Less: Wage accruals less disbursements..... 0 0 0 .2 -.2--.1 Surplus or deficit -61.4 -60.0-39.7 40.5 -58.0 - 101.7 -118.4 119.6 Social insurance funds...  $-12.4 \\
-49.0$  $-11.0 \\ -49.0$  $-3.9 \\ -36.6$  $-16.6 \\ -41.4$  $-19.3 \\ -82.4$  $-24.1 \\ -95.5$  $-16.4 \\ -102.0$ 

-35.6

Table 3.3.—State and Local Government Receipts and Expenditures

			1	Billions o	f dollars			
			s	easonall	y adjuste	d at ann	ual rates	
	1980	1981		198	81		198	32
			I	II	III	IV	I	II '
Receipts	385.9	416.8	410.0	415.2	420.3	421.5	424.2	434.3
Personal tax and nontax		00.0		05.0	00.0	00.0	00.0	05.4
receipts	78.8	88.6	84.8	87.2	90.3	92.3	93.6 50.2	95.4
Income taxes	42.8	48.3	46.2	47.5	49.3	50.1	34.8	50.8 35.9
Nontaxes	28.1	32.0	30.4 8.2	31.4 8.3	32.6 8.4	33.7 8.5	8.6	8.7
Other	7.9	8.3	8.4	6.0	0.4	0.0	0.0	0.1
Corporate profits tax accru-	14.4	13.9	15.4	13.6	14.0	12.5	10.1	10.2
Indirect business tax and								
nontax accruals	174.1	192.8	187.1	190.4	195.5	198.0	201.5	206.9
Sales taxes	82.8	90.4	88.9	89.2	91.8	91.8	92.6	95.0
Property taxes	68.4	75.1	72.3	74.3	76.0	77.8	79.8	81.8
Other	22.9	27.2	25.9	27.0	27.8	28.4	29.2	30.0
Contributions for social in- surance	29.9	33.8	32.5	33.4	34.2	35.1	36.0	36.9
Federal grants-in-aid	88.7	87.7	90.2	90.6	86.3	83.6	83.0	85.0
Expenditures	357.8	385.0	378.6	382.2	386.9	392.4	396.5	402.2
Purchases of goods and								
services	341.2	368.0	361.1	365.0	370.1	375.7	380.4	386.6
Compensation of employ-								
ees	189.9	207.4	201.7	205.6	209.2	213.0	217.1	221.4
Other	151.3	160.6	159.3	159.4	161.0	162.7	163.2	165.2
Transfer payments to persons	39.6	43.0	42.0	42.8	43.3	43.9	44.3	44.7
Net interest paid	-14.8	-16.9	-15.7	-16.7	-17.4	-17.8	-18.5	-19.2
Interest paid	20.3	23.7	22.2	23.2	24.2	25.3	26.4	27.4
Less: Interest received	35.0	40.6	37.9	39.8	41.5	43.1	44.9	46.8
Less: Dividends received	2.1	2.6	2.3	2.5	2.7	2.8	3.0	3.2
Subsidies less current sur-								
plus of government		2.5			c r	0.0	ا م	0.77
enterprises		-6.5	-6.4	-6.4	-6.5	-6.6	-6.6	-6.7
Subsidies	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4	.4
Less: Current surplus of	6.5	6.9	6.8	6.8	6.9	7.0	7.1	7.2
government enterprises	0.0	0.5	0.0	0.0	0.5	1.0	1.1	1.2
Less: Wage accruals less disbursements	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Surplus or deficit								
(-), NIPA's	28.2	31.7	31.3	32.9	33.5	29.1	27.7	32.1
Social insurance funds	27.3	31.8	30.3	31.3	32.3	33.3	34.5	35.7
Other	.9	.1	1.1	1.7	1.2	-4.2	-6.8	-3.6

Table 3.7B-3.8B.—Government Purchases of Goods and Services by Type in Current and Constant Dollars

				Billions o	of dollars						Bil	lions of	1972 dolla	ars		
				Seasonall	y adjuste	ed at ann	ual rates	,				Seasonall	y adjust	ed at ann	ual rates	
	1980	1981		19	81		19	82	1980	1981		19	81		19	82
			I	II	Ш	IV	I	II '			I	II	III	īV	I	11 '
Government purchases of goods and services	538.4	596.9	578.1	583.2	600.2	626.3	630.1	630.9	284.6	287.1	286.8	283.9	286.4	291.3	289.2	285.3
Federal National defense. Durable goods. Nondurable goods. Services. Compensation of employees. Military. Civilian Other services. Structures	33.6 10.7 84.1 53.2 30.5	228.9 153.7 40.1 12.6 98.0 60.8 35.6 25.2 37.2 3.0	217.0 143.1 36.1 12.1 92.2 58.5 34.1 24.4 33.7 2.7	218.2 150.5 40.0 13.2 94.4 59.2 34.4 24.9 35.1 2.9	230.0 154.4 41.6 11.9 98.0 59.8 34.6 25.2 38.1 2.9	250.5 166.9 42.7 13.2 107.6 65.6 39.4 26.2 42.0 3.4	249.7 166.2 43.1 13.6 106.0 66.3 39.7 26.5 39.8 3.5	244.3 176.2 48.9 13.4 110.7 66.5 39.8 26.7 44.1 3.3	106.5 70.1 18.3 2.4 47.9 32.2 18.9 13.3 15.7	110.4 73.5 19.7 2.6 49.9 32.8 19.3 13.5 17.1	107.9 71.0 18.6 2.6 48.5 32.5 19.2 13.3 16.0 1.3	107.0 72.9 19.9 2.7 49.0 32.7 19.2 13.5 16.3 1.3	110.7 74.3 20.2 2.4 50.3 33.0 19.3 13.6 17.3 1.3	116.0 76.1 20.1 2.6 51.8 33.1 19.4 13.6 18.8 1.5	114.4 74.5 19.9 2.8 50.3 33.2 19.5 13.7 17.1	110.3 78.2 21.7 2.8 52.3 33.3 19.5 13.7 19.1
Nondefense Durable goods Nondurable goods Services Compensation of employees. Other services. Structures	52.2	75.2 2.5 11.0 55.0 31.5 23.5 6.8	73.9 2.7 8.8 55.1 31.3 23.8 7.2	67.7 2.5 3.7 54.7 31.3 23.3 6.8	75.7 2.1 12.3 54.4 31.1 23.2 6.8	83.6 2.5 18.9 55.7 32.2 23.5 6.4	83.5 2.8 18.4 56.1 32.4 23.7 6.3	68.2 2.6 4.8 54.7 32.4 22.3 6.0	36.4 1.6 2.1 29.6 17.3 12.3 3.1	36.8 1.3 4.1 28.4 16.9 11.5 3.1	36.9 1.5 3.1 29.0 17.1 12.0 3.3	34.1 1.3 1.0 28.6 17.0 11.6 3.1	36.5 1.1 4.2 28.1 16.8 11.3 3.0	39.9 1.2 7.9 27.9 16.7 11.2 2.8	39.8 1.3 8.1 27.7 16.6 11.1 2.7	32.1 1.3 1.4 26.8 16.5 10.3 2.6
State and local Durable goods Nondurable goods Services Compensation of employees Other services Structures	11.2 27.0	368.0 12.0 30.3 282.8 207.4 75.4 42.9	361.1 11.7 29.1 274.1 201.7 72.3 46.3	365.0 11.9 29.9 280.7 205.6 75.1 42.4	370.1 12.1 30.7 285.9 209.2 76.7 41.4	375.7 12.2 31.3 290.6 213.0 77.6 41.6	380.4 12.3 31.7 296.1 217.1 79.0 40.3	386.6 12.4 31.8 302.3 221.4 80.8 40.1	178.1 6.1 11.3 140.1 105.9 34.2 20.6	176.7 6.0 11.4 140.7 106.3 34.4 18.6	179.0 6.0 11.3 141.4 106.8 34.6 20.3	176.9 6.0 11.3 141.2 106.5 34.7 18.5	175.7 6.0 11.5 140.4 106.1 34.3 17.9	175.3 5.9 11.6 139.9 106.0 33.9 17.9	174.9 5.9 11.7 140.0 106.0 34.0 17.2	175.0 5.9 11.8 140.0 105.9 34.1 17.2

Table 4.1-4.2—Foreign Transactions in the National Income and Product Accounts in Current and Constant Dollars

				Billions	of dollar	3					Bil	lions of 1	972 dolla	ırs		
				Seasonal	ly adjust	ed at anr	ual rates					Seasonall	y adjuste	d at ann	ual rates	
	1980	1981		19	81		19	82	1980	1981		19	81		198	32
			I	II	III	IV	I	11 '			1	11	ш	IV	I	11 '
Receipts from foreigners	340.4	368.4	366.5	370.0	368.3	369.0	359.9	<b>365</b> .8								
Exports of goods and services	339.2 220.1 128.9 91.1	367.3 231.9 134.4 97.4	365.4 237.3 134.2 103.1	368.9 236.0 140.1 95.9	367.2 226.3 133.2 93.1	367.9 227.8 130.1 97.8	359.9 221.4 123.9 97.5	365.8 218.9 123.9 95.0	159.2 93.1 56.1 36.9	158.5 89.8 51.8 38.0	159.3 92.8 53.6 39.2	159.7 91.7 54.7 37.1	157.8 87.0 50.3 36.6	156.9 87.6 48.6 39.0	151.7 84.0 45.2 38.8	154.4 83.5 44.8 38.7
Services Factor income <sup>1</sup> Other.	119.2 75.2 44.0	135.5 86.1 49.4	128.1 81.1 47.0	132.9 84.2 48.7	140.8 89.6 51.3	140.1 89.5 50.6	138.5 85.9 52.6	146.8 93.8 53.0	66.1 42.6 23.5	68.7 44.5 24.2	66.5 43.1 23.4	68.0 44.0 24.0	70.9 45.9 25.0	69.3 44.8 24.5	67.7 42.5 25.1	70.9 45.9 25.0
Capital grants received by the United States (net)	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	0	0	ļ					•••••		
Payments to foreigners	340.4	368.4	366.5	370.0	368.3	369.0	359.9	365.8	ļ		·····					•••••
Imports of goods and services	314.0 244.0 110.0 134.0	341.3 260.1 123.7 136.4	334.2 255.8 115.4 140.4	345.1 263.3 122.7 140.6	341.3 257.9 126.3 131.7	344.4 263.5 130.5 133.1	328.6 243.9 125.4 118.5	330.9 241.1 127.7 113.4	108.6 74.5 48.0 26.5	116.4 79.1 51.9 27.2	111.1 74.6 48.3 26.3	115.5 77.6 51.1 26.5	118.7 80.3 53.0 27.3	120.4 83.8 55.2 28.6	114.7 76.7 51.6 25.1	118.7 78.6 52.0 26.6
Services Factor income 1 Other	70.0 29.1 40.9	81.1 36.9 44.2	78.4 34.1 44.3	81.8 37.5 44.3	83.4 39.9 43.5	80.9 36.1 44.8	84.7 40.0 44.7	89.8 44.3 45.5	34.1 16.5 17.6	37.4 19.1 18.3	36.5 18.1 18.4	38.0 19.6 18.3	38.4 20.4 18.0	36.6 18.1 18.5	38.1 19.8 18.2	40.1 21.7 18.4
Transfer payments (net)	6.0 .8 5.2	6.3 .6 5.7	5.7 .5 5.2	5.5 .8 4.8	6.7 .7 6.1	7.3 .7 6.6	6.9 .8 6.0	6.7 .9 5.8								•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••
Interest paid by government to foreigners	12.5	16.7	15.8	17.0	17.1	17.1	17.9	17.4	<b></b>							
Net foreign investment	7.8	4.1	10.8	2.3	3.1	.1	6.5	10.8	[							• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •

Table 4.3-4.4.—Merchandise Exports and Imports by Type of Product and by End-Use Category in Current and Constant Dollars

				Billions o	of dollars						Bil	lions of 1	1972 dolla	ars		
				Seasonall	y adjust	ed at ann	ual rates					Seasonall	y adjuste	d at ann	ual rates	
	1980	1981		19	81	,	19	82	1980	1981		19	81		198	82
			I	II	Ш	IV	I	II '			I	II	III	IV	I	II '
Merchandise exports	220.1	231.9	237.3	236.0	226.3	227.8	221.4	218.9	93.1	89.8	92.8	91.7	87.0	87.6	84.0	83.5
Foods, feeds, and beverages	35.7	38.3	44.0	38.7	34.9	35.7	36.0	36.6	15.2	15.5	16.7	15.1	14.6	15.7	15.7	16.4
Industrial supplies and materials	68.1 24.6 43.4	65.4 20.4 45.0	67.5 21.9 45.6	63.7 21.4 42.4	63.4 19.0 44.4	67.1 19.4 47.7	66.5 17.9 48.6	63.1 17.6 45.4	24.1 8.7 15.4	22.3 7.0 15.4	23.1 7.5 15.6	21.7 7.3 14.4	21.5 6.5 15.1	22.9 6.6 16.3	22.9 6.1 16.7	21.9 6.1 15.8
Capital goods, except autos	74.2	81.7	80.5	84.4	80.9	80.8	77.4	77.1	34.9	32.9	33.9	34.5	31.8	31.2	29.0	28.6
Autos	17.2	19.1	19.0	20.5	20.2	16.8	17.3	17.9	6.9	6.7	7.0	7.3	6.9	5.5	5.6	5.7
Consumer goods	16.6 8.8 7.8	16.3 7.7 8.6	16.7 8.0 8.7	16.7 7.9 8.8	16.3 7.8 8.5	15.5 7.1 8.4	14.7 6.6 8.1	15.3 6.8 8.5	8.5 3.9 4.6	8.1 3.2 5.0	8.4 3.4 5.0	8.5 3.2 5.2	8.1 3.1 4.9	7.6 2.9 4.7	7.2 2.6 4.5	7.6 2.7 4.8
Other	8.2 4.1 4.1	11.1 5.5 5.5	9.7 4.8 4.8	12.0 6.0 6.0	10.7 5.4 5.4	11.9 5.9 5.9	9.5 4.8 4.8	8.9 4.4 4.4	3.5 1.7 1.7	4.3 2.1 2.1	3.8 1.9 1.9	4.7 2.3 2.3	4.1 2.1 2.1	4.6 2.3 2.3	3.6 1.8 1.8	3.4 1.7 1.7
Merchandise imports	244.0	260.1	255.8	263.3	257.9	263.5	243.9	241.1	74.5	79.1	74.6	77.6	80.3	83.8	76.7	78.6
Foods, feeds, and beverages	18.1	18.1	19.5	18.0	17.8	17.2	14.9	17.2	6.7	7.0	7.0	6.7	7.0	7.2	6.1	7.2
Industrial supplies and materials, excluding petroleum Durable goods Nondurable goods	50.0 29.1 20.9	56.3 33.3 23.0	53.7 31.1 22.6	56.8 34.4 22.4	57.8 34.4 23.4	56.8 33.2 23.6	54.1 31.7 22.4	51.2 29.1 22.2	17.1 9.9 7.1	19.0 11.2 7.8	18.1 10.5 7.6	19.0 11.5 7.5	19.5 11.6 7.9	19.4 11.3 8.1	18.3 10.7 7.6	17.7 10.0 7.7
Petroleum and products	79.4	77.6	82.1	83.2	72.6	72.4	62.6	53.7	6.9	6.0	6.2	6.2	5.7	5.8	5.0	4.5
Capital goods, except autos	30.3	34.6	32.7	33.2	35.1	37.3	35.1	36.4	15.4	18.0	16.3	17.1	18.6	20.1	17.9	18.2
Autos	27.0	29.7	26.8	29.9	30.8	31.4	30.6	35.7	10.9	10.3	9.7	10.6	10.7	10.4	9.8	11.6
Consumer goods	34.4 21.2 13.3	38.7 23.5 15.1	36.9 22.8 14.1	37.2 22.7 14.5	38.7 23.4 15.3	41.9 25.3 16.7	40.5 24.9 15.6	38.2 22.2 16.0	15.7 10.9 4.8	16.7 11.3 5.4	15.8 11.1 4.7	16.0 10.9 5.1	16.8 11.1 5.6	18.3 12.1 6.2	17.1 11.9 5.1	16.0 10.5 5.5
Other	4.6 2.3 2.3	5.2 2.6 2.6	4.0 2.0 2.0	5.2 2.6 2.6	5.1 2.5 2.5	6.5 3.3 3.3	6.0 3.0 3.0	8.8 4.4 4.4	1.9 1.0 1.0	2.1 1.0 1.0	1.6 .8 .8	2.0 1.0 1.0	2.0 1.0 1.0	2.7 1.3 1.3	2.4 1.2 1.2	3.5 1.7 1.7
Addenda: Exports: Agricultural products Nonagricultural products Imports of nonpetroleum products	42.2 177.9 164.6	44.3 187.6 182.6	50.3 187.0 173.7	44.6 191.4 180.1	39.8 186.6 185.3	42.4 185.5 191.2	42.0 179.4 181.3	42.6 176.3 187.5	18.0 75.1 67.6	18.0 71.8 73.1	19.2 73.6 68.4	17.5 74.2 71.4	16.6 70.4 74.5	18.5 69.1 78.0	18.4 65.5 71.6	19.2 64.3 74.1

 $<sup>\</sup>begin{array}{l} \textit{Table 4.1-4.2:} \\ 1. \ \, \text{Equals rest-of-the-world production as shown in tables 1.0-1.6.} \end{array}$ 

Table 5.1.—Gross Saving and Investment

			В	illions o	of dollar	rs		
			Sea	sonally	adjuste	ed at an	nual ra	tes
	1980	1981		19	81		19	82
			I	II	III	IV	I	II '
Gross saving	406.2	477.5	461.4	482.4	490.0	476.3	428.8	441.5
Gross private saving  Personal saving  Undistributed corporate profits	438.3 106.2	504.7 130.2	468.7 105.9	488.9 122.0	513.4 134.4	547.7 158.6	519.4 139.1	<b>529.</b> 0 144.3
with IVA and CCAdj	-43.0	44.4 85.8 -24.6 -16.8	47.3 100.1 -35.5 -17.3	42.0 82.2 -22.8 -17.5		44.3 76.9 -17.1 -15.5	31.6 $46.1$ $-4.4$ $-10.1$	30.7 47.0 - 9.4 - 6.9
Capital consumption allowances with CCAdj: Corporate	181.2 112.0 0	206.2 123.9 0	196.2 119.2 0	202.9 122.1 0	209.7 125.5 0	216.0 128.7 0	218.9 129.8 0	223.4 130.5 0
Government surplus or deficit (-), NIPA's FederalState and local	$     \begin{array}{r}       -33.2 \\       -61.4 \\       28.2     \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{r}       -28.2 \\       -60.0 \\       31.7     \end{array} $	-8.3 -39.7 31.3	-7.6 -40.5 32.9		-72.5 -1017 29.1		-87.5 -119.6 32.1
Capital grants received by the United States (net)	1.2	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	0	0
Gross investment	410.2	475.6	466.5	477.8	489.1	469.0	421.3	442.3
Gross private domestic investment Net foreign investment	402.3 7.8	471.5 4.1	455.7 10.8	475.5 2.3	486.0 3.1	468.9 .1	414.8 6.5	431.8 10.8
Statistical discrepancy	3.9	-1.9	-5.1	-4.6	8	-7.2	-7.5	

Table 5.8-5.9.—Change in Business Inventories by Industry in Current and Constant Dollars

			В	illions o	f dollar	's		
			Sea	sonally	adjuste	ed at an	nual ra	tes
	1980	1981		19	81		19	82
			I	II	ш	IV	I	II '
Change in business inven- tories	-10.0	20.5	12.2	24.6	31.8	13.2	-35.6	-16.2
Farm	-4.3 -5.7 45.3 51.1	5.5 15.0 43.5 -28.6	2.2   10.0   53.7   -43.7	5.3 19.3 45.0 -25.7	7.2 24.6 48.9 -24.3	$7.2 \\ 6.0 \\ 26.6 \\ -20.5$	$ \begin{array}{r} .4 \\ -36.0 \\ -30.5 \\ -5.6 \end{array} $	$-1.2 \\ -15.0 \\ -4.6 \\ -10.4$
Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods Wholesale trade Durable goods Nondurable goods Merchant wholesalers Durable goods Nondurable goods Nondurable goods Nondurable goods Nonmerchant wholesalers Durable goods Nondurable goods Nondurable goods Nondurable goods Other Durable goods Nondurable goods Nondurable goods Nondurable goods Nondurable goods Nondurable goods	1.3 .6 1.0 4 1.3 1.3 0 7 5 56 5.4 2 2.1	6.0 4.4 1.7 2.8 2.7 1 3.0 2.8 3.2 2 6.5 6.3 8 3 1.0	12.7 5.8 6.9 6 -1.4 -3.6 4.3 -2.3 -3.9 1.6 2 1.7 -1.5	5.0 3.6 1.5 3.1 4.3 -1.2 5.5 4.4 1.1 -2.4 -1.1 -2.3 14.9 11.2 3.7 -3.7 -3.2	15.1 15.4 -3 -1.6 2.8 -4.4 -6 1.7 -1.0 -2.2 1.1 -3.3 11.6 4.3 7.3 -5 -2.2	-8.7 -7.2 -1.4 10.4 5.1 10.9 6.3 4.6 5 -1.0 2.7 -2.7 -2.7 5.4	-17.8 -14.8 -3.0 -12.5 -6.6 -5.8 -8.1 -5.1 -3.1 -1.5 -2.8 -8.7 -8.6 0 2.98 3.7	-21.0 -9.1 -11.9 2.47 3.1 7.6 0 7.5 -5.17 -4.4 2.9 3.23 7 0 .7
g			Billi	ions of 1	972 dol	lars		
Change in business inven- tories	-5.0	9.0	2.4	12.1	16.5	4.8	-15.4	-4.4
FarmNonfarmChange in book value	-2.1 -2.9	2.1 6.8	.4 2.0	1.9 10.2	3.0 13.6	3.2 1.6	_15.6	6 -3.8
Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods Wholesale trade Durable goods Nondurable goods Merchant wholesalers Durable goods Nondurable goods Nonmerchant wholesalers Durable goods Nondurable goods Nondurable goods Retail trade Durable goods Nondurable goods Nondurable goods Nondurable goods Nondurable goods Other Durable goods Durable goods Nondurable goods	.9 1.0 1 3 .4 1 .5 .6 1 2 1 3.0 3.0	2.6 1.9 7.7 1.5 1.2 .3 1.5 1.2 .3 0 0 0 3.1 1.2 1.2 1.2 1.2 2 	4.2 2.3 1.9 -1.8 -1.0 -5 -2.1 -1.1 -6 0 -9 -2.1 1.2 .8 6	2.1 1.8 3.3 1.8 2.0 2 2.1 2.0 1.1 3 7.0 5.5 1.6 2 6	7.6 6.5 1.0 1.1 1.4 3 1.0 9 0 1.5 3 5.5 1.9 3.5 5.5 3 3	-3.6 -3.1 -5.5 2.3 2.2 4.8 2.7 2.1 -3 -4 1.0 6 -4 1.0 2 -1.2	-8.1 -6.5 -1.6.5 -2.7 -1.9 -3.4 -2.0 -1.4 -1.1 -7.5 -4.0 -4.2 1.0 -3 1.4	-7.3 -3.7 -3.7 -3.7 1.8 -4 2.2 2.8 -1.1 2.90 -1.3 -7.1 1.3 1.4 -1.4 0 4

Table 5.10-5.11.—Inventories and Final Sales of Business in Current and Constant Dollars

	Γ	I	Billions (	of dollar	s	
	Se	asonally	adjuste	ed quart	erly tota	ls
		19	81		19	82
	I	II	Ш	IV	I	II '
Inventories 1	791.6	804.2	814.3	822.4	809.7	812.5
Farm	85.9	86.5	81.5	_81.8	84.5	86.4
Nonfarm	705.7	717.7	732.8	740.5	725.2	726.1
Durable goods	395.1 310.6	406.3 311.5	418.5 314.2	421.8 318.8	412.3 312.9	413.0 313.1
Manufacturing	352.6	357.2	365.1	366.4	358.1	352.7
Durable goodsNondurable goods	223.0 129.6	227.6 129.6	235.8 129.3	236.8 129.6	231.4 126.7	229.9 122.7
Wholesale trade	156.5	158.1	159.5	163.0	158.4	160.8
Durable goods	95.4	98.2	100.7	103.0	101.5	102.0
Nondurable goods	61.0	59.8	58.8	60.0	56.9	58.8
Merchant wholesalers	123.3	126.0	127.4	130.8	128.5	131.7
Durable goods Nondurable goods Nonmerchant wholesalers	80.0 43.3	82.6 43.5	84.6 42.8	86.9 43.9	85.9	86.5
Nonmerchant wholesalers	33.2	32.0	32.1	32.2	42.6 29.9	45.2 29.1
Durable goods	15.5	15.7	16.2	16.1	15.6	15.5
Durable goods	17.7	16.3	16.0	16.1	14.3	13.6
Retail trade	129.0	134.2	139.1	140.7	137.6	140.2
Durable goods	57.8	61.3	63.6	64.1	61.8	63.3
Nondurable goods	71.3	72.9	75.5	76.6	75.8	77.0
Other	67.6	68.3	69.1	70.5	71.1	72.4
Final sales 2	201.8	203.3	208.5	210.4	213.8	215.5
Final sales of goods and structures	128.3	128.1	130.6	130.7	132.2	132.1
Ratio: Inventories to final sales	3.92 3.50	3.96 3.53	3.91 3.51	$\frac{3.91}{3.52}$	3.79 3.39	3.77 3.37
Nonfarm inventories to final sales of goods and structures	5.50	5.60	5.61			
and structures	5.50			5.67 1972 doll	5.48	5.50
		DIII	ions or i	1012 doi:	a15	
Inventories 1	339.2	342.3	346.4	347.6	343.7	342.6
Farm	41.2	41.7	42.4	43.2	43.3	43.1
Nonfarm	298.0	300.6	304.0	304.4	300.5	299.5
Durable goods Nondurable goods	180.7 117.4	182.9 117.6	185.1 118.9	184.5 119.9	$181.0 \\ 119.4$	180.4 119.1
Manufacturing	146.9	147.5	149.4	148.4	146.4	144.6
Durable goods	100.5	100.9	102.5	101.8	100.1	99.2
Nondurable goods	46.5	46.6	46.8	46.7	46.3	45.4
Wholesale trade	64.6	65.1	65.4	66.5	65.3	65.8
Durable goods Nondurable goods Merchant wholesalers	43.1	43.6	43.9	44.5	43.8	43.7
Nondurable goods	21.6	21.5	21.4	22.0	21.5	22.1
Durable goods	53.4 36.0	53.9	54.1	55.3 37.4	54.5	55.2
Nondurable goods	17.3	36.5 17.4	36.7   17.4	17.9	36.9 17.6	36.9 18.3
Nonmerchant wholesalers	11.3	11.2	11.2	11.1	10.9	10.6
Durable goods Nondurable goods	7.1	7.0	7.2	7.1	6.9	6.8
Nondurable goods	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.1	4.0	3.8
Retail trade	62.8	64.6	65.9	66.1	65.1	65.4
Durable goods	28.6	30.0	30.4	30.3	29.3	29.7
Nondurable goods Other	34.2 23.6	34.6 23.4	35.5 23.3	35.7 23.4	35.8 23.6	35.7 23.7
Final sales <sup>2</sup>	106.4	105.2	105.5	104.6	105.0	104.6
Final sales of goods and structures	67.7	66.4	66.4	65.6	65.8	65.0
Ratio: Inventories to final sales	3.19	3.25	3.28	3.32	3.27	3.28
Nonfarm inventories to final sales Nonfarm inventories to final sales of goods	2.80	2.86	2.88	2.91	2.86	2.86
and structures	4.40	4.53	4.58	4.64	4.57	4.60

Table 5.10-5.11:

1. Inventories are as of the end of the quarter. The quarter-to-quarter change in inventories calculated from current-dollar inventories in this table is not the current-dollar change in business inventories (CBI) component of GNP. The former is the difference between two inventory stocks, each valued at their respective end-of-quarter prices. The latter is the change in the physical volume of inventories valued at average prices of the quarter. In addition, changes calculated from this table are at quarter rates, whereas CBI is stated at annual rates. Quarter-to-quarter changes calculated from the constant-dollar inventories shown in this table are at quarterly rates, whereas the constant-dollar change in business inventories component of GNP is stated at annual rates.

2. Quarterly totals at monthly rates. Business final sales equals final sales-less gross product of

Quarterly totals at monthly rates. Business final sales equals final sales less gross product of households and institutions, government, and rest-of-the-world and includes a small amount of

Table 5.8-5.9:
1. The IVA shown in this table differs from that which adjusts business income. The IVA in this table reflects the mix of methods (first-in-first-out, last-in-first-out, etc.) underlying book value inventories derived primarily from Census Bureau Statistics. The mix differs from that underlying business income derived primarily from Internal Revenue Service statistics.

Table 6.4.—National Income Without Capital Consumption Adjustment by Industry

			1	Billions o	of dollars	,		
				Seasonall	y adjuste	ed at anr	ual rate	s
	1980	1981		19	81		19	82
			1	п	Ш	IV	I	II '
National income without CCAdj	2,174.2	2,410.6	2,351.6	2,382.8	2,446.0	2,462.1	2,447.6	2,470.1
Domestic industries	2,128.2	2,361.4	2,304.6	2,336.1	2,396.3	2,408.8	2,401.7	2,420.6
Private industries	1,822.0	2,025.4	1,977.6	2,004.3	2,059.0	2,060.9	2,048.6	2,062.6
Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries Mining Construction	58.5 37.4 108.5	68.7 44.9 113.4	64.0 42.8 114.9	66.5 40.9 112.3	72.7 47.0 112.8	71.6 49.0 113.4	66.1 49.3 112.9	66.6 45.5 112.8
Manufacturing Durable goods Nondurable goods	525.6 309.4 216.2	580.8 344.8 236.0	570.4 340.8 229.6	584.1 352.3 231.8	595.4 349.3 246.1	573.1 336.7 236.4	555.2 323.1 232.1	556.0 326.8 229.1
Transportation and public utilities Transportation Communication Electric, gas, and	171.1 81.2 48.9	190.9 87.0 55.3	185.8 87.4 53.3	186.1 86.4 53.0	193.9 87.6 56.8	197.7 86.5 58.3	198.5 85.3 59.3	200.2 87.1 59.2
sanitary services Wholesale trade	41.0 137.4 178.3	48.6 155.8 197.5	45.1 151.6 193.2	46.8 152.7 196.0	49.6 156.0 201.6	52.8 162.9 199.1	53.8 157.3 203.6	53.9 154.6 205.7
Finance, insurance, and real estate	295.5 309.9	324.2 349.4	318.3 336.6	320.8 344.8	326.2 353.4	331.5 362.7	336.4 369.3	345.0 376.1
Government and govern- ment enterprises	306.2	336.0	326.9	331.9	337.3	347.9	353.2	358.0
Rest of the world	46.1	49.2	47.1	46.6	49.7	53.3	45.8	49.5

Table 6.20.—Corporate Profits by Industry

			1	Billions o	of dollars			
			92	Seasonall	y adjuste	ed at ann	ual rate	s
	1980	1981		19	81		19	82
			I	II	Ш	IV	I	II '
Corporate profits with IVA and	101.6	100 4	200.0	1051	1001	100.0		155.4
CCAdj	181.6	190.6	200.3	185.1	193.1	183.9	157.1	155.4
Domestic industries Financial	151.3 28.3	167.8 22.2	176.5 26.1	164.3 22.2	172.2 20.3	158.3 20.1	140.2 19.9	137.2 22.4
Nonfinancial	123.0	145.6	150.4	142.1	151.8	138.2	120.3	114.8
Rest of the world	30.3	22.8	23.8	20.8	21.0	25.7	16.9	18.2
Corporate profits with IVA	199.4	207.5	217.6	202.6	210.3	199.4	167.2	162.2
Domestic industries	169.1	184.6	193.8	181.7	189.3	173.7	150.3	144.1
Financial Federal Reserve Banks Other	29.2 11.9 17.2	22.7 14.5 8.1	26.8 13.2 13.6	22.7 14.2 8.6	20.8 15.2 5.5	20.4 15.6 4.8	20.0 16.1 3.9	22.2 16.0 6.2
Nonfinancial  Manufacturing  Durable goods  Primary metal in-	140.0 74.5 20.7	162.0 86.3 28.4	167.0 90.3 32.1	159.0 88.9 35.2	168.5 92.2 27.4	153.3 73.7 18.9	130.4 57.7 9.1	121.9 56.6 12.7
dustries Fabricated metal	2.9	4.1	7.0	4.7	4.1	.7	-3.1	-6.5
products Machinery, except	4.4	4.9	4.7	6.0	5.4	3.4	4.4	3.8
electrical	7.2	9.3	8.4	9.2	9.6	9.9	8.3	4.8
Electric and elec- tronic equipment Motor vehicles and	4.4	5.1	6.2	4.9	4.8	4.3	3.6	3.7
equipment Other	-5.0 6.8	$^{-1.1}_{6.2}$	$-2.6 \\ 8.4$	2.6 7.8	$-2.8 \\ 6.3$	$^{-1.8}_{2.4}$	$-4.1 \\ 0$	3.3 3.5
Nondurable goods Food and kindred	53.8	57.9	58.2	53.7	64.8	54.7	48.6	43.9
products Chemicals and	6.2	8.7	10.4	8.5	7.7	8.1	6.7	6.3
allied products	6.7	8.2	9.4	7.5	8.0	7.8	6.5	5.8
Petroleum and coal products Other	28.0 13.0	$\frac{26.6}{14.4}$	23.5 14.9	23.3 14.4	35.1 14.1	24.7 14.1	25.4 10.0	20.4 11.4
Transportation and public utilities Wholesale and retail	17.4	19.1	20.1	15.6	19.6	21.2	18.8	18.5
trade Other	24.6 23.4	33.4 23.1	33.0 23.6	32.1 22.5	33.0 23.7	35.7 22.7	31.9 21.9	26.8 20.0
Rest of the world	30.3	22.8	23.8	20.8	21.0	25.7	16.9	18.2

Table 7.1-7.2.—Implicit Price Deflators and Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes, 1972 Weights, for Gross National Product

Implicit price deflators, 1972=100

				Se	asonall	y adjust	ed	
	1980	1981			81			82
	1300	1301	1	19	III	IV	I	82 II '
<del>(101)</del>			1	11	111	10	1	11
Gross national product	178.64	195.51	190.01	193.17	197.36	201.55	203.68	205.9
Personal consumption	1,700	1045	100.0	1000	1004	1,000		2040
Purchla goods	179.2	194.5 167.5	189.2 163.0	192.6 166.2	196.4 169.7	199.8 171.3	202.2 173.0	204.0 174.0
Nondunable goods	190.0	202.7	199.3	201.7	204.2	205.6	206.8	207.1
expenditures Durable goods Nondurable goods Services	178.8	196.3	189.6	193.4	198.6	203.6	207.4	210.6
Gross private domestic								
investment. Fixed investment Nonresidential Structures Producers' durable equipment	h		000.0		209.4	212.9	213.6	0166
Nonvoidential	196.3	208.0 201.3	202.3 194.5	207.4	203.0	206.8	207.6	$ \frac{216.6}{211.3}$
Structures	227.7	251.5	241.5	249.1	252.7	261.9	264.5	267.6
Producers' durable equipment.	169.0	179.8	175.1	179.9	181.4	182.5	181.9	184.6
Residential Nonfarm structures	218.5	233.6	229.0	231.7	235.8	239.2	240.5	238.6
Nonfarm structures	221.7	237.1	232.2	234.9	239.4	243.3	244.3	242.1
Farm structures Producers' durable equipment .	218.8	236.9	227.3	233.4	237.9	242.7	243.8	242.0
Change in business inventories	149.2	159.4	155.4	158.3	161.3	162.8	165.7	168.1
Net exports of goods and								
services	h						007 0	990.0
ExportsImports	213.1	231.8 293.1	229.3 300.7	230.9 298.8	232.6 287.7	234.5 286.1	237.3 286.4	236.8 278.8
importo	203.0	255.1	300.1	200.0		200.1	200.4	2.0.0
Government purchases of	l		l	1	l	l	l	
goods and services	189.2	207.9	201.5	205.5	209.5	215.0	217.8	221.1
Federal	185.2	207.4	201.2	204.0	207.8	216.0	218.3	221.6
National defense	187.4	209.0 204.2	201.7 200.3	206.4 198.9	207.9 207.4	219.5 209.4	223.0 209.6	225.2 212.6
Nondefense State and local	101.0	208.2	201.7	206.3	210.7	214.3	217.5	220.9
btate and local	Fixed-weighted price indexes, 1972=10							
	<u> </u>	= 100 I	_					
Gross national product	184.4	202.0	195.9	199.9	204.2	208.4	210.8	213.0
Personal consumption	184.8	202.1	196.6	200.2	203.9	207.5	209.9	211.7
Durable goods	160.4	172.9	167.6	171.5	175.1	177.4	179.0	181.0
expenditures  Durable goods  Nondurable goods	195.8	212.8	209.2	212.1	214.0	215.9	217.2	216.4
Services	183.0	202.1	194.8	199.2	204.5	209.9	213.8	217.6
Gross private domestic								
Fixed investment	204 1	220.9	215.0	219.0	223.2	226.8	229.2	230.4
Nonresidential	196.0	213.5	207.1	211.7	215.6	219.3	222.0	225.0
Structures	219.3	237.3	231.0	235.0	239.4	243.0	245.7	248.6
investment. Fixed investment. Nonresidential Structures Producers' durable equipment.	182.6	199.8	193.4	198.3	201.9	205.6	208.4	211.5
Residential Change in business inventories	415.0	235.0	229.9	233.0	237.5	241.2	242.7	240.7
Net exports of goods and								
services Exports								
Exports	218.6	239.3	235.4	238.4	241.1	242.5	245.6	246.3
Imports	. 303.7	319.0	322.6	323.4	316.3	314.0	319.1	313.6
Government purchases of								
goods and services	193.8	212.2	206.0	210.3	213.6	219.3	222.4	224.5
Federal	. 192.7	214.7	208.1	212.2	214.5	223.9	227.1	228.4
National defense		219.7	211.6	217.4	219.6	230.1	233.4	234.6
Nondefense State and local		201.7 210.6	199.1 204.6	198.8 209.0	201.6 212.9	207.9 216.1	$211.0 \\ 219.2$	212.6 221.9
Addenda:	1						1	
Gross domestic purchases 1	189.8	207.2	201.5	205.3	209.0	213.0	215.6	217.3
Final sales	184.3	202.0	195.8	199.8	204.2	208.4	210.9	213.0
Final sales to domestic purchas- ers 1	189.8	207.2	201.5	205.4	209.0	213.0	215.6	217.4
Personal consumption expendi-								
tures, food	. 193.0	208.8	205.5	207.3	210.6	211.7	215.3	217.3
tures, energy	316.1	359.6	351.2	260.6	360.4	366.1	361.9	348.9
Other personal consumption ex- penditures		185.5	179.7	183.4	187.6	191.6	194.3	197.3
•	1			l		208.5		213.0
Gross domestic product		202.1 203.4	195.9 197.1	199.9 201.2	204.2 205.7	208.5	210.9 211.8	213.0
MDIII 000			1 401.1	1-01.4				1 m + 0.0
Nonfarm	. 185.3	203.3						

Table 7.1-7.2:
1. Gross domestic purchases equals GNP less exports plus imports; final sales to domestic purchasers equals final sales less exports plus imports.

Table 7.3.—Implicit Price Deflators for Gross National Product by **Major Type of Product** 

j			Index	numbe	rs, 1972	=100		
				Se	asonall	y adjust	ed	
	1980	1981		19	81		19	82
			I	II	III	IV	I	II '
Gross national product	178.64	195.51	190.01	193.17	197.36	201.55	203.68	205.98
Final sales Change in business inventories	178.7	195.3	189.5	193.1	197.4	201.3	204.0	206.5
Goods	171.0	187.0	182.6	185.0	188.9	191.5	191.8	193.5
Final sales Change in business inventories	171.2	186.4	181.5	184.7	188.8	190.9	192.7	194.6
Durable goods Final sales	165.9	180.2 179.5	174.6 173.9	179.7 178.9	183.1 181.8	183.5 183.9	182.0 184.2	185.8 186.5
Change in business inventories Nondurable goods Final sales Change in business inventories	175.0 175.2	192.0 191.5	188.7 187.3	189.1 189.0	193.2 194.0	197.0 195.8	198.3 198.7	199.8 200.4
Services		196.1	189.5	193.3	198.2	203.5	207.2	210.3
Structures	223.4	241.8	234.6	239.7	243.7	249.7	251.8	252.5
Addenda: Gross domestic purchases ' Final sales to domestic purchasers '	183.2 183.3	199.3 199.2	194.1 193.6	197.4 197.4	200.9	205.0 204.8	206.7 207.0	208.7 209.2

Table 7.4—Implicit Price Deflators for Gross National Product by Sector

Gross national product	178.64	195.51	190.01	193.17	197.36	201.55	203.68	205.98
Gross domestic product	178.7	195.5	190.0	193.2	197.4	201.6	203.7	206.0
Business	178.8	195.6	190.2	193.3	197.6	201.4	203.3	205.5
Nonfarm	178.4	195.5	189.7	193.0	197.7	202.0	203.7	205.8
Nonfarm less housing	180.5	198.0	192.1	195.4	200.2	204.6	206.2	208.2
Housing	160.9	174.8	169.6	172.7	176.5	180.4	183.5	185.9
Farm	191.0	197.4	207.4	203.6	195.8	185.5	191.1	197.1
Statistical discrepancy	178.8	195.6	190.2	193.3	197.6	201.4	203.3	205.5
Households and institu-	Ì							
tions	186.6	205.5	198.7	203.6	207.8	211.9	216.1	219.8
Private households	195.6	212.1	206.2	209.7	214.2	218.4	232.7	229.4
Nonprofit institutions		205.0	198.1	203.1	207.3	211.4	215.0	219.1
Nonpront materialons	100.0	200.0	100.2	-00.1				
Government	175.6	192.1	186.5	189.6	192.6	199.6	202.8	205.7
Federal	167.5	185.7	181.3	182.1	182.8	196.7	198.2	198.6
State and local	179 4	195.0	189.0	193.0	197.2	200.9	204.9	209.0
State and local	113.4	150.0	100.0	100.0				
Rest of the world	176.7	193.6	188.2	191.3	195.4	199.5	201.8	204.3
Addendum:		1				1		
Gross domestic business product			1		1		ł	1
less housing	180.4	197.4	1		l	L		.ii

Table 7.5.—Implicit Price Deflators for the Relation of Gross National Product, Net National Product, and National Income

Gross national product	178.4	195.51	190.01	193.17	197.36	201.55	203.68	205.98
Less: Capital consumption allow- ances with CCAdj	196.0	212.1	205.7	209.0	214.4	218.5	218.9	220.1
Equals: Net national product	176.7	193.6	188.2	191.3	195.4	199.5	201.8	204.3
Less: Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus business transfer payments less subsidies plus current surplus of government enterprises	151.4	174.7	170.0	174.6	175.8	178.0	175.6	180.4
Statistical discrepancy	178.8	195.6	190.2	193.3	197.6	201.4	203.3	205.5
Equals: National income	179.8	195.9	190.5	193.3	197.8	202.2	205.1	207.3

 $\begin{array}{l} \textit{Table 7.3:} \\ 1. \text{ Gross domestic purchases equals GNP less exports plus imports; final sales to domestic purchasers equals final sales less exports plus imports.} \end{array}$ 

Table 7.7:
 1. Equals the deflator for gross domestic product of nonfinancial corporate business with the decimal point shifted two places to the left.

1. Consists of final sales and change in business inventories of new autos produced in the United States.

2. Consists of personal consumption expenditures, producers' durable equipment, and government purchases

Table 7.9:
1. Includes new trucks only.

Table 7.7.—Current-Dollar Cost and Profit Per Unit of Constant-Dollar **Gross Domestic Product of Nonfinancial Corporate Business** 

				Dol	lars			
				Sea	sonall	y adjus	sted	
	1980	1981	1981				19	82
			I	II	III	IV	I	II '
Current-dollar cost and profit per unit of constant-dollar gross domestic product 1	1.787 .200 1.587	.222	.211	1.940 .218 1.722		2.030 .236 1.795		2.064 .247 1.817
plus business transfer payments less sub- sidies	1.211	.202 1.541 1.305	1.500	.202 1.519 1.289	.203 1.560 1.315	.208 1.586 1.349		.211 1.606 1.388
Profits tax liability	.075	.072 .093 .071	.081 .089 .062	.069 .091 .069	.074 .097 .074	.063 .096 .078	.045 .095 .082	.043 .091 .085

Table 7.8.—Implicit Price Deflators for Auto Output

			Index	numbe	rs, 197	72 = 100	0	
				Sea	sonall	y adju	sted	
	1980 154.6	1981		19	1982			
			I	11	Ш	IV	I	II '
Auto output	154.6	166.8	158.8	165.8	172.7	169.7	171.0	176.0
Final sales	154.5	166.5	160.2	165.8	170.1	171.3	172.2	174.3
Personal consumption expenditures	169.2	186.8	177.4	185.6	190.8	195.0	194.9	196.9
New autos Net purchases of used autos	161.1	170.9	165.2	170.3	173.8	175.4	175.5	177.0
Producers' durable equipment	146.2	142.8	138.4	147.0	143.3	142.6	140.7	144.4
New autos	161.6	171.4	165.6	170.8	174.0	175.6	175.8	177.2
Net purchases of used autos	ļ	Ĺ				ļ		
Net exports	1,50.7	1200	1000	1700			150.0	
ExportsImports	2125	222 1	220.0	991.6	222 0	100.2	222 0	227 5
Government purchases	144,1	144.1	141.8	144.3	146.6	143.2	143.0	144.6
4.44								
Addenda:  Domestic output of new autos 1Sales of imported new autos 2	161.2 161.3	171.3 171.1	165.4 165.3	170.6 170.4	173.9 173.8	175.7 175.5	175.2 175.6	177.2 177.1

Table 7.9.—Implicit Price Deflators for Truck Output

Truck output 1		1	1	ľ	1	ı	1	1
Final sales	161.0 196.6	$171.2 \\ 221.7$	165.3 212.5	$170.5 \\ 219.7$	173.8 224.8	175.4 231.4	175.6 231.1	177.0 234.0
Net exports Exports. Imports. Government purchases Change in business inventories	176.4 197.5	195.5 221.8	185.8 212.5	$191.6 \\ 219.6$	201.6	1201.6	201.9	210.4

Table 7.11.—Implicit Price Deflators for Personal Consumption **Expenditures by Major Type of Product** 

Personal consumption expenditures	179.2	194.5	189.2	192.6	196.4	199.8	202.2	204.
Durable goods	156.3	167.5	163.0	166.2	169.7	171.3	173.0	174.
Motor vehicles and parts	166.8	181.8	174.3	180.6	185.2	188.0	188.0	189.
Furniture and household equipment	143.6	151.7	148.7	150.9	152.9	154.4	155.7	156.
Other								
Nondurable goods	188.4	202.7	199.3	201.7	204.2	205.6	206.8	207.
Food	190.8	206.9				210.1	213.4	215.
Clothing and shoes	134.3	138.5	136.9	138.0	139.5	139.7	140.2	140.8
Gasoline and oil			374.1	381.2	373.1	378.5	363.9	335.9
Other nondurable goods	187.5	203.8	198.6	202.6	205.5	208.5	210.7	214.
Fuel oil and coal			555.2	577.1	574.6	580.7	568.5	544.
Other	170.7	185.4	180.0	183.9	187.0	190.7	194.6	198.
Services	178.8	196.3	189.6	193.4	198.6	203.6	207.4	210.
Housing			176.0		183.4		191.1	
Household operation	181.6	203.2		198.9		212.6		221.
Electricity and gas	238.1	270.9					293.4	
Other	146.1	160.1	153.4		162.4			173.4
Transportation					204.0		209.7	
Other			198.8		208.0	213.7	217.2	

Table 7.14B.—Implicit Price Deflators for Government Purchases of Goods and Services by Type

			Index	number	rs, 1972:	=100		
			Se	asonally	adjuste	d at anr	ual rate	98
	1980	1981		19	31		198	32
			I	II	III	IV	I	Ηr
Government purchases of								
goods and services	189.2	207.9	201.5	205.5	209.5	215.0	217.8	221.
Federal	185.2	207.4	201.2	204.0	207.8	216.0	218.3	221.
National defense	187.4	209.0	201.7	206.4	207.9	219.5	223.0	225.
Durable goods	183.5	203.5	194.0	201.1	205.6	212.6	216.4	225
Nondurable goods	437.2	486.9	459.9	495.9	488.8	503.0	479.5	472
Services	175.7	196.5	190.4	192.4	194.9	207.5	210.8	211
Compensation of								
employees	165.3	185.3	180.2	180.9	181.5	198.5	199.6	200.
Military	161.0	184.8	178.1	178.7	179.3	203.1	203.5	203
Civilian	171.4	186.0	183.2	184.0	184.7	192.0	194.0	194
Other services	197.0	217.9	211.1	215.6	220.3	223.4	232.7	231
Structures	203.8	221.5	213.8	219.5	224.2	227.5	231.4	235.
Nondefense	181.0	204.2	200.3	198.9	207.4	209.4	209.6	212.
Durable goods	174.2	194.0	188.2	190.0	196.7	202.9	206.3	209
Nondurable goods								
Services	176.6	193.3	189.8	191.0	193.3	199.5	202.6	203
Compensation of								
employees Other services	171.5	186.5	183.4	184.4	185.3	193.1	195.3	196.
Other services	183.9	203.4	199.0	200.7	205.1	209.0	213.4	216.
Structures	208.3	222.6	217.8	221.0	224.5	227.8	230.5	231
State and local	191.6	208.2	201.7	206.3	210.7	214.3	217.5	220
Durable goods	183.0	200.5	194.5	199.0	202.6	206.0	206.5	208
Durable goods Nondurable goods	238.6	265.3	257.7	266.1	267.7	269.5	270.5	269
Services	183.8	201.0	193.8	198.8	203.7	207.7	211.6	215
Compensation of employees	179.4	195.0	189.0	193.0	197.2	200.9	204.9	209
Other services	197.7	219.5	208.8	216.5	223.9	229.0	232.3	236
Structures	220.8	230.3	227.8	229.8	231.7	232.3	233.6	232

Table 7.16.—Implicit Price Deflators for Exports and Imports of Goods and Services

			Index	numbe	rs, 1972	=100		
			Se	asonally	adjuste	d at anı	nual rate	es
	1980	1981		19	81		198	82
			I	II	III	IV	I	II '
Exports of goods and services	213.1	231.8	229.3	230.9	232.6	234.5	237.3	236.8
Merchandise Durable goods Nondurable goods	236.4 329.7 246.6	258.3 259.5 256.6	255.6 250.2 263.1	257.3 256.4 258.5	260.2 264.7 254.0	260.2 267.8 250.7	263.6 274.0 251.4	262.0 276.4 245.5
Services Factor income Other	180.3 176.4 187.4	197.3 193.7 203.8	192.6 188.2 200.5	195.4 191.3 203.0	198.8 195.4 205.0	202.1 199.5 206.6	204.7 201.8 209.5	207.2 204.3 212.5
Imports of goods and services	289.3	293.1	300.7	298.8	287.7	286.1	286.4	278.8
Merchandise Durable goods Nondurable goods	327.7 229.2 506.1	329.0 238.4 501.9	342.8 238.9 534.0	339.5 240.3 530.5	321.4 238.4 482.3	314.3 236.4 464.6	318.1 242.9 473.0	306.7 245.5 426.4
Services	205.4 176.6 232.4	217.1 193.6 241.7	214.6 188.2 240.5	215.5 191.2 241.5	217.2 195.4 242.0	221.3 199.5 242.5	222.5 201.8 245.0	224.1 204.2 247.5

Table 7.17.—Implicit Price Deflators for Merchandise Exports and Imports by Type of Product and by End-Use Category

			Inde	x numbe	rs, 1972	=100		
			s	easonall	y adjust	ed at an	nual rat	es
	1980	1981		19	981		19	82
			I	II	ш	IV	I	II '
Merchandise exports	236.4	258.3	255.6	257.3	260.2	260.2	263.6	262.0
Foods, feeds, and beverages Industrial supplies and	235.0	246.9	263.1	256.2	239.1	228.0	228.6	223.3
materials	282.9	293.2	292.6	293.4	294.2	292.6	291.0	287.8
Durable goods	282.9	293.2	292.5	293.5	294.2	292.5	291.0	287.8
Nondurable goods	282.8	293.2	292.6	293.4	294.2	292.6	291.0	287.8
Capital goods, except autos	212.4	248.4	237.6	244.5	254.3	258.6	266.6	269.7
Autos	249.6	286.4	270.5	281.6	294.3	303.4	308.7	315.0
Consumer goods		200.7	199.2	197.5	202.1	204.2	205.6	202.9
Durable goods	228.2	244.1	237.5	242.9	248.4	248.3	249.8	249.3
Nondurable goods	169.1 235.7	173.1 258.3	173.5 255.8	169.2 257.3	172.5	177.4	179.8	176.5
Durable goods		258.3	255.8	257.3	260.0 260.0	260.0 260.0	263.4 263.4	262.1 262.3
Nondurable goods		258.3	255.8	257.3	260.0	260.0	263.4	262.0
Merchandise imports	327.7	329.0	342.8	339.5	321.4	314.3	318.1	306.7
Foods, feeds, and beverages Industrial supplies and materials, excluding	270.1	259.3	277.1	268.2	254.4	238.2	243.4	239.4
petroleum	293.1	296.8	297.5	299.7	296.4	293.5	296.1	290.1
Durable goods		296.9	296.6	300.0	297.0	293.7	296.6	290.4
Nondurable goods	293.3	296.7	298.8	299.3	295.7	293.2	295.5	289.7
Petroleum and products	1,155.4	1,297.1	1,319.6	1,348.8	1,267.9	1,246.8	1,248.2	1,181.0
Capital goods except autos	197.5	191.9	201.0	193.7	189.3	185.4	195.5	200.0
Autos	248.5	288.0	277.4	282.7	288.2	303.3	311.0	307.7
Consumer goods		231.3	233.9	232.1	231.0	228.8	237.4	239.0
Durable goods Nondurable goods	195.1	208.3	205.2	208.4	210.5	209.1	209.0	211.5
Other		279.3 249.2	302.4 254.3	282.2 252.0	271.4 248.4	266.9 244.8	303.2 252.5	291.6 252.9
Durable goods	243.4	249.2	254.3	252.0	248.2	244.8	252.5	252.8
Nondurable goods	243.6	249.2	254.3	252.0	248.6	244.6	252.5	253.1
Addenda: Exports:								
Agricultural products	234.3	246.3	261.8	254.3	239.3	229.1	227.8	222.0
Nonagricultural products	236.9	261.3	254.0	258.0	265.2	268.5	273.7	274.0
Imports of nonpetroleum products	243.5	249.8	253.9	252.3	248.6	245.0	253.0	253.1

Table 7.21.—Implicit Price Deflators for Inventories and Final Sales of Business

L			Index	numbe	rs, 1972:	=100		
			Se	asonally	adjuste	d at an	nual rat	es
	1980	1981		19	81		19	82
			I	II	III	IV	I	II '
Inventories 1			233.4	235.0	235.1	236.6	235.6	237.1
Farm			236.8	207.5 238.8 222.1 264.8	192.1 241.1 226.1 264.3	189.3 243.3 228.6 265.9	195.3 241.4 227.7 262.0	200.4 242.4 229.0 262.8
Manufacturing			240.0 222.0 278.8	242.2 225.5 278.4	244.4 229.9 276.2	246.8 232.6 277.7	244.6 231.1 273.8	243.9 231.7 270.6
Wholesale trade Durable goods Nondurable goods. Merchant wholesalers Durable goods Nondurable goods Nonmerchant wholesalers Durable goods Nondurable goods			221.6 283.0 231.1 222.0 249.8 294.2	242.9 225.5 277.9 233.9 226.1 250.4 285.9 222.6 393.4	244.1 229.4 274.2 235.4 230.1 246.5 286.2 225.6 393.0	245.2 231.6 272.6 236.4 232.4 244.9 288.7 227.8 394.1	242.4 231.7 264.3 235.9 232.8 242.4 275.3 225.9 361.1	244.4 233.3 266.2 238.6 234.4 247.1 274.2 227.3 358.4
Retail trade	I		202.0	207.8 204.6 210.5 291.3	210.9 208.9 212.6 296.4	212.9 211.3 214.2 301.7	211.5 210.9 211.9 300.9	214.4 213.4 215.3 305.2
Final sales <sup>2</sup>			189.6 189.5	193.2 192.9	197.7 196.8	201.2 199.4	203.7 201.1	206.1 203.0

Table 8.1.—Percent Change From Preceding Period in Gross National Product in Current and Constant Dollars, Implicit Price Deflator, and Price Indexes

	Perc	ent		Perc	ent at	annual	rates			Perc	ent	Percent at annual rates						
				Se	asonall	y adjus	ted						Se	asonal	ly adju	sted		
	1980	1981		19			19			1980	1981		19	81		19	82	
	<u> </u>		I	II	III	IV	I	II '		<u> </u>		I	II	III	IV	I	II '	
Gross national product: Current dollars. 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index	4 9.3 9.0	11.6 1.9 9.4 9.4 9.6	19.6 7.9 10.9 9.3 10.0	5.3 -1.5 6.8 8.2 8.4	11.4 2.2 9.0 9.2 8.9	3.0 -5.3 8.8 8.4 8.5	$   \begin{array}{r}     -1.0 \\     -5.1 \\     4.3 \\     5.0 \\     4.8   \end{array} $	6.8 2.1 4.6 4.6 4.1	Chain price index	24.2			.8	-7.1 -8.4	-1.8 -3.0	6.7	-4.3 -6.7	
Personal consumption expenditures: Current dollars	.3 10.3	1.8 8.6 9.1	13.0 4.4 8.3 10.3	4.4 -2.7 7.3 7.4	11.3 2.9 8.2 8.0	$^{3.4}_{-3.3}$ $^{7.0}$ $^{7.2}$	7.6 2.5 5.0 5.2	6.1 2.5 3.5 3.6	Current dollars	2.3 11.0 10.9 11.9	10.9 .9 9.9 9.5 9.5	13.7 5.2 8.1 7.7 8.0	3.6 -4.1 8.0 8.9 8.5	12.2 3.6 8.2 7.2 6.5	18.6 7.0 10.8 11.3 11.1	5.5 6.3	.6 -5.3 6.2 5.1 4.0	
Fixed-weighted price index  Durable goods: Current dollars	.4 -6.9 7.8	9.3 9.4 2.2 7.1	23.5 17.8 4.8	7.4 7.7 -10.5 -17.2 8.1	7.6 20.2 10.7 8.5 7.9	7.1 -17.9 -20.9 3.8 5.6	5.2 4.8 15.1 10.4 4.2 3.8 3.7	3.2 4.9 2.5 2.3	Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index	17.1 4.2 12.4 11.6 13.7	3.7 12.0 10.6	20.9 12.2 7.8 6.7 8.6	2.2 -3.2 5.6 7.3 8.0	23.5 14.8 7.6 4.8 4.6	40.7 20.4 16.8 18.3 18.6	-1.4 -5.5 4.4 6.4 5.9	$     \begin{array}{r}       -8.3 \\       -13.5 \\       \hline       6.1 \\       3.3 \\       \hline       2.3     \end{array} $	
Chain price index	8.5 11.7 .8	7.5 7.8 9.6 1.8 7.6	5.1 5.2 12.0 2.9 8.9	8.5 9.7 5.1 .1 4.9	7.9 8.6 6.5 1.5 5.0	2.9	1.4	3.7 4.5 3.2 2.6 .6	National defense: Current dollars	4.0 12.9 12.1		15.4 8.0 6.8 6.9 6.8	22.1 11.5 9.6 9.6 11.3	10.8 7.6 3.0 5.4 4.2	36.7 10.1 24.2 20.5 20.6	-1.8 -7.9 6.5 7.5 5.8	26.4 21.4 4.1 3.3 2.0	
Implicit price deflator	11.8 12.4 12.8 2.4	8.4 8.7 11.7 1.7	12.3 13.4 11.1 1.5	5.5 5.5 8.3	4.3 3.7 13.2	2.8 3.5 3.6	2.4 2.9 2.4 11.0 3.0	4 -1.4 8.7 2.4	Nondefense: Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index	16.5 4.6 11.3 10.7 11.5	12.8 8.8	32.4 20.7 9.7 6.3 14.0	-29.3 -27.4 -2.7 2.9 6	55.7 31.6 18.3 3.5 5.7	49.0 43.6 3.8 14.0 13.1	4 9 .5 4.3 6.2	-55.7 -58.1 5.8 3.3 3.1	
Implicit price deflator	10.5	9.8 10.1 10.4	9.4 10.0 10.3	8.2 8.8 9.3	11.2 11.3 11.2	10.3 10.7 11.0	11.0 3.0 7.8 7.6 7.6	6.2 6.9 7.3	State and local: Current dollars	11.5 1.1 10.3 10.5	7.9 8 8.7 8.8	9.7 1.3 8.3 8.3 7.5	4.4 -4.6 9.4 9.8	5.7 -2.7 8.7 8.7 7.8	6.2 8 7.0 7.0	5.0 -1.1 6.2 6.2 5.7	6.7 .4 6.3 6.2 5.2	
Current dollars	-11.8	8.4	25.0	18.5 14.9	6.9	-13.3 -22.6	-38.8 -36.5	17.2 15.0	Fixed-weighted price index	10.8	11.6	7.5 18.5	6.4		7.0 6.2			
Fixed investment: Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index	-6.9 8.3 9.9	9.4 1.7 7.6 8.2 8.2	15.3 6.4 8.4 9.0 9.4	6.8 -3.4 10.5 8.0 7.7	3.0 -1.0 4.0 7.5 7.8	$ \begin{array}{r} 1.3 \\ -5.0 \\ 6.7 \\ 7.1 \\ 6.7 \end{array} $	$   \begin{array}{r}     -4.6 \\     -6.0 \\     1.5 \\     4.9 \\     4.2   \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{r}       -2.4 \\       -7.6 \\       5.6 \\       3.7 \\       2.2     \end{array} $	1972 dollars Implicit price deflator Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index Final sales:	-1.3 9.9 10.6 11.1	2.6 8.8 9.0 9.1	7.4 10.4 9.4 9.9	4 6.9 7.8 7.9	11.1 3.7 7.2 7.7 7.4	3.4 -4.7 8.5 7.9 7.8	-2.1 -5.3 3.5 5.4 4.9	6.4 2.5 3.8 4.0 3.2	
Nonresidential: Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator	$ \begin{array}{c c} 6.5 \\ -2.2 \\ 9.0 \end{array} $	12.0 3.5 8.1 8.6	16.7 8.0 8.0 8.5	14.5 1.1 13.3 8.9	14.3 9.3 4.6 7.3 7.7	8.4 .6 7.8 7.3 7.0	-3.5 -5.0 1.5 5.5 5.1	-5.3 -11.8 7.4 5.6	Current dollars. 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator. Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index	10.0 .5 9.5 9.0 9.9	10.4 1.0 9.3 9.4 9.6	14.6 5.4 8.7 9.4 10.1	3.5 -4.0 7.8 8.3 8.4	10.4 1.0 9.3 9.3 8.9	5.7 -2.3 8.1 8.5 8.6	5.6 .2 5.4 5.0 4.8	4.1 9 5.0 4.5 4.1	
Chain price index	12.5 -1.1 13.8 12.0	17.4 6.3 10.4 9.1	9.7	9.0 27.3 12.4 13.2 8.0 7.0	19.1 12.6 5.8 8.6	7.0 22.3 5.9 15.5 8.6 6.1	5.1 5.3 1.3 4.0 5.2 4.4	5.6 6.4 1.6 4.7 5.5 4.8	Final sales to domestic purchasers: Current dollars	9.5 5 10.0 10.6 11.2	10.4 1.6 8.7 9.0 9.2	13.5 4.8 8.3 9.6 10.0	4.6 -3.1 7.9 7.8 7.9	10.1 2.5 7.5 7.8 7.4	6.1 -1.6 7.8 8.0 7.9	4.6 .1 4.5 5.4 4.9	3.6 6 4.2 3.9 3.2	
Producers' durable equipment: Current dollars	3.5 2.7 6.4 9.2 9.8	8.9 2.4 6.4 8.3 9.4	11.2 4.1 6.8 7.9 8.9	7.7 -3.3 11.4 9.4 10.4	11.6 7.8 3.4 6.6 7.5	.7 -1.7 2.4 6.6 7.5	-8.8 -7.6 -1.3 5.7 5.5	12.4 17.4 6.0 5.7 6.1	Gross domestic product: Current dollars	8.9 4 9.3 9.0 9.9	11.7 2.0 9.4 9.4 9.6	19.3 7.6 10.9 9.3 10.0	5.4 -1.3 6.8 8.2 8.4	11.1 2.0 9.0 9.2 8.9	2.6 -5.7 8.8 8.4 8.5	0 -4.1 4.3 5.0 4.8	6.4 1.7 4.6 4.6 4.1	
Residential: Current dollars	- 13.0 - 20.2 9.0 9.3 9.3	1.7 -4.8 6.9 7.1 7.1	11.5 1.0 10.4 10.4 10.4	-13.4 -17.4 4.8 5.4 5.4	-27.0 -31.9 7.2 8.1 8.1	-20.8 -25.3 6.0 6.3 6.3	$     \begin{array}{r}       -8.4 \\       -10.2 \\       2.0 \\       2.7 \\       2.6   \end{array} $	9.4 12.9 -3.1 -3.1 -3.4	Business: Current dollars	8.6 7 9.4 9.0 10.1	11.8 2.2 9.4 9.4 9.6	20.8 8.4 11.4 9.5 10.4	5.1 -1.5 6.7 8.4 8.6	11.9 2.4 9.3 9.6 9.3	-6.7 8.0 7.6 7.4	-1.3 -4.9 3.8 4.7 4.4	6.4 2.0 4.3 4.3 3.8	
Exports: Current dollars	20.6 8.9 10.7 10.6	8.3 4 8.8 9.5	23.3 11.3 10.8 11.6	3.9 1.0 2.9 4.8	$     \begin{array}{r}       -1.8 \\       -4.7 \\       \hline       3.0 \\       4.7     \end{array} $	.8 -2.4 3.2 2.8	-8.4 -12.7 4.9 5.1	6.7 7.5 8 1.2 1.2	Nonfarm: Current dollars 1972 dollars Implicit price deflator Chain price index Fixed-weighted price index	9.0 -1.0 10.0 9.5 10.6	12.0 2.2 9.6 9.6 9.7	19.4 6.8 11.8	6.4 6 7.1	10.4 .3 10.1	2.1 -6.4 9.1	4 -3.7 3.5	4.8 .7 4.1	
Fixed-weighted price index	17.1 4 17.5	7.2	11.5 14.4 5.8 8.0	13.8 16.8 -2.6	4.7 -4.3 11.3 -14.0	3.7 6.0 -2.2	5.1 -17.1 -17.5 .5	2.8	Disposable personal income: Current dollars	10.5 .2	11.2 2.5	12.3 3.7	7.9 .6	13.4 4.8	8.3 1.2	3.0 -1.9	6.7 3.1	

Note.—The implicit price deflator for GNP is a weighted average of the detailed price indexes used in the deflation of GNP. In each period, the weights are based on the composition of constant-dollar output in that period. In other words, the price index for each item (1972=100) is weighted by the ratio of the quantity of the item valued in 1972 prices to the total output in 1972 prices. Changes in the implicit price deflator reflect both changes in prices and changes in the

composition of output. The chain price index uses as weights the composition of output in the prior period, and therefore reflects only the change in prices between the two periods. However, comparisons of percent changes in the chain index also reflect changes in the composition of output. The fixed-weighted price index uses as weights the composition of output in 1972. Accordingly, comparisons over any time span reflect only changes in prices.

# **Reconciliation and Other Special Tables**

Table 1.—Relation of Net Exports of Goods and Services in the National Income and Products Accounts (NIPA's) to Balance on Goods and Services in the Balance of Payments Accounts (BPA's)

[Billions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

		19	82
	Line	I	11
Exports of goods and services, BPA's	1	360.8	365.1
Less: Gold, BPA's		1.7	1.4
Capital gains net of losses in direct investment income re-		-2.1	-2.8
ceipts		-2.1	.2
Other items		1.1	.5
Equals: Exports of goods and services, NIPA's		359.9	365.8
Imports of goods and services, BPA's	7	348.3	350.0
Less: Payments of income on U.S. Government liabilities		17.9	17.4
Gold, BPA's		3.0	2.6
Capital gains net of losses in direct investment income pay-		۔	8
ments		5 5	5
Statistical differences 1		5	a
Other items		.2	.1
Equals: Imports of goods and services, NIPA's	14	328.6	330.9
Balance on goods and services, BPA's (1-7)	15	12.5	15.2
Less: Gold (2-9+13)	16	-1.1	-1.0
Capital gains net of losses in direct investment income (3-10)		-1.6	-2.5
Statistical differences (4-11)		-1.0	.7
Other items (5-12)		1.1	i .ë
Plus: Payments of income on U.S. Government liabilities (8)	20	17.9	17.4
Equals: Net exports of goods and services, NIPA's (6-14)	21	31.3	34.9

<sup>1.</sup> Consists of statistical revisions in the BPA's that have not yet been incorporated in the NIPA's.

Table 2.—Real Gross National Product and National Income, Command Over Goods and Services, and Related Series

[Billions of 1972 dollars]

			Sease	onally ad	justed at	annual	rates
	1980	1981		1981		19	82
			II	Ш	IV	I	11
GNP Gross domestic purchases Net exports of goods and services. National income Command, GNP basis Gross domestic purchases Net exports of goods and services i Command, national income basis	50.6 1,177.6 1,432.1 1,423.4 8.7	1,502.6 1,460.6 42.0 1,200.8 1,469.5 1,460.6 8.9 1,171.2	1,502.2 1,458.0 44.2 1,202.6 1,465.9 1,458.0 7.9 1,170.2	1,510.4 1,471.2 39.2 1,207.0 1,480.2 1,471.2 9.0 1,180.1	1,490.1 1,453.6 36.5 1,189.2 1,461.8 1,453.6 8.2 1,164.0	1,470.7 1,433.8 36.9 1,168.5 1,444.7 1,433.8 10.9 1,145.4	1,478.4 1,442.6 35.7 1,170.1 1,455.1 1,442.6 12.5 1,149.5
		Perce	nt change	e from p	receding	period	L
GNP	-1.4 $-2.2$	1.9 2.6 2.0 2.7	-1.5 -1.1 6 2	2.2 3.9 1.5 3.4	-5.3 -4.9 -5.8 -5.3	$ \begin{array}{r} -5.1 \\ -4.6 \\ -6.8 \\ -6.2 \end{array} $	2.1 2.9 .6 1.5
Terms of trade 2	73.7	79.1	77.3	80.9	82.0	82.9	85.0

<sup>1.</sup> Equals current-dollar net exports of goods and services deflated by the implicit price deflator for imports of goods and services.

2. Equals the ratio of the implicit price deflator for exports of goods and services to the implicit price deflator for imports of goods and services.

# Federal Budget Developments

A YEAR after Congress passed the largest tax reduction in history-the Economic Recovery Tax Act of 1981the Federal government was faced with mounting deficits over the next 3 years. As a means of reducing these deficits, Congress passed, in mid-August, the Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982; it was signed in early September. Over a 3-year period—calendar years 1982-84—the act provides \$75 billion in additional receipts, \$6 billion in net expenditures reductions, and hence a reduction of \$81 billion in the Federal deficit on the national income and product accounting (NIPA) basis (table 1). Major features of the act are:

- Withholding of 10 percent on interest and dividend payments, effective July 1, 1983.
- Strengthening of compliance provisions, such as the reporting of State and local government income tax refunds.
- Modification of the deductions for medical expenses and casualty losses, generally effective January 1, 1983.
- Repeal of modified coinsurance transactions, effective January 1, 1982, and introduction of other changes that reduce insurance industry taxes.
- Repeal of safe-harbor leasing, effective January 1, 1984, and enactment of various other modifications and restrictions for leasing that are generally effective July 1, 1982.
- Modification and tightening of regulations governing long-term contract accounting, effective January 1, 1983 for new contracts
- Temporary increases in airport and airway taxes, cigarette taxes, and telephone taxes.
- An increase in the wage base and tax rate for unemployment taxes, effective January 1, 1983.

- Extension of coverage to Federal employees of hospital insurance under medicare, effective January 1, 1983.
- Payment of supplemental unemployment benefits up to 10 additional weeks, effective September 12, 1982, through March 31, 1983; and
- Reduction in medicare and medicaid spending, generally effective October 1, 1982.

### Receipts

Receipts are increased in each of the 3 years: \$2.3 billion in 1982 (mostly in corporate profits tax accruals), \$31.9 billion in 1983, and \$40.9 billion in 1984.

### Personal tax and nontax receipts

Personal tax and nontax receipts are increased \$13.0 billion in 1983 and \$15.7 billion in 1984. Withheld income taxes account for a significant part of the 1983 increase and more than account for the 1984 increase, largely due to the 10-percent withholding of interest and dividend payments. Various other compliance provisions, including the reporting of State and local income tax refunds, interest, and tips, also increase withholdings. The exemption of certain independent contractors, such as real estate agents, from withholding reduces taxes slightly.

Declarations and net settlements are increased by a number of provisions, although on balance they decline after 1983 due to the withholding provision for interest and dividends. As individuals pay taxes on interest and dividends throughout the year, their declarations and net settlements will be reduced.

Among the provisions increasing declarations and net settlements are the modifications to the deductions for medical expenses and casualty losses. The act repeals, effective January 1, 1983, the deduction for one-half of health insurance premiums (up to \$150) and increases to 5 percent from 3 percent the amount by which medical expenses must exceed adjusted gross income to be deductible. The deduction for prescription drug costs exceeding 1 percent of adjusted gross income is also repealed, effective January 1, 1984. Thereafter, only legally prescribed drugs and insulin are deductible. The act establishes a new floor for casualty losses at 10 percent of adjusted gross income. Combined, these two provisions increase taxes \$2.3 billion in 1984. Repeal of the 15percent add-on minimum tax and revision of the alternative minimum tax increases taxes \$0.7 billion. The reduction of the income thresholdsfrom \$20,000 to \$12,000 for single returns and from \$25,000 to \$18,000 for joint returns-that limits the inclusion of unemployment benefits in adjusted gross income increases taxes \$0.6 billion.

#### Corporate profits tax accruals

Corporate profits tax accruals are increased \$9.9 billion in 1983 and \$15.2 billion in 1984. A few of the provisions, particularly those relating to insurance (retroactively effective to January 1, 1982), affect taxes in 1982. The safe-harbor leasing modifications and restrictions, including restrictions on the amount of deductions for accelerated depreciation and the investment tax credit (generally effective July 1, 1982), increase corporate taxes \$3.7 billion in 1984. Other major provisions increasing these taxes are: (1) limitations on the tax benefits that arise from mergers and acquisitions; (2) modification and tightening of regulations governing long-term contract accounting; (3) requiring the amortization of construction interest and taxes over 10 years instead of allowing deduction on a current basis; (4) modification to the investment tax credit, such as requiring deduction of one-half of the value of credits before computing depreciation for a new asset, instead of allowing the depreciation of the full value; and, (5) a 15-percent reduction, generally effective January 1, 1983, in several corporate tax preferences, such as deductions for mining exploration and development and for depletion of coal and iron ore.

# Indirect business tax and nontax accruals

Indirect business tax and nontax accruals are increased \$5.1 billion in

1983 and \$5.7 billion in 1984. Various changes, generally effective from September 1, 1983 through December 31, 1987, increase airport and airway taxes: these changes include: (1) the 5percent tax on domestic air passenger tickets is increased to 8 percent; (2) the 4-cents-per-gallon tax on other noncommercial aviation fuels is increased to 12 cents; (3) the imposition of a 14-cents-per-gallon tax on other noncommercial aviation fuels; (4) the reimposition of the 5-percent tax on air freight waybills; and (5) the reimposition of the \$3 per person international departure tax. Other excise tax increases are for cigarettes and telephone services. The tax of 4 cents per

package of cigarettes is doubled, effective January 1, 1983, through September 30, 1985. A special tax is also imposed on cigarette floor stocks removed before the effective date, and held for sale on that date. The current 1-percent telephone tax (which was scheduled to expire after 1984) is increased to 3 percent for calendar years 1983–85. The act also repeals a windfall profit tax adjustment for certain Alaskan oil, effective January 1, 1983.

#### Contributions for social insurance

Contributions for social insurance are increased \$3.9 billion in 1983 and \$4.3 billion in 1984. The increase in

Table 1.—Impact of the Tax Equity and Fiscal Responsibility Act of 1982 on Federal Receipts and Expenditures, NIPA Basis
[Billions of dollars]

	Ca	alendar ye	ar		-			Seasona	lly adjuste	d at annu	al rates				
					19	82			199				19	84	
	1982	1983	1984	I	II	Ш	IV	I	II	Ш	IV	I	II	III	IV
Receipts	2.3	31.9	40.9	0.9	1.0	1.6	5.6	22.4	23.6	42.2	39.5	38.7	40.4	41.9	42.7
Personal tax and nontax receipts		13.0 11.7	15.7 21.5					4.7 2.1	5.0 2.1	23.0 21.6	19.4 21.0	15.6 20.9	15.7 21.3	$\frac{15.6}{21.6}$	15.9 22.2
Compliance provisions: Interest and dividends Other		2.4	18.8 3.0					2.2	2.3	19.3 2.5	18.7 2.6	18.4 2.8	18.6 3.0	18.9 3.0	19.3 3.2
Other  Declarations and net settlements  Compliance provisions:		i	3 -5.8					1 2.6	2 2.9	2 1.4	3 -1.6	3 5.3	3 -5.6	3 -6.0	3 -6.3
Interest and dividends Other Increased enforcement			-11.2 4 1.3						1.8	-1.5 1.7	-4.5 1.3	$-10.6 \\4 \\ 1.3$	$-11.0 \\4 \\ 1.3$	-11.4 4 1.3	-11.8 4 1.3
Unemployment benefits Deduction for medical expenses Deduction for casualty losses		.7	1.6 1.6					.8		.7 .1	.7 .3	1.6 1.6	.6 1.6 .7	.6 1.6 .7	.5 1.6
Minimum taxOther			.7 .9					.2	.4	.4	.6	.6 .8	.7 .9	.7 .9	.8 1.0
Corporate profits tax accruals	1.1 .5	9.9 1.5 2.1	15.2 2.6 3.7	.9 .9	1.0 1.0		4.0 1.3 2.0	9.0 1.4 2.0	9.7 1.5 2.1	10.1 1.5 2.1	10.8 1.6 2.2	13.2 2.1 2.8	14.8 2.5 3.4	16.2 2.9 4.0	16.6 2.9 4.6
Mergers and acquisitions Long-term contract accounting Construction interest and taxes		1.1	.8 2.8 1.2					.7 1.3 1.1	.7 1.7 1.1	.7 2.0 1.1	.7 2.2 1.1	.8 2.6 1.2	.8 2.9 1.2	.8 3.1 1.2	2.6 1.2
Investment tax credit			2.0 .9 1.2					.7 .9 .9	.8 .9 .9	.9 .9 .9	1.2 .9 .9	1.6 .9 1.2	1.9 .9 1.2	2.1 .9 1.2	2.4 .9 1.2
Indirect business tax and nontax accruals	.4 .1	5.1 1.2 2.4 1.3	5.7 1.4 2.5 1.5			.4	1.6 1.2 .4	5.0 1.2 2.4 1.3	5.1 1.2 2.4 1.3	5.1 1.2 2.4 1.3	5.2 1.2 2.4 1.3	5.7 1.4 2.5 1.5	5.7 1.4 2.5 1.5	5.7 1.4 2.5 1.5	5.7 1.4 2.5 1.5
Windfall profit tax		.2	.3	ļ				.1	.2	.2	.3	.3	.3	.3	.3
Contributions for social insurance		3.9 2.2 1.6 .1	4.3 2.3 1.7 .3					3.7 2.1 1.6	3.8 2.2 1.6	4.0 2.2 1.6	4.1 2.3 1.6 .2	4.2 2.3 1.7 .2	4.2 2.3 1.7 .2	4.4 2.3 1.7 .4	4.5 2.3 1.7 .5
Expenditures	.9	-2.0	-5.1			.1	3.4	2.2	-2.6	<b>-3.6</b>	-3.9	-4.1	-4.7	-5.2	-6.3
Purchases of goods and services		.6 .3 .3	.8 .4 .4					.6 .3 .3	.6 .3 .3	.6 .3 .3	.6 .3 .3	.8 .4 .4	.8 .4 .4	.8 .4 .4	.8 .4 .4
Transfer payments to persons	2	-1.9 $-2.7$ $1.0$	-4.6 -4.6				3.9 8 4.8	$\begin{array}{c} 2.1 \\ -1.7 \\ 4.0 \end{array}$	-2.5 -2.3	$-3.4 \\ -3.4$	$-3.6 \\ -3.6$	$     \begin{array}{r}       -3.9 \\       -3.9     \end{array} $	-4.3 -4.3	-4.7 -4.7	-5.5 -5.5
Other		2					1	2	2	3				••••••	ļ
Grants-in-aid to State and local governments  Medicaid	1	5 3 2	6 3 3				5 3 2	5 3 2	5 3 2	5 3 2	5 3 2	5 3 2	5 3 2	5 3 2	8 4 4
Net interest paid		3	8					1	3	4	5	6	8	9	9
Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises		.1	.1				.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1	.1
Surplus or deficit (-)	1.4	33.9	46.0	.9	1.0	1.5	2.2	20.2	26.2	45.8	43.4	42.8	45.1	47.1	49.0

the unemployment tax wage base (to \$7,000 from \$6,000) and in the basic Federal tax rate (to 0.8 percent from 0.7 percent) increases contributions \$2.3 billion in 1984. The provision requiring Federal employees to pay the current 1.3 percent hospital insurance tax under medicare (on a wage base of \$35,100) will be matched by employing agencies, therefore doubling the impact on NIPA contributions. The act also provides for a temporary suspension of the limitation on annual increases in supplementary medical insurance premiums, effective July 1, 1983 and 1984.

# **Expenditures**

Expenditures are increased \$0.9 billion in 1982 due to the temporary supplemental unemployment benefits, but are reduced \$2.0 billion in 1983 and \$5.1 billion in 1984.

The largest expenditure reduction is in transfer payments to persons, due to a number of provisions reducing medicare benefits. The largest of these is a limit on reimbursements to hospitals. Other provisions provide for private-sector utilization review and eliminate duplicate payments. Grantsin-aid to State and local governments are also reduced, largely in medicaid. Medicaid grants are reduced primarily by permitting States to place liens on the property of permanently institutionalized beneficiaries in order to recover the cost of medical services,

and by limiting hospital reimbursements. Net interest paid is also reduced through various debt management techniques, including variable interest rates on savings bonds.

Purchases of goods and services and also subsidies less the current surplus of government enterprises are increased as a result of the extension of medicare hospital coverage to Federal employees. Under this provision (on the NIPA basis), the compensation of Federal employees will increase by the amount of the employer matching payments. It is very likely that agencies will have to absorb the matching payment and that these expenditures will not increase.

### **Other Budget Developments**

Congress also passed in mid-August the Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1982, providing for an additional \$13.3 billion reduction in spending over the next 3 fiscal years. The major features of the act are: a \$4.5 billion reduction (over the next 3 fiscal years) in farm programs; a \$4.1 billion reduction in Federal employee retirement payments; and a \$1.9 billion reduction in food stamps.

The largest farm program reduction (\$4.2 billion) is for dairy price supports, or direct purchases of dairy products by the Commodity Credit Corporation. The savings will be achieved by freezing price supports

for fiscal years 1983 and 1984 and by reducing payments up to \$1 from the current price-support level of \$13.10 per hundred pounds in fiscal years 1983 and 1984, unless dairymen cut production sharply. The other farm program savings (\$0.3 billion) require new payments to farmers for not growing crops (wheat, feed grain, and rice). Detail was not available for a NIPA translation, but these reductions would reduce nondefense purchases and increase subsidies.

The reduction in Federal employee retirement payments will be achieved by a number of provisions. (1) Cost-ofliving adjustments (COLA's) are reduced by 50 percent during the next 3 fiscal years for retirees below age 62. (2) The effective date of the COLA's in each of the next 3 years is delayed a month. Intead of paying COLA's on March 1 annually, they will be paid in April 1983, May 1984, and June 1985. (3) "Double-dipping" by military retirees who obtain Federal civilian jobs is eliminated by reducing the individual's civilian pay by the amount of the military COLA. (These provisions reduce NIPA transfer payments to persons.)

The reduction in food stamps will be achieved through a host of program changes, including a 1-percentage point reduction in COLA's in October 1982-84, and rounding benefits down to the next lowest dollar. (These provisions would also reduce NIPA transfer payments to persons.)

# Accounting for Regional Differences in Per Capita Personal Income Growth, 1929-79

**F** ROM 1929 to 1979, when per capita personal income grew more than ninefold in each of the eight BEA regions, regional differences in per capita income narrowed. Per capita income increased from 64 to 91 percent of the national average in the low-income regions (Southeast, Southwest, Plains, and Rocky Mountain), and declined from 127 to 107 percent of the national average in the highincome regions (Mideast, Far West, New England, and Great Lakes).

This article provides measures of the relative regional contributions of the per capita income components to the narrowing of regional differences in each of six timespans included in 1929-79: 1929-40, 1940-50, 1950-59, 1959-69, 1969-73, and 1973-79.1 The choice of years for the first three timespans is based solely on data availability, and that for the subsequent timespans is based on national business cycle peaks in order to separate trend from cyclical changes. Chart 6 shows that, in each of the six timespans, per capita income increased as a percent of the national average in the lowincome regions and declined as a percent of the national average in the high-income regions. The disparity between the rates of change, however, varied over time (table 1). Further, it will be shown that the components of

Note.-Robert Bretzfelder and Bruce Levine, assisted by Ronald Catzva, made substantial contributions in implementing the methodology and in preparing and analyzing the tables. Frank de Leeuw and Ray Grimes contributed to the development of the methodology and to the analysis of the findings. Elizabeth Queen, Kenneth Berkman, and Robert Brown, all under the direction of Edwin Coleman, and Kenneth Johnson developed special estimates and statistical techniques.

per capita income that governed the rates of change also varied over time.

Per capita personal income may be separated into three major components, each on a per capita basis: (1) labor and proprietors' income, (2) personal dividend, interest, and rental income, and (3) transfer payments. Each component contributed to the narrowing of regional differences in most of the timespans. Labor and proprietors' income per capita is further subdivided in order to identify and measure the contributions to the narrowing of other factors, such as the mix of employment by industry, wage rates by industry, and employmentpopulation ratios. Some of these subcomponents could not be estimated for the early timespans because data prior to 1950, especially for 1929, are limited. Accordingly, the following overview discusses the contributions of the components (and subcomponents) of per capita income for 1940-79 rather than 1929-79.

### Overview, 1940-79

From 1940 to 1979, when each major component contributed to the narrowing of regional differences in per capita personal income, the contributing factors, and the shares of the narrowing that they accounted

for, were: (1) more uniform regional industrial mixes of employment, accounting for about one-half of the narrowing; (2) more uniform regional distributions of personal dividend, interest, and rental income per capita, for about one-eighth; (3) more uniform regional distributions of transfer payments per capita, also for about oneeighth; (4) more uniform regional ratios of employment to working-age population, for about one-tenth; and (5) reduced regional differentials in wage rates (adjusted for regional differences in industrial mix), also for about one-tenth. Factors 1, 4, and 5, which are directly related to employment income, together accounted for about three-quarters of the narrowing. The discussion that follows emphasizes these three factors.

The trend toward more uniform regional industrial mixes of employment (factor 1) was, in large part, a result of a reallocation of redundant farm workers. In 1940, in the low-income regions, farming, which was a relatively low-paying industry, accounted for a large share of total employment. In the early 1940's, large-scale mechanization began to reduce employment opportunities in farming. During and after World War II, nonfarm employment opportunities grew rapidly, and workers shifted from farm to nonfarm

Table 1.—Percent Change in Per Capita Personal Income, Selected Timespans, 1929-79, United **States and BEA Regions** 

	United States	Low-in regi		High-i regi	ncome ons <sup>2</sup>
	Percent change	Percent change	Differ- ence from U.S. average <sup>3</sup>	Percent change	Differ- ence from U.S. average <sup>3</sup>
1929-79 1929-40 1940-50 1950-59 1959-69 1969-73 1973-79	150.8 44.4 73.2	1637.7 -12.2 199.5 47.6 80.9 42.0 74.2	512.6 3.8 48.7 3.2 7.7 7.1 1.8	932.4 -17.3 129.8 42.2 69.0 31.5 72.0	-192.7 -1.3 -21.1 -2.3 -4.1 -3.4 4

Southeast, Southwest, Plains, and Rocky Mountain.
 Mideast, Far West, New England, and Great Lakes.
 Based on unrounded data.

<sup>1.</sup> The measures are based on estimates of State personal income published in the July 1981 Survey of CURRENT BUSINESS. Use of the revised estimates published in the August 1982 SURVEY, which was precluded because of time constraints, would have little effect on the findings of this article.

employment.<sup>2</sup> The reallocation of farm workers had the effect of raising the incomes of persons who remained in farming, as well as of persons who shifted to higher paying employment in other industries.

The trend toward more uniform ratios of employment to working-age population (factor 4) also was, in part, a result of the reallocation of farm workers. In the 1950's and 1960's, in the low-income regions, the growth of nonfarm employment opportunities was not sufficient to absorb fully the redundant farm workers and new entrants to the labor force. Work-force outmigration from the low- to the high-income regions resulted, and regional ratios of employment to working-age population—which had been below the average in the low-income regions and above the average in the high-income regions-converged toward the national average. In the 1970's, in contrast, regional ratios of employment to working-age population diverged from the national average. Nonfarm employment opportunities grew much more rapidly in the low- than in the high-income regions, and substantial numbers of workers migrated to the low-income regions. Work-force inmigration to the lowincome regions did not fully offset the rapid growth in nonfarm employment opportunities, and the ratio of employment to working-age population rose above the national average for the first time. Conversely, work-force outmigration from the high-income regions did not fully offset the slow growth or declines in nonfarm employment opportunities, and the ratio of employment to working-age population fell below the national average.

For 1940-79 as a whole, the reduction of regional wage rate differentials (factor 5) was small, and so was its contribution to per capita income convergence. Neoclassical economic theory would have predicted convergence. Inmigration to high-wage regions would put downward pressure on wage rates; as labor reserves de-

clined in low-wage regions, upward pressure would be put on wage rates in order to hold workers.<sup>3</sup>

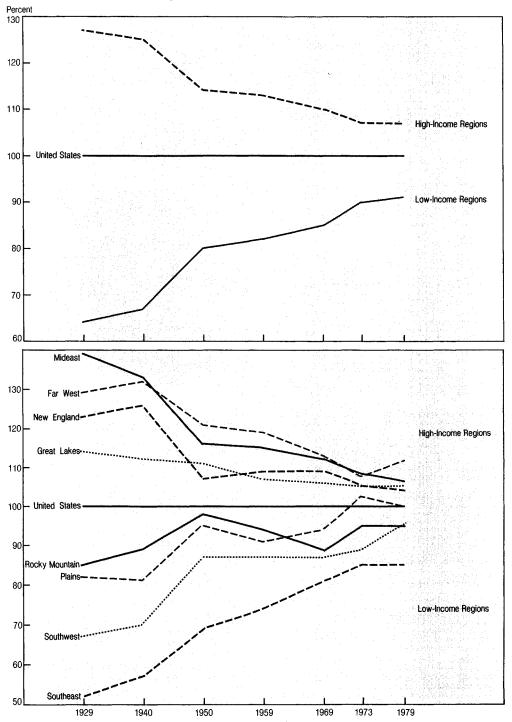
The persistence of regional wage rate differentials can be reconciled with this theory if it is recognized that firms choose locations for differ-

3. J. R. Hicks, *The Theory of Wages*, (London: Mac-Millan, 1932).

ent reasons than workers do. In choosing between two locations, firms tend to locate where wage rates and other costs, relative to selling prices, are lower. Workers tend to locate where wage rates, relative to the cost of living, are higher. Studies have shown that about two-thirds of the explained variation among regions in wage rates reflects regional differ-

CHART 6

# Per Capita Personal Income as a Percent of the U.S. Average, Selected Years, 1929-79, BEA Regions



U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

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<sup>2.</sup> In 1940-79, farm employment as a percent of total employment in the low-income regions declined more than 25 percentage points. Two-fifths of the decline occurred in 1940-50. In 1940-50, regional differences in per capita personal income narrowed more than in any other timespan, and the farm-nonfarm employment shift was a major contributing factor. In 1950-79, regional differences in per capita income continued to narrow, but the farm-nonfarm shift appears to have accounted for no more than one-fifth of the narrowing.

Table 2.—Per Capita Personal Income, by Component, Selected Years, 1929-79, United States and BEA Regions

	Dollars							Percent of U.S. average						
	1929	1940	1950	1959	1969	1973	1979	1929	1940	1950	1959	1969	1973	1979
United States Per capita personal income Wages and salaries. Other labor income Farm proprietors' income Nonfarm proprietors' income Personal dividend, interest, and rental income Transfer payments. Less: personal contributions for social insurance Plus: residence adjustment	705 413 5 51 74 151 12 1	592 376 5 34 65 93 24 5	1,485 962 24 89 165 164 100	2,145 1,453 60 56 207 263 153 45 -1	3,714 2,528 141 71 261 512 331 129 -1	5,010 3,297 231 153 289 677 565 200 -1	8,637 5,486 528 137 449 1,286 1,111 357 -2	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100
Low-income regions Per capita personal income Wages and salaries Other labor income Farm proprietors' income Nonfarm proprietors' income Personal dividend, interest, and rental income Transfer payments Less: personal contributions for social insurance Plus: residence adjustment	451 243 3 78 51 69 9	396 232 3 51 48 49 16 3 0	1,186 689 16 143 147 114 90 14	1,751 1,122 43 89 188 209 133 36	3,167 2,078 112 111 241 427 297 109	4,498 2,811 194 260 280 605 510 175	7,837 4,870 460 197 436 1,158 1,018 323 20	64 59 60 153 69 46 75 100	67 62 60 150 74 53 67 60	80 72 67 161 89 70 90 74	82 77 72 159 91 79 87 80	85 82 79 156 92 83 90 84	90 85 84 170 97 89 90 88	91 89 87 144 97 90 92 90
Southeast Per capita personal income	367 202 2 66 38 53 7 1	338 209 3 40 38 39 12 3	1,028 621 15 100 121 91 87 13	1,597 1,040 38 72 165 173 128 32 13	2,998 2,011 108 76 215 370 293 104 28	4,253 2,758 191 139 258 527 517 171 35	7,348 4,581 434 142 376 996 1,066 302 56	52 49 40 129 51 35 58 100	57 56 60 118 58 42 50 60	69 65 62 123 73 55 87 68	74 72 63 129 80 66 84 71	81 80 77 107 82 72 89 81	85 84 83 91 89 78 92 86	85 84 82 104 84 77 96 85
Southwest Per capita personal income	474 248 3 75 60 80 8	415 232 4 53 57 57 15 3 0	1,291 768 18 115 178 134 94 15 -2	1,874 1,214 51 76 208 247 125 38 -9	3,239 2,154 121 71 262 455 289 111 -2	4,441 2,831 201 177 290 636 482 172 -4	8,292 5,249 505 159 520 1,264 936 339 -2	67 60 60 147 81 53 67 100	70 62 80 156 88 61 62 60	87 80 75 129 108 82 94 79	87 84 85 136 100 94 82 84	87 85 86 100 100 89 87 86	89 86 87 116 100 94 85 86	96 96 96 116 116 98 84 95
Plains Per capita personal income	578 302 3 105 68 88 13	482 264 3 74 60 61 21 3	1,413 752 17 260 172 141 88 15	1,951 1,198 46 139 219 252 148 40 -10	3,507 2,162 119 238 281 536 315 120 –25	5,167 2,877 201 676 320 786 526 187 -34	8,620 5,129 493 417 483 1,498 1,011 352 -59	82 73 60 206 92 58 108	81 70 60 218 92 66 88 60	95 78 71 292 104 86 88 79	91 82 77 248 106 96 97 89	94 86 84 335 108 105 95	103 87 87 442 111 116 93 94	100 93 93 304 108 116 91 99
Rocky Mountain Per capita personal income	599 354 5 74 65 91 12 1	526 307 5 62 65 63 29 4	1,458 827 18 184 185 155 108	2,021 1,292 43 94 226 253 155 42 -1	3,303 2,137 100 139 272 468 304 119	4,748 2,991 182 311 313 633 495	8,243 5,292 442 186 528 1,229 918 357 5	85 86 100 145 88 60 100	89 82 100 182 100 68 121	98 86 75 207 112 95 108 95	94 89 72 168 109 96 101	89 85 71 196 104 91 92 92	95 91 79 203 108 94 88 92	95 96 84 136 118 96 83 100
High-income regions Per capita personal income	894 541 6 30 91 213 15	739 485 7 21 78 126 30 7	1,698 1,157 30 51 177 200 108 22 -2	2,414 1,676 72 35 220 300 167 51	4,080 2,826 161 44 274 570 355 142 -8	5,367 3,632 257 78 295 727 604 217 -10	9,230 5,934 580 92 458 1,383 1,181 382 -16	127 131 120 59 123 141 125 100	125 129 140 62 120 135 125 140	114 120 125 57 107 122 108 116	113 115 120 62 106 114 109 113	110 112 114 62 105 111 107 110	107 110 111 51 102 107 107 108	107 108 110 67 102 108 106 107
Mideast Per capita personal income	977 581 7 15 97 263 15 2	790 518 8 11 80 150 31 7	1,730 1,209 31 23 169 213 115 24 -7	2,461 1,740 75 17 211 317 176 54 -20	4,169 2,921 159 21 271 610 378 146 -45	5,476 3,787 254 28 283 756 651 224 –60	9,145 5,905 559 39 435 1,406 1,283 380 -104	139 141 140 29 131 174 125 200	133 138 160 32 123 161 129 140	116 126 129 26 102 130 115 126	115 120 125 30 102 121 115 120	112 116 113 30 104 119 114 113	109 115 110 18 98 112 115	106 108 106 28 97 109 115 106
Far West Per capita personal income Wages and salaries Other labor income Farm proprietors' income Nonfarm proprietors' income Personal dividend, interest, and rental income Transfer payments Less: personal contributions for social insurance Plus: residence adjustment	911 513 7 54 111 212 15 1	780 478 8 35 104 124 40 8	1,800 1,119 24 78 251 217 136 25 1	2,552 1,708 60 56 274 336 177 58 -2	4,181 2,842 143 57 318 577 398 155 -1	5,394 3,554 226 114 345 745 647 237	9,678 6,156 549 138 548 1,497 1,209 419	129 124 140 106 150 140 125 100	132 127 160 103 160 133 167 160	121 116 100 88 152 132 136 132	119 118 100 100 132 128 116 129	113 112 101 80 122 113 120 120	108 108 98 75 119 110 115	112 112 104 101 122 116 109 117
New England Per capita personal income	867 535 5 15 78 220 14 1	746 484 6 9 66 156 30 6	1,593 1,083 28 23 150 211 110 20 7	2,346 1,599 67 15 198 304 175 45	4,048 2,699 157 17 264 613 363 132 67	5,283 3,452 249 25 291 767 612 192 79	8,978 5,572 558 24 473 1,414 1,175 351 111	123 130 100 29 105 146 117 100	126 129 120 26 102 168 125 120	107 113 117 26 91 129 110 105	109 110 112 27 96 116 114 100	109 107 111 24 101 120 110	105 105 108 16 101 113 108 96	102 106 18 105 110
Great Lakes Per capita personal income	805 507 5 44 81 156 14	665 451 6 30 69 90 25 5	1,645 1,139 32 76 159 173 86 20 -1	2,305 1,612 77 47 206 259 148 45	3,930 2,752 175 68 253 511 300 134	5,258 3,574 283 123 275 673 525 205	9,063 5,908 629 132 410 1,268 1,059 366 23	114 123 100 86 109 103 117 100	112 120 120 88 106 97 104 100	111 118 133 85 96 105 86 105	107 111 128 84 100 98 97	106 109 124 96 97 100 91	105 108 123 80 95 99 93 102	105 108 119 96 91 99 95 103

ences in the cost of living, and about one-third reflects regional differences in work-force characteristics. Because labor is an imperfectly mobile resource, insofar as migration entails moving costs, the persistence of wage rate differentials for homogeneous labor largely reflects cost-of-living differentials and a premium associated with moving costs. The two-track view of location incentives helps explain (1) why the growth of nonfarm employment opportunities was faster in the low-income regions, with low wage rates, than in the high-income regions, with high wage rates, and (2) why some workers may have migrated from the high-income regions. where high costs of living more than offset the beneficial effects of high wage rates, to the low-income regions. where low costs of living more than offset the adverse effects of low wage rates.

In the 1940-79 timespan, 1973-79 was the only subperiod in which the reduction of regional wage rate differentials was a major contributor to the narrowing of regional differences in per capita personal income. The reduction of the differentials coincided with regional convergence in relative costs of living; in particular, housing costs increased faster in the low-than in the high-income regions.<sup>4</sup>

The reduction of regional wage rate differentials also coincided with net work-force migration from the highto the low-income regions. Migration in the reverse direction apparently was not a necessary condition for the reduction of the differentials. The reductions in both wage rate and cost-of-living differentials, moreover, were not inconsistent with net inmigration to the low-income regions. As firms responded to the rapid growth of energy-related activity in the low-income regions, they increased the level of capital investment in these

regions and provided more high-wage jobs, thereby tending to increase relative wage rates and to attract working migrants. The net inmigration of workers led, in part, to the relative increase in housing costs. This increase, in turn, may have been a cause, as well as an effect, of the increase in relative wage rates.

If recent trends in the narrowing of regional wage rate and cost-of-living differentials were to continue, neoclassical theory, as elaborated by the two-track view of location incentives discussed above, would predict a slowing of differences in employment growth. For long-run equilibrium among regions, it is necessary that no factor of production could be profitably relocated. Regional differentials have narrowed in variable costs of production and distribution other than wage rates. As an example, owing to Federal deregulation of transportation, freight rates have tended to become more uniform among regions. The narrowing differentials would tend to result in reduced relative marginal efficiencies of investment in those labor-intensive industries that accounted for much of the relative growth in employment in the low-income regions during the 1940-79 timespan, and the rate of net work-force inmigration to these regions would be expected to slow. Thus far in the 1980's, data indicate such a slow-down.6 Nevertheless, because it is unlikely that all of the theoretical conditions required for nonprofitability of factor relocation can be met, it is not possible to predict the end of interregional migration of labor and industrial relocation of facilities.

The trend toward more regional uniformity in transfer payments per capita (factor 3), which consist mainly of social security benefits, reflects changes in social security coverage. As the industrial coverage of the social security system expanded and as regional industrial mixes of employment became more uniform, regional differences in social security benefits received, as well as personal contributions for social insurance, per capita narrowed. Migration of retirees from high- to low-income regions also contributed to the narrowing.

The trend toward more uniform regional distributions of personal divi-

dend, interest, and rental income per capita (factor 2) suggests that regional differences in wealth have narrowed; this is consistent with the narrowing of the other components of per capita personal income noted above.

# Per Capita Income Components

#### **Estimates**

Table 2 shows the components of per capita personal income for 1929, 1940, 1950, 1959, 1969, 1973, and 1979. Table 3 shows detailed breakdowns of the components for 1940-50 and for the four subsequent timespans. A detailed breakdown for 1929-40 was not possible due to lack of data. For both detailed breakdowns shown in table 3. per capita personal income was broken into labor and proprietors' income (wages and salaries, other labor income, and farm and nonfarm proprietors' income) per capita and other income components (personal dividend, interest, and rental income, transfer payments, less personal contributions for social insurance, plus residence adjustment) per capita. In the breakdown for the four most recent timespans, labor and proprietors' income per capita was broken into 10 subcomponents; such a breakdown for 1940-50 was not possible due to lack of data.

The breakdown into the subcomponents of labor and proprietors' income per capita permits the measurement of the contributions to the narrowing of regional per capita income differences that are due to factors such as the mix of employment by industry and wage rates by industry. Subcomponent 1, which is expressed on a per employee/proprietor basis, is the wage and salary and farm proprietors' income that would have originated in a region if all wage and salary employees in each industry in the region had been paid at the national average rate in the corresponding industry and if all farm proprietors in the region had been paid at the national average rate for farm proprietors. When this subcomponent is calculated for two or more regions, the same national distribution of wages and salaries per employee, by industry, and of farm proprietors' income per proprietor is multiplied by each region's distribution of employment, by industry. Thus, regional dif-

<sup>4.</sup> Regional wage rate and cost-of-living differentials are not independent of each other, insofar as wages may account for a large fraction of the costs of production and distribution. This is particularly true for housing and services, both of which tend to be consumed in the vicinities of their production.

<sup>5.</sup> See G. H. Borts, "The Equalization of Returns and Regional Economic Growth," American Economic Review, L (June 1960), pp. 319-47. In 1960, Borts found that from 1919 to 1953, migration flows from low- to high-wage regions had occurred but, apparently, the flows had not been large enough to result in substantial interregional wage rate convergence; he concluded that continued migration in the "right direction" was a necessary, although not a sufficient, condition for convergence.

<sup>6.</sup> It should be noted, however, that in previous periods of recession, the migration rate also slowed.

ferences in this subcomponent reflect regional differences in the distribution (mix) of employment among industries with varying wage rates nationally. The industrial mix of employment includes the number of farm proprietors; in all regions, this number is substantially larger than

the number of farm wage and salary employees.

Subcomponent 2, which also is expressed on a per employee/proprietor basis, is the ratio of the wage and salary and farm proprietors' income originating in a region to hypothetical wage and salary and farm propri-

Table 3.—Per Capita Personal Income, by Detailed Component and Timespan

		dustrial wage rates, apart from those
1940–50	1950-59, 1959-69, 1969-73, and 1973-79	due to region/Nation differences in
r capita personal income Labor and proprietors' income per capita a. Hypothetical labor and proprietors' income per employee b. Actual labor and proprietors' income per employee ÷ hypothetical labor and proprietors' income per employee c. Total employment ÷working-age population (ages 15-64) d. Working-age population ÷total population Other income components per capita e. Personal dividend, interest, and rental income per capita f. Transfer payments per capita g. Less: personal contributions for social insurance per capita	Per capita personal income Labor and proprietors' income per capita Wages and salaries and farm proprietors' income per capita (=1×2.8×4×5)  1. Hypothetical wages and salaries per employee and farm proprietors' income per proprietor <sup>2</sup> 2. Actual wages and salaries per employee and farm proprietors' income per proprietor ÷ hypothetical wages and salaries per employee and farm proprietors' income per proprietor 3. Wage and salary employment and number of farm proprietors ÷ total employment  4. Total employment ÷ working-age population  5. Working-age population ÷ total population  6. Other labor income per capita Nonfarm proprietors' income per capita  Nonfarm proprietors' income + number of nonfarm proprietors  8. Number of nonfarm proprietors' ÷ total employment  9. Total employment ÷ working-age population  10. Working-age population + total population  Other income components per capita  11. Personal dividend, interest, and rental income per capita  12. Transfer payments per capita  13. Less: personal contributions for social insurance per capita  14. Plus: residence adjustment per capita	the industrial mix of employment.  Subcomponents 3 and 8 are the percents of total employment accounted for by wage and salary employees and farm proprietors and by nonfarm proprietors, respectively. Subcomponent 4, and also subcomponent 9, is the percent of the working-age population (ages 15-64) that is employed. Subcomponent 5, and also subcomponent 10, is the percent of the total population that is of working age. Subcomponent 7 is the earnings rate of nonfarm proprietors. For 1940-50, labor and proprietors' income per capita is broken into four subcomponents; these measure the mix of employment
1. The labor and proprietors' income obtained by (1) multi- ying total employment in each industry in a region by labor d proprietors' income per employee in the corresponding dustry nationally, (2) summing the results across all indus- es, and (3) dividing by total employment. 2. The wage and salary and farm proprietors' income ob-	of components 1-5, nonfarm proprietors' income per capita is the product of components 7-10, and per capita personal income is the sum of wages and salaries and farm proprietors' income per capita, other labor income per capita, nonfarm proprietors' income per capita, and components 11-14.  Note on Sources.—The Regional Economic Measurement	by industry, earnings rates by industry, the percent of the working-age population that is employed, and the percent of the total population that is

Division (REMD) provided estimates from its Regional Economic Information System of: (1) total personal income, by component, and total population for 1940, 1950, 1959, 1969, 1973, and

Table 4.—Percent Change in Per Capita Personal Income, by Detailed Component, 1940-50, **United States and BEA Regions** 

		Labor an	d proprietor	s' income p	er capita	Other income components per capita				
:	Per capita personal income	Hypo- thetical income per em- ployee <sup>1</sup>	Actual income per employee ÷ hypothetical income per employee	Total employ- ment ÷ working- age popula- tion	Working-age population ÷ total population	Personal divi- dend, interest, and rental income per capita	Transfer pay- ments per capita	Personal contri- butions for social insur- ance per capita		
United States	(1) <b>150.8</b>	(2) 133.6	(3)	(4) 15.8	(5) -4.6	(6) <b>76.3</b>	(7) <b>316.</b> 7	(8) <b>280.0</b>		
Low-income regions	199.5	148.7	8.2	15.1	-3.8	132.7	462.5	366.7		
Southeast	204.1	153.6	8.2	11.3	-3.1	133.3	625.0	333.3		
Southwest		145.7	12.2	17.0	-3.3	135.1	526.7	400.0		
Plains		142.2	8.0	20.4	-5.2	131.2	319.0	400.0		
Rocky Mountain	177.2	137.3	4	25.2	-6.3	146.0	272.4	350.0		
High-income regions	129.8	124.4	-3.1	16.4	-5.2	58.7	260.0	214.3		
Mideast	119.0	120.9	-4.6	15.7	-4.5	42.0	271.0	242.9		
Far West		123.0	0	14.0	-7.4	75.0	240.0	212.5		
New England		123.2	-6.2	13.8	-4.6	35.3	266.7	233.3		
Great Lakes	147.4	130.4	-2.6	19.2	-5.3	92.2	244.0	300.0		

<sup>1.</sup> See table 3, footnote 1.

nent, and total population for 1940, 1950, 1959, 1969, 1973, and 1979, (2) labor and proprietors' income, by industry, for 1940 and 1950, (3) wages and salaries, by industry, for 1950, 1959, 1973, and 1979, and (4) wage and salary employment, by industry, and the number of farm and nonfarm proprietors for 1969, 1973, and 1979. In addition, REMD prepared special estimates of wage and salary employment, by industry, and the number of farm and nonfarm proprietors for 1950 and 1959. The Regional Economic Analysis Division prepared estimates based on Census Bureau data of (1) population, by age group, for 1940, 1950, 1959, 1969, 1973, and 1979, and (2) total employment, by industry, for 1940 and 1950.

etors' income (subcomponent 1). When subcomponent 2 is calculated, the region's industrial mix of employment is multiplied by (1) the region's industrial distribution of wage and salary and farm proprietors' income per employee/proprietor (for the numerator) and (2) the corresponding national industrial distribution (for the denominator). Thus, this subcomponent reflects region/Nation differences in in-

d d ıt e n r e cent of the total population that is of working age.

#### Component contributions

Tables 4 and 5 show for 1940-50and for the four most recent timespans, respectively, percent changes in per capita personal income, by component. For each region in each timespan, these data provide the basis for measuring the contribution of the change in each component of per capita income to the change relative to the national average in total per capita income. For each region in table 4, the contributions can be measured as follows: (1) Adjust each subcomponent of labor and proprietors' income per capita (columns 2-5) so that, when summed, they equal the percent change in labor and proprietors' income per capita. This adjustment consists of multiplying a logarithmic factor for the subcomponent by the percent change in labor and proprietors' income per capita.7 (2)

<sup>2.</sup> The wage and salary and farm proprietors' income obtained by (1) multiplying wage and salary employment in each industry in a region by wages and salaries per employee in the corresponding industry nationally, (2) multiplying the number of farm proprietors in the region by farm proprietors income per proprietor nationally, (3) summing the results across all wage and salary industries and the farm proprietors' income component, and (4) dividing by total employment, excluding proprietors.

nonfarm proprietors.

3. The residence adjustment was not estimated for 1940-50. Note.—In column 1, labor and proprietors' income per capita is the product of components a-d, and per capita personal income is the sum of labor and proprietors' income per capita and components e-g. In column 2, wages and salaries and farm proprietors' income per capita is the product

<sup>7.</sup> In general terms, the factor is:

log (1 + rate of change in subcomponent)

log (1 + rate of change in labor and proprietors' income per capita).

Multiply, i.e., weight, each adjusted percent change from step 1 by the share of total personal income in 1940 accounted for by labor and proprietors' income, and multiply the percent changes of the other income components per capita (columns 6, 7, and 8) by the shares of total personal income in 1940 accounted for by personal dividend, interest, and rental income, by transfer payments, and by personal contributions for social insurance, respectively (see table 6). (3)

Subtract the corresponding national percent change, which also has been adjusted and/or weighted, from each weighted percent change from step 2. The contributions, that is, the percentage-point differences, which sum to the region/Nation difference in the percent change in total per capita income, are shown in table 7.

For each region/timespan in table 5, the contributions can be measured as follows: (1) Adjust each subcomponent of wages and salaries and farm

proprietors' income per capita (columns 2-6) and each subcomponent of nonfarm proprietors' income per capita (columns 5, 6, 8, and 9) so that, when summed, they equal the percent change in wages and salaries and farm proprietors' income per capita and the percent change in nonfarm proprietors' income per capita, respectively. These adjustments consist of multiplying logarithmic factors for the subcomponents by the percent change in wages and salaries and

Table 5.—Percent Change in Per Capita Personal Income, by Detailed Component, Selected Timespans, 1950-79, United States and BEA Regions

				Labor and	proprietor	s' income p	er capita			Other	income com	ponents pe	r capita
	Per capita personal income	Hypo- thetical income per employ- ee 1	Actual income per employ-ee: hypothetical income per employ-ee?	Wage and salary employment 3 total employment	Total employ- ment ÷ working- age popula- tion	Work- ing-age popula- tion ÷ total popula- tion	Other labor income per capita	Non- farm propri- etors' in- come ÷ number of nonfarm propri- etors	Number of nonfarm propri- etors ÷ total employ- ment	Personal divi- dend, interest, and rental income per capita	Transfer pay- ments per capita	Personal contri- butions for social insur- ance per capita	Residence adjustment per capita
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
							1950-59					•	
United States	44.4	49.1	0	1.2	3.7	-8.2	150.0	50.4	-11.9	60.4	53.0	136.8	0
Low-income regions. Southeast. Southwest. Platins. Rocky Mountain.	47.6 55.4 45.2 38.1 38.6	47.8 47.8 49.3 46.5 47.8	$ \begin{array}{r} -1.4 \\ 4.2 \\ -2.6 \\ -9.4 \\ -5.8 \end{array} $	.8 .1 1.4 1.7 1.7	6.2 5.5 6.9 7.9 5.6	$   \begin{array}{r}     -6.7 \\     -5.2 \\     -7.3 \\     -9.3 \\     -8.2   \end{array} $	168.8 153.3 183.3 170.6 138.9	41.0 37.8 33.9 51.7 46.5	$     \begin{array}{r}       -7.8 \\       -1.0 \\       -12.2 \\       -14.3 \\       -13.6     \end{array} $	83.3 90.1 84.3 78.7 63.2	47.8 47.1 33.0 68.2 43.5	157.1 146.2 153.3 166.7 133.3	0 116.7 350.0 400.0
High-income regions	42.2 42.3 41.8 47.3 40.1	50.1 49.8 51.7 50.8 49.9	.7 1.2 2 .9 5	1.4 1.3 2.3 1.1 1.4	1.9 2.1 4.4 4.1 1	-9.3 -9.2 -8.9 -8.9 -9.7	140.0 141.9 150.0 139.3 140.6	57.3 56.0 44.5 57.1 66.6	-14.6 $-13.6$ $-20.5$ $-11.3$ $-14.1$	50.0 48.8 54.8 44.1 49.7	54.6 53.0 30.2 59.1 72.1	131.8 125.0 132.0 125.0 125.0	100.0 185.7 - 300.0 371.4 - 200.0
							1959-69						
United States	73.2	56.4	. 0	1.9	4.6	3.3	135.0	49.4	-22.1	94.7	116.3	186.7	0
Low-income regions	80.9 87.7 72.8 79.8 63.4	61.8 63.1 59.7 60.9 59.1	$     \begin{array}{r}      2 \\       1.6 \\       -4.2 \\       1.0 \\       -2.7     \end{array} $	1.9 1.8 2.0 1.9 2.0	5.4 6.5 6.3 4.8 -2.2	4.4 4.6 3.9 3.5 6.4	160.5 184.2 137.3 158.7 132.6	45.4 46.8 43.5 45.6 41.9	-20.1 -20.5 -20.3 -18.9 -18.6	104.3 113.9 84.2 112.7 85.0	123.3 128.9 131.2 112.8 96.1	202.8 225.0 192.1 200.0 183.3	233.3 115.4 77.8 150.0 300.0
High-income regions Mideast Far West New England Great Lakes	69.0 69.4 63.8 72.6 70.5	53.3 52.3 55.5 52.5 53.8	.6 2.1 -1.4 3.4 -1.1	1.9 2.1 1.6 1.9 2.1	4.0 4.4 1.2 2.4 6.1	2.6 1.2 4.3 2.3 3.3	123.6 112.0 138.3 134.3 127.3	52.4 62.5 35.2 64.1 50.5	$     \begin{array}{r}       -23.4 \\       -25.3 \\       -18.6 \\       -22.5 \\       -25.4     \end{array} $	90.0 92.4 71.7 101.6 97.3	112.6 114.8 124.9 107.4 102.7	178.4 170.4 167.2 193.3 197.8	100.6 125.6 - 50.6 103.6 400.6
	·	-	<u> </u>	L			1969-73	·	L <u></u>	L	L		l
United States	34.9	30.7	0	.2	8	2.2	63.8	12.1	-2.7	32.2	70.7	55.0	0
Low-income regions. Southeast. Southwest. Plains. Rocky Mountain.	42.0 41.9 37.1 47.3 43.6	34.1 33.6 33.2 36.3 34.6	1.5 .6 2 5.0 2.0	.2 0 .2 .3 .5	1.0 1.7 4 .3 2.0	1.9 1.5 1.9 2.8 3.1	73.2 76.9 66.1 68.9 82.0	15.3 16.7 12.4 15.2 16.7	$\begin{array}{r} -2.1 \\2 \\ -3.1 \\ -3.8 \\ -6.0 \end{array}$	41.7 42.4 39.8 46.6 35.3	71.7 76.5 66.8 67.0 62.8	60.6 64.4 55.0 55.8 55.5	20.0 25.0 100.0 36.0
High-income regions Mideast Far West New England Great Lakes	31.5 31.4 29.0 30.5 33.8	28.6 28.0 28.8 27.3 29.5	$ \begin{array}{c}1\\ .9\\ -2.6\\ .7\\ .3 \end{array} $	.2 .5 .1 2 .2	$   \begin{array}{r}     -2.0 \\     -2.3 \\     -1.4 \\     -2.7 \\     -1.9   \end{array} $	2.4 2.2 2.2 2.8 2.7	59.6 59.8 58.0 58.6 61.7	11.0 13.8 8.3 6.5 12.1	-3.6 -8.0 8 3.4 -3.9	27.5 23.9 29.1 25.1 31.7	70.1 72.2 62.6 68.6 75.0	52.8 53.4 52.9 45.5 53.0	25.0 33.3 0 17.9 100.0
							1973-79						
United States	72.4	51,2	0	4	4.0	3.6	128.6	35.8	6.3	90.0	96.6	78.5	100.0
Low-income regions Southeast Southwest Plains Rocky Mountain	74.2 72.8 86.7 66.9 73.8	51.7 51.3 53.2 48.2 52.4	2.3 3.8 6.9 -5.7 .4	2 2 0 2 8	3.5 .9 6.4 7.0 6.0	3.4 3.1 3.2 4.4 3.2	137.1 127.2 151.2 145.3 142.9	42.0 36.5 64.0 32.2 39.5	2.6 2.7 4 2.0 10.4	91.4 89.0 98.7 90.6 94.2	99.6 106.2 94.2 92.2 85.5	84.6 76.6 97.1 88.2 93.0	66.7 60.0 50.0 73.5 150.0
High-income regions Mideast Far West New England Great Lakes	72.0 67.0 79.4 69.9 72.4	52.5 52.7 53.2 53.9 51.7	-1.1 -2.6 3 -4.3	5 5 8 2 4	4.3 1.8 9.2 4.9 3.0	3.9 3.4 3.6 4.5 4.2	125.7 120.1 142.9 124.1 122.3	31.6 34.2 26.7 42.7 30.1	9.0 8.9 10.7 3.8 7.1	90.2 86.0 100.9 84.4 88.4	95.5 97.1 86.9 92.0 101.7	76.0 69.6 76.8 82.8 78.5	60.4 73.3 200.4 40.1

<sup>1.</sup> Hypothetical wages and salaries and farm proprietors' income ÷ wage and salary employment and number of farm proprietors (see table 3, footnote 2).

<sup>2.</sup> Actual wages and salaries per employee and farm proprietors' income per proprietor ÷ hypothetical wages and salaries per employee and farm proprietors' income per proprietor.

<sup>3.</sup> Plus number of farm proprietors.

Table 6.—Percent Distribution of Per Capita Personal Income, by Component, Selected Years, 1929-79, United States and BEA Regions

	1929	1940	1950	1959	1969	1973	1979
United States	İ						
Per capita personal income	100.0 58.7	100.0 63.6	100.0 64.8	100.0 67.7	100.0 68.1	100.0 65.8	100.0 63.5
Other labor income Farm proprietors' income	.6 7.2	.9 5.7	1.6 6.0	2.8 2.6	3.8 1.9	4.6 3.1	6.1
Nonfarm proprietors' income	10.5	11.0	11.1	9.7	7.1	5.8	1.6 5.2
Personal dividend, interest, and rental income Transfer payments	21.5 1.7	15.7 4.0	11.0 6.8	12.2 7.1	13.8 8.9	13.5 11.3	14.9 12.9
Less: personal contrib. for social insurance	0.2	.8 0	1.3 0	2.1 0	3.5 0	4.0 0	4.1 0
Low-income regions							
Per capita personal income	100.0 53.8	100.0 58.5	100.0 58.1	100.0 64.1	100.0 65.6	100.0 62.5	100.0 62.1
Other labor income	.6 17.3	.8 12.9	1.4 12.1	2.4 5.1	3.6 3.5	4.3 5.8	5.9 2.5
Nonfarm proprietors' income	11.3	12.1	12.4	10.7	7.6	6.2	5.5
Personal dividend, interest, and rental income Transfer payments	15.2 2.0	12.4 3.9	9.6 7.6	11.9 7.6	13.5 9.4	13.5 11.3	14.8 13.0
Less: personal contrib. for social insurance Plus: residence adjustment	0.2	0.7	1.2 .2	2.0	3.4	3.9 .3	4.1 .3
Southeast							
Per capita personal income	100.0 54.9	100.0 61.8	100.0 60.4	100.0 65.1	100.0 67.1	100.0 64.9	100.0 62.3
Other labor income	.6 18.0	.8 11.8	1.4 9.7	2.4 4.5	3.6 2.5	4.5 3.3	5.9 1.9
Nonfarm proprietors' income	10.4	11.2	11.8	10.3	7.2	6.1	5.1
Personal dividend, interest, and rental income Transfer payments	14.5 1.9	11.7 3.5	8.9 8.4	10.8 8.0	12.4 9.8	12.4 12.2	13.6 14.5
Less: personal contrib. for social insurance	0.2	0.8	1.3 .6	2.0 .8	3.5 .9	4.0	4.1
Southwest							
Per capita personal income	100.0 52.3	100.0 55.9	100.0 59.5	100.0 64.8	100.0 66.5	100.0 63.8	100.0 63.3
Other labor income	.7 15.8	.9 12.8	1.4 8.9	2.7 4.1	3.7 2.2	4.5 4.0	6.1 1.9
Nonfarm proprietors' income	12.7	13.7	13.8	11.1	8.1	6.5	6.3
Personal dividend, interest, and rental income Transfer payments	16.9 1.7	13.8 3.6	10.4 7.3	13.2 6.7	14.1 8.9	14.3 10.9	15.3 11.3
Less: personal contrib. for social insurance	0.2	0.7	2	$^{2.0}_{5}$	3.4 1	3.9 1	4.1 0
Plains							
Per capita personal income	100.0 52.2	100.0 54.9	100.0 53.2	100.0 61.4	100.0 61.7	100.0 55.7	100.0 59.5
Other labor income	.6 18.2	.7 15.4	1.2 18.4	2.4 7.1	3.4 6.8	3.9 13.1	5.7 4.8
Nonfarm proprietors' income	11.8	12.4	12.2	11.2	8.0	6.2	5.6
Personal dividend, interest, and rental income Transfer payments	15.3 2.2	12.8 4. <u>4</u>	10.0 6.2	12.9 7.6	15.3 9.0	15.2 10.2	17.4 11.7
Less: personal contrib. for social insurance	0.1	o <sup>.7</sup>	1.1 1	2.0 5	3.4 7	3.6 7	4.1 7
Rocky Mountain	100.0	1000	100.0	100.0	1000	***	
Per capita personal income	100.0 59.1	100.0 58.3	100.0 56.7	100.0 63.9	100.0 64.7	100.0 63.1	100.0 64.2
Other labor income	.8 12.4	1.0 11.8	1.2 12.6	2.1 4.7	$\frac{3.0}{4.2}$	3.9 6.6	5.4 2.3
Nonfarm proprietors' income Personal dividend, interest, and rental income	10.9 15.2	12.4 12.0	12.7 10.6	11.2 12.5	8.2 14.2	6.6 13.3	6.4 14.9
Transfer payments Less: personal contrib. for social insurance	2.0	5.5 .7	7.4 1.3	7.7 2.1	9.2 3.6	10.4	11.1 4.3
Plus: residence adjustment	0	0	0.0	0.1	.1	0.5	.1
High-income regions Per capita personal income	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Wages and salaries	60.5	65.6	68.1 1.8	69.4 3.0	69.3 3.9	67.7 4.8	64.3 6.3
Farm proprietors' income	3.4	2.8	3.0	1.4	1.1	1.5	1.0
Nonfarm proprietors' income Personal dividend, interest, and rental income	10.2 23.9	10.6 17.1	10.4 11.8	9.1 12.4	6.7 14.0	5.5 13.6	5.0 15.0
Transfer paymentsLess: personal contrib. for social insurance	1.6	4.0	6.4 1.3	6.9 2.1	8.7 3.5	11.3 4.1	12.8 4.1
Plus: residence adjustment	0	0	1	2	2	2	2
Per capita personal income	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Wages and salaries Other labor income	59.5	65.5 1.0	69.9 1.8	70.7   3.0	70.1 3.8	69.2 4.6	64.6 6.1
Farm proprietors' income	1.5 9.9	1.4 10.1	1.3 9.8	.7 8.6	.5 6.5	.5 5.2	.4 4.8
Personal dividend, interest, and rental income	26.9	19.0	12.3	12.9	14.6	13.8	15.4
Transfer payments	1.6 .2	3.9 .9	6.6 1.4	7.1 2.2	9.1 3.5	11.9 4.1	14.0 4.2
Far West	•	"	4	8	-1.1	~1.1	-1.1
Per capita personal income	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Wages and salaries Other labor income	56.3 .8	$\begin{bmatrix} 61.2 \\ 1.0 \end{bmatrix}$	62.1 1.3	66.9 2.4	68.0 3.4	65.9 4.2	63.6 5.7
Farm proprietors' income	5.9 12.2	4.5 13.3	4.3 13.9	2.2   10.7	1.4 7.6	2.1 6.4	1.4 5.7
Personal dividend, interest, and rental income Transfer payments	23.2 1.7	15.9 5.1	12.0 7.6	13.2 7.0	13.8 9.5	13.8 12.0	15.5 12.5
Less: personal contrib. for social insurance Plus: residence adjustment	0.2	1.0	1.4	2.2 1	3.7 0	4.4	4.3 0
New England	·	ı ı		1	v	0	v
Per capita personal income	100.0 61.7	100.0 64.9	100.0 68.0	100.0 68.2	100.0 66.7	100.0 65.3	100.0 62.1
Other labor income	.6	.8	1.8	2.8	3.9	4.7	6.2
Farm proprietors' income	9.0	1.2 8.8	1.4 9.4	.6 8.4	6.5	.5 5.5	.3 5.3
Personal dividend, interest, and rental income Transfer payments	25.4 1.6	21.0 4.0	13.2 6.9	13.0 7.4	15.2 9.0	14.5 11.6	15.8 13.1
Less: personal contrib. for social insurance	0.2	.8	1.3	1.9 1.4	3.3 1.7	3.6 1.5	3.9 1.2
	١	١	.** }	1.4	1.1	1.5	1.2

farm proprietors' income per capita and by the percent change in nonfarm proprietors' income per capita.8 (2) Multiply, i.e., weight, the adjusted percent changes from step 1 by the shares of total personal income in the base year accounted for by wages and salaries and farm proprietors' income and by nonfarm proprietors' income, respectively, and multiply the percent changes of other labor income per capita (column 7) and of the other income components per capita (columns 10, 11, 12, and 13) by the shares of total personal income in the base vear accounted for by other labor income, by personal dividend, interest, and rental income, by transfer payments, by personal contributions for social insurance, and by the residence adjustment, respectively (see table 6). (3) Subtract the corresponding national percent change, which also has been adjusted and/or weighted, from each weighted percent change from step 2. The contributions are shown in table 8.

In the discussions of per capita income growth patterns based on these measures that follow, hypothetical wages and salaries per employee, including farm proprietors (for the four most recent timespans) and hypothetical labor and proprietors' income per employee (for 1940-50) are referred to as the "industrial mix component." The ratio of actual to hypothetical wages and salaries per employee, including farm proprietors (for the four most recent timespans) and the ratio of actual to hypothetical labor and proprietors' income per employee (for 1940-50) are referred to as the "adjusted (for region/Nation differences in industrial mix) wage rate differential component." A brief discussion of the 1929-40 timespan, for which lack of data precludes a detailed breakdown of the per capita income components, also is included.

<sup>8.</sup> In general terms, the factors are: log (1 + rate of change

og (1 + rate of chang in subcomponent)

log (1 + rate of change in wages and salaries and farm proprietors') income per capita)

and

log (1 + rate of change in subcomponent)

log (1 + rate of change in nonfarm proprietors' income per capita).

Table 6.—Percent Distribution of Per Capita Personal Income, by Component, Selected Years, 1929-79, United States and BEA Regions—Continued

	1929	1940	1950	1959	1969	1973	1979
Great Lakes							
Per capita personal income	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
Wages and salaries	62.9	67.8	69.2	69.9	70.0	68.0	65.2
Other labor income	.7	.9	1.9	3.3	4.5	5.4	6.9
Farm proprietors' income	5.5	4.5	4.6	2.0	1.7	2.3	1.5
Nonfarm proprietors' income	10.1	10.4	9.7	8.9	6.4	5.2	4.5
Personal dividend, interest, and rental income	19.4	13.5	10.5	11.2	13.0	12.8	14.0
Transfer payments	1.7	3.7	5.2	6.4	7.6	10.0	11.7
Less: personal contrib. for social insurance	.1	.8	1.2	2.0	3.4	3.9	4.0
Plus: residence adjustment	0	0	1	.1	.1	.2	.3

Table 7.—Percentage-Point Difference From National Average in Adjusted and Weighted Percent Change in Per Capita Personal Income, by Detailed Component, 1940-50, BEA Regions

		Labor and	<del></del>	rs' income	er capita	Other income components per capita				
•	Per capita personal income	Hypo- thetical income per employ- ee '	Actual income per employ-ee ÷ hypothetical income per employ-ee	Total employ- ment ÷ working- age popula- tion	Working-age population ÷ total population	Personal dividend, interest, and rental income per capita		Less: personal contri- butions for social insur- ance per capita		
Low-income regions	(1) 48.7	(2) 24.6	(3) 12.0	(4)	(5) .3	(6) 4.4	(7) 5.9	(8)		
Southeast Southwest Plains Rocky Mountain	60.2 42.3	29.6 25.0 19.3 10.3	12.1 17.8 11.6 7	-3.3 4.5 8.2 12.6	1.4 1.2 -1.8 -3.1	3.4 6.6 4.6 5.5	9.4 6.2 1.1 2.2	.6 .5 .1		
High-income regions	-21.1	-11.5	-4.0	6	5	2.0	-2.3	3		
Mideast Far West New England Great Lakes	-20.1	-17.6 $-13.1$ $-20.3$ $.4$	-5.8 .1 -7.5 -3.7	-2.1 -3.3 -4.7 4.3	-3.3 $.8$ $-1.2$	-4.0 1 -4.6 .5	-2.2 5 -2.1 -3.7	2 2 5 1		

<sup>1.</sup> See table 3, footnote 1.

Note.—Column 1 is the sum of columns 2-8, except for differences due to rounding.

# Per Capita Income Growth Patterns

# 1929-40

Per capita personal income declined in every region. It declined 3.8 percentage points less than nationally in the low-income regions and 1.3 percentage points more than nationally in the high-income regions. In the low-income regions, below-average declines in the Southeast, Southwest, and Rocky Mountain regions more than offset an above-average decline in the Plains. In the Southeast, Southwest, and Rocky Mountain regions, below-average declines or little change occurred in personal dividend, interest, and rental income per proprietors' capita. in nonfarm income per capita, and, except in the Rocky Mountain region, in wages and salaries per capita. In the Plains, wages and salaries per capita declined at an above-average rate.

In the high-income regions, above-average declines in per capita personal income in the Mideast and Great Lakes regions more than offset below-average declines in the Far West and New England. In the Mideast and Great Lakes regions, above-average

declines occurred in wages and salaries per capita, in nonfarm proprietors' income per capita, and in personal dividend, interest, and rental income per capita. In the Far West, below-average declines occurred in wages and salaries per capita and nonfarm proprietors' income per capita; and in New England, a below-average decline occurred in personal dividend, interest, and rental income per capita.

#### 1940-50

Regional differences in per capita personal income narrowed substantially more than in any other timespan. Per capita income increased 48.7 percentage points more than nationally in the low-income regions and 21.1 percentage points less than nationally in the high-income regions. Each low-income region had an aboveaverage increase. Major contributing factors were above-average increases in the industrial mix component and increases, except in the Rocky Mountain region, in the adjusted wage rate differential component. The increase in the industrial mix component reflected large shifts in employment from farming, which was a relatively low-paying industry nationally, to manufacturing, trade, and the transportation group, which were relatively high-paying industries nationally. Increases in the adjusted wage rate differential reflected above-average increases in wage rates in nearly every industry. In the Rocky Mountain region, another major factor was an increase that was larger than in any other region in the percent of the working-age population that was employed.

Each high-income region had a below-average increase in per capita personal income. Major contributing factors were well-below average increases in the industrial mix component, except in the Great Lakes region, and declines in the adjusted wage rate differential component, except in the Far West. In the Mideast and New England, the small increases in the industrial mix component reflected employment increases that were smaller than in any other region in the high-paying manufacturing, trade, and transportation-group industries. In the Far West, the small increase reflected an employment increase that was larger than in any other region in services and government, which was a relatively lowpaying industry nationally. In the Great Lakes region, the industrial mix benefited during World War II from the conversion of the motor vehicle industry to the production of military durable goods and, after the war, from strong catch-up demand for consumers' durables. In the Mideast, New England, and Great Lakes regions, declines in the adjusted wage rate differential reflected below-average increases in wage rates in nearly every industry.

#### 1950-59

Per capita income increased 3.2 percentage points more than nationally in the low-income regions and 2.3 percentage points less than nationally in the high-income regions. In the lowincome regions, above-average increases in the Southeast and Southwest more than offset below-average increases in the Plains and Rocky Mountain regions. In the Southeast and Southwest, a major factor contributing to the strength in per capita income was an above-average increase in the percent of the working-age population that was employed; employment increases were above average in most nonfarm industries. Another

major factor was a below-average decline in the percent of the total population that was of working age. The postwar baby boom, which, in every region, led to increases in the ratio of pre-working-age to total population and, conversely, to declines in the ratio of working-age to total population, lowered the average age of the population less in the Southeast than in other regions. In the Southeast, an increase that was larger than in any other region in the adjusted wage rate

differential component mainly reflected a large increase in the earnings rate of farm proprietors. In the Southwest, an above-average increase in personal dividend, interest, and rental income per capita reflected large increases in each of these three income components. In the Plains and Rocky Mountain regions, major factors in the below-average increases in per capita income were declines in the adjusted wage rate differential component and below-average increases in

the industrial mix component. Declines in the adjusted wage rate differential component mainly reflected large declines in the earnings rate of farm proprietors; in contrast, this income source increased or changed little in all other regions. In the Rocky Mountain region, the small increase in the industrial mix component reflected above-average increases in employment in trade, services, and government, which were relatively low-paying industries nationally.

Table 8.—Percentage-Point Difference From National Average in Adjusted and Weighted Percent Change in Per Capita Personal Income, by Detailed Component, Selected Timespans, 1950-79, BEA Regions

	Detailed Component, Selected Timespans, 1950-79, BEA Regions  Labor and proprietors' income per capita ' Other income components per capita '												
	Per capita personal income	Hypo- thetical income per employ- ee	Actual income per employ-ee+ hypothetical income per employ-ee	Wage and salary employment ÷ total employment	Total employ- ment ÷ working- age popula- tion <sup>2</sup>	Work- ing-age popula- tion ÷ total popula- tion ³	Other labor income per capita	Non- farm propri- etors' income  - number of nonfarm propri- etors	Number of nonfarm proprietors + total employment	Personal dividend, interest, and rental income per capita	Transfer pay- ments per capita	Personal, contributions for social insurance per capita	Residence adjustment per capita
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
	1950-59												
Low-income regions	3.2	-0.8	-1.2	-0.3	2.5	1.5	-0.2	-0.3	0.4	1.4	0.1	0.1	0
Southeast	10.9 .7 -6.4 -5.8	.3 7 -2.5 -2.2	3.6 -2.2 -8.2 -4.9	9 .1 .4 .4	1.9 3.1 3.8 1.7	2.9 .9 -1.0 .2	2 .1 4 7	7 8 .6 .3	1.4 4 5 5	1.3 2.1 1.2 .1	-1.2 -7 4	0 0 0 1	.7 5 6
High-income regions	-2.3	.4	.6	.2	-1.4	-1.1	.1	.2	2	8	1	0	1
Mideast Far West New England Great Lakes	$     \begin{array}{r}       -2.2 \\       -2.7 \\       2.8 \\       -4.3     \end{array} $	.5 2 .6 1.0	1.1 2 .8 4	.1 .9 1 .2	-1.5 .6 .3 -3.2	$ \begin{array}{r}9 \\5 \\5 \\ -1.6 \end{array} $	4 $0$ $.3$	2 .3 2 .5	0 -1.8 .3 1	7 1 8 -1.4	0 -1.3 .5 .2	0 .1 2 2	7 2 1.6
	1959-69												
Low-income regions	7.7	3.6	2	0	1.0	1.1	.2	.2	0	.8	1.1	.3	.4
Southeast	14.6 3 6.6 -9.7	5.6 1.1 2.5 6	1.5 -3.9 1.0 -2.5	1 $0$ $0$ $0$	2.2 1.7 .3 -6.9	1.5 .6 .3 2.8	.6 1 0 -1.0	.2 .2 .4 1	0 1 .1 .2	3.0 -1.0	2.0 .5 .3 -1.0	.6 0 .2 1	.9 .4 8 .2
High-income regions	-4.1	-2.2	.5	0	6	7	1	1	0	4	5	2	2
Mideast Far West New England Great Lakes	-3.8 -9.3 6 -2.7	$     \begin{array}{r}       -2.5 \\       -2.3 \\       -3.7 \\       -1.0     \end{array} $	1.9 -1.2 ·3.0 -1.1	.1 3 1 .2	2 -3.5 -2.3 1.6	$     \begin{array}{r}       -2.2 \\       .8 \\       -1.2 \\       0   \end{array} $	4 5 .1 .5	.4 9 .5 3	1 .3 .2 2	.3 -2.2 1.6 7	1 .4 3 1.7	2 1 2 1	-1.0 0 1.5 .2
			l				1969-73			L			·
Low-income regions	7.1	2.5	1.2	0	1.6	2	.2	.3	0	1.2	.4	.2	.1
Southeast Southwest Plains Rocky Mountain	7.0 2.2 12.4 8.7	2.2 1.3 4.3 3.1	.5 2 4.1 1.7	1 .1 .1 .3	2.2 .4 1.0 2.6	6 3 .6 .8	.3 0 1 .1	.4 .2 .4 .5	.2 1 1 4	.8 1.2 2.7 .6	1.2 3 3 5	0 0 0 .1	1 3 0
High-income regions	-3.4	-1.5	0	0	→1.1	.2	1	1	1	6	2	1	1
Mideast Far West New England Great Lakes	-3.5 -5.9 -4.4 -1.1	$ \begin{array}{r} -1.8 \\ -1.9 \\ -3.3 \\4 \end{array} $	-2.0 .5 .3	1 3 .1	$ \begin{array}{r} -1.2 \\5 \\ -1.5 \\ -1.0 \end{array} $	0 1 .4 .4	2 5 2 .3	0 2 4 1	4 .1 .4 1	9 4 6 3	.3 3 2 6	0 .1 4 1	4 0 .3 .1
	1973-79												
Low-income regions	1.8	5	2.0	.2	4	2	0	.5	2	.1	.4	.2	.2
Southeast Southwest Plains Rocky Mountain	.4 14.3 -5.6 1.4	8 2.2 -3.0 1.1	3.3 6.1 -5.0 .3	.2 .4 .2 4	-2.8 2.5 2.7 2.0	5 2 .7 3	2 .9 3 4	2.2 1 .7	3 5 3 .4	-1.1 2.0 1.6 .4	2.0 7 -1.5 -2.0	1 .6 .1 .5	.5 .1 5 .1
High-income regions	4	.4	-1.0	1	.3	.2	.1	3	.2	.1	2	1	1
Mideast Far West New England Great Lakes	-5.4 7.0 -2.5 0	0 1.3 8 .7	-2.3 3 -3.7 .6	$ \begin{array}{c}1 \\3 \\ .2 \\ 0 \end{array} $	-2.0 5.0 .7 9	3 .1 .6 .6	4 .1 1 :7	3 3 .3 5	.1 2 0	3 1.8 .1 8	.6 5 3 8	3 .2 1 1	8 .1 .6 .3

<sup>1.</sup> See table 5, footnotes 1-3.

<sup>2.</sup> Sum of the percentage-point differences from the national average of the adjusted and weighted percent changes in the total employment ÷ working-age population components of wages and salaries and farm proprietors' income per capita and of nonfarm proprietors' income per capita.

<sup>3.</sup> Sum of the percentage-point differences from the national average of the adjusted and weighted percent changes in the working-age population + total population components of wages and salaries and farm proprietors' income per capita and of nonfarm proprietors' income per capita.

Note.—Column 1 is the sum of columns 2-13 except for differences due to rounding.

Each high-income region except New England had a below-average increase in per capita personal income. In the Mideast and Great Lakes regions, a major contributing factor was a below-average change in the percent of the working-age population that was employed: employment declined or increased at below-average rates in nearly all industries. Another major factor was an above-average decline in the percent of the total population that was of working age. In the Far West, major factors were a decline that was larger than in any other region in the percent of total employment accounted for by nonfarm proprietors and an increase that was smaller than in any other region in transfer payments per capita. Weakness in transfer payments per capita reflected a below-average increase in the percent of the total population aged 65 and over; this age group receives the bulk of social security and other retirement payments, which account for the largest share of total transfer payments. In New England, major factors contributing to strength in per capita income were an increase in the adjusted wage rate differential component and an above-average increase in the industrial mix component. The industrial mix benefited from a large shift in employment from nondurables (in particular, textiles) to durables manufacturing; the shift was to the highest paying industry nationally.

#### 1959-69

Regional differences in per capita personal income narrowed more than in any other timespan except 1940-50. Per capita income increased 7.7 percentage points more than nationally in the low-income regions and 4.1 percentage points less than nationally in the high-income regions. In the lowincome regions, above-average increases in the Southeast and Plains more than offset below-average increases in the Southwest and Rocky Mountain regions. In the Southeast, major factors contributing to the strength in per capita income were above-average increases in the percent of the working-age population that was employed, the industrial mix component, and transfer payments per capita. The employment/workingage population ratio benefited from above-average increases in employment in most industries; the industrial mix benefited from especially large relative increases in employment in manufacturing, construction, and the transportation group, which were relatively high-paying industries nationally. Transfer payments per capita, consisting mainly of retirement payments, benefited from an increase that was larger than in any other region in the percent of the total population aged 65 and over. In the Plains, major factors were large increases in the industrial mix component, in the adjusted wage rate differential component, and in personal dividend, interest, and rental income per capita. The increase in the industrial mix component reflected a large decline in employment in farming, which was a relatively low-paying industry nationally, and below-average increases in employment in the lowpaying trade, services, and government industries. The increases in the other two components reflected aboveaverage increases in the earnings rate of farm proprietors who remained in the region and in farm-related rental income per capita, respectively. In the Southwest and Rocky Mountain regions, a major factor in the weakness in per capita income was a decline in the adjusted wage rate differential, which reflected below-average increases in wage rates in most industries. In the Rocky Mountain region, another major factor was a change that was smaller than in any other region in the employment/workingage population ratio, reflecting belowaverage increases in employment in construction and private service-type industries.

Each high-income region had a below-average increase in per capita personal income. In the Mideast and New England, major contributing factors were below-average increases in the industrial mix component and the percent of the total population that was of working age. The industrial mix was adversely affected by especially small relative increases in employment in the high-paying manufacturing industry. The increases in the ratio of working-age to total population were smaller than in any other region. In New England and the Far West, a major factor was a belowaverage increase in the percent of the working-age population that was employed. In the Far West, other major factors were a below-average increase in the industrial mix component, which reflected slumps in the highpaying aircraft and construction industries, and weakness in personal dividend, interest, and rental income per capita, which reflected increases that were smaller than in any other region in both interest income and rental income per capita. In the Great Lakes region, a major factor was a below-average increase in transfer payments per capita, which reflected an especially small increase in the percent of the total population aged 65 and over.

#### 1969-73

Per capita personal income increased 7.1 percentage points more than nationally in the low-income regions and 3.4 percentage points less than nationally in the high-income regions. Each low-income region had an above-average increase in per capita income. A major contributing factor was an above-average increase in the industrial mix component. The industrial mix benefited from large increases in employment in manufacturing and, except in the Plains, in construction and the transportation group; each was a relatively highpaying industry nationally. In the Southeast and Rocky Mountain regions, another major factor was an increase, compared with a decline nationally, in the percent of the working-age population that was employed. In the Plains, other major factors were increases that were larger than in any other region in the adjusted wage rate differential component and in personal dividend, interest, and rental income per capita; the increases mainly reflected an increase in the earnings rate of farm proprietors to an unusually high level in 1973 and a large increase in farm-related rental income per capita. In the Southwest, strength in personal dividend, interest, and rental income per capita reflected above-average increases in each of these three income components.

Each high-income region had a below-average increase in per capita personal income. Major contributing factors were above-average declines in the percent of the working-age population that was employed and below-average increases in the industrial mix component. The employment/working-age population ratio was adversely affected by declines or below-average increases in employment in most industries; the industrial mix

was adversely affected by large declines or especially small relative increases in employment in the high-paying manufacturing, construction, and transportation-group industries. In the Far West, another major factor was a decline that was larger than in any other region in the adjusted wage rate differential component; increases in wage rates in nearly every industry were below average.

#### 1973-79

In 1973-79, regional differences in per capita personal income narrowed less than in any other timespan, mainly reflecting divergences from the national average in the Plains and Far West regions. In 1969-79, in contrast, per capita income converged toward the national average in the Plains and Far West regions. In the low-income Plains, strength in farming in the early 1970's more than offset weakness in the late 1970's. In the high-income Far West, weakness in the aircraft industry in the early 1970's more than offset strength in the late 1970's.

In 1973-79, per capita income increased 1.8 percentage points more than nationally in the low-income regions and 0.4 percentage point less than nationally in the high-income regions. Each low-income region except the Plains had an above-average increase in per capita income. In the Southeast and Southwest, major contributing factors were increases that were larger than in any other region in the adjusted wage rate differential component; increases in wage rates in nearly every industry were above average. In the Southeast, in addition, a major factor was an above-average increase in transfer payments per capita; the percent of the total population aged 65 and over increased more than in any other region. In the Southwest, in addition, and in the Rocky Mountain region, major factors were above-average increases in the percent of the working-age population that was employed, the industrial mix component, and nonfarm proprietors' income per capita. The employment/ working-age population ratio benefited from above-average increases in employment in all industries; the industrial mix benefited from especially large relative increases in employment in mining, construction, and manufacturing, which were relatively high-paying industries nationally. In the Plains, major factors in the weakness in per capita income were a decline that was larger than in any other region in the adjusted wage rate differential component and an increase that was smaller than in any other region in the industrial mix component. The decline in the adjusted wage rate differential mainly reflected a decline in the earnings rate of farm proprietors from the unusually high 1973 level.

In the high-income regions, belowaverage increases in per capita personal income in the Mideast and New England more than offset an aboveaverage increase in the Far West and no change in the Great Lakes region. In the Mideast and New England, a major factor contributing to the weakness in per capita income was a decline in the adjusted wage rate differential component; increases in wage rates in nearly every industry were below average. In the Mideast, another major factor was a below-average increase in the percent of the working-age population that was employed; employment declined or had a small increase in nearly every industry. In the Far West, major factors in the strength in per capita income were above-average increases in the percent of the working-age population that was employed and in the industrial mix component. The employment/working-age population ratio benefited from above-average creases in employment in nearly every industry; the industrial mix benefited from especially large relative increases in employment in the high-paying construction, manufacturing, and transportation-group industries. An increase in personal dividend, interest, and rental income per capita was larger than in any other region; an increase in rental income per capita was especially large, in part due to an above-average increase in housing prices.

#### **Availability of Additional Data**

Tables that show estimates of the subcomponents of labor and propri-

etors' income per capita, as well as related estimates, for the years covering the five timespans from 1940 to 1979, are available on request. Table A shows, for 1940 and 1950, actual labor and proprietors' income per employee (the product of subcomponents a and b in table 3 of the article), hypothetical labor and proprietors' income per employee (subcomponent a), and the ratio of actual to hypothetical labor and proprietors' income per employee (subcomponent b); table A also shows the percent of the working-age population that is employed (subcomponent c). Tables B and C show, for 1940 and 1950, national and regional distributions, by industry, of (1) labor and proprietors' income per employee and (2) employment, both of which are used in calculating subcomponents a and b. Table D shows, for 1950 forward, actual wages and salaries per employee, including farm proprietors (the product of subcomponents 1 and 2), hypothetical wages and salaries per employee, including farm proprietors (subcomponent 1), and the ratio of actual to hypothetical wages and salaries per employee, including farm proprietors (subcomponent 2); table D also shows nonfarm proprietors' income per proprietor (subcomponent 7). Tables E and F show, for 1950 forward, national and regional distributions, by industry, of (1) wages and salaries per employee, including farm proprietors, and (2) employment, including farm proprietors, both of which are used in calculating subcomponents 1 and 2. Table G shows, for 1950 forward, the distribution of employment by type of employee (including subcomponents 3 and 8) and the percent of the working-age population that is employed (subcomponents 4 and 9); table G also shows, for 1940 forward, the distribution of population by age (including subcomponents 5, 10, and d). Estimates of the components of per capita personal income other than those relating to labor and proprietors' income per capita (components e-g and 11-14), as well as other labor income per capita (subcomponent 6), can be found in table 2 of the article. Address all data inquiries to the U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis, Regional Economic Analysis Division, Washington, D.C. 20230.

## Plant and Equipment Expenditures, the Four Quarters of 1982

NONFARM business in the U.S. plans to spend \$323.7 billion for new plant and equipment in 1982, 0.7 percent more than in 1981, according to the BEA quarterly survey conducted in late July and August (table 1 and chart 7).1 Spending totaled \$321.5 billion in 1981, 8.7 percent more than in 1980.

The planned spending increase for 1982 is 1.5 percentage points lower than the 2.2-percent increase reported in June and 6.6 points lower than the 7.3-percent increase reported March. The latest downward revision in 1982 programs is in the second half of the year; it is widespread among the various industries, but is largest in manufacturing. Manufacturing industries revised planned spending down by 2.4 percent-durable goods by 2.7 percent and nondurables by 2.1 percent. Nonmanufacturing revised planned spending down by 0.9 percent; all major nonmanufacturing industries reported downward revisions except public utilities and air transportation.

The spending plans, after adjustment by BEA for price changes, indicate a decline of 4.4 percent from 1981 to 1982 (table 2).2 Real spending in 1981 was unchanged from 1980. BEA now estimates that the price de-

1. Plans have been adjusted for biases (table 7, foot-

note 1). The adjustments were made for each industry. Before adjustment, plans for 1982 were \$127.2 billion

for manufacturing and \$196.3 billion for nonmanufacturing. The net effect of the adjustments was to lower

manufacturing \$2.94 billion and to raise nonmanufac-

asked to report information on price changes reflected

in actual or planned spending figures. To estimate real spending, the figures reported by survey respond-

ents are adjusted using implicit price deflators developed by BEA based on unpublished data in the national income and product accounts. Real spending since

1977 has been reestimated based on deflators that reflect the revisions of the national income and product

accounts released in July. Real spending plans for

1982 are based on the assumption that plans for each industry reflect price expectations equal to the average rate of change for that industry's deflator during

the latest four quarters for which it is available.

2. Respondents to the quarterly survey are not

turing \$3.18 billion.

flator for capital goods will increase 5.5 percent in 1982. (Three months ago the estimate was 4.8 percent; the change in the estimated deflator resulted almost entirely from revisions in the national income and product accounts.) In 1981, the price deflator increased 8.5 percent.

Capital spending in current dollars declined 1.4 percent in the second quarter of 1982, to a seasonally adjusted annual rate of \$323.2 billion,

Table 1.-Expenditures for New Plant and Equipment by U.S. Nonfarm Business: Percent Change From Preceding Year

Total nonfarm business		1981	1982 Pla by	anned as r business i	eported in:
business         8.7         7.3         2.2           Manufacturing         9.5         7.9         .4            Durable goods         5.0         8.7         -1.1            Primary metals turnaces, steel works         -3.8         28.7         15.7         2           Nonferrous metals         11.3         -14.9         -10.1         -1           Fabricated metals         2         12.3         -2.4         -1           Electrical machinery         7.5         22.2         14.1         12.7         5.0           Machinery except electrical         14.1         12.7         5.0         12.9         -13.6         -1           Motor vehicles         11.3         -1.1         -11.9         -1         -1         -1           Aircraft         -8.5         12.9         -3.8         -3         -3         -1 <th< th=""><th></th><th>actual</th><th></th><th></th><th>Jul Aug.</th></th<>		actual			Jul Aug.
Manufacturing	Total nonfarm				
Durable goods	business	8.7	7.3	2.2	0.7
Primary metals 1	Manufacturing	9.5	7.9	.4	-2.0
Blast furnaces, steel works	Durable goods	5.0	8.7	-1.1	-3.8
Steel works	Primary metals 1	5.3	7.7	1.3	8
metals	steel works	-3.8	28.7	15.7	20.7
Fabricated metals		11.3	-149	-101	-16.8
Electrical machinery   7.5   22.2   14.1					-10.4
Machinery, except electrical         14.1         12.7         5.0           Transportation         1.3         1.1         -11.9         -1           Motor vehicles         11.3         -5.9         -13.6         -1           Aircraft         -8.5         12.9         -3.8         -1           Stone, clay, and glass         -17.7         1.3         -10.0         -1           Other durables         11.8         3.4         -5.8         -6           Nondurable goods         14.1         7.1         1.8         -           Food including beverage         11.2         -1.8         -5.9         -           Textiles         -3.9         -2.5         -15.0         -1           Chemicals         8.0         13.1         4.7         -1           Petroleum         28.4         9.0         5.0         -1           Rubber         1.9         14.6         6.7         -           Other nondurables         7.4         5.2         9.3           Nonmanufacturing         8.3         7.0         3.4           Mining         24.8         8.7         2.2         -           Transportation         -3	Electrical				
electrical 14.1   12.7   5.0   17   17   1.3   1.1   1.1.9   -1   1.3   1.1   -11.9   -1   1.3   1.1   -11.9   -1   1.3   1.1   -11.9   -1   1.3   1.2   1.3   1.2   -1   1.3   1.3   1.3   -1   1.3	machinery	7.5	22.2	14.1	6.4
equipment     1.3	electrical	14.1	12.7	5.0	8.3
Motor vehicles         11.3         -5.9         -13.6         -1           Aircraft         -8.5         12.9         -3.8         -3.8           Stone, clay, and glass         -17.7         1.3         -10.0         -1           Other durables         11.8         3.4         -5.8         -1           Nondurable goods         14.1         7.1         1.8         -           Food including beverage         11.2         -1.8         -5.9         -           Textiles         -3.9         -2.5         -15.0         -1           Paper         -1.3         6         -11.9         -           Chemicals         8.0         13.1         4.7         -           Petroleum         22.4         9.0         5.0         -           Rubber         1.9         14.6         6.7         -           Other nondurables         7.4         5.2         9.3           Nonmanufacturing         8.3         7.0         3.4           Mining         24.8         8.7         2.2         -           Transportation         -3         12.3         4.3         8           Railroad         -3         7.2		1.3	1.1	-11.9	-16.4
Stone, clay, and glass					-18.4
glass         -17.7         1.3         -10.0         -1           Other durables         11.8         3.4         -5.8         -6           Nondurable goods         14.1         7.1         1.8         -           Food including beverage         11.2         -1.8         -5.9         -           Textiles         -3.9         -2.5         -15.0         -1           Paper         -1.3         6         -11.9         -           Chemicals         8.0         13.1         4.7         -           Petroleum         22.4         9.0         5.0         -           Rubber         1.9         14.6         6.7         -           Other nondurables         7.4         5.2         9.3           Nonmanufacturing         8.3         7.0         3.4           Mining         24.8         8.7         2.2         -           Transportation         -3         12.3         4.3           Railroad         -3         7.2         9.9           Air         -5.1         9.1         .8		-8.5	12.9	-3.8	-8.3
Other durables         11.8         3.4         -5.8         -6           Nondurable goods         14.1         7.1         1.8         -           Food including beverage         11.2         -1.8         -5.9         -           Textiles         -3.9         -2.5         -15.0         -1           Paper         -1.3         .6         -11.9         -           Chemicals         8.0         13.1         4.7         -           Petroleum         28.4         9.0         5.0         -           Rubber         1.9         14.6         6.7         -           Other nondurables         7.4         5.2         9.3           Nonmanufacturing         8.3         7.0         3.4           Mining         24.8         8.7         2.2         -           Transportation         -3         12.3         4.3         -           Railroad         -3         7.2         9.9         -           Air         -5.1         9.1         .8	Stone, clay, and	177	1 9	10.0	11.4
Food including beverage					-6.5
beverage         11.2         -1.8         -5.9           Textiles         -3.9         -2.5         -15.0         -1           Paper         -1.3         .6         -11.9         -1           Chemicals         8.0         13.1         4.7         -1           Petroleum         28.4         9.0         5.0         -1	Nondurable goods	14.1	7.1	1.8	3
beverage         11.2         -1.8         -5.9           Textiles         -3.9         -2.5         -15.0         -1           Paper         -1.3         .6         -11.9         -1           Chemicals         8.0         13.1         4.7         -1           Petroleum         28.4         9.0         5.0         -1	Food including				
Paper					-5.8
Chemicals     8.0     13.1     4.7       Petroleum     28.4     9.0     5.0       Rubber     1.9     14.6     6.7     -       Other nondurables     7.4     5.2     9.3       Nonmanufacturing     8.3     7.0     3.4       Mining     24.8     8.7     2.2     -       Transportation     -3     12.3     4.3       Railroad     -3     7.2     9.9       Air     -5.1     9.1     .8					-18.3
Petroleum         28.4         9.0         5.0           Rubber         1.9         14.6         6.7           Other nondurables         7.4         5.2         9.3           Nonmanufacturing         8.3         7.0         3.4           Mining         24.8         8.7         2.2         -           Transportation        3         12.3         4.3         -           Railroad        3         7.2         9.9         -         -         -5.1         9.1         .8					$-6.5 \\ 2.7$
Rubber     1.9     14.6     6.7       Other nondurables     7.4     5.2     9.3       Nonmanufacturing     8.3     7.0     3.4       Mining     24.8     8.7     2.2     -       Transportation    3     12.3     4.3       Railroad    3     7.2     9.9       Air     -5.1     9.1     .8					2.7
Other nondurables     7.4     5.2     9.3       Nonmanufacturing     8.3     7.0     3.4       Mining     24.8     8.7     2.2     —       Transportation    3     12.3     4.3       Railroad    5.1     9.1     .8					-3.2
Mining     24.8     8.7     2.2     —       Transportation    3     12.3     4.3       Railroad    3     7.2     9.9       Air     -5.1     9.1     .8	Other nondurables	7.4	5.2	9.3	2.2
Transportation    3     12.3     4.3       Railroad    3     7.2     9.9       Air    5.1     9.1     .8	Nonmanufacturing	8.3	7.0	3.4	2.4
Transportation    3     12.3     4.3       Railroad    3     7.2     9.9       Air    5.1     9.1     .8	Mining	24.8	8.7	2.2	-2.3
Air5.1 9.1 .8		3			2.3
					6.4
Out I 461 9091 171					1.4
Other	Otner	4.0	20.8	1.7	-1.1
Public utilities	Public utilities	8.3	4.7	3.0	6.5
Electric		5.8	6.8	5.2	8.6
Gas and other	Gas and other	18.1	-2.6	-4.6	5
Trade and services 5.6 4.8 2.9 Communication and		5.6	4.8	2.9	1.2
		11.0	11.4	5.1	3.1

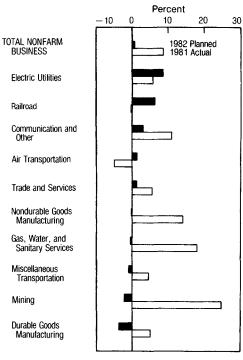
<sup>1.</sup> Includes industries not shown separately

about the same as planned spending reported 3 months ago; manufacturers spent less than planned and nonmanufacturers spent more. Plans in the latest survey indicate a 0.9-percent decline in the third quarter and a 1.3percent increase in the fourth. In real terms, spending declined 3.1 percent in the second quarter; plans indicate a 1.9-percent decline in the third quarter and little change in the fourth.

Other highlights of the survey are:

· The rate of capacity utilization in manufacturing was 71 percent, 1 percentage point below the rates reported for March and December (table 3): the June rate is 4 points below the recession low in March and June 1975 and is the lowest recorded since BEA began its survey in 1965.

### CHART 7 **Changes in Business Investment**



U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

CHART 8

- The value of new investment projects started by manufacturers increased by \$1.3 billion—or 4.7 percent-to \$29.0 billion in the second quarter, and starts by public utilities totaled \$6.0 billon compared with a negative \$4.3 billion in the first quarter (table 4).
- Spending in current dollars for new plant in the second quarter declined 1.1 percent from the first quarter and spending for new equipment

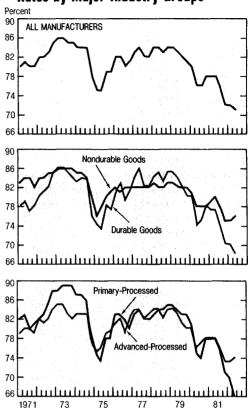
Table 2,-Expenditures for New Plant and Equipment by U.S. Nonfarm Business in Constant (1972) Dollars: Percent Change From Preceding Year

	1980°	1981 <sup>r</sup>	19821
Total nonfarm business	0.9	0.2	-4.4
Manufacturing	8.2	1.2	-6.6
Durable goods Nondurable goods	7.4 9.2	$7 \\ 3.5$	$-6.5 \\ -6.7$
Nonmanufacturing	-3.1	4	-3.1
Mining	$ \begin{array}{r} .2 \\ -11.0 \\ -3.9 \\ -4.3 \\ 1.7 \end{array} $	5.6 -7.5 -1.4 1 .2	$     \begin{array}{r}       -12.3 \\       -2.6 \\       \hline      5 \\       -1.9 \\       \hline       -5.4     \end{array} $

declined 1.6 percent (table 5). Real spending for plant declined 2.6 percent and real spending for equipment declined 3.3 percent (table B).

The downward revision in spending programs between the January-February and July-August surveys is the sharpest cutback recorded in the quarterly survey for a 6-month period. Previously, the largest downward revision for a 6-month period-4.1 percentage points—was in 1969. The continued weakness in 1982 spending plans indicated by the latest survey is consistent with other gages of future investment activity and with recent economic developments having an influence on investment decisions. Among the former, net new capital appropriations in manufacturing declined 28 percent from the first quarter to the second, and new orders for nondefense capital goods declined 5 percent; the proportion of manufacturers reporting a need for more capacity declined 2 points from March to June (table 6). Indicators of continued sluggishness of the economy in the second quarter include: the de-

### Manufacturers' Capacity Utilization Rates by Major Industry Groups



Seasonally Adjusted U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

82-9-8

Table 3.—Manufacturers' Capacity Utilization Rates: Operating Rates and Ratios of Operating to Preferred Rates 1

	Seasonally	adjusted)								
		Operat	ing rates (p	percent)		Ra	tios of oper	ating to p	referred rat	es
Industry and asset size		1981		19	82		1981	_	198	82
	June	Sept.	Dec.	March	June	June	Sept.	Dec.	March	June
All manufacturing	78	76	72	72	71	0.84	0.81	0.77	0.78	0.76
Asset size: \$100.0 million and over \$100.0 to \$99.9 million Under \$10.0 million	79 78 75	76 77 74	72 74 71	73 74 70	72 72 69	.84 .84 .81	.81 .83 .80	.77 .80 .77	.78 .80 .77	.76 .78 .75
Durable goods 2	77	74	70	70	68	.82	.79	.74	.74	.72
Asset size: \$100.0 million and over \$10.0 to \$99.9 million Under \$10.0 million	. 75	75 74 72	70 69 71	71 68 68	69 66 64	.83 .81 .78	.79 .80 .78	.74 .74 .76	.75 .74 .74	.73 .71 .69
Primary metals  Electrical machinery.  Machinery, except electrical  Transportation equipment <sup>3</sup> Motor vehicles  Aircraft  Stone, clay, and glass.	76 90 73 73 75	74 76 89 65 60 75 71	63 74 88 60 51 73 66	61 73 85 64 61 71 68	52 72 82 68 67 70 62	.83 .84 .95 .75 .72 .81	.80 .84 .94 .67 .59 .81	.68 .82 .93 .61 .50 .79	.66 .81 .90 .66 .60 .77	.56 .80 .86 .69 .66 .76
Nondurable goods 4	80	78	75	75	76	.86	.85	.81	.82	.82
Asset size: \$100.0 million and over. \$100.10 to \$99.9 million. Under \$10.0 million.	80 81 78	79 80 75	75 79 70	76 78 71	76 78 75	.87 .87 .84	.85 .86 .82	.82 .85 .78	.83 .84 .80	.82 .84 .81
Food including beverage Textiles Paper Chemicals Petroleum Rubber.	82	78 81 85 75 72 72	74 75 83 70 73 66	75 74 83 72 70 72	78 74 81 70 75 76	.86 .85 .92 .85 .80	.85 .84 .88 .83 .77 .76	.83 .78 .86 .78 .78 .70	.85 .77 .91 .80 .73	.85 .77 .84 .77 .79
Primary-processed goods <sup>5</sup>	78 78	76 76	71 73	70 73	66 74	.83 .84	.81 .82	.76 .78	.75 .79	.71 .79

<sup>1.</sup> The survey asks manufacturers to report actual and preferred rates of capacity utilization for the last month of each quarter. Utilization rates for industry and asset-size groups are weighted averages of individual company rates. See "The Utilization of Manufacturing Capacity, 1965-73," SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS, July 1974, p. 47.

r Revised.

1. Based on plans reported in July-August Survey.

<sup>2.</sup> Also includes lumber, furniture, fabricated metals, instruments, and miscellaneous

<sup>3.</sup> Also includes other transportation equipment

<sup>4.</sup> Also includes tobacco, apparel, printing-publishing, and leather.

<sup>5.</sup> Consists of lumber; stone, clay, and glass; primary metals; fabricated metals; textiles; paper; chemicals (at ½ weight); petroleum; and rubber.

<sup>6.</sup> Consists of furniture, electrical machinery, machinery except electrical, motor vehicles, aircraft, other transportation equipment, instruments, food including beverage, tobacco, apparel, printing-publishing, chemicals (at ½ weight), leather, and miscellaneous.

cline in real final sales, the decline in capacity utilization, the continued poor performance of profits, and the persistence of high long-term interest rates on corporate debt. It is unlikely that plans reported by business in the latest survey would have reflected the recent declines in short-term interest rates.

#### **Manufacturing Programs**

Manufacturing industries' currentdollar spending in the second quarter fell 3.5 percent, to a seasonally adjusted annual rate of \$123.8 billion, after a 1.1-percent increase in the first quarter. Plans are for small decreases in the second half of 1982—0.5 percent in the third quarter and 0.2 percent in the fourth. Spending in both durables and nondurables declined in the second quarter-3.0 and 4.1 percent, respectively. In the third quarter, durables plan a 1.6-percent increase and nondurables, a 2.5-percent decline; in the fourth quarter, nondurables plan a 1.6-percent increase and durables, a 2.0-percent decline.

For the year 1982, manufacturers plan a 2.0-percent decrease in current-dollar spending. Durable goods industries plan a 3.8-percent decrease and nondurable goods, a 0.3-percent decrease. In durables, decreases are planned by motor vehicles, nonferrous metals, stone-clay-glass, fabricated metals, aircraft, and "other durables"; increases are planned by iron and steel, nonelectrical machinery, and electrical machinery. In nondurables, decreases are planned by textiles, paper, food-beverage, and rubber; in-

(Continued on p. 40)

Table 4.—Starts and Carryover of Plant and Equipment Projects, Manufacturing and Public Utilities [Billions of dollars; quarters seasonally adjusted]

				Starts 1					(	Carryover	:	
	1000	1001		1981		19	82		1981		19	82
	1980	1981	II	III	IV	I	II	June	Sept.	Dec.	March	June
Manufacturing	123.32	135.19	32.90	33.33	33.68	27.73	29.03	90.97	91.78	93.73	89.37	87.47
Durable goods <sup>3</sup>	10.25	68.89 9.78 11.50 15.95 19.35 3.22	17.49 2.87 2.62 3.82 5.51 .58	18.15 2.46 3.59 3.04 5.46 .94	18.23 2.29 3.22 6.02 3.31 .90	10.95 1.32 2.23 2.32 3.18 .34	12.55 1.56 2.28 3.04 3.98 .61	38.84 8.52 4.96 6.48 12.30 1.86	41.34 9.01 5.65 6.32 13.20 1.97	44.37 9.18 6.49 8.75 12.26 2.13	40.12 8.28 6.02 7.74 11.34 1.79	37.91 7.66 5.50 7.39 11.61 1.71
Nondurable goods <sup>3</sup> Food including beverage	65.65 7.41 7.74 14.01 26.63	66.29 8.33 6.56 13.34 27.64	15.41 2.60 1.27 2.74 6.11	15.19 2.28 1.67 3.70 5.23	15.45 1.40 2.30 3.01 6.25	16.77 1.52 1.84 3.28 7.82	16.49 1.62 1.50 4.07 7.43	52.13 5.47 5.70 11.72 23.20	50.44 5.59 5.62 11.68 21.77	49.36 5.07 6.28 11.08 21.08	49.26 4.53 6.60 10.78 21.74	49.56 4.25 6.59 11.39 22.21
Public utilities	43.69	34.98	13.78	9.29	1.00	-4.30	6.02	135.57	134.97	126.04	111.70	107.37

Starts are estimated by adding changes in carryover to expenditures during the given period.
 Carryover refers to expenditures yet to be incurred on plant and equipment projects already underway at the end of the period.
 Includes industries not shown separately.

Table 5.—Expenditures for New Plant and for New Equipment by U.S. Nonfarm Business

[Billions of dollars; quarters seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

	1980	1981		19	81		19	82
	1960	1961	I	II	III	IV	I	П
Total nonfarm business Plant	295.63	321.49	312.24	316.73	328.25	327.83	327.72	323.22
	117.55	133.46	128.57	131.05	136.40	136.67	139.49	137.95
	178.08	188.04	183.67	185.68	191.85	191.17	188.23	185.28
Manufacturing Plant Equipment	115.81	126.79	124.50	125.49	130.11	126.91	128.32	123.77
	36.06	40.70	39.03	40.26	41.75	41.31	42.91	42.05
	79.76	86.09	85.47	85.23	88.37	85.60	85.41	81.71
Durable goods	58.91	61.84	61.24	63.10	62.58	60.78	60.84	59.03
	16.28	16.03	16.50	16.60	15.70	15.46	16.03	15.34
	42.63	45.82	44.74	46.50	46.88	45.32	44.81	43.69
Nondurable goods	56.90	64.95	63.27	62.40	67.53	66.14	67.48	64.74
Plant	19.78	24.68	22.54	23.66	26.05	25.86	26.88	26.72
Equipment	37.12	40.27	40.73	38.73	41.48	40.28	40.60	38.03
NonmanufacturingPlantEquipment	179.81	194.70	187.74	191.24	198.13	200.92	199.40	1 <b>99.46</b>
	81.49	92.75	89.54	90.79	94.66	95.35	96.58	95.89
	98.32	101.95	98.20	100.45	103.48	105.57	102.82	103.56
MiningPlant	13.51	16.86	16.20	16.80	17.55	16.81	17.60	16.56
	7.75	10.75	9.98	11.07	10.83	10.99	11.53	10.76
	5.76	6.11	6.22	5.73	6.72	5.82	6.08	5.80
Transportation	12.09	12.05	11.74	11.70	11.61	13.12	11.99	12.32
	2.99	3.33	3.13	3.18	3.40	3.55	3.96	4.21
	9.10	8.72	8.61	8.52	8.21	9.56	8.03	8.12
Public utilities	35.44	38.40	36.05	37.84	39.55	39.74	40.12	41.40
Plant	23.00	25.23	23.01	25.29	25.84	26.45	25.80	26.64
Equipment	12.44	13.17	13.04	12.55	13.71	13.29	14.32	14.76
Trade and services. Plant Equipment	81.79	86.33	83.43	85.88	87.55	88.33	87.80	88.85
	35.23	39.43	39.63	38.59	39.92	39.52	39.98	39.85
	46.56	46.90	43.80	47.29	47.63	48.81	47.82	49.00
Communication and other <sup>1</sup>	36.99	41.06	40.32	39.02	41.89	42.92	41.89	40.33
	12.52	14.02	13.79	12.66	14.67	14.84	15.32	14.44
	24.46	27.05	26.53	26.36	27.21	28.08	26.58	25.89

<sup>1.</sup> Includes construction; social services and membership organizations; and forestry, fisheries, and agricultural services

#### REVISED ESTIMATES OF CONSTANT- DOLLAR EXPENDITURES FOR PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, 1977-82

The tables below present revised estimates of plant and equipment expenditures (1972 dollars). These estimates are based on deflators that reflect the revisions of the national income and product accounts released in July. For the methodology and estimates prior to 1977, see "Constant-Dollar Estimates of New Plant and Equipment Expenditures, 1947–80," Survey of Current Business, September 1981, pp. 26-41.

Table A.—Expenditures for New Plant

[Billions of 1972 dollars; quarters

	T	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982 1		19	977	
	Line	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	1982	I	II	III	IV
Total nonfarm business	1	134.76	146.45	157.72	159.12	159.44	152.41	130.98	133.40	138.53	136.11
Manufacturing	2	46.11	48.80	55.44	60.01	60.75	56.74	44.69	45.72	47.69	46.34
Durable goods Primary metals 2 Blast furnaces Nonferrous metals Fabricated metals Electrical machinery Machinery, except electrical. Transportation equipment 2 Motor vehicles Aircraft Stone, clay, and glass Other durables	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	23.45 3.68 1.90 1.26 1.71 3.31 4.65 6.13 3.94 1.37 1.51 2.46	25.74 3.55 1.57 1.28 1.84 3.80 4.75 7.47 4.54 1.97 1.91 2.42	29.71 3.73 1.68 1.32 1.78 4.47 6.34 8.73 4.73 2.98 2.21	31.91 3.92 1.68 1.55 1.59 5.60 6.51 9.61 4.70 3.79 1.96 2.72	31.67 3.81 1.44 1.63 1.48 5.71 7.04 9.22 4.93 3.35 1.50 2.91	29.60 3.66 1.72 1.28 1.29 5.92 7.41 7.44 3.89 2.95 1.25 2.64	22.79 3.79 2.03 1.27 1.68 3.09 4.70 5.68 3.66 1.26	23.00 3.71 1.94 1.29 1.65 3.14 4.46 5.98 3.76 1.34 1.52 2.53	24.32 3.66 1.89 1.25 1.73 3.45 4.86 6.52 4.11 1.53 1.61 2.49	23.69 3.55 1.74 1.23 1.79 3.56 4.58 6.34 4.23 1.36 1.51 2.35
Nondurable goods Food including beverage Textiles Paper Chemicals Petroleum Rubber. Other nondurables	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22	22.66 3.51 .84 2.45 5.50 7.31 1.12 1.93	23.05 3.78 .86 2.51 5.28 7.08 1.33 2.21	25.73 3.81 .85 3.19 6.10 7.72 1.26 2.81	28.11 3.91 .85 3.64 6.65 8.79 .93 3.35	29.08 4.06 .75 3.37 6.65 9.98 .88 3.39	27.14 3.67 .58 3.00 6.48 9.23 .82 3.35	21.90 3.20 .80 2.40 5.55 7.14 .98 1.84	22.72 3.52 .86 2.52 5.43 7.27 1.04 2.08	23.37 3.64 .85 2.45 5.52 7.76 1.21 1.93	22.64 3.66 .87 2.42 5.50 7.06 1.27 1.86
Nonmanufacturing	23	88.65	97.65	102.27	99.11	98.69	95.67	86.29	87.68	90.84	89.77
Mining	24 25 26	5.26 6.26 16.82	5.13 6.55 17.54	5.10 6.79 18.25	5.10 6.04 17.55	5.39 5.59 17.30	4.72 5.44 17.22	5.37 6.21 16.65	5.33 6.69 16.61	6.15 17.07	4.81 6.00 16.94
Trade and services Wholesale and retail trade Finance, insurance, and real estate Personal, business, and professional services	27 28 29 30	40.89 11.64 13.77 15.48	46.43 12.80 17.35 16.28	49.44 13.58 18.96 16.90	47.32 12.14 18.95 16.24	47.27 11.64 19.48 16.15	46.38	39.40 11.31 12.80 15.28	39.89 11.15 13.17 15.57	42.35 12.18 14.18 15.99	41.93 11.90 14.93 15.10
Communication and other <sup>3</sup>	31 32 33	19.41 13.29 6.12	21.99 15.42 6.57	22.70 16.74 5.95	23.09 17.85 5.24	23.14 17.70 5.44	21.90	18.66 12.25 6.40	19.17 13.11 6.06	19.73 13.87 5.86	20.10 13.94 6.15

<sup>1.</sup> In deflating the planned expenditures reported by survey respondents, it is assumed that the reported plans for each industry reflect a price increase equal to the average quarterly growth rate of that industry's deflator from the second quarter of 1981 to the second quarter of 1982.

Table B.—Expenditures for New Plant and

[Billions of 1972 dollars; quarters

		1055	1050	1070	1000	1001		15	977	
	Line	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981	I	II	III	IV
otal nonfarm business	. 2	134.76 50.62 84.14	146.45 53.02 93.42	157.72 53.50 104.22	159.12 52.39 106.73	159.44 53.81 105.64	130.98 49.62 81.36	133.40 50.55 82.85	138.53 51.23 87.30	136.11 51.06 85.04
ManufacturingPlant	. 5	46.11 12.91 33.20	48.80 13.87 34.93	55.44 14.83 40.62	60.01 15.07 44.95	60.75 15.20 45.55	44.69 12.51 32.18	45.72 12.92 32.79	47.69 12.94 34.75	46.34 13.25 38.09
Durable goods	. 8	23.45 5.39 18.06	25.74 6.26 19.48	29.71 7.21 22.50	31.91 7.48 24.42	31.67 6.90 24.77	22.79 5.11 17.68	23.00 5.46 17.54	24.32 5.72 18.60	23.69 5.29 18.41
Nondurable goods Plant Equipment	. 11	22.66 7.51 15.15	23.05 7.60 15.45	25.73 7.61 18.12	28.11 7.58 20.52	29.08 8.29 20.79	21.90 7.40 14.50	22.72 7.47 15.25	23.37 7.23 16.15	22.64 7.96 14.68
Nonmanufacturing Plant Equipment		88.65 37.71 50.93	97.65 39.16 58.49	102.27 38.67 63.60	99.11 37.32 61.78	98.69 38.61 60.08	86.29 37.11 49.18	87.68 37.63 50.05	90.84 38.29 52.55	89.77 37.82 51.95
Mining Plant Equipment	. 17	5.26 2.55 2.71	5.13 2.26 2.87	5.10 2.14 2.95	5.10 2.40 2.70	5.39 2.78 2.61	5.37 2.69 2.68	5.33 2.62 2.71	5.55 2.55 3.00	4.81 2.35 2.46
Transportation Plant Equipment	. 20	6.26 1.58 4.68	6.55 1.41 5.15	6.79 1.42 5.37	6.04 1.39 4.66	5.59 1.44 4.15	6.21 1.63 4.58	6.69 2.02 4.67	6.15 1.32 1.83	6.00 1.37 4.63
Public utilities		16.82 9.71 7.11	17.54 10.54 7.01	18.25 10.98 7.27	17.55 10.64 6.91	17.30 10.67 6.63	16.65 9.87 6.78	16.61 9.49 7.12	17.07 9.52 7.55	16.94 9.95 6.99
Trade and services	. 26	40.89 17.57 23.33	46.43 18.05 28.38	49.44 17.32 32.12	47.32 16.71 30.61	47.27 17.69 29.58	39.40 16.37 23.03	39.89 17.26 22.63	42.35 18.67 23.68	41.93 17.97 23.96
Communication and other <sup>1</sup>	28 29 30	19.41 6.30 13.11	21.99 6.91 15.08	22.70 6.81 15.88	23.09 6.18 16.91	23.14 6.03 17.11	18.66 6.55 12.11	19.17 6.24 12.92	19.73 6.24 13.49	20.16 6.19 13.91

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes construction; social services and membership organizations; and forestry, fisheries, and agricultural services.

<sup>2.</sup> Includes industries not shown separately.

<sup>3</sup>. Includes construction; social services and membership organizations; and forestry, fisheries, and agricultural services.

#### and Equipment by U.S. Nonfarm Business

seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

	197	8			19'	79			19	80			19	81			19	82		1
I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	п	III 1	IV 1	Line
139.68	146,10	146.92	153.09	154.61	156.83	158.18	161.25	161.54	159.78	158.16	157.00	160.38	157.84	161.33	158.22	157.49	152.66	149.85	149.63	1
46.15	48.73	48.71	51.61	53.14	54.30	56.08	58.26	59.85	60.45	59.81	59.95	61.83	60.42	61.75	59.00	59.77	56.46	55.76	54.98	2
23.94 3.26 1.47 1.16 1.83 3.63 4.64 6.53 4.26 1.55 1.74 2.30	25.58 3.72 1.75 1.27 1.92 3.86 4.75 7.10 4.63 1.66 1.85 2.39	26.09 3.60 1.56 1.30 1.84 3.73 4.80 7.72 4.58 2.08 1.95 2.46	27.37 3.61 1.49 1.40 1.79 3.99 4.81 8.55 4.71 2.59 2.10 2.52	28.23 3.53 1.42 1.42 1.77 4.24 5.36 8.53 4.58 2.62 2.29 2.50	29.18 3.66 1.59 1.32 1.85 4.12 6.43 8.31 4.57 2.82 2.25 2.56	30.21 3.79 1.78 1.25 1.77 4.46 6.71 9.02 4.93 3.09 2.15 2.31	31.23 3.95 1.92 1.31 1.72 5.07 6.87 9.04 4.84 3.38 2.16 2.42	32.23 4.17 1.94 1.51 1.71 5.27 6.50 9.79 4.79 4.05 2.13 2.66	32.21 3.99 1.80 1.48 1.59 5.43 6.48 9.80 4.69 4.00 2.00 2.92	31.29 3.99 1.61 1.67 1.62 5.83 6.17 9.23 4.57 3.59 1.90 2.55	31.90 3.53 1.35 1.56 1.43 5.86 6.88 9.62 4.76 3.54 1.82 2.75	32.13 3.82 1.36 1.69 1.51 5.55 6.94 9.74 5.08 3.66 1.63 2.95	32.32 3.85 1.36 1.79 1.42 5.88 6.87 9.85 5.01 3.86 1.45 3.01	31.75 3.68 1.39 1.62 1.50 6.35 6.77 9.01 4.97 3.09 1.54 2.89	30.50 3.90 1.64 1.43 1.50 5.07 7.57 8.30 4.65 2.82 1.38 2.78	30.69 4.11 1.88 1.44 1.47 5.87 7.05 8.07 4.16 3.30 1.26 2.86	29.31 3.92 1.84 1.35 1.30 6.03 7.06 7.18 3.54 3.08 1.25 2.58	29.62 3.23 1.55 1.15 1.20 6.38 7.33 7.73 4.14 3.01 1.24 2.51	28.77 3.36 1.59 1.19 1.18 5.39 8.21 6.79 3.73 2.41 1.24 2.61	3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14
22.21 3.78 .86 2.36 5.30 6.62 1.30 1.99	23.15 3.74 .88 2.45 5.25 7.36 1.37 2.10	22.62 3.68 .86 2.55 5.23 6.74 1.32 2.24	24.23 3.93 .83 2.67 5.36 7.59 1.33 2.52	24.91 3.91 .81 3.09 5.70 7.53 1.34 2.52	25.12 3.86 .80 3.17 6.09 7.23 1.30 2.67	25.87 3.66 .89 3.18 6.23 7.68 1.23 3.00	27.03 3.82 .88 3.30 6.39 8.43 1.15 3.05	27.62 3.90 .87 3.53 6.83 8.20 1.00 3.29	28.24 4.04 .84 3.68 6.75 8.40 .92 3.61	28.52 3.92 .80 3.67 6.87 9.13 .97 3.17	28.05 3.79 .88 3.66 6.15 9.41 .82 3.35	29.70 4.35 .75 3.57 6.55 10.18 .90 3.40	28.11 3.98 .78 3.22 5.92 10.00 .88 3.33	30.00 4.24 .73 3.48 7.24 9.85 .89 3.58	28.51 3.69 .72 3.22 6.87 9.89 .86 3.26	29.08 3.97 .65 2.96 6.83 10.18 .88 3.61	27.14 3.60 60 2.91 6.44 9.54 .86 3.19	26.14 3.55 .55 3.09 6.28 8.73 .79 3.14	26.20 3.58 .53 3.06 6.39 8.45 .75 3.45	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22
93.53	97.37	98.20	101.48	101.47	102.53	102.10	102.99	101.70	99.33	98.35	97.05	98.56	97.42	99.58	99.22	97.72	96.20	94.09	94.66	23
4.79 6.77 16.98	5.15 6.21 17.16	5.24 6.45 17.62	5.36 6.79 18.41	5.34 6.58 18.11	5.04 6.68 18.49	4.99 6.91 18.67	5.01 7.00 17.72	4.79 6.41 18.48	4.98 6.06 17.51	5.17 6.04 17.44	5.48 5.67 16.76	5.56 5.62 16.99	5.37 5.47 17.22	5.63 5.36 17.75	5.00 5.91 17.24	5.19 5.38 17.39	4.80 5.49 17.55	4.43 5.01 16.89	4.47 5.89 17.05	24 25 26
43.99 12.40 16.39 15.20	47.06 12.42 17.32 17.32	46.22 13.10 17.50 15.63	48.44 13.29 18.18 16.97	49.02 13.10 18.38 17.54	49.86 13.94 19.01 16.90	48.75 13.46 18.71 16.58	50.13 13.80 19.74 16.58	48.15 12.65 18.84 16.66	47.04 13.00 18.32 15.71	46.80 11.85 18.87 16.09	47.31 11.06 19.75 16.50	46.57 10.95 18.88 16.74	47.05 11.74 18.53 16.78	47.57 11.70 20.32 15.56	47.89 12.19 20.17 15.53	47.60 10.91 20.05 16.63	47.24 11.13 19.18 16.92	45.70	44.97	27 28 29 30
21.01 14.76 6.25	21.79 15.29 6.50	22.68 15.78 6.89	22.49 15.84 6.65	22.42 15.94 6.48	22.46 16.23 6.23	22.78 17.03 5.75	23.13 17.78 5.35	23.88 18.59 5.29	23.75 18.47 5.28	22.90 17.80 5.10	21.83 16.53 5.29	23.82 18.45 5.38	22.31 17.10 5.21	23.26 17.73 5.53	23.17 17.53 5.65	22.15 16.57 5.58	21.13 15.90 5.22	22.06	22.27	31 32 33

#### for New Equipment by U.S. Nonfarm Business

seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

	197	78			19	79			19	80			19	81		19	82	
I	II	III	IV	İ	11	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III	IV	I	II	Line
139.68	146.10	146.92	153.09	154.61	156.83	158.18	161.25	161.54	159.78	158.16	157.00	160.38	157.84	161.33	158.22	157.49	152.66	1
52.77	52.91	52.64	53.78	54.52	53.87	53.20	52.40	54.20	52.46	51.34	51.57	54.22	53.40	54.80	52.80	53.42	52.05	2
86.91	93.19	94.27	99.31	100.09	102.96	104.98	108.85	107.35	107.32	106.82	105.43	106.16	104.44	106.52	105.42	104.07	100.61	3
46.15 13.91 32.24	48.73 13.28 35.45	48.71 13.91 34.80	51.61 14.36 37.25	<b>53.14</b> 14.93 38.21	54.30 14.85 39.45	56.08 14.95 41.13	58.26 14.57 43.69	<b>59.85</b> 14.98 44.87	60.45 15.45 44.99	59.81 15.20 44.61	<b>59.95</b> 14.64 45.31	61.83 15.32 46.50	60.42 15.32 45.10	61.75 15.56 46.19	<b>59.00</b> 14.59 44.41	59.77 15.04 44.73	56.46 14.37 42.08	4 5 6
23.94	25.58	26.09	27.37	28.23	29.18	30.21	31.23	32.23	32.21	31.29	31.90	32.13	32.32	31.75	30.50	30.69	29.31	7
6.02	6.04	6.31	6.69	7.05	7.26	7.20	7.33	7.84	7.79	7.51	6.79	7.28	7.16	6.75	6.43	6.62	6.23	8
17.92	19.54	19.78	20.68	21.17	21.92	23.01	23.89	24.38	24.42	23.77	25.11	24.85	25.15	25.00	24.06	24.07	23.08	9
22.21	23.15	22.62	24.23	24.91	25.12	25.87	27.03	27.62	28.24	28.52	28.05	29.70	28.11	30.00	28.51	29.08	27.14	10
7.89	7.24	7.60	7.67	7.88	7.59	7.75	7.24	7.13	7.67	7.69	7.85	8.05	8.16	8.81	8.16	8.42	8.14	11
14.32	15.90	15.02	16.56	17.03	17.53	18.12	19.79	20.49	20.57	20.83	20.21	21.65	19.95	21.19	20.35	20.66	19.00	12
93.53	97.37	98.20	101.48	101.47	102.53	102.10	102.99	101.70	99.33	98.35	97.05	98.56	97.42	99.58	99.22	97.72	96.20	13
38.86	39.63	38.73	39.42	39.59	39.02	38.25	37.83	39.22	37.00	36.14	36.93	38.90	38.08	39.25	38.21	38.38	37.68	14
54.67	57.74	59.48	62.07	61.88	63.52	63.85	65.16	62.48	62.33	62.21	60.12	59.66	59.34	60.33	61.01	59.34	58.52	15
4.79	5.15	5.24	5.36	5.34	5.04	4.99	5.01	4.79	4.98	5.17	5.48	5.56	5.37	5.63	5.00	5.19	4.80	16
2.26	2.33	2.35	2.11	2.15	2.06	2.12	2.25	2.16	2.27	2.54	2.65	2.79	2.92	2.80	2.63	2.72	2.48	17
2.53	2.82	2.88	3.26	3.19	2.98	2.87	2.77	2.63	2.71	2.63	2.83	2.77	2.45	2.83	2.36	2.47	2.32	18
6.77	6.21	6.45	6.79	6.58	6.68	6.91	7.00	6.41	6.06	6.04	5.67	5.62	5.47	5.36	5.91	5.38	5.49	19
1.50	1.30	1.44	1.39	1.38	1.43	1.44	1.42	1.54	1.35	1.33	1.33	1.39	1.39	1.47	1.50	1.67	1.75	20
5.26	4.91	5.01	5.40	5.20	5.26	5.47	5.58	4.87	4.71	4.71	4.34	4.23	4.08	3.89	4.41	3.71	3.73	21
16.98	17.16	17.62	18.41	18.11	18.49	18.67	17.72	18.48	17.51	17.44	16.76	16.99	17.22	17.75	17.24	17.39	17.55	22
10.39	10.29	10.40	11.06	10.89	11.15	11.38	10.50	11.31	10.52	10.33	10.41	10.18	10.85	10.89	10.75	10.36	10.54	23
6.59	6.87	7.21	7.35	7.22	7.34	7.29	7.23	7.17	6.99	7.11	6.35	6.80	6.37	6.87	6.50	7.04	7.01	24
43.99	47.06	46.22	48.44	49.02	49.86	48.75	50.13	48.15	47.04	46.80	47.31	46.57	47.05	47.57	47.89	47.60	47.24	25
18.40	18.75	17.38	17.65	18.07	17.43	16.68	17.10	17.73	16.26	15.86	17.00	18.21	17.40	17.87	17.27	17.44	17.11	26
25.59	28.31	28.84	30.79	30.95	32.43	32.08	33.03	30.41	30.78	30.94	30.31	28.37	29.65	29.70	30.62	30.16	30.13	27
21.01	21.79	22.68	22.49	22.42	22.46	22.78	23.13	23.88	23.75	22.90	21.83	23.82	22.31	23.26	23.17	22.15	21.13	28
6.32	6.95	7.15	7.21	7.10	6.96	6.63	6.56	6.48	6.60	6.08	5.55	6.33	5.52	6.22	6.06	6.20	5.80	29
14.69	14.84	15.53	15.28	15.32	15.50	16.15	16.56	17.40	17.15	16.82	16.28	17.49	16.79	17.04	17.12	15.95	15.33	30

Table 6.—Manufacturers' Evaluation of Their Plant and Equipment Facilities <sup>1</sup>

[Percent distribution of gross depreciable assets]

		1981		19	82
	June 30	Sept. 30	Dec. 31	Mar. 31	June 3
More plant and equipment needed:					
All manufacturing	31.3	31.1	27.2	25.3	23
Durable goods <sup>2</sup>	27.4	27.5	22.5	19.8	18
Primary metals	18.9	25.3	11.2	8.4	- 7
Metal products 3	34.7	30.9	29.0	25.9	25
Nondurable goods 2	35.1	34.7	32.0	30.6	28
Food including beverage	41.9	41.6	38.3	27.0	19
Chemicals and petroleum	40.2	40.3	35.6	38.1	39
about adequate:					
All manufacturing	58.5	54.1	57.8	54.1	53
Durable goods <sup>2</sup>	59.0	55.1	55.9	54.2	51
Primary metals	65.2	48.3	52.3	53.5	56
Metal products 3	53.7	56.8	56.4	54.3	49
Nondurable goods 2	58.0	53.0	59.5	54.1	5
Food including beverage	51.8	51.0	51.5	64.1	72
Chemicals and petroleum	52.3	44.2	57.5	47.4	47
Existing plant and equipment exceeds needs:	1				
All manufacturing	10.2	14.8	15.0	20.6	23
Durable goods 2	13.6	17.4	21.6	26.0	30
Primary metals	15.9	26.4	36.5	38.1	39
Metal products 3	11.6	12.3	14.6	19.8	2
Nondurable goods 2	6.9	12.3	8.5	15.3	10
Food including beverage	6.3	7.4	10.2	8.9	,
Chemicals and petroleum	7.5	15.5	6.9	14.5	13

<sup>1.</sup> According to respondent companies' characterization of their plant and equipment facilities, taking into account their current and prospective sales for the next 12 months.

2. Includes industries not shown separately.

3. Includes machinery, transportation equipment, and fabricated metals.

creases are planned by chemicals, petroleum, and "other nondurables."3

In real terms, manufacturers plan a 6.6-percent decline in 1982 spending; the decline is 6.5 percent in durables and 6.7 percent in nondurables. In 1981, manufacturers increased real spending 1 percent.

Manufacturers started new investment projects during the second quarter of 1982 totaling \$29.0 billion—\$1.3 billion, or 4.7 percent, more than in the first quarter. The second-quarter increase was in durable goods industries, which reported an increase of \$1.6 billion; nondurable goods reported a decrease of \$0.3 billion. The value of new projects started by man-

Table 7.—Expenditures for New Plant and Equipment by U.S. Nonfarm Business

[Billions of dollars; quarters seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

	1000	1001	1982 1		198	81			19	82	
	1980	1981	1982	I	II	III	IV	I	II	III '	IV 1
Total nonfarm business	295.63	321.49	323.66	312.24	316.73	328.25	327.83	327.72	323.22	320.24	324.4
Manufacturing	115.81	126.79	124.23	124.50	125.49	130.11	126.91	128.32	123.77	123.09	122.8
Durable goods	58.91	61.84	59.50	61.24	63.10	62.58	60.78	60.84	59.03	59.98	58.8
Primary metals 2	7.71	8.12	8.05	7.84	8.14	7.89	8.48	8.92	8.70	7.26	7.6
Blast furnaces, steel works	3.29	3.17	3.82	2.86	2.93	3.04	3.64	4.13	4.13	3.52	3.6
Nonferrous metals	3.11	3.46	2.88	3.48	3.82	3.49	3.13	3.16	3.05	2.63	2.7
Fabricated metals	2.96	2.96	2.65	2.92	2.82	3.05	3.05	3.00	2.69	2.50	2.4
Electrical machinery	9.59	10.31	10.98	9.79	10.62	11.60	9.49	10.79	11.22	11.96	10.1
Machinery, except electrical	11.59	13.22	14.32	12.66	12.94	12.82	14.34	13.34	13.55	14.15	15.9
Transportation equipment 2	18.16	18.39	15.38	18.98	19.58	18.25	17.01	16.39	14.87	16.21	14.4
Motor vehicles	9.06	10.08	8.22	10.09	10.22	10.31	9.72	8.64	7.49	8.85	8.0
Aircraft	7.03	6.43	5.89	6.98	7.41	5.99	5.58	6.48	6.21	6.14	4.9
Stone, clay, and glass		3.14	2.78	3.31	3.05	3.28	2.96	2.73	2.77	2.79	2.8
Other durables 3		5.69	5.33	5.73	5.94	5.70	5.45	5.67	5.22	5.12	5.3
Nondurable goods	56.90	64.95	64.74	63.27	62.40	67.53	66.14	67.48	64.74	63.10	64.0
Food including beverage	. 7.39	8.22	7.74	8.55	8.15	8.67	7.66	8.23	7.59	7.56	7.6
Textiles	1.62	1.56	1.27	1.53	1.62	1.54	1.53	1.39	1.31	1.21	1.1
Paper	6.80	6.72	6.28	6.93	6.42	7.01	6.56	6.05	6.04	6.49	6.4
Chemicals	12.60	13.60	13.97	12.81	12.01	14.95	14.42	14.35	13.83	13.67	14.1
Petroleum	20.69	26.56	27.09	25.33	26.03	26.61	27.81	28.61	27.82	26.20	26.0
Rubber	1.73	1.77	1.71	1.74	1.76	1.80	1.76	1.80	1.80	1.67	1.€
Other nondurables 4	6.08	6.53	6.67	6.37	6.39	6.94	6.41	7.06	6.35	6.32	7.0
Nonmanufacturing	179.81	194.70	199.43	187.74	191.24	198.13	200.92	199.40	199.46	197.15	201.5
Mining	13.51	16.86	16.48	16.20	16.80	17.55	16.81	17.60	16.56	15.66	16.2
Transportation	12.09	12.05	12.33	11.74	11.70	11.61	13.12	11.99	12.32	11.38	13.5
Railroad	4.25	4.24	4.51	4.23	4.38	4.18	4.18	4.56	4.73	4.10	4.€
Air		3.81	3.86	3.85	3.29	3.34	4.82	3.20	3.54	3.79	4.8
Other		4.00	3.95	3.66	4.04	4.09	4.12	4.23	4.06	3.50	4.0
Public utilities	35.44	38.40	40.90	36.05	37.84	39.55	39.74	40.12	41.40	40.54	41.6
Electric	. 28.12	29.74	32.29	27.69	29.32	30.54	31.14	30.95	32.26	32.67	33.
Gas and other		8.65	8.61	8.36	8.53	9.01	8.60	9.17	9.14	7.87	8.8
Trade and services	81.79	86.33	87.40	83.43	85.88	87.55	88.33	87.80	88.85	86.71	86.0
Wholesale and retail trade		22.43		20.57	22.54	22.71	23.70	21.38	22.11		
Finance, insurance, and real estate		34.36		32.83	32.60	36.11	35.89	35.78	34.73		
Personal, business, and prof. svcs		29.54		30.03	30.74	28.73	28.73	30.63	32.01		
Communication and other	36.99	41.06	42.33	40.32	39.02	41.89	42.92	41.89	40.33	42.85	44.
Communication		28.89	12.00	28.68	27.45	29.43	29.94	29.04	28.23	12.00	
Other 5		12.17		11.64	11.57	12.45	12.97	12.85	12.10		

<sup>1.</sup> Estimates are based on planned capital expenditures reported by business in late July and August 1982. The planned expenditures for 1982 have been corrected for biases. The adjustment procedures are described in the October 1980 SURVEY. Before adjustment, plans for 1982 were \$323.42 billion for total nonfarm business, \$127.17 billion for manufacturing, and \$196.25 billion for nonmanufacturing.

<sup>3.</sup> The 1982 estimate of planned spending for petroleum was lowered because of adjustments for mergers that occurred since the latter part of 1981, and the estimates for iron and steel and for chemicals were increased.

<sup>2.</sup> Includes industries not shown separately.

<sup>3.</sup> Consists of lumber, furniture, instruments, and miscellaneous.

<sup>4.</sup> Consists of apparel, tobacco, leather, and printing-publishing.

<sup>5.</sup> Consists of construction; social services and membership organizations; and forestry, fisheries, and agricultural services.

ufacturers in the second quarter was less than their capital expenditures, resulting in a decrease in carryover. Carryover totaled \$87.5 billion at the end of June, \$1.9 billion less than at the end of March.

#### Capacity utilization

The utilization of manufacturing capacity was 71 percent in June; this is 1 percentage point lower than the rates in March and December, 4 points lower than the recession rates in March and June 1975, and is the lowest rate reported since the survey was initiated in 1965.

The decline in the utilization rate from March to June reflected sizable offsetting changes for some industry groups. Primary metals declined 9 points, to 52 percent. Stone-clay-glass declined 6 points, to 62 percent, and nonelectrical machinery declined 3 points, to 82 percent. Chemicals and paper each declined 2 points, to 70 and 81 percent, respectively. Motor vehicles increased 6 points, to 67 percent, and petroleum increased 5 points, to 75 percent. Rubber increased 4 points, to 76 percent, and food-beverage increased 3 points, to 78 percent.

The utilization rate in June for advanced-processed goods industries rose 1 point, to 74 percent; the rate for primary-processed goods declined 4 points, to 66 percent.

The rate for large firms (assets of \$100 million and over) declined 1 point, to 72 percent. Medium-sized firms (assets of \$10 million to \$100 million) declined 2 points, to 72 percent, and small firms declined 1 point, to 69 percent.

Manufacturing companies owning 23½ percent of fixed assets reported a need for more facilities as of the end of June, 2 percentage points lower than at the end of March; the decline was centered in the primary metal and food-beverage industries. Facilities viewed as adequate declined one-half of 1 percentage point, to 53½ percent, and those viewed as exceeding needs increased 2½ points, to 23 percent.

#### **Nonmanufacturing Programs**

Current-dollar spending by non-manufacturing industries was at an annual rate of \$199.5 billion in the second quarter; this rate is about the same as in the first quarter and followed a 0.8-percent decline from the fourth quarter to the first. Plans indicate a 1.2-percent decline in the third quarter and a 2.2-percent increase in the fourth. In the second quarter, increases in air transportation, electric utilities, and railroads were offset by declines in mining, "other transportation," and "communication and other." In the third quarter, planned

increases for air transportation and "communication and other" are more than offset by declines for railroads, "other transportation," mining, gas utilities, and trade and services. In the fourth quarter, all industry groups except trade and services contribute to the planned increase.

Planned current-dollar spending by nonmanufacturing firms for the year 1982, \$199.4 billion, is 2.4 percent larger than in 1981; actual spending increased 8.3 percent in 1981. The largest increases this year are planned by electric utilities, 8½ percent, and railroads, 6½ percent. Smaller increases are planned by "communication and other," air transportation, and trade and services. Small decreases are planned by mining, "other transportation," and gas utilities.

In real terms, nonmanufacturing industries plan a 3.1-percent decline in spending for 1982. The largest decline is in mining, 12½ percent; smaller declines are planned by "communication and other," transportation, trade and services, and public utilities.

Investment projects started by public utilities totaled \$6.0 billion in the second quarter, compared with a negative \$4.3 billion in the first quarter. Carryover of utility projects totaled \$107.4 billion at the end of June, \$4.3 billion less than at the end of March.

# Capital Expenditures by Majority-owned Foreign Affiliates of U.S. Companies, 1982 and 1983

MAJORITY-OWNED foreign affiliates of U.S. companies plan to increase capital expenditures less than one-half of a percent, to \$46.6 billion, in 1983, following a planned 6-percent increase this year. In 1981, spending increased 3 percent (table 1 and chart 9). In each of the 3 years 1981–83, spending in real terms would probably show a decline.

The slowdown in 1981-83 reflects generally sluggish business conditions abroad and high interest rates. Spending by manufacturing affiliates is expected to be depressed throughout the period. Spending by petroleum affiliates is expected to be weak except in 1982, when a strong increase is largely for development of alternative energy sources.

The slowdown follows record increases in 1979 and 1980, when affiliates in manufacturing significantly expanded capacity in response to strong demand abroad; affiliates manufacturing transportation equipment had particularly strong increases. In 1980, petroleum spending also increased strongly, largely as a result of intensified exploration for, and production of, petroleum following a near-doubling of crude oil prices in

Note.—Patricia E. DiVenuti and Edward L. Simons assisted in preparing the estimates. Smith W. Allnutt III designed the computer programs for data retrieval and analysis.

1979 by members of the Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries.

In recent surveys, spending estimates have generally been revised down. The latest estimate for 1982, based on the BEA survey taken in June 1982, is much lower than the estimate made 6 months earlier, which indicated expenditures would increase 11 percent. Although estimates for every industry were revised down, most of the revision was in petroleum and in chemical manufacturing. For 1981, the latest estimate is also lower than the earlier one; most of the revision was in petroleum.

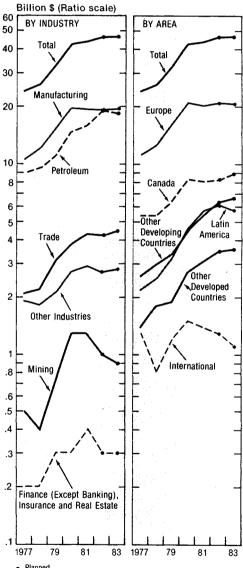
Manufacturing affiliates plan to increase spending 2 percent, to \$19.5 billion, in 1983; no change in spending is planned this year. Affiliates in trade plan a 7-percent increase, to \$4.5 billion, following a 2-percent decline. In contrast to these increases, petroleum affiliates plan a 3-percent decline, to \$18.6 billion, following a 21-percent increase.

By area, affiliates in developed countries plan a 2-percent spending increase, to \$33.1 billion, in 1983, following a 4-percent increase. In developing countries, a 1-percent decline, to \$12.4 billion, is planned, following a 12-percent increase. Affiliates in "international"—those that have operations spanning more than one country and that are engaged in petroleum shipping, other water transportation, petroleum trading, or operating oil and gas drilling equipment that is moved from country to country during the year-plan a 16-percent decline, to \$1.1 billion, compared with a 3-percent decline last year.

#### Petroleum

Petroleum affiliates plan to reduce spending 3 percent, to \$18.6 billion, in 1983, following a planned 21-percent increase this year. This will be the

# Capital Expenditures by Majority-Owned Foreign Affiliates of U.S. Companies



 Planned
 NOTE.—Estimates are for nonbank foreign affiliates of nonbank U. S. parents.

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

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<sup>1.</sup> Capital expenditures estimates are for majority-owned nonbank foreign affiliates of nonbank U.S. parents. (An affiliate is majority owned when the combined ownership of all U.S. parents exceeds 50 percent.) Capital expenditures are expenditures that are made to acquire, add to, or improve property, plant, and equipment, and that are charged to capital accounts. They are on a gross basis; sales and other dispositions of fixed assets are not netted against them. Capital expenditures are reported to BEA in current dollars; they are not adjusted for price changes in host countries or for changes in the value of foreign currencies, because the data needed for these adjustments are unavailable.

first decline in petroleum expenditures since 1960. The decline reflects several factors, including weak worldwide industrial activity, continued energy conservation and substitution, and oil refining capacity in excess of projected needs. Also, some petroleum companies may be shifting some spending from abroad to the United States; the U.S. Government has sought to encourage domestic spending, partly by granting exploration and production rights in previously restricted territories and partly by decontrolling the domestic price of oil, in order to reduce U.S. dependence on foreign oil.

The strong spending increase this year largely reflects increased spending by petroleum affiliates to develop alternative energy sources. Increases in Colombia and Australia are largely for extracting coal; in Germany and the Netherlands, the increases are partly for constructing facilities that convert coal into coke.

Smaller spending increases, shifts to spending declines, are expected in every geographic area in which there is sizable petroleum investment. In developed countries, affiliates plan to reduce spending 5 percent, to \$11.2 billion, after a 20-percent increase in 1982 (tables 2-4). Canadian affiliates plan to lower spending slightly, after a 26-percent increase this year. The decline is largely attributable to an affiliate that, in mid-1982, indefinitely postponed participation in an oil sands project; partly offsetting are spending increases on several upstream and downstream projects by other affiliates.2 Spending by Canadian affiliates in each of the years 1981-83 would have been higher if U.S. companies had not sold several large oil and gas properties in 1981.

These sales were partly in response to anticipated and actual changes in Canadian energy policies. One objective of these policies is to increase Canadian participation in the petroleum industry. By providing preferential treatment of locally owned or controlled companies in, for example, the granting of exploration subsidies and production rights, these policies have tended to make petroleum properties in Canada more valuable to local than to U.S. (and other non-Canadian) investors.

In the North Sea area, British affiliates plan to reduce spending 13 percent, to \$3.6 billion, after a 2-percent increase. This decline will be the largest since 1969. It partly reflects the response of oil companies to the smaller-than-expected reduction in the United Kingdom's taxes on North Sea operations. Norwegian affiliates plan a 17-percent increase, to \$1.7 billion, after a 20-percent increase this year. Both increases are for continued

Table 1.—Capital Expenditures by Majority-Owned Foreign Affiliates of U.S. Companies, 1977-83

		1	Percent c	hange fro	m prece	ding year	г					Billi	ons of do	llars			
	A	ctual exp	penditure	s	Latest	plans 1	Earlier	plans <sup>2</sup>		Actua	l expend	itures		Latest	plans 1	Earlier	plans 2
	1978	1979	1980	1981 ¹	1982	1983	1981	1982	1977	1978	1979	1980	1981 1	1982	1983	1981	1982
Total	9	25	30	3	6	(*)	7	11	24.1	26.1	32.6	42.4	43.7	46.4	46.6	45.5	50.7
By industry																	
Mining	-14	51	89	2	-26	-9	17	-24	.5	.4	.7	1.3	1.3	1.0	.9	1.5	1.1
Petroleum	7	16	34	7	21	-3	18	18	8.9	9.5	11.0	14.8	15.8	19.1	18.6	17.5	20.5
Manufacturing	14	29	27	-2	(*)	2	(*)	10	10.5	12.0	15.4	19.5	19.2	19.1	19.5	19.5	21.4
Food and kindred products	17 -8 7 22 23 18 16	25 38 11 31 26 54	28 14 37 18 24 49 29	-7 (*) -9 -9 -10 18 -12	$egin{array}{c} 7 \\ 9 \\ 37 \\ -1 \\ 8 \\ -22 \\ 13 \\ \end{array}$	$1\\3\\9\\10\\6\\-14\\6$	$     \begin{array}{r}       -2 \\       5 \\       12 \\       -15 \\       -5 \\       12 \\       4     \end{array} $	17 27 54 11 11 -10	.8 2.0 .5 3.0 .7 1.6 1.8	.9 1.9 .6 3.6 .9 1.9 2.1	1.2 2.6 .6 4.7 1.1 2.9 2.2	1.5 3.0 .9 5.6 1.4 4.4 2.8	1.4 3.0 .8 5.1 1.2 5.2 2.5	1.5 3.2 1.1 5.1 1.3 4.1 2.8	1.5 3.3 1.2 5.6 1.4 3.5 3.0	1.5 3.1 1.0 4.8 1.3 4.9 3.0	1.7 4.0 1.5 5.3 1.4 4.4 3.0
Trade	9 -10 -6	37 49 22	25 7 28	13 12 5	-2 -17 -7	7 2 3	$-3 \\ 32 \\ 7$	16 (*) (*)	2.1 .2 1.9	2.2 .2 1.8	3.1 .3 2.1	3.8 .3 2.7	4.3 .4 2.9	4.2 .3 2.7	4.5 .3 2.8	3.7 .4 2.9	4.3 .4 2.9
By area														ĺ			
Developed countries	10	25	29	-2	4	2	1	11	18.0	19.8	24.8	31.9	31.3	32.6	33.1	32.4	35.8
Canada Europe	1 13	20 30	29 27	$^{-2}_{-4}$	2 4	$^{7}_{-1}$	$\begin{array}{c} 2 \\ -1 \end{array}$	12 10	5.4 11.2	5.4 12.6	6.5 16.4	8.3 20.8	8.1 20.1	8.3 20.8	8.9 20.6	8.5 20.6	9.5 22.7
European Communities (9) <sup>3</sup>	13 1 34 20 -7 9	28 26 28 27 31 42	27 23 17 33 28 26	-9 -13 -15 -6 -8 30	(*) 1 4 13	(*) 9 8 -5 (*) -8	$ \begin{array}{r} -5 \\ -19 \\ -16 \\ 2 \\ -1 \\ 22 \end{array} $	9 15 7 5 16 16	9.6 1.4 2.0 3.9 2.4 1.5	10.9 1.4 2.6 4.7 2.2 1.7	14.0 1.8 3.4 6.0 2.9 2.4	17.8 2.2 3.9 8.0 3.7 3.0	16.2 1.9 3.4 7.5 3.4 3.9	16.9 1.9 3.4 7.7 3.8 4.0	16.9 2.1 3.7 7.3 3.8 3.6	16.9 1.8 3.3 8.1 3.7 3.7	18.4 2.0 3.5 8.5 4.3 4.3
Japan Australia, New Zealand and South Africa	32 20	15 7	42 40	$^{-11}_{22}$	22 10	11 3	$-7 \\ 34$	29 6	.4 1.0	.6 1.2	.6 1.3	.9 1.8	.8 2.2	1.0 2.5	1.1 2.5	.8 2.5	1.1 2.6
Developing countries Latin America Other Africa Middle East Other Asia and Pacific	16 17 14 -10 56	$\begin{array}{c} 20 \\ 27 \\ 12 \\ -27 \\ 52 \end{array}$	38 42 44 -10 47	23 24 25 -24 33	12 7 19 25 16	$     \begin{array}{r}       -1 \\       -6 \\       (*) \\       -27 \\       12     \end{array} $	28 27 34 -35 46	19 19 13 56 18	4.8 2.2 .7 1.2 .7	5.5 2.5 .8 1.1 1.1	6.6 3.2 .9 .8 1.7	9.0 4.6 1.3 .7 2.5	11.1 5.7 1.6 .5 3.3	12.5 6.1 1.9 .7 3.8	12.4 5.7 1.9 .5 4.3	11.6 5.8 1.7 .5 3.6	13.8 6.9 2.0 .7 4.3
International	-38	51	22	-8	-3	-16	2	-33	1.3	.8	1.2	1.5	1.4	1.3	1.1	1.5	1.0
Addenda: European Communities (10) 4 OPEC 5	10	 -2	13	6	4 30	(*) 6	47	9	1.7	1.9	1.9	2.1	. 16.2 2.2	16.9 2.9	17.0 3.1	16.9 3.1	18.5 3.1

<sup>\*</sup>Less than 0.5 percent  $(\pm)$ .

<sup>2.</sup> Spending on another recently postponed oil sands project is not included in the data, because the company established to carry out the project is not majority owned by U.S. companies.

<sup>1.</sup> Based on the BEA survey taken in June 1982.

<sup>2.</sup> Based on the BEA survey taken in December 1981.

<sup>3.</sup> European Communities (9) consists of Belgium, Denmark, France, Germany, Ireland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, and the United States Kingdom.

<sup>4.</sup> European Communities (10) consists of European Communities (9) and Greece.

<sup>5.</sup> OPEC consists of Algeria, Ecuador, Gabon, Indonesia, Iraq, Iraq, Kuwait, Libya, Nigeria, Qatar, Saudi Arabia, Venezuela, and the United Arab Emirates.

NOTE.—Estimates are for nonbank foreign affiliates of nonbank U.S. parents.

Table 2.—Capital Expenditures by Majority-Owned Foreign Affiliates of U.S. Companies in 1981  $^{\rm 1}$ [Millions of dollars]

				[Million	s of dollar	sj								
							Manu	facturing					Fi- nance	
	All indus- tries	Mining	Petro- leum	Total	Food and kindred prod- ucts	Chemicals and allied products	Pri- mary and fabri- cated metals	Ma- chinery, except electri- cal	Electric and elec- tronic equip- ment	Trans- portation equip- ment	Other manu- facturing	Trade	(except bank- ing), insur- ance and real estate	Other indus- tries
All countries	43,748	1,290	15,761	19,164	1,407	2,968	804	5,106	1,210	5,177	2,492	4,291	375	2,867
Developed countries	31,280	970	9,844	15,425	890	2,304	588	4,638	800	4,229	1,977	3,293	286	1,462
Canada	8,145	420	2,700	3,800	200	655	201	649	159	1,211	725	450	95	680
Europe European Communities (10)	16,208 596 246 1,922 3,356 48 312 1,114 21 1,115 7,477	5 4 (*) 0 0 1 1 1 0 0 0	6,596 5,264 74 103 (P) 370 6 (P) 147 1 258 4,100	10,273 8,686 357 19 1,316 2,653 229 797 19 683 2,591	598 556 8 12 50 95 4 15 48 0 102 223	1,475 1,327 110 1 165 243 14 49 105 5 215 419	351 337 7 1 27 122 (*) 2 19 0 27 132	3,423 3,296 38 (*) 821 959 (*) (P) (P) 3 245 735	567 496 36 (P) 555 139 1 54 39 (P) 13 150	2,715 (P) 115 53 835 1 (P) 55 0 3 (P)	1,144 (P) 43 (P) 145 261 2 (P) (P) (P) (P)	2,319 1,514 148 118 310 250 18 27 139 (*) 115 390	166 84 (*) (*) 1 2 1 9 (*) (*) (*)	724 658 17 69 80 (* 09 31 (* 60 32
Other Europe Austria Norway Portugal Spain Sweden Switzerland Turkey Other	468 1,326 93 1,248 255 370 18	1 0 1 0 0 0 0 1 0	1,331 22 1,207 (P) 28 28 (P) 1 20	1,587 360 35 40 948 143 57 2	3 0 2 32 32 2 3 (*) 0	148 2 2 5 105 25 8 1 (*)	14 3 (*) 1 6 2 1 0 (*)	128 3 (*) 2 (P) (P) (P) 0 0	70 (P) (P) 2 (P) (P) 10 (*)	(P) (P) 4 23 (P) 2 (*) 0 0	(P) (P) (P) 6 (P) (P) (P) 2	805 80 69 40 252 80 195 14 76	82 (P) (P) (*) (*) (P) (*)	70 (P) (P) (P) 20 4 35 (*)
Japan	i	0	34	666	(D)	70	(D)	(b)	48	( <sup>D</sup> )	12	96	9	2
Australia, New Zealand, and South Africa	1,782	545 520 (*) 25	515 440 21 54	685 512 27 147	(P) 50 (P) 30	104 77 4 23	(P) (P) 0 12	(P) (P) 1 19	26 18 2 6	(P) (P) (P) 26	96 55 10 31	428 250 35 143	15 15 (*) (*)	50 43
Developing countries	J	320 273	5,017 1,158	3,739 3,114	517 411	664 542	216 191	469 422	410 186	948 929	515 433	998 716	89 67	954 355
South America	635 1,640 287 345 62 455 1,453 1,433 1,198 74	233 5 2 (P) 3 0 (P) 0 (P) 18 3 0 15	991 130 86 34 235 25 345 66 70 40 12	2,124 434 1,325 12 61 21 9 197 65 964 913 5	250 57 108 1 10 3 2 42 27 150 123 2 25	430 80 247 5 32 5 2 58 (*) 109 100 2 8	140 (P) 88 2 3 1 3 7 (P) 51 50 0	398 142 250 0 (P) 0 (*) (P) (P) 24 24 24	77 4 60 (*) 1 2 1 9 (*) 105 103 (*)	549 (P) 385 (*) 5 0 (*) (P) 1 380 379 0 (*)	280 (P) 188 4 (P) 9 2 28 (P) 145 135	470 57 175 43 40 17 (P) 93 (P) 235 212 7	29 (*) (P) 1 0 (P) 1 (*) 25 3 22 1	9: (t) (t) (t) 2: 15: 5: 3: 5:
Other Western Hemisphere	300 48 (P) 20 115	21 1 0 (*) 0 20	127 8 (*) (D) (D) 7	26 2 (*) (*) 6 17	11 1 0 (*) (*) (*)	3 1 0 (*) 1 1	1 0 0 (*) 0	0 0 0 0 0	3 0 0 0 (*) 3	0 0 0 0	7 0 (*) 0 5 2	10 (*) (*) 2 5 3	13 2 1 (*) (b) (b)	10 3 ('
Other Africa Saharan Egypt Libya Other Sub-Saharan Liberia Nigeria Other	560 332 151 77 1,053 19 263	26 4 4 0 0 23 (P) (*)	1,483 538 318 150 70 945 (*) 245 700	55 4 1 (*) 3 51 1 7 43	21 (*) 0 0 (*) 21 1 1 19	6 1 1 0 (*) 6 0 4 2	(P) (*) 0 (*) (*) (*) (*) (*)	(*) (*) 0 (*) 0 0 0	(P) (*) 0 (*) (P) 0 (*) (*)	(*) (*) (*) 0 0 (*) 0	8 2 0 0 2 6 0 2 4	24 6 3 1 3 18 5 8 5	4 0 0 0 0 0 4 2 (*)	1 (f
Middle East. Israel OPEC Other	83 409	1 0 1 0	350 6 313 32	29 18 11 (*)	5 4 1 (*)	5 4 (*) (*)	(b) (b) (*)	13 3 10 (*)	(b) (D) 0	0 0 0 0	(*) (*) 0	87 (P) 50 (P)	3 3 (*) (*)	6 (1 3 (1
Other Asia and Pacific Hong Kong India. Indonesia. Malaysia. Philippines. Singapore South Korea. Taiwan. Thailand. Other	3,295 539 17 1,060 457 298 421 116 150 202	19 0 0 19 (*) 0 0 0 0 0	2,026 (P) 0 1,010 (P) 71 255 (P) (P) (P) 16	542 26 17 17 76 140 123 25 87 17	80 (*) 0 1 (*) 71 (*) 5 1 2	111 8 5 2 5 21 (P) 2 13 3 (P)	12 3 0 3 (*) (*) 5 0 0 0 (*) (*)	34 3 4 (*) 2 (*) 17 6 2 0 0	212 5 3 2 50 24 49 10 61 ( <sup>b</sup> )	19 0 0 0 (P) 2 (P) 0 3 (*) 0	74 77 5 9 (P) 23 1 2 9 (P) (*)	171 44 (*) 8 (P) (P) 22 (P) 25 (P) 2	15 (P) 0 (*) (*) (*) (P) 0 0 (*) (*) (*)	52 (* (* (* (* (* (* (*
International	1		900							ļ				45
Memorandum—OPEC <sup>2</sup>	2,250	20	1,733	253	48	69	11	(D)	13	(P)	49	179	1	6

<sup>\*</sup> Less than \$500,000.

Description Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

Based on the BEA survey taken in June 1982.

<sup>2.</sup> See footnote 5, table 1.

Note.—Estimates are for nonbank foreign affiliates of nonbank U.S. parents.

Table 3.—Capital Expenditures by Majority-Owned Foreign Affiliates of U.S. Companies in 1982 <sup>1</sup>

[Millions of dollars]

	All										(		nance	1
	indus- tries	Mining	Petro- leum	Total	Food and kindred prod- ucts	Chemicals and allied products	Pri- mary and fabri- cated metals	Ma- chinery, except electri- cal	Electric and elec- tronic equip- ment	Trans- portation equip- ment	Other manu- facturing	Trade	(except bank- ing), insur- ance and real estate	Other indus- tries
All countries	46,378	957	19,136	19,079	1,499	3,233	1,098	5,074	1,303	4,055	2,815	4,220	310	2,675
Developed countries	32,603	760	11,826	15,026	995	2,485	648	4,596	845	3,278	2,180	3,181	253	1,558
Canada	8,311	265	3,400	3,364	270	555	260	753	175	638	712	420	80	782
Europe	20,833	8	7,558	10,133	608	1,733	356	3,195	567	2,350	1,323	2,272	140	722
European Communities (10)		4	5,969	8,632	563	1,444	340	3,049	483	(P)	( <u>D</u> )	1,576	86	666
Belgium Denmark	288	1 0	52 162	324 22	22 14	128	12 1	35 (*)	34 3	37	57 1	150 98	(*)	19
France	1,920 3,381	0	(D) 650	1,288 2,458	75 92	180 212	23 118	708 912	42 133	99 678	161 312	352 214	(*)	58
Greece	58	(*)	15 (P)	27 165	9	14 43	(*)	(*) (D) (D)	1 26	1	8 42	14 20	1 3	(P 58 (* (P 37
ItalyLuxembourg	1,149	0 0	121 3	839 21	37	105 5	34 0	(D)	26 (P) (P)	(P) 27 0	105 (D)	152	(*) (*)	37
Netherlands United Kingdom	1,589	0 1	585 4,175	743 2,745	91 220	300 455	30 121	221 650	16 173	(P)	84 (P)	130 445	79	130 298
	1		1,589			!	16				(P)	695	55	50
Other Europe Austria	275	0	33	1,501 164 26	45 3 0	289	4	146 (P) (*)	84 4 (P)	(b) (b)	(P) (D)	76 54	(*) (D)	(D
Norway Portugal	102	0	1,450 12	50	4	1 5	(*)	2	(P) 29	26	(P)	38	0	1 :
SpainSweden	288	0	40 29	1,008 172	30	243 26	9	(D)	9	(D)	(P) 2	160 82	(*) (*) (*)	18
Switzerland Turkey	11	(*)	16 1	72	(*)	10 1	1 0	8	18 (*)	(*)	30 (*)	$\frac{213}{8}$	0	(D (*
Other	1	0	8	8	0	(*)	(*)	0	1	0	7	65	(*)	(*
Japan		0	86	755	14	67	2	(D)	68	(D)	15	137	6	2
Australia, New Zealand, and South Africa	1.959	487 450	781 695	775 537	103 56	130 99	30 15	(D) 43 (D)	35 27	( <sup>D</sup> ) 213	129 84	$\frac{351}{210}$	26 26	51 41
New Zealand South Africa		(*) 37	27 59	28 210	3 45	6 24	0 15	(P) 27	2 6	(P) 57	36	23 119	(*) (*)	2
Developing countries	12,470	198	6,230	4,053	504	748	451	478	458	778	636	1,040	57	892
Latin America		149	1,610	3,288	395	592	425	409	196	719	552	739	36	256
South America		124	1,324	,	268	461	369	390	81	542	333	457	13	66
ArgentinaBrazil	666	124 (D) (D)	1,324 225 107	2,443 379 1,634	62 115	69 277	318	(P) 282	5 63	( <sup>D</sup> ) 355	48 224	46 150	(*) 10	(D
Chile Colombia	166	69 2	18 520	14 70	3 14	4 32	4 (D)	0	(*)	(*) (P)	3	( <sup>D</sup> )	Õ	(D
Ecuador Peru	54	(P)	23	17	3	5 7	1 2	(*)	4 2	(*)	(P) 5 2	14 (D)	0	(*
Venezuela	442	0 1	343 44	15 259 55	51 17	66		(*) (P) (*) 19	4	(D)	37 (P)	128	(*) (*)	1.
Other	1,265	8	43 33	823 769	119	125 119	(P) 56 55 0	19	114	177	213 191	272 254	14	1 11
Mexico Panama	36	1 0	6 2	6	99	2		0	109 (*)	177	1	7	12	7:
Other		7	25	49	18	4	1	0	5	(*)	20	11	(*)	20
Other Western Hemisphere Bahamas	46	17 2 0	252 8	22 2 (*) (*) 6	8	6	(*)	0	0	0	6	10	9 2	3; (P
Bermuda Netherlands Antilles	(D)	(*)	(D)		(*)	(*)	(*) 0	0	0	0	(*)	$\begin{bmatrix} 1\\2\\3 \end{bmatrix}$	(*)	1 :
Trinidad and Tobago Other		0 15	(D) 15	14	(*)	1 4	(*)	0	(*)	0	4	3 4	1 5	(D
Other Africa		27	1,750	87	20	15	(D)	(9)	(P)	( <u>B</u> )	8	26	3	25
Saharan Egypt	474	(D)	597 425 115	29 (P) (*) (P) 58	(*)	1 1	(*)	(*)	(*)	(D)	(P)	9 6	0	(b)
LÎbya Other	116	0	57	(*) (D)	0 (*) 20	0 (*) 14	(*)	(*) 0 0	(*) (D)	0	(P)	(*) 3 17	0	(r (r
Sub-Saharan Liberia		(P) 2 1	1,153	1	20	0	(*) (P) 0	1 0	0	(*)	(D) (D) 0	17 2	3 2 (*)	1 (1
Nigeria Other		1 ( <sup>p</sup> )	318 835	13 43	18	(D) (D)	(*) (P)	0	(*) (D)	0	(D)	9 6	(*)	(9
Middle East	664	1	384	32 18	4	3	(D)	15	(P)	(P)	1	76	2	176
IsraelOPECOther	552	0 1 0	372 (P)	18 13 (*)	4 1 (*)	(*) (*)	(P) (*) 0	3 12 (*)	(P) 0 0	(P) 0 0	1 0	37 35 4	(*) (*)	(P 13: (B
Other Asia and Pacific		21	2,487	646	84	137	(P)	54	248	(P)	76	200	16	438
Hong Kong	31	0	0	31	0	( <sup>b</sup> )	0	5	(a)	0	11 5	49 (*)	0	(*
IndonesiaMalaysia	634	20	1,380 (P)	29 96	1 1	6	(*)	(*)	60	(P)	15 (P)	8 (P) (D)	(*) (P) (P)	(r
Philippines Singapore	386	0	59 157	142 179	73 (*) 3	25 (P)	(*) (D)	(*) 35 7	33 54	19	8 (P)	( <sup>D</sup> )	(P)	(t
South Korea Taiwan	190 155	0	(D)	41 73	3 1 3	25 (P) 5 4	0	4	33 54 23 50	0 (P)	(D)	24 ( <sup>D</sup> ) ( <sup>D</sup> )	0	(*
ThailandOther	201	1 0	171	16 15	3 3	6 (b)	(*)	0	(D)	(*)	4	13	(*)	
nternational			1,080		ļ	<u> </u>	ļ`.		<u> </u>	<u> </u>				. 22
Memorandum—OPEC 2	1	22	2,320	332	57	(D)	10	( <sup>D</sup> )	12	(D)	(D)	195	1	1

<sup>\*</sup>Less than \$500,000.

Description Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

Based on the BEA survey taken in June 1982.

<sup>2.</sup> See footnote 5, table 1.

Note.—Estimates are for nonbank foreign affiliates of nonbank U.S. parents.

Table 4.—Capital Expenditures by Majority-Owned Foreign Affiliates of U.S. Companies in 1983<sup>1</sup>

[Millions of dollars]

				Million	s of dollar	sj								
							Manu	facturing					Fi- nance	
	All indus- tries	Mining	Petro- leum	Total	Food and kindred prod- ucts	Chemicals and allied products	Pri- mary and fabri- cated metals	Ma- chinery, except electri- cal	Electric and elec- tronic equip- ment	Trans- portation equip- ment	Other manu- facturing	Trade	(except bank- ing), insur- ance and real estate	Other indus- tries
All countries	46,570	871	18,598	19,499	1,521	3,323	1,196	5,592	1,381	3,505	2,981	4,527	317	2,758
Developed countries	33,108	676	11,241	15,816	1,056	2,605	685	5,106	967	2,905	2,492	3,476	256	1,643
Canada	8,906	178	3,342	3,939	335	659	278	817	205	665	980	466	82	900
Europe	20,568	8	7,024	10,209	581	1,716	369	3,536	660	1,971	1,375	2,489	147	692
European Communities (10)	599 260 2,099 3,655 48 208 1,225 25 1,529	4 1 0 0 1 (*) 1 0 0 0 0	5,186 45 125 (P) 565 12 (P) 103 3 540 3,624	9,375 374 24 1,413 2,778 22 155 927 21 787 2,873	531 14 15 65 70 4 6 52 0 82 224	1,542 119 2 220 222 11 48 95 6 365 453	347 11 1 25 103 (*) 3 32 0 34 138	3,410 (P) (*) 741 1,109 (*) 29 (P) (P) 235 695	563 35 3 57 168 1 27 47 1 15 210	1,678 (P) (*) 125 820 1 3 33 (P) 3 (P)	1,304 71 2 180 286 5 39 (P) (P) 555 (P)	1,706 163 105 400 240 14 25 150 (*) 135 475	81 (*) (*) (*) (*) 4 1 3 (*) (*) (*) 2 71	628 16 6 (P) 67 (*) (*) 65 288
Other Europe Austria Norway Portugal Spain Sweden Switzerland Turkey Other	191 1,817 79 741 249 410	4 0 3 0 0 0 0 0 (*)	1,838 25 1,700 15 53 25 12 2 6	834 72 33 30 471 148 73 3	49 (P) 0 3 31 (P) 5 (*)	175 6 2 4 125 22 14 3 (*)	23 4 (*) (*) 12 2 4 0 (*)	125 4 (*) 3 (P) (P) 9 0	98 5 (P) 8 37 (P) 12 (*)	293 (P) (*) 9 (P) 2 (*) 0	71 9 (P) 3 (P) 4 30 (*)	783 90 60 31 190 70 255 7	66 (*) (*) (*) (*) (*)	64 4 (P) 3 26 6 (P) (*)
Japan	1,092	0	106	882	12	75	3	(D)	69	( <sup>D</sup> )	18	97	6	1
Australia, New Zealand, and South Africa	2,541	490	770	786	129	154	36	(D)	32	(P)	118	424	21	50
Australia New Zealand South Africa	85	457 (*) 33	703 ( <sup>D</sup> )	543 32 211	72 4 53	123 7 24	13 0 22	40 (P) 17	23 3 7	186 (P) 61	85 5 28	260 25 139	21 (*) (*)	(D)
Developing countries	12,366	195	6,485	3,683	465	718	511	486	415	599	489	1,051	61	890
Latin America	5,697	140	1,546	3,030	365	605	488	430	168	543	431	729	40	212
South America   Argentina   Brazi   Chile   Colombia   Ecuador   Peru   Venezuela   Other   Central America   Mexico   Panama   Other   Central America   483 1,870 155 676 52 420 442 126 1,093 965 36	107 5 (P) 57 2 0 (P) 0 (P) 8 1 0 7	1,267 115 95 22 560 23 340 47 65 35 7 2	2,309 318 1,574 16 72 15 10 250 54 704 668 5	239 62 79 3 17 2 2 65 9 9 123 108 2 13	454 46 289 7 34 6 3 69 (*) 143 135 2 6	439 12 370 2 (P) 1 12 (P) 48 47 0 1	414 (P) 322 0 (*) 0 (*) (P) (*) 15 15 0 0	79 8 60 (*) 1 2 1 9 (*) 87 84 (*) 3	390 (P) 248 (*) (*) (*) (0) (P) 153 153 153 0 (*)	292 255 207 3 (P) 5 3 36 (P) 135 126	457 37 153 33 14 32 138 (P) 263 246 10	19 (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) 11 (*)	64 7 26 (P) 8 (*) 1 7 (P) 71 42 7 22	
Other Western Hemisphere	18 30 199	25 (b) 0 (*) 0 (b)	245 8 7 26 190 14	17 3 (*) (*) 4 10	3 1 0 (*) (*) 2	8 3 0 (*) 2 4	1 0 (*) 0 1	0 0 0 0 0	2 0 0 0 (*)	0 0 0 0	4 0 (*) 0 2 2	9 (*) (*) 2 3 4	9 2 (P) (*) 1 (P)	77 (P) (P) 2 2 27
Other Africa Saharan Egypt Libya Other Sub-Saharan Liberia Nigeria Other	803 508 161 134 1,114 19	25 (P) (P) 0 0 (P) 1 1 (P)	1,759 753 465 160 128 1,006 (*) 288 718	77 22 20 (*) 2 55 1 8 46	25 (*) 0 0 (*) 25 1 1 23	8 2 2 0 (*) 6 0 4 2	(b) 1 0 0 1 (p) 0 (*) (p)	(*) (*) 0 (*) 0 0	(P) (O) (O) (O) (P) (O) (P) (P)	(P) (P) (P) 0 0 (*) 0 (*)	8 (P) (P) 0 1 (P) 0 2 (P)	(P) (P) 1 3 14 2 10 2	3 0 0 0 0 3 2 (*)	(P) (P) (P) 0 1 (P) 12 5 (P)
Middle East  Israel  OPEC  Other	483 92 367	1 0 1 0	282 2 270 10	31 17 14 1	4 3 1 (*)	3 3 (*) 1	(P) (P) (*) (P)	17 3 13 (*)	(D) (D) (D) (D)	0 0	(*) (*) (*)	82 41 34 7	1 1 (*)	86 32 47 7
Other Asia and Pacific Hong Kong India Indonesia Malaysia Philippines Singapore South Korea Taiwan Thailand Other	4,268 688 27 1,690 823 214 213 83 129 306	30 0 0 29 (*) 0 0 0 0 0	2,899 (P) 0 1,630 (P) 54 87 1 3 (P) 73	545 43 27 16 (P) 122 88 (P) 90 (P)	70 1 0 1 (*) 62 (*) 1 1 1 2 2	102 20 6 4 7 29 12 8 4 4 8	(P) 3 0 4 (*) (*) (*) 0 0 (*) (*)	40 1 6 (*) 4 (*) (b) (b) 3 0	234 66 (b) 2 65 21 38 23 65 (b)	(P) 0 0 0 (P) 2 15 0 (P) (*)	50 12 (P) 5 7 7 1 1 (P) 3 3	(P) 52 (*) 10 26 (P) 15 (P) 36 (P)	17 (P) 0 (*) (*) (*) (*) (*) 0 0 (*)	(P) (P) (P) 5 2 (P) (P) (*)
International  Memorandum—OPEC 2	1	31	871 2,510	303	69	82	17	( <sup>D</sup> )	12	(P)	49	207	1	. 225 65

<sup>\*</sup>Less than \$500,000.

(P) Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

1. Based on the BEA survey taken in June 1982.

 $<sup>2. \</sup> See \ footnote \ 5, \ table \ 1.$ 

Note.—Estimates are for nonbank foreign affiliates of nonbank U.S. parents.

development of offshore oil and gas fields.

In several other areas of Europe, where affiliates are engaged primarily in refining and distribution, reductions in spending are planned in 1983; the reductions follow several years of strong increases. Following a more than doubling of expenditures this year, expenditures by Netherlands affiliates are to decline 8 percent. The decline largely reflects completion of several projects in 1982, including development of a new gasfield and construction of a facility that converts coal into coke. Following a planned 76-percent increase this year, German affiliates plan to reduce spending 13 percent. This year's increase is primarily for upgrading and expanding several refineries; these projects are expected to be completed in 1982.

After 3 years of strong increases, Australian affiliates plan virtually no change in spending next year. The increase in 1982 is for the development of a new coal operation by a petroleum affiliate and significantly expanded exploratory drilling.

In developing countries, affiliates plan a 4-percent increase, to \$6.5 billion, after a 24-percent increase this year. The increase next year is centered in "other Asia and Pacific"—particularly in Indonesia and Malaysia, where offshore oil and gas fields are being developed.

are being developed.
In "other Africa," spending is expected to remain at this year's level of \$1.8 billion, as increases in some areas offset decreases in others. A 26percent increase, to \$0.8 billion, is expected next year in Saharan Africa, primarily in Libya and Tunisia. In Libva, the increase is mainly for exploration and development; expenditures declined in 1982, largely because several affiliates ended operations there in response to growing political tensions between Libya and the United States. In Sub-Saharan Africa, spending is to decline 13 percent, to \$1.0 billion; the decline is centered in Cameroon, where development of a newly discovered oilfield will be completed this year.

Affiliates in "international" plan to cut spending 19 percent, to \$0.9 billion, in 1983, following a 20-percent increase. The decline reflects reduced spending on tankers, which, in turn, reflects the slowing of petroleum shipments in response to sluggishness in worldwide business activity.

#### Manufacturing

Manufacturing affiliates plan to increase spending 2 percent, to \$19.5 billion, following no change this year. Small or moderate increases are planned in all industries within manufacturing except transportation equipment, in which spending is to decline.

Much of next year's increase is accounted for by affiliates in nonlectrical machinery; their expenditures are expected to increase 10 percent, to \$5.6 billion, following a slight decline this year. Nearly all of the increase is by affiliates manufacturing computers.

Affiliates in primary and fabricated metals plan a 9-percent spending increase, to \$1.2 billion, following a 37percent increase this year; an expansion project undertaken by a bauxite mining and aluminum manufacturing affiliate in Brazil largely accounts for increases in both years. Affiliates in electric and electronic equipment and "other manufacturing" each plan 6percent increases, compared with increases of 8 and 13 percent, respectively, this year. Affiliates in chemicals plan a 3-percent increase, to \$3.3 billion, following a 9-percent increase. In food products, affiliates plan a small increase, to \$1.5 billion, following a 7-percent increase.

In contrast, spending by affiliates in transportation equipment is expected to decline 14 percent, to \$3.5 billion, in 1983; a 22-percent decline in spending is planned this year. Both declines partly reflect completion of new facilities in the preceding year and deferral of nonessential spending due to the current weak worldwide demand for autos.

In developed countries, manufacturing affiliates plan a 5-percent increase, to \$15.8 billion, following a 3-percent decline in 1982. Canadian affiliates plan to increase spending 17 percent, to \$3.9 billion, compared with a 12-percent spending decline this year. Although increases are planned in every industry within manufacturing, the largest is in "other manufacturing"; it is mainly for plant expansion by a paper manufacturer.

In Europe, German affiliates plan a 13-percent increase in spending, to \$2.8 billion, following a 7-percent decline this year. Most of the increase is in nonelectrical machinery, and is largely for increased capitalization of

computers for rental. French affiliates plan a 10-percent increase, to \$1.4 billion; a small decline in food products is more than offset by increases in every other industry within manufacturing. The 5-percent increase by British affiliates, to \$2.9 billion, is centered in "other manufacturing"; it reflects increased leasing of copiers. In "other Europe," affiliates plan to cut spending 44 percent, to \$0.8 billion, following a 5-percent decline this year. Over three-fourths of next year's cutback is in transportation equipment, primarily in Spain and Austria: it reflects the completion of new facilities in 1982.

In developing countries, affiliates plan to cut spending 9 percent, to \$3.7 billion, following an 8-percent increase this year. The largest declines, which are in Mexico and Singapore, result from completion of expansion projects in 1982. In Mexico, the decline is largely accounted for by tire and photographic equipment manufacturers; in Singapore, it is largely accounted for by a petrochemical affiliate.

#### Other industries

Mining affiliates plan to cut spending 9 percent, to \$0.9 billion, following a 26-percent decline this year. The cut is centered in Canada, where development of several large potash mines is expected to be completed by mid-1983.

Trade affiliates plan a 7-percent rise, to \$4.5 billion, following a 2-percent cut. The rise is mainly in several European countries, Canada, and Australia, and is largely accounted for by affiliates that market computers.

Spending by affiliates in finance (except banking), insurance, and real estate is to remain at \$0.3 billion next year; this reflects small offsetting increases and decreases among several geographic areas.

Affiliates in "other industries"—agriculture, construction, transportation, communication, public utilities, and other services—plan a 3-percent increase, to \$2.8 billion, after a 7-percent spending decline this year. The largest increases are in Hong Kong, largely for construction of an electric power plant, and Canada, largely for modernization of a telecommunications system. Partly offsetting is a decline in Saudi Arabia, where a new affiliate performing city sanitation services plans to make sizable expenditures in 1982, but not in 1983.

## U.S. International Transactions, Second Quarter 1982

HE U.S. current-account surplus increased \$1.0 billion to \$2.1 billion in the second quarter, largely due to a rise in net receipts of income on portfolio investment. Continued increases in U.S. bank claims on foreigners, together with high U.S. interest rates, resulted in a sharp increase in portfolio income receipts; income payments showed a smaller increase.

The merchandise trade deficit decreased \$0.1 billion to \$5.8 billion.

In the private capital accounts, both U.S. bank claims and liabilities remained at high levels, reflecting activities of International Banking Facilities (IBF's) and the ongoing transfer of U.S. banks' international lending and borrowing from offshore branches to their IBF's. Among other private capital accounts, U.S. corporations used their finance affiliates in the Netherlands Antilles and elsewhere to raise substantial funds in the Eurobond market, resulting in large net intercompany account inflows for U.S. direct investment abroad. Inflows for foreign direct investment in the United States increased strongly. Net U.S. purchases of foreign securities changed little, as high interest rates discouraged new foreign bond issues in the United States. Net foreign purchases of U.S. securities increased, largely due to purchases of outstanding high-yield U.S. corporate bonds.

In the official capital accounts, foreign official assets in the United States shifted to an increase, as industrial countries' dollar sales slowed. and dollar holdings of a few OPEC members and other developing countries increased.

The statistical discrepancy (errors and omissions in reported transactions) was an inflow of \$1.4 billion. (The first-quarter discrepancy has been changed to an inflow of \$5.0 billion, compared with a preliminary estimate of \$11.2 billion, largely because previously unavailable data indicated a large reduction in claims on unaffiliated foreigners by U.S. nonbanking concerns, table 1-2, lines 52 and 53. This account consists largely of deposits and commercial credits.)

#### The U.S. dollar in exchange markets

The dollar appreciated 4 percent in the second quarter on a trade-weighted basis against the currencies of 10 industrial and 22 OECD countries (chart 10). The appreciation reflected continued high interest rates in the United States and political disturbances abroad, especially in the Middle East and in Latin America.

Fluctuations in the dollar's exchange value during the quarter generally paralleled those of U.S. shortterm interest rates. Following a strong rise in interest rates and the dollar from January through April, interest rates and the dollar dipped in May, with the dollar down as much as 5 percent against some major currencies. Interest rates rose again in late May and June because of renewed concerns about the size of Government borrowing, possible increases in the money supply because of July tax cuts, and strong commercial borrowing. Concurrently, the dollar appreciated nearly 9 percent. At the end of the quarter, the dollar was at post-World War II highs against the Ital-

Table A.—Summary of U.S. International Transactions

[Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted]

		1000	1001		19	81		19	82	Change:
Lines in tables 1, 2, and 10 in which transactions are included are indicated in ( )	Line	1980	1981	I	11	m	IV	Ir	ПP	1982 I-II
Exports of goods and services (1)  Merchandise, excluding military (2)  Other goods and services (3-15)	1 2 3	342,102 224,237 117,865	372,892 236,254 136,638	93,280 60,683 32,597	94,389 60,284 34,105	92,965 57,694 35,271	92,259 57,593 34,666	90,206 55,780 34,426	91,286 55,094 36,192	1,080 -686 1,766
Imports of goods and services (17)	) 5	-333,800 -249,575 -84,225	-361,813 $-264,143$ $-97,670$	-88,613 -64,995 -23,618	-91,480 -66,831 -24,649	-90,406 -65,539 -24,867	-91,316 $-66,778$ $-24,538$	-87,070 $-61,653$ $-25,417$	-87,492 $-60,878$ $-26,614$	-422 775 -1,197
U.S. Government grants (excluding military grants of goods and services) (34)	7 8	-4,681 -2,101	$-4,504 \\ -2,104$	$-960 \\ -462$	$-986 \\ -524$	-1,250 -558	$-1,308 \\ -562$	-1,473 -575	-1,070 -662	403 -87
U.S. assets abroad, net (increase/capital outflow (-)) (37)	10 11	-86,026 $-8,155$ $-5,126$ $-72,746$	-109,294 $-5,175$ $-5,137$ $-98,982$	$\begin{array}{r} -22,796 \\ -4,529 \\ -1,375 \\ -16,892 \end{array}$	-21,566 $-905$ $-1,518$ $-19,143$	-17,257 $-4$ $-1,257$ $-15,996$	-47,677 $262$ $-987$ $-46,952$	$     \begin{array}{r}       -31,201 \\       -1,089 \\       -904 \\       -29,208     \end{array} $	-34,615 $-1,132$ $-1,559$ $-31,924$	$     \begin{array}{r}       -3,414 \\       -43 \\       -655 \\       -2,716     \end{array} $
Foreign assets in the United States, net (increase/capital inflow (+)) (56)	14 15 16	54,484 15,442 39,042 1,152 28,870	77,921 4,785 73,136 1,093 25,809	8,470 5,361 3,109 1,093 9,988	13,464 -2,861 16,324	16,880 -5,835 22,715	39,107 8,119 30,988 9,497	25,080 -3,122 28,202 5.032	31,182 1,935 29,248	6,102 5,057 1,046 -3,662

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>r</sup> Revised. <sup>p</sup> Preliminary.

ian lira, the French and Belgian francs, and the Canadian dollar.

The strength of the dollar may have contributed to strains among currencies within the European Monetary System (EMS), but inflation differentials between member countries and divergent fiscal policies were probably more important. The EMS realigned its central rates in mid-June, devaluing the French franc and Italian lira and revaluing the German mark and Dutch guilder. The United States intervened on a small scale to support the realignment. The Canadian dollar was under selling pressure throughout the quarter despite a significant increase in Canadian interest rates and heavy official intervention by Canadian authorities. Heavy selling pressure on the Mexican peso reflected growing market sentiment of more troubles ahead for the peso.

#### Merchandise trade

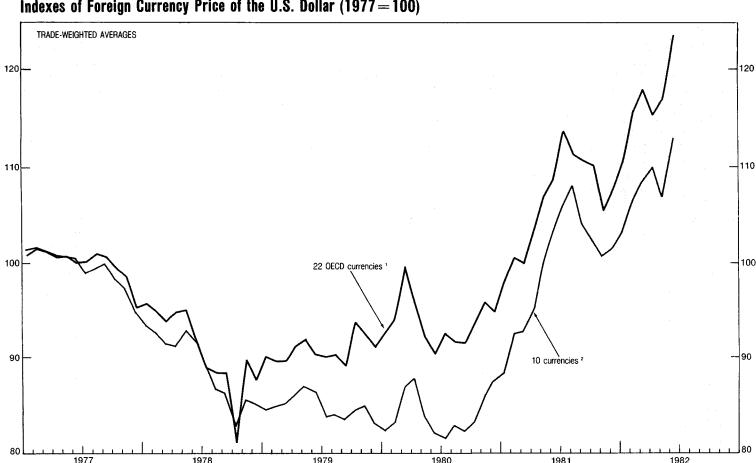
The merchandise trade deficit decreased in the second quarter, to \$5.8 billion from \$5.9 billion in the first. Petroleum imports decreased \$2.2 billion, more than offsetting a \$1.5 billion increase in nonpetroleum imports. Exports decreased \$0.7 billion, as nonagricultural exports declined for the fourth consecutive quarter.

Imports decreased \$0.8 billion, or 1 percent, to \$60.9 billion. The decrease was more than accounted for by lower prices; volume increased 3 percent. Petroleum and products imports decreased \$2.2 billion, or 14 percent, to \$13.4 billion. The average price per barrel declined 5 percent to \$30.53 from \$32.17, continuing a year-long downtrend. The average number of barrels imported daily declined to 4.82 million from 5.33 million, the lowest level since the second quarter of 1972. The drop in imports was reflected in a large decrease in inventories.

Nonpetroleum imports increased \$1.5 billion, or 3 percent, to \$47.3 billion; volume increased 4 percent. Automotive imports increased \$1.3 billion, or 17 percent, to a record \$8.9 billion. Volume increased 24 percent to a level slightly higher than the previous peak in the fourth quarter of 1978. The increase was primarily due to a \$1.1 billion, or 41 percent, increase to \$3.8 billion in imports from Canada. The increase in parts imports followed the opening in Canada of a major facility to produce engines for U.S. assembly plants. This arrangement departs from the traditional pattern of exporting parts to Canada for assembly into complete automobiles for subsequent shipment to the United States. Automotive imports from other areas rose slightly,

CHART 10

Indexes of Foreign Currency Price of the U.S. Dollar (1977 = 100)



Australia, Austria, Belgium-Luxembourg, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, Turkey, United Kingdom. Data: U.S. Department of the Treasury. End-of-month rates. Index rebased by BEA.

2. Belgium, Canada, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, the Netherlands, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom. Data: Federal Reserve Board. Monthly average rates. Index rebased by BEA.

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

Table B.—Selected Transactions with Official Agencies

[Millions of dollars]

		1000	1001		19	81		19	82	Change:
	Line	1980	1981	I	II	Ш	IV	I r	ΠP	1982 I-II
Changes in foreign official assets in the U.S., net (decrease —) (line 57, table 1)  Industrial countries 1 Members of OPEC 2 Other countries  Changes in U.S. official reserve assets (increase —) (line 38, table 1)	2 3 4	15,442 914 12,769 1,759 -8,155	4,785 -12,216 13,314 3,687 -5,175	5,361 285 5,364 -288 -4,529	-2,861 -6,682 2,786 1,035 -905	-5,835 -8,296 2,935 -474	8,119 2,477 2,230 3,412	-3,122 -6,762 4,988 -1,348 -1,089	1,935 -2,046 3,072 909 -1,132	5,057 4,716 -1,916 2,257 -43
Activity under U.S. official reciprocal currency arrangements with foreign monetary authorities: $^{3}$										
U.S. drawings, repayments (—), net	6a	-3,184 1,773 -4,957								
Foreign drawings, or repayments ( – ), net Drawings Repayments	7a	242 -242	200 200	200 200	-200 -200	l			200 800 -600	200 800 600

FRevised.

also reaching a record value. Japanese imports increased.

Nonpetroleum industrial supplies and materials imports decreased \$0.8 billion to \$13.4 billion. The decrease was concentrated in iron and steel products and in steelmaking materials, down \$0.9 billion in total. Iron and steel import volume has declined moderately in each of the past three quarters due to the recession, but the import share of total supply has remained close to historical highs of about 23 percent because of a sharp drop in domestic shipments (chart 11). Imports may also have been discouraged when the domestic steel industry filed a series of antidumping complaints in the first quarter that charged that imports were being sold at less than fair value because of forsubsidies. An International eign Trade Commission ruling in June found violations by a number of companies in Europe, South Africa, and Brazil and required that importers post cash bonds equivalent to the estimated underpricing. Penalties averaged 20-25 percent of f.o.b. value and ranged up to 40 percent; about 20 percent of steel imports was involved.

Among other imports, foods, feeds, and beverages increased \$0.6 billion to \$4.3 billion. Increases in this category were widespread; the exception was sugar, which fell \$0.1 billion, largely because of the imposition of import quotas in mid-May. Capital goods increased \$0.3 billion to \$9.1 billion; electrical machinery and business machines each increased over billion. Consumer goods de-\$0.1 creased \$0.6 billion to \$9.5 billion, due to a decline in durables.

With the exception of capital goods, import prices, as measured by the Census Bureau's unit value indexes, declined moderately for all major commodity groups, primarily reflecting appreciation of the dollar.

Exports decreased \$0.7 billion, or 1 percent, to \$55.1 billion; volume increased 1 percent. Agricultural exports increased \$0.2 billion to \$10.7 billion. Increased exports of soybeans and feed grains offset lower wheat shipments to Eastern Europe. Prices of most major commodity groups declined, but more slowly than in the first quarter.

Nonagricultural exports decreased \$0.8 billion, or 2 percent, to \$44.4 billion, reflecting price declines in all major categories; volume was unchanged. Nonagricultural industrial supplies and materials decreased \$0.9 billion, or 6 percent, to \$14.5 billion. Petroleum exports, which had more than doubled in value following the

Table C.-Indexes of Foreign Currency Price of the U.S. Dollar

[1977 = 100]

		1981		19	82			19	81					19	82		
	11	Ш	IV	I	II	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	March	April	May	June
Trade-weighted average against 22 OECD cur- rencies 1 Trade-weighted average against 10 currencies 2	106.4 99.7	111.9 106.5	107.7 101.9	114.8 106.4	118.8 110.3	113.8 106.3	111.3 108.7	110.6 104.5	110.2 102.9	105.4 101.1	107.6 101.8	110.6 103.5	115.7 106.8	118.0 108.8	115.4 110.4	117.3 107.4	123. 113.
Selected currencies; <sup>3</sup> Canada  United Kingdom  European Monetary System currencies:	112.9	114.1	112.2	113.9	117.2	114.0	115.2	113.1	113.3	111.8	111.6	112.3	114.3	114.9	115.3	116.2	120.
	84.0	94.9	92.6	94.4	98.0	93.0	95.8	96.1	94.7	91.6	91.6	92.4	94.4	96.6	98.4	96.3	99.
Belgium France Germany Italy Netherlands	103.9	111.0	105.4	115.8	125.7	111.5	114.0	107.4	105.1	104.4	106.8	108.9	114.8	123.8	126.4	121.8	128.
	110.2	117.9	115.0	121.9	127.7	117.8	121.6	114.4	114.5	114.3	116.2	118.5	122.3	124.9	127.0	122.5	133.
	98.0	104.6	96.7	101.0	102.4	105.0	107.6	101.1	97.0	95.9	97.1	98.7	101.8	102.4	103.1	99.5	104.
	128.2	137.3	135.2	143.1	148.8	137.2	140.6	134.1	134.9	134.5	136.1	139.5	143.0	146.8	148.7	144.9	152.
	103.1	109.9	100.5	104.9	107.4	110.5	113.1	106.2	101.4	99.5	100.7	102.4	105.6	106.6	108.3	104.7	109.
Switzerland	84.8	87.2	76.1	78.0	83.1	87.3	90.3	84.1	78.4	74.3	75.6	76.8	78.7	78.6	81.7	81.2	86
Japan	81.8	86.2	83.5	86.9	90.8	86.4	86.8	85.4	86.1	83.0	81.4	83.6	87.5	89.6	90.7	88.1	93

<sup>1.</sup> Australia, Austria, Belgium-Luxembourg, Canada, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Japan, the Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Spain, eden, Switzerland, Turkey, United Kingdom. Data: U.S. Department of the Treasury. End-of-month rates. Index rebased by BEA.

2. Belgium, Canada, France, Germany, Italy, Japan, the Netherlands, Sweden, Switzerland, United Kingdom. Data: Federal Reserve Board. Monthly average rates. Indexe rebased by BEA.

3. Data: Federal Reserve Board. Monthly average rates. Indexes rebased by BEA.

Preliminary.

Tremmary.

1. Western Europe, Canada, Japan, Australia, New Zealand, and South Africa.

2. Based on data for Ecuador, Venezuela, Indonesia, and other Asian and African oil-exporting countries.

3. Consists of transactions of the Federal Reserve System and the U.S. Treasury Department's Exchange Stabilization Fund.

removal of export controls in October, fell \$0.3 billion, or 19 percent, to \$1.5 billion; metallurgical coal exports fell \$0.4 billion, or 25 percent, reflecting a general glut in the market because of the decline in steel production. Capiequipment exports were unchanged but included substantial offsetting changes in components. Automotive exports increased slightly to \$4.2 billion; exports to Canada continued to recover somewhat after the weak fourth quarter, and those to the rest of the world slowed. Consumer goods increased \$0.2 billion to \$3.8 billion, primarily in nondurables.

Over the past six quarters, the merchandise trade balance has deteriorated steadily with four areas: Canada, Latin America and Other Western Hemisphere, Western Europe, and Japan (table D, table 3B). Nonagricultural exports to Canada, to the rest of the Western Hemisphere, and to Western Europe declined because of recession abroad and the appreciation of the dollar; agricultural exports to Canada, the rest of the Western Hemisphere, and Japan also weakened steadily. Nonpetroleum imports from all four areas increased strongly in the last half of 1981, but leveled off or decreased in the first half of this year. In contrast, the balance with Eastern Europe has moved with agricultural changes in exports. which declined in the last half of 1981 and recovered strongly in the first half of 1982. The sharp improvement in the balance with all other areas was concentrated with OPEC members, almost entirely due to the large decline in petroleum imports and a slight increase in exports.

#### Service transactions

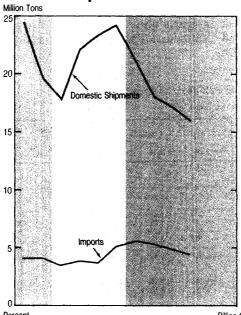
Net service receipts increased \$0.6 billion to \$9.6 billion in the second quarter. Receipts increased \$1.8 billion to \$36.2 billion; payments increased \$1.2 billion to \$26.6 billion.

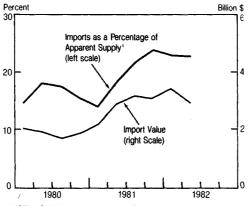
Receipts of income on U.S. direct investment abroad increased \$0.2 billion to \$5.9 billion, as a small pickup in income was partly offset by increased capital losses, probably currency translation losses due to strong appreciation of the dollar. By industry, income of nonpetroleum affiliates increased, especially in manufacturing; income of petroleum affiliates re-

flected stagnant demand and price weakness. By area, income was higher in Latin America, following capital losses in Mexico in the first quarter related to the devaluation of the peso, and in Canada, probably because of increased production of automobiles and parts. Income elsewhere was generally weaker, especially in the developed countries. Despite lower earnings and negative reinvested earnings, petroleum affiliates in Western Europe paid sharply higher dividends.

Payments of income on foreign direct investment in the United States increased \$0.1 billion to \$1.5 billion. Income increased for petroleum affiliates and finance and trade affiliates.

# Iron and Steel: Imports and Domestic Shipments





NOTE.—Shaded areas represent recessions.

1. Imports as a percentage of domestic shipments plus imports less exports.

Data: Domestic shipments, import tonage, and apparent supply, American Iron and Steel Institute; import value, BEA.

82-9-11

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

Receipts of income on other private investment increased strongly, up \$1.7 billion to \$15.8 billion, reflecting high U.S. interest rates and large increases in U.S. bank claims on foreigners over the past three quarters. Payments also showed a strong increase, up \$1.0 billion to \$9.2 billion. U.S. Government income receipts and payments each declined \$0.1 billion, to \$1.0 billion and \$4.4 billion, respectively.

Net travel receipts shifted to a \$0.5 billion deficit from near balance in the first quarter. Receipts were \$2.7 billion, down from \$3.2 billion, due to a decline in travel from Mexico after the February devaluation. Expenditures were unchanged.

Passenger fare receipts were unchanged at \$0.8 billion; payments declined \$0.1 billion to \$1.2 billion, partly due to a drop in the number of passengers on foreign carriers traveling to the United Kingdom and Latin America.

Other transportation receipts were unchanged at \$3.0 billion; payments increased \$0.1 billion to \$2.7 billion.

Transfers under U.S. military agency sales contracts were \$3.4 billion, up \$0.4 billion, mostly due to deliveries of armored vehicles to the Middle East and increased construction receipts. Shipments of aircraft and ships were reduced. Direct defense expenditures abroad were \$3.0 billion, up \$0.2 billion, largely due to increased payments to NATO and foreign personnel expenditures. Unilateral transfers decreased \$0.3 billion to \$1.7 billion, as U.S. Government grants fell from a high first-quarter level.

#### U.S. assets abroad

U.S. official reserve assets increased \$1.1 billion, about the same as in the first quarter. Acquisitions of special drawing rights (SDR's) and the increase in the U.S. reserve position with the International Monetary Fund (IMF) together accounted for \$0.9 billion of the increase. Both reflected continued heavy use of the dollar in IMF transactions. Transactions in foreign currencies included an official swap acquisition of \$0.6 billion in Mexican pesos, which was repaid during the quarter; another \$0.2 billion swap acquisition of pesos,

which remained outstanding; and a \$0.4 billion equivalent German mark note redemption.

U.S. claims on foreigners reported by U.S. banks increased \$33.9 billion, compared with \$32.7 billion in the first quarter. U.S. bank claims for their own account increased substantially. Ample bank reserves and increased deposits at IBF's provided substantial funds for U.S. banks to meet an increase in international loan demand.

Since the establishment of IBF's in December, U.S. banks have recorded sharply increased direct lending and borrowing in the Eurodollar market; lending to (claims on) unaffiliated foreign banks in each of the last three quarters was more than twice as high as in any quarter prior to the establishment of IBF's, and lending to nonbank foreigners was also substantially higher. Much of this activity apparently represented a shift in some business from U.S. banks' foreign branches (especially those in offshore banking centers and London) to parent banks' IBF's. U.S. banks' own claims on unaffiliated foreigners abroad increased \$21.3 billion and \$24.3 billion in the first two quarters of 1982, respectively. In contrast, foreign branches of U.S. banks reduced their claims on unaffiliated foreigners by \$9.4 and \$12.8 billion in the same periods. A similar pattern can be seen in liabilities where U.S. banks' liabilities to unaffiliated foreigners were up \$14.4 billion and \$13.5 billion in the first and second quarters, respectively, while liabilities to unaffiliated foreigners of foreign branches of U.S. banks declined \$8.5 billion and \$11.1 billion.

In contrast to a large increase in the first quarter, banks' custody claims—largely Eurodollar certificates of deposit (CD's) held for accounts of U.S. money market mutual funds—declined. The decline may have reflected perceptions of greater risk in Eurodollar CD's due to unsettled international financial conditions.

Table D.-Merchandise Trade Balances, by Area

[Millions of dollars; Annual rates]

	19	81	1982	Cha	nge:
	1st half	2d half	lst half	Col. 2 less Col. 1	Col. 3 less Col. 2
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Total	-21,718	-34,060	-23,314	-12,342	10,746
Canada Latin America and Other Western Hemisphere Western Europe Eastern Europe Japan All other	6,178 14,176 3,192	-4,488 1,232 10,258 2,626 -17,694 -25,994	-7,930 554 9,854 4,138 -18,854 -11,076	-4,946 -3,918 -566	-3,442 -678 -904 1,512 -660 14,918
OPEC. Other		$-23,238 \ -2,756$	-10,602 -474	11,206 -5,490	12,636 2,282
Memoranda:					
Agricultural exports		41,076 189,498	42,350 179,398	6,376 4,994	1,274 -10,100
Petroleum imports	$-82,662 \\ -180,990$	$-72,496 \\ -192,138$	$-58,136 \\ -186,926$	10,166 11,148	14,360 5,212

Table E.—Selected Direct Investment Transactions With Netherlands Antilles Finance Affiliates
[Millions of dollars]

(0-17	1979	1000	1981		19	81		19	82
(Credits +; debits -)	1979	1980	1981	I	II	III	IV	Ir	ΙΙ¤
Equity and intercompany accounts Equity Intercompany accounts	-423	2,710 -818 3,528	3,647 -1,238 4,885	$^{380}_{-431}$ $^{811}$	$^{409}_{-107}$ $^{516}$	1,409 -249 1,658	1,450 -451 1,901	2,132 -901 3,033	3,838 -1,460 5,298
Income	$^{-96}_{-178}$	-127 -329	-800 -1,188	-99 -175	$-235 \\ -302$	$-199 \\ -294$	$-267 \\ -417$	$-341 \\ -461$	n.a. n.a.

n.a. Not available

U.S. direct investment abroad shifted to an inflow of \$2.4 billion from an outflow of \$0.1 billion, as U.S. corporations relied on foreign affiliates to obtain funds abroad to meet domestic financial requirements. For fourth consecutive quarter, there were heavy intercompany account inflows of funds raised in the Eurobond market by Netherlands Antilles finance affiliates (table E). There were similar inflows from affiliates in Western Europe. Outflows to petroleum affiliates remained high, especially to the United Kingdom. Reinvested earnings increased \$0.4 billion to \$1.2 billion.

Net U.S. purchases of foreign securities were \$0.4 billion, down from \$0.5 billion. New foreign bond issues in the United States declined \$0.6 billion to \$0.8 billion; Canadian issues fell to \$0.2 billion from \$1.3 billion, as borrowers shifted to the less expensive Eurobond market. The only other new issues were those of the World Bank and the Inter-American Development Bank, and of Israel. Net U.S. purchases of foreign stocks were \$0.1 billion, compared with net sales of \$0.4 billion in the first quarter, as weak economic conditions abroad continued to discourage investment in foreign stocks.

#### Foreign assets in the United States

Foreign official assets in the United States increased \$1.9 billion, compared with a decline of \$3.1 billion. Assets of industrial countries declined less than in the first quarter when foreign official intervention in exchange markets was heavy. Assets of OPEC members increased at a slower rate than in the first quarter, reflecting lower petroleum revenues; most of the increase was from Venezuela. Assets of other developing countries increased \$0.9 billion, compared with a \$1.3 billion decline.

U.S. liabilities to private foreigners and international financial institutions reported by banks increased \$24.1 billion, compared with \$26.7 billion. Liabilities to affiliated foreign offices increased \$7.9 billion, primarily to U.S. branches in the United Kingdom. Since the establishment of IBF's

(Text continued on p. 70)

Note.—Table shows only transactions with affiliates established primarily to borrow funds abroad and relend them to their U.S. parents.

#### Table 1.–2.—U.S. International Transactions

[Millions of dollars]

			Millions	of dollars										
(C. 11)		1001			t seasona	lly adjust		20			easonally	adjusted		
(Credits +; debits -) 1	Line	1981	I	19: II	III	IV	198 I *	52 II P	ı	19: II	III	IV	19 I '	II P
Exports of goods and services 2	1	372,892	92,801	96,129	90,523	93,439	89,420	92,931	93,280	94,389	92.965	92,259	90,206	91.286
Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military 3	2	236,254	60,294	61,836	55,502	58,622	55,216	56,505	60,683	60,284	57,694	57,593	55,780	55,094
Transfers under U.S. military agency sales contracts	3 4	9,747 12,168	2,215 2,709	2,411 2,985	2,741 3,697	2,380 2,777	3,000 3,076	3,360 2,891	2,215 2,838	2,411 2,841	2,741 3,229 763	2,380 3,260 734	$3,000 \\ 3,216$	3,360 2,746
Passenger fares Other transportation.	6	2,991 12,168 5,867	582 2,984 1,360	782 3,032 1,459	996 3,108 1,420	631 3,044 1,629	630 2,983 1,372	762 3,015 1,390	708 2,990 1.456	786 3,020 1.502	3,056 1,465	3,102 1,444	763 2,989 1,470	$763 \\ 3,003 \\ 1,435$
Fees and royalties from affiliated foreigners. Fees and royalties from unaffiliated foreigners	. 8 9	1,386 5,940	325 1,445	340 1,465	354 1,489	368 1,541	383 1,623	394 1,659	325 1,445	340 1,465	354 1,489	368 1,541	383 1,623	394 1,659
U.S. Government miscellaneous services		426	82	99	150	95	82	124	92	98	126	110	92	123
Direct investment	11 12	31,873 18,894	8,530 4,419	8,435 4,952	6,466 4,203	8,442 5,321	5,950 4,661	6,062 4,778	8,215 4,633	8,231 4,848	7,450 4,737	7,977 4,677	5,710 4,881	5,897 4,675
Reinvested earnings of incorporated affiliates	13 14 15	12,978 50,407 3,665	4,112 11,441 834	3,482 12,501 785	2,263 13,602 998	3,121 12,863 1,048	1,288 14,062 1,044	1,284 15,826 945	3,582 11,441 872	3,383 12,501 910	2,713 13,602 996	3,300 12,863 887	829 14,062 1,118	1,222 15,826 986
Transfers of goods and services under U.S. military grant programs,		•											,	
net	16 17	602 -361.813	192 88,365	214 92,658	132 90,580	64 90,210	93 86,653	126 88,533	192 -88,613	214 -91,480	132 90,406	64 91.316	93 - 87,070	126 87.492
Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military <sup>3</sup>	18 19	-264,143 $-11,288$	$-65,584 \\ -2,702$	-67,489 $-2,998$	-64,568 $-2,680$	-66,502 $-2,908$	-62,157 $-2,833$	-61,454 $-2,989$	$-64,995 \\ -2,702$	-66,831 $-2.998$	-65,539 $-2,680$	-66,778 $-2,908$	-61,653 $-2,833$	$-60,878 \\ -2,989$
Travel Passenger fares	20 21	-11,460 $-4,487$	-2,369 $-1,014$	-2,946 $-1,365$	-3,832 $-1,218$	-2,313 -890	-2,507 $-1,126$	-3,414 $-1,495$	-3,025 $-1,147$	-2,725 $-1,102$	-2,829 $-1,108$	-2,881 $-1,130$	-3,187 $-1,278$	-3,192 $-1,210$
Other transportation.  Fees and royalties to affiliated foreigners.  Fees and royalties to unaffiliated foreigners.	22 23 24	-11,611 -429 -264	-2,804 -146 -64	-3,004 -49 -65	$     \begin{array}{r}       -3,009 \\       -125 \\       -67     \end{array} $	$-2,795 \\ -109 \\ -68$	-2,520 -84 -70	-2,698 -24 -72	$     \begin{array}{r}       -2,859 \\       -146 \\       \hline       -64     \end{array} $	-2,959 $-49$ $-65$	$ \begin{array}{r} -2,911 \\ -125 \\ -67 \end{array} $	$-2,882 \\ -109 \\ -68$	-2,569 $-84$ $-70$	$     \begin{array}{r}     -2,656 \\     -24 \\     -72   \end{array} $
Private payments for other services.  U.S. Government payments for miscellaneous services	25 26	-3,294 -1,930	-819 -458	813 490	-818 -398	-844 -583	-865 -462	-873 -478	$-819 \\ -451$	-813 -497	-818 -464	$-844 \\ -518$	-865 -502	-873 -561
Payments of income on foreign assets in the United States:  Direct investment	27	-7,808	-1,789	-2,079	-2,004	-1.936	-1,392	1,483	-1,789	-2,079	-2,004	-1,936	-1,392	-1,483
Interest, dividends, and earnings of unincorporated affiliates Reinvested earnings of incorporated affiliates	28 29	-3,708 $-4,099$	$-850 \\ -939 \\ -937$	$-899 \\ -1,180$	$-884 \\ -1,120$	-1,076 $-860$	-858 -534	-1,092 $-392$	$-850 \\ -939$	-899 $-1,180$	$-884 \\ -1,120$	-1,076 $-860$	-858 -534	-1,092 $-392$
Other private payments	30 31	$-28,352 \\ -16,748$	$     \begin{array}{r}       -6,667 \\       -3,949     \end{array} $	-7.121 $-4,241$	$-7,589 \\ -4,272$	$-6,975 \\ -4,287$	$-8,170 \\ -4,467$	-9,199 -4,354	-6,667 $-3,949$	-7,121 $-4,241$	-7,589 -4,272	-6,975 $-4,287$	$-8,170 \\ -4,467$	-9,199 $-4,354$
U.S. military grants of goods and services, net	32	-602	-192	-214	-132	-64	<b>-93</b>	-126	-192	-214	-132	-64	-93	-126
net U.S. Government grants (excluding military grants of goods and services)	33 34	-6,608 -4,504	-1,399 -960	-1,496 -986	-1,777 $-1.250$	-1,936 $-1,308$	-2,025 $-1,473$	-1,718 $-1.070$	-1,422 -960	-1,510 -986	-1,808 -1,250	-1,870 -1,308	-2,048 $-1,473$	-1,732 $-1,070$
U.S. Government pensions and other transfers Private remittances and other transfers	35 36	-1,459 -645	-336 -103	-334 -177	-395 -133	-395 -233	-316 -236	-385 -263	$-336 \\ -126$	-334 -190	-395 -163	-395 -167	$-316 \\ -259$	-385 -277
U.S. assets abroad, net (increase/capital outflow (-))U.S. official reserve assets, net 4	37 38	-109,294 -5,175	-23,417 -4,529	-21,638 -905	-16,816 -4	- 47,423 262	-31,753 -1,089	-34,655 -1,132	-22,796 -4,529	-21,566 -905	-17,257 -4	- <b>47,677</b> 262	-31,201 -1,089	$-34,615 \\ -1,132$
Gold	39 40	-1,824	-1,441	-23	-225	-134	- 400	-241	-1,441 -207	-23 700	-225	- 134	-400	-241
Reserve position in the International Monetary Fund	41 42 43	$     \begin{array}{r}       -2,491 \\       -861 \\       -5,137     \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{r r}       -707 \\       -2,381 \\       -1,466     \end{array} $	-780 $-102$ $-1,492$	-647 868 -1,266	-358 754 -912	547 142 997	-814 -77 -1,536	$     \begin{array}{r}       -707 \\       -2,381 \\       -1,375     \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{r r}       -780 \\       -102 \\       -1,518     \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{r}     -647 \\     868 \\     -1,257     \end{array} $	-358 754 -987	$     \begin{array}{r}       -547 \\       -142 \\       -904     \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{r}     -814 \\     -77 \\     -1.559   \end{array} $
U.S. loans and other long-term assets	44	-9,710 4,370	-1,466 -2,596 947	-1,492 $-2,374$ $1,071$	-1,200 $-2,428$ $1,107$	-2,313 $-2,313$ $1,244$	-1,860 915	-2,551 1,016	-2,596 $-1,038$	-1,316 $-2,374$ $1,045$	-1,231 -2,428 1,117	-2,313 1,169	-1,860 1,008	$-2,551 \\ -2,551 \\ 992$
Repayments on U.S. loans 5. U.S. foreign currency holdings and U.S. short-term assets, net U.S. private assets, net	47	204 98,982	183 17,422	-189 -19,242	54 15,546	157 -46,773	-52 $-29.667$	-31,987	183 -16,892	-189 $-19,143$	54 15,996	157 -46,952	-52 $-29,208$	(*) -31,924
Direct investment	48 49	-8,691 4,287	-2,182 1,930	-5,203 $-1,721$	-529 1,734	_777 2,344	-540 748	2,289 3,573	-1,652 $1,930$	-5,104 $-1,721$	-979 1,734	-956 2,344	-81 748	2,351 3,573
Reinvested earnings of incorporated affiliates Foreign securities. U.S. claims on unaffiliated foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking	50 51	$-12,978 \\ -5,429$	-4,112 -458	-3,482 $-1,511$	-2,263 -618	$-3,121 \\ -2,843$	-1,288 -531	$-1,284 \\ -409$	-3,582 -458	-3,383 -1,511	-2,713 -618	$-3,300 \\ -2,843$	-829 -531	-1,222 -409
concerns: Long-term	52	12 991	12-3,148	<sup>12</sup> 2.470	12 855	12—508	<sup>12</sup> 4,112	n.a.	<sup>12</sup> 3,148	12 2,470	12 855	12 508	<sup>12</sup> 4,112	n.a.
Short-term	53	(13)	(13)	(13)	(13)	(13)	(13)	(13)	(13)	(13)	(13)	(13)	(13)	(13)
Long-term Short-term	54 55	84,531	11,634	<u>14,998</u>	-15,254	<b>-42,645</b>	_32,708	_33,866	<b>-</b> 11,634	-14,998	- 15,254	<b>-42,645</b>	-32,708	- 33,866
Foreign assets in the United States, net (increase/capital inflow (+)) Foreign official assets in the United States, net	56 57	77,921 4,785 6,272	8,470 5,361	13,464 2,861	16,880 -5,835	39,107 8,119	25,080 -3,122	31,182 1,935	8,470 5,361 7,696	13,464 -2,861	16,880 -5,835	39,107 8,119	25,080 -3,122	31,182 1,935
U.S. Government securities U.S. Treasury securities 6 Other 7	58 59 60	6,272 4,983 1,289	7,696 7,242 454	$ \begin{array}{r r} -1,527 \\ -2,063 \\ 536 \end{array} $	-4,090 -4,635 545	4,193 4,439 -246	$ \begin{array}{r r} -1,640 \\ -1,344 \\ -296 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r r} -1,829 \\ -2,087 \\ 258 \end{array} $	7,696 7,242 454	$ \begin{array}{r r} -1,527 \\ -2,063 \\ 536 \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{r}       -4,090 \\       -4,635 \\       \hline       545     \end{array} $	4,193 4,439 -246	$ \begin{array}{r r} -1,640 \\ -1,344 \\ -296 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} -1,829 \\ -2,087 \\ 258 \end{array} $
Other U.S. Government liabilities *	61 62	-69 -4,083	-55 -3,109	48 2,028	227	l 275	-182 $-1,516$	361 3,367	-55	48	-337 $-2.382$	275	-182	361 3,367
Other foreign official assets 9	63	2,665 73,136	829 3,109	647 16,324	-2,382 974 22,715	3,436 215 30,988	216 28,202	36 29,248	-3,109 829 3,109	16,324	974 22,715	-3,436 215 30,988	28,202	36 29,248
Direct investment Equity and intercompany accounts	65 66 67	21,301 17,201	2,946 2,007 939	4,540 3,360	4,478 3,358	9,336 8,475	1,165 632	2,673 2,281 392	2,946 2,007 939	4,540 3,360	3.358	9,336 8,475 860	1,165 632 534	2,673 2,281 392
Reinvested earnings of incorporated affiliates U.S. Treasury securities U.S. securities other than U.S. Treasury securities	68	4,099 142,932 7,109	1,390 2,419	1,180 750 3,533	1,120 14-446 761	860 141,238 396	534 1,277 1,319	14 2,074 2,495	1,390 2,419	1,180 750 3,533	14-446	14 1,238 396	1,277 1,319	142,074 2,495
U.S. liabilities to unaffiliated foreigners reported by U.S. nonbank- ing concerns: Long-term														
Short-term	71	12 532	<sup>12</sup> 147	12-162	121,006	12—457	12-982	n.a.	12 147	12-162	121,006	12—457	12-982	n.a.
Long-term <sup>10</sup>	72	41,262	-3,793	7,663	16,916	20,476	25,423	22,006	-3,793	7,663	16,916	20,476	25,423	22,006
Allocations of special drawing rights.  Statistical discrepancy (sum of above items with sign reversed)  Of which seasonal adjustment discrepancy	. 75	1,093 25,809	1,093 10,817	6,200	1,770	7,023	5,931	793	1,093 9,988 -829	6,703 503		9,497 2,474	5,032 899	1,370 577
Memoranda: Balance on merchandise trade (lines 2 and 18)	76	_27,889	-5,290	-5,653	-9,066	-7,880	-6,941	_4,9 <b>4</b> 9	_4,312	-6,547	-7,845	-9,185	-5,873	-5,784
Balance on goods and services (lines 1 and 17) 11	. 77 . 78	11,079 8,975	4,436 3,997	3,471 2,961	-57 -584	3,229 2,601	2,767 2,215	4.398	4,667 4,205	2,909 2,385	2,559 2,001	943 381	3,136 2,561	3,794 3,132
Balance on current account (lines 77 and 33) 11	. 79	4,471	3,037	1,975	-1,834	1,293	742	2,680	3,245	1,399	751	-927	1,088	2,062
Transactions in U.S. offical reserve assets and in foreign official assets in the United States:  Increase (-) in U.S. official reserve assets, net (line 38)	. 80	-5,175	-4,529	-905	-4	262	-1,089	-1,132	-4,529	-905	_4	262	-1,089	-1,132
Increase (+) in foreign official assets in the United States (line 57 less line 61)	. 81	4,854				7,844	-2,940		5,416			7,844	-2,940	
			1 -7						,	1,7,50				,

#### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

#### Table 3.—U.S. Merchandise Trade

[Millions of dollars]

<u> </u>		[WIII	ions of d											
	,				t seasons	illy adjus	1				Seasonall	y adjuste		
	Line	1981	I	19 II	81 III	IV	19 I '	82 II P	I	19	81 III	ıv	19 I '	82 II P
Balance of payments adjustments to Census trade data:  EXPORTS	A		•	-			-		-				-	
Merchandise exports, Census basis i including reexports and excluding military grant shipments	1	233,677	59,718	60,750	55,145	58,064	55,295	57,011	59,968	58,435	57,871	57,201	56,042	54,883
Adjustments:													e e	
Private gift parcel remittances	2	229	49	46	49	85	53	51	49	46	49	85	53	51
Gold exports, nonmonetary	3	1,285	321	307	363	294	250	140	321	307	363	294	250	140
Inland U.S. freight to Canada	4 5 6 7	1,151 4,271 -4,921	282 1,041 -1,010 -107	313 1,204 -1,204 420	281 1,023 -1,202	275 1,003 -1,505	242 1,084 -1,615	252 1,122 -1,827	295 1,041 -1,010	294 1,204 -1,204	293 1,023 -1,202	269 1,003 -1,505	250 1,084 -1,615	238 1,122 -1,827
Other adjustments, net <sup>4</sup>	8	562	101	420	-157	406	-93	-244	19 126	1,202 782	-703 -546	246 -160	$-284 \\ -191$	487 731
Equals: Merchandise exports, adjusted to balance of payments basis, excluding "military" (table 1, line 2)	9	236,254	60,294	61,836	55,502	58,622	55,216	56,505	60,683	60,284	57,694	57,593	55,780	55,094
IMPORTS														
Merchandise imports, Census basis ¹ (general imports)  Adjustments:	10	261,305	65,064	66,752	63,716	65,773	61,694	60,498	65,615	65,537	64,718	65,468	62,268	59,255
Gold imports, nonmonetary	11 12	1,816	476	441	672	227	211	311	476	441	672	227	211	311
documents * Other adjustments, net * Of which quarterly seasonal adjustment discrepancy *	13 14 15	-307 1,329	-75 119	-81 377	-76 256	-75 577	-129 381	-99 744	$     \begin{array}{r}       -75 \\       -1,021 \\       -1,108     \end{array} $	-81 934 565	-76 225 -51	-75 1,158 561	-129 -697 -1,043	$     \begin{array}{r r}       -99 \\       1,411 \\       672    \end{array} $
Equals: Merchandise imports, adjusted to balance of payments basis, excluding "military" (table 1, line 18)	16	264,143	65,584	67,489	64,568	66,502	62,157	61,454	64,995	66,831	65,539	66,778	61,653	60,878
Merchandise trade, by area, adjusted to balance of payments basis, excluding military:  EXPORTS	В							i						
Total, all countries (A-9)	1	236,254	60,294	61,836	55,502	58,622	55,216	56,505	60,683	60,284	57,694	57,593	55,780	55,094
Western Europe European Communities (10) United Kingdom European Communities (6). Germany	2 3 4 5 6	65,090 51,351 12,419 36,330 10,531	17,101 13,527 3,304 9,578 2,748	16,578 13,140 3,404 9,047 2,736	15,103 11,912 2,967 8,326 2,446	16,308 12,772 2,744 9,379 2,601	15,756 12,321 2,692 9,018 2,402	15,798 12,438 2,684 9,148 2,290	16,442 13,050 3,196 9,237 2,595	16,193 12,767 3,144 8,958 2,714	16,300 12,899 3,259 8,978 2,643	16,155 12,635 2,820 9,157 2,579	15,288 11,951 2,606 8,734 2,253	15,479 12,049 2,461 9,015 2,264
Western Europe, excluding EC (10)	8 9 10	13,739 4,461 45,250 42,804 18,207	3,574 1,594 11,153 10,765 4,249	3,438 877 12,991 11,313 5,031	782 10,592 10,218 4,448	3,536 1,208 10,514 10,508 4,479	3,435 1,608 9,822 8,730 3,620	3,360 1,022 10,614 9,383 3,580	3,392 1,466 11,277 11,455 4,381	978 12,204 11,105 4,839	923 11,304 10,217 4,577	3,520 1,094 10,465 10,027 4,410	3,337 1,483 9,945 9,304 3,747	3,430 1,140 9,926 9,184 3,432
Japan Australia, New Zealand, and South Africa Other countries in Asia and Africa	12 13 14	21,796 8,998 47,855	5,599 1,983 12,099	5,204 2,495 12,378	5,169 2,233 11,405	5,824 2,287 11,973	5,199 2,022 12,079	5,068 2,245 12,375	5,500 1,983 12,560	5,359 2,495 11,950	5,293 2,233 11,424	5,644 2,287 11,921	5,151 2,022 12,587	5,213 2,245 11,907
Memoranda: Industrial countries <sup>1</sup> Members of OPEC <sup>1</sup> Other countries <sup>2</sup> IMPORTS	15 16 17	141,134 21,093 69,543	35,836 4,971 17,893	37,268 5,472 18,219	33,097 5,233 16,390	34,933 5,417 17,041	32,799 5,309 15,500	33,725 5,476 16,282	35,202 5,232 18,783	36,251 5,244 17,811	35,130 5,264 16,377	34,551 5,353 16,572	32,406 5,593 16,298	32,863 5,236 15,855
Total, all countries (A-16).  Western Europe.  European Communities (10).  United Kingdom  European Communities (6).  Germany.  Western Europe, excluding EC (10).	18 19 20 21 22 23 24	264,143 52,873 41,424 12,746 26,985 11,389 11,449	65,584 12,586 9,592 2,821 6,360 2,751 2,994	67,489 13,301 10,518 3,260 6,840 2,886 2,783	64,568 13,580 10,770 3,745 6,603 2,711 2,810	66,502 13,406 10,544 2,920 7,182 3,041 2,862	62,157 12,740 10,068 2,817 6,820 2,940 2,672	61,454 13,681 10,862 3,107 7,308 3,237 2,819	64,995 12,479 9,542 2,792 6,348 2,745 2,937	66,831 13,068 10,385 3,252 6,715 2,768 2,683	65,539 13,963 11,010 3,797 6,759 2,815 2,953	66,778 13,363 10,487 2,905 7,163 3,061 2,876	61,653 12,614 10,000 2,781 6,796 2,930 2,614	60,878 13,476 10,751 3,111 7,193 3,104 2,725
Eastern Europe Canada <sup>2</sup>	25 26	1,552 47,316	450 11,410	400 12,324	367 11,192	335 12,390	265 11,540	288 12,683	446 11,446	402 11,857	367 12,036	337 11,977	264 11,556	290 12,280
Latin American Republics and other Western Hemisphere	27 28	39,099 13,767	10,139 3,190	9,654 3,526	9,520 3,230	9,786 3,821	9,207 3,683	9,262 3,831	9,759 3,037	9,712 3,451	9,815 3,462	9,813 3,817	8,833 3,519	9,378 3,783
Japan Australia, New Zealand, and South Africa Other countries in Asia and Africa	29 30 31	37,598 5,608 80,097	8,550 1,396 21,053	9,416 1,434 20,960	9,587 1,336 18,986	10,045 1,442 19,098	9,993 1,135 17,277	9,647 1,192 14,701	8,694 1,476 20,695	9,120 1,416 21,256	9,486 1,392 18,480	10,298 1,324 19,666	10,168 1,198 17,020	9,373 1,183 14,898
Memoranda: Industrial countries <sup>7</sup>	32 33 34	143,395 49,934 69,262	33,942 14,529 16,663	36,475 13,347 17,267	35,695 10,897 17,609	37,283 11,161 17,723	35,408 9,852 16,632	37,203 6,478 17,462	34,095 14,017 16,437	35,461 13,681 17,287	36,877 10,831 17,464	36,962 11,405 18,074	35,536 9,462 16,391	36,312 6,668 17,585

#### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

#### Table 3.—U.S. Merchandise Trade—Continued

[Millions of dollars]

		[Mill	ions of d										_	
		1001			t seasona	illy adjus						y adjuste		
	Line	1981	I	19 II	III	IV	19 I <sup>r</sup>	II P	I	19 II	III	IV	19 Ir	II P
Merchandise trade, by area, adjusted to balance of payments basis, excluding military—Continued	В													
BALANCE (EXCESS OF EXPORTS+)														
Total, all countries	. 35	-27,889	5,290	-5,653	-9,066	<b>-7,880</b>	-6,941	-4,949	-4,312	-6,547	-7,845	-9,185	-5,873	-5,784
Western Europe	36	12,217 9,927	4,515 3,935	3,277 2,622	1,523 1,142	2,902 2,228	3,016 2,253	2,117 1,576	3,963 3,508	3,125 2,382	2,337 1,889	2,792 2,148	2,674 1,951	2,003 1,298
United Kingdom European Communities (6).	. 38	-327 9,345	483 3,218	144 2,207	_778 1,723	-176 2,197	-125 2,198	-423 1,840	404 2,889	-108 2,243	-538 2,219	-85 1,994	-175 1,938	-650 1,822
Germany	40	858 2,290	$-3 \\ 580$	$-150 \\ 655$	$-265 \\ 381$	$-440 \\ 674$	-538 763	-947 541	-150 455	$-54 \\ 743$	$-172 \\ 448$	-482 644	-677 723	-840 705
Eastern Europe	. 42	2,909	1,144	477	415	873	1,343	734	1,020	576	556	757	1,219	850
Canada <sup>2</sup> Latin American Republics and Other Western Hemisphere Mexico	43 44 45	-2,066 3,705 4,440	-257 626 1,059	667 1,659 1,505	-600 698 1,218	-1,876 722 658	-1,718 -477 -63	-2,069 121 -251	-169 1,696 1,344	347 1,393 1,388	-732 402 1,115	-1,512 214 593	-1,611 471 228	2,354 194 351
Japan Australia, New Zealand, and South Africa Other countries in Asia and Africa	. 47	-15,802 3,390 -32,242	-2,951 587 -8,954	$     \begin{array}{r}       -4,212 \\       1,061 \\       -8,582     \end{array} $	-4,418 897 -7,581	$     \begin{array}{r}       -4,221 \\       845 \\       -7,125     \end{array} $	-4,794 887 -5,198	-4,579 $1,053$ $-2,326$	-3,194 507 -8,135	-3,761 $1,079$ $-9,306$	-4,193 841 -7,056	-4,654 963 -7,745	-5,017 824 -4,433	$     \begin{array}{r}       -4,160 \\       1,062 \\       -2,991     \end{array} $
Memoranda: Industrial countries <sup>7</sup>	. 49 . 50 . 51	-2,261 -28,841 281	1,894 -9,558 1,230	793 -7,875 952	-2,598 -5,664 -1,219	-2,350 -5,744 -682	-2,609 -4,543 -1,132	$ \begin{array}{r} -3,478 \\ -1,002 \\ -1,180 \end{array} $	1,107 -8,785 2,346	790 -8,437 524	-1,747 -5,567 -1,087	$ \begin{array}{r} -2,411 \\ -6,052 \\ -1,502 \end{array} $	$\begin{vmatrix} -3,130 \\ -3,869 \\ -93 \end{vmatrix}$	-3,449 -1,432 -1,730
Merchandise trade, by principal end use category, adjusted to balance of payments basis, excluding military. <sup>2</sup>	С	1	,						,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,			-7.		
EXPORTS													 	
Total (A-9)	. 1	236,254	60,294	61,836	55,502	58,622	55,216	56,505	60,683	60,284	57,694	57,593	55,780	55,094
Agricultural products Nonagricultural products	. 3	44,264 191,990	12,815 47,479	10,776 51,060	9,161 46,341	11,512 47,110	10,686 44,530	10,209 46,296	12,575 48,108	11,151 49,133	9,947 47,747	10,591 47,002	10,510 45,270	10,665 44,429
Foods, feeds, and beveragesFoods, feeds, and beverages—agricultural	. 5	38,314 37,082	10,760 10,562	9,320 9,074	8,423 7,906	9,811 9,540	8,765 8,597	8,747 8,546	10,996 10,700	9,670 9,368	8,718 8,342	8,931 8,671	8,998 8,758	9,163 8,924
Grains Soybeans Other agricultural foods, feeds, and beverages Nonagricultural foods, feeds, and beverages	8	22,128 6,223 8,730 1,232	6,480 1,938 2,145 198	5,456 1,391 2,227 246	5,046 935 1,925 517	5,147 1,960 2,432 271	5,018 1,763 1,816 167	4,942 1,646 1,957 201	6,770 1,713 2,217 296	5,691 1,472 2,206 301	4,731 1,479 2,132 375	4,937 1,559 2,175 260	5,345 1,542 1,872 240	5,242 1,748 1,934 239
Industrial supplies and materials		69,820 6,671	18,325 2,104	17,702 1,555	16,492 1,154	17,301 1,857	16,899 1,981	16,709 1,562	18,240 1,727	17,212 1,637	16,951 1,504	17,417 1,803	17,054 1,644	16,124 1,640
Nonagricultural Energy products.	. 12	63,149 10,746	16,221 2,414	16,147 2,108	15,338 2,851	15,444 3,373	14,918 3,510	15,147 3,433	16,512 2,617	15,575 2,055	15,447 2,864	15,614 3,210	15,410 3,952	14,484 3,233
Fuels and lubricants	. 14	10,725 3,769	2,409 899	2,102 806	2,846 817	3,368 1,247	3,505 1,742	3,427 1,521	2,612 926	2,049 779	2,859 828	3,205 1,236	3,947 1,798	3,227 1,465
Other nonagriculturalNonmonetary gold	. 16 . 17	52,403 4,398	13,807 1,370	14,038 1,283	12,486 1,108	12,071 637	11,408 430	11,714 359	13,895 1,370	13,520 1,283	12,584 1,108	12,404 637	11,457 430	11,252 359
Capital goods, except automotive	. 18	81,666	19,895	21,697	19,771	20,304	19,174	19,818	20,122	21,107	20,236	20,201	19,354	19,282
Machinery, except consumer-type Civilian aircraft, complete—all types	. 20	65,752 8,878 4,854	16,094 2,074 1,263	17,086 2,817 1,199	16,188 1,902 1,183	16,384 2,086 1,209	15,687 1,766 1,159	16,413 1,385 1,316	16,212 2,178 1,269	16,496 2,851 1,168	16,614 1,912 1,213	16,431 1,936 1,204	15,777 1,843 1,172	15,903 1,416 1,263
Other transportation equipment		2,182	464	595	497	625	563	705	464	591	498	629	562	701
Automotive vehicles, parts and engines To Canada*	. 24	19,096 11,185	4,731 2,842	5,663 3,586	4,402 2,474	4,301 2,283	4,312 2,491	4,933 3,150	4,741 2,821	5,119 3,129	5,041 3,011	4,195 2,223	4,319 2,464	4,464 2,761
To all other areas	1	7,912	1,889	2,077	1,928	2,018	1,822	1,783	1,919	1,990	2,030	1,973	1,855	1,703
All other, including balance of payments adjustments not included in lines C 4-26.		16,295 11,063	4,191 2,391	3,111	3,918	3,842	3,706 2,359	3,986	4,166 2,418	4,175 3,002	4,070 2,677	3,883	3,678 2,376	3,837
IMPORTS		11,000	2,001	0,111	2,100	0,000	2,000	2,011	2,110	0,002	2,011	2,001	2,010	2,250
Total (A-16)	. 28	264,143	65,584	67,489	64,568	66,502	62,157	61,454	64,995	66,831	65,539	66,778	61,653	60,878
Petroleum and products	29	77,579 186,564	21,324 44,260	20,277 47,212	18,287 46,281	17,691 48,811	16,334 45,823	13,003 48,451	20,533 44,462	20,798 46,034	18,158 47,382	18,091 48,687	15,652 46,001	13,416 47,462
Foods, feeds, and beverages		18,113	4,854	4,666	4,136	4,456	3,759	4,380	4,882	4,491	4,450	4,290	3,724	4,295
Industrial supplies and materials		137,860	35,846	35,948	33,464	32,602	30,601	26,791	35,007	36,003	33,656	33,193	29,882	26,838
Energy products. Fuels and lubricants	. 34	83,470 82,531 54,389	22,931 22,692 12,915	21,678 21,410 14,271	19,680 19,503 13,784	19,183 18,925 13,419	18,088 17,828 12,513	14,358 14,173 12,433	21,930 21,724 13,077	22,181 21,922 13,822	19,739 19,542 13,917	19,620 19,342 13,573	17,189 16,965 12,693	14,760 14,580 12,078
Nonmonetary gold	36	4,014	943	1,035	1,113	924	757	649	943	1,035	1,113	924	757	649
Capital goods, except automotive	. 38	34,575 30,502	8,087 7,032	8,564 7,601	8,656 7,776	9,269 8,092	8,661 7,675	9,358 8,268	8,176 7,119	8,295 7,378	8,785 7,861	9,319 8,143	8,773 7,786	9,101 8,054
Civilian aircraft, engines, and parts	. 39	3,749 325	940 115	894 69	820 60	1,096 81	925 60	900 190	942 115	847 69	864 60	1,095 81	926 60	857 190
Automotive vehicles, parts and engines	41 42	29,737 10,383	7,115 2,217	7,865 2,808	6,776 2,292	7,980 3,065	8,112 2,908	9,366 4,010	6,712 2,062	7,465 2,654	7,698 2,880	7,862 2,787	7,658 2,715	8,929 3,840
From all other areas	43	19,354	4,898	5,057	4,483	4,915	5,204	5,356	4,650	4,811	4,818	5,074	4,943	5,089
Consumer goods (nonfood) except automotive		38,664	8,725	9,134	10,293	10,512	9,578	9,352	9,216	9,288	9,682	10,478	10,124	9,540
lines C 31-44	. 45	5,195	957	1,311	1,244	1,683	1,446	2,207	1,001	1,291	1,268	1,635	1,492	2,175

Table 3.—U.S. Merchandise Trade—Continued

[Millions of dollars]

		[Mill	ions of d	ollarsj										
				No	t seasons	ılly adjus	ted				easonall:	y adjuste	d	
	Line	1981		19	81		19	82		19	81		19	82
			I	п	III	IV	I	II	I	II	Ш	IV	I	II
Merchandise trade, by end-use category, Census basis, ${}^\iota$ including military grant shipments:	D													
Merchandise exports, Census basis, including military grant shipments	. 1	233,739	59,738	60,762	55,155	58,084	55,314	57,027	60,114	59,230	57,333	57,062	55,8 <b>69</b>	55,630
Agricultural products Nonagricultural products. Excluding military grant shipments	2 3 4	43,815 189,924 189,862	12,699 47,039 47,019	10,646 50,116 50,104	9,067 46,088 46,079	11,403 46,681 46,660	10,557 44,756 44,738	10,107 46,920 46,904	12,460 47,654 47,634	11,022 48,208 48,196	9,852 47,481 47,472	10,480 46,583 46,562	10,381 45,487 45,469	10,563 45,067 45,051
Foods, feeds, and beverages	. 5	37,888	10,655	9,196	8,327	9,710	8,648	8,649	10,890	9,546	8,622	8,830	8,881	9,065
Agricultural	. 7	36,673 22,060 6,186	10,457 6,463 1,926	8,950 5,423 1,379	7,820 5,054 926	9,446 5,121 1,955	8,485 4,976 1,762	8,453 4,928 1,645	10,594 6,753 1,702	9,244 5,658 1,460	8,256 4,739 1,470	8,578 4,911 1,553	8,646 5,303 1,541	8,831 5,228 1,746
Other agricultural foods, feeds and beverages	ğ	8,427	2,068	2,148	1,840	2,370	1,747	1,880	2,140	2,127	2,047	2,113	1,802	1,857
Nonagricultural (fish, distilled beverages, etc.)	10	1,215	198	246	507	264	162	196	296	301	365	253	236	234
Industrial supplies and materials	11	67,674	17,802	17,184	15,947	16,742	16,398	16,321	17,716	16,695	16,406	16,858	16,552	15,736
Agricultural Raw cotton, including linters Tobacco, unmanufactured Other agricultural industrial supplies (hides, tallow, etc.)	13 14	6,630 2,277 1,458 2,895	2,095 915 300 880	1,549 540 325 684	1,145 288 281 576	1,841 534 552 755	1,964 757 355 852	1,553 521 352 680	1,717 714 279 724	1,631 507 394 730	1,494 402 396 696	1,787 654 388 745	1,627 570 337 720	1,631 475 425 730
Nonagricultural	17 18	61,044 10,725 6,019 3,769	15,707 2,409 1,145 899	15,635 2,102 1,066 806	14,802 2,846 1,834 817	14,900 3,368 1,974 1,247	14,434 3,505 1,503 1,742	14,768 3,427 1,809 1,521	15,998 2,612 1,321 926	15,064 2,049 1,039 779	14,912 2,859 1,836 828	15,071 3,205 1,822 1,236	14,925 3,947 1,889 1,798	14,105 3,227 1,664 1,465
Paper and paper base stocks	20	4,968	1,263	1,340	1,207	1,158	1,115	1,180	1,322	1,261	1,211	1,173	1,167	1,111
Textile supplies and materials Chemicals, excluding medicinals Other nonmetals (minerals, wood, rubber, tires, etc.) Steel making materials Iron and steel products. Other metals, primary and advanced, including advanced steel Precious metals (gold, silver, platinum)	22 23 24 25 26	3,764 17,962 9,416 900 3,390 9,920 3,760	964 4,538 2,430 197 857 3,050 1,290	1,014 4,575 2,586 309 884 2,824 1,144	910 4,412 2,229 189 797 2,212 891	877 4,437 2,171 204 852 1,834 434	769 4,373 2,168 147 719 1,638 269	765 4,504 2,274 270 672 1,676 310	969 4,542 2,407 233 858 3,056 1,290	992 4,425 2,414 273 875 2,775 1,144	942 4,374 2,291 183 813 2,240 891	863 4,621 2,305 211 844 1,850 434	772 4,374 2,145 158 719 1,644 269	748 4,360 2,121 239 665 1,634 310
Capital goods, except automotive	. 28	80,173	19,580	21,296	19,402	19,895	18,764	19,440	19,808	20,706	19,867	19,792	18,944	18,904
Machinery, except consumer-type  Electrical and electronic, including parts and attachments.  Nonelectrical, including parts and attachments.  Construction machinery and nonfarm tractors.  Textile and other specialized industry machinery.  Other industrial machinery, n.e.c.  Agricultural machinery and farm tractors.  Business and office machines, computers, etc.  Electronic computers and parts.  Scientific, professional, and service industry equipment.	30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37	64,524 12,920 51,605 11,614 4,187 17,243 2,232 10,562 8,837 5,767	15,799 3,140 12,659 2,760 1,044 4,233 569 2,593 2,165 1,459	16,748 3,335 13,414 3,025 1,094 4,496 655 2,639 2,197 1,504	15,890 3,144 12,747 3,013 1,000 4,246 504 2,591 2,179 1,393	16,086 3,301 12,785 2,816 1,049 4,268 504 2,738 2,295 1,411	15,364 3,092 12,272 2,729 934 4,158 521 2,588 2,150 1,342	16,111 3,455 12,656 2,782 963 4,036 541 2,860 2,415 1,474	15,916 3,186 12,730 2,864 1,070 4,236 549 2,574 2,159 1,439	16,159 3,195 12,964 2,879 1,056 4,345 572 2,662 2,218 1,449	16,315 3,247 13,068 3,009 1,043 4,375 543 2,649 2,219 1,450	16,133 3,291 12,842 2,862 1,018 4,287 568 2,677 2,241 1,429	15,454 3,138 12,316 2,811 955 4,155 503 2,570 2,146 1,322	15,601 3,310 12,290 2,677 931 3,907 473 2,880 2,433 1,422
Civilian aircraft, engines, parts	. 40	13,467 8,613 2,182	3,317 2,054 464	3,952 2,753 595	3,014 1,831 497	3,184 1,975 625	2,837 1,678 563	2,625 1,309 705	3,427 2,159 464	3,956 2,788 591	3,053 1,841 498	3,030 1,825 629	2,928 1,756 562	2,603 1,340 701
Automotive vehicles, parts and engines	42	17,988	4,417	5,268	4,193	4,110	4,074	4,631	4,427	4,724	4,832	4,004	4,081	4,162
To Canada <sup>3</sup> To all other areas	43	10,076 7,912	2,528 1,889	3,191 2,077	2,265 1,928	2,092 2,018	2,252 1,822	2,848 1,783	2,507 1,919	2,734 1,990	2,802 2,030	2,032 1,973	2,226 1,855	2,459 1,703
Passenger cars, new and used Trucks, buses, and special vehicles	45 46 47	4,005 3,310 10,672	1,058 851 2,507	1,270 921 3,076	878 783 2,532	799 755 2,556	653 695 2,726	991 715 2,925	1,061 880 2,486	1,072 843 2,809	1,160 819 2,853	712 767 2,525	658 717 2,706	840 655 2,667
Consumer goods (nonfood), except automotive	. 48	15,868	4,077	4,222	3,823	3,746	3,598	3,878	4,052	4,053	3,975	3,787	3,570	3,729
Consumer durables, manufactured	49 50 51	6,976 8,336 556	1,787 2,130 160	1,896 2,176 150	1,676 2,016 132	1,617 2,014 115	1,499 1,999 100	1,674 2,099 105	1,807 2,100 145	1,772 2,131 150	1,762 2,066 148	1,635 2,039 113	1,514 1,964 91	1,563 2,060 105
Special category (military-type goods)	. 52	4,178	905	1,052	1,015	1,206	1,382	1,585	905	1,052	1,015	1,206	1,382	1,585
Exports, n.e.c., and reexports	. 53	9,971	2,302	2,544	2,448	2,676	2,450	2,523	2,316	2,454	2,616	2,584	2,458	2,448
Domestic (low-value miscellaneous)	54 55	5,193 4,778	1,178 1,124	1,355 1,190	1,324 1,124	1,335 1,341	1,226 1,224	1,274 1,249	1,208 1,108	1,314 1,140	1,342 1,274	1,328 1,256	1,251 1,207	1,246 1,202

#### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

#### Table 3.—U.S. Merchandise Trade—Continued

[Millions of dollars]

		-		No	t seasona	lly adjus	ted			S	easonall	y adjuste	d	
	Line	1981		19				82		19		,		82
			I	II	Ш	IV	I	II	I	II	III	IV	1	II
Merchandise imports, Census basis	56	261,305	65,064	66,752	63,716	65,774	61,694	60,498	64,507	66,102	64,667	66,029	61,225	59,927
Foods, feeds, and beverages	57	18,113	4,854	4,666	4,136	4,456	3,759	4,380	4,882	4,491	4,450	4,290	3,724	4,295
Coffee, cocoa, and sugar	58	5,230	1,575	1,247	1,032	1,376	946	876	1,557	1,248	1,076	1,350	894	894
Green coffee Cane sugar	59 60	2,622 2,142	866 586	603 487	495 422	658 647	626 210	636 165	771 689	631 486	579 350	640 618	556 251	662 168
Other foods, feeds, and beverages	61	12,882	3,279	3,419	3,105	3,080	2,813	3,504	3,325	3,243	3,374	2,940	2,830	3,401
Industrial supplies and materials	62	134,632	34,968	35,142	32,508	32,013	30,081	26,166	34,162	35,205	32,680	32,584	29,397	26,218
Fuels and lubricants <sup>9</sup> Petroleum and products	63 64	82,058 77,107	22,530 21,161	21,313 20,179	19,396 18,180	18,820 17,586	17,779 16,284	14,067 12,897	21,561 20,370	21,824 20,700	19,435 18,051	19,238 17,986	16,915 15,602	14,474 13,310
Paper and paper base stocks	65	5,603	1,408	1,424	1,295	1,476	1,348	1,374	1,385	1,398	1,328	1,493	1,330	1,349
Materials associated with nondurable goods and farm output, n.e.s	66 67 68 69 70	11,863 2,555 633 5,966 2,709	3,039 629 172 1,498 739	3,056 626 184 1,580 665	2,895 644 147 1,472 632	2,874 655 130 1,415 672	2,942 615 230 1,392 705	3,028 606 240 1,529 653	2,930 620 134 1,476 700	2,935 613 138 1,540 643	3,008 649 166 1,524 669	2,991 673 196 1,425 696	2,832 607 188 1,372 666	2,910 594 188 1,492 636
Building materials, except metals	71	3,716	964	1,105	861	786	589	834	1,037	1,028	824	827	638	776
Materials associated with durable goods output, n.e.s	72 73 74 75 76	31,390 2,588 11,262 12,514 4,134 5,027	7,028 484 2,024 3,190 1,054 1,330	8,245 752 2,854 3,354 1,099 1,286	8,060 729 3,203 2,906 901 1,222	8,057 622 3,181 3,064 1,081 1,190	7,423 391 3,223 2,719 887 1,090	6,864 386 2,922 2,388 630 1,168	7,249 623 2,155 3,170 1,054 1,302	8,019 690 2,877 3,198 1,099 1,255	8,085 659 3,150 3,023 901 1,253	8,036 616 3,081 3,123 1,081 1,216	7,683 513 3,400 2,703 887 1,067	6,709 351 2,929 2,288 630 1,140
Capital goods, except automotive	78	34,493	8,031	8,564	8,654	9,245	8,657	9,233	8,120	8,295	8,784	9,295	8,769	8,977
Machinery, except consumer-type	79	30,502	7,032	7,601	7,776	8,092	7,675	8,268	7,119	7,378	7,861	8,143	7,786	8,054
Electrical and electronic, and parts and attachments	80 81 82 83 84	9,452 21,050 3,425 7,748 1,689	2,083 4,949 852 1,779 429	2,304 5,297 852 1,920 497	2,477 5,299 877 2,034 379	2,588 5,505 844 2,015 384	2,370 5,305 846 1,944 367	2,641 5,627 802 2,097 376	2,200 4,919 835 1,766 398	2,298 5,081 805 1,838 425	2,422 5,439 876 2,075 429	2,532 5,612 908 2,068 438	2,498 5,288 830 1,933 341	2,632 5,422 760 2,010 322
Business and office machines, computers, etc	85 86	5,204 2,984	1,192 697	1,300 729	1,246 762	1,466 795	1,372 776	1,532 820	1,215 705	1,290 723	1,294 764	1,406 792	1,397 786	1,518 813
Transportation equipment, except automotive	87	3,992	998	963	878	1,152	982	965	1,001	916	923	1,151	982	923
Civilian aircraft, engines, parts	88 89	3,749 1,339	940 297	894 264	820 278	1,096 500	925 363	900 311	942 297	847 264	864 278	1,095 500	926 363	857 311
Automotive vehicles, parts, and engines	90	29,737	7,115	7,865	6,776	7,980	8,112	9,366	6,712	7,465	7,698	7,862	7,658	8,929
From Canada	91 92	10,383 19,354	2,217 4,898	2,808 5,057	2,292 4,483	3,065 4,915	2,908 5,204	4,010 5,356	2,062 4,650	2,654 4,811	2,880 4,818	2,787 5,074	2,715 4,943	3,840 5,089
Passenger cars, new and used Trucks, buses, and special vehicles Bodies, engines, parts and accessories, n.e.s.	93 94 95	17,768 4,844 7,124	4,366 1,102 1,648	4,845 1,172 1,848	3,903 1,175 1,698	4,655 1,396 1,930	5,054 1,429 1,630	5,641 1,525 2,199	4,038 1,043 1,632	4,490 1,161 1,813	4,523 1,376 1,800	4,718 1,264 1,880	4,684 1,362 1,612	5,239 1,534 2,155
Consumer goods (nonfood), except automotive	96 97 98 99	38,664 20,766 14,928 2,969	8,725 4,610 3,324 791	9,134 4,894 3,483 758	10,293 5,316 4,260 717	10,512 5,947 3,861 703	9,578 5,211 3,678 688	9,352 4,911 3,833 608	9,216 4,986 3,469 761	9,288 4,959 3,569 760	9,682 5,173 3,780 729	10,478 5,648 4,111 719	10,124 5,620 3,842 662	9,540 4,996 3,930 615
Imports, n.e.s. (low value, goods returned, military aircraft, movies, exhibits)	100	5,667	1,371	1,380	1,349	1,568	1,508	2,000	1,415	1,359	1,372	1,520	1,553	1,969

#### Table 4.—Selected U.S. Government Transactions

[Millions of dollars]

		1004		19	81		19	82
	Line	1981	I	п	III	IV	I <sup>r</sup>	IIP
U.S. Government grants (excluding military) and transactions increasing Government assets, total	A1	14,010	3,373	3,549	3,624	3,464	3,385	3,622
By category								
Grants, net (table 1, line 34, with sign reversed)	2 3	4,504	960	986	1,250	1,308	1,473	1,070
Financing military purchases <sup>1</sup>		317 4,187	960	129 857	121 1,129	67 1,240	419 1,054	25 1,046
Loans and other long-term assets (table 1, line 44, with sign reversed)		9,710	2,596	2,374	2,428	2,313	1,860	2,551
Capital subscriptions and contributions to international financial institutions, excluding IMF  Credits repayable in U.S. dollars	6	1,142 78,035	195 2,297	323 1.922	316 1,935	308 1,882	213 1,520	285 2,154
Credits repayable in other than U.S. dollars Other long-term assets	8	94 439	(*) 104	30 98	57 120	7 118	1,020 6 120	-6 118
Foreign currency holdings and short-term assets, net (table 1, line 46, with sign reversed)	- 1	-204	-183	189	-54	-157	52	(*)
Foreign currency holdings (excluding administrative cash holdings), net Receipts from— Sales of agricultural commodities	11	-41 68	-41 (*)	-21 14	4 25	17 29	7	_18́ 3
Interest		71 134	22 36	15 38	19 26	16 34	15 48	15 27
Repayments of principal	15							
Other sources	16	17	1	10	4	3	3	4
Grants and credits in the recipient's currency		25 5	13 3	5	2	4 3	4	1
Other U.S. Government expenditures	19	$301 \\ -211$	84 105	92 -47	68 -76	58 16	58 31	66 14
Assets financing military sales contracts, net <sup>2</sup>	21	48	_36	257	18		14	5
By program			-		•	100		
Capital subscriptions and contributions to international financial institutions, excluding IMF	23	1,142	195	323	316	308	213	285
Under farm product disposal programs		1,720 7,000	317 1.966	529 1.495	591 1,568	283 1.972	247 1,943	412 2,077
Under Export-Import Bank Act Other assistance programs	26	3,074 916	841 135	818 114	735 377	681 291	663 163	614 128
Other foreign currency assets acquired (lines A13, A14, and A16)  Less foreign currencies used by U.S. Government other than for grants or credits (line A19)	28	222 301	58 84	62 92	49 68	53 58	66 58	45 66
Other (including changes in administrative cash holdings), net	30	238	-55	301	56	-64	148	127
By disposition <sup>3</sup>								
Estimated transactions involving no direct dollar outflow from the United States	31 32	10,067 5,994	2,578 1,477	2,544 1,644	2,603 1,540	2,342 1,333	2,304 1,231	2,621 1,450
Expenditures on U.S. services <sup>4</sup>	33 34	1,991 1,744	459 739	555 339	543 317	435 350	484 538	548 629
By long-term credits By short-term credits  B	35 36	1,448	739	210	196	304	263	612
By grants 1	37 38	296		129	121	46	275	17
U.S. Government grants and credits to repay prior U.S. Government credits 14	38 39	495 378	54 39	137 6	203 152	101 181	91 19	80
Increase in liabilities associated with U.S. Government grants and transactions increasing Government assets (including changes in retained accounts) 6 (line C11)	40	1	-1	1	(*)	1	-1	3
Less receipts on short-term U.S. Government assets (a) financing military sales contracts ' and (b) financing repayments of private credits	41	235	105	47	84			724
Less foreign currencies used by U.S. Government other than for grants or credits (line A19)	42	301	84	92	68	58	58	66
Estimated dollar payments to foreign countries and international financial institutions	43	3,943	795	1,005	1,021	1,122	1,082	1,001
Repayments on U.S. Government long-term assets, total (table 1, line 45)  Receipts of principal on U.S. Government credits	B1 2	4,370 3,935	947 842	1,071 964	1,107 998	1,244 1,130	915 802	1,016 875
Under farm product disposal programs	3 4	278 1,287	46 242	59 397	50 297	123 351	57 287	33 379
Under Export-Import Bank Act Other assistance programs	5 6	1,466 905	343 212	347 160	333 319	442 214	341 117	397 65
Receipts on other long-term assets	7	435	105	107	109	114	112	141
U.S. Government liabilities other than securities, total, net increase (+) (table 1, line 61)	C1	<b>-69</b>	-55	48	-337	275	-182	361
Associated with military sales contracts <sup>2</sup>	2	157	118	86	-232	186	5	197
U.S. Government cash receipts from foreign governments (including principal repayments on credits financing military sales contracts), net of refunds 1	3	8,915	2,321	2,547	1,595	2,451	3,723	2,589
Less U.S. Government receipts from principal repayments.  Less U.S. Treasury securities issued in connection with prepayments for military purchases in	4	594	124	167	145	158	133	172
the United States	5 6	160 1,744	603 739	222 339	-742 317	77 350	1,122 538	$-511 \\ 629$
By long-term credits By short-term credits '	6 7 8	1,448	739	210	196	304	263	612
By grants \(^1\)  Less transfers of goods and services (including transfers financed by grants to Israel, and by	9	296	***************************************	129	121	46	275	17
credits) 12 (table 1, line 3)	10	9,747	2,215	2,411	2,741	2,380	3,000	3,360
Associated with U.S. Government grants and transactions increasing Government assets (including changes in retained accounts) 6 (line A40)	11	1	-1	1	(*)	1	-1	3
Associated with other liabilities	12	-227	-171	-39	-104	88	-187	161
Sales of nuclear materials by Department of Energy Other sales and miscellaneous operations	13 14	$-133 \\ 7$	$-54 \\ -118$	$-16 \\ 76$	$-43 \\ -61$	$-21 \\ 110$	-76 -111	20 141
German Government 10-year loan to U.S. Government	15	-100		-100				

#### Table 5.—Direct Investment: Income and Capital

[Millions of dollars]

[Millions of	dollars					1		
(Credits +; debits -)	Line	1981	ı	198 II	HIII	IV	198 Ir	2 II º
			1	11	1111	IV .	1.	
U.S. direct investment abroad:	!							
Income (table 1, line 11)		31,873	8,530	8,435	6,466	8,442	5,950	6,062
Interest, dividends, and earnings of unincorporated affiliates (table 1, line 12)  Interest	. 3	18,894 161	4,419 107	4,952 18	4,203 83	5,321 -48	4,661 -76	4,778 n.a.
Dividends Earnings of unincorporated affiliates	. 5	9,474 9,260	1,894 2,417	2,390   2,545	2,025 2,094	3,165 2,203	2,451 2,286	n.a. n.a.
Reinvested earnings of incorporated affiliates (table 1, line 13)	1	12,978	4,112	3,482	2,263	3,121	1,288	1,284
Capital (outflow(-)) (table 1, line 48)	ļ I	-8,691	-2,182	-5,203	-529	_777	-540	2,289
Equity and intercompany accounts (table 1, line 49)	. 9	4,287 6,719	1,930 1,602	$-1,721 \\ -388$	1,734 3,152	2,344 2,354	748 957	3,573 n.a.
EquityIncrease	. 11	1,025 $-5,437$	$-425 \\ -1,190$	1,114 -581	-400 -1,251	736 -2,415	-1,123 $-2,137$	n.a. n.a.
Decrease		6,462 5,694	765 2,027	1,695 1,503	851 3,552	3,151   1,618	1,014 2,080	n.a. n.a.
U.S. parents' receivables		-1,311 $7,005$	-1,635 $3,662$	-1,572	724 2,828	1,172 446	$ \begin{array}{c c} -231 \\ 2,311 \end{array} $	n.a. n.a.
Unincorporated affiliates	. 16	-2,432 $-12,978$	328 -4,112	$-1,332 \\ -3,482$	$-1,418 \\ -2,263$	$\begin{bmatrix} -10 \\ -3,121 \end{bmatrix}$	$-209 \\ -1,288$	n.a. -1,284
By industry of affiliate:		,-	,	,	,	-,	,	
Income (line 1):								
Petroleum		13,168 8,212	3,991 2,098	3,709 2,271	2,941 1,159	2,527 2,685	2,875 1,233	n.a. n.a.
Other	. 20	10,493	2,442	2,455	2,366	3,230	1,842	n.a.
Interest, dividends, and earnings of unincorporated affiliates (line 2): Petroleum	21	9.135	2,310	2,674	2,087	2,064	2,584	n.a.
Manufacturing	. 22	4,661 5,098	980 1,129	1,116 1,162	1,038 1,078	1,527 1,729	1,056 1,021	n.a.
Reinvested earnings of incorporated affiliates (line 6, or line 17 with sign reversed):		-,		2,202	2,010	-,		
Petroleum Manufacturing		4,033 3,550	1,681 1,118	1,035 1,155	854 120	463 1,157	292 176	n.a. n.a.
Other		5,395	1,313	1,292	1,288	1,501	821	n.a.
Equity and intercompany accounts (outflow (-)) (line 8):	. 27	1,939	1 705	-269	514	937	-1,136	-1,550
Petroleum Manufacturing	. 28	617	1,785 365	-1,822	-514 1,293	781 626	-704	n.a.
Other	. 29	1,731	-220	370	955	626	2,588	n.a.
Foreign direct investment in the United States:	90	7 000	1.790	9.070	9.004	1 096	1 202	1 409
Income (table 1, line 27)		-7,808	-1,789	-2,079	-2,004	-1,936	-1,392	-1,483
Interest, dividends, and earnings of unincorporated affiliates (table 1, line 28)	32	-3,708 $-1,116$	-850 -219	-899 $-226$	-884 -294	$-1,076 \\ -377$	-858 -324	-1,092 $-483$
Dividends Earnings of unincorporated affiliates	34	$-1,850 \\ -742$	-417 -215	$-515 \\ -158$	460 129	$-458 \\ -241$	$     \begin{array}{r r}     -426 \\     -109   \end{array} $	$-538 \\ -71$
Reinvested earnings of incorporated affiliates (table 1, line 29)	1	-4,099	-939	-1,180	-1,120	-860	- 534	-392
Capital (inflow (+)) (table 1, line 65)		21,301	2,946	4,540	4,478	9,336	1,165	2,673
Equity and intercompany accounts (table 1, line 66)		17,201 16,522	2,007 1,810	3,360 3,068	3,358 3,183	8,475 8,462	632 776	2,281 1,992
Equity		9,811 10,714	1,394 1,446	1,732 1,850	2,350 2,479	4,336 4,939	$-362 \\ 1,221$	1,098 1,165
Decrease Intercompany accounts		-903 $6,711$	-52 416	-118 1,336	-129 833	-603 $4,126$	-1,583 1,137	-67 894
U.S. affiliates' payables U.S. affiliates' receivables	43	6,782 -71	958 -542	1,023 313	640 194	4,163 -37	727 410	846 48
Unincorporated affiliates	45	679	198	293	175	14	-144	287
Reinvested earnings of incorporated affiliates (table 1, line 67)	46	4,099	939	1,180	1,120	860	534	392
Income (line 30):								
Petroleum  Manufacturing	47 48	-3,407 $-1,012$	-893 -167	-973 -424	-736 -330	-805 -92	-781 -120	$-825 \\ -62$
Other		-3,388	-730	-681	-938	-1,039	-120 -491	-596
Interest, dividends, and earnings of unincorporated affiliates (line 31):	50	1.010	991	064	20.5	240	_217	-360
Petroleum Manufacturing	. 51	-1,019 -1,067	-221 -268	-264 -229	-295 -250	-319	-329	-279
Other	. 32	-1,622	-362	-406	-338	-517	-312	-453
Petroleum		-2,388	-672	-710	-441	-565	-564	-465
Manufacturing Other	54 55	-1,766	101 -369	-195 -276	-80 -600	227 -522	209 179	$217 \\ -143$
Equity and intercompany accounts (inflows (+)) (line 37):	_							
Petroleum		3,060 4,348	319 534	271 1,284	1,171 1,240	1,300 1,289	114 737	31 657
Other	58	9,794	1,155	1,805	947	5,887	-219	1,593

#### **Table 6.—Securities Transactions**

[Millions of dollars]

(Credit (+); debits (-))	Line	1981		199	81		198	32
(Credit (+1), debits (-1))	Line	1301	I	II	III	IV	1	II P
oreign securities, net U.S. purchases (-), balance of payments basis (table 1, line 51, or lines 6+17 below)	A1	-5,429	-458	-1,511	-618	-2,843	-531	-40
Stocks:								
Treasury basis, net 1	2	5	- 139	-188	349	-17	214	-10
Adjustments:  Less recorded in table 1, line 48 as U.S. direct investment abroad  Plus exchange of stock associated with direct investment in the United States	3 4	•••••						
Plus other adjustments	5 6	5	-139	-188	349	-17	214	-1
Newly issued in the United States	7 8	$-243 \\ -103$		$^{-114}_{-97}$	-78 -6	-51	-120 -11	' :
Other foreign stocks	9 10	247 143	-139 -45	$-74 \\ -122$	427 119	33 -95	334 31	: :
Canada	11 12	$^{686}_{-234}$	359 -445	$^{305}_{-198}$	$-98 \\ 402$	120 7	172 153	_
Other	13	-62	-8	-59	4	i	-22	_
Bonds: Treasury basis, net 1	14	-5,434	-319	- 1,323	-967	- 2,825	- 745	30
Adjustments: Plus additional Canadian redemptions <sup>2</sup>	15 16			•••••	•••••			
Balance of payments basis, net	17	-5,434	-319	1,323	-967	-2,825	-745	-3
Newly issued in the United States	18 19 20	-8,020 $-1,184$ $-6,836$	-752 -209 -543	$-2,306 \\ -245 \\ -2,061$	$-1,675 \\ -409 \\ -1,266$	-3,287 $-321$ $-2,966$	-1,412 -272 -1,140	$     \begin{array}{r}       -8 \\       -1 \\       -6     \end{array} $
By area: Western Europe	21 22	$-816 \\ -4,816$		-299 -1,513	$-207 \\ -1,244$	-310 -1,516	-1,323	
Japan Latin America	23 24	$-297 \\ -472$	-100	$-220 \\ -193$	_77 _69	-110	-,	
Other countries.  International financial institutions <sup>3</sup>	25 26	$-374 \\ -1,245$	-109	-81	_78	-116 $-106$ $-1,245$	-89	_   _5
Redemptions of U.Sheld foreign bonds <sup>2</sup>	27 28 29	1,232 520 453	292 160 60	322 165 120	318 105 213	300 90 60	300 156 44	
International financial institutions 3  Other transactions in outstanding bonds 2	30 31	259 1,354	72 142	37 661	389	150 162	100 367	_
Western Europe Canada	32 33	202 15	-115 -2	112 -28	162 -12	43 57	143 112	
Japan Other	34 35	510 627	136 123	309 268	137 102	-72 134	119 -7	-
S. securities, excluding Treasury issues and transactions by foreign official agencies, net foreign purchases (+), balance of payments basis (table 1, line 69, or lines 5+12 below)	<b>B</b> 1	7,109	2,419	3,533	761	396	1,319	2,4
Stocks:								
Treasury basis, net 1	2	5,761	1,674	2,969	676	442	934	
Adjustments: Plus exchange of stock associated with U.S. direct investment abroad	3		an					
Plus other adjustments 4	4	-769	27	-55	-532	-209	- 260	-:
Balance of payments basis, net	5 6	4,992 3,594	1,701 1,309	2,914 1,720	144 248	233 317	674 718	
Canada	8	1,045 118	222 -48	773 188	82 19	$-32 \\ -41$	-143 -1	_
Other	9	235	218	233	-205	-11	100	
Treasury basis, net ¹	10 11	5,040 -2,923	2,028 - 1,310	1,485 867	1,604 987	- 77 240	305 340	1,
Balance of payments basis, net	12 13	2,117 360	718 200	618 100	617 60	163	645	1,
Investments by international financial institutions in nonguaranteed bonds of U.S. federally sponsored agencies.  Other transactions in U.S. bonds	14 15	1,757	1 517	22 496	-1 558	-22 185	9 636	1,4
	16	359	122					1,
Of which United Kingdom	10	399	122	127	165	-55	-41	L

Table 7.—Claims and Liabilities on Unaffiliated Foreigners Reported by U.S. Nonbanking Concerns

[Millions of dollars]

Claims, total   1931	(O. W. (A)				198	31		19	82	Amounts
Long-term (table l, line 52)	(Credits (+); increase in U.S. liabilities or decrease in U.S. assets. Debits (-); decrease in U.S. liabilities or increase in U.S. assets.)	Line	1981	I	н	III	IV	I <sub>P</sub> 1	II	outstand- ing March 31, 1982
Short-term (table 1, line 59)	Claims, total		-331	-3,148	2,470	855	508	4,112	n.a.	30,059
Denominated in U.S. dollars	Long-term (table 1, line 52)	2 3								5,134 24,925
Denominated in foreign currencies	Financial claims								n.a.	17,675
By area: Industrial countries   7   324   -1.531   1.479   440   -64   1.627   n.a.   9.95    Of which United Kingdom   8   1.480   113   908   303   157   -97   n.a.   3.52    Canada   9   -1.002   -1.524   452   151   -51   1.617   n.a.   4.675    Other   11   434   428   -55   -8   70   98   n.a.   1.93    By type Deposits   12   -298   -2.436   2.048   799   -709   1.784   n.a.   1.503    Other claims   13   124   105   100   -166   85   1.005   n.a.   5.03    Commercial claims   14   -157   -817   322   222   116   1.323   n.a.   1.38    Denominated in U.S. dollars   16   -17   -97   309   324   46   1.489   n.a.   1.53    Denominated in foreign currencies   16   -17   -97   379   224   12   12   12   12    By type Deposits   18   -172   -18   -18   19   19   10   -4   1.84   1.84    By type Countries   18   -172   -18   -18   18   -172   -18   -18   18   18   -172   -18   -18   18   18   18   18   18									1	
Note										
Canibban banking centers   9   -1,002   -1,554   452   151   -51   1,617   n.a.   4,377										
Caribbean banking centers   10									i	4,874
By type   Deposits     12   298   2,436   2,048   799   -709   1,784   n.a.   12,638   Other claims   13   124   105   100   -166   85   1,005   n.a.   5,037	Caribbean banking centers 3								I	6,052
Commercial claims									n.a.	1,931
Commercial claims									n.a.	
$ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $	Other claims	. 13	124	105	100	-166	85	1,005	n.a.	5,037
Denominated in foreign currencies	Commercial claims								•	12,384
By area: Industrial countries \$\frac{3}{2}\$										
Oil-exporting countries 4									l	
Other         19         100         -26         76         -133         183         429         n.a.         3.988           By type: Trade receivables         20         26         -738         349         248         167         1,318         n.a.         11,444           Other claims         21         -183         -79         -27         -26         -51         5         n.a.         11,444           Chair         21         -183         -79         -27         -26         -51         5         n.a.         11,444           Liabilities         31         532         147         -162         1,006         -457         -982         n.a.         27,744           Long-term (table 1, line 70)         2         1,768         976         14         261         517         823         n.a.         6,927           Short-term (table 1, line 71)         3         -1,234         -829         -176         745         -974         -1,805         n.a.         6,928           Short-term (table 1, line 71)         3         -1,234         -829         -176         745         -974         -1,805         n.a.         11,414           Liabilities <th< td=""><td>Oil-exporting countries 4</td><td>18</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<>	Oil-exporting countries 4	18								
By type: Trade receivables										
Commercial liabilities   Commercial liabilit	By type: Trade receivables									11.449
Long-term (table 1, line 70)			-183	-79	-27	-26	-51	5	n.a.	935
Financial liabilities	Liabilities, total				-162				n.a.	27,742
Financial liabilities		. 2								
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Short-term (table 1, line 71)	. 3	-1,234	-829	-176	745	-974	-1,805	n.a.	20,815
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$										11,190
By area: Industrial countries \$\frac{2}{3}\$										
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			-350							
Caribbean banking centers 3         9         63         259         131         -423         96         -743         n.a.         1,91           Other         10         126         152         -16         29         -39         -123         n.a.         199           Commercial liabilities         11         597         -224         -70         -5         896         -1,189         n.a.         16,55           Denominated in U.S. dollars         12         865         -33         209         233         456         -973         n.a.         15,76           Denominated in foreign currencies         13         -268         -191         -279         -238         440         -216         n.a.         78           By area: Industrial countries 2         14         1,357         -211         305         446         817         -266         n.a.         7,42           Oil-exporting countries 4         15         426         -569         118         852         25         -1004         n.a.         6,78           Other         15         426         -569         118         852         25         -1004         n.a.         6,78           By type: Trade pa										
Other         10         126         152         -16         29         -39         -123         n.a.         990           Commercial liabilities         11         597         -224         -70         -5         896         -1,189         n.a.         16,555           Denominated in U.S. dollars         12         865         -33         209         233         456         -973         n.a.         15,76           Denominated in foreign currencies         13         -268         -191         -279         -238         440         -216         n.a.         78           By area: Industrial countries 2         14         1,357         -211         305         446         817         -266         n.a.         7,42           Oil-exporting countries 4         15         426         -569         118         852         25         -1004         n.a.         6,78           Other         16         -1,186         556         -493         -1,303         54         81         n.a.         2,34           By type: Trade payables         17         -1,171         -538         36         -992         323         -1,157         n.a.         n.a.         9,02										
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$									l	996
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			597	-224	_70	_5	896	-1,189	n.a.	16,552
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Denominated in U.S. dollars	. 12							n.a.	15,763
	Denominated in foreign currencies	. 13							I .	785
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	By area: Industrial countries 2	. 14								
By type: Trade payables										
	Ry type: Trade payables									
	Other liabilities		1,768	- 558 314	106	- 992 987	573	-1,131	n.a.	7,524

See footnotes on page 63.

Table 8.—Claims on Foreigners Reported by U.S. Banks

[Millions of dollars]

				198	81		19	82	Amounts
(Credits (+); decrease in U.S. assets. Debits (); increase in U.S. assets.)	Line	1981	I	II	Ш	IV	I'	$\prod P$	outstand- ing June 30, 1982
Total (table 1, lines 54 & 55)	1	-84,531	-11,634	-14,998	-15,254	-42,645	- 32,708	-33,866	361,047
By area: Industrial countries ! Of which United Kingdom Caribbean banking centers 2 Oil-exporting countries 3 Other Of which Latin American countries Asian countries	3 4 5 5 6	$\begin{array}{r} -34,079 \\ -16,094 \\ -19,503 \\ -2,259 \\ -28,690 \\ -22,421 \\ -5,028 \end{array}$	-8,481 -3,522 -4,275 -73 1,195 107 908	-7,361 -4,094 -2,907 172 -4,902 -1,822 -2,978	-5,065 -3,334 -4,836 -98 -5,255 -4,388 -534	$\begin{array}{c} -13,172 \\ -5,144 \\ -7,485 \\ -2,260 \\ -19,728 \\ -16,318 \\ -2,424 \end{array}$	-15,853 -9,086 -6,177 -1,594 -9,084 -8,324 -875	$\begin{array}{c} -9,869 \\ -2,889 \\ -7,198 \\ -1,887 \\ -14,912 \\ -11,093 \\ -3,073 \end{array}$	145,581 57,110 80,520 16,269 118,677 86,295 26,543
African countries  By type: Payable in dollars Banks' claims for own account On own foreign offices Of U.Sowned banks Of foreign-owned banks in the United States On foreign public borrowers 4 On other foreign banks Of which deposits On other foreigners Banks' claims for domestic customers' accounts Deposits Negotiable and readily transferable instruments Collections outstanding and other claims Payable in foreign currencies Banks' claims for own account Of which deposits Banks' claims for domestic customers' accounts Of which deposits Banks' claims for domestic customers' accounts Of which deposits	10 11 12 13 14 14 15 16 16 17 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 24 25 26	-705  -83,679 -73,524 -31,256 -20,743 -10,513 -9,755 -19,943 -11,281 -12,570 -10,155 -326 -9,351 -478 -852 -844 -814 -814 -81615	45 -12,198 -7,244 -9,836 -7,026 -2,810 -21 3,703 991 -1,090 -4,949 -3,879 -1,108 -559 41 810 518 581	79  - 15,684 - 13,695 - 4,641 - 894 - 3,747 - 1,754 - 5,891 - 1,996 - 1,409 - 1,989 - 1,499 - 3,485 - 3,485 - 589 - 271 - 97 - 61	-280 -14,974 -13,305 -8,591 -7,381 -1,210 -2,074 -3,221 -1,745 -581 -1,669 -229 -1,582 -280 -379 -359 -99 -359	- 549  - 40,828 - 39,280 - 8,188 - 5,442 - 2,746 - 5,906 - 14,534 - 8,531 - 10,652 - 1,548 - 455 - 707 - 1,817 - 1,095 - 994 - 722 8	-250 -32,343 -26,442 -5,075 -5,121 -46 -2,586 -13,509 -6,004 -5,272 -5,901 -134 -6,576 -392 -398 -365 -392 -398	-532  -33,134 -35,103 -10,526 -3,183 -7,343 -6,228 -13,806 -6,793 -4,543 1,969 86 363 1,520 -732 -751 236 -82	2,962 353,760 312,574 112,240 62,893 49,347 40,007 101,407 35,494 58,922 41,186 1,426 31,966 7,794 7,287 6,363 3,559 924 120
Memoranda: Claims on foreign public borrowers (incl. in line 15 above): Long-term		-5,331 -3,829	-36 508	-744 -997	$-1,388 \\ -1,222$	-3,163 -2,118	-1,211 -1,148	-3,152 -2,964	20,003 19,308
Long-term Short-term U.S. banks' dollar acceptances payable by foreigners	31	$-9,306 \ -24,675 \ -6,874$	-531 2,302 -1,718	-866 -6,866 -3,048	$-685 \\ -1,518 \\ -184$	$-7,224 \\ -18,593 \\ -1,924$	-2,289 -15,842 -915	-3,645 $-15,579$ $-2,449$	28,323 132,109 32,929

Table 9.—Foreign Official Assets in the United States and Other Foreign Assets in the United States Reported by U.S. Banks
[Millions of dollars]

SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

				19	81	<u>.</u>	198	32	Amounts
(Credits (+); increase in foreign assets. Debits (); decrease in foreign assets.)	Line	1981	I	II	III	IV	Ir	II <i>p</i>	outstand- ing June 30, 1982
Foreign official assets in the United States, net (table 1, line 57)	. A1	4,785	5,361	-2,861	-5,835	8,119	-3,122	1,935	180,37
By area: (see text table B) By type:									
U.S. Treasury securities (table 1, line 59)	. 2	4,983	7,242	-2,063	-4,635	4,439	-1,344	-2,087	113,53
Bills and certificates		-3,848	4,249	-2,768	-7,538	2,209	-5,341	-3,539	43,50
Denominated in U.S. dollars		-3,848	4,249	-2,768	<b>-7,538</b>	2,209	-5,341	-3,539	43,50
Bonds and notes, marketable		11,695	3,353	1,797	3,703	2,842	4,497	2,593	59,87
Bonds and notes, nonmarketable		-2,864	-360	-1,092	-800	-612	-500	-1,141	10,15
Denominated in U.S. dollars		-2,864	-360	-1,092	- 800	-612	-500	-1,141	10,15
Other U.S. Government securities (table 1, line 60)		1,289	454	536	545	-246	-296	258	8,99
Other U.S. Government liabilities (table 1, line 61)	. 11	-69	-55	48	-337	275	-182	361	13,25
U.S. liabilities reported by U.S. banks, not included elsewhere (table 1, line 62)		-4,083	-3,109	-2,028	-2,382	3,436	-1,516	3,367	28,41
Banks' liabilities for own account, payable in dollars <sup>1</sup>		-1,187 $-1,053$	-1,616 -433	-427 743	-1,859 $-1,278$	2,715 -85	-1,481 -336	3,598 890	18,92 3,16
Time deposits 1		- 1,055 549	-433 -692	-387	-1,278 -577	2,205	721	620	5,10
Other	. 16	-683	-491	-783	-4	595	-1,866	2,088	10,27
Banks' custody liabilities, payable in dollars 1 2	. 17	-2,896	-1,493	1,601	-523	721	-35	-231	9,49
Other foreign official assets (table 1, line 63)	. 18	2,665	829	647	974	215	216	36	16,16
Other foreign assets in the United States: U.S. Treasury securities and U.S. liabilities reported by U.S. banks, not included elsewhere (table 1, lines 68, 72, and 73)		44,194	-2,403	8,413	16,470	21,714	26,700	24,080	233,90
By area:									
Industrial countries 3	. 2	13,068	2,323	2,483	4,797	3,465	13,368	10,048	104,94
Caribbean banking centers 4	. 3	22,527	-3,334	4,543	9,164	12,154	11,472	3,012	67,35
Oil-exporting countries 5	. 4	141	-556	287	-310	720	155	3,925	11,83
Other countries	5 6	6,996 1,462	-679 $-157$	1,154 -54	$3,074 \\ -255$	3,447 1,928	2,511 -806	5,483 1,612	40,62 9,14
								-,	,,,,,
By type: Foreign commercial banks	. 7	36,769	-3,778	6,467	16,088	17,992	22,960	14,988	177,10
U.S. Treasury bills and certificates		1,044	203	328	269	244	530	709	2,92
U.S. liabilities reported by U.S. banks	. 9	35,725	-3,981	6,139	15,819	17,748	22,430	14,279	174,18
Banks' liabilities for own account 1		32,880	-4,174	6,260	15,221	15,573	23,478	13,483	164,40
Payable in dollars		32,928 27,869	-3,685 $-1,827$	6,527 7,228	15,375 13,706	14,711 8,762	22,950 11,631	13,169 7,883	159,76 116,35
Of U.Sowned banks		21,835	175	3,842	10,251	7,567	13,495	2,881	55,79
Of foreign-owned banks in the United States	. 14	6,034	-2,002	3,386	3,455	1,195	-1,864	5,002	60,56
To other foreign banks	. 15	5,059	-1,858	-701	1,669	5,949	11,319	5,286	43,40
Demand deposits		-2,576	-1,623	1,063	1,569	-3,585	-2,347	14	9,28
Time deposits <sup>1</sup> Other		6,917 718	621 -856	$\begin{bmatrix} -577 \\ -1,187 \end{bmatrix}$	147 -47	6,726 2,808	9,999 3,667	4,750 522	23,40 10,71
Payable in foreign currencies		-48	-489	-267	-154	862	528	314	4,64
Banks' custody liabilities, payable in dollars 1 2	. 20	2,845	193	-121	598	2,175	-1,048	796	9,78
International financial institutions 6	. 21	1,462	157	-54	-255	1,928	-806	1,612	9,14
U.S. Treasury securities	. 22	1,372	411	-21	-497	1,479	-561	968	6,56
Bills and certificates	23	288	79	-44	193	446	-432	1,315	1,42
Bonds and notes, marketable		1,084 90	332 -568	23 -33	$-304 \\ 242$	1,033 449	$-129 \\ -245$	$-347 \\ 644$	5,14 2,57
Banks' liabilities for own account, payable in dollars 1	26	194	-150	63	41	240	- 193 - 193	791	1,23
Demand deposits	. 27	116	-20	98	25	13	-53	91	30
Time deposits 1		-27	-18	8	-15	-2	83	445	58
OtherBanks' custody liabilities, payable in dollars 12		105 104	$-112 \\ -418$	-43 -96	31 201	229 209	$ \begin{array}{c c} -223 \\ -52 \end{array} $	255 147	35 1,34
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		5,963			637				
Other private foreign residents and unallocated		5,963 516	1,532 776	2,000 443	-218	1,794 485	4,546 1,308	7,480 397	47,65 12,07
Bills and certificates	. 33	177	133	-86	-216 86	44	84	172	95
Bonds and notes, marketable		2,228	643	529	801	255	1,224	579	8,42
Bonds and notes, nonmarketable 7		-1,889 5,447		1 550	-1,105	-784 2 270	9 990	-354 7 002	82,69
U.S. liabilities reported by U.S. banks  Banks' liabilities for own account, payable in dollars 1		5,447 5,383	756 1,011	1,557 1,231	855 721	2,279 2,420	3,238   3,508	7,083 6,550	35,58 31,74
Demand deposits		180	_97	77	99	-259	-444	-200	4,54
Time deposits <sup>1</sup>	. 39	6,250	1,285	1,282	1,119	2,564	3,979	6,484	26,42
Other	40	-687	-177	-128	-497	115	-27	266	78
Bank's custody liabilities, payable in dollars 12	. 41	64	-255	326	134	-141	-270	533	3,84
Memorandum:  Negotiable certificates of deposit held for foreigners <sup>1</sup>	42	474	1,059	300	<b>-795</b>	1,080	497	1,709	12,87

#### Footnotes to U.S. International Transactions Tables 1-10

General notes for all tables:

- Revised.
- <sup>p</sup>Preliminary
- \*Less than \$500,000 (±).
- n a Not available

#### Table 1-2:

1. Credits, +: exports of goods and services; unilateral transfers to United States; capital inflows (increase in foreign assets (U.S. liabilities) or decrease in U.S. assets); decrease in U.S. offi-

Debits, —: imports of goods and services; unilateral transfers to foreigners; capital outflows (decrease in foreign assets (U.S. liabilities) or increase in U.S. assets); increase in U.S. official re-

- 2. Excludes transfers of goods and services under U.S. military grant programs (see line 16).
- 3. Excludes exports of goods under U.S. military agency sales contracts identified in Census export documents, excludes imports of goods under direct defense expenditures identified in Census import documents, and reflects various other adjustments (for valuation, coverage, and timing) of Census statistics to balance of payments basis; see table 3.
- 4. For all areas, amounts outstanding June 30, 1982, were as follows in millions of dollars: line 38, 30,671; line 39, 11,149; line 40, 4,461; line 41, 6,062; line 42, 8,999.
- 5. Includes sales of foreign obligations to foreigners
- 6. Consists of bills, certificates, marketable bonds and notes, and nonmarketable convertible and nonconvertible bonds and notes
- 7. Consists of U.S. Treasury and Export-Import Bank obligations, not included elsewhere, and of debt securities of U.S. Government corporations and agencies.
- 8. Includes, primarily, U.S. Government liabilities associated with military sales contracts and other transactions arranged with or through foreign official agencies; see table 4.
- 9. Consists of investments in U.S. corporate stocks and in debt securities of private corporations and State and local governments.
- 10. Beginning with estimates for the second quarter of 1978, the distinction between short- and long-term liabilities is discontinued.
- long-term liabilities is discontinued.

  11. Conceptually, the sum of lines 79 and 74 is equal to "net foreign investment" in the National Income and Product Accounts (NIPA's). However, the foreign transactions account in the NIPA's (a) includes adjustments to the international transactions accounts for the treatment of gold, (b) excludes capital gains and losses of foreign affiliates of U.S. parent companies from the NIPA's measure of income receipts from direct investment abroad, and from the corresponding income payments, and (c) beginning with 1973-IV, excludes shipments and financing of military orders placed by Israel under Public Law 93-199 and subsequent similar legislation. Line 77 differs from "net exports of goods and services" in the NIPA's for the same reasons with the exception of the military financing, which is excluded, and the additional exclusion of U.S. Government interest payments to foreigners. The latter payments, for NIPA's purposes, are excluded from "net exports of goods and services" but included with transfers in "net foreign investment." A reconciliation table of the international accounts and the NIPA's foreign transactions account appears in the "Business Situation" in this issue of the Survey of Current Business.

  12. The maturity breakdown is available only on the limited basis shown in table 7.
  - 12. The maturity breakdown is available only on the limited basis shown in table 7.
  - 13. The maturity breakdown is available only on the limited basis shown in table 8
- 14. Includes foreign currency denominated notes sold to private residents abroad. See table 9, line 35, footnote 7.

#### Table 3:

- Table 3:

  1. Exports, Census basis, represent transaction values, f.a.s. U.S. port of exportation; imports, Census basis, represent transaction values, f.a.s. foreign port of exportation for 1981. In 1982, imports reflect f.a.s. Customs values. The unadjusted figures for exports and imports shown in lines A1, A10, D1, and D56, are as published by the Census Bureau, as are the seasonally adjusted figures in lines A1 and A10; Census data are adjusted to include trade between the U.S. Virgin Islands and foreign countries. The seasonally adjusted figures in lines D1 and D56 are prepared by BEA and represent the summation of seasonally adjusted 4-digit end-use categories (see Technical Notes in the June 1980 Survey).
- 2. Beginning in 1970, adjustments in lines A5, A12, B9, B26, and B43 reflect the Census Bureau's reconciliation of discrepancies in the merchandise trade statistics published by the United States and the counterpart statistics published in Canada. These adjustments also have been distributed to the affected end-use categories in section C.
- 3. Exports of military equipment under U.S. military agency sales contracts with foreign governments (line A6), and direct imports by the Department of Defense and the Coast Guard (line A13), to the extent such trade is identifiable from Customs declarations. These exports are included in tables 1, 2, and 10, line 3 (transfers under U.S. military agency sales contracts); and the imports are included in tables 1, 2, and 10, line 19 (direct defense expenditures).
- 4. Addition of electrical energy, deduction of exposed motion picture film for rental rather than sale; net change in stock of U.S.-owned grains in storage in Canada; net timing adjustments for goods recorded in Census data in one period but found to have been shipped in another; and coverage adjustments for special situations in which shipments were omitted from Census data.
- 5. Correction for discrepancy between sum of four quarters, seasonally adjusted, and the unadjusted annual totals, plus the difference between Census published seasonally adjusted totals and the summation of seasonally adjusted 4-digit end-use categories.
- 6. Addition of inland freight on U.S. merchandise imports from Canada; addition of electrical energy; deduction of foreign charges for repair of U.S. vessels abroad, which are included in tables 1, 2 and 10, line 22 (other transportation); net timing adjustments for goods recorded in Census data in one period but found to have been shipped in another; and coverage adjustments for special situations in which shipments were omitted from Census data.
- for special situations in which shipments were omitted from Census data.

  7. Annual and unadjusted quarterly data shown in this table correspond to country and area data in table 10, lines 2 and 18, except that trade with international organizations, namely, purchases of nonmonetary gold from the IMF and transfers of tin to the International Tin Council (ITC), are included in data for other countries in Asia and Africa. The memorandum items are defined as follows: Industrial countries: Western Europe, Canada, Japan, and Australia, New Zealand, and South Africa; Immers of OPEC: Venezuela, Ecuador, Iraq, Iran, Kuwait, Saudi Arabia, Qatar, United Arab Emirates, Indonesia, Algeria, Libya, Nigeria, Gabon; Other countries: Latin American Republics, Other Western Hemisphere, and other countries in Asia and Africa, less OPEC, the IMF and the ITC.
- 8. The statistical identification of automotive products exports to Canada (line D43) is not as complete and comprehensive as the identification of imports under the U.S.-Canada Automotive Products Trade Act. However, the underestimation of automotive shipments to Canada due to unidentified auto parts and unreported exports, amounting to about \$1,842 million in 1981, has been largely corrected in line C24.
  - 9. Includes nuclear fuel materials and fuels.

#### Table 4:

1. Expenditures to release Israel from its contractual liability to pay for defense articles and services purchased through military sales contracts—authorized under Public Law 93-199, section

- 4, and subsequent similar legislation—are included in line A3. Deliveries against these military sales contracts are included in line C10; see footnote 2. Of the line A3 items, part of the military expenditures is applied in lines A38 and A41 to reduce short-term assets previously recorded in lines A36 and C8; this application of funds is excluded from lines C3 and C4. A second part of line A3 expenditures finances future deliveries under military sales contracts and is applied directly to lines A37 and C9. A third portion of line A3, disbursed directly to finance purchases by Israel and other countries from commercial suppliers, is included in line A32.
- and other countries from commercial suppliers, is included in line A32.

  2. Transactions under military sales contracts are those in which the Department of Defense sells and transfers military goods and services to a foreign purchaser, on a cash or credit basis. Purchases by foreigners directly from commercial suppliers are not included as transactions runder military sales contracts. The entries for the several categories of transactions related to military sales contracts in this and other tables are partially estimated from incomplete data.
- 3. The identification of transactions involving direct dollar outflows from the United States is made in reports by each operating agency.
- made in reports by each operating agency.

  4. Line A33 includes foreign currency collected as interest, and lines A38 and B2 include foreign currency collected as principal, as recorded in lines A13 and A14 respectively.

  5. Includes (a) advance payments to the Department of Defense (on military sales contracts) financed by loans extended to foreigners by U.S. Government agencies and (b) the contraentry for the part of line C10 which was delivered without prepayment by the foreign purchaser. Also, includes expenditures of appropriations available to release foreign purchasers from liability to make repayment.
- 6. Excludes liabilities associated with military sales contracts financed by U.S. Government grants and credits and included in line C2.
- 7. Receipt on short-term Commodity Credit Corporation asset financing U.S. merchandise

- Acquisition of capital stock of existing and newly established companies, capitalization of intercompany accounts, and other equity contributions.
- 2. Sales and liquidations of capital stock and other equity holdings, total and partial
- 2. Sales and inquactions of capital stock and other equity notatings, total and partials.
  3. Petroleum includes the exploration, development and production of crude oil and gas and the transportation, refining, and marketing of petroleum products exclusive of petrochemicals. Manufacturing excludes petroleum refining. "Other" industries includes mining; trade; banking; finance (except banking), insurance, and real estate; agriculture, forestry, and fishing; construction; transportation, communication, and public utilities; and services.

- 1. As published in *Treasury Bulletin*. Treasury data are based on transactions by foreigners reported by banks and brokers in the United States; net purchases by foreigners (+) correspond to net U.S. sales (+).
- 2. Redemptions consist of scheduled retirements and identifiable premature retirements of U.S. held foreign debt securities, and estimates for redemptions of Canadian issues held by U.S. residents based on Canadian statistics. Unidentifiable nonscheduled retirements appear in line 31.
- 3. Consists of International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD), International Development Association (IDA), International Finance Corporation (IFC), Asian Development Bank (ADB), and Inter-American Development Bank (IDB).
- 4. Mainly reflects exclusion of investments by foreign official agencies in U.S. corporate stocks and in debt securities of U.S. Government corporations and agencies, private corporations and State and local governments. These investments are included in table 1, lines 60 and 63.

#### Table 7:

- 1. Amounts outstanding were reduced by an increase in the reporting exemption level from \$2 million to \$10 million, effective March 31. Capital flows omit this drop in reporting coverage.
- Consists of Western Europe, Canada, Japan, Australia, New Zealand, and South Africa.
   Mainly in the Bahamas and Cayman Islands.
- 4. Based on data for Ecuador, Venezuela, Indonesia, and other Asian and African oil-exporting

#### Table 8:

- 1. Consists of Western Europe, Canada, Japan, Australia, New Zealand, and South Africa.
- 2. Mainly in the Bahamas and Cayman Islands.
- 3 Based on data for Ecuador, Venezuela, Indonesia, and other Asian and African oil-exporting
- Includes central governments (central banks, departments, and agencies), state, provincial
  and local governments, and international and regional organizations.

- 1. Negotiable certificates of deposit issued to foreigners by U.S. banks are included with U.S. banks' custody liabilities, and are shown in the memorandum.
- 2. Mainly negotiable and readily transferable instruments; excludes U.S. Treasury securities.
- 3. Consists of Western Europe, Canada, Japan, Australia, New Zealand, and South Africa.
  4. Mainly in the Bahamas and Cayman Islands.
- 5. Based on data for Ecuador, Venezuela, Indonesia, and other Asian and African oil-exporting countries.
- 6. Mainly the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (IBRD), International Development Association (IDA), International Finance Corporation (IFC), Asian Development Bank (ADB), Inter-American Development Bank (IDB), and the Trust Fund of the International Monetary Fund.
- 7. Consists of U.S. Treasury notes denominated in foreign currencies, sold through foreign central banks to domestic residents in country of issue; notes are subject to restricted transferability.
- 8. Valuation of foreign currency indebtedness based on market exchange rates at end of month.

#### Table 10:

- For footnotes 1-9 see table 1
- 10. See footnote 11 to table 1.
- 11. The "European Communities (10)" includes the "European Communities (6)," the United Kingdom, Denmark, Ireland, and Greece.
- 12. The "European Communities (6)" includes Belgium, France, Germany, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands, the European Atomic Energy Community, the European Coal and Steel Community, and the European Investment Bank.
- 13. Includes transactions with U.S. affiliated shipping companies operating under the flags of Honduras, Liberia, and Panama, and U.S. affiliated multinational trading companies, finance, and insurance companies, not designated by country.
  - 14. See footnote 12 to table 1.
  - 15. See footnote 13 to table 1.
  - 16. Details not shown separately; see totals in lines 57 and 64.
  - 17. Details not shown separately are included in combined lines 72 and 73.

Table 10.—U.S. International

										[].	fillions of
				Wes	tern Europ	e			European	Communiti	es (10) 11
(Credits +; debits -) <sup>1</sup>	Line	1981	<u> </u>	198 II	31 III	īv	198 I'	2 II*	1981	198 I	B1 II
Exports of goods and services 2	1	105,740	26,468	27,038	24,985	27,250	25,680	26.098	83,417	20,963	21,456
Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military <sup>3</sup>	2 3 4	65,090 2,782 2,152	17,101 563 355	16,578 768 600	15,103 765 739	16,308 686 458	15,756 745 374	15,798 688 547	51,351 1,954 1,697	13,527 383 271	13,140 537 476
Passenger fares Other transportation Fees and royalties from affiliated foreigners Fees and royalties from unaffiliated foreigners	5 6 7 8	1,178 3,859 3,035 590	208 953 733 134	323 936 723 143	421 981 723 152	226 989 856 161	233 947 752 170	273 947 765 176	974 2,896 2,719 491	173 720 657 111	274 708 649 119
Other private services. U.S. Government miscellaneous services	9 10 11	1,315 100 11,874	316 23 3,034	328 22 3,144	334 36 2,049	338 19 3,647	359 23 2,523	368 30 2,166	1,002 77 9,004	239 19 2,346	252 16 2,467
Interest, dividends, and earnings of unincorporated affiliates	12 13 14 15	7,249 4,625 12,348 1,418	1,403 1,631 2,727 322	2,379 765 3,129 345	1,385 664 3,313 369	2,082 1,565 3,179 383	2,025 497 3,400 398	2,245 80 3,994 346	5,353 3,651 10,284 968	990 1,357 2,281 236	1,948 519 2,613 207
Transfers of goods and services under U.S. military grant programs, net	16	127	25	43	30	29	40	53	35	7	7
Imports of goods and services	17	-96,632	- 22,805	-24,905	-25,132	-23,790	-22,811	-25,086	-75,927	-17,714	-19,685
Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military <sup>3</sup>	18 19 20 21 22 23	-52,873 -6,485 -3,123 -3,344 -3,578 -545	-12,586 -1,501 -400 -744 -862 -187	-13,301 -1,789 -1,001 -1,085 -923 -65	-13,580 -1,512 -1,256 -873 -930 -171	-13,406 -1,683 -466 -642 -863 -123	-12,740 -1,637 -447 -821 -779 -101	-13,681 -1,704 -1,151 -1,178 -816 -75	-41,424 -5,567 -2,429 -2,531 -2,679 -354	-9,592 -1,383 -311 -551 -643 -156	-10,518 -1,458 -831 -810 -691 -32
Fees and royalties to unaffiliated foreigners Private payments for other services U.S. Government payments for miscellaneous services Payments of income on foreign assets in the United States:	24 25 26	$-193 \\ -1,061 \\ -480$	$-47 \\ -269 \\ -106$	-48 -264 -153	-48 -263 -103	$     \begin{array}{r}       -50 \\       -266 \\       -118     \end{array} $	-51 -272 -124	-53 -276 -136	-176 -886 -336	-43 -224 -66	-43 -220 -112
Direct investment Interest, dividends, and earnings of unincorporated affiliates Reinvested earnings of incorporated affiliates Other private payments U.S. Government payments	28 29 30	-5,561 -2,686 -2,875 -11,755 -7,634	$   \begin{array}{r}     -1,261 \\     -622 \\     -639 \\     -2,857 \\     -1,985   \end{array} $	-1,350 -670 -680 -2,951 -1,975	$     \begin{array}{r}       -1,412 \\       -629 \\       -783 \\       -3,057 \\       -1,926     \end{array} $	-1,538 -766 -773 -2,890 -1,748	$     \begin{array}{r}       -941 \\       -654 \\       -287 \\       -3,123 \\       -1,776     \end{array} $	-977 -787 -190 -3,456 -1,584	-5,132 -2,280 -2,852 -8,111 -6,304	$ \begin{array}{r} -1,118 \\ -533 \\ -585 \\ -1,975 \\ -1,652 \end{array} $	-1,253 -576 -677 -2,077 -1,639
U.S. military grants of goods and services, net	32	-127	<b>-25</b>	<b>-43</b>	-30	<b>-29</b>	-40	-53	-35	_7	-7
Unilateral transfers (excluding military grants of goods and services), net	33	35	116	34	14	-129	136	-19	440	172	97
U.S. Government grants (excluding military grants of goods and services) U.S. Government pensions and other transfers Private remittances and other transfers	34 35 36	$^{-182}_{-644}$ 861	-8 -144 268	$-10 \\ -148 \\ 191$	-24 -176 215	-141 -176 188	-148 -181 193	$-14 \\ -180 \\ 175$	-23 -484 947	$-4 \\ -112 \\ 288$	$-3 \\ -113 \\ 214$
U.S. assets abroad, net (increase/capital outflow (-))	i l	-27,329	<b>-8,752</b>	<b>-6,489</b>	-2,562	- 9,525	-13,637	<b>-6,995</b>	-22,805	<b>-7,503</b>	-5,889
U.S. official reserve assets, net *	39 40 41	-779 (*)	-2,384	-83	901	788	-112	162	-1,707 (*)	-2,179 (*)	637
Foreign currencies	42	_779 _74	-2,384 -51	83 308	901	788 281	-112 -74	162 -55	-1,708 68	-2,179 23	-637 -192
U.S. Government assets, other than official reserve assets, net	44 45 46	-1,180 1,093 13	-31 -329 230 48	-384 -284 -208	-252 233 23	-215 346 150	$     \begin{array}{r}       -74 \\       -305 \\       247 \\       -16     \end{array} $	-35 -278 235 -12	-414 483 -1	-120 109 34	-137 -137 106 -161
U.S. private assets, net	47	-26,476 -4,588	$   \begin{array}{r}     -6,317 \\     -92   \end{array} $	-6,098 $-3,139$	-3,467 395	-10,594 $-1,752$	$-13,451 \\ -868$	-7,102 476	$-21,165 \\ -2,622$	-5,347 349	$-5,060 \\ -2,722$
Equity and intercompany accounts  Reinvested earnings of incorporated affiliates  Foreign securities U.S. claims on unaffiliated foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns:		37 -4,625 -624	1,539 -1,631 -142	-2,374 -765 -274	1,059 -664 165	-187 -1,565 -373	-370 -497 210	396 80 -578	1,030 -3,651 -674	1,706 -1,357 -186	-2,203 -519 -77
Long-term	53	141,685	14_279	14 1,216	14 448	14 300	14 477	n.a.	14 1,859	14—109	14 1,222
Long-term Short-term	. 55	15-22,949	15-5,804	15-3,902	15-4,475	15-8,768	<sup>15</sup> —13,270	15-6,999	15-19,728	15-5,401	15-3,484
Foreign assets in the United States, net (increase/capital inflow (+))	ĺ	12,800 -16,439	4,034 -1,753	$ \begin{array}{r rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	2,104 -7,114	9,307 -1,054	8,498 -5,228	11,006 -2,242	10,842	4,915	-2,318
U.S. Government securities	. 58 . 59	(16)	(16)	(16)	(16)	(16)	(16)	(16)	(17)	(17)	(17)
Other 7 Other U.S. Government liabilities 8 U.S. liabilities reported by U.S. banks, not included elsewhere Other foreign official assets 9	60 61 62	-169 (19)	17 (19)	-42 (16)	-387	242 ( <sup>16</sup> )	-132	128 (16)	-252	64 (17)	-130
Other foreign assets in the United States, net	65 66 67 68	29,239 12,403 9,528 2,875 (19)	5,787 1,736 1,097 639 (19)	5,981 2,327 1,647 680	9,218 3,110 2,327 783 (19)	8,253 5,230 4,458 773 (19)	13,726 2,001 1,715 287 (19)	13,248 1,264 1,074 190	11,662 8,810 2,852	1,496 910 585 (17)	2,057 1,380 677 ( <sup>1</sup> 7)
U.S. securities other than U.S. Treasury securities U.S. liabilities to unaffiliated foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns: Long-term	. 70	5,308	1,888	2,249	725	445	1,163	2,056	4,817	1,639	1,991
Short-term U.S. liabilities reported by U.S. banks, not included elsewhere: Long-term Short-term	71 72 73	14:513	14 – 402	14 157 (16)	14 1,740	14;-983	14,684	14 n.a. (16)	14-159 17-5,226	14 – 47 17 – 1,763	14-173
Allocations of special drawing rights	. 74	<u></u>								<u> </u>	
Statistical discrepancy (sum of above items with sign reversed)	75	5,385	939	6,968	1 599	-3,112	2,406	-5,005	4,034 9,927	- <b>832</b> 3,935	6,338 2,622
Balance on merchandise trade (lines 2 and 18)  Balance on goods and services (lines 1 and 17) 10  Balance on goods, services, and remittances (lines 77, 35, and 36)  Balance on current account (lines 77 and 33) 10	77	12,217 9,108 9,325 9,143	4,515 3,663 3,787 3,779	3,277 2,133 2,176 2,167	1,523 -147 -108 -132	2,902 3,459 3,471 3,330	3,016 2,869 2,881 2,733	2,117 1,012 1,007 994	7,490 7,953 7,930	3,935 3,248 3,424 3,420	1,772 1,872 1,869

### SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS

#### Transactions, by Area

dollars]

	European	Communiti	es (10) 11				Uni	ited Kingd	om				Euro	pean Com	munities (	(6) <sup>12</sup>		
1981		198		1981		198	1		198		1981		198			19		Line
III	IV	I <sup>r</sup>	II P		I	II	III	IV	Ir	II p		I	II	III	IV	I'	II P	
19,596 11,912 539 596 339 729 647 127 255 31	21,402 12,772 495 354 188 739 766 134 256 13	20,281 12,321 498 286 200 724 675 141 269	20,549 12,438 476 423 231 735 677 146 277 26	28,302 12,419 353 535 430 817 832 128 354 45	6,801 3,304 61 90 69 196 187 29 89 12	7,781 3,404 86 150 136 199 191 31 94 6	7,071 2,967 124 178 140 206 213 33 88 21	6,648 2,744 81 117 85 215 241 35 84 5	6,656 2,692 106 92 92 218 186 37 92 9	2,684 80 119 127 208 191 39 96 20	50,395 36,330 1,231 1,070 489 1,661 1,597 351 550 31	13,046 9,578 234 165 93 423 438 79 131	9,047 343 300 124 404 417 85 134 10	8,326 317 392 186 416 261 91 140 8	13,533 9,379 337 213 86 418 481 96 144 7	12,518 9,018 321 178 101 404 456 101 150 7	12,766 9,148 303 279 92 412 444 105 154 6	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
1,376 867 509 2,786 259	2,816 1,549 1,267 2,605 266	1,992 1,692 300 2,859 299	1,513 1,775 - 263 3,383 224	5,412 2,566 2,846 6,874 103	1,270 517 753 1,486 8	1,729 846 883 1,745	1,193 366 827 1,896 11	1,221 837 383 1,747 73	1,176 1,133 43 1,950 7	716 317 398 2,309 11	3,018 2,564 454 3,281 787 (*)	931 425 507 766 203	647 1,050 -403 838 180	65 410 -344 858 227 (*)	1,374 680 694 819 178	645 485 160 868 269	611 1,385 -775 1,017 197	11 12 13 14 15
19,802	18,726	<b>-17,980</b>	-19,807	- 24,961	-5,708	<b>- 6,508</b>	-7,006	-5,740	-5,629	-6,761	-47,500	-11,254	-12,267	-11,848	-12,131	-11,506		17
-10,770 -1,345 -907 -655 -698 -122 -44 -220 -73	-10,544 -1,381 -380 -515 -647 -43 -45 -222 -84	-10,068 -1,496 -317 -595 -583 -62 -47 -228 -79	-10,862 -1,430 -958 -830 -612 -38 -48 -232 -102	-12,746 -815 -952 -1,001 -950 -247 -93 -454 -54	-2,821 -226 -122 -209 -229 -105 -22 -121 -11	-3,260 -236 -358 -340 -245 -21 -23 -114 -15	-3,745 -205 -320 -260 -248 -106 -24 -110 -20	-2,920 -148 -152 -192 -228 -16 -25 -110	-2,817 -254 -84 -207 -206 4 -26 -114 -9	-3,107 -175 -311 -283 -216 -6 -27 -117 -24	-26,985 -4,169 -1,157 -1,286 -1,340 -83 -81 -401 -247	-6,360 -1,069 -159 -274 -318 -46 -21 -96 -47	-6,840 -1,028 -385 -420 -344 -6 -20 -99 -89	-6,603 -1,004 -417 -331 -350 -12 -20 -102 -44	-7,182 -1,069 -196 -261 -327 -19 -20 -103 -66	-6,820 -1,056 -220 -317 -294 -61 -21 -104 -63	-7,308 -1,084 -511 -493 -309 -26 -21 -105 -70	25 26
-1,294 -543 -750 -2,094 -1,581	-1,467 -627 -840 -1,965 -1,432	-843 -575 -268 -2,227 -1,436	963 696 268 2,486 1,246 26	-1,199 -520 -678 -5,270 -1,182	-238 -154 -84 -1,281 -324	-238 -155 -82 -1,353 -307	-310 -53 -257 -1,368 -291	-413 -158 -255 -1,268 -259	-104 -129 25 -1,475 -338	-483 -202 -281 -1,704 -309	-3,924 -1,754 -2,170 -2,737 -5,091	-880 -378 -502 -666 -1,318	-1,011 -419 -592 -698 -1,326	-983 -489 -495 -699 -1,284	-1,049 -468 -582 -674 -1,164	-744 -445 -299 -728 -1,078	-477 -492 15 -757 -914	27 28 29 30 31
86	84	68	80	260	83	69	67	41	73	70	364	137	85	68	74	43	44	33
$-15 \\ -133$	$-1 \\ -125$	$^{-6}_{-142}$	$^{-3}_{-125}$	-62	-16	-17	-16	-14 55	-17	-19	-23 -342	$^{-4}_{-73}$	$^{-3}_{-73}$	$^{-15}_{-93}$	-102	-6 -100	-3 -96	34 35 36
235 -2,371	210 -7,042	216 -13,038	208 -5,857	323 15,839	99 <b>3,300</b>	86 -5,120	83 - <b>2,953</b>	55 - <b>4,466</b>	90 - <b>9,974</b>	89 <b>4,339</b>	729 - <b>6,357</b>	214 -4,038	161 <b>658</b>	177 431	177 -2,093	149 -2,930	143 -1,482	36
306	802	-106	173	(*) (*)	(*) (*)		_,				-1,708	-2,180	-637	306	802	-106	173	
		••••••				**************************************		••••••		••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	•••••••		······	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				38 39 40 41 42
306 -18 -114 83 13	802 255 -44 186 113	-106 62 -33 96 -2	173 21 -69 97 -8	(*) 133 -49 174 8	(*) 13 -3 11 5	-17 -42 27 -2	7 -4 14 -3	130 123 7	-13 -18 14 -9	19 -11 28 2	-1,708 -118 -213 137 -42	$ \begin{array}{r} -2,180 \\ -5 \\ -60 \\ 35 \\ 20 \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{r}       -637 \\       -133 \\       -47 \\       40 \\       -126     \end{array} $	306 -83 -75 29 -37	802 102 -31 33 100	-106 31 -8 30 8	173 18 -6 33 -9	43 44 45
-2,660 700 1,209 -509 63	-8,099 -950 317 -1,267 -475	-12,995 -736 -437 -300 98	-6,051 808 545 263 -889	-15,972 -1,478 1,368 -2,846 156	-3,313 467 1,220 -753 -109	-5,103 -2,103 -1,220 -883 63	-2,959 -210 616 -827 248	-4,596 369 752 -383 -46	-9,961 -796 -752 -43 185	-4,357 -859 -461 -398 -609	-4,532 -929 -476 -454 -555	-1,854 62 568 -507 -77	112 -673 -1,076 403 -33	207 758 413 344 118	-2,997 -1,076 -382 -694 -327	-2,855 168 328 -160 -96	-1,673 1,677 902 775 -282	48 49 50
14 483	14 263	14 205	n.a.	<sup>14</sup> 1,445	14 - 149	¹⁴ 1,031	14 338	14 225	14 - 264	n.a.	14 426	14 120	14 126	1498	1482	14 452	n.a.	{ 52 53
15 - 3,906	15 - 6,937	15 — 12,561	<sup>15</sup> – 5,969	15 - 16,095	15 -3,522	<sup>15</sup> – 4,094	15 -3,335	15 - 5,144	15 -9,086	<sup>15</sup> –2,889	15 — 3,473	15 – 1,958	15 692	15 - 531	15 — 1,676	15 - 3,379	15 -3,068	l .
2,074	6,171	8,080	7,930	9,208	4,145	-1,443	3,635	2,870	9,177	7,286	1,970	879	<b>-833</b>	<b>-1,290</b>	3,213	-1,367	519	
(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	\$57 58 58
-247	60 (17)	-46 ( <sup>17</sup> )	72 (¹³)	-85 (¹²)	5 (¹¹)	-48 (¹¹)	-26	—17 ( <sup>رد</sup> )	49 ( <sup>17</sup> )	34 ( <sup>17</sup> )	-73	68 (17)	-73 (17)	-161 (17)	92 (¹¹)	8 (17)	27	$\left\{\begin{array}{c} 62 \\ 63 \end{array}\right.$
2,985 2,234 750 (17) 730	5,125 4,285 840 ( <sup>1</sup> 7) 457	1,889 1,621 268 (17) 1,121	1,100 832 268 (17) 2,095	3,276 2,598 678 ( <sup>1</sup> ) 2,855	338 254 84 (¹¹) 1,030	384 302 82 (¹¹) 957	839 582 257 (17) 596	1,715 1,460 255 (17) 272	809 834 25 (17) 645	472 192 281 (17) 858	8,338 6,168 2,170 ( <sup>17</sup> ) 1,920	1,158 656 502 (17) 601	1,664 1,072 592 (1) 1,005	2,154 1,659 495 ( <sup>17</sup> ) 162	3,362 2,781 582 (17) 152	1,084 785 299 (17) 452	627 641 -15 ( <sup>12</sup> ) 1,240	66 67 68
141,431	14_1,370	14720	n.a.	<sup>14</sup> -314	<sup>14</sup> —46	14-269	<sup>14</sup> 1,135	<sup>14</sup> —1,134	14 537	n.a.	<b>14</b> 159	<sup>14</sup> –21	1486	14301	14-207	14 189	n.a.	1
172,824	17 1,898	17 4,396	17 4,664	173,476	172,818	17-2,468	171,092	17 2,034	177,235	17 5,922	17-8,374	17—927	17-3,515	17-3,746	17-186	17-3,100	17-1,374	1
417	1,890	2,589	-2,896	3,030	-2,022	5,221	-815	646	-303	2,855	1,129	1,230	1,144	1,352	-2,597	3,242	227	. 74 75
1,142 207 105 120		2,253 2,301 2,376 2,369	1,576 742 825 822	-327 3,341 3,601 3,601	483 1,094 1,176 1,176	144 1,273 1,343 1,343	-778 65 132 132	-176 909 950 950	-125 1,027 1,100 1,100	-423 -162 -92 -92		3,218 1,792 1,933 1,929	2,207 262 350 347	1,723 -561 -477 -493		1,061	1,840 691 738 735	77

Table 10.—U.S. International

											[Millions o
	l					Europe				Canada	
(Credits +; debits -) <sup>1</sup>	Line	1981	ı	199 II	81 III	īV	198 I'	11 P	1981	19 I	81
Exports of goods and services 2	1	5,317	1,771	1.072	1,040	1,435	1,804	1.208	60,449	14,935	17.008
· -	į.	4,461	1,594	877	782	1,208	1,608	1.022	45,250	11,153	12,991
Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military <sup>3</sup> Transfers under U.S. military agency sales contracts	. 3	-,				-,		-,	119 2,624	21 746	22 697
Passenger fares Other transportation	. 5	169	24	30	66	49	33	43	794	172	204
Fees and royalties from affiliated foreigners Fees and royalties from unaffiliated foreigners	. 7	22	5	5	6	6	6	6	980 64	231	247 16
Other private services.  U.S. Government miscellaneous services.	9	85 4	20 1	21 1	22 1	22 2	23 (*)	23 (*)	512 19	137	127
Receipts of income on U.S. assets abroad:		*	-	_ 1	-	2	( )		4.072	1,080	1 249
Direct investment	. 12	***************************************							2,303 1,770	504 576	1,248 372 876
Reinvested earnings of incorporated affiliates Other private receipts	. 14	452	102	110	118	121	114	100	5,986	1,375	1,443
U.S. Government receipts		124	24	27	46	28	20	13	29	2	11
Transfers of goods and services under U.S. military grant programs, net		***************************************		***************************************			***************************************				······
Imports of goods and services	1	-1,810	-496	-486	-441	-388	-307	-352	-53,245	-12,660	-14,020
Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military <sup>3</sup>	19	$-1,552 \\ -2$	$-450 \\ -1$	$-400 \\ -1$	$-367 \\ -1$	-335 -1	$-265 \\ -1$	$-288 \\ -1$	$-47,316 \\ -135$	-11,410 $-52$	-12,324 -35
Travel Passenger fares	20	-57 -28	$^{-2}_{-2}$	$-30 \\ -12$	-18 -12	-7 -2	-2	-17	-2,033	-229	-521
Other transportation Fees and royalties to affiliated foreigners	22	-105	$-2\tilde{6}$	-28	-27	-25	-23	-24	-652 -269	-143 -51	168 80
Fees and royalties to unaffiliated foreigners  Private payments for other services	24	-1 -10	(*) -2	(*) -2	(*) -3	(*) -3	(*) 3	(*) -3	-205 -14 -324	-4 -87	-80 -4 -81
U.S. Government payments for miscellaneous services	26	-10 -31	-2 -6	-8 -8	-8	_3 _9	-3 -7	-11	-324 -63	-12	-81 -11
Payments of income on foreign assets in the United States: Direct investment	27								-247	-135	-225
Interest, dividends, and earnings of unincorporated affiliates	29			,					-184 -63	$-71 \\ -64$	43 182
Other private payments	30 31	-23 -1	-6 (*)	-5	-6 (*)	-6 (*)	-6	-8	-1,995 $-198$	-493 -42	-527 -45
U.S. military grants of goods and services, net	32							***************************************	<u> </u>		
Unilateral transfers (excluding military grants of goods and services), net		-116	-31	-26	-26	-33	50	-39	-193	-38	-50
U.S. Government grants (excluding military grants of goods and services).		-1				-1	-4	-6			
U.S. Government pensions and other transfers  Private remittances and other transfers	35	-24 -91	$^{-5}_{-25}$	$^{-6}_{-20}$	$^{-6}_{-20}$	-6 -26	76 -23	-8 -25	-216 23	-47 9	-53 3
U.S. assets abroad, net (increase/capital outflow (-))	1	-1,044	63	-185	-218	-578	414	90	-8,359	-2,639	-1,567
U.S. official reserve assets, net <sup>4</sup>			***************************************		••••••		***************************************				
Special drawing rights	40							***************************************			
Foreign currencies	42						•••••	***************************************			
U.S. Government assets, other than official reserve assets, net	43 44		58 -23	11 -17	$-118 \\ -281$	-133 -168	$^{-6}_{-22}$	28 -2	-38 -107	-51 -51	11 21
Repayments on U.S. loans S	45	346	77	32	180	57	24	26	60	9 -8	-21 20 11
			4	-4	-18	-22	-9 400	4	10	ì	
U.S. private assets, net	48		-121	-196	-100	445	420	-118	-8,321 616	-2,589 -507	-1,577 $-95$
Equity and intercompany accounts	50								2,385 -1,770	69 -576	972 -876
Foreign securities	51				***************************************		(*)	-1	-3,698	-26	-1,168
concerns: Long-term		14_38	<sup>14</sup> 13	1411	<sup>14</sup> –37	14 25	¹⁴ <b>–3</b> 4		14 1 069	14 -1.690	14 497
Short-term U.S. claims reported by U.S. banks, not included elsewhere:			18	11	~-31		34	n.a.	14 - 1,063	~ - 1,690	1497
Long-term Short-term		15 -824	15 — 134	15 - 207	15 63	15 420	15 454	15 — 117	<sup>15</sup> -4,176	15 -366	15 - 1,001
Foreign assets in the United States, net (increase/capital inflow (+))		J	-30	-36	13	129	-102	145	3,836	_619	3,192
Foreign official assets in the United States, net			-30	-00	10	123	- 104	140	793	_98	-192
U.S. Government securities	58	ĮĮ.	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(16)	(16)	
U.S. Treasury securities <sup>6</sup>		J	` ′	, ,	, ,	, ,	` ′	, ,			(16)
U.S. liabilities reported by U.S. banks, not included elsewhere	62	h .	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)	_48	27	-4
Other foreign official assets *		(*)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(16)	(16)	(16)
Other foreign assets in the United States, net	65	[							3,043 1,656	-520 431	3,384 830
Equity and intercompany accounts  Reinvested earnings of incorporated affiliates	66 67								1,593 63	367 64	648
U.S. Treasury securities	68 69	( <sup>17</sup> ) -2	( <sup>17</sup> ) (*)	( <sup>17</sup> ) (*)	(17)	( <sup>17</sup> ) -2	( <sup>17</sup> ) 22	( <sup>17</sup> ) (*)	1,034	(16) 246	182 (16) 790
U.S. liabilities to unaffiliated foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns:			``,						1,004	2.20	
Long-term			143	14 – 13	142	1419	<sup>14</sup> –14	n.a.	14371	1439	14 120
Short-term		Į)									1
Long-term Short-term	72 73	1766	17 -33	17 -23	1711	17111	17-110	17 145	(16)	(16)	(16)
Allocations of special drawing rights	74										
Statistical discrepancy (sum of above items with sign reversed)	75	-2,424	1,152	-338	369	565	1,858	-871	-2,489	1,020	-4,563
Balance on goods and services (lines 2 and 18)	76		1,144 1,275	477 586	415 600	873 1,047	1,343 1,497	734 856 823	-2,066 7,204	-257 2 276	667
		0,001		500				000	1 7,404	2,276	2,988 2,937
Balance on goods, services, and remittances (lines 77, 35, and 36)	] 78		1,245 1,245	559 559	574 574	1,015 1,015	1,550 1,546	823 816	7,011 7,011	2,238 2,238	2,937

#### Transactions, by Area—Continued

dollars]

	Cana	da			Latin Am	erican Re	publics an	d Other W	estern Hei	nisphere				Jap	oan			
1981		198		1981		198			198		1981		19	_		19		Line
111	IV	I'	II*		I	П	Ш	IV	I'	II <i>P</i>		I	П	III	IV	Ir	I*	-
14,431 10,592	14,075 10,514	13,303 9,822	14,333 10,614	79,813 42,804	19,405 10,765	20,120 11,313	20,177 10,218	20,110 10,508	18 <b>,206</b> 8,730	1 <b>9,995</b> 9,383	32,019 21,796	8,135 5,599	7, <b>926</b> 5,204	7,749 5,169	8,209 5,824	<b>7,803</b> 5,199	7,557 5,068	1 2
27 682	49 499	23 783	28 682	57 5,410 600	12 1,136 113	13 1,188 149	10	15 1,431 136	1.405	39 1,122 170	383 865 512	5,599 70 225	172 200 148	82 251 115	60 189 121	104 248 139	103 230 176	2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
195 250	223 252 16 125	186 241	191 249	1,608 669	406 153 30	404 151 32 375	396 156	401 209	129 383 136	344 120	1,596 413	225 128 395 109 93 43	393 130	402 91	406 83 97	400 73	398 75 99 49	6 7
16 123 11	16 125 3	17 132 1	249 17 129 2	131 1,539 66	30 379 15	375 17	1,655 202 396 156 34 381	36 403 15	38 432 13	39 443 20	379 176 16	93 43 2	94 43 7	95 44 2	97 46 5	98 48 2	99 49 5	9 10
935 584 351	810 843	447 569	652	5,845 2,591 3,254	1,608 673	1,310 498	1,388 558	1,539 863 677	584 515	1,159 508	934 526 408	295 181	275 36	128 219	237 91	327 102 225	141 27	
351 1,596 5	-34 1,573 12	-122 1,647	228 1,757 12	3,254 20,698 388	1,608 673 935 4,691 99	812 5,088 80	830 5,594 116	677 5,325 92	69 6,244 95	1,159 508 651 7,066 90	408 4,771 179	114 1,115 62	239 1,234 27	-91 1,322 48	146 1,100 42	225 1,118 46	115 1,174 39	11 12 13 14 15
				25	2	6	9	9	17	23	-1		(*)	(*)	(*)	(*)		16
-13,177	- 13,388	- 12,770	<b>-14,279</b>	58,300	-14,848	-14,242	14,655	-14,555	-15,039	-15,419	-46,050	-10,365	-11,618	-11,820	-12,248	-11,980	-11,929	17
$     \begin{array}{r}       -11,192 \\       -32 \\       -969    \end{array} $	-12,390 -16 -314	-11,540 -40 -217	-12,683 -39 -525	-39,099 $-324$ $-4,540$	-10,139 -90 -1,315	$     \begin{array}{r}       -9,654 \\       -46 \\       -992     \end{array} $	-9,520 -64 -1,182	$ \begin{array}{r} -9,786 \\ -124 \\ -1,051 \end{array} $	-9,207 -85 -1,353	-9,262 -72 -1,183 -106	-37,598 -1,107 -214 -189	$     \begin{array}{r}     -8,550 \\     -263 \\     -39   \end{array} $	$-9,416 \\ -288 \\ -75$	-9,587 -260 -57	10,045 296 43	-9,993 -270 -47	-9,647 -352 -107	18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26
-174 -59	-167 -79	-132 -85	-171 -61	$-353 \\ -1,096 \\ -41$	$     \begin{array}{r}       -94 \\       -257 \\       -9     \end{array} $	-90 -282 -9	$-110 \\ -290 \\ -9$	-59 -268 -14	-101 -243 -11	$^{-106}_{-267}$	-189 -1,939 84	-41 -471 28	$-58 \\ -501 \\ 16$	-60 502	-30 -465 21	$^{-53}_{-418}$	65 449 36	21 22 23
-3 -79 -31	-3 -77 -9	-4 -81	$     \begin{array}{r}       -4 \\       -81 \\       -14     \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{r} -11 \\ -1,461 \\ -294 \end{array} $	-3 -358 -69	-3 -358 -72	-3 -362 -77	-3 -383 -77	-391 -391 -71	-3 -392 -87	-39 -89 -60	$     \begin{array}{r}       -8 \\       -23 \\       -12     \end{array} $	-10 -22 -22	19 -11 -22 -11	-11 -22 -14	-11 -24 -17	-11 -25 -24	24 25
1	165	-14 $-100$	-141	1,013	-253	-244	-216	-298	-198	-177	-768	-89	-216	-11 -251 -14	-213		-24 -158 -57	1
-53 -23 -29 -541	-47 212 -433	-26 -74 -481	-74 -67 -497	-526 -486 -9,774	-106 $-148$ $-2,175$	-99 -145 -2,417 -75	-165 -52 -2,748	$-157 \\ -141 \\ -2,434$	$     \begin{array}{r}       -98 \\       -100 \\       -3,312   \end{array} $	$-111 \\ -66 \\ -3,806 \\ -53$	-93 -675 -1,035	-6 -83 -231	$     \begin{array}{r}       -28 \\       -188 \\       -259     \end{array} $	$-237 \\ -271$	-46 -167 -275	$     \begin{array}{r}     -56 \\     -24 \\     -32 \\     -295   \end{array} $	$-102 \\ -349$	27 28 29 30 31
-45	-66	_77	-63	-296 -25	-86 -2	−75 − <b>6</b>	_75 _9	-59 - <b>9</b>	-65 -17	-53 -23	-3,096 1	-666	-768 (*)	-809 (*)	-854 (*)	-812 (*)	<b>–777</b>	31
-57	-48	-53	-56	-1,206	-284	-306	-311	-306	-272	-291	-81	-22	-14	-24	-20	-48	-12	33
-59 2	-58 9	-56 3	-54 -1	-393 -236 -577	-91 -51 -143	-101 -58 -146	-107 -64 -139	-93 -63 -149	-90 -65 -117	93 54 145	-26 -55		-4 -10	-6 -18		 -7 -41	(*) -12	34 35 36
-2,872	-1,280	20	<b>-990</b>	-44,663	-5,784	-3,696	-8, <b>793</b>	-26,391	-13,793	-17,219	-6,801	-3,207	-2,251	2,074	-3,417	534	-912	37
										200	-82	3	-19	-33	-34	-30	-39	38 39
			······							-200		3	-19	-33	-34	-30	_39	38 39 40 41 42
$\begin{bmatrix} -2 \\ -10 \end{bmatrix}$	(*) -26 24	-41 -58	-25 -25 24	$-512 \\ -1,659$	-50 -323 274	$-165 \\ -439$	$-111 \\ -433$	-187 -464	-176 -439	-136 -436 300	-69 -141	-36 -53 17	$^{-24}_{-42}$	5 -14	-14 -32 19	$^{12}_{-16}$	27	43 44 45 46
8 4	24 3	-58 8 10	24 -23	1,169 -22	-1	283 -9	-433 325 -2	287 -11	253 10	300 (*)	72 -1	17 (*)	18 (*)	-14 18 (*)	-1	27 1	26 (*)	l
-2,875 -57 294 -351	-1,281 1,084 1,051	61 2,145 2,022	-966 264 491	-44,151 58 3,312	-5,734 -543 392 -935 39	-3,532 241 1,053	-8,682 224 1,054	-26,204 136 813 -677	-13,617 486 555 -69	-16,883 2,341 2,993	-6,650 -506 -98	$     \begin{array}{r}       -3,175 \\       -281 \\       -167     \end{array} $	-2,208 -118 120	2,102 206 115	-3,369 -313 -167	553 -238 -13	-900 352 467	47 48 49 50 51
-351 -1,255	34 -1,249	2,022 122 -894	264 491 - 228 125	-3,254 27	-935 39	1,053 812 56	-830 43	-677 -111	-69 242	2,341 2,993 -651 342	-408 35	-114 -309	-239 -53	115 91 462	-146 -65	$-225 \\ 162$	-115 -74	50 51
14 133	14_3	14 1,569	n.a.	14-241	14_945	14723	14351	14_370	14 1,340	n.a.	14-356	¹4 <b>—263</b>	¹ <b>⁴</b> 169	.¹⁴ 103	14-365	1477	n.a.	52   53
15-1,696	15—1,113	15-2,759	<sup>15</sup> 1,354	15—43,995	15-4,235	15-4,552	15-9,299	15-25,859	15-15,686	15—19,566	15-5,823	15-2,321	15-2,206	15 1,330	15-2,626	15 552	15-1,178	54 55
319	943	-1,203	816	31,410	-1,439	4,590	10,132	18,127	13,328	11,920	8,522	3,170	1,650	2,169	1,532	1,513	-2,206	56
132	951	<b>-750</b>	-58	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	∫57 58
(16)	( <sup>16</sup> ) -85	( <sup>16</sup> )	(16) 21 (16)	J 86	7	55	15	9	17	134	26	<b>–113</b>	55	83	1	-165	187	57 58 59 60 61 62 63
(16)	(16)	(16)	(16)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	1 1
187 83	-8 313 525	-453 $-1,186$ $-1,260$	874 83 16	1,307	430	331 185	245 193	302 160	93 -7	310 244	2,662 1,988	224 141	978 791	673 437	787 620	146 114	740 638	65 66
83 54 29 (19) 95	-212	74 (16)	67 (16)	821 486 (17) 97	282 148 (17)	145	52 (17)	141 (17)	100 (17) 12	66 (17) 166	675 (17) 292	83 (17)	188 (17) 171	237 (17) 107	167 (17) 57	32 (17) 104	102 (17) -55	67
95	_97	70	81	97	145	146	<b>–231</b>	36	12	166	292	-42	171	107	91	104	-99	
14218	14 234	14-93	n.a.	14122	14 653	1414	14_461	14_85	14_394	n.a.	14 159	1497	1426	14-130	14 166	14355	n.a.	\[\begin{array}{c} 70 \\ 71 \end{array}
(19)	(16)	(19)	(16)	17 29,799	17-2,672	<sup>17</sup> 4,043	17 10,563	17 17,865	17 13,600	17 11,309	17 5,382	173,005	17 420	<sup>17</sup> 1,436	17 521	17 1,783	17-3,077	\[\begin{aligned} 72 \\ 73 \\ \end{aligned}
1,356	-301	703	176	<b>-7,053</b>	2,949	<b>-6,466</b>	<b>-6,551</b>	3,014	-2,429	1,014	12,392	2,290	4,308	-149	5,943	2,177	7,502	74 75
-600 1 254	-1,876 687	-1,718	-2,069 54	3,705 21,513	626 4,557	1,659 5.878	698 5,522	722 5.555	-477 3,167	121 4,577	15,802 14,031	-2,951 -2,230	-4,212 -3,692	-4,418 -4,071	-4,221 -4,038	-4,794 -4,177	-4,579 -4,372	76 77 78
1,254 1,197 1,197	639 639	533 480 480	54 -2 -2	20,699	4,364	5,878 5,674 5,572	5,319 5,212	5,555 5,343 5,249	2,984 2,895	4,378 4,286	-14,112	-2,253 -2,253	-3,706 -3,706	-4,094	4,059	4,225	4,384	78   79

Table 10.—U.S. International

		<i></i>	<del></del>					[Millions
(0.20 - 110 - 11			Au	·	Zealand, and	South Africa		
(Credits +; debits -) 1	Line	1981	ī	198 II	ы ш	īv	198 I'	1I P
	<del> </del>						_	
Exports of goods and services 2		13,491	3,178	3,621	3,243	3,448	2,923	3,194
Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military 3	3	8,998 371	1,983 194	2,495 39	2,233 105	2,287 34	2,022 35	2,245 35
Travel	4.	320 216	67 44	105 56	87 62	61 54	66 36	107 47
Other transportation	6	382 377	95 84	93 90	102 95	93 108	89 82	95 90
Fees and royalties from unaffiliated foreigners Other private services	8	71 267	17 65	17 67	18 68	19 68	20 67	20 68
U.S. Government miscellaneous services		201		'n	(*)	2	1	(*)
Receipts of income on U.S. assets abroad: Direct investment	11	1,910	529	499	340	542	361	279
Interest, dividends, and earnings of unicorporated affiliates	13	1,038 872	266 263	295 204	222 118	255 287	245 116	300 21
Other private receipts		558 18	99	154 5	131	175 6	141 4	201 8
Transfers of goods and services under U.S. military grant programs, net	16							
Imports of goods and services	17	-6,913	-1,748	-1,702	-1,669	-1,794	-1,477	-1,483
Merchandise, adjusted, excluding military 3	18	-5,608	-1,396	-1,434	-1,336	-1,442	-1,135	-1,192
Direct defense expenditures	19	-48 -351	$     \begin{array}{r}       -12 \\       -135     \end{array} $	$-12 \\ -40$	$     \begin{array}{r}       -13 \\       -62     \end{array} $	-10 $-114$	$\begin{bmatrix} -7 \\ -139 \end{bmatrix}$	-15 -40
Passenger fares Other transportation	21	$-224 \\ -292$	-54 -67	-50 -75	-67 -78	-53 -71	-55 -64	$^{-61}_{-68}$
Fees and royalties to affiliated foreigners  Fees and royalties to unaffiliated foreigners	23	1 -1	1 (*)	-1 (*)	(*)	(*) (*)		-1 (*)
Private payments for other services.  U.S. Government payments for miscellaneous services.	25	-38 -38		_9 _9	-10 -10	$-10 \\ -12$	-10 -8	-10
Payments of income on foreign assets in the United States:			· l	-			_	-1
Direct investment	28	$-48 \\ -43$	$     \begin{array}{c c}       -13 \\       -9     \end{array} $	$-10^{5}$	-13 -5	$^{-26}_{-18}$	$ \begin{array}{c c} -3 \\ -6 \end{array} $	26 3
Reinvested earnings of incorporated affiliates	30	$-\frac{-6}{-107}$	$\begin{bmatrix} -4 \\ -26 \end{bmatrix}$	15 -25	$     \begin{array}{r}       -8 \\       -28 \\    \end{array} $	$-8 \\ -28$	-28	$   \begin{array}{r}     24 \\     -31   \end{array} $
U.S. Government payments		-159	-28	-51	-53	-27	-29	-84
U.S. military grants of goods and services, net	1	59	-13	— <b>16</b>	-15	-16	-17	-17
Unilateral transfers (excluding military grants of goods and services), net		(*)	(*)	-10		-10		
U.S. Government grants (excluding military grants of goods and services)	35	-14 -45	$\begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ -10 \end{bmatrix}$	-4 -11	(*)  -4  -11	-3 -13	(*) -4 -13	(*) -4 -13
U.S. assets abroad, net (increase/capital outflow (-))		-2,128	-327	-514		-13 -711	-668	-13 -597
U.S. official reserve assets, net 4			021			***	000	
Gold	39							
Reserve position in the International Monetary Fund	41							
U.S. Government assets, other than official reserve assets, net		-79	2	1	-57	-25	-40	-20
U.S. loans and other long-term assets	44	$-97 \\ 33$	-9 8	$^{-9}_{10}$	-58 6	$-21 \\ 10$	-11 5	-27 18
U.S. foreign currency holdings and U.S. short-term assets, net	46	-15	4	( <del>*</del> )	-š	-14	-34	-11
U.S. private assets, net		-2,050 -964	-329 -399	-514 -356	-521 -189	$-685 \\ -20$	$-628 \\ -274$	-577 -237
Equity and intercompany accounts.  Reinvested earnings of incorporated affiliates	49	-92 -872	$-137 \\ -263$	$-152 \\ -204$	-70 -118	267 -287	-158 -116	- 257 21
Foreign securities  U.S. claims on unaffiliated foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns:	51	-27	-265 -46	46	-35	7	-18	-2
Long-term Short-term		14 56		<sup>14</sup> –18	<sup>14</sup> –53	14 15	14 40	n.a.
U.S. claims reported by U.S. banks, not included elsewhere:  Long-term	54	ĥ						11101
Short-term	55	15 – 1,002	15 116	15 - 186	15 —245	$^{15}-687$	15 - 376	15 -338
Foreign assets in the United States, net (increase/capital inflow (+))	1	315	317	1,030	-1,216	184	203	2,674
Foreign official assets in the United States, net U.S. Government securities	58	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)
U.S. Treasury securities 6	60	]		, ,	` ,			
Other U.S. Government liabilities *	62		-115	-37	-105	-31	21	45
Other foreign official assets 9		(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)
Other foreign assets in the United States, net Direct investment	65	283 277	44	6	177	56	5	.8
Equity and intercompany accounts	67	6	40	$^{21}_{-15}$	169	48 8	8 -3 (17)	32 -24 (17)
U.S. Treasury securities	68	(17) -46	(17)	( <sup>1</sup> 7) -11	(17) -35	( <sup>17</sup> ) -2	13	( <sup>17</sup> ) 43
U.S. liabilities to unaffiliated foreigners reported by U.S. nonbanking concerns:  Long-term	70	h		•••		4		
Short-term		1464	1416	1436	1421	14 – 10	14 -29	n.a.
Long-term		17 302	17 369	17 1,037	<sup>17</sup> – 1,274	17 170	<sup>17</sup> 194	172,578
Allocations of special drawing rights	74 75	4,705		-2,420	234	-1,112		-3,771
Memoranda:		0.000	-0-	1 000	005	045	200	
Balance on merchandise trade (lines 2 and 18) Balance on goods and services (lines 1 and 17) Balance on goods and services (lines 1 and 17) Balance (lines 77, 25 and 28)	77	3,390 6,578 6,519	587 1,431	1,061 1,918	897 1,575	845 1,655	887 1,446	1,053 1,711
Balance on goods, services, and remittances (lines 77, 35, and 36)	78	6,519 6,519	1,418     1,418	1,903 1,903	1,560 1,560	1,639 1,638	1,429     1,429	1,694 1,694

#### Transactions, by Area—Continued—Continued

of dollars]

	Other countries in Asia and Africa						International organizations and unallocated 13  1981 1982							Line
1981	I	II 198	ш	īV	17	1I <i>p</i>	1981	I	11	ım	īv	I' 1983	I P	Line
73,122	18,156	18,759	18,103	18,104	18,830	19,709	2,942	753	587	794	807	871	836	
47,832 6,036	12,099 1,356 180	12,378 1,399	11,405 1,745	11,950 1,536	12,079 2,038 200	12,375 2,461	23				23	37	7	
797 485 2,366	180 89 585	195 106 637	1,745 283 196 615	139 94 530	200 93 608	203 96 648	1,395	355	336	352	353	338	350	
661 129	146 31	183 32	160 33	173   34	139 35	114 36	-268	-95	-64	-55	-53	-52	-23	
1,318 216	319 39	328 49	331 79	340 49	350 40	357 65	729 4	167 (*)	176	187	199	212 1	222 1	
6,439 5,001	1,793 1,368	1,744	1,463 1,193 270	1,439 1,089 350	1,546 1,161 385	1,526 1,204 321	799 187	192 24 168	215 21 195	163 43 120	229 99 130	161 43	139 70 69	
1,438 5,247 1,596	425 1,215 306	393 1,285 424	1,412 382	1,335 486	1,284 417	1,395 434	612 347 -87	118 16	57 -133	116 30	55	118 115 58	137 4	
451	166	164	94	27	36	50								
-95,295	-24,532	-24,857	-22,875	-23,032	-21,409	-19,145	-3,567	-912	-829	-811	-1,015	-859	-840	
$ \begin{array}{rrr} -80,097 \\ -3,188 \\ -1,142 \end{array} $	-21,053 -784 -249	$     \begin{array}{r r}     -20,960 \\     -828 \\     -287   \end{array} $	-18,986 -798 -288	$     \begin{array}{r r}     -19,098 \\     -778 \\     -318   \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{r r}       -17,277 \\       \hline       -794 \\       \hline       -302     \end{array}   $	$-14,678 \\ -807 \\ -391$							-23	
$ \begin{array}{c c} -287 \\ -1,639 \\ 343 \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{r r}     -60 \\     -393 \\     \hline     73   \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{r r}     -60 \\     -422 \\     89   \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{r r}     -80 \\     -423 \\     94   \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{r r}     -87 \\     -402 \\     86   \end{array} $	$\begin{bmatrix} -77 \\ -372 \\ 98 \end{bmatrix}$	_75 _394 88	$     \begin{array}{r}       -62 \\       -2,311   \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{c c}       -19 \\       -585     \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{c c}       -10 \\       -605     \end{array} $	-16 -587	$     \begin{array}{c c}       -17 \\       -535   \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{c c}       -19 \\       -490   \end{array} $	$^{-10}_{-509}$	
-5 -311	$-1 \\ -71$	$\begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -76 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -81 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -83 \end{bmatrix}$	$\begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -85 \end{bmatrix}$	$^{-1}_{-86}$	-1	(*)	(*) -87	(*) -37	(7)	.0	(*)	
-486 -171	$-116 \\ -38$	-128 -48	-122 -59	-120 -26	-119 -94	-146 -57	-478	-130	-87	-37	-224	-101	-52	
-175 $5$ $-3,558$	$     \begin{array}{r r}     -37 \\     -1 \\     -850   \end{array} $	$     \begin{bmatrix}     -49 \\     1 \\     -911     \end{bmatrix} $	$     \begin{array}{r r}     -48 \\     -11 \\     -920   \end{array} $	-42 16 -877	-50 -44 -894	$     \begin{array}{r}       -66 \\       10 \\       -1,001     \end{array} $	-105	-28	-25	-19	-33	-32		
-4,755	-992	-1,224	-1,212	-1,326	-1,491	-1,599	-611	-150	-102	-152	-206	-217	-194	
-451 -4,200	-166 -935	$-164 \\ -912$	$ \begin{array}{c c} -94 \\ -1,114 \end{array} $	-27 -1,239	$ \begin{array}{c c} -36 \\ -1,384 \end{array} $	-50 -1,119	<b>–789</b>	-193	-206	-246	-144	- 164		
$ \begin{array}{r} -3,151 \\ -299 \end{array} $	-669 -77	-681 -60	-873 -80	-929 -81	$-1,068 \\ -78$	-812 -85	-778	-193	-195	-246	-144	-164	-146	
<b>-751</b>	-189	-171	-162	-229	-239	-223	-11		-11				-20	
-12,811	-458	-5,802	-2,612	-3,939	-3,946	-6,331	-6,159 -4,314	-2,187 -2,148	-1,135 -803	-1,255 -872	-1,582 -492	-678 -947	-1,520 -1,055	
							-1,824 -2,491	-1,441 -707	-23 -780	- 225 - 647	-134 -358	-400 -547	-241 -814	
					F.0.5								*****************	
$     \begin{array}{r}       -3,357 \\       -5,207 \\       1,592     \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c c} -1,204 \\ -1,668 \\ 330 \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{r}     -770 \\     -1,215 \\     426   \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{r}     -806 \\     -1,193 \\     335   \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{r}       -577 \\       -1,130 \\       \hline       502     \end{array} $	-507 -840 347	$-1,147 \\ -1,554 \\ 365$	$     \begin{array}{c c}     -826 \\     -831 \\     5   \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{r}       -136 \\       -139 \\       3     \end{array} $	-248 -248	$-186 \\ -187 \\ 2$	-257 -257	$-166 \\ -169 \\ 3$	-207 -229 22	
258 -9,454	135 745	20 -5,032	52 -1,806	51 -3,362	-14 - 3,439	42 -5,184	-1,019	97	-84	-197		435	-258	
$-3,136 \\ -1.698$	-381 44	-1,837 $-1,444$	$-868 \\ -597$	$-51 \\ 299$	$ \begin{array}{r} -2,161 \\ -1,776 \end{array} $	$-794 \\ -472$	-171   442	21 189	-90 105	$     \begin{array}{r r}     -241 \\     -121   \end{array} $	138 268	369 487	$-113 \\ -44$	
-1,438 -254	-425 -40	$     \begin{array}{r}       -393 \\       -120     \end{array} $	-270 -16	-350 -79	-385 -298	-321 -79	-612 -888	-168 66	$\begin{array}{c c} -195 \\ 2 \end{array}$	-120 17	$-130 \\ -972$	-118 65	$^{-69}_{-143}$	
14-262	14 16	14_128	14-90	14-60	14 642	n.a.						141	n.a.	{
15-5,802	15 1,150	15-2,947	15_833	15-3,172	15-1,623	15-4,312	<sup>15</sup> 40	<sup>15</sup> 10	153	15 27	(*)	(*)	152	1
19,292	3,086	5,580	3,765	6,862	3,516	5,345	1,670	-51	104	-406	2,023	-674	1,483	
(17)	(17)	(17)	( <sup>17</sup> )	(17)	(17)	(17)	14 .			6	8	-9	26	
310	123	21	37	130	80	-180	14			6	8	-9	26	
(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	(17)	1.050		104	410	9.015	<b>–665</b>	1 457	1
2,989 2,994	82 81	68 69	190 180	2,649 2,665	107 63	268 277	1,656	<b>-51</b>	104	-412	2,015	-000	1,457	:
-5 (17) 362	1 (17) 156	68 69 -1 (17) 135	11 ( <sup>17</sup> ) 98	$-16$ $\binom{17}{2}$ $-26$	63 44 ( <sup>17</sup> ) 51	-10 (17) 122	(17) 63	( <sup>17</sup> ) 24	( <sup>17</sup> ) 53	(17)	(17) -16	(17)	( <sup>17</sup> ) 84	1
	Ì								35	-				1
14—706	14-260	14-263	14-384	14 200	14_781	n.a.					<u></u>		n.a.	1
17 16,337	172,985	17 5,619	173,824	173,909	174,060	175,135	17 1,593 1, <b>093</b>	17—75 1,093	1751	17-414	17 2,031	17—689	17 1,373	1
19,893	4,684	7,231	4,734	3,244	4,393	1,542	4,810	1,496	1,479	1,924	-89	1,504	206	
-32,265 -22,174	-8,954 -6,376 -6,642	-8,582 -6,098	-7,581 -4,772	-7,148 -4,928	-5,198 -2,579 -2,896	-2,303 564	23 -626	-159	<b>–241</b>	-17	23 208	12	-23 -4	
-22,174 -23,223 -26,374	-6,642   -7,311	-6,329 -7,010	-5,014 -5,887	-5,238 $-6,167$	-2,896 -3,963	257 555	-637   -1,415	-159 -352	253   447	-17   -263	-208 -352	12   -153	-23 -169	1

in December, U.S. banks' foreign branches have accepted more funds from U.S. residents, much of which was then lent to the parent banks' IBF's (IBF's may not deal directly with U.S. residents except their parent banks and other IBF's). Branch borrowing from U.S. residents increased \$10.5 billion in the first quarter and \$9.9 billion in the second; branch claims on the United States increased \$12.2 billion and \$7.7 billion, respectively, mainly on their parent bank. Banks' own liabilities to unaffiliated foreigners increased \$13.3

billion, as IBF's accepted deposits mainly from Latin America (particularly Venezuela), the Caribbean, and Europe.

Net foreign purchases of securities other than U.S. Treasury securities were \$2.5 billion, compared with \$1.4 billion, largely due to purchases of U.S. corporate bonds. High U.S. interest rates spurred heavy purchases from Western Europe, especially Germany. Foreign purchases of U.S. stocks increased \$0.1 billion to \$0.8 billion, with continued large purchases from the United Kingdom.

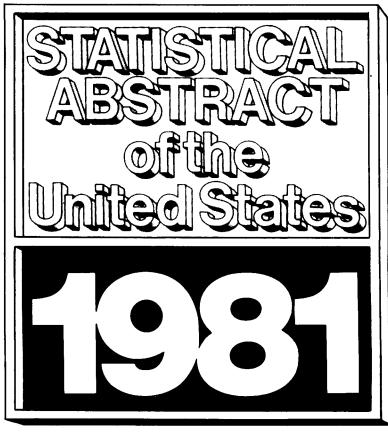
Foreign direct investment in the United States increased to \$2.7 billion from \$1.2 billion, but remained below the unusually high quarterly inflows in 1981. The increase was more than accounted for by equity and intercompany account inflows. There was a shift to small inflows from Canada, in contrast to large outflows in the first quarter associated with a special transaction. Inflows from Japan increased; inflows from Western Europe decreased, especially from the United Kingdom. Reinvested earnings were unchanged at \$0.5 billion.

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Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1980	1981			198	81						19	82			
through 1978 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1979 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
		GE	NERA	L BU	JSIN	ESS I	NDI	САТО	RS				···			•
PERSONAL INCOME BY SOURCE †																
Seasonally adjusted, at annual rates: † Total personal incomebil. \$	2,160.4	2,415.8	2,436.3	2,459.6	2,478.6	2,487.2	2,499.0	2,497.6	2,499.1	2,513.8	2,518.6	*2,535.5	12,556.2	12,566.3	<sup>7</sup> 2,5 <b>9</b> 2.5	2,601.0
Wage and salary disbursements, total do Commodity-producing industries, total do Manufacturing do Distributive industries do	1,356.1 468.0 354.4 330.5	1,493.9 510.8 386.4 361.4	1,501.3 517.3 391.9 363.3	1,513.6 520.2 393.7 366.7	1,522.1 520.2 393.1 369.6	1,528.9 520.4 392.1 367.7	1,534.2 518.7 389.4 369.3	1,530.5 514.0 384.7 367.8	1,535.7 513.5 383.7 369.7	1,546.6 517.1 387.6 373.0	1,542.6 512.2 384.1 371.4	1,546.6 511.6 383.9 372.5	1,560.4 515.1 386.4 376.9	*1,562.9 *514.1 *386.7 *376.8	r1,570.6 r514.1 r386.6 r377.6	1,573.3 511.5 385.0 379.4
Service industries do Govt. and govt. enterprises do Other labor income do Proprietors' income: ‡	297.4 260.2 127.2	338.6 283.1 140.4	338.6 282.1 140.9	343.9 282.8 142.2	345.8 286.5 143.5	349.7 291.1 144.7	353.8 292.5 145.8	355.0 293.6 146.9	357.0 295.4 148.0	360.1 296.4 149.1	361.4 297.6 150.2	363.7 298.8 151.3	368.5 300.0 152.5	<sup>7</sup> 370.7 301.2 153.6	r374.3 r304.6 154.6	378.8 303.6 155.7
Farm do Nonfarm do	19.4 96.9	24.0 100.7	26.1 100.5	28.2 100.4	27.2 100.3	26.3 99.0	24.7 100.1	22.8 99.5	19.9 98.6	17.3 98.4	16.3 98.8	*16.9 99.3	<sup>7</sup> 17.3 100.3	'18.0 '100.2	*18.2 *100.7	18.4 101.2
Rental income of persons with capital consumption adjustment   bil. \$	32.9 55.9 263.4 297.2 88.7 2,117.3	33.9 62.5 329.0 336.3 104.9 2,364.1	33.4 63.6 332.1 344.1 105.6 2,382.2	33.4 64.2 340.0 343.9 106.2 2,403.0	33.9 64.7 346.9 346.5 106.3 2,422.7	33.6 65.0 349.7 347.1 107.0 2,431.8	33.6 65.2 351.1 351.5 107.2 2,444.6	33.6 65.4 352.1 353.6 106.8 2,444.6	33.7 65.6 355.5 352.4 110.3 2,448.6	33.9 65.9 359.8 353.8 110.9 2,465.5	34.0 65.9 363.8 357.5 110.6 2,470.8	34.1 66.1 368.0 363.9 110.8 '2,486.8	34.2 66.2 372.0 '364.8 111.6 '2,506.9	34.3 66.1 376.0 '366.9 111.7 '2,516.0	34.5 66.6 379.9 379.8 112.4 12,541.6	34.6 67.3 382.5 380.7 112.6 2,549.6
Seasonally adjusted, at annual rates: Total personal income bil. \$ Less: Personal tax and nontax payments do Equals: Disposable personal income do Less: Personal outlays do Personal consumption expenditures do Durable goods do Nondurable goods do Services do Interest paid by consumers to business do Personal transfer payments to foreigners (net) do	2,160.4 336.3 1,824.1 1,771.9 1,667.2 214.3 670.4 782.5 49.9	2,415.8 386.7 2,029.1 1,898.9 1,843.2 234.6 734.5 874.1	2,436.3 394.3 2,042.0 1,905.6 1,849.5 233.9 735.6 879.9 55.5	2,459.6 399.0 2,060.6 1,932.7 1,875.9 248.7 741.7 885.5 56.1	2,478.6 401.1 2,077.5 1,938.7 1,881.2 241.1 746.4 893.7 56.9	2,487.2 391.2 2,096.0 1,930.2 1,872.1 228.1 742.7 901.3 57.4	2,499.0 393.9 2,105.1 1,943.3 1,885.1 230.7 745.9 908.5 57.5	2,497.6 394.7 2,103.0 1,954.7 1,896.4 230.1 751.0 915.3 57.6	2,499.1 389.9 2,109.2 1,965.8 1,907.4 234.7 746.0 926.7 57.7	2,513.8 396.3 2,117.5 1,986.9 1,928.3 240.1 755.9 932.3 57.7	2,518.6 394.2 2,124.4 1,981.1 1,922.4 238.8 745.4 938.2 57.9	72,535.5 7389.1 72,146.3 71,993.9 71,934.8 238.8 747.0 7949.1 58.2	r403.7	72,566.3 7410.7 72,155.6 72,014.4 71,954.7 758.9 758.9 758.8 0.9	72,592.5 7393.7 72,198.8 72,033.1 71,973.4 7238.0 766.8 7968.6 758.9	2,601.0 397.0 2,204.0 2,048.0 1,987.9 236.5 771.4 980.0 59.3
Equals: personal savingdo	106.2	130.2	136.4	127.9	138.8	165.8	161.8	148.3	143.4	130.6	143.3	152.4	r139.4	r141.2	165.6	156.0
Personal saving as percentage of disposable personal income § percent	5.8	6.4	6.3	6.5	6.9	7.4	7.6	7.2	6.7	6.6	6.7	6.8	r6.7	r6.9	7.1	
Disposable personal income in constant (1972) dollars bil. \$  Personal consumption expenditures in constant (1972) dollars do  Durable goods do  Nondurable goods do  Services do  Implicit price deflator for personal consumption expenditures index, 1972=100.	1,018.0 930.5 137.1 355.8 437.6	1,043.1 947.7 140.0 362.4 445.2 194.5	1,046.1 947.5 138.8 361.9 446.8 195.2	1,050.1 956.0 146.7 363.6 445.7	1,050.1 950.8 141.1 363.5 446.2 197.8	1,054.1 941.5 133.6 361.5 446.4 198.8	1,053.0 943.0 134.8 362.7 445.5	1,048.6 945.6 133.9 365.1 446.7	1,042.9 943.1 135.4 359.5 448.2 202.2	1,047.7 954.1 139.0 365.5 449.6	1,050.0 950.1 138.0 361.4 450.7 202.3	*1,057.6 953.4 137.7 362.7 453.0 *202.9	r1,058.1 r960.5 r141.5 367.8 r451.2	*1,048.8 *951.0 *135.8 *362.9 *452.3 *205.5	1,062.8 953.9 135.8 364.8 453.3 206.9	
INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION	110.2	104.0	100.2	130.2	157.0	130.0	100.0	200.0	202.2	202.1	202.0	202.3	200.4	200.0	200.3	
Federal Reserve Board Index of Quantity Output																
Not Seasonally Adjusted								400								
Total index	147.0	151.0	151.0	155.4	155.8	152.4	146.4	139.1	136.6	142.7	142.0	139.4	r138.5	r141.6	P136.3	°139.7
Mining and utilities do	149.5	155.0	161.4	164.1	156.8	152.5	152.0	155.2	164.3	159.7	152.7	146.7	r142.4	r143.8	P146.4	°148.6
Manufacturing do  Nondurable manufactures do  Durable manufactures do	146.7 161.2 136.7	150.4 164.8 140.5	149.5 163.9 139.5	154.3 172.2 142.0	155.5 173.4 143.1	152.4 169.3 140.7	145.6 161.0 134.9	137.0 149.4 128.4	133.1 147.1 123.4	140.7 156.6 129.7	140.7 156.6 129.7	138.4 154.7 127.1	138.0 154.5 126.6	r141.4 r159.5 r128.8	P134.8 P153.0 P122.2	°138.3 °160.1 °123.2
Seasonally Adjusted																
Total index	147.0 146.7	151.0 150.6	153.9 153.0	153.6 152.6	151.6 151.0	149.1	146.3 147.5	143.4 146.2	140.7 142.9	142.9 144.6	141.7 143.7	140.2	139.2	'138.5 '141.8	P138.7	°138.0
Final products	145.3 145.4	149.5 147.9	152.1 150.7	151.5 149.6	150.0 147.8	148.9 146.5	147.2 144.0	146.3 142.0	142.8 139.6	144.1 141.8	143.3 141.5	142.6 142.1	7142.2 7143.6	7141.9 7144.6	P142.0 P145.7	

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1978 and descriptive notes are as shown	1980	1981			19	81						19	82			
in the 1979 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anr	nual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
	GEI	NERA	L BU	SINE	SS IN	NDIC.	ATOI	RS—C	ontin	ued						
INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION—Continued																
Seasonally Adjusted—Continued  By market groupings—Continued																
Final products—Continued  Durable consumer goods 1967=100	136.7	140.5	146.5	142.5	140.4	136.3	129.7	123.2	120.1	125.9	128.1	130.7	r132.6	r135.2	P137.7	°132.6
Automotive products	132.8 110.1 103.6	111.2	147.6 123.0 118.1	137.6 107.8 104.0	139.1 110.0 103.3	132.8 101.7 92.5	121.7 88.9 81.1	119.2 87.5 78.1	109.2 71.6 61.3	117.5 82.0 70.5	125.0 93.6 79.8	129.9 100.5 87.2	*138.9 111.8 96.1	*143.3 117.1 101.9	P150.9 P127.7 P114.6	*137.6 *109.2 *96.1
Home goodsdo	138.9	142.0	145.8	145.3	141.1	138.2	134.1	125.4	126.3	130.6	129.9	131.1	129.1	130.7	P130.4	°129.9
Nondurable consumer goods do Clothing do	148.9 126.0	150.9 119.8	152.3 122.8	152.5 121.9	150.8 119.3	150.5 117.8	149.7 116.1	149.5 113.8	147.4	148.1	146.8	146.6	'147.9	r148.4	₽148.9	°148.6
Consumer staples do do Consumer foods and tobacco do Nonfood staples do	155.2 147.4 164.3	159.5 150.3 170.0	160.5 150.5 172.2	161.0 150.6 173.0	159.5 149.5 171.1	159.6 150.7 169.9	159.0 150.4 169.1	159.4 150.9 169.3	158.9 150.0 169.1	159.2 151.1 168.7	158.1 149.6 168.0	158.3 148.1 170.0	159.0 149.9 169.5	*159.6 150.9 *169.7	P159.6 P150.5 P170.3	*159.0 *169.5
Equipment do Business equipment do	145.2 173.2	151.8 181.1	154.1 184.8	154.0 184.4	152.9 182.7	152.1 180.5	151.5 179.0	152.1 179.0	147.2 172.2	147.3 171.6	145.9 169.0	143.4 164.9	'140.4 '159.9	°138.3 °156.4	°137.0 °153.6	°136.0 °151.4
Industrial equipment # do Building and mining equip do	156.5 239.9 128.2	166.4 286.2	169.4 290.3	170.2 293.0	168.9 293.6	166.9 295.6	165.1 293.8	164.0 294.6	158.1 289.0	155.9 274.9	151.2 256.9	145.9 242.2	*138.9 *224.4 *109.7	r134.0 r209.0	P131.1 P200.0 P105.8	°128.4 °193.3
Manufacturing equipment do  Commercial, transit, farm eq. # do	192.4	198.0	130.8 202.5	130.8 200.9	129.3 198.5	125.7 196.2	123.6 195.0	122.0 196.3	116.9 188.5	116.8 189.9	116.3 189.5	114.0 186.9	<sup>7</sup> 184.1	*107.5	₽179.5	°104.0
Commercial equipment do  Transit equipment do	237.8 139.9	258.7 125.4	263.7 128.4	264.3 124.6	264.2 121.0		260.6 116.6	262.9 117.5	256.1 109.0	256.4 110.4	257.8 110.5	253.1 110.9	r247.7 110.9	r246.1 r108.3	P244.3 P106.4	*242.9 *103.9
Defense and space equipment	98.2 151.9 140.9	102.7 154.4 141.9	102.6 156.2 144.3	102.8 156.8 144.0	103.0 154.6 139.7	104.5 151.4 135.2	105.3 148.7 130.1	107.0 145.9 127.0	105.2 143.4 124.2	106.5 146.3 127.5	107.0 145.2 125.6	107.2 143.7 123.6	107.7 142.6 122.2	*107.9 *141.1 *123.0	P109.1 P142.0 P123.4	*110.0 *142.0 *123.6
Business supplies do	162.8 147.6	166.7 151.6	168.0 155.3	169.5 155.2	169.4 152.5	167.5 148.5	167.1 144.6	164.6 139.0	162.4 137.2	165.1 140.4	164.6 138.5	163.7	r162.8	r159.1	°160.5	*133.4
Materials do Durable goods materials do Nondurable goods materials do	143.0 171.5	149.1 174.6	153.6 176.5	154.3 175.4	150.4 175.5	145.6 170.6	141.0 164.7	134.0 158.3	129.7 156.8	132.4 164.2	130.7 162.0	128.1 160.3	r126.6 r156.6	°126.6 °153.6	P126.1 P153.3	°125.9 °154.0
Energy materials	129.3	129.0	133.3	132.6	128.9	128.3	128.1	127.4	130.9	130.3	128.2	125.8	r125.4	<sup>r</sup> 125.5	₽126.7	°125.9
Mining and utilities	149.5 132.7 109.2	155.0 142.2 123.1	159.1 146.5 123.6	158.2 146.0 124.1	155.8 145.0 121.5	156.1 145.3 119.8	155.4 143.3 115.4	154.7 142.6 110.9	157.4 144.5 121.3	155.6 142.4 120.8	153.1 138.1 109.9	151.6 134.1 108.8	r148.8 r128.9 r90.0	*145.2 *123.8 71.4	P143.8 P120.6 P56.2	1
Metal mining         do           Coal         do           Oil and gas extraction #         do	146.7 133.3	141.3 146.8	170.0 147.7	167.4 148.2	161.9 148.8	166.9 148.9	160.8 148.4	145.5 150.5	147.9 151.5	156.0 146.6	155.6 141.4	146.2 137.7	149.2 132.7	144.4 129.2	P140.3 P126.6	°144.1 °123.7
Crude oil	94.9 111.1	95.1 111.8	95.2 111.5	94.8 116.8	95.0 111.5	94.0 111.9	93.9 108.1	94.5 110.5	96.2 111.3	94.7 108.8	94.2 107.8	95.9 107.2	95.2 102.8	r95.0	₽95.5	
Stone and earth minerals	132.8 168.3 189.7	129.4 169.1 190.9	133.3 173.1 196.2	128.2 171.9 194.2	123.4 167.8 188.3	122.0 168.1 189.4	116.7 168.9 190.9	115.7 168.2 190.2	115.8 171.8 195.2	120.5 170.4 192.5	121.6 170.0 191.7	119.6 171.0 193.1	'114.6 '170.9 193.4	r109.4 r169.1 r191.2	P111.0 P169.8 P192.2	*169.7 *192.1
Manufacturing	146.7 161.2	150.4 164.8	153.2 167.1	153.2 167.3	151.1 165.9	148.0 162.8	145.0 160.3	142.0 157.4	138.5 155.1	140.9 157.8	140.1 157.3	138.7 156.1	137.9 155.0	*137.6 *155.0	₽137.9 ₽155.3	°137.2 °155.4
Foods do  Tobacco products do	149.6 119.9	152.1 122.2	151.6 121.3	151.9 123.8	150.7 122.4	151.4 124.3	153.0 119.6	152.8 112.6	151.1 112.7	151.7 126.7	150.8 126.7	149.7 116.1	r150.5 r118.6	151.0 123.6	P151.5	
Textile mill products do do Apparel products do Paper and products do	138.6 127.0 151.1	135.7 120.4 155.0	139.4 122.6 154.9	140.7 122.6 156.7	136.3 122.5 158.6	132.5 117.8 153.3	126.1 113.8 152.6	122.8 114.1 146.6	120.0 148.3	125.8 151.5	126.0 150.6	126.3	<sup>1</sup> 123.5	'123.0 '145.6	P124.3	*147.0
Printing and publishing do Chemicals and products do	139.6 207.1	144.2 215.6	144.4 221.5	146.1 219.2	145.9 216.3	145.6 208.8	143.4 204.6	145.3 199.8	145.6 196.7	146.4 201.3	145.9 200.3	144.2 198.6	'143.8 '193.6	'141.2 '193.2	P141.9 P192.4	°142.2
Petroleum products	132.9 255.7	129.7 274.0	128.7 285.3	130.4 286.7	129.1 282.2	128.3 276.0	128.0 264.1	128.3 247.3	123.3 244.7	119.5 251.8	121.3 253.4	120.8 255.1	r122.2 r257.0	125.9 259.0	P128.0 P258.0	°121.2
Leather and products do  Durable manufactures do	70.1 136.7	69.3 140.5		69.6 143.4	69.7 140.9		70.8 134.4	65.6 131.3	63.1 127.1	64.0 129.3	61.2 128.2	60.6 126.7	'61.1 '126.1	'62.3 '125.5	P64.2 P125.9	
Ordnance, pvt. and govt	78.5 119.3	119.1	80.6 122.9	81.8 119.1	82.3 113.2	82.5 109.6	84.3 104.7	85.5 104.8	84.1 99.2	83.8 104.9	83.8 103.5	85.2 106.2	86.3 110.6	'86.5 '111.7	P86.5 P113.0	*87.8
Furniture and fixtures	150.0 147.5 102.3	157.2 147.9 107.9	164.9 148.7 109.4	163.3 148.2 113.1	159.9 147.3 108.6	157.2 143.4 102.3	153.7 135.9 96.6	149.4 131.5 89.6	144.3 128.5 89.7	148.4 135.0 88.5	150.2 131.5 83.0	151.8 127.0 76.4	r151.1 r125.0 r75.2	'149.9 '125.7 '72.6	P152.2 P126.5 P72.8	•71.3
Iron and steel	92.4 119.8	99.8 122.4	99.7 131.8	105.1 128.8	99.2 125.0	92.2 119.3	87.2 112.8	79.2 108.0	79.6 108.9	78.5 106.7	73.0 100.7	65.1 95.9	62.4 797.0	r57.9 r98.6	°58.0 °102.4	
Fabricated metal products	134.1 162.8 172.8		140.1 176.7 180.9	140.0 176.4 182.6	136.8 173.9 180.0	133.8 169.7 179.6	130.2 167.9 175.7	126.1 167.4 170.7	120.7 160.9 168.2	121.4 160.0 172.9	121.1 157.3 172.6	119.1 153.7 172.2	*115.8 *150.0 *170.9	7115.4 7146.8 171.3	P116.1 P145.5 P171.7	*115.1 *144.2 *170.7
Transportation equipment do Motor vehicles and parts do	116.9 119.0	116.1 122.3	119.8 130.5	115.4 123.1	114.2 120.4	110.6 113.8	106.1 105.5	103.7 100.4	96.6 90.4	102.0 98.6	104.4 105.6	105.9 110.7	110.0 119.8	'111.6 '124.0	P113.1 P127.4	°108.3 °118.0
Instruments do BUSINESS SALES	171.1	170.3	172.1	172.3	169.7	168.6	167.1	166.8	162.2	164.5	163.0	162.8	r163.8	*164.6	P165.2	°165.1
Mfg. and trade sales (unadj.), total ‡ mil. \$	l	4,207,460			357,828		344,041	359,752					347,636	r356,134	330,515	
Mfg. and trade sales (seas. adj.), total † do  Manufacturing, total † do	13,858,053 11,850,983	1,994,600	355,070 170,333	354,594 169,274	353,419 168,156	163,957	344,913 161,442	341,106 1 <u>5</u> 9,614	334,710 1 <u>5</u> 5,023	341,415 158,143	r342,340 r157,518	339,385 156,114	160,828	r345,555 r161,519	345,409 162,528	
Durable goods industries	930,482 920,501	993,597	85,739 84,594	85,223 84,051	84,671 83,485		80,279 81,163	79,133 80,481	75,551 79,472	77,976 80,167	<sup>1</sup> 78,124 <sup>1</sup> 79,394	77,136 78,978	81,310	78,888 82,631	79,725 82,803	
Retail trade, total §	1951,902 296,594 655,308	326,596	87,292 27,759 59,533	87,961 28,098 59,863	87,823 27,810 60,013	86,413 26,354 60,059	86,733 26,436 60,297	86,572 26,206 60,366	85,320 25,316 60,004	87,418 26,696 60,722	<sup>7</sup> 87,242 26,958 <sup>7</sup> 60,284	88,294 27,984 60,310	90,841 29,416 61,425	788,042 727,175 760,867	89,089 27,324 61,765	
Merchant wholesalers, total @	1,055,168 448,040 607,128	499,970	97,445 42,288 55,157	97,359 42,144 55,215	97,440 41,562 55,878	96,249 40,843 55,406	96,738 41,410 55,328	94,920 40,930 53,990	94,367 40,323 54,044	95,854 40,597 55,257	97,580 39,408 58,172	94,977 38,482 56,495	97,614 38,291 59,323	*95,994 *37,841 *58,153	93,792 37,954 55,838	
Mfg. and trade sales in constant (1972) dollars(seas. adj.), total * bil. \$	Ì		159.0	158.2	157.7	153.4	153.2	152.4	148.4	152.2	152.5	°150.9	155.2	153.0	152.7	
Manufacturing *			74.6 45.9	73.8 46.8	73.4 45.9	70.8 44.9	69.8 44.9	69.4 45.0	67.0 44.1	68.8 45.1	68.8 44.8	67.7 *45.0	<sup>r</sup> 69.4 46.1	°69.4 44.5	69.6 44.7	
Merchant wholesalers *	·	l	l 38.51	l 37.6	38.4	l 37.8	38.5	38.0	37.31	38.3	38.9	38.21	39.7	r39.0 l	38.4	l

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1980	1981			198	31 -						19	82			
through 1978 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1979 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
	GE	VERA	L <b>BU</b>	SINE	SS IN	DIC	ATOF	RS—C	ontin	ued						
BUSINESS INVENTORIES																
Mfg. and trade inventories, book value, end of year or month (unadj.), total ‡ mil. \$	477,287	513,530	502,575	505,361	511,277	520,615	527,253	513,530	513,516	513,844	517,710	512,689	513,132	r512,799	511,303	
Mfg. and trade inventories, book value, end of year or month (seas. adj.), total ‡ mil. \$	482,570	520,024	504,744	509,959		518,458				513,797		,	510,356	l ′ .	1	l .
Manufacturing, total †	264,015 174,674 89,341	283,152 188,429 94,723	276,983 183,229 93,754	279,102 185,022 94,080	282,209 187,686 94,523	284,386 189,461 94,925	285,783 190,222 95,561	283,152 188,429 94,723	281,154 187,054 94,100	281,688 187,121 94,567	r280,065 r186,063 94,002	278,986 185,916 93,070	184,870	r275,115 r184,289 r90,826	275,175 183,825 91,350	
Retail trade, total §	114,114 53,747 60,367	125,693 58,835 66,858	121,993 57,865 64,128	123,341 58,545 64,796	124,376 58,761 65,615	125,364 59,014 66,350	125,618 58,907 66,711	125,693 58,835 66,858	124,131 57,807 66,324	123,395 56,957 66,438	123,332 56,803 66,529	123,175 56,663 66,512	122,367 55,984 66,383	r124,351 r57,346 r67,005	125,001 58,282 66,719	
Merchant wholesalers, total @	104,441 67,033 37,408	111,179 73,746 37,433	105,768 68,929 36,839	107,516 70,379 37,137	108,802 71,842 36,960	108,708 71,943 36,765	110,243 73,479 36,764	111,179 73,746 37,433	111,154 73,110 38,044	108,714 71,859 36,855	109,369 72,565 36,804	112,722 74,668 38,054	111,540 72,858 38,682	*113,286 *73,763 *39,523	113,259 74,921 38,338	
Mfg. and trade inventories in constant(1972)dollars, end of year or month(seas.adj.),total*bil. \$  Manufacturing *do Retail trade *do  Merchant wholesalers *do			266.5 146.8 66.4 53.2	267.1 146.9 66.3 53.9	269.4 149.4 65.9 54.1	270.5 149.8 66.3 54.4	271.2 149.8 66.2 55.1	269.9 148.4 66.1 55.3	267.7 146.9 65.4 55.4	266.5 146.9 65.0 54.5	266.0 146.4 65.1 54.5	266.5 146.0 65.2 55.4	<sup>r</sup> 264.5 145.3 64.7 <sup>r</sup> 54.5	r265.2 144.6 r65.4 r55.2	265.6 144.4 65.6 55.5	
BUSINESS INVENTORY-SALES RATIOS																
Manufacturing and trade, total ‡ ratio  Manufacturing, total † do	1.45 1.66	1.44 1.66	1.42 1.63	1.44 1.65	1.46 1.68	1.50 1.73	1.51 1.77	1.52 1.77	1.54 1.81	1.50 1.78	°1.50	1.52 1.79	1.46 1.72	<sup>1</sup> 1.48	1.49 1.69	l
Durable goods industries do  Materials and supplies do  Work in process do  Finished goods do	2.18 0.70 0.95 0.53	2.19 0.69 0.97 0.53	2.14 0.68 0.95 0.52	2.17 0.68 0.96 0.53	2.22 0.70 0.98 0.55	2.33 0.73 1.03 0.58	2.37 0.74 1.05 0.58	2.38 0.74 1.05 0.60	2.48 0.77 1.09 0.62	2.40 0.74 1.05 0.60	72.38 0.73 1.05 0.61	2.41 0.74 1.06 0.61	72.32 0.71 1.02 0.60	2.34 0.71 1.03 0.60	2.31 0.70 1.01 0.60	
Nondurable goods industries	1.13 0.45 0.19	1.13 0.45 0.19	1.11 0.44 0.19	1.12 0.45 0.19	1.13 0.45 0.19	1.15 0.46 0.19	1.18 0.47 0.20	1.18 0.47 0.20 0.50	1.18 0.48 0.20	1.18 0.47 0.20	r1.18 0.47 0.20	1.18 0.47 0.20	1.13 0.46 0.19	*1.10 *0.44 0.19	1.10 0.44 0.19	
Finished goods do  Retail trade, total § do  Durable goods stores do  Nondurable goods stores do	0.48 1.41 2.14 1.08	0.48 1.39 2.08 1.07	0.47 1.40 2.09 1.08	0.48 1.40 2.08 1.08	0.49 1.42 2.11 1.09	0.50 1.45 2.24 1.11	0.51 1.45 2.23 1.11	1.45 2.25 1.11	0.51 1.45 2.28 1.11	0.51 1.41 2.13 1.09	0.52 1.41 2.11 1.10	0.51 1.40 2.02 1.10	0.48 1.35 1.90 1.08	0.47 *1.41 *2.11 1.10	0.47 1.40 2.13 1.08	
Merchant wholesalers, total @	1.13 1.70 0.70	1.09 1.67	1.09 1.63 0.67	1.10 1.67 0.67	1.12 1.73 0.66	1.13 1.76 0.66	1.14 1.77 0.66	1.17 1.80 0.69	1.18 1.81 0.70	1.13 1.77 0.67	1.12 1.84 0.63	1.19 1.94 0.67	1.14 1.90 0.65	'1.18 1.95 0.68	1.21 1.97 0.69	
Manufacturing and trade in constant (1972) dollars, total * do  Manufacturing * do Retail trade * do Merchant wholesalers * do			1.68 1.97 1.45 1.38	1.69 1.99 1.42 1.43	1.71 2.04 1.44 1.41	1.76 2.12 1.48 1.44	1.77 2.15 1.48 1.43	1.77 2.14 1.47 1.46	1.80 2.19 1.48 1.49	1.75 2.14 1.44 1.42	1.74 2.13 1.45 1.40	1.77 2.16 1.45 1.45	71.70 72.09 1.40 1.37	1.73 2.08 1.47 1.42	1.74 2.08 1.47 1.45	
MANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES, AND ORDERS																
Shipments (not seas. adj.), total $\dagger$ do	1,850,983	1,994,600	155,918	166,109	173,758	169,614	160,772	155,117	144,431	160,220	165,832	158,058	161,541	r169,159	148,569	
Durable goods industries, total   do	930,482 46,083 133,930 61,486 116,194 180,727 128,587 186,282 104,560 44,139	49,141 136,847 69,195 123,282 203,737 137,873	76,657 4,155 10,726 5,597 9,659 15,376 10,463 14,801 8,217 3,613	81,627 4,298 11,473 5,777 10,501 16,135 11,465 15,339 8,338 3,878	87,337 4,345 11,611 5,820 10,611 18,009 12,397 17,203 9,365 4,291	85,058 4,173 11,081 5,560 10,450 17,272 11,988 17,219 10,286 4,125	79,659 3,832 10,014 5,029 9,295 16,856 11,725 16,194 8,940 3,955	76,863 3,404 9,000 4,663 8,812 17,692 11,125 15,645 7,353 4,054	68,605 3,238 9,634 4,837 8,360 14,455 10,410 12,640 6,979 3,379	78,829 3,543 10,046 5,051 9,528 16,964 11,689 15,524 8,521 3,832	83,776 3,871 9,742 4,813 10,319 18,032 12,094 17,362 9,905 4,171	79,101 3,801 9,507 4,440 9,978 15,602 11,622 16,889 10,297 *4,991	80,485 3,923 8,951 3,974 10,244 15,810 11,716 18,004 10,682 *5,640	*84,307 *4,166 *8,981 *4,120 *10,531 *16,815 *12,354 *18,983 *11,361 *6,078	70,971 3,756 7,543 3,317 9,190 13,795 10,639 14,913 8,516 4,942	
Nondurable goods industries, total do  Food and kindred products do  Tobacco products do  Textile mill products do	920,501 255,872 11,893 47,397	993,597 269,130 13,000 52,274	79,261 21,301 1,132 3,856	84,482 22,684 1,162 4,589	86,421 23,515 1,135 4,884	84,556 22,983 1,111 4,476	81,113 22,111 1,144 4,145	78,255 21,562 1,162 3,837	75,826 20,580 1,083 3,553	81,391 22,814 1,069 4,135	82,055 23,140 1,061 4,625	78,957 21,813 1,153 4,070	81,056 22,721 1,140 4,209	*84,852 *23,812 1,388 *4,547	21,857 1,024	
Paper and allied products do Chemical and allied products do Petroleum and coal products do Rubber and plastics products do	72,650 161,559 198,673 47,342	79,489 175,131 220,333 46,504	6,239 13,635 17,965 3,714	6,815 14,283 18,617 4,024	6,829 15,222 18,199 4,074	6,728 13,831 18,459 4,134	6,476 13,346 17,972 3,515	6,139 13,581 18,067 3,319	6,416 13,360 17,298 3,375	6,782 14,369 16,547 3,669	6,915 15,176 15,533 3,607	6,538 14,542 16,194 3,648	6,447 14,629 17,287 3,592	*6,727 *15,360 *17,770 *3,898	13,199	
Shipments (seas. adj.), total †			170,333 85,739	169,274 85,223	168,156 84,671	163,957 81,265	161,442 80,279	159,614 79,133	155,023 75,551	158,142 77,976	157,517 78,124	156,114 77,136	*160,828 *79,518 3,863	*161,519 *78,888	162,528 79,725	
Stone, clay, and glass products do Primary metals do Blast furnaces, steel mills do			4,221 12,072 6,253	4,048 12,107 6,172	4,022 11,559 5,885	3,861 10,945 5,542	3,857 10,408 5,243	3,808 9,626 4,892	3,884 10,028 5,009	3,795 9,572 4,812	3,821 8,829 4,254	3,728 8,953 4,156	8,682 3,904	r3,834 r8,598 r3,989	8,512 3,714	
Fabricated metal products			10,535 16,862 11,871 17,606 10,436 4,010	10,427 17,199 11,779 17,734 10,189 3,903	10,233 17,543 11,740 17,450 9,941 4,020	9,914 17,074 11,451 16,004 8,933 3,982	9,492 17,527 11,581 15,695 8,439 3,876	9,361 17,116 11,252 16,118 8,262 4,035	9,231 15,939 11,210 13,847 7,357 3,754	9,557 16,587 11,451 15,152 8,241 3,933	9,765 16,570 11,508 15,805 8,829 3,942	9,750 15,432 11,677 15,945 9,509 3,825	10,096 15,899 11,912 '17,314 '10,109 3,988	r9,890 r15,488 r11,639 r17,573 r10,420 r4,007	10,034 15,072 12,089 17,986 11,051 3,977	
Nondurable goods industries, total # do Food and kindred products do Tobacco products do Textile mill products do Paper and allied products do Chemicals and allied products do Petroleum and coal products do Rubber and plastics products do See footnotes at end of tables.			84,594 22,901 1,131 4,613 6,648 14,990 18,307 4,076	84,051 22,657 1,129 4,537 6,639 14,865 18,586 3,927	83,485 22,535 1,149 4,591 6,652 14,777 18,187 3,942	82,692 22,187 1,065 4,263 6,646 14,268 18,731 3,896	81,163 21,652 1,120 4,095 6,682 14,196 18,030 3,682	17,800	79,472 22,069 1,138 3,905 6,712 13,740 17,011 3,646	80,167 22,709 1,136 4,150 6,603 14,071 16,024 3,520	79,394 22,404 1,103 4,254 6,599 13,847 15,698 3,414	78,978 22,302 1,157 5,058 6,463 13,751 16,494 3,500	81,310 23,018 1,128 4,148 6,346 14,136 17,382 3,569	782,631 723,315 1,351 74,217 76,425 714,595 717,592 73,762	23,484 1,021 4,168 6,601 14,523 17,536	

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1980	1981			198	31						19	82			
through 1978 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1979 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ıual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
	GEI	NERA:	L BU	SINE	SS IN	DIC	АТОЕ	RS—C	ontin	ued						
Consumer staples do '328,375 '349,269 29,662 29,291 29,487 28,902 28,636 28,479 29,021 29,970 29,753 29,778 30,310 '31,043 31,058 Equipment and defense prod., exc. auto do '128,602 '136,092 25,148 25,954 25,954 26,427 25,476 26,321 26,642 24,85 25,566 25,623 23,997 25,056 24,451 24,343 Automotive equipment do '123,602 '135,005 12,284 11,910 11,563 10,542 9,933 9,804 8,868 9,769 10,332 11,002 '11,661 11,974 12,573 Construction materials and supplies do '144,922 '152,663 12,946 12,509 12,498 12,056 11,728 11,515 11,398 11,400 11,738 11,446 12,058 '11,720 12,250 Other materials and supplies do '849,662 '914,319 78,344 77,978 76,763 75,770 73,783 72,619 71,115 70,261 68,862 69,383 70,940 '71,473 71,112 Supplementary series:  Household durables do '158,247 '61,299 5,297 5,141 5,164 5,012 4,945 4,782 4,723 4,876 4,982 4,897 4,808 '4,904 5,178																
Shipments (seas. adj.) †—Continued																
Home goods and apparel mil. \$  Consumer staples do  Equipment and defense prod., exc. auto do  Automotive equipment. do  Construction materials and supplies do  Other materials and supplies do	1328,375 1276,299 1123,602 1144,922	1349,269 1306,929 1135,005 1152,663	29,662 25,148 12,284 12,946	29,291 25,954 11,910 12,509	29,457 26,427 11,563 12,498	28,902 25,476 10,542 12,056	28,636 26,321 9,933 11,728	28,479 26,684 9,804 11,515	29,021 24,185 8,836 11,398	29,970 25,566 9,769 11,400	29,753 25,623 10,332 11,738	29,578 23,997 11,002 11,446	30,310 25,056 11,661 12,058	731,043 724,451 711,974 711,720	31,058 24,343 12,573 12,250	
Supplementary series:	158,247 1312,672 1274,246 138,426	161,299 1344,647 1297,724 146,927	5,297 28,672 24,704 3,968	5,141 29,462 25,363 4,099	5,164 29,572 25,584 3,988	5,012 28,733 24,676 4,057	4,945 29,532 25,387 4,145	4,782 29,600 25,315 4,285	4,723 27,067 23,066 4,002	4,876 28,417 24,043 4,374	4,982 28,549 24,060 4,490	4,897 26,869 22,599 4,271	4,808 28,140 23,471 4,669	*4,904 *27,727 *22,906 *4,821	5,178 27,421 22,649 4,772	
Inventories, end of year or month: † Book value (unadjusted), total do Durable goods industries, total do Nondurable goods industries, total do	261,528 172,115 89,413	280,131 185,584 94,547	276,499 183,218 93,281	278,108 184,603 93,504	279,528 185,676 93,852	281,625 186,978 94,648	282,992 187,855 95,137	280,131 185,584 94,547	281,926 187,031 94,895	283,594 188,756 94,838	282,050 188,026 94,024	93,764	279,391 187,287 92,104	'276,281 '185,442 '90,839	274,707 183,852 90,855	
Book value (seasonally adjusted), total † do By industry group: Durable goods industries, total # do Stone, clay, and glass products do Primary metals do Blast furnaces, steel mills do	264,016 174,674 5,995 22,878 12,063	283,152 188,429 6,792 26,250 13,347	276,983 183,229 6,422 24,667 12,580	279,102 185,022 6,623 25,200 12,784	282,209 187,686 6,766 25,927 13,198	284,386 189,461 6,741 26,236 13,332	285,784 190,222 6,781 26,415 13,378	283,152 188,429 6,792 26,250 13,347	281,155 187,054 6,582 25,974 13,120	281,688 187,121 6,629 26,070 13,128	280,065 186,063 6,544 26,056 13,441	278,985	276,449 184,870 6,429 25,063 12,867	"184,289 "6,382 "24,617 "12,566	275,175 183,825 6,393 14,383 12,455	
Fabricated metal products do  Machinery, except electrical do Electrical machinery do Transportation equipment do Motor vehicles and parts do Instruments and related products do	19,623 40,714 26,042 35,890 9,894 9,154	20,208 44,376 28,142 38,237 9,226 9,610	19,859 42,442 27,499 37,942 9,685 9,377	20,118 42,823 27,815 37,927 9,512 9,405	20,334 43,471 28,110 38,409 9,608 9,528	20,449 43,899 28,482 39,032 9,649 9,541	20,561 44,255 28,655 38,958 9,360 9,587	20,208 44,376 28,142 38,237 9,226 9,610	20,339 44,237 27,784 38,122 8,957 9,420	20,142 44,414 27,697 38,194 8,795 9,513	19,848 44,134 27,526 38,150 8,673 9,399	19,716 44,449 27,365	19,664 44,447 27,024 38,701 8,495 9,303	*19,593 *44,008 *26,950 *39,074 *8,649 *9,393	19,261 43,775 26,882 39,395 8,856 9,382	
By stage of fabrication: † Materials and supplies	55,310 76,851 42,513	58,461 82,814 47,153	58,016 81,041 44,172	58,121 81,635 45,266	58,908 82,621 46,158	59,117 83,588 46,756	59,216 84,058 46,946	58,461 82,814 47,153	58,184 82,211 46,659	57,999 82,097 47,026	56,897 81,729 47,435	56,947 81,562 47,408	55,996 81,284 47,590	r55,643 r81,304 r47,342	55,747 80,237 47,841	
Nondurable goods industries, total # do Food and kindred products do Tobacco products do Textile mill products do Paper and allied products do Chemicals and allied products do Petroleum and coal products do Rubber and plastics products do By stage of fabrication:	89,341 21,590 3,638 6,695 7,788 19,514 9,814 6,029	94,723 20,400 4,401 7,011 8,825 21,615 10,544 6,298	93,754 21,263 3,917 6,957 8,347 20,960 11,155 6,358	94,080 21,389 4,032 6,947 8,403 21,215 10,872 6,345	94,523 21,290 4,088 7,008 8,545 21,334 10,810 6,434	94,925 20,990 4,181 7,041 8,654 21,714 10,510 6,473	95,561 20,939 4,231 7,061 8,802 21,792 10,431 6,546	94,723 20,400 4,401 7,011 8,825 21,615 10,544 6,298	94,100 20,481 4,495 6,761 8,675 21,420 10,373 6,120	94,567 20,486 4,514 6,710 8,850 21,418 10,615 6,172	94,002 20,405 4,572 6,587 8,921 21,428 10,531 6,153	4,812 6,513 8,842 21,363 9,675 6,165	91,579 20,140 4,812 6,501 8,810 20,895 9,060 6,115	*90,826 *19,830 4,697 *6,367 *8,757 *20,973 *9,101 *6,046	91,350 20,338 4,893 6,391 8,694 20,802 9,280 5,831	
Materials and supplies do  Work in process do  Finished goods do	36,208 15,656 37,478	38,015 16,196 40,511	37,531 16,174 40,048	37,447 16,251 40,382	37,606 16,213 40,705	37,720 15,912 41,293	37,834 16,174 41,555	38,015 16,196 40,511	37,961 15,959 40,179	37,899 15,792 40,877	37,317 15,629 41,057	37,486 15,601 39,983	37,172 15,438 38,969	*36,714 *15,555 *38,557	36,789 15,568 38,993	l
By market category: † Home goods and apparel	20,817 32,196 70,150 12,328 20,872 107,653	22,948 33,100 76,445 11,873 22,172 116,613	21,669 33,040 73,698 12,217 22,101 114,257	21,945 33,390 74,198 12,082 22,277 115,210	22,084 33,375 75,187 12,254 22,488 116,821	22,653 33,369 76,189 12,321 22,354 117,501	23,153 33,305 76,718 12,081 22,406 118,121	22,948 33,100 76,445 11,873 22,172 116,613	22,766 33,309 76,265 11,567 21,729 115,518	22,631 33,644 76,744 11,366 21,338 115,964	22,041 33,631 76,716 11,220 21,078 115,379	21,948 33,673 77,708 11,191 20,723 113,741	21,779 33,355 77,506 11,102 20,639 112,068	*21,598 *32,832 *77,622 *11,226 *20,533 *111,304	21,768 33,557 77,417 11,354 20,481 110,598	
Household durables do Capital goods industries do Nondefense do Defense do	10,345 79,141 68,605 10,535	11,256 86,515 73,360 13,154	10,722 83,810 71,646 12,163	10,939 84,466 72,249 12,217	11,026 85,623 73,131 12,492	11,280 86,623 74,005 12,618	11,343 87,126 74,164 12,962	11,256 86,515 73,360 13,154	11,196 86,302 72,968 13,334	11,120 86,974 73,376 13,598	10,896 86,795 72,937 13,857	10,856 87,752 73,806 13,946	10,692 87,644 73,615 14,029		10,773 87,366 73,110 14,256	
New orders, net (not seas. adj.), total †	1,868,857 948,723 920,134 11,868,857	1,992,179 999,268 992,912 11,992,179	156,351 77,204 79,147 172,089	164,078 79,679 84,399 168,797	172,209 86,032 86,177 167,728	167,182 82,956 84,226 159,558	157,465 76,894 80,571 159,460	153,451 75,381 78,070 156,660	147,978 71,856 76,122 154,519	159,497 78,548 80,949 155,984	166,453 84,383 82,069 157,198	77,867 78,892	*155,250 *74,504 80,746 *156,791	*162,730 *78,199 *84,531 *157,058	144,844 67,426 77,418 160,171	
By industry group:  Durable goods industries, total	1948,723 133,936 162,217 160,016	1999,268 133,901 168,410 153,606	87,582 12,503 6,511 4,865	84,819 11,742 6,143 4,592	84,456 11,107 5,712 4,358	77,193 9,786 4,743 4,014	78,592 9,686 4,836 4,033	76,421 8,981 4,462 3,804	75,061 9,163 4,469 3,866	76,309 8,241 3,741 3,767	77,859 7,596 3,432 3,440	776,194 8,137 3,583 3,828	136,731 175,710 8,453 3,928 3,741	74,550 78,617 3,789 73,939	77,538 8,741 4,025 3,867	
Fabricated metal products	1115,658 1180,332 1135,199 1198,898 170,394	122,031 1202,448 1141,845 1202,472 166,145	10,893 16,259 12,174 18,872 6,211	9,919 17,222 12,009 18,077 5,619	9,956 17,608 12,458 17,204 6,245	9,440 16,422 10,594 15,050 4,500	9,124 17,073 12,036 15,067 5,341	9,272 16,343 11,566 14,617 5,282	8,777 15,120 11,842 15,182 5,841	9,052 14,506 11,391 17,305 7,475	9,819 14,438 12,782 17,138 7,206	8,989 15,262 12,508 16,595 5,779	9,405 14,408 11,888 16,011 4,854	°9,389 °13,015 °11,705 °16,347 °4,560	9,613 13,417 12,409 17,581 5,159	
Nondurable goods industries, total	1920,134 1186,011 1734,123	1992,912 1205,870 1787,040	84,507 17,502 67,005	83,979 17,396 66,583	83,272 17,424 65,849	82,365 17,025 65,340	80,868 17,067 63,801	80,239 17,111 63,128	79,458 16,946 62,512	79,676 16,866 62,810	79,339 17,607 61,732	78,803 16,653 62,151	81,081 16,756 64,325	°82,508 °16,867 °65,641	82,633 17,054 65,579	
By market category: † Home goods and apparel	127,594 1328,433 1293,103 1122,045 1144,254 1853,428	136,200 1349,430 1308,350 1134,898 1152,053 1911,251	11,927 29,696 26,390 12,364 13,177 78,536	11,540 29,317 26,551 12,009 12,187 77,193	11,459 29,476 26,065 11,291 12,440 76,997	10,894 28,909 24,455 10,503 11,765 73,032	10,835 28,669 26,421 9,497 11,761 72,277	10,472 28,451 24,381 9,869 11,228 72,258	10,296 28,978 26,587 8,771 10,856 69,031	11,120 29,996 26,161 9,438 11,108 68,162	11,570 29,822 25,349 10,285 12,006 68,167	10,067 29,477 25,890 10,625 11,003 67,937	r11,040 30,340 22,074 r11,398 11,592 70,347	'10,964 '31,070 '23,179 '11,887 '11,384 '68,574	11,039 31,023 22,907 12,766 12,152 70,284	
Supplementary series:         do	157,820 1334,268 1281,384 152,884	161,128 1347,082 1288,731 158,350	5,242 29,664 24,655 5,010	5,084 29,877 24,867 5,010	5,195 30,240 24,312 5,927	4,700 26,636 22,528 4,109	4,739 29,372 24,369 5,003	4,747 27,774 22,130 5,644	4,578 28,291 21,717 6,573	4,869 28,772 21,560 7,213	5,353 29,239 22,174 7,065	74,254 28,782 22,608 6,174	r5,022 25,107 20,332 4,775	r5,004 r24,715 r19,278 r5,437	5,028 25,403 20,771 4,632	

Jnless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data hrough 1978 and descriptive notes are as shown	1980	1981			198	31					,	19	82		·	T
n the 1979 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug
	GEI	NERA	L BU	SINE	SS IN	DIC	ATOF	RS—C	ontin	ued						
MANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES, AND ORDERS †—Continued																
Jnfilled orders, end of year or month (unadjusted), total † mil. \$	318,797	316.375	327,359	325,328	323,779	321,348	318,041	316,375	319,921	319,197	319,817	<sup>7</sup> 318,518	*312,234	r305,804	302.077	
Durable goods industries, total do Nondur. goods ind. with unfilled orders ‡ do	308,131 10,666		315,995	314,048 11,281	312,743 11,036	310,642	307,877 10,163	306,395 9,979	309,646 10,275	309,365 9,832	309,971 9,847	*308,736 9,782	<sup>r</sup> 302,762 9,472	r296,652 r9,152	293,105 8,972	
Infilled orders, end of year or month (seasonally adjusted) total † mil. \$	320,977	318,621	328,861	328,384	327,955	323,556	321,574	318,621	318,114	315,957	315,639	°314,521	<sup>r</sup> 310,482	r306,032	303,672	
By industry group:  Durable goods industries, total #	310,051 29,658	308,370 26,623	317,462 29,964	317,057 29,599	316,841 29,148	312,769 27,989	311,082 27,268	308,370 26,623	307,877 25,759	306,211 24,427	305,947 23,195	r305,004 22,378	<sup>7</sup> 301,194 22,147	<sup>7</sup> 296,866 <sup>7</sup> 22,168	294,677 22,396	
Blast furnaces, steel mills do Nonferrous and other primary met do	16,966 8,899	16,113 7,302	17,952 8,625	17,923 8,387	17,751 8,078	16,951 7,638	16,543 7,433	16,113 7,302	15,573 7,030	14,502 6,921	13,679 6,697	13,106 6,572	13,129 6,419	r12,930 r6,586	13,241 6,532	
Fabricated metal products do  Machinery, except electrical	30,497 73,884	29,240 72,627	30,956 74,417	30,447 74,440	30,170 74,505	29,696 73,854	29,328 73,400	29,240 72,627	28,785 71,807	28,281 69,727	28,334 67,595	27,574 67,425	26,883 65,934	<sup>r</sup> 26,384 <sup>r</sup> 63,462	25,960 61,808	
Electrical machinery	47,917 114,304 86,831	51,939 113,709 87,207	51,081 116,694 88,478	51,310 117,039 88,493	52,028 116,791 89,054	51,171 115,838 88,203	51,625 115,211 88,029	51,939 113,709 87,207	52,570 115,043	52,510 117,196 90,514	53,784 118,529 92,483	54,613 119,178 93,349	54,588 117,876 92,613	'54,655 '116,652 '91,494	54,975 116,250 91,300	
Nondur. goods ind. with unfilled orders ‡ do	10,926	10,251	11,399	11,327	11,114	10,787	10,492	10,251	88,123 10,237	9,746	9,692	9,518	9,288	19,166	8,995	1
By market category: † Home goods, apparel, consumer staples do	3,559	3,457	4,103	4,010	4,021	3,704	3,497	3,457	4,029	3,998	4,429	r3,684	r3,951	r4,087	3,899	
Equip. and defense prod., incl. auto	186,434 17,588 112,788	16,982	191,294 17,906 114,827	191,991 17,584 114,042	191,356 17,527 114,276	190,296 17,235 111,538	189,959 17,269 110,033	16,982	190,058 16,440 107,588	190,323 16,148 105,488	190,002 16,416 104,793	191,517 15,972 103,346	188,274 15,506 102,751	r186,916 r15,170 r99,859	185,673 15,071 99,029	
Supplementary series: Household durablesdo	3,123	3,069	3,649	3,591	3,623	3,311	3,104	3,069	2,924	2,916	3,288	r2,643	r2,858	r2,961	2,810	
Capital goods industries do  Nondefense do  Defense do	218,190 155,646 62,544	220,621 146,701 73,919	223,618 154,821 68,799	224,034 154,324 69,711	224,701 153,052 71,650	222,605 150,904 71,701	222,445 149,886 72,560	220,621 146,701 73,919	221,841 145,351 76,490	222,197 142,868 79,329	222,888 140,982 81,905	224,799 140,991 83,808	221,766 137,852 83,914	r218,756 r134,266 r84,530	216,742 132,351 84,391	
BUSINESS INCORPORATIONS @	02,044	70,015	00,133	05,711	71,000	71,701	12,000	10,515	10,450	10,020	01,500	00,000	00,514	04,000	04,001	
New incorporations (50 States and Dist. Col.): Unadjusted number	533,520	580,867	52,566	45,762	48,305	49,002	43,533	48,650	42,680	42,511	52,574	48,845	46,008			
Seasonally adjusted	***************************************		50,433	47,483	48,792	47,947	49,413	47,556	43,330	47,234	46,899	46,876	46,995			
FAILURES @ 'ailures, totalnumber	11,742		1,432	1,172								.,				
Commercial service	1,594 2,355 1,599		184 318 184	153 243 154												
Retail trade do	4,910 1,284		599 147	507 115	***************************************											
Liabilities (current), total thous. \$	4,635,080 413,502		619,462 44,158	450,412 38,319												
Construction	752,109 1,885,017		68,285 95,513	69,184 86,609												
Retail trade	993,539 590,913		287,268 124,238	91,261 165,039											·······	
failure annual rate (seasonally adjusted) No. per 10,000 concerns	142.1		65.9	53.3												
	•		C	OMM	(ODI'	ry Pi	RICE	S								
PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY FARMERS ¶																
Prices received, all farm products 1910-14=100	614	633	651	632	608	594	593	583	601	608	608	616	633	628	r622	,
Crops #	539 562	580 676	595 654	564 626	521 594	517 608	524 621	527 733	545 892	534 789	521 656	530 632	541 602	541 636	r537 r603	
Cotton do Feed grains and hay do	583 417 452	565 446 456	594 461 436	549 429 430	490 393 427	526 382 436	507 373 442	432 381 434	421 400 432	409 391 425	423 392 419	452 404 417	458 418 413	464 404 388	r486 r385 r374	
Food grains do  Fruit do  Tobacco do	452 458 1,219	477 1,363	439 1,387	478 1,404	469 1,452	482 1,426	554 1,435	540 1,452	519 1,478	547 1,478	533	537 1,469	581 1,469	614 1,474	7709 1,400	
Livestock and products # do	691	688	708	703	699	675	665	641	659	685	699	706	727 807	718	r711	
Dairy products	798 878 254	842 848 264	820 893 269	826 884 263	838 872 263	856 822 255	856 794 268	856 756 253	850 791 259	844 841 264	832 870 268	820 898 255	950 247	801 936 245	'807 '912 254	
Prices paid: Production items	799	854	859	858	859	850	849	840	856	858	866	866	871	876		
All commodities and services, interest, taxes, and wage rates (parity index)	950	1,031	1,035	1,038	1,040	1,037	1,037	1,031	1,058	1,060	1,067	1,066	1,071	'1,073	1,077	1,
Parity ratio § do	65	61	63	61	58	57	57	57	57	57	57	58	59	r59	58	
CONSUMER PRICES (U.S. Department of Labor Indexes)				!												
Not Seasonally Adjusted ALL ITEMS, WAGE EARNERS AND																
CLERICAL WORKERS, REVISED (CPI-W)	247.0	272.3	274.6	276.5	279.1	279.7	280.4	281.1	282.1	282.9	282.5	283.7	286.5	290.1	291.8	29
ALL ITEMS, ALL URBAN CONSUMERS (CPI-U)1967=100	246.8	272.4	274.4	276.5	279.3	279.9	280.7	281.5	282.5	283.4	283.1	284.3	287.1	290.6	292.2	29
Special group indexes: All items less shelter	235.5	258.5	259.9	261.4	263.5	264.5	265.4	266.0	267.4	268.3	268.5	268.7	270.6	273.8	275.3	27
All items less food do		270.6	272.7	274.9	278.2		280.1 279.0	280.8 279.6		282.1 281.5	281.7	282.9 282.1	286.0 284.9	289.7 288.4	291.5 289.9	29

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1980	1981			198	31						19	82			
through 1978 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1979 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
		CC	)MM(	DIT	Y PR	ICES	—Cor	ıtinu	ed							
CONSUMER PRICES—Continued (U.S. Department of Labor Indexes)—Continued Not Seasonally Adjusted																
All items (CPI-U)—Continued       1967 = 100.         Commodities       1967 = 100.         Nondurables       do         Nondurables less food       do         Durables       do         Commodities less food       do         Services       do	233.9 245.0 235.2 210.4 222.0 270.3	253.6 266.3 257.5 227.1 241.2 305.7	255.0 267.1 257.5 229.6 242.6 308.8	256.2 268.1 258.4 230.9 243.8 312.2	257.7 269.5 260.3 232.6 245.5 317.3	257.9 269.5 260.7 232.9 245.9 318.6	258.0 269.5 261.1 233.2 246.2 320.6	258.4 269.8 261.1 233.7 246.5 321.8	258.8 270.8 260.2 233.4 245.9 323.9	259.5 271.7 260.1 233.7 246.0 325.3	258.8 270.7 258.4 233.5 245.2 325.5	258.9 269.3 255.0 235.8 245.0 328.4	261.5 270.7 256.2 239.8 247.8 331.8	265.1 274.4 261.2 243.2 251.9 334.9	266.5 275.7 263.0 244.7 253.5 337.0	266.4 275.5 263.6 244.6 253.8 338.9
Services less rent         do           Food #         do           Food at home         do	285.1 254.6 251.5	324.3 274.6 269.9	328.1 276.2 271.6	331.7 277.4 272.8	337.5 278.0 273.2	338.7 277.6 272.1	340.8 277.1 271.0	342.0 277.8 271.7	344.2 281.0 275.3	345.7 283.3 278.0	345.7 283.0 277.1	349.1 283.9 277.9	352.8 285.5 279.8	356.5 287.8 282.6	358.5 288.5 282.8	360.5 287.4 280.8
Housing do  Shelter # do Rent, residential do Homeownership do Fuel and utilities # do Fuel oil, coal, and bottled gas do Gas (piped) and electricity do Household furnishings and operation do	263.3 281.7 191.6 314.0 278.6 556.0 301.8 205.4	293.5 314.7 208.2 352.7 319.2 675.9 345.9 221.3	297.0 318.5 207.8 358.0 325.1 677.9 357.6 222.4	299.7 322.0 210.3 361.8 327.8 674.6 360.8 222.9	303.7 326.9 211.9 367.8 331.1 673.4 364.5 224.5	303.5 326.6 213.6 366.7 330.1 672.7 360.6 225.6	304.2 327.2 215.0 367.2 329.8 676.1 358.3 227.2	305.2 328.0 216.5 367.8 331.8 682.5 359.9 227.7	306.1 328.3 217.8 367.5 336.2 686.0 367.4 228.4	307.3 329.5 218.6 368.7 337.1 683.1 368.7 230.2	306.7 327.6 219.6 365.7 339.3 664.0 375.9 231.6	309.4 331.4 220.1 370.6 339.2 641.3 377.8 232.6	313.8 336.7 221.8 377.4 345.4 644.6 r389.0 233.4	317.5 340.9 222.6 382.8 352.2 656.6 r398.9 233.7	319.2 342.8 224.8 384.5 354.7 659.9 402.1 234.1	320.1 344.2 226.0 385.9 356.3 659.9 404.4 233.4
Apparel and upkeep   do	178.4 249.7 249.2 179.3 208.1 251.6 265.9	186.9 280.0 277.5 190.2 256.9 312.0 294.5	184.7 282.6 279.6 192.5 260.3 323.1 295.6	187.4 283.7 280.5 191.9 266.9 326.5 299.3	190.7 285.2 281.9 191.3 272.8 329.1 301.7	191.5 287.2 283.9 192.5 278.2 330.8 304.8	191.3 289.1 285.8 195.3 281.4 333.2 308.2	190.5 289.8 286.5 197.0 281.9 333.8 310.2	187.3 289.9 286.6 197.4 280.5 334.9 313.4	188.0 288.0 284.5 195.5 279.7 336.8 316.2	191.1 285.1 281.3 194.4 280.9 336.7 318.8	191.9 282.9 278.8 196.0 285.1 339.3 321.7	191.5 285.6 281.5 197.5 291.4 342.1 323.8	190.8 292.8 288.9 198.1 298.2 345.6 326.4	189.7 296.1 292.3 198.6 302.4 347.2 330.0	191.8 296.2 292.4 198.7 304.4 348.1 333.3
All items, percent change from previous month			1.1 254.0 241.6 275.0 269.9 187.1	0.8 255.4 243.0 276.5 271.3	1.1 257.3 244.9 278.3 273.3	0.4 258.3 245.9 279.0 273.5 189.5	0.5 258.8 246.5 279.3 273.3	0.4 259.6 247.5 279.5 273.1 189.4	0.3 259.9 247.2 281.5 275.9 189.3	0.2 260.4 247.2 283.2 278.1 190.1	-0.3 259.1 245.9 282.2 276.4 190.9	0.2 258.4 244.6 283.0 277.1 191.1	1.0 260.7 246.9 285.4 279.9	1.0 264.0 250.6 287.2 282.0 191.2	0.6 265.5 252.7 287.0 281.0 192.1	0.3 265.6 253.1 286.2 279.2 192.8
Transportation         do           Private         do           New cars         do           Services         do           PRODUCER PRICES §			279.7 276.6 192.8 308.6	281.4 278.3 192.8 312.2	284.6 281.5 193.7 316.9	288.2 285.1 194.0 318.4	290.8 287.8 194.6 321.4	292.5 289.6 196.1 322.9	291.9 288.7 196.0 324.4	289.9 286.5 194.5 325.6	287.1 283.4 194.6 325.7	282.6 278.5 196.0 328.7	283.8 279.7 196.5 331.8	289.7 285.7 197.9 334.5	293.1 289.2 198.8 336.4	293.9 290.0 199.7 338.5
(U.S. Department of Labor Indexes)  Not Seasonally Adjusted																
All commodities	268.8 304.6 280.3 247.0 248.9 239.8	293.4 329.0 306.0 269.8 271.3 264.3	296.2 337.3 308.5 271.8 273.5 265.4	296.4 333.0 310.1 271.5 273.0 265.8	295.7 327.4 309.7 271.5 273.1 265.3	296.1 319.9 309.4 274.3 275.1 271.5	295.5 313.9 309.0 274.7 275.2 273.0	295.8 311.5 309.4 275.4 275.8 274.1	298.3 318.4 311.0 277.9 278.3 276.2	298.6 321.6 311.1 277.9 278.6 275.0	298.0 320.0 310.6 277.3 277.7 275.8	r298.0 r322.6 r309.9 r277.3 r277.3 r277.2	298.6 328.1 309.8 277.7 277.6 278.3	299.4 325.7 310.0 279.9 280.0 279.6	300.6 323.4 311.4 281.7 282.0 280.9	320.5 311.0 282.4 282.7 281.4
By durability of product:  Durable goods	251.5 282.4 261.5 250.8 273.0 244.7	269.8 312.4 286.0 269.6 303.6 251.5	270.8 316.8 288.0 270.6 306.9 256.8	271.9 316.2 288.6 271.7 306.9 254.2	271.8 315.0 288.3 271.7 306.3 250.3	275.0 312.8 289.8 275.1 305.5 246.0	275.4 311.4 289.7 275.8 304.5	276.0 311.4 289.9 276.5 304.3	277.6 314.7 291.9 278.0 306.8 246.0	277.4 315.4 292.0 277.8 307.2	277.4 314.2 291.4 277.8 305.9 247.5	278.1 *313.6 *291.1 278.7 *304.1	278.4 314.5 291.3 279.1 304.1 255.6	278.4 316.0 292.4 279.4 306.2 255.3	279.1 317.7 293.9 280.1 308.6 252.5	279.1 317.3 293.9 280.1 308.6 250.1
Farm products do  Foods and feeds, processed do  Industrial commodities do  Chemicals and allied products do  Fuels and related prod, and power. do	249.4 241.2 274.8 260.3 574.0	254.9 248.7 304.1 287.8 694.4	263.3 252.2 306.2 291.3 704.9	257.9 251.2 307.2 293.3 704.3	251.1 248.9 307.4 293.3 703.5	243.1 246.6 309.0 292.4 698.1	237.4 244.3 309.3 292.0 698.1	234.6 243.6 310.0 291.8 702.5	242.2 247.1 311.8 292.9 705.1	247.1 248.1 311.6 293.6 697.8	244.7 248.1 311.0 294.6 689.7	250.6 r251.1 309.9 r294.3 r670.6	256.1 254.4 309.5 296.2 661.9	252.7 255.8 310.7 293.5 677.4	246.5 254.8 313.0 291.6 701.8	242.0 253.6 313.4 291.6 705.7
Furniture and household durables do Hides, skins, and leather products do Lumber and wood products. do Machinery and equipment. do Metals and metal products do	187.7 248.9 288.9 239.8 286.4	198.4 261.5 292.8 263.1 300.4	199.5 261.1 296.5 264.8 302.0	199.6 261.3 294.5 266.2 304.1	201.0 261.7 289.3 268.1 304.9	201.3 260.0 284.3 269.3 305.3	202.1 259.8 282.1 270.4 304.2	202.9 260.7 285.4 272.0 303.3	203.5 261.8 285.5 274.1 304.7	204.6 261.6 285.2 275.4 304.2	205.5 260.6 285.3 276.2 302.9	*206.0 *263.4 *286.5 *277.6 *303.1	206.1 263.4 283.9 278.1 303.4	206.6 262.7 288.7 278.4 300.1	206.8 261.3 288.3 279.4 300.2	207.4 263.2 284.4 279.7 300.2
Nonmetallic mineral products	283.0 249.2 217.4 183.5 207.0 208.8	309.5 273.7 232.8 199.6 235.4 237.5	314.3 274.9 232.1 201.3 235.0 237.4	314.1 275.9 234.1 202.4 235.9 238.4	313.2 277.8 235.7 202.9 231.8 232.8	313.3 279.2 237.3 204.0 244.5 247.8	313.7 280.4 238.0 203.6 246.3 248.9	313.5 281.0 238.3 203.4 246.8 249.5	315.6 285.5 237.3 205.0 248.6 250.8	319.0 286.3 239.3 205.6 245.2 246.8	319.9 287.4 240.8 205.0 245.2 246.8	r320.2 r288.5 r241.1 r205.4 r245.8 r247.2	319.1 289.1 242.9 205.1 247.2 248.7	318.7 289.3 243.3 204.5 249.6 251.5	320.3 288.9 243.1 204.1 250.4 252.5	
Seasonally Adjusted ‡ Finished goods, percent change from previous	,															
month By stage of processing: † Crude materials for further processing 1967=100. Intermediate materials, supplies, etc do Finished goods # do Food do Food do Finished goods, exc. foods do Durable			0.4 337.6 308.1 271.3 272.9 256.6 277.4 218.5 321.2 265.6	0.3 334.4 309.7 272.1 273.3 256.8 277.9 219.6 321.5 267.4	0.2 328.4 309.8 272.6 273.9 255.5 279.3 219.5 323.9 267.8	0.6 322.7 309.7 274.2 275.2 255.0 281.4 222.5 325.3 270.5	0.5 318.1 310.6 275.5 276.3 253.2 283.8 224.5 328.0 272.5	0.3 313.6 311.1 276.3 276.3 2753.0 284.6 224.7 329.3 274.1	0.5 319.3 312.0 277.8 278.5 255.9 285.6 224.4 331.3 275.4	-0.2 317.3 311.1 277.3 278.2 257.1 284.7 223.1 330.6 274.3	-0.1 314.7 310.1 276.9 277.3 256.8 283.6 224.3 327.8 275.7	*0.1 *320.1 *308.3 *277.1 *277.3 *261.1 *281.7 *223.7 *325.0 *276.5	r-0.1 327.3 308.8 276.8 276.6 262.7 280.1 224.3 321.8 277.7	1.0 327.0 309.7 279.7 279.7 263.9 283.9 226.9 326.5 279.9	0.6 323.7 311.0 281.3 260.0 288.1 227.5 333.4 281.2	321.9 310.7 283.0 283.0 260.3 290.3 229.1 336.0
As measured by: Producer prices	0.405 0.406	0.371 0.367	0.368 0.364	0.368 0.362	0.368 0.358	0.365 0.357	0.364 0.356	0.363 0.355	0.360 0.354	0.360 0.353	0.361 0.353	0.361 0.352	0.360 0.348	0.357 0.344	0.355 0.342	

Juless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1980	1981			198	31						19	82			
hrough 1978 and descriptive notes are as shown n the 1979 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ıual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
	ı	CON	STRU	JCTIO	ON A	ND R	EAL	EST	ATE							
CONSTRUCTION PUT IN PLACE									ļ	ļ						
New construction (unadjusted), total mil. \$	230,749	238,201	21,689	21,646	21,986	21,308	19,963	18,865	15,142	14,726	16,705	17,945	r19,246	r20,809	20,603	
Private, total #	175,699 87,261	185,222 86,566	16,654 7,960	16,563 7,709	16,595 7,453	16,417 7,182	15,487 6,736	14,941 5,966	12,170 4,963	11,794 4,417	13,349 5,175	14,183 5,924	'15,153 '6,626	'16,182 '6,916	15,850 6,985	
New housing units do	63,139	62,664	5,854	5,623	5,422	5,077	4,630	3,951	3,450	3,166	3,789	3,856	14,175	r4,404	4,704	
Nonresidential buildings, except farm and public utilities, total # mil. \$	52,434	60,818	5,409	5,571	5,602	5,739	5,545	5,230	4,542	4,575	5,018	5,195	5,383	<sup>7</sup> 5,776	5,615	
Industrial do Commercial do	13,837 29,945	17,030 34,248	1,553 3,024	1,636 3,097	1,635 3,115	1,680 3,180	1,588 3,117	1,456 3,008	1,226 2,619	1,239 2,623	1,338 2,898	1,296 3,078	1,417 3,119	r1,543 r3,320	1,454 3,287	
Public utilities:	i .					-				· í	1					}
Telephone and telegraph do  Public, total #	6,733 55,050	7,074 52,979	592 5,036	606 5,083	649 5,392	701 4,891	631 4,476	652 3,924	466 2,971	531 2,932	639 3,356	584 3,762	588 4,093	654 4,627	4,753	
Buildings (excluding military) # do	18,517	17,792	1,554	1,584	1,632	1,510	1,511	1,459	1,186	1,227	1,290	1,380	1,380	1,468	1,454	ſ
Housing and redevelopment dododo	1,648 1,441	1,722 1,655	142 138	143 120	133 181	127 110	135 109	147 158	111	113 121	129 138	136 150	132 131	*133 146	140 139	
Military facilities	1,880	1,964	183	146	173	150	165	161	159	114	179	152	183	169	177	
Highways and streets do	13,807	13,304	1,531	1,522	1,569	1,389	1,110	756	434	444	585	721	1,014	1,467	1,593	
New construction (seasonally adjusted at annual rates), totalbil. \$	ļ .		238.1	235.9	233.5	230.8	230.0	228.8	225.1	222.6	224.6	226.2	227.7	<sup>7</sup> 230.2	228.5	
Private, total # do		( (	186.9	185.2	182.4	180.0	178.1	176.6	175.5	173.0	173.6	175.3	179.3	r181.6	179.7	1
Residentialdo			87.0	84.1	80.4	78.2	76.2	75.8	73.7	69.2	70.0	72.4	75.6	<b>175.4</b>	76.7	
New housing unitsdo Nonresidential buildings, except farm and			64.1	60.8	57.1	53.4	50.4	49.4	51.0	49.2	51.0	49.6	51.0	'49.8	51.8	
public utilities, total # bil. \$ Industrial do			61.6 17.8	62.5 18.7	62.9 18.5	62.9 18.5	63.4 18.4	62.2 16.6	62.8 17.1	64.1 17.2	64.9 16.6	64.2 15.9	64.4 17.1	767.1 718.4	64.1 16.6	
Commercial			34.2	34.3	34.9	34.6	35.7	36.4	36.2	36.8	38.4	38.4	36.8	r38.0	37.3	
Telephone and telegraph do			6.8	6.9	7.2	7.3	7.5	7.5	7.3	8.4	7.4	7.1	7.3	7.0		
Public, total # do			51.2	50.7	51.1	50.8	51.9	52.2	49.6	49.6	51.0	50.9	48.5	*48.7	48.8	
Buildings (excluding military) # do Housing and redevelopment do			17.1 1.6	17.2 1.7	17.3 1.5	17.2 1.5	17.7 1.6	17.6 1.6	16.8 1.7	17.7 1.5	16.9 1.6	17.6 1.6	16.5 1.5	'16.8 '1.6	16.1 1.6	
Industrial			1.7	1.5	1.7	1.5	1.5	1.8	1.1	1.8	1.6	1.8	1.5	1.6	1.7	
Military facilities			2.1 13.2	1.7 12.7	$\frac{1.9}{12.5}$	1.9 11.9	1.9 12.8	2.0 12.7	$\frac{2.1}{11.5}$	1.5 12.4	2.3 13.3	1.9 12.1	2.1 11.7	1.9 *13.1	2.0 14.4	}
CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS			10.2	12	12.0	11.0	12.0	12	11.0	12.1	10.0	12.1	11	10.1	11.1	
Construction contracts in 50 States (F.W. Dodge				}		į										
Division, McGraw-Hill):	148,393	150,189	r13,579	12,289	12,868	12,328	9,722	11,577	10,580	8,881	13,036	11,713	11,821	15,444	12,528	
Valuation, total mil. \$ Index (mo. data seas. adj.) 1977=100	1106	100,100	10,010	12,200	100	101	92	11,011	118	97	105	88	94	1111	98	
Public ownership mil. \$ Private ownership do	41,717 106,676	39,070 111,120	r3,215	3,336 8,953	3,965 8,903	3,541 8,787	2,406 7,316	2,862 8,715	2,673 7,907	2,998 5,883	4,280 8,756	3,394 8,319	3,773 8,048	4,360 11,084	3,745 8,783	
By type of building: Nonresidential		58,250	15,557	5,270		5,287	4,380	,		3,606	5,273	4,400	4,233		5,011	
Residential do	52,492 63,668	60,063	75,810	4,894	5,125 4,844	4,872	3,737	4,445 3,739	3,458 3,008	3,143	4,600	4,656	4,984	6,113 5,602	5,144	
Non-building construction do New construction planning	32,234	31,877	r2,212	2,126	2,898	2,169	1,605	3,393	4,113	2,132	3,164	2,658	2,604	3,729	2,372	
(Engineering News-Record) § do	149,143	166,366	12,897	11,890	11,999	16,597	15,492	17,516	13,920	12,102	10,844	14,043	9,119	8,278	11,992	10,3
HOUSING STARTS AND PERMITS  New housing units started:																
Unadjusted:												o= -	20.0	-04.0	40==	١.
Total (private and public)thous Privately owneddo	1,292.2	1,084.2	99.9	87.3 86.3	90.9 84.1	88.1 87.2	64.9 64.6	59.7 59.1	47.6 47.2	52.0 51.3	78.7 78.2	85.1 84.1	99.2 98.8	'91.9 '91.1	107.5 107.1	9:
One-family structures do	852.2	705.4	69.5	57.0	58.3	49.9	40.1	34.1	29.3	32.5	51.8	55.8	58.9	r63.5	<sup>7</sup> 61.1	58
Seasonally adjusted at annual rates: Total privately owned			1,040	946	899	854	860	882	885	945	931	882	1,066	<sup>7</sup> 908	'1,195	
One-family structures do			696	614	623	507	554	550	592	568	621	566	631	r621	*625	6
New private housing units authorized by building permits (16,000 permit-issuing places):			Ì													l
Monthly data are seas. adj. at annual rates: Totalthous	1,191	986	941	878	835	738	743	797	803	792	851	879	944	929	1,062	8
One-family structures do	710	564	543	505	456	400	413	454	450	436	460	450	488	516	<sup>†</sup> 500	4
Manufacturers' shipments of mobile homes Unadjustedthous	221.6	240.7	21.8	22.4	21.5	20.2	15.7	14.2	13.9	17.2	22.1	22.3	21.8	23.6	19.4	
Seasonally adjusted at annual rates do			267	238	232	208	207	206	211	251	252	255	246	257	246	}
CONSTRUCTION COST INDEXES	149.0	150 5	150 4	1504	1540	1540	1547	150 1	150 5	1500	150 9	150 0	157.0	157.6	150 4	}
Dept. of Commerce composite 1977=100 American Appraisal Co., The:	143.2	152.5	152.4	153.4	154.8	154.9	154.7	156.1	156.5	156.0	156.3	158.3	157.6	157.6	156.4	
Average, 30 cities 1913=100	2,495	2,643	2,678	2,679	2,676	2,678	2,678	2,700 2,893								
Atlanta do New York do	2,660 2,553	2,841 2,645	2,894 2,653	2,896 2,668	2,898 2,658	2,892 2,655	2,878 2,646	2,659								
San Francisco	2,671 2,343	2,873 2,453	2,915 2,467	2,909 2,505	2,893 2,494	2,896 2,491	2,918 2,523	2,934 2,535							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Boeckh indexes:																}
Average, 20 cities: Apartments, hotels, office buildings 1977=100	125.1	137.4	139.7		142.1		143.2		144.1		146.0		149.0		152.6	
Commercial and factory buildings	127.7 128.9	140.1 136.0	141.9 138.3		145.3 140.4		145.9 141.6		146.3 142.1		148.5 143.1		151.1 146.1		154.3 149.9	
Engineering News-Record:	120.0	255.0			1											]
Building 1967 = 100. Construction do.	287.7 301.4	310.3 328.9	312.1 331.6	313.5 332.8	316.6 336.1	319.1 341.9	323.6 345.4	323.3 344.9	324.7 346.8	325.7 347.8	324.8 347.2	325.0 347.3	328.6 353.0	328.5 352.9	330.6 357.9	
Federal Highway Adm.—Highway construction:	551.4	020.9	551.5	002.0	000.1	011.0	040.4	033.0	0.0.0	021.0	011.2	017.0	555.5	0.02.0		
	163.0	156.7	1		157.3	i 1	l	156.8	•	1	145.3	i	4	146.8		l

<u></u>			) I ( V I:	1 OF	COR	TOTAL 1	DUL	2114178						Sej	ртепто	3F 1902
Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data		1981			19	81						19	82			
through 1978 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1979 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	:I	nual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
	CON	STRU	CTIO	N AN	ID R	EAL I	ESTA	TE-	Conti	nued						
REAL ESTATE ¶																
Mortgage applications for new home construction: FHA net applications	141.4	92.3	6.2 65	7.2 84	5.4 58	4.5 50	4.6 61	8.2 126	7.5 136	8.6 126	9.8 104	6.3 67	5.2 51	6.7 76	8.2 90	
Requests for VA appraisals do Seasonally adjusted annual rates do	202.2	153.8	13.8 150	11.9 135	8.5 99	9.0 100	8.7 123	9.1 141	9.3 142	9.1 119	11.1 118	13.6 143	13.0 151	14.1 154	12.3 139	
Home mortgages insured or guaranteed by: Fed. Hous. Adm.: Face amount	. 16,458.53 13,855.54	10,278.14 7,905.93	793.47 644.07	622.98 696.21	1,014.78 660.19	654.28 485.73	727.94 464.19	593.31 357.69	443.87 327.39	606.52 393.60	585.12 421.78	547.57 374.45	589.61 327.85	716.28 443.89		
Federal Home Loan Banks, outstanding advances to member institutions, end of period mil. \$	48,963	65,194	59,475	62,471	64,347	64,662	64,409	65,194	65,099	65,089	66,162	67,941	67,801	69,398	69,325	68,399
New mortgage loans of all savings and loan associations, estimated total mil. \$	. 72,537	53,283	4,987	4,055	3,865	3,465	2,934	3,760	2,628	2,849	3,966	3,807	3,797	r5,006	3,804	
By purpose of loan: Home construction do Home purchase do All other purposes do	14,946 42,957 14,634	11,599 28,299 13,385	1,003 2,771 1,213	772 2,323 960	803 1,970 1,092	650 1,838 977	600 1,498 836	824 1,682 1,254	495 1,204 929	592 1,320 937	966 1,647 1,353	832 1,612 1,363	796 1,607 1,394	r1,052 r2,080 r1,874	779 1,830 1,195	
		L		DOM	ESTI	C TR	ADE									
ADVERTISING		Γ														i
Magazine advertising (Publishers Information Bureau):																
Cost, total mil. \$. Apparel and accessories do	2,872.6 112.2	3,222.5 141.7	196.6 6.4	210.9 12.9	284.8 21.1	330.5 15.4	393.3 16.5	275.3 11.6	211.2 7.9	249.5 8.4	287.8 15.1	290.9 15.9	338.9 11.8	262.7 5.5		
Automotive, incl. accessories	. 231.1 52.5	290.1 56.5	17.6 3.6	17.4 4.8	14.7 7.2	29.3 5.4	38.4 5.4	21.1 3.8	20.3 2.7	23.5 2.5	29.6 4.4	25.5 5.9	36.5 6.8	17.0 4.4		
Drugs and toiletries	. 280.8 211.9		21.4 17.6	22.3 15.8	30.9 18.4	28.2 23.7	31.1 34.2	23.5 20.3	20.1 10.3	27.8 21.1	27.5 18.5	30.8 26.2	34.4 21.2	28.7 22.8		
Beer, wine, liquorsdodo Houshold equip., supplies, furnishingsdo	. 239.2 139.6	251.8 165.4	15.0 9.9	14.3 9.5	18.1 14.6	$\frac{24.8}{21.1}$	33.7 23.5	37.9 13.0	15.1 7.1	16.2 6.7	20.8 12.5	20.7 14.9	22.7 19.2	23.2 9.6		
Industrial materials do  Soaps, cleansers, etc do		67.5	4.3 1.4	4.0 1.9	5.9 3.2	7.9 3.6	8.3 3.5	4.7 1.7	3.5 1.5	4.2 1.9	5.5 2.8	5.2 3.1	8.0 3.0	3.5 2.3		***************************************
Smoking materials	. 290.3 1,213.9	314.5 1,355.1	25.5 73.4	27.5 80.7	25.6 125.1	23.6 146.8	28.4 170.3	25.2 112.7	21.2 101.4	24.5 112.5	27.1 123.3	28.9 129.6	32.3 143.0	28.2 117.5		
Newspaper advertising expenditures (Media Records Inc.):																
Total mil. \$.  Automotive do	. 8,185.9 . 182.4	9,575.4 225.6	707.3 15.8	811.7 21.3	779.3 17.4	856.7 24.7	936.7 19.6	795.0 13.2	738.3 21.6	729.6 22.5	824.3 25.8	814.7 24.1	904.9 25.0			
Classified do Financial do	2,195.6 297.3	2,514.9 387.2	208.8 29.7	238.8 35.2	204.3 39.4	207.8 45.5	201.3 31.1	149.1 31.7	208.4 42.6	197.3 26.0	218.5 31.3	209.2 30.6	233.6 29.4			
General do Retail do	1,121.7 4,388.9	1,380.0 5,067.8	94.1 358.9	92.8 423.6	109.4 408.8	129.4 449.4	137.1 547.5	91.7 509.4	120.6 345.0	119.1 364.7	128.8 419.9	122.8 428.0	137.8 479.0			
WHOLESALE TRADE ‡	,	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,														
Merchant wholesalers sales (unadj.), total mil. \$.  Durable goods establishments do  Nondurable goods establishments do	1,055,168 448,040 607,128	499,970	97,562 42,626 54,936	95,143 42,523 52,620	98,548 42,726 55,822	100,820 43,253 57,567	95,938 40,333 55,605	98,565 41,012 57,553	87,340 35,404 51,936	87,470 36,578 50,892	103,912 42,482 61,430	96,622 39,675 56,947	95,748 37,908 57,840	°98,549 °39,582 °58,967		
Merchant wholesalers inventories, book value, end of year or month (unadj.), total mil. \$	. 104,655	111,163	104,675	105,722	107,225	108,655	111,015	111,163	111,331	110,187	111,386	113,319	111,342	r112,469	112,163	
Durable goods establishments	. 65,825 38,830	72,345	69,825 34,850	70,590 35,132	71,411 35,814	71,008 37,647	72,450 38,565	72,345 38,818	71,575 39,756	71,931 38,256	73,073 38,313	75,265 38,054	74,169 37,173	'75,238 '37,231	75,895 36,268	
RETAIL TRADE																
All retail stores: † Estimated sales (unadj.), total † mil. \$.	951,902	1,038,790	88,248	89,046	85,522	88,779	87,331	106,069	76,647	75,698	86,172	87,502	90,347	r88,426	<sup>5</sup> 90,233	188,930
Durable goods stores # do Building materials, hardware, garden supply,	296,594	326,596	28,858	29,248	27,626	27,165	25,750	29,140	21,704	23,365	27,988	27,903	29,443	r28,502	r28,037	127,608
and mobile home dealers	49,616 162,309	180,722	4,952 16,307	4,824 16,742	4,704 15,425	4,662 14,842	4,190 13,444	3,841 13,341	3,058 12,118	3,055 13,912	3,861 17,068	4,308 16,506	4,886 17,329	'4,808 '16,225	'4,657 '15,993	14,648 115,579
Furniture, home furn., and equip do  Nondurable goods stores do	1 '	45,701 712,194	3,745 59,390	3,881 59,798	3,838 57,896	3,887 61,614	3,987 61,581	4,836 76,929	3,211 54,943	3,143 52,333	3,552 58,184	3,451 59,599	3,477 60,904	<sup>r</sup> 3,647	r3,702	
General merch. group stores	. 117,227	127,494 237,586	9,600 20,928	10,423 20,121	9,905 19,544	11,014 20,723	12,622 19,514	19,888 22,019	7,442 19,966	7,468 18,594	9,473 20,066	10,226 20,616	10,775 21,157	'10,143 '20,785	10,108	110,54 120,729
Gasoline service stations	. 93,624	101,665 47,755	9,069 3,589	8,855 4,126	8,551 3,920	8,664 4,227	8,271 4.268	8,555 6,676	8,110 3,302	7,460 3,168	7,918 3,729	7,819 4.038	8,062 3,934	'8,463 '3,649	'8,790 '3,774	18,878
Eating and drinking places	85,842	94,070 32,999	8,432 2,710	8,500 2,699	7,989 2,601	8,183 2,760	7,570 2,725	7,888 3,837	7,279 2,590	7,259 2,575	8,129 2,802	8,464 2,829	8,889 2,833	78,934 72,827	9,341 2,825	19,229
Liquor stores do	17,083	17,461	1,506	1,479	1,396	1,458	1,438	2,125	1,333	1,257	1,362	1,410	1,469	1,450	1,569	
Estimated sales (seas. adj.), total † do  Durable goods stores #	.)		87,292 27,759	87,961 28,098	87,823 27,810	86,413 26,354	86,733 26,436	86,572 26,206	85,320 25,316	87,654 26,810	87,277 26,958	88,294 27,984	90,841 29,416	r88,042 r27,175	r89,089	
Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers # mil. \$.			4,487	4,377	4,313	4,152	4,213	4,058	4,046	4,130	4,173	4,263	4,480	*4,261	r4,251	14,169
Building materials and supply stores do Hardware storesdo			2,937 794	2,876 803	2,807 782	2,712 771	2,758 789	2,586 783	2,538 844	2,690 781	2,727 785	2,829 759	2,938 820	<sup>1</sup> 2,855 <sup>1</sup> 764	2,852 759	
Automotive dealers do			15,451 13,728	15,896 14,148	15,664 13,888	14,506 12,806	14,596 12,866	14,497 12,819	13,677 12,083	14,894 13,239	15,175 13,526	16,074 14,360	17,269 15,485	r15,288 r13,446	<sup>7</sup> 15,490 <sup>7</sup> 13,695	12,827
Auto and home supply stores do  Furniture, home furn., and equip. # do			1,723 3,734	1,748 3,828	1,776 3,864	1,700 3,781	1,730 3,775	1,678 3,776	1,594 3,508	1,655 3,655	1,649 3,652	1,714 3,706	1,784 3,723	'1,842 '3,641	1,795 r3,704	1
Furniture, home furnishings stores do Household appliance, radio, TV do			2,275	2,351 1,202	2,391 1,200	2,289 1,228	2,270 1,246	2,285 1,236	2,112 1,137	2,176 1,187	2,182 1,173	2,233 1,184	2,239 1,181	r2,187 r1,136	2,200	
See footnotes at end of tables.																

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1980	1981			198	31			:			19	82			
through 1978 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1979 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
		Γ	OME	STIC	TRA	DE-	-Cont	inued								
RETAIL TRADE—Continued																
All retail stores †—Continued Estimated sales (seas. adj.)—Continued						}										
Nondurable goods stores mil. \$  General merch. group stores do  Department stores do  Variety stores do	(²)		59,533 10,610 8,632 756	59,863 10,743 8,746 756	60,013 10,651 8,683 732	60,059 10,634 8,645 737	60,297 10,751 8,721 740	60,366 10,774 8,728 738	60,004 10,427 8,672 707	60,844 10,770 8,916 714	60,319 10,833 8,992 760	60,310 10,700 8,861 721	61,425 11,181 9,237 759	*60,867 *10,795 *8,923 *717	r61,765 r11,022 r9,142 739	161,931 110,924 19,038
Food stores do  Grocery stores do  Gasoline service stations do	***************************************		19,881 18,337 8,468	20,131 18,614 8,449	20,053 18,525 8,551	20,199 18,694 8,511	20,393 18,867 8,536	20,487 18,950 8,521	20,213 18,666 8,628	20,419 18,778 8,382	20,340 18,798 8,047	20,555 • 19,026 7,827	20,984 19,390 7,935	'20,648 '19,017 '8,075	r20,936 r19,274 r8,200	121,199 119,498 18,423
Apparel and accessory stores #			4,013 651 1,511 730	4,029 656 1,518 720	4,035 672 1,505 708	3,994 678 1,459 712	3,985 630 1,485 702	3,984 627 1,471 750	3,947 568 1,534 722	4,340 615 1,663 792	4,196 619 1,599 781	4,017 633 1,562 700	4,233 679 1,641 759	74,001 7644 71,542 7707	<sup>7</sup> 4,135 651 1,556 767	13,972
Eating and drinking places			7,807 2,777 1,449	7,813 2,797 1,459	7,989 2,791 1,462	7,999 2,802 1,458	7,935 2,801 1,463	7,880 2,801 1,500	7,973 2,690 1,466	8,460 2,823 1,468	8,329 2,880 1,495	8,364 2,852 1,519	8,514 2,882 1,496	r8,549 r2,920 r1,453	'8,617 '2,903 1,476	
Estimated inventories, end of year or month: † Book value (unadjusted), total	111,104 52,991 9,197 24,708 8,346	122,236 57,994 9,390 28,211 8,847	121,401 58,070 9,936 28,134 8,731	121,532 56,506 9,894 26,094 8,833	124,524 56,491 9,772 25,759 8,908	130,334 58,528 9,776 26,879 9,256	133,246 59,819 9,745 27,838 9,349	122,236 57,994 9,390 28,211 8,847	119,899 57,454 9,372 28,249 8,663	120,063 56,869 9,657 27,384 8,605	123,374 57,842 9,795 28,097 8,630	123,540 57,780 9,970 27,624 8,630	*122,399 *57,319 9,997 *27,207 *8,688	124,083 58,378 9,942 28,507 8,738		
Nondurable goods stores # do General merch. group stores do Department stores do Food stores do Apparel and accessory stores do	58,113 19,811 14,835 12,600 9,041	64,242 22,515 16,897 13,825 9,574	63,331 23,456 17,370 13,093 9,653	65,026 24,383 18,050 13,138 10,089	68,033 26,223 19,514 13,446 10,525	71,806 28,405 21,242 13,905 10,978	73,427 28,746 21,730 14,208 11,193	64,242 22,515 16,897 13,825 9,574	62,445 22,113 16,600 13,573 9,249	63,194 22,575 16,882 13,724 9,565	65,532 24,016 18,025 13,907 10,054	65,760 24,411 18,395 13,907 9,945	r65,080 24,070 18,069 r13,825 r9,882	65,705 24,384 18,099 13,999 9,909		
Book value (seas. adj.), total	114,114 53,747 9,610 24,488 8,542	125,693 58,835 9,822 27,987 9,074	121,993 57,865 9,946 27,718 8,784	123,341 58,545 9,954 28,149 8,780	124,376 58,761 9,881 28,276 8,811	125,364 59,014 9,895 28,294 8,900	125,618 58,907 9,903 28,091 9,068	125,693 58,835 9,822 27,987 9,074	124,131 57,807 9,652 27,695 8,968	123,395 56,957 9,638 27,006 8,826	123,332 56,803 9,500 27,068 8,708	123,175 56,663 9,587 26,716 8,604	"122,367 "55,984 "9,734 "25,911 "8,679	124,387 57,304 9,776 27,437 8,695		
Nondurable goods stores #	60,367 21,810 16,213 12,535 9,388	66,858 24,821 18,487 13,702 9,952	64,128 23,702 17,688 13,279 9,810	64,796 24,073 17,960 13,365 9,872	65,615 24,519 18,375 13,568 9,901	66,350 25,188 18,899 13,474 9,899	66,711 25,113 18,798 13,583 10,030	66,858 24,821 18,487 13,702 9,952	66,324 24,666 18,465 13,766 10,097	66,438 24,611 18,470 14,018 10,197	66,529 24,689 18,506 13,824 10,301	66,512 24,620 18,469 13,893 10,200	*66,383 24,444 18,270 *13,979 *10,177	67,083 24,812 18,431 14,155 10,311		
Firms with 11 or more stores: Estimated sales (unadjusted), total mil. \$	338,028	372,443	30,489	31,053	30,017	32,282	33,310	44,821	27,194	26,138	30,277	31,360	r32,205	31,277		
Durable goods stores	25,023 3,606	27,216 3,846	2,326 349	2,274 334	2,230 322	2,278 342	2,404 321	3,447 345	1,710 275	1,718 259	2,115 323	2,205 352	'2,370 '346	2,357 360		
Nondurable goods stores #	313,005 105,982 115,059 113,630 17,066 18,237 16,137	345,227 116,115 127,517 125,629 18,798 20,125 17,769	28,163 8,711 11,149 10,990 1,378 1,808 1,452	28,779 9,505 10,708 10,555 1,678 1,804 1,442	27,787 9,041 10,487 10,340 1,560 1,641 1,365	30,004 9,992 11,246 11,098 1,631 1,755 1,436	30,906 11,533 10,488 10,339 1,729 1,690 1,477	41,374 18,270 12,064 11,790 2,790 1,705 2,254	25,484 6,753 10,934 10,797 1,160 1,579 1,394	24,420 6,814 10,086 9,929 1,137 1,512 1,374	28,162 8,715 10,923 10,779 1,477 1,750 1,524	29,155 9,401 11,204 11,031 1,666 1,804 1,535	"29,835 "9,931 "11,321 "11,175 "1,606 "1,925 "1,550	28,920 9,351 11,043 10,894 1,475 1,926 1,515		
Estimated sales (sea. adj.), total #	(2)		31,270 326 8,325 582 10,547	31,415 326 8,436 589 10,738	31,412 324 8,363 571 10,627	31,187 315 8,328 572 10,640	31,391 313 8,374 578 10,725	31,827 320 8,407 580 10,927	31,311 329 8,330 550 10,733	31,951 339 8,539 563 10,863	32,044 337 8,668 598 10,910	31,789 329 8,517 586 10,987	r32,737 r341 r8,914 r619 r11,130	32,372 333 8,649 571 11,049		
			1,585 675 351	1,569 666 342	1,572 665 336	1,544 651 337	1,567 655 337	1,591 655 366	1,598 674 358	1,710 718 368	1,664 697 365	1,614 676 342	'1,724 '713 '388	1,633 688 363		
Drug stores and proprietary stores do		OR FO	1,502 )RCE	1,504 EMI	1,493 PLOY	1,501 MEN	1,503 [ <b>T. A</b> ]	1,489 ND E	1,488 ARN	1,561 INGS	1,611	1,547	1,578	1,585		
POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES				,			-,									
Total, incl. armed forces overseas ‡mil  LABOR FORCE	<sup>3</sup> 227.66	<sup>3</sup> 229.81	229.81	230.03	230.26	230.48	230.67	230.84	231.01	231.18	231.32	231.48	231.63	231.81	231.99	232.22
Not Seasonally Adjusted   Labor force, total, persons 16 years of age and over	109,042 2,102 106,940 99,303 7,637	2,142	112,881 2,139 110,742 102,612 8,130	112,259 2,160 110,099 102,152 7,947	110,438 2,165 108,273 100,389 7,884	111,402 2,158 109,244 101,028 8,216	111,337 2,158 109,179 100,502 8,676	110,738 2,164 108,574 99,562 9,013	110,173 2,159 108,014 97,831 10,183	110,492 2,168 108,324 97,946 10,378	110,936 2,175 108,761 98,471 10,290	110,990 2,176 108,814 98,858 9,957	2,175 109,914	2,173	114,706 2,180 112,526 101,490 11,036	2,196 111,887 101,177
Seasonally Adjusted	63.8 58.5	63.9 58.3	108,688 63.8 100,864 58.5	108,818 63.9 100,840 58.4	63.6 100,258 58.0	63.8 100,343 58.0	109,272 63.9 100,172 57.9	63.8 99,613 57.5	108,879 63.5 99,581 57.4	109,165 63.7 99,590 57.3	109,346 63.7 99,492 57.2	109,648 63.8 99,340 57.1	64.3 100,117 57.5	110,191 64.0 99,764 57.2	110,522 64.1 99,732 57.1	64.1 99,839 57.1
Agriculture thous  Nonagriculture do  Unemployed, total do  Long term, 15 weeks and over do	3,364 95,938 1,871	3,368 97,030 2,285	3,342 97,522 7,824 2,170	3,404 97,436 7,978 2,217	3,358 96,900 8,236 2,248	3,378 96,965 8,669 2,292	3,372 96,800 9,100 2,364	3,209 96,404 9,571 2,372	3,411 96,170 9,298 2,399	3,373 96,217 9,575 2,724	3,349 96,144 9,854 2,954	3,309 96,032 10,307 3,015	3,488 96,629 10,549 3,286	3,357 96,406 10,427 3,673	3,460 96,272 10,790 3,580	

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1980	1981			198	31						19	82			
through 1978 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1979 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anr	ıual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
LABO	OR FO	PRCE,	EMP	LOYI	MEN'I	r, AN	D EA	RNI	NGS-	-Con	tinue	d			, ,	
LABOR FORCE—Continued  Seasonally Adjusted ¶  Civilian labor force—Continued  Unemployed—Continued  Rates (unemployed in each group as percent																
of civilian labor force in the group): All civilian workers	7.1 5.9 6.4 17.8	7.6 6.3 6.8 19.6	7.2 5.8 6.7 18.7 6.3	7.3 6.0 6.6 19.0	7.6 6.2 6.9 19.7	8.0 6.7 7.0 20.4	8.3 7.1 7.2 21.4	8.8 7.9 7.4 21.5	8.5 7.5 7.2 21.7	8.8 7.6 7.6 22.3	9.0 7.9 7.9 21.9	9.4 8.2 8.3 23.0	9.5 8.4 8.3 23.1	9.5 8.7 8.1 22.3	9.8 8.8 8.4 24.1	9.8 8.9 8.2 24.0
White Black and other Married men, spouse present Married women, spouse present Women who maintain families Occupation:	6.3 13.1 4.2 5.8 9.2	6.7 14.2 4.3 6.0 10.4	13.8 3.9 5.7 11.2	6.2 14.7 4.0 5.5 10.1	6.6 14.8 4.4 6.0 10.7	7.0 15.2 4.8 6.1 10.6	7.4 15.2 5.2 6.5 10.8	7.7 15.7 5.7 6.6 10.5	7.5 15.1 5.3 6.2 10.4	7.7 15.9 5.3 7.0 10.2	7.9 16.6 5.5 7.1 10.6	16.9 6.0 7.8 11.5	8.5 17.2 6.1 7.4 11.8	8.4 17.1 6.5 7.0 12.4	8.7 17.3 6.6 7.4 12.0	8.6 17.5 6.7 7.1 11.6
White-collar workers Blue-collar workers Industry of last job (nonagricultural): Private wage and salary workers Construction Manufacturing Durable goods  EMPLOYMENT †	3.7 10.0 7.4 14.1 8.5 9.0	4.0 10.3 7.7 15.6 8.3 8.2	4.0 9.5 7.2 15.2 7.3 7.1	3.9 9.5 7.3 16.2 7.0 6.5	4.1 10.2 7.7 16.3 7.9 7.7	4.1 10.9 8.1 17.6 8.6 8.6	4.2 11.8 8.4 17.8 9.4 9.5	4.5 12.7 9.1 18.1 11.0 11.8	4.2 12.5 8.8 18.7 10.4 11.0	4.6 12.5 9.0 18.1 10.6 11.3	4.8 12.9 9.5 17.9 10.8 10.8	4.9 13.7 9.9 19.4 11.8 11.9	4.8 13.5 9.9 18.8 11.6 12.2	5.0 13.9 10.0 19.2 12.3 13.2	4.9 14.4 10.2 20.3 12.0 12.7	4.8 14.2 10.1 20.3 12.1 12.9
Employees on payrolls of nonagricultural estab.: Total, not adjusted for seasonal variationthous Private sector (excl. government)	90,406 74,165	91,105 75,081	91,107 75,773	91,087 75,990	91,620 76,091	91,884 75,884	91,765 75,628	91,437 75,329	89,269 73,407	89,413 73,328	89,679 73,503	89,984 73,830	90,455 74,295	<sup>7</sup> 90,570 <sup>7</sup> 74,599	r89,362 r74,280	P89,195 P74,293
Seasonally Adjusted †																
Total employees, nonagricultural payrolls do. Private sector (excl. government) do. Nonmanufacturing industries do. Goods-producing do. Mining do. Construction do.	90,406 74,165 53,880 25,658 1,027 4,346	91,105 75,081 54,908 25,481 1,132 4,176	91,396 75,432 55,053 25,718 1,164 4,175	91,322 75,428 55,117 25,637 1,180 4,146	91,363 75,459 55,192 25,583 1,192 4,124	91,224 75,307 55,210 25,393 1,195 4,101	90,996 75,088 55,185 25,176 1,202 4,071	90,642 74,725 55,049 24,908 1,206 4,026	90,460 74,596 55,079 24,684 1,201 3,966	90,459 74,609 55,155 24,631 1,203 3,974	90,304 74,445 55,126 24,450 1,197 3,934	90,083 74,231 55,062 24,289 1,182 3,938	90,166 74,313 55,198 24,255 1,152 3,988	r89,839 r74,007 r55,077 r23,994 r1,124 r3,940	r89,662 r73,949 r55,105 r23,880 1,107 r3,929	P89,451 P73,751 P55,022 P23,730 P1,099 P3,902
Manufacturing do  Durable goods do  Lumber and wood products do  Furniture and fixtures do  Stone, clay and glass products do  Primary metal industries do  Fabricated metal products do  Machinery, except electrical do  Electric and electronic equipment do  Transportation equipment do  Instruments and related products do  Miscellaneous manufacturing do	20,285 12,187 690 465 662 1,142 1,613 2,494 2,090 1,899 711 418	20,173 12,117 668 467 638 1,121 1,592 2,507 2,092 1,892 1,892 410	20,379 12,266 683 476 644 1,132 1,617 2,527 2,112 1,925 731 419	20,311 12,228 671 475 643 1,134 1,610 2,532 2,116 1,901 734 412	20,267 12,184 661 473 638 1,125 1,604 2,539 2,113 1,884 734 413	20,097 12,059 643 469 629 1,104 1,577 2,532 2,101 1,861 731 412	19,903 11,901 628 462 620 1,082 1,553 2,511 2,077 1,830 727 411	19,676 11,724 615 457 610 1,053 1,529 2,486 2,049 1,791 725 409	19,517 11,622 607 452 596 1,038 1,515 2,459 2,055 1,777 720 403	19,454 11,575 611 449 596 1,024 1,505 2,446 2,048 1,778 718 400	19,319 11,490 607 446 590 1,007 1,496 2,419 2,038 1,774 716 397	19,169 11,375 615 443 584 976 1,481 2,389 2,034 1,748 713 392	19,115 11,332 617 443 586 945 1,472 2,377 2,034 1,755 713 390	*18,930 *11,203 *615 *442 580 926 *1,452 *2,322 *2,026 *1,745 *708 *387	'18,844 11,157 '618 '442 '580 '913 '1,447 '2,276 '2,021 '1,763 '708 '389	P18,729 P11,027 P618 P443 P582 P891 P1,432 P2,247 P2,008 P1,715 P704 P387
Nondurable goods Food and kindred products do. Tobacco manufactures do. Textile mill products do. Apparel and other textile products do. Paper and allied products do. Printing and publishing do. Chemicals and allied products do. Petroleum and coal products do. Rubber and plastics products, nec do. Leather and leather products do.	8,098 1,708 68 847 1,263 692 1,252 1,107 197 726 232	8,056 1,674 69 822 1,244 687 1,265 1,107 215 736 233	8,113 1,678 70 835 1,255 691 1,268 1,110 217 750 239	8,083 1,659 70 829 1,253 691 1,271 1,107 216 752 235	8,083 1,658 69 827 1,253 695 1,274 1,110 216 746 235	8,038 1,662 69 814 1,243 685 1,276 1,107 215 734 233	8,002 1,664 69 804 1,235 681 1,276 1,103 215 725 230	7,952 1,661 68 794 1,222 677 1,276 1,100 214 716 224	7,895 1,657 69 780 1,201 674 1,275 1,095 210 712 222	7,879 1,663 68 777 1,201 670 1,276 1,093 208 708 215	7,829 1,658 68 760 1,186 668 1,278 1,088 207 703 213	7,794 1,643 67 773 1,165 664 1,274 1,082 206 706 214	7,783 1,652 67 759 1,165 661 1,274 1,079 207 708 211	77,727 11,637 67 741 11,161 658 11,269 11,073 205 704 1212	'7,687 '1,648 '65 '741 '1,129 '659 '1,266 1,069 '205 '700 '205	P7,702 P1,634 P66 P734 P1,161 P655 P1,267 P1,071 P207 P698 P209
Service-producing do Transportation and public utilities do Wholesale and retail trade do Wholesale trade do Retail trade do Finance, insurance, and real estate do Services do Government do Federal do State and local do	64,748 5,146 20,310 5,275 15,035 5,160 17,890 16,241 2,866 13,375	65,625 5,157 20,551 5,359 15,192 5,301 18,592 16,024 2,772 13,253	65,678 5,168 20,620 5,375 15,245 5,311 18,615 15,964 2,775 13,189	65,685 5,168 20,650 5,387 15,263 5,319 18,654 15,894 2,769 13,125	65,780 5,181 20,660 5,383 15,277 5,328 18,707 15,904 2,764 13,140	65,831 5,162 20,654 5,380 15,274 5,325 18,773 15,917 2,757 13,160	65,820 5,150 20,623 5,375 15,248 5,324 18,815 15,908 2,749 13,159	65,734 5,128 20,524 5,357 15,167 5,331 18,834 15,917 2,756 13,161	65,776 5,125 20,630 5,346 15,284 5,326 18,831 15,864 2,741 13,123	65,828 5,115 20,670 5,343 15,327 5,326 18,867 15,850 2,737 13,113	65,854 5,100 20,655 5,336 15,319 5,336 18,904 15,859 2,736 13,123	65,794 5,094 20,584 5,323 15,261 5,335 18,929 15,852 2,730 13,122	65,911 5,101 20,652 5,331 15,321 5,342 18,963 15,853 2,728 13,125	*65,845 *5,078 *20,595 5,307 *15,288 *5,352 *18,988 *15,832 2,739 *13,093	*65,782 *5,041 *20,613 5,298 *15,315 *5,358 *19,057 *15,713 *2,733 *12,980	*65,721 *5,038 *20,531 *5,279 *15,252 *5,375 *19,077 *15,700 *2,721 *12,979
Production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonagric. payrolls, <b>not seas. adjusted</b> thous Manufacturing	60,331 14,214	60,881 14,021	61,456 14,043	61,645 14,153	61,776 14,304	61,585 14,079	61,311 13,834	61,007 13,515	59,135 13,200	59,094 13,168	59,257 13,093	59,562 12,971	60,027 12,958	r60,284 r12,931	r59,971 r12,653	₽59,973 ₽12,737
Production or nonsupervisory workers on private nonagricultural payrolls † thous. Goods-producing. do. Mining do. Construction do. Manufacturing do. Durable goods. do. Lumber and fixtures do. Furniture and fixtures do. Stone, clay, and glass products. do. Primary metal industries. do. Fabricated metal products do. Fabricated metal products do. Machinery, except electrical do. Electric and electronic equipment do. Transportation equipment do. Instruments and related products do. Miscellaneous manufacturing do. See footnotes at end of tables.	60,331 18,442 762 3,421 14,214 8,442 577 375 513 877 1,195 1,602 1,328 1,233 425 313	60,881 18,245 832 3,250 14,021 8,301 555 376 491 1,172 1,585 1,311 1,215 428 428	61,193 18,313 856 3,245 14,212 8,439 570 385 496 496 1,601 1,331 1,244 432 312	61,168 18,224 869 3,219 14,136 8,389 558 383 496 1,607 1,188 1,607 1,331 1,219 431 305	61,180 18,164 876 3,201 14,087 8,345 549 381 492 865 1,182 1,606 1,327 1,206 431 306	61,017 17,972 877 3,180 8,218 531 376 484 843 1,156 1,598 1,314 1,184 428 304	60,775 17,754 882 3,155 13,717 8,061 516 369 475 821 1,133 1,576 1,285 1,159 424 303	60,401 17,478 883 3,107 13,488 7,855 503 364 465 1,110 1,552 1,257 1,115 423 301	60,248 17,251 875 3,035 13,341 7,793 452 452 452 1,096 1,596 1,102 420 295	60,282 17,225 876 3,059 13,290 7,759 502 356 452 770 1,089 1,514 1,258 1,108 418 292	60,132 17,073 871 3,023 13,179 7,685 497 353 446 61,081 1,490 1,248 1,109 415 290	59,923 16,922 863 3,017 13,042 7,576 350 441 727 1,069 1,460 1,241 1,086 411 1,086	60,025 16,917 835 3,074 13,008 7,550 350 444 702 1,063 1,454 1,240 1,098 411 2283	*59,759 *16,686 *805 *12,852 *7,443 *506 *349 *438 *686 *1,046 *1,233 *1,233 *1,408 *1,233 *281	*59,713 *16,609 *789 *3,022 *7,420 *510 *350 *440 *675 *1,045 *1,370 *1,224 *1,116 *407 *283	"59,491 "16,497 "788 "3,001 "12,708 "7,308 "5508 "351 "443 "655 "1,032 "1,344 "1,221 "1,043 "283

1981 1982 Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1978 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1979 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS Annual July Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec. Jan. Feb. Mar. May June July Aug. Apr. Aug. LABOR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT, AND EARNINGS—Continued EMPLOYMENT †-Continued Seasonally Adjusted † Production or nonsupervisory workers—Continued Nondurable goods ......thous Food and kindred products ...... do.. 5,772 1,174 5,773 1,154 55 5,697 1,142 5,656 1,144 54 693 5,603 1,140 5,531 1,142 53 5,494 1,138 53 651 5,466 1,125 '5,409 '1,121 75,378 71,133 751 P5,399 P1,121 P52 5,721 1,150 5,747 1,139 5,742 1,137 5,548 1,135 5,455 1,133 Food and kindred products do
Tobacco manufactures do
Textile mill products do
Apparel and other textile products do
Paper and allied products do
Printing and publishing do
Chemicals and allied products do
Rubber and plastics products do
Rubber and plastics products, nec do
Leather and leather products do 712 1,059 518 698 627 54 670 1,018 504 699 612 52 650 985 53 683 r633 7634 7951 7490 7694 7592 7122 7541 736 1,079 718 662 987 P629 1982 489 1696 595 122 1,056 515 702 625 1,049 511 700 621 1,036 506 700 616 1,018 501 699 P982 P489 P692 P597 1.066 1,000 493 699 600 123 543 522 698 625 525 701 629 496 698 602 124 559 134 569 136 584 134 586 134 580 133 568 132 557 123 541 °124 °539 548 196 197 202 200 199 198 195 190 187 180 179 180 177 177 \*170 P174 42,964 4,277 17,960 4,360 13,600 4,002 16,539 42,944 4,285 18,049 4,381 13,668 4,018 16,592 <sup>43,104</sup> P42,994 P4,155 Service-producing .. 42,015 42,880 43,016 43,045 43,021 42,923 42,997 43,057 43,059 43,001 43,108 43,073 ervice-producing do.
Transportation and public utilities do.
Wholesale and retail trade do.
Wholesale trade do.
Retail trade do.
Finance, insurance, and real estate do. 4,232 18,061 4,327 13,734 4,003 16,761 4,209 17,996 4,301 13,695 3,999 16,797 4,212 18,065 4,309 13,756 3,998 16,833 4,217 18,051 4,317 13,734 4,004 16,787 4,275 18,053 4,373 13,680 4,261 18,016 4,367 13,649 4,293 17,812 4,285 18,026 4,295 18,059 4,241 17,920 4,241 18,011 4,194 18,014 '4,160 '18,038 P4,155 P17,924 P4,263 P13,661 P4,015 P16,900 4,348 13,572 4,014 16,748 4,312 13,500 3,907 15,921 4,376 13,683 4,023 16,639 4,332 13,679 4,007 16,738 4,280 \*13,758 \*4,010 \*16,896 4,376 13,650 '4,287 4,013 16,731 AVERAGE HOURS PER WEEK † Seasonally Adjusted P35.3 P34.9 P41.9 P37.7 35.3 35.2 35.6 35.2 44.2 37.4  $\frac{35.1}{35.0}$ 35.1 35.1 44.4 37.1 35.2 35.0 44.8 37.1 34.7 34.9 43.8 37.0 35.0 r34.9 r42.8 37.5 35.3 43.6 37.8 35.1 44.5 37.6 35.0 43.6 35.9 35.0 42.6 34.4 42.9 34.9 42.7 34.9 42.7 43.7 Mining ±. 43.3 43.9 35.8 lining ‡.....onstruction ‡ 33.3 36.7 37.5 r38.1 39.6 40.0 3.0 P39.0 P39.0 P2.4 39.7 39.8 39.5 39.4 2.7 39.7 39.5 2.7 39.7 39.3 2.5 39.9 39.1 2.4 37.1 37.6 2.3 39.2 39.4 2.4 39.1 39.0 2.3 38.7 39.0 2.4 39.0 39.1 39.3 39.2 2.4 r39.0 39.3 2.4 2.8 2.8 3.0 2. 40.2 2.8 38.7 38.4 39.7 2.3 38.7 37.8 40.4 38.9 39.7 2.2 r38.4 r37.8 P39.5 P2.3 P38.0 P37.6 P40.5 40.5 3.0 38.7 38.6 40.4 3.0 38.4 38.4 39.5 2.3 37.7 37.9 38.2 2.2 35.0 39.8 2.2 37.9 37.7 39.5 2.2 37.6 37.3 39.5 2.2 37.6 37.4 39.6 2.2 38.5 37.5 39.7 40.0 39.7 2.4 37.7 37.6 40.1 39.6 39.7 40.7 39.4 40.4 2.7 37.6 37.4 2.6 37.8 38.0 38.1 33.6 38.6 38.3 38.1 39.3 38.3 39.0 40.3 40.6 39.6 40.3 39.7 40.1 40.1 40.0 40.0 40.8 39.8 40.0 38.8 39.5 40.2 39.4 40.8 40.6 40.5 40.3 40.9 39.9 40.9 40.8 40.7 39.1 40.1 39.4 39.7 40.7 39.8 40.5 39.9 40.0 38.5 39.4 40.1 39.3 41.1 39.9 38.5 40.2 40.6 38.9 P39.2 P39.2 P39.6 P39.4 P40.9 P40.0 P38.6 40.1 40.4 41.0 39.8 40.7 40.5 41.2 40.4 40.7 40.8 40.4 41.1 40.3 39.2 39.5 40.4 39.5 38.5 39.5 39.8 39.4 39.5 <sup>1</sup>39.9 39.8 <sup>1</sup>41.0 <sup>1</sup>40.1 <sup>1</sup>38.7 41.6 40.2 38.6 40.6 40.€ 39.7 40.4 41. 40.5 38.7 40.4 38.8 40.5 40.6 38.9 40.4 38.4 40.3 38.9 40.2 39.0 39.0 38.5 39.0 37.3 39.9 38.6 40.2 39.0 38 6 38.7 36.8 2.5 39.1 36.1 32.3 31.4 P38.4 P2.6 P39.4 P38.8 P37.8 P35.1 39.2 2.9 39.5 38.9 2.8 39.3 38.9 2.6 40.2 38.5 2.5 39.5 38.6 Nondurable goods ...... do. 39.0 39.1 2.8 39.7 38.8 39.6 35.7 39.2 38.9 38.7 2.7 39.5 38.8 38.7 35.5 38.6 38.4 38.5 r38.7 2.6 39.8 38.1 37.8 35.1  $\frac{2.8}{39.7}$ 2.9 39.4  $\frac{2.8}{39.5}$ 2.6 39.4  $\frac{2.5}{39.4}$  $\frac{2.5}{39.5}$ 2.6 r39.9 38.1 40.1 35.4 38.6 40.1 35.8 40.2 38.8 35.2 39.4 39.0 35.5 37.3 37.6 35.0 36.6 37.7 34.7 37.2 37.9 34.8 r38.4 r37.8 35.1 r37.4 37.8 35.2 Paper and allied products do.
Printing and publishing do.
Chemicals and allied products do.
Petroleum and coal products do.
Rubber and plastics products, nec do. 42.0 37.1 41.2 42.5 39.6 36.5 P41.6 P36.7 P40.5 P44.3 P39.6 P35.7 42.5 42.F 42.4 41.3 42.3  $\frac{41.8}{37.1}$ 41.8 42.0 r42.1 42.2 42.7 43.0 41.8 37.1 41.3 42.7 39.4 36.1 42.1 \*37.1 \*41.0 \*44.1 40.1 \*35.7 \*37.0 \*40.9 \*43.3 \*40.1 \*35.9 37.1 42.2 37.1 40.7 36.8 41.0 40.7 43.5 39.6 35.8 43.1 39.7 36.2 44.3 37.9 34.1 44.0 39.8 35.6 44.1 39.9 35.6 43.2 40.3 40.0 36.7 40.  $\frac{40.5}{36.7}$ 39.9 36.7 40.0 35.6 Leather and leather products ...... do.. 36.8 36.4 Transportation and public utilities ‡ do.
Wholesale and retail trade do.
Wholesale trade do.
Retail trade do. 39.1 32.0 38.4 29.9 36.2 39.3 32.0 38.4 29.9 36.2 r39.2 31.9 38.6 29.8 36.1 P39.4 P32.0 P38.6 P30.0 P36.4 P32.7 39.4 32.2 38.6 39.2 32.1 38.5 38.5 31.7 38.1 29.7 39.2 32.0 38.5 38.8 31.8 38.3 38.8 32.0 38.5 r39.4 31.9 r38.5 39.6 32.2 38.5 39.7 32.2 38.6 39.5 32.2 38.6 39.0 31.9 39.2 32.1 38.538.4 29.8 36.3 30.2 36.2 32.6 30.1 30.1 30.1 30.1 30.0 36.2 29.9 36.2 29.8 36.2 30.0 29.9 36.3 32.6 32.6 32.6 132.7 32.6 AGGREGATE EMPLOYEE-HOURS † Seasonally Adjusted Employee-hours, wage & salary workers in nonagric. establish, for 1 week in the month,
seas adj. at annual rate bil. hours
Total private sector do.
Mining do.
Construction do.
Montretwing do. 167.99 136.79 2.58 7.75 39.06 10.37 34.60 10.14 32.29 P166.12 P136.60 P2.39 P7.49 P38.38 P10.27 169.39 137.55 2.32 8.36 41.89 10.61 169.73 139.08 2.76 7.86 167.34 139.03 2.72 7.52 168.76 138.55 2.77 7.94 165.66 168,93 167.92 167.23 166.52 r166.54 169.96 168.93 137.80 2.73 7.76 39.93 10.46 34.64 10.01 32.27 165.66 136.28 2.73 7.28 39.44 10.43 34.25 10.03 32.11 29.38 139.95 2.58 8.01 41.69 10.57 136.00 12.48 17.58 138.68 10.31 34.47 10.10 135.98 2.65 7.53 135.78 12.51 17.49 138.79 Manufacturing do.
Transportation and public utilities do.
Wholesale and retail trade do.
Finance, insurance, and real estate do.
Services do.
Government do. 42.26 10.56 34.76 10.05 31.58 31.13 41.46 10.52 34.54 10.04 31.91 30.64 40.84 10.48 34.45 10.04 32.03 30.22 38.92 10.36 34.26 39.31 10.40 34.36 10.06 32.14  $\frac{42.35}{10.65}$ 41.72 10.55 40.14 10.41 10.34 34.32 34.17 9.74 30.45 31.84 34.54 10.01 31.65 30.91 34.68 10.03 31.60 31.07 34.78 10.03 31.71 28.31 34.21 10.05 32.05 31.24 P34.46 P10.16 P32.45 10.05 110.09 32 21 31.13 r30.73 P30.52 104.3 91.4 141.6 96.8 88.0 87.3 107.2 108.0 108.5 107.8 107. 107.3 106.3 106.2 95.6 105.2 105.7 104.9 105.0 P104.5 108.5 102.0 142.9 107.4 99.0 99.6 100.9 134.5 108.9 97.8 98.0 99.8 142.7 102.4 97.3 97.4 99.7 143.9 106.1 96.4 96.4 93.3 133.6 104.5 89.2 87.8 91.4 P90.5 P122.8 P100.9 P87.0 P84.8 102.4 122.6 115.0 96.3 145.5 104.2 98.4 145.0 106.9 94.6 94.0 95.4 112.2 104.4 106.3 111.8 93 9 93.0 191.9 91.8 142.6 101.1 90.3 89.1 138.4 100.9 89.3 143.7 102.9 126.8 Construction do do Manufacturing do Durable goods do Nondurable goods do Transportation and public utilities do Wholesale and retail trade do Retail trade do Retail trade do Retail trade do Modesale trade do Retail trade d 98.9 99.5 99.7 100.3 92.5 91.4 98.1 109.8 106.3 105.5 110.3 98. 97.2 96. 94.1 89.0 91.0 r90. ₽90.3 89.0 111.4 102.8 105.2 109.7 103.4 112.2 101.9 106.1 109.5 104.7 117.6 111.9 105.1 106.5 111.7 112.1 105.8 106.7 112.3 112.1 105.2 106.9 112.4 112.2 105.2 106.8 112.2 112.1 104.2 106.2 111.8 111.8 103.6 105.4 111.0 112.1 103.7 106.3 110.7 112.0 103.3 105.9 110.2 111.9 102.8 105.5 109.5 P112.2 112 P112.2 P101.8 P105.7 P109.4 P104.3 P117.8 P122.2 102.6 106.5 110.3 102.2 105.8 110.0 Finance, insurance, and real estate...... 104.6 104.8 104.9 104.€ 104.2103.9 105.1 117.9 104.5

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1980	1981			198	31						19	82			
through 1978 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1979 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
LABO	OR FO	RCE,	EMP	LOYI	MENT	Γ, AN	D EA	RNI	NGS-	-Con	tinue	d				
HOURLY AND WEEKLY EARNINGS †																
Average hourly earnings per worker: ¶  Not seasonally adjusted: Private nonagric. payrolls dollars.  Mining do. Construction do. Manufacturing do. Excluding overtime do. Durable goods do. Excluding overtime do. Lumber and wood products do. Furniture and fixtures do. Furniture and fixtures do. Primary metal industries do. Fabricated metal products do. Fabricated metal products do. Electric and electronic equipment do. Transportation equipment do. Instruments and related products do. Miscellaneous manufacturing do.	6.66 9.17 9.94 7.27 7.02 7.75 7.49 6.55 5.49 7.50 9.77 7.45 8.00 6.94 9.35 6.80 5.46	7.25 10.05 10.80 7.99 7.72 8.53 8.25 7.00 8.27 10.81 8.20 8.81 7.62 10.39 7.43 5.96	10.09 10.79 8.02 7.75 8.57 8.28 7.15 5.92 8.40 10.78 8.21 8.83 7.65 10.44 7.43	7.30 10.12 10.92 8.03 7.74 8.59 7.13 5.99 8.41 10.99 8.26 8.84 7.73 10.37 7.55 5.96	7.40 10.27 11.07 8.16 7.87 8.70 8.41 7.16 6.01 8.53 11.22 8.33 8.96 7.75 10.49 7.59 6.05	7.42 10.25 11.16 8.16 7.89 8.73 8.44 7.10 6.06 8.50 10.97 8.39 9.04 7.80 10.74 7.60 6.05	7.47 10.39 11.18 8.20 7.94 8.77 8.50 7.16 6.05 8.54 11.10 8.42 9.08 7.83 10.74 7.68 6.11	7.45 10.41 11.26 8.27 8.00 8.83 7.16 6.12 8.53 9.18 7.90 10.76 7.81 6.19	7.55 10.65 11.59 8.42 8.17 8.92 8.62 8.70 11.23 8.55 9.19 7.98 10.79 7.93 6.27	7.54 10.62 11.32 8.34 8.10 8.89 7.27 6.19 8.65 7.27 9.20 7.96 10.82 7.94 6.29	7.55 10.62 11.33 8.37 8.13 8.61 8.68 7.28 6.21 8.65 11.15 8.64 9.18 8.01 10.89 8.00 6.32	7.58 10.65 11.32 8.42 8.19 8.72 7.24 6.21 11.24 8.69 9.24 8.03 10.89 8.07 6.35	7.63 10.66 11.46 8.45 8.22 9.01 8.77 7.41 6.23 8.80 11.23 8.79 9.26 8.05 11.08 8.16 6.38	7.64 10.82 11.41 8.50 8.25 9.06 8.81 7.59 6.30 8.86 11.31 78.83 9.27 78.09 11.21 78.23 6.41	7.67 10.91 11.53 8.55 8.31 19.11 18.87 17.63 18.93 11.38 18.18 11.26 18.30 18.40	P7.69 P10.95 P11.61 P8.51 P8.25 P9.09 P8.84 P7.61 P6.39 P11.45 P8.86 P9.34 P8.25 P11.98.36 P6.37
Nondurable goods do  Excluding overtime do  Food and kindred products do  Tobacco manufactures do  Apparel and other textile products do  Paper and allied products do  Printing and publishing do  Chemicals and allied products. do  Petroleum and coal products. do  Rubber and plastics products, nec do  Leather and leather products do  Transportation and public utilities do  Wholesale and retail trade do  Wholesale trade do  Retail trade do  Finance, insurance, and real estate do  Services do	6.55 6.32 6.85 7.74 5.07 4.56 7.84 7.53 8.30 10.10 6.52 4.58 8.87 5.48 5.96 4.88 5.79 5.85	7.18 6.93 7.43 8.88 5.52 4.96 8.60 8.118 9.12 11.38 7.16 4.99 9.70 5.93 7.57 5.25 6.31 6.41	6.97 7.45 9.46 5.50 4.92 8.73 8.20 9.16 11.43 7.18 4.97 9.67 5.91 7.58 6.28	7.23 6.96 7.48 8.70 5.65 4.96 8.25 9.19 11.32 7.23 4.97 9.87 7.65 5.25 6.38 6.41	7.36 7.08 7.56 8.76 5.69 5.04 8.95 7.29 5.09 9.95 6.04 7.70 5.37 6.39	7.33 7.07 7.51 8.67 5.72 5.05 8.82 8.40 9.37 11.47 7.30 5.09 9.94 6.01 7.73 6.29 6.43 6.58	7.38 7.12 7.61 9.04 5.73 5.04 8.89 8.42 9.42 11.58 7.31 5.11 10.05 6.04 7.79 5.32 6.52 6.67	7.44 7.20 7.67 8.96 5.72 5.04 8.96 8.48 9.53 11.59 7.38 5.15 10.06 6.02 7.81 5.31 6.47 6.66	7.67 7.42 7.82 9.21 5.76 5.18 9.06 8.58 9.68 11.91 5.19 10.10 6.17 7.94 6.56 6.79	7.54 7.31 9.56 5.76 5.13 8.99 8.56 9.68 12.29 5.22 10.13 6.16 7.94 5.42 6.62 6.62 6.79	7.57 7.34 7.79 9.72 5.76 5.15 9.03 8.59 9.71 12.32 7.45 5.24 10.07 7.93 6.59 6.77	7.65 7.43 7.90 10.05 5.79 5.18 9.11 12.50 7.52 5.32 10.14 6.18 7.97 5.44 6.64	7.66 7.43 7.92 9.93 5.79 5.16 9.14 8.61 9.83 12.52 7.56 5.32 10.17 6.20 8.03 5.47 6.75	77.70 77.46 77.40 10.35 15.79 5.18 19.28 12.53 17.64 5.36 10.20 16.20 16.20 16.20 16.20	77.77 77.52 77.87 10.32 5.81 5.18 9.40 78.72 10.01 12.40 77.67 75.31 10.26 6.20 78.06 76.77 76.86	P7.73 P7.47 P7.84 P9.42 P5.82 P5.19 P9.40 P8.76 P10.01 P12.39 P7.63 P5.38 P10.41 P6.21 P8.09 P6.84 P6.90
Seasonally adjusted: Private nonagricultural payrolis	6.66 9.17 9.94 7.27 8.87 5.48 5.79 5.85	7.25 10.05 10.80 7.99 9.70 5.93 6.31 6.41	10.09 10.82 8.03 9.68	7.34 10.12 10.90 8.09 9.84 5.98 6.38 6.51	7.37 10.27 10.95 8.14 9.86 6.03 6.39 6.54	7.40 10.25 11.06 8.16 9.89 6.03 6.43 6.58	7.45 10.39 11.14 8.20 9.97 6.06 6.52 6.63	7.46 10.41 11.22 8.20 10.02 6.08 6.47 6.65	7.52 10.65 11.52 8.38 10.09 6.09 6.56 6.71	7.53 10.62 11.34 8.34 10.13 6.10 6.62 6.72	7.54 10.62 11.39 8.37 10.15 6.12 6.59 6.72	7.59 10.65 11.43 8.44 10.18 6.16 6.64 6.80	7.65 10.66 11.54 8.48 10.24 6.20 6.77 6.85	*7.67 10.82 11.51 8.52 *10.30 *6.22 *6.71 *6.90	7.70 *10.91 *11.56 8.56 *10.27 6.22 *6.77	P7.73 P10.95 P11.59 P8.57 P10.38 P6.25 P6.84 P7.00
Indexes of avg. hourly earnings, seas. adj.:	127.3 93.5 134.2 121.9 129.4 127.2 127.8 127.0 125.4	138.9 92.6 148.3 131.9 141.9 139.4 138.1 137.3	92.2 149.0 131.2 142.4 139.0	140.5 92.5 149.5 132.8 143.5 141.6 139.7 140.1 139.2	141.4 92.1 151.7 133.5 144.7 141.5 141.0 140.4 139.7	142.0 92.1 151.4 134.7 145.4 142.3 140.5 141.4	143.0 92.3 153.4 135.7 146.4 143.5 141.2 142.6 142.1	143.5 92.3 153.4 136.6 146.9 144.3 141.7 142.0 142.6	144.9 92.9 156.2 139.9 148.9 145.5 142.1 143.1	145.0 92.8 156.0 137.9 149.1 146.0 142.5 143.3 143.7	145.4 93.3 156.0 138.1 149.9 146.3 142.8 143.8 143.9	146.3 93.7 156.5 138.7 150.8 146.9 143.7 144.9 145.1	147.7 93.7 156.8 139.9 151.8 148.2 145.1 148.0 146.5	*148.1 *93.1 159.6 139.7 152.5 *149.1 *145.2 *147.2 *147.3	*148.8 92.9 *161.6 *140.5 153.3 *148.3 *145.4 *148.5 *148.5	P149.7 P93.1 P162.0 P140.7 P154.0 P149.8 P146.2 P150.3 P149.7
Construction wages, 20 cities (ENR): § Common labor	11.73 18.42	12.92 16.78		13.09 16.98	13.27 17.31	13.62 17.66	13.69 17.74	13.69 17.72	13.78 17.89	13.83 17.99	13.83 18.00	13.85 18.07	14.15 18.39	14.15 18.40	14.45 18.70	№14.56 №18.98
method of pay:  All workers, including piece-rate\$ per hr  All workers, other than piece-rate\$ do  Workers receiving cash wages onlydo  Workers paid per hour, cash wages onlydo  Railroad wages (average, class I)	3.66 3.59 3.82 3.67 9.92	10.64		10.66	10.65	10.61	10.79	11.00	11.25	11.39	11.09	11.22	11.29	11.29		
Avg. weekly earnings per worker, private nonfarm: ¶ Current dollars, seasonally adjusted	234.93 172.74	254.74 170.13	170.18	258.37 170.09	257.95 168.05	259.74 168.44	261.50 168.82	261.10 167.91	258.69 165.93	263.55 168.62	263.15 r168.90	264.89 169.69	267.75 169.89	<sup>r</sup> 267.68 <sup>r</sup> 168.14	268.73 167.75	°269.78 °167.88
Current dollars, seasonally adjusted 1977 dollars, seasonally adjusted ‡ Current dollars, not seasonally adjusted: Private nonfarm, total dollars. Mining do.	206.40 151.65 235.10 397.06	220.57 147.05 255.20 439.19	147.35 257.74	223.65 147.33 259.88 447.30	223.33 145.40 259.74 450.85	224.13 145.35 261.18 456.13	226.03 145.83 262.20	225.73 145.16 262.24	(¹) (¹) 255.95 456.89	262.39 463.03	261.99	262.27	265.52	r267.40	269.98	P271.46
Construction do.  Manufacturing do.  Durable goods do.  Nondurable goods do.  Transportation and public utilities do.  Wholesale and retail trade do.  Retail trade do.  Retail trade do.  Finance, insurance, and real estate do.  Services do.	367.78 288.62 310.78 255.45 351.25 176.46 269.97 147.38 209.60 190.71	398.52 318.00 342.91 280.74 382.18 190.95 294.08 158.03 229.05 208.97	407.86 317.59 342.80 282.30 383.90 193.85 294.10 161.92 227.96	447.30 408.41 320.40 345.32 284.86 389.87 194.83 296.06 162.23 232.23 210.89	396.31 322.32 346.26 287.78 390.04 194.49 296.45 162.17 230.04 211.25	419.62 323.95 350.07 286.60 388.65 192.32 298.38 157.64 232.77 213.85	461.32 414.78 325.54 351.68 288.56 393.96 192.68 300.69 158.54 236.02 216.78	466.37 417.75 329.97 356.73 291.63 395.36 194.45 302.25 160.89 234.21 217.12	345.89 385.95 312.38 336.28 277.65 388.85 191.89 300.13 157.47 237.47 219.32	463.03 406.39 326.93 352.93 291.04 397.10 194.66 303.31 159.35 239.64 220.68	465.16 419.21 327.27 352.84 289.93 392.73 194.66 303.72 159.64 239.22 220.03	454.76 415.44 325.85 350.45 291.47 393.43 195.91 304.45 161.02 240.37 221.33	454.12 429.75 329.55 355.90 294.14 394.60 197.78 308.35 163.01 245.75 222.63	7463.10 427.88 334.05 360.59 7297.99 7399.84 1199.02 7309.19 164.65 7242.23 7224.35	r465.86 r439.29 r333.45 r357.11 r299.92 r404.24 202.12 r311.92 r167.93 r245.75 r227.07	P458.81 P437.70 P331.89 P357.24 P298.38 P410.15 P203.07 P313.08 P168.48 P248.98 P228.39
HELP-WANTED ADVERTISING Seasonally adjusted index	129	119	123	119	112	110	111	109	106	103	96	88	87	85	80	

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Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1978 and descriptive notes are as shown	1980	1981	1		198	81						19	82			Ī
n the 1979 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann		July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
LABO	OR FO	RCE,	EMP.	LOY	MEN	Γ, AN	D EA	RNI	NGS-	-Con	tinue	d				1
WORK STOPPAGES \(\begin{align*}\) Work stoppages involving 1,000 or more workers: Number of stoppages:  Beginning in month or year	187 795 20,844	145 729 16,908	23 80 1,576	9 36 1,018	5 26 899	7 13 734	5 12 141	2 4 146	2 6 200	2 3 237	3 8 352	<sup>1</sup> 9 <sup>1</sup> 36 <sup>1</sup> 480	43	17 41 894	11 37 852	
UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE  Jumployment insurance programs: Insured unemployment, all programs, average																
weekly #@ thous.  State programs (excl. extended duration prov.): Initial claims thous. Insured unemployment, avg. weeklydo Percent of covered employment: @@ Unadjusted	3,837 25,373 3,350 3.9	3,410 23,939 3,048 3.5	3,012 2,114 2,743 3.1 3.2	2,874 1,610 2,656 3.0 3.4	2,680 1,680 2,488 2.9 3.5	2,753 1,996 2,592 3.0 3.7	3,228 2,286 3,061 3.5 3.9	3,935 3,272 3,778 4.3 4.1	4,681 3,328 4,470 5.1 4.1	4,723 2,272 4,376 5.0 4.0	4,892 2,418 4,282 4.9 4.3	4,760 2,347 4,067 4.6 4.6	4,388 *1,988 3,729 4.3 4.6	4,328 2,398 3,707 4.3 4.7		
Beneficiaries, average weeklythous Benefits paid @	2,864 14,590.3	2,614 13,206.7	2,280 1,061.9	3,486 1,004.9	2,174 1,001.0	2,142 997.2	2,392 1,079.7	'3,171 1,592.5	3,801 1,764.2	3,908 1,781.8	3,944 2,072.6	3,672 1,849.9	3,257 1,573.4	3,326 P1,689.1		
average weekly thous.  Veterans' program (UCX):  Initial claims do.  Insured unemployment, avg. weeklydo  Beneficiaries, average weeklydo  Benefits paidmil. \$.  Railroad program:	267 56 56 294.9	32 193 40 41 230.3	25 22 44 44 22.8	25 19 44 45 21.4	29 15 34 35 17.1	32 11 26 26 13.0	36 9 22 21 10.1	39 11 19 20 10.2	40 8 16 15 7.1	40 8 13 12 5.3	38 10 11 10 5.1	33 19 10 8 4.0	29 8 9 7 3.4	28 10 8 7 3.3		
Applicationsthous. Insured unemployment, avg. weekly do Benefits paidmil. \$	162 34 176.1	184 40 210.8	41 29 11.5	13 29 7.1	15 35 15.0	21 37 16.0	13 4 16.4	19 56 25.3	22 73 30.5	11 67 28.0	65 33.9	5 52 26.3	5 43 19.1	36 41 18.6	18.0	
					FINA	NCE										
BANKING																
Open market paper outstanding, end of period: Bankers' acceptances mil. \$ Commercial and financial co. paper, total do Financial companies do Dealer placed do. Directly placed do Nonfinancial companies do	54,744 121,597 87,667 19,904 67,763 33,930	69,226 161,114 111,908 30,357 81,551 49,206		64,577 153,651 107,258 27,824 79,434 46,393	65,048 161,717 111,420 30,440 80,980 50,297	66,072 164,124 113,308 30,716 82,592 50,816	68,749 166,317 113,411 30,728 82,683 52,906	69,226 161,114 111,908 30,357 81,551 49,206	70,088 167,271 112,112 30,666 81,446 55,159	70,468 167,460 110,656 30,974 79,682 56,804	71,619 166,373 109,657 31,844 77,813 56,716	71,128 172,540 113,786 32,723 81,063 58,754	73,756 176,775 117,756 34,336 83,420 59,019	179,855 120,923 35,446 85,477 58,932		
Agricultural loans and discounts outstanding of agencies supervised by the Farm Credit Adm.: Total, end of period	68,648 38,138 9,506 21,005	78,188 46,463 9,124 22,619	76,412 43,450 8,897 24,065	77,072 44,064 8,932 24,075	77,614 44,720 8,950 23,944	78,283 45,386 9,400 23,497	78,103 45,961 9,315 22,827	78,188 46,463 9,124 22,619	78,387 46,899 9,498 21,990	79,035 47,324 9,760 21,951	79,758 47,966 9,581 22,211	80,695 48,425 9,758 22,512	80,972 48,838 9,260 22,874	81,415 49,289 8,670 23,456	81,659 49,582 8,355 23,722	
Federal Reserve banks, condition, end of period: Assets, total # mil. \$	171,495	176,778	167,377	168,429	181,639	167,256	171,676	176,778	179,941	170,321	172,249	182,959	173,574	173,810	177,673	180,2
Reserve bank credit outstanding, total # do Time loans do U.S. Government securities do Gold certificate account do Liabilities, total # do	137,644 1,809 121,328 11,161 171,495	143,906 1,601 130,954 11,151	134,957 1,027 123,172	136,699 1,254 124,522 11,154 168,429	138,288 2,486 124,330 11,152	134,665 924 123,005 11,152	139,140 232 126,539 11,152	143,906 1,601	141,871 2,217 128,230 11,151	138,575 1,180 125,410 11,150 170,321	139,700 2,646 125,589 11,150 172,249	148,335 1,799 134,257 11,149	141,249 1,058 129,407	140,244 1,638 127,005 11,149	143,812 458 132,640 11,149 177,673	144,5 4 132,8 11,1
Deposits, total	31,546 27,456 124,241	30,816 25,228 131,906	29,690 26,011	30,398 27,045 125,134	41,924 27,243 125,050	28,742 23,672	29,053 24,312 129,086	30,816 25,228 131,906	39,324 25,066 126,835	29,630 24,964 126,869	30,073 26,357 128,855	38,357 24,702 130,189	26,834 23,463	25,325 20,198 134,228	29,893 24,974 134,115	29,0 24,9 135,3
All member banks of Federal Reserve System, averages of daily figures:  Reserves held, total	140,097 140,067 130 11,617 1-1,471	141,918 141,606 1312 1642 1-277	41,011 40,667 344 1,751 -1,159	41,026 40,731 295 1,408 –893	40,593 40,177 416 1,473 –835	40,711 40,433 278 1,149 -719	40,951 40,604 347 695 -269	41,918 41,606 312 642 -277	43,210 42,785 425 1,526 -1,026	41,280 40,981 299 1,713 -1,282	39,230 38,873 357 1,611 -1,080	39,558 39,284 274 1,581 -1,140	39,552 39,192 360 1,105 –508	39,567 39,257 310 1,205 -656	r39,864 r39,573 r291 r669 r-153	40,0 39,8 2 5
arge commercial banks reporting to Federal Reserve System, Wed. nearest end of yr. or mo. Deposits:  Demand, adjusted §	119,485	108,595			100,656		106,737	108,595	99,682	95,764		94,010			97,375	
Demand, total #	228,086 158,283 5,829 1,108 41,407	187,518 140,376 5,235 2,148 21,896	173,365 122,000 4,161 1,784	187,335 127,927 4,526 1,106 36,984	209,236 135,847 5,129 2,198 44,149	163,230 123,561 4,123	186,099 137,774 4,985 1,114 22,158	187,518 140,376 5,235 2,148 21,896	170,840 127,443 5,328 3,645 19,273	169,273 125,658 4,492 3,331 19,762	172,931 131,868 5,133 1,133 19,695	157,940 120,484 4,640 2,958 16,143	133,774 4,521 1,148	178,515 133,268 5,710 2,345 20,392	158,878 120,287 4,594 1,575 17,299	136, 4,
Time, total #	314,128 72,670	362,502 76,971	76,358	349,779 76,172	349,069 75,364	350,216 74,359	356,985 76,758	362,502 76,971	367,200 79,286	370,510 79,314	372,461 80,434	373,733 78,902	80,795	385,108 79,642	393,402 78,899	80,
Other time do.  Loans (adjusted), total § do.  Commercial and industrial do.  For purchasing or carrying securities do.  To nonbank financial institutions do.  Real estate loans do.  Other loans do.	205,862 433,313 174,581 9,988 26,073 111,819 135,555	250,511 470,988 195,499 10,756 26,729 124,444 146,367	442,499 180,450 9,154 25,957 118,905	239,712 452,309 184,956 8,616 27,137 120,264 139,346	460,044 187,874 10,204 26,273	455,089 187,174 8,483 25,408 122,302	245,714 468,089 191,818 10,672 26,385 123,512 146,880	250,511 470,988 195,499 10,756 26,729 124,444 146,367	252,236 470,410 198,009 8,675 26,756 126,157 144,998	9,163 26,762 126,840	7,782 27,913 127,306	257,536 479,517 204,731 7,484 28,096 128,538 138,662	209,058 9,056 27,768 129,098	269,351 490,863 212,428 8,700 27,666 129,689 144,398	276,274 488,186 210,500 9,421 27,368 130,082 143,263	212, 10, 28, 131,
Investments, total do U.S. Government securities, total do Investment account do Other securities do	118,098 39,611 35,239	116,905 36,819 30,872 80,086	118,104 40,644 33,397	117,519 38,843 31,975 78,676	117,457 37,771 31,632	116,293 38,310 31,404	119,081 37,510 30,690 81,571	116,905 36,819 30,872	118,503 38,090 30,785	117,596 38,374 30,747	117,936 38,570 30,345	115,768 36,999 29,548	117,554 36,945 29,158	115,122 36,997 29,196	115,404 37,659 28,957	115,8 37, 30,

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1978 and descriptive notes are as shown	1980	1981			19	81						19	82			
in the 1979 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
			F	INA	ICE-	-Cont	inue	d								
BANKING—Continued																
Commercial bank credit, seas. adj.:         bil. \$           Total loans and securities \$         bil. \$           U.S. Treasury securities         do           Other securities         do           Total loans and leases \$         do	1,239.6 110.0 214.4 915.1	1,316.3 111.0 231.4 973.9	1,302.8 116.4 222.3 964.0	1,312.2 115.6 223.8 972.7	1,317.8 113.2 225.6 979.0	1,324.0 112.5 228.7 982.8	1,327.5 110.3 231.2 986.1	1,316.3 111.0 231.4 973.9	1,320.0 114.1 231.5 974.5	1,332.4 115.1 232.0 985.2	1,342.5 114.4 233.1 995.0	1,352.6 116.6 234.0 1,002.0	1,361.9 116.3 234.9 1,010.7	1,368.7 115.8 '235.9 '1,017.0	1,376.1 116.5 235.9 1,023.7	
Money and interest rates:  Discount rate (N.Y.F.R. Bank), end of year or	10.05	10.10	14.00	14.00	14.00	14.00	10.00	10.10	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	10.00	11.01	10.00
month	12.87 <sup>2</sup> 12.22	12.10 <sup>2</sup> 14.20	14.00 14.59	14.00 14.83	14.00 15.11	14.00 15.28	13.00 15.26	12.10 14.87	12.00 14.63	12.00 14.45	12.00 14.11	12.00 14.14	12.00 13.93	12.00 13.73	11.81 13.63	10.68 *13.48
mortgages): New home purchase (U.S. avg.) percent Existing home purchase (U.S. avg.) do	<sup>2</sup> 12.25 <sup>2</sup> 12.58	<sup>2</sup> 14.17 <sup>2</sup> 14.62	14.14 14.77	14.60 15.03	14.69 15.38	15.04 15.47	15.68 15.80	15.23 15.53	14.67 15.37	14.44 15.22	14.93 15.07	15.13 15.39	15.11 15.57	14.74 15.01	15.01 14.96	15.05 15.03
Open market rates, New York City:  Bankers' acceptances, 90 days	<sup>3</sup> 12.78 <sup>3</sup> 12.29 <sup>3</sup> 11.28	415.32 314.76 313.73	17.10 16.09 14.47	17.22 16.62 15.32	16.11 15.93 15.01	14.78 14.72 13.96	12.00 11.96 11.72	12.13 12.14 11.24	13.06 13.35 12.56	14.47 14.27 13.58	13.73 13.47 12.89	13.95 13.64 13.09	13.29 13.02 12.61	14.00 13.79 12.69	12.90 13.00 12.15	10.34 10.80 9.93
Yield on U.S. Government securities (taxable): 3-month bills (rate on new issue) percent CONSUMER INSTALLMENT CREDIT	³11.506	³14.077	14.699	15.612	14.951	13.873	11.269	10.926	12.412	13.780	12.493	12.821	12.148	12.108	11.914	9.006
Total extended and liquidated: Unadjusted: Extended mil. \$ Liquidated do do	306,076 304,628	336,341 316,447	28,750 26,885	29,299 25,799	30,158 26,133	27,158 26,693	26,526 26,125	30,914 26,595	22,574 25,814	22,758 25,460	27,986 28,289	28,449 27,217	28,389 27,413	31,098 28,586	27,415 26,792	
Seasonally adjusted: Extended, total #			28,290	28,323	29,406	26,836	27,370	26,656	26,888	27,150	27,462	28,684	29,197	29,737	27,514	1
Commercial banks do Finance companies do			11,973 5,439 3,299 4,826	11,458 6,385 2,913 4,616	12,384 7,158 2,558 4,568	11,610 5,327 2,621 4,559	12,430 5,287 2,571 4,279	13,264 4,089 2,517 4,142	11,775 4,433 3,326 4,385	12,431 4,857 2,695 4,254	12,519 5,002 2,631 4,536	12,790 5,343 3,010 4,618	12,765 6,135 2,902 4,449	13,460 5,700 2,887 4,762	12,485 4,607 2,711 4,785	
By major credit type: Automobile do Revolving do Mobile home do			8,059 11,706 445	8,396 11,663 520	9,000 12,263 532	7,490 11,753 475	8,073 11,379 479	7,352 11,592 508	7,474 11,070 434	7,283 11,730 364	7,183 12,143 411	7,871 12,416 544	8,429 12,528 478	8,182 13,361 459	7,332 12,551 441	
By major holder:			26,739 11,944 4,491 2,767 4,561	25,895 11,704 4,002 -2,668 4,629	26,431 11,957 4,476 2,692 4,557	25,834 11,686 4,123 2,830 4,455	26,770 11,997 4,825 2,795 4,405	26,689 12,104 4,503 2,886 4,480	26,445 11,765 5,030 2,637 4,358	27,075 12,602 4,550 2,830 4,378	26,472 12,353 4,329 2,753 4,365	27,509 12,694 4,799 2,878 4,437	27,798 12,778 5,009 2,941 4,381	28,388 13,560 4,826 2,849 4,458	26,944 12,551 4,412 2,780	
By major credit type: Automobile do Revolving do Mobile home do			7,003 11,590 386	6,537 11,486 364	6,921 11,692 375	6,466 11,429 353	7,509 11,358 404	7,284 11,533 365	7,595 11,266 460	7,339 11,885 408	7,211 11,836 396	7,638 11,917 493	7,470 11,991 408	7,527 12,854 392	7,271 11,939 378	
Total outstanding, end of year or month # do   By major holder:   Commercial banks	313,472 147,013 76,756 44,041	333,375 149,300 89,818 45,954	320,656 145,382 83,924 46,096	324,161 146,006 86,152 46,605	328,187 147,060 88,698 46,791	328,652 146,889 89,583 46,416	329,053 146,687 89,956 46,092	333,375 149,300 89,818 45,954	330,135 148,162 88,925 45,907	327,435 146,922 89,009 45,586	327,131 146,454 89,591 45,632	328,363 146,616 90,674 45,450	329,338 146,147 91,958 45,472	331,851 146,775 93,009 45,882	332,471 146,745 93,353 45,698	
Retailers         do           By major credit type:         do           Automobile         do           Revolving         do           Mobile home         do	28,448 116,838 58,352 17,322	29,551 126,431 63,049 18,486	26,396 121,476 56,764 17,760	57,280	26,594 125,703 58,318	26,922 126,344 58,451 18,300	27,510 126,385 58,923 18,380	29,551 126,431 63,049 18,486	28,179 125,525 61,433 18,397	27,013 125,294 59,514 18,343	26,530 125,559 58,491 18,363	26,537 126,201 58,641 18,402	26,536 127,220 58,647 18,479	26,645 128,415 59,302 18,543	26,710 128,359 59,824 18,601	1
FEDERAL GOVERNMENT FINANCE	11,322	10,400	17,700	11,505	18,124	18,500	10,560	10,400	10,397	10,040	10,505	10,402	10,473	10,040	10,001	
Budget receipts and outlays:         mil. \$           Receipts (net)         do           Outlays (net)         do           Budget surplus or deficit (—)         do	1517,112 1576,675 1-59,563	1599,272 1657,204 1-57,932	48,142 58,486 -10,343	47,976 53,095 -5,119	60,594 53,698 6,897	45,467 63,573 –18,105	44,317 54,959 -10,642	57,407 76,875 –19,468	55,269 45,930 9,339	43,042 57,822 -14,780	45,291 63,546 –18,255	75,777 66,073 9,704	36,753 55,683 -18,930	66,353 59,629 6,724		
Budget financing, total	159,563 170,515 1-10,952	157,932 179,329 1–21,397	10,343 3,383 6,960	5,119 6,501 -1,382	-6,897 8,577 -15,474	*18,749 10,374 8,375	12,522 10,972 1,550	20,516 14,274 6,242	-8,109 9,783 -17,892	14,993 10,693 4,300	18,773 12,305 6,468	-8,711 2,527 -11,238	21,424 3,187 18,237	-4,457 3,260 -7,717		
Gross amount of debt outstanding	1914,317 1715,105	¹1,003,941 ¹794,434	979,388 779,356	986,312 785,857	1,003,941 794,434	1,011,111 804,808	1,019,324 815,780	1,034,716 830,055	1,043,817 839,837	1,053,325 850,504	1,066,393 862,809	1,070,734 865,336	1,076,798 868,523	1,084,658 871,783		
Receipts (net), total	<sup>1</sup> 517,112 <sup>1</sup> 244,069 <sup>1</sup> 64,600	1599,272 1285,917 161,137	48,142 24,439 1,715	47,976 21,615 1,607	60,594 30,882 8,659	45,467 22,555 1,265	44,317 21,775 745	57,407 25,770 10,220	55,269 32,646 2,473	43,042 21,007 1,293	45,291 13,391 6,910	75,777 41,672 7,342	36,753 9,576 1,202	66,353 32,273 10,589		
(net) mil. \$ Other do	157,803 150,640 1576,675	182,720 169,499 1657,204	15,206 6,783 58,486	18,190 6,565 53,095	14,516 6,537 53,698	15,369 6,278 63,573	15,795 6,002 54,959	14,641 6,777 76,875	14,575 5,574 45,930	15,109 5,633 57,822	18,752 6,238 63,546	21,593 5,170 66,073	20,483 5,493 55,683	17,572 5,918 59,629		
Outlays, total #         do           Agriculture Department.         do           Defense Department, military.         do           Health and Human Services         Department §           Department \$         mil. \$	124,555 132,840 1194,691	126,030 1156,035 1230,304	1,123 14,392 21,141	2,750 13,239 19,342	604 13,624 20,905	3,146 14,351 21,249	3,072 13,889 19,770	4,793 15,880 33,866	4,573 13,783 7,319	2,984 14,239 20,679	4,394 16,042 21,628	2,484 16,013 21,898	1,362 14,826 19,883	1,526 16,041 21,087		
Treasury Department	<sup>1</sup> 76,691 <sup>1</sup> 4,850 <sup>1</sup> 21,135	192,633 15,421 122,904	7,522 417 2,992	7,793 401 786	6,537 348 2.008	8,268 658 3,010	8,204 517 851	13,277 551 3,214	7,935 443 760	8,164 493 1,908	7,598 524 2,269	9,641 464 3,236	8,286 486 751	14,090 497 1,923		
Gold: Monetary stock, U.S. (end of period) mil. \$ Price at New York # dol. per troy oz	11,160 612.509	11,151 459.614	11,154 408.839	11,154 410.960	11,152 444.095	11,152 437.195	11,152 413.671	11,151 408.743		11,150 374.071	11,150 330.248		11,149 334.403	11,149 314.982	11,149 340.102	365.952
Silver: Price at New York # dol. per troy ozl See footnotes at end of tables.	20.632	10.518	8.631	8.925	10.035	9.251	8.547	8.432	8.030	8.268	7.213	7.311	6.674	5.578	6.497	7.136

September 1982		50	JKVE	Y OF	CUR	RENT	BUS	DINES	00							3-16
Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1980	1981			19	91						19	82	•		
through 1978 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1979 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ıual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
			F	INA	NCE-	-Cont	inue	f								
MONETARY STATISTICS																
Currency in circulation (end of period)bil. \$	137.2	145.6	138.3	138.5	138.5	138.8	142.7	145.6	140.5	140.5	142.6	144.0	146.5	148.2	148.1	
Money stock measures and components (averages of daily figures): † Measures (not seasonally adjusted): ‡																
M1	401.4 1,591.7	429.6 1,747.1	432.1 1,756.1	430.4 1,766.9	431.5 1,775.7	434.5 1,793.3	439.7 1,809.6	1451.2 1,829.4	453.4 1,849.2	437.2 1,842.9	440.0 1,861.9	455.5 1,887.9	445.1 1,888.9	450.5 1,906.4	*454.0 *1,924.8	454.0 1,938.6
M3 do L (M3 plus other liquid assets) do	1,873.0 2,267.6	2,089.9 2,519.3	2,098.4 2,522.0	2,115.4 2,544.2	2,132.4 2,568.3	2,152.6 2,598.5	2,175.6 2,628.5	2,199.9 2,653.8	2,217.2 '2,682.1	2,216.0 2,698.2	2,237.4	2,266.1 2,754.1	r2,269.3 2,766.3	2,290.0	r2,314.3	2,342.1
Components (not seasonally adjusted): Currency	111.7	119.8	121.3	121.3	120.8	121.2		125.4	123.3	123.0	123.8	125.6	127.2	128.3	129.8	130.0
Demand deposits do  Other checkable deposits ## do  Overnight RP's and Eurodollars * do	263.9 21.8	239.9 65.6	237.6 68.6	234.7 69.7	234.6 71.7	236.6 72.4	122.9 237.5 75.2	243.3 78.4	243.6 82.5	228.5 81.5	228.2 83.8	236.1 89.5	228.3 85.4	230.4 87.2	231.5 87.9	229.3 89.7
Money market mutual funds do	30.0 55.3	38.7 110.3	42.3 112.8	43.1 122.2	39.6 130.6	36.2 137.3	36.9 144.9	38.1 151.2	43.2 154.9	42.9 156.0	43.0 159.2	40.4 161.9	42.8 164.3	43.1 168.6	43.4 171.3	44.7 180.0
Savings deposits	404.0 706.4	361.6 812.9	365.2 809.5	355.0 822.0	347.9 832.1	343.9 847.6	342.2 851.9	343.0 851.7	346.8 857.5	344.5 868.5	346.1 879.6	348.1 888.1	347.4 895.3	347.9 902.3	r348.3 r914.1	346.1 919.9
Large time deposits @ do  Measures (seasonally adjusted): ‡	236.3	286.4	286.6	294.8	299.1	299.8	301.8	305.4	307.6	314.2	317.4	317.9	r320.3	r323.9	'328.1	332.9
M1			429.4 1,753.7	431.1 1,772.4	431.2 1,778.3	432.9 1,789.5	436.4 1,809.9	1440.9 1,822.7	448.6 1,841.3	447.3 1,848.0	448.3 1,865.2	452.4 1,880.7	451.5 1,897.5	451.4 1,907.9	7451.3 71,923.4	455.1 1,946.
M3	<b> </b>		2,102.5 2,530.4	2,126.0 2,559.7	2,138.1 2,577.2	2,151.1 2,600.0	2,174.7 2,629.3	2,188.1 2,642.8	2,204.3 r2,667.8	2,215.0 2,690.2	1,865.2 2,235.8 r2,716.6	2,258.1 2,743.5	r2,279.3 2,773.2	r2,296.0	r2,320.4	2,355.
Components (seasonally adjusted):			120.5	120.7	121.1	121.3	121.8	123.1	123.8	124.6	125.1	126.3	127.4	128.4	128.8	129 8
Currency do  Demand deposits do  Savings deposits do			236.7 361.0	236.6 350.9	234.7 343.1	235.7 339.6	235.7 340.9	236.4 343.6	239.3 348.8	234.5 348.6	233.0 350.7	233.0 350.5	r232.7 350.9	231.0 349.9	230.6	129.4 231. 342.6
Small time deposits @ do do Large time deposits @ do		}	814.0 293.1	830.8 299.8	839.7 302.3	849.8 302.2	856.8 300.6	854.7 300.3	852.3 302.6	859.4 308.0	869.9 312.6	881.6 317.2	894.1 321.6	900.9 328.3	°919.7 °335.6	930. 338.
PROFITS AND DIVIDENDS (QTRLY.)	!							,	}			8			ļ	
Manufacturing corps. (Fed. Trade Comm.):  Net profit after taxes, all industries mil. \$	92,579	101,302			25,201			22,856			18,998			20,028		
Food and kindred products	8,222 977	9,109 1,157			2,293 308			2,446 198			2,120 78			2,079 146	ı	
Paper and allied products do Chemicals and allied products do	2,789 11,578	3,110 12,973			633 3,098			829 2,985			418 2,900			436 2,764		
Petroleum and coal products do Stone, clay, and glass products do	25,133 1,833	23,733 1,627			6,103 555			5,464 267			4,935 -167			4,146 205		
Stone, clay, and glass products	2,768 2,334	2,124 3,507			290 1,421			369 5			82 25			44 -430		
Fabricated metal products (except ordnance, machinery, and transport. equip.) mil. \$	3,967	4,235			1,133			760			786			820		
Machinery (except electrical) do Elec. machinery, equip., and supplies do	11,459 7,114	12,580 7,872			3,084 1,797			3,492 1,745			2,657 1,781			2,454 1,801		
Transportation equipment (except motor vehicles, etc.) mil. \$	3,084	3,722			903			707			645			693		
Motor vehicles and equipment do All other manufacturing industries do	-3,424 14,745	-209 15,762			-622 4,205			-139 3,728			2,737			1,072 3,798		
Dividends paid (cash), all industries do	36,495	40,317			9,703	•••••		10,763			10,160			10,418		
SECURITIES ISSUED Securities and Exchange Commission:									1							
Estimated gross proceeds, total mil. \$  By type of security:	81,111	75,874	4,259	3,310	4,972	5,363		5,969	3,283		6,601	°4,610		5,195		
Bonds and notes, corporate do  Common stock	56,265 18,996	45,606 25,042	2,046 1,589	1,578 1,467	2,544 2,037	3,839 1,382	7,112 2,039	3,948 1,870	1,607 1,477	4,074 1,430	4,653 1,750	°2,573	r3,301 r1,366	2,488 2,542		
Preferred stockdo	3,635	1,861	67	14	186	141	59	145	199	185	198	172	7887	67		
By type of issuer:  Corporate, total # mil. \$  Manufacturing do	78,889 24,398	72,509 17,397	3,702 822	3,059 468	4,767 572	5,362 238	9,210 2,462	5,963 1,212	3,283 727	5,689 479	6,601 1,142	'4,610 '599	'5,555 '655	5,096 415		
Extractive (mining) do  Public utility do	4,818 15,940	9,122 14,492	328 630	625 608	905 1,746	703 1,331	797 1,246	723 1,176	724 962	479 1,088	919 2,219	r636 r1,684	r360 r1,747	1,799 941		
Transportation do	3,745	2,776	74	186	150	74	120	105	68	76	255	r41	<sup>7</sup> 108	131		
Communication	7,385 15,638	6,160 17,197	840 807	202 545	765 541	91 2,563	411 3,254	201 1,894	66 506	366 2,994	87 1,523	<sup>r</sup> 20 r1,358	346 1,665	182 1,345		
State and municipal issues (Bond Buyer): Long-term	47,133	46,134	3,255	3,088	3,539	3,625	5,035	5,072	3,780	3,459	5,538	6,686	5,268	5,667	r5,811	6,08
Short-term do security markets	26,485	34,443	2,267	2,084	4,412	3,543	2,902	3,138	2,525	2,708	2,950	r3,109	5,919	4,848	r3,302	4,54
Stock Market Customer Financing		Į i	ł													
Margin credit at brokers, end of year or month mil. \$	14,721	14,411	15,154	14,585	14,023	13,926	14,124	14,411	13,441	13,023	12,095	12,202	12,237	11,783	11,729	
Free credit balances at brokers:  Margin accountsdo	2,105	3,515	2,670	2,645	2,940	2,990	3,290	3,515	3,455	3,755 6,595	3,895	4,145	4,175	4,215	4,410	
Cash accounts do  Bonds	6,070	7,150	6,470	6,640	6,555	6,100	6,865	7,150	6,575	0,090	6,510	6,270	6,355	r6,345	6,560	
Prices: Standard & Poor's Corporation:						}					:					]
High grade corporate:  Composite §dol. per \$100 bond.	41.4	33.7	33.0	31.8	29.9	30.0	33.7	33.2	30.9	31.1	32.9	33.3	34.0	32.1	32.8	35.
Domestic municipal (15 bonds) do	57.4	43.2	43.7	39.4	36.8		41.0	37.1		37.0	37.3	38.2	39.9			43.5
Sales:  New York Stock Exchange, exclusive of some stopped sales, face value, total	5 100 90	5 722 07	444.60	475.07	577 90	567.54	611 07	672.70	410.47	388 34	519 80	500.19	510.05	499.02	463.04	724.38
stopped saies, face value, total mil. \$	1 9,190.30	1 0,133.07	444.09	1 4:70.07	1 011.30	1 507.54	011.97	1 9/3./6	410.47	1 300.34	1 014.00	1 005.13	010.05	1 400.02	1 1200.04	1 124.30

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1980	1981			198	31						19	82			
hrough 1978 and descriptive notes are as shown n the 1979 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
			F	INAN	ICE-	-Cont	inue	d								
Bonds—Continued											-					
Yields: Domestic corporate (Moody's)percent By rating:	12.75	15.06	15.18	15.60	16.18	16.20	15.35	15.38	16.05	16.13	15.68	15.53	15.34	15.77	15.70	15.0
Aaa	11.94 12.50	14.17 14.75	14.38 14.79	14.89 15.42	15.49 15.95	15.40 15.82	14.22 14.97	14.23 15.00	15.18 15.75	15.27 15.72	14.58 15.21	14.46 14.90	14.26 14.77	14.81 15.26	14.61 15.21	13.7 14.4
A do Baa do	12.89 13.67	15.29 16.04	15.36 16.17	15.76 16.34	16.36 16.92	16.47 17.11	15.82 16.39	15.75 16.55	16.19 17.10	16.35 17.18	16.12 16.82	15.95 16.78	15.70 16.64	16.07 16.92	16.20 16.80	15.7 16.3
By group: Industrials do	12.35	14.50	14.48	14.87	15.47	15.64	15.19	15.00	15.37	15.53	15.29	15.22	15.08	15.35	15.37	14.8
Public utilities	13.15 11.48	15.62 13.22	15.87 13.22	16.33 13.50	16.89 13.71	16.76 13.88	15.50 13.92	15.77 13.84	16.73 14.10	16.72 14.08	16.07 14.00	15.82 14.03	15.60 13.93	16.18 13.99	16.04 14.05	15.2 13.9
Domestic municipal: Bond Buyer (20 bonds)	8.73 8.51	11.56 11.23	11.44 11.03	13.10 12.13	12.93 12.86	12.99 12.67	12.18 11.71	13.30 12.77	13.15 13.16	12.70 12.81	13.13 12.72	11.97 12.45	12.13 11. <del>9</del> 9	12.58 12.42	11.97 12.11	10.7 11.1
U.S. Treasury bonds, taxable ‡ do	10.81	12.87	13.05	13.61	14.14	14.13	12.68	12.88	13.73	13.63	12.98	12.84	12.67	13.32	12.97	12.1
Prices: Dow-Jones averages (65 stocks)	328.23	364.61	368.97	364.22	333.33	337.10	346.44	351.31	333.99	327.54	318.94	332.69	333.11	313.66	316.31	321.
Industrial (30 stocks). Public utility (15 stocks). Transportation (20 stocks)	891.411 110.43 307.23	932.92 108.58 398.56	947.94 107.59 404.26	926.25 111.49 396.27	853.38 105.18 353.12	853.24 103.77 368.56	860.44 110.42 383.56	878.28 110.73 387.11	853.41 105.68 353.99	833.15 105.98 345.93	812.33 107.47 328.85	844.96 112.17 344.68	846.72 114.49 340.90	804.37 108.41 314.58	818.41 106.28 316.68	832.1 109.6 318.3
Standard & Poor's Corporation: § Combined index (500 Stocks)	118.78 134.52	128.04 144.24	129.13 145.30	129.63 145.95	118.27 132.67	119.80 133.98	122.92 136.76	123.79 138.35	117.28 131.08	114.50 127.56	110.84 122.85	116.31 129.19	116.35 129.68	109.70 122.61	109.38 122.49	109.0 122.
Capital goods (111 Stocks)	131.37 86.88	139.03 100.67	140.10 101.63	141.13 110.04	126.60 93.67	123.98 96.89	125.80 98.38	128.23 98.37	121.78 95.43	120.53 97.32	112.43 97.00	117.32 102.91	115.84 103.81	105.97 100.92	106.34 102.66	106.
Utilities (40 Stocks)	50.54 18.52	51.87 23.26	52.28 23.55	54.06 22.99	51.01 20.03	51.41 21.01	54.52 21.92	53.53 22.21	51.81 20.05	51.39 18.95	52.33 17.68	54.25 18.71	54.88 18.50	52.13 17.21	51.87 17.22	53. 17.
Railroads (10 Stocks) 1941-43 = 10 Financial (40 Stocks)	75.57 12.50	93.09 14.44	92.55 14.67	91.12 14.46	78.81 13.73	83.83 14.40	89.68 15.23	90.84 14.76	80.86 13.95	75.99 14.19	67.73 14.15	71.20 14.59	71.16 13.81	65.49 12.45	63.15 12.07	64. 12.
NewYorkCity banks(6 Stocks) 1941-43=10 Banks outside N.Y.C. (10 Stocks) do Property-Casualty Insurance (6 Stocks) do	44.00 102.90 127.06	52.45 117.82 141.29	53.94 120.62 146.16	53.42 117.24 140.67	50.82 111.69 132.95	53.75 113.93 141.22	56.28 119.20 152.40	54.01 112.58 149.00	51.33 102.51 141.08	53.85 100.48 146.08	53.77 96.11 147.01	55.93 97.40 149.14	52.27 93.29 142.45	48.10 86.01 126.05	45.36 81.10 120.61	47.4 82.0 118.4
New York Stock Exchange common stock indexes:  Composite	68.10 78.70	74.02 85.44	74.98 86.64	75.24 86.72	68.37 78.07	69.40 78.93	71.49 80.86	71.81 81.70	67.91 76.85	66.16 74.78	63.86 71.51	66.97 75.59	67.07 75.97	63.10 71.59	62.82 71.37	62. 70.
Transportation	60.61 37.35	72.61 38.91	74.42 38.90	73.27 40.22	63.67 38.17	65.65 38.87	67.68 40.73	68.27 40.22	62.04 39.30	59.09 38.32	55.19 38.57	57.91 39.20	56.84 39.40	53.07 37.34	53.40 37.20	53.9 38.
Finance	64.25	73.52	74.97	73.76	69.38	72.56	76.47	74.74	70.99	70.50	69.08	71.44	69.16	63.19	61.59	62.
Composite (500 stocks)         percent.           Industrials (400 stocks)         do           Utilities (40 stocks)         do	5.26 4.94 9.77	5.20 4.90 10.18	5.18 4.88 10.07	5.16 4.86 9.78	5.69 5.38 10.49	5.65 5.35 10.46	5.54 5.28 9.92	5.57 5.28 10.22	5.95 5.64 10.74	6.06 5.75 10.77	6.28 5.99 10.61	5.99 5.70 10.27	5.97 5.65 10.27	6.28 5.90	6.31 5.91	
Transportation (20 stocks) do Financial (40 stocks) do	4.04 5.75	3.40 5.41	3.34 5.35	3.46 5.43	3.99 5.74	3.80 5.47	3.67 5.19	3.76 5.48	4.20 5.89	4.38 5.79	4.72 5.92	4.47 5.73	4.47 6.07	10.87 4.85 6.67	11.02 4.92 6.97	
Preferred stocks, 10 high-grade do	10.60	12.36	12.43	12.63	13.01	13.09	12.76	12.83	13.19	13.20	12.97	12.90	12.58	12.96	13.24	
Sales: Total on all registered exchanges (SEC): Market value mil. \$	475,850	490,688	42,649	37,728	33,534	39,673	37,495	38,692	33,445	35,953	44,157	39,900	37,350	35,174		
Shares sold millions On New York Stock Exchange:	15,486	15,910	1,310	1,224	1,220	1,380	1,303	1,365	1,222	1,313	1,713	1,533	1,430	1,414		
Market value mil. \$ Shares sold (cleared or settled) millions	397,670 12,390	415,913 12,843	36,340 1,064	31,769 973	28,378 974	33,826 1,129	32,029 1,062	32,701 1,092	28,301 987	30,268 1,071	38,232 1,411	33,714 1,242	31,913 1,167	30,420 1,169		
New York Stock Exchange: Exclusive of odd-lot and stopped stock sales (sales effected) millions	11,352	11,854	954	921	959	996	988	959	968	972	1,270	1,136	1,027	1,111	1,145	1,6
Shares listed, N.Y. Stock Exchange, end of period:  Market value, all listed sharesbil. \$	1,242.80	1,143.79	1,224.89	1,149.19	1,080.56	1,134.19	1,181.82	1,143.79	1,115.82	1,053.75	1,036.85	1,081.87	1,039.18	1,017.45	993.56	1,106
Number of shares listed millions	33,709	38,298		37,567	37,709		38,144		38,408	38,572	38,588	38,738	38,594	38,894	39,064	39,0
	r	DREIG	IN II	LADE	OF	IHE	UNII	ED S	IAI	<u> </u>	-					Τ
VALUE OF EXPORTS  Exports (mdse.), incl. reexports, total @ mil. \$	220,704.9	1233,739.0	18,569.0	17,766.4	18,819.2	19,896.8	19,047.7	19,139.9	17,515.3	17,637.3	20,160.9	18,610.6	19,000.7	19,416.1	17,259.3	
Excl. Dept. of Defense shipments do Seasonally adjusted do	220,548.7	1233,677.0	18,565.2 19,289.4	17,764.2 19,030.8	18,816.1 19,550.7	19,893.5 19,163.2	19,040.0 19,152.9	19,130.0 18,885.4	17,507.9 18,736.7	17,635.5 18,703.6	20,151.7 18,602.0	18,605.2 17,842.8	18,992.4 18,218.0	19,413.3 18,821.8	17,252.2 18,026.5	
By geographic regions: Africa	9,060.4	111.097.4	936.3	974.7	875.4	944.4	795.5	925.4	850.6	972.4	967.1	1,001.7	936.3	1,038.0		
Asia do Australia and Oceania do	60,168.3 4,875.7	163,848.7 16,435.8	5,280.6 515.0	4,837.5 559.1	5,010.8 544.1	5,582.6 589.2	5,286.4 545.2	5,628.8 582.4	5,172.3 461.4	5,194.8 442.6	5,752.2 597.9	5,215.9 471.6	5,545.1 495.4	5,786.2 662.3		
Europe	71,371.4 35,399.0	169,714.7 139,565.8	5,214.1 2,977.3	5,019.3 3,103.0	5,709.9 3,302.7	6,040.2 3,145.8	5,720.0 3,213.8	5,912.5 2,841.7	5,545.1 2,463.8	5,605.7 2,593.5	6,328.8 3,346.8	5,753.1 3,066.1	5,711.4 3,189.7	5,639.7 2,943.2		
Southern North America do do do	21,337.7 17,376.8	124,368.7	2,082.3 1,469.6	1,834.2 1,338.2	1,889.1 1,364.8	2,070.6 1,423.0	2,002.4 1,408.5	1,888.3 1,305.6	1,703.4	1,665.1 1,163.0	1,791.3 1,376.6	1,758.6 1,258.2	1,730.8 1,323.2	1,837.9		
By leading countries: Africa:		10.550	40.5						4=-	25- 6		000				
Egypt do Republic of South Africa do	1,873.6 2,463.5	<sup>1</sup> 2,159.4 <sup>1</sup> 2,911.7	184.2 267.9	193.8 233.4	132.7 230.2	177.6 266.9	140.7 222.0	142.8 215.9	172.6 230.9	275.2 224.6	231.1 206.7	383.1 237.4	293.6 234.8	269.4 242.7		
Asia; Australia and Oceania: Australia, including New Guinea	4,130.7	15,297.5	430.1	477.7	464.9	490.8	464.1	486.6	391.2	370.5	490.6	402.4	411.0	491.1		
Japan dol See footnotes at end of tables.	40,790.01	121,823.0	1,900.01	1,594.2	1,678.1	1,859.0	1,940.1	z,064.61	1,785.81	1,705.6	1,862.2	1,574.8	1,710.21	1,828.8		l

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data		1981			198	31						19	82			
through 1978 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1979 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		nual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
FO	DREIG	N TR	ADE	OF T	HE U	NITI	ED SI	ГАТЕ	S—C	ontin	ued			L		
VALUE OF EXPORTS—Continued																
Exports (mdse.), incl. reexports—Continued  Europe:		!														
France mil.\$. German Democratic Republic (formerly	7,485.4	17,340.5	512.8	518.5	613.2	555.2	573.9	562.7	523.4	563.5	728.8	592.9	603.8	665.3		•••••
E. Germany) mil. \$. Federal Republic of Germany (formerly W. Germany) mil. \$.	478.6 10,959.8	1295.7 110,276.7	14.6 737.9	9.0 763.7	9.0 887.7	24.9 900.2	17.7 846.4	16.4 798.9	49.9 822.5	26.6 789.6	43.7 969.6	9.3 804.7	22.0 821.6	22.0 764.9		
Italy	5,511.1 1,512.8 12,693.6	<sup>1</sup> 5,360.0 <sup>1</sup> 2,431.3	352.0 127.2 1,146.5	444.7 101.3 885.4	419.6 257.4 952.1	390.4 280.8 926.8	459.0 239.9 908.3	548.0 358.3 940.6	413.6 398.0 912.1	397.5 450.5 817.5	379.0 421.3 991.0	395.2 325.1 992.7	446.1 265.7 913.3	499.4 134.4 928.1		
North and South America: Canadado	35,395,3	139,564.3	2,977.0	3,103.0	3,302.5	3,145.7	3,213.6	2,841.7	2,463.5	2,593.5	3,346.2	3,065.8	3,189.5	2,942.7		
Latin American republics, total # do	36,030.4	138,950.1	3,272.0	2,933.6	2,977.7	3,241.7	3,089.2	2,933.4	2,757.4	2,537.2	2,926.9	2,699.6	2,782.8	2,924.3		
Brazil         do           Mexico         do           Venezuela         do	4,343.5 15,144.6 4,572.8		287.3 1,513.0 508.7	269.8 1,314.4 399.9	302.3 1,375.4 453.1	257.7 1,542.2 439.3	256.5 1,402.6 508.8	252.0 1,380.8 467.2	306.2 1,187.8 364.4	260.4 1,123.9 380.9	289.8 1,307.2 501.7	274.9 1,173.1 415.0	319.1 1,201.1 440.6	334.3 1,202.6 501.8		
Exports of U.S. merchandise, total §	216,592.2 216,436.0 41,255.9	1228,960.8 1228,898.7 143,338.5	18,198.6 18,194.9 2,841.8 15,356.8	17,455.8 17,453.6 2,926.4 14,529.4	18,376.5 18,373.4 3,203.2 15,173.3	19,466.4 19,463.1 3,925.6	18,646.0 18,638.3 3,775.4 14,870.6	18,631.1 18,621.1 3,596.5	17,129.0 17,121.6 3,254.7 13,874.3	17,274.6 17,272.8 3,499.9 13,774.7	19,685.4 19,676.2 3,702.5 15,982.9	18,208.3 18,202.8 3,481.8 14,726.5	18,589.3 18,581.0 3,403.4	18,980.3 18,977.5 3,129.1 15,851.2		
By commodity groups and principal commodities:	07.740.7	100 000 0	0.040.0	0.041.0	0 5150	0.001.1	0.005.0	0.017.0	0.004.03	0.100 5	0.400.0	0.070.1	0.101.4	0.170.0	1 700 0	
Food and live animals # mil. \$.  Beverages and tobacco do  Crude materials, inedible, exc. fuels # do  Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc. # mil. \$.  Oils and fats, animal and vegetable do	. 27,743.7 2,663.0 23,790.7 7,982.3 1,946.3	130,290.8 12,914.7 120,992.4 110,279.0 11,750.3	2,342.3 194.4 1,244.5 918.6 129.4	2,241.2 187.3 1,301.0 919.0 168.1	2,517.0 259.8 1,376.6 958.4 124.3	2,691.1 304.8 1,831.5 1,131.1 131.9	2,335.3 375.1 1,930.7 1,097.7 121.5	2,315.3 236.8 1,811.4 1,106.2 158.4	2,064.9 208.9 1,724.7 1,048.5 102.8	2,188.5 250.0 1,782.6 1,050.9 167.3	2,429.6 300.2 1,837.3 1,246.3 132.4	2,272.1 224.2 1,789.3 1,190.2 124.3	2,161.4 262.5 1,839.6 1,143.5 102.2	2,172.3 221.3 1,598.7 1,090.4 141.7	1,722.3 167.0 1,350.5 996.8 157.3	
Chemicals do Manufactured goods # do	20,740.2 22,254.6	121,187.1 120,632.5	1,826.0 1,660.1	1,644.1 1,559.1	1,684.9 1,660.7	1,798.2 1,651.7	1,665.5 1,623.6	1,715.4 1,446.3	1,594.2 1,456.9	1,662.1 1,388.7	1,858.4 1,633.8	1,688.2 1,439.6	1,722.4 1,535.6	1,862.5 1,591.0	1,648.6 1,348.5	
Machinery and transport equipment, total mil. \$ Machinery, total # do Transport equipment, total do	84,552.9 55,789.7	195,717.2 162,945.5 132,790.9	7,597.2 5,299.0 2,298.9	7,471.5 4,879.9 2,592.1	7,845.4 5,197.2 2,649.0	8,001.8 5,457.5 2,545.0	7,529.4 5,167.7 2,367.6	7,931.2 5,012.2 2,921.0	7,126.7 4,849.8 2,281.4	6,979.4 4,719.0 2,261.0	8,357.6 5,523.1 2,835.1	7,547.7 4,967.7 2,580.3	7,782.5 5,203.1 2,580.0	8,175.7 5,523.2 2,652.8	7,597.3	ļ
Motor vehicles and parts do  VALUE OF IMPORTS	14,589.6	116,214.0	1,297.3	1,196.4	1,306.8	1,325.5	1,267.3	1,124.8	1,023.7	1,123.9	1,489.3	1,395.6	1,436.2	1,325.5		
General imports, total	240,834.3	1261,304.9	20,349.6 19,806.7	22,617.5 23,528.3	20,748.7 21,228.6	23,555.1 23,234.4	22,555.0 22,521.5	19,663.4 19,516.3	<sup>2</sup> 22,606.0 <sup>2</sup> 22,828.8	18,264.6 19,090.4	20,823.4 20,348.7	17,882.1 17,386.8	20,804.5 20,558.1	21,810.9 21,309.6		
By geographic regions: Africa do Asia do	32,250.9 78,848.0	127,070.6 192,032.6	1,723.0 7,265.8	1,950.9 8,450.6	1,785.1 7,629.0	1,669.6 9,102.7	1,797.2 8,636.0	1,367.3 6,961.4	<sup>2</sup> 2,358.5 <sup>2</sup> 8,466.5	1,706.3 6,333.4	1,500.6 7,310.1	1,252.1 5,965.2	911.3 7,684.6	1,317.6 7,395.1		
Australia and Oceania do Europe do	. 3,391.9	13,352.7	239.7 4,565.1	256.1 4,938.1	342.0 4,055.6	308.5 4,654.2	241.1 4,570.7	280.5 4,410.3	<sup>2</sup> 200.5 <sup>2</sup> 4,758.5	191.9 3,674.7	262.4 4,479.6	226.8 4,012.6	244.9 4,923.4	299.2 4,907.0		
Northern North America	41,470.9 22,656.9 14,361.6	i		3,640.9 2,074.0 1,306.6	3,707.7 1,899.6 1,329.7	4,259.8 2,155.7 1,404.2	4,132.2 1,874.7 1,302.7	3,606.0 1,826.3 1,211.3	<sup>2</sup> 3,508.5 <sup>2</sup> 1,860.6 <sup>2</sup> 1,452.5	3,549.0 1,831.9 977.2	4,158.8 1,967.5 1,144.3	3,737.8 1,660.2 1,027.2	4,070.3 1,824.7 1,145.1	4,399.5 2,309.5 1,182.9		
By leading countries: Africa:																
Egypt do Republic of South Africa do	. 458.4 3,320.5	1397.3 12,445.3	5.7 215.5	15.5 185.4	28.6 151.2	51.4 180.9	3.3 352.4	24.3 131.0	<sup>2</sup> 42.6 <sup>2</sup> 168.1	100.1 183.1	80.0 138.5	32.7 141.1	46.5 138.6	90.7 147.5		
Asia; Australia and Oceania: Australia, including New Guinea mil. \$. Japando	2,562.3 30,701.3	<sup>1</sup> 2,514.8 <sup>1</sup> 37,612.1	161.7 3,140.7	190.3 3,542.9	261.0 2,910.1	238.3 3,698.9	177.2 3,326.5	235.4 3,001.5	<sup>2</sup> 154.7 <sup>2</sup> 3,720.0	152.8 2,708.0	215.3 3,586.6	162.6 2,790.4	181.1 3,759.4	215.5 3,117.2		
Europe: Francedo	5,247.0	15,851.4	440.3	529.1	432.2	466.9	599.6	534.1	²511.0	452.7	455.6	441.9	479.5	539.7		
German Democratic Republic (formerly E. Germany) mil. \$. Federal Republic of Germany (formerly	. 43.9	147.7	2.5	5.1	3.6	4.5	4.0	4.4	²3.6	5.1	6.9	3.1	3.7	3.6		······
W. Germany) mil. \$. Italy	11,681.2 4,313.1	15,189.0	950.1 433.5	987.8 494.8	789.3 409.0	972.1 429.1	998.7 494.4	1,055.9 503.3	<sup>2</sup> 499.2	874.9 394.4	1,003.3 492.7	944.8 439.7	494.6	1,090.5 459.3		
Union of Soviet Socialist Republics do United Kingdom do	453.2 9,755.1		39.0 1,131.7	14.1 1,505.0	15.8 1,126.2	31.7 1,085.2	27.8 954.7	8.0 906.3	<sup>2</sup> 18.4 <sup>2</sup> 981.7	22.0 780.0	18.0 1,011.3	15.5 821.4	10.2 1,151.5	31.8 1,210.4		
North and South America: Canada do	41,455.4	¹46,413.8	3,677.2	3,638.7	3,705.5	4,258.9	4,132.2	3,603.9	<sup>2</sup> 3,507.8	3,547.6	4,156.2	3,735.7	4,068.6	4,398.1		
Latin American republics, total #	29,851.2 3,714.6 12,519.5 5,297.1	14,474.5	2,381.9 352.1 987.5 433.5	2,616.6 356.4 1,122.6 514.8	2,651.5 395.0 1,119.2 472.7	3,015.7 411.8 1,362.4 467.0	2,755.6 412.6 1,287.1 373.5	2,573.1 376.4 1,170.9 436.6	<sup>2</sup> 2,759.9 <sup>2</sup> 335.4 <sup>2</sup> 1,116.6 <sup>2</sup> 602.2	2,376.0 314.4 1,255.3 312.4	2,678.5 369.8 1,310.5 355.2	2,222.5 312.1 1,614.2 350.2	2,624.6 343.7 1,238.3 293.0	3,011.3 313.2 1,578.2 399.2		
By commodity groups and principal commodities:			[							'						
Agricultural products, total mil. \$. Nonagricultural products, total do	17,425.0 223,409.2	¹17,003.4 ¹244,301.4	1,184.8 19,132.4	1,394.7 21,276.8	1,290.0 19,487.8	1,428.0 22,107.4	1,247.7 21,305.4	1,367.9 18,285.2	<sup>2</sup> 1,306.8 <sup>2</sup> 21,343.0	1,140.3 17,173.6		1,284.0 16,610.8	1,327.2 19,456.3	1,339.4 20,476.2		
Food and live animals #	15,762.7 2,771.5 10,495.9	115,237.6 13,138.3	1,161.6 219.7 891.9	1,176.1 285.5 873.2	1,150.7 239.3 829.2	1,295.4 316.3 944.7	1,132.7 299.9 824.3	1,299.2 238.9 696.1		948.4 193.5 669.2	1,270.6 266.3 689.7	1,158.2 284.1 703.2	1,267.2 321.2 771.6	1,272.6 292.4 790.5	1,122.5 251.3	
Mineral fuels, lubricants, etc	79,057.7 73,770.9 533.4 8,582.7	<sup>1</sup> 75,577.3 <sup>1</sup> 479.5	5,692.0 5,264.9 38.3 707.8	6,880.5 6,436.2 32.8 929.0	6,557.9 6,154.3 37.2 816.6	6,643.7 6,153.7 41.4 826.3	6,613.2 6,113.7 40.4 718.2	5,426.9 4,854.3 35.3 691.3	<sup>2</sup> 7,439.3 <sup>2</sup> 6,830.8 <sup>2</sup> 42.8 <sup>2</sup> 777.4	5,107.2 4,523.2 19.2 667.7	5,008.9 4,504.2 40.2 872.9	4,311.9 3,862.8 25.4 730.2	4,167.4 3,749.4 38.8 840.3	5,426.6 5,025.3 43.1 820.7	31.8	
Manufactured goods # do  Machinery and transport equipment do  Machinery, total # do  Transport equipment. do  Automobiles and parts do	32,190.4 60,545.7 31,903.6 28,642.0 24,133.9	169,627.2 138,212.2	5,694.2 3,198.0 2,496.3	3,440.2 5,883.0 3,376.9 2,506.1 2,089.7	3,077.0 5,254.6 3,146.3 2,108.4 1,752.4	3,819.0 2,787.5	3,287.0 6,452.6 3,586.7 2,865.9 2,290.6	2,971.3 2,740.0	<sup>2</sup> 3,225.9 <sup>2</sup> 6,199.7 <sup>2</sup> 3,318.1 <sup>2</sup> 2,881.6 <sup>2</sup> 2,436.4	2,830.9 5,263.5 2,784.4 2,479.1 2,017.7	2,963.7 6,601.1 3,295.6 3,305.5 2,842.8	2,887.0	3,203.9 7,051.3 3,557.7 3,493.6 2,977.3		5,646.5	

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1980	1981			198	81						19	82			-
through 1978 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1979 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
FO	REIG	N TR	ADE	OF T	HE U	NITI	ED S	ГАТЕ	S—C	ontin	ued					
Indexes	3															
Exports (U.S. mdse., excl. military grant-aid): Unit value	138.1 132.9 183.6	¹150.8 ¹128.8 ¹194.1	152.2 121.7 185.2	151.0 117.6 177.6	151.3 123.6 187.0	152.8 129.6 198.1	153.0 124.0 189.7	123.9	156.2 111.6 174.2	155.6 113.0 175.8	154.8 129.4 200.2	154.6 119.9 185.3	154.3 122.5 189.1	152.6 126.5 193.1	153.3 111.8 171.6	
General imports: Unit value	161.4	170.3	170.0	167.8	166.3	166.4	165.7	167.4	170.7	171.7	170.4	169.6	167.3	165.9	167.4	
Quantity do Value do Shipping Weight and Value	102.6 165.5	1105.2 1179.1	98.5 167.4	110.9 186.0	102.6 170.6	116.3 193.6	111.9 185.3	96.5	109.1	87.6 150.4	100.7 171.5	86.8 147.3	102.4 171.3	108.3 179.6	97.2 162.7	
Waterborne trade: Exports (incl. reexports):																
Shipping weight thous. sh. tons Value mil. \$  General imports:	401,172 118,835	¹406,927 ¹123,505	33,589 9,809	33,551 9,075	36,081 10,079	39,812 10,871	36,674 10,429	37,820 10,350	29,927 9,657	32,880 9,856	37,243 11,113	37,240 10,237	•••••			
Shipping weight thous. sh. tons Value mil. \$	487,936 164,924	¹465,953 ¹177,373	35,014 13,649	43,812 15,959	39,482 14,123	40,316 15,765	37,298 14,517	31,864 12,863	639,974 615,694	27,342 11,465	28,615 12,995	26,025 11,010				
	TR	ANSI	ORT	ATIC	N Al	ND C	OMM	IUNI	CATI	ON						
TRANSPORTATION																
Air Carriers (Scheduled Service) Certificated route carriers:																
Passenger-miles (revenue)	254.18 59.0 32,487	248.39 58.5 31,886	24.46 60.8 3,057	24.50 68.2 3,023	19.72 57.6 2,566	20.16 57.7 2,673	18.06 54.7 2,419	20.38 57.2 2,651	19.62 55.5 2,457	17.65 55.3 2,280	21.71 60.7 2,768	21.58 61.2 2,715	21.52 58.4 2,725	23.67 63.6 2,910		
Operating revenues (quarterly) # \$ mil. \$  Passenger revenues	r233,728 r28,049 r22,432	36,502 30,579		***************************************	9,729 8,195			8,776 7,238 651								
Cargo revenues	r623 r233,949 r2-124	2,480 675 <sup>2</sup> 36,922 533			624 161 8,600 73			192 9,284 –386								
Domestic operations: Passenger-miles (revenue) bil. Cargo ton-miles mil. Mail ton-miles do.	200.09 3,274 944	198.13 3,338 994	18.94 297 78	18.64 273 75	15.15 289 78	15.97 308 85	14.78 271 76	16.70 264 111	15.92 225 79	14.80 230 77	18.29 269 87	17.76 249 85	17.26 257 82	18.97 250 77	*16.75	
Operating revenues (quarterly) § mil. \$ Operating expenses (quarterly) § do Net income after taxes (quarterly) § do	<sup>2</sup> 26,404 26,409 <sup>2</sup> 156	<sup>2</sup> 29,014 <sup>1</sup> 29,277 <sup>1</sup> 2–360			7,463 7,442 –12			6,999 7,389 -322								
International operations: Passenger-miles (revenue)	54.09 2,458 392	50.28 2,337 376	5.52 207 29	5.86 196 29	4.57 199 29	4.19 232 32	3.29 229 36	3.68 194 43	3.70 162 29	2.85 180 29	3.42 208 33	3.83 191 32	4.26 202 32	4.70 185 31		
Mail ton-miles	r26,543 r26,766	<sup>2</sup> 6,390 <sup>2</sup> 6,595			1,932 1,859			1,501 -1,625								
Net income after taxes (quarterly) § do  Urban Transit Systems	r_270	-186			61			-59			y	aro				
Passengers carried, totalmil  Motor Carriers	8,228	7,948	615	625	645	693	643	651	603	623	720	650	636	645	584	
Carriers of property, large, class I, qtrly.: @ Number of reporting carriers Operating revenues, total mil. \$	100 15,432	100 16,489			100 4,301			100 4,247			100 3,587					
Net income, after extraordinary and prior period charges and credits mil. \$	304	199			78	•••••		10			48					
Tonnage hauled (revenue), common and contract carrier servicemil. tons  Freight carried—volume indexes, class I and II	189	182		***************************************	46	•••••		45			39	***************************************				
intercity truck tonnage (ATA): Common and contract carriers of property (qtrly.)																
Common carriers of general freight, seas. adj 1967=100.	148.7	147.1	153.3	151.1	145.8	139.7	134.9	126.2	127.9	131.8	128.0	131.4	<sup>1</sup> 132.9	* <b>133</b> .0	131.0	
Class I Railroads ‡ Financial operations, qtrly. (AAR), excl. Amtrak:	20.050	00.004			7.000			<b>7</b> 00 <b>7</b>			<b># 10</b> 0			<b>2</b> 000		
Operating revenues, total #	28,258 26,350 439	30,904 28,925 535			7,966 7,452 144			7,697 8,776 143			7,190 6,707 142			7,222		
Operating expenses do  Net railway operating income do  Ordinary income do	26,351 1,342 31,130	28,583 1,362 32,055			7,331 428 498			7,113 192 580			6,821 204 216			6,821 265 340		
Traffic: Ton-miles of freight (net), total, qtrlybil Revenue ton-miles, qtrly. (AAR)do Price index for railroad freight	920.6 918.6	911.7 911.9			227.1 227.5			224.9 225.1			207.4 r207.4			r208.0	470.9	<del>1</del> 60
Price index for railroad freight 1969=100  Travel	284.5	327.6	332.8	333.3	333.3	337.9	337.9	337.8	350.4	350.6	r350.5	351.2	351.6	351.5	r352.0	352
Hotels and motor-hotels: Restaurant sales index same month 1967=100	182	194	214	192	191	215	189	195	160	185	198					
Hotels: Average room sale ¶	49.48 65	56.39 68	56.05 69	49.44 68	55.55 67	59.56 74	58.72 64	57.95 50	60.33 57	63.37 45	62.00 68					
Motor-hotels: Average room sale ¶	35.30 66	38.31 67	39.42 76	38.79 76	38.56 67	38.85 68	38.57 59	38.21 50	40.22 56	40.97 56	41.30 66					
Foreign travel: U.S. citizens: Arrivals (quarterly)thous Departures (quarterly)do	<sup>2</sup> 9,010 <sup>2</sup> 9,971	8,905 9,978			2,666 2,863			1,965 2,208			2,051 2,192	4729 4830	4772 4893			
Aliens: Arrivals (quarterly)	<sup>2</sup> 11,252 <sup>2</sup> 9,285 3,020	11,976 9,933 3,222	323	272	3,858 3,199 225	196	172	2,681 2,339 210	208	260	2,381 1,931 271	4883 4732 395	4865 4705 371	496		
National parks, visits	59,081	62,237	10,955		6,865	5,032	2,719	2,023	1,788	2,238	2,804	3,621		100		

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1980	1981			198	11						19	82			
through 1978 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1979 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
TR	ANSP	ORTA	TION	I AN	D CO	MMU	JNIC	ATIO	N—C	ontin	ued					
COMMUNICATION														·		
Telephone carriers:  Operating revenues #	56,738 24,333 22,983 37,983 10,194 159.9	66,498 28,117 26,505 44,594 11,903 164.9	5,714 2,338 2,319 3,727 1,074 164.8	5,772 2,360 2,340 3,703 1,117 164.6	5,816 2,415 2,310 3,812 1,085 165.3	5,838 2,466 2,354 3,820 1,111 165.3	5,806 2,463 2,264 4,060 950 165.1	5,978 2,503 2,394 4,505 865 164.9	5,911 2,508 2,324 3,924 1,041 164.5	5,802 2,515 2,163 3,944 987 164.4	6,163 2,552 2,468 4,304 996 164.1	6,128 2,604 2,348 4,229 1,011 164.3	6,080 2,591 2,321 4,216 998 164.1			
Telegraph carriers: Domestic: Operating revenues	697.0 561.4 95.9	779.2 623.8 112.7	68.0 55.5 8.9	68.2 53.0 11.4	67.7 56.0 7.8	67.6 56.8 7.7	65.7 53.1 9.1	68.3 49.6 9.6	64.2 51.8 8.7	64.3 52.2 8.4	70.3 55.3 10.5					
Operating revenues do Operating expenses do Net operating revenues (before taxes) do	*534.7 *374.8 *137.0	578.0 436.2 117.0	50.2 38.3 9.9	47.0 39.4 5.4	50.1 39.1 8.7	51.2 36.9 12.1	48.0 37.4 8.5	47.1 36.3 9.3	48.7 39.0 7.5	48.8 38.3 8.4	54.7 39.9 13.6					
		CHEN	<b>IICA</b>	LS A	ND A	LLIE	D PI	RODU	CTS		'					
CHEMICALS																
Inorganic Chemicals Production:					ļ					İ						
Aluminum sulfate, commercial (17% $Al_2O_3$ ) ‡ thous. sh. tons. Chlorine gas (100% $Cl_2$ ) ‡ do Hydrochloric acid (100% HCl) ‡ do Phosphorus, elemental ‡ do	1,286 11,421 2,895 432	1,206 10,556 2,444 426	114 893 221 34	97 874 202 37	119 851 183 34	106 837 173 38	93 765 173 32	101 770 184 30	87 768 210 30	101 786 227 27	118 815 251 34	95 828 218 33	r91 r794 r215 31	107 782 225 31		
Sodium hydroxide (100% NaOH) †	11,606 786 1,139	10,650 738 1,162	894 62 96	873 59 96	861 69 95	826 61 92	767 57 89	771 54 97	764 48 82	767 64 84	801 62 81	837 64 74	*807 51 *73	786 54 76		
do Titanium dioxide (composite and pure) ‡ do Sulfur, native (Frasch) and recovered:	1727 727	690 748	57 61	58 57	53 65	56 65	51 58	57 55	52 44	56 58	57 56	48 55	r53 53	55 51		
Productionthous. lg. tons Stocks (producers') end of perioddo Inorganic Fertilizer Materials	110,271 3,042	10,369 3,571	915 2,930	914 3,044	852 3,203	834 3,235	842 3,367	844 3,571	782 3,651	718 3,697	808 3,775	755 3,911	726 4,152	<sup>7</sup> 687 74,195	686 4,231	
Production: Ammonia, synthetic anhydrous ‡ thous. sh. tons	19,653	19,043	1,545	1,510	1,537	1,547	1,491	1,570	1,361	1,296	1,434	1,498	r1,523	1,355		
Ammonium nitrate, original solution \$\do\$ do  Ammonium sulfate \$\ddo\$	9,127 2,136 9,232	8,791 *1,642 9,039	673 199 714	617 165 657	684 152 717	744 (²) 742	7700	768 (²) 751	mor!	680 159 692	812 164 822	701 174 716	<sup>1</sup> 664 154 <sup>1</sup> 664	576 158 587		
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	2,773 10,938 44,157	42,951 9,914 40,795	*250 850 3,384	<sup>4</sup> 231 676 2,884	252 742 3,116	<sup>4</sup> 224 760 3,084	218 690 3,866	<sup>1</sup> 223 707 2,888	*196 659 2,638	4202 672 2,625	*258 748 2,818	<sup>4</sup> 244 663 2,612	**268 **640 **2,443	4250 675 2,432		
Superphosphate and other phosphatic fertilizers (100% P <sub>2</sub> O <sub>8</sub> ): Production	8,339 372	³16,903 ³1,068	1,436 1,561	1,092 1,321	1,158 1,211	1,261 1,177	1,112 1,276	1,076 1,068	1,128 1,197	1,213 1,306	1,240 1,317	983 1,200	*857 *929	891 892		
Potash, deliveries (K <sub>2</sub> O) ¶         do           Exports, total #         do           Nitrogenous materials         do           Phosphate materials         do	6,950 29,445 3,668 17,524	6,478 22,391 2,834 13,308	513 2,184 333 1,143	806 1,659 124 979	378 1,872 220 1,029	399 1,512 167 880	550 1,579 221 982	614 1,834 246 1,148	416 1,497 243 860	396 1,637 212 1,135	2,031 274 1,309	618 1,582 259 992	552 1,736 244 1,022	375 1,811 251 911	1,872 317 933	
Potash materials	1,815 247	1,203 264	116 14	103	90 15	93 26	101 26	100 17	62 21	30 16	106	37 33	109 51	142 29	19	
Ammonium sulfate do Potassium chloride do Sodium nitrate do  Industrial Gases	289 8,907 158	327 8,601 159	16 623 10	29 948 0	17 786 16	10 655 26	12 577 6	58 719 0	20 670 12	24 552 0	34 582 21	51 722 9	23 664 22	30 483 19	20 599 5	
Production: Acetylene ‡ mil. cu. ft Carbon dioxide, liquid, gas, and solid	5,493	4,905	389	353	425	392	384	448	282	358	484	414	386	275		
thous. sh. tons.  Hydrogen (high and low purity) ‡mil. cu. ft  Nitrogen (high and low purity) ‡do  Oxygen (high and low purity) ‡do	3,720 106,064 478,964 430,729	3,982 101,561 485,066 421,588	385 8,544 40,921 36,147	353 7,630 40,939 34,158	324 8,785 41,225 34,930	335 8,300 41,545 36,440	324 7,669 39,246 32,603	315 8,040 39,229 31,528	287 7,065 40,609 31,172	313 7,563 38,065 30,753	369 7,760 41,462 34,580	340 7,462 38,948 30,835	139,042	383 7,622 38,565 30,454		
Organic Chemicals §           Production:         Acetylsalicylic acid (aspirin)         mil. lb.           Creosote oil         mil. gal.           Ethyl acetate (85%)         mil. lb.           Formaldehyde (37% HCHO)         do.	<sup>1</sup> 33.7 152.5 <sup>1</sup> 233.6 <sup>1</sup> 5,555.3	29.6 117.9 1278.9 15,854.6	1.8 8.7 24.2 461.2	2.8 8.2 22.7 593.0	2.9 10.2 20.9 494.7	2.4 9.9 26.0 483.1	2.1 8.8 24.8 435.8	1.8 8.8 18.2 376.5	2.1 5.2 13.7 375.0	2.4 6.4 11.0 379.0	2.7 8.2 24.8 398.4	2.2 24.0 443.8	2.0 8.5 24.3 402.3	1.4 19.9 368.2	1.6 5.8 19.7 334.7	
Glycerin, refined, all grades do  Methanol, synthetic mil. gal. Phthalic anhydride mil. lb.  ALCOHOL	314.8 11,077.3 1818.2	299.1 11,266.2 1810.7	25.3 112.5 60.6	24.2 84.6 72.5	29.8 99.5 80.3	28.7 104.7 49.3	22.7 107.7 48.4	16.7 121.5 57.1	17.5 93.0 53.8	18.6 85.8 42.1	20.4 109.8 75.6	22.8 110.9 64.7	19.2	18.3 104.2 53.7	97.4	
Ethyl alcohol and spirits: Production mil. tax gal. Stocks, end of period do	643.2 72.0		45.3 72.5	55.8 75.4	53.1 78.7	44.0 75.8	47.8 77.5	45.4 83.2	42.9 79.8	39.8 81.6	48.2 72.8	37.6 64.0				
Denatured alcohol: Production	301.2 284.2 10.1		17.2 16.6 3.4	18.0 17.3 3.5	18.8 18.5 3.1	20.7 18.9 3.4	17.3 16.3 3.8	18.1 16.3 5.0	18.7 18.3 4.7	17.2 15.2 6.2	22.4 22.8 4.8	19.9 18.5 4.8	20.2			

						=				-			·			
Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1978 and descriptive notes are as shown	1980	1981		· · · · · ·	198	31						19	82	<u>-</u>		
in the 1979 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	nual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
	CHE	ИІСАІ	S AN	ID AI	LIE	D PR	<b>ODU</b>	CTS-	-Cont	inue	ł					
PLASTICS AND RESIN MATERIALS									·							
Production:         mil. lb.           Phenolic resins	<sup>1</sup> 1,744.9 <sup>1</sup> 11,719.9 <sup>1</sup> 3,699.0 <sup>1</sup> 5,540.1 <sup>1</sup> 5,485.4	<sup>1</sup> 1,489.0 <sup>1</sup> 11,998.4 <sup>1</sup> 3,948.1 <sup>1</sup> 5,686.6 <sup>1</sup> 5,663.3	151.8 1,005.5 346.6 468.3 517.4	125.1 1,032.7 328.1 456.6 500.0	125.4 984.3 316.9 496.3 451.1	129.5 954.2 327.3 491.6 402.2	104.9 886.8 301.4 433.2 384.9	101.8 825.9 273.3 404.6 310.6	93.2 814.6 276.4 351.8 329.0	100.7 845.8 304.5 397.5 384.5	101.5 1,012.5 347.9 432.8 436.9	103.7 955.5 321.8 414.4 426.2	102.5 942.3 287.8 435.4 491.4	102.7 944.7 271.6 422.2 490.5	89.7 974.4 261.0 432.1 374.3	
Explosives (industrial), shipments, quarterly	12 000 4	2 002 6			046 1			0167			687.0			675 1		•
Paints, varnish, and lacquer, shipments: Total shipments mil. \$. Architectural coatings do. Product finishes (OEM) do.	13,000.4 7,635.9 3,641.2 2,418.5		774.4 396.8 224.9	784.8 390.5 232.7	773.2 372.5 233.0	704.2 315.1 235.7	572.0 248.1 203.0	816.7 513.6 225.9 186.0	544.9 234.8 201.9	579.9 274.2 196.3	711.7 355.5 219.8	741.0 362.9 220.3	793.0 415.6 223.8	675.1		
Special purpose coatings do	1,576.2	1,689.5	152.7	161.7	167.7	153.3	121.0	101.7	108.2	109.4	136.4	157.9	153.5			
			ELEC	TRIC	POV	VER	AND	GAS			, , , , ,				···	
ELECTRIC POWER Production:														!		
Electric utilities, total mil. kwhr  By fuels do  By waterpower do	2,286,034 2,010,013 276,021		220,164 195,032 25,133	210,245 188,610 21,635	186,858 169,016 17,842	181,377 163,264 18,114	175,637 156,606 19,030	195,590 171,711 23,879	210,098 183,195 26,904	180,310 153,614 26,698	187,662 157,784 29,879	172,588 144,661 27,928	177,261 149,199 28,063			
Sales to ultimate customers, total (Edison Electric Institute) †	2,126,094 524,122 793,812				577,031 149,558 207,664			518,615 131,742 194,026			3542,662 3137,466 3185,625					
Railways and railroads	4,275 734,411	4,091 735,724			980 200,402			1,004 174,008			³1,059 ³204,112					
Street and highway lighting do Other public authorities do Interdepartmental do	14,832 48,284 6,358	14,975 51,055 6,640	***************************************		3,533 13,171 1,723	***************************************		3,830 12,424 1,581			*3,936 *12,938 *1,527					
Revenue from sales to ultimate customers (Edison Electric Institute) ‡ mil. \$  GAS	95,462	111,584			31,330			27,810			³30,513					
Total utility gas, quarterly (American Gas Association): Customers, end of period, totalthous	47,263	47,859			47,373			47,859			48,352					
Residential         do           Commercial         do           Industrial         do           Other         do	43,528 3,499 188 48	44,059 3,563 189 48			43,644 3,493 189 47			44,059 3,563 189 48			44,466 3,644 194 49					
Sales to customers, total tril. Btu	15,409	15,426	1		2,812			3,844			5,332					
Residential         do           Commercial         do           Industrial         do           Other         do	4,823 2,442 7,862 283	4,565 2,369 8,215 278			398 304 2,063 47			1,227 642 1,902 73			2,279 1,078 1,875 100					
Revenue from sales to customers, total mil. \$	48,276	56,980			10,372			15,199			22,859					
Residential         do           Commercial         do           Industrial         do           Other         do	17,409 8,149 22,081 637	19,188 9,297 27,718 776			1,969 1,211 7,062 130			5,478 2,683 6,812 226			10,449 4,787 7,272 351					
	FO	OD A	ND K	INDI	RED I	PROI	DUCI	S; TO	BAC	CO						
ALCOHOLIC BEVERAGES												_				
Beer: Production mil. bbl Taxable withdrawals do Stocks, end of period do	194.08 173.37 13.96	176.68	18.80 17.37 14.98	17.72 16.22 14.53	15.72 14.68 14.42	14.61 13.84 13.99	13.12 12.39 13.38	13.93 12.91 12.95	15.19 11.90 14.16	15.00 12.91 14.93	17.65 15.68 16.32	17.62 15.82 15.83	18.22 16.56 15.59	18.19 17.22 15.28		
Distilled spirits (total): Productionmil. tax gal	140.53	151.96	6.38	7.93	11.43	13.71	13.73	14.05	11.02	12.34	15.28	13.59	10.98			
Consumption, apparent, for beverage purposes \$\frac{1}{2}\$mil. wine gal. Stocks, end of period \$\frac{1}{2}\$mil. tax gal. Importsmil proof gal.	<sup>2</sup> 449.42 623.26 113.71		35.91 621.26 8.56	r33.21 618.00 8.33	34.75 612.74 11.77	39.07 609.60 13.32	'41.70 606.20 12.32	54.09 613.76 9.12	30.70 612.96 7.03	30.22 608.32 6.33	35.69 618.40 5.82	36.13 621.06 7.98	33.29 616.72 9.12	10.86	7.29	
Whisky: Production ‡	84.31 554.88 86.00	96.66 541.07 86.53	3.68 551.27 6.52	4.66 547.19 5.83	6.92 543.60 9.32	8.80 540.06 10.00	9.14 535.10 9.30	9.06 541.07 6.62	7.37 541.03 4.91	8.88 543.22 4.65	10.32 545.29 4.06	10.20 547.76 5.91	7.54 547.25 6.88	8.09	5.40	
Wines and distilling materials: Effervescent wines:																
Production mil. wine gal. Taxable withdrawals do Stocks, end of period do Imports do	26.20 25.28 9.27 4.83	30.73 27.30 11.53 7.66	2.47 1.68 15.14 0.55	2.30 2.26 14.89 0.52	2.04 2.11 14.44 0.53	3.80 4.52 20.75 0.76	2.88 3.91 12.63 1.07	1.95 2.72 11.53 1.01	1.83 1.15 12.67 0.53	1.89 1.12 13.09 0.33	2.06 1.93 13.23 0.45	1.92 1.62 13.59 0.52	2.18 2.57 13.36 0.67	2.92 1.98 13.65 0.70	0.52	
Still wines:	509.05 349.35 610.53	604.31	401.61	74.37 26.66 437.53	202.16 31.46 620.50	36.40 656.67	26.59 31.55 624.90	15.00 30.96 604.31	4.02 28.98 575.15	6.03 25.63 557.53	7.07 35.16 523.86	4.87 30.03 492.03		4.97 30.96 435.01		
Imports dol  Distilling materials produced at wineries dol  See footnotes at end of tables.	97.68 224.38		8.58 2.96	9.51 35.12	8.37 67.97	10.24 32.05	11.12 13.63	10.91 10.50	9.96 2.88	6.49 2.87	7.81 4.04	8.16 11.35	9.45 1.37	10.61 2.08	8.83	

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1980	1981			198	31		[				19	82			
through 1978 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1979 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
FO	OD A	ND KI	NDR	ED P	ROD	UCTS	; <b>TO</b>	BACC	<b>20—C</b>	ontir	nued		<u> </u>			
DAIRY PRODUCTS																
Butter, creamery: Production (factory) @	1,145.3 304.6 1.448	1,228.2 429.2 11.535	82.7 515.5	82.3 515.6	85.2 489.5	99.5 470.0	93.4 451.1	109.5 429.2	128.3 433.1	116.8 440.4	123.4 447.8	(7)		*332.9 *540.3		
Cheese: Production (factory), total @mil. lb American, whole milk @do	3,984.3 2,375.8	4,229.0 2,608.5	348.9 220.9	337.6 207.1	331.1 191.1	338.5 200.3	330.5 190.3	368.6 220.5	347.0 218.4	325.8 204.9	376.3 232.2			*1,178.8 *740.9		
Stocks, cold storage, end of period	578.8 479.6 231.2 1.562	709.6 623.0 247.6 1.672	714.2 615.7 18.6	719.4 617.7 16.9	694.3 598.6 22.0	682.4 591.3 23.4	677.5 590.4 26.5	709.6 623.0 52.9	717.3 632.0 19.0	696.4 622.6 11.8	722.2 641.6 15.7	16.8	18.8	*813.2 *717.4 20.6	18.2	1.684
Condensed and evaporated milk: Production, case goods @	724.7 51.8	757.9 46.0	66.8 81.6	68.1 99.1	59.6 101.1	62.9	62.1 58.6	68.6	58.1	53.6 40.7	61.5 47.7		1.001	*195.0 *89.1		
period mil. lb Exports do	43.4	34.9	2.7	2.4	3.0	84.8 2.9	3.1	46.0 3.7	45.5 2.2	5.0	1.2	1.8	1.8	2.5	2.4	
Fluid milk: Production on farms ‡ do Utilization in mfd. dairy products @ do Price, wholesale, U.S. average\$ per 100 lb.	128,525 71,665 13.00	132,634 76,004 13.80	11,344 6,463 13.40	11,104 6,178 13.50	10,638 5,848 13.70	10,751 5,885 14.00	10,384 5,533 14.00	10,847 6,208 14.00	11,047 6,370 13.90	10,311 6,099 13.80	11,642 6,945 13.60	13.40	13.20	*35,512 13.10	r13.20	°13.30
Dry milk: Production: Dry whole milk @mil. lb Nonfat dry milk (human food) @do	82.7 1,160.7	92.7 1,314.3	7.1 119.7	7.9 112.9	8.2 93.0	8.9 92.0	8.5 89.3	8.9 110.1	9.2 104.1	8.0 107.2	9.4 125.3			*29.2 *417.2	••••••	
Stocks, manufacturers', end of period: Dry whole milk	, 5.3 85.0	6.0 86.7	3.3 99.1	2.9 104.3	3.0 87.2	2.8 83.7	4.3 75.8	6.0 86.7	7.6 87.7	6.9 94.5	6.9 94.4			*9.6 *127.4		
Exports, whole and nonfat (human food) do Price, manufacturers' average selling, nonfat dry milk (human food)	176.2 0.887	198.0 0.939	26.3 0.938	30.9 0.938	17.0 0.939	8.2 0.944	7.9 0.942	2.0 0.940	9.4 0.936	12.6 0.936	17.4 0.937	11.4 (*)	18.2	20.4	23.1	
GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS  Exports (barley, corn, oats, rye, wheat) mil. bu	3,914.4	°3,918.3	295.7	301.2	358.8	369.6	312.8	318.6	285.8	299.5	360.9	353.7	339.4	344.8	243.7	
Barley: Production (crop estimate) \[ \]	<sup>2</sup> 361.0 303.4 185.6	<sup>2</sup> 478.3 332.2 230.7			451.0 303.0			332.2 230.7			226.5 147.3		*148.6 *93.9		°508.8	<sup>10</sup> 516.2
Off farms do  Exports, including malt § do	117.8 68.9	101.5 °95.9	6.7	12.4	148.0 12.0	16.5	 8.7	101.5 7.7	8.5	8.2	79.2 6.5	3.9	<sup>4</sup> 54.7 7.5	6.3	4.9	
Corn: Production (crop estimate, grain only) ¶ mil. bu Stocks (domestic), end of period, total ‡ do On farms ‡	<sup>2</sup> 6,644.8 5,858.8 4,141.5 1,717.3	28,201.0 6,898.6 4,965.4 1,933.2			51,034.0 5490.1 5543.8			6,898.6 4,965.4 1,933.2			5,074.7 3,569.7 1,504.9		33,853.7 32,708.1 31,145.6		*8,315.1 	108,318.7
Exports, including meal and flour do	2,485.3	2,159.3	147.2	139.2	150.0	194.6	175.0	172.4	151.1	147.2	189.3	195.0	212.4	179.8	119.8	
Oats:         Production (crop estimate)	<sup>2</sup> 458.3 391.0 329.3 61.7	<sup>2</sup> 508.1 364.7 313.6 51.1			457.8 384.0 73.7			364.7 313.6 51.1			236.5 200.2 36.3		*151.5 *126.9 *24.6		*591.5	10599.0
Exports, including oatmeal	9.1	12.8	1.4	0.8	0.9	0.6	0.5	0.3	0.6	0.3	0.6	0.8	0.6	0.8	0.3	
Rice: Production (crop estimate)mil. bags # California mills:	²146.2	²185.4													°155.6	10157.9
Receipts, domestic, roughmil. lb Shipments from mills, milled rice	3,582 2,711 231	3,359 2,267 510	168 67 174	219 238 114	92 106 98	473 90 326	293 79 426	287 97 510	84 70 493	184 62 550	221 76 628	202 129 639	204 210 577	77 279 356	723 161 344	
Southern States mills (Ark., La., Tenn., Tex.): Receipts, rough, from producers	10,831 6,795	10,821 7,354	182 389	1,503 511	3,308 673	1,696 738	848 660	768 654	505 612	683 564	784 685	702 662	552 602	406 583 1,308	434 505 1,012	
basis), end of periodmil. lb  Exports	2,969 6,620 0.225	2,763 6,801 0.256	772 371 0.280	1,232 453 0.265	2,722 470 0.250	3,091 532 0.225	2,906 583 0.213	2,763 458 0.195	2,572 479 0.185	2,300 515 0.175	2,132 399 0.160	1,868 487 0.158	1,610 661 0.165	538 0.163	370 0.160	0.165
Rye: Production (crop estimate) \( \bar{1} \) mil. bu Stocks (domestic), end of period \( \dagger \)	²16.5 9.3	²18.6 7.8			14.5			7.8			5.7		43.1		°19.9	¹°19.9
Wheat: Production (crop estimate), total \( \begin{array}{llll} & & & \text{mil. bu.} & \text{do.} & do	<sup>2</sup> 2,374 <sup>2</sup> 479 <sup>2</sup> 1,895	<sup>2</sup> 2,793 <sup>2</sup> 695 <sup>2</sup> 2,099			61 040									 6398	°2,769 °674 °2,096	102,816 10709 102,106
Distribution, quarterly @@ do  Stocks (domestic), end of period, total ‡	2,191 1,903.2 753.4 1,149.7	2,523 2,176.0 954.8 1,221.2			61,049 2,733.9 1,204.9 1,529.0			559 2,176.0 954.8 1,221.2			620 1,556.7 748.0 808.7		41,159.0 4579.8 4579.2	*398		
Exports, total, including flour	1,344.5 1,309.5	1,647.7	140.4 138.1	148.7 145.4	195.8 194.1	157.6 156.9	127.8 127.5	137.8	125.6 124.2	143.8 138.7	164.5 159.1	154.1	118.9	157.9 155.7	118.7 117.9	

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1978 and descriptive notes are as shown	1980	1981			198	31						19	82			
in the 1979 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ıual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
FO	OD A	ND KI	NDR	ED P	ROD	UCTS	s; <b>TO</b>	BACC	COC	ontir	nued					
GRAIN AND GRAIN PRODUCTS—Continued																
Wheat flour: Production: Flour ‡thous. sacks (100 lb.) Millfeed ‡thous. sh. tons Grindings of wheat ‡thous. bu Stocks held by mills, end of period	282,655 4,866 628,599	283,966 5,045 634,381	23,342 410 51,194	23,665 431 53,323	24,189 436 54,589	24,712 440 55,552	22,835 410 50,982	22,321 403 50,197	23,985 432 53,740	23,553 423 52,786	25,256 453 56,663	22,474 403 50,348	r21,886 r393 r49,018	22,471 406 50,215	23,160 424 52,338	
thous. sacks (100 lb.)  Exports	3,842 15,014	3,460 15,839	987	1,420	4,222 724	284	117	3,460 184	605	2,165	3,384 2,336	2,858	1,760	3,744 944	352	
\$ per 100 lb Winter, hard, 95% patent (Kans. City) do POULTRY AND EGGS	¹10.566 ¹10.116	10.844 110.347	10.813 10.275	10.750 10.300	10.588 10.200	10.525 10.025	10.675 10.313	10.338	10.763 10.638	10.950 10.700	10.738 10.638	10.538 10.425	10.550	10.500	10.538	10.188
Poultry: Slaughter mil. lb Stocks, cold storage (frozen), end of period, total mil. lb	14,233 339 198	15,058 392 238	1,335 596 401	1,314 657 466	1,365 716 532	1,376 703 528	1,193 469 305	1,232 392 238	1,087 378 238	1,070 374 236	1,253 377 233	1,220	1,222	71,360 4430 4292	1,298	
Turkeys	0.270	0.265	0.290	0.265	0.245	0.245	0.235	0.230	0.255	0.250	0.256	0.235	0.260	0.270	0.270	0.250
Eggs: Production on farms	193.6	193.4 35	16.1 39	16.2 20	15.7 19	16.4 21	16.2 38	16.9	16.6 26	15.0 19	39		<sup>4</sup> 48.4	431		
Frozenmil. lb Price, wholesale, large (delivered; Chicago) \$ per doz	24 0.628	0.690	27 0.675	27 0.687	25 0.707	26 0.713	24 0.773	35 22 0.721	0.762	19 0.742	17 0.752	0.683	0.604	423 0.608	0.617	0.616
LIVESTOCK  Cattle and calves: Slaughter (federally inspected): Calves	2,294 31,642	2,478 32,819	204 2,765	198 2,772	228 2,846	236 2,939	217 2,668	254 2,829	228 2,771	210 2,591	263 2,819			4608 48,193		
Prices, wholesale: Beef steers (Omaha)	66.96 75.13 75.52	63.84 64.26 77.18	67.86 61.51 76.00	66.37 64.15 77.25	65.37 64.58 77.50	61.45 62.52 71.75	59.84 61.77 68.88	59.24 58.96 67.50	60.75 59.22 69.00	63.54 62.37 67.50	65.80 63.96 71.50	69.11 64.72 78.00	72.10 66.07 82.88	70.18 63.70 85.00	66.18 64.17 84.84	65.14 66.42 81.12
Hogs: Slaughter (federally inspected) thous. animals Prices: Wholesale, average, all weights (Sioux City)	91,882	87,850	6,540	6,580	7,320	7,872	7,308	7,923	6,875	6,340	7,691			420,043		
\$ per 100 lb.  Hog-corn price ratio (bu. of corn equal in value to 100 lb. live hog)	39.48 14.4	44.29 14.9	51.01 15.7	51.14 17.1	48.89 19.1	46.15 18.4	42.10 17.7	40.17 16.3	45.77 17.1	49.70 19.8	49.50 19.8	52.16 20.1	58.35 21.8	59.01 22.4	59.70 r23.2	63.18 27.9
Sheep and lambs: Slaughter (federally inspected) thous. animals Price, wholesale, lambs, average (Omaha) \$ per 100 lb	5,363 59.81	5,789 54.44	439 59.00	467 53.75	546 50.25	558 51.00	476 46.00	522 46.50	510 49.75	490 51.50	570 59.00	59.50	66.25	41,493 60.50	57.25	50.50
MEATS									-							
Total meats (excluding lard):  Production, total	38,590 750 1,663 2,052	38,675 578 1,847 1,832	3,041 629 128 162	3,044 539 144 168	3,247 509 123 180	3,433 547 174 167	3,185 552 154 120	3,417 578 °153 118	3,152 554 129 127	2,894 524 147 106	3,296 536 124 160	131 169	167 167	49,097 4502 147 215	111 158	
Beef and veal: Production, total	21,849 338 425 1,531	22,629 266 486 1,317	1,855 280 30 116	1,861 252 39 119	1,930 242 40 141	2,011 252 48 123	1,838 241 39 80	1,942 266 43 80	1,889 258 33 93	1,750 232 46 72	1,917 220 44 108	40 130	52 116	45,462 4196 49 158	40 113	
Price, wholesale, beef, fresh, steer carcasses, choice (600-700 lbs.) (Central U.S.) \$ per lb	1.044	0.990	1.072	1.039	1.030	0.960	0.946	0.937	0.974	1.012	1.038	1.095	1.151	1.112	1.026	1.008
Lamb and mutton: Production, total mil. lb Stocks, cold storage, end of period do	310 9	328 11	24 13	25 14	30 13	31 13	27 11	30 11	29 10	28 8	33 9			⁴85 •16		
Pork (excluding lard):       mil. lb         Production, total       mil. lb         Stocks, cold storage, end of period       do         Exports       do         Imports       do	16,431 349 314 433	15,719 264 °347 432	1,162 284 19 39	1,157 225 19 42	1,287 207 °22 29	1,391 238 28 36	1,319 255 30 35	1,445 264 29 33	1,234 249 30 30	1,116 246 25 30	1,346 274 21 46	22 34	42 43	43,550 4265 32 50	 19 42	
Prices, wholesale: Hams, smoked #Index, 1967=100 Fresh loins, 8-14 lb. average (N.Y.) \$ per lb MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS	<sup>2</sup> 254.8 1.011	266.5 1.137	278.9 1.261	282.6 1.212	284.3 1.185	284.5 1.148	283.3 1.074	292.5 1.007	271.1 1.209	278.6 1.169	282.4 1.100	283.7 1.186	289.2 1.301	299.4 1.386	299.6 1.376	305.6 1.366
Cocoa (cacao) beans: Imports (incl. shells)thous. lg. tons Price, wholesale, Accra (New York) \$ per lb Coffee (green):	148.5 1.354	245.0 1.085	19.3 1.085	22.0 1.120	20.3 1.170	24.1 1.130	5.8 1.030	11.5 1.090	10.0 1.160	29.0 1.070	17.6 1.020	15.3 0.990	16.8 0.940	11.9 0.800	13.0 0.830	0.860
Inventories (roasters', importers', dealers'), end of periodthous. bags ¶ Roastings (green weight)do	2,834 17,047	(3) (3)			(3) (3)											
Imports, total do From Brazil	18,153 3,505 2.066 4,649	16,555 3,243 1.594 5,081	922 213 1.155 302	1,213 172 1.270 430	1,150 256 1.270 582	1,487 316 1.295 588	1,565 309 1.470 450	1,547 294 1.500 456	1,287 186 1.510 389	1,195 210 1.360 497	1,490 267 1.360 475	1,147 227 1.450 382	1,476 299 1.450 331	1,335 213 1.450 351	1,282 264 1.450	1.450
Fish: Stocks, cold storage, end of periodmil. lb	393	350	356	373	378	363	355	350	315	282	275	256	250	<b>1280</b>	°332	

September 1982		50	JRVE	1 Or	CUR	KEN I	DUS	DIMES	00							5-20
Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1980	1981			198	31				-		19	82			
through 1978 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1979 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Anı	nual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
]	FOOD	AND	KINI	ORED	PRO	DUC	TS; 7	ГОВА	CCO-	-Con	ıt.					
MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS—Cont.																
Sugar (United States): Deliveries and supply (raw basis): §						ļ								į		
Production and receipts: Production thous. sh. tons	4,713	5,157	82	86	128	603	1,132	1,154	745	(4)						
Deliveries, total do	10,838	10,922	997	985	1,099	861	842	785	648	( <u>*</u> )						
For domestic consumption do Stocks, raw and ref., end of period do	10,149 2,970	9,731 3,311	877 1,928	853 1,602	986 1,416	783 1,579	766 2,416	746 3,311	638 3,743	3,644	(4)					
Exports, raw and refinedsh. tons	608,029	979,157	88,501	122,452	91,131	68,370	65,210	l 1	4,370	16,359	4,246	2,953	2,837	15,619	2,212	
Imports, raw and refined thous. sh. tons  Prices, wholesale (New York):	4,127	5,054	347	313	424	653	462	902	223	100	316	215	142	218	360	************
Raw	0.306 0.405	0.198 0.303	0.198 0.285	0.185 0.295	0.154 0.236	$0.160 \\ 0.261$	0.163 0.261	0.167 0.261	0.180 0.282	$0.178 \\ 0.282$	0.169 0.282	0.176 0.280	0.195 0.300	0.208 0.300	(4) (4)	 
rea, importsthous. lb	184,786	190,254	14,586	19,128	13,205	15,855	13,473		15,055	15,464	13,787	13,176	16,518	14,309	14,286	
TOBACCO																
eaf: Production (crop estimate)mil. lb	11,786	12,060													<sup>5</sup> 1,902	°1,924
Stocks, dealers' and manufacturers', end of period ‡mil. lb	4,850	5,080			4,697			5,080			4,909					
Exports, incl. scrap and stemsthous. lb Imports, incl. scrap and stemsdo	591,518 365,622	575,255 335,920	31,277 22,171	27,398 32,153	45,510 32,372	63,222 27,889	86,775 22,946	55,577 12,970	31,670 31,264	39,392 16,579	49,862 20,393	41,756 22,659	53,960 24,820	37,226 25,012	23,910 17,725	
Manufactured: Consumption (withdrawals):																
Cigarettes (small): Tax-exempt millions	94,256		6,766	7,555	7,636	8,141	7,447	6,479	7,479	8,990	7,584	6,577	5,919	.,		
Taxable	620,565 3,292	3.258	51,064 242	58,716 261	58,150 313	56,635 300	49,658 267	42,300 247	48,234 215	52,850 221	57,430 267	48,368 248	48,240 269			
Exports, cigarettesdo	81,998	82,582	6,231	6,468	7,149	7,300	8,058	4,713	6,426	8,148	7,337	5,540	5,670	5,797	4,461	
	ı —————	г	LEA'	THE	RAN	D PR	ODU	CTS								
LEATHER								1								
Exports: Upper and lining leatherthous. sq. ft	192,597	192,193	13,921	10,918	15,393	12,682	19,464	11,660	10,849	10,343	13,696	15,534	17,449	18,610	18,486	
Price, producer: Sole, bends, light index, 1967=100	283.8	²306.7			284.7											
LEATHER MANUFACTURES															1	
Footwear: Production, totalthous pairs.	396,851	375,473	26,968	30,703	32,887	35,040	30,493	27,624	26,259	27,128	31,060	26,894	r27,940	28,085		•••••
Shoes, sandals, and play shoes, except athletic thous. pairs  Slippers	299,131 73,337		20,618 4,645	22,351 6,200	24,545 6,362	25,196 7,631	22,562 6,197	21,061 4,715	20,178 4,829	20,102 5,734	22,975 6,672	19,680 5,991	r20,878 r5,672	20,319 6.410		
Athletic	24,383 3,271	25,660 3,171	1,705 246	2,152 257	1,980 397	2,213 303	1,734 266	1,848	1,252 257	1,292 274	1,413 365	1,223 334	'1,390 298	1,356		
Exports do	9,781	1	551	785	640	663	1,121	615	505	629	681	839	693	742	636	
Prices, producer: * Men's leather upper, dress and casual																
index, $12/80 = 100$		103.1	103.6	103.8	104.1	103.6	103.9	103.7	104.9	103.5	104.0	105.8	106.0	106.0	101.1	106.
Women's leather upper index, 1967=100 Women's plastic upper index, 12/80=100	211.7	214.4 99.6	214.0 102.9	213.6 101.0	217.9 97.8	212.1 93.5	212.3 93.5	212.3 93.0	204.1 94.4	205.3 94.4	207.7 94.7	r215.6 98.3	208.4 98.3	209.4 98.5	211.4 98.5	218.° 99.:
			LUN	<b>1BER</b>	ANI	) PR	ODU	CTS								
LUMBER—ALL TYPES #																
National Forest Products Association: Production, totalmil. bd. ft	³31,632	329,713	2,483	2,554	2,307	2,379	1,831	1,765	1,810	1,891	2,148	2,281	2,251	2,338		
Hardwoods doSoftwoods do	37,297 24,335	37,003	545 1,938	572 1,982	542 1,765	527 1,852	441 1,390	418 1,347	356 1,454	402 1,489	411 1,737	416 1,865	419 1,822	443 1,895		
Shipments, totaldo	³31,126	329,715	2,395	2,431	2,260	2,382	2,045	1,989	1,637	1,837	2,148	2,336	2,308	2,513		
Hardwoods do Softwoods do	36,679 24,447		498 1,897	546 1,885	518 1,742	514 1,868	441 1,604	1,576	393 1,244	430 1,407	1,702	1,909	465 1,843	438 2,075		
Stocks (gross), mill, end of period, total do Hardwoods do	5,805 1,807		6,103 1,886	6,232 1,918	6,284 1,947	6,285 1,964	6,075 1,968	5,842 1,972	6,016 1,936	6,068 1,906	6,042 1,842	5,983 1,827	5,915 1,786	5,853 1,789		
Softwoods do	3,998	3,870		4,314	4,337	4,321	4,107	3,870	4,080	4,162	4,200	4,156	4,129	4,064		
Exports, total sawmill products	1,655 9,859		842	465	660	755	728	591	530	585	601	792	848	888	874	
SOFTWOODS Douglas fir:																
Orders, newmil. bd. ft Orders, unfilled, end of perioddo	6,791 499		486 510	466 458	483 455	536 458	476 477	459 429	407 471	393 443	523 496	473 487	486 481	550 500	504 488	
Production do	6,815	6,395	521	546	526	533	403	396	459	457	454	465	482	472	520	
Shipments doStocks (gross), mill, end of period dodo	6,821 912		481 941	518 969	486 1,009	533 1,009	457 955	507 844	365 938	421 974	470 958	482 941	492 931	530 939	516 943	
Exports, total sawmill products do Sawed timber do Boards, planks, scantlings, etc do	540 117 422	129	31 6 25	51 14 37	43 14 29	29 9 20	38 6 31	47 19 28	34 11 22	34 8 26	54 18 36	46 14 32	48 14 35	40 9 30	31 8 23	
Price, wholesale: Dimension, construction, dried, 2" x 4", R.L.								-								
\$ per M bd. ft.	223.42		I	l	l	l	l	<b>}</b>	l	l	l	l	١	l	l	l

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1980	1981			198	31						19	82			
hrough 1978 and descriptive notes are as shown n the 1979 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug
		LUM	BER	AND	PRO	DUC	TS—(	Conti	nued							
SOFTWOODS—Continued								·							i	
Southern pine: Orders, newmil. bd. ft	¹6,559	¹6,128	546	448	463	498	461	400	344	409	520	486	599			
Orders, unfilled, end of period	419 16,758	418 16,143	441 557	407 512	402 485	399 488	430 364	418 415	430 366	448 419	476 487	446 515	467 556			
Shipments	16,663	¹6,129	545	482	468	501	430	412	332	391	492	516	595			
of periodmil. bd. ft  Exports, total sawmill productsthous. bd. ft	1,270 280,243	1,284 227,020	1,313 20,898	1,343 21,048	1,360 16,719	1,347 19,043	1,281 21,334	1,284 15,032	1,318 14,283	1,346 18,936	1,341 20,195	1,340 23,660	1,295 19,318	26,989	18,752	
Prices, wholesale (indexes):	200,240	221,020	20,000	21,040	10,710	10,040	21,004	10,002	14,200	10,000	20,100	20,000	10,010	20,000	10,102	
Boards, No. 2 and better, 1" x 6", R.L. 1967 = 100 Flooring, C and better, F. G., 1" x 4", S.L. 1967 = 100	337.2 324.7															
Vestern pine: Orders, newmil. bd. ft.	7,730	7,235	627 377	569	538	573	489	428 219	407 257	413	562 333	608 302	605 331	609 305	629	
Orders, unfilled, end of period	326 7,613	219 7,261	616	314 656	291 511	264 582	243 436	390	423	261 417	529	621	572	603	304 642	
Shipments	7,807 1,185	7,342 1,104	619 1,284	632 1,308	561 1,258	600 1,240	510 1,166	452 1,104	369 1,158	409 1,166	490 1,205	639 1,187	576 1,183	634 1,196	630 1,208	1
Price, wholesale, Ponderosa, boards, No. 3, 1" x 12", R.L. (6' and over)\$ per M bd. ft HARDWOOD FLOORING	287.55	·														
Oak:       Orders, unfilled, end of periodmil. bd. ft         Shipments	1.9 78.0 12.4	2.8 83.1 10.1	3.6 6.5 7.6	3.0 7.1 8.7	3.1 6.6 8.8	2.1 7.0 7.9	2.4 5.7 7.7	2.8 5.2 10.1	2.0 5.4 9.9	2.2 5.4 10.3	2.6 6.9 9.9	1.9 6.0 10.5	1.8 6.0 10.2	2.1 6.2 11.8	2.2 5.8 11.4	
		M	ETAI	SAN	ND M	ANU	FAC'	rure	S						<u> </u>	
IRON AND STEEL																Γ
Exports: Steel mill products thous. sh. tons Scrap	4,101 11,168 73	2,904 6,415 16	218 348 1	194 450 1	228 395 1	233 532 2	244 480 1	227 509 1	173 462 4	154 539 (²)	197 522 1	148 507 1	194 812 1	180 806 56	146 577 1	
mports: Steel mill products do Scrap do	15,495 558 400	19,898 572 433	1,663 37 36	2,226 59 38	1,748 56 30	1,872 33 34	1,921 43 42	1,613 45 64	1,969 32 36	1,600 41 16	1,356 36 14	1,029 41 48	1,696 57 71	1,784 49 35	1,113 37 9	
Pig irondo do	400	400	30	50	30	34	42	04	30	10	14	40	,,,	35	,	
Production thous sh tons leceipts, net do Consumption do stocks, end of period do	142,207 140,954 183,710 8,018	r143,260 r141,981 r185,097 r8,118	3,689 3,454 7,168 8,245	3,631 3,564 7,116 8,383	3,591 3,542 7,116 8,408	3,353 3,496 6,833 8,418	3,004 3,064 6,054 8,453	2,817 2,661 5,656 8,261	2,742 2,715 5,917 7,826	2,753 2,889 5,615 7,870	3,019 3,114 6,180 7,762	2,597 2,779 5,391 7,716	r2,418 r2,611 r5,077 r7,650	2,311 2,326 4,699 7,569		
Prices, steel scrap, No. 1 heavy melting: Composite	92.17 96.17	90.17 100.50	87.07 99.00	91.37 107.50	89.74 102.50	84.24 95.50	78.01 86.00	76.02 85.50	81.70 94.00	80.47 91.50	75.93 85.00	69.98 75.00	62.85 64.00	55.21 59.50	53.84 57.50	
Ore  ron ore (operations in all U.S. districts):																
Mine production	169,613 169,594 25,058	r173,174 r172,181 28,042	7,112 9,703 3,059	6,860 9,300 4,113	6,382 8,133 2,595	5,731 7,112 2,555	3,910 5,048 2,029	4,430 3,507 1,585	5,687 1,076 1,630	5,244 1,180 1,018	5,126 1,433 646	5,347 2,265 773	4,358 5,306 1,199	2,525 4,964 1,865	1,508	
U.S. and foreign ores and ore agglomerates:  Receipts at iron and steel plants	87,188 89,397 5,073	96,645 94,958 115,546	12,350 8,022 530	12,159 8,024 607	9,927 7,708 391	9,070 6,913 315	7,241 6,370 8,358	5,579 6,038 685	1,664 5,518 44	1,589 5,175 1	1,596 5,670 1	2,795 4,888 211	6,672 4,896 349	7,182 4,342 539	6,746 4,705 289	
Stocks, total, end of period	56,066 *11,725 35,706 6,095	60,243 12,734 36,203 6,571	56,356 23,019 27,904 5,433	58,755 20,586 31,931 6,238	59,574 18,837 34,062 6,675	60,387 17,515 36,137 6,735	60,144 16,429 36,939 6,776	60,243 17,469 36,203 6,571	60,401 21,594 32,298 6,509	60,894 25,701 28,813 6,380	57,340 26,576 24,654 6,110	57,725 29,740 22,504 5,481	57,645 28,314 24,209 5,122	58,457 26,380 *26,909 5,168	28,860 4,908	
Manganese (mn. content), general imports do	795	775	68	55	72	51	67	49	65	49	65	55	22	58	35	1
Pig Iron and Iron Products ig iron:																
Production (including production of ferroalloys) thous. sh. tons Consumption	68,721 169,053	73,456 75,051	6,268 6,508	6,259 6,521	5,889 6,029	5,419 5,527	4,782 4,847	4,750 4,824	4,489 4,766	4,169 4,384	4,622 4,869	3,967 4,083	3,904 3,975	3,595	3,516	3,
Stocks, end of period	889	859 206.00	817 203.00	786 203.00	817 213.00	812 213.00	841 213.00	859 213.00	881 213.00	822 213.00	782 213.00	745 213.00	748 213.00			
astings, gray and ductile iron:	200.00	200.00	200.00	200.00	215.00	210.00	210.00	210.00	210.00	210.00	210.00	210.00	210.00	***************************************	***************************************	
Orders, unfilled, for sale, end of period thous. sh. tons Shipments, total	964 11,799 6,457	743 11,929 6,702	848 984 577	843 951 570	833 956 548	781 986 555	727 823 458	743 681 344	783 771 399	761 764 412	726 860 482	696 771 445	651 741 432			
astings, malleable iron: Orders, unfilled, for sale, end of period thous. sh. tons Shipments, total	22 450 206	32 421 199	40 31 14	46 33 17	36 33 15	31 35 18	33 26 13	32 23 10	31 24 12	29 26 15	29 30 13	25 28 12	24 27 12			

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1978 and descriptive notes are as shown		1981			198	31						19	82		-	
in the 1979 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS		ual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
	M	ETAL	S AN	D MA	NUF	ACT	URES	Co	ntinu	ed						
Steel, Raw and Semifinished																
Steel (raw): Productionthous. sh. tons. Rate of capability utilizationpercent.		<sup>11</sup> 120,828 <sup>1</sup> 78.3	10,160 77.6	10,120 77.3	9,618 75.9	9,003 68.7	7,962 62.8	7,672 58.6	7,737 59.3	7,178 60.9	8,049 61.7	7,006 55.2	6,678 50.9	6,050 47.7	5,719 43.8	5,53 42.
Steel castings: Orders, unfilled, for sale, end of period thous. sh. tons.	. 605	385	489	489	469	366	366	385	381	359	335	304	276			
Shipments, total	1,878 1,701	1,752 1,568	127 114	137 121	146 131	144 129	127 116	122 110	115 106	114 104	129 117	113 103	101 93		***************************************	
Steel products, net shipments: Total (all grades) thous. sh. tons. By product:	83,853	87,014	7,115	7,020	7,039	6,723	5,783	5,666	5,608	5,434	6,163	5,488	5,149	5,372	4,514	
Semifinished products	5,342 5,207 8,080 1,797	5,598 4,903 7,397 1,458	400 392 584 114	434 395 586 89	437 432 630 88	437 362 543 99	385 313 498 98	389 299 482 81	314 329 463 98	285 323 498 102	325 365 527 91	318 321 393 73	306 290 330 74	291 284 316 68	257 272 259 56	
Bars and tool steel, total do Bars: Hot rolled (incl. light shapes) do Bars: Reinforcing do Bars: Cold finished do	13,258 6,911 4,683 1,585	13,828 17,770 4,371 1,620	1,115 593 388 128	1,106 528 342 131	1,163 659 364 134	1,140 638 364 133	953 543 296 109	898 471 323 99	912 525 271 112	821 506 205 105	1,015 573 320 117	865 470 298 93	846 434 321 87	855 440 319 92	668 304 296 66	
Pipe and tubing do. Wire and wire products do. Tin mill products do. Sheets and strip (incl. electrical), total do. Sheets: Hot rolled do. Sheets: Cold rolled do.	1,768 5,709 33,595 12,116	10,286 1,694 4,927 36,924 13,451 14,396	859 137 413 3,102 1,146 1,209	881 130 399 3,001 1,124 1,154	849 135 396 2,910 1,063 1,125	892 133 351 2,765 976 1,085	813 107 327 2,288 863 857	759 102 412 2,246 901 811	753 105 389 2,245 793 869	702 115 449 2,139 768 817	662 133 400 2,645 953 1,030	602 125 328 2,462 828 1,005	476 123 338 2,367 759 957	388 123 386 2,661 848 1,069	274 113 331 2,285 758 884	
By market (quarterly):  Service centers and distributors	8,787 3,362 12,156 3,178 4,566 5,549	17,546 8,761 3,225 13,101 2,180 4,646 5,293			4,151 2,190 796 3,218 455 1,148 1,278			3,704 1,812 610 2,472 422 947 1,129			3,429 1,684 592 2,367 411 960 1,260			3,213 1,651 598 2,791 277 689 1,115	21,023 2512 2179 2788 262 2152 2337	
Other	30,082	32,264	***************************************		7,938			7,075	***************************************		6,500			5,676	²1,461	
mil. sh. tons. Producing mills, inventory, end of period: Steel in process	9.6	30.0 11.3 7.4	30.0 10.6 7.2	30.5 11.1 7.4	30.5 11.2 7.5	30.4 11.3 7.4	30.5 11.3 7.4	30.0 11.3 7.4	30.0 11.6 7.2	29.9 11.3 7.2	29.4 11.2 7.1	28.8 11.0 7.0	<sup>7</sup> 28.1 10.9 6.9	26.9 10.4 6.5		
Service centers (warehouses), inventory, end of period	. ³5.3	5.4	5.4	5.3	5.3	5.3	5.5	5.4	5.2	5.2	5.2	5.1	5.0	5.1		
Inventory, end of period do Receipts during period do Consumption during period do NONFERROUS METALS AND PRODUCTS	.  69.9	5.9 71.8 72.4	6.8 6.1 6.0	6.7 6.1 6.2	6.5 6.0 6.2	6.4 5.8 5.9	6.3 5.0 5.1	5.9 3.9 4.3	6.0 4.7 4.6	6.2 5.3 5.1	5.9 5.8 6.1	5.7 5.0 5.2	r5.3 4.8 r5.2	4.9 4.7 5.1		
Aluminum:													i '			
Production, primary (dom. and foreign ores) thous. sh. tons. Recovery from scrap (aluminum content) do	. 5,130 1,377	4,948 1,653	426 149	416 139	393 140	396 150	364 129	364 123	351 144	311 156	336 170	319 170	321 167	300 182		
Imports (general): Metal and alloys, crude	. 580.5 72.7	698.5 140.1	63.9 12.5	67.0 11.0	60.5 14.0	55.2 15.6	41.5 14.9	49.3 13.7	38.5 17.5	65.9 19.1	61.7 21.4	'61.0 14.1	51.0 19.5	66.5 15.5	42.2 16.7	
Exports: Metal and alloys, crude	. 715.0 315.3	344.2 271.2	29.3 16.0	16.8 15.2	9.2 17.2	24.1 21.6	23.1 16.0	24.6 16.8	22.1 18.0	18.8 17.8	46.0 18.3	26.6 15.4	19.9 15.9	48.5 19.9	24.2 13.3	
Price, primary ingot, 99.5% minimum \$ per lb. Aluminum products:	. 0.6957	0.7600	0.7600	0.7600	0.7600	0.7600	0.7600	0.7600	0.7600	0.7600	0.7600	0.7600	0.7600	0.7600	0.7600	0.760
Shipments: Ingot and mill prod. (net ship.)	10,485 5,862	13,147 10,310 5,962	1,039 859 494	1,119 866 514	1,082 871 514	1,040 826 476	847 665 368	909 672 383	7849 738 430	*934 734 *430	'1,095 831 482	*995 *783 452	1,020 763 441			
Castings	1,538 5,076	1,581	5,964	132 6,086	6,187	128 6,276	6,524	98 6,607	106 6,670	105 6,742	120 6,658	119 '6,683	6,682			
Copper: Production:		•	,	, i	,	,	,	ĺ								
Mine, recoverable copper	1,210.9 1,121.9	1,529.0 1,520.7 1,416.5 104.1	123.0 120.8 111.5 9.2	135.4 110.3 103.4 6.9	133.9 121.8 114.4 7.4	139.9 128.9 120.5 8.3	134.1 113.4 108.5 6.2	113.3 130.2 123.9 6.2	112.6 106.2 97.3 8.9	107.4 104.7 96.2 8.5	119.9 117.2 110.4 6.9	112.0 105.4 97.9 7.4	97.0 99.3 90.5 8.8	90.1 93.9 85.8 8.0		
Secondary, recovered as refined do		631.9	54.4	58.4	50.2	58.8	32.5	60.1	47.5	51.8					,	
Imports (general): Refined, unrefined, scrap (copper cont.)		502.5 359.3	41.6 32.2	48.1 37.8	45.7 37.8	52.7 36.7	42.4 30.2	42.3 24.3	45.2 20.6	40.6 15.7	30.8 18.8	30.6 22.3	47.5 20.4	50.6 29.2	47.5 27.2	
Exports: Refined and scrap		339.7 27.2	18.5 1.3	22.8 1.7	21.8 3.0	35.0 0.7	19.4 2.1	21.3 1.8	35.2 0.4	21.9 0.6	29.4 0.9	30.5 1.0	39.1 1.6	20.4 1.6	33.5 2.9	
Consumption, refined (by mills, etc.) thous. sh. tons. Stocks, refined, end of period		2,045 511			479 409			493 511							,	
Price, electrolytic (wirebars), dom., delivered \$ per lb.	. 1.0242	0.8512	0.8441	0.8739	0.8472	0.8231	0.8122	0.8029	0.7863	0.7878	0.7586	0.7627	0.7487	0.7149	0.7105	0.710

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1980	1981			19	31						19	82			··· <del>·</del>
through 1978 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1979 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
	M	ETAL	S AN	D MA	NUF	ACT	URES	S—Co	ntinu	ed				<u> </u>	<b>!</b>	·
NONFERROUS METALS AND PRODUCTS—Continued											-					
Copper-base mill and foundry products, shipments (quarterly total):																
Brass mill products	2,467 2,783 489	2,636 2,816 471			652 702 116			544 659 109			545 653 113					
Lead: Production: Mine, recoverable leadthous. met. tons Recovered from scrap (lead cont.)	549.5 675.6	¹444.1 567.3	31.7 46.4	38.1 49.1	47.8 52.5	47.3 50.9	39.6 52.2	41.2 48.7	40.5 45.5	43.5 48.2	48.7 48.0	44.3 47.6	42.1 46.1	42.6 44.8		
Imports (general), ore (lead cont.), metal do Consumption, totaldo do	52.1 1,070.3	$^{68.9}_{1,125.3}$	10.0 81.1	3.9 93.1	4.3 99.9	7.8 110.4	3.0 94.5	2.1 89.6	5.6 93.9	3.4 84.4	4.9 90.9	3.8 88.3	1.9 82.1	5.4 84.5	1.6	
Stocks, end of period: Producers', ore, base bullion, and in process (lead content), ABMS thous. met. tons Refiners' (primary), refined and antimonial	135.3	83.3	117.2	116.0	106.9	100.5	88.0	83.3	78.9	79.3	81.2	85.7	85.6	82.1	79.2	
(lead content)thous. met. tons Consumers' (lead content) ¶do Scrap (lead-base, purchased), all smelters	54.8 95.8	79.5 98.1	43.7 96.3	41.1 97.4	45.9 105.0	59.8 98.9	71.9 101.0	79.5 98.1	68.3 92.0	70.0 88.4	73.4 85.2	65.5 87.2	61.7 81.7	69.0 88.4	***************************************	
(gross weight)thous. met. tons Price, common grade, delivered\$ per lb	59.6 0. <b>424</b> 6	41.7 0.3653	46.1 0.4098	50.9 0.4389	52.8 0.4032	54.0 0.3705	45.8 0.3388	41.7 0.3107	41.7 0.2967	36.8 0.2870	35.1 0.2764	34.5 0.2606	32.7 0.2609	36.1 0.2476	0.2718	0.2582
Tin: Imports (for consumption): Ore (tin content)	842 45,983 118,638 11,703	232 45,873 15,010 1,705	0 3,440 1,215 185	0 2,819 1,310 140	0 3,038 1,225 125	0 3,261 1,280 155	232 3,951 1,150 115	0 4,216 1,270 160	295 2,312 1,025 85	72 1,089 1,150 195	162 2,742 1,135 120	149 3,145 1,005 150	0 2,966 1,065 140	156 2,055	93 2,450	
Consumption, total do Primary do	156,362 144,342	48,450 38,750	3,900 2,900	4,200 3,000	3,950 3,000	3,900 2,950	3,400 2,500	2,950 2,200	3,400 2,500	3,300 2,500	3,750 2,800	5,100 3,600	5,000 3,600	5,100 3,700		
Exports, incl. reexports (metal)	4,293 5,504 8.4600	5,989 5,988 7.3305	1,019 6,465 6.8981	287 5,663 7.5339	471 5,710 7.8022	253 5,325 7.9560	171 5,563 8.2147	1,180 5,988 7.9352	4,748 3,872 7.7590	1,610 3,490 7.4519	3,829 6.6917	454 5,222 6.5600	*4,953 6.6284	666 4,653 6.0826	6.1255	6.2549
Zinc: Mine prod., recoverable zinc thous. met. tons Imports (general):	334.9	305.3	23.6	24.6	28.3	28.0	25.4	23.4	24.2	24.7	25.3	23.4	25.6	27.0		
Öres (zinc content)       do         Metal (slab, blocks)       do	113.8 329.0	117.7 602.6	8.5 55.4	13.6 50.8	11.4 43.0	7.8 48.2	3.7 59.3	9.2 32.8	3.2 2.0	6.1 33.0	6.3 36.2	2.4 26.4	4.0 35.3	4.9 39.8	0.7 27.8	
Consumption (recoverable zinc content):  Ores	67.6 236.1	58.2 224.1	3.2 17.3	3.2 17.5	4.6 18.5	4.6 19.5	4.6 18.7	5.3 18.6	4.6 17.1	4.2 16.8	4.7 18.2	6.8 18.0	6.2 17.7	3.9 17.3		
Slab zinc: @ Production, total ‡ thous. met. tons Consumption, fabricators do Exports do	1369.9 1811.1 0.3	341.8 834.7 0.3	30.0 64.4 (²)	30.4 72.4 (²)	26.7 70.2 (²)	27.0 66.2 0.1	26.6 59.8 (²)	23.0 52.0 (²)	24.2 55.1 (²)	21.6 55.3 (²)	21.4 r60.0 (²)	19.3 57.8 (2)	21.5 r58.8 (²)	21.5 66.4 (²)	18.7 0.	
Stocks, end of period:   Producers', at smelter (ABMS)	18.7 22.6 0.3743	34.6 72.1 0.4455	18.9 68.9 0.4625	20.8 70.5 0.4747	19.5 72.4 0.4872	24.5 72.1 0.4587	31.6 72.9 0.4615	34.6 72.1 0.4259	36.7 70.1 0.4217	41.2 67.0 0.4272	41.8 65.7 0.3923	39.9 60.0 0.3550	35.3 60.8 0.3467	27.9 57.7 0.3460	20.5 0.3566	0.3779
Heating, combustion, atmosphere equipment, new orders (domestic), net, qtrly #	348.3 82.8 156.5	470.0 106.9 225.4			126.8 23.2 70.9			115.3 28.4 54.0			113.7 20.2 61.0			73.3 17.5 26.9		
Material handling equipment (industrial): Orders (new), index, seas. adj	375.5	382.0	446.2	292.5	413.9	324.2	388.7	377.8	323.0	428.0	262.3	273.0	221.4	241.2		
Industrial trucks (electric), shipments: Hand (motorized) number	20,495	18,734	1,383	1,596	1,765	1,571	1,586	1,569	1,250	1,398	1,665	1,216	1,228	1,558	787	
Rider-type	24,110 39,448	19,784 31,885	1,258 2,366	1,492 2,482	1,812 2,721	1,722 2,622	1,814 2,622	1,976 2,551	1,447 2,277	1,452 2,053	1,828 2,430	1,386 1,658	1,402 1,587	1,567 2,216	931 824	
Industrial supplies, machinery and equipment: New orders index, seas, adjusted 1977 = 100	109.8	115.6	121.9	119.2	115.6	112.6	111.7	110.5	107.6	104.1	98.9	91.9	85.3	84.6	81.4	
Industrial suppliers distribution: † Sales index, seas. adjusted	134.5	142.3	149.4	150.6	147.2	147.9	140.0	132.5	135.2	130.9	133.3	134.4	123.5	121.3	120.0	
handling equip., valves, fittings, abrasives, fasteners, metal products, etc.) 1977 = 100 Fluid power products shipments indexes: *	131.2	144.3	145.8	146.2	146.7	147.4	148.3	149.2	150.2	151.6	152.6	152.9	153.7	153.8	154.0	
Hydraulic products, seas. adj	272 234	279 249	310 266	287 267	301 243	269 242	276 252	271 251	263 252	255 245	246 225	233 215	218 194	'232 '194	r191 r195	204 182
Machine tools:         Metal cutting type tools:           Orders, new (net), total	3,884.75 3,495.50 3,680.80 3,206.00 4,749.7	2,228.10 1,945.80 4,104.50 3,552.45 2,873.3	136.85 121.95 295.35 255.95 3,837.8	167.45 145.70 259.60 228.35 3,745.6	150.95 140.45 365.35 336.05 3,531.2	157.10 145.80 334.60 305.70 3,353.7	135.40 115.65 329.75 287.35 3,159.4	112.55 101.05 398.60 358.85 2,873.3	155.95 124.90 307.15 284.50 2,722.1	123.15 113.30 293.15 273.75 2,552.1	105.75 90.20 332.75 303.05 2,325.1	115.10 107.55 239.45 214.60 2,200.8	*68.00 *53.75 246.60 224.15 *2,022.2	91.65 55.15 324.60 296.55 1,789.2	P71.60 P58.75 P202.00 P173.15 P1,658.8	
Metal forming type tools:         0           Orders, new (net), total	869.55 664.95 1,010.95 878.55 384.8	716.75 616.85 991.10 824.20 427.0	55.15 48.60 71.75 62.35 569.8	46.70 42.95 65.80 56.05 550.7	36.35 31.00 76.10 67.25 511.0	59.40 50.20 72.30 60.25 498.0	60.35 52.85 78.40 70.00 480.0	39.25 32.90 92.30 79.95 427.0	49.25 41.25 76.40 49.60 399.8	40.65 35.90 66.45 57.50 374.0	32.05 26.75 78.30 73.15 327.8	37.70 29.95 60.00 56.30 299.4	r37.95 r27.40 r49.25 r44.90 r288.2	34.25 29.25 84.55 75.35 237.8	P30.40 P46.80 P40.65	

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1978 and descriptive notes are as shown	1980	1981			198	B1						19	82			
in the 1979 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
	M	ETAL	S AN	D MA	NUF	ACT	URES	—Co	ntinu	ed			٠	•	•	•
MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT—Continued																
Tractors used in construction, shipments, qtrly: Tracklaying, totalunis	16,503	15,789			3,850			3,010	,,,,,		2,300	<b>1</b> 699	4861			
mil. \$ Wheel (contractors' off-highway) units mil. \$	1,306.1 4,781 387.5	1,569.9 4,309 410.9			422.4 1,127 112.4			311.2 784 90.3			252.5 547 58.2	478.0	488.7			
Tractor shovel loaders (integral units only), wheel and tracklaying types units mil \$	45,480 1,697.1	33,369 1,605.0			7,557 354.6			6,774 344.6			6,218 300.8					
Tractors, wheel, farm, nonfarm (ex. garden and construction types), ship., qtrly units mil. \$	146,274 3,183.4	141,170 3,479.3			32,277 805.5			31 822.7			27,890 737.3	<sup>4</sup> 9,641 <sup>4</sup> 257.7	48,769 4259.5			
ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT	.,	-,														
Batteries (autotype replacement), shipthous	50,063	53,597	4,037	5,278	6,096	6,201	4,668	5,012	4,897	4,269	3,839	3,611	3,584	3,640	3,629	
Radio sets, production, total marketthous Television sets (incl. combination models), production, total marketthous	28,104 18,532	31,476 18,480	2,364 1,216	3,661 1,494	<sup>2</sup> 3,233 <sup>2</sup> 1,981	3,767 1,550	3,216 1,474	<sup>2</sup> 1,814 <sup>2</sup> 1,250	2,012 1,208	1,671 1,344	<sup>2</sup> 1,816 <sup>2</sup> 1,499	1,609 1,375	2,460 1,292	3,179 21,710	1,177	1,420
Household major appliances (electrical), factory shipments (domestic and export) #thous	30,260	30,336	*2,703	2,436	2,357	2,342	1,854	1,831	1,947	2,177	2,650	2,452	2,232	2,341	2,196	
Air conditioners (room) do Dishwashers do	3,204 2,738	3,692 2,484	283 190	2,400 64 236	52 202	90 220	94 165	163 144	191 169	361 160	572 151	517 201	419 169	289 160	145 187	
Disposers (food waste) do Ranges do	2,962 2,530	3,178 2,325	<sup>7</sup> 238 <sup>7</sup> 199	288 190	234 176	331 191	197 163	206 152	220 147	214 143	272 161	175 169	200 150	207 293	199 166	
Refrigerators do Freezers do	5,124 1,681	4,944 1,561	511 r229	450 152	456 111	383 89	272 62	264 76	276 89	324 99	343 117	379 107	359 112	437	456 151	
Washers do	4,550	4,365	376	398	416 293	612	267 217	246	306	347	383 253	345	322 195	352	323	
Dryers (incl. gas)	3,177 7,439	2,977 7,785	243	254	1,955	260	217	189 1,767	228	234	1,911	214	195	214 1,677	196	
GAS EQUIPMENT (RESIDENTIAL)																
Furnaces, gravity and forced-air, shipmentsthous Ranges, total, salesdo Water heaters (storage), automatic, sales @ do	1,446 1,538 2,818	1,417 1,496 2,785	115 110 204	120 121 204	125 136 202	139 128 224	111 119 203	95 124 211	80 99 239	69 107 268	77 135 305	70 110 295	69 113 246	*85 *12 248	84 83 230	
	,	PETI	ROLE	UM,	COA	L, AN	D PF	RODU	CTS		,					
COAL																
Anthracite:         Production	6,056 1,795 463.7	5,423 2,249 582.2	566 332 589.7	534 278 597.3	417 307 619.9	457 252 629.1	550 171 642.5	394 101 643.7	472 147 643.7	508 44 643.7	613 84 645.5	79 648.1	41 648.0	45 637.5	106 637.5	
Bituminous: Production † thous, sh. tons	823,644	814,716	73,345	78,204	79,823	86,074	75,326	73,250	62,951	68,478	83,100				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Consumption, total	669,061	724,953	66,764	65,169	58,975	58,405	57,822	64,114	02,301	00,410						
Electric power utilities	568,322 125,815	595,575 124,498	56,042 10,459	54,350 10,580	48,385 10,270	47,685 10,290	46,873 10,374	52,968 10,390	57,195	48,975						
Coke plants (oven and beehive) do	66,493	60,860	5,433	5,417	5,319	5,150	5,030	4,833								
Residential and commercial do	4,924	4,880	263	239	320	430	575	756						l		***************************************
Stocks, end of period, total	178,269	179,064 163,356	148,423 134,855	151,041 136,981	158,651 144,097	169,103 154,165	176,776 161,454	179,064 163,356	152,935	152,735						
Industrial, total	20,808 9,017	15,708 6,446	13,568 5,027	14,060 5,602	14,554 6,179	14,938 6,268	15,322 6,357	15,708 6,446								
Exports do do	89,882	110,243		11,034	11,589	12,105		11,462	6,029 520.6				10,057 529.8	10,626 529.9	9,071 534.5	535.0
Price, wholesale Index, 1967=100 <b>COKE</b>	466.5	493.7	501.9	503.2	506.8	506.0	507.6	510.2	320.6	525.3	525.0	r527.9	525.0	525.5	004.0	
Production:  Beehive and oven (byproduct) thous. sh. tons  Petroleum coke § do	46,132 27,094	42,786 28,296	2,360	2,425	11,175 2,466	2,348	2,445	10,580 2,622	2,420	2,207	8,828 2,551	2,428	2,533	2,397		
Stocks, end of period: Oven-coke plants, totaldo	8,627	6,724			5,198			6,724			7,455					
At furnace plants do At merchant plants do	7,521 1,106	6,320 403			4,805 394			6,320 403			7,015 440					
Petroleum coke ‡ do	<sup>ś</sup> 846	900	813	790	765	708	836	900	829	894	939	959	963	1,091		
Exportsdo  PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS	2,162	1,251	73	60	94	123	67	134	48	105	97	37	154	175	129	***************************************
Crude petroleum:	27,026	<sup>1</sup> 37,647	2,790	r3,140	3,416	3,775	3,587	4,581	2,790	3,049	3,750	3,683	3,459	3,899	3,286	2,848
Oil wells completed number Price, wholesale	556.4	803.5	798.9	796.8	796.8	788.2	785.9	787.2	787.2	770.3	744.8	717.9	718.2	718.5	718.7	
unitsmil. bbl	5,049.3	4,656.5	389.9	409.3	382.5	383.3	378.2	395.1	372.9 66	325.4 65	361.7	353.0	378.9	388.4 74		
Refinery operating ratio	76	69	400.7	71	400.0	500.5	476.9	501.3			454.0	66 437.5	68 465.2			
New supply, total \( \)mil. bbl  Production:  Crude petroleumdo	6,266.9 3,146.4	5,905.7 3,124.6	490.7 261.1	494.2 265.9	498.2 257.6	500.5 264.8	476.2 257.8	501.3 267.3	480.2 268.7	418.6 243.3	454.9 266.5	259.6	268.5	260.4		Ì
Natural gas plant liquids do Imports:	591.8	597.9	49.5	50.5	50.9	51.6	50.1	51.1	49.2	44.0	50.1	49.3	48.4	46.8		
Crude and unfinished oils do Refined products do	1,946.2 582.5	1,642.8 540.4	135.3 44.8	134.0 43.9	145.3 44.4	140.7 43.4	124.0 44.3	135.7 47.1	118.6 43.6	86.9 44.4	92.7 45.6	88.0 40.6	107.3 41.0	117.6 39.2		
Change in stocks, all oils (decrease,—) do	³79.3	68.3	5.8	14.5	22.3	7.6	17.9	-17.6	-27.7	-29.5	-30.5	-51.0	-0.5	12.9		
Demand, total do	6,441.7	6,057.2	504.8	492.3	484.1	513.9	486.3	535.0	518.3	468.9	509.7	505.0	485.1	469.0		
Exports:		1	l	l	ı	!					1			1		

6,242.4 2,420.5 58.0 1,049.0	5,840.2 2,414.9		Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.
6,242.4 2,420.5 58.0 1,049.0	5,840.2 2,414.9		OAL,	ANI	PR	ODII									
2,420.5 58.0 1,049.0	2,414.9	407.1		1	, T TO	UDUU	CTS—	Cont	inued	l					
2,420.5 58.0 1,049.0	2,414.9	407,	- 1												
58.0 1,049.0	2,414.9	487.1	472.3	468.6	491.1	465.2	514.6	492.6	446.4	482.3	481.4	460.2	447.9		
	46.2	212.5 2.7	207.2 2.9	200.5 2.8	205.5 4.1	192.5 4.4	208.9 6.2	184.2 6.4	170.5 5.0	205.8 3.6	207.5 3.4	207.0 3.2	205.4 2.5		
918.0	1,032.8 752.5	73.8 61.9	73.9 57.3	75.9 56.3	86.6 57.8	86.6 56.3	101.0 67.9	105.7 66.6	89.2 63.3	89.3 59.3	89.9 56.0	75.8 48.1	73.5 45.1		
390.7 58.3	368.6 56.0	33.7 5.1	31.8 4.3	30.9 4.6	29.0 5.3	29.8 3.7	30.7 4.4	31.2 3.9	29.7 4.2	30.3 4.2	30.0 4.6	31.2 4.1	29.6 4.5		
142.4 537.8	124.8 542.2	15.2 38.8	15.8 35.0	13.9 42.1	13.7 49.2	9.9 47.4	5.8 51.8	2.9 58.1	4.3 47.6	5.2 47.4	7.1 45.8	10.5 44.4	14.3 38.6		
¹1,420.2 ¹482.9	1,488.5 598.8	1,443.8 565.6	1,458.3 549.9	1,480.7 560.7	1,488.3 584.3	1,506.2 594.8	1,488.5 598.8	1,460.9 606.2	1,431.4 612.2	1,400.9 614.2	1,349.9 611.0	1,349.4 609.5	1,362.3 606.9		
107.8 1192.0 1745.3	230.3 176.8 712.9	173.1 181.0 697.1	184.7 182.6 725.8	199.2 179.9 740.0	214.8 178.0 726.0	222.5 178.3 733.0	230.3 176.8 712.9	235.3 181.5 673.3	241.2 184.0 635.2	248.5 183.5 603.1	255.5 178.4 560.4	261.0 174.5 565.4	264.1 174.1 581.2		
2 22 4	0.050.0	222.2	222	100.1	222.2	400.0	2222	***		400.0		****	222.0		
2,394.1 1213.5	2,350.8 205.8	200.2 187.7	206.3 190.6	198.1 193.2	200.9 192.9	198.3 202.9	206.0 205.8	192.3 216.8	166.3 216.1	186.8 201.5	183.7 182.0	196.8 176.2	203.9 180.2		
576.7	666.0	677.4	668.4	666.4	666.1	661.7	657.7	651.7	642.3	621.1	r578.6	556.9	582.7	629.8	63'
1.217	( <del>1</del> )	1.398	1.397	1.398	( <u>*</u> )										
12.3	2.7	2.2	2.3	2.6	2.6	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.7	2.6	2.4	2.5	2.4		
50.1 111.4	43.6 11.1	2.8 13.2	3.0 13.6	$\frac{2.7}{13.8}$	2.7 12.6	3.7 12.4	4.5 11.1	4.4 9.6	4.3 9.1	3.3 8.8	3.6 9.6	2.4 8.9	2.7 9.2		
863.4	1,039.8	1,067.5	1,052.6	1,044.6	1,043.2	1,042.7	1,037.9	1,044.3	1,034.3	1,027.9	<sup>7</sup> 1,009.1	974.7	973.1	983.3	98
974.1 51.9	954.9 61.0	74.5 5.5	82.3	78.3	77.2 3.6	81.9	88.7	81.1	68.5 3.6	71.1 1.5	70.7	81.2	81.9		
1205.4	190.2	186.7	200.3	206.8	201.2	200.0	190.2	166.0	146.7	127.7	108.8	114.5	124.6		
850.6	1,058.1	1,079.8	1,076.7	1,067.8	1,056.1	1,047.5	1,060.6	1,067.8	1,058.2	1,029.3	r953.6	925.0		1,020.8	1,01
343.6	290.6	25.7	25.4	25.2	24.0	25.3	28.5	25.4	26.0	28.2	22.9	22.9	19.3		
961.2	1,239.0	1,206.1	1,246.4	1,192.4	1,179.1	1,174.3	1,180.9	1,219.8	1,177.6	1,163.0	°1,182.7	1,189.4	1,227.2	1,246.9	1,25
365.6 142.4	353.5 40.5	32.2 44.9	30.3 44.9	28.0 43.3	28.0 42.8	28.9 41.9	29.3 40.5	27.8 37.2	28.0 37.0	34.7 42.5	30.3 44.1	27.9 41.8	27.9 40.1		
65.1 113.6	60.6 14.2	5.0 13.3	5.3 14.1	4.4 13.7	4.9 12.9	5.0 13.9	5.1 14.2	4.3 14.4	4.1 14.3	4.3 13.7	4.5 13.4	4.6 13.5	4.6 13.4		
141.2 118.8	124.2 19.5	12.7 25.4	13.4 23.1	11.9 21.3	10.7 18.4	9.0 17.6	7.6 19.5	6.5 23.1	5.4 24.3	7.0 26.1	8.0 27.1	10.5 27.1	12.4 25.6		
561.8	583.4	47.3	48.4	48.6	49.8	50.0	49.9	47.9	41.3	47.2	47.0	49.1	47.1		
440.9 120.8	467.9 115.6	37.8 9.5	37.8 10.6	39.3 9.3	40.6 9.2	41.0 9.0	41.0 8.9	40.3 7.6	34.8 6.6	39.2 8.0	39.1 7.8	40.4 8.7	38.3 8.8		
		L			L	·				109.0	105.8	107.7	110.9		
	PULP	, PAI	EK,	AND	PAP	ER P	KOD	UCIS	; 						
								ļ							
381,007 379,703	379,547 379,604	6,799 6,526	6,706 6,656	6,774 6,645	7,206 7,058	6,258 6,459	5,972 5,658	(2) (2)							
6,697	6,045	5,464	5,552	5,693	5,917	5,600	6,045	(²)							
³13,185 831	³13,523 11,042	1,063 940	1,190 959	1,109 958	1,135 949	1,016 941	966 993	( <sup>2</sup> ) ( <sup>2</sup> )							
³52,055	³51,783	4,057	4,513	4,309	4,459	4,268	3,590	(2)							 
38,931	1,366 39,597	102 3,129	140 3,445	102 3,309	113 3,443	129 3,251	85 2,675	(2) (2)							
4,887	5,038	387	444	427	423	407	130 420	(2)							
,	ŕ													••••••	
439	1,198 690	667	730	1,141 602	1,267 745	1,341 842	1,198 690	(2)					••••••		
57	54	59		54	60	56	54	(2)							
*3,805 769	³3,678 784	237 65	300 65	347 63	274 62	267 53	315 85	221 50	303 42	319 62	316 52	326 69	302 55	261 32	
33,037 34,051	1 '					l 1			261 310				247 287		
194 33,858	201 33,885	25 304	10	24 255	27 379	10	8	26	9	10	22	8	12		<i>.</i>
	1.217 1.261 12.8 12.3 50.1 11.4 863.4 974.1 51.9 1205.4 850.6 578.4 343.6 191.5 961.2 365.6 142.4 65.1 113.6 65.1 141.2 18.8 561.8 440.9 120.8 128.0 381,007 379,703 6,697 313,185 831 352,055 1,418 38,931 1,911 1,4887 3,938 9444 439 57 33,938 9444 439 57 33,037 34,051	1.217 (*) 1.261 (*) 1.28 11.5 1.23 2.7 50.1 43.6 1.11.4 11.1 863.4 1,039.8 974.1 954.9 1.25.4 190.2 850.6 1,058.1 578.4 480.3 343.6 290.6 1.2 1,239.0 365.6 353.5 1.239.0 365.6 1.2 1,239.0 365.6 1.2 1,239.0 365.6 1.2 1,239.0 365.6 1.2 1,239.0 365.6 1.2 1,239.0 365.6 1.2 1,239.0 365.6 1.2 1,239.0 365.6 1.2 1,239.0 365.6 1.2 1,239.0 365.6 1.2 1,239.0 365.6 1.2 1,239.0 365.6 1.2 1,239.0 365.6 1.2 1,239.0 365.6 1.2 1,239.0 365.6 1.2 1,239.0 365.6 1.2 1,239.0 365.6 1.2 1,239.0 365.6 1.2 1,239.0 379.5.5 1.418. 19.5 381.007 379.547 379.604 6.128.0 137.0  PULP  **S1,007 379.547 379.604 6.128.0 137.0  **PULP  **S1,007 379.547 379.604 6.045 1.118.8 1,366 1.128.0 137.0  **PULP  **S1,007 379.547 379.604 6.045 1.118.8 1,366 1.128.0 137.0  **S1,007 379.547 379.604 6.045 1.118.8 1,366 1.128.0 137.0  **S1,007 379.547 379.604 6.045 1.118.8 1,366 1.118.8 3,369 1.	1.217 (*) 1.398 1.261 (*) 1.450 1.2.8 11.5 1.3 1.2.3 2.7 2.2 50.1 43.6 2.8 1.11.4 11.1 13.2 863.4 1,039.8 1,067.5 974.1 954.9 74.5 51.9 61.0 5.5 1.205.4 190.2 186.7 850.6 1,058.1 1,079.8 578.4 480.3 36.4 343.6 290.6 25.7 191.5 78.3 961.2 1,239.0 1,206.1 365.6 353.5 32.2 142.4 40.5 44.9 65.1 60.6 5.0 13.6 14.2 13.3 141.2 124.2 12.7 18.8 19.5 25.4 561.8 583.4 47.3 440.9 467.9 37.8 120.8 115.6 9.5 128.0 137.0 140.6  PULP, PAF  **S1,007 **79,547 6,799 **79,703 **79,604 6,526* 6,697 6,045 5,464  **31,185 **13,523 1,063* 110.42 940  **52,055 1,783 1,063* 110.42 940  **52,055 1,783 1,063* 110.42 940  **52,055 1,783 1,063* 110.42 940  **52,055 1,783 1,063* 110.42 940  **54,051 1,366 1,02 38,931 39,597 3,129 1,911 1,812 1,264 4,887 5,038 3,940 313 944 1,198 1,224 439 6,90 6,67 449 454 497 57 54 59 3,805 3,678 237 769 3,678 237 769 3,678 237 769 3,678 237 769 3,678 237 769 3,678 237 769 3,678 237 769 3,678 237 769 3,678 237 769 3,678 237 769 3,678 237 769 3,678 237 3,129 194 201 255	1.217 (*) 1.398 1.397 1.449  12.8 11.5 1.3 1.2 2.3 2.7 2.2 2.3 50.1 43.6 2.8 3.0 11.4 11.1 13.2 13.6 863.4 1,039.8 1,067.5 1,052.6 974.1 954.9 74.5 82.3 551.9 61.0 5.5 4.9 1205.4 190.2 186.7 200.3 850.6 1,058.1 1,079.8 1,076.7 578.4 480.3 36.4 38.1 343.6 290.6 25.7 74.8 961.2 1,239.0 1,206.1 1,246.4 365.6 353.5 32.2 30.3 442.4 40.5 44.9 44.9 45.4 66.5 1 60.6 5.0 5.3 14.1 141.2 124.2 12.7 13.4 141.2 124.3 13.3 14.1 141.2 124.2 12.7 13.4 140.8 13.5 10.6 148.1 15.6 9.5 10.6 148.	1.217 (*) 1.398 1.397 1.398 1.261 (*) 1.449 1.450 1.449 1.450 1.28 11.5 1.3 1.2 2.3 2.6 2.7 2.2 2.3 2.6 2.6 2.7 2.2 2.3 2.6 2.6 2.7 2.2 2.3 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.7 2.2 2.3 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.7 2.2 2.3 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.6 2.6	1.217	1.217	1.217	1.217	1.217	1.217	1.217	1.217   (*)	1.217	1.217

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1980	1981			198	31						19	82			
through 1978 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1979 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann		July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
]	PULP,	PAP	ER, A	ND I	PAPE	R PR	CODU	CTS-	–Con	tinue	:d					
PAPER AND PAPER PRODUCTS	,															
Paper and board: Production (Bu. of the Census): All grades, total, unadjusted thous. sh. tons. Paper	65,834 30,164 31,143 138 4,390	66,439 30,669 31,561 160 3,846	5,347 2,451 2,543 12 342	5,653 2,603 2,705 14 332	5,548 2,556 2,688 14 290	5,592 2,676 2,629 14 273	5,252 2,500 2,497 9 247	4,693 2,309 2,177 9 197	6) 6) 6) 6) 6)							
Producer price indexes: Paperboard	234.6 206.2	258.1 231.7	259.4 235.5	260.6 234.2	261.6 234.2	261.7 233.3	261.6 232.1	260.0 230.3	259.7 233.8	261.4 231.4	261.1 *239.6	261.2 '236.3	258.8 239.5	255.9 239.4	255.0 239.2	255 243
Selected types of paper (API): Groundwood paper, uncoated: Orders, new	11,475 110 11,498	*11,449 *100 *11,463	125 119 111	130 122 126	118 134 110	117 117 133	95 90 116	122 112 113	113 89 110	112 95 108	123 98 126	'140 '104 123	7116 7102 115	7113 799 7118	130 114 114	
Coated paper: Orders, new	14,753 391 4,673	14,853 360 4,940	407 341 387	424 340 422	409 317 434	448 324 439	396 319 399	363 308 389	397 343 404	411 361 389	407 332 437	'408 '336 409	381 7307 7408	r433 r305 r432	388 310 392	
Uncoated free sheet papers:         Orders, new	¹7,694 ¹8,326	*17,735 *18,234	639 645	633 675	627 688	677 713	570 655	592 599	628 676	612 658	713 745	'641 689	'619 '669	r645 r670	567 587	*********
converting papers: Shipments thous. sh. tons. Tissue paper, production do	¹3,930 ¹4,375	<sup>r1</sup> 3,873	298 347	330 395	318 372	311 390	326 373	269 350	311 355	324 365	343 406	288 r356	270 r362	<sup>7</sup> 290	285 330	
Newsprint:         Canada:           Production         thous. metric tons           Shipments from mills         do           Stocks at mills, end of period         do	8,625 8,622 165	8,946 8,915 194	726 738 211	677 652 236	707 708 235	815 795 255	769 773 252	743 800 194	783 671 304	719 709 326	760 750 336	694 703 327	743 718 353	652 611 394	617 615 397	
United States:         Production         do           Shipments from mills         do           Stocks at mills, end of period         do	4,239 4,234 21	4,753 4,735 38	405 401 43	426 421 48	400 410 38	420 417 41	412 407 46	359 367 38	415 406 46	378 376 48	420 413 55	396 374 76	385 376 86	383 381 89	363 351 101	
Consumption by publishers \( \begin{align*} \] do Stocks at and in transit to publishers, end of period thous metric tons.	10,089 732	10,165 961	791 952	827 928	839 944	922 959	914 947	892 961	790 981	775 1,038	868 1,068	863 1,045	<sup>r</sup> 878 1,012	r808 r999	784 992	
Imports	7,279 3279.3	6,977 3308.1	568 301.9	502 309.3	513 316.8	649 316.8	624 316.8	557 316.8	585 316.8	524 318.1	608 318.1	503 *321.1	620 324.0	570 321.0	460 318.4	318
Paper products: Shipping containers, corrugated and solid fiber shipments	241,377	244,429	°20,710	20,434	21,094	21,867	18,189	17,600	18,961	18,638	21,218	19,941	18,720	20,071	18,610	
Folding paper boxes, shipments thous. sh. tons mil. \$	( <sup>2</sup> )															
		RUI	BBER	ANI	RU:	BBEF	R PR	ODUC	CTS							
RUBBER																
Natural rubber:  Consumptionthous. metric tons  Stocks, end of perioddo	586.15 126.67	634.67 142.43	56.36 113.53	51.07 111.22	52.13 114.37	57.32 122.97	49.68 130.51	42.56 142.43	54.59 138.36	51.64 138.02	53.56 134.39	54.40 67.00	48.69 126.26	55.71 119.72		
Imports, incl. latex and guayulethous. lg. tons Price, wholesale, smoked sheets (N.Y.) \$ per lb	598.31 40.730	662.41 40.576	41.59 0.560	43.40 0.540	62.76 0.504	69.42	56.23 0.456	49.13 0.483	50.99 0.488	59.33 0.465	45.71 0.470	53.86 0.453	56.19 0.453	63.39 0.461	38.67 0.465	l
Synthetic rubber: Production	2,015.24 1,854.01	2,021.45 1,889.71	161.50 144.69	159.72 164.99	168.90 156.72	169.98	157.68 141.13	125.51 131.88	140.49 143.09	145.76 138.94	170.32 149.88	154.86 134.63	155.44 133.07	139.74 137.02		
Stocks, end of period do	341.77	349.02	369.44	353.40	333.47	352.57	364.38	349.02	340.36	340.43	356.30	376.91	375.59	363.58		
Exports (Bu. of Census)thous. lg. tons TIRES AND TUBES	422.78	334.63	26.27	21.97	24.40	23.94	22.49	21.65	27.76	23.46	31.18	26.53	24.73	25.23	20.40	
Preumatic casings, automotive: Productionthous	1159,263	1181,762	14,277	14,902	15,851	16,534	13,750	11,855	14,866	15,387	17,051	15,077	14,856	15,669	***************************************	
Shipments, total         do           Original equipment         do           Replacement equipment         do           Exports         do	177,063 40,227 131,271 5,565	201,105 41,711 153,716 5,678	17,380 3,026 13,901 453	17,583 2,813 14,407 363	17,982 3,123 14,503 356	18,179 3,537 14,168 474	13,992 2,758 10,823 411	13,544 2,363 10,820 361	14,144 2,478 11,365 301	13,704 2,769 10,573 362	17,312 3,697 13,216 399	17,676 3,679 13,652 345	18,216 3,970 13,989 257	19,428 4,074 15,018 336		
Stocks, end of period	33,298 9,058	40,863 11,088	37,116 830	36,709 1,134	36,088 725	36,556 653	41,112 990	40,863 485	42,904 385	46,254 461	47,817 614	46,583 454	45,337 463	43,475 653	381	
inner tubes, automotive: Exports (Bu. of Census)	4,557	3,428	350	337	259	268	208	231	141	151	254	174	102	178	195	

1980	1981			198	31						19	32		_	
	nual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug
	STON	E, CI	ΔY,	AND	GLA	SS P	RODI	UCTS							
1404,569	1382,452	38,872	37,489	37,303	36,266	29,590	23,495	15,149	17,755	25,729	28,213	30,984	35,388	34,527	
6,090.1	5,199.9	477.3	445.4	440.6	431.3	352.6	276.7	176.7	213.7	345.1	370.9	398.4			
. 758.7	462.2	42.8	42.6	41.1	41.7	30.9	21.9	14.9	13.4	23.3	25.9	29.0		************	
297.6					23.7	21.5		20.7	20.7	27.0	25.7	31.0			
280.8	300.2	302.8	302.8	303.2	303.1	303.8	303.8	303.8	304.2	304.2	r308.4	310.9	311.4	312.3	312
													a.a.a.		
868,459	952,283		***************************************	243,260			226,926			194,972			219,074	***********	
327,972	321,373	27,751	29,412	25,943	29,305	23,849	19,912	24,442	26,095	29,204	26,673	r27,293	27,997		
			·	-											
57,848 122,678 24,574	60,653 113,066 24,003	6,427 11,459 1,795	5,724 9,657 1,827	4,809 8,733	4,596 8,487 2,124	4,454 8,175 1,893	4,488 8,208 1,832	3,696 8,559 2,097	4,103 8,462 1,541	5,299 9,503 1,947	5,156 9,509 1,865	5,699 9,695 1,852	6,741 10,255 1,981		
61,212	62,404	4,904	5,247	5,616	5,955	5,214	5,019	5,491	4,906	5,764	4,989	<sup>7</sup> 4,978	5,217		
26,250	725,300	1,902	1,971	2,339	2,172 234	<sup>5</sup> 2.041	51,947 5138	*2,238 *133	51,970 5117	52,224 5132	52,099 5153	'1,848 '182	1,941		
46,966	46,683	48,478	49,633	47,960	50,420	50,278	46,683	46,462	49,124	50,405	51,009	r51,433			
112,376 111,848	11,434 11,359	1,054 838	891 986	1,030 970	866 924	924 778	862 825	784 872	844 688	820 919	886 971	855 809	949 965		
7,365	7,593	812	630	642	623	703	500	375	397	405	218	531	772		
¹5,544	¹4,904	411	435	521	452	419	448	308	294	277	327	401	421		
409	1370	32	29	31	36	29	26	25	26	30	40	39	38		
. 161	157	13	12	13	12	9	10	10	9	13	7	6	8		
.1 78	¹13,759 59	1,234 5	1,146 5	1,127 4	1,133	982 4	955 3	965 4	876 3	1,087 4	$^{1,100}_{3}$	$971 \\ 3$	1,120 4		
. 339 190	325 208	32 19	27 17	27 19	25 17	21 15	21 15	22 15	18 15	25 18	24 20	20 20	26 25		
9,923 3,266 105	19,295 3,446 122	827 313 11	763 295 11	748 291 10	752 297 10	655 258 9	629 258 10	633 259 10	564 236 9	704 286 11	716 286 10	618 262 9	716 299 11		
4229	304	L			L			23	31	39	41	38	40		
		Т	EXT	LE P	ROD	UCTS	<u> </u>	, ,							
8,420 3,531	8,176 3,212	519 188	659 251	³609 ³306	668 256	828 236	3657 3255	'495 '172	7550 7196	r3695 r3255	*540 *194	531 196	3665 3257		
769	740	747	789	776	780	794	7402	r725	742	r729	7722	692	664		
. 339 430	317 423	318 429	325 464	333 443	329 451	334 459	317 423	r284 r441	r312 r430	r314 r414	<sup>7</sup> 306 7416	293 400	284 380		
8,495 4,577	9,018 4,711	770 376	745 369	715 364	687 348	642 343	601 326	r580 r249	*575 *255	r585 r269	<sup>7</sup> 592 7264	554 254	547 204		
4,219	4,307	394	376	351	339	301	275	r330	r320	r317	r328	300	343	***************************************	
<sup>2</sup> 10,826 <sup>2</sup> 11,122	<sup>2</sup> 15,150 <sup>2</sup> 15,646	44	427	1,725	5,539	10,157	13,502 15,570							40	11,0
6,135	5,409	385	429	³517	448	403	³400	378	391	³493	410	392	r³460	322	1 '
9,261 9,260	13,777 13,776 3,752	2,595 2,594 25	16,970 16,969 14,669	16,327 16,326 13,692	15,628 15,627 10,906	14,907 14,907 7,170	13,777 13,776 3,752	12,567 12,566 2,257	11,424 11,422 1,810	10,060 10,058 1,221	8,976 8,974 953	8,117 8,116 924	7,170 7,169 728	6,149 6,147 350	
. 2,502															
	Anr  - '404,569  - 6,090.1 - 101.5 - 758.7 - 45.4 - 297.6 - 280.8  - 868,459 - 327,972 - 323,899 - 28,075 - 57,848 - 122,678 - 24,574 - 61,212 - 26,250 - 3,262 - 46,966 - '11,848 - 7,365 - '11,848 - 7,365 - '5,544 - 409 - 217 - 161 - 14,131 - 78 - 339 - 190 - 9,923 - 3,266 - 105 -	Annual  STON  - 1404,569 - 1382,452  - 6,090.1 - 5,199.9 - 91.9 - 101.5 - 758.7 - 462.2 - 45.4 - 35.3 - 297.6 - 287.8 - 280.8 - 300.2  - 868,459 - 952,283 - 327,972 - 321,373 - 323,899 - 316,813 - 28,075 - 28,728 - 57,848 - 6,0653 - 122,678 - 13,066 - 1212 - 62,404 - 26,250 - 72,5300 - 3,262 - 72,659 - 46,966 - 46,683  - 112,376 - 11,434 - 111,848 - 11,359 - 7,365 - 7,593 - 15,544 - 14,904 - 409 - 1370 - 217 - 1225 - 161 - 157 - 14,131 - 13,759 - 78 - 59 - 393 - 325 - 190 - 208 - 9,923 - 19,295 - 3,266 - 3,462 - 105 - 122 - 105 - 122 - 105 - 339 - 325 - 304  - 8,420 - 3,591 - 3,212 - 4,904 - 4,904 -	1980   1981	Text    Text	Text   Text	Texas   Texa	1980	Texas	Annual	1980   1981	Tell	1980		Table   Tabl	

Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1980	1981			198	31						198	82			
through 1978 and descriptive notes are as shown in the 1979 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug.
		TE	EXTIL	E PF	RODU	CTS-	–Con	tinue	ed							
COTTON AND MANUFACTURES—Cont.																
Cotton (excluding linters)—Continued Exportsthous running bales Importsthous net-weight bales § Price (farm), American upland ¶cents per lb Price, Strict Low Middling, Grade 41, staple 34	17,975 16 74.4	8,021 17 54.5	264 0 70.4	990 (°) 65.0	261 58.0	262 0 62.3	478 0 60.1	737 1 51.2	653 0 49.9	754 0 48.4	873 (°) 50.1	676 4 53.5	484 131 54.2	498 4 54.9	396 1 r57.6	P60.4
(1-1/16"), average 10 markets	\$71.5 15.9 6.0 102.4 0.388 42.0	383.0 15.4 5.5 91.8 0.357 33.6	75.1 15.6 5.7 6.8 0.339 2.4	15.6 5.6 7.3 0.363 2.5	15.5 5.5 48.9 0.358 43.1	15.4 5.4 7.4 0.371 2.6	57.5 15.3 5.5 7.0 0.349 2.5	55.1 15.4 5.5 46.9 0.278 42.5	57.8 15.4 5.5 6.5 0.327 2.3	57.3 15.3 5.5 6.8 0.339 2.4	59.7 15.3 5.5 48.3 0.414 43.0	62.3 15.2 5.5 6.7 0.337 2.5	15.3 5.6 6.6 0.331 2.5	*5.6 **2.9	5.5	60.4
Cotton cloth: Cotton broadwoven goods over 12" in width: Production (qtrly.)	4,456 *15.8 *4.2	3,856 14.1 5.6	18.4	14.6 5.5	942 14.4 5.6	12.7 5.8	12.8	987 14.6 6.7	14.5 6.5	12.3 6.9	961					
mills), end of period	540.29 540.2 567.0	0.40 345.6 766.3	0.33 21.7 58.0	0.37 25.9 62.3	0.39 25.8 62.9	0.46 27.5 71.8	0.50 26.6 66.7	0.46 21.9 58.9	0.45 18.2 66.5	0.56 18.6 55.1	20.4 47.4	20.6 45.4	24.3 54.1	24.8 47.8	22.7 41.4	
Fiber production, qtrly: Filament yarn (acetate) mil. lb. Staple, incl. tow (rayon) do Noncellulosic, except textile glass: Yarn and monofilaments do Staple, incl. tow do Textile glass fiber do.	308.5 443.3 3,725.3 4,148.2 867.3	257.0 460.6 3,792.8 4,191.1 1,041.1			65.8 118.5 971.3 1,051.3 280.6			54.8 111.7 834.2 940.8 263.2			52.9 95.4 785.4 864.6 206.9					
Fiber stocks, producers', end of period: Filament yarn (acetate) mil. lb. Staple, incl. tow (rayon) do Noncellulosic fiber, except textile glass: Yarn and monofilaments do Staple, incl. tow do Textile glass fiber do.	18.4 27.2 289.3 287.0 104.1	14.3 31.1 337.0 327.8 146.2			12.6 27.3 334.4 336.6 121.0			14.31 31.1 337.0 329.8 146.2			13.5 38.2 330.7 340.3 151.8					
Manmade fiber and silk broadwoven fabrics:  Production (qtrly.), total #	10,774.1 3,980.6 5,899.6 430.2 4,342.9 763.8	11,448.7 3,911.4 503.9 535.0 6,431.4 584.1 4,517.0 1,002.2			2,890.9 979.0 127.8 137.5 1,611.3 1420.0 1,121.5 265.2			2,764.9 900.9 120.3 125.7 1,596.3 92.0 1,182.6 239.4			2,366.4 790.1 110.0 110.2 1,338.7 30.5 1,008.3 209.2					
50/50 polyester/carded cotton printcloth, gray, 48", 3.90 yds./lb., 78x54-56	0.510 771.54 418.64 249.77	637.73 318.89 208.48	47.59 24.03 15.84	49.70 24.24 15.75	48.77 22.74 13.84	50.98 24.60 15.97	46.95 23.16 15.51	38.08 19.00 12.74	34.90 16.20 9.72	38.35 17.13 10.13	39.72 18.10 11.48	35.96 15.67 10.59	42.01 18.42 12.11	44.21 20.65 13.36	33.93 16.12 10.66	
Manufactured prods., apparel, furnishings do  Imports, manmade fiber equivalent	352.91 540.64 97.48 67.28 2443.15 378.52 187.74	318.84 639.08 130.52 95.38 508.56 434.87 184.70	23.56 66.66 12.43 9.25 54.23 48.44	25.47 69.32 12.05 8.98 57.27 49.85 21.90	26.02 56.77 10.05 7.77 46.72 40.84 17.30	26.38 67.24 12.33 8.46 54.92 47.43 22.75	23.79 49.12 10.56 8.02 38.56 31.96 12.63	19.09 39.51 7.71 5.83 31.80 25.97 8.64	18.70 53.18 10.88 7.74 42.30 36.48 12.46	21.22 48.07 8.73 6.58 39.34 33.95 11.22	21,61 47.74 9.33 6.82 38.41 32.29 10.55	20.29 40.14 9.58 6.79 30.56 25.39 8.56	23.59 67.85 12.27 8.74 55.58 40.45 15.32	23.56 91.93 12.48 9.14 79.46 53.04 21.76	17.80 77.34 9.50 6.68 67.83 43.58 17.80	
WOOL AND MANUFACTURES  Wool consumption, mill (clean basis): Apparel class mil. lb. Carpet class do. Wool imports, clean yield do. Duty-free (carpet class) do.	113.4 10.0 56.5 26.0	*127.8 *10.9 75.3 26.1	8.4 0.8 6.5 2.8	10.1 1.0 5.3 2.5	411.4 41.1 3.7 1.6	9.4 1.1 6.0 1.8	9.4 0.7 5.1 2.0	411.2 41.0 5.3 2.0	9.4 0.7 8.0 2.1	9.6 0.9 6.3 1.6	*12.8 *1.0 6.6 1.8	9.0 0.7 4.9 2.0	*8.2 0.9 6.0 2.0	49.5 40.8 6.6 2.6	4.0	
Wool prices, raw, shorn, clean basis, delivered to U.S. mills:  Domestic—Graded territory, 64's, staple 2.3/4" and upents per lb.  Australian, 64's, Type 62, duty-paid do  Wool broadwoven goods, exc. felts:  Production (qtrly.) mil. sq. yd	\$2.45 \$3.09	<sup>5</sup> 2.78 <sup>5</sup> 3.16 193.3	2.83 3.23	2.83 3.20	2.83 3.16 4.0	2.83 3.16	2.83 3.17	2.83 3.12 37.4	2.75 3.01	2.63 3.03	2.44 3.13	2.40 3.23	2.40 3.36	2.40 3.21	2.40 3.04	2.40 2.94
FLOOR COVERINGS  Carpet, rugs, carpeting (woven, tufted, other), shipments, quarterly mil. sq. yds  APPAREL	°1,058.4	r990.6			<sup>r</sup> 252.5			<sup>r</sup> 217.6								
Women's, misses', juniors' apparel cuttings:  Coats	16,808 179,401 18,162 70,152 26,704	14,845 136,176 13,605 91,025 30,322	1,152 6,827	1,633 11,439 1,218 7,342 2,617	1,515 11,238 1,196 6,907 3,077	1,419 9,961 1,026 7,035 2,641	849 8,152 939 6,461 2,178	639 8,015 813 5,192 2,097								

nless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data	1980	1981			198	31						19	82			
rough 1978 and descriptive notes are as shown the 1979 edition of BUSINESS STATISTICS	Ann	ual	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	July	Aug
		TE	EXTII	E PF	RODU	CTS-	-Con	tinue	ed							
APPAREL—Continued											- 1					
en's apparel cuttings: Suitsthous. units	14,074	14,686	911	1,252	1,294	1,367	1,227	1,139								
Coats (separate), dress and sport	16,906 124,011	14,686	1,186 7,857	1,448 11,930	1,801	1,682	1,433	1,312								
Slacks (jean cut), casual	253,640 40,988	175,445 38,112	13,663 2,663	12,443 3,107	17,894 3,198	13,360 3,107	10,052 2,864	10,178 2,441								
osiery, shipmentsthous. doz. pairs	286,379	304,826	30,233	26,850	26,448	27,141	24,125	19,796	25,065	21,634	23,902	23,898	22,248	23,888		
		TR	ANS	POR	TATI	ON E	QUIL	MEN	N.T.		т	-				т
AEROSPACE VEHICLES rders, new (net), qtrly, total @ mil. \$	70.409	72,682	l		13,276			20,255			21,151		 			
U.S. Government do	33,497 68,407	40,833 70,743			8,144 12,950			12,674 19,612			12,276 20,484					
ales (net), receipts, or billings, qtrly, total do U.S. Governmentdo	58,440 26,674	68,865 32,691			16,636 8,126			18,693 9,226			16,774 8,920					
acklog of orders, end of period #do	90,517	94,334			92,772			94,334			98,711					
U.Š. Government do  Aircraft (complete) and parts do  Engines (aircraft) and parts do	37,200 47,186	45,342 44,555			41,894 47,274			45,342 44,555			48,698 46,467					
Missiles, space vehicle systems, engines, propulsion units, and parts mil. \$	11,595 8,572	13,173 9,382			12,915 8,284	************		13,173 9,382			13,534 9,557	***************************************		***************************************		
other related operations (conversions, modifications), products, services mil. \$	10,330	14,197			12,117			14,197			15,706				.,,	
ircraft (complete);	, í															
Shipments ## do Airframe weight ## thous lb.	13,043.1 97,068	r13,195.0 r89,076	736.2 4,870	'737.4 '4,989	*1,287.8 *8,102	r781.4 r5,067	'1,017.7 '7,025	'1,592.4 '9,871	708.3 4,187	774.2 3,993	1,122.0 5,857	806.0 4,270	r956.5	739.9 4,059		
Exports, commercial ## mil. \$  MOTOR VEHICLES (NEW)	8,250	8,551	413	608	804	538	476	952	504	369	809	412	453	434	445	
assenger cars: Factory sales (from U.S. plants), totalthous	³6,400	6,225	513	345	522	520	425	370	273	320	469	488	510	<sup>5</sup> 61	²453	29
Domestic	5,840 8,979	5,749 8,535	472 707	313 801	487 687	486 649	394 585	344 523	256 535	302 632	431 777	441 669	468 774	523 651	630	
Domestics § do Imports § do	6,581 2,398	6,209 2,326	497 209	602 199	519 168	492 157	432 152	523 358 165	368 166	457 175	576 201	499 170	584 190	452 199	430 200	4
Total, seas, adjusted at annual rate †mil  Domestics §			8.2 5.9	10.0 7.8	8.8 6.7	7.4 5.3	7.7 5.4	7.2 4.9	7.9 5.4	8.4 6.2	7.7 5.6	7.3 5.4	8.2 6.2	67.0 64.8	7.4 5.1	
Imports §			2.3	2.2	2.1	2.1	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.2	2.0	1.8	2.0	€2.2	2.2	
Not seasonally adjustedthous  Seasonally adjusted §	1,520 1,440	1,471 1,495	1,675 1,630	1,486 1,614	1,427 1,500	1,481 1,528	1,490 1,494	1,471 1,495	1,432 1,383	1,325 1,241	1,247 1,171	1,256 1,187	1,213 1,146	1,364 °1,247	1,377 1,378	
Inventory-retail sales ratio, domestics § †	2.6	2.9	3.3	2.5	2.7	3.5	3.3	3.7	3.1	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.2	<sup>6</sup> 3.1	<sup>7</sup> 3.2	1
Exports (BuCensus), assembled carsthous To Canada	607.80 509.13	538.12 °470.86	49.85 45.96	31.79 29.00	37.99 34.08	35.22 28.41	29.73 24.95	29.18 22.37	17.27 13.42	23.87 19.46	40.21 36.03	49.59 45.72	45.70 42.55	38.66 35.72	34.29 32.27	
Imports (BuCensus), complete units ## do From Canada, total do	3,310.7 594.8	3,000.8 562.3	250.1 41.0	259.2 33.8	173.7 43.7	236.0 48.8	237.3 58.9	233.7 45.7	259.9 37.1	195.9 58.0	285.7 70.4	249.2 73.2	309.5 71.2	275.5 83.3	261.9 44.1	
Registrations ¶, total new vehicles	8,761 2,469	8,444 2,432	690 207	721 206	763 209	654 182	614 169	612 184	509 159	546 164	626 176	672 186	708 189	717 206	626 203	
rucks and buses: Factory sales (from U.S. plants), totalthous  Domesticdo	³1,667 1,464	1,700 1,513	127 111	87 75	130 115	165 152	123 112	127 115	116 108	144 133	197 184	183 169	193 180	<sup>r</sup> 212 197	²163	21
Retail sales, seasonally adjusted: †	ĺ	ŕ								l	1					
Light-duty, up to 14,000 lbs. GVW	*1,963.5 *92.3	51,746.6 573.9	141.9 6.3	164.1 6.1	150.3 5.9	127.2 4.9	130.8 4.3	114.2 5.3	173.4 r3.9	182.0 73.4	196.0 r3.3	165.6 73.8	198.5 *4.7	154.1 *4.2	156.3 '4.1	7
Heavy-duty, 26,001 lbs. and over GVW do Retail inventories, end of period, seasonally	*175.7	<sup>5</sup> 151.7	12.0	12.8	13.3	11.4	11.2	13.6	14.6	12.2	'12.6	r13.2	<sup>7</sup> 12.4	'11.7	9.8	l
adjusted †thous Exports (BuCensus), assembled unitsdo	⁵574.0 ⁴190.32	⁵559.4 170.50	576.5 12.38	523.9 11.19	516.2 11.16	548.2 11.95	547.5 10.77	575.5 8.97	517.0 8.22	492.4 11.46	473.9 12.68	510.6 12.37	521.5 12.89	566.0 13.81	622.5 9.17	
Imports (BuCensus), including separate chassis and bodiesthous	1,133.28	826.77	64.05	67.49	64.53	78.55	69.97	72.29	74.80	57.15	82.00	73.68	71.63	73.27	51.73	
Registrations, new vehicles, excluding buses not produced on truck chassisthous	2,477	2,185	190	194	196	171	169	180	156	171	208	219	226	226	197	
ruck trailers and chassis, complete (excludes detachables), shipmentsnumber	136,702	117,635	8,922	9,779	10,540	11,060	9,408	9,628	7,476	8,418	9,903	8,453	8,023	9,211		
Vans	86,248 11,849	70,928 7,239	4,826 459	6,061 340	6,854 387	7,378 542	6,109 404	5,611 336	4,327 252	4,928 203	6,355 429	5,300 440	5,240 504	6,190 376		
railer chassis (detachable), sold separately do  RAILROAD EQUIPMENT	14,202	8,615	527	679	530	510	817	561	449	564	817	846	790	598		
reight cars (new), for domestic use; all railroads and private car lines (excludes rebuilt cars and															i	
cars for export): Shipments	185,920	¹44,901	2,983	3,184	3,529	2,900	2,063	2,711	1,995	1,762	2,247	2,443	1,794	1,339	1,369	
Equipment manufacturers do New orders do	180,357 143,955	¹41,435 ¹17,916	2,864 1,315	2,971 798	3,299 1,743	2,656 1,013	1,839 860	2,455 1,811	1,833 815	1,526 753 753	2,032 1,485	2,265 539	1,694 487	1,244 586	1,369 179	
Equipment manufacturers	140,140 52,370	17,288 16,485	1,315 26,267	798 23,648	1,743 21,852	638 18,831	860 17,724	1,811 16,485	815 14,735	13,486	1,485 12,599	539 10,560	487 9,253	586 8,500	179 7,187	
Equipment manufacturersdo reight cars (revenue), class 1 railroads (AAR): ‡	47,866	14,819	23,809	21,403	19,837	16,685	15,802	14,819	13,231	12,218	11,546	9,685	8,478	7,820	6,507	
Number owned, end of periodthous.  Held for repairs, % of total owned	1,168 8.8	1,111 6.9	1,130 7.7	1,124 7.6	1,122 7.2	1,119 7.2	1,116 7.0	1,111 6.9	1,110 7.0	1,105 7.4	1,100 7.6	1,095 7.6	°1,090 °7.7	1,083 8.0	1,077 8.1	
Capacity (carrying), total, end of momil. tons	92.56 79.24	89.37 80.43	90.32 79.92	89.92 80.00	89.83 80.08	90.00 80.41	89.64 80.30	89.37 80.43	89.32	89.02	88.76	88.48	88.19	87.71	87.47 81.19	

#### FOOTNOTES FOR PAGES S-1 THROUGH S-32 General Notes for all Pages:

- r Revised
- p Preliminary.
- e Estimated.
- c Corrected

#### Page S-1

- † Revised series. See Tables 2.6 2.9 in the July 1982 Survey for revised estimates back to 1977. Pre-1977 estimates are available in The National Income and Product Accounts of the United States, 1929-76: Statistical Tables.
  - Includes inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments.
- New series. Detailed descriptions begin on p. 18 of the Nov. 1979 Survey. See note "†" for this page for information on historical data.
- § Monthly estimates equal the centered three-month average of personal saving as a percentage of the centered three-month moving average of disposable personal income.

#### Page S-2

- 1. Based on data not seasonally adjusted
- Includes data not shown separately.
- ‡ Revised series. For wholesale see note "‡" for p. S-8. For manufacturing see note "†" for p. S-3. For retail see note "†" for p. S-8.
- † See note "†" for p. S-3. § See note "†" for p. S-8. @ See note "‡" for p. S-8.
- \* New series. Data back to 1967 are available from the National Income and Wealth Division, Bureau of Economic Analysis.

#### Page S-3

- ‡ Revised series. For wholesale see note "‡" for p. S-8. For manufacturing see note "†" for this page. For retail see note "†" for p. S-8.
- † Revised series. Data have been revised back to 1972. A detailed description of these revisions and historical data appear in the reports "Manufacturers' Shipments, Inventories, and Orders" M3-1.10 (1972-1980) and M3-1.11 (1977-81), available from the Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233.
  - § See note "†" for p. S-8.
  - @ See note "‡" for p. S-8.
- New series. Data back to 1967 are available from the National Income and Wealth Division, Bureau of Economic Analysis
  - # Includes data for items not shown separately.

#### Page S-4

- 1. Based on data not seasonally adjusted.
  † See note "†" for p. S-3.
- Includes data for items not shown separately.
- ‡ Includes textile mill products, leather and products, paper and allied products, and printing and publishing industries; unfilled orders for other nondurable goods industries are
- ¶ For these industries (food and kindred products, tobacco, apparel and other textile products, petroleum and coal, chemicals and allied products, and rubber and plastics products) sales are considered equal to new orders.

#### Page S-5

- 1. Based on unadjusted data.
- See note "†" for p. S-3
- @ Compiled by Dun & Bradstreet, Inc.
- # Includes data for items not shown separately
- Ratio of prices received to prices paid (parity index).
- Revisions, back to 1975 for some commodities, are available upon request.
- ‡ See note "‡" for p. S-4.

#### Page S-6

- § For actual producer prices of individual commodities see respective commodities in the Industry section beginning p. S-19. All data subject to revision four months after original publication.
- † Revised series. Stage-of-processing producer price indexes have been revised back to 1976 to reflect updated industry input-output relationships and improved classification of some products.
  - # Includes data for items not shown separately.
  - ‡ Effective Feb. 1982, data have been revised back to 1977 to reflect new seasonal factors.

#### Page S-7

- 1. Computed from cumulative valuation total.
- 2. Index as of Sept. 1, 1982: building, 332.9; construction, 361.0.
- Includes data for items not shown separately
- § Data for July and Oct. 1981, Jan., Apr., and July 1982 are for five weeks; other months four weeks.

#### Page S-8

- 1. Advance Estimate.
- $\P$  Home mortgage rates (conventional first mortgages) are under money and interest rates on p. S-14.
- § Data include guaranteed direct loans sold.
- ‡ Effective April 1982 Survey, wholesale trade data have been revised for Jan. 1972-Dec. 1981. Revised data are available upon request.
- † Effective April 1982 Survey, retail trade data have been revised for the years 1972-1981. Revised data and a summary of the changes are available from the Census Bureau, Washington, D.C. 20233.
  - # Includes data for items not shown separately.

#### Page S-9

- 1. Advance estimate.
- 2. Effective Jan. 1979 data, sales of mail-order houses are included with department store sales.
- 3. As of July 1.
- # Includes data for items not shown separately.
- ‡ Revisions for Jan. 1977-Oct. 1979 appear in "Current Population Reports," Series P-25, No. 870, Bureau of the Census.
- ¶ Effective with the February 1982 SURVEY, the labor force series have been revised back to 1970 to reflect the 1980 Census of Population. Seasonal adjustment factors were revised accordingly. Revised monthly series appear in the February 1982 issue of Employment and Earnings. Revised annual series will appear in the March 1982 issue of Employment and Earnings, U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics.
- \* New series. The participation rate is the percent of the civilian noninstitutional population in the civilian labor force. The employment-population ratio is employment as a percent of the total noninstitutional population, 16 years and over.
  - † See note "†" for p. S-8.

#### Page S-10

- † Effective June 1982 SURVEY, data have been revised back to 1977 based on March 1981 benchmark levels and updated seasonal adjustment factors. See "BLS Establishment Estimates Revised to March 1981 Benchmarks," in the June 1982 issue of Employment and Earnings. Effective July 1981 SURVEY, data have been revised back to 1974 to reflect new benchmarks and new seasonal adjustment factors. See "BLS Establishment Estimates Revised to March 1980 Benchmarks," in the July 1981 issue of Employment and Earnings.

  ¶ See note "¶" for p. S-9.

#### Page S-11

- † See note "†" on p. S-10.
- ‡ This series is not seasonally adjusted because the seasonal component is small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision.
  - ¶ Production and nonsupervisory workers.

#### Page S-12

- 1. This series has been discontinued
- † See corresponding note on p. S-10.
- ¶ Production and nonsupervisory workers.
- ‡ Earnings in 1977 dollars reflect changes in purchasing power since 1977 by dividing by Consumer Price Index.
- § Wages as of Sept. 1, 1982: Common, \$14.64; Skilled, \$18.99.

#### Page S-13

- 1. Average for Dec.
- ¶ Effective April 1982 Survey, the series for work stoppages involving six or more workers have been discontinued and have been replaced by series for work stoppages involving 1,000
- # Includes data for items not shown separately.
- § For demand deposits, the term "adjusted" denotes demand deposits other than domestic commercial bank and U.S. Government, less cash items in process of collection; for loans, exclusive of loans to and Federal funds transactions with domestic commercial banks and include valuation reserves (individual loan items are shown gross; i.e. before deduction of valuation reserves).
- \* New series. Beginning Dec. 1978, data are for all investment account securities; comparable data for earlier periods are not available.
- @ Insured unemployment (all programs) data include claims filed under extended duration provisions of regular State laws; amounts paid under these programs are excluded from state benefits paid data
- @@ Insured unemployment as a percent of average covered employment in a 12-month period

#### Page S-14

- 1. Data are for fiscal years ending Sept. 30 and include revisions not distributed to the months.
- 2. Average for the year.
- 3. Daily average.
- 4. Beginning Jan. 1981, data are for top-rated only. Prior data cover a range of top-rated and regional dealer closing rates. See also note 3 for this page.
- 5. Beginning Oct. 1981, data represent the total surplus or deficit (budget surplus or deficit plus off-budget surplus or deficit).
  - 6. Interest rate charged as of Sept. 1, 1982 was 13.21.
  - # Includes data for items not shown separately.
- § The Department of Health, Education, and Welfare was redesignated as the Department of Health and Human Services by the Department of Education Organization Act.
- ¶ Adjusted to exclude domestic commercial interbank loans and Federal funds sold to domestic commercial banks.
- ‡ Rates on the commercial paper placed for firms whose bond rating is Aa or the equivalent. Data through Oct. 1979 show a maturity for 120-179 days. Beginning Nov. 1979, maturity is for 180 days
- @ Data through Oct. 1979 show a maturity for 150-179 days. Beginning Nov. 1979, maturity is for 180 days.
  - ‡‡ Courtesy of Metals Week.

#### Page S-15

- 1. M1-A has been discontinued. M1-B will now be designated "M1."
- † Effective Feb. 1982 Survey, the money stock measures and components have been revised back to 1959. The Federal Reserve has redefined the monetary aggregates. The redefinition was prompted by the emergence in recent years of new monetary assets—for example, negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts and money market mutual fund shares—and alterations in the basic character of established monetary assets-for example, the growing similarity of and substitution between the deposits of thrift institutions and those of commercial banks. Monthly data from 1959 to date are available from the Banking Section of the Division of Research and Statistics at the Federal Reserve Board, Washington, D.C. 20551.
- ‡ Composition of the money stock measures is as follows:
- M1.—This measure is currency plus demand deposits at commercial banks and interest-earning checkable deposits at all depositary institutions—namely NOW accounts, automatic transfer from savings (ATS) accounts, and credit union share draft balances—as well as a small amount of demand deposits at thrift institutions that cannot, using present data sources, be separated from interest-earning checkable deposits.
- M2.—This measure adds to M1 overnight repurchase agreements (RP's) issued by commercial banks and certain overnight Eurodollars (those issued by Caribbean branches of member banks) held by U.S. nonbank residents, money market mutual fund shares, and savings and small-denomination time deposits (those issued in denominations of less than \$100,000) at all depositary institutions. Depositary institutions are commercial banks (including U.S. agencies and branches of foreign banks, Edge Act corporations, and foreign investment companies), mutual savings banks, savings and loan associations, and credit unions.
- M3.—This measure equals M2 plus large-denomination time deposits (those issued in denominations of \$100,000 or more) at all depositary institutions (including negotiable CD's) plus term RP's issued by commercial banks and savings and loan associations.
- L.—This broad measure of liquid assets equals M3 plus other liquid assets consisting of other Eurodollar holdings of U.S. nonbank residents, bankers acceptances, commercial paper, savings bonds, and marketable liquid Treasury obligations.

  ### Includes ATS and NOW balances at all institutions, credit union share draft balances,
- and demand deposits at mutual savings banks.
- \* Overnight (and continuing contract) RP's are those issued by commercial banks to the nonbank public, and overnight Eurodollars are those issued by Caribbean branches of member banks to U.S. nonbank customers.
- @ Small time deposits are those issued in amounts of less than \$100,000. Large time deposits are those issued in amounts of \$100,000 or more and are net of the holdings of domestic banks, thrift institutions, the U.S. Government, money market mutual funds, and foreign banks and official institutions.
  - # Includes data for items not shown separately.
- § Number of issues represents number currently used; the change in number does not affect the continuity of the series.

#### Page S-16

- 1. Beginning Jan. 1981 data, U.S. Virgin Islands trade with foreign countries is included.
- § Number of issues represents number currently used; the change in number does not affect the continuity of the series.
- ‡ For bonds due or callable in 10 years or more.
- # Includes data for items not shown separately.
- @ Data may not equal the sum of the geographic regions, or commodity groups and principal commodities, because of revisions to the totals not reflected in the component items.

#### Page S-17

- 1. See note I for p. S-16.
- 2. Beginning Jan. 1982 data, the Customs value is being substituted for the f.a.s. value.
- Includes data not shown separately.
- § Data may not equal the sum of geographic regions, or commodify groups and principal commodities, because of revisions to the totals not reflected in the components.

#### Page S-18

- 1. See note 1 for p. S-16.
- 2. Annual total; quarterly or monthly revisions are not available.

- 3. Before extraordinary and prior period items.
- For month shown.
- 5. Domestic trunk operations only (averaging about 90 percent of domestic total).
- 6. See note 2 for p. S-17.
- # Includes data for items not shown separately.
- § Total revenues, expenses, and income for all groups of carriers also reflect nonscheduled service.
- Beginning Jan. 1977, defined as those having operating revenues of \$50 million or more.
   Average daily rent per room occupied, not scheduled rates.
   Effective January 1, 1980, contract carriers are not included because the data filed by these carriers were substantially reduced in scope, in accordance with the ICC revised reporting regulations.

#### Page S-19

- 1. Reported annual total; monthly revisions are not available.
- Data withheld to avoid disclosing operations of individual companies.
- 3. Beginning Jan. 1981, data represent gross weight (formerly phosphoric acid content weight) and are not comparable with data shown for earlier periods.

  4. A portion of data is being withheld to avoid disclosing information for individual
- companies; not comparable with other published data.
  - 5. Beginning Jan. 1980 data, another company is included.
  - Includes data for items not shown separately
- § Data are reported on the basis of 100 percent content of the specified material unless otherwise indicated.
- ‡ Revisions, back to 1977 for some commodities, are available upon request.

  ¶ Data for Jan. 1977-June 1979 exclude potassium magnesium sulfate; not strictly comparable with data shown for other periods.

#### Page S-20

- 1. Reported annual total; monthly revisions are not available.
- Annual total includes Hawaii; not distributed to the months.
- Beginning 1982, the reporting frequency has been changed from a monthly to a quarterly basis. Revised quarterly data for 1979 through 1981 are available upon request.
- § Data are not wholly comparable from year to year because of changes from one classification to another.
- ‡ Revisions back to 1977 are available upon request.

#### Page S-21

- 1. Average for three months, price not available for Apr.-Dec.
- Crop estimate for the year.
- Stocks as of June 1.
- Stocks as of June 1 and represents previous year's crop; new crop not reported until June (beginning of new crop year).
- 5. Previous year's crop; new crop not reported until Oct. (beginning of new crop year).
- See note "@@" for this page.
- Data are no longer available.
- See note 4 for p. S-22.
- August 1 estimate of the 1982 crop.
- 10. September 1 estimate of the 1982 crop. § Excludes pearl barley.# Bags of 100 lbs.
- Revised crop estimates back to 1975 are available upon request.
- Revisions, back to 1977, for some commodities, are available upon request.
- Revisions back to 1975 are available upon request.
- @@ Data are quarterly except for June (covering Apr. and May) and Sept. (covering June-Sept.).

#### Page S-22

- 1. Average for 11 months; price not available for Dec.
- Average for nine months; index not available for Apr.-June.
- Data are no longer available.
- 4. Effective with this reporting, data are for three-month intervals.
- \$ Cases of 30 dozen.

  ¶ Bags of 122
- Bags of 132.276 lbs
- ‡ Revisions for Jan.-July 1979 (back to 1975 for grindings of wheat) are available upon request
  - @ Revisions back to 1977 are available upon request.
- # Effective Apr. 1981 Survey, the wholesale price of smoked hams has been discontinued and has been replaced with the comparable price index. Annual indexes prior to 1979 and monthly indexes prior to Feb. 1980 are available upon request.

#### Page S-23

- 1. Crop estimate for the year.
- Average for seven months; price not available for July, Aug., and Oct.-Dec.
- Annual total; monthly revisions are not available.
- Data are no longer available.
- August 1 estimate of the 1982 crop.
- September 1 estimate of the 1982 crop.
- § Monthly data reflect cumulative revisions for prior periods.
- Revisions back to 1975 are available upon request.
- New series. Source: Bureau of Labor Statistics.
- Totals include data for items not shown separately.

#### Page S-24

- 1. Annual data; monthly revisions not available.
- 2. Less than 500 short tons.

#### Page S-25

- 1. Annual data; monthly revisions are not available
- For month shown
- Effective Jan. 1981, data are revised back to Jan. 1980. Inventory data formerly calculated by the Bureau of the Census are now based on the Steel Service Center Institute monthly Business Conditions report.

#### Page S-26

- 1. Annual data; monthly revisions are not available
- Less than 50 tons
- Includes secondary smelters' lead stocks in refinery shapes and in copper-base scrap.
- @ All data (except annual production figures) reflect GSA remelted zinc and zinc purchased for direct shipment.
- ‡ Source for monthly data: American Bureau of Metal Statistics. Source for annual data: Bureau of Mines.
  - # Includes data not shown separately.
- † Effective July 1980 Survey, data are revised and shown on a new base. The sample size has been restored to 100 firms and the base has been changed to 1977 = 100. The revised series are not comparable to previously published data.
- \* New series. These indexes are based on shipments of hydraulic and pneumatic products reported by participating members of the National Fluid Power Association. Data back to 1959 are available upon request.

#### Page S-27

- 1. Effective Jan. 1980, total stocks for bituminous coal and lignite exclude residential and commercial stocks and are not comparable with data shown for earlier periods,
  - Data are for five weeks; other months 4 weeks.
  - Based on new 1981 stock level. See also note "‡" for this page.
  - For month shown.
  - Includes data for items not shown separately.
- @ Beginning July 1977, data are representive of those manufacturers reporting and are
- not an average of the total industry; they are not directly comparable with earlier data.

  \* New series. Annual data prior to 1978 and monthly data prior to April 1979 are available upon request.
  - § Includes nonmarketable catalyst coke.
- ¶ Includes small amounts of "other hydrocarbons and hydrogen refinery input," not shown
- † Revisions for 1978 are available upon request.
- Effective with 1981 petroleum data, the Energy Information Agency has changed some definitions and concepts to reflect recent developments in refining and blending practices. These changes include adding a category for gasohol production to motor gasoline production and accounting more precisely for distillate and residual fuel oil processed further after initial distillation. A description of these changes appears in the May 1981 issue of Monthly Energy Review, U.S. Department of Energy, Energy Information Administration.

#### Page S-28

- 1. Based on new 1981 stock level. See also note "‡" for p. S-27.
- See note 5 for p. S-29.
- Reported annual totals; revisions not allocated to the months.
- Simple averages of prices are no longer available.
- Prices are mid-month, include taxes, and represent full service; comparable prices prior to Jan. 1979 are not available.

- # Includes data for items not shown separately.
  \* New series. See note "¶" for this page.
  ‡ Except for price data, see note "‡" for p. S-27.

#### Page S-29

- 1. Reported annual total; revisions not distributed to the months.
- 2. Effective Jan. 1980, data are no longer available.
- Average for 11 months; no price for Aug. 1980 or June 1981. Average for 11 months; no price available for Nov. 1980 or for Oct. 1981.

- 5. Monthly data will be discontinued as of April 1982 Survey, due to budgetary limitations. The related annual report, MA26A, will continue to be published.
- ¶ Source: American Paper Institute. Total U.S. estimated consumption by all newspaper users
- § Monthly data are averages of the 4-week periods ending on the Saturday nearest the end of the month; annual data are as of Dec. 31.
  - ‡ Data are monthly or annual totals. Formerly weekly averages were shown.

#### Page S-30

- 1. Reported annual total; revisions not allocated to the months.
- Crop for the year.
- Data cover five weeks; other months, four weeks.
- 4. Data are not available prior to Jan. 1980.
- Shipments of wide-mouth containers for "chemical, household and industrial" are included in shipments for "medicinal and toilet" containers.

  6. See note "‡" for this page.
- 7. For the period November and December 1981, shipments of wide-mouth containers for "chemical, household and industrial" are included in shipments for "medicinal and toilet" containers.
- \* New series. Data for finishing mills have replaced data for weaving mills, which are no
- # Includes data for items not shown separately.

  ¶ Cumulative ginnings to the end of month indicated.
- Bales of 480 lbs.
- ‡ Beginning Jan. 1982, shipments include those for direct export; such shipments for 1980-81 were (thous. gross): 2,316 and 2,165 respectively.

#### Page S-31

- 1. Effective Jan. 1, 1978, includes reexports, formerly excluded.
- 2. Annual total includes revisions not distributed to the months.
- Average for crop year; Aug. 1-Jul. 31.
- 4. For five weeks; other months four weeks.
- 5. Monthly average.6. Less than 500 bales.
- § Bales of 480 lbs.
- Based on 480-lb. bales, preliminary price reflects sales as of the 15th; revised price reflects total quantity purchased and dollars paid for the entire month (revised price includes discounts and premiums).
- # Includes data not shown separately.

#### Page S-32

- 1. Annual total includes revisions not distributed to the months.
- Estimates of production, not factory sales.
- 3. Beginning Jan. 1979, data reflect the inclusion of Volkswagens produced in the U. S. Beginning Jan. 1980, passenger vans (previously reported as passenger cars) are included with trucks.
- 4. Monthly data for 1980 as published in earlier issues of the Survey, exclude exports for off-highway trucks; not strictly comparable with data shown for other periods.
  - 5. Based on unadjusted data.
  - See note "†" for this page.
- 7. Effective with the September 1982 SURVEY, retail sales of trucks have been restated back to Jan. 1982 to include U.S.-built Mercedes-Benz trucks (19,501 - 33,000 lbs.); comparable stock data, prior to Aug. 1982, are not available.
- # Total includes backlog for nonrelated products and services and basic research.

  § Domestics comprise all cars assembled in the U.S. and cars assembled in Canada and
- imported to the U.S. under the provisions of the Automotive Products Trade Act of 1965. Imports comprise all other cars.
- Courtesy of R.L. Polk & Co.; republication prohibited. Because data for some states are not available, month-to-month comparisons are not strictly valid.
  - ‡ Excludes railroad-owned private refrigerator cars and private line cars.
- Revisions, back to 1967 for some commodities, are available upon request. Effective with the July 1982 SURVEY, seasonally adjusted data for passenger cars have been revised back to Jan. 1977 and are available upon request.
- @ In the 1979 BUSINESS STATISTICS, 4th Qtr. 1977 should read "13,946" mil. \$.
- ‡‡ In the 1979 BUSINESS STATISTICS, annual data for 1977 should read "2,604.8" mil. \$
  - ## Revisions back to 1977 are available upon request.

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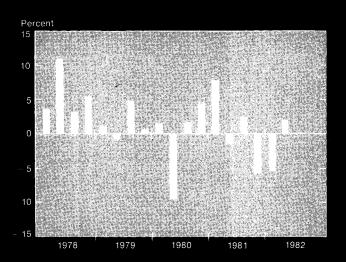
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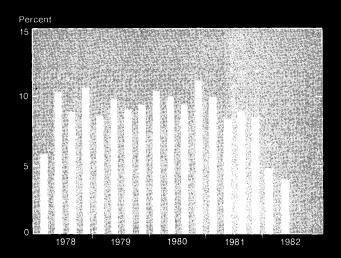
### In the second quarter

- Real GNP increased 2 percent
  Real final sales declined 1 percent
  GNP fixed-weighted price index increased 4 percent
- Real disposable personal income increased 3 percent

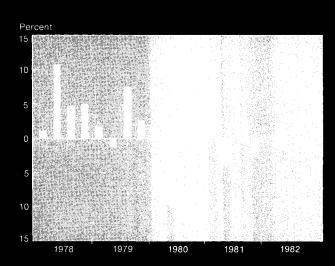
#### Real GNP



#### GNP Fixed-Weighted Price Index



#### Real Final Sales



#### Real Disposable Personal Income

