## SURVEY OF CURRENT BUSINESS



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## the BUSINESS SITUATION

$\mathrm{T}_{\text {HE pace of U.S. production slowed }}$ somewhat in the fourth quarter of 1986. Real GNP increased at an annual rate of $11 / 2$ percent, following ncreases ranging from $1 / 2$ to 4 percent in the first three quarters of the year (chart 1). Inflation remained moderate in the fourth quarter. The GNP price index (fixed weights) increased at an annual rate of $21 / 2$ percent, the same rate as in two of the preceding three quarters. ${ }^{1}$ For the year 1986, production increased 2.5 percent, about the same as in 1985; inflation, at 2.8 percent, was about 1 percentage point less than in 1985 and the lowest in almost two decades.

Sharp quarterly changes in 1986 in the major components of real GNP, of GNP prices, and of personal income reflected, in part, the effects of a

[^0]number of major economic developments:

- Petroleum price declines.-Following OPEC members' formal abandonment of production quotas in late 1985, petroleum prices plunged to their lowest level in more than a decade. Energy prices fell substantially in each quarter of 1986 and led to a slowing in inflation. Domestic investment in petroleum exploration and drilling was sharply curtailed. Imports of petroleum and petroleum products, after dropping in the first quarter, surged to the highest levels since 1980.
- Motor vehicle sales incentives.Responding to an inventory buildup, domestic motor vehicle manufacturers offered extensive sales-incentive programs in the third quarter. New car and truck sales jumped to record levels, and inventories were liquidated. Sales fell back early in the fourth quarter, when the programs were terminated.

[^1]
## Looking Ahead . . .

- Federal Fiscal Programs. An article discussing Federal fiscal programs, as presented in the fiscal 1988 Federal budget, will appear in the February issue of the Survey.
- State and Local Fiscal Position. An article discussing the fiscal position of State and local governments in 1986 will appear in the February issue of the Survey.


## Selected Measures: Change From Preceding Quarter






Note, - Percent change at annual rate from preceding quarter; based on seasonally adjusted estimates.
U.S. Department of Commerence, Bureau of Economic Analysis

- Interest rate declines.-In general, interest rates fell throughout the year, reaching their lowest levels in nearly a decade. Lower interest rates were favorable to investment in 1986. Personal interest income dropped sharply in the second half of the year.
- Dollar depreciation.-The U.S. dollar depreciated sharply against the currencies of Japan and most major European trading partners, but depreciated much less or not at all against the currencies of Canada and most of the newly industrialized countries in Asia. U.S. exports strengthened in the second half of the year. Although increases in prices of imported goods other than petroleum picked up in 1986, U.S. imports remained strong throughout the year.
- Farm price declines.-Market prices for farm products, particularly crops, fell sharply over the year. Despite boosts from Federal subsidy payments, farm income was down substantially over the year. Farmers placed large amounts of crops with the Commodity Credit Corporation in the fourth quarter.
- Federal tax law changes.-The Tax Reform Act of 1986, after lengthy debate, was signed into law in October. The upsurge in consumer spending on motor vehicles in December may have been partly attributable to consumers' response to provisions of the act that affected deductions for sales taxes and loan interest payments. Other major provisions may have affected investment in 1986.


## Real GNP

The increases in GNP in 1986 were associated with sharp, and partly offsetting, changes in final sales and in inventory investment (table 1). There

Table 1,-Recent GNP Patterns
[Billions of 1982 dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

|  | Level <br> $1986: I V$ | Change from preceding quarter |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1986 |  |  |  |
|  |  | I | II | III | IV |
| GNP. | 3,702.4 | 33.6 | 5.5 | 25.0 | 16.0 |
| Motor vehicles....... | 156.8 | -2.7 | $-.5$ | $-3.0$ | 8.7 |
| Other ..................... | 3,545.6 | 36.3 | 6.0 | 28.0 | 7.3 |
| Final sales. | 3,713.9 | -11.4 | 30.2 | 40.4 | 27.2 |
| Motor vehicles ....... | 153.4 | -1.8 | 5.2 | 23.0 | -15.8 |
| Other ..................... | 3,560.5 | $-9.6$ | 25.0 | 17.4 | 43.0 |
| Change in business |  |  |  |  |  |
| inventories........... | -11.5 | 45.1 | -24.8 | -15.4 | -11.2 |
| Motor vehicles ....... | 3.4 | -. 9 | $-5.6$ | -25.9 | 24.4 |
| Other ..................... | -14.9 | 46.0 | -19.2 | 10.5 | $-35.6$ |

Note.-Motor vehicle estimates are from the National Income and Products Accounts Tables, table 1.18 for auto output and $1: 20$ for truck output.
were also sharp changes in the major components of final sales. Personal consumption expenditures registered sizable increases through the first three quarters but declined slightly in the fourth quarter. Nonresidential fixed investment declined each quarter, with an especially large drop in the first; residential investment increased each quarter, although the increases tapered in the second half of the year. Net exports registered increases in the first and fourth quarters and decreases in the second and third; on balance, the decreases exceeded the increases by a substantial amount. Government purchases, after a sharp decline in the first quarter, increased in the following three quarters.

Although considerable portions of the third-quarter acceleration and the fourth-quarter deceleration in final sales were attributable to motor vehicles, the corresponding movements in GNP were not. On the contrary, movements in motor vehicle output countered those in GNP: Motor vehicle output declined somewhat more in the third quarter than it had in the second; in the fourth quarter, it swung to an increase.

Motor vehicles.-Real motor vehicle output increased $\$ 81 / 2$ billion in the fourth quarter, following a $\$ 3$ billion decline in the third. The swing was accounted for by auto output, which increased after a decline; truck output increased about the same in both quarters. Final sales of both autos and trucks increased sharply in the third quarter and fell sharply in the fourth. Investment in auto and truck inventories decreased sharply in the third quarter and increased sharply in the fourth.
In terms of units, sales of new cars fell to 11.5 million (seasonally adjusted annual rate) from a record 13.2 million in the third quarter; sales had been 11.2 million in the second quarter (chart 2). The movements in sales were largely accounted for by domestic car sales; imported car sales were up slightly in the fourth quarter, following a somewhat larger increase in the third.
The pattern of domestic sales in the third and fourth quarters largely reflected the impact of extensive salesincentive programs that manufacturers offered beginning in late August. These programs featured financing
rates considerably below prevailing market rates and were designed primarily to liquidate inventories of 1986 models, which had built to high levels in the spring and summer. Domestic car sales reached a record in September, and inventories plunged. Following the end of the programs, sales were particularly low in October and November. Sales rebounded in December; the pickup appears to reflect consumers' response to prospective changes in the Federal tax law. Effective January 1, 1987, the Tax Reform Act of 1986 eliminated, for taxpayers who itemize Federal income tax returns, the deduction for State sales tax and began phasing out the deduction for interest payments on consumer loans.


Data: Motor Vehicle Manufacturers Association of the United States, inc., and Wards Automotive Reports; seasonally adjusted by BEA.
U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis

Unit sales of new trucks decreased to 4.9 million in the fourth quarter from a record 5.7 million in the third. The pattern largely reflected sales of light domestic trucks, which were covered by third-quarter incentive programs.

## Personal consumption expenditures

Real personal consumption expenditures (PCE) decreased $1 / 2$ percent in the fourth quarter, following a 7-percent increase in the third (table 2). The decrease in the fourth quarterthe first in PCE since the 1981-82 re-cession-and most of the strength in the third quarter were attributable to motor vehicles and parts.

Expenditures for durable goods, dominated by the fluctuations in motor vehicles, decreased 10 percent in the fourth quarter after an unusually large increase in the third. The nonvehicle categories of durables continued to increase: Furniture and household equipment increased by less in the fourth quarter than in the second and third quarters, and other durables increased even more in the fourth quarter than in the third. The step-up in other durables was largely attributable to purchases of gold coins; the "American Eagle" coin, sold largely through financial institutions, was first offered for sale in the fourth quarter.

Expenditures for nondurable goods changed little for the second consecutive quarter, following strong in-

Table 2.-Real Personal Consumption Expenditures: Change From Preceding Quarter

| [Percent change at annual rates; based on seasonally adjusted annual rates] |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1986 |  |  |  |
|  | I | II | III | IV |
| Personal consumption expenditures. | 3.6 | 6.2 | 6.7 | -0.5 |
| Durables | -1.8-8.4 |  | 44.691.4 | -10.1 |
| Motor vehicles and parts Furniture and household |  | 18.2 |  |  |
| equipment................... | $\begin{aligned} & 4.0 \\ & 2.0 \end{aligned}$ | 15.14.0 | 12.6 | 3.133.0 |
| Other durables .... |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurables.. | 6.5 | 8.0 | -. 9 | 4 |
| Food. | 5.6 | 2.8 | $-5.6$ | 1.5 |
| Clothing and shoes. | 14.0 | 12.9 | 1.5 | -7.6 |
| Energy ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1.8 | 38.7 | 12.2 | 12.8 |
| Other nondurables..... | 5.4 | -2.3 | 1.1 | -4.4 |
| Services... | 3.2 | 2.6 | 2.4 | 2.3 |
| Housing... | 2.5 | 3.0 | 2.8 | 2.7 |
| Household operation | -12.6 | 4.4 | 6.3 | . 8 |
| Energy ${ }^{2}$................ | -22.7 | 3.8 | 8.7 | -1.0 |
| Other. | -. 5 | 5.0 | 4.3 | 2.1 |
| Transportation | 3.4 | 4.9 | 8.3 | 0 |
| Medical care ... | 2.8 | 3.3 | 2.8 | ${ }_{2}^{2.5}$ |
| Other services. | 12.2 | . 2 | -1.5 | 2.8 |
| 1. Gasoline and oil, and fuel oil and coal. <br> 2. Electricity and gas. |  |  |  |  |
| Note.-Percent changes in major aggregates are found in the National Income and Product Accounts Tables, table 8.1. Dollar levels are found in table 2.3. |  |  |  |  |

creases in the first two quarters. Only energy, following the course of expenditures for gasoline and oil, showed any strength in the fourth quarter. In response to declines in gasoline prices, gasoline and oil registered a third large increase that put the fourth-quarter level $141 / 2$ percent above that in the first quarter. Food increased modestly after dropping in the third quarter; clothing and shoes, as well as other nondurables, decreased after small increases.

Expenditures for services increased $21 / 2$ percent, about the same as earlier in the year. Household operation and transportation changed little in the fourth quarter after increases in the third. The slowing in the former component was due to lower expenditures in the fourth quarter for electricity and gas for home heating, reflecting the mild weather in many parts of the country; the slowing in the latter component was due to air travel expenditures, which declined after a strong increase. Housing and medical care increased about as much in the fourth quarter as in the third, and other services increased after a thirdquarter decrease that had included a large drop in brokerage charges.

## Nonresidential fixed investment

Real nonresidential fixed investment declined 3 percent in the fourth quarter, following a 2 -percent decline in the third. Structures declined less than in the third quarter, and producers' durable equipment (PDE) declined after a small increase (table 3).
In structures, petroleum exploration and drilling increased slightly after a long and, earlier in 1986, steep decline. The increase suggests that most of the industry's retrenchment in response to the sharply lower level of petroleum prices has been completed. Evidence of an end to the free-fall in exploration and drilling include fourth-quarter increases in the number of seismic crews employed and of rotary rigs in operation. The fourth-quarter decline in structures other than petroleum was more than accounted for by commercial structures; high vacancy rates, perhaps combined with changes in the taxation of income from real estate tax shelters, help explain the weakness.

In PDE, transportation equipment declined, as drops in business purchases of autos and trucks were ac-
companied by a sizable decline in purchases of aircraft. A small increase in information processing and related equipment and a large increase in industrial equipment only partly offset the decline in transportation equipment.
The 3-percent decline in nonresidential fixed investment in the fourth quarter contrasts markedly with the sharp increase reported in BEA's survey of plant and equipment (P\&E) expenditures. The two series frequently differ because of coverage and timing, among other things, and because one is an estimate of plans and the other is an estimate of realizations. Nevertheless, the difference between the two series in the fourth quarter is unusually large and presumably reflects, at least in part, the effect on fourth-quarter plans of cancellations and postponements earlier in the year. When actual expenditures fall short of plans early in the year, as they did in 1986, survey respondents apparently do not revise annual P\&E targets down by the full amount of the shortfall; instead, plans for subsequent quarters are raised, perhaps to unrealizable levels.
Although most provisions of the Tax Reform Act of 1986 did not become effective before 1987, the expectation, and then the certainty, of major tax changes may have had some effect on the level, composition, and timing of investment activity in 1986. The magnitude, and even the direction, of this effect is difficult to estimate and may well have been dwarfed by considerations such as low levels of capacity utilization, high vacancy rates, declining interest rates, low cash flow, and sharply lower petroleum prices. Nevertheless, a brief review of the ways in which changes in the tax law could have affected investment may be useful.

Table 3.-Real Gross Domestic Fixed Investment: Change From Preceding Quarter [Percent change at annual rates; based on seasonally adjusted
annual rates]

|  | 1986 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV |
| Gross private domestic fixed investment $\qquad$ | -8.4 | 3.5 | 1.2 | -0.8 |
| Nonresidential. | -15.1 | -. 9 | -2.1 | -3.0 |
| Structures... | -10.8 | $-35.2$ | -9.8 | -3.4 |
| Producers' durable equipment. | -17.0 | 19.6 | 1.2 | -2.8 |
| Residential. | 11.0 | 14.5 | 9.7 | 4.3 |

Nore.- Percent changes in major aggregates are found in
the National Income and Product Accounts Tables, table 8.1 Dollar levels are found in table 1.2.

Reference has already been made to the possibility that the weakness in commercial structures may have been exacerbated by restrictions on the use of real estate tax shelters. Other provisions of the new tax law that might have had direct effects on investment last year include the retroactive repeal of the investment tax credit, the modification of depreciation schedules, and the 1987 reduction in the corporate income tax rate.

Repeal of the investment tax credit effectively increased the cost of PDE; businesses, therefore, had an incentive to reduce purchases of PDE and, perhaps, to substitute some investment in structures for PDE. This effect was mitigated by the existence of credits carried over from earlier years.

The modified depreciation schedules are less liberal than the previous schedules for some types of assets and more liberal for others. For assets (such as autos and structures) that are treated less liberally under the -new law, businesses had an incentive to shift purchases from 1987 and subsequent years into 1986 in order to lock in the old depreciation schedules. This incentive was mitigated by the transition rules that are provided in the new law. Assets for which businesses had signed binding contracts on or before March 1, 1986, need not be placed in service during 1986 in order to qualify for the old depreciation schedules. For assets that are treated more liberally under the new law, businesses did not have a comparable incentive to postpone purchases because they had the option of electing either the old or the new schedules for assets placed in service during the last 5 months of the year.

The reduction in the corporate income tax rate provides a clear incentive to shift investments from 1987 into 1986 because the higher the tax rate, the more valuable a given amount of depreciation. If, for example, the tax rate is 46 percent, $\$ 100$ of depreciation reduces taxes (and increases after-tax profits) by $\$ 46$; if the tax rate is 34 percent, taxes are reduced only $\$ 34$.

## Residential investment

Real residential investment increased $41 / 2$ percent in the fourth quarter, following a $91 / 2$-percent increase in the third. The deceleration was in single-family investment, which was unchanged after a substantial increase in the third quarter.

U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis

Multifamily investment and other residential investment-which includes major additions and alterations, mobile home sales, and brokers' commissions on house salesboth swung from small third-quarter declines to moderate fourth-quarter increases.
The path of single-family investment in 1986 was markedly different from the path of single-family starts. Single-family starts, after climbing to a high level-1,253,000 units (seasonally adjusted annual rate)-in the first quarter, dropped 15,000 units in the second quarter, 96,000 in the third, and 15,000 in the fourth (chart 3). Single-family investment, in contrast, increased in both the second and third quarters and, as noted above, was flat in the fourth. Divergent movements in starts and investment are not infrequent, and usually arise from lags in the construction process and from changes in the average value of new houses (which is used in valuing starts in the estimation of single-family investment). Both factors were important in 1986.

Changes in average value were affected by two kinds of shifts in the composition of starts. Starts of units for sale (i.e., speculative starts) were an unusually large share of total single-family starts in the first quarter and declined to a more normal share by the third; the converse was true of units started under contract (i.e., custom-built starts). During this
period, custom-built starts were valued, on average, about 5 percent higher than speculative starts. The change in the composition of starts during the year, therefore, pushed average values up and tended to offset, in the investment estimates, the effect of the decline in the number of starts. A similar effect was produced by changes in the geographical distribution of starts. During the year, an increasing share of starts was located in the Northeast, where prices were $\$ 36,000$ higher than the national average in the first quarter and $\$ 44,000$ higher in the third. The shift in activity toward the Northeast, therefore, also tended to offset the decline in the total number of starts.

Multifamily investment changed little over the second half of the year after increasing over the first half. The slowdown is consistent with reported overbuilding in many areas of the country and with changes in taxation of income from real estate tax shelters.

The modest fourth-quarter increase in "other" residential investment was in brokers' fees on sales and in major additions and alterations. Brokers' fees reflected the path of house sales, which were stimulated by declining interest rates. The mortgage commitment rate dropped from 10.68 percent at the end of the second quarter to 10.01 percent at the end of the third, and to 9.31 percent at the end of the fourth (chart 4).

Selected Interest Rates


## Inventory investment

Real inventory investment decreased $\$ 11$ billion in the fourth quarter, following even larger drops in the preceding two quarters (table 4). These changes reflected a substantial and progressive movement in inventories from an accumulation of $\$ 40$ billion in the first quarter to a decumulation of $\$ 11 \frac{1}{2}$ billion in the fourth.
The progressive movement in total inventories masked sharp changes within the components, particularly auto and farm inventories. As noted earlier in the section on motor vehicles, inventories built up in the spring and plunged in the third quarter; in the fourth quarter, they declined lightly. For retail auto dealers, the large changes amounted to plus $\$ 17$ billion in the first quarter, and minus $\$ 22$ billion in the third quarter. ${ }^{2}$
2. In general, the estimates for inventories of retail auto dealers, which are derived from Census Bureau book value inventory data, cover most auto invento-ries-including inventories of new and used autos, domestic and foreign-but do not include those held by manufacturers and wholesalers. The data for retail auto dealers cover, in addition to autos, some trucks and other motorized vehicles, and also parts. The change in business inventory estimates for retail auto dealers differ in terms of sources and coverage from the change in inventories of autos and trucks that are part of the motor vehicle output estimates.

Farm inventories decumulated $\$ 151 / 2$ billion in the fourth quarter; accumulation over the first three quarters of the year had totaled about the same amount. The fourth-quarter decumulation occurred as farmers placed large amounts of crops with the Commodity Credit Corporation (CCC) under the commodity loan program.

Nonfarm inventories other than those held by retail auto dealers registered increases ranging from $\$ 13$ billion to $\$ 20$ billion in the first three quarters of the year, before tapering off to a $\$ 51 / 2$ billion increase in the fourth. Most of the accumulations over the year were in wholesale inventories, mainly in inventories of autos and food, and in retail invento-
ries other than those held by auto dealers, in inventories of both durable and nondurable goods. Manufacturing inventories decreased slightly in the fourth quarter and substantially in two of the preceding three quarters. The decumulations were largely in inventories of durable goods, mainly in primary metals and in nonelectrical machinery.
The constant-dollar ratio of total inventories to total final sales dropped from 3.20 in the third quarter to 3.16 in the fourth. Most of the drop reflected the impact of farmers' stepped-up placements of crops with the CCC, which affected both inventories and final sales. A variant of the ratio that is adjusted for CCC inventory change increased slightly in the fourth quar-ter-to 3.31 from 3.30 in the third quarter. (See the August 1986 "Business Situation" for a discussion of this variant and a guide as to when it may provide useful perspective on the published ratio.) Both ratios, however, indicate that, from a historical perspective, inventories are low relative to sales.

## Net exports

Real net exports of goods and services increased $\$ 7 \frac{1}{2}$ billion in the fourth quarter, following a decrease of $\$ 91 / 2$ billion in the third. Most of the improvement was attributable to imports, which increased much less than in the third quarter.
Exports increased $\$ 14$ billion, or 16 percent, in the fourth quarter, compared with $\$ 111 / 2$ billion, or $131 / 2$ percent, in the third (table 5). Within merchandise, both agricultural and nonagricultural exports increased substantially for the second consecutive quarter. The upturn in agricultural exports, after declines in the first half of the year, appears to be partly due to increased price competitiveness of U.S. farm products following implementation of the Food Security Act of 1985 for the 1986 crops.

Table 4.-Change in Real Business Inventories
[Billions of 1982 dollars; seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

|  | Level |  |  |  |  | Change from preceding quarter |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1985 | 1986 |  |  |  | 1986 |  |  |  |
|  | IV | I | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV |
| Change in business inventories..... | -5.2 | 39.9 | 15.1 | -0.3 | -11.5 | . 45.1 | -24.8 | -15.4 | -11.2 |
| Farm... | -21.3 | 2.9 | 4.1 | 8.3 | -15.7 | 24.2 | 1.2 | 4.2 | -24.0 |
| Nonfarm.. | 16.1 | 37.0 | 11.0 | -8.6 | 4.2 | 20.9 | -26.0 | -19.6 | 12.8 |
| Manufacturing.. | $-10.5$ | -5.3 | 1.0 | $-6.5$ | - 7 | 5.2 | ${ }^{6.3}$ | $-7.5$ | 5.8 |
|  | $\begin{array}{r}3.4 \\ 17.8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}6.9 \\ 28.3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 5.1 -4.0 | 99.7 -13.1 | .1 4.5 | 3.5 10.5 | -1.8 -32.3 | 4.7 -9.1 | -9.6 17.6 |
| Other............................................................... | 5.4 | 7.1 | 8.9 | -1.2 | ${ }^{3}$ | 1.7 | 1.8 | -7.7 | -. 9 |

Note.-Dollar levels for inventories are found in the National Income and Product Accounts Tables, table 5.11.

Table 5.-Real Net Exports of Goods and Services: Change From Preceding Quarter
[Percent change at annual rates; based on seasonally adjusted annual rates]

|  | 1986 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV |
| Net exports of goods and services... |  |  |  |  |
| Exports | 7.1 | -9.8 | 13.3 | 16.1 |
| Merchandise. | 7.6 | -8.0 | 22.0 | 24.4 |
| Agricultural | -12.4 | -39.3 | 69.3 | 53.6 |
| Nonagricultural............... | 11.2 | -2.5 | 16.7 | 20.6 |
| Services.................................... | 6.4 | -12.8 | -. 7 | 2.1 |
| Imports. | . 2 | 15.8 | 17.3 | 4.8 |
| Merchandise... | 1.3 | 22.2 | 24.4 | 3.7 |
| Petroleum. | -43.8 | 166.0 | 92.5 | -14.7 |
| Nonpetroleum. | 13.5 | 4.9 | 12.3 | 8.8 |
| Services............... | -4.2 | -6.5 | -8.9 | 9.7 |

Note.-Percent changes in major aggregates are found in
Ne National Income and Product Accounts Tables, table 8.1. Dollar levels are found in tables 4.2 and 4.4.

From April through October, the export price of major crops dropped sharply: For example, cotton, by 37 percent; rice, by 33 percent; wheat, by 17 percent; and corn, by 29 percent.
Among nonagricultural exports, the increase was widespread, lending support to the hypothesis that they have begun to show the effect of the continued depreciation of the dollar against the currencies of some of the major U.S. trading partners. Within exports of services, income on U.S. investment abroad decreased somewhat less than in the third quarter; it had dropped substantially in the second quarter, when profits of foreign petroleum affiliates were cut sharply.

Imports increased $\$ 61 / 2$ billion, or $41 / 2$ percent, in the fourth quarter, compared with $\$ 21$ billion, or $171 / 2$ percent, in the third. The slowing was more than accounted for by merchandise, primarily petroleum and petroleum products.
Imports of petroleum declined $\$ 31 / 2$ billion, or $141 / 2$ percent, in the fourth quarter, following a $\$ 13$ billion increase in the third and an even larger one in the second. These sharp changes, as well as a drop in the first quarter, were largely responses-after allowance for delivery time and contracting arrangements, and including speculation about future price devel-opments-to the changes in world petroleum prices. In historical perspective, the third- and fourth-quarter levels of petroleum imports were high-the highest since 1980. These levels were roughly midway between the $\$ 105$ billion level registered in the 3 years just before the runup in petroleum prices initiated in 1979 and the $\$ 60$ billion level to which imports had fallen in 1982-85.

Imports of nonpetroleum products increased $\$ 71 / 2$ billion, or 9 percent, compared with $\$ 10$ billion, or $121 / 2$ percent, in the third quarter. Although the increase in the fourth quarter was smaller than that in the third, it was about the same as the average for the first three quarters of 1986. Further, the strength persisted despite several quarters of increasing prices for most categories of nonpetroleum imports and a slowing in U.S. demand-as measured by gross domestic purchases-to an increase of 1 percent in the fourth quarter from increases of $3-31 / 2$ percent in earlier quarters. Imports of services increased in the fourth quarter after a decline in the third; the fourth-quarter increase reflected a higher level of income payments on foreign portfolio investment in the United States.

## Government purchases

Real government purchases increased 13 percent in the fourth quarter, following a $41 / 2$-percent increase in the third (table 6). The sharp changes in government purchases in the past several quarters were largely traceable to Federal national defense purchases and to transactions of the CCC in Federal nondefense purchases.
National defense purchases declined in the fourth quarter, following two quarters of strong increases. The turnaround was due to a slowdown in deliveries of military equipment and to a decline after two quarters of increases in services other than compensation of employees.

The change in inventories of farm products held by the CCC swung sharply in the second half of 1986, following moderate increases in the first half. In the third quarter, CCC inventories declined $\$ 21 / 2$ billion, as withdrawals of crops exceeded additions. The additions were primarily new loans under the commodity loan program. (Commodity loan transactions are treated in the national income and product accounts as a purchase by the CCC with an offset in farm inventories.) The withdrawals included not only redemptions of crops previously placed under loan but also redemptions using certificates issued by the CCC as deficiency payments in lieu of cash. In the fourth quarter, CCC inventories jumped $\$ 221 / 2$ billion, mainly because of new loans for corn. Other nondefense purchases were up

Table 6.-Real Government Purchases of Goods and Services: Change From Preceding Quarter

| [Percent change at annual rates; based on seasonally adjusted <br> annual rates] |
| :--- |

Note.-Percent changes in major aggregates are found in Dollar levels are found in table 3.8B.
slightly in the fourth quarter, following several quarters of decline.
State and local government purchases increased at a much slower pace than in the preceding two quarters. The pattern largely reflected that of highway construction, which declined after two quarters of strong increases.

## GNP Prices

The GNP price index (fixed weights) increased at a moderate pace throughout 1986, while the price index for gross domestic purchases accelerated in the second half of the year (table 7). The different pattern was largely attributable to prices of imports, which are subtracted out in deriving GNP prices but not in deriving gross domestic purchases prices. The sharp declines in import prices in the first half of the year were mainly due to petroleum prices, which plunged 55 percent in the first quarter and 86 percent in the second. Pe troleum prices were down much less in the third quarter and turned up in the fourth following OPEC members' agreement to reinstate production quotas. Prices of nonpetroleum industrial supplies and materials declined in the first half of the year and increased in the second. Prices of the other end-use categories of imported goods increased throughout the year; prices of capital goods, consumer goods, and other goods registered larger increases in the second half of the year than in the first.

PCE prices increased $31 / 2$ percent in both the third and fourth quarters, following smaller changes in the first half of the year. Food prices were up less in the fourth quarter than in the

Table 7.-Price Indexes (Fixed Weights): Change From Preceding Quarter
[Percent change at annual rates; based on index numbers ( $1982=100$ ), seasonally adjusted]

|  | 1986 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV |
| GNP | 2.5 | 1.7 | 2.6 | 2.6 |
| Less. Exports . | 2.0 | -1.3 | -1.7 | . 5 |
| Plus: Imports................................ | $-7.0$ | -15.5 | -. 1 | 9.4 |
| Equals: Gross domestic purchases... | 1.6 | . 4 | 2.8 | 3.4 |
| Less: Change in business inventories $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |
| Equals: Final sales to domestic |  |  |  |  |
| purchasers.............................. | 1.6 | . 3 | 2.8 | 3.3 |
| Personal consumption |  |  |  |  |
| expenditures .............................. | 1.5 | -. 4 | 3.4 | 3.5 |
| Food........................ | . 9 | 2.0 | 8.5 | 5.2 |
| Energy ${ }^{1}$..... | -12.1 | $-33.0$ | -12.1 | $-9.9$ |
| Other personal consumption expenditures............................ | 3.3 | 3.0 | 3.7 | 4.3 |
| Other... | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.6 | 3.0 |
| Nonresidential structures... | --.3 | 1.5 | 1.0 | 1.0 |
| Producers' durable equipment... | . 9 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.3 |
| Residential investment............... | 2.6 | 4.7 | 2.1 | 1.9 |
| Government purchases............... | 2.1 | 1.0 | 1.3 | 3.9 |

1. Gasoline and oil, fuel oil and coal, and electricity and gas. Note.-Percent changes in major aggregates are found in the National Income and Product Accounts Tables, table 8.1
Most index numbers levels are found in tables 7.1 and 7.3 .
third, but considerably more than in the first half of the year. Energy prices declined steeply throughout the year. Prices of gasoline and oil and of fuel oil and coal declined in each quarter, with particularly sharp drops in the second quarter; prices of electricity and gas changed little in the first three quarters and declined in the fourth. Other PCE prices accelerated in the second half of the year. The acceleration was concentrated in several categories of goods, notably motor vehicles, other durables, clothing and shoes, and other nondurables.
Increases in the prices of the investment components were quite similar in the third and fourth quarters. For the most part, these components had registered small to moderate increases in the first half of the year as well. Prices paid by government increased 4 percent in the fourth quarter, considerably higher than in earlier quarters of the year. About 0.7 percentage point of the increase was due to a one-time employer contribution to a pension fund administered by Los Angeles County; such contributions are treated in the national income and product accounts as a temporary increase in the price of employee services purchased by government.

## Personal Income

Increases in personal income in the third and fourth quarters of 1986 were weak relative to those in the first half of the year. Personal income
increased $\$ 341 / 2$ billion in the fourth quarter, following a $\$ 15^{1 / 2}$ billion increase in the third; increases in the preceding two quarters had averaged $\$ 50$ billion (table 8). The weakness in personal income was not traceable to wages and salaries, which strengthened during the second half of the year, but, rather, to the timing of agricultural subsidy payments and to a sharp falloff in interest income.

Wage and salary disbursements increased $\$ 30$ billion in the fourth quarter, following increases of $\$ 221 / 2$ billion in the third and $\$ 141 / 2$ billion in the second. The progressive improvement was primarily accounted for by wages and salaries in the manufacturing and distributive industries, although the other major private industries also contributed. In the fourth quarter, the step-up in private wages and salaries largely reflected stronger increases in employment and average hourly earnings; in the third, employment had picked up and average weekly hours had increased after a decline. Government wages and salaries increased about the same in the fourth quarter as in earlier quarters.
Farm proprietors' income increased $\$ 21 / 2$ billion in the fourth quarter, following a $\$ 20$ billion decline in the third. The sharp changes in farm income in the past several quarters largely reflected the pattern of Federal agricultural subsidy payments. These payments amounted to $\$ 3 \frac{1}{2}$ billion in the first quarter, a record $\$ 19$ billion in the second, $\$ 41 / 2$ billion in the third, and $\$ 111 / 2$ billion in the fourth. A major part of the fourthquarter payments were deficiency payments-payments made when the market price of a crop is below the target price set by the CCC-on the 1986 wheat crop. Farm income excluding subsidies declined $\$ 4$ billion, following declines in the preceding three quarters. The weakness in 1986 reflected declines in both farm prices and production. Nonfarm proprietors' income increased somewhat less than in preceding quarters, reflecting slowdowns in construction and retail trade.
Personal interest income dropped sharply in the third and fourth quar-ters- $\$ 6^{1 / 2}$ billion and $\$ 7$ billion, re-spectively-after changing little earlier in the year. The drops reflected continued declines in interest rates in 1986, which reduced returns on financial assets with adjustable rates, such

Table 8.-Personal Income and Its Disposition: Change From Preceding Quarter
[Billions of dollars; based on seasonally adjusted annual rates]

|  | 1986 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV |
| Wage and salary disbursements.... | 31.3 | 14.7 | 22.3 | 30.0 |
| Manufacturing ........................ | 3.0 | -1.7 | 1.2 | 5.8 |
| Other commodity-producing.. | 1.3 | . 5 | -. 2 | 1.1 |
| Distributive.............................. | 6.3 | -. 9 | 4.0 | 5.9 |
| Services.................................... | 15.0 | 11.7 | 11.3 | 11.2 |
| Government and government enterprises. | 5.6 | 5.3 | 5.9 | 6.0 |
| Other labor income. | 2.8 | 2.8 | 3.1 | 2.6 |
| Proprietors' income. | 3.2 | 23.8 | $-11.6$ | 6.2 |
| Farm ..................... | $-5.0$ | 15.1 | -19.9 | 2.6 |
| Nonfarm .................................. | 8.2 | 8.7 | 8.4 | 3.6 |
| Rental income of persons. | 4.5 | 3.5 | -. 1 | 8 |
| Personal dividend income....... | 2.4 | 2.0 | . 9 | 7 |
| Personal interest income.......... | . 2 | -. 7 | -6.3 | -7.1 |
| Transfer payments....................... | 11.1 | 5.4 | 8.4 | 3.2 |
| Less: Personal contributions for social insurance $\qquad$ | 5.7 | . 9 | 1.3 | 1.7 |
| Personal income .......................... | 49.7 | 50.7 | 1.5 .5 | 34.6 |
| Less: Personal tax and nontax payments $\qquad$ | -3.2 | 7.3 | 14.2 | 13.2 |
| Equals: Disposable personal income. $\qquad$ | 52.9 | 43.4 | 1.4 | 21.3 |
| Less: Personal outlays ................ | 33.0 | 36.1 | 70.3 | 23.1 |
| Equals: Personal saving ............... | 19.8 | 7.5 | -69.0 | -1.8 |
| Addenda: Special factors in personal income: |  |  |  |  |
| In wages and salaries: <br> Federal Government and Postal Service pay adjustments | . 1 | 0 | . 4 | . 2 |
| In farm proprietors' income: Agricultural subsidy payments | . 1 | 15.4 | -14.2 | 6.8 |
| In transfer payments: Social security retroactive payments | . 5 | -. 5 | 2.0 | $-2.0$ |
| Cost-of-living increases in Federal transfer payments. | 6.7 |  |  | ......... |
| In personal contributions for social insurance: Social security base and rate changes. | 3.5 |  |  |  | Note.-Most dollar levels are found

and Product Accounts Tables, table 2.1.
as money market accounts. Moreover, interest rates have fallen to the lowest level in several years; thus, as intermediate-term assets, such as savings certificates, reached maturity, funds were rolled over into assets with considerably lower rates of return.
Transfer payments increased $\$ 3$ billion in the fourth quarter, following an $\$ 81 / 2$ billion increase in the third. Changes in transfer payments in the past several quarters largely reflected the impact of special factors. In the first quarter of 1986, cost-of-living adjustments to social security and several other Federal programs amounted to $\$ 61 / 2$ billion. Such adjustments raise transfer payments to a permanently higher level; thus, the change in payments was boosted $\$ 61 / 2$ billion in the first quarter and was unaffected thereafter. In the third quarter, retroactive social security payments amounting to $\$ 2$ billion were made to
recent retirees. Such payments are one-time catch-ups; thus, the change in payments was raised $\$ 2$ billion in the third quarter and reduced $\$ 2$ billion in the fourth.

Fourth-quarter changes in the remaining components of personal income were, for the most part, small and/similar to those in the third quarter. Combined, these components, particularly rental income of persons and personal dividend income, contributed to the slowing in personal income in the second half of the year.

Personal tax and nontax payments were up strongly in the third and fourth quarters- $\$ 14$ billion and $\$ 13$
billion, respectively. Reflecting the weakness in personal income and the strong increases in personal tax and nontax payments, disposable personal income (DPI) was considerably weaker in the second half of the year than in the first half. DPI increased $\$ 211 / 2$ billion in the fourth quarter, following an increase of $\$ 11 / 2$ billion in the third; increases in the first two quarters of the year had averaged nearly $\$ 50$ billion. For real DPI, these differences were augmented by the course of PCE prices, which were up somewhat more in the second half of the year than in the first. Real DPI declined $1 / 2$ percent in the fourth
quarter, following a 3-percent decline in the third; real DPI had registered increases of $61 / 2$ and 7 percent in the first two quarters of the year.
Reflecting changes in current-dollar DPI and personal outlays, personal saving declined slightly in the fourth quarter, following a huge decline in the third; personal saving had increased in the first half of the year. The personal saving rate, which had dropped sharply to 2.8 percent in the third quarter from about 5 percent in the first half of the year, declined a bit further in the fourth. At 2.7 percent, the saving rate was at its lowest. level in nearly 40 years.

## National Income and Product Accounts Tables

New estimates in this issue: Fourth quarter and annual 1986, preliminary ${ }^{( }{ }^{p}$ )
Estimates for 1929-82 are in The National Income and Product Accounts, 1929-82: Statistical Tables (Stock No. 003-010-00174-7, price $\$ 23.00$ ). Estimates for $1983-85$ are in the July 1986 Survey. These publications are available from the Superintendent of Documents and Commerce Department District Offices; see addresses inside front cover

The full set of National Income and Product Accounts estimates shown regularly in this part of the Survey are available on diskette for $\$ 240$ per year ( 12 updates). For more information, write to the Bureau of Economic Analysis (BE-54), U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC 20230.

Table 1.1.-Gross National Product
[Bilions of dollars]

|  | 1985 | $1986{ }^{\text {p }}$ | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1985 |  | 1986 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | III | IV | 1 | II | III | IV ${ }^{\text {P }}$ |
| Gross national product ..... | 3,998.1 | 4,208.5 | 4,030.5 | 4,087.7 | 4,149.2 | 4,175.6 | 4,240.7 | 4,268.4 |
| Personal consumption expenditures ... | 2,600.5 | 2,762.4 | 2,627.1 | 2,667.9 | 2,697.9 | 2,732.0 | 2,799.8 | 2,819.9 |
| Durable goods. | 359.3 | 388.3 | 373.3 | 362.0 | 360.8 | 373.9 | 414.5 | 404.2 |
| Nondurable goods... | 1,336.1 | 932.7 | 1,346.4 | 1,383.2 | 1,407.4 | 1,429.8 | 1,452.4 | 1,475.7 |
| Services.............. |  | 1,441.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross private domestic investment. | 661.1 | 686.4 | 657.4 | 669.5 | 708.3 | 687.3 | 675.8 | 674.5 |
| Fixed investment | 650.0 | 675.1 | 654.3 |  | 664.4 |  |  |  |
| Nonresidential. | 458.2 | 458.5 | 459.8 | 474.0 | 459.2 | 457.5 | 459.0 | 458.1 |
| Structures... | 154.8 | 143.6 | 155.0 | 157.2 | 154.6 | 141.5 | 139.5 | 138.6 |
| Producers' durable equipment | 3034 | 3149 | 3047 | 3168 | 304.6 | 316.0 | 319.5 | 319.5 |
| Residential....... | 191.8 | 216.6 | 194.5 | 198.6 | 205.3 | 215.3 | 221.3 | 224.6 |
| Change in business |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 3.1 \\ & 3.2 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| inventories...... | 11.112.2-1.1 | $\begin{aligned} & 11.4 \\ & 11.8 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} -3.1 \\ 16.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 43.8 \\ & 41.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 14.5 \\ & 10.5 \end{aligned}$ | -4.5 -10.3 | -8.35.7-1.9 |
| Nonfarm. |  | 11.8 -4 |  | -16.7 | 41.2 2.7 | 10.5 3.9 | -10.3 5.8 |  |
| Net exports of goods and services | -78.9 | -105.7 | -83.7 | -105.3 | -93.7 | -104.5 | -108.9 | -115.6 |
| Exports. | 3698448.6 | 373.0478.7 | $\begin{aligned} & 362.3 \\ & 446.0 \end{aligned}$ | 368.2473.6 | $\begin{aligned} & 374.8 \\ & 468.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 363.0 \\ & 467.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 370.8 \\ & 479.7 \end{aligned}$ | 399.0 |
| Imports................................. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Government purchases of goods and services | 815.4 | 865.3 | 829.7 | 855.6 | 836.7 | 860.8 | 874.0 | 889.7 |
| Federal. | $\begin{aligned} & 354.1 \\ & 259.4 \\ & 94.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 367.2 \\ 278.4 \\ 88.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 360.9 \\ 265.5 \\ 95.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 380.9 \\ & 268.0 \\ & 112.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 355.7 \\ 266.4 \\ 89.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 367.6 \\ 278.4 \\ 89.2 \end{array}$ | 369.3 <br> 286.8 <br> 82.6 <br> 8 | $\begin{array}{r}376.3 \\ 281.9 \\ 94.4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| National defense. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondefense............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| State and local .............. | 461.3 | 498.1 | 468.8 | 474.7 | 480.9 | 493.3 | 504.7 | 513.3 |

Nors.-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 1.3.-Gross National Product by Major Type of Product [Billions of dollars

|  | 1985 | $1986{ }^{p}$ | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1985 |  | 1986 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | III | IV | I | II | III | IV ${ }^{\text {p }}$ |
| Gross national p | 3,998.1 | $4,208.5$$4,197.1$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 4,030.5 \\ 4,027.4 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 4,087.7 \\ 4,090.8 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left.\begin{aligned} & 4,149.2 \\ & 4,105.4 \end{aligned} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,175.6 \\ & 4,161.2 \end{aligned}$ | 4,240.7 | 4,268.4 |
| nal sales. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4,245.2 | $\begin{array}{r} 4,276.7 \\ -8.3 \end{array}$ |
| Change in business inventories. |  | 11.4 | 4,027 <br> 3,1 | $4,000.8$ <br> -3.1 |  | 14.5 |  |  |
| Goods |  | $\begin{aligned} & 1,673.0 \\ & 1,661.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 1,642.7 \\ & 1,639.7 \end{aligned}\right.$ | $\left.\begin{aligned} & 1,644.1 \\ & 1,647.2 \end{aligned} \right\rvert\,$ | 1,669.0 | 1,661.5 | 1,680.2 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,681.1 \\ & 1,689.4 \end{aligned}$ |
| Final sales | $\begin{array}{\|} 1,630.2 \\ 1,619.1 \end{array}$ |  |  |  | $1,625.2$43.8 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,647.1 \\ 14.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,684.7 \\ -4.5 \end{array}$ |  |
| Change in business inventories | $41.1$ | $1,661.6$ <br> 11.4 <br> 181 | $1,639.7$ <br> 3.1 | 1,64 -3.1 |  |  |  | -8.3 |
| Durable goods | 700.2 | 715.5 | 710.3713.0 | $\left.\begin{aligned} & 709.1 \\ & 699.6 \end{aligned} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{aligned} & 710.6 \\ & 682.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 703.1 \\ & 703.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 730.1 \\ & 745.7 \end{aligned}$ | 735.0 |
| Final sales. | 693.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Change in business inventories | 6.6 | 4.2 | $-2.7$ | 9.5 | 28.6 | - 1 | -15.6 | 3.9 |
| Nondurable goods | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} 930.0 \\ 925.5 \\ 4.5 \\ 1,959.8 \\ 408.1 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{array}{r} 953.3 \\ 946.1 \\ 7.2 \\ 2,105.5 \\ 430.0 \end{array}$ | 932.5 | $\begin{array}{r} 985.0 \\ 947.7 \\ -12.7 \\ \mathbf{2 , 0 2 5 . 5} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 958.4 \\ 943.1 \\ 15.3 \\ \mathbf{2}, 057.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 958.5 \\ 993.9 \\ 14.6 \\ 2,087.4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 950.1 \\ & 939.0 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{958.3}^{946.1}$ |
| Final sales |  |  | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 9.926 .7 \\ 9.9 \\ 1,971.9 \\ 1,9719 \\ 415.9 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Change in business inventories |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} 11.1 \\ 2,125.2 \\ 435.3 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{array}{r} -12.2 \\ \mathbf{2 , 1 5 1 . 7} \\ \mathbf{4 3 5 . 7} \end{array}$ |
| Services |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Structures.... |  |  |  | 418. | 422.6 | 426 |  |  |

[^2] table 8.1.

Table 1.2-Gross National Product in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1982 dollars]

|  | 1985 | $1986^{\text {P }}$ | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1985 |  | 1986 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | III | IV | 1 | II | III | $\mathrm{IV}^{p}$ |
| Gross national product | 3,585.2 | 3,676.5 | 3,603.8 | 3,622.3 | 3,655.9 | 3,661.4 | 3,686.4 | 3,702.4 |
| Personal consumption expenditures. $\qquad$ | 2,324.5 | 2,418.6 | 2,342.0 | 2,351.7 | 2,372.7 | 2,408.4 | 2,448.0 | 2,445.1 |
| Durable goods | 343.9 | 368.9 | 357.4 | 347.0 | 345.4 | 357.1 | 391.6 | 381.3 |
| Nondurable goods .. | 841.6 | 872.4 | 843.8 | 847.2 | 860.6 | 877.3 | 875.4 | 876.2 |
| Services.... | 1,139.0 | 1,177.3 | 1,140.8 | 1,157.5 | 1,166.6 | 1,174.0 | 1,181.0 | 1,187.6 |
| Gross private domestic investment. | 647.7 | 659.7 | 643.8 | 653.2 | 684.0 | 664.7 | 651.3 | 638.8 |
| Fixed investment | 638.6 | 648.9 | 643.1 | 658.4 | 644.1 | 649.6 | 651.6 | 650.3 |
| Nonresidential | 461.4 | 455.0 | 463.1 | 476.9 | 457.8 | 456.8 | 454.4 | 451.0 |
| Structures... | 152.2 | 134.7 | 152.3 | 152.4 | 148.1 | 132.9 | 129.5 | 128.4 |
| Producers' durable equipment | 309.2 | 320.3 | 310.9 | 324.5 | 309.7 | 323.9 | 324.9 | 322.6 |
| Residential............. | 177.2 | 193.9 | 180.0 | 181.5 | 186.3 | 192.7 | 197.2 | 199.3 |
| Change in business inventories. | $\begin{array}{r} 9.0 \\ 10.9 \end{array}$ | 10.8 | . 7 | -5.2 | 39.9 | 15.1 | -. 3 | -11.54.2 |
| Nonfarm.... |  | 10.9 | 1.4 | 16.1 | 37.0 | 11.0 | -8.6 |  |
| Farm... | -1.9 | -. 1 | $-.7$ | -21.3 | 2.9 | - 4.1 | 8.3 | -15.7 |
| Net exports of goods and services $\qquad$ | -108.2 | -149.7 | -113.8 | -132.0 | -125.9 | -153.9 | -163.3 | -155.6 |
| Exports.. | $\begin{aligned} & 362.3 \\ & 470.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 371.8 \\ & 521.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 355.8 \\ & 469.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 362.9 \\ & 494.8 \end{aligned}$ | 369.2 | 359.8 | $\begin{aligned} & 371.2 \\ & 534.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 385.3 \\ & 540.8 \end{aligned}$ |
| Imports.... |  |  |  |  | 495.1 | 513.6 |  |  |
| Government purchases of goods and services $\qquad$ | 721.2 | 748.0 | 731.8 | 749.4 | 725.2 | 742.2 | 750.4 | 774.1 |
| Federal | $\begin{aligned} & 323.6 \\ & 235.7 \end{aligned}$ | 333.4251.0 | $\begin{array}{r} 329.9 \\ 242.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 347.2 \\ 239.3 \end{array}$ | 320.4238.7 | 328.9249.3 | 330.9259.4 | 358.5256.5 |
| National defense |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondefense | 87.8 | $\begin{array}{r} 82.4 \\ 414.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 87.6 \\ 401.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 107.9 \\ & 402.2 \end{aligned}$ | 81.7404.8 | $\begin{array}{r} 79.5 \\ 413.3 \end{array}$ | $71.5$ | 97.0 |
| State and local . | 397.6 |  |  |  |  |  | 419.5 | 420.6 |

Nore.-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in able 8.1.

Table 1.4.-Gross National Product by Major Type of Product in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1982 dollars]

|  | 1985 | $1986^{p}$ | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1985 |  | 1986 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | III | IV | 1 | II | III | IV ${ }^{p}$ |
| Gross national product...... | 3,585.2 | 3,676.5 | 3,603.8 | 3,622.3 | 3,655.9 | 3,661.4 | 3,686.4 | 3,702.4 |
| Final sales | 3,576.2 | 3,665.7 | 3,603.1 | 3,627.5 | 3,616.1 | 3,646.3 | 3,686.7. | 3,713.9 |
| Change in business inventories. | 9.0 | 10.8 |  | -5.2 | 39.9 | 15.1 | -. 3 | -11.5 |
| Goods | 1,533.2 | 1,569.0 | 1,544.2 | 1,541.7 | 1,563.6 | 1,562.8 | 1,568.0 | 1,581.6 |
| Final sales | 1,524.2 | 1,558.2 | 1,543.6 | 1,546.9 | 1,523.7 | 1,547.6 | 1,568.3 | 1,593.2 |
| Change in business inventories | 9.0 | 10.8 | . 7 | -5.2 | 39.9 | 15.1 | -. 3 | -11.5 |
| Durable goods. | 675.8 | 703.2 | 686.5 | 688.7 | 688.6 | 687.5 | 714.2 | 722.6 |
| Final sales ........... | 670.0 | 699.6 | 689.3 | 680.2 | 662.6 | 688.3 | 728.6 | 718.7 |
| Change in business inventories. | 5.9 | 3.7 | -2.9 | 8.4 | 26.0 | -. 7 | -14.4 | 3.9 |
| Nondurable grods.. | 857.4 | 865.8 | 857.8 | 853.0 | 875.0 | 875.2 | 853.8 | 859.0 |
| Final sales. | 854.2 | 858.6 | 854.2 | 866.7 | 861.1 | 859.4 | 839.7 | 874.4 |
| Change in business inventories. | 3.2 | 7.1 | 3.5 | -13.6 | 13.9 | 15.9 | 14.1 | -15.4 |
| Services ....................................... | 1,667.6 | 1,718.1 | 1,668.7 | 1,692.1 | 1,703.0 | 1,712.0 | 1,727.2 | 1,730.5 |
| Structures | 384.4 | 389.4 | 390.9 | 388.5 | 389.4 | 386.6 | 391.3 | 390.3 |

Nore.-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 1.5.-Relation of Gross National Product, Gross Domestic Purchases, and Final Sales to Domestic Purchasers [Billions of dollars]

| [Billions of dollars] |
| :--- |

Table 1.7.-Gross National Product by Sector
[Billions of dollars]

|  | 1985 | $1986{ }^{p}$ | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1985 |  | 1986 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | III | IV | I | II | III | IV ${ }^{\text {p }}$ |
| Gross national product. | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 3,998.1 \\ 3,957.0 \end{array}\right\|$ | $4,208.5$4,171.2 | $\|4,030.5\|$$1 \mathbf{3 , 9 9 1 . 4}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,087.7 \\ & 4,045.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{4 , 1 4 9 . 2} \\ & \mathbf{4 , 1 0 6 . 0} \end{aligned}$ | $4,175.6$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,240.7 \\ & 4,203.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l} 4,268.4 \\ 4,234.9 \end{array}$ |
| Gross domestic product... |  |  |  |  |  | 4,140.7 |  |  |
| Business... | $3,394.0$$3,324.0$3 | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} 3,572.3 \\ 3,498.7 \end{array}$ | 3,424.7 | 3,468.4 | \| $\begin{aligned} & 3,519.9 \\ & 3,451.7\end{aligned}$ | 3,546.3 | 3,600.7 | $3,622.2$$3,549.3$ |
| Nonfarm........... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nonfarm less housing Housing | 3,010.9 | 3,1580.0 | 3,040.9 | 3,065.4 32.9 | ${ }_{3}^{3,121.5}$ | 3, 3332.4 | ${ }_{343}^{3,180.1}$ | ${ }^{3,198.2}$ |
| Housing |  |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 330.2 \\ 71.8 \\ -3.6 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 343.9 \\ 66.4 \\ 10.3 \end{array}$ | 351.162.610.3 |
| Statistical discrepancy.... | $\begin{array}{r} 313.1 \\ 75.5 \\ -5.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 340.7 \\ 68.1 \\ 5.4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}72.4 \\ \hline 5\end{array}$ | 77.5 1.6 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 357.7 \\ 71.6 \\ -\quad 4.6 \end{array}$ |  |  |
| Households and institutions..... | $\begin{array}{r} 142.1 \\ 9.3 \\ 132.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 153.1 \\ 9.8 \\ 143.3 \end{gathered}$ | 143.49.3 | ${ }_{9.4}^{146.2}$ | 149.5 | ${ }_{9.6}^{152.0}$ | 154.49.9 | 156.610.1 |
| Private households.... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nonprofit institutions. |  |  | 134.1 | 136.8 | 140.0 | 142.3 | 144.5 | 146.5 |
| Government. | $\begin{aligned} & 420.9 \\ & 140.7 \\ & 280.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 445.9 \\ & 1451 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 423.3 \\ & 140.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 431.2 \\ & 143.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 436.7 \\ & 144.0 \end{aligned}$ | 442.5144.7 | 448.1145.2 | $\begin{array}{r} 456.2 \\ \begin{array}{l} 146.4 \\ 309.8 \end{array} \end{array}$ |
| Federal. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| State and local.... |  | 300.8 | 282.8 | $\begin{array}{r} 287.8 \\ 41.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 292.6 \\ 43.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 297.8 \\ 34.9 \end{array}$ |  |  |
| Rest of the world | 41.2 | 37.3 | 39.1 |  |  |  | $37.4$ | 33.5 |
| Addendum: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross domestic business product less housing.... | 3,072.2 | 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Nore.-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 1.8.-Gross National Product by Sector in Constant Dollars


Table 1.6.-Relation of Gross National Product, Gross Domestic Purchases, and Final Sales to Domestic Purchasers in Constant Dollars

| [Billions of 1982 dollars] |
| :--- |

Table 1.9.-Relation of Gross National Product, Net National Product, National Income, and Personal Income

| Gross national product. | 3,998.1 | 4,208.5 | 4,030.5 | 4,087.7 | 4,149.2 | 4,175.6 | 4,240.7 | 4,268.4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment | 437.2 | 455.1 | 441.3 | 446.7 | 447.1 | 453.3 | 457.6 | 462.5 |
| Capital consumption allowances without capital consumption adjustment. | 467.3 | 488.1 | 474.7 | 478.5 | 480.0 | 483.3 | 489.4 | 499.8 |
| Less: Capital consumption adjustment. | 30.1 | 33.0 | 33.4 | 31.9 | 32.9 | 30.0 | 31.8 | 37.3 |
| Equals: Net national product. | 3,560.9 | 3,753.4 | 3,589.3 | 3,641.0 | $3,702.1$ | 3,722.3 | 3,783.1 | 3,806.0 |
| Less: Indirect business tax and nontax liability. | 331.4 | 348.7 | 332.7 | 337.7 | 346.7 | 340.8 | 354.2 | 353.1 |
| Business transfer payments | 20.9 | 23.2 | 21.2 | 21.7 | 22.3 | 22.9 | 23.5 | 24.1 |
| Statistical discrepancy | -5.5 | 5.4 | -5.5 | 1.6 | -3.6 | 4.6 | 10.3 |  |
| Plus: Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises | 8.2 | 11.3 | 2.6 | 7.4 | 4.1 | 22.4 | 1.0 | 17.8 |
| Equals: National income. | 3,222.3 | 3,387.4 | 3,243.4 | 3,287.3 | 3,340.7 | 3,376.4 | 3,396.1 |  |
| Less: Corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| adjustments........................ | 280.7 | 299.7 | 296.3 | 285.6 | 296.4 | 293.1 | 302.0 |  |
| Net interest $\qquad$ Contributions for social | 311.4 | 294.9 | 309.7 | 307.6 | 304.9 | 297.7 | 292.9 | 284.1 |
| insurance | 355.7 | 376.1 | 356.8 | 362.1 | 371.5 | 373.5 | 376.6 | 382.6 |
| Wage accruals less disbursements .... | -. 2 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Plus: Government transfer | 466.2 | 490.5 | 469.9 | 471.8 | 482.4 | 487.2 | 495.0 | 497.6 |
| Personal interest income | 476.2 | 475.4 | 475.2 | 480.6 | 480.8 | 480.1 | 473.8 | 466.7 |
| Personal dividend income.. | 76.4 | 81.2 | 76.3 | 76.7 | 79.1 | 81.1 | 82.0 | 82.7 |
| Business transfer payments | 20.9 | 23.2 | 21.2 | 21.7 | 22.3 | 22.9 | 23.5 | 24.1 |
| Equals: Personal income..... | 3,314.5 | 3,487.0 | 3,323.2 | 3,382.9 | 3,432.6 | 3,483.3 | 3,498.8 | 3,533.4 |

Table 1.10.-Relation of Gross National Product, Net National Product, and National Income in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1982 dollars]

| Gross national produ | 3,585.2 | 3,676.5 | 3,663.8 | 3,622.3 | 3,655.9 | 3,661.4 | 3,686.4 | 3,702.4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment. | 425.6 | 441.0 | 429.4 | 433.7 | 434.8 | 439.1 | 443.2 | 447.0 |
| Equals: Net national product...... | 3,159.6 | 3,235.5 | 3,174.4 | 3,188.6 | 3,221.1 | 3,222.3 | 3,243.3 | 3,255.4 |
| Less: Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus business transfer payments less subsidies plus current surplus of government enterprises. | 297.7 | 313.8 | 299.3 | 300.6 | 303.3 | 312.7 | 319.3 | 319.8 |
| Statistical discrep | -5.0 | 4.8 | -4.9 |  | -3.2 | 4.0 | 9.1 |  |
| Equals: National income....... | 2,866.8 | 2,917.0 | 2,880.0 | 2,886.5. | 2,920.9 | 2,905.6 | 2,914.9 |  |

Table 1.11 is on the next page.

Table 1.14.-National Income by Type of Income
[Billions of dollars]


Table 1.16.-Gross Domestic Product of Corporate Business in Current Dollars and Gross Domestic Product of Nonfinancial Corporate Business in Current and Constant Dollars

|  | 1985 | $1986{ }^{p}$ | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1985 |  | 1986 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | III | IV | I | II | III | IV ${ }^{\text {p }}$ |
|  | Billions of dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross domestic product of corporate business... | $\begin{array}{r} 2,414.1 \\ 268.2 \\ 2,145.9 \end{array}$ | 2,528.7 | 2,441.5 | 2,459.0 | 2,501.5 | 2,506.2 | 2,541.2 |  |
| Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment $\qquad$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 280.2 \\ 2,248.5 \end{array}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 270.1 \\ 2,171.5 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{r} 273.3 \\ 2,185.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 275.3 \\ 2,226.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 278.9 \\ 2,227.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 281.6 \\ 2,259.6 \end{array}$ | 284.8 |
| Net domestic product Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus business transfer payments less subsidies | $\underset{1,915.7}{230.2}$ | 240.5 | 1,939.7 | (1,950.0 | 2418.8 | $\xrightarrow{294.2}$ | 2, 244.9 | 241.1 |
| Domestic income. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Compensation of employees.. | $1,602.8$ | $1,683.5$ | 1,611.0 | 1, $1,6668.7$ | 1,664.7 | 1,672.0 | 1,687.7 ${ }^{1,406.9}$ | $1,709.8$ $1,426.0$ |
| Wages and salaries Supplements to wages and salaries | $1,336.7$ 266.1 | $1,404.0$ 279.5 | $1,343.0$ 268.0 | -271.7 | $1,388.9$ 275.8 | +277.6 | 280.8 | 283.8 |
| Corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments $\qquad$ | 248.8 | 264.2 | 266.3 | 250.5 | 257.9 | 260.2 |  |  |
| Profits before tax. | 191.3 | 201.1 | 199.2 | 200.7 | 184.1 | 194.8 | 205.6 |  |
| Profits tax liability | 91.8 | 102.8 | 95.8 | 96.4 | 95.7 | 99.0 | 104.4 |  |
| Profits after tax... | 99.5 | 98.3 | 103.4 | 104.3 | 88.4 | 95.8 | ${ }_{7}^{101.2}$ |  |
| Dividends. | 69.430.2 | 77.221.1 | ${ }_{35.1}^{68.1}$ | 64.3 | 70.4 | 13.5 | 77.0 | 79.0 |
| Undistributed profits... |  |  |  |  | 18.0 |  | 24.2 |  |
| Inventory valuation adjustment | -. 6 | 6.3 | 6.1 | -9.4 | 16.5 | 10.6 | 6.1 | -8.0 |
| Capital consumption adjustment | 58.164.1 | 56.860.3 | 61.062.4 | 59.261.9 | 57.361.8 | 54.860.9 | $\begin{gathered} 55.5 \\ 59.7 \end{gathered}$ | 59.558.9 |
| Net interest......................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross domestic product of financial corporate business $\qquad$ | 138.9 | 167.2 | 140.2 | 144.9 | 157.9 | 164.7 | 171.2 |  |
| Gross domestic product of nonfinancial corporate business. | 2,275.1 | 2,361.5 | 2,301.3 | 2,314.1 | 2,343.6 | 2,341.5 | 2,370.0 |  |
| Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment $\qquad$ | 252.2 | 262.9 | 253.9 | 256.8 | 258.7 | 261.9 | 264.2 | 267.0 |
| Net domestic product $\qquad$ Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus business transfer payments | 2,023.0 | 2,098.5 | 2,047.4 | 2,057.3 | 2,084.9 | 2,079.6 | 2,105.8 | 229.1 |
| Domestic income. | ( $\begin{array}{r}216.8 \\ 1,806.1 \\ 1\end{array}$ | 1,871.9 | 1,829.2 | 1,886.2 | 1,857.4 | 1,859.5 | - 230.0 |  |
| Compensation of employees... | 1,491.5 |  | 1,498.4 | 1,523.5 | 1,542.8 |  | $1,557.0$ | ${ }_{1}^{1,577.1}$ |
| Wages and salaries Supplements to wages and salaries $\qquad$ | 1,244.1 | 258.1 | 1,249.4 | 1,271.0 | 1,287.4 | $1,289.2$ 256.5 | 1,298.2 |  |
| Corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments | 247.4 |  | 249.1 | 252.5 | 255.4 | 256.5 | 258.9 | 261.6 |
| Profits before tax | 224.2 <br> 170.3 | $\begin{aligned} & 229.2 \\ & 171.7 \end{aligned}$ | 240.8 <br> 177.5 | 223.3 | 225.5 | 225.9 | 232.7 1768 |  |
| Profits tax liability | 66.5 | 96.1 | 107.0 | 70.3107.2 | 68.787.6 | 71.7 940 | 77.9 |  |
| Profits after tax | 103.8 |  |  |  |  | 94.0 |  |  |
| Dividends. |  | ${ }^{80.4}$ | 72.8 | 74.6 | 74.8 | 85.6 <br> 8.3 | 79.819.1 | 81.4 |
| Undistributed profits... | 74.3 <br> 29.5 |  | 34.1 | 32.6 | 12.8 |  |  |  |
| Inventory valuation adjustment | -. 6 | 6.3 | 6.1 | -9.4 | 16.5 | 10.6 | 6.1 | -8.0 |
| Capital consumption adjustment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net interest......................... | $\begin{aligned} & 54.5 \\ & 90.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 51.1 \\ & 87.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 57.2 \\ & 89.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 55.2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 52.7 \\ & 89.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 497 \\ & 87.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 49.7 \\ 86.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 52.3 \\ & 85.0 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | Billions of 1982 dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross domestic product of nonfinancial corporate business: | 2,105.5 | 2,144.9 | 2,124.6 | 2,127.3 | 2,141.0 | 2,135.3 | 2,142.2 |  |
| Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment | $\begin{array}{r} 249.1 \\ 1,856.4 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  | $260.7$ | 263.0 |
| Net domestic product Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus business transfer payments less subsidies |  | $\begin{array}{r} 259.4 \\ 1,885.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 250.6 \\ 1,874.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 253.3 \\ 1,874.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 255.7 \\ 1,885.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 258.3 \\ 1,877.0 \end{array}$ | 1,881.6 <br> 204.5 |  |
| Domestic income.................. | $\begin{array}{r} 189.6 \\ 1,666.7 \end{array}$ | 1,685.2 | $\begin{array}{r} 190.8 \\ 1,683.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 191.9 \\ 1,682.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 192.92 .4 \\ & 1,692 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 199.3 \\ 1,677.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 204.5 \\ 1,677.1 \end{array}$ | 204.6 |

Table 1.11.-Command-Basis Gross National Product in Constant Dollars
 1. Exports of goods and services deflated by the implicit price deflator for imports of goods and ervices.
. Ratio of the implicit price deflator for exports of goods and services to the implicit price
Note.-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in
table 8.1. table 8.1.

Table 1.19.-Truck Output
[Billions of dollars]

|  | 1985 | 1986 ${ }^{\text {p }}$ | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1985 |  | 1986 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | III | IV. | I | II | III | IV ${ }^{p}$ |
| Truek output ${ }^{1}$... | 54.2 | 56.8 | 55.5 | 57.8 | 54.7 | 56.5 | 57.2 | 58.7 |
| Final sales.. | 54.0 | 56.5 | 55.1 | 57.0 | . 49.6 | 55.8 | 62.2 | 58.5 |
| Personal consumption expenditures. |  |  | 24.2 | ${ }^{23.2}$ | 21.2 | 25.4 | $\begin{aligned} & 32.2 \\ & 33.6 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Producers' durable equipment.. | ${ }^{22.6}$ | ${ }_{32.2}^{26.2}$ | 31.4 | 35.2 | 29.9 | 32.4 |  | 26.0 32.9 |
| Net exports of goods and | $\begin{array}{r}-6.7 \\ 2.7 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | -7.53.0 | $\begin{array}{r}-6.3 \\ 2.8 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -7.4 \\ 3.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}-7.6 \\ 2.8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}-7.4 \\ 3.1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}-8.8 \\ 2.8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | -6.23.4 |
| Exports.................................. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Imports................................... | 2.7 9.4 | 10.5 | 9.2 | 10.5 | 10.4 | 10.6 | 11.6 | 9.6 |
| Government purchases of goods and services.. | 5.8 | 5.7 | 5.7 | 6.1.8 | 6.15.1 | 5.4.7 | 5.3-5.0 | 5.8.2 |
| Change in business inventories... | . 1 | . 3 | . 4 |  |  |  |  |  |

1. Includes new trucks only.

Table 1.20.-Truck Output in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1982 dollars]

|  | 1985 | $1986{ }^{\circ}$ | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1985 |  | 1986 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | III | IV | I | II | III | IV ${ }^{\text {p }}$ |
| Truck output ${ }^{1}$ | 49.2 | 49.5 | 50.4 | 51.6 | 48.4 | 49.5 | 49.8 | 50.1 |
| Final sales .............. | 49.1 | 49.2 | 50.0 | 50.9 | 44.0 | 48.9 | 54.1 | 49.9 |
| Personal consumption | 20.7 | 23.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Producers' durable equipment.. | 29.3 | 27.9 | 228.4 | ${ }_{31.2}^{21.0}$ | 19.0 | ${ }_{28.3}^{22.4}$ | 29.0 | ${ }_{28.0}^{22.3}$ |
| Net exports of goods and services. | -6.12.5 | -6.6-2.6 | -5.8-2.6 | $\begin{array}{r}-6.7 \\ \hline 2.7\end{array}$ | -6.8-2.5 | -6.62.7 | $\begin{array}{r}-7.7 \\ 2.4 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | -5.3-2.9 |
| Exports.................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Imports...................... | 8.6 | 9.2 | 8.3 | 9.4 | 9.3 | 9.3 | 10.1 | - 8.2 |
| Government purchases of goods and services. | 5.3 | 4.9 | 5.2 |  |  |  |  | 5.0 |
| Change in business inventories ... |  | . 2 | ${ }^{4}$ | . 7 | $4.4$ | 4.8 .6 | 4.6 -4.2 | . 2 |

1. Includes new trucks only

Table 1.17.-Auto Output [Billions of dollars]

|  | 1985 | $1986{ }^{p}$ | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1985 |  | 1986 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | III | IV | I | II | III | $\mathrm{IV}^{\text {p }}$ |
| Auto output. | 114.1 | 114.8 | 116.9 | 113.3 | 113.2 | 112.7 | 112.0 | 121.2 |
| Final sales. | 110.1 | 113.5 | 123.1 | 100.6 | 105.3 | 106.2 | 126.8 | 115.6 |
| Personal consumption expenditures........ |  | 124.3100.6 | 126.499.5 | ${ }_{82.7}^{11.6}$ | ${ }_{85.7}^{111.1}$ | 115.290.8 | 140.1118.3 |  |
| expenditures... | 115.3 <br> 87.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{130.7}$ |
| Net purchases of used autos.. | 28.1 | ${ }_{23.7}$ | 26.9 | - 28.9 | $\begin{aligned} & 25.4 \\ & 24.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 24.4 \\ 26.6 \end{gathered}$ | ${ }_{28}^{21.8}$ | ${ }_{26.3}^{23.3}$ |
| Producers' durable equipment.. | 23.2 | 26.245.0 | 26.6 | 22.639.7-1 |  |  |  |  |
| New autos.................. | 42.7 |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 24.1 \\ & 41.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26.6 \\ & 45.8 \end{aligned}$ | 48.0 | 44.7 |
| Net purchases of used autos.. | -19.5 | -18.8 | -21.0 | -17.1 | -17.6 | -19.3 | -20.0 | -18.4 |
| services.................. | $\begin{array}{r} -30.0 \\ 66.1 \\ 36.1 \end{array}$ | -38.8 | -31.3 | -35.36.2 | $\begin{array}{r}-32.1 \\ 6.6 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}-37.1 \\ 6.6 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -42.7 \\ -6.1 \\ 48.8 \end{array}$ | - 43.16.849.9 |
| Exports.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Government purchases of goods and services... | $\begin{gathered} 36.1 \\ 1.6 \end{gathered}$ | $1.7$ | 1.4 | 1.6 | 2.2 2.2 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.7 |
| Change in business inventories | $\begin{array}{r} 4.0 \\ 4.1 \\ -.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1.3 \\ -1.1 \\ 2.4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} -6.2 \\ -9.0 \\ -9.8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 12.7 \\ 16.4 \\ -3.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 7.9 \\ 7.8 \\ 1 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 6.5 \\ 3.5 \\ 3.0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -14.8 \\ -20.8 \\ -5.9 \end{array}$ | 5.65.0.6 |
| of new and used autos... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Used. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic output of new autos ${ }^{1}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 95.3 \\ & 45.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 98.4 \\ & 52.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 96.3 \\ 49.7 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 94.8 \\ & 49.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 98.8 \\ 44.7 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 95.7 \\ & 48.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 94.4 \\ 57.4 \end{gathered}$ | 104.760.8 |
| Sales of imported new autos ${ }^{2}$... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

1. Consists of final sales and change in business inventories of new autos assembled in the United States.
2. Consists of
ment purchases.

Table 1.18.-Auto Output in Constant Dollars [Billions of 1982 dollars]

|  | 1985 | $1986{ }^{p}$ | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1985 |  | 1986 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | III | IV | I | II | III | IV ${ }^{p}$ |
| Auto output. | $\begin{aligned} & 104.6 \\ & 101.5 \end{aligned}$ |  | 107.6 |  | 103.2 |  |  | 106.8 |
| Final sales. |  | 103.3 | 113.4 | 92.0 | 97.1 | 97.3 | 115.1 | 103.5 |
| Personal consumption |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New autos..... | $\begin{array}{r} 103.3 \\ 80.1 \end{array}$ | 88.4 | 91.2 | 99.4 75.0 | 98.7 77.2 | 101.5 80.5 | $\begin{aligned} & 122.4 \\ & 103.6 \end{aligned}$ | 112.1 92.4 |
| Net purchases of used autos.. | 23.2 | 20.3 | 22.7 | 24.3 | 21.5 | 21.0 | 18.8 | 19.7 |
| Producers' durable equipment.. | $\begin{aligned} & 24.1 \\ & 39.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 24.3 \\ 39.6 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26.9 \\ & 43.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 22.5 \\ & 36.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 23.7 \\ & 37.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25.1 \\ & 40.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 25.4 \\ 42.0 \end{array}$ | 23.138.4 |
| New autos............................ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net purchases of used autos.. | -15.1 | $\begin{array}{r} 39.6 \\ -15.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 43.6 \\ -16.6 \end{array}$ | 36.0 -13.5 | $\begin{array}{r} 37.5 \\ -13.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 40.6 \\ -15.6 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 42.0 \\ -16.6 \end{array}$ | -15.3 |
| Net exports of goods and services. | $\begin{array}{r} -27.5 \\ 52.4 \\ 32.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -31.3 \\ 5.6 \\ 36.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -28.8 \\ 54 . \\ \quad 34.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -31.4 \\ 5.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -27.4 \\ 5.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -30.6 \\ 5.7 \\ 36.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -34.1 \\ 59.1 \\ 39.2 \end{array}$ | -33.25.6 |
| Exports... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Imports................................ |  |  |  | 36.9 | 33.2 |  |  | 38.7 |
| Government purchases of goods and services. | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.4 | 1.5 | $2: 1$ | 1.4 | 1.4 | 1.5 |
| Change in business inventories of new and used autos.. | 3.13.2-.1 | $\begin{array}{r} -8 \\ -2.8 \\ 2.0 \end{array}$ | -5.8-8.02.3 | $\begin{aligned} & 10.7 \\ & 18.6 \end{aligned}$ | 6.16.0 | 4.31.82.4 | $\begin{array}{r} -16.8 \\ -21.7 \\ 4.9 \end{array}$ | 3.22.7.5 |
| New............................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Used......... |  |  |  | $-3.0$ |  |  |  |  |
| Addenda: | $\begin{aligned} & 87.0 \\ & 41.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 85.4 \\ & 46.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 88.5 \\ & 45.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 85.1 \\ & 45.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 88.6 \\ & 40.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 84.2 \\ & 42.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 80.0 \\ & 50.3 \end{aligned}$ | 88.752.3 |
| Domestic output of new autos ${ }^{1}$ $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales of imported new autos ${ }^{2}$... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Consists of final sales and change in business inventories of new autos assembled in the United States. <br> 2. Consists of personal consumption expenditures, producers' durable equipment, and government purchases. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 2.1.-Personal Income and Its Disposition

|  | 1985 | $1986{ }^{p}$ | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1985 |  | 1986 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | III | IV | I | II | III | IV ${ }^{p}$ |
| Personal income... | 3,314.5 | 3,487.0 | 3,323.2 | 3,382.9 | 3,432.6 | 3,483.3 | 3,498.8 | 3,533.4 |
| Wage and salary dishursements. |  | 2,073.8 | 1,976.0 | 2,012.8 | 2,044.1 | 2,058.8 | 2,081.1 | 2,111.1 |
| Commodity-producing industries. | 607.7 | 623.3 | 608.3 | 617.7 |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing........ | 460.1 | 471.3 | 460.7 | 467.5 | 470.5 | 468.8 | 470.0 | 475.8 |
| Distributive industries. | 469.8 | 488.0 | 472.4 | 478.9 | 485.2 | 484.3 | 488.3 | 494.2 |
| Service industries.......... | 516.4 | 566.8 | 521.1 | 534.6 | 549.6 | 561.3 | 572.6 | 583.8 |
| Government and government enterprises | 372.2 | 395.7 | 374.2 | 381.6 | 387.2 | 392.5 | 398.4 | 404.4 |
| Other labor income | 196.9 | 208.8 | 198.8 | 201.7 | 204.5 | 207.3 | 210.4 | 213.0 |
| Proprietors' income with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Farm | 29.2 | 26.4 | 227.7 | 2929.4 | $\begin{array}{r} 24.4 \\ 240.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 39.5 \\ 249.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 19.6 \\ 258.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 22.2 \\ 261.6 \end{array}$ |
| Nonfarm | 225.2 | 252.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rental income of persons with capital consumption adjustment $\qquad$ |  |  | 7.3 | 8.3 |  | 16.3 | 16.2 | 17.0 |
| Personal dividend income..... | $\begin{array}{r} 76.4 \\ 476.2 \\ \mathbf{4 8 7 . 1} \end{array}$ | 15.6 81.2 | 76.3 | 76.7 | 12.8 79.1 | 81.1 | 82.0 | $\begin{array}{r} 82.7 \\ 466.7 \end{array}$ |
| Personal interest income .... |  | $\begin{aligned} & 475.4 \\ & 513.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 475.2 \\ & 491.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 480.6 \\ & 493.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 480.8 \\ & 504.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 480.1 \\ & 510.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 473.8 \\ & 518.5 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Transfer payments... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 466.7 \\ & 521.7 \end{aligned}$ |
| Old-age, survivors, disability, and health insurance benefits. | 253.4 | 266.7 | 256.5 | 256.8 | 263.2 | 264.1 | 269.6 | 270.2 |
| Government unemployment insurance benefits.: | $\begin{aligned} & 15.7 \\ & 16.7 \end{aligned}$ | 16.3 | 15.1 | 15.3 | 15.5 | 16.3 | 16.9 | 16.516.4 |
| Veterans benefits................... |  | 16.8 | 16.7 | $\begin{array}{r} 16.4 \\ 68.0 \\ 137.1 \end{array}$ | 17.0 | 17.0 | 16.7 |  |
| Government employees retirement benefits... | $\begin{array}{r} 66.6 \\ 134.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 70.6 \\ 143.4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 67.0 \\ 135.9 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 69.1 \\ 140.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 70.1 \\ 142.7 \end{array}$ | 71.0 <br> 144.3 | 72.1146.5 |
| Other transfer payments..... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aid to families with dependent children $\qquad$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 15.4 \\ 119.2 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16.2 \\ 127.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 15.6 \\ 120.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 15.7 \\ 121.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16.0 \\ 124.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16.2 \\ 126.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16.3 \\ 127.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16.4 \\ 130.1 \end{array}$ |
| Other ................................. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Less: Personal contributions for social insurance. | 150.2 | 160.3 | 150.7 | 152.9 | 158.6 | 159.5 | 160.8 | 162.5 |
| Less: Personal tax and nontax payments $\qquad$ | 486.5 | 513.4 | 491.2 | 500.7 | 497.5 | 504.8 | 519.0 | 532.2 |
| Equals: Disposable personal income $\qquad$ | 2,828.0 | 2,973.7 | 2,832.0 | 2,882.2 | 2,935.1 | 2,978.5 | 2,979.9 | 3,001.2 |
| Less: Personal outlays | 2,684.7 | 2,857.4 | 2,712.4 | 2,756.4 | 2,789.4 | 2,825.5 | 2,895.8 | 2,918.9 |
| Personal consumption expenditures. | 2,600.5 | 2,762.4 | 2,627.1 | 2,667.9 | 2,697.9 | 2,732.0 | 2,799.8 | 2,819.9 |
| Interest paid by consumers to business | 82.6 | 93.6 | - 83.8 | 87.0 | 89.8 | 92.3 | 94.9 | 97.5 |
| Personal transfer payments to foreigners (net) $\qquad$ | 1.6 | $\begin{array}{r} 1.4 \\ 116.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1.5 \\ 119.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1.6 \\ 125.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1.7 \\ 145.6 \end{array}$ | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.582.3 |
| Equals: Personal saving ............... | 143.3 |  |  |  |  | 153.1 | 84.1 |  |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Disposable personal income: Total, billions of 1982 dollars. | 2,528.0 | 2,608.7 | 2,524.7 | 2,540.7 | 2,581.2 | 2,625.8 | 2,605.5 | 2,602.3 |
| Per capita: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current dollars .................. | $\begin{aligned} & 11,817 \\ & 10,563 \end{aligned}$ | 12,312 | 11,819 | 11,999 | 12,193 | 12,348 | 12,324 | 12,382 |
| 1982 dollars ...................... |  | 10,780 | 10,587 | 10,577 | 10,723 | 10,886 | 10,776 | 10,737 |
| Population (mid-period, <br> millions) | 239.3 | 241.5 | 239.6 | 240.2 | 240.7 | 241.2 | 241.8 | 242.4 |
| Personal saving as percentage of disposable personal income | 5.1 | 3.9 | 4.2 | 4.4 | 5.0 | 5.1 | 2.8 | 2.7 |

Table 2.2.-Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product
Billions of dollars]


Table 2.3.-Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1982 dollars]

|  | 1985 | $1986^{p}$ | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1985 |  | 1986 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | III | IV | I | II | III | $\mathrm{IV}^{p}$ |
| Personal consumption expenditures. | $2,324.5$343.9 | \| 2,418.6 | 2,342.0 | $\|2,351.7\|$ | 2,372.7 | 2,408.4 | $\text { \| } 2,448.0$ | 2,445.1 |
| Durable goods. |  |  | 357.4 |  | 345.4 | 357.1 | 391.6 | 381.3 |
| Motor vehicles and parts | 156.2 | 164.0 | 168.9 | 152.9 | 149.6 | 156.0 | 183.5 | 167.2 |
| Furniture and household equipment. | $\begin{array}{r} 127.7 \\ 59.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 140.3 \\ 64.5 \end{array}$ | 128.4 | 133.0 | 134.3 | 139.1 | 143.3 | 144.4 |
| Other |  |  | 60.1 | 61.2 | 61.5 | 62.1 | 64.9 |  |
| Nondurable goods | 841.6 | 872.4 | 843.8 | 847.2 | 860.6 | 877.3 | 875.4 | 876.2 |
| Food | 146.0 | 440.7155.5 | 435.3 | 435.1 <br> 147.5 | 441.1 | 444.2 | $\begin{aligned} & 437.9 \\ & 157.7 \end{aligned}$ | 439.5 |
| Clothing and shoes. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gasoline and oil ...... | 95.7 | 105.2 | 95.6166.4 | 96.4168.2 | $\begin{array}{r} 96.9 \\ 170.2 \end{array}$ | 105.4 | 107.3 | 111.1 |
| Other nondurable goods. | $\begin{array}{r} 166.5 \\ 17.0 \end{array}$ | 171.1 |  |  |  | 170.5 | 172.6 |  |
| Fuel oil and coal.. |  | $\begin{array}{r} 18.8 \\ 152.3 \\ 1,177.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17.1 \\ 149.3 \\ 1,140.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|r\|} 17.0 \\ 151.2 \\ 1,157.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17.0 \\ 153.2 \\ \mathbf{1 , 1 6 6 . 6} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 18.3 \\ \mathbf{1 5 2 . 3} \\ \mathbf{1 , 1 7 4 . 0} \end{array}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 19.9 \\ 152.7 \\ \mathbf{1 , 1 8 1 . 0} \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | 20.0151.0 |
| Other | $\begin{array}{r} 149.5 \\ 1,139.0 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Services |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,187.6 |
| Housing. | 342.7 | 351.4 | 343.8 | 345.5 |  |  |  | 355.0 |
| Household operation | 151.478.3 | 150.976.4 | $\begin{array}{r} 150.3 \\ 76: 9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 153.6 \\ 80.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1485 \\ 75.5 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 150,1 \\ 75.8 \end{array}$ | 152.4 | 152.7 |
| Electricity and gas.. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 77.4 | 77.2 |
| Other | $\begin{array}{r} 73.1 \\ 81.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 74.6 \\ & 84.9 \end{aligned}$ | $73.5$$81.4$ | $\begin{aligned} & 73.5 \\ & 82.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 73.4 \\ 83.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 74.3 \\ & 84.3 \end{aligned}$ | 75.186.0 |  |
| Transportation. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 86.0 |
| Medical care... | $\begin{aligned} & 237.8 \\ & 326.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 245.7 \\ & 344.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 238.0 \\ & 327.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 241.3 \\ & 334.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 243.0 \\ & 344.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 245.0 \\ & 344.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 246.7 \\ & 343.2 \end{aligned}$ | 248.2345.6 |
| Other ... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 3.2.-Federal Government Receipts and Expenditures
[Billions of dollars]

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{} \& \multirow{3}{*}{1985} \& \multirow{3}{*}{1986 \({ }^{\text {p }}\)} \& \multicolumn{6}{|c|}{Seasonally adjusted at annual rates} \\
\hline \& \& \& \multicolumn{2}{|r|}{1985} \& \multicolumn{4}{|c|}{1986} \\
\hline \& \& \& III \& IV \& 1 \& II \& III \& \(\mathrm{IV}^{\text {p }}\) \\
\hline Receipts... \& 786.8 \& 826.2 \& 792.6 \& 805.8 \& 806.6 \& 813 \& 833.1 \& \\
\hline \multicolumn{9}{|l|}{Personal tax and nontax} \\
\hline receipts \({ }^{\text {²,... }}\) \& 345.6 \& 361.8 \& 349.6 \& 355.6 \& 350.3 \& 355.5 \& 365.8 \& 375.6 \\
\hline Income taxes............ \& 338.4 \& 354.0 \& 342.1 \& 348.6 \& 343.1 \& \({ }^{347.1}\) \& \({ }^{357.7}\) \& 368.2 \\
\hline  \& 6.5
.7 \& \(\begin{array}{r}6.9 \\ . \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& 6.8
.7 \& \(\begin{array}{r}6.3 \\ .8 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& 6.4
8 \& 7.6
8
8 \& 7.4 \& 6.4
1.0 \\
\hline Corporate profits tax accruals. \& 73.6 \& 83.2 \& 76.8 \& 77.2 \& 77.8 \& 80.1 \& 84.3 \& \\
\hline Federal Reserve banks .... \& 17.8 \& 15.6 \& 17.5 \& 17.3 \& 16.6 \& 15.8 \& 15.2 \& \\
\hline Other ........................... \& 55.8 \& 67.6 \& 59.3 \& 59.9 \& 61.1 \& 64.3 \& 69.1 \& \\
\hline \multicolumn{9}{|l|}{\multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c}
\begin{tabular}{c} 
Indirect business tax and \\
nontax accruals \({ }^{2}\) and
\end{tabular} \& \& \\
\hline
\end{tabular}}} \\
\hline \& 56.1 \& 52.3 \& 53.9 \& 56.0 \& 52.7 \& 50.7 \& 53.4 \& \({ }_{31.5}^{52.5}\) \\
\hline  \& 35.5
12.2 \& 31.8
13.7 \& 35.2
12.0 \& \({ }_{12.6}^{36.6}\) \& 32.9
13.1 \& 31.1
13.3 \& 31.5
14.2 \& 31.6
14.1 \\
\hline Nontaxes....... \& 8.4 \& 6.8 \& 6.8 \& 6.8 \& 6.6 \& 6.3 \& 7.6 \& 6.9 \\
\hline Contributions for social insurance. \& 311.5 \& 328.9 \& 312.2 \& 317.0 \& 325.8 \& 327.2 \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
329.6 \\
1,030.5
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r|r}
333.1 \\
1,043.0
\end{array}
\]} \\
\hline Expenditures.. \& 984.9 \& 1,030.2 \& 990.1 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\(\begin{array}{r}1,023.4 \\ 380.9 \\ \hline 1\end{array}\)} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{|r|r}
\(1,001.5\) \\
355.7 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{|r|r}
\(1,045.7\) \\
367.6 \\
\hline
\end{tabular}} \& \& \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Purchases of goods and services.. National defense.. \\
Nondefense.
\end{tabular}} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{354.1

259.4

94.7} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
367.2 \\
278.4 \\
88.9
\end{array}
$$} \& 360.9 \& \& \& \& 369.3

2868 \& 376.3
281.9 <br>
\hline \& \& \& 265.5
95.5 \& 112.9 \& 266.4
89.3 \& ${ }_{89.2}^{278.4}$ \& ${ }_{82}^{28.6}$ \& 281.9
94.4 <br>

\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
380.3 \\
367.0 \\
13.4
\end{array}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
397.5 \\
388.8 \\
13.7
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
384.1 \\
\mathbf{3 6 9 . 6} \\
14.5
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 385.9 \\
& 370.4
\end{aligned}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
389.3 \\
378.8 \\
10.5
\end{array}
$$
\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{396.7} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{403.0

387.5

15.5} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{| 401.1 |
| :---: |
| 38.4 |
| 13.6 |} <br>

\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Grants-in-aid to State and local governments. \& 99.0 \& 104.0 \& 100.2 \& 101.6 \& 103.5 \& 106.9 \& 108.0 \& 97.7 <br>

\hline \multirow[t]{4}{*}{Net interest paid Interest paid. To persons and business To foreigners} \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{$$
\begin{aligned}
& 130.5 \\
& 152.1 \\
& 130.8
\end{aligned}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 135.8 \\
& 158.0 \\
& 135.1
\end{aligned}
$$

\]} \& 129.8 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 133.9 \\
& 155.7
\end{aligned}
$$
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{135.0

157.8} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{aligned}
& 138.1 \\
& 160.2
\end{aligned}
$$} \& 134.7 \& 135.4 <br>

\hline \& \& \& 152.3 \& \& \& \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{135.0} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{${ }^{132.3}$} <br>

\hline \& \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
130.8 \\
21.5
\end{array}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{134.2

21.5} \& 134.9 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{138.0
22.2} \& \& <br>
\hline \& \& ${ }_{23.0}$ \& \& \& 22.8 \& \& 22.8 \& 24.0 <br>
\hline Less: Interest received by government \& 21.6 \& 22.2 \& 22.5 \& 21.8 \& 22.8 \& 22.1 \& 23.0 \& 20.9 <br>

\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Subsidies less current surplus of government enterprises Subsidies} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{gathered}
20.7 \\
2.2
\end{gathered}
$$} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{gathered}
25.6 \\
27.1
\end{gathered}
$$
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{15.1

17.1} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{aligned}
& 21.1 \\
& 19.5
\end{aligned}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 18.0 \\
& 19.6
\end{aligned}
$$
\]} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{36.5

38.7} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{15.4
20.9} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{32.5
29.1} <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Less: Current surplus of government enterprises........ \& 1.5 \& 1.5 \& 2.0 \& -1.6 \& 1.6 \& 2.2 \& 5.5 \& -3.3 <br>

\hline Less: Wage accruals less disbursements \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{-. 2} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{0} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{0} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{gathered}
0 \\
-195.0
\end{gathered}
$$} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{0} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{0} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{${ }^{0}$} <br>

\hline Surplus or deficit ( - ), national income and product accounts \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline Social insurance fun \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\left.\begin{array}{r}
-198.0 \\
-209.1 \\
-20.0
\end{array} \right\rvert\,
$$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

\left|$$
\begin{array}{r}
-204.0 \\
19.3 \\
-223.3
\end{array}
$$\right|

\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

\left|$$
\begin{array}{r}
-197.5 \\
-9.7 \\
-207.2
\end{array}
$$\right|
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{-217.6

13.1
-232.7} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{|r} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{-232.2
19.3
-251.5} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{-197.4
17.3
-14.6} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$\stackrel{22.1}{ }$} <br>
\hline her ............................ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

Table 3.7B.-Government Purchases of Goods and Services by Type


Table 3.3.-State and Local Government Receipts and Expenditures
[Billions of dollars]


Table 3.8B.-Government Purchases of Goods and Services by Type in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1982 dollars]

|  | 1985 | $1986^{p}$ | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1985 |  | 1986 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | III | IV | I | II | III | IV ${ }^{\text {p }}$ |
| Government purchases of goods and services. | 721.2 | 748.0 | 731.8 | 749.4 | 725.2 | 742.2 |  | 774.1 |
| Federal... | 323.6 | 333.4 | 329.9 | 347.2 | 320.4 | 328.9 | 330.9 | 353.5 |
| National defense. | $\begin{array}{r} 235.7 \\ 70.4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 251.0 \\ 77.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 242.2 \\ 74.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 239.3 \\ 70.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 238.7 \\ 71.3 \end{array}$ | 249.377.1 | 259.481.0 | 256.5 |
| Durable goods... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 82.2 |
| Nondurable goods | 146.3 | 152.5 | 146.9 | 150.0 | 148.5 | 152.1 | 156.4 | 152.9 |
| Services... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Compensation of employees. | 88.3 |  |  | 88.4 | 88.6 | 88.6 88.8 |  | 89.260.0 |
| Military ... | 59.5 | 88.8 59.7 | 28.9 | 59.5 | 59.6 | 59.5 | 59.7 |  |
| Civilian. | 28.9 | 29.1 |  | 28.9 | 28.9 | 29.1 | 29.1 | 29.2 |
| Other services. | $\begin{array}{r} 58.0 \\ 5.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 63.7 \\ 6.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 58.4 \\ 6.3 \end{array}$ | 61.65.4 | $\begin{array}{r} 60.0 \\ 5.6 \end{array}$ | 63.55.7 | 67.66.5 |  |
| Structures...... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 63.6 6.2 |
| Nondefense... | $\begin{array}{r} 87.8 \\ 4.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 82.4 \\ 5.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 87.6 \\ 4.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 107.9 \\ 5.2 \end{array}$ | $81.7 \quad 79.5$ |  | 71.55.4 | $\begin{array}{r}97.0 \\ 5.4 \\ \hline 8.8\end{array}$ |
| Durable goods... |  |  |  |  | 5.2 | 5.4 |  |  |
| Nondurable goods ............. | 18.2 | 13.1 |  | 36.6 | 11.8 | 10.0 | 2.6 | 27.8 |
| Commodity Credit Corporation inventory change $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other nondurables.. | 12.3 5.9 58 | $\begin{array}{r}7.8 \\ 5.3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 11.5 | 32.3 4.3 | 6.4 5.4 58 | 4.5 5.4 | -2.5 5.1 | 22.6 5.2 |
| Services ............... | 58.2 | 57.8 | 58.5 | 59.5 | 58.1 | 57.6 | 57.7 | 57.9 |
| Compensation of employees. | $\begin{array}{r} 34.3 \\ 23.9 \\ 6.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 31.0 \\ 34.4 \\ 23.4 \\ 6.2 \end{array}$ | 34.3 24.2 <br> 7.0 | $34.3$$25.2$$6.6$ | $\begin{array}{r} 34.3 \\ 23.8 \\ 6.6 \end{array}$ | 34.4 23.3 6.6 | $\begin{array}{r} 34.4 \\ 23.3 \\ 5.9 \end{array}$ | 34.623.35.8 |
| Other services.... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Structures........ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| State and local. | 397.6 | 414.5 | 401.9 | 402.2 | 404.8 | 413.3 | 419.5 | 420.6 |
| Durable goods. | $\begin{array}{r} 19.5 \\ 39.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 20.9 \\ 41.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 19.7 \\ 39.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20.1 \\ & 40.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20.4 \\ & 40.6 \end{aligned}$ | 20.741.2 | $\begin{aligned} & 21.1 \\ & 41.8 \end{aligned}$ | 21.442.4 |
| Nondurable goods.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Services. | 290.9232.9 | 297.4236.2 | 291.8233.4 | $\begin{aligned} & 293.6 \\ & 234.3 \end{aligned}$ | 295.0 | 296.5 | 298.2 | 299.9 |
| Compensation of employees... |  |  |  |  | 235.0 | 235.7 | 236.6 | 237.5 |
| Other services. | 58.0 | 61.2 | 58.4 | 59.3 | 60.0 | 60.8 | 61.6 | 62.4 |
| Structures.. | 48.2 | 54.7 | 51.0 | 48.5 | 48.7 | 54.9 | 58.5 | 56.8 |

Table 3.9.-National Defense Purchases of Goods and Services

| [Billions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1985 | $1986^{p}$ | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1985 |  | 1986 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | III | IV | I | II | III | IV ${ }^{\text {p }}$ |
| National defense purchases. | 259.4 | 278.4 | 265.5 | 268.0 | 266.4 | 278.4 | 286.8 | 281.9 |
| Durable goods. | 74.9 | 32.8 | 78.9 | 76.6 | 75.7 | 83.6 | 86.3 | 85.5 |
| Military equipment | 64.0 | 71.0 | 67.5 | 65.6 | 64.2 | 71.6 | 74.4 | 73.7 |
| Aircraft. | 25.9 | 31.1 | 25.0 | 28.1 | 28.1 | 30.6 | 32.4 | 33.3 |
| Missiles. | 9.7 | 12.6 | 10.2 | 10.4 | 10.7 | 13.2 | 13.3 | 13.3 |
| Ships... | 8.5 | 8.8 | 9.0 | 8.8 | 8.0 | 9.1 | 9.3 | 8.8 |
| Vehicles. | 4.7 | 4.7 | 5.2 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 4.9 | 4.9 | 4.7 |
| Electronic equipment | 4.9 | 4.8 | 5.4 | 4.9 | 4.6 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 4.6 |
| Other durable goods | 10.9 | 8.9 11.8 | 11.4 | 9.0 11.0 | 8.3 11.6 | 12.0 | 11.9 | ${ }_{11.8}^{8.9}$ |
| Nondurable goods ...... | 12.2 | 11.0 | 13.0 | 11.8 | 11.8 | 11.0 | 10.5 | 10.6 |
| Petroleum products. | 6.6 | 4.4 | 7.2 | 6.2 | 6.3 | 4.1 | 3.5 | . |
| Ammunition.... | 3.2 | 4.0 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 4.3 | 4.4 | 4.3 |
| Other nondurable goods...... | 2.4 | 2.5 | 2.5 | 2.4 | 2.3 | 2.6 | 2.6 | 2.6 |
| Services.. | 166.1 | 177.7 | 166.6 | 173.4 | 172.5 | 177.3 | 182.4 | 178.6 |
| Compensation of employees. | 101.1 | 104.6 | 100.8 | 103.4 | 1039 | 104.4 | 104.7 | 105.5 |
| Military.. | 67.33.3 | 70.4 <br> 34.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian... |  |  | 33.4658 | 33.7 | 33.8 | 70.3 <br> 34.1 | 70.5 <br> 34.3 | 71.0 34.5 |
| Other services.. | 65.0 | 73.1 |  | 70.0 | 68.7 | 72.9 | 77.7 | 73.1 |
| Contractual research and development. | 27.3 | 31.8 | 27.7 |  |  | 32.217.8 | 33.9 | 32.5 |
| Installation support ${ }^{1} . .$. . | 16.9 | 18.1 | 17.1 | 29.7 17.2 | ${ }_{17.4}^{28.7}$ |  | 19.28.9 | ${ }^{17.9}$ |
| Weapons support ${ }^{2}$... | 5.7 | 8.2 <br> 7.3 | 7.76.3 | 8.2 | 7.7 | 7.8 |  |  |
| Personnel support ${ }^{3}$. |  |  |  | 6.8 | 6.9 | 7.0 | 4.1 | 7.3 |
| Transportation of materiel .... | 3.53.5. | $\begin{array}{r}3.1 \\ \hline .6\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.6 \\ & 3.6 \end{aligned}$ | 4.33.7 | 4.1 | 3.9 |  | 4.1 <br> 4.5 |
| Travel of persons ................ |  |  |  |  | 3.4 | 3.6 | 3.8 |  |
| - | 6.1 | 6.9 | 7.0 | 6.1 | 6.3 | 6.5 |  | 7.3 |
| Structures..... |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7.6 |  |
| Military facilities.. | $\begin{aligned} & 3.5 \\ & 2.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.2 \\ & 2.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.0 \\ & 3.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.7 \\ & 2.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.6 \\ & 2.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.7 \\ & 2.7 \end{aligned}$ | 4.92.6 | 4.72.6 |
| Other... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. Includes utilities, communications, rental payments, maintenance and repair, and payments to contractors to operate installations. <br> 2. Includes depot maintenance and contractual services for weapons systems, other than research and development. <br> 3. Includes compensation of foreign personnel, consulting, training, and education. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 4.1.-Foreign Transactions in the National Income and Product Accounts


1. Line 7 less line 16 equals rest-of-the-world product as shown in table 1.7 .

Table 3.10.-National Defense Purchases of Goods and Services in Constant Dollars

| [Billions of 1982 dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1985 | 1986 ${ }^{\text {p }}$ | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1985 |  | 1986 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | III | IV | I | II | III | $\mathrm{IV}^{\text {p }}$ |
| National defense purchases. | 235.7 | 251.0 | 242.2 | 239.3 | 238.7 | 249.3 | 259.4 | 256.5 |
| Durable goods.............. | 70.4 | 77.9 | 74.6 | 70.8 | 71.3 | 77.1 | 81.0 | 82.2 |
| Military equipment. | ${ }_{28.8}^{58.8}$ | 64.1 262 | ${ }_{220}^{62.5}$ | ${ }_{23.3}^{58.6}$ | 58.0 <br> 23.4 | 63.2 24.4 | 67.0 27.5 | 68.2 29.7 |
| Missiles. | 9.2 | 12.2 | 9.9 | 23.9 9.9 | 10.5 | 12.6 | 12.5 | 13.2 |
| Ships. | 7.5 | 7.7 | 7.9 | 7.7 | 6.9 | 7.9 | 8.2 | 7.7 |
| Vehicles. | 5.3 | 5.2 | 5.8 | 4.6 | 5.0 | 5.4 | 5.3 | 5.1 |
| Electronic equipment... | 4.6 | 4.5 | 5.1 | 4.6 | 4.3 | 4.7 | 4.7 | 4.3 |
| Other ..... | 9.7 | 8.3 | 11.8 | 8.5 | 7.8 | 8.2 | 8.9 | 8.2 |
| Other durable goods. | 11.6 | 13.8 | 12.1 | 12.2 | 13.2 | 14.0 | 14.0 | 14.1 |
| Nondurable goods............... | 13.6 | 14.6 | 14.4 | 13.1 | 13.3 | 14.5 | 15.5 | 15.2 |
| Petroleum products... | 8.4 <br> 2.9 <br> 2.2 | $\begin{aligned} & 8.5 \\ & 3.8 \\ & 2.8 \end{aligned}$ | 9.13.02.3 | 7.9 <br> 2.9 <br> 2.2 | $\begin{aligned} & 8.1 \\ & 3.0 \\ & 2.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8.0 \\ & 4.1 \\ & 2.4 \end{aligned}$ | 9.04.22.4 | 8.74.12.4 |
| Ammunition... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other nondurable goods .... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Services .... | 146.3 | 152.5 | 146.9 | 150.0 | 148.5 | 152.1 | 156.4 | 152.9 |
| Compensation of employees....... | $\begin{aligned} & 88.3 \\ & 59.5 \\ & \hline 289 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 88.8 \\ & 59.7 \\ & 29.7 \end{aligned}$ | 88.5 <br> 59.6 | 88.4 <br> 59.5 <br> 2.9 <br> 8.9 | 88.659.63.6 | 88.659.529.1 | 88.859.729.1 | 89.260.029.2 |
| Military... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian. |  |  | 28.9 | 28.9 | 60.0 |  |  |  |
| Other services...... | 58.0 | 63.7 | 58.4 | 61.6 |  | 63.5 | 67.6 | 63.6 |
| Contractual research and development. |  |  |  |  |  | 28.1 | 29.6 | 28.414.9 |
| Installation support ${ }^{1}$........ | ${ }_{14.4}^{24.4}$ | 27.7 15.0 | ${ }_{14.5}^{24.4}$ | 26.0 | 24.9 14.5 | 14.7 | 15.9 |  |
| Weapons support ${ }^{2}$. | 6.75.2 | 7.26.0 | $\begin{array}{r}6.8 \\ 5.6 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 7.2 <br> 5.8 | 6.85.7 | $\begin{aligned} & 6.9 \\ & 5.7 \end{aligned}$ | 7.96.6 | 7.25.9 |
| Personnel support ${ }^{3}$. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transportation of materiel.... | $\begin{array}{r}3.9 \\ 3.4 \\ .2 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 4.1 | 3.5 | 4.43.6 | 4.1 | 4.0 <br> 3.6 | 4.8 <br> 3.8 | 4.1 |
| Travel of persons ........... |  | $\begin{array}{r}3.5 \\ .1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 3.4-2-6 |
|  |  |  | -. 1 | . 1 | . 4 | . 4 | -. 3 |  |
| Structures. | 5.5 | 6.0 | 6.3 | 5.4 | 5.6 | 5.7 | 6.5 | 6.2 |
| Military facilities | $\begin{aligned} & 3.2 \\ & 2.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.6 \\ & 2.4 \end{aligned}$ | 3.5 <br> 2.8 | 3.3 <br> 2.2 | $\begin{aligned} & 3.1 \\ & 2.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.3 \\ & 2.4 \end{aligned}$ | 4.22.3 |  |
| Other ...... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2.3 |

1. Includes utilities, communications, rental payments, maintenance and repair, and payments to contractors to operate installations.
2. Includes depot maintenance and contractual services for weapons systems.
3. Includes compensation of foreign personnel, consulting, training, and education.

Table 4.2.-Exports and Imports of Goods and Services in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1982 dollars]

|  | 1985 | $1986^{\text { }}$ | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1985 |  | 1986 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | III | IV | I | II | III | IV ${ }^{\text {p }}$ |
| Exports of goods and services. | 362.3 | 371.3 | 355.8 | 362.9 | 369.2 | 359.8 | 371.2 | 385.3 |
| Merchandise. | 227.4 | 237.5 | 223.9 | 227.8 | 232.0 | 227.2 | 238.8 | 252.2 |
| Durable goods..... | 133.5 | 146.9 | 133.6 | 133.4 | 142.1 | 142.7 | 148.0 | 154.7 97.5 |
| Nondurable goods | 93.9 | 90.7 | 90.3 | 94.4 | 89.9 | 84.5 | 90.8 | 97.5 |
| Services | 135.0 | 133.8 | 132.0 | 135.1 | 137.2 | 132.6 | 132.4 | 133.1 |
| Factor income ${ }^{1}$ | 80.9 | 76.9 | 79.1 | 80.9 | 82.4 | 76.3 | 74.8 | 74.0 |
| Other ................................ | 54.0 | 56.9 | 52.9 | 54.3 | 54.8 | 56.3 | 57.6 | 59.0 |
| Imports of goods and services..... | 470.5 | 521.0 | 469.6 | 494.8 | 495.1 | 513.6 | 534.5 | 540.8 |
| Merchandise. | 368.7 | 420.4 | 368.4 | 391.3 | 392.6 | 412.8 | 436.0 |  |
| Durable goods | 216.6 | 246.8 | 216.9 | 226.7 | 237.4 | 244.8 | 249.5 | 255.4 |
| Nondurable goods ....... | 152.1 | 173.6 | 151.4 | 164.6 | 155.2 | 168.0 | 186.4 | 184.6 |
| Services............................... | 101.8 | 100.7 | 101.3 | 103.6 | 102.5 | 100.8 | 98.5 | 100.8 |
| Factor income ${ }^{1} . . . .{ }^{\text {anc.a.......... }}$ | 44.0 | 44.2 | 44.0 | 43.7 | 44.3 | 45.5 | 42.2 | 44.7 |
| Other .................................. | 57.8 | 56.5 | 57.2 | 59.8 | 58.2 | 55.3 | 56.4 | 56.1 |

1. Line 6 less line 13 equals rest-of-the-world product as shown in table 1.8.

Table 4.3.-Merchandise Exports and Imports by Type of Product and by End-Use Category
[Billions of dollars]

|  | 1985 | $1986{ }^{p}$ | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1985 |  | 1986 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | III | IV | I | II | III | IV ${ }^{\text {P }}$ |
| Merchandise exports........ | 219.6 | 220.4 | 215.0 | 216.2 | 219.7 | 212.5 | 219.2 | 230.3 |
| Foods, feeds, and beverages..... | 24.0 | 22.6 | 21.6 | 23.1 | 24.4 | 20.5 | 21.6 | 23.7 |
| Industrial supplies and materials. | 58.3 | 56.9 | 57.2 | 57.7 | 58.1 | 54.3 | 56.3 | 59.016.6 |
| Durable goods... | 16.0 | 16.1 | 16.1 | 15.3 | 16.7 | 15.4 | 15.8 |  |
| Nondurable goods. | 42.3 | 16.1 40.8 | 41.1 | 42.4 | 1.4 1.4 <br> 8.9  |  | 10.4 42.4 |  |
| Capital goods, except autos | 75.624.5 | $\begin{aligned} & 78.3 \\ & 23.7 \end{aligned}$ | 75.0 | $\begin{aligned} & 74.4 \\ & 74.3 \\ & 24.4 \end{aligned}$ | 75.7 23.7 | 76.0 | $\begin{array}{r} 80.0 \\ 22.4 \end{array}$ | 81.425.0 |
| Autos...... |  |  | 25.0. |  |  | 23.8 |  |  |
| Consumer goods.. | 13.0 | 14.3 |  | 12.9 | 13.6 | 13.7 | 14.5 | 15.66.1 |
| Durable goods... | 5.1 | 5.5 | 4.8 | 5.1 | 5.1 | 8.5 | 5.7 |  |
| Nondurable goods....... | 7.924.1 | 8.8 |  | 7.9 | 8.4 |  | 8.8 | 9.5 |
| Other ........... |  | 24.6 | 23.6 | 23.8 | 24.2 | 24.1 | 24.4 | 25.6 |
| Durable goods...... | 6.917.2 | 12.3 | 7.0 | 7.2 | 12.1 | 12.0 | 12.2 | 12.8 |
| Nondurable goods.... |  | 12.3 | 16.6 | 16.6 | 12.1 | 12.0 | 12.2 | 12.8 |
| Merchandise imports. | 341.7 | 369.8 | 339.2 | 363.8 | 358.9 | 358.9 | 372.7 | 388.6 |
| Foods, feeds, and beverages... | 21.3 | 24.3 | 20.7 | 22.0 | 23.8 | 23.9 | 24.4 | 25.2 |
| Industrial supplies and materials, excluding |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| petroleum ................ | $\begin{array}{r} 59.7 \\ 30.6 \end{array}$ | $62.6$ | $\begin{aligned} & 58.9 \\ & 302 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 59.5 \\ & 29.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 62.3 \\ & 32.4 \end{aligned}$ | 60.332.7 | 61.331.6 | 66.335.5 |
| Durable goods... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods ... | $\begin{array}{r} 29.1 \\ 50.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 29.5 \\ & 34.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 28.7 \\ & 49.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 29.6 \\ & 56.5 \end{aligned}$ | 29.9 | 27.6 | 29.732.0 | 30.834.0 |
| Petroleum and products..... |  |  |  |  | 40.1 | 31.3 |  |  |
| Capital goods, except autos | 64.065.1 | 75.978.7 | 62.3 | 67.5 | 71.8 | 75.3 | 77.1 | 79.484.4 |
| Autos. |  |  | 66.9 | 71.8 | 71.3 | 76.4 | 82.6 |  |
| Consumer goods..... | $\begin{aligned} & 65.2 \\ & 36.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 77.4 \\ 43.5 \end{array}$ | 65.0 | 69.6 | 73.2 | 75.4 | 79.1 | 82.046.0 |
| Durable goods.. |  |  | 36.7 | 38.3 | 40.8 | 43.0 | 44.3 |  |
| Nondurable goods. | 28.415.9 | 33.9 | 28.3 | 31.3 | 32.5 | 32.4 | 34.8 | 36.0 |
| Other.................... |  | 16.6 | $\begin{array}{r} 15.9 \\ 6.2 \end{array}$ | 16.96.4 | 16.58.2 | $\begin{array}{r}16.3 \\ 8.1 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 16.38.1 | 17.38.6 |
| Durable goods... | 15.16.89.8 | $\begin{array}{r} 10.0 \\ 8.3 \\ 8.3 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods.. |  |  | 9.7 | 10.5 | 8.2 | 8.1 | 8.1 | 8.6 |
| Addenda: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports of agricultural products ${ }^{1}$ $\qquad$ | 29.6 | 26.7 | 26.7 | 28.5 | 28.4 | 24.6 | 25.9 | 28.0 |
| Exports of nonagricultural products $\qquad$ | 190.0 | 193.7 | 188.3 | 187.7 | 191.2 | 187.8 | 193.3 | 202.4 |
| Imports of nonpetroleum products $\qquad$ | 291.2 | 335.4 | 289.8 | 307.3 | 318.8 | 327.5 | 340.8 | 354.6 |

1. Includes parts of line 2 and line 5.

Table 5.1.-Gross Saving and Investment
[Billions of dollars]

|  | 1985 | $1986^{p}$ | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1985 |  | 1986 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | III | IV | I | II | III | IV ${ }^{\text {p }}$ |
| Gross saving | $\begin{aligned} & 551.5 \\ & 687.8 \\ & 143.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 537.4 \\ & 680.5 \\ & 116.3 \end{aligned}$ | 541.7 | 524.1 | 583.2 | 539.7 | 517.2 | ....... |
| Gross private saving.................... |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 679.6 \\ & 119.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 679.2 \\ & 125.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 708.3 \\ & 145.6 \end{aligned}$ | 713.0153.1 | $\begin{array}{r} 650.5 \\ 84.1 \end{array}$ | 82.3 |
| Personal saving ........................ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Undistributed corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| consumption adjustments... | 107.3 49.8 | 109.1 | 118.8 | 106.8 | 115.5 | 106.6 | $\begin{array}{r} 108.8 \\ 47.2 \end{array}$ | ..... |
| Inventory valuation adjustment |  | 6.3 | 6.1 | -9.4 | 16.5 | 10.6 | 6.1 | -8.0 |
| Capital consumption adjustment. | 58.1 | 56.8 | 61.0 | 59.2 | 57.3 | 54.8 | 55.5 | 59.5 |
| Corporate capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Noncorporate capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment | 268.2 | 280.2 | 270.1 | 273.3 | 275.3 | 278.9 | 281.6 | 284.8 |
| Wage accruals less disbursements.. | 169.0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Government surplus or deficit ( - ), national income and product accounts... |  | -143.1 |  |  |  |  | -133.3 | ........... |
| Federal............... | -136.3-198.061.7 | $\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{r} -143.1 \\ -20.0 \\ 60.8 \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & -138.0 \\ & -197.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & -155.1 \\ & -217.6 \end{aligned}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{r} -125.1 \\ -195.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -\mathbf{1 7 3 . 3} \\ -232.2 \end{array}$ | -197.4 | ............ |
| State and local |  |  | 59.5 | 62.5 | 69.9 | 58.9 | - 64.0 | ............. |
| Capital grants received by the United States (net) | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ 545.9 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ 542.8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ 536.2 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ 525.7 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ 579.6 \end{gathered}$ | 0544.3 | 0 | 0 |
| Gross investment. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 527.5 | 519.7 |
| Gross private domestic investment. | $\begin{array}{r} 661.1 \\ -115.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 686.4 \\ -143.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 657.4 \\ -121.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 669.5 \\ -143.8 \end{array}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} 708.3 \\ -128.6 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{array}{r} 687.3 \\ -143.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 675.8 \\ -148.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 674.5 \\ -154.8 \end{array}$ |
| Net foreign investment ................ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Statistical discrepancy ....... | -5.5 | 5.4 | -5.5 | 1.6 | -3.6 | 4.6 | 10.3 |  |

Table 4.4.-Merchandise Exports and Imports by Type of Product and by End-Use Category in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1982 dollars]

|  | 1985 | $1986^{p}$ | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1985 |  | 1986 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | III | IV | I | II | III | IV ${ }^{p}$ |
| Merchandise exports.... | 227.4 | 237.5 | 223.9 | 227.8 | 232.0 | 227.2 | 238.8 | 252.2 |
| Foods, feeds, and beverages.. | 25.1 | 25.7 | 22.8 | 25.7 | 26.2 | 22.3 | 25.5 | 28.6 |
| Industrial supplies and materials | 60.9 |  | 60.7 | 60.7 | 61.4 | 59.1 | 62.3 | 65.618.4 |
| Durable goods....... | 16.7 | $\begin{aligned} & 62.1 \\ & 17.6 \end{aligned}$ | 17.1 | 16.1 | 17.7 | 16.7 | 17.5 |  |
| Nondurable goods | 44.2 | 44.5 | 43.6 | 44.6 | 43.7 | 42.3 | 44.8 | 47.1 |
| Capital goods, except autos. | $\begin{aligned} & 82.1 \\ & 22.4 \end{aligned}$ | 90.121.1 | $\begin{aligned} & 81.7 \\ & 22.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 82.7 \\ & 22.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 85.8 \\ & 21.3 \end{aligned}$ | 87.2 92.3 |  | 94.922.0 |
| Autos .................................. |  |  |  |  |  | 21.3 | 19.9 |  |
| Consumer goods. | 12.9 | 13.9 | 12.5 | 12.9 | 13.3 | 13.3 | 14.0 | 15.06.38.8 |
| Durable goods. | 5.4 | 5.7 | 5.1 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 5.4 | 5.9 |  |
| Nondurable goods. | 7.5 | 8.2 | 7.4 | 7.5 | 7.9 | 7.9 | 8.1 |  |
| Other..... | 23.8 | 24.7 | 23.4 | 23.8 | 24.0 | 24.1 | 24.7 | 8.8 26.1 |
| Durable goods... | 6.8 | 12.4 | $\begin{array}{r} 6.9 \\ 16.5 \end{array}$ | 7.2 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 12.4 | 13.113.0 |
| Nondurable goods.. | 17.0 |  |  | 16.6 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 12.4 |  |
| Merchandise imports. | 368.7 | 420.4 | 368.4 | 391.3 | 392.6 | 412.8 | 436.0 | 440.0 |
| Foods, feeds, and beverages. | 21.8 | 23.1 | 21.5 | 22.5 | 22.9 | 22.4 | 23.7 | 23.6 |
| Industrial supplies and materials, excluding |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| petroleum ................. | $\begin{array}{r} 68.2 \\ 35.0 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 73.939.0 | $\begin{aligned} & 67.5 \\ & 34.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 69.5 \\ & 34.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 73.4 \\ & 38.1 \end{aligned}$ | 72.039.0 | 73.137.8 | 77.241.1 |
| Durable goods.... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods ... | $\begin{aligned} & 33.2 \\ & 59.8 \end{aligned}$ | 34.9 | 32.8 | 34.6 | $\begin{aligned} & 35.3 \\ & 58.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 33.0 \\ & 74.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 35.4 \\ 87.4 \end{array}$ | 36.184.0 |
| Petroleum and products.. |  | 75.9 | 60.1 | 67.1 |  |  |  |  |
| Capital goods, except autos ..... | $\begin{aligned} & 76.2 \\ & 60.8 \end{aligned}$ | 90.9 | 74.7 | 81.1 | 87.1 | 90.165.5 | 92.569.2 | 93.869.2 |
| Autos.................................. |  | 66.7 | 62.9 | 64.9 | 62.9 |  |  |  |
| Consumer goods ........ | $\begin{aligned} & 65.4 \\ & 38.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 73.6 \\ & 42.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 65.3 \\ & 38.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 68.9 \\ & 39.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 71.7 \\ & 41.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 72.6 \\ & 42.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 74.3 \\ & 42.2 \end{aligned}$ | 75.743.0 |
| Durable goods .... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods.. | 27.1 | 31.5 | 27.0 | 29.7 | 30.7 | 30.4 | 32.1 | 32.7 |
| Other.. | 16.46.310.1 | $\begin{array}{r} 16.2 \\ 8.1 \\ 8.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16.5 \\ 6.4 \\ 10.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 17.2 \\ 6.5 \\ 10.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16.6 \\ 8.3 \\ 8.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 16.1 \\ 8.0 \\ 8.0 \end{array}$ | 15.87.9 | 16.58.2 |
| Durable goods.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods ..................... |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7.9 | 8.2 |
| Addenda: | 10.1 | $8.1$ | $10.1$ | $10.7$ | $8.3$ | $8.0$ |  |  |
| Exports of agricultural products ${ }^{1}$ | 30.4 | 29.9 | 27.8 | 30.8 | 29.8 | 26.3 | 30.0 | 33.4 |
| Exports of nonagricultural products | 197.0 | 207.7 | 196.0 | 196.9 | 202.2 | 200.9 | 208.8 |  |
| Imports of nonpetroleum products | 308.9 | 344.5 | 308.3 | 324.2 | 334.6 | 338.6 | 348.6 | 218.8 |

1. Includes parts of line 2 and line 5.

Table 6.3B.-National Income Without Capital Consumption Adjustment by Industry
[Billions of dollars]

|  | 1985 | 1986 ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1985 |  | 1986 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | III | IV | I | II | III | IV ${ }^{\text {p }}$ |
| National income without capital consumption adjustment | 3,185.8 |  | 3,203.6 | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 3,249.1 \\ 3,207.2 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 3,301.5 \\ 3,258.3 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3,339.9 \\ & 3,305.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{3 , 3 5 7 . 8} \\ & \mathbf{3 , 3 2 0 . 4} \end{aligned}$ | $\cdots$ |
| Domestic industries. |  | $3,310.7$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Private industries. | 2,674.0 | 2,811.2 | 2,691.0 | 2,724.9 | 2,769.6 | 2,809.7 | 2,818.1 |  |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fisheries | $\begin{array}{r} 76.4 \\ 43.9 \\ 165.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 738 \\ 38.6 \\ 181.0 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 75.7 \\ 43.4 \\ 169.9 \end{array}$ |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |
| Mining.............................. |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 68.7 \\ 44.9 \\ 165.2 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 70.7 \\ 44.0 \\ \hline 14.0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 86.4 \\ & 38.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 66.2 \\ \\ \hline 66.4 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |  |
| Manufacturing. | 671.0 | 685.6 | 678.5 | 682.2 | 678.2 | 686.2 | 686.3 |  |
| Durable goods. | 269.8 | 274.0 | 275.6 | 405.6 |  |  | 276.1 |  |
| Nondurable goods. |  |  |  | 276.6 | 269.2 | 273.2 |  |  |
| Transportation and public utilities. | 256.4 <br> 113.2 | $\begin{aligned} & 266.8 \\ & 113.9 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Transportation.................. |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 260.4 \\ & 114.2 \end{aligned}$ | 259.4 | 264.9 1138 | 112.0 | 268.0 113.6 |  |
| Communication............... | $\begin{array}{r} 66.7 \\ 76.5 \end{array}$ | 71.6 | 67.1 | 66.9 | 72.0 | 70.1 | 82.3 |  |
|  |  | 81.3 | 79.2 | 76.4 | 79.2 | 82.5 |  |  |
| Wholesale trade. | 199.4278.8 | 204.9293.1 | ${ }_{283.7}^{201.8}$ | 199.2282.1 | 292.6 | $\begin{aligned} & 201.5 \\ & 288.9 \end{aligned}$ | 294.2 |  |
| Retail trade..................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate | $\begin{aligned} & 411.6 \\ & 570.9 \end{aligned}$ | $448.9$ | $\begin{aligned} & 414.1 \\ & 575.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 423.6 \\ & 589.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 438.0 \\ & 603.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 449.0 \\ & 614.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 451.2 \\ & 624.1 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| Services..... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Government and government enterprises. | $\begin{array}{r} 470.7 \\ 41.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 499.5 \\ 37.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 473.5 \\ 39.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 482.3 \\ 41.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 488.7 \\ 43.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 495.3 \\ 34.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 502.3 \\ 37.4 \end{array}$ |  |
| Rest of the world ..... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 33.5 |

Table 5.8.-Change in Business Inventories by Industry

| [Billions of dollars] |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1985 | 1986 ${ }^{\text { }}$ | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 1985 |  | 1986 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | III | IV | I | II | III | IV ${ }^{\text {p }}$ |
| Change in business inventories. | 11.1 | 11.4 | 3.1 | -3.1 | 43.8 | 14.5 | -4.5 | -8.3 |
| Farm. | -1.1 | -. 4 | -. 1 | -19.9 | 2.7 | 3.9 | 5.8 | -13.9 |
| Nonfarm | $\begin{aligned} & 12.2 \\ & 13.3 \end{aligned}$ | 11.8 | 3.2 | 16.7 | 41.2 | 10.5 | -10.3 | 5.715.0 |
| Change in book value ............ |  | 5.1 | -3.0 | 27.5 | 22.9 | -1.1 | -16.3 |  |
| Inventory valuation <br> adjustment ${ }^{\text {b }}$ $\qquad$ | -1.1 |  | 6.1 | -10.8 | 18.3 | 11.6 | 6.0 | -9.3 |
| Manufacturing...... | -4.7 <br> -3.2 <br> -1.5 | $\begin{array}{r} -2.5 \\ -3.0 \\ -5 \end{array}$ | -5.3 | -11.7 | -4.8 | . 4 | -5.0 | -7 |
| Durable goods.... |  |  | $-1.4$ | -11.8 | -4.5 | -3.6 | $-3.6$ | $-.3$ |
| Nondurable goods. |  |  | -3.9 | 1 | -. 3 | 4.0 | -1.5 | - |
| Wholesale trade .... | $\begin{array}{r}3.7 \\ 3.7 \\ \hline .0\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.9 \\ & 3.7 \\ & 2.1 \end{aligned}$ | -2.1 | $\begin{array}{r}3.3 \\ .1 \\ .1 \\ \hline .2\end{array}$ | 8.15.2 | 6.23.23 | 7.9 <br> 3.8 | 1.3 <br> 2.8 |
| Durable goods... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods .... |  |  | 2.7 |  | 2.9 | 3.0 | 4.1 | -1.5 |
| Merchant wholesalers..... | $\begin{array}{r}5.0 \\ \hline \\ 4.2 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.3 \\ & 3.7 \\ & 1.7 \end{aligned}$ | 2.3-1.844 | 3.7.73 | 7.65.81.9 | 6.74.72.1 | $\begin{aligned} & 7.1 \\ & 3.5 \\ & 3.6 \end{aligned}$ | -.1-.7-.8 |
| Durable goods ............. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nonmerchant wholesalers...... | $\begin{gathered} -1.3 \\ 0 \\ -1.2 \end{gathered}$ | .5 <br> .1 <br> .5 | -2.4 | -. 3 | - 5 | -1.5 | .8 <br> .8 | 1.42.1-.7 |
| Durable goods .... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods......... |  |  | -1.4 | . 2 | 1.0 | 1.0 | . 5 |  |
| Retail trade. | 7.9 <br> 6.1 <br> 1.8 | 4.01.02.9 | 5.3-1.26.5 | $\begin{aligned} & 19.4 \\ & 18.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 30.5 \\ & 24.5 \\ & \hline 8.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -4.4 \\ & -2.7 \end{aligned}$ | -14.8-19.1 | 4.6$\begin{aligned} & 1.5 \\ & 3.1\end{aligned}$ |
| Durable goods.... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods..... |  |  |  | . 9 | 6.0 | -1.6 | 4.3 |  |
| Other... | $\begin{aligned} & 5.3 \\ & 3.0 \\ & 2.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.4 \\ & 2.4 \\ & 2.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3.3 \\ 2.7 \\ .6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.8 \\ & 2.8 \\ & 3.0 \end{aligned}$ | 7.43.44.0 | 8.23.05.2 | 1.63.2-1.6 | 0.50.5 |
| Durable goods ...................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods ................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

1. The inventory valuation adjustment (IVA) shown in this table differs from the IVA that
adjusts business incomes. The IVA in this table reflects the mix of methods (first-in, first-out; adjusts business incomes. The IVA in this table reflects the mix of methods (first-in, first-out;
last-in, first-out; etc.) underlying book value inventories derived primarily from Census Bureau last-in, first-out; etc.) underlying book value inventories derived primarily from Census bureau
statistics. This mix differs from that underlying business income derived primarily from Internal Revenue Service statistics. Prior to 1973 , the two IVA's are the same because
information required for separate estimates is not available information required for separate estimates is not available.

Table 5.10.-Inventories and Final Sales of Business by Industry

|  | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1985 |  | 1986 |  |  |  |
|  | III | Iv | I | II | III | IV ${ }^{\text {p }}$ |
| Inventories ${ }^{1}$......... | $\begin{array}{r} 856.4 \\ 76.8 \end{array}$ | 862.6 | 855.8 | 857.0 | 856.6 <br> 74 | 856.3 |
| Farm. |  | 74.0 | 71.5 |  |  | 71.0 |
| Nonfarm | 779.7 | $\begin{aligned} & 788.5 \\ & 460.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 784.3 \\ & 466.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 783.2 \\ & 465.6 \end{aligned}$ | 781.8464.8 | 785.3466.6 |
| Durable goods...... | 456.2 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods | 323.5 | 328.4 | 317.9 | 317.6 | 316.9 | 318.7 |
| Manufacturing... | 340.0 | 338.9 | 330.5 | 328.5 | 327.2 | 328.1 |
| Durable goods.. | 113.7 | 224.4 | 108.0 | 108.2 | 107.1 | 220.2107.8 |
| Nondurable goods.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wholesale trade... | 179.8 | ${ }_{1151.2}^{18.9}$ | 116.5 | 117.6 | 182.5119.5 | 120.4 |
| Durable goods..... | $\begin{array}{r}115.8 \\ 64.8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods |  |  | 63.4 |  | 63.1 |  |
| Merchant wholesalers.... | $\begin{array}{r} 153.2 \\ 100.3 \\ 52.9 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 155.1 \\ & 100.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 154.9 \\ & 102.0 \end{aligned}$ | 156.7103.6 | $\begin{aligned} & 158.1 \\ & 105.3 \end{aligned}$ | 159.3105.6 |
| Durable goods ...... Nondurable goods |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nonmerchant wholesalers... | 26.614.711.9 |  | 24.914.4 | $\begin{aligned} & 24.2 \\ & 14.0 \end{aligned}$ | 24.414.2 | 24.814.8 |
| Durable goods. |  | 14.712.11 |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods... |  |  | 10.5 | 10.2 | 10.2 | 10.0 |
| Retail trade | $\begin{gathered} 170.5 \\ 81.9 \\ 88.6 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 176.7 \\ 86.9 \\ 89.8 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 183.4 \\ 93.2 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 183.0 \\ 92.6 \end{gathered}$ | 181.289.1991 | $\begin{array}{r}183.1 \\ 89.9 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| Durable goods..... |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods. |  |  | 90.2 | 90.4 | 92.1 | 93.3 |
| Other | 89.4 | 91.0 | 90.5 | 90.9 | 90.8 | 90.1 |
| Final sales ${ }^{2}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 285.1 \\ & 171.3 \end{aligned}$ | 289.3172.1 | 289.7170.6 | $\begin{aligned} & 294.3 \\ & 172.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 300.4 \\ & 176.7 \end{aligned}$ | 302.5177.1 |
| Final sales of goods and structures ${ }^{2}$... |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ratio of inventories to final sales |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Inventories to final sales | $\begin{aligned} & 3.00 \\ & 2.73 \\ & 4.55 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.98 \\ & 2.73 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2.95 \\ & 2.71 \end{aligned}$ | $2.91$ | 2.85 | ${ }_{2.60}^{2.83}$ |
| Nonfarm inventories to final sales.... |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nonfarm inventories to final sales of goods and structures. |  | 4.58 | 4.60 | 4.53 | 4.42 | 4.43 |

1. Inventories are as of the end of the quarter. The quarter-to-quarter change in inventories calculated from current-dollar inventories in this table is not the current- dollar change in
business inventories (CBD component of GNP The former is the difference between two business inventories (CBD) component of GNP. The former is the difference between two
inventory stocks, each valued at their respective end-of-quarter prices. The latter is the change inventery stocks, each valued at their respective end-of-quarter prices. The latter
in the pysical volume of inventories valued at average prices of the quarter. In addition, changes calculated from this table are at quarterly rates, whereas CBI is stated at annual rates.
2 Quarterly totals at monthly rates. Business final sales equals final sales less gross product 2. Quarterly totals at monthly rates. Business final sales equals final sales less gross product
of households and institutions, government, and rest of the world, and includes a small amount of households and insti
of final sales by farms.

Table 5.9.-Change in Business Inventories by Industry in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1982 dollars]

|  | 1985 | 1986 ${ }^{\text {p }}$ | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1985 |  | 1986 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | III | IV | I | II | III | $\mathrm{IV}^{\text {p }}$ |
| Change in business inventories. | 9.0 | 10.8 | . 7 | -5.2 | 39.9 | 15.1 | -. 3 | -11.5 |
| Farm. | -1.9 | -. 1 | -. 7 | -21.3 | 2.9 | 4.1 | 8.3 | -15.7 |
| Nonfarm. | 10.9 | 10.9 | 1.4 | 16.1 | 37.0 | 11.0 | -8.6 | 4.2 |
| Manufacturing.... | $\begin{aligned} & -4.7 \\ & -3.2 \\ & -1.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -2.9 \\ & -3.2 \end{aligned}$ | -6.1 | -10.5 | $-5.3$ | 1.0-4.0 | -6.5-3.8-3.8 | -. 7 |
| Durable goods... |  |  |  |  | -4.7 |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods .... |  | . 4 | -4.5 | ${ }^{6}$ | -. 5 | 5.0 | -2.7 | -. 3 |
| Wholesale trade .... | $\begin{array}{r}3.4 \\ .6 \\ 2.8 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 5.4 <br> 3.5 <br> 1.9 | $\begin{array}{r} -6 \\ -2.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.4 \\ & .1 \\ & 3.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6.9 \\ & 4.9 \end{aligned}$ | 5.1 <br> 2.9 <br> 1 | 9.7 <br> 3.5 | 2.7-2.6 |
| Durable goods.... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods ........... |  |  | 2.1 |  | 2.0 | 2.1 | 6.3 |  |
| Merchant wholesalers...... | 4.94.74.2 | 4.93.41. | 2.2-1.7 | $\begin{array}{r} 3.6 \\ .6 \end{array}$ | 6.85.55. | 4.6 <br> 4.4 | 8.3 <br> 3.2 <br>  | -3.7 |
| Durable goods ............ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods............ |  | 1.4 | 3.9 | 3.0 | 1.3 | ${ }^{3}$. | 5.1 | -1.0 |
| Nonmerchant wholesalers... | $\begin{gathered} -1.5 \\ 0 \\ -1.5 \end{gathered}$ | .6.1.5 | $\begin{aligned} & -2.8 \\ & -1.0 \\ & -1.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -.3 \\ -.5 \\ .3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} .1 \\ -.6 \\ .7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ -1.5 \\ -1.5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}1.4 \\ 1.3 \\ 1.2 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | .42.0-1.7 |
| Durable goods ............... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods.......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Retail trade... |  | 3.9 <br> 1.1 | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 5.1 \\ -1.0 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{aligned} & 17.8 \\ & 16.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 28.3 \\ 22.6 \end{array}$ | -4.0-2.5 | -13.1-17.1 | 4.5 <br> 1.6 <br> 1.6 <br> .9 |
| Durable goods. | 5.6 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods ................. |  | 2.8 | 6.1 | . 9 | 5.6 | -1.5 | 4.1 |  |
| Other | $\begin{aligned} & 4.9 \\ & 2.8 \\ & 2.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4.4 \\ & 2.2 \\ & 2.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3.0 \\ 2.5 \\ .5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5.4 \\ & 2.6 \\ & 2.8 \end{aligned}$ | 7.13.14.0 | 8.98.86.1 | $\begin{array}{r} 1.2 \\ 3.0 \\ -1.8 \end{array}$ | .30.3. |
| Durable goods.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods ............ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Table 5.11.-Inventories and Final Sales of Business by Industry in Constant Dollars
[Billions of 1982 dollars]

|  | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1985 |  | 1986 |  |  |  |
|  | III | IV | I | II | III | IV ${ }^{\text {p }}$ |
| Inventories ${ }^{\text { }}$ | 831.5 | 830.2 | 840.2 | 844.0 | 843.9 | 841.0 |
| Farm | 83.2 | 77.8 | 78.6 | 79.6 | 81.7 | 77.7 |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 748.4 \\ & 431.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 752.4 \\ & 433.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 761.6 \\ & 439.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 764.4 \\ & 439.4 \end{aligned}$ | 762.2 | 763.3436.8 |
| Durable goods.. |  |  |  |  | 435.8 |  |
| Nondurable goods ...... | 317.4 | 319.3 | 322.0 | 325.0 | 326.4 | 326.5 |
| Manufacturing... | 327.8 | $\begin{aligned} & 325.2 \\ & 212.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 323.9 \\ & 210.9 \end{aligned}$ | 324.1 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 322.3 \\ & 208.8 \end{aligned}$ |
| Durable goods ... | 214.8 |  |  | 114.3 | 113.6 |  |
| Nondurable goods | 113.0 | 113.1 | 113.0 |  |  | 113.5 |
| Wholesale trade. | 178.9 | 174.7 | 176.4 | $\begin{aligned} & 177.7 \\ & 110.6 \end{aligned}$ | 180.1 180.1 |  |
| Durable goods ... | 108.7 | 108.7 | 109.9 |  | 111.5 | 112.268.0 |
| Nondurable goods .................................... | 65.2 | 66.0 | 66.5 | 67.0 | 68.6 |  |
| Merchant wholesalers ... | $\begin{array}{r} 147.3 \\ 94.7 \\ 52.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 148.3 \\ 94.9 \end{array}$ | 150.096.2 | 151.1153 .2 |  | 153.198.354 |
| Durable goods ............. |  |  |  | 97.3 | 98.1 |  |
| Nondurable goods.............................. |  | 53.4 | 53.7 | 53.8 | 55.1 | 54.8 |
| Nonmerchant wholesalers. | $\begin{aligned} & 26.5 \\ & 13.9 \\ & 12.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26.4 \\ & 13.8 \\ & 12.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26.5 \\ & 13.7 \\ & 12.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 26.6 \\ & 13.3 \end{aligned}$ | 26.913.4 | 27.013.913.1 |
| Durable goods ...... |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods....... |  |  |  | 13.3 | 13.6 |  |
| Retail trade.. | $\begin{array}{r} 160.5 \\ 76.9 \\ 83.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 165.0 \\ 81.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 172.1 \\ 86.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 171.0 \\ 86.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 167.8 \\ 81.8 \end{array}$ | 168.982.2 |
| Durable goods. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods . |  | 83.9 | 85.3 | 84.9 | 85.9 | 86.7 |
| Other. | 86.2 | 87.5 | 89.3 | 91.5 | 91.8 | 91.9 |
| Final sales ${ }^{2}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 257.5 \\ & 161.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 259.2 \\ & 161.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 258.0 \\ & 159.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 261.0 \\ & 161.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 264.0 \\ 163.3 \end{gathered}$ | 266.4165.3 |
| Final sales of goods and structures ${ }^{2}$......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ratio of inventories to final sales |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Inventories to final sales. | $\begin{aligned} & 3.23 \\ & 2.91 \\ & 4.64 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.20 \\ & 2.90 \end{aligned}$ | 3.262.95 | $\begin{aligned} & 3.23 \\ & 2.93 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3.20 \\ & 2.89 \end{aligned}$ | 3.162.87 |
| Nonfarm inventories to final sales.... |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nonfarm inventories to final sales of goods and structures.. |  | 4.67 | 4.78 | 4.74 | 4.67 | 4.62 |

1. Inventories are as of the end of the quarter. Quarter-to-quarter changes calculated from this table are at quarterly rates, whereas the constant-dollar change in business inventorie 2. Quarterly totals at monthly rates. Busi
of households and institutions, government, and rest of the world, and includes a small amount of final sales by farms.

Table 6.18B.-Corporate Profits by Industry
[Billions of dollars]

|  | 1985 | 1986 ${ }^{\text {p }}$ | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1985 |  | 1986 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | III | IV | I | II | III | $\mathrm{IV}^{p}$ |
| Corporate profits with inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments $\qquad$ | 280.7 | $299.7$ | 296.3 | 285.6 | 296.4 | 293.1 | $\begin{aligned} & 302.0 \\ & 267.3 \end{aligned}$ | .......... |
| Domestic industries.................................. |  | 264.2 | 266.3 | $250.5$ | $257.9$ | 260.2 |  |  |
| Financial. | 24.6 | 35.0 | 25.5 | 27.2 | 32.5 | 34.3 | 34.6 |  |
| Nonfinancial ......................................... | 224.2 | 229.2 | 240.8 | 223.3 | 225.5 | 225.9 | 232.7 |  |
| Rest of the world.. | 31.8 | 35.5 | 30.0 | 35.1 | 38.4 | 32.9 | 34.7 |  |
| Corporate profits with inventory valuation adjustment | 222.6 | 242.9 | 235.3 | 226.4 | 239.0 | 238.3 | 246.5 |  |
| Domestic industries.................................. | 190.8 | 207.4 | 205.3 | 191.3 | 200.6 | 205.4 | 211.8 |  |
| Financial. | 21.0 | 29.3 | 21.7 | 23.2 | 27.8 | 29.1 | 28.9 |  |
| Federal Reserve banks. | 16.8 | 15.9 | 16.5 | 16.3 | 17.0 | 16.2 | 15.5 |  |
| Other | 4.3 | 13.4 | 5.2 | 6.9 | 10.8 | 13.0 | 13.4 |  |
| Nonfinancial | 169.7 | 178.1 | 183.6 | 168.1 | 172.8 | 176.3 | 182.9 |  |
| Manufacturing. | 73.0 | 73.4 | 79.0 | 74.5 | 66.7 | 76.8 | 75.6 |  |
| Durable goods. | 28.0 | 31.6 | 28.9 | 26.6 | 28.1 | 34.6 | 31.8 |  |
| Primary metal industries.. | -3.6 | -2.0 | -2.6 | -3.6 | -2.6 | -1.1 | -2.3 | . |
| Fabricated metal products ............ | 4.1 | 5.0 | 4.5 | 3.0 | 4.7 | 5.0 | 5.1 |  |
| Machinery, except electrical | 3.6 | 3.4 | 4.6 | 4.7 | 2.2 | 4.9 | 2.8 |  |
| Electric and electronic equipment | 4.9 | 5.4 | 6.0 | 4.3 | 4.7 | 7.2 | 4.9 |  |
| Motor vehicles and equipment..... | 6.8 | 4.9 | 4.2 | 6.6 | 6.4 | 4.9 | 4.1 |  |
| Other. | 12.1 | 14.9 | 12.3 | 11.6 | 12.7 | 13.7 | 17.1 |  |
| Nondurable goods.. | 45.0 | 41.9 | 50.1 | 47.9 | 38.6 | 42.2 | 43.9 |  |
| Food and kindred products ..... | 7.8 | 10.3 | 9.1 | 7.6 | 9.3 | 10.0 | 11.2 |  |
| Chemicals and allied products....... | 4.7 | 7.3 | 5.3 | 2.8 | 6.3 | 6.4 | 8.3 |  |
| Petroleum and coal products......... | 13.4 | 7.6 | 17.0 | 18.7 | 7.3 | 9.7 | 7.0 |  |
| Other........................................... | 19.1 | 16.7 | 18.7 | 18.9 | 15.7 | 16.1 | 17.4 |  |
| Transportation and public utilities...... | 33.0 | 38.8 | 36.6 | 32.7 | 36.8 | 38.6 | 40.3 |  |
| Wholesale and retail trade .................. | 49.7 | 50.7 | 54.2 | 45.0 | 52.1 | 46.3 | 53.3 |  |
| Other .................................. | 14.0 | 15.1 | 13.9 | 15.9 | 17.1 | 14.6 | 13.7 |  |
| Rest of the world ...................................... | 31.8 | 35.5 | 30.0 | 35.1 | 38.4 | 32.9 | 34.7 |  |

Table 7.2.-Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Gross National Product by Major Type of Product, 1982 Weights

| [Index numbers, $1982=100]$ |
| :--- |

Table 7.1.-Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Gross National Product, 1982 Weights


Note--Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 7.3.-Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Relation of Gross National Product, Gross Domestic Purchases, and Final Sales to Domestic Purchasers, 1982 We ights

|  | 1985 | $1986^{\text {p }}$ | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1985 |  | 1986 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | III | IV | I | II | III | IV ${ }^{p}$ |
| Gross national product. | 112.3 | 115.4 | 112.6 | 113.7 | 114.4 | 114.9 | 115.6 | 116.4 |
| Less: Exports of goods and services ........... | 104.0 | 103.9 | 103.8 | 103.8 | 104.3 | 104.0 | 103.5 | 103.6 |
| Plus: Imports of goods and services........... | 95.9 | 92.1 | 95.4 | 96.5 | 94.8 | 90.9 | 90.9 | 92.9 |
| Equals: Gross domestic purchases ${ }^{1}$.......... | 111.5 | 114.2 | 111.8 | 113.0 | 113.5 | 113.6 | 114.4 | 115.4 |
| Less: Change in business inventories......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Equals: Final sales to domestic purchasers ${ }^{2}$. | 111.4 | 114.1 | 111.7 | 113.0 | 113.4 | 113.5 | 114.3 | 115.2 |

Equals: Final sales to domestic
purchasers ${ }^{2}$.....................

1. Purchases in the United States of goods and services wherever produced.
2. Final sales in the United States of goods and services wherever produced.

Nore.-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in

Table 7.4.-Implicit Price Deflators for Gross National Product [Index numbers, $1982=100$ ]

|  | 1985 | $1986{ }^{p}$ | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1985 |  | 1986 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | III | IV | I | II | III | $\mathrm{V}^{\text {b }}$ |
| Gross national product. | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 111.5 \\ & 111.9 \\ & 104.5 \\ & 107.5 \\ & 117.3 \end{aligned}\right.$ | 114.5 | 111.8 | 112.8 | 113.5 | 114.0 | 115.0 | 115.3 |
| Personal consumption expenditures. |  | 114.2 | 112.2 | 113.4 | 113.7 | 113.4 | 114.4 | 115.3 |
| Durable goods... Nondurable goods |  | $\begin{aligned} & 105.3 \\ & 106.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 104.5 \\ & 107.5 \\ & 118.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 104.3 \\ 108.9 \\ 119.5 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left.\begin{aligned} & 104.5 \\ & 108.0 \\ & 10006 \end{aligned} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{aligned} & 104.7 \\ & 105.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 105.9 \\ 106.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 106.0 \\ & 107.3 \end{aligned}$ |
| Services..... |  |  |  |  |  | 121.8 | 123.0 | 124.3 |
| Gross private domestic investment........... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fixed investment. | $\begin{array}{r} 101.8 \\ 99.3 \\ 101.7 \\ 98.1 \\ 108.2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 104.0 \\ 100.8 \\ 106.6 \\ 98.3 \\ 111.7 \end{array}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 101.7 \\ 99.3 \\ 101.8 \\ 98.0 \\ 108.1 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} 102.2 \\ 99.4 \\ 103.2 \\ 97.6 \\ 109.4 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{array}{r} 103.2 \\ 100.3 \\ 104.4 \\ 98.4 \\ 110.2 \end{array}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 103.6 \\ & 100 . \\ & 106.5 \\ & 9.7 \\ & 111.7 \end{aligned}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{r} 104.4 \\ 101 . \\ 107.8 \\ 98.3 \\ 112.2 \end{array}$ | 105.0101.6108.099.0112.7 |
| Nonresidential........................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Structures.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Producers' durable equipment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Residential <br> Change in business inventories |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Net exports of goods and services. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports. | $\begin{array}{r} 102.1 \\ 95.4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} 100.4 \\ 91.9 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} 101.8 \\ 95.0 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{array}{r} 101.5 \\ 95.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 101.5 \\ 94.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 100.9 \\ 91.0 \end{array}$ | 99.989.7 | ${ }_{92.3}^{99.5}$ |
| Imports..... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Government purchases of goods and services | 113.1 | 115.7 | 113.4 | 114.2 | 115.4 | 116.0 | 116.5 | 114.9 |
| Federal... | 109.4 | 110.1 | 109.4 | 109.7 | 111.0 | 111.8 | 111.6 | 106.5109.997.3129.1 |
| National defense | 119.4107.9 | 110.91078 | 109.6 <br> 108.9 | 112.010.61180 | 111.6 <br> 109.2 <br> 18 | 111.7 <br> 112.1 <br> 1 | 110.5115.418. |  |
| Nondefense. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| State and local............................... | 116.0 | 120.1 | 116.6 | 118.0 | 118.8 | 119.4 | 120.3 | 122.1 |

Nore.-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in
table 8.1.
Table 7.5.-Implicit Price Deflators for Gross National Product by Major Type of Product
[Index numbers, $1982=100$ ]

| Gross national product: | 111.5 | 114.5 | 111.8 | 112.8 | 113.5 | 114.0 | 115.0 | 115.3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Final sales $\qquad$ Change in business inventories $\qquad$ | 111.5 | 114.5 | 111.8 | 112.8 | 113.5 | 114.1 | 115.1 | 115.2 |
| Goods | 106.3 | 106.6 | 106.4 | 106.6 | 106.7 | 106.3 | 107.2 | 106.3 |
| Final sales $\qquad$ Change in business inventories. | 106.2 | 106.6 | 106.2 | 106.5 | 106.7 | 106.4 | 107.4 | 106.0 |
| Durable goods. | 103.6 | 102.3 | 103.5 | 103.0 | 103.2 | 102.3 | 102.2 | 101.7 |
| Final sales $\qquad$ | 103.5 | 102.3 | 103.4 | 102.8 | 102.9 | 102.2 | 102.3 | 101.7 |
| Nondurable goods | 108.5 | 110.1 | 108.7 | 109.6 | 109.5 | 109.5 | 111.8 | 110.1 |
| Final sales $\qquad$ <br> Change in business inventories. | 108.3 | 110.2 | 108.5 | 109.3 | 109.5 | 109.8 | 111.8 | 109.6 |
| Services. | 117.5 | 122.5 | 118.2 | 119:7 | 120.8 | 121.9 | 123.0 | 124.3 |
| Structures ....... | 106.2 | 110.4 | 106.4 | 107.6 | 108.5 | 110.4 | 111. | 11.6 |

Note-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 7.6.-Implicit Price Deflators for Gross National Product by Sector

| Gross national product | 111.5 | 114.5 | 111.8 | 112.8 | 113.5 | 114.0 | 115.0 | 115.3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gross domestic product. | 111.5 | 114.5 | 111.8 | 112.8 | 113.5 | 114.0 | 115.0 | 115 |
| Business | 110.5 | 113.1 | 110.8 | 111.7 | 112.2 | 112.7 | 113.7 | 113.7 |
| Nonfarm. | 110.8 | 113.6 | 111.3 | 112.0 | 112.7 | 113.1 | 114.1 | 114.3 |
| Nonfarm less housing | 110.1 | 112.4 | 110.5 | 111.1 | 111.7 | 111.9 | 112.9 | 112.9 |
| Housing | 118.8 | 126.1 | 119.8 | 121.9 | 123.5 | 125.4 | 126.8 | 128.5 |
| Farm. | 97.4 | 92.8 | 91.8 | 98.1 | 92.8 | 95.1 | 92.9 | 90.1 |
| Statistical discrepancy | 110.5 | 113.1 | 110.8 | 111.7 | 112.2 | 112.7 | 113.7 | 113.7 |
| Households and institutions................... | 117.2 | 121.9 | 117.8 | 119.0 | 120.4 | 121.5 | 122.6 | 123.3 |
| Private households | 102.5 | 103.7 | 102.5 | 102.9 | 103.2 | 103.4 | 103.8 | 104.2 |
| Nonprofit institutions ......................... | 118.4 | 123.4 | 119.0 | 120.3 | 121.8 | 123.0 | 124.1 | 124.8 |
| Government | 118.4 | 124.1 | 118.8 | 120.8 | 122.0 | 123.4 | 124.5 | 126.3 |
| Federal. | 114.8 | 117.7 | 114.4 | 116.9 | 117.2 | 117.6 | 117.9 | 118.2 |
| State and local. | 120.3 | 127.3 | 121.2 | 122.8 | 124.5 | 126.3 | 128.0 | 130.5 |
| Rest of the world. | 112.7 | 116.0 | 113.1 | 114.2 | 115.0 | 115.5 | 116.7 | 116.9 |
| Addendum: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Gross domestic business product less housing | 109.8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Nore.-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 7.7.-Implicit Price Deflators for the Relation of Gross National Product, Net National Product, and National Income
[Index numbers, $1982=100$ ]

|  | 1985 | 1986 ${ }^{\circ}$ | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1985 |  | 1986 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | III | IV | I | II | III | IV ${ }^{p}$ |
| Gross national product. | 111.5 | 114.5 | 111.8 | 112.8 | 113.5 | 114.0 | 115.0 | 115.3 |
| Less: Capital consumption allowances with capital consumption adjustment..... | 102.7 | 103.2 | 102.8 | 103.0 | 102.8 | $\begin{aligned} & 103.2 \\ & 115.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 103.3 \\ & 116.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 103.5 \\ 116.9 \end{array}$ |
| Equals: Net national product.................... | 112.7 | 116.0 | 113.1 | 114.2 | 114.9 |  |  |  |
| Less: Indirect business tax and nontax liability plus business transfer payments less subsidies plus current surplus of government enterprises. | 115.6 | 114.9 | 117.4 | $117.1$ | $120.3$ | $109.1$ | $118.0$ | 112.4 |
| Statistical discrepancy ...................... | 110.5 | 113.1 | 110.8 | 111.7 | 112.2 | 112.7 | 113.7 |  |
| Equals: National income........: | 112.4 | 116.1 | 112.6 | 113.9 | 114.4 | 116.2 | 116.5 |  |

Table 7.8.-Implicit Price Deflators for Command-Basis Gross National Product
[Index numbers, $1982=100$ ]

| Gross national product. | 111.5 | 114.5 | 111.8 | 112.8 | 113.5 | 114.0 | 115.0 | 115.3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Less: Net exports of goods and services Exports Imports |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 102.1 | 100.4 | 101.8 | 101.5 | 101.5 | 100.9 | 99.9 | 99.5 |
|  | 95.4 | 91.9 | 95.0 | 95.7 | 94.6 | 91.0 | 89.7 | 92.3 |
| Equals: Gross domestic purchases............ | 110.4 | 112.8 | 110.7 | 111.7 | 112.2 | 112.2 | 113.0 | 113.6 |
| Plus: Command-basis net exports of goods and services $\qquad$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Command-basis exports................... | 95.4 | 91.9 | 95.0 | 95.7 | 94.6 | 91.0 | 89.7 | 92.3 |
| Imports ....................................... | 95.4 | 91.9 | 95.0 | 95.7 | 94.6 | 91.0 | 89.7 | 92.3 |
| Equals: Command-basis gross national product | 110.7 | 113.4 | 111.0 | 112.2 | 112.7 | 112.8 | 113.7 | 114.4 |

Note--Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in table 8.1.

Table 7.9.-Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Personal Consumption Expenditures by Major Type of Product, 1982 Weights
[Index numbers, $1982=100$ ]

| Personal consumption expenditures. | 112.4 | 115.2 | 112.8 | 114.1 | 114.6 | 114.5 | 115.4 | 116.4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Durable goods. | 105.1 | 106.5 | 105.0 | 105.3 | 105.8 | 106.0 | 106.9 | 107.4 |
| Motor vehicles and | 108.3 | 110.6 | 108.2 | 108.6 | 109.3 | 110.1 | 110.9 | 112.3 |
| Furniture and household equipment....... | 100.7 | 100.7 | 100.2 | 100.5 | 100.7 | 100.4 | 101.0 | 109.6 |
| Other | 106.8 | 108.4 | 107.2 | 107.0 | 107.5 | 107.8 | 109.0 | 109.3 |
| Nondurable goods. | 107.8 | 107.7 | 107.8 | 109.2 | 108.4 | 106.5 | 107.4 | 108.3 |
| Food | 108.6 | 112.2 | 108.4 | 110.0 | 110.3 | 110.8 | 113.1 | 114.5 |
| Clothing and shoes | 106.3 | 106.1 | 106.1 | 107.6 | 105.9 | 105.1 | 105.7 | 107.6 |
| Gasoline and oil | 96.0 | 75.3 | 96.7 | 96.5 | 90.6 | 74.1 | 69.2 | 67.4 |
| Other nondurable goods | 113.7 | 115.7 | 114.0 | 115.5 | 115.7 | 115.1 | 115.7 | 116.2 |
| Fuel oil and coal | 92.7 | 74.9 | 90.8 | 95.2 | 88.0 | 75.2 | 68.7 | 67.6 |
| Other.. | 116.6 | 121.3 | 117.2 | 118.3 | 119.6 | 120.6 | 122.2 | 122.9 |
| Services | 117.7 | 123.0 | 118.5 | 120.0 | 121.4 | 122.5 | 123.6 | 124.7 |
| Housing | 117.7 | 124.5 | 118.7 | 120.6 | 122.0 | 123.8 | 125.2 | 127.0 |
| Household operation | 115.8 | 118.4 | 116.7 | 116.3 | 117.6 | 118.5 | 119.4 | 117.9 |
| Electricity and gas. | 114.8 | 114.2 | 115.4 | 113.8 | 114.8 | 114.6 | 115.1 | 112.1 |
| Other | 116.9 | 122.7 | 118.1 | 118.9 | 120.4 | 122.5 | 123.8 | 123.9 |
| Transportation. | 109.5 | 113.7 | 109.2 | 110.1 | 112.8 | 113.5 | 113.6 | 114.9 |
| Medical care. | 122.7 | 129.5 | 123.3 | 126.1 | 127.7 | 128.6 | 129.9 | 131.8 |
| Other. | 116.9 | 121.1 | 117.7 | 118.9 | 119:8 | 120.5 | 121.4 | 122.6 |

Table 7.14.-Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Exports and Imports of Goods and Services, 1982 Weights
[Index numbers, $1982=100$ ]

| Exports of goods and services. | 104.0 | 103.9 | 103.8 | 103.8 | 104.3 | 104.0 | 103.5 | 103.6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Merchandise | 98.9 | 96.6 | 98.4 | 97.6 | 98.1 | 97.1 | 95.7 | 95.5 |
| Durable goods | 100.4 | 99.7 | 100.2 | 99.9 | 99.9 | 99.5 | 99.4 | 99.8 |
| Nondurable goods | 96.9 | 92.5 | 95.8 | 94.5 | 95.7 | 94.0 | 90.7 | 89.9 |
| Services | 111.4 | 114.4 | 111.8 | 112.7 | 118.3 | 113.9 | 114.9 | 115.5 |
| Factor income. | 113.9 | 116.4 | 113.4 | 114.6 | 115:3 | 116.1 | 117.0 | 117.5 |
| Other | 108.5 | 110.7 | 108.9 | 109.5 | 109.7 | 110.1 | 111.0 | 111.8 |
| Imports of goods and services... | 95.9 | 92.1 | 95.4 | 96.5 | 94.8 | 90.9 | 90.9 | 92.9 |
| Merchandise. | 92.6 | 86.3 | 91.8 | 93.0 | 90.4 | 85.0 | 84.6 | 87.1 |
| Durable goods | 94.9 | 100.6 | 94.6 | 96.2 | 97.6 | 99.5 | 101.7 | 103.6 |
| Nondurable goods | 90.2 | 71.9 | 88.9 | 89.8 | 83.1 | 70.3 | 67.3 | 70.4 |
| Services. | 105.5 | 108.6 | 105.9 | 106.8 | 107.6 | 108.0 | 109.1 | 109.9 |
| Factor income. | 112.7 | 116.0 | 113.1 | 114.2 | 115.0 | 115.5 | 116.6 | 117.0 |
| Other ............... | 99.9 | 102.9 | 100.3 | 101.0 | 101.8 | 102.2 | 103.3 | 104.4 |

Table 7.15.-Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Merchandise Exports and Imports by Type of Product and by End-Use Category, 1982 Weights


Table 7.17.-Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for National Defense Purchases of Goods and Services, 1982 Weights
[Index numbers, 1982=100]

|  | 1985 | $1986^{p}$ | Seasonally adjusted at annual rates |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1985 |  | 1986 |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | III | IV | I | II | III | IV ${ }^{\text {p }}$ |
| National defense purchases. | 111.4 | 112.8 | 111.2 | 112.9 | 113.2 | 112.7 | 112.5 | 112.6 |
| Durable goods. | 111.8 | 113.0 | 111.5 | 111.5 | 112.2 | 113.4 | 113.5 | 113.0 |
| Military equipment | 113.6 | 114.8 | 113.2 | 113.2 | 113.8 | 115.3 | 115.311 | $\begin{aligned} & 114.7 \\ & 1210 \end{aligned}$ |
| Aircraft |  |  |  | $1{ }^{124.2}$ | 125.2 | 111.9 | 123.1 |  |
| Missiles | 107.7 | 111.8 | 125 |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 121.0 \\ & 114.4 \end{aligned}$ |
| Ships. |  | $\begin{array}{r}117.2 \\ 85 \\ \hline 1 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 114.7 | 115.4764 | 116.7 | 117.6 | 117.2 | $\begin{array}{r}117.2 \\ 94.2 \\ \hline 188\end{array}$ |
| Vehicles: | ${ }^{114.3}$ |  | 173 |  | 77.9 | ${ }^{788} 10.4$ | ${ }_{108.1}^{92.7}$ |  |
| Electronic equipment | 106.7107.0 | $\begin{aligned} & 107.7 \\ & 107.2 \end{aligned}$ |  | 106.6 |  |  |  | 94.2 108.4 188 |
| Other ................. |  |  | $\left.\begin{array}{\|l\|} 107.8 \\ 108.9 \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\left\|\begin{array}{l} 106.2 \\ 104.1 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{aligned} & 106.3 \\ & 104.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} 107.0 \\ 104.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 107.6 \\ & 105.1 \end{aligned}$ | 118.0 |
| Other durable goods. | 103.9 | 107.2 105 |  |  |  |  |  | 105.3 |
| Nondurable goods. | 9.0 |  | $89.5$ | $89.2$ | 87.4 | 71.4 | 63.7 | 7 |
| Petroleum products | $\begin{array}{r} 79.7 \\ 109.4 \\ 107.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 54.8 \\ 107.0 \\ 109.5 \end{array}$ | 80.5109.2107.2 |  | 77.61068 | $\left\|\begin{array}{r} 53.8 \\ 107.1 \\ 170.1 \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{array}{r} 42.4 \\ 107.1 \end{array}$ |  |
| Ammunition |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other nondurable goods |  |  | 107.1 |  | 109.3 | 109.4 | 109.7 | 450.3 109.1 10.6 |
| Services | 113.6 | 117.0 | 113.5 | 115.9 | 116.4 | 116.9 | 117.2 | 117.4 |
| Compensation of employees. | $\begin{aligned} & 114.5 \\ & 114.0 \\ & 115.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 117.8 \\ & 18.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 113.9 \\ & 113.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 117.0 \\ & 117.2 \\ & 116.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 117.3 \\ & 117.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 117.8 \\ & 118.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{\|c\|} 117.9 \\ 118.1 \\ 110 . c \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | 118.3118.318.8 |
| Military.... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Civilian.. |  |  | 112.5 |  | 114.8 | 115.2 | 115.7 | 18.7 |
| Other services. | 112.0 | 115.4 |  | 113.8 |  |  |  |  |
| Contractual research and development | 113.4 | 114.8120.1 | 113.7117.7 | 114.6 | 115.1 | 114.8 | 114.6 |  |
| Installation support ${ }^{1}$ |  |  |  | 118.6 | 119.4114.1 | 120.5113.8 |  | 14.6 |
| Weapons support ${ }^{2}$ | 112.7 | 113.8 | 112.6110897.0 |  |  |  | 120.9 113.6 | 19.7 |
| Personnel support ${ }^{3}$.... | 1110.096.2 | 129.8 <br> 129.9 <br> 19 |  | 118.2 | 123.4 | 127.5 <br> 97.8 <br> 102.0 | $\begin{gathered} 133.1 \\ 97.5 \\ 101.9 \end{gathered}$ | 135.198.301.8 |
| Transportation of materiel. |  |  |  | 195.9 | $\begin{gathered} 120.4 \\ 98.1 \\ 101.3 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |  |
| Travel of persons. | 102.0 | 101.8 | 102.1 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Structures. | $\left.\begin{aligned} & 110.4 \\ & 111.2 \\ & 109.1 \end{aligned} \right\rvert\,$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 115.0 \\ & 116.3 \\ & 112.9 \end{aligned}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|} \hline 110.8 \\ 111.8 \\ 109.5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l} 112.6 \\ 113.7 \\ 110.8 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 113.2 \\ & 114.6 \\ & 111.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\left\lvert\, \begin{aligned} & 114.2 \\ & 114.9 \\ & 113.1 \end{aligned}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} 116.1 \\ 117.8 \\ 113.6 \end{array}$ | 116.3117.9113.9 |
| Military facilities. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other.......................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

1. Includes utilities, communications, rental payments, maintenance and repair, and payments to contractors to operate installations,
2. Includes depot maintenance and contractual services for weapons systems.
3. Includes compensation of foreign personnel, consulting, training, and education

Table 7.16.-Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes for Government Purchases of Goods and Services by Type, 1982 Weights
[Index numbers, 1982=100]


Table 7.18.-Current-Dollar Cost and Profit per Unit of Constant-Dollar Gross Domestic Product of Nonfinancial Corporate Business
[Dollars]


1. Equals the deflator for gross domestic product of nonfinancial corporate business with the 1. Equals the deflator for gross domestic
decimal point shifted two places to the left.

Table 8.1.-Percent Change From Preceding Period in Selected Series
[Percent]


# U.S. Sales of Services to Foreigners 

## Part I. An Overview of BEA's Program

BEA has recently undertaken to improve and expand the information it provides on U.S. international trade and investment in services. The effort was undertaken to support the increased emphasis on services in U.S. trade policy initiatives and trade promotion activities and to improve the information on services included in the U.S. international transactions (balance of payments) accounts.

The effort is partly an outgrowth of the Trade and Tariff Act of 1984. The act contains several provisions related to services, including provisions concerning the inclusion of services in trade negotiations and the establishment of a services industry development program. It also contains provisions dealing specifically with data: It provides for mandatory reporting of U.S. international trade in services, calls for a benchmark survey of services transactions between U.S. persons and unaffiliated foreign persons, and requires that a data base be established to help evaluate Government policies and actions pertaining to services.
The major elements of BEA's international services program are outlined in table 1. The table lists the various types of transactions, describes the sources of information and content for each type of transaction, gives the most recent estimates available, and summarizes recent and

Note.-The staffs of the Balance of Payments Division and the International Investment Division provided assistance in preparing material for the table in part I. Arnold Gilbert did the computer programming for data retrieval and analysis for part II.
planned improvements. ${ }^{1}$ The table includes both sales by majority-owned foreign affiliates of U.S. companies and sales by U.S. residents. Recently, BEA has developed estimates of sales of services by majority-owned foreign affiliates of U.S. multinational companies, thus closing a major gap in the information on international services. Part II of the article presents these estimates for 1982-84 along with estimates of sales of services by the U.S. parent companies. The sales reported on in part II are shown in table 1 in lines 3-5 and 35. ${ }^{2}$
Royalties and license fees are included in the table because information on them is needed, along with the information on sales, for trade policy purposes. For example, issues involving intellectual property rights or the transfer of technology would require information on royalties and license fees.

Although the table is limited to U.S. sales and receipts of royalties and license fees, similar information on purchases and payments exists or is planned for many of the categories shown. For example, the proposed benchmark survey of selected services transactions with unaffiliated foreign persons (line 12) has been designed to

[^3]collect information on purchases as well as sales. Also, BEA plans to obtain a disaggregation between goods and services of sales by U.S. affiliates of foreign firms in its benchmark and annual surveys of foreign direct investment in the United States. This disaggregation, which will be available separately for sales to U.S. and foreign persons, will provide a measure of U.S. purchases of services from these affiliates.

The table is further limited to private transactions: U.S. Government transactions and transactions involving foreign governments (e.g., expenditures of embassies) or international organizations are not shown. Labor income and income on investments also are not shown.

Because the table was designed with a view to illustrating the infor mation that might best support trade policy and development activities outlined above, the data and categories shown in the table and those shown in the U.S. balance of payments accounts differ in certain respects, even though much of the information shown in the table is from those accounts. A major difference is that the table includes sales abroad by majori-ty-owned foreign affiliates of U.S. companies. As discussed in part II, such sales are of interest from the perspective of U.S. trade policy and, for many services, are much larger than sales directly from the United States. However, because they are transactions between foreign residents, they are not included in the U.S. balance of payments accounts. A second difference is that certain data items that are normally included in the balance of payments accounts on

Table 1.-U.S. Sales of Services to, and Receipts of Royalties and License Fees From, Foreign Residents

| Line | Type of transaction and relationship of transactors | Industry or type of service | Source(s) | Content | Amount in 1984 and, if available, 1985 [Billions of dollars] | Improvements and other information |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| - 1 | Total, by both MOFA's of U.S. companies and by U.S. residents. |  | Sum of lines 2, 7, 28, and 33. | ............................................................. | Incomplete information available. (See text for discussion of total of available estimates.) |  |
| 2 | Sales of services by MOFA's. | All industries ...................... | Sum of lines 3 and 6. |  | Incomplete information available |  |
| 3 |  | Nonbank industries .......... | BEA surveys: Benchmark Survey of U.S. Direct Investment Abrowd (BE10) and Annual Survey of U.S. Direct Investment Abroad (BE-11). | Sales of services by nonbank MOFA's of nonbank U.S. parents to other foreign persons, classified by industry of U.S. parent and by industry of MOFA. The estimates are disaggregated by country of affiliate and by whether the sale is to an affiliated or unaffiliated foreign person. Local sales are available separately from sales to other foreign countries. | 1984: 57.9 | Beginning with the 1982 benchmark survey, several new industry codes were created for services, and a disaggregation of sales between goods and services was provided. The annual sample survey was instituted in 1983 to permit estimates to be made for years not covered by a benchmark survey. No information is available on sales by nonbank MOFA's of U.S. banks. |
| 4 | To affiliated foreign persons. | . | Ditto................................... | Ditto... | 1984: 9.0 | Ditto. |
| 5 | To unaffiliated foreign persons. |  | Ditto.................................... | Ditto.... | 1984: 49.0 | Ditto. |
| 6 |  | Banking............................ | None at present................... | Sales of services to other foreign persons by bank MOFA's of both bank and nonbank U.S. parent companies. | n.a. | BEA is working with the Interagency Task Force on Services Trade Data to find ways to develop estimates of noninterest income of banks. |
| 7 | Sales of services by U.S. residents. |  | Sum of lines 8, 11, and 25.... |  | Incomplete information available |  |
| 8 | To affiliated foreign persons only. | All industries ....................... | Sum of lines 9 and 10. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1984: } 6.3 \\ & \text { 1985: } 6.8 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 9 |  |  | BEA surveys: Benchmark Survey of U.S. Direct Invesiment Abroad (BE10) and Direct Transactions of U.S. Reporter with Foreign Affiliate ( $\mathrm{BE}-577$ ). | Sales of services by U.S. parent companies to their foreign affiliates, classified by industry of parent and by industry of affiliate. The estimates are disaggregated by country of affiliate. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1984: } 4.5 \\ & \text { 1985: } 4.8 \end{aligned}$ | Questions on sales of services were recently changed to obtain more complete information. Regular publication of U.S. parents' receipts from affiliates separately from parents' payments to affiliates was begun in June 1986; previously, only net receipts were available for years not covered by a benchmark survey. |
| 10 |  |  | BEA surveys: Benchmark Survey of Foreign Direct Investment in the United States (BE-12), Transactions of U.S. Affiliate, Except an Unincorporated Bank, with Foreign Parent (BE${ }^{605}$ ), and Transactions of U.S. Banking Branch or Agency with Foreign Parent (BE-606B). | Sales of services by U.S. affiliates to their foreign parent groups, classified by industry of affiliate. The estimates are disaggregated by country of foreign parent. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1984: } 1.8 \\ & \text { 1985: } 2.0 \end{aligned}$ | Questions on sales of services were recently changed to obtain more complete information. Regular publication of U.S. affiliates receipts from foreign parents separately from parents' payments to affiliates was begun in June 1986; previously, only net receipts were available for years not covered by a benchmark survey. |
| 11 | To unaffiliated foreign persons only. | All types of services, except insurance. | Sum of lines 12-18 and 24:... |  | Incomplete information available |  |
| 12 |  | Selected services... | BEA surveys: Benchmark Survey of Selected U.S. Services Transactions with Unaffiliated Foreign Persons (BE-20) (proposed) and Annual Survey of Selected U.S. Services Transactions with Unaffiliated Foreign Persons (planned). | Sales of the following services: Advertising services; computer and data processing services; data base and other information services; telecommunications services; agricultural services; research and development, and commercial testing, laboratory services; management, consulting, and public relations services; management of health care facilities; accounting, auditing, and bookkeeping services; legal services; educational and training services; mailing, reproduction, and commercial art; employment agencies and temporary help supply services; industrial engineering services; industrialtype maintenance and repair, installation, and training services; and performing arts, sports, and other live performances, presentations, and events. | n.a. | The BE-20 survey proposal will be sent to the Office of Management and Budget for clearance in early 1987. As proposed, the survey would collect data for 1986. It is anticipated that there will be an annual follow-on survey that is more limited, with scope and coverage to be determined following an analysis of the data from the BE-20 survey. |
| 13 |  | Telecommunications............. | Information provided to BEA by common carriers. | Receipts by U.S. carriers for transmitting messages originating in foreign countries to U.S. destinations. The estimates cover only basic telecommunications servicesthat is, those services that involve the point-to-point transmission of voice or data. No information is available on value added, or enhanced, services. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1984: } 1.3 \\ & \text { 1985: } 1.5 \end{aligned}$ | The information provided by common carriers would be replaced by proposed surveys of selected services (see line 12, column 4), which would require reporting of both basic and value added services. Coverage of basic services would be improved, and value added services would be covered for the first time. |

Table 1.-U.S. Sales of Services to, and Receipts of Rovalties and License Fees From, Foreign Residents-Continued

| Line | Type of transaction and relationship of transactors | Industry or type of service | Source(s) | Content | Amount in 1984 and, if available 1985 [Billions of dollars] | Improvements and other information |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| 14 |  | Construction, engineering, architecture, and related technical services. | BEA survey: Foreign Contract Operations of U.S. Construction, Engineering, Architectural, and Related Consulting and Technical Services Firms (BE-47). | Receipts in column 5 are for net amount of funds remaining in the United States or to the U.S. account; data on gross income or operating revenues have been collected but are not yet available. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1984: } 1.9 \\ & \text { 1985: } 1.6 \end{aligned}$ | Questions on gross income or <br> operating revenues were added <br> recently Previously the survey <br> collected od orly net funds <br> remaining in the United States <br> or to the U.S. account, which is <br> the amount included in the is <br> balanee of paymentents accounts. <br> Reporting on form Be-47 was <br> recertly made mandatory. |
| 15 |  | Film rentals. | BEA survey: International Transactions in Royalties, Licensing Fees, Film Rentals, Management Fees, etc.. with Unaffiliated Foreign Residents (BE93). | Film rental receipts... | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1984; } 0.4 \\ & 1985: 0.4 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 16 |  | Travel... | U.S. Travel and Tourism Administration (USTTA) survey: Survey of Travelers Departing the United States. U.S. Immigration and Naturalization Service information. Information obtained from Canada and Mexico. | Expenditures in the United States by foreign travelers. Estimates are developed by combining estimates of average expenditures with estimates of numbers of travelers from the U.S. Immigration and Naturalization Service. Estimates of average expenditures are from BEA surveys that have been discontinued; in the future, estimates will be based on the and Mexico is used to develop estimates of receipts from these countries; estimates for these countries include passenger fares to and from the United States. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1984: } 11.4 \\ & \text { 1985: } 11.7 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 17. |  | Passenger fares..... | USTTA survey: Survey of International Air Travelers Departing the United States, U.S. Immigration and Naturalization Service Information. BEA survey: U.S. Airline Operator's Foreign Revenues and Expenses (BE-87). | Airfare expenditures by foreign travelers on U.S. carriers. Estimates are developed in two parts: expenditures for travel between and travel between two foreign points. They are developed by combining estimates of average airfares with estimates of numbers of travelers on U.S. carriers by a method similar to the estimation of travel receipts. Estimates for travel between foreign points are developed from data obtained from form BE-37. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1984: } 3.0 \\ & \text { 1985: } 3.0 \end{aligned}$ | Reporting on form BE-37 was recently made mandatory. |
| 18 |  | Other transportation............ | Sum of lines 19-23.... |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1984: } 13.8 \\ & \text { 1985: } 14.0 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 19 |  | Freight receipts-ocean .... | BEA and Census Bureau surveys: Ocean Freight Revenues and Foreign Expenses of U.S. Carriers (BE-30) and U.S. Waterborne Exports: Domestic and Foreign Merchandise (Census Bureau tabulation SM 711). | Revenues of U.S. carriers from transporting U.S. exports to foreign countries and from transporting freight between foreign points. Estimates are developed using sample data on revenue and tonnage from estimate by comparing tonnage carried by BE-30 reporters with universe data on tonnage from tabulation SM 711. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1984: } 3.3 \\ & \text { 1985: } 3.4 \end{aligned}$ | Reporting on form BE-30 was recently made mandatory. |
| 20 |  | Freight receipts-air ........ | BEA and Census Bureau surveys: U.S. Airline Operators' Foreign Revenues and Expenses (BE-37) and U.S. Exports by Air (Census Bureau tabulation AM 754). | Revenues of U.S. airlines from transporting U.S. exports to foreign countries and from ransporting freight between forelgn points. Estimates are developed using sample data on revenues and tonnage universe estimate by comparing tonnage carried by BE-37 reporters with universe data on tonnage from tabulation AM 754. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1984: } 0.6 \\ & \text { 1985: } 0.7 \end{aligned}$ | See line 17. |
| 21 |  | Port services-ocean... | BEA and Census Bureau surveys: Foreign Ocean Carriers' Expenses in the United States (BE-29), U.S. Waterborne Exports: Domestic and Foreign Merchanduse (Census 711), and U.S. Waterborne Imports Census Bureau tabulation SM 311). | Foreign carriers' expenditures related to loading, unloading, and storing cargo at U.S. ports, such ass: stevedoring; container, barge, and warehouse rentals; expenditures for fuels and oils loaded aboard in U.S. ports; expenditures for pilotage and towing; and documentation and harbor fees. Estimates are developed tonnage from form BE-29, extrapolated to a universe estimate by comparing tonnage carried by BE-29 reporters with universe and SM 311 . | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1984: } 5.5 \\ & 1985: 5.2 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 22 |  | Port services-air............ | BEA and Census Bureau surveys: Foreign Airline Operators' Revenues and States (BE-36) and U.S. Imports by Air (Census Bureau tabulation AM 354). | Expenditures in the United States by foreign carriers for fuels and oils; wages and salaries, paid to employees; agents' and brokers' fees and commissions; aircraft handling and terminal services; and similar expenses. Estimates are developed using sample data on revenues from form BE-36, extrapolated to a universe estimate by comparing tonnage carried by BE-36 reporters with universe data on tonnage from tabulation AM 354 . | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1984: } 3.8 \\ & \text { 1985: } 4.0 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 23. |  | Other. | Miscellaneous sources. | Pipeline, rail and Great Lakes shipping transportation between the United States, Canada, and Mexico, and port service receipts associated with rail and Great Lakes traffic. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1984: } 0.6 \\ & \text { 1985: } 0.6 \end{aligned}$ | No information on freight revenues and port service receipts associated with truck traffic between the United States, Canada, and Mexico is available. |

Table 1.-U.s. Sales of Services to, and Receipts of Royalties and License Fees From, Foreign Residents-Continued

| Line | Type of transaction and relationship of transactors | Industry or type of service | Source(s) | Content | Amount in 1984 and, if available, 1985 [Billions of dollars] | Improvements and other information |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | (5) | (6) |
| 24 | $\begin{array}{cccc} & \ddots & \\ & \ddots & \\ & \\ & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ & & & \end{array}$ | Other types of services ......... | Miscellaneous sources .......... | Services not listed elsewhere...... | n.a. | BEA is developing estimates for three items in this group-(1) oreign students' expenditures in the United States, (2) foreign medical patients expenditures commissions on securities, commodities, and futures transactions. Currently, sources of information are not available to estimate several items, including leasing transactions with unaffiliated parties, certain types of dishursements by foreign persons in the United States, and some working with the Interagency Task Force on Services Trade Data to find ways to develop estimates of noninterest income institutions. |
| 25 | To both affiliated and unaffiliated foreign persons. | Insurance ........................ | Sum of lines 26 and $27 . .$. |  | Incomplete information available | $\cdots$ |
| 26 |  | Reinsurance........ | BEA survey: Reinsurance Transactions with Insurance Companies Resident Abroad (BE-48) | Net premiums received on reinsurance assumed from insurance companies resident abroad. (The survey also collects information on claims paid.) No detail by type of foreign person (affiliated or unaffiliated) is available. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1984: } 1.2 \\ & \text { 1985: } 1.3 \end{aligned}$ | Reporting on form BE-48 was recently made mandatory. |
| 27 |  | Direct insurance.... | See column 6....................... | Net premiums received on sales of direct insurance to foreign persons. No detail by type of foreign person (affiliated or unaffiliated) will be available. | n.a. | Plans are to add questions on direct insurance to form BE-48 beginning with the survey covering 1987. |
| 28 | Receipts of royalties and license fees by U.S. residents. | All industries ....................... | Sum of lines 29 and $32 . . . . . . .$. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1984; } 5.7 \\ & \text { 1985: } 6.0 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 29 | From affiliated foreign persons. |  | Sum of lines 30 and 31. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1984: 4.1 } \\ & \text { 1985: 4.3 } \end{aligned}$ |  |
| 30 | U.S. parents' receipts from foreign affiliates. |  | BEA surveys: Benchmark Survey of U.S. Direct Investment Abroad (BE10) and Direct Transactions of U.S. Reporter with Foreign Affiliate (BE-577). | Royalties, license fees, and other fees for the use or sale of intangible property. No detail is available on the type of intangible asset. The estimates are disaggregated by country of foreign affiliate. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1984: } 4.0 \\ & \text { 1985: } 4.2 \end{aligned}$ | Regular publication of U.S. parents' receipts from affiliates separately from parents' payments to affiliates was begun in June 1986; previously, for years not covered by a benchmark survey. |
| 31 | U.S. affiliates' receipts from foreign parents. |  | BEA surveys: Benchmark Survey of Foreign Direct Investment in the United States (BE-12), <br> Thansactions of U.S. Affiliate, Except an with Foreign Parent (BE 605), and Transactions of U.S. Banking Branch or Agency with Foreign Parent (BE-606B). | Royalties, license fees, and other fees for the use or sale of intangible property. No detail is available on the type of intangible asset. The estimates are disaggregated by country of foreign parent. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1984: } 0.1 \\ & \text { 1985: } 0.1 \end{aligned}$ | Regular publication of U.S. affiliates' receipts from foreign parents separately from parents' payments to affiliates was begun in June 1986; previously, only net receipts were avalable for years no survey. |
| 32 | From unaffiliated foreign parents. |  | BEA survey: International Transactions in Royalties, Licensing Fees, Film Rentals, Management Fees, Etc., with Unaffiliated Foreign Residents (BE93). | Royalties, license fees, and other fees for the use or sale of intangible property. No detail is available on the type of intangible asset. The estimates are disaggregated by country. The estimates are linked to direct investment benchmark survey data. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1984: } 1.6 \\ & \text { 1985: } 1.7 \end{aligned}$ | Plans are to add detail on type of intangible asset beginning with the survey covering 1987. |
| 33 | Receipts of royalties and license fees by MOFA's from foreign persons. | All industries ..................... | None at present............. | Royalties, license fees, and other fees for the use or sale of intangible property. | n.a. | There are no plans to modify BEA surveys to request this item. |
| 34 | Addenda-Sales of services to unaffiliated foreigners by U.S. parent companies and by U.S. affiliates of foreign companies. | Nonbank industries ............. | Sum of lines 35 and $36 . .$. |  | Incomplete information available |  |
| 35 | By U.S. parent companies. |  | BEA surveys: Benchmark Survey of U.S. Direct Investment Abroad (BEof U.S. Direct Investment Abroad (BE-11). | Sales of services by U.S. parent companies to foreigners other than their own affiliates. Overlaps to an unknown degree the sales listed by type of service in lines $12-18,24,26$, and 27 . | 1984: 14.0 | See line 3. |
| 36 | By U.S. affiliates of foreign companies. |  | BEA surveys: Benchmark Survey of Foreign Direct Investment in the United States (BE-12) and Annual Survey of: Foreign Direct Investment in the United States (BE-15). | After planned improvements, sales of services by U.S. affiliates to foreigners other than their foreign parent groups. Would overlap to an unknown degree the sales listed by type of service in lines 12$18,24,26$, and 27. | n.a. | Beginning with the 1987 benchmark survey, questions on sales will be changed to obtain and services in a manner parallel to that provided by the $\mathrm{BE}-10$ and $\mathrm{BE}-11$ surveys. |

[^4]a net basis have been shown in the table on a gross basis, in order to permit the magnitude of U.S. sales to be gauged. ${ }^{3}$

Each item shown in the table is classified on one of two bases: Some
3. The presentation on a gross basis of data that appear in the balance of payments accounts on a net basis has been done in several instances. (1) U.S. parents' sales of services to, and receipts of royalties and license fees from, foreign affiliates are included in U.S. exports of goods and services net of analogous purchases or payments; however, they are included in table 1 on a gross basis (in lines 9 and 30, respectively). (2) U.S. affiliates' sales of services to, and receipts of royalties and license fees from, their foreign parents are included in U.S. imports of goods and services as a deduction from analogous purchases or payments; however, they are included in table 1 on a gross basis (in lines 10 and 31 , respectively). (3) Reinsurance premiums received are included in U.S. exports of goods and services net of claims paid, whereas only premiums are included as sales in table 1 (in line 26). Although contractors' fees (line 14) should be shown in the table as gross income or operating revenues, the only information as yet available is the net funds remaining in the United States or to the U.S account (that is, the difference between gross income and the sum of associated U.S. exports and foreign expenses or outlays).
are classified by type of service; others, by industry of company. The estimates derived from direct investment surveys (lines $3-5,9$ and 10,30 , 31,35 , and 36 ) are classified by industry of company, as are the estimates of royalties and license fees received from unaffiliated foreign residents (line 32). The remaining items, consisting of sales of services by U.S. residents to unaffiliated foreigners, are classified by type of service.

The table is structured so that a total could be struck for the sum of sales to, and receipts of royalties and license fees received from, foreign persons by both U.S. residents and majority-owned foreign affiliates of U.S. companies. A figure is not shown, because significant components of the total are not now available. However, it can be noted that the components that are available summed to $\$ 104$ billion in 1984 . This partial total is comprised of: (1) $\$ 58$ billion in sales by majority-owned for-
eign affiliates (line 3), (2) $\$ 40$ billion in sales by U.S. residents (line 7), and (3) $\$ 6$ billion in U.S. residents' receipts of royalties and license fees (line 28). ${ }^{4}$
The items for which information is not now available include: (a) noninterest income of majority-owned foreign affiliates in banking (line 6), (b) sales of various types of services to unaffiliated foreign residents (lines 12 and 24), (c) premiums on direct insurance (line 27), and (d) receipts by ma-jority-owned foreign affiliates of royalties and license fees from both affiliated and unaffiliated foreign residents (line 33). As outlined in the table, BEA is working to fill several of these gaps.
4. It is noted in part II that the estimates of sales by majority-owned foreign affiliates in the industry of finance (except banking), insurance, and real estate may include interest and other factor income, as well as receipts for services performed. If sales by these affiliates are excluded, the total of available components would be about $\$ 85$ billion.

## Part II. Sales of Services by U.S. Multinational Companies

AN important element of BEA's statistical program in international services is the disaggregation of estimates of sales by U.S. parent companies and their majority-owned foreign affiliates (MOFA's) into goods and services. This disaggregation was first requested of respondents in the 1982 benchmark survey of U.S. direct investment abroad and has been continued in a new annual survey. The results are now available through 1984.5 They

[^5]cover nonbank U.S. parents of nonbank foreign affiliates and their nonbank MOFA's. (MOFA's are foreign affiliates for which the combined direct and indirect ownership interest of all U.S. parents exceeds 50 percent.)
The new information on sales of services is particularly important in evaluating the global operations in services of U.S. multinational companies (MNC's). Whether because of the nature of the services being rendered or because of restrictions on their provision by nonresidents, delivery

Complete results-including a methodology, basic concepts and definitions of U.S. direct investment abroad, more than 300 tables, and reprints of the survey forms and instructions-are in U.S. Direct Investment Abroad: 1982 Benchmark Survey Data. Copies may be obtained from the Superintendent of Documents, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, DC 20402; price $\$ 18.00$, stock number .003-010-00161-5.
The 1984 estimates in this article incorporate revisions to the preliminary 1984 estimates shown in earlier publications. The usual procedure would be for such revisions to be published next summer; however, because revisions to date significantly affect the industry distribution of sales, the allocation between goods and services, and the growth rate, they have been incorporated in this article ahead of the usual schedule.
abroad must often be through foreign affiliates, rather than directly from parents in the United States. Thus, to obtain a complete picture of these operations, it is essential to have information on sales abroad by affiliates, but because these sales are transactions between foreign residents, they are not covered by U.S. balance of payments data. Also, the availability of data on sales by both U.S. parents and foreign affiliates permits the relative size of the two channels used by MNC's to deliver services abroaddirect exports from the United States and sales by foreign affiliates-to be evaluated. As will be seen, for U.S. MNC's, sales of services abroad were much larger for affiliates than for parents in 1982-84.
Because this is a new data series, and because "sales of services" can be measured in more than one way, it is necessary to explain terminology before reviewing the survey results. Most critical to understanding the results are explanations of what constitutes a "service" and a "sale" in the term "sales of services."

## Definitions

## Definition of services

In BEA's direct investment surveys, all sales are considered to be of either goods or services; no separate category is provided for sales that are a combination of the two. ${ }^{6}$ Services are the activities that are characteristic of a particular group of industries. An entity (U.S. parent or MOFA) does not itself have to be classified in one of these industries in order to have sales of services and, in fact, a significant portion of sales of services by U.S. MNC's in 1982-84 was accounted for by entities in manufacturing and other goods-producing industries that sold services as a secondary activity. Conversely, an entity classified in a services industry could have sales of goods, although, in fact, the portion of total sales of goods accounted for by affiliates in a services industry was small.

The particular group of industries consists of those in the "services" division of the Standard Industrial Classification (SIC) and several other serv-ices-producing industries. The "services" division of the SIC essentially corresponds to the industries listed under "services" in the accompanying tables: Hotels and other lodging places; various business services; motion pictures, including television tape and film; engineering, architectural, and surveying services; health services; and miscellaneous "other services." ${ }^{7}$ The other services-producing industries are: Oil and gas field services; petroleum tanker operations, petroleum and natural gas pipelines, and petroleum storage for hire (all of which are included in "other petroleum'); finance (except banking), insurance, and real estate; agricultural

[^6]services (part of agriculture, forestry, and fishing); metal mining services (part of mining); and transportation, communication, and public utilities. (Banking, although a service, was not covered by the questions on sales of services in either the benchmark survey or the annual survey; thus, it is not included in the categories listed above.)

Wholesale and retail trade and construction are not treated as services producing, even though they might be considered services in another context. Although wholesale and retail trade are service industries from the standpoint of production, or value added, sales in these industries consist primarily of goods. Similarly, although construction is sometimes considered a service industry, particularly where international operations are concerned, the end product of the industry is tangible and visible, and thus more like a good than a service.

## Definition of sales

"Sales," as used in this article, is actually shorthand for "sales or gross operating revenues," as it would appear in the income statements of the U.S. parents and foreign affiliates covered by the surveys. Thus, it ordinarily would include revenues generated by a parent's or affiliate's primary lines of business and would exclude incidental or unrelated revenue sources. For example, a computer manufacturer that sold such related services as maintenance, repair, and programming would include funds received for these services in its sales or gross operating revenues. However, it would place income earned by investing in interest-bearing securities in "other income," rather than in sales or gross operating revenues, because the activity of making investments is incidental to the manufacture or servicing of computers. A finance company, in contrast, would include interest received in its operating revenues, be-

[^7]cause making loans is a primary activity of such companies. Similarly, an insurance company would include interest and other investment income, along with premiums, in its operating revenues.

Because investment income is sometimes included in sales of services, the data on services do not always provide a measure of services performed, excluding factor incomes. However, the inclusion of interest and other investment income in sales or gross operating revenues is largely confined to two industries-finance and insurance. (In other industries, such income would generally be included in "other income.") The amount of such income for finance and for insurance companies can be roughly gauged using 1982 benchmark survey data on interest received. In insurance, revenues appear to be accounted for largely by premium income, rather than by interest, for both U.S. parents and foreign affiliates, but particularly for the latter. In finance (except banking), most affiliate revenues are accounted for by interest, and most parent revenues are accounted for by other types of revenues. ${ }^{8}$

To facilitate the analysis of sales excluding factor income, several tables in this article include an addendum showing sales of services for industries other than finance, insurance, and real estate. Just as the figures for all industries overstate total services performed because they include interest received by finance and insurance companies, the figures in the addendum understate the total because they exclude services performed by these companies. Thus, the value of services performed lies somewhere in between; determining exactly where requires information beyond that presently requested on the survey forms.
8. In 1982, U.S. parents in insurance had sales of services of $\$ 169.2$ billion and interest received of $\$ 34.8$ billion, while MOFA's in insurance had sales of services of $\$ 13.4$ billion and interest received of $\$ 2.6$ billion. In finance (except banking), MOFA's had sales of services of $\$ 9.9$ billion and interest received of $\$ 8.0$ billion. Sales of services by U.S. parents classified in finance (except banking) cannot be disclosed. However, these parents' total sales, which are disclosed and probably consist mainly of services, were $\$ 16.0$ billion, probably consist mainly of services, were $\$$
For two reasons, these figures are only rough indicators of the composition of operating revenues. First, interest is not the only type of factor income that could be included in revenues. Second, the method of accounting for interest received may not be the same for every company.

In some cases, a company may not include in sales the funds that are received from customers but are ultimately passed on to others who share in providing the services. For example, an advertising agency receives funds from clients to cover both its own services and services of otherssuch as media suppliers (e.g., broadcasters and publishers)-involved in an advertising campaign. Only the funds for the agency's own services (referred to in the industry as "gross income") are included in sales or gross operating revenues, although a broader measure ("gross billings"), which includes the cost of media space and time, etc., would be useful in analyzing the total amount of ad-
vertising booked through the agencies.
As a final caveat, it should be noted that data on sales or gross operating revenues do not measure production, or value added. Although one may think of the operations of the typical services firm as being relatively selfcontained, with little use of purchased inputs, information from the benchmark surveys indicates that value added is considerably lower than sales for most service industries and that the ratio of value added to sales varies a good deal from one service industry to another.
In disaggregating affiliate sales by industry, two bases of classification are used-industry of U.S. parent,
based on the industry distribution of the U.S. parent's sales, and industry of foreign affiliate, based on the industry distribution of the foreign affiliate's sales. When comparing affiliate sales with parent sales, or in examining the relative shares of parents and affiliates in worldwide MNC sales, affiliate sales are classified by industry of U.S. parent. When discussing affiliate sales only, they are classified by the affiliate's own industry.

## Overview

Table 2 shows the complete matrix of available data on sales for the 1982-84 period for all countries and

Table 2.-Sales of Goods and Services by Nonbank U.S. Parents and Foreign Affiliates, 1982-84

n.a. Not available.
Less than 0.1 percent.
industries combined. To provide perspective, total sales and sales of goods are shown along with sales of services for both U.S. parents and their MOFA's. Total sales are also shown for minority-owned affiliates, but data are not available to disaggregate these sales between goods and services.

This section of the article will briefly examine the global sales totalsboth their overall 1984 patterns and their growth during 1982-84. The next section will examine in greater detail the composition of sales of services in 1984.

## 1984 patterns

U.S. parents.-In 1984, total sales by U.S. parents were $\$ 2,520.1$ billion,
of which $\$ 1,967.7$ billion, or 78 percent, were goods, and $\$ 552.4$ billion, or 22 percent, were services (as defined). Of the sales of services, $\$ 533.8$ billion, or 97 percent, were to U.S. persons and only $\$ 18.6$ billion, or 3 percent, were to foreign persons, mainly unaffiliated persons (that is, foreign persons other than the parent's own foreign affiliates). Total sales and sales of goods were not broken down by destination in the annual surveys for 1983 and 1984. This breakdown was requested in the 1982 benchmark survey, however, and, in 1982, services accounted for 25 percent of U.S. parents' sales to U.S. persons and for only 6 percent of their sales to foreign persons. The tendency for goods to predominate more in foreign than in domestic
sales may reflect the previously mentioned need for a local presence to deliver services to foreign markets.

Foreign affiliates.-For foreign affiliates, total sales in 1984 were $\$ 894.6$ billion. Of this amount, MOFA's accounted for $\$ 716.4$ billion, or 80 percent. Minority-owned affiliates accounted for the remaining 20 percent. All further references to affiliate data are to data of MOFA's. ${ }^{9}$

MOFA sales were mainly of goods, which accounted for $\$ 649.1$ billion, or 91 percent, of the total. Services accounted for the remaining $\$ 67.3$ bil-

[^8]Table 3.-Sales of Services by Nonbank U.S. Parents, by Industry of U.S. Parent, 1982-84
[Millions of dollars]

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{3}{*}{} \& \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{1982} \& \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{1983} \& \multicolumn{5}{|c|}{1984} <br>
\hline \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Total} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{To U.S. persons} \& \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{To foreign persons} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Total} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{To U.S. persons} \& \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{To foreign persons} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{Total} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{To U.S. persons} \& \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{To foreign persons} <br>
\hline \& \& \& Total \& $$
\begin{gathered}
\text { To } \\
\text { foreign } \\
\text { affiliates }
\end{gathered}
$$ \&  \& \& \& Total \& $$
\begin{array}{|c}
\text { To } \\
\text { foreign } \\
\text { affiliates }
\end{array}
$$ \&  \& \& \& Total \& $$
\begin{gathered}
\text { To } \\
\text { foreign } \\
\text { affiliates }
\end{gathered}
$$ \&  <br>
\hline All industries.... \& 533,425 \& 316,434 \& 16,991 \& 3,363 \& 13,628 \& 546,513 \& 529,863 \& 16,650 \& 3,389 \& 13,261 \& 552,370 \& 533,812 \& 18,557 \& 4,584 \& 13,973 <br>
\hline $$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Oil and gas extraction.................... } \\
& \text { Crude petroleum extraction (noter }
\end{aligned}
$$
refining) and natural gas. \& \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{$\begin{array}{r}519 \\ 6,263 \\ \hline\end{array}$} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{327} <br>
\hline Oil and gas field services. \& $\begin{array}{r}520 \\ 7,027 \\ \hline 185\end{array}$ \& \& 764 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{gathered}
(*) \\
49 \\
604 \\
604
\end{gathered}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{aligned}
& 715 \\
& { }^{175} \\
& 240
\end{aligned}
$$} \& -538 \& ${ }^{538}$ \& 1
587 \& (*)
159

(0) \& ${ }_{428}$ \& 430
5021 \& $\begin{array}{r}429 \\ 4,532 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 189
489 \& 00 \& <br>
\hline Petroleum and coal products \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{10,248} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{10,662
10,043} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{844
205
20} \& \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{11,996
6,667} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$\begin{array}{r}11,159 \\ 6 \\ 6 \\ \hline\end{array}$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{837
113} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(0)} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(0)} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{6,608
7,911} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{5,633)} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(0)} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{(0)} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} <br>
\hline Petroleum wholesale trade.... \& \& \& \& ${ }_{(0)}^{604}$ \& (0) \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Manufacturing... \& 75,306 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{70,962
5,441} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$\begin{array}{r}4,34 \\ \\ 225 \\ \\ \hline 18\end{array}$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{${ }_{\text {820 }}^{882}$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{( 3,462} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$\begin{array}{r}\text { 78,175 } \\ 4,176 \\ \hline\end{array}$} \& 73,162 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{5,012} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1,138} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{3,875} \& 83,765 \& 79,234 \& 4,531 \& \& <br>
\hline Food and kindred products ..... \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{( 5 ¢, 5666} \& \& \& \& \& \& 4,016 \& \& \& \& 4,979 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{3,879} \& 182 \& \& 3,050
(1)
379 <br>

\hline Chemicals and allied products. \& \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{-7,114} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{| 164 |
| :--- |
| 635 |} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$\begin{array}{r}10 \\ 397 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{154} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{4,129

7741} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{| 3,711 |
| :--- |
| 7,308 |} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 417 \\
& 433 \\
& 676
\end{aligned}
$$
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{45} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{${ }^{372}$ (0)} \& 4,301 \& \& 422 \& 43 \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{293

363} <br>
\hline Primary and fabricated metals. \& 7,279 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 9,425 \& 9,000 \& 424 \& $\begin{array}{r}131 \\ 510 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& <br>

\hline Machinery, except electrical.... \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2,2069 \\
& 17,969 \\
& 15,851
\end{aligned}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 16,87 \\
& 15,070 \\
& 10,192
\end{aligned}
$$

\]} \& \& \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{gathered}
820 \\
0.0 \\
\hline
\end{gathered}
$$
\]} \& \multirow[b]{3}{*}{18,423

16667

12,405} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{aligned}
& 10,000 \\
& 16,854 \\
& 15,743
\end{aligned}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
010 \\
1,569 \\
924 \\
\hline 820
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\[

\left.$$
\begin{gathered}
309 \\
\left(D_{0}\right)
\end{gathered}
$$ \right\rvert\,

\]} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1,261 \\
& \substack{(\mathcal{D}) \\
(0)}
\end{aligned}
$$
\]} \& 18,084 \& ${ }^{17,210}$ \& 874 \& \& 3 363 <br>

\hline Electric and electronic equip \& \& \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& 1,122 \\
& 781
\end{aligned}
$$ \& \[

$$
\begin{gathered}
\mathbf{c o v}_{30} \\
\hline
\end{gathered}
$$
\] \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 17,020

17,586 \& 15,910
16,228 \& 1,358 \& - (0) \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$\underset{\text { (0) }}{\text { (0) }}$} <br>
\hline Other manufacturing. \& 11,301 \& \& 1,110 \& (P) \& (\%) \& \& 11,572 \& 833 \& (D) \& (0) \& 12,370 \& 12,210 \& 160 \& () \& <br>
\hline Wholesale trade ...... \& 1,528 \& 1,448 \& 80 \& 23 \& 57 \& 2,916 \& 2,874 \& 42 \& 20 \& 22 \& 3,363 \& 3,289 \& 74 \& 50 \& 24 <br>

\hline Finance (except banking), insurance, \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{$$
\left.\begin{gathered}
185,203 \\
169,216 \\
169 \\
(0) \\
0
\end{gathered} \right\rvert\,
$$} \& \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
2,901 \\
391 \\
2,510 \\
2,5(*) \\
0 \\
0
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
1,793 \\
\text { (1) } \\
\text { (D) } \\
0 \\
0
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
196,710 \\
18,341 \\
178,203 \\
165 \\
0
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \& \& \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
\mathbf{2 , 3 3 2} \\
\left.\begin{array}{c}
(0) \\
(0) \\
(0) \\
0 \\
0
\end{array}\right)
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
219,138 \\
28,180 \\
190,682 \\
201
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
4,486 \\
\left.\begin{array}{c}
4,694 \\
2,792 \\
(0) \\
0
\end{array}\right)
\end{array}
$$
\]} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{} \& \multirow[b]{4}{*}{2,881

0,
$(0)$
0
0} <br>

\hline and real estate......... \& \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{$$
\begin{aligned}
& 182,302) \\
& 166,7(0) 7 \\
& 160 \\
& \left(\begin{array}{c}
(0)
\end{array}\right)
\end{aligned}
$$} \& \& \& \& \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
193,203 \\
177,284 \\
175,754 \\
\\
\hline 165
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
3,507 \\
1,057 \\
2,450 \\
0 \\
\hline\left(\begin{array}{c}
* \\
0
\end{array}\right.
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{$\begin{array}{r}1,175 \\ \begin{array}{r}(0) \\ (0) \\ \left({ }^{(*)}\right. \\ 0 \\ 0\end{array} \\ \hline\end{array}$} \& \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
223,625 \\
30,003 \\
193,420 \\
201 \\
\hline 0
\end{array}
$$
\]} \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline Finance, except banking \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Real estate.. \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline Services. \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{$$
\begin{gathered}
40,227 \\
14,246 \\
(\mathbb{P}) \\
(\mathcal{P})
\end{gathered}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 37,966 \\
& 13,500 \\
& 13,50
\end{aligned}
$$
\]} \& 2,261 \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{260

(0)
70

(0)} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{aligned}
& 44,739 \\
& 15,364 \\
& \left(\begin{array}{l}
(0) \\
\hline
\end{array}\right.
\end{aligned}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
43,238 \\
3,408 \\
14,781 \\
0,781
\end{array}
$$
\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{1,501

(0)
583
583
115} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{152
(0)
21

2} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
1,349 \\
(\mathbb{P}) \\
561 \\
113
\end{array}
$$} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \mathbf{5 0 , 0 4 1} \\
& 15,839 \\
& \text { (1) }
\end{aligned}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{gathered}
48,088 \\
38,806 \\
15,330
\end{gathered}
$$
\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{1,954

(0)
509
145} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{330
88
87

3} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{$$
\begin{gathered}
1,624 \\
(\mathbb{D}) \\
483 \\
142
\end{gathered}
$$} <br>

\hline Hotels and other lo \& \& \& ${ }_{745}^{(\text {P) }}$ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Advertising .... \& \& \& \& \& \& 3,337 \& 3,223 \& \& \& \& 3,985 \& 3,841 \& \& \& <br>
\hline Management, consulting, and public
relations services .......................... \& (®) \& (P) \& (1) \& (0) \& 24 \& (1) \& 583 \& (1) \& 5 \& (1) \& (0) \& 1,709 \& (1) \& 8 \& ${ }^{(9)}$ <br>
\hline Equipment rental (ex. automotive and computers) \& 1,144 \& 991 \& 153 \& (1) \& (1) \& 1,025 \& 809 \& 16 \& (*) \& 215 \& 864 \& 748 \& 116 \& (*) \& 116 <br>
\hline Computer and data processing \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 133 \& \& \& \& (0) \& <br>

\hline  \& (0) \& ${ }^{3,106}$ (D) \& (P) \& ${ }_{4}$ \& \[
\left($$
\begin{array}{l}
(0) \\
(0)
\end{array}
$$\right.

\] \& \& ${ }_{5}^{3,972}$ \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 144 \\
& (P)
\end{aligned}
$$
\] \& ${ }_{3}$ \& (0) \& (P) \& 6,634 \& (P) \& (0) \& (D) <br>

\hline Motion pictures, including television tape and film. \& (D) \& (D) \& () \& 0 \& (D) \& (0) \& 2,411 \& (1) \& 0 \& ${ }^{(1)}$ \& (D) \& 3,207 \& (P) \& (0) \& 492 <br>
\hline Engineering, architectural, and \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Health services...... \& 8,982
7,982 \& ${ }_{7}^{2,850}$ \& 132 \& (0) \& ${ }_{(0)}^{(1)}$ \& 10,404 \& $\stackrel{\text { 10,241 }}{ }$ \& ${ }_{163}$ \& ${ }^{(0)}$ \& ${ }^{24} \mathbf{( 0 )}$ \& 11,838 \& 11,669 \& 170 \& (0) \& (0) <br>
\hline Other services.... \& 8,611 \& 8,412 \& 199 \& (0) \& (0) \& 10,372 \& 10,183 \& 189 \& (0) \& (D) \& 11,990 \& 11,792 \& 198 \& \& (P) <br>
\hline Other industries ... \& 192,185 \& 186,614 \& 5,571 \& \& 5,170 \& \& \& 5,017 \& \& 4,900 \& 168,506 \& 162,609 \& 5,896 \& 174 \& 5,723 <br>

\hline Agriculture, forestry, and fishing. \& \& \& \& ${ }^{*}$ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& $$
\begin{aligned}
& \left(D_{0}^{(0)}\right. \\
& \hline(0)
\end{aligned}
$$ \& \& - $\quad \begin{array}{r}\text { 0 }\end{array}$ \& (0) <br>

\hline Construction. \& 5,468 \& 3,431 \& 2,037 \& (0) \& (0) \& 5,250 \& 4,850 \& 400 \& 11 \& 389 \& 3,624 \& 3,477 \& 147 \& 16 \& 130 <br>
\hline Transportation, communication, and public utilities \& 174,361 \& 170,845 \& 3,516 \& (0) \& (1) \& 178,026 \& 173,444 \& 4,582 \& 103 \& 4,479 \& 149,514 \& 143,863 \& 5,651 \& 146 \& 5,506 <br>
\hline Retail trade.............................. \& \& \& \& 2 \& 16 \& 13,035 \& \& \& \& \& 14,748 \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Addendum-All industries, except finance, insurance, and real estate. \& 348,222 \& 334,132 \& 14,090 \& 2,255 \& 11,835 \& 349,803 \& 336,660 \& 13,143 \& 2,214 \& 10,929 \& 3 328,745 \& 314,674 \& 14,071 \& 2,979 \& 11,092 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

- Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies
* Less than $\$ 500,000$.
lion, or 9 percent. Three-fourths of the services were sold to unaffiliated persons-that is, to persons other than the U.S. parent or the parent's other foreign affiliates. By destination, MOFA sales of services were largely to foreign persons- $\$ 57.9$ billion out of $\$ 67.3$ billion. Over 85 percent of these sales were local (that is, to customers in the affiliate's country of location). Most of the sales of services by MOFA's to U.S. persons were to parents, while most of the sales to foreign persons were to unaffiliated foreigners. Of the sales to U.S. persons, $\$ 7.8$ billion were to U.S. parents, and $\$ 1.6$ billion were to unaffiliated U.S. persons. Of the sales to foreign persons, $\$ 49.0$ billion were to unaffili-
ated foreign persons, and $\$ 9.0$ billion were to other foreign affiliates (of the same U.S. parent).
Perhaps because intimate knowledge of local tastes and customs is often more essential to success in selling services than in selling goods, and because a foreign-owned firm may have difficulty in acquiring such knowledge, the share of services in total sales was smaller for MOFA's than for parents. Because both total sales and the share of services in the total were larger for the parents, their sales of services were much larger than those of their MOFA's. For sales of services to foreign persons, however, MOFA's sales were much larger.


## 1982-84 growth

U.S. parents.-Total sales by parents grew 6 percent in 1984, compared with 1 percent in 1983 . In 1984, sales of goods grew 7 percent, and sales of services grew 1 percent. In 1983, in contrast, sales of services grew faster than sales of goods- 2 percent compared with 1 percent. The slower growth for services in 1984 reflects a major U.S. telephone company's divestiture, in early 1984, of seven regional operating companies that did not have direct investment abroad (and, thus, were not included in the 1984 data). In the absence of the divestiture, services would have grown faster than goods in both years. The

Table 4.-Sales of Services by Nonbank Majority-Owned Foreign Affiliates, by Industry, 1982-84
[Millions of dollars]


D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.
Less than $\$ 500,000$
share of services in total sales was 23 percent in 1982 and 1983, and 22 percent in 1984.
Growth in sales of services by U.S. parents during 1982-84 was more than accounted for by parents in finance (except banking), insurance, and real estate (table 3). Sales of services by parents in all other industries combined declined 6 percent over the period. Increases in "services" (particularly health and "other services"), manufacturing, and wholesale trade were more than offset by declines in "other industries" (due to the divestiture) and in petroleum (due to weakening petroleum markets and the accompanying reduction in activity in almost all sectors of the industry).

By destination, the increase in sales of services by U.S. parents during 1982-84 was largely accounted for by sales to U.S. persons, although sales to foreign persons-both affiliated and unaffiliated-increased as well. Nearly all of the decline in sales by parents in industries other than finance, insurance, and real estate was in sales to U.S. persons.
MOFA's.-Sales by MOFA's rose 2 percent in 1984, following a decline of 3 percent in 1983. In 1984, sales of both goods and services increased, by 1 percent and 2 percent, respectively. In 1983, they both declined, by 4 percent and 1 percent, respectively. The share of services in total sales remained at about 9 percent throughout the period.
Sales of services by MOFA's were almost flat during 1982-84, growing only 1 percent over the entire period. This growth was more than accounted for by affiliates in finance (except banking), insurance, and real estate, for which sales of services (including investment income) rose 10 percent, largely due to growth in finance (except banking) (table 4). Sales of services by affiliates in all other industries combined declined 10 percent, as an increase in sales to U.S. persons was more than offset by a decline in sales to foreign persons. The decline in sales of services by MOFA's in nonfinancial industries was more than accounted for by declines in petroleum and in engineering, architectural, and surveying services. The decline in petroleum was spread among several subindustries and reflected the same global market conditions
that affected sales by U.S. petroleum parents.

By destination, sales of services by MOFA's to U.S. persons rose 26 percent, largely due to an increase in 1984 in interest received by Netherlands Antilles finance affiliates from their U.S. parents. Most of the inter est was on loans made to the parents out of the proceeds of the affiliates' foreign borrowing. Sales of services by MOFA's to foreign persons declined 2 percent.

## Composition of Sales of Services in 1984

## Sales to all persons

Sales by U.S. parents.-Of the $\$ 552.4$ billion of sales of services by U.S. parents in 1984, 40 percent, or $\$ 223.6$ billion, were in finance (except banking), insurance, and real estate; most of this amount was in insurance. Sales by U.S. parents in all other industries combined were $\$ 328.7$ billion.

Over one-fourth of the sales of services by parents were in transportation, communication, and public utilities. Parents in manufacturing accounted for 15 percent. Sales of services by these parents were spread among several manufacturing industries; they were largest in nonelectrical machinery, electric and electronic equipment, and transportation equipment. Parents in "services" and in petroleum had shares of 9 percent and 4 percent, respectively.

Sales by MOFA's.-Of the $\$ 67.3$ billion of sales of services by MOFA's in 1984 , nearly 40 percent, or $\$ 25.9$ billion, were by affiliates in finance (except banking), insurance, and real estate. In all other industries combined, they were $\$ 41.4$ billion.

Affiliates in "services," particularly business services and engineering, architectural, and surveying services, accounted for almost one-fourth of total MOFA sales of services. Petroleum affiliates accounted for 14 percent, and affiliates in wholesale trade and in manufacturing each accounted for 9 percent.

By country, sales of services by MOFA's in developed countries were substantially larger than those by MOFA's in developing countries$\$ 42.2$ billion compared with $\$ 19.5$ billion (table 5). Sales by MOFA's in
"international" were $\$ 5.6$ billion; these sales were accounted for by affiliates engaged in providing petroleum services or water transportation. ${ }^{10}$

Among developed countries, sales of services by MOFA's in Canada and in the United Kingdom, at $\$ 11.3$ billion and $\$ 10.2$ billion, respectively, were much larger than those by affiliates in any other individual country. In both countries, the sales were spread among several industries. Sales by MOFA's in Germany, France, the Netherlands, Japan, and Australia ranged between $\$ 2.5$ billion and $\$ 3.4$ billion each.

Among developing countries, MOFA sales were largest, at $\$ 5.6$ billion and $\$ 4.0$ billion, respectively, in the offshore financial centers of the Netherlands Antilles and Bermuda. The sales by Netherlands Antilles affiliates, mainly interest received on loans to their U.S. parents, accounted for over one-half of total MOFA sales to U.S. persons. Sales by MOFA's in Saudi Arabia and in Hong Kong were also large. A large share of the sales in Saudi Arabia was accounted for by petroleum services and by health services, including the management of health care facilities.

## Sales to foreign persons

Tables 6 and 7 show sales of services to foreign persons by U.S. parents and by MOFA's, for 1983 and 1984. Sales by U.S. MNC's worldwide, the sum of parent and MOFA sales, are also shown. ${ }^{11}$ The figures are shown on an aggregated basis, including both sales within the MNC and sales by the MNC to unaffiliated foreign customers. ${ }^{12}$ To compare the sales of U.S. parents with those of their own
10. The "international" designation is used for affiliates that have operations spanning more than one country and that are engaged in petroleum shipping, other water transportation, or oil and gas drilling.
11. Conceptually, the MNC would include minorityowned affiliates as well, and, in fact, sales to such af filiates are included in MNC sales to affiliated foreign persons. However, because the necessary data are not available, the figures on sales by MNC's worldwide do available, the figures on sales by
not include sales by such affiliates.
12. On a fully consolidated, rather than an aggregated, basis, sales of services to foreigners would exclude sales within the MNC. They would include only sales to unaffiliated foreigners, which were $\$ 62.9$ billion in 1984, as shown in column 3 of table 7. These sales accounted for over 80 percent of aggregated sales to foreign persons, and most statements in the text about aggregated sales would also apply to consolidated sales.

Table 5.-Sales of Services by Nonbank Majority-Owned Foreign Affiliates, by Country, 1982-84
[Millions of dollars]

${ }^{\text {D }}$ Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

* Less than $\$ 500,000$.
affiliates, a single basis-the industry of the parent-is used for classifying the data of parents, MOFA's, and the MNC as a whole. Although the discussion that follows generally focuses on total sales of services to foreigners, the tables also show sales to affiliated and unaffiliated foreigners separately. For both parents and MOFA's, the major portion of sales to foreigners is to unaffiliated persons, and most statements about total sales also apply to sales to those persons. Sales by MNC's worldwide, by U.S. parents, and by MOFA's are discussed separately.
Sales by U.S. MNC's worldwide.For U.S. MNC's worldwide, sales of services to foreigners in 1984 were $\$ 76.5$ billion. (The total for industries other than finance, insurance, and real estate was $\$ 57.0$ billion.) Of the $\$ 76.5$ billion, $\$ 18.6$ or 24 percentwere by U.S. parents and $\$ 57.9$ bil-lion-billion-or 76 percent-were by MOFA's (chart 5). Sales to unaffiliated foreign customers accounted for 82 percent of the worldwide MNC total; sales to affiliated foreign cus-tomers-that is, to foreign affiliatesaccounted for the remaining 18 percent. (To the extent that a formal charge or allocation is not always
made for services performed within the MNC, the latter figure may understate the importance of services performed for affiliated customers.)

The largest portion-about one-third-of sales of services to foreigners was by MNC's in manufacturing. Within manufacturing, sales were largest in nonelectrical machinery, where computer manufacturers accounted for a large share. MNC's in finance (except banking), insurance, and real estate accounted for onefourth of sales of services to foreign persons; most of these sales were by MNC's in insurance. MNC's in petroleum accounted for 16 percent of sales of services to foreigners, and MNC's in "services" accounted for 9 percent. The sales in "other industries" were primarily by MNC's in transportation, communication, and public utilities.
In most major industries, MOFA's accounted for a large share of total MNC sales of services to foreign per-sons- 86 percent in petroleum; 82 percent in manufacturing; 96 percent in wholesale trade; 77 percent in finance (except banking), insurance, and real estate; and 72 percent in "services." Within manufacturing, the shares of MOFA's were highest in "other man-

CHART 5
Sales of Services to Foreign Persons, by
Industry of U.S. Parent, 1984


Note.-Data are for nonbank U.S. parents and their nonbank majority-owned foreign atfiliates.
U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis
ufacturing" (95 percent) and nonelectrical machinery ( 92 percent).

The MOFA share in "other industries" was distinctly lower, at 44 percent, than in any other major industry. This low share reflected low shares in mining and in transportation, communication, and public utilities. Because total MNC sales were much larger in the latter industry group, the low MOFA share in that group was the major determinant of the low MOFA share in "other industries" as a whole.

Variations in the MOFA share of total MNC sales to foreign persons can often be understood by comparing the nature of operations in different industries and the position of U.S. firms in the industries worldwide. For example, services provided by computer manufacturers, which are included in an industry (nonelectrical machinery) in which MOFA's accounted for a very large share ( 92 percent) of the MNC total, can be compared with basic telecommunications services, which are included in an industry (transportation, communication, and public utilities) in which MOFA's accounted for a very small share (29 percent). In the computer industry, U.S. firms are leaders in world markets and have a widespread network of affiliates to manufacture, distribute, and service their products. Computer services, such as maintenance, repair, and development of specialized applications programs, can best be provided by entities having a physical presence near their customers. Thus, the services are sold primarily through affiliates, because of both the nature of the services and the existence of affiliates established to manufacture related goods.

Basic telecommunications services, in contrast, ordinarily are provided within a country only by a domestic company, usually one that is either under government ownership or has been granted monopoly status by the government. ${ }^{13}$ Thus, the transmission of a message from a foreign country to the United States must involve both a foreign telecommunications company and a U.S. telecommunications company: The foreign company

[^9]transmits the message from within the foreign country to the U.S. company, which completes the transmission to the U.S. destination. In this situation, the only sale to foreigners possible for a U.S. MNC would be for completing the transmission of the message to the United States; this would be an activity of the U.S. parent company, rather than of a foreign affiliate. ${ }^{14}$ Indeed, sales of services to foreigners by MNC's in this industry consist almost entirely of the U.S. parents' share of the revenues collected by the foreign carriers for such jointly provided services.

Sales by U.S. parents.-Of total sales of services by U.S. parents to foreign persons of $\$ 18.6$ billion ( $\$ 14.1$ billion excluding finance, insurance, and real estate), 80 percent were accounted for by three major indus-tries-"other industries" ( 31 percent), manufacturing ( 24 percent) and, finance (except banking), insurance, and real estate ( 24 percent). Within "other industries," a very high share of the sales was by parents in transportation, communication, and public utilities, primarily telecommunications and air transportation. Within manufacturing, sales by parents were largest in transportation equipment and in electrical machinery. Within finance (except banking), insurance, and real estate, they were largest in finance (except banking) and insurance.
U.S. parents in "services" accounted for only 11 percent of total parent sales of services to foreign persons. A large share of these sales was by parents in three industries-hotels and other lodging places; motion pictures, including television tape and film; and engineering, architectural, and surveying services. In the first two industries, a large share of the revenues was probably in the form of feesfranchise fees in the case of hotels and other lodging places and film rentals in the case of motion pictures, including television tape and film. (These fees, which firms in other in-

[^10]dustries might have included in "other income," were included in sales by the parents in question because they represented revenues related to their primary activity.)

Sales by MOFA's.-The industry distribution of MOFA sales of services to foreign persons depends on the basis used in classifying MOFA's by industry. When classified in their own industries (as in tables 4 and 14), rather than in their U.S. parents' industries (as in table 7), sales were more concentrated in wholesale trade; finance (except banking), insurance,
and real estate; and "services." They were less concentrated in manufacturing and petroleum (table 8). In manufacturing and "services," the differences in shares between the two bases of classification were large: MOFA's of manufacturing parents accounted for 37 percent of total sales of services to foreigners, but MOFA's that were themselves classified in manufacturing accounted for only 9 percent; similarly, MOFA's of parents classified in "services" had only a 9 -percent share, but MOFA's that were themselves classified in "services" had a 26 -percent share.

Table 6.-Sales of Services to Foreign Persons by Nonbank U.S. Parents and Their Nonbank Majority-Owned Foreign Affiliates, by Industry of U.S. Parent, 1983
[Millions of dollars]


The differences in distribution may be due to several factors. In some cases, an MNC may conduct manufacturing operations only in the United States and establish foreign affiliates only to service its products abroad. The parent would then be in manufacturing, and the affiliates would be in services. In other cases, an MNC may conduct both types of activity in the United States and abroad, but, because of the consolidation practices used in BEA surveys, the foreign activities are more likely to be conducted by an enterprise classified in services. Assuming that the MNC was pri-
marily a goods producer, all of the U.S. operations-which are reported on a fully consolidated basis-would be classified in manufacturing. The same would be true of affiliate operations when classified by industry of parent. The foreign operations, in contrast, might be spread among a number of specialized affiliates, with manufacturing affiliates to produce the goods and services affiliates to provide the services. Because affiliates may be consolidated for reporting purposes only if they are in the same country and either are in the same industry or are integral parts of the

Table 7.-Sales of Services to Foreign Persons by Nonbank U.S. Parents and Their Nonbank Majority-Owned Foreign Affiliates, by Industry of U.S. Parent, 1984
[Millions of dollars]

|  | By U.S. parents and MOFA's |  |  | By U.S. parents |  |  | By MOFA's |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | To foreign affiliates | To unaffiliated foreigners | Total | To foreign affiliates | To unaffiliated foreigners | Total | To foreign affiliates | To unaffiliated foreigners |
| All industries. | 76,477 | 13,544 | 62,933 | 18,557 | 4,584 | 13,973 | 57,920 | 8,960 | 48,960 |
| Petroleum | 11,916 | 4,739 | 7,177 | 1,616 | 945 | 670 | 10,300 | 3,794 | 6,506 |
| Oil and gas extraction. | 2,781 | 294 | 2,487 | 490 | 162 | 327 | 2,291 | 131 | 2,160 |
| Crude petroleum extraction (no refining) and natural gas...... | 267 | 11 | 257 | 1 | 0 |  | 267 | 11 | 256 |
| - Oil and gas field services............ | 2,514 | 283 | 2,230 | 489 | 162 | 327 | 2,025 | 121 | 1,904 |
| Petroleum and coal products. | 7,748 | 4,234 | 3,514 | 975 | ${ }^{(1)}$ | ${ }^{(0)}$ | 6,773 | ${ }^{(D)}$ | (D) |
| Petroleum wholesale trade.... |  |  | (D) | (D) | (D) | (D) | (D) | (D) | (D) |
| Other................................ | (D) | (D) | (D) | ${ }^{(D)}$ | 0 | ${ }^{(1)}$ | ${ }^{(2)}$ | $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$ | ${ }^{(1)}$ |
| Manufacturing. | 25,735 | 4,784 | 20,950 | 4,531 | 1,481 | 3,050 | 21,204 | 3,304 | 17,900 |
| - Food and kindred products. | 1,175 | 170 | 1,005 | 182 | ${ }^{(D)}$ | ( ${ }^{(1)}$ | 993 | (D) |  |
| Chemicals and allied products. | 1,634 | 507 | 1,127 | 422 | 43 | 379 | 1,212 | 465 | 748 |
| Primary and fabricated metals | 2,260 | 750 | 1,510 | 424 | 131 | 293 | 1,836 | 620 | 1,216 |
| Machinery, except electrical ..... | 10,399 | 1,728 | 8,671 | 874 | 510 | 363 | 9,525 | 1,217 | 8,307 |
| Electric and electronic equipment. | 3,137 | 637 | 2,500 | 1,111 | 479 | 632 | 2,027 | 159. | 1,868 |
| Transportation equipment... | 3,779 | 631 | 3,148 | 1,358 | (D) | (D) | 2,421 | ${ }^{(D)}$ | ${ }^{(0)}$ |
| Other manufacturing........... | 3,351 | 360 | 2,991 | 160. | ${ }^{(D)}$ | (D) | 3,191 | ${ }^{(D)}$ | $\left.{ }^{( }\right)$ |
| Wholesale trade. | 1,881 | 316 | 1,565 | 74 | 50 | 24 | 1,807 | 266 | 1,541 |
| Finance (except banking), insurance, | 19.464 |  |  | 4,486 | 1,605 | 2,881 | 14,978 | 711 | 14,267 |
| Finance, except banking | 4,496 | ,823 | 17,672 | 1,694 | (D) | (D) | 2,802 | (D) | (D) |
| Insurance. | 14,524 | 1,465 | 13,059 | 2,792 | (D) | (D) | 11,732 | (D) | (D) |
| Real estate.. | (D) | (*) |  | (*) | (*) | 0 | ${ }^{\left({ }^{\text { }} \text { ) }\right.}$ | (*) | (D) |
| Holding companies.. | (D) | 4 | (D) | 0 | 0 | 0 | (D) | 4 | (D) |
| Nonbusiness entities, except government ${ }^{1}$ $\qquad$ | 357 | 23. | 334 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 357 | 23 | 334 |
| Services... | 6,987 | 769 | 6,218 | 1,954 | 330 | 1,624 | 5,033 | 439 | 4,594 |
| Hotels and other lodging places.............. | 483 | 23 | 460 | (D) | 8 | ${ }^{\text {( })}$ |  | 15 | (D) |
| Business services.. | 3,051 | 224 | 2,827 | 509 | 27 | 483 | 2,542 | 197. | 2,344 |
| Advertising......................... | 1,143 | 86 | 1,057 | 145 | 3 | 142 | 998 | 83 | 915 |
| Management, consulting; and public relations services. | 284 | 37 | 248 | (D) | 8 | (D) | (D) | 29 | (1) |
| Equipment rental (ex. automotive and computers) | 132 | (*) | 132 | 116 | $\left({ }^{*}\right)$ | 116 | 16 | ${ }^{*}$ ) | 16 |
| Computer and data processing services. | 338 | 43 | 295 | 126 | (D) | (D) | 212 | (D) | (D) |
| Other................................................ | 1,154 | 58 | 1,095 | ( ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | ( ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | (D) | ( ${ }^{\text {P }}$ ) | (D) | (D) |
| Motion pictures, including television tape and film | 1,109 | 160 | 949 | ( ${ }^{\text {d }}$ ) | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 492 | (D) | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 458 |
| Engineering, architectural, and surveying services. | ( ${ }^{\text {d }}$ ) | (1) | ( ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | 354 | 129 | 225 | (D) | (D) | (D) |
| Health services............................... | 473 | 45 | 428 | 170 | (D) | (D) | 303 | ${ }_{(0)}^{(D)}$ | (D) |
| Other services...... | ( ${ }^{\text {D }}$ | (1) | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 198 | (D) | (D) | (D) | ${ }^{(D)}$ | (D) |
| Other industries | 10,495 | 621 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fishing .. Mining | (D) | (D) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { (D) } \\ & \text { (D) } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 0 \\ 44 \end{array}$ | ${ }_{(0)}^{0}$ | ${ }_{(0}^{0}$ | (D) | ${ }^{\left({ }^{\text {( }} \text { ) }\right.}$ | (D) |
| Construction ........................................ | 1,043 | 115 | 928 | 147 | 16 | 130 | 896 | 98 | 798 |
| Transportation, communication, and public utilities <br> Retail trade $\qquad$ | $8,006$ | $\begin{gathered} 353 \\ (\mathrm{D}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7,653 \\ (\mathrm{D}) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,651 \\ 54 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 146 \\ (\mathbf{D}) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,506 \\ (\mathcal{P}) \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { 2,355 } \\ (\mathrm{V}) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 208 \\ (\mathrm{D}) \end{array}$ | $\underset{\left({ }^{2}\right)}{2,147}$ |
| Addendum-All industries, except finance, insurance, and real estate. | 57,013 | 11,228 | 45,785 | 14,071 | 2,979 | 11,092 | 42,942 | 8,249 | 34,693 |

[^11]* Less than $\$ 500,000$.

1. Consists of U.S. parents that are nonbusiness entities, such as individuals, estates, and trusts. Data for such U.S. parents appear as zeros because these parents were not required to report financial and operating data. Foreign affiliates were not
classified in this category; however, when data for affiliates are classified by industry of U.S. parent, the data for the affiliates of such parents are shown against this category.
same business operation, services operations classified in manufacturing on the basis of the parent's industry would be classified in services on the basis of the industry of the MOFA that conducted them. In the remainder of this section, data classified by industry of MOFA are discussed.

By area, 68 percent of MOFA sales of services to foreign persons in 1984 were by affiliates in developed countries, 22 percent were by affiliates in developing countries, and 10 percent were by affiliates in "international."

Almost 60 percent of the sales to foreign persons by MOFA's in developed countries were by affiliates in Europe. Among individual developed countries, sales by affiliates in Canada and the United Kingdom were largest, at $\$ 11.0$ billion and $\$ 9.4$ billion, respectively (table 5, column 15). In these countries, the sales were spread among several industries. MOFA's in Germany, France, the Netherlands, and Australia each had sales of services to foreign persons ranging from $\$ 2.5$ billion to $\$ 3.1$ billion.

Over one-half of the sales to foreign persons by MOFA's in developing countries were by affiliates in Latin America. Among individual developing countries, sales by MOFA's in Bermuda (at $\$ 2.7$ billion), Saudi Arabia ( $\$ 1.8$ billion), and Hong Kong ( $\$ 1.2$ billion) were largest. In Bermuda, the sales were concentrated in finance (except banking) and insurance; in Saudi Arabia, in petroleum and health services; and in Hong Kong, in public utilities.

By industry of affiliate, MOFA's in finance (except banking), insurance, and real estate and in "services" together accounted for almost 60 percent of total MOFA sales of services

Table 8.-Distribution of Sales of Services to Foreign Persons by Nonbank MajorityOwned Foreign Affiliates, by Industry of U.S. Parent and by Industry of Affiliate, 1984

to foreign persons. The former accounted for one-third of the total; the latter, for a little over one-fourth. Pe troleum accounted for 15 percent, and other major industry groups accounted for less than 10 percent each.

Within finance (except banking), insurance, and real estate, sales by MOFA's in insurance were largest, followed by those in finance (except banking). In both industries, a majority of sales were accounted for by MOFA's in developed countries, primarily in Canada and Europe. In developing countries, sales were primarily by MOFA's in Latin America.
Within "services," 46 percent of the sales were by MOFA's in "business services." These sales were spread among several subindustries, includ-
ing advertising; management, consulting, and public relations; equipment rental (except automotive and computers); and computer and data processing. Outside business services, sales were largest in engineering, architectural, and surveying services and in motion pictures, including television tape and film.
Four-fifths of the sales in "services". were by MOFA's in developed countries. In most industries within "services," the developed-country share was from 75 percent to over 95 percent. However, the developed-country share was distinctly smaller in two in-dustries-in hotels and other lodging places and in health services. In hotels and other lodging places, sales in developing countries were largely
accounted for by MOFA's located in resort areas of the Caribbean. ${ }^{15}$ In health services, sales were concentrated in the Middle East, primarily in Saudi Arabia. Among the remaining "services" industries, the developedcountry share was smallest, at 25 percent, in engineering, architectural, and surveying services; these sales also were concentrated in the Middle East.

[^12]Table 9.-Sales of Services by Nonbank Majority-Owned Foreign Affiliates, Industry by Country, 1982
[Millions of dollars]

|  | All countries | Developed countries |  |  |  |  |  |  | Developing countries |  |  |  |  | International |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Canada | Europe |  |  | Japan | Australia, New Zealand, and South Africa | Total | Latin America | Other Africa | Middle East | Other Asia $\underset{\text { Pacific }}{\text { and }}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total | European Commu(10) | Other |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All industries | 66,317 | 39,612 | 11.114 | 23,923 | 21,058 | 2,865 | 1,516 | 3,059 | 18,597 | 12,861 | 895 | 2,430 | - 2,411 | 8,108 |
| Petroleum. | $\begin{array}{r} \mathbf{1 2 , 3 5 3} \\ \mathbf{7 , 3 2 4} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2 , 5 6 1} \\ & 1,647 \end{aligned}$ |  | 1,698$(\mathrm{D})$ | 1,482 | $\underset{(D)}{216}$ | (D) | $216$ | 3,2802,864 | 1,418 ${ }_{(1)}$ | 603591 | ${ }_{\text {( })}^{686}$ | 513 | $\mathbf{6 , 5 7 1}$2,814 |
|  |  |  | (1) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 429 |  |
| Crude petroleum extraction (no refining) and natural gas $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{r} 48 \\ 7,277 \\ 629 \\ 314 \\ 4,085 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { (D) } \\ \text { (D) } \\ \text { (D) } \\ 192 \\ \text { (D) } \end{array}$ | (D) | $\begin{array}{r} \text { (D) } \\ 933 \\ 513 \\ 130 \\ (\mathbb{P}) \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} (0) \\ (0) \\ 513 \\ (0) \\ (0) \\ (0) \\ (0) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ \left({ }^{(0)}\right) \\ 0 \\ 0^{(0)} \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | 0000(P)0 | 0 | (D) |  | 1 589 |  | 0 429 |  |
| Oil and gas field services................................................. |  |  | (D) |  |  |  |  | 216 | (1) | $1,206$ | 589 | (2) | 429 | 2,814 |
| Petroleum wholesale trade... |  |  | (0) |  |  |  |  | 4 | 122 | 102 | (D) |  | 3 |  |
| Other ............................... |  |  | 73 |  |  |  |  | (D) | (D) | (D) | (D) | (D) | (D) | 3,758 |
| Manufacturing | 5,170 | 4,639 | 776 | 3,357 | 3,111 | 245 | 375 | 131 | 5313 | $\begin{array}{r}494 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 19 0 | 16 |  |
| Food and kindred products....... | - 238 |  | (1) |  |  | (0) | 0 | (1) |  |  | 0 | 0 0 | 0 |  |
| Primary and fabricated metals. | 238 | 40 | ${ }_{3}$ | 43 | 32 | 0 | 1 | ${ }_{3}$ | ${ }_{4}$ | 4 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  |
| Machinery, except electrical...... | 3,974 | 3,686 | 479 | 2,793 | (D) | (D) | (D) | (D) | 288 | 278 | 0 | (D) | (D) |  |
| Electric and electronic equipment. | $\begin{array}{r} 0,761 \\ 94 \\ 455 \end{array}$ | 30086(1) | 65 | 23041220 | (D)39(D) | (D)1(D) | 10(0) | (0) | [ $\begin{array}{r}61 \\ \text { (D) }\end{array}$ |  | (D) | (D) | (D) |  |
| Transportation equipment ........................................... |  |  | 45 |  |  |  |  |  |  | ( ${ }_{2}$ | (P) | (D) | (D) | $\qquad$ |
| Other manufacturing ............................................... |  |  | ${ }^{(2)}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | ( ${ }^{\text {P }}$ |  |  | 0 |  |
| Wholesale trade... | 3,739 | 3,226 | 376 | 2,359 | 1,680 | 679 | 135 | 355 | 514 | 280 | 35 | 59 | 140 |  |
| Finance (except banking), insurance, and real estate .... | $\begin{array}{r} \mathbf{2 3 , 4 7 3} \\ 9,856 \\ 13,376 \\ 200 \\ \mathbf{4 1} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \mathbf{1 4 , 0 1 5} \\ 4,77 \\ 9,352 \\ (\mathbb{D}) \\ (\mathrm{D}) \end{array}$ | 6,234 | $\begin{array}{r} \mathbf{6 , 1 1 0} \\ 2,383 \\ 3,671 \\ (\mathbb{D}) \\ (\mathbb{D}) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \left({ }^{(D)}\right) \\ 2,3, \\ 3,629 \\ (\mathbf{D}) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} (\mathrm{D}) \\ 203 \\ 41 \\ 0 \\ (\mathrm{D}) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 735 \\ 90 \\ 640 \\ 5 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 936 \\ 515 \\ 418 \\ 3 \\ \left({ }^{*}\right) \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{9 , 4 5 8} \\ 5,379 \\ 4,025 \\ \text { (D) } \\ \text { (D) } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 8,793 \\ 5,170 \\ \text { (D) } \\ \text { (D) } \\ \text { (D) } \end{array}$ | ( $\begin{array}{r}65 \\ \text { (D) } \\ \text { (D) } \\ \text { ( } \\ 3 \\ 0\end{array}$ | 564780$\because \quad 0$ | $\begin{gathered} 544 \\ (0) \\ (0) \\ 9 \\ \left({ }^{*}\right) \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Finance, except banking............................................ |  |  | 1,540 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Insurance.................... |  |  | 4,623 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Real estate............... |  |  | 72 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Holding companies ... |  |  | $\left({ }^{*}\right)$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Services... | $\begin{array}{r} 16,591 \\ 1,524 \\ 7,798 \\ \left({ }^{( }\right) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 13,239 \\ 898 \\ \text { (D) } \\ (\mathrm{D}) \end{array}$ | 2,119 | $\begin{array}{r} 9,563 \\ 618 \\ 5,601 \\ 861 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \mathbf{8 , 1 3 2} \\ \mathbf{5 1 0} \\ (\mathcal{P}) \\ 726 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \mathbf{1 , 4 3 1} \\ 108 \\ \left({ }^{( }\right) \\ 135 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 205 \\ (*) \\ 126 \\ (\mathbf{P}) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,952 \\ (\mathbf{D}) \\ 413 \\ 4(\mathbb{P}) \end{array}$ | 3,352 | 1,445 | $\therefore$ ( ${ }^{\text {( }}$ ( $)$ | $\begin{array}{r} (\mathbf{D} \\ 64 \\ 170 \\ 170 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 417 \\ \text { (D) } \\ \text { (D) } \\ 63 \end{gathered}$ |  |
| Hotels and other lodging places |  |  | (D) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Business services....................................................... |  |  | (D) |  |  |  |  |  |  | 586 | (D) |  |  | .............. |
| Advertising........ |  |  | (D) |  |  |  |  |  | 157 | 94 | 0. |  |  |  |
| Management, consulting, and public relations services | $\begin{array}{r} (\mathrm{D}) \\ \left.\mathrm{D}^{(\mathrm{D}}\right) \\ 779 \\ (\mathrm{D}) \end{array}$ |  | 57 |  | 1,111 |  | 34 | $10$ |  | $\begin{gathered} 95 \\ \substack{(\mathbb{v}) \\ \mathbf{( N )}} \end{gathered}$ |  |  | 38 |  |
| Equipment rental (ex. automotive and computers).... |  |  | (D) | (D) | (D) | (D) |  |  | $308$ |  | (0) | $\begin{gathered} 00 \\ (\mathbf{P}) \\ \hline 10 \end{gathered}$ |  |  |
| Computer and data processing services........ |  |  | 77 | 5741,328 | 492 | (0) | (D) | (0) | ( ${ }^{\text {D }}$ | 117 | ( ${ }^{1}$ | (0) | (14) |  |
| Other |  |  | ( ${ }^{\text {( })}$ |  |  |  |  |  | (D) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Motion pictures, including television tape and film...... | 1,4133,176 | 1,2741 | 164 | 9781,342 | 940 | 39$\left({ }^{\text {D }}\right.$ ) | 52 | (D) | 135 | 135 | (D) | (0) | 0 |  |
| Engineering, architectural, and surveying services....... |  |  | (0) |  |  |  | (D) |  | 436 | 101 |  |  |  | $\ldots . . . .$. |
| Health services | 1,798 1,782 | 177 (D) | (D) | 127 | 101 | 26 | 0 | (D) | 721 |  | 0 | (D) | 0 |  |
| Other industries |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fishing. |  |  |  |  |  | ( 0 | ( 0 | $\left({ }^{(2)}\right.$ |  | 432 | ( ${ }^{(1)}$ | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 781 | 1,536 |
| Mining............................ | 109 | (D) | (D) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | (*) | (D) | 0 | 0 | 0 | (D) |  |
| Construction.... | 533 | (D) | (D) | 417 | (D) | ${ }^{(1)}$ | 0 | (D) | (D) | ( ${ }^{\text {D }}$ | 0 | (D) | (*) |  |
| Transportation, communication, and public utilities.... | 4,227 | 1,291 | (D) | (D) | (D) | 39 | ( ${ }^{(1)}$ | (D) | 1,400 | 354 | ( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 246 | (D) | 1,536 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Addendum-All industries, except finance, insurance and real estate. | 42,844 | 25,597 | 4,880 | 17,813 | ( ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | ( ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | 781 | 2,123 | 9,139 | 4,068 | 830 | 2,374 | 1,867 | 8,108 |

[^13]Table 10.—Sales of Services by Nonbank Majority-Owned Foreign Affiliates, Industry by Country, 1983
[Millions of dollars]


D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

* Less than $\$ 500,000$.

Table 11.-Sales of Services by Nonbank Majority-Owned Foreign Affiliates, Industry by Country, 1984
[Millions of dollars]

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { All } \\ \text { coun- } \\ \text { tries } \end{gathered}$ | Developed countries |  |  |  |  |  |  | Developing countries |  |  |  |  | International |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Canada | Europe |  |  | Japan | Austra-lia, NewZealandandSouthAfricaAf | Total | Latin America | Other Africa | Middle | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Other } \\ & \text { Asia } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { Pacific } \end{aligned}$ |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total | Europe- an Commu- nities (10) | Other |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All industries | $\begin{array}{r} 67,293 \\ 9,189 \\ 5,228 \\ 5200 \\ 5,028 \\ 586 \\ 181 \\ 3,194 \end{array}$ | 42,175 | 11,290 | 25,385 | 22,473 | 2,912 | 2,564 | 2.936 | 19,472 | 13,593 | 809 | 2,473 | 2,596 | 5,646 |
|  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 693 \\ & 545 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1,514 \\ & 964 \end{aligned}$ | 1,405 | $\begin{aligned} & 109 \\ & 103 \end{aligned}$ | (18) | $\begin{gathered} \left(P_{1}\right) \\ 12 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{2 , 4 8 8} \\ & 2,023 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 966 \\ & 648 \end{aligned}$ | $\underset{\substack{450 \\(\mathbb{O})}}{ }$ | $\underset{(0)}{556}$ | 490 386 | $\begin{aligned} & 4,273 \\ & 1,554 \end{aligned}$ |
| Oil and gas extraction $\qquad$ Crude petroleum extraction (no refining) and natural gas $\qquad$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & (0) \\ & (0) \\ & (0) \\ & (0) \\ & 88 \\ & \left.\hline()_{0}\right) \end{aligned}$ | (1)(D)(()9090 | $\begin{aligned} & \left(\mathrm{D}_{1}\right. \\ & (\mathrm{D}) \\ & (\mathcal{D}) \\ & 14 \\ & (\mathrm{P}) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \left(\mathcal{D}^{(0)}\right. \\ \left(\mathrm{O}_{8}\right. \\ \hline 8 \end{gathered}$ | 0 <br> 103 | 0 | [39 |  |  | (*) | (0) | 386 | 1,054 1,554 |
| Oil and gas field services........... |  |  |  |  |  |  | 0 |  | (0) | (0) | 0 | 0 | (0) |  |
| Petroleum wholesale trade .......... |  |  |  |  |  | 7 | (0) | (D) ${ }^{3}$ |  | (06) | (1) | $(8)$ 9 | (0) | 2,719 |
|  |  |  | 1,018 |  | (D) | (P) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing ... | 5,723 | 5,382 |  | 3,623 |  |  | (D) | ( ${ }_{0}^{0}$ | 341 3 | 299 | ${ }_{0}^{2}$ | 13 | $\begin{gathered} 27 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | , |
|  |  | ${ }_{(0}^{31}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}27 \\ 5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 0 |  | - ${ }^{(12}$ | (0) | 0 | 0 |  | $\cdots$ |
|  | 19 | 19 |  | 15 | 15 | 0 | 0 | 0 |  | (*) | 0 | 0 |  | $\cdots$ |
| Machinery, except electrical.... | 4,735 | 4,580 | 711 | (\%) | (\%) | ${ }^{(0)}$ | (10) | (1) ${ }_{\text {(0) }}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 155 \\ 27 \\ 27 \\ (0) \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | 133 23 | (0) | (1) ${ }_{(0)}^{0}$ |  | $\cdots$ |
| Electric and electronic equipment...................... | 219 68 | $\stackrel{193}{(0)}$ |  |  | 128 | 5 |  | - 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other manufacturing ............................. | 438 | (D) | 136 | (P) |  | , | (P) | () |  | (P) | (D) | (D) |  |  |
| Wholesale trade: | 5,753 | 4,869 | 636 |  | 2,298 | 1,046 | 349 | 541 | 884 | . 447 | 34 | 148 | 255 |  |
| Finance (except banking), insurance, and real estate .... | 25,886 | $\begin{array}{r} 14,870 \\ 4,722 \\ 4, \\ (0) \\ (0) \\ 2 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \mathbf{6 , 1 5 1} \\ 1,79 \\ 4,930 \\ 4,93 \\ 48 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \mathbf{6 , 6 3 1} \\ 2,873 \\ \mathbf{( D )} \\ \text { (D) } \\ \mathbf{C} \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \left(\mathcal{D P}^{(\mathcal{P})}\right. \\ 2,626 \\ (\mathcal{P}) \\ 77 \\ 1 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r} 1,145 \\ 148 \\ 993 \\ 4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 943 \\ 522 \\ 414 \\ 7 \\ 0 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 11,016 \\ 7,259 \\ (0) \\ 00 \\ 10 \\ 10 \end{array}$ | 10,2517,016(D)(D)77 | r $\begin{array}{r}66 \\ 52 \\ 11 \\ 2 \\ 0\end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 71 \\ 57 \\ p_{2} \\ (\mathcal{D}) \end{gathered}$ | 62818410,(0)(0)(0) | $\cdots$ |
| Finance, except banking..................................... | 11,981 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |
| Insurance ....................... | 13,724 169 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\ldots$ |
| Holding companies ......... | 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | .............. |
| Services. | 16,050 |  | $\begin{gathered} 1,736 \\ 0 \\ 0.0 \\ 656 \\ 0 . \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 9,618 \\ 600 \\ 5,404 \end{array}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{c} (2) \\ 502 \\ (0) \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{array}\right)$ |  |  | 1,122 | 3,234 | 1,310 | 214 | (P) | (0) | $\cdots$ |
| Hotels and other lodging places. | 1,527 7 7 | $\begin{array}{r}12,85 \\ 85 \\ 1,327 \\ \text { 1, } \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |  | 99 <br>  <br> 0 <br> 98 | (*) | (1) | 672 | 460 <br> 503 | 105620 | 179 | (19) |  |
|  | 1,459 |  |  |  | 808 |  |  | (0) | 132 | ${ }_{72}$ |  |  |  | ........... |
| Management, consulting, and public relations |  | 1,518 | 6530000 | 1,279 | (D) <br> (0) <br> (0) <br> 45 |  | 8 |  | 288 | 166 | 16 | 42 | 64 |  |
| Equipment rental (ex. automotive and computers).... | (D) |  |  | (1, (D) |  |  | 0 |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}14 \\ 9 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  | . |
| Computer and data processing services.............. |  | 2,060 |  | 623 |  | ${ }_{\text {c/ }}^{78}$ |  | (0) |  | ${ }_{(15}^{15}$ | 9 23 |  |  | $\cdots$ |
| Motion pictures, including television tape and film. | 1,944 |  | $\begin{gathered} 357 \\ 2651 \\ 261 \end{gathered}$ | 1,357 | 545 1,310 1,309 | 49 |  | 128 | 83 | 83 | 0 | 0 | (0) ${ }_{\text {() }}($ |  |
| Engineering, architectural, and surveying services....... | 2,354 | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 1,761 \\ 166 \\ (\rho) \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { O } \\ \hline 143 \\ 44 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,333 \\ 98 \\ 826 \end{array}$ | 1,25768725 | $\begin{array}{r}76 \\ 30 \\ 100 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}8 \\ 0 \\ 27 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | (D) |  | ${ }_{(05}^{95}$ | 48 | ${ }_{(03}^{363}$ |  | $\cdots$ |
|  | 1,692 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (0) | (0) | 0 | 169 | (0) |  |
| Other industries. | 4,693 | 1,810 | 1,056 | 655 | 635 | 20 | 35 | 63 | 1,510 | 319 | 18 | (1) | (1) | 1,373 |
|  | 142 | 135 | ${ }^{(*)}$ |  | ${ }_{0}^{8}$ | 0 | 0 | (*) |  |  | 0 | 0 | 3 |  |
| Construction.... | 187 | 175 | 4 |  | (0) | ${ }^{*}$ | 0 | (0) | 12 | 6 | 0 | ( ${ }^{\text {P }}$ | (0) |  |
| Transportation, communication, and public utilities Retail trade | $\begin{array}{r}4,213 \\ \hline 79\end{array}$ | 1,416 76 | (8) |  | $\stackrel{(1)}{39}$ | 15 5 | $\stackrel{35}{0}$ | (14) | 1,424 ${ }_{3}$ | 244 2 | ${ }_{0}^{18}$ | ${ }^{353}$ | $\stackrel{809}{ }{ }^{*}$ | 1,373 |
| Addendum-All industries, except finance, insurance, and real estate. $\qquad$ | 41,607 | 27,305 | 5,139 | 18,754 | ( ${ }^{(1)}$ | (1) | 1,419 | 1,993 | 8,456 | 3,342 | 743 | 2,402 | 1,968 | 5,646 |

- Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies
- Less than $\$ 500,000$.

Table 12.-Sales of Services by Nonbank Majority-Owned Foreign Affiliates to Foreign Persons, Industry by Country, 1982
[Millions of dollars]

|  | $\underset{\substack{\text { All } \\ \text { coun- } \\ \text { tries }}}{\text { An }}$ | Developed countries |  |  |  |  |  |  | Developing countries |  |  |  |  | Interna-tional |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total | Canada | Europe |  |  | Japan | Austra-lia, NewZealand,andaouthAfrica | Total | $\underset{\text { America }}{\text { Latin }}$ | Other Africa | $\underset{\text { East }}{\text { Middle }}$ | Other Asia Pacific Pacinc |  |
|  |  |  |  | Total | Europe$\xrightarrow{\text { an }}$ nities | Other |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All industries. | 58,868 | 37,193 | 0,762 | 21,944 | 19,371 | 2,573 | 1,453 | 3,034 | 13,567 | 7,979 | 859 | 2,420 | 2,310 | 8,108 |
| Petroleum. |  | $\underset{(\mathbf{D})}{2,422}$ | $\begin{gathered} 563 \\ (P) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1,599 \\ (\mathrm{O}) \end{gathered}$ | 1,383 (0) |  | (0) | (1) | 3,091 | $\left.\begin{aligned} & 1,336 \\ & (\mathbf{D}) \end{aligned} \right\rvert\,$ | $\left.\begin{aligned} & \mathbf{5 9 6} \\ & 584 \end{aligned} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{gathered} 686 \\ 622 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 473 \\ & 47 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{6,571}{2,814} \end{aligned}$ |
| Oil and gas extraction Crude petroleum extraction (no refining) and natural gas $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7,280 \\ 48 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  | 120 0 |  | 216 0 |  |  |  | 622 | 427 0 |  |
| Oil and gas field services..................................... | $\begin{array}{r} 48 \\ 7,232 \\ , 206 \\ 286 \\ (0) \end{array}$ | 1,583 | (19) | (1) <br>  <br> 925 | 804 | 0 120 | $\because 0$ | 216 | 2,836 | 1,205 |  | 622 | 427 | 2,814 |
| Petroleum and coal products... |  | 179$(0)$ | (1) | 130 $(8)$ |  | 96 | (0) | (0) | 108 | 88 | 3 | (0) | (0) | 3,758 |
| Other .-................................... |  |  |  | (\%) | (0) | 0 |  | (0) | () |  | 10 |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing. | 4,755 | 4,235 | 745 | 3,001 | 2,766 | 235 | 360 | 130 | 519 |  | 3 | 19 | 15 | 5 |
| Food and kindred products.... | (1) ${ }^{4}$ | 103 | (1) | (*) | (0) | (0) | ${ }_{0}^{0}$ | ${ }_{\left({ }^{0}+\right.}^{0}$ | (0) | (0) | 0 | 0 |  |  |
| Primary and fabricated metals.... | 42 | ${ }^{38}$ | 3 | 31 | 31 | 0 | 1 | 3 | 4 | 4 | - | 0 |  | ................. |
| Machinery, except electrical....... | (0) | (8) | (0) | (1) | (1) | (0) | (0) | $\stackrel{(0)}{3}$ | 286 | 277 | 0 | 1 |  | ............. |
| Electric and electronic equipment. | ${ }_{93}$ | 282 86 | ${ }_{45}^{65}$ | 212 41 | 189 39 | ${ }_{2}^{24}$ | 0 | ${ }^{3}$ | 8 |  | 0 | 16 |  | .an............. |
| Other manufacturing............................ | (0) | (0) | 104 | 217 | (P) | (9) | (0) | (9) | (0) | (1) | 3 | 1 | 0 | $\cdots$ |
| Wholesale trade... | 3,610 | 3,108 | 345 | 2,282 | 1,620 | 661 | 132 | 349 | 502 | 273 | 34 | 59 | 137 |  |
| Finance (except banking), insurance, and real estate .... | 18,073 | $\begin{array}{r} 13,241 \\ 4.157 \\ 8,899 \\ 8 \\ \hline, 8 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \mathbf{6 , 0 4 6} \\ 1,508 \\ 4,467 \\ 7,41 \\ \hline(*) \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathbf{5 , 5 3 7} \\ 2,057 \\ \substack{3,374 \\ (\mathbb{N}) \\ (0)} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \mathbf{5 , 3 5 1} \\ 1,910 \\ 3,341 \\ \therefore(\mathrm{D}, \\ \therefore(\mathrm{O}) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 186 \\ 148 \\ 143 \\ 0 \\ 5 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 729 \\ 83 \\ 640 \\ 5 \\ 5 \end{array}$ | $\left.\begin{array}{r} 929 \\ 509 \\ 47 \\ 3 \\ (*) \end{array} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{gathered} 4,832 \\ 2,143 \\ 2,638 \\ 0,6 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4,204 \\ 1,969 \\ 2,196 \\ \substack{1,96 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 38 \\ 22 \\ 20 \\ (0) \\ (0) \\ (0) \end{array}$ | 5644780 | 53410400000000 |  |
| Finance, except banking. | -6,299 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |
| Insurance ${ }_{\text {Real }}$ estate..................................... | 11,536 198 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ............... |
| Holding companies... | 40 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Services. | 15,639 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 2,097 \\ 191 \\ 641 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8,771 \\ & 618 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 7,519 \\ & 510 \end{aligned}$ | 1,252 | 186 | 1,349 | 3,237 | $\begin{array}{r}1,368 \\ 424 \\ \hline 24\end{array}$ | 167 | 1,313 | 388 |  |
| Hotels and other lodging places. |  | 12,48 6.897 6,025 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ............. |
| Business services | (0) | 1,198 | 100 | -859 | 4,048 | 815 134 | 111 | 410 | 90 | (0) | 50 | ${ }_{0}$ | 172 | , |
| Management, consulting, and public relations services |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r}873 \\ \text { (0) } \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  |  | 100 |  | 73 | $\left(\begin{array}{c} (0) \\ (0) \\ (0) \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} 56 \\ (\mathbb{D}) \end{gathered}$ | 9 |  |
| Equipment rental (ex automotive and computers).... | (0) | -959 | $\begin{array}{r}57 \\ \hline 58 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ |  | 740 |  |  |  | ${ }^{(03}$ |  |  |  | 47 | ......... |
| Computer and data processing services........... | 740 | 665 | 72 | 543 | 463 | 80 | 0 | $\begin{array}{r}50 \\ 102 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | (75 | 47 | (1) |  | 14 | $\cdots$ |
| Motion pictures, including television tape and film | (0) | 1,267 | 355 <br> 164 | ${ }_{967}$ | (9) ${ }^{(09}$ | (0) <br> 39 <br> 9 | 5 |  | (0) | (1) | 0 | 149 | 163 | $\cdots$ |
| Engineering, architectural, and surveying services.. | 3,130 | 2,695 | 700 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,309 \\ 127 \\ 888 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,177 \\ 101 \\ \quad 105 \\ \hline 755 \end{array}$ |  |  | (1) | 435 | 101 | 21 |  |  |  |
| Health services | 898 | $\begin{aligned} & 177 \\ & 1,341 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 100 \\ 190 \end{array}$ |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 106 \\ 26 \\ 133 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ (0) \end{gathered}$ | 31 | 721 |  | (0) | (0) |  | .............. |
| Other services..... | ( ${ }^{\text {P }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other industries | 4,707 | 1,784 | 965 | 755 | 732 | 23 | (0) | (0) | 1,386 |  |  |  | 762 | 1,536 |
| Agriculture, forestry, and fishing. | 109 | 106 | ${ }^{(*)}$ | ${ }_{0}^{1}$ | 0 | 0 | 0 | (*) |  | 0 | 0 | 0 | 3 | ${ }^{\text {..................... }}$ |
| Construction. | 529 | 475 | (0) | 415 | 414 | 1 | 0 | (0) |  | (0) | 0 | (0) |  |  |
| Transportation, communication, and public utilities Retail trade | $\begin{gathered} 3,955 \\ \left({ }^{(0)}\right) \end{gathered}$ | 1,151 51 | $\begin{gathered} 804 \\ (0) \end{gathered}$ | 308 31 | 291 26 | 17 5 |  |  | $\xrightarrow[(0)]{1,268}$ |  | $\stackrel{22}{0}$ | (0) | ${ }^{758}$ | 1,536 |
| Addendum-All industries, except finance, insurance, and real estate | 40,795 | 23,952 | 4,716 | 16,407 | 14,020 | 2,387 | 724 | 2,105 | 8,735 | 3,775 | 821 | 2,364 | 1,776 | 8,108 |

[^14]Table 13.-Sales of Services by Nonbank Majority-Owned Foreign Affiliates to Foreign Persons, Industry by Country, 1983
[Millions of dollars]


D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

* Less than $\$ 500,000$.

Table 14.-Sales of Services by Nonbank Majority-Owned Foreign Affiliates to Foreign Persons, Industry by Country, 1984
[Millions of dollars]


[^15]
## Input-Output Accounts of the U.S. Economy, 1981

THIS article presents the U.S. inputoutput (I-O) accounts for 1981. These annual accounts are consistent definitionally with the 1977 benchmark I-O accounts published in May 1984 as modified by the subsequent comprehensive revision of the national income and product accounts (NIPA's) released in December 1985. ${ }^{1}$ The 1981 I-O estimates of final demand-that is, estimates of GNP componentsdiffer from the NIPA estimates for that year because the former incorporates additional information. For the major components, these differences are shown in table $A$ and mainly reflect an improved estimate of business purchases of computers. ${ }^{2}$ The previously published 1977 and 1980 I-O accounts have been revised to provide a consistent series of accounts.

The full set of 1981 I-O accounts, at the two-digit industry/commodity level, are presented in five tables: (1) Use table, (2) make table, (3) commod-ity-by-industry direct requirements table, (4) commodity-by-commodity total requirements table, and (5) in-dustry-by-commodity total requirements table. The structure of these tables is identical to those published and described in the May 1984 article except that, in tables 1 and 3, the components of value added are not

Table A.-Comparison of GNP in the NIPA's and the I-O Accounts, 1981

| 6 | NIPA's ${ }^{1}$ | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{I}-\mathrm{O} \\ \text { ac- } \\ \text { counts } \end{gathered}$ | Difference |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Gross national product ...... | 3,052.7 | 3,056.1 | -3.6 |
| Personal consumption expenditures $\qquad$ | 1,915.1 | 1,915.2 | -. 1 |
| Gross private domestic investment | 515.5 | 518.9 | $-3.4$ |
| Net exports of goods and services $\qquad$ | 33.9 | 33.9 | 0 |
| Government purchases of goods and services $\qquad$ | 588.1 | 588.1 | 0 |

1. The 1981 NIPA estimates appear in the National Income and Product Accounts of the United States, 1929-82: Statistica
Tables.
shown and, in tables 4 and 5, "output multipliers" are added. Output multipliers express the cumulative effect on industries or commodities of a one dollar change in the final demand for a commodity. This article presents only tables 1 and 2 . See the box for information about the availability of the other tables.

Annual I-O accounts are prepared using basically the same procedures as used in the most recent benchmark table, but with less comprehensive and less reliable source data. There are four major steps in the preparation of the annual accounts: (1) Determine industry and commodity output
totals, (2) estimate the commodity composition of intermediate consumption for each industry, (3) derive each GNP component and its commodity composition, and (4) balance the table. Each of these steps is described below, with a focus on the differences between the procedures and source data used in the 1977 benchmark and the 1981 annual I-O accounts.

## 1. Industry and commodity output totals

Source data are available to estimate annual industry output at the same level of detail as used in the 1977 benchmark. These sources include the Annual Survey of Manufactures, the Service Annual Survey, the Annual Retail Trade Survey, the Annual Trade Survey, the American Housing Survey, the Current Construction Reports, and the Current Industrial Reports-all from the Census Bureau-and tabulations from the U.S. Department of Agriculture, the Internal Revenue Service, and Federal regulatory agencies. For most industries, the data used for the annual accounts are based on sample surveys; more complete and detailed data for industries covered by the quinquennial economic census are used for

Note.-The 1981 annual I-O accounts were prepared under the direction of Mark A. Planting, Chief of the Auxiliary Studies Branch, Interindustry Economics Division. Staff contributors were William A. Allen, Claiborne M. Ball, Esther M. Carter, Richard J. Dekaser, Robert S. Robinowitz, and Nancy W. Simon.

1. For the 1977 I-O accounts, see "The Input-Output Structure of the U.S. Economy, 1977," Survey of Current Business 64 (May 1984): 42-84. For a description of the NIPA revision, see "Revised Estimates of the National Income and Product Accounts of the United States, 1929-85: An Introduction," Suryey 65 (DecemStates, 1929-85:
ber 1985): 1-19.
2. See "Corrections to the Estimates of Purchases of Computers," Survey 66 (March 1986): 10.

## Data Availability

The I-O accounts presented in this article, as well as the 1977 and 1980 I-O accounts at the two-digit industry/commodity level as modified by the comprehensive NIPA revisions, are available in magnetic tape, diskette, and computer printout forms. Magnetic tapes containing data in tables 1 through 5 cost $\$ 200$ per year. Diskettes containing data in tables 1 through 3 on the first diskette and tables 4 and 5 on the second cost $\$ 20$ per diskette per year. Computer printouts cost $\$ 10$ per table per year. Requests must specify tables and years desired. Magnetic tape requests must specify accession number (BEA IED 87-001 for 1977, BEA IED 87-002 for 1980, and BEA IED 87-003 for 1981), density ( 1,600 BPI or 6,250 BPI) and whether or not internal labels are needed. To order these data, write to Economic and Statistical Analysis/BEA, U.S. Department of Commerce, Citizens and Southern National Bank, 222 Mitchell Street, P.O. Box 100606, Atlanta, Georgia 30804. A check or money order, payable to "Economic and Statistical Analysis/BEA," must accompany all orders. A hard copy version of tables 3,4 , and 5 for the 1981 accounts, which were not printed in this article, is available from Interindustry Economics Division (BE-51), Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce, Washington, DC 20230.
benchmark accounts. When necessary, the 1981 survey data are adjusted by BEA to approximate more closely census results based on differences between the 1982 census and 1982 survey data.

For each commodity, the output total is derived as the sum of the outputs of that commodity in each industry in which it is produced. For the 1977 benchmark, the commodity composition of each industry's output is available from the quinquennial economic censuses. For the annual accounts, estimates of the commodity composition of each industry's output are prepared using commodity-industry output proportions from the 1977 benchmark. This procedure assumes that the proportions were constant from 1977 to 1981. For industries in manufacturing, the commodity output estimated in this way is adjusted to be consistent with commodity output totals available from the Annual Survey of Manufactures.

## 2. Commodity composition of intermediate consumption

Source data to estimate the commodity composition of intermediate consumption for each industry are available only from the quinquennial economic censuses. For the annual accounts, initial estimates of intermediate consumption are prepared using industry consumption patterns from the 1977 benchmark. This procedure assumes that input requirements per unit of constant-dollar industry output remained constant from 1977 to 1981 . Industry output for 1981 expressed in 1977 dollars (see next paragraph) is multiplied by the 1977 direct requirements per dollar of industry output to obtain 1981 constant-dollar intermediate consumption, and the results reflated by commodity to current dollars.

To derive annual constant-dollar industry output, current-dollar industry output is deflated with industry price indexes that are calculated by weighting commodity price indexes using proportions from the make table. For manufacturing commodities, the indexes are the same as those prepared by BEA to estimate constant-dollar GNP by industry. For most services, the indexes are the same as those pre-
pared by BEA to estimate constantdollar service components of personal consumption expenditures (PCE). For other goods and services, the price indexes are derived by BEA from various sources. These commodity price indexes also are used to reflate intermediate consumption.

## 3. GNP components and their commodity composition

PCE.-The estimate of PCE goods and services is derived using the com-modity-flow procedure-that is, PCE is derived as domestic shipments or receipts, plus imports, less exports, intermediate consumption, inventory change, and government purchases all valued at producers' prices, to which transportation and trade margins are added to put the commodity total at purchasers' prices. The source data for, and thus the implementation of, the commodity-flow procedure for the annual accounts differs from that of the benchmark accounts in three ways. First, for domestic goods and services, the annual source data, which are the same as described in step 1 , provide less detail than the economic census data used in the benchmark. Second, because the commodity composition of intermediate consumption is not available, con-stant-dollar consumption is estimated using the 1977 consumption proportions and reflated to current dollars. Third, information on transportation and trade margins is not available annually. For 1981, total trade margins are estimated using sales data from the Annual Trade Survey and the Annual Retail Trade Survey multiplied by 1977 margin rates. Trade margins on each commodity are estimated using 1977 commodity margin rates and adjusted to agree with total trade margins.

Gross private domestic fixed invest-ment.-The estimates of producers' durable equipment and the mobile homes part of structures are derived using the commodity-flow procedure described above for PCE. The same differences in source data that exist for PCE apply to producers' durable equipment. The estimates of other residential structures and nonresidential structures for both the annual
and the benchmark accounts are based primarily on data from the Current Construction Reports. The only major difference between the annual and benchmark source data is in the mining exploration, shafts, and wells component of structures, where the benchmark estimates were based on data from the census of mineral industries and the annual estimates on survey data.

Change in business inventories.Annual source data for change in business inventories by industry are from the Census Bureau annual surveys and Internal Revenue Service Statistics of Income. The same sources are used for the benchmark except for mineral industries, manufactures, and manufacturers' sales branches, for which economic census data are used.

Net exports of goods and services.Exports and imports in both the annual and benchmark are from the Census Bureau foreign trade statistics and BEA balance of payments accounts.

Government purchases of goods and services.-Federal Government purchases in both the annual and benchmark accounts are based primarily on various annual budget documents, the Current Construction Reports, and the Current Industrial Report "Shipments to Federal Government Agencies." State and local government purchases in both the annual and benchmark accounts are based on the Census Bureau Governmental Finances series, the Current Construction Reports, and Bureau of Labor Statistics Employment and Wages.

## 4. Balancing the table

Total commodity consumption (that is, intermediate and final, in steps 2 and 3) is adjusted to equal total commodity output (step 1) by allocating the difference proportionally to all consuming industries. Total commodity consumption by industry is then subtracted from total industry output (step 1) to yield value added. For some industries (for example, farms), independent estimates of value added are used, and the commodity consumption is adjusted.

Table 1.-The Use of Commodities
[Millions of dollars

|  | For the distribution of output of a commodity, read the row for that commodity <br> For the composition of inputs to an industry, read the column for that industry |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Other } \\ \text { agri- } \\ \text { cultural } \\ \text { products } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Forestry } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { fishery } \\ \text { products } \end{gathered}$ | $\underset{\text { Agri- }}{\text { Aultural }}$ forestry, and fishery services | Iron and ferro alloy ores mining | Nonmetal ores mining | $\begin{gathered} \text { Coal } \\ \text { mining } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Crude } \\ \text { petro- } \\ \text { leum and } \\ \text { naturaral } \\ \text { gas } \end{gathered}$ | Stone and mining quarrying | Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 | Industry number | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 |
|  | Livestock and livestock products | 15,164 |  |  | 296 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | Other agricultural products...... | 17,120 | 3,796 |  | 182 |  |  |  | 3 |  |  |
| 3 | Forestry and fishery products |  |  | 19 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | Agricultura, forestry, and fishery services | 2,836 | 3,877 | 565 | 89 | 255 | () | 4 | ( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | ( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 1 |
| 6 | Nonferrous metal ores mining.. |  |  |  |  | 20 | 391 |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | Coal mining... | 18 | 3 |  |  | 14 | 16 | 3,936 |  | 9 | 3 |
| 9 | Crude petroleum and natural gas..... | 2 | 250 |  | 2 | 13 | 3 |  | 5,138 | 195 |  |
| 10 | Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 164 |
| 12 | New construction.... Repair and mainten | 549 | 1,230 | 179 | 118 | 17 | 7 | 106 | 96 | 19 | 28 |
| 13 | Ordnance and accessories. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14 | Food and kindred products | 12,592 |  | 68 | 81 |  | 1 | (*) | 6 | 1 | 1 |
| 16 | Trobacco mand narrow fares..... |  | 23 |  |  |  | 1 | 38 |  |  | 6 |
| 17 | Miscellaneous textile goods and floor coverings. | 21 | 63 | 43 | 32 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18 | Apparel. |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 14 | 13 | 3 | 1 |
| 19 | Miscellaneous fabricated textile products. |  |  | 8 | 55 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 20 \\ & 21 \end{aligned}$ | Lumber and wood products, except containers Wood containers. | $\begin{array}{r} 13 \\ 3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 12 \\ 205 \end{array}$ |  | 13 | 2 | 15 | 102 |  |  |  |
| 22 | Household furniture. |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }^{23}$ | Other furniture and fixtures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24 | Paper and allied products, except containers | 128 | 58 | 1 |  | (*) | 1 | 10 |  | 31 | 7 |
| 25 |  | ${ }_{14}^{2}$ | 118 | 1 | ${ }_{6} 6$ |  | 1 |  | 14 | $\stackrel{2}{5}$ | 2 |
| 27 | Chemicals and selected chemical products. | 200 | 8,704 | 220 | 979 | 80 | 180 | 35 |  | 94 | 24 |
|  | stics and synthetic materia |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 29 | Drugs, cleaning and toilet prepar | 163 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 |  | 1 |
| 31 | Petroleum refining and related industries | 930 | ,458 | 318 | 512 |  |  | 1,058 | 705 |  |  |
| 32 | Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products | 364 | 430 | 3 | 44 | 46 | 69 | 198 | 26 | 55 | 12 |
|  | Leather tanning and finishing. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 34 | Footwear and other leather products | 34 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 35 \\ & 36 \end{aligned}$ | Glass and glass products......... |  | 111 | ( $)$ | ${ }_{12}^{2}$ |  |  | 183 | ${ }_{17}$ |  |  |
| 37 | Primary iron and steel manufacturing | 9 | 10 |  |  | 80 | 151 | 142 | 626 | 46 | 33 |
| 38 | Primary nonferrous metals manufacturing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 39 | Metal containers .................................................... |  |  | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Heating, plumbing, and fabricated structural metal products |  | 14 |  |  |  |  |  | 55 |  |  |
| 42 | Screw machine products and stamping | 128 | 202 |  |  | 58 | ${ }_{6}^{23}$ | 162 | 476 | ${ }_{61}^{14}$ | 13 |
| 43 | Engines and turbines. |  |  | 13 | 48 |  |  |  | 241 |  |  |
|  | Farm and garden machinery | 440 | 915 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 46 | Construction and mining machinery ............. |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{21}^{112}$ | 148 17 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,328 \\ 92 \end{array}$ | 407 | 231 36 | 75 8 |
| 47 | Metalworking machinery and equipment. |  |  | (*) | 2 |  |  |  | 34 |  |  |
| 49 | Special industry machinery and equipmen |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 50 | General industrial machinery equupment .i. | 60 | 27 85 | ${ }_{1}^{6}$ | $\stackrel{1}{4}$ | 38 6 | $\begin{aligned} & 38 \\ & 22 \end{aligned}$ | 115 | 235 | ${ }_{32}^{54}$ | 18 9 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 51 \\ & 51 \end{aligned}$ | Office, computing, and accounting machines |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 53 | Electric industrial equipment and | 10 | 12 |  |  | 7 | 17 | 119 | 363 | 25 | 13 |
|  | Household applianc |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 55 | Electric lighting and wiring equipment | 5 | 4 | 1 | ${ }^{3}$ | (*) | 2 | 22 | 22 | 2 | 1 |
| 57 | Radio, ${ }^{\text {electronic comp commmunication equipmen }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 58 | Miscellaneous electrical machinery and supp |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10 | 12 | 5 | 1 |
| $59$ | Motor vehicles and equipment.... | 50 | 55 | 4 | 43 | 61 | 6 | 6 | 8 | 48 | 5 |
| 61 | Other transportation equipment |  |  | 234 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Scientific and controllin |  |  | 2 | 1 | * |  |  |  |  |  |
| 63 | Optical, ophthalmic, and photographic equipme |  |  | ) | 5 | (*) | 1 | (*) |  | 1 |  |
| $\frac{64}{65}$ | Miscellaneous manufacturing. | 50 |  | * ${ }^{(2)}$ | ${ }^{4}$ | 7 | ${ }^{2}$ | 888888 | 10 | ${ }^{6}$ | $\stackrel{3}{4}$ |
| 66 | Communications, except radio and TV | ${ }_{218}^{1,050}$ | 1,302 | 5 | ${ }_{2}$ | ${ }_{8}$ | 5 | ${ }_{23}$ | ${ }_{99}$ | 11 |  |
| 67 | Radio and television broadcasting |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 68 | Private electric, gas, water, and sanitary | 634 | 1,809 | 30 | 207 | 464 | 327 | 582 | 1,449 |  |  |
| 70 | Finance and insurance | 2,413 | 4,444 | 245 | 802 | 120 | 183 | , 288 | 532 | 94 | 90 |
| 71 | Real estate and rental. | 1,375 | 7,751 | 1 | 533 | 48 | 70 | 648 | 88 | ${ }^{58}$ | 56 |
| 72 | Hotels; personal and repair s | 101 | 150 | 9 | 24 | 3 | 97 | 28 | 64 | $35$ | 11 |
| 74 |  | ${ }_{11} 1$ | ${ }_{15}^{1,520}$ | ${ }_{31}^{65}$ | 286 <br> 107 <br> 1 | ${ }_{6} 6$ | 12 | 32 | ${ }_{3}^{1} 37$ | 22 | 19 |
| 75 | Automobile repair and servic | 234 | 258 | 26 | 194 | 39 | 69 | 154 | 207 | 37 | 33 |
| 77 | Health, educational, and social services and nonprofit organizations |  |  |  | 17 | 4 |  | 25 |  | ${ }^{2}$ | 4 |
| 78 | Federal Government enterprises. | 9 | 13 | 5 | 39 | 4 | 8 | 10 |  | 6 |  |
| 8 | State and local government enter Noncomparable imports........... |  |  |  |  | 1 | 2 |  |  | (*) | (*) |
| 81 | Scrap and used goods.... |  | 3 | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  | 2 | 3 |
| 82 | Government industry |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 83 | Rest of the world indust |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Household industry. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total intermediate inputs....... | 59,332 | 477058 | 2,257 | 5819 | 1975 | 2363 | 12589 | 29.966 | 2754 |  |
| VA | Value added. | 21,377 | 50,976 | 3,222 | 5,397 | 1,668 | 2,312 | 13,577 | 129,412 | 3,617 | 2,247 |
| T | Total industry output... | 80,708 | 98,034 | 5,480 | 11,217 | 3,643 | 4,675 | 26,166 | 159,378 | 6,371 | 4,092 |

[^16]by Industries, 1981
at producers' prices]


Table 1.-The Use of Commodities
[Millions of dollars

|  | For the distribution of output of a commodity, read the row for that commodity <br> For the composition of inputs to an industry, read the column for that industry | Plastics and synthetic materials | Drugs, cleaning and toilet prepar- ations | Paints and allied products | Petroleum refining and related industries | Rubber miscel-miscelplastics products | Leather and <br> finishing | Footwear and other leather products | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Glass and } \\ & \text { glass } \\ & \text { products } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Stone and } \\ \text { clay } \\ \text { products } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 8 | Industry number | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 |
|  | Livestock and lives |  | 39 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Other agricultural products. |  | 77 | 2 |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
| 4 |  |  | ${ }_{(*)}^{16}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 \overline{2} \\ \left.{ }^{*}\right) \end{gathered}$ | (*) | 1 |  |  | (*) |  |
|  | Iron and ferroalloy ores mining ............... |  |  | 8 |  |  |  |  |  | 6 |
| ${ }_{7}^{6}$ | Nonferrous metal ores mining...... |  |  | 19 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 |  | ${ }_{952}^{129}$ | 18 | 144 |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |
| 10 | Stone and clay mining and quarrying.... |  | 19 | 5 | 233 14 | 17 9 |  |  | 236 | 2,071 |
| 10 | Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining |  |  | 4 | 14 | 9 | 2 |  |  | 110 |
| 12 | Repair and maintenance construction | 312 | 207 | 76 | 1,353 | 390 | 10 | 33 | 131 |  |
| 13 | Ordnance and accessories .......................................... | 53 | 806 | 202 | 41 | 13 | 525 | 28 | 1 | ${ }_{22}^{28}$ |
| 15 | Tobacco manufactures.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | Broad and narrow fabrics, yarn and thread mill | 106 |  |  |  | 839 |  | 280 |  |  |
| 17 18 | Miscellaneous textile goods and floor coverings... |  | 14 1 1 | ${ }^{(*)}$ | 18 1 | $\begin{array}{r} 751 \\ 14 \end{array}$ | $\left({ }^{*}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} 288 \\ 17 \end{gathered}$ | 5 | ${ }^{*} 7$ |
| 19 | Miscellaneous fabricated textile products.... | 14 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{21}^{20}$ | Lumber and wood products, except containers | 14 | 6 |  | 27 | 143 6 |  | 4 | $\stackrel{91}{63}$ | $\stackrel{134}{(*)}$ |
| 22 | Hood containers............................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ${ }_{23} 2$ | Other furniture and fixtures. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 24 | Paper and allied products, except containers | ${ }_{263}^{382}$ | ${ }_{962} 378$ | ${ }_{70}^{16}$ | 241 | ${ }_{716}^{665}$ | 9 | ${ }^{65}$ | 535 | ${ }_{147}^{454}$ |
| 26 | Prers ${ }^{\text {Paperboard containers and boxes.. }}$ | 263 15 | ${ }_{152}$ |  | ${ }_{17}$ | 45 | $\stackrel{12}{2}$ | 19 | 26 | 31 |
| 27 | Chemicals and selected chemical products. | 13,838 | 4,869 | 2,683 | 4,991 | 3,124 | 173 | 72 | 632 | 898 |
| ${ }_{29}^{28}$ | Plastics and synthetic materials.............. | 1,348 | 3,226 | 698 | 625 | 11,832 19 | 45 | 22 |  | 28 |
| 30 | Paints and allied products...... | 57 | 62 | 107 |  | 32 |  |  | 19 | 58 |
| 31 | Petroleum refining and related industries | 891 | 803 | 328 | 15,128 | 1,129 |  | 21 | ${ }^{332}$ | 158 |
| 32 | Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products | 575 | 1,481 | 27 | 182 | 2,556 | $\stackrel{(*)}{97}$ | 519 | 59 | 158 |
| 34 | Footwear and other leather products |  |  |  |  |  |  | 502 |  |  |
| 35 | Glass and glass products......................... |  | 582 |  | 29 |  |  |  | 1,158 | 28 |
| 37 37 | Stone and clay products........................ | $\begin{aligned} & 22 \\ & \left({ }^{*}\right) \end{aligned}$ | 21 | $\begin{array}{r}109 \\ 42 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 240 51 | $\begin{aligned} & 196 \\ & 596 \end{aligned}$ | 4 | ${ }_{4}^{4}$ |  | $\stackrel{3}{235}$ |
| ${ }^{38}$ | Primary nonferrous metals manufacturing. | 14 | ${ }^{5}$ | 76 |  | 67 |  |  |  | 233 |
| 40 | Metal containers... |  | 791 | 424 | 423 |  |  |  |  | $1{ }^{4}$ |
| 41 | Screw machine products and stampings.......................... |  | 171 | 13 |  |  |  |  |  | 15 |
| 42 | Other fabricated metal products | 41 | 339 | 41 | 340 |  | (*) |  | 8 | 360 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 43 \\ & 44 \end{aligned}$ | Engines and turbines........ |  |  |  |  |  | . |  |  |  |
| 45 | Construction and mining machinery |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 46 | Materials handling machinery and equipment |  |  |  |  | 3 |  | *) |  |  |
| 478 | Metalworking machinery and equipment......... | 11 | 14 | 1 | 9 | 60 | 1 |  |  | 31 |
| 49 | Special industry machinery and equipment.... |  |  |  |  | 14 |  |  |  | 20 |
| 50 | Miscellanous machinery, except electrical. | 30 | 25 | 9 | 28 | 217 | 3 | 20 | 65 | 81 |
| 51 | Office, computing, and accounting machines. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 53 | Electric industrial equipment and apparatus. |  |  |  |  | 4 |  |  |  | 10 |
| 54 | Household appliances... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 55 \\ & 56 \end{aligned}$ | Electric lighting and wiring equipment | ${ }^{1}$ | ${ }_{1}^{2}$ | (*) | $\begin{aligned} & 10 \\ & \left({ }^{\circ}\right) \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{1}^{52}$ | (*) | $\left({ }^{(1)}\right.$ | 10 1 | $\stackrel{31}{(*)}$ |
| 57 | Electronic components and accessories... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 58 59 | Miscellaneous electrical machinery and supplies |  | 5 |  | $15^{1}$ | $\stackrel{9}{3}$ | (*) | $\cdots$ | 1 | ${ }^{1} 8$ |
| $\begin{array}{r}59 \\ 60 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | 1 |  | 4 |  |  | () |  |  |  |
|  | Other transportation equipment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 62 63 | Scientific and controlling instruments... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{16}^{11}$ |
| 64 | Miscellaneous manufacturing ............ | 2 | 22 |  |  | 19 | (*) |  |  | 41 |
| 65 | Transportation and warehousing. | 893 44 | 1,000 | 493 <br> 23 | 7,630 | 1,484 | 36 | 110 41 | 33 38 | 3,281 |
| ${ }_{6}^{66}$ | Communications, except radio and TV | 44 | 172 |  | 231 | 158 |  | 41 |  | 116 |
| 68 | Private electric, gas, water, and sanitary service | 193 | 551 | 88 | 55 | 61 | 35 | 67 | 1,149 | 2,082. |
|  | Wholesale and retail trade | 1,336 | 2,125 | 515 | 3,349 | 2,139 | 110 | 298 |  | 1,411 |
| 70 | Finance and insurance | 103 | 409 | 61 <br> 58 | ${ }_{396}^{915}$ | 351 517 | 7 | $\begin{array}{r}106 \\ \hline 63 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 83 | ${ }_{281}^{271}$ |
| 71 | Real estate and rental. | 251 | 869 | 58 | 396 | 517 | 5 | ${ }_{3}^{63}$ |  | 281 |
| 72 | Hotels; personal and repair services (except auto) | ${ }^{65}$ | 145 | 33 | 61 | 100 | 15 | 36 | 26 | ${ }_{69}^{66}$ |
| 74 | Eating and drinking places | 121 | , 512 | 65 | ,293 | , 273 | 4 | 51 | 52 | 178 |
| 75 | Automobile repair and services... | 94 | 78 | 23 | 110 | 108 | 2 |  | 52 | 140 |
| 77 |  | 23 |  | 1 |  | ${ }_{9}^{4}$ |  |  |  | $\stackrel{1}{25}$ |
| 78 | Federal Government enterprises................................................... | 15 | 102 | 22 |  | 57 |  |  | 21 | 44 |
| 88 | State and local government enterprises |  |  | 56 | 8 378 | 10 |  |  |  |  |
| 81 | Scrap and used goods........ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 62 |  |
| 82 | Government industry |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 | Rest of the world industry.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8 | Inventory valuation adjustment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Total intermediate inputs.... |  | 28,397 |  |  |  |  |  | 6,805 |  |
| vA | Value added........................................................................ | 6,277 | 16,325 | 1,760 | 22,258 | 19,141 | 896 | 3,342 | 5,813 | 13,061 |
| T | Total industry output..................................................................... | 30,735 | 44,722 | 8,754 | 220,714 | 53,086 | 2,053 | 8,363 | 12,618 | 34,571 |

* Less than $\$ 500,000$.
by Industries, 1981—Continued
at producers' prices]

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline Primary
iron and
steel
manu-
facturing \& Primary nonferrous metals manufacturing \& \[
\begin{gathered}
\begin{array}{c}
\text { Metal } \\
\text { con } \\
\text { tainers }
\end{array}
\end{gathered}
\] \& \[
\left\lvert\, \begin{array}{c|}
\text { Heating, } \\
\text { plumbing, } \\
\text { and } \\
\text { fabricated } \\
\text { structural } \\
\text { metal } \\
\text { products }
\end{array}\right.
\] \& \[
\begin{array}{|c|}
\hline \text { Screw } \\
\text { machine } \\
\text { products } \\
\text { stampings }
\end{array}
\] \& Other cated metal
products \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { Engines } \\
\& \text { and } \\
\& \text { turbines }
\end{aligned}
\] \& Farm and garden machinery \& Construction and mining machinery \& Materials handling machinery and equipment \& \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Metal- } \\
\text { warking } \\
\text { machinery } \\
\text { equipment }
\end{gathered}
\] \& \begin{tabular}{c} 
Special \\
industry \\
machinery \\
and \\
andent
\end{tabular}
equipment \& General industrial machinery and equipment \&  \& \[
\begin{gathered}
\text { Office, } \\
\text { computing, } \\
\text { and } \\
\text { accounting } \\
\text { machines }
\end{gathered}
\] \& Service industry machine \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \\
\hline 37 \& 38 \& 39 \& 40 \& 4. \& 42 \& 43 \& 44 \& 45 \& 46 \& 47 \& 48 \& 49 \& 50 \& 51 \& 52 \& \\
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline 3,975 \({ }^{\frac{1}{4}}\) \& (*) \& (*) \& (*) \& (*) \& 1 \& (*) \& (*) \& (*) \& \& (*) \& (*) \& (*) \& (*) \& (*) \& \({ }^{*}{ }^{*}\) \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{|c}
1,112 \\
4,129
\end{tabular} \& 3,2717 \& (*) \& \(\stackrel{44}{1}\) \& 5 \& 7 \& 1 \& 5 \& 8 \& \& 4 \& (*) \& 2 \& 1 \& (*) \& 4 \& 6 \\
\hline +193 \& \& \& \& \&  \& 1 \& 5 \& 8 \& 1 \& 4 \& () \& 2 \& 1 \& () \& 4 \& 8 \\
\hline \(\begin{array}{r}304 \\ 82 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& 14. \& \& 4 \& \& 12 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 19 \& 9 \\
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& ................ \& \& \& \& 19 \& 11 \\
\hline 2,047 \& 390 \& 97 \& 606 \& 305 \& 332 \& 121 \& 66 \& 198 \& 49 \& 95 \& 69 \& 137 \& 65 \& 152 \& 76 \& 12 \\
\hline \& 4 \& 1 \& 5 \& 2 \& 4 \& 1 \& 1 \& 2 \& 1 \& 3 \& 3 \& 3 \& 2 \& \% 7 \& 2 \& 14 \\
\hline ............... \& 27 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \(\ldots .\). \& \& \& .............. \& \& \& .............. \& \& 16 \\
\hline \(\cdots\) \& \& \& \& \& 2 \& \& \& \({ }^{-1 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~}\) \& \& \& \& 107 \& 23 \& \%.... \& \& 17 \\
\hline \[
\begin{array}{r}
18 \\
2
\end{array}
\] \& \& 1 \& 5 \& 3
22 \& 15 \& \({ }^{4}\) \& 1 \& 2 \& 1 \& 4 \& 2 \& \& \& 2 \& 2 \& 18
19 \\
\hline \[
82^{2} \mid
\] \& 75 \& 11 \& 63 \& \(\stackrel{64}{19}\) \& 140 \& \(\cdots\) \& 35 \& 10 \& 6 \& 5 \& 28 \& 34 \& \& \& 44 \& 20 \\
\hline \& 20 \& \& 26 \& 19 \& \& \& \& 4 \& 4 \& 9 \& 2 \& \& 1 \& \& 25 \& \(\stackrel{21}{22}\) \\
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 23 \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 14 \\
\& 71 \\
\& 71
\end{aligned}
\] \& 30
79 \& \(\stackrel{9}{97}\) \& 38
139 \& 81
160 \&  \& \& \begin{tabular}{|c}
4 \\
3 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& \& 3 \& \begin{tabular}{|}
5 \\
80 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{|c}
3 \\
12 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& 60
83 \& \& \begin{tabular}{l}
141 \\
151 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& \& 24
25
20 \\
\hline \& 31 \& 151 \& \& \& \& 11 \& 13 \& 24 \& 11 \& \& 20 \& 88 \& \& \& \& 26 \\
\hline 2,767 \& 1,332 \& 10 \& 58 \& 140 \& 854 \& 1 \& \({ }_{3}\) \& 32 \& 1 \& 136 \& 169 \& 20 \& 5 \& \& 104 \& 27 \\
\hline \& 75 \& \(\stackrel{3}{9}\) \& \& \(\begin{array}{r}63 \\ 14 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& 125 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 16 \& \& 79 \& \& 28 \\
\hline \& 41 \& 238 \& 125 \& \({ }_{93}^{14}\) \& 268 \& \& \& \& \& 28 \& \& 7 \& \({ }_{6}\) \& 55 \& \& 30 \\
\hline 1,782 \& 900
303 \& \(\begin{array}{r}59 \\ \hline 20\end{array}\) \& \(\begin{array}{r}123 \\ 323 \\ \hline 25\end{array}\) \& 123
148 \& 316
858 \& 123 \& 46
385 \& \({ }^{99}\) \& 77 \& 220 \& 105 \& 436 \& 94 \& 330 \& 182 \& 31 \\
\hline \& 303 \& 20 \& 255 \& 148 \& 858 \& \& 385 \& 385 \& 109 \& 94 \& 177 \& 239 \& 22 \& 1,227 \& \& 32 \\
\hline \& \({ }_{21}^{1}\) \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 1 \& \& \({ }^{* *}\) \& \& \& \& \& \(\stackrel{*}{*}\) \& 34
35
3 \\
\hline \({ }_{6}^{685}\) \& \({ }_{166}^{21}\) \& \({ }^{*}\) () \& \({ }^{264}\) \& \begin{tabular}{l}
31 \\
32 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& \(\begin{array}{r}41 \\ 144 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& (*) \& \& \({ }_{152}^{*}\) \& \& \({ }_{2}{ }^{*}\) \& \& 155 \& (*) \& \& \& 35
36 \\
\hline 17,732 \& 422 \& 3,357 \& 88,845 \& 6,402 \& 5,510 \& 1,869 \& 1,887 \& 4,689 \& 1,025 \& 1,951 \& 1,045 \& 3,006 \& \& 293 \& 1,381 \& \({ }^{37}\) \\
\hline 1,863 \& 20,851 \& 1,570 \& 3,633 \& 1,090 \& 2,375 \& 599 \& 128 \& 148 \& 149 \& 423 \& 332 \& 769 \& 468 \& \& 1,153 \& \({ }^{38}\) \\
\hline \& \& 410 \& 781 \& \& 9 \& 206 \& \& 428 \& \& \& \& 199 \& \& \& \& 40 \\
\hline 280 \& 12 \& 8 \& 1,114 \& 719 \& 624 \& \& 262 \& 154 \& \& 126 \& \& \& \& 763 \& 429 \& 41 \\
\hline 760

27 \& 427 \& 125 \& 1,294 \& 418 \& 1,613
65 \& 194
1,828 \& ${ }_{1}^{146}$ \& 369
941 \& 122 \& 192 \& 210
135 \& 290

170 \& $$
\begin{array}{r}
227 \\
55
\end{array}
$$ \& \& 380

62 \& ${ }_{43}^{42}$ <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 1,201 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 4 <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 2,205 \& 13 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 45 <br>

\hline $$
\begin{array}{r}
25 \\
550
\end{array}
$$ \& 545 \& 49 \& 215 \& 354 \& 313 \& 234 \& 109 \& 252 \& ${ }_{73}$ \& 1,208 \& 176 \& 361 \& 266 \& 192 \& 164 \& 47 <br>

\hline 35 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline $$
\begin{aligned}
& 902 \\
& 531
\end{aligned}
$$ \& 341

245 \& 2
37 \& 246
243 \& 23
925 \& $\begin{array}{r}46 \\ 315 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 356
536 \& 719
362 \& 1,742
203 \& 532
157 \& 488
601 \& 485 \& 1,592
540 \& 1,512 \& +186 \& 424 \& 49
50 <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 3,223 \& \& 51 <br>
\hline 746 \& 215 \& 1 \& 326 \& 48 \& 148 \& 157 \& 85 \& 381 \& 283 \& 577 \& 499 \& 926 \& 82 \& 1,504 \& 1,261 \& 53 <br>

\hline $$
\cdots
$$ \& \[

\underset{\left(*^{*}\right)}{11}

\] \& (*) \& ${ }_{1}^{7}$ \& \[

\left.$$
\begin{array}{c}
20 \\
c^{*}
\end{array}
$$\right)

\] \& \& \& \[

\underset{\left(*^{*}\right)}{77}

\] \& \[

\underset{\left({ }^{*}\right)}{2}

\] \& \& $\stackrel{23}{23}$ \&  \& \& \[

1
\] \& \& ${ }^{92}$ \& 54

55
56 <br>

\hline | 3 |
| :---: |
| 3 | \& \& $\stackrel{(1)}{1}$ \& $\stackrel{2}{23}$ \& 48 \& | 6 |
| :--- |
| 3 | \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
199 \\
88
\end{array}
$$

\] \& | 102 |
| :---: |
| 308 | \& $\begin{array}{r}3 \\ 300 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 7 \& \& 7 \& ${ }_{(*)}^{1}$ \& \[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 92 \\
& 98 \\
& 28 \\
& 19
\end{aligned}
$$
\] \& 37

6 \& ${ }^{*}{ }^{*}$ \& 58
59
50 <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 61 <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& ${ }_{4}^{4}$ \& \& ${ }^{236}$ \& ${ }_{6}^{62}$ <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& 15
11 \& 7 \& ${ }_{2}^{4}$ \& 9
9 \& 4 \& ${ }_{6}^{9}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}7 \\ 2 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& ${ }^{11}$ \& \& \& \& 64 <br>
\hline 3,515 \& 1,837 \& 278 \& 1985 \& 408 \& 628 \& 180 \& 218 \& 341 \& 76 \& 230 \& 156 \& 316 \& \& 759 \& 272 \& 65 <br>
\hline \& 94 \& 12 \& 168 \& 163 \& 179 \& 37 \& 29 \& 182 \& 30 \& 73 \& 76 \& 161 \& \& \& \& 6 <br>
\hline 5,617 \& 3,083 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 353 \& 257 \& 413 \& 216 \& 68 <br>
\hline 5,203 \& 3,504 \& 496
7 \& 2,002 \& 1,011 \& 1,752 \& 658 \& 1,215 \& 1,909 \& 479 \& 806 \& 728 \& 1,319 \& 4 \& 2,479 \& 1,209 \& 69
70 <br>

\hline | 449 |
| :---: |
| 313 | \& $\begin{array}{r}347 \\ 220 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 73

73 \& ${ }_{283}^{261}$ \& 136
153
158 \& +359 \& 60
47 \& ${ }_{77}^{52}$ \& $\begin{array}{r}132 \\ 105 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ \& 36
55
56 \& 129

147 \& $\begin{array}{r}108 \\ 85 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& | 168 |
| :--- |
| 167 | \& 130

187 \& ${ }_{5} 597$ \& 83 \& 71 <br>
\hline 149 \& 88 \& 28 \& 195 \& 51 \& \& 19 \& 14 \& 37 \& 12 \& 37 \& 26 \& 52 \& 52 \& 583 \& 46 \& 72 <br>
\hline 1,386 \& 886 \& 155 \& 905 \& 623 \& 1,027 \& 254 \& 195 \& 668 \& 174 \& 479 \& 294 \& ${ }^{653}$ \& 922 \& 1,741 \& 416 \& 73 <br>
\hline 167
60 \& 137
109 \& $\stackrel{47}{20}$ \& 199

96 \& \& $$
\begin{gathered}
176 \\
100
\end{gathered}
$$ \& 38

38 \& 39
12 \& \& 36
23 \& 125
60 \& 67
18 \& \& 108 \& 425
85 \& 78
13 \& 74
75 <br>
\hline 1 \& 109
3 \& 20

1 \& 119 \& $\stackrel{8}{1}$ \& 100 \& $$
\begin{array}{r}
38 \\
2 \\
\hline
\end{array} .
$$ \& \& $\stackrel{25}{2}$ \& 23 \& ${ }_{2}$ \& \& \& \& \& (*) \& 76 <br>

\hline 12 \& 26 \& 8 \& 29 \& 43 \& 29 \& 4 \& \& 5 \& \& 21 \& 5 \& \& 27 \& \& 12 \& 77 <br>
\hline \& 40
10 \& - $\begin{array}{r}4 \\ 3 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& 51 \& $\begin{array}{r}24 \\ 5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ \& ${ }^{51}$ \& ${ }_{2}^{12}$ \& 22 \& 24
4
4 \& 14
1
1 \& $\stackrel{24}{5}$ \& \& \& \& \& ${ }_{3}^{8}$ \& 78
78 <br>
\hline \& 190 \& 3 \& 13 \& \& 24 \& ${ }_{39}^{10}$ \& 22 \& 49 \& \& 103 \& 18 \& 18 \& \& 215 \& \& 80 <br>
\hline 2,613 \& 2,378 \& \& 63 \& ................... \& 47 \& 39 \& 18 \& \& \& \& \& 11 \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& .............. \& \& \& \& \& \& 83 <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& $\ldots$ \& $\cdots$ \& 84 <br>
\hline 59,757 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 9,227 \& 16,747 \& \& 9,287 \& 6,329 \& 13,181 \& 7,265 \& 23,653 \& 10,724 \& <br>
\hline 30,243 \& 15,402 \& 3,778 \& 14,520 \& 9,020 \& 16,905 \& 6,265 \& 6,244 \& 14,193 \& 3,157 \& 12,953 \& 6,415 \& 11,787 \& 8,432 \& 13,164 \& 5,648 \& va <br>
\hline 89,999 \& 59,103 \& 11,429 \& 38,989 \& 23,666 \& 37,096 \& 14,934 \& 15,471 \& 30,941 \& 7,520 \& 22,240 \& 12,743 \& 24,968 \& 15,697 \& 36,817 \& 16,372 \& T <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

Table 1.-The Use of Commodities
[Millions of dollars

|  | For the distribution of output of a commodity, read the row for that commodity <br> For the composition of inputs to an industry, read the column for that industry | Electric equipment and apparatu | Household appliances | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Electric } \\ \text { lighting } \\ \text { ard } \\ \text { wiring } \\ \text { equipment } \end{array}$ |  | Electronic components and accessories | Miscel- laneous electrical machinery and supplies | $\begin{gathered} \text { Motor } \\ \text { vehicles } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { equipment } \end{gathered}$ | Aircraft and parts | Other trans portation equipment |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Industry number | 53 | 54 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 58 | 59 | 60 | 61 |
|  | Livestock and livestock products......................................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  | : |  | - |
| 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots \cdots \cdots \cdots \cdots$ |  |  |
| 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4 | Agriculural, forestry, and fishery services. Iron and ferroalloy ores mining ............. | 1 |  | () | 1 | 1 | (*) | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 7 | Nonferrous metal ores mining... |  |  |  |  |  | 35 |  |  |  |
| 8 | Coal mining............avaual Crude petroleum | 3 | 6 | 3 | 5 | 1 | 4 | 39 | 6 | 3 |
| 9 | Stone and clay mining and quarrying. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |
| 10 | Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12 | Repair and maintenance construction | 211 | 96 | 67 | 192 | 236 | 54 | 301 | 273 |  |
| 13 | Ordnance and accessories.. |  |  |  |  |  |  | (*) | 2 | ${ }^{(*)}$ |
| 14 | Food and kindred products. | 4 | 2 | 1 | 4 | 6 | 1 | 2 | 5 |  |
|  | Broad and narrow fabrics yarn and thread mills |  | 44 | 18 |  |  |  | 15 | 89 |  |
| 17 | Miscellaneous textile goods and floor coverings | 3 |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{2}^{2}$ | 14 |  | 220 |
| 18 | Apparel .........................il | 4 | 2 | 2 | 25 | 25 | 1 | 14 | 10 | 17 |
| 20 | Lumber and wood products, except containe |  | 67 | 19 | 20 |  | 1 | ${ }_{1} 119$ | ${ }_{20}^{62}$ | 80 907 |
| 21 | Wood containers... | 13 | 18 |  | 20 |  |  | 5 | 7 | ${ }^{(*)}$ |
|  | Household furniture |  |  |  | 351 | 23 |  |  | 13 | 63 |
| ${ }_{24}^{23}$ | Other furniture and fixtures..... |  | 8 |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{250}$ | 17 | ${ }^{96}$ |
| 25 | Paper and allied products, except containers | ${ }_{124}^{182}$ | 235 | 199 | $\begin{array}{r}76 \\ 140 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 115 | $7_{3}^{4}$ | 100 86 | $\begin{array}{r}12 \\ 5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 15 |
| 26 | Printing and publishing ............. | 48 | 16 | 16. | 264 | 55 | 11 | 43 | 84 | 31 |
| ${ }_{28}^{27}$ | Chemicals and selected chemical products. | ${ }^{230}$ | 77 | 116 | 95 | 727 | 381 | ${ }^{218}$ | ${ }_{3}^{37}$ | 71 |
| 28 | Plastics and synthetic materials | 103 | 273 | 191 | 310 | 167 | 95 | 185 | 35 | 142 |
| 30 | Druss, cleaning and toilet preparations | 65 |  |  |  |  |  | 3885 |  | 173 |
| 31 | Petroleum refining and related industries | 259 | 40 | 74 | 192 | 258 | 75 | 396 | 518 | 270 |
| 32 | Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products | 388 | 652 | 294 | 1,848 | 1,157 | 273 | 4,160 | 271 | 306 |
|  | eather tanning and finishing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 35 | Glass and glass products............. | 18 | 79 |  |  | 369 |  | 1,073 |  | 118 |
| 36 37 | Stone and clay products. | 237 | 89 | 49 | 58 | 371 | 23 | 406 |  | +273 |
| ${ }_{38}^{37}$ | Primary iron and steel manufacturing... Primary nonferrous metals manufacturin | 1,750 1,729 | 1,244 |  |  | +1,741 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8,832 \\ & 1,898 \end{aligned}$ | 2,235 | $\stackrel{2}{236}$ |
| 39 | Metal containers ............................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 40 | Heating, plumbing, and fabricated structural metal products ..................... | 87 |  |  | 345 | 46 | 17 |  | 87 | 1,140 |
| 42 | Screw machine products and stampings Other fabricated metal products... | ${ }_{285}^{427}$ | 315 347 | 330 249 | 511 728 | 634 731 | ${ }_{361}^{167}$ | 7,315 2,413 | 535 441 | ${ }_{429}^{230}$ |
| 43 | Engines and turbines................. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,073 |  | 979 |
| 44 | Farm and garden machinery |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 45 | Construction and mining machiner |  |  | ...... | ..... | ... |  | 19 |  | 21 |
| 46 | Materials handling machinery and equipment | 195 | 55 | 98 | 176 | 160 | 84 |  | 599 |  |
| 48 | Special industry machinery and equipment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 49 | General industrial machinery equipment | 110 | 80 | 4 | 32 | 2 | 78 | 705 | 395 | ${ }_{716}$ |
| 50 | Miscellaneous machinery, except electrical. | 159 | 49 |  | 263 |  | 53 | 1,167 | 743 | ${ }^{374}$ |
| 52 |  |  | 223 |  |  |  |  | 198 |  | 83 |
| 53 | Electric industrial equipment and apparatu | 2,239 | 731 | 235 | 419 | 133 | 170 | 205 | 100 | 295 |
|  | Household applianc |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 56 | Electric lighting and wiring equipm | 152 | ${ }^{158}$ | ${ }^{242}$ | 361 |  | ${ }_{\text {* }} \times 3$ | 535 | 4 | 159 |
| 57 | Electronic components and accessories.... | 630 |  | 169 | 9,148 | 4,792 | 386 | 193 |  | 7 |
| 58 | Miscellaneous electrical machinery and supplies | (*) | 2 | 224 |  |  | 446 | 1,810 | 135 | 64 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 59 \\ & 60 \end{aligned}$ | Motor vehicles and equipment. | 53 |  |  | 56 |  | 3 | 30,783 | 10.076 | ${ }_{35} 58$ |
| 61 | Other transportation equipment |  |  |  |  |  |  | 19 |  | 882 |
| ${ }_{6}^{62}$ | Scientific and controlling instrume |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 63 | Optical, ophthalmic, and photographic equipmen | 25 | $2$ | 9 | 126 | 37 | 7 | 16 |  | 14 |
| 64 | Miscellaneous manufacturing. | 140 | 59 190 19 | ${ }^{2}$ | 19 | 10 | 27 |  | 12 | ${ }^{25}$ |
| 66 | Communications, except radio | ${ }_{127}$ |  |  | ${ }_{322}^{642}$ |  | 278 30 |  | 288 | 84 |
| 67 | Radio and television broadcasting. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 68 | Private electric, gas, water, and sa | 448 | ${ }^{241}$ | 177 | 529 | ${ }^{666}$ | 187 | 965 | ${ }^{676}$ | 299 |
| 70 | Wholesale and retail | 1,686 |  | 775 | 2,750 | 2,078 | 602 | 5,178 | ,297 | 567 |
| 71 | Finance and insurance Real estate and rental | ${ }^{319}$ | $\stackrel{95}{95}$ | 151 | 277 | 389 | 154 |  | ${ }^{71}$ | 147 |
| 72 | Hotels; personal and repair services (exce | 112 | 41 | 62 | ${ }_{402}$ | 258 | 66 | 70 | 628 | 40 |
| 73 | Business services | 663 | 622 | 339 | 2,159 | 1,180 | 275 | 1,888 | 1,996 | 527 |
| 74 | Eating and drinking places. | 173 | 57 | 76 | 437 | 370 | 66 | 128 | 934 | 77 |
| 75 | Automobile repair and services | 41 | 17 | 17 | 65 | 130 | 26 | 683 | 101 | 47 |
| 77 | Health, educational, and social services and | 10 | 12 | $\stackrel{1}{8}$ | 62 | 51 | ${ }_{4}^{20}$ | 75 | ${ }_{64}^{21}$ | 8 |
|  | Federal Government enterprises.... | 43 |  | 18 | 200 | 58 | 8 | 116 | 156 | 29 |
| 80 | enterprises Noncomparable imports $\qquad$ |  | $\begin{array}{r}3 \\ 15 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 3 <br> 7 |  |  | ${ }_{17}^{4}$ | 19 |  | ${ }_{4}^{3}$ |
| 81 | Scrap and used goods. |  |  |  |  |  | 22 | 59 |  |  |
| 82 | Government indust |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rest of the world indus |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 84 | Household indust |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Inventory valuation adustment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| VA | Value added..................... | $\begin{aligned} & 14,398 \\ & 14,060 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 8,496 \\ & 4,352 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 6,538 \\ 5,462 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 30,579 \\ & 17,923 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18,775 \\ & 10,306 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,226 \\ & 5,510 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 80,877 \\ & 35,975 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 30,086 \\ & 26,622 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 16,382 \\ & 12,145 \end{aligned}$ |
| T | Total industry output | 28,453 | 12,848 | 12,000 | 48,502 | 29,081 | 11,736 | 116,852 | 56,708 | 28,527 |

* Less than $\$ 500,000$.
by Industries, 1981-Continued
at producers' prices]


Table 1.-The Use of Commodities
[Millions of dollars


[^17]by Industries, 1981-Continued
at producers' prices]


Table 2.-The Make of Commodities
[Millions of dollars
F

[^18]by Industries, 1981
at producers' prices]

| $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { New } \\ \text { con- } \\ \text { struction } \end{gathered}\right.$ | Repair and main- tenance ctron- struction | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Ordnance } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { acces. } \\ \text { sories } \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Food } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { kindred } \\ \text { products } \end{gathered}$ | Tobacco manu- factures | Broad and narrow fabrows, yarinand thread mill | $\begin{array}{\|c\|} \text { Miscel- } \\ \text { laneous } \\ \text { textile } \\ \text { goods } \\ \text { and floor } \\ \text { coverings } \end{array}$ | Apparel | Miscel- laneus fabri- cated textile products | Lumber and wood products, except containers | $\begin{gathered} \text { Wood } \\ \text { con- } \\ \text { tainers } \end{gathered}$ | Household | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Other } \\ & \text { furniture } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { fixtures } \end{aligned}$ | Paper and allied products, except containers | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Paper- } \\ \text { board } \\ \text { containers } \\ \text { and boxes } \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Printing } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { publishing } \end{gathered}$ |  | 商 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16. | 17 | 18. | 19 | 20 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 26. | 27 |  |
|  |  |  | 2,857 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 619 |  |  |  |  |  | 106 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{3}^{2}$ |
| - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\stackrel{4}{5}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7 |
|  |  |  | (\%) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9 |
|  | ......................... |  |  |  |  | .............. | ... |  | .............. |  |  |  | ............. | . |  | 1,329 | 10 |
| 290,427 | 118,665 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11 |
|  |  | 13,408 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (*) | ${ }^{-1 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~}$ |  |  |  |  |  | 13 |
|  |  |  | 265,352 |  |  | (*) | 15 | 1 | ${ }^{1} \times$ |  |  | 2 | 49 | 14 | 12 | 482 | 14 |
|  |  |  |  | 16,466 | 34,265 | 214 | 367 | 1,421 |  |  | 12 | ${ }^{-1 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . ~}$ | ${ }_{76}^{4}$ |  | 16 |  | 15 16 |
| $\cdots$ |  |  |  | .... | 149 | 10,272 | 22 | ${ }^{43}$ | 40 |  |  | 49 | 49 |  | 14 | 7 | 17 |
| ............ |  |  |  |  | 166 143 | ${ }_{21}^{43}$ | 51,161 55 | 181 9,080 |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{43}^{13}$ |  |  |  | 18 |
| $\ldots$ | ..................... | ${ }^{\text {......... }}$ | (*) | ............. | ${ }_{3}$ |  |  |  | 42,616 |  | 36 |  |  |  | ${ }^{*}$ ) | 58 | 20 |
| ....... |  |  |  |  | 1 | 9 |  |  | 44 55 | ${ }_{(8)}$ | -13,090 | (*) |  |  |  |  | $\stackrel{21}{22}$ |
|  |  | 7. |  |  |  | 161 |  |  | 45 | 1 |  | 9,297 | 7 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | (*) | 41 | 4 | 156 |  | 74 | 111 |  |  |  | 57,673 |  |  | 336 | $\stackrel{24}{25}$ |
| .... |  |  |  |  |  | 37 |  | 10 | ${ }_{12}^{4}$ |  |  | 14 | $\begin{array}{r}74 \\ 455 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 18,445 67 |  |  | $\stackrel{25}{26}$ |
| $\ldots$ |  | 7 | 371 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 102 |  | $4{ }_{4}{ }^{4}$ | 79,715 | 27 |
| $\cdots$ |  |  | 14 |  | 142 | 210 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2,123 | 28 |
| -....... |  |  | 401 |  |  | 2 | 24 | 24 | 16 |  |  |  | 15 |  |  | $\bigcirc$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 16,526 |  |
| $\ldots$ |  | 25 | 45 | ... | 49 | 132 |  | 49 | 13 | 2 | 51 | 9 | 120 | 33 | 41. | 440 | ${ }_{33}^{32}$ |
| ... |  |  |  | ............. | 1 |  | 30 | 41 | 26 |  |  | (*) | 4 |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |
| $\ldots$ |  |  |  | ... | 5 | 23 |  | ${ }_{4}^{4}$ |  |  | - 4 |  | 68 | 10 |  | $\cdots$ | 35 36 |
| $\cdots$ |  | 36 | $\cdots$ |  |  |  | 1 |  | 49 |  |  | ** |  | 10 | 8 | 392 | 37 |
|  |  |  | 10 |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |  | 3 | 2 |  |  |  |  | 38 39 |
| $\cdots$ |  | 29. |  |  |  |  |  |  | 31 | 4 | 13 | 22 |  |  |  | 135 | ${ }_{40}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 19 |  |  | ${ }_{18}^{6}$ |  |  | 26 47 |  | - ${ }^{4}$ | 41 |
| ........ |  | 21. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | - |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  | 12 | 2 | 4 | 3 |  | 8 |  | ${ }^{29}$ | $\stackrel{44}{45}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 7 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 51 | $\ldots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 3 |  | 3 | 8 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\ldots$ | 4 <br> 3 | 1 |  |  | 30 | (*) |  | [ $\begin{array}{r}3 \\ 5 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 4 |  |  |  | 48 49 |
| $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 | * |  |  |  |  | 50 |
|  |  | 12 |  |  |  |  |  | 5 |  |  | 1 | 35 | 18 |  | 47 |  |  |
| .... |  | 7 | 16 |  |  |  |  | 5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 52 53 |
|  |  | 14. |  |  |  | 10 |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\cdots$ |  | 19 |  |  | 4 | 18 |  | 7 | ${ }_{4}^{4} .$ |  | 1 | 3 | 13 |  | 10 | 8 | 55 |
|  |  | ${ }_{32}$ |  |  |  | 8 |  |  | 4 | 2 |  |  | ${ }_{10}^{3}$ |  |  |  | 56 57 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 473 |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | 20 | 32 | 2 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | ${ }_{17}^{94}$ | 47 |  |  | 3 | 59 60 |
|  |  | 43 |  |  |  |  |  | 10 | 14 |  |  |  |  | 19 |  |  | 61 |
|  |  |  |  | .......... | 2 | 2 | 8 | 4 | 5 |  | 2 |  | 40 |  | 4 | 100 <br> 178 | $\stackrel{62}{63}$ |
|  |  | 11 | () |  | 4 | 3 | 32 | 86 | 30 | $\cdots$ | 76 | - 6 | 34 | ${ }^{-\cdots}$ | 94 | 302 | 64 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ...... | ............... | ${ }_{66} 6$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | ................ | $\ldots$ |  |  | ............... | ................ | .... | ............ |  | .......... | ................. |  |  |  |  | 397 | 68 69 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | .......... | 70 |
|  |  | ................ | ........ |  | ............. | . | .......... | - | ....). |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 71 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ........... | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  |  | - | $\ldots$ | $\sim$ | 7 |
| $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | (.). | $\ldots .$. | $\square^{-} \times$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ |  |  | .............. | 74 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots \cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |  | - | .......... | 75 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 77 |
|  | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | .a........... | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | ............. | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ |  | .............. |  | , | 77 | 78 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  |  | . |  | ................ | $\cdots$ | 79 82 8 |
|  |  |  | ............ |  |  | ...... | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | $\ldots$ | ..... | $\ldots$ | ....... | $\cdots$ |  | .................... | .................. | 83 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ |  |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 290,427 | 118,665 | 14,725 | 269,702 | 16,510 | 34,953 | 11,326 | 51,795 | 11,270 | 43,357 | 629 | 13,428 | 9,803 | 59,231 | 18,878 | 48,972 | 105,776 | T |

Table 2.-The Make of Commodities by
[Millions of dollars

|  | For the distribution of industries producing a commodity, read the column for that commodity <br> For the distribution of commodities produced by an industry, read the row for that industry | Plastics synthetic materials | Drugs, cleaning and toilet ations | Paints and allied products | Petroleum refining and related industries | Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products | Leather tanning and finishing | Footwear and other leather products | $\begin{gathered} \text { Glass and } \\ \text { glass } \\ \text { products } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Stone and } \\ \text { clay } \\ \text { products } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Commodity number | 28 | 29 | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | 36 |
|  | Livestock and livestock products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | Other agricultural products. | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3 | Forestry and fishery products. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | Iron and ferroalloy ores mining........ |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\ldots$ |  |  |
| ${ }_{7} 6$ | Nonferrous metal ores mining. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7 | Coal mining Crude petroum and natural |  |  |  | 6,182 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9 | Stone and clay mining and quarrying. |  |  |  | 68 |  |  |  |  | 223 |
| 10 | Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 146 |
| 112 | New construction.......................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 13 | Ordnance and accessories |  |  |  |  | 3 |  | , |  |  |
| 14 | Food and kindred products. | 8 | 276 |  | 1 | 76 |  |  |  |  |
| 15 | Tobacco manufactures. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | Broad and narrow fabrics, yarn and thread mils | 1,608 | * |  | $\stackrel{5}{5}$ | 65 |  | ${ }_{2}$ | 4 | 71 |
| $\begin{gathered} 17 \\ 18 \end{gathered}$ | Miscellaneous textile goods and floor coverings..... |  |  |  |  | 7 | ${ }^{*}{ }^{*}$ |  |  |  |
| 19 | Miscellaneous fabricated textile products | 1 | 3 |  |  | 17. |  | 3 |  | 1 |
| ${ }_{2}^{20}$ | Lumber and wood products, except container |  | 9 | 1 | 11 | 75 |  |  | 10 | 10 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 21 \\ & 21 \end{aligned}$ | Wood containers...... |  |  |  |  | 28 |  | 3 | 72 |  |
| 23 | Other furniture and fil | 7 |  |  |  | 135 |  | 2 |  | 2. |
| 24 | Paper and allied products, except containe | 42 | 15 | 6 | 8 | 486 |  |  |  | 39 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 25 \\ & 26 \end{aligned}$ | Paperboard containers and boxes.............. |  |  |  |  | 153 | - ................ | $\stackrel{3}{5}$ | 19 |  |
| 27 | Chemicals and selected chemical product | 4,894 | 1,211 | 129 | 1,742 | 60 | 6 |  |  | 134 |
| 28 | Plastics and synthetic materials. | 27,506 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 29 \\ 30 \end{gathered}$ | Druss, cleaning and toilet preparations | $\begin{aligned} & 280 \\ & 225 \end{aligned}$ | 41,453 | $\begin{array}{r} 55 \\ 238 \end{array}$ |  | ${ }_{4}^{47}$ |  |  |  | 19 11 |
| 31 | Petroleum refining and related industries | 215 | 104 | 13 | 203,584 |  |  |  | 3 | 99 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 32 \\ & 32 \\ & 32 \end{aligned}$ | Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products | 396 | 65 | 13 |  | ,237 |  |  | 7 | 59 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ | Footwear and other leather products. |  | 1 | 3 |  | 26 |  | 8,171 |  |  |
| 35 | Glass and glass products.....)................ | 34 99 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12,413 |  |
| $\left.\begin{aligned} & 36 \\ & 37 \\ & \end{aligned} \right\rvert\,$ | Stone and clay products | 99 | 12 | 11 | 121 | ${ }_{9}^{5}$ |  | *) |  | 15 |
| 38 | Primary nonferrous metals manufacturing |  | 5 |  | 1 | 101 |  |  |  | 63 |
| 39 | Metal containers. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 40 | Heating, plumbing, and fabricated structural metal products |  |  | 3 | 3 | 78 |  |  |  | 30 |
| 42 | Other fabricated metal products.... | 18 | 10 | 20 | 1 | 48 | (*) | 2 | 2 |  |
| 43 | Engines and turbines..................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Farm and garden machinery |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $45$ | Construction and mining machinery ......... |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | 5 |
| 47 | Metalworking machinery and equipment... | 7 | 21 |  | 2 |  |  | .... |  |  |
|  | Special industry machinery and equipment |  |  | 2 |  | 12 |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{gathered} 49 \\ 50 \end{gathered}$ | General industrial machinery equipment | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12 | ${ }_{13}^{4}$ |
| 51 | Office, computing, and accounting machines...................................................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |
|  | Service industry machines. |  | 13 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 3 \\ & 1 \end{aligned}$ | Electric industrial equipment and apparatus............................................. |  |  | ................ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | Electric lighting and wiring equipmen |  | 13 |  | 1 |  |  | 1 | 12 |  |
| 56 | Radio, TV, and communication equipment................................................. | 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 18 |
|  | Electronic components and accessories, ............................................. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 58 59 | Miscellaneous electrical machinery and |  | 9 |  |  | 13 |  | 5 | (*) | ${ }_{5}^{4}$ |
| 60 | Mircor vehicles and equipment. |  |  |  | 9 | 101 |  |  |  | ${ }_{21}^{59}$ |
|  | Other transportation equipment. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{r} 62 \\ .63 \end{array}$ | Scientific and controlling instruments.... | 39 |  |  |  | ${ }_{97}^{34}$ |  | 5 |  |  |
| 64 | Miscellaneous manufacturing |  | 74 | 4 | 2 | 200 | (*) | 21 |  | 67 |
|  | ansportation and warehousing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6 | Communications, except radio and TV ..................................................... | .... | .-............ | ............... | .......... |  | ............... |  |  |  |
| 68 |  |  |  |  | 121 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 69 | Wholesale and retail trade. |  |  |  |  |  |  | ............ |  |  |
| 70 | Finance and insurance |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 71 | Real estate and rental |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 73 | Hotels; personal and repair services (except |  |  | - | ........... |  | .............. |  |  |  |
| 74 | Eating and drinkin |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 5 | Automobile repair and |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 76 | Amusements |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 77 | Health, educational, and social services and nonprofit organizations. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 79 | Federa Government enterpr |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 26 |
| 82 | Government industry |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 83 | Rest of the world ind |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Household industry - .a.... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Inventory valuation adjustment........................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| T | Total commodity output. | 35,523 | 43,607 | 8,667 | 212,018 | 53,353 | 2,041 | 8,324 | 12,880 | 34,748 |

* Less than $\$ 500,000$.

Industries，1981－Continued
at producers＇prices

| Primary iron and steel manu－ facturing | Primary nonferrous metals manu－ facturing | Metal con－ tainers | Heating， plumbing， and fabricated structural metal products | Screw machine products and stampings | Other fabri－ cated metal products | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Engines } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { turbines } \end{aligned}$ | Farm and garden machinery | $\left\|\begin{array}{c} \text { Construc- } \\ \text { tion and } \\ \text { mining } \\ \text { machinery } \end{array}\right\|$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Materials } \\ \text { handling } \\ \text { machinery } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { equipment } \end{gathered}$ | Metal－ working machinery and equipment | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Special } \\ & \text { industry } \\ & \text { machinery } \\ & \text { and } \\ & \text { equipment } \end{aligned}$ | General industrial machinery and equipment | Miscel－ laneous machinery， except electrical | Office， computing， and accounting machines | Service industry machines | 灾 若 E ह 曾 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 37 | 38 | 39 | 40 | 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 46 | 47 | 48 | 49 | 50 | 51 | 52 | $\pm$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{6}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 27 |  |  | 7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 27 |  |  | 8 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12 |
| 27 | 3 |  | 110 | 27 | 26 | 43 |  | 2 | 1 | 45 | 42 | 8 | 19 |  | 1 | 13 |
|  |  | 25 |  | 31 |  |  | 2 |  |  |  | 15 |  |  |  | 8 | 14 |
|  |  | 27 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 15 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 3 | ．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |  |  | 30 |  |  |  |  | 16 |
|  | 3 |  |  |  | 3 |  |  |  |  |  | 13 | 3 |  |  | 3 | 17 |
|  | 1 |  | 1 | －．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． 1 | 11 |  | 2 |  | （＊） | 3 |  |  | （＊） | （＊） |  | 18 |
|  | 5 |  | 113 | 5 | 101 |  | 3 |  | 2 | 9 | 3 | 2 | 2 |  |  | 20 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 21 |
| 12 | 14 |  | 26 | 8 | 31 |  | 8 |  |  | 8 |  |  |  | 29 |  | 22 |
|  |  |  | 49 10 | 8 | 19 |  | 3 |  | 12 | 3 | 5 | 10 | 6 | 16 | 7 | 23 24 |
|  |  | 15 |  | 16 | 32 |  |  |  | 15 | 2 | 1 | 10 |  | 193 |  | －25 |
|  | ．．．．．．． | 14 | 10 |  | 92 |  |  |  |  | 10 | 16 |  | 2 | 48 |  | 26 |
| 6 | 50 |  | 16 | 20 | 158 |  | 34 |  | 4 | 14 | 130 | 17 |  | 6 | 9 | $\stackrel{27}{ }$ |
|  |  |  |  |  | 21 |  |  |  |  | 11 | 8 | 24 |  |  | 1 | $\begin{array}{r}28 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ |
|  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8 | 24 |  |  | 1 | 30 |
|  |  | 72 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5 |  | 7 |  |  |  | 31 |
| 32 | 22 | 3 | 53 | 22 | 169 |  | 20 | 7 | 17 | 136 | 40 | 59 | 43 | 29 | 8 | 32 |
|  |  |  | 1 | 3 | 11 |  | 1 |  |  | 6 | 1 |  | － |  |  | 38 |
| 2 |  |  | 10 | 3 | 13 |  | 1 |  |  | 8 | 1 | 6 | 1 |  |  | 35 |
|  |  |  | 46 | 1 | 43 |  | 5 | 5 | 2 | 34 | 9 | 25 | 6 | 13 | 1 | 36 |
| 85，484 | 448 |  | 237 | 167 | 2，208 | ． | 48 | 24 | 7 | 122 | 14 | 118 | 41 | 24 |  | 37 |
| 411 | 56，551 | 22 | 126 | 14 | 421 |  | 2 |  |  | 118 | 18 | 72 | 8 |  |  | 38 |
|  | 100 | 11,013 10 | 32 37,113 | 20 77 | $\begin{array}{r}17 \\ 226 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 30 | $\begin{array}{r}3 \\ 45 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  |  | 9 41 | 18 |  |  |  |  | 39 40 |
| 77 | 57 | 52 | 112 | 21，985 | 147 | － 29 | 36 | 18 | 17 | 374 | 16 | 71. | 20 | 14 | $\stackrel{6}{6}$ | 41 |
| 262 | 88 | 9 | 147 | －118 | 34，454 | 34 | 44 | 65 | 42 | 226 | 91 | 192 | 110 | 17 | 32 | 42 |
|  |  |  | 143 | 12 | 31 | 13，213 | 3 | 16 |  | 47 | 29 | 121 | 14 | 21 | 19 | 43 |
| 138 | （＊） |  | 82 | 22 | 43 | 63 | 14，384 | 373 | 23 | 14 | 40 | 57 | 7 |  | 7. | 44 |
| 231 |  |  | 162 | 7 | 408 | 375 | 139 | 27，876 | 223 | 45 | 36 | 459 | 36 |  | 12 | 45 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 19 \\ & 89 \end{aligned}$ |  |  | 29 45 | ${ }_{6}^{6}$ | 20 | 12 | 22 | 71 44 | 6，932 | －29 | 51 | 85 | 15 | 15 | 3 | 46 |
| 89 30 | 5 | 1 | 45 | 37 14 | 196 | 10 9 | 95 16 | 44 22 | 29 <br> 46 | 20,935 99 | ［110 | 91 127 | 46 14 | 24 75 | 24 32 | 48 48 |
| 60 | 51 |  | 139 | 33 | 340 | 143 | 35 | 68 | 33 | 77 | 145 | 22，907 | 121 | 53 | 111 | 49 |
| 19 | 16 | 2 | 18 5 5 |  | $\bigcirc \quad 27$ | 28 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 62 | 27 | 82 | 15，072 |  |  | 50 |
|  |  |  | －57 |  |  |  |  |  | 17 | 12 | 13 | 74 | 19 | 34，140 |  | 51 |
| 24 |  |  | 25 |  | 39 | 109 | 24 | 4 | 25 | 53 | 13 | $\begin{array}{r}139 \\ 98 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r}18 \\ 99 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | ＋4，674 | 53 |
|  | 7 | 10 | 100 | 110 | 22 |  | 23 |  |  |  | 1 | 116 |  |  | 247 | 54 |
| 61 | 94 |  | 43 | 51 | 80 |  |  |  | 17 | 14 | 5 | 8 | 14 | ${ }^{33}$ | 1 | 55 |
|  | 103 |  | 24 | 3 | 75 |  |  | 7 | 5 | 7 | 49 | 13 |  | 211 | 6 | 56 |
| 12 | 295 |  | 4 | 39 |  | 12 | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 9 |  | 46 | ${ }_{(*)}$ | 72 |  | 1，023． |  | 57 58 |
| 505 | 166 | 4 | 137 | 650 | 169 | 185 | 97 | 119 | 67 | 181 | 28 | 98 | $\begin{array}{r} \\ -60 \\ \hline 60\end{array}$ | 50 | 141 | 59 |
| 84 | 12 |  | 131 | 65 | 167 | 626 | 39 | 94 | 47 | 63 | 130 | 306 | 22 | 102 | 17 7 | 60 |
| 23 |  |  | 184 | 13 | 52 | 126 | 114 | 100 | 8 | 57 | 13 | 93 | 12 |  | 11 | 61 |
|  |  |  | $\times 46$ | 15 |  |  |  | 9 | 16 | 20 | 12 | 84 |  | 64 | 13 | 62 |
| $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 65 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 66 |
| ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |  | － | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |  |  |  |  | ． |  |  |  | ．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 67 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ．．． | ．．．．．． | ． | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．． |  |  |  | 68 |
|  |  |  |  | ．．． |  |  | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．． |  |  | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ． | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 69 |
|  |  |  | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |  |  | ．．． | ． | － | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | － | －．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  | 70 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ． | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |  | 72 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 73 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | － |  |  |  |  |  | 74 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 75 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 76 |
| ．．．．．．．．．．． |  |  | －．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．． |  |  | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ． | $\cdots$ | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |  | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 77 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\ldots$ | －．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | －．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 78 79 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | － |  |  |  | 89 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |  |  | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 83 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |  |  |  |  |  | 84 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 85 |
| 87，797 | 58，316 | 11，291 | 39，862 | 23，721 | 40，588 | 15，064 | 15，255 | 28，986 | 7，719 | 23，013 | 13，152 | 25，839 | 16，026 | 36，498 | 15，584 | T |

Table 2.-The Make of Commodities


* Less than $\$ 500,000$.
by Industries, 1981-Continued
at producers' prices]

| $\left\{\begin{array}{c} \text { Scientific } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { controlling } \\ \text { instruments } \end{array}\right.$ | Optical, ophthalmic, and photographic equipment | Miscelmanufac turing | Transporand ware housing |  | Radio broadcasting | Private electric, gas, water, and sanitary services | Wholesale and retail trade | $\begin{gathered} \text { Finance } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { insurance } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Real } \\ \text { eestate } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { rental } \end{gathered}$ | Hotels; personal and repair services (exc. auto) | Business services | $\left\lvert\, \begin{gathered} \text { Eating } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { drinking } \\ \text { places } \end{gathered}\right.$ | $\underset{\substack{\text { Auto- } \\ \text { mobile } \\ \text { repair ard } \\ \text { services }}}{ }$ | Amusements | Health, <br> educational, <br> and social <br> services and <br> nonprofit <br> organi- <br> zations |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 62 | 63 | 64 | 65 | 66 | 67 | 68 | 69 | 70 | 71 | 72 | 73 | 74 | 75 | 76 | 77 | $\pm$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 77 |  |  |
| ..... |  |  | 28 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - | 91 | $\cdots$ |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 5,863 |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  | 8 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | .......... |  |  |  | ${ }_{9}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11 |
| 8 | 11 | 18 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 13 |
|  |  | 25 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  | 14 |
|  |  | 13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 15 16 |
|  |  | 7. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 17 |
|  |  | 48. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | , | - |  | 18 |
| 15 |  | 17. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (\%) |  |  |  |  | 20 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 21 |
| ${ }_{40}^{16}$ |  | 20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{3}$ |  |  | $\ldots$ |  | $\stackrel{22}{23}$ |
| 54 | 106 | 209 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 13 |  |  |  |  | 24 |
|  |  | $\stackrel{*}{82}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 33 28.968 |  |  |  |  | 25 |
|  | 312 | 47. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 28,968 |  |  |  |  | 27 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | $\stackrel{28}{28}$ |
|  |  | 79 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  | 29 |
| $)_{1}$ |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | $\stackrel{\square}{*}$ | ...... |  |
| 56 | 14 | 107. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  | $\cdots$ |  | 32 |
|  | 1 | 17 |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\ldots$ |  | 1 |  | - | $\cdots$ |  |  |
|  |  | 10. |  |  |  |  |  | ............ |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 34 35 |
|  | 8 | 20 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | - | 36 37 |
| 12 |  | 18. |  |  |  | 105 |  |  |  |  |  |  | -1....... |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 51. |  | $\ldots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3 |  | ...... | $\cdots$ |  | 4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | .......... |  | . | $\ldots$ | $\cdots$ | $\ldots$ | 43 |
|  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 5 \\ 12 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | - | 44 45 45 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | .-.... | ... |  |
|  |  | 22 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (*) |  |  |  | - | 47 48 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - | .-....... | $\ldots$ |  |
| ${ }^{6}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ....... | ..... |  |
| $\begin{array}{r}208 \\ 31 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 111 | $4{ }^{49}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | ........ | ........... | 7 | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | 51 52 |
|  | 31 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 18. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |  | $\cdots \cdots$ | 54 |
| 153 |  | 12 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2 |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | 55 56 |
|  | 44 | 45. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - | $\cdots$ |  |
| ${ }_{6}^{20}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | -58 |
| 152 |  | 51. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | .-.... | ........... |  |
|  |  | 11. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18,633 |  | [54 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | $\cdots \cdots \cdots \cdots$ | ............. | $\bigcirc$ | $\stackrel{62}{63}$ |
| 76 |  | 25,690 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1,078 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | 194,554 |  |  | 1,625 |  |  |  |  |  |  | - . 1 | .-..... |  | 65 |
|  |  |  |  | 80,154 | 862 |  |  |  |  |  | 12,869 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | 201,575 |  |  | $\cdots$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | ... | $\ldots$ |  |  | 604,746 | 207,960 |  |  | 1,912 |  |  | ............. | $\cdots$ | 69 70 |
|  |  |  |  |  | .... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | .............. |  |  | ............... | ...... | .......... | 44 | 71,086 |  | $\ldots$ | ............... | $\cdots$ |  | 72 |
|  |  |  |  |  | ........... | ................ |  |  |  |  |  | 135,110 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | $\cdots$ |  | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ | $\cdots$ |  |  | 62,922 |  |  | 75 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{378}$ |  |  | 44,356 | 279,253 | 77 |
|  |  | - | $\begin{array}{r} 61 \\ 5,256 \end{array}$ |  | $\ldots$ | 4,739 20,324 | $1,534$ | $\begin{gathered} 48 \\ 51 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 199 \\ 3,230 \end{array}$ | $\cdots \cdots \cdots \cdots \cdots$ |  | 2,868 | 382 | -65 287 |  | 78 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\ldots$ | 82 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | -.............. |  |  | -- |  |  |  | $\cdots$ | .......... |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 20,932 | 20,186 | 26,997 | 199,899 | 85,154 | 862 | 234,230 | 606,807 | 208,060 | 458,352 | 71,115 | 292,909 | 137,978 | 63,305 | 44,875 | 279,233 | T |

Table 2.—The Make Commodities by Industries, 1981 -Continued
[Millions of dollars at producers' prices]

|  | For the distribution of industries producing a commodity, read the column for that commodity <br> For the distribution of commodities produced by an industry, read the row for that industry | Federal Government enterprises | State and local government enterprises | $\left\{\begin{array}{c} \text { Scrap and } \\ \text { used } \\ \text { goods } \end{array}\right.$ | Government industry | Rest of the world industry | Household industry | Inventory valuation adjustment | Total industry output |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Commodity number | 78 | 79 | 81 | 82 | 83 | 84 | 85 |  |
| 1 | Livestock and livestock produ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 80,708 |
| 2 | Other agricultural products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 98,034 |
| 3 | Forestry and fishery products. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 5,480 |
| 4 | Agricultural, forestry, and fishery services |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 11,217 |
| 5 | Iron and ferroalloy ores mining ................. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3,643 |
| 6 | Nonferrous metal ores mining...................................................................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4,675 |
| 7 | Coal mining .............................................................................................................. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 26,166 |
| 8 | Crude petroleum and natural gas |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 159,378 |
| 10 | Chemical and fertilizer mineral mining. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4,092 |
| 11 | New construction.................................. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 290,427 |
| 12 | Repair and maintenance construction |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 118,665 |
| 13 | Ordnance and accessories.................. |  |  | 105 |  |  |  |  | 15,331 |
| 14 | Food and kindred products. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 266,429 |
| 15 | Tobacco manufactures. |  |  | - 1 |  |  |  |  | 16,498 |
| 16 | Broad and narrow fabrics, yarn and thread mills .......................................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 38,218 |
| 17 | Miscellaneous textile goods and floor coverings ............................................................................................................................................................................. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10,881 |
| 19 | Miscellaneous fabricated textile products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | -9,469 |
| 20 | Lumber and wood products, except containers |  |  | 5 |  |  |  |  | 43,396 |
| 21 | Wood containers ............................................ |  |  | (*) |  |  |  |  | 576 |
| 22 | Household furniture |  |  | (*) |  |  |  |  | 13,583 |
| 23 | Other furniture and fixtures. |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |  | 9,961 |
| 24 | Paper and allied products, except containers. |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |  | 60,480 |
| 25 | Paperboard containers and boxes ................ |  |  | (*) |  |  |  |  | 18,855 |
| 26 | Printing and publishing.............. |  |  | 17 |  |  |  |  | 77,926 |
| ${ }_{28}^{27}$ | Chemicals and selected chemical products |  |  | 4 |  |  |  |  | 89,661 |
| 28 | Plastics and synthetic materials |  |  | 3 |  |  |  |  | 30,735 |
| 29 | Drugs, cleaning and toilet preparations. |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  | 44,722 |
| 30 | Paints and allied products......................................................................................... |  |  | ${ }^{*}$ ) |  |  |  |  | 8,754 |
| 31 32 | Petroleum refining and related industries. <br> Rubber and miscellaneous plastics products |  |  | 6 |  |  |  |  | 220,714 |
| 33 | Leather tanning and finishing ....................................................................................................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2,053 |
| 34 | Footwear and other leather products....................................................................................................................................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8,363 |
| 35 | Glass and glass products................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 12,618 |
| 36 | Stone and clay products. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 34,571 |
| 37 | Primary iron and steel manufacturing..- |  |  | 16 |  | - |  |  | 89,999 |
| 38 39 | Primary nonferrous metals manufacturing. Metal containers. |  |  | ${ }_{(*)}^{19}$ |  |  |  |  | 59,103 11.429 |
| 40 | Heating, plumbing, and fabricated structural metal products |  |  | 48 |  |  |  |  | 38,989 |
| 41 | Screw machine products and stampings....................... |  |  | (*) |  |  |  |  | 23,666 |
| 42 | Other fabricated metal products............ |  |  | 26 |  |  |  |  | 37,096 |
| 43 | Engines and turbines............ |  |  | 240 |  |  |  |  | 14,934 |
| 44 | Farm and garden machinery. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 15,471 |
| 45 | Construction and mining machinery .............................................................................. |  |  | 487 |  |  |  |  | 30,941 |
| 46 | Materials handling machinery and equipment................................................................. | $\ldots$ |  | 72 |  |  |  | .......... | 7,520 |
| 47 |  |  |  | 43 |  |  |  |  | 22,240 |
| 48 | Special industry machinery and equipment.................................................................................................................................... |  |  | 126 28 |  |  |  | . | 12,743 24,968 |
| 49 | General industrial machinery equipment....................................................................................................................................... |  |  | 7 |  |  |  |  | 24,968 15,697 |
| 51 | Office, computing, and accounting machines ............................................................................................ |  |  | 158 |  |  |  |  | 36,817 |
| 52 | Service industry machines............................................................................................ |  |  | 14 |  |  |  |  | 16,372 |
| 53 | Electric industrial equipment and apparatus................................................................. |  |  | 38 |  |  |  |  | 28,453 |
| 54 | Household appliances ........................... |  |  | 3 |  |  |  |  | 12,848 |
| 55 | Electric lighting and wiring equipment |  |  | (*) |  |  |  |  | 12,000 |
| 56 | Radio, TV, and communication equipment....................................................................... |  |  | 333 |  |  |  |  | 48,502 |
| 57 | Electronic components and accessories.. |  | .............. | 31 | ........ |  |  | ......... | 29,081 |
| 59 | Motor vehicles and equipment ....................... |  |  | 17 |  |  |  |  | 116,852 |
| 60 | Aircraft and parts ................... |  |  | 58 |  |  |  |  | 56,708 |
| 61 | Other transportation equipment..... |  |  | 15 |  |  |  |  | 28,527 |
| 62 | Scientific and controlling instruments. |  |  | 229 |  |  |  |  | 20,718 |
| 64 | Optical, ophthalmic, and photographic equipment |  |  | 20 |  |  |  |  | 20,559 2817 |
| 65 | Transportation and warehousing. |  |  | 404 |  |  |  |  | 196,645 |
| 66 | Communications, except radio and TV |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 85,154 |
| 67 | Radio and television broadcasting. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 13,731 |
| 68 | Private electric, gas, water, and sanitary services |  | 89 |  |  |  |  |  | 202,425 |
| 69 70 | Wholesale and retail trade. <br> Finance and insurance |  | .............. |  | . |  |  | ........... | 604,746 |
| 71 | Real estate and rental. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 453,207 |
| 72 | Hotels; personal and repair services (except auto).............................. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 71,614 |
| 73 | Business services |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 248,258 |
| 74 | Eating and drinking places ........ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 135,110 |
| 75 | Automobile repair and services. |  |  | , |  |  |  | ............ | 62,922 |
| 77 | Health, educational, and social services and nonprofit organizations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 279,631 |
| 78 | Federal Government enterprises..................................................... | 22,221 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 31,812 |
| 79 | State and local government enterprises ..................................................................................................................... |  | 7,823 |  |  |  |  |  | 37,905 |
| 82 | Government industry.......... |  |  |  | 307,748 |  |  |  | 307,748 |
| 88 | Rest of the world industry......... Household industry |  |  |  |  | 52,479 |  |  | 52,479 |
| 84 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7,042 | -28,556 | 7,042 $-28,556$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| T | Total commodity output. | 22,221 | 7,912 | 2,685 | 307,748 | 52,479 | 7,042 | -28,556 | 5,836,396 |

## State Quarterly Personal Income, 1983:I-1986:III

Table 1.-Total Personal Income, States and Regions
[Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates]

| State and region | 1983 |  |  |  | 1984 |  |  |  | 1985 |  |  |  | 1986 |  |  | Percent change |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | 1 | II | III | IV | I | II | III | IV | $1{ }^{\text {r }}$ | II ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | III ${ }^{p}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1986:II- } \\ & 1986: I I I \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { 1985:III- } \\ & \text { 1986:III } \end{aligned}$ |
| ited States | 2,7 | 2,807,173 | 2,841 | 2,937,388 | 3,024,888 | 3,067,203 | 3,130,6 | 82 | 3,247,811 | 3,294,856 | 3,319,861 | 3,379,652 | 3,430,035 | 3,479,574 | 3,497,088 | 0.5 | 5.3 |
| New England | $\begin{array}{r} 162,671 \\ 46,551 \end{array}$ | 166,552 | $\begin{gathered} \begin{array}{r} 69,600 \\ 48,264 \end{array} \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 175,547 \\ \left.\begin{array}{r} 50,074 \\ 10 \end{array}\right) \end{array}$ | 179,757 | 184,14352,423 | $\begin{array}{r} 188,847 \\ 54,006 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 192,861 \\ & 55,099 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r}196,717 \\ 56,047 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 199,824 \\ 56,943 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 202,207 \\ 57,633 \\ 5 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r}207,171 \\ 59,007 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 210,495 \\ 59,769 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 214,322 \\ 60,938 \\ \hline 6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 216,677 \\ 61,883 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1.1 \\ & 1.6 \\ & 0.7 \end{aligned}$ | 7.48.0 |
| Connecticut. |  | 1,702 |  |  | 12,609 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Massachusetts |  | 78,792 |  |  | - 124,6096 | 87,058 | $\begin{aligned} & 54,006 \\ & 13,082 \\ & \hline 0.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 55,099 \\ & 13,340 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{13,6415}$ |  |  | 14,193 | $\begin{aligned} & 59,769 \\ & 14 ; 434 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 60,938 \\ 14,792 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 0.7 \\ & 1.0 \end{aligned}$ |  |
| New Hampshir | 11,178 |  | - 12,1257 |  |  | 13,337 | $\begin{aligned} & 09,294 \\ & 13,644 \\ & 12,784 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 91,138 \\ & 14,069 \\ & 13,031 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 93,415 \\ 14,49 \\ 13,249 . \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { yo, } 90 \\ & 15,023 \\ & 13,444 . \end{aligned}$ | ${ }_{13,763}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 99,041 \\ & 15,904 \\ & 14,024 \\ & 14 \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{array}{r}102,281 \\ 16,319 \\ 14,93 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 10.80.9 | 7.1 |
| Rhode Island ... |  | 11,453 | ${ }^{11,623} 5$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 14,393 6,899 |  |  |
| Mideast | $\begin{array}{r} 553,684 \\ 7,462 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 564,024 \\ 7,494 \\ 0 \end{gathered}$ | 574,3 | 589,3407,907 | $\begin{array}{r} \mathbf{6 0 2 , 4 4 0} \\ 8,075 \end{array}$ | $\left.\begin{gathered} 615,653 \\ 8,248 \end{gathered} \right\rvert\,$ | 628,183 | 639,325 | 650,709 | ,265 | $\begin{array}{r} 667,511 \\ \hline 685 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 680,607 \\ 9,137 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 691,326 \\ 9,159 \end{array}$ | 700257 | 07 | $\begin{aligned} & 1.1 \\ & 1.0 \\ & 0 \end{aligned}$ | 6.0 <br> 5.7 <br> .6 |
| Delaware |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - ${ }_{11,286}$ |  |  |  | 9,30011,840 | 9,39011937 |  |  |
| District of | -9,645 | 57,958 | 9,885 | $\begin{array}{r} \mathbf{9 , 9 6 2} \\ \mathbf{6 0 , 5 0 5} \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10,0,35 \\ & 62,258 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10,456 \\ & 63,742 \\ & 6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10,744 \\ & 65,294 \\ & 6,294 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10,044 \\ 66,551 \end{gathered}$ | 11,195 |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} 9,159 \\ 11,711 \end{array}$ |  |  |  | 6.1 |
| Maryl |  |  | 59,123 111,026 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 130,212 \\ & { }_{287}^{2812} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 138,066 \\ & 302,140 \end{aligned}$ |  | 2 |  |
| New Jorsey | $\begin{aligned} & 234,169 \\ & 138,612 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 239,90,93 \\ & 140,033 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 244,216 \\ & 142,513 \end{aligned}$ | ${ }^{2514,326}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 257,926 \\ & 257,494 \\ & 147,49 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 183,441 \\ & \mathbf{2 6 3 , 4 1 5} \\ & \mathbf{1 5 0 , 1 1 5} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 121,944 \\ & 269,420 \\ & 152,388 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 120,020 \\ & 274,273 \\ & 154,084 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 126,742 \\ & 279,174 \\ & \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1292,308 \\ 282,809 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 134,354 \\ & 292,482 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 136,025 \\ 298,536 \end{array}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & 139,708 \\ & 305,699 \end{aligned}$ | 1.20.8 | 6.4 |
| Pennsylvania. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 156,779 | 158,854 | 159,837 | 161,634 | 163,550 | 165,364 | 166,652 |  | 4.3 |
| Great Lakes... | 479,026 | 488,244 | $\begin{aligned} & 492,116 \\ & 146,179 \end{aligned}$ | $\mathbf{5 0 7 , 5 1 8}$150,954 | $\begin{aligned} & 527,783 \\ & 157,854 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 533,445 \\ & 159,484 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 542,256 \\ & 162,429 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 550,268 \\ & 164,704 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 558,149 \\ 166,799 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 565444 \\ & 169950 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 567,772 | $\begin{aligned} & 576,790 \\ & 173,178 \end{aligned}$ | 584,2 | 592,807 | 593,485 | $\begin{array}{r} 0.1 \\ -0.2 \end{array}$ |  |
| Illinois... | 144,9895757 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 170,45868,363 |  | 174,36470,360 | 1788 | 178,477 |  | 4.54.54.44.44.44.54.5 |
| Indiana |  | - 58.602 | $\begin{array}{r} 58,394 \\ 107,981 \end{array}$ | -60,735 | $\begin{gathered} 107,804 \\ 64,358 \\ 114,850 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 64,611 \\ 116,550 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 102,429 \\ 65,514 \\ 118,504 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 66,450 \\ 120,741 \end{array}$ | 67,461121,891 | 68,473 |  | $\begin{array}{r} 69,474 \\ 12574 \end{array}$ |  |  |  | $\begin{array}{r} -0.2 \\ -0.8 \end{array}$ |  |
| Michigan | 103,336 | 105,811 |  | 111,366 |  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }_{141940}^{124,182}$ |  | 128,407 | 128,863 | 129,659 | 0.6 0.6 |  |
| Wisconsin | 53,018 | 54,477 | 55,276 | 56,699 | 59,109 | 59,509 | 60,322 | 61,010 | 61,863 | 62,818 | 62, 429 | -63,750 | 64,749 | 65,816 | 65,680 | 0.2 |  |
| Plains. |  | $\begin{array}{r} 200,150 \\ 32,046 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | 198 | 207,48 | 219,3 | 216,21 | 220,5 | 226,024 | 229,859 | 234,939 | 231,896 | 236,206 | 236,944 | 246,445 | 240,526 | $-2.4$ | 3.7 |
| Iowa.... | 31,18 |  | - ${ }_{29,886}$ | ${ }_{30,836}^{32,172}$ | 36,281 31450 | 34,306 | 34,617 <br> 31794 | 35,163 | 35,872 33 3121 | - 33,620 | ${ }_{3}^{35,680}$ | 36,142 34,478 | - 34629 | - 38.312 | 36,337 <br> 34,957 | -5.4 |  |
| Minnesota | 48,291 | 49,869 | 49,729 | 51,789 | 54,826 | 54,743 | 56,045 | 57,300 | 58,139 | 59,341 | 59,026 | 59,767 | 60,651 | 62,841 | 62,093 | -1.2 | 5.2 |
| Missouri | 55,847 | 56,555 | 56,567 | 58,610 | 61,017 | 61,620 | 62,919 | 63,853 | 65,372 | 66,311 | 66,905 | 67,832 | 68,902 | 69,649 | 70,102 | 0.7 | 4.8 |
| Nebraska | 17,325 | 18,233 | 17,613 | 18,794 | 20,285 | 19,296 | 19,827 | 20,257 | 21,050 | 22,085 | 20,765 | 21,393 | 21,242 | 23,085 | 21,163 | -8.3 | 1.9 |
| North Dako |  | 73 | 7,365 |  | 7,8 | $\begin{array}{r}7,626 \\ 7 \\ \hline 777\end{array}$ | 7,794 | 8,663 7818 | 8,353 | 8,00 | 8,033 8776 | ${ }_{7}^{8,627}$ | ${ }_{7}^{7,885}$ | 8,759 8,507 | 7,985 | -8.8. | -0.6 |
| Southeast. | 558,982 | 571,754 | 578,527 | 599,527 | 618,019 | 627,512 | 641,288 | 650,583 | 664,888 | 674,153 | 680,721 | 692,118 | 706,085 | 713,124 | 720,310 | 1.0 | 5.8 |
| Alabama. | 35,93 | 36,684 | 36,921 | 38,383 | 析 | 9,581 | 40,637 | 41,0 | 42,25 | 42,67 | 42,970 | 43,748 | 44,8 | 44,7 | 45,036 | 0.6 | 4.8 |
| Arkansas | 20,831 | 21,180 | 20,919 | 21,991 | 23,38 | 23,024 | 23,341 | 23,804 | 24,945 | 24,481 | 24,463 | 24,940 | 25,886 | ${ }^{25,876}$ |  | 4 |  |
| Forida |  | 60 | ${ }^{131,926}$ | 136, | 139,068 | 142,347 | 146,19 | 148,39 | 15281 |  | ${ }^{15} 5$ | ${ }_{7} 1$ | 162,40 | ${ }^{10,164}$ | 167, | 6 |  |
| Keorgia | 83 | -34,905 | 6,494 | 64,34 | 66,672 | 6,915 | 69,789 | 7, 7126 |  | 74,032 <br> 40,366 | - ${ }_{40,318}$ | +7,993 | 41,195 |  | 41, | 0.9 | 3.9 |
| Louisiana | 46,220 | 46,269 | 46,733 | 47,660 | 48,350 | 48,855 | 49,677 | 49,811 | 50,528 | 50,530 | 50,677 | 50,318 | 50,925 | 50,5 | 50,471 | -0.1 | 0.4 |
| Mississippi. | 21,036 | 21,254 | 20,825 | 21,917 | 23,027 | ${ }^{22,626}$ | 23,024 | 23,364 | 24,019 | 29,814 | 23,616 | 24,56 | 25,116 | 25,2 | 25.118 | -0.4 | . |
| North Carol | 58,445 | 59,908 | 60,942 | 63,350 | 6,718 | -67,152 | 68,500 | 69,863 | 70,772 | 72,189 | 73,058 | 74,662 36261 | 75,579 | 76,933 | 77.782 | ${ }_{20}^{1.1}$ | 6.5 7. |
| Touth Car | - 44.553 | ${ }_{45}{ }_{4} 295$ | 30,4 | 47,093 | - 48,777 | - 49,688 | 33, 23 | 34,143 | 34,700 <br> 58 <br> 804 | 35,129 | - | -36,261 | - 556,898 | +37,466 | 38,25 | . |  |
| Virginia. | 67,198 | 68,323 | 70,055 | 71,886 | 74,206 | 755,584 | 77,547 | 78,921 | 81,075 | ${ }_{82,412}$ | 83,436 | 84,998 | 87,325 |  | 89,39 | 0.9 : | 7.1 |
| West Virginia | 17,777 | 18,029 | 18,115 | 18,500 | 18,781 | 19,079 | 19,409 | 19,237 | 19,572 | 19,83 | 19,83 | 19,707 | 20,258 | 20,156 | 20,060 | 0.5 | 1.2 |
| outhwest. | 265,412 | 269,975 | 272,910 | 282,714 | 288,772 | 293,499 | 300,258 | 304,417 | 312,550 | 316,168 | 319,298 | 322,781 | 327,072 | 327,548 | 328,369 |  |  |
| Arizona... | ${ }^{31,213}$ | 32,361 | 38,373 | 34,513 | 35,761 | 36,273 | 37,439 |  | 39,695 | 40,305 | 41,0 | 42,023 | 43,297 | 43,874 | 44,823 |  |  |
| New Mexico. | 18,240 | 13,569 | ${ }^{13,802}$ | 14,154 | ${ }_{38,603}^{14,407}$ | 14.694 | ${ }^{15,026}$ | 15,230 | ${ }^{15,577}$ | 15,775 | 15,856 | ${ }_{40}^{16,106}$ | 16,239 4083 | 16,316 | 16,369 | ${ }^{0.3}$ | ${ }^{3.2}$ |
| Texas... | 186,464 184,496 | - $\begin{array}{r}36,962 \\ 187,82\end{array}$ | 36,890 188,846 | 138,204 195,842 | 38,603 200001 | $\begin{array}{r}303,693 \\ \hline 28\end{array}$ | - 308,150 | - 211,960 | 40,134 217,144 | 20,274 | 222,034 | 40,785 223,868 | 40,830 226,706 | 226,545 | - 226,416 | 0.1 | 2.1 |
| Rocky Mountain | 78,340 | 80,181 | 81,516 | 84,429 | 84,978 | 86,299 | 87,958 | 39,758 | 90,616 | 91,846 | 92,133 | 93,773 | 94,077 | 95,56 | 94,977 | -0.6 | 3.1 |
| Colorad | 40,285 | 41,082 | 41,9 | 43,211 | 43,934 | 44,630 | 45,602 | 46,280 | 47,021 | 47,782 | 47,985 | 48,649 | 49,163 | 50,038 | 49,923 | -0.2 | 4.0 |
| Idaho.. | 8,444 | 9,771 | 9,845 | 10,469 | 10,254 | 10,363 | 10,550 | 10,912 | 11,043 | 11,108 | 11,092 | 11,449 | 11,211 | 11,426 | 11,468 | 0.4 | 3.4 0.1 |
| Utah. | 14,306 | 14,762 | 15,017 | 15,505 | 15,837 | 16,118 | 16,464 | 16,671 | 16,974 | 17,216 | 17,321 | 17,523 | 17,812 | 17,879 | 17,943 | 0.4 |  |
| Wyoming | ¢,105 | 6,169 | 6,209 | 6,317 | 6,291 | 6,388 | 6,459 | 6,501 | 6,539 | - 6,759 | 6,772 | 6,866 | 6,955 | 6,815 | 6,675 | $-2.1$ | -1.4 |
| Far West | 433,637 | 444,966 | 452,286 | 468,461 | 481,26 | 487,7 | 498 | 506 | 520,8 | 528, | 534,0 | 545, | 555,529 | 565, | 570 |  |  |
| 龶 | 340, | 349,947 |  |  |  |  |  | 401,6 | 414,1 | 420,345 | 425,145 | 434,5 | 443,241 | 451,2 | 455, | 0 | 7.2 |
| Orevan | 28,909 | +29,607 | ${ }_{29,943}^{11,58}$ | 30,964 | 31,423 | ${ }_{31,842}$ | 32,413 | 32,909 | ${ }_{33,328}$ | - 38,769 | ${ }_{33,993}$ | ${ }_{34,594}$ | - ${ }^{44,903}$ | ${ }_{35,41}$ | 35,46 | 1.1 | 4 |
| Washington.. | 52,741 | 53,981 | 54,332 | 56,955 | 56,65 | 57,297 | 58,380 | 59,114 | 60,068 | 60,82 | 61,290 | 62,56 | 63,311 | 64,075 | 64,448 | 0.6 | 5.2 |
| Alaska. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hawaii..... | 12,541 | 12,717 | 12,812 | 13,37 | 18,409 | 13,649 | 13,800 | 13,903 | 14,232 | 14,412 | 14,627 | 14,96 | 15,106 | 5,288 | 15,509 | 1.4 | 6. 0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | nsus R |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New England --. | 162,671 | 166,552 |  |  | 179,757 | 184,143 |  |  | 196,717 |  | 202,207 | 207,171 | 210,495 | 214,322 | 216,677 |  |  |
| Midde Atlantic .. | 479,704 | 488,780 | 497,755 | 510,966 | 521,782 | 533,206 | 543,752 | 553,381 | 562,695 | 570,971 | 577,261 | 588,470 | 598,11 | 605,570 | ${ }^{612,058}$ | 1.1 | 6.0 |
| East North Central | 479,026 | ${ }_{200150}^{488,244}$ | 492,116 | ${ }^{507,518}$ | - ${ }^{527,783}$ | ${ }_{216,210}^{533,445}$ |  |  | 558, ${ }^{529} 8$ | 565,448 234, |  |  | 584,944 | ${ }_{246,445}^{592}$ | 593,48 | ${ }_{2.4}^{0.1}$ | 4.5 3.7 |
| South Atlan | 429,749 | 441,442 | 449,592 | 464,526 | 477,773 | 487,612 | 499,519 | 507,771 | 519,035 | 528,27 | 535,301 | 544,941 | 555,388 | 563, | 569,82 | 1.1 | 6.4 |
| East South Cent | 136,162 | 138,108 | 137,894 | ${ }^{143,726}$ | 149,172 | 150,468 | 153,181 | 155,141 | 158,394 | 160,158 | 160,531 | ${ }^{164,056}$ | 167,101 | 168,039 | 169,596 | 0.9 | ${ }^{5.6}$ |
| West South Central | 288,010 | 291,493 | 293,387 | ${ }^{303,697}$ | 310,337 | 314,411 | 320,812 | ${ }^{324,59}$ | 332,751 | 335,100 | 337,504 | 339,911 16579 | ${ }^{344,347}$ | 343,774 | 343,627 | 0.0 | 1.8 |
| Mountain | 1343,988 | ${ }^{137,542}$ | 140,269 | 145,053 | 147,366 491,528 | 149,728 497,81 | 153,147 | 156,179 516,658 | ${ }^{1591,142}$ | 161,39 588,759 | 162,704 | 165,797 556,309 | 167,686 565,725 | 170,134 575,127 | 170,813 580,483 | 0.4 0.9 | 5.0 |

${ }^{r}$ Revised.
${ }^{p}$ Preliminary.

1. The personal income shown for the United States differs from that in the national income and product accounts primarily because it omits income received by Federal Government employes overseas

## Nome

-Quarterly estimates for the years 1980-82 are available from the Regional Economic Informa tion System, BE-55, Bureau of Economic Analysis, U.S. Department of Commerce; Washington DC 20230 .
-The quarterly estimates of state personal income were prepared by Isabelle B. Whiston, under the supervision of Robert $L$. Brown.

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The sources of the series are given in Business Statistics: 1984; they appear in the main methodological note for each series, and are also listed alphabetically on pages 143-144. Series originating in Government agencies are not copyrighted and may be reprinted freely. Series from private sources are provided through the courtesy of the compilers, and are subject to their copyrights.

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1984 and methodological notes are as shown in Business Statistics: 1984 | Annual |  | 1985 |  | 1986 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1984 | 1985 | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| PERSONAL INCOME BY SOURCE $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Seasonally adjusted, at annual rates: <br> Total personal income. $\qquad$ bil. \$. | 3,110.2 | 3,314.5 | 3,372.3 | 3,418.0 | 3,417.4 | 3,435.3 | 3,445.1 | 3,486.8 | 3,481.3 | 3,481.9 | 3,490.8 | 3,497.9 | 3,507.9 | r3,518.8 | r3,526.6 | 3,554.8 |
| Wage and salary disbursements, <br> total $\qquad$ do | 1,836.8 | 1,966.1 | 2,010.5 | 2,081.1 | 2,035.7 | 2,044.8 | 2,051.8 | 2,054.9 | 2,058.4 | 2,063.2 | 2,072.0 | 2,083.4 | 2,088.0 | ${ }^{2}, 102.3$ | 「2,112.2 | 2,118.9 |
| total $\qquad$ Commodity-producing industries, $\square$ <br> total $\qquad$ | $1,876.8$ 577.8 | $1,066.1$ 607.7 | 616.7 | $\begin{array}{r}622.6 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}624.2 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $2,044.8$ 621.7 | $2,051.8$ 620.2 | 2,054.9 | 2, 621.6 | 2,63.2 | +619.3 | $2,08.4$ 623.3 | \% 622.7 | $2,102.3$ $-\quad 629.7$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r626.8 } \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $2,118.9$ 629.7 |
| Manufacturing .................... ..............do.... | 439.1 | 460.1 | 466.5 | 471.4 | 471.0 | 470.0 | 470.5 | 468.9 | 469.7 | 467.8 | 468.1 | 471.1 | 470.7 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 4777.3$ | r473.7 | 476.3 |
| Distributive industries ............ ..............do .... | 442.2 | 469.8 | 478.7 | 481.8 | 482.3 | 486.0 | 487.3 | 484.8 | 483.9 | 484.1 | 486.9 | 488.2 | 489.9 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 491.5$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 496.4$ | 494.7 |
| Service industries................... ..............do.... | 470.6 | 516.4 | 532.9 | 541.7 | 543.8 | 549.9 | 555.3 | 557.7 | 560.3 | 565.8 | 569.6 | 573.4 | 574.9 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 578.7$ | r 584.5 | 588.1 |
| Govt. and govt. enterprises ..... ..............do.... | 346.2 | 372.2 | 382.3 | 384.9 | 385.4 | 387.3 | 389.0 | 390.8 | 392.5 | 394.3 | 396.2 | 398.5 | 400.4 | ${ }^{*} 402.4$ | '404.5 | 406.4 |
| Other labor income................... .............do .... | 184.5 | 196.9 | 201.7 | 202.6 | 208.6 | 204.5 | 205.5 | 206.4 | 207.3 | 208.2 | 209.5 | 210.4 | 211.3 | 212.1 | 213.0 | 213.8 |
| Proprietors' income: $\ddagger$ |  | 29.2 |  | 38.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nonfarm .......................................................................... | 205.3 | 225.2 | 232.4 | 234.9 | 237.9 | 241.0 | 243.8 | 547.5 | 249.1 | 252.2 | 18.3 255.4 | 257.5 | 261.0 | r260.4 | r262.1 | 34.0 262.1 |
| Rental income of persons with capital consumption adjustment. | 8.3 | 7.6 | 2.9 | 11.7 | 12.2 | 12.7 | 13.5 | 15.1 | 16.6 | 17.1 | 16.5 | 16.1 | 16.0 | 16.3 | 17.0 | 17.8 |
| Dividends .................................. ..... | 74.7 | 76.4 | 76.8 | 76.9 | 78.0 | 79.2 | 80.0 | 80.8 | 81.1 | 81.5 | 81.7 | 82.1 | 82.3 | 88.4 | 82.7 | 82.9 |
| Personal interest income................. .......................... | 446.9 | 476.2 | 481.0 | 482.2 | 481.4 | 480.7 | 480.4 | 480.5 | 480.1 | 479.8 | 477.2 | 473.7 | 470.4 | r. 868.4 | r466.6 | 465.2 |
| Transfer payments...................... ........................... | 455.6 | 487.1 | 493.5 | 494.5 | 503.4 | 504.2 | 506.5 | 507.9 | 510.7 | 511.8 | 520.3 | 516.5 | 518.7 | r520.5 | r521.4 | 523.1 |
| Less: Personal contributions for social insurance $\qquad$ do.... | 133.5 | 150.2 | 152.7 | 154.0 | 158.0 | 158.7 | 159.1 | 159.2 | 159.9 | 159.3 | 160.2 | 160.9 | 161.1 | 162.0 | 162.6 | 162.9 |
| Total nonfarm income................... ..............do .... | 3,052.2 | 3,261.0 | 3,323.2 | 3,356.9 | 3,371.1 | 3,385.6 | 3,399.5 | 3,411.0 | 3,420.5 | 3,431.7 | 3,449.6 | 3,455.9 | 3,463.7 | r3,477.6 | r3,489.4 | 3,498.0 |
| DISPOSITION OF PERSONAL INCOME + |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Seasonally adjusted, at annual rates:Total personal income.............. ...........bil. \& .. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 3,110.2 | 3,314.5 | 3,372.3 | 3,418.0 | 3,417.4 | 3,435.3 | 3,445.1 | 3,486.8 | 3,481.3 | 3,481.9 | 3,490.8 | 3,497.9 | 3,507.9 | 3,518.8 | r3,526.6 | 3,554.8 |
| Less: Personal tax and nontax payments... | 439.6 | 486.5 | 500.1 | 504.6 | 496.8 | 498.5 | 497.3 | 500.5 | 503.9 | 509.9 | 513.9 | 519.4 | 523.6 | r528.1 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 533.0$ | 535.7 |
| Equals: Disposable personal income............................................... | 2,670.6 | 2,828.0 | 2,872.2 | 2,913.4 | 2,920.7 | 2,936.8 | 2,947.8 | 2,986.3 | 2,977.4 | 2,972.0 | 2,976.9 | 2,978.5 | 2,984:2 | +2,990.8 | +2,993.6 | 3,019.1 |
|  | 2,501,9 | 2,684.7 | 2,743.1 | 2,794.4 | 2,775.7 | 2,794.7 | 2,798.0 | 2,803.0 | 2,825.2 | 2,848.3 | 2,861.9 | 2,884.4 | 2,941.1 | -2,888.0 | 2,905.4 | 2,963.3 |
| Less: Personal outlays.............................do .... | 2,428.2 | 2,600.5 | 2,654.6 | 2,705.0 | 2,684.8 | 2,703.1 | 2,705.9 | 2,710.5 | 2,731.7 | 2,753.8 | 2,766.7 | 2,788.6 | 2,844.0 | '2,789.4 | '2,806.5 | 2,863.8 |
| Personal consumption expenditures........do.... Durable goods............................ | 381.2 | 359.3 | 357.4 | 370.6 | 364.9 | 365.5 | 352.0 | 368.5 | 379.0 | 374.2 | 385.5 | 402.8 | 455.2 | ${ }^{7} 391.3$ | 7386.9 | 434.4 |
| Nondurable goods ................. ..............do.... | 870.1 | 905.1 | 920.7 | 928.4 | 925.4 | 927.6 | 936.1 | 922.1 | 926.6 | 936.4 | 932.3 | 934.9 | 931.2 | r984.3 | T939.4 | 946.4 |
| Services. $\qquad$ | 1,227.0 | 1,336.1 | 1,376.5 | 1,406.0 | 1,394.5 | 1,410.0 | 1,417.8 | 1,419.9 | 1,426.1 | 1,443.3 | 1,448.8 | 1,450.9 | 1,457.6 | ${ }^{1} 1,463,8$ | 「1,480.3 | 1,483.0 |
|  | 72.3 | 82.6 | 86.9 | 87.8 | 89.2 | 90.0 | 90.4 | 91.3 | 92.2 | 93.3 | 94.1 | 94.7 | 96.0 | 97.0 | 97.4 | 98.0 |
| Personal transfer payments to foreigners (net) $\qquad$ do ... | 1.5 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.6 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.7 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| Equals: personal saving $\qquad$ do Personal saving as percentage of disposable personal income §. $\qquad$$\qquad$ percent. | 168.7 | 143.3 | 129.2 | 119.0 | 145.0 | 142.0 | 149.8 | 183.3 | 152.3 | 123.7 | 115.0 | 94.1 | 43.1 | ${ }^{r} 102.8$ | 88.2 | 55.7 |
|  | 6.3 | 5.1 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 4.6 | 5.0 | 14.8 5.3 | 188.3 5.4 | 152.8 5.1 | 12.7 4.4 | 3.7 | 2.8 | 2.7 | - 2.6 | 2.7 |  |
| Disposable personal income in constant (1982) dollars: $\qquad$ bil. | 2,470.6 | 2,528.0 | 2,530.6 | 2,560.3 | 2,558.1 | 2,583.0 | 2,602.6 | 2,639.9 | 2,627.0 | 2,610.5 | 2,612.4 | 2,606.2 | 2,598.3 |  | 2,594.9 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2,598:2 | 2,594.9 |  |
|  | 2,246.3 | 2,324.5 | 2,338.9 | 2,377.1 | 2,351.5 | 2,377.5 | 2,389.0 | 2,396.1 | 2,410.3 | 2,418.9 | 2,427.9 | 2,440.0 | 2,476.2 | ${ }^{+2,423.8}$ | 2,432.7 |  |
| Durable goods .............................. ............................. | 318.9 | 343.9 | 343.0 | 355.2 | 348.7 | 349.2 | 338.4 | 353.0 | 361.7 | 356.6 | 366.3 | 381.0 | 427.4 | ${ }^{2} 371.1$ | 366.1 |  |
| Nondurable goods............................. ...................d....... | 828.6 | 841.6 | 844.9 | 847.9 | 843.7 | 859.5 | 878.8 | 873.8 | 875.9 | 882.2 | 878.5 | 878.5 | 869.4 | r872.2 | 875.5 |  |
| Services $\qquad$ .................. do.... Implicit price deflator for personal consumption expenditures. index, $1982=100$ | 1,098.7 | 1,139.0 | 1,150.9 | 1,174.0 | 1,159.2 | 1,168.8 | 1,171.8 | 1,169.3 | 1,172.7 | 1,180.1 | 1,183.1 | 1,180.5 | 1,179.3 | [1,180.5 | 1,191.1 |  |
|  | 108.1 | 111.9 | 113.5 | 113.8 | 114.2 | 113.7 | 113.3 | 113.1 | $\xrightarrow{113.3}$ | 113.8 | 114.0 | 114.3 | 114.9 | 115.1 | 115.4 |  |
| INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION $\stackrel{\text { P }}{ }$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Federal Reserve Board Index of Quantity Output |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total index ...................................... ... $1977=100 .$. | 121.4 | 123.8 | 124.3 | 121.6 | 122.9 | 124.9 | 123.1 | 123.8 | 123.2 | 126.9 | 123.3 | 127.6 | ${ }^{7} 129.1$ | ${ }^{5} 128.1$ | P125.5 | ${ }^{\text {c }} 122.4$ |
| By industry groupings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mining and utilities..................... .............do .... | 110.9 | 110.0 | 107.6 | 111.8 | 113.1 | 110.8 | 104.5 | 101.1 | 98.5 | 102.1 | 102.1 | 103.8 | ${ }^{\text {r101.9 }}$ | r99.4 | ${ }^{1} 100.7$ | ${ }^{102.7}$ |
| Manufacturing............................... ..............do.... | 123.4 | 126.4 | 127.4 | 123.4 | 124.7 | 127.5 | 126.6 | 128.1 | 127.9 | 131.6 | 127.3 | 132.3 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 134.0$ | ${ } 133.5$ | P130.2 | -126.3 |
| Nondurable manufactures................................................. | 122.3 | 125.1 | 126.7 | 121.9 | 122.8 | 126.4 | 125.4 | 127.9 | 128.8 | 134.7 | 131.5 | 137.7 | ${ }^{1} 138.1$ | r137.0 | -132.6 | -127.6 |
| Durable manufactures ................. .......................... | 124.2 | 127.3 | 127.9 | 124.5 | 126.1 | 128.3 | 127.5 | 128.2 | 127.2 | 129.3 | 124.3 | 128.3 | r131.2 | '181.1 | p128.5 | -125.4 |
| Seasonally Adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total index ....................................... ..............do .... | 121.4 | 123.8 | 124.8 | 125.6 | 126.2 | 125.3 | 123.6 | 124.7 | 124.2 | 124.2 | 124.9 | 125.1 | r124.9 | ${ }^{\prime} 125.3$ | ${ }^{p} 126.0$ | ${ }^{\text {e }} 126.6$ |
| By market groupings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Products, total............................. ..............do .... | 126.7 | 130.8 | 132.8 | 133.0 | 134.0 | 132.9 | 131.2 | 132.7 | 132.4 | 132.4 | 133.2 | 133.8 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 133.3$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 134.0$ | ${ }^{p} 134.5$ | ${ }^{-135.3}$ |
| Final products........................... .......................................................... | 127.3 | 131.1 | 133.1 | 133.2 | 133.9 | 132.8 | 130.6 | 132.1 | 131.6 | 131.1 | 132.0 | 132.6 | r132.2 | 132.7 | ${ }^{\text {P1 } 133.4}$ | -134.2 |
|  | 118.0 | 120.2 | 122.7 | 123.3 | 123.8 | 123.3 | 121.8 | 124.5 | 124.3 | 124.4 | 125.2 | 125.1 | r124.2 | r124.9 | ${ }^{p} 125.8$ | $\bullet 126.9$ |

Data for the series shown in the $S$ (or "blue") pages of the Survey of Current Business are now available on diskette. See page S-36 for details.


| January 1987 |  |  | SUR | IV |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | S－3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below，data through 1984 and methodological notes are as shown in Units Business Statistic： 1984 | Annual |  | 1985 |  | 1986 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1984 | 1985 | Nov． | Dec． | Jan． | Feb． | Mar． | Apr． | May | June | July | Aug． | Sept． | Oct． | Nov． | Dec． |
| GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS－Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| BUSINESS INVENTORIES <br> Mfg．and trade inventories，book value，end of period（unadj．），total $\qquad$ ．．．．．．．．mil．\＄． | 566，119 | 576，673 | 「592，643 | 576，673 | 577，997 | 585，078 | 591，545 | 593，990 | 588，319 | 586，303 | 586，563 | 583，659 | 585，897 | r599，857 | 600，591 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mfg．and trade inventories，book value，end of period（seas．adj．），total ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．mil．\＄．． | 573，434 | 584，005 | －582，707 | ${ }^{\text {r } 583,148 ~}$ | 584，968 | 585，176 | 588，178 | 588，599 | 586，727 | 588，908 | 591，895 | 590，141 | 588，069 | ${ }^{\text {² }} 591,556$ | 590，606 |  |
| Manufacturing，total ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． | 285，709 | 281，884 | 281，993 | 281，884 | 280，357 | 279，236 | 279，571 | 279，358 | 278，352 | 278，410 | 278，613 | 277，473 | 276，574 | ${ }^{\text {T276，007 }}$ | 276，588 |  |
| Durable goods industries．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． <br> Nondurable goods industries ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．． | 191,109 94,600 | $\begin{array}{r}28,89 \\ \hline 189,164 \\ 92 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 2190，284 91,709 | $\begin{array}{r}189,164 \\ 92,720 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 188,518 <br> 91,839 | 187,644 91,592 | 188，333 91,238 | 1888 <br> 91,031 <br> 1 | 187,637 <br> 90,715 | 187,148 91,262 | $\begin{array}{r} 210,010 \\ 186,858 \\ 91,755 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 18,4045 \\ 91,428 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 18,0102 \\ 90,472 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} r_{1} 185,358 \\ { }^{9} 90,649 \end{array}$ | 185,742 90,846 1 |  |
| Retail trade，total \％．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ． | 157，845 | 165，324 | r165，787 | 165，324 | 167，987 | 169，379 | 171，551 | 172，158 | 170，869 | 171，705 | 173，529 | 172，926 | 171，617 | ${ }^{\prime} 176,338$ | 175，181 |  |
| Durable goods stores ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 77，142 | 82，875 | ${ }^{+83,238}$ | 82，875 | 84，755 | 85，863 | 88，132 | 88，263 | 87，198 | －88，281 | 90，271 | 89，380 | 86，578 | ${ }^{\text {r }}$＋0，134 | 89，432 |  |
| Nondurable goods stores．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．．． | 80，703 | 82，449 | ＇82，549 | 82，449 | 83，232 | 83，516 | 83，419 | 83，895 | 83，671 | 83，424 | 83，258 | 83，546 | 85，039 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 86,204$ | 85，749 |  |
| Merchant wholesalers，total $\dagger$ ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． | 131，544 | 135，940 | r134，927 | 135，940 | 136，624 | 136，561 | 137，056 | 137，083 | 137，506 | 138，793 | 139，753 | 139，742 | 139，878 | ${ }^{\text {r } 139,211 ~}$ | 138，837 |  |
| Durable goods establishments ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do | 86，283 | 87，246 | r87，193 | 87，246 | 87，815 | 88，230 | 88，521 | 89，267 | 89，845 | 90，000 | 90，816 | 90，811 | 91，037 | r91，133 | 91，633 | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |
| Nondurable goods establishments．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． | 45，261 | 48，694 | ${ }^{\text {r 47，734 }}$ | 48，694 | 48，809 | 48，331 | 48，535 | 47，816 | 47，661 | 48，793 | 48，937 | 48，931 | 48，841 | ${ }^{\text {r 48，078 }}$ | 47，204 |  |
| Mfg．and trade inventories in constant（1982） dollars，end of period（seas．adj．），total §．．．．bil．\＄．． |  |  | 638.6 | 638.4 | 640.6 | 641.5 |  |  |  |  | 684.4 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing $\qquad$ do |  |  | 325.7 | 325.2 | 323.8 | 323.0 | 323.9 | 324.7 | 324.1 | 324.1 | 324.9 | 323.8 | 322.5 | r321．7 | 322.2 |  |
| Retail trade ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |  | 165.5 | 165.0 | 167.9 | 169.3 | 172.1 | 173.1 | 171.3 | 171.0 | 171.0 | 170.3 | 167.8 | r170．9 | 170.0 |  |
| Merchant wholesalers．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do |  |  | 147.4 | 148.3 | 148.8 | 149.3 | 150.0 | 150.1 | 149.8 | 151.1 | 152.5 | 153.4 | 153.2 | ${ }^{\tau} 152.1$ | 152.5 |  |
| BUSINESS INVENTORY－SALES RATIOS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufacturing and trade，total．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．ratio．． | 1.34 | 1.36 | 1.35 | ${ } 1.35$ | 1.35 | 1.37 | 1.40 | 1.37 | 1.39 | 1.38 | 1.38 | 1.37 | 1.33 | 1.36 | 1.35 |  |
| Manufacturing，total．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． | 1.45 | 1.46 | 1.41 | 1.42 | 1.41 | 1.42 | 1.46 | 1.42 | 1.44 | 1.44 | 1.44 | 1.44 | 1.41 | 1.41 | 1.40 |  |
| Durable goods industries．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． | 1.85 | 1.85 | 1.78 | 1.79 | 1.78 | 1.78 | 1.83 | 1.76 | 1.81 | 1.79 | 1.78 | 1.79 | 1.76 | 1.73 | 1.73 |  |
| Materials and supplies．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． | ． 85 | ． 53 | ． 50 | ． 51 | ． 50 | ． 49 | ． 50 | ． 49 | ． 50 | ． 49 | ． 49 | ． 49 | ． 88 | ． 47 | ． 47 |  |
| Work in process．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．．． | ． 85 | ． 87 | ． 85 | ． 85 | ． 86 | ． 85 | ． 89 | ． 85 | ． 88 | .87 <br> .43 | ． 86 | ． 87 | .86 | r． 84 | .84 |  |
| Nondurable goods industries ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． | 1.03 | 1.02 | ． 98 | ． 99 | ． 99 | 1.01 | 1.08 | 1.02 | 1.01 | 1.02 | 1.04 | ． 1.08 | 1.00 | ． 1.02 | 1.00 |  |
| Materials and supplies．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do | ． 41 | ． 39 | ． 38 | ． 38 | ． 38 | ． 39 | ． 40 | ． 39 | ． 39 | ． 40 | ． 40 | ． 40 | ． 39 | .40 | ． 39 |  |
| Work in process．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ． | ． 16 | ． 16 | ． 16 | ． 16 | ． 15 | ． 16 | .16 | ． 15 | ． 15 | ． 16 | ． 16 | ． 15 | ． 15 | ． 16 | 15 |  |
| Finished goods ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． | 46 | ． 47 | .45 | ． 46 | 45 | ． 46 | ． 48 | ． 47 | .47 | ． 47 | ． 48 | ． 47 | 46 | ${ }^{\text {r }} .46$ | 46 |  |
| Retail trade，total $\ddagger$ ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． | 1.39 | 1.40 | ${ }^{1} 1.44$ | ${ }^{1} 1.42$ | 1.43 | 1.45 | 1.47 | 1.46 | 1.44 | 1.44 | 1.45 | 1.42 | 1.34 | 1.45 | 1.45 |  |
| Durable goods stores ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ． | 1.85 | 1.85 | ${ }^{1} 1.96$ | ${ }^{1} 1.90$ | 1.92 | 1.95 | 2.04 | 1.97 | 1.91 | 1.94 | 1.95 | 1.87 | 1，59 | ${ }^{1.89}$ | 1.91 |  |
| Nondurable goods stores．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． | 1.13 | 1.13 | 1.13 | 1.13 | 1.14 | 1.14 | 1.14 | 1.15 | 1.14 | 1.14 | 1.13 | 1.13 | 1.15 | 1.17 | 1.16 |  |
| Merchant wholesalers，total $\dagger$ ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ． | 1.12 | 1.17 | ${ }^{1} 1.17$ | 1.16 | 1.18 | 1.20 | 1.22 | 1.20 | 1.25 | 1.23 | 1.22 | 1.22 | 1.19 | ${ }^{1} 1.18$ | 1.18 |  |
| Durable goods establishments．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do | 1.62 | 1.67 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 1.64$ | 1.62 | 1.64 | 1.66 | 1.68 | 1.61 | 1.68 | 1.65 | 1.65 | 1.68 | 1.61 | $\begin{array}{r}1.60 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1.61 |  |
| Nondurable goods establishments．．．．．．．．．．．do | .72 | ． 75 | r．77 | ． 77 | ． 78 | ． 80 | 81 | ． 81 | 84 | ． 84 | ． 82 | ． 81 | ． 80 | ${ }^{\text {r }} .79$ | .77 |  |
| Manufacturing and trade in constant（1982） dollars，total §． $\qquad$$\qquad$ |  |  | 1.54 | 1.58 | 1.54 | 1.54 | 1.56 | 1.53 | 1.55 | 1.54 | 1.53 | 1.52 | 1.47 | 1.51 | 1.50 |  |
| Manufacturing．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．． |  |  | 1.71 | 1.72 | 1.71 | 1.71 | 1.74 | 1.69 | 1.71 | 1.72 | 1.71 | 1.70 | 1.69 | r1．68 | 1.66 |  |
| Retail trade．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ． |  |  | 1.50 | 1.47 | 1.50 | 1.50 | 1.51 | 1.51 | 1.48 | 1.47 | 1.48 | 1.44 | 1.35 | 1.47 | 1.47 |  |
| Merchant wholesalers．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．． | 2，274，932 |  | 1.30 | 1.29 | 1.30 | 1.31 | 1.30 | 1.29 | 1.34 | 1.32 | 1.30 | 1.30 | 1.25 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 1.27$ | 1.27 | ．．．．．．．．．．．．． |
| MANUFACTURERS＇SALES，INVENTORIES， AND ORDERS |  | 2，341，220 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipments（not seas．adj），total．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．mil．\＄．． |  |  | 197，448 | 192，213 | 182，163 | 196，648 | 200，540 | 197，446 | 195，769 | 206，929 | 178，616 | 190，795 | 207，008 | 「201，296 | 195，402 |  |
| Durable goods industries，total ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． | 1，182，019 | 1，243，793 | 105，135 | 101，517 | 94，879 | 105，708 | 109，751 | 108，655 | 106，469 | 114，059 | 95，007 | 100，573 | 111，768 | ${ }^{+110,545}$ | 105，256 |  |
| Stone，clay，and glass products．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． | 1，184，993 | －57，255 | 4，682 | 4，162 | 4，409 | 4，563 | 4，841 | 5，171 | 5,108 | 5，363 | 4，824 | 5，066 | －5，396 | r5，277 | 4，872 |  |
| Primary metals．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． | 131，152 | 125，777 | 9，940 | 9，187 | 9，815 | 10，509 | 10，691 | 10，621 | 10，262 | 10，171 | 8，778 | 9，183 | 9，734 | r9，772 | 9，058 |  |
| Blast furnaces，steel mills ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． | 53，836 | 52，519 | 4，081 | 3，945 | 4，153 | 4，369 | 4，299 | 4，342 | 4，180 | 4，216 | 3，781 | 3，543 | 3，756 | r3，828 | 3，461 |  |
| Fabricated metal products ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． | 139，213 | 168，953 | 14，513 | 13，182 | 12，777 | 14，116 | 14，362 | 14，754 | 14，552 | 15，353 | 13，114 | 14，160 | 15，046 | ${ }^{\text {F } 15,037}$ | 13，754 |  |
| Machinery，except electrical．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do | 210，168 | 212，620 | 17，854 | 18，904 | 14，831 | 17，064 | 18，846 | 17，666 | 16，903 | 19，353 | 15，466 | 15，216 | 17，639 | ${ }^{\text {r16，619 }}$ | 16，580 |  |
| Electrical machinery ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．．． | 182，534 | 185，514 | 16，509 | 16，237 | 13，614 | 15，887 | 17，024 | 15，549 | 15，504 | 17，537 | 14，643 | 16，375 | 18，362 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 17,240$ | 17，632 |  |
| Transportation equipment ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． | 288，306 | 313，427 | 26，971 | 25，930 | 25，861 | 28，381 | 27，533 | 28，953 | 28，219 | 29，019 | 23，494 | 24，095 | 28，114 | 「29，316 | 27，377 |  |
| Motor vehicles and parts．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． | 191，493 | 203，371 | 17，783 | 14，177 | 18，180 | 18，891 | 17，879 | 19，478 | 18，574 | 18，830 | 13，968 | 14，949 | 18，404 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 18,919$ | 16，854 |  |
| Instruments and related products．．．．．．．．．．do．．．． | 53，511 | 56，743 | 4，799 | 5，068 | 4，383 | 4，556 | 4，832 | 4，446 | 4，569 | 5，023 | 4，363 | 4，650 | 4，942 | ＇4，959 | 4，885 |  |
| Nondurable goods industries，total．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． | 1，092，913 | 1，097，427 | 92，313 | 90，696 | 87，284 | 90，940 | 90，789 | 88，791 | 89，300 | 92，870 | 83，609 | 90，222 | 95，240 | r90，751 | 90，146 |  |
| Food and kindred products ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． | 295，050 | 296，142 | 25，038 | 24，559 | 23，672 | 25，008 | 25，646 | 24，635 | 25，708 | 26，698 | 24，971 | 26，268 | 28，307 | 「27，172 | 26，581 |  |
| Tobacco products．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． | 16，918 | 20，606 | 1，854 | 2，274 | 990 | 1，627 | 2，069 | 1，542 | 1，985 | 2，331 | 1，373 | 1，882 | 2，013 | 1，508 | 2，052 |  |
| Textile mill products．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． | 55，078 | 52，627 | 4，513 | 4，220 | 3，959 | 4，443 | 4，708 | 4，454 | 4，328 | 4，814 | 3，925 | 4，825 | 5，067 | 「5，002 | 4，669 |  |
| Paper and allied products．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． | 95，944 | 97，565 | 7，900 | 7，851 | 8，422 | 8，906 | 8，819 | 8，989 | 8，886 | 9，532 | 8，821 | 9，485 | 9，704 | －9，479 | 9，227 |  |
| Chemical and allied products．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． | 211,833 | 214，345 | 16，600 | 17，498 | 17，496 | 18，403 | 18，565 | 19，016 | 17，912 | 18，508 | 16，195 | 17，593 | 18，767 | 「17，161 | 17，036 |  |
| Petroleum and coal products．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． | 200，588 | 194，030 | 16，981 | 16，960 | 15，578 | 13，721 | 12，320 | 12，029 | 12，573 | 11，643 | 10，731 | 11，023 | 11，006 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 10,306$ | 11，158 |  |
| Rubber and plastics products ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． | 52，147 | 48，246 | 4，018 | 3，574 | 3，731 | 3，976 | 3，926 | 4，078 | 4，036 | 4，315 | 3，619 | 3，925 | 4，250 | ${ }^{+} 4,257$ | 3，991 |  |
| Shipments（seas．adj），total：．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． |  |  | 200，131 | 199，084 | 198，716 | 196，274 | 191，051 | 196，132 | 193，068 | 193，642 | 193，294 | 193，305 | 196，281 | r196，202 | 198，232 |  |
| By industry group： Durable gods industries，total \＃．．．．．．．．．．do．．． |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | 105，777 | 105，631 | 105，545 | 102，693 |  | 108，672 |  | 104，980 | 104，154 | 106，027 | ＇107，443 | 107，185 | ． |
| Primary metals．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． |  |  | 10，513 | 4,773 10263 | 5,209 10119 | 4,901 10,159 | ${ }_{9,783}^{4,784}$ | 5，108 | ${ }_{9}^{4,942}$ | 4,873 <br> 9,484 | ${ }_{9,646}^{4,876}$ | 4,760 9,358 | 4，941 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \hline \\ \hline 9,978 \\ \hline 9,770\end{array}$ | 4,9689,579 | ． |
|  |  |  |  | 10，263 | 10，119 | 10，159 | 9,833 | 10，122 | 9，852 | 9，484 | 9，646 | 9,358 3,638 | 9,644 3,833 |  |  | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |
| Blast furnaces，steel mills ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． |  |  | 14，878 | 4，326 | 4，246 | 4，173 | 3，926 | 4，123 | 4，066 | 3，886 | 4，146 | 3，638 | 3，833 | ＇3，890 | 3，662 |  |
| Fabricated metal products ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． |  |  |  | 14,23217,622 | 14，466 | 14，300 | 18，733 | 14,55317,932 | 14，145 | 14，199 | 14，044 | 13，910 | 14，266 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 14,397$ | 14，092 | ．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |
| Machinery，except electrical．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． |  |  | 18，161 |  |  |  | 17，377 |  | 16，784 | 17，535 | 17，111 | 16，433 | 16，597 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 16,750$ |  |  |
| Electrical machinery ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． |  |  |  | 16，338 | 14，841 | 15,81927,962 | 16，187 | $\begin{aligned} & 17,3059 \\ & 15,539 \\ & 27,517 \end{aligned}$ | 15,52026,610 | 16,31625,887 | 16,172 <br> 27,297 <br> 1687 | $\begin{aligned} & 10,400 \\ & 166883 \\ & 26,855 \end{aligned}$ | 17,25827,08217, | r16，909 r2834 | 17，627 |  |
| Transportation equipment．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．． |  |  | 27,283 <br> 18,120 | 27，931$\mathbf{1 7 , 4 2 8}$ | 28，520 |  | 25，03016,112 |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { r28,334 } \\ & r_{17,720} \end{aligned}$ | 27,74317,229 | －．．．．．．．．．．．． |
| Motor vehicles and parts．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． |  |  |  |  | 19，448 | 18，461 |  | $\begin{aligned} & 27,517 \\ & 18,080 \end{aligned}$ | 26，610 <br> 16,992 | －25，887 | 16，884 | 16，970 | 17，777 |  |  | $\ldots$ |
| Instruments and related products．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．． |  |  |  | 4，908 | 4，842 | 4，696 | 4，591 |  | 4，648 | 4，680 | 4，755 | 4，727 | 4，568 | ＇4，823 | 4，867 |  |
| Nondurable goods industries，total \＃．．．．．do ．．．．Food and kindred products ．．．．．．．．．．．．do |  |  | $\begin{gathered} 4,899 \\ 93,124 \end{gathered}$ | 93，307 | 93，085 | 90，729 | 88，358 | 4,613 8954 | 89，396 | 89，089 | 88，314 | 89，151 | 90，254 | r88，759 | 91，047 |  |
|  |  |  | 25，241 | 24，732 | 25，817 | 24，933 | 24，764 | 25，279 | 25，791 | 25，490 | 26，420 | 26，286 | 26，552 | ＇26，469 | 26，782 |  |
| Tobaceo products．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．． |  |  | 1，841 | 2，117 | 1，089 | 1，800 | 2，155 | 1，570 | 2，057 | 2，127 | 1，491 | 1，781 | 1，815 | 1，486 | 2，038 |  |
| Textile mill products ．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． |  |  | 4，643 | 4，494 | 4，551 | 4，452 | 4，299 | 4，487 | 4,255 | 4，398 | 4,592 | 4,618 | 4，693 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 4,793$ | 4，801 |  |
| Paper and allied products．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． |  |  | 8，194 | 8，390 | 8,687 | 8，637 | 8，462 | 8，917 | 8,853 | 9，125 | 9，317 | 9，299 | 9，515 |  | 9，583 |  |
| Chemicals and allied products．．．．．．．．．．．．．do．．． |  |  | 17，604 | 17，994 | 18，403 | 18，185 | 17，068 | 18，363 | 17，273 | 17，346 | 17，635 | 18，060 | 17，949 | ${ }^{\text {r } 17,903}$ | 18，067 |  |
| Petroleum and coal products．．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． |  |  | 16，961 | 16，728 | 15，729 | 13，955 | 12，798 | 12，344 | 12，629 | 11，278 | 10，677 | 10，880 | 10，718 | ${ }^{\text {＇10，203 }}$ | 11，146 |  |
| Rubber and plastics products ．．．．．．．．．．．．do ．．．． |  |  | 4，131 | 4，020 | 4，049 | 4，005 | 3，921 | 4，016 | 4，044 | 4，002 | 3，759 | 3，804 | 3，984 | ＇3，995 | 4，103 |  |

Data for the series shown in the $S$（or＂blue＂）pages of the
Survey of Current Business are now available on diskette．
See page S－36 for details．


\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1984 and methodological notes are as shown in Business Statistics: 1984} \& \multicolumn{2}{|l|}{Annual} \& \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{1985} \& \multicolumn{12}{|c|}{1986} \\
\hline \& 1984 \& 1985 \& Nov. \& Dec. \& Jan. \& Feb. \& Mar. \& Apr. \& May \& June \& July \& Aug. \& Sept. \& Oct. \& Nov. \& Dee. \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|c|}{GENERAL BUSINESS INDICATORS-Continued} \\
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|l|}{MANUFACTURERS' SALES, INVENTORIES, AND ORDERS-Continued} \\
\hline Unfilled orders, end of period (unadjusted), total. \& 352,940 \& 361,360 \& 355,178 \& 361,360 \& 367,685 \& 372,392 \& 377,718 \& 374,866 \& 370,886 \& 365,557 \& 364,405 \& 360,596 \& 361,909 \& r360,001 \& 360,465 \& \\
\hline Durable goods industries, total ....... ................do.... \& 343,026 \& 350,891 \& 345,114 \& 350,891 \& 357,046 \& 361,493 \& 366,777 \& 363,870 \& 359,816 \& 354,703 \& 353,438 \& 349,861 \& 350,838 \& r348,916 \& 349,468 \& \\
\hline Nondurable goods industries with unfilled orders \(\ddagger\) \(\qquad\) do.... \& 9,914 \& 10,469 \& 10,064 \& 10,469 \& 10,639 \& 10,899 \& 10,941 \& 10,996 \& 11,070 \& 10,854 \& 10,967 \& 10,735 \& 11,071 \& \({ }^{\prime} 11,085\) \& 10,997 \& \\
\hline Unfilled orders, end of period (seasonally adjusted) total \(\qquad\) mil. \$.. \& 355,640 \& 363,809 \& 361,680 \& 363,809 \& 366,226 \& 368,511 \& 370,456 \& 367,475 \& 366,529 \& 364,682 \& 365,948 \& 365,479 \& 368,597 \& r364,897 \& 367,086 \& \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
By industry group: \\
Durable goods industries, total \#................do....
\end{tabular}} \& 355,640 \& 353,036 \& 351,682 \& 363,009 \& 366,206 \& 368,511 \& 37,406 \& 367,475 \& 366,529 \& 364,682 \& 365,948 \& 3654803 \& 308,597 \& r364,85 \& 367,086 \& \\
\hline \& 345,443
19,100 \& 353,036
19,747 \& - \({ }^{351,282}\) \& 353,036
19 \& 355,599
20,224 \& 357,599
20,679 \& 359,588
20,608

2, \& 356,743
20,111 \& 355,695
19,090 \& 353,872
18,929 \& 355,112
18,343 \& 354,803
19,230 \& 357,499

19,428 \&  \& $$
\begin{array}{r}
355,713 \\
19,293
\end{array}
$$ \& <br>

\hline | Blast furnaces, steel mills ... .......................... |
| :--- |
| Nonferrous and other pri- | \& 19,660

$\mathbf{8 , 6 6}$ \& - ${ }_{\text {9,191 }}$ \& 19,981
$\mathbf{9 , 4 3 2}$ \& - ${ }^{19,191}$ \& 20,24
9,173 \& 20,516 \& 20,700
9 \& $\underset{9,495}{ }$ \& 19,872
8,872 \& -8,808 \& 18,343
8,340 \& 19,230
9,190 \& 19,989
$\mathbf{9 , 5 6 9}$ \& ${ }^{7} 9,356$ \& 19,411 \& <br>
\hline Nonferrous and other primary metals. $\qquad$ do.... \& 7,444 \& 7,064 \& 6,951 \& 7,064 \& 7,422 \& 7,511 \& 7,212 \& 6,745 \& 6,296 \& 6,222 \& 6,200 \& 6,156 \& 5,977 \& '5,955 \& 6,015 \& <br>
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Fabricated metal products...... ..............do...} \& 21,651 \& 20,414 \& 20,500 \& 20,414 \& 20,274 \& 20,248 \& 19,656 \& 19,756 \& 19,635 \& 19,434 \& 19,383 \& 19,175 \& 18,960 \& ${ }^{\text {r } 18,780}$ \& 19,004 \& <br>
\hline \& 61,328 \& 59,407 \& 60,834 \& 59,407 \& 58,246 \& 59,584 \& 58,288 \& 57,156 \& 56,813 \& 56,166 \& 56,288 \& 56,458 \& 56,384 \& ${ }^{5} 54,865$ \& 55,056 \& <br>
\hline Machinery, except electrical... ............................ \& 78,868 \& 82,339 \& 82,380 \& 82,339 \& 82,844 \& 82,729 \& ${ }^{83,608}$ \& 83,536 \& 82,666 \& 84,263 \& 85,044 \& 84,113 \& 84,527 \& r
r1,4,701 \& 88,946 \& <br>
\hline Transportation equipment........ ...................do..... \& 147,596 \& 154,122 \& 151,022 \& 154,122 \& 156,604 \& 157,100 \& 160,566 \& 159,546 \& 160,869 \& 158,513 \& 159,575 \& 159,424 \& 161,306 \& '159,087 \& 161,616 \& <br>
\hline parts ................................ ..............do \& 119,920 \& 130,785 \& 126,867 \& 130,785 \& 134,093 \& 134,871 \& 135,647 \& 134,934 \& 136,851 \& 134,229 \& 134,705 \& 135,067 \& 136,877 \& ${ }^{\text {r } 134,782 ~}$ \& 138,536 \& <br>
\hline Nondurable goods industries with unfilled orders $\qquad$ \& 10,197 \& 10,773 \& 10,398 \& 10,773 \& 10,627 \& 10,912 \& 10,868 \& 10,732 \& 10,834 \& 10,810 \& 10,836 \& 10,676 \& 11,098 \& '11,272 \& 11,373 \& <br>
\hline By market category: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Home goods and apparel $\qquad$ do ... Consumer staples do \& 4,562 \& 4,202 \& 4,366 \& 4,202 \& 4,681
710 \& 4,679
756 \& 4,685
849 \& 4,572

875 \& | 4,327 |
| :---: |
| 837 | \& 4,214 \& 4,033

776 \& 4,157 727 \& 4,382 \&  \& 4,653
728 \& <br>
\hline Equip. and defense prod., excl......... ..............do .... \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline auto $\qquad$

$\qquad$ do... \& \[
$$
\begin{array}{r}
219,947 \\
\mathbf{6}, 287
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
228,264 \\
5,377
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
226,480 \\
5,729
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
228,264 \\
5,377
\end{array}
$$
\] \& 229,245

5,400 \& 229,420
5,625 \& 231,471

5,985 \& $$
\left.\begin{array}{r}
230,543 \\
5,871
\end{array} \right\rvert\,
$$ \& \[

\left.$$
\begin{array}{r}
230,818 \\
5,657
\end{array}
$$ \right\rvert\,

\] \& \[

\left.$$
\begin{array}{r}
230,562 \\
5,669
\end{array}
$$ \right\rvert\,

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
232,532 \\
5,552
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
232,402 \\
5,254
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
233,140 \\
5,239
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
229,584 \\
r_{5,469}
\end{array}
$$

\] \& \[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
230,945 \\
5,392
\end{array}
$$
\] \& <br>

\hline Construction materials, supplies, and intermediate products.. \& 12,640 \& 12,418 \& 12,220 \& 12,418 \& 12,468 \& 12,658 \& 12,088 \& 11,958 \& 11,998 \& 11,888 \& 11,967 \& 11,859 \& 11,763 \& ${ }^{5} 11,616$ \& 11,418 \& <br>
\hline Other materials, supplies, and intermediate products. do ... \& 111,555 \& 112,797 \& 112,144 \& 112,797 \& 113,722 \& 115,373 \& 115,428 \& 113,656 \& 112,892 \& 111,578 \& 111,088 \& 111,080 \& 113,390 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 112,999$ \& 113,955 \& <br>
\hline Supplementary series: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Household durables .................... ..............do .... \& ${ }_{263,713}^{4,155}$ \& 275,749 \& - ${ }^{3,940}$ \& 3,749
275,320 \& 277,573 \& 279,265 \& 281,869 \& 279,860 \& 280,367 \& 278,834 \& 280,875 \& 280,604 \& 282,896 \& r279,079 \& 281,525 \& <br>
\hline Nondefense ............................... .-................do..... \& 133,938 \& 133,823 \& 131,887 \& 133,823 \& 132,759 \& 134,832 \& 134,068 \& 132,892 \& 132,455 \& 131,633 \& 131,600 \& 130,641 \& 131,782 \& r130,972 \& 131,714 \& <br>
\hline Defense .................................. .............do .... \& 129,775 \& 141,497 \& 142,288 \& 141,497 \& 144,814 \& 144,433 \& 147,801 \& 146,968 \& 147,912 \& 147,201 \& 149,275 \& 149,963 \& 151,114 \& '148,107 \& 149,811 \& <br>
\hline BUSINESS INCORPORATIONS © \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline New incorporations (50 States and Dist. Col.): Unadjusted $\qquad$ \& 634,991 \& 668,904 \& 51,015 \& 57,958 \& 60,497 \& 55,750 \& \& \& \& 59,227 \& 58,598 \& 52,554. \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Seasonally adjusted............................ ........................... \& \& \& 57,320 \& 57,785 \& 57,452 \& 61,062 \& 59,020 \& 59,880 \& 55,886 \& 56,894 \& 57,789 \& 55,672 \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL
FAILURES © \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Failures, total .................................. .......number .. \& 52,078 \& 57,067 \& 5,776 \& 4,168 \& 5,563 \& 4,839 \& 4,992 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Commercial service........................ .............do.... \& 12,787 \& 16,626 \& 1,763 \& 1,361 \& 1,797 \& 1,528 \& 1,542 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Construction................................. .............do ... \& 6,936 \& 6,956 \& 701 \& 491 \& 654 \& 606 \& 555 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Manufacturing and mining............ .............do .... \& 5,759 \& 5,647 \& 585 \& 413 \& 513 \& 434 \& 495 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Retail trade .................................. ..............do .... \& 13,787 \& 13,418 \& 1,331 \& 923 \& 1,336 \& 1,157 \& 1,143 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Wholesale trade.........i.................. .............do .... \& 4,882 \& 4,815 \& 473 \& 366 \& 428 \& 372 \& 432 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Liabilities (current), total................. ...........mil. \$.. \& 29,268.6 \& 33,375.9 \& 5,026.9 \& 1,707.8 \& 3,590.4 \& 3,518.2 \& 2,746.6 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Commercial service....................... .............do .... \& 4,058.1 \& 7,091.8 \& 1,781.8 \& 267.9 \& 1,395.3 \& 568.0 \& 530.8 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Construction................................ .............do .... \& 1,651.4 \& 2,028.3 \& 290.8 \& 249.7 \& 202.6 \& 130.8 \& 135.0 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Manufacturing and mining............ ..............do.... \& 5,954.3 \& 7,651.5 \& 1,350.3 \& 346.0 \& 596.8 \& 1,383.8 \& 856.8 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Retail trade .................................. ..............do ... \& 2,385.4 \& 2,838.2 \& 218.5 \& 181.7 \& 257.7 \& 200.8 \& 301.0 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Wholesale trade............................. .............do .... \& 3,567.8 \& 2,897.8 \& 503.9 \& 199.2 \& 109.2 \& 239.3 \& 184.4 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Failure annual rate (seasonally adjusted) \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

| COMMODITY PRICES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PRICES RECEIVED AND PAID BY |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prices received, all farm products...... $1910-14=100 .$. | 650 | 586 | 578 | 583 | 567 | 557 | 557 | 551 | 560 | 554 | 569 | 573 | 558 | 554 | ${ }^{5} 567$ | 553 |
| Crops \# ....................................... ...............do .... | 600 | 520 | 495 | 509 | 489 | 478 | 482 | 492 | 493 | 471 | 455 | 437 | 419 | 419 | -442 | 430 |
| Commercial vegetables............... .............do .... | 673 | 638 | 661 | 865 | 685 | 581 | 626 | 734 | 719 | 574 | 584 | 609 | 640 | 647 | ${ }^{7} 720$ | 624 |
| Cotton ................................... ..............do.... | 554 | 472 | 473 | 450 | 447 | 468 | 464 | 476 | 480 | 476 | 495 | 399 | 400 | 398 | ${ }^{7} 447$ | 468 |
| Feed grains and hay ................... .............do.... | 459 | 385 | 345 | 358 | 361 | 357 | 356 | 358 | 371 | 347 | 307 | 274 | 243 | 240 | 250 | 253 |
| Food grains................................ .............do .... | 394 | 365 | 368 | 370 | 365 | 360 | 372 | 370 | 331 | 276 | 251 | 248 | 250 | 253 | ${ }^{2} 266$ | 265 |
| Fruit......................................... .............do .... | 746 | 678 | 698 | 644 | 591 | 569 | 556 | 540 | 583 | 655 | 609 | 663 | 641 | 673 | ${ }^{7} 702$ | 629 |
| Tobacco.................................... .............do.... | 1,484 | 1,496 | 1,418 | 1,417 | 1,423 | 1,411 | 1,386 | 1,379 | 1,374 | 1,374 | 1,374 | 1,243 | 1,321 | 1,265 | 1,273 | 1,273 |
| Livestock and products \# .............. ..............do .... | 701 | 654 | 665 | 661 | 649 | 640 | 635 | 612 | 630 | 641 | 689 | 715 | 705 | 697 | 699 | 681 |
| Dairy products ........................... ........................ | 823 | 779 | 771 | 771 | 764 | 759 | 746 | 734 | 734 | 728 | 734 | 746 | 777 | 801 | 820 | 820 |
| Meat animals ............................ .............do ... | 854 | 802 | 805 | 802 | 794 | 787 | 769 | 742 | 777 | 798 | 857 | 887 | 874 | 848 | ${ }^{\prime} 848$ | 832 |
| Poultry and eggs ........................ .............do .... | 308 | 271 | 304 | 297 | 278 | 265 | 284 | 263 | 266 | 271 | 322 | 345 | 314 | 318 | 310 | 283 |
| Prices paid: ${ }_{\text {Production }}$ items |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production items .......................... .............do.... | 897 | 873 | 862 | 860 | 866 | 862 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 844 |  |  | 840 |  |  | 828 |  |  |
| All commodities and services, interest, taxes, and wage rates (parity index)...... $1910-14=100$.. | 1,130 | 1,121 | 1,116 | 1,116 | 1,121 | 1,119 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 1,108 |  |  | 1,109 |  |  | 1,103 |  |  |
| Parity ratio §.................................. .............do .... | 58 | 52 | 52 | 52 | 51 | 50 | ${ }^{(2)}$ | 50 |  |  | 50 |  |  | 50. |  |  |
| CONSUMER PRICES <br> (U.S. Department of Labor Indexes) Not Seasonally Adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ALL ITEMS, WAGE EARNIERS AND |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (CPI-W)..................................... ... $1967=100 .$. | 307.6 | 318.5 | 322.6 | 323.4 | 324.3 | 323.2 | 321.4 | 320.4 | 321.4 | 323.0 | 322.9 | 323.4 | 324.9 | 325.0 | 325.4 | 325.7 |
| ALL ITEMS, ALL URBAN CONSUMERS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (CPI-U)................................ ...1967 $=100$. | 311.1 | 322.2 | 326.6 | 327.4 | 328.4 | 327.5 | 326.0 | 325.3 | 326.3 | 327.9 | 328.0 | 328.6 | 330.2 | 330.5 | 330.8 | 331.1 |
| Special group indexes: All items less shelter................ .............do.... | 295.1 | 303.9 | 307.2 | 307.9 | 308.8 | 307.4 | 305.2 | 303.6 | 304.7 | 306.5 | 306.1 | 306.4 | 307.9 | 307.8 | 308.0 | 308.3 |
| All items less food.......................... .................do..... | 311.3 | 323.3 | 328.5 | 328.9 | 329.5 | 328.5 | 326.6 | 325.7 | 326.7 | 328.6 | 328.0 | 328.1 | 330.0 | 330.2 | 3380.4 | 330.6 |
| All items less medical care ........ ..............do.... | 307.3 | 317.7 | 321.9 | 322.6 | 323.4 | 322.2 | 320.5 | 319.7 | 320.6 | 322.2 | 322.1 | 322.6 | 324.2 | 324.4 | 324.5 | 324.8 |

[^19] Survey of Current Business are now available on diskette. See page S-36 for details.



Data for the series shown in the S (or "blue") pages of the Survey of Current Business are now available on diskette.

See page S-36 for details.


\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \multicolumn{17}{|c|}{DOMESTIC TRADE} \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
ADVERTISING \\
Magazine advertising (Leading National Advertisers): \\
Cost, total \(\qquad\) mill \$.
\end{tabular}} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{4,668.0} \&  \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \\
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Apparel and accessories ............. ..............do............. \& 473.5 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Automotive, incl. accessories .................................................... \& 473.5
68.7 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \multirow[b]{3}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Foods, soft drinks, confection- \\
ery \(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\) do...
\end{tabular}} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{463.6
334.9} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{242.1} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
Beer, wine, liquors \\
Houshold equip., supplies, fur- \(\qquad\) nishings \(\qquad\) do ....
\end{tabular}} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \& 48.0 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{Soaps, cleansers, etc ........................ ....................do.....} \& 34.6 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\(2,148.5\)} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline All other........................................ ............................ \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \multirow[b]{3}{*}{2,073} \& \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& \& \\
\hline Newspaper advertising expenditures (Newspaper Advertising Bureau, Inc.): \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{25,170} \& \multirow{5}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
2,402 \\
708 \\
335 \\
1,358
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{2,280} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{1,862} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{1,902} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{2,220} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{2,259} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{2,306} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{2,321} \& \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{2,309} \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Total........................................... ...........mil. \$.. \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Classified.................................. .............do.... \& 7,657
3,081 \& \begin{tabular}{l}
8,376 \\
3,352 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& \& \({ }_{564}^{573}\) \& \begin{tabular}{l}
677 \\
266 \\
\hline
\end{tabular} \& \(\begin{array}{r}671 \\ 255 \\ \hline\end{array}\) \& 781
291 \& 793
294 \& 799
304 \& 839
309 \& 794
227 \& 860
258 \& \& \& \& \\
\hline  \& 3,081
12,784 \& 8,352
13,443 \& \& 1,442 \& 266
919 \& 255
975 \& 291
1,147 \& 294
1,172 \& 304
1,203 \& 309
1,178 \& 1,053
1 \& 1,191 \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\begin{tabular}{l}
WHOLESALE TRADE \(\dagger\) \\
Merchant wholesalers sales (unadj), total. \\
Durable goods establishments..................................... \(\qquad\) \\
Nondurable goods establishments.
\(\qquad\)
\(\qquad\) do ...
\(\qquad\)
\end{tabular}} \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \& \multirow[b]{3}{*}{\(1,360,853\)
609,210
751,643} \& 1,373,926 \& 113,874 \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
116,941 \\
52,658
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
112,335 \\
50,115
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\[
\left.\begin{array}{r}
102,577 \\
47,324
\end{array} \right\rvert\,
\]} \& \multirow{3}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
113,986 \\
53,148
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
115,789 \\
56,202
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
114,902 \\
55,285
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
114,570 \\
56,071
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
115,361 \\
56,057
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
111,946 \\
53,897
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
118,531 \\
57,941
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\({ }^{r} 124,768\)} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{113,389
54,355} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{} \\
\hline \& \& 626,749 \& 52,393 \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \& \& 747,177 \& 61,481 \& 64,288 \& 62,220 \& 55,253 \& \& 59,587 \& 59,617 \& 58,499 \& 59,304 \& 58,049 \& 60,590 \& \({ }^{\text {'62,893 }}\) \& 59,034 \& \\
\hline Merchant wholesalers inventories, book value, end of period (unadj.), total \(\qquad\) \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
132,733 \\
86,024 \\
46,709
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
137,139 \\
86,984 \\
50,155
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
136,376 \\
87,019 \\
49,357
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
137,139 \\
86,984 \\
50,155
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
137,103 \\
86,586 \\
50,517
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
137,385 \\
87,701 \\
49,684
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
138,407 \\
88,610 \\
49,797
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
138,205 \\
89,624 \\
48,581
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
136,087 \\
89,665 \\
46,422
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
137,340 \\
90,450
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
137,684 \\
90,998
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
137,331 \\
90,993
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
139,365 \\
92,038
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\left|\begin{array}{r}
r \\
r 90,360 \\
r 91,224
\end{array}\right|
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
140,120 \\
91,358
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{......} \\
\hline Durable goods establishments........ .............do.... \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Nondurable goods establishments. ...............do....
RETAIL TRADE \(\ddagger\) \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 46,890 \& 46,686 \& 46,338 \& 47,327 \& \({ }^{\text {r }} 49,136\) \& 48,762 \& \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
All retail stores: \\
Estimated sales (unadj.), total ........ ............mil. \$..
\end{tabular} \& ,293,062 \& 1,373,941 \& 118,060 \& 138,646 \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
105,642 \\
38,985
\end{array}
\]} \& 99,661 \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
114,236 \\
42,843
\end{array}
\]} \& 115,710 \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
125,421 \\
49,856
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
120,351 \\
48,810
\end{array}
\]} \& 120,736 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
124,059 \\
48,702
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
124,645 \\
54,332
\end{array}
\]} \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\left|\begin{array}{r}
r_{121,091} \\
r_{44,033}
\end{array}\right|
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
1 \\
150,829 \\
155,443
\end{array}
\]} \\
\hline Durable goods stores \# ............. .............do .... \& 465,798 \& 514,207 \& 41,120 \& 46,346 \& \& 37,469 \& \& 46,098 \& \& \& 48,228 \& \& \& \[
{ }^{2} 48,012
\] \& \& \\
\hline Building materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers......mil. \(\$\). \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
69,488 \\
278,534
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
74,062 \\
312,793
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
41,120 \\
6,236 \\
23,103
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
5,993 \\
23,093
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
5,393 \\
23,811
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
4,996 \\
23,328
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
6,401 \\
26,241
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
7,702 \\
28,242
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
8,129 \\
30,576
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
8,128 \\
29,740
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
8,033 \\
29,001
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
7,780 \\
29,236
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{7,780
\(\mathbf{3 5 , 1 0 1}\)} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{r7,985
\(\times 28,187\)} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
r 6,877 \\
r 24,335
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
16,836 \\
+29,310
\end{array}
\]} \\
\hline Automotive dealers ................ ..............do .... \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline Furniture, home furnishings, and equipment \(\qquad\) do... \& 61,843 \& 68,112 \& 6,406 \& 8,102 \& 5,565 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
5,101 \\
62,192
\end{array}
\]} \& 5,717 \& 5,684 \& 6,094 \& 6,089 \& 6,360 \& 6,512 \& 6,414 \& \({ }^{\text {r } 6,652}\) \& '6,937 \& \({ }^{19,025}\) \\
\hline \multirow[t]{4}{*}{} \& 827,264 \& 859,734 \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{76,940
16422
24,297} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& 92,300 \\
\& 24,720 \\
\& 0
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
\mathbf{6 6 , 6 5 7} \\
9,383
\end{array}
\]} \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& 71,393 \\
\& 12,661
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& 69,612 \\
\& 12,498
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& 75,565 \\
\& 14,017
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& 71,541 \\
\& 12,755
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& 72,508 \\
\& 12,245
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& 75,357 \\
\& 13,922
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& 70,313 \\
\& 12,540
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& 75,043 \\
\& r_{13,761}
\end{aligned}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& 77,058 \\
\& \mathbf{r} \\
\& \mathbf{r} 16,567
\end{aligned}
\]} \& 195,386 \\
\hline \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[
\begin{array}{r}
152,913 \\
r_{270,430} \\
\mathbf{9 9 , 4 6 4}
\end{array}
\]} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{159,456
282,198} \& \& \& \& \[
\begin{array}{r}
62,192 \\
9,550
\end{array}
\] \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{125,759

126,667
17016} <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& 25,409 \& 23,948 \& 21,813 \& 24,213 \& 23,354 \& 25,635 \& 24,206 \& 25,459 \& 25,207 \& 23,662 \& ${ }^{+25,101}$ \& ${ }^{\text {r } 24,656 ~}$ \& <br>
\hline \& \& 100,767 \& 8,285 \& 8,618 \& 8,067 \& 7,122 \& 7,173 \& 6,941 \& 7,442 \& 7,451 \& 7,390 \& 7,110 \& 6,873 \& г7,022 \& ${ }^{7} 6798$ \& ${ }^{1} 7,016$ <br>
\hline Apparel and accessory stores.. ..............do .... \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{65,103 124,541 43,174

18,157} \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{| 69,673 |
| :--- |
| 131,035 46,014 17,802 |} \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
6,809 \\
10,754 \\
3,832 \\
1,544 \\
\hline
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
9,783 \\
10,728 \\
5,186 \\
2,077
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
4,694 \\
10,338 \\
3,828 \\
1,363
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 4,401 \\
& 9,826 \\
& 3,619 \\
& 1,242
\end{aligned}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
6,128 \\
11,309 \\
3,997 \\
1,395
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
5,737 \\
11,663 \\
3,865 \\
1,366
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
6,313 \\
12,377 \\
4,18 \\
1,496
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
\mathbf{5 , 6 8 0} \\
12,250 \\
3,994 \\
1,489
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
5,533 \\
12,648 \\
4,080 \\
1,563
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{3}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
6,606 \\
13,140 \\
4,060
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
5,999 \\
11,849 \\
3,899 \\
1,387
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
r_{6,349} \\
r_{612,47}^{12,47} \\
r_{4}, 101 \\
r_{1}, 460
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
7,057 \\
r \\
r \\
r 4,658 \\
1,046 \\
1,488
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& \multirow[t]{4}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
{ }^{2} 10,550 \\
{ }^{2} 11,856 \\
{ }^{1} 5,736
\end{array}
$$
\]} <br>

\hline Eating and drinking places..... ..............do.... \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Drug and proprietary stores ... ..............do.... \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline Liquor stores .......................... ..............do .... \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& 1,518 \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline Estimated sales (seas. adj.), total... ..............do .... \& \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{$$
\begin{array}{r}
r_{115,354} \\
{ }^{4} 42,560
\end{array}
$$} \& r116,743 \& 117,349 \& 117,200 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[

$$
\begin{array}{r}
116,684 \\
43,279
\end{array}
$$

\]} \& 117,715 \& 118,675 \& 118,960 \& 119,804 \& 121,523 \& 128,331 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 121,655$ \& \[

{ }^{\prime} 120,987
\] \& ${ }^{1} 126,255$ <br>

\hline Durable goods stores \# ............. ..............do.... \& \& \& \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 43,639$ \& 44,187 \& 43,949 \& \& 44,874 \& 45,554 \& 45,596 \& 46,312 \& 47,912 \& 54,617 \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 47,679$ \& ${ }^{\text {r }} 46,706$ \& ${ }^{1} 51,447$ <br>
\hline Bldg. materials, hardware, garden supply, and mobile home dealers \#........mil. \$. \& \& \& 「6,471 \& '6,634 \& 6,925 \& 6,908 \& 7,143 \& 7,384 \& 6,947 \& 6,998 \& 7,080 \& 7,205 \& 7,350 \& '7,317 \& 7,223 \& ${ }^{\text {17,351 }}$ <br>
\hline Building materials and \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline supply stores.................... ...............do .... \& \& \& ${ }^{\text {r }}$, 6,674 \& -4,893 \& 5,121 \& 5,053 \& 5,121 \& 5,451 \& 5,107 \& 5,087 \& 5,202 \& 5,259 \& 5,278 \& ${ }^{\text {r5,314 }}$ \& 5,367 \& <br>
\hline Hardware stores .................. ..............do .... \& \& \& '945 \& 939 \& 927 \& 953 \& 974 \& 948 \& 933 \& 984 \& 976 \& 995 \& 987 \& 994 \& 981 \& <br>
\hline Automotive dealers................. ..............do .... \& \& \& ${ }^{\text {r25,248 }}$ \& ${ }^{\text {'25,980 }}$ \& 26,327 \& 26,040 \& 25,026 \& 26,357 \& 27,164 \& 27,101 \& 27,430 \& 28,773 \& 35,318 \& r28,434 \& ${ }^{2} 27,458$ \& ${ }^{1} 31,917$ <br>

\hline | Motor vehicle and miscellaneous |
| :--- |
| auto dealers. | \& \& \& r23,162 \& '23,925 \& 24,286 \& 24,002 \& 23,029 \& 24,369 \& 25,151 \& 25,096 \& 25,436 \& 26,729 \& 33,262 \& r26,390 \& '25,418 \& '29,956 <br>

\hline Auto and home supply stores. $\qquad$ do. \& \& \& r2,086 \& '2,055 \& 2,041 \& 2,038 \& 1,997 \& 1,988 \& 2,013 \& 2,005 \& 1,994 \& 2,044 \& 2,056 \& г2,044 \& 2,040 \& <br>
\hline Furniture, home furnishings, \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline and equipment \# ................ ..............do \& \& \& '5,878 \& '6,996 \& 5,969 \& 5,971 \& 6,049 \& 6,099 \& 6,262 \& 6,378 \& 6,507 \& 6,516 \& 6,515 \& '6,522 \& '6,536 \& ${ }^{16,578}$ <br>

\hline | Furniture, home furnish- |
| :--- |
| ings stores $\qquad$ do.... | \& \& \& -3,157 \& '3,214 \& 3,253 \& 3,300 \& 3,329 \& 3,338 \& 3,373 \& 3,404 \& 3,470 \& 3,488 \& 3,512 \& r3,515 \& 3,496 \& <br>

\hline Household appliance, radio, and TV stores \& \& \& \& ${ }^{2}, 338$ \& 2,263 \& 2,244 \& 2,268 \& 2,301 \& 2,42 \& \& 2,557 \& 2,53 \& 2,487 \& \& 2,512 \& <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

See footnotes at end of tables.

Data for the series shown in the $S$ (or "blue") pages of the
Survey of Current Business are now auailable on diskette.
See page S-36 for details.


| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, datat hroush 1984 and methodologiciel notes are ass shown in Business Statistics: 1984 | Unit | Annual |  | 1985 |  | 1986 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1984 | 1985 | Nov. | De | Jan. | Feb. | Mar | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oet. | Nov. | Dee. |



| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1984 and methodological notes are as shown in Business Statistics: 1984 | Annual |  | 1985 |  | 1986 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1984 | 1985 | Nov. | Dee. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oet. | Nov. | Dec. |
| LABOR FORCE, EMPLOYMENT, AND EARNINGS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| EMPLOYMENT 8-Continued <br> Seasonally Adjusted <br> or nonsupervisory workers-Contin- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nondurable goods................... ..........thous .. | 5,546 | 5,470 | 5,480 | 5,505 | 5,516 | 5,518 | 5,516 | 5,513 | 5,506 | 5,517 | 5,520 | 5,513 | 5,522 | ${ }_{r}^{\text {r }}$, 539 | 5,566 | P,586 |
| Food and kindred products.. ..............do ............................. | 1,119 48 | 1,122 | 1,126 48 | 1,137 48 | 1,137 48 | 1,145 <br> 47 | 1,145 <br> 48 | 1,145 ${ }_{48}$ | 1,149 47 | 1,160 46 | 1,158 ${ }_{47}$ | 1,153 <br> 43 | 1,157 4 | -1,155 | ${ }^{1} 1,168$ | ${ }^{1,166}{ }^{4}$ |
| Textile mill products $\qquad$ do .... Apparel and other textile | 645 | 607 948 | 605 | 606 | 608 | 609 | 611 | 607 | 610 | 611 | 614 | 615 | 612 | 616 | ${ }^{6} 22$ | ${ }^{2} 624$ |
| Proper and allied products..... ................................ | 1,002 | 948 515 | 946 520 | 952 520 | 956 521 | ${ }^{946}$ | 940 521 | 943 <br> 522 | ${ }_{523}^{938}$ | 933 <br> 524 | 936 522 | 935 519 | ${ }_{523}^{937}$ | 940 527 | $\stackrel{{ }^{2} 941}{{ }^{5} 528}$ | ${ }^{p} 951$ |
| Printing and publishing ...... .................do..... | 758 | 793 | 804 | 808 | 811 | 815 | 817 | 820 | 820 | 823 | 828 | 825 | 827 | 832 | 832 | ${ }^{837}$ |
| Chemicals and allied products.............do... | 583 | 579 | 575 | 575 | 573 | 574 | 573 | 572 | 569 | 572 | 572 | 574 | 572 | ${ }^{5} 571$ | r571 | ${ }^{\text {P } 570}$ |
| Petroleum and coal products.................do ..... Rubber and plastics prod- | 111 | 107 | 105 | 104 | 104 | 104 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 103 | 102 | 103 | 102 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 102$ | ${ }^{1} 102$ | ${ }^{\text {P103 }}$ |
| ucts, nec......................... .............do .... | 607 | 610 | 615 | 619 | 623 | 623 | 625 | 623 | 620 | 621 | 617 | 621 | 624 | 628 | -632 | ${ }^{2} 634$ |
| Leather and leather products..............do.... | 158 | 137 | 136 | 136 | 135 | 134 | 133 | 130 | 127 | 124 | 124 | 125 | 124 | 124 | 124 | ${ }^{1} 125$ |
| Service-producing ....................................do .... | 46,037 | 48,176 | 48,907 | 49,024 | 49,259 | 49,409 | 49,462 | 49,621 | 49,786 | 49,885 | 50,122 | 50,203 | '50,385 | '50,446 | $\cdot 50,610$ | ${ }^{p} 50,751$ |
| Transportation and public utilities...........do .... | 4,261 | 4,342 | 4,374 | 4,381 | 4,384 | 4,377 | ${ }^{4,373}$ | 4,362 | 4,361 | 4,270 | 4,354 | 4,325 | ${ }^{4} 4,387$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \hline \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\stackrel{r}{+4,424}$ | ${ }^{p} 4,445$ |
| Wholesale trade $\qquad$ $\qquad$ $\qquad$ do <br> Retail trade $\qquad$ | 4,454 14,765 | -4,616 | - ${ }_{\text {4,6,657 }}$ | 4,665 15,669 | 4,686 15,794 | 4,695 15,854 | 4,693 15,867 | 4,712 15,880 | 4,711 15,939 | 4,674 15,981 | 4,705 16,018 | 4,708 16,045 | 4,700 |  | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ r \\ \hline 16,699\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { p } \\ p_{1} 6,687 \\ \hline 174\end{array}$ |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate......................................... $\qquad$ | 4,229 <br> 18 | 4,414 | 4,495 | 4,513 4 | 4,532 | 4,554 | 4,571 | 4,603 | 4,629 4 | 4,651 | $\begin{array}{r}4,683 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 4,704 | 4,716 | ${ }^{\text {r }} \mathbf{4 , 7 2 3}$ | 4,745 | -4,766 |
|  <br> Seasonally Adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Avg. weekly hours per worker on private nonag. payrolls: 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Not seasonally adjusted..............................$~$ | 35.2 | 34.9 | 34.8 <br> 34.8 | 35.2 34.9 | 34.7 35.0 | 34.4 34.9 | 34.7 34.9 | 34.6 34.8 | 34.7 <br> 34.8 | 34.9 34.7 | 35.0 34.7 | 35.1 <br> 34.8 | 34.8 <br> 34.7 | ${ }^{3} 34.7$ | ${ }^{3} 34.7$ <br> ${ }^{3} 34.8$ | P34.9 <br> 94.6 |
| Mining \$..................................... ..---..........do.... | 43.3 | 43.4 | 43.2 | 43.8 | 44.4 | 42.4 | 42.3 | 42.0 | 41.8 | 42.0 | 41.6 | 42.3 | 42.3 | 42.2 | ${ }^{-41.7}$ | ${ }^{3} 42.2$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Seasonally adjusted ......... .-...............do..... |  |  | 40.7 | 40.9 | 40.8 | 40.7 | 40.7 | 40.7 | 40.7 | 40.6 | 40.6 | 40.8 | 40.8 | 40.7 | ${ }^{5} 40.8$ | P40.9 |
| Overtime hours....................... .................do | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 | ${ }^{\text {p }}$. 6 |
| Durable goods $\qquad$ do... | 41.4 | 41.2 | 41.3 | 41.6 | 41.5 | 41.4 | 41.4 | 41.3 | 41.2 | 41.2 | 41.1 | 41.4 | 41.4 | 41.3 | ${ }^{4} 41.4$ | P41.4 |
| Lumber and wood products..... ..................do..... | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.7 | 3.6 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.5 | 3.6 | 3.6 | 3.6 | ${ }^{1} 3.7$ |
|  | 39.9 | 39.9 | 39.9 | 40.2 | 40.4 | 40.0 | 40.2 | 40.3 | 40.3 | 39.9 | 40.1 | 40.2 | 40.1 | 40.8 | ${ }^{4} 40.7$ | P40.4 |
| Furniture and fixtures............ --...............do.... | 39.7 | 39.4 | 39.4 | 39.9 | 40.0 | 39.7 | 39.4 | 39.1 | 39.4 | 39.4 | 39.4 | 39.9 | 40.0 | 39.8 | ${ }^{3} 39.7$ | P39.7 |
| Stone, clay, and glass products..............do .... | 42.0 | 41.9 | 41.8 | 41.8 | 42.7 | 41.9 | 41.9 | 42.4 | 42.3 | 42.2 | 42.2 | 42.5 | 42.5 | ${ }^{42} 4.3$ | ${ }^{4} 11.9$ | ${ }^{2} 42.2$ |
| Fabricated metal products....... .................do...... | 41.7 | 41.5 | 41.9 | 42.1 | 41.9 | 42.1 | 41.9 | 41.3 | 41.7 | 41.6 | 41.3 | 41.9 | 42.0 | 42.3 | ${ }^{\text {r }}$ +42.4 | ${ }^{p} 443.0$ |
|  | 41.4 41.9 | 41.5 | 41.6 | 41.7 | 41.6 | 41.6 | 41.6 | 41.8 | 41.8 | 41.7 | 41.4 | 41.7 | 41.7 | 41.6 | 41.7 | ${ }^{\text {P }}$ 411.3 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |
| Electric and electronic | 41.0 | 40.6 | 40.9 | 41.1 | 41.0 | 40.9 | 41.0 | 41.1 | 41.0 | 41.0 | 41.1 | 41.2 | 41.2 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 40.9$ | -40.9 | ${ }^{4} 40.9$ |
|  | 42.7 | 42.6 | 42.7 | 43.0 | 42.8 | 42.7 | 42.7 | 42.1 | 41.9 | 42.2 | 42.1 | 42.6 | 42.6 | ${ }^{\text {¢ }} 42.1$ | ${ }^{4} 42.3$ | ${ }^{1} 42.3$ |
| Transportation equipment....... Instruments product........do .... and related | 41.3 | 41.0 | 41.0 | 41.6 | 41.1 | 412 | 41.3 | 41.3 | 40.9 | 41.0 | 408 | 41.0 | 40.7 | ${ }^{4} 41.1$ | 41.2 | ${ }^{\text {P }} 41.6$ |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing $\ddagger$............................. | 39.4 | 39.4 | 40.2 | 40.7 | 39.8 | 39.3 | 39.9 | 39.7 | 39.4 | 39.6 | 38.8 | 39.2 | 39.6 | r39.8 | -40.2 | ${ }^{\text {P } 40.7}$ |
| Nondurable goods...................... .............do .... | 39.7 | 39.6 | 39.8 | 40.0 | 39.9 | 39.7 | 39.8 | 39.9 | 39.9 | 39.8 | 39.8 | 40.0 | 39.9 | 39.9 | ${ }^{7} 40.1$ | ${ }^{\text {P }} 40.1$ |
| Overtime hours ................... .............do.... | 3.1 | 3.1 | 3.2 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 3.2 | 3.8 | 3.4 | 3.2 | 3.4 | 3.4 | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.5 | ${ }^{P} 3.5$ |
|  | 39.8 | 40.0 | 40.0 | 40.1 | 40.1 | 39.8 | 39.9 | 40.2 | 40.2 | 40.0 | 40.0 | 40.3 | 39.7 | 39.8 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 39.9$ | ${ }^{2} 39.9$ |
| Tobacco manufactures $\ddagger$.......... .................do.... | 38.9 | 37.2 | 36.4 | 38.1 | 37.7 | 36.6 | 37.5 | 36.6 | 37.7 | 38.3 | 35.9 | 36.2 | 38.5 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 39.15$ | ${ }^{3} 38.4$ | ${ }^{P} 38.2$ |
| Textile mill products $\qquad$ Apparel and other textile products $\qquad$$\qquad$ do... | 39.9 | 39.7 | 40.8 | 41.0 | 40.8 | 40.6 | 40.7 | 41.3 | 41.1 | 40.8 | 40.9 | 41.4 | 41.6 | 41.5 | ${ }^{\text {r }}$ [1.6 | ${ }^{\text {P }} 41.8$ |
|  | 36.4 | 36.4 | 36.8 | 36.8 | 36.7 | 36.3 | 36.5 | 36.9 | 36.5 | 36.5 | 36.6 | 36.5 | 36.7 | '36.7 | ${ }^{3} 36.9$ | ${ }^{\text {P }} 37.1$ |
| Paper and allied products ....... ..............do.... | 43.1 | 43.1 | 43.3 | 43.5 | 43.6 | 43.5 | 43.5 | 43.0 | 43.2 | 43.1 | 43.2 | 43.5 | 43.0 | 43.0 | 43.2 | ${ }^{p} 43.2$ |
| Printing and publishing .......... .................do..... | 37.9 | 37.8 | 37.9 | 38.1 | 38.0 | 38.0 | 38.0 | 38.0 | 38.0 | 37.8 | 37.9 | 38.0 | 38.0 | 38.0 | ${ }^{3} 38.0$ | ${ }^{P} 38.0$ |
|  | 41.9 | 41.9 | 41.9 | 42.0 | 41.9 | 41.8 | 41.9 | 41.9 | 42.0 | 41.9 | 41.9 | 42.1 | 42.0 | ${ }^{4} 42.2$ | ${ }^{{ }^{4} 42.6}$ | ${ }^{p} 42.5$ |
|  | 43.7 | 43.0 | 43.2 | 43.6 | 43.5 | 43.7 | 43.8 | 43.6 | 43.4 | 44.0 | 43.5 | 44.3 | 43.4 | '43.7 | ${ }^{5} 43.7$ | ${ }^{\text {P }} 43.8$ |
| Petroleum and coal products.. ................do.... <br> Rubber and plastics prod- <br> ucts, nec $\ddagger$ $\qquad$ do. | 41.7 | 41.1 | 41.3 | 42.0 | 41.4 | 41.0 | 41.3 | 41.1 | 41.2 | 41.8 | 40.5 | 41.2 | 41.6 | 41.4 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 41.7$ | ${ }^{p} 42.2$ |
| Leather and leather products + +.......................................... | 36.8 | 37.2 | 37.6 | 37.9 | 37.1 | 36.0 | 36.3 | 36.3 | 36.7 | 37.7 | 37.0 | 36.7 | 36.8 | -36.8 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 37.1$ | ${ }^{\text {p }} 37.9$ |
| Transportation and public utilities...............do..... | 39.4 | 39.5 | 39.4 | 39.5 | 39.4 | 39.5 | 39.6 | 39.2 | 39.2 | 39.1 | 39.2 | 39.1 | 38.9 | 39.1 | 39.3 | ${ }^{\text {p } 39.0}$ |
|  | 38.5 | 38.4 | 38.4 | 38.4 | 38.5 | 38.4 | 38.5 | 38.5 | 38.4 | 38.3 | 38.3 | 38.4 | 38.2 | 38.4 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 38.3$ | ${ }^{P} 38.2$ |
|  | 29.8 | 29.4 | 29.3 | 29.2 | 29.3 | 29.3 | 29.3 | 29.2 | 29.2 | 29.1 | 29.2 | 29.2 | 29.2 | r29.1 | ${ }^{2} 29.2$ | ${ }^{p} 28.8$ |
|  | 36.5 | 36.4 | 36.2 | 36.7 | 36.4 | 36.8 | 36.7 | 36.4 | 36.3 | 36.6 | 36.5 | 36.6 | 36.4 | '36.6 | ${ }^{5} 36.8$ | ${ }^{\text {p }} 36.5$ |
| Services ...................................... ............do ... | 32.6 | 32.5 | 32.4 | . 5 | . 6 | 32.6 | 32.5 | 32.5 | 32.5 | . 4 | 32.4 | 32.4 | 32.3 | 32.4 | 32.5 | ${ }^{\text {P }} 32.4$ |
| AGGREGATE EMPLOYEE-HOURS § Seasonally Adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Employee-hours, wage \& salary workers in nonagric. establish, for 1 week in the month, seas adj. at annual rate. $\qquad$ bil. hours.. | 177.32 | 182.27 | 184.58 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 186.66 |  |  |  |  |
|  | 145.49 | 149.58 | 150.89 | 151.58 | 152.68 | 152.24 | 152.33 | 152.63 | 152.56 | 152.40 | 152.91 | 153.49 | ${ }^{1} 153.26$ | ${ }^{1} 153.76$ | 154.56 | ${ }^{1} 154.36$ |
|  | 2.18 | 2.10 | 2.03 | 2.03 | 2.09 | 1.96 | 1.89 | 1.81 | 1.72 | 1.68 | 1.66 | 1.65 | 1.62 | 1.62 | 1.60 | ${ }^{p} 1.61$ |
| Construction............................................................... | 8.62 | 9.19 | 9.25 | 9.26 | 9.80 | 9.27 | 9.28 | 9.78 | 9.68 | 9.54 | 9.66 | 9.78 | r9.82 | $\checkmark 9.77$ | 9.67 | p9.71 |
| Manufacturing.......................................................................... | 40.92 | 40.72 | 40.74 | 41.00 | 40.98 | 40.85 | 40.74 | 40.58 | 40.52 | 40.32 | ${ }^{40.23}$ | 40.44 | 40.38 | ${ }^{2} 40.43$ | ${ }^{40.62}$ | ${ }^{p} 40.81$ |
| Transportation and public utitities...............do..... | 10.59 | 10.77 | 10.86 | 10.87 | 10.84 | 10.86 | 10.87 | 10.75 | 10.70 | 10.71 | 10.80 | 10.69 | ${ }^{1} 10.78$ | ${ }^{1} 10.82$ | 10.97 | ${ }^{1} 10.91$ |
| Retail trade.c.e.............................................do...... | 11.12 | ${ }_{21}^{11.46}$ | ${ }_{21.58}^{11.58}$ | 11.59 | 11.67 | 11.68 | 11.68 | 11.74 | 11.72 | 11.61 | 11.66 | 11.70 | 11.64 | ${ }^{1} 11.69$ | 11.69 | ${ }^{p} 11.62$ |
|  | 25.64 | 26.54 | 26.79 | 26.75 | 27.05 | 27.15 | 27.22 | 27.12 | 27.17 | 27.22 | 27.31 | 27.38 | ${ }^{\text {r } 27.34}$ | '27.41 | 27.61 | p27.24 |
| Finance, insurance, and real estate......................................... $\qquad$ do.. | 10.80 | 11.28 | 11.45 | 11.65 | 11.61 | 11.78 | 11.81 | 11.82 | 11.83 | 11.99 | 12.04 | 12.14 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 12.09$ | ${ }^{12} 12.20$ | 12.31 | ${ }^{1} 12.29$ |
| Services ........................................... .......................... | ${ }^{35.62}$ | 37.51 | 38.20 | 38.41 | 38.65 | 38.69 | 38.84 | ${ }^{39.03}$ | 39.22 | 39.32 | ${ }^{39.56}$ | 39.70 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 39.58$ | 39.82 | 40.09 | ${ }^{p} 40.18$ |
| Government...............................................do.... | 31.83 | 32.69 | 33.69 | 32.23 | 32.96 | 33.05 | 33.08 | 33.18 | 33.20 | 33.05 | 32.99 | 33.17 | r33.70 | r33.65 | 33.95 | ${ }^{3} 34.15$ |
| Indexes of employee-hours (aggregate weekly): 0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 112.3 | 115.4 | 116.4 | 116.8 | 117.8 | 117.5 | 117.4 | 117.8 | 117.7 | 117.3 | 117.9 | 118.4 | ${ }^{5} 188.3$ | ${ }^{1} 118.6$ | ${ }^{1} 119.3$ | ${ }^{p} 119.0$ |
|  | 98.8 | 98.8 | 98.9 | 99.3 | 100.6 | 98.8 | 98.5 | 99.4 | 98.8 | 98.0 | 98.1 | 98.9 | 98.7 | ${ }^{7} 98.5$ | ${ }^{798.9}$ | ${ }^{p 99.2}$ |
|  | 110.9 | 106.6 | 103.4 | 102.8 | 104.5 | 99.3 | 95.0 | 90.2 | 85.3 | 83.4 | 83.7 | 83.0 | 81.2 | r82.1 | r81.5 | ${ }^{\text {p } 80.3}$ |
|  | 116.6 | 125.4 | 126.2 | 126.4 | 134.1 | 126.3 | 126.6 | 133.7 | 132.6 | 130.3 | 132.2 | 134.0 | 134.2 | ${ }^{\prime} 133.0$ | ${ }^{1} 132.1$ | ${ }^{p} 132.7$ |
| Manufacturing .......................... ................do..... | 94.8 | 93.3 | 93.3 | 94.0 | 93.9 | 93.5 | ${ }_{9}^{93.3}$ | 93.2 | 92.9 | 92.4 | 92.2 | 92.9 | 92.7 | ${ }^{\text {r }}$ r92.6 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 938.2$ | ${ }^{\text {p93.6 }}$ |
|  | 94.1 | 92.7 | 92.2 | 92.7 | 92.6 | 92.1 | 91.7 | 91.5 | 91.0 | 90.3 | 89.9 | 90.7 | 90.5 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 90.1$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 90.6$ | ${ }^{291.0}$ |
|  | 95.8 | 94.3 | 95.1 | 95.8 | 95.9 | 95.5 | 95.7 | 95.8 | 95.7 | 95.6 | 95.7 | 96.1 | 96.0 | ${ }^{796.3}$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 97.1$ | ${ }^{\text {p97.6 }}$ |
| Service-producing .......................... ............................ Transportation and public utilities | 119.8 | 124.5 | 126.0 | 126.5 | 127.3 | 127.8 | 127.8 | 127.9 | 128.2 | 128.0 | 128.9 | 129.2 | 129.2 | '129.7 | r130.5 | ${ }^{1} 129.9$ |
|  | 105.0 | 107.1 | 107.7 | 108.1 | 107.9 | 108.0 | 108.2 | 106.8 | 106.8 | 104.3 | 106.7 | 105.7 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 106.6$ | ${ }^{1} 107.3$ | r108.6 | ${ }^{\text {p }} 108.3$ |
|  | 114.0 | 117.9 | 118.9 | 119.1 | 119.9 | 119.8 | 120.1 | 120.6 | 120.2 | 119.0 | 119.8 | 120.2 | 119.3 | '119.8 | r119.6 | ${ }^{1} 119.0$ |
|  | 112.2 | 115.9 | 116.8 | 116.5 | 117.8 | 118.3 | 118.4 | 118.1 | 118.5 | 118.4 | 119.1 | 119.3 | 119.6 | '119.7 | 120.3 | ${ }^{1} 118.6$ |
| Retail trade.........e, Finance, insurance, and real - ..............do .... estate........................................... | 124.6 | 129.9 | 131.9 | 133.5 | 133.3 | 135.4 | 135.6 | 135.4 | 135.8 | 137.6 | 137.8 | 139.1 | 138.7 | ${ }^{\prime} 139.7$ | ${ }^{\text {r141.5 }}$ | ${ }^{p} 140.2$ |
| Services....................................................................... | 132.1 | 138.9 | 141.4 | 142.3 | 143.2 | 143.7 | 143.5 | 144.2 | 144.8 | 145.2 | 145.9 | 146.4 | 146.0 | 146.8 | ${ }^{1} 147.9$ | ${ }^{1} 148.2$ |





See footnotes at end of tables.

FINANCE

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| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1984 and methodological notes are as shown in Business Statistics: 1984 | Annual |  | 1985 |  | 1986 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1984 | 1985 | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| FINANCE-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Money stock measures and components (averages of daily figures): $\dagger$ <br> Measures (not seasonally adjusted): $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| M1 ........................................... ...........bil. \$.. | 544.5 | 594.0 | 621.7 | 639.9 | 633.5 | 619.2 | 630.5 | 652.9 | 651.8 | 669.2 | 679.8 | 684.6 | 690.7 | ${ }^{698.4}$ | ${ }^{7} 715.0$ | 746.0 |
| M2 .............................................-........................ | ${ }_{2}^{2,277.7}{ }_{2} 847$ | 2,484.5 | 2,549.7 | 2,574.7 | $2,578.7$ $3,232.2$ | $2,570.9$ $3,233.4$ | 2,594.5 | 2,631.8 | 2,640.7 | 2,673.0 | 2,704,6 | 2,719.2 | 2,731.5 | '2,759.2 | r2,779.3 <br>  <br>  <br> 3 <br> 4 | $2,814.9$ $3,503.3$ |
| L (M3 plus other liquid assets)... .................do..... | 3,365.1 | $\xrightarrow{3,685.1}$ | 3,803.2 | $\stackrel{3,2845.7}{ }$ | 3,867.4 | 3,873.6 | $\begin{array}{r}3,262.9 \\ \hline 3,899.3\end{array}$ | r3, ${ }_{3}^{3,308.2}$ | $\stackrel{\rightharpoonup}{3,3,987.7}$ | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \hline 3,973.7\end{array}$ | - ${ }_{\text {r }}^{3,003.6}$ |  | r ${ }_{\text {r }} \mathbf{3 , 4 0 5 4 . 2}$ | -r3,440.2 | - ${ }^{\mathbf{3}, 4,464.8}$ |  |
| Components (not seasonally adjusted): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Currency ................................. ..............do.... | 154.3 | 165.0 | 170.7 | 173.1 | 170.5 | 170.6 | 172.3 | 173.6 | 175.8 | 177.4 | 179.1 | 179.9 | $\ulcorner 179.5$ | 180.9 | 183.2 | 186.1 |
| Demand deposits ...................... ...............do.... | 245.9 | 259.4 | 269.0 | 281.3 | 275.1 | 262.0 | 267.1 | 278.7 | 276.7 | 285.6 | 290.0 | 289.0 | 290.8 | 292.5 | 299.6 | 318.9 |
| Other checkable deposits 村........ ....................... Overnight RP's and Eurodol- | 139.2 | 163.8 | 176.4 | 180.1 | 182.4 | 181.0 | 185.3 | 194.7 | 193.4 | 199.6 | 203.5 | 208.5 | 213.5 | 218.5 | 226.0 | 235.0 |
|  | 56.7 | 63.3 | 66.4 | 70.3 | 68.9 | 68.5 | 67.6 | 68.6 | 69.2 | 66.5 | 71.9 | 74.6 | r72.7 | ${ }^{7} 77.2$ | ${ }^{7} 75.8$ | 75.7 |
| General purpose and broker/dealer money market funds $\qquad$ do .... | 150.4 | 175.7 | 176.8 | 176.5 | 177.7 | 181.0 | 186.2 | 191.4 | 193.2 | 197.3 | 199.7 | 200.5 | 202.2 | r206.9 | r207.0 | 207.2 |
| Money market deposit accounts.................d...... | 396.8 | 480.1 | 509.5 | 512.0 | 515.7 | 516.3 | 520.5 | 525.2 | 530.8 | 540.4 | 546.1 | 553.1 | 558.3 | 563.8 | 568.1 | 570.7 |
| Savings deposits...................... ..............do .... | 297.5 | 295.8 | 303.3 | 301.8 | 302.7 | 302.7 | 306.5 | 312.9 | 319.9 | 327.0 | 333.8 | 337.0 | 343.2 | 354.8 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 3683.0$ | 369.4 |
| Small time deposits © ............... .............do.... | 838.9 | 883.7 | 880.7 | 882.5 | 889.1 | 891.7 | 891.8 | 889.6 | 884.7 | 881.6 | 882.6 | 878.5 | 873.6 | 867.3 | ${ }^{\text {r } 859.6 ~}$ | 855.0 |
| Large time deposits @ ............... .............do.... | 378.8 | 424.3 | 435.3 | 438.7 | 447.6 | 451.1 | 450.9 | 447.7 | 445.2 | 443.0 | 443.8 | 448.3 | 449.2 | ${ }^{7} 446.1$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 445.4$ | 446.5 |
| Measures (seasonally adjusted): $\ddagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| M1 ........................................ ..............do ... |  |  | 620.1 | ${ }^{626.6}$ | 627.2 | 681.0 | 638.4 | 646.1 | 658.7 | 666.8 | 676.0 | 687.6 | ${ }^{+693.2}$ | 701.2 | ${ }^{7} 713.5$ | 730.4 |
| M2 .......................................... ..............do.... |  |  | $2,551.4$ | 2,566.5 | 2,569.9 | 2,577.7 | 2,592.4 | $2,622.2$ | 2,649.7 | $2,670.8$ | $2,699.2$ | 2,724.3 | 2740.8 | ${ }^{2} 2,765.2$ | ${ }^{2} 2,781.4$ | 2,804.7 |
| M3 (M3 plus.................................. .............do............ |  |  | 3,181.3 | $3,201.2$ $3,839.5$ | $3,224.5$ $3,862.2$ | $3,241.5$ <br> $r_{3,881.3}$ | $3,262.6$ r3,895.1 | $\begin{array}{r}3,293.7 \\ \hline 3,918.6\end{array}$ | $3,315.4$ $-3,951.0$ | $3,339.0$ $r 3,973$ | r r,003.5 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r3,400.8 } \\ \hline 4,031.1\end{array}$ | $\xrightarrow[r]{\text { 3,425.5 }}$ | r3,444.2 $r$ 4,0820 | +3,461.2 | 3,488.1 |
| Components (seasonally adjusted): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Currency .................................. .............do .... |  |  | 169.8 | 170.6 | 171.9 | 172.9 | 173.9 | 174.4 | 175.8 | 176.7 | 177.5 | 179.0 | 179.7 | 181.2 | 182.2 | 183.5 |
| Demand deposits ..................... .............do ... |  |  | 267.8 | 271.5 | 268.9 | 269.2 | 273.2 | 275.7 | 281.6 | 284.9 | 288.3 | 291.8 | 292.2 | 293.2 | 298.4 | 307.8 |
| Other checkable deposits $\ddagger$ |  |  | 176.7 | 178.6 | 180.5 | 183.1 | 185.3 | 189.9 | 195.1 | 199.0 | 203.8 | 210.4 | 214.8 | 220.4 | 226.4 | 232.7 |
| Savings deposits......................., .............do.... |  |  | 303.7 | 303.6 | 304.0 | 304.9 | 306.9 | 311.4 | 318.5 | 325.0 | 331.2 | 337.6 | 344.4 | 353.8 | r363.3 | 371.5 |
| Small time deposits @ .......-....... ..............do... |  |  | 876.0 | 880.3 | 885.9 | 891.0 | 894.7 | 895.9 | 891.2 | 885.6 | 883.7 | 877.2 | 871.3 | 861.8 | r854.9 | 852.4 |
| Large time deposits @ ............... .............do ... |  |  | 432.9 | 436.5 | 447.9 | 451.3 | 450.5 | 452.1 | 446.4 | 445.1 | 445.9 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 448.1$ | 447.2 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 443.0$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 442.9$ | 444.3 |
| PROFITS AND DIVIDENDS (QTRLY.) <br> Manufacturing corps. (Bureau of the Census): Net profit after taxes, all indus- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Food and kindred products ................................... | 9,760 | 12,798 |  | 3,626 |  |  | 2,720 |  |  | 3,387 |  |  | 18,819 3,319 |  |  |  |
| Textile mill products .................. ........................ | 1,635 | 1,200 |  | 466 |  |  | 426 |  |  | 525. |  |  | 496 |  |  |  |
| Paper and allied products.......... ............do .... | 3,015 | 2,880 |  | 695 |  |  | 589 |  |  | 922 |  |  | 824 |  |  |  |
| Chemicals and allied products.... .............do.... | 13,883 | 9,542 |  | 771 |  |  | 3,114 |  |  | 3,737 |  |  | 3,861. |  |  |  |
| Petroleum and coal products...... .............do .... | 17,154 | 12,739 |  | 3,276 |  |  | -2,698. |  |  | 4,220 |  |  | 348 |  |  |  |
| Stone, clay, and glass products .. ..............do.... | 1,870 | 1,627 |  | 432 |  |  | 200 |  |  | 699 |  |  | 688 |  |  |  |
| Primary nonferrous metal ...-...... ..............do .... | -84 | $-1,000$ |  | -545 |  |  | 169 |  |  | 259 |  |  | 161. |  |  |  |
| Fabricated metal products (except ordnance, machinery, and transportion <br> equipment). $\qquad$ mil. \$.. <br> 4,646 <br> 3,388 <br> 574 <br> .............................. <br> 919. $\square$ 1,168 $\square$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Electrical machinery, equipment, and supplies. $\qquad$ do ... | 8,616 | 6,886 |  | 1,515 |  |  | r1,694 |  |  | r2,324 |  |  | 1,489. |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dividends paid (cash), all indus- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| tries. $\qquad$ do... | 45,102 | 45,517 |  | 11,756 |  |  | 10,849 |  |  | 10,927 |  |  | 12,111 |  |  |  |
| SECURITIES ISSUED <br> Securities and Exchange Commission: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Estimated gross proceeds, total...... ............mil. \$.. By type of security: | 89,247 | 131,539 | 13,194 | 19,137 | 13,354 | 17,773 | 24,688 | 23,976 | 14,095 | 26,155 | 13,248 | 18,786 | '9,561 | 16,623 |  |  |
| Bonds and notes, corporate ..... ..............do .... | 59,488 | 85,828 | 10,098 | 15,118 | 8,120 | 12,413 | 16,284 | 19,205 | 8,303 | 20,731 | 8,967 | 13,344 | ${ }^{5} 5,667$ | 10,195 |  |  |
| Common stock....................... ..............do ... | 22,151 | 35,646 | 1,864 | 3,420 | 3,869 | 3,413 | 6,816 | 3,772 | 4,839 | 4,211 | 3,406 | 3,974 | '3,567 | 5,302 |  |  |
| Preferred stock ....................... ..............do. | 4,219 | 6,224 | 782 | 450 | 570 | 1,947 | 772 | 751 | 803 | 1,213 | 726 | 1,368 | 「327 | 727 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Corporate, total \# ................. ...........mil. \$.. | 85,853 14,467 | $\begin{array}{r}127,698 \\ 2558 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 12,744 3,220 | 18,988 3108 | 12,559 | 17,773 3,610 | $\begin{array}{r}23,822 \\ 4 \\ \hline 222\end{array}$ | 23,728 4,610 | 13,945 2794 | 26,155 4770 | 13,098 2,524 | 18,686 2,619 | r9,561 $r 993$ | 16,224 1,816 |  |  |
| Manufacturing ................... ........................ | 14,467 | 25,558 | 3,220 | 3,108 | 1,853 | 3,610 | 4,222 | 4,610 | 2,794 | 4,770 | 2,524 | 2,619 | $\begin{array}{r} \\ \hline 998 \\ 428 \\ \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 1,816 |  |  |
| Extractive (mining) .............. ........................... | 5,522 | 4,499 | 541 1,308 | 467 | 257 685 | 2,431 | 2,491 | $\stackrel{214}{2,596}$ | 827 1,925 | 2,324 | 548 1,366 | 2,003 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r } \\ \hline 1,302 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,753 |  |  |
|  | 7,523 | 9,914 | 1,308 | 831 | 685 | 2,431 | 2,491 | 2,596 | 1,925 | 2,324 | 1,366 | 2,003 | - | 1,783 |  |  |
|  | $\underline{2,638}$ | 4,036 3,854 | 146 885 | 525 | 576 881 | r 1,901 1,988 | 660 1,660 | 782 1,937 | 432 | 154 | 209 <br> 352 | $\begin{array}{r}57 \\ 1,208 \\ \hline 1,08\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}28 \\ 334 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 728 |  |  |
| Financial and real estate...... ..................do.... | 45,150 | 65,356 | 5,777 | 12,422 | 7,375 | 8,008 | 11,994 | 11,432 | 5,521 | 15,164 | 5,528 | 10,978 | ${ }^{\text {r }}$, 104 | 9,515 |  |  |
| State and municipal issues (Bond Buyer): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Long-term........................................................................... | 101,882 <br> 31,068 | 203,954 19,492 | 31,648 450 | 54,439 640 | 1,654 721 | 3,116 | 7,636 373 | 11,913 3,832 | 13,262 | 11,746 4,452 | 21,442 4,891 | 25,101 1,764 | 6,960 542 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 11,525$ | 11,187 1,209 | 11,442 |
| SECURITY MARKETS <br> Stock Market Customer Financing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Free credit balances at brokers: |  | . 28,715 | 2,4080 | 28,300 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Margin accounts............................................................... | 1,755 10,215 | 2,715 12,840 | 2,080 10,340 | 2,715 12,840 | 2,645 11,695 | 12,355 | 2,715 13,920 | 3,065 14,340 | 12,405 | -2,585 | 2,570 14,600 | 3,035 14,210 | 14,060 | r $\begin{array}{r}3,805 \\ 14,445\end{array}$ |  |  |
| B Bonds |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 47.9 | 53.0 | 56.2 | 57.0 | 60.0 | 64.5 | 67.4 | 65.4 | 62.8 | 60.6 | 63.1 | 65.6 | 66.8 | 67.0 | 69.2 | 68.6 |
| Sales: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New York Stock Exchange, exclusive of some stopped sales, face value, total ... ............mil. \$. | 6,982.29 | 9,046.45 | 767.98 | 836.45 | 907.61 | 993.95 | 1,064,44 | 958.56 | 804.98 | 730.56 | 852.42 | 806.33 | 761.06 | 815.01 | 788.96 | 928.52 |

Data for the series shown in the $S$ (or "blue") pages of the
Survey of Current Business are now available on diskette.
See page S-36 for details.

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1984 and methodological notes are as shown in Busingss Statistics: 1984 | Annual |  | 1985 |  | 1986 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1984 | 1985 | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct: | Nov. | Dec. |
| FINANCE-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yields: Bonds-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Domestic corporate (Moody's)......... .....percent.. By rating: | ${ }^{2} 13.49$ | 12.05 | 11.29 | 10.89 | 10.75 | 10.40 | 9.79 | 9.51 | 9.69 | 9.73 | 9.52 | 9.44 | 9.55 | 9.54 | 9.37 | 9.23 |
|  | ${ }^{1} 12.71$ | 11.37 | 10.55 | 10.16 | 10.05 | 9.67 | 9.00 | 8.79 | 9.09 | 9.13 | 8.88 | 8.72 | 8.89 | 8.86 | 8.68 | 8.49 |
| Aa............................................. ...........do.... | 13.31 | 11.82 | 11.07 | 10.63 | 10.46 | 10.13 | 9.49 | 9.21 | 9.43 | 9.49 | 9.28 | 9.22 | 9.36 | 9.33 | 9.20 | 9.02 |
| A ........................................... ..........do .... | 13.74 | 12.28 | 11.54 | 11.19 | 11.04 | 10.67 | 10.15 | 9.83 | 9.94 | 9.96 | 9.76 | 9.64 | 9.73 | 9.72 | 9.51 | 9.41 |
| Baa ......................................... ..........do .... | 14.19 | 12.72 | 11.99 | 11.58 | 11.44 | 11.11 | 10.49 | 10.19 | 10.29 | 10.34 | 10.16 | 10.18 | 10.20 | 10.24 | 10.07 | 9.97 |
| By group: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industrials................................. ..................... | $\begin{array}{r}13.21 \\ 114.03 \\ \hline 1\end{array}$ | 11.80 | 11.23 11.33 | 10.96 10.82 | 10.83 | ${ }_{10.63}$ | 10.24 9.33 | 9.98 9.02 | 9.85 9.52 | 9.95 9.51 | 9.85 9.19 | 9.73 9.15 | 9.68 9.42 | 9.68 9.39 | 9.58 9.15 | 9.49 8.96 |
| Railroads .................................... ...............do.... | 13.07 | 11.94 | 11.35 | 11.18 | 10.86 | 10.58 | 10.05 | 9.78 | 9.58 | 9.72 | 9.73 | 9.69 | 9.57 | 9.65 | 9.56 | 9.37 |
| Domestic municipal: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bond Buyer ( 20 bonds) <br> Standard \& Poor's Corp. ( 15 bonds). $\qquad$ $\qquad$ do ... | 10.12 | 9.07 | 8.51 | 8.33 | 7.86 | 6.98 | 7.15 | 7.33 | 7.70 | 7.51 | 7.54 | 6.93 | 7.19 | 6.94 | 6.74 | 6.85 |
|  | 10.15 | 9.18 | 8.64 | 8.51 | 8.06 | 7.44 | 7.07 | 7.32 | 7.67 | 7.98 | 7.62 | 7.31 | 7.14 | 7.12 | 6.86 | 6.93 |
| U.S. Treasury bonds, taxable $\ddagger . . . .$. ............do .... Stocks | 11.99 | 10.75 | 10.08 | 9.60 | 9.51 | 9.07 | 8.13 | 7.59 | 8.02 | 8.23 | 7.86 | 7.72 | 8.08 | 8.04 | 7.81 | 7.67 |
| Prices: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 463.10 | 541.56 | 577.56 | 606.50 | 614.75 | 659.83 | 693.86 | 706.04 | 699.26 | 715.91 | 698.61 | 712.53 | 709.96 | 721.67 | 744.53 | 753.06 |
|  | 1,178.48 | 1,328.23 | 1,432.88 | 1,517.02 | 1,534.86 | 1,652.73 | 1,757.35 | 1,807.05 | 1,801.80 | 1,867.70 | 1,809.92 | 1,843.45 | 1,813.47 | 1,817.04 | 1,883.65 | 1,924.07 |
| Industrial ( 30 stocks) | 131.77 | 157.58 | 163.98 | 169.56 | 173.44 | 180.93 | 186.35 | 188.34 | 183.48 | 189.33 | 202.28 | 210.95 | 205.35 | 201.41 | 210.14 | 210.82 835.97 |
| Public utility (15 stocks)......................................... | 513.85 | 645.11 | 679.68 | 707.14 | 715.74 | 774.86 | 804.40 | 802.01 | 789.55 | 784.47 | 737.39 | 743.80 | 772.85 | 825.43 | 838.43 | 835.97 |
| Standard \& Poor's Corporation: § | 160.46 | 186.84 | 197.45 | 207.26 | 208.19 | 219.37 | 232.33 | 237.98 | 238.46 | 245.30 | 240.18 | 245.00 | 238.27 | 237.36 | 245.09 | 248.61 |
| Combined index (500 Stocks).....1941-43=10... | 181.26 | 207.79 | 219.44 | 230.29 | 230.37 | 241.91 | ${ }_{256.25}^{232.85}$ | 263.89 | 266.38 | 274.55 | 266.17 | 270.23 | 263.62 | ${ }_{263.09}^{237.36}$ | ${ }_{272.79}^{245.9}$ | ${ }_{276.69}$ |
| Industrial, total (400 Stocks) \#.................... | 171.84 | 188.75 | 196.54 | 210.81 | 211.67 | 223.60 | 229.34 | 232.60 | 231.79 | 236.16 | 223.40 | 226.20 | 229.12 | 219.49 | 227.85 | 234.51 |
| Consumer goods (191 Stocks)...............do.... | 150.87 | 184.52 | 200.75 | 212.60 | 211.38 | 226.76 | 248.55 | 260.51 | 265.98 | 279.47 | 283.70 | 280.30 | 263.60 | 262.82 | 272.91 | 272.63 |
| Utilities (40 Stocks).............. .1......do.... | 67.98 | 82.97 | 86.80 | 90.83 | 92.06 | 97.51 | 102.01 | 103.78 | 102.39 | 106.65 | 112.13 | 118.53 | 113.11 | 114.01 | 114.10 | 115.52 |
|  | 136.77 | 166.62 | 177.68 | 187.65 | 191.27 | 206.37 | 212.11 | 208.18 | 201.88 | 202.31 | 187.79 | 186.18 | 189.86 | 205.27 | 206.35 | 204.75 |
| Transportation (20 Stocks) ...... $1982=100 .$. Railroads (6 Stocks)........... $1941-43=10$. | 101.40 | 123.17 | 133.46 | 140.41 | 142.49 | 150.10 | 156.43 | 148.69 | 142.02 | 144.23 | 134.52 | 131.50 | 133.04 | 135.51 | 141.50 | 140.70 |
| Financial ( 40 Stocks) .................. $1970=10$. New York City banks ( 6 Stocks) $1941-43=10 \ldots$ | 16.99 | 22.04 | 23.79 | 25.10 | 25.87 | 27.76 | 30.27 | 30.12 | 28.93 | 28.85 | 28.58 | 29.51 | 27.85 | 27.59 | 27.14 | 27.89 |
|  | $63: 82$ | 85.44 | 89.85 | 97.89 | 100.70 | 100.38 | 118.69 | 125.26 | 123.55 | 124.21 | 119.89 | 122.42 | 115.88 | 110.91 | 110.79 | 115.90 |
| Banks outside NYC (10 Stocks)........do .... | 95.21 | 101.62 | 99.55 | 104.47 | 103.95 | 106.60 | 118.90 | 120.46 | 120.82 | 121.92 | 115.83 | 116.52 | 112.04 | 110.12 | 113.60 | 112.15 |
| Property-Casualty Insurance (5 Stocks)................... $\qquad$ | 181.26 | 246.47 | 278.01 | 283.54 | 294.56 | 314.73 | 337.97 | 329.19 | 325.94 | 312.46 | 310.66 | 320.60 | 308.53 | 302.91 | 290.71 | 303.73 |
| N.Y. Stock Exchange common stock indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Composite..............................12/31/65=50.. | 92.46 | 108.09 | 113.98 | 119.33 | 120.16 | 126.43 | 133.97 | 137.27 | 137.37 | 140.82 | 138.32 | 140.91 | 137.06 | 136.74 | 140.84 | 142.12 |
| Industrial .................................................... | 108.01 | 123.78 | 130.53 | 136.77 | 137.13 | 144.03 | 152.75 | 157.30 | 158.59 | 163.15 | 158.06 | 160.10 | 156.52 | 156.56 | 162.10 | 163.85 |
|  | 85.63 | 104.10 | 108.61 | 113.52 | 115.72 | 124.18 | 128.66 | 126.17 | 122.21 | 120.65 | 112.03 | 111.24 | 114.06 | 120.04 | 122.27 | 121.26 |
| Transportation ....................................................................... | 46.44 | 56.74 | 59.07 | 61.69 | 62.46 | 65.18 | 68.06 | 69.46 | 68.65 | 70.69 | 74.20 | 77.84 | 74.56 | 73.38 | 75.77 | 76.07 |
| Finance.................................. ..........do ....Yields (Standard $\&$ Poor's Corp.)Composite (500 stocks) | 89.28 | 114.21 | 122.83 | 128.86 | 132.36 | 142.13 | 153.94 | 155.07 | 151.28 | 151.73 | 150.23 | 152.90 | 145.56 | 143.89 | 142.97 | 144.29 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 4.64 | 4.25 | 4.06 | 3.88 | 3.90 | 3.72 | 3.50 | 3.43 | 3.42 | 3.36 | 3.43 | 3.36 | 3.43 | 3.49 | 3.40 |  |
| Composite ( 500 stocks) .................... .....percent.. <br> Industrials ( 400 stocks) ............... ............do ... | 4.05 | 3.76 | 3.59 | 3.44 | 3.47 | 3.32 | 3.13 | 3.05 | 3.02 | 2.95 | 3.04 | 2.99 | 3.04 | 3.08 | 2.99 |  |
| Utilities (40 stocks) ....................................do...... | 9.48 | 8.12 | 7.84 | 7.45 | 7.42 | 7.11 | 6.78 | 6.68 | 6.81 | 6.60 | 6.28 | 5.97 | 6.14 | 6.37 | 6.19 | ............. |
| Transportation (20 stocks)..................................... | 3.22 | 2.86 | 2.65 | 2.55 | 2.52 | 2.35 | 2.26 | 2.39 | 2.38 | 2.38 | 2.56 | 2.59 | 2.54 | 2.45 | 2.39 |  |
| Financial (40 stocks).................... ...............do .... | 5.35 | 4.21 | 3.84 | 3.63 | 3.54 | 3.30 | 3.00 | 3.08 | 3.12 | 3.14 | 3.15 | 3.08 | 3.22 | 3.33 | 3.38 |  |
| Preferred stocks, 10 high-grade ..... ..........do ....Sales: | 11.62 | 10.44 | 10.12 | 10.05 | 9.85 | 9.62 | 9.13 | 8.97 | 9.00 | 8.89 | 8.66 | 8.42 | 8.10 | 8.17 | 8.07 | 8.18 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total on all registered exchanges (SEC): <br> Market value............................ ........mil. \$. | - 350,451 | 1,197,249 | 108,183 3,327 | 131,583 4,002 | 119,804 3,655 | 128,234 3,772 | 156,551 | 162,274 4,500 | 137,337 3,757 | 127,507 3,609 | 147,992 | - | - 147,108 | 144,985 4,036 |  |  |
| On New York Stock Exchange: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 822,714 | 1,023,179 | 92,545 | 111,908 | 101,520 | 109,681 | 131,144 | 138,839 | 115,403 | 108,454 | 126,761 | 111,220 | 127,758 | 121,600 |  |  |
| Shares sold (cleared or settled) $\qquad$ | 25,150 | 30,222 | 2,744 | 3,240 | 2,934 | 3,087 | 3,546 | 3,653 | 3,034 | 2,918 | 3,317 | 3,046 | 3,403 | 3,260 |  |  |
| New York Stock Exchange: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| New York Stock Exchange: <br> Exclusive of odd-lot and stopped stock sales (sales effected) $\qquad$ | 23,071 | 27,511 | 2,445 | 2,802 | 2,879 | 2,899 | 3,215 | 3,240 | 2,680 | 2,649 | 3,030 | 2,702 | 3,167 | 3,017 | 2,941 | 3,261 |
| Shares listed, NYSE, end of period:Market value, all listed shares $. . . . . . . . . b i l . ~ \$ ~ . ~$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 1,586.10 | 1,950.33 | 1,874.53 | 1,950.33 | 1,959.17 | 2,094.86 | 2,204.12 | 2,165.55 | 2,260.99 | 2,289.30 | 2,163.40 | 2,279.44 | 2,127.30 | 2,237.28 | 2,266.61 | 2,199.26 |
| Market value, all listed shares ...... .........bil. \$ <br> Number of shares listed $\qquad$ ..millions | 49,092 | 52,427 | 52,175 | 52,427 | 58,259 | 52,734 | 53,259 | 53,407 | 54,251 | 56,106 | 57,046 | 57,452 | 57,970 | 58,512 | 59,062 | 59,620 |

FOREIGN TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES



Data for the series shown in the $S$ (or "blue") pages of the Survey of Current Business are now available on diskette. See page S-36 for details.

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1984 and methodological notes are as shown in Buiness Statistics: 1984 | Annual |  | 1985 |  | 1986 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1984 | 1985 | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| FOREIGN TRADE OF THE UNITED STATES-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Exports (U.S. mdse., excl. military grant-aid): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Quantity........................................ ..............do .... | 115.1 | 113.0 | 113.4 | 108.4 | 107.5 | 112.5 | 120.1 | 114.0 | 108.8 | 106.4 | 102.7 | 109.7 | 109.2 | 120.6 | 116.2 |  |
| Value ........................................... ..............do .... | 179.8 | 175.2 | 174.2 | 167.7 | 167.9 | 174.7 | 186.7 | 176.8 | 169.9 | 167.2 | 161.9 | 171.3 | 171.6 | 189.2 | 182.1 |  |
| General imports: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Unit value ..................................... ..............do .... | 163.5 | 159.4 | 161.0 | 162.0 | 160.2 | 158.0 | 153.9 | 152.6 | 152.5 | 152.4 | 158.0 | 152.0 | 151.6 | 156.3 | 156.5 |  |
| Quantity..................................................................... | 136.7 223.5 | 148.6 236.9 | 153.4 247.1 | 156.2 253.0 | 164.5 263.5 | 150.6 237.9 | 171.0 263.3 | 155.2 236.8 | 163.4 249.2 | 171.7 261.6 | 183.7 881.0 | 159.7 242.7 | 155.8 236.3 | 158.2 | 190.4 298.0 |  |
| Shipping Weight and Value |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Waterborne trade:Exports (incl. reexports): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipping weight. Value $\qquad$ thous. sh. tons.. | 374,689 101,803 | 349,964 91,679 | 32,282 7,976 | 29,618 7,742 | 28,120 7,288 | 25,092 7,389 | 25,855 7,898 | 27,875 7,441 | 26,648 7,243 | ......... |  | ........ |  |  |  |  |
| General imports: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipping weight.........................thous. sh. tons.. | 413,092 191113 | $394,442$ | 33,580 17,564 | 35,907 18,254 | 37,363 20,187 | 31,387 17 | 34,206 18,811 | 29,664 16,080 | $35,933$ |  |  | ......... | ............. |  |  |  |
| Value .......................................... ...........mil. \$.. | 191,113 | $205,606$ | 17,564 | 18,254 | 20,187 | 17,130 | 18,811 | 16,080 | 16,497 |  | .....i........ | $\ldots$ | .............. | ............ | .......... | ............. |




TRANSPORIATION AND COMMUNICATION

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1984 and methodological notes are ss shown in methodological notes are as shown in Busungss Starisics: 1984 | Units |
| :---: | :---: |
| COMmUNICATION |  |
| Telephone carriers: $\bigcirc$ |  |
| Operating revenues \# ...........................mil. \$... |  |
|  |  |
| Operating expenses (excluding taxes)................... |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Telegraph carriers, domestic and overseas: © |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Net operating revenues (before |  |

TRANSPORTATION AND COMMUNICATION-Continued


CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS


Data for the series shown in the $S$ (or "blue") pages of the Survey of Current Business are now available on diskette. See page S-36 for details.


| Annual |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 1984 | 1985 |


| 1985 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Nov. | Dec. |

## CHEMIICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS-Continued

| CHEMICALS AND ALLIED PRODUCTS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PLASTICS AND RESIN MATERIALS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Phenolic resins ............................. ......mil. lb. | ${ }^{1} 1,656.3$ | ${ }^{1} 1,713.8$ |  | 347.0 |  |  | 350.0 |  |  | 364.3 |  |  | 344.3 |  |  |  |
| Polyethylene and copolymers........ ..........do ... | ${ }^{1} 14,620.6$ | ${ }^{1} 15,318.1$ |  | 3,939.6 |  |  | 3,949.8 |  |  | 3,986.9 |  |  | 4,129.7 |  |  |  |
| Polypropylene .............................. ............do .... | ${ }^{1} 5,216.4$ | ${ }^{1} 5,654.4$ |  | 1,328.9 |  |  | 1,418.4 |  |  | 1,417.8 |  |  | 1,446.2 |  |  |  |
| Polystyrene and copolymers.......... ...........do .... | ${ }^{1} 6,857.0$ | ${ }^{1} 7,229.0$ |  | 1,376.6 |  |  | 1,405.7. |  |  | 1,467.2 |  |  | 1,470.6 |  |  |  |
| Polyvinyl chloride and copolymers.............do .... | ${ }^{1} 6,827.5$ | ${ }^{\mathbf{t}} \mathbf{6 , 6 6 7 . 9}$ |  | 1,759.4 |  |  | 1,811.2 |  |  | 1,877.0. |  |  | 1,883.5 |  |  |  |
| PAINTS, VARNISH, AND LACQUER $\diamond$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total shipments ............................... .......mil. \$.. | 8,818.3 | 9,174.8 | 665.4 | 564.1 | 717.4 | 698.4 | 766.2 | 920.5 | 916.1 | 900.0 | 871.0 | 860.8 | 858.0 | r880.4 | 652.9 |  |
| Architectural coatings .................. ..........do .... | 3,559.9 | 3,825.3 | 247.0 | 212.4 | 274.4 | 265.2 | 322.3 | 428.9 | 420.2 | 412.8 | 411.3 | 392.8 | 360.6 | 340.2 | 243.3 |  |
| Product coatings (OEM)................ ..........do .... | 3,478.4 | 3,383.5 | 266.1 | 226.3 | 294.0 | 289.8 | 285.0 | 309.2 | 304.8 | 296.9 | 270.7 | 286.9 | 322.0 | 「270.3 | 276.6 |  |
| Special purpose coatings ............... ..........do ... | 1,780.1 | 1,966.1 | 152.3 | 125.4 | 149.0 | 143.4 | 159.0 | 182.4 | 191.1 | 190.4 | 189.0 | 181.0 | 175.4 | 169.9 | 133.1 | - |



ELECTRIC POWER AND GAS


FOOD AND KINDRED PRODUCTS; TOBACCO



Data for the series shown in the $S$ (or "blue") pages of the
Survey of Current Business are now available on diskette.
See page S-36 for details.


| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1984 and methodological notes are as shown in Business Statistics: 1984 | Units |
| :---: | :---: |
| MISCELLANEOUS FOOD PRODUCTS-Cont. |  |
| Sugar: |  |
| Exports, raw and refined. $\qquad$ sh. tons |  |
| Imports, raw and refined..............thous. sh. tons.. |  |
| Producer Price Indexes: |  |
| Raw (cane) ................................. ...1967=100 . |  |
| Refined. | $/ 77=100$. |
| Tea, imports............................................................thous. ll .. |  |
| TOBACCO |  |
| Leaf: |  |
| Production (crop estimate) $\qquad$ mil. lb. Stocks, dealers' and manufacturers', end of period $\qquad$ do... |  |
| Exports, incl scrap and stems $\qquad$ thous. lb.. Imports, incl scrap and stems $\qquad$ do |  |
| Manufactured: |  |
| Consumption (withdrawals): |  |
| Cigarettes (smail): |  |
| Tax-exempt ............................... ........millions.. Taxable |  |
| Cigars (large), taxable ................ ..............do .... |  |
| Exports, cigarettes ...................... | ......do... |




| 19,984 | 21,618 | 60,083 | 57,027 | 35,292 | 45,016 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 152 | 191 | 115 | 158 | 127 | 203 |  |
| 293.8 | 293.7 | 292.9 | 293.2 | 297.0 | 299.0 | 294.4 |
| 164.9 | 165.0 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 166.6$ | 167.8 | 168.3 | 168.6 | 169.1 |
| 14,970 | 19,732 | 14,626 | 18,110 | 14,864 | 14,965 | .............. |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | ${ }^{3} 1,198$ |
| 4,847 |  |  | 4,902 |  |  |  |
| 22,418 | 16,372 | 23,684 | 22,144 | 32,926 | 66,347 |  |
| 30,041 | 40,742 | 45,716 | 39,498 | 44,280 | 41,906 |  |
| 6,403 | 5,754 | 6,096 | 8,779 |  |  |  |
| 55,974 | 38,417 | 51,401 | 50,808 |  |  |  |
| 272 | 261 | 242 | 261 |  |  |  |
| 5,416 | 5,610 | 5,485 | 5,329 | 6,413 | 6,623 | .............. |

LEATHER AND PRODUCTS



|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 12,452 | 7,824 | 12,032 | 10,849 | 13,050 | 13 |
| 360.1 | 362.2 | 368.5 | 368.8 | 368.9 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 21,127 | 18,829 | 21,911 | 20,845 | 20,476 | 20 |
| 16,284 | 15,739 | 17,872 | 16,479 | 15,781 | 15,3 |
| 4,289 | 2,519 | 3,562 | 3,867 | 4,167 | 4928 |
| 554 | 571 | 477 | 499 | 528 |  |
| 336 | 309 | 414 | 419 | 432 |  |
| 806 | 611 | 611 | 664 | 707 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 111.0 | 111.0 | 112.0 | 112.5 | 112.6 |  |
| 224.2 | 224.3 | 224.8 | 224.7 | 225.9 |  |
| 105.3 | 105.3 | 10.3 | 105.6 | 105.0 |  |


| 13,652 | 14,560 | 13,945 | 11,902 | 16,769 | 11,502 | 13,043 | 14,003 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 370.2 | 383.6 | 394.1 | 390.4 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 391.8$ | 394.3 | 383.3 | 389.6 | 403.5 |
| 20,296 | 19,885 | 17,509 | 17,954 | 20,265 | '19,069 | 20,840 | 17,656 |  |
| 15,340 | 15,043 | 12,974 | 14,846 | 16,343 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 14,973$ | 16,431 | 14,100 |  |
| -4,374 | 4,370 | 4,095 | 2,501 | 3,210 | 3,465 | 3,730 | 2,954 | ...... |
| 582 | 472 | 440 | ${ }_{6}^{607}$ | 712 | '631 | 679 | 602 |  |
| 436 | 456 | 475 | 239 | 407 | 464 | 620 | 486 |  |
| 1,039 | 899 | 1,080 | 927 | 732 | 930 | 1,057 | 848 |  |
| 112.6 | 112.6 | 112.6 | 111.3 | ${ }^{+112.8}$ | 113.7 | 113.7 | 113.8 | 114.0 |
| 225.9 | 224.5 | 224.1 | 224.4 | r222.9 | 221.4 | 226.8 | 226.1 | 226.1 |
| 105.0 | 104.3 | 101.1 | 104.1 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 104.0$ | 104.5 | 104.5 | 104.6 | 104.6 |

LUMBER AND PRODUCTS

| LUMBER-ALL TYPES \# |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| National Forest Products Association: |  |
| Production, total.................................mil. bd. ft.. |  |
| Hardwoods $\qquad$$\qquad$ do .... |  |
|  |  |
| Shipments, total ............................ ..............do .... |  |
| Hardwoods $\qquad$ ................do do.... <br> Softwoods $\qquad$ $\qquad$ do $\qquad$ |  |
|  |  |
| Stocks (gross), mill, end of |  |
| period, total............................... ...... |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Exports, total sawmill products......... ..............do.... |  |
| Imports, total sawmill products......... | ....do... |
| SOFTWOODS |  |
| Douglas fir: |  |
| Orders, new $\qquad$ mil. bd. ft. Orders, unfilled, end of period $\qquad$ do... |  |
|  |  |
| Production .................................... .............do .... |  |
| Shipments $\qquad$$\qquad$ do... |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Producer Price Index, Douglas fir, dresse |  |
|  | $=$ |


| r237,436 | r237,352 |
| :---: | :---: |
| r26,262 | ${ }^{2} \mathbf{7} \mathbf{6}, 031$ |
| ${ }^{2} 31,174$ | ${ }^{2} 31,321$ |
| ${ }^{\text {r2 }} 37,221$ | ${ }^{2} 37,023$ |
| ${ }^{\text {r2 }} \mathbf{6}$ 6,035 | 25,873 |
| ${ }^{2} 31,186$ | r231,150 |
| ${ }^{\text {'6,155 }}$ | ${ }^{\text {r } 6,484}$ |
| ${ }^{\text {r }} 1,561$ | ${ }^{\text {r }} 1,719$ |
| 4,594 | ${ }^{\mathbf{r}, 765}$ |
| 13,615 | 14,191 |
| 8,296 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { r8,044 } \\ 528 \\ \hline 8.08\end{array}$ |
| 8,329 | '8,062 |
| 8,409 | '8,077 |
| 914 | '899 |
| 543 | 486 |
| 150 | 127 |
| 393 | 358 |
| 328.0 | 336.6 |




See footnotes at end of tables

[^20]| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1984 and methodological notes are as shown in Busingss Statistics: 1984 | Units |
| :---: | :---: |
| SOFTWOODS-Continued <br> Southern pine: <br> Orders, new $\qquad$ mil. bd. ft.. <br> Orders, unfilled, end of period ...........do.... |  |
|  |  |
|  |  |
| Stocks (gross), mill and concentration yards, end of period..........................................il. bd. ft .. |  |
| Exports, total sawmill products..... thous. bd. ft .. |  |
| Producer Price Index, southern pine, dressed............................................. $1967=100$.. |  |
| Western pine: <br> Orders, new............................................mil. bd. ft.. <br> Orders, unfilled, end of period $\qquad$ ..............do.. |  |
|  |  |
| Stocks (gross), mill, end of period.. ..............do .... |  |
| Producer Price Index, other softwood, dressed. $1967=100$. |  |
| HARDWOOD FLOORING |  |
| Oak: <br> Orders, unfilled, end of period $\qquad$ mil. bd. ft Shipments Stocks (gross), mill, end of period. $\qquad$ do |  |
|  |  |



LUMBER AND PRODUCTS-Continued

## METALS AND MANUFACTURES


See footnotes at end of tables


Data for the series shown in the $S$ (or "blue") pages of the Survey of Current Business are now available on diskette.

See page S-36 for details.


| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1984 and methodological notes are as shown inBusiness Statistics: 1984 | Annual |  | 1985 |  | 1986 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1984 | 1985 | Nor. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| METALS AND MANUFACTURES-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| MACHINERY AND <br> EQUIPMENT-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ( | 785.4 | 628.7 |  | 162.4 |  |  | 227.6 |  |  | 288.1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wheel (contractors' off-highway)... ...........units.. | 5.602 | 7,080 |  | 1,646 |  |  | 1,586 |  |  | 1,643 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| mil. $\$$ | 421.9 | 486.6 |  | 122.8 |  |  | 105.3 |  |  | 129.0 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shovel loaders $\$$..................................................... milits.. | $\begin{gathered} 45,622 \\ \mathbf{1 , 7 9 1 . 9} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 7,653 \\ 2,364.6 \end{gathered}$ | . | ${ }_{665.9}^{19,75}$ |  | $\ldots$ | 13,027 4056 |  |  | ${ }^{14,679} 474.3$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Radio sets, production, total market...............thous. Television sets (incl. combination models), production, total market | 46,420 22,210 | 40,606 20,525 | r1,871 1,999 | 12,256 12,235 | ${ }^{2} 1,271$ 1,687 | 1,304 1,616 | 1,338 1,888 | 1,348 2,045 | 2,065 1,570 | 2,228 1,975 | 1,813 1,583 | 2,832 1,927 | 2,774 2,337 | 3,165 2,209 | 2,822 2,161 |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| shipments (domestic and export) \#.........thous.. | 39,444 | 41,797 | 3,459 | 2,984 | 3,594 | 3,185 | 3,466 | 3,749 | 3,909 | 4,090 | 3,985 | 3,712 | 4,006 |  | 3,425 |  |
| Dishwashers............................................do.... | 3.491 | 3,575 | 298 | 13 | ${ }_{316}$ | 287 | 295 | ${ }_{337}$ | 301 | 317 | 323 | 339 | 346 | 386 | 330 |  |
| Disposers (food waste)............. ..............do.... | 4,085 | 4,105 | 334 | 305 | 384 | 340 | 339 | 300 | 318 | 410 | 296 | 363 | 414 | 404 | 347 |  |
| Microwave ovens/ranges @ ©... .............do.... | 9,132 | 10,883 | 1,276 | 871 | 1,087 | 904 | 870 | 879 | 1,051 | 903 | 892 | 1,024 | 1,183 | 1,137 | 1,129 | . |
| Reanges........................... | 3,974 | 3,142 <br> 6,080 | 270 434 | ${ }_{335}^{255}$ | ${ }_{448}^{265}$ | $\stackrel{254}{407}$ | 240 419 | 266 549 | 257 <br> 570 | 301 692 |  |  | $\stackrel{294}{597}$ |  | 449 |  |
|  | 1,281 | 1,236 | $\begin{array}{r}66 \\ \hline 18\end{array}$ | 70 | ${ }^{49}$ | 77 | 80 | 99 | 106 | 140 | 159 | 122 | 110 | 94 | 72 |  |
| Washers..........................................do... | 5,049 | 5,278 | 405 | 341 284 | 490 | 399 308 | 408 314 |  | 459 309 | ${ }_{824}^{494}$ | $\begin{array}{r}521 \\ 358 \\ \hline 8\end{array}$ | 500 856 | 554 408 | 600 460 | 430 |  |
| Dryers (incl. gas).............................................. | 3,684 | 3,914 | 340 | 284 | 375 | 308 | 314 | 325 | 309 | 324 | 358 | 356 | 408 | 460 | 350 |  |
| GAS EQUIPMENT (RESIDENTIAL) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Furnaces, warm air, shipments ......... .........thous .. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 218 | 252 |  |  |
| Ranges, total, sales....................................do.... | 1,732 | ${ }^{1} 1,814$ | r162 | 156 | '142 | ${ }^{1} 147$ | '164 | ${ }^{144}$ | ${ }^{150}$ | ${ }^{178}$ | 127 | ${ }^{156}$ | r189 | 182 |  |  |
| Water heaters (storage), automatic, | 3.502 | 3,529 | 288 | 308 | 337 | 323 | 343 | 344 |  |  |  |  | 290 | 346 |  |  |

PETROLEUM, COAL, AND PRODUCTS





Data for the series shown in the S (or "blue") pages of the Survey of Current Business are now available on diskette. See page S-36 for details.

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1984 and methodological notes are as shown in Business Statistics: 1984 | Annual |  | 1985 |  | 1986 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1984 | 1985 | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| PETROLEUM, COAL, AND PRODUCTS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| PETROLEUM AND PRODUCTS $\dagger$-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All oils, supply, demand, and stocks-Continued Domestic product demand, total \#......mil. bbl | 5,755.6 | 5,740.1 | 465.1 | 515.0 | 493.6 | 449.6 | 501.8 | 472.3 | 491.4 | 479.9 | 498.3 | 517.3 | 472.7 | 509.7 |  |  |
| Gasoline................................. ..............do .... | 2,458.2 | 2,503.3 | 203.7 | 211.4 | 201.7 | 180.8 | 216.9 | 213.5 | 217.9 | 217.0 | 234.2 | 231.7 | 206.6 | 225.1 |  |  |
| Kerosene................................. .............do .... | 42.2 | 41.6 | 3.1 | 7.7 | 5.7 | 4.2 | 4.0 | 1.7 | 2.4 | 1.1 | 1.9 | 3.0 | 1.4 | 3.1 |  |  |
| Distillate fuel oil ................... ..............do.... | 1,041.2 | 1,046.8 | 82.4 38 | 100.9 | 100.5 | 96.7 40.4 | 98.2 | 88.2 | 85.9 | 74.4 40.5 | 76.8 | 84.5 | 75.4 | 90.1 |  |  |
| Jet fuel ....................................... ........................... | 430.2 | 444.7 | 38.3 | 41.7 | 39.7 | 40.4 35.8 | 37.3 | 37.6 | 31.7 | 39.4 | 46.8 40.4 | 41.6 | 38.0 40.0 | 39.2 |  |  |
| Lubricants............................... ..............do .... | 57.0 | 53.1 | 3.8 | 3.4 | 3.5 | 3.9 | 4.6 | 4.1 | 5.5 | 4.2 | 3.7 | 4.1 | 4.4 | 4.3 |  |  |
| Asphalt................................... ...................do....... | 149.5 | 155.1 | 10.2 | 6.1 | 6.2 | 4.0 | 6.7 | 12.1 | 16.3 | 19.3 | 21.2 | 21.5 | 21.0 | 18.8 |  |  |
| Liquefied petroleum gases....... ..................do..... | 575.5 | 583.6 | 48.6 | 58.9 | 55.7 | 49.0 | 47.6 | 40.4 | 40.4 | 41.1 | 36.7 | 41.5 | 44.2 | 54.8 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of period, total ............. ..............do .... | 1,556.2 | 1,518.8 | 1,523.4 | 1,518.8 | 1,537.8 | 1,515.0 | 1,489.0 | 1,480.3 | 1,505.8 | 1,541.1 | 1,578.1 | 1,583.5 | 1,620.0 | 1,611,8 |  |  |
| Crude petroleum........................ ...................do.... | 795.9 | 814.2 | 812.4 | - 814.8 | 826.3 | -827.3 | 837.8 | + 836.9 | 828.7 | +827.2 | -845.2 | ${ }^{1} 837.7$ | -844.2 | -850.5. |  |  |
| Strategic petroleum reserve.... ................do.... Unfinished oils, natural gaso- | 450.5 | 493.3 | 491.5 | 493.3 | 494.4 | 495.4 | 496.9 | 498.8 | 499.9 | 501.8 | 503.4 | 505.0 | 506.4 | 507.5 |  |  |
| line, etc. $\qquad$ $\qquad$ do .... | 139.8 | 148.0 | 152.1 | 148.0 | 151.0 | 151.1 | 145.7 | 150.3 | 154.1 | 156.7 | 152.8 | 144.0 | 144.7 | 151.5 |  |  |
| Refined products........................ .............do .... | 620.6 | 556.6 | 558.9 | 556.6 | 560.5 | 536.6 | 505.6 | 493.0 | 523.0 | 557.2 | 580.2 | 601.8 | 631.1 | 609.8 |  |  |
| Refined petroleum products: Gasoline (incl. aviation): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production ................................ .............do .... | 2,371.1 | 2,352.3 | 195.2 | 206.7 | 202.8 | 177.2 | 188.6 | 195.8 | 220.7 | 214.1 | 217.4 | 221.7 | 208.0 | 206.7 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of period .................. .............do .... | 207.9 | 192.4 | 185.6 | 192.4 | 203.5 | 209.0 | 187.2 | 176.7 | 191.5 | 199.7 | 192.7 | 190.3 | 199.2 | 187.6 |  |  |
| Prices, regular grade (excl. aviation): <br> Producer Price Index $\ddagger$........... .... $2 / 73=100$.. | 515.1 | 507.3 | 520.1 | 523.0 | 486.5 | 427.7 | 327.8 | 310.4 | 348.4 | 361.4 | 286.6 | 282.5 | 311.9 | 284.5 | 283.9 | 289.1 |
| Retail, U.S. city average (BLS): Leaded.. $\qquad$ per gal.. | 1.129 | ${ }^{2} 1.115$ | 1.123 | 1.123 | 1.107 | 1.034 | . 894 | . 815 | . 852 | . 885 | . 822 | . 778 | . 797 | . 771 | . 762 | . 764 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production .................................. ........mil. bbl .. | 9.1 2.7 | 9.3 2.1 | 2.8 | 2.1 | 2.1 | $\begin{array}{r}.9 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | . 2.2 | 2.19 | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.0 | 2.5 | ....... |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production ................................ .............do .... | 41.8 | 34.5 | 3.5 | 4.1 | 4.5 | 3.6 | 3.1 | 2.5 | 1.8 | 1.5 | 2.1 | 2.2 | 2.9 | 2.8 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of period ................. ..............do .... | 11.9 | 7.5 | 10.5 | 7.5 | 7.3 | 6.7 | 6.1 | 6.9 | 6.3 | 6.7 | 6.9 | 7.0 | 8.6 | 8.6 |  |  |
| Producer Price Index (light <br> distillate) $\ddagger$ $\qquad$ $. .1967=100 .$. | 870.3 | 809.3 | 806.3 | 812.7 | 795.6 | 750.2 | 684.6 | 584.8 | 523.8 | 504.4 | 452.7 | 413.3 | 426.8 | 423.9 | 424.6 | 429.1 |
| Distillate fuel oil: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Imports ........................................................................... | 99.4 | 73.1 | 8.4 | 8.9 | 9.7 | 3.6 | 6.7 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 4.9 | 9.1 | 11.0 | 7.2 | 7.6 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of period .................. ..............do.... | 161.1 | 143.7 | 139.7 | 143.7 | 139.0 | 112.8 | 99.3 | 95.3 | 97.8 | 108.8 | 122.8 | 138.1 | 152.6 | 152.1 |  |  |
| Producer Price Index (middle <br> distillate) ) $\qquad$ $.1967=100$ | 880.5 | 821.5 | 887.5 | 905.5 | 830.2 | 631.6 | 519.1 | 504.3 | 476.4 | 452.9 | 369.0 | 406.5 | 469.0 | 436.0 | 440.7 | 461.8 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production ................................... .......mil. bbl .. | 326.2 | 322.0 | 28.0 | 32.7 | 28.9 | 24.0 | 25.1 | 27.8 | 28.3 | 24.5 | 26.3 | 27.8 | 25.6 | 25.6 |  |  |
| Imports ................................... .............do .... | 249.2 | 186.3 | 18.8 | 21.1 | 19.5 | 16.2 | 17.7 | 15.1 | 20.6 | 20.6 | 20.7 | 24.8 | 18.9 | 18.5 |  |  |
| Stocks; end of period $\qquad$ .do .... | 53.0 | 50.4 | 50.3 | 50.4 | 48.1 | 42.7 | 38.8 | 35.9 | 39.6 | 43.0 | 40.4 | 41.3 | 44.0 | 45.8 |  |  |
| Producer Price Index $\ddagger$.............. ... $1967=100 .$. | 1,119.6 | 983.1 | 885.7 | 955.2 | 877.8 | 756.5 | 647.2 | 517.3 | 477.7 | 453.0 | 434.0 | r361.0 | 417.6 | 452.1 | 450.8 | 479.7 |
| Jet fuel: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production ................................ .......mil. bbl .. | 414.3 | 433.9 | 39.0 | 38.4 | 41.4 | 37.7 | 40.0 | 34.8 | 37.2 | 38.3 | 39.9 | 39.4 | 38.7 | 40.7 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of period .................. .............do .... | 42.0 | 40.5 | 43.2 | 40.5 | 41.6 | 44.1 | 47.4 | 45.3 | 45.0 | 40.3 | 48.5 | 48.3 | 48.7 | 50.6 |  |  |
| Lubricants: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production............................... ..............do.... | 58.3 | 53.1 | 3.4 | 3.9 | 4.4 | 4.5 | 4.2 | 4.3 | 5.0 | 4.4 | 4.3 | 4.8 | 5.1 | 4.4 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of period .................. .............do .... | 12.7 | 11.8 | 11.6 | 11.8 | 12.4 | 12.6 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 11.3 | 11.3 | 11.2 | 11.3 | 11.7 | 11.3 |  |  |
| Asphalt: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production ............................... .............do.... | 141.3 | 146.3 | 10.4 | 61.9 | r ${ }_{2}^{6.7}$ | $\stackrel{6.4}{ }$ | 8.3 | ${ }_{21.5}$ | 15.8 278 | ${ }_{27}^{17.3}$ | 18.0 25.0 | 18.3 22.6 | 16.0 18.9 | 14.2 |  |  |
| Stocks, end of period .................. ..............do .... | 17.2 | 21.2 | 19.5 | 21.2 | 22.4 | 25.2 | 27.3 | 27.3 | 27.8 | 27.0 | 25.0 | 22.6 | 18.9 | 15.2 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production, total..................... .............do .... At gas processing plants | 620.9 | 622.0 | 51.5 | 55.4 | 58.1 | 51.8 | 53.6 | 51.2 | 54.5 | 51.6 | 62.4 | 52.4 | 49.5 | 51.0 |  |  |
| (L.P.G.).............................. .............do.... | 488.2 | 479.3 | 40.8 | 43.1 | 44.5 | 39.9 | 41.7 | 38.8 | 40.5 | 38.4 | 48.2 | 38.2 | 36.3 | 37.8 |  |  |
| At refineries (L.R.G.).............. ..............do .... | 132.7 | 142.6 | 10.7 | 12.3 | 13.6 | 11.9 | 11.9 | 12.4 | 14.0 | 13.3 | 14.2 | 14.2 | 13.3 | 13.2 |  |  |
| Stocks (at plants and refineries)................do.... | 100.8 | 73.5 | 84.0 | 73.5 | 70.4 | 67.6 | 70.4 | 76.5 | 87.0 | 97.5 | 126.0 | 126.2 | 130.4 | 122.7 | ........ | $\ldots$ |

PULP, PAPER, AND PAPER PRODUCTS

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| PULPWOOD |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Receipts...........................thous. cords (128 cu.ft.) .. | ${ }^{1} 88,876$ | 185,499 | 6,914 | 6,861 | 8,088 | 7,483 | 7,294 | 7,591 | 7,277 | 7,372 | 7,770 | 7,465 | 7,493 | 8,247 |  |  |
| Consumption .................................. .............do ... | 187,646 | 185,744 | 7,112 | 6,907 | 7,880 | 7,261 | 7,478 | 7,742 | 7,499 | 7,563 | 7,812 | 7,582 | 7,362 | 7,779 |  |  |
| Inventories, end of period .................. ................do .... WASTE PAPER | 5,574 | 5,046 | 5,062 | 5,046 | 5,491, | 5,807 | 5,433 | 5,385 | 4,910 | 4,851 | 4,836 | 4,835 | 4,970 | 5,501 |  |  |
| Consumption................................thous. sh. tons.. | ${ }^{1} 15,926$ | ${ }^{1} 15,290$ | 1,286 | 1,207 | 1,399 | 1,287 | 1,431 | 1,358 | 1,443 | 1,384 | 1,320 | 1,390 | 1,380 | 1,419 |  |  |
| Inventories, end of period ................. .............do ... | 1,053 | ${ }^{\text {「 } 967}$ | 957 | ${ }^{\text {c }} 966$ | 954 | 906 | 887 | 891 | 844 | 843 | 884 | 851 | 877 | 948 |  |  |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total.........................................thous. sh. tons .. | ${ }^{1} 55,470$ | ${ }^{154,029}$ | 4,499 | 4,385 | 4,846 | 4,407 | 4,844 | 4,763 | 4,771 | 4,844 | 4,742 | 4,903 | 4,671 | 4,881 |  |  |
| Dissolving pulp............................................do ... | 1,206 | 1,174 | ,97 | ${ }^{93}$ | 107 | ,95 | 109 | ,97 | 110 | 4,847 | 103 | 113 | 104 | 98 |  |  |
| Paper grades chemical pulp....................................... | 44,690 | 43,577 | 3,648 | 3,555 | 3,931 | 3,576 | 3,922 | 3,859 | 3,856 | 3,942 | 3,797 | 3,961 | 3,772 | 3,951 |  |  |
| Groundwood and thermomechanical $\qquad$ do .... |  |  | 421 | 408 | 463 | 425 | 467 | 459 |  |  | 474 |  | 457 | 482 |  |  |
| Semi-chemical.............................. ............................. | 4,069 | 4,027 | 333 | 328 | 346 | 311 | 346 | 347 | 340 | 345 | 368 | 359 | 338 | 350 |  |  |
| Inventories, end of period: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| At pulp mills: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Own use woodpulp..................... ..............do .... | $\stackrel{174}{585}$ | 163 | 190 | ${ }_{c} 163$ | 165 | 157 | 143 | 149 | 164 | ${ }_{304} 1$ | 176 | 195 | 186 | 176 |  |  |
| Market pulp ........................... ..............do .... | 585 | 486 | 537 | ${ }^{c} 486$ | 444 | 422 | 372 | 365 | 365 | 304 | 353 | 352 | 303 | 292 |  |  |
| Market pulp at paper and board mills ............................................. do .... | 545 | 492 | 448 | 492 | 504 | 528 | 543 | 537 | 508 | 568 | 579 | 542 | 558 | 527 |  |  |
| Exports, all grades, total.................. ..............do .... | ${ }^{1} 3,694$ | ${ }^{1} 3,794$ | 363 | 295 | 368 | 196 | 414 | 358 | 365 | 368 | 299 | 418 | 457 | 344 | 312 |  |
| Dissolving and special alpha .......... ..............do.... | 595 | 631 | 56 | 42 | 55 | 48 | 57 | 62 | 63 | 54 | 46 | 63 | 83 | 61 | 53 |  |
| All other ..................................... ..............do .... | ${ }^{1} 2,999$ | ${ }^{1} 3,161$ | 307 | 253 | 312 | 148 | 357 | 296 | 303 | 315 | 254 | 355 | 374 | 283 | 259 |  |
| Imports, all grades, total.................. ..............do .... | ${ }^{1} 4,490$ | ${ }^{14} 4,466$ | 401 | 339 | 383 | 335 | 145 | 349 | 422 | 370 | 401 | 422 | 379 | 372 | 47 |  |
| Dissolving and special alpha .......... ...............do .... | 146 | , 117 | 14 | 4 | 17 | \% 6 | 15 | 17 | ${ }^{6}$ | 16 | 5 | 18 | 18 | 12 | ${ }^{9}$ |  |
| All other ....................................... ...............do .... | ${ }^{1} 4,343$ | ${ }^{14,349}$ | 387 | 335 | 366 | 329 | 130 | 332 | 417 | 355 | 396 | 404 | 361 | 359 | 460 | .............. |


| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1984 and methodological notes are as shown in Businhes Stathetics: 1984 | Units | Anmual |  | 1985 |  | 1986 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1984 | 1985 | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |



Data for the series shown in the S (or "blue") pages of the Survey of Current Business are now available on diskette. See page S-36 for details.

| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1984 and methodological notes are as shown in Business Statistics: 1984 | Units | Annual |  | 1985 |  | 1986 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1984 | 1985 | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |

STONE, CLAY, AND GLASS PRODUCTS

| PORTLAND CEMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Shipments, finished cement.....................thous. bbl. CLAY CONSTRUCTION PRODUCTS | ${ }^{1435,787}$ | ${ }^{1445,144}$ | 33,186 | 26,718 | 28,904 | 23,660 | 32,340 | 41,463 | 43,197 | 44,809 | 46,872 | 46,585 | 45,926 | 49,053. |  |  |
| Shipments: <br> Brick, unglazed (common and face) mil. standard brick.. | 6,990.6 | 6,833.7 | 519.6 | 430.4 | 487.6 | 408.0 | 543.7 | 681.7 | 678.4 | 686.1 | 700.0 | '668.2 | 666.6 |  |  |  |
| Structural tile, except facing.........thous. sh. tons.. | 52.7 | 72.8 | 5.6 | 3.5 | 3.9 | 2.9 | 4.9 | 5.5 | 5.3 | 6.6 | 6.9 | 7.3 | 9.2 |  |  |  |
| Sewer pipe and fittings, vitrified... .............do.... | 442.6 | 436.7 | 24.2 | 21.3 | 19.9 | 12.9 | 17.3 | 27.0 | 30.8 | 28.0 | 32.8 | r28.3 | 31.3 |  |  |  |
| Floor and wall tile and accessories, glazed and unglazed. mi. sq. ft.. | 408.7 |  |  | 35.4 |  | 30.8 | 31.8 | 36.2 | 37.2 | 37.7 | 39.1 | r38.0 | 39.1 |  |  |  |
| Producer Price Index, brick and structural clay tile *........................................ .. $12 / 84=100$.. GLASS AND GLASS PRODUCTS |  | 101.4 | 102.3 | 103.7 | 104.7 | 104.7 | 104.7 | 104.8 | 105.2 | 105.3 | 105.1 | '105.6 | 106.1 | 105.8 | 105.9 | 105.2 |
| Flat glass, mfrs.' shipments............... .......thous. \$.. | 955,088 | 1,174,380 |  | 312,221 |  |  | 284,475 |  |  | 314,089. |  |  | 330,318 |  |  |  |
| Glass containers: $\dagger$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production.....................................thous. gross.. | 291,682 | 273,695 | 22,627 | 18,085 | 22,887 | 23,649 | 25,353 | 25,291 | 25,926 | 25,919 | 25,409 | ${ }^{2} \mathbf{2 5 , 1 7 1}$ | 23,556 |  |  |  |
| Shipments, total $\qquad$ $\qquad$ do .... Narrow-neck containers: | 289,950 | 272,821 | 19,754 | 19,122 | 22,458 | 21,312 | 23,127 | 25,787 | 24,959 | 25,939 | 26,129 | 24,637 | 23,553 |  |  |  |
| Food..................................... ...............do.... | 26,170 | 23,770 | 1,528 | 1,433 | 1,859 | 1,911 | 2,405 | 2,229 | 2,313 | 2,161 | 2,176 | 2,590 | 2,578 |  |  |  |
| Beverage.......-......................... ..............do.... | 61,575 | 60,085 | 4,088 | 3,882 | 4,303 | 4,065 | 4,861 | 6,173 | 5,884 | 5,856 | 5,899 | 5,248 | 4,687 |  |  |  |
| Beer ..................................... .............do ... | 90,796 | 83,777 | 5,859 | 6,316 | 7,209 | 6,542 | 7,222 | 7,878 | 7,742 | 8,080 | 8,333 | 7,128 | 6,965 |  |  |  |
| Liquor and wine ..................... ..............do .... | 24,429 | 25,975 | 1,822 | 1,831 | 1,848 | 1,883 | 2,276 | 2,585 | 2,582 | 2,895 | 2,870 | 2,524 | 2,021 |  |  |  |
| Wide-mouth containers: <br> Food and dairy products $\qquad$ do .... | 64,302 | 59,935 | 4,876 | 4,217 | 5,295 | 4,935 | 4,704 | 4,970 | 4,649 | 5,105 | 5,152 | 5,618 | 5,821 |  |  |  |
| Narrow-neck and wide-mouth containers: Medicinal and toilet. | 20,311 | 17,322 | 1,412 | 1,291 | 1,767 | 1,815 | 1,510 | 1,795 | 1,685 | 1,740 | 1,586 | 1,450 | 1,403. |  |  |  |
| Chemical, household, and industrial $\qquad$ do | 2,367 | 1,957 | 169 | 152 | 177 | 161 | 149 | 157 | 104 | 102 | 113 | 1,79 | 78 |  |  |  |
| Stocks, end of period $\qquad$ $\qquad$ do .... GYPSUM AND PRODUCTS | 42,918 | 38,843 | 40,194 | 38,843 | 38,568 | 40,484 | 42,152 | 41,248 | 42,396 | 42,202 | 40,749 | '41,080 | 40,724 |  |  |  |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Crude gypsum (exc. byproduct).....thous. sh. tons.. | ${ }^{1} 14,390$ | 14,784 | 1,262 | 1,276 | 1,919 | 1,084 | 1,135 | 1,378 | 1,363 | 1,342 | 1,284 | 1,332 | 1,375 | 1,463 |  |  |
| Calcined....................................... ..............do.... | 14,829 | 17,135 | 1,366 | 1,473 | 1,511 | 1,173 | 1,542 | 1,543 | 1,446 | 1,445 | 1,431 | 1,531 | 1,625 | 1,489 |  |  |
| Imports, crude gypsum ..................... .............do .... | 8,904 | 9,922 | 739 | 1,074 | 694 | 804 | 640 | 659 | 784 | 958 | 993 | 1,009 | r832 | 707 |  |  |
| Sales of gypsum products: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Uncalcined...................................... ...............do .... <br> Calcined: | ${ }^{1} 4,544$ | 4,386 | 358 | 374 | 271 | 266 | 21 | 266 | 253 | 317 | 308 | 338 | 297 | 296 |  |  |
| Industrial plasters..................... ..............do .... | ${ }^{1} 522$ | 544 | 43 | 36 | 46 | 41 | 47 | 15 | 13 | 14 | 14 | 13 | 14 | 16 |  |  |
| Building plasters, total <br> (incl. Keene's cement) $\qquad$ do | 249 | 214 | 17 | 15 | 16 | 15 | 24 | 25 | 23 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 24 | 25 |  |  |
| Board products, total..................... ....mil. sq. ft.. | 18,324 | 19,431 | 1,620 | 1,585 | 1,696 | 1,369 | 1,697 | 1,880 | 1,712 | 1,628 | 1,715 | 1,757 | 1,795 | 1,952 |  |  |
| Lath...................................................................... | 18,32 | -28 | 1,6 | 1,58 | 1,6\% | 1,2 | 1,68 | 1,88 | 1, 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1,75 | 1 |  |  |
| Veneer base.............................. ..............do .... | 407 | 432 | 34 | 39 | 41 | 30 | 39 | 43 | 41 | 40 | 40 | 41 | 43 | 45 |  |  |
| Gypsum sheathing ..................... ..............do .... | 323 | 328 | 28 | 23 | 32 | 20 | 28 | 31 | 31 | 28 | 30 | 26 | 27 | 26 |  |  |
| Regular gypsum board............... .............do .... | 11,474 | 11,631 | 974 | 962 | 1,014 | 819 | 1,037 | 1,135 | 1,009 | 960 | 1,024 | 1,060 | 1,098 | 1,198 |  |  |
| Type X gypsum board ................ ..............do.... | 15,083 | 5,507 | 460 | 451 | 487 | 397 | 472 | 530 | 496 | 481 | 494 | 499 | 500 | 538 |  |  |
| Predecorated wallboard .............. ..............do .... | ${ }^{1} 125$ | 128 | 11 | 10 | 11 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 11 | 10 | 11 | 10 | 10 | 11 |  |  |
| 5/6 mobile home board .............. *................do .... | ${ }^{1} 880$ | 853 | 66 | 53 | 59 | 56 | 63 | 76 | 70 | 60 | 64 | 68 | 64 | 76 |  |  |
| Water/moisture resistant board **..........do...... |  | 523 | 45 | 45 | 50 | 37 | 46 | 53 | 52 | 48 | 50 | 51 | 52 | 57 |  | ........... |

TEXTILE PRODUCTS

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FABRIC |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Woven fabric, finishing plants: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production (finished fabric)............mil. linear yd.. | 7,538 | 6,967 | 584 | ${ }^{3} 624$ | ${ }^{3} 631$ | 560 | 539 | ${ }^{3} 661$ | 538 | 536 | ${ }^{3} 538$ | 531 | ${ }^{3} 533$ |  |  |  |
| Manmade fiber and silk fabrics........................... | 2,515 5,022 | 2,623 4,343 | 215 369 | ${ }^{3} 2268$ | ${ }^{3} 23838$ | 345 | 201 | ${ }_{3}{ }^{3} 2419$ | 201 | 201 | ${ }^{3} 1856$ | 192 | ${ }_{3} 197$ |  |  |  |
| Inventories held at end of period .. ..............do .... | 629 | 582 | 613 | 582 | 509 | 509 | 510 | 505 | 508 | 507 | 535 | 559 | 555 |  |  |  |
| Cotton ...................................... ..............do .... | 276 | 228 | 237 | 228 | 187 | 189 | 186 | 185 | 184 | 179 | 188 | 205 | 207 |  |  |  |
| Manmade fiber and silk fabrics................................ | 354 | 354 | 376 | 354 | 322 | 320 | 324 | 320 | 324 | 328 | 347 | 354 | 347 |  |  |  |
| Backlog of finishing orders............. .............do .... |  |  | 535 | 533 | 516 | 543 | 520 | 539 | 525 | 495 | 514 | 516 | 529 |  |  |  |
| Cotton ..................................... ..............do .... |  |  | 180 | 183 | 189 | 198 | 190 | 188 | 187 | 156 | 177 | 182 | 190 |  |  |  |
| Manmade fiber and silk fabrics...................do..... |  |  | 355 | 349 | 327 | 345 | 330 | 351 | 338 | 340 | 337 | 334 | 339 |  |  |  |
| COTTON AND MANUFACTURES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cotton (excluding linters): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ginnings $\leqslant$.....................thous. running bales.. | 12,545 | 12,988 | 10,052 | 12,365 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 147 | 624 | 2,408 | 5,291 | 7,495 | 8,590 |
| Crop estimate............thous, net weight bales §.. | 12,982 | 13,432 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 9,792 |  |
| Consumption.....................thous. running bales.. | 5,628 | ${ }^{15} 5,268$ | 477 | ${ }^{3} 486$ | ${ }^{3} 595$ | 499 | 492 | ${ }^{3} 620$ | 503 | 489 | ${ }^{3} 522$ | 534 | 523 | ${ }^{73} 683$ | 529 | ${ }^{3} 568$ |
| Stocks in the United States, total, end of period \# $\qquad$ thous. running bales.. | 11,442 | 13,683 | 14,326 | 13,683 | 12,897 | 12,121 | 11,478 | 10,725 | 10,162 | 9,528 | 9,045 | 18,113 | 16,704 | 15,366 | 14,639 | 13,416 |
| Domestic cotton, total ................. ..............do.... | 11,441 | 13,682 | 14,325 | 13,682 | 12,897 | 12,120 | 11,477 | 10,724 | 10,161 | 9,527 | 9,044 | 18,112 | 16,703 | 15,366 | 14,639 | 13,416 |
| On farms and in transit........... .................do..... | 3,208 | 2,374 | + 4 | -2,374 | 1,490 | 1,125 | 1,890 | , 902 | -737 | 787 | 150 | -1,049 | 8,119 | 5,286 | 3,913 | 2,540 |
| Public storage and compresses..............do.... | 7,551 | 10,696 | 8,963 | 10,696 | 10,726 | 10,271 | 9,624 | 9,085 | 8,645 | 7,931 | 8,124 | 7,393 | 7,996 | 9,519 | 10,148 | 10,252 |
| Consuming establishments...... ..............do.... | 682 | 612 | 569 | 612 | 681 | 724 | 764 | 787 | 779 | 809 | 770 | 670 | 588 | 561 | 578 | 624 |

See footnotes at end of tables.

Data for the series shown in the $S$ (or "blue") pages of the Survey of Current Business are now available on diskette.

See page S-36 for details.


| Unless otherwise stated in footnotes below, data through 1984 and methodological notes are as shown in Buginess Statietics: 1984 | Annual |  | 1985 |  | 1986 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1984 | 1985 | Nov. | Dec. | Jan. | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | oct. | Nov. | Dec. |
| TEXTILE PRODUCTS-Continued |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| APPAREL-Continued <br> Men's apparel cuttings: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Suits............................................thous. units.. | 12,543 | 12,403 | 1,042 | 893 | 984 | 959 | 888 | 1,002 | 987 | 822 | 597 |  |  |  |  | ............. |
| Coats (separate), dress and sport ... ...............do .... | $\begin{array}{r}20,864 \\ 122 \\ \hline 185\end{array}$ | 19,794 | 1,615 | 1,288 | 10,1850 | 1,516 | 1,503 | 1,662 | 1,485 | 1,620 | 1,423 |  |  |  |  | .............. |
| Trousers (separate), dress............... ................do .... | 122,965 | 116,413 18655 | 9,080 17,678 | 1,219 12,763 | 10,188 16,085 | 10,166 15,949 | 10,338 12 | 10,551 12,917 | 1,138 13,758 | 8,165 16,492 | 7,707 13,479 |  |  |  |  | .............. |
| Shirts, dress and sport...........................thous doz.. | 40,783 | 40,363 | 3,523 | - 3,041 | - | 3,890 | 4,072 | 4,421 | 4,019 | 3,759 | - 3,350 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hosiery, shipments......................thous. doz. pairs.. | 309,357 | 308,660 | 28,412 | 22,891 | 24,239 | 24,442 | 25,537 | 28,452 | 23,734 | 25,127 | 27,870 | 25,029 | 23,817 | 30,818 | 29,989 | .............. |


| AEROSPACE VEHICLES |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Orders, new (net), qtriy, total............ ...........mil. \$.. | ${ }^{3} 104,863$ | 110,450 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. Government........................ ..............do... | ${ }^{3} \mathbf{3} 66,968$ | $\begin{aligned} & 69,722 \\ & 107025 \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prime contract............................. .............do .... | ${ }^{3} 101,556$ | 107,915 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sales (net), receipts, or billings, quarterly, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. Government........................................................................................ | 3 385,777 | $\begin{array}{r} 100,144 \\ 63,515 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Backlog of orders, end of period \# ... ...............do.... | ${ }^{3} 132,507$ | 142,813 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| U.S. Government...................... .................do.... | 385,626 | 91,833 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aircraft (complete) and parts........ ..............do.... | ${ }^{3} 56,587$ | 62,553 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Engines (aircraft) and parts........... .............do.... | ${ }^{3} 13,602$ | 13,638 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Missiles, space vehicle systems, engines, propulsion units, and parts $\qquad$ mil. $\$$. | ${ }^{3} 17,823$. | 18,192 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Other related operations (conversions, modifications), products, services........ ............mil. \$. | ${ }^{3} 17,881$ | 19,091 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Aircraft (complete); |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipments $\dagger$ $\qquad$ $\qquad$ do <br> Airframe weight $\qquad$ thous. lb .. | $7,911.5$ 33,450 | $\begin{array}{r} 10,939.9 \\ 40,872 \end{array}$ | $\left.\begin{aligned} & 694.5 \\ & 2,643 \end{aligned} \right\rvert\,$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,181.3 \\ 7,306 \end{array}$ | $755.3$ $\left(^{5}\right)$ | 819.7 | 1,337.2 | 925.5 | 1,138.7 | 1,063.0 | 1,134.2 | 994.1 | ${ }^{\text {r }} 796.0$ | 1,239.4 |  |  |
| Exports, commercial............................... ........................ $\$$. MOTOR VEHICLES (NEW) | 3,989 | 6,252 | , 440 | 798 | -201 | 575 | 921 | 531 | 448 | 718 | 720 | 578 | 493 | 882 | 476 |  |
| Passenger cars: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Factory sales (from U.S. plants): <br> Total............................................ ...........tho | 7,621 | 8,002 | 658 | 540 | 713 | 675 | 655 | 713 | 685 | 706 | 505 | 426 | 637 | 684. |  | (2) |
| Domestic.......................................................................... | 7,030 | 7,337 | 601 | 499 | 662 | 618 | 590 | 647 | 615 | 630 | 466 | 401 | 581 | 627 |  |  |
| Retail sales, total, not seas. adj ..... ..............do .... | 10,394 | 11,039 | 762 | 812 | 870 | 832 | 897 | 972 | 1,072 | 1,001 | 954 | 952 | 1,217 | 906 | 783 | ${ }^{2} 992$ |
| Domestics §............................ ..............do.... | 7,952 | 8,834 | 516 | 558 | 636 <br> 234 | ${ }_{619}^{613}$ | $\begin{array}{r}649 \\ \hline 248\end{array}$ | 720 | 786 | 736 | 649 305 | $\begin{array}{r}673 \\ \hline 279\end{array}$ | ${ }_{292} 92$ | ${ }_{273}^{683}$ | 521 | r673 |
| Total, seas. adj. at annual rate..................................... | 2,442 | 2,834 | 247 | 254 | $\underline{234}$ | $\underline{219}$ | 248 9.8 | 252 | 286 | 265 611.1 | 305 10.7 | 279 12.7 | 292 16.1 | 273 | 262 | - ${ }^{\text {e319 }} 13.6$ |
| Domestics §........................... ....................do.... |  |  | 6.7 | 8.0 | 8.5 | 8.0 | 7.0 | 8.0 | 8.2 | ${ }^{6} 8.2$ | 7.4 | 9.4 | 12.3 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 9.6 |
| Imports §................................ .............do .... |  |  | 3.2 | 3.3 | 2.9 | 2.8 | 2.8 | 3.2 | 3.1 | ${ }^{6} 2.9$ | 3.3 | 3.4 | 3.8 | 3.3 | 3.5 | ${ }^{\text {e }} 4.0$ |
| Retail inventories, domestics, end of period: § Not seasonally adjusted........... ........thous.. | 1,415 | 1,630 | 1,606 | 1,630 | 1,763 | 1,867 | 1,907 | 1,945 | 1,867 | 1,860 | 1,726 | 1,557 | 1,293 | 1,413 | 1,537 | 1,499 |
| Seasonally adjusted....................... ........................ | 1,411 | 1,603 | 1,588 | 1,603 | 1,685 | 1,741 | 1,796 | 1,809 | 1,755 | ${ }^{1,733}$ | 1,696 | 1,548 | 1,178 | 1,294 | r1,376 | 1,274 |
| Inventory-retail sales ratio, domestics § ................ | 2.1 | 2.3 | 2.8 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.6 | 3.1 | 2.7 | 2.6 | ${ }^{6} 2.5$ | 2.7 | 2.0 | 1.1 | 2.2 | 2.3 | 1.6 |
| Exports (BuCensus), total .............. ..............do .... | 613.66 | 701.16 | 59.19 | 42.25 | 57.26 | 63.52 | 69.63 | 73.01 | 58.90 | 80.32 | 39.18 | 20.62 | 59.52 | 50.50 | 54.20 |  |
| To Canada............................... ..............do.... | 589.30 | 677.19 | 56.75 | 39.36 | 55.42 | 61.99 | 66.50 | 70.22 | 56.99 | 77.72 | 36.68 | 18.97 | 59.01 | 45.95 | 49.95 |  |
| Imports (ITC), complete units......... ..............do ... | 3,559.4 | 4,394.9 | 410.5 | 429.3 | 395.2 | 351.5 | 381.0 | 380.9 | 410.4 | 460.8 | 435.7 | 328.9 | 322.5 | 393.1 |  |  |
| From Canada, total.................... .............do .... | ${ }^{1} 1,067.4$ | 1,146.3 | 106.9 | 100.0 | 89.8 | 95.4 | 104.2 | 117.8 | 110.4 | 113.7 | 52.2 | 60.0 | 97.5 | 104.4 | 120.7 |  |
| Registrations \&, total new vehicles................do.... Imports, including domestically | 10,129 | ${ }^{1} 10,889$ | 828 | 849 | 913 | 822 | 848 | 906 | 918 | 1,012 | 934 | 894 | 1,149 | 948 | 719 |  |
| sponsored............................... .............do.... | 2,524 | ${ }^{1} 3,011$ | 284 | 294 | 277 | 236 | 259 | 266 | 260 | 272 | 284 | 298 | 317 | 301 | 263 |  |
| Trucks and buses: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Factory sales (from U.S. plants): Total |  |  | 276 |  |  | 280 |  |  | 298 | 299 |  |  |  | 306 |  | ${ }^{2}$ ) |
| Domestic...................................................................... | 2,884 | 3,126 | 255 | 220 | 274 | 262 | 258 | 281 | 272 | 273 | 234 | 247 | 295 | 279 |  | ) |
| Retail sales, domestics: * |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total, not seasonally adjusted.... .............do .... | 3,485.4 | 3,913.2 | 303.0 | 318.8 | 283.0 | 282.2 | 318.2 | 340.3 | 377.2 | 359.1 | 328.0 | 320.8 | 430.9 | 296.5 | 260.8 |  |
| 0-10,000 lbs. GVW .................. .............do .... | 3,207.2 | 3,618.3 | 283.1 | 291.3 | 262.2 | 264.7 | 295.0 | 315.0 | 354.1 | 333.9 | 304.0 | 299.1 | 407.9 | 271.9 | 241.5 |  |
| 10,001 lbs. GVW and over ....... .............do .... | 278.2 | 294.8 | 19.9 | 27.5 | 20.8 | 17.4 | 23.1 | 25.3 | 23.2 | 25.3 | 24.0 | 21.6 | 23.1 | 24.7 | 19.3 |  |
| Total; seasonally adjusted ........... .............do ... |  |  | 339.2 | 349.4 | 299.1 | 298.4 | 266.8 | 310.7 | 332.5 | 330.0 | 314.2 | 405.8 | 454.7 | 301.4 | 293.8 |  |
| 0-10,000 liss. GVW ................. .............do... |  |  | 313.7 | 321.9 | 277.4 | 277.7 | 244.6 | 287.9 | 310.7 | 306.3 | 292.7 | 383.3 | 431.9 | 277.9 | 268.4 |  |
| 10,001 lbs. GVW and over ....... .............do .... |  |  | 25.5 | 27.5 | 21.6 | 20.7 | 22.2 | 22.8 | 21.8 | 23.8 | 21.5 | 22.5 | 22.8 | 23.5 | 25.4 |  |
| Retail inventories, including captive imports, end of period: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Not seasonally adjusted ............... ..............do .... | 782.8 | 827.6 | 872.1 | 827.6 | 907.5 | 959.8 | 976.5 | 1,006.3 | 991.1 | 984.0 | 935.9 | 923.3 | 840.8 | 881.6 | 905.2 |  |
| Seasonally adjusted © $\qquad$ <br> Exports (BuCensus) do .... | 802.0 153.38 | 849.2 | 854.5 17.94 | 849.2 16.31 | ${ }^{4881.1}$ | 936.4 | 958.3 16.66 | 989.5 20.68 | 973.6 | 958.1 | 1,010.7 | 964.8 7.18 | 860.6 | 875.5 19.44 | 885.7 15.47 |  |
| Imports (BuCensus), including separate chassis and bodies. <br> thous.. | ${ }^{1} 1,082.08$ | 1,308.94 | 113.35 | 116.58 | 140.09 | 109.41 | 134.15 | 130.22 | 117.66 | 131.18 | 138.47 | 124.20 | 80.18 | 94.75 | 115.73 |  |
| Registrations $\rangle$, new vehicles, excluding buses not produced on truck chassis.... ...........thous .. | 4,049 | 14,675 | 385 | 405 | 374 | 345 | 370 | 401 | 407 | 434 | 405 | 397 | 483 | 415 | 320 |  |
| Truck trailers and chassis, complete (excludes detachables), shipments $\dagger$ †.......... ........number | 213,911 | 175,152 | 14,435 | 16,364 | 13,091 | 11,719 | 14,776 | 15,072 | 15,760 | 15,315 | 14,309 | 14,920 | ${ }^{\text {r } 16,014}$ | 14,916 |  |  |
| Van type t+................................ .............do.... | 159,981 | 124,556 | 10,840 | 12,182 | 9,122 | 8,266 | 10,779 | 10,696 | 11,412 | 11,444 | 10,906 | 11,572 | r12,571 | 11,144 |  |  |
| Trailer bodies (detachable), sold separately t†... do. | 1,054 | 252 | 10 | 9 | 22 | 14 | 64 | 52 | 66 | 81 | 55 | 71 | 53 | 64 |  |  |
| Trailer chassis (detachable), sold separately ††.................................. do | 24,205 | 11,286 | 1,082 | 374 | 845 | 568 | 415 | 567 | 430 | 771 | 380 | 352 | 342 | 620 |  |  |
| RAILROAD EQUIPMENT |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Freight cars (new), for domestic use; all railroads and private car lines (excludes rebuilt cars and cars for export): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shipments................................ .......number .. | ${ }^{1} 12,396$ | ${ }^{1} 12,080$ | 910 | 714 | 443 | 544 | 574 | 607 | 887 | 999 | 1,247 | 1,161 | 1,134 | 1,132 | 886 |  |
| Equipment manufacturers .......... .............do .... | ${ }^{1} 12,396$ | ${ }^{2} 11,674$ | 910 | 714 | 443 | 544 | 574 | 607 | 827 | 999 | 1,247 | 1,161 | 1,134 | 1,132 | 886 |  |
| New orders ................................ ..............do.... | 15,460 | 19,510 | 350 | 558 | 500 | 1,425 | 1,252 | 1,850 | 955 | 485 | 797 | 1,081 | 1,096 | 723 | 668 |  |
| Equipment manufacturers ......... ..............do.... | 15,054 | '9,510 | 350 | 558 | ${ }_{1}^{500}$ | 1,425 | 1,252 | 1,850 | 955 | 485 | 797 | 1,081 | 1,096 | 723 | 668 |  |
| Unfilled orders, end of period ........ ..............do .... | 5,154 | 1,759 | 1,834 | 1,759 | 1,816 | 2,697 | 3,375 | 4,618 | 4,746 | 4,232 | 3,782 | 3,702 | 3,664 | 3,255 | 3,037 |  |
| Equipment manufacturers ......... .............do .... | 4,748 | 1,759 | 1,834 | 1,759 | 1,816 | 2,697 | 3,375 | 4,618 | 4,746 | 4,232 | 3,782 | 3,702 | 3,664 | 3,255 | 3,037 |  |
| Freight cars (revenue), class I railroads(AAR): $\ddagger$ Number owned, end of period ....... ...........thous. Capacity (carrying), total, end of month | 948 | 867 | 869 | 867 | 862 | 857 | 850 | 842 | 836 | 829 | 825 | 822 | 817 | 811 | 808 |  |
| mil. tons .. | 78.13 | 72.17 | ${ }^{7} 72.30$ | 72.17 | 71.77 | 71.36 | 70.98 | 70.41 | 69.92 | 69.44 | 68.97 | 68.71 | 68.36 | 68.04 | 67.90 |  |
| Average per car........................... .............tons.. | 82.40 | 83.23 | ${ }^{\text {r } 83.19 ~}$ | 83.23 | 83.27 | 82.30 | 83.49 | 83.62 | 83.68 | 83.74 | 83.56 | 83.60 | 83.72 | 83.94 | 84.03 |  |

Data for the series shown in the $\mathbf{S}$ (or "blue") pages of the Survey of Current Business are now available on diskette.

See page S-36 for details.

# FOOTNOTES FOR PAGES S-1 THROUGH S-32 <br> <br> General Notes for all Pages: 

 <br> <br> General Notes for all Pages:}
$r$ Revised.
p Preliminary
Estimated
c Corrected.

## Page S -1

$\dagger$ Revised series. The estimates of personal income have been revised as a part of the annual revision of the national income and product accounts (NIPA's) released in July 1986 and as part of the comprehensive revision of the NIPA's released in 1985. Articles describing those revisions appear in the July 1986 and December 1985 issues of the SURVEY. See tables $2.6-2.9$ in the July 1986 SURVEY for revised estimates for 1983-85. Pre-1983 estimates appear in The National Income and Product Accounts of the United States, 1929-82; mates appear in The National Income and Product Accounts of the United States,
Statistical Tables. For order information see the box at the beginning of the National Income Statistical Tables. For order information see the box at the
and Product Accounts Tables in this issue of the SURVEY.
nd Product Accounts Tables in this issue of the SURVEY.
$\ddagger$ Includes inventory valuation and capital consumption adjustments.
§ Monthly estimates equal the centered three-month average of personal saving as a perecntage of the centered three-month moving average of disposable personal income.
$\diamond$ Sec note " $\diamond$ " for p : S-2.
Page $\mathbf{S - 2}$

1. Based on data not seasonally adjusted.
$\diamond$ Effective with Sept. 1986 SURVEY, the industrial production index has been revised back to Jan. 1984. These revisions are available upon request.
\# Includes data not shown separately.
\# Includes data not shown

+ See note "+" for p. S-8.
$\dagger$ See note " $\downarrow$ " for $\mathrm{p} . \mathrm{S}-8$.
$\ddagger$ See note " $\ddagger$ " for $\mathrm{p} . \mathrm{S}-8$.
$\ddagger$ See note " $\ddagger$ " for p. S-8.
§ Revised series. Data for inventories are available from 1959; sales and ratios 1967 forward. Revisions are available upon request.

Page S-3
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.
$\dagger$ See note "+" for p. S-8.
$\ddagger$ Sec note " $\ddagger$ " for p. S-8.
§ See note "§" for p. S-2.

## Page S-4

1. Based on data not seasonally adjusted.
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.
$\ddagger$ Includes textile mill products, leather and products, paper and allied products, and printing and publishing industries; unfilled orders for other nondurable goods industries are zero.
$\diamond$ For these industries (food and kindred products, tobacco, apparel and other textile products, petroleum and coal, chemicals and allied products, and rubber and plastics products) sales are considered equal to new orders.

Page S-5

1. Based on unadjusted data.
2. Effective with the Mar. 1986 SURVEY, the reporting frequency has been changed from monthly to 3 -month intervals.
(a) Compiled by Dun \& Bradstreet, Inc. Monthly data from 1984 to 1985 for failures and liabilities, are available upon request, but are not comparable to the earlier years. The failure annual rate data will be available at a later date.
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.
§ Ratio of prices received to prices paid (parity index).
$\ddagger$ Sec note " $\ddagger$ " for p. S-4.
t Effective with the July 1986 SURVEY, data (back to 1983, for some commodities) have been revised and are available upon request.

Page S-6
§ For producer price indexes of individual commodities, see respective commodities in the Industry section beginning p. S-19. All indexes subject to revision four months after original publication
\# Includes data for items not shown separately
$\dagger$ Effective with the Feb. 1986 SURVEY, data back to 1981 have been revised and are available upon request.

Page S-7

1. Computed from cumulative valuation total.
2. Index as of Jan. I, 1987: building, 372.0; construction, 405.1
3. Index as of Jan. 1, 1987: building, 372.0; const
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.
§ Data for Jan., May, July, and, Oct. 1986 are for five weeks; other months four weeks.
$\diamond$ Effective Feb. 1986 SURVEY, data for seasonally adjusted housing starts have been revised back to 1983. These revisions are available upon request
$\dagger$ Effective May 1986 SURVEY, data for seasonally adjusted building permits have been revised back to Jan. 1984. These revisions are available upon request,
(a) Effective July 1986 SURVEY, data have been revised. In addition to the normal revisions, a number of important changes have been made, including the elimination of the
"Nonhousekeeping" residential category, which has been replaced for the most part by a new "Hotels and Motels" category in nonresidential buildings; the inclusion of residential major replacements in "Additions and Alterations," which is renamed "Improvements;" major replacements in "Additions and Alterations, which is renamed "Improvements,
and significant historical revisions to estimates for one-unit residential buildings, railroads, and significant historical revisions to estimates for one-unit residential buildings, railroads,
electric, gas, and Federal industrial buildings. Due to these changes, much of the data have electric, gas, and Federal industrial buildings. Due to these changes, much of the data have
been revised back to 1964 and are available from the Construction Statistics Division at the been revised back to 1964 and are available from
Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233
$\ddagger$ Effective July 1986 SURVEY, this index has been revised to a new comparison base of $1982=100$. Revisions back to 1964 are available upon request.

## Page S-8

1. Advance estimate

* New series effective Sept. 1985 SURVEY. All activity reported on a gross basis (i.e., the entire amount of loan) including refinancings and combination construction--purchase loans. Revised data are now available back to Jan. 1984. Earlier data will be available later.
$\diamond$ Home mortgage rates (conventional first mortgages) are under money and interest rates on $p$. S-14
§ Data include guaranteed direct loans sold.
$\ddagger$ Effective April 1986 SURVEY, wholesale trade data have been revised back to Jan. 1976. Revised data and a summary of changes appear in the report Revised Monthly Wholesale Trade Sales and Inventories BW-13-85S, available from the Bureau of the Census, Washington, D.C. 20233: $\$ 2.50$ per copy.
$\ddagger$ Effective April 1986 SURVEY, retail trade data have been revised. Estimates of retail sales have been revised back to Jan. 1983 and estimates of retail inventories have been revised back to Jan. 1978. Revised data and a summary of changes appear in the report Revised Monthly Retail Sales and Inventories BR-13-85S, available from the Bureau of the Census. Washington, D.C. 20233; $\$ 3.00$ per copy
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.


## Page S-9

1. Advance estimate
2. Data beginning Jan. 1986 are not strictly comparable with earlier data because of a change in estimation procedures.
$\ddagger$ See note " $\ddagger$ " for $\mathrm{p} . \mathrm{S}$-8.
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.
$\diamond$ Effective with the January 1987 SURVEY, the seasonally adjusted labor force series have been revised back to January 1982. The January 1987 issue of Employment and Earnings contains the new seasonal adjustment factors, a description of the current methodology, and revised data for the most recent 13 months or calendar quarters. Revised monthly data for the entire 1982-86 revision period will appear in the February 1987 issue of Employment and Earnings.
$\dagger$ The participation rate is the percent of the civilian noninstitutional population in the civilian labor force. The employment-population ratio is civilian employment as a percent of the civilian noninstitutional population, 16 years and over.
(a) Data include resident armed forces.

Page S-10
$\diamond$ Sec note " $\diamond$ " for p. S-9.
§ Effective June 1986 SURVEY, data have been revised back to April 1984 (not season\& Effective June 1986 SURVEY, data have been revised back to April 1984 (not season-
ally adjusted) and January 1981 (seasonally adjusted) to reflect new benchmarks and seasonal adjustment factors. The June 1986 issue of Employment and Earnings will contain a detailed discussion of the effects of the revisions.

## Page S-11

$\$$ This series is not seasonally adjusted because the seasonal component is small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision.
$\diamond$ Production and nonsupervisory workers.
§ See note"§" for p. S-10.

## Page S-12

1. This series is not seasonally adjusted because the seasonal component is small relative to the trend-cycle and/or irregular components and consequently cannot be separated with sufficient precision. Use the corresponding unadjusted series.
§ See note "§" for p. S-10.
$\diamond$ Production and nonsupervisory workers.
$\ddagger$ Earnings in 1977 dollars reflect changes in purchasing power since 1977 by dividing by Consumer Price Index.
§§ Wages as of Jan. 1, 1987: Common, \$16.66; Skilled, \$21.83.
@ New series. The Employment Cost Index (ECI) is a quarterly measure of the average change in the cost of employing labor. See p. S-36 of the August through October 1984 issues of the SURVEY for a brief description of the ECI.
$\dagger$ Excludes farm, household, and Federal workers.
$\ddagger+$ See note " $\ddagger$ " for p . S-11.

## Page S-13

1. Average for Dec
2. Reported annual; monthly revisions are not available.
$\ddagger$ Effective January 1984, series revised due to changes in the reporting panel and in the item contents. The new panel includes 168 banks that had domestic office assets exceeding $\$ 1.4$ billion as of December 31, 1982. Beginning Jan. 1985, data are as of the last Wednesday of the month. Earlier data are as of the Wednesday nearest the end of the month or year (meaning some data are as of the first Wednesday of the next month).
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.
䢁 Reflects offsetting changes in classification of deposits of thrift institutions. Deposits of thrifts were formerly grouped with deposits of individuals, partnerships, and corporations, instead of with deposits of commercial banks in the United States.

* "Transaction balances other than demand deposits" consists of ATS, NOW, super NOW, and telephone transfer accounts, which formerly were classified with savings deposits. "Nontransaction balances" reflects the combination of deposits formerly reported separately as time deposits and the savings deposits remaining after deduction of the items now reported separately under "transaction balances."
§ Excludes loans and federal funds transactions with domestic commercial banks and includes valuation reserves (individual loan items are shown gross; i.e., before deduction of valuation reserves).
$\diamond$ Securitics of Federal agencies and corporations have been shifted out of "other securities" and are now combined with U.S. Treasury securities. Also, loan obligations of States and political subdivisions have been shifted out of "other securities" and are now shown separately among the loan items.
(a) Insured unemployment (all programs) data include claims filed under extended duration provisions of regular State laws; amounts paid under these programs are excluded from state benefits paid data.
(a) Insured unemployment as a percent of average covered employment in a 12-month period.


## Page S-14

1. Data are for fiscal years ending Sept. 30 and include revisions not distributed to the months.
2. Weighted by number of loans.
$\dagger$ Effective with Apr. 1986 SURVEY, the consumer installment credit series have been revised for the period 1975 through 1985 to reflect newly available historical information for financial institutions and retailers, and to incorporate new seasonal adjustment factors.

* New series. Effective with Apr. 1986 SURVEY, data for savings institutions (includes savings and loan associations, mutual savings banks, and federal savings banks) are shown
for the first time.
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.
$\diamond$ Adjusted to exclude domestic commercial interbank loans and federal funds sold to domestic commercial banks.
$\ddagger$ Rates on the commercial paper placed for firms whose bond rating is Aa or the equivalent.
$\ddagger \ddagger$ Courtesy of Metals Week
@@ Average effective rate
§ Effective July 1986 SURVEY, data have been revised back to Dec. 1972 and are available from the Banking Section, Division of Research and Statistics, Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System, Washington, D.C. 20551.


## Page S-15

$\dagger$ Effective Feb. 1986 SURVEY, the money stock measures and components have been revised and are available from the Banking Section of the Division of Research and Statistics at the Federal Reserve Board, Washington, D.C. 20551.
$\ddagger$ Composition of the money stock measures is as follows:
MI.-This measure is currency plus demand deposits at commercial banks and interestcarning checkable deposits at all depository institutions-namely NOW accounts, automatic transfer from savings (ATS) accounts, and credit union share draft balances-as well as a small amount of demand deposits at thrift institutions that cannot, using present data as a small amount of demand deposits at thrift institutions th
sources, be separated from interest-earning checkable deposits.
sources, be separated from interest-earning checkable deposits.
M2.-This measure adds to M1 overnight repurchase agreements (RP's) issued by com-M2.-This measure adds to M1 overnight repurchase agreements (RP's) issued by com-
mercial banks and certain overnight Eurodollars (those issued by Caribbean branches of mercial banks and certain overnight Eurodollars (those issued by Caribbean branches of
member banks) held by U.S. nonbank residents, money market mutual fund shares, and savings and small-denomination time deposits (those issued in denominations of less than $\$ 100,000$ ) at all depository institutions. Depository institutions are commercial banks (including U.S. agencies and branches of foreign banks, Edge Act corporations, and foreign investment companies), mutual savings banks, savings and loan associations, and credit unions.
M3.-This measure equals M2 plus large-denomination time deposits (those issued in denominations of $\$ 100,000$ or more) at all depository institutions (including negotiable CD's) plus term RP's issued by commercial banks and savings and loan associations.
L.-This broad measure of liquid assets equals M3 plus other liquid assets consisting of other Eurodollar holdings of U.S. nonbank residents, bankers acceptances, commercial paper, savings bonds, and marketable liquid Treasury obligations.
$\ddagger \ddagger$ Includes ATS and NOW balances at all depository institutions, credit union share draft balances, and demand deposits at thrift institutions.
$\diamond$ Overnight (and continuing contract) RP's are those issued by commercial banks to the nonbank public, and overnight Eurodollars are those issued by Caribbean branches of member banks to U.S. nonbank customers.
(a) Small time deposits are those issued in amounts of less than $\$ 100,000$. Large time deposits are those issued in amounts of $\$ 100,000$ or more and are net of the holdings of domestic banks, thrift institutions, the U.S. Government, money market mutual funds, and domestic banks, thrifi institutions, the
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.
$\S$ Number of issues represents number currently used; the change in-number does not affect the continuity of the series.

## Page S-16

1. The Aaa public utility average was suspended Jan. 17, 1984, because of a lack of appropriate issues. The average corporate and the Aaa corporate do not include Aaa utilitics from Jan. 17 to Oct. 12. The Aaa utility average was reinstated on Oct. 12; the Oct. monthly average includes only the last 14 days of the month.
2. Effective with Jan. 1986 data, the practice of adjusting exports and imports for seasonal and working-day variations was discontinued.
$\S$ Number of issues represents number currently used; the change in number does not affect the continuity of the series.
$\ddagger$ For bonds due or callable in 10 years or more.
\# Includes data for items not shown separately
(a) Data may not equal the sum of the geographic regions, or commodity groups and principal commodities, because of revisions to the totals not reflected in the component items.

## Page S-17

1. Sce note 2 for p. S-16
\# Includes data not shown separately
§ Data may not equal the sum of geographic regions, or commodity groups and principal commodities. because of revisions to the totals not reflected in the components.

## Page S-18

1. Annual total; quarterly or monthly revisions are not available.
2. Restaurant sales index data represent hotels and motor hotels only
3. For month shown.
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.
§ Total revenues, expenses, and income for all groups of carriers also reflect nonscheduled service.
$\ddagger$ The threshold for Class 1 railroad status is adjusted annually by the Interstate Commerce Commission to compensate for inflation.
$\diamond$ Average daily rent per room occupied, not scheduled rates.
\#\# Data represent entries to a national park for recreational use of the park, its services, conveniences, and/or facilities.
$\dagger$ Before extraordinary and prior period items.

## Page S-19

1. Reported annual total; monthly revisions are not available.
2. For month shown.
3. Less than 500 short tons
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.
\# Inciudes data for items not shown separately.
§ Data are reported on the basis of 100 percent content of the specified material unless § Data are repor
therwise indicated.

* New series. Access lines are a communication circuit that connects a customer location to a switching center.
(a) Because of deregulation, carriers are free to enter both domestic and international markets. Previously, carriers were limited either to domestic or overseas markets. Separate data for domestic or overseas are no longer available.
$\ddagger$ Data for 1984 (and for some commodities, 1985 and 1983) have been revised and are available upon request.
$\dagger$ Effective with 1985, data are reported on the basis of 100 percent content of ethyl acetate material.
$\diamond$ Beginning January, 1986, data are not directly comparable to earlier periods because the data represent only companies that have annual revenues over $\$ 100$ million.


## Page S-20

1. Reported annual total; monthly or quarterly revisions are not available.
§ Data are not wholly comparable from year to year because of changes from one classification to another.
$\diamond$ Data for 1982-85 have been revised and are available upon request.

+ Effective with the Nov. 1985 SURVEY, data for 1983-84 have been revised. Effective with the Nov. 1986 SURVEY. data for 1985 have been revised. These revisions are available upon request.
\# Effective with the Sept. 1985 SURVEY, monthly data have been restated back to Jan. 1984 to include consumption for Hawaii. Prior to 1984, consumption for Hawaii is reflected in annual totals only.
$\ddagger$ Revised data for 1983-84 (and 1981, for revenue from sales to ultimate customers) are available upon request.
* New series, first shown in the January 1987 SURVEY. Data (formerly included with the "industrial" class) are reported separately, beginning with ist Qtr. 1985.
(a) Includes less than 500 electric generation customers not shown separately.

Page S-21

1. Previous year's crop. Through 1985, new crop is not reported until Oct. (crop year: Oct. 1-Sept. 30). Beginning 1986, new crop is reported beginning Sept. (crop year: Sept. 1-Aug. 31)
2. Crop estimate for the year.
3. Stocks as of June 1.
4. Stocks as of June 1 and represents previous year's crop; new crop not reported until June (beginning of new crop year).
5. Less than 50,000 bushels.
6. See note "@" for this page
7. Reported annual total; revisions not distributed to the months.
8. Based on a 10 -month average.
9. Crop estimate for 1986
10. Beginning with 1986, quarterly stock estimates are no longer available. However June 1 stock estimates, representing previous year's crop, will continue to be published.
II. Effective with Apr. 1986 reporting, coverage has been reduced to 21 selected States, representing approximately 85 percent of U.S. production.
§ Excludes pearl barley.
\# Bags of 100 lbs .
(a) Data are quarterly except for June (covering Apr. and May) and Sept. (covering June-Sept.).

## Page S-22

1. Reported annual total; revisions not distributed to the months
2. Figure covers 20 selected States, representing approximately 84 percent of U.S. production.
§ Cases of 30 dozen.
$\bigcirc$ Bags of 60 kilograms.

* This series, first shown in the January 1987 SURVEY, is from the Bureau of Labor Statistics International Price Program and provides a measure of price change for coffee purchased from other countries by U.S. residents. Prices are based on the cost, insurance, purchased from other countries by U.S. residents. Prices are based on the cost, insurance, with bringing the product to the U.S. border, but do not include duty charges. To the extent possible, the data gathered refer to transactions completed during the first 2 weeks of the third month of each calendar quarter-March, June, September, and December. Annual data back to 1978 and quarterly data back to 2 d Qtr. 1977 are available upon request.


## Page S-23

## 1. Crop estimate for the year

2. Reported annual total; revisions not distributed to the months
3. Crop estimate for 1986
\# Totals include data for items not shown separately
$\diamond$ Effective Sept. 1985 SURVEY, the footwear production series have been revised for 1983 and 1984.

## Page S-24

1. Annual data; monthly revisions not available.
2. Less than 500 tons
3. Beginning January 1985, data have been revised because of a new estimation procedure and may not be comparable to earlier periods.
4. See notes 1 and 3 for this page.

* New series. Historical data are available upon request.

Page S-25

1. Annual data; monthly revisions are not available
2. For month shown.

Beginning January 1982, data represent metalic (mostly aluminum) content. Data for 1981 and prior years represent aluminum content only

The source for these series is now the Bureau of Mines.
§ Source: Metals Week.
*. New series. Refined copper is recovered from leach solution by electrolysis.

## Page S-26

1. Annual data; monthly revisions are not available
2. Less than 50 tons.
3. Beginning lst quarter 1984, data have been revised because of a new sample and may
not be comparable to earlier periods.
4. Average for 8 months; no data for March, April, September, and October
5. Average for 10 months; no data for November and December.
6. Beginning July 1986, data are not comparable with earlier periods.
$\diamond$ Includes secondary smelters' lead stocks in refinery shapes and in copper-base scrap.
@ All data (except annual production figures) reflect GSA remelted zinc and zinc purchased for direct shipment.
$\ddagger$ Source for monthly data: American Bureau of Metal Statistics. Source for annual data: Bureau of Mines.
\# Includes data not shown separately.
§ Beginning with the Aug. 1985 SURVEY, unadjusted fluid power shipments indexes are \& Beginning with the Aug. Seasonally adjusted indexes are no longer available.

* New series. For an explanation of material handling equipment shipments and historical data, see p. S- 35 of the Dec. 1985 SURVEY.


## Page S-27

1. Data are for five weeks; other months 4 weeks.
2. Beginning January 1986, data have been restated because a new methodology has been adopted.
\# Includes data for items not shown separately
§ Includes nonmarketable catalyst coke.
$\diamond$ Includes small amounts of "other hydrocarbons and alcohol new supply (field production)," not shown separately.

+ Effective with the Oct. 1985 SURVEY, coal production data for 1984 have been revised. Effective with the July 1986 SURVEY, coal consumption and stocks for 1985 have been revised. Effective with the Oct. 1986 SURVEY, coal production data for 1985 have been revised. These revisions are available upon request.
(a) Includes U.S. produced and imported microwave ovens and combination microwave oven/ranges.
$\ddagger$ "Tractor shovel loaders" includes some front engine mount wheel tractors that had previously been included in "Tractors, wheel, farm, and nonfarm."
(a)@ Effective with the July 1986 SURVEY, data for 1985 have been revised and are available upon request.


## Page S-28

1. Reported annual totals; revisions not allocated to the months.
2. Effective with the Jan. 1985 price, gasoline that contains alcohol as an additive is included.
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.
† Except for price data, see note"@@" for p. S-27.
$\ddagger$ Effective with June 1985 , indexes reflect price movements through the middle of the month for which they are shown. Indexes prior to June 1985 were based on prices for the previous month; reflecting a one-month lag in pricing.

## Page S-29

1. See note 1 for p. S-28
$\diamond$ Source: American Paper Institute. Total U.S. estimated consumption by all newspaper users.
\# Compiled by the American Newspaper Publishers Association.

* New series. This index is from the Bureau of Labor Statistics International Price Program and provides a measure of price change for natural rubber purchased from other countries by U.S. residents. The data gathered refer to prices that are "free on board" (f.o.b.) foreign port. The prices refer to transactions completed during the first 2 weeks of the third month of each calendar quarter-March, June, September, and December. Data back to December 1983 are available upon request.


## Page S-30

1. Reported annual total; revisions not allocated to the months
2. Crop for the year.
3. Data cover five weeks; other months, four weeks.
4. Beginning with 1985, value of shipments for rolled and wire glass is excluded. Comparable data for 1984 and earlier periods, which exclude such shipments, are not available.
\# Includes data for items not shown separately.
$\diamond$ Cumulative ginnings to the end of month indicated.
§ Bales of 480 lbs.
$\$$ Bales of 480 lbs.
$\ddagger$ Monthly revisions for $1984-85$ are available upon reques
$\dagger$ Monthly revisions for 1985 are available upon request.

* New series, first shown in the Oct. 1986 SURVEY. Monthly indexes are available back to Dec. 1984.
** New series, first shown in the January 1987 SURVEY. Monthly data are available back to Jan. 1985.


## Page S-31

1. Less than 500 bales
2. Annual total includes revisions not distributed to the months.
3. Average for crop year; Aug. 1-Jul. 31.
4. For five weeks; other months four weeks
$\diamond$ Based on $480-\mathrm{lb}$. bates, preliminary price reflects sales as of the 15 th ; revised price reflects total quantity purchased and dollars paid for the entire month (revised price in cludes discounts and premiums).
\# Includes data not shown separately.
§ Bales of 480 lbs .

* New series.


## Page S-32

1. Annual total includes revisions not distributed to the months.
2. Production of new vehicles (thous. of units) for Dec. 1986: passenger cars, 587; trucks and buses. 248.
3. Effective with 1984, data are reported on an annual basis only. The annual/end of year figure for 1982 has been revised and is available upon request.
4. See note "@" for this page.
5. Data are no longer available.
6. Effective with the July 1986 SURVEY, data have been revised back to 1984 and are available upon request.
\# Total includes backlog for nonrelated products and services and basic research.
§ Domestics comprise all cars assembled in the U.S. and cars assembled in Canada and imported to the U.S. under the provisions of the Automotive Products Trade Act of 1965 Imports comprise all other cars.
$\diamond$ Courtesy of R.L. Polk \& Co.; republication prohibited. Because data for some states are not available, month-to-month comparisons are not strictly valid.
$\ddagger$ Excludes railroad-owned private refrigerator cars and private line cars.
$\dagger$ Monihly revisions for 1984-85 are available upon request.
(a) Effective with the Feb. 1986 SURVEY, retail inventories of trucks and buses have been revised back to 1967. These revisions, which were made to reflect updated factors, are shown on p. S- 35 of the Feb. 1986 SURVEY.

* New series. GVW: gross vehicle weight. For an explanation of methodology and historical data for retail sales of trucks and buses, see p. S-36 of the July 1986 SURVEY.
tt Data for 1983-85 have been revised and are available upon request.


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## INDEX TO CURRENT BUSINESS STATISTICS, Pages S1-S36





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Vegetables and fruts
Wages and salaries
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[^0]:    1. Quarterly estimates in the national income and product accounts are expressed at seasonally adjusted annual rates, and quarterly changes in them are differences between these rates. Quarter-to-quarter percent changes are annualized. Real, or constant-dollar, estimates are expressed in 1982 dollars.

    The preliminary (15-day) GNP estimates for the fourth quarter, prepared in midJJanuary, are based on the following major source data: For personal consumption expenditures (PCE), retail sales through December, and unit auto and truck sales through December; for nonresidential fixed investment, the same information for autos and trucks as for PCE, October and November construction put in place, and October and November manufacturers' shipments of machinery and equipment; for residential investment, October and November construction put in place, and housing starts through December; for change in business inventories, October and November book values for manufacturing and trade, and unit auto inventories

[^1]:    through December; for net exports of goods and services, October revised statistical month merchandise exports and imports, November statistical month merchandise exports, and fragmentary information on investment income for the quarter; for government purchases of goods and services, Federal unified budget outlays for October and November, State and local construction put in place for October and November, and State and local employment through December; and for GNP prices, the Consumer Price Index for October and November, the Producer Price Index tober and November, the Producer Price Index through December, and statistical month unit-value vember. Some of the source data are subject to revision.

[^2]:    Note.-Percent changes from preceding period for selected items in this table are shown in

[^3]:    1. Additional information about many of the BEA surveys that are used as sources may be found in table 7 of "Foreign Transactions in the National Income and Product Accounts: An Overview," in the November 1986 SURVEY
    2. The estimates of sales by U.S. parent companies to their foreign affiliates that are discussed in part II are not those shown in line 9 of table 1. These estimates cannot be disaggregated by country and cover only nonbank parents and affiliates. Estimates developed from quarterly balance of payments surveys are shown instead, because they are disaggregated by country of foreign affiliate and include banks.
[^4]:    MOFA Majority-owned foreign affiliate.
    n.a. Not available.

[^5]:    5. Results of the 1984 annual survey are summarized in "U.S. Multinational Companies: Operations in 1984," in the September 1986 Survey of Current Business; results of the 1983 survey are summarized in a similar article in the January 1986 Survey. More detailed estimates are available in U.S. Direct Investment Abroad: Operations of U.S. Parent Companies and Their Foreign Affiliates, Preliminary 1984 Estimates and in U.S. Direct Investment Abroad: Operations of U.S. Parent Companies and Their Foreign Affiliates, Revised 1983 Estimates; price $\$ 5.00$ each. Copies may be obtained from Economic and Statistical Analysis/BEA, U.S. Department of Commerce, Citizens and Southern National Bank, 222 Mitchell Street, P.O. Box 100606, Atlanta, GA 30384. When ordering, specify title and enclose a check or money order made payable to "Economic and Statistical Analysis/BEA."
    Results of the 1982 benchmark survey are summarized in " 1982 Benchmark Survey of U.S. Direct Investment Abroad," in the December 1985 Survey.
[^6]:    6. Goods and services are often sold as a package, without the components being separately priced. When they are, it may not be possible to relate the individual components to the industries with which they are associated. For example, machinery may be sold as a part of a package including services such as installation, maintenance, and training. In such cases, survey respondents are requested to provide separate estimates of the goods and services components, if possible. If this cannot be done, they are instructed to include the total amount of the sale in whichever cate-gory-goods or services-accounts for the majority of the value. To the extent that the goods component of such transactions typically would be the largest, the such transactions typically would be the largest, the
    share of services in total sales would be understated, particularly in industries where bundled transactions are common.
    7. The titles of these industries, and others in the tables, are not directly from the SIC, but are from BEA's Direct Investment Industry and Foreign Trade
[^7]:    Classifications Booklet, which is distributed to survey respondents. However, both the codes and the industries are closely related to the SIC.
    In collecting the data, separate codes are used for several service industries not shown separately in the tables. The complete list of codes used, along with global totals for selected data items for each industry global totals for selected data items for each industry
    having a separate code, is given in the publications (cited in footnote 5) containing the detailed survey results. Because of the requirement that data of individual companies not be disclosed, little data beyond these global totals can be shown for the industries that have been combined in the tables.

[^8]:    9. The focus on MOFA's reflects both the practical difficulty of collecting data on minority-owned affiliates from U.S. parents and the fact that MOFA's, with their larger U.S. ownership share, are of primary interest in evaluating U.S. companies' stakes in foreign markets.
[^9]:    13. These services consist primarily of the transmission of messages by telephone. Other types of telecommunications services, such as those that add value or function to the basic services provided by common carriers, may be provided more easily by foreign affiliates.
[^10]:    14. In this industry, "sales" to foreigners have a different meaning than in most other industries. From the standpoint of the U.S. telecommunications company, the "sale" is not to the foreign telecommunications company from which it receives the revenues. Rather, the transaction is one in which the U.S. company receives a share of revenues collected from foreign customers for a service jointly provided by both companies. Thus, the revenues are not received directly from the foreign parties to whom the services are provided.
[^11]:    ${ }^{\text {D }}$ Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

[^12]:    15. Virtually all sales reported for hotels and otner lodging places were reported as being to "foreign" persons, although, in many cases, sales to U.S. tourists probably accounted for a significant portion. U.S. tourists would have been located in the foreign country at the time of the sale, but were not foreigners in terms of residency. Separate data on revenues received from of residency. Separate data on
    U.S. tourists are not available.
[^13]:    D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

    - Less than $\$ 500,000$.

[^14]:    D Suppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

    * Less than $\$ 500,000$.

[^15]:    ${ }^{\text {D }}$. Luppressed to avoid disclosure of data of individual companies.

    * Less than $\$ 500,000$.

[^16]:    Less than $\$ 500,000$.

[^17]:    * Less than $\$ 500,000$.

[^18]:    * Less than $\$ 500,000$

[^19]:    Data for the series shown in the S (or "blue") pages of the

[^20]:    Data for the series shown in the $S$ (or "blue") pages of the Survey of Current Business are now available on diskette. See page S-36 for details.

